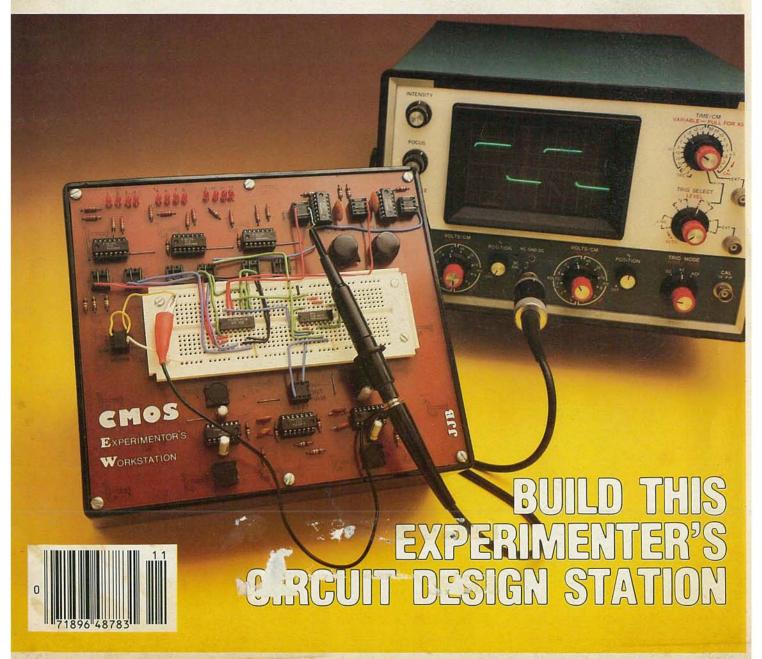


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How to build your own robot Use a PIA for simpler µP circuits Tips and tricks for TTL design



# We've got it all together.











**Xcelite** 



Wiss

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When you think about tools for a customized tool kit remember these leading brand names from Cooper. They ensure uncompromising quality and years of dependable service.

They are designed to meet your unique service, repair and maintenance needs. So, be sure you specify Cooper Tools when ordering.

And don't forget, customized tool kits containing Cooper Tools are available from a selected group of Cooper distributors. Don't take chances on tools. Ask for Cooper tools or write for the name of the nearest custom kit supplier.



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CIRCLE 58 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD



## **Miracle Fuzz**

A new space-age invention and the same effect as lightning combine to create the world's first home oxygen regeneration system.

The new Energaire ionized oxygen generator will make a handsome addition to any desk.

You need oxygen to live. You can live without food for 60 days, without water for seven days, but without oxygen, you won't make it past two minutes.

That small piece of fuzz located on top of the cylinder shown above emits negativelycharged electrons which attach themselves to molecules of oxygen, thus creating ionized oxygen.

You are already familiar with ionized oxygen if you've smelled the air after a thunderstorm. You feel great, revitalized, and alert. The lightning from the storm adds a small negativelycharged electron to each oxygen molecule in a process called ionization.

#### SCIENTISTS DISCOVER

Scientists discovered that air quality can actually affect your moods, your feelings and your sense of well being. Air that is positively charged caused people to be depressed, moody and tired. Negatively-charged air made people feel good. We have all experienced air that is positively charged in air-conditioned buildings or in a polluted environment.

Scientists looking for a way to turn positively charged air into negatively charged air developed the negative ion generator-a product that produces negatively charged particles that attach themselves to air molecules and thus create the same fresh feeling you get after a thunderstorm.

The new space-age product shown above is an ionized oxygen generator called the Energaire air purifier. The copper mesh fuzz on top of the unit is one of the secrets of the system.

Although it has no moving parts, you can actually feel a wind of ionized oxygen produced from the fuzz which spreads to fill an average-sized room in one minute.

#### CIGARETTE SMOKE TEST

To show the dramatic effect of ionized oxygen, you can take the Energaire, blow cigarette smoke into a clear bowl, and hold the bowl inverted over the system. The smoke will vanish. The charged oxygen particles appear to dissolve the smoke particles, precipitating them from the air.

In a room, the Energaire air purifier surrounds you with these oxygen ions and cleans and purifies the air so that even in a smokefilled room, you will be breathing cleaner, country-fresh air all day long.

#### WALL TEST

Take our unit and place it next to a wall. Also

put a large piece of paper on the wall. Within a few days notice how black the paper gets. That black film is finite carbon particulate matter the same pollutants you would normally breathe and that would pass through most air filters. By placing the unit in the center of a room or away from a wall, that same matter falls to the ground as dust.

A trip into the mountains exposes you to nature's freshly ionized oxygen. The Energaire produces this same effect. It will clean your room of odor-causing bacteria and stale, musty, or smoky air.

lonized oxygen should not be confused with ozone. Ozone has a molecular formula of  $O_3$ , whereas the molecular formula for ionized oxygen is  $O_2$  with a negatively-charged ion.

### DON'T BE CONFUSED

After we announced the Energaire last year, many companies came out with their own ion generators. We purchased a unit from each company and tested them at an independent laboratory. The results are shown below:

-			and the second se
-	Name	*lons	Price
	Energaire	438,000	49.95
	Omega 700	63,000	245.00
	AirCare	72,000	149.95
	Modulion	75,000	79.95

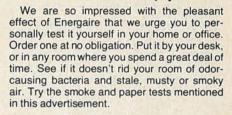
\*Measurements indicate total number of ions per cubic centimeter per second at one meter. These figures may vary by plus or minus 10%.

Note: One unit not mentioned above produced no ions and actually produced ozone or several times the maximum ozone concentration allowed by federal government standards.

#### USED IN HOSPITALS

Many hospitals are now using ionized oxygen systems in their operating rooms and burn centers. Their units not only purify the air, but they also eliminate pollen and other irritants.

Working in a clean air environment, you think clearer, are more alert, and you function better. The Energaire is actually a miniature lightning machine. The minute you plug it in, energy is converted into ionized oxygen. This efficient system uses one watt of power or less than a penny per day to operate, so you leave it plugged in continuously.



#### SLEEP FASTER

At home, use the Energaire by your bed and see how country-fresh air allows you to sleep easier, deeper, and more relaxed.

You should notice the difference within one day-especially in a work environment. But use the Energaire for a full month. Then, if you do not feel totally convinced of the positive effects of ionized oxygen, return your unit for a prompt and courteous refund.

The Energaire is manufactured by the Ion Foundation, a leading ion research and development company.

Service should never be required, but if it is, there's a prompt service-by-mail center as close as your mailbox. JS&A is America's largest single source of space-age productsfurther assurance that your modest investment is well protected. The Energaire measures 9" high by 3" in diameter and weighs 24 ounces.

To order your Energaire ionized oxygen generator, send **\$49.95** plus \$3.00 for postage and handling (Illinois residents, please add 6% sales tax) to the address shown below or credit card buyers may call our toll-free number below. We will send your Energaire ion generator complete with 90-day limited warranty on the electronics, a five-year warranty on the fuzz, and complete instructions.

Let space-age technology revitalize your life with the world's first home ionized oxygen generator. Order one at no obligation today.

### **NEW LOW PRICE**

Dept. RA One JS&A Plaza Northbrook, Ill. 60062 (312) 564-7000 Call TOLL-FREE 800 323-6400 In Illinois Call (312) 564-7000 © JS&A Group, Inc., 1980

### Save on Scanners! **NEW Rebates!**

Communications Electronics," the world's largest distributor of radio scanners, celebrates Christmas early with big savings on Bearcat synthesized scanners. Electra Company, the manufacturers of Bearcat brand scanners is offering consumer rebates on their fantastic line of crystalless scanners purchased between September 15 and November 15, 1980.

We give you excellent service because CE distributes more scanners worldwide than anyone else. Our warehouse facilities are equipped to process thousands of scanner orders every week. We also export scanners to over 300 countries and military installations. Most items are in stock for quick shipment. Do your Christmas scanner shopping early and order today from CE!

### Bearcat<sup>®</sup>300

The Ultimate Synthesized Scanner! List price \$519.95/CE price \$329.00/\$20.00 rebate

Your final cost is a low \$309.00 **4-Band, 50 Channel • Service Search • No-**crystal scanner • **AM Aircraft and Public Service bands. • Priority Channel • AC/DC** Bands: 32-50, 118-136 AM, 144-174, 421-512 MHz. The new Bearcat 300 is the most advanced automatic scanning radio that has ever been offered to the public. The *Bearcat* 300 uses a bright green fluorescent digital display, so it's ideal for mobile applications. The Bearcat 300 now has these added features: Service Search, Display Intensity Control, Hold Search and Resume Search keys Separate Band keys to permit lock-in/lock-out of any band for more efficient service search.

### Bearcat<sup>®</sup> 250 List price \$419.95/CE price \$259.00/\$20.00 rebate

Your final cost is a low \$239.00 50 Channels • Crystalless • Searches Stores • Recalls • Digital clock • AC/DC Priority Channel ● 3-Band ● Count Feature. Frequency range 32-50, 146-174, 420-512 MHz. The Bearcat 250 performs any scanning function you

could possibly want. With push button ease you can program up to 50 channels for automatic monitoring. Overseas customers should order the Bearcat 250FB at \$349.00 each. This model is like a Bearcat 250, but designed for international operation with 220 VAC/12 V DC power supply and 66-88 MHz low band coverage instead of 32-50 MHz.

Bearcat® 220 List price \$419.95/CE price \$259.00/\$20.00 rebate Your final cost is a low \$239.00 Aircraft and public service monitor. Frequency range 32-50, 178-136 AM, 144-174, 420-512 MHz. The Bearcat 220 is one scanner which can monitor all public service bande onlys the avoilting AM aircraft hand public service bands plus the exciting AM aircraft band channels. Up to twenty frequencies may be scanned at the same time. Overseas customers should order the Bearcat 220FB at \$349.00 each. This model is like a Bearcat 220, but designed for international operation with 220 V AC/12 V DC power supply and 66-88 MHz low band coverage instead of 32-50 MHz.

### NEW! Bearcat® 210XL List price \$319.95/CE price \$209.00/\$20.00 rebate Your final cost is a low \$189.00

**18 Channels • 3 Bands • Crystalless • AC/DC** Frequency range: 32-50, 144-174, 421-512 MHz. The Bearcat 210XL scanning radio is the second gener-ation scanner that replaces the popular Bearcat 210 and 211. It has almost twice the scanning capacity of the Bearcat 210 with 18 channels plus dual scanning speeds and a bright green fluorescent display.



FREE Bearcat® Rebate Offer **FREE Bearcat**<sup>39</sup> **Rebate Offer** Get a coupon good for a \$20 rebate when you purchase a *Bearcat* 300, 250, 220 or 210XL \$10 rebate on models 211, 210 and 160. To get your rebate, mail this coupon with your original dated sales receipt and the *Bearcat* model number from the carton to Electra. You'll receive your rebate in four to six weeks. Offer valid only on purchases made betwen September 15, 1980 and November 15, 1980. All requests must be postmarked by November 29, 1980. Limit of one rebate per household. Coupon must accompany all rebate requests and may not be reproduced. Offer good only in the U.S.A. Void where taxed or prohibited by law. Resellers, companies, clubs and organizations-both profit and non-rofft-are not eligible for rebates. Employees of Electra Company, their advertising agencies, distributors and re-tailers of *Bearcat* Scanners are also not eligible for rebates. Please be sure to send in the correct amount for your Please be sure to send in the correct amount for your scanner. Pay the listed CE price in this ad. *Do not* deduct the rebate amount since your rebate will be sent directly to you from Electra. Orders received with insufficient payments will not be processed and will be returned.

### NEW! Bearcat® 160

List price \$279.95/CE price \$189.00/\$10.00 rebate Your final cost is a low \$179.00

Tour Innai Cost Is a flow 5175.00 16 Channels • 3 Bands • AC only • Priority Dual Scan Speeds • Direct Channel Access Frequency range: 32-40, 144-174, 440-512 MHz. The Bearcat 160 presents a new dimension in scanning form and function. The keyboard is smooth. No buttons to punch. No knobs to turn. Instead, finger-tip pads provide control of *all* scanning operations, including On/Off, Volume and Squelch. Green easy to read fluorescent display.

### **NEW!** Bearcat<sup>®</sup> 5/800 MHz The world's first 800 MHz. scanner! This is a new model. Shipments will begin in November, 1980.

This is a new model. Snippents will begin in Rovember, 1940 List price \$179.95/CE price \$129.00 8 Crystal Channels • 4 Bands • AC only Frequency range: 33-50, 144-174, 440-512, 806-870 MHz. The Bearcat 5/800 MHz is the only scanner on the market today that offers coverage of the 800 MHz. public service band and the other public service bands. Individual channel lockout. Scan Delay. Manual Scan.

### Bearcat<sup>®</sup> 5

List price \$129.95/CE price \$94.00 8 Crystal Channels • 3 Bands • AC only Frequency range: 33-50, 146-174, 450-508 MHz. The Bearcat 5 is a value-packed crystal scanner built for the scanning professional — at a price the first-time buyer can afford. Individual lockout switches.

### Bearcat<sup>®</sup> Four-Six ThinScan

List price \$179.95/**CE price \$114.00** Frequency range: 33-47, 152-164, 450-508 MHz. The incredible, new Bearcat Four-Six Thin Scan<sup>\*</sup> is like having an information center in your pocket. This three band, 6 channel crystal controlled scanner has patented Track Tuning on UHF. Scan Delay and Channel Lockout. Measures 2% x 6% x 1." Includes rubber ducky antenna. Order crystals for each channel. Made in Japan.

### **NEW!** Fanon Slimline 6-HLU

List price \$169.95/CE price \$109.00 Low cost 6-channel, 3-band scanner! The new Fanon Slimline 6-HLU gives you six channels of crystal controlled excitement. Unique Automatic Peak Tuning Circuit adjusts the receiver front end for maximum sensitivity across the entire UHF band. Individual channel lockout switches. Frequency range 30-50, 146-175 and 450-512 MHz. Size 2<sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub> x6<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> x 1." Includes rubber ducky antenna. Order crystal certificates for each channel. Made in Japan.

### **NEW!** Fanon Slimline 6-HL List price \$149.95/CE price \$99.00

List price \$143.35/CE price \$39.00 6-Channel performance at 4-channel cost! Frequency range: 30-50, 146-175 MHz. If you don't need the UHF band, get this model and save money. Same high performance and features as the model HLU without the UHF band. Order crystal certificates for each channel. Made in Japan

### **FANON SCANNER ACCESSORIES**

CHB-6 AC Adapter/Battery Charger ..... CAT-6 Carrying case for Fanon w/Belt Clip .. AUC-3 Auto lighter adaptor/Battery Charger . \$15.00 \$15.00 \$15.00

### **OTHER SCANNER ACCESSORIES**

SP50 AC Adapter SP51 Battery Charger SP58 Carrying Case for Bearcat 4-6 ThinScan<sup>®</sup> \$12.00 \$12.00 B-E Frequency Directory for Eastern U.S.A., FB-W Frequency Directory for Western U.S.A., FB-W Frequency Directory for U.S.A., B-4 1.2 V AAA Ni-Cad's for ThinScan" and Fanon \$15.00 \$15.00 \$18.00 A-135cc Crystal certificate.....\$4.00 Add \$3.00 shipping for all accessories ordered at the same time \$4.00

**INCREASED PERFORMANCE ANTENNAS** If you want the utmost in performance from your scanner, it is essential that you use an external antenna. We have six base and mobile antennas specifically designed for receiving all bands. Order #A60 is a magnet mount mobile antenna. Order #A61 is a gutter clip mobile antenna. Order #A62 is a trunk-lip mobile antenna. Order #A63 is a ¾ inch hole mount. Order #A64 is a ¾ inch snap-in mount, and #A70 is an all band base station antenna. All antennas are \$30.00 and \$3.00 for UPS shipping in the continental United States.

### **TEST ANY SCANNER**

Test any scanner purchased from **Communications** Electronics<sup>\*</sup> for 31 days before you decide to keep it. If for any reason you are not completely satisfied, return it in original condition with all parts in 31 days, for a prompt refund (less shipping/handling charges and rebate credits).

#### CIRCLE 60 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

### NEW!Regency<sup>®</sup>; M400

List price \$379.95/CE price \$259.00 30 Channel • Synthesized • Service Search Digital clock • Digital timer • M100 styling Search/Store • Priority Channel • AC/DC Frequency range: 30-50, 144-174, 440-512 MHz The new Regency M400 is a compact programmable FM monitor receiver for use at home or on the road.

**OTHER REGENCY® SCANNERS** Touch K100. Touch M100. \$199.00

### **NEW!** Telephone Products

Electra's cordless Freedom Phone does everything an ordinary phone does and more. Because it is cordless you can take it anywhere, inside or outside—on the patio, by the pool, in the garage, in the workshop…even next door at the neighbor's. Model **FF-500** has pushbutton dialing. Rechargeable

nicad batteries included. Battery low light. Secure feature. Telescopic antenna. Your cost is \$179.00. Model FF-1500 has the same features as the FF-500 but also includes a charger/cradle that allows the phone's handset to be recharged away from the base station. Your cost for this cordless phone is \$199.00. The model FF-3000 has all the standard features (except charger/cradle) plus interchangeable telescopic and rubber ducky antenna. Redial féature. Belt clip. Carrying case. Greater range. Your cost is \$229,00.

### World Scanner Association" The WORLD SCANNER ASSOCIATION is sponsored

as a public service by **Communications Electronics**." When you join, you'll receive a one-year membership and our quarterly newsletter with scanner news and features. You'll also get a wallet I.D. card, an Official WSA Membership Certificate, and more. FREE classi-fied ads for members so you can contact other scanner fied ads for members so you can contact other scanner owners when you want to sell or buy a scanner. FREE membership in the WSA Buyer's Co-op. Your Co-op membership will allow you to get special discounts on scanners and scanner related products. Since the WSA Buyer's Co-op gives you group purchasing power, you can easily pay for your membership dues the first time you make a Co-op purchase. To join, send \$12.00 (\$20.00 outside U.S.A.) for your membership materials.

### **BUY WITH CONFIDENCE**

To get the fastest delivery from CE of any scanner, send or phone your order directly to our Scanner Distribution Center." Be sure to calculate your price using the CE prices in this ad. Michigan residents please add 4% sales tax. Written purchase orders are accepted from approved gov-ernment agencies and most well rated firms at a 10% surcharge for net 30 billing. All sales are subject to availa-bility. All sales on accessories are final. Prices, terms and specifications are subject to change without notice. Out of stock items will be placed on backorder automatically unless CE is instructed differently. Most products that we sell have a manufacturer's warranty. Free copies of warranties on these products are available prior to purchase by writing to CE. International orders are invited with a \$20.00 surcharge for special handling in addition to shipping charges. All shipments are F.O.B. Ann Arbor, Michigan. No COD's please. Non-certified and foreign checks require five weeks bank clearance

Mail orders to: Communications Electronics Box 1002, Ann Arbor, Michigan 48106 U.S.A. Add 56.00 per scanner or phone product for U.P.S. ground shipping, or \$12.00 for faster U.P.S. air shipping to some locations. If you have a Master Charge or Visa card, you may call anytime and place a credit card order. **Order toll free** in the U.S.A. 800-521-4414. If you are outside the U.S. or in Michigan, dial 313-994-4444. Dealer inquiries invited. All order lines at Communications Electronics" are staffed 24 hours.

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We're first with the best."

### THE MAGAZINE FOR NEW **IDEAS IN ELECTRONICS**

### **Electronics publishers since 1908**

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### **ON THE COVER** The experimenter's circuit design station will make a great addition to your workbench. Use it to prototype and debug your circuits

before hardwiring them. The station is battery powered and includes a two-phase clock oscillator, LED status indicators, debounced switches, and a solderless breadboard. Get started building yours today. Construction details start on page 47.



TV INTERFERENCE can be more than just annoying. For a look at the different types and what you can do to eliminate them, turn to page 70.



BUILD YOUR VERY OWN ROBOT with manipulator arms and mobile base. Multi-part construction series continues on page 61.

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NOVEMBER 1980

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### looking ahead

### VIDEODISC WINNER?



By at least one way of measuring, the battle for the mass-market videodisc system may be over. In terms of adoption by color-TV brand names, RCA has won hands down, without having sold a single player or disc. At press time, color-TV brands representing 52.5% of color-TV set sales had announced they're adopting RCA's CED (Capacitance Electronic Disc) system, which RCA will sell under the SelectaVision name.

Based on market shares for the 1980 model year as published by the newsletter *Television Digest*, here's how videodisc-system adherents stack up: The RCA CED system has 52.5%—composed of RCA (21% of the color market), Zenith (20.5%), Sears Roebuck (7.5%), Sanyo (2%), J.C. Penney (1.5%). The VHD (Video High Density) system developed by JVC and Matsushita has 14.5%—composed of General Electric (7.5%), the choice is still subject to approval by GE's board of directors at press time, Quasar (5%), Panasonic (2%), JVC (less than 1%). The VLP (Video Long Play) developed by Philips and MCA has 8.6%—composed of Magnavox (7%), Pioneer (not in TV market), Gold Star (less than 1%). Of those color-TV brands still uncommitted at press time, largest were Sony (6.5% of color market), Sylvania (4%), Montgomery Ward (2.25%) and Hitachi (1.7%).

The VLP optical system is already on the market in many areas of the United States, with players by Magnavox and Pioneer. The VHD grooveless capacitance system is scheduled for marketing late in 1981. RCA plans to introduce its system to distributors next month (December 1980), to dealers in February 1981, and to start retail marketing with a nationwide ad campaign in March. The player is scheduled to cost "under \$500;" movie-length discs will cost \$20 to \$25.

Although the RCA system frequently has been unfavorably compared with the other two because its lack of special effects—such as freeze-frame, fast and slow motion, and random access—the productionmodel player does have a visual search feature that permits rapid scanning of the disc in either direction with a fully synchronized picture on the screen. If both the forward and reverse visual-search pushbuttons are depressed simultaneously, a single revolution of the disc is repeated until the buttons are released. In cases of titles and other scenes lacking motion, that gives a stop-action effect, because each revolution consists of four TV frames. RCA says that future deluxe models may have the same special effects as the other systems.

RCA also revealed that its second model, at a "slight increase in cost," will have stereophonic sound capability, and will be introduced in 1982.

On the heels of Sony's demonstration of a single-piece developmental combination camera-VCR using a micro-cassette (**R-E**, October 1980), Technicolor Audio-Visual has started marketing a compact, seven-pound, portable VCR that uses a cassette only slightly larger than a standard audio cassette. The cassette currently can hold 30 minutes of helically scanned color picture and sound, but Technicolor says it will have a compatible one-hour cassette early next year.

The VCR carries a suggested list price of \$995, the 30-minute cassette \$8.95, about the same as the 3-minute cartridge of super-8 film it is designed to replace. The unit is designed for both the amateur home movie market and the industrial-educational audio-visual field. It can be used with any consumer color or black-and-white video camera. Technicolor is selling a Hitachi-made color camera as a companion to the VCR, but says it plans to introduce a more miniaturized camera in 1981 using a standard pickup tube (not a CCD or other solid-state pickup). Also in the works is a single-piece camera-VCR.

Technicolor says the new VCR isn't intended to compete with the Beta and VHS formats, but with film cameras and projectors. The VCR is made in Japan by Funai Electric, the tape and cassette by Fuji. Although Technicolor hopes to have an exclusive on the VCR for some time, it invited other manufacturers to develop recorders that can use the same cassette. Inside, the VCR looks like a miniaturized VHS recorder. A small rechargeable battery (included in the seven-pound weight) is capable of 40 minutes of recording or 80 minutes of playback; it can be recharged in one hour.

Don't look for AM stereocasting to start any time soon. The best guess now is early 1982 at the soonest, as a result of the bitter controversy that erupted over the FCC's choice of the Magnavox system over four others. After the Commission chose Magnavox, critics were quick to point out that it generated "pops" at 95% negative modulation. Magnavox retorted that the pops are completely eliminated by special circuitry in the IC designed for the system.

Nevertheless, the Commission took note of the brouhaha over its choice by letting its engineering staff go back and refine and improve the decision-making that led to the choice of Magnavox. The decision will be released and the public will be given the opportunity to comment. That could result in the choice of another system, or in reaffirmation of the system originally chosen—but it means more delay. Although FCC staff sources say the delay could be as short as six months, past experience indicates it's more likely to be a year or more before there is AM stereocasting.

DAVID LACHENBRUCH CONTRIBUTING EDITOR

### A MINI-CASSETTE VCR



### AM STEREO DELAYED





My wall timers were great for the first year. Then a strange thing happened.

> By Joseph Sugarman, President JS&A Group, Inc.

This advertisement is about a few wall timers I installed in my home. I expected them to automatically turn my lights on and off and make my home appear lived-in, even when I wasn't at home.

But I was in for a surprise. The timers started to buzz. Not loudly, at first, but still very noticeably. Then, after a few months, they started buzzing more loudly. And finally a few of them pooped out completely.

### ABSOLUTELY SILENT

No wonder. The timers I bought were mechanical devices with a motor and moving parts that switched on and off every 24 hours. In time, the parts aged and buzzed as they wore out. Eventually, they went out completely. I called my light timers, "Buzz Boxes" and knew the electronic revolution was not far behind with a silent and more dependable unit that would do a lot more.

Last month Dynascan Corporation contacted me with a new wall timer which they called the "Night Sentry." This one was totally solid state, no moving parts and above all, absolutely silent. But there were a few pleasant surprises.

### LIVING PATTERN PROGRAM

The Night Sentry is very easy to program. Just turn a dial to the time (an AM or PM indicator appears) and press a button which turns on the light. Set the time you want the light to go off and press the same button to turn the light off. Keep repeating this process and the Night Sentry will remember the entire program and repeat it for you in silent accuracy year after year after year.

You can also program it in its 'living-pattern' mode. Simply turn your lights on and off throughout a typical day as you normally do. After 24 hours the Night Sentry will remember the exact pattern and your timer will operate your lights just as you yourself did-all automatically.

### LONGER BULB LIFE

If by chance you have a power failure, the Night Sentry will keep its memory for at least 5 minutes. Since most power failures are momentary, you won't have to reprogram it. But if the power failure is longer than five minutes, when the power does come back on, your lights will remain in their off position.

The Night Sentry has a unique feature that in time could actually pay for the unit. Most bulbs burn out because the power surges each time a bulb is turned on. These power surges weaken a bulb. The Night Sentry has a built-in 'soft start' system that eliminates the surge and thus your bulb will last up to three times longer than its normal life. This is a very important feature for outdoor lighting where bulbs are often more difficult to change and seem to always go out in the dead of winter.

#### BATTLESHIP CONSTRUCTION

When Dynascan Corporation developed the Night Sentry, they decided to go overboard and produce a product that far exceeded standard specifications. For example, the Raytheon Triac used in the system was designed for 220-volt products-not just your



The Night Sentry is almost as small as a typical light switch so you could even install two of them in a double gang wall plate.

standard 110-volt wall switch. There are transient surpressors built to take a voltage surge of up to 2500 volts-in short the Night Sentry was built like a battleship.

Even if you've never installed a light switch in your life, you'd find it a snap to install the Night Sentry. Just turn off the power at your fuse box, connect two wires by twisting them together and screw the Night Sentry into your old electrical box. Installation takes less than five minutes and you use the same wall plate you had on your switch before.

I have recently replaced all of the timers in my home. I even added a few in places like my bedroom so that all my lights turn on when it's time to get up. I don't need an alarm clock now. My outdoor and indoor lights are now silently and efficiently controlled, and my house looks lived in even when I'm away.

### TRY ONE OUT

We urge you to order a Night Sentry for only \$24.95 plus \$2.50 for postage and handling (Illinois residents add 6% sales tax) or order two for \$47 plus \$3.00 postage and handling. Credit card buyers may call our toll-free number below. We'll send you a Night Sentry solid-state timer complete with easy-to-install instructions and a one-year limited warranty. There is also a three-way switch timer for \$5 extra per unit.

Then use the Night Sentry for a month. Program it. See how silently it operates and then order more for the other rooms in your house. If, however, you're not completely satisfied, retum your unit within 30 days for a prompt and courteous refund, including your postage and handling.

I can personally recommend the Dynascan Night Sentry timers. I have them throughout my home and my friends have them too. They really add to our security and peace of mind and I urge you to at least order one at no obligation, today.



NOVEMBER 1980

### what's news

### Videodiscs or VCR's?

Most retailers believe, says Massachusetts consulting firm Venture Development Corp, that videocassette recorders (VCR's) and videodisc systems are non-competitive products (like audio tape decks and turntables). Consumers don't agree.

People who do not own video playback equipment tend to prefer VCR's by over three to one. About 20 percent want both kinds of systems. Another fifth have no preference but are sure they wouldn't buy both VCR and disc equipment.

Among owners of VCR equipment the number who would want both systems is higher. About 30 percent of VCR owners would like to have a videodisc system in addition to their present VCR's.

#### Newest computer

Panasonic is introducing what it describes as a "revolutionary" hand-held computer (HHC) system. It consists of the RL-H1000 hand-held computer plus peripheral devices that include an input/output interface that permits attaching six additional peripherals; an acoustic coupler/telephone modem, a cassette interface, a video RAM interface for hookup to a home TV set, a mini-printer, RAM memory expanders, and ROM memory expanders.

The RL-H1000 has a built-in RAM, which permits the user to store up to 500 characters for use as a portable, electronic memo pad. A self-contained world-time clock shows date, hour, and minute. There is also a programmable timer, with alarm and message function, to work as an electronic secretary.

The HHC is compatible with virtually every computer bank in the world via its telephone modem/acoustic coupler. It is expected to be on the market in late 1980. Price has not yet been finalized.

### The electronic newspaper

Predicted by this and other magazines for many decades, the "electronic newspaper" has come into actual being. The Columbus (OH) Dispatch began early in July to transmit its entire editorial content to 3,000 home-computer terminals around the country, on a system called Compu-Serve. Subscribers to the service can select any desired item from a condensed index and display it on their home terminals. Cost of the service is \$5 per hour.

Thirteen other newspapers, ranging from The New York Times to The Middlesex News of Framingham, MA, expect to be on the CompuServe system within a year.

The Knight-Ridder newspapers are taking a somewhat different approach in an experiment started in Coral Gables, FL. Two hundred personal computers have been installed in homes in the area, at no cost to the families involved. Knight-Ridder is supplying the computers and the Bell System the terminals and the phone lines that link the individual home computers to the system

Both news and advertising are transmitted, with 31 advertisers participating in the project. Viewers seeing the ads can type orders on their own terminals, and the central computer will relay the orders to the company offering the goods for sale.

News is supplied by the Associated Press, which transmits 60,000 to 100,000 words daily to the project. It is stated that if the Associated Press puts out a bulletin, the Coral Gables viewer may be able to see it on his own screen before he hears it on the radio

### "Clear-channel" abandonment

Up to 125 new AM stations may be able come on the air as a result of the recent FCC decision to abandon the "clear-channel" concept. Many of the new slots will be earmarked for groups that have not been able to get a proportional share of air time up to the present. The same decision, of course, will greatly cut the coverage of the present 25 clear-channel stations, which have been in complete possession of a single frequency, or have shared it with only one or two stations at great distances.

The clear-channel concept was developed in the earliest days of broadcasting, when listening for distance was to many the important reason for owning a radio set. A station that could be heard 2,000 miles away was considered to be performing an important service. (That went so far that in a number of large cities, the broadcast stations shut down for one night a week, so that listeners in the city could hear distance without local blanketing.) With improved broadcast quality and content, dx-ing dropped in popularity and practically disappeared.

The FCC voted to protect the signals of the former 25 clear-channel stations within a radius of 750 miles, thus still giving them greater coverage than other stations.

The Commission stated that, in considering new applicants, it would give preference to organizations at least 50-percent owned by minority groups or non-profit operations, or applicants who would be pioneers, offering the first full-time service to their communities.

continued on page 12



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NRI Schools McGraw-Hill Continuing Education Center 3939 Wisconsin Ave. Washington, D.C. 20016

Learn at home at your convenience.

### what's news

continued from page 6

### **Electronic credit card**

The electronic credit card, long familiar to science fiction readers, has now been developed in the real world, and is in actual use in some Italian pay telephones. Working with the Italian telephone company SIP (Societa Italiana per l' Esercizio Telefonico), SGS-ATES of Waltham, MA, has brought out a new and unique low-cost XCARD. This new card uses a non-volatile memory technology.



THE ELECTRONIC CREDIT CARD, as designed for pay telephone use. The instructions on the face of the "card" show how to use it and tell the user to remove the tab before trying to insert it.

The XCARD consists of a  $17 \times 8$  bit memory in a credit-card style package. The consumer buys a card with memory cells representing 100 credit units (the other 36 bits are for security, control, and testing). The credit cells are blank. When inserted in the payphone or other vending device, the vending terminal writes into some of the memory cells, to the extent of the customer's purchase. When the cells are all written into, the credit is exhausted and the card is thrown away.

Misuse is prevented by a security code in the memory. Resale of used cards as new is prevented by a plastic tab, which must be removed to insert the card in the phone.

Designed for pay telephones, the XCARD can be as useful for other applications, highway toll booths for example.

### Fuel control system for jets

Tests of the Delco Flight Management System on Pan American planes showed a fuel efficiency improvement of 1.5 percent on 10 Boeing 747's. While the improvement is not startling statistically, it translates to an annual saving of 7.5 million gallons of aviation fuel on Pan American's fleet, or a saving of 5.5 million dollars.

The flight management system minimizes fuel consumption by closed-loop control of aircraft pitch and thrust, adjusting the throttle and pitch control for conditions of flight-climb, cruising, and descent, and taking into account the altitude, the aircraft's continually changing weight, the outside temperature and other factors. With the help of Motorola LSI circuitry, the whole system is compressed into four "black boxes," weighing a total of 28 pounds.

### **Computer crime**

"Computer crimes have to date been shoe-horned into existing, but inadequate, laws dealing with crimes ranging from mail and wire fraud to obscene phone calls," states Philip R. Manuel, former chief investigator of the U.S. Permanent Subcommittee on Investigation, and now an investigative consultant in the area of white-collar crime.

Urging the adoption of the Federal Computer Systems Protection Act (S-240), introduced by Senator Abraham Ribicoff in 1977, and again in January 1979, Manuel said, "In spite of its rhetoric concerning the severity of white-collar crime, Congress has refused to take action on S-240, thereby helping to perpetuate the theft of perhaps a billion dollars annually."

The Ribicoff bill, he said, ".... clearly defines computer crimes as computer crimes and affords a large measure of protection to the computer systems of the Federal Government, financial institutions, and all businesses that operate in interstate commerce. It further envisions protection for sophisticated electronic fund transfer systems whose vulnerability to computer fraud is enormous."

### Home, personal electronics

According to a research report recently issued by Venture Development Corp of Wellesley, MA, home and personal electronics will by no means stand still in this sluggish industrial period. Instead, the value of U.S. home and personal electronic products will increase by almost 20 percent annually through 1982.

The factory value of home electronic products will more than double, from \$336.8 million in 1978 to \$764.1 million in 1982. Personal electronics—\$1,261.6 million in 1978—will reach \$2,421 million in 1982. Products most heavily dependent on microelectronics will show the strongest growth, the researchers believe.

Personal electronics-as defined in the

report—includes calculators, electronic watches and personal computers. Greatest growth is expected in computers—49.5 percent annually.

Home security equipment has been grouped with more conventional home electronics for the growth figures quoted. Production of intrusion detectors is expected to increase by 71.4 percent annually through 1982.

#### Columbia tries new record

CBS Records has recently placed on the market a "new" disc—a 10-inch, 33<sup>1</sup>/<sub>3</sub> rpm mini-album that will retail for about \$3 instead of the \$6 to \$9 of standard albums. Each Nu-Disk, as it is called, will carry two songs on each side, rather than the five or six songs of "standard" albums.

An important reason for the new record is the great slump in demand for standard albums. CBS Records reported earnings for 1979 only a little over half those for 1978. Part of the slump, says the East Coast director of artists and repertory for Epic Records (one of the Columbia group) is that too many albums were trying to get by on one good cut, padded with rubbish. The new record will be directed to the customer who wants more for his money.

The first Nu-Disks consist of releases by Cheap Trick, leading British band, and three other British groups: the Continentals, New Musik, and Propaganda.

### **Belgian videotext**

The Antiope videotext system, which enables TV viewers to dial up news, weather information, sports results, stock and market prices, and other services on their TV sets, is being used by RTBF, the Belgian radio-TV system, in an experiment beginning in November. Antiope will supply the system for the service, and Belgians will supply the material to be transmitted.

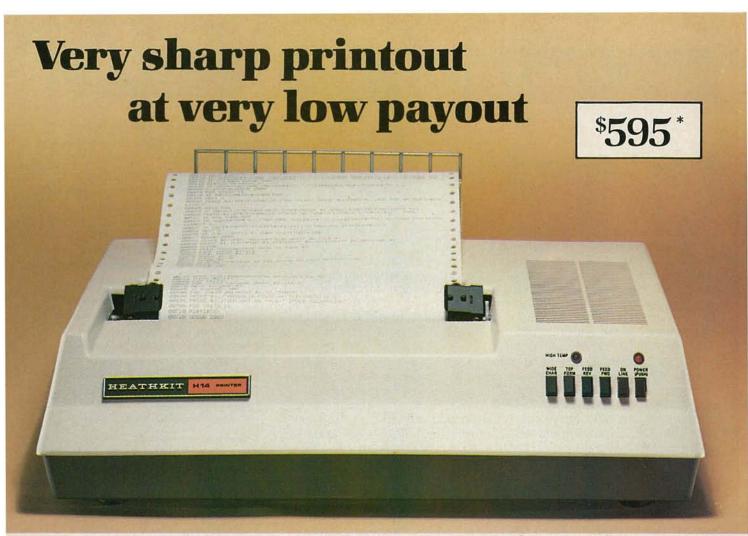
The new service is being broadcast to the French-speaking population of Belgium from a transmitter in the city of Liege.

In France, home of Antiope, teletext terminals have been installed at numbers of gas stations, to inform motorists of weather and road conditions. Each terminal is attended by a hostess, who uses a small key pad to dial up information requested by drivers. The information then appears on the screen almost immediately, for the motorists' perusal while their cars are being serviced.

The Antiope system is being tested in the United States, under the sponsorship of the French company's subsidiary, Antiope Videotext Systems, of Washington, DC. Several stations, including KMOX-TV, St. Louis, and KNXT-TV and KCET-TV in Los Angeles, have tested or have already begun experimental Antiope broadcasts. **R-E** 

12

RADIO-ELECTRONICS



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### editorial

### **New Life for CB**

There are many occasions during the course of our lives when we sit up, take notice of an ingenious idea, and say "Why didn't I think of that?" That's how this month's editorial was born. I wish I could take the credit for the idea behind this month's editorial, but that credit belongs to Mr. Earl Heider of Salem, Oregon. Mr. Heider forwarded me a copy of a letter he sent to the Governor of the State of Oregon. In that letter, Mr. Heider outlines a plan to put CB radio to better use. I agree with that plan.

The fourth anniversary of 40-channel CB radio is right around the corner. Four years ago, CB was growing rapidly. In response, the FCC expanded the service from 23 channels to 40 channels. Then, consumers stopped buying 23-channel radios in anticipation of the coming 40-channel units. Unfortunately, that occurred at the same time that CB manufacturers were churning out 23-channel units at an incredible rate building up an inventory in an attempt to get ahead of the incredible consumer demand. Twenty-three channel CB radios were everywhere; in retail stores, warehouses—and there were many, many thousands in the Japan-to-U.S. pipeline. Manufacturers found themselves in a sea of 23-channel units and they wound up taking a bath. Prices were lowered to incredibly low levels in an attempt to sell off the 23-channel stockpiles. One by one, CB manufacturers became extinct. CB radio has never been the same.

Unfortunately, throughout all this, 40 channels were never really necessary. In fact, even the 23-channel spectrum was never fully used. Sure there was overcrowding and the fight for airtime resembled something of a brawl. But the active channels will always be the same few. Channel 19 is likely to remain the most popular mobile channel, no matter how many additional channels are added. The net result is a few overcrowded channels and many blank ones.

Now for Mr. Heider's idea. Why not put one of those unused channels to good use. Let's install a series of transmitters along the major highways to transmit road and traffic conditions. Those transmitters would be tied into the central traffic office in each locality. In addition, other unused channels could be used to broadcast such topics as health information, educational material, energy saving ideas, etc. The only potential problem is the possible effect of skip reception on such a system. West Germany has a similar system already in operation. That system is experimental and uses FM broadcast frequencies.

Mr. Heider's proposal is for the State of Oregon. I feel that part of the funding for that should be provided by the Federal Department of Transportation and instituted on a nationwide scale. There are many, many CB radios still in service. Let's put them to better use. That will benefit not only the public but it might just revitalize the CB industry.

ART KLEIMAN Managing Editor



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### satellite tv news

### **MORE NEW** HARDWARE



### The scramble to come out with more variations on satellite signal receivers was evident during the recent Satellite Users Conference in Denver. At least two new multi-satellite antennas were introduced, along with a new range of equipment from various manufacturers.

Satelco (5540 West Pico Blvd., Los Angeles, CA 90019), the company that has pioneered several low-cost satellite terminal devices, unveiled a new spherical antenna that can pick up five or six birds simultaneously. The \$2,500, five-meter unit includes several LNA mounts, although you have to move the LNA for various satellites, or else buy several LNA's dedicated to each bird. Satelco is also working on a remote-controlled receive package tied in to a home computer, which includes a program for steering the antenna directly to the bird you want to see. That computer-package will cost about \$10,000.

Vidiark Electronics Development (P.O. Box 57, Salem, AR 72576) is now offering an "8ball" antenna kit, priced at \$750. The 12-foot spherical dish is built with redwood strips that support an aluminum screen reflector surface.

Standard Communications (Box 92151, Los Angeles, CA 90009), a veteran manufacturer of two-way radio equipment, made its entry into the satellite reception market with a new receiver / converter unit capable of picking up 24 channels. Avcom (10139 Apache Rd., Richmond, VA 23235) brought out the latest addition to its line of LNA's, the COM-3 plus a remote-control version.

In other recent equipment developments, Avantek (3175 Bowers Avenue, Santa Clara, CA 95051) introduced a \$795 earth-terminal preamplifier that can handle the 3.7 to 7.2 GHz band, with a 120°K guaranteed maximum noise temperature and 50-dB typical gain.

On the other side of the coin, however, there was a new push to develop signal-scrambling devices. At the Denver conference, Westinghouse Electric unveiled equipment which scrambles every line of video and independently scrambles audio. Oak Systems also showed its satellitescrambling devices again, a follow-up to last spring's demonstration during the National Cable TV Association convention.

