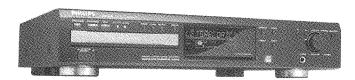
Service Service Service CDR602/00s



Service Manual

SERVICING

For servicing CDR600 and CDR602 the set can be divided into two parts:

- Except for the CD-R/W module all workshops can repair the set on component level.
 The Switched Mode Power Supply unit is available as a sparepart, but can also be repaired on component level.
- **2.**The **CD-R/W module** can only be repaired on component level with the help of COMPAIR, Release 1.6 and higher.

With this tool diagnosing of the set can be done in an interactive way. In the tool also the adjustment procedure has been implemented. This is absolutely necessary in case the CDR Main Board and/or CD drive (CDR Loader) is disconnected from the matched production combination.

Only designated workshops can perform these repairs!

Please send the complete set to the designated workshop.

Available circuit descriptions: *The Basics of Compact Disc Recordable/Rewritable*3rd generation Compact Disc Recording

4822 725 25242
3104 125 40100



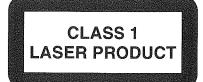


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(GB) 3103 785 25090







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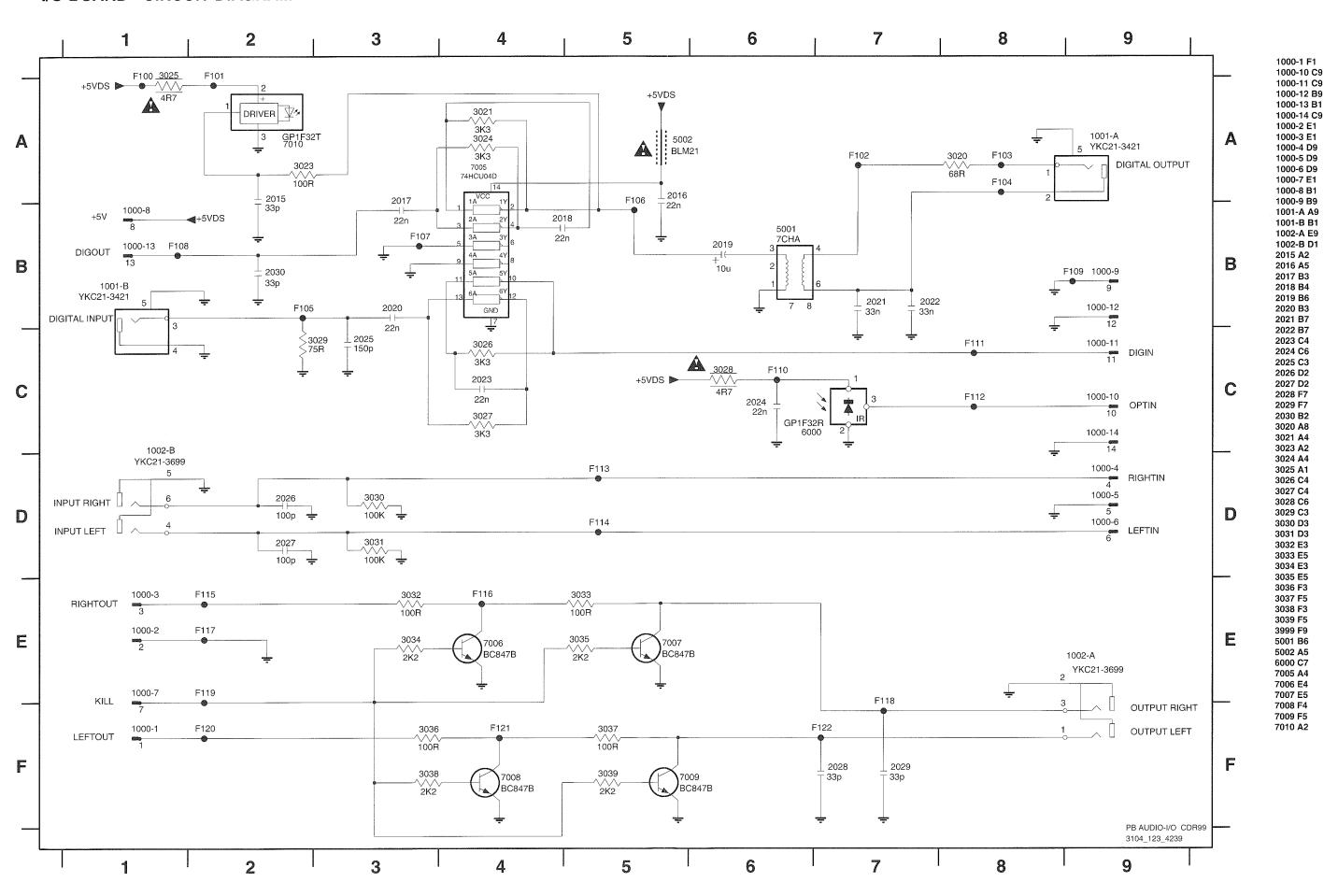
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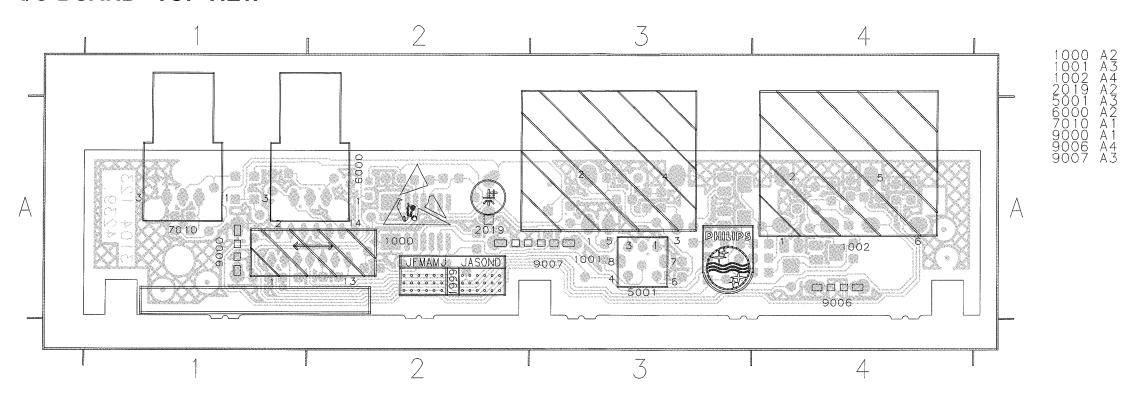
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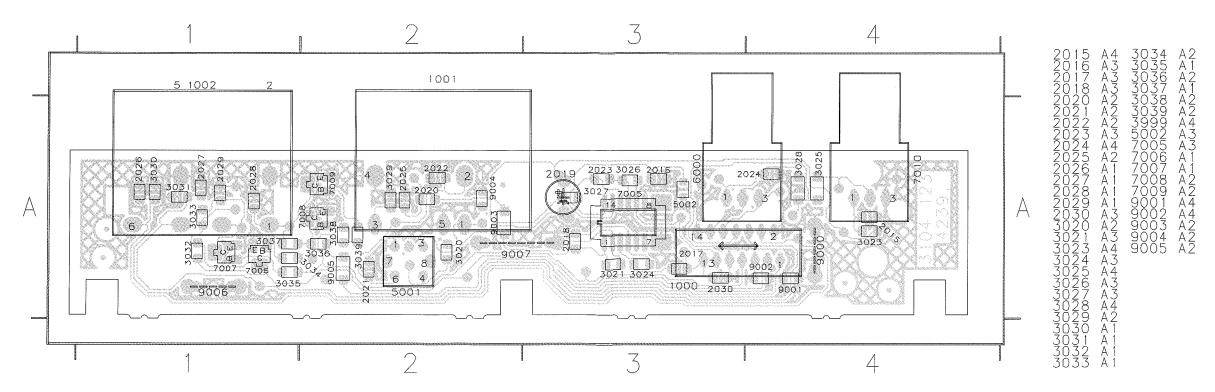
I/O BOARD - CIRCUIT DIAGRAM



I/O BOARD - TOP VIEW



I/O BOARD - BOTTOM VIEW



6

5

2

1

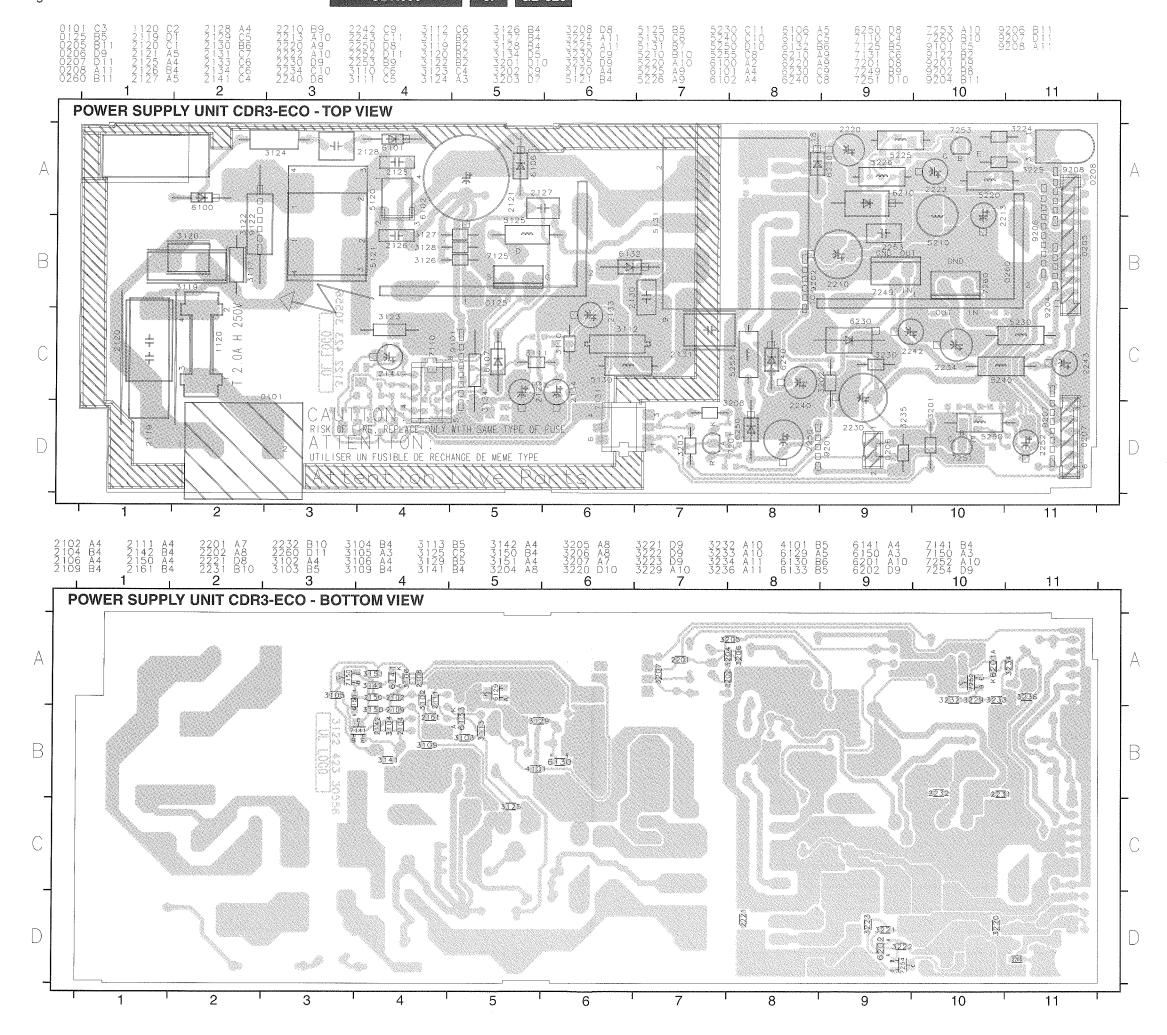
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11

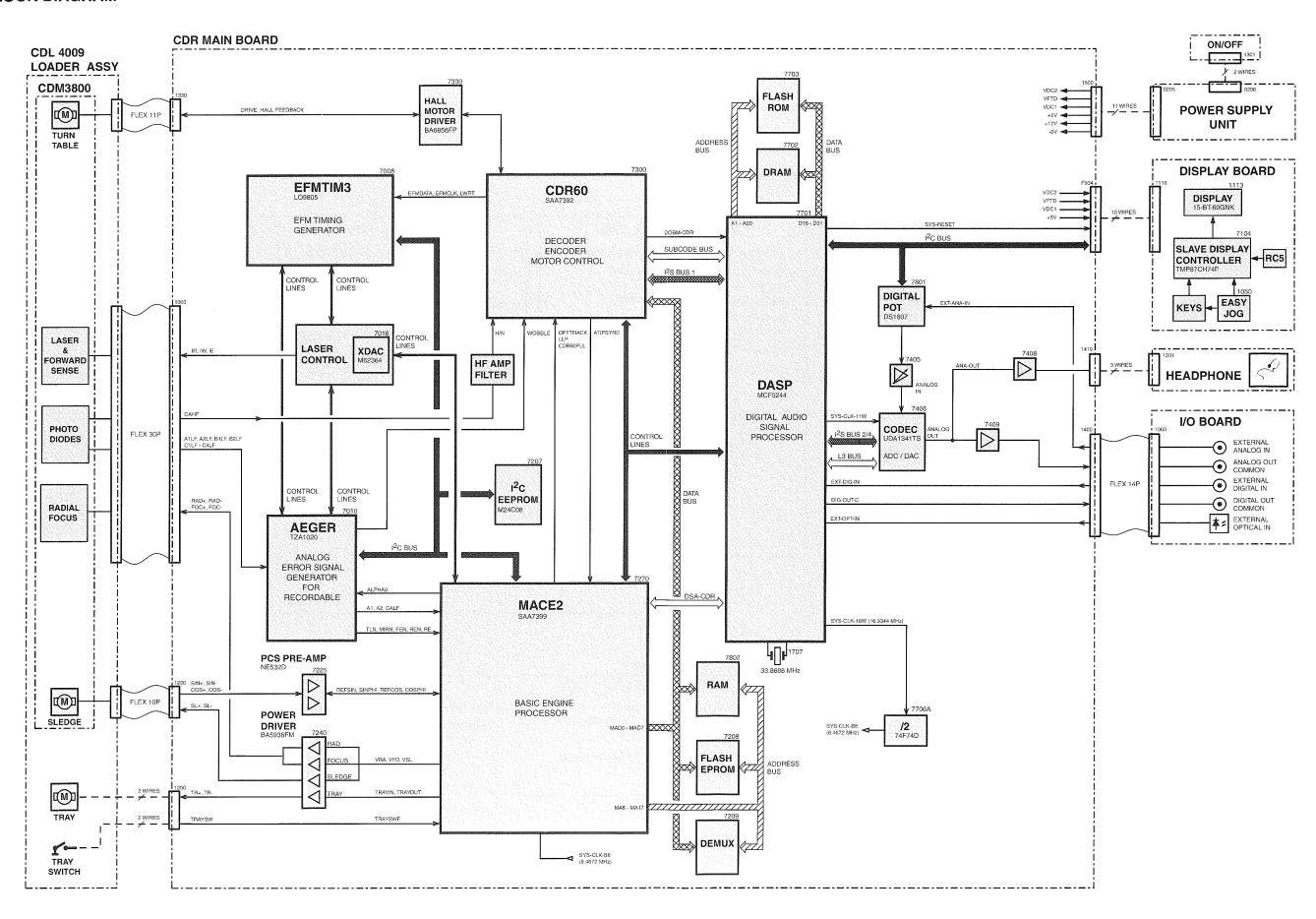
12



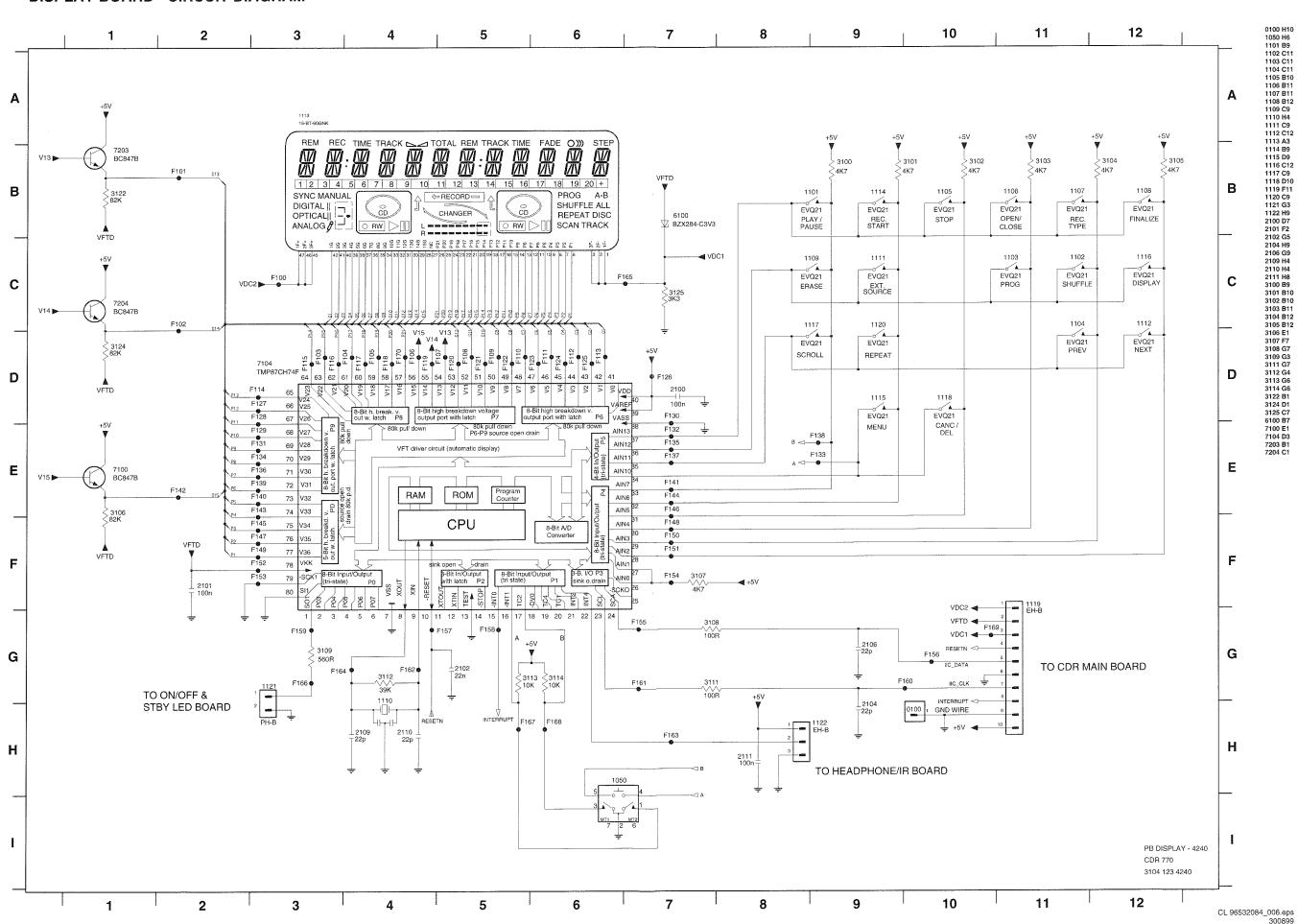
Electrical and Circuit Diagrams

5. Electrical and Circuit Diagrams

BLOCK DIAGRAM

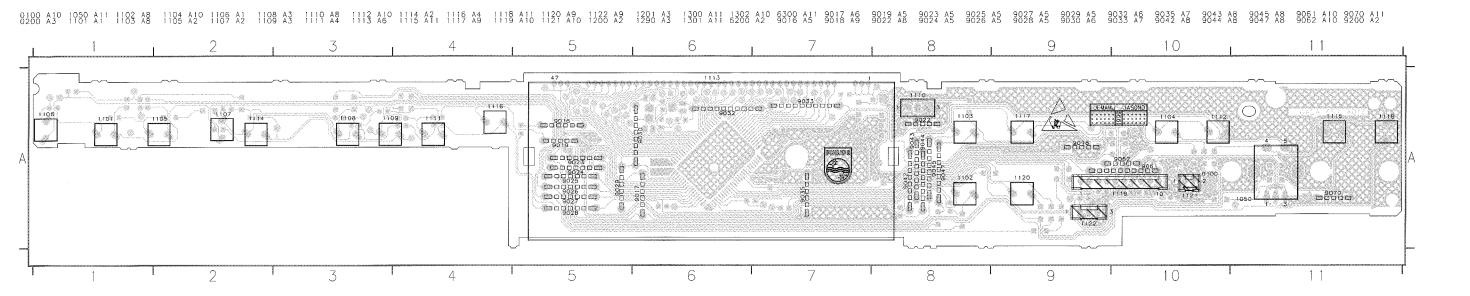


DISPLAY BOARD - CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

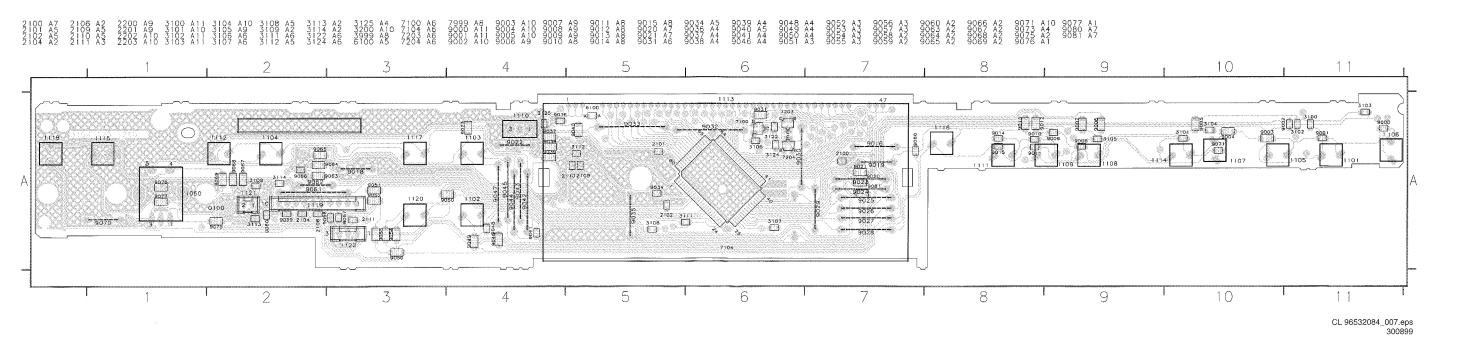


Electrical and Circuit Diagrams CDR600 5. GB 30

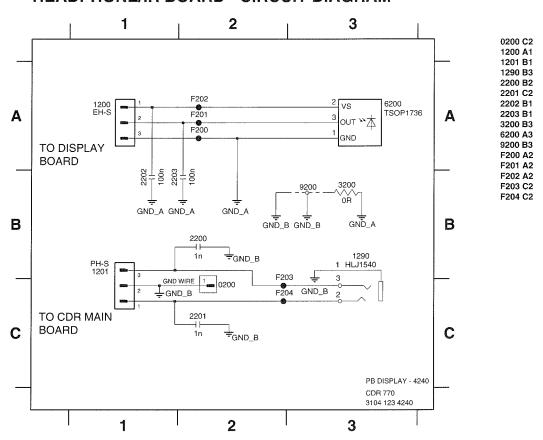
DISPLAY BOARD - FRONT VIEW



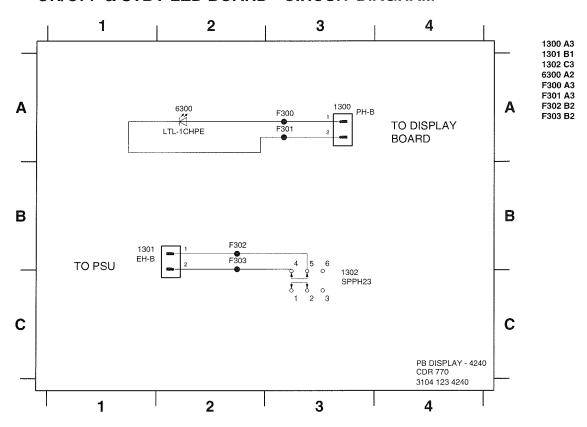
DISPLAY BOARD - BACK VIEW



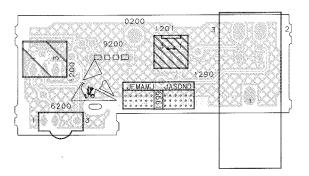
HEADPHONE/IR BOARD - CIRCUIT DIAGRAM



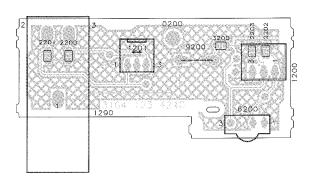
ON/OFF & STBY LED BOARD - CIRCUIT DIAGRAM



