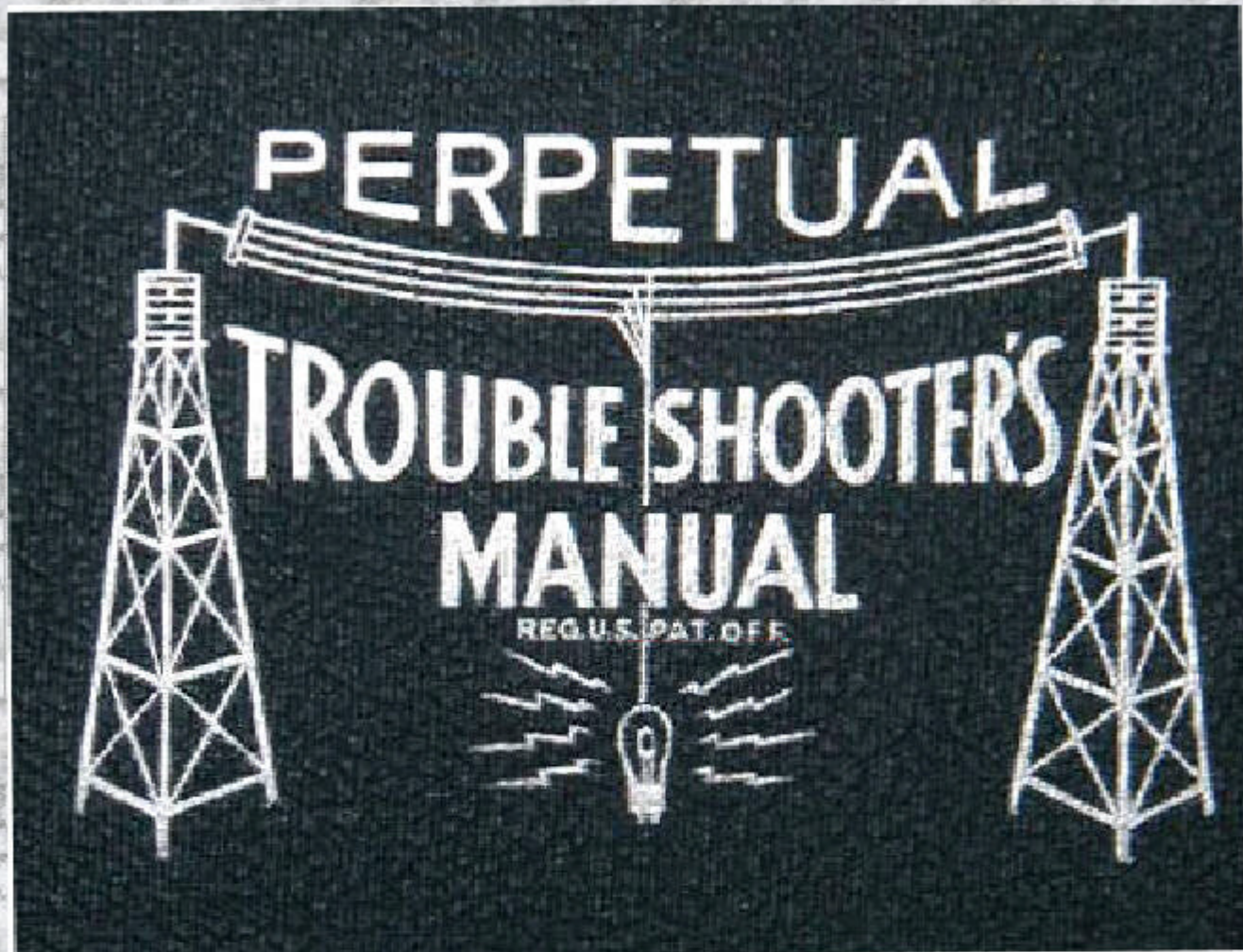


RIDER'S **VOLUME - XV**

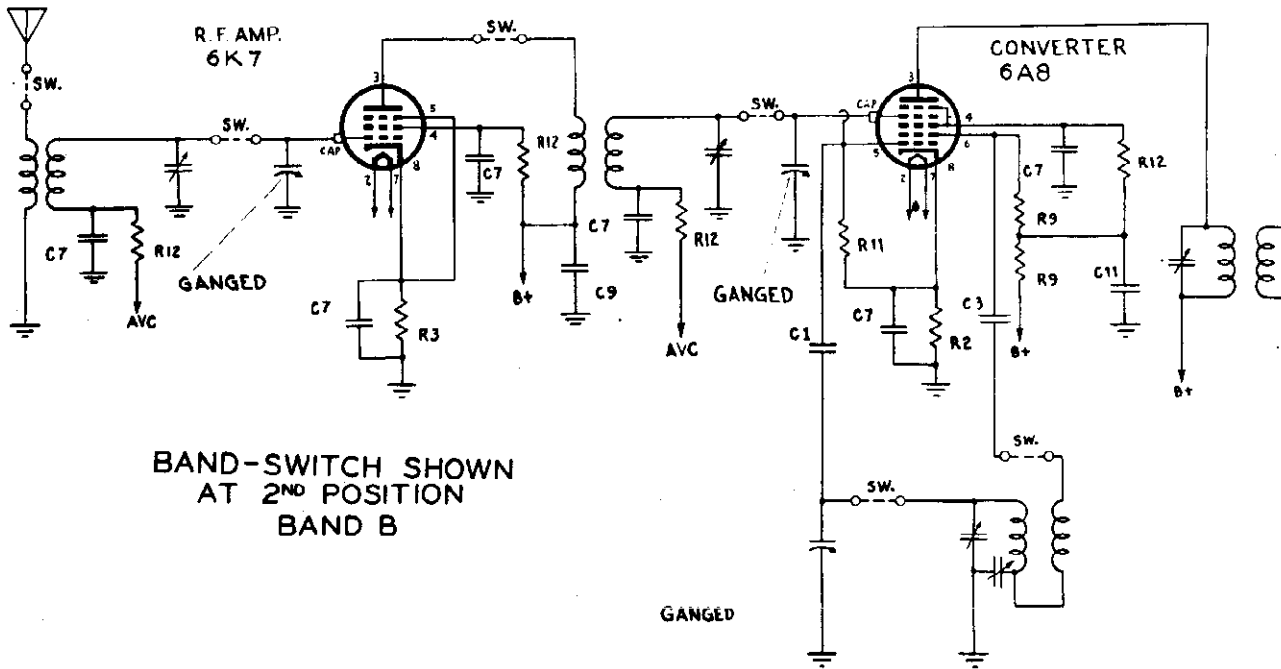
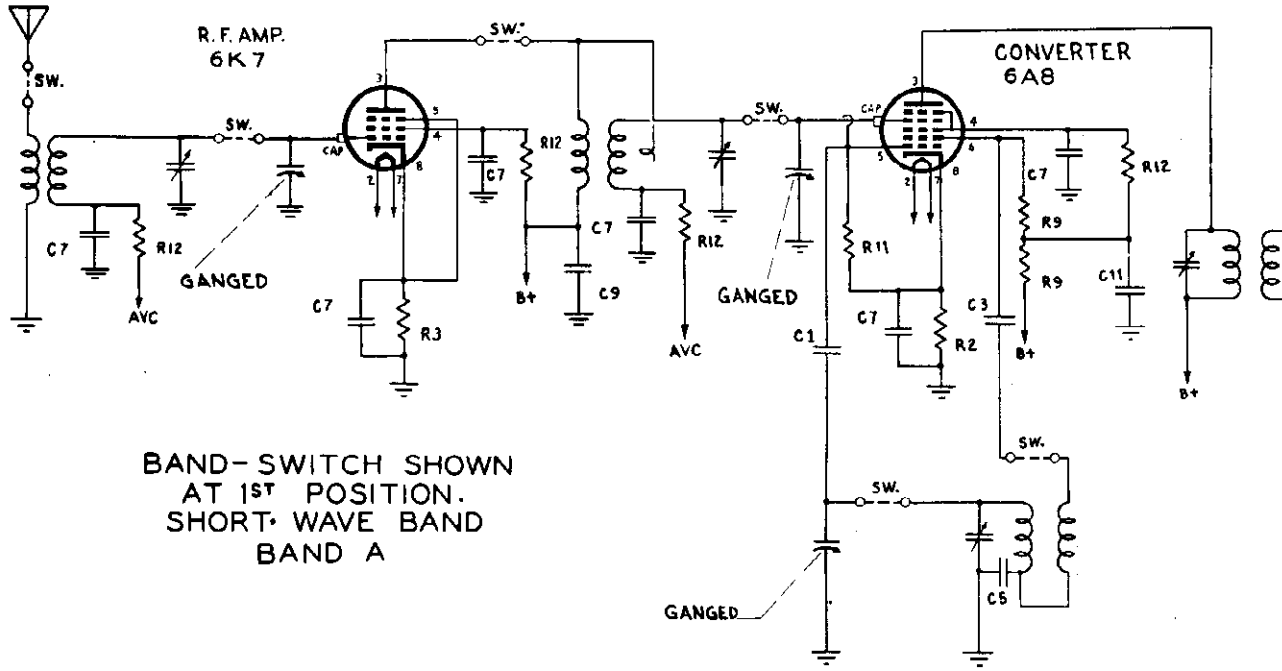


COVERING 1946

"clarified schematics"

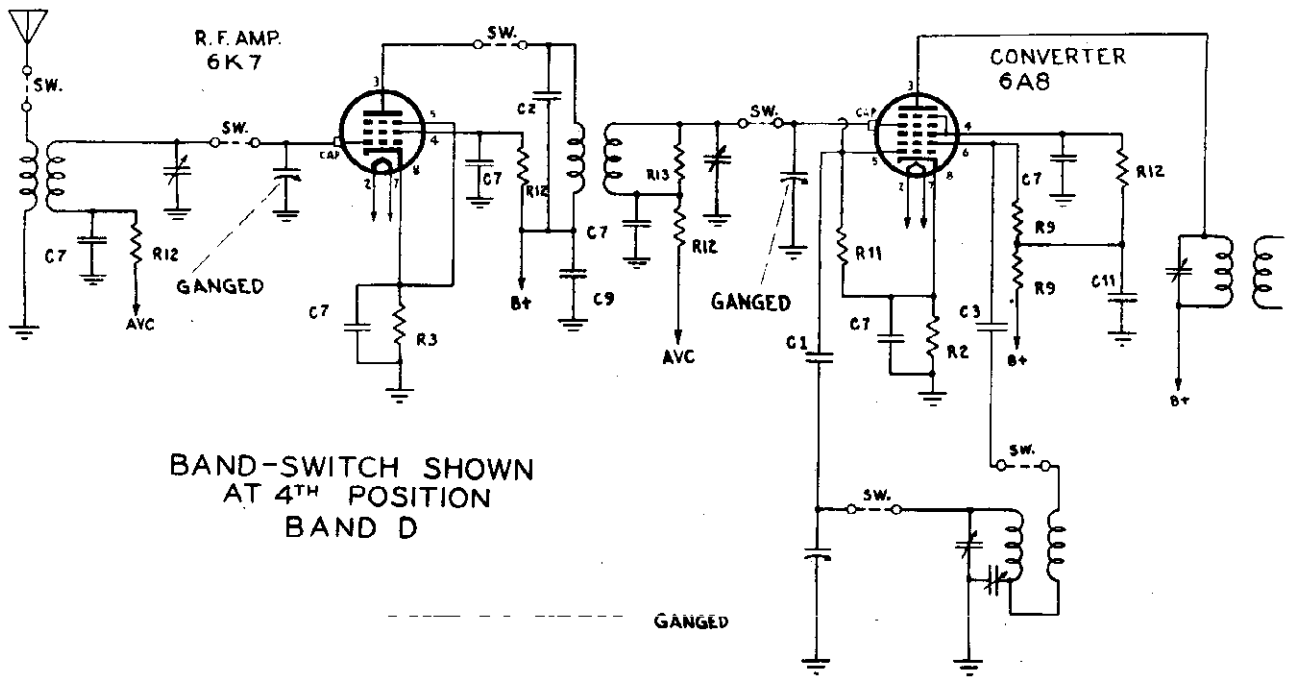
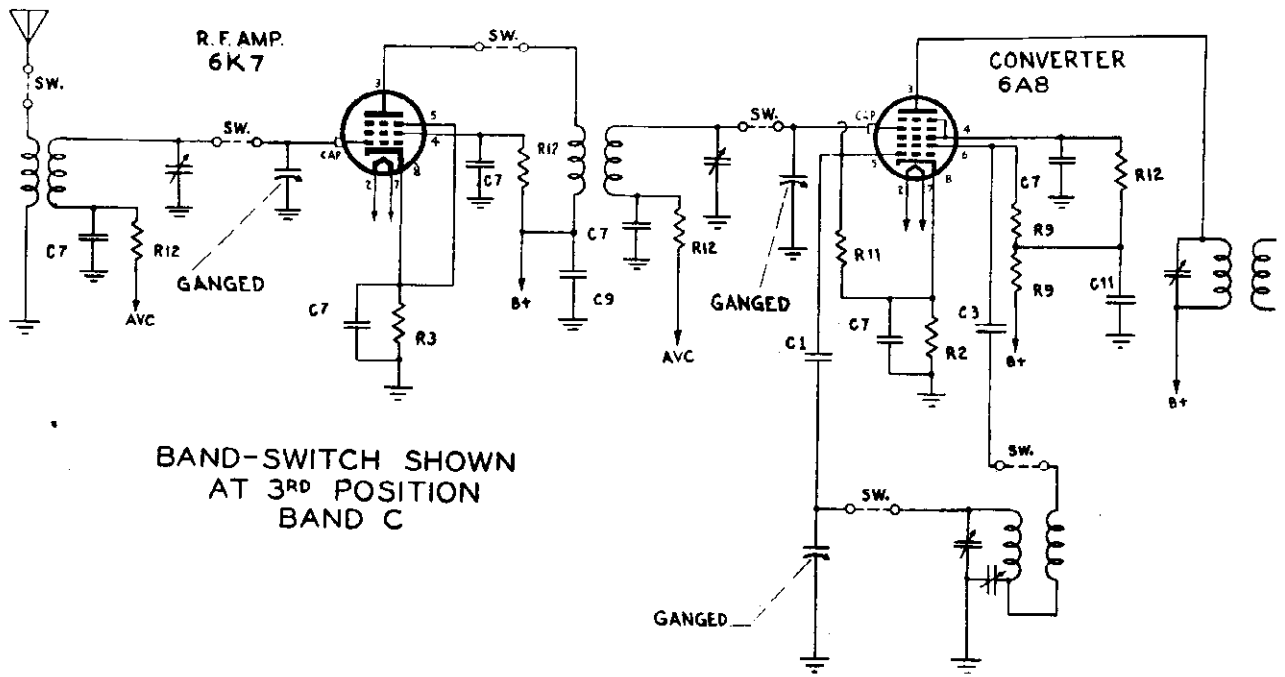
MODEL AM3
MODEL AM6

ADMIRAL CORPORATION



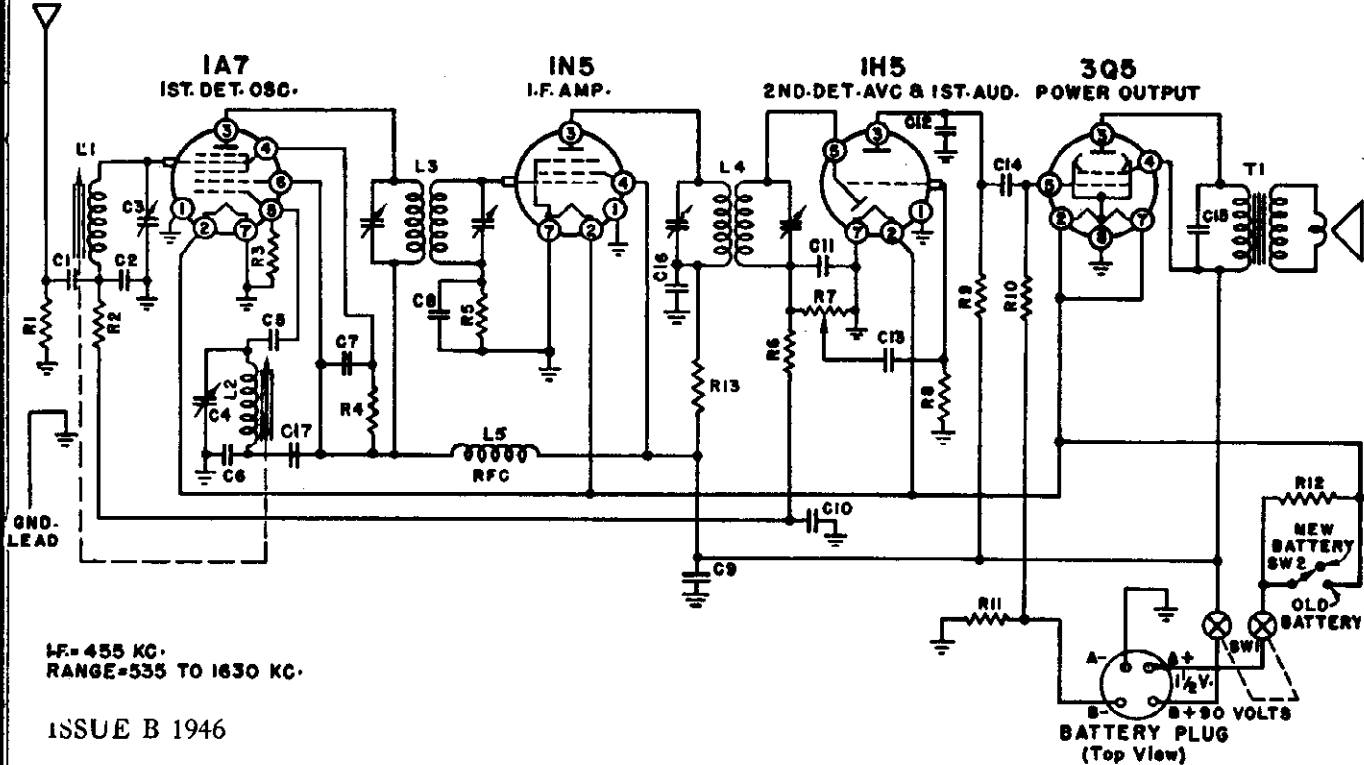
ADMIRAL CORPORATION

MODEL AM3
MODEL AM6



MODEL 4A1
Issue B

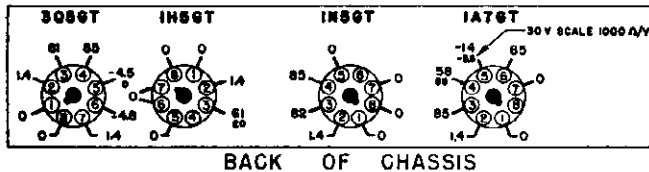
ADMIRAL CORPORATION



IF- 455 KC.
RANGE-535 TO 1630 KC.

ISSUE B 1946

VOLTAGE CHART



VOLTAGE DATA

All readings made between tube socket terminals and chassis. Voltages indicated have been obtained using a Vacuum Tube Voltmeter. A second voltage reading is shown made with a 1000 ohm-per-volt meter, when use of this instrument would result in appreciable lower readings. Measured with a fresh battery, volume control full on, dial at the high frequency end, no signal.

OSCILLATION IN 4A1 BATTERY RADIO CHASSIS

Occasionally audio oscillation may occur in the 4A1 chassis with the volume control in an intermediate position. Should you encounter this trouble, reverse the leads of the primary of the output transformer or ground the speaker frame to the chassis. The speaker leads and the grid lead of the 1H5 should be kept as far as possible from the 3Q5 output tube.

REPLACEMENT PARTS

CONDENSERS

Symbol	Description	Part No.
C1	.01 mfd., 400 Volts	64B1-25
C2	.0008 mfd., Mica	65B5-31
C3	Trimmer, Antenna	66A21-1
C4	Trimmer, Oscillator	
C5	.0001 mfd., Mica	65B7-17
C6	.0008 mfd., Mica	65B5-31
C7	.01 mfd., 400 Volts	64B1-25
C8	.002 mfd., 600 Volts	64B1-14
C9	4. mfd., 150 Volts (Elect)	67A4-2
C10	.05 mfd., 200 Volts	64B1-32
C11	.00025 mfd., Mica	65B7-22
C12	.00025 mfd., Mica	65B7-22
C13	.01 mfd., 400 Volts	64B1-25
C14	.01 mfd., 400 Volts	64B1-25
C15	.005 mfd., 600 Volts	64B1-12
C16	.01 mfd., 400 Volts	64B1-25
C17	.01 mfd., 400 Volts	64B1-25

(C17 omitted in early models)

RESISTORS

R1	15,000 ohm 1/2 w	60B8-153
R2	470,000 ohm 1/4 w	60B2-474
R3	220,000 ohm 1/2 w	60B8-224
R4	33,000 ohm 1/2 w	60B8-333
R5, R8	4,700,000 ohm 1/4 w	60B2-475
R6	2,200,000 ohm 1/4 w	60B2-225
R7	1 meg. Vol. Control	75B1-1
R9, R10	1,000,000 ohm 1/4 w	60B2-105
R11	390 ohm 1/4 w	60B2-391
R12	.75 ohm 1/2 w (wire)	61A2-1
R13	2200 ohm 1/4 w	60B2-222

TRANSFORMERS and COILS

Symbol	Description	Part No.
L1	Antenna Coil	AC105-1
L2	Oscillator Coil	A1020
L3	1st I.F. Transformer	72B5
L4	2nd I.F. Transformer	72B6
L5	Choke Coil (RF)	AB103-1
T1	Output Transformer	*

*Specify all numbers appearing on Output Trans. as well as speaker when ordering.

MISCELLANEOUS

Description	Part No.
Background, Dial.....	X22B1-1
Cable, Battery (complete with plug).....	A1026
Cap. Grid.....	90A1-2
Cord, Dial (5" on tuner and 5 1/2" on dial drive).....	50A1-3
Drum and Hub, Tuning.....	A1035
Iron Slug, with wire (Osc.).....	71B1-3
Iron Slug, with wire (Ant.).....	71B1-4
Knob.....	33A1-2

MISCELLANEOUS

Description	Part No.
Plug, Battery 5 Prong.....	88A4-4
Pointer, Dial.....	25A3
Pulley, Fibre Dial.....	17A1-3
Scale, Glass Dial.....	21B6-1
Screw studs (for iron cores).....	27A4
Shield, Tube.....	87A8
Shaft, Tuning.....	28A1-1
Socket, octal tube.....	87A5-1
Speaker and output Transformer.....	78B3
Spring, Dial Drum Cord Tension.....	19A1-5
Spring, Tuner slide cord tension.....	19A1-4
Spring, Tuner slide pressure.....	18A9
Spring, Tuner, front bearing takeup.....	19A5
Spring, Tuner, back bearing takeup.....	19A6
Spring, Hairpin (To hold Ant-Osc. coils).....	19A3-1
Switch, SPST (Economizer) SW2.....	77B1-6
Washer, C.....	4A4-1
Washer, spring (shaft).....	4A6-3-0
Washer, spring (coils).....	4A6-12-0

ADMIRAL CORPORATION

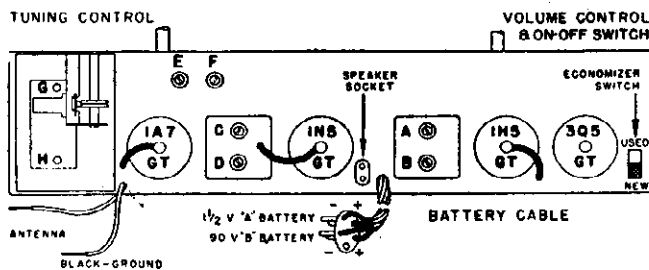
ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

1. **IMPORTANT**—Check to see that dial pointer reaches each end of dial scale when Station Selector Control is turned from one end to the other.
2. Volume control—Maximum for all adjustments.
3. Connect radio chassis to ground post of signal generator with a short heavy lead.
4. Connect output meter across voice coil of speaker.
5. Connect dummy antenna value in series with general output lead, when needed (see below).
6. Allow chassis and signal generator to "heat up" several minutes.
7. Use lowest Output setting of Signal Generator capable of producing adequate Output Meter indication and then proceed in the following sequence.

BAND	SIGNAL GENERATOR		Connection to Radio	Receiver Dial Setting	Trimmers Adjusted (In Order Shown)	Trimmer Function	Type of Adjustment
	Frequency Setting	Dummy Antenna					
I.F.	455 KC.	.1 mfd.	Grid of 1A7 (Cap)	High Frequency end of dial	C-D—2nd I.F.	Output I.F.	Adjust to maximum output
I.F.	455 KC.	.1 mfd.	Grid of 1A7 (Cap)	High Frequency end of dial	A-B—1st I.F.	Input I.F.	Adjust to maximum output
Broad-cast	1630 KC.	.00020 mfd. Mica	Antenna Lead	High Frequency end of dial	E-(See note below) F-(See note below)	Oscillator Antenna	Adjust to maximum output
Broad-cast	1300 KC.	.00020 mfd. Mica	Antenna Lead	1300 KC.	G H	Oscillator Antenna	Adjust to maximum output

NOTE: Before adjusting trimmers "E" and "F," make sure that each iron core is $1\frac{1}{8}$ " or more outside of its coil form. If necessary, turn adjustments "G" and "H" to accomplish this.

TUBE AND TRIMMER LOCATION



CIRCUIT

Battery operated 4 Tube Superheterodyne with Single Tuning Range 535 KC. to 1630 KC. Covers standard broadcast band, using antenna and ground. Permeability tuning on Ant. and Osc. circuits. I.F. 455 KC.

POWER SUPPLY

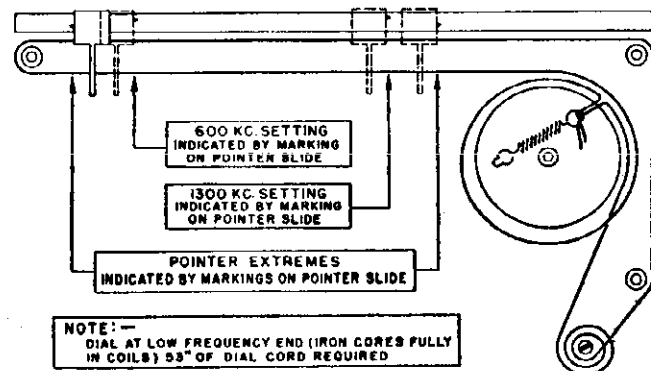
Single unit "AB" battery pack. 90 volt "B" $1\frac{1}{2}$ volt "A" Plug in connection. Use Ensign AB48, Burgess 17G-D60, Eveready 748, General 60DL-11L, Ray-O-Vac AB-82, or Bond 0528 Battery or Equivalent.

ECONOMIZER SWITCH

The battery economizer switch is located on the top of the chassis, right side.

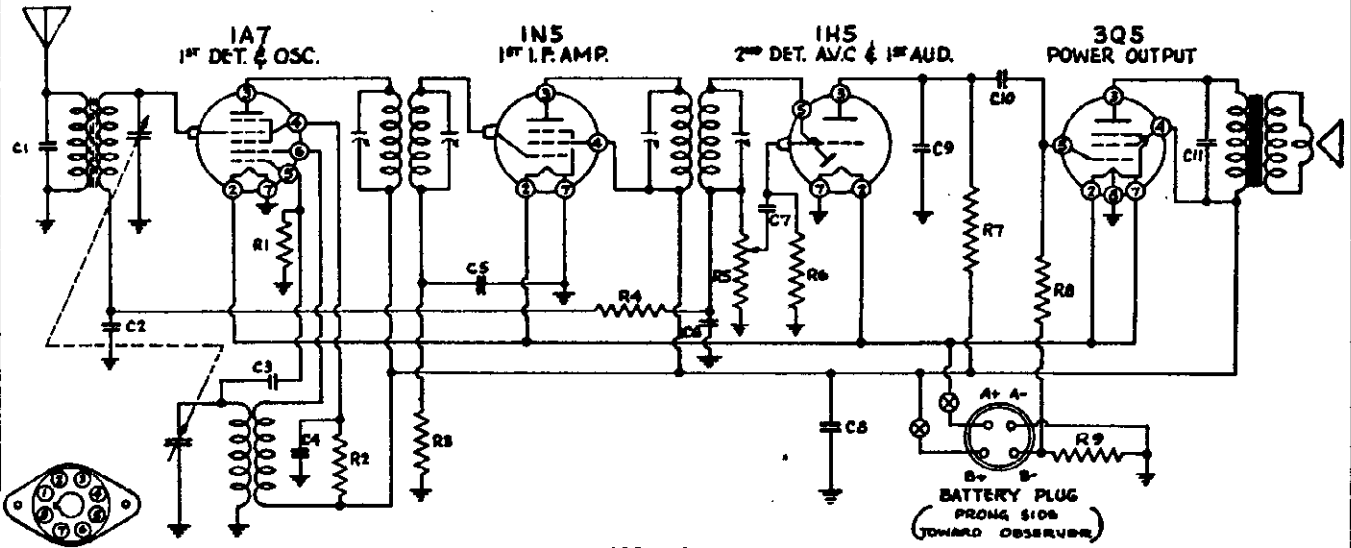
Always have this Economizer Switch in the "NEW" battery position when first placing radio in operation or when installing a new battery

STRINGING DIAGRAM



MODEL C4

ADMIRAL CORPORATION



BOTTOM VIEW OF SOCKET

f = 465 K.C.

RESISTORS					CONDENSERS						
No.	Ohms	Watts	No.	Ohms	Watts	No.	Capacity (Mfd.)	Volts	No.	Capacity (Mfd.)	Volts
R1	200,000	1/2	R6	15,000,000	1/2	C1	.00005	400	C8	.01	400
R2	50,000	1/2	R7	1,000,000	1/2	C2	.05	200	C9	6.0 (Elect.)	150
R3	5,000,000	1/2	R8	2,000,000	1/2	C3	.00005	Mica	C10	.00025	Mica
R4	2,000,000	1/2	R9	440-10%	1/2	C4	.05	200	C11	.005	400
R5	1,000,000	V.C.				C5	.001	200	C12	.002	600
						C7	.0001	Mica			

PAPER CONDENSERS

- P3203 .001 mfd. 600 volt.....
- P1193 .002 mfd. 400 volt.....
- P1322 .005 mfd. 600 volt.....
- P164 .01 mfd. 400 volt.....
- P148 .05 mfd. 200 volt.....

MICA CONDENSERS

- P1382 .00005 mfd.
- P817 .00025 mfd.
- P480 .0001 mfd.

ELECTROLYTIC CONDENSERS

- P3024 6 mfd. 150 volt.....

VARIABLE CONDENSERS

- P4310 Gang condenser

RESISTORS

- P3817 440. ohm 1/2 watt.....
- P3853 50,000 ohm 1/2 watt.....
- P3864 200,000 ohm 1/2 watt.....
- P3882 1,000,000 ohm 1/2 watt.....
- P3883 2,000,000 ohm 1/2 watt.....
- P3886 5,000,000 ohm 1/2 watt.....
- P3891 15,000,000 ohm 1/2 watt.....

VARIABLE RESISTORS

- P4309 Volume control and switch...

TRANSFORMERS AND COILS

- G6274 Antenna coil assembly
- P4308 Oscillator coil
- P4323 1st I.F. transformer
- P3980 2nd I.F. transformer

MISCELLANEOUS

- P3005 Tube socket

- P1957 Battery plug

- P3571 Tube shield

- P4127 Drive shaft

- P1399 Horseshoe washer

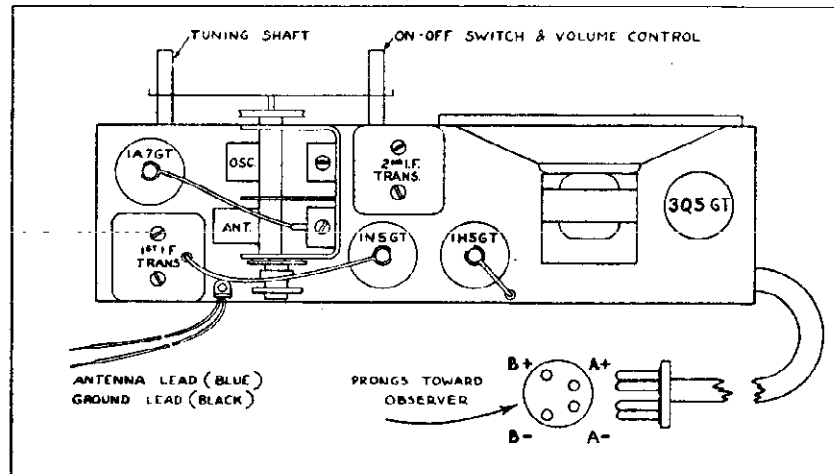
- P2925 Cord tension spring

- P470 Grid clip

- P4925 Speaker and output transformer

- P2149 Chassis mounting bolt, 1/2 doz.

- P2863 Battery adapter cable



ADMIRAL CORPORATION

MODEL C4
MODEL D4, Late

MODEL C4

SERVICE INFORMATION

ALIGNMENT DATA

GENERAL DATA

The alignment of this receiver requires the use of a signal generator that will cover the frequencies of 455, 600, 1400, and 1730, and an output meter to be connected across the primary or secondary of the output transformer. If possible, all alignments should be made with the volume control on maximum and the signal generator output as low as possible, to prevent the AVC from operating and giving false readings.

I.F. ALIGNMENT

Adjust the signal generator to 455 KC and connect the output to the grid of the first detector tube (1A7) thru a .05 or .1 mfd. condenser. The ground of the signal generator should be connected to the chassis ground. Align all I.F. trimmers to peak or maximum reading on the output meter.

BROADCAST BAND ALIGNMENT

Connect the output of the signal generator to the antenna and ground leads of the set through a .0002 condenser and adjust the signal generator to 1730 KC. Set the gang condenser to minimum capacity and adjust the oscillator trimmer to receive this signal. After this has been carefully done, the next step is to set the signal generator to 1400 KC and after tuning in the signal adjust the antenna trimmer to peak. The antenna and oscillator trimmers are located on the gang condenser. The trimmer toward the front on the gang condenser is the oscillator trimmer and the one toward the rear the antenna trimmer. This is all that is necessary for the alignment unless the plates of the gang condenser have been bent out of shape. In case of bent plates, set the signal generator and the receiver to 600 KC and bend the plates into the position for maximum sensitivity over the tuning range.

Speaker (Part No. P4925) 5" PM Type

D.C. voice coil resistance.....3.1 ohms

Voice coil impedance at 400 cycles.....3.5 ohms

Antenna Coil (Part No. G-8274)

Looking at the connection end starting at the chassis in a clockwise direction the terminals are: No. 1, AVC; No. 2, grid; No. 3, Ant.; No. 4, ground. No. 4 is grounded to the mounting bracket.

Primary—No. 3 and No. 4—Resistance 24.6 ohms.

Secondary—No. 1 and No. 2—Resistance 2.2 ohms.

A gimmik coil of 5.5 mmfd. connects to terminals No. 2 and No. 3.

Oscillator Coil (Part No. P4308) (Red & Brown Dots)

Looking at the connection end (with dots) starting at the chassis in a clockwise direction the terminals are: No. 1, grid; No. 2, plate; No. 3, B+; No. 4, ground.

Primary—No. 2 and No. 3—Resistance 2.2 ohms.

Secondary—No. 4 and No. 1—Resistance 5.7 ohms.

First I.F. Transformer (Part No. P4323)

Primary—Blue white, plate; red white, B+ — Resistance 12.1 ohms

Secondary—White, grid; black white, AVC — Resistance 24.9 ohms

Second I.F. Transformer (Part No. P3980)

Primary—Blue white, plate; red white, B+ — Resistance 15.1 ohms

Secondary—White, grid; black white, AVC — Resistance 11.8 ohms

ALIGNMENT DATA

MODEL D4 Late

SERVICE INFORMATION

GENERAL DATA

The alignment of this receiver requires the use of a signal generator that will cover the frequencies of 455, 600, 1400 and 1730, and an output meter to be connected across the primary or secondary of the output transformer. If possible, all alignments should be made with the volume control on maximum and the signal generator output as low as possible, to prevent the AVC from operating and giving false readings.

I.F. ALIGNMENT

Remove the chassis from the cabinet, adjust the signal generator to 455 KC and connect the output to the grid of the first detector tube (1A7) thru a .05 or .1 mfd. condenser. The ground of the signal generator should be connected to the chassis ground. Align all I.F. trimmers to peak or maximum reading on the output meter.

BROADCAST BAND ALIGNMENT

Re-install the receiver completely in its cabinet. Connect the output of the signal generator to the antenna and ground terminals of the set through a .0002 condenser and adjust the signal generator to 1730 KC. Set the gang condenser to minimum capacity and adjust the gang condenser trimmer (oscillator) to receive this signal. After this has been carefully done, the next step is to set the signal generator to 1400 KC and after tuning in the signal adjust the antenna trimmer to peak. The antenna and oscillator trimmers are located on the gang condenser. The trimmer toward the front on the gang condenser is the oscillator trimmer and the one toward the rear the antenna trimmer. This is all that is necessary for the alignment unless the plates of the gang condenser have been bent out of shape. In case of bent plates, set the signal generator and the receiver to 600 KC and bend the plates into the position for maximum sensitivity over the tuning range.

Speaker (Part No. P4040) 6" PM Type

D.C. voice coil resistance.....2.6 ohms

Voice coil impedance at 400 cycles.....3.0 ohms

Antenna Coil (Part No. G-5724)

Looking at the connection end starting at the chassis in a clockwise direction the terminals are: No. 1, AVC; No. 2, grid; No. 3, Ant.; No. 4, ground. No. 4 is grounded to the mounting bracket.

Primary—No. 3 and No. 4—Resistance 24.6 ohms.

Secondary—No. 1 and No. 2—Resistance 2.2 ohms.

A gimmik coil of 5.5 mmfd. connects to terminals No. 2 and No. 3.

Oscillator Coil (Part No. 2412) (Red Dot)

Looking at the connection end (with dot) starting at the chassis in a clockwise direction, the terminals are: No. 1, grid; No. 2, plate; No. 3, B+; No. 4, ground.

Primary—No. 2 and No. 3—Resistance 2.2 ohms.

Secondary—No. 4 and No. 1—Resistance 5.3 ohms.

First I.F. Transformer (Part No. P3046)

Primary—Blue white, plate; red white B+ — Resistance 12.1 ohms

Secondary—White, grid; black white, AVC — Resistance 24.9 ohms

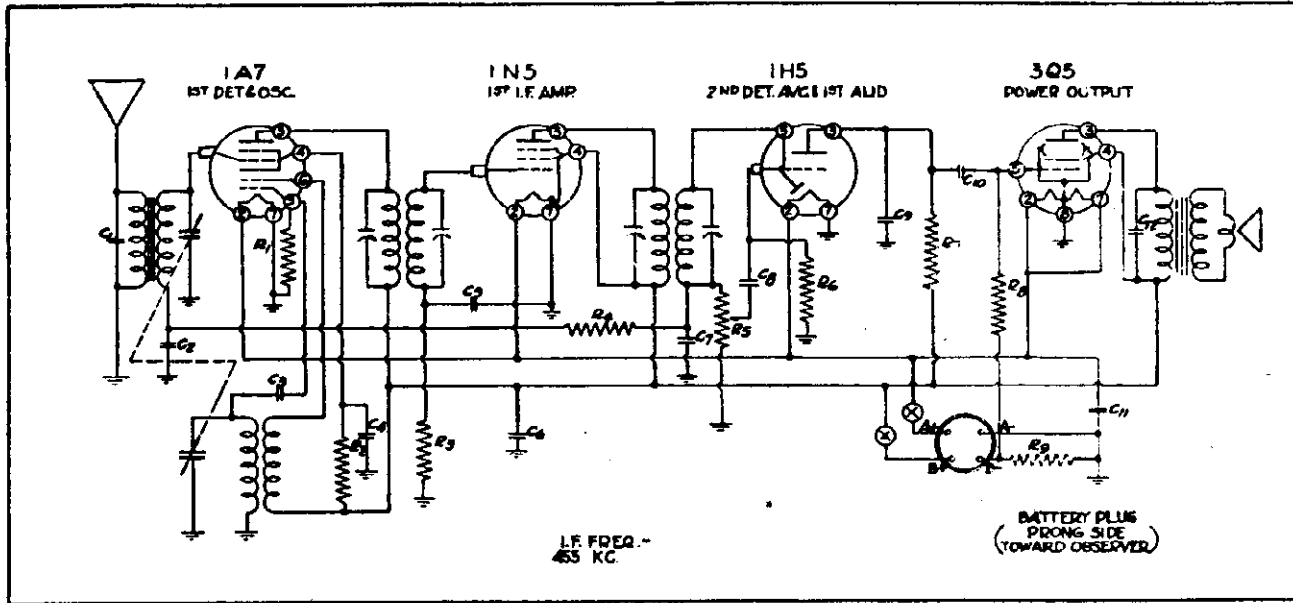
Second I.F. Transformer (Part No. P2806)

Primary—Blue white, plate; red white B+ — Resistance 15.1 ohms

Secondary—White, grid; black white, AVC — Resistance 11.8 ohms

MODEL D4, Late

ADMIRAL CORPORATION



RESISTORS				CONDENSERS							
No.	Ohms	Watts	No.	Ohms	Watts	No.	Capacity (Mfd.)	Volts	No.	Capacity (Mfd.)	Volts
R1	200,000	1/2	R6	5 Meg.	1/4	C1	.00005	Mica	C7	.00025	Mica
R2	70,000	1/2	R7	250,000	1/4	C2	.05	200	C8	.01	400
R3	5 Meg.	1/2	R8	500,000	1/4	C3	.00005	Mica	C9	.00025	Mica
R4	1 Meg.	V.C.	R9	440	10% 1/4	C4	.1	200	C10	.01	400
R5	500,000					C5	.1	400	C11	20 (Elect.)	25
						C6	.002	200	C12	.005	400
							.001	200			

PAPER CONDENSERS

P1193	.002 mfd.	400 volt.
P1322	.005 mfd.	600 volt.
P164	.01 mfd.	400 volt.
P148	.05 mfd.	200 volt.
P142	.1 mfd.	200 volt.