### SATELLITE BUSINESS CONFERENCE

The first Satellite Business Opportunities Conference will be held in Houston November 17-19; it is an outgrowth of the Satellite Private Terminal Seminars which Bob Cooper has been running for several years. The Houston meeting will concentrate on new business areas created by the boom of low-cost satellite technologies. In addition to covering topics in retailing and distributing home terminals, the sessions will deal with cost-sharing program packages, nonvideo transmissions and low-cost transmit terminals. Information is available from Cooper, PO Box G, Arcadia, Oklahoma 73007.

Two other major trade shows which are taking an increasing satellite posture are also coming up. The Western Cable Show, a trade convention sponsored by the California Community TV Association, will be held December 10-13 at the Disneyland Hotel in Anaheim, and the Consumer Electronics Show is slated for January 8-11 in Las Vegas.

**AROUND THE** SATELLITE CIRCUIT Comsat's plans to launch a direct-to-home satellite broadcasting service loom ever closer. The official presentation of the plan is expected to be submitted to the FCC this fall (it was announced in August 1979, but no formal request has ever been made to the FCC, which would have to license the project). Comsat has hired a major ad agency's programming consultant staff to develop an agenda of the type of shows which would be carried on the service. In addition, Comsat is negotiating with the Corporation for Public Broadcasting to come up with ideas for cultural programs which can be incorporated into the program package. Comsat's efforts in this area are now handled by a separate subsidiary called Satellite Television Corp.

NASA confirms that it plans to launch the first Space Shuttle in March 1981; there has been speculation that the launch would be pushed back again because of a recent fire in the Shuttle engine during a test. Early Shuttles will carry communications satellites aloft.

The first Torus multiple satellite antenna will be installed at a new cable-TV system in Anchorage. The 10-meter Torus antenna is capable of picking up signals for several satellites at once; it was developed by Comsat and will be built by Comtech Antenna Corp.

Western Union Broadcast Services has published a booklet about its audio program services, including Single Channel Per Carrier and combined satellite terrestrial facilities. The free brochure can be obtained by writing to WU Telegraph Co., One Lake Street, Upper Saddle River, NJ 07458.

> GARY H. ARLEN CONTRIBUTING EDITOR

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y father always told me that there were certain advantages to putting all your eggs in one basket. "John," he said, "learn to do one important thing better than anyone else, and you'll always be in demand."

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For these things, you'd want a specialist. And you'd trust him. Because you'd know if he weren't any good, he'd be out of business.

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### Specialists aren't for everyone.

I'll tell it to you straight. If you think electronics would make a nice hobby, check with other schools.

But if you think you have the cool – and want the training it takes – to make sure that a sound blackout during a prime time TV show will be corrected in seconds – then answer this ad. You'll probably find CIE has a course that's just right for you!

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Learning electronics is a lot more than memorizing a laundry list of facts about circuits and transistors. Electronics is interesting because it's based on some fairly recent scientific discoveries. It's built on ideas. So, look for a program that starts with ideas – and builds on them.

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Remember, if you are serious about learning electronics... or building upon your present skills, your best bet is to go with the electronics specialists – CIE. Mail the card or coupon today or write CIE (and mention the name and date of this magazine), 1776 East 17th Street, Cleveland, Ohio 44114.



Pattern shown on oscilloscope screen is simulated.

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### letters

### NUMBERS STATIONS

I was intrigued by your article on numbers stations in the June issue. I logged some offbeat DX myself on a backpacking trip into the Sierras. Our party was at Lake Wiremucca (Tahoe-Yosemite trail) and I was using a coax-fed long-wire dipole strung through the pine trees and into my Yaesu FRG-7.

Around 1 PM the second day I got bored and began flipping the dial. The 20-meter hams were at it, as were the 40's. But at 6700 or so kHz, I picked up a noise that I recognized. I've heard it often, yet this time there was an SSB signal under it.

So I tweaked, poked, and prodded my radio into an intelligible signal. I began to hear air-to-ground communications on bombing missions and targetting, kill ratios, etc. Well, the U.S. Army was nearby in Nevada (right over the mountain or so) and I was logging drills. Interesting, to say the least.

Eventually, I went home, but that experience put me onto listening for jamming sounds, then waiting to pull down what I could. That lead to various weird communications, skipping from Hawaii and Florida on the state of the Coast Guard and the Cubans (respectively). Perhaps I should update my logs and do an article on such DX. I've heard some pretty weird and cloakand-dagger stuff (most isn't from the military, by the way).

I just wonder what other insomniacs have heard, merely by chance—which seems to be how I've done it. TODD

address unknown

### **POPULAR WORKSHOPS**

A series of popular workshops is being offered by Virginia Tech, and will be held on the Tech campus in Blacksburg, Virginia. The programs will be directed by Dr. Paul Field, Dr. Chris Titus, Dr. Jon Titus, Mr. Andy Staugaard, and Mr. David Larsen.

The subject matter and dates of the four workshops are:

1. Digital Electronics for Automation and Instrumentation: December 8, 9, and 10, 1980.

2. Microcomputer Interfacing Programming and Application using the Z80/8085/ 8080: December 11, 12, and 13, 1980.

3. TRS-80 Radio Shack Microcomputer Interfacing and Programming for Scientific Instrumentation: December 15, 16, and 17, 1980.

4. Motorola Single Chip Interfacing and Programming Using the 6801, 6809, and 6800: December 18, 19, and 20, 1980.

All workshops are hands-on with the participant designing and testing concepts with actual hardware. For more information, write or call Dr. Linda Leffel, C.E.C., Virginia Tech, Blacksburg, VA 24061. (703-961-5241).

DAVID G. LARSEN Blacksburg, VA.

#### E=MC<sup>2</sup>

Mr. M. A. Alvarado II's letter "The Radar Detector" in the May 80 issue requires further comment. If the wavefront simply arrives at the detector earlier or later, depending on the closing velocity of the source, what keeps changing the wavelength after the wavefront arrives?

If scientists are in hot debate about the continued on page 24



### Digital IC Probe & Logic Pulser

### PRB-1 DIGITAL LOGIC PROBE

Compatible with DTL, TTL CMOS, MOS and Microprocessors using a 4 to 15V power supply. Thresholds automatically programmed. Automatic resetting memory. No adjustment required. Visual indication of logic levels, using LED's to show high, low, bad level or open circuit logic and pulses. Highly sophisticated, shirt pocket portable (protective tip cap and removable coil cord).

Automatic threshold resetting • DE to > 50 MHZ

Compatible with all logic families 4-15 VDC • 10 Nsec. pulse response

Supply O.V.P. to ± 70 VDC • 120 K Ω impedance

No switches/no calibration • Automatic pulse stretching to 50 Msec.

Open circuit detection • Automatic resetting memory

Range extended to 15-25 VDC with optional PA-1 adapter

PLS-1 LOGIC PULSER

The PLS-1 logic pulser will superimpose a dynamic pulse train (20 pps) or a single pulse onto the circuit node under test. There is no need to unsolder pins or cut printed-circuit traces even when these nodes are being clamped by digital outputs.

PLS-1 is a multi-mode, high current pulse generator packaged in a hand-held shirt pocket portable instrument. It can source or sink sufficient current to force saturated output transistors in digital circuits into the opposite logic state. Signal injection is by means of a pushbutton switch near the probe tip. When the button is depressed, a single high-going or low-going pulse of  $2\mu$  sec wide is delivered to the circuit node under test. Pulse polarity is automatic: high nodes are pulsed low and low nodes are pulsed high. Holding the button down delivers a series of pulses of 20 pps to the circuit under test.

High input impedance (off state) 1 meg ohm • Multi mode-single pulses or pulse trains

- Low output impedance(active state) 2 ohms Automatic polarity sensing
  - Output pulse width 2 µsec nominal Automatic current limiting; 7 amps nominal

Input over voltage protection +50 volts • Automatically programmed output level

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Multi-family RTL, DTL, TTL, CMOS, MOS and Microprocessors

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23

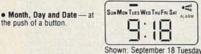
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RADIO-ELECTRONICS

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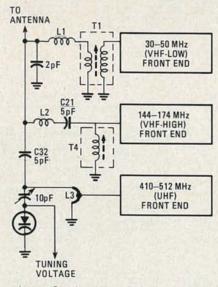
### LETTERS continued from page 22

possibility of electromagnetic energy moving at a speed greater than light why don't they ask about electric and magnetic fields separately? After all it is very easy to divert a magnetic field alternately between a longer and a shorter magnetic path. Then if E=mc<sup>2</sup> and c varies we can get energy by changing c instead of m with fission or fusion. Since c is a squared term, that method would be far more efficient than fission or fusion and there would be no detrimental radiation. JOHN W. ECKLIN

Alexandria, VA

#### 0000PS

In our October issue, readers saw a reference to "Figure 2" on page 116 (Commu-nications Corner), and a few lines below were asked to turn to page 122. Alas, Fig. 2 was inadvertently mislaid when we made up page 122. Here is the missing figure.



In our October issue, Figure 19 on page 93, in the story "Unicorn Robot," is shown without dimensions. Here is the correct Fig. 19

MINIMUM

FOR SAFE

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### CABLE TV

Congratulations on your editorial in the August issue, in which you remind us that the same logic that caused the FCC to require access to sales and service on telephone equipment and independent interconnect companies should also apply to cable TV.

Since day one, the National Association of Television and Electronic Servicers of America (NATESA) has been in the forefront of actions to assure that independent electronics' technicians have earned the right to install sets on cable-TV systems. Thus far, to assure that right has required that each franchise had to be treated separately. Advance technology now indicates that cable TV may move ahead much faster; thus, the need for a uniform ruling on the rights of independent servicers is clearly in order.

We shall therefore renew our plea to the FCC for a decision regarding our rights without delay.

Again, congratulations. FRANK J. MOCH Executive Director, NATESA Chicago, IL

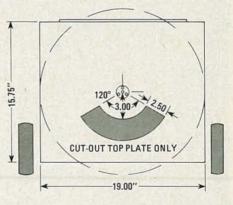
### MORE ABOUT ETCHANT DISPOSAL

Robert K. Deunk's scathing attack on one of my PC etchant disposal methods was totally unwarranted (Letters, May 1980 issue.). He predicted grave consequences if sodium carbonate is added directly to the expended etchant, which he calls a "strong" acid. If Deunk had done his homework he would have realized that fresh, undiluted ferric chloride etchant contains less than 6% acid (HCI), a relatively weak solution in chemical terms.

A six percent solution of HCl is hazardous to the eyes and skin but is far too weak to cause the predicted violent reaction even if a large amount of sodium carbonate were added en masse to pure etchant. The recommended procedure of diluting the expended etchant with water and adding the sodium carbonate slowly is to control foaming, not because of an overheating problem. The method is both safe and convenient

L. SCOTT HOFER Federal Way, WA

R-F

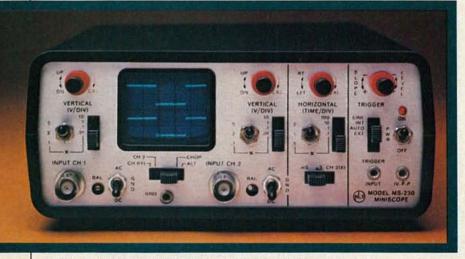


ALL DIMENSIONS IN INCHES

### **Problem:**

Build an oscilloscope light enough to carry in the field, yet sophisticated enough to use in the repair shop. And bring it in at under \$600.

Solution: Non-Linear Systems' MS-230. A 3 lb. 10 oz. miniscope.



At 3 lbs. 10 oz., the MS-230 is the lightest miniscope around. Now you can take the scope to the problem. Or bring the problem to the scope.

It's easy to get carried away with the MS-230. Our remarkable, new 30-megahertz, battery-operated, dual-trace miniscope. At 3 lbs. 10 oz., it's the smallest, lightest miniscope in the field today. Suddenly, portability's not a problem anymore.



On a benchtop or a belt, over a shoulder or in a tool kit, the MS-230's ready to go.

Sets up shop. Makes housecalls. The state-of-the-art MS-230 is at home anywhere there's a need to accurately test or measure electronics equipment.

TV repairmen find it works

wonders in the field. Tuck it in the tool kit, sling it over a shoulder or slip it on a belt, and it's ready to make a quick on-site diagnosis.

It's a great benchmate in the shop, too. Checks distortion, compares circuit inputs and outputs, finds faulty components. All with equal ease. And the MS-230 is so compact it doesn't clutter up the work area.

What's more, the versatile MS-230 is perfect for servicing microcomputer systems, maintaining avionics equipment and diagnosing sophisticated medical equipment.

A trio to pick from. If your work demands an oscilloscope that handles virtually all normal applications with unblinking accuracy, we've got your number. The MS-230. A superb value at \$598.15.

We also make miniscopes to match other budgets and needs. Take the MS-215, for example. It's a 15 MHz, dual-trace scope priced at \$465.45. Or the MS-15, 15 MHz, single-trace at \$349.80.

And each model is available with optional accessories to help you get the job done. Like a 10:1, 10 megohm probe and leather carrying case with shoulder strap and belt loop.

When it comes to portable, affordable, accurate miniscopes Non-Linear Systems leads the way.

### MS-230 at a glance

Vertical Bandwidth:	30 MHz
Deflection Factor:	10 mV/div to 50 V/div, 12 calibrated ranges
Input Impedance:	1 megohm in parallel with 50 pF
Time Base:	0.05 µSec/div to 0.2 Sec/div, 21 calibrated ranges
Horizontal Bandwidth:	200 kHz
Trigger Modes:	Automatic, Internal, External and Line
Power Sources:	
Internal:	Rechargeable lead
External:	acid batteries 115 VAC or 230 VAC, 50-60 Hz via plug-in transformer
Size:	2.9" H x 6.4" W x 8.6" D (74 mm x 163 mm x 218 mm)
Weight:	3 lbs. 10 oz. (1.65 Kg)

**Get the word on us.** Non-Linear Systems has been intelligently innovating in the digital testing industry for nearly three decades. From the introduction of the first digital voltmeter to breakthrough products like the MS-230.

To get the whole story, from product facts to philosophy, write for our free 1980 Catalog today. Non-Linear Systems, Inc., Box N, Del Mar, California 92014. Telephone (714) 755-1134, TWX 910-322-1132.

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### equipment reports

Heath Co. Model IM-2215 Portable Digital Multimeter



CIRCLE 50 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD THE MODEL *IM-2215* 31/2-DIGIT LCD HAND-HELD digital multimeter is Heath's latest entry into

the DMM arena. The operating controls are mounted along the side of the case, in a design that has been popularized by many manufacturers recently. The *IM-2215* is available only in kit form.

Our test sample, however, was received factory assembled and we therefore cannot comment on how difficult it would be to assemble. Since it was pre-wired, the calibration was also done at the factory. There are built-in references for use in the calibration of the multimeter. However, if you have access to labgrade equipment for the calibration procedure, you can improve the accuracy of the IM-2215. According to the specifications provided, that difference is quite small and in most cases can be ignored. For instance, using laboratory standards it is possible to attain an accuracy of ±.25% of reading +1 count. Using Heath's built-in references it is possible to set your meter to an accuracy of ±.35% of reading +1 count. Those settings are for the DC voltage ranges but the same basic variation is carried throughout the specifications. In practice, there are few times when more accuracy is needed than what can be found in the Heath IM-2215.

All readings are displayed on a large-sized LCD (Liquid Crystal Display) which can be easily seen from at least 10 to 12 feet away. The digits are approximately 1/2-inch in height and about 1/4-inch wide. The use of LCD readouts allows long battery life, especially important for field work. Speaking of battery life, typically a carbon-zinc battery can be expected to provide 100-150 hours of operation, while an alkaline unit will provide in the neighborhood of 200 hours. In either case, there is a LO BAT indication displayed on the LCD when 80% of the battery life has been consumed. That warning will mean that there should be at least 20 hours of operation still possible with the present battery. Of course, it will depend upon the type installed so that is a minimum amount of operating time.

Heath has provided built-in safeguards to prevent damage to the *IM-2215* when the input is subjected to overloads. Those protective devices will prevent damage within certain specified limits. The limits are listed as 1000 volts DC, 750 volts AC on all voltage ranges of the DMM. To that guy who always decides to check voltages while the meter is still set up to *continued on page 32* 



### Non-Linear Systems introduces the 2 lb. 4 oz. test lab.



The new Touch Test 20 DMM weighs only 2 lbs. 4 oz. Yet it puts twenty key test functions at your fingertips. Plus exclusive light pressure touch function selection. Shown from above on leather shoulder sling (optional).

Introducing the remarkable Touch Test 20. Now, with its 20 key test functions at your fingertips, (plus the ability to measure 10 electrical parameters and 44 ranges) you can take one lab to the field instead of a cumbersome collection of individual testers.

Another bright idea. The Touch Test 20 is the only DMM with light pressure touch function selection. No more dials to fiddle with. Instead, an LED shows the function you choose. And when you switch, you get an audible bleep and a visual blip to let you know.



Operation's a snap. A light touch chooses the function. An LED shows it.

**Functional.** Not gimmicky. We believe that in DMM design, form should follow function. For example, it's rare that a DMM is used hand-held. Usually it's placed so the operator's hands are free to manipulate the test leads and the equipment being tested. That's why we developed the Touch Test 20 – to fit where and how it would be used. The result is the most innovative portable/benchtype multimeter in the industry today.

Small wonder. The Touch Test 20 is designed specifically for mainline electronics measurement and testing. It checks AC and DC voltage, AC and DC current as well as resistance. Analyzes temperature in Celsius and Fahrenheit. Measures conductance and capacitance. It also performs diode/transistor and continuity tests. All with the accuracy that's synonymous with the name Non-Linear Systems.

**Shop-proven. Field-proven.** The Touch Test 20 is ideal for benchtop use. The large, 0.55-inch LED numbers make it easy to read. And its dial-free, light touch selection system prevents the unit from skittering across the tabletop. Light and versatile, it's the perfect, portable road lab, too.

The Touch Test 20 comes with test leads, temperature probe and resistor/capacitor test adapter. It features automatic polarity and overload indication plus in-circuit test capabilities. The Touch Test 20 is available in two models – rechargeable battery or line operated. All parts and labor are guaranteed for a full year. And each model is available with optional accessories like a leather carrying case with shoulder strap and belt loop, to help you get the job done.

### Touch Test 20 at a glance

Measurements	
AC Voltage	10 µV to 750 VRMS, 6 ranges.
DC Voltage	10 µV to 1000 VDC, 6 ranges.
AC Current	10 µA to 10 A, 4 ranges.
DC Current	0.01 µA to 10 A, 7 ranges.
Resistance	10 milli $\Omega$ to 20 meg $\Omega$ , 7 ranges.
Temperature	-40°C to 150°C, -40°F to 302°F, 2 ranges.
Conductance	0.01 nS to 200 nS (equivalent to 5 megohms to 100,000 megohms) 2 ranges.
Capacitance	1 pF to 200µF, 6 ranges.
Tests	
Diode	Diode and transistor junctions in conducting and non- conducting directions.
Continuity	Audible signal.
Size	2.9" H x 6.4" W x 7.5" D (74 mm x 163 mm x 191 mm)
Weight	2 lb. 4 oz. (1.02 kg)
Price	\$425.00 with batteries \$399.50 without batteries

8 DMMs. One right for you. Non-Linear Systems also offers eight other outstanding digital multimeters. Trim and low-priced, each of our three, three and one-half and four-digit DMMs is a performance and value-packed instrument.

**Get the word on us.** NLS has been intelligently innovating in the digital instrument industry for nearly three decades. From the introduction of the first digital voltmeter to breakthrough products like the Touch Test 20.

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NOVEMBER 1980

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### **IN FACT, NTS ELECTRONICS PROGRAMS INCLUDE THE** WIDEST ARRAY OF SOLID-STATE AND DIGITAL EQUIPMENT EVER OFFERED BY ANY HOME STUDY SCHOOL.

2-Meter FM Transceiver

Now, for the first time, you can learn all about microcomputers by working with your own production model at home. We'll explain the principles of troubleshooting and testing this remarkable instrument and, best of all, we'll show you how to program it to do what you want.

It's the perfect opportunity for you to learn BASIC high level language programming and assembly

language programming.

Then, to learn how to localize microcomputer problems and solve them, you'll experiment and test with a digital multimeter and other testing gear.

But most important, you get to assemble and work with today's most sophisticated microcomputers, not home-made training devices. We believe this makes learning a lot more relevant and exciting.

In fact, production-model equipment is featured in all NTS electronics programs.

Our Color TV servicing program boasts the NTS/HEATH digital color TV (25" diagonal) you actually build and keep.

In Communications Electronics you'll build and keep an

NTS/HEATH 2-meter FM transceiver, along with digital multimeter and service trainer. Whichever NTS electronics program you choose, you can count on working with much the same kind of equipment you'll encounter in the field.

Find out more in our full color catalog on the program of your choice.



The NTS/HEATH H-89 Microcomputer features floppy disk stor-age, "smart" video terminal, two Z80 microprocessors, 16K RAM memory, expandable to 48K. Available in NTS's Master Course in

2. The NTS/Rockwell AIM 65 Microcomputer A single board unit featuring an on-board 20 column alphanumeric printer with 20 character display. A 6502-based unit 4K RAM, expandable.

3. The NTS/KIM-1 Microcomputer A single board unit featuring a 6 digit LED display with an on-board 24 key hexadecimal calculator-type keyboard. A 6502 based microcomputer with 1K

of RAM memory, expandable. Available in NTS's Master Course in Electronic and Industrial Technology.

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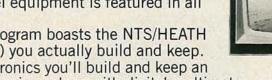
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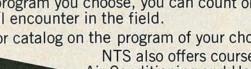
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NOVEMBER 1980

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Simulated TV Reception







Now the famed Bell Current Gun probe goes a giant step further, and puts the "answer" right in your hand with a built-in readout. Reads dc to 400 Hz from 0 to 200 A. Features automatic reading hold. Has output for use with scope. Utilizes principles tried and proven in Bell's broad line of Hall effect current measuring instruments.

Request full specs, or order direct. Send check or company P.O. for \$249 (plus \$3.50 shipping) to F.W. Bell, 6120 Hanging Moss Rd., Orlando, FL 32807.

#### the resistance ranges without damage. Those figures are taken from the Heath manual and no attempt was made to verify their accuracy.

no attempt was made to verify their accuracy. The current ranges are also protected by a combination of clamp diodes and a fuse.

read resistances: Take heart; you can now apply as much as 300 volts AC or DC to any of

EQUIPMENT REPORTS continued from page 26

Whenever there is an overload, or when an overrange condition occurs, the display will show *only* the most significant figure ("1" in the leftmost position) and all other digits will be blanked out. That same overrange indication will be displayed when a resistor being checked is higher in value than the setting selected by the range switch. The fact that an overrange indication is being displayed, however, does not mean that the instrument is being damaged.

The input connections to the meter are made using the conventional banana plug and jack system. That means that you may still make use of any special test leads you may have already constructed for your old, reliable, analog meter because most of them have used that series of connectors. The leads supplied are of fine quality and are long enough for nearly any normal servicing operation. The leads are coded red and black in the normal fashion, and the black lead is fitted with an alligator clip on the free end, as is often the case. Three jacks are used for connection.

Physical measurements of the *IM*-2215 are 2"H  $\times$  3<sup>1</sup>/4"W  $\times$  7<sup>1</sup>/2"L (5.1  $\times$  8.3  $\times$  19.1 cm), which makes it easy to hold in one hand while using your other hand to attach the probes to a circuit. The range switches are easily operated with the same hand that is holding the unit. There are eight push-type switches, located along the left side of the DMM and recessed slightly to prevent them from being damaged or bent. The tip of the thumb can be used to push the selector switch and still allow the other fingers to maintain a firm grip on the case. (In case one is left-handed, the tip of a finger can be used to select the proper range.)

The selector switches are arranged in a convenient manner. The switch nearest the input jacks is the one that selects the ohmmeter function or the current/voltage scales. The actual choice of current and voltage is made by the connection of the input leads in the proper jacks. By the way, the current ranges are called-out on the panel by a pink background while the voltage sections are highlighted in blue. A green-colored background is used to highlight the ohms ranges.

Other physical features of the Heath *IM*-2215 include a display that is tilted forward slightly with respect to the main body of the unit. That feature aids in allowing better visability of the readout when the case is lying flat on the workbench. If a steeper angle is required for viewing, there is a bail-type stand attached to the rear side of the case. That stand allows the unit to be placed at an approximately 45-degree angle with reference to the bench's surface.

Ranges include four current choices from 2 mA to 2000 mA, AC and DC. The five voltage ranges cover from a low of 200 mV to 1000 volts on DC. AC voltage measurement is limited to a maximum of 750 volts. The resistance ranges include a low range of 200 ohms full scale and a maximum of 20 megohms full scale. The resistance measurements are spread over six ranges. The top switch on the front *continued on page 36* 

Magnetics & Electronics, Inc.



**To advance** in the electronic-oriented world of today – and tomorrow – you need to understand microprocessors. Now, Heath/Zenith Educational Systems brings everything together in one complete, easy-to-follow self-instructional course on microprocessors – so you can gain the knowledge needed to secure your future in electronics.

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The Heath/Zenith Microprocessor Course is backed by a Microprocessor Trainer, used to perform the experiments. Based on the popular 6800 microprocessor, this Trainer functions as a miniature digital computer. Built-in 1K ROM monitor program controls operation. Six-digit LED display provides address, data readout.

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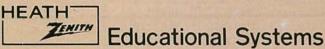
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If you don't already have a Heathkit Catalog, send for your free copy at one of the addresses below. Or pick up your copy at the nearest Heathkit Electronic Center\* in the U.S. and Canada, where Heath/Zenith Educational Courses are displayed and sold.



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In Canada: contact Heath/Zenith Educational Systems, 1480 Dundas St. E., Mississauga, Ontario L4X 2R7

Also at Heathkit Electronic Centers from coast-to-coast.

(\*See the white pages of your phone book for the location nearest you. In the U.S., Heathkit Electronic Centers are units of Veritechnology Electronics Corporation.)

### Sabtronics Hand-held Digital Multimeters Having such excellent instruments makes it tough to explain our low price.



Accurate performance you can rely on, time after time. That's what you expect from a quality DMM. But don't expect to pay as much for it any more. Because now Sabtronics brings you top quality DMMs with more features and better accuracy than other comparable units on the market today. And ours cost surprisingly less!

### We cut the price. Not the quality.

What you get is a precision crafted instrument that features single-chip LSI logic, as well as a laser trimmed resistor network. And a stable band-gap reference element ensures better long-term accuracy. Basic DCV accuracy is 0.1%. The Model 2035A gives you 32 measurement ranges and 6 functions. The Model 2037A has an additional temperature measurement function and comes complete with a sensor probe.

### First in features. First in price.

Both models feature touch-andhold capability with the optional probe — it's so convenient, you'll wonder

why the expensive models don't have it yet! And two-terminal input for <u>all</u> measurement functions — this eliminates lead switching and makes your job easier. Of course, auto zero, auto polarity and overload protection are standard. And you get 200 hour operation from a single 9V transistor battery. A low battery indicator warns you of the last 20% of battery life. And the big, sharp LCD readouts allow easy viewing in bright sunshine or low ambient light. Built-in calibration references let you calibrate the unit any time, any place.

You can buy Sabtronics multimeters assembled or in kit form with simple step-by-step instructions.

### Why the low price?

We sell what we manufacture, directly to <u>vou</u>.

your new digital multimeters now.

Credit card holders may call.

Send in the coupon and order

### **BRIEF SPECIFICATIONS DC Volts:** 100µV to 1000V, 5 ranges;

AC Volts:  $100\mu$ V to 1000V, 5 ranges; DC Current:  $0.1\mu$ A to 2A, 5 ranges; AC Current:  $0.1\mu$ A to 2A, 5 ranges; Hi-Ohms:  $0.1\Omega$  to  $20M\Omega$ , 6 ranges; Lo-Ohms:  $0.1\Omega$  to  $20M\Omega$ , 6 ranges; Temperature:  $-50^{\circ}$ C to  $+150^{\circ}$ C ( $-58^{\circ}$ F to  $+302^{\circ}$ F), 2 ranges (Model 2037A only); Dimensions:  $3^{1}/_{2}$ " wide X 6¾" long X 1¾" deep (89 X 171 X 36mm); Weight: 11 oz. (excl. battery); Overload Protection: 1000V DC or AC peak all voltage ranges, 250V DC or AC peak all Ohms ranges, 2A/250V fuse all current ranges.

Making Performance Affordable



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VISA

### A superb frequency counter is frequently not counted-just because it doesn't have a high price-tag.



The truth is, our 8000B 1 Gigahertz is an excellent counter. In fact, it's preferred by many engineers, technicians, and electronic enthusiasts. Not a single competitor on the market today can surpass our price/ performance ratio.

And we've deliberately kept our prices down. First, we've refused to join everybody else in their high mark ups. Instead of "charge what the market will bear," for us it's "charge a fair price." Second, we sell what we manufacture, directly to <u>you</u>. So extra costs of extra steps are automatically eliminated. Third, we have to build a lot of frequency counters to meet the demand. Because we do sell so many, we don't have to charge a high price to make a profit.

And about quality . . . Sabtronics frequency counters always have the most innovative features available. For example, our 8000B 1 Gigahertz Frequency Counter has a 10 Megahertz precision crystal timebase. But most important, the 8000B, using the most advanced LSI circuitry, has a guaranteed sensitivity of 30 millivolts up to 1 Gigahertz, with 20 millivolts typical. The three-stage differential amplifier IC makes this possible. Altogether, the 8000B uses only 6 IC's, making the chance of failure virtually nonexistent. Three selectable gate times provide the measurement speed you need — and greater resolution. The resolution is further enhanced by our counter's 9-digit display.

Like the 8000B, Sabtronics' 8610B is a high-quality precision frequency counter. It features only 4 IC's, and offers a frequency range up to 600 Megahertz.

The cases of both counters are high strength impact-resistant ABS plastic. Elegant but very rugged. Sabtronics doesn't believe in skimping on the high quality construction that brings excellent performance. But we're not about to charge a high price just because we could get it!

Send in the coupon and order your new frequency counter now. Credit card holders may call.

### BRIEF SPECIFICATIONS: Frequency Range: 10 Hz to 1 GHz

(Model 8000B), 10 Hz to 600 MHz (Model 8610B); **Timebase:** Frequency: 10 MHz, Stability:  $\pm$  1 ppm (20 to 40C°.), Aging Rate: < 1 ppm/year; **Sensitivity** (adjustable): Input A < 15 mV to 100 MHz, Input B < 30 mV, 100 MHz to 1 GHz (Model 8000B), < 30 mV, 100 MHz to 600 MHz (Model 8610B); **Gate Times:** .1 sec., 1 sec., 10 sec.; **Resolution:** 0.1 Hz to 10MHz, 1 Hz to 100 MHz, 10 Hz to 1 GHz; **Display:** 9-digit LED 0.4"; **Power Requirements:** 4.5 to 6.5 VDC (4 C-cells) or optional AC adapter; **Dimensions:** 8" wide X 6.5" deep X 3" high (203 X 165 X 76 mm), 1.3 pounds (590 g) excluding battery.

Making Performance Affordable

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### EQUIPMENT REPORTS

continued from page 32

panel is the AC/DC selector, and the on/off switch is located on the left side of the case for ease in turning the unit on or off with the DMM being held in the one hand.

Testing diodes and transistors has been considered and the 2K, 200K, and the 20 Meg ranges contain terminal voltages in the .800 to 1 volt range which is sufficient to turn-on most solid-state devices. The balance of the resistance ranges will not provide enough current to cause a diode to conduct and therefore are handy for making in-circuit measurements.

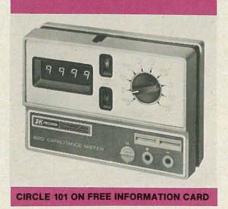
All in all, when it comes to digital multimeters, the *IM-2215* is hard to beat especially for the price. The large digits, coupled with a  $3^{1/2}$ digit resolution, and the accuracy that is built into the Heath portable DMM should provide the professional service technician, maintenance worker, or serious hobbyist with a measuring capability in excess of his normal needs.

A heavy leather carrying case is available that allows the unit to be carried on your belt. Line-voltage operation is also possible with an optional AC adaptor. Two AC adaptors are available for either 120-volt or 220-volt use.

The IM-2215 sells for \$94.95. The model PS-2350 adaptor for 120-volt operation sells for \$4.95 while the 220-volt model PS-2450 adaptor costs \$14.95. The handsome leather carrying case sells for \$14.95.

The rugged-looking IM-2215 should be able to stand up to anything in its price range. The calibration on the unit tested was well within the published specifications. No deviations were noticed. The instruction manual is representative of all Heath manuals in that they are construction manuals, service manuals, user's manuals, and theory-of-operation manuals all combined into one booklet. Since there are many charts showing how to construct and assemble the unit, identifying the parts and their locations should not be difficult if that issue should arise. Parts and service (if needed) are also readily available from the Heath Company, Benton Harbor, MI 49022. **R-E** 

### B&K-Precision Model 820 Digital Capacitance Meter



THE B&K-PRECISION DIVISION OF THE DYNAscan corp., 6460 West Cortland St., Chicago, IL 60635, has proudly issued a new test instrument. It's a portable digital capacitance meter. With a 4-digit LED display and ten ranges, the model 820 will read capacitance directly over a range that really amazed me. The lowest is a 1,000 picofarad range (pF) with a resolution of 0.1 pF. The highest range is 1 Farad.

Being one of the older types who started in thinking that a "big capacitor" was about an  $8-\mu F$ , this simply boggles my mind. That is one million microfarads. Wow! It means that you can read the actual capacitance of any capacitor you're likely to find in electronic equipment, all the way from trimmers to filters.

You can read the total capacitance of a piece of coaxial cable, or read the stray capacitance between conductors on experimental or production type boards, or anything else that calls for direct reading of capacitance. Circuits that require two precisely matched capacitors are a snap with this instrument.

The test hookup is about as easy as you can get. There is a special socket with slots and spring-loaded contacts on the front panel. All capacitors with leads can be checked by pushing the leads into the slots. Polarity should be observed, although with good electrolytics I didn't see any difference when I reversed them. For others, there's a pair of banana jacks that can be used with test-leads. To check very small capacitors with the test leads, accurately, you can zero out the capacitance of the leads with the zero-adjust control. That is also used to set up the display to zero, for maximum accuracy. Those, and a switch, and that's all the controls—except for the range switch.

This is a 10-position type, calibrated in a 10-100-1,000 sequence. The lowest is the 1,000 picofarad range. Then three nanofarad ranges, 10, 100 and 1,000 nF, then three microfarad ranges ( $\mu$ F) and then the last three, calibrated in millifarads (mF), up to the 1,000 mF range or one Farad. (A word of caution to

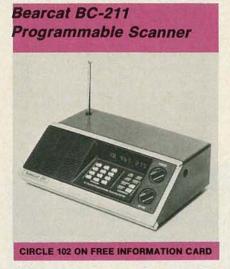
# Now-two RCA replacement guides custom-tailored to fill your solid state replacement needs!

the oldtimers like me, who were taught that one 'mfd' is a microfarad. The mF here is millifarad, or one thousandth of a Farad! Or, 1,000 microfarads.)

Display readout on all of the lower ranges is very fast. On the two highest, the 100 mF and 1,000 mF, a longer delay may be noted. However, I read some good-sized capacitors, and it didn't seem to be as long as the instruction manual indicated it would. If you get a delay, just clip the leads to the capacitor and wait. The manual cautions that on very large capacitors, the first reading may not be quite right. That's because of the long charging time and the fact that the capacitor may have been hooked up in the middle of the charge cycle. The second reading will be precise, so wait if you're critical. Overrange indication is shown by all of the digits going out except the bottom lines. A 'row of dashes' means switch to the next higher range.

The Model 820 is built in a neat plastic case, not much bigger than a DMM—so it really *is* portable. Power is from 4 C-size cells of any kind. If nickel-caduiums are used, they can be recharged by an optionally available charger. That plugs into a jack on the top of the case. It can also be used to check the battery voltage with non-rechargeable types. Battery life should be very good since the circuitry uses only minute currents and low voltages. It will work with voltages as low as 4.0 volts before the accuracy is affected. That is claimed to be 0.5% and I believe it. Checks out on our bench, anyhow.

All in all, a very useful and accurate little instrument, and one that should be ideal for any application in service shops, labs, production line and experimental work, and most especially in electronics schools. Evidently it's popular, for it took them almost three months to grab one off the production line (that wasn't already sold) so that I could get a sample to make these tests! The *Model 820* has a suggested retail price of \$155. **R-E** 



PROBABLY IN NO OTHER AREA OF CONSUMER electronics has such a dynamic evolution of products been seen as in those using microprocessors. Cameras, TV tuners, home computers, stereo receivers, and many other appliances and conveniences are feeling the impact of digital technology.

One of the most dynamic and fiercely competitive markets is that of scanner radios. Programmable, crystal-less scanners have virtually wiped out crystal scanners except in low-cost pocket portables. Only a handful of scanner manufacturers remain, and Electra, manufacturer of the Bearcat line, is certainly a dominating trendsetter in the field.

Among a flurry of new Bearcat products to be released within the last year, the BC 211 is finally in production after several months advance advertising.

A look-alike to the venerable *model 210*, the *BC-211* is advanced over that earlier instrument. The *BC-211* has a typical sensitivity of .4 microvolt on both the low and high band. Frequency coverage on those two bands is 3050 MHz and 144-174 MHz. UHF coverage is 420.475-512 MHz. Sensitivity is typically .6 microvolts on UHF.

Like its predecessors, pushbutton simplicity highlights the BC-211. Some of the more popular older features are still retained: automatic or manual squelch, rescan delay, random channel selection or automatic scan, lockout of temporarily unwanted channels, manual stepping through sequential channels, 12-volt DC/120volt AC power options, and external speaker jack.

A few recently introduced features are also included: clock display including seconds, slow/fast search and scan rates, 18-channel operation, a search hold, and simplified searchlimit programming.

There is no priority feature on the *BC-211*; probably that omission will not be missed by too many owners. The memory is volatile, and an internal battery must be provided to secure the memory during power outages. That minor inconvenience is certainly tolerable, since the *continued on page 38* 



To fill your solid state replacement needs, see your RCA SK distributor for copies of the 1980 RCA SK Replacement Guide, SPG-202Y and the 1980 RCA MRO Replacement Manual 1K6386.

**RG** SK Replacement Solid State For a list of SK Series distributors write to Marketing Services, RCA Distributor and Special Products Division, P.O. Box 100, Deptford, N.J. 08096.

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### EQUIPMENT REPORTS

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battery need be changed only infrequently.

IF selectivity is a sharp 60-dB down for 25kHz adjacent channel rejection. Audio output is an ample 2 watts into 8 ohms, either internal or external speaker. Distortion is only 10% maximum at full output.

The size and weight are typical of the 200series:  $10^{1/4} \times 3^{1/2} \times 8$  inches; 5 pounds. The cabinet is still vinyl-clad steel (or painted texture, depending upon the particular run). Power required for the unit is 117 VAC at 20 watts, or 13.8 VDC at 9 watts.

An internal telescoping antenna is supplied, and is recommended for most metropolitan listening. For mobile operation, or if distant weak signals are to be monitored, a Motorola-type jack is supplied on the rear apron for connection of an external antenna.

The clock uses the 60-Hz time base of the AC line current; it is not operable in mobile applications. The clock is easily reset by direct time entry into the keyboard, and displays seconds as well as minutes and hours.

Microprocessors use a great deal of current in their operation. For that reason, if the scanner is to be left unplugged for more than 24 hours, the 9-volt battery must be removed. Even an alkaline battery will be virtually drained of its power after that length of time. The only purpose of the internal battery is to provide continuity in power to preserve instructions in the memory during brief power outages such as power-line dropouts.

It will not last indefinitely.

**HOBBY-BLOX** The modular, circuit building system for electronic hobbyists.

Occasionally, programmable scanners are

tricked by their own spurious signals (often called "birdies"). They may latch onto one while in the search mode looking for signals. Search may be quickly restored by pressing the search key.

Additionally, oscillator radiation will interfere with other nearby receivers, especially other scanners tuning the same frequency ranges as the BC-211. Some of the oscillations from the busy circuitry may be heard on shortwave and broadcast band radios as well.

As with all other Bearcat products, the *BC*-211 is warranted against defects for one year. An accessory mounting-bracket with accompanying hardware and wiring are included.

The accompanying manual is easy to understand. Once the basic function of the pushbuttons is grasped, the user will find that the radio very nearly works itself. Operation becomes quite automatic.

We may have a tendency to become somewhat numbed by the fast-paced release of products in a competitive market like scanner manufacturing. But keeping everything in perspective, this latest release from the Electra factory is nicely engineered, a hot performer, and competitively priced. The BC-211 programmable scanner has a suggested retail price of \$329.95. Manufactured by the Electra Company, 300 South of East County Line Road, Cumberland, IN 46229. **R-E** 

### Realistic Model TRC-209 Walkie-Talkie



**CIRCLE 103 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD** 

THERE ARE SEVERAL REASONS WHY FEW 5-WATT, 40-channel CB walkie-talkies are offered by manufacturers: battery consumption, high cost, relatively large size and weight, and limited range.

The model TRC-209 walkie-talkie by Realistic is an exception. The unit weighs in at  $2^{3}/_{4}$ pounds and measures only  $2^{1}/_{2} \times 3 \times 10$ inches. It fits comfortably into an adult hand. While you hold it, your fingers press against a set of metal grounding panels; thus you are using your own body as part of the radiating system, which increases the transmitting range.

Standard "AA" batteries may be used to power the transceiver, but because of the high battery drain during transmission (nearly 1<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> continued on page 40

 Be careful.

 Your hobby is

 Boot to become an obsession.

The 14 modular units in the solderless, Hobby-Blox<sup>TM</sup> system are color-coded and cross-indexed. Projects go faster, accient

For the beginner, there are two starter packs. One for integrated circuits, one for discrete components. Each has its own 10 project booklet.

Once you get into Hobby-Blox, look out. You're going to get hooked. For a free catalog and the name of your nearest Hobby-Blox dealer, call Toll Free 800 321-9668. In Ohio call collect (216) 354-2101.

