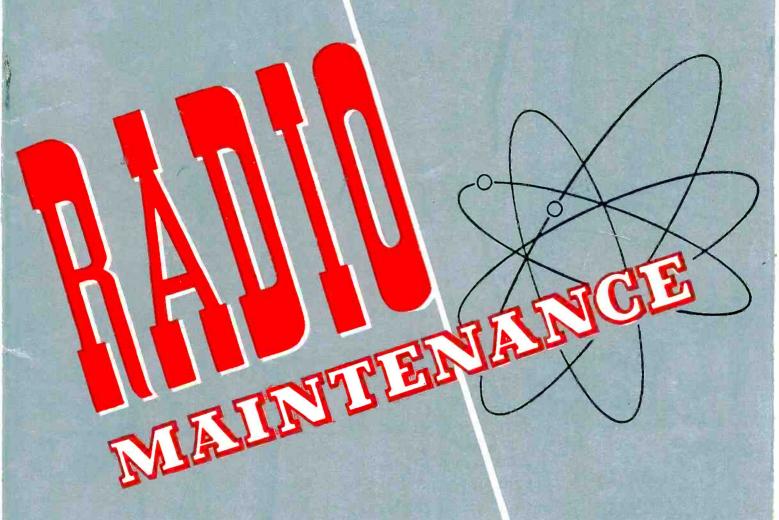
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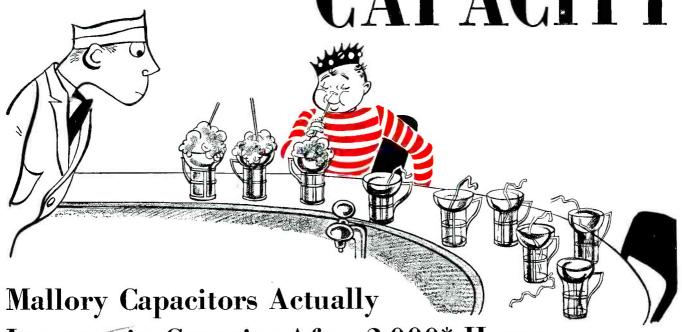
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Very truly yours John W. Findarle

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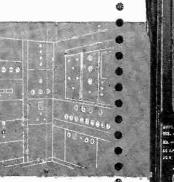
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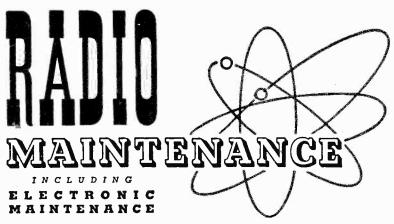
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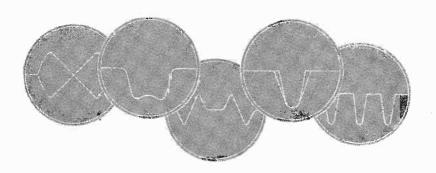
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PART

using SWEEP GENERATORS: FOR FM ALIGNMENT

By McMurdo Silver

This practical information on FM receiver alignment is something you'll be able to put to work right away on those new FM sets.

URING the past decade many excellent articles have appeared explaining FM receiver IF, discriminator and RF alignment. No one has been the final word upon the subject because of a progressive change in manufacturer-recommended and service - possible methods. Many service technicians passed over such articles, saving them for study at the time when FM service became a real problem in their areas. Many are unable to find them when they are needed.

That time is here, FM broadcast stations pretty well blanket the country today. FM receivers today sell at well below \$100; low-priced FM converters at \$15 to \$30. The technician who expects to profit from today's FM service demands, who does not wish his competitors to put him in the background by taking his customers away, must master the techniques of FM service here and now.

These articles describe certain essential theory together with simple, practical methods of assuring quick mastery of FM. They represent the application of considerable experience in FM to derive simple and effective procedures.

AM-FM Receiver Differences

In an FM receiver the limiter and the discriminator (or ratio detector) circuits replace the second detector and AVC of the convenIt is with pleasure that we present a two article series on FM alignment by such a well known authority as Mr. Silver. The material has been presented in lecture form to the Lehigh Valley Radio Servicemen's Association (Bethlehem, Pa.) Philadelphia Radio Servicemen's Association, and the Del-Mar-Va Radio Servicemen's Association (Salisbury, Md.). At these radio technicians' meetings the information was received with well-deserved enthusiasm. The presentation is in two parts to ensure that none of the details need be omitted.

tional AM superheterodyne. The only other difference between the two is that the FM receiver is more broadly tuned. Each type of receiver has RF amplifiers and mixerconverters which pass both FM and AM signals. The FM IF amplifier differs from its AM brother only in operating at a higher frequency and in passing a much wider band of frequencies—usually 150 to 200 ke wide as compared to 10 to 20 ke wide for AM IF amplifiers. The audio amplifiers are also the same in both receivers. This is evidenced by their use for both AM and FM in combination sets.

Recognition of the above facts indicates that AM servicing techniques are equally applicable to FM RF, converter, IF and AF circuits. The real difference in servicing the two types boils down to IF align-

ment—which includes those other two elements, limiter and discriminator, found only in FM receivers.

FM Signal Tracing

Since there are no AM broadcast signals to test upon within the RF tuning range of the usual FM set, an amplitude modulated signal generator is used for signal tracing. AM signal tracing is directly employable with such a tracer as the Silver Model 905 "SPARX" to locate troubles lying between antenna input and FM limiter grid resistor. This method becomes theoretically unavailing from first limiter plate circuit through the discriminatoruntil the discriminator load resistors are reached. From that circuit point through the audio circuits to the speaker voice coil, AM signal tracing once more takes over.

The similarity of test and service procedure in terms of circuit continuity, tube operating voltages, etc.. etc. likewise applies to both FM and AM receivers.

Alignment Procedure

Digestion of the foregoing paragraphs can serve to take most of the "mystery" out of FM service and eliminate the fears with which many service technicians seem to regard FM. It becomes apparent that the only unusual process in servicing FM receivers is alignment

—and to make this simply understandable, simply "do-able" without pain and trouble is the purpose of this article.

In early FM receivers the IF amplifier center - frequency (midpoint of the 150 kc band to be amplified) was usually 4300 kc. It has progressively been moved upward to minimize image interference. Today the standard IF among most manufacturers is 10.7 mc. In any super-heterodyne image interference can occur only for a signal spaced twice the IF away from a desired signal. Since the FM broadcast band of 88/108 mc is only 20 mc wide, and $2 \times 10.7 = 21.4$ mc. it follows that this 10.7 mc intermediate frequency puts images outside the FM band.

Early methods of alignment were quite involved. A complete response curve was plotted by taking output readings at many frequencies through the pass band of the receiver. This process had to be repeated each time a further adjustment was made on the trimmers. This laborious procedure was often replaced by a simple "center-frequency" alignment which of course, gives no check on the symmetry of the pass band. Without this symmetry, quality of reception is impaired.

Equipment Required

Visual alignment of broad-band IF and discriminator or ratio detector circuits is mandatory if the job is to be done correctly. Two instruments are essential—a cathode-ray oscilloscope and an FM signal generator operating on intermediate frequencies as well as the

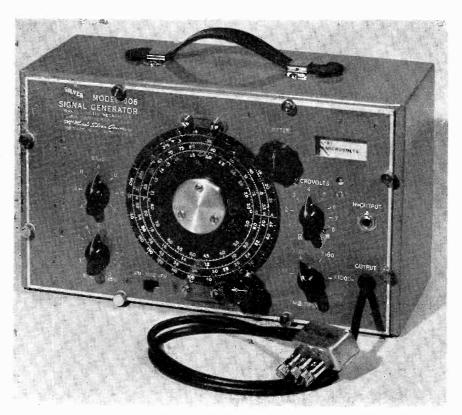


Fig. 1 The type 906 FM-AM signal generator. This generator provides a fixed sweep oscillator in addition to the usual AM signal output.

88/108 mc RF tuning range of FM receivers. Such a signal generator is illustrated in Fig. 1, and provides complete AM as well as FM coverage. Or it may be the new Silver 909 FM Sweep Generator—if the user already has a good AM signal generator. For FM, it is necessary that, once a desired frequency has been set up on the generator dial, this frequency may be rapidly varied over a 1000 kc total range. This frequency-modulated, or "sweep" signal, must be adjustable to traverse a little more than the normal FM receiver band width.

By use of such a signal generator and an oscilloscope, we can obtain "pictures" of the actual receiver selectivity curves. By watching these pictures exact alignment is effected. This method also shows up regeneration or oscillation "in a flash," and does the whole job in a matter of minutes rather than in hours or days.

The unmodulated AM carrier of the Silver 906 combination FM-AM signal generator allows alignment at proper center-frequency. It also allows actual pass-band width of receiver circuits to be checked

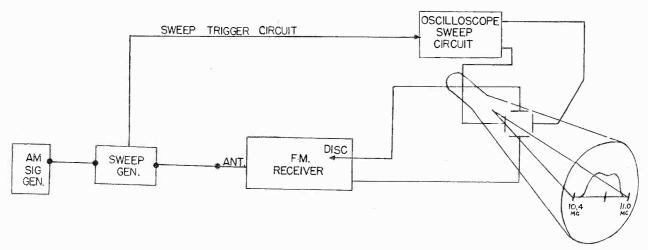


Fig. 2 This diagram shows the equipment is arranged to produce oscilloscope patterns of the response curve of an FM receiver.

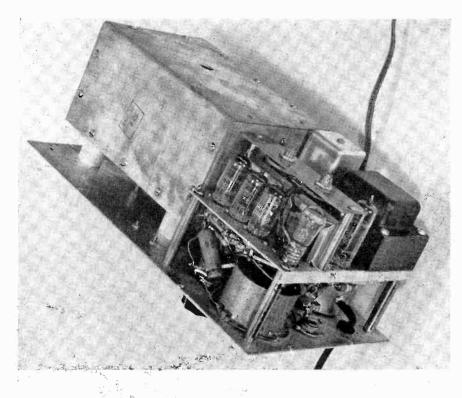


Fig. 3 Internal view of the type 906 signal generator.

and sensitivity to be measured. For this purpose any ordinary AM signal generator may be used, once its calibration has been checked for accuracy at required frequencies. This fact permits the technician already having a *good* AM signal generator to avoid the \$99.50 to \$225.00 cost of the combination FM/AM generator by acquiring only an FM and television sweep alignment signal generator such as is now available at less than \$50. (Silver 909)

Selectivity Patterns

An understanding of how the oscilloscope is able to trace out on its screen the pictures of Figs. 4 and 5, of the selectivity curves (pass-band) of receiver IF and discriminator circuits will help in mastering visual alignment. A representative setup for FM alignment is shown in Fig. 2. The output of the signal generator fed to the receiver is frequency-modulated (swept) over the required range of approximately 300 kc above and below fundamental frequency. A reactance modulator acts on one of two RF oscillators in the signal generator to provide this sweep.

Sweep is accomplished in the generator by means of a reactance modulator. A voltage at line fre-

quency is applied to the grid of the reactance tube, which changes the frequency of the oscillator in the generator. One complete cycle causes a sweep from 300 kc below center frequency through the center frequency to 300 kc above resonance—then back again.

Suppose we now feed this sweep signal into an FM receiver and use the following procedure:

- 1. Connect oscilloscope vertical plates across the limiter grid resistor.
- 2. Adjust the generator to the intermediate frequency.
- 3. Adjust oscilloscope sweep to the power line frequency.

Two pictures of the selectivity curve will result. One is the exact reverse of the other (left to right). The beam traces twice through the pass-band, once in each direction, while moving horizontally across the screen.

More useful pictures are obtained by using a horizontal scope sweep rate less than the sweep rate of the generator. For instance, Fig. 4 shows the image obtained when the ratio is 2/3. In other words, with a power frequency of 60 cycles, the scope sweep would be set at 40 cycles.

