OPERATING AND SERVICE MANUAL

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HP 606A

SIGNAL GENERATOR 606A





HP 606A

HIGH FREQUENCY SIGNAL GENERATOR 606A

SERIAL PREFIX: 0960A

This manual applies directly to HP Model 606A High Frequency Signal Generators having serial prefix number 0960A.

SERIAL PREFIXES NOT LISTED

For serial prefixes above 0960A, a "Manual Changes" sheet is included with this manual. For serial prefixes below 0960A, see Appendix I at the back of this manual.

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Table 1-1. Specifications

 ENVELOPE DISTORTION: On the 1-volt and lower ranges, less than 1% at 30% modulation using internal 400 or 1000 Hz source, less than 3% from 0 to 70% modulation. MODULATION METER ACCURACY: Within ±5% of full scale (from 0 to 90% modulation) for modulation frequencies to 10 kHz; within 10% of full scale from 10 to 20 kHz. INCIDENTAL FM: On the 1-volt and lower ranges and 30% modula-
tion: 25 parts in 10 ⁻⁰ . RESIDUAL FM [.]
Less than 1 part in 10 ⁻⁶ . RESIDUAL AM:
Hum and noise sidebands are 70 dB below carrier down to thermal level of 50-ohm output system
FREQUENCY DRIFT: (Attenuator on 1 volt range and below) Less than 50 parts in 10^6 (or 5 cycles, whichever is greater) per 10 minute period after 2 hour warmup. Less than 10 minutes to restabilize after changing fre- quency.
POWER: 115 or 230 volts ±10%, 50 to 1000 Hz, 135 watts DIMENSIONS: Cabinet Mount: 20-3/4 in. wide, 12-1/2 in. high,
14-3/4 in. deep Rack Mount:
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
SIDE 1015 (24(1572)) (24(1572)) (266) (266) REAR
WEIGHT: Cabinet Mount: Net 46 lb, shipping 57 lb
Rack Mount: Net 43 lb, shipping 58 lb
ACCESSORIES AVAILABLE: 11507A Output Termination. Three positions, 50 ohms, for use into high impedance; 5 ohms (10:1
 onnis, for use into high impedance; 5 onnis (10:1 voltage division); IRE Standard Dummy Antenna (driven from 10:1 divider) 10503A Cables 10514A/B Double Balance Mixer 11509A Fuseholder, type N connectors. Protects output attenuator.

SECTION I GENERAL INFORMATION

1-1. GENERAL DESCRIPTION.

1-2. The Hewlett-Packard Model 606A is a generalpurpose signal generator with a frequency range of 50 kHz to 65 MHz. The instrument has a direct reading frequency dial calibrated to an accuracy of 1%. Output is held constant within ± 1 dB and is continuously adjustable from .01 microvolt to 3 volts into a 50 ohm resistive load. An internal crystal calibrator provides check points at 100 kHz and 1 MHz intervals with an error of less than 0.01%. A front-panel meter accurately indicates the percent amplitude modulation for frequencies within the modulation bandwidth of the signal generator.

1-3. The Model 606A has a highly refined amplitude modulation system which allows modulation up to 90% with low distortion and incidental FM. This feature makes possible precision distortion checks of receivers from antenna to output. The instrument can be internally modulated at 400 or 1000 Hz. It can be externally modulated from dc to 20 kHz or more, depending on RF frequency in use. Complex waveforms, square waves, and dc voltages may be used to modulate the Model 606A for testing and evaluating filters, networks, amplifiers, and receivers.

1-4. DIFFERENCES BETWEEN INSTRUMENTS.

1-5. The Model 606A carries a five-digit serial number with a three-digit prefix (000-00000). The prefix changes only when a change is made in the instrument. The prefix, then, is an identifier, and it appears on the title page of this manual to indicate to which instrument this manual directly applies. A supplement may be included with this manual to indicate the necessary changes to be made in the manual to make it apply directly to instruments which carry a different serial number prefix.

1-6. UNPACKING AND INSPECTION.

1-7. Unpack and inspect the Model 606A as soon as possible after receipt. Save all packing materials until inspection is complete. These materials may be required for reshipment should you discover any damage.

1-8. Inspect the instrument first for signs of physical damage such as scratched or abraded panel, broken knobs, etc. If possible, energize the instrument and check it electrically. Operation check is described in paragraph 4-56. If there is any indication of damage, notify the carrier and your Hewlett-Packard sales and service office immediately.



Figure 1-1. Model 606A High Frequency Signal Generator

1-9. POWER REQUIREMENTS.

1-10. The Model 606A can be operated from a 115- or 230-volt, 50- to 1000- Hz source. A two-position slide switch to the rear inside the instrument, on the panel next to the RF cover, selects AC operation mode. The line voltage at which the instrument is set to operate appears on the slider of the switch. A 2-ampere sloblow fuse is used for 115-volt operation; a 1-ampere sloblow fuse is used for 230-volt operation.

1-11. INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS.

1-12. The Model 606A should not be operated in an ambient temperature greater than $+50^{\circ}$ C. Do not install the rack-mount model near other equipment discharging hot air around the Model 606A.

1-13. POWER CABLE.

1-14. To protect operating personnel, the National Electrical Manufacturers' Association (NEMA) recommends that instrument panel and cabinet be grounded. This instrument is equipped with a three-conductor power cable which, when plugged into an appropriate receptacle, grounds the instrument. The offset round pin on the power cable connector is the ground pin.

1-15. To preserve the protection feature when operating the instrument from a two-contact outlet, use a three-prong to two-prong adapter, and connect the green pigtail on the adapter to ground.

1-16. ACCESSORIES AVAILABLE.

1-17. **HP 11507A** OUTPUT TERMINATION. The 606A-34A provides the following:

a) 50 ohm termination reduces the source impedance to 25 ohms.

b) 20 **dB** attenuator (10:1 voltage divider) which reduces the source impedance to 5 ohms.

being applied to the RF



c) Simulates IRE standard dummy antenna (10:1 voltage division) for precision measurements on receivers.

1-18. **HP 11509A** FUSED ATTENUATOR PROTEC-TOR. Prevents the Model 606A output attenuator from burning out when working with transceiver type equipment. If the transmitter is accidentally keyed the **11509A** prevents power from

OUTPUT jack of the Model 606A. (Requires two BNC to type "N" adapters UG-201A/U and UG-349A/U. Not furnished.)

SECTION II OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

2-1. OUTPUT TERMINATION.

2-2. The Model 606A output level is calibrated only when terminated with a 50-ohm resistive load. For use into any other load the HP11507A output termination is recommended (see paragraph 1-17).

2-3. A coaxial cable of 50 ohms nominal impedance with BNC male connectors is suitable for use with the Model 606A. Single braid shield types are suitable for use from maximum output to approximately -80 dbm (30 microvolts). Double braid or solid types are recommended for use over the entire attenuation range. A good general purpose cable is 3 feet of RG-55U (double braid shield) with UG-88C/U BNC connectors on each end. See figure 2-3, External Output Termination, for information concerning output cable termination.

2-4. The output jack on the HP11507A has been provided as a BNC connector for maximum shielding. Clip-lead connection may be provided easily by inserting a UG-290U connector with soldered-on clip leads into the output jack of the Output Termination. Keep the length of the clip leads as short as possible.

2-5. SETTING THE CURSOR.

2-6. Set the cursor (movable index) with the CALI-BRATE knob so that it is aligned with the line under the engraving reading FREQUENCY before setting the frequency. The FREQUENCY dial is calibrated only after this operation is performed.

2-7. OUTPUT ATTENUATOR.

CAUTION

Damage to output attenuator may be incurred if: 1) Output is shorted in the 3-volt range, 2) External voltage is applied to the attenuator output.

2-8. The output attenuator contains resistors which can be burned out by careless usage. If the output is shorted out in the 3-volt range or if voltage is fed into the attenuator accidently, these resistors may be burned out or heated up so that they are no longer This may occur while measuring the calibrated. sensitivity of the receiver in a mobile transmitterreceiver installation when the transmit button is pushed accidently. An attenuator fuse is available as an accessory when it is desired to use this generator under conditions where the attenuator may be burned out (see paragraph 1-21). The resistors in the attenuator are NOT field replaceable. Do not open the attenuator to check these resistors as placement of the resistors is critical. The attenuator may be removed from the instrument and returned separately to the factory for repair.

2-9. USE OF THE 3-VOLT RANGE.

2-10. The unusually high output range of 3 volts is useful for driving RF bridges or other equipment requiring a calibrated high-level high-frequency voltage. This useful range is obtained at the expense of operating the power amplifier stage near the overload point. You will obtain best life from these tubes by not leaving the generator on the 3 VOLT range any longer than necessary to make your measurement. Never leave it on this range while warming up or during standby operation.

2-11. EXTERNAL MODULATION.

2-12. Take care when using external modulation with direct coupling. The dc level of the signal will affect the average RF level. If only the ac component of the modulating signal is desired, switch the MODULA-LATION SELECTOR to EXT. AC. Do not apply more than 10 volts dc or ac to the MODULATION jack. Overloading will shorten life of the MODULATION AMPLITUDE control.

2-13. EXTERNAL SYNCHRONIZATION SIGNAL.

2-14. When the Model 606A is modulated internally a signal is available at the MODULATION INPUT-OUTPUT jack for synchronization purposes. This signal is fed from the same oscillator which modulates the carrier. It is of approximately $\pm 3Vrms$ amplitude from a high impedance source. Since the signal comes from a high impedance source use it only as a voltage source and do not attempt to draw current.

2-15. B+ FUSE.

2-16. The regulated B+ voltage is fused on the front panel. If excessive modulation is accidentally applied to the instrument the tuned circuits may flash over from excessive peak RF voltage. This will blow the B+ fuse. The instrument will have no output and the output level meter will be pinned to the left of zero. If this happens, the fuse must be replaced to restore operation.

2-17. MODULATION DATA.

2-18. Figure 2-1 shows the modulation limits for various types of modulation over the operating frequency range.









The attenuator on the Model 606A Signal Generator is calibrated only when used with a load of 50 ohms. For high impedance loads or receiver inputs the output termination (HP 11507A) is recommended. This output termination is designed for use at the end of a 50 ohm shielded cable, and to operate into a high impedance (500 ohms or greater) load.

The **HP 11507A** has three positions as the rear shell is rotated clockwise as follows:

a. DUMMY ANTENNA. Output impedance varies as per IRE Standard Dummy Antenna* at an output level 20 dB below the input level (10:1 voltage division ratio). b. ZERO DB ATTENUATION. 25 ohms output impedance (1:1 voltage ratio).

c. TWENTY DB ATTENUATION. 5 ohms output impedance (10:1 voltage division).

Note: Maximum permissible input power to probe is 180 milliwatts (3 volts across 50 ohms).

^{*} See "Standards on Radio Receivers", Institute of Radio Engineers, 1938; and Terman, "Radio Engineers Handbook", any edition -- section entitled "Measurements on Radio Receivers".





- 1. Perform procedure for CW operation (Figure 2-2)
- 2. Set MODULATION SELECTOR to EXT (AC or DC coupling).
- 3. Connect modulating signal (3 volts or more adjustable) to MODULATION terminal.
- 4. Turn MODULATION AMPLITUDE fully clockwise,
- 5. Increase signal from external generator until a reading of 100% is obtained on the PERCENT MODULATION meter.
- 6. Reduce the percent modulation to the desired level with the MODULATION AMPLITUDE control.

The limits of modulation frequency depend upon the maximum tolerable envelope distortion. For three

percent envelope distortion the limits in terms of the carrier frequency, f_c , are:

-	300	% Mod.	70% Mod.	Square- Wave Mod.
^f mod, max	=	.06 f _c	.02 f _c	.003 f _c
absolute f mod. ma	ıx =	20 kHz	$20\mathrm{kHz}$	3 kHz
Applying these form	nula	as, typic	cal bandw	idths are:

Carrier Freq.	Modulation Frequency			
Frequency	30% Mod.	70% Mod.	Square Wave	
50 kHz	3 kHz	1 kHz	150 Hz	
200 kHz	12 kHz	4 k <u>H</u> z	600 Hz	
500 kHz	20 kHz	10 kHz	1500 Hz	
1 MHz and above	20 kHz	20 kHz	3 kHz	

NOTE: On the 3 VOLT output range and between 19-65 MHz in frequency, modulation beyond 30% is not recommended.

Model 606A



Figure 3-1. Model 606A Block Diagram

SECTION III THEORY OF OPERATION

3-1. OVERALL OPERATION.

3-2. Refer to the block diagram, Figure 3-1. The level of the RF oscillator is stabilized by a feedback circuit from the RF oscillator to the oscillator level control tube. In a similar way the RF output and modulation levels are held constant by a feedback loop from the RF output through the differential amplifier to the modulator. The rest of the block diagram represents standard circuitry for signal generators.

3-3. CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION.

3-4. RF OSCILLATOR AND LEVEL CONTROL. The RF oscillator is a tuned-plate push-pull oscillator. The pentode section of V1 acts as a variable cathode resistor for V2 to control the oscillator level. The control grid of this pentode receives a rectified portion of the oscillator signal. This voltage decreases the current through V1 when the oscillator level rises and vice versa. Since this current is also the cathode current of the RF oscillator, the level of oscillation will be held constant. The triode section of V1 is a cathode follower which provides bias voltage for the grids of the oscillator and amplifier.

3-5. RF AMPLIFIER. The RF oscillator signal is fed to the control grids of the push-pull RF amplifier stage, V3 and V4. The screen grids are connected directly to +300 volts. The amplifier cathode current is controlled by V6, which acts as a variable cathode resistor. See the next paragraph for an explanation.

3-6. MODULATOR. Triode V6 is inserted in the cathode circuit of the RF amplifier to obtain cathode modulation. The internal resistance of the triode changes according to the applied modulation signal at the control grid. Thus cathode current of the RF amplifier is varied which, in turn, amplitude modulates the RF level.

3-7. RF FEEDBACK AND LEVEL CONTROL CIR-CUIT. The modulated RF output signal is sampled at the secondary winding of the RF output transformer and rectified by crystal diodes CR2 and CR3. The time constant of the RC filter is determined by the position of the frequency RANGE selector. This time constant is selected to bypass the RF component but not the modulation or dc level. The demodulated RF signal is then fed to the control grid, pin 7, of the differential amplifier.

3-8. This demodulated signal is dc-coupled and thus has a dc component equal to the CW level of the output plus an ac component corresponding to the modulation. The demodulated RF signal also passes thru an RF filter R36, C37, C38, and L6 which minimizes leakage. At the output of this filter a dc current is obtained which is proportional to the CW RF level. This current is then fed to the RF output meter. 3-9. A two-position attenuator, which controls the amount of feedback, is inserted between the crystal detectors and the differential amplifier. In the 1 VOLT and lower output positions the feedback is obtained thru the divider R25 and R36. Only in the 3 VOLT position is R36 (in feedback loop) shunted by R26. This raises the current through the RF amplifier by 10 dB. This switching is done automatically be relay K1 whenever the ATTENUATOR selector is switched to the 3 VOLT position.

3-10. RF ATTENUATOR. The RF output signal is tapped off the secondary winding of the output RF transformer and fed to the input of the output attenuator. This attenuator provides a maximum attenuation of 120 dB in 10 dB ranges. The output level may be varied between ranges by changing the input to the attenuator with the ATTENUATOR VERNIER control. Input is monitored by the RF level meter. The 3 VOLT RF output is obtained by reducing the demodulator RF feedback.

3-11. CALIBRATOR ASSEMBLY. The Calibrator Assembly consists of a Crystal Oscillator, a Frequency Divider (Q1 and Q2), Mixer/Amplifier. Q6, Beat-Frequency Amplifier V9B, and associated circuits. A small signal coupled from the RF Attenuator and the output signal of the Crystal Oscillator are mixed and applied to the base of Mixer/ Amplifier transistor Q6. The output signal from Q6 is applied to the control grid of the Beat-Frequency Amplifier V9B, which amplifies and applies the signal to the PHONES output jack.

3-12. When CRYSTAL CALIBRATOR switch S1 is set to 100KC or 1 MC, crystal Y1 provides 1-MHz oscillations for the calibration signal, which appears at the collector of transistor Q2. This signal is applied to the base of Driver Transistor Q5. Transistor Q5 amplifies and applies the signal to the mixer stage where it is mixed with the signal coupled from RF attenuator. This combined signal is applied to the base of transistor Q6. The frequency of the signal applied to Q6 is controlled by Crystal Cali-With switch S1 set at 100KC, brator switch S1. Frequency Divider transistors Q3 and Q4 are biased into conduction, dividing the 1 MHz output frequency of the oscillator by ten, which provides a signal frequency of 100 kHz. With switch S1 set to 1MC, transistors Q3 and Q4 are cut off, and the signal frequency is that of crystal Y1, 1MHz.

3-13. AUDIO OSCILLATOR. The audio oscillator is a modified Wien bridge oscillator with amplitude stabilization. The feedback signal is taken from the secondary winding of the output transformer. Two oscillator frequencies (400 and 1000 Hz) can be selected by switching different resistors in the Wien bridge. The level of oscillation is set by the Modulation Oscillator Adjustment (R51) which controls the feedback to lamp RT1. Increased feedback causes the lamp to heat up, increasing its resistance. The increased resistance causes more degeneration in the cathode of V5, limiting the gain.

3-14. In the INT. position the modulating voltage is available at the front panel MODULATION INPUT-OUTPUT jack. This voltage is supplied for synchronization purposes. It has a source impedance of 82K ohms.

3-15. PERCENT MODULATION METER CIRCUIT. The modulating signal goes to pin 2 of V9A, a cathodefollower. This tube feeds shunt diode CR5 which rectifies the signal. A dc voltage corresponding to the modulation is fed to the PERCENTAGE MODU-LATION meter. Clamp diode CR4 prevents the cathode of V9 from going negative to protect capacitor C56, whose voltage rating is 25 volts. This point would otherwise go toward -200 volts if V9 was removed or was weak.

3-16. The modulating signal also goes to pin 2 of V8. The signal level to V8 can be controlled by the AT-TENUATOR VERNIER. When the signal level is varied the output modulation is varied, as explained in the following paragraph. This circuit is also used to reduce the voltage on the RF amplifier during switching. As soon as the RANGE switch is rotated out of the detent position, S7 disconnects the +300 volt power supply, hence grid voltage of V8 drops to ground potential. The B+ is not reconnected until after the turret has made contact in its new position. This action keeps the amplifier tubes from drawing excessive screen current when the turret is disengaged from the plate circuit. When the +300 volt dc supply is disconnected, R64 is substituted as a load to keep the power supplies in regulation.

3-17. DIFFERENTIAL AMPLIFIER. The external modulation signal fed into the MODULATION jack is combined with the dc reference level in the same manner as the internal modulation. Either of those signals is applied to a resistive network consisting of R57, R62 and R68 and is added to the dc reference voltage. The combined voltages appear at the ATTENUATOR VERNIER (R63). This control varies the dc, which controls the carrier, and the modulation signal at the same rate. Thus the percentage of modulation remains constant regardless of carrier level.