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Free Project-of-the-Month to Hobby-Blox purchasers ! CIRCLE 12 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

### Yesterday you could admire all-band digital tuning in a short wave receiver.\* Today you can afford it.



RF-4900

Tune in the Panasonic Command Series™ top-of-the-line RF-4900. Everything you want in short wave at a surprisingly affordable price. Like fluorescent all-band readout with a five-digit

frequency display. It's so accurate (within 1 kHz, to be exact), you can tune in a station even before it's broadcasting. And with the RF-4900's eight short wave bands, you can choose any broadcast between 1.6 and 31 MHz. That's all short wave bands. That's Panasonic. And what you see on the

outside is just a small part of what Panasonic gives you inside. There's a double superheterodyne system for sharp reception stability and selectivity as well as image rejection. An input-tuned RF amplifier with a 3-ganged variable tuning capacitor for excellent sensitivity and frequency linearity. Ladder-type ceramic filters to reduce frequency interference. And even an antenna trimmer that changes the front-end capacitance for reception of weak broadcast signals.

To help you control all that sophisticated circuitry, Panasonic's RF-4900 gives you all these sophisticated controls. Like an all-gear-drive tuning control to prevent "backlash." Separate wide/narrow bandwidth selectors for crisp reception even in crowded conditions. Adjustable calibration for easy tuning to exact frequencies. A BFO pitch

> control. RF-gain control for improved reception in strong signal areas. An ANL switch. Even separate bass and treble controls.

And if all that short wave isn't enough. There's more. Like SSB (single sideband) amateur radio. All 40 CB channels. Ship to shore. Even Morse communications. AC/DC operation. And with

Panasonic's 4" full-range speaker, the big sound of AM and FM will really sound big. There's also the Panasonic RF-2900. It has most of the features of the RF-4900, but it costs a lot less.

The Command Series from Panasonic. If you had short wave receivers as good. You wouldn't still be reading. You'd be listening.

\*Short wave reception will vary with antenna, weather conditions, operator's geographic location and other factors. An outside antenna may be required for maximum short wave reception.

Panasonic. just slightly ahead of our time.

**CIRCLE 41 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD** 



### EQUIPMENT REPORTS

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A!) heavy-duty alkaline or rechargeable nickelcadmium batteries are recommended (an optional charger is available).

The model TRC-209's  $3^{1/2}$ -watts output provides considerably greater transmission range than that of most hand-held units; and for limited range and lower battery consumption, a slide switch selects reduced  $1^{1/2}$ -watt power (at a saving of some 30% of current drain).

The two randomly selected units we tested showed very low output power; the cause was determined to be poor alignment in the driver and final output stages of the transmitter; a quick realignment by a licensed technician restored full output. It would be wise to request a wattmeter check before buying the unit.

In actual use, a center-loaded telescoping whip antenna is extended, the volume control is advanced about halfway, and the squelch is adjusted to remove background noise. When the transceiver is first switched on, a large LED display shows the channel selected; the display turns off automatically after about two seconds to conserve battery power. The display may be re-illuminated by pressing a small button next to the transmit bar or by changing channels, after which it will again turn off automatically.

The volume control is a little tricky to use. Once it is turned up far enough for a transmission to be heard, the slightest rotation of the control results in an enormous change in speaker output; add to that the fact that when the receiver is squelched, some audio hiss comes from the speaker regardless of the volume-control setting, and you have the perfect combination for missing a call. That will take some getting used to, but occasionally readjust the squelch to make sure that you can hear incoming signals and that the volume control has been set properly.

Because a separate electret-condenser microphone is built in well below the speaker, the model TRC-209 can be held like a telephone handset. Modulation is automatically adjusted to about 90% while the user is speaking in a normal voice two or three inches away. Audio quality is crisp and clear during both transmit and receive modes.

The receiver's specifications are impressive: sensitivity is 0.5 microvolts (10 dB S+N/N); and selectivity is  $\pm 3$  dB at 6 dB down, thus resulting in an adjacent-channel rejection of about 90 dB. Squelch will trigger with signals as low as 0.5 microvolt.

The transceiver can be used either as a base unit or as a mobile rig by using an external 12-VDC power source. In a car, that supply would be provided by the battery bus (the model 270-1533, power cord is an optional accessory); while in a home or an office, an AC adapter (model 22-124, also optional) can provide the DC voltage. When an external antenna is used, an adapter will be required between the transceiver and a standard PL-259 coax connector.

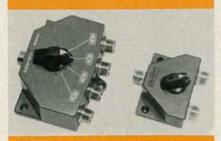
A 5-pin DIN microphone connector allows using an external push-to-talk microphone such as the Realistic *model 21-1172*.

A small meter indicates low battery voltage and relative output power; unfortunately, the meter does not double as an S-meter.

In sum, we rate the *model TRC-209* as quite satisfactory where total portability is required. The transceiver should provide reliable com-

munications for a camping trip or hunting expedition. The unit is available from local Radio Shack retail outlets, and costs \$169.95. For more information, write to Radio-Shack, 1300 One Tandy Center, Fort Worth, TX 76102. **R-E** 

Daiwa Models CS-201, CS-401 VHF Coaxial Antenna Switches



**CIRCLE 104 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD** 

WHILE COAXIAL SWITCHES ARE PLENTIFUL in the CB antenna market, most of them decline rapidly in their frequency performance above 50 MHz or so.

With the proliferation of VHF/UHF radios, it is refreshing to know that a suitable coax switch has become available to handle those upper frequencies.

J. W. Miller (a division of Bell Industries), an old and respected name in amateur radio, is producing the Daiwa line of RF equipment. Two items in this line are the *model CS-201* (two-position) and the *model CS-401* (fourposition) coaxial antenna switches.

As soon as you unbox these switches, their difference from standard CB-type coax switches becomes apparent. First, they are heavy. An internal inspection reveals that the internal circuit paths are coaxial cavities, carefully engineered to preserve constant impedance. That is accomplished by manufacturing the units from heavy-gauge metal castings. Second, they are rugged. The heavy-duty contacts are mounted on leaf springs that are aligned coaxially through the cavities. Spring-loaded ball bearings provide positive detent positions during switching. The unused terminals are automatically grounded, thus assuring excellent isolation from stray RF pickup.

Rubber foot pads provide nonskid, nonscratch placement at the operating position, and integral screw holes are included for permanent installation. The switches also come with standard SO-239 coaxial connectors for both input and output connections to the transmission lines.

The operational specifications are quite impressive: Adjacent terminal isolation is better than 45 dB at 500 MHz. At the lower frequencies isolation improves even more, becoming 80 dB below 10 MHz.

The nominal impedance is the standard for radio communications—50 ohms. Insertion loss measures less than 0.2 dB; maximum VSWR at 500 MHz is 1.2:1, and contact resistance is less than 20 milliohms. The low contact resistance and the cavity spacing permit maximum amateur RF power levels of 1000 watts continuous, 2500 watts PEP.

While the specifications seemed good, only an actual test would tell the whole story. So several test frequencies of up to 500 MHz were selected for monitoring with a VHF/UHF continued on page 44





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#### EQUIPMENT REPORTS

continued from page 40

receiver, to evaluate the system.

Coaxial transmission lines were connected both to a Daiwa switch and a competitive CBtype coaxial switch. We alternated between direct-coupling the transmission lines to the receiver and routing them through the coaxial switches.

The upper limit of the CB switch seemed to be about 150 MHz. Beyond that frequency, losses became quite noticeable, as indicated by both decreasing signal indication on an Smeter and increasing background hiss on the signal itself.

With the Daiwa unit no losses could be detected up to nearly 500 MHz. At that frequency a barely perceptible decrease in the S-

#### meter reading was noted.

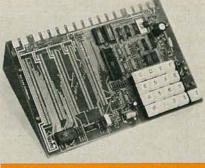
It is apparent that a number of applications would benefit from the low losses of either Daiwa coaxial switch. Amateurs working the VHF band (144 MHz and 220 MHz) can select from among a variety of antennas with virtually no loss right up through maximum legal power. Even at 420 MHz, power loss and SWR would be inconsequential.

Scanner listeners will find that the unit is handy for switching between antennas cut for various bands, or between an omnidirectional multiband monitor antenna and a directional beam.

Electronic technicians could use the switches to select inputs to VHF/UHF test equipment using standard probes. Even low-frequency amateurs will welcome the high power ratings, since they are certainly superior to those of CB-style coaxial switches.

The models CS-201 and CS-401 coaxial switches are available from J. W. Miller, Division of Bell Industries, 19070 Reyes Avenue, Box 5825, Compton, CA 90224. The model CS-201 has a suggested retail price of \$20.95; the CS-401 retails for \$65.95. B-E

#### Netronics Elf II Microcomputer



**CIRCLE 105 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD** 

THE ELF II IS AN EXPANDABLE MICROCOMPUTER learning-tool. It is designed around the RCA COSMAC 1802 microprocessor and is controlled through three toggle switches and a 17key hex keypad. One of the advantages of a COS/MOS system like this is the low current drain. Program output is displayed on an onboard two-digit LED display and through a video output provided by an 1861 video graphics integrated circuit. The 64-bit by 32-bit graphics format is particularly nice for game programs where selected screen elements are illuminated. A demonstration program displays the overworked Enterprise of Star Trek fame.

The Elf concept gets you started in the addictive world of microcomputers with a minimum of complication and expense. The basic Elf II kit sells for only \$99.95. However, you will need a 5-volt power supply and a television RF modulator. (The modulator can be bypassed if you have the necessary skills to connect into the TV video circuits directly.) Those are both low cost items; the power supply costs \$5 and the modulator is \$8.95.

The unexpanded Elf is programmed in machine language, but several publications can help you through that important stage. A Short Course in Programming by Tom Pittman is a Netronics publication that will get you started. Even if your eventual goal is to use a high-level language such as BASIC, you should be familiar with the machine-language operation of the host computer. There are going to be times when you will want to write a machine-language routine to do something that has not been built into the high-level language, or to do it faster than the relatively clumsy language interpreter will allow.

The Elf II is constructed on a large  $7\frac{1}{2}$  × 111/2 inch printed-circuit board that also acts as a mother board for up to 5 plug-in modules. As with all other microcomputer kits, soldering is a vital part of the assembling process; if you are not yet expert at soldering, find someone to help, or pay the extra dollars for an assembled board. The construction is straightforward, but the potential for solder bridges is high. Large, complete schematics and board layouts are included, a definite plus when encountercontinued on page 103

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The Hieronymus Machine Voice Stress Computer, U.S. made. It can help you tell the difference between truth and falsehood in more ways than one.

### VOCAL "TRUTH" TRUTH" ANALYZER The Hieronymus Machine Voice Stress Detector

It's almost beyond belief. This tiny solidstate instrument measures 3" x 6" x11/2" and fits in a pocket. Yet it contains sophisticated electronic circuitry, a microphone, and three red diodes. It analyzes the human voice for stress.

Once you learn, in about 30 minutes, how to use the Hieronymus Machine, you will be able to discover whether a person is calm or stressful — merely by monitoring his or her voice.

#### **DEFINITELY NOT A "LIE DETECTOR"**

The Hieronymus Machine is not a lie detector. Nor is it a "truth" device. Even the famed polygraph machine is not a lie detector, plain and simple. The polygraph can be used to monitor a person's pulse, respiration, blood pressure, and galvanic skin response, bodily functions affected by stress.

And in the hands of a skilled operator, the polygraph can be used to gain insights about a person's stress levels when talking about certain topics. But a very real part of the polygraph's usefulness is the "Hieronymus Effect," which we'll get to in a moment.

#### SPIES AND COUNTERSPIES

During wartime, counterintelligence experts wondered if science could come up with something simpler than the polygraph to help ferret out spies. Researchers became attracted to the theory that human voices emit "microtremors," low-frequency vibrations that are generally inaudible or masked by other voice components.

An article in **Popular Electronics** (April 1980) describes the theory in detail. But the short story is that after spending millions of dollars, researchers developed a voice stress analyzer. Now, the authors of the definitive article in **Popular Electronics** have perfected a personal voice stress analyzer, which we call the Hieronymus Machine.

#### WHAT IT DOES, HOW YOU USE IT

The Hieronymus Machine electronically measures changes in voice microtremors. The read-out is simple: one red diode indicates normal, two show moderate stress, and three reveal greater stress, ranging from mild to severe anxiety.

You, as the operator, could use the Hieronymus Machine like a thermometer, checking the "fever level" of stress. As you gain skill, your judgment will improve, enabling you to pursue or avoid a line of questioning or discussion that produces stressful responses.

#### MANY USES AT HOME OR WORK

You can use the Hieronymus Machine at home to have fun with your family. You'll discover how it responds to different people's voices, what effect laughter and singing have on it, and even evaluate politicans' speeches over TV or radio. It works quite well on transmitted voices, as well as over the telephone or with tape recordings.

Next, try it on friends. See how well someone's favorite fish story holds up when you point out that the Hieronymus Machine doesn't believe a word of it. And watch that poker face disappear as the "stress" dlode steadily insists you're not getting the whole story.

#### **BIOFEEDBACK FOR YOU**

If you're required to talk in front of groups or need to speak convincingly to one person at a time, you can use the Hieronymus Machine to monitor your voice and learn a more relaxed, selfassured, persuasive style of delivery. If you wanted to learn hypnotism, a relaxed voice would be a real asset — and the Hieronymus Machine could help you achieve it.

At work, there are numerous situations in which the Hieronymus Machine could work wonders. Here's how: Hieronymus Bosch was a 15th-century painter known for his startling originality. He was also something of a medical practitioner, and he believed that patients could be cured by passing stones over their bodies. Bosch achieved success because his patients **believed** that a cure was taking place.

Nearer our own time, a couple of science fiction writers concocted a devise they named after Bosch: it produced varying sensations in the user depending on where a dial was set, from zero to 100. The amazing thing was that this machine worked on subjects even when it wasn't plugged in – a perfect Hieronymus Effect!

Now we have a true Hieronymus Machine, the Voice Stress Analyzer. It actually works, and among other things of a scientifically verifiable nature, it produces the Hieronymus Effect. In Its presence, people suddenly become more forthright. In some cases, with such a machine present, employees being



asked about office theft became very cooperative in answering questions truthfully. Naturally, you'll want to use the Hieronymus Machine in plain sight and tell people what it does. This actually gets more cooperation from them.

#### 30-DAY TRIAL, MONEY-BACK GUARANTEE

The potential uses of the Hieronymus Machine are limited only by your imagination. Try it at no risk for 30 days. We'll send you one or more with complete instructions (9v. battery not included). You'll be able to try it, experiment, even conduct your own "investigation."

Governments and police departments and huge corporations are already using large (briefcase-sized) versions of this kind of machine, and they have to pay \$3,000 or so for theirs. But you can have a personal Hieronymus Machine for only \$119.95. If you're not satisfied, send it back (insured) for a full refund, no questions asked. If you want two, the cost is \$109.95 each. And if you want three or more for business use, it's only \$99.95 each. You're also protected by a 1-year parts and labor warranty.

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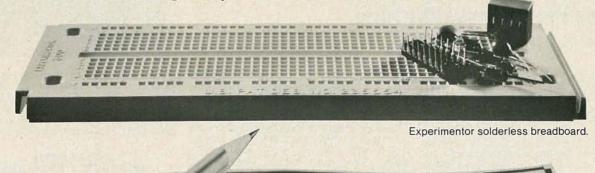
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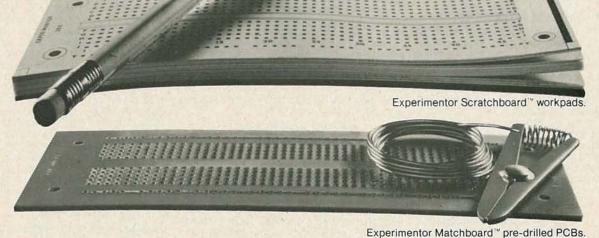


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#### JAMES BARBARELLO

WHETHER YOU'RE A WEEKEND EXPERImenter wishing to duplicate circuits you've seen elsewhere, or a full-time circuit designer, the CMOS Experimenter's Work Station is for you. The Work Station centers around a solderless breadboard. Commonly called "Q" or "L" sockets, those devices allow components and jumper wires to be plugged in quickly and disconnected easily when no longer needed. That makes for a speedy buildup (and modification) of a circuit. They also allow the same components to be used over and over again.

In addition to a solderless breadboard and battery power-supply, the Work Station includes three features that are commonly used in experimental work. These are:

- 1. Buffered light emitting diodes
- (LED's)
- 2. Two-phase clock (oscillator)
- 3. Debounced switches

The Work Station integrates all the above items on a single PC board that also serves as the top cover. When designing or building up a circuit on the Work Station, you need not duplicate clocks, LED's, or debounced switches they're already right there for your use!

This highly portable project is easy to construct, uses readily available components and can be built for under \$40.00.

#### How it works

The Work Station consists of 12 buffered LED's, two two-phase clocks, four debounced switches, a battery power supply and the solderless breadboard. Each circuit is independent of each other; so, we'll discuss each separately.

**Buffered LED's:** Most logic circuits require some type of output indicator, the most common being a LED. Since a LED requires a current of between 10 and 20 mA to glow brightly, direct connection to most CMOS IC's is not recommended (they can't provide sufficient drive). Rather, the LED should be connected to a buffer circuit to allow a small current (in this case, fractions of a milliampere) to cause the LED to glow. The Work Station contains 12 identical buffered-LED circuits, four of which are shown in Fig. 1.

Taking LED1 as an example, cur-rent can flow from +V through R1 and LED1 to the output of CMOS NAND gate IC1-a. If pin 3 of IC1-a is high (approximately +V), then no current will flow through LED1 and it will remain dark. If pin 3 of IC1-a is low (approximately ground), current will flow through the LED and it will glow. NAND gate IC1-a can sink (route to ground) greater than 10 mA and, therefore, will suit our purpose well. For IC1-a to go low, both inputs must be high. Under any other conditions, pin 3 of IC1-a will be high. Let's assume that the GATE 1 input (IC1-a pin 2) is high; if we provide a high logic-level input to IC1-a via pins 1 or 8 of socket SO1, the LED will glow.

In most circumstances, the GATE 1

input will be connected to R25 by jumpering SO1 pin 2 to SO1 pin 7. This will provide a high logic-level input to pin 2 of IC1-a. The GATE input can be used in another way. Assume that we are designing a game where, at some time, all the LED's that are glowing must blink on and off. By connecting the GATE inputs of all the LED's to the same level, we can make all the LED's that are lit via their input's blink on and off. Access to the 12 LED's is via the six 8-pin DIP sockets, SO1 through SO6.

Two phase clock: The term clock is simply another name for an oscillator. A two-phase clock has two outputs that alternate between high and low states. Thus while one output is high, the other is low.

In many applications, it is desirable to be able to turn (or gate) the clock on and off. The Work Station contains two such two-phase clock circuits, as shown in Fig. 2. The two clock circuits are identical. For discussion purpose, we'll look at the Clock-A circuit which consists of IC4-d. IC4-c. R29. R49 and C2. The rate of oscillation is determined by the resistance of R29. and R49 (and the capacitance of C2). Pin 13 of IC4-d is the gating input. If pin 13 is high (as when jumpered to R27), the clock will run. If pin 13 is low (as when jumpered to ground on SO8). the clock will stop. If we were to jumper pin 13 to R27 and then connect a switch between ground and pin 13, we could turn the clock on and off simply by

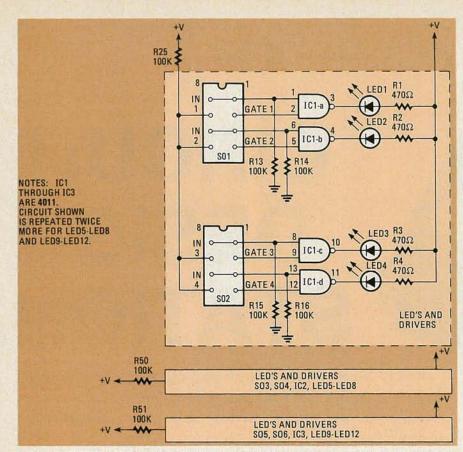


FIG. 1—BUFFERED LED's are included in the Work Station's design for use as output indicators. Buffer circuitry is required because many CMOS IC's cannot drive LED's directly.

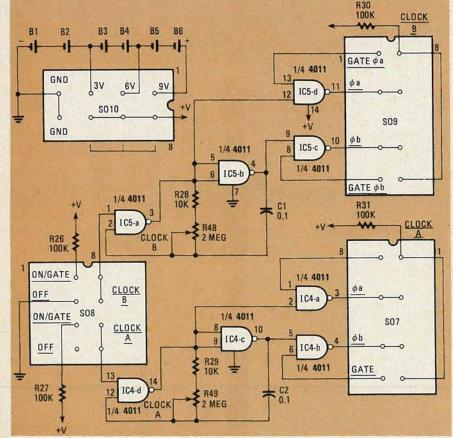


FIG. 2—TWO-PHASE CLOCK circuit includes buffering and permits gating of each phase, allowing a variety of pulse combinations. Power supply provides 3, 6 or 9-volts.

using the switch.

The two phases of Clock A are buf-

fered by IC4-a and IC4-b. Each buffering NAND gate also has available an additional gating input. That is convenient if you would like to keep one phase of the clock high while letting the other phase run normally.

Figure 2 also shows the Work Station's power supply. Since CMOS devices require very little current, batteries can be used as the power source; that allows the Work Station to be highly portable. The six "C" cells are connected to SO10 so as to provide 3, 6, or 9-volts DC. Jumpering the desired voltage to pins 6, 7, or 8 of socket SO10 will provide that voltage to the Work Station's circuitry. One of the remaining pins of those three can be used to jumper the selected voltage to the solderless breadboard. Power can be removed from the breadboard and the Work Station by removing the jumper in socket SO10.

Debounced switches: No switch is truly ideal. That is, the switch does not make (or break) contact at the instant you activate it. Actually, the mechanical contacts in the switch open and close quickly many times (bounce) before they come to rest. While that may not be of much consequence in your living-room lamp, the CMOS circuits you are using will more than likely see the operation as multiple switch closures. As a result, your circuit might seem to act quite erratically, although it is doing exactly what the switch is telling it to do! For that reason, switches should be debounced, or made to act more nearly in the "ideal" manner.

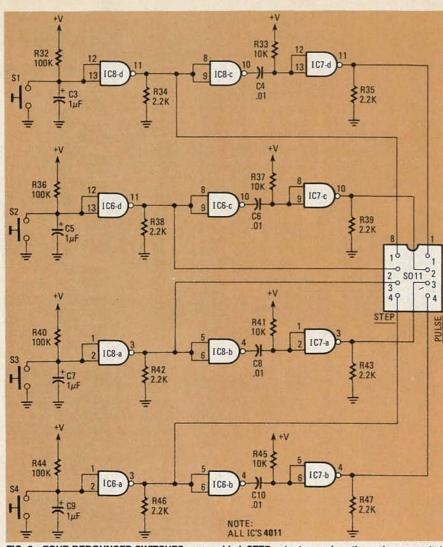
The Work Station contains four debounced switches as shown in Fig. 3. Taking S1 as an example, we see that prior to pressing S1, C3 is charged to +V. When S1 is closed, C3 rapidly discharges to ground. When the voltage across C3 goes below the CMOS logiclow level (about +V/2), pin 11 of IC8-d goes high. When S1 is opened again, C3 begins charging towards +V through R32. When the charge on C3 goes above the CMOS logic-low level, pin 11 goes low. That "STEP" output is available at pin 1 of socket SO11.

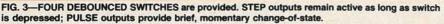
It is also desirable to have a very short duration (pulse) output that does not depend on how long the switch is depressed. The STEP output from pin 11 is processed by IC8-c, C4, R33 and IC7-d to produce a short positive going pulse that is available at pin 1 of SO11.

#### Construction

A PC board is recommended, although any other form of construction will serve as well. The foil pattern is shown in Fig. 4 and the component placement is shown in Fig. 5. When mounting the resistors and capacitors, save the excess leads for jumpers. IC sockets for IC1 through IC8 are recommended. Note that resistors R15 through R24, R28, and R29 are mounted on the *foil* side of the PC board. They are "tack"-soldered by melting a small

RADIO-ELECTRONICS





#### PARTS LIST

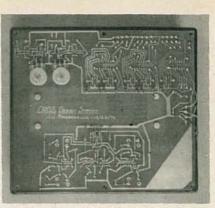
- All resistors ¼ watt, 5% unless otherwise noted
- R1-R12-470 ohms
- R13-R27,R30-R32,R36,R40,R44,R50, R51-100,000 ohms
- R28,R29,R33,R37,R41,R45—10,000 ohms R34,R35,R38,R39,R42,R43,R46,R47—
- 2200 ohms
- R48, R49-2 megohms, potentiometer, linear taper

#### Capacitors

- C1,C2-0.1 µF ceramic disc C3,C5,C7,C9-1 µF, 15 volts, electrolytic
- C4,C6,C8,C10-0.01 µF ceramic disc Semiconductors
- IC1-IC8—4011 CMOS quad, 2-input, NAND gate
- LED1-LED12-jumbo red LED
- S1-S4—momentary pushbutton switch, N.O., PC-mount (Digi-Key EQV-P1R or equivalent)
- SO1-SO11—8-pin DIP socket B1-B6—11/2-volt "C" cell

ware, wire, solder, etc.

Miscellaneous: solderless breadboard (Global Specialties EXP-300 or equivalent), PC board, case, three dual-"C" cell battery holders, two knobs, hard-



SOME COMPONENTS are mounted and tacksoldered on foil side of PC board.

amount of solder on the foil area and then reheating that solder while placing the component lead on the foil area. One lead of R28 is tack-soldered to variable resistor R48, and the same is done with R29 and R49. The battery connections are also tack-soldered to the foil side of the PC board. The battery connections should be of sufficient length to allow the PC board to be easily remove when batteries need replacement.

Eighteen "U" shaped jumpers should be formed from the excess component leads. Those jumpers can then be used in sockets SO1 through SO9 when the gating inputs are not being used.

It is advisable to mark the PC board in a fashion similar to that indicated in the photo of the author's mode. That can be accomplished with a felt-tipped pen or transfer lettering. If transfer lettering is used, the PC board should be marked *before* mounting any components on it.

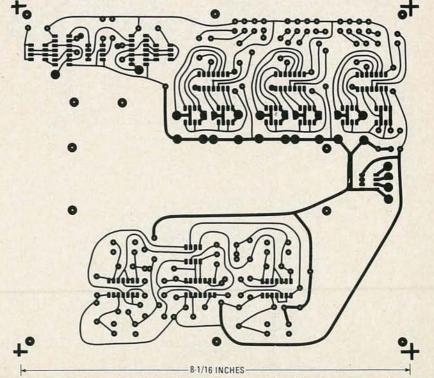
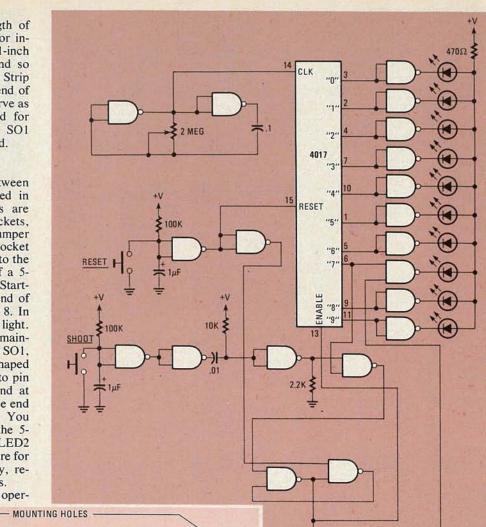


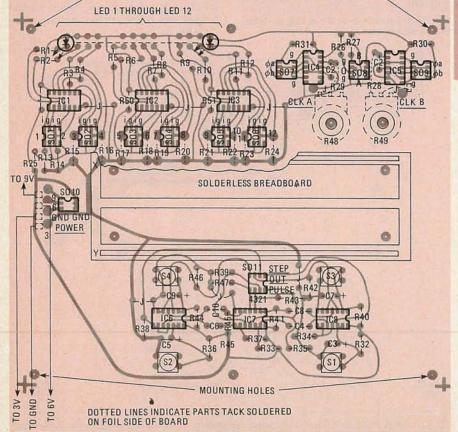
FIG. 4—LARGE PADS on foil side of PC board are used for tack-soldering components. Component side of board also serves as work surface. Finally, obtain a 12-foot length of No. 20 or No. 22 solid-conductor insulated wire. From that, cut five 1-inch lengths, five 1<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>-inch lengths and so forth up to five 5-inch lengths. Strip <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>-inch of insulation from each end of each wire. Those 45 wires will serve as jumpers on the breadboard and for connections between sockets SO1 through SO11 and the breadboard.

#### Checkout

Place "U"-shaped jumpers between the pins of the sockets indicated in Table 1. All these connections are done from the top sides of the sockets, of course. Place an insulated jumper between pins 2 and 7 of POWER socket SO10. That will supply six volts to the Work Station. Place one end of a 5inch jumper into pin 6 of SO10. Starting with SO1, touch the other end of the jumper to pin 1 and then pin 8. In both instances, LED1 should light. Repeat that procedure for the remaining 11 LED's. Again starting with SO1, move the end of the "U"-shaped jumper connected to pin 7 over to pin 8. Similarly move the jumper-end at pin 5 to pin 6. Now, place the free end of the 5-inch jumper into pin 7. You should see LED1 light. Move the 5inch jumper end to pin 5. Now, LED2 should light. Repeat that procedure for the remaining 10 LED's. Finally, re-position the "U"-shaped jumpers.

Next we will check for proper oper-





-SOLDERLESS BREADBOARD is mounted in middle of board using four sets of 6-32 hardware.

FIG. 6—TARGET-SHOOTING GAME circuit calls for among other things, seven integrated circuits, ten LED's and two push-button switches. Compare this with circuit in Fig. 7.

2 MEG

ation of the switches. Place one end of a 5-inch jumper in pin 1 of SO6 (LED11). Place the other end into pin 8 (Switch 1 STEP output) of SWITCH OUTPUT socket SO11. Press and hold S1. As long as S1 is depressed, LED11 should glow. Move the jumper end to pin 1 of SO11 (Switch 1 PULSE output). When S1 is depressed, LED11 should glow very faintly for an instant and then go dark. Release S1. Repeat that procedure for the remaining three switches.

Now we will check the operation of the clocks. Place a jumper between pin 8 of SO6 and pin 2 of SO7. Place another jumper between pin 6 of SO6 and pin 3 of SO7. That connects LED11 to  $\phi$  a of Clock A and LED 12 to  $\phi$  b of Clock A. Rotate R48 fully counterclockwise. You should see LED11 and LED12 blink alternately. As you rotate R48 clockwise, the rate should increase until both LED's appear to be on con-

RADIO-ELECTRONICS

FIG. 5-

tinuously. Place one end of a jumper into pin 8 of SO11 (Switch 1 STEP output). Rotate R48 fully counterclockwise and remove the "U" jumper from pins 4 and 5 of SO7. Place the jumper from S1 into pin 5 of SO7. That should result in LED12's staying lit. Pressing S1 should cause LED12 to blink again. Repeat that procedure with the S1 jumper in pin 8 of SO7 for LED11. Rotate R48 clockwise. Finally, move the jumper from S1 to pin 5 of SO8 (CLOCK A GATE). You should see LED11 go dark. Pressing S1 should cause LED11 to glow again. Repeat that procedure for Clock B, after replacing the jumpers in SO7.

At this point, we have determined that all circuits are operating properly. Now let's try out the Work Station.

#### Putting it to work

Let's make a target shooting game. We'll have 10 LED's in a row. When we start the game, LED1 will come on for a short time. When it goes dark, LED2 will come on for a short time, and so forth. After the tenth LED goes dark, the sequence will start again with LED1. We'll select one LED which we want to be the target (say LED8). If we press a switch when LED8 is on, the sequence will stop and LED8 will start to blink, indicating a "hit". Otherwise the LED's will continue circulating. We must also have a RESET switch that restarts the game when we want to continue.

One possible circuit for that game is shown in Fig. 6. You will note that seven IC's are required. Let's breadboard that circuit on the Work Station. The breadboard connections are shown in Fig. 7. Notice that with the Work Station, only two IC's are required.

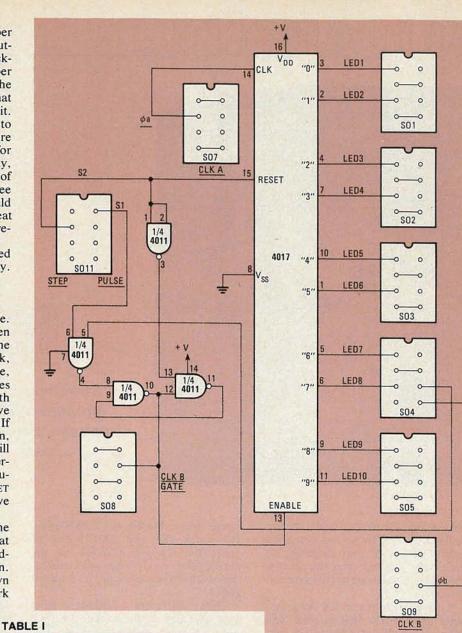


TABLE I									
Socket	From pin	To pin	Function						
SO1	2 4	7 5	LED1 GATE LED2 GATE						
SO2	2 4	7 5	LED3 GATE LED4 GATE						
SO3	2	7	LED5 GATE						
	4	5	LED6 GATE						
SO4	2	7	LED7 GATE						
	4	5	LED8 GATE						
SO5	2	7	LED9 GATE						
	4	5	LED10 GATE						
SO6	2	7	LED11 GATE						
	4	5	LED12 GATE						
SO7	1	8	φa GATE (Clock A)						
	4	5	φb GATE (Clock A)						
SO8	1	8	Clock B GATE						
	3	6	Clock A GATE						
SO9	1 4	8 5	φa GATE (Clock B) φb GATE (Clock B)						

FIG. 7—GAME CIRCUIT shown in Fig. 6, as constructed using Experimenter's Work Station. The only components required are two IC's, along with jumper wires.

Once the circuit has been breadboarded, rotate R48 and R49 to midposition and apply power. LED's 1 through 10 will begin lighting in sequence. Pressing S2 will reset the circuit and LED1 will remain lit as long as S2 is depressed. Release S2 and the sequencing will begin again. If S1 is depressed when LED 8 is lit, the sequencing will stop and LED8 will blink on and off. By rotating R49 more clockwise, the sequencing rate will increase, making the game more difficult. The blinking rate for LED8 can be adjusted with R48.

That is just one example of the use of the Work Station. From it you can see how the Work Station allows you to create circuits, quickly and easily, modify them at will, and reuse the components when the circuit is no longer needed. **R-E** 

ALL ABOUT



METAL DETECTORS

Searching for buried treasure can be a profitable-and sometimes expensivepastime. Before you purchase any equipment, know its capabilities.

#### **ROBERT F. GALLAGHER**

MOST PEOPLE WHO USE METAL DETECtors don't seem to be too concerned with what makes their detectors detect. After reading over the instructions, they blithely set out to make their fortunes.

Many coin collectors are using their metal detectors for what is called "coin shooting." Other hobbyists are concerned with digging up artifacts—things that were popular during Revolutionary times—like cannon balls as big as shotputs, or tools and eating utensils from that era. Other treasure hunters look for valuable objects on the bottom of streams and lakes.

Some experts say it doesn't matter whether you're using an inexpensive or expensive detector. But as we see it, the construction of a detector, and its circuitry, are important in the production of a quality product, and in doing the job for which it has been purchased.

We spoke with a man who decided about a year ago to make "coin shooting" a hobby. His advice is to gather as much literature as possible on various types of metal detectors before you make a decision to buy one. He selected a detector that has helped him dig up about 1500 coins during the past year.

That's prudent-when you figure that metal detectors cover a pricerange from \$40.00 to \$350.00-plus. It's much like any other hobby or sport. Initially, you wouldn't buy the most expensive golf clubs after making the decision to become a weekend golfer.

Today, there are a number of amateur treasure hunters who not only are concerned with what they find, but who want to know something about the circuitry that stirs up the buzzing sounds that indicate when they should start digging.

#### Kinds of metal detectors

There are two basic types of metaldetector circuits—the transmitter/ receiver (T/R) and the very low frequency (VLF) type.

The T/R type is where a transmitter circuit radiates a signal, that, when bounced back, is detected by the receiver circuit. When a conductive target interrupts the field, an audio response is generated.

Basically, the VLF unit is a T/R type circuit that operates below 30 kHz. It is typically more sensitive and has greater depth capabilities than the higher-frequency T/R type circuit.

The word "discrimination" is important to the treasure hunter. He doesn't want to spend half of his free time digging up bottle caps, pull tabs, foil, or other useless objects. The discriminator is a circuit with a built-in ability to tell the differences among an extremely wide variety of objects while rejecting trash.

Metal detectors are much more sophisticated today than they were a few years ago. There were no discriminators, and no matter what the detector cost, it could not tell the difference between trash and treasure.

Today, leading manufacturers offer a diversity of detectors with prices falling in the range of \$40.00 to \$440.00.

#### What's available

Metal detectors are available from many sources. We have listed the most available ones at the end of this article. For more information circle the appropriate numbers on the Free Information card in this issue.

Although considered low-priced, the \$79.95 Deluxe TR Earth Challenger has a sensitivity found in higher-priced models. Features include a 10-turn metal/mineral tuner, 6-inch waterproof search coil, a ¼-inch stereo earphone jack for plugging into the user's own headset, eight "AA" batteries with snap-lock battery door, and an adjusting telescope shaft which extends to 44 inches. It's of all-metal construction and weighs two pounds, five ounces. Its circuit is shown in Fig. 1.



ALMOST LIKE SELECTING golf clubs. Prospective metal detector buyer checks them out.



GROUNDTRACK metal locator from Heathkit is said to work in up to two feet of water.

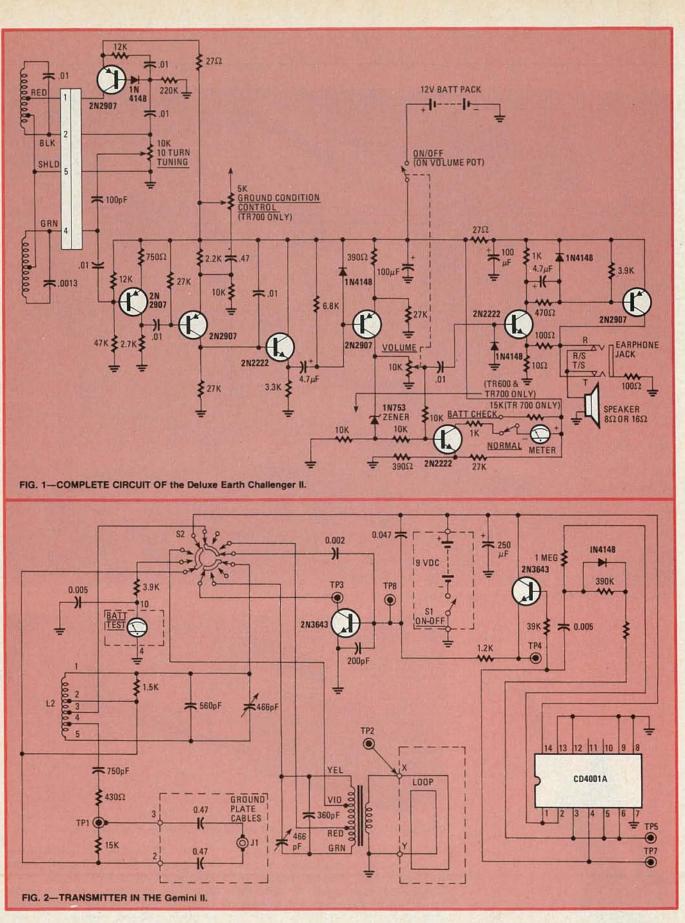


COIN SHOOTING is the function of the Heath GD-1190. Search coil is optimized for this.

Bounty Hunter, a Tempe, Arizona based detector manufacturer, has introduced a unit called the *Red Baron*. Considered high-priced, it sells for about \$400.00 and comes with an eightinch coil.

A versatile detector, mode changing, and retuning are combined in one control button. It handles mineralized and non-mineralized soil in all-metal or discriminate modes. The *Red Baron's* synchronousphase discrimination circuitry enables discrimination at VLF depths. It's a technique that uses a type of analog computer that reads the sensing signal of the combined targets and matrix (supporting soil around the target) then subtracts the effects of the matrix—leaving only the sound of the target itself to analyze.

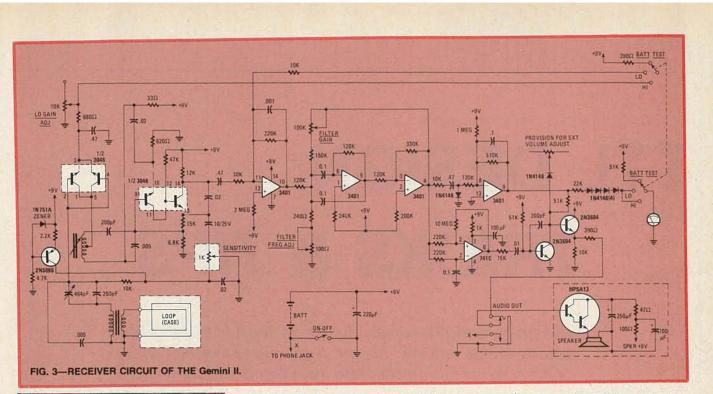
Recently, Bounty Hunter added a



TR discriminator to the *Red Baron*, and now offers a selection of three modes: VLF (normal mode) SPD (ground-reject discrimination) and TR discrimination (for standard TR operation with good depth and stability in non-mineralized ground).

Another popular Bounty Hunter offering is the 840 VLF/TR. A discriminator with pushbutton tuning, it includes a battery check and a sensitivity meter. It weighs only 3<sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub> pounds and reportedly is ideal for those who fancy "coin shooting."

Edmund Scientific has a unit priced





HUNTING UP THE RIGHT SPOT to dig takes practice to fine-tune your skill in using the device.

at about \$40.00. It is recommended for the beginner who wants a fully transistorized detector offering quality performance.

Another respected name in the metal detector field is "Fisher." The Fisher Research laboratory at Los Banos, California, has developed an effective research and development program.

One of their most popular T/R detectors is called *Gemini II*, and sells for about \$350.00. (See schematic. Transmitter in Fig. 2, receiver in Fig. 3.) It fills the needs of an enthusiastic group of serious treasure hunters, who actively search for—and sometimes locate—major treasures.

Gemini II users have come up with

hoards of coins, gold and silver bullion, treasure chests, ore veins, and other deep treasure caches. This unit also has industrial uses, as it is capable of tracing water, gas, and sewer pipes and electrical or phone cables—whose whereabouts have been forgotten.

When assembled, it measures 51 inches, weighs just 11 pounds, and has an output frequency of 82 kHz + 5 kHz. Housed in a closable, two-section, high-impact plastic case, it features moisture-proof solid-state cir cuits and offers quite a good penetration sensitivity.