Fig. 4 is a most useful picture, since it allows slight readjustment

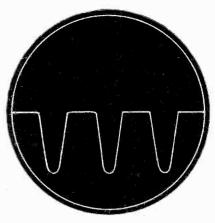


Fig. 4 Oscilloscope pattern obtained when the ratio of the oscilloscope sweep frequency to the sweep frequency of the generator is 2/3.

of the frequency-modulated signal generator frequency to exactly the frequency initially set up by the main-dial controlled and unmodulated VFO (or by the external AM signal generator where an FM sweep generator such as Silver 909 only is used) for initial centerfrequency alignment. This readjustment of the combination signal generator output frequency after frequency modulation is applied is made just sufficient so that the two horizontal lines connecting the three curves of Fig. 4 are of equal length.

If the oscilloscope sweep frequency is set to double the mains frequency, then the electron beam will trace once across the screen during the time the signal generator is being swept upward through the pass-band, when at the end of this sweep the saw-tooth oscillator of the oscilloscope will snap the electron beam back to start a second trace of the beam across the screen. During this second interval in time the signal generator will be sweeping downward (in opposite direction) through the receiver passband. This is what causes the two super-imposed (but reversed in direction, hence called "mirror image") traces of Fig. 5 to appear. These are the most useful pictures for effecting correct alignment.

A little thought upon the above statements will indicate that the lower the rate of oscilloscope horizontal sweep, the more times per oscilloscope-beam sweep the signal generator frequency may trace upward, then downward, across the receiver pass-band; and so the greater the number of cycles, or se-

lectivity curve traces, which will simultaneously appear on the scope screen. It is to be remembered that each trace, left to right, is the reverse, or mirror image, of the preceding trace, and that signal generator and oscilloscope horizontal sweep voltage frequencies must be in harmonic relation to "stop" a picture upon the oscilloscope screen.

The IF amplifier of the FM receiver must be correctly aligned first. The RF and converter circuits may then be aligned without changing connections between set and oscilloscope. The discriminator, or ratio detector, as the case may be, should be aligned last, as it requires a change of 'scope connections. After considerable experience it may be found convenient to align the detector before the RF and converter sections. It is simpler to feed the generator signal into the mixer grid, then align all IF transformers, rather than to align stage-by-stage -since the overall IF response must be checked anyhow.

Signal Generator Limitations

Before actual alignment procedure is described, it is necessary that we understand why it is desirable first to align the IF circuits to center-frequency using an unmodulated RF signal, before making a visual check on the reponse curve. We "sweep" a fixed frequency oscillator, then beat this FM output with a variable frequency oscillator. Thus we derive the frequency modulated output signal. This output signal has either the sum or the difference frequency of the two oscillators, as in Fig. 6. (In the new Silver Model 909 FM and TV sweep generator, both sum and difference frequencies are used to provide three output ranges without band switching. It is believed that this is the first instrument to take advantage of this characteristic of beating oscillators, with the resultant stability and simplicity it provides.)

In order to obtain a frequency "sweep" of 1000 kc (and of 6 to 10 mc for TV) by an electronic reactance modulator, the oscillator to be swept must be operated at somewhere around 40 to 115 mc. If it is stable to 1% in output frequency, then it should not be relied upon to closer than 400 kc (1.15 mc in the 909 FM and TV generator)—

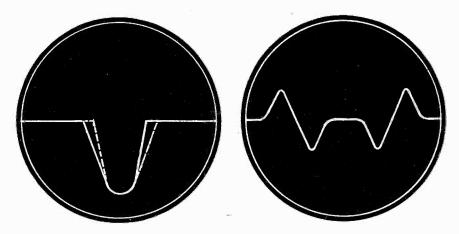


Fig. 5 Left: Double trace obtained when the oscilloscope sweep is set to twice the power frequency. Right: Discriminator trace obtained with sweep adjusted for the power frequency.

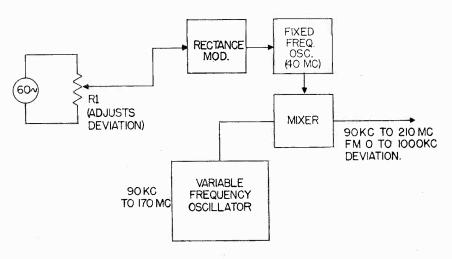


Fig. 6 How the FM wave is produced by beating a fixed frequency swept oscillator with a variable frequency oscillator.

a sizable percentage of 10.7 mc IFs, for example. The 40 mc "sweep" oscillator of the instrument illustrated beats with its VFO set at either 29.3 or 50.7 mc in order that the output frequency may be the desired 10.7 mc for IF alignment. Obviously some hundreds of kilocycles of error may creep into alignment by this method.

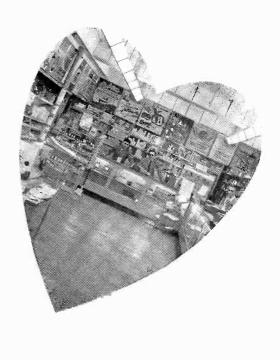
Fortunately this error is easily obviated. If the unmodulated output of the 906 (or AM signal generator) is set to 10.7 mc, for example, and the IF amplifier is then center-frequency aligned using a VTVM across limiter grid resistor as output meter, the error in frequency will be only 1% at most. This is negligible. By so aligning the IF circuits before shifting to visual alignment, the operator can be certain of correct center frequency alignment. In shifting over to oscilloscope in place of meter, and

frequency modulated instead of unmodulated test signal, he can adjust the signal generator dial to bring its FM output exactly in step with the IF amplifier previously correctly aligned on the unmodulated (single-oscillator) frequency of high accuracy.

The three foregoing paragraphs bring out a point important indeed in the use of any and all makes of FM "sweep" generators. The error involved is not, in any good signal generator such as that illustrated, a function of drift. It is only of the order of initial dial calibration accuracy.

So far we have discussed the differences between FM and AM receiver alignment, how selectivity patterns are obtained, and some of the important characteristics and limitations of signal generators. In next month's article, we'll discuss actual alignment procedures.





by John T. Frye

The serviceman has much to gain from good relations with his jobber.

ound to accompany any improve- a-poke factor from equipment is

THE "first" of anything is usually a pretty crude, improvised, and inefficient affair. Take the first gasoline engine, for example. Its bumping, loose-fitting bearings wasted as much power as they transmitted. We have come to realize that machining down to the thousandth part of an inch is necessary in the various working parts of an engine if power is to be smoothly transferred from one part to another with maximum efficiency.

Did you ever stop to consider that what is true in mechanics is equally true in the world of business? The whole mammoth, mushroom business of radio equipment maintenance is like a huge machine. Radio servicing came into being so rapidly that this machine has been literally thrown together, and the articulation of its various parts—the serviceman, the jobber, the manufacturer—has not been too good; yet, unless each of these parts works in close and frictionless contact with the other, there is a tremendous loss of time, money, effort, and efficiency.

As far as the serviceman is concerned, the relations between himself and his jobber are of the most immediate interest. He has no difficulty in seeing the advantages accruing to the jobber out of an improvement in these relations. Increased sales, increased profit, and more rapid turnover of stock is

bound to accompany any improvement along this line. Moreover, since the distributor will be in a better position to know what his customers actually want, he can buy more intelligently and profitably, placing proper emphasis on the high-demand, fast-moving lines. Furthermore, he can expand his business with confidence according to its needs when he is sure of a loyal following of customers.

With human frailty, the serviceman is not always so quick to perceive his own advantages from closer cooperation with his jobber; yet these advantages are greater at least in number—than those falling to the lot of the distributor.

Availability of Parts

The most important thing the jobber does for the serviceman is to provide him with the parts where he wants them and when he wants them; but to take full advantage of this most important service, the repairman must be thoroughly familiar with the distributor's stock. What is more, he must let the jobber know what materials he expects to use so that these things may be purchased in advance and kept ready for him.

The jobber also makes it possible for the serviceman actually to see and examine new pieces of service and test equipment prior to purchase. This removal of the buying-a-pig-ina-poke factor from equipment is especially important to the service-man in the outlying districts. What is more the jobber "endorses" the equipment he sells to the extent that his reputation as well as that of the manufacturer is pledged to satisfying the purchaser.

The jobber also provides a fine service in the distribution of various service aids, such as tube manuals, "tips," descriptive literature on new equipment, etc.. The manufacturer sends this material to the jobber in huge lots and depends upon him to distribute it to the various servicemen in his area. Obviously, he will give such material to the repairmen who patronize him regularly.

Finally, if any further proof is needed of the importance of working closely with the jobber, all you have to do is to remember what happened during the war to the tube situation. When the tube situation got really tight, the fellow who had not bothered to establish close contact with a particular jobber was just out of luck. Each jobber-and who can blame him?-took care of his own and diverted what tubes reached him into the hands of the customers who had given him their business back when this business was really appreciated. It is great fun to be a bargain hunter and to play the field when everything is going your way; but when you really need a

friend, you naturally turn to your regular jobber.

There is a growing awareness of the need for improved cooperation between servicemen and jobbers springing up all over the country, and Radio Maintenance has selected three representative jobbers who are pioneering in improving jobber-serviceman relations. These companies are: Almo Radio Company, 509 Arch Street, Philadelphia 6, Pa.; Commercial Sound & Radio, 528 East Colfax, South Bend 17, Indiana; and Ebinger Radio & Supply Company, 2211 Gravois Ave., St. Louis 4, Mo.

Each of these progressive, forward-looking companies has made a slightly different approach toward the problem of drawing servicemen and jobbers closer together for their mutual benefit; so let us examine one at a time the methods employed:

Almo publishes and distributes free of charge a house organ called "The Almo Broadcaster." This little magazine, a monthly, contains a wealth of material interest to the serviceman. Service hints, "ham" news, description of new equipment complete with pictures, advice from outstanding men in the service field—these are but a few of the subjects covered in this compact but surprisingly information-packed little publication.

In addition, the company sponsored a meeting at Town Hall in Philadelphia, on January 21st, 1947. At this meeting Mr. W. K. Burlingame, Chief Technician of the Dumont Laboratories, Television Receiver Division, gave a lecture on television that was attended by over one thousand servicemen, dealers, engineers, and broadcast station operators.

Mr. Green, President of Almo, writes of this meeting: "We feel that television is breaking too fast for the average serviceman to keep abreast of it without help, and this Dumont meeting was planned so that the could be brought up to date on that television servicing would deal of him in the way of knowl-service equipment, skilled help,

is surprising how amazed me of the boys were to find out low unprepared they were for television. It brought them to the realization that they had to prepare themselves for bigger and better jobs. Of course, the benefits to us

as a jobber were realized through the sales of equipment to these prospective customers."

Another meeting is planned for the fall or early winter in cooperation with the Philadelphia Radio Servicemen's Association on television antennas. Mr. Green goes on to say to other jobbers:

"We feel it is the obligation of all parts jobbers to help in these educational programs. I say 'educational' with no reflection on the serviceman but merely because it serves as a link between the manufacturer and the serviceman. The jobber, since he knows both intimately, is particularly in a position to bring the two together."

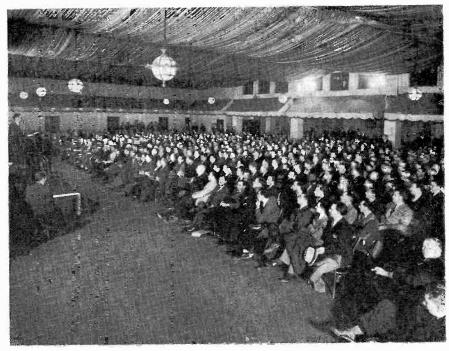
Mr. Green states flatly:

"The policy of our company is to create and hold the good-will of the dealers and servicemen in this vicin-

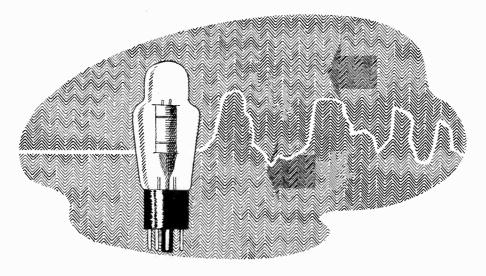
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A group of servicemen who heard a lecture about oscilloscopes by Professor Quigley of Notre Dame. The meeting was sponsored by Commercial Sound and Radio Co. of South Bend Indiana, Professor Quigley'is at the right, standing.



