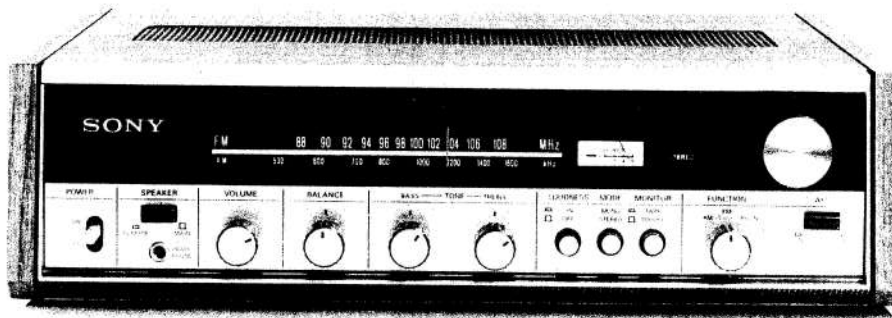


# STR-230A

*General Export, AEP  
and Canada Model*

FM STEREO/FM-AM RECEIVER



**SONY®**  
**SERVICE MANUAL**

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## SERVICING NOTES

1. Note that the safety regulation requires all the connection points where more than 30 volts ac is supplied such as power switch, ac outlet, should perform wrap-around joint as shown in Fig. A.
2. In the power amplifier board, all the components as listed below should be stand off from the surface of printed circuit board by using insulating tube to meet the safety regulation as shown in Fig. B.  
 Diodes: D501, D502  
 Resistors: R524, R525, R714, R715, R716, R718
3. When performing electrical check or replacement of some component on preamplifier power supply board without removing the board, remove the dial lamp shade by straighten the tabs as shown in Fig. C.
4. In this set, "wire-wrap" connections are employed as shown in Fig. D. In case a wire breaks, simply solder the lead wire directly to the terminal post.  
 Wire-wrap connection cannot be properly made by hand.  
 Care should be taken not to cut too deep when removing the insulation from wire.  
 Even the slightest notch in the copper wire will weaken the wire enough to eventually cause a break at that point. Use a soldering iron to remove the insulation.
5. In the power amplifier, the thermistor Th801, Th701 and resistor Po801 (Po701) are fixed to the R813 (R714) and R815 (R715) series resistors of power transistors respectively with contact cement ensuring the overheat protection of power transistors as shown in Fig. E. When replacing any of these components, mount them precisely as follows.

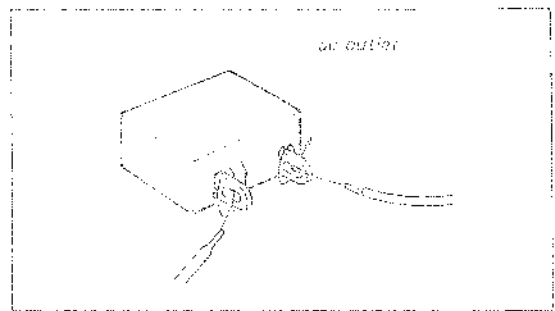


Fig. A. Wrap-around joint

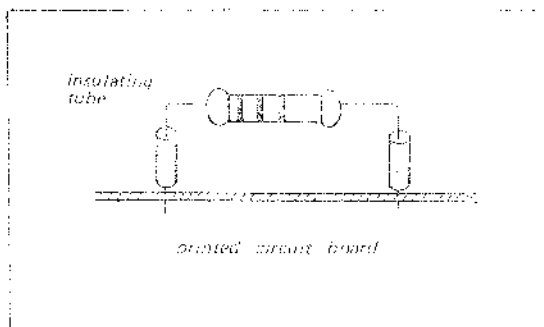


Fig. B. Stand off component

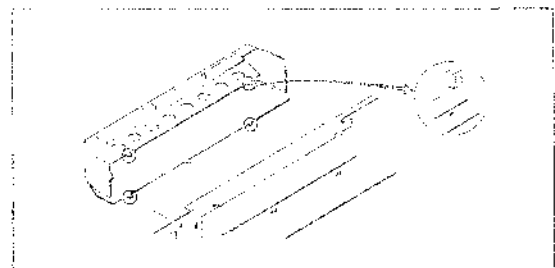


Fig. C. Dial lamp shade removal

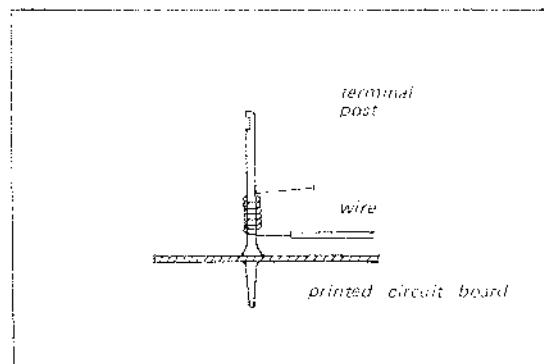
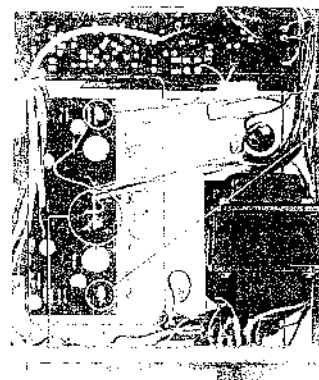


Fig. D. "Wire-wrap" connection



series  
 thermistor  
 Th801  
 Th701

resistor  
 R714, 814

Apply contact cement.  
 Apply heat-transferring  
 grease.

series  
 resistor  
 Po801  
 Po701

resistor  
 R715, 815

Apply contact cement

Fig. E. Thermistor and resistor installation

**SECTION 1****TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION****1-1. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS**

Technical specifications for the STR-230A are listed in Table 1-1.

**TABLE 1-1. STR-230A TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS**

<b>Fm Tuner Section</b>	
Antenna:	300 ohms balanced
Frequency range:	87.5 to 108 MHz
Intermediate frequency:	10.7 MHz
Usable sensitivity:	2.2 $\mu$ V (S/N = 30 dB)
Signal-to-noise ratio:	65 dB, IHF
Capture ratio:	4 dB, IHF
Selectivity:	35 dB, IHF
Image rejection:	40 dB
I-f rejection:	90 dB
A-m suppression:	45 dB
Frequency response:	20 to 15,000 Hz $\pm$ 3 dB
Harmonic distortion:	Mono: 0.5 % at 400 Hz Stereo: 1.0 % at 400 Hz
Fm-stereo separation:	Greater than 35 dB at 400 Hz
19-kHz, 38-kHz suppression:	45 dB

<b>A-m Tuner Section</b>	
Frequency range:	530 to 1,605 kHz
Intermediate frequency:	455 kHz
Sensitivity:	48 dB/m, built-in antenna 20 $\mu$ V, external antenna
Signal-to-noise ratio:	50 dB

Image rejection:	40 dB at 600 kHz 35 dB at 1,400 kHz
I-f rejection:	40 dB at 1,000 kHz
Harmonic distortion:	0.8 %

**Audio Amplifier Section**

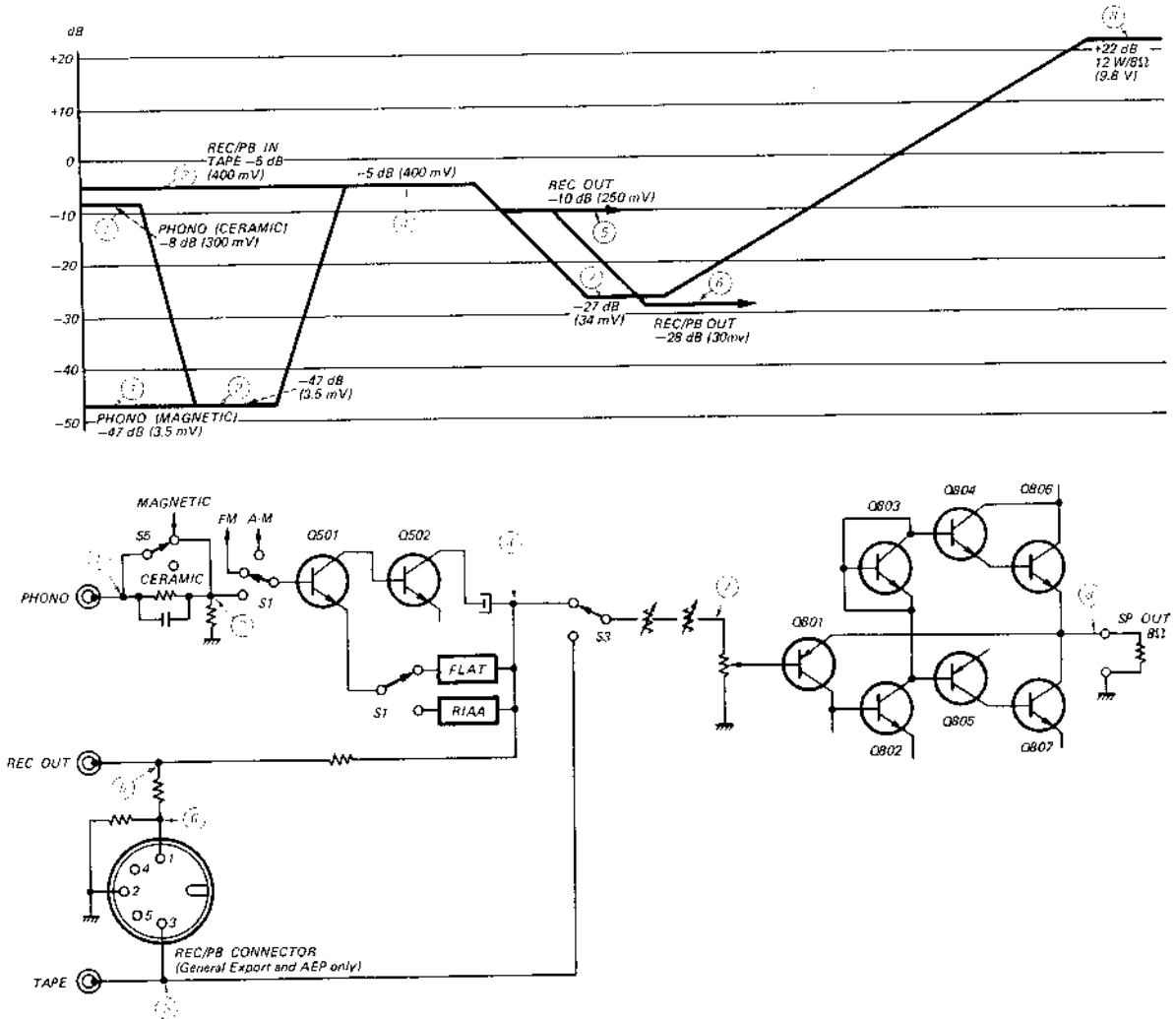
Music power output: (EIA)	40 watts, both channels operating, 8 ohms.
Rated power:	12 W + 12 W, 8 ohms
Harmonic distortion:	Less than 5.0 % at 1 kHz at rated output
Frequency response:	TAPE: } 30 Hz to 50 kHz ( $\pm$ 3 dB) at 1-watt output REC/PB: }
	(AEP and General Export Model only)
Input sensitivity and impedance:	PHONO: 3.5 mV 47 k ohms (MAGNETIC) 300 mV 3.6 M ohms (CERAMIC) TAPE: 400 mV 100 k ohms REC/PB: 400 mV 100 k ohms (AEP and General Export Model only)
Signal output:	REC OUT: 250 mV 10 k ohms REC/PB: 30 mV 80 k ohms (AEP and General Export Model only)
Signal-to-noise ratio:	PHONO: greater than 60 dB TAPE: greater than 65 dB
Tone controls:	BASS: $\pm$ 10 dB at 100 Hz TREBLE: $\pm$ 10 dB at 10 kHz

**General**

Power consumption:	70 watts
Power requirement:	120 V ac (Canada Model) 100, 120, 220, 240 V ac (General Export Model) 110, 127, 220, 240 V ac (AEP Model)
Dimensions:	16 $\frac{1}{2}$ " (width) x 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ " (height) x 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ " (depth) 420 mm (width) x 116 mm (height) x 312 mm (depth)
Net weight:	13 lb 14 oz (6.3 kg)
Shipping weight:	18 lb 1 oz (8.2 kg)

**1-2. LEVEL DIAGRAM**

**Note:** Signal voltages are measured with ac VTVM and expressed in dB referred to 0.775 V, 1 kHz.





**SECTION 2**

**DISASSEMBLY AND REPLACEMENT PROCEDURES**

**WARNING**

Unplug the ac power cord before starting any disassembly or replacement procedures.