3-18. The dc (carrier level) and ac (modulation) signals are fed through an RF filter to pin 2, grid of the triode section of V8, as a reference signal to be compared to a signal from the output which is fed to the pentode grid (pin 7). This triode plus the pentode section of the same tube form a differential amplifier. The ac level of both of these signals is proportional to the modulation. The modulating signal is the reference voltage and the actual modulation of the output is compared to this reference. The dc level of the output (proportional to theRF) is compared to a reference dc level that is proportional to the desired RF level, as set by the ATTENUATOR VERNIER control.

3-19. Since the cathodes of V8 are connected together, the reference signal applied to the triode section will also appear on the cathode of the pentode section. This signal will be compared to the signal from the output which is applied to the grid. Any deviation from a fixed voltage difference between these two signals results in an output signal which has a polarity such as to reduce this difference. Thus the original conditions are restored. For example, if the RF level drops, the voltage on pin 7 of V8 will become more negative. This will reduce the amount of current flowing through this tube so the plate will become more positive. The grid voltage of V6 is proportional to the plate voltage of V8. As this grid voltage becomes more positive the current through V6 will increase. But this current is also the cathode current for the RF amplifier, so the output will increase until the original conditions are restored. By this action the output is stabilized and is constant to better than ± 1 dB over the entire frequency range. The RF level can be changed by varying the ATTENUATOR VER-NIER (R63) which will change the reference bias. In a similar way the modulation is held constant. Since the crystal detector circuit has a time constant fast enough to follow the modulation envelope, the output modulation is compared to the modulating frequency and distortion is minimized.

3-20. BIAS SUPPLY. One half of V7 is used as a constant voltage source to furnish the plate potential needed for the triode section of the differential amplifier. The other half of V7 supplies the screen potential for the pentode section of the differential amplifier. The screen potential is adjusted for RF amplifier cutoff when both grids of the differential amplifier are at ground potential. This establishes the zero point of the ATTENUATOR VERNIER control.

SECTION IV

4-1. INTRODUCTION.

4-2. This section contains instructions for adjusting and servicing the Model 606A Signal Generator. In addition it contains a performance check suitable for incoming or quality-control inspection. The performance check does not require cabinet removal or internal adjustments.

4-3. CABINET REMOVAL.

a. Disconnect line cord from receptacle.

b. Remove the screw attaching the power inlet bracket to rear panel.

c. Remove the four screws on the rear cover of the cabinet and remove the rear cover.

d. Tip the instrument on its back.

c. Loosen the two screws on the bottom of the cabinet which clamp the cabinet to the front panel. (Do not remove any screws from the front panel.)

f. Lift the cabinet off the instrument.

CAUTION

When the cabinet is removed, dangerous voltages are exposed. Take adequate safety precautions.



Figure 4-1. Location Diagram Model 606A

Section IV

4-4. RF SHIELD REMOVAL.

a. Remove the two screws holding the inlet bracket and allow bracket to hang free.

b. Remove all screws holding the RF shield (use Allen wrench clipped ontop of the shield to remove cap screws).

c. Hold inlet bracket to one side and remove the RF shield by pulling it to the rear.

4-5. TEST EQUIPMENT REQUIRED.

4-6. The following equipment is required to test the Model 606A:

a. VTVM accurate to $\pm 3\%$ with a high frequency probe, such as the HPModel 410B Vacuum Tube Voltmeter.

b. AC voltmeter accurate to $\pm 2\%,$ such as the HP Model 400D/H/L Vacuum Tube Voltmeter.

c. Clip-on dc milliammeter, such as the HP Model 428A/B Clip-On DC Milliammeter or a conventional 300 mA milliammeter.

d. Electronic counter, such as HP Model 5248L.

e. Oscilloscope, such as HP Model 180A with Model 1802A/1822A plug-ins.

f. Variable transformer continuously adjustable over the range 100 to 130 volts, equipped with a monitor voltmeter accurate within 1 volt.

g. Square-wave generator, such as the HP Model 211A Square Wave Generator.

4-7. TUBE REPLACEMENT.

4-8. In many cases instrument malfunction can be corrected by replacing a weak or defective tube. Before changing the setting of any internal adjustment check the tubes. Adjustments made in an attempt to restore operation when the cause is a defective tube will often complicate the repair problem.

4-9. Check tubes by substitution rather than using a "tube checker". The results obtained from the "tube checker" can be misleading. Before removing a tube, mark it so that if the tube is good it can be returned to the same socket. Replace only those tubes proved to be weak or defective.

4-10. Any tube with corresponding standard EIA characteristics can be used as replacement. Where variations in tube characteristics will affect circuit performance an adjustment is provided. Table 4-1 lists the tests to make and the adjustments that may be necessary if such tubes are replaced.

Circuit Ref.	Tube Type	Function	Tests and/or Adjustments	Par. Ref.
V1	6AW8	Oscillator Level Control	Set Maximum Oscillator Current	4-45
V2	12AT7	RF Oscillator	Set Maximum Oscillator Current	4-45
V3, 4	6CL6	RF Amplifier	Carrier Zero Set Maximum Carrier Set RF Output Meter	4-46 4-47 4-49
V5	12AT7	Audio Oscillator	Audio Oscillator Mod. Zero Set Modulation Meter	4-42 4-47 4-48
V6	12B4	Modulator	Maximum Carrier Set Mod, Zero Set RF Output Meter Modulation Meter	4-47 4-47 4-49 4-48
V7	12AT7	Cathode Follower	Carrier Zero Set Maximum Carrier Set Mod. Zero Set RF Output Meter Modulation Meter	4-46 4-47 4-47 4-49 4-48
V8	6AW8	Differential Amplifier	Same as V7	
V9	12AT7	Modulation Monitor and Beat Frequency Output	Mod. Zero Set Modulation Meter Crystal Calibrator	4-47 4-48 4-43
V10	6AW8	Crystal Oscillator and Mixer	Crystal Oscillator	4-43
V101, 2, 3, 4, 5 V106 V107 V108 V109	12B4A 6AW8 12B4A 6AW8 5651A	Regulators Amplifier Regulator Amplificr Voltage Reference	Power Supplies	4-36

Table 4-1. Tube Replacement

4-11. FRONT PANEL OPERATION CHECK.

4-12. The following in-cabinet procedures are simple checks to be performed first whenever difficulty is encountered in operation of the signal generator. These checks will isolate the trouble to either the signal generator or associated equipment and if the trouble is in the signal generator will isolate it to a particular section.

4-13. PRELIMINARY CHECK.

4-14. Always perform these checks before attempting to isolate the trouble within the instruments.

a. Turn unit on with no load and allow to warm up five minutes or more.

b. If output meter is off scale in the negative direction, check for blown $\rm B+$ fuse.



Figure 4-2. Modulation Meter Calibration

4-15. MODULATION METER CALIBRATION.

a. Connect the unit to a 10 MHz oscilloscope as shown in **Figure 4-2**.

b. Set RANGE switch to 530-1800 kHz band.

c. Set FREQUENCY control to 1000 kHz.

d. Set MODULATION SELECTOR to CW.

e. Set ATTENUATOR to 1 VOLT.

f. Adjust vertical sensitivity of oscilloscope to get 4 cm of deflection.



Figure 4-3. Waveform for 50% Modulation

h. Adjust MODULATION SELECTOR control until maximum deflection is exactly 6 cm high (see figure 4-3). Modulation meter should be reading between 45 and 55%.

i. Check modulation meter calibration from 0 to 90%. It should be accurate within $\pm 5\%$ of full scale.

4-16. FREQUENCY CALIBRATION.

4-17. The easiest way to check frequency calibration is with a counter, such as the HP Model 5248L. If a counter is not available, proceed as follows:

a. Allow both a receiver capable of receiving WWV and the Model 606A to warm up for fifteen minutes.

b. Tune in WWV on 5, 10, or 15MHz, whichever gives best reception.

c. Lightly couple a single wire from the RF OUT jack of the Model 606A to the antenna as shown in **Figure 4-4**.



Figure 4-4. Frequency Calibration

d. Tune the RANGE and FREQUENCY controls of the Model 606A to the frequency of the incoming WWV signal. The MODULATION SELECTOR switch should be on CW (no modulation).

e. Adjust the output level to be about the same as WWV (use S meter on receiver if it has one). Too much signal will block the receiver and obscure the beat-note.

f. Zero-beat the frequency of the Model 606A to the WWV signal during a time that WWV has no modulation. Do not disturb the FREQUENCY dial after this adjustment. Set CALIBRATE adjustment to align window.

g. Listen to 1 MC CALIBRATOR with headphones. If beat-note is a low audio tone, less than 1 kHz crystal calibrator is within specifications.

h. Repeat step g using 100 KC CALIBRATOR.

i. With the CALIBRATOR on 1 MC check all megacycle marks on the dial on all bands. Beat-note should be within 1% of the dial reading.

4-18. OUTPUT LEVEL FREQUENCY RESPONSE.

a. Connectac probe of HPModel 410B High Frequency VTVM to 11507A Output Termination as shown in figure 4-5. Solder tip of Model 410B ac probe to center conductor of UG-290/U connector. Clip ground lead



Figure 4-5. Output Level Frequency Response

b. Set the output to 0.9 volt on the 530-1800 kHz band and run the FREQUENCY dial and RANGE switch throughout all bands. The voltage should not vary more than $\pm 11\%$ (1 dB) at any output level setting.

4-19. TROUBLESHOOTING.

4-20. In general, internal controls have only a limited range and are designed to compensate for minor variations in tubes and/or circuit components. If a major section or the complete instrument is inoperative adjustment of internal controls will seldom, if ever, restore operation. To avoid complications and reduce "down time" locate and correct the cause of a dead instrument before you make internal adjustments. Refer to paragraph 4-7 before making internal adjustments.

4-21. When a section shows up faulty, refer to the appropriate section of table 4-2 and perform the recommended tests. If the trouble is in the output termination or attenuator you may return them separately to the factory for repair. They are not field repairable.

4-22. A good starting point when repairing a dead instrument is with the power supply. Check line cord, both fuses, and the power supply output voltages. BE SURE TO CHECK THE B+ FUSE IN ADDITION TO THE MAIN FUSE, ESPECIALLY IF THE OUTPUT METER IS PINNED TO THE LEFT. If you find a dead power supply tube, tube replacement will normally restore instrument operation without any internal adjustments. However, check the output voltages of each supply to see if the output is within limits. If the output is within the limits given in the power supply section do not attempt to refine the adjustments.

4-23. IF THE INSTRUMENT IS INOPERATIVE, FIRST TRY BLOWING OUT THE PLATES OF THE TUNING CAPACITOR WITH A LOW VELOCITY AIR STREAM SUCH AS THAT FROM A VACUUM CLEANER. Blow out these plates every time you remove the instrument from the cabinet for maintenance.

4-24. TROUBLESHOOTING CHART, TABLE 4-2. Since the operation of many sections in this generator is dependent upon the proper operation of other sections, troubleshooting in this instrument must be done in proper sequence. After determining in which section the trouble lies, refer to the appropriate section of this chart and perform the tests indicated. Also, if the trouble cannot be found by any other means, go through table 4-2 from the beginning. Once the trouble has been found and fixed do not continue with the tests in this table.

4-25. If output is obtained, troubleshoot the particular section giving difficulty by referring to the appropriate part of table **4-2**.

4-26. If no output is obtained, the trouble may be anywhere in the feedback loop. Refer to table 4-3, Troubleshooting the Feedback Loop, for instructions.

Measure	Normal Indication	Possible Cause of Malfunction			
A200 VDC SUPPLY					
PREPARATION: Disable +300 Vdc supply by disconnecting R101 (5 ohm 5 watt wirewound resistor found just above rectifier terminal boards at rear of instrument). Temporarily connect a 1 megohm 1 watt resistor between pins 2 and 9 of V107. Measure the voltage to ground at the following points:					
1. C105B filter cap.	-200 vdc ±5%	Open or shorted C105 C108 open or shorted, also disconnect load and remeasure			
2. Transform.sec.(blue)	143 volts rms ±10%	Open or shorted secondary			
3. C105 unregulated dc	+195 Vdc ±10% (one side)	V107(12B4)defective.Checkhcater(6.3 vrms			
4. V109 pins 1, 5 (plate)	-110 Vdc (nominal) ± 20%	V109(5651)defective. Check for orange glow.			
5. V108 pins 1,6 (cathode)	-112 Vdc (nominal) ± 20%	V108 or associated components defective; check heater (6.3 volt rms).			

Table 4-2. Troubleshooting Chart

Table 4-2. Troubleshooting Chart (Cont'd)

Measure	Normal Indication	Possible Cause of Malfunction
	B. +300 VDC SUPP	PLY
	if these temporary changes were r	erating (remove 1 megohm resistor and re- nade to troubleshoot -200 Vdc supply). Ad-
1. C104 filter cap	+ 300 Vdc ± 5%	Also measure with RANGE switch between ranges; this will isolate a defective tuning capacitor in RF OSC, or AMP.
2. Transf.sec.(red)R101	+175 volts rms ±10%	Open or shorted turns in transformer
3. C101 and C102	250 Vdc across each	C101, 102, and 104 or CR101, 102, 103 and 104 open or shorted.
4. V101 pin 9 (plate)	+500 Vdc	C101, 102 or CR101, 102, 103 and 104 open or shorted. Check V101, 102, 103, 104, 105 and 106.
5. V106 pin 9 (plate) pin 8 (screen)	+270 Vdc + 38 Vdc + 3.6 Vdc	V106, R102, 103 and 104 V106, CR103, R110, R111 and -200 volts V106, R113 and -200 volt supply
pin 6 (cathode)	<u>C. RF OSCILLATC</u>	
PREPARATION: This pr	<u>C. RF OSCILLATC</u> ocedure assumes the power supply -200 volts) to disable RF Amplific	
PREPARATION: This pr short across R30 (caution	<u>C. RF OSCILLATC</u> ocedure assumes the power supply -200 volts) to disable RF Amplific	<u>OR</u> v is operating correctly. Use a clip-lead to
PREPARATION: This pr short across R30 (caution voltages: (Measure volta 1. V2 pin 9 (tie point) pin 5 to 9 2. V1 pin 5 pin 4 to 5 pin 3	<u>C. RF OSCILLATC</u> cocedure assumes the power supply -200 volts) to disable RF Amplifie age to ground.) +26 Vdc ± 10% 6.3 Vdc ± 10% +26Vdc ± 10% 6.3 Vdc ± 10% 6.3 Vdc	 OR OR A is operating correctly. Use a clip-lead to er temporarily while measuring the following Check voltage at RF filter Check voltage at junction of CR110 and 112 Open heater-check for visible glow Same as step 1, V2 pin 9 Same as step 1, V2 pin 5 to 9 Check B+ fuse, detent micro-switch S7, RF filter(C8, 10ABC, 11, 16, 32 and 33 for shorts, L4 for open circuit). Turn range switch between ranges-should be no change
PREPARATION: This pr short across R30 (caution voltages: (Measure volta 1. V2 pin 9 (tie point) pin 5 to 9 2. V1 pin 5 pin 4 to 5	C. RF OSCILLATC cocedure assumes the power supply -200 volts) to disable RF Amplified age to ground.) +26 Vdc $\pm 10\%$ 6.3 Vdc $\pm 10\%$ +26 Vdc $\pm 10\%$ 6.3 Vdc	 OR A is operating correctly. Use a clip-lead to er temporarily while measuring the following Check voltage at RF filter Check voltage at junction of CR110 and 112 Open heater-check for visible glow Same as step 1, V2 pin 9 Same as step 1, V2 pin 5 to 9 Check B+ fuse, detent micro-switch S7, RF filter(C8, 10ABC, 11, 16, 32 and 33 for shorts, L4 for open circuit). Turn range
PREPARATION: This pr short across R30 (caution voltages: (Measure volta 1. V2 pin 9 (tie point) pin 5 to 9 2. V1 pin 5 pin 4 to 5 pin 3 pin 2	<u>C. RF OSCILLATC</u> cocedure assumes the power supply -200 volts) to disable RF Amplifience age to ground.) +26 Vdc ± 10% 6.3 Vdc ± 10% +26 Vdc ± 10% 6.3 Vdc +295 Vdc (nominal) +99 Vdc	<u>PR</u> y is operating correctly. Use a clip-lead to er temporarily while measuring the following Check voltage at RF filter Check voltage at junction of CR110 and 112 Open heater-check for visible glow Same as step 1, V2 pin 9 Same as step 1, V2 pin 5 to 9 Check B+ fuse, detent micro-switch S7, RF filter (C8, 10ABC, 11, 16, 32 and 33 for shorts, L4 for open circuit). Turn range switch between ranges-should be no chang Check R1, 2, 3 and C1

D. RF AMPLIFIER

PREPARATION: This procedure assumes the power supply and oscillator are operating. (Disconnect short across R30, if installed in step C.) Measure voltage at:

1. C111	+27 Vdc $\pm 10\%$	C109, C110, C111, R132, V1 to 4, and V6 to 8
2. V3,4,7 &8(acr.htrs)	6.3 Vdc ± 10%	Same as above
V6	12.6 Vdc ± 10%	Same as above

Table 4-2.	Troubleshooting	Chart	(Cont'd)
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Table 4-2. Troubleshooting chart (cont d)				
Measure	Normal Indication		Possible Cause of Malfunction	
	D. RF AMPLIFIER (CONT'D)			
3. R15 at tank term.	+295 Vdc $\pm 10\%$		R15 open, C10C, 11 shorted	
4. V8 (6AW8) pin 2 pin 6 pin 9 pin 3 pin 8 pin 7	0 to 3.5 Vdc as R63 is rotated +4,1 Vdc (nominal) +76 Vdc (nominal) +150 Vdc (nominal) +54 Vdc (nominal) 0 to +3.4 Vdc as R63 is rotated		R31, 53, 57, 60, 61, 62, 64, 65 and 68 C29, R32, 33, 34, 35, V7, 8 R20, 22, 23, 29, 30, V8 R28, 29, R33, 34, 35, V7 Same as pin 3 C23, 24, 25, CR2, 3, R17, 24, 25, 26, 36, V8	
5. V6 (12B4) pin 2, 7 pin 9	-10 to -25 Vdc as R63 +110 Vdc (nominal)	is rotated	C19, R20, 22, 23, 29, 30, V7 or 8 R10, 38, V3, 4, 6	
6. V3 and 4 (6CL6's) pin 6 pin 3, 8 pin 2, 9	+295 Vdc (nominal) +295 Vdc (nominal) +100 Vdc (nominal). I age is incorrect the	RF oscil-	Shorted C12,14,15, open T3 or contacts on turret Check C10, 11, 14, 15, 16, R10, 15 R11, 12 triode section of V1	
pin 1	lator is not functioni +112 Vdc (nominal)	ing properly	R13, 14, check voltage on pin 9 V6	
7. CR2, anode	6 volt rms (nominal) with 1 VOLT output level. Varies 0 to 6 volt rms as ATTENUATOR VER- NIER is turned		Check V3 and 4 plate voltage and output voltage as given in table 4-4	
Symptom			Possible Cause	
 8. Fuse F1, (0.15 amp) bur 9. Sharp drop (hole) in pow sharp increase (peak) in fier current as frequence 	ver output level, or a n oscillator or ampli-	Foreign 7, 14, Defective Feedback Check st	 Defective C8, 10ABC, 32, 33, 53 and L1, 4 Foreign material across tuning capacitors: C4, 5, 7, 14, 15 and 18 Defective microswitch S7 Feedback system defective Check shorting fingers in turret. This prevents next lower band coil from resonating and absorbing power 	
10. R15 (100 ohms) burns ou		Open or Shorted If this co contac S3 (on	tuned capacitor C14, 15 or 18 shorted CR2, 3 C23, 24, 25 or S3 ondition affects one band only, check the turret et and coil for that one band. Also check switch RF deck) for shorts adition persists on all bands see table 4-3	
	E AUDIO	OSCH I AT	'OR	
E. AUDIO OSCILLATOR Most troubles can be found easily by measuring the voltages in the circuit as follows: Set MODULATION SELECTOR to INT. 1000 v MODULATION AMPLITUDE to 100%				
V5 (12AT7) pin 1 pin 2 pin 3 pin 6 pin 7 pin 8	3.7 volts rms 6.6 volts rms 6.2 volts rms 80 volts rms 3.8 volts rms 1.88 volts rms		+180 Vdc (approximate voltages) 0 Vdc +2.6 Vdc +292 Vdc 0 Vdc +4.8 Vdc	
T1 leads green yellow blue	20 volts rms 3 volts rms 80 volts rms		0 Vdc (approximate voltages) 0 Vdc + 292 Vdc	

