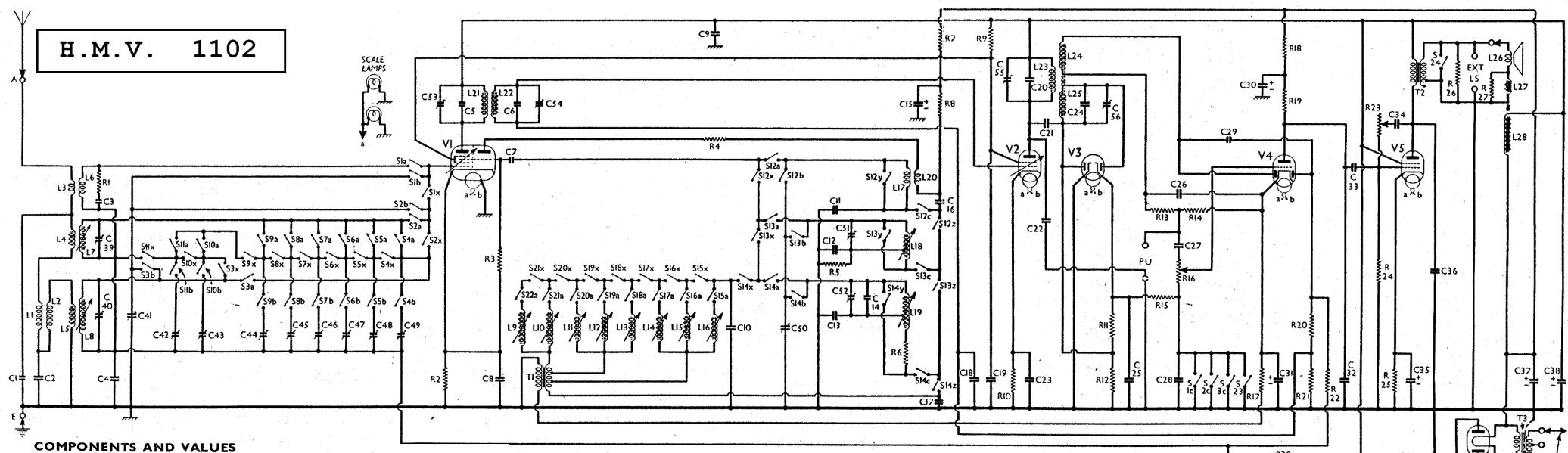


H.M.V. 1102



COMPONENTS AND VALUES

RESISTANCES		Values (ohms)
R1	Aerial circuit SW damping	23
R2	V1 fixed GB resistance	350
R3	V1 sec. anode SW trimmer	50,000
R4	V1 sec. anode SW stabiliser	1,500
R5	Osc. circuit MW damping	2,000
R6	Osc. circuit LM damping	2,000
R7	V1 osc. anode decoupling	1,000
R8	V1 osc. anode HT feed	23,000
R9	V1 osc. and V2 SG's HT feed	23,000
R10	V2 fixed GB resistance	250
R11	V3 diodes load resistances	2,300,000
R12	V4 signal diode load resistances	2,300,000
R13	V4 triode CG decoupling	100,000
R14	V4 triode CG coupling	500,000
R15	V4 triode load resistances	1,000,000
R16	Manual volume control	2,000,000
R17	V1 triode fixed GB; AFC delay	2,300
R18	V4 triode anode decoupling	50,000
R19	V4 triode anode load	150,000
R20	V4 triode load resistances	1,500,000
R21	V4 triode CG decoupling	1,000,000
R22	V4 triode load resistances	1,500,000
R23	Variable tone control	2,000,000
R24	V5 CG resistance	500,000
R25	V5 GB resistance	400
R26	T1 sec. artificial loading	50
R27	Hum vent. coil shunt	0.4
R28	T.I. anode HT feed	1,000,000
R29	T.I. GB resistance	500

CONDENSERS		Values μF
C1	Part aerial SW coupling	0.000015
C2	Part LW image rejector	0.000035
C3	Aerial circuit SW trimmer	0.00001
C4	V1 hexode CG decoupling	0.05
C5	1st IF transformer fixed trimmers	0.000075
C6	1st IF transformer fixed trimmers	0.000075

* Electrolytic. † Variable.
‡ Two 0.000075 μF in parallel.

OTHER COMPONENTS		Approx. Values (ohms)
L1	Aerial LW image rejector coils	18.0
L2	Aerial SW coupling coil	10.0
L3	Aerial SW coupling coil	5.5

CONDENSERS (Continued)

VALUES (μF)

OTHER COMPONENTS (Continued)

APPROX. VALUES (ohms)

VALVE ANALYSIS
Valve voltages and currents given in the table below are those measured in our receiver when it was operating on mains of 226 V, using the 224-255 V tapping on the mains transformer. The receiver was tuned to the lowest wavelength on the MW band and the volume control was at maximum, but there was no signal input.

Voltages were measured on the 400 V scale of a model 7 Universal Avo-meter, chassis being negative.