**2.1. TOOLS REQUIRED**

The following tools are required to perform disassembly and replacement procedures on the STR-230A.

- Screwdriver, Phillips-head
- Screwdriver, 4-inch cabinet
- Wrench, 6-inch adjustable
- Cardboard, 3-inch-square
- Protective pad
- Cellophane tape
- Soldering iron, 40 to 150 watts
- Cement, contact
- Cement solvent
- Diagonal cutters
- Pliers, long-nose
- Soldering tool, wire-brush end
- Tweezers, 6-inch
- Tape, electrical
- Silicone grease
- Nutdriver, 3-mm
- Solder, rosin-core

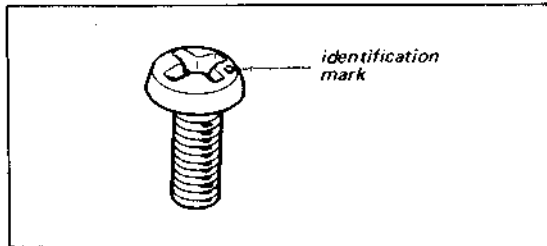


Fig. 2-1. ISO screw

**2.2. HARDWARE IDENTIFICATION GUIDE**

The following chart will help you to decipher the hardware codes given in this service manual.

**Note:** All screws in the STR-230A are manufactured to the specifications of International Organization for Standardization (ISO). This means that the new and old screws are not interchangeable because ISO screws have a different number of threads per mm compared to the old ones. The ISO screws have an identification mark on their heads as shown in Fig. 2-1.

**Hardware Nomenclature**

<b>P</b>	- Pan Head Screw	
<b>PS</b>	- Pan Head Screw with Spring Washer	
<b>K</b>	- Flat Countersunk Head Screw	
<b>B</b>	- Binding Head Screw	
<b>RK</b>	- Oval Countersunk Head Screw	
<b>T</b>	- Truss Head Screw	
<b>R</b>	- Round Head Screw	
<b>F</b>	- Flat Fillister Head Screw	
<b>SC</b>	- Set Screw	
<b>E</b>	- Retaining Ring (E Washer)	

**W** - Washer  
**SW** - Spring Washer  
**LW** - Lock Washer  
**N** - Nut

**- Example -**



### 2-3. WOODEN CASE REMOVAL

1. Remove the eight screws and the two self-tapping screws shown in Fig. 2-2.
2. Push out the receiver unit in the direction shown in Fig. 2-2.

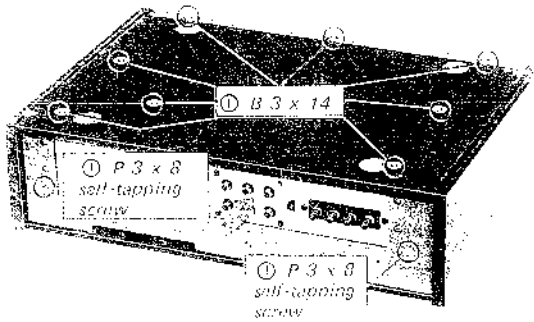


Fig. 2-2. Wooden case removal

### 2-4. FRONT PANEL REMOVAL

1. Remove the receiver unit from the wooden case as described in Procedure 2-3.
2. Pull off the six control knobs (VOLUME, BALANCE, TREBLE, BASS, FUNCTION and Tuning).
3. Remove the two self-tapping screws and the two nuts shown in Fig. 2-3.

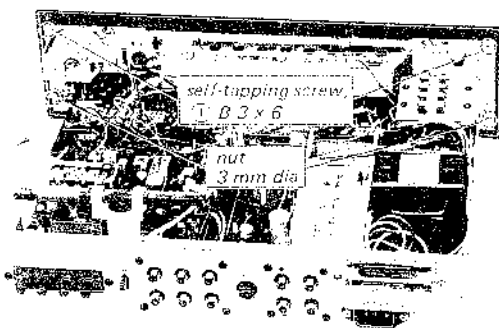


Fig. 2-3. Front panel removal

### 2-5. DIAL-CORD RESTRINGING

#### Preparation

1. Remove the wooden case as described in Procedure 2-3.
2. Cut a 63-inch (1,600 mm) length of 1/64 inch (0.3 mm) diameter dial cord.

3. Tie the end of the cord to a spring as shown in Fig. 2-4.
4. Rotate the tuning-capacitor drive drum fully counterclockwise (maximum capacitance position).

#### Procedure

While referring to Fig. 2-6 proceed as follows:

1. Hook the spring to one hole of the drive drum as shown in Fig. 2-5, and then squeeze it.
2. Run the cord through the slot in the rim of the drum and wrap a counterclockwise turn in the inner side groove. See Fig. 2-7.

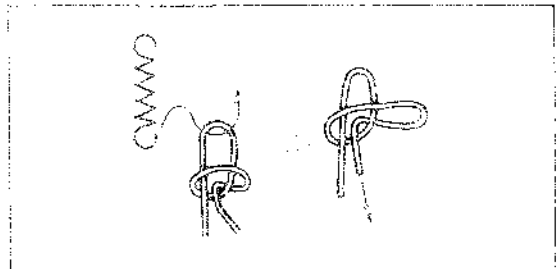


Fig. 2-4. Tying square knot in the coil spring

3. Run the cord over pulleys "A", "B", "C", "D", and then wrap three clockwise turns around the tuning shaft.
4. Run the cord over pulley "E" and then wrap half turn around the drum from outer groove to inner groove as shown in Fig. 2-6 and Fig. 2-7.
5. Pass the doubled end of the cord through the eyelet (See Fig. 2-8), then hook it to the spring as shown in Fig. 2-9.
6. Tighten the cord, then squeeze the eyelet so that the spring is under tension. Make a knot in the cord end to keep it from slipping out of the eyelet. See Fig. 2-8.
7. After completing the dial-cord stringing, make sure that the tuning system works properly. Apply a drop of contact cement to the knots. Perform the mechanical dial calibration.

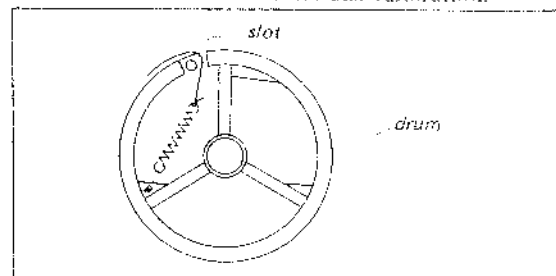


Fig. 2-5. Coil spring installation



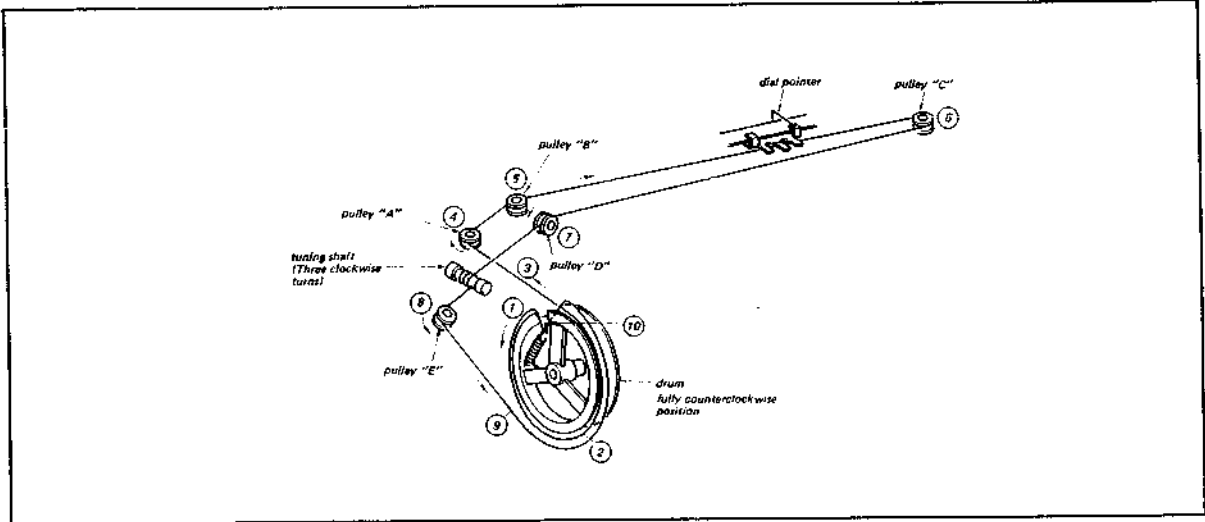


Fig. 2-6. Dial cord stringing

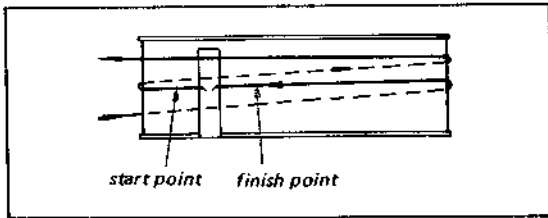


Fig. 2-7. Wrapping the dial cord

**2-6. MECHANICAL DIAL CALIBRATION**

**Note:** This is required after replacing the dial cord.

1. Put the dial pointer on the cord as shown in Fig. 2-10, and move it to a position where the pointer coincides with the 530 kHz mark on the dial scale in the front subchassis as shown in Fig. 2-11, when the tuning capacitor is set to the maximum capacitance position.

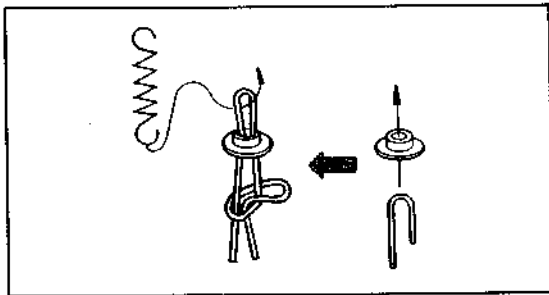


Fig. 2-8. Detail of dial cord finish

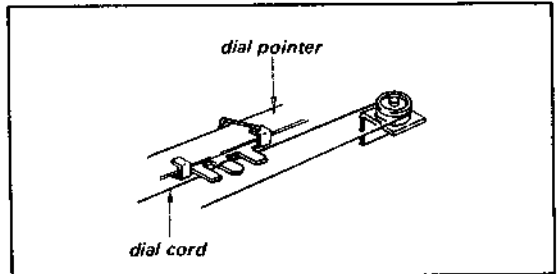


Fig. 2-10. Dial pointer installation

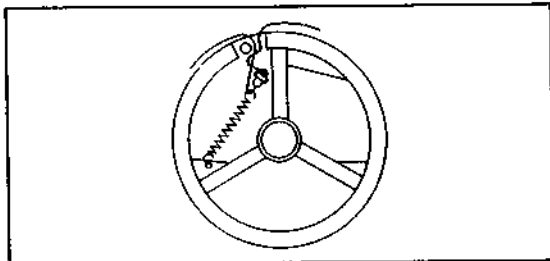


Fig. 2-9. End of dial cord stringing

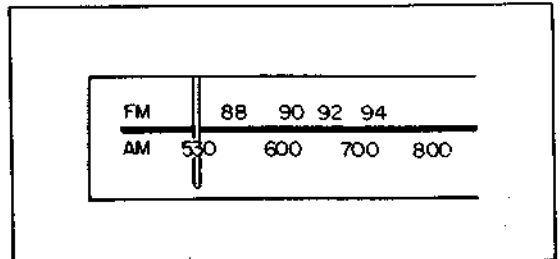


Fig. 2-11. Mechanical dial calibration

## 2-7. DIAL LAMP REPLACEMENT

1. Straighten the tub of the dial lamp shade to permit removal of 3-p lamp holder as shown in Fig. 2-13. This frees dial lamp holder.
2. Remove the defective dial lamp, and then install the new one.

## 2-8. REPLACEMENT OF COMPONENTS SECURED TO THE REAR PANEL BY NYLON RIVETS

1. Remove the nylon rivets securing the defective component by pushing its end with a tweezers as shown in Fig. 2-13.
2. Remove the defective component and then install a new one.
3. To reinstall the rivet, insert the flared part into the opening first, and then push the head as far as it goes as shown in Fig. 2-14.