Over a thousand servicemen attended a lecture given by W. K. Burlingame of Dumont Laboratories. The meeting was sponsored by Almo Radio and was held in Town Hall in Philadelphia in January 1947.



VOLTAGE REGULATOR OPERATION

by Irving Dlugatch

Many modern receivers use VR Tubes

VOLTAGE regulators are an important part of many new television and FM receivers. Better grades of AM sets and PA systems also employ some control to keep certain plate voltages constant. High frequency oscillators used in receivers in the 50 to 200 mc range would be too unstable without good plate and screen supply regulation. Until recently, the serviceman seldom encountered voltage regulator circuits, so the following discussion should be helpful in handling new receivers containing these circuits.

The equivalent circuit for any power supply delivering current to a load is shown in Fig. 1. R1 is the load resisor. R2 is the internal resistance of the power supply. In a battery, R1 would be the resistance of the electrolyte. In a generator, it would be the resistance of the armature winding. In radio receivers, it is more complex. Here it includes filter chokes and rectifier tube resistance, the construction of the power transformer, and even the nature of the AC power source.

In Fig. 1, E is known as the "generated voltage." This is the voltage our supply would give if we didn't have to worry about transformer losses, filter choke resistance, etc. and is about equal to the "no

load" voltage of the supply. (Neglecting the effect of a bleeding resistor, if there is one.) When we apply a load, it's the same as lowering the value of R2; more current flows. As a result, a voltage drop develops across R1. V, the useful output voltage, is thus lowered. Should R2 be removed from the circuit, leaving it open, there will be no drop across R1. The value of the terminal voltage under this condition is called

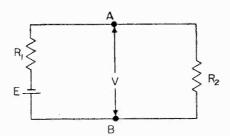


Fig. 1 Equivalent circuit for a power supply and load arrangement.

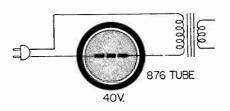


Fig. 2 Diagram showing the use of a type 876 primary voltage regulator.

the no-load voltage. The extent to which V changes from full load to no load is referred to as the regulation of the system. A power supply that has good regulation will change its terminal voltage only slightly with varying load.

Good regulation is important in many electronic circuits. Changing the potentials at any of a tube's elements including the heater will affect its plate resistance. This is because any variation in the number of electrons that reach the plate can happen only if the plate resistance changes. Whether the tube is used as an oscillator or amplifier, the output is dependent on the plate resistance. The ear may not detect any difference in the loudness of the signal when regulation is poor. However, it will notice the distortion produced. Also, the change in plate and screen voltage will detune oscillators and RF amplifiers by altering interelectrode capacities. This is serious at the high frequencies used in FM and television. It takes but a few micromicrofarads of capacity to shift a television oscillator's frequency several megacycles. This may mean a badly distorted picture and loss of the sound.

Theoretically we shouldn't need voltage regulators. As soon as the

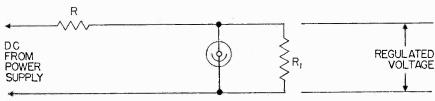


Fig. 3 Equivalent circuit of a power supply using a voltage regulator tube.

receiver heaters warm up, everything should reach an "equilibrium" condition. What, then, are the causes of voltage variations? First, power line AC voltage is not perfectly constant. In spite of the efforts of power companies to eliminate variations, some always occur because the load on the lines is going through many changes and the voltage cannot be completely stabilized. In rural districts, line voltages may sometimes vary by as much as 20%.

The second source of voltage variations is in the receiver itself. Temperature changes cause resistance changes in the components. The control circuits (AVC and others) used are such as to cause plate current fluctuations when signals tuned and detuned and when signals of different strengths are received. Strong noise pulses and other interference effects also contribute to instability in voltages.

Protection against upswings in line voltage can be provided by increasing the normal internal resistance of the AC supply. Ballast resistors called current regulators are designed for this purpose. These include the familiar filament dropping resistors built into line cords or constructed to plug into a tube socket. They are usually made by winding michrome wire around a heat resistant insulating material. Considerable heat is developed by the resistor. This means that plenty of ventilation has to be provided.

An older form of the ballast resistor was used as in Fig. 2 in series with the primary of the power transformer. As can be seen, the primary must be designed to operate at a much lower than normal voltage. That is why such a regulator cannot be shorted out without damaging the transformer. The resistance is sometimes made of iron and enclosed in a glass bulb containing hydrogen gas. The gas lengthens the life of the regulator. The 876 tube is an example of a current regulator. It has a mogul base and is listed as requiring

1.7 amperes with a voltage drop of 40 to 60 volts. The chief disadvantage of all ballast resistors is that they dissipate a good deal of power. The most efficient, least expensive, and most used kind of regulator is the cold cathode glow discharge type known as "VR" tubes.

These tubes contain a plate and a cathode. Their bulbs hold a gas at low pressure which is not active chemically. If a high DC voltage is applied between the electrodes, the gas atoms break down forming positively charged ions and negative electrons. The electrons are attracted to the positively charged plate. The ions go to the genative cathode where they receive new electrons. As the electrons enter the ions, energy is given off in the form of light. We see it as a bluish glow.

Once this process has begun, the presence of the positive ions lowers the potential difference between the electrodes and keeps it constant at a low value. Any increase in applied voltage inreases the ionization releasing more electrons. This amounts to a decrease in resistance. A decrease in voltage has the opposite effect. It is as though the tube were automatically adjusting its resistance to maintain a constant voltage drop.

Because of the tube's low opposition to current flow, it cannot be used without a series resistor to limit the current. Fig. 3 shows the circuit for the use of VR tubes. When R₁ increases, additional current is carried by the tube. When R₁ decreases, the tube current falls. The voltage across the regulator tube will be constant only when its current stays within the limits given in the characteristics chart. The last column in the table indicates how much the tube voltage will vary. These figures are correct if the tube current does not fall below the minimum value or rise above the maximum. Also, the load current should not vary more than 20 to 35 milliamperes. When the tube is operating properly, a faint glow should be seen. A very bright



The OA2 miniture type regulates at 150 volts.



The standard VR type of regulator tube is pictured above.

glow means excessive current. This shows that the power supply voltage needs to be reduced. No glow means too little current and is due to low power supply voltage or excessive load current.

It must be remembered that a high voltage is needed to start the tube. The lowest possible voltage needed

to cause ionization is given in the characteristics. The power supply by itself must provide at least this value if a VR tube is to be used. In operation, before current has started to flow, there is no drop across resistor R (Fig. 3). Therefore, the full power supply voltage is present at the tube to ionize the gas. As soon as current flows the drop across R reduces the regulator tube voltage to its normal operating value. The value of the series resistor R can be calculated by Ohm's law, but is more easily determined by the following practical method.

- 1. Remove the load.
- 2. Place a milliammeter (0-100) in series with R and the tube as shown in Fig. 4.
- 3. Adjust R until the current is about 10 or 15% below the maximum tube current. (Table I) This is 30 ma for some of the older types, and for miniatures.
- 4. Connect the load. Check to see that the current is now well above the 5 ma minimum needed to ionize the tube.

There must be no resistance between the regulator tube and the load for the best regulation. Therefore, the voltage to be controlled must be that of one of the listed VR tubes or any series combination of two tubes. For small voltages, the circuit of Fig. 5 will provide regulation, but is only effective against variations in line voltage. The VR tube maintains a constant 75 volts but this is divided between R₁ and R_2 in proportion to their resistances. If R₂ changes, its voltage will change. Two tubes are used in series to get larger voltages. The necessary dropping resistor can be found in the same way as for a single tube.

Examination of the VR base diagram shows the presence of a jumper with no connection to any of the elements. Fig. 6 explains its use. With this arrangement, should the tube be removed, the power supply negative lead is opened. This prevents excessive voltage being applied to the regulated tubes.

In wiring, Pin 2 should always go to B— or ground since it connects to the cathode. When the tube is correctly wired, the glow will appear near the cylindrical cathode and never around the wire anode.

Neon lamps can be used in place of VR tubes. Most types start with

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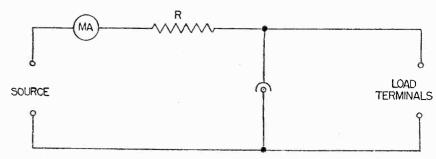


Fig. 4 The circuit used in adjusting the dropping resistance to its proper value.

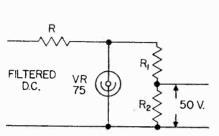


Fig. 5 When a voltage divider is used across a VR tube, regulation is provided only for variations in source voltage. This diagram illustrates a voltage divider arrangement,

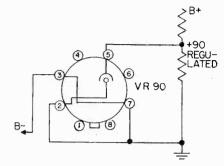


Fig. 6 Showing how a jumper is provided on VR tubes to disconnect the voltage when the tube is removed.

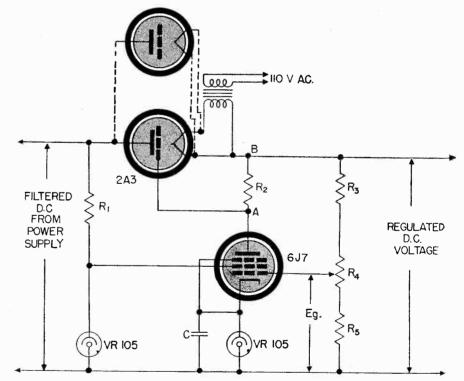


Fig. 7 Circuit diagram of an electronic type voltage regulator.

TABLE I

Туре	Min. Start, Volts	Operating Volts	Min. Ma.	Max. Ma.	Regulation Volts
OA3-VR75	105	75	5	40	3
OB3-VR90	125	90	5	40	3.5
OC3-VR105	135	105	5	40	4
OD3-VR150	185	150	5	40	5.5
OA2	155	150	5	30	2
OB2	115	108	5	30	2

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Let's Work Together

→ From Page 11

ity. We feel we can better do this through close cooperation with them in helping to sponsor these meetings that are timely and interesting to them. We feel these meetings are essential and that the men are getting first-hand information from people who are considered 'tops' in the industry and are well versed in the subject on which they lecture."

Commercial Sound & Radio Company of South Bend also has featured lectures in its jobber-serviceman cooperation program. The lectures were in the form of a series given by Professor Quigley of Notre Dame University on the various phases of the theory and operation of the oscilloscope. The lectures, given at night during the winter and early spring, were held to one hour, and refreshments were served after each meeting. Each lecture pertained to a specific topic relating to the oscilloscope.

Mr. A. E. Kester, President of Commercial Sound & Radio, says:

"The reaction of the servicemen was more than we anticipated. They are asking for more of this type of meeting, and we are planning, starting in October, a regular school on various types of test equipment, such as Oscillators, Vacuumtube Voltmeters, Television, Alignment of FM Receivers, etc. Also we hope to get enough fellows interested in making to various manufacturing plants. So far, we have had three offers on these trips on a share the cost plan; that is, the cost would be divided between the distributor, manufacturer, and person attending."

He points out that a lot of the fellows stayed long after the meetings, which gave the personnel of C. S. & R. an opportunity to get their reaction on the meeting and on business in general. The company had an opportunity to come in contact with a number of new accounts and to get to know personally many new and potential customers. More concrete results were found in the sale of fifteen oscilloscopes.

