

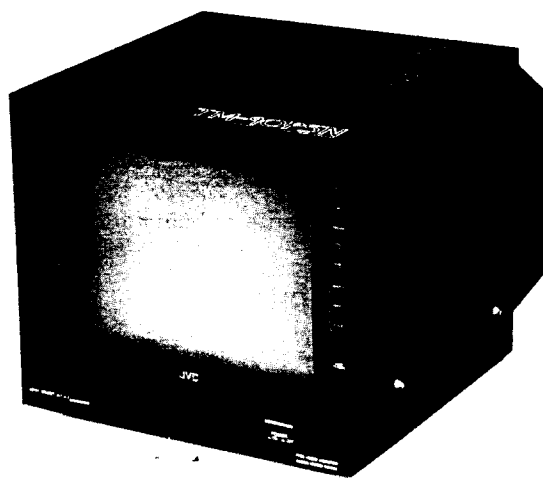
JVC

SERVICE MANUAL

MODEL

TM-90PSN

10" COLOR VIDEO MONITOR



No. 5418
Apr. 1983

2. SERVICE ADJUSTMENTS

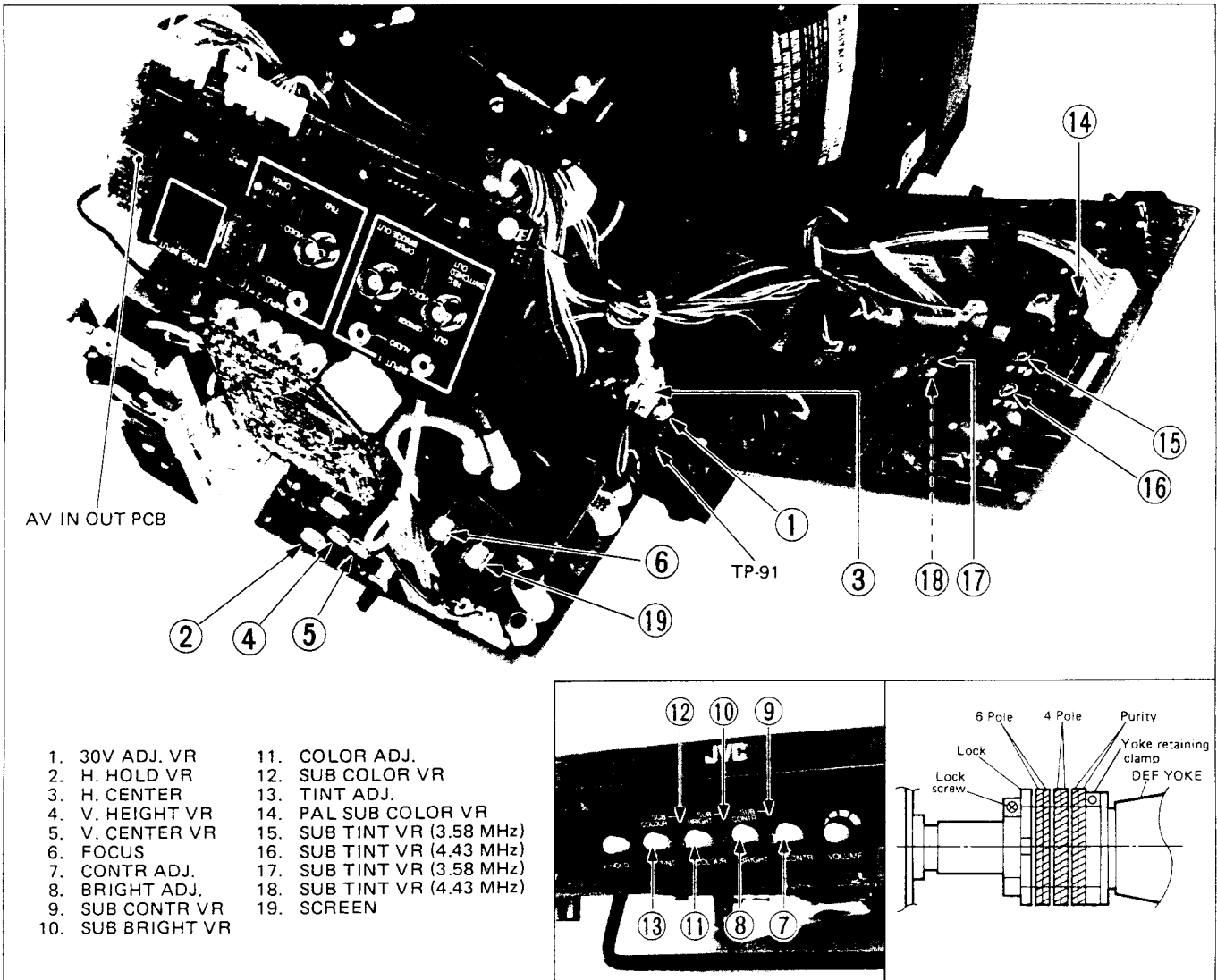


Fig. 2-1

PURITY

Loosen the yoke retaining clamp, PAINT is used to lock the tabs of the purity/convergence magnet assembly in place. The paint must be removed with the end of a screwdriver, and then unfasten the magnet locking ring counterclockwise (Fig. 2-1) before any adjustments are attempted.

1. Display a monochrome pattern.
2. Let the PURITY MAGNET TABS come in line horizontally. A long tab should be in the same direction as the other short tab. (Fig. 2-2).
3. Move the yoke slowly backward.
4. Turn the GREEN CUT-OFF VR maximum and the RED and BLUE CUT-OFF VR's to minimum. Then adjust the SCREEN VR so that the green band can be seen best. (Fig. 2-1, 2-7)
5. Rotate the PURITY MAGNET TABS in the opposite directions and with them kept at an angle, together in either direction so that the green band is centered on the picture tube. (Fig. 2-3)

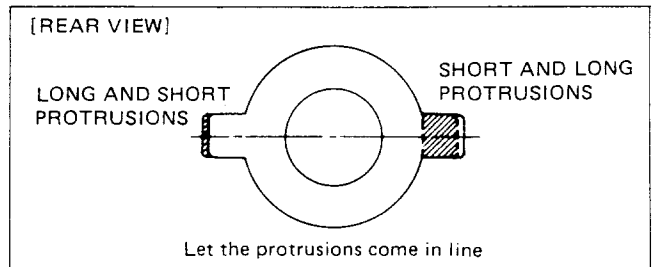


Fig. 2-2

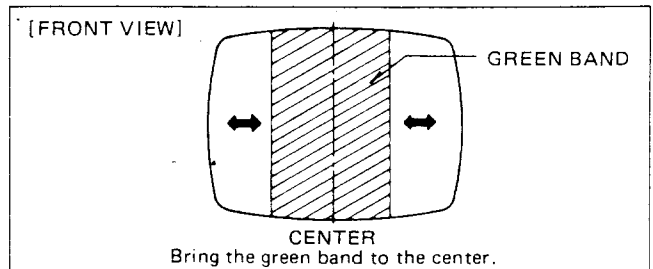


Fig. 2-3

6. Check the vertical center position by displaying a horizontal line. Unless correct, bring it to the center by rotating the two tabs, kept at an angle, together in either direction. (Fig. 2-4, 2-7)
7. Repeat steps 5 and 6 alternately until the green band and the vertical center come to the center.
8. Move the yoke slowly towards the bell of the tube so that the whole surface of the picture tube is filled with a green pure raster.
9. Turning RED or BLUE CUT-OFF VR to maximum and GREEN CUT-OFF VR to minimum, make sure of a red or blue pure raster.
10. Secure the yoke retaining clamp.

STATIC CONVERGENCE

1. Display a crosshatch pattern and adjust BRIGHTNESS and CONTRAST control for a distinct pattern.
2. Rotate the front pair of tabs (4 POLE CONVERGENCE MAGNETS) as a unit to minimize separation of the red and blue lines around the center of the screen.
To adjust the convergence of red and blue, vary the angle between the tabs. (Fig. 2-5)
3. Rotate the rear pair of tabs (6 POLE CONVERGENCE MAGNETS) as a unit to minimize separation of the magenta (R/B) and green lines. (Fig. 2-6)
4. Adjust the spacing of the rear tabs to converge the magenta and green lines.
5. Apply paint to fix 6 magnets.
6. Fasten the magnet locking ring clockwise.

WHITE BALANCE

1. Display a monochrome pattern.
2. Set the RED and GREEN DRIVE VR's for their mechanical center (Fig. 2-7)
3. Turn the RED, GREEN and BLUE CUT-OFF VR's and the SCREEN VR fully counterclockwise. (Fig. 2-1, 2-7)
4. By referring to Fig. 2-7, set a horizontal line on the screen.
5. Turn SCREEN VR slowly clockwise until a very faint horizontal line appears.
6. First, turn clockwise by about 10° the CUT-OFF VR of the color which has appeared and then adjust the SCREEN VR again so that the color may shine faintly.
7. Turn the other color CUT-OFF VR's slowly clockwise until a reasonable white line appears.
8. By referring to Fig. 2-7, turn the horizontal line screen to normal screen status.
9. Adjust the RED and GREEN DRIVE VR's for best white highlights.

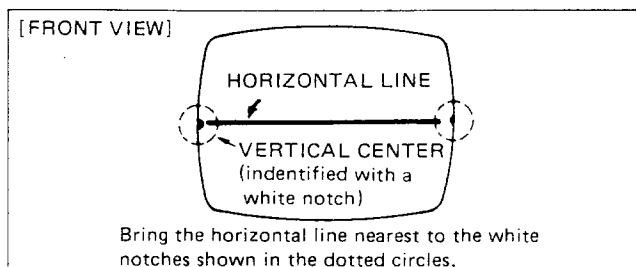


Fig. 2-4

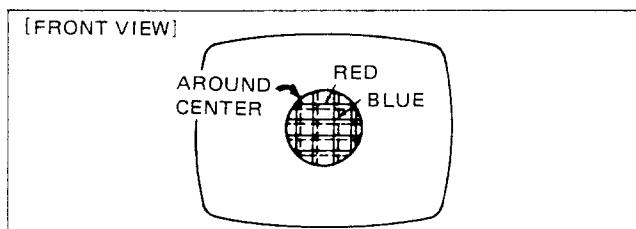


Fig. 2-5

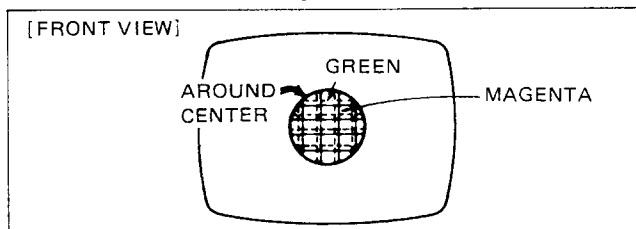
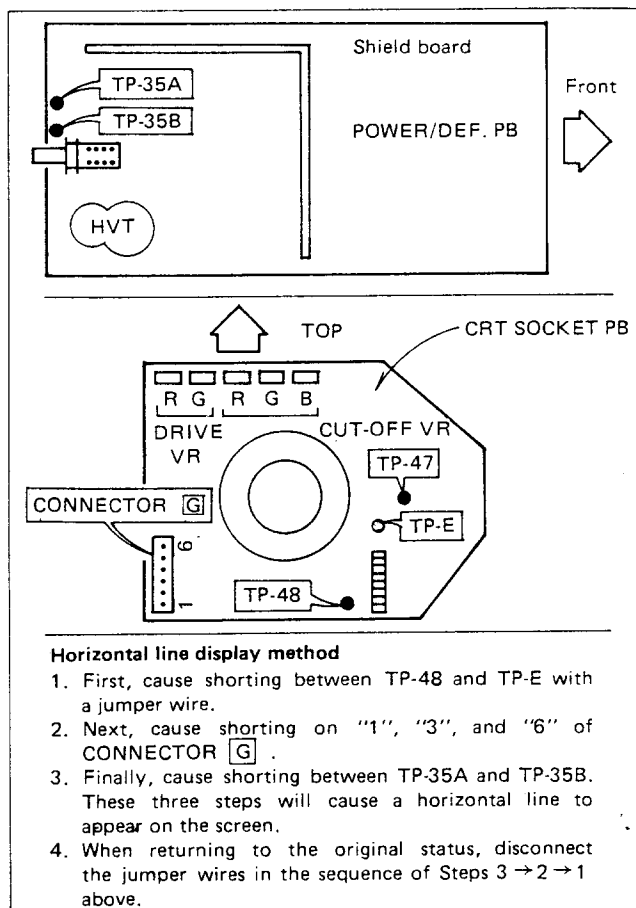