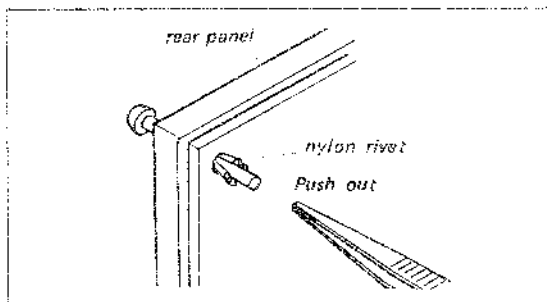


Fig. 2-12. Nylon rivet removal

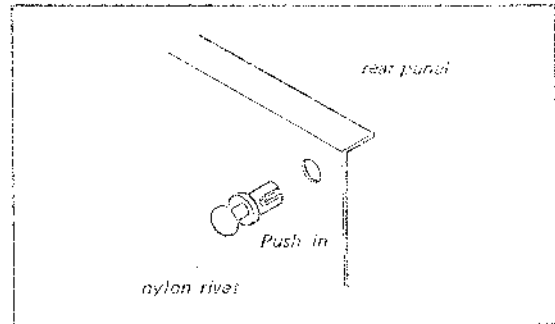


Fig. 2-14. Nylon rivet replacement

## 2-9. SWITCH AND CONTROL REPLACEMENT

### Preparation

1. Remove the front panel as described in Procedure 2-4.
2. Fasten the dial cord to the drum or pulleys with cellophane tape.

### Procedure

1. Remove the five self-tapping screws securing the front subchassis to the chassis as shown in Fig. 2-15.  
Remove the two self-tapping screws (⊗ 3 x 6) securing the fuse holder bracket to the chassis as shown in Fig. 2-16 (AEP Model only). This frees front subchassis as shown in Fig. 2-17.
2. Remove all the hex nuts and screws securing switches or controls to the front subchassis.
3. With a soldering iron having a solder-sucking tip, clean the solder from each lug of the defective switch or control and the printed circuit board.

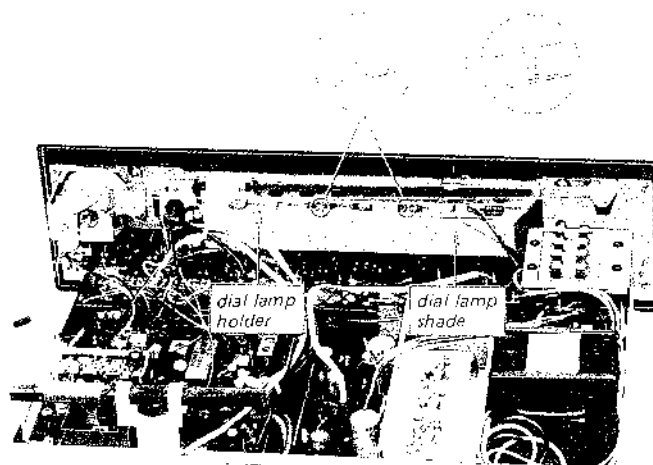


Fig. 2-13. Dial lamp replacement

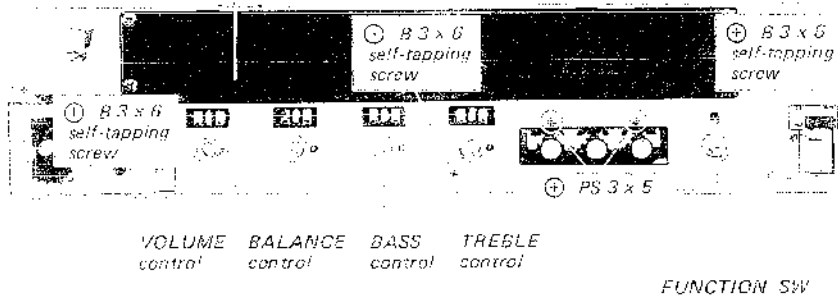


Fig. 2-15. Switch and control replacement

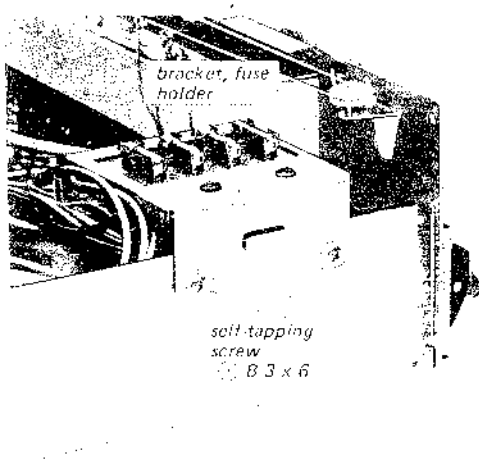


Fig. 2-16. Fuse holder bracket removal

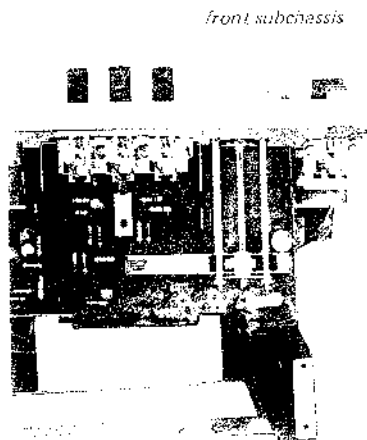
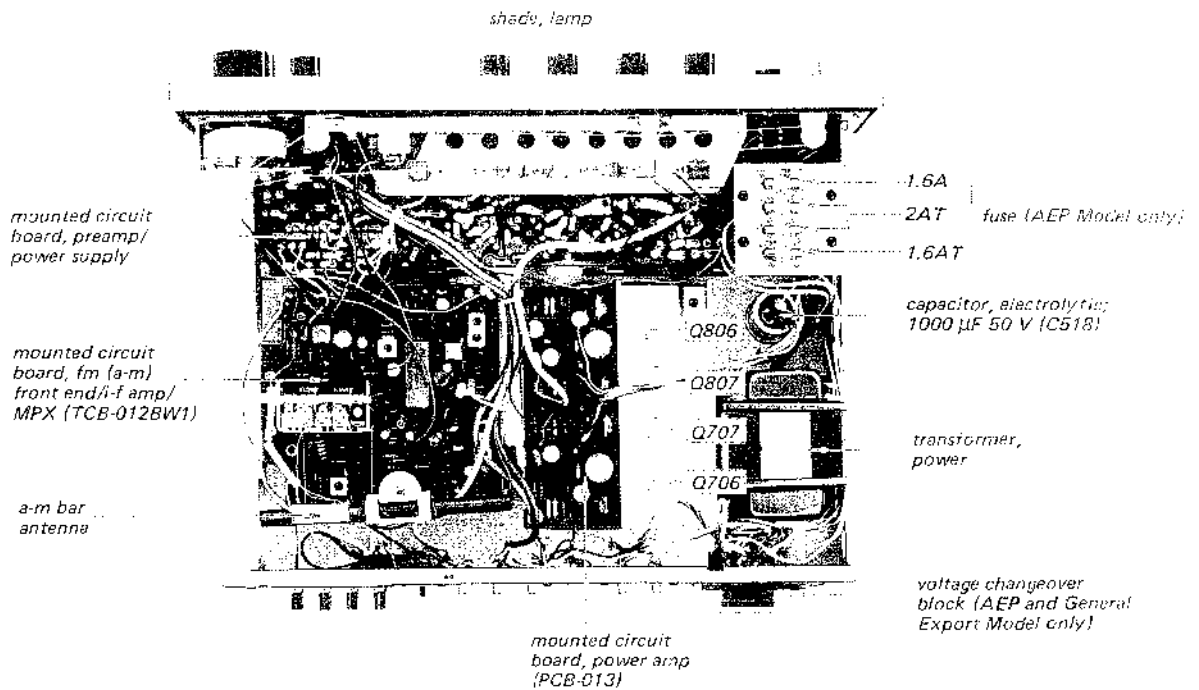


Fig. 2-17. Front subchassis removal

2-10. CHASSIS LAYOUT



## SECTION 2

### ALIGNMENT AND ADJUSTMENT PROCEDURES

#### 3-1. FM I-F AND DISCRIMINATOR ALIGNMENT

##### CAUTION

The ceramic filters in the fm i-f circuit are selected according to their specified center frequencies and color coded as shown in Fig. 3-1 and listed in Table 3-1. Check the color code of the filters to identify the same center frequency when replacing any of these filters.

TABLE 3-1.  
FM I-F CERAMIC FILTERS

Part No.	Color	Specified Center Freq.
I-403-563-11	red	10.70 MHz
I-403-562-21	black	10.66 MHz
I-403-563-31	white	10.74 MHz
I-403-562-41	green	10.62 MHz
I-403-563-51	yellow	10.78 MHz

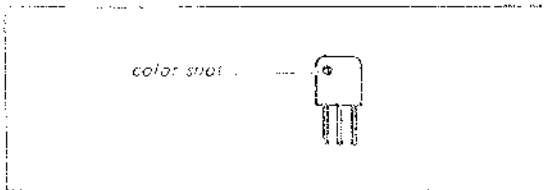


Fig. 3-1. Color dot on ceramic filter

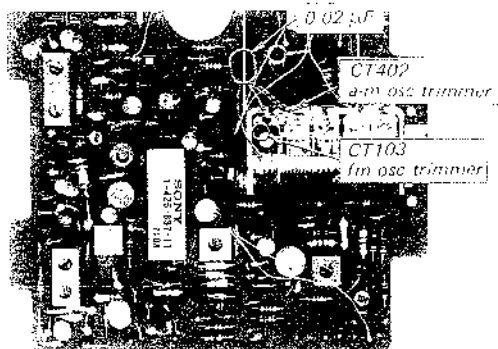


Fig. 3-2. Interruption of fm or a-m local oscillator operation

**Note:** Local oscillator should be killed when performing this alignment. To stop the local oscillator's operation, short the oscillator capacitor with a 0.02 μF capacitor. See Fig. 3-2.

#### Signal Generator Alignment

##### Test Equipment Required

- Standard signal generator which can generate a 10.7 MHz a-m/fm signal.
- Oscilloscope  
Vertical sensitivity: 100 mV/cm minimum
- Alignment tools

##### Preparation

- Connect the input cable of the oscilloscope with alligator clips to C217 and ground on the fm (a-m) front end/i-f amp/MPX board, and solder a 0.02 μF capacitor across these clips, as shown in Fig. 3-3.
- Connect the output cable of the generator across CV102 on fm (a-m) front end/i-f amp/MPX board. Use alligator clips and make the connection through a 0.02 μF coupling capacitor as shown in Fig. 3-4.

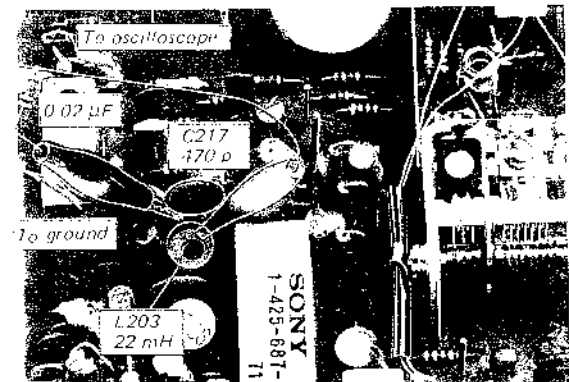


Fig. 3-3. Fm discriminator output connection

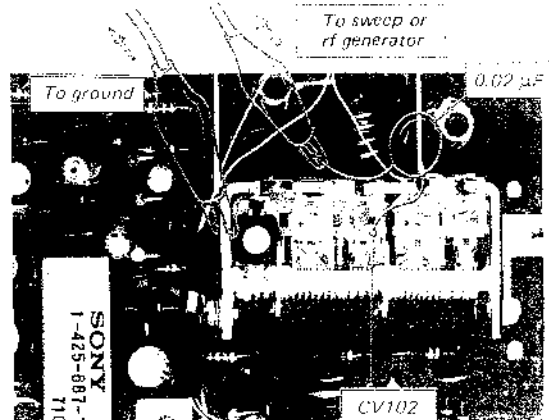


Fig. 3-4. 10.7 MHz signal injection

**Procedure**

1. With the equipment connected as shown in Fig. 3-5, set the signal-generator's controls as follows:
  - Frequency..... Specified frequency of ceramic filter. See Table 3-1.
  - Modulation..... Fm, 400 Hz, 100 % (75 kHz)
  - Output level..... 1,000  $\mu$ V (60 dB)
2. Set the receiver's controls as follows:
  - FUNCTION switch... FM
  - VOLUME control... Minimum
3. Adjust the signal generator's frequency slightly to obtain a maximum output, and then change the signal generator's modulation to a-m, 400 Hz 30 %.
4. If the discriminator transformer is not aligned correctly, 400-Hz ripple will be observed as shown in Fig. 3-6.
5. Turn the secondary side core (green) of discriminator transformer IFT201 (see Fig. 3-11) with an alignment tool to obtain a minimum indication on the oscilloscope as shown in Fig. 3-6.



