

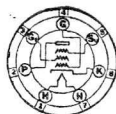
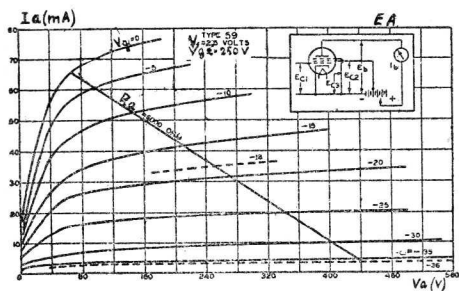
# PENTHODE ( $E_{AB}$ )

$V_f$	=	2,5	$V.$
$I_f$	=	2,0	$A.$

$E_A$

TRIODE (1)      PENTH. (2)

$V_a$	=	250(max)	$V.$
$V_{g2}$	=	—	$V.$
$V_{g1}$	=	-28	$V.$
$I_a$	=	26	$mA.$
$I_{g2}$	=	—	$mA.$
$g$	=	6	
$R_{i\mu}$	=	2.300	$\Omega$
$S$	=	2,6	$mA/V.$
$R_a$	=	5.000	$\Omega$
$R_k$	=	1.080	$\Omega$
$W_o$	=	1,25	$Wtt.$



59

$E_B - 2 \text{ lp.}$ 

## TRIODE (3)

$V_a$	=	300	400	V.
$V_g$	=	0	0	V.
$I_a$	=	20	26	mA.
$R_a(\text{p.p.})$	=	4.600	6.000	$\Omega$
$W_o$	=	15	20	Wtt.

- (1)  $G_2 + G_3 \rightarrow$  anode.
- (2)  $G_3 \rightarrow$  cath.
- (3)  $G_1 \rightarrow G_2 - G_3 \rightarrow$  anode.