Fisher's top-of-the-line model is listed as a VLF 555-D. The VLF discriminate mode rejects unwanted targets while still detecting deep coins that other detectors miss, claims the manufacturer.

Edmund Scientific reports many

#### METAL DETECTORS

For more information, circle the corresponding number on the Free Information card inside the back cover.
Bounty Hunter, Inc. 1309 West 21st Street Tempe, AZ 85282 CIRCLE NO. 96
Edmund Scientific 101 E. Gloucester Pike Barrington, NJ 08007 CIRCLE NO. 97
Fisher Research Laboratory 1005   Street Los Banos, CA 93635 CIRCLE NO. 99
Heath Company Benton Harbor, MI 49022 CIRCLE NO. 98

compliments on its *Wildcat VLF Discriminator*. Priced at about \$280.00, it boasts instant tuning and true discrimination when used in just about any kind of terrain.

Batteries are included with this unit, which features a 6<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>-inch, waterproofed search coil, a sensitivity adjuster, 3<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>-inch intensity meter, battery tester, and push-button tuning for making quick adjustments.

The Heath Company, a well known manufacturer of electronic kits, also has a line of metal detectors. All of their detectors are available only in kit form. The top-of-the-line model *GD-1290* features a VLF circuit, adjustable discrimination, 6-inch search coil, and collapsible shaft. It contains both a meter and speaker for the detector output plus a headphone jack. Power is supplied by 6 "AA" cells or an optionally available nickel-cadmium battery pack. The model *GD-1290* sells for \$189.95.

There are two more metal detectors in the Heath Company line. The model GD-1190 has many of the features of the model GD-1290, but it sells for \$119.95. Known as the "Cointrack," its purpose is obvious from its name.

The lowest-priced model in the Heath line is the *GD-348* and it sells for \$79.95.

It seems to us that there is a metal detector available in just about anybody's price range. But all of the experts emphasize: Don't invest too much money until you really know what you're doing, or what you're looking for. Everyone agrees that treasure hunting is fun and profitable and the more knowledge you gain, the more profitable it becomes. And we mean that in more than one sense of the word. **R-E** 

**VOVEMBER 1980** 

## CIRCUITS

## TTL DESIGN: TRICKS & TIPS

Designing with TTL? Check out the tip sheet in this article before you go one step further. If you aren't aware of all of the notes in this article, learn them before you continue.

#### JOSEPH E. POWELL, JR.

DURING THE LAST FIVE YEARS. THE INtegrated-circuit industry has made tremendous technological advances and has created new and exciting IC families. We now have CMOS, PROM's, ROM's, and a host of other families; but the designer's "workhorse" is still the old reliable TTL (*Transistor-Transistor Logic*).

Texas Instruments introduced the first TTL package to the electronics industry in 1964. From that early beginning, the TTL logic family has become so economical, versatile, and easy to use that today almost all digital circuits contain at least one of the packages.

Even though TTL chips are relatively easy to use, designers, (particularly the first-time user), often overlook simple but critical design procedures. This article identifies those procedures and offers tips and short-cuts for implementing them.

All TTL inputs and outputs exist either in a HIGH or as a LOW condition. These two conditions are often referred to as states. A HIGH, or positive state is any input or output that is between +2.4 volts and +5.0 volts. A HIGH state must also allow for leakage currents. An input or output is called LOW any time its voltage is between +.8 volt and ground. A LOW input also needs a lowimpedance path to ground that can handle 1.6 mA. A good rule of thumb to follow when dealing with inputs is: Input swings must not exceed the positive supply voltage (+5.0V) or go below ground (0 volts).

When selecting a power supply, remember that each gate in an IC pack-

age draws current. A practical method of determining how much current each gate draws is to divide the total supply current ( $I^{cc}$ ) by the number of gates contained in that package. The most reliable method, however, is to check the data sheet for each component.

Every gate has a fan-in (input requirements or capabilities) of one and an output (fan-out) that can drive up to ten different loads. If more than ten loads are connected to any one output line, that gate's noise margin is severely impaired. Once the noise margin is impaired, the voltage and current swings become too small to operate all the loads properly. A gate's output voltage (HIGH state) is typically 3.3 volts but it can be boosted to a full +5.0 volts by adding a 2.2K pull-up resistor as shown in Fig. 1. An output transistor and a 1K resistor added to a gate's output (Fig. 2), will provide more current.

If a gate is used as a line driver, remember to use it for that purpose only. Also, never connect the inputs of other gates directly to the output of a gate that is being used as a line driver. If a receiving gate is hooked directly to the output of a line driver, line reflections can cause false inputs. The line-driving gate itself may become excessively

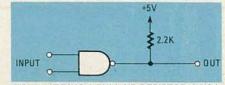


FIG. 1—ADDING A PULL-UP RESISTOR, 2.2K, is al it takes to boost a gate's HIGH output to a full 5.0 volts.

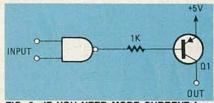


FIG. 2—IF YOU NEED MORE CURRENT from the gate's output add an output transistor and a 1K resistor.

loaded and cause long delay times. Therefore, the line driver's output must first be properly terminated through a resistor network or by some other means. Always decouple line driver and receiver gates by placing a 0.1- $\mu$ F capacitor across the IC package ground and supply voltage.

Most TTL gates are high-speed devices that can switch at speeds of 20 MHz or more. That rapid switching causes high-frequency current spikes to appear on the power lines. Even though those current spikes are noise, some gates (flip-flops and counters) may see them as trigger pulses. Noise caused by current spikes is only one of the many problems that TTL gates are susceptible to. In a real circuit, noise can come from crosstalk, line reflections, the power supply, or from the environment itself.

Those noises and other associated problems don't have to be "hairraisers" or "eye-rollers" if the simple and practical design procedures outlined below are followed:

1. USE A REGULATED +5 VOLT SUPPLY! The key word here is *regulated*. TTL circuits are usually designed to operate from a single +5-volt sup-

ply. Manufacturers usually guarantee the proper operation of their IC's as long as the supply voltage is between +4.75 and +5.25-volts ( $\pm$  5%). Therefore, a regulated +5-volt supply must be one of your most important design considerations.

2. USE HEAVY WIRE FOR ALL POWER CONNECTIONS. For your circuit to operate properly, it must first receive all the power that it requires. Number 20 AWG wire works in most TTL power-line applications. These power lines should be laid out so the transmission path impedance is as low as possible.

3. USE GROUND AND POWER PLANES—IF POSSIBLE. As we said before, TTL circuits are high-speed switching devices. To minimize current spikes caused by that fast switching, keep power and ground planes (PC board areas) as large as possible. A large ground plane acts as a low inductance return for the supply voltage. A ground plane is used if it is not essential to avoid ground loops.

4. USE BYPASS CAPACITORS. The internal design of most regular TTL circuits uses the totem-pole output arrangement shown in Fig. 3. As the TTL gate switches from one state to the other, there is a short time period when both internal output transistors, Q1 and Q2, will be ON. When that occurs, there is a direct low-impedance path between the supply voltage and ground. The result can be 10-to

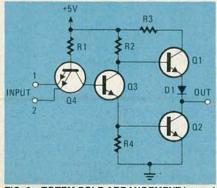


FIG. 3—TOTEM-POLE ARRANGEMENT is used in the internal design of most TTL IC's.

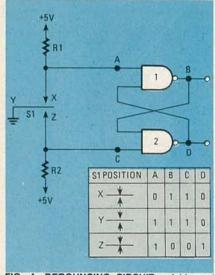


FIG. 4—DEBOUNCING CIRCUIT quickly and easily eliminates the problems of contact bounce.

100-mA current spikes. To solve this problem, place a  $.01-\mu F$  capacitor between the IC's supply input and ground. Keep capacitor leads short and locate it as close as possible to the IC package. If two to five packages are close together, a single capacitor connected across the +5V and ground lines is needed to do the job.

5. AVOID CROSSTALK! If wires that carry similar current or voltage signals are grouped too closely together, you'll get crosstalk. The magnetic or static field created by one wire interacts with the fields created by adjacent wires. To avoid crosstalk don't use wires that are longer than 10 inches. If you must use wires that are 10 to 20 inches long, route them close to a ground plane and do not bundle them tightly together with similar wires.

Twisted-pair wire and coaxial cable also effectively reduce crosstalk. Coax cable, however, is usually used only in very noisy environments.

6. DECOUPLE SUPPLY VOLT-AGES. A power supply is not an ideal voltage source; therefore, it must be decoupled. An electrolytic capacitor that is rated for at least 10 volts and has a value of 4 to  $100 \ \mu$ F will do this job nicely. The capacitor must be placed across ground and the point where the supply voltage first comes into the board.

7. DEBOUNCE GATES THAT ARE CONNECTED TO MECHANICAL SWITCHES. The contacts of a mechanical switch actually strike each other several times before they finally close. Each time those contacts "bounce", a pulse is created. Flipflops, counters, and other triggerdependent gates interpret those pulses as signals. Two NAND gates placed between the switch and the receiving gate (Fig. 4) act as a "contact debouncer"

When setting up a debounce circuit, always follow these four rules:

- A. Use a SPDT 'break-before-make' switch.
- B. Cross-couple the two NAND gates by using the output of gate one as input of gate two and vice-versa.
- C. Connect the switch input of gate one and gate two to +5 volts through a 1K resistor.
- D. Ground the switch to signal ground.

As a final precaution, never leave an unused input unconnected. An unconnected input will rise to a HIGH and become susceptible to noise.

Therefore, tie all unused inputs either to logically similar inputs or to +5V via a IK resistor. Unused output pins can be left unconnected.

On most schematics, the connections for +5 volts and ground are not shown. Every TTL IC, however, needs those connections to work properly. If the guidelines set forth in this article and in the IC data sheets are followed, then the procedure of going from design to breadboard will be a snap. **R-E** 

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VOVEMBER 1980

### MIGROPROCESSOR

## USE A PIA FOR SIMPLER µP-BASED

The peripheral interface adaptor is a versatile IC that allows a microprocessor to communicate with the outside world with ease. This article explains how it transfers data back and forth.

#### DAVID R. ANDERSON

THE PERIPHERAL INTERFACE ADAPTER (PIA) is one of the family of chips associated with a microprocessor. It operates as an I/O port interfacing the microprocessor with peripheral devices such as video terminals and cassette recorders. It is especially useful in computers and microprocessor-based projects. The PIA contains registers that can transfer data between the microprocessor data bus and the peripheral data bus under microprocessor control. Those registers provide the ins and outs that we will discuss here.

#### PIA in a computer system

Figure 1 shows how the PIA is connected in a typical computer system. The peripheral device could be any external device—such as a video terminal or cassette recorder. The peripheral data bus is an eight-line bus that is connected between the peripheral device and the PIA. It is a bidirectional bus—which means that it can move data in either direction.

The microprocessor data bus is also connected to the PIA. That bus is an 8-line bidirectional bus. As shown in Fig. 1, the microprocessor data bus is also connected to the random access memory (RAM) and read only memory (ROM).

An address bus is connected to the PIA, RAM, ROM, and the microprocessor. That enables the microprocessor to address the registers in the PIA which transfer the data between the microprocessor and peripheral data busses.

#### **PIA** operation

To understand how the PIA operates, let us assume that the microprocessor is ordered by the program to transfer a data byte from RAM to the cassette recorder. The first thing the microprocessor will do is to address the RAM byte and place it on the microprocessor data bus. Then, the micro-

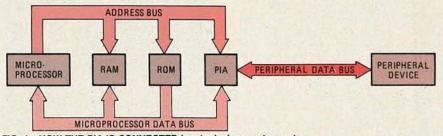


FIG. 1-HOW THE PIA IS CONNECTED in a typical computer system.

processor will set up the PIA registers as output interfaces. That causes the RAM data byte to appear on the peripheral data bus and to be applied to the cassette-recorder input.

If the microprocessor is ordered to write a data byte into RAM, the process just described is reversed. The microprocessor sets up the PIA registers as input interfaces and the data byte from the peripheral data bus is transfered by the PIA registers to the microprocessor data bus. From there the data is written into a specific RAM address.

As can be seen from Fig. 1, the PIA registers can input and output data bytes between the microprocessor data bus and the peripheral data bus. The PIA registers that perform the actual transfer of data can be programmed to function as inputs, outputs, or both at the same time. To see how that is possible let us examine a typical PIA.

#### A look at a typical PIA

A functional diagram of a typical PIA is shown in Fig. 2. The PIA has two sides, the microprocessor side and the peripheral side. The microprocessor side connects to the microprocessor data, address, and control bus lines. Those bus lines connect to their respective data, address, and control circuits.

The data circuits process the data from the microprocessor data bus and load it into the I/O data register on the peripheral side of the PIA. Or, the data circuits read the data contained in the I/O data register and load it onto the microprocessor data bus. The address circuits process the address information received from the microprocessor. The address information is used to address the desired registers on the peripheral side of the PIA.

The control circuits receive information from the microprocessor. That information consists of control and timing signals necessary for the operation of the PIA.

There you have it, a very brief description of the microprocessor side of the PIA. If more detail is desired about the microprocessor side of the PIA see the data sheets for the PIA in question.

As shown in Fig. 2 the peripheral side of the PIA is divided into two parts, **A** and **B**. Each part contains three main registers. They move data between the peripheral data bus and the microprocessor data bus.

#### **PIA registers**

Figure 3 shows the main registers of a typical PIA. I/O data registers A and B transfer the data between the microprocessor data bus and the peripheral data bus.

Data-direction register A controls the direction in which data flows through I/O data-register A. If all eight bits of data-direction register A are



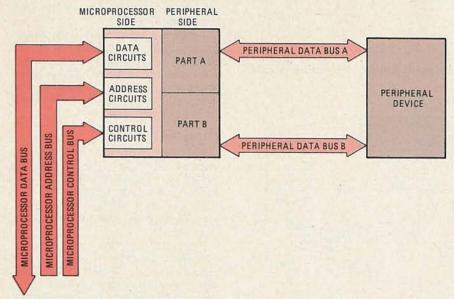


FIG. 2—FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM SHOWS THE TWO faces of the PIA—the microprocessor side and the peripheral side. PERIPHERAL

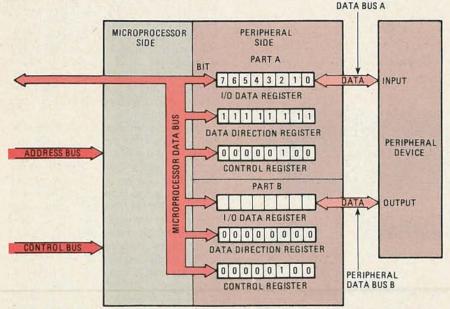


FIG. 3-MAIN REGISTERS OF A TYPICAL PIA. They include both data and control registers.

set to 1, all eight bits of I/O data-register A will output data to the peripheral data bus. If all eight bits of data-direction register A are set to 0, data flow will be from the peripheral data bus to

the microprocessor data bus.

Each bit of I/O data-register A can be controlled individually by loading a 1 or 0 into the corresponding bit of data-direction register A. For example, if the binary number 11110000 is loaded into data-direction register A bits 0, 1, 2, and 3 of I/O data-register A will be inputs, while bits 4, 5, 6, and 7 will be outputs.

In Fig. 3, data-direction register A is shown loaded with all ones. That sets up I/O data-register A to output eight bits of data to the peripheral data bus. Data-direction register B is shown loaded with all zeros. That sets up I/O data-register B to input eight bits of data from the peripheral data bus.

The number loaded into controlregister A determines whether datadirection register A or I/O data-register A is addressed. If control-register A is loaded with binary number 0000-0000 data-direction register A will be addressed. Any data from the microprocessor data bus will be loaded into data-direction register A. If controlregister A is loaded with binary number 00000100, as shown in Fig. 3, then I/O data-register A is addressed.

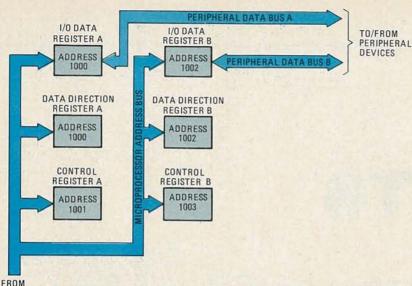
The microprocessor can then read data from I/O data-register A or load data into it depending on the number loaded into data-direction register A. The same principles apply to controlregister B which is shown loaded with binary number 00000100 in Fig. 3.

#### Addressing PIA registers

The PIA registers with typical addresses assigned are shown in Fig. 4. As can be seen, both the I/O data registers and the data-direction registers have the same address. That makes it possible to change the direction of data flow through the I/O data register at any time during the running of a program.

To show how that works, let us assume we are running a program. During the first half of the program we want the I/O data register to function as an input (transfer data from the peripheral data bus to the microprocessor data bus). During the second half of the program we want the I/O data register to function as an output (transfer data from the microprocessor data bus to the peripheral data bus).

To do that, first we initialize the



#### MICROPROCESSOR

FIG. 4—PIA REGISTERS WITH TYPICAL addresses assigned. Both the I/O data registers and the data-direction registers have the same address.

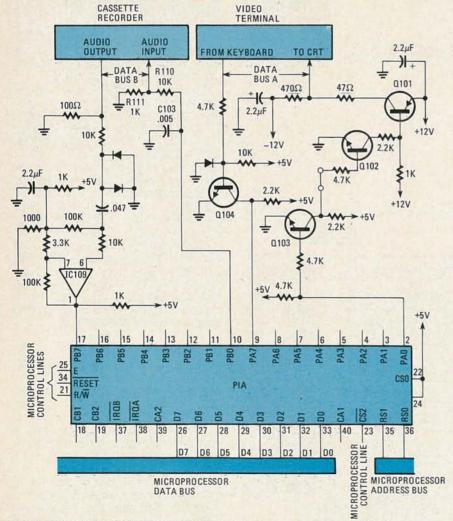


FIG. 5-SIMPLIFIED SCHEMATIC SHOWS how a PIA can be connected as an I/O port.

PIA with the following program instructions:

1. Reset all PIA registers to zero.

2. Load number 4 into address

1001. Resetting PIA registers to zero sets

up the eight bits of the I/O data register

to input data from the peripheral data bus. That is so because the data-direction register which determines the direction of flow through the I/O data register contains all zeros. The second instruction loads the number 4 into the control registers. That causes data sent to address 1000 to be applied to the I/O data register instead of the data-direction register.

After half the program has been run, the I/O data register may be programmed to output data to the peripheral data bus using the following instructions:

- 1. Load zero into address 1001.
- 2. Load 255 into address 1000.
- 3. Load 4 into address 1001.

With zero loaded in address 1001 all control-register bits are set to zero. That causes address 1000 to be assigned to the data-direction register. Loading 255 into address 1000 sets all eight bits of data-direction register to 1. That causes all eight bits of the I/O data register to output data to the peripheral data bus.

Loading 4 into address 1001 causes address 1000 to be assigned to the I/O data register. Any data sent to address 1000 is stored in the I/O data register. Since that register is configured as an output, the data stored in it will appear on the peripheral data bus.

#### Using the PIA

There are many uses for the PIA in microcomputer systems. For example, assume we want to use the PIA as an I/O port which can interface the microprocessor to a video terminal and a cassette recorder. Figure 5 shows how it can be done.

The video terminal is connected by peripheral data-bus A to the I/O data register in part A of the PIA. Since the video terminal requires a serial input, only one bit of I/O data-register A is required to output data to the video terminal. Transistors Q101, Q102, and Q103 act as buffers between the PIA output and the terminal input.

The video-terminal keyboard outputs serial data and only one bit of I/O data-register A is required to input data to the microprocessor data bus. Transistor Q104 acts as a buffer between the video-terminal keyboard output and PIA bit-7 input.

The cassette recorder is connected by data-bus B to the I/O data register in part B of the PIA. Since the cassette recorder audio input requires serial data, only one bit of I/O data-register B is required to output data. Resistors are part of R111, and R110 form a voltage divider to limit the signal level applied to the audio input. Capacitor C103 filters unwanted noise signals.

The audio output of the cassette recorder outputs serial data and is connected to one bit of I/O data-register B. The network between the audio output and I/O data-register B limits the signal to a level compatible with the input requirements of I/O data-register B.

Once the ins and outs of the PIA are understood, finding new applications should be relatively simple. **R-E** 

## BUILD THIS

# UNICORN-1 ROBOT

Assembling the Body

Part 4—Here's the first of two installments dealing with how to construct a body for the robot. This part describes the body frame and rotation mechanism.

SO FAR. WE'VE DISCUSSED THE DESIGN and construction of the Unicorn-1 robot's manipulators (arms), end effectors (hands) and mobility base (legs). We are now past the most difficult aspects of its construction. This part of the series will deal with the body, and that is where the robot will begin to look like a robot.

#### **Body frame**

As shown in Fig. 27, Unicorn-1's body dimensions allow plenty of interior space for whatever hardware-up to, and including, a computer-you desire to add. The prototype body is 19 inches in diameter and about 20 inches in height. That has been more than adequate for the author's needs, but does not restrict you from using other designs; after all, one of the aims of this project is to allow you to use your own ingenuity. The skin of the robot will be made of *Formica* (which comes in standard widths of 30 inches) so you will easily be able to make a body 30 inches in height, if it suits you. That is an increase of 50% in height over the original specs.

And, of course, you don't have to be restricted to the R2D2 format. You can use just about any shape you desire.

If you haven't already done so, take an evening or two to decide what your robot will finally look like. That will not require any significant changes in the frame of the body, the principles of which we'll discuss here, but may affect you in the long run.

In any event, your robot's body will

#### JAMES A. GUPTON, JR.

need a supporting structure, and a mechanism to turn it from side to side. That's what this section is about.

Whether the ultimate form of the body is cylindrical or otherwise, a reinforcing structure will be needed. What's shown here is for a cylindrical body, although it can easily be adapted to other shapes. Figure 28 illustrates the top and bottom bulkheads, along with the locations of the eight supporting columns. The bulkheads are made from 5/8-inch particle board, cut to dimension with a saber saw. If you have no saber saw, inscribe the circumference of the bulkheads on the board, and drill a closely-spaced series of 1/4-inch holes along its outside as shown in Fig. 29. After those holes are drilled, the piece can be knocked out with a chisel. Whichever way you proceed, allow a bit extra for wastage-that part of the material that gets turned into sawdust or is chipped away in the process.

When the bulkheads have been roughcut, they can be dressed to their final dimensions with a wood rasp. Who says that robots are made entirely of metal!

If you make the effort, you will probably be able to find pieces of particle board at your local lumberyard as scrap at a very reasonable price. Should you have to purchase brand-new material, you may be able to get a "special cut," if you tell the person in charge exactly what you need.

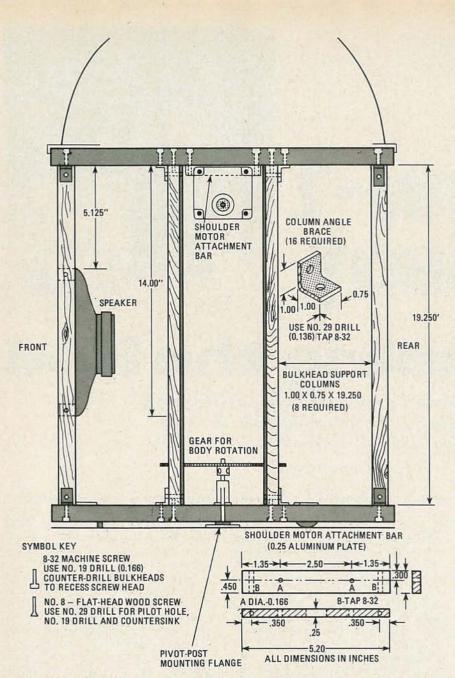
The dimensions for the interior bulkheads for *Unicorn-1* were given in Fig. 28. The top bulkhead is nothing more than a ring-shaped section of particle board, while the bottom bulkhead has a three-legged shape, to support the body during rotation. The larger bulkhead opening in that bottom part permits maximum freedom for the cables running between the body and the mobility base.

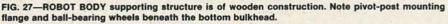
After the two bulkheads have been cut to their final shape, the locations of the bulkhead support-columns should be marked (refer again to Figs. 27 and 28). First, draw a pencilled line completely around the bulkheads' circumference. That should be done .040-inch from the perimeter. The holes drilled along that line will be used to attach the columns to the bulkhead. Figure 28 identifies the specific holes that will be required.

Some of those holes, as has been indicated, will have to be countersunk (Fig. 30). That allows the screw heads to sit flush with the outside surface, and eliminates awkward bumps or bulges when the skin is fitted.

The eight wooden bulkhead-support columns are attached to the bulkhead with wood glue or epoxy, wood screws, and aluminum angle-braces. We don't take any chances.

After drilling the bulkheads for the support columns, drill "lead holes", top and bottom, to start the wood screws. That will help prevent splitting the columns. The lead holes should be about one-third the diameter of the wood screws themselves. Then, drill *through* those holes for attachment of the aluminum braces shown in Fig. 27. Lubricate the screws with soap to permit them to





penetrate more easily, and to prevent splitting.

#### **Body rotation**

Unicorn-1's body turns on ball-bearing wheels that ride on the steel plate forming the top of the mobility base. The size of those wheels is not particularly significant, as long as the body maintains its clearance from the base. The units used in the original Unicorn-1 had a diameter of .875-inches, giving the bulkhead a clearance of .125-inch from the mobility base. One of these is shown in Fig. 31.

As we have done previously, we stress the fact that nothing about this robot is critical. Since you may be "scrounging" many of the components for this section, we'll present a list of allowable parameters, along with the dimensions we've found to be most satisfactory.

- 1. Ball-bearing wheels: .375-inch to 1.125-inches diameter. For wheels larger than .5-inch, turn the mounting plate upside down (bearing mounting-flange facing up).
- Pivot-post mounting flange: .062-inch to 1-inch thick. Mount any flange thicker than .125-inch inside the top of the mobility base.
- 3. Pivot-post diameter: .250-inch to 1-inch (.250-inch to .375-inch preferred).



BENEATH THIS RUGGED EXTERIOR lies a frame of wood. Next installment will describe skin.



COMPLEX GEAR TRAIN used to slow 10,000-RPM motor to 11-RPM for body rotation.

- Gear-shaft bore diameters: .125inch to .750-inch (.250-inch preferred).
- 5. Body rotation speed: 4 to 22 RPM (10 to 12 RPM preferred).

Just as in the design of the mobility base, there is a choice of methods to drive the body. An inexpensive, high-speed motor may be used if its speed is reduced through a series of gears. A speed-reduction of about 1000:1 is required with this method to obtain a rotational speed of 11 RPM. That, it should be obvious, requires several gears.

The amount of speed reduction is a factor of the number of teeth on each gear. If one gear has 16 teeth and another has 48, the gears have a ratio of 1:3 and driving the second gear with the first will reduce the speed by that factor (the second gear will only make one revolution for each three made by the first). A train of such gears would eventually reduce the small motor's 10,000 RPM to a useable rate, but, as Fig. 32 shows, could turn out to be somewhat complex.

Also, the speed of rotation will be affected by the weight of the load (the robot's body, in this case)—the motor speed could be slowed by 10 to 20 percent by that factor.

As in the case of using gears to drive

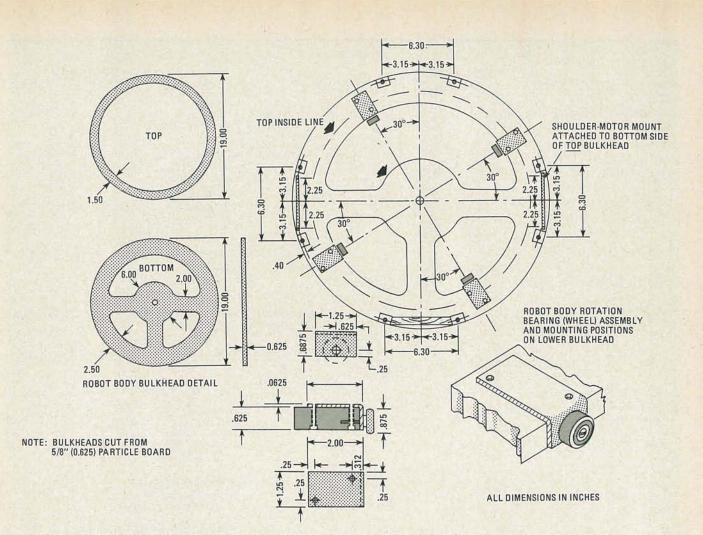


FIG. 28—TOP AND BOTTOM BULKHEADS are cut from particle board. Bottom bulkhead is sturdier to bear body weight. Bearing mounting brackets are made from ½-inch aluminum.

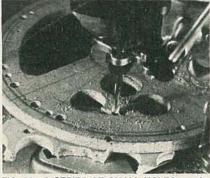


FIG. 29—A SERIES OF SMALL HOLES can be drilled to rough-cut bulkheads to shape.

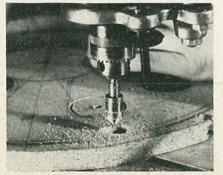


FIG. 30—COUNTERSINKING holes in the bulkhead prevents screwheads from protruding.

the mobility base, this method presents more problems, perhaps, than it solves.

A much simpler method uses the same type of low-speed gear motor that was used to drive the mobility base. As shown in Fig. 33, this motor can be mounted directly on the bottom bulkhead and its shaft connected directly to the pivot post and/or the pivot-post mounting flange, located on the mobility base.

Mounting of this type of motor is fairly straightforward and presents the least number of complications. A 22-RPM gearmotor may be used, or, if you can locate it, a slightly slower-speed one (about 10 or 12 RPM) may prove to be preferable.

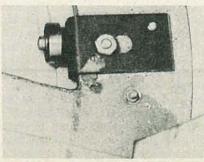


FIG. 31—BALL-BEARING WHEELS mounted on bottom bulkhead support body as it rotates.

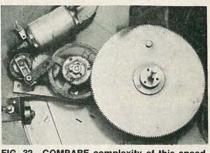


FIG. 32—COMPARE complexity of this speedreduction train with drive shown below.

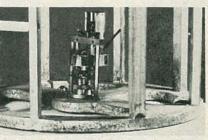


FIG. 33—22-RPM gear motor provides simplest and most direct means of rotating body.

Motor connection will be made to a small terminal strip mounted in the body.

#### Shoulder motors

When the manipulators and end effectors were described, the robot was given 1980 63

PARTS LIST												
Item	Size	Quan- tity	Supplier's part no.	Supplier	Item	Size	Quan- tity	Supplier's part no.	Supplie			
Particle board	19 $ imes$ 19 in. mini- mum	2		Local	gears (for use with high-speed motor)	teeth, ½-in. face, ¼-in. bore		023				
Wood strips	.25 × 1 × 19.25 in.	8		Local	motory	48 pitch, 120 teeth, <sup>1</sup> /s-in.	3	C48A18- 120	(A), (B)			
Aluminum plate	$.25 \times .75 \times 5.2$ in.	2	AP52	(A) or local		face, 1/4-in. bore		120	-			
Aluminum angle .(	$\begin{array}{c} .0625 \times 1 \times 1 \times \\ .75 \text{ in.} \\ (make from \\ .0625 \times 1 \text{-in.} \end{array}$	16		Local	Pivot post	See text. Length to suit design	1		Local			
					Pivot-post mounting flange	See text	1		Local			
Aluminum sheet	angle, 13 in. long) .125 × 1.25 × 3	4	AS3	(A) or	Body motor (high-speed)	3-amp, split phase, 12 volts DC	1	61.085	©			
	in.		Did da	local		or			120			
Ball bearing wheels	.875 in. diameter, .375 in. shaft di- ameter	4	B11-10	(A),(B)	Body motor (22- RPM gearmo- tor)	22-RPM gearmo- tor, 12 volts DC	1	715-900153	(A), (D)			
	or .625 in. diameter, .25 in. shaft di-	4	B11-9	A,B	Shoulder motor	22-RPM gearmo- tor, 12 volts DC		715-900153	(A), (D)			
	ameter					SUPPLIEF	IS					
Wheel mounting screws (known as ''shoulder screws'')	To fit wheel cen- ters	4		Local	<ul> <li>A The Robot Mart Room 1113 19 W. 34th St. New York, NY 10001</li> </ul>							
Shoulder motor mounting screws	8-32	4		Local	(Catalog \$3.00) (B) Winfred M. Berg, Inc.							
Gearmotor mounting	8-32, length as needed	4		Local	499 Ocean Avenue E. Rockaway, NY 11518							
screws Machine screws	8-32  imes 1, Fillis- ter-head	44		Local	C Edmund Scientific Co. 101 East Gloucester Pike Barrington, NJ 08007							
Wood screws	#8 flat-head $\times$ 1 in.	20		Local	(D) Gledhill Electronics P.O. Box 1644							
Precision spur	48 pitch, 23	3	C48A18-	(A),(B)		Marysville, CA 9	5901					

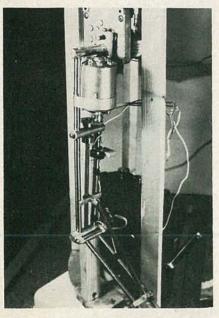


FIG. 34—SHOULDER MOTOR mounting plate is visible at very top of photograph. See Fig. 27 for body location. the ability to bend his arms at the elbow and to open and close his hands. It would be useful to add another degree of freedom, which would allow the arms to be raised and lowered. That is easily accomplished with the same 22-RPM gearmotors we've already used.

A five-ohm, 20-watt resistor can be used to drop the motor's supply-voltage, thus slowing it down to a more suitable speed. (The same can be done for the body motor.)

The last cross-bar rod (at the shoulder hinge) on the manipulators has already been drilled to accept a shaft of the type found on these motors (refer back to Part 1, August 1980 issue). A simple bracket, shown in Fig. 27, allows the motor to be attached to the body. An actual installation of that sort is pictured in Fig. 34. Be sure that the mount is positioned so the surface of the gearmotor will be flush with the surface of the top bulkhead since, when the robot's skin is attached, a cutout will have to be made for the shoulder gearmotors, and their faces should be flush with the skin's surface.

Again, the shoulder-motor wiring will be connected to a local terminal strip.

Alternatively, the manipulators may be affixed to .250-inch rods that are attached to the body frame, without motors. The motors can always be added later.

Bear in mind that, although the skin will be removable, as much interior work as possible should be completed before it is attached. Some of the things that remain to be added are:

- "Local" terminal strips for motor wiring and connections from them to the master terminal strip in the mobility base.
- 2. Speaker and LED installation.
- Installation of supports and brackets for radio control and/or computer equipment.

In the next section of this series, we'll complete the work described above and attach the skin. In addition, we'll describe the construction of the control box that will allow you to operate the robot by means of a cable running to the mobility base. **R-E** 

## BUILD THIS

## A BYTE OF POWER

Triacs are one way of switching alternating current. Because they are solid-state and operate from logic-level signals, they are well-suited to interfacing computers with electrical devices. Here are plans for an 8-channel board to do just that.

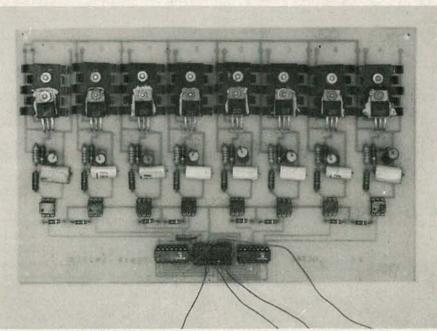
#### L. STEVEN CHEAIRS

WITH THE ADVENT OF MICROCOMPUTERS a whole new world has opened up wide for the home-electronics enthusiast. processing are but a few of the uses that have become routine. An often overlooked area, and one where microprocessors excel, is in household controllers. Those may be environmental controls, room-lighting sequencers, darkroom aids, fire alarms, burglar alarms, appliance controls, sprinkler system controls, etc .... The list is bounded only by your imagination. One common requirement for most of those controls is the need to switch household AC power. The circuit described in this article contains eight separate AC power switchesa byte of power.

Each switch is isolated from the other seven. All of them use triacs to provide true bidirectional current flow. By choosing the appropriate resistor/capacitor values, either sensitive ( $I_{GT} < 15 \text{ mA}$ ) or non-sensitive (15 mA <  $I_{GT} < 50 \text{ mA}$ ) triacs may be used. ( $I_{GT}$  is the gate trigger-cur-rent.) Two of the eight power switches have all three triac lines brought out to the edge of the printed circuit card; that permits those on-board triacs to trigger two high-current triacs ex-ternal to the PC board. The latter would be mounted on heat sinks and their terminals cabled to the printedcircuit board. The triacs are turned on or off with a logic gate-10 mA maximum current. The logic input is photooptically isolated from the AC poweroutput stage.

#### About the circuit

As stated earlier, the printed-circuit card contains eight identical switching circuits. Figure 1-a shows the circuit to use for an inductive load with a sensitive-gate triac, Fig. 1-b provides



BYTE OF POWER AC CONTROLLER board uses eight optoisolator-driven triacs to provide computer control of "outside world" AC-operated devices.

the inductive load-configuration for the non-sensitive-gate triac, and Fig. 1-c illustrates the setup for resistive loads. Each triac is driven by a MOC3011 optically-isolated triac driver which, in turn, is driven by a 74125-type buffer acting on instructions from a computer.

The optically-isolated triac drivers are fabricated using a gallium-arsenide, infrared light-emitting diode that is optically coupled to a silicon bilateral switch. The electrical insolation is about 7500 peak volts. The LED trigger current required to latch the output is typically 5 mA; the maximum is 10 mA. Since the input is driven by a open-collector gate operating at +5 volts, then the value of resistor R1 is chosen to provide greater than 10 mA of current through the diode. The value calculated for that circuit was 390 ohms.

The output driver has a terminal voltage, off-state, of 250 volts. At 70°C, the on-state current (full-cycle 60 Hz) is 50 mA; at 25°C the on-state current is 100 mA. Resistor R2 sets the current level for the output driver. For the sensitive-gate inductive-load circuit in Fig. 1-b, resistor R3 has a value of 2,400 ohms and capacitor C1 is equal to 0.1  $\mu$ f. For the nonsensitive inductive-load circuit, resistor R5 is 1.2 K and capacitor C1 is 0.2 $\mu$ f. Resistor R4 and capacitor C2 are used to reduce false triggering due to line transients caused by the inductive load

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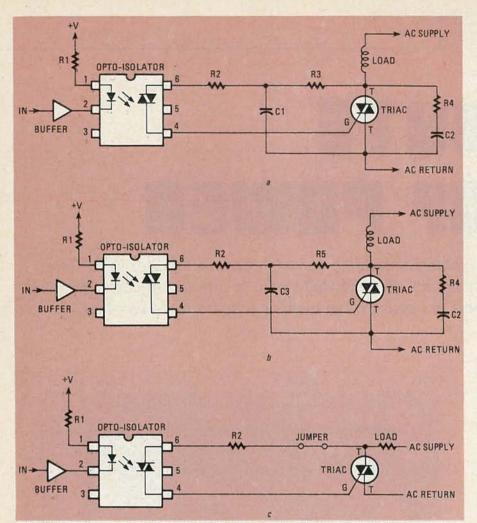


FIG. 1—USE THE TOP TWO CIRCUITS, a and b, with sensitive and non-sensitive-gate triacs, respectively, for inductive loads. Circuit c is for use with resistive loads.

element. A value of 10 ohms for R4 and  $0.1 \,\mu$  f for C2 seems to do the job quite well.

If a non-inductive load is to be switched, then the circuit can be simplified as shown in Fig. 1-c. Capacitor C2 and resistor R4 are not needed since no inductive "kick-back" will be seen. Also, resistor R3 and capacitor C1 are unnecessary. Place a jumper wire where resistor R3 would have been located.

#### Thermal considerations

On the printed-circuit board, space is provided for a small, 1 x 1-3/16-inch. TO-222-style heat sink. The maximum current that can be passed through the AC switch is a function of its power dissipation. That factor is defined by the thermal resistance between the silicon chip and its environment, the ambient temperature, and the maximum junction temperature. Before beginning construction, one must decide the amount of power needed. If more power is needed for the load than can be handled by the triac and its heat sink, then a heavier-duty, offcard triac and heat sink must be connected to the board.

To determine how much current

can be passed through a triac, you must first determine the amount of power that can be dissipated by the silicon chip into its environment. Heat (power) can be removed by any of three means: conduction, convection, or radiation. Heat transfer by *conduction* is very effective in moving energy from the chip to the heat sink. *Convection* is the mode of transfer that transfers heat from the heat sink into the air. A portion of the heat is also *radiated* from the heat-sink fins.

Since most readers are familiar with the basics of electrical energy flow, a comparable model will be used to illustrate heat flow. Electrical resistance is defined by Ohm's law. Ohm's law states that resistance to the flow of an electrical current (in ohms) will equal the potential divided by the current (R=E|I).

The potential will be measured with reference to ground; that is, potential will be the difference in voltage available from the energy source and the ground level ( $E = E_S - E_G$ , where E is the potential,  $E_S$  is the potential level of the source, and  $E_G$  is the potential level at ground. Thus, an equation for the electrical resistance is  $R = (E_S - E_G)/I$ . Generally  $E_G$  will be zero since it is defined as system ground. Current flow is represented by L

For thermal resistance, a similar equation exists; potential is the difference between the source temperature and the ambient temperature; energy flow is the power (heat) dissipation. Therefore,  $\theta_{JA} = (T_J - T_A)/P_D$ ; where  $T_J$  is the junction temperature in degrees Celsius,  $T_A$  is the ambient temperature in degrees Celsius,  $P_D$  is the power dissipation in watts, and  $\theta_{JA}$  is the thermal resistance from the silicon chip's junction to its environment in degrees Celsius per watt.

Heat must flow from the junction of the chip to the triac's case, then from the case to the heat sink, and then from the heat sink to the air. At each of those interfaces a certain amount of thermal resistance is encountered. If we were discussing electrical energy flow, a simple resistor network as seen in Fig. 2-a could be drawn. Let us use an analogous method to represent the thermal energy flow in Fig. 2-b. Three resistors, the thermal interfaces, are connected in series. One end is connected to the heat source and the other is the environment, which is at a lower energy potential. The first resistor would represent the thermal resistance from the chip's junction to the triac's case,  $\theta_{IC}$ : from Motorola's specification sheet for the 2N6349A triac, a value of

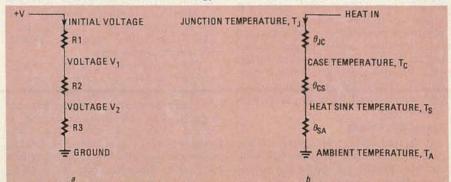


FIG. 2—JUST AS ELECTRICAL POTENTIAL (voltage) is referenced to ground (a), so can the temperature of a semiconductor junction be referenced to the temperature of the air in its vicinity (b).