HEADPHONE & IR BOARD TOP VIEW



HEADPHONE/IR BOARD - BOTTOM VIEW



ON/OFF & STBY LED BOARD - FRONT VIEW



ON/OFF & STBY LED BOARD BACK VIEW



Partslist

10. Partslist

10.1 Mechanical partslist

1 1 9 9 14	3103 308 11710 3103 308 11720 3103 304 71330 3103 308 11290 3139 240 00040	FRONT ASSY CDR600 FRONT ASSY CDR602 BUTTON POWER CDR600 BUTTON POWER CDR602 WORDMARK "PHILIPS" SILVER CDR602
14 51 51 52 76	4822 459 10887 3103 304 71360 3103 308 11320 4822 492 51374 3104 144 05730	
77 78 79 81 251	3104 144 05730 3104 144 05730 3104 144 05730 9305 043 20951 4822 462 11174	RUBBER DAMPER CD-DRIVE RUBBER DAMPER CD-DRIVE
252 253 254 301 301		FOOT, SILVER FOOT, BLACK FOOT, BLACK MAINS CORD, USA MAINS CORD, IEC
312 317 318		
1003 1003 1005		PSU-CDR3-ECO EURO 20PS202 PSU CDR-3 ECONOMY USA CDR 770 MODULE SERVICE
8001	3104 157 11240	FLEXFOIL CABLE, 14P, 100mm

10.2 Electrical partslist 10.2.1. DISPLAY & HEADPHONE/IR BOARD

MECHANICAL PARTS

MECHA	NICAL PARTS	
3	4822 256 10506	FTD HOLDER CDR600
MISCEL	LANEOUS	
1050 1101 1102 1103 1104	2422 129 16314 4822 276 13114 4822 276 13114 4822 276 13114 4822 276 13114	ROTATRY ENCODER + SWITCH TACT SWITCH TACT SWITCH TACT SWITCH TACT SWITCH
1105 1106 1107 1108 1109	4822 276 13114 4822 276 13114 4822 276 13114 4822 276 13114 4822 276 13114	TACT SWITCH TACT SWITCH TACT SWITCH TACT SWITCH TACT SWITCH
1111 1112 1113 1114 1115	4822 276 13114 4822 276 13114 2722 171 07174 4822 276 13114 4822 276 13114	TACT SWITCH TACT SWITCH DISPLAY CDR60x TACT SWITCH TACT SWITCH
1116 1117 1118 1120 1290	4822 276 13114 4822 276 13114 4822 276 13114 4822 276 13114 4822 267 31453	TACT SWITCH TACT SWITCH TACT SWITCH TACT SWITCH HEADPHONE SOCKET 6,3mm
1302 6200	4822 276 14007 4822 218 11745	SWITCH PUSH, POWER TSOP1736, IR EYE
CAPAC	ITORS	·
2101 © 2102 © 2104 ©	4822 126 14585 4822 126 13838 5322 122 32654 5322 122 32658 5322 122 32658	100nF 10% 50V 100nF 10% 50V 22nF 10% 63V 22pF 5% 50V 22pF 5% 50V
2110© 2111© 2200©	5322 122 32658 5322 122 32658 4822 126 14585 5322 122 31647 5322 122 31647	22pF 5% 50V 22pF 5% 50V 100nF 10% 50V 1nF 10% 63V 1nF 10% 63V
RESIST	ORS	
3101© 3102© 3103©	4822 051 20472 4822 051 20472 4822 051 20472 4822 051 20472 4822 051 20472	$\begin{array}{cccc} 4.7k\Omega & 5\% & 0.1W \\ \end{array}$
3106© 3107© 3108©	4822 051 20472 4822 117 11149 4822 051 20472 4822 117 11373 4822 117 11503	$\begin{array}{cccc} 4,7k\Omega & 5\% & 0,1W \\ 82k\Omega & 1\% & 0,1W \\ 4,7k\Omega & 5\% & 0,1W \\ 100\Omega & 1\% & 0,1W \\ 220\Omega & 5\% & 0,1W \\ \end{array}$
3112© 3113© 3114©	4822 117 11373 4822 051 20393 4822 117 10833 4822 117 10833 4822 117 11149	$\begin{array}{cccc} 100\Omega & 1\% & 0,1W \\ 39k\Omega & 5\% & 0,1W \\ 10k\Omega & 1\% & 0,1W \\ 10k\Omega & 1\% & 0,1W \\ 82k\Omega & 1\% & 0,1W \\ \end{array}$
3125© 9000© 9001©	4822 117 11149 4822 051 20332 4822 051 20008 4822 051 20008 4822 051 20008	$82k\Omega$ 1% 0,1W 3,3k Ω 5% 0,1W CHIP JUMPER 0805 CHIP JUMPER 0805 CHIP JUMPER 0805
9003©	4822 051 20008	CHIP JUMPER 0805

RESISTORS

RESISTORS	
9004© 4822 051 10008	CHIP JUMPER 1206
9005© 4822 051 10008	CHIP JUMPER 1206
9006© 4822 051 10008	CHIP JUMPER 1206
9007© 4822 051 10008	CHIP JUMPER 1206
9008© 4822 051 20008	CHIP JUMPER 0805
9009© 4822 051 20008	CHIP JUMPER 0805
9010© 4822 051 20008	CHIP JUMPER 0805
9011© 4822 051 20008	CHIP JUMPER 0805
9012© 4822 051 10008	CHIP JUMPER 1206
9013© 4822 051 10008	CHIP JUMPER 1206
9014© 4822 051 20008	CHIP JUMPER 0805
9015© 4822 051 20008	CHIP JUMPER 0805
9020© 4822 051 10008	CHIP JUMPER 1206
9021© 4822 051 10008	CHIP JUMPER 1206
9031© 4822 051 10008	CHIP JUMPER 1206
9034© 4822 051 20008	CHIP JUMPER 0805
9036© 4822 051 20008	CHIP JUMPER 0805
9037© 4822 051 10008	CHIP JUMPER 1206
9038© 4822 051 10008	CHIP JUMPER 1206
9039© 4822 051 10008	CHIP JUMPER 1206
9040 © 4822 051 10008	CHIP JUMPER 1206
9041 © 4822 051 20008	CHIP JUMPER 0805
9046 © 4822 051 10008	CHIP JUMPER 1206
9048 © 4822 051 20008	CHIP JUMPER 0805
9049 © 4822 051 10008	CHIP JUMPER 1206
9050 © 4822 051 10008	CHIP JUMPER 1206
9051 © 4822 051 10008	CHIP JUMPER 1206
9052 © 4822 051 10008	CHIP JUMPER 1206
9053 © 4822 051 10008	CHIP JUMPER 1206
9054 © 4822 051 10008	CHIP JUMPER 1206
9055© 4822 051 10008	CHIP JUMPER 1206
9056© 4822 051 10008	CHIP JUMPER 1206
9057© 4822 051 20008	CHIP JUMPER 0805
9058© 4822 051 20008	CHIP JUMPER 0805
9059© 4822 051 20008	CHIP JUMPER 0805
9060© 4822 051 20008	CHIP JUMPER 0805
9063© 4822 051 10008	CHIP JUMPER 1206
9064© 4822 051 10008	CHIP JUMPER 1206
9065© 4822 051 10008	CHIP JUMPER 1206
9066© 4822 051 20008	CHIP JUMPER 0805
9067© 4822 051 10008	CHIP JUMPER 1206
9068© 4822 051 10008	CHIP JUMPER 1206
9069© 4822 051 10008	CHIP JUMPER 1206
9071© 4822 051 20008	CHIP JUMPER 0805
9073© 4822 051 10008	CHIP JUMPER 1206
9075© 4822 051 10008	CHIP JUMPER 1206
9076© 4822 051 10008	CHIP JUMPER 1206
9077© 4822 051 10008	CHIP JUMPER 1206
9080© 4822 051 20008	CHIP JUMPER 0805
9081© 4822 051 10008	CHIP JUMPER 1206
COILS	W
1110 2422 540 98423	CERAMIC RESON. 8MHZ CSTS*MG03
DIODES	DD70.00
6100© 9340 548 47115	PDZ3,3B
6300 4822 130 82978	LED LTL-16KPE
TRANSISTORS	
7100© 4822 130 60511	BC847B
7203© 4822 130 60511	BC847B
7204© 4822 130 60511	BC847B
7999© 5322 130 60845	BC807-25
INTEGRATED CIRCUITS	

7104 3104 123 94761 TMP87CH74F-6851, MICROPROC.

10.2.2. I/O BOARD

MISCELLANEOUS

1000 1001 1002 6000	2422 025 16289 4822 267 31448 4822 265 11151 4822 218 11487	CINCH SOCKET, 2-FOLD
CAPAC	ITORS	
2017© 2019 2020©	4822 126 14585 5322 122 32654 4822 124 40248 5322 122 32654 4822 126 12105	22nF 10% 63V 10µF 20% 63V
2023© 2024© 2025©	4822 126 12105 5322 122 32654 5322 122 32654 5322 122 33538 5322 122 32531	33nF 5% 63V 22nF 10% 63V 22nF 10% 63V 150pF 5% 63V 100pF 5% 50V
2028© 2029©	5322 122 32531 5322 122 32659 5322 122 32659 5322 122 32659	100pF 5% 50V 33pF 5% 50V 33pF 5% 50V 33pF 5% 50V
RESIST	ORS	
3020© 3021© 3024©	4822 117 11139 4822 117 12521 4822 051 20332 4822 051 20332 4822 051 20332	$\begin{array}{cccc} 1,5k\Omega & 1\% & 0,1W \\ 68\Omega & 1\% & 0,1W \\ 3,3k\Omega & 5\% & 0,1W \\ \end{array}$
3028©4 3029© 3032©	4822 051 20332 4822 117 11152 4822 117 11927 4822 117 11373 4822 117 11373	$\begin{array}{cccc} 3,3k\Omega & 5\% & 0,1W \\ 4,7\Omega & 5\% & 0,06W \\ 75\Omega & 1\% & \\ 100\Omega & 1\% & 0,1W \\ 100\Omega & 1\% & 0,1W \\ \end{array}$
3035© 3036© 3037©	4822 117 11449 4822 117 11449 4822 117 11373 4822 117 11373 4822 117 11449	$\begin{array}{ccccc} 2,2k\Omega & 1\% & 0,1W \\ 2,2k\Omega & 1\% & 0,1W \\ 100\Omega & 1\% & 0,1W \\ 100\Omega & 1\% & 0,1W \\ 2,2k\Omega & 1\% & 0,1W \\ \end{array}$
9001© 9002© 9003©	4822 117 11449 4822 051 20008 4822 051 20008 4822 051 10008 4822 051 20008	2,2kΩ 1% 0,1W CHIP JUMPER 0805 CHIP JUMPER 0805 CHIP JUMPER 1206 CHIP JUMPER 0805
9005©	4822 051 10008	CHIP JUMPER 1206
COILS		
5001 5002©₄	4822 157 70601 4822 157 71206	100μH COIL, BLM21
TRANSI	STORS	
7007© 7008©	4822 130 42615 4822 130 42615 4822 130 42615 4822 130 42615	BC817-40 BC817-40 BC817-40 BC817-40
INTEGR	ATED CIRCUITS	AND AND A STATE OF THE STATE OF
		BOT 1110111 115111111111111111111111111

7005 © 5322 209 11517 PC74HCU04T, HEX INVERTER IC

GB 58 10. CDR600 Partslist

10.2.3.	POW	ER SUI	PPLY	BOARD
---------	-----	--------	------	-------

COMPLETE MODULE	S				3126 3127	4822 116 80176 4822 116 80176	1Ω 1Ω	5% 5%	0,5W 0,5W	
1003 3122 427 220 1003 3122 427 220			O EURO	20PS202 USA	3128	4822 116 80676 4822 117 10833 4822 050 21803	1,5Ω 10kΩ 18kΩ	5% 1% 1%	0,5W 0,1W 0,6W	
MECHANICAL PARTS						4822 117 10833	10kΩ	1%	0,1W	
25 4822 492 635 60 4822 492 635				ANSISTOR ANSISTOR	3142© 3150©	4822 051 20109 4822 117 11139 4822 117 11148	10Ω 1,5kΩ 56kΩ	5% 1% 1%	0,1W 0,1W 0,1W	
MISCELLANEOUS					3201	4822 116 52176	10Ω	5%	0,5W	
101 🛦 4822 265 310	15 MAINS	SOCKE	T, IEC		3202	4822 050 13302	3,3kΩ	1%	0,4W 0,5W	
101 A 4822 265 310			ET, USA			4822 116 52175 4822 117 10833	100Ω 10kΩ	5% 1%	0,1W	
1121 4822 265 112		HOLDER	R 2P			4822 117 11503 4822 051 20332	220Ω 3,3k Ω	5% 5%	0,1W 0,1W	
CAPACITORS					3207©	4822 051 10102	1kΩ	2%	0,25W	
2102© 2238 861 151		5%	50V		3208	4822 116 83883 4822 051 20122	470Ω	5% 5%	0,16W 0,1W	
2104© 5322 122 316 2106© 5322 126 102		10% 10%	63V 63V		3222©	4822 051 20122	1,2k Ω	5%	0,1W	
2109© 5322 122 318	63 330pF	5%	50V 50V		3223©	4822 117 11596	390Ω	1%	0,1W	
2111© 4822 126 145		10%			3224	4822 116 52199 4822 116 52199	68Ω	5% 5%	0,16W 0,16W	
2120 A 4822 121 106 2121 8222 675 049		20% 10%	275V 200V	USA version only	3225 3229©	4822 117 13085	$5,6k\Omega$	1%	0,1W	
2121 8222 675 054	80 47µF	10%	400V	EU version only	3230 3232©	4822 050 21002 4822 117 11383	1kΩ 12kΩ	1% 1%	0,6W 0,1W	
2127 4822 122 501 2128 4822 121 701		F10% 5%	1kV 400V						ŕ	
2129 4822 124 407	69 4,7µF	20%	100V			4822 051 20471 4822 051 20332	470Ω 3,3k Ω	5% 5%	0,1W 0,1W	
2131 🛦 4822 126 144	97 2,2nF	20%	250V		3235	4822 116 52269 4822 051 20008	3,3kΩ CHIP JL	5% IMPER	0,5W	
2133 4822 124 420 2134 4822 124 420		20% 20%	35V 35V			4022 031 20000	Orm oc	/IVII	0000	
2141 4822 124 226		20%	50V		COILS	,				
2142© 4822 126 145		10%	50V		5120 5121	4822 157 11846 4822 157 53348	MAINS MAINS			EU version only USA version only
2150© 4822 126 145 2161© 4822 126 145		10% 10%	50V 50V		5125	4822 157 11411	FERRIT			CON VEISION ONLY
2201 © 4822 126 145	85 100nF	10%	50V		5130 5131	4822 157 51312 3128 138 38950	68µH TRANS	FORME	ER SMPS	S 20PS202
2202© 5322 122 326		10%	63V			4822 157 11722	6,8µH 2			
2210 2020 012 937 2213 4822 124 415	•	20% 20%	10V 10V		5210 5220	4822 157 51462	10µH 1			
2220 4822 124 408	49 330µF	20%	16V		5225 5226	4822 157 53139 4822 157 53139	4,7μH 4,7μH			
2221© 4822 126 137 2222 4822 124 422		10% 20%	50V 6,3V		5230	4822 157 50963	2,2µH			
2230 4822 124 811	44 1000µF	20%	16V		5240	4822 157 51462	10µH 1			
2234 4822 124 811	51 22µF	20%	50V		5250 5255	4822 157 51462 4822 157 51195	10μH 1 1μH 2			
2240 4822 124 401 2242 4822 124 415	•	20% 20%	16V 10V				·			
2250 4822 124 402	55 100μF	20%	50V		DIODES	-				
2252 4822 124 402		20%	63V		6100 6101	4822 130 34281 4822 130 34281	BZX79- BZX79-			
2253 2020 558 904 2260© 4822 122 331		20%	1KV 50V		6102	4822 130 83707	S1NB80), BRID	GE REC	TIFIER
RESISTORS					6106 6107	4822 130 31603 4822 130 31603	1N4006 1N4006			
	54 00kO	1%	0.1W		6129©	5322 130 80122	BZX84-	C24		
3102© 4822 117 103 3103© 4822 051 203		5%	0,1W		6130©	4822 130 83649	1SS355			
3104© 4822 116 839 3105© 4822 116 839		1% 1%	0,1W 0,1W		6132 6133©	4822 130 42488 4822 130 83649	BYD33I 1SS355			
3106© 4822 051 101		2%	0,25W		6141 ©	4822 130 10656	UDZ20E	3		
3109© 4822 051 101	02 1kΩ	2%	0,25W			4822 130 11148	UDZ-4,7			
3110 4822 050 210 3111 4822 116 521	03 10kΩ	2% 5%	0,25W 0,16W			9322 107 43685 9322 102 64685	UDZ-22 UDZ-2,7			
3112 4822 053 112	29 22Ω	5%	2W		6210 6220	4822 130 83865 4822 130 42488	SB360 BYD33I)		
3113© 4822 051 101	02 1kΩ	2%	0,25W							
3117 A 4822 053 216 3119 A 2322 595 900		5% 10V	0,5W		6230 6240	4822 130 11415 4822 130 42606	BYV28- BYD33			
3123 4822 050 218	03 18kΩ	1%	0,6W		6250	4822 130 32896	BYD33	M		
3124 4822 117 121 3125© 4822 117 108		20% 1%	0,5W 0,1W							
			.,							

RESISTORS

TRANSISTORS

7125	4822 130 11417	STP3NB60FP, FET
7141©	4822 130 60373	BC856B
7150©	4822 130 60511	BC847B
7251	4822 130 41344	BC337-40
7252©	4822 130 60373	BC856B
7253	4822 130 41246	BC327-25
7254©	4822 130 60511	BC847B

INTEGRATED CIRCUITS

7110	9322 145 88682	UC3842A. PWM CONTROLLER
7131 ▲	4822 130 91451	CQY80NG, OPTO COUPLER
7201	4822 209 81397	TL431CLPST, PRECISION REFERENCE
7249	4822 209 82112	MC7908CT, VOLTAGE REGULATOR
7260	8222 675 06290	BA12T, VOLTAGE REGULATOR

PHILIPS

AUDIO CD RECORDER

MODEL

CDR-600/602

INSTRUCTION BOOK



Caution

CAUTION: Use of controls or adjustments or performance of procedures other than herein may result in hazardous radiation exposure or other unsafe operation.

This product complies with the radio interference requirements of the European Union.

ATTENTION: L'utilisation des commandes ou réglages ou le non-respect des procédures ci-incluses peuvent se traduire par une exposition dangereuse à l'irradiation.

Ce matériel satisfait aux impératifs de brouillage radio de la Communauté Européenne.

ATENCIÓN: El uso de mandos o ajustes o la ejecucción de métodos que no sean los aquí descritos puede ocasionar peligro de exposición a radiación.

Este aparato satisface las normas relativas a la interferencia radioeléctrica de la Comunidad Europea.

ACHTUNG: Der Gebrauch von Bedienelemente oder Einstellungen bzw. Verfahrensausführungen die hier nicht ausdrücklich erwähnt worden sind, kann eine gefährliche Strahlendosierung oder andere unsichere Operationen zur Folge haben.

Dieses Produkt entspricht den Funkentstörvorschriften der Europäischen Union.

LET OP: Het gebruik van de toetsen en regelingen of het toepassen van de aanwijzingen anders dan hier beschreven, kan leiden tot blootstelling aan gevaarlijke straling of tot onveilige werking. Dit apparaat voldoet aan de radio-ontstoringseisen van de Europese Unie.