In summarizing, Mr. Kester says: "The purposes of these meetings have been more than three-fold. The most important part, it gave the servicemen an opportunity to know each other, and this was an important fac-



The Ebinger Radio Co. sponsored this meeting at Lymmar Hotel, Herrin, III., a few months ago.

tor during the war. For instance, when merchandise was very scarce, the fellows helped each other out on various parts and tubes the distributor and manufacturer were unable to secure for them. Second purpose: it showed the servicemen that they were no longer 'Screwdriver Mechanics' but are engaged in a highly-trained profession and deserve credit and recognition as such. They need take a back seat for no one. Third purpose: it created a lot of good will for us and showed the serviceman that we were back of him 100% and that his problems were our problems."

Consistent with this desire to have the servicemen "get together," Commercial Sound & Radio has also given purely social parties from time to time. Refreshments were always served at these parties and diverting entertainment was provided.

Ebinger Radio and Supply Company of St. Louis also has great confidence in meetings of servicemen with a lecture on a pertinent subject sponsored by their company. One difference lies in the fact that they take the meeting to the serviceman, at least as nearly as they can. The territory covered by this company is estimated as having a radius of roughly a hundred miles, with St. Louis as the center. The lectures are given at various key towns in this huge area, with servicemen from twenty or thirty neighboring towns being invited to attend. To round out the program, several large meetings are arranged for St. Louis itself.

Mr. John Devereux of the Sales and Advertising Department of Ebinger's sums up the aims of these meetings as follows:

"First and foremost, they give the servicemen an opportunity to secure more information so that they will be better technicians and better business men. We like the idea of factory men for speakers because they have the broad general knowledge and the practical experience about their own products which enable them to answer any question which the average serviceman is likely to shoot at them Knowing in advance that he is to address a group composed only of servicemen, the speaker can slant his talk to meet their requirements.

"The second purpose developed accidently. It is the promotion of good fellowship and better understanding between individual servicemen. It has worked out particularly well in our regional meetings. Servicemen, from perhaps adjacent towns, who know each other only by reputation, find out over a glass of beer or two that the cheap chiseler they have been cussing a lot is really not such a bad guy after all.

"When we have accomplished the first two purposes, we automatically take care of the third. That, of course, is the promotion of good will for the Ebinger Radio & Supply Company."

Mr. Devereux admits frankly that

→ To Page 24

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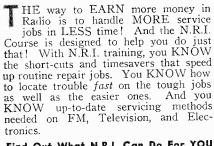
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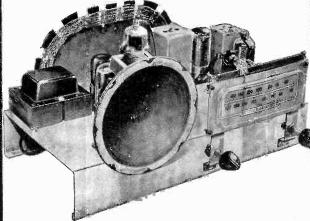
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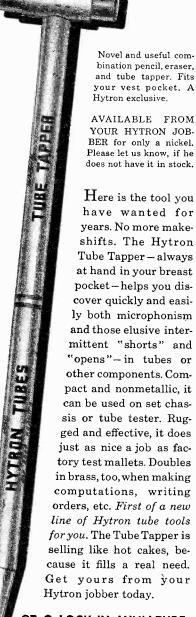
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Reports from all over United States and Canada are making it clear that the Radio Service Technician is finding membership in an organization of great benefit. Radio Maintenance has kept you informed by starting this column many months ago, and we have watched group activity grow. If you are an organization member, let's hear from you about your group activities.

Walter Koop, Chairman of the publicity committee of the Philadelphia Radio Servicemen's Association, recently sent us some interesting information about the Association's code of ethics enforcement. Certain rules of ethics are generally followed by members and violations are carefully investigated. The manner in which investigation are carried out is as follows (we quote from Mr. Koop's letter):

"All complaints are referred to our Board of Governors and a committee is appointed by them to handle these complaints as they are received. This has been our procedure for several years and has worked very satisfactorily.

"The investigating committee calls on the complaining customer and examines the radio equipment which was repaired. They also examine the bill if one was given the customer; and proceed to contact the serviceman or company which performed the work. If the committee finds the serviceman is at fault, he is given three days in which to correct the rouble. If he

www.americanradiohistory.com

does not make the correction in three days, th equipment is taken to the shop of a member for proper repairs and then returned to the customer.

"The original serviceman is then billed for this work. If he does not pay the bill and give complete assurance of mending his ways, he is dropped from the membership of PRSMA and notice of this action is published in PRSMA News. We have found cases where the customer has been unreasonable or of questionable honesty. In cases of this type, we point out his unreasonableness and make every effort to absolve the unjustly accused serviceman."

Mr. Koop mentions that 85 per cent of complaints received concern non-members, in which case, unfavorable publicity exposing their unethical methods is used, after a thorough investigation has conclusively proved them to be at fault.

One of the largest meetings of the Hudson Valley Radio Servicemen's Association was held October 14th at the famous Smith Brothers' Restaurant in Poughkeepsie, N. Y.

Speakers at the meeting were Messrs. Irving Einhorn of the Tung-Sol Lamp Works, Newark, N. J.; Ken Burkaw, Sales Manager, Jobber Division, Cornell-Dubilier Electric Corp., Plainfield, N. J.; and Hy Steinberg of Blair-Steinberg, manufacturers' representatives of New York City. This meeting which was attended by servicemen from a radius of over forty miles is the forerunner of a active winter season.

Mr. Einhorn showed a special motion picture describing the man-

→ To Page 36





"It's the one that REALLY WORKS"

Reports Pilzer Twigg

You all remember Pilzer from way back before the war. He repairs radios at the Acme Radio Emporium. After field-testing advance samples of the new Sprague TM, Mr. Twigg

reports:
"Up to now I couldn't keep a tubular in the auto radio in my Model T long enough to bother with puttin' one in. Now motoring is fun again, The radio coos like a baby. Sprague TM's are the only ones that really work!"

The first truly practical all-purpose HIGH-TEMPERATURE MOLDED paper tubulars—New type TM

• Highly heat resistant

- Moisture resistant
- Non-inflammable
- Conservatively rated
- Small in size
- Mechanically rugged
- Completely insulated

After more than four years of intensive research, plus one of the largest retooling programs in its history, Sprague announces a complete line of high-temperature molded paper tubular capacitors that offer far-reaching advantages for a long list of products ranging from home or auto radios and electrical appliances to military equipment. These new molded types will be known as "TM" units. Basically, because of its completely new method of construction, this Sprague TM unit is so far ahead of anything now available, it should

have the same effect on the paper tubular capacitor business that bakelite molded resistors had in the resistor field years ago.

The unique high-temperature molded construction of these new capacitors assures maximum dependability even under extremes of heat, humidity, and physical stress. Thus the new TM types have virtually universal application in modern equipment. YOU CAN STOCK ONE BRAND FOR ALL REQUIREMENTS—SPRAGUE TM'S!

Reach for a Sprague and know you're right!

CAPACITORS

SPRAGUE

*KOOLOHM RESISTORS

> T,M. Reg. U.S. Pat. Off.

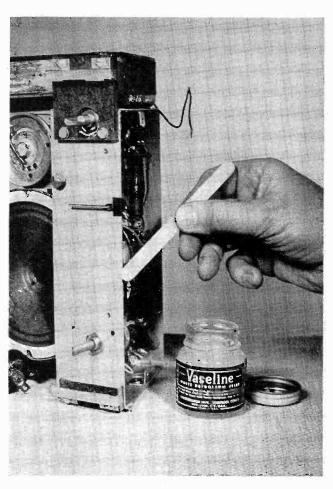
SPRAGUE PRODUCTS COMPANY, North Adams, Mass.

(JOBBING AND DISTRIBUTING ORGANIZATION FOR THE PRODUCTS OF THE SPRAGUE ELECTRIC COMPANY)

TIME SAVERS

by Harry Leeper

Each month Mr. Leeper will describe two suggestions helpful in radio service work and illustrate them with photographs. This is a new, regular, feature, in addition to "The Notebook" which features suggestions from readers.



DIAL POINTER MOVEMENT

Radios which use a sliding type of pointer or indicator often have uneven dialing due to the pointer mechanism catching on the metal frame.

A light application of vaseline will usually correct this condition. Care should be used to avoid placing any of the vaseline on the dial cord.



ELIMINATING VIBRATION NOISE

The dial face of radios of some types makes a loose contact with the cabinet which results in vibrating noise at certain volume or tones.

Moleskin adhesive is available which has a soft covering and when applied as shown acts as a cushion between the dial face and the cabinet.

More than one layer of the adhesive may be used where necessary.



Provides every signal you need for fast, accurate FM alignment

THEWR-53A removes the last element of doubt from FM receiver alignment . . . regardless of band-width requirements. You bring the recognized advantages of the sweep method of alignment to every FM job—speed, accuracy, and reliability that add up to a perfect job every time, in less time.

It's packed with features to make your work easier. Here's a quick check list:

... i-f center frequency, 8.3 to 10.7 mc
... adjustable i-f sweep width ... internal
and external frequency modulation ...
r-f range continuously variable from 85
to 110 mc ... provides AM or c-w signals
... includes step and fine attenuators ...
a scope phase control permits centering
of sweep patterns.

With the i-f sweep section, you can align i-f stages by the variable-frequency or visual method. When used with an oscilloscope or VoltOhmyst, you can quickly adjust an FM discriminator circuit by either the visual or single-frequency method. Alignment of r-f, local-oscillator, ratio-detector, and mixer circuits all become simple, routine jobs.

Here's an instrument that's comparable in performance yet half the price of similar laboratory-type equipment. It's a "natural" for the receiver manufacturer's laboratory as well as the radio service shop.

A new bulletin is yours for the asking. Keep in touch with your RCA Test Equipment Distributor.



ON THE WAY-a superior line of test equipment

that puts time-consuming service jobs on a profitable,

production-line basis . . . that anticipates all FM and

television needs. Matched styling of all instruments

permits attractive, convenient grouping. Watch for

announcements of the other units in this new line.

TEST AND MEASURING EQUIPMENT

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA

ENGINEERING PRODUCTS DEPARTMENT, CAMDEN, N.J.

In Canada: RCA VICTOR Company Limited, Montreal



4912 Flournoy Street, Chicago 44, III.

RHEOSTATS * RESISTORS * TAP SWITCHES

Be Right with

Voltage Regulator Operation

→ From Page 14

90 volts and operate at 60 volts.

Electronic voltage regulation is used where higher voltages are involved and, also, where the output voltage is not going to be fixed. One version giving excellent regulation is that of Fig. 7. If the output voltage goes up, the current through R₃, R₄ and R₅ will increase. This will make Eg rise. The bias on the grid of the 6J7 is the difference between Eg and the voltage fixed by the VR tube in series with the cathode. E_z places a positive potential on the grid. The cathode voltage supplies a negative potential. If E_g increases, the grid becomes more positive. This permits more plate current to flow in the 6J7. The larger plate current makes point A more negative with respect to point B because the current flows from A to B. Therefore, the grid of the 2A3 is made more negative. The 2A3 plate current is then reduced which means less current is supplied to the load. As a result, the output voltage decreases.

Should the output voltage fall, then $E_{\rm g}$ drops. This decreases the 6J7 plate current and finally makes the 2A3 grid more positive. The increased 2A3 current, boosts the output voltage.

The available regulated voltage can be varied by changing E_g. That is why R₄ is made adjustable. If more load current than a 2A3 can carry is desired, additional 2A3s can be put in parallel as indicated by the dotted lines.

In general, the VR tubes and the electronic regulator compensate for line voltage variations as well as for load changes. In addition, maintaining constant voltage essentially reduces the internal resistance of the power supply. Therefore, regeneration and degeneration voltages are less likely to build up in the power supply. This might occur with many stages of amplification such as video IF amplifiers. It also results in reduced hum and less chance of "motorboating." However, defective VR tubes may be a source of noise. The best test for this trouble is replacement with another tube.