Table 4-2	Troubleshooting	Chart ((Cont'd)	
	TTOUDICSHOOLING	Onart	(00mc a)	

		F. MODULATION				
Most troubles	Set MOI	asily by measuring DULATION SELECT DULATION AMPLIT	OR to INT. IU	he circuit as follov)0∿	¥S:	
V9A (1/2 12AT7) pin 2 pin 32.8 volts rms0 Vdc (approximate voltages) +3.9 Vdc						
Diode CR4 (1N90) pre Such a high voltage of voltage could also be	reversed polar	rity would damage e	electrolytic capac	citor C56, The hig	n negative	
V9 removed.						
Diode CR5 (1N90) is t						
	neasured only o	out of the circuit. be greater than 1004	Forward resista Cohms.	nce should be app	roximately	
Diode CR5 (1N90) is t Both diodes can be n 500 ohms. Back resi	neasured only of stance should b	out of the circuit.	Forward resista Cohms. <u>_IBRATOR</u> The voltages in	the circuit as follo		
Diode CR5 (1N90) is t Both diodes can be n 500 ohms. Back resi	neasured only of stance should b	out of the circuit. be greater than 1004 <u>C. CRYSTAL CAI</u> casily by measuring	Forward resista Cohms. <u>_IBRATOR</u> The voltages in	the circuit as follo as indicated.		
Diode CR5 (1N90) is t Both diodes can be m 500 ohms. Back resi Most troubles Set	neasured only of stance should b s can be found of CRYSTAL CAL	C. CRYSTAL CAI C. CRYSTAL CAI easily by measuring JBRATOR to either 100 KC	Forward resista Cohms. <u>_IBRATOR</u> g the voltages in 100 KC or 1 MC 1 N 1 N	the circuit as follo 2 as indicated. MC <u>AC</u>		
Diode CR5 (1N90) is t Both diodes can be m 500 ohms. Back resi Most troubles Set V10 (6AW8A) pin 1	neasured only of stance should b s can be found of CRYSTAL CAL <u>DC</u> 0 Vdc	C. CRYSTAL CAL casily by measuring IBRATOR to either 100 KC 0 volt rms	Forward resista Cohms. <u>LIBRATOR</u> g the voltages in 100 KC or 1 MC <u>DC</u> 0 Vdc	the circuit as follo 2 as indicated. MC <u>AC</u> 0 volt rms		
Diode CR5 (1N90) is t Both diodes can be m 500 ohms. Back resi Most troubles Set V10 (6AW8A) pin 1 pin 2	neasured only of stance should b s can be found of CRYSTAL CAL <u>DC</u> 0 Vdc -58 Vdc	C. CRYSTAL CAL casily by measuring JBRATOR to either 100 KC 0 volt rms 41 volts rms	Forward resista Cohms. <u>LIBRATOR</u> g the voltages in 100 KC or 1 MC <u>1 N</u> <u>DC</u> 0 Vdc -34 Vdc	the circuit as follo 2 as indicated. MC <u>AC</u> 0 volt rms 23 volts rms	ws:	
Diode CR5 (1N90) is t Both diodes can be m 500 ohms. Back resi Most troubles Set V10 (6AW8A) pin 1 pin 2 pin 3	neasured only of stance should b s can be found of CRYSTAL CAL <u>DC</u> 0 Vdc -58 Vdc +71 Vdc	C. CRYSTAL CAL easily by measuring IBRATOR to either 100 KC 0 volt rms 41 volts rms 0.44 volt rms	Forward resista Cohms. <u>LIBRATOR</u> g the voltages in 100 KC or 1 MC <u>DC</u> 0 Vdc -34 Vdc + 196 Vdc	the circuit as follo 2 as indicated. MC 0 volt rms 23 volts rms 0.1 volt rms	ws: all	
Diode CR5 (1N90) is t Both diodes can be n 500 ohms. Back resi Most trouble: Set V10 (6AW8A) pin 1 pin 2 pin 3 pin 6	neasured only of stance should b s can be found of CRYSTAL CAL <u>DC</u> 0 Vdc -58 Vdc +71 Vdc 0 Vdc	C. CRYSTAL CAL easily by measuring IBRATOR to either 100 KC 0 volt rms 41 volts rms 0.44 volt rms 0 volt rms	Forward resista Cohms. <u>LIBRATOR</u> g the voltages in 100 KC or 1 MC 1 N <u>DC</u> 0 Vdc -34 Vdc + 196 Vdc 0 Vdc	the circuit as follo 2 as indicated. MC 0 volt rms 23 volts rms 0.1 volt rms 0 volt rms	all voltages	
Diode CR5 (1N90) is t Both diodes can be m 500 ohms. Back resi Most troubles Set V10 (6AW8A) pin 1 pin 2 pin 3	neasured only of stance should b s can be found of CRYSTAL CAL <u>DC</u> 0 Vdc -58 Vdc +71 Vdc	C. CRYSTAL CAL easily by measuring JBRATOR to either 100 KC 0 volt rms 41 volts rms 0.44 volt rms 60 volt rms	Forward resista Cohms. <u>LIBRATOR</u> g the voltages in 100 KC or 1 MC <u>DC</u> 0 Vdc -34 Vdc + 196 Vdc	the circuit as follo 2 as indicated. MC 0 volt rms 23 volts rms 0.1 volt rms	ws: all	

Table 4-3.	Troubleshooting the Feedback Lo	op
------------	---------------------------------	----

SYMPTOM.	No output	on all ranges,	or R15 (100
ohms) burn	s out on al	l ranges.	

PREPARATION. This procedure assumes that:

- a) The -200 volt and +300 volt supplies are functioning properly.
- b) All heater voltages in the **RF**chassis measure the correct value.
- c) All tubes have been checked.
- d) The oscillator is working properly on all bands and gives approximate voltages and currents as listed in table 4-4.

- e) The tuning capacitor or its leads are not short circuited.
- PROCEDURE. Unless otherwise noted all measurements are made at 115 volts rms, 60 cycle line, with the Model 606A on CW.

Proceed from step to step. Rectify any troubles before proceeding to the next step.

Measurements are made with an HPModel 410B VTVM and Model 428A Clip-On Milliammeter, or other milliammeter.

E = dc voltages; e = ac voltages; I = current.

Procedure	Observe or Measure				
 Disable the feedback by connecting pin 2. V6 (12B4) to -200 volts by shorting R30 (220K). 	This bias should cutoff V6 and provide no current for V3 or V4. There should be no current through R15. Check with HPModel 428A.				

			, 			
Procedure	Observe or Measure					
2. Connect a series combination of 5K, 5W, fixed and a 2K, 2W variable resistor from	V6 (12B4)	pin 1 to ground	^I k is approx.	19 m A		
pin 9 of V6 (12B4) to ground. Terminate output with 50 ohm load. Adjust 2K pot. to	R10 (33K)		I _k is approx.	5.6 mA		
obtain 1 volt at 1 MHz.	R38 (33K)	bands 1 to 5 band 6	I _k is approx. """	5.6 mA 0 mA		
	V3 or V4(6CL6	b) pin 6 to ground pin 1 to ground pin 1 to 2 pin 6 to ground pin 8 to ground pin 7 to ground	e is approx. """ E is approx. """ """	7.8 Vrms 2.0 Vrms -14 Vdc +295 Vdc +295 Vdc +110 Vdc		
	Drop across R1	13 or 14 (39 ohms)) E is approx.	0.15 Vdc		
	CR2 (anode)		e is approx.	5 .7 Vrms		
	CR3 (cathode)		E is approx.	7.1 Vdc		
	V8 (6AW8)	pin 7 to ground pin 7 to ground	E is approx. e "	$\frac{3.1 \text{ Vdc}}{0 \text{ Vrms}}$		
	R18 (50 ohms)	input voltage output voltage	is approx.	2 Vrms 1 Vrms		
3. Repeat for bands 1, 2, 4, 5 and 6	Check with data Data for CR2, C in item 2	on table 4-4. CR3 and V8 for thi	s test are sam	e as listed		
 Adjust the 2K variable resistor until 3.1 Vdc appears on pin 7 of V8 (6AW8A). Set R63 (ATTENUATOR VERNIER) fully counterclockwise (zero ohms). 	V8 (6AW8)	pins 1 and 6 pin 2 pin 3 pin 4 pin 5 pin 7 pin 7 pin 8 pin 9	E is approx. """" """" """" """" """"	+3.9 Vdc 0 Vdc +143 Vdc +19.5 Vdc +13 Vdc +3.1 Vdc +54 Vdc +10 Vdc		
	V7 (12AT7)	pins 1 and 6 pin 2 pin 3 pins 4 and 5 pin 7 pin 8 pin 9	E is approx. """" """" """" """"	+295 Vdc +50 Vdc +54 Vdc +19.5 Vdc +135 Vdc +143 Vdc +13 Vdc		
5. Turn R63 (ATTENUATOR VERNIER) fully clockwise (5K).	V8 (6AW8)	pins 1 and 6 pin 2 pin 3 pin 6 pin 7 no volta pin 8 pin 9	E is approx. """ age change as F E is approx. """	+4.5 Vdc +3.3 Vdc +138 Vdc +4.5 Vdc 463 is rotated +54 Vdc +42 Vdc		
 Disconnect jumper from pin 2 V6 to -200 volts. Remove 5K and 2K resistor. 	The unit should	be working proper	rly.			
 Realign the RF oscillator and amplifier sections if any tubes or components have been replaced or altered. 	See section on N Zero Set, Per	Max. Carrier Set, centage Mod. and	Mod. Zero Set, Carrier Output	Carrier Meters,		

Table 4-3. Troubleshooting the Feedback Loop (Cont'd)

1 Volt into 50 Ohms, CW											
FREQ.	I _o	e _{go}	e _{po}	e _{ko}	I _a	e _{ga}	e _{pa}	e _{ka}	e _{out}	e _{fb}	l _k 12B4
(6)	(2)	V2 pin 2, 7	V2 pin 1 or 6	@C4/ C5	(3)	V3 or 4 pin 2	V3 or 4 pin 6	@C14/ C15	term. (5)	term. (4)	V6 pin 1
94 kHz	1.3 mA	7.1 V	92 V	209 V	5.7'mA	7.1 V	9.3 v	58 V	2.0 V	5.5 V	19 mA
310 kHz	2.8	7.0	70	150	4.9	7.1	9.8	31	2.0	5.3	19
l MHz	4.8	5.9	130	130	6.4	5,9	7.8	19	2.0	5.7	19
3.33 MHz	5.3	6.7	93	93	7.6	6,8	19	19	2.0	5.5	26
10.9 MHz	4.6	6.9	55	55	4.0	6,85 ⁻	15.5	15.5	2.0	5.5	17
36.3 MHz	14.0	6.6	24.5	25	9.4	5.3	6.8	6.8	2.0	5.5	26

Table 4-4. Typical Voltage⁽¹⁾. Oscillator and Amplifier Current Output

Notes:

(1) Measured by DC VTVM, such as HPModel 410B

(2) Measured by HP Model 428A Clip-On Milliammeter at red-green wire loop between B+ and R9 (bencath RF oscillator stator turret contacts).

(3) Measured by HPModel 428A Clip-On Milliammeter at red-green wire loop between B+ and R15 (beneath RF amplifier stator turret contacts).

(4) Feedback voltage terminal (4) next to diode detector CR2.

(5) Output voltage terminal (5) next to generator terminating resistor, R18.

(6) Leave dial set at 1 MC, rotate range switch only to desired band.

4-27. TURN-ON PROCEDURE AFTER REPAIR.

4-28. Be sure to check for shorts in tuning capacitors C4 and C5, C14 and C15 with an ohmmeter after repair and before turning on the instrument. Solder splashes may occur which short these capacitors when repairing other parts of the instrument. If the instrument is turned on with these capacitors shorted, resistors R9 or R15 may be damaged.

4-29. MECHANICAL ADJUSTMENT OF METER ZERO.

4-30. When meter is properly zero-set, pointer rests over the zero calibration mark on the meter scale when instrument is: 1) at normal operating temperature, 2) in its normal operating position, and 3) turned off. Zero-set as follows to obtain best accuracy and mechanical stability:

a. Allow the instrument to operate for at least 20 minutes; this allows meter movement to reach normal operating temperature.

b. Turn instrument off and allow 30 seconds for all capacitors to discharge.

c. Rotate mechanical zero-adjustment screw clockwise until meter pointer is to left of zero and moving upscale toward zero.

d. Continue to rotate adjustment screw clockwise; stop when pointer is right on zero. If pointer overshoots zero, repeat steps c and d. e. When pointer is exactly on zero, rotate adjustment screw approximately 15 degrees <u>counterclock-</u> <u>wise</u>. This is enough to free adjustment screw from the meter suspension. If pointer moves during this step you must repeat steps c through e.

4-31. GENERAL TEST AND ALIGNMENT.

4-32. Usually the instrument will not need complete test and adjustment. This is particularly true when repair has been accomplished without changing any internal adjustments. BEFORE MAKING ANY IN-TERNAL ADJUSTMENTS, SEE PARAGRAPH 4-7. If unnecessary adjustments are eliminated you will often save time by being able to finish a repair without completing the entire test and adjustment procedure.

4-33. The procedures are listed in a recommended sequence for a complete test and adjustment operation. Test instrument recommendations are given in paragraph 4-5. The test frequencies and voltages are based upon the use of these recommended instruments. If other equipment is substituted, you may have to alter the procedures accordingly. When other equipment or methods are used, it is important to select components and techniques which have equal or greater accuracy. Any instrument can be adjusted for optimum performance at a particular frequency or voltage, or the most commonly used range.

4-34. The specifications for the Model 606A are given in the front of this manual. The test procedures contain extra checks to help you analyze the instrument. These extra checks and the data they include are not to be considered as specifications.

Explanation of symbols:

e = voltage I = current

g = grid

o = oscillator

k = cathode

a = amplifier

f = filament

p = plate

4-35. A ten to fifteen minute warmup at normal line voltage (nominally 115 or 230 volts) and power supply output voltage measurements are always recommended before making any other tests or adjustments. Refer to paragraph 4-36 before making any power supply adjustments.

4-36. POWER SUPPLIES.

4-37. The power supplies in this instrument are extremely stable and will require infrequent adjustment. The output voltages may be measured at regular intervals or as a first troubleshooting step but unnecessary adjustment should be avoided. A defective tube or component may overload the power supply and lead you to believe that the power supply is not functioning properly.

4-38. As long as the power supply regulator is functioning properly, you need not know the absolute values of the power supply output voltages. However, when power supply adjustment is necessary, you should use a voltmeter with a known calibration accuracy.

4-39. Regulation of the power supply can be checked by varying the power line voltage between 103 and 127 volts. The output voltage will vary only slightly, if at all, from the value measured with a 115 volt line. Loss of power supply regulation is most easily detected, as a sudden large increase in power supply ripple as the line voltage is raised and lowered $\pm 10\%$ from 115 volts.

4-40. When the power supply output voltages are within limits with the line voltage at 115 volts, adjustment is not necessary. Do NOT adjust in attempt to refine the existing control settings.

4-41. To test the power supplies proceed as follows:

a. Measure power supply outputs. They should be within the limits shown in table 4-5.

b. If the voltage is outside the limits in the table adjust R126 (-200 volt set) for -200 volts. This control is in the center of the power supply deck with access only from the front side of the chassis.

c. You may wish to check the regulation of each power supply as the line voltage is varied between

Nominal Voltage	Nominal Ripple at 115/230 Vrms Input	Output Voltage Range
-200 (violet wire) +300 (red wire)	10 mV 10 mV	$200 \\ \pm 8 \text{ volts} \\ 300 \\ \pm 12 \text{ volts}$
+27 (brown-orange wire)		unregulated

Table 4-5. Regulated Power Supply Tolerances

103 and 127 volts. All regulated voltages should remain within $\pm 1\%$ over this range of line voltage.

d. Measure the ripple voltage on the various supplies. They should approximate the values indicated in table 4-5 with the power line voltage set at 115 or 230 volts.

4-42. AUDIO OSCILLATOR.

- b. Turn POWER switch to ON.

c. Connect an HP Model 400D AC VTVM to output tap on audio transformer (yellow lead on signal tie point behind RF output meter). Connect ground lead of voltmeter to ground.

d. Set Mod.Osc.Adj (R51) potentiometer for 3.2 volts. This control is the middle one in the row of five potentiometers on top of the modulation deck.

4-43. CRYSTAL CALIBRATOR.

a. Set CRYSTAL CALIBRATOR to 100 KC.

b. Connect an electronic counter to pin 2 of the crystal oscillator tube (V10).

c. Adjust trimmer (C41) for exactly 100.000 kHz. This trimmer is the ceramic capacitor on the right side (as viewed from the front) of the instrument under the modulation deck.

d. Set CRYSTAL CALIBRATOR to 1 MC and read counter. Reading should be between 999.900 and 1000.100 $\rm kHz$.

e. Set CRYSTAL CALIBRATOR to 100 KC and read counter. Reading should be between 99.990 and 100.010 kHz.

f. Set trimmer C41 to best compromise between the above limits.

g. Turn CRYSTAL CALIBRATOR to OFF.

4-44. TUNE OSCILLATOR AND AMPLIFIER.

Note

This procedure should be performed only if there is a definite indication that the oscillator is off frequency. It should NOT be done on a routine basis.

b. Connect RF OUT terminal to an electronic counter, such as the HP Model 5248L.