ATTENZIONE: L'uso dei comandi o regolazioni o prestazioni delle procedure oltre a quelle descritte nel presente potrebbero causare esposizione a radiazioni pericolose o altre operazioni rischiose. Questo prodotto è conforme ai requisiti delle interferenze radio della Unione Europea.

VARNING: Om du använder knapparna på annat än här angivet sätt eller utför andra justeringar eller förfaranden än de här angivna kan du utsättas för skadlig strålning eller andra risker. Denna apparat uppfyller EU:s krav beträffande radiostörningar.

ADVARSEL: Anvendelse af andre betjeningsanordninger eller justeringer eller udførelse af andre procedurer end de heri angivne, kan medføre udsættelse for farlig stråling eller andre risici. Dette apparat overholder EU's krav vedrørende radiostøj.

MUISTUTUS: Muiden kuin tässä kuvattujen säätimien tai säätöjen tai toimenpiteiden käyttö voi aiheuttaa vaarallisen altistuksen säteilylle tai muun turvallisuutta vaarantavan seurauksen. Tämä tuote on Euroopan unionin radiohäiriöitä koskevien vaatimusten mukainen.

AVISO: A utilização de comandos ou ajustes ou a execução de procedimentos de forma diferente daquela aqui indicada poderá resultar numa exposição perigosa a radiações ou noutra operação arriscada.

Este produto obedece aos requisitos referentes a interferência de rádio estabelecidos pela União Europeia.

ΠΡΟΣΟΧΗ: Οποιαδήποτε διαδικασία, χρήση ή ρύθμιση των ρυθμιστικών πλήκτρων και διακοπτών εκτός των προβλεπόμενων στο παρόν εγχειρίδιο, μπορεί να έχει ως αποτέλεσμα την επιβλαβή έκθεση σε ακτινοβολία ή άλλη επικίνδυνη λειτουργία.

Υο προϊόν αυτό πληροί τις απαιτήσεις της Ευρωπαϊκής Ενωσης ως προς τις ραδιοπαρεμβολές.

UWAGA: Operowanie klawiszami lub pokrętłami w sposób odbiegający od zalecanego albo wykonywanie procedur innych, niż zawarte w niniejszej instrukcji, może narazić użytkownika na niebezpieczne promieniowanie lub inne zagrożenia.

Niniejszy produkt spełnia wymogi Unii Europejskiej dotyczące zakłóceń radiowych.

Index

English ———

English

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General information

Welcome!

Thank you for buying this Philips Compact Disc Recorder.

In the 1980s Philips invented a new audio system - the CD. The CD (compact disc) revealed the new dimensions of digital sound and added to the pleasure of audio.

Compact-disc technology permits a high contrast in both loud and soft passages, with perfect channel separation.

Philips has now further developed compact disc technology and the result is the CD recorder.

With your Philips CD Recordable/ReWritable Recorder, you can record, play and erase your own high-quality audio CDs, subject to legal restrictions on copying. Naturally, you will also be able to play all pre-recorded audio CDs.

Note in certain countries, including the UK and certain Commonwealth countries, use of the product (or CD Recorder) as shown or suggested in this user manual may require the permission of copyright holders.

Environmental information

All redundant packing material has been omitted. We have done our utmost to make the packaging easily separable into three mono materials cardboard (box), polystrene foam (buffer) and polyethylene (bags, protective foam sheet).

Your set consists of materials which can be recycled if disassembled by a specialized company. Please observe the local regulations regarding the disposal of packing materials, exhausted batteries and old equipment.

CAUTION

INVISIBLE RADIATION WHEN OPEN. AVOID EXPOSURE TO BEAM.

Note: This warning is located inside the enclosure.

About this manual

This manual gives instructions for operating this CD recorder.

Please note:

- the digits (1) throughout the text indicate a sequence of actions necessary to perform a certain operation;
- the arrows (→) indicate the reaction from the recorder;
- the dots (O) indicate remarks, advice or special options within a sequence of actions. The dot-marked instructions are not necessary for operation.

All instructions in this manual are based on control via the keys on the set. If there are corresponding keys available on the remote control they can be used as well.

Technical data

Subject to modification without notice.

General

Power consumption	15 W
Power consumption in Standby	6 W
Operating temperature	5-35° C
Weight	4 kg
Dimensions	_

Audio

udio	
Frequency response	2Hz-22.050 Hz
Playback S/N (A-weighted)	
Playback S/N	
Playback dynamic range CDR	95 dB
Playback total harmonic	
distortion CDR	88 dB = 0.0039 %
Channel separation	100 dB
Recording S/N (A-weighted)	98 dB
Recording S/N digital without SRC	
Recording dynamic range	92 dB
Recording total harmonic	
distortion - noise	85 dB (0.0056%)

Laser

Type	Semiconductor laser GaAlAs
Wave length	775-795 nm (at 25° C)
Output power2	5 mW (Read.) 35 mW (Write)
Beam divergence	60 degree

The type plate is located on the back of the set.

General information

Discs for recording

For recording, make sure to use special audio discs only. These discs are marked with "Digital Audio" and the logos shown below.

There are two different types of audio discs for the use on this CD recorder:

CD-Audio Recordable (CDR) discs
These discs can be recorded on once and
play in all standard CD players and CD
recorders, when they are finalized.



CD-Audio ReWritable (CDRW) discs
 These discs can be recorded on, erased and re-recorded many times and play in CDRW compatible CD players and CD recorders, when they are finalized.



 All Philips CD players and CD recorders with the sticker shown here are CDRW compatible.



To ensure proper working of the set we recommend the use of Philips audio CDR and audio CDRW discs only.

Note: Do not use a computer CDR or CDRW as recording will not work!

Recording is permissible insofar as copyright or other rights of third parties are not infringed upon.

In certain countries including the UK and certain Commonwealth countries, use of the product as shown or suggested in this user manual may require the permission of copyright holders.

Discs for playback

Your CD recorder is able to play:

- All pre-recorded audio CDs.
- All Audio CDR and Audio CDRW.

Note: CDR(W) discs containing audio recorded with a computer can only be played when they are correctly treated according the audio standard (IEC958: Consumer part). Single session only!

Maintenance

For recording, it is very important to use discs that are free of dust and scratches.

To clean a CD, wipe it in a straight line from the center towards the edge using a soft, lint-free cloth. A cleaning agent may damage the discl Write only on the printed side of a CDR or CDRW, and only with a soft felt-tipped pen.



Clean the CD recorder with a soft, slightly dampened lint-free cloth. Do not use any cleaning agents as they may have a corrosive effect.



Do not expose the CD recorder batteries or CDs to humidity, rain, sand or excessive heat (caused by heating equipment or direct sunlight).



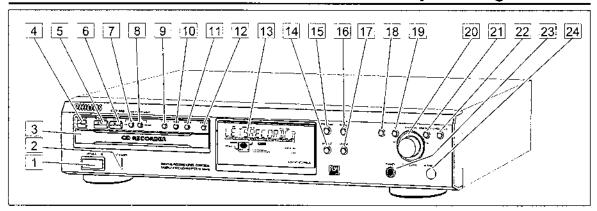
Always keep the tray closed to avoid dust on the lens.

The lens may cloud over when the CD recorder is suddenly moved from cold to warm surroundings, making it impossible to play a CD. Leave the CD recorder in the warm environment until the moisture evaporates.

Accessories

- 2 Analog audio cables (with red and white plugs)
- 1 Digital coaxial cable (with black plugs)
- Power cord
- · 2 Batteries
- Remote control
- Guarantee

Operating buttons



Controls

1 ON/OFF

turns the CD recorder ON and OFF

- 2 Standby incicator
- [3] Disc tray

OPEN/CLOSE ▲ opens/closes disc tray

E PLAY/PAUSE ►II starts play/interrupts play or recording

© STOP ■

stops/clears a program

7 RECORDING TYPE

selects recording modes

8 RECORD

starts recording, finalizing, erasing

9 FINALIZE

selects finalize mode

10 ERASE

selects erasing mode (disc or track)

11 SOURCE

selects input source

12 DISPLAY

selects display information, permanent text scrolling and time

Display information screen

14 SHUFFLE

plays CD(RW) or program in random order

15 PROGRAM

opens/closes program memory

16 SCROLL

activates scrolling of text over the display (once)

17 REPEAT

repeats play (all, program or track)

18

- · searches backward
- cursor control in Menu/Prog. review mode

19 >>

- · searches forward
- cursor control in Menu/Prog. review mode

[20] ⋈ EASY JOG ➤ (rotate)

- previous/next track (Play and Program mode)
- recording level control (recording)
- selects settings (menu on)

ENTER (push)

- plays selected tracks
- selects settings in menu mode
- programs track numbers

21 STORE/MENU

- enters Menu mode
- stores Menu settings

22 CANCEL/DELETE

- · deletes tracks from a program
- deletes text in Menu mode
- returns to a nigher level in the menu

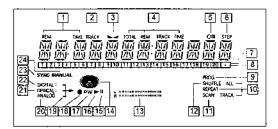
PHONES

socket for headphones

24 IR sensor

receives signals from the remote control

DISPLAY indications



TREMTIME

remaining time

2 TRACK

track number

3

balance (lights up during balance adjustment)

4 TOTAL REM TRACK TIME

indicates total or remaining time of disc or track

5| OIII remote control active

6 STEP

indicates the number of tracks in a program

Track bar

indicates:

- tracks on a disc or in a program
- track in play
- 8 + 20

disc or program contains more than 20 tracks

9 PROG(ram)

flashes during programming/lights in program mode

10 REPEAT TRACK/ALL

lights up when a track/complete disc (or program) is repeated

11 SCAN

lights up when the first 10 seconds of each track are played

12 SHUFFLE

plays tracks in random order

13 L/R 11 H

Record/play level par, indicates the audio signal level

14 CD

CD inserted (a pre-recorded CD or finalized CDR or CDR(W) disc)

15 II

pause function active

16

lights during play

17 R(W)

unfinalized CDR(W) disc inserted

18

lights during recording

19 7-

lights during recording

20 ANALOG

analog input selected

21 OPTICAL I

optical input I selected for external recording

22 DIGITAL I

digital input I selected for external recording

23 SYNC

synchronized recording active

24 MANUAL

manual recording active

DISPLAY messages

Messages as listed and explained here may appear on the display for your guidance.

General

REBBINS

reading disc information

OPEN

opening tray

01098

closing tray

NO 0150

no disc inserted, disc unreadable or disc inserted upside down

PROS FULL

program full

INSERT BISE

insert disc or insert disc correctly.

ARONG DISE

inserted disc is not an audio CD

UNFINACIZED

unfinalized CDR(W) disc

MEMORY ##P/6

indicates the amount of memory used for unfinalized discs

Recording

MHIL

- when STOP is pressed during recording
- when STOP
 is pressed during recording the first 4 seconds of a track

UPDATE

updating disc contents

BISC FULL recording no longer possible BISITRU 1 digital coaxial input 1 selected ORTICAL digital optical input selected BNRLGG analog input selected 2083 PR07827 no digital recording can be made from the connected source NOTEINALIZED when opening the tray with an unfinalized disc inserted MBKS DD start of synchronized recording of a complete disc and Auto Finalize function selected RECORD BISC start synchronized recording of a complete disc RECORD TARCK start synchronized recording of a single track REC MANUAL manual start of recording selected exx BB level is being adjusted ERRSE TRREK when erasing one or more tracks 5885E DISC when erasing a disc FINRLIZE EB when finalizing a disc FINRLIZED when trying to finalize an already finalized disc CHECK INPUT when RECORD is pressed while no digital source is detected ar ar ERRSE time countdown when erasing a track or a disc BB BB FINAL time countdown when finalizing a disc PRESS RECORD to start manual recording, finalizing or erasing

STRRT SOURCE

CD.

(e.g. CD p.ayer) FINALIZEE CE

to start synchronized recording from a source

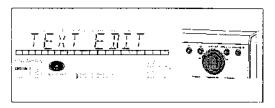
when trying to record on a finalized CDR or a prerecorded

UNFINALIZE/PRESS ENTER when trying to record on a finalized CDRW PROF SOURCE when a professional source is connected Play PR0629M program mode selected RUBUM TITLE will be followed by album title TRREK TITLE will be followed by track title ALBUM SRIIST will be followed by artist's name TRREM BRITIST will be followed by track artist's name Others NO RUDIO IR when the recorder enters a data track during recording FINALIZE CD laser power calibration performed 96 times, finalize disc needed INITIALIZING during laser power calibration for unfinalized discs DISC RECOVER during disc recovery after power failure OPE ERROR OPC failure during OPC procedure (OPC = Optimum Power Calibration) RECORD ERROR recording error in menu mode DISC ERROR when trying to record on or finalize a recovered disc MEMORS FULL/FIMALIZE ED when no more text can be stored for a certain disc. Another disc must be finalized to obtain memory space

NOT POSSIBLE

when trying to erase a CDR

MENU messages -See Menu mode



NO TRACKS

when attempting to edit text for a disc which has no tracks

TEXT EDIT

when entering Text Edit mode

ALBUM PATIST

when editing or erasing an artist's name

ALBUM TITLE

when editing or erasing a title

89:151 IR N

when editing or erasing an artist's name per track

TETLE TRIN

when editing or erasing a title per track

TEXT ERRSE

when entering Text Erase mode

RUL TEXT

when entering All Text mode

68896 BK

when confirmation for erasing must be given with ENTER key

ERREE RUL OK

when confirmation for erasing must be given with ENTER key

SANSS MEMORY

when waiting for confirmation for erasing a disc

MEMORS MIEN

when selecting text review per unfinalized disc in memory

MEMORS EMPTS

when REVIEW is selected while no text is in memory

RUTO TRACK

when selecting auto track increment ON or OFF

ΩN

Auto Track increment on

OFF

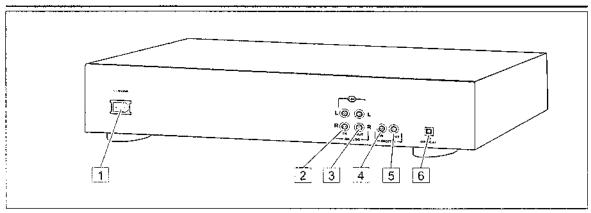
Auto Track increment off

SET BALANCE

when selecting BALANCE

NO TEXT

no text stored for disc



Connections at the back

1 Connection to mains

2 ANALOG IN

connects to the line (analog) output of an amplifier/receiver or other analog source (tape deck, tuner etc.), so you can record from this source (RNRL DE). For recording from a record player both recorder and record player should be connected to an amplifier/receiver

3 ANALOG OUT

connects to the line (analog) input of an amplifier/receiver, so you can listen to playback of this set via the amplifier/receiver

DIGITAL IN

connects to the digital coaxial output of an external digital source (CD player, DVD, DAT, etc.), so you can record from this source (BISITAL 1)

5 DIGITAL OUT

connects to the digital coaxial input of an amplifier/receiver, so you can listen to playback of this set via the amplifier/receiver

6 OPTICAL IN

connects to the digital optical output of an external digital source (CD player, DVD, DAT, etc.), so you can record from this source (CPTICRL)

Set up recommendations

- Place the CD recorder on a solid, vibration-free surface.
- Do not place the CD recorder near a source of heat or in direct sunlight.
- Do not use the CD recorder under extremely damp conditions.
- If the CD recorder is placed in a cabinet, make sure that a one-inch space remains free on all sides of the CD recorder/player for proper ventilation.

Important: Do not position the CD recorder on top of other equipment that might heat it up (e.g. receiver or amplifier).

Connections general

For recording the following inputs are present:

- Digital optical input (OPTICAL IN)
- Digital coaxial input (DIGITAL IN)
- Analog input (ANALOGIN)

For playback the following outputs are present:

- Digital coaxial output (DIGITAL OUT)
- Analog output (ANALOG OUT)

The connections you make will depend upon the possibilities your audio equipment offers. Please refer to the user manuals for your other audio equipment first.

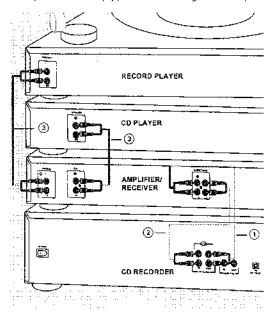
Digital recordings (optical or coaxial) give the best performance in audio and usability (e.g. auto-track increment).

We advise you to always establish both digital and analog connections. This will mean that analog recordings can always be made when digital recording is not possible.

We have described the most common ways of connecting the CD recorder. If you still have difficulties with the connections, please contact the Philips Consumer Service desk in your area.

Analog connections

These connections are required for playback and recording via an amplifier/receiver, equipped with an analog in and outputs.

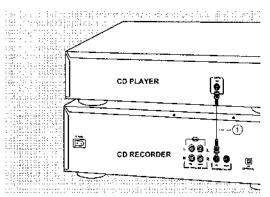


- Connect supplied audio cable between the ANALOG OUT-sockets on the set and the ANALOG input sockets of the amplifier/receiver (TAPE IN, CD-R, AUX or PLAY IN).
 Insert the red plugs into the R sockets, and the white plugs into the L sockets.
- 2 Connect supplied audio cable between the ANALOG Insockets on the set and the analog outputs of the amplifier/receiver (CDR OUT, TAPE OUT, AUX OUT, RECOUT etc.).
 Insert the red plugs into the R sockets, and the white plugs
- Into the L sockets.
 Connect all other components of your system (tape deck, CD player, tuner, record player etc.) via their ANALOG
 - OUT-sockets to the appropriate analog input sockets of the amplifier/receiver (CD IN, TUNER IN, AUX IN, PHONO IN etc.).
 - → Any analog device, connected to the amplifier/receiver can now be used as recording source (RNAL 05).

Digital connections

Direct digital coaxial connection

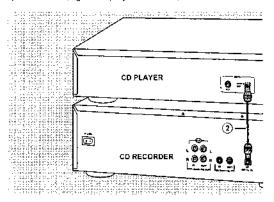
This connection is required for direct recording from a digital coaxial source (e.g a CD player, DVD, DAT).



- Connect a digital coaxial cable between the DIGITAL INsocket on the set and the DIGITAL OUT socket of the digital source.
 - → Recording can now be done via the digital coaxial input (BISITAL 1).

Direct digital optical connection

This connection is required for direct recording from a digital optical source (e.g. a CD player, DVD, DAT).

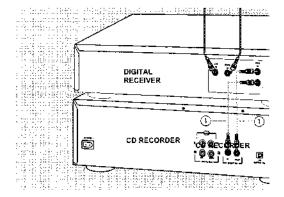


- Remove the dust caps from the digital optical connections of both source and CD recorder. Keep the caps in a safe place.
- Connect an optical fibre-optic cable between the OPTICAL IN socket of the set and the OPTICAL OUT socket of the source.

 Make sure you insert both plugs fully, until a click is heard.
 - → Recording can now be done via the digital optical input (BPTICAL).

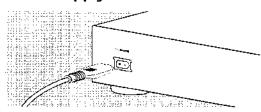
Digital coaxial connections via a digital receiver

If you have a receiver with digital coaxial in- and outputs, these connections allow you to make digital recordings from various sources, connected to the receiver.



- Connect a digital coaxial cable between the DIGITAL INand OUT sockets on the set and e.g. the (digital) AUX inand output sockets on the digital receiver.
 - → Any digital device, connected to the digital input sockets of the digital receiver (e.g. CD and DVD) can now be used as recording source.

Power supply/Mains



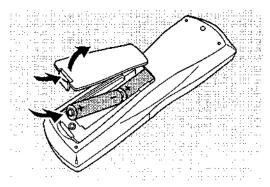
- Check whether the mains voltage as shown on the type plate corresponds to your local mains voltage. If it does not, consult your dealer or service organisation.
- Make sure all connections have been made before switching on the mains supply.
- 3 Plug the power cord supplied into the AC MAINS connector and the CD recorder, then into the wall socket.
- 4 Press ON/OFF.
 - → The CD recorder will switch on.

Notes:

If the CD recorder is in Standby mode (red LED on), press any key to activate the recorder.

When the CD recorder is in the "OFF" position, it is still consuming some power. If you wish to disconnect your CD recorder completely from the mains, withdraw the plug from the AC Outlet.

Inserting batteries in the remote control

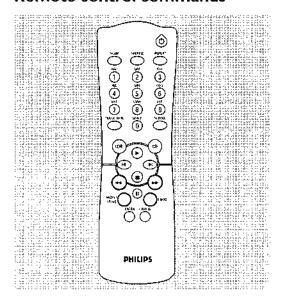


- 1 Open the battery compartment cover.
- 2 Insert 2 batteries (AA, LR6 or UM-3; as supplied) as shown.
- 3 Replace the cover.

Note: We recommend you use 2 batteries of the same type and condition,

Batteries contain chemical substances, so they should be disposed of properly.

Remote control commands



STANDBY ()

switches to Standby/On/Off

SCAN

plays the first 10 seconds of each track

SHUFFLE

plays CD(RW) or program in random order

REPEAT

repeat play

Number/alphabet keys 0 - 9

- selects a track by number
- selects character for text input

TRACK INCR(ement)

increases track numbers during recording

SCROLL

activates scrolling of text over the display

CDR

selects CD recorder

CD

selects CD player, can be used to control a separate Phillips CD player $\,$

starts CD(RW) play

1

previous track (Play and Program mode)

next track (Play and Program mode)

stops CD(RW) and clears a program

44

- searches backward
- cursor control in Menu/Prog. review made

*

- searches forward
- cursor control in Menu/Prog. review mode

IJ

interrupts CD(RW) play/recording

MENU/STORE

- enters Menu mode
- stores Menu settings

PROG.(ram)

opens/closes program memory

FNTFR

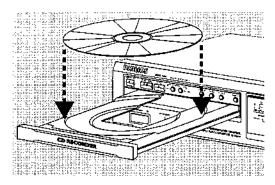
- selects settings in Menu mode
- programs track numbers
- starts playback of selected track

CANCEL

- deletes tracks from a program
- deletes text in Menu mode
- returns to a higher level in the menu-

Note: Always press CDR first to select the CD recorder.