FEBRUARY 1948 • RADIO MAINTENANCE



Says the service expert who values his good reputation and the repeat business that goes with it—



KEN-RAD DOUBLE ACCEPTANCE

puts profits in the repairman's pocket

♦ You're glad to install Ken-Rad tubes because their reputation stands high with you, as well as with other service experts. And Ken-Rad tubes reward this enthusiasm by helping you secure a bigger repeat business—based on clients' faith in your standards of work as shown by the quality tubes and parts you use.

DOUBLY ACCEPTED . . . by you and your customers! That's why Ken-Rad tubes hold a coast-to-coast margin of popularity. Radio owners endorse their finer tone, their long-

playing life. You prefer to sell Ken-Rad tubes—customers want to buy them! It's a favorable meeting of minds, creating more sales and greater profits.

Now is the time to impress your name and high-grade repair facilities on your neighborhood! Radio-set production is large; owners' service needs will grow. Ken-Rad tubes can help you gain wider, friendlier local recognition, with the increased business. 'take' that will result. Install and sell Ken-Rad doubly-accepted radio tubes!

"ESSENTIAL CHARACTERISTICS"
Ken-Rad's Booklet ETR-16—
is a "must" for the dealer or
service man who wants a convenient, concise, and comprehensive guide to the selection
of radio tube types. Your free
copy will be mailed you
promptly on request. Write for
it today!



ESPEY

The Custom Built Chassis



Yessir! In producing the ESPEY line of custom-built chassis we have kept in mind the physical dimensions necessary for chassis units which could be easily adapted to custom-built work, or as replacements for existing inferior units. Carefully engineered and manufactured to give absolute satisfaction in any type of installation. The Model 7-B can serve as an ideal replacement for AM sets housed in highly thought-of cabinets.

The ESPEY Model 7-B is an AM/FM superheterodyne receiver with 10 tubes plus a rectifier tube, operating on 105/125 volts AC, 50/60 cycle. Wired for phono operation, this superbly engineered receiver is supplied, ready to operate, with 10" speaker with Alnico #5 magnet, antennas, and all necessary hardware.

For further details about this—and the rest of the ESPEY line—write to Department F today.





Let's Work Together

→ From Page 16

they have not had much luck in arranging lectures to aid the servicemen in becoming better businessmen. As he explains:

"It seems to be too much of an individual problem to handle in a general way. The best answer we have so far is Mike Ebinger. If a man goes into an interview with Mike with an open mind, he will come out a better radio business

man."

As an example of the nature and attendance of the St. Louis meetings, four hundred radio servicemen for the Metropolitan St. Louis area heard Myron F. Melvin, Field Engineer for P. R. Mallory, Inc., of Indianapolis discuss the latest developments in television and FM Broadcasting at a meeting on April 7th at the St. Louis House. Service techniques developed for the eleven components manufactured by P. R. Mallory were discussed and demonstrated.

Jobbers Take Iniative

So there, viewed from three different angles and in three different parts of the country, we have a glimpse of the new spirit of cooperation that is springing up between jobbers and servicemen. While there are minor differences in method of attacking the problem, there are much more striking similarities:

Jobbers are agreed that the responsibility for leadership in this move rests squarely upon their own shoulders. Standing as they do between the manufacturer and the serviceman, they are a "natural" for bringing the two together—to the advantage of all three.

Meetings of radio servicemen, with a lecture on a timely subject by a factory representative or an outstanding figure in the radio field is the most popular vehicle for furthering this cooperation. In such meetings, both the educational and the social aspects should be stressed.

These get-togethers are receiving a most enthusiastic welcome from the servicemen, who are pleading for more of the same.

The jobbers sponsoring the meetings are well pleased with the benefits that they themselves are receiving from them. Not only do they emphatically and unanimously state this, but the fact that they are planning more and larger meetings is even stronger evidence that this is so.

Manufacturers Assist

Manufacturers are more than willing to contribute lecturers, for they realize that this is splendid advertising for their products placed exactly where it will do the most good.

It is not hard to read the meaning of these straws in the wind. Those

→ To Page 40

Here's that NEW F.M.-A.M. Sig. Gen.



F.M. SWEEP FROM 0 TO 300 K.C. MODULATION FREQUENCY 60 OR 400 CYCLES PER SECOND.

Stable frequency modulated signals give undistorted wave form. This permits easy and more precise alignment over all frequency ranges thus insuring maximum performance in a radio set that can in every way be comparable with original factory adjustments.

Other features include: constant deviation by using a fixed frequency reactance oscillator, 110 Volt A.C. line filter to prevent leakage thru power supply, horizontal synchronized sweep voltage available thru jack on front panel.

Be sure to see this new Triplett F.M.-A.M. Signal Generator at your Parts Distributor.

For complete technical description write Dept. W-28

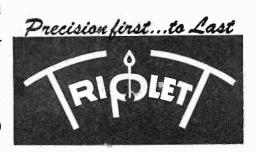
TRIPLETT | ELECTRICAL INSTRUMENT COMPANY . BLUFFTON, OHIO

Representatives in Principal U. S. and Canadian Cities.

Model 3433

Signal Generator

Frequency Ranges: Fundamentals-from 100 K.C. to 120 M.C. in ten bands. Added Frequency-(provided by built-in fixed 50 M.C. oscillator) from 120 M.C. to 170 M.C. Second harmonics can also be used to double the A.M. fundamental ranges.



D-AMERICA

Look at these sensational buys in brand-new, unused, top-quality radio parts and electronic equipment. You've never seen big buys like these before! And that's only the beginning. These values are but a few of the hundreds and hundreds of items Mid-America has in stock right now. Write for free catalog. You'll save money!

New Standard Brand TUBES at World's Lowest Prices!

1A5GT47c	12AT647c	900241c
1H5GT 47c	12C8	9003 31c
1N5GT 59c	12SA7GT47c	9006
	12SG749c	1E3619c
1R5 59c		1H2019c
2x2/87939c	12SK747c	
3Q472c	12SQ747c	2C2649c
3Q5GT69c	12SO7GT47c	3BP1\$1.00
5Y3GT43c	12SR769c	5CP1\$1.75
6AG569c	28D7 79c	3D21A \$1.00
6H649c	35L6GT47c	15E\$1.95
6J6	35W4	15R\$1.95
6SA747c	50A565c	RK34/2C3479c
6SA7GT 47c	50B5	HY114B 79c
6SH734c	117Z3 79c	HY61579c
6SK7GT 47c	954 39c	801A
6S0745c	955 39c	803\$3.75
6V6GT/G47c	161325c	80790c
	1619	830B \$1.95
6X5GT45c		1005
7C459c	162425c	
7E559c	1625 25c	1960\$1.00
7Y459c	163225c a	VR9079c
7Z459c	163325c	VR150



PORTABLE DACO TUBE TESTER

Same construction and operating features as counter model. Enclosed in sturdy case with durable black leatherette covering. \$3250 12¾ 'x 12½'. MA-2194

PHONO AMP and RECORD CHANGER

Inexpensive phono amplifier and record changer with "big set" features. Positive-action Crescent changer handles 10° and 12° records without jamming: finger-tip reject button. Lightweight counter-balanced pickup arm with Shure crystal and lifetime floating sapphire needle. 78 RPM constant-speed motor. 5° PM speaker and high-quality amplifier complete with tubes. Base measures 15½ x 12½° x 6°. MA21 Base with motor, turntable and record changer. MA-2192 31495



15" HIGH-FIDELIT DYNAMIC SPEAKER

\$1895

and HAM ANTENNA



AN-104-B. 1/4-wave at 100-156 MC: formerly used with SCR-522, 274-N. ARC-5. A pair make an excellent broad-band dipole for FM reception, Coaxial connector in base. Very sturdy; use anywhere. MA-2153

Order now—right from this ad! Send 25% deposit— we ship C.O.D. for balance plus postage. Write, too, for Mid-America's big, complete catalog that list hundreds and hundreds of hard-to-get items—ALL AT UNBEATABLE LOW PRICES! Mail orders and catalog requests to store address—Dept. RM-28







ELECTROLYTIC CONDENSERS

Aerovox midget-can electrolytic condensers, known as "Dandees," are now available in voltage ratings of 500, 600, and 700 volts DC working in addition to lower ratings previously released. Capacitance values are 8, 10, 12, and 16 ufd. Further details may be obtained from Aerovox Corporation, New Bedford, Mass.



MARKER OSCILLATOR

The Kay Mega-Marker is a precision variable marker oscillator which covers the range of 19 to 29 megacycles for the television IF band. A crystal oscillator supplies a 10.7 mc signal for FM receivers, and 12 inches of calibrated scale length provide an accuracy of 0.02 mc. Harmonic check points from the crystal controlled oscillator are

TELEVISION KIT

A television kit intended for self-instruction purposes has been introduced by the Espey Manufacturing Company, Inc. There is a large demand from servicemen and amateurs for a low-cost simplified television kit which instructs the individual in the basic concepts of television. This kit is a television tool for technical schools which are primarily interested in the instruction value of the mechanism rather than its commercial aspects. In using a three-inch picture tube, Espey was primarily concerned with the development of a training kit; and, therefore, felt that the size of the screen was of secondary importance. The fact that the high voltage is only 1000 volts makes it safer for experiments in trainee hands.

The kit uses miniature tubes, making the size of the unit only about 50 per cent greater than that of the familiar 5 tube AC/DC broadcast receiver. This provides the utility of a personal television set as well as aid in self instruction. For further information, write to Espey Mfg. Co., Inc., 528 East 72 Street, New York 21, N. Y.

SILVER SOLDER KIT

The American Products Corporation's silver soldering outfit produces non-corrosive, leak-proof joints stronger than the metal itself. It includes all necessary equipment and materials for brazing and compares favorably with acetylene torch brazing on metals up to $1/4^{\prime\prime}$ thickness. The outfit includes an alcohol torch, fuel, heat retaining chamber, accessories, instructions for use, chamber, accessories, instructions ... and a silver solder supply kit including a → To Page 36

ALL CAPACITORS ARE NOT ALIKE!

You be the Judge! See why Centralab's Ceramic BC "Hi-Kap" Capacitors are your best buy!

"HI-KAP" FEATURES	DE	SCRIPTION	J	ADVANTAGES				
1. Impervious to moisture	Ceramic-X is absorption is	non-hygroscopi 007% or less.	c. Moisture	No deterioration, no shorting. Longer life even under the most adverse conditions.				
2. Low mass weight	Av. Wt.	Dimensions L540" D315"	Values .00005— .00025 mfd.					
3. Small size	.050 oz.	L—.830" D—.315" L—1" D—.340"	.0005 mfd. .000750— .005 mfd.	For unit size and weight, Centralab BC "Hi-Kaps", made with Ceramic-X, are the only capacitors on the market which provide these voltage ratings.				
4. High capacity	.082 oz. Rating: 600 V	L—1.305" D—.400" WVDC — 1000	.01 mfd. VDC flash test.					
5. Special insulation	Wax impregnated.	ated, lacquered lic resin, cure	, dipped in d and wax	Prevents any possibility of shorting to adjacent leads, chassis or components.				
6. Convenient side leads	Heavy #22 ga	auge tinned co	pper.	Permit rapid, close-coupled connections. No tricky bending or fitting required.				
7. Low power factor	Initial — .6% humidity test		hours, 95%	More efficient circuit operation, fewer failures.				
8. High leakage resistance	Initial — 5000 — 500 megoh		ter humidity	Long life, more efficient performance.				
9. Maximum dependability	One-piece con directly to elec		ads soldered	Will not short or become intermittent.				
10. Factory tested	For your prote tory tested before			Your guarantee to your customers of re- liable service and performance.				