Fig. 3-6. Fm discriminator alignment output response

**Note:** Turn the core carefully and slowly because the output appearing on the oscilloscope jumps up and down when turning the core. This might cause difficulty in determining the point of minimum output.

Also, at both extreme positions of the top core, decreased output will be observed. The real null point should be

obtained in the middle of the core thread length, and maximum output occurs at each side of the true null point.

6. Change the signal generator's modulation to fm, 400 Hz 100 % (75 kHz).
7. Turn the core of fm IFT101 and primary side core (brown) of discriminator transformer IFT201 (see Fig. 3-11), to obtain the maximum output.

**3-2. FM FREQUENCY COVERAGE AND TRACKING ALIGNMENT**

**Note:** Before starting this alignment, the fm if and discriminator alignment should be performed.

**Test Equipment Required**

1. Standard fm signal generator
2. Ac VTVM
3. Alignment tools

**Preparation**

1. Connect the equipment as shown in Fig. 3-7.
2. Set the receiver's controls as follows:
  - FUNCTION switch..... FM
  - VOLUME control..... Minimum
3. Set the AFC switch to OFF position.

**Signal Generator Alignment**

Follow the procedures given in Table 3-2 when performing this alignment with an fm signal generator. Be sure that the dial is mechanically calibrated.

**Off-the-Air Signal Alignment**

Accurate dial calibration and a frequency-coverage test can also be performed by utilizing off-the-air local fm signals. However, before performing this alignment, be sure that the dial is mechanically calibrated and the AFC switch is set to OFF.

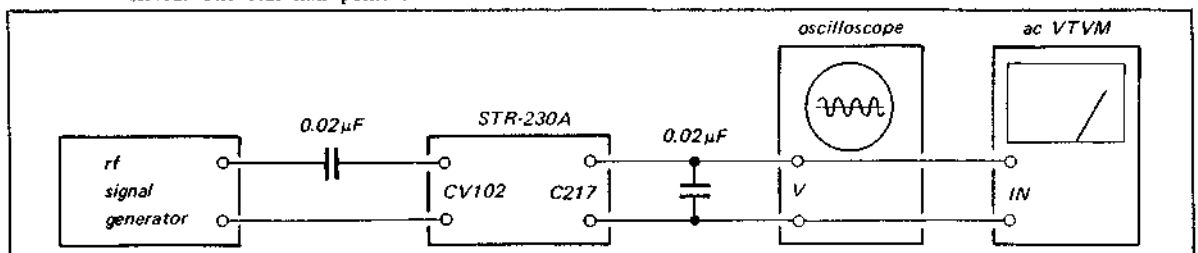


Fig. 3-5. Test setup for fm discriminator alignment by rf signal generator

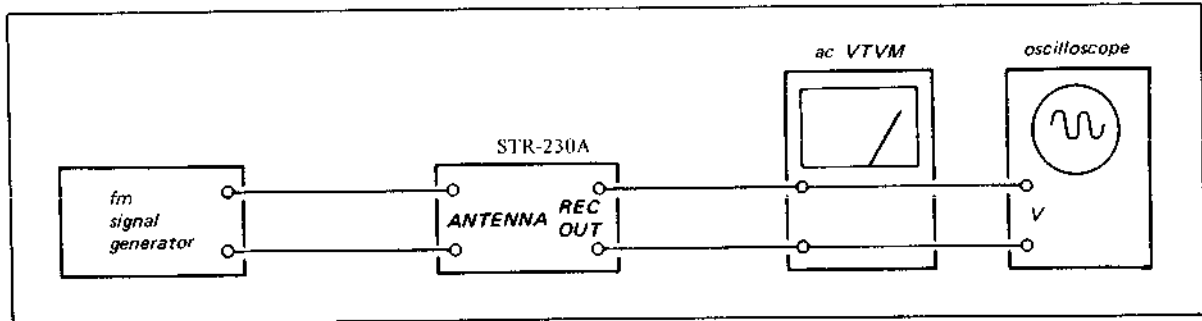


Fig. 3-7. Fm frequency coverage and tracking alignment test setup

**TABLE 3-2. FM FREQUENCY COVERAGE AND TRACKING ALIGNMENT**

FM FREQUENCY COVERAGE ALIGNMENT						
Step	Coupling Between Receiver and SSG	SSG Frequency and Output Level	Tuner Dial Indication	Ac VTVM Connection	Adjust	Indication
1	Direct coupling	87.2 MHz (± 87.5 MHz) 400 Hz 100 % mod. 10 μV (20 dB)	lowest position	REC OUT	OSC coil L103 See Fig. 3-11.	Maximum VTVM reading
2	Same as above	108.4 MHz (± 108.0 MHz) 400 Hz 100 % mod. 10 μV (20 dB)	highest position	Same as above	OSC trimmer CT103 See Fig. 3-11.	Same as above
FM TRACKING ALIGNMENT						
Step	Coupling Between Receiver and SSG	SSG Frequency and Output Level	Tuner Dial Indication	Ac VTVM Connection	Adjust	Indication
1	Direct coupling	87.2 MHz (± 87.5 MHz) 400 Hz 100 % mod. 10 μV (20 dB)	lowest position	REC OUT	Antenna coil L101 RF coil L102 See Fig. 3-11.	Maximum VTVM reading
2	Same as above	108.4 MHz (± 108.0 MHz) 400 Hz 100 % mod. 10 μV (20 dB)	highest position	Same as above	Antenna trimmer CT101 RF trimmer CT102 See Fig. 3-11.	Same as above

⊕ West Germany Model only

**3.3. FM STEREO SEPARATION ADJUSTMENT**

**Test Equipment Required**

1. MPX generator
2. Fm signal generator
3. Audio oscillator
4. Ac VTVM
5. Oscilloscope
6. Alignment tools

**Preparation**

Before starting the stereo-separation adjustment, check and adjust the phase between the 19-kHz pilot signal and the sub-channel signal in the MPX stereo generator as follows:

1. With the equipment connected as shown in Fig. 3-8, set the MPX and audio signal-generator's control as follows:

MAIN CHANNEL . . . . . OFF  
 SUB CHANNEL . . . . . ON  
 PILOT (19 kHz) . . . . . OFF  
 AUDIO OSCILLATOR  
 OUTPUT . . . . . 400 Hz, 250 mV

2. Adjust the oscilloscope controls to obtain a visible indication. Be sure the scope's horizontal display switch is set for external input.
3. Turn the pilot-signal (19 kHz) phase control to obtain an in-phase and stable lissajous pattern as shown in Fig. 3-9.

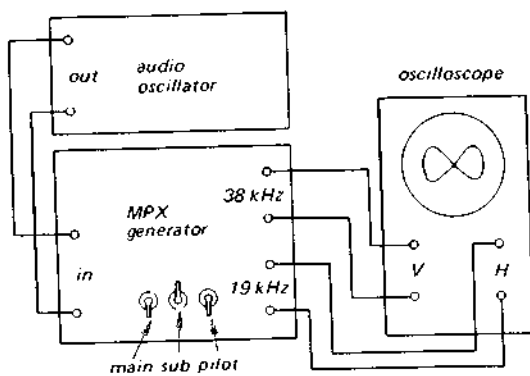


Fig. 3-8. MPX generator preadjustment



Fig. 3-9. Lissajous pattern

**Procedure**

1. Connect the equipment as shown in Fig. 3-10. Set the fm signal-generator's control as follows:

Carrier frequency . . . . . 98 MHz  
 Output level . . . . . 1,000  $\mu$ V (60 dB)  
 Modulation:  
 Main channel (400 Hz) . . . 33.75 kHz (45 %)  
 Sub channel (38 kHz) . . . 33.75 kHz (45 %)  
 Pilot (19 kHz) . . . . . 7.5 kHz (10 %)

The above mentioned modulation levels can be set as follows:

- (a) With the equipment connected as shown in Fig. 3-10 set the MPX stereo generator controls as follows.

MAIN CHANNEL . . . . . OFF  
 SUB CHANNEL . . . . . OFF  
 19 kHz (PILOT) . . . . . ON

- (b) Adjust the 19 kHz signal level to obtain a 7.5-kHz deviation on the FM SSG modulation indicator.

- (c) Reset the MPX stereo-generator's control as follows:

MAIN CHANNEL . . . . . ON  
 SUB CHANNEL . . . . . OFF  
 19 kHz (PILOT) . . . . . OFF  
 INPUT SELECTOR . . . L-CH

- (d) Adjust the audio-oscillator output (400 Hz) to obtain a 33.75-kHz deviation on the FM SSG modulation indicator.

- (e) Set all controls to ON.

2. Precisely tune the receiver to the SSG's carrier frequency then turn the top core of switching transformer L301 (see Fig. 3-11) to obtain maximum output at the left channel.
3. Record the output level of the left channel when the MPX generator input selector is set to the left channel.
4. Switch the input selector to the right channel and read the residual signal level in the left channel.
5. The output-level to residual-level ratio represents the separation. Turn the top core of switching transformer L301 (see Fig. 3-11) for minimum residual level. Check the right channel for separation.
6. Readjust switching transformer L301 for minimum difference between left- and right-channel separation.

