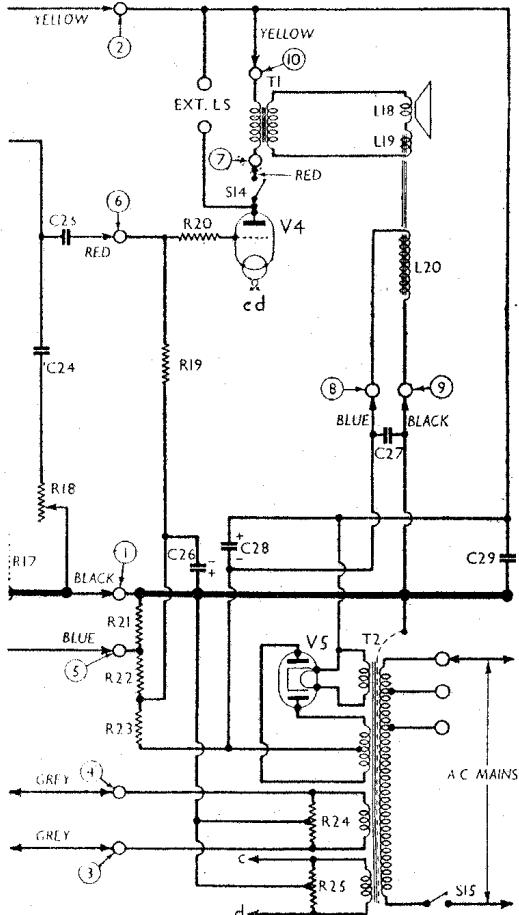
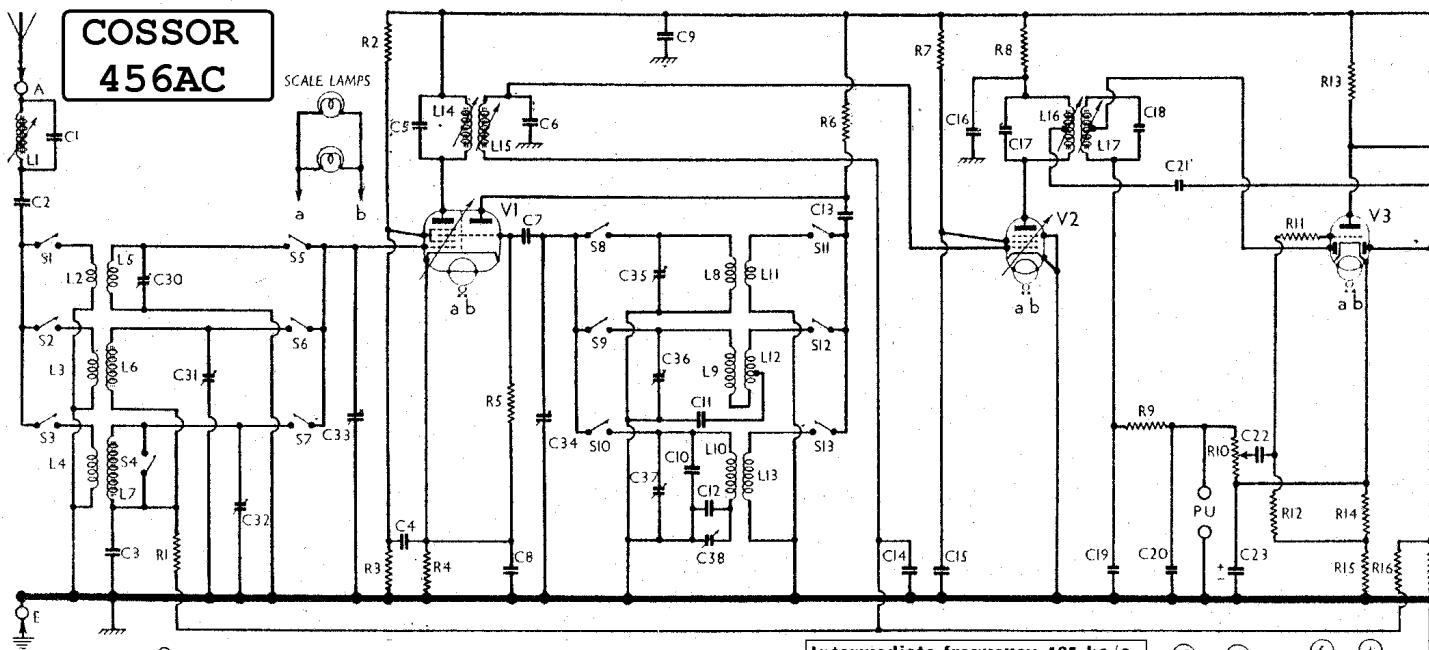