Inserting discs



- 1 Press OPEN/CLOSE to open the disc tray.
 - → GPEN tights up.
- 2 Insert a CD, CDR or CDRW in the appropriate recess in the tray, label side up.
- 3 Press OPEN/CLOSE to close the tray (see also Playing a CD).
 - → CLOSE lights up, followed by REBBINS the display will show the type of disc that has been inserted.
- O If a blank or partly-recorded CDR or unfinalized CDRW is inserted, the CD recorder will calibrate the disc for optimum recording. During this process the display will first show INTTIRUTITIES and then the number of audio tracks. Calibration can take up to 25 seconds.
- O If a CDR(W) is finalized, co will show on the display.
- If CD-text is available the FTTLE/SRTTST will scroll by.

Notes:

Only Audio CDs will be accepted. If a non-audio disc is inserted, the display will show: WRON5_BISC / USE_RUBIO_EB.

For recording it is important that the blank disc is completely free from dust particles or scratches (see maintenance).

Recording

Introduction

You will soon discover how easy it is to make your own CDs.

Your recorder offers several recording modes. RECORD DISC

 to make a synchronized recording of the complete disc or a program simply by starting the source.

RECORDTRACK

 to make an synchronized recording of a single track simply by starting the source.

REC(ord) MANUAL

 to manually start a recording simply by pressing the RECORD key.

MAKE CD

 to make a synchronized recording of the complete disc or a program simply by starting the source. Finalizing will be cone automatically (active for digital recordings).

For each recording purpose the most appropriate recording mode is explained. Basically a recording session consists of three steps:

- · preparing (make all settings for your recording),
- recording (the actual recording starts) and
- finalizing your recording (making CDR(W) suitable for playback on a standard cd-player).

Some remarks on recording

It is advisable to use a CDRW disc for your first try.

- If the disc is a CDR disc and is already finalized, no recording is possible.
- If the disc is a CDRW disc and is already finalized, you must unfinalize it first.
- The recording procedure is the same for CDRs and CDRWs.
- CD text cannot be recorded from an external CD player. (Text information is not available on the output of the CD player.)

- There must be at least 7 seconds of recording time left on the disc, otherwise you will not be able to enter record standby mode. BISE FULL will then show on the display.
- If the display indicates CBP's PROTECT no digital recording can be made of the source material Recording will not start.
- The Serial Copy Management System (SCMS) only allows digital recording under specific conditions:
 - This means that it is not possible to make a digital copy from a digital copy.
 - Analog recording is always possible!
 - The number of recordings to be made from the original is unlimited.
- A maximum of 99 tracks can be recorded on a disc.
 Minimum allowable track length is 4 seconds.

Important: Use only discs with CDR AUDIO only or CDRW AUDIO only logo. Discs for use in a personal computer's CD-(re)writer cannot be used in an Audio CD-recorder.

If you want to play the recorded CDR disc on a regular CD player, it must be finalized.

Finalizing is a simple procedure, necessary to:

- be able to play recordings on a CD PLAYER,
- avoid further unwanted recordings on a disc,
- · avoid erasure of tracks on a CDRW,
- write CD text on a CDR(W).

Finalized CDRW discs play only on CDRW compatible CD players.

Adjusting the recording level



Some analog sources have such high output levels, that you may need to adjust the recording level to ensure good quality recordings without distortion.

- Place an unfinalized CD(RW) disc, absolutely free of scratches and dust particles in the CD recorder tray.
- 2 Press SOURCE repeatedly to select the ANALOG input
 - ANALOG lights up and SNSt.05 will appear on the display.
- 3 With the CD recorder stopped, press RECORDING TYPE three times to select REC MANUAL.
 - → starts to flash and the display shows PRESS_RECORD.
- Start the source by pressing PLAY/PAUSE ►11.
 DO NOT start recording!
- 5 Rotate the EASY IOG/ENTER key to decrease the record level until, on the Record/Play Level bar, all the blue segments are alight, but the red segments do not light continuously during the loudest passages.
- 6 Press STOP on the CD recorder and on the source.
 - The adjusted recording level is stored in the memory of your recorder (also when powered off!).

Note:The recording level can also be adjusted for digital or optical recordings after selecting the NISTIBL 1 or GPTICBL input.

Recording an entire CD



This feature enables you to make fast and easy copy of an entire CD to CD, make a compilation CD or archive an entire LP or cassette on CD.

Preparing

- 1 Place an unfinalized recordable disc, absolutely free of scratches and dust particles in the CD recorder tray.
- 2 Press SOURCE repeatedly to select the type of connection you made to your source of recording. Examples:
 - CD-player is connected with its digital out connector directly to the digital in connector of your CD-recorder: connection is DIGITAL I.
 - CD-player is connected with its analog out connectors directly to analog in connectors of your CD-recorder: connection is ANALOG
 - -Turntable is connected with its analog out connectors to amplifier/receiver which is connected to the analog in connectors of your CD-recorder; connection is ANALOG
 - → DIGITAL 4, OPTICAL 1 or ANALOG lights up and BIGITAL 4, OPTICAL or SNALOG will appear on the display.
- 3 With the CD recorder stopped, press RECORDING TYPE to select PEC_BISC for recording of an entire CD or a program of tracks.
 - and sync start to flash and the display shows the selection.

If the input label **DIGITAL** I or **OPTICAL** also flashes, switch on the external source or check the digital connection.

Notes:

If you are recording from a digital source (GPTIERL or BIGITRL 1) and want to finalize the CD automatically after recording, press RECORDING TYPE until the option MAKE CD is selected.

If you planned to record a compilation of tracks, be sure to have programmed a selection of tracks on the CD-player or CD-changer from which you are going to record.

Recording

Recording

- To start recording, press Play on the external source from which you want to record. The CD recorder automatically starts recording.
- If, however, you start the source during a track, recording will start at the beginning of the next track or after 2.7 seconds of silence in analog recordings.
- Track numbers are automatically incremented. During an analog recording you can insert additional track numbers during recording by simply pressing TRACK INCR on the remote control.
- The EASY JOG/ENTER key can be used to adjust the recording level.
- The recorder stops automatically in case of digital recording from a CD, With AUTOTRACK ON, the recorder pauses and waits for a new track for 1 minute before going to stop. Recordings from DAT, DCC or analog sources will only stop after 20 seconds of silence.
- To stop recording manually, press STOP on the CD recorder.
 - → sync goes out and the display will show UPBRIE for several seconds.

Finalizing

If you want to play the recorded CD(RW) on a normal CD player, you must first finalize the disc. Please note that you cannot add anymore tracks on a finalized CDR. See Finalizing CDR and CDRW discs.

Recording a single track



This feature enables you to record a single track from a CDLIP or cassette.

Preparing

- Place an unfinalized recordable disc, absolutely free of scratches and dust particles in the CD recorder tray.
- 2 Press SOURCE repeatedly to select the type of connection you made to your source of recording. Examples:
 - CD-player is connected with its digital out connector directly to the digital in connector of your CD-recorder; connection is 3151784.1.
 - CD-player is connected with its analog out connectors directly to analog in connectors of your CD-recorder: connection is RMRLBS

- -Turntable is connected with its analog out connectors to amplifier/receiver which is connected to the analog in connectors of your CD-recorder; connection is RNRL SIS
- → DIGITAL I, OPTICAL I or ANALOG lights up and BIGITAL 1, OPTICAL 1 or ANALOG will appear on the display.
- With the recorder stopped, press RECORDING TYPE two times to to select REE_TRREX for recording of a single track.
 - T₊ and sync start to flash and the display shows the selection.

Recording

- To start recording, press Play on the external source from which you want to record. The CD recorder automatically starts recording.
- If, however, you start the source during a track, recording will start at the beginning of the next track or after 2.7 seconds of silence in analog recordings.
- The EASY JOG/ENTER key can be used to adjust the recording level.
- The recorder stops automatically in case of digital recording from a CD. Recordings from DAT, DCC or analog sources will only stop after 20 seconds of silence.
- To stop recording manually, press STOP on the CD recorder.
 - → sync goes out and the display will show ปกับสิโโ for several seconds.

Finalizing

If you want to play the recorded CDR(W) on a normal CD player, you must first finalize the disc. Please note that you cannot add anymore tracks on a finalized CDR. See Finalizing CDR and CDRW discs.

Manual recording



This feature enables you to manually start and stop a recording record from any source. You can use manual recording for recording live music, or for particular music like classic which cannot be recorded with synchronised recording.

Important: For recording from CD-changers, use the RECORD DISC, RECORD TRACK or MAKE CD mode. Do not use REC MANUAL.

Track increments

- Ouring digital recordings, track numbers can be copied automatically from the original.
- For analog recordings, the set can detect silences (longer then 2.7 seconds) in the source material and start a new track, Auto Track is however dependent on the quality of the analog source material and will not always increase the track number like on the original.
- For recordings from noisy external analog sources like LP or cassette tapes we strongly recommend to switch Auto Track to OFF and insert track numbers manually.
- Auto Track is default switched on. If you wish to switch Auto Track off or on:
- 1 Press STORE/MENU.
 - → TEXT EBIT will appear on the display.
- Rotate the EASY JOG/ENTER key to select the AUTOTRACK submenu.
 - → SUTE TRREK will appear on the display.
- 3 Press EASY JOG/ENTER to confirm.
 - → ON or OFF will appear on the display.
- 4 Turn the EASY JOG/ENTER key to select Auto track DN or DEF.
- Press EASY JOG/ENTER to confirm.
 - → RUTO TRREX will appear on the display.
- 6 Press STOP **#** to exit.

During analog recording, you can always insert track numbers manually by pressing TRACK INCR, on the remote control. The minimum track length is 4 sec. Track numbers cannot be changed after recording.

Preparing

- Place an unfinalized recordable disc, absolutely free of scratches and dust particles in the CD recorder tray.
- 2 Press SOURCE repeatedly to select the type of connection you made to your source of recording. Examples:
 - CD-player is connected with its digital out connector directly to the digital in connector of your CD-recorder; connection is DIGITAL!.
 - CD-player is connected with its analog out connectors directly to analog in connectors of your CD-recorder: connection is ANALOG
 - Turntable is connected with its analog out connectors to amplifier/receiver which is connected to the analog in connectors of your CD-recorder; connection is ANALOG
 - → DIGITAL I, OPTICAL I or ANALOG lights up and BIGITAL 1, OPTICAL or RMRLOG will appear on the display.
- 3 With the CD recorder stopped press RECORDING TYPE three times to select REC_MRNURL for recording of a single track.
 - → ¬¬ and MANUAL start to flash and the display shows the selection.
- If EHEER INPUT message and the input label DIGITAL Lor OPTICAL also flashes, switch on the external source or check the digital connection.
- You can record a 3-second silence at the start of a track by pressing PLAY/PAUSE >11 on the CD recorder before starting the recording.

Recording

- To start recording, press RECORD on the CD recorder and immediately start the source.
 - → ¬ lights continuously. The track number and recording time will appear on the display.
- To interrupt recording, press PLAY/PAUSE ► on the CD recorder.
 - → ¬¬ starts to flash, Resume at step 1.
- 2 To stop recording, press STOP = on the CD recorder.
 - → UPBRIE lights up and goes out.

After recording the display will show UPBRTS for several seconds.

Note: In case of AUTO TRACK ON, the recorder will stop automatically, Recordings from DAT, DCC or analog recordings will stop after 20 seconds of silence. With AUTO TRACK OFF, the recording will not stop automatically.

Finalizing

If you want to play the recorded CD(RW) on a normal CD player, you must first finalize the disc. Please note that you cannot add anymore tracks on a finalized CDR. See Finalizing CDR and CDRW discs.

Recording

Finalizing CDR & CDRW discs

During finalizing, the table of contents (TOC) is written to the disc

Finalizing is a simple procedure that is necessary in order to:

- be able to play recordings on a CD PLAYER
- avoid further unwanted recordings on a disc.
- avoid erasure of tracks on a CDRW,
- write CD text on a CDR(W).

Auto finalizing

The CDR(W) is automatically finalized when using the MAKE CD recording function.

Manual finalizing

- Make sure the disc (in the CD recorder) is absolutely free of scratches and dust particles.
- 2 With the recorder stopped, press FINALIZE.
 - → The display will show FINALIZE CD and PRESS RECORD.
- Press RECORD.
 - ## ## FINAL and the approximate finalization time is shown on the display.

The display counts down through the finalization. Upon completion, the total number of tracks and the total time recorded will appear on the display. For CDR(W), cdr(w) changes to cd on display.

Finalizing will take at least 2- 4 minutes.

Notes:

During finalization, the CD recorder will not accept operating commands.

When a CDR has been finalized, no more recordings can be added.

Unfinalizing CDRW discs

For CDRW discs only

If you want to make more recordings (or erase tracks) on a finalized disc, you must unfinalize it first. The index of the disc content will be removed.

To unfinalize

- With the CD recorder stopped, press RECORDING TYPE or ERASE.
 - → UNFINALIES and PRESS ENTER will appear on the display.
- 2 Press IOG (ENTER).
 - → The disc will now be unfinalized and can be used again to record.
- O If no further recording or erasure is required, press STOP ■.

Notes:

Unfinalizing will take approximately 1.5 minutes.
When unfinalizing a CDRW disc with text available, this text will be transferred to the CD recorder memory. However, if the text memory is full, the message MEMOR'S FULL FINALIZE CB will be displayed. Text must be erased, stored for other discs, or another disc must be finalized in order to create space in the memory.

Erasing CDRW discs content



For unfinalized CDRW discs only!

You can erase

- Tracks can only be erased from the end.
- With the EASY JOG you can select more then one track to be erased simultaneously.

Note: It is not possible to erase tracks within the sequence.

- It is also possible to erase the entire disc at once.

To erase one or more tracks from the end:

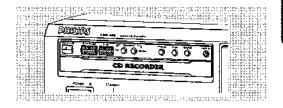
- Press ERASE once.
 - → The display will show the number of tracks and their total playing time. ERRSE TRREM and PRESS RECORD will light up.
- O If the disc is finalized, CD will appear on the display after inserting a CDRW in the recorder. The recorder will ask you to confirm unfinalizing first. Confirm by pressing the EASY IOG/ENTER key or ENTER on the remote control.
- Select the track(s) you wish to erase by turning the EASY JOG/ENTER key to the left.
 - The selected track numbers will start blinking on the track bar.
 - The display will show the remaining time after erasing the selected track(s). The track shown will be included in the tracks erased.
- Press RECORD.
 - → The display will show the total countdown time and ERRSE.
 - → After the selected track(s) has/have been erased, the display will show the number of remaining tracks and their total playing time.

To erase the entire disc:

- Press ERASE twice.
 - → The display will show the number of tracks and their total playing time. ERRSE_3150 and PRESS_RECORD_will light up.
- O If the disc is finalized, CD will appear on the display after inserting a CDRW in the recorder. The recorder will ask you to confirm unfinalizing first. Confirm by pressing the EASY IOG/ENTER key or ENTER on the remote control.
- Press RECORD.
 - → The display will show the total countdown time and ERRSE. The entire disc will be erased.

Erasing an entire disc may take up to 15 seconds.

Playing a CD



- Press PLAY/PAUSE ►II to start CD play.
 - will light up and the track number and track time of the track in play will appear on the display.
- 2 Press Display once, twice or three times to see:
 - Remaining track time, total remaining time, permanent text information and track time (see Menu mode).
- 3 To interrupt play temporarily, press PLAY/PAUSE ► t1 again.
 - → If will light on the display
- 4 To continue play, press PLAY/PAUSE ►IT again.
- To stop play, press STOP ■.
 - The number of tracks and the total playing time will appear on the display.

Selecting a track



Selecting a track during play

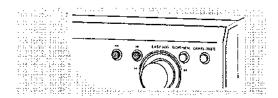
- Turn the EASY JOG/ENTER key until the required track number appears on the display.
 - → Play will skip to the beginning of the selected track.

Selecting a track when CD play is stopped

- Turn the EASY JOG/ENTER key until the required track number appears on the display.
- 2 Press EASY IOG/ENTER or ENTER on the remote control to confirm or press PLAY/PAUSE ► to start playing.

Note: You can also enter the required track number using the numerical keys on the remote control. For 2 digit numbers, press the keys in rapid succession.

Search



- Ho!d down ◄ or ► (in Play mode).
 - The player first searches backwards or forwards at 10 times normal speed, with sound at low volume, then goes to 50 times normal speed with sound muted.
- 2 Release the button at the desired passage.
 - → Play will start at the desired passage.

Note: During Shuffle, Repeat Track or Programmed play, search is restricted to within the track being played at the time.

Shuffle (random order) play

- Press SHUFFLE before or during CD play to start shuffle play.
 - The tracks on the CD (or program if set) will play in random order.
- 2 Press SHUFFLE again to return to normal CD play.
 - → CD recorder goes to Stop mode.

Note: Shuffle is also cleared when you open the disc tray.

Repeat CD, track or program

- Press repeat one or more times during CD play.
 - When REPEAT TRACK lights up, the current track will play repeatedly. When REPEAT ALL lights up, the entire disc or program plays repeatedly.
- 2 To return to normal play, press REPEAT one or more times until:
 - → The REPEAT text disappears from the display.

Note:

You can use shuffle in combination with REPEAT ALL or programmed play.

REPEAT is also cleared when you open the disc tray.

Programming tracks

- You can program up to 99 tracks to play in any desired sequence.
- Tracks can be programmed more than once, but each time counts as a track (STEP).

Programming

- 1 In Stop mode press PROGRAM to enter Program mode.
 - → **PROG** flashes and PROSRRM followed by track information appears on the display.
- Select the desired track numbers by turning the EASY JOG/ENTER key left or right and store by pressing ENTER.

QE:

Key in a track number with the number keys and press ENTER to confirm. For 2-digit numbers, press the keys in rapid succession.

- → The track will be stored in the program.
- The track number, total program time and the number of programmed tracks (STEPS) are displayed.
- 3 Repeat step 2 for all tracks to be programmed.
- 4 Press STOP m or PROGRAM to end programming.
 - → PROG lights continuously.
- 5 Press PLAY/PAUSE ►N to start programmed play.

Note

To review the program, press PROGRAM, followed by

→ or ➤ with the CD recorder in Stop mode.

To add more tracks to the program, repeat steps 1 to 5.

If you try to store more than 99 tracks,

PROS_FULL will appear on the display.

Clearing a program

- Press STOP

 if necessary to stop programmed play.
- 2 Press STOP again to clear the program.
 - → PROG will disappear from the display.
- The program is also cleared when you open the disc tray.

Erasing a track from a program

- In Stop mode press PROGRAM to enter Program mode.
- 2 Use ← or → to select the track from to be deleted.
 - The track number and program step will be shown on the display.
- Press CANCEL/DELETE to erase the track from the program.
 - The remaining program steps and the remaining playing time on the program will be displayed.

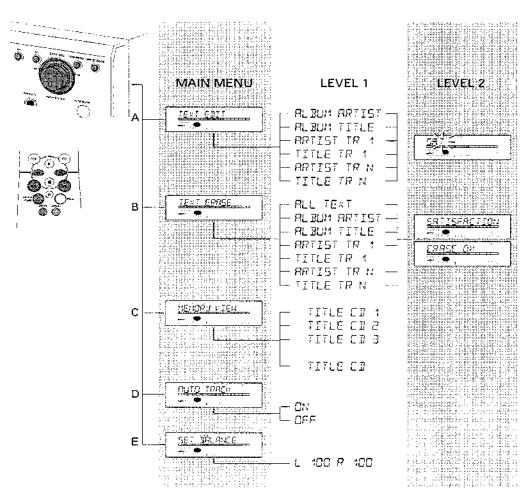
Remarks about Menu mode

- In Menu mode you will have access to a number of features which are not available via the regular keys (on the deck's front and the remote control).
- The TEXT submenus (A-B) allow you to give names to discs and tracks. The disc and track names will be displayed during playback.
- In the RECORDING submenus (D-E) you can set Auto Track and Balance.
- All settings (except Balance) made in Menu mode will be stored in the deck's memory and can be called up and changed at any time.

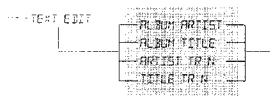
General operation of Menu

Menu active in Recording or Stop mode!

- When using the remote control, select CDR first.
- Press STORE/MENU on the deck or the remote control to enter Menu mode.
 - → TEKT EBIT will appear on the display.
- **3** Rotate EASY IOG/ENTER to select the required submenus:
- 4 Press EASY IOG/ENTER to confirm your selection.
- 5 Rotate EASY IOG/ENTER to select options in the submersus.
- 6 Press EASY IOG/ENTER to confirm selections.
- Press STORE/MENU to store settings and return to the submenu.
- 8 Press STOP to store settings and exit Menu mode. Note:Text can only be edited for unfinalized discs. (Finalized CDRW discs must be unfinalized first.)



A. Text input



CD text can be added and/or changed to a recording. This can be done in Stop mode or during recording. With this feature you can store the name of artist and album to a CDR as well as a track title and name of artist per title.

Text will be stored in the recorder memory and can be edited until the CDR is finalized. When a CDR(W) is finalized, the CDText will be written on the disc and removed from the recorder's memory. Text on a (finalized) CDRW can be edited at any time.

- Press STORE/MENU.
 - → 78%T SBIT will appear on the display.
- 2 Press EASY JOG/ENTER to confirm.
 - → REBUM RRTIST will appear on the display.
- 3 Rotate EASY JOG/ENTER to select the required option in the submenu: Rt. 3011 RRTIST, Rt. 3011 TITLE, RRTIST TR 1, TITLE TR 1, etc.
- 4 Press EASY JOG/ENTER to confirm.
 - → The first character space appears on the display.
- 5 Select the characters by rotating the EASY IOG/ENTER key or by pressing the corresponding numeric/alphabet key on the remote control.
- 6 Press EASY JOG/ENTER to store each character and move to the next cursor position.
- With the

 ← and
 ▶ keys you can move to a required cursor position.
- O. With the CANCEL key you can delete a character.
- 7 Press STORE/MENU to store the name you have entered and return to the submenu, or STOP ■ to exit.

Notes:

A maximum of 60 characters can be stored per item. By pressing the EASY IOG/ENTER key or ENTER on the remote control without selecting a character first, you can insert a space between characters.

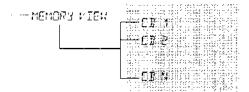
When an artist's name has been stored for a certain track, the name will automatically be copied for the next track. The name can be confirmed by pressing STORE/MENU or a new name can be entered as described above.