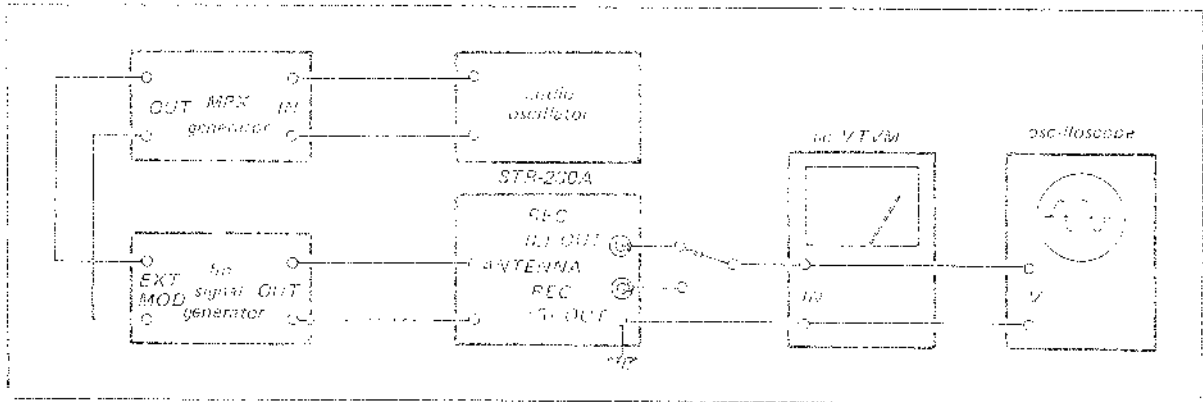


Fig. 3-10. *Fm stereo separation adjustment test setup*

Adjusting Parts Location

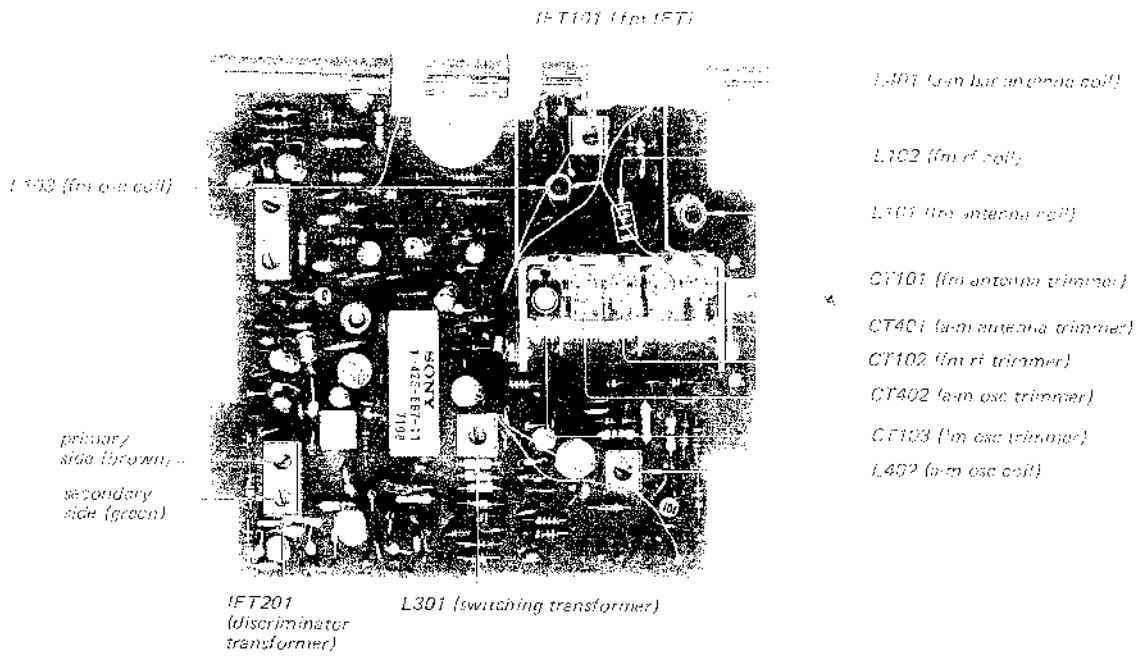


Fig. 3-11. *Adjusting parts location*



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## SECTION 4 REPACKING

### 3.4. A-M I-F STRIP ALIGNMENT

**Note:** The a-m i-f transformers (CFU201 and IFT202) are shipped from the factory with all adjustment set for correct operation. Therefore no adjustment is required in field service.

### 3.5. A-M FREQUENCY COVERAGE AND TRACKING ALIGNMENT

#### Preparation

Remove the wooden case as described in Procedure 2-3. Then, set the receiver's Function switch to AM.

#### Signal Generator Method

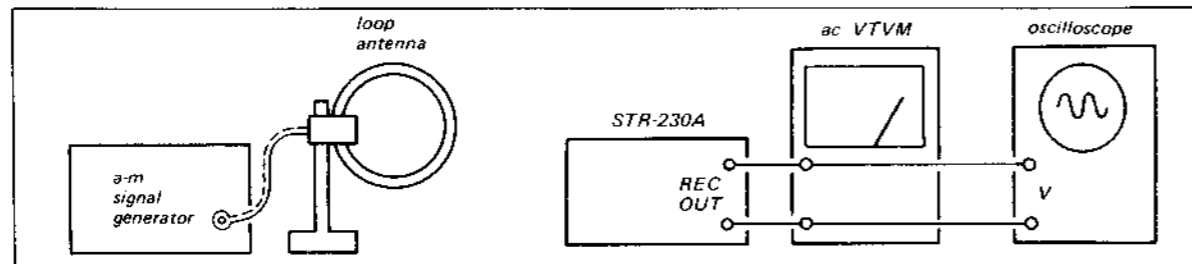


Fig. 3-12. A-m frequency coverage and tracking alignment test setup

TABLE 3-3. A-M FREQUENCY COVERAGE AND TRACKING ALIGNMENT

SSG Coupling	SSG Frequency and Output Level	Tuner Dial Indication	Ac VTVM Connection	Adjust	Indication
Loop antenna	520 kHz 400 Hz 30 % mod. 1,000 μV (60 dB)	lowest position	REC OUT	OSC coil L402 See Fig. 3-11.	Maximum VTVM reading
Loop antenna	1,680 kHz Same as above	highest position	Same as above	OSC trimmer CT402 See Fig. 3-11.	Same as above

SSG Coupling	SSG Frequency and Output Level	Tuner Dial Indication	Ac VTVM Connection	Adjust	Indication
Loop antenna	600 kHz 400 Hz 30 % mod. Output level as low as possible	Tune to SSG's signal.	REC OUT	Position of antenna coil L401 See Fig. 3-11.	Maximum VTVM reading
Loop antenna	1,400 kHz Same as above	Same as above	Same as above	Antenna trimmer CT401 See Fig. 3-11.	Same as above

#### Test Equipment Required

1. Signal generator
2. Loop antenna
3. Ac VTVM

#### Procedure

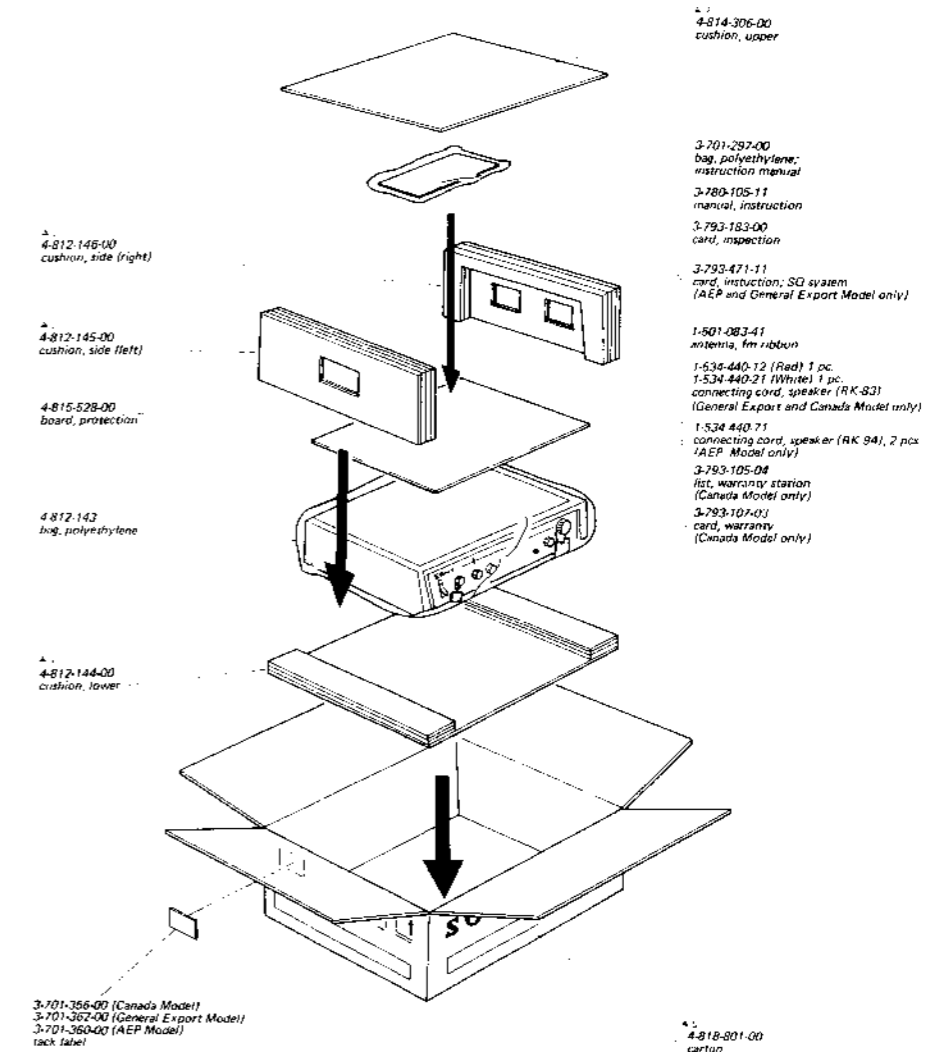
With the equipment connected as shown in Fig. 3-12, follow the procedures given in Table 3-3 when performing this alignment with an a-m signal generator.

#### Off-the-Air Signal Method

Accurate dial calibration, and a frequency-coverage and tracking test can also be performed by utilizing off-the-air local a-m signals. However, before performing this alignment, be sure that the dial is mechanically calibrated.

The STR-230A's original shipping carton and packing materials are the ideal containers for shipping the unit. However to secure the maximum protection,

the STR-230A must be repacked in these materials precisely as before. The proper repacking procedures are shown in Fig. 4-1.



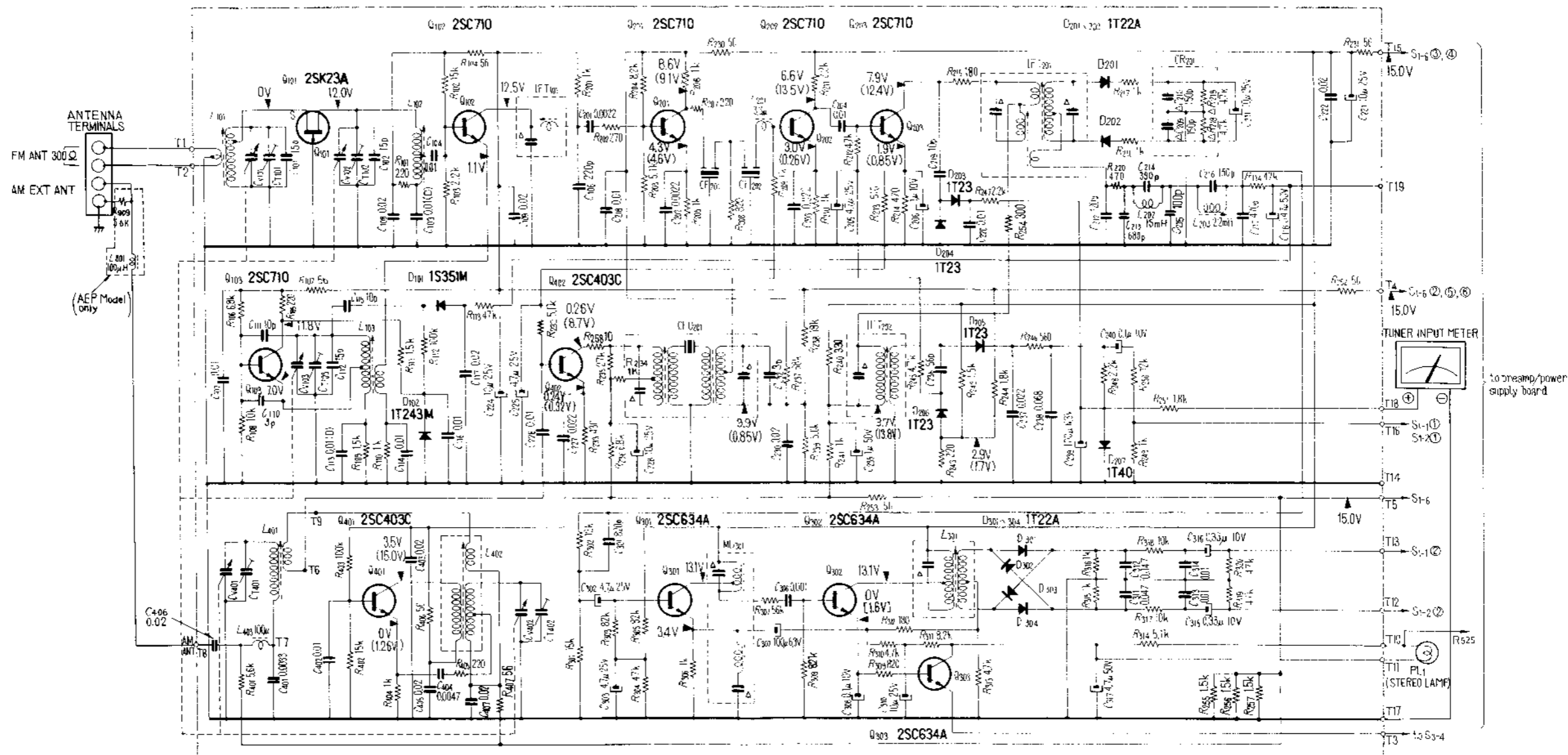
Note: ▲ carton only (X-48188-02) includes all the parts marked