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Model 606A

d. Shift the frequency to the high end of the band. If the frequency as read on the FREQUENCY dial is off more than 1% adjust the trimmer capacitor across the oscillator coil to correct. Always use a plastic screwdriver when making this adjustment.

e. Repeat steps c and d until no further adjustment is necessary.

f. Repeat steps b through e on the other bands. On the highest frequency band adjust the slug with a plastic allen wrench (#8). If any adjustment is necessary check maximum oscillator current as in paragraph 4-45.

g. Connect the probe of an oscilloscope to the cathode of CR3. This point can be found on the pink-white wire between the amplifier stator turret terminal block and the tie-point for the 33K resistor R25.

h. Set the MODULATION SELECTOR to EXT.DC.

i. Connect a square-wave generator, such as the HPModel 211A set to 1 KC to the MODULATION IN-PUT-OUTPUT connector. Feed in sufficient squarewave signal so that the carrier is cut off for at least part of the cycle.

j. Tune throughout all bands and check the pattern on the oscilloscope for squegging (low frequency oscillations). Reduce the frequency of the external modulation to 300 Hz on the lowest frequency band to keep from overmodulating. If squegging is found, tune the amplifier.

k. Measure the RF amplifier plate current with HPModel 428A/B Clip-On Milliammeter clipped over the red-green lead going to the 100 ohm resistor R15 on the turret stator contact terminal block (beneath RF amplifier chassis). If a Model 428A/B is not available, unsolder the red-green lead on the B+ side and insert a conventional 300 mA dc milliammeter. Bypass the point between the 100 ohm resistor and the meter with a 0.1 μ f capacitor.

m. Tune inner slug in the amplifier coil from the top for a plate current dip at the low end of one band.

n. Tune trimmer capacitor for a plate current dip at the high end of the same band. This adjustment is made through a hole in the chassis between V3 and V4 underneath the amplifier turret shaft. Use a plastic screwdriver for this adjustment. In addition, if this tool has a metal tip, slide a tiny piece of tubing over the metal tip to prevent the trimmer shorting to ground when making this adjustment.

p. Recheck squegging as in step j.

q. Repeat steps j through p on all bands.

Section IV

4-45. SET MAXIMUM OSCILLATOR CURRENT.

b. Measure RF oscillator plate current with HP Model 428B Clip-On Milliammeter clipped over redgreen lead going to the 100 ohm resistor R9 on turret stator contact terminal block (beneath oscillator chassis). If a Model 428B is not available, unsolder the red-green lead on the B+ side and insert a conventional 300 mA dc milliammeter. Bypass the point between 100 ohm resistor and meter with a 0.1 μ f capacitor.

c. Tune FREQUENCY dial throughout the 19 MC - 65 MC band while noting the current.

d. Adjust Osc. Level control (R3) on the oscillator chassis for a maximum current of 25 ma at the frequency of maximum current. If this adjustment is made, check the following:

- (1) Paragraph 4-46, Carrier Zero Set
- (2) Paragraph 4-47, Maximum Carrier Set and Modulation Zero Set
- (3) Paragraph 4-48, Set Percentage Modulation Meter.

4-46. CARRIER ZERO SET.

b. Connect oscilloscope to output of the Output Termination.

c. Zero-set the carrier output meter with the instrument off as explained in paragraph 4-29.

d. Turn on and allow 5 minutes warmup.

e. <u>Slowly</u> turn Carrier Zero Set control (R35) on the **RF**amplifier chassis clockwise until there is some output on the oscilloscope. Then adjust carrier zero set until the indication on the oscilloscope, set to the most sensitive range, just collapses. Set the sweep on the oscilloscope for a free-running condition so that the indication will not disappear for lack of synchronizing signal.

f. Check for zero output across the band on each range. Bands 5.8 MC-19.2 MC and 19.2 MC-65 MC typically have a minimum output of 0.03 volt rms. If this adjustment is made, check the following:

- (1) Paragraph 4-47, Maximum Carrier Set and Modulation Zero Set
- (2) Paragraph 4-48, Set Percentage Modulation Meter.

4-47. MAXIMUM CARRIER SET AND MODULATION ZERO SET.

a. Set ATTENUATOR VERNIER pot . . fully cw MODULATION SELECTOR EXT AC

b. Connect Model 410B ac probe to end of output termination. Solder tip of 410B ac probe to center conductor of a UG-290/U connector. Clip ground end of probe to skirt of connector. Insert connector into OUTPUT connector of output termination.

c. Set RANGE switch to band 1 (see box on schematic for band frequency ranges) and turn FRE-QUENCY dial over the band at moderate speed, noting the minimum output voltage read on the Model 410B.

d. Repeat step c on bands 2,3,4,5; and repeat on band 6 but turn much more slowly.

e. Set Model 606A to the range and frequency having lowest output voltage. Set MODULATION SELECTOR switch to CW, adjust Max. Carrier Set (R60) for 1.05 volt **RF** output on Model 410B. This control is fourth from the front in the row of five potentiometers on the top of the modulation deck.

f. Switch MODULATION SELECTOR from CW to EXT AC while noting output change on the Model 410B. There should be no change in voltage shown on the Model 410B. If necessary adjust Mod. Zero Set (R69, rearmost control in row of five controls on modulation chassis) until there is no change of output when the MODULATION SELECTOR is switched. Turn the MODULATION AMPLITUDE control. The output should not change. If necessary, adjust R69.

g. Recheck step e and f and adjust, if necessary. The two controls R69 and R60 interact with each other. Recheck the other adjustment any time one control is adjusted.

4-48. SET PERCENT MODULATION METER.

b. Connect the RF OUT output, properly terminated, to the vertical input terminals of an oscilloscope such as an HPModel 180A. If a lower frequency oscilloscope is used it may be necessary to set the Model 606A to a lower frequency.

c. Synchronize pattern internally so that several modulation cycles are visible on the screen.

d. Set the MODULATION SELECTOR to CW.

e. Adjust the sensitivity control on the oscilloscope until the pattern is exactly 4 centimeters high. Do not use the 3 VOLTS range on the Model 606A.

f. Switch the MODULATION SELECTOR to INT 1000 υ .

g. Set PERCENTAGE MODULATION meter to 50% with the MODULATION AMPLITUDE control. The pattern on the screen should now be 6 centimeters high at the peaks and 2 centimeters high at the troughs (see figure 4-3). If pattern is not exactly three times as high at the peaks as at the troughs, adjust the MODULATION AMPLITUDE control until it is. The Model 606A is now modulating exactly 50%.

h. Adjust Mod. Cal. (R67) control until PERCENT-AGE MODULATION meter reads 50%. This control is second from the front in the row of five controls on the modulation chassis.

i. Set ATTENUATOR VERNIER to 0.2 VOLTS.

j. Repeat steps d to g. If the reading on the PER-CENTAGE MODULATION meter is not $50 \pm 5\%$ adjust MODULATION AMPLITUDE until it is. Now adjust Carrier Zero Set (R35) slightly until the pattern on the oscilloscope is as in step g. Recheck MAXIMUM CARRIER SET paragraph 4-47 resetting R60 if necessary.

4-49. RF OUTPUT METER CALIBRATION.

a. Check the output meter zero adjustment (see paragraph 4-29).

b. Connect ac probe of Model 410B High Frequency VTVM (1 volt range) to the end of the output termination using a UG-290/U connector. Solder tip of 410B ac probe to center conductor of connector (see figure 4-5). Insert connector into OUTPUT connector of output termination.

c. Set ATTENUATOR VERNIER so that the Model 606A output meter reads 0.9 volt rms.

d. Rotate the FREQUENCY dial and RANGE switch through all frequencies, keeping the reading on the Model 606A output meter at 0.9 volt. Record the lowest and highest readings on the Model 410B.

e. Determine the average of the two readings recorded in step d.

f. Set the FREQUENCY dial and RANGE switch to a frequency that will give this average reading on the Model 410B.

g. Set attenuator vernier so that the Model 410B reads 0.9 volt.

h. Set the output meter to read 0.9 volts by adjusting Output Cal. control (R37).

4-50. ATTENUATOR REPAIR.

4-51. The A1 (606A-34C) output attenuator is a precision device. It is held to rigid electrical and mechanical specifications during manufacture. Testing of the attenuator is extremely involved; it requires special equipment and techniques which are not normally available. It is recommended that the attenuator be returned to the factory for necessary repair.

4-52. ADJUST FEEDBACK RELAY.

4-53. Set ATTENUATOR to 3 VOLTS. Feedback relay K1 should operate, increasing the output to 3 volts. If the relay does not operate, complete the following procedure:

a. Clip an HP Model 428B Clip-On Milliammeter probe over the lead going to the coil of relay K1. If a Model 428B is not available, unsolder the lead and insert a conventional 10 mA dc milliammeter.

b. Set ATTENUATOR to 3 VOLTS range. The current through the relay should be a nominal 5.5 mA. If the current is not approximately this value, check the +300 volts supply and C26, C27, R27, R28 and R46. If this current does not operate the relay, fix or replace the relay. If the relay operates but the output does not increase to 3 volts, check R25, R26 and the entire feedback loop.

4-54. DRIVE CABLE ASSEMBLY REPLACEMENT.

4-55. Replacement of the drive cable assembly HP stock number 606A-18) requires only the removal

of the old drive cable assembly and winding the replacement drive cable onto the idler shaft, tuner pulley, and drive pulley. An adjustment of the drive cable assembly is made to obtain proper rotation of the frequency dial and tuner plates. No special tools are required. Following is the installation procedure:

a. Disconnect power. Remove cabinet and RFgenerator shield.

b. Turn instrument upside-down and remove the aluminum shielding plate between the **RF** oscillator and **RF** amplifier.

c. Refer to figure 4-6. Loosen the two setscrews in the spring load nut and the one setscrew in the end of the drive pulley.

d. Remove old drive cable assembly.

e. Push end of replacement drive cable nearest drive collar over tuner pulley. Press the drive collar into the notch in tuner pulley.

f. Wrap the short end of drive cable around the tuner pullcy as shown in **Figure 4-6**. Attach end of



Figure 4-6. Installation of Drive Cable Assembly

cable to the floating collar on the spring loaded idler shaft with $4-40 \ge 1/4$ inch round-head machine screw.

g. Wind two full turns of the drive cable onto the floating collar. Be sure the spring load nut is positioned so that one of the setscrews is accessible. Place a 9/16 inch open-end wrench over the spring load nut to prevent its turning.

h. Wrap one and a half turns of the drive cable around the drive pulley as shown in figure 4-6.

i. Rotate the spring-loaded idler shaft so that the number 4-40 screw hole in the spring-loading collar is accessible.

j. Attach the long end of drive cable to the spring loading collar using the $4-40 \times 1/4$ round-head machine screw.

k. Place a screwdriver in the slot at end of the spring-loaded idler shaft and rotate shaft counterclockwise to remove slack in drive cable. Continue to hold spring-load nut with end wrench.

m. Tighten one setscrew in the spring-load nut and remove end wrench.

n. Turn frequency dial to approximately mid-range and seat cable in the slot on the drive pulley.

p. Holding spring-load nut with 9/16 inch open-end wrench, loosen the previously tightened setscrew in spring-load nut and turn spring-loaded idler shaft counterclockwise to a torque of approximately 7 inchpounds. Retighten setscrew and remove wrench.

q. Hold frequency dial against its low frequency stop. Slip the drive cable on the drive pulley by turning the spring-loaded idler shaft with screwdriver. Turn the idler shaft until both tuning capacitors are fully meshed.

r. Tighten the 4-40 allen setscrew in drive pulley.

s. Rotate frequency dial through its range and observe position of drive cable.

t. Check dial calibration as outlined in para. 4-16.

u. Replace aluminum shielding plate between the RF oscillator and RF amplifier.

v. Turn instrument right-side up. Replace rf generator shield and cabinet. This completes the procedure.

4-56. RANGE SWITCH DETENT ASSEMBLY.

4-57. Difficulty in changing bands, or a loss of the detent action in the 606A Signal Generators may occur due to a misalignment of the components in the range switch. Numerous "life tests" of this switch detent assembly show that with proper alignment and lubrication, trouble-free operation over the life of the instrument is assured. Molybdenum-disulfide grease is an effective lubricant for the bearing surfaces of the rollers and the aluminum detent lift assembly.

4-58. With improper alignment and continued use, the roll-pin pressed into the aluminum detent lift assembly may work loose and fall out. Alignment applies to the positioning of the two rollers on the detent cam and detent lift assembly. On the attached sketch, Figure 4-6A, the proper positioning of one of these rollers is shown. The roller can be adjusted by loosening the $8-32 \times 1/2$ " binding head mounting screw on the leaf spring. If this screw is loosened to make the adjustment, take care to assure that it is securely retightened. The lower roller (not shown in the sketch) is aligned in the same manner. In the case where the roll pin is loose or has fallen out, the following is a recommended repair procedure: back the RF Generator casting from the front panel by removing the appropriate knobs, shield cover screws, and four round head screws through the front panel. The roll pin hole in the face of the drive gear-detent lift part of the switch will then be accessible and may be tapped to provide for a 4-40 x 7/8" round head stainless steel sc rew. This screw installed in the new threaded hole will substitute nicely for the missing pin.

4-59. PERFORMANCE CHECK.

4-60. The following procedures check performance and verify proper operation of the Model 606A.

4-61. FREQUENCY CALIBRATION.

a. Set line voltage to 115 volts.

b. Perform operations listed in paragraph 4-17.

c. Repeat this procedure with line voltage set at 102.5 volts and 127.5 volts.

4-62. OUTPUT.

a. With line voltage set at 115 volts perform operations indicated in paragraph 4-18.

b. Rotate output meter RANGE switch through each position, adjusting output control at each setting. Output should be adjustable from zero to full scale in each position of the range switch.

c. Repeat steps a and b with line voltage set at 102.5 volts and 127.5 volts.

d. To check the output impedance, switch the VTVM to 1 volt range, and the attenuator to the 0.3 volt range.

e. Adjust Model 606A output to read 1 on the 0.1 scale at 20 MHz.

f. Remove the 50 ohm load. Output voltage should rise to 2 ± 0.2 volts.

g. Set Model 606A FREQUENCY dial to $65\,MHz$ and reconnect the 50 ohm load.

h. Reset output to 1 volt as indicated by VTVM.

i. Remove 50 ohm load. Output should rise to 2 volts $\pm\,0.2$ volt.

4-63. MODULATION.

a. Perform procedure outlined in paragraph 4-15 with line voltage set at 115 volts.

Model 606A

b. Rotate FREQUENCY dial through all ranges; observe envelope pattern for distortion and squegging.

c. Repeat steps a and b with line voltage set at 102.5 volts and 127.5 volts.

d. Reset line voltage to 115 volts.

e. To check external modulation set MODULATION SELECTOR to EXT. AC.

f. Turn MODULATION AMPLITUDE control fully clockwise.

g. Set FREQUENCY control to 15 mc.

h. Connect an audio oscillator (20 cps to 20 kc) to MODULATION input jack of Model 606A and SYNC input of oscilloscope.

i. Adjust the audio oscillator to produce a signal of 4.5 volts peak. PERCENT MODULATION meter of Model 606A should indicate at least 100%.

j. Repeat steps e to i with line voltage set at 102.5 volts and 127.5 volts.

4-64. FREQUENCY DRIFT.

a. Allow Model 606A to warm up for at least two hours.

b. Set FREQUENCY control to 1 MHz.

c. Monitor output of Model 606A with a counter for 10 minutes. Frequency drift should be less than 50 cycles over the 10 minute period.





Heavy solid line shows main signal path; heavy dashed line shows control, secondary signal, or feedback path.

2. Heavy box indicates front-panel engraving.

3. Arrows on potentiometers indicate clockwise rotation as viewed from the round shaft end; counterclockwise from the rectangular shaft end.

- 4. Resistance values in ohms, inductance in microhenry, and capacitance in picofarads unless otherwise specified.
- 5. Rotary switch schematic are electrical representations; for exact switching details refer to the switch assembly drawings.

6. Relays shown in condition prevailing during normal instrument operation.

7. Interconnecting parts and assemblies are shown on cable diagram.

8. * indicates factory adjustment. Part may be omitted.





Figure 4-8. Oscillator and Amplifier Turrets Schematic

A3 AMPLIFIER TURRET ASSEMBLY

* INDICATES FACTORY SELECTED PART, TYPICAL VALUE GIVEN.

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R212 C213 56 27

4-17



Figure 4-9. Signal Generator (Sheet 1 of 2)





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Figure 4-10, Power Supply



Figure 4-11. Model 606A Output Attenuator
SECTION V REPLACEABLE PARTS

5-1. INTRODUCTION.

5-2. This section contains information for ordering replaceable parts. Table 5-1 is a list of the replaceable parts and is organized as follows:

a. Electrical assemblies and their components in alpha-numerical order by reference designation.

b. Chassis-mounted parts in alpha-numerical order by reference designation.

c. Miscellaneous parts.

The information for each part consists of:

- a. The Hewlett-Packard part number.
- b. Total quantity (Qty) in the instrument.
- c. Description of the part.

d. Typical manufacturer of the part in a fivedigit code.

e. The manufacturer's number for the part.

Total quantity for each part is given only once — at the first appearance of the part number.

5-2. Table 5-2 contains the names and addresses that correspond to the manufacturer's code numbers.

5-3. ORDERING INFORMATION.

5-4. To obtain replacement parts, address order or inquiry to your local Hewlett-Packard office (see list at rear of this manual for addresses). Identify parts by their Hewlett-Packard part numbers.

- 5-5. To obtain a part that is not listed, include:
 - a. Instrument model number.
 - b. Instrument serial number
 - c. Description of the part.
 - d. Function and location of the part.