B. Erasing text



- Press STORE/MENU.
 - → TEXT EBIT will appears on the display.
- 2 Rotate the EASY IOG/ENTER key to select the TEXT ERASE submenu.
 - → TEXT ERRSE will appear on the display.
- 3 Press EASY IOG/ENTER to confirm.
 - → REL_TEXT appear on the display.
- 4 Rotate EASYJOG/ENTER to select the required option in the submenu: 90.1 TEXT, 90.3011 PRTIST, 90.But1
 TITLE RRTIST IR 1, TITLE TR 1, etc.
- 5 Press EASY JOG/ENTER to confirm.
 - The display will ask you to reconfirm your selection. €RRSE GK will appear on the display.
- 6 Press EASY JOG/ENTER to reconfirm.
 - → UPBRIE will appear on the display.
- 7 Press STORE/MENU to return to the submenu or STOP
 to exit.

C. Reviewing CD text in memory



CD text is stored in the recorder's memory. When a CDR(W) is finalized, the CD Text will be written on the disc and removed from the recorder's memory. With the MEMORY VIEW function you can view/delete the CD text in the recorder's memory for each unfinalized disc. The amount of memory used is displayed each time the tray opens with an unfinalized CDR(W) inserted (e.g. MEMORS SOLO).

- 1 Press \$TQRE/MENU.
 - → TEXT EBIT will appear on the display.
- Rotate the EASY IOG/ENTER key to select the MEMORY VIEW submenu.
 - → MEMORY FIEW will appear on the display.
- 3 Press EASY JOG/ENTER to confirm.
 - The first album title in the recorder memory will appear on the display.
- 4 Select the album title you wish to erase.
- 5 Press EASY JOG/ENTER to confirm.
 - → 5유유58 개용배요요상 will appear on the display.
- 6 Press the EASY JOG/ENTER key to confirm the erasure of the text for that particular disc.
 - → UPBRIE will appear on the display.
- 7 Press STORE/MENU to return to the submenu or STOP = to exit.

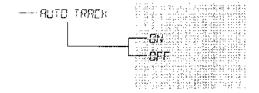
Notes:

If there are no discs in the memory, the message MEMORY 84PT3 will appear on the display.

When the text memory of your CD recorder is full, the message MEMOR'S FULL will appear followed by FINRLIZE CD. If you want to add a CD to the list of discs for which text is stored, you will have to erase a disc from this list or finalize another disc for which text is stored.

mEMDRB FULL FINRLIZE CB may also appear when unfinalizing a CDRW disc for which text was stored (see 'Unfinalizing CDRW discs'). The same action(s) should be taken in order to obtain memory space.

D. Auto track increment



Track increments

During synchronised recordings, track numbers will be copied from the original. This will be done automatically for cigital sources. For analog recordings, the set can detect silences (longer than 2.7 seconds) in the source material and start a new track (Auto track increment).

Auto Track is however dependent on the quality of the analog source material and will not always increase the track number like on the original.

Auto Track is default switched on. If you wish to switch Auto Track off or on:

- Press STORE/MENU.
 - → TEXT EDIT will appear on the display.
- Rotate the EASY JOG/ENTER key to select the AUTO TRACK submenu.
 - → RUTO TRREK will appear on the display.
- 3 Press EASY JOG/ENTER to confirm.
 - → CN or CFF will appear on the display.
- 4 Turn the EASY IOG/ENTER key to select Auto track GFF or file.
- 5 Press EASY JOG/ENTER to confirm.
 - → PUTE TRREM will appear on the display.
- 6 Press STOP to exit.

During analog recording, you can always insert track numbers manually by pressing TRACK INCR on the remote control. It is not possible to add track numbers manually during digital recording. The minimum track length is 4 sec. Track numbers cannot be changed after recording.

Note: Auto Track is always active during synchronised recordings.

E. Balance



This feature is only active in Record/Standby mode

- 1 Press STORE/MENU.
 - → TEXT SBIT will appear on the display.
- 2 Rotate the EASY JOG/ENTER key to select the SET BALANCE submenu.
 - → 567 BRURNEE will appear on the display.
- 3 Press EASY JOG/ENTER to confirm.
 - \rightarrow and ϵ 400 R 400 will appear on the display.
- 4 Adjust recording balance by turning the EASY JOG/ENTER key.
- Turn to the left the figure on the left () counts down, that on the right counts up.
- Turn to the right: the figure on the right (——) counts down, that on the left counts up.
- 5 Press EASY JOG/ENTER to confirm.
- 6 Press STORE/MENU to store settings.

Note: The balance setting will not be stored permanently.

Troubleshooting

WARNING

Under no circumstances should you try to repair the set yourself as this will invalidate the guarantee. Do not open the set as there is a risk of electric shock.

If a fault occurs, first check the points listed, before taking the set for repair. If you are unable to solve a problem by following these hints, consult your dealer or service centre.

This unit employs a laser. Only a qualified service person should remove the cover or attempt to service this device, due to possible eye injury.

Problem	Solution:
No power	 ensure that the ON/OFF key is in the on position (red LED on): the CD recorder is in standby mode, press any key to activate it make sure that the power cable is plugged in correctly switch the recorder OFF and then immediately back ON
No sound	- check the audio connections - try using a different source on the amplifier
Amplifier sound is distorted	- make sure that the CD recorder analog output is not connected to the amplifier Phono input
Play will not start	 make sure that the label of the CD is facing up clean the disc make sure that the disc is not defective by trying another disc
Remote control does not work	 press CDR on the remote control and try again point the remote control directly at the CD recorder check the batteries and replace if necessary select the right source first
Will not record	- clean the disc - check if CDR(W) is an unfinalized disc - check that the disc is recordable and replace if necessary - the disc is not an AUDIO disc (WRONG_BISC) - wrong input source chosen, laput label flashing (EMECK_INPUT) - try using a Philips Audio CDR(W)
Recording is distorted	- make sure the recording level is correct
20 second pause between recordings	- see "Autostart recording".
Recorder does not react	- switch the ON/OFF button on the front of the recorder off and back on
BISC RECOVER on display	 a power failure has occurred during recording; the CD recorder is attempting to repair the disc
FISC ERROR appears on the display	 the disc cannot be recorded further, and cannot be finalized. on a CDRW disc, the track being recorded is lost, but further recording and finalization can still be done
Recorded tracks do not start or stop at the correct time or tracks have been merged together	 try another auto track setting check if there are at least 2.7 seconds silence in between the tracks (analog recording only) insert track increments manually with the remote control
SIRRI SOURCE Indication	 start the synchronized external recording by pressing PLAY on the external source you wish to record from.

8. Faultfinding Guide

8.1 Display Board

8.1.1 Description of display board

General description

The display board has three major parts: the FTD (Fluorescent Tube Display), the display controller TMP87C874F and the keyboard. The display controller is controlled by the DASP master processor on the CDR main board. The communication protocol used is I2C. So all the information between DASP and display controller goes via the SDA or I2C DATA and SCL or I2C CLK lines. Communication is always initiated by the DASP on the CDR main board. Unlike the previous generations of CDR players, the interrupt generated by the display controller at key-press or reception of remote control is not used. Instead, the DASP polls the display controller for these events.

Display controller TMP87C874F

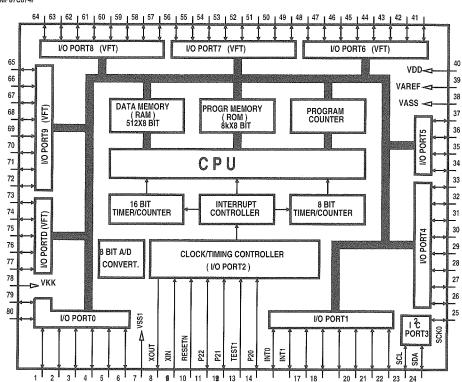
TMP87C874F (IC7104) is a high speed and high performance 8-bit single chip microprocessor, containing 8-bit A/D conversion inputs and a VFT (Vacuum Fluorescent Tube) driver. In this application, its functions are:

- · slave microprocessor.
- FTD driver.
- generates the square wave for the filament voltage required for an AC FTD.
- · generates the grid and segment scanning for the FTD.
- generates the scanning grid for the key matrix.
- · input for remote control.

All the communication runs via the serial bus interface I2C. The display controller uses an 8Mhz resonator as clock driver.

BLOCK DIAGRAM

TMP87C874F



PIN DESCRIPTIONS

INT0	external interrupt input 0	
INT1	external interrupt input 1	
RESETN	reset signal input, active low	
SCL	I2C-bus serial clock input/output	
SDA	I2C-bus serial data input/output	
TEST	test pin, tied to low	
VAREF	analog reference voltage input	
VASS	analog reference ground	
VDD	+5V	
VKK	VFT driver power supply	
VSS	ground	
XIN, XOUT	resonator connecting pins for high-frequency clock	

CL 96532076_028.eps

Figure 8-1

8.1.2 Test instructions

Supply voltages

The display board receives several voltages via connector 1119 (and connector 1121 for CDR570/930).

- VFTD: -38V ±5% measured at pin 2 of conn. 1119.
- VDC1-VDC2 : 3V8 $\pm 10\%$ measured between pin 1 and 3 of conn. 1119.
- +5V: +5V ±5% measured at pin 10 of conn. 1119 (pin 4 of conn. 1121 for CDR570/930).

Voltages VFTD, VDC1 and VDC2 are produced in the power supply unit and sent to the display board via the CDR main board. The +5V voltage is produced on the CDR main board as D5V.

Clock signal

As clock driver for the display controller, a resonator of 8 Mhz (1110) is used. The signal can be measured at pins 8 and 9 of the display controller : 8 Mhz $\pm 5\%$.

Control signals

RESET

The reset signal comes via pin 4 of conn. 1119 from the DASP master processor on the CDR main board (SYS_RESET). The reset is low active. It should be kept low during power up for at least 3 machine cycles with supply voltage in operating range and a stable clock signal (1 machine cycle = $12 \times 1/Fc$ (8 Mhz) sec.). During normal operation, the reset should be high (3V3). The high signal is 3V3 because the DASP operates on 3V3.

12C DATA/I2C CLK

These lines connect to the DASP master processor via respectively pin 5 and pin 7 of conn. 1119 (pin 5 of conn. 1119 and pin 1 of conn. 1121 for CDR570/930). When there is no communication, they should have the high level (+5V). The oscillogram below gives an indication of how these signals should look like.

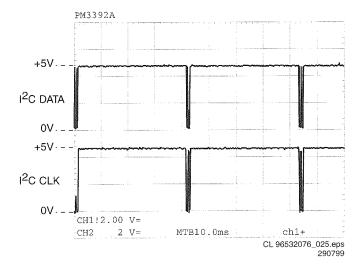


Figure 8-2 'I2C signals'

FTD drive lines

Filament voltage

Should measure 3.8V $\pm 10\%$ (=VDC1-VDC2) between pins 1-2-3 and pins 45-46-47 (pins 1-2 and pins 48-49 for CDR570/930) of the FTD (1113).

Grid lines

Level and timing of all grid lines, G1-->G15, can be checked either at the FTD itself or at the display controller. Grid lines G13, G14 and G15 each have an extra current amplifier in line: T7203 for G13, T7204 for G14 and T7100 for G15. A typical grid line signal shows in the oscillogram below.

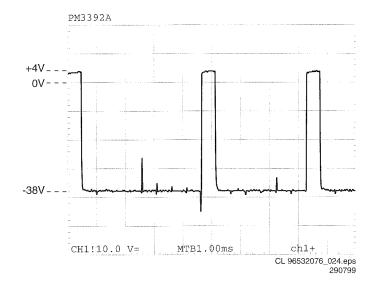


Figure 8-3 'Gridline'

Segment lines

Level and timing of all segment lines, P1-->P21 (P1-->P20 for CDR570/930), can be checked either at the FTD itself or at the display controller. The data on these segment lines however, depends on the characters displayed. The oscillogram below shows a segment line with data. A segment line without data maintains a -38V level.

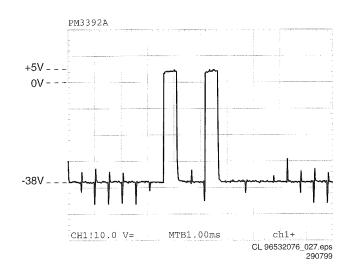


Figure 8-4 'Segment line'

Key matrix lines

The lines connected to pins 34, 35, 36 and 37 of the display controller act as matrix scanners. Without a key pressed, they maintain a low level. As soon as a key is pressed, the scanning line connected to that key puts out a scanning signal, which should look like the oscillogram below. This scanning signal goes via the pressed key to I/O port 4 of the display controller (pins 28 to 33). The display controller can now determine which

key has been pressed. Without a key pressed, pins 28 to 33 of the display controller maintain a high level (+5V).

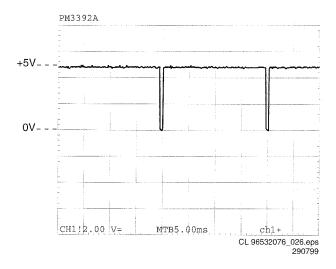


Figure 8-5 'Key matrix scan line'

Easy jog knob

Rotary operation

The easy jog knob (1050) incorporates a whole heap of user control possibilities in just one knob. Without the knob being operated, pin 1 and 3 of the knob (and thus pin 16 and 17 of the display controller), maintain the +5V level. Turning the knob clockwise briefly connects pin 1 to GND followed by pin 3.

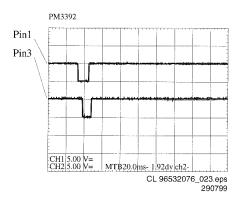


Figure 8-6 'Turn clockwise'

Turning the knob anti-clockwise briefly connects pin 3 to GND followed by pin 1.

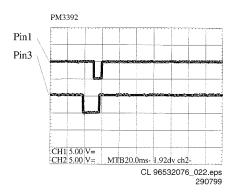


Figure 8-7 'Turn anti-clockwise'

The pulses created this way arrive at pin 16 and 17 of the display controller. The first pulse to arrive tells the controller the direction of the rotation. Counting the pulses reveals the amount of rotation. Combining and decoding this information, the display controller will execute the appropriate task.

Push button operation

This button connects to the key matrix lines and thus the operation is identical to the ordinary keys. Without being pressed, pin 4 of the easy jog maintains the low level, pin 5 the high level. When pressed the scanning signal goes through the closed contact of pins 4 and 5, and can be checked at both pins.

IR receiver - remote control

In the CDR570/930 the IR receiver TSOP1736 (6101) is mounted on the display board. In the CDR770 that same IR receiver (6200) is mounted on a small board together with the headphone socket. In the CDR775 the IR receiver (6200) is mounted on its own small board. In all versions the IR receiver connects to the display controller. The signal coming from the receiver can be checked at pin 22 of the display controller. This signal is normally high (+5V). When the remote control is being operated, pulses mixed in with the +5V can be measured. The oscillogram gives an indication of how the signal looks like with the RC being operated.

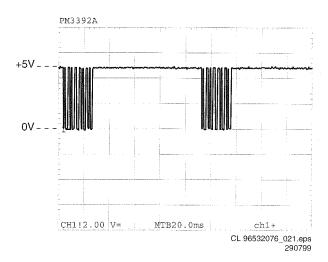


Figure 8-8 'IR receiver signal'

8.1.3 Display board troubleshooting guide

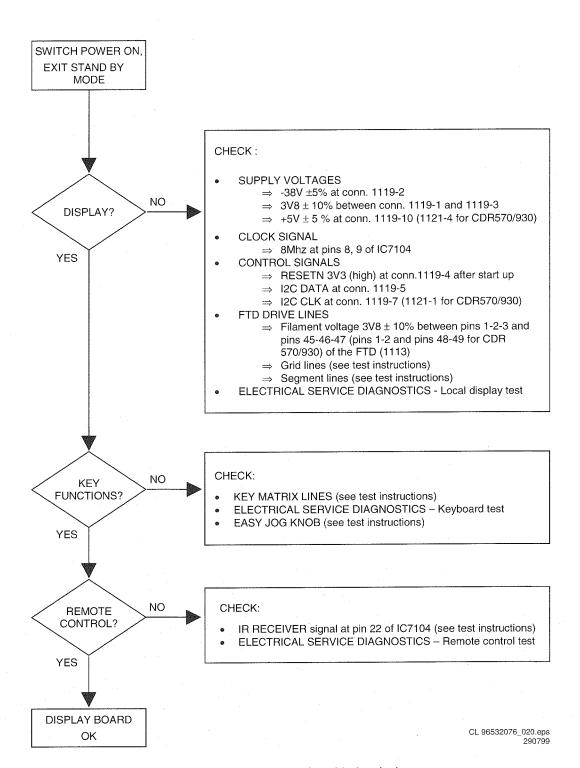


Figure 8-9 'Display board troubleshooting'

Circuit description of the current mode power supply

Blockdiagram

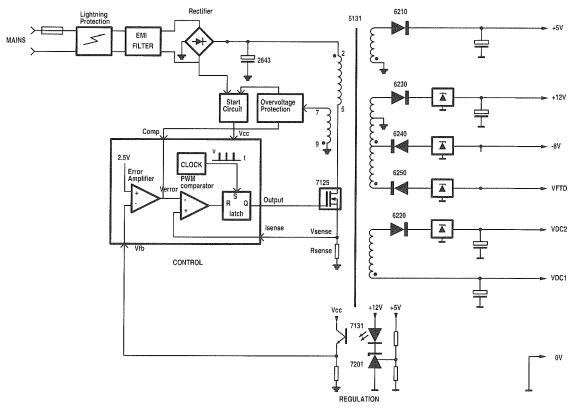


Figure A: Blockdiagram power supply

Function description

MOSFET 7125 is used as a power switch controlled by the controller IC 7110. When the switch is closed, energy is transferred from mains to the transformer. This energy is supplied to the load when the switch is opened. Through control of the switched-on time, the energy transferred in each cycle is regulated so that the output voltages are independent of load or input voltage variations. The controlling device UC3842 is an integrated pulse width modulator. A clock signal initiates power pulses at a fixed frequency. The termination of each output pulse occurs when a feedback signal of the inductor current reaches a threshold set by the error signal. In this way the error signal actually controls the peak inductor current on cycle-by cycle basis.

Description of UC3842

The input voltage Vcc(pin 7) is monitored by a comparator with hysteresis, enabling the circuit at 16V and disabling the circuit below 10V. The error amplifier compares a voltage Vfb(pin 2) related to the output voltage of the power supply, with an internal 2.5V reference. The current sense comparator compares the output of the error amplifier with the switch current Isense(pin 3) of the power supply. The output of the current sense comparator resets a latch, which is set every cycle by the oscillator. The output stage is a totem pole, capable of driving a MOSFET directly

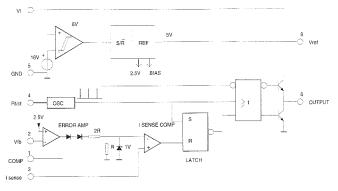


Figure B: Blockdiagram UC3842

Start up sequence

t1: Charging the capacitor at Vcc

C2129 will be charged via R3123 and R3134, C2133 and C2111 via R3129. The output is switched off During t1.

t2: Charging of output capacitors

When the input voltage of the IC exceeds 14,5V, the circuit is enabled and starts to produce output pulses. The current consumption of the circuit increases to about 17mA, depending on the external loads of the IC. At first, the capacitor at the Vcc pin will discharge because the primairy auxiliary voltage, coming from winding 7-9 is below the Vcc voltage. At some moment during t2, the primary auxiliary voltages reaches the same level as Vcc. This primary auxiliary voltage now determines the Vcc voltage

t3: regulation

The output voltage of the power supply is in regulation

t4: overload

When the output is shortened, the supply voltage of the circuit will decrease and after some time drop below the lower threshold voltage. At that moment, the output will be disabled and the process of charging the Vcc capacitor starts again. If the output is still shorted at the next t2 phase, the complete start-and stop sequence will repeat. The power supply comes in a hiccup mode

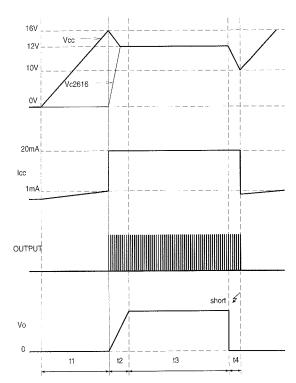


Figure C: Start-up sequence

Regulation

Figure 4 shows the most relevant signals during the regulation phase of the power supply.

The oscillator voltage ramps up and down between V1 and V2. The voltage at the current sense terminal is compared every cycle with the output of the error amplifier Vcomp. The output is switched off when the current sense level exceeds the level at the output of the error amplifier.

- 1. **Time**_{ON} **phase**: A drain current will flow from the positive supply at pin 1 through the transformer's primary winding, the MOSFET and Rsense to ground. As the positive voltage at pin 1 of the transformer is constant, the current will increase linearly and create a ramp dependent on the mains voltage and the inductance of the primary winding. A certain amount of energy is stored in the transformer in the form of a magnetic field. The polarity of the voltages at the secundary windings is such that the diodes are non-conducting.
- 2. **Time**_{DIODE} **phase**: When the MOSFET is switched off, energy is no longer supplied to the tranformer. The inductance of the tranformer now tries to maintain the current which has been flowing through it at a constant level. The polarity of the voltage from the transformer therefore becomes reversed. This results in a current flow through the tranformer's secondary winding via the diodes, electrolytic capacitors and the load. This current is also ramp shaped but decreasing.
- 3. **Time**_{DEAD} **phase**: when the stored energy has been supplied to the load, the voltage from the secondary windings falls below the output voltage(held constant by the electrolytic capacitors) plus the threshold voltage of the diodes. The current in the secondary winding stops flowing. At this point, the drain voltage of the MOSFET is not yet zero because C2609 between drain and source contains a certain charge. This charge will start a sine-shaped ringing together with the transformer's self-induction.

The oscillator will start a next cyclus which consists of the described three phases.

The time of the different phases depends on the mains voltage and the load.

Time $_{\rm DEAD}$ is maximum at an input of $400V_{\rm DC}$ and minimum load, it will be zero at an input of $100V_{\rm DC}$ and overload.

