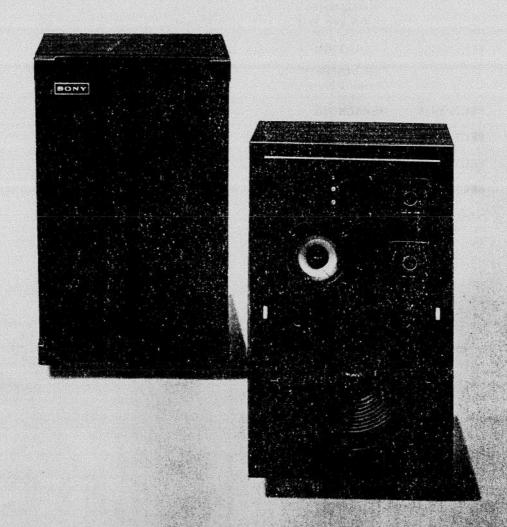
Set using ISO screws

SS-7300



SONY® SERVICE MANUAL

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Title Pag.	Page	
SERVICING P	RECAUTIONS	l	
SECTION 1	TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION		
1-1.	Technical Specifications	2	
1-2.	Circuit Analysis	2	
SECTION 2	DISASSEMBLY AND REPLACEMENT PROCEDURES		
2-1.	Tools Required	3	
2-2.	Hardware Identification Guide	3	
2-3.	Speaker Replacement	3	
2-4.	Level Control Replacement	3	
2-5.	Dividing-Network Component Replacement	4	
2-6.	Switch and Binding Post Replacement	4	
SECTION 3	OPERATIONAL CHECKS		
3-1,	Test Equipment Required	5	
3-2.	Overall Checks		
SECTION 4	REPACKING	6	
SECTION 5	SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM AND ELECTRICAL PARTS LIST	7	
SECTION 6	WIRING DIAGRAM 8~9	9	
SECTION 7	EXPLODED VIEW	o	

SERVICING PRECAUTIONS

- 1. Be certain to observe the polarity of the speaker terminals when replacing any of the speakers. Note that at the input terminal lugs of the woofer and mid-range speakers there are + or symbols marked upon them. The tweeter's positive terminal lug is painted red.
- 2. Firmly tighten the screws securing speakers or control panels to the cabinet to obtain an air-tight seal after replacing them.
- 3. When supplying continuous sine wave power to the SS-7300, keep the input power below 15 watts in normal use (FULL RANGE). In 3-channel use (SEPARATE) keep the input below 15 watts (above 4kHz) for the tweeter, 30 watts (above 200 Hz) for the mid-range, and 50 watts for the woofer.
- 4. When connecting the mid-range to powerful amplifiers, connect a metallized paper capacitor or a non-polarized electrolytic capacitor of approximately 47 μF in series with the mid-range speaker to protect it from damage caused by low-frequency overload.