MICA CONDENSERS

P1382	.00005 mfd.
P817	.00025 mfd.

ELECTROLYTIC CONDENSERS

P2602	20 mfd.	25 volt.
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VARIABLE CONDENSERS

P2596	Gang condenser
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RESISTORS

P3817	440 ohm	1/2 watt.
P3857	70,000 ohm	1/2 watt.
P3864	200,000 ohm	1/2 watt.
P3868	250,000 ohm	1/2 watt.
P3876	500,000 ohm	1/2 watt.
P3882	1,000,000 ohm	1/2 watt.
P3886	5,000,000 ohm	1/2 watt.

VARIABLE RESISTORS

P2600	Volume control and switch
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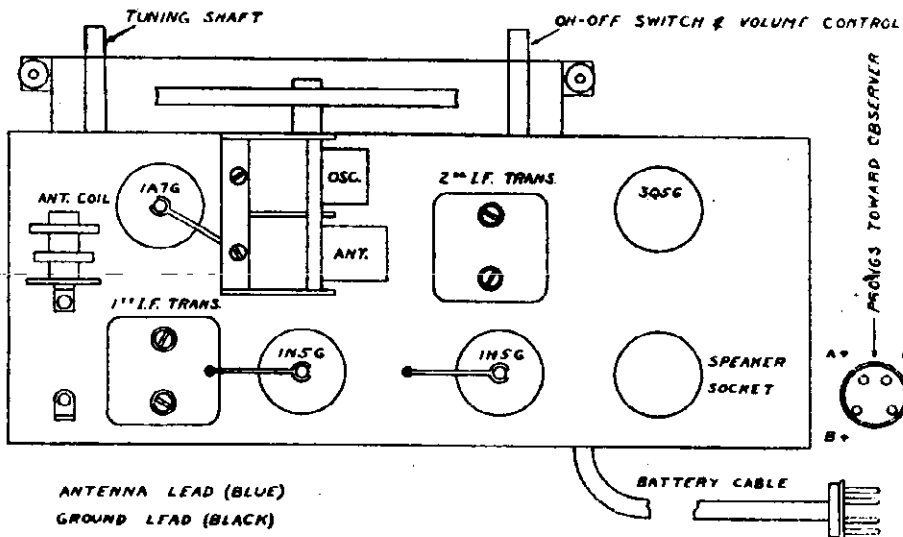
TRANSFORMERS AND COILS

G5724	Antenna coil assembly
P2412	Oscillator coil
P3048	1st I.F. transformer
P2606	2nd I.F. transformer

MISCELLANEOUS

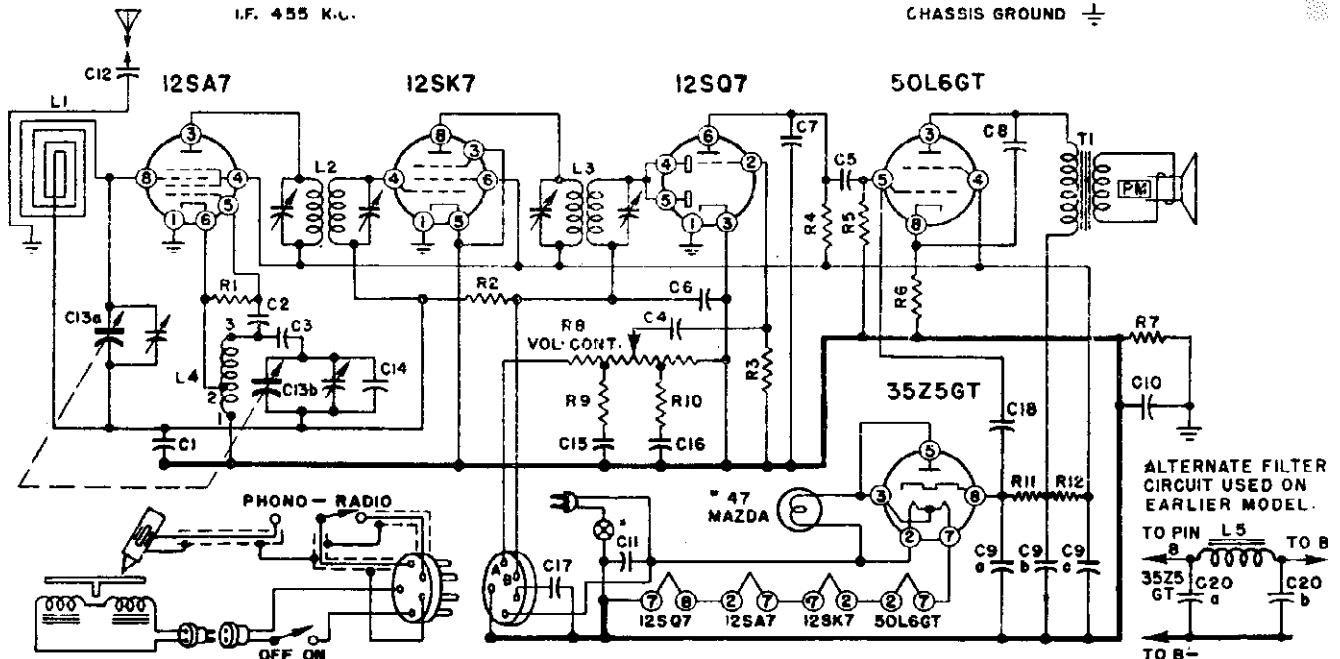
P3005	Tube socket
P2243	Drive shaft
P1587	Spring washer
P1999	Horseshoe washer
P2078	Cord tension spring
P4032	Dial pointer

P945	Speaker socket
P533	Tube shield base
P3571	Tube shield
P1957	Battery plug
P470	Grid clip
P3156	Dial background
P3993	Tenite escutcheon
P4033	Metal escutcheon, dial glass and dial scale
P4040	5" PM speaker
P3389	Knob, push on type
P3520	Knob, set screw type
P2863	Battery adapter cable



ADMIRAL CORPORATION

MODEL 5B1 Phono
Issue A



NOTE: 1. In later production R11 and C9a are disconnected from pin No. 8 of the 35Z5 and a 33-ohm 1-watt resistor (R13) is connected between pin No. 8 and the junction of R11 and C9a. In these sets, condenser C18 was deleted.

2. The jumper between pins 4 and 5 on the 12SQ7 is removed and one pin is connected to the secondary of the second I.F. (L3) and the other pin is connected directly to the junction point of R2 and the secondary of the 1st I.F. (L2).

NOTE: Connect points "A" and "B" with jumper when testing chassis with phono plug removed.

ISSUE A 1946

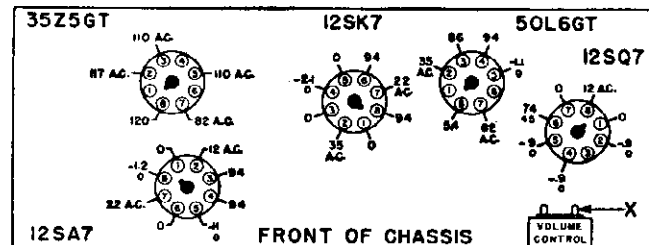
CONDENSERS

Symbol	Capacity	Type
C1	.1	mfd. 200 V.
C2	.00005	mfd. Mica
C3	.02	mfd. 400 V.
C4	.01	mfd. 400 V.
C5	.01	mfd. 400 V.
C6	.00025	mfd. Mica
C7	.0005	mfd. Mica
C8	.02	mfd. 400 V.
C9a	.30	mfd. (Elect.) 150 V.
C9b	.30	mfd. (Elect.) 150 V.
C9c	.20	mfd. (Elect.) 150 V.
C10	.2	mfd. 400 V.
C11	.05	mfd. 400 V.
C12	.005	mfd. 600 V.
C13a	.00042	mfd. (max.) Var.
C13b	.00018	mfd. (max.) Var.
C14	.00002	mfd. Mica
C15	.01	mfd. 400 V.
C16	.01	mfd. 400 V.
C17	.2	mfd. 400 V.
C18	.000035	mfd. Mica
C20a	.30	mfd. 150 V.
C20b	.50	mfd. 150 V.

RESISTORS

Symbol	Resistance	Type
R1	22,000 ohms	C $\frac{1}{2}$ W
R2	1 megohm	C $\frac{1}{2}$ W
R3	10 megohms	C $\frac{1}{2}$ W
R4	220,000 ohms	C $\frac{1}{2}$ W
R5	470,000 ohms	C $\frac{1}{2}$ W
R6	150 ohms	C $\frac{1}{2}$ W
R7	150,000 ohms	C $\frac{1}{2}$ W
R8	$\frac{1}{2}$ megohm	Volume Control, Tapped at 100,000 and 200,000 ohms from start.
R9	47,000 ohms	C $\frac{1}{2}$ W
R10	27,000 ohms	C $\frac{1}{2}$ W
R11	150 ohms	C1W
R12	1,000 ohms	C1W
R13	33 ohms	C1W

VOLTAGE DATA

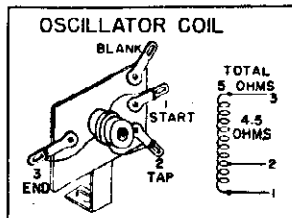


Bottom View of Chassis, Showing Voltages

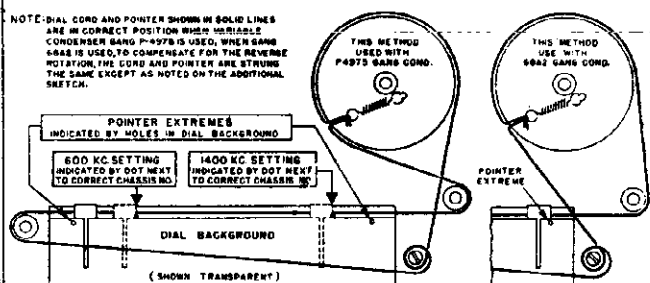
- All readings made between Tube Socket Terminals and Switch Lug on volume control (Point "X" on drawing)
- Measured on a 117 Volt A.C. line.
- Volume control full on.
- Dial tuned to low frequency end, no signal.
- Voltages obtained on Vacuum Tube voltmeter.
- A second voltage reading is shown made with a 100 ohm-per-volt meter when use of this instrument would result in appreciably lower readings.

COILS

Symbol	Description
L1	Loop
L2	1st I. F. Trans.
L3	2nd I. F. Trans.
L4	Osc. Coil
L5	Choke, Filter



POINTER SETTINGS AND DIAL CORD STRINGING



RECORD CHANGER SERVICE DATA

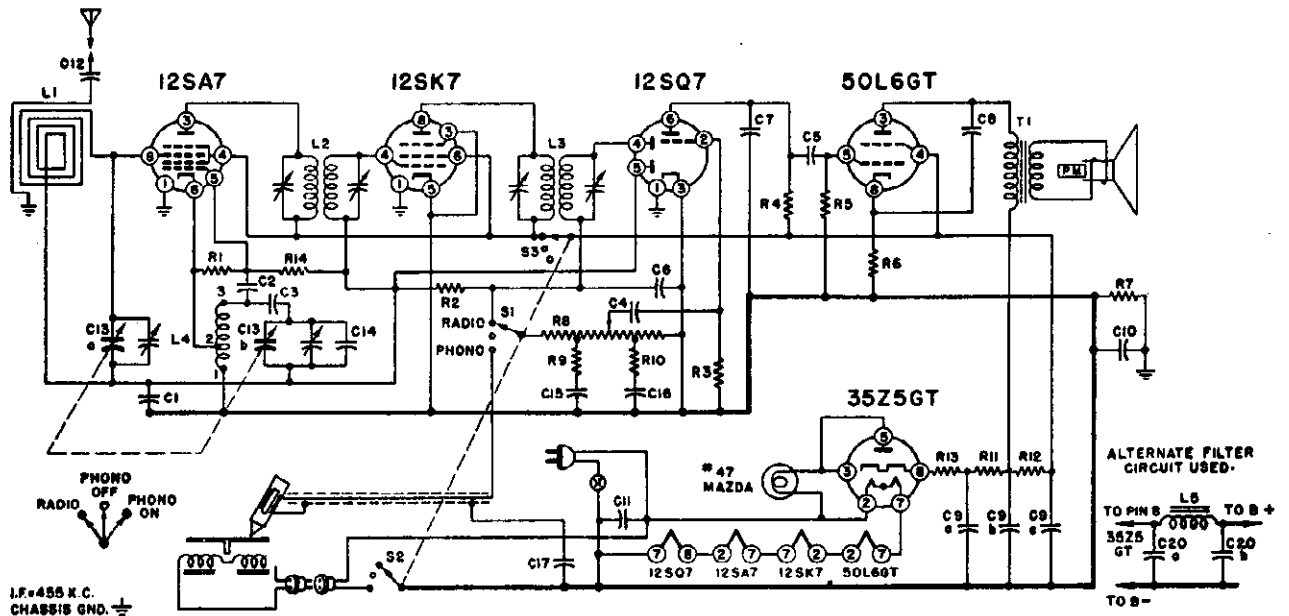
Complete service information and parts list are covered by a separate service manual. Check record changer for model number. The RC150 was used by all models having serial numbers below 500,000.

RADIO RECEPTION DURING PHONO

It is normal for strong radio stations to be heard faintly when switched to PHONO, unless the radio dial is tuned between stations. This interference can sometimes be reduced by moving condenser C4 as far from the 12SQ7 socket and as close to the chassis as possible. Also move the I.F. transformer wire, connected to pin 4 or 5 of 12SQ7, as far from condenser C4 and as close to the chassis as possible.

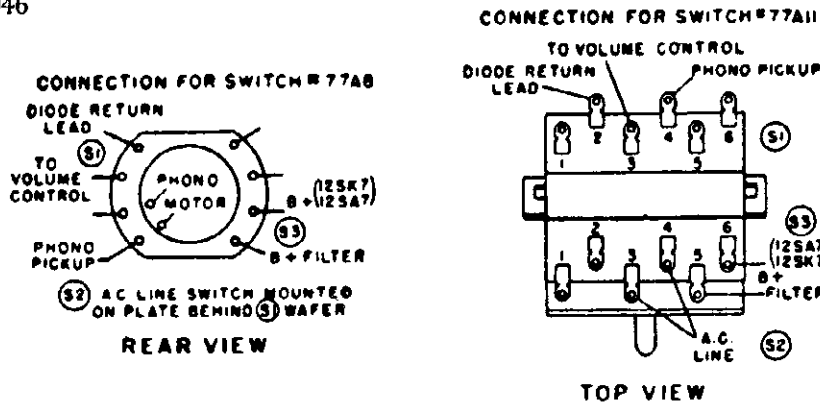
ADMIRAL CORPORATION

MODEL 5BLA
Issue B



I.F.=455 K.C.
CHASSIS GND.

ISSUE B 1946



REPLACEMENT PARTS

CONDENSERS			RESISTORS			MISCELLANEOUS	
Symbol	Description	Part Number	Symbol	Description	Part Number	Description	Part Number
C1	.1 mfd., 200 Volts	64B1-30	R8	1/2 Megohm, Volume Control and Switch. Tapped at approximately 100,000 and 200,000 ohms from start.	75B3-2	Background, Dial.....	22B7-1
C2	50 mmfd., Mica	65B7-11	R9	47,000 Ohms, 1/2 Watt	60B8-473	Buttons, Snap (Dial).....	13A1-3-2
C3	.02 mfd., 400 Volts	64B1-24	R10	27,000 Ohms, 1/2 Watt	60B8-273	Cabinet Body less cover (6RT41A Mahogany).....	34D2-10
C4	.01 mfd., 400 Volts	65A3-10	R11	150 Ohms, 1 Watt	60B28-1	Cabinet Cover (6RT41A Mahogany).....	34D2-11
C5	.01 mfd., 400 Volts	65A3-10	R12	1,000 Ohms, 1 Watt	60B28-2	Cover Support.....	37A7-1
C6	250 mmfd., Mica	65B7-22	R13	33 Ohms, 1 Watt	60B28-3	Dial Scale.....	21B4-1
C7	500 mmfd., Mica	65B7-27	R14	10 Meg., 1/2 Watt	60B9-106	Drum and Hub Assembly.....	A1012
C8	.02 mfd., 400 Volts	64B1-24	TRANSFORMERS and COILS			Grommet, Rubber Insulating.....	12A1-1
C9a	30 mfd., 150 V. } Electrolytic	67A8	L1	Antenna, Loop	69B6	Grommet, Rubber for Drum.....	12A1-2
C9b	30 mfd., 150 V. }		L2	Transformer, 1st I. F.	72B3	Knob, Tuning, Volume Control.....	33A1-2
C9c	20 mfd., 150 V. }		L3	Transformer, 2nd I. F.	72B4	Knob, Radio-Phono Switch.....	33A11-5
C10	.1 mfd., 400 Volts	64B1-20	L4	Oscillator, Coil	69A5	Pilot Light No. 47.....	17A1-3
C11	.05 mfd., 400 Volts	64B1-22	L5	Choke Coil (Filter)	74A1	Pilot Light Socket and Leads.....	82A2-1
C12	.005 mfd., 600 Volts	64B1-12	T1	Transformer, Output	98A4	Plug, Button.....	13A2-1-5
C13a	.00042 mfd., Gang }	68A2 or P4975	PHONOGRAPH PARTS			Plug, Alden (Motor Leads).....	88A8-1
C13b	.00018 mfd., Gang }		See Record Changer Service Manual for Detailed Parts List.			Pointer.....	25A1-2
C14	15 mmfd., Mica	63B5-3	Description	Part Number	Pulley, Fibre Dial.....	17A1-3	
C15	.01 mfd., 400 Volts	65A3-10	Centerpost.....	G400A12	Shaft, Tuning.....	28A1-1	
C16	.01 mfd., 400 Volts	65A3-10	Crystal Cartridge.....	409A1	Socket and Leads (Alden).....	89A6-2	
C17	.05 mfd., 400 Volts	64B1-22	Idler Wheel (407B3 Motor).....	G400A23	Socket, Octal Tube.....	87A5-1	
C20a	30 mfd., 150 V. } Electrolytic	67A3	Idler Wheel (407B2 Motor).....	G400A59	Speaker, 5" PM & Output Transformer	78B13-1	
C20b	50 mfd., 150 V. }		Idler Wheel (407B1 Motor).....	G400A57	Spring, Dial Cord Tension.....	19B1-7	
RESISTORS			Motor, 60 cycle 115 volt, A.C. (Types 407B1 & 407B2 also used).....	407B3	Switch Rotary Radio-Phono.....	77A8	
R1	22,000 Ohms, 1/2 Watt	60B8-223				Transformer, Output.....	98A4
R2	1 Megohm, 1/2 Watt	60B8-105				Washer, Flat Insulating.....	5A1-6
R3	10 Megohm, 1/2 Watt	60B8-106				Washer, Offset Insulating.....	5A2-5
R4	220,000 Ohms, 1/2 Watt	60B8-224				Washer, Spring.....	4A6-3-0
R5	470,000 Ohms, 1/2 Watt	60B8-474					
R6	150 Ohms, 1/2 Watt	60B8-151					
R7	150,000 Ohms, 1/2 Watt	60B8-154					

MODEL 5B1
MODEL 5B1A
MODEL 6A1, Issue B

ADMIRAL CORPORATION

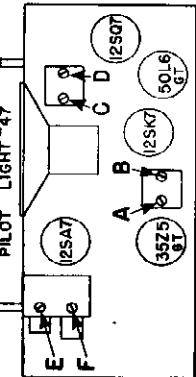
DIAL DRUM POSITION

MODEL 6A1 - ISSUE B

If the dial drum position is disturbed, it should be carefully re-positioned to insure correct tuning of the permeability tuned coil. When the gong condenser is fully open, the condenser shaft and the dial scale hole in the center of the dial scale hole should be on the left side (looking at front) of the chassis.

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

1. Be sure Radio Receiver and Signal Generator are properly warmed up before starting alignment procedure.
2. Check setting of Pointer Extremes and note correct 800 K.C. and 1400 K.C. positions on Dial Background. (See Dial Diagram on reverse side.)
3. Connect Output Meter across Voice Coil.
4. Turn Receiver Volume Control full on.
5. Use lowest Output setting of Signal Generator capable of producing adequate Output Meter indication and then proceed as outlined in chart below.
6. Repeat adjustments to insure final overall maximum result.



BACK OF CHASSIS

Connect Signal Generator to—	Dummy Antenna Between Radio and Generator	Set Generator Frequency to—	Set Receiver Dial Following Trimmers	Adjust Following Trimmers	Type of Adjustment
Tuning Condenser Antenna Stator	550 mmfd. Mica Condenser	455 KC.	High frequency end of Dial	C-D 2nd I. F. A-B 1st I. F.	Adjust to maximum Output
Tuning Condenser Antenna Stator	550 mmfd. Mica Condenser	1630 KC.	High frequency end of Dial	E—Osc.	Adjust to maximum Output
Loop radiator (or place loop across voice coil) close to loop of set to obtain adequate signal.	No actual connection between set and generator.	1400 KC.	Tune in generator signal	F—Ant. (See Note)	Adjust to maximum Output

NOTE: Antenna trimmer "F" must be aligned after chassis and loop are mounted in the cabinet. This adjustment can be made by lifting up the top cover and removing the plug button which is directly above trimmer "F".

MODEL 5B1A ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

1. Be sure Radio Receiver and Signal Generator are thoroughly warmed up before starting alignment procedure.
2. Check setting of Pointer Extremes and note correct 800 K.C. and 1400 K.C. positions on Dial Background. (See Dial Diagram)
3. Connect Output Meter across Voice Coil.
4. Turn Receiver Volume Control—full on.
5. Use lowest Output setting of Signal Generator capable of producing adequate Output Meter indication and then proceed in the following sequence.
6. Repeat adjustments to insure final overall maximum result.

BACK OF CHASSIS

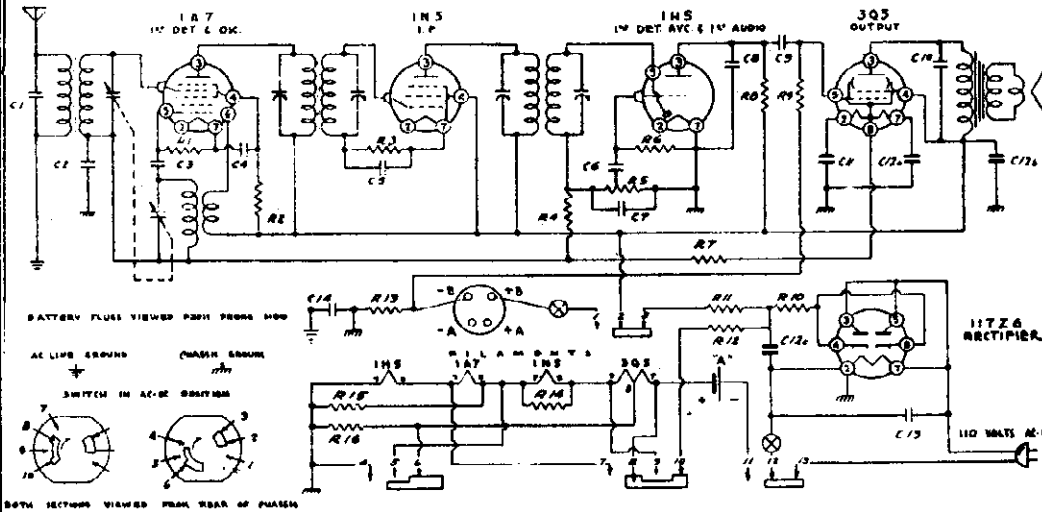
Connect Signal Generator to—	Dummy Antenna Between Radio and Generator	Set Generator Frequency to—	Set Receiver Dial Following Trimmers	Adjust Following Trimmers	Type of Adjustment
Tuning Condenser Antenna Stator	550 mmfd. Mica Condenser	455 KC.	High frequency end of Dial	C-D 2nd I. F. A-B 1st I. F.	Adjust to maximum Output
Tuning Condenser Antenna Stator	550 mmfd. Mica Condenser	1630 KC.	High frequency end of Dial	E—Osc.	Adjust to maximum Output
Loop radiator (or place loop across voice coil) close to loop of set to obtain adequate signal.	No actual connection between set and generator.	1400 KC.	Tune in generator signal	F—Ant. (See Note)	Adjust to maximum Output

NOTE: Antenna trimmer "F" must be aligned after chassis and loop are mounted in the cabinet. This adjustment can be made by lifting up the top cover and removing the plug button which is directly above trimmer "F".

MODEL 5B1 - PHONE REPLACEMENT PARTS

Part No.	Symbol	Description	Part No.	Description
4201-1	C1	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4201-11	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-2	C2	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4201-12	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-3	C3	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4201-13	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-4	C4	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4201-14	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-5	C5	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4201-15	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-6	C6	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4201-16	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-7	C7	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4201-17	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-8	C8	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4201-18	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-9	C9	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4201-19	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-10	C10	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4201-20	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-11	C11	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4201-21	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-12	C12	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4201-22	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-13	C13	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4201-23	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-14	C14	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4201-24	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-15	C15	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4201-25	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-16	C16	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4201-26	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-17	C17	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4201-27	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-18	C18	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4201-28	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-19	C19	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4201-29	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-20	C20	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4201-30	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-21	C21	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4201-31	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-22	C22	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4201-32	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-23	C23	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4201-33	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-24	C24	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4201-34	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-25	C25	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4201-35	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-26	C26	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4201-36	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-27	C27	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4201-37	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-28	C28	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4201-38	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-29	C29	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4201-39	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-30	C30	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4201-40	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-31	C31	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4201-41	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-32	C32	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4201-42	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-33	C33	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4201-43	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-34	C34	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4201-44	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-35	C35	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4201-45	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-36	C36	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4201-46	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-37	C37	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4201-47	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-38	C38	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4201-48	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-39	C39	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4201-49	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-40	C40	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4201-50	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-41	C41	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4201-51	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-42	C42	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4201-52	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-43	C43	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4201-53	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-44	C44	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4201-54	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-45	C45	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4201-55	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-46	C46	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4201-56	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-47	C47	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4201-57	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-48	C48	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4201-58	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-49	C49	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4201-59	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-50	C50	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4201-60	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-51	C51	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4201-61	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-52	C52	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4201-62	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-53	C53	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4201-63	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-54	C54	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4201-64	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-55	C55	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4201-65	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-56	C56	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4201-66	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-57	C57	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4201-67	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-58	C58	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4201-68	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-59	C59	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4201-69	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-60	C60	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4201-70	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-61	C61	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4201-71	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-62	C62	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4201-72	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-63	C63	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4201-73	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-64	C64	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4201-74	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-65	C65	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4201-75	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-66	C66	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4201-76	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-67	C67	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4201-77	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-68	C68	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4201-78	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-69	C69	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4201-79	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-70	C70	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4201-80	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-71	C71	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4201-81	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-72	C72	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4201-82	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-73	C73	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4201-83	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-74	C74	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4201-84	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-75	C75	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4201-85	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-76	C76	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4201-86	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-77	C77	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4201-87	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-78	C78	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4201-88	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-79	C79	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4201-89	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-80	C80	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4201-90	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-81	C81	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4201-91	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-82	C82	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4201-92	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-83	C83	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4201-93	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-84	C84	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4201-94	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-85	C85	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4201-95	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-86	C86	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4201-96	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-87	C87	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4201-97	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-88	C88	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4201-98	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-89	C89	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4201-99	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-90	C90	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4202-00	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-91	C91	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4202-01	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-92	C92	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4202-02	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-93	C93	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4202-03	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-94	C94	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4202-04	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-95	C95	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4202-05	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-96	C96	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4202-06	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-97	C97	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4202-07	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-98	C98	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4202-08	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4201-99	C99	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4202-09	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4202-00	C100	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4202-10	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4202-01	C101	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4202-11	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4202-02	C102	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4202-12	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4202-03	C103	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4202-13	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4202-04	C104	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4202-14	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4202-05	C105	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4202-15	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4202-06	C106	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4202-16	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4202-07	C107	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4202-17	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4202-08	C108	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4202-18	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4202-09	C109	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4202-19	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4202-10	C110	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4202-20	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4202-11	C111	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4202-21	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4202-12	C112	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4202-22	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4202-13	C113	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4202-23	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4202-14	C114	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4202-24	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4202-15	C115	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4202-25	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4202-16	C116	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4202-26	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4202-17	C117	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4202-27	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4202-18	C118	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4202-28	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4202-19	C119	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4202-29	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4202-20	C120	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4202-30	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 250K, 1/2 W.
4202-21	C121	.05 mfd. 400 V.	4202-31	Capacitor, 1000 ohm 2

ADMIRAL CORPORATION



MISCELLANEOUS

- P3005 Tube socket
- P3783 Mounting base (for P488)
- P1957 Battery plug
- P3571 Tube shield
- P4127 Drive shaft
- Dial cord (per yard)
- P1587 Spring washer
- P1399 Horseshoe washer
- P2925 Cord tension spring
- P470 Grid clip
- Dial scale; order by name model number
- P1585 Snap button, for dial
- dozen
- Dial glass; order by name model number
- Pointer; order by name, number and color
- Knob; order by name, number and color
- P4925 Speaker and output transformer
- P4953 Power change switch
- P2215 Line cord
- P2149 Chassis mounting bolt
- P2883 Battery adapter cable

RESISTORS

CONDENSERS

No.	Ohms.	Watt.	No.	Capacity (Mfd.)	Volts
R1	200,000	1/2	C1	.00005	Mica
R2	50,000	1/2	C2	.05	200
R3	5,000,000	1/2	C3	.00005	Mica
R4	3,000,000 V. C.	1/2	C4	.01	400
R5	1,000,000	1/2	C5	.001	600
R6	15,000,000	1/2	C6	.001	600
R7	10,000,000	1/2	C7	.00025	Mica
R8	1,000,000	1/2	C8	.00025	Mica
R9	2,000,000	1/2	C9	.01	400
R10	30	1/2	C10	.002	600
R11	3,600	1/2	C11	100.	10
R12	2,600	1/2	C12a	100.	25
R13	440	1/2	C12b	50.	150
R14	300	1/2	C12c	30.	150
R15	300	1/2	C13	.05	400
R16	3,000	1/2	C14	.25	200

I.F. 455 Kc.

PAPER CONDENSERS

P3203	.001 mfd.	600 volt.
P904	.002 mfd.	800 volt.
P164	.01 mfd.	400 volt.
P148	.05 mfd.	200 volt.
P334	.05 mfd.	400 volt.
P141	.25 mfd.	200 volt.

MICA CONDENSERS

P1382	.00005 mfd. mica
P817	.00025 mfd. mica

ELECTROLYTIC CONDENSERS

P4831	100 mfd. 10 volt.
P4860	Lug type { 30 mfd. 150 volt. or 50 mfd. 150 volt.
P4860A	Lead type { 100 mfd. 25 volt.

RESISTORS

- P2436 30 ohms wire wt
- P3813 300 ohms 1/2 watt
- P3817 440 ohms 1/2 watt
- P4952 2,600 ohms 8 watt wire wound
- P3833 3,000 ohms 1/2 watt
- P3834 3,500 ohms 1/2 watt
- P3853 50,000 ohms 1/2 watt
- P3864 200,000 ohms 1/2 watt
- P3882 1,000,000 ohms 1/2 watt
- P3883 2,000,000 ohms 1/2 watt
- P3884 3,000,000 ohms 1/2 watt
- P3886 5,000,000 ohms 1/2 watt
- P3889 10,000,000 ohms 1/2 watt
- P3891 15,000,000 ohms 1/2 watt

TRANSFORMERS AND COILS

- G6464 Antenna coil assembly
- P4308 Oscillator coil
- P4323 1st I.F. transformer
- P3980 2nd I.F. transformer

ALIGNMENT DATA

GENERAL DATA

The alignment of this receiver requires the use of a signal generator that will cover the frequencies of 455, 600, 1400, and 1730, and an output meter to be connected across the primary or secondary of the output transformer. If possible, all alignments should be made with the volume control on maximum and the signal generator output as low as possible, to prevent the AVC from operating and giving false readings.

I.F. ALIGNMENT

Adjust the signal generator to 455 KC and connect the output to the grid of the first detector tube (1A7) through a .05 or .1 mfd. condenser. The ground of the signal generator can be connected to the chassis ground. Align all I.F. trimmers to peak or maximum reading on the output meter.

BROADCAST BAND ALIGNMENT

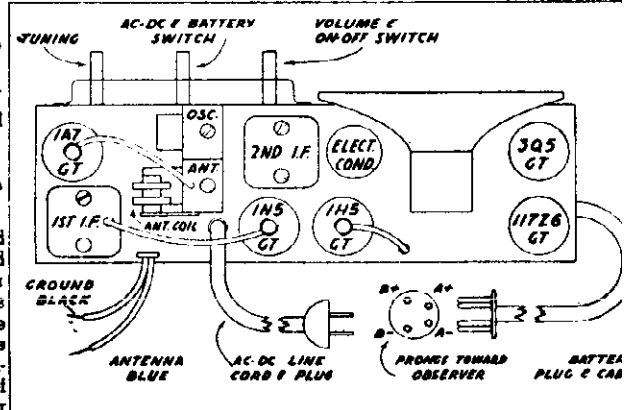
Adjust the signal generator to 1730 KC and connect the output to the antenna lead (Blue) through a .0002 mfd. mica condenser. Set the gang condenser to minimum capacity and adjust the oscillator trimmer to receive this signal. After this has been carefully done, the next step is to set the signal generator to 1400 KC and after tuning in the signal adjust the antenna trimmer to peak. This is all that is necessary for the alignment unless the plates of the gang condenser have been bent out of shape. In case of bent plates, set the signal generator and the receiver to 600 KC and bend the plates into the position for maximum output.

VARIABLE CONDENSERS

- P4310 Gang condenser

VARIABLE RESISTOR

- P4309 Volume control and sw

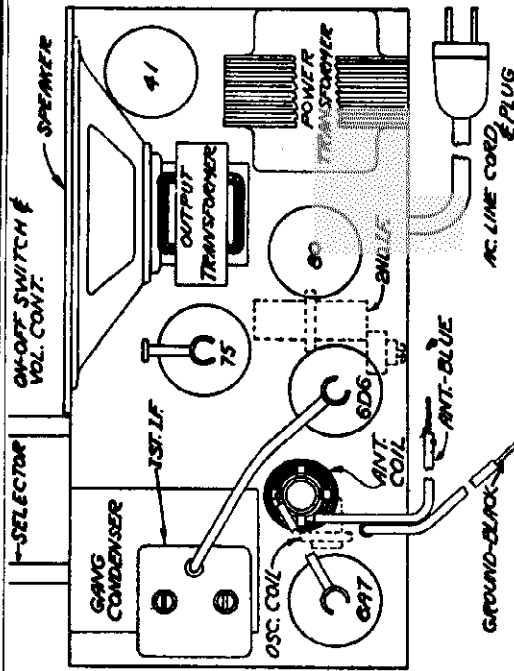


BATTERY OPERATION

This receiver is designed to operate on a single unit General 60B-6L Burgess 6TA-60. The battery will fit inside the cabinet in back of chassis.

MODELS 5F, 5F-PH

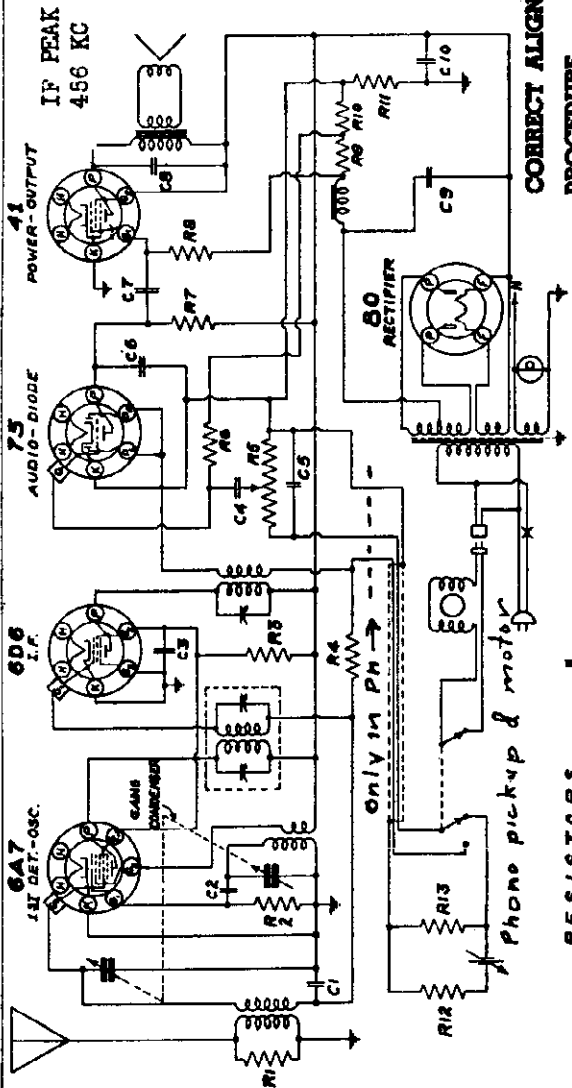
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CONNECT ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE
The intermediate frequency (I.F.) stage should be aligned properly as the first step. After the I.F. transformers have been properly adjusted and peaked, the Broadcast Band alignment should be the next procedure

I.F. ALIGNMENT
Adjust the test oscillator to 456 KC and connect the output to the grid of the first detector tube (6A7) through a .05 or .1 mfd. condenser. The ground on the test oscillator can be connected to the chassis ground. Align all three I.F. trimmers to peak or maximum reading on the output meter.

BROADCAST BAND ALIGNMENT
Adjust the oscillator to 1730 KC and connect the output to the antenna lead, through a .0002 mfd. mica condenser. Set the gang condenser to minimum capacity and adjust the gang condenser trimmer (oscillator) to receive this signal. After this has been carefully done, the next step is to set the generator to 1400 KC and after tuning in the signal adjust the antenna trimmer to peak. This is all that is necessary for the alignment unless the plates of the gang condenser have been bent out of shape. In case of bent plates, set the test oscillator and the receiver to 600 KC and bend the plates into the position for maximum output.



CAPACITORS

NO.	TYPE	VAL.	TOL.	TYPE
C1	MICA	.01	±10%	MICA
C2	MICA	.01	±10%	MICA
C3	MICA	.01	±10%	MICA
C4	MICA	.01	±10%	MICA
C5	MICA	.00025	±10%	MICA
C6	MICA	.00025	±10%	MICA
C7	MICA	.01	±10%	MICA
C8	MICA	.01	±10%	MICA
C9	MICA	.01	±10%	MICA
C10	MICA	.01	±10%	MICA

RESISTORS

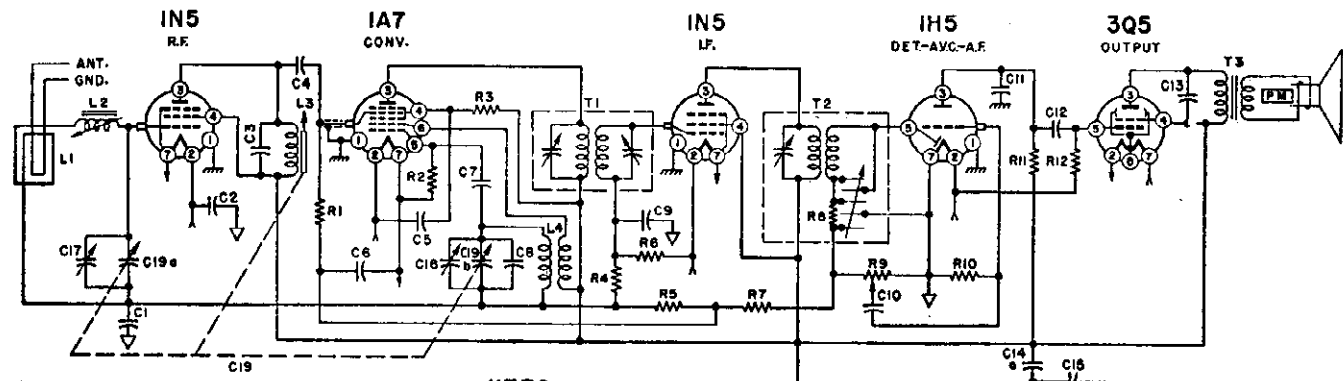
NO.	VAL.	TOL.	WATTS
R1	15,000	±10%	1/4
R2	50,000	±10%	1/4
R3	15,000	±10%	1/4
R4	200,000	±10%	1/4
R5	200,000	±10%	1/4
R6	200,000	±10%	1/4
R7	200,000	±10%	1/4
R8	200,000	±10%	1/4
R9	200,000	±10%	1/4
R10	200,000	±10%	1/4
R11	200,000	±10%	1/4
R12	200,000	±10%	1/4
R13	200,000	±10%	1/4

- TRANSFORMERS AND COILS**
- P2494 1st I.F. Transformer
 - P2393 Antenna Coil
 - P2485 2nd I.F. Transformer
 - P2486 Oscillator Coil
 - P2453 Power Transformer
- MISCELLANEOUS**
- P2450 Volume Control and Switch
 - P506 6A7 Tube Socket
 - P536 6D6 Tube Socket
 - P521 75 Tube Socket
 - P1277 41 Tube Socket
 - P482 80 Tube Socket
 - P531 Tube Shield Cap
 - P530 Tube Shield
 - P533 Tube Shield Base
 - P929 AC Line Cord
 - G5848 Dial and Drive Assembly
 - P1503 Pilot Light Socket
 - P1504 Pilot Light
 - P2454 Speaker and Output Transformer
 - P2459 Walnut Knob
 - P2460 Ivory Knob
- PAPER CONDENSERS**
- P164 .01 Mfd. 400 V.
 - P142 .10 Mfd. 200 V.
 - P276 .10 Mfd. 400 V.
- CARBON RESISTORS**
- P2158 15,000 Ohm 1/4 Watt
 - P2188 2,000,000 Ohm 1/4 Watt
 - P2340 48 Ohm 1/4 Watt ±10%
 - P1890 225 Ohm 1/4 Watt ±10%
 - P2498 170 Ohm 1/4 Watt ±10%
 - P137 500,000 Ohm 1/4 Watt
 - P1220 200,000 Ohm 1/4 Watt
 - P1114 2,000,000 Ohm 1/4 Watt
 - P417 500,000 Ohm 1/4 watt
- MOULDED MICA CONDENSERS**
- P480 .0001 Mfd. Mica
 - P917 .00025 Mfd. Mica
- ELECTROLYTIC CONDENSERS**
- P2458 8 Mfd. 300 W. V.
- ADJUSTABLE CONDENSERS**
- P2449 Gang Condenser

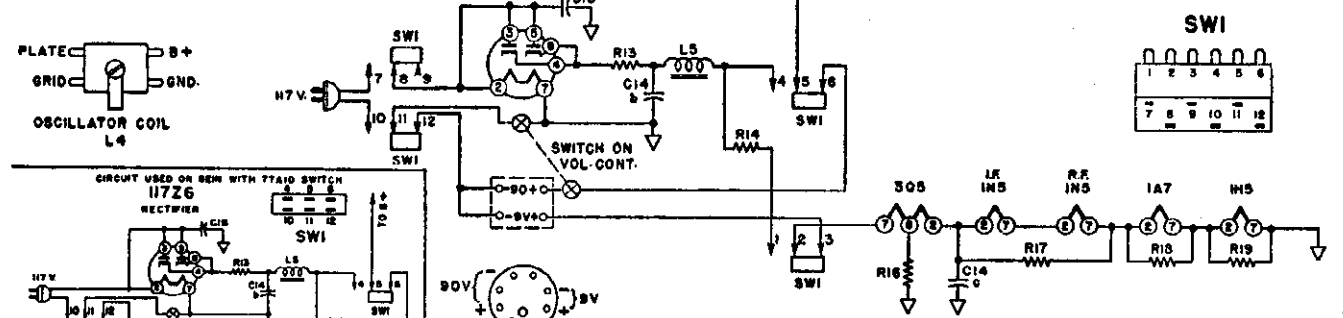
Reduce to 9%

MODELS 6E1, 6E1N

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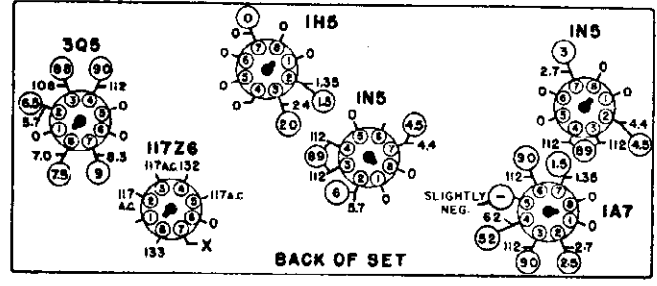
COMMON LINE CONNECTION (B-)
CHASSIS GROUND



NOTES: I.F. = 455 K.C.
Power change switch (SW1) shown in battery operation position.
In earlier models (L2) was fixed.