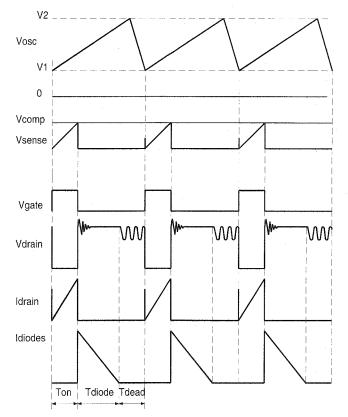
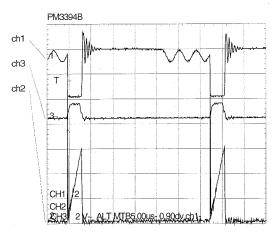


Figure D

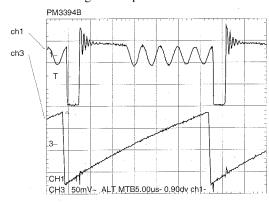
Oscillograms



ch1: Drain voltage at testpoint T632

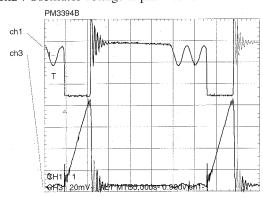
ch2: Drain current

ch3: Gate voltage at testpoint T669



ch1: Drain voltage(T632)

ch2: Oscillator voltage at pin 4 of IC7612



ch1 : Drain voltage(T632)
ch3 : Sense voltage(T612)

Circuit description

Input circuit

The input circuit consists of a lightning protection circuit and an EMI filter.

The lightning protection comprises R3120, gasarrestor 1125 and R3124.

The EMI filter is formed by C2120, L5120, C2125 and R3124. It prevents inflow of noise into/from the mains.

Primary rectifier/smoothing circuit

The AC input is rectified by rectifier bridge 6102 and smoothed into C2121. The voltage over C2121 is approximately 300V. It can vary from 100V to 390V.

Start circuit and Vcc supply

This circuit is formed by R3123, R3134, C2129, D6129, R3129, R3111, C2133 and C2111.

When the power plug is connected to the mains voltage, the stabilised voltage over D6129(24V) will charge C2133 via R3129. When the voltage reaches 14,5V across C2111, the control circuit of IC7110 is turned on and the regulation starts. During regulation, Vcc of IC7110 will be supplied by the rectified voltage from winding 7-9 via L5132, D6132 and C2133.

Control circuit

The control circuit exists of IC7110, C2102, C2104, C2107, C2109, C2110, R3102, R3103, R3104, R3107, R3108, R3109 and R3110. C2102 and R3110 define the frequency of the oscillator.

Power switch circuit

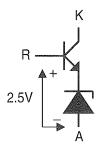
This circuit comprises MOSFET 7125, Rsense 3126, 3127 and 3128, R3125, C2127, L5125, R3112 and R3113. R3125 is a pull-down resistor to remove static charges from the gate of the MOSFET.

Regulation circuit

The regulation circuit comprises opto-coupler 7200 which isolates the error signal from the control IC on the primary side and a reference component 7201.

The TL431(7201) can be represented by two components:

- a very stable and accurate reference diode
- a high gain amplifier



TL431 will conduct from cathode to anode when the reference is higher than the internal reference voltage of about 2.5V. If the reference voltage is lower, the cathode current is almost zero.

The cathode current flows through the LED of the optocoupler. The collector current of the opto-coupler flows through R3106, producing an error voltage, connected to voltage feedback pin 14 of IC7110.

Overvoltage protection circuit

This circuit consist of D6114, C2114, R3115 and R3116. When the regulation circuit is interrupted due to an error in the control loop, the regulated output voltage will increase (overvoltage). This overvoltage is sensed on the primary winding 7-9. When an overvoltage longer than 2.0µs is detected, the output is disabled until Vcc is removed and then re-applied. The power supply will come in a hiccup mode as long as the error in the control loop is present.

Secondary rectifier/smoothing circuit

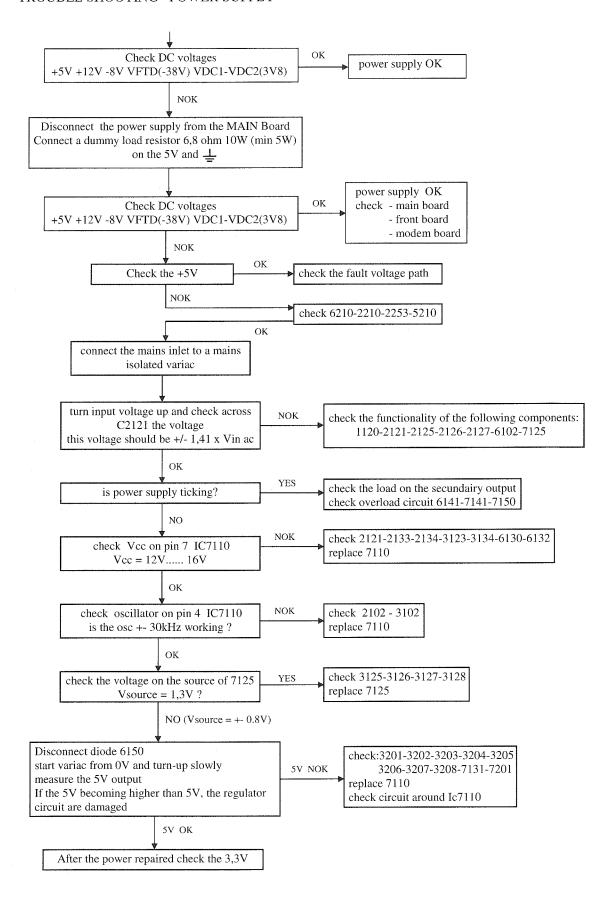
There are 5 rectifier/smoothing circuits on the secondary side. Each voltage depends on the number of windings of the transformer.

The -8V supply is regulated by voltage regulator 7249.

On/off circuit

In off mode pin 1 and pin 2 of connector 0206 are connected. The high voltage (-8V, +12V) over opto coupler 7200 forces this one to conduct . IC 7110 is switched off

TROUBLE SHOOTING POWER SUPPLY



9. List of Abbreviations

SIGNAL NAME	SIGNAL FLOW	FUNCTION AND DESCRIPTION
+12V	main supply voltage from PSU	+12V supply voltage from PSU
+12VA	supply voltage	+12V supply voltage for Audio part
+5V	main supply voltage from PSU	+5V supply voltage from PSU
+5VA	supply voltage	+5V supply voltage for Audio part
+9SRVPWR	IC7558 ->- IC7240	PoWeR supply for SeRVo driver IC
12VPWR	supply voltage	+12V supply voltage for servo part
-8V	main supply voltage from PSU	-8V supply voltage from PSU
-8VA	supply voltage	-8V supply voltage for Audio part
A(1:20)	IC7701 -> R3818,R3819, R3820, R3821, R3897 -> IC7703	Address lines 1 to 20 between DASP and flash ROM
A(10:20)	IC7701 -> R3819, R3820, R3821 -> IC7702	Address lines 10 to 20 between DASP and DRAM
A1	IC7010 -> IC7270	amplitude of the "land" reflection relative to the average EFM, voltage output, OPC input
A1LF, A2LF	CONN1000 -> IC7010	satellite photo diodes A1, A2 current output
A2	IC7010 -> IC7270	amplitude of the "pit" reflection relative to the average EFM, voltage output, OPC input
A-8V	supply voltage	-8V supply voltage for servo part
AEGER		Analog Error signal GEnerator for Recordable
AINTON	IC7008 -> IC7010	Alpha INTegrator ON (to AEGER)
ALE	IC7270 -> R3213 -> IC7209, IC7300IC7270 -> R3230	Address Latch Enable; external address latch strobe line, freeze address when low
ALPHA0	IC7270 -> IC7010	analog voltage mode output from OPC D/A converter
ALS	IC7008 -> IC7010	Alpha Loop Switch (to AEGER)
ASTROBE	IC7008 -> IC7010	Alpha STROBE (to AEGER)
ATIP		Absolute Time In Pre-groove (sync signal)
ATIPSYNC	IC7300 -> IC7270	ATIP SYNC signal
ATT	IC7270 -> R3717, R3722IC7270 -> IC7701	ATTenuation request from MACE2 to audio DAC, active low; means that the output can be attenuated in case of search activities
B1LF, B2LF	CONN1000 -> IC7010	satellite photo diodes B1, B2 current output
BCLK	IC7701 -> R3898A -> IC7300	I2S1 BitCLocK from DASP to CDR60 (playback and record)
BE_RESET	IC7701 -> R3261 -> IC7270IC7701 -> R3716	Basic Engine RESET, active high
BIASC	IC7008 -> R3056	BIAS Current switch CDRW output
BKPT	CONN1819, R3907 -> IC7701	JTAG mode select / debug mode BreaKPoinT
C1LF, , C4LF	CONN1000 -> IC7010	Central photo diodes C1, C2, C3, C4 current output
CAGAIN	R3016,R3115 -> IC7010	set-point laser power on disc, current input
CAHF	CONN1000 -> C2374	Central Aperture (central photo diodes) High Frequency current output (C1+C2+C3+C4)
CALF	IC7010 -> IC7270	Central Aperture (central photo diodes) Low-pass Filtered signal (DC coupled EFM signal), voltage output, OPC input
CAS0	IC7701 -> IC7702	Column Address Strobe DRAM for upper byte
CAS1	IC7701 -> IC7702	Column Address Strobe DRAM for lower byte
CDR	IC7008 -> IC7355	CDR strategy detected output (active high)
CDR60CFLG	IC7300 -> R3382B -> CONN1812	serial output of error corrector status information of the CDR60- decoder, to be measured at test connector
CDR60CL1	IC7300 -> R3382C -> CONN1812	output of CLock signal for testing system clock of IC CDR60 at test connector
CDR60CS	IC7270 -> R3235B -> R3702, IC7300	CDR60 Chip Select, active high
CDR60INT	IC7300 -> IC7270	CDR60 INTerrupt line, active low
CDR60LWRT	IC7300 -> R3048	CDR60 Laser WRiTe control output
CDR60MEAS1	IC7300 -> R3382A -> CONN1812	serial output of information about jitter, PLL frequency and asymmetry of bit recovery block in CDR60, to be measured at test connector
CDR60PLL	IC7270 -> R3305 -> IC7300	CDR60 clock multiplier enable, active high
CDRW	IC7355D -> IC7355CIC7355D -> CONN1000	inverted CDR-strategy-detected signal
CLK_OUT	IC7701 -> R3771 -> CONN1819	system CLocK OUT
CLK_SYS	IC7701 -> R3727, R3731	oscillator output
COS-	CONN1220 -> IC7225B	Hall feedback signal from sledge motor

GDR600

COS+	CONN1220 -> IC7225B	Hall feedback signal from sledge motor
CSFLASH	IC7701 -> IC7703	Chip Select for FLASH or boot device
CSRAM	IC7270 -> R3235A -> R3703, IC7802	Chip Select SRAM, active low
D(16:31)	IC7701 <-> R3822, R3823, R3824, R3825	Databus bit 16 to 31 between DASP, flash ROM and DRAM
D(10.51)	<-> C7703, C7702	Databas Sit 16 to 61 Sottroom Sites () tage 17 Sottroom Sites Sites Sites () tage 17 Sottroom Sites Sites Sites () tage 17 Sottroom Sites () tage 17
D3V3	supply voltage	+3,3V supply voltage for Digital part
D5V	supply voltage	+5V supply voltage for Digital part
D5VS	supply voltage	+5V supply voltage for Servo part
DALPHA	IC7010 -> R3037	ALPHA error signal for laser power control
DASP		Digital Audio Signal Processor
DATAI	IC7701 -> R3898C -> IC7300	I2S1 DATA In from DASP to CDR60 (recording)
DATAO	IC7300 -> R3314 -> IC7701	I2S1 DATA Out from CDR60 to DASP (playback)
DEEMP	IC7270 -> R3719, R3724IC7270 -> IC7701	DE-EMphasis control for audio DAC from MACE2, active high; means that de-emphasis is needed in digital filter
DELTAP	IC7016 -> R3126	DELTA Power current source drive signal from XDAC
DIG_OUT_C	IC7701 -> R3706 -> C2707, CONN1400	Common DIGital OUTput (consumer)
DISPLAY_INT	F934 -> R3812, IC7701	DISPLAY INTerrupt
DMON	IC7270 -> R3324	power save at stop, active low
DOBM_CD	CONN1708, C2731 -> R3757 -> R3903 -> IC7701	Digital Output (EBU output) from CD player in CDR775 to DASP
DOBM_CDR	IC7300 -> R3382D -> C2379, IC7701	Digital Output (EBU output) from CDR60 to DASP
DRAM_RW	IC7701 -> IC7702	Read/Write strobe for DRAM
DSA_ACK_CD	IC7701 <-> R3830 <-> R3831 <->	Data/Strobe/Acknowledge serial communication between DASP and
	CONN1708IC7701 <-> R3830 <-> C2735	CD-player in CDR775
DSA_ACK_CDR	IC7701 -> R3729 -> IC7270, CONN1830IC7701 -> R3729 -> R3769	Data/Strobe/Acknowledge serial communication between MACE2 and DASP for CDR; acknowledge input for MACE2 is strobe output for DASP
DSA_DATA_CD	IC7701 <-> R3828 <-> R3829 <-> CONN1708IC7701 <-> R3828 <-> C2733	Data/Strobe/Acknowledge serial communication between DASP and CD-player in CDR775
DSA_DATA_CDR	IC7270<->R3246 <-> R3813 <-> IC7701, CONN1830IC7270<->R3246 <-> R3767	Data/Strobe/Acknowledge serial communication between MACE2 and DASP for CDR
DSA_STR_CD	IC7701 <-> R3835 <-> R3832 <-> CONN1708IC7701 <-> R3835 <->C2734	Data/Strobe/Acknowledge serial communication between DASP and CD-player in CDR775
DSA_STR_CDR	IC7270 -> R3245 -> IC7701, CONN1830IC7270 -> R3245 -> R3768	Data/Strobe/Acknowledge serial communication between MACE2 and DASP for CDR (strobe output for MACE2 is acknowledge input for DASP)
DSCLK	CONN1819, R3908 -> IC7701	reset in / Debug Serial CLocK in
DSI	CONN1819, R3909 -> IC7701	JTAG reset in / Debug Serial clock In
EFM		Eight to Fourteen Modulation = modulation method used for CD storage, also the actual raw CD signal as written or read on or from the CD disc
EFMCLK	IC7300 -> IC7008	EFM CLocK output
EFMDATA	IC7300 -> IC7008	EFM DATA output
EFMTIM3		EFM TIMing generator
EPON	IC7008 -> R3010IC7008 -> C2010	Erase Power ON
EPONO	IC7008 -> R3107	Erase Power ON Open drain output
EPONRC	R3004 -> CONN1000	Erase Power ON (after RC circuit)
ERASEC	IC7008 -> R3087	ERASE Current switch CDRW output
ERON	IC7008 -> IC 7010	ERror ON (to AEGER)
EXT_DIG_IN1	CONN1400 -> IC7701	EXTernal DIGital INput 1
EXT_DIG_IN2	CONN1702, C2767, C2721 -> R3701 - >IC7701	EXTernal DIGital INput 2 (CDR950 only)
EXT_OPT_IN	CONN1400, C2722 -> R3708 -> IC7701	EXTernal OPTical INput
F_READY	IC7703 -> R3817 -> IC7701CONN1701 -> IC7701	Flash READY detection, this line is forced low as long as the flash is busy with erase or program algorithm
F_RW	IC7701 -> IC7708B	Read/Write strobe for Flash ROM
FEN	IC7010 -> IC7270	Focus Error Normalized current output
FOC-	IC7240 -> CONN1000	FOCus actuator drive signal negative connection
FOC+	IC7240 -> CONN1000	FOCus actuator drive signal positive connection
FS30V	D6500 -> CONN1000	Forward Sense diode 30V power supply
FSA	CONN1000 -> T7119, T7120	Forward Sense photo diode current output
FSCLR	IC7008 -> IC7126	Forward Sense signals CLeaR switch
FSOF	IC7008 -> R3052	Forward Sense photo diode sampling OFf
. 50,	10,000 > 11000E	1

FSON	IC7008 -> R3051	Forward Sense photo diode sampling ON
FSR	R3040 -> IC7270	Forward Sense signal while Reading for read control loop
FSRS	IC7008 -> IC7126D	Forward Sense photo diode Read Sampling
FSW	R3050 -> IC7270	Forward Sense signal while Writing for write control loop
FSWS	IC7008 -> IC7126C	Forward Sense photo diode Write Sampling
FWEN	IC7270 -> IC7208, R3806	Flash EPROM Write ENable
	IC7330 -> IC7300, CONN1812	HALL feedback signals from turn table motor via hall motor driver
HALL_W	107000 7 107000, 0011111012	The Election of the Health and the H
HFS0	IC7270 -> R3249 -> IC7360	select HF circuit
12C		Inter IC
I2C_CLK	IC7701, R3711 -> R3715 -> C2709 ->	I2C CLocK line used for display slave processor and digital potmeter
	F934IC7701, R3711 -> IC7801	
I2C_DATA	IC7701, R3712 <-> R3713 <-> C2708, R3714 <-> F934IC7701, R3712 <-> IC7801	I2C DATA line used for display slave processor and digital potmeter
I2CL	R3248B -> IC7207, R3247C	I2C CLock line
I2CSCL	IC7207 -> IC7008IC7207 -> IC7010IC7207 -> R3248B	I2C Serial CLock line
I2CSDA	IC7207 <-> IC7008IC7207 <-> IC7010IC7207 <-> R3248A	I2C Serial DAta line
I2DA	R3248A <-> IC7270,R3247D	I2C DAta line
I2S_BCLK_AI	IC7701 -> R3814 -> IC7406	I2S4 Bit CLocK for CODEC (ADC for CDR950) Analog Input (record
		from analog source)
I2S_BCLK_AO	IC7701 -> R3894A -> IC7406	I2S2 Bit CLocK for CODEC (DAC for CDR950) Analog Output
I2S_BCLK_CD	CONN1708, C2739 -> R3834 -> IC7701	I2S3 Bit CLocK from CD player (record n=2) (CDR775 only)
I2S_BCLK_MIC	CONN1708, C2739 -> R3834 -> IC7701	I2S3 Bit CLocK from MICrophone (CDR950 only)
I2S_DATA_AI	IC7406 -> IC7701	I2S4 DATA from CODEC (ADC for CDR950) Analog Input (record from analog source)
I2S_DATA_AO	IC7701 -> R3894C -> IC7406	12S2 DATA for CODEC (DAC for CDR950) Analog Output
I2S_DATA_CD	CONN1708, C2738 -> R3836 -> IC7701	I2S3 DATA from CD player (record n=2) (CDR775 only)
I2S_DATA_MIC	CONN1708, C2738 -> R3836 -> IC7701	I2S3 DATA from MICrophone (CDR950 only)
I2S_WS_AI	IC7701 -> R3743 -> IC7406	I2S4 Word CLocK for CODEC (ADC for CDR950) Analog Input (record from analog source)
I2S_WS_AO	IC7701 -> R3894B -> IC7406	I2S2 Word CLocK for CODEC (DAC for CDR950) Analog Output
I2S_WS_CD	CONN1708, C2740 -> R3833 -> IC7701	I2S3 Word CLocK from CD player (record n=2) (CDR775 only)
I2S_WS_MIC	CONN1708, C2740 -> R3833 -> IC7701	I2S3 Word CLocK from MICrophone (CDR950 only)
I2S1_MS	IC7270 -> R3910, IC7701	I2S1 Master-Slave interrupt from MACE2
IE	T7121 -> CONN1000	laser Erase drive current signal
INT_COPY_ANA	IC7701 -> R3721 -> IC7401IC7701 -> R3721 -> R3410	select INTernal COPY ANAlog (in case of copy protected disc or track on CD drive) (CDR775 only)
IR	T7135 -> CONN1000T7135 -> R3056T7135 -> IC7008	laser Read drive current signal
IW	T7122 -> CONN1000T7122 -> D6003	laser Write drive current signal
KEY_PRESSED	IC7706B -> R3816 -> IC7701	KEY PRESSED interrupt
KILL	T7560, T7561, R3560 -> CONN1400, R3424, R3428	KILL signal from power supply part to audio outputs
KILL_OUT	IC7701 -> R3532	disables the KILL activity from the PSU; 1 = no kill,0 = kill active
L12V	supply voltage	+12V supply voltage for servo/Laser part
L3_CLK	IC7701 -> R3725 -> IC7406	L3 interface CLocK line / control CODEC (not for CDR950)
L3_DATA	IC7701 <-> R3728 <-> IC7406	L3 interface DATA line with CODEC (not for CDR950)
L3_MODE	IC7701 -> R3735 -> IC7406	L3 interface MODE line selects data or address transfer mode for CODEC (not for CDR950)
L5V	supply voltage	+5V supply voltage for servo/Laser part
L-5V	supply voltage	-5V supply voltage for servo/Laser part
LASCK	IC7270 <-> R3248D	ClocK line DAC LASer control
LASDACCK	R3248D <-> IC7016	ClocK line DAC LASer control
LASDACDI	R3248C <-> IC7016	Data line DAC LASer control
LASDACLD	R3212 <-> IC7016	LoaD line DAC LASer control
LASDD	IC7270 <-> R3248C	Data line DAC LASer control
LASLD	IC7270 <-> R3238 <-> R3212IC7270 <-> R3232	LoaD line DAC LASer control
, rece	CONN1708, C2743 -> IC7401C, IC7407C	audio output LEFT channel from CD-player in CDR775
LEFT		Laser Low Power (active high), switches the laser from write to read