SECTION 1 TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION

			•	
1-1. TECHNICAL	. SPECIFICATIONS	<u>Item</u>	<u>Function</u>	
given in Table 1-1	cifications for the SS-7300 are CHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS		system operates in the FULL RANGE mode. R1 and R2 are employed to increase the LEVEL control's	
			power handling capacity.	
System: Speakers:	Completely-sealed 3-way speaker system Woofer: 30 cm (12") cone	SELECTOR Switch S1 ~ S5	Selects either three-way (FULL RANGE position) or three-chan-	
Speakers.	type Mid-range: 12 cm (5") cone type		nel (SEPARATE position) operation of the speaker system. In the FULL RANGE position,	
	Tweeter: 2.5 cm (1") dome type		input signals are routed to the LC dividing networks to drive each speaker unit. In the SEPA-	
Input impedance:	6 ohms		RATE position, input signals	
Overall frequency response:	50 Hz to 20 kHz		from the WOOFER, MII RANGE and TWEETER inputerminals are fed directly to	
Maximum power handling capacity:	100 watts (weighted pink noise)	High-pass filter	each speaker unit. Passes high-frequency compo-	
Crossover	600 Hz (6 dB/oct), 4.5 kHz	L3, C3	nents to the tweeter above	
frequencies:	(12 dB/oct)	(Series type)	4.5 kHz. It cuts out the un-	
Dimensions:	390 mm (width) \times 636 mm (height) \times 300 mm (depth) $15^{1}/_{4}$ " (width) \times 24 $^{3}/_{4}$ " (height) \times 11 $^{3}/_{4}$ " (depth)		wanted low-frequency components (4.5 kHz and lower) from the input signal (12 dB/oct below 4.5 kHz).	
Net weight:	19 kg (41 lb 5 oz)	Bandpass filter (Parallel type)	Passes mid-frequency components (600 Hz to 4.5 kHz) to	
Shipping weight:	23 kg (50 lb 10 oz)	•	the mid-range speaker. It cuts out the unwanted high- and low-	
1-2. CIRCUIT AI	NALYSIS		frequency components from the input signal (6 dB/oct below	
	describes the function or opera-		600Hz, 12dB/oct above 4.5 kHz).	
schematic diagram	on page 7.	Low-pass filter (Parallel type)	Passes low-frequency components to the woofer. It cuts	
<u>Item</u>	<u>Function</u>		out the unwanted high-frequen- cy components from the input	
FULL RANGE Input terminals	These are the input terminals when the SS-7300 is used as a		signal (6 dB/oct above 600 Hz).	
	conventional three-way speaker system.	Low-cut filter	C4 eliminates low-frequency components, thereby protecting the tweeter from serious damage	
WOOFER, MID, TWEETER Input	These three input terminals permit driving each speaker with		when using the speaker system in the SEPARATE mode.	
terminals	a separate power amplifier.		Capacitors employed in the LC	
TWEETER LEVEL and MID LEVEL Controls	Controls the overall output level of the tweeter or the mid-range by ±3 dB. These controls are		network are non-polarized elec- trolytic capacitors which have low dietectric loss, thereby en-	
ATT-1, ATT-2	effective only when the speaker		suring optimum filter response.	

SECTION 2 DISASSEMBLY AND REPLACEMENT PROCEDURES

Note: Refer to the exploded view when performing the following procedures.

2-1. TOOLS REQUIRED

The following tools are required to perform disassembly and replacement procedures on the SS-7300.

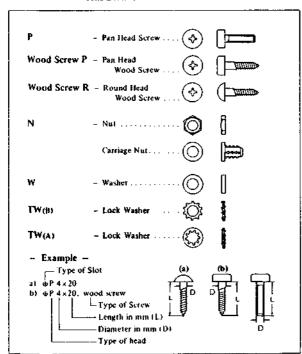
Screwdriver, Phillips-head Adjustable wrench or combination pliers Diagonal cutters Soldering iron, 40 to 150W Solder, rosin core

2-2. HARDWARE IDENTIFICATION GUIDE

The following chart will help you to decipher the hardware codes given in this service manual.

Note: Some screws in the SS-7300 are manufactured to the specifications of the International Organization for Standardization (ISO). This means that the new and old screws are not interchangeable because ISO screws have a different number of threads per mm compared to the old ones. The ISO screws have an identification mark on their heads as shown in Fig. 2-1.

- Hardware Nomenclature -



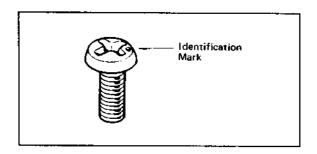


Fig. 2-1. ISO screw

2-3. SPEAKER REPLACEMENT

- Remove the front panel by simply pulling it out.
- Remove the screws (@P4x20) securing each speaker to the cabinet.
- Take out the defective unit and then unsolder or cut the lead wires.
- 4. Install the replacement speaker.

Note: Be certain to observe the polarity of the terminals on the replacement speaker. Note that at the input terminal lugs of the woofer and mid-range speakers there are + or - symbols marked on them. The tweeter's positive terminal is painted red

5. Firmly tighten the screws securing the speaker unit to obtain an air-tight seal.

2-4. LEVEL CONTROL REPLACEMENT

- 1. Remove the front panel.
- 2. Pull out the control knob.
- Remove the four wood screws securing the control panel to the cabinet.
- 4. Remove the hex nut securing the level control to the control panel.
- Unsolder the leads from the control, and then solder them to a new one.
- 6. Install the new control.
- 7. Reinstall the control panel.

Note: Firmly tighten the screws securing the control panel to the cabinet to obtain an air-tight seal.

2-5. DIVIDING-NETWORK COMPONENT REPLACEMENT

Note: The dividing network components are mounted or fixed on a network mounting board which is attached to the cabinet with wood screws and glue. Therefore, the components should be replaced without taking out the mounting board.

