

## RADIO-PHONOGRAPH SWITCH

The control on the extreme right is used to operate either the radio receiver or play phonograph disc recordings. When the knob is in the counterclockwise direction, the radio receiver will function. As play records, turn the knob clockwise. This will start the turntable, and adjust the instrument for phonograph operation. If a rise in hum level is noticed when handling the phonograph pickup, reverse the line cord plug in the electric outlet.

MODEL LC-638  
LC-649

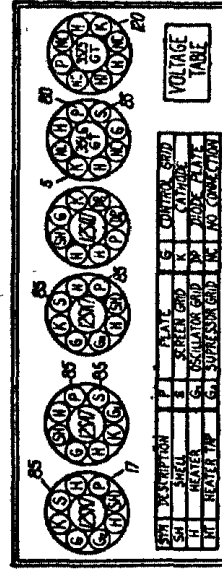
## SERVICE INFORMATION

**Voltages—Line 117 Volts AC—Power Consumption 40 Watts including Phonograph Motor. Volume Control maximum. Meter 1000 ohms per volt, 250 volt scale.**

Connect an output meter across the voice coil. Rotate the volume control to maximum. Set test oscillator to 455 kilocycles and apply signal to control grid of 12SK7 R. F. through a .05 mfd. capacitor. Align the second I. F. transformer trimmers, next adjust the first I. F. transformer trimmers. Keep the test oscillator output to a level that will give a good meter reading.

## R. F. Alignment

Attach high side of test oscillator to flexible lead extending from rear of chassis through a .00025 mfd. condenser. Connect the low side to the receiver chassis. Adjust the test oscillator and receiver to 1700 kilocycles. Peak 1700 kilocycles oscillator trimmer for maximum output. Change test oscillator signal and receiver dial to approximately 1400 kilocycles. Then while rocking gang condenser, trim 1400 kilocycles antenna trimmer for maximum output.



**BOTTOM VIEW OF CHASSIS**

All above voltages measured from socket terminal to chassis with a 1000  $\Omega$  per volt voltmeter.