Fig. 4-1. Repacking

# STR-230A STR-230A

## SECTION 5 DIAGRAMS

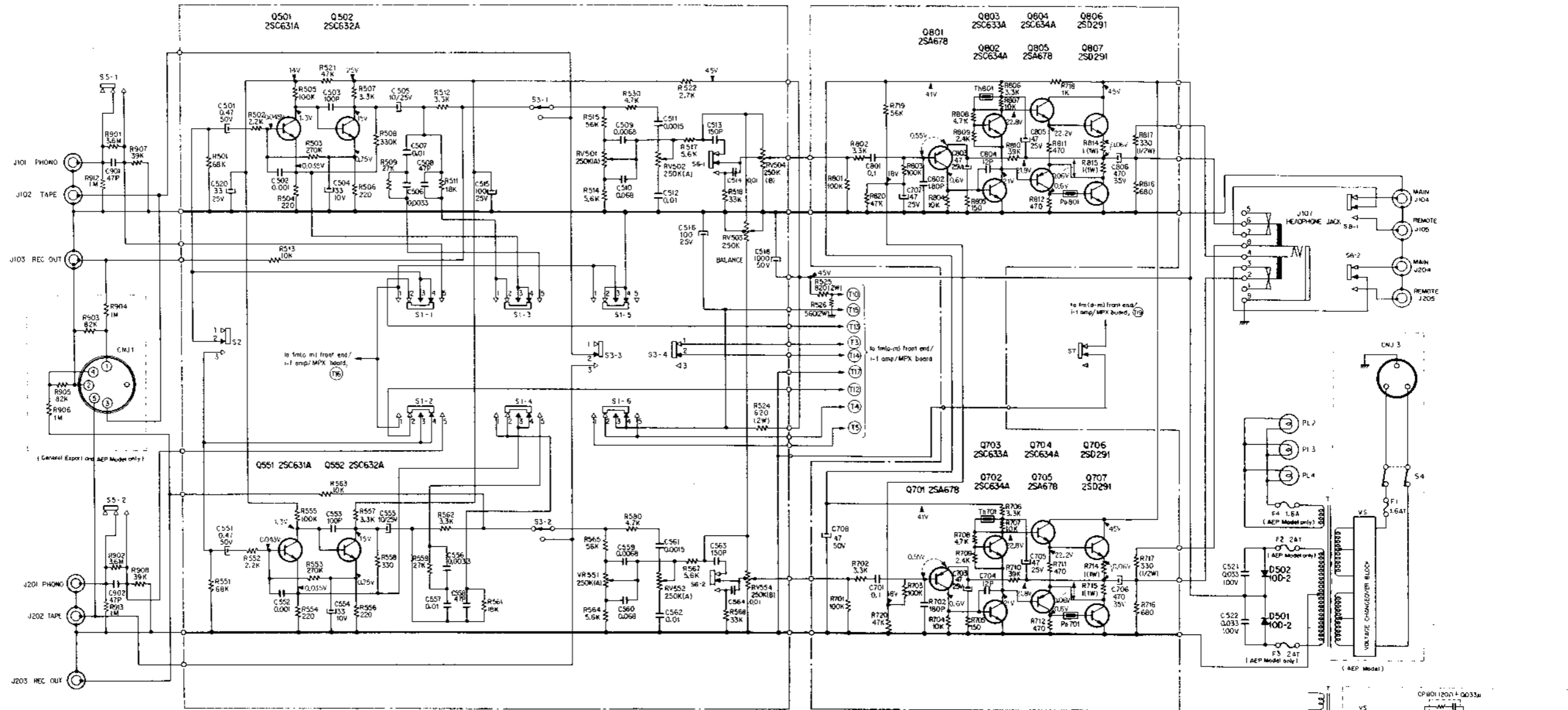
5-1. SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM - Fm (A-m) Front End/I-f Amp/MPX Section -  
(TCB-012BW1)



**Note:**  
 All resistance values are in ohms. k = 1,000. M = 1,000 k  
 All capacitance values are in μF except as indicated with p, which means μμF.  
 All voltages represent an average value and should hold within ± 10 %.  
 All voltages are dc measured with a VOM which has an input impedance of 20 k ohms/volt. No. signal in.  
 Voltages in ( ) are measured in a-m mode.  
 [ ] : STEREO OPERATION

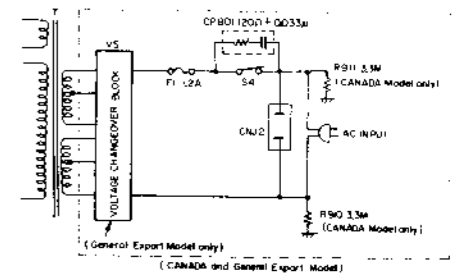
# STR-230A STR-230A

5-2. SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM  
— Audio Amplifier Section —



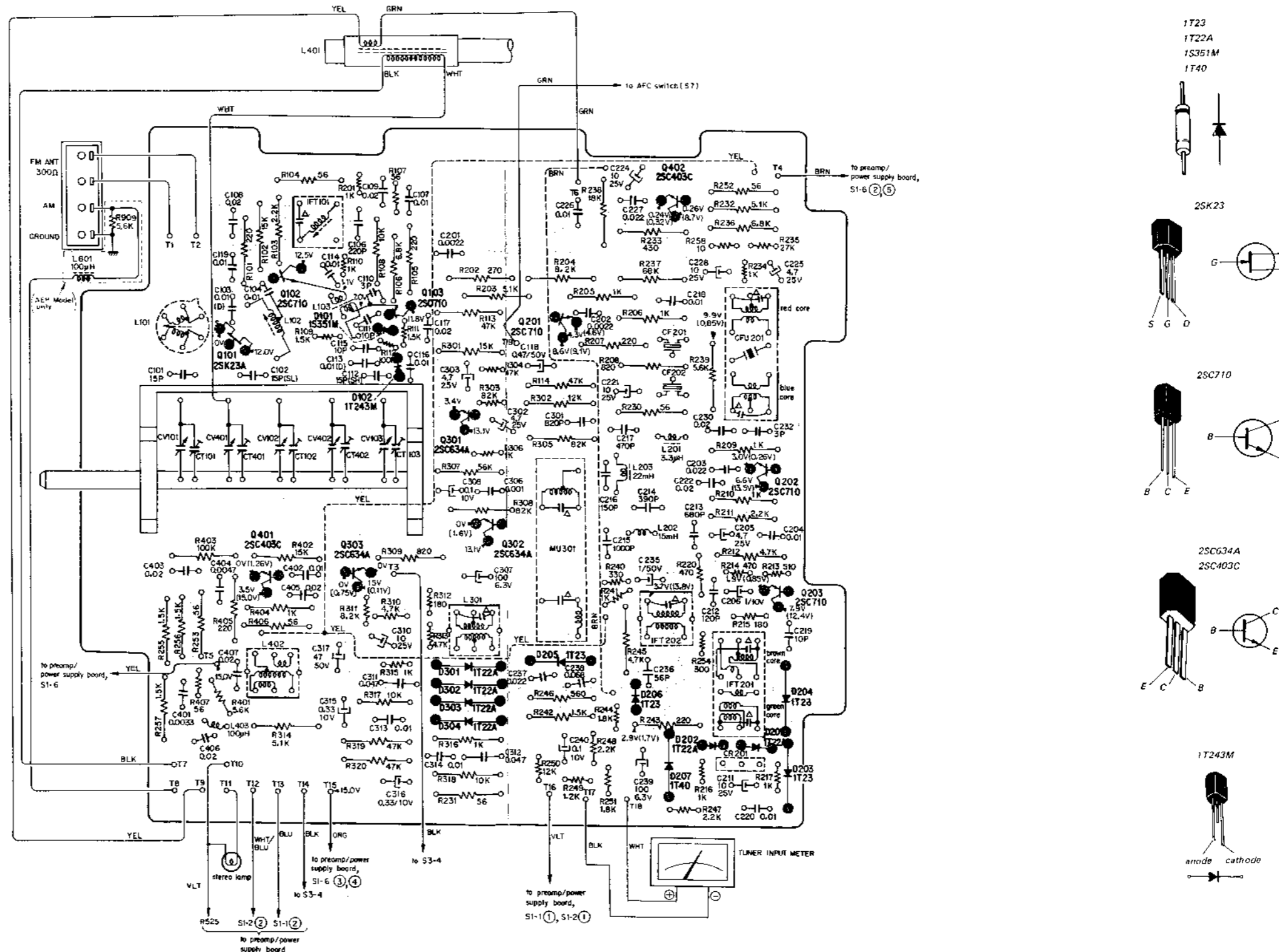
Ref. No.	Description	Position	Ref. No.	Description	Position
S1	FUNCTION switch (AM-FM-PHONO)	FM	S4	POWER switch	ON
S3-1, 3-2	MONITOR switch (SOURCE-TAPE)	SOURCE	S5	CARTRIDGE SELECTOR switch (MAGNETIC-CERAMIC)	CERAMIC
S2,	MODE switch (STEREO-MONO)	STEREO	S6	LOUDNESS switch	ON
S3-3, 3-4			S7	AFC switch	OFF
			S8	SPEAKER switch (MAIN-REMOTE)	MAIN

**Note:**  
All resistance values are in ohms. k = 1,000. M = 1,000 k  
All capacitance values are in  $\mu\text{F}$  except as indicated with p, which means  $\mu\text{F}$ .  
All voltages represent an average value and should hold within  $\pm 10\%$ .  
All voltages are dc measured with a VOM which has an input impedance of 20 k ohms/volt. No signal in.



# STR-230A STR-230A

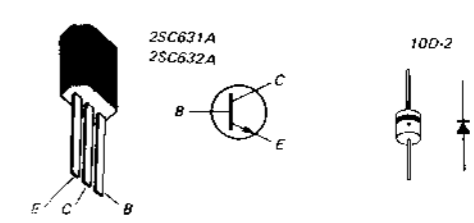
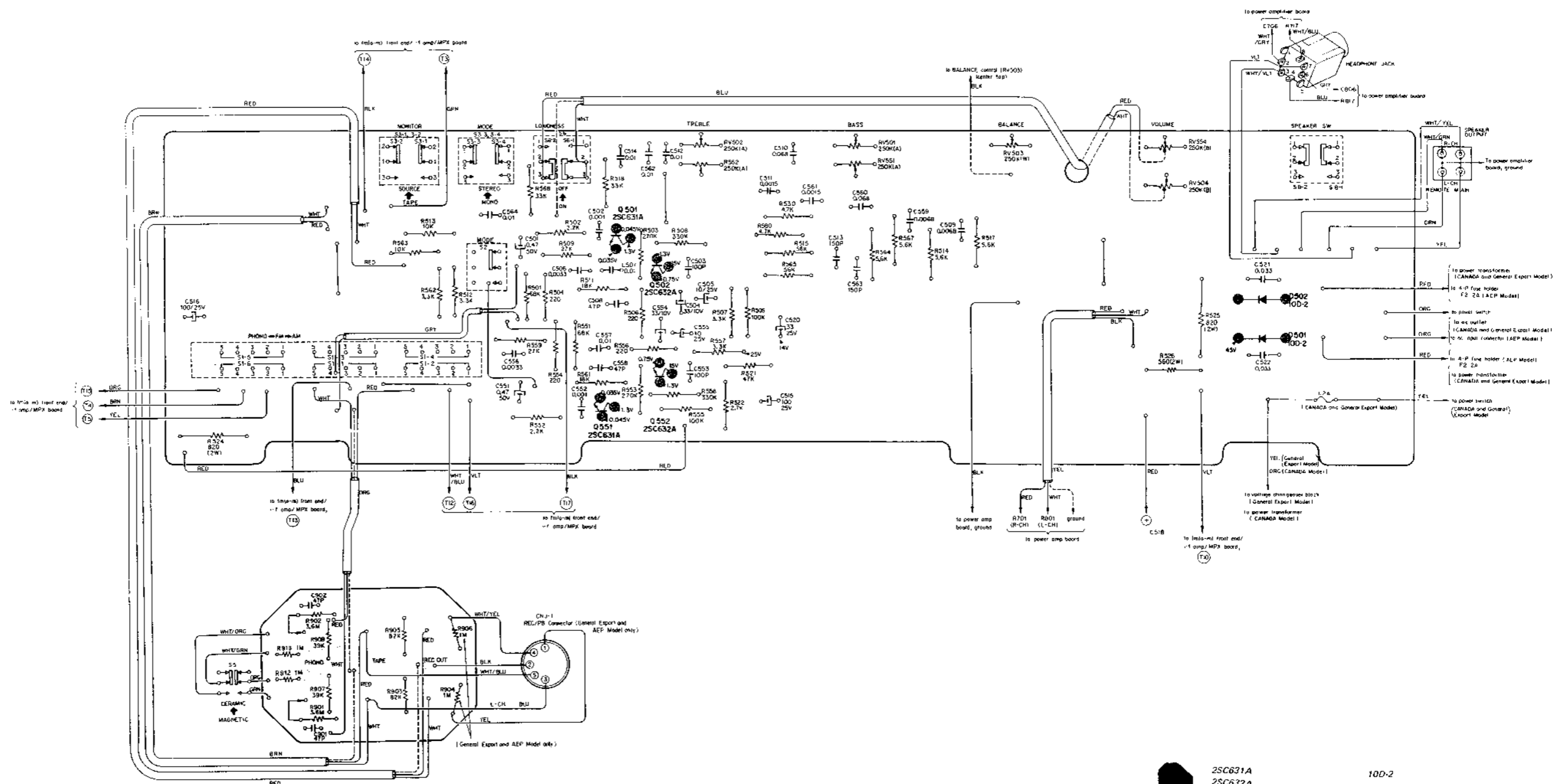
5-3. MOUNTING DIAGRAM – Fm (A-m) Front End/I-f Amp/MPX Board –  
– Conductor Side – (TCB-012BW1)



Note:   shows the location of stencilled part number.  
Refer to this mark when replacing the part.