- 1. Remove the woofer as described in Procedure 2-3, and then pull out the acoustic material.
- Check and remove the defective components by cutting their lead wires. Refer to dividing network diagram on page 8.
- Install the replacement components. Note that the coils are fixed by wood screws and rubber-based adhesives.

2-6. SWITCH AND BINDING POST REPLACEMENT

Note: The control panel containing the selector switch and the speaker binding posts is attached to the cabinet by wood screws and glue. Therefore, the switch and binding posts should be replaced without taking out the control panel.

Preparation:

Remove the woofer as described in Procedure 2-3, and then pull out the acoustic material.

SELECTOR Switch

- Pull out the control knob and then remove the hex nut securing the switch to the panel.
- Unsolder the lead wires from the defective switch and then solder them to the new one.
 Refer to the wiring diagram on page 9.

SPEAKER Binding Post

Remove the screw (@P 3x8) securing the defective binding post to the panel as shown in Fig. 2-2, and then install the replacement one.

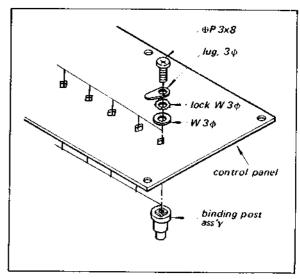


Fig. 2-2. Binding post replacement

SECTION 3 OPERATIONAL CHECKS

The procedure described here is a method of confirming that the speaker system operates properly. Always make this check after repair work.

3-1. TEST EQUIPMENT REQUIRED

Audio Amplifier
 Capable of supplying 3 or 4 watts continuous power to a 6-ohm load over the frequency range of 20 Hz to 20 kHz.

3-2. OVERALL CHECKS

Preparation:

- 1. Set the SELECTOR switch to FULL-RANGE.
- Adjust the audio oscillator's output to the level specified at the audio amplifier's AUX or TAPE input terminal.
- Set the audio amplifier's controls to obtain a flat response.
- 4. Set the tweeter and mid-range LEVEL controls to mid-position.

Procedure:

 With the equipment connected as shown in Fig. 3-1, feed audio signals varying from 20 Hz to 20 kHz to the amplifier while adjusting the volume control to obtain a 4 or 5-volt reading on the meter.

- 2. Watch and check the following items while varying the audio oscillator frequency.
- (a) 20 Hz to 100 Hz

 Confirm that the woofer does not generate mechanical noises.
- (b) 20 Hz to 300 Hz. Confirm that no mechanical noises are caused by a resonant speaker terminal board or lead wires.
- (c) 20 Hz to 20 kHz
 Confirm that each speaker operates property.
- Set the oscillator's frequency to 2 kHz and then turn the MID-RANGE LEVEL control, confirming that the output level changes according to the position of the control.

Note: Though a click noise will be heard at the instant when the level control comes to its fully clockwise position, the level control is good.

- 4. Set the oscillator's frequency to 7kHz, and then check the TWEETER LEVEL control operation.
- 5. If some troubles are heard, turn the SELECTOR switch to SEPARATE, and then feed (in turn) a 3-watt (4 volts across input terminal) 100-Hz signal to the WOOFER, a 2-kHz signal to the MID-RANGE, and a 7-kHz signal to the TWEETER, to isolate the trouble.

CAUTION

Do not apply any signals below 2 kHz to the TWEETER.