Fig. 2-6



Horizontal line display method

1. First, cause shorting between TP-48 and TP-E with a jumper wire.
2. Next, cause shorting on "1", "3", and "6" of CONNECTOR G.
3. Finally, cause shorting between TP-35A and TP-35B. These three steps will cause a horizontal line to appear on the screen.
4. When returning to the original status, disconnect the jumper wires in the sequence of Steps 3 → 2 → 1 above.

Fig. 2-7

B₁ VOLTAGE (30V ADJ.)

1. Cut off the picture by the BRIGHT VR and SUB BRIGHT VR.
2. Adjust the 30V ADJ. VR (R916) to obtain DC 30V between TP-91 and the ground.

HORIZONTAL OSCILLATOR

1. Set the H. HOLD VR (R506) to the mechanical center position.
2. Connect a jumper wire between TP-33 and ground.
3. Adjust H. HOLD VR (R506) until the picture is in view and locks or drift slowly back and forth.
4. Remove a jumper wire.
5. Confirm that the set maintains horizontal sync. when signals are changed.

H. CENTER

Centering is completed at the factory, although it may become distorted when the CRT is changed.

In such case, moving the CONNECTOR (adj. point left, center and right) moves the picture left or right.

V. HEIGHT AND V. CENTER

1. Set the DISK SW to the AUTO side.
2. Display a picture that facilitates confirming vertical symmetry under 60 Hz (NTSC) vertical frequency.
3. Adjust the V. HEIGHT VR (R420) to obtain the optimum size of vertical oscillation width.
4. Adjust the V. CENTER VR (R429) to cause the picture to appear in the screen center.
5. Display a picture which facilitates confirming vertical symmetry under 50 Hz (PAL/SECAM) vertical frequency.
6. Adjust the 50 Hz V. HEIGHT VR (R122) to obtain the optimum size of vertical oscillation width.

FOCUS

Adjust FOCUS control for best overall definition and picture detail at normal brightness and contrast.

RGB SYNC INVERTOR

By changing the setting of the SYNC SWITCH in the AV IN OUT PCB interior, the polarity of RGB sync signals can be reversed.

SUB CONTRAST AND SUB BRIGHTNESS

Display a picture, set the CONTRAST and BRIGHT knobs on the control panel to the central position respectively (where they click). Then align both the SUB CONT (R276) and SUB BRIGHT (R279) VR's until an ideal picture is obtained.

SUB COLOR (PAL, SECAM)

1. Display a SECAM color signal, and set the COLOR knob on the control panel to the central position.
2. Adjust the SUB COLOR VR (R324) until natural color density is obtained.
3. Next, display the PAL color signals.
4. Adjust the PAL SUB COLOR VR (R316) until similar natural color density is obtained.

NTSC COLOR CIRCUIT**SUB TINT AND SUB COLOR**

Note: Adjustment of the SUB COLOR VR (PAL, SECAM) must be completed.

1. Display a color signal (4.43 MHz/3.58 MHz).
2. Set the TINT and COLOR knobs in the control panel interior at central positions.
3. Adjust the SUB TINT VR (R828/R827) and the SUB COLOR VR (R811/R813) until natural color is obtained.

COLOR SYNCHRONIZATION

1. Display a color bar signal (4.43/3.58 MHz).
2. Connect a jumper wire between TP-43 and TP-E.
3. Connect a jumper wire between TP-42 and pin 12 of IC801.
4. Use a nonmetallic driver to turn the TRIMMER CAPACITOR (C816/C815). Adjust so that the rolling color stripes become thick and the rolling slows or stops.
5. Disconnect the two jumper wires.
6. Confirm that color sync is not disrupted when signals are switched.

ALIGNMENTS LOCATION

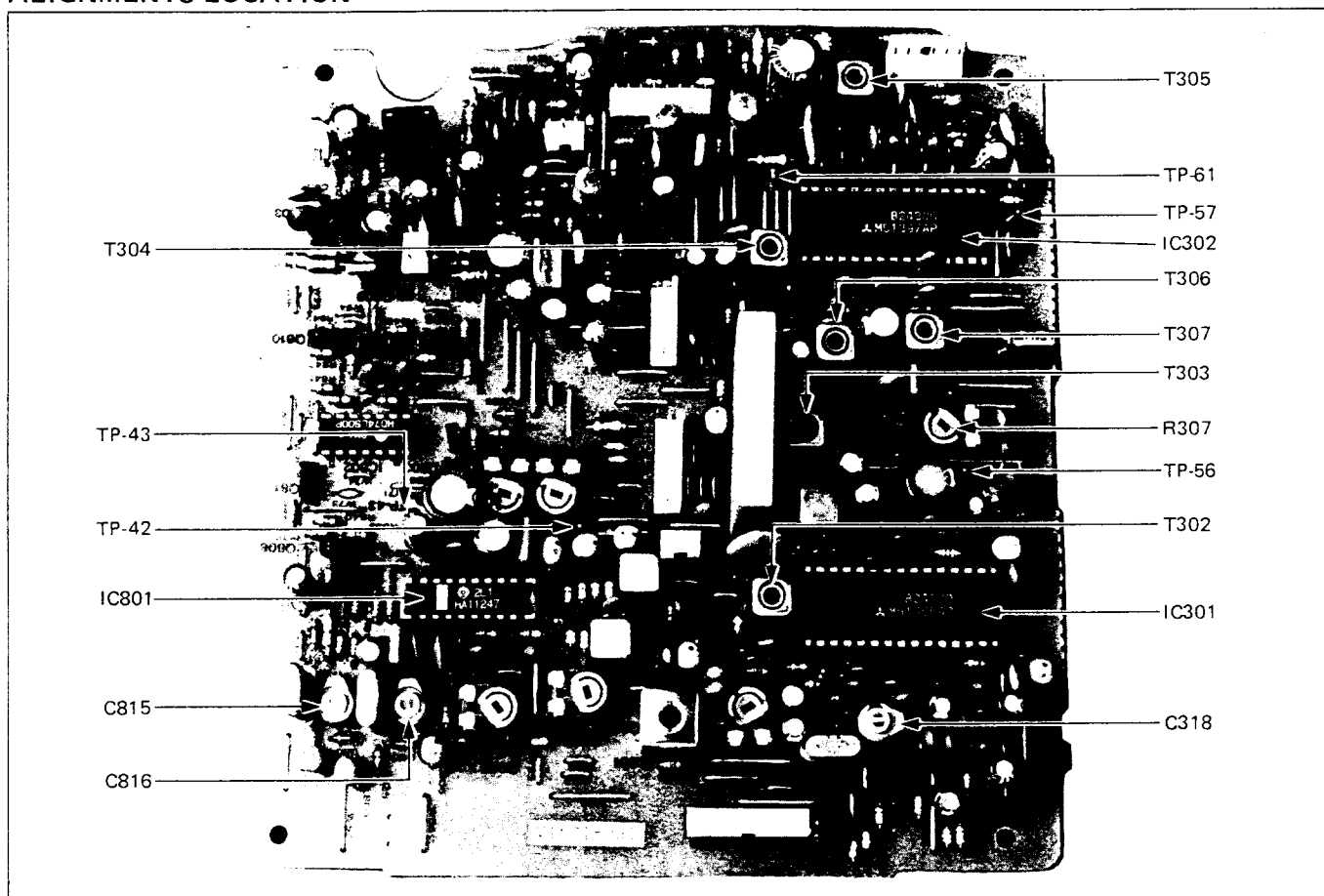


Fig. 2-8

PAL COLOR CIRCUIT (Fig. 2-8)

1. Display a PAL color bar signal.
2. Set the oscilloscope at the X-Y mode and connect Channel 1 (X axis) to TP-56 and Channel 2 (Y axis) to TP-57 respectively.
3. Short pin 4 (TP-53A) and pin 5 (TP-53B) of IC301 with a jump wire.
4. Supply bias to pin 26 (TP-52) of IC301 through 10 kΩ resistor from 12 V DC.
5. Adjust T302 (CW TRANSF) for the minimum figure.
6. Adjust R307 (DL AMP) so that the figure becomes (B) from (A). (Shown in Fig. 2-9)
7. Adjust T303 (DL P. TRANSF) so that the figure becomes (C) from (B).
8. Adjust C318 (OSC ADJ) so that the rolling color stripes become thick and the rolling slows or stops.

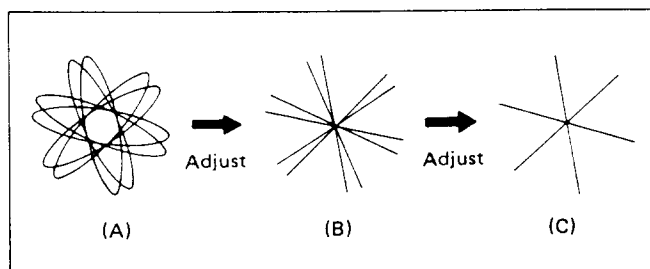


Fig. 2-9

SECAM COLOR CIRCUIT (Fig. 2-8)

Note : PAL color adjustment must be completed.

1. Display a SECAM color bar signal.
2. Connect an oscilloscope to pin 27 (TP-61) of IC302.
3. Adjust T304 (BEL TRANSF) for the flat waveform as shown in Fig. 3-10 (B).
4. Connect a digital voltmeter to pin 26 of IC302.
5. Adjust T305 (IDENT TRANSF) for the maximum DC voltage.
6. Adjust T306 (DISCRI. TRANSF) and T307 (DISCRI. TRANSF) until colors are eliminated from the black-and-white sections of the color bars.