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## 5-4. MOUNTING DIAGRAM – Preamp/Power Supply Board – – Conductor Side –











**SECTION 7  
ELECTRICAL PARTS LIST**

<u>Ref. No.</u>	<u>Part No.</u>	<u>Description</u>
<b>MOUNTED CIRCUIT BOARDS</b>		
	8-982-645-11	fm (a-m) front-end/i-f amplifier/MPX circuit board (TCB-012BW1)
	8-982-624-21	power amplifier circuit board (PCB-013)
	8-982-653-22	preamplifier/power supply circuit board

<b>SEMICONDUCTORS</b>		
<u>Ref. No.</u>	<u>Part No.</u>	<u>Description</u>
D101		diode 1S351M
D102		diode 1T243M
D201		diode 1T22A
D202		diode 1T22A
D203		diode 1T23
D204		diode 1T23
D205		diode 1T23
D206		diode 1T23
D207		diode 1T40
D301		diode 1T22A
D302		diode 1T22A
D303		diode 1T22A
D501		diode 10D-2
D502		diode 10D-2
P0701 (P0801)	1-800-076-00	posistor
Q101		FET 2SK23A
Q102		transistor 2SC710
Q103		transistor 2SC710
Q201		transistor 2SC710
Q202		transistor 2SC710
Q203		transistor 2SC710
Q301		transistor 2SC634A
Q302		transistor 2SC634A
Q303		transistor 2SC634A
Q401		transistor 2SC403C
Q402		transistor 2SC403C
Q501 (Q551)		transistor 2SC631A
Q502 (Q552)		transistor 2SC632A
Q701 (Q801)		transistor 2SA678
Q702 (Q802)		transistor 2SC634A
Q703 (Q803)		transistor 2SC633A
Q704 (Q804)		transistor 2SC634A
Q705 (Q805)		transistor 2SA678
Q706 (Q806)		transistor 2SD291
Q707 (Q807)		transistor 2SD291
Th701 (Th801)	1-800-077-00	thermistor

<u>Ref. No.</u>	<u>Part No.</u>	<u>Description</u>
<b>TRANSFORMERS, COILS AND INDUCTORS</b>		
CFU201	1-403-150-00	CFU, 455 kHz
IFT101	1-403-821-00	IFT, 10.7 MHz
IFT201	1-403-822-00	transformer, discriminator
IFT202	1-403-820-00	IFT, 455 kHz
L101	1-401-471	coil, fm antenna
L102	1-425-547-00	coil, fm rf
L103	1-405-434-00	coil, fm osc.
L201	1-407-184-00	inductor, micro 3.3 μH
L202	1-407-585-12	inductor, micro 15 mH
L203	1-407-418-11	shielded inductor 22 mH
L301	1-425-688-00	transformer, switching
L401	1-401-470-00	bar antenna, a-m
L402	1-405-486-00	coil, a-m osc.
L403	1-407-169-00	inductor, micro 100 μH
MU301	1-425-687-00	MPX unit
T	1-441-823-00	transformer, power (CANADA Model)
	1-441-824-00	transformer, power (General Export Model)
	1-441-885-00	transformer, power (AEP Model)
L801	1-407-169-00	inductor, micro 100 μH (AEP Model only)

<b>CAPACITORS</b>					
<u>Ref. No.</u>	<u>Part No.</u>	<u>Value</u>	<u>Tolerance</u>	<u>Voltage</u>	<u>Material</u>
All capacitance values are in μF except as indicated with p, which means μμF.					
C101	1-102-951-00	15 p	± 5 %	50 V	ceramic
C102	1-102-951-00	15 p	± 5 %	50 V	ceramic
C103	1-101-118-00	0.01	± 100 %	50 V	ceramic
C104	1-101-923-00	0.01	± 80 %	25 V	ceramic
C105					
C106	1-102-978-00	220 p	± 5 %	50 V	ceramic
C107	1-101-923-00	0.01	± 80 %	25 V	ceramic
C108	1-101-924-00	0.02	± 80 %	25 V	ceramic
C109	1-101-924-00	0.02	± 80 %	25 V	ceramic
C110	1-102-862-00	3 p	± 0.25 %	50 V	ceramic
C111	1-102-947-00	10 p	± 5 %	50 V	ceramic
C112	1-101-971-00	15 p	± 5 %	50 V	ceramic
C113	1-101-118-00	0.01	± 100 %	50 V	ceramic
C114	1-101-923-00	0.01	± 80 %	25 V	ceramic
C115	1-102-947-00	10 p	± 5 %	50 V	ceramic
C116	1-101-923-00	0.01	± 80 %	25 V	ceramic
C117	1-101-924-00	0.02	± 80 %	25 V	ceramic
C118	1-121-434-00	0.47	± 75 %	50 V	electrolytic
C119	1-101-118-00	0.01	± 100 %	50 V	ceramic
C201	1-101-919-00	0.0022	± 80 %	25 V	ceramic
C202	1-105-665-12	0.0022	± 10 %	50 V	mylar
C203	1-105-677-12	0.022	± 10 %	50 V	mylar

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<u>Ref. No.</u>	<u>Part No.</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Ref. No.</u>	<u>Part No.</u>	<u>Description</u>
C204	1-101-923-00	0.01 ± $\frac{80}{20}$ % 25 V ceramic	C317	1-121-411-00	47 ± $\frac{50}{10}$ % 50 V electrolytic
C205	1-121-395-00	4.7 ± $\frac{150}{10}$ % 25 V electrolytic	C401	1-105-667-12	0.0033 ± 10 % 50 V mylar
C206	1-127-023-00	1 ± 20 % 10 V solid, aluminum	C402	1-101-923-00	0.01 ± $\frac{80}{20}$ % 25 V ceramic
C207	.....	.....	C403	1-101-924-00	0.02 ± $\frac{80}{20}$ % 25 V ceramic
C208	1-101-923-00	0.01 ± $\frac{80}{20}$ % 25 V ceramic	C404	1-105-669-12	0.0047 ± 10 % 50 V mylar
C209	.....	.....	C405	1-101-924-00	0.02 ± $\frac{80}{20}$ % 25 V ceramic
C210	.....	.....	C406	1-101-924-00	0.02 ± $\frac{80}{20}$ % 25 V ceramic
C211	1-121-398-00	10 ± $\frac{100}{10}$ % 25 V electrolytic	C407	1-101-924-00	0.02 ± $\frac{80}{20}$ % 25 V ceramic
C212	1-101-340-00	120 p ± 10 % 50 V ceramic	C501(C551)	1-121-726-00	0.47 ± $\frac{150}{10}$ % 50 V electrolytic
C213	1-102-116-00	680 p ± 10 % 50 V ceramic	C502(C552)	1-105-661-12	0.001 ± 10 % 50 V mylar
C214	1-102-822-00	390 p ± 5 % 50 V ceramic	C503(C553)	1-102-975-00	100 p ± 10 % 50 V ceramic
C215	1-102-074-00	1000 p ± 10 % 50 V ceramic	C504(C554)	1-121-402-00	33 ± $\frac{100}{10}$ % 10 V electrolytic
C216	1-101-361-00	150 p ± 5 % 50 V ceramic	C505(C555)	1-121-398-00	10 ± $\frac{100}{10}$ % 25 V electrolytic
C217	1-102-824-00	470 p ± 5 % 50 V ceramic	C506(C556)	1-105-667-12	0.0033 ± 10 % 50 V mylar
C218	1-101-923-00	0.01 ± $\frac{80}{20}$ % 25 V ceramic	C507(C557)	1-105-673-12	0.01 ± 10 % 50 V mylar
C219	1-102-947-00	10 p ± 5 % 50 V ceramic	C508(C558)	1-101-880-00	47 p ± 5 % 50 V ceramic
C220	1-101-923-00	0.01 ± $\frac{80}{20}$ % 25 V ceramic	C509(C559)	1-105-671-12	0.0068 ± 10 % 50 V mylar
C221	1-121-398-00	10 ± $\frac{100}{10}$ % 25 V electrolytic	C510(C560)	1-105-683-12	0.068 ± 10 % 50 V mylar
C222	1-101-924-00	0.02 ± $\frac{80}{20}$ % 25 V ceramic	C511(C561)	1-105-663-12	0.0015 ± 10 % 50 V mylar
C223	.....	.....	C512(C562)	1-105-673-12	0.01 ± 10 % 50 V mylar
C224	1-121-398-00	10 ± $\frac{100}{10}$ % 25 V electrolytic	C513(C563)	1-107-135-00	150 p ± 10 % 50 V silvered mica
C225	1-121-395-00	4.7 ± $\frac{150}{10}$ % 25 V electrolytic	C514(C564)	1-105-673-12	0.01 ± 10 % 50 V mylar
C226	1-101-923-00	0.01 ± $\frac{80}{20}$ % 25 V ceramic	C515	1-121-416-00	100 ± $\frac{100}{10}$ % 25 V electrolytic
C227	1-105-677-12	0.022 ± 10 % 50 V mylar	C516	1-121-416-00	100 ± $\frac{100}{10}$ % 25 V electrolytic
C228	1-121-398-00	10 ± $\frac{100}{10}$ % 25 V electrolytic	C517	.....	.....
C229	.....	.....	C518	1-121-907-11	1000 ± $\frac{100}{10}$ % 50 V electrolytic
C230	1-101-924-00	0.02 ± $\frac{80}{20}$ % 25 V ceramic	C519	.....	.....
C231	.....	.....	C520	1-121-404-00	33 ± $\frac{100}{10}$ % 25 V electrolytic
C232	1-102-940-00	3 p ± 5 % 50 V ceramic	C521	1-105-719-12	0.033 ± 10 % 100 V mylar
C233	.....	.....	C522	1-105-719-12	0.033 ± 10 % 100 V mylar
C234	.....	.....	C701(C801)	1-105-685-12	0.1 ± 10 % 50 V mylar
C235	1-121-391-00	1 ± $\frac{150}{10}$ % 50 V electrolytic	C702(C802)	1-102-976-00	180 p ± 5 % 50 V ceramic
C236	1-101-884-00	56 p ± 5 % 50 V ceramic	C703(C803)	1-121-410-00	47 ± $\frac{100}{10}$ % 25 V electrolytic
C237	1-105-677-12	0.022 ± 10 % 50 V mylar	C704(C804)	1-102-946-00	12 p ± 5 % 50 V ceramic
C238	1-105-683-12	0.068 ± 10 % 50 V mylar	C705(C805)	1-121-410-00	47 ± $\frac{100}{10}$ % 25 V electrolytic
C239	1-121-413-00	100 ± $\frac{100}{10}$ % 6.3 V electrolytic	C706(C806)	1-121-361-00	470 ± $\frac{100}{10}$ % 35 V electrolytic
C240	1-127-019-00	0.1 ± 20 % 10 V solid, aluminum	C707	1-121-410-00	47 ± $\frac{100}{10}$ % 25 V electrolytic
C301	1-102-117-00	820 p ± 10 % 50 V ceramic	C708	1-121-411-00	47 ± $\frac{100}{10}$ % 50 V electrolytic
C302	1-121-395-00	4.7 ± $\frac{150}{10}$ % 25 V electrolytic	C901	1-101-880-00	47 p ± 5 % 50 V ceramic
C303	1-121-395-00	4.7 ± $\frac{150}{10}$ % 25 V electrolytic	C902	1-101-880-00	47 p ± 5 % 50 V ceramic
C304	.....	.....	CV101	.....	.....
C305	.....	.....	CV102	.....	.....
C306	1-105-661-12	0.001 ± 10 % 50 V mylar	CV103	1-151-234-00	capacitor, tuning
C307	1-121-413-00	100 ± $\frac{100}{10}$ % 6.3 V electrolytic	CV401	.....	.....
C308	1-127-019-00	0.1 ± 20 % 10 V solid, aluminum	CV402	.....	.....
C309	.....	.....			
C310	1-121-398-00	10 ± $\frac{100}{10}$ % 25 V electrolytic			
C311	1-105-681-12	0.047 ± 10 % 50 V mylar			
C312	1-105-681-12	0.047 ± 10 % 50 V mylar			
C313	1-105-673-12	0.01 ± 10 % 50 V mylar			
C314	1-105-673-12	0.01 ± 10 % 50 V mylar			
C315	1-127-021-00	0.33 ± 20 % 10 V solid, aluminum			
C316	1-127-021-00	0.33 ± 20 % 10 V solid, aluminum			

## RESISTORS

All resistance values are in  $\Omega$  ± 10 %, ¼ W and composition type unless otherwise indicated.