Valve	Anode Voltage (V)	Anode Current (mA)	Screen Voltage (V)	Screen Current (mA)
V1 X65 ..	{ 250 Oscillator	1.2 5.5	90	3.1
V2 KTW63 ..	250	6.3	90	1.5
V3 D63 ..	—	—	—	—
V4 DH63 ..	120	0.8	—	—
V5 K163 ..	230	35.0	250	5.2
V6 U50 ..	300	7.5	—	—
T.I. Y63 ..	{ 28 Targat	2.5 1.3	—	—
T1 ..	Pri. Sec.	0.6	—	—
T2 ..	Pri. Sec.	3.0	—	—
Mains trans.	Heat sec.	0.1	—	—
S1a, b, x to S3a, b, x	Rect. heat sec.	0.1	—	—
S1a, b, x to S4a, b, x	Heat sec., total	63.0	—	—
S1a, b, x to S5a, b, x	Aerial circuit waveband switches (manual tuning)	—	—	—
S1a, b, x to S6a, b, c and S1x, z to S2x, z	Aerial circuit auto tuning selector switches ..	—	—	—
S1a, b, x to S7a, b, c and S2x, z to S3x, z	AFC eliminator switches ..	—	—	—
S1a, b, x to S8a, b, c and S3x, z to S4x, z	Oscillator circuit waveband switches (manual tuning).	—	—	—

† Each anode, AC.

If, as in our case, V2 should become unstable when its currents are being measured, it can be stabilised by connecting a non-inductive condenser (about 0.1 μF) between its top-cap and chassis.

GENERAL NOTES

Switches—All the switches, except S23, are associated with the press-button units, a, b, x to S23 are of the normal press-button type, those with a, b or c suffixes closing when their button is pressed and those with x, y or z suffixes opening when their button is pressed.

To check whether S23 is correctly set, first see that the press-button trimmers are correct for a given station, then open S23, connect signal generator to control grid (top cap) of V1 and chassis. Adjust C53 and C54 for maximum output.

AF and AFC Stages—Turn gang to maximum and see that the pointer registers accurately on the smallmark below the LW calibration line at the bottom right-hand corner of the scale. If adjustment is necessary, slacken the two grub screws securing the tuning unit to the chassis spindles. Connect signal generator to T1 and S23 via a suitable dummy aerial, set tone control fully clockwise, and volume control to maximum.

S23 is normally open, but closes when the press-button switch is closed, thus eliminating the AFC action. S23 is actually in parallel with S1e. S23 and S26, which eliminate the AFC action when any of the manual waveband buttons are depressed.

Coupling—L1, L2; L3, L6; L4, L7 and L5, L8 are found unit beneath the chassis, to the right of our aerial manual unit. L1, L2 and L3 are the right-hand, fully-tuned oscillator auto coils in a row above the press-button unit. L17, L20; L18 and L19, which are the oscillator manual coils, are in the same row, at the right-hand end in the under-chassis view. L9-L16 and L17-L19 all have adjustable iron cores.

The IF trimmers L21, L22 and L23-L25 are in three screened units on the chassis deck, with their associated trimmers and certain other components.

The transformers T1-T3 are all of the chassis deck.

Scale Lamps—They have tubular bulbs.

CIRCUIT ALIGNMENT
IF and AFC Stage—Press the Doubleclick button, turn tone control fully anti-clockwise, and short-circuit G17. Connect signal generator to control grid (top cap) of V2 and chassis. Connect a DC milliammeter in series with the earth return of the AFC unit (T1 primary, yellow lead).

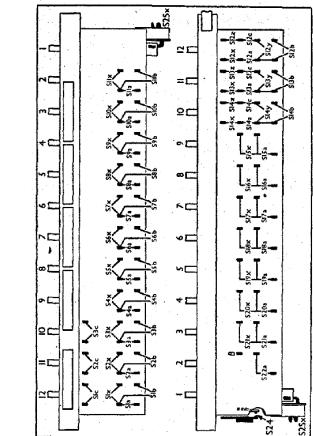
IF Alignment—Feed in a 463 KC/S signal, and adjust C56 for maximum output. Note the exact reading of the DC milliammeter reading as before. Remove paper from S23, and re-adjust C56 for maximum output.

Repeat these adjustments, and finally remove paper from S23 and connect signal generator to control grid (top cap) of V1 and chassis. Adjust C53 and C54 for maximum output.

To check AFC action, connect signal generator to control grid (top cap) of V1 and chassis, adjust attenuator to 1 mV and address Lissajous button. Check up the pre-set trimmers for this button, then open S23 with a piece of paper. Detune signal generator, then slowly tune towards 1,293 m. Note the point at which the signal is "pulled in"; the pointer scales should be not more than 226 KC/S or less than 138 KC/S (that is, plus or minus 6 KC/S from the nominal 132 KC/S). Repeat the test on 74 m (button 8).

To check whether S23 is correctly set, first see that the press-button trimmers are correct for a given station, then open S23, connect signal generator to control grid (top cap) of V1 and chassis. Adjust C53 and C54 for maximum output.

AF and Oscillator Stages—Turn gang to maximum and see that the pointer registers accurately on the smallmark below the LW calibration line at the bottom right-hand corner of the scale. If adjustment is necessary, slacken the two grub screws securing the tuning unit to the chassis spindles. Connect signal generator to T1 and S23 via a suitable dummy aerial, set tone control fully clockwise, and volume control to maximum.



Diagrams of the press-button unit. The lower one is drawn as seen from beneath the chassis, while the upper one shows the switches on the reverse side of the unit. S23 is the mains switch, and S24 is the speaker muting switch.