

BAND SWITCH POSITIONS AND TUNING RANGE:

1st-Phonograph Position

2nd-560-170 m,-535-1750 kc (Special)

3rd—560-170 m,—535-1750 kc (Normal)

4th—123-40 m,—2.45-7.6 Mc

5th-32.5-28.8 m,-9.22-10.41 Mc Bandspread

6th—29.0—24.6 m,—10.32—12.17 Mc Bandspread

7th-20.5-13.5 m,-14.6-22.1 Mc Bandspread

INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY: 455 kc.

AUDIO OUTPUT: 3.5 watts. Philips PH103

ALIGNMENT OF RECEIVER

All adjustments may be made with the receiver in the cabinet. Turn the volume control to the full clockwise position for maximum output and the tone control to the extreme counterclockwise position. Set the performance

switch to the left position.

REQUIRED With the variable capacitor fully closed, adjust the dial pointer on the beginning of the dial scale to the left of the 550 kc calibration mark.

EQUIPMENT

OUTPUT INDICATOR: A high resistance A.C. voltmeter and an output transformer.

SIGNAL GENERATOR: A Generator capable of supplying modulated signals between 455 kc and 22 Mc.

Equipment Connections and Alignment Procedure

using the latter method, the maximum output reading and connect the A.C. voltmeter across the primary. When an output transformer to the external speaker connection satisfactorily indicate 1.25 volts, connect the secondary of 1.25 A.C. volts across this jack. If the meter used does not external loudspeaker connection located in the rear of the OUTPUT INDICATOR: Connect the A.C. voltmeter to the During the alignment, keep the output below

> cation increases, regulate the signal generator attenuator should be kept below 30 A.C. volts. When the output indito restore the original indication.

citor. SIGNAL GENERATOR: Connect the ground lead of the chart below, in series with the specified resistor or capasignal generator to the "ground" jack in the rear of the receiver and the output lead to the points indicated in the

	SIGNAL GENERATOR				RECEIVER	ER
Operation Steps	Output Connections to Receiver	Frequency	Range Switch	Tuning Capacitor	See	Adjust in Stated Order for Maximum Output
1	To 6SK7GT Control Grid (4) Through .05 mfd. Capacitor	455 kc	Pos. 3	Kin		2nd I.F. Trimmers C54, C53
10	To Stator C27 Through .05 mfd. Capacitor	455 kc	Pos. 3	Min	Α	1st I.F. Trimmers C47, C46
œ	To Antenna Contact Through 200 mmfd. Capacitor	570 kc	Pos. 8	570 kc		Broadcast Padder C34 BC-RF Coil L8
•	To Antenna Contact Through 200 mmfd. Capacitor	1600 kc	Pos. 3	1600 kc	В	BC-Osc. Trimmer C82 BC-RF Trimmer C28 BC-Ant. Trimmer C2
6	To Antenna Contact Through 400 ohms Resistance	7.0 M c	Pos. 4	7.0 Mc	С	SW-Osc. Trimmer C86 SW-RF Trimmer C24 SW-Ant. Trimmer C8
6	To Antenna Contact Through 400 ohms Resistance	2.9 Mc	Pos. 4	2.9 Mc	ם	SW-Osc. Coil L12
7	To Antenna Contact Through 400 ohms Resistance	21.5 Mc	Pos. 7	21.5 M c	С	BS-Osc. Trimmer C48
80	To Antenna Contact Through 400 ohmil Resistance	15.2 Мс	Pos. 7	15.2 Me	Ð	BS-Osc. Coil L13
•	To Antenna Contact Through 400 ohms Resistance	21.5 Mc	Pos. 7	21.5 Мс	E	BS-RF Trimmer C22 BS-Ant. Trimmer C11
10	To Antenna Contact Through 400 ohms Resistance	15.2 Мс	Pos. 7	15.2 Мс	দ	BS-RF Coil L10 BS-Ant. Coil L2
11	To Antenna Contact Through 400 ohms Resistance	11.6 Мс	Pos. 6	11.6 Мс	С	BS-Osc. Trimmer C42 BS-RF Trimmer C20 BS-Ant. Trimmer C10
12	To Antenna Contact Through 400 ohms Resistance	9.6 M c	Pos. 5	9.6 Mc	С	BS-Osc. Trimmer C40 BS-RF Trimmer C18 BS-Ant. Trimmer C8

ALIGNATUT NOTES

Note "A"—After step 2 has been completed, do not make any further adjustments to the 2nd I.F. Trimmers C54 and C53.