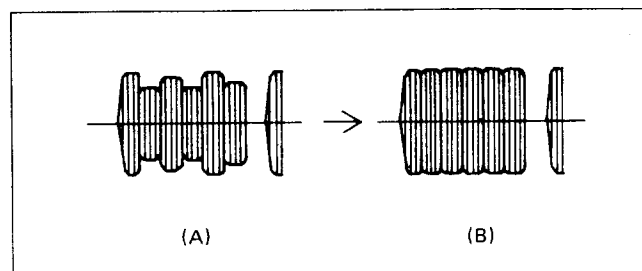
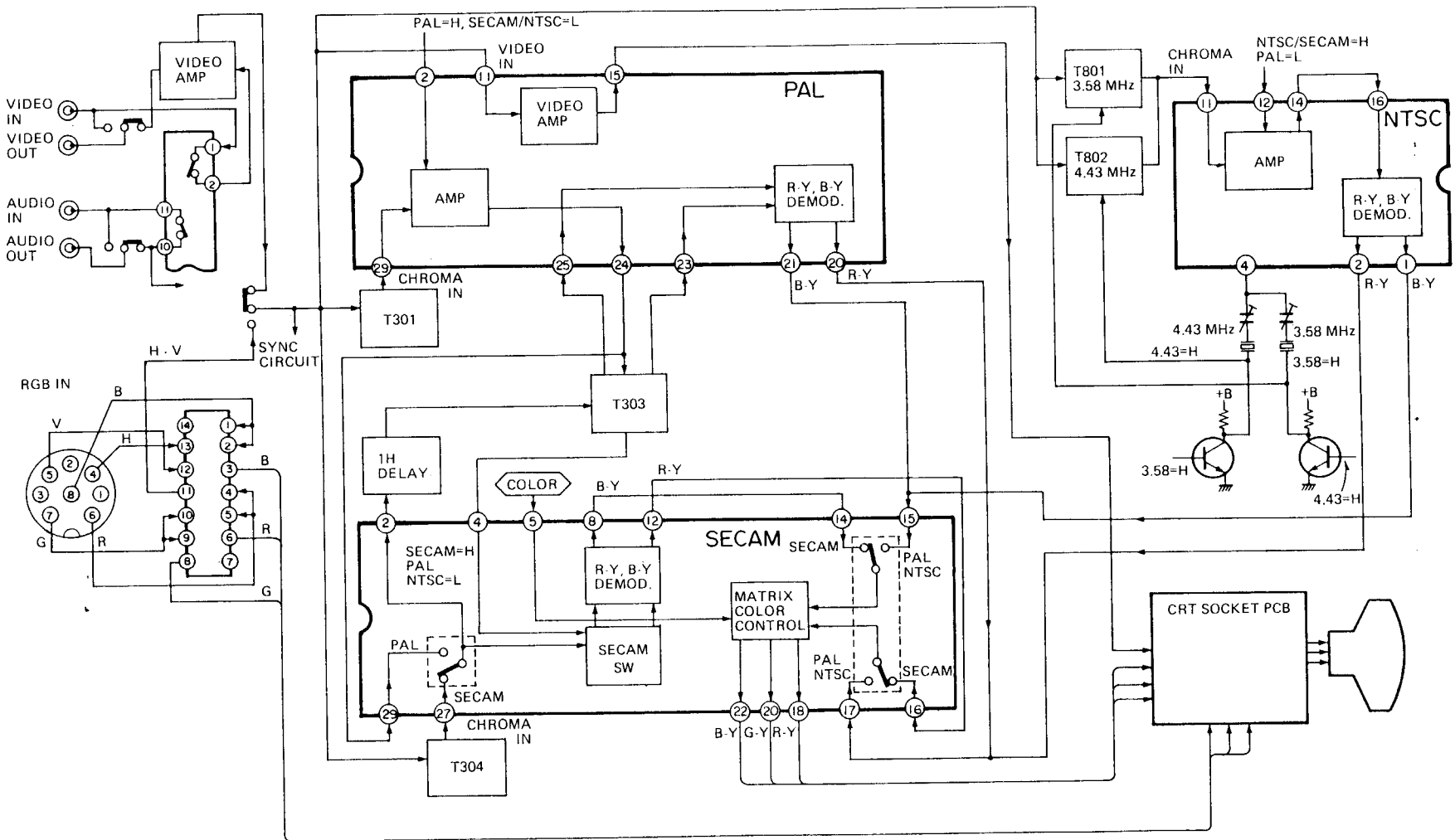


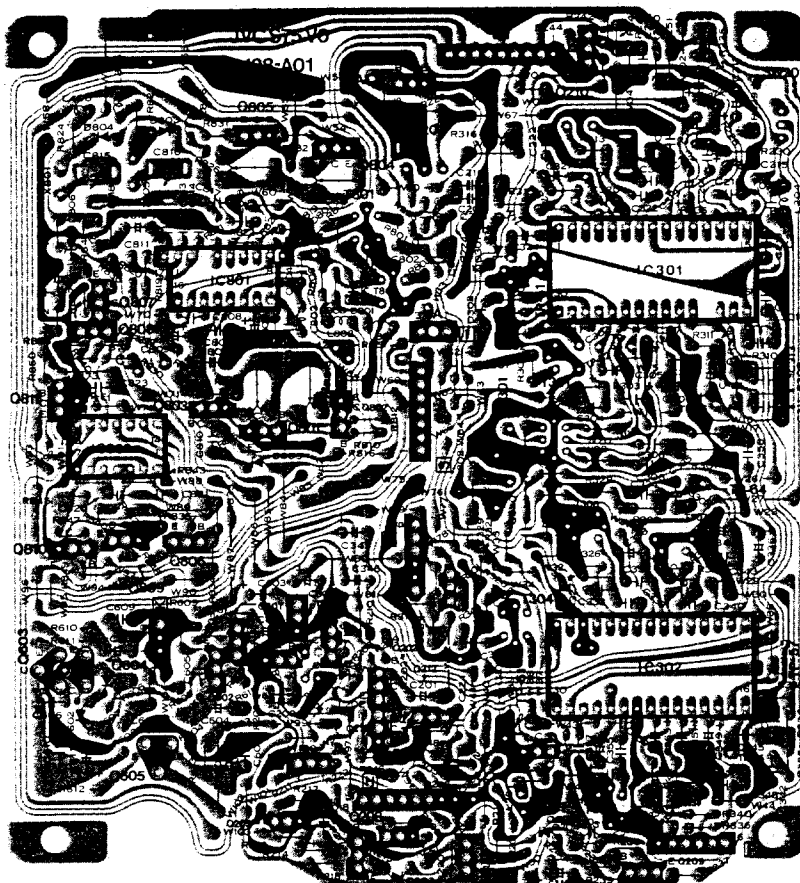
Fig. 2-10

3. BLOCK DIAGRAM

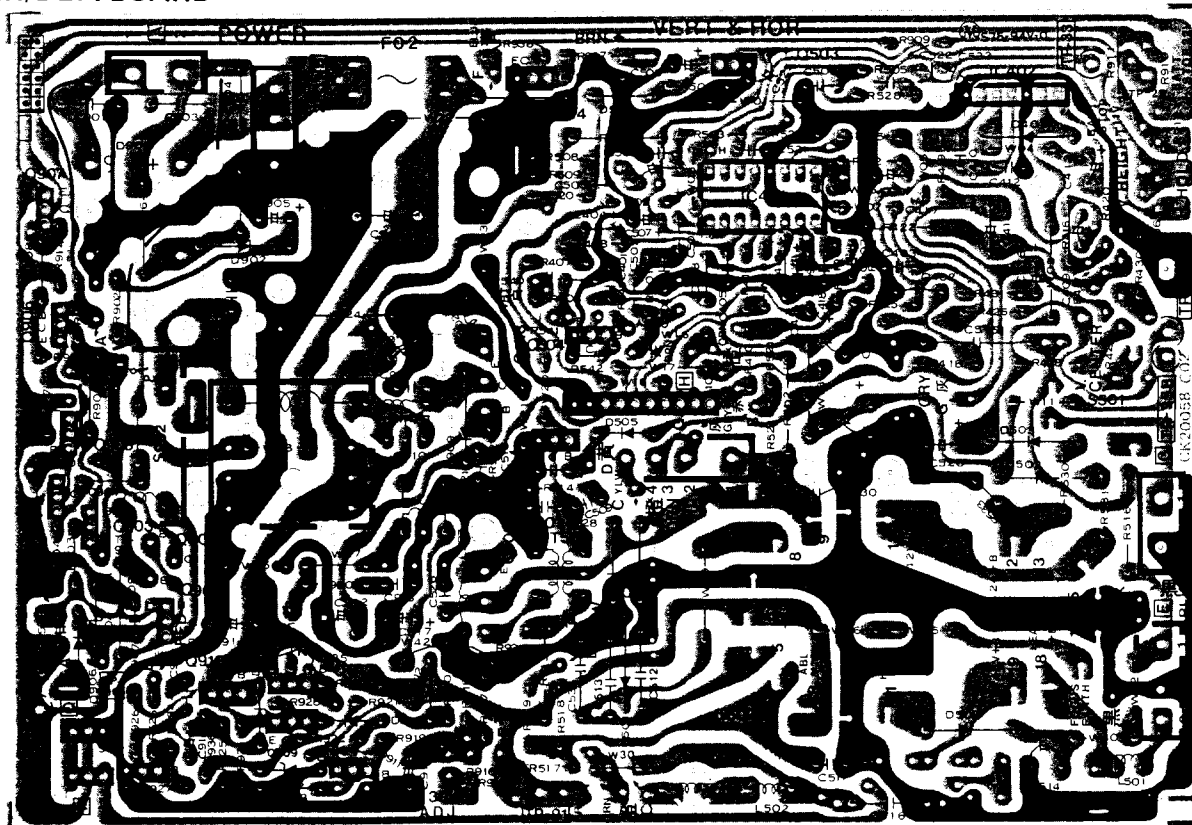


6. CIRCUIT BOARD

SIGNAL BOARD





POWER/DEF. BOARD



* The figures of the signal circuits may be more or less different after adjustments, so use the figures simply for reference.