REFERENCE DESIGNATORS

A B C CP CR DL DS E	 assembly motor battery capacitor coupler diode delay line device signaling (lamp) misc electronic part 	F FL J K L LS M M K MP		relay inductor loud speaker meter microphone mechanical part	P Q R NT S T B T B T P U		plug transistor resistor thermistor switch transformer terminal board test point integrated circuit	V VR W X Y Z		vacuum tube, neon bulb, photocell, etc. voltage regulator cable socket crystal tuned cavity, network
				ABBREVIA	TIONS					
A AFC AMPL	 amperes automatic frequency control amplifier 	H HDW HEX HG HR	1 1 1	henries hardware hexagonal mercury hour(s)	N/O NOM NPO	=	normally open nominal negative positive zero (zero tem- perature coef-	RMO RMS RWV S-B	# #	rack mount only root-mean square reverse working voltage slow-blow
BFO	= beat frequency oscilla- tor	Hz	=	Hertz	NPN	=	ficient) negative-positive-	SCR SE		screw selenium
ÈE CU BH BP BRS BWO	 beryllium copper binder head bandpass brass backward wave oscillator 	IF IMPG INCD INCL INS INT	1 1 1	intermediate freq impregnated incandescent include(s) insulation(ed) internal	NRFR NSR	-	negative not recommended for field re- placement not separately replaceable	SECT SEMICON SI SIL SL SPG		section(s) semiconductor silicon silver slide spring
CCW CER CMO COEF COM	 counterclockwise ceramic cabinet mount only coefficient common 	K LH	=	kilo = 1000 left hand	OBD OH OX	=	order by description oval head oxide	SPL SST SR STL	=	special Stainless steel split ring steel
COMP COMPL CONN CP CRT	= composition = complete = connector = cadmium plate = cathode-ray tube	LIN LK WASH LOG LPF M	#	linear taper lock washer logarithmic taper low pass filter milli = 10 ⁻³	P PC PF PH BRZ PHL	¥ = =	peak printed circuit picofarads = 10-12 farads phosphor bronze Phillips	TA TD TGL THD TI TOL	11 H H	tantalum time delay toggle thread titanium tolerance
CW DEPC DR	 clockwise deposited carbon drive 	MEG MET FLM MET OX MFR MHz		meg = 10 ⁶ metal film metallic oxide manufacturer	PIV PNP P/O		peak inverse voltage positive-negative- positive part of	TRIM TWT	=	traveling wave tube
ELECT ENCAP EXT	= electrolytic = encapsulated = external	MINAT MOM MOS	=	momentary metalized	POLY PORC POS	H H	polystrene porcelain position(s)	μ Var		micro = 10 ⁻⁶ variable
F FH FIL H FXD	= farads = flat head = Fillister head = fixed	MTG MY		substrate mounting ''mylar''	POT PP PT PWV		potentiometer peak-to-peak point peak working volt-	VDCW W/ W		dc working volts with watts
G GE GL GRD	= giga (10 ⁹) = germanium = glass = ground(ed)	N N/C NE NI PL	= =	nano (10 ⁻⁹) normally closed neon nickei plate	RECT RF RH	=	age rectifier radio frequency round head or right hand	₩IV ww w/o	=	working inverse voltage wirewound without

Table 5-1.	Replaceable Parts
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Reference Designation	HP Part Number	Qty	Description	Mfr Code	Mfr Part Number
A1 A2 A3 A3 A3	606A-34C 606A-42B 606A-42A	1 1 1	ASSY:ATTENUATOR ASSY:OSCILLATOR TURRET ASSY:AMPLIFIER TURRET INCLUDES C207 THRU C213, R201 THRU R212 T207 THRU T212.	28480 28480 28480	606A-34C 606A-42B 606A-42A
A4 A4 A4C1 A4C2 A4C3	00606-603 0380-0059 0150-0053 0150-0093 0130-0017	2 1 4	BOARD ASSY:CRYSTAL CALIBRATION SPACER:SLEEVE BRASS FJR #6 HDW C:FXD CER 0.01 UF +80-20% 100VDCW C:FXD CER 0.01 UF +80-20% 100VDCW C:VAR CER 8-50 PF	28480 00866 72982 72982 28480	00606-603 080 801-K 800011 801-K 800011 0130-0017
A4C4 A4C5 A4C6 A4C7 A4C8	C160-0196 0140-020C 0140-0204 0150-0C93 0150-0C90	2 1 2 2	C:FXD MICA 24PF 5% 300VDCW C:FXD MICA 390 PF 5% C:FXD MICA 47 PF 5% NPO 500VDCW C:FXD CER 0.01 UF +80-20% 100VDCW C:FXD CER 1000 PF +80-20% 1000VDCW	04062 72136 14655 72982 56289	RDM15C240J35 RDM15F391-J3C RDM15F391-J3C RDM15E470J5C 801-K800011 C067B102E102Z526-CDH
A409 A4010 A4011 A4012 A4013	0150-0050 0140-0176 0140-0204 0150-0121 0150-0096	1 1 1	C:FXD CER 1000 PF +80-20% 1000VDCW C:FXD MICA 100 PF 2% C:FXD MICA 47 PF 5% NPO 500VDCW C:FXD CER 0.1 UF +80-20% 50VDCW C:FXD CER 0.15 UF +80-20% 100VDCW	562 89 28480 14655 56289 9141 8	C067B102E102Z526-CDH 0140-0176 RDM15E470J5C 5C50B15-CML TA
A4C14 A4C15 A4CR1 A4CR2 A4CR3	C180-0155 0150-0093 1901-0621 1910-0016 1910-0016	1 1 9	C:FXD ELECT 2.2 UF 20% 20VDCW C:FXD CER 0.01 UF +80-20% 100VDCW DIDDE:SILICON ALLOY 100V 200MA DIDDE:GERMANIUM 100MA/0.85V 60PIV DIDDE:GERMANIUM 100MA/0.85V 60PIV	56289 72982 28480 93332 93332	1500225x0020A2-DYS 801-K800011 1901-0621 02361 02361
A4CR4 A4CR5 A4CR6 A4CR7 A4CR7	1910-0016 1910-0016 1901-0040 1901-0040 1901-0040 1910-0016	2	DIDDE:GERMANIUM 100MA/0.85V 60PIV DIDDE:GERMANIUM 100MA/0.85V 60PIV DIDDE:SILICON 30MA 30MV DIDDE:SILICON 30MA 30MV DIDDE:GERMANIUM 100MA/0.85V 60PIV	93332 93332 07263 07263 93332	D2361 D2361 FDG1088 FDG1088 D2361
44CR 9 A4Q1 A4Q2 A4Q3 A4Q4	1910-0016 1854-0005 1854-0005 1854-0005 1854-0005 1853-0009	3	DIGDE:GERMANIUM 100MA/0.85V 60PIV TSTR:SI NPN TSTR:SI NPN TSTR:SI NPN TSTR:SI NPN	93332 80131 80131 80131 28480	D2361 2N708 2N708 2N708 1853~0009
A4Q5 A4Q6 A4R1 A4R2 A4R3	1853-0009 1854-0071 0757-0458 0757-0442 0757-0200	1 2 4 1	TSTR:SI PNP TSTR:SI NPNISELECTED FROM 2N3704) R:FXD MET FLM 51.1K OHM 1% 1/8W R:FXD MET FLM 5.62K OHM 1% 1/8W R:FXD MET FLM 5.62K OHM 1% 1/8W	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	1853-0009 1854-0071 0757-0458 0757-0442 0757-0200
A4R4 A4R5 A4R6 A4R7 A4R8	0757-0280 0757-0442 0757-0458 0757-0418 6698-3155	4 2 3	R:FXD MET FLM 1K GHM 1% 1/8W R:FXD MET FLM 10.0K GHM 1% 1/8W R:FXD MET FLM 51.1K GHM 1% 1/8W R:FXD MET FLM 619 GHM 1% 1/8W R:FXD MET FLM 4.64K GHM 1% 1/8W	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	0757-0280 0757-0442 0757-0458 0757-0418 0698-3155
44R9 44R10 44R11 44R12 44R12 44R13	0757-0280 C698-3155 2100-1774 C698-3155 C698-3439	1	R:FXD MET FLM 1K OHM 1% 1/8M R:FXD MET FLM 4.64K OHM 1% 1/8W R:VAR WW 2K OHM 5% TYPE H 1W R:FXD MET FLM 4.64K OHM 1% 1/8W R:FXD MET FLM 178 OHM 1% 1/8W	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	0757-0280 0698-3155 2100-1774 0698-3155 0698-3439
A4R14 A4R15 A4R16 A4R17 A4R18	C757-0123 0757-0418 0757-0394 0658-0084 0757-0442	1 1 1	R:FXD MET FLM 34.8K OHM 13 1/8W R:FXD MET FLM 619 OHM 13 1/8W R:FXD MET FLM 51.1 OHM 13 1/8W R:FXD MET FLM 2.15K OHM 13 1/8W R:FXD MET FLM 10.0K DHM 13 1/8W	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	0757-0123 0757-0418 0757-0394 0698-0084 0757-0442
A4R19 A4R20 A4R21 A4R22 A4R23	0757-0280 0757-0439 0757-0439 0757-0439 0698-0085	3	R:FXD MET FLM 1K OHM 1% 1/8W R:FXD MET FLM 6.81K OHM 1% 1/8W R:FXD MET FLM 6.81K OHM 1% 1/8W R:FXD MET FLM 6.81K OHM 1% 1/8W R:FXD MET FLM 2.61K OHM 1% 1/8W	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	0757-0280 0757-0439 0757-0439 0757-0439 0698-0085
A4R24 A4R25 A4R26 A4R27 A4T1	0757-0280 0757-0442 C698-3440 0757-0199 9100-0399	1 1 1	R:FXD NET FLN 1K OHN 1% 1/8W R:FXD NET FLN 10.0K OHN 1% 1/8W R:FXD NET FLN 196 OHN 1% 1/8W R:FXD MET FLN 21.5K OHM 1% 1/8W TRANSFORMER	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	0757-0280 0757-0442 0698-3440 0757-0199 9100-0399
A4Y1 C1 C2 C3	0410-0013 0150-0012 0150-0012 0150-0012	1	CRYSTAL:QUARTZ 1MHZ CHASSIS AND MISCELLANEOUS PARTS C:FXD CER 0.01 UF 20% 1000VDCW C:FXD CER 0.01 UF 20% 1000VDCW C:FXD CER 0.01 UF 20% 1000VDCW	28480 56289 56289 56289	0410-0013 290214A3 290214A3 290214A3
C4 C5 C6 C7 C8	0121-0144 0121-0144 C150~0012 0170-0022	2	C:VAR AIR 442.2 PF C:VAR AIR 442.2 PF C:FXD CER 0.01 UF 20% 1000VDCW NOT ASSIGNED C:FXD MY 0.1UF 20% 600VDCW	28480 28480 56289 09134	0121-0144 0121-0144 296214A3 Type 24

Table 5-1. Replaceable Parts

Reference Designation	HP Part Number	Qty	Description	Mfr Code	Mfr Part Number
C9 C10 C11 C12 C13	0150-0025 0180-0016 0170-0022 0132-0003 0140-0041	1 1 1 1	C:FXD CER 2 PF 500VDCW C:FXD ELECT 3X10UF -107+50% 450VDCW C:FXD MY 0.1UF 20% 600VDCW C:VAR PDLY 0.7-3.0 PF C:FXD MICA 100PF 5% 500VDCW	72982 37942 09134 28480 28480	315-000-P3K0-209F Type FP 103090 Type 24 0132-0003 0140-0041
C14 C15 C16 C17 C18	0121-0145 0121-0145 0150-0012 0160-0196	2	C:VAR AIR 442-2 PF C:VAR AIR 442-2 PF C:FXD CER 0-01 UF 20% 1000VDCW C:FXD MICA 24PF 5% 300VDCW NUT ASSIGNED	28480 28480 56289 04062	0121-0145 0121-0145 29C214A3 RDM15C240J3S
C19 C20 C21 C22 C23	C140-0034 0140-0024 0140-0079 C140-0008 C140-0023	1 1 1 1	C:FXD NICA 22PF 5% 500VDCW C:FXD NICA 2200 PF 10% 500VDCN C:FXD NICA 1000 PF 5% 500VDCW C:FXD NICA 0.01 UF 10% 300VDCW C:FXD NICA 180 PF 10%	28480 26480 28480 00853 00853	0140-0034 0140-0024 0140-0079 RCM35E103K RCM20E181K
C24 C25 C26 C27 C28	0140-0027 0140-0146 0150-0012 0170-0022 0150-0012	1	C:FXD MICA 470 PF 103 C:FXD MICA 82 PF 5% 300VDCW C:FXD CER 0.01 UF 20% 1000VDCW C:FXD MY 0.1UF 20% 60VDCW C:FXD MY 0.1UF 20% 1000VDCW	00853 14655 56289 09134 56289	RCM20E471K RDM15E820J3S 29C214A3 TYPE 24 29C214A3
C29 C30 C31 C32 C33	0150-0012 0170-0022 0170-0022 0170-0022 0170-0022		C:FXD CER 0.01 UF 20% 1000VDCW C:FXD MY 0.1UF 20% 600VDCW C:FXD MY 0.1UF 20% 600VDCW C:FXD MY 0.1UF 20% 600VDCW C:FXD MY 0.1UF 20% 600VDCW	56289 09134 09134 09134 09134 09134	29C214A3 TYPE 24 Type 24 Type 24 Type 24 Type 24
C34 C35 C36 C37	0150-0C19 0150-0019 0170-0022	2	C:FXD CER 1000 PF 20% 500VDCM C:FXD CER 1000 PF 20% 500VDCW NGT ASSIGNED C:FXD MY 0-1UF 20% 600VDCW C:FXD MY 0-1UF 20% 600VDCW	72982 72982 09134 09134	327005X5U0102M 327005X5U0102M Type 24 Type 24
C 38 C 39 C 48 C 49 C 50 C 51	0160-0008 0140-0071 0140-0071	1 2	NOT ASSIGNED NOT ASSIGNED C:FXD MY 0.0033 UF 10% 600VDCW C:FXD MICA 5600PF 1% 500WVDC C:FXD MICA 5600PF 1% 500WVDC	56289 26480 28480	106P33296 PMD 0140-0071 0140-0071
C52 C53 C54 C55 C56	0170-0018 0150-0005 0170-0022 0140-0003 0180-0045	1 1 1	C:FXD MY 1UF 5% 200VDCW C:FXD CER 1000 PF 20% 500VDCW C:FXD MY 0.1UF 20% 600VDCW C:FXD MICA 1000 PF 10% C:FXD MICA 1000 PF 10%	84411 04222 09134 04062 56289	TYPE 621M 10552 CFS-1 TypE 24 RCM20E120K 30D206-G0-25DB-6M1
C57 C58 C100 C101	0150-0 (23	1	C:FXD CER 2000 PF 203 L000VDCW Not Assigned Not Assigned C:FXD Elect 40/120 UF 450VDCW	56289 56289	20C295A2-CDH
C102	0180-0030		C:FXD ELECT 40/120 UF 450VDCW C:FXD CER 0.01 UF 20% 1000VDCW	562 89 562 89	D32352 DFP 29C214A3
C103 C104 C105 C106 C106 C107	0150-0012 C180-0030 C170-0022 0150-0012		NGT ASSIGNED C:FXD ELECT 40/120 UF 450VDCW C:FXD MY 0.1UF 20% 600VDCW C:FXD CER 0.01 UF 20% 1000VDCW	56289 09134 56289	D32352 DFP TYPE 24 29C214A3
C108 C109 C110 C111 C112	0170-0022 0170-0022 0180-0047	1	NOT ASSIGNED C:FXD MY 0.1UF 20% 600VDCW C:FXD HY 0.1UF 20% 600VDCW C:FXD ELECT 500 UF 75VDCW NOT ASSIGNED	09134 09134 56289	TYPE 24 Type 24 D32443 DFP
C113 C114 C115 C116 C200	1		NOT ASSIGNED NOT ASSIGNED NOT ASSIGNED NOT ASSIGNED NOT ASSIGNED		
C201 C202 C203 C204 C205	606A-95C 606A-95C 606A-95B 606A-95B 606A-95B	2	C:VAR AIR 1.8 TO 8.9 PF(INCL BRACKET) C:VAR AIR 1.8 TO 8.9 PF(INCL BRACKET) C:VAR AIR 1.7 TO 11 PF(INCL BRACKET) C:VAR AIR 1.7 TO 11 PF(INCL BRACKET) C:VAR AIR 1.7 TO 11 PF(INCL BRACKET)	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	606A-95C 606A-95C 606A-95B 606A-95B 606A-95B
C206 C207 C208 C209 C210	606A-95B 0130-0006 0130-0006 0130-0006 0130-0006	6	C:VAR AIR 1.7 TO 11 PF(INGL BRACKET) C:VAR CER 5-20 PF N300 C:VAR CER 5-20 PF N300 C:VAR CER 5-20 PF N300 C:VAR CER 5-20 PF N300	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	606A-95B 0130-0006 0130-0006 0130-0006 0130-0006
C211 C212 C213 CR1 CR2	0130-0006 0130-0006 0140-0042 1910-0042 1910-0042	1 3	C:VAR CER 5-20 PF N300 C:VAR CER 5-20 PF N300 C:FXD MICA 27PF 5% 500VDCW DIODE:GE 5MA AT 1.0V DIODE:GE 5MA AT 1.0V	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	0130-0006 0130-0006 0140-0042 1910-0042 1910-0042

Reference Designation	HP Part Number	Qty	Description	Mfr Code	Mfr Part Number
CR3 CR4 CR5 CR6 CR7	1910-0042 1910-0016 1910-0016 1910-0016 1910-0016		DIDDE:GE SMA AT 1.0V DIDDE:GERMANIUM 100MA/0.85V 60PIV DIDDE:GERMANIUM 100MA/0.85V 60PIV DIDDE:GERMANIUM 100MA/0.85V 60PIV NOT ASSIGNED	28480 93332 93332 93332	1910-0042 D2361 D2361 D2361
CR100 CR101 CR102 CR103 CR104	1901-0028 1901-0028 1901-0028 1901-0028 1901-0028	8	NOT ASSIGNED DIGDE:SILICON 0.75A 400PIV DIGDE:SILICON 0.75A 400PIV DIGDE:SILICON 0.75A 400PIV DIGDE:SILICON 0.75A 400PIV	04713 04713 04713 04713 04713	SR1358-9 SR1358-9 SR1358-9 SR1358-9 SR1358-9
CR105 CR106 CR107 CR108 CR108 CR109	1901-0028 1901-0028 1901-0028 1901-0028 1901-0028 1901-0026	4	DIODE:SILICON 0.75A 400PIV DIODE:SILICON 0.75A 400PIV DIODE:SILICON 0.75A 400PIV DIODE:SILICON 0.75A 400PIV DIODE:SILICON 0.75A 200PIV	04713 04713 04713 04713 04713 04713	SR1358-9 SR1358-9 SR1358-9 SR1358-9 SR1358-8
CR110 CR111 CR112 CR113 DS1	1901-0026 1901-0026 1901-0026 1902-3268	1	DIGDE:SILICON 0.75A 200PIV DIGDE:SILICON 0.75A 200PIV DIGDE:SILICON 0.75A 200PIV DIGDE:SILICON 0.75A 200PIV DIGDE BREAKDGWN:26.1V 5% NOT ASSIGNED	04713 04713 04713 28480	SR1358-8 SR1358-8 SR1358-8 1902-3268
DS100 DS101 F1 F2 F100	2140-0C09 2110-0017	1 1	NOT ASSIGNED LAMPIINCANDESCENT 6.3V 0.15 AMPS FUSE:CARTRIDGE 0.15 AMP SLOW BLOW NOT ASSIGNED NOT ASSIGNED	08806 75915	47(8RASS BASE) 313.150
F101 F101 F101 F101 F101 FL1	2110-0303 2110-0312 9100-2887	1 1 1	FUSE:CARTRIDGE 2A 250V SLOW-BLOW (115 VOLT OPERATION) FUSE:CARTRIDGE 1 ANP 250V SLOW-BLOW (230 VOLT OPERATION) FLITER:LINE 50/400 HZ	71400 71400 05245	MDX-2A MDL-1 F1221A
J1 J2 J3 J4 J100	1250-0001	1	NOT ASSIGNED N.S.R. PART OF AL ASSY CONNECTOR:RF BNC BULKHEAD MOUNT JACK NOT ASSIGNED NOT ASSIGNED	28480	1250-0001
J101 Kl L1 L2 L3	1251-2357 0490-0018 9140-0052 9140-0052	1 1 4	SOCKET:3-PIN MALE POWER RECEPTACLE Relay:Armature spot Coil:FXD RF 3.3 MHY Not Assigned Coil:FXD RF 3.3 MHY	82389 77342 28480 28480	EAC-301 RS-1124 5000 DHM 9140-0052
L4 L5 L6 L7 L101	9140-0052 9140-0052		COLL:FXD RF 3.3 MHY NOT ASSIGNED COLL:FXD RF 3.3 MHY NOT ASSIGNED NOT ASSIGNED	28480 28480 28480	9140-0052 9140-0052 9140-0052
L102 L103 L104 N1 M2	9140-0051 1120-0075 1120-0074	1 1 1	NOT ASSIGNED NOT ASSIGNED Coll:FXD 400 UHY Meter:0-200 MA SPEC SCALE 0-100% Meter:0-100 MA SPEC SCALE 0-3V	28480 28480 28480 28480	9140-0051 1120-0075 1120-0074
P1 P100 P101	8120-1348	1	NOT ASSIGNED Not Assigned Cable Assy:power, detachable	70903	KH\$-7041
R 1 R 2 R 3 R 4 R 5 R 6	0690-3941 0690-1541 2100-0141 0687-4731 0687-4731 0687-1041	1 4 4 4	RIFXD COMP 390K OHM 10% 1W RIFXD COMP 150K OHM 10% 1W RIFXD COMP 50K OHM 20% LIN 1/4W RIFXD COMP 47K OHM 10% 1/2W RIFXD COMP 47K OHM 10% 1/2W RIFXD COMP 100K OHM 10% 1/2W	01121 01121 28480 01121 01121	GB 3941 GB 1541 2100-0141 EB 4731 EB 4731 EB 4731
R7 R8 R9 R10 R11	0687-2711 0687-2711 0690-1011 0693-3331 0687-2211	2 2 3 2	R:FXD COMP 100K OHM 10% 172W R:FXD COMP 270 OHM +/-10% 1/2W R:FXD COMP 270 OHM +/-10% 1/2W R:FXD COMP 100 OHM 10% 1W R:FXD COMP 32% OHM 10% 1/2W	01121 01121 01121 01121 01121 01121	E8 1041 E8 2711 E8 2711 G8 1011 H8 3331 E8 2211
R12 R13 R14 R15 R16	0687-2211 0687~3901 0687-3901 0687-3901 0690-1011	4	R:FXD CGMP 220 OHM 10% 1/2W R:FXD CGMP 39 OHM 10% 1/2W R:FXD CGMP 39 OHM 10% 1/2W R:FXD CGMP 100 OHM 10% 1/2W R:FXD CGMP 100 OHM 10% 1W NOT ASSIGNED	01121 01121 01121 01121 01121	EB 2211 EB 3901 EB 3901 GB 1011
R17 R18 R19 R20 R21	0757-0072 0690-3331 0693-3331 6687-3341	1 1 1	NOT ASSIGNED R:FXD MET FLM 49.9 DHM 1.0% 1/2W R:FXD COMP 33K CHM 10% 1W R:FXD COMP 33K CHM 10% 2W R:FXD COMP 330K CHM 10% 1/2W	28480 01121 01121 01121 01121	0757-0072 GB 3331 HB 3331 EB 3341