Note "B"—After operation 4 has been completed, return to 570 kc and repeat operation 3, then repeat operation 4.

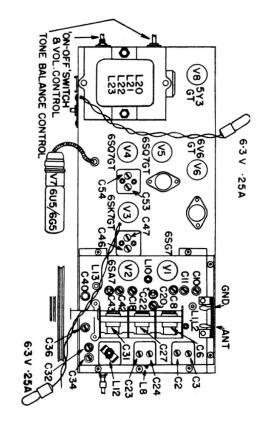
Note "C"—Unscrew oscillator trimmer capacitor to minimum capacity (counter clockwise). Turn adjustment clockwise until first output

trimmer slightly if necessary.

Note "E"-Rock tuning capacitor while adjusting antenna trimmer for peak is obtained. Make adjustments using this peak. Note "D"—Check high frequency end of dial for accuracy, adjust oscillator

maximum output.
Note "F"—Repeat operation 9.

to make this test.



DRUM SCALE DIVISIONS

other means of calibrating the receiver. Located on the cabinet; therefore, the removal of the chassis necessitates aligning the receiver, when the chassis has been removed the edge of the bracket near its face and is to be used tuning drum is an 0 to 100 scale. This scale is read from The dial of this model is permanently fastened to the

drum scale readings for alignment frequencies is given The conversion of dial scale readings to gang condenser

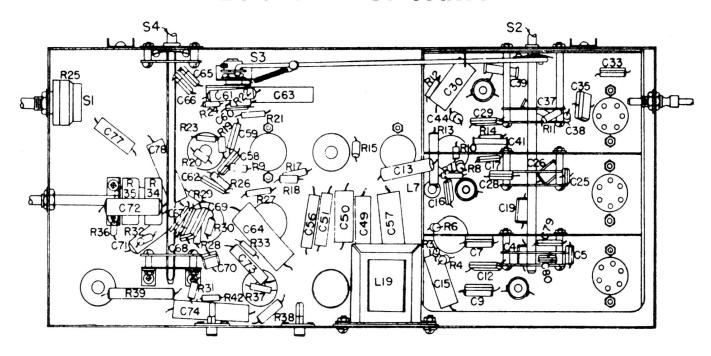
5 Bandspread	6 Bandspread	7 Bandspread	4 Short Wave	2 & 3 Broadcast	Band Switch Position
9.6 Mc	11.6 Mc	15.2 Mc 21.5 Mc	2.9 Mc 5.0 Mc 7.0 Mc	570 kc 1000 kc 1600 kc	Frequency
46.8	73.7	25.9 90.9	22.9 65.1 88.4	10.6 58.4 88.9	Drum Scale Reading

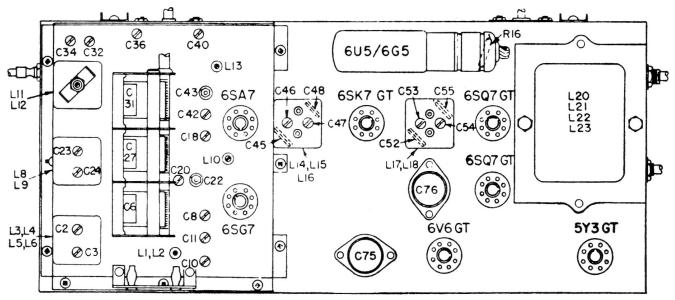
Zero on drum scale corresponds to gang condenser fully closed.

IMAGE FREQUENCY

When the receiver is properly aligned, the maximum output corresponding to the image frequency should occur when the receiver is tuned to a frequency approximately 900 kc lower than the signal frequency. It may be necessary to increase the value of input signal when it is desired

LOCATION OF PARTS





TUBE SOCKET VOLTAGES

PIN	6SG7	6SA7	6SK7	6SQ7 Detector	6SQ7 2nd A.F.	6V6	5Y3	6U5
1	_	_	_	_	_		_	6.3 ac
2		_		_			305	21
3	_	245	_	1.25	13.2	260		*
4	*	95	*			245	300 ac	245
5	_		3					
6	105		100	140	160		300 ac	
7	6.3 ac	6.3 ac	6.3 ac	6.3 ac	6.3 ac	6.3 ac		
8	245	*	225	_		11	305	

Note: * Bias obtained from AVC system.

Values specified obtained by using a 20,000 ohm per volt voltmeter.

All voltages measured to chassis.

All voltages are D.C. positive except where noted. All tubes must be in their sockets during test.

Readings may vary plus or minus 10% due to line voltage fluctuations.

Philips PH103