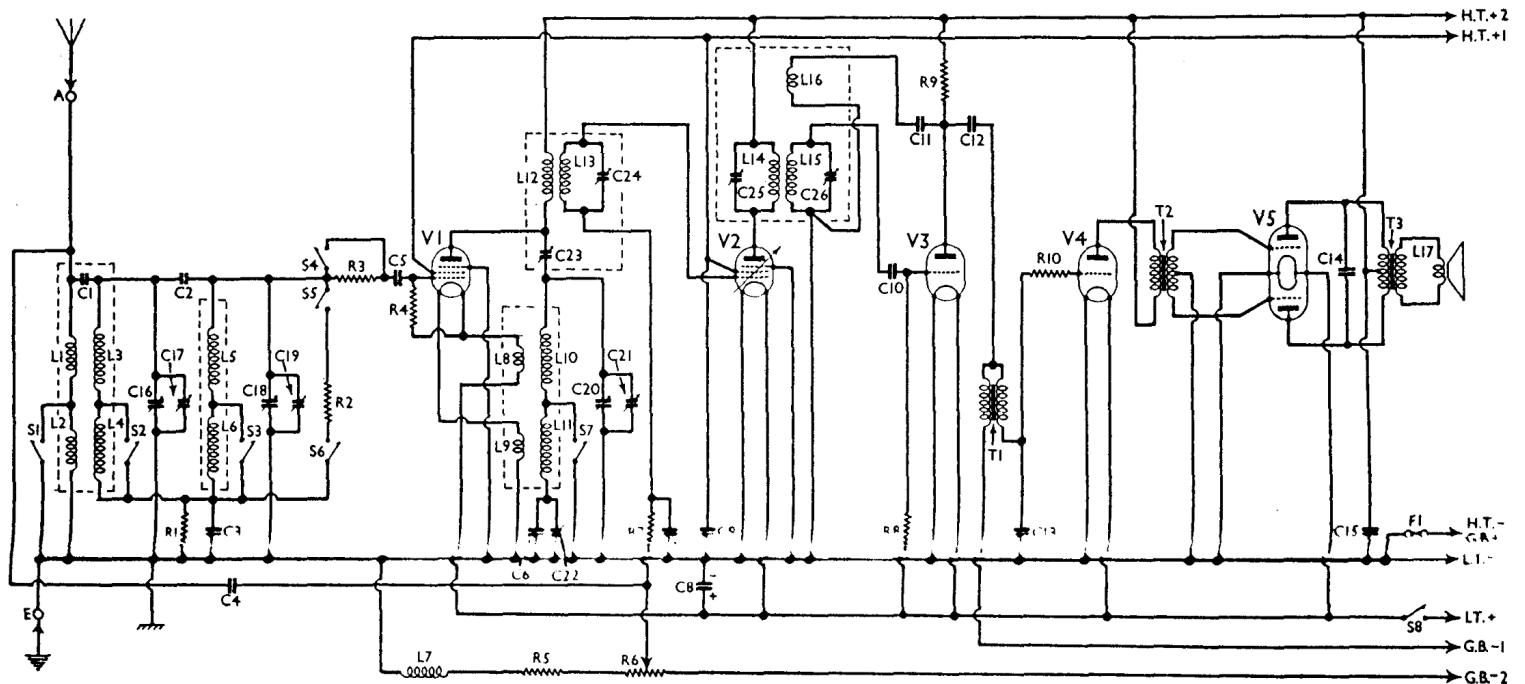


BURGOYNE - BSH



Circuit diagram of the Burgoyne BSH receiver. Note the I.F. reaction coil, L16. C1 and C2 are both very small condensers.