ISSUE A 1946

VOLTAGE CHART



VOLTAGE DATA

1. Voltage readings circled (O) are for Battery Operation.
2. All reading made between Tube Socket Terminals and Terminal No. 7 on the 117Z6 (Point (X) on Voltage Chart).
3. A.C. Voltages measured on a 117 Volt A.C. line.
4. Battery Voltages measured with a fresh battery.
5. Dial turned to low frequency end, no signal.
6. All Voltages measured with a 1000 ohm per volt meter.

CONDENSERS

Symbol	Description	Part No.
C1	.05 Mfd. 200 Volt Paper	64B1-32
C2	.25 Mfd. 200 Volt Paper	64B1-28
C3	.00042 Mfd. Mica	65B1-9
C4-C11	.00025 Mfd. Mica	65B5-22
C5, C6, C9, C10, C12	.01 Mfd. 400 Volt Paper	64B1-25
C7	.00005 Mfd. Mica	65B5-11
C8	.000015 Mfd. Mica	65B5-3
C13	.002 Mfd. 600 Volt Paper	64B1-9
C14a	50 Mfd. 150 Volt	Elect. Cond. 67C7-42
C14b	30 Mfd. 150 Volt	
C14c	100 Mfd. 25 Volt	
C15	.2 Mfd. 400 Volt Paper	64A2-1
C16	.05 Mfd. 400 Volt Paper	64B1-22
C17	Antenna Trimmer	66A12-5
C18	Oscillator Trimmer (Part of Gang)	
C19 { C19a, C19b }	Condenser Gang	68B4

RESISTORS

Symbol	Description	Part No.
R1	100,000 Ohms 1/2 Watt Carbon	60B8-104
R2	220,000 Ohms 1/2 Watt Carbon	60B8-224
R3	47,000 Ohms 1/2 Watt Carbon	60B8-473
R4, R5	4.7 Megohms 1/2 Watt Carbon	60B2-475

RESISTORS

Symbol	Description	Part No.
R6	4.7 Megohms 1/2 Watt Carbon	60B2-475
R7	3.3 Megohms 1/2 Watt Carbon	60B2-335
R8	50,000 Ohms 1/2 Watt Carbon	60B8-503
R9	1 Megohm Volume Control	75B1-100
R10	15 Megohms 1/2 Watt Carbon	60B2-156
R11	1 Megohm 1/2 Watt Carbon	60B2-105
R12	2.2 Megohms 1/2 Watt Carbon	60B2-225
R13	22 Ohms Wire Wound 1/2 watt	61A2-2
R14	2,450 Ohms Wire Wound 5 watt	61A3-5
R16	1,500 Ohms 1/2 Watt Carbon	60B8-152
R17	560 Ohms 1/2 Watt Carbon	60B8-561
R18	220 Ohms 1/2 Watt Carbon	60B8-221
R19	120 Ohms 1/2 Watt Carbon	60B8-121

COILS & TRANSFORMERS

Symbol	Description	Part No.
L2	{ Coil, Loop Loading, (fixed) (early) } { Coil, Loop Loading, (variable) (late) }	AA114 AA115
L3	{ Iron Slug for plate coil } { Coil, Plate }	71B1-3 70A1-30
L4	Oscillator Coil	69A7
L5	Choke Filter	74A5
T1	1st I.F. Transformer	72B9-2

COILS & TRANSFORMERS

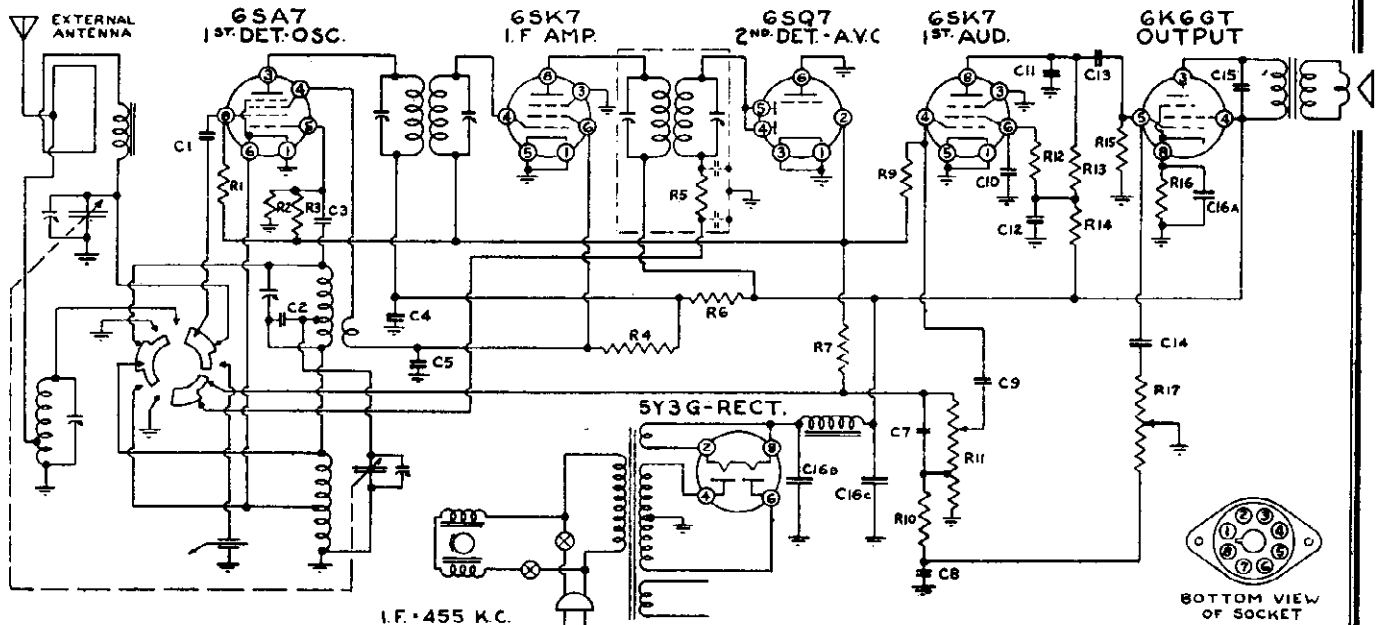
Symbol	Description	Part No.
T2	2nd I.F. Transformer	72B10-2
T3	Transformer, Output (When ordering furnish all numbers appearing on both the speaker and the transformer.)	
SW1	{ Switch, Power Change (6E1) } { Switch, Power Change (6E1N) }	77A6 77A10

MISCELLANEOUS

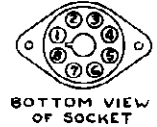
Dial background	21A18-2
Dial Cord, 12"	50A1-3
Dial Cord Tension Spring	19A1-2
Dial Scale, Glass	23C11-1
Escutcheon	23C11-2
Knob, Tuning	33A14-4
Knob, Volume	33A14-3
Plug, Battery (9 prong)	88A3-3
Pointer, Tan Tenite	25A14-2
Rubber liner for Dial Scale	23C11-3
Speaker Grill	36A2
Speaker & Output Transformer	76B8
Tube Shields	87A8

MODEL M6

ADMIRAL CORPORATION



I.F. 455 K.C.



RESISTORS

No.	Ohms	Watts
R1	2,000,000	1/2
R2	20,000	1/2
R3	10,000,000	1/2
R4	15,000	1
R5	70,000	1/2
R6	100,000	1/2
R7	1,000,000	1/2
R8	1,000,000	1/2
R9	1,000,000	1/2

No.	Ohms	Watts
R10	20,000	1/2
R11	500,000	V.C.
R12	1,000,000	1/2
R13	200,000	1/2
R14	50,000	1/2
R15	500,000	1/2
R16	600,000	1/2
R17	500,000	T.C.

CONDENSERS

No.	Capacity (Mfd.)	Volts
C1	.00025	Mica
C2	.00025-5%	Mica
C3	.00005	Mica
C4	.05	400
C5	.05	400
C6	.05	200
C7	.00025	Mica
C8	.02	200
C9	.01	400
C10	.05	400
C11	.00025	Mica
C12	.1	400
C13	.01	400
C14	.002	400
C15	.005	400
C16a	20.	25
C16b	20.	350
C16c	20.	350

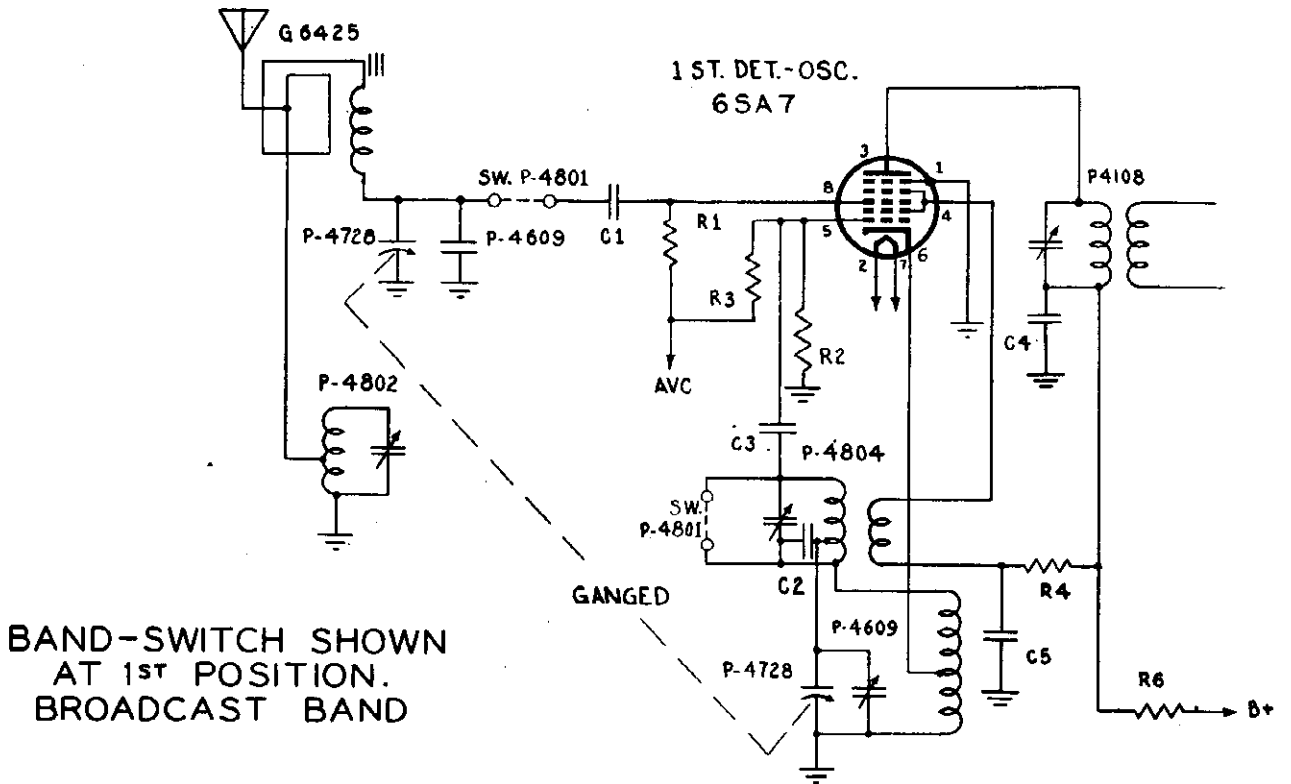
R8 and C6 were used only on early models.

- Speaker** (Part No. P5078) 10" Dyn.
 D.C. voice coil resistance.....3.7 ohms
 Field coil (hot)1000 ohms
- B.C. and S.W. Oscillator Coil** (Part No. P4804)
 Looking at the mounting strip end in a clockwise direction starting at the chassis, the terminals are: No. 1, S.W. pri.; No. 2, B.C. pri.; other end, No. 3, B.C. tap; No. 4, S.W. pri.; No. 5, S.W. sec.; No. 6, S.W. sec. tap; No. 7, S.W. and B.C. sec:
- S.W. Primary—No. 4 and No. 1—
 Resistance2 ohm
- S.W. Secondary—No. 7 and No. 5—
 Resistance11 ohm
- B.C. Primary—No. 2 and No. 3—
 Resistance3 ohm
- B.C. Secondary—No. 3 and No. 7—
 Resistance 3.7 ohms
- First I.F. Transformer** (Part No. P-4108)
 Primary—Blue, plate; red, B+
 Resistance 18.2 ohms
- Secondary—White, grid; black, AVC
 Resistance 15.1 ohms
- Second I.F. Transformer** (Part No. P-4858)
 Primary—Blue, plate; red, B+
 Resistance 20.8 ohms
- Secondary—White, diode; other end inside can
 Resistance 17.4 ohms

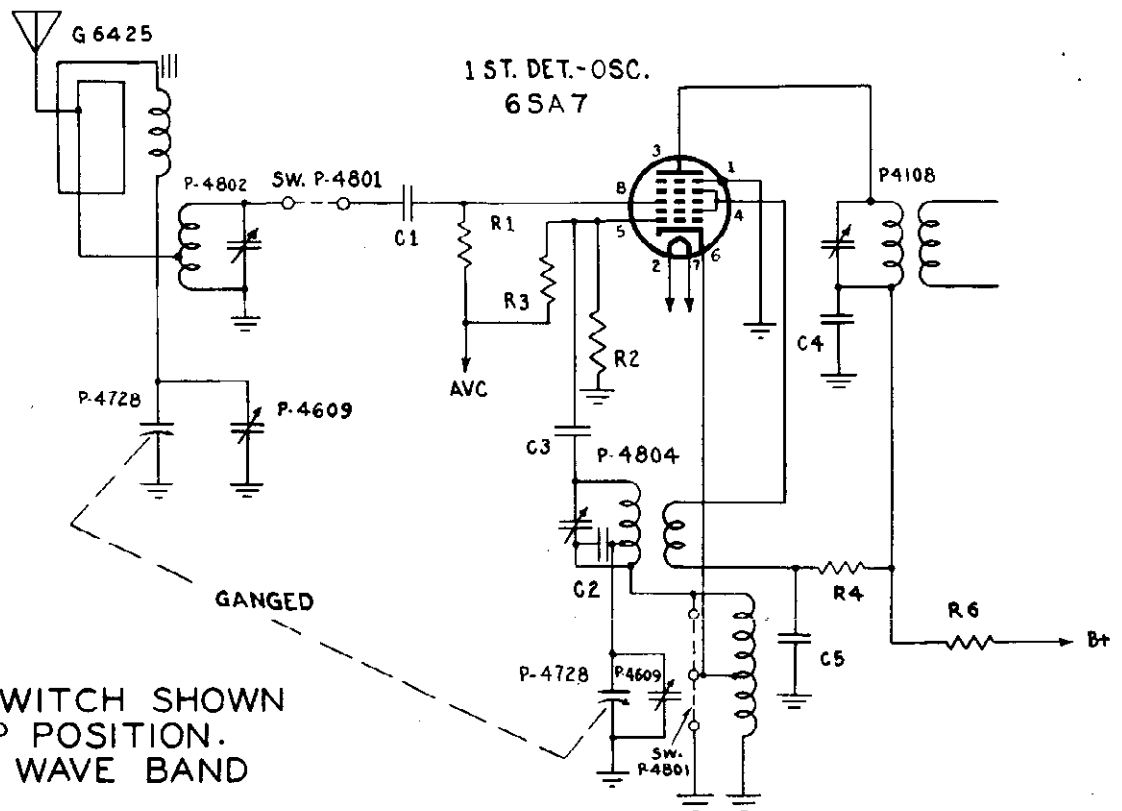
VOLTAGE CHART

All voltages measured with a 20,000 ohm per volt meter on the 300 volt scale. Line voltage 117 volts A.C. Volume control maximum and no signal tuned in. Power consumption 70 watts.

	Volts
6SA7 TUBE	
Plate (3) to ground.....	270
Screen (4) to ground.....	105
6SK7 (I.F.) TUBE	
Plate (8) to ground.....	270
Screen (6) to ground.....	105
6SK7 (A.F.) TUBE	
Plate (8) to ground.....	64
Screen (6) to ground.....	23
6K6GT TUBE	
Plate (3) to ground.....	270
Screen (4) to ground.....	245
Cathode (8) to ground.....	19
6X5GT TUBE	
Filament (8) to ground.....	340



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN AT 1ST POSITION. BROADCAST BAND



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN AT 2ND POSITION. SHORT WAVE BAND

MODEL M6

ADMIRAL CORPORATION

ALIGNMENT DATA

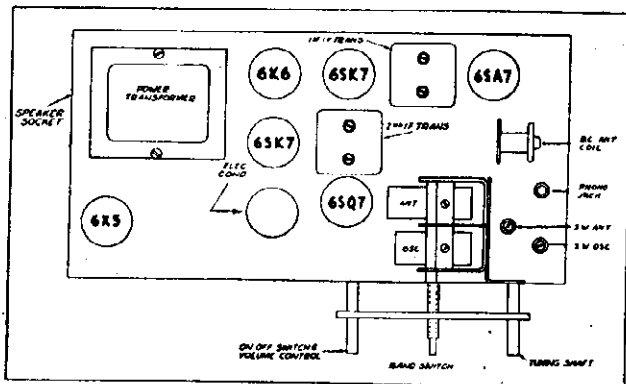


Fig. 2—Top View of Chassis

All of the adjustments have been very carefully set with signal generators at the factory and require no further adjustment, unless it becomes necessary to replace a coil or transformer, or if the adjustments have been tampered with in the field. Under no circumstances attempt any adjustments without first making certain that adjustment is necessary and only after voltages, tubes and condensers have been checked and found to be normal.

The alignment of this receiver requires the use of a signal generator that will cover the frequencies of 455, 1400, 1630 and 9500 kc., and an output meter to be connected across the primary or secondary of the output transformer. All alignments should be

made with the volume control in the maximum position, to prevent the AVC from operating and giving false readings.

IF. ALIGNMENT

Adjust the signal generator to 455 KC and connect the output to the grid of the first detector tube (6SA7) through a .05 or .1 mfd. condenser. Align all I. F. trimmers to peak or maximum reading on the output meter.

B.C. AND S.W. BAND ALIGNMENT

Disconnect loop leads and set the band switch to the broadcast position. Adjust signal generator to 1630 K.C. and connect thru a .0002 mfd. mica condenser to the green loop lead. Set the gang condenser to minimum capacity and adjust the B.C. oscillator trimmer (see fig. 2) to receive this signal. Set the band switch to the short wave position, adjust the signal generator to exactly 9,500 K.C. and connect thru a 400 ohm resistor to the green loop lead. Set the dial pointer at 9.5 megacycles and carefully peak S.W. oscillator trimmer and then peak S.W. antenna trimmer. Re-install chassis in cabinet and connect loop leads. Set the band switch to the broadcast position. Adjust the signal generator to 1400 K.C. and connect the output to a shielded loop radiator and place this loop about two feet from the loop antenna. If no loop radiator is available the output of the signal generator should be connected to the green loop lead thru a .0002 mfd. mica condenser. Tune signal and carefully peak the B.C. antenna trimmer.

PAPER CONDENSERS

P904	.002 mfd. 600 volt.....
P1322	.005 mfd. 600 volt.....
P164	.01 mfd. 400 volt.....
P393	.02 mfd. 200 volt.....
P148	.05 mfd. 200 volt.....
P334	.05 mfd. 400 volt.....
P276	.1 mfd. 400 volt.....

MICA CONDENSERS

P1382	.00005 mfd.....
P817	.00025 mfd.....
P4806	.00025 mfd. 5%.....

ELECTROLYTIC CONDENSERS

P4130	{ 20 mfd. 25 volt } { 20 mfd. 350 volt } { 20 mfd. 350 volt }
-------	---

VARIABLE CONDENSERS

P4728	Gang condenser
P4609	Trimmer condenser

RESISTORS

P3800	100 ohm ½ watt.....
P3821	600 ohm ½ watt.....
P4807	15,000 ohm 1 watt.....
P3844	20,000 ohm ½ watt.....
P3853	50,000 ohm ½ watt.....
P3964	200,000 ohm ½ watt.....

P3876	500,000 ohm ½ watt.....
P3882	1,000,000 ohm ½ watt.....
P3883	2,000,000 ohm ½ watt.....
P3889	10,000,000 ohm ½ watt.....

VARIABLE RESISTORS

P4089	Volume control and switch...
P4729	Tone control
RC4010	Record changer mounting spring
RC7017	Record changer mounting screw
RC6008	Needle
RC3020	Center post
RC50	Record changer (60 cycle)
RC51	Record changer (50 cycle)
P3948	Chassis mounting screw

TRANSFORMERS AND COILS

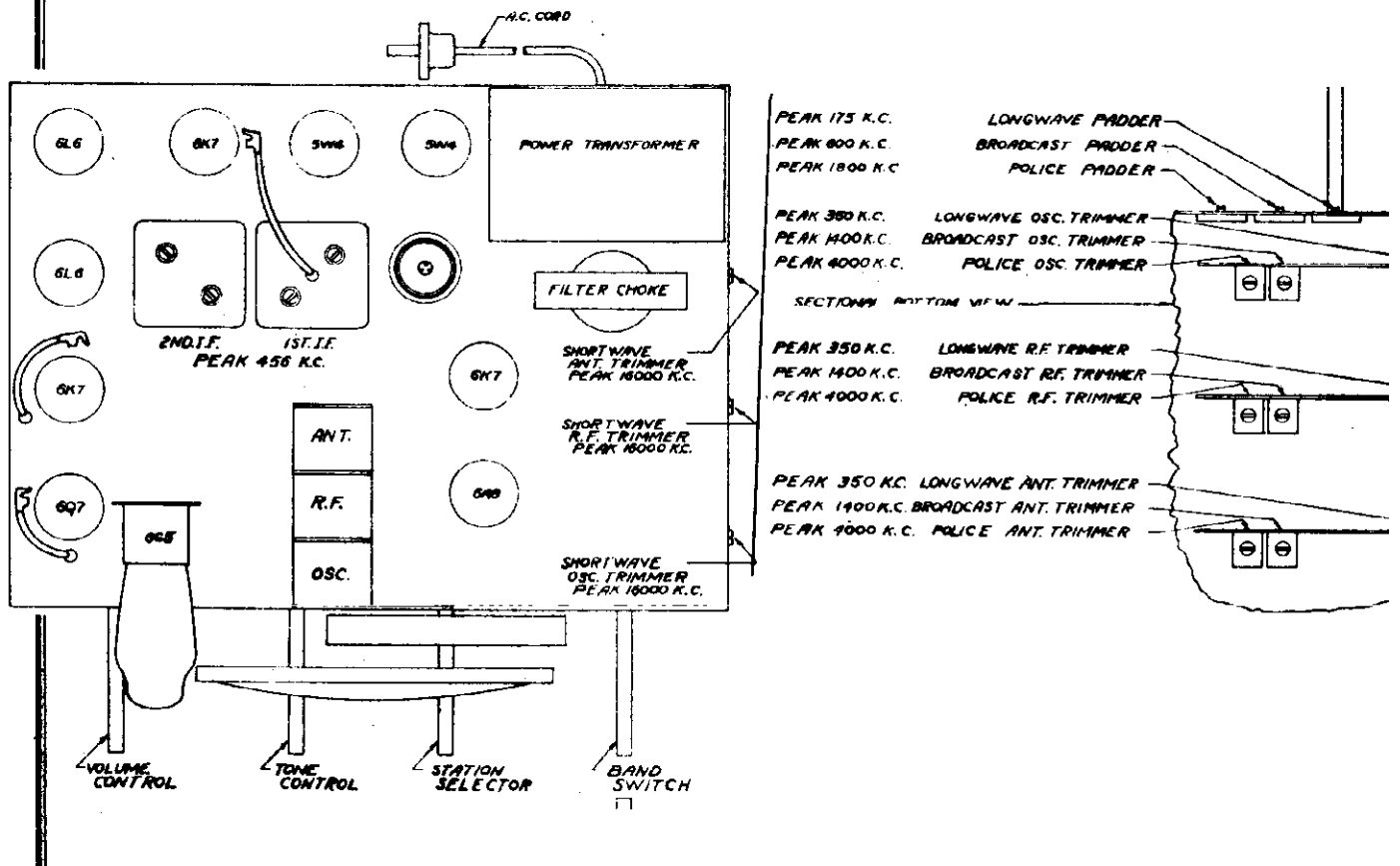
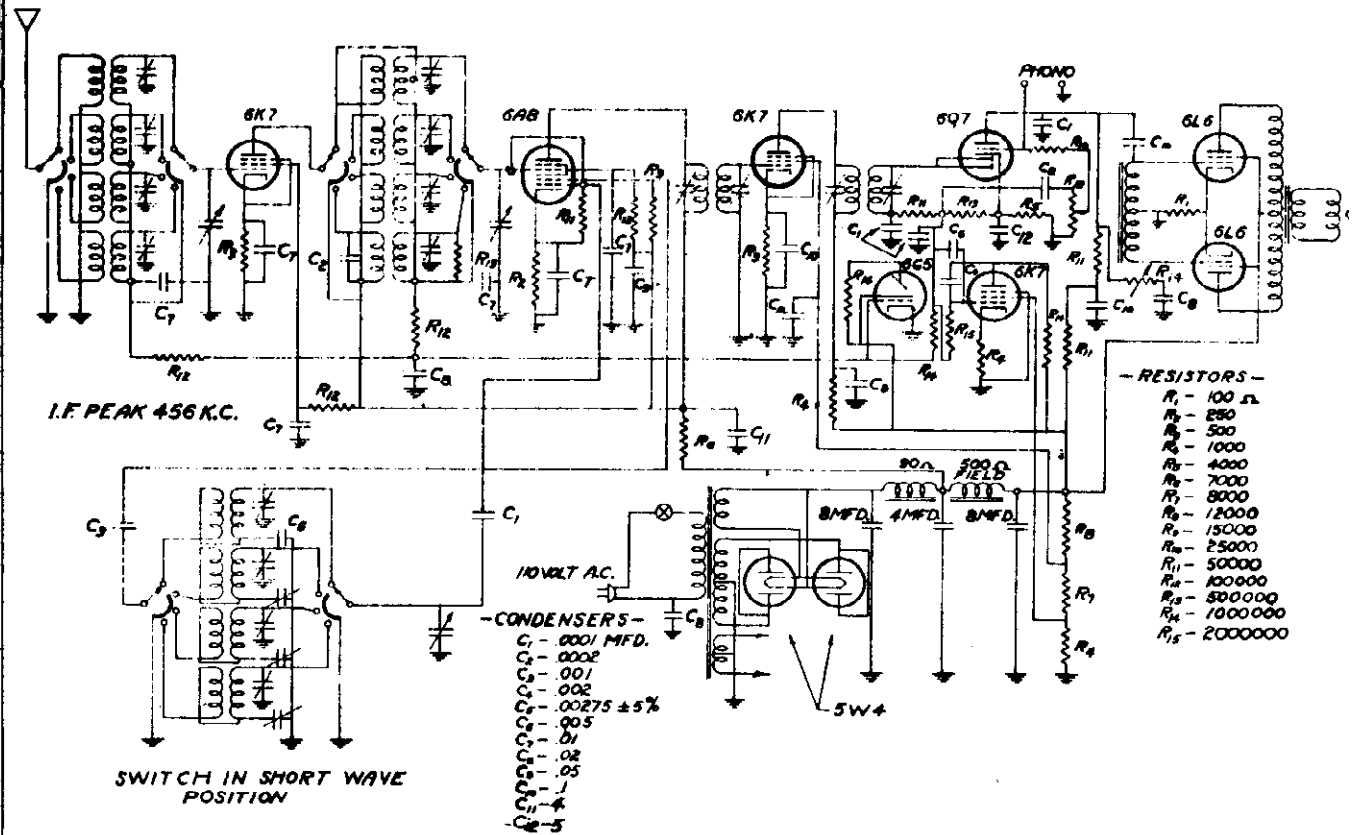
G6425	B.C. antenna coil.....
P4802	S.W. antenna coil.....
P4804	B.C. and S.W. oscillator coil..
P4108	1st I.F. transformer.....
P4858	2nd I.F. transformer.....
P3926	Filter choke
P4512	Power transformer (60 cycle).
P4513	Power transformer (50 cycle)

MISCELLANEOUS

P3005	Tube socket
P945	Speaker socket
P4138	Electrolytic mounting base..
P4404	Phono jack
P929	Line cord
P3557	Line cord clamp
P4800	Dial background
	Pointer; order by name and model number.....
P4179	Drive shaft
P1399	Horseshoe washer (for drive shaft).....
P1587	Spring washer (for drive shaft).....
P2925	Takeup spring
	Knobs; order by name and model number.....
P4205	Band switch lever.....
P4197	Pilot light socket
P1713	Pilot light bulb
P4248	Pilot light reflector.....
P4801	Band switch
P4805	10" PM speaker and output transformer
P4784	Phono cable
P4542	Phono motor AC cord.....

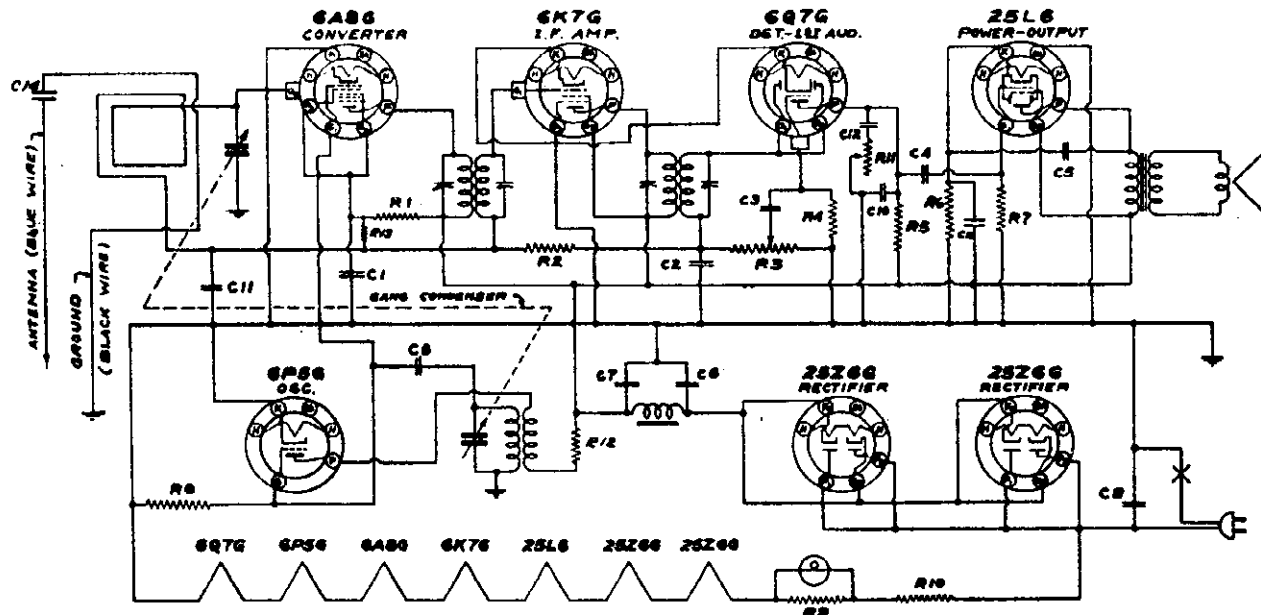
ADMIRAL CORPORATION

MODEL AM6



MODEL 7K

ADMIRAL CORPORATION



CAPACITORS				RESISTORS					
NO.	VALUE	VOLTS	TYPE	NO.	OHMS	WATTS	NO.	OHMS	WATTS
C1	.01	400		R1	10,000	1/2	R7	1/2 MEG.	1/2
C2	.00025	MICA		R2	2 MEG.	1/2	R8	50,000	
C3	.01	400		R3	1/2 MEG. VOL. CONT.		R9	30	7
C4	.01	400		R4	3 MEG.	1/2	R10	42	
C5	.003	600		R5	250,000.	1/2	R11	500,000	TONE C.
C6	.00008	MICA		R6	130	1/2	R12	1000	1/2
C7	20.0	150					R13	15 MEG.	1/2
C8	20.0	150							
C9	.05	400							
C10	.0005	MICA							
C11	.05	200							
C12	.008	600							
C13	20.0	25							
C14	.001	400							

I.F. - 455 K.C. **SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM MODEL 7K**

SERVICE INFORMATION

Speaker (Part No. P3284)
 Field resistance 450 ohms
 D.C. voice coil resistance 4.6 ohms
 Voice coil impedance at 400 cycles 5 ohms

Oscillator Coil (Part No. P3682)
 Looking at the connection end (with dot) in a clockwise direction starting at the chassis the terminals are No. 1, grid;
 Primary—No. 2 and No. 3—Resistance 1.5 ohms.
 Secondary—No. 4 and No. 1—Resistance 4.5 ohms.

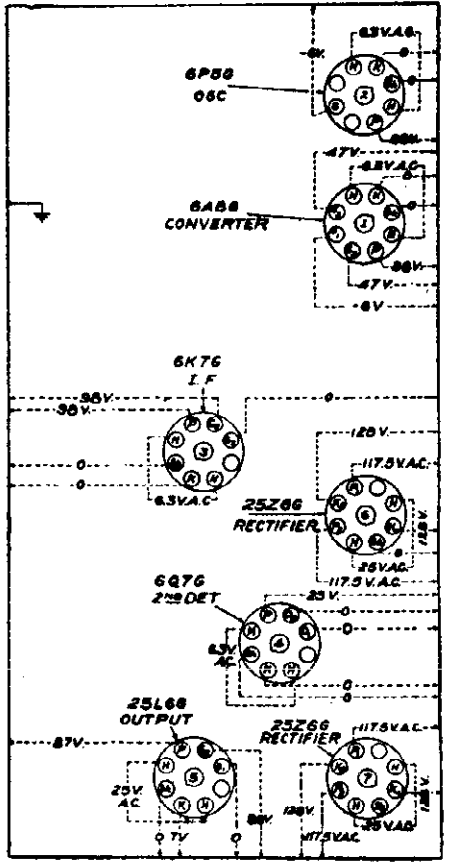
First I.F. Transformer (Part No. P3282)
 Primary—Blue white, plate; red white B+—Resistance 24.2 ohms.
 Secondary—White, grid; black white, AVC—Resistance 23.6 ohms.

Second I.F. Transformer (Part No. P3283)
 Primary—Blue white, plate; red white, B+—Resistance 11.9 ohms.
 Secondary—White, grid; black white, AVC—Resistance 16.9 ohms.

Electrolytic Condenser (Part No. P3531)
 Red, 20 mfd., 150 volt; green, 20 mfd., 150 volt; yellow, 20 mfd., 25 volt; black, negative for all three sections.

Loop Antenna
 Since the loop antenna acts also as the antenna coil the set will not operate with the loop antenna disconnected.

VOLTAGES AT SOCKETS



Bottom View of Chassis

ADMIRAL CORPORATION

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

- Volume control—Maximum all adjustments.
- Connect radio chassis to ground post of signal generator with a short heavy lead.
- Connect dummy antenna value in series with generator output lead.
- Connect output meter across primary of output transformer.
- Allow chassis and signal generator to "heat up" for several minutes.

The following equipment is required for aligning:

- An all wave signal generator which will provide an accurately calibrated signal at the test frequencies as listed.
- Output indicating meter.
- Non-metallic screwdriver.
- Dummy antennas—.1 mfd., 200 mmf.

BAND	SIGNAL GENERATOR Frequency Setting	Dummy Antenna	Connection to Radio	Variable Condenser Setting	Trimmers Adjusted (In Order Shown)	Trimmer Function	Adjustment
I. F.	455 KC.	.1 MFD.	Grid of 6K7G I.F. tube	Rotor full open (Plates out of mesh)	Two trimmers on top (See Fig. 2)	Output I.F.	Adjust to maximum output
	455 KC.	.1 MFD.	Grid of 6A8G tube	Rotor full open (Plates out of mesh)	Two trimmers on top (See Fig. 2)	Input I.F.	Adjust to maximum output
BROAD.	1730 KC.	200 mmf.	Antenna lead	Rotor full open (Plates out of mesh)	Trimmer—Top of Left section of gang (See Fig. 2)	Oscillator	Adjust to maximum output
CAST	1400 KC.	200 mmf.	Antenna lead	Set dial at 1400 KC.	Trimmer—Top of Right section of gang (See Fig. 2)	Antenna	Adjust to maximum output

This is all that is necessary for the alignment unless the plates of the gang have been bent out of shape. In case of bent plates, set the signal generator and receiver to 600 KC and bend the plates into the position for maximum output. Attenuate the signal from the signal generator to prevent the leveling off-action of the AVC. After each band is completed, repeat the procedure as a final check.

FREQUENCY RANGE

540 to 1630 KC

Power output 1 watt undistorted—1.7 watts maximum.

Intermediate Frequency 455 KC.

Power Consumption—50 watts.

REPLACEMENT PARTS LIST

PAPER CONDENSERS

P3203	C14	.001 mfd. 600 volt.....
P1322	C5, C12	.005 mfd. 600 volt.....
P334	C9	.05 mfd. 400 volt.....
P148	C11	.05 mfd. 200 volt.....
P164	C1, C3, C4	.01 mfd. 400 volt.....

MICA CONDENSERS

P817	C2	.00025 mfd.
P1382	C6	.00005 mfd.
P336	C10	.0005 mfd.

ELECTROLYTIC CONDENSERS

P3531	C7, C8, & C13	20 mfd. 150 volt.....
		20 mfd. 150 volt.....
		20 mfd. 25 volt.....

VARIABLE CONDENSERS

P3522	Gang Condenser and Tuner.....
-------	-------------------------------

RESISTORS

P3444	R9	30 ohm 7 watt.....
P3277	R10	42 ohm 7 watt.....
P3803	R6	150 ohm ¼ watt 10%.....
P3828	R12	1,000 ohm ¼ watt.....
P3841	R1	10,000 ohm ¼ watt.....
P3853	R8	50,000 ohm ¼ watt.....
P3868	R5	250,000 ohm ¼ watt.....
P3876	R7	500,000 ohm ¼ watt.....
P3883	R2	2,000,000 ohm ¼ watt.....
P3886	R4	5,000,000 ohm ¼ watt.....
P3891	R13	15,000,000 ohm ¼ watt.....

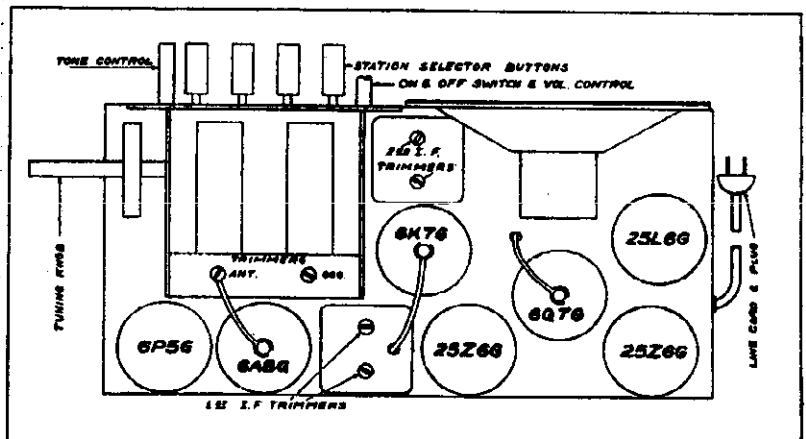
VARIABLE RESISTORS

P3527	R3	Volume Control and Switch.....
P3528	R11	Tone Control.....