	PART	VALUE	LIST
	NUMBER	(MFD).	PRICE*
	D6-500	.000050	\$1.25*
	D6-101	.000100	1.25*
	D6-151	.000150	1.25*
	D6-251	.000250	1.25*
	D6-501	.000500	1.25*
	D6-751	.000750	1.25*
	D6-1Q2	.001000	1.25*
	D6-202	.002000	1.25*
	D6-502	.005000	1.50*
	D6-103	.010000	1.50*
_			

*PER ENVELOPE OF 5

Rating: 600 WVDC — 1000 V. flash tested. Individually color coded, inspected and insulated.

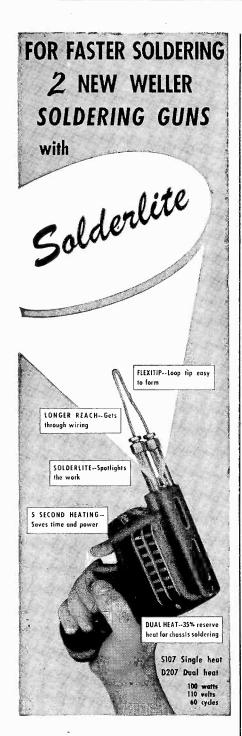
First in Quality — First in Performance!

 \mathbf{Y}_{ES} , more and more Radio Service Dealers are turning to Centralab's *ceramic* by-pass and coupling capacitors for new dependability, permanence and convenient size. Compare the amazing low price at which Centralab is offering these *ceramic* capacitors, and you'll agree now's the time to give yourself and your service customers the newest and finest in capacitor components!

Note the wide range of *Hi-Kap* values available at left, and order a supply of these top quality capacitors from your Centralab Distributor today. For complete information, see your Centralab Distributor or write to *Centralab*, *Division of Globe-Union*, *Milwaukee*, *Wis*.

LOOK TO Centralab IN 1948!

First in component research that means lower costs for the electronic industry.



The new Weller Soldering Guns with Solderlite plus the fast 5 second heating help make service work more profitable for radio, television and appliance service men, electrical maintenance men, electric motor rewinding and repair shops automotive electrical service.

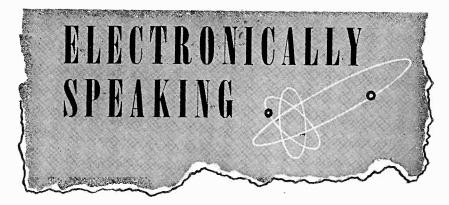
A useful and time-saving tool for laboratory workers, experimenters, hobbyists, telephone installation and maintenance men. S107 100 watts single heat, D207 100/135 watts dual heat.

See your radio parts distributor or write for bulletin direct.

WELLER

MANUFACTURING CO.

812 Packer St., Easton, Pa.



ENGINEERS in the Tube Division of General Electric recently released a story about a radio tube which fell 10,000 feet from a Flying Fortress and not only survived but is now in use in a transmitter. The tube's descent took place after an attack by the Luftwaffe on a formation of Flying Fortresses in 1943.

In the course of the ensuing battle several planes exploded, and it was observed that a small package fell to the earth. A standard transmitting tube, the G1-211, was found in the package. Neither the filament nor any of the other elements were injured. A. A. Bliek, of Enschede, Netherlands, reported in a letter recently that the tube is at present in operation in the transmitter of a Netherlands amateur radio group.

A fall from this height without injury to the filament is particularly remarkable in view of the fact that the filament of the tube is made of thoriated tungsten, which is even more brittle than the glass envelope in which it is enclosed.

Interesting data on the propagation of television signals over great distances were recently gathered by Dr. Thomas T. Goldsmith and his DuMont engineers. These data were taken during about 4000 miles of air travel made possible by the cooperation of the U.S. Army Air Corps and the Signal Corps, who supplied the plane, some of the equipment, and part of the personnel. Observations were made of the telecast transmissions of stations WABD in New York and WTTG in Washington, The plane flew between New York and Washington in observing the signals of both stations, and between New York and Boston for further data on WABD alone.

Results indicated adequate sig-

nal strength for line of sight reception even up to a distance of 250 miles, although pitching and turning of the plane caused considerable variations.

Another interesting result of the flight was the study made of the effects of interference. The fact that WABD and WTTG operate on the same channel made this possible. With the airborne receiver about midway between the transmitters, the beat frequency pattern completely obliterated the video component.

It seems that New York City is going to be a center for development of television in the motion picture industry in the East. The Radio Corporation of America and the 20th Century Fox Film Corporation recently signed a contract for a joint program of research on large screen television. The project will be centered in the film company's Movietone Newsreel studios in Manhattan, An identical contract was recently signed between RCA and Warner Brothers.

A demonstration of the practicability of facsimile was recently given to strollers along the boardwalk near the municipal auditorium in Atlantic City. Radio Inventions, Inc., of New York City, with cooperation from General Electric, arranged the demonstration as a feature of the National Association of Broadcasters convention. News transmitted from the headquarters booth was delivered to various display points along the boardwalk by electronic means.

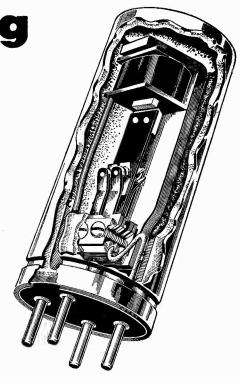
Howard W. Sams, publisher of the Photofact Radio Data Service, recently announced the development by his organization of a new, uniform style of schematic diagram

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Quick Starting

Like the split second dash of a startled deer in the snow-capped northlands, the Radiart VIBRATOR has no equal in quick starting! This is true even under the most adverse conditions occasioned by frigid temperatures. The low battery voltage that accompanies cold weather holds no threat to Radiart VIBRATORS, they start, and start quickly even with a minimum of voltage . . . even less than 5 volts . . . yet easily withstand high voltages. This unique quality is a tribute to the special design and engineering skill behind Radiart VIBRATORS. Just another reason why Radiart leads the field . . . and is preferred by servicemen who want their customers to be supplied with the best.





The Radiart Corp.

CLEVELAND 2, OHIO



CATHODE-RAY OSCILLOGRAPH

From You be the judge. Compare the Du Mont Type 208-B Cathode-ray Oscillograph with any other instrument claimed to be its equivalent.

Compare deflection sensitivity (0.01 v/in for the 208-B); frequency response (2 to 100,000 cps for the 208-B); degree of distortion for any setting of gain control (no discernible distortion over entire range of gain control with the 208-B).

Meanwhile, don't be misled by 'paper' specifications. Ask your jobber to demonstrate any other instrument alongside the 208-B. Compare

ALLEN B DU MONT LABORATORIES, INC.

linearity and range of sweeps. Look inside the instruments. Notice the fine electrical and mechanical craftsmanship in the 208-B.

You'll soon be convinced that the 208-B is the quality instrument for that quality servicing that pays the real money. Definitely, you won't be satisfied with less.

Your 208-B is well within reach of your pocketbook. At \$270 it's the best investment today in radio test equipment. Cat. No. 1146-A. Immediate delivery from stock. Don't delay—order today!

ALLEN B. DU MONT LABORATORIES, Inc. Passaic • New Jersey Cable Address: Albeedu, Passaic, N. J., U. S. A.

Electronically Speaking

→ From Page 28

representation. The "Standard Notation" schematics feature a basic set of uniform standards to which every diagram is drawn. This standardization eliminates the difficulties of varying symbols and different styles. Since a single form is used for all circuits, savings in service time are made possible. Radio Maintenance readers were given the opportunity to participate in a poll taken among thousands of service technicians by the Sams' organization in cooperation with the Radio Manufacturers' Association. The results of this poll determined the standards which were decided upon.

According to Dan Halpin, RCA Victor Television Receiver sales manager, television today broadcasts to regions with a combined population of nearly 25,000,000 people in eight metropolitan sections. He estimates that by 1948, 10,000,000 more potential listeners will be added, and mid-1949 will see 15 additional cities being served.

Mr. Halpin described the importance of establishing economical network facilities for broadcasters as soon as possible. An example of this is the way WBKB, Chicago, is broadcasting the Notre Dame football games from South Bend to the Chicago viewing audience. Notre Dame welcomes this arrangement because every seat in their 55,000 seat stadium is already allocated, and there are tremendous demands for more.

The lighthouse keeper, who keeps his light burning at all costs for the safety of ships, will be assisted by a new electronic development announced by General Electric Company here.

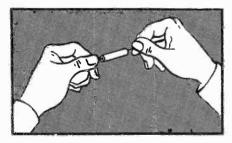
The new unit is a small radar beacon for lighthouses whose op-

→ To Page 32

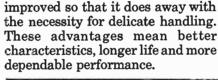
Plastic Molded Tubular Paper Capacitors

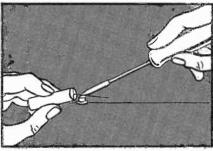
Pioneered by Sangamo!

Just as the first molded mica capacitor was designed by Sangamo in 1923, so the first plastic molded tubular paper capacitor was introduced by Sangamo in 1946. Today, after more than a year of constant improvement and development, based on reports of field service experience from coast to coast, the Sangamo Type 30 Capacitor will fully meet all new RMA Specifications.



The same advantages that Sangamo pioneered in molded micas are now available in these new paper tubulars molded in a thermo-setting plastic: capacity values are permanently sealed in; no wax ends to melt out at high temperatures; and their mechanical stability has been





Sangamo Type 30 Plastic Molded Tubular Paper Capacitors can be used wherever ordinary paper capacitors are used! Heat from a soldering iron will not cause wax to run...nothing can burn! This means greater ease of installation—fewer damaged assemblies—and

more jobs finished in less time. Radio service men and manufacturers will readily appreciate the many improvements embodied in the new Sangamo Type 30 Capacitor. It is definitely superior.



Write for the new Sangamo Capacitor Catalog Number 23B. It gives full information on the complete range of Sangamo Paper, Mica and Silver Capacitors.



SPRINGFIELD · ILLINOIS



6C 451

THERE'S A LOT OF PROFITS PACKED INTO THE NEW SHURE CARTRIDGE REPLACEMENT PACK



MODEL W50A

... because you only need a <u>small</u> parts inventory to handle most of your cartridge replacement business.

The Shure Cartridge "PACK" is the serviceman's friend in more ways than one: Shure crystal cartridges have become a standard by which quality and dependability are judged; and they will now replace over 58 cartridges being used in phonograph reproduction today. The "PACK" contains five Shure lever-type cartridges including the "Muted Stylus" cartridge with the osmium-tip. A Shure Replacement Chart is in each pack for handy reference. It picks out the particular cartridge you should use to replace another. The "PACK" speeds up your profits: no need to order a certain type cartridge—then have to wait until your order is filled. With the "PACK" you can service your customers faster, get profits quicker.

*The "Muted Stylus" combines high output with amazing needle quietness

Model W50A (includes 5 Shure Cartridges) CODE: RUPAC LIST PRICE \$30.80



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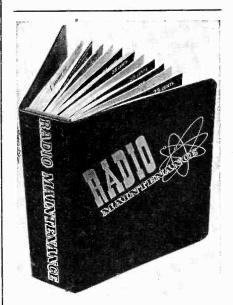
Electronically Speaking

→ From page 30

eration can be likened to a powerful "electronic beacon" emitting signals invisible to the human eye but which will be detected by radarequipped ships.

General Electric has shipped from its electronics headquarters here the first of a series of units which may eventually replace the time-honored lighthouse light. Called an "electronic beacon," the unit was built for the United States Coast Guard.

Designed to assist lighthouses during periods of fog, rain, snow and sleet, it sends out a continuous radar beam which is received on ships equipped with war-developed navigational radar equipment. Signals from the "electronic beacon" will appear as a bright ray on the radar's indicator showing the exact direction of the beacon in the same way that the conventional lighthouse is located by the beam of light it emits.