CDR600

LWRT	R3048 -> IC7008	Laser WRiTe control input
MA(16:17)	IC7270 <-> IC7208	bank switch higher address lines
MA(8:15)	IC7270 <-> IC7802 <-> IC7208	address bus high byte
MACE2		Mini All Cd Engine (minus decoder + OPC + PCS + extra RAM)
MAD(0:7)	C7270 <-> C7209 <-> C7802 <-> C7208 <-> C7300	bi-directional data bus / address bus low byte
MIRN	IC7010 -> IC7270	MIRror Normalized (disc reflection) current output
MOTO1	IC7300 -> IC7355A	turn table MOTOr control output
MRDN	IC7270 -> R3276 -> R3242A, IC7802, IC7300	Master ReaD, read strobe for external peripherals, active low
MUTE	IC7270 -> R3718, R3723IC7270 -> IC7701	MUTE control from MACE2 to DASP, active low
MWRN	IC7270 -> R3280 -> R3242B, IC7802, IC7300	Master WRite, write strobe for external peripherals, active low
NMUTE	IC7701 -> R3726, IC7406	MUTE output, low active
OFFTRACK	IC7270 -> IC7300	OFFTRACK detection flag
OPC		Optimum Power Calibration
P12VKILL	supply voltage	+12V supply voltage for KILL-circuit
PCS		Position Control Sledge
PCSCOS	IC7225B, C2229 -> IC7270, CONN1812	Position Control Sledge COS feedback signal
PCSSIN	IC7225A, C2227 -> IC7270, CONN1812	Position Control Sledge SIN feedback signal
PDAR		Photo Diode Amplifier Recordable
PERASE	R3036, R3031, R3030, R3029, R3028, R3027, R3020 -> IC7002C, R3043, T7113	laser Power switch for ERASE
POWER_UP	IC7270 -> R3243C,R3556, R3538	standby pin, high level activates essential powers necessary for full function; overrules HI_POWER setting
PPN	IC7010 -> IC7050C	Push-Pull signal, Normalized, balanced, voltage output
PRCOARSE	IC7016 -> R3057	drive signal from Power Read COARSE DAC for read current source
PRFINE	IC7016 -> R3058	drive signal from Power Read FINE DAC for read current source
PROF_EBU	IC7701 -> CONN1820	PROFessional digital output (CDR950 only)
PSENn	IC7270 -> R3260 -> IC7208IC7270 -> R3231	Program Store ENable; external ROM output enable line, active low
PW	R3081 -> IC7008	Write Power signal to OPC input of MACE2
PWB	IC7001C -> IC7016	drive signal to XDAC<->s for write and erase current sources and VCAGAIN
PWD	IC7016 -> IC7002BIC7016 -> IC7002C	drive signal from XDAC for write and erase current sources
PWMAX	IC7016 -> R3073	PW MAXimum signal from DAC used for determining set point for laser power during writing
PWMIN	IC7016 -> R3072	PW MINimum signal from DAC used for determining set point for laser power during writing
PWRITE	R3035, R3026, R3025, R3024, R3023, R3022, R3021 -> IC7002B, R3044, T7124	laser Power switch for WRITE
RAD-	IC7240 -> CONN1000	Radial actuator drive signal negative connection
RAD+	IC7240 -> CONN1000	Radial actuator drive signal positive connection
RAS0	IC7701 -> IC7702	Row Address Strobe DRAM
RCK	IC7300 -> R3319 -> IC7701	EIAJ subcode clock from CDR60 to DASP (CD text interface)
RDGAIN1	IC7008 -> R3054	forward sense ReaD GAIN switch 1
RDGAIN2	IC7008 -> C2027	forward sense ReaD GAIN switch 2
RDGAIN3	IC7008 -> C2060	forward sense ReaD GAIN switch 3
RE	IC7010 -> IC7215A	Radial Error signal for fast track counting, voltage output
RECORDING	IC7008 -> IC7010IC7008 -> CONN1000IC7008 -> IC7355C	RECORDING output (active high)
REN	IC7010 -> IC7270	Radial Error Normalized current output
RIGHT	CONN1708, C2742 -> IC7401A, IC7407A	audio output RIGHT channel from CD-player in CDR775
RXD_TOOL	CONN1818 -> IC7701	Receive of UART for test TOOL
S1V65	Referenve Voltage	1.65V delivered by IC7215B for Servo part
S2V9	Reference Voltage	2.9V delivered by IC7010 for Servo part
SEL_HP_OUT	IC7701 -> R3720 -> IC7407	SELect HeadPhone OUTput in DJ-mode (for CDR775 only)
SFSY	IC7701 -> R3756 -> IC7300	EIAJ subcode synchronisation from DASP to CDR60 (CD text interface)
	CONN1220 -> IC7225A	Hall feedback signal from sledge motor
SIN-		·
	CONN1220 -> IC7225A	Hall feedback signal from sledge motor
SIN- SIN+ SL-		Hall feedback signal from sledge motor SLedge motor drive signal negative connection

SRSTN	IC7270 -> R3243B, IC7300	Slave ReSeT out (CDR60 reset), active low
STANDBY	IC7270 -> R3807 -> R3887 -> IC7701	STANDBY pin, high level activates essential powers necessary for full function; overrules HI_POWER setting
SUB	IC7701 -> R3710 -> IC7300	EIAJ subcode data from DASP to CDR60 (CD text interface)
SYS_CLK_11W	IC7701 -> R3732 -> IC7406	11.2896 MHz SYStem CLocK for AD/DA datapath
SYS_CLK_16W	IC7701 -> R3894D-> IC7706A	16.9344 MHz SYStem CLocK for producing SYS_CLK_BE
SYS_CLK_8W	IC7706A -> R3815 -> CONN1708	SYstem CLocK CD player (8.4672 MHz) (CDR775 only)
SYS_CLK_BE	IC7706A -> R3826 -> IC7270	SYstem CLocK Basic Engine (8.4672 MHz)
SYS_RESET	IC7701 -> R3758 -> CONNF934IC7701 -> R3770 -> T7707 -> CONN1708	SYStem RESET to display assy (and CD player for CDR775)
TCK	CONN1819 -> R3906, IC7701	JTAG ClocK signal
TDSO	IC7701 -> CONN1819	JTAG Serial Data Out / debug data out
TERMB	IC7270 <-> CONN1818	UART connection with MACE
TLN	IC7010 -> IC7270	Track Loss Normalized current output
TR-	IC7240 -> CONN1200	TRay motor drive signal negative connection
TR+	IC7240 -> CONN1200	TRay motor drive signal positive connection
TRACE99_RXD	CONN1818 -> R3838, IC7701	TRACE99 test tool receive data
TRACE99_TXD	IC7701 -> CONN1818	TRACE99 test tool transmit data
TRAYIN	IC7270 -> IC7240	move TRAY IN line, active low
TRAYOUT	IC7270 -> IC7240	move TRAY OUT line, active low

TRAYSW	CONN1200 -> R3747CONN1200 -> R3748	TRAY SWitch signal from loader assy
TRAYSWF	R3748, C2214 -> IC7270	Filtered TRAY SWitch signal, low is completely out or in
TXD_TOOL	IC7701 -> CONN1818	Transmit of UART for test TOOL
U+, U-, V+, V-, W+, W-	CONN1330 -> IC7330	hall feedback signals from turn table motor to hall motor driver
UCOIL, VCOIL, WCOIL	IC7330 -> CONN1330	drive signals for turn table motor
VCAGAIN	IC7016 -> IC7005A	set-point laser power on disc, voltage output
VDC1	CONN1500 -> CONNF934	supply voltage for display assy
VDC2	CONN1500 -> CONNF934	supply voltage for display assy
VFO	IC7270 -> R3295 -> R3244	FOcus actuator drive output
VFTD	CONN1500 -> CONNF934	Voltage Fluorescent Tube Display (display assy)
VRA	IC7270 -> R3297 -> R3254	RAdial actuator drive output
VSL	IC7270 -> R3299 -> IC7240	SLedge actuator drive output
WCLK	IC7701 -> R3898B -> IC7300	I2S1 WordCLocK from DASP to CDR60 (playback and record)
WOBBLE	IC7050C -> IC7300	analog WOBBLE signal of pre-groove detected by PPN-signal
WPON	IC7008 -> R3009IC7008 -> C2009	Write Power ON
WPONO	IC7008 -> R3106	Write Power ON Open drain output
WPONRC	R3003 -> CONN1000	Write Power ON (after RC circuit)
XDAC		multiplying DAC

CDR600

Technical Specifications CDR600

1.1 General

> Mains voltage : all range version 84-

250V (/00),

USA version 117V/

60Hz (/17)

Mains frequency Power consumption 50-60 Hz

15W

Dynamic range

S/N-ratio unweighted

S/N-ratio A-weighted

: > 98dB (typical

102dB)

> 93dB (typical 95dB)

> 92dB at 1kHz (typical 96dB)

> 90dB between 20Hz and 20kHz

(typical 96dB)

THD+N > 82dB between 20Hz

and 20kHz (typical

88dB)

Input/Output 1.2

1.2.1 Line output

> Output level : 2Vrms at 0dB

Output resistance 200Ω

1.2.2 Line input

> Input sensitivity 500mVrms Input impedance $50k\Omega$

Max. input voltage 2.5Vrms

Digital output

Format : AES/EBU format

according IEC958 (consumer format)

Sampling frequency 44.1kHz 75Ω

Output resistance

Digital input

: AES/EBU format Format

according IEC958

(consumer format) 32 to 96kHz

Input resistance 75Ω

Optical input

1.3.1

Format : AES/EBU format

> according IEC958 (consumer format)

Sampling frequency 32 to 48kHz

Cinch analog input/output (monitor path) 1.3.2

Measured with Audio precision system one.

Input voltage is 500Vrms.

Output voltage : 2Vrms ± 2dB (0dB

signal)

Frequency range F.R. : 20Hz < F.R.< 20kHz Amplitude linearity \pm 0.3dB (typical \pm

0.1dB)

Channel unbalance : < 0.3dB at 1kHz

(typical \pm 0.2dB)

Output resistance 200Ω

Phase non-linearity < 0.2 deg at 1kHz Outband attenuation 50dB above 30kHz > 90dB at 1kHz Channel separation (typical 98dB)

> 85dB between 20Hz and 20kHz (typical >

92dB)

S/N-ratio unweighted : > 84dB (typical 88dB) > 82dB at 1kHz Dynamic range

(typical 90dB)

THD+N > 80dB between 20Hz

and 20kHz (typical

85dB)

Intermodulation THD : > 80dB

1.3.3 Headphone output (all functions)

> : 3Vrms (0dB)/8-2000Ω Output voltage

> 80dB S/N THD+N > 75dB

Channel separation : > 60dB between 20Hz

and 20kHz

1.3 **Audio Performance**

Sampling frequency

Cinch analog output (play-back path)

Output voltage 2Vrms ± 2dB (0dB

signal)

Frequency range F.R. 20Hz < F.R.< 20kHz ±0.3dB (typical Amplitude linearity

±0.1dB)

Channel unbalance < 0.3dB at 1kHz

(typical \pm 0.2dB)

Output resistance 200Ω

Phase non-linearity < 0.2 deg at 1kHz Outband attenuation 50dB above 30kHz Channel separation > 90dB at 1kHz

> (typical 110dB) > 85dB between 20Hz and 20kHz (typical >

93dB)

1.4 **Laser Device**

> Material : GaAlAs

between 780 and Wave length

800nm (at 25(C)

Laser output : 1mW max. during

reading, 20mW max.

during writing

Class 3B

1.5 **Dimensions and Weight**

Number and height of feet: 4x11mm foiled

Apparatus tray closed (WxDxH): 435x305x75mm (without

Weight without packaging: 3.2kg Weight with packaging: 4.2kg

2. Warnings and Servicing Hints



WARNING

All ICs and many other semi-conductors are susceptible to electrostatic discharges (ESD). Careless handling during repair can reduce life drastically.

When repairing, make sure that you are connected with the same potential as the mass of the set via a wrist wrap with resistance.

Keep components and tools also at this potential.



ATTENTION

Tous les IC et beaucoup d'autres semiconducteurs sont sensibles aux décharges statiques (ESD).

Leur longévité pourrait être considérablement écourtée par le fait qu'aucune précaution n'est prise a leur manipulation.

Lors de réparations, s'assurer de bien être relié au même potentiel que la masse de l'appareil et enfiler le bracelet serti d'une résistance de sécurité.

Veiller a ce que les composants ainsi que les outils que l'on utilise soient également a ce potentiel.



WARNUNG

Alle IC und viele andere Halbleiter sind empfindlich gegen elektrostatische Entladungen (ESD).

Unsorgfältige Behandlung bei der Reparatur kann die Lebensdauer drastisch vermindern. Sorgen sie dafür, das Sie im Reparaturfall über ein Pulsarmband mit Widerstand mit dem Massepotential des Gerätes verbunden sind

ESM

Halten Sie Bauteile und Hilfsmittel ebenfalls auf diesem Potential.



WAARSCHUWING

Alle IC's en vele andere halfgeleiders zijn gevoelig voor elektrostatische ontladingen (ESD).

Onzorgvuldig behandelen tijdens reparatie kan de levensduur drastisch doen verminderen.

Zorg ervoor dat u tijdens reparatie via een polsband met weerstand verbonden bent met hetzelfde potentiaal als de massa van het apparaat.

Houd componenten en hulpmiddelen ook op ditzelfde potentiaal.



AVVERTIMENTO

Tutti IC e parecchi semi-conduttori sono sensibili alle scariche statiche (ESD). La loro longevita potrebbe essere fortemente ridatta in caso di non osservazione della piu grande cauzione alla loro manipolazione. Durante le riparazioni occorre quindi essere collegato allo stesso potenziale che quello della massa dell'apparecchio tramite un braccialetto a resistenza.

Assicurarsi che i componenti e anche gli utensili con quali si lavora siano anche a questo potenziale.



Safety regulations require that the set be restored to its original condition and that parts which are identical with those specified be used.



Veiligheidsbepalingen vereisen, dat het apparaat in zijn oorspronkelijke toestand wordt terug gebracht en dat onderdelen, identiek aan de gespecifieerde worden toegepast.



Bei jeder Reparatur sind die geltenden Sicherheitsvorschriften zu beachten. Der Originalzustand des Gerats darf nicht verandert werden. Fur Reparaturen sind Original-Ersatzteile zu verwenden.



Le norme di sicurezza esigono che l'apparecchio venga rimesso nelle condizioni originali e che siano utilizzati pezzi di ricambiago idetici a quelli specificati.



Les normes de sécurité exigent que l'appareil soit remis a l'état d'origine et que soient utilisées les pièces de rechange identiques à celles spécifiées.



CAUTION VARO! VARNING ADVERSEL DANGER VORSICHT

INVENTED LASED PARTATION WHEN OPEN, MICH EXPOSEDE TO BEAM

avattaessa olet alttima näkymättömälse lasen sätteilyile älä katso säteesen

OSYMUS LAGERSTRÁLHING NÁR DIBMA DEL ÁR ÓPPHAD BETRAKTA EJ STRÁLEN USYMUG LAGERSTRÁLING VEG ÁBNING. UNDGÁ UMSAETTELSE FOR STRÁLING.

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IMMSBILL LASISH PADATON WHEN OPEN, ANDIO GRECT EXPOSURE TO BEAM.

VORSICHT UNSICHTBARK LASERSTRAUKUNG WENN ARDECKUNG GEÖFFNET. NICHT DEM STRAHL AUSSETZEN.

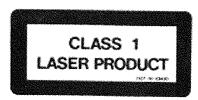
SHOCK, FIRE HAZARD SERVICE TEST:

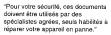
CAUTION: After servicing this appliance and prior to returning to customer, measure the resistance between either primary AC cord connector pins (with unit NOT connected to AC mains and its Power switch ON), and the face or Front Panel of product and controls and chassis bottom,

Any resistance measurement less than 1 Megohms should cause unit to be repaired or corrected before AC power is applied, and verified before return to user/customer. Ref.UL Standard NO.1492.

NOTE ON SAFETY:

Symbol **A**: Fire or electrical shock hazard. Only original parts should be used to replace any part with symbol **A** Any other component substitution(other than original type), may increase risk or fire or electrical shock hazard.

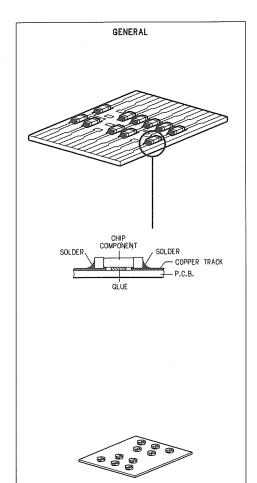




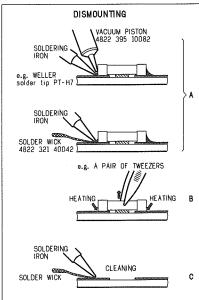
CDR600

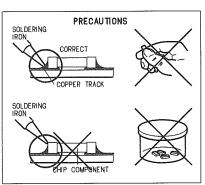
SERVICING HINTS

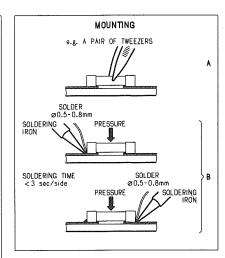
In the set, chip components have been applied. For disassembly and assembly check the figure below.

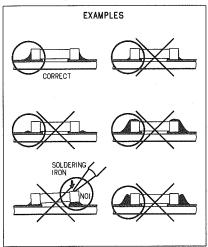


SERVICE PACKAGE









SAFETY GUIDELINES FOR THE PROFESSIONAL SERVICE TECHNICIAN

Important

Proper service and repair is important to the safe, reliable operation of all Philips equipment. The service procedures recommended by Philips and described in this service manual are effective methods of performing service operations. Some of these service operations require the use of tools specially designed for the purpose. The special tools should be used when and as recommended.

It is important to note that this manual contains various CAUTIONS and NOTICES which should be carefully read in order to minimize the risk of personal injury to service personnel. The possibility exists that improper service methods may damage the equipment. It also is important to understand that these CAUTIONS and NOTICES ARE NOT EXHAUSTIVE. Phillips could not possibly know, evaluate and advise the service trade of all conceivable ways in which service might be done or of the possible hazardous consequences of each way. Consequently, Philips has not undertaken any such broad evaluation. Accordingly, a servicer who uses a service procedure or tool which is not recommended by Philips must first satisfy himself thoroughly that neither his safety nor the safe operation of the equipment will be jeopardized by the service method selected. It is important to note that this manual contains various CAUTIONS

Safety Checks

After the original service problem has been corrected, a complete After the original service problem has been corrected, a complete safety check should be made. Be sure to check over the entire set, not just the areas where you have worked. Some previous servicer may have left an unsafe condition, which could be unknowingly passed on to your customer. Be sure to check all of the following:

Fire and Shock Hazard

- Be sure all components are positioned in such a way as to avoid the possibility of adjacent component shorts. This is especially important on those units which are transported to and from the service shop
- Never release a repaired unit unless all protective devices such as insulators, barriers, covers, strain reliefs, and other hardware have been installed according to the original design. and other
- Soldering and wiring must be inspected to locate possible cold solder joints, solder splashes, sharp solder points, frayed leads, pinched leads, or damaged insulation (including the accord). Be certain to remove loose solder balls and all other loose foreign particles.

 Check across-the-line components and other components for hysical suidence of damage or deteriors in and sold sold.
- physical evidence of damage or deterioration and replace if necessary. Follow original layout, lead length, and dress. No lead or component should touch a resistor rated at 1 watt or
- more. Lead tension around protruding metal surfaces or edges must be avoided.
- Tritical components having special safety characteristics are identified with a ▲ by the Ref. No. in the parts list and enclosed within a broken line* (where several critical components are grouped in one area) along with the safety symbol ▲ on the schematic diagrams and/or exploded views.
- Replacement parts without the same safety characteristics may create shock, fire, or other hazards. When servicing any unit, always use a separate isolation transformer for the chassis. Failure to use a separate isolation transformer may expose you to possible shock hazard, and may cause damage to servicing instruments. Many electronic products use a polarized ac line cord (one wide him on the plun). Defeating this safety feature may created
- pin on the plug). Defeating this safety feature may create a potential hazard to the servicer and the user. Extension cords which do not incorporate the polarizing feature should never be

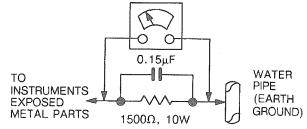
Fire and Shock Hazard (Continued)

After reassembly of the unit, always perform an ac leakage test or resistance test from the line cord to all exposed metal parts of the cabinet. Also, check all metal control shafts (with knobs removed), antenna terminals, handles, screws, etc. to be sure the unit is safe to operate without danger of electrical shock.

Broken line:

Leakage Current Cold Check

- Unplug the ac line cord and connect a jumper between the two prongs of the plug.
- Turn on the power switch. Measure the resistance value between the jumpered ac plug and all exposed cabinet parts of the receiver, such as screw heads, antennas, and control shafts. When the exposed metallic part has a return path to the chassis, the reading should be between 1 megohm and 5.2 megohms. When the exposed metal does not have a return path to the chassis, the reading must be infinity. Remove the jumper from the ac line cord.



Leakage Current Hot Check

- Do not use an isolation transformer for this test. Plug the
- completely reassembled unit directly into the ac outlet. Connect a 1.5k, 10W resistor paralleled by a 0.15uF. capacitor between each exposed metallic cabinet part and a good earth
- between each exposed metallic cabinet part and a good earth ground such as a water pipe, as shown above. Use an ac voltmeter with at least 5000 ohms/volt sensitivity to measure the potential across the resistor. The potential at any point should not exceed 0.75 volts. A leakage current tester may be used to make this test; leakage current must not exceed 0.5 milliamps. If a measurement is outside of the specified limits, there is a possibility of shock hazard. The receiver should be repaired and rechecked before returning it to the customer. eturning it to the customer.
- Repeat the above procedure with the ac plug reversed. (Note: An ac adapter is necessary when a polarized plug is used. Do not defeat the polarizing feature of the plug.)

Parts Replacement

- Many electrical and mechanical parts in Philips equipment have special safety related characteristics. These characteristics are often not evident from visual inspection nor can the protection afforded by them necessarily be obtained by using replacement components rated for higher voltage, wattage, etc. The use of a substitute part which does not have the same safety characteristics as the Philips recommended replacement part shown in this service manual may create shock, fire, or other hazards. Under no circumstances should the original design be modified or altered without written permission from Philips. Philips assumes no liability, express or implied, arising out of any unauthorized modification of design. Servicer assumes all liability.
- All ICs and many other semiconductor parts are susceptible to electrostatic discharges (ESD). Careless handling during repair can reduce the life of the part drastically.