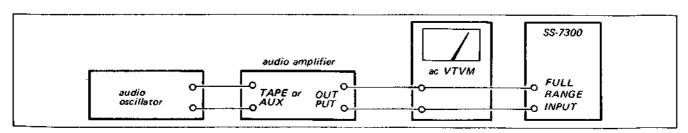
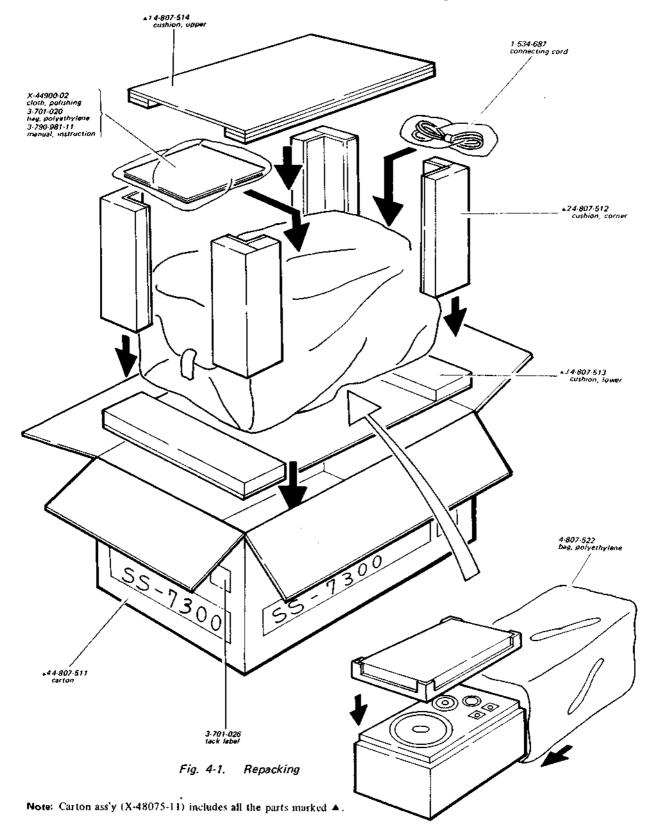


Fig. 3-1. Operational check test setup

SECTION 4 REPACKING

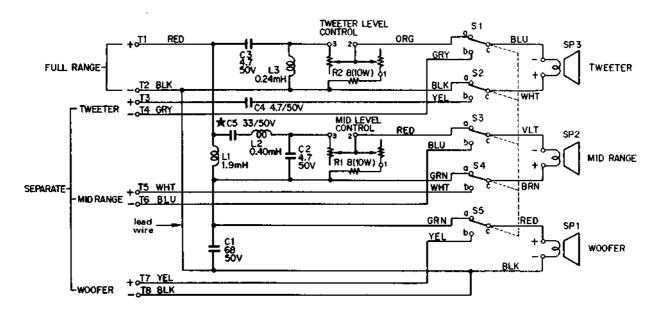
The SS-7300's original shipping carton and packing materials are the ideal containers for shipping the unit. However to secure the maximum protection,

the SS-7300 must be repacked in these materials precisely as before. The proper repacking procedures are shown in Fig. 4-1.



SECTION 5 SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM AND ELECTRICAL PARTS LIST

SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM



★ Note that C5 is not employed for the sets with serial number up to 501,400.

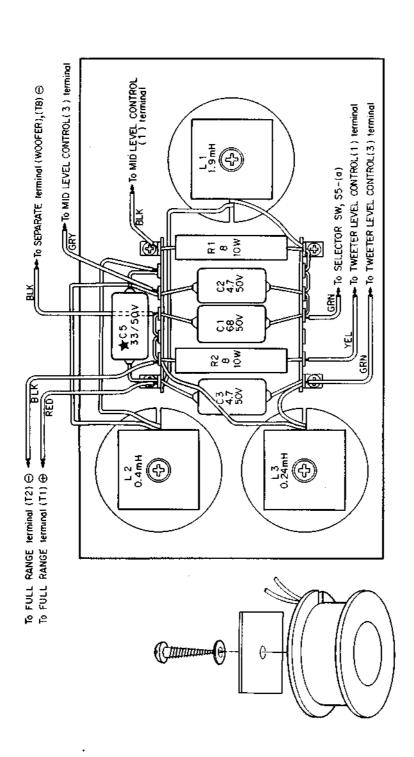
ELECTRICAL PARTS LIST

Ref. No.	Part No.	Description				Ref. No.	Part No.	Description
	c	OILS			SPEAKERS			
LI L2	1-421-309-11 1-421-314-11	coil, 1.9				SP1 SP2	1-502-303-11 1-502-304-11	speaker unit, woofer (SD-3030W) speaker unit, mid-range (SD-1230M)
L3	1-421-315-11	coil, 0.2				SP3	1-502-305-11	speaker unit, tweeter (SD-6200T)
CAPACITORS						MISCELLANEOUS		
CI	1-119-321-12	68 µF	±20%	50 V	electrolytic	ATT1	1-511-025-11	MID-RANGE LEVEL control
C2	1-119-318-11	$4.7~\mu F$	±20%	50 V	electrolytic	ATT2	1-511-025-11	TWEETER LEVEL control
C3	1-119-318-11	4.7 μF	±20%	50V	electrolytic	SI	1-514-833-12	switch, rotary (function SELFCTOR)
C4	1-119-318-11	4.7 μF	±20%	50 V	electrolytic		1-534-687-11	connecting cord
* C5	1-119-330-11	33 μF	±20%	50V	electrolytic		1-536-297	terminal strip, L5L
	RES	ISTORS						
RI	1-207-608-11	8Ω	±10%	10 V	wire-wound			
R2	1-207-608-11	$\Omega 8$	±10%	10 V	wire-wound			

* Note that C5 is not employed for the sets with serial number up to 501,400.