TRANSFORMERS AND COILS

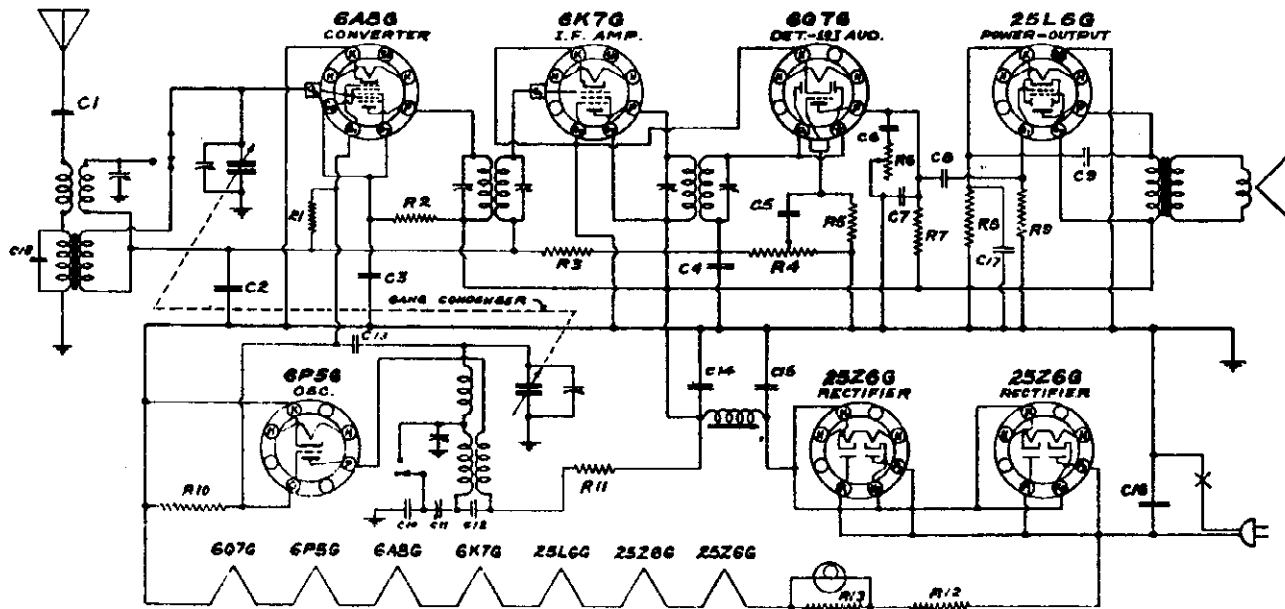
P3682	Oscillator Coil.....
P3282	1st I. F. Transformer.....
P3283	2nd I. F. Transformer.....
P3278	Output Transformer.....

P2294	Pulley for Dial Bracket.....
P2325	Dial Takeup Spring.....
P3525	Dial Background.....
P2965	Dial Pointer.....
P470	Grid Clip.....
P1713	Pilot Light Bulb.....
P3681	Pilot Light Socket.....
G6081	Loop Antenna Assembly.....
P3284	Speaker.....
P3088	Rubber Speaker Ring.....
P3096	Call Letter Sheet.....
P3073	Push Button.....
P3078	Felt Washer (For Push Buttons).....
P3644	Tuning Knob.....
P3358	Volume or Tone Knob.....
P3684	Escutcheon.....
P3089	Dial Clip.....
P3090	Escutcheon Screw.....
P3685	Dial Scale.....
P3635	Pressed Paper Back.....
P3673	Chassis Mounting Screw.....



MODEL 7KS

ADMIRAL CORPORATION



CAPACITORS

N ₂	Mfd.	VOLTS	N ₂	Mfd.	VOLTS
C1	.002	600	C10	.0022	25% MICA
C2	.05	400	C11	.00062	VAR. PAD.
C3	.01	400	C12	.005	600
C4	.00025	MICA	C13	.00005	Mica
C5	.01	400	C14	25.0	150
C6	.005	600	C15	25.0	150
C7	.0005	MICA	C16	.05	400
C8	.01	400	C17	20.0	25
C9	.005	600	C18	.00005	Mica

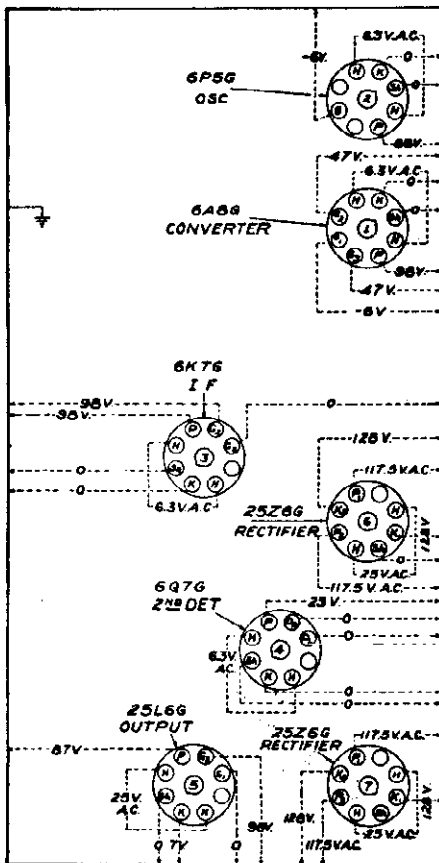
RESISTORS

N ₂	OHMS	WATTS	N ₂	OHMS	WATTS
R1	15 Meg.	1/2	R8	150	1/2
R2	10K	1/2	R9	1/2 Meg.	1/2
R3	2 Meg.	1/2	R10	30K	1/2
R4	1/2 Meg.	1/2	R11	10K	1/2
R5	5 Meg.	1/2	R12	42	7
R6	1/2 Meg.	1/2	R13	30	7
R7	1/2 Meg.	1/2			

SWITCHES IN BROADCAST POSITION

I. P. 455 K. O.

VOLTAGES AT SOCKETS



Bottom View of Chassis

Speaker (Part No. P3638)

Field resistance300 ohms
 D.C. voice coil resistance 4.6 ohms
 Voice coil impedance at 400 cycles..... 5 ohms

Antenna Coil (Part No. G5960).

Looking at the connection end starting at the mounting strip in a clockwise direction the terminals are: No. 1, (not used); No. 2, AVC; No. 3, grid; No. 4, antenna; No. 5, ground (grounded directly to mounting strip).
 Primary—No. 4 and No. 5—Resistance 26 ohms.
 Secondary—No. 2 and No. 3—Resistance 2 ohms.

Short Wave Antenna Coil (Part No. P3702)

Looking at the end with mounting strip, starting at the mounting strip in a clockwise direction the terminals are: No. 1, grid; No. 2, ant.; No. 3, ground; No. 4 (on other end), AVC.
 Primary—No. 2 and No. 3—Resistance .03 ohm
 Secondary—No. 1 and No. 4—Resistance .1 ohm

Oscillator Coil (Part No. P3700)

Looking at the end with mounting strip, starting at the mounting strip in a clockwise direction the terminals are: No. 1, padder; No. 2, B+; No. 3, (not used); No. 4, switch; No. 5, plate; No. 6, grid.
 Primary—No. 2 and No. 5—Resistance .85 ohm
 Secondary—No. 4 and No. 6—Resistance .07 ohm
 Broadcast Secondary—No. 1 and No. 4—Resistance 5.1 ohms.

First I.F. Transformer (Part No. P3282)

Primary—Blue, white, plate; red white B+—Resistance 24.2 ohms.
 Secondary—White, grid; black white, AVC—Resistance 23.6 ohms.

Second I.F. Transformer (Part No. P3283)

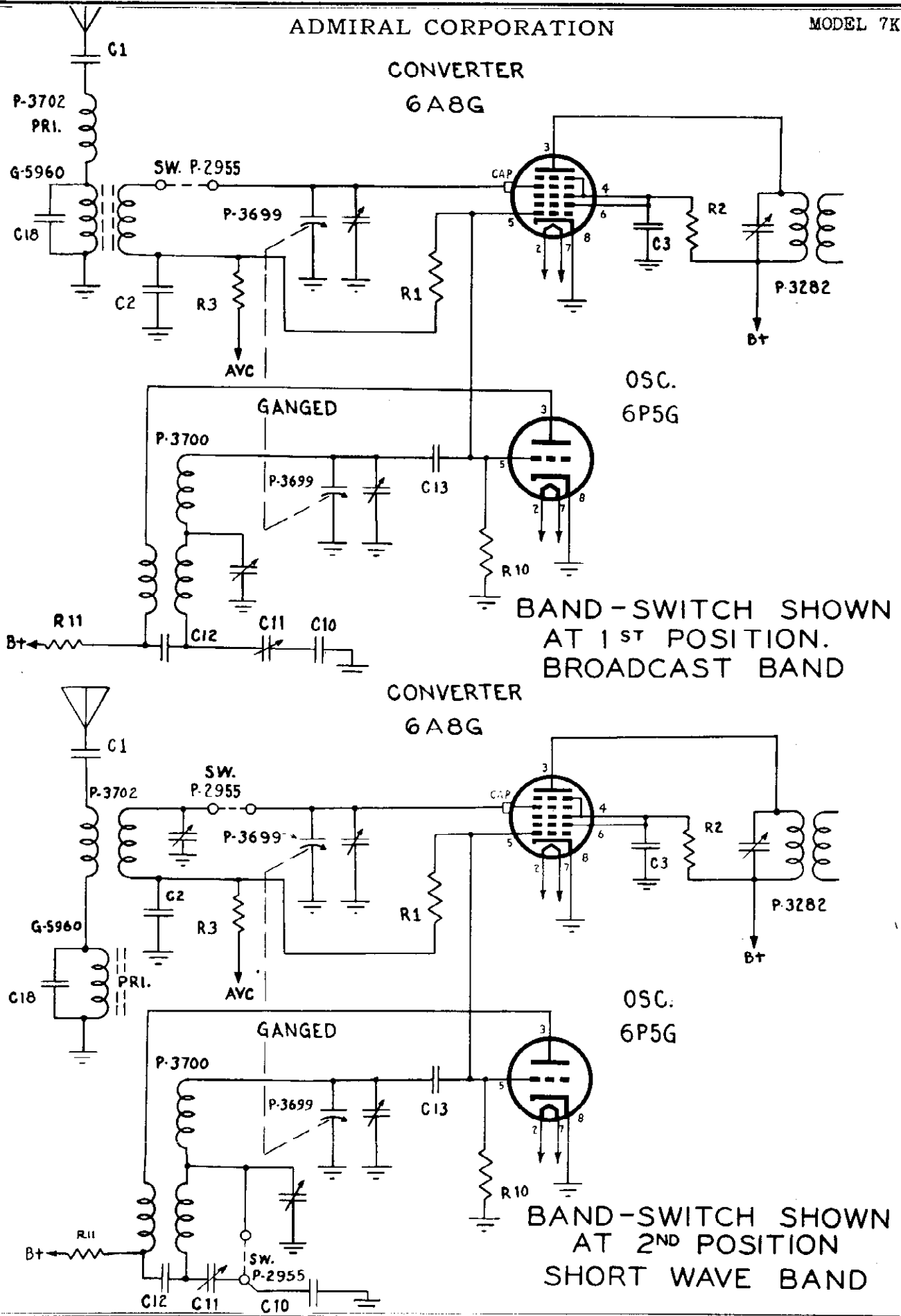
Primary—Blue white, plate; red white, B+—Resistance 11.9 ohms.
 Secondary—White, grid; black white, AVC—Resistance 16.9 ohms.

Electrolytic Condenser (Part No. P3531)

Red, 20 mfd., 150 volt; green, 20 mfd., 150 volt; yellow, 20 mfd., 25 volt; black, negative for all three sections.

ADMIRAL CORPORATION

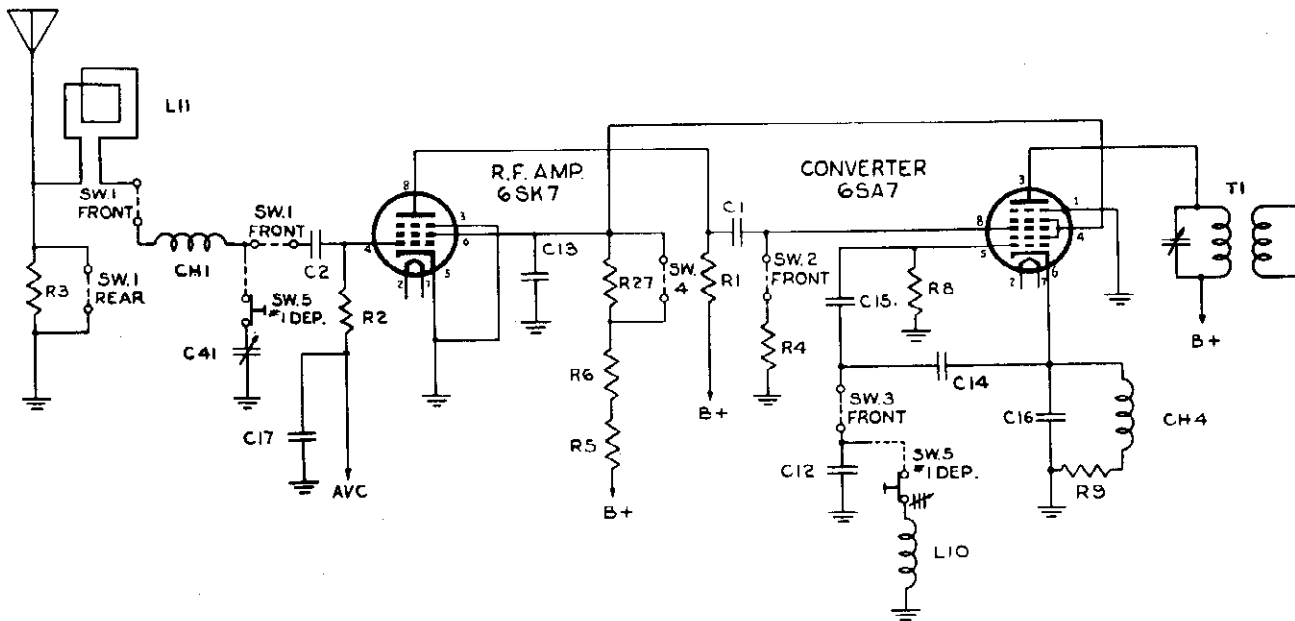
MODEL 7K



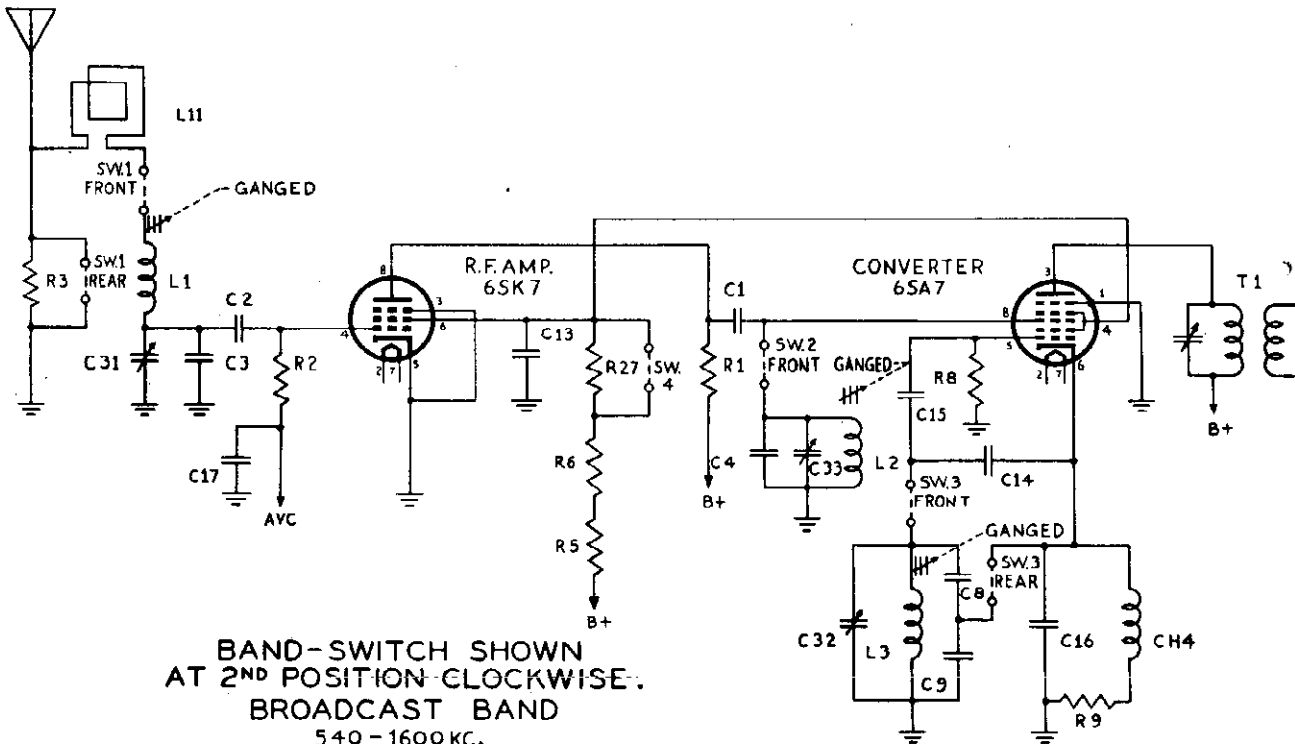
"clarified schematics"

MODEL 10A1

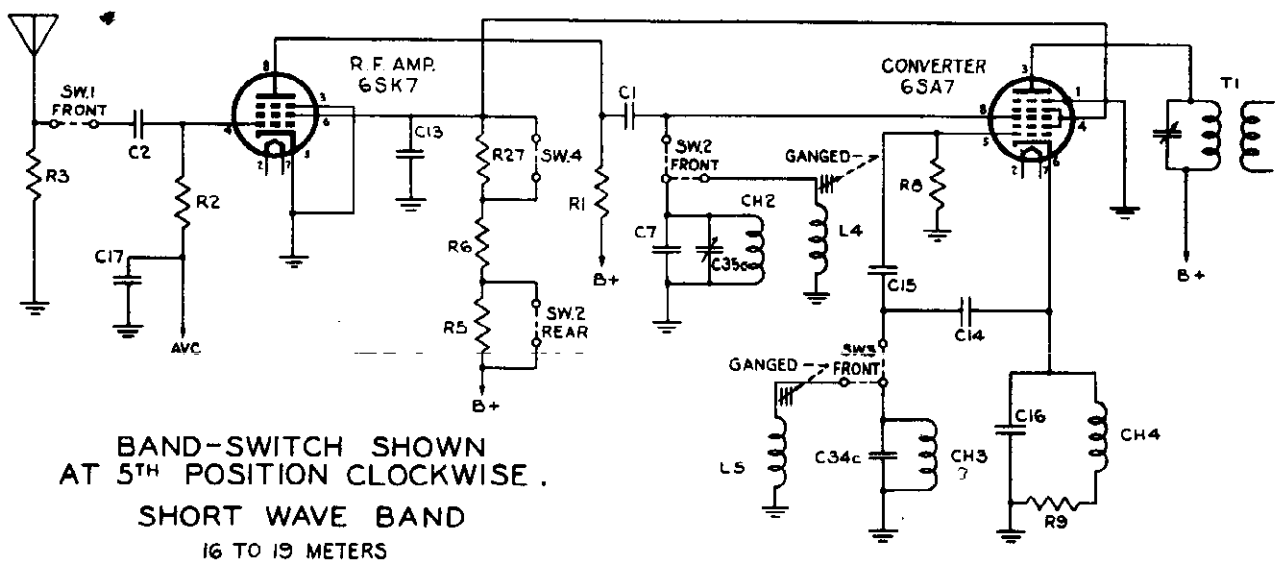
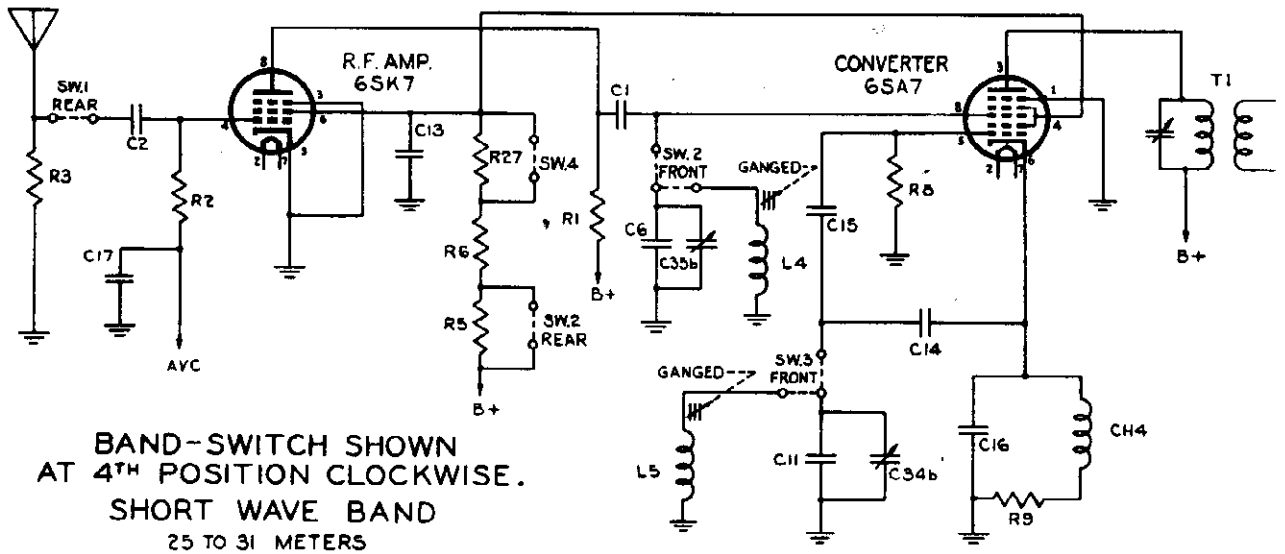
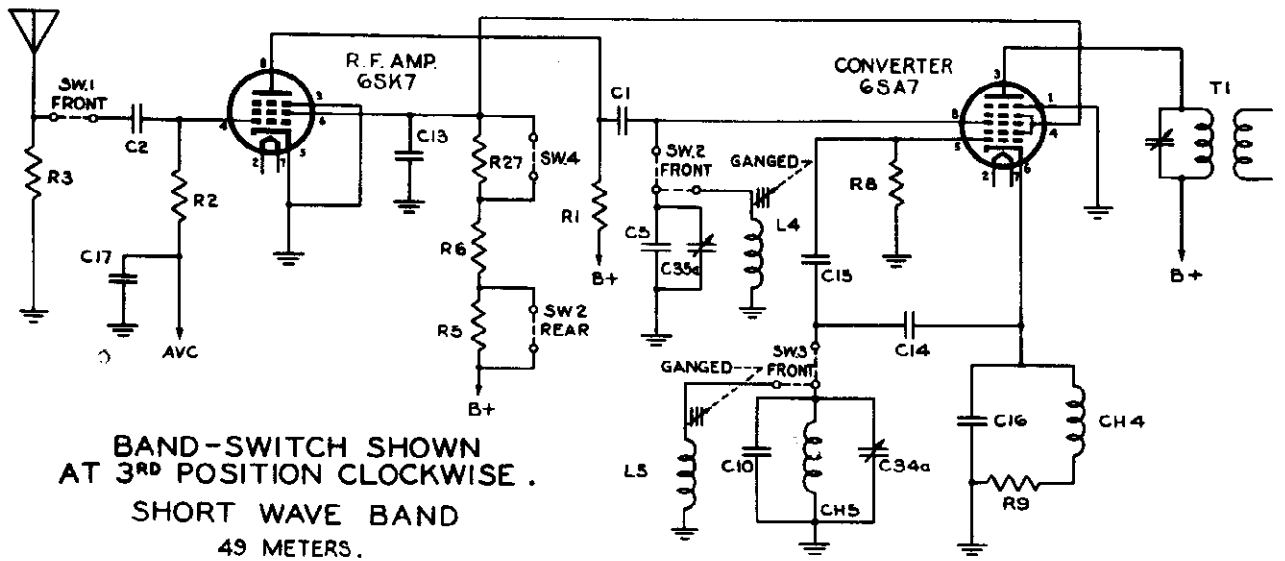
ADMIRAL CORPORATION



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN AT 1ST POSITION.
PUSH BUTTON TUNING
(BUTTON #1 DEPRESSED)
795-1600 KC.



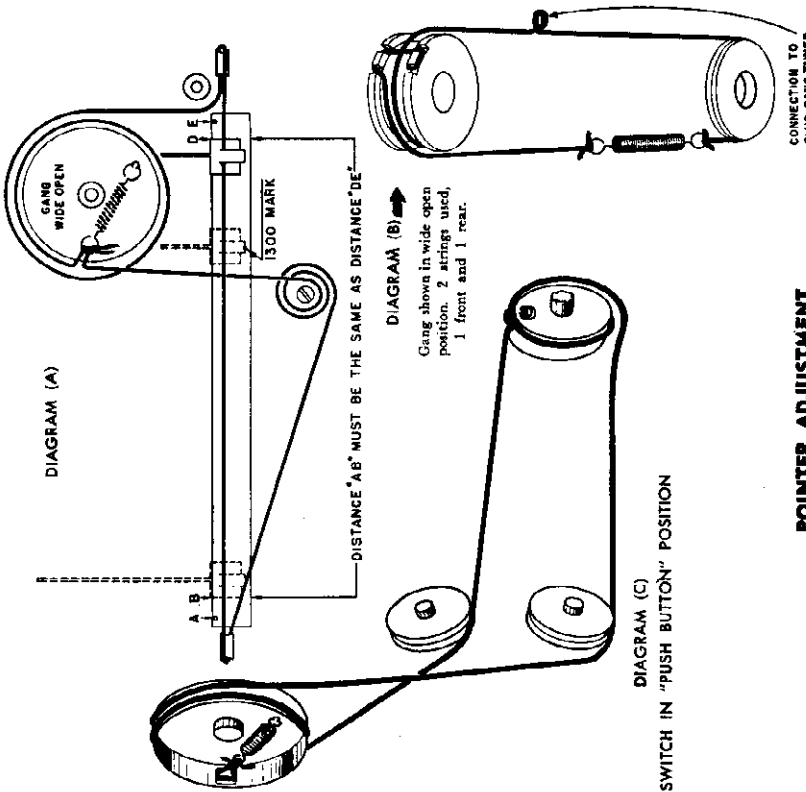
BAND-SWITCH SHOWN AT 2ND POSITION CLOCKWISE.
BROADCAST BAND
540-1600 KC.



MODEL 10A1

ADMIRAL CORPORATION

STRINGING DIAGRAMS



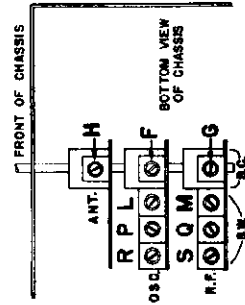
POINTER ADJUSTMENT

Move the dial pointer by means of the tuning control knob to see that it reaches the upper and lower limits as shown on stringing diagram (A). In the upper limit position measure the distance D-E and in the lower limit position measure the distance A-B. The distance from A and B must be the same as the distance from D to E. If these distances are not equal, adjust the pointer until they are equal. Take care to see that the pointer does not slip during this operation. Reclamp the pointer slide tightly to the string and seal with any quick-drying cement. Set the tuning gang wide open and proceed with operation 3.

REPLACING TUNING SLUG

If it becomes necessary to change a tuning slug proceed in the following manner: Set the gang to its wide open position, unsolder and remove the old slug. Set the slug adjusting screw about half way down. Place the new slug in such a position that 1/8 inch of its length is above the coil form. Solder it in this position making sure that it does not slip during the operation and that the slug wire is straight. Proceed to realign the set as shown in the chart.

TRIMMER LAYOUTS



ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

- Loop must be connected during alignment. Check the set screws that hold the tuning drum to the shaft to see that they are tight and that the drum has not slipped on the shaft. The correct position of the drum can be seen on stringing diagram (A).
- In the wide open position the stop on the rear of the dial drum must be against the stop post.
- With the gang wide open, all slugs should be 1/8 inch out of their coil form. If there is any serious deviation of alignment, turn the adjusting screws until this distance is corrected. (See paragraph on Tuning Slug Replacement.)
- Be sure both the set and the signal generator are thoroughly warmed up before starting alignment.
- Turn receiver Volume Control full on.
- Use lowest output setting of signal generator that gives a satisfactory reading on meter.
- Proceed in sequence as outlined below.

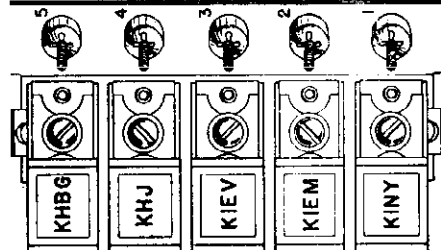
STEP	CONNECT SIGNAL GENERATOR TO	DUMMY ANTENNA BETWEEN RADIO AND SIGNAL GENERATOR	SIGNAL GENERATOR FREQUENCY	TUNING GANG SETTING	ADJ. TRIMMERS IN FOLLOWING ORDER TO MAX
1	6SA7 Grid (Pin #8)	.1 MFD.	455 K.C.	Pointer to upper limit	E, D, C, B, A
2	Before proceeding to step 3 check pointer travel as outlined under paragraph below headed "Pointer Adjustment." Set Band Change Switch to Broadcast Position.				
3	White Loop Lead	10 MMFD. If not available wrap several turns of the generator lead around the white loop lead.	1605 K.C.	Pointer to upper limit	F, G, H
4	White Loop Lead		1300 K.C.	Set Pointer to 1300 mark on slide rail (See Dial Diagram A)	I, J, K
5	Set Band Change Switch to 49 Meter Position.				
6	White Loop Lead	400 Ohms	7.5 Mc.	Pointer to upper limit	L, M
7	White Loop Lead	400 Ohms	7.2 Mc.	Set Pointer to 1900 mark on slide rail	N, O
8	Set Band Change Switch to 31.25 Meter Position.				
9	White Loop Lead	400 Ohms	12.5 Mc.	Pointer to upper limit	P, Q
10	Set Band Change Switch to 19.16 Meter Position.				
11	White Loop Lead	400 Ohms	18.0 Mc.	Pointer to upper limit	R, S

PROCEDURE FOR SETTING UP PUSH BUTTONS

Push Button	Frequency Range
1	795 K.C. - 1600 K.C.
2 & 3	635 K.C. - 1430 K.C.
4 & 5	540 K.C. - 1260 K.C.

Remove the escutcheon covering the push button control unit. Pick the first of the 5 chosen stations. This should be of the proper frequency for button number 5. Set the band switch to broadcast and accurately tune in the station. Now turn the same switch to the push button position and adjust slug screw number 5 until the volume comes in with its loudest volume, which is adjacent and to the left of volume control and set 4. Again bring the station to its maximum volume. Set the rest of the push buttons in a like manner, one for each of the stations chosen.

Note: Since each oscillator (slug) in the push button unit will tune over the entire broadcast band, (540 K.C.-1600 K.C.), care should be taken to set up stations within the frequency ranges associated with each button.



ADMIRAL CORPORATION

REPLACEMENT PARTS

RESISTORS

Symbol	Description	Part Number
R1	10,000 Ohms, 1 Watt.....	60B14-103
R2	470,000 Ohms, 1/2 Watt.....	60B8-474
R3	47,000 Ohms, 1/2 Watt.....	60B8-473
R4	470,000 Ohms, 1/2 Watt.....	60B8-474
R5	8,200 Ohms, 1 Watt.....	60B14-822
R6	10,000 Ohms, 5 Watt.....	61A1-3
R8	22,000 Ohms, 1/2 Watt.....	60B8-223
R9	100 Ohms, 1/2 Watt.....	60B8-101
R10	1,500 Ohms, 1/2 Watt.....	60B8-152
R11	1,500 Ohms, 1/2 Watt.....	60B8-152
R12	470 Ohms, 1/2 Watt.....	60B8-471
R13	1,000 Ohms, 1/2 Watt.....	60B8-102
R14	470,000 Ohms, 1/2 Watt.....	60B8-474
R15	47,000 Ohms, 1/2 Watt.....	60B8-473
R16	270,000 Ohms, 1/2 Watt.....	60B8-274
R17	1.0 Megohm, 1/2 Watt.....	60B8-105
R18	270,000 Ohms, 1/2 Watt.....	60B8-274
R19	1,000 Ohms, 1/2 Watt.....	60B8-102
R20	270,000 Ohms, 1/2 Watt.....	60B8-274
R21	470,000 Ohms, 1/2 Watt.....	60B8-474
R22	470,000 Ohms, 1/2 Watt.....	60B8-474
R23	470,000 Ohms, 1/2 Watt.....	60B8-474
R24	270 Ohms, 2 Watt.....	60B20-271
R25	47,000 Ohms, 1/2 Watt.....	60B8-473
R26	100,000 Ohms, 1/2 Watt.....	60B8-104
R27	150,000 Ohms, 1/2 Watt.....	60B8-154
R28	1 Megohm Volume Control.....	75B3-3
R29	1 Megohm, 1/2 Watt.....	60B8-105
R30	1 Megohm, 1/2 Watt.....	60B8-105

CONDENSERS

Symbol	Description	Part Number
C1	20 mmfd. Mica.....	63B7-5
C2	200 mmfd. Mica.....	63B7-21
C3	35 mmfd. Silver Mica.....	63B1-30
C4	390 mmfd. Silver Mica.....	63B1-34
C5	250 mmfd. Silver Mica.....	63B1-35
C6	65 mmfd. Silver Mica.....	63B1-27
C7	40 mmfd. Silver Mica.....	63B1-36
C8	140 mmfd. Silver Mica.....	63B1-26
C9	1000 mmfd. Mica.....	63B7-33
C10	200 mmfd. Silver Mica.....	63B1-14
C11	15 mmfd. Silver Mica.....	63B5-3
C12	60 mmfd. Silver Mica.....	63B5-13
C13	.1 mfd. 400 Volts.....	64B1-20
C14	50 mmfd. Mica.....	63B5-11
C15	50 mmfd. Mica.....	63B5-11
C16	250 mmfd. Mica.....	63B5-22
C17	.05 mfd. 200 Volts.....	64B1-32
C18	20 mmfd. Mica.....	63B5-5
C20	.1 mfd. 400 Volts.....	64B1-20
C21	50 mmfd. Mica.....	63B5-11
C22	50 mmfd. Mica.....	63B5-11
C23	.002 mfd. 600 Volts.....	64B1-14
C24	500 mmfd. Mica.....	63B5-27
C25	.005 mfd. 600 Volts.....	64B1-12
C26	.005 mfd. 600 Volts.....	64B1-12
C27	.005 mfd. 600 Volts.....	64B1-12
C28	.005 mfd. 600 Volts.....	64B1-12
C29	250 mmfd. Mica.....	63B5-22
C30a	30 mfd. 350 Volts.....	67C6-25
C30b	30 mfd. 350 Volts.....	
C30c	20 mfd. 25 Volts.....	
C31	3-40 mmfd. Trimmer.....	66A12-5
C32	3-40 mmfd. Trimmer.....	
C33	3-40 mmfd. Trimmer.....	
C34a	3-40 mmfd. Trimmer.....	66B8-3
C34b	3-40 mmfd. Trimmer.....	
C34c	3-40 mmfd. Trimmer.....	
C33a	3-40 mmfd. Trimmer.....	66B8-3
C33b	3-40 mmfd. Trimmer.....	
C33c	3-40 mmfd. Trimmer.....	
C36	.002 mfd., 600 Volts.....	64B1-14
C37	.001 mfd., 600 Volts.....	64B1-15
C38	.005 mfd., 600 Volts.....	64B1-12
C39	.01 mfd., 400 Volts.....	64B1-25
C40	.005 mfd., 600 Volts.....	64B1-12
C41	12-170 mmfd. Trimmer.....	66A12-1
C42		
C43	25-290 mmfd. Trimmer.....	66A12-2
C44		
C45	40-400 mmfd. Trimmer.....	66A12-3
C46	.002-600 volts.....	64B1-14

CHOKES, COILS & TRANSFORMERS

Symbol	Description	Part Number
CH1	Choke, Antenna.....	AB103-6
CH2	Choke, R.F. S.W.....	AB103-31
CH3	Choke, Oscillator, S. W.....	AB103-31
CH4	Choke, Oscillator, Cathode.....	AB103-1
CH5	Choke, Oscillator, 49 Meter Shunt.....	AB103-3

L1	Coil, Tuning (Antenna B.C.).....	AC105-2
L2	Coil, Tuning (B.C., R.F.).....	AB100-1
L3	Coil, Tuning (B.C., Oscillator).....	AC101-2
L4	Coil, Tuning (S.W., R.F.).....	AD102-2
L5	Coil, Tuning (S.W., Oscillator).....	AD102-4
L6		
L7		
L8		
L9		
L10	Coils, Push Button Tuning.....	AB100-4
L11	Loop (B.C. Antenna).....	AC112
T1	Transformer, 1st I.F.....	72B7
T2	Transformer, 2nd I.F.....	72B12
T3	Transformer, 3rd I.F.....	72B8
T4	Transformer, Power.....	60B2
T5	Transformer, Output.....	79A1

SWITCHES, PLUGS & SOCKETS

SW1	Switch, Antenna Circuit.....	76B6-2
SW2	Switch, R.F. Circuit.....	76B6-4
SW3	Switch, Oscillator Circuit.....	76B6-3
SW4	Switch, Phono Radio.....	76A3
SW5	Switch in Station Selector Unit.....	76B3
SW6	Switch in Tone Control Unit.....	76B4
S1	Socket, Station Selector Unit.....	87A4-1
P1	Plug, Station Selector Unit.....	88A3-1
S2	Socket, Tone Control Unit.....	87A4-1
P2	Plug, Tone Control Unit.....	88A3-1
S3	Socket, Speaker.....	87A6-1
P3	Plug, Speaker.....	98A2
S4	Socket, Phono Connector.....	88A1
S5	Phono Motor Cord & Socket.....	89A6-9

CABINET & SLIDE-A-WAY PARTS

Left Door Bracket.....	15B70-1
Right Door Bracket.....	15B70-2
Slide Rail.....	15A71
Bracket Stop.....	15A72
Hub, Door Bracket.....	27A13
Roller, Door Bracket.....	27A14
Hub, Slide Roller (Slide-A-Way).....	27A11
Roller, Slide (Slide-A-Way).....	27A12
Bracket Assembly (Slide-A-Way).....	G400C42
Switch & Cover (Slide-A-Way).....	77B1-44
Plug, Alden 20" Leads (Slide-A-Way).....	89A6-18
Escutcheon, Cover Plate (left).....	23B4-1
Escutcheon, Cover Plate (right).....	23B4-2
Escutcheon, Dial Mounting.....	23C3
Escutcheon, Lower Rail.....	23B5-2
Escutcheon, Switch (Slide-A-Way).....	401A67

PHONOGRAPH PARTS

See Record Changer Service Manual for Detailed List

Centerpost.....	G400A12-2
Crystal Cartridge.....	409A1
Idler Wheel (407B3 Motor).....	G400A23
Idler Wheel (407B2 Motor).....	G400A59
Idler Wheel (407B1 Motor).....	G400A57
Plug, Phonograph Output.....	88A2-1

MISCELLANEOUS

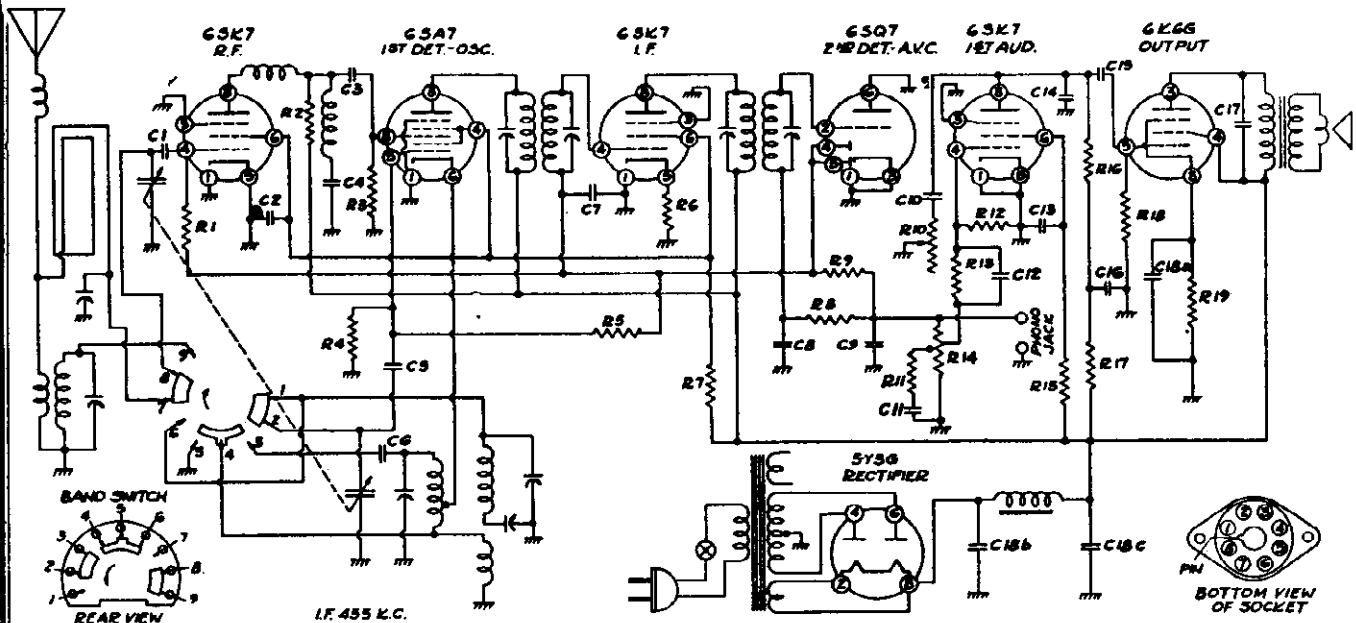
Bulbs, Pilot Light, Mazda No. 47.....	81A1-8
Dial Cord, 100 inches.....	50A1-3
Dial, Scale Glass.....	21C21
Drum, Band Indicator.....	A1200
Drum, Dial Tuning.....	A1194
Knobs (Walnut).....	39A12-1
Letter, Call Push Button.....	42A1
Plug, Coil Mounting.....	32A3-1
Pointer, Dial.....	25A6-1
Push Button, Numbers 1 and 3.....	33B6-1
Push Button, Numbers 2 and 4.....	33B6-2
Push Button, Number 3.....	33B6-3

When Ordering Slugs Specify Color Code

Slug, Tuning (B.C., R.F.) (B.C., Osc.).....	71B1-3
Slug, Tuning (B.C. Antenna).....	71B1-13
Slug, Tuning (S.W., R.F.) (S.W., Osc.).....	71B1-9
Slug, Push Button Unit.....	71B1-14
Socket, Pilot Light.....	82A2-1
Speaker, 10" Dynamic.....	78B12
Spring, Hairpin for mounting coils.....	19A3-1
Stud, Slug Adjusting.....	27A4
Tube, Pilot Light Cover.....	82A5-1

MODEL A77

ADMIRAL CORPORATION



IF 455 K.C.