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OTHER COMPONENTS	Approx. Values (ohms)
L1 Aerial I.F. filter coil	4.0
L2 Aerial S.W. coupling coil	0.4
L3 Aerial M.W. coupling coil	24.0
L4 Aerial L.W. coupling coil	150.0
L5 Aerial S.W. tuning coil	Very low
L6 Aerial M.W. tuning coil	2.0
L7 Aerial L.W. tuning coil	15.0
L8 Osc. S.W. tuning coil	Very low
L9 Osc. M.W. tuning coil	4.5
L10 Osc. L.W. tuning coil	15.0
L11 Osc. S.W. reaction coil	0.16
L12 Osc. M.W. reaction coil	4.5
L13 Osc. L.W. reaction coil	7.0
L14 1st I.F. trans.	{ Pri. ... 4.5 Sec. ... 4.5
L15	—
L16 2nd I.F. trans.	{ Pri. total ... 18.0 Sec. total ... 18.0
L17	—
L18 Speaker speech coil	2.0
L19 Hum neutralising coil	0.15
L20 Speaker field coil	1,000.0
T1 Speaker input trans.	{ Pri. ... 100.0 Sec. ... 0.15
T2 Mains trans.	{ Pri. total ... 28.0 V1-V3 heat, sec. ... 0.1 V4 heater sec. ... 0.1 Rect. heat, sec. ... 0.2 H.T. sec. total ... 240.0
S1-S13 Waveband switches	—
S14 Speaker switch	—
S15 Mains switch	—

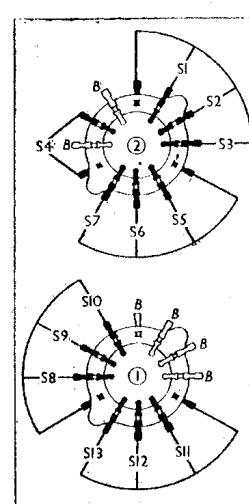
CAPACITORS	Values (μF)
C1 Aerial I.F. filter tuning	0.00025
C2 Aerial series capacitor	0.0005
C3 V1 hex. C.G. decoupling	0.05
C4 V1 S.G. decoupling	0.05
C5 1st I.F. transformer tuning capacitors	0.000225
C6 C10, C11, C12, C13, C14, C15, C16, C17, C18, C19, C20, C21, C22, C23, C24, C25, C26, C27, C28, C29, C30, C31, C32, C33, C34, C35, C36, C37, C38	0.000225
C7 V1 osc. C.G. capacitor	0.0001
C8 V1 cathode by-pass	0.1
C9 H.T. circuit R.F. by-pass	0.1
C10 Osc. L.W. fixed trimmer	0.00005
C11 Osc. M.W. fixed tracker	0.000638
C12 Osc. L.W. fixed tracker	0.00014
C13 V1 osc. anode coupling	0.0005
C14 V2 C.G. decoupling	0.05
C15 V2 S.G. decoupling	0.05
C16 V2 anode decoupling	0.1
C17 2nd I.F. transformer tuning capacitors	0.00006
C18 I.F. by-pass capacitors	0.000075
C19 V3 A.V.C. diode coupling	0.00005
C20 V3 C.G. coupling	0.005
C23* V3 cathode by-pass	50.0
C24 Part variable tone control	0.01
C25 V3 triode to V4 A.F. coupling	0.01
C26* V4 C.G. decoupling	12.0
C27 Speaker field shunt	0.05
C28* H.T. smoothing capacitors	8.0
C29* Aerial circ. S.W. trimmer	8.0
C30* Aerial circ. M.W. trimmer	—
C32* Aerial circ. L.W. trimmer	—
C33* Aerial circuit tuning	—
C34† Oscillator circuit tuning	—
C35† Ose. circ. S.W. trimmer	—
C36† Ose. circ. M.W. trimmer	—
C37† Ose. circ. L.W. trimmer	—
C38† Ose. circ. L.W. tracker	—

* Electrolytic. † Variable. ‡ Pre-set.

Switch Table

Switch	S.W.	M.W.	L.W.
S1	c	—	—
S2	—	c	—
S3	—	—	c
S4	c	—	—
S5	—	c	—
S6	—	—	c
S7	—	c	—
S8	c	—	—
S9	—	c	—
S10	—	—	c
S11	c	—	—
S12	—	c	—
S13	—	—	c

Diagrams of the two waveband switch units, drawn as seen when viewed from the front of an inverted chassis. The associated table appears below.