2°C/W is given for  $\theta_{IC}$ . The next resistor represents the thermal resistance between the 2N6349A's case and the heat sink. Assuming that thermal grease is used, the value of  $\theta_{CS}$  is 0.8°C/W. The author used a heat sink with an  $\theta_{SA}$  (thermal resistance from sink to environment) rating of 19°C/W. Therefore, the total thermal resistance is a sum of these three resistances:  $\theta_{JA} = \theta_{JC} + \theta_{CS} + \theta_{SA}$ . The value of  $\theta_{JA}$  is 21.8°C/W.

If we assume a temperature of 60°C inside the cabinet that the printed circuit will be housed in, and use the maximum junction temperature from the thermal equation presented earlier, then the maximum power dissipation at the junction will be 21/4 watts. From the curve shown in Fig. 3, one can determine that the maximum current,  $I_T$ , at 60°C will be on the order of 2<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> amps. This means that, at 117 volts AC, devices up to about 290 watts can be switched. That is a maximum rating; For practical applications keep your current level to between 11/2 and two amps. If more current is required, use the triac off-card on a heat sink with a lower  $\theta_{SA}$  rating. Note: Two of the eight switches have all three of the required lines brought out to the edge of

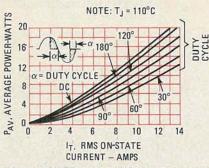


FIG. 3—POWER DISSIPATION plotted against current. Use DC curve for your calculations.

#### PARTS LIST-AC SWITCH

All resistors 1/2 watt, 10%, unless otherwise noted R1-R8-390 ohms, 1/4 watt, 5% R9-R16-180 ohms R17-R24-2400 ohms or 1200 ohms (see note below) R25-R32-10 ohms Capacitors C1-C8, C17-0.1 µF or 0.2 µF (see note below) C9-C16-0.1 #F Semiconductors IC1-IC8-MOC3011 optoisolated triac driver (Motorola) IC9-IC16-2N6349A or eqivalent triac IC17, IC18-74125 quad bus buffer Miscellaneous: PC board, heatsinks (8), hardware, etc. Note: The part numbers above are related to those given in the text and in Fig. 1 as follows: R1-R8 = R1, R9-R16 = R2, R17-R24 = either R3 or R5, R25-R32 = R4.

C1-C8 = either C1 or C3, C9-C16 = C2.

the card so that extra triacs and heat sinks can easily be employed.

#### Construction

Construction is relatively simple

because the circuit is so straightforward. On his prototype, the author used 2N6349A devices. Since the typical gate current ( $I_{GT}$ ) for this triac can be as high as 25 mA, it is clas-

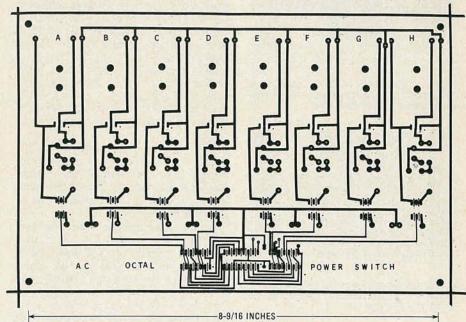


FIG. 4—AC CONTROLLER is built using an easily laid out PC board.

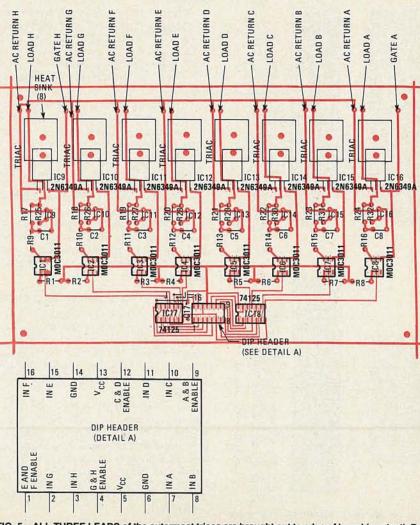


FIG. 5—ALL THREE LEADS of the outermost triacs are brought out to edge of board (see text). Detail "A" shows pinout of DIP header for connection to computer.

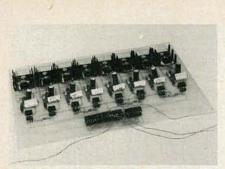


FIG. 6-CONNECTION to the AC controller is made through DIP header. Ribbon cable may be used instead of individual wires

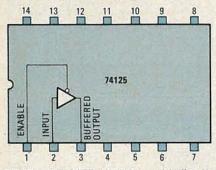
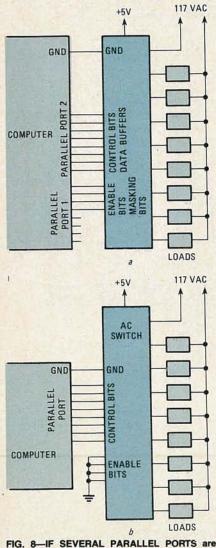


FIG. 7-ONE GATE of 74125 quad buffer. No output will be obtained unless both INPUT and ENABLE are at logic "O".



available at computer, use hookup shown in a; with only one port, use that in b.

sified as a non-sensitive gate type, and the circuit from Fig. 1-b was used.

If you have a sensitive-gate triac with similar pinouts (on the 2N6349A, pin 1 is main terminal 1, pin 2 is main terminal 2, pin 3 is the gate, and the tab is connected to pin 2), then use the resistor/capacitor values recommended for that gate-current range. (Refer back to Fig. 1-a.) And if only resistive loads-such as toasters, lamps, and coffee pots-are to be used, then you may omit capacitors C1 and C2 along with resistors R3 and R4 and install a jumper in place of resistor R3 as shown in Fig. 1-c.

The circuit uses a single-sided PC board, whose foil pattern is given in Fig. 4. It is quite simple to fabricate; but for those who don't have the facilities, a source for the etched board is given in the parts list.

When installing the triacs on the printed circuit card as per Fig. 5, use a liberal amount of thermal grease between the triac and its heat sink. Also, make sure that the fins of each heat sink clear the fins of its neighbor. The optoisolated triac drivers may be soldered to the board or plugged into sockets. Make sure they are oriented as shown

After all the components have been installed and soldered into place perform a final inspection. Use Figs. 5 and 6 to check your work. Now connect a TTL driver, a 74125, to one of the input lines via the DIP header (refer to Fig. 5).

At the appropriate triac output connect the common AC line via a fuse to one wire of a line cord; from the other AC output line run a wire to an appropriate load. Connect the other terminal of the load to the remaining line-cord wire. Plug the line cord into an AC outlet. By toggling the input of the 74125 driver, the AC load should be turned on and off. Repeat that procedure for the other seven power switches. Be careful-the output portion of this circuit has live 117-volt AC power!

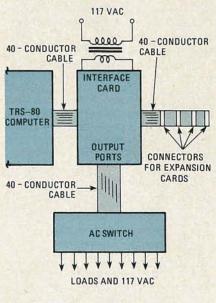
#### Interfacing to a computer output port

The AC switch is connected to the computer by means of the 16-pin DIP header located between the two 74125's. A control-bit input for each of the eight triacs is provided for, as well as four enable bits-one enable bit for each pair of triacs.

The reason for using two bits (control and enable) for each triac is, primarily, for the sake of security. Even if the computer outputs a control bit to turn on a given triac, the triac will not turn on until an enable signal is also sent. Figure 7 shows one section of a 74125 and Fig. 5 illustrates the DIP header configuration.

Figure 8-a shows the best way to control the AC switch, using two 8-bit parallel ports. One port sends out the control (input) bits for the triacs you want to turn on, and half of the other is used to send the enable bits for those triacs.

If your computer has only a single parallel port, you'll have to do things somewhat differently. That port will



NOTES:

+5 VOLT POWER FOR AC SWITCH IS ON PINS 37 & 39. OUTPUT PORT ENABLE LINES MUST BE GROUNDED

FIG. 9—INTERFACE CARD allows AC controller to be used with TRS-80 while providing buffering for addition of other boards.

#### PARTS LIST-TRS-80 INTERFACE

Resistors, 1/4 watt, 5% R1, R2-2200 ohms R3-100 ohms Capacitors C1—100  $\mu$ F, 25 volts, electrolytic C2, C3—2.2  $\mu$ F, 20 volts, tantalum C4-C8, C10-.01 µF C9-100 pF Semiconductors D1-D4-1N4003 IC1-74LS30 IC2-7805 five-volt regulator IC3, IC5, IC6-74LS244 IC4-74LS04 IC7-74LS245 IC8, IC9-74LS364 IC10-74LS15 IC11-74LS02 IC12-74LS25 Miscellaneous: PC board, IC sockets, 40-pin ribbon-cable sockets (3), ribbon cable with connectors, hardware, etc.

The following are available from Quest-Star Electronics Co., 5412 Burntwood Way, Las Vegas, NV 89108: AC SWITCH: Kit of all parts \$115, PC board only \$14.95, MOC3011 \$5.50 each.

TRS-80 INTERFACE: Kit of all parts (except case and cables) \$102.75, PC board only \$21.95. Cables are about \$20 eachwrite for exact prices. Please add \$1.75 for shipping and

handling. Nevada residents add 31/2% tax.

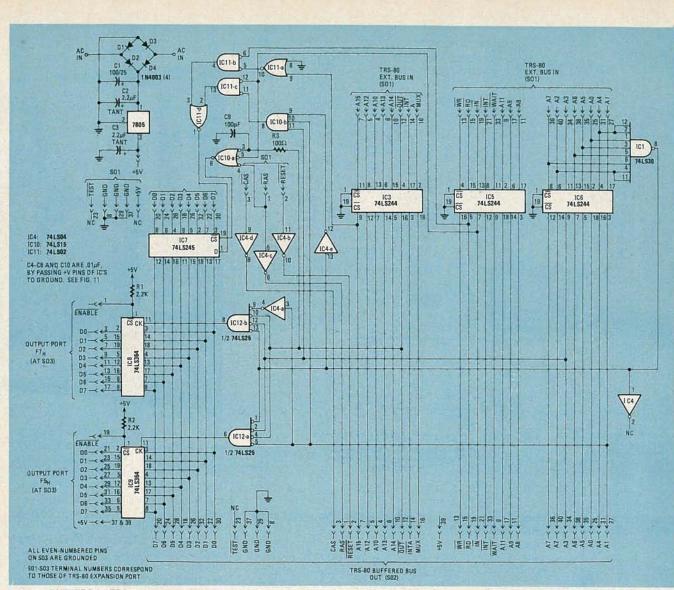


FIG. 10—BUFFERS on TRS-80 interface card prevent loading down computer's unbuffered port. Bars over signal designations indicate logic "O" control signals.

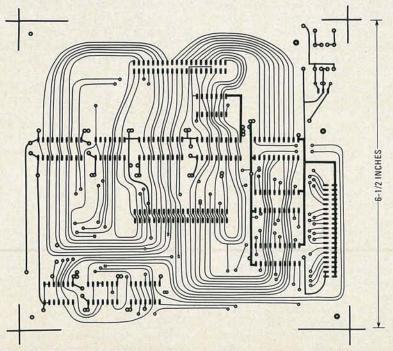


FIG. 11-SINGLE-SIDED PC BOARD is used for construction of TRS-80 buffered interface.

be used to send the control (input) bits, but all the triacs will be permanently enabled by tying the ENABLE lines at the DIP header to ground. (The 74125 will not pass a signal—such as a control bit—unless the ENABLE line is low.) Any bit-masking—making sure that only the bits you want the computer to output actually are—will have to be done in software, rather than through use of the ENABLE lines. That approach is illustrated in Fig. 8-b.

#### Interfacing the AC switch to a TRS-80

The Radio Shack TRS-80 computer has no external I/O ports to use for interfacing with the AC switch card, but it *does* have an external bus. Unfortunately, the bus is only rated for a single TTL load, but it's adequate if you only want to drive a single IC, and in our case we could do just that. You will probably want to use that bus for further expansion of the system, though. To accomplish that, you'll have to add output ports and buffer the external bus. Figure 9 shows how the final hookup would appear. A schematic of the TRS-80 bus

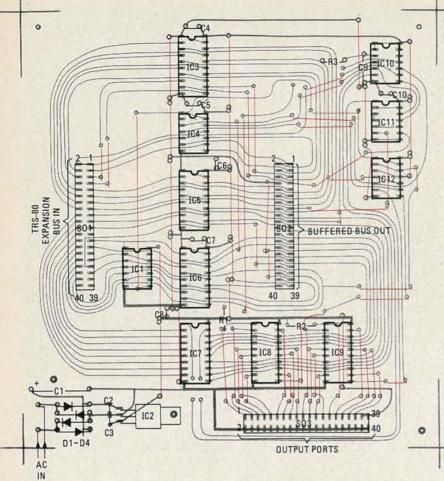


FIG. 12—EXTENSIVE USE OF JUMPERS makes single-sided design possible. They should be the first parts installed. One-ampere, 8 to 12-volt transformer is required.

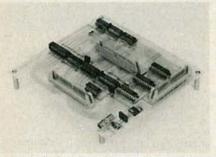


FIG. 13—USE THE TRS-80 INTERFACE as shown or, better, enclose it in a protective case for security.

buffer and output-port expansion circuit is presented in Fig. 10. It isn't as complex as it looks. Basically, each line coming in from the TRS-80 expansion port has a buffered counterpart leaving the interface board. The data lines are buffered bidirectionally, so that data can flow in both directions. Since the TRS-80 already uses the lower 32K of memory and I/O port FF (hex), the interface board is set up to permit only data transfers to and from the upper 32K of memory, and to use the remaining 255 I/O ports. The two output ports used for the AC switch are F5 and F7 (hex), using IC9 and IC8, respectively.

The foil pattern for that board is shown in Fig. 11, although an alreadyprepared board is available (see parts list). A parts-placement guide is given in Fig. 12. The board requires a number of jumpers, being single-sided, and those should be installed first. The IC sockets may then be mounted and, after that, the resistors and capacitors. When they have all been soldered in place, the three 40-pin ribbon-cable sockets can be installed. Finally, insert the IC's into their sockets and doublecheck everything.

You may want to add feet or legs to the board, or mount it in an aluminum chassis box, to prevent anything from shorting out on the bottom. The completed board should look like the one in Fig. 13. The board is powered by an outboard 8- to 12-volt transformer, rated at about one amp.

You will need three 40-conductor ribbon cables to attach the board to the computer and AC switch, and to provide expansion capabilities. Their connection is shown in Fig. 9, referred to earlier.

Whether you use this AC controller with a large computer, a TRS-80 or a single-board, dedicated control system, it will serve you well. **R-E** 



MANY THINGS WITHIN A TV SET CAN INterfere with its picture. Unfortunately, there are several things that can interfere with the picture from *outside*, too! It won't help to tear down a set looking for trouble that's coming in from outside. You must be able to recognize outside interference when you see it.

Outside interference (TVI) is generally lumped under the term *noise* random-frequency signals generated by electrical apparatus, or even power lines themselves. That is normally *radiated* into the TV antenna. It's possible for some to get in by way of the AC line cord (conduction), but that seldom happens; most of it is radiation.

Luckily there's a simple test that will separate internal from external noise. Just try another TV set. If you see the same symptoms on a second screen, the problem is definitely external. That is a useful test for sets on master-antenna systems in apartments, etc. As an alternative, check with neighbors to see if they're having the same kind of trouble.

A few interference problems can be caused by simultaneous troubles in and outside the set. Here again, a substitute TV set will help you separate them. The photos in this article show the typical appearance of each major noise source. Your picture may not look exactly like those, but if you check the basic *pattern* characteristics, you'll be a long way toward identifying the cause.

#### AC line noise

If the screen shows two lines of dots, which may float up or down, that means

## TV INTERFERENCE CAUSES and CURES

Nobody's immune to TVI. In most cases, though, there's a simple cure, if you know the cause. Some of the situations you're likely to encounter are described in this article, together with suggestions for combatting them.

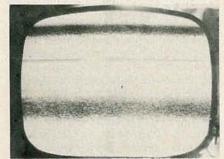


FIG. 1—DOUBLE LINES of hash indicate 120-Hz rate of AC power-line noise.

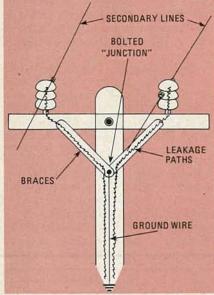


FIG. 2—LEAKAGE PATHS develop on line-pole hardware and generate RFI.

that the source is a 120Hz signal (see Fig. 1). That is often due to loose or faulty hardware on a pole carrying the

#### JACK DARR SERVICE EDITOR

secondary AC lines. It's often called "line noise," but a more accurate name is "hardware noise."

Figure 2 shows the cause: A small leakage path has formed from the line, over or through the insulator, to the crossarm, and down the metal brackets to the ground wire. Industrial smog deposits, etc., with high carbon content can cause that. The plated metal hardware can oxidize and form tiny "rectifiers" at points where it is bolted together. That can cause noise by a form of "diode oscillation."

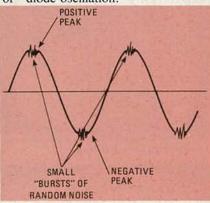


FIG. 3—RF BURSTS of random noise occur twice in each 60-Hz AC line cycle.

The 120-Hz pattern is due to the fact that leakage is greatest at the peak of each half-cycle. If you could see the waveform, it would look like Fig. 3. The small RF "bursts" on the peak of each half-cycle have frequency components in all bands up through the VHF TV bands.

For a quick check, disconnect the antenna. If the noise disappears, that's it. If the set has a directional antenna with a rotator, turn it. You'll generally find one direction where the noise is stronger. If so, the antenna is aimed directly at the noise source. Two antennas like that, several blocks apart, get a very accurate bearing on the noise location. Draw lines on a map; where they cross, that's the source.

In cases of severe interference, use a car radio. Set the tuner to about 800 kHz, off station, and turn the volume up. Listen for a loud, buzzing roar. Cruise the area and when you find a place where that noise can be heard over the entire dial very loudly, you're very near the source. If the noise peaks at around 800 kHz, you're still quite a way off.

Report such interference to the power company. They will send a crew out to find the offending pole, clean it up and tighten the hardware. A second clue to that type of noise is that it will disappear or be drastically reduced in wet weather. The moisture provides a much lower resistance path for the leakage, and it doesn't generate so much RF hash. If that type of noise gets much worse in wet weather, there is a cracked insulator somewhere on a secondary line. The water makes a path through the crack, setting up a heavy arcing and generating strong RF interference. TVI like that has caused problems at distances of up to five miles.

Figure 4 shows a similar type of interference, often mistaken for hardware noise. Notice, however, that the pattern is different. That type of TVI is due to an old fluorescent lamp without RFI fil-



FIG. 4—FLUORESCENT LAMPS without filters can cause this type of problem.

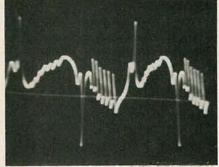


FIG. 5—SCOPE PROBE held near radiating lamp revealed this jagged waveform.

tering. The scope waveform in Fig. 5 shows why. It was picked up on a probe held *near* the bulb.

Interference often found if the antenna is near, or pointing across, a busy highway is shown in Fig. 6. That is ignition noise from old cars and trucks. It will show up as a jittering display of dashes, sometimes in heavy horizontal bars. The TVI will often be accompanied by a buzzing roar. Later-model cars with suppressors in the ignition will not cause that trouble.

If one of the lead-in interference filters on the market doesn't stop it, there's really only one cure: Move away from the highway! The noise is picked up by the *antenna*, not by the lead-in, so shielded cable won't help. A test was run on two antenna test towers. One tower had no antenna mounted at the time, only a lead-in all the way to the top. The tower with the antenna picked up the noise, but another TV set connected only to the lead-in didn't. Aiming the antenna directly away from the highway got rid of almost all noise.

Figure 7 shows a puzzling type of intermittent interference. There will be a high-frequency beat in the picture, usually jittering quite rapidly. This type of interference may also cause a color picture to (temporarily) revert to blackand-white. There may be squawks in the sound. That happens at irregular intervals and lasts only about 15—30 sec.

The cause is simple: You're picking up the high-powered FM transmitter of a passing police car. That signal is often in the 40-50-MHz band, and will be picked up directly, by the TV set's IF stages. In some cases, tuner crossmodulation will cause beats to get through to the IF. Ordinarily, that will happen only when the police cruiser is transmitting within about 1/4 mile of the antenna and in front of it. It doesn't happen often enough to be really annoying, but many viewers want an explanation.

A similar kind of interference can be generated by nearby CB or amateur radio transmitters. You'll also get a herringbone pattern, but the audio may be a littler clearer. A good high-pass filter installed at the TV set's antenna terminals will usually clear up the problem.

#### The Fake-Outs

A confusing kind of trouble can be caused by faulty power supplies in home antenna boosters, master antenna systems and even CATV line amplifiers. That is not, strictly speaking, "noise," but is due to hum-modulation of the RF signal. The same symptoms can be produced by a heater-cathode short in the RF amplifier, mixer tube, or even the



FIG. 6—IGNITION NOISE from vehicles without suppressors may cause this.

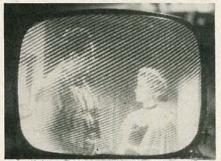


FIG. 7—FM TRANSMITTERS in police cars may cause occasional interference.



FIG. 8—S-BENDING in picture due to hum modulation of RF signal. Low-value capacitor in a booster caused distortion.

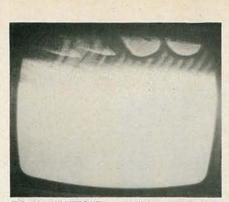


FIG. 9—WHITEOUT caused by severe hum modulation. An open-filter capacitor in antennabooster power supply was source.

IF tubes. Also, AC ripple in the power supply to RF stages in transistor TV sets will cause that problem.

In mild cases, the picture will show severe S-bending, as in Fig. 8. If the hum is bad enough, half of the screen may be blacked out or whited out as in Fig. 9. Again, try a different TV set. If it shows the same symptoms, the trouble is in the input signal. Rabbit-ear antennas can be used in secondary areas, or any place where you can get even a bad picture on them. However, if the picture is clean with no hum bars, the trouble isn't in the set itself.

In some cases the picture will not show hum bars without an input signal; disconnecting the antenna leaves a clean raster. Of course, if you can see hum bars without the antenna, then the problem is definitely in the set.

Tube-type boosters generally have the power supply in the top unit. So, if it shows either 60-Hz or 120-Hz hum, lower the antenna. Solid-state boosters usually have the DC power supply in the bottom unit, making things much easier. Figures 8 and 9 were taken from sets with solid-state boosters. In Fig. 8, the filter capacitor was low in value; in Fig. 9, the capacitor was completely open.

Master-antenna systems, with fullwave bridge rectifiers or full-wave rectifiers in their DC power supply, can produce a 120-Hz ripple in the picture. At times, that will make two dark bars across the picture similar to hardware noise but quite a bit sharper and more distinct.

If the fault is in one of the line amplifiers, all TV sets fed from that amplifier will be affected. If the fault is in one of the head-end amplifiers at the antenna, all sets in the system will be affected. If tube amplifiers are still used, heater-cathode shorts in any of the amplifier tubes will cause a 60-Hz hum bar to appear on the screens of all sets after that amplifier.

When you see any of those particular symptoms in a TV picture, check out the antenna and any external noise. That can save hauling a set to the shop only to find it works perfectly. **R-E** 

# The Ins & Outs Of Interfacing System Components

If you're the owner of a stereo system using separate components, here's the way to get it all together.

THE ALL-IN-ONE HOME RADIO-PHONOgraph console began to give way to separate audio components just about 30 years ago; and today, almost anyone who wants a high-quality music reproduction system at home will select either a set of individual components or, at the very least, a group of components chosen by a single manufacturer and sometimes referred to as a compact system. For those who choose separate components, the number of possible combinations and choices is awesome. And even if the neophyte chooses a set of components in which each element is compatible with every other one, the problem of correct or optimum interface still looms.

#### System options

The simplest stereo component system, both in terms of hookup and in terms of ultimate use is one that uses an integrated receiver as its central component. The components of a basic system using a receiver are shown in Fig. 1. The receiver includes three basic sections, each of which might also have been purchased as a separate component: a tuner (usually AM and FM), a preamplifier control section (that combines the needed extra amplification required for phonograph record reproduction and the controls and switches required for program selection and signal processing), and a power amplifier that further steps up the signals to directly drive a pair of loudspeakers.

Since all three sections of a receiver can be built as separate components, it follows logically that another approach to component assembly would be to purchase a separate tuner and a separate integrated amplifier (which combines the preamplifier/control circuitry and

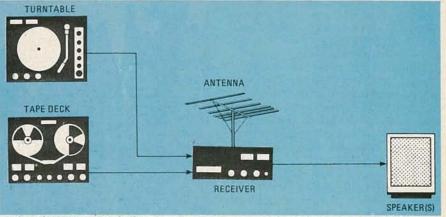


FIG. 1—BASIC HI-FI SYSTEM uses a receiver as its main component. The receiver contains the tuner, preamplifier, and power amplifier.

the power amplifier circuitry on a single chassis). A diagram illustrating the basic hookup using those two main components plus a variety of possible program sources is shown in Fig. 2.

Finally, the most elaborate approach to component-system assembly, shown in Fig. 3, uses a separate tuner, a separate preamplifier/control unit, and a separate power amplifier. Such systems generally cost the most (for a given level of system-power and control features) but also offer a great degree of flexibility and the oportunity to upgrade one element of the system at a later date without having to discard all of the electronic componentry of the system.

#### Matching the electronics

In the case of a system that uses a receiver as its central component, there is little or nothing that the user need do about interface between the integrated sections of that receiver. You hope that the designers and manufacturers will have seen to it that when you switch from one program source to another (e.g. from phono to tuner), loudness levels will not change dramatically, nor will signal-to-noise ratios or overall distortion levels. If, however, the system involves a separate tuner, plus an integrated amplifier (Fig. 2), or a preamplifier and amplifier (Fig. 3), it is advisable to consider the input-level/output-level relationships of the different components.

LEONARD FELDMAN CONTRIBUTING HI-FI EDITOR

If the tuner is equipped with its own output-level control, then you can easily adjust the tuner output levels so that they match the input-level requirements of the integrated amplifier or the preamplifier. Let's illustrate with a couple of examples. Suppose that an integrated amplifier has a tuner-input sensitivity of 150 millivolts (stated in the specification sheet for the product) for rated output. This means that, with the volume control fully clockwise on the amplifier, a signal input of 150 millivolts applied to the tuner-input jacks will produce full rated power into the speakers connected to the amplifier.

Now suppose that the tuner being used is equipped with its own outputlevel control and that with that level control turned fully up, the tuner-signal output level will be 1.0 volt. If you were to operate the tuner with its control to maximum, the chances are very good that you would have to lower the master volume control on the amplifier to a point where other program sources, such as phonograph cartridge, would sound too quiet when switching over to them. On the other hand, if you turn down the level control on the tuner too far, you will find that you have to turn up the master volume control on your amplifier to too high a setting, thereby increasing residual noise and hum levels and again requiring readjustment (this time downward) of the control when switching to other program sources.

The ideal setting of the tuner's outputlevel control is somewhere between those two extremes, and a good way to determine just where that is is to experiment by switching to the other most-often used program source (phono, in most cases) and adjusting the tuner's level control until the loudness level from records or FM broadcasts is virtually the same.

It follows that if the separate tuner you intend to buy is not equipped with a level control of its own, you should attempt to purchase a tuner whose rated output is not greatly in excess of, or less than, the rated input sensitivity of the associated amplifier or preamplifier. The same rule applies to the purchase of a tape deck, if such a deck is not equipped with its own output-level controls. Don't confuse record-level controls on a tape deck with outputlevel controls. The former are, of course, present on even the least expensive tape decks, while the outputlevel control is generally found only on medium to higher priced machines.

#### Phono cartridge selection

The most important, and most often used program source in any stereo highfidelity system remains the phonograph record. To be sure, the LP vinyl record of today is but the forerunner of possible digitally recorded, optically tracked discs of the future; but for the moment, at least, selection and proper installation of a phonograph cartridge is of vital importance in assembling any hi-fi component system. And while choosing a phono cartridge to suit your system includes intelligent selection of its outputlevel rating, there are many other criteria by which a phono cartridge should be judged.

Let's take a look at the simpler problem of output levels first. Movingmagnet cartridges (the type most widely used in hi-fi systems) will have rated output levels ranging from about 1.0 to 5.0 millivolts or even a bit higher for a

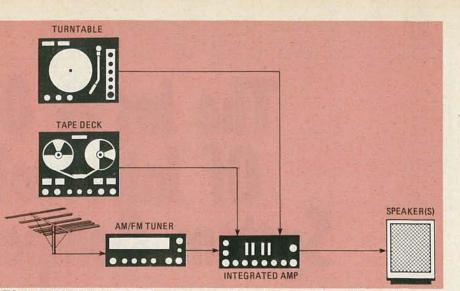


FIG. 2—INTEGRATED AMPLIFIER contains preamplifier and power amplifier. In this case, the tuner is an additional component.

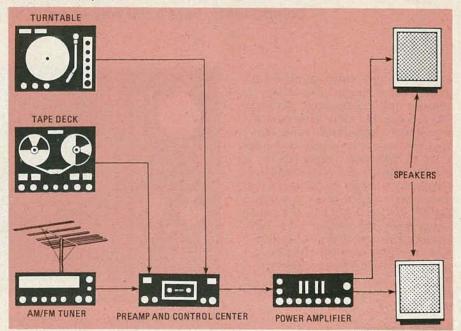


FIG. 3—THE MOST VERSATILE hi-fi system consists of a separate tuner, amplifier, and preamplifier. That approach lets you upgrade any individual portion of the system.

reference groove-modulation velocity of 3.54 cm-per-second. The specifications given for an integrated amplifier or a preamplifier will include a phonoinput sensitivity. If that sensitivity is referenced to full output of the component, it may range from around 1.0 to 3.0 millivolts.

In choosing a phono cartridge, it is a good idea to choose one whose nominal output is somewhat higher than the rated sensitivity of the phono-input stage of the preamp or amplifier with which it will be used. If the nominal output of the selected cartridge is *less* than the rated input sensitivity of the component to which it is connected, you may have difficulty driving the system close to its rated output and may find yourself always turning up the master volume control of the amplifier close to its highest setting.

There is another aspect to this

matching problem that should be considered, and that is the matter of possible phono-stage overload. If you select a cartridge having an output that is too high, it is possible that when peaks in a musical selection are traced by the stylus, the output of the cartridge may be so great as to overload the lowlevel input stages of the preamplifier circuitry. Typically, the loudest moments in a recording may be 20 or more dB greater than the nominal levels of that same recording. With today's greater dynamic ranges of recordings recorded from digital master tapes, or by the popular direct-to-disc methods, the differences between average levels and peak levels may even be greater: 30 or 40 dB. A change in level of 30 dB represents a voltage difference of around 30 to 1, so that a cartridge having a nominal output rating of 3 millivolts may well deliver 90 to 100 millivolts under peak-signal conditions. It is important that the preamplifier or amplifier selected for use with such a high-output cartridge be able to handle such highinput voltages without producing overload distortion.

More important than the level matching of a phono cartridge to its associated electronic equipment is the proper loading of that cartridge. Most phono-input stages provide a resistive termination for moving magnet cartridges of 47,000 ohms, a value that is perfectly suitable for 99% of currently available moving magnet pickups. However, that type of cartridge also requires a very specific amount of capacitance to be placed across each channel output pair of terminals. The value of that capacitance may range from a low of around 100 pF to a high of 600 pF or more per channel.

Although the manufacturer of the cartridge nearly always specifies the optimum value of capacitance with which his product should be loaded, few users bother to insure that the cartridge is properly loaded capacitively. Yet the variation in response, particularly at the high-frequency end

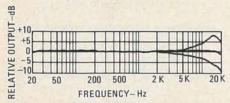


FIG. 4—A PHONO CARTRIDGE must be properly loaded to obtain optimum response. The frequency-response curve shows the effect of too little (top curve) and too much (bottom curve) load capacitance. of the spectrum, that can occur because of errors in cartridge loading can be quite severe, as illustrated in the frequency-response plots of Fig. 4. The upper curve shows a severe peak in the high-frequency response of a cartridge that requires 500 pF of loading capacitance per channel but has only 100 or 150 pF of capacitance across its terminals. The center curve is for a properly terminated cartridge while the low curve, which shows a sharp attenuation of high frequencies, is for a cartridge which required only 200 pF of loading capacitance but which was loaded with more than 500 pF of capacitance per channel.

The audio cables normally supplied with turntable systems have a given number of picofarads (pF) of capacitance per foot, and most users of turntable/cartridge systems rely solely upon the cable-associated capacitance to properly load their cartridges. Capacitance per foot may vary greatly, however, from one type of shielded audio cable to another. More often than not, the retail salesperson will not be able to tell you how much capacitance is being contributed by the included audio cables, but that information is now more often found in the owner's manual that accompanies your turntable.

If the information cannot be obtained from the owner's manual or by writing a letter to the manufacturer of the turntable system, the only alternative is to purchase or borrow a low-cost capacitance meter. The Heath Company offers an inexpensive RLC Bridge, *model IB*-5281, in kit form for under \$40.00. Besides enabling you to read values of

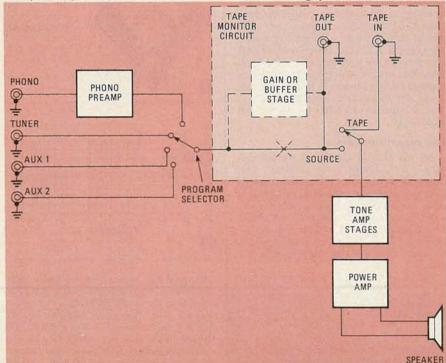


FIG. 5—THE TAPE-MONITOR CIRCUIT is actually a point of access to the signal path within the preamplifier. Although originally used for connecting a tape deck, many signal processors and add-on accessories are connected to the hi-fi system at this point. capacitance from 10 pF to  $10 \,\mu$ F, it can also serve as an accurate bridge for measuring inductance and resistance.

To measure the capacitance of audio cables and internal pickup-arm wiring (the two must be considered together. as one overall loading value of capacitance) be sure to remove the cartridge from the pickup arm and make certain that there is no continuity between the outer shield and the inner conductor of the audio cable/pickup arm wiring. In most cases, the small amount of parallel capacitance that exists at the phono inputs of the amplifier or preamplifier can be ignored, but if you want to add that amount in to your calculations, this low value of parallel capacitance can be measured separately and added to the results obtained when measuring the combined audio cable/pickup arm wiring capacitance.

If the total capacitance-per-channel is less than the amount required for proper cartridge loading, it is a simple matter to wire a fixed capacitance across the input jacks of the preamplifier or amplifier to make up the difference. If the total capacitance measured is greater than that required for your cartridge, you may be able to obtain audio cables having lower capacitance-per-foot than the cables supplied, or you may be able to shorten the cable lengths between the turntable system and the phono inputs on your preamplifier or amplifier or receiver. If that is not possible, your only remaining alternative is to purchase a cartridge whose capacitanceloading requirements are consistent with the minimum loading capacitance which you are able to achieve with your existing cables and turntable.

#### Room for expansion—the tape-monitor switch

Originally intended as a simple circuit-interruption point so that a tape deck could be interposed in the signal path of a high-fidelity component system, the tape-monitor circuit on your amplifier, preamplifier or receiver has become an important access point to the system. It is at this access point that a growing variety of add-on components can be connected, thereby increasing the effectiveness of the system itself. In another article in this series, we will examine the many accessory items that can be connected to a hi-fi system via this useful circuit point and unscramble the mystery of which of the many signal processors goes ahead of which other ones. For the moment, however, it is important to understand just how a tape monitor in/out system works and where it is positioned in the signal path.

As shown in Fig. 5, the tape monitorcircuit or circuits (some receivers and amplifiers may have two or even three such complete circuits) is nothing more *continued on page 111*  **IOVEMBER 1980** 

## REAL SOUND



### Shure Bros. Model M97HE Phono Cartridge

**1 CIRCLE 108 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD** 

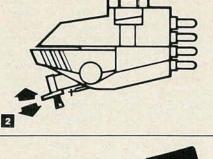
SINCE SHURE BROTHERS INTRODUCED THEIR popular V-15 Type IV cartridge a couple of years ago, the design innovations incorporated into that pickup have been praised by audio testers and consumers alike. That state-of-theart cartridge now carries a suggested retail price of 165.00—a price that even the affluent audiophile may find a bit beyond his reach.

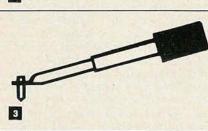
More recently, Shure announced their M97 ERA IV series of more moderately priced cartridges. All the models in this series incorporate many of the design innovations previously found only in the company's V15 Type IV. The top cartridge in the new series is the model M97HE, shown in Fig. 1. Two of the features carried over from the Type IV design into all of the M97 cartridges are a viscous-damped dynamic stabilizer (visible in the photo of Fig. 1) and a telescoped stylus-shank structure.

The viscous-damped dynamic stabilizer minimizes or completely eliminates recordwarp related problems such as fluctuating tracking force, groove skipping, cartridge bottoming, signal wow, and even amplifier or speaker overload, according to Shure Brothers. The entire stabilizer, suspended from two viscous bearings, acts much like a shock absorber to maintain a constant cartridge-to-record distance and uniform tracking force, even on severely warped records. In addition, the viscous-damped stabilizer tends to attenuate pickup-arm/cartridge resonance effects. A second benefit derived from the stabilizer is its ability to discharge static build-up on record surfaces while sweeping away dust particles. A line drawing of the dynamic stabilizer used in the cartridge is shown in Fig. 2.

A unique telescoped-stylus shank, as illustrated in Fig. 3, is standard on the M97HE cartridge. According to Shure, that telescoped-stylus shank structure reduces effective mass of the stylus assembly without sacrificing strength, and thereby helps to improve trackability in the mid- and high-frequency range.

The hyperelliptical stylus used in the M97HE is also carried over from the V15 Type IV design and, again according to Shure, is designed to provide an optimized contact area within the record groove to reduce both





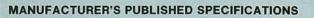
harmonic and intermodulation distortion.

Another new and important feature of all the M97 Series cartridges is the stylus protection provided by the viscous-damped stabilizer, as well as a new development called the *Side-Guard*. The stabilizer protects the stylus against vertical impact, while the Side Guard, shown in Fig. 4, protects against stylus damage sometimes caused by sliding a cartridge across the surface of a record or by hitting the edge of a record. If that happens to the M97HE cartridge, the entire stylus assembly withdraws into the stylus housing before the stylus is bent or distorted.

#### Lab measurements

For our tests of the Shure M97HE cartridge, we mounted it in an SME 3009 Improved pickup arm. We chose a tracking force of 1 gram but it should be noted that to achieve that downward tracking force it is necessary to calibrate the system for 1.5 grams. That is because the action of the dynamic stabilizer in effect subtracts 0.5 grams from the downward force, for a *net* tracking force of 1 gram.

We found that flattest frequency response

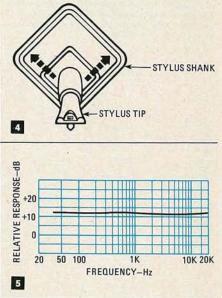


Frequency Response: 20 Hz to 20 kHz (no tolerance given). Channel Separation, 1 kHz: Better than 20 dB. Stylus Tip Type: hyperelliptical. Tracking Force Range: 0.75 to 1.5 grams. Output at 3.54 cm/sec, 1 kHz: 4.0 millivolts. Optimum Load Resistance: 47,000 ohms. DC Resistance: 1550 ohms. Inductance: 700 millihenries. Cartridge Weight: 6.4 grams. Suggested Retail Price: \$112.50



LEN FELDMAN

CONTRIBUTING HI-FI EDITOR

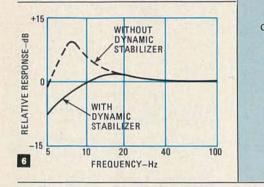


(shown in Fig. 5) was obtained under those conditions with a capacitance load of 300 pF in addition to the usual 47,000 ohms of resistive loading. The frequency response of the M97HE, as measured using a CBS Test Record (STR-130) was totally free of any major irregularities in the audio range and varied by no more than +0.5 dB and -1.0 dB from 20 Hz to 20,000 Hz.

Additional major performance measurements are listed in Table 1. Besides the mea-

surements shown, we were anxious to determine the benefits, if any, of the dynamic stabilizer. For those experiments, we used a CBS STR-120 test record. The M97HE cartridge was once again mounted in the SME pickup arm and, with that combination, arm/cartridge resonance occurred at around 8 Hz or so. When resonance was hit, it was clear that the arm/cartridge combination exhibited a significant amount of vertical oscillation (as would any arm/cartridge combination) when the dynamic stabilizer was pivoted out of the way and not used. When that section of the test record was played again, with the dynamic stabilizer in place, it was equally clear that the amount of vertical vibration of the arm/cartridge combination diminished considerably. Since it was not possible for us to measure those differences quantitatively we rely upon information supplied by Shure regarding the actual reduction of arm/cartridge resonance. Figure 6, supplied to us by Shure Brothers, shows what happens with and without the dynamic stabilizer. The lowered output (solid line) indicates that the dynamic stabilizer reduced the amplitude of oscillation at resonance. Conditions of the test were the same as those conducted in our own laboratory and, since we observed the same sort of improvement as is depicted in this graph, we are willing to accept Shure's results insofar as to the degree of improvement.