RESISTORS

No.	Ohms	Watts	No.	Ohms	Watts
R1	500,000	1/4	R11	15,000	1/4
R2	2,500	1/2	R12	2,000,000	1/4
R3	100,000	1/2	R13	2,000,000	1/4
R4	25,000	1/2	R14	500,000	1/4
R5	5,000,000	1/4	R15	2,000,000	1/4
R6	100	1/4	R16	250,000	1/4
R7	15,000	2	R17	50,000	1/4
R8	50,000	1/4	R18	500,000	1/4
R9	1,000,000	1/4	R19	600-10%	1/2
R10	500,000	T.C.			

CONDENSERS

No.	Capacity (Mfd.)	Volts	No.	Capacity (Mfd.)	Volts
C1	.0001	400	C11	.05	200
C2	.05	400	C12	.05	200
C3	.0001	Mica	C13	.25	400
C4	.00006-5%	Mica	C14	.00025	Mica
C5	.0001	Mica	C15	.01	400
C6	.003-5%	Mica	C16	.25	400
C7	.05	200	C17	.002	600
C8	.00005	Mica	C18a	20.	25
C9	.0001	Mica	C18b	30.	350
C10	.002	600	C18c	30.	350

PAPER CONDENSERS

P1193	.002 mfd.	600 volt
P1322	.005 mfd.	600 volt
P164	.01 mfd.	400 volt
P148	.05 mfd.	200 volt
P334	.05 mfd.	400 volt
P1789	.25 mfd.	400 volt

MICA CONDENSERS

P1382	.00005 mfd.
P3640	.00006 mfd. 5%
P480	.0001 mfd.
P817	.00025 mfd.
P2565	.003 mfd. 5%

ELECTROLYTIC CONDENSERS

P4284	20 mfd. 25 volt
	30 mfd. 350 volt
	30 mfd. 350 volt

VARIABLE CONDENSERS

P4191	Gang condenser
P3734	Trimmer condenser
P3299	Trimmer condenser
P3173	Padding condenser

RESISTORS

P3800	100 ohm	1/2 watt
P3821	600 ohm	1/2 watt
P3832	2,500 ohm	1/2 watt
P3843	15,000 ohm	1/2 watt
P1944	15,000 ohm	2 watt
P3845	25,000 ohm	1/2 watt
P3853	50,000 ohm	1/2 watt
P3860	100,000 ohm	1/2 watt
P3868	250,000 ohm	1/2 watt
P3876	500,000 ohm	1/2 watt
P3882	1,000,000 ohm	1/2 watt
P3883	2,000,000 ohm	1/2 watt
P3886	5,000,000 ohm	1/2 watt

VARIABLE RESISTORS

P4089	Volume control and switch.
P4193	Tone control

TRANSFORMERS AND COILS

G6252	Loop antenna assembly
P3198	S. W. antenna coil
P4194	B. C. and S. W. oscillator coil
G6185	Wave trap coil
P4108	1st I.F. transformer
P4109	2nd I.F. transformer
G6186	Short wave choke
P3926	Iron core filter choke
P4265	Power transformer

MISCELLANEOUS

P4186	Push button shaft
P4114	Call letter tab sheet
P4192	Band switch
P4283	Speaker and output transformer

P4196	Dial pointer
G6181	Pointer shaft and pulley
P4091	Horseshoe washer (pointer shaft)
P2325	Take up spring (pointer)
P4105	Fibre pulley
P4185	Dial background
P4197	Pilot light socket
P1713	Pilot light bulb
P4248	Pilot light reflector
P4101	Drive shaft
P1399	Horseshoe washer (drive shaft)
P3375	Takeup spring (drive)
P945	Speaker socket
P4138	Electrolytic mounting base

All voltages measured with a 1,000 ohm per volt meter on the 300 volt scale. Line voltage 117 volts A.C. Volume control maximum and no signal tuned in. Power consumption 60 watts.

6SK7 (RF) TUBE

Plate (8) to ground	208
Screen (6) to ground	93

6SA7 TUBE

Plate (3) to ground	255
Screen (4) to ground	93

6SK7 (IF) TUBE

Plate (8) to ground	255
Screen (6) to ground	93

6SK7 (AF) TUBE

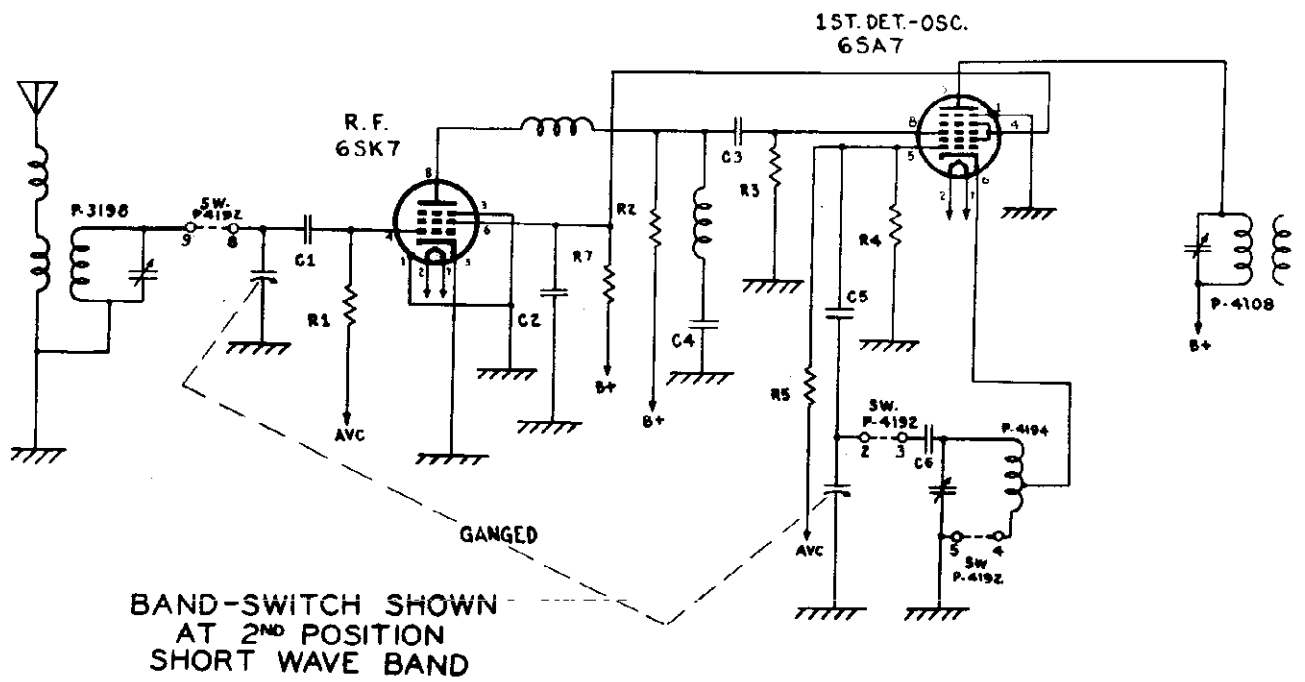
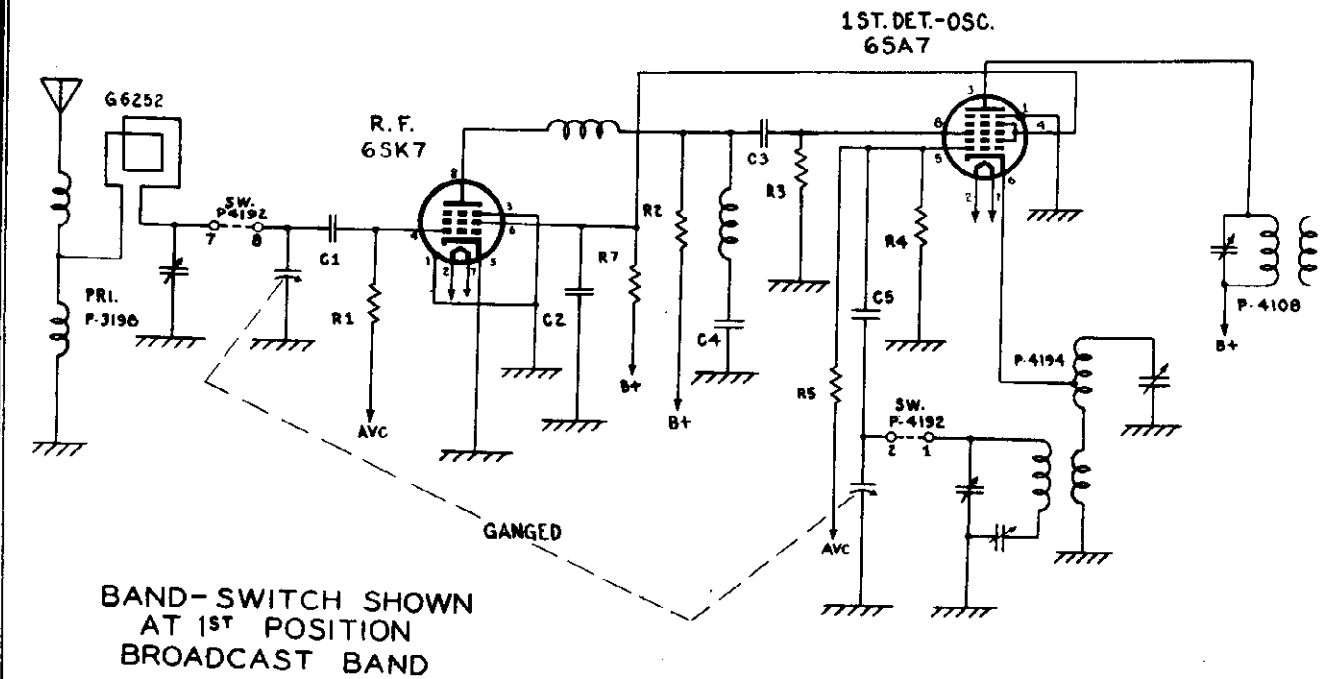
Plate (8) to ground	20
Screen (6) to ground	10

6K6G TUBE

Plate (3) to ground	240
Screen (4) to ground	258
Cathode (8) to ground	18

5Y3G TUBE

Filament (8) to ground	266
------------------------	-----



MODEL A77

ADMIRAL CORPORATION

ALIGNMENT DATA

Band switch shown in broadcast position in schematic and in short wave position in pictorial view in lower left corner.

Speaker (Part No. P4283) 10" PM.

D. C. voice coil resistance.....3.7 ohms
Voice coil impedance at 400 cycles.....4.1 ohms

S. W. Antenna Coil (Part No. P3198)

Looking at the connection end starting at the chassis in a clockwise direction the terminals are: No. 1, plate; No. 2, B+; No. 3, grid; No. 4, pad.
Primary—No. 3 and No. 4—Resistance..... .08 ohm
Secondary—No. 1 and No. 2—Resistance..... .37 ohm

Oscillator Coil (Part No. P4194)

Looking at the mounting strip end in a clockwise direction starting at the chassis, the terminals are: No. 1, ground; No. 2, cathode; No. 3, open; No. 4, pad; No. 5, switch; No. 6, grid; No. 7, grid; No. 8, open.
B.C. Primary—No. 1 and No. 5—Resistance..... .29 ohm
S.W. Primary—No. 5 and No. 2—Resistance..... .06 ohm
B.C. Secondary—No. 4 and No. 6—Resistance..... 5.7 ohms
S.W. Secondary—No. 2 and No. 7—Resistance..... .08 ohm

First I.F. Transformer (Part No. P4108)

Primary—Blue, plate; red, B+—Resistance..... 18.2 ohms
Secondary—White, grid; black, AVC—Resistance..... 15.1 ohms

Second I.F. Transformer (Part No. P4109)

Primary—Blue, plate; red, B+—Resistance..... 20.8 ohms
Secondary—White, diode; black, AVC—Resistance..... 17.4 ohms

GENERAL DATA

The alignment of this receiver requires the use of a signal generator that will cover the frequencies of 445, 600, 1400, 1630, 6,000, 16,000 and 18,100 K.C., and an output meter to be connected across the primary or secondary of the output transformer. If possible, all alignments should be made with the volume control on maximum and the signal generator output as low as possible, to prevent the AVC from operating and giving false readings.

I.F. ALIGNMENT

Adjust the signal generator to 455 K.C. and connect the output to the grid of the first detector tube (6SA7) through a .05 or .1 mfd. condenser. Align all I.F. trimmers to peak or maximum reading on the output meter.

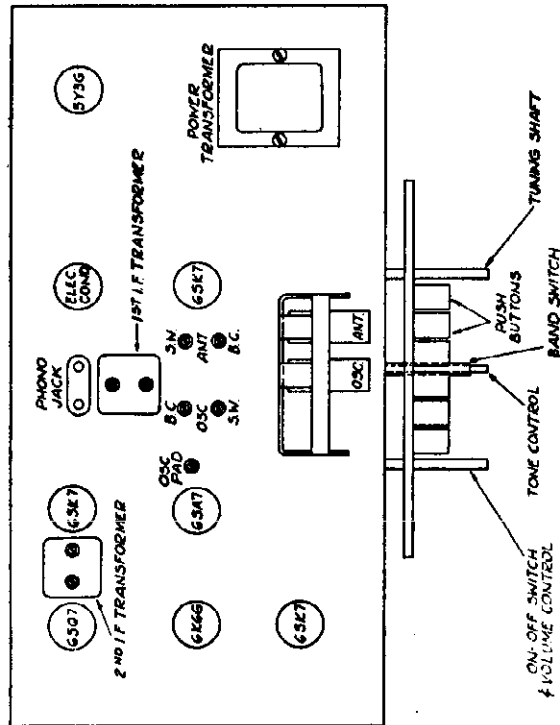
BROADCAST BAND ALIGNMENT

Adjust the signal generator to 1630 K.C. and connect the output to the antenna lead, through a .0002 mid. mica condenser. Set the gang condenser to minimum capacity and adjust the B.C. oscillator trimmer to receive this signal. After this has been carefully done, the next step is to set the signal generator to 1400 K.C. and after tuning in the signal adjust the B.C. antenna trimmer to peak. Set the signal generator to 600 K.C., tune the signal and then slowly increase or decrease the B.C. oscillator padding condenser and at the same time continuously tune back and forth across the signal with the receiver until the maximum reading is obtained on the output meter.

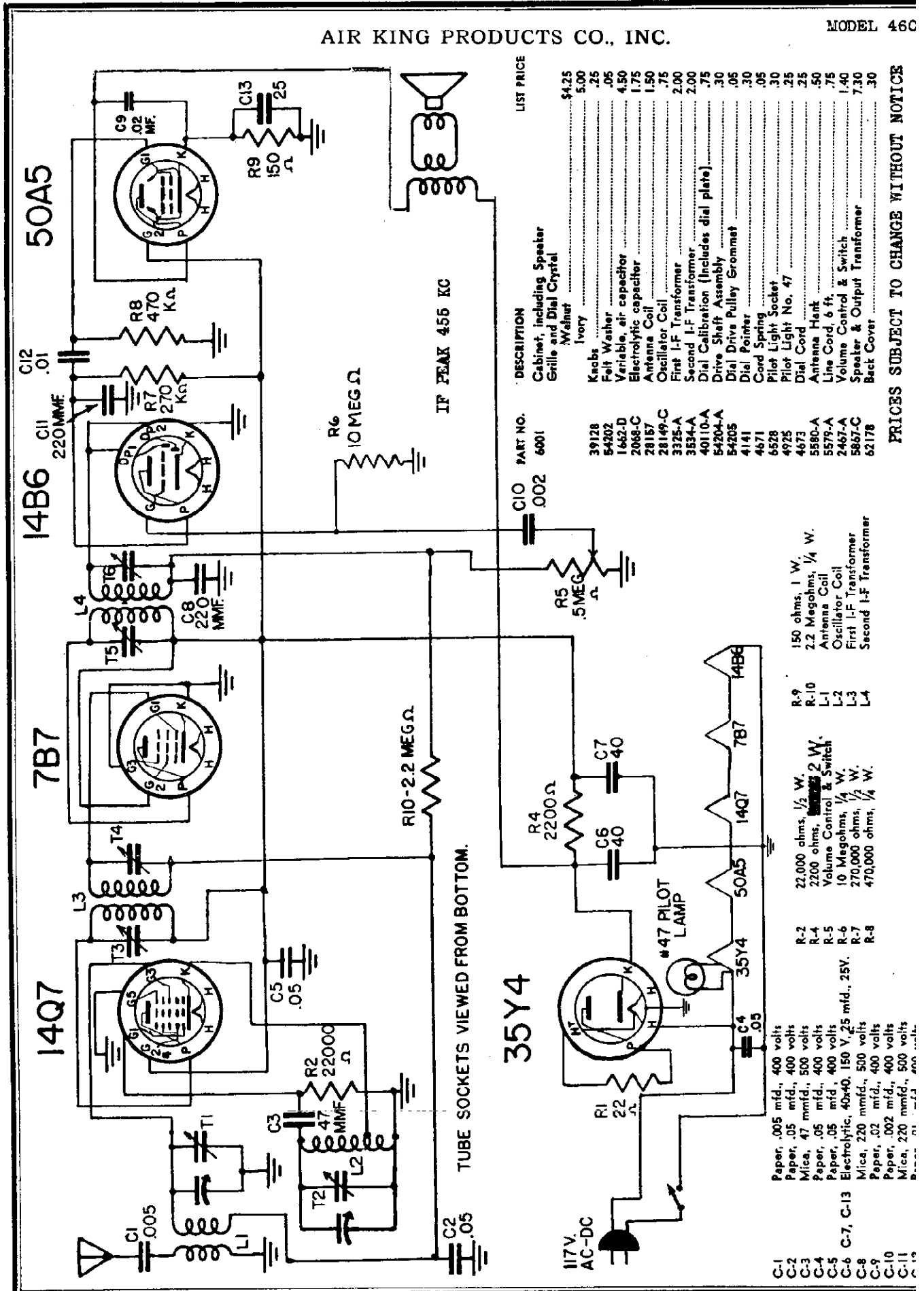
Return to 1400 K.C. and again go over the adjustments of this frequency to be certain that they were not put slightly out of alignment when adjustment was made at 600 K.C.

SHORT WAVE BAND ALIGNMENT

Adjust the signal generator to 18,100 K.C. and connect the output to the antenna lead, through a 400 ohm resistor. Set the gang condenser to minimum capacity and adjust the S.W. oscillator trimmer to receive this signal. Set the signal generator to 16,000 K.C., tune signal and adjust the S.W. antenna trimmer to peak. As there is no variable low frequency padding condenser on this band, the sensitivity of the receiver should be checked at 6000 K.C. to determine whether the circuits are in line at this frequency. Should the receiver lack sensitivity at 6000 K.C., the antenna and oscillator coils, as well as the padding condenser, should be tested.



AIR KING PRODUCTS CO., INC.



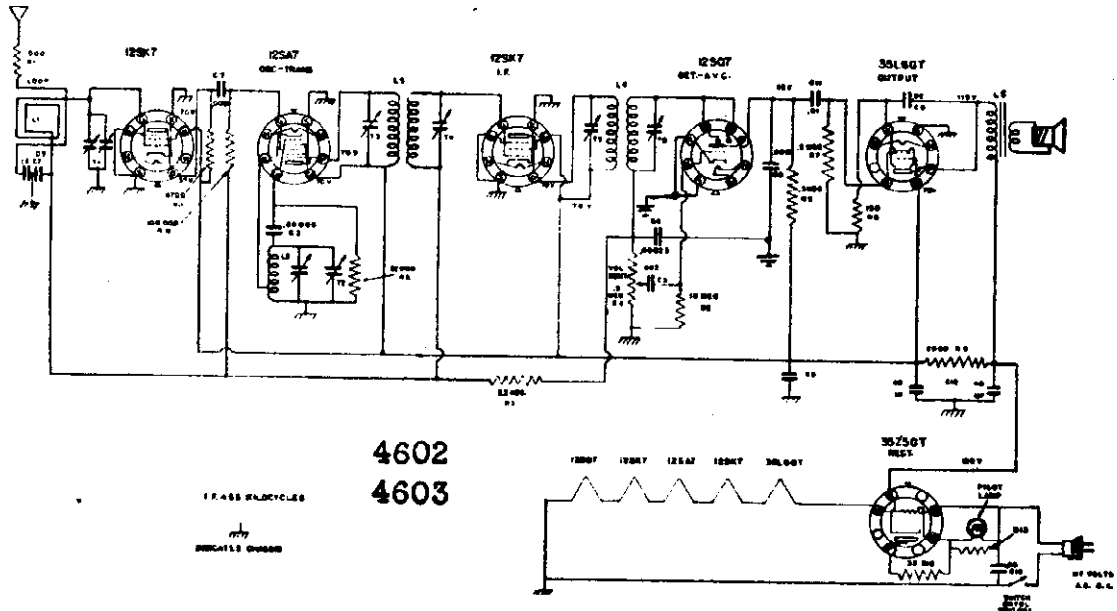
CIO PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	LIST PRICE
002	Cabinet, including Speaker Grille and Dial Crystal	\$4.25
39128	Walnut	5.00
39128	Ivory	.25
54202	Knobs	.06
1642-D	Felt Washer	4.50
2088-C	Variable, air capacitor	1.75
28157	Electrolytic capacitor	1.50
28149-C	Antenna Coil	.75
3325-A	Oscillator Coil	2.00
3534-A	First I-F Transformer	2.00
40110-A	Second I-F Transformer	.75
54204-A	Dial Calibration (Includes dial plate)	.30
54205	Drive Shaft Assembly	.05
4141	Dial Drive Pulley Grommet	.30
4671	Dial Pointer	.05
6528	Cord Spring	.30
4925	Pilot Light Socket	.25
4673	Pilot Light No. 47	.25
5580-A	Dial Cord	.25
5579-A	Antenna Hook	.50
2467-A	Line Cord, 6 ft.	.75
5857-C	Volume Control & Switch	1.40
62178	Speaker & Output Transformer	7.30
	Back Cover	.30

PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE

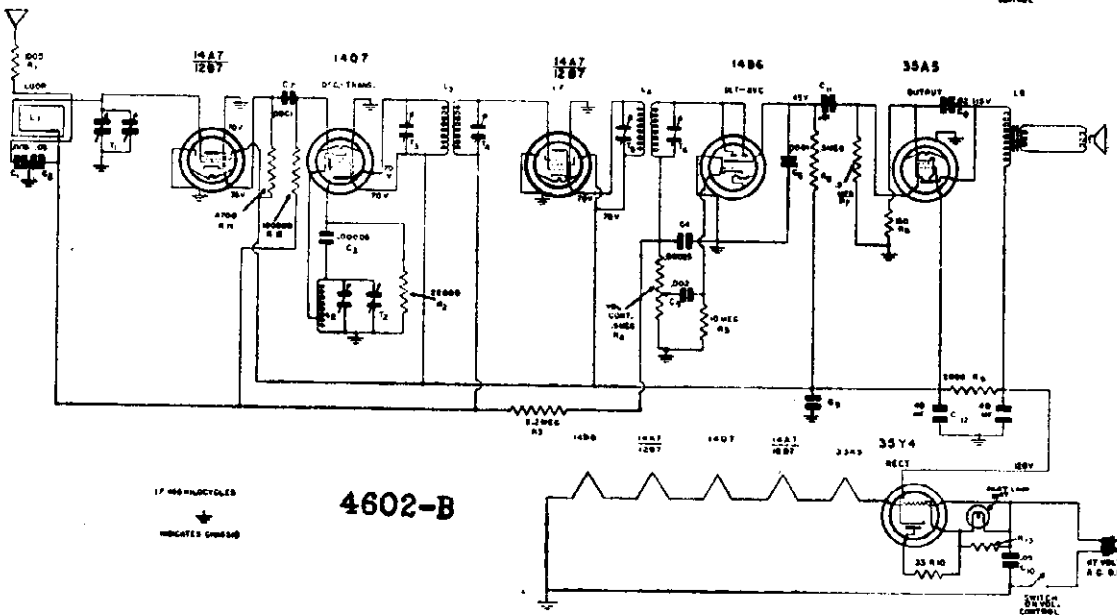
- C-1 Paper, .005 mfd., 400 volts
- C-2 Paper, .05 mfd., 400 volts
- C-3 Mica, .47 mfd., 500 volts
- C-4 Paper, .05 mfd., 400 volts
- C-5 Paper, .05 mfd., 400 volts
- C-6 Electrolytic, 40x40, 150 V., 25 mfd., 25V.
- C-7 Mica, 220 mfd., 500 volts
- C-8 Paper, .02 mfd., 400 volts
- C-9 Paper, .002 mfd., 400 volts
- C-10 Mica, 220 mfd., 500 volts
- C-11 Paper, .01 mfd., 400 volts
- R-1 117V. AC-DC
- R-2 22,000 ohms, 1/2 W.
- R-3 2200 ohms, 2 W.
- R-4 2200 ohms, 1/2 W.
- R-5 Volume Control & Switch
- R-6 10 Megohms, 1/4 W.
- R-7 270,000 ohms, 1/2 W.
- R-8 470,000 ohms, 1/4 W.
- R-9 150 ohms, 1 W.
- R-10 2.2 Megohms, 1/4 W.
- L-1 Antenna Coil
- L-2 Oscillator Coil
- L-3 First I-F Transformer
- L-4 Second I-F Transformer

MODELS 4602, 4603
MODEL 4602B

AIR KING PRODUCTS CO., INC.



4602
4603



4602-B

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

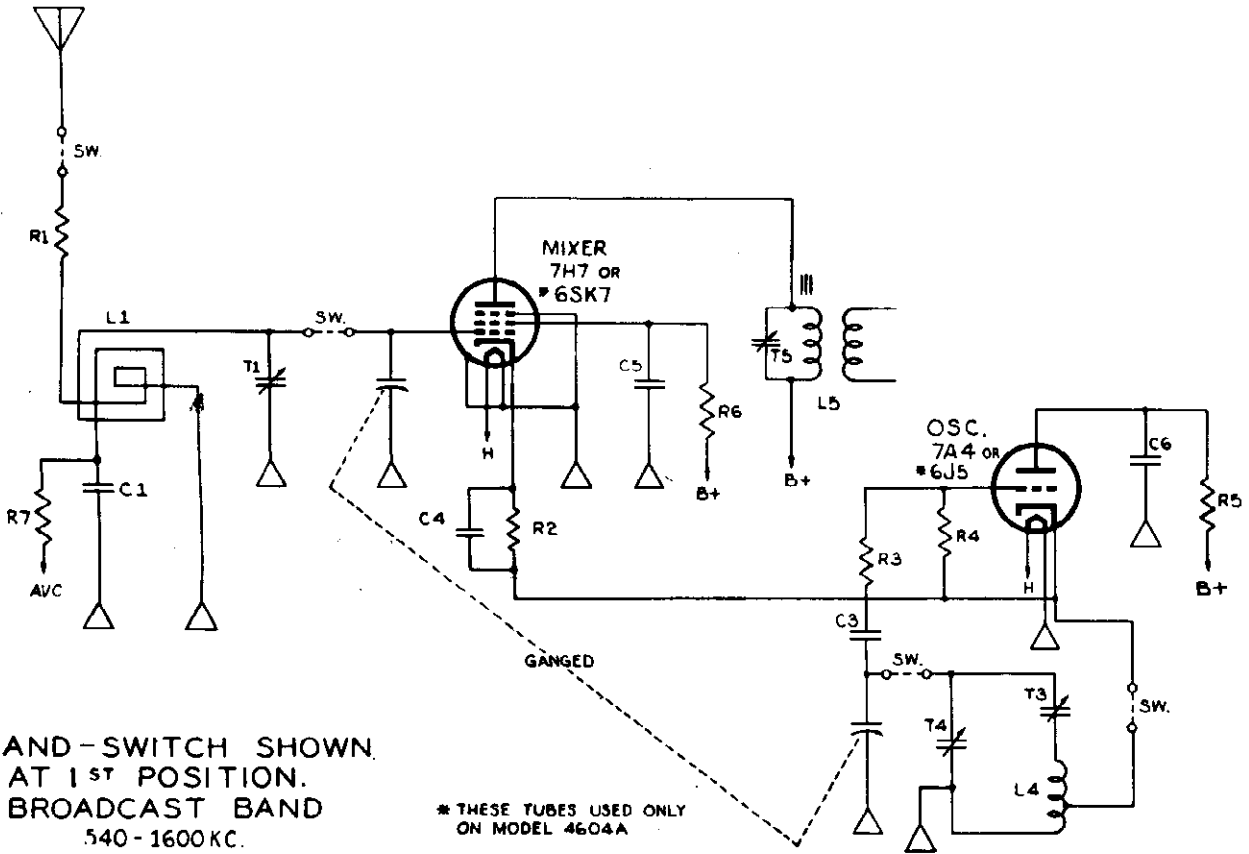
- Output meter connections..... Across primary output transformer
- Connection of generator ground..... Chassis
- Generator modulation..... App. 30% @ 400 cycles
- Position of volume control..... Fully Clockwise

	4602 4603	4602-B		
POSITION OF DIAL POINTER			TRIMMERS ADJUSTED	TRIMMER FUNCTION
540 kc	455 kc	12SA7GT	T3, T4, T5, T6	I. F.
1500 kc	1500 kc	***	T2, T1	Osc., R. F.
		See Note Below	See Note Below	

***Run a wire from the output terminal of the generator near the receiver. However, no connection is made between the signal generator and the receiver.

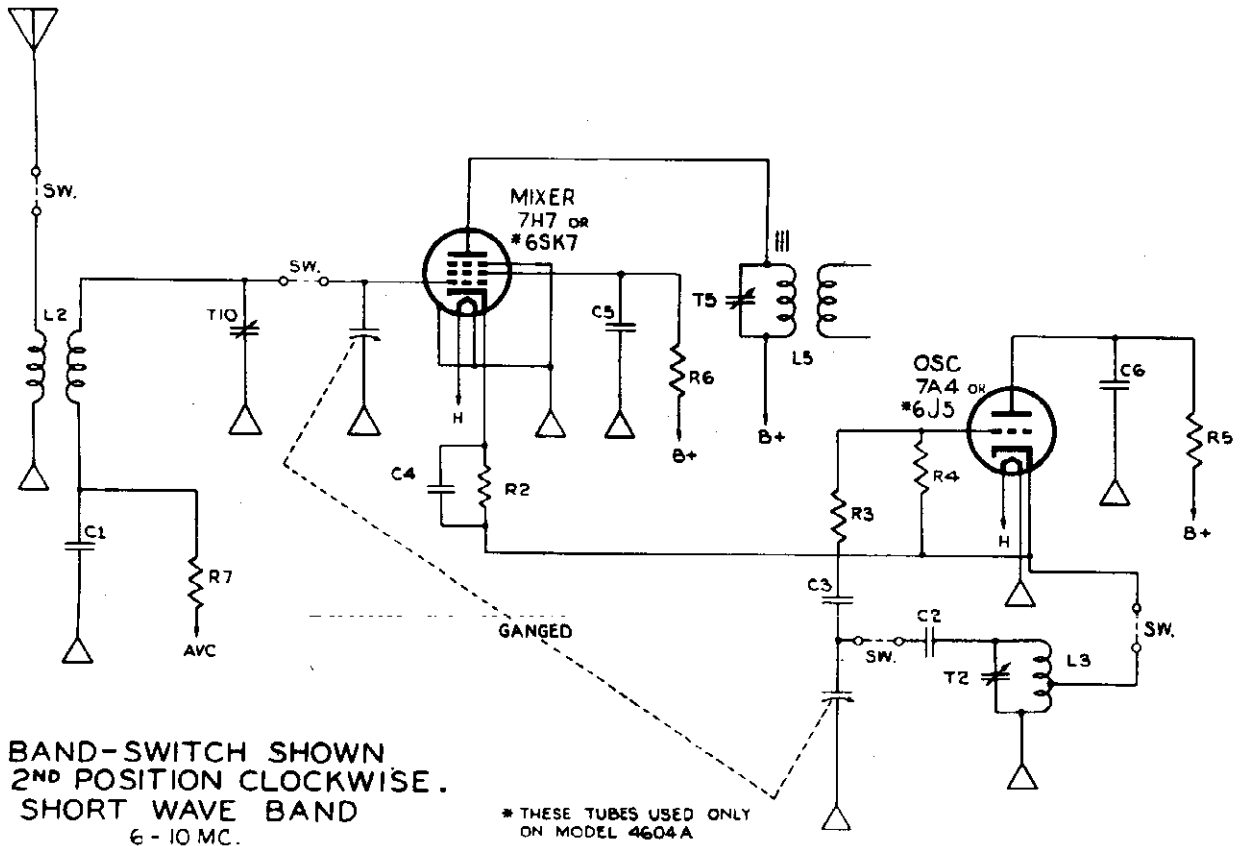
MODELS 4604, 4604A

AIR KING PRODUCTS CO., INC.



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN AT 1ST POSITION. BROADCAST BAND 540-1600 KC.

* THESE TUBES USED ONLY ON MODEL 4604A

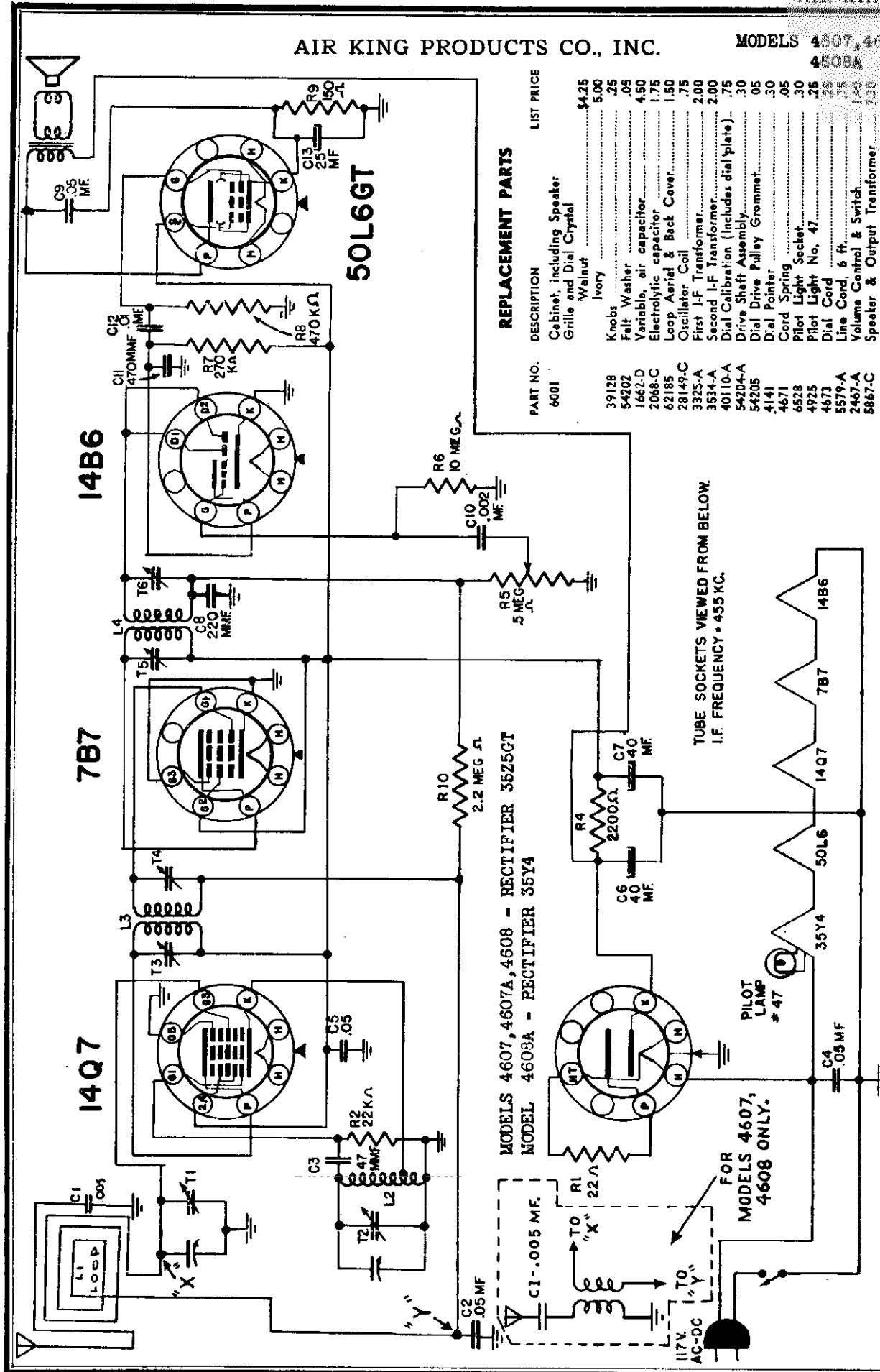


BAND-SWITCH SHOWN AT 2ND POSITION CLOCKWISE. SHORT WAVE BAND 6-10 MC.

* THESE TUBES USED ONLY ON MODEL 4604A

AIR KING PRODUCTS CO., INC.

MODELS 4607, 4607A, 4608
4608A



REPLACEMENT PARTS

DESCRIPTION	LIST PRICE
Cabinet, including Speaker	\$4.25
Grille and Dial Crystal	5.00
Walnut	.25
Ivory	.05
Knobs	4.50
Felt Washer	1.75
Variable, air capacitor	1.50
Electrolytic capacitor	.75
Loop Aerial & Back Cover	2.00
Oscillator Coil	2.00
First I-F Transformer	2.00
Second I-F Transformer	2.00
Dial Calibration (includes dial plate)	.75
Drive Shaft Assembly	.30
Dial Drive Pulley Grommet	.05
Dial Pointer	.30
Cord Spring	.05
Pilot Light Socket	.30
Pilot Light No. 47	.25
Dial Cord	.25
Line Cord, 6 ft.	.75
Volume Control & Switch	1.40
Speaker & Output Transformer	7.30

PART NO.