Table 5-1. Replaceable Parts

Reference Designation	HP Part Number	Qty	Description	Mfr Code	Mfr Part Number
R22 R23 R24	C696-1025 0686-1625 0687-2241	1	R:FXD COMP 1000 OHM 5% 1/2W R:FXD CCMP 1600 OHM 5% 1/2W R:FXD COMP 220K OHM 10% 1/2W	01121 01121 01121	EB 1025 EB 1625 EB 2241
R25 R26	0757-0044 0757-0835	1 1	R:FXD NET FLM 33.2K DHM 1% 1/2W R:FXD HET FLM 6.81K DHM 1% 1/2W	28480 28480	0757-0044 0757-0835
R27 R28 R29 R30 R31	0693-2731 0693-2731 0690-1241 0690-2241 0687-1011	2 2 1 2	R:FXD COMP 27K OHM 103 2M R:FXD COMP 27K OHM 103 2M R:FXD COMP 27K OHM 103 1W R:FXD COMP 120K OHM 103 1W R:FXD COMP 220K OHM 103 1/2M	01121 01121 01121 01121 01121 01121	H6 2731 HB 2731 G8 1241 G8 2241 EB 1011
R32 R33 R34 R35 R36	C816-0018 C690-3341 C690-1241 2100-0016 0757-0112	2 1 1	R:FXD WW 20K DHM 5% 10W R:FXD CCMP 330K DHM 10% 1W R:FXD CDMP 120K dHM 10% 1W R:VAR 200K DHM 10% CWL0G R:FXD MET FLM 25.7K DHM 1% 1/4W	28480 01121 01121 28480 28480	0816-0018 GB 3341 GB 1241 2100-0016 0757-0112
R37 R38 R39 R45	2100-0141 0693-3331	·	R:VAR COMP 50K OHM 20 3 Lin 1/4 4 R:FXD Comp 33K OHN 10 3 2m Not Assigned Not Assigned	28480 01121	2100-0141 НВ 3331
R46 R47 R48 R50 R51	0687-1021 0687-6811 0687-1541 0687-5641 0680-5631 2100-0067	1 6 2 1 1 1	R:FXD COMP 1000 DHM 103 1/2W R:FXD COMP 680 OHM 103 1/2W R:FXD COMP 150K OHM 103 1/2W R:FXD COMP 560K OHM 103 1/2W R:FXD COMP 560K OHM 103 1M R:FXD COMP 5500 OHM 103 LIN 1/2W	01121 01121 01121 01121 01121 01121 28480	EG 1021 EB 6811 EB 1541 EB 5641 GB 5631 2100-0067
R52 R53 R54 R55	0687-2221 0687-8231 0757-0856	2 1 1	R:FXD COMP 2200 OHN 10% 1/2w R:FXD Comp 82k OHN 10% 1/2w N.S.R. Part of S6 R:FXD Met FLW 75.0k OHN 1% 1/2w	01121 01121 28480	EB 2221 E6 8231 0757-0856
R56 R57 R58 R59 R60 R61	06 98-310 3 07 57-081 6 07 57-088 8 06 98-31 03 21 60-00 53 07 71-0004	2 1 1 2 1	R:FXD MET FLM 28.7K OHM 1% 1/2W R:FXD MET FLM 681 OHM 1% 1/2W R:FXD FLM 71.5K CHM 1% 1/4W R:FXD MET FLM 28.7K OHM 1% 1/2W R:VAR WW 10K OHM 20% LIN 2W R:FXD MET FLM 20K OHM 10% 4W	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	0698-3103 0757-0816 0757-0888 0698-3103 2100-0053 0771-0004
R62 R63 R64 R65 R66	C771-0005 2100-0225 C815-0001 0687-4731 C693-4731	1 1 1	R:FXD NET FLM 24K OHM 10% 4W R:VAR WW 5000 OHM 10% LIN 2W R:FXD WW 30K OHM 5% 10W R:FXD CCMP 47K OHM 10% 1/2W R:FXD CCMP 47K OHM 10% 2W	28480 28480 28480 01121 01121	0771-0005 2100-0225 0815-0001 EB 4731 HB 4731
R67 R68 R69 R70 R71	2100-0141 C771-0007 2100-0053	1	R:VAR COMP 50K OHM 20% LIN 1/4W R:FXD MET FLM 30K OHM 10% 4W R:VAR NM 10K OHM 20% LIN 2W NOT ASSIGNED NOT ASSIGNED	28480 28480 28480 28480	2100-0141 0771-0007 2100-0053
R72 R73 R74 R75 R100	C690-1061 C690-1C61 C687-4711	2	R:FXD COMP 10 MEGOHM 10% 1W R:FXD CCMP 10 MEGOHM 10% 1W R:FXD CCMP 470 DHM 10% 1/2W NOT ASSIGNED NOT ASSIGNED	01121 01121 01121	GB 1061 GB 1061 EB 4711
R101 R102 R103 R104 R104 R105	0813-0017 C687-8241 0687-6811 C687-1061 0687-1251	1 1 1	R:FXD WW 5 DHM 10% 5W R:FXD COMP 820K DHM 10% 1/2W R:FXD COMP 680 DHM 10% 1/2W R:FXD COMP 10 MEGDHM 10% 1/2W R:FXD COMP 1.2 NEGDHM 10% 1/2W	28480 01121 01121 01121 01121	0813-0017 E8 8241 E8 6811 E8 1061 E8 1251
R106 R107 R108 R109 R110	0687-3301 0687-8251 0687-1041 0687-6811 0757-0155	5 1 1	R:FXD COMP 33 OHM 10% 1/2W R:FXD COMP 8-2 MEGOHM 10% 1/2W R:FXD COMP 100K DHM 10% 1/2W R:FXD COMP 680 OHM 10% 1/2W R:FXD MET FLM 604K OHM 1% 1/2W	01121 01121 01121 01121 28480	EB 3301 EB 8251 EB 1041 EB 6811 0757-0155
R111 R112 R113 R114 R114 R115	0698-4022 0687-3301 0693-5631 0687-6811 0687-3301	2	R:FXD MET FLM 402K OHM 1.03 1/2W R:FXD COMP 33 OHM 103 1/2W R:FXD COMP 56K OHM 103 2W R:FXD COMP 560 OHM 103 1/2W R:FXD COMP 33 OHM 103 1/2W	28480 01121 01121 01121 01121	0698-4022 EB 3301 HB 5631 EB 6811 EB 3301
R116 R117 R118 R119 R120	0687-6811 0687-3301 C687-6811 C687-3301 C816-0008	1	R:FXD COMP 680 OHM 10% 1/2W R:FXD COMP 33 OHM 10% 1/2W R:FXD COMP 680 OHM 10% 1/2W R:FXD COMP 680 OHM 10% 1/2W R:FXD COMP 33 OHM 10% 1/2W R:FXD WW 10K OHM 10% 10W	01121 01121 01121 01121 28480	E8 6811 E8 3301 E8 6811 E8 3301 0816-0008
R121 R122 R123 R124 R125	0690-6231 C687-3951 0687-5631 0687-1041 0698-4022	1 1 1	R:FXD CCMP 68K OHM 10% 1W R:FXD COMP 3.9 MEGOHM 10% 1/2W R:FXD COMP 56K OHM 10% 1/2W R:FXD CCMP 100K OHM 10% 1/2W R:FXD MET FLM 402K OHM 1.0% 1/2W	01121 01121 01121 01121 01121 28460	GB 6831 EB 3951 EB 5631 EB 1041 0698-4022

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Table 5-1. Replaceable Parts

Reference Designation	HP Part Number	Qty	Description	Mfr Code	Mfr Part Numbe
R126	2100-0141		R:VAR COMP 50K OHM 20% LIN 1/4W	28480	2100-0141
R127	0757-0154	1	R:FXD MET FLM 287K OHM 18 1/2W	28480	0757-0154
R128 R129	0690-1831 0690-1251	1	R:FXD COMP 18K OHM 10% 1W R:FXD COMP I.Z MEGOHM 10% 1W	01121 01121	GB 1631
R130	0687-1041	1	R:FXD COMP 100K OHM 10% 1/2W	01121	GB 1251 EB 1041
R131	0687-4731		R:FXD COMP 47K OHM 10% 1/2W	01121	EB 4731
R132 R133	0690-2711 C687-1541	1	R:FXD COMP 270 OHM 10% 1W R:FXD Comp 150k ohm 10% 1/2W	01121 01121	GB 2711 EB 1541
R134	0687-3331	1	RIFXD COMP 33K OHM 10% 1/2W	01121	EB 3331
R135	C69C-1001	1	R#FXD COMP 10 OHM 10% 1W	01121	GB 1001
R136 R137	0816-0018		R∶FXD WW 20K OHM 575 10W NOT ASSIGNED	28480	0816-0018
R200			NOT ASSIGNED		
R201 R202	C690-2211 0690-2211	2	R:FXD COMP 220 OHM 10% 1W R:FXD Comp 220 OHM 10% 1W	01121 01121	G8 2211 G8 2211
R203	C687-2221		R:FXD COMP 2200 BHM 10% 1/2W	01121	EB 2221
R203 R204	0687-3901		FACTORY SELECTED PART		
R205	0687~3901		R:FXD COMP 39 OHM 10% 1/2W R:FXD COMP 39 OHM 10% 1/2W	01121 01121	EB 3901 EB 3901
R206	0686~1125	2	R:FXD COMP 1100 OHM 5% 1/2w Factory selected part	01121	EB 1125
R207	C686-1125		R:FXD COMP 1100 DHM 5% 1/2W	01121	EB 1125
R208	0687-1001	1	R:FXD CCMP 10 OHM 10% 1/2W	01121	EB 1001
R209 R209	C686-1525	1	R×FXD COMP 1500 OHM 5% 1/2W Factory selected part	01121	EB 1525
R210	0687-1011		R:FXD COMP 100 OHM 108 1/2W	01121	EB 1011
R211	C687-5611	1	R:FXD COMP 560 OHM 10% 1/2W	01121	EB 5611
R212 RT1	0687-5601 2140-0007	1	R:FXD COMP 56 OHM 10% 1/2W Lamp:Incandescent 12V, 8ma	01121 08806	EB 5601 84/\$6-12V
S1	3101-0012	ĩ	SWITCH: TOG DPDT ON OFF ON	04009	82609
52 53	2100-0197		NOT ASSIGNED		
54	3100-0197	1	SWITCH-ROTARY: 2 SECT 6 POS NGT ASSIGNED	28480	3100-0197
\$5 \$6	3130-0105 3100-0190	1 1	SECTION:ROTARY SWITCH Switch-Rûtary: 1 Sect 5 Pos	28480 28460	3130-0105 3100-0190
\$7	3102-001 C	1	SWITCH: SENSITIVE SPOT 125 VAC 10 AMP	91929	BZ 2RW822
58 59	3101-1234	1	SWITCH: SLIDE DPDT	82389	11A-1242
\$100			NOT ASSIGNED NOT ASSIGNED		
\$101	3101-0030	1	SWITCH:TOGGLE SPST ON-NONE-OFF	27191	8906K368
5101 T1	9120-0036	1	(115 VOLT ONLY) TRANSFORMER:AUDIO	28480	9120-0036
T2 T100		_	NOT ASSIGNED		
T101	9100-0101	1	NOT ASSIGNED TRANSFORMER: POWER	28480	9100-0101
T102			NOT ASSIGNED		
T200 T201	606A-60A		NOT ASSIGNED		
T202	606A-60C	1	TRANSFORMER:OSC. 50-170 KC TRANSFORMER:OSC. 165-560 KC	28480 28480	606A-60A 606A-60C
1203	606A-60E	ī	TRANSFORMER:OSC. 530-1800 KC	28480	606A-60E
1204	606A-60G	ı	TRANSFORMERIOSC. 1.76-6.0 MC	28480	606A-60G
T205 T206	606A-60J 606A-60M	1 2	TRANSFORMER:OSC. 5.8-19.2 MC TRANSFORMER: SECONDARY COLL	28480 28480	606A-60J 606A-60M
T 206 T 206	606A-60L	1	TRANSFORMER: DSC+ 19-65 MC CONSISTS OF PRIMARY COIL	28480	606A-60L
T203	606A-608	1	TRANSFORMER; AMPL. 50-170 KC	30100	4044 405
T 208	606A-60D	1	TRANSFORMER: AMPL. 165-560 KC	28480 28480	606A-608 606A-60D
T209 T210	606A-60F	ī	TRANSFORMER:AMPL. 530-1800 KC	28480	606A-60F
T210	606A-60M 606A-60K	1	TRANSFORMER:SECONDARY COIL TRANSFORMER:AMPL. 5.8-19.2 MC	28480 28480	606A-60M 606A-60K
212	606A-60N	1	TRANSFORMER: AMPL. 19-65 MC	28480	606A-60N
T212 V1	1933-0002	2	CONSISTS OF PRIMARY COIL Electron tube: Sawb tridde pentode	93332	S/B GAWBA
V2 V3	1932-0027 1923-0072	3	ELECTRON TUBE:12AT7 DUAL TRIODE ELECTRON TUBE:6CL6	33173 28480	12AT7 1923-0072
4	1923-0072	-	ELECTRON TUBE:6CL6	26480	1923-0072
V5	1932-0045	1	ELECTRON TUBE:12AT7	13396	12AT7
V6 V7	1921-0010 1932-0027	7	ELECTRON TUBE:1284A Electron Tube:12877 dual tridde	33173	12B4A
V8	1932-0027	ľ	ELECTRON TUBE: 6AW8 TRIGDE PENTODE	33173 93332	12AT7 S/b 6Aw8A
V 9	1932-0027		ELECTRON TUBE:12AT7 DUAL TRIODE	33173	12AT7
V10 V11			NOT ASSIGNED NOT ASSIGNED		
V100 V101	1921-0010		NOT ASSIGNED ELECTRON TUBE: 1284A	33173	12 84 A
			SECONDER INCLUSIONA	1 22112 1	16078

Reference Designation	HP Part Number	Qty	Description	Mfr Code	Mfr Part Number
V102	1921-0010		ELECTRON TUBE:1284A	33173	1284A
¥103	1921-0010		ELECTRON TUBE:1284A	33173	12844
V104	1921-0010		ELECTRON TUBE:1284A	33173	12844
¥105	1921-0010		ELECTRON TUBE:1284A	33173	1284A
V106	1933-0011	2	ELECTRON TUBE: 64W84	33173	6AW8A
V107	1921-0010		ELECTRON TUBE:1284A	33173	1284A
V108	1933-0011		ELECTRON TUBE:6AW8A	33173	6 AW8A
V109	1940-0001	1	ELECTRON TUBE: 5651 MI SCELLANEOUS	86684	5651A
	606A-18	1	ASSY:FREQ. DRIVE CABLE	28480	606A-18
	606A-95A	1	ASSY:TURRET CONTACT	28480	606A-95A
	608D-59C	1	DETENT SPRING LEAF	28480	608D-59C
	1400-0084	1	FUSEHOLDER:EXTRACTOR POST TYPE	75915	342014
	606A-14E	1	GEAR FREQUENCY:VERNIER PINION	28480	606A-14E
	1450-0413	1	JEWEL:PILOT LITE	28480	1450-0413
	0370-0036	1	KNOB:SKIRTED BAR BLK 1.0" DIA	28480	0370-0036
	0370-0037	1	KNDB:SKIRTED BAR 1" DIA, BLACK	28480	0370-0037
	0370-0066	1	KNOB: ROUND BLACK 0-375" DIA SHAFT	28480	0370-0066
	0370-0083	1	KNOB:ROUND, BLACK 0.500" DIA	28480	0370-0083
	0370-0063	1	KNOBIRED 3/4" DIA	28480	0370-0063
	9170-0024	1	CORE:TUNING #10-32 THREAD	28480	9170-0024
	1251-0156	1	CONNECTOR:RECEPTACLE	01009	CS402 ACG