LASER NOTE:

DANGER invisible laser radiation when open. AVOID DIRECT EXPOSURE TO BEAM

CAUTION -Use of controls or adjustments or performance of procedures other than those specified herein may result in hazardous radiation exposure

The use of optical instruments with this product will increase eye hazard. CAUTION -

Mechanical Instructions

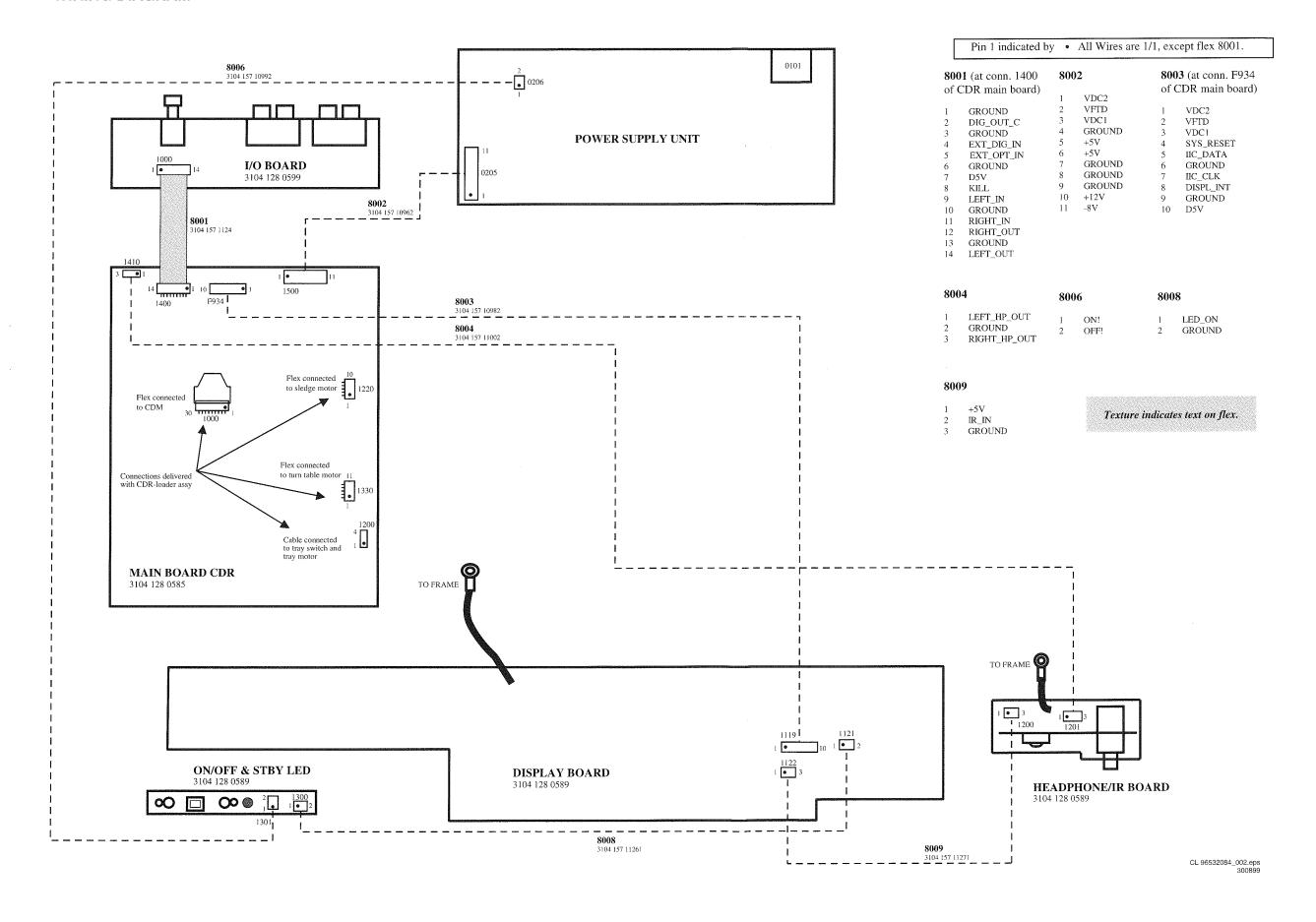
CDR600

А

GB 25

4. Mechanical Instructions

WIRING DIAGRAM



DISMANTLING INSTRUCTIONS

See Exploded View for item numbers

Cover 151 assembling \Rightarrow Remove 7 screws 168 \rightarrow 174, 2 at each side and 3 at rear side. disassembling \Rightarrow Lift cover at rear side to remove.

CDR module includes:

Loader 81 CDR main board 1001 Loader bracket 82

- ⇒ Put the CDR player's rear side facing you.
- ⇒ Undo the 3 wire connections on the CDR main board 1001.
- ⇒ Undo flexfoil cable connection on CDR main board.
- \Rightarrow Remove 4 screws 90 \rightarrow 93 (loader bracket 82 to bottom cabinet 181)
- ⇒ Lift CDR module at rear side to remove.

Attention:

flexfoil cable 8001 is not part of the CDR module and has to stay with CDR player in case of CDR module exchange!

I/O board 1004

- ⇒ Put CDR player's rear side facing you.
- ⇒ Undo flex connection to CDR main board 1001
- ⇒ Remove 3 screws 200 → 202, connecting the 3 I/O sockets to back plate 266.
- ⇒ Remove board.

Power supply unit 1003

- ⇒ Put the CDR player's rear side facing you.
- ⇒ Undo the 2 wire connections on PSU.
- ⇒ Remove screw 205
- (mains connector to back plate 266). ⇒ Remove 3 screws 189 → 191
- (PSU board to bottom cabinet 181).
- ⇒ Unlock snap on spacer 186.
- ⇒ Remove PSU.

WARNING: POSSIBILITY OF HIGH VOLTAGE (300V) ON HEAT SINK, EVEN AFTER RÉMOUNTING OF PCB. DISCHARGE ELCAP 2121.



Front assy 1

- ⇒ Put the CDR player's front side facing you.
- ⇒ Remove screws 31, 32. (ground wires to bottom cabinet 181)
- ⇒ Remove 2 screws 182, 183 (front assy 1 to bottom cabinet 181)
- ⇒ Unlock front assy from frame by releasing 6 snaps.
- ⇒ After disassembly put front assy 1 in front of the set (service position)

Headphone/IR board 1002

- ⇒ Remove 2 screws 33 and 34 (headphone/IR board to front assy 1).
- ⇒ Remove bracket 2.
- ⇒ Undo the 2 wire connections on board.
- ⇒ Remove board.

Display board 1002

- ⇒ Remove easy jog knob 51 by pulling it forward.
- \Rightarrow Remove 10 screws 21 \rightarrow 30 (display board to front assy 1).
- ⇒ Release snap in upper left corner of board.
- ⇒ Undo the 3 wire connections on display board.
- ⇒ Remove display board.

On/Off & Stby LED board 1002

- ⇒ Remove 2 screws 35 and 36 (on/off switch to front assy 1).
- ⇒ Undo the 2 wire connections on board.
- ⇒ Remove power button 9 from on/off switch.
- ⇒ Remove board.

6. Diagnostic Software

6.1 Dealer mode

The purpose of the dealer mode is to prevent people taking out the CD inside the player at exhibitions, showrooms etc.. This mode disables the open/close function of the player. The dealer mode can be switched on and off by pressing keys [OPEN/CLOSE] and [STOP] of the CDR player simultaneously while switching on the unit. The dealer mode is stored in the flash memory and can only be changed by executing the above actions.

6.2 Dealer diagnostics

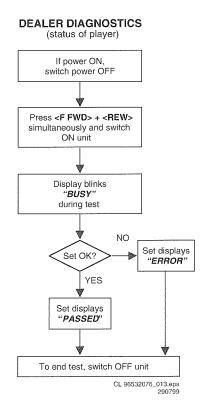


Figure 6-1

6.2.1 Description

The intention of the dealer diagnostics is to give an indication of the CDR player status. An inexperienced, even nontechnical dealer will/can perform the test. Tests are executed automatically without need for external tools or disassembly of the unit. This test checks the CDR main board using the same tests as the electrical service diagnostics program. Only the result of the test, "PASSED" or "ERROR", will be shown on the display. Pressing keys [F FWD] and [REWIND] simultaneously while switching on the unit, starts the test. Switching off the unit ends the test.

6.2.2 Requirements to perform the test

- Working keyboard to start up the test.
- Working local display to check the output messages.

Electrical service diagnostics 6.3

ELECTRICAL SERVICE DIAGNOSTICS

CDR600

(software versions, test for defective components)

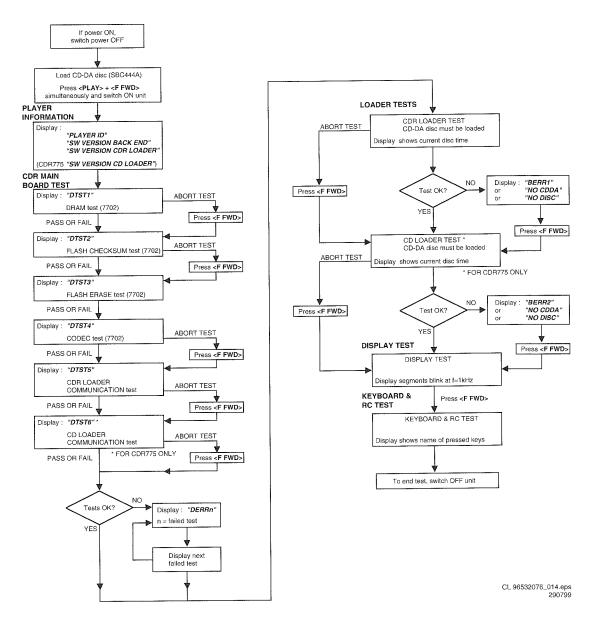


Figure 6-2

Description 6.3.1

The intention of the electrical service diagnostics is to show the software versions present in the player and to direct the dealer towards defective internal units. The units are : the CDR main board, the CDR loader, the CD loader in case of a CDR775 and the keyboard/display board. A sequence of tests is executed automatically. Some of the tests can be aborted or skipped without the result being taken into account. External tools or disassembly of the unit is not necessary to get the diagnostic information. Pressing keys [PLAY/PAUSE] and [F FWD] simultaneously while switching on the unit, starts the test. Switching off the unit ends the test.

Requirements to perform the test

- Working keyboard to start up the test.
- Working local display to check the output messages.
- A CD-DA disc with a minimum of 3 tracks in all trays to perform the disc test.

6.3.3 Description of the tests

Player information

In this part of the test the following important information can be checked without removing the cover:

- Recorder ID.
- SW-version back end of player.
- SW-version CDR loader.
- SW-version CD loader (only for CDR775).

CDR main board test

As soon as the CDR main board tests are finished, all failure messages (if any) will be displayed sequentially by pressing the [F FWD] key. The message "DERRn" will be displayed with n indicating the faulty test number.

If one of the tests is aborted with the [F FWD] key, no error message will be displayed for this test. The flash data erase test ("DTST3") can not be aborted!

The CDR main board test consists out of:

DRAM test

Display: "DTST1". The DRAM used for buffer management is tested by writing, reading and verifying test patterns.

Flash checksum test

Display: "DTST2". This test checks the checksum of the player's SW stored in the flash.

Flash data erase

Display: "DTST3". During this test, all temporary information (CDtxt) in the flash is erased.

CODEC (ADC/DAC) test

Display: "DTST4". This test checks the CODEC IC by writing, reading and verifying test patterns. The test is not applicable for CDR950

CDR communication test

Display: "DTST5". The communication between the host processor (DASP) and the CDR loader via the DSA-R-bus is tested.

CD communication test

Display: "DTST6"). The communication between the host processor (DASP) and the CD loader is tested. The test is only applicable for CDR775.

6.4 Mechanical service diagnostics

Loader tests

These tests determine if the CDR loader and the CD loader in case of a CDR775 work correctly. A CD-DA disc with a minimum of 3 tracks needs to be inserted in both loaders. A disc test is executed to check focus control, disc motor control, radial control and jump grooves control. The disc test is performed by audio play-back of 5 seconds at the beginning, middle and end of the disc.

CDR loader test

During the test, the current disc time is shown. In case of an error the message "BERR1" will be displayed and the [F FWD] key must be pressed to continue with the following test. Pressing the [F FWD] key also aborts this test.

CD loader test

For CDR775 only. During the test, the current disc time is shown. In case of an error the message "BERR2" will be displayed and the [F FWD] key must be pressed to continue with the following test. Pressing the [F FWD] key also aborts this test.

Display test

All segments will blink at a frequency of 1 Hz. Pressing the [F FWD] key will start the next test because the user has to check for himself if all segments work properly.

Keyboard and remote control tests

The test will give the user the ability to test every key without executing the function assigned to it. Therefore, the user needs to press every key on the keyboard and the remote control. The display will show the name of the key being pressed. Pressing more than one key at once will give an unpredictable result except for the service combinations: [PLAY/PAUSE] + [STOP], [PLAY/PAUSE] + [F FWD], [F FWD] + [REWIND], [ERASE] + [RECORD], [PLAY/PAUSE] + [RECORD], [OPEN/CLOSE] + [PROGRAM].

MECHANICAL SERVICE DIAGNOSTICS

(test for defective components)

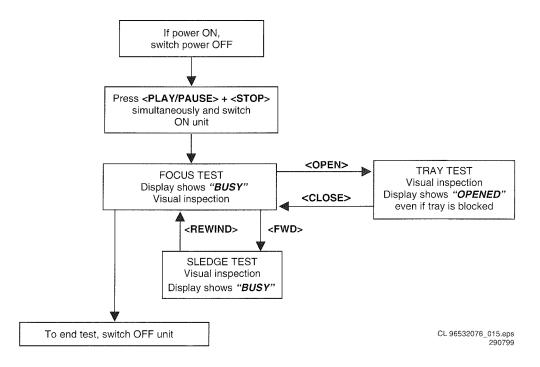


Figure 6-3

6.4.1 Description

No external tools are required to perform this test. The cover needs to be removed because the user has to check the movements of the tray, focus and sledge visually. Pressing keys [PLAY/PAUSE] and [STOP] simultaneously while switching on the unit, starts the test. Switching off the unit ends the test. In case of a CDR775, one can check the CD loader mechanics in the same way by pressing the above key combination on the CD player keys.

6.4.2 Requirements to perform the test

- Working keyboard to cycle through the tests and to start up the test.
- · Working local display to check the output messages.

6.4.3 Description of the tests

Focus control test

The focussing lens is continuously moving up and down. The display reads "BUSY".

Sledge control test

After pressing [F FWD] the sledge continuously moves up and down. Pressing [REWIND] stops the sledge at the position it is in and the focus control test resumes. The display reads "BUSY".

Tray control test

This test starts from within the focus control test routine. Pressing [OPEN/CLOSE] moves the tray in or out. In the tray closed position one can initiate focus and sledge tests by pressing [F FWD]. One has to stop these tests pressing [REWIND] before it is possible to open the tray again. Depending on the action the display reads "OPEN", "OPENED", "CLOSE" or "BUSY".

6.5 DC-erase service mode

DC ERASE SERVICE MODE (erasement of complete CD-RW)

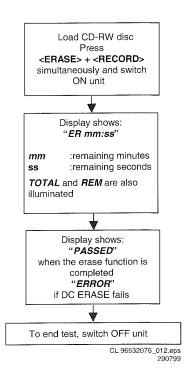


Figure 6-4

6.5.1 Description

This test is initiated by pressing [ERASE] and [RECORD] simultaneously while switching on the unit. The player will erase a complete CD-RW disc (including PMA and ATIP lead out area) at speed N=2. The display shows the countdown of the remaining time required for the operation to complete. The format is "ER mm:ss", where "mm" are the remaining minutes and "ss" the remaining seconds. After completion the message "PASSED" is shown, and the player has to be switched off and on again to start up in normal operating mode. Switching off the unit before completion of the test, leaves the disc in an unpredictable state. In such case only a complete DC-erase procedure can recover the CD-RW disc.

6.5.2 Requirements to perform the test

- · Functional CDR player.
- A CD-RW audio disc must be present in the tray.

7. Faultfinding Trees

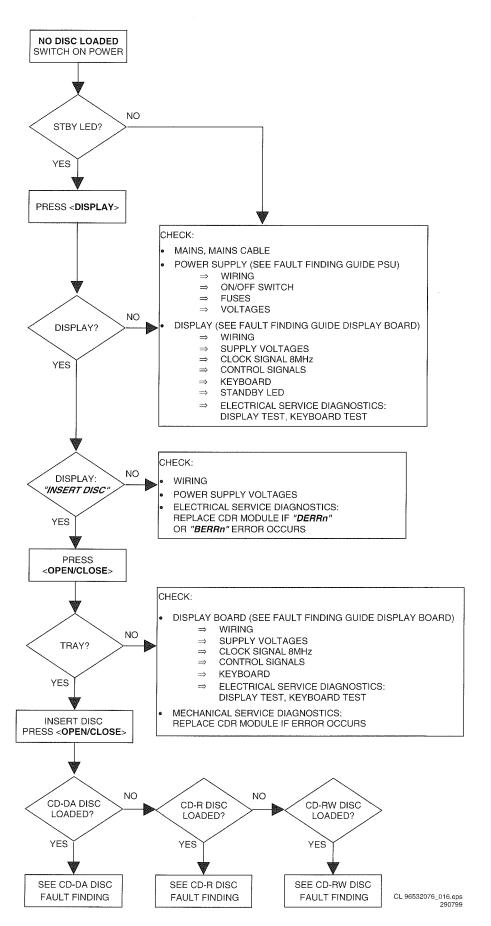


Figure 7-1

CDR600

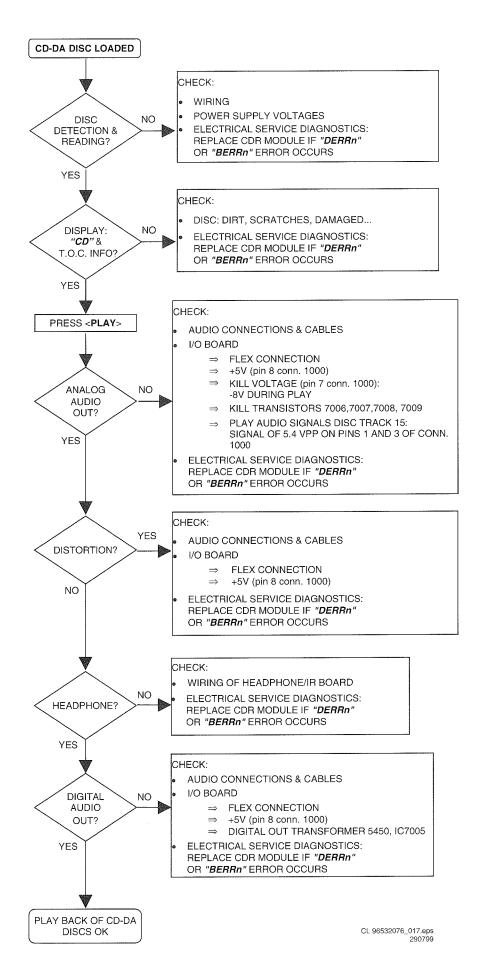


Figure 7-2

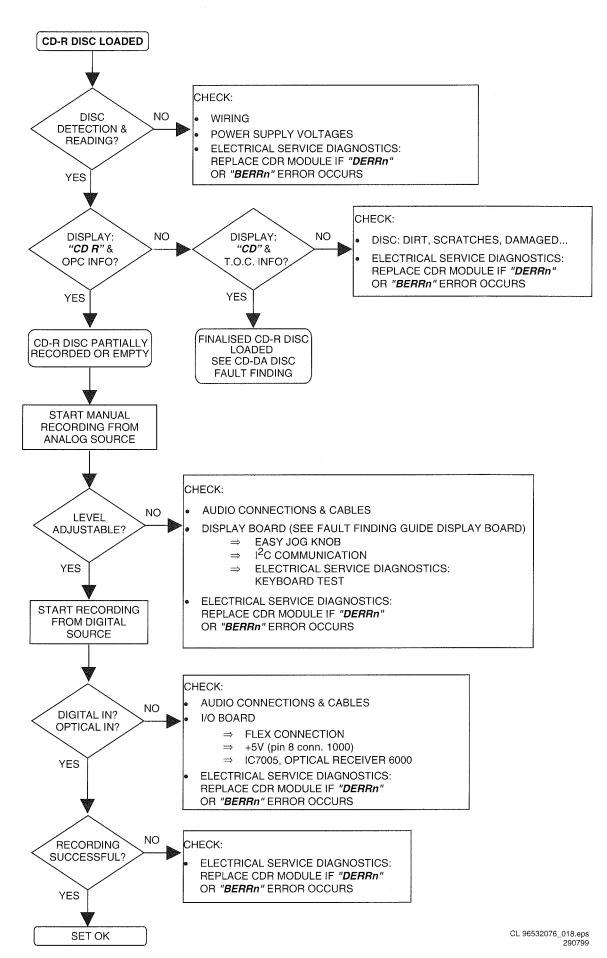


Figure 7-3

CDR600

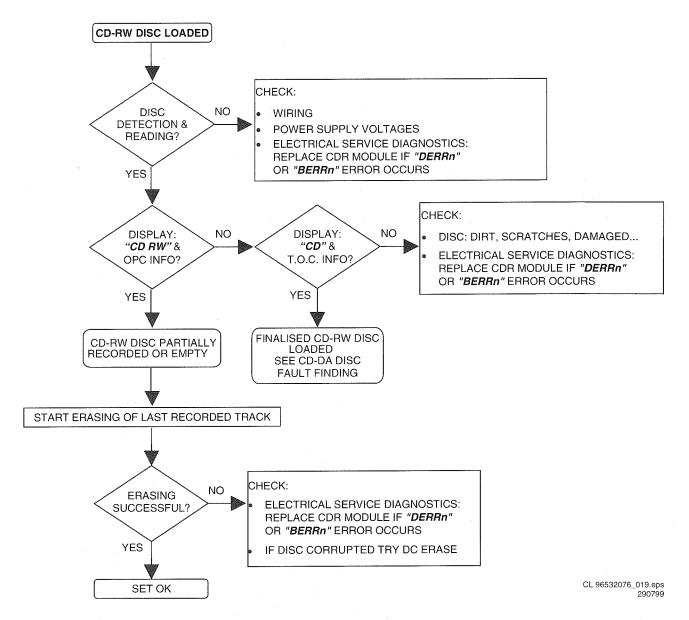


Figure 7-4