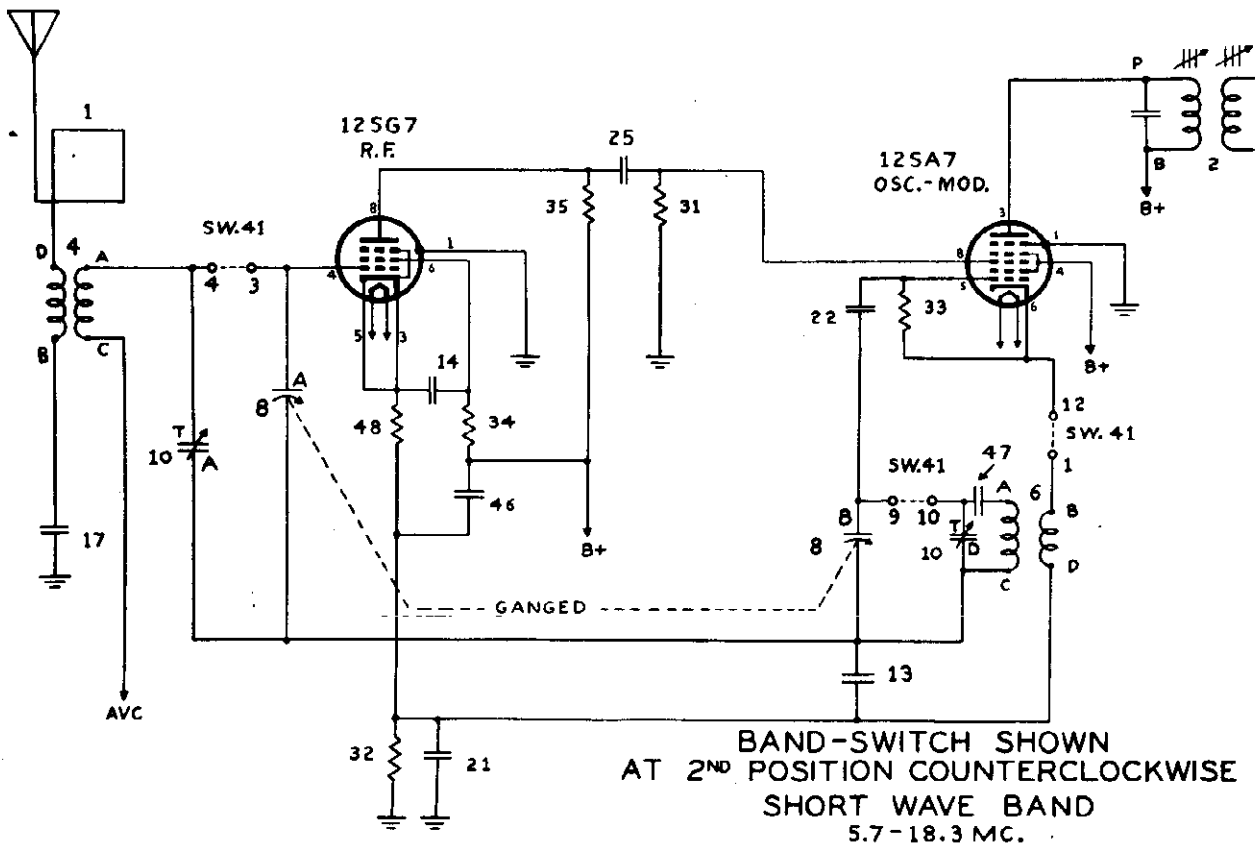
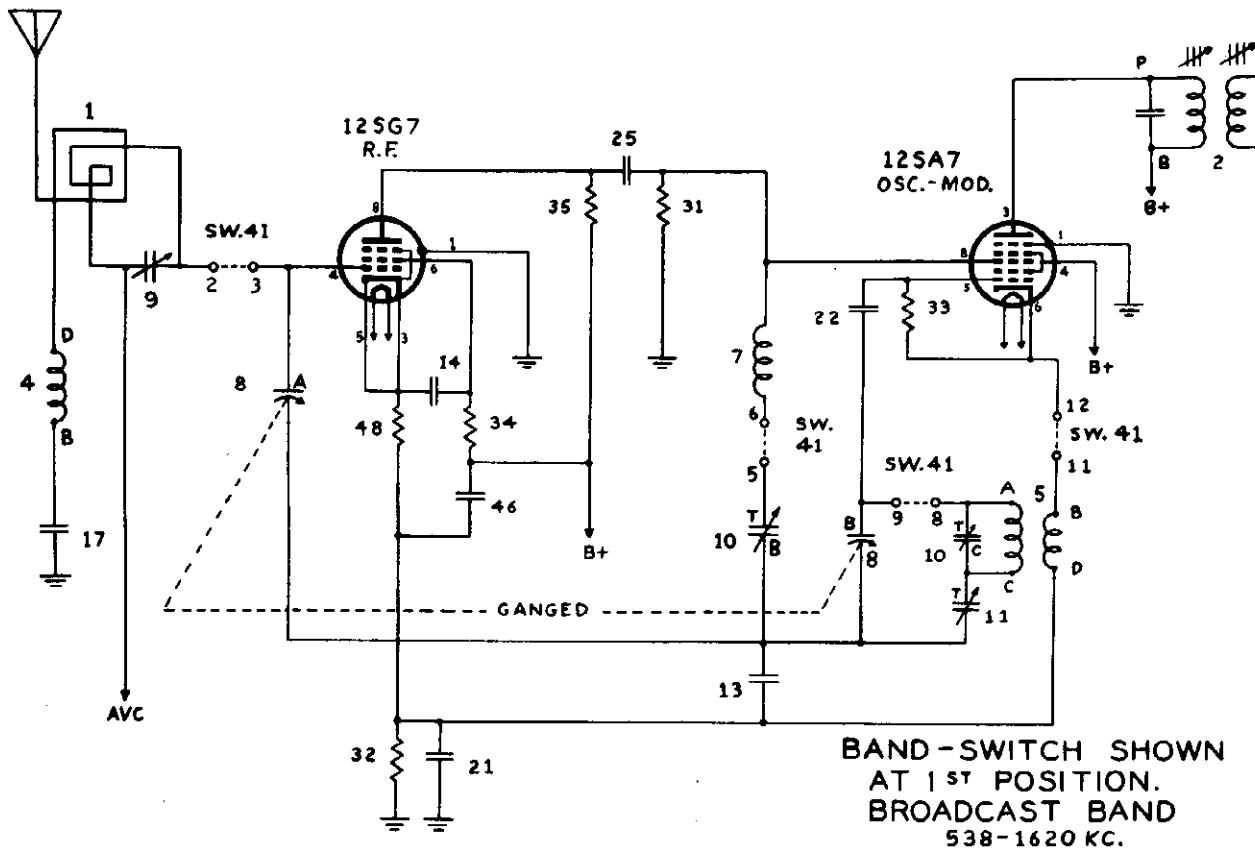
6001	39128
	54202
	1662-D
	2088-C
	62185
	28149-C
	3325-A
	3534-A
	40110-A
	54204-A
	54205
	4141
	4671
	6528
	4925
	4673
	5579-A
	2457-A
	5867-C

- C-1 Paper, .005 mfd., 400 volts
- C-2 Paper, .05 mfd., 400 volts
- C-3 Mica, .47 mfd., 500 volts
- C-4 Paper, .05 mfd., 400 volts
- C-5 Paper, .05 mfd., 400 volts
- C-8 Mica, 220 mfd., 500 volts
- C-9 Paper, .05 mfd., 400 volts
- C-10 Paper, .002 mfd., 400 volts
- C-11 Mica, .470 mfd., 500 volts
- C-12 Paper, .01 mfd., 400 volts
- R-2 22,000 ohms, 1/2 W.
- R-4 2200 ohms, 2 W.
- R-5 Volume Control & Switch
- R-6 10 Megohms, 1/4 W.
- R-7 270,000 ohms, 1/2 W.

"clarified schematics"

MODEL 6A-122

ALLIED RADIO CORP.



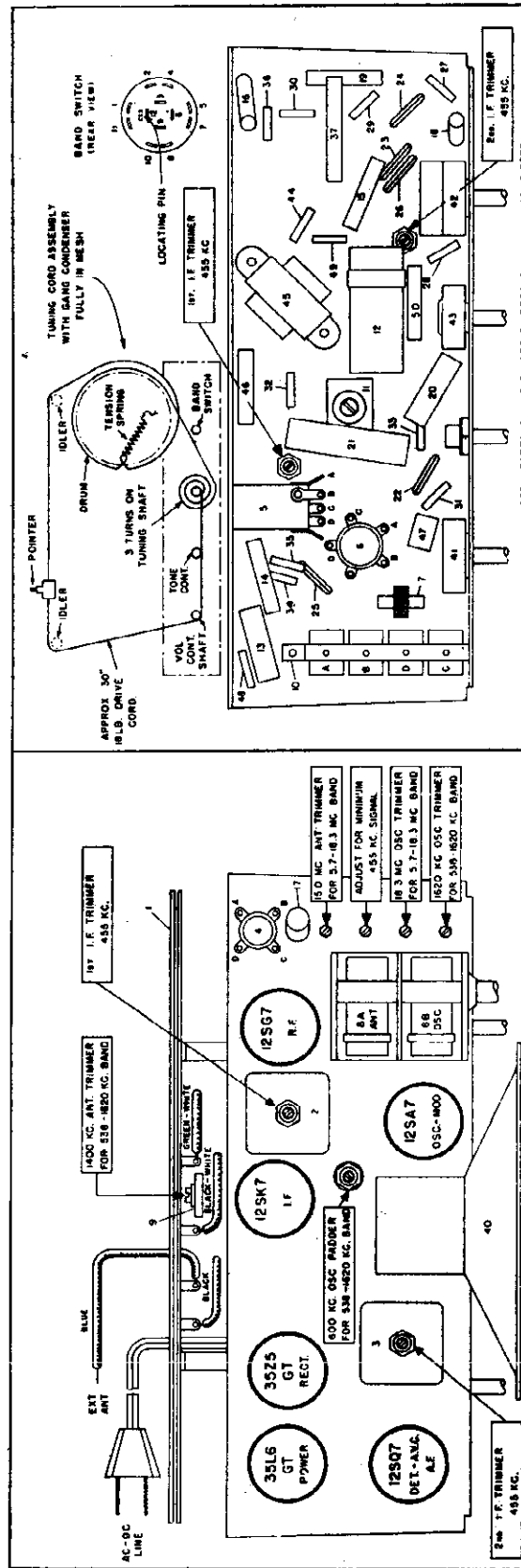
ALLIED RADIO CORP.

Be sure to follow procedure carefully and in the order given—otherwise the receiver will be insensitive and the dial calibration incorrect. For alignment procedure read tabulations from left to right. Make the adjustment marked (1) first, (2) next, (3) third, etc.

Before starting alignment:

- (a) Check tuning dial adjustment by tuning gang condenser until plates touch maximum capacity stop (completely in mesh) at which point the dial needle must be exactly even with the last line at the low frequency end of the dial calibration. If dial needle does not point exactly to last line move to correct position.
- (b) Use an accurately calibrated test oscillator with some type of output measuring device.
- (c) Place loop antenna in the same position it will be in when set is in the cabinet.

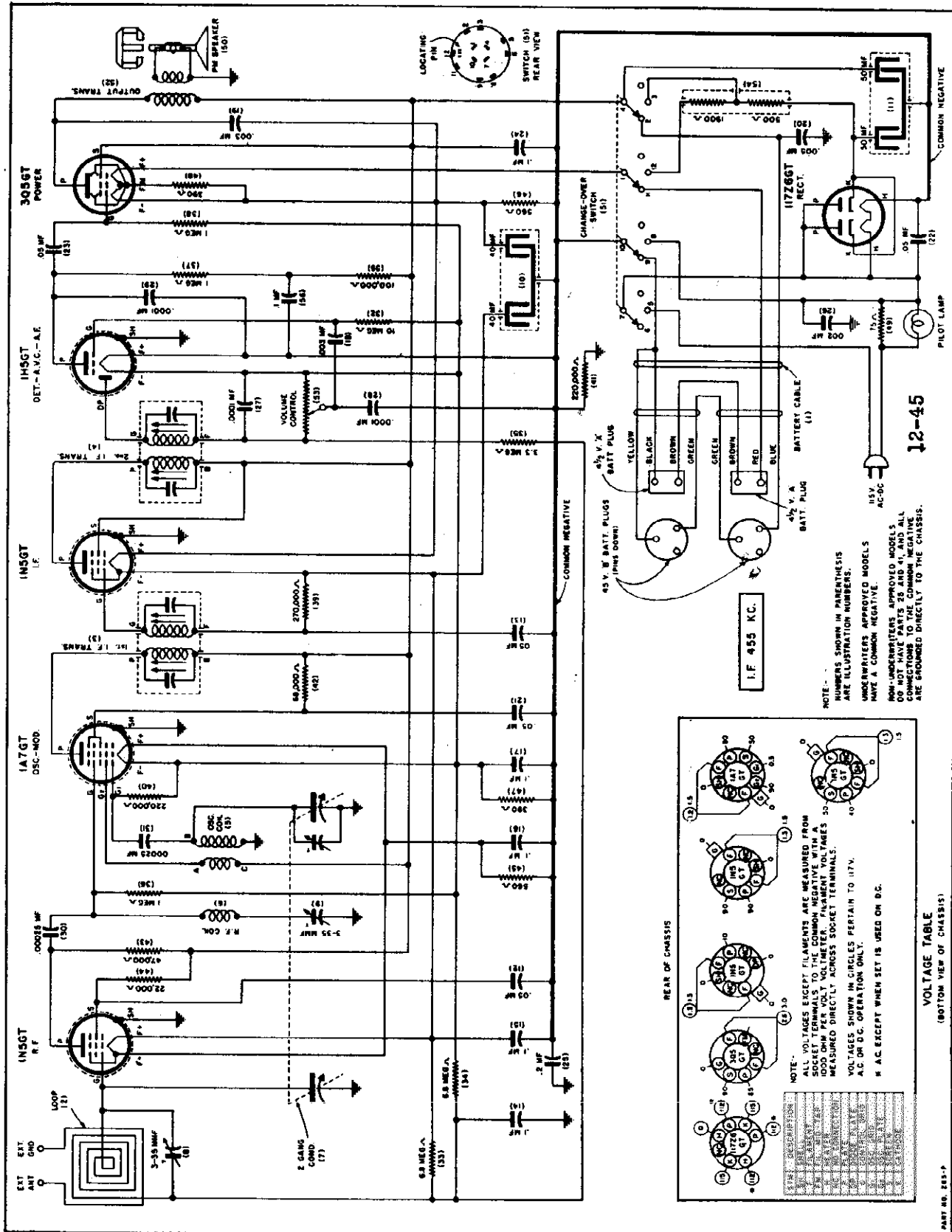
Steps	Place band switch for operation on:	Set receiver dial to:	TEST OSCILLATOR	Attach output of test oscillator to:	Refer to parts layout diagram for location of trimmers mentioned below:
1	I.F. alignment use any band position.	Any point where no interfering signal is received	Use dummy antenna in series with output of test oscillator consisting of: 0.2 Mfd. condenser	High side to rear stator plates of tuning condenser. Low side to frame of condenser through .01 Mfd. condenser	Adjust each of the second I.F. transformer trimmers for maximum output, then adjust each of the first I.F. transformer trimmers for maximum output.
2	1620 to 538 K.C. Band	Rotate gang condenser to Maximum Capacity	Exactly 1620 K.C. Approx. 1400 K.C. Approx. 600 K.C.	Exactly 455 K.C. Exactly 1620 K.C. Approx. 1400 K.C. Approx. 600 K.C.	Adjust R.F. coil trimmer for minimum 465 K.C. signal. Adjust 1620 K.C. oscillator trimmer for maximum output. While rocking gang condenser adjust 1400 K.C. loop trimmer for maximum output. While rocking gang condenser adjust 600 K.C. oscillator padder for maximum output.
3	5.7 to 18.3 M.C. Band	Exactly 18.3 M.C. Approx. 15 M.C.	400 Ohm carbon resistor 400 Ohm carbon resistor	High side to BLUE Antenna Lead. Low side to chassis through a .01 mfd. condenser.	Adjust 18.3 M.C. oscillator trimmer for maximum output. While rocking gang condenser adjust 15 M.C. antenna trimmer for maximum output.



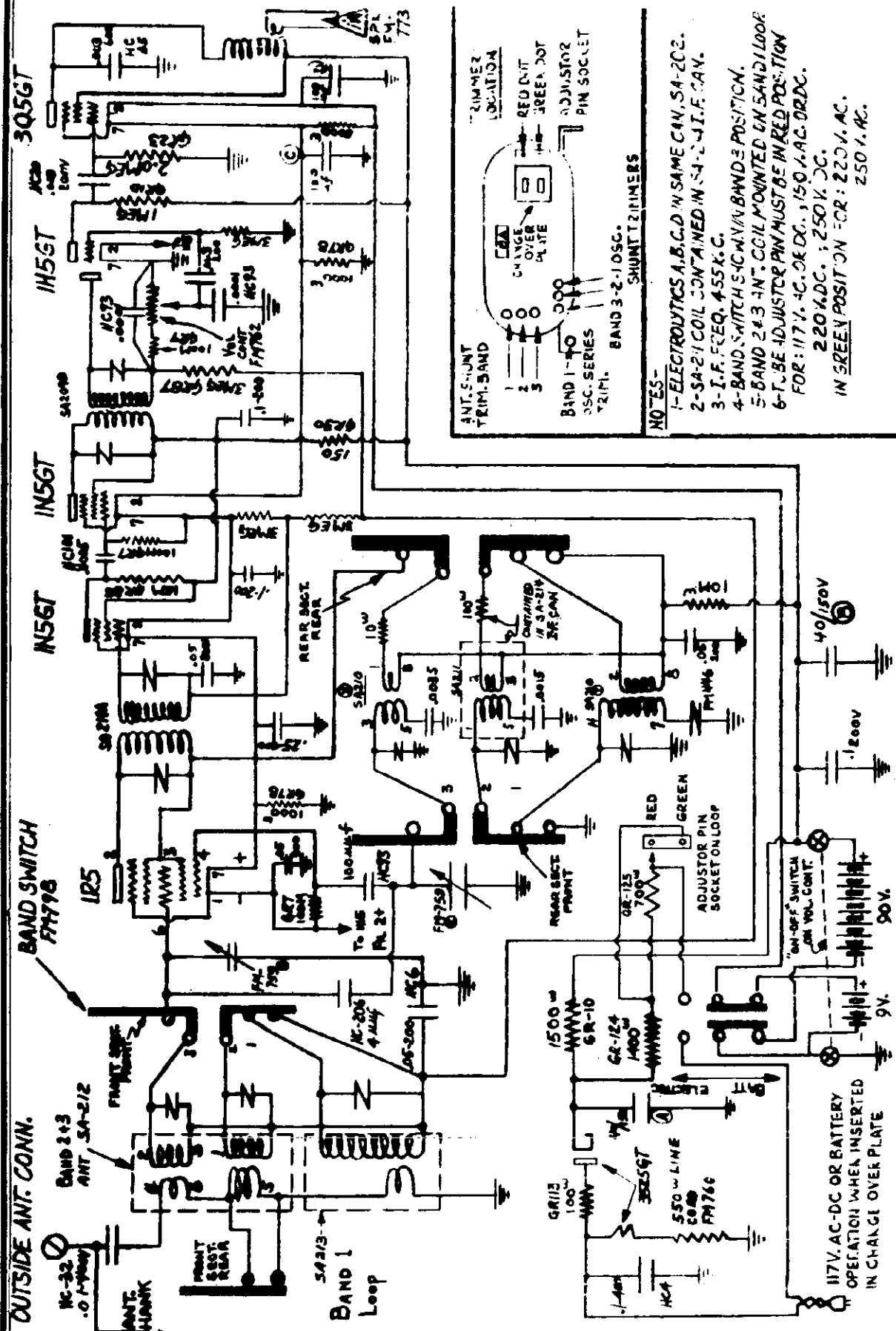
NOTE - PARTS 21 AND 34 ARE OMITTED ON NON-UNDERWRITERS

MODEL 6A-127

ALLIED RADIO CORP.



ANDREA RADIO CORP.



TRIMMER LOCATION

ANT. SHUNT TRIM. BAND 1-3
 BAND 1-40 OSC. SERIES TRIM. BAND 2-10 OSC. SHUNT TRIMERS
 NO 25-

1-ELECTROLYTICS A, B, C, D IN SAME CAN, SA-202.
 2-SA-210 COIL CONTAINED IN SA-212 J.F. CAN.
 3-I.F. FREQ. 455 K.C.
 4-BAND SWITCH 540 W/V IN BAND 3 POSITION.
 5-BAND 2 & 3 ANT. COIL MOUNTED ON SAND LOOP.
 6-TUNE ADJUSTOR PIN MUST BE IN RED POSITION FOR: 117 V. AC OR DC, 150 V. AC OR DC.
 IN GREEN POSITION FOR: 220 V. AC, 250 V. AC.

ANDREA RADIO CORP. MODEL PI-6
 MADE IN U.S.A.
 PART NO. X D-3

OUTSIDE ANT. CONN.

BAND 2 & 3 ANT. SA-212

FRONT SECT. REAR

SA-213

BAND 1 Loop

GR-125 700Ω

REAR SECT. FRONT

ADJUSTOR PIN SOCKET ON LOOP

ON-OFF SWITCH ON VOL. CONT.

117V. AC-DC OR BATTERY OPERATION WHEN INSERTED IN CHARGE OVER PLATE

9V.

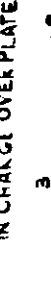
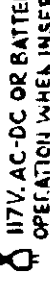
40/150V

1.200V

SA-210 BAND 1 AND 3 OSCILLATOR COIL

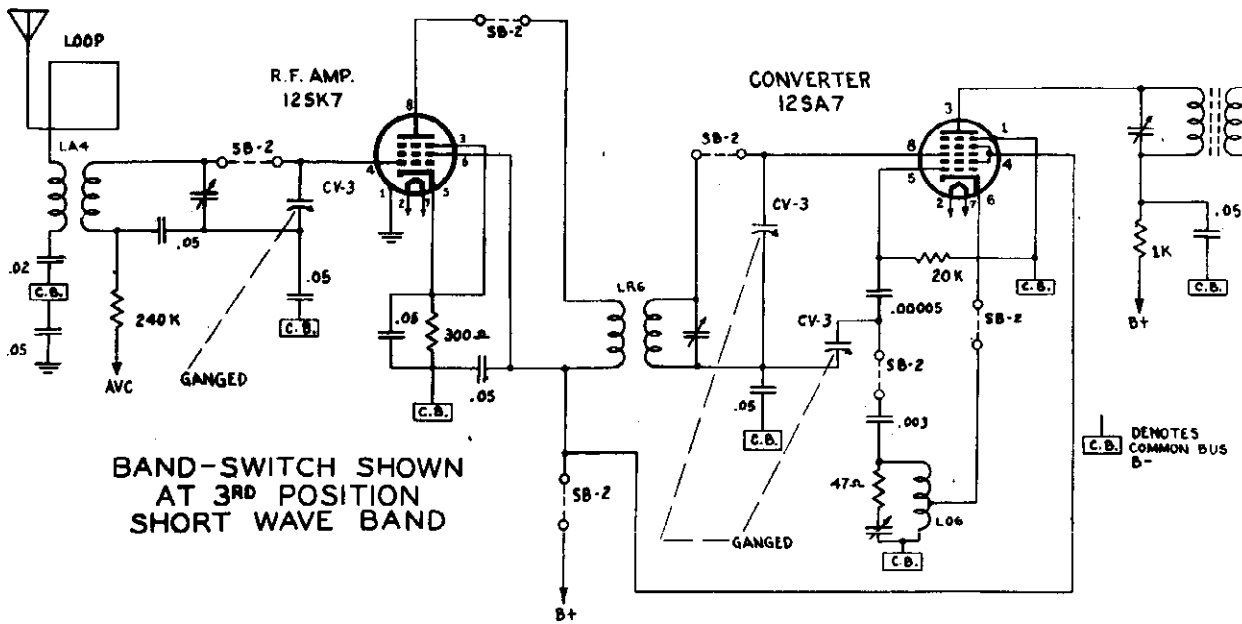
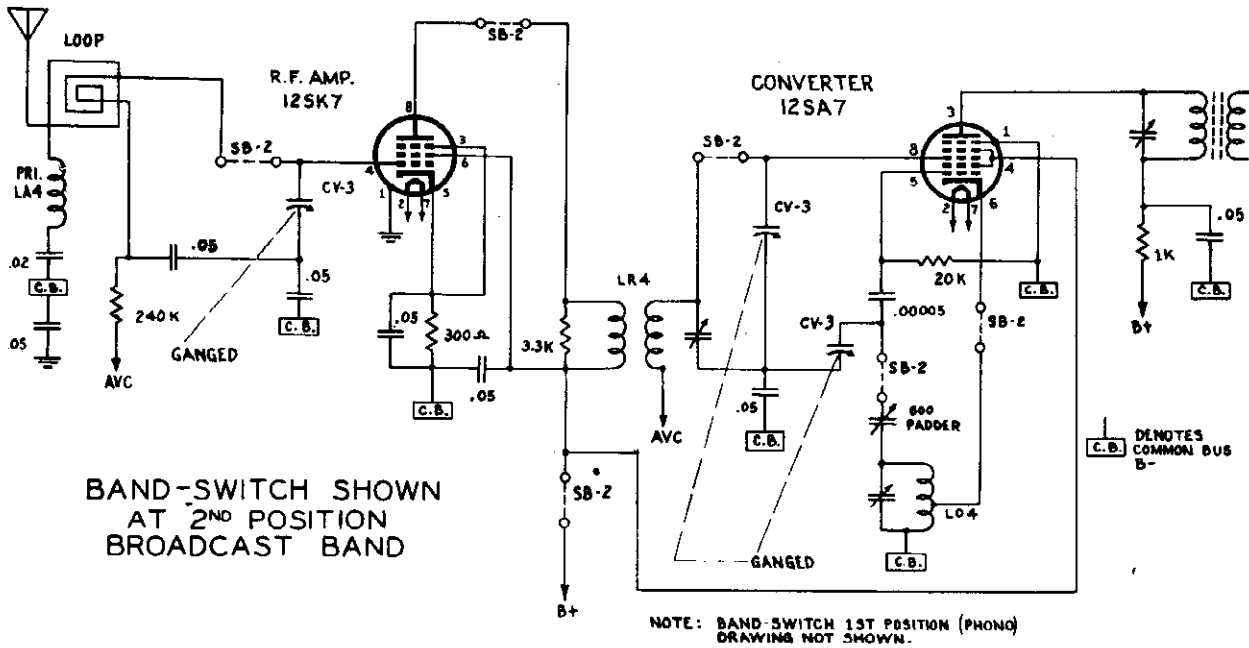
SA-211 BAND 2 OSCILLATOR COIL

SA-212 BAND 2 AND 3 ANTENNA



ANSLEY RADIO CORP.

MODEL 32



MODEL 32

ANSLEY RADIO CORP.

Alignment Instructions - Model 32

1. It is not necessary to remove the RF and IF/Audio Chassis from the housing to align the RF section. The IF section can be aligned, while in the case, by using an offset screwdriver.
2. After removing the metal case from the cabinet, the interlock switch, located on the IF/Audio chassis, must be closed. This can be done by jamming a wooden block between the chassis and the switch button.
3. Connect output meter across the voice coil. The simplest way of accomplishing this is to clip the meter leads on pins # 1 & 5 of the speaker plug socket - on the underside of the chassis.
4. Insert power plug in socket and turn volume control switch on.
5. Padder adjustments can be made by inserting a long thin - insulated shaft - screwdriver, from the front, up under the RF chassis to the padder adjustment screw. Trimmer adjustments can be made directly from the front of the set. Location of the various trimmers from left to right (facing front of set) is as follows: SW Ant. Trimmer, SW RF Coil Trimmer, BC RF Coil Trimmer, SW Oscillator Coil Trimmer and BC Oscillator Coil Trimmer.
6. It is not necessary to connect the loop when aligning the set. To align the Broadcast band, connect the signal generator output across the green wire on the antenna terminal strip and bus. To align the Short Wave band, connect signal generator across the blue wire on the antenna terminal strip and bus.
7. Align set in accordance with the table below (Note: Signal generator should be set for 400 cycle 30% modulated output, receiver volume control is set at maximum, and all adjustments are made for maximum reading).

Dummy Antenna	Sig.Gen. Connection	Sig.Gen. Frequency	Band Sw. Position	Tuning Points	Remarks
.05 MFD	Mixer Grid and Bus	456KC	BC	IF Trimmers	Tuning Cond. at Max.
.05 MFD	Green Wire and Bus	620KC	BC	BC OSC Padder	Set Dial at 62 See Below **
.05 MFD	Green Wire and Bus	1620KC	BC	BC OSC Trimmer	Set Dial at 162 See Below **
.05 MFD	Green Wire and Bus	1620 KC	BC	BC RF Trimmer	Set Dial at 162 See Below *
400 ohms	Blue Wire and Bus	17.6	SW	SW OSC Trimmer	Set Dial at 17.6
400 ohms	Blue Wire and Bus	17.6	SW	SW RF Ant. Trimmers	Set Dial at 17.6 See Below *

* When aligning the SW band use caution not to align on the image frequency, which will be found lower on the dial.

** Repeat these steps as often as necessary until both ends of Broadcast Band are tracking perfectly.

8. Tracking Check Points are:

BC - 620KC	SW - 6.7 MC
BC - 1120KC	SW - 12.2 MC
BC - 1620KC	SW - 17.6 MC

MODELS 41, 41A

ANSLEY RADIO CORP.

Alignment Instructions - Model 41 & 41A (Paneltone)

To align the Models 41 & 41A, it is not necessary to remove the chassis from the panel. However, the interlock switch - located on the rectifier chassis must be closed. This can best be done by using a U clamp placed over the button and body of the switch. Such a clamp can be made of a piece of steel 3" x 3/4" x 3/32" bent to form a U with a width of 1 3/8".

To align the IF stages proceed as follows:

- a. Connect signal generator across Mixer trimmer and chassis. Signal generator should be set for 456 kc, 400 cycle, 30% modulated output. The mixer section of the tuning condenser is the section nearest the tuning dial.
- b. Connect output meter across voice coil.
- c. Turn set on.
- d. Adjust IF trimmers for maximum output.

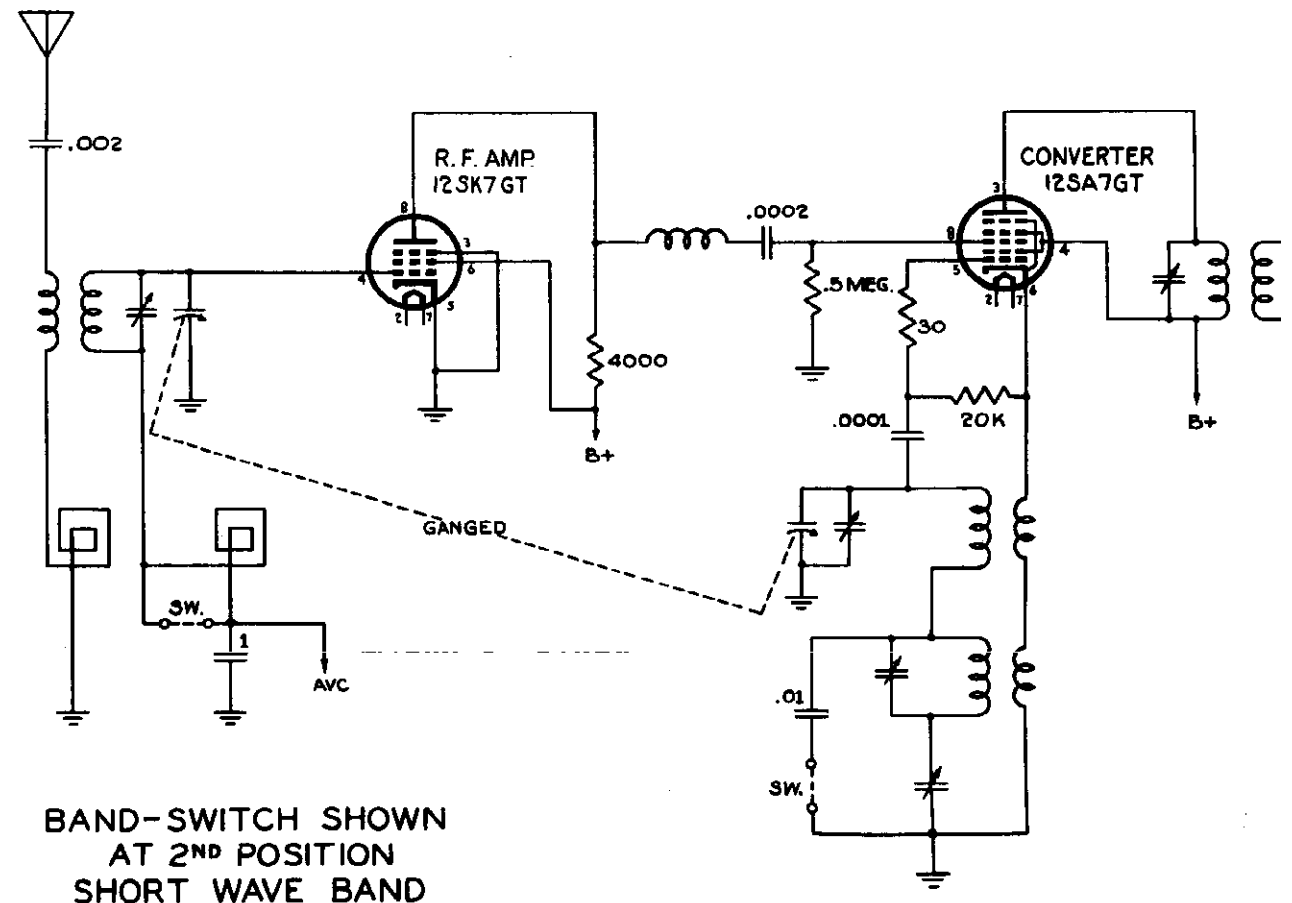
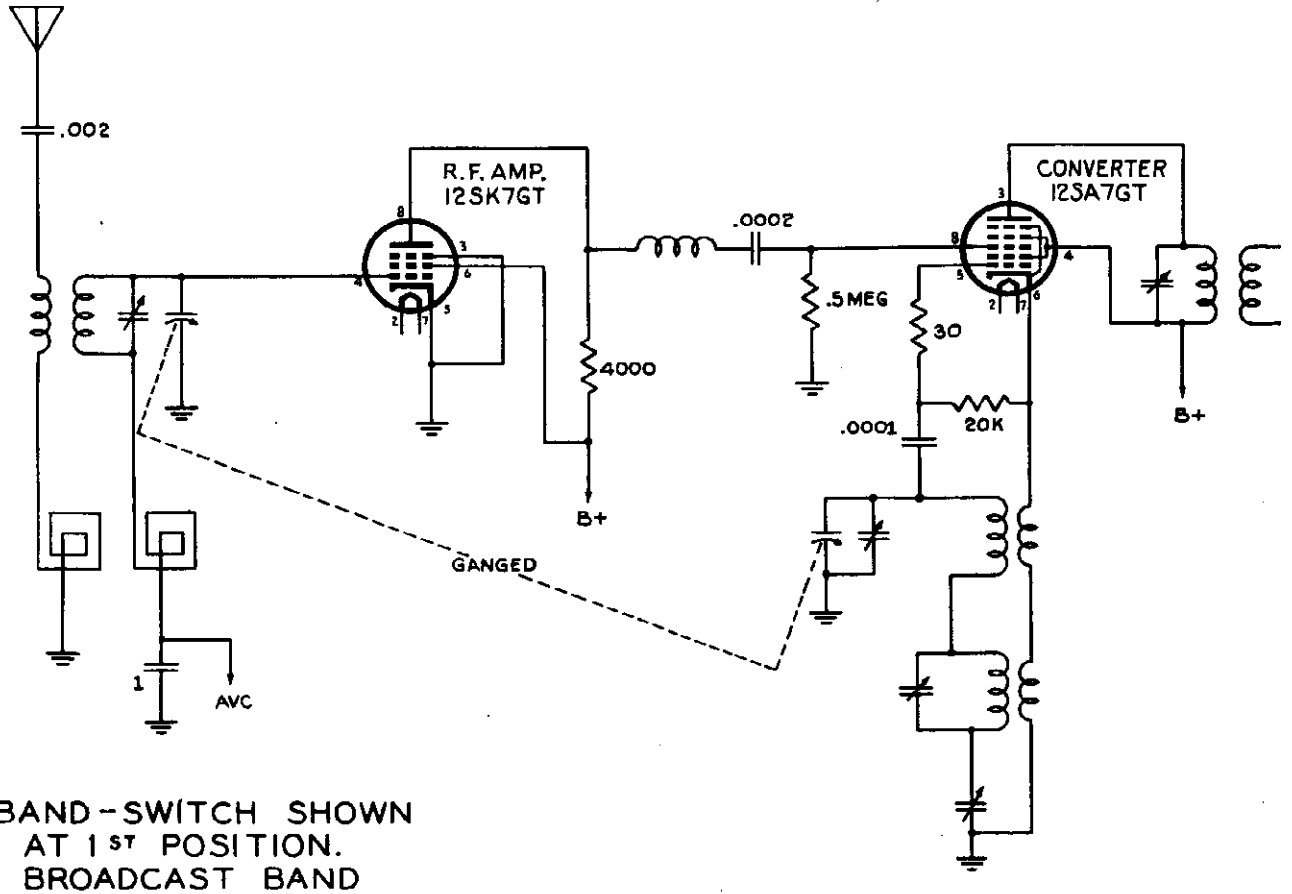
To align the RF section proceed as follows:

- a. Connect signal generator across antenna and ground terminals. Set generator for 620 kc. output (400 cycles, 30% modulated).
- b. Set tuning dial at 62.
- c. Peak oscillator padder at 620 kc. The oscillator padder is located directly under the tuning dial therefore it is necessary to tune the padder from the underside of the chassis, using either a flexible shaft or offset screwdriver.
- d. Retune signal generator for 1670 kc. output and set tuning dial at 167.
- e. Peak Oscillator and Mixer trimmers at 1670 kcs.
- f. Repeat steps a, b, c, d, & e as often as necessary until set is tracking correctly.
- g. Peak Antenna Trimmer at 1670 kcs.

Tracking check points are:- 620, 1140, and 1670 kcs.

Oscillations which develop during alignment of the RF section can usually be cured by keeping the lead from the Antenna Tuning Condenser to the Antenna coil close to the chassis.

AUTOMATIC RADIO MFG. CO., INC.



MODELS 601,602
 MODEL 611
 MODEL 612X
 MODEL 613X
 MODELS 614X,616X
 MODEL 640
 MODEL 650
 MODEL 670
 MODEL 677

AUTOMATIC RADIO MFG. CO., INC.

ALIGNMENT DATA

Models 601, 611, and 640 are aligned the same as the models listed below except no wave trap and no 12SK7 R. F. stage. I. F. and oscillator range setting to be all done from grid of the 12SA7 tube.

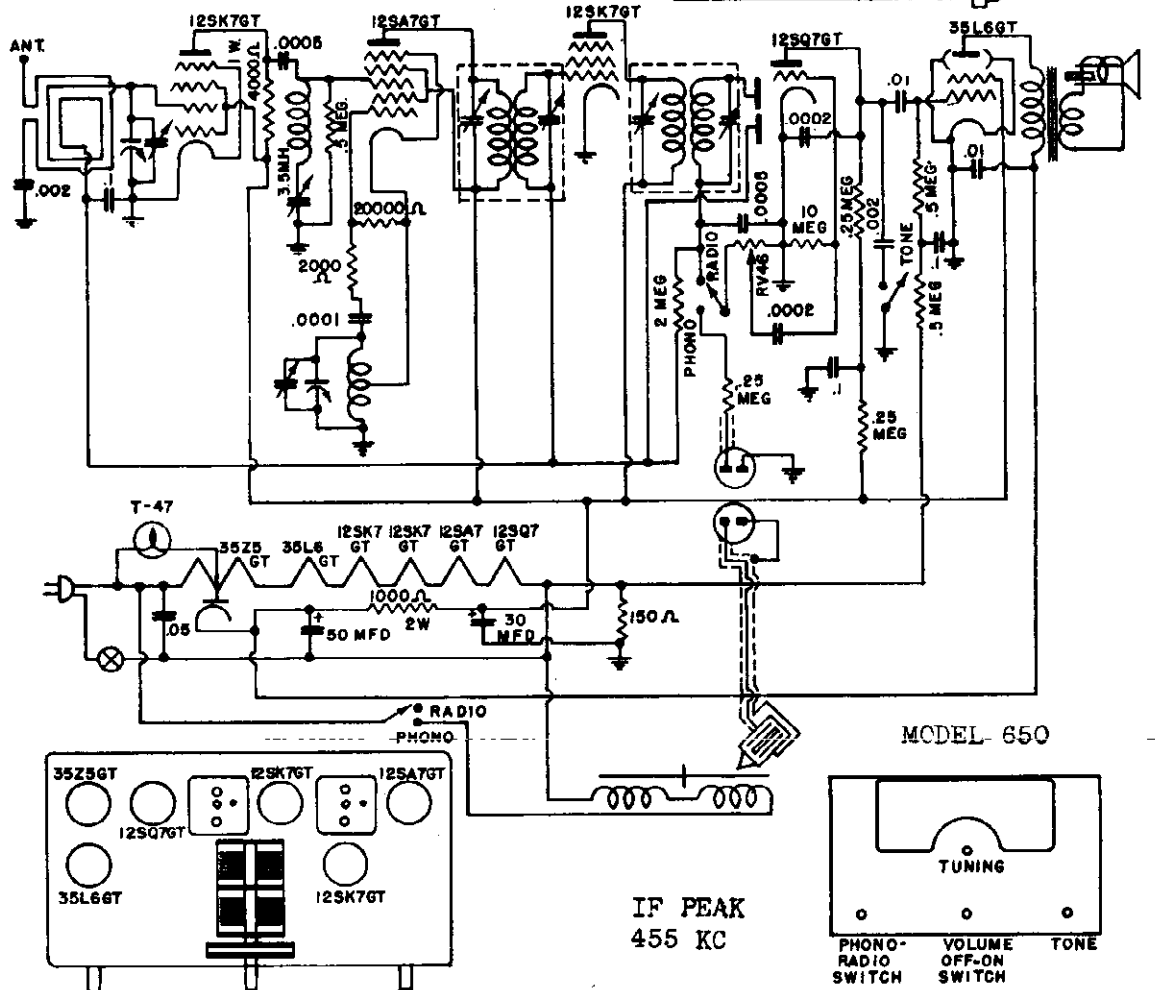
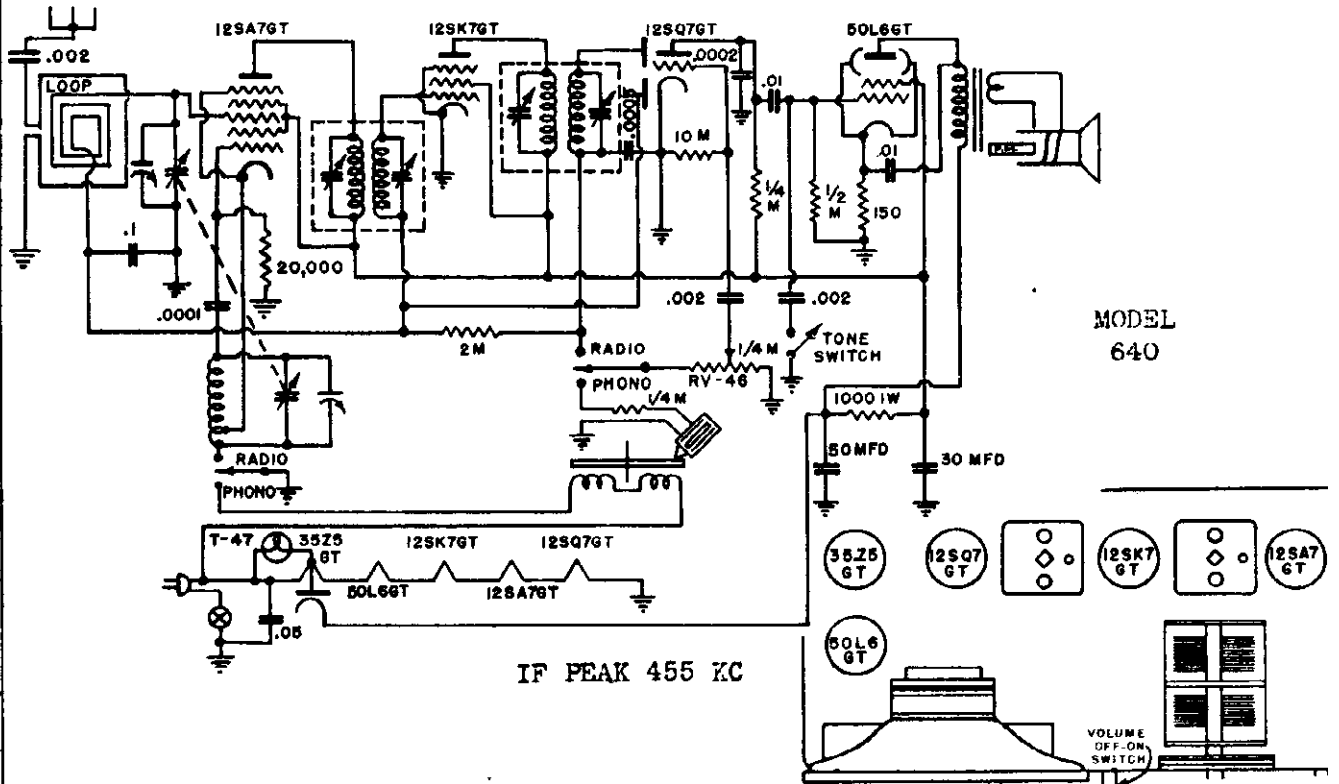
MODELS 612X, 613X, 614X, 616X, 650, 670, and 677

1. Connect signal generator, set at 455 KC, through a .1 mfd coupling condenser to the grid of the 12SA7GT tube.
2. Connect an output meter across speaker voice coil.
3. Adjust trimmers on I. F. transformers for a maximum output as indicated on the output meter.