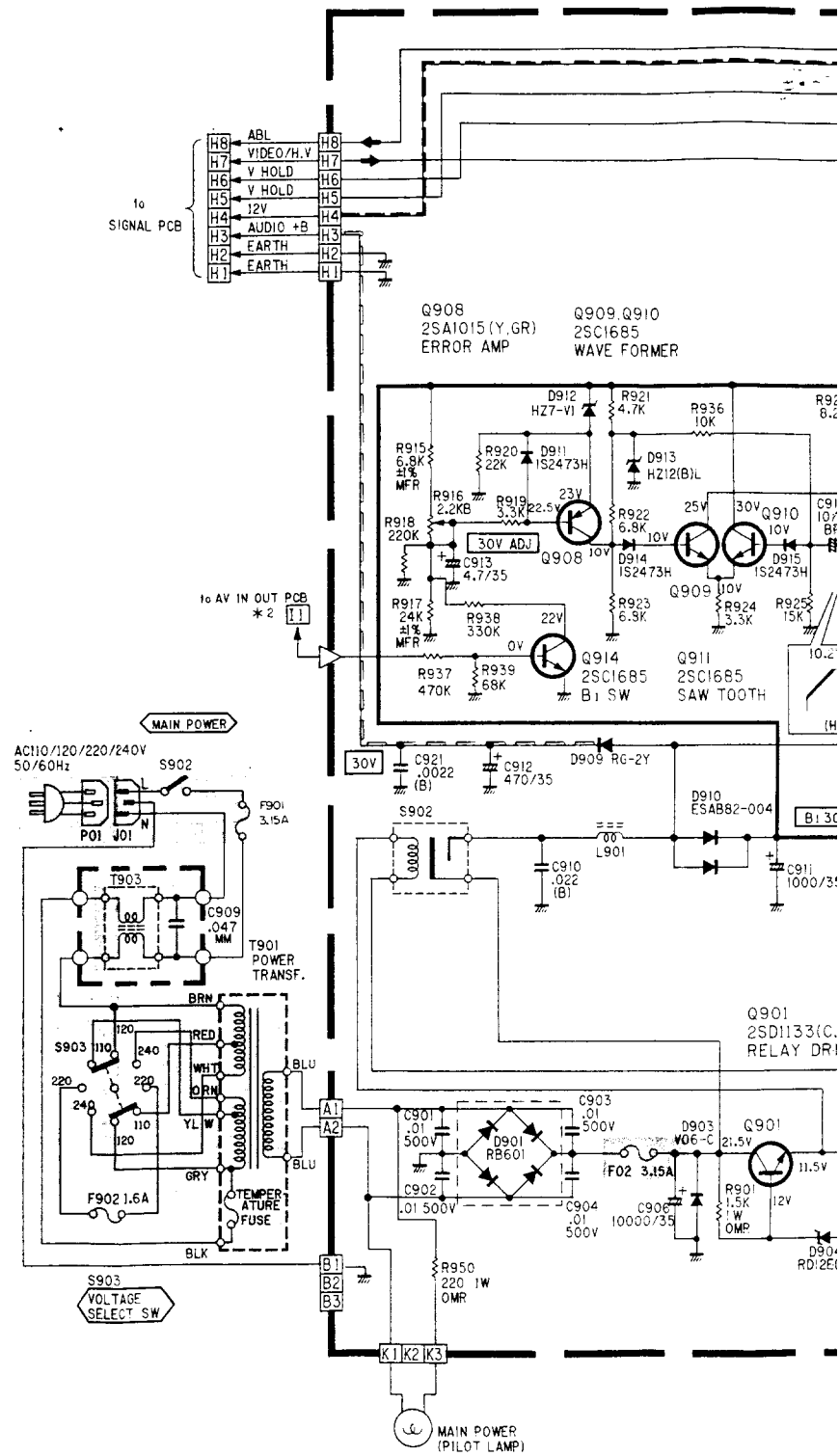
- Since the circuit diagram is a standard one, the circuit and circuit constants may be subject to change for improvement without any notice.

■ FOR SAFETY AND CONTINUED GOOD PERFORMANCE

- FR is an abbreviation of Fusible Resistor (), and operates as Fuse. Replacing Fuse, FR and shaded () parts, be sure to use parts specified for safety purposes.
- For maximum reliability and performance, all other replacement parts should be identical to those specified.

■ PARTS LIST (SHADED PARTS IN THE SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM)

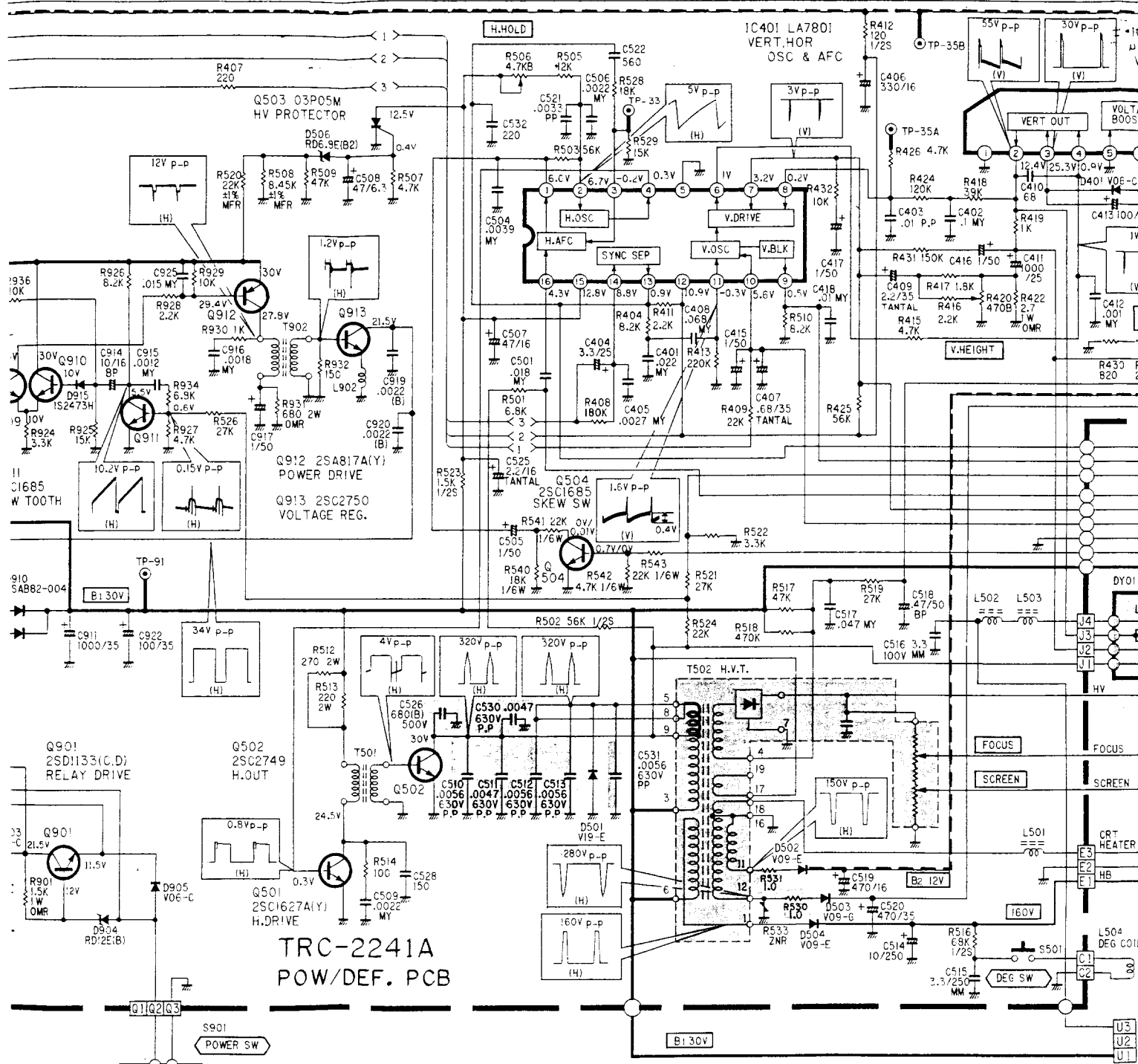
Symbol No.	Part No.	Part Name
TRC-1241A (SIGNAL PCB ASS'Y)		
FR1201	QRZ0054-2R7M	FR
1601	QRH124J-220H	"
TRC-2241A (POWER/DEF. PCB ASS'Y)		
R2530	QRD149J-1R0R	CR
2531	"	"
C2510	QFP42JJ-562M	PP Cap.
2511	" -472M	"
2512	" -562M	"
2513	" -562M	"
2526	QCY32HK-681M	C Cap.
2530	QFP42JJ-472M	PP Cap.
2531	" -562M	"
F02	QMF51A2-3R15S	Fuse
TRC-3141B (CRT SOCKET PCB ASS'Y)		
	CE40228-00A	CRT Socket
TRC-8242A (H. CENTER PCB ASS'Y)		
R8551	QRZ0054-220M	FR
8553	" -330M	"
OUTSIDE OF PCBs		
V01	250ATB22(E)	Picture Tube
DY01	CJ26001-00A	Def. Yoke
T502	CJ26055-00A	HV Transf.
T901	CE30077-A0A	Power Transf.
S902	QSE2135-002	Seesaw SW.
S903	CEX40285-001	Voltage Selector
J01	QMC0335-003R	AC Socket
T903	CE40180-00A	Line Filter
C909	QFZ9017-473M	MM Cap.
F901	QMF51A2-3R15S	Fuse
F902	" -1R6S	"
	CEX40321-200	Power Cord