The trackability of an M97HE has also been plotted by Shure Brothers, as shown in Fig. 7, across the entire audio spectrum as well as in the sub-audible spectrum in terms of peak



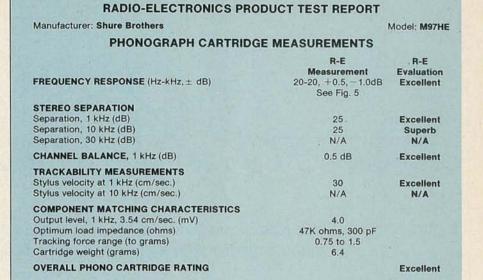


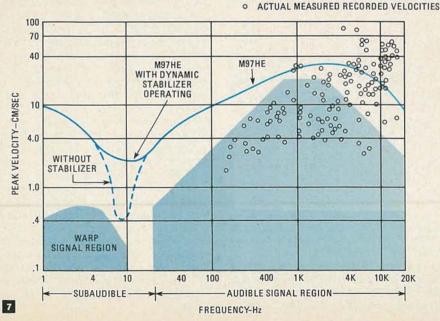
TABLE 1

### TABLE 2

## **OVERALL PRODUCT ANALYSIS**

Retail price Price category Price/performance ratio Styling and appearance Sound quality Mechanical performance \$112.50 Medium/High Excellent Excellent Superb Excellent

Comments: Since the *M97HE* cartridge is basically a "spin off" from Shure Brothers' higher-priced V-15 Type IV pickup, we were interested in finding out how the lower-priced unit compared, in terms of sound reproduction and mechanical characteristics, with the higher-priced predecessor. Frequency response characteristics proved to be virtually the same and, in blindfold listening tests we and our invited listening panel were hard-pressed to tell which cartridge was which. Only when we compared measured trackability did we find any substantial differences between the two cartridges. The *V15 Type IV*, as might be expected, did a bit better in that regard, being able to handle higher velocities at 1.0 gram than the *M97HE* was able to do at 1.25 grams of downward tracking force. There are few records, however, where those differences would show up audibly. The fact that Shure was able to incorporate their dynamic stabilizer as well as their low-mass ultra-rigid stylus cantilever construction in this lower-priced cartridge makes it a very worthwhile investment for those audio enthusiasts who can't quite afford Shure's top-of-the-line unit.



## THEORETICAL RECORDED VELOCITIES

velocity at the stylus tip. Trackability shown is for a downward tracking force of 1 gram. The ability to track high-recorded velocities is shown by the solid-line curve in the diagram. Theoretical and actual measured maximum recorded velocities are also shown and, at a 1-gram tracking force, it will be noted that there are still some high-energy high-frequency peaks that cannot be successfully tracked. As Shure points out, however, at slightly higher forces, (maximum recommended force is 1.5 grams), even more of those unusually highvelocity groove modulations can be successfully tracked.

## Summary

In our listening tests, we were pleased with the uncolored and clean sound delivered by the Shure M97HE cartridge playing a wide variety of lately-made digitally mastered discs. The M97HE offers many of the benefits of the more expensive V15 Type IV and the only sacrifice that seems to be inherent in choosing the lower-priced cartridge is somewhat lower ultimate trackability for a given downward tracking force. Our own evaluation of this new cartridge suggests that it merits an R.E.A.L. rating of Superb. **R-E** 

## CAPPLICATIONS

## µA783

AUDIO AMPLIFIER

Little IC's can solve big problems. This uA783 is a dandy audio amplifier with a thousand-and-one applications.

## JIM ESSEX

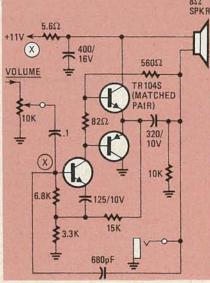
WHEN MANUFACTURERS ANNOUNCED the early "microamplifiers"—about 15 years ago—we thought the millenium had come. Yet, compared to today's offerings, they left a lot to be desired. I recall my first experiment, still, with some trepidation.

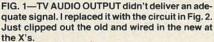
I had a huge heat sink whose giant fins literally leaped out in all directions; and although the "module" itself was about the size of a large overcoat button, we thought miniaturization had at last come. It would put out about  $1\frac{1}{2}$  watts at about the same figure of distortion  $(1\frac{1}{2}\%)$ , which jumped up to 5% if you pushed it for three watts!

The power supply was mounted on a separate chassis and left a lot to be desired, considering that extreme filtering was necessary with a hefty "back-up" in available power. When you considered—all that just to drive that seemingly insignificant "button"—you wondered if we were really heading in the best direction. Now we know. For, archaic as it first appeared, the button has given way to "chips", and the results are more than pleasing.

Look at Fairchild's  $\mu$ A783 IC, for example. In one small, 12-pin, power package less than an inch long and quarter-inch wide and the thickness of a wafer, they've packed a 9-watt capability! And the total harmonic distortion is only 0.3%! What does this mean to music lovers? It means that compact record or tape players are within your reach, now!

For amateur musicians who play an instrument and have become tired of the perennial "pick-up" cord running from your guitar or whatever, you can have the whole package, conceivably, mounted in the instrument. The largest thing about it would be the "heat sink", and even that can be reduced to manageable proportions by using a good-quality





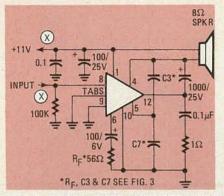


FIG. 2—SIMPLE AUDIO AMPLIFIER BUILT around the  $\mu$ A723. It can also be used in children's phonographs and almost anywhere else a high-level input is available.

copper plate. Either form a "U" affixed to each tab, or bolt it to a frame as part of the PC-board support. (In TV chassis, I have seen ordinary aluminum plate—

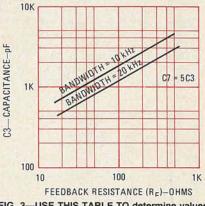


FIG. 3—USE THIS TABLE TO determine values for C3 and C7 in the circuit of Fig. 2.

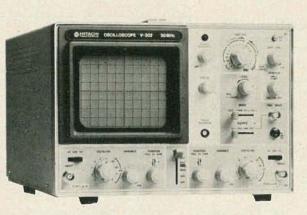
about 1/16" thick—connecting the tabs to the chassis itself for an adequate heat sink.)

Be careful when soldering to the lugs. 260°C is maximum, and if the IC is wired, be sure to choose light wire. I had occasion to hook one up (similar to  $\mu$  A783) in a portable B & W TV that was having difficulty delivering adequate output. I had had no experience with the new IC's, so I used available wire. It proved too "stiff" and, through vibration and handling, the input clip was soon broken. But the "heat sink" worked. That was made merely by bending the clip under a nearby screw. That dissipated the heat into the chassis adequately. The circuit replaced is shown in Fig. 1. I replaced it with the µA783 circuit shown in Fig. 2.

With this versatile IC, other applications will no doubt come to mind. In my case, a once tired-sounding TV has been enhanced with a minimum of trouble. And I'll know what to do with that next portable record player which needs a "lift." Remember, existing loudspeakers can be used, as this IC works superbly into any standard 8- or 16-ohm speaker. **R-E** 

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## Hitachi Oscilloscope V-302 DC-30MHz dual-trace

- 1. TV sync-separator circuit
- 2. High-sensitivity 1mV/div (5MHz).
  - 6. Trace rotation
- 3. Signal delay line
- 4. X-Y operation

\*Probes included.

- 7. Z-axis input
  - (Intensity modulation)

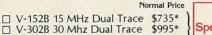
5. Sweep-time magnifier (10 times)

(Also available in single-trace)

- TV sync-separator circuit facilitates rapid video signal measurement.
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- 4. Sweep-time magnifier (10 times) 5. Trace rotation
- 6. Z-axis input (Intensity modulation)
- (Also available in single-trace)



## new ideas

## AUTOMATIC LIGHT CONTROLLER FOR CARPORT

MY WIFE WORKS EVENINGS AND GETS home well after dark. Because no one is at home to greet her upon her return, we used to leave the carport light on for many energy-wasting hours, just so she could avoid tripping over bicycles or stepping on the dog's tail when she returned in the evening.

To save my marriage—and conserve electricity—I devised the following circuit. It is simply a 555 timer IC, operating in the one-shot mode, that is triggered by light striking photoresistors. These normally have a resistance of several megohms but, in the presence of light, that resistance drops to several hundred ohms, permitting current from the sixvolt source to flow in the circuit. The R–C combination shown gives an on-time of about two minutes. Photoresistors PC3 and PC4 are mounted at headlight-height on the carport wall (one for each of our two cars).

Now, when my wife pulls into the car-

6 VOLT SUPPLY

port at night, the headlights illuminate the photoresistor, and the timer starts. That actuates a relay, RY1, in parallel with the carport light switch, and the lights are turned on long enough for her to get safely into the house. The lights are automatically turned off when the timer's two minutes are up.

We also have a push-button switch mounted inside the house and, when we go out at night, that allows us to turn on the outside lights to see our way out to the car, knowing they'll turn themselves off after we've left.

Photoresistors PC1 and PC2 are mounted on the outside of the house where they are in the sun much of the time. That keeps the timer from triggering during daylight hours. Resistors R1 and R2 establish the thresholds for proper on/off control.

My unit has been in service for over a year and has not given me any problems. I've also installed quite a few of these for friends, and they are pleased as can be.

All the components used are stock items.—Ronald Picard

## **NEW IDEAS**

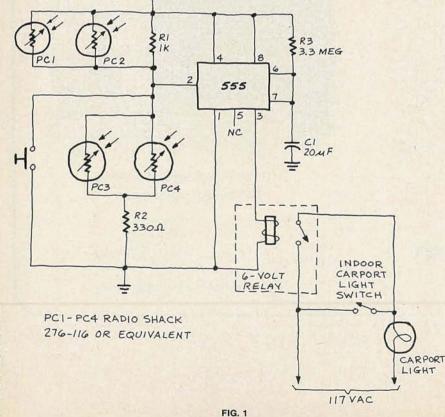
This column is devoted to new ideas, circuits, device applications, construction techniques, helpful hints, etc.

All published entries, upon publication, will earn \$25. In addition, Panavise will donate their model 324 Electronic Work Center, having a value of \$49.95. It combines their circuit-board holder, tray base mount, and solder station (see photo below). Selections will be made at the sole discretion of the editorial staff of Radio-Electronics.



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## NOW! A MINIATURE TELEPHONICS SYSTEM EVEN MA BELL DOESN'T MAKE AVAILABLE.

# FNGFR FONE

The unique Finger Fone brings you advanced solid-state wizardry, with total hands free conversation, speak and listen without lifting a finger. The total communications instrument for home and office.

Imagine you're a design engineer. You've just been assigned to come up with a smaller, simpler-to-use, more streamlined telephone with basic memory that can handle 99% of the ways people actually use a phone on a dayto-day basis.

You have a research laboratory with a support staff at your disposal. Plus access to the latest transistors, memory chips, and microprocessors. And you are given only one limitation: Keep the consumer's cost under \$100.

Now, since you're something of a maverick, your mind is not trapped in the right way / wrong way syndrome. And you were too independent to take that job with the Bell System a while back. Because you didn't want all your ideas to come out "Bell-shaped.'

## THE ANATOMY OF DESIGN

So you set to work - but not with wires, bells and whistles. Because your approach is different: You're going to discover how people actually use a telephone today and then design the instrument from the outside in, basing your conception around real communication needs in a way quite unlike anything ever before achieved.

### INTRODUCING THE FINGER FONE

When you're finished, you realize you've come up with a minor revolution in design! Your new instrument is actually a miniature telephone: the entire unit measures a scant 23/4" wide, 83/4" long, and 23/4" high (at the speaker end), scarcely any bigger than the handset on an ordinary phone. Your Finger Fone has a nearly standard alphanumeric keyboard plus a couple of special benefits we'll get to in a minute. It also has an microphone, omnidirectional volume selector key, automatically control the volume of incoming voices, with four LED indicator lamps to display each volume level, and even a bright red on-off light.

What's more, it plugs into the new miniconnector Ma Bell provides for all its phones these days - with no additional wires for any other power source (which make the Finger Fone unlike those other multi-wire "speaker-phones" that sell for more but do less).



Finger Fone: modular, sophisticated, smarter than your present telephone. Comes with an ivory fascia.

### WHY PICK A PHONE UP EVERY TIME IT RINGS?

Let's face it, your hands are often occupied when the phone rings. So to answer, you've got to stop at least half of what you're doing. With a Finger Fone, all you do is reach out and tap the "On" key with one finger. And since you needn't pick the instrument up, you can place it conveniently on a desk, counter, or table - or hang it on the wall.

### MORE FINGERTIP CONVENIENCE

When Finger Fone announces an incoming call with its pleasant electronic chirp, tap the "On" key and begin speak-If the caller is someone the whole ing. family wants to hear, simply tap the volume control key and select one of the four sound levels and your caller's voice will be audible to everyone in the room. This benefit is great for the office as well, making it possible to replace an ordinary telephone, separate speakerphone, and their complicated controls.

If you wish to speak with complete privacy, press the volume control key for low level volume. Yes, for strictly private calls you'll have to hold Finger Fone up to your ear. You won't mind, however, because the entire unit is a mere 111/4 ounces, just a featherweight more than ordinary telephone handsets.

## YOU HEAR THEM, THEY DON'T HEAR YOU

Need to put your caller on "hold" for a moment? Easy. Tap "hold" key. All five LED indicator lamps will be blinking, indicating your caller is on hold. The other person won't be able to hear you, but you'll be able to hear him or her. We recommend you tell people about this so they don't make unguarded comments they think you can't hear. When you're ready to resume your call, simply tap "off" key, the LED lights will stop blinking, and you can continue.

### **BUSY SIGNAL? FORGET IT!**

Because Finger Fone automatically remembers the most recently dialed "busy" number. When you want to call that number again, tap the "RE" (Recall) key once. Finger Fone dials the number for you, as often as needed until you get a clear line.

## WHY WAIT FOR PUSH BUTTON DIALING?

Finger Fone is compatible in areas of the country where push-button dialing is already in use. But if you live in the 30% or so of the country where only rotary-dial phones can be used, wait no longer. Finger Fone automatically converts from musical tones to rotary-dial signals. This way, you can have the speed and advantages of push-button dialing without waiting for your local phone company to install central equipment.

### NOW AVAILABLE AT INCREDIBLE LOW COST

Finger Fone costs only \$79.95 compared with prices of similar-looking telephones (but not similar in performance) costing \$109, \$130 or more. Want two? Then it's only \$74.95 each: Three? Save even more at \$69.95 each. Add a \$2.50 charge to your total order for insured shipping, and if you live in New Jersey, include 5% tax.

### MONEY-BACK GUARANTEE

You can try one or more Finger Fones in your own home for 30 days, protected by our unconditional money-back guarantee. If you're not satisfied with Finger Fone for any reason, simply return it (insured) for a full refund, no questions asked. Finger Fone is also covered by a 1-year parts and labor guarantee.

To order Finger Fone, call toll-free now. We're open 24 hours a day. You can charge it on Master Charge, Visa, American Express, Carte Blanche or Diners.

## 800-526-2801 800-257-7850

In New Jersey, Call: 800-322-8650

N.J. residents please add 5% sales tax. You can also mail your order with check or money order to:



Dept. RE11 Mercury Bldg., 404 Madison Avenue Lakewood, NJ 08701

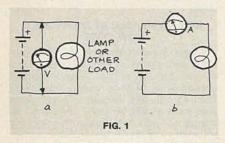
## hobby corner

How to modify the full-scale reading of an existing meter. Plus two new nifty catalogs.

EARL "DOC" SAVAGE, K4SDS, HOBBY EDITOR

SEVERAL OF YOU HAVE RAISED QUESTIONS recently about analog meters. It would seem that in these days of digital meters of all types, folks forget the basics of the old meters—how to use them, change their ranges, and so on. So perhaps it is time for a quick review. As we do that, keep in mind that the same principles apply equally to digital meters.

A voltmeter is a high-resistance device that measures the difference in voltage between two points. It is connected in parallel with the circuit as shown in Fig. 1-a. Note that if the voltmeter had a low resistance, most of the current would flow through it and not through the load—in the process it would probably burn out the meter.

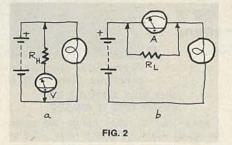


An ammeter is a low-resistance device that measures the amount of current flowing through it. It is connected in series with the circuit as shown in Fig. 1-b—in other words, the circuit must be "broken" to insert the ammeter. Note that if it had a high resistance, it would "use up" most of the power, leaving little for the load.

So far, so good. Now let's see how to change the range or sensitivity on those meters. For our present purposes, we will keep it simple and not get involved with internal multipliers and shunts. We will do what we can without taking the meters apart.

First, consider the voltmeter. Compare Figures 1-a and 2-a and notice that we have added a resistor in series with the meter. One way of thinking of that circuit is that the resistor "uses up" some of the voltage. The higher the resistance, the lower the meter reading or, from the other viewpoint, the higher the full scale reading.

For example, suppose the resistor has a value equal to the resistance of the meter. It will "use up" half of the voltage; that



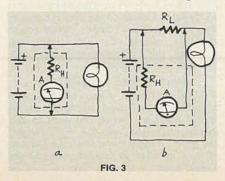
is, the voltage drop across the resistor and the meter would be equal. If the applied voltage were 10 volts DC, the meter would read 5 volts (half the total). So, if that meter had a full-scale reading of 12 volts DC, the combination would indicate 24 volts DC at full scale.

In that way, the measurement range of a voltmeter can be extended.

Now, let's look at the ammeter—actually in our work it is usually a milliammeter or microammeter. Comparing Figs. 1-b and 2-b, you can see that a resistor has been placed in *parallel* with the meter. Recalling that a current meter has very low resistance, the resistor, too, must have a low value in this case. Part of the current flows through the meter and part through the resistor. Thus, the meter reading is less than the actual current flow in the circuit.

As an example, let's say that the resistor value is one-half that of the meter resistance. Twice as much current would go through the resistor and, so, only onethird of the total would go through the meter. (If the "twice as much" and "onethird" don't seem to match, think it over more carefully!) Thus, if the meter reads 30 mA, the load is actually drawing 90 mA from the battery.

Now we have extended the range of an ammeter. What about *decreasing* the



range of meters? Without taking them apart, that cannot be done as easily. In fact, your best bet is to use an ammeter (milli- or micro-) for both voltage and current.

The circuit in Fig. 3-a shows a lowresistance ammeter in series with a high resistance. Resistor  $R_H$  protects the meter from the large current that otherwise would flow through it. It does pass a small current that the meter measures. What we have done, in effect, is to make a *volt*meter inside the area in the dashed box in Fig. 3-a.

Remember that we are dealing with a DC circuit and the current and voltage are proportional:  $E=I \times R$  (Ohm's law). For that reason, you can read the current, plug the values of I (current) and R (resistance) into the formula, and determine the voltage. If this is to be a permanent set-up, you can re-mark the meter scale in *volts* and thereafter read it directly.

Note that the full-scale reading can be made anything you wish simply by adjusting the value of resistor  $R_{\rm H}$ . You can have a millivolt meter or a kilovolt meter or anything in between.

Next, let's make a very-low-range current meter. It can be done as shown in Fig. 3-b. A low resistance,  $R_L$ , is placed in series with the circuit and there is a small voltage drop across it. All we have to do is measure that voltage drop and apply the values to Ohm's law to find the current.

Since the purpose is to measure small currents with "big" meters, it is probable that you will be dealing with voltage drops in the millivolt range. If you have a suitable millivolt meter, use it, but likely you will have to build one as discussed above and shown in Fig. 3-a. Again, you can letter on an appropriate scale.

As you move into the changing of meters, be aware that there are formulas for determining meter and resistor values for any particular application. A word of caution: If you want to determine the resistance of a meter, **do not** slap an ohmmeter indiscriminately on the meter terminals. That is a good way to burn it out. Use indirect-measurement methods or trial-and-error experimentation for the external resistors. The latter method will work well if you keep in mind the fundamentals outlined above.

There are, of course, many other ways to change the range of meters. The most effective involve changing the resistors built into the meters themselves. That discussion will have to wait for another continued on page 84

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## HOBBY CORNER

continued from page 82

time. For now the information provided is sufficient to enable you to modify meters to fit most applications.

For AC circuits, just put a diode in series with the meter but don't expect a linear scale to result.

What about digital meters? The same methods apply except that you will have great difficulty putting new scale markings on a digital meter!

## **Reader needs**

A. P. Lingo of Dierks, AR is looking for a 4-switch circuit with corresponding LED indicator lights arranged to:

- apply 12 volts DC to one of 4 circuits and light the LED for that circuit;
- remove the 12 volts but leave the LED on when the switch is released;
- turn off that LED when another switch is pressed to apply 12 volts to another circuit and turn on that LED;
- 4. and so on.

What is the minimum-component circuit, other than mechanical latching relays, that you can design to do the job? I'll pass it along to A.P., who will appreciate your help.

## **Recently available**

"Instruments for Testing and Design"—this catalog from Global Specialties Corp., contains pictures, specifications and prices on their full line. If your test/design capability can stand improvement, you can get this catalog by calling 1-800-243-6077. Global even pays for the call!

General Catalog—Fuji-Svea Incorporated (P. O. Box 40325, Cincinnati, OH 45240) stocks a wide variety of parts and equipment. You'll find it all in their latest catalog. **R-E** 



**CIRCLE 30 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD** 

## A LIFETIME GUARANTEE AND 11 OTHER REASONS TO BUY AN "OPTOELECTRONICS" FREQUENCY COUNTER

1. SENSITIVITY: Superb amplifier circuitry with performance that can't be matched at twice the price. Average sensitivity of better than 15 mV from 10 Hz to 500 MHz on every model and better than 30 mV from 500 MHz to 1.1 GHz on the Series 8010A and 8013.

2. RESOLUTION: 0.1 Hz to 12 MHz, 1 Hz to 50 MHz, 10 Hz over 50 MHz.

3. ALL METAL CASES: Not only are the heavy gauge aluminum cases rugged and attractive, they provide the RF shielding and minimize RFI so necessary in many user environments. 4. EXTERNAL CLOCK INPUT/OUTPUT: Standard on the 8010/ 8013 series and optional on the 7010 series is a buffered 10 MHz clock time base input/output port on the rear panel. Numerous uses include phase comparison of counter time base with WWVB (U.S. National Bureau of Standards). Standardize calibration of all counters at a facility with a common 10 MHz external clock signal, calibrate scopes and other test equipment with the output from precision time base in counter, etc., etc.

5. ACCURACY: A choice of precision to ultra precision time base oscillators. Our  $\pm$  1 PPM TCXO (temperature compensated xtal oscillator) and  $\pm$  0.1 PPM TCXO are sealed units tested over 20-40°C. They contain voltage regulation circuitry for immunity to power variations in main instrument power supply, a 10 turn (50 PPM) calibration adjustment for easy, accurate setability and a heavily buffered output prevents circuit loads from affecting oscillator. Available in the 8010 and 8013 series is our new ultra precision micro power proportional oven oscillator. With  $\pm$  .05 PPM typical stability over 10-45°C, this new time base incorporates all of the advantages of our TCXO's and virtually none of the disadvantages of the traditional ovenized oscillator: Requires less than 4 minutes warm-up time, small physical size and has a peak current drain of less than 100 ma.

6. RAPID DISPLAY UPDATE: Internal housekeeping functions require only .2 seconds between any gate or sample time

10.0000000.0

MODEL 7010A 600 MHz

period. At a 1 second gate time the counter will display a new count every 1.2 seconds, on a 10 second gate time a new count is displayed every 10.2 seconds. (10.2 seconds is the maximum time required between display updates for any resolution on any model listed).

7. PORTABILITY: All models are delivered with a 115 VAC adapter, a 12 VDC cord with plug and may be equipped with an optional ni-cad rechargeable battery pack installed within its case. The optional Ni-Cad pack may be recharged with 12 VDC or the AC adapter provided.

8. COMPACT SIZES: State-of-the-Art circuitry and external AC adapters allowed design of compact easy to use and transport instruments.

Series 8010/8013: 3" H x 7-1/2" W x 6-1/2" D

Series 7010: 1-3/4" H x 4-1/4" W x 5-1/4" D

9. MADE IN U.S.A.: All models are designed and manufactured at our modern 13,000 square foot facility at Ft. Lauderdale, Florida.

10. CERTIFIED CALIBRATION: All models meet FCC specs for frequency measurement and provided with each model is a certificate of NBS traceable calibration.

11. LIFE TIME GUARANTEE: Using the latest State-of-the-Art LSI circuitry, parts count is kept to a minimum and internal case temperature is only a few degrees above ambient resulting in long component life and reliable operation. (No custom IC's are used.) To demonstrate our confidence in these designs, all parts (excluding batteries) and service labor are 100% guaranteed for life to the original purchaser. (Transportation expense not covered).

12. PRICE: Whether you choose a series 7010 600 MHz counter or a series 8013 1.3 GHz instrument it will compete at twice its price for comparable quality and performance.

MODEL 8010A/8013 1.1 GHz/1.3 GHz

1Hz	I GH2 FREQUENCY COUNTER
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	BIT. CLK. HOLD 2014 1/ 1/ 10/ 12 80 600
	GATE TIME / BEC. ANNGE - MINZ
- 11 1	

DEL	RANGE (From 10 Hz)	ANGE 10 MHz TIME BASE		AVG. SENSITIVITY		GATE	RESOLUTION		EXT. CLOCK	SENSITIVITY	NI-CAD		
OBLL		STABILITY	AGING	DESIGN	10 Hz to 500 MHz	500 MHz to 1.1 GHz		12 MHz	60 MHz	Max. Freq.	INPUT/OUTPUT		BATTERY PACK
010A	600 MHz	± 1 PPM	DDLLAND	TOURS	15 mV	N/A	(3) 1, 1, 10 sec.	1 Hz	lz 1 Hz	10 Hz (600 MHz)	YES	NQ	YES
10.1A	600 MH2	± 0.1 PPM	<1 PPM/YR	TCXO:									
010A	1.1 GHz	±1 PPM			15 mV	30 mV	(4) 011. 1. 10 sec.	.1.Hz	iz 1 Hz	1 Hz (1,1 GHz)	YES STANDARD	YES	YES
A1.010		± 0.1 PPM	<1 PPM/YR	TCXO									
10.05A		± .05 PPM		ocxo**	A BARREN	Las an excerning	a graduate and		1				
013.1		±0.1 PPM		TCXO			(4)			10 Hz	YES	uto -	YES
013.05	1.3 GHz	±.05 PPM	<1 PPM/YR	ocxo	15 mV	30 mV	.01, .1, 1, 10 sec.	1, 1, 10 sec. 1 Hz	1 Hz 1 Hz	(1.3 GHz)	STANDARD	YES	OPTIONAL

\*\*OCXO = Temperature Compensated Xtal Oscillator \*\*OCXO = Proportional Oven Controlled Xtal Oscillato

RIES 701	A	a Contraction of the	SERIES 8010A/8013 AC			ACCESSOR	SSORIES		
010A	600 MHz Counter - 1 PPM TCXO 600 MHz Counter - 0 1 PPM TCXO	\$199.95 \$249.95		1.1 GHz Counter - 1 PPM TCXO 1.1 GHz Counter - 0.1 PPM TCXO	\$399.00 \$450.00	TA-100	Telescope antenna with right angle BNC	\$ 9.9	
TIONS		1224 1.2	#8010.05A	1.3 GHz Counter - 05 PPM Oven	Children and the second s	#P-100	Probe, 50 Ohm, 1X	\$13.9	
)-H i-Cad-701	Handle/Tilt Ball (not shown) Ni-Cad Battery Pack & Charging	\$2.95	#8013.1 #8013.05	1.3 GHz Counter - 0.1 PPM TCXO 1.3 GHz Counter05 PPM Oven	\$599.00	#P-101	Probe, Lo Pass Audio Usage	\$16.9	
	Circuitry Installed Inside Unit	\$19,95	OPTIQUE		- 10- 7.3	#P-102	Probe, Hi-Z General Purpose	\$16.9	
C-70 C-70	External Clock Input/Output Carry Case - Padded Black Vinyl	\$35.00 \$9.95		Ni-Cad Battery Pack & Charging	\$49.95	HLFM:1110	Low Frequency Multiplier		
	A Statement of the second			Circuitry Installed Inside Unit Carry Case - Padded Black Vinyl	\$ 9.95		X 10, X 100, X1000 For High Resolution of Audio Freq.	\$1.19.9	
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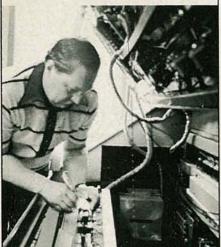
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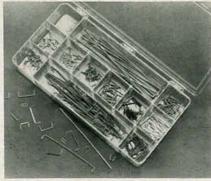




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new products

WIRE JUMPER KIT, model WK-1, designed for use in preparing circuits for solderless breadboards, is an assortment of insulated solid hookup wire in 14 different color-coded lengths. The AWG No. 22 wire is precut, prestripped, and the ends are bent 90 degrees, so no cutting, strip-



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ping, or bending of the leads is necessary. The lengths are coordinated with the insulation color to provide standard jumper-length identification, and range in size from 0.1 to 4.0 inches. 25 pieces of each of the 14 lengths are sorted into compartments in a hinged-lid plastic case. Price is \$10.00.—Global Specialties Corp., 70 Fulton Terr., New Haven, CT 06509.

SOLDER, Flowsolder Triple-Core Wire Solders, for electronic hand soldering, feature a constant flux-to-metal ratio to eliminate flux voids. Requiring shorter iron dwell-time and lower idling temperatures, a thin solder wall permits faster



CIRCLE 152 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

melting, flux flow, and thorough wetting. The solders are extruded and drawn to all standard diameters from .125 to .020 inches with flux percentages from .5% to 4%. Available in 1, 5, and 25 pound spools.—Fry Metals, Inc., 50 Sims Ave., Providence, RI 02909.

**CARD GUIDES AND MOUNTING STRUTS,** the *BR-20 Series,* is a line of press-in plastic card guides and extruded aluminum mounting struts designed for installing circuit boards within custom-designed enclosures. The guides support all  $\gamma_{16}$ -inch-wide cards up to 8-inches long and they have 60° entry channels on both ends so cards can be inserted from either end. The grooves are 0.072-inches wide by 0.1-inches deep and the guides bow slightly upward in the middle to stop the cards from vibrating.

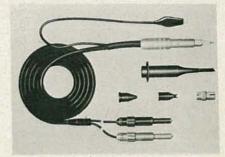


**CIRCLE 153 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD** 

For installation, the mounting pins are snapped into 0.156-inch diameter holes. A 0.1-inch diame ter section on the pin allows easy alignment while a 0.163-inch knob secures the guides in place. The guides can be mounted directly on flat surfaces up to 0.125-inches thick. Alternately, the guides can be mounted on TS-series struts. The struts are pre-punched 0.292-inch thick by 1-inch wide. Made of flame-resistant nylon material, the guides are available in 3.42, 4.72, 5.42, 6.82, and 8.52-inch lengths. The T-struts are available in 8.12, 16.85, and 20.85-inch lengths. Prices for the card guides are from \$.27 to \$.34 each; the mounting struts are \$2.65 to \$4.60 each.-Vector Electronic Co., 12460 Gladstone Ave., Sylmar, CA 91342.

RF PROBE, the DP750P, allows the user to read the RMS voltage value of signals from 100 kHz to 750 MHz on a wide variety of DMM's and VOM's and provides a 1-volt DC output with a 1-volt RMS input for instruments having a 10-megohm input resistance. Features include a voltage range from 250 millivolts P-P to 100 volts P-P and has a break-resistant center conductor and a heavy-duty tip (BNC pin diameter).

Other features are retractable safety-sleeved banana plugs that fit standard banana jacks and a 200-volt (DC and peak AC) maximum input volt-



**CIRCLE 154 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD** 

age. Insulated female/female adaptor sleeves are also available for use with instruments such as the Triplett *model 630 VOM*. The *DP750TP* comes complete with sprung hook, BNC adaptor, IC tip and insulating tip. Price is \$45.00.—**Test Probes, Inc.** P.O. Box 2113, La Jolla, CA 92038.

SOLAR-POWERED LCD CALCULATOR, Stock No. 42,928, operates on the power of normal light and never needs batteries. It works from the light of an ordinary light bulb and is on when the lights continued on page 88 Good news for you and your customers. NESDA/ISCET rates RCA serviceability:

# 'Excellent'

"The RCA CTC 108 and CTC 109 chassis have earned the highest possible serviceability rating category... <u>Excellent</u>...by incorporating serviceability features required in the ISCET Serviceability Rating Form.

"RCA's many years of cooperation with ISCET's Serviceability Committee has helped produce excellent results." -Dean R. Mock, Chairman, NESDA/ ISCET Serviceability Committee

ISCET's 92% (CTC 108) and 93% (CTC 109) ratings were good news to us. Because they mean that some of the most demanding critics in the industry agree that we've succeeded in designing chassis that not only give your customers a first rate picture, but are easy to repair too. Here are some reasons why they think so:

All subassemblies plug into chassis. No tools are needed to remove chassis (main circuit board). Just remove the cabinet back, unplug subassemblies and the chassis is ready for removal.

**Roadmapping on both sides of the board.** Although the XL-100 chassis use single-sided circuit boards, double road-mapping means you can easily trace circuits from either side.

**Circuits and voltages directly identified.** Major circuit areas as well as power supply source and key pulse voltages are labeled by name on the board. So you can find them fast. That all means that when you do have to repair our new XL-100 chassis, in most cases you can fix them quickly and easily.

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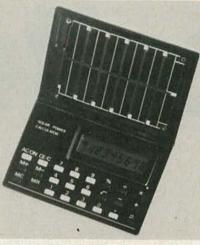
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## CIRCLE 9 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

## NEW PRODUCTS

continued from page 86

are on, so there is no worry of accidental release of power. Features include full memory function, full floating decimal point, and easy-to-read LCD digits. It adds, subtracts, multiplies, divides, and calculates percentages and square roots. The



**CIRCLE 155 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD** 

calculator is a self-contained unit with a flip-up lid that houses a bank of ten solar panels. It measures only  $3\frac{3}{4} \times 2\frac{1}{2}$  inches and will fit into your shirt pocket. Price is \$29.88 plus \$2.50 packing and guaranteed delivery.—Edmund Scientific Corp., 2069-7082 Edscorp Bldg., Barrington, NJ 08007.

ELECTRONIC BLOOD-PRESSURE TESTER, I-Health Digital 8000, is a portable and easy-to-use instrument with three functions—systolic, diastolic, and pulse. The user attaches the cuff around the arm, switches on the indicator, and pumps air into the cuff with the rubber ball. The



CIRCLE 156 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

large digital display will enable the user to read blood pressure and pulse quickly and accurately. This light, compact unit has a two-way power supply; either battery or AC adapter is required. Price is \$249 plus \$2 postage and insurance.— Advance Equipment Sales, Inc., 6418 Cambridge St., Minneapolis, MN 55426.

SMART DMM, model 8860A, is a 5½-digit unit with standard multimeter functions, plus many more made possible by the addition of two microprocessors. One controls the analog circuitry, making the actual measurement. An optical coupler is used to pass the measurement to the outside processor, which then interfaces the analog function with the front panel, processes the measurement and displays the result.

The model 8860Å features 2- and 4-terminal ohms-measurement capability, manual and autoranging, pushbutton DC, pushbutton ohms zero, and two measurement modes—continuous and single trigger. The microprocessor also provides special functions such as offset, limits, and



**CIRCLE 157 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD** 

storing the highest and lowest measurement made. The unit is equipped with an *IEEE-488* interface option that is fully programmable with a learning mode. It also has a calculating-controller option which is a keystroke-programmable calculator with plug-in memory modules. It has 100 fully merged steps and a complete set of algebraic, trigonometric, and logarithmic functions. Price is \$1,395.—John Fluke Mfg. Co., Inc., P.O. Box 43210, Mountlake Terrace, WA 98043.

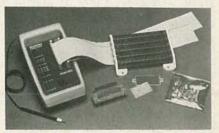
**SPEAKERPHONE**, model KX-T1020, features a condensor microphone that picks up sound from all directions and an automatic switching circuit. It hooks up to a telephone, but may require an optional AC adaptor (KX-A01), depending upon the area. Other features are large-button con-



**CIRCLE 158 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD** 

trols, a mute button that allows user to cut-off outgoing transmissions while still receiving incoming calls, an LED indicator for On and Mute, adjustable slide-volume control, and a simulated wood cabinet. Suggested retail price is \$69.95.— **Panasonic**, One Panasonic Way, Secaucus, NJ 07094.

FLAT CABLE HARNESS TESTER, Model 3650, is designed for production-line testing of flat cable harness assemblies. It can test a variety of Scotchflex brand and related harnesses—14 and 16-pin DIP connectors, Delta and Delta Ribbon series connectors, 20 through 50 contact cardedge connectors, 10 through 50 contact sockets and 26 through 50 contact PCB transition connectors. This portable, easy-to-use unit is housed in a rugged thermoformed case and is operated with a 9-volt battery. A test probe and LED readout will identify troublesome shorted and open connectors to insure harness reliability. The test-



**CIRCLE 159 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD** 

er comes complete with the module, the interface bed, 50 position card-edge interface board, 14/ 16-pin DIP interface board, and related accessories. Price is \$387.50.—3M, Dept. EP80-12, P.O. Box 33600, St. Paul, MN 55133. R-E



plus instant conversion to mass storage disk memor with standard IBM-formatted 8" disks. All for onl \$129.95, plus the cost of power supply, keyboard/ terminal and RF modulator if you don't have them (see our remarkable prices below for these and other accessories). With a Hex Keypad/display front panel, Level "A" can be programmed with no need for a ter-minal, ideal for a controller, OEM, or a real low-cost start



industrial controller use, \$129.95

Level "A" is a complete operating system.perfect for

beginners hobbyists.

## LEVEL "A" SPECIFICATIONS

Explorer/85's Level "A" system features the advanced Intel 8085 cpu, an 8355 ROM with 2k deluxe monitor/ operating system, and an advanced 8155 RAM I/O. all on a single motherboard with room for RAM/ROM/ PROM/EPROM and S-100 expansion, plus generous

PROM/EPROM and S-100 expansion, plus generous prototyping space. PC Board: Glass epoxy, plated through holes with solder mask. • I/O: Provisions for 25-pin (DB25) connector for terminal serial I/O, which can also support a paper tape reader ... cassette tape recorder input and output ... cassette tape control output ... LED output indicator on SOD (serial output) line ... printer interface (less drivers) ... total of four 8-bit plus one 6-bit I/O ports. • Crystal Frequency: 6.144 MHz. • Control Switches: Reset and user (RST 7.5) interrupt ... additional provisions for RST 5.5, 6.5 and TRAP interrupts onboard. • Counter/Timer: Programmable, 14-bit binary. • System RAM: 256 bytes located at F800, ideal for smaller systems and for use as an isolated stack for smaller systems and for use as an isolated stack area in expanded systems ... RAM expandable to 64K via S-100 bus or 4k on motherboard.

via S-100 bus or 4k on motherboard. System Monitor (Terminal Version): 2k bytes of deluxe system monitor ROM located at FMM. Leaving MMM free for user RAM/ROM. Features include tape load with labeling ... examine/change contents of memory...insert data...warm start ... examine and change all registers ...single step with register display at each break point, a debugging/training feature ... go to execution address ... move blocks of memory with a constant ... display blocks of memory with a constant ... display blocks of memory ... automatic baud rate selection to 9600 baud ... variable display line length control (1-255 characters/line) ... chan-nelized I/O monitor routine with 8-bit parallel output for high-speed printer ... serial console in and console out channel so that monitor can communicate with I/O ports. ports

System Monitor (Hex Keypad/Display Version): Tape load with labeling .... tape dump with labeling examine/change contents of memory ... insert data warm start ... examine and change all registers

------Please send the items checked below:

- Explorer/85 Level "A" ktt (Terminal Version)... \$129.95 plus post. & insur
- S3 post. & insur. Explorer/S8 Level "A" kit (Hex Keypad/Display Version)... \$129.95 plus S3 post. & insur. 8k Microsoft BASIC on cassette tape. \$64.95 postpaid. 8k Microsoft BASIC in ROM kit (requires Levels "B", "D" and "E")... \$99.95 plus \$2 post. & insur. Level "G" (\$-100) kit... \$49.95 plus \$2 post. & insur. Level "G" (\$-100 6-card expander) kit... \$39.95 plus \$2 post. & insur.

- Cansur. J Level "D" (4k RAM) kit... \$69.95 plus \$2 post. & insur. Level "E" (EPROM/ROM) kit... \$5.95 plus 50¢ p&h. Deluxe Steel Cabinet for Explorer/85... \$49.95 plus \$3 post.
- □ betake sket valuet for Explore/163 ··· sets of plus s5 post. k insur.
   □ Fan For Cabinet ... \$15.00 plus \$1.50 post. & insur.
   □ Fan For Cabinet ... \$15.00 plus \$1.50 post. & insur.

   ASCII Keyboard/Computer Terminal kit: features a full 12a character set. u&l case: full cursor control: 75 ohm video output: convertible to haudot output: selectable baud rate. RS232-C or 20 ma. 1/0. 32 or 64 character by 16 line formats. and can be used with either a CRT monitor or a TV set (if you have an RF modulator). ... \$149.95 plus \$3.00 post. & insur.
   □ betaxe Steel Cabinet for ASCII keyboard/terminal ... \$19.95 plus \$2.30 post. & insur.

   □ New! Terminal/Monitor: (See photo) Same features as above. except 12" monitor with keyboard and terminal is in deluxe single cabinet. kit ... \$369.95 plus \$7 post. & insur.

   □ Lear-Sigler terminals; Our prices too low to quote CALL US
- Lear-Sigler terminals/printers: Our prices too low to quote CALL US
- Hex Keypad/Display kit ... \$69.95 plus \$2 post, & insur



Full 8" disk system for less than the price of a mini (shown with Netronics Explorer/85 computer and new terminal). System features floppy drive from Control Data Corp., world's largest maker of memory storage systems (not a hobby brand!)



single step with register display at each break point ... go to execution address. Level "A" in this version makes a perfect controller for industrial applications, and is programmed using the Netronics Hex Keypad/

Display, It is low cost, perfect for beginners. HEX KEYPAD/DISPLAY SPECIFICATIONS Calculator type keypad with 24 system-defined and 16 user-defined keys. Six digit calculator-type display. that displays full address plus data as well as register and status information. LEVEL "B" SPECIFICATIONS

LEVEL "B" SPECIFICATIONS Level "B" provides the S-100 signals plus buffers/ drivers to support up to six S-100 bus boards, and in-cludes; address decoding for onboard 4k RAM expan-sion selectable in 4k blocks ... address decoding for onboard 8k EPROM expansion selectable in 8k blocks address and data bus drivers for onboard expansion

... wait state generator (jumper selectable), to allow the use of slower memories ... two separate 5 volt regula-

### LEVEL "C" SPECIFICATIONS

LEVEL "C" SPECIFICATIONS Level "C" expands Explorer/85's motherboard with a card cage, allowing you to plug up to six S-100 cards directly into the motherboard. Both cage and card are neally contained inside Explorer's deluxe steel cabinet. Level "C" includes a sheet metal superstruc-ture, a 5-card, gold plated S-100 extension PC board that plugs into the motherboard. Just add required number of S-100 connectors.