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Boland & Boyce staff of editors skilled in preparing electronics manuals for the U. S. Signal Corps for many years. These men have worked for several years gathering material for this book . . . all the knowledge of radio principles and operation ... all the statistics ... all the newest developments in electronics ... every possible angle and detail. Eighteen months were spent digesting this material into the most concise, the clearest, and the most readable form. The result is this inval-uable manual . . . The RADIO DATA BOOK. Whether you use this book for general reference, for scientific instruction, or for education, one thing is certain-the practical help, the daily usefulness you will derive from it will prove to be worth

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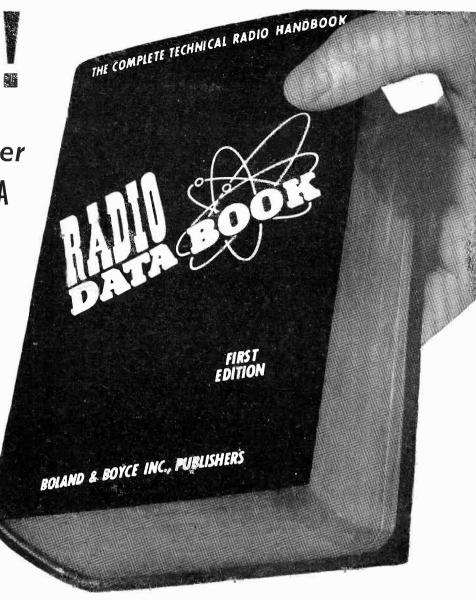
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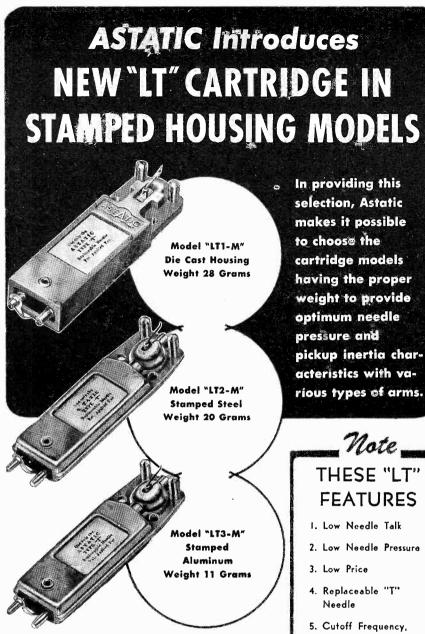
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Industry Presents

→ From Page 26

tube of flux paste and 100 inches of silver solder wire and strip sheet. The kit may also be used with an acetylene torch. Packed in a self contained permanent case, the outfit weighs only 3 lbs.

For further information, write to The American Products Corp., 803-36 Lowell Bldg., Chicago 5, III.



COIN OPERATED RADIO

The Tradio-ett, a new coin operated, 6-tube receiver measures only $7\frac{1}{2}$ " x $7\frac{1}{2}$ " x 5". The unit features preset maximum volume, slug rejector for bad coins, adjustable timer and a squelch system to eliminate interstation noise. The cabinet is aluminum and is available in a variety of finishes and colors. No external antenna is needed. For further information, write to Tradio Inc., Asbury Park, N. J.



DISTORTION METER

The Barker & Williamson Model 400 Dis-→ To Page 36

Throw Away Your Old Instruments Remarkable New STETHOSCOPE Method Guaranteed to Lick Toyghest Jobs

Why let old-fashioned methods and equipment hamper your servicing ability? Thousands of radio men—many with little experience—are already fixing radios this remarkable "automatic" way. It's as simple as A.B.C., because Stethoscope Servicing is the newest, most basic method yet devised to simplify all repairs. Right at this very moment, you probably have on your bench ene of those familiar "stumpers" for repair. But now you can fix these "headaches" in a lifty—the Stethoscope way. STETHOSCOPE SERVIC. ING is guaranteed to speed up and improve your servicing ability, or your money will be refunded. You owe it to yourself to find out how you, too, can begin cashing In. Don't delay! Send for 24 page illustrated booklet, "The inside Story." it's FREE!

Feiler Engineering Co., 945 George St., Chicago 14, Illinois Dept. 2M8



by John T. Frye

Y OU do not have to be an old-timer to remember the magazine article that appeared some six years ago reporting on an investigation of nineteen radio repair shops, seventeen of which, according to the magazine's finding, proved to be dishonest. Recently a radio trade sheet conducted another similar test. A reporter took a portable radio "in perfect operating condition" except for a simple short circuit "in plain view" to twenty Manhattan servicemen.

Hardly two shops agreed on what was the trouble. "A new condenser," "a short in the transformer," "complete realignment," and "a defective oscillator" were typical estimated repairs. Not one shop called attention to the short. What was worse, repairmen slyly wrecked the volume control, the tuning control, two tubes, and the batteries while the customer was supposedly not looking. Estimates for repairing the set ranged from nine to fifteen dollars. In six years time, apparently the percentage of dishonest servicemen has risen from seventeen out of nineteen to a round twenty out of twenty!

That is not a pretty story, but you should know it. Thousands of your customers have already read it in a news magazine of international circulation. The next time their radio needs repair, that story will be in the back of their minds. They will be wondering if your shop is an exception to what seems to be a pretty well standardized practice of larceny in the radio repair business.

First, I should like to say what can be said in defense of the radio service fraternity in this situation. I offer no excuses whatsoever for the practices exposed by the investigation. I do, though, take exception to the inference that these tests reveal the ethical standards of the radio service profession as a whole.

In the first place, neither of the

tests was of a kind that I should like to see given. In the first instance, a grid lead was removed; in the second, a simple short-circuit was contrived. Had I, as a serviceman, found either of these conditions in a set, I should have assumed that it was not the original cause of trouble. Grid caps very seldom come off of their own accord, nor do simple short circuits develop without cause. Seeing these things, I should have assumed that they had been brought about by amateurish attempts on the part of the customer to locate the difficulty. I should have corrected them and then gone on to try to locaté an apparent intermittent condition in the set. This would have included testing all tubes, checking condensers, varying the supply voltage, checking alignment, etc. Considerable time would have been consumed in doing these things, and I should have charged for it. My bill would have revealed the discovery of the short, and it would also have included the various checks made to see if any intermittent condition was present. The bill would not have been nine dollars nor any large portion of that, but I should have been paid for my time.

The customer would have been getting his money's worth, too; for much of what I should have done would have been with the intent of preventing future trouble. When a set goes into a service shop, it should be checked completely and returned to as near a state of tiptop performance as the serviceman's art permits. It is the slovenly workman who locates a single cause of trouble and then slaps the chassis back in the cabinet without looking for any other defects that may exist. A good serviceman will locate and repair many incipient troubles that have not yet reached the point of causing

→ To Page 43



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in . . .



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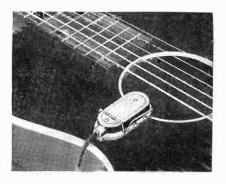
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Industry Presents

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tortion Meter is designed for measuring low level audio voltages and determining their noise and harmonic content. It is also useful in measuring frequency and gain characteristics of audio amplifiers, or for any other application where a vacuum tube voltmeter is required in the audio range. The variable frequency selective filter provides a single frequency suppression circuit for the range of 50 to 15,000 cycles. The unit comes complete with power supply. Further information may be obtained from Barker & Williamson, Inc., 237 Fairfield Ave., Upper Darby, Pa.



CONTACT MICROPHONE

A new contact microphone, Model 805, announced by Electro-Voice, Inc., is suitable for guitar, banjo, mandolin, violin, viola, cello, harp, drum and piano. Frequency response is from 40 to 8000 cps. It can be used with any amplifier having a high impedance input. The output level is 0.1 to I volt from an inertia-type crystal element. The 805 pickup is easily installed by means of a snap-on clip which attaches to the instrument in a few seconds. The pickup weighs two ounces and measures $2^{1}/4^{\prime\prime}$ x $1^{\prime\prime}$ x $7/16^{\prime\prime}$.

For further information, write to Electro-Voice, Inc., Buchanan, Michigan.

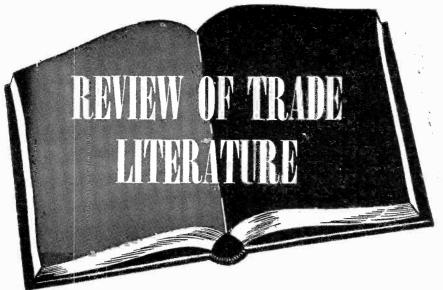
The Organizations

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ufacture of a 6AK5 and Mr. Burkaw and Mr. Steinberg gave comprehensive talks on the manufacture, usage and inventory control of condensers.

The keynote of all talks was the greatly improved standing of the radio serviceman in his community and the far greater acceptance of standard brands by the servicemen in their work.

Chief Electronics, Inc., wholesale electronics distributors, Poughkeepsie, New York, sponsored the meeting.



To avoid delay when writing to the manufacturer give issue and page number.

For FM Servicing" is the title of a new booklet just published by the Specialty Division of the General Electric Company. The booklet contains 28 pages including information on Cathode Ray Oscilloscope Theory, Sweep Signal Generators, Basic FM Circuits and Practical FM Alignment Information. Copies are available from GE distributors for twenty-five cents each.

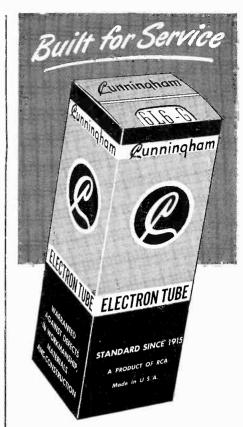
Cornell-Dubilier has published a new catalog, designated as No. 200. It contains 24 pages and is illustrated with detail drawings and halftones of more than 20 different classes of C-D capacitors. Both electrical and mechanical data are included for each type as well as list and net prices. Catalog 200 may be obtained by writing to Cornell-Dubilier Electric Corporation, South Plainfield, New Jersey.

The Burstein-Applebee Company's 1948 catalog No. 481 contains 114 pages of descriptions of all types of radio and electronic equipment. Of special interest are descriptions of the latest AM-FM signal generators, FM tuners, and inter-communication systems. There is also a complete coverage of components, test equipment, all types of receivers, antennas, tools, books and lighting equipment. The catalog is well illustrated and indexed. To obtain a copy, write to Burstein- Applebee Company, 1012-14 McGee Street, Kansas City 6, Mo.

RCA's Tube Department has printed a new edition of their Re-

ceiving Tube Manual. Features include information on new developments in FM, late technical data on miniature tubes and installation and application information on the latest models of television receivers. The sections on tube and circuit theory have been expanded to 55 pages. Useful formulas, data on resistance coupled amplifiers, and all the types of information found in previous editions are included. The manual is being distributed through RCA tube distributors. The price is thirty-five cents. A copy can be obtained by sending that amount to Commercial Engineering, RCA Tube Department, Harrison, N. J.