NOTE:

- a. Volume Control should be set at the full position.
 - b. Keep signal generator output at a low value so that receiver AVC action will not affect alignment.
4. Connect signal generator, still set at 455 KC, to grid of 12SK7 R. F. tube.
 5. Adjust wave trap trimmer, located under chassis, for minimum output.
 6. Set signal generator to 1685 KC.
 7. Turn tuning condenser to the minimum capacity position, plates out.
 8. Adjust front (oscillator) trimmer on tuning condenser until generator signal is picked up.
 9. Set signal generator to 1400 KC.
 10. Connect output leads of signal generator in the form of a single turn loop and place this loop several inches away from the receiver loop antenna.
 11. Tune receiver until generator signal is picked up. (It may be necessary to adjust the signal generator output to a maximum in order for the receiver to pick the signal up in this fashion.)
 12. Adjust rear (antenna) trimmer on tuning condenser for maximum output.

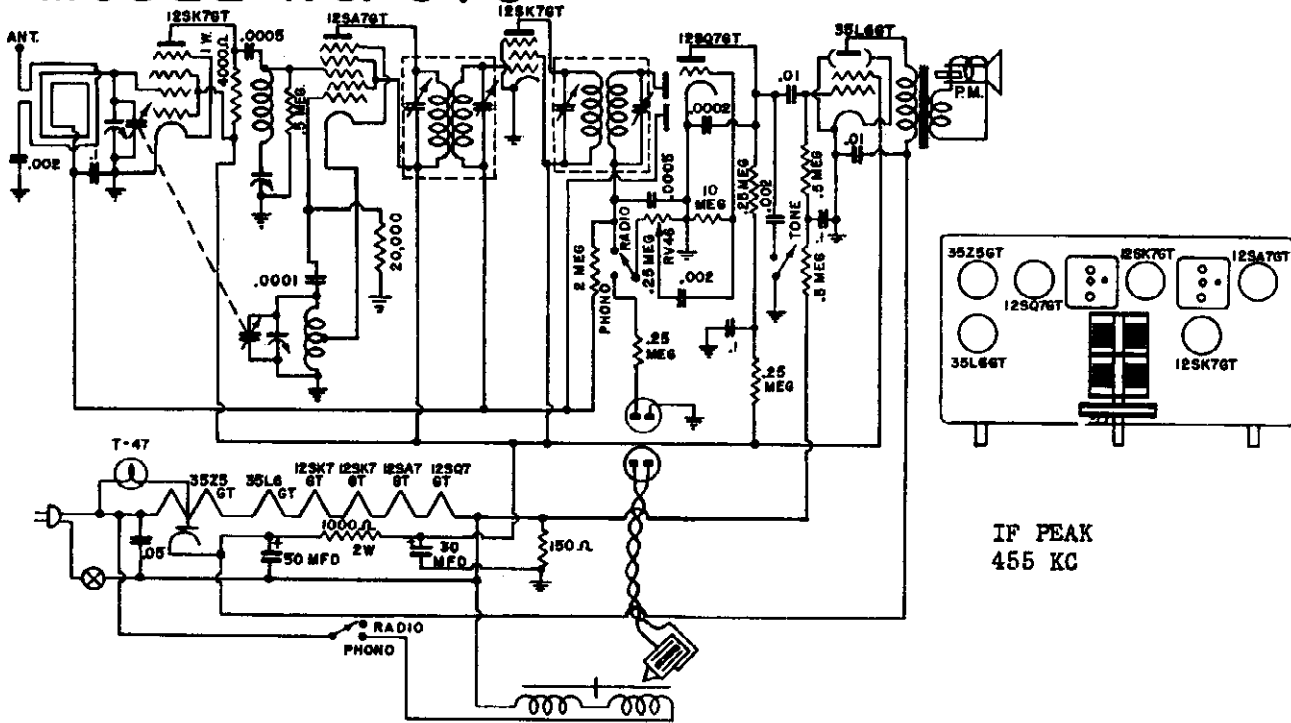
AUTOMATIC RADIO MFG. CO., INC.



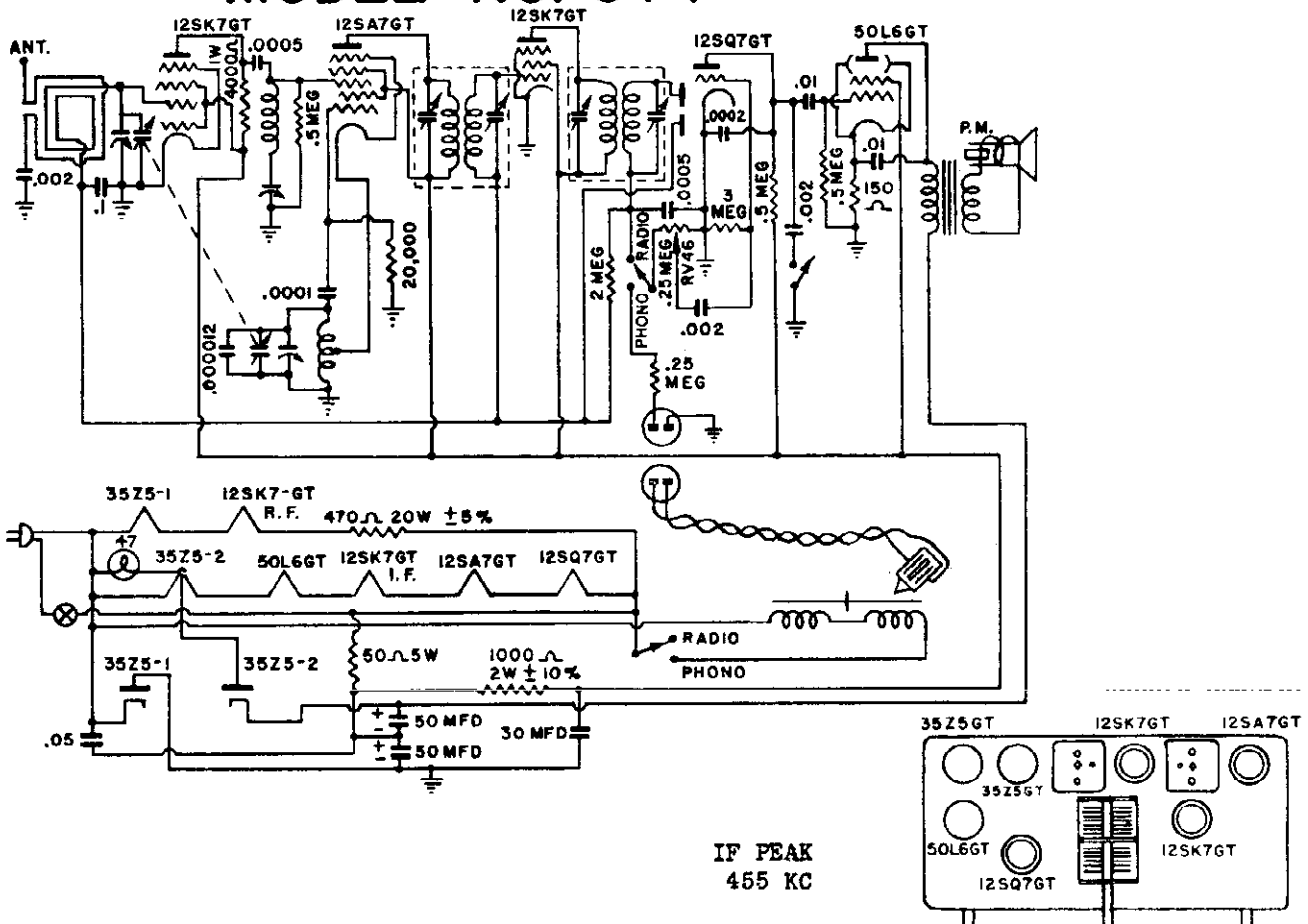
MODEL 670
MODEL 677

AUTOMATIC RADIO MFG. CO., INC.

MODEL NO. 670

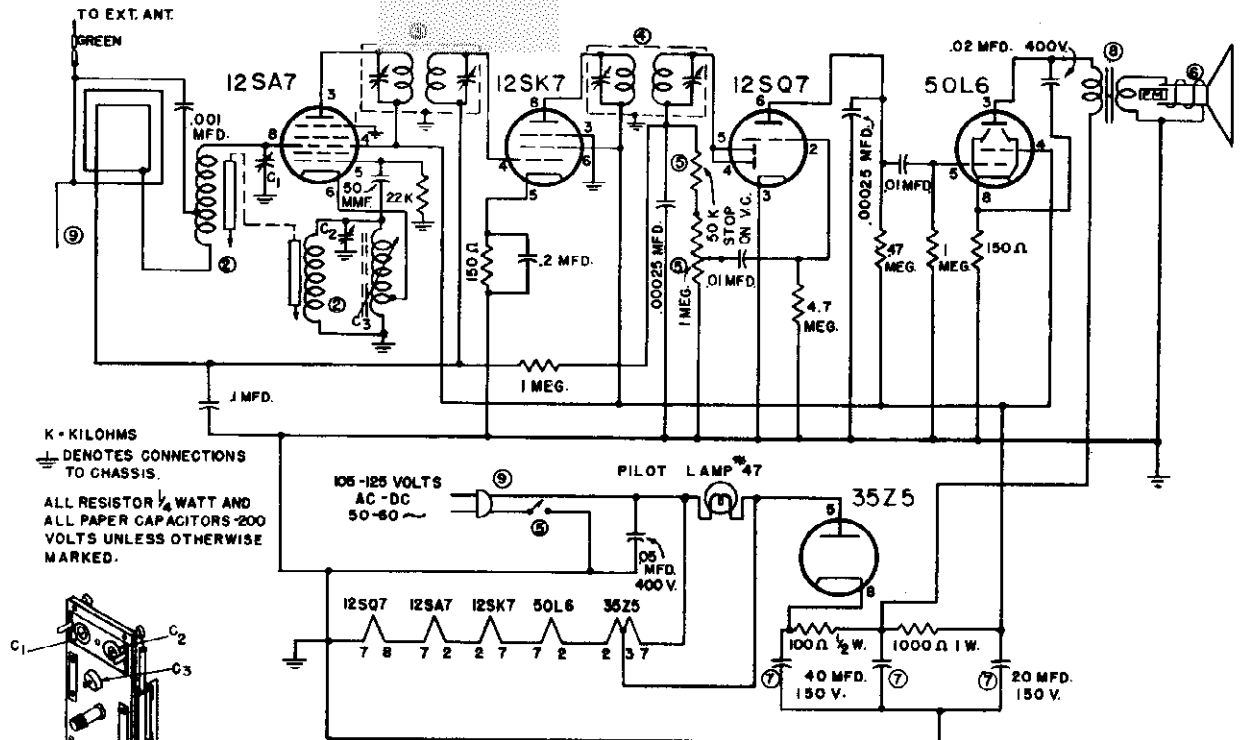


MODEL NO. 677

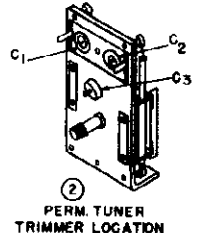


BELLE ELECTRONICS CORP.

MODEL 125-1



K - KILOHMS
 ⊥ DENOTES CONNECTIONS TO CHASSIS.
 ALL RESISTOR 1/4 WATT AND ALL PAPER CAPACITORS 200 VOLTS UNLESS OTHERWISE MARKED.



- ① 1.426 LOOP ASSEMBLY
- ② 36.103 PERMEABILITY TUNER
- ③ 1.259 1ST I.F. TRANSFORMER
- ④ 1.409 2ND I.F. TRANSFORMER
- ⑤ 6.200-1 VOLUME CONTROL & SWITCH
- ⑥ 30.300 RM. 5" SPEAKER
- ⑦ 5.400-8 ELECTROLYTIC CAP 40-40-20 MFD.
- ⑧ 9.200 OUTPUT TRANSFORMER
- ⑨ 20.207 LINE CORD & AMPLICORD ANTENNA

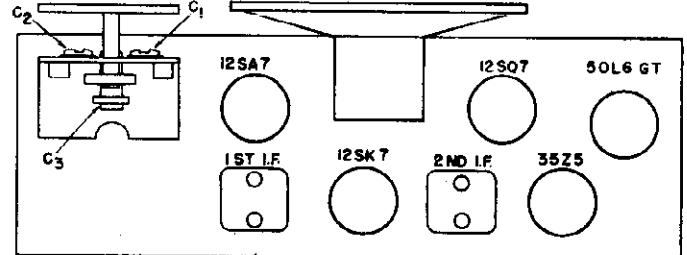
ALIGNMENT: Should it become necessary at any time to check the alignment of this receiver, proceed as follows:

- (1) Set the Signal Generator to 455 KC and connect to the Antenna Trimmer (C1) of the Permeability Tuner. Connect the Signal Generator ground lead to the chassis. Connect a suitable Output Meter across the Speaker Voice Coil Connections. Turn the Volume Control to the maximum position. Turn the Permeability Tuner to the extreme clockwise position (cores out of coils).
- (2) Adjust the trimmers located at the top of the first and second I. F. Transformers for maximum output as indicated on the Output Meter.
- (3) Set the Signal Generator to 1620 KC and loosely couple through a 2 or 3 turn loop to the receiver loop.
- (4) With the Permeability Tuner set at the extreme clockwise position (cores out of coils), tune in the 1620 KC signal by means of the Oscillator Trimmer (C2).
- (5) Set the Signal Generator to 1500 KC and turn the Tuning Control so that this frequency is indicated on the dial. Adjust the Antenna Trimmer (C1) on the Permeability Tuner for maximum output.
- (6) Set the Signal Generator to 600 KC and turn the Tuning Control so that this frequency is indicated on the dial. Adjust the Oscillator Shunt Coil (C3) for maximum response while "rocking" the Signal Generator. Recheck the High Frequency Oscillator Trimmer (C2) and re-peak the Antenna Trimmer (C1) for maximum response.

TUBES:

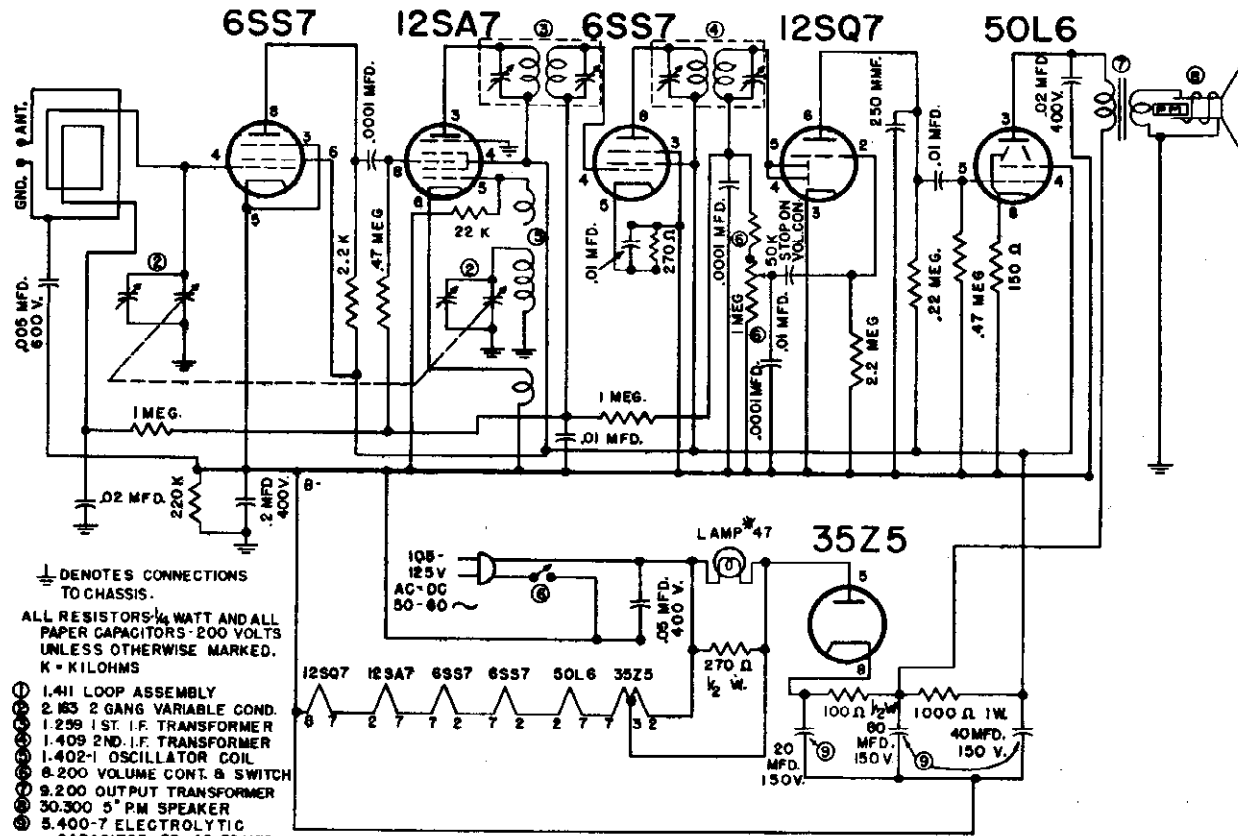
- 12SA7 Converter
- 12SK7 I-F Amplifier
- 12SQ7 Detector, AVC, A-F Ampl.
- 50L6GT Beam Power Amplifier
- 35Z5GT Rectifier

NOTE: Oscillator and Antenna Coil Saddles have been set and adjusted at the factory. Do not attempt to readjust the Oscillator or Antenna Coil Saddles during the above alignment procedure or serious mis-tracking will occur, resulting in loss of sensitivity at various points in the band.



MODEL 126

BELLE ELECTRONICS CORP.



⊥ DENOTES CONNECTIONS TO CHASSIS.

ALL RESISTORS $\frac{1}{4}$ WATT AND ALL PAPER CAPACITORS 200 VOLTS UNLESS OTHERWISE MARKED. K = KILOHMS

- ① 1.41 LOOP ASSEMBLY
- ② 123 2 GANG VARIABLE COND.
- ③ 1.259 1ST. I.F. TRANSFORMER
- ④ 1.409 2ND. I.F. TRANSFORMER
- ⑤ 1.402-1 OSCILLATOR COIL
- ⑥ 6.200 VOLUME CONT. & SWITCH
- ⑦ 9.200 OUTPUT TRANSFORMER
- ⑧ 30.300 5" PM SPEAKER
- ⑨ 5.400-7 ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR - 80-40-20 MFD.

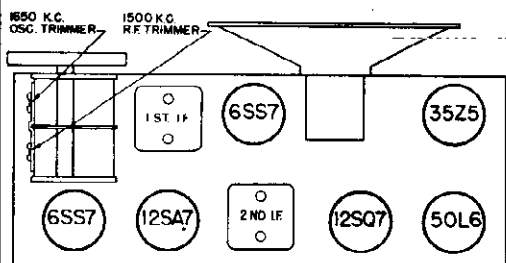
I.F. - 455 K.C.

ALIGNMENT: Should it become necessary at any time to check the alignment of this receiver, proceed as follows:

- (1) Set the Signal Generator to 455 KC and connect to the grid of the 6SS7 R. F. Amplifier, or to the Stator Lug on the rear section of the Variable Capacitor. Connect the Signal Generator Ground Lead to a "-B" point underneath the chassis. Connect a suitable output meter across the Speaker Voice Coil Connections. First turn the Volume Control to the maximum position. Turn the Variable Capacitor to the extreme clockwise position.
- (2) Adjust the trimmers located at the top of the first and second I. F. Transformers for maximum output as indicated on the Output Meter.
- (3) Loosely couple the Signal Generator lead to the Loop and set to 1650 KC.
- (4) With the Variable Capacitor set at the extreme clockwise position, tune in the 1650 KC signal by means of the Oscillator Trimmer on the Variable Capacitor (front section).
- (5) Set the Signal Generator to 1500 KC and turn the Tuning Control so that this frequency is indicated on the dial. Adjust the Antenna Trimmer on the Variable Capacitor (rear section) for maximum output. No other adjustments are necessary.

TUBES:

- 6SS7 R. F. Amplifier
- 12SA7 Converter
- 6SS7 I. F. Amplifier
- 12SQ7 Detector, Avc and Audio Amp.
- 50L6GT Beam Power Amplifier
- 35Z5GT Rectifier



TRIMMER AND TUBE LOCATION DIAGRAM

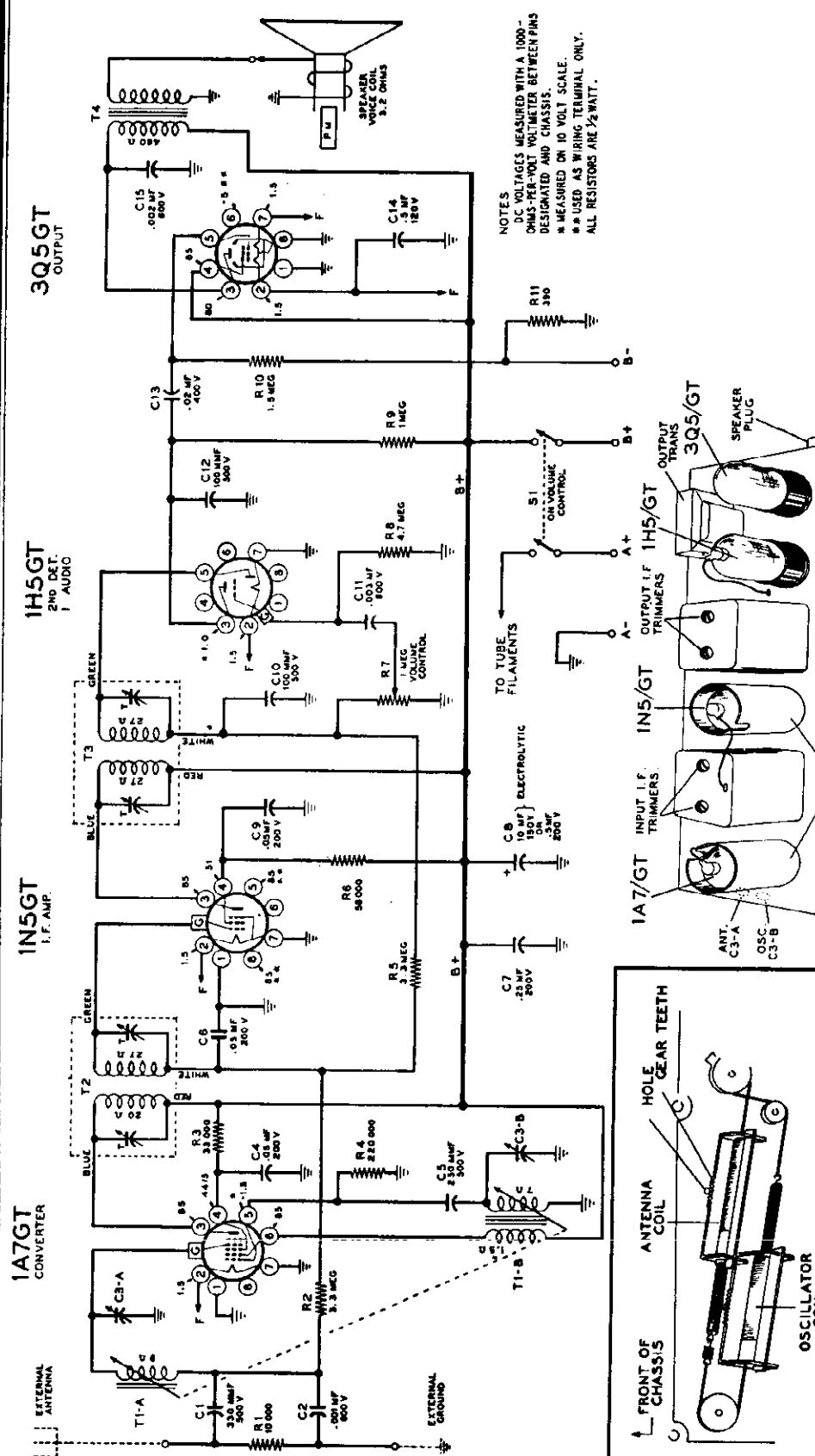
LINE VOLTAGE: This receiver is designed for operation on 105-125 Volts, 50-60 Cycles, either Alternating or Direct Current (AC-DC)

POWER CONSUMPTION: 30 Watts.

TUNING RANGE: Broadcast: 540 to 1650 Kilocycles (180 to 555 meters).

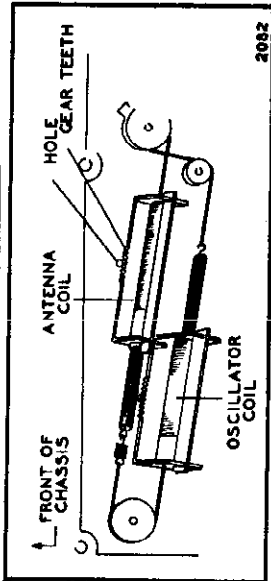
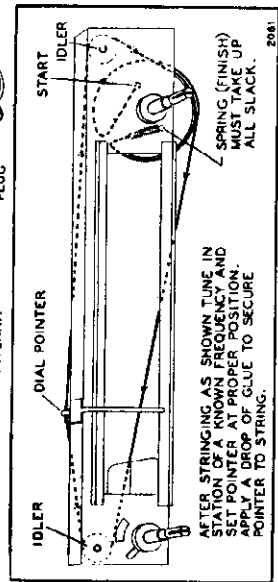
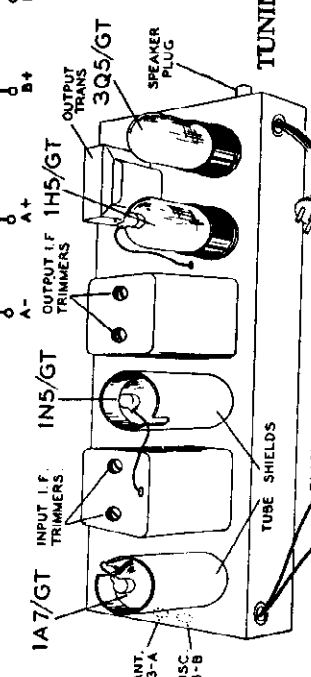
DIAL: The Dial Scale is calibrated in Kilocycles.

BELMONT RADIO CORP.



NOTES
 DC VOLTAGES MEASURED WITH A 1000-
 OHMS-PER-VOLT WOLFFMETER BETWEEN PINS
 DESIGNATED AND CHASSIS.
 * MEASURED ON 10 VOLT SCALE.
 ** USED AS WIRING TERMINAL ONLY.
 ALL RESISTORS ARE 1/2 WATT.

- TUNING.....Two permeability-tuned cir-
cuits.
- ANTENNA.....External only. Also external
ground.
- SPEAKER.....5-inch; P.M., 1.5-ounce mag-
net; voice coil impedance
3.2 ohms.
- POWER OUTPUT.....160 milliwatts undistorted.
250 milliwatts maximum.
- SENSITIVITY.....20 microvolts average for
50-milliwatt output.
- SELECTIVITY.....48 kc broad at 1000 times



View of Coil Assembly

The antenna coil assembly is movable left or right. When making the adjustment as required in the alignment procedure, move the coil assembly very slowly, either by hand or by pivoting one edge of a screwdriver blade in the hole and engaging the blade in the gear teeth of the coil form.

POWER SUPPLY.....A Battery—1.5 volts, 250 ma.
 B Battery—90 volts, 14 ma.

FREQUENCY RANGE.....535 to 1720 kc.
 INTERMEDIATE FREQ.....455 kc.

MODEL 4B17
 MODELS 4B112, 4B113

BELMONT RADIO CORP.

ALIGNMENT INSTRUCTIONS FOR MODELS 4B17, 4B112, 4B113

- Output meter across 3.2-ohm output load.
- Align for maximum output. Reduce input as needed to keep output near 0.4 volts.
- Volume control at maximum for all adjustments.
- Connect ground post of signal generator to radio chassis.

SIGNAL GENERATOR			TUNER SETTING	ADJUST FOR MAXIMUM OUTPUT (in order shown)
Frequency	Dummy Antenna	Connection to Radio		
455 kc	.1 mf	Grid (top cap) of 1A7GT	Iron cores all the way out	Trimmers on output and input I.F. cans
1720 kc, 4B17 1700 kc, 4B112, 4B113	.1 mf	Grid (top cap) of 1A7GT	Iron cores all the way out	Oscillator trimmer C3-B
1720 kc, 4B17 1700 kc, 4B112, 4B113	200 mmf	Antenna lead	Iron cores all the way out	Antenna trimmer C3-A
1400 kc	200 mmf	Antenna lead	Turn dial to 1400 kc	Adjust position of antenna coil (see coil view)*

* This adjustment and the previous adjustment are interlocking; therefore repeat the two adjustments alternately for best results.

MODEL 4B17

REPLACEMENT PARTS LIST

MODELS 4B112, 4B113

Ref. No.	Part No.	Description
CAPACITORS *		
C1	C-8F3-11	330 mmf, 20%, mica
C2	C-8D-10929	.001 mf, 600 volts, 10%
C3-A, B	A-8H-10807	Dual trimmer; antenna (42-78 mmf) and oscillator (84-156 mmf)
C4, C6	C-8D-10770	.05 mf, 200 volts, 20%
C9		
C5	C-8F3-10	220 mmf, 20%, mica
C7	C-8D-10775	.25 mf, 200 volts, +20%—10%
C8	C-8D-11270	.5 mf, 200 volts, +20%—10%
	or	
	119117	10 mf, 150 volts, electrolytic
C10, C12	C-8F3-113	100 mmf, 10%, mica
C11	C-8D-10786	.003 mf, 600 volts, 20%
C13	C-8D-10774	.02 mf, 400 volts, 20%
C14	10017	.5 mf, 120 volts, +50%—10%
C15	C-8D-10784	.002 mf, 600 volts, 25%

Ref. No.	Part No.	Description
RESISTORS *		
R1	C-9B1-19	10,000 ohms, 1/2 watt, 20%
R2, R5	C-9B1-34	3.3 megohms, 1/2 watt, 20%
R3	C-9B1-80	33,000 ohms, 1/2 watt, 10%
R4	C-9B1-27	220,000 ohms, 1/2 watt, 20%
R6	C-9B1-83	56,000 ohms, 1/2 watt, 10%
R7, S1	A-10A-10155	Volume control (1 megohm) and on-off switch
R8	C-9B1-35	4.7 megohms, 1/2 watt, 20%
R9	C-9B1-31	1 megohm, 1/2 watt, 20%
R10	C-9B1-32	1.5 megohms, 1/2 watt, 20%
R11	C-9B1-57	390 ohms, 1/2 watt, 10%

Ref. No.	Part No.	Description
TRANSFORMERS AND COILS		
T1-A, B	C-211-10171	Tuning assembly complete, including antenna and oscillator coils
T2	108202C	Input I.F. coil, complete in can (range of trimmers: pri. 60-110 mmf, sec. 40-70 mmf)
T3	108153D	Output I.F. coil, complete in can (range of trimmers: 40-70 mmf each)
T4	10591B	Output transformer

Ref. No.	Part No.	Description
MISCELLANEOUS		
B-18A-10164		Speaker, 5", P.M.
121210		Socket, for tubes (4 used)
A-55A-7386-1		Connector, for speaker plug
10724		Plug, on speaker leads
B-14A-10152		Battery cable assembly
A-2G-10162		Pointer, for dial
115396		Tube shield (for 1N5GT, 1A7GT)
A-5B-10170-1		Knob (volume control, tuning)
B-6D-10618		Dial scale
B-2M-7758		Snap-in rivet for dial scale
A-6D-10163		Crystal for dial
A-2F-10165		On-off indicator
A-49A-10173		Spring for on-off indicator
A-3A-10156		Tuning shaft
A-53A-10576		Cord, for dial pointer drive (32")
A-49A-11324		Spring for dial pointer drive cord

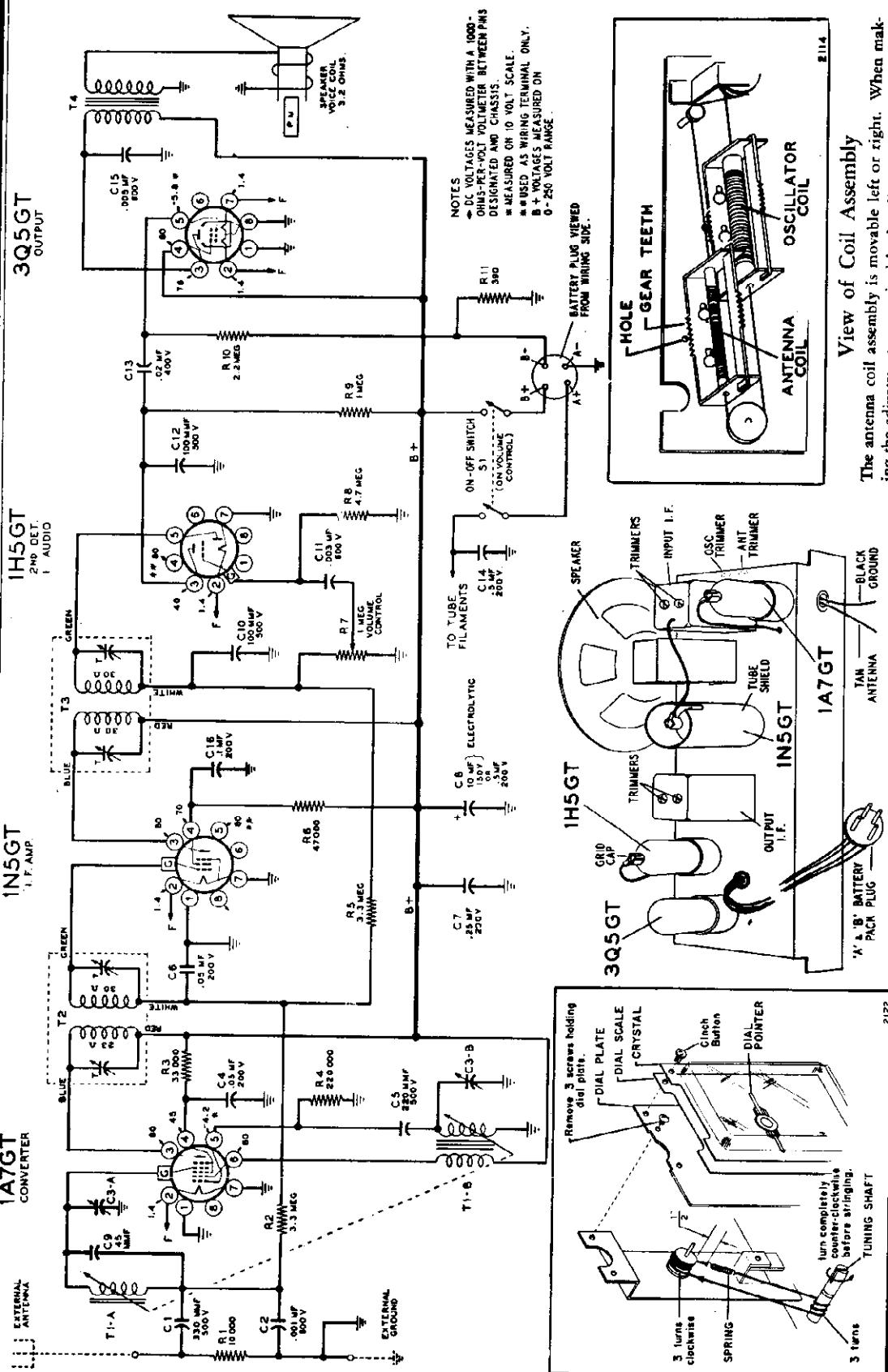
Ref. No.	Part No.	Description
CAPACITORS *		
C1	C-8F3-11	330 mmf, 20%, mica
C2	C-8D-10787	.001, 600 volts, 20%
C3-A, B	124165	Dual trimmer, antenna and oscillator. Range of each: 84-156 mmf
C4, C6	C-8D-10770	.05 mf, 200 volts, 20%
C5	C-8F3-10	220 mmf, 20%, mica
C7	C-8D-10775	.25 mf, 200 volts, +20%—10%
C8	C-8D-11270	.5 mf, 200 volts, +20%—10%
	or	
	119117	10 mf, 150 volts, electrolytic
	129177	45 mmf, 5%, ceramicon
C9		
C10, C12	C-8F3-8	100 mmf, 20%, mica
C11	C-8D-11013	.003 mf, 600 volts, 10%
C13	C-8D-10774	.02 mf, 400 volts, 20%
C14	C-8D-11270	.5 mf, 200 volts, +20%—10%
C15	C-8D-10935	.005 mf, 600 volts, +40%—15%
C16	C-8D-10771	.1 mf, 200 volts, +20%—10%

Ref. No.	Part No.	Description
RESISTORS *		
R1	C-9B1-19	10,000 ohms, 1/2 watt, 20%
R2, R5	C-9B1-34	3.3 megohms, 1/2 watt, 20%
R3	C-9B1-80	33,000 ohms, 1/2 watt, 10%
R4	C-9B1-27	220,000 ohms, 1/2 watt, 20%
R6	C-9B1-82	47,000 ohms, 1/2 watt, 10%
R7, S1	101250	Volume control (1 megohm) and on-off switch
R8	C-9B1-35	4.7 megohms, 1/2 watt, 20%
R9	C-9B1-31	1 megohm, 1/2 watt, 20%
R10	C-9B1-33	2.2 megohms, 1/2 watt, 20%
R11	C-9B1-57	390 ohms, 1/2 watt, 10%

Ref. No.	Part No.	Description
COILS AND TRANSFORMERS		
T1-A, B	1364	Tuning assembly complete, including antenna and oscillator coils
T2	108202	Input I.F. coil complete in can. Range of trimmers: primary, 60-110 mmf; secondary, 40-70 mmf
T3	108153B	Output I.F. coil complete in can. Range of trimmers: 40-70 mmf ea.
T4	10591B	Output transformer

Ref. No.	Part No.	Description
MISCELLANEOUS		
	114238	Speaker, 5-inch, P.M.
	121210	Tube socket
	115396	Tube shield
	107361	Battery cable assembly
	128621-18	Cabinet, walnut
	128621-9	Cabinet, ivory
	128523-17	Knob, walnut
	128523-8	Knob, ivory
	128626R	Back for cabinet, walnut
	128626	Back for cabinet, ivory
	131356	Tec-pins for securing back
	112920	Dial scale
	13143	Snap-in rivets for dial scale
	112914	Crystal for dial
	112908B	Pointer
	A-53A-10989	Cord for dial pointer drive
	120184	Spring for drive cord
	112915	On-off indicator
	120405	Spring for indicator
	120409	Trip for indicator

BELMONT RADIO CORP.



NOTES
 → DC VOLTAGES MEASURED WITH A 1000-
 OHM-PER-VOLT VOLTMETER BETWEEN PINS
 DESIGNATED AND CHASSIS
 → MEASURED ON 10 VOLT SCALE
 → USED AS WIRING TERMINAL ONLY.
 B+ VOLTAGES MEASURED ON
 0-250 VOLT RANGE

View of Coil Assembly

The antenna coil assembly is movable left or right. When making the adjustment as required in the alignment procedure, move the coil assembly very slowly, either by hand or by pivoting one edge of a screwdriver blade in the hole and engaging the blade in the gear teeth of the coil form.

- SPEAKER..... 5-inch; P.M.; voice coil impedance 3.2 ohms.
- POWER OUTPUT..... 180 milliwatts undistorted. 300 milliwatts maximum.

POWER SUPPLY..... A Battery—1.5 volts, 250 ma.