R101	1-202-367-00	220
R102	1-202-411-00	15 k

<u>Ref. No.</u>	<u>Part No.</u>	<u>Description</u>
R103	1-202-391-00	2.2 k
R104	1-202-343-00	56
R105	1-202-367-00	220
R106	1-202-403-00	6.8 k
R107	1-202-343-00	56
R108	1-202-407-00	10 k
R109	1-202-387-00	1.5 k
R110	1-202-383-00	1 k
R111	1-202-387-00	1.5 k
R112	1-202-431-00	100 k
R113	1-202-423-00	47 k
R114	1-202-423-00	47 k
R201	1-202-383-00	1 k
R202	1-202-369-00	270
R203	1-202-400-00	5.1 k
R204	1-202-405-00	8.2 k
R205	1-202-383-00	1 k
R206	1-202-383-00	1 k
R207	1-202-367-00	220
R208	1-202-381-00	820
R209	1-202-383-00	1 k
R210	1-244-673-00	1 k ± 5 % ¼W carbon
R211	1-202-391-00	2.2 k
R212	1-202-399-00	4.7 k
R213	1-202-376-00	510
R214	1-242-665-00	470 ± 5 % ¼W carbon
R215	1-202-365-00	180
R216	1-202-383-00	1 k
R217	1-202-383-00	1 k
R218		.....
R219		.....
R220	1-202-375-00	470
R230	1-202-343-00	56
R231	1-202-343-00	56
R232	1-202-400-00	5.1 k
R233	1-244-664-00	430 ± 5 % ¼W carbon
R234	1-202-383-00	1 k
R235	1-202-417-00	27 k
R236	1-202-403-00	6.8 k
R237	1-244-717-00	68 k ± 5 % ¼W carbon
R238	1-244-703-00	18 k ± 5 % ¼W carbon
R239	1-244-691-00	5.6 k ± 5 % ¼W carbon
R240	1-202-371-00	330
R241	1-202-383-00	1 k
R242	1-244-677-00	1.5 k ± 5 % ¼W carbon
R243	1-244-657-00	220 ± 5 % ¼W carbon
R244	1-202-389-00	1.8 k
R245	1-202-399-00	4.7 k
R246	1-202-377-00	560
R247	1-202-391-00	2.2 k
R248	1-202-391-00	2.2 k
R249	1-242-675-00	1.2 k ± 5 % ¼W carbon
R250	1-202-409-00	12 k

<u>Ref. No.</u>	<u>Part No.</u>	<u>Description</u>
R251	1-202-389-00	1.8 k
R252	1-202-343-00	56
R253	1-202-343-00	56
R254	1-202-370-00	300
R255	1-202-387-00	1.5 k
R256	1-202-387-00	1.5 k
R257	1-202-387-00	1.5 k
R258	1-202-325-00	10
R301	1-202-411-00	15 k
R302	1-202-409-00	12 k
R303	1-202-429-00	82 k
R304	1-202-423-00	47 k
R305	1-202-429-00	82 k
R306	1-202-383-00	1 k
R307	1-202-425-00	56 k
R308	1-202-429-00	82 k
R309	1-202-381-00	820
R310	1-202-399-00	4.7 k
R311	1-202-405-00	8.2 k
R312	1-202-365-00	180
R313	1-202-399-00	4.7 k
R314	1-202-400-00	5.1 k
R315	1-202-383-00	1 k
R316	1-202-383-00	1 k
R317	1-202-407-00	10 k
R318	1-202-407-00	10 k
R319	1-202-423-00	47 k
R320	1-202-423-00	47 k
R329	1-202-423-00	47 k
R401	1-202-401-00	5.6 k
R402	1-202-411-00	15 k
R403	1-202-431-00	100 k
R404	1-202-383-00	1 k
R405	1-202-367-00	220
R406	1-202-343-00	56
R407	1-202-343-00	56
R501(R551)	1-244-717-00	68 k ± 5 % ¼ W carbon
R502(R552)	1-244-681-00	1.2 k ± 5 % ¼ W carbon
R503(R553)	1-244-731-00	270 k ± 5 % ¼ W carbon
R504(R554)	1-244-657-00	220 ± 5 % ¼ W carbon
R505(R555)	1-244-721-00	100 k ± 5 % ¼ W carbon
R506(R556)	1-244-657-00	220 ± 5 % ¼ W carbon
R507(R557)	1-244-685-00	3.3 k ± 5 % ¼ W carbon
R508(R558)	1-244-733-00	330 k ± 5 % ¼ W carbon
R509(R559)	1-244-707-00	27 k ± 5 % ¼ W carbon
R510		.....
R511(R561)	1-244-703-00	18 k ± 5 % ¼ W carbon
R512(R562)	1-244-685-00	3.3 k ± 5 % ¼ W carbon
R513(R563)	1-244-697-00	10 k ± 5 % ¼ W carbon
R514(R564)	1-244-691-00	5.6 k ± 5 % ¼ W carbon
R515(R565)	1-244-715-00	56 k ± 5 % ¼ W carbon
R516		.....
R517(R567)	1-244-691-00	5.6 k ± 5 % ¼ W carbon

# STR-230A

<u>Ref. No.</u>	<u>Part No.</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Ref. No.</u>	<u>Part No.</u>	<u>Description</u>
R518 (R568)	1-244-709-00	33 k ± 5 % ¼ W carbon	RV504 (RV554)	1-222-557-00	250 k (B), variable (VOLUME control)
R519	.....	.....	<b>SWITCHES</b>		
R520	.....	.....	S1	1-516-040-31	rotary/slide (FUNCTION)
R521	1-244-713-00	47 k ± 5 % ¼ W carbon	S2	1-516-030-00	slide (MODE)
R522	1-244-683-00	2.7 k ± 5 % ¼ W carbon	S3	1-514-923-00	push; 3-key (MODE and MONITOR)
R523	.....	.....	S4	1-516-023-00	seesaw (POWER); Canada Model
R524	1-206-659-00	620 ± 5 % 2 W metal-oxide		1-514-817-41	seesaw (POWER); General Export and AEP Model
R525	1-206-662-00	820 ± 5 % 2 W metal-oxide	S5	1-514-478-00	slide (CARTRIDGE SELECTOR)
R526	1-206-658-00	560 ± 5 % 2 W metal-oxide	S6	1-514-923-00	push; 3-key (LOUDNESS)
R530(R580)	1-244-689-00	4.7 k ± 5 % ¼ W carbon	S7	1-514-290-00	push (AFC)
R701(R801)	1-202-431-00	100 k	S8	1-514-290-00	push (SPEAKER)
R702(R802)	1-202-395-00	3.3 k	<b>FILTERS</b>		
R703(R803)	1-202-431-00	100 k	CF201	1-403-562-11	fm i-f, ceramic 10.70 MHz (red)
R704(R804)	1-202-407-00	10 k	CF202	1-403-562-31	fm i-f, ceramic 10.74 MHz (white)
R705(R805)	1-202-363-00	150		1-403-562-51	fm i-f, ceramic 10.78 MHz (yellow)
R706(R806)	1-202-395-00	3.3 k	<b>MISCELLANEOUS</b>		
R707(R807)	1-202-407-00	10 k	CP801	1-231-057-32	encapsulated component, 120 Ω + 0.033 μF (General Export and CANADA Model only)
R708(R808)	1-244-689-00	4.7 k ± 5 % ¼ W carbon	CR201	1-231-175-00	encapsulated component, 4.7 kΩ + 150 pF
R709(R809)	1-244-682-00	2.4 k ± 5 % ¼ W carbon	J104, 105 } J204, 205 }	1-507-163-00	phono jack, 4-p
R710(R810)	1-202-421-00	39 k	J101, 102 } J103, 201 }	1-507-185-00	phono jack, 6-p
R711(R811)	1-202-375-00	470	J107	1-507-310-00	jack, HEADPHONE
R712(R812)	1-202-375-00	470	CNJ1	1-509-359-00	REC/PB connector (General Export and AEP Model only)
R713(R813)	.....	.....	CNJ2	1-509-403-00	AC outlet (General Export and CANADA Model only)
R714(R814)	1-212-385-00	1 ± 10 % 1 W metal-oxide	CNJ3	1-509-445-00	AC input connector (AEP Model only)
R715(R815)	1-212-385-00	1 ± 10 % 1 W metal-oxide		1-517-050-00	socket, dial lamp
R716(R816)	1-202-379-00	680	PL1	1-518-051-13	lamp, stereo 4.5 V/40 mA
R717(R817)	1-202-561-00	330	PL2, 3, 4	1-518-070-00	lamp, dial 8 V/0.3A
R718	1-202-383-00	1 k	M	1-520-102-00	meter, TUNER INPUT
R719	1-202-425-00	56 k	VS	1-509-385-00	voltage changeover block (AEP Model only)
R720	1-202-423-00	47 k	VS	1-526-165-21	voltage changeover block (General Export Model only)
R901	1-202-468-31	3.6 M ± 5 % ¼ W composition	F4	1-532-053-00	fuse, 1.6A (AEP Model only)
R902	1-202-468-31	3.6 M ± 5 % ¼ W composition	F2, 3	1-532-203-00	fuse, 2AT (AEP Model only)
R903	1-244-719-00	82 k ± 5 % ¼ W carbon (AEP and General Export Model only)	F1	1-532-259-00	fuse, 1.6AT (AEP Model only)
R904	1-244-745-00	1 M ± 5 % ¼ W carbon (AEP and General Export Model only)		1-532-266-00	fuse 1.2A (General Export and Canada Model)
R905	1-244-719-00	82 k ± 5 % ¼ W carbon (AEP and General Export Model only)		1-533-069-00	holder, fuse (AEP Model only)
R906	1-244-745-00	1 M ± 5 % ¼ W carbon (AEP and General Export Model only)		1-534-526-00	cord, power (CANADA Model)
R907	1-244-711-00	39 k ± 5 % ¼ W carbon		1-534-551-00	cord, power (General Export Model)
R908	1-244-711-00	39 k ± 5 % ¼ W carbon		1-536-187-00	terminal strip, L1 (AEP Model only)
R909	1-244-691-11	5.6 k ± 5 % ¼ W carbon (AEP Model only)		1-536-286-00	terminal strip, 4-p (ANTENNA)
R910	1-202-657-31	3.3 M ½ W composition (CANADA Model only)		1-581-271-00	board, 4-p phono jack
R911	1-202-657-31	3.3 M ½ W composition (CANADA Model only)			
R912	1-244-745-00	1 M ± 5 % ¼ W carbon			
R913	1-244-745-00	1 M ± 5 % ¼ W carbon			
RV501 (RV551)	1-222-692-00	250 k (A), variable (BASS control)			
RV502 (RV552)	1-222-692-00	250 k (A), variable (TREBLE control)			
RV503	1-222-691-00	250 k (W), variable (BALANCE control)			

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