Table 5-1. Replaceable Parts

Table 5-2. Manufacturers' Code List

MFR NO.	MANUFACTURER NAME	ADDRESS	Z I P C OD E
		······································	
00853	SANGAMO ELECTRIC CO.PICKENS DIV.	PICKENS, S.C.	29671
00866	GOE ENGINEERING CO. INC.	CITY OF INDUSTRY, CALIF.	91746
01009	ALDEN PROD. CO.	BROCKTON, MASS.	02403
01121	ALLEN BRADLEY CO.	MILWAUKEE, WIS-	53204
04009	ARROW, HART & HEGEMAN ELECT. CO.	HARTFORD, CONN.	06106
04222	HI-Q DIV. OF AEROVOX CORP.	MYRTLE BEACH, S.C.	29577
04713	NOTORGLA SEMICONDUCTOR PROD.INC.	PHOENIX, ARIZ.	85008
05245	COMPONENTS CORP.	CHICAGO, ILL.	60657
07263	FAIRCHILD CAMERA & INST. CORP. SEMICONDUCTOR DIV.	MOUNTAIN VIEW, CALIF.	94040
08806	G-E- CO- MINIATURE LAMP DEPT.	CLEVELAND, OHIO	44112
09134	TEXAS CAPACITOR CO. INC.	HOUSTON, TEX.	77042
13396	TELEFUNKEN (GMBH)	HANNOVER, GERMANY	
14655	CORNELL DUBLIER ELECT. DIV.FEDERAL PACIFIC ELECT. CO.	NEWARK, N.J.	07105
27191	CUTLER-HAMMER INC. POWER DIST, & CONTROL DIV.	MILWAUKEE, WISC.	53216
28480	HEWLETT-PACKARD COMPANY	PALO ALTO, CALIF.	94304
33173	G.E. CO. TUBE DEPT.	OWENSBORD, KTY.	42301
56289	SPRAGUE ELECTRIC CO.	N. ADAMS, MASS.	01247
70903	BELDEN CORP.	CHICAGO, ILL.	60644
71400	BUSSMANN MEG. DIV. MC GRAW-EDISON CO.	ST. LOUIS, MO.	63017
72136	ELECTRO MOTIVE MEG. CO. INC.	WILLIMANTIC, CONN.	06226
72982	ERIE TECHNOLOGICAL PROD. INC.	ERIE, PA.	16512
75915	LITTELFUSE INC.	DES PLAINES, ILL.	60016
77342	AMERICAN MACHINE & FOUNDRY CO. POTTER & BRUMFIELD DIV.	PRINCETON, IND.	47570
80131	ELECTRONIC INDUSTRIES ASSOCIATION	WASHINGTON D.C.	20006
82389	SWITCHCRAFT INC.	CHICAGO, ILL.	60630
84411	TRW CAPACITOR DIV.	OGALLALA, NEBR.	69153
86684	RCA ELECTRONIC COMPONENTS	HARRISON, N.J. Chicago, Ill. Freeport, Ill.	07029
91418	RADIO MATERIALS CO.	CHICAGO, ILL.	60646
91929	HONEYWELL INC. MIGRO SWITCH DIV.	FREEPORT, ILL.	61032
93332	SYLVANIA ELECTRIC PROD. INC. SEMICONDUCTOR DIV.	WOBURN, MASS.	01801



General Arrangement

REF.	STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	REF.	STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.
1 2 3 4 5 6 7		See Figure 2 See Figure 3 See Figure 4 See Figure 5 See Figure 10 See Figure 9 See Figure 6		8 9 10 11 12 13	606A-55A 606A-44A-2 5000-0201	See Figure 6 See Figure 6 See Figures 7 & 8 Shield Box Cabinet Body Assembly Cover, Rear (Cabinet only)	1 1



Figure 1. 🍈 Model 606A High Frequency Signal Generator, General Arrangement

REF.	STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.
1	3100-0190	Switch: Rotary 1 Section 5 Position	1
2	2190-0016	Washer: Lock ph brz np 1/2 od x 3/8 id	2
3	0360-0024	Terminal: Lug grounding for potentiometer	1
4	606A-83D	Window: Dial	1
56	606A-110 0510-0040	Boss: Guide Ring: Retaining stl cp	1
	0010-0040	5/16 id x 0.025 thk	1
7	560A-88E	Washer: Flat	1
8	1251-0071	Connector: Jack telephone type 2 contact	1
9	2190-0016	Washer: Lock ph brz np 1/2 od x 3/8 id	3
10	2950-0001	Nut: Hex br np 3/8-32	4
11	3101-0012	x 1/2 Switch: Toggle dpdt	
12	2950-0035	on-off-on Nut: Hex brx np 15/32-	1
12	2950-0007	$\begin{array}{c} 32 \times 9/16 \times 5/16 \text{ thk} \\ \text{Nut: Hex brs np 5/16-32} \end{array}$	2
13	2900-0001	$x 7/16 \times 3/32$ thk	1
14	1450-0019	Lampholder: Pilot light Lamp: Incandescent 6.8v	1
15	2140-0009	type 47	1
16	2190-0025	Washer: Lock ext ph brz np S5/16 Scr x 19/32	1
17	3101-0030	Switch: Toggle spst 15	
18	2950-0038	amp 125 vac Nut: Hex 1/2-24 x	1
19	2190-0037	11/16 x 1/8 thk Washer: Lock int sstl	2
119		cp 0.781 od x 0.52 id	2
20	606A-2A	Panel: Front	1
21	2930-0004	Screw, Flat head ss 10- 24 thd, 1/2 in. lg.	2
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REF.	STOCK NO.	DESC RIPTION	QTY.
22	3050-0022	Washer: Flat brs np 7/16 od x 0.318 id x 0.02	1
23	606A-74A	Knob: Assembly: cali- brate assembly	1
24	0590-0012	Nut: Knurled brs np 15/32- 32 x 0.60 od x 1/16	2
25	1400-0084	Fuseholder: Extractor	2
26	0900-0016	Gasket: Rubber 11/16 od x $1/2$ id x $3/32$ dia	2
27	1450-0020	Jewel: Pilot light red faceted plastic	1
28 29	606A-40B 0370-0036	Knob: 100 divisions Knob: Plastic black 1	1
30	0370-0066	inch bar Knob: Plastic black 2- 3/4 dia 3/8 shaft	1
31	2220-0002	Screw: Machine fil h sstl 4-40 x 1/4	4
32 33	1250-0001 13050-0032	Connector: BNC Washer: Flat brass 0.189	2
33 34	2920-0002	id x $5/16$ od x 0.10 thk Screw: Machine rh sstl	6
35	3050-0067	10-24 x $1/2$ Washer: Flat brs np $5/8$	6
36	1120-0075	od x 3/8 id x 0.031 thk Microammeter: 200 microamperes Z0 to 10 0Z	1
37	1120-0074	Microammeter: 0.100 microamperes	1
38	2460-0007	Screw: Machine pan hd phl dr brs	4
39	0590-0038	Nut: Hex brs np 1/2-32 x 5/8 x 3/32	1
40 41	0370-0037 0370-0063	Knob: Concentric Knob: 3/4" red	2 2



Figure 2. 🏟 Model 606A High Frequency Signal Generator, Front Panel Assembly

Front Section RF Generator Assembly

REF.	STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.
1	606A-20A	Main Casting	1
2	606A-47A	Spacer: Chassis Mount- ing (Hallow)	1
3	1480-0085	Pin: Drive sstl 3/32 od x 9/16	1
4	3030-0005	Screw: Machine set cup- pt st cp 8-32 x 1/8	2
5	606A-100E 0510-0081	Drum: Dial Drive Ring: Retaining stl 0.5	1
7	3030-0018	id x 0,035 thk Screw: Machine headless	1
		set $4-40 \ge 1/4$ hex dr	1
8	606A-47B	Spacer: Chassis Mount- ing (Solid)	3
9 10	Not Assigned 3030-0001	Screw: Machine Set cup-	10
11	606A-37A	pt st 8-32 x 3/16 Shaft: Turret Drive	12 1
12 13	606A-36G 2190-0011	Spur Gear: Turret Drive Washer: Lock int ph brz	1
		np S10 scr x 0.373 id	3
14	2920-0003	Screw: Machine rh sstl $10-24 \times 5/8$	3
15	1480-0008	Drive Pin: Stl 1/16 od x 1/2	1
16 17	606A-14B 606A-14E	Shaft: Vernier Pinion: Vernier load	$\frac{1}{2}$
17	1480-0079	Roll Pin: Stl $3/32$ od x 7/8	
19	Not Assigned		
20	1460-0067	Spring: Helical stl cp 2-3/16	1
21 22	606A-37B 606A-105A	Shaft: Pointer Hub: Dial	$\begin{vmatrix} 1\\ 1 \end{vmatrix}$
23	1480-0084	Roll Pin: Stl $1/8$ od x $1/2$	1
24	1460-0022	Spring: Helical 1/8 od x 1-1/2	1
25 26	0510-0005 3050-0074	Ring: Retainer st cp 1/4" Washer: Flat be cu 3/4	2
		od x 0.255 id x 0.006 thk	1
27 28	606A-99A 1480-0267	Indicator: Dial range Roll Pin: Stl 5/32 od x 1	1 1
29	3050-0024	Washer: Flat be cu 17/32 id x 1-1/4 od x 0.006	1
		Id x 1-1/4 0d x 0.000	
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REF.	STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.
30 31	0510-0080 606A-40A	Ring: Retaining st cp 1/2'' Dial: Frequency	1 1
32 33 34	Not Assigned 606A-48T 606A-17	Strap: Grounding Bushing: Dial Shaft	4
34 35	1410-0019	Bearing: Ball 1.125 od x 0/5 id x 0.25	2
36 37	606A-37D 0510-0079	Shaft: Tuner Ring: Retaining stl cp	1
38 39	606A-105B 2370-0002	0.461 id x 0.035 thk Hub: Outer Dial Screw: Machine fh sstl	1 1
40	606A-16B	6-32 x 3/8 Part of Cable Assembly	4
41	2190-0016	(Amplifier Output) Washer: Lock ph brz np	0
42	1410-0003	1/2 od x 3/8 id Bushing: Threaded $3/8-$ $32 \times 1/2'' \text{ lg}$	1
43 44	606A-37F 606A-48T	Shaft: Turret Oscillator Strap Grounding	12
45	3050-0025	Washer: Flat be $cu 1-1/4$ od x 9/32 id x 0.006	1
46 47	0510-0080 1460-0053	Ring: Retaining St cp 1/2" Spring: Helical sst 1-3/8	1
48	1480-0085	id Pin: Drive sstl 3/32 od x 9/16	4
49 50	606A-36E 3050-0191	Detent Lift Assembly Washer: Flat brs lami-	1
51	0510-0077	nated 718 id x 1-118 od Ring: Retaining stl $7/8$ id x 0.042 thk	1
52	606A-108A	Cam Assembly: Dial Pointer	1
53	2550-0009	Screw: Machine bh sstl 8-32 x 1/2 W/ext lk W	2
54	3050-0129	Washer: Pressure al $5/8$ od x $3/16$ id x $1/8$ thk	$\frac{2}{2}$
55 56 57	606A-91B 608D-59C 606A-36H	Spring: Leaf Spring: Detent Bracket: Detent Mounting	2 1 2
58	606A-102	Roller: Detent	2

Model 606A



Figure 3. m Model 606A High Frequency Signal Generator Front Section RF Signal Generator

Front Section RF Generator Assembly Rotated 180°

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STOCK NO.

DESCRIPTION

QTY.

19 1 606A-20 Main Casting 20 2510-0001 Screw: Machine th sst phillips dr $8-32 \ge 5/8$ 6 Washer: Lock split-ring 21 2190-0017 ph br np 5164 No.8 6 22 Washer: Fiber extruded 3050-0006 6 1/2 od x 1/16 tkC: Var air 12.2 to 454.4 23 0121-0026 1 pf 24 Washer: Shoulder 6 606A-88 25 Washer: Flat brs cp 7/16 3050-0071 6 od x 0, 172 id x 0, 031 tk $\mathbf{26}$ C: Var air 12.2 to 454.4 0121-0027 1 pf 27 Shorting Contact Assem-606A-48L 28 1 bly 29 2210-0002 Screw: Machine fh sst 2 30 4-40 x 1/4 1480-0004 Pin. Roll st 0.094 od x 2 313/8 606A-48R Shorting Contact Assem-32 1 bly Screw: Machine set cup-3030-0001 33 4 pt st 8-32 x 3/16 Coupling 0.375 flexible 1 5040-0223 34 Cable Assembly: coaxial 1 606A-16B Screw: Machine set cup-3030-0033 pt st cp 6-32 x 3/16 2 35 Cable Drum 1 606A-83C 0510-0080 Ring: Retaining st cp 1/22 inch

QTY DESCRIPTION STOCK NO. REF. 4 606A-48T Strap Grounding Shaft: Turrent ampli-606A-37E 1 fier Shaft: Turrent oscilla-606A-37F 1 tor Bearing: Ball 0.3125 id X 1410-0017 1 0.6882 od Ring: Retaining st 5/16 0510-0084 1 inch Nut: Spring, loading 1 606A-100A Screw: Machine set cup-3030-0005 3 st cp 8-32 x 1/8 Spring: Torsion 13/32 id x 1460-0052 1/2 od 1 1 Collar: Tension free 606A-100B Collar: Tension fixed 1 606A-100C 1 Shaft: Idler 606A-37C Screw: Machine set st 3030-0061 cup-pt 10-32 x 3/16 4 Turrent Assembly: Oscill-606A-42A 1 ator Turrent Assembly: Ampli-606A-42B 1 fier Screw: Machine set cup 3030-0022 2 pt st cp $6-32 \ge 1/8$ Coupling, Mechanical, 1500-0005 brs np 1/4 id x 1/2 x 1 3/16 Coupling, Mechanical, 1500-0004 1 Nylon 1/2 od x 7/32

Front Section RF Generator Assembly Rotated 180°



Figure 4 🖗 Model 606A High Frequency Signal Generator, Front Section RF Signal Generator Rotated 180°

Rear Section RF Generator Assembly Rotated 180°

QTY.

EF.	STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	REF.	STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	606A-6D	Shield: Turrent	1	14 15	606A-4D 2100-0016	Chassis: RF R: Var comp 200k ohm
2	2420-0001	Nut: Hex stl np 6-32 x 5/16 w/lockwasher	3	15		10% cwlog
3	3050-0066	Washer: Flat brs np 0.147 id x 3/8 od x 0.031		16	0590-0035	Nut: Brs np 3/8-32 x 7/16 x 7/32
4	1400-0053	thk Clamp: Loop cable	3	17	0590-0036	Bushing: Lock brs np $1/1/2 \times 1/2$
5	2390-0009	Screw: Machine bh sst 6-32 x 3/8 w/lockwasher	8	18	2190-0016	Washer: Lock ph brz np $1/2$ od x $3/8$ id
6	2190-0010	Washer: Lock ext ph brz np for S8 screw	4	19	2950-0006	Nut: Hex brs np 1/4-32 318 x 3132 thk
7	606A-95A	Contact Subassembly Screw: Machine bh sst	2	20	2190-0027	Washer: Lock int ph brz np for 1/4 screw x 15/3
8	2550-0007	$8-32 \ge 3/8 \le 100$ kwasher	6	21	2100-0141	R : Var comp 50k ohm 2 lin $1/4$ w
9	1500-0005	Coupling: Mechanical brs np $1/4$ id x $1/2$ x $3/16$	1	22	2190-0009	Washer: Lock int ph brz np for S8 screw x 0.33
0	2950-0001	Nut: Hex br np 3/8-32 x 1/2	2	23	2520-0001	Screw: Machine rh sstl
1	2190-0022	Washer: Lock int ph brz np 0.690D x 0.678 id	3	24	606A-6B	8/32 x 1/4 Shield: RF upper
2	606A-12C 3100-0197	Switch Bracket: Amplifier Switch: Rotary 2 section,	1	25	606A-6C	Shield: RF lower
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Right Deck Arrangement

REF.	STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.		REF.	STOCK NO.
1	606A-4C	Crystal Calibrator Assem- bly	1		21	2190-0022
2	2390-0007	Screw: Machine bh sst	2 0		22	2950-0006
3	606A-43C 0410-0014	See Figures No. 6 & 7 Crystal-Quartz 100 kc	1		23	2190-0027
4 5	0180-0047	C: Fxd elect 500 uf 75 vdcw	1		24 25	0590-0036 0590-0035
6	0410-0013	Crystal Unit: Quartz 100 kc	1		26	606A-4A
7	2200-0009	Screw: Machine ne rh sst $4-40 \ge 1/2$	2		27 28	1450-0013 2190-0006
8	3050-0082	Washer: Flat phenolic 0.11 id x 0.188 od x 0.037	2			
9	1200-0028	Socket: Crystal 2-Con- tact	2		29	2470-0003
10 11	5000-0011 2420-0001	Clip: Electrical retaining Nut: Hex st np 6-32 x	2		30	606A-75A
12	2190-0005	5/16 w/lockwasher Washer: Lock ext ph brz	2		31	2190-0006
12	2260-0001	np for S4 screw x C. 282 Nut: Hex sst1 $4-40 \times 1/4$	2		32	0360-0005
14	2550-0007	x 3/32 Screw: Machine bh sst	2		33	2190-0008
15	3050-0066	8/32 x 3/8 w/lockwasher Washer: Flat brs np	2		34	9120-0036
10	606A-12D	0.147 id x 3/8 od x 0.031 Bracket: Capacitor shield	6 1		35	606A-75C
17	606A-75B	Terminal Board: Audio oscillator	1		36 37	9100-0101 606A-4B
18	606A-75E	Terminal Board: Recti- fier right	1		38	2580-0003
19	3050-0036	Washer: Flat fiber $3/8$ id x $3/4$ od x $1/16$ thk	2		39 40	606A-75D 2420-0001
20	2950-0030	Nut: Hex brs np 3/8-32 x 9/16 x 3/32 thk	3			
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DESCRIPTION QTY. Washer: Lock int ph brz np 0.692 od x 0.678 id 3

1		np 0.692 od x 0.616 ld	3	
	2950-0006	Nut: Hex brs np 1/4-32 x		
		318 x 3132 thk	2	
	2190-0027	Washer: Lock int ph brz		
	2100-0021	np for $1/4 \operatorname{scr} x 15/32$	2	
			2	l
	0590-0036	Bushing: Lock brs np 1/4 x	4	
	0590-0035	Nut: Brs np 3/8-32 x		
		7/16 x 7/32	2	l
	606A-4A	Chassis: Modulator	1	l
	1450-0013	Socket: Candelabra	1	ļ
		Washer: Lock sstl sr	-	
	2190-0006	washer: Lock SSU SI		l
		for S6 scr x $5/64$ x		l
		1/32	1	l
	2470-0003	Screw: Machine bh brs np		l
		$6-32 \ge 3/4$	2	ł
	606A-75A	Terminal Board: Crystal	ł	i
	000A-15A	calibrator	1	
			-	ł
	2190-0006	Washer: Lock sstl sr		ĺ
		for S6 src $x 5/64 x$		
		1/32	1	
	0360-0005	Terminal: Lug brs	1	ļ
	2190-0008	Washer: Lock ext ph		ļ
	STA0-0008		1	
		brz np for S6 scr x		
		0,312	1	
	9120-0036	Transformer: Audio	1	
	606A-75C	Terminal Board: Audio		
		oscillator	1	
	0100 0101	Transformer: Power	1	
	9100-0101		i	
	606A-4B	Chassis: Power supply	1	
	2580-0003	Nut: Hex stl np $8/32$ x		
		$11/32 \times 1/8$	4	
1	606A-75D	Rectifier Board: Left	1	
	2420-0001	Nut: Hex st np $6/32 \ge 5/16$	1	
	2420-0001		4	
		w/lockwasher	1	
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Figure 6. 🗄 Model 606A High Frequency Signal Generator, Right Deck Arrangement