JVC

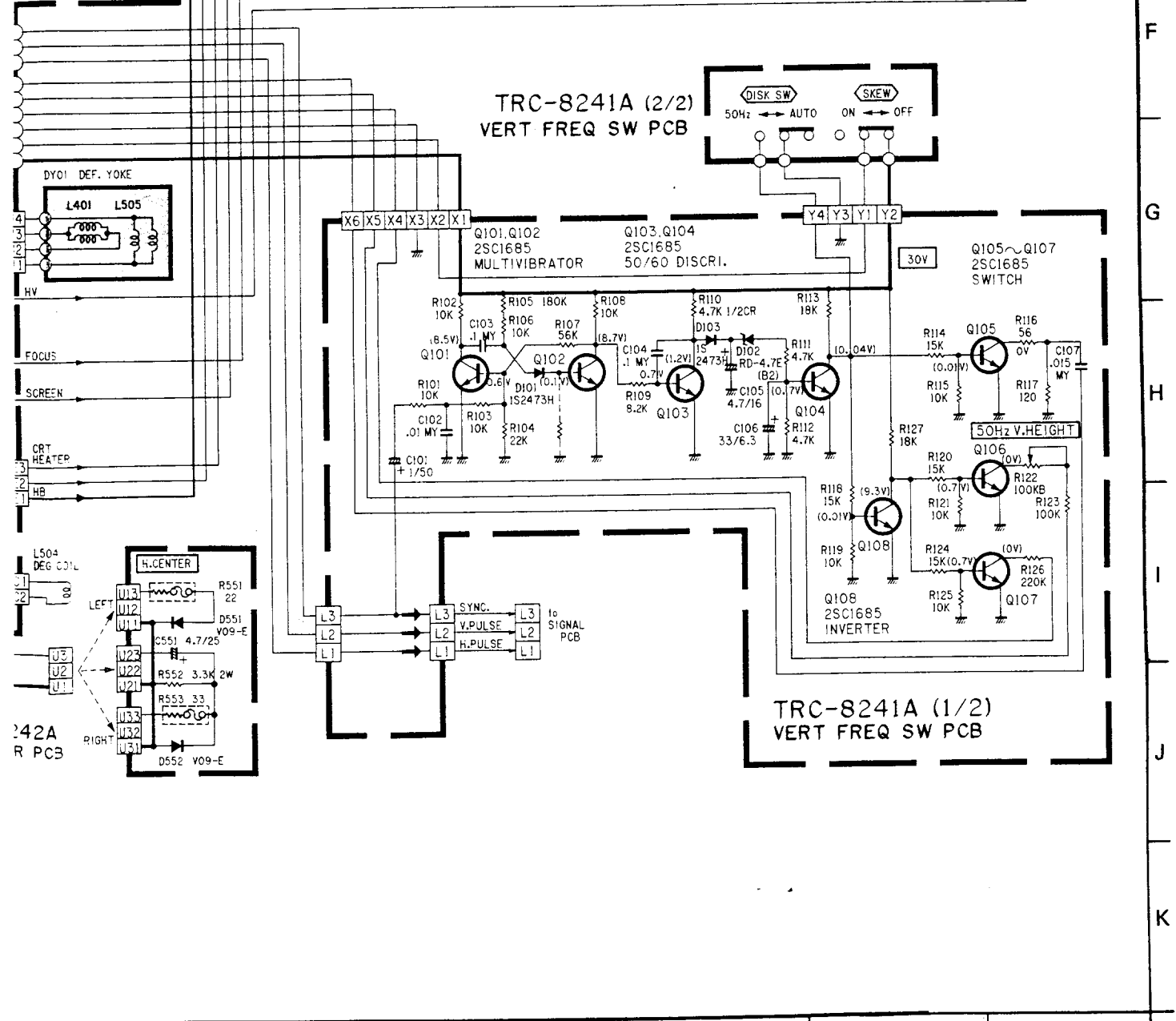
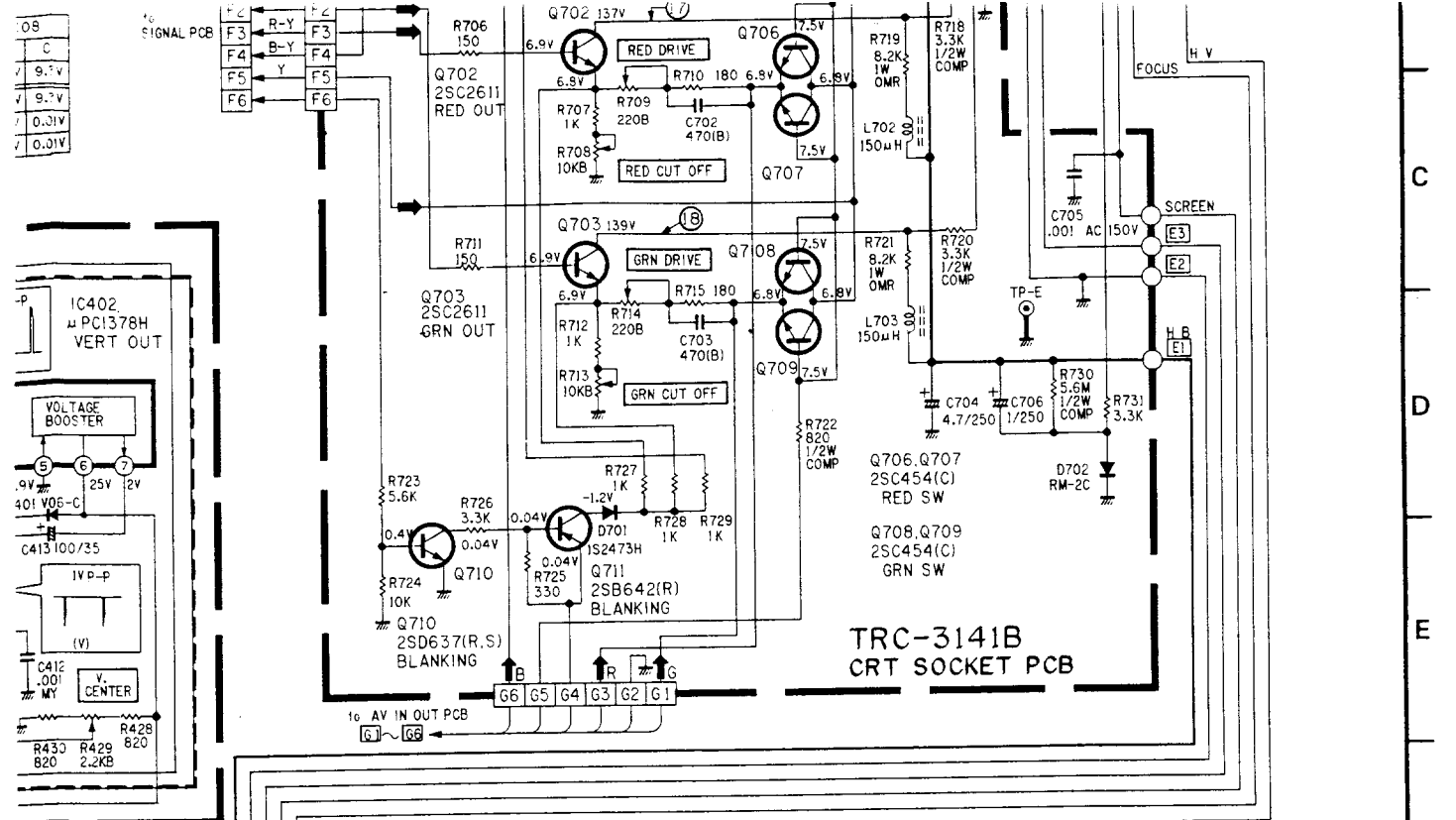
VICTOR COMPANY OF JAPAN, Ltd.

System	C	B	C	B	C	B	C	B	C	B	C
PAL	8.5V	0.1V	8.7V	1.2V	0.7V	0.04V	0.01V	0.7V	0V	0.7V	0V
SECAM	8.5V	0.1V	8.7V	1.2V	0.7V	0.04V	0.01V	0.7V	0V	0.7V	0V
NTSC(1.58MHz)	4.8V	-0.7V	10.1V	0.5V	0.2V	9.3V	0.7V	0V	3.1V	0V	5.4V
NTSC(1.43MHz)	4.8V	-0.7V	10.2V	0.5V	0.2V	9.3V	0.7V	0V	3.1V	0V	5.4V



TRC-9242A
POWER SW PB ASS'Y

TRC-8242A
H CENTER PCB

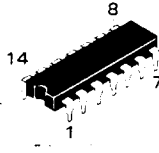




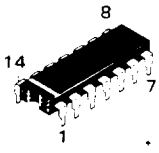
2SC2749
2SC2750



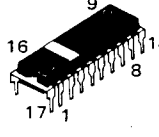
2SD1265(P)



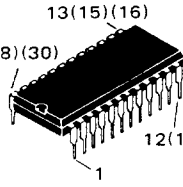
IC



IC



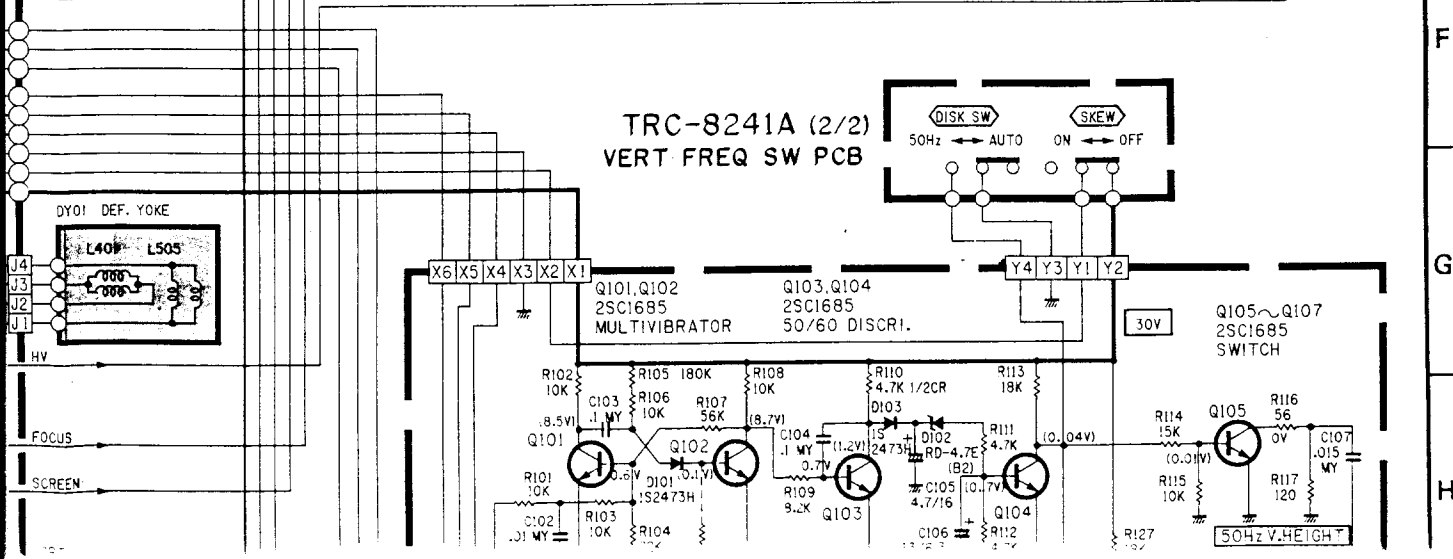
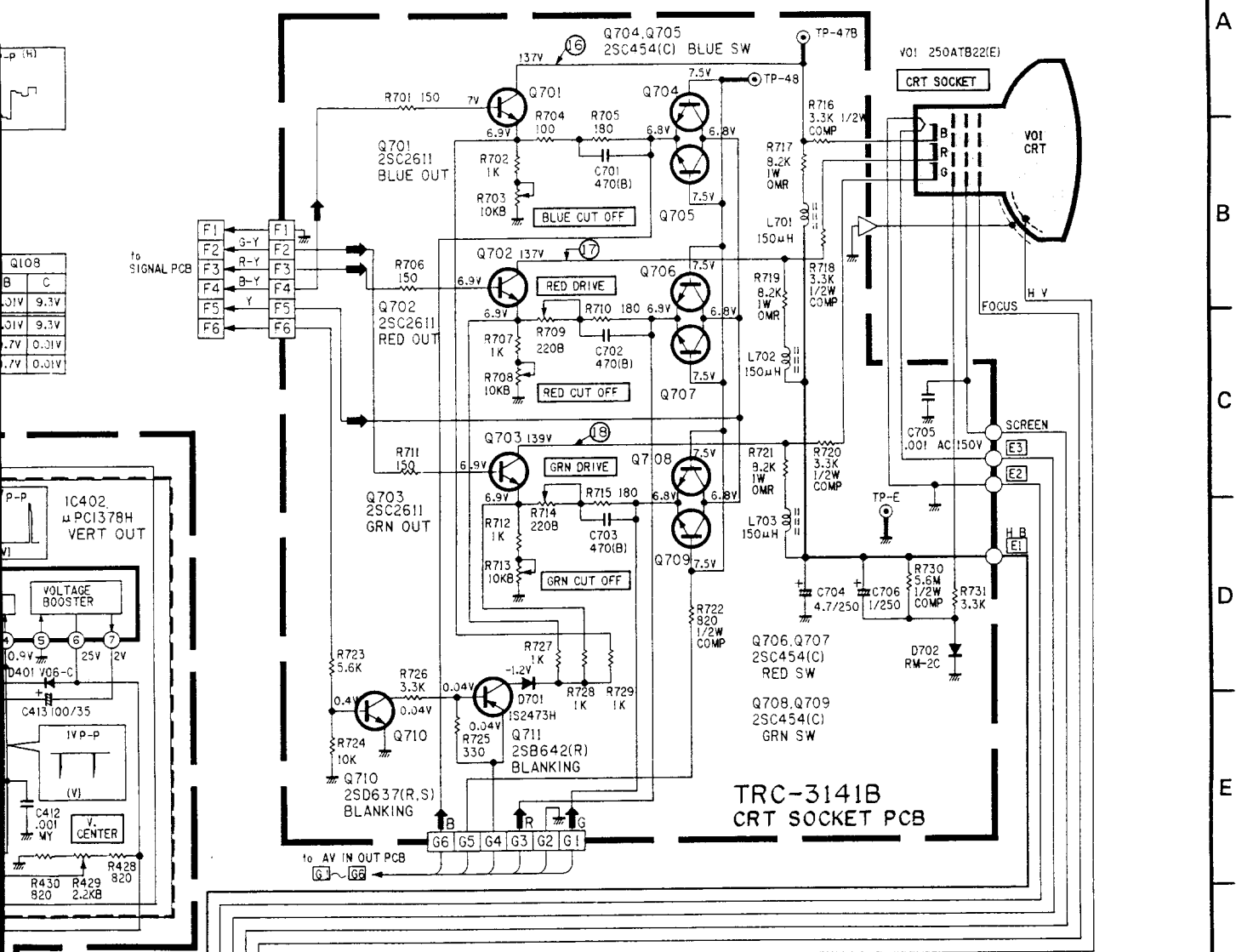
IC