Switch Diagrams

VALVE ANALYSIS

Valve	Anode Voltage (V)	Anode Current (mA)	Screen Voltage (V)	Screen Current (mA)
V1 418TH	{ 276 Oscillator 80	{ 1.5 6.0	110	5.0
V2 MVSPenB	246	5.0	116	1.5
V3 DDT	149	2.3	—	—
V4 2P	270	43.0	—	—
V5 43LU	295†	—	—	—

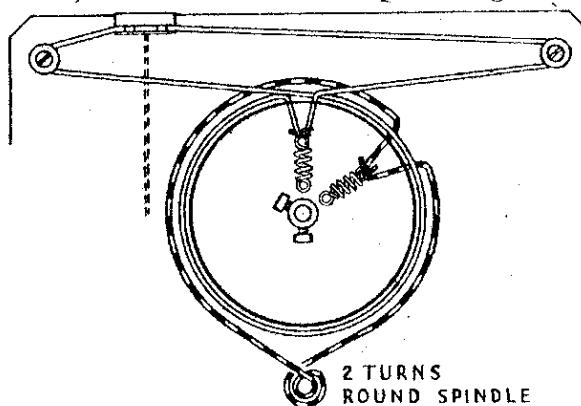
† Each anode to H.T. negative, A.C.

Drive Cord Replacements

There are two cords used in the tuning drive, one from the control spindle to the drum, and another from the drum to the scale pointer.

The course taken by these cords is very simple, and can be seen easily from the sketch below, where the whole system is represented as seen from the rear. The position shown is that adopted by the drum and pointer when the gang is at maximum capacitance.

The whole operation of replacing both cords can be easily carried out without dismantling the scale assembly, but it should be noted that the drive cord from the spindle goes in the front groove of the drum, while that from the pointer goes in



Sketch showing the positions of the drive cords, as seen from the rear. One is dotted to distinguish it from the other.

the rear groove. In order to distinguish between the two cords, one is shown plain in our sketch, while the other is shown in alternate black and white links. The two cords are, of course, actually of the same material.

The pointer should be fitted last, being clamped to the cord by pressing the tongues on the carriage round the cord. The gang should be at maximum, and the pointer should cover the small white "breaks" in the coloured lines running along the length of the top and bottom scales.

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CIRCUIT ALIGNMENT

I.F. Stages.—Connect signal generator via a $0.1 \mu\text{F}$ capacitor to control grid (top cap) of **V2** and chassis, short-circuit **C34** to stop the oscillator, feed in a 465 kc/s (645.2 m) signal, and adjust the cores of **L16** and **L17**, softening the wax by the application of a warm screwdriver. Transfer signal generator to top cap of **V1**, and similarly adjust cores of **L14**, **L15**.

The existing lead to each top cap should be left in position, and the response curve of the I.F. stages should be symmetrical, with a perceptible flat top when viewed on an oscilloscope. After these adjustments, remove short-circuit from **C34**.

I.F. Rejector.—Connect signal generator to **A** and **E** leads, tune to top of M.W. band, feed in a strong 465 kc/s signal, and adjust core of **L1** for minimum output.

R.F. and Oscillator Stages.—With gang at maximum, pointer should cover the small white "breaks" in the coloured horizontal scale lines near the right-hand ends of the top and bottom scales. Connect signal generator leads to **A** and **E** leads on set, via a suitable dummy aerial. This may consist on M.W. and L.W. of a $0.0002 \mu\text{F}$ capacitor, and on S.W. of a 400Ω resistor.

L.W.—Switch set to L.W., and tune to 1,200 m on scale. Feed in a 1,200 m (250 kc/s) signal, and adjust **C37**, then **C32**, for maximum output. Feed in a 1,875 m (160 kc/s) signal, tune it in, and adjust **C38** for maximum output, while rocking the gang for optimum results. Repeat the L.W. adjustments.

M.W.—Switch set to M.W., and tune to 214 m on scale. Feed in a 214 m (1,400 kc/s) signal, and adjust **C36**, then **C31**, for maximum output. Tracking is fixed.

S.W.—Switch set to S.W., tune to 18 Mc/s on scale, and feed in an 18 Mc/s (16.67 m) signal. Adjust **C35**, then **C30** for maximum output, while rocking the gang for optimum results. **C35** must be adjusted to the peak involving the smaller trimmer capacitance.