MODEL 000A



Figure 7. HP Model 606A High Frequency Signal Generator, VHF Attenuator Details

REF.	STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.
1	0510-0005	Ring: Retainter stl cp 1/4	
		inch	1
2	2530-0003	Screw: Machine fh 8-32 x	9
	6064 94D 0	1/2 College Mounting	3
3	606A-34B-9		1
4	1480-0059	Pin: Roll stl 1/16 od x 1/4	1
5	3030-0005	Screw: Machine set	L T
5	3030-0005	cuppt stl cp 8-32 x	
		1/8	2
6	1480-0074	Pin: Roll be cu $1/16$ od x	
	1100-0011	7/16	1
7	606A-34B-6	• 7 = •	1
8	606A-95E	Cam Shaft	1
9	606A-34C-1	Housing: Main	1
10	3130-0038	Coupling: Mechanical	
		Switch	1
11	0380-0020	Spacer: Sleeve brs np	
		for S5 Screw 1/4	2
12	3100-0105	Switch: Wafer	1
13	0380-0033	Spacer: Sleeve brs np	
	1	for S4 Screw 1/2	2
14	3100-0041	Switch Wafer	1
15	2190-0003	Washer: Lock split-ring	
		sst 1/16 no. 4	2

16 2200-0011 Screw: Machine rh sst 17 2950-0001 Mut: Hex brs np 3/8/32 x 1/2 x 1/2	2
17 2950-0001 4-40 x 7/8 Nut: Hex brs np 3/8/32 x 1/2	1
x 1/2	-
· -	-
18 2100-0225 R: Var ww 5000 ohm	
10% lin 2w	1
19 2190-0016 Washer: Lock ph brx np	
$\frac{1/2 \times 3/8 \text{ id}}{1/2 \times 3/8 \text{ id}}$	1
20 2950-0001 Nut: Hex brs np 3/8-32 x 1/2	1
$\begin{array}{c cccc} x & 1/2 \\ 21 & 2190-0004 \\ \hline & Washer: Lock ph brz np \end{array}$	T
0.270 od for 4 Screw	2
22 2200-0009 Screw: Machine rh sst	-
$4-40 \ge 1/2$	2
23 606A-34C-7 Bushing; Sleeve	2 1 1
24 355C-107C Actuator Bar	1
25 355C-107B Actuator Bar	3
26 355C-32 Spring Assembly	
Attenuator	1
27 355A-102 Roller: Detent	1
28 606A-34C-8 Cover Plate: Attenuator	1
29 2200-0004 Screw: Machine rh sst	
$4-40 \times 1/4$	4
30 355A-101 Detent Pin	1
31 606A-34C-6 Collar; Shaft	1



REF.	STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.
1	606A-34C-1	Housing: Attenuator	1
2	3050-0098	Washer: Flat sstl 1/40D x	
3	2190-0014	1/32 thk for S2 Washer: Lock int ph brz np	2
ľ	-100 0011	0.18 od x 0.091 id	2
4	0520-0020	Screw: Machine rh sst	9
5	355C-6B	2/56 x 3/4 Shield: Attenuator Section	25
6	355C-6A	Shield: Resistor	5

REF.	STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.
7	2190-0014	Washer: Lock int ph brz np	
		0.187 od x 0.091 id	7
8	0520-0024	Screw: Machine bh sst	
}		2/56 x 3/16	8
9	3102-0006	Switch: Sensitive spdt pin plunger	8
10	606A-34C-9	Cover Plate: Attenuator	1
11	0520-0036	Screw: Machine fh sst	
		2/56 x 1/2	2
12	2220-0002	Screw: Machine fil h sstl	
		4-40 x 1/4	10
			1



Figure 9.	💮 Model 606A	High Frequency	v Signal Generator,	Amplifier	Turret
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REF.	STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	REF	STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.
A	606A-60B	Transformer: Amplifier turret 50-170 kc			606A-60L	Coil: Secondary, Amplifier turret 19-65 mc	
в	606A-60D	Transformer: Amplifier turret 165-560 kc		1	9170-0040	Core: Ferrite, adjustable	
С	606A-60F	Transformer: Amplifier turret 530-1800 kc		2	606A-60L	tuning 5/16-28 x 718 Coil: Primary, band 6	10 1
D	606A-60H	Transformer: Amplifier turret 1, 76-6, 0 mc		3	606A-56C 9170-0024	Coil Form Core: Iron, threaded, 3/8	
Е	606A-60K	Transformer: Amplifier turret 5, 8-19, 2 mc		5	9150-0033	od w/10-32 hole Coil Form: .338 od x	1
F	606A-60N	Coil: Primary, amplifier turret 19-65 mc		6	606A-83A	1-7/8 Turret Mold	5 1

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Figure 10. 👳 Model 606A Hign Frequency Signal Generator, Oscillator Turret

RE F.	STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	REF.	STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY
A	606A-60J	Transformer: Oscillator turret 5, 8-19, 2 mc		2	0624-0002	Screw: Machine thread-cut- ting rh sst S4 x 1/2	12
в	606A-60G	Transformer: Oscillator turret 1, 76-6, 0 mc		3	2190-0030	Washer: Lock ph brz np split ring S4 x 3/16 od	12
С	606A-60E	Transformer: Oscillator turret 560-1800 kc		4	9170-0041	Core: Adjustable tuning polyiron 5/16-28	4
D	606A-60C	Transformer: Oscillator turret 165-560 kc		5	9170-0040	Core: Adjustable tuning 5/16-28 x 7/8	6
E	606 A-6 0 A	Transformer: Oscillator turret 50-170 kc		6	606A-83F 0121-0032	Bracket: Capacitor mounting C: Var Air 2, 2-8, 45 pf	• •
F	606A-60L	Coil: Primary, Oscillator turret 19-65 mc		8	0121-0031 8100-0001	C: Var Air 1.85-10.38 pf Wire, Electrical, 062 dia	2
	606A-60M	Coil: Secondary, Oscillator		10	606A-56C	. 003 thk Coil Form	1
1	606A-83A	Turret, Molded	4	11	9170-0024	Core: Adjustable tuning $3/8$ od w/10-32 hole	1
-				12	9150-0033	Coil Form: . 338" od x 1-7/8" long	5



Figure 11. 🗄 Model 606A High Frequency Signal Generator, Shield Box Assembly

REF.	STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.
1 2	606A-55A 2390-0009	Shield Box Screw: Machine bh sst 6-32 x 3/8 w/ext	1
3	2190-0018	lockwasher Washer: Lock ph brz	25
4	1400-0043	#6 x $5/64$ od x $1/32$ thk Clip: Fahnstock brs np 3/4 x $5/16$	4
			1

REF.	STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.
5	3050-0066	Washer: Flat brs np #6 x 3/8 od x 0.003 in	11
6	606A-55A-5	Brace: Shield box upper	1
7 8	606A-55A-4 1470-0010	Brace: Shield box left Wrench: Hex socket	1
		0.1087 across flats	1



Figure 12. @ Model 606A High Frequency Signal Generator, Rear Cover Filter Assembly

REF.	STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.
1	5000-0201	Rear Cover	1
2	606A-27A	Line Filter Cover	Î
3	2420-0001	Nut: Hex stl np 6-32 x 7/64 w/lockwasher	2
4	0150-0019	C: Fxd cer 1000 pf 20%	-
5	2190-0027	feed-thru type Washer: Lock ph brz np for	2
1		1/4 in. screw	2
6	2360-0015	Screw: Machine rh sst 6-32 x 1-1/8	2
7	2190-0007	Washer: Int lock ph brz np for #6 screw	2

REF.	STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.
8	9140-0051	Coil: Fxd 400 uh 5%	2
9	0626-0001	Screw: Thread-cutting sst	
10	8120-0015	bh # $6 \times 1/4$ phl dr	2
10	0120-0015	Cable: Electrical 3 x #18 awg x 7.5 ft.	4
11	0400-0004	Grommet: Strain-relief	
	_	nylon 5/8 in.	1
12	0160-0001	C: Fxd 0.1 uf 10% 600	
10	9050 0044	V D	2
13	2950-0041	Nut: Brs cp 1/2-28 x 5/16 x 1/8	2

APPENDIX MANUAL CHANGES

MODEL 606A

SIGNAL GENERATOR

Make all backdating corrections in this manual according to changes below:

Serial Prefix or Number	Make Manual Changes	Serial Prefix or Number	Make Manual Changes	
139	A through L	417-	I through L	
139- above 00630	B through L	434-	J through L	
943-	C through L	644-	K through L	
009-	D through L	842-	L	
038-	E through L	842- above 12331	M	
244-	F through L	960-	N	
248-	G through L	960- above 12981	0	
301-	H through L		<u> </u>	

- CHANGE A: Amplifier feedback network and coil assemblies changed. Use new circuit and parts as shown in this manual. Old circuit not recommended.
- CHANGE B: Figure 4-9 and Parts List: Change capacitor C21 from 3300 pF, HP Part No. 0140-0029 to 1000 pF, HP Part No. 0140-0079.
- CHANGE C: Coil forms in turrets changed. New forms interchangeable with old. Order by new part numbers.
- CHANGE D: Delete C34, R72, C35 and R73. This side of the tuning capacitors connected directly to ground.
- CHANGE E: Figure 4-9, Signal Generator (Sheet 2 of 2): S3: Add a section of this switch so that the connection between R38 and R20 is open in the position.
 C57, R74: Delete. Replace C57 with an open, R74 with a short. Table 5-1, Replaceable Parts: delete C57, R74.

CHANGE F: Table 5-1, Replaceable Parts: R121: Change wattage to 1/2W, HP Part No. 0687-6831.

CHANGE G: Figure 4-9, Signal Generator (Sheet 2 of 2): C16 is shown connected to ground. Connect instead to junction of C14/15 and R73/C35.
C12 is shown connected to ground. Change to show that C12 is connected to junction of C14/15.

CHANGE H: R31: Change to R:FXD WW 100 ohm 10%; HP Part No. 0813-0020.

Appendix

Model 606A

CHANGE I: S8: Delete. The transformer is wired for either 115- or 230-volts. To change connections:

- a. Remove rear cover of instrument.
- b. Remove right-hand rectifier board (see Figure 4-1).
- c. Change jumper arrangement on transformer terminal board:
 - 1. For 230-volt operation, connect the black-yellow wire to the blackgreen. Use one amp slow-blow fuse.
 - 2. For 115-volt operation, connect the black to the black-green, and the black-yellow to the black-red. Use two amp slow-blow fuse.

On schematic, delete switch S8 and connect wires directly.

CHANGE J: C4, C5: Change HP Part No. to 0121-0027. C14, C15: Change HP Part No. to 0121-0026.

CHANGE K: Figure 4-9: Substitute the partial schematic below for the crystal calibrator part of Figure 4-9.



Replacement Schematic for the Crystal Calibrator (Part of Figure 4-9)

Table 5-1:

Delete R136 and CR113. Delete entire A4 Crystal Calibrator assembly. Add the parts in the table below. Model 606A

Appendix

Reference Designation	HP Part No.	Qty	Description	Mfr Code	Manufactur Part No.
C40 C41 C43 C44 C45	$\begin{array}{c} 0140\text{-}0082\\ 0130\text{-}0006\\ 0150\text{-}0014\\ 0151\text{-}0052\\ 0150\text{-}0014\\ \end{array}$	1 1 2 1	C:FXD MICA 68 pF 5% 500 VDCW C:VAR CER 5 to 20 pF 500 VDCW C:FXD CER 0.005 μF 500 VDCW C:FXD CER 0.05 μF 20% 400 VDCW C:FXD CER 0.005 μF 500 VDCW	28480 28480 96095 56289 96095	0140-0082 0130-0006 2D1-4 33C17A D1-4
C46 C47 C48 J1 R39	$\begin{array}{c} 0170\text{-}0022\\ 0150\text{-}0024\\ 0151\text{-}0012\\ 1251\text{-}0071\\ 0687\text{-}2241 \end{array}$	1 1 1 1 1	C:FXD MY 0.1 μF 20% 600 VDCW C:FXD CER 0.02 μF +80 -20% 600 VDCW C:FXD CER 0.01 μF 20% 1000 VDCW JACK:TELEPHONE R:FXD COMP 220K OHM 10% 1/2W	09134 71590 56289 82389 01121	Type 24 Type DD 20 29C214A3 3J-1259 EB 2241
R40 R41 R42 R43 R44	$\begin{array}{c} 0687 \cdot 1051 \\ 0187 \cdot 2231 \\ 0687 \cdot 1031 \\ 0687 \cdot 2251 \\ 0687 \cdot 4731 \end{array}$	1 1 1 1 1	R:FXD COMP 1 MEGOHM 10% 1/2W R:FXD COMP 22K OHM 10% 1/2W R:FXD COMP 10K OHM 10% 1/2W R:FXD COMP 2.2 MEGOHM 10% 1/2W R:FXD COMP 470K OHM 10% 1/2W	01121 01121 01121 01121 01121 01121	EB 1051 EB 2231 EB 1031 EB 2251 EB 4731
R45 R71 S1	0693-3331 0687-3341	1	R:FXD COMP 33K OHM 10% 2W R:FXD COMP 330K OHM 10% 1/2W	$\begin{array}{c} 01121 \\ 01121 \end{array}$	HB 3331 EB 3341
V10	3101-0012 1933-0002	1 1	SWITCH:TOGGLE DPDT ELECTRON TUBE: 6AW8	27191 93332	8962K319
XTAL1 XTAL2	0410-0013 0410-0014	1 1	CRYSTAL UNIT: Quartz 1000 KC CRYSTAL UNIT: Quartz 100 KC	28480 28480	S/B 6AW8 0410-0013 0410-0014

CHANGE L: Figure 4-8 and

Figure 4-8 and Parts List: Change R209 to 1500 ohm, 10%, HP Part No. 0687-1521. Change R203 and R206 from "factory selected part". Add "factory selected . . . " to R210 and R211 description.

CHANGE M: Delete asterisk from R206 and R209.

CHANGE N: Parts List: Add C112, C113; C:FXD MY 0.1 µF 10% 600 VDCW HP Part No. 0160-0001. Add C114, C115; C:FXD CER 1000 pF 20% 500 VDCW HP Part No. Delete FL1. Change J101 to HP Part No. 1251-0095. Add L102 and L103; COIL: FXD 400 μ H HP Part No. 9140-0051. Add P102; POWER CABLE, HP Part No. 8120-0015. Change P101 to HP Part No. 8120-0045, Power Cable Assembly. Change S8 to HP Part No. 3101-0033. Under Miscellaneous: Add: Assy, Line Filter HP Part No. 606A-27A Change Figure 4-10 Power Supply as shown below. CHANGE O: Parts List, under Miscellaneous:

CHANGE O: Parts List, under Miscellaneous: Change JEWEL:PILOT LIGHT to Red, HP Part No. 1450-0020 Change A4CR1 to HP Part No. 1901-0025.

Model 606A



Figure 4-10. Power Supply

- MANUAL IDENTIFICATION -

Model Number:606ADate Printed:May 1971Part Number:00606-90013

This supplement contains important information for correcting manual errors and for adapting the manual to instruments containing improvements made after the printing of the manual.

To use this supplement:

Make all ERRATA corrections

Make all appropriate serial number related changes indicated in the tables below.

Serial Prefix or Number	Make Manual	Changes	Serial Prefix or Number Make Manual Changes
1205A	1		
1241A	1, 2		
► 1352A, 1433A	1 - 3		•

► NEW ITEM

ERRATA

Page 4-19/4-20 (schematic): Change C4 to read C4A. Change C5 to read C4B. Change C14 to read C14A. Change C15 to read C14B.

Page 4-21, Figure 4-10 (schematic): Change FL101 to FL1 (2 places).

Page 5-3, Table 5-1: Change C4 to 0121-0145. Delete C5.

Page 5-4, Table 5-1: Change C14 to 0121-0144. Delete C15.

▶ Page 5-5, Table 5-1: Change FL1 to 9100-3142.

NOTE

Manual change supplements are revised as often as necessary to keep manuals as current and accurate as possible, Hewlett-Packard recommends that you periodically request the latest edition of this supplement. Free copies are available from all HP offices. When requesting copies quote the manual identification information from your supplement, or the model number and print date from the title page of the manual.



9 September 1974

3 Pages

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00606-9001.

ERRATA (Cont'd)

Page 5-8, Table 5-1: Add 0606-626 TUNING DIAL, FREQUENCY.

Illustrated Parts Identification Page 6, Item 31: Change 606A-40A to 0606-625.

Page 8, Item 5 and 8: Change 0121-0026 to 0121-0145. Change 0121-0027 to 0121-0144.

▶ Page 12:

Change item 17 to 00606-60036. Change item 18 to 00606-60039. Change item 35 to 00606-60037. Change item 39 to 00606-60038.

▶ Page 16:

Delete item F, 606A-60N and 606A-60L. Change item 3 to 606A-60N, Coil: Primary, amplifier turret 19-65 mc. Change item 5 to 9150-0727.

▶ Page 17:

Delete item F, 606A-60L and 606A-60M. Change item 4 to 9170-0843. Change item 9 to 606A-60L, Coil: Primary, Oscillator turret 19-65 mc. Change item 10 to 606A-60M, Coil: Secondary Oscillator turret 19-65 mc.

CHANGE 1

Illustrated Parts Identification
Page 2, Item 12: Change HP 606A-44A-2 to HP 606A-44B-2 Cabinet Body Assy (Blue-Gray).
Add HP 00606-60034 Cabinet Body Assy (Olive-Gray).
Add HP 00606-00025 Dust Cover Assy, Rack (Blue-Gray).
Add HP 00606-00032 Dust Cover Assy, Rack (Olive Gray).

Item 13:

Change HP 5000-0201 Cover, Rear to HP 00606-00019 Cover, Rear (Cabinet Only) (Blue-Gray). Add HP 00606-00029 Cover, Rear (Cabinet Only) (Olive-Gray).

Page 4, Item 20:

To HP 606A-2A Panel, Front, add (Light-Gray). Add HP 00606-00027 Panel, Front (Mint-Gray).



Model 606A

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CHANGE 2

Page 1-0, Table 1-1:

Change the following paragraphs as shown:

FREQUENCY CALIBRATOR: (useful to 19 MHz)

AMPLITUDE MODULATION: Continuously adjustable from 0 to 100% as indicated by panel meter on 1 Volt range and below. At least 0-30% on 3 Volt range. Modulation level is constant within $\pm 1/2$ dB regardless of carrier frequency and output level changes on 1 Volt range and below.

INTERNAL MODULATION: 400 Hz ± 5% or 1000 Hz ± 5%.

EXTERNAL MODULATION: May also be modulated by square waves and other complex signals on 1 Volt range and below.

INCIDENTAL FM: 30 parts in 10⁻⁶.

CHANGE 3

Page 1-0, Table 1-1:

Change SPURIOUS HARMONIC OUTPUT specification to read as follows: Harmonics (RF Output meter set between -10 and +3): >25 dB below fundamental of 50 kHz to 65 MHz.

Page 4-19, Figure 4-9 (schematic): Delete C12.

Page 5-4, Table 5-1: Delete C12.