IC



IC



A
B
C
D
E
F
G
H

■ BASINGS OF TRANSISTORS AND ICs

C : capacitance value [μ F] /
working voltage [V],
BP \rightarrow bi-polar (or non-
polar) electrolytic cap.
parts list in the SERVICE
at the detailed indications

ate test point connections.
is ground.
es per second.



2SA562TM(Y)
2SC458(C)
2SC1627A(Y)
2SA817A(Y)
2SC1685
2SA1015(Y,GR)



2SC454(C)
2SC1213A(D,C)



2SD637(R,S)
2SB642(R)



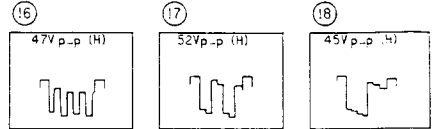
2SC2611



2SD1133(C,D)



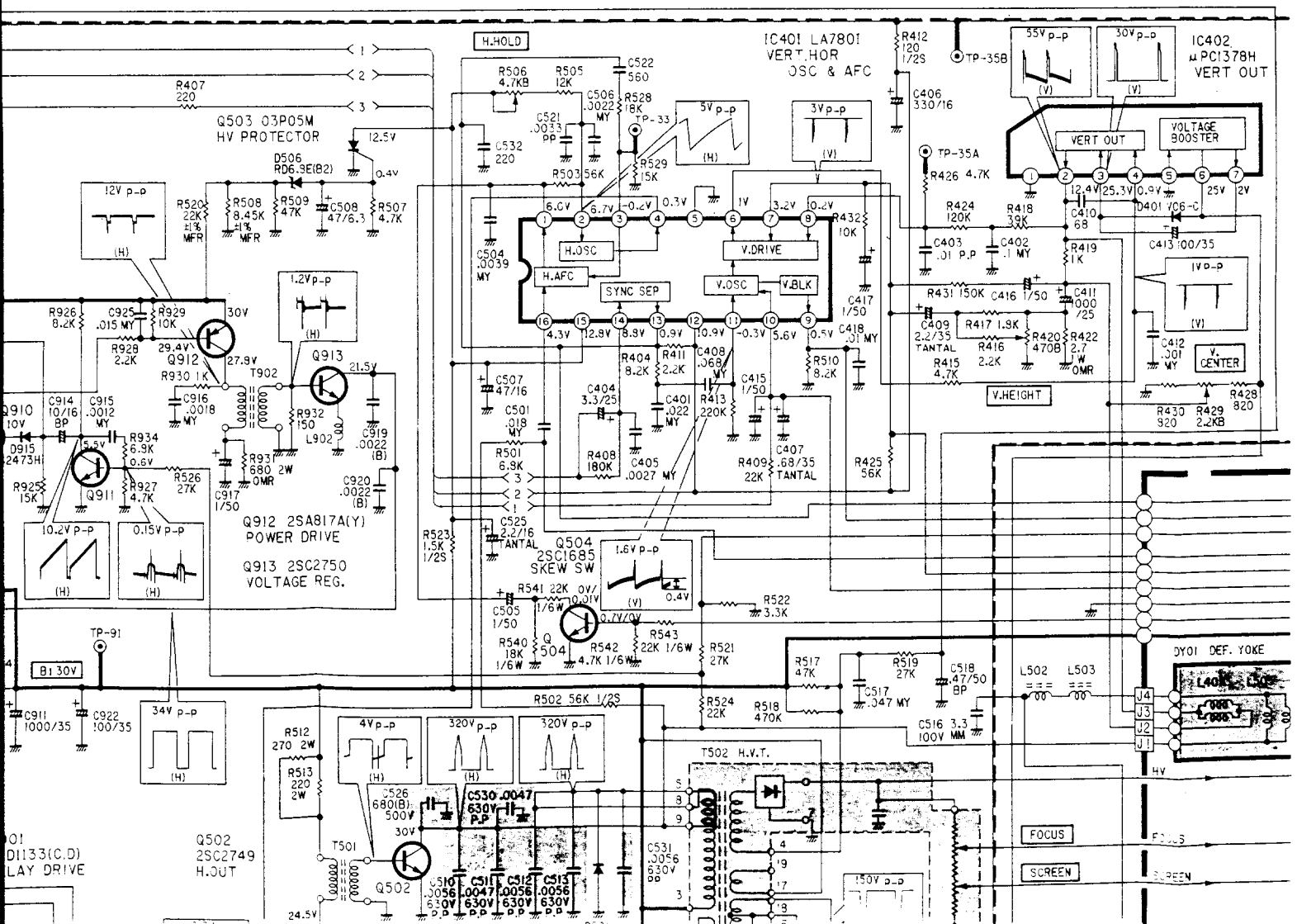
2SC2749
2SC2750



VERT FREQ SW PCB

System SW Position	Transistor		Q101	Q102	Q103	Q104	Q105	Q106	Q107	Q109			
	C	B	C	B	C	B	C	B	C	B			
PAL	8.5V	0.1V	8.7V	1.2V	0.7V	0.04V	0.01V	0.7V	0V	0.7V	0V	0.01V	9.3V
SECAM	8.5V	0.1V	8.7V	1.2V	0.7V	0.04V	0.01V	0.7V	0V	0.7V	0V	0.01V	9.3V
NTSC(3.58MHz)	4.9V	-0.1V	10.1V	0.5V	0.2V	9.3V	0.7V	0V	3.1V	0V	5.4V	0.7V	0.01V
NTSC(4.43MHz)	4.9V	-0.1V	10.2V	0.5V	0.2V	9.3V	0.7V	0V	3.1V	0V	5.4V	0.7V	0.01V

to SIGNAL



NOTICE

- Measurement of voltage values and waveforms was conducted by creating picture displays from color bar video signals of PAL, SECAM, and NTSC (3.58 MHz/4.43 MHz) respectively after setting the SYSTEM SWITCH at the AUTO position.

[Voltage value description method]

The described voltage values denote those obtained when pictures are created from PAL signals. However, at positions where the voltage values vary depending on input signal types (SECAM/NTSC), special marks [Example: (3.5 V)] are applied and descriptions are given outside the circuit diagrams.

Multimeter used

DC20k Ω /V

Given figures are all DC voltages.

Sweep speed of oscilloscope

H \rightarrow 20 μ S/div.

V \rightarrow 5mS/div.

Others \rightarrow sweep speed specified

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2531	"	"
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2511	" .472M	"
2512	" .562M	"
2513	" .562M	"
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2530	QFP42JJ-472M	PP Cap.
2531	" .562M	"
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	CE40228-00A	CRT Socket
TRC-8242A (H. CENTER PCB ASS'Y)		
R8551	QRZ0054-220M	FR
8553	" .330M	"
OUTSIDE OF PCBs		
V01	250ATB22(E)	Picture Tube
DY01	CJ26001-00A	Def. Yoke
T502	CJ26055-00A	HV Transf.
T901	CE30077-A0A	Power Transf.
S902	QSE2135-002	Seesaw SW.
S903	CEX40285-001	Voltage Selector
	QW00335-002R	AC Socket

SCHEMATIC NOTES

UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED

Resistance : [Ω] (K \rightarrow K Ω , M \rightarrow M Ω),
1/4 or 1/6 [W] carbon resistor

Capacitance : 1 or higher \rightarrow [pF],
less than 1 \rightarrow [μ F],
working voltage \rightarrow 50 [V],
ceramic capacitor

Inductance : [μ H]

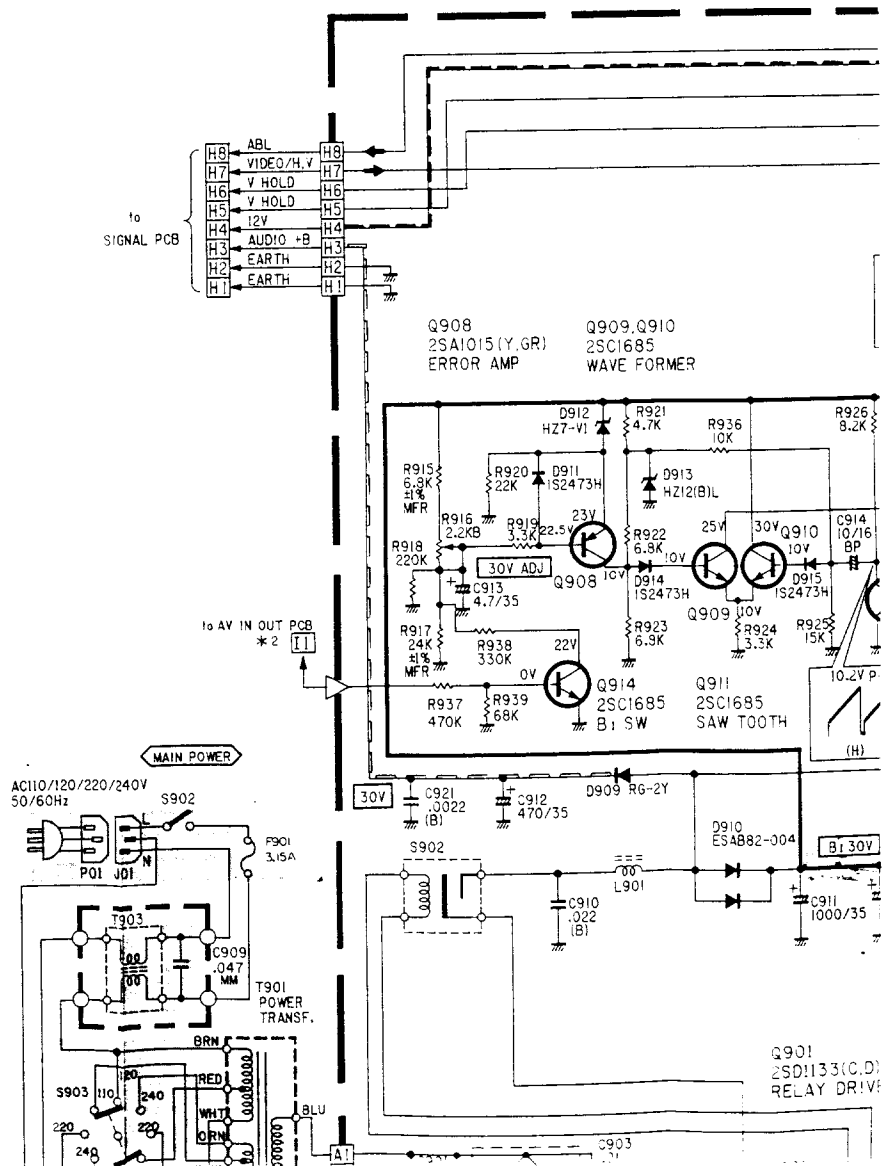
ELECTROLYTIC : capaci-
CAP. workin
BP \rightarrow b
polar-