### LEVEL "D" SPECIFICATIONS

Level "D" provides 4k of RAM, power supply regula-tion, filtering decoupling components and sockets to expand your Explorer/85 memory to 4k (plus the origi

□ AP-1 Power Supply KIt ±8V @ 5 amps) in deluxe steel cabinet

Explorer/85 With Level "C" Card Cage.

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- Special Microsoft BASIC Pak Without Terminal (see above)
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power supply regulator, heat sink, filtering and decou-pling components. Sockets may also be used for 2k x 8 RAM IC's (allowing for up to 12k of onboard RAM). x 8 DISK DRIVE SPECIFICATIONS • 8" CONTROL DATA CORP. professional drive. Slower under the second sec

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track)

· Access time: 25ms (one

Data capacity: 401.016 bytes (SD). 802.032 bytes (DD).

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   Deluxe steel cabinet with individual power supply for maximum reliability and stability.

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- GET A FREE RF MODULATOR: Save

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1980

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## Why pay extra for the features and performance we may never use? HERB FRIEDMAN, COMMUNICATIONS EDITOR

ONE OF THE GUIDING PRINCIPLES OF both American life and business is that "Bigger Is Better." Part of our greatness lies in that fact that we have always offered something better as a goal; whether it was in terms of lifestyle or a better ice-cube tray for the freezer. More important, people could make their own decision as to how much bigness they wanted. If somebody wanted to drive a basic Chevy but take photographs with a Hasselblad-which cost almost as much as the car when accessories were added into to the price of the camera-so be it. If a friend wanted an inexpensive shortwave receiver so he could use the cash he had left to entertain, or for any other purpose, that was also his prerogative.

The fact is, "trading up" was also the American way, whether it was education, jobs, household appliances, or whatever, we could always aspire to *more*, *bigger*, or *best*. At least we could do that until business discovered the MBA—the Master of Business Administration.

Taught to maximize business profits, the MBA's who now run American business no longer give us consumers the option of starting small and "trading up" when the budget permits. Rather, we must purchase the whole kit and kaboodle whether we do or don't need maximized features and performance, for the MBA's simply phase out the lower-profit "basic" equipment.

A good illustration of what I mean is the microprocessor, the latest darling of those who manufacture consumer equipment. The microprocessor, which, to most, is synonymous with computer, is the consumer's latest toy. We build microprocessors into microwave ovens "remember" cooking time-we to could do the same with an ordinary mechanical timer that costs a lot less. We "computerize" FM receivers, providing features that few of us will ever need (but not necessarily better sound quality), and we computerize radiotelephone transceivers, again providing features we could just as well do without if given the option of trading off the features and saving a hundred or more dollars.

The problem is, we no longer get a choice. With rare exceptions, communications gear suffers from "kitchensinkitis", a contagious disease that



A MODERN INSTRUMENT FOR MODERN TRANSMITTERS. The Bird 4381 RF Power Analyst measures forward and reflected power for CW, AM, FM, and SSB (peak envelope power), automatically calculated VSWR, %-AM modulation, and return loss. It keeps track of maximum/minimum values, and identifies a rise or fall in measured values. Though jam-packed with features, just about all are a "must" for the modern service technician.

results in manufacturers incorporating every possible feature that can be extracted from a microprocessor. If the fictitious Space Traveler 2-meter transceiver has four memories, the next model from a competitor will have 10 memories, etc. Pity the poor amateur trying to squeeze modern gear into an inflation-restricted budget. He might like to have digital frequency selection and display, but maybe he doesn't need to pay extra for memory, or a Touch Tone keypad he'll never need. Must he pay for features he doesn't need? You bet he does, because the available computerized transceivers come only one way, with all the bells and whistles-"kitchensinkitis."

There is nothing wrong with selling equipment with every possible feature as long as a basic, and/or intermediate option is also available. For example, there is a computerized Bearcat VHF/ UHF scanner that provides modest computerized features. Basically, it permits digital programming of a reasonable number of channels; the unit is essentially an "old fashioned", relatively low-cost scanner with a microprocessor controlling the frequency-determining device. For those who want, or need, additional features there is a model that will search a band of programmed frequencies, or specifically, the marine or aircraft frequencies. And for the serious VHF/ UHF enthusiast there's the model 300, with 2000+ preprogrammed frequencies that can be searched in groupings such as police, telephone, forestry, etc. It has 50 user-programmable channels, and just about every other feature you can possibly imagine for a scanner. It also costs a bundle, but the point is that Bearcat provides a whole series representing a broad price. range: You need purchase only what you need.

Bearcat is the exception to the rule. Few other manufacturers in any field give you the option of purchasing less than "the most expensive."

Consider test equipment for a moment: After many years of faithful service, my laboratory-grade AM signal generator expired. I still haven't been able to locate a replacement. Every model with suitable performance includes AM, FM, pulse, and SSB coverage into the gigahertz range, and costs *continued on page 92* 

## An in-depth look at the only "plug-in" remote control system you'll ever need for your home. NOW AVAILABLE SWITCH MODULE

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Simply plug in The Controller™ and the BSR System X-10 modules, and control lights and appliances anywhere in the house by pressing a few buttons. So it's easy to take control.

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You can turn on the TV, radio or stereo in the morning to help you wake up without getting up from bed. Or at night, turn on the lights before going downstairs so you don't have to fumble in the dark. Turn off unnecessary lights and help get your electric bill under control. Or, dim the lights and save energy, too.

And when it's time to turn in, just push a button and turn everything off. And sleep soundly. But, if you hear a strange noise in the middle of the night, you can press a button to turn on all the lights and scare the daylights out of an intruder.

## The Controller is designed to control every room in the house.

By pressing the buttons on the Command Console keyboard, command signals are transmitted over existing household wiring to the module of your choice. The Lamp Module turns on, off or dims any incandescent lamp up to 300 watts. The Appliance Module turns appliances like TVs, window fans or stereos on and off. And the Wall Switch Module is designed to turn on, off or dim any light or lamp up to 500 watts normally operated by a wall switch.

There's even a Cordless Controller that transmits signals to an Ultrasonic Command Console from up to 30 feet away. So there's plenty of control for everyone.

## Simplicity is built into the system.



No special wiring is needed. Simply plug The Controller Command Console into any wall outlet in any room of the house. Then plug your lamps and appliances into the appropriate modules. Plug in

FUNCTIONS: ON, OFF, BRIGHTEN AND DIM

the modules. And you're ready to take control.

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THE TIMER<sup>™</sup> Automatically Programs Lights, Appliances. Just plug in The Timer and the BSR X-10 modules and you can pro-gram up to 8 lights and appliances to go On and Off up to twice a day. UL listed. \$74.95 if purchased separately. If purchased with 3 or more modules \$59.95

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## **COMMUNICATIONS CORNER**

continued from page 90

slightly more than a new car. I don't need all that much performance and features. A few hundred dollars should give me what I need, but there just isn't a basic, low-cost lab generator made any more. It's as if all test gear was intended for a government job based on time and material costs.

How about shortwave receivers? Where is a basic .550- 30 MHz receiver at a price affordable by some young man saving up from his newspaper route? (That's the way many of us got started.) Today, we get the whole

kitchen sink: FM, perhaps tuneable public service (VHF) coverage (absolutely useless if tuneable), maybe a digital clock, AC, battery, and "auto" power source, and an assortment of tone controls that can't possibly do much with the sound coming out of an itty-bitty speaker. Get rid of all the excess garbage that's next to useless and it might turn out to be a decent receiver at a moderate price, but no one is eliminating the unnecessary features. The way the MBA's have it figured, everyone buys the high-profit item.

Of course, there are times when every feature possible through computerization is valuable, and probably



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worth every penny. For example, consider bi-directional wattmeters for transmitter/antenna checks, tests, and installation. Below the power output used by most broadcasting stations, the Bird model 43 has been more or less accepted as the "standard of reference." It's a great meter, particularly for AM and CW transmitters. But it doesn't measure %-modulation, or peak envelope power. For that, we call on the "computerized" Bird 4381 RF Power Analyst. That gem takes two power elements so you don't have to flip them around for forward and reflected measurements. Then, at the touch of a button, it gives a digital display of: the forward or reflected power from 1/10 watt to 10 kW in watts or dBm; automatically calculated VSWR; dB return loss; forward and reverse peak envelope power (SSB); percent AM modulation, and a delta function that identifies a rise or fall in displayed value(s). A minimum/maximum memory recalls optimum conditions during adjustments so you can tell if you are "tweaking" in the right direction. Frequency range is 0.5 to 2300 MHz using plug-in elements for 50-ohm lines. Now all that is a lot of formidable fea-

tures at an equally formidable price (about \$590), but the point is that the instrument provides precisely the functions needed for modern transmitter installations. There is not one unnecessary frill or a feature you could do without: If you're servicing communications gear you'll use them all. You will not be paying for "computerized" features for which you'll find that you have no use.

As far as purchasing computerized consumer and professional equipment is concerned, you'll get the maximum value at the lowest cost if you can take the time after being overwhelmed by the myriad features provided by spaceage technology simply to ask the question: "Do I really have need for all this?" If your answer isn't an unqualified yes, then you probably don't really need it. B-E



VIZ Mfg. Co., 335 E. Price St., Philadelphia, PA 19144

Over 70 test instruments in the line

RADIO-ELECTRONICS



## fact: you can choose your microphone to enhance your sound system.

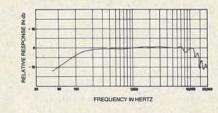
Shure makes microphones for every imaginable use. Like musical instruments, each different type of Shure microphone has a distinctive "sound," or physical characteristic that optimizes it for particular applications, voices, or effects. Take, for example, the Shure SM58 and SM59 microphones:



SM59 Mellow, smooth, silent...

The SM59 is a relatively new, dynamic cardioid microphone. Yet it is already widely accepted as a standard for distinguished studio productions. In fact, you'll often see it on TV . . . especially on musical shows where perfection of sound quality is a major consideration. This revolutionary cardioid microphone has an exceptionally flat frequency response and neutral sound that reproduces exactly what it hears. It's designed to give good bass response when miking at a distance. Remarkably rugged - it's built to shrug off rough handling. And, it is superb in rejecting mechanical stand noise such as floor and desk vibrations because of a unique, patented built-in shock mount. It also features a special hum-bucking coil for superior noise reduction!

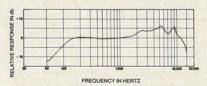
## Some like it essentially flat...



## SM58 Crisp, bright "abuse proof"

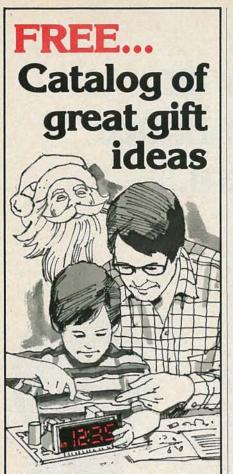
Probably the most widely used on-stage, hand-held cardioid dynamic microphone. The SM58 dynamic microphone is preferred for its punch in live vocal applications . . . especially where close-up miking is important. It is THE worldstandard professional stage microphone with the distinctive Shure upper mid-range presence peak for an intelligible, lively sound. Worldrenowned for its ability to withstand the kind of abuse that would destroy many other microphones. Designed to minimize the boominess you'd expect from close miking. Rugged, efficient spherical windscreen eliminates pops. Lightweight (15 ounces!) hand-sized. The first choice among rock, pop, R & B, country, gospel, and jazz vocalists.

## ...some like a "presence" peak.





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## books

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VIDEOCASSETTE RECORDERS, THE COM-PLETE HOME GUIDE, by David Lachenbruch. Everest House, 1133 Avenue of the Americas, New York, NY 10036. 235 pp. 51/4 × 81/4 in. Softcover \$6.95.

This comprehensive guide tells you how and where to buy as well as operate a VCR. Written in nontechnical language, the book examines the history, operating principles and potential impact of VCR's, as well as the legal aspects. Some of the topics covered include how to shop for a VCR; how to install your own system and troubleshoot it; VCR accessories; and how to transfer home movies, make home tapes and do your own duplicating. The book contains many illustrations and an appendix listing available prerecorded proarams

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**MOTOROLA COMMUNICATIONS PARTS &** DATA HANDBOOK. Motorola Communications Hardcover \$14.95 (plus tax & shipping charges; slightly higher outside U.S.).

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nance and installation technicians with the basic data (such as conversion and electronic formulas and test-equipment data) needed to service Motorola products. The book contains three sections: The first is a condensation of the elementary theory and practices required to modify circuits or systems. The second section contains parts lists and photographs of certain product lines. The third section provides a list of replacement components together with a description of their applications.

**CIRCLE 92 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD** 

CALCULATING WITH BASIC, by Raymond Guido. SCELBI Publications, P.O. Box 133 PP STN, Milford, CT 06460. 80 pp. 83/16 × 107/8 inches. Softcover \$7.95. + 75¢ postage/handling.

This book provides routines and programs written in BASIC to assist students, engineers and hobbyists apply the BASIC computer language to practical problems. It presents typical problems in math, finance, statistics, mechanical engineering and electronics and provides suggested solutions. On the lighter side, two games continued on page 96

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Complete kit all parts...

# WATTWIZARD

POWER FACTOR CONTROLLER CUTS THE COST OF RUNNING ELECTRIC APPLIANCES BY AS MUCH AS 50% -- AND YOU CAN EVEN SEE THE SAVINGS!

For over a year now, in magazines and newspapers the world over, there have been enthusiastic write-ups on a remarkable new device that can cut your electric bill while helping the U.S.

save huge quantities of fuel. "The NASA/Nola power saver," wrote a **Popular Science** senior editor, "was developed by Frank Nola at NASA's Flight Center in a program to reduce power consumption in spacecraft motors. Nola calls it a PFC --power-factor controller. I prefer to call it a power saver, however, because that's what it does."

### NASA TESTED IT

According to NASA documents, "The device has been tested at Marshall Center on over 40 types of motors, with power savings ranging up to 60%, depending on the loading. The motors tested were both single-phase and three-phase, ranging from  $\frac{1}{2}$  H.P. to 5 H.P. Most motors will show up to 40 – 50% savings when running lightly load-ed or unloaded, and some will show 5-to-7% savings at rated load.'' NASA's Technical Support Package showed that ''The Power Factor Con-

troller applies to induction type electric motors the most commonly used type in all major home appliances and the most commonly used by industry.

## HOW IT SAVES POWER

Popular Electronics explained it this way: "AC induction motors character-istically run at a nearly constant speed that's fixed by power-line frequency and independent of load and supply voltage. When heavily loaded, the motor draws line current that is nearly in phase with the applied volt-age...Under light load conditions, the motor develops less torgue by allowing motor develops less torque by allowing motor develops less torque by allowing more lag between the voltage and the current. This reduces the power factor while leaving the current essentially the same in magnitude. "'To minimize this waste, Nola's device monitors the motor's power fac-

tor and when it detects light load conditions, it reduces the supply voltage ..... The current, now more nearly in phase with the voltage, therefore does as much useful work as before, but it and the voltage are smaller, resulting in a net savings of electric power.'

### THE SAVINGS CAN ADD UP

The cost of electric power keeps going up. In 1980-81 and beyond you'll pay more and more for the privilege of running your electric appliances.

Right now, the typical consumer pays about \$8 per month to operate a 16.5 cu. ft. frost-free freezer...\$10 to run a 17.5 cu ft. frost-free refrigerator...and

National Aeronautics and Space Administration Patent No. 4,052,648

about \$60 for an air conditioner used during summer months. That's what you're paying to run just one of these appliances per year.

Nola's power saver can soon pay for itself, then start reducing your electric bills. Until now, the device has not been available — except for industrial models priced at \$80 or more.

### INTRODUCING THE WATT WIZARD

Cynex, an American manufacturer of electrical and electronic products and a prime contractor for the U.S. Army, has been licensed by NASA to manu-

has been licensed by NASA to manu-facture Frank Nola's power saver. Cy-nex calls it the Watt Wizard. The ''Watt Wizard'' says Ray Beauchea, the firm's **Marketing Director**, regulates the voltage fed into an induction motor making the motors run more efficiently and quieter, while lengthening motor life while lengthening motor life.



The Watt Wizard features a unique, constant power saving readout. So you can constantly monitor you're energy savings.

### SIMPLE TO USE

Cynex makes several models of the Watt Wizard (all with solid state de-sign), including the 110 v. AC plug-in model we're offering. It's for single phase fractional H.P. motors (less than 1 H.P.) used in most freezers, refriger-ators, fans, swimming pool pumps,

vacuum cleaners, sewing machines, etc. Simply plug the Watt Wizard into any electrical outlet, then plug the ap-pliance into the Watt Wizard. There's no wiring required. Unlike some competitor's models (if and when available), the appliance does not have to be turned on before being plugged into the power saver. You can leave the appliance - whether on or off - plugged into the Watt Wizard all the time. Or you can move the Watt Wizard to various locations.

## OTHER MODELS AVAILABLE

Air conditioners, washers and dryers require wire-in model. If you lack mechanical skill, you probably need an electrician to install it. We also offer it in 220 VAC single or three-phase.

### **CIRCLE 51 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD**

## **EXCLUSIVE ADVANCE FEATURES**

17100

The Watt Wizard also includes two more unique features which no competitor has. It's fused so if you accidently overload the device, it won't burn out. Just change the fuse, which is available at any auto supply store.

at any auto supply store. And Watt Wizard features a unique LED readout, so you can actually tell, at any moment, exactly how much power you're saving — 10%, 20%, 30%, 40% or 50%. This feature is available only on the Watt Wizard. There's a "power-on" light, too. And the Watt Wizard comes with the manu-factures 1 wear limited warranty.

facturers 1 year limited warranty.

LOW COST — AND A TAX CREDIT We're offering the Watt Wizard for only \$39.95, with immediate delivery. Want two? Then its just \$37.95 each. Or splurge and get three at \$34.95 each. Wire-in models for heavy duty motors are \$6 more for each unit. Add just \$2 50 postage/bandling for each just \$2.50 postage/handling for each order (not each unit).

And next year, when you fill out your tax return, you can deduct a full 15% energy tax credit-for additional savings.

## **30-DAY MONEY-BACK GUARANTEE**

Try the Watt Wizard for up to 30 days. If not completely satisfied, return

days. If not completely satisfied, return it (insured) for a full refund. The sooner you send for the Watt Wizard, the more you can save on your electric bills. To order, send your check or money order to the address below. Or charge it to your Visa, MasterCharge, American Express, or Carte Blanche credit card. If using your charge card, you can also order via our toll-free phone number: phone number:

## 800-257-7850

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measured .009% . . . response was flat from 20Hz to 20kHz, within .5dB . offers graphic equalization capabilities of more expensive commercially built units at just a fraction of the cost."



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## BOOKS

continued from page 94

are also presented-Space Capture and Hangman.

**CIRCLE 93 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD** 

AUDIO AND VIDEO INTERFERENCE CURES, by Larry Kahaner. Hayden Book Company, Inc., 50 Essex Street, Rochelle Park, NJ 07662. 114 pp including index. 51/4 × 81/2 in. Softcover \$5.50.

This book covers all types of noise generators, both transmitter (radio stations, TV stations, amateur radio operators, etc.) and non-transmitter (hair dryers, washing machines, electric shavers, etc.) and provides information needed to stop the interference. Whatever the source of the noise may be, you will be given step-by-step instructions on how to find the offending source and cure the interference. Schematic wiring diagrams of filters for all types of receivers and transmitters are included. There are also simple filter designs which will eliminate radio and TV interference caused by motors, neon lights, etc. And if your particular trouble is especially difficult, there is a list of outside resources to assist you.

**CIRCLE 94 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD** 

32 BASIC PROGRAMS FOR THE COMMODORE PET COMPUTER, by Tom Rugg and Phil Feldman. Dilithium Press, Box 92, Forest Grove, OR 97116. 267 pp. 51/4 × 81/4 in. Softcover \$15.95.

This book contains a wide variety of PET programs, ranging from computer games to mathematical applications. Programs include a road race, dice games, educational Flashcard and Vocab programs; plus Biorhythm and Checkbook. All programs can be run on 8K; some can run on 4K. The book also includes a bibliography to provide needed background information.

CIRCLE 95 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

REFLECTOR ANTENNA ANALYSIS AND DE-SIGN, by P. J. Wood. Peter Peregrinus Ltd. (on behalf of the Institution of Electrical Engineers), Southgate House, Stevenage, Herts, SG1 1HQ, England. In USA: INSPEC, 445 Hoes Lane, Piscataway, NJ 08854. 221 pp + index. 51/2 × 8% in. Hardcover. \$35.00.

Volume 7 in the IEE Electromagnetic Waves Series, this book starts with a review of the geometrical optics, aperture field integral, induced current, plane-wave spectrum, GTD and integralequation theories as applied to reflector antennas. The vector spherical wave expansion technique is then introduced as a vehicle for treating reflector scattering problems, incorporating measured pattern data and carrying out synthesis operations. Selected topics follow, more specifically oriented towards particular applications. They have in common a spherical wave analytic base. Topics include the characterization of the feed horn, vector representations appropriate to calculating polarization response, and a profilesynthesis procedure for dual reflector antennas. There are many diagrams, and some photos, illustrating each topic; in addition, numerical data taken from actual applications is included wherever feasible

**CIRCLE 89 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD** 

FROM TELEVISION TO HOME COMPUTER: THE FUTURE OF CONSUMER ELECTRONICS, Edited by Angus Robertson. Blandford Press; distributed by Sterling Publishing Co., Inc. 2 Park Avenue, New York, NY 10016. 323 pp. including index. 51/2 × 83/4 in. Hardcover \$19.95.

Edited by video expert Angus Robertson, this book covers the increasingly wide scope of today's consumer electronics: large-screen TV, VCR's and video discs, amateur and CB radio, television and electronic games, video program production, home computers, in-car entertainment, electronic watches and calculators, new advances in hi-fi, electronic home protection, world-wide cable TV, and further electronic marvels that are already visible on the horizon.

There are 300 photographs and drawings and a comprehensive glossary. R-E **CIRCLE 90 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD** 

RADIO-ELECTRONICS 96



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## state of solid state

## New high-efficiency photovoltaic solar panels brings everyday applications closer to reality.

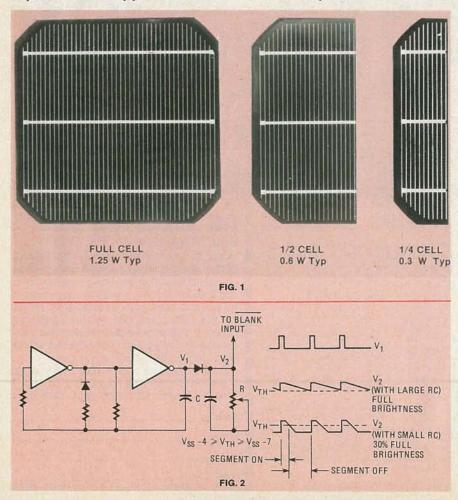
KARL SAVON, SEMICONDUCTOR EDITOR

WOULDN'T IT BE NICE TO MAKE AN INVESTment of a few thousand dollars, say as part of your mortgage, and then sit back and know you had free electricity for 20 years or so? I'm afraid you can't do it today, but the idea may not be too farfetched. Motorola's announcement of relatively high-efficiency solar panels in 10-, 20- and 40-watt sizes, although specifically aimed at a different market, brings such possibilities to mind.

The 40-watt unit is a matrix of  $33, 4 \times$ 4-inch square solar cells that account for almost 85% of the total 13.2-inch by 47.2-inch surface area. Equivalent round wafer designs use only 69% of the total available area. The type-304 stainless framed panels are 1.5 inches thick. Great emphasis was obviously placed on module life—localized solar-cell failures do not significantly affect panel performance. Redundant interconnects and across-thecell contacts keep the power flowing even when cracked cells break current paths.

The MSP43A40 has three rows of 11 cells that are wired in series to give a useful output-voltage level. At 28°C cell temperature, the open-circuit charging voltage is 19.5 volts. In typical silicon fashion, the voltage drops about 2 millivolts per cell for each degree of temperature rise. The output voltage is reduced to 16.4 volts at a 65°C cell temperature. The nominal 40-watt rating is specified at a 28°C cell temperature, and the power rating drops off to 27.1 watts at 65°C.

The Motorola solar modules are covered with a tempered Solatex 0.125-inch



cover glass; they're encapsulated with polyvinyl butyral, backed with aluminized *Tedlar* (polyvinyl fluoride) and are edgesealed with butyl rubber. The frame has a insulation resistance of 1600 volts AC minimum.

The solar modules are designed to operate at ambient temperatures from  $-40^{\circ}$ C to  $+60^{\circ}$ C. They will withstand constant wind velocities of 100 mph and gusts to 125 mph.

The MSP13A10 10-watt module uses quarter-size cells and the MSP23A20 20watt module uses half-size cells as shown in Fig. 1. All three modules use 33 series-connected cells to generate the same open-circuit voltage.

Suggested applications for the squarecell solar modules include village power supplies, remote communications equipment, and offshore and forestry equipment. Clearly, those applications have been selected where their special nature justifies the presently high solar-module prices.

The large-quantity price of the 40-watt module is \$476, or \$11.90 per watt. If we assume that the cells work for 12 hours a day at their full output, and that a kilowatt-hour costs 6 cents, it would take about 200,000 hours or 45 years to pay for the system—if it lasted that long. However, considering the present lowvolume production and the still-improving technology, the future outlook for such a home-energy system is far from unimaginable.

The advantages of electric energy with clean, inverter-based, electronic-control systems, adds to the desirability of a solar-cell system. Such a system is not subject to leaks, nor to the antifreeze and overheating problems of the currently available hot water solar panels.

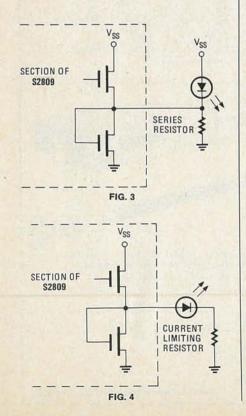
The three modules are available from stock and in hundred-quantities are priced at \$199, \$298, and \$476 each, which converts to \$19.90, \$14.90, and \$11.90 per watt, respectively. For more information, write to: Motorola Semiconductor Products Inc., P.O. Box 20912, Phoenix, AZ 85036.

## Universal display driver

This is the age of the digital display. It is used in clocks, radios, temperature indicators, games, test equipment, and automotive products. Rapid drops in the cost of displays accounts for their popularity, and has caused a similar exponentially growing demand for display *drivers*. American Microsystems' S2809 Universal Display Driver IC has 32 static, highcurrent outputs that can directly drive LED, LCD, and vacuum-fluorescent displays. The IC can source 1 milliamp at  $V_{ss}$ , 4 milliamps at 1 volt below  $V_{ss}$ , and 9 milliamps at 3 volts below  $V_{ss}$ . When used to drive four non-multiplexed 7-segment display digits, four outputs remain for single-element indicators.

The 40-pin AMI S2809 uses a serialinput format to load 32 bits of information through a shift register. The PMOS design includes circuitry that makes it possible to cascade two or more units to expand output capability. On-chip capacitors have been included to suppress RF interference generated by the clock and by other switching signals. Input logic signals can have either positive or negative sense, and are accommodated by using EXCLUSIVE OR gates on the parallel outputs to invert all 32 output signals when the invert control input is switched high. While data is being clocked in, the outputs are held at the same logic level as the invert-control input. The clock input must be high for at least 3 microseconds and low for 6.5 microseconds. Data is loaded when the chip-select input goes high.

The blanking-input pin can be used to control display brightness. If the pin is driven by a variable duty-cycle oscillator, the input waveform determines the output on-off ratio and the resulting average display intensity. The suggested circuit shown in Fig. 2 is an astable oscillator that feeds a peak-detector circuit with variable discharge-time control. If the discharge-time constant is relatively long,



the voltage  $(V_2)$  on the blanking pin never falls below the trigger threshold and full brightness is maintained. As the control's resistance is decreased, the voltage falls more rapidly and reaches the turn-off threshold, turning the output display off periodically and thus lowering the average display brightness.

The output drivers can drive a LED anode as shown in Fig. 3 by direct drive; the current is limited by the resistor in series with the LED. Since the output devices have unsymmetrical current capability, the cathode of a LED is driven by biasing the diode normally on with a series resistor as shown in Fig. 4. The upper, higher-current output device drives the cathode high, cutting off the LED. In effect, the positive output current from the display driver takes over the current normally supplied to the series resistor through the LED. This configuration requires higher total circuit power since current is always flowing in the resistor, whether the display is on or off. For vacuum-fluorescent and liquid-crystal display drive, the display segment is driven directly from the output. The LCD backplane is returned to the invert signal which provides the AC drive necessary for liquid crystal displays.

For more information, you can write to: AMI, 3800 Homestead Road, Santa Clara, CA 95051. R-E

## **ADVANCE** IS PROUD TO INTRODUCE the KETHLEY Line of High Quality Digital Multimeters Featuring The New 130 Hand-Held DMM Take a look at Keithley's new Model 130 measurement problem-solver. Easy to use Two rotary switches instead of eight pushbuttons Large, easy to read 1.8cm (.6") LCD digits—larger and sharper than competitors' Rugged High-impact ABS plastic case Shock-mounted LCD Tough polycarbonate plastic window and front panel Performance Plus Convenient size and weight—only 10 oz. (7.0"x 3.1"x 1.5") 200 hour battery life · Low battery annunciator Easy to maintain-all components on one board One-year guarantee on specifications Only one calibration adjustment, only once 25 Ranges and five functions: DC volts, AC volts, DC amps, ohms • 100 $\mu$ V, 1 $\mu$ A, 0.1 $\Omega$ sensitivity • 1000V DC, 750V AC, 10A and 20M $\Omega$ upper range limits Case \$10.00 ng \$3.00 SPECIFICATIONS RANGE ACCURACY DC VOLTAGE 200mv, 2V, 20V, 200V, 1000V .5% AC VOLTAGE 200mV, 2V, 20V, 200V, 750V 1% DC CURRENT 2mA, 20mA, 200mA, 2000mA, 10A 2% AC CURRENT 2mA, 20mA, 200mA, 2000mA, 10A 3% RESISTANCE 200Ω, 2kΩ, 20kΩ, 200kΩ, 20MΩ .5%



1980 99



**CIRCLE 81 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD** 

## service clinic

Here are several hints from our mailbag. Maybe one of them will help you on your next "tough dog."

EVERY SO OFTEN I WIND UP WITH A GROUP of short items, none of them long enough to make a whole column, but important enough to be passed along. So, I've combined several of those items into this column.

The first is inspired by far too many letters saying, "I put in a new horizontal output transistor, turned it on and the new one blew!" (The following is a re-run of at least two previous columns, plus a couple of "memory-joggers".) So, when you find one of the big transistors blown out, especially the horizontal output, and replace it, **don't** slap the full line voltage on the set immediately. The odds are too great that the new one will go the same way.

Put a current-meter in series with the DC supply, in place of the fuse that should have blown, and/or a DC voltmeter on the B+ output as shown in Fig. 1. Now, plug the set into a variable-voltage line transformer, and bring the line up very slowly. Watch the current. If you see almost the normal rated current, and the line is only about 50%, look out!

Start looking for the overload. Check all the low-voltage power supplies taken from the flyback; the yoke; the high-voltage tripler (if used) and any and all loads

## JACK DARR, SERVICE EDITOR

on this stage. A suitable variable voltageline transformer costs about the same as one of those big power transistors! If you save only one of them, the transformer is a freebie.

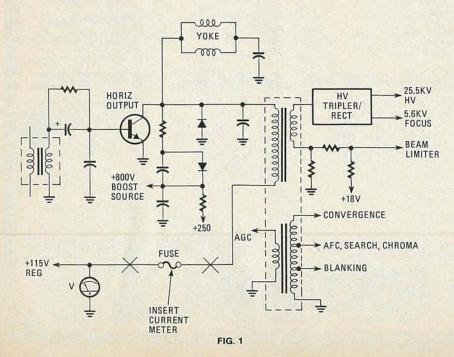
## **Fast-recovery diodes**

The second item deals with an unusual problem we recently ran into. This appeared in an SCR-type flyback circuit, such as RCA's. The commutating diode across the SCR was bad. It was replaced with a good fast-recovery diode, and the new diode blew out in a very short time! After quite a bit of head-scratching, and a couple of phone calls, we finally found one that would work. That is a new special RCA power-switching diode; the part number is 142569. It will hold up in this application.

The 142569 diode will work across either the trace or retrace SCR. Frankly, we have not been able to find out why a stock fast-recovery diode blew out so fast, though its ratings were ample. That one will do the job. Make a note of the number and put it up over your bench.

### **Admiral parts**

We get quite a few letters asking about parts for Admiral TV sets, since they



closed up shop. We finally found out: They still have a parts depot, with a WATS line. The number is 1-800-447-8361. Be sure you have the correct Admiral part number, chassis number, and all other data needed at hand.

### Vacuum tubes.

After printing a question from a reader needing an old-type vacuum tube, I got lots of letters from readers who had some, as well as some useful addresses. For the older tube types, try these companies:

Richardson Electronics, Ltd., 3030 North River Road, Franklin Park, IL 60131. They, too, have a WATS line: 1-800-323-6860. (Thanks to George J. Falkenbach for this one)

John L. Groezinger sends in this one: Thor Electronics Corp. 321 Pennsylvania Ave, P.O. Box 7070, Linden, NJ 07036. Phone numbers: NY Area, (212) 239-4510; NJ Area, (201) 486-3300. All others, 1-800-526-4052.

Doug Stevens of Hawaii, and several others, sent in this one, which surprised me a bit: Fair Radio Sales, Inc., 1016 East Eureka, P.O. Box 1105, Lima, OH 45802. This company deals in surplus radio and electronic equipment, but it turns out that they have quite a stock of the older tubes, at some very good prices.

Finally, although there were a few others, Edward J. Modie, 141 West Main St. Barnesville, OH 43713 says that he has a few RCA/Sylvania type 75 tubes, if anyone needs them.

### Toshiba vacuum tubes

This is another re-run; it originally came up some time ago. A friend in California found the answer and told me. Problem is very short life of 23JS6 tubes used in Toshiba Chassis TAC-6410. The cure is using a 23JS6 tube manufactured by Toshiba. In this and similar chassis, the tube is subjected to a tremendous heater-to-cathode voltage. The US types will not withstand it, although they work perfectly well in all other sets, and are within spec.! The Toshiba tubes are built with a very high heater-to-cathode breakdown voltage. Company address is: Toshiba America, Inc., 280 Park Ave, New York, NY 10017. If you can't locate the nearest Toshiba distributor, they can tell you where it is.

Here's a clarification of a statement made in this column, some time ago, about using the scope to check filter capacitors by looking for signs of hash on

### SERVICE CLINIC continued from page 101

the terminals. Reader wanted to know where his vertical gain should be set on the scope. In general, as high as possible, so that you'll catch even the smallest pulse or glitch on the B+.

However, some of the newer scopes are so dang sensitive that you see all kinds of stuff on the pattern even on good capacitors. That can be due to stray pickup, or even to having the probe ground on the wrong point (or leaving it off, which is one of my pet goofs!) I suppose that a good medium setting would be at a point that gives you almost full-screen when you are reading the ripple on the input filter; somewhere around 2-3 volts for full screen deflection. That should be sensitive enough to pick up anything that can cause troubles.

That's about it for this time. I hope that some of those items will be of at least a little help, and good luck. **R-E** 

## service questions

## BAD FLYBACK

The question was about excess current and the horizontal output transistor blowing in an RCA CTC-97. I suggested some checks to see that other things were OK. Reply was: "We found the answer and it was what you said! The new integratedtype flyback was bad. New one and new output transistor and it worked. Thanks!"

Thanks to J.T. Durland of Elk City, OK, for that one.

## PICTURE TUBE GOES OUT

Here's a cutie! In this Motorola Quasar T938-A16-1, the heater of the picture tube will light dimly in the oFF position. Turn the switch oN, and the heater goes out! I've tried to trace out things on the switch, but I get lost. Sams shows 6 wires to T800 (Heater transformer) and the one in here has only four. I'm lost! Can you help—B.H., Modesto, CA.

I hope so! Quasar's CTV-8 manual shows the 4-lead transformer, which is T801 here (T800 in the Sams; different run, or something). That transformer does only one thing: In the OFF position, it feeds a low AC voltage to the heater of the picture tube for instant-on operation. The on/off switch has an SPDT switch in the *secondary* of this transformer. That switches the heater from the yellow lead of T801 over to pins 19 (common) and 20, on the JA panel. In normal operation, those are the picture-tube heater supply, derived from the flyback.

The brown lead from the heater goes to

the slider of the switch, the blue lead to pin 20 (hot). Check those.

## HOT RESISTOR

Here's one I ran into in a Magnavox T991. If Q6 on the regulator board runs too hot and eventually self-destructs, check the waveform on the collector. Although that isn't shown in the service data, and should be, it's a *square* 150-volt P-P pulse about 20 microseconds in duration. If that pulse is distorted in any way, check the mating pins 11-12 on the mother board for possible bad solder joints. That prevents the full feedback pulse from T101 getting to where it must be to develop the proper bias on Q6. Must be a clean square pulse or it won't do!

(Thanks very much to John Gorman, of South Plainfield, NJ. I've run into a few similar cases, but not many. Problem is due to incorrect pulses on regulator stages, letting them go "out of control." One had the opposite symptom. The pulse was a squarewave, but should have been a sharp spike! Bad capacitors in differentiating circuit caused it. That waveform was not shown in the service data either!)

## SHORT-LIVED BOOST CAPACITOR

First there was smoke, then narrow raster and finally no raster at all. Boost capacitor C111 was burned beyond recognition. New capacitor and replaced



CIRCLE 36 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

weak output tube. Ran two days in shop and two weeks in the home. Came back, C111 burned up again! Tell me what the obvious solution is!-B.A., Lindenhurst, NY.

From the length of time the set did work well, it seems to me that the replacement capacitor must have been defective. Two things could have made this happen-one would be excessive pulse-voltage from the flyback. That would have shown up as high boost voltages, high voltage sweep, and so on. So, we don't have much left except for a bad capacitor.

Be sure you use a type that will withstand high RF currents. Polycarbonate dielectric and others. That capacitor gets quite a high pulse voltage, and from the symptoms, it suffered a gradual heating until it broke down. The original is rated for 6 kV. Be sure your new one has at least that much rating.

## QUICK AND DIRTY FIX FOR ARCING

J.S. Belcher of Greenup, KY, sends along this hint for arcing between the grounding spring and bell of a CRT. He says it's a quick and dirty fix but it works! Just push a wad of aluminum foil between the ground strap and the dag coating of the tube. J.S. says he wrapped up a small plastic bag with the foil to give it more "spring," and it worked.

Thank you sir; suggestions are always welcome.

## **NO-COLOR PROBLEM**

Thanks for the help on the RCA CTC-27X with the no-color problem. I finally located a 3.16 megohm resistor in the collector of the ACC transistor that was open. That caused the ACC stage to kill the color. Couldn't find that odd value, and it was a 1% type, so I used a 3.0 Meg and 160K in series, and it worked. It's R172 and it's among quite a bag of worms in that circuit! Had to take it all apart before I caught the open one.

Thanks to W. J. McLain of Phoenix, AZ, for the feedback. (That was a goodie!)

## GRID DRIVE FLATTENING

This Motorola-Quasar TS929 chassis was working only fairly well. The 6LF6 horizontal-output tube was drawing over 350 mA. Boost voltage is quite low, and so on. The drive waveform looks odd, but I've noticed that lot of them do. Any ideas?-A.O., Adel, IA.

I told him to do the standard things. He replied: "I kept checking things and finally got it. For one thing, the drive waveform on the 6LF6 grid didn't look right. New tube did not help." (That was one of the stock tests, for possible grid emission in 6LF6, that I suggested.) "Got over into the horizontal oscillator stage. Voltages there off enough to be suspicious.

## EQUIPMENT REPORTS continued from page 44

ing system problems or in planning your own modifications

The Elf II includes 256 bytes of memory; enough for elementary programming exer-cises. Using the 1802's DMA (Direct Memory Access) facility starts program loading at address 0000 with a minimum of hardware.

If you want greater convenience an additional \$39.95 buys the Giant board module that includes a ROM-based monitor. That monitor lets you examine and change any section of memory; you are no longer confined to starting at address 0. It also gives you an 8-bit input and an 8-bit output port to control external circuitry, a serial input/output port for connection to a printer or terminal, and a tape recorder interface to be used for saving and loading programs.

Netronics has a catalogue of expansion items, including a color and music board, a light pen, a prototyping board, 4K memory boards, and an ASCII keyboard and companion video-display board. Available software includes a disassembler, and the Elfbug monitor that lets you insert breakpoints into a machine language program. A cassette text editor is available to prepare mnemonic assembly language source programs that can be processed by the cassette assembler to produce executable machine code. Also available is a full BASIC interpreter.

While the Elf II is an excellent and inexpensive way to learn about the 1802 microprocessor, and processors in general, at their most fundamental level, other alternatives should be explored before beginning a large systems expansion.

Additonal information is available from Netronics Research and Development Ltd., 333 Litchfield Rd., New Milford, CT 06776. R-E

"Resistors, etc. checked out OK. I tried a new 6BL8 oscillator tube. Voltages much closer to normal. Looked over at cathode-current monitor and it was down to normal 225 mA! DC voltages all back up to the right value! I didn't try a new 6BL8 earlier because it was almost new; I'd put it in only about 90 days ago!"

That is indeed a valuable hint. This is the first time that I've heard of a driveflattening problem caused by the oscillator tube! There have been many cases like that, but till now, they've all been due to grid emission in the horizontal-output tube.

### **ODD RASTER**

In this Philco black-and-white set, I needed a new deflection yoke-76-14170-1, or Thordarson Y-94. Put one of those in and got an odd raster, with about two inches of black on both sides. Checked everything else. No luck. Here's the answer. The magnets glued to the sides of the yoke were installed so the polarity was backwards. They opposed the sweep and distorted it! Taking both of them off cured the problem.