Allied Radio Corporation, announces the publication of a new 48-page supplement to their regular master catalog. The supplement features the most recent developments in radio and electronic equipment as well as latest price information. Included are new wire and disc recorders, test instruments, an added new line of transformers (UTC), a television kit and other new builders' kits, high-fidelity sound equipment, new amateur transmitting equipment, communications receivers and radio receiving sets. Latest price information is provided for standard tubes, test units, condensers and resistors, including many price reductions on this and other merchandise regularly used in the radio and electronics field. The new supplement No. 114 as well as Allied's regular 164-page master catalog No. 112 can be ob-→ To Page 38



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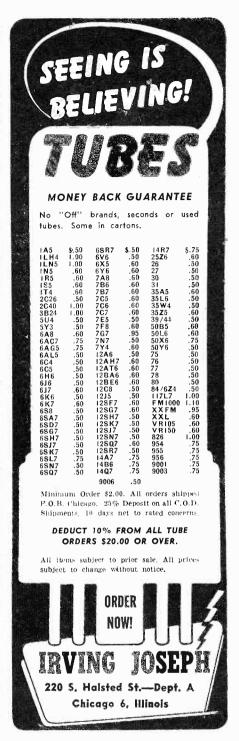
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236 SOUTH VERDUGO ROAD, GLENDALE 5, CALIFORNIA



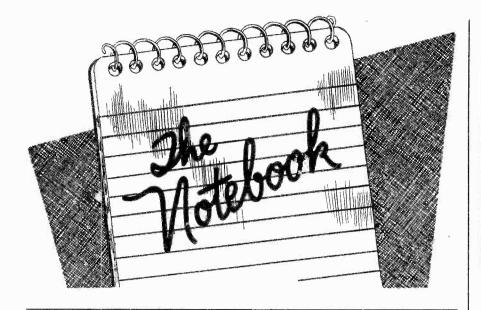
Trade Literature

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tained without charge from the Allied Radio Corporation, 833 West Jackson Blvd., Chicago 7, Illinois.

Technical data covering twelve widely used crystal types are given in Bulletin No. 201, just issued by Premier Crystal Laboratories, Inc. Containing four pages and profusely illustrated with photographs and drawings, the new bulletin provides specifications of crystal character-

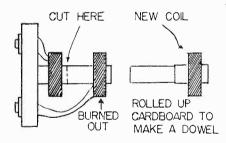
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Each month the reader sending in the best suggestion receives a crisp ten dollar bill. For all others published, RADIO MAINTENANCE will pay five dollars. Let's hear from you.

Repairing Old IF Coils

Some of the IF transformers in the older sets have special trimmer assemblies and are difficult to replace. If you have trouble with the *lower* winding and you can't find a replacement, here's a way to repair the old one. (1) Measure the spacing between the coils. (2) Saw through the core just below

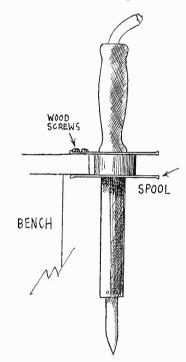


the top winding. (3) Remove bottom winding from a standard IF coil of the same frequency by sawing off the core. (4) Place rolled-up cardboard or some other material inside the new coil to form a dowel. (5) Glue the cores together as shown.

Lewis E. Wind Wind's Radio Clinic Jacksonville, Fla.

Soldering Iron Holder

A convenient soldering iron holder which keeps the hot tip off the top of the work bench can be made from an old adhesive tape spool, set into the bench top as shown in the illustration. If a hole in the bench is used, the bottom



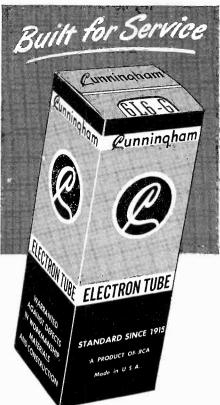
flange must be bent to slide through, then restraightened; otherwise a slot into which the spool will easily slide can be employed.

George G. Garmus, Jr. Bronx 54, New York

Midget Set Prop

Chassis cradles are fine for working on the larger receivers, but often they are not much help with

→ To Page 42





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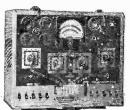
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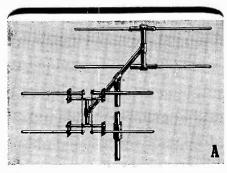
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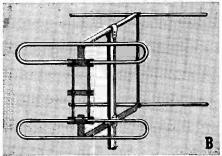
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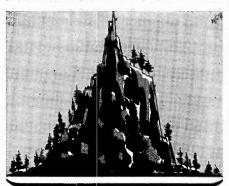
jobbers who are sponsoring such serviceman aids are really taking care of their future. On the one hand, they are demonstrating that they have a sincere interest in the problems of the serviceman and that they stand ready to do what they can to help him. They will be repaid with loyalty from the customers they have helped, a loyalty that allows the jobber to expand with confidence to take care of the increased business that will be his. Such an increase in business is bound to come, too, for the educational program is certain to improve the quality and the income of the individual serviceman, and the jobber's business is firmly linked to that of these repairmen.

At the same time, the jobber who demonstrates a wide-awake, aggressive attitude toward the securing of new business is certain to win the respect and consideration of the manufacturers. The jobber who can give the servicemen what they want is exactly the kind of jobber the manufacturer wants.

So all down the line, from the manufacturer who makes the parts, to the jobber who distributes them, to the serviceman who installs them, to the customer who uses them, closer jobber-serviceman cooperation bestows benefits of increased efficiency and lowered costs. Let's see more of it!







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★What performance! That's what setowners say about their TACO Television and FM antennas. ★H-type with reflector (A) covers two television bands plus FM bands. Frequency response flat within 3 db. Single H-type adequate within 15-20 miles of typical television transmitter; beyond, with reflector. ★Latest Type stacked folded dipole (B) intended for subnormal signal areas. Stepped-up gain. Highest signal-to-noise ratio. Makes television and FM feasible in otherwise hopeless locations. ★And very important, TACO antennas are exceptionally rugged.

State your reception requirements. Your jobber will provide the correct TACO antenna — for television, FM, AM or short-wave. Latest catalog on request.



Trade Literature

→ From Page 38

istics, frequency ranges, construction features and physical dimensions. Information on supersonic crystal blanks and helpful hints on ordering are also given. For a free copy write to Premier Crystal Laboratories Inc., 57-67 Park Row, New York 7, N. Y.

The Burlington Instrument Co. has published a bulletin on its Safety Cord Swivel. This new device is designed to prevent twisting, curling, and knots in electrical appliance and hand tool cords. The bulletin is done in color and explains the construction and operation of the safety cord. To obtain this bulletin free of charge write to Burlington Instrument Company, Burlington, Iowa.

The Cannon Electric Development Company's catalog no. C-46-A lists hundreds of types of plugs and receptacles. Containing 31 pages, it is well illustrated with both photographs and line drawings. Also included in the listings are such things as solenoids, battery connectors, panels and signal systems. To obtain a copy of this catalog write to Cannon Electric Development Company, 3209 Humboldt Street, Los Angeles, Cal.

BOOKS

Understanding Vectors And Phase by John F. Rider and Seymour D. Uslan published by John F. Rider Inc., price ninety-nine cents.

It may be argued that the radio serviceman can do his work quite well without the use of Vectors or Phase Angles. However, it is true that in reading technical articles he often has a desire for a more complete understanding of these subjects. This book is written for the practical man who hasn't had engineering training. It starts with a complete definition and description of vectors, explains how to manipulate them and concludes with applications to actual radio circuits. The book is well illustrated with line drawings and contains 153 pages.



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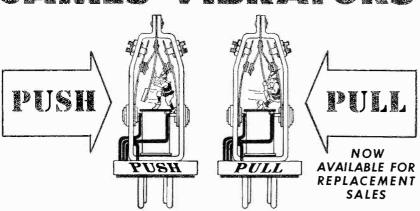


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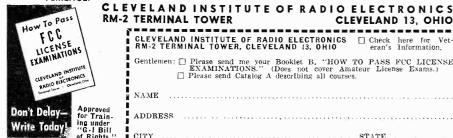
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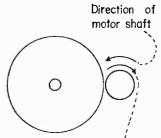
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The Notebook

→ From Page 39

small chassis. Yet sometimes it is necessary to prop the small sets upside down with the danger of breaking the loop, station indicator, dial light, etc. A good way to overcome this difficulty is to use a 1/2" socket wrench for a prop. Slip the wrench (which is hollow) over the volume control shaft and fit it over the nut at the chassis. The set can then safely be worked on upside down, using the wrench as a prop.

> John Barsophy Williamsport 11, Penna.



Wind cellulose tape around shaft carefully in the indicated position

Adjusting Turntable Speed

It is often desirable to adjust 60 cycle phonograph motors to work on 50 cycles or simply to increase their speed on 60 cycles. Take a strip of scotch tape $3/16'' \times 1^{\text{T}}/2''$ and wrap it around the phono motor shaft as shown in the illustration. The tape must be wound in a direction opposite to the turning of the motor and be as smooth and tight as possible.

> Joseph Barreca New York, N. Y.

Cleaning Wire

Fine enameled wire, solid or stranded, is usually very difficult to clean when a connection is to be made. One way to solve this problem is to hold the wire over an alcohol flame, and, when the wire gets red hot, plunge it into alcohol. The wire will then be bright and clean. Care must be used, however, that the quenching alcohol does not spill or burn the fingers in case it catches fire. It can be snuffed out easily if you are prepared.

Leonard Aurzada, prop. Aurzada Radio Service Wadena, Minnesota

Over the Bench

→ From Page 35

annoyance to the customer but would soon do so.

When these tests are made, why do they not brew up a "natural" flaw in the set? Why not put in a shorted bypass condenser that will char a resistor and possibly ruin the rectifier tube? I should like to see if an honest trouble does not reveal a higher percentage of honest service-

Another point that makes me certain that the shops cited in this test are not representative of all service shops lies in the estimates. According to the magazine article, these estimates ranged from nine to fifteen dollars; yet a recent survey showed that the national average service charge is five dollars and seventy cents. Why this discrepancy?

I cannot deny that radio servicing, by its very complexity, invites overcharges and other forms of deceit. The customer's ignorance of radio places him entirely at the mercy of the repairman. He cannot understand what repairs are necessary even when the serviceman tries to explain them to him. This results in the serviceman's conscience being the only restraining factor in the making of charges.

The times, too, are the worst ever for simple honesty. There is so much business that even inferior workmen have all the service they can do. Competition, that wonderful bolster to business ethics, does not exist as an important factor in charging. At the same time, the serviceman is confronted by outrageous prices on every side. The prices painted boldly on the butcher's window, those whispered by the usedcar dealer, or the ones tagged to the wonderful "bargains" in shoddy furniture and building material are not calculated to encourage honest charging. In a world that is apparently ruled by the slogan of dog-eat-dog, it is all too human just to go along with the crowd.

Again, though, I want to repeat that there is nothing that can be said in defense of dishonesty such as was revealed by the investigation. facts we have pointed out permit us

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HARRISON, N. J.	

to understand some possible causes of such behavior, but they do not give us reason to condone or imitate it. Sooner or later the radio servicing fraternity must develop an organization, set up ethical standards, establish rules of fair practice, and drive the shysters and incompetents from its ranks. The medical profession did just that, and we shall have to do so, too. I, for one, hope that this time is not too far distant; for I firmly believe that unless we clean our own house, we shall have it cleaned for us—and not too gently, either!

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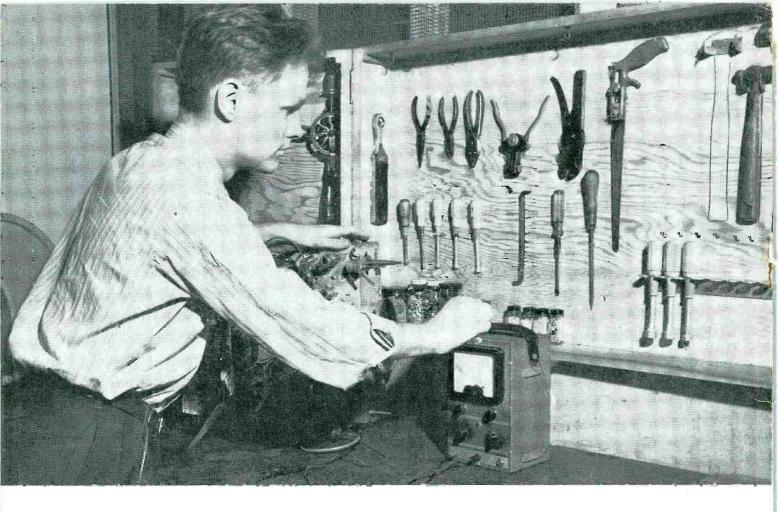
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