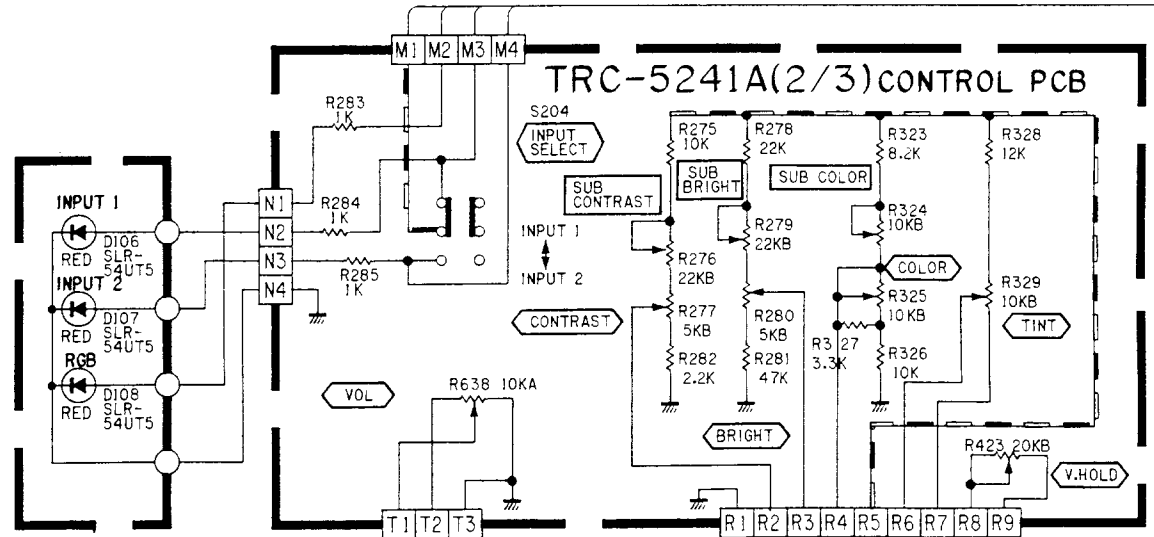
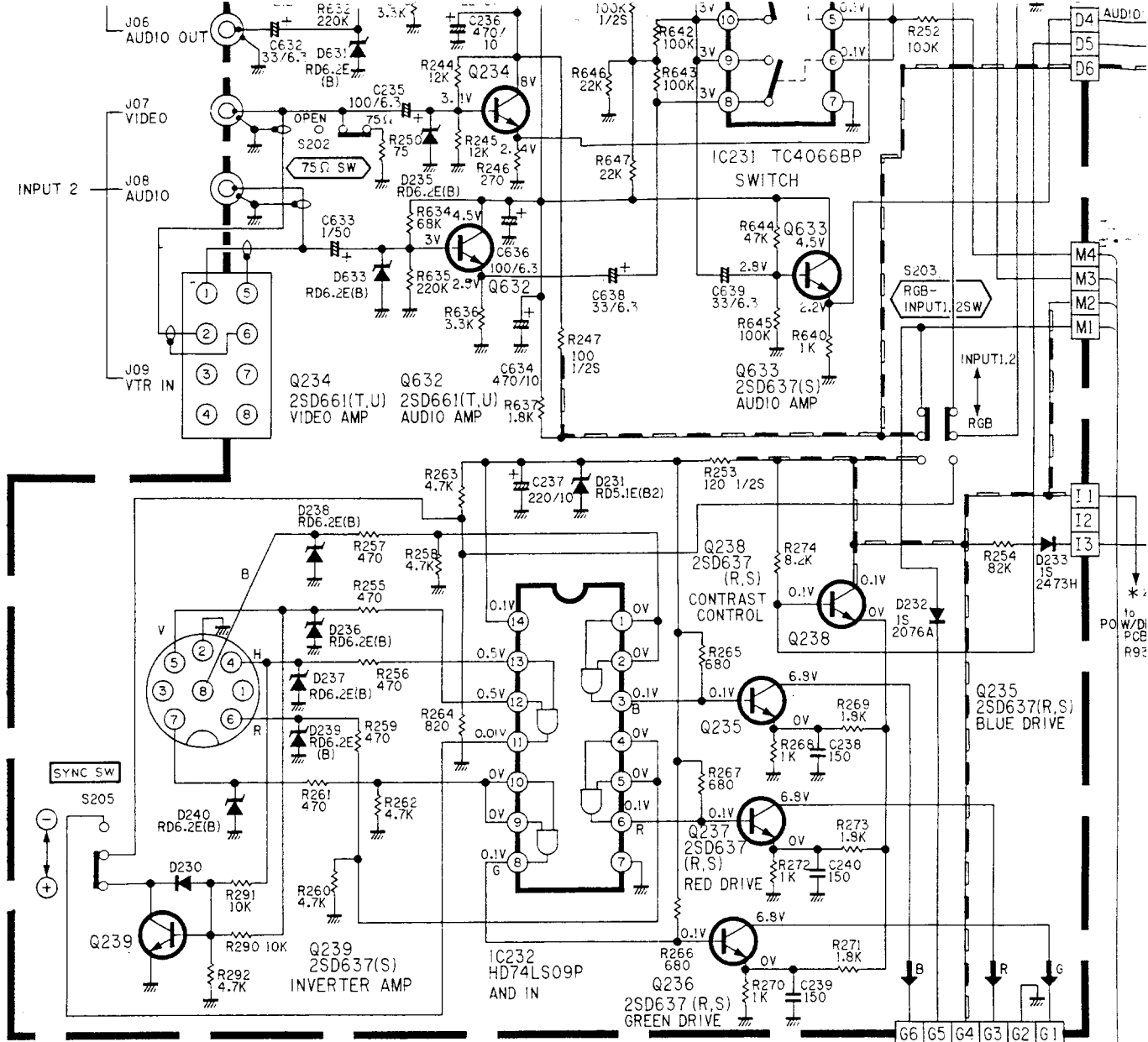
Refer to the parts list i
MANUAL about the det
of parts.

⊙ symbols indicate test po

⬇ indicates chassis ground.