Thanks to John Conti, of Texas City, TX, for that oddball case. R-E

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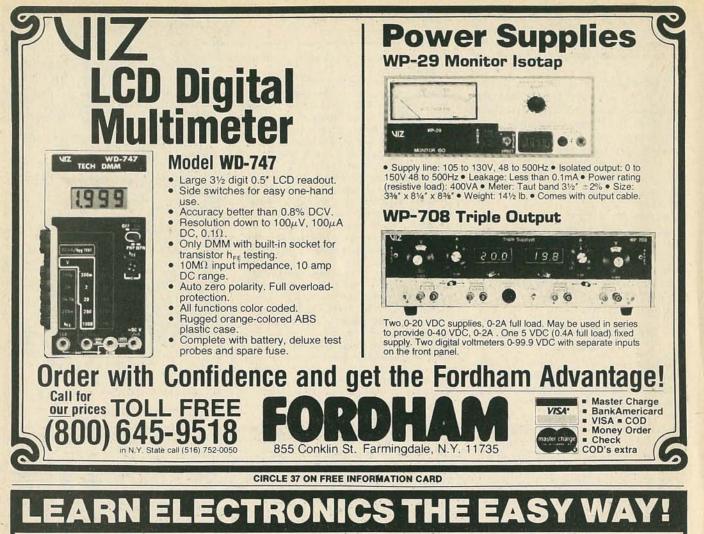
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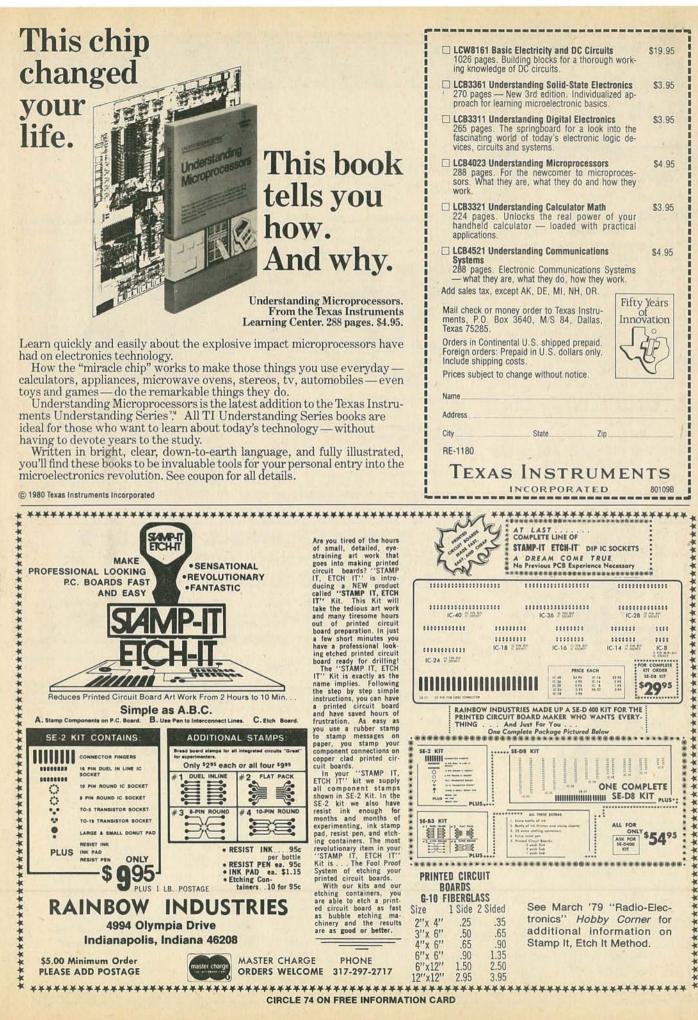
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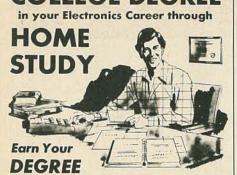
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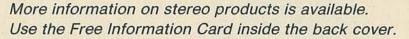


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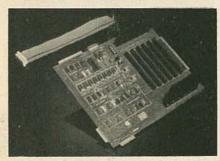
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of 0.5 watt. Other features are leathery soft ear cushions and a 10-foot coiled connecting cord with a 3-circuit phone plug. It's packaged in a 3-color display carton. Suggested retail price of model 60A is \$14.95. — BP Electronics, 855 Conklin St., Farmingdale, NY 11735. R-E

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8100 features selectable odd, even, or no parity, and 5, 6, 7 and 8-bit word length with I, 1½, or 2 stop bits. It is available either assembled and tested or in kit form. Suggested retail price is \$245.—California Computer Systems, 250 Caribbean Dr., Sunnyvale, CA 94086.

GRAPHICS INTERFACE, model SDI, is a highresolution unit designed for Cromemco computer systems. It displays color or black-and-white images with up to 756 by 484 point resolution. Features include color-map selection, dual-page windowing function, automatic area fill mode, and NTSC broadcast compatibility. The SDI consists of two circuit boards that plug into the S-100 bus of the system, and uses direct memory access to display the contents of display memory. Each pixel of the display can be mapped from one bit of



the display memory and 12K or 48K of memory can be used. In the nybble-mapped mode, any 16 of 40% possible colors can be displayed in one picture. In the bit-mapped mode, any two colors can be displayed, and in black-and-white nybblemapped mode there can be 16 shades of gray. The *SDI* has three separate analog output signals to drive the Red, Green, and Blue guns of an RBG monitor and a composite sync signal is switchselectable on any of the three outputs. Suggested retail price is \$595.—Cromemco, Inc., 280 Bernardo Ave., Mountain View, CA 94043. R-E

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NOVEMBER

## new lit

## More information on new lit is available. Use the Free Information Card inside the back cover

RCA SK SOLID STATE REPLACEMENT GUIDE 1980 is 368 pages and offers 1,080 solid state replacement devices that replace more than 161,000 domestic and foreign types. There is a dual numbering system which shows both the SK stock number and the stock number in the systems used by EGC, REN, and TM.

There is information on RCA's full line of replacement transistors, rectifiers, thyristors, integrated circuits, and high-voltage triplers, including many MRO (*M*aintenance and *Repair* Operation), replacements. The guide also includes an index and a comprehensive data section with listings grouped according to the type of device. The price of the guide is \$1.50.—RCA Distributor and Special Products, PO Box 597, Woodbury, NJ 08096.

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VIDEO/AUDIO SUPPLIES AND ACCESSORIES CATALOG, contains 80 pages describing hundreds of unique and innovative items for audio and video users. Featured products include custom cables, video cassettes, tape labels, hardto-find connectors and adaptors, microphones, test charts, audio cassettes, tape cleaning supplies, cable markers, splicing kits, books and service manuals, tool kits, storyboard pads, and many other items. The catalog also introduces the pocket cable tester and the Littlite. Namebrand items are offered, such as Memorex, Switchcraft, Belden, Maxell, Shure, Vaco, Brady, and many others.—WIDL Video, 5245 W. Diversey Ave., Chicago, IL 60639.

### **CIRCLE 142 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD**

ALUMINUM SOLDERING GUIDE, Alu-Sol Multicore Solder, is a 4-page brochure that provides information on soldering aluminum using the multi-cored solder, Alu-Sol 45D. Alu-Sol 45D is a combination of a flux and silver-loaded tin-lead solder that contains no bismuth, zinc, cadmium or aluminum. The brochure provides complete applications, technical data, joint design recommendations and soldering techniques. Detailed performance information is also given including a table on the solderability of various wrought and cast aluminum alloys, different aluminum finishes as well as other metals and alloys using Alu-Sol 45D.—Multicore Solders, Westbury, NY 11590. CIRCLE 143 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

ELECTRONICS CATALOG, contains 80 pages crammed with hundreds of bargain-priced electronic parts and equipment. Listed are factory surplus items plus many unusual and hard-to-find parts. This catalog will be of interest to everyone in the field of electronics—teachers, students, hams, hobbyists, as well as technicians, dealers and manufacturers.—**Etco Electronics Corp.**, Dept. 113, Box 796, Plattsburgh, NY 12901.

### **CIRCLE 144 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD**

**KEYBOARD-SWITCH CATALOG**, is a 4-color, 12 page catalog featuring the complete *Series T*-5 line of mechanical contact keyboard switches. The catalog covers 12 basic switch types, electrical specifications, mechanical dimensions, PCboard layout and mounting requirements. It also covers dimensions, styles, and colors available of stock and custom keytops and lighted-switch lenses.—**MEI**, **Inc.**, Park Center, Sterling, VA 22170.

**CIRCLE 145 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD** 

CROSS REFERENCE FOR VARIABLE TRANS-FORMERS, Interchangeability Chart, is a sixpage two-color guide covering over 400 models. The listing shows the equivalent catalog numbers for similar types made by other variable transformer manufacturers. The guide lists current ratings from 0.8 amps to 540 amps as well as model numbers.—Staco Energy Products Co., 301 Gaddis Blvd., Dayton, OH 45403. R-E

**CIRCLE 146 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD** 





## More information on radio products is available. Use the Free Information Card inside the back cover.

KILOWATT LINEAR AMPLIFIER, model 444 Hercules, features instant break-in and requires no tuning—the front panel uses just four switches (power, mode, meter, and band). Behind the black-out upper panel are two large meters that light up when AC power is turned on. One measures collector current, the other measures collector voltage or power (forward and reverse). There are also six status indicators with LED's that can show the following conditions: overdrive, improper control-switch setting, heat-sink temperature, SWR, overvoltage, and RF output balance. The amp will shut down when set limits are exceeded.

The model 444 uses two 500-watt push-pull transistor amplifier modules, operating at 45volts DC at 22.2 amps, and providing 600 watts RF output. Frequency range is 1.8 MHz through 21.5 MHz, and input and output impedance is 50



## **CIRCLE 111 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD**

ohms. The separate power supply provides 45 volts DC at 24 amperes and an automatic linevoltage correction circuit eliminates the possibility of applying too high a voltage to the final transistors. Price is \$1575.—**TEN-TEC, Inc.,** Highway 411 E., Sevierville, TN 37862.

MARINE CB ANTENNAS, models MC277 and MC270, are designed for use on fiberglass, wood, plastic, or metal boats and recreational vehicles and do not require ground planes. Both antennas feature a molded, hinged base that locks in an upright position for transmission and folds 180° for out-of-the-way storage when not in use. Both include a prewired coax assembly sealed into the base for moisture protection. The model MC277 Sea King is a nine-foot fiberglass whip that pro-



CIRCLE 112 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD vides maximum range and performance and is

priced at \$39.95. The model *MC270 Sea Sprite* is a loaded fiberglass stick-type that combines the convenience of short height (39 inches) with highperformance characteristics. It is priced at \$31.95.—Antler Antennas, P.O. Box 40526, Fort Worth, TX 76140.

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	AM Harmonic distortion	50% modulation = 0.6% T.H.D., 90% modulation = 1.5% T.H.D. (1kHz modulation)				
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## next month

## **DECEMBER 1980**

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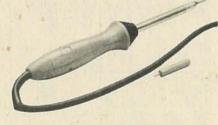
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RADIO-ELECTRONICS

## **HI-FI STEREO** continued from page 75

than a switchable circuit-interruption point in the long signal path from program source to loudspeaker terminals. Usually, the tape-monitor interruption point occurs immediately after the program-source selector switch. In some components, an additional stage of gain or a stage used as a buffer amplifier may be added, as shown by the dotted lines of Fig. 5. In either case, the jack labelled "tape out" (only one channel is shown for convenience, but in a stereo component, the identical configuration would appear for the alternate channel) is intended for connection to the input of an accessory component or a tape deck, while the jack labelled "tape in", "monitor" or "tape play" connects to the output of either a tape recorder/deck or the output of one of the many auxiliary devices or accessories.

If nothing is connected to the tapemonitor circuit and the front-panel tapemonitor switch is depressed or moved to the "tape" setting, it is clear from Fig. 5 that the signal path will be completely broken or interrupted and nothing will be heard from the system's loudspeakers. On the other hand, if a tape deck (for example) is connected to the tape-monitor loop and the "tape" position of the front-panel tape-monitor switch is chosen, only the output of the tape deck will be fed to the succeeding amplification stages and ultimately to the loudspeakers, regardless of the setting of the main-program selector switch on the front panel of your receiver or amplifier.

Often, users forget those important facts and, when they turn on their systems and discover that no sound is coming from the loudspeakers, they panic and place a call to their local service technician. Only when he arrives and simply restores the tape-monitor switch to its "out" or "source" posi-tion do they realize that they have wasted a service call. R-E



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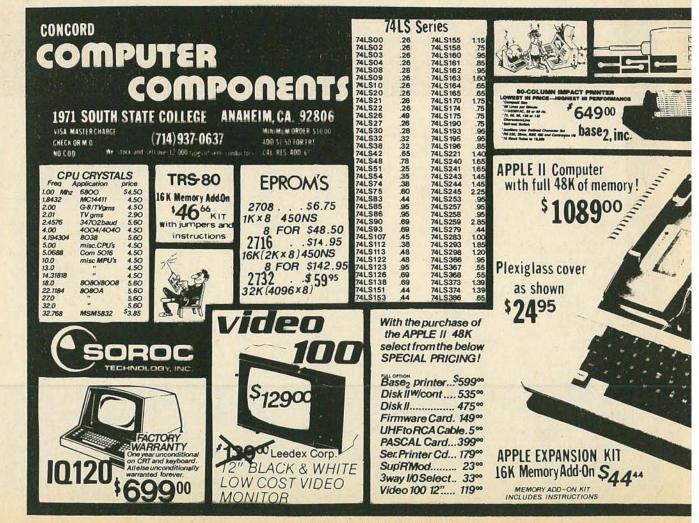
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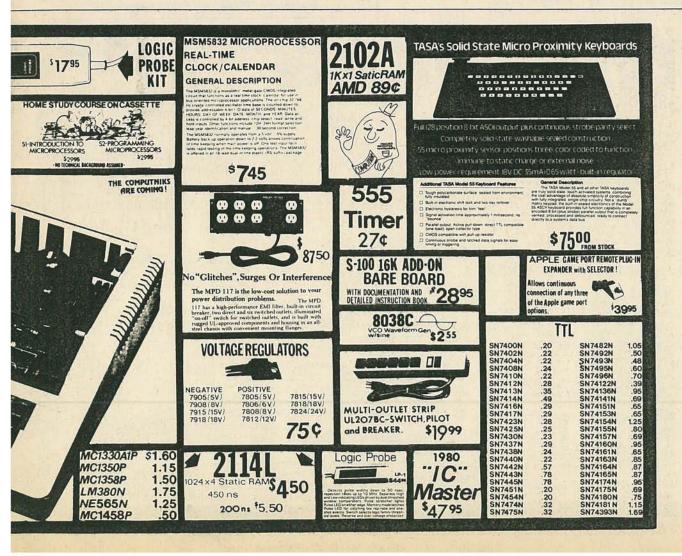


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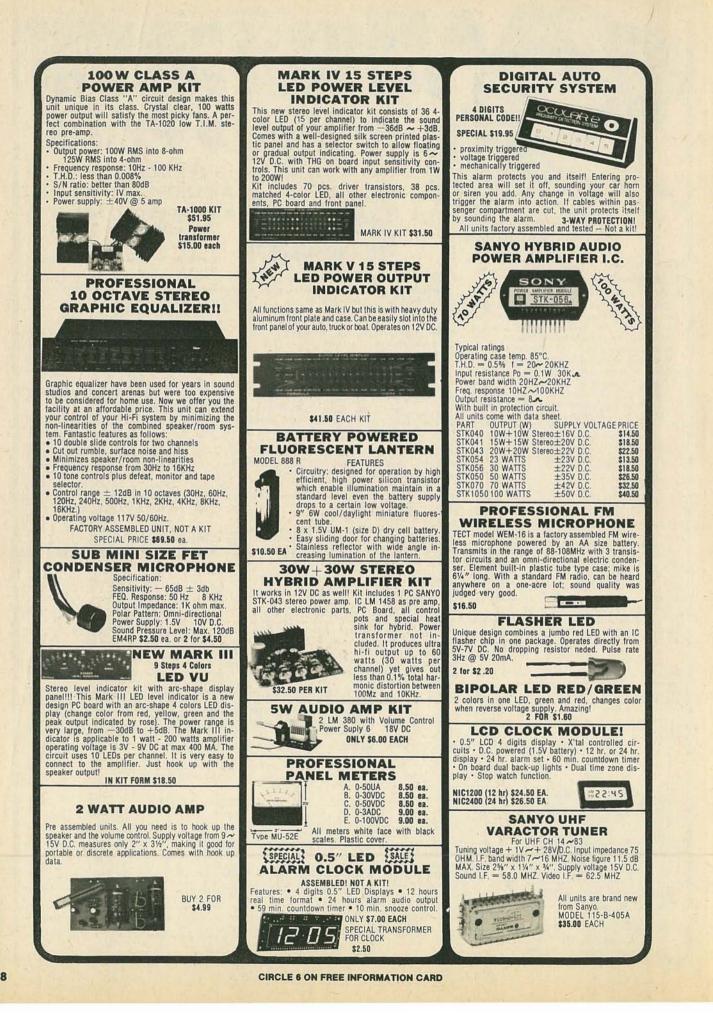
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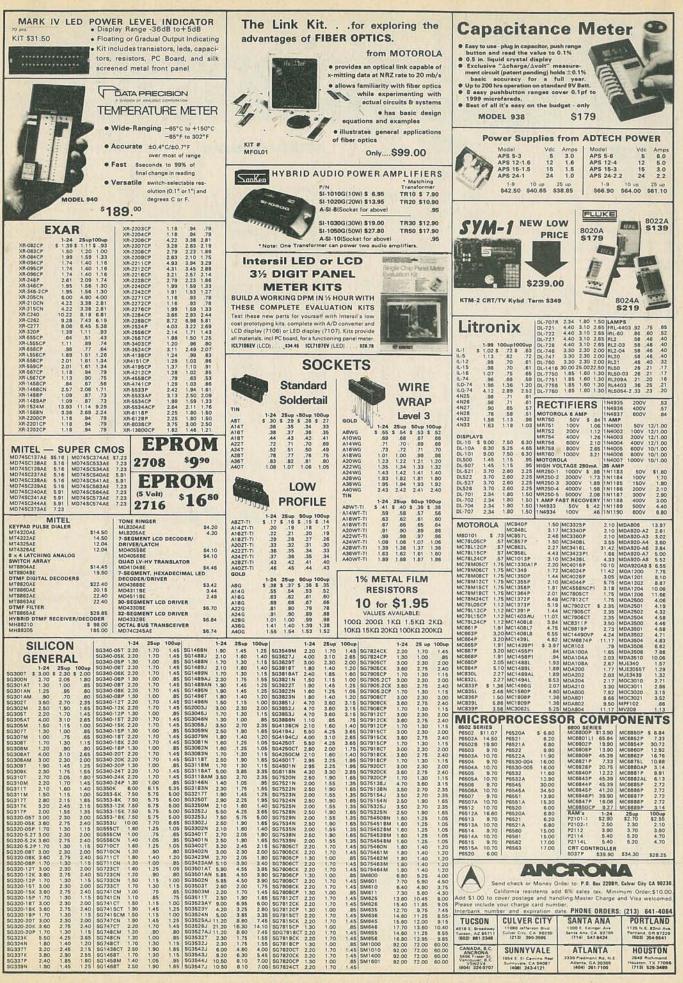
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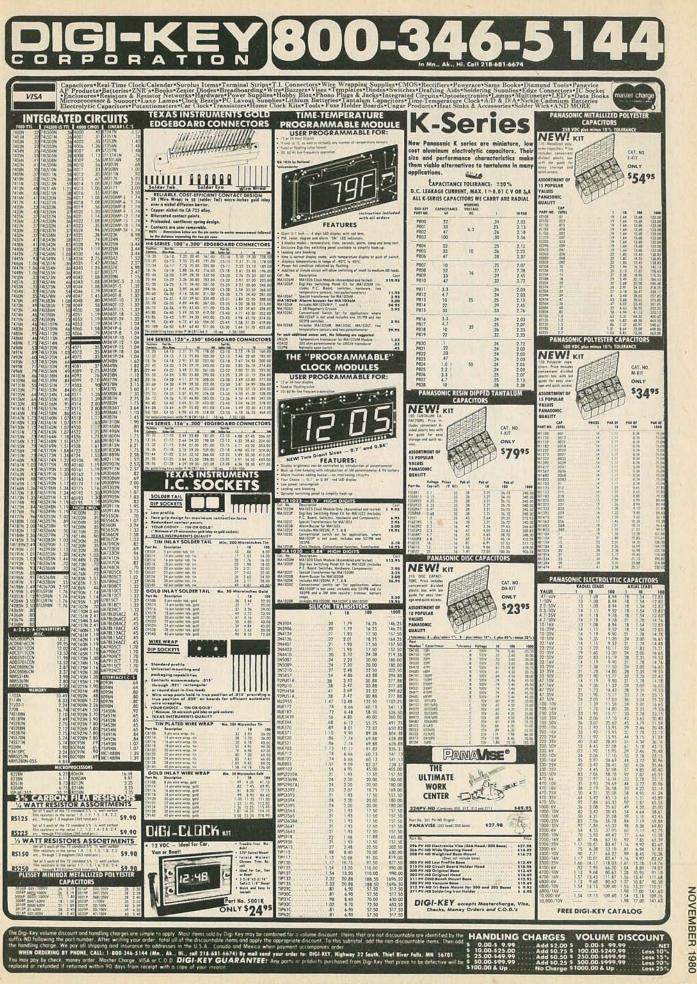
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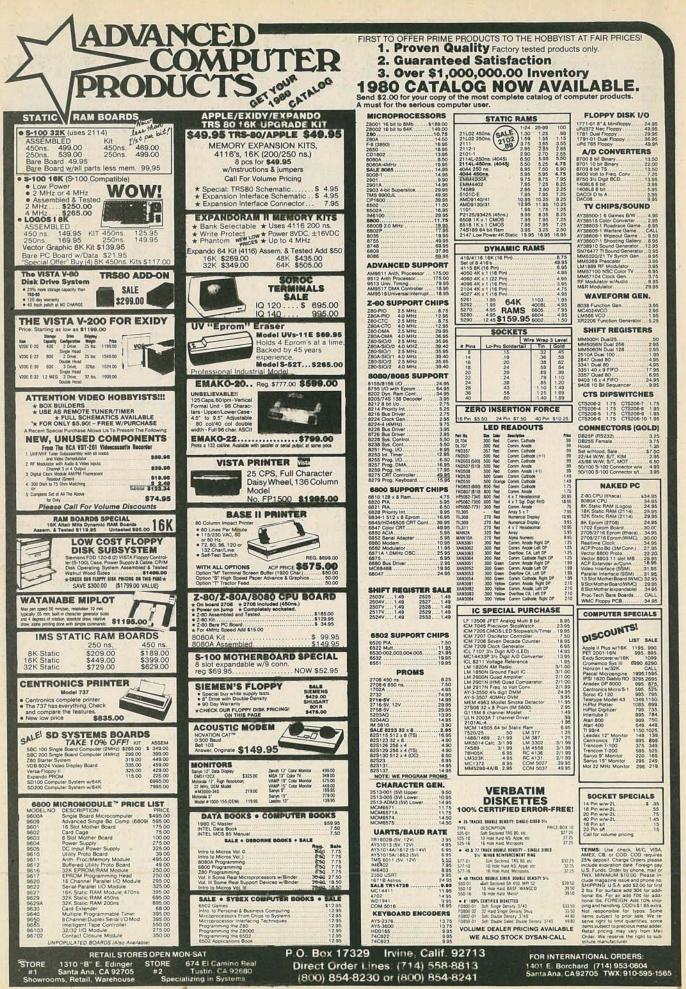


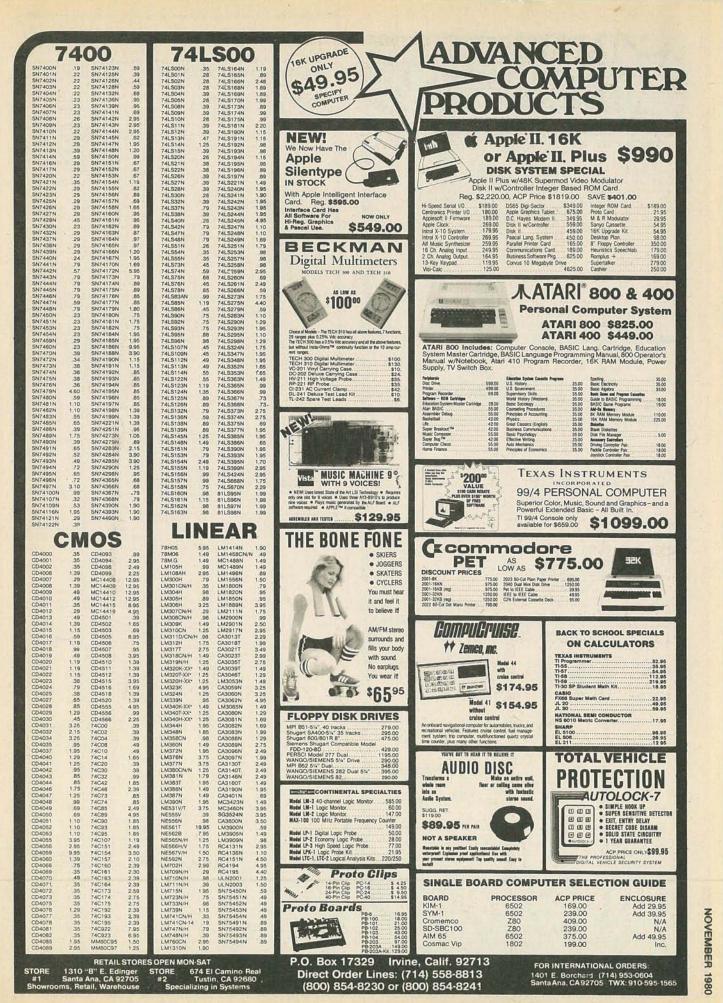


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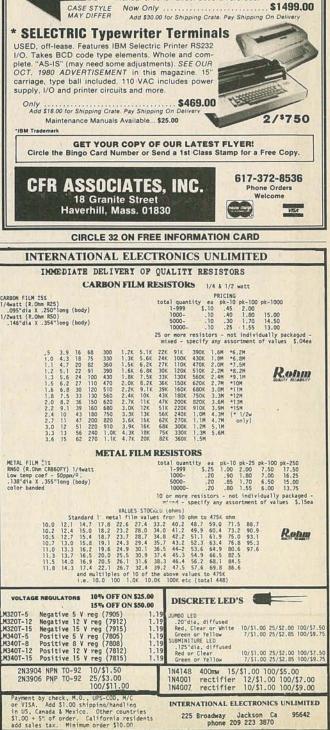
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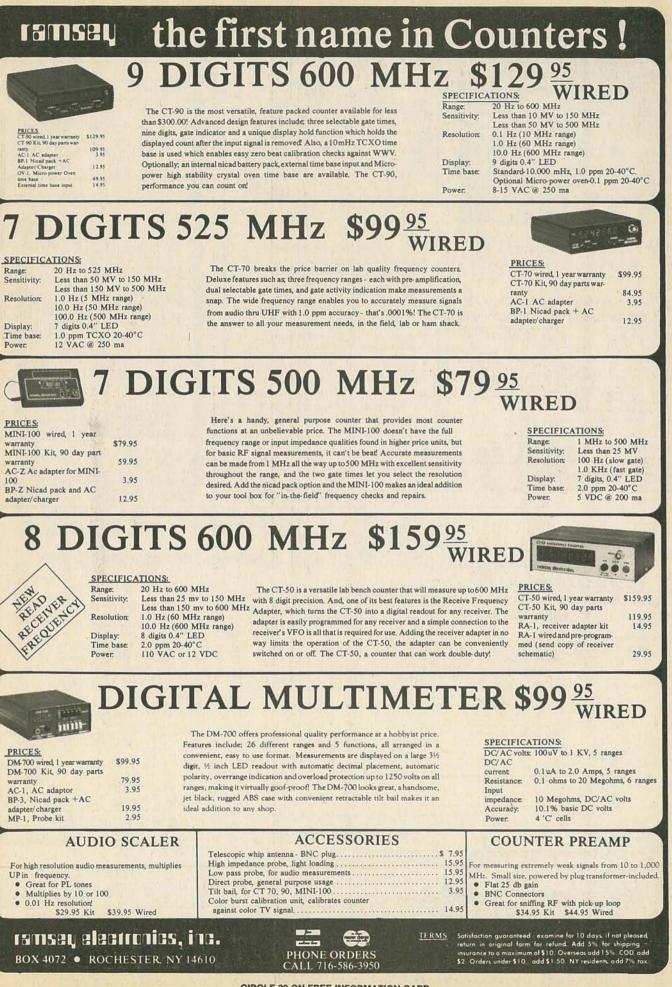
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\$8.95

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SN SN SN SN SN	時間町日日	LM340T-12 LM340T-15 LM340T-16 LM340T-24 LM350	125	CD 4068 CD 4069 CD 4070 CD 4071 CD 4072	40 50 45	MCM66751A 9368 410D 416	9.95 3.50 10.00 16.00	PIN         PIN           14         32         24         85           16         33         25         1.00           18         57         40         1.23	CONTINENTAL SPECIALTIES is slock Complete line of breadboard test equip MAX-100 8 digit Freq. Ctr. 5128.95 OK WIRE WRAP TOOLS in stock Pertable Multimeter \$18.00
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Compare features before you decide to buy any other computer. There is no other computer on the market today that has all the desirable bene-It is of the Super Elf for so little money. The Super Elf is a small single board computer that does many big things. It is an excellent computer for training and for learning programming with its machine language and yet it is easily expanded with additional memory, Full Basic, ASCII Keyboards, video character generation, etc.

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The Super Ell includes a ROM monitor for gram loading, editing and execution with SINGLE STEP for program debugging which is not in-cluded in others at the same price. With SINGLE STEP you can see the microprocessor chip opera-ting with the unique Quest address and data bus displays before, during and after executing in-structions. Also, CPU mode and instruction cycle are decoded and displayed on 8 LED indicators. An RCA 1861 video graphics chip allows you to connect to your own TV with an inexpensive video modulator to do graphics and games. There is a speaker system included for writing your own music or using many music programs already written. The speaker amplifier may also be used to drive relays for control purposes.

A 24 key HEX keyboard includes 16 HEX keys

This is truly an astounding value! This board has been designed to allow you to decide how you want it optioned. The Super Expansion Board comes with 4K of low power RAM fully address-able anywhere in 64K with built-in memory protect and a cassette interface. Provisions have been made for all other options on the same board and it fits neatly into the hardwood cabinet alongside the **Super EI**. The board includes slots for up to 6K of **EPROM** (2708, 2758, 2716 or 11 2716) and is **fully socketed**, EPROM can be used for the monitor and Tiny Basic or other purposes.

A IK Super ROM Monitor \$19.95 is available as an on board option in 2708 EPROM which has been preprogrammed with a program loader/ editor and error checking multi file cassette read/write software, (relocatable cassette file) another exclusive from Quest. It includes register save and readout, block move capability and video graphics driver with blinking cursor. Break

# Announcing Quest Super Basic-

A new enhanced version of Super Basic now available. Quest was the first company worldwide to ship a full size Basic for 1802 Systems. A complete function Super Basic by Ron Cenker including floating point capability with scientific notation (number range ±. 17E<sup>w</sup>), 32 bit integer ±2 billion; multi dim arrays, string arrays, string manipulation; cassette I/O; save and load, basic, data and maching long and load pasic. data and machine language programs; and over 75 statements, functions and operations.

Gremlin Color Video Kit \$69.95 32 x 16 alpha/numerics and graphics; up to 8 colors with 6847 chip; 1K RAM at E000. Plugs into Super Elf 44 pin bus. No high res. graphics. On broad BE Mediutae kit defe On board RF Modulator Kit \$4.95

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plus load, reset, run, wait, input, memory pro-tect, monitor select and single step Large, on board displays provide output and optional high and low address. There is a 44 pin standard connector slot for PC cards and a 50 pin connector slot for the Quest Super Expansion Board. Power supply and sockets for all IC's are included in the price plus a detailed 127 pg. instruc-tion manual which now includes over 40 pgs. of software info. including a series of lessons to help get you started and a music program and graphics target game. Many schools and univer-sities are using the Super Elf as a course of study. OEM's use it for training and R&D.

Remember, other computers only offer Super Elf features at additional cost or not at all. Compare before you buy. Super Elf Kit \$106.95, High address option \$8.95, Low address option \$9.95. Custom Cabinet with drilled and labelled plexiglass front panel \$24.95. All metal Expan-sion Cabinet, painted and silk screened, with room for 5 S-100 boards and power supply \$57.00. NiCad Battery Memory Saver Kit \$6.95. All kits and options also completely assembled and tested.

Questdata, a software publication for 1802 computer users is available by subscription for \$12.00 per 12 issues. Single issues \$1.50. Issues 1-12 bound \$16.50.

Tiny Basic Cassette \$10.00, on ROM \$38.00, original Elf kit board \$14.95. 1802 software; Moews Video Graphics \$3.50. Games and Music \$3.00, Chip 8 Interpreter \$5.50.

# Super Expansion Board with Cassette Interface \$89.95

points can be used with the register save feature to isolate program bugs quickly, then follow with single step. If you have the Super Expansion Board and Super Monitor the monitor is up and running at the push of a button.

Other on board options include Parallel Input and Output Ports with full handshake. They allow easy connection of an ASCII keyboard to the input port. RS 232 and 20 ma Current Loop for teletype or other device are on board and if you need more memory there are two S-100 slots for static RAM or video boards. Also a 1K Super Monitor version 2 with video dravs. Also a 1X Supper Monitor version 2 with video driver for full capa-bility display with Tiny Basic and a video interface board. Parallel I/O Ports \$9.85, RS 232 \$4.50, TTY 20 ma I/F \$1.95, S-100 \$4.50. A 50 pin connector set with ribbon cable is available at \$15.25 for easy connection between the Super Elf and the Super Expansion Board.

Power Supply Kit for the complete system (see Multi-volt Power Supply

## – SECOND GENERATION

Enhancements include increased speed, built-in provisions for Stringy Floppy, Floppy Disc, Printer Driver, I/O, user definable command library and statement renumbering.

Easily adaptable to most 1802 systems. Re-quires 16K RAM minimum for Basic and user programs. Source listing for both Serial and Parallet I/O included. Super Basic on Cassette \$40,00

Elf II Adapter Kit \$24.95 Plugs into Elf II providing Super Elf 44 and 50 pin plus S-100 bus expansion. (With Super Ex-pansion). High and low address displays, state and mode LED's optional \$18.00.

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SIN 1400N         .25           SIN 1410N         .25           SIN 1410N         .29           SIN 1410N         .20           SIN 1410N         .20           SIN 1410N <td>7400           SNN412N         29           SNN412N         29           SNN412N         29           SNN412N         39           SNN412N         39           SNN412N         39           SNN412N         39           SNN412N         39           SNN412N         49           <t< td=""><td>SN74155N         -79           SN74155N         49           SN74157N         105           SN74153N         40           SN74153N         40</td><td></td><td>7981P/ 7985EV/Rit         ChOS Precision Timer Stopwards Chip, XTL         14.5           7985EV/Rit         750 optimized and the store optis store optimized and the store optis store optimized</td></t<></td>	7400           SNN412N         29           SNN412N         29           SNN412N         29           SNN412N         39           SNN412N         39           SNN412N         39           SNN412N         39           SNN412N         39           SNN412N         49           SNN412N         49 <t< td=""><td>SN74155N         -79           SN74155N         49           SN74157N         105           SN74153N         40           SN74153N         40</td><td></td><td>7981P/ 7985EV/Rit         ChOS Precision Timer Stopwards Chip, XTL         14.5           7985EV/Rit         750 optimized and the store optis store optimized and the store optis store optimized</td></t<>	SN74155N         -79           SN74155N         49           SN74157N         105           SN74153N         40		7981P/ 7985EV/Rit         ChOS Precision Timer Stopwards Chip, XTL         14.5           7985EV/Rit         750 optimized and the store optis store optimized and the store optis store optimized
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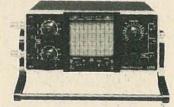
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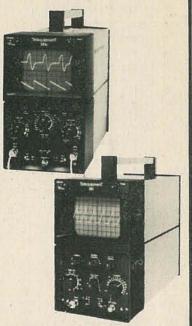


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1-9           100         1.00           101         1.00           102         1.00           102A         0.75           103         1.10           103A         0.80           105         2.20           106         0.40           107         0.60           108         0.75           111         1.20           112         0.80           113A         0.80           114         0.80           115         0.80           116         0.30           117         0.30           118         1.30           119         1.00           122         4.00           123         0.60           124         1.60           125         0.30           130         1.30           131         1.00           132         0.60           134         0.50           135A         0.50           134A         0.50           135A         0.50           134A         0.50           138A         0.50	1.9           169         1.5           1700         3.9           1717A         0.9           172A         0.4           173BP         6.0           175         1.3           1776         1.0           1777         0.2           178MP         0.5           179         5.0           181         2.9           182         2.5           183         3.0           184         1.0           185         1.2           186         0.9           186         0.9           186         1.2           187         1.1           187         1.3           188         1.4           190         1.8           189         1.4           190         1.8           191         2.0           192         0.4           193         0.4           194         1.9           195         1.2           197         1.3           198         1.4           199         0.4           201	)         259         2.70           )         250         4.70           )         261         1.40           )         262         1.40           )         262         1.60           )         264         2.00           )         265         1.60           )         266         1.00           )         266         1.00           )         266         0.00           )         266         0.00           )         267         1.00           )         268         1.20           )         270         3.30           )         271         4.50           )         272         2.80           )         273         1.20           )         274         2.60           )         277         9.80           )         278         2.50           )         278         2.50           )         283         4.00           )         284         4.20           )         285         5.70           )         284         4.20 <t< td=""><td>1010 2.15 1011 2.20 1014 2.20 1015 2.60 1016 2.20 1019 1.20 1020 2.90 1024 4.20 1025 TO 6400 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0</td></t<>	1010 2.15 1011 2.20 1014 2.20 1015 2.60 1016 2.20 1019 1.20 1020 2.90 1024 4.20 1025 TO 6400 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
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	257 1.8 PIECES AN	0 335 25.00 ID UP, SEE ( OR OUR FREE	
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FOR 10 F PARTIAL I 1500 TY JAPAN 1000 TY ECG RE OTHER PARTS	257 1.8 PIECES AN IST, ASK F (PES OI ESE TR (PES EPLACE ELECT	0 335 25.00 ID UP, SEE COR OUR FREE RIGINAL S & ICS MENT RONIC , STEREC	CATALOG CATALOG
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Hi-Technology Record Cleaning Fluid

SEE DIRECTIONS AND CAUTION OTHER SIDE Net Contents 1 25 II oz. (36 97C<sup>C</sup>)

# A NEW STANDARD OF RECORD CARE

# **NEW D4 FLUID**

Inherently more active against record contamination. Inherently safe for record vinyl. Preferentially absorptive formula carries all contamination off the record.

# **NEW D4 FABRIC**

Unique directional fibers preferentially remove fluid and contamination. D4 fabric results in clearly better cleaning, better drying and ultimately residue-free surfaces.

# **UNMATCHED VALUE**

The Discwasher D4 System is enhanced by the durability and aesthetics of the hand-finished walnut handle. Included in the D4 System are the DC-1 Pad Cleaner and new instructions.



PRODUCTS TO CARE FOR YOUR MUSIC Discwasher, Inc., 1407 N. Providence Rd., Columbia, MO 65201

**CIRCLE 27 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD** 

# In one year our <sup>K40</sup> antenna has become the largest selling CB antenna in the world!

# 1. It's more expensive...

\$42.50 suggested retail

# And when you pay more, you expect more!

MORE PERFORMANCE: The K40 is guaranteed to

transmit further or receive clearer than any antenna it replaces. We know it will. We've tested it with 771 CB'ers just like you for one vear.

## MORE FLEXIBILITY:

You can fit your K40 to any mounting surface. It will fit any vehicle you'll ever own! That includes choppers, dune buggies, gutters, mirror mounts, luggageracks, trunks, hatchbacks, through roofs, semis, pick ups and RV's.

# MORE QUALITY:

It's not imported. It's not made in Taiwan, Korea or Japan, It's American made in an American town. It's made with better materials that cost more and by professional people we pay more. And we designed it right here in the U.S.A.

\*Including optional mounts at extra cost.

... This Antenna is so DYNAMITE you receive a ...

# 2. It's made 3. It's proven best! better...

...Here's what the leading CB publications said.

CB TIMES: "... it's not often that a product bursts onto the market scene, dominates and improves CB'ing for everyone. American Antenna and the K40 are doing it-repeated tests showed the K40 could out-perform the major competitive brands."

RADIO-ELECTRONICS: "The results of our tests showed that, in three different positions of the monitoring receiver, the model K40 equaled or out-performed the competitive antenna. Apparently, American Antenna's advertising is not merely Madison Avenue showmanship."

PERSONAL COMMUNICATIONS: "... an impressive 95% of the trials, the K40 out-performed the existing mobile antennas. We had to try one for ourselves.

in every case, the K40 either equaled or out-performed its competitor.

"No ifs, ands, or buts! The K40 Antenna from American Antenna would have to be just about the best antenna around.

CB MAGAZINE: "Introduced in October, 1977, the K40 quickly became the top seller and in mid 1978, became the number one selling antenna in the nation.

# ... Here's what CB'ers all across the country said.

ANTENNA SPECIALISTS: "... truck driver and CB'er for 10 years ... 50% further than my M410 'Big Momma'.

-J.H. Collett, 207 McFee, Bastrop, LA AVANTI: "I'm an electronic technician with a Second Class FCC license ... I was able to transmit 70% further and tune the SWR 75% lower than my Avanti.'

-H.R. Castro, VRB. Monserrante D-67, Salinas, Puerto Rico

PAL: "... 20% better in transmission and reception than my 5/8 wave Pal Firestik."

-John A. Blum, Box 446, Zelienolple, PA SHAKESPEARE: "... I've been a CB'er for three years and the K40 is the best I've ever had. Better in reception and transmission than my Shakespeare."

-H. Bachert, Jr., 15 King Rd., Park Ridge, NJ HUSTLER: "Compared to my Hustler XBLT-4, the K40 can consistently transmit 40% further and the reception was better. The K40 is the perfect way to complete a CB system." -Jerome R. Brown, 7800 S. Linder, Burbank, IL



# (SPECIAL NOTE) IF YOU'RE A **BEGINNER:**

Our K40 Dealers will be happy to sell you any of the older style and less expensive antennas that are great bargains for any beginning CB'er.



TO A DOUBLE GUARANTEE GUARANTEE 1: The K-40 will transmit further a ceive more clearly than the antenna it replaces or the co er will receive a prompt and fuil refund from the Regi K-40 Dealer who installed and tuned it.

K-40 Dealer who insuled and inference in GUARANTEE II: Unconditionally guaranteed months. Guaranteed against cracking, chipping, or Guaranteed against erackanical failure. Guaranteed electrical failure. Guaranteed against accidental breaks exclusion. No gimmicke. For a full 12 months.

AMERICAN ANTENNA ELGIN, IL 60120

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... Sold exclusively by 3500 American K40 Dealers throughout the U.S. & Canada.