COMPONENTS AND VALUES

Condensers	Values (μF)
C1 Capacitative aerial coupling	Very low
C2 Band-pass top coupling	Very low
C3 Band-pass coupling	0.025
C4 Part of volume control circuit	0.1
C5 V1 C.G. condenser	0.0001
C6 Oscillator L.W. tracker	0.0005
C7 V2 C.G. decoupling	0.1
C8* Filament circuit by-pass	20.0
C9 V2 S.G. by-pass	0.1
C10 V3 grid condenser	0.00015
C11 Fixed reaction condenser	0.001
C12 L.F. coupling to T1	0.1
C13 V4 grid I.F. by-pass	0.0005
C14 Tone corrector	0.005
C15 H.T. supply reservoir	2.0
C16 Band-pass primary tuning	—
C17 Band-pass primary trimmer	—
C18 Band-pass secondary tuning	—
C19 Band-pass secondary trimmer	—
C20 Oscillator tuning	—
C21 Oscillator trimmer	—
C22 Oscillator L.W. tracker	—
C23 1st I.F. trans. pri. tuning	—
C24 1st I.F. trans. sec. tuning	—
C25 2nd I.F. trans. pri. tuning	—
C26 2nd I.F. trans. sec. tuning	—

* Electrolytic. † Variable. ‡ Pre set.

VALVE ANALYSIS

Valve voltages and currents given in the table below are those measured in the receiver when it was operating from a new H.T. battery reading 130 V. The H.T.+1 lead was inserted in the 84 V tapping, and the G.B.-1 lead in the 3 V tapping on the G.B. battery.

The volume control was at maximum and the receiver was tuned to the lowest wavelength on the medium band, but there was no signal input.

Voltages were measured on the 1,200 V scale of an Avometer, with chassis as negative.

Resistances		Values (ohms)
R1	B.P. coupling condenser shunt	25,000
R2	Parts of local-distant switching circuit	1,000
R3	V1 C.G. resistance	40,000
R4	Part of volume control circuit	1,000,000
R5	Volume control	10,000
R6	V2 C.G. decoupling	50,000
R7	V3 grid leak	100,000
R8	V3 anode load	1,000,000
R9	V4 grid I.F. stopper	25,000
R10	V4 grid I.F. stopper	250,000

Other Components		Approx. Values (ohms)
L1	Aerial coupling coils	1.2
L2	Band-pass primary coils	3.0
L3	Band-pass secondary coils	1.2
L4	Part of volume control circuit	12.6
L5	Oscillator coupling coils	1.2
L6	Oscillator tuning coils	290.0
L7	1st I.F. trans. { Pri.	0.3
L8	Sec.	0.3
L9	2nd I.F. trans. { Pri.	3.2
L10	Sec.	12.5
L11	Fixed reaction coil	120.0
L12	Speaker speech coil	120.0
L13	1st intervalve trans. { Sec.	120.0
L14	Pri.	120.0
L15	Sec.	0.15
L16	Speaker input trans.	2.5
L17	Pri.	1,800.0
T1	Sec.	3,900.0
T2	Driver trans. { Sec. (total)	440.0
T3	Pri.	240.0
S1-S3	Sec.	720.0
S4-S6	Waveband switches	0.25
S7	Local-distant switches	—
S8	L.T. switch, ganged R6	—
FI	H.T. circuit fuse	—

GENERAL NOTES

Switches.—All the switches are in a single unit beneath the chassis, shown in our under-chassis view. Note that some of the switches in the unit are not used, while some of the tags are common to two switches. The table (col. 2) gives the switch positions for the various control settings, O indicating open, and C, closed.

Switch	Off	M	L	Local
S1	C	C	O	C
S2	O	C	O	C
S3	O	C	O	O
S4	C	C	C	O
S5	C	O	O	C
S6	O	O	O	C
S7	O	C	O	C
S8	O	C	C	C

In the "local" position of the switch, the receiver operates on the M.W. band.

Coils.—These are in five screened units on the chassis deck. The L1-L4 unit also contains C1, which is a small condenser consisting of a single turn of tinned copper wire covered with sleeving.

The second I.F. transformer, L14, L15 also contains an extra winding L16.

Fuse FI.—This is an M.E.S. type lamp bulb. It is marked "3.5 V."

Batteries.—The batteries supplied are: L.T., Exide celluloid case 2 V 25 AH cell, type LCA3; H.T. and G.B., Drydex yellow triangle combined 120 V H.T. and 9 V G.B., type S48.

Valve	Anode Volts	Anode Current (mA)	Screen Volts	Screen Current (mA)
V1 SP2	130	0.7	90	0.2
V2 VP2	130	0.2	90	Very low
V3 PM1HL	72	1.1	—	—
V4 PM2DL	125	3.4	—	—
V5 PM2B	128*	0.5*	—	—

* Each anode.