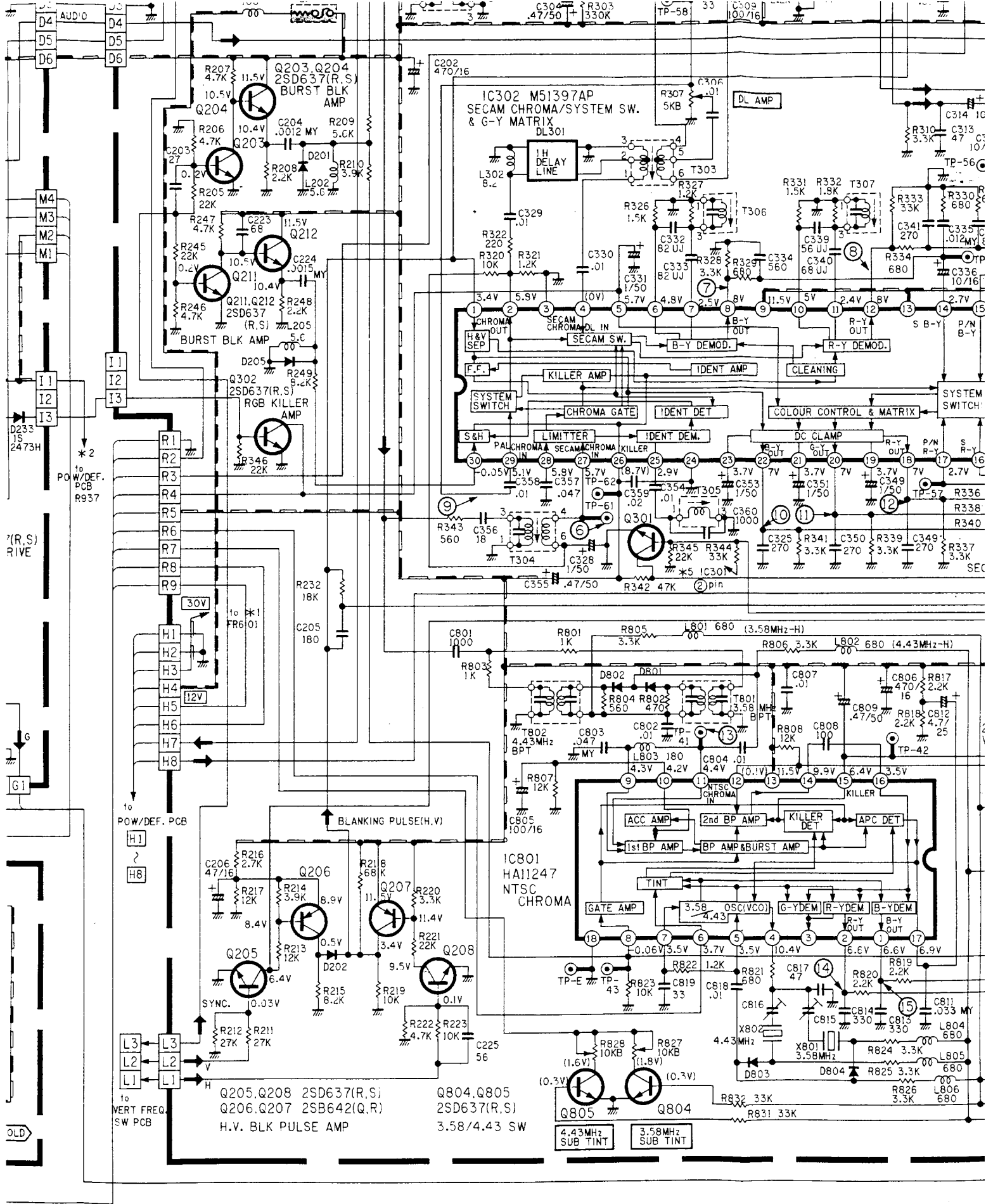
Hz indicates cycles per seco





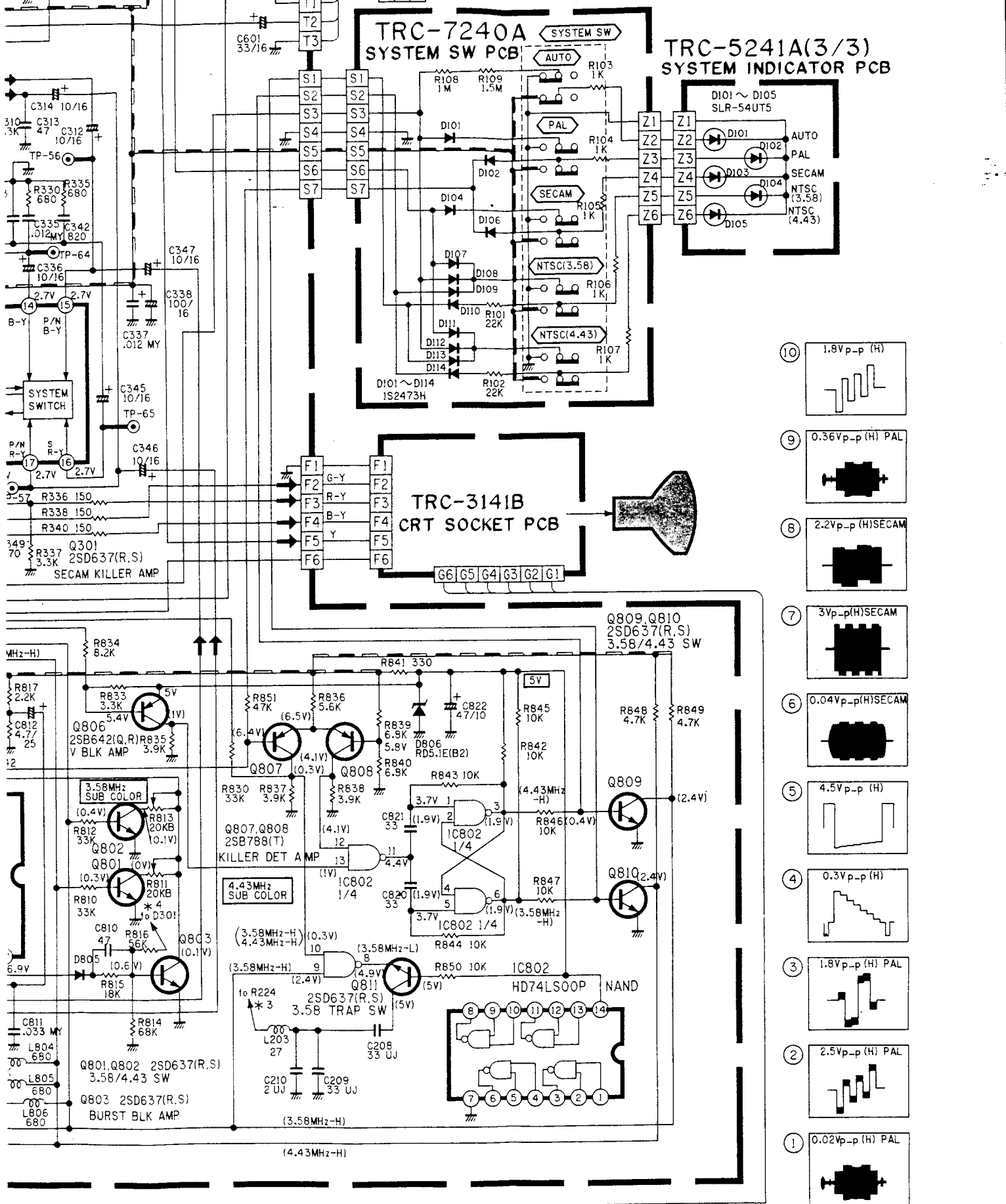
SIGNAL PCB

System	IC & IC pin No.	IC301	IC302	IC801
SW Position		2 26	4 26	12 15 2
PAL		4.9V 9.5V	0V 8.7V	0.1V 6.4V 1.9V
SECAM		0.1V 8.9V	2.9V 9.3V	4.9V 7.2V 1.9V
NTSC(3.58MHz)		0.1V 8.9V	0V 8.6V	4.9V 5.4V 3.7V
NTSC(4.43MHz)		0.1V 8.9V	0V 8.6V	4.9V 5.4V 0.2V



IC801	12	15	2	3	4	6	8	9	10	12	13
	0.1V	6.4V	1.9V	1.9V	1.9V	1.9V	4.9V	2.4V	0.3V	4.1V	1V
	4.9V	7.2V	1.9V	1.9V	1.9V	1.9V	4.9V	2.4V	0.3V	4.1V	1V
	4.9V	5.4V	3.7V	0.2V	0.2V	3.7V	0.2V	4.7V	4.5V	0.3V	0.6V
	4.9V	5.4V	0.2V	3.7V	3.7V	0.2V	4.8V	0.04V	4.5V	0.3V	0.6V

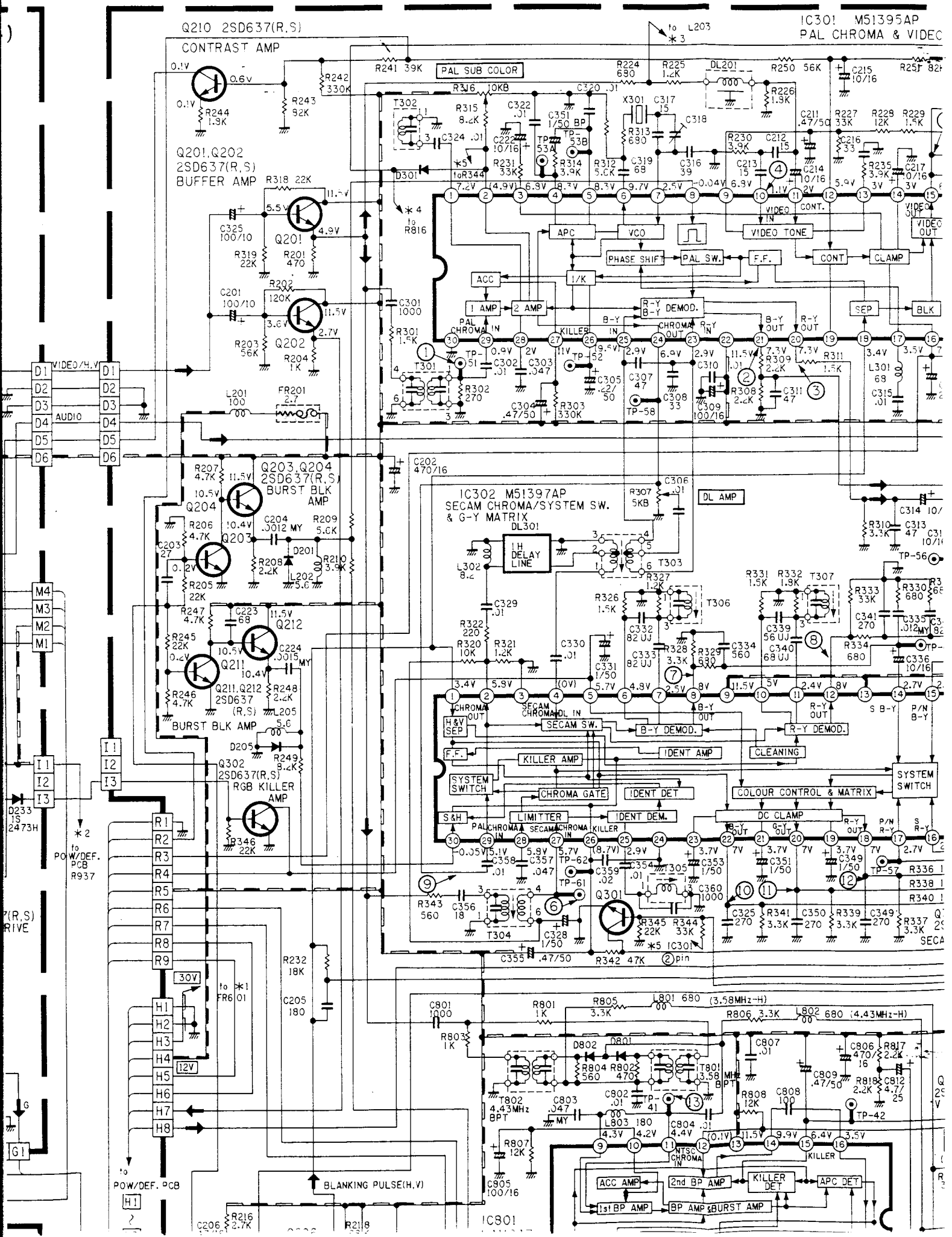
System SW Position	Q801		Q802		Q803		Q804		Q805		Q806		Q807		Q808
	B	C	B	C	B	C	B	C	B	C	C	B	C	E	C
PAL	0.3V	0V	0.3V	0.1V	0.6V	0.1V	0.3V	1.8V	0.3V	1.6V	1V	6.4V	0.3V	6.5V	-4.1V
SECAM	0.3V	2.5V	0.3V	2.3V	0.2V	4.9V	0.3V	1.6V	0.3V	1.9V	1V	7.2V	0.3V	6.5V	4.1V
NTSC(3.58MHz)	0.03V	4.9V	0.6V	0.02V	0.2V	4.9V	0.6V	0.02V	0.03V	3.2V	0.6V	5.4V	4.5V	6.1V	0.3V
NTSC(4.43MHz)	0.6V	0.02V	0.04V	4.9V	0.2V	4.9V	0.04V	3.6V	0.6V	0.01V	0.6V	5.4V	4.5V	6.1V	0.3V



- ⑩ 1.8Vp-p (H)
- ⑨ 0.36Vp-p (H) PAL
- ⑧ 2.2Vp-p (H) SECAM
- ⑦ 3Vp-p (H) SECAM
- ⑥ 0.04Vp-p (H) SECAM
- ⑤ 4.5Vp-p (H)
- ④ 0.3Vp-p (H)
- ③ 1.8Vp-p (H) PAL
- ② 2.5Vp-p (H) PAL
- ① 0.02Vp-p (H) PAL

	Q808		Q809		Q810		
	E	C	E	B	C	B	C
✓	6.5V	4.1V	6.5V	0.4V	2.4V	0.4V	2.4V
✓	6.5V	4.1V	6.5V	0.4V	2.4V	0.4V	2.4V
✓	6.1V	0.3V	6.1V	0.2V	4.7V	0.7V	0.03V
✓	6.1V	0.3V	6.1V	0.7V	0.04V	0.2V	4.7V

JVC MODEL TM-90PSN SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM



TRC-5241A(1/3) AV IN OUT PCB