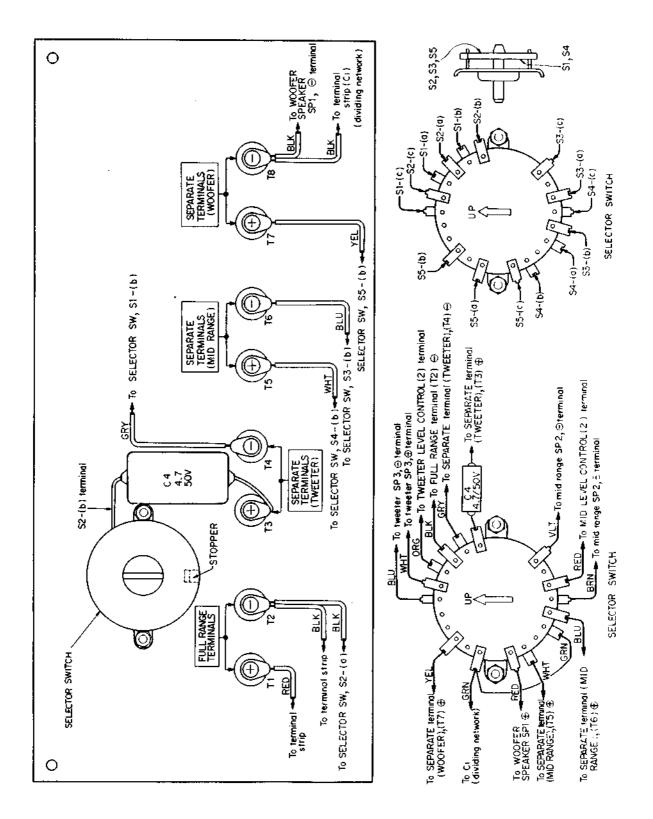
SECTION 6 WIRING DIAGRAM

DIVIDING NETWORK

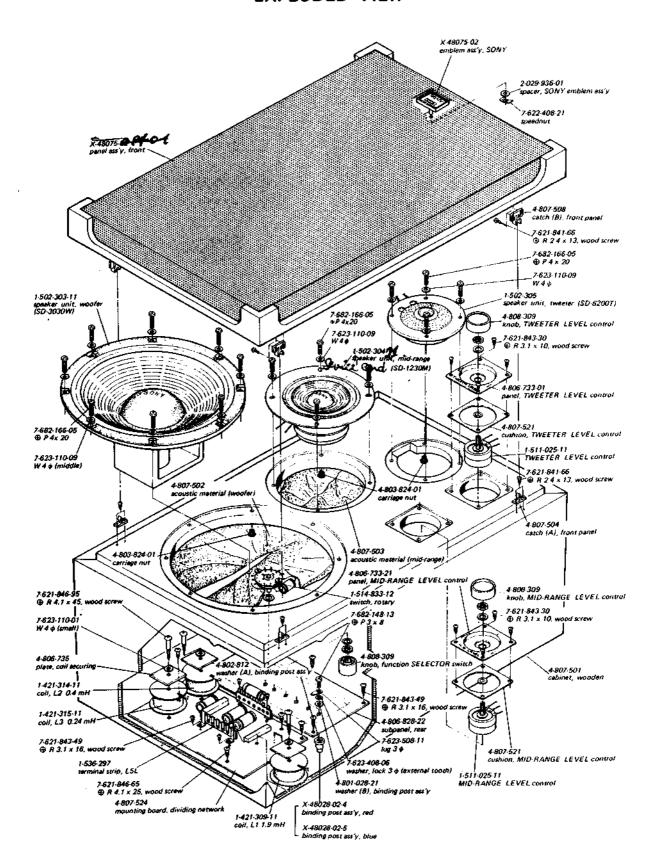


* Note that C5 is not employed for the sets with serial number up to 501,400.

REAR PANEL



SECTION 7 EXPLODED VIEW



SONY CORPORATION