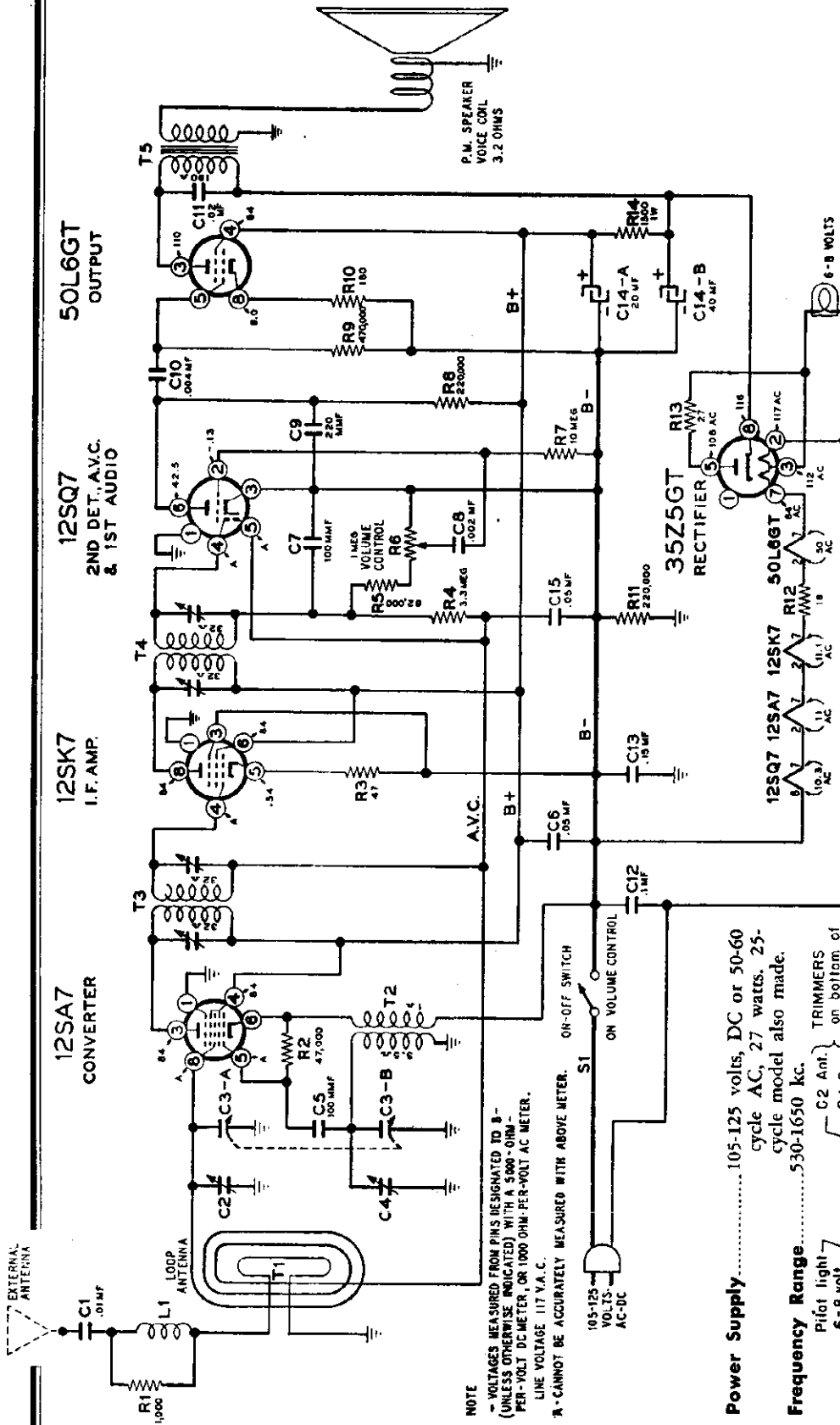
- B Battery—90 volts, 14 ma.
- FREQUENCY RANGE..... 540 to 1700 kc.
- INTERMEDIATE FREQ..... 455 kc.
- TUNING..... Two permeability-tuned circuits.
- ANTENNA..... External only. Also external ground

Replacement of Dial Pointer Drive Cord

- SENSITIVITY..... 30 microvolts average for 50-milliwatt output.
- SELECTIVITY..... 48 kc broad at 1000 times signal at 1000 kc.

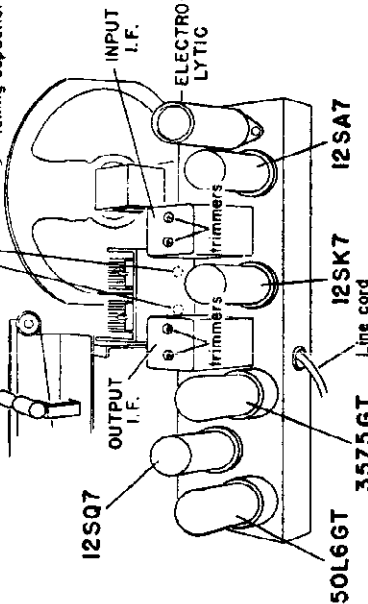
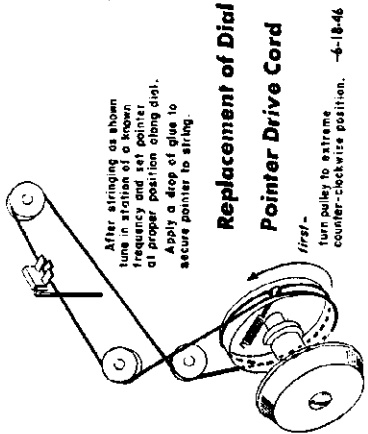
MÓDEL 5D128

BELMONT RADIO CORP.



NOTE
 - VOLTAGES MEASURED FROM PINS DESIGNATED TO B-
 (UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED) WITH A 5,000 OHM
 PER-VOLT DC-METER, OR 1,000 OHM PER-VOLT AC-METER.
 LINE VOLTAGE 117 V.A.C.
 *A-CANNOT BE ACCURATELY MEASURED WITH ABOVE METER.

- Intermediate Freq 455 kc.
- Antenna Built-in loop; provisions also for external antenna connection.
- Tuning Two-gang capacitor.
- Speaker 5-inch, P.M., voice coil impedance 3.2 ohms.
- Power Output 0.94 watt undistorted, 1.4 watts maximum.
- Sensitivity 30 microvolts average for 50-milli watt output.
- Selectivity 52 kc broad at 1000 times signal at 1000 kc.



- Power Supply 105-125 volts, DC or 50-60 cycle AC, 27 watts. 25-cycle model also made.
- Frequency Range 530-1650 kc.
- Pilot light 6-8 volt
- TRIMMERS on bottom of tuning capacitor
- C2 Ant.
- C4 Osc.

BELMONT RADIO CORP.

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

- Output meter across 3.2-ohm output load.
- Volume control at maximum.
- Chassis must be removed from cabinet for proper alignment. Slight adjustments of the oscillator and antenna trimmers can be made, without removing the

- chassis, through holes provided on the bottom of the cabinet.
- Connect ground post of signal generator to B— of radio.
- Align for maximum output. Reduce input as needed to keep output near 0.4 volts.

SIGNAL GENERATOR			TUNER SETTING	ADJUST TRIMMERS TO MAXIMUM OUTPUT (in order shown)
Frequency	Coupling Capacitor	Connection to Radio		
455 kc	.1 mf	12SA7 grid	Rotor full open (plates out of mesh)	Input and output trimmers on IF cans
1650 kc	.1 mf	12SA7 grid	Rotor full open (plates out of mesh)	Oscillator trimmer C4
1400 kc†	None	See note below	1400 kc	Antenna trimmer C2

† For this adjustment chassis should be remounted in cabinet and loop connected. Lay generator lead near loop and turn up output. Loop will pick up energy. Antenna trimmer can be reached through a hole in the bottom of the cabinet.

REPLACEMENT PARTS LIST

When ordering parts, specify part number, model number, and series

Ref. No.	Part No.	Description
CAPACITORS		
C1	C-8D-10761	.01 mf, 400 volts, 20%
C3-A, B	B-8A-10754	Two-gang, including antenna and oscillator trimmers. Range of gang: 11-388 mmf (ant.) and 8.5-162 mmf (osc.)
C2, C4		
C5, C7	C-8F3-8	100 mmf, 20%, mica
C6, C15	C-8D-10770	.05 mf, 200 volts, 20%
C8	C-8D-10789	.002 mf, 600 volts, 20%
C9	C-8F3-10	220 mmf, 20%, mica
C10	C-8D-10788	.004 mf, 600 volts, 20%
C11	C-8D-10774	.02 mf, 400 volts, 20%
C12	C-8D-10760	.1 mf, 400 volts, +20%—10%
C13	C-8L-10953	.15 mf, 400 volts, +20%—10%
C14-A, B	11992	Electrolytic, 60 cycles, 40 mf-20 mf, 150 volts
	or	
	11993	Electrolytic, 25 cycles, 60 mf-40 mf, 150 volts
RESISTORS*		
R1	C-9B1-13	1000 ohms, 1/2 watt, 20%
R2	C-9B1-82	47,000 ohms, 1/2 watt, 10%
R3	C-9B1-46	47 ohms, 1/2 watt, 10%
R4	C-9B1-34	3.3 megohms, 1/2 watt, 20%
R5	C-9B1-85	82,000 ohms, 1/2 watt, 10%
R6, S1	101198	Volume control (1 megohm) and on-off switch
R7	C-9B1-37	10 megohms, 1/2 watt, 20%
R8, R11	C-9B1-27	220,000 ohms, 1/2 watt, 20%
R9	C-9B1-29	470,000 ohms, 1/2 watt, 20%
R10	C-9B1-33	180 ohms, 1/2 watt, 10%
R12	C-9B1-41	18 ohms, 1/2 watt, 10%
R13	C-9B1-43	27 ohms, 1/2 watt, 10%
R14	C-9B2-64	1500 ohms, 1 watt, 10%
COILS AND TRANSFORMERS		
L1	12311	Load coil
T1	C-212-10095	Loop antenna assembly, including coil L1, resistor R1, and capacitor C1
T2	A-13D-10748	Oscillator coil
T3	B-13B-10091	Input I.F. transformer, complete in can. Range of trimmers: 45-85 mmf each

NOTE ON TUBE REPLACEMENT
Replace a defective metal 12SK7 tube with another metal tube. Replace a glass 12SK7 tube with a metal tube or with an exact duplicate of the tube now in the set.

Ref. No.	Part No.	Description
T4	B-13B-10812	Output I.F. transformer complete in can. Range of trimmers: 56-104 mmf each
T5	B-12C-10735	Output transformer
DIAL AND TUNING PARTS		
	B-5B-10994-9	Tuning knob
	128523-8	Volume knob
	A-3F-10995	Locking screw for tuning knob
	120388	Locking spring for tuning knob
	128292B-8	Pushbutton
	A-6D-10758	Dial scale
	112857	Dial crystal
	112745	Dial pointer
	131211	Snap-in rivets for dial scale and crystal
	115361R	Lever and roller (roller faces away from gang)
	115361L	Lever and roller (roller faces gang)
	120285	Return spring for lever
	115146	Cam
	115143	Keywasher (11 used)
	1209	Cord for dial pointer drive (15")
	120285	Spring for drive cord

MISCELLANEOUS		
	114201	Speaker, 5-inch, P.M.
	A-15B-10440	Tube socket (all tubes but 12SK7)
	121171	Tube socket (for 12SK7)
	B-15B-10076	Socket for electrolytic
	10798	Line cord and plug
	107249	Pilot light, type T-47
	107342	Pilot light socket assembly
	128561-9	Cabinet
	131193	Snap-in rivets, for cabinet back
	134123	Rubber foot
	112784	Set of call letters
	112606	Acetate tabs for pushbuttons

* The values of the resistors listed above are based on RMA standards, equally well with resistors of other groups. An illustration of the difference between standard and pre-standardized values follows: Pre-standardized value—200,000 ohms, 1/2 watt, 10%; RMA value—220,000 ohms, 1/2 watt, 10%.

DIAL LIGHT—If the dial lamp burns out the set should not be operated until a new lamp has been installed. Failure to heed this caution may result in a burned-out 35Z5GT tube. To replace the lamp it is necessary to remove the back (see under "Tubes" below). Use only a type T-47 lamp for replacement.

TUBES—Tubes which have weakened with age may cause poor or erratic reception; therefore have the tubes tested periodically and replace those which are weak. To reach the tubes, pry off the four snap-in rivets which secure the back to the cabinet. Take care not to break the connections of the three wires to the loop antenna

on the inside of the back. Tubes are removed most easily by rocking them back and forth gently while lifting. When replacing tubes, refer to the Chassis View to make sure that the replacements are properly made. **IMPORTANT:** See note in parts list concerning tube replacement.

SETTING THE PUSHBUTTONS—The pushbuttons may be used, after proper adjustment, for the automatic tuning of any five stations on the standard broadcast band. They can be set up in any order.

1. Turn on the radio.
2. Push out the call letters of the five stations from the call-letter sheets supplied with this manual.
3. Insert one call-letter tab in the rectangular opening in the front of each pushbutton, in any order. Press an acetate tab (supplied in small envelope) into each of the pushbuttons.
4. With the screwdriver supplied, check to see that the locking screw in the center of the tuning knob (see front view) is loose. If it is not, turn it several turns to the left (counterclockwise).

5. Press the first pushbutton down *all the way*. With one hand hold the button down firmly and with the other carefully tune in the desired station. Release the pushbutton.

6. Follow this procedure for each of the four other buttons, setting each one for a different station.

7. Rotate the tuning knob on the side of the cabinet as far to the right as it will go. Tighten the locking screw in the center of the knob. *It is important that this screw be tightened very firmly.*

8. The pushbuttons are now properly set for automatic tuning. Any of the five stations may be tuned in simply by pressing the proper button down as far as it will go. If you wish to reset any of the buttons for a new station, loosen the locking screw, set the pushbutton as described above, and re-tighten the locking screw.

REMOVAL OF CHASSIS—If for any reason you wish to remove the radio chassis from the cabinet, proceed as follows: First be sure the line cord is disconnected from the house power receptacle. Then take off the back as described under "Tubes" above.

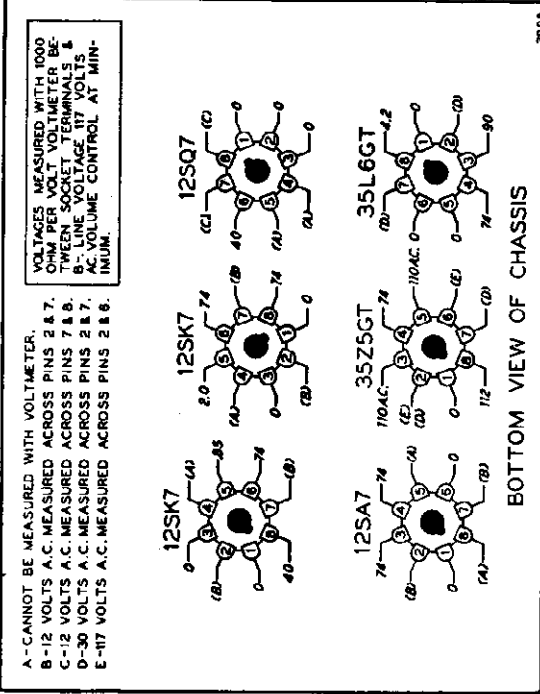
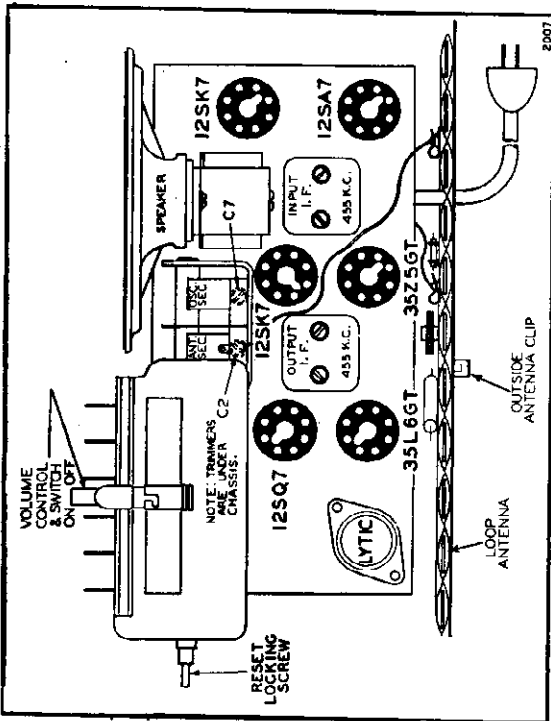
Pull the volume control knob off its shaft. Unscrew the locking screw in the center of the tuning knob and pull the knob off its shaft. Remove the four chassis mounting screws from the bottom of the cabinet. The chassis can now be slipped out.

After the chassis is replaced the automatic pushbuttons will probably have to be reset.

ANTENNA AND GROUND—If an external antenna is used, check it periodically to make sure that all connections are clean and tight and that the antenna is insulated from the ground at all points.

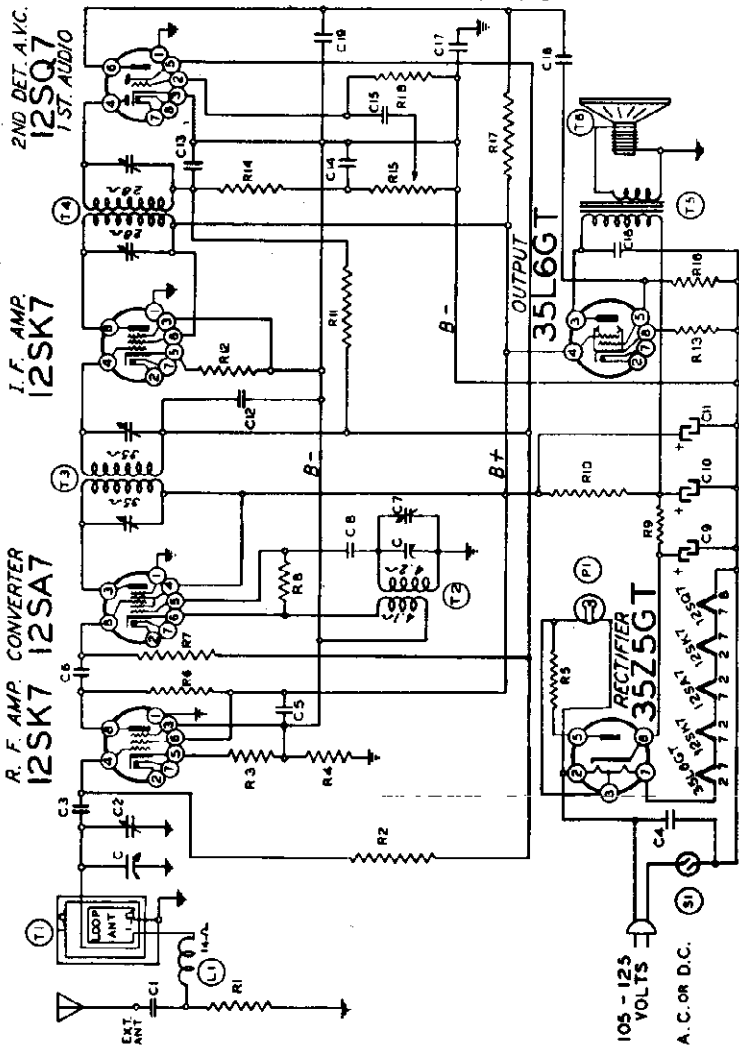
MODEL 6D111
Series A

BELMONT RADIO CORP.



VOLTAGES AT TUBE SOCKET TERMINALS

SELECTIVITY 55 Kc. broad at 1000 x signal at 1000 Kc.
 POWER OUTPUT (in voice coil) 1.0 watt
 UNDISTORTED 0.8 watt
 MAXIMUM 1.0 watt
 VOICE COIL IMPEDANCE 3.2 ohms



RESISTORS

R1 4700 ohms, 1/2 W., ±10%
 R2 1 megohm, 1/2 W., ±20%
 R3 100 ohms, 1/2 W., ±10%
 R4 150,000 ohms, 1/2 W., ±20%
 R5 22 ohms, 1/2 W., ±10%
 R6 4700 ohms, 1/2 W., ±10%
 R7 100,000 ohms, 1/2 W., ±20%
 R8 47,000 ohms, 1/2 W., ±20%
 R9 180 ohms, 1 W., ±10%
 R10 1200 ohms, 1 W., ±10%
 R11 3.3 megohms, 1/2 W., ±20%
 R12 390 ohms, 1/2 W., ±10%
 R13 150 ohms, 1/2 W., ±10%
 R14 47,000 ohms, 1/2 W., ±20%
 R15 Volume control, 1 megohm
 R16 470,000 ohms, 1/2 W., ±20%
 R17 220,000 ohms, 1/2 W., ±20%
 R18 4.7 megohms, 1/2 W., ±20%

CONDENSERS

C1 2 gang variable
 C2 .002 x 600 volts
 C3 Antenna trimmer on gang
 C4 .0005 mica
 C5 1 x 400 volts
 C6 .25 x 200 volts
 C7 .0001 mica
 C8 Oscillator trimmer on gang

MISCELLANEOUS

L1 Loading coil
 P1 Pilot light bulb, type T-47
 S1 On-off switch on volume control
 T1 Loop antenna, complete
 T2 Oscillator coil
 T3 Input I.F. coil, 455 Kc.
 T4 Output I.F. coil, 455 Kc.
 T5 speaker
 T6 5-inch P.M. speaker

105 - 125 VOLTS A.C. OR D.C.

RESETTING SCREW

VOLUME CONTROL SWITCH ON/OFF

NOTE: TRANSFORMERS C2, C3, C4, C5, C6, C7, C8, C9, C10, C11 are in same unit. In 25-cycle sets, values are 60 mfd., 40 mfd., 40 mfd.

10 microvolts average
 Intermediate frequency 455 Kc.
 Power consumption 35 Watts

A - CANNOT BE MEASURED WITH VOLTMETER.
 B - 12 VOLTS A.C. MEASURED ACROSS PINS 2 & 7.
 C - 12 VOLTS A.C. MEASURED ACROSS PINS 7 & 8.
 D - 30 VOLTS A.C. MEASURED ACROSS PINS 2 & 7.
 E - 117 VOLTS A.C. MEASURED ACROSS PINS 2 & 8.

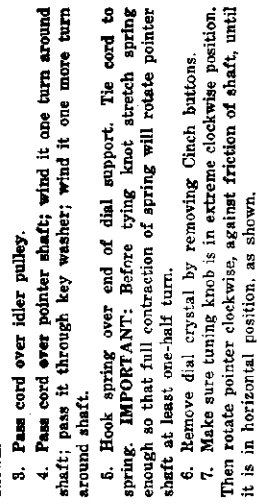
VOLTAGES MEASURED WITH 1000 OHM PER VOLT VOLTMETER BETWEEN SOCKET TERMINALS & GROUND. LINE VOLTAGE 117 VOLTS MINIMUM.

BELMONT RADIO CORP.

REPLACING DIAL POINTER DRIVE CORD

Six inches of cord are required in the set. Use a piece slightly longer so that knots may be tied at each end. Numbers below correspond to circled numbers in diagram.

1. Rotate tuning knob to extreme clockwise position. This closes tuning condenser. Knob should remain in this position until installation is completed.
2. Tie knot at one end of cord and place it in key washer as shown. Wind cord one turn around shaft in direction shown.
3. Pass cord over idler pulley.
4. Pass cord over pointer shaft; wind it one turn around shaft; pass it through key washer; wind it one more turn around shaft.
5. Hook spring over end of dial support. Tie cord to spring. **IMPORTANT:** Before tying knot stretch spring enough so that full contraction of spring will rotate pointer shaft at least one-half turn.
6. Remove dial crystal by removing Clinch buttons.
7. Make sure tuning knob is in extreme clockwise position. Then rotate pointer clockwise, against friction of shaft, until it is in horizontal position, as shown.



SETTING THE PUSHBUTTONS

The pushbuttons may be used, after proper adjustment, for the automatic tuning of any six stations which you select. They can be set up in any order.

1. Turn on the radio. Allow it to warm up for at least one minute.
2. Push out the call letters of the six stations from the call-letter sheets supplied with this manual. Press an acetate tab (supplied in small envelope) into each of the pushbuttons.
3. Insert one call-letter tab in the rectangular opening in each of the pushbuttons, in any sequence.
4. Check to see that the locking screw in the center of the tuning knob (see illustration) is loose. If it is not, turn it several turns to the left (counterclockwise). A coin may be used for this purpose.
5. Press the first pushbutton down all the way. With one hand hold the button down firmly and with the other carefully tune in the desired station. Release the pushbutton.
6. Follow this procedure for each of the five other buttons, adjusting each one for a different station.
7. Rotate the tuning knob on the side of the cabinet as far to the right as it will go. Tighten the locking screw in the center of the knob. **IT IS IMPORTANT THAT THIS SCREW BE TIGHTENED VERY FIRMLY.**

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

- No aligning adjustments should be attempted until all other possible causes of trouble have been checked.
- Chassis must be removed from cabinet for proper alignment.
- Connections between the oscillator and antenna circuits can be made with the chassis removed, through two holes provided on the bottom of the cabinet. The two adjustment screws can be turned, using insulated screwdriver.
- It is important that during alignment the loop antenna be maintained at the same distance from the chassis as when the chassis is installed in the cabinet.
- Turn volume control to maximum for all adjustments.
- Connect ground post of signal generator to B- of chassis.
- Connect dummy antenna valve in series with generator output lead.
- Connect output meter across primary of output transformer.

Band	Signal Generator Frequency Setting	Dummy Antenna	Connection to Radio	Tuning Condenser Setting	Adjust for Maximum Output (see chassis view)
I.F.	485 Kc.	0.1 mfd.	Grid of 12SA7	Rotor full open (plates out of mesh)	4 trimmers on input and output I.F. transformers
Broadcast	1650 Kc.	0.1 mfd.	Grid of 12SA7	Rotor full open (plates out of mesh)	Oscillator trimmer C7 on bottom of radio
	1400 Kc.	None	See note A	Set dial at 1400 Kc.	Antenna trimmer C8 on bottom of radio

Note A: Lay output lead of generator in back of loop antenna. Turn up generator output. Loop antenna will pick up energy.

NOTE ON TUBE REPLACEMENT

Replace a defective metal 12SK7 tube with another metal tube or with an exact duplicate of the tube now in the set.

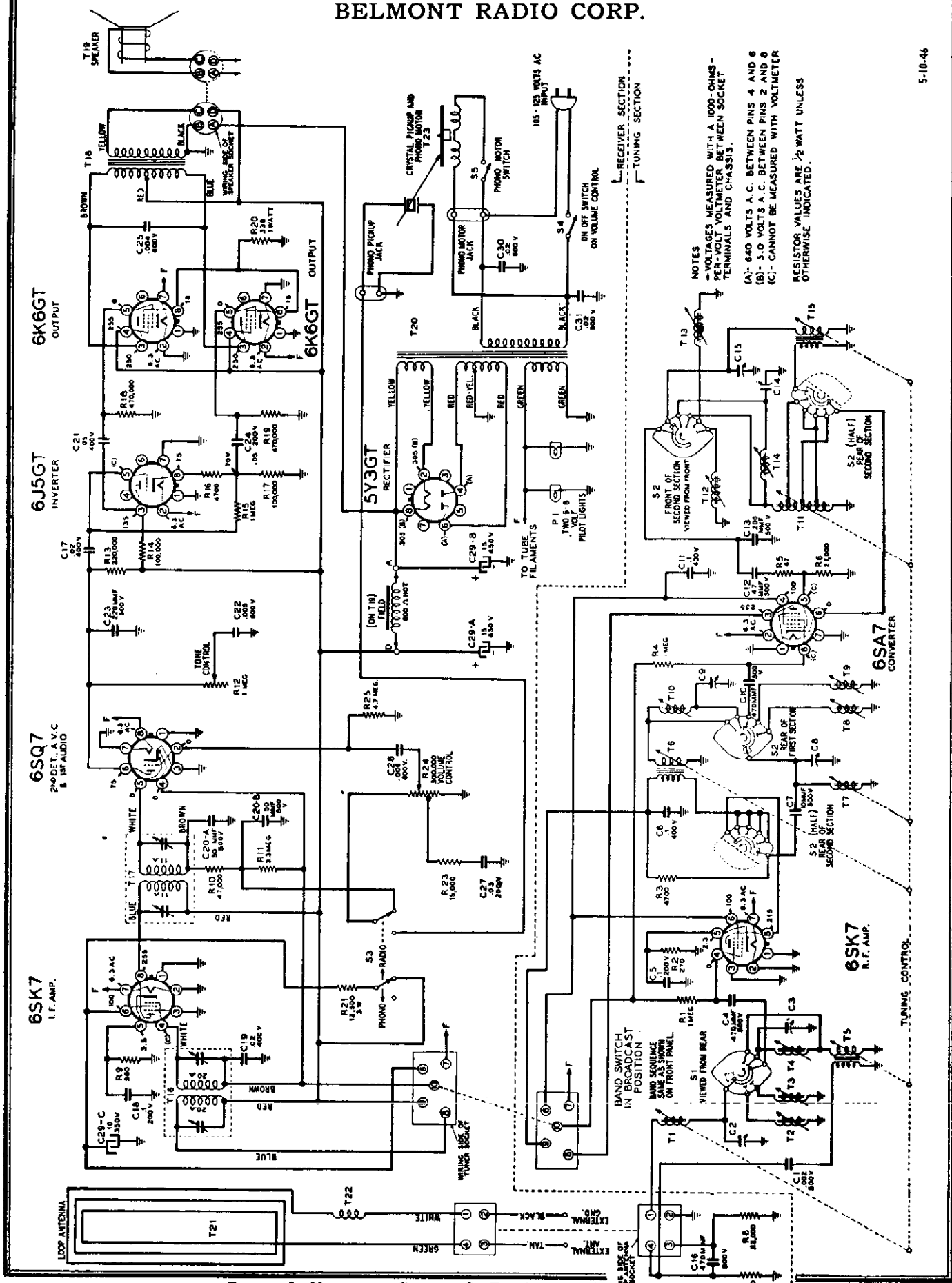
REPLACEMENT PARTS LIST

When ordering parts, specify part number, schematic symbol when applicable, receiver model number, and series. Use only genuine factory replacement parts.

Part No.	Schematic Symbol	Description	Part No.	Schematic Symbol	Description
16025	C1, C15	CONDENSERS	117600	Part No.	Description
16026	C2	.002 x 600 volts, ±25%	117601	117600	Line cord and plug
16027	C3	.005, mica, ±20%	117602	117601	Volume control and switch
16028	C4	.005, mica, ±20%	117603	117602	2-gang variable condenser
16029	C5	.25 x 200 volts, ±10%	117604	117603	Fluor light bulb, type T-47
16030	C6	.001, mica, ±20%	117605	117604	Chassis screws, No. 6 x 1/4 hex.
16031	C7	Electrolytic (for 40-cycle sets)	117606	117605	Rubber bumper (bottom of cabinet)
16032	C8	40 mfd. x 150 volts, ±20%	117607	117606	Carboard back, ivory
16033	C9	Electrolytic (for 40-cycle sets)	117608	117607	Chinch buttons, for fastening back to cabinet
16034	C10	40 mfd. x 150 volts, ±20%	117609	117608	Cinch buttons, to cover trimmer holes in cabinet
16035	C11	Electrolytic (for 25-cycle sets)	117610	117609	Pushbuttons, ivory
16036	C12	60 mfd. x 150 volts, ±20%	117611	117610	Station call letters, set
16037	C13	80 mfd. x 150 volts, ±20%	117612	117611	Acetate tabs for call letters
16038	C14	Dual, 400, mica, ±10%	117613	117612	Cabinet, bakelite, ivory
16039	C16	.25 x 400 volts, ±20%	117614	117613	Knob, volume, walnut
16040	C17	.25 x 400 volts, ±20%	117615	117614	Knob, tuning, walnut
16041	C18	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117616	117615	Locking screw for tuning knob (Specify walnut or ivory.)
16042	C19	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117617	117616	Locking spring for tuning knob
16043	C20	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117618	117617	
16044	C21	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117619	117618	
16045	C22	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117620	117619	
16046	C23	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117621	117620	
16047	C24	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117622	117621	
16048	C25	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117623	117622	
16049	C26	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117624	117623	
16050	C27	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117625	117624	
16051	C28	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117626	117625	
16052	C29	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117627	117626	
16053	C30	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117628	117627	
16054	C31	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117629	117628	
16055	C32	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117630	117629	
16056	C33	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117631	117630	
16057	C34	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117632	117631	
16058	C35	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117633	117632	
16059	C36	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117634	117633	
16060	C37	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117635	117634	
16061	C38	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117636	117635	
16062	C39	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117637	117636	
16063	C40	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117638	117637	
16064	C41	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117639	117638	
16065	C42	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117640	117639	
16066	C43	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117641	117640	
16067	C44	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117642	117641	
16068	C45	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117643	117642	
16069	C46	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117644	117643	
16070	C47	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117645	117644	
16071	C48	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117646	117645	
16072	C49	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117647	117646	
16073	C50	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117648	117647	
16074	C51	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117649	117648	
16075	C52	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117650	117649	
16076	C53	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117651	117650	
16077	C54	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117652	117651	
16078	C55	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117653	117652	
16079	C56	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117654	117653	
16080	C57	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117655	117654	
16081	C58	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117656	117655	
16082	C59	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117657	117656	
16083	C60	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117658	117657	
16084	C61	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117659	117658	
16085	C62	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117660	117659	
16086	C63	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117661	117660	
16087	C64	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117662	117661	
16088	C65	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117663	117662	
16089	C66	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117664	117663	
16090	C67	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117665	117664	
16091	C68	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117666	117665	
16092	C69	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117667	117666	
16093	C70	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117668	117667	
16094	C71	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117669	117668	
16095	C72	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117670	117669	
16096	C73	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117671	117670	
16097	C74	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117672	117671	
16098	C75	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117673	117672	
16099	C76	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117674	117673	
16100	C77	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117675	117674	
16101	C78	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117676	117675	
16102	C79	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117677	117676	
16103	C80	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117678	117677	
16104	C81	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117679	117678	
16105	C82	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117680	117679	
16106	C83	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117681	117680	
16107	C84	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117682	117681	
16108	C85	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117683	117682	
16109	C86	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117684	117683	
16110	C87	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117685	117684	
16111	C88	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117686	117685	
16112	C89	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117687	117686	
16113	C90	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117688	117687	
16114	C91	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117689	117688	
16115	C92	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117690	117689	
16116	C93	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117691	117690	
16117	C94	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117692	117691	
16118	C95	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117693	117692	
16119	C96	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117694	117693	
16120	C97	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117695	117694	
16121	C98	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117696	117695	
16122	C99	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117697	117696	
16123	C100	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117698	117697	
16124	C101	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117699	117698	
16125	C102	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117700	117699	
16126	C103	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117701	117700	
16127	C104	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117702	117701	
16128	C105	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117703	117702	
16129	C106	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117704	117703	
16130	C107	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117705	117704	
16131	C108	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117706	117705	
16132	C109	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117707	117706	
16133	C110	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117708	117707	
16134	C111	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117709	117708	
16135	C112	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117710	117709	
16136	C113	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117711	117710	
16137	C114	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117712	117711	
16138	C115	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117713	117712	
16139	C116	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117714	117713	
16140	C117	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117715	117714	
16141	C118	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117716	117715	
16142	C119	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117717	117716	
16143	C120	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117718	117717	
16144	C121	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117719	117718	
16145	C122	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117720	117719	
16146	C123	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117721	117720	
16147	C124	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117722	117721	
16148	C125	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117723	117722	
16149	C126	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117724	117723	
16150	C127	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117725	117724	
16151	C128	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117726	117725	
16152	C129	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117727	117726	
16153	C130	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117728	117727	
16154	C131	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117729	117728	
16155	C132	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117730	117729	
16156	C133	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117731	117730	
16157	C134	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117732	117731	
16158	C135	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117733	117732	
16159	C136	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117734	117733	
16160	C137	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117735	117734	
16161	C138	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117736	117735	
16162	C139	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117737	117736	
16163	C140	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117738	117737	
16164	C141	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117739	117738	
16165	C142	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117740	117739	
16166	C143	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117741	117740	
16167	C144	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117742	117741	
16168	C145	.04 x 450 volts, ±20%	117743	1	

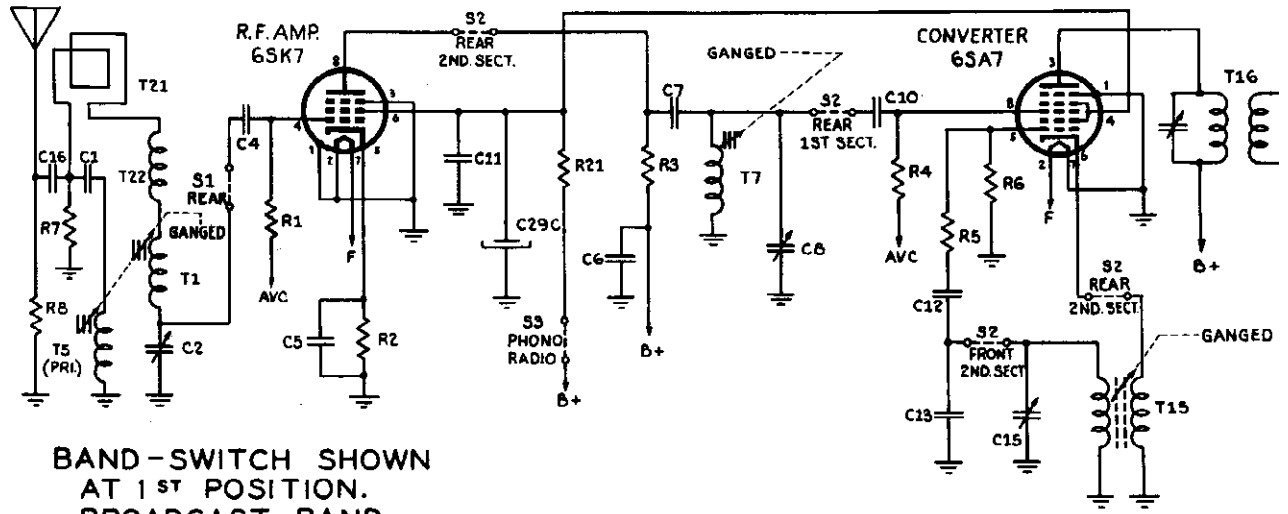
MODEL 8A59

BELMONT RADIO CORP.

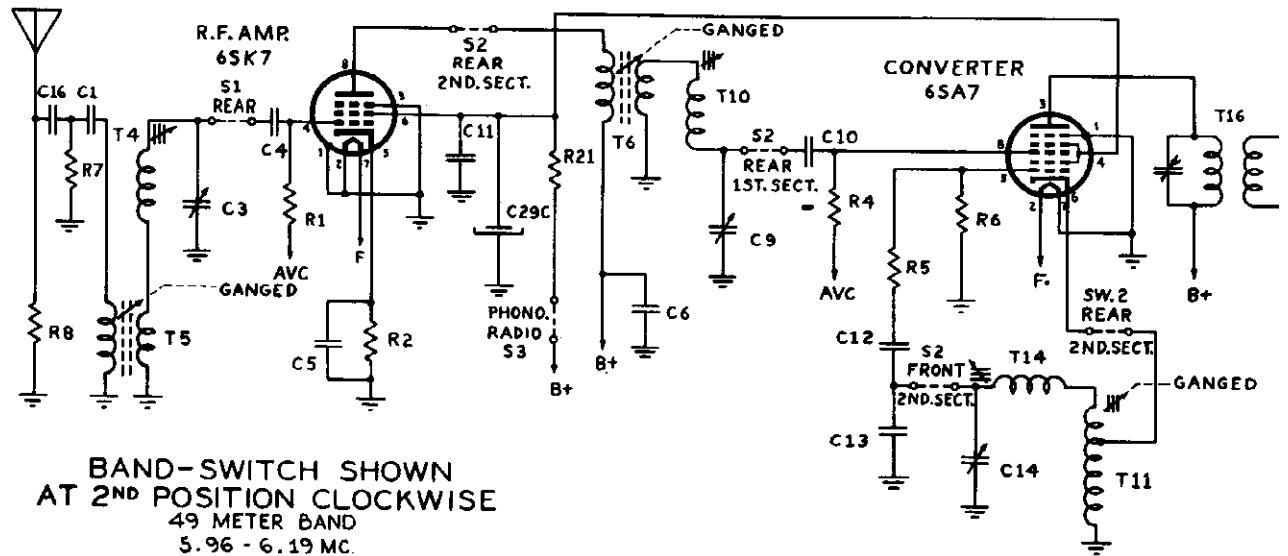


NOTES
 → VOLTAGES MEASURED WITH A 1000-OHMS-
 PER-VOLT VOLTMETER BETWEEN SOCKET
 TERMINALS AND CHASSIS.
 (A)- 640 VOLTS A.C. BETWEEN PINS 4 AND 6
 (B)- 5.0 VOLTS A.C. BETWEEN PINS 2 AND 8
 (C)- CANNOT BE MEASURED WITH VOLTMETER
 RESISTOR VALUES ARE 1/2 WATT UNLESS
 OTHERWISE INDICATED.

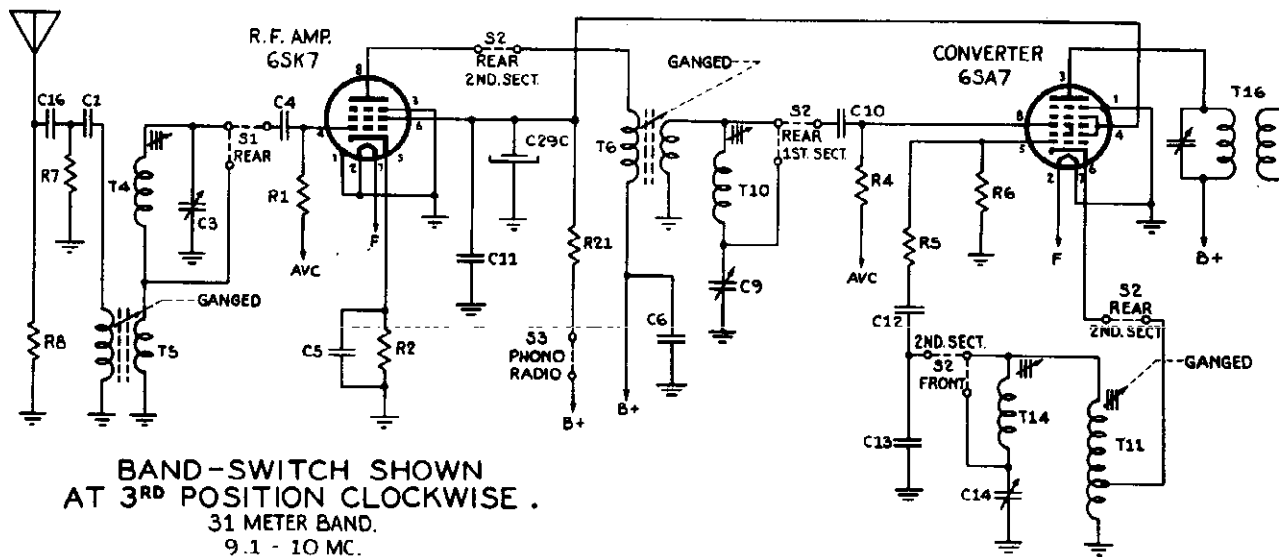
5-10-46



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN AT 1ST POSITION. BROADCAST BAND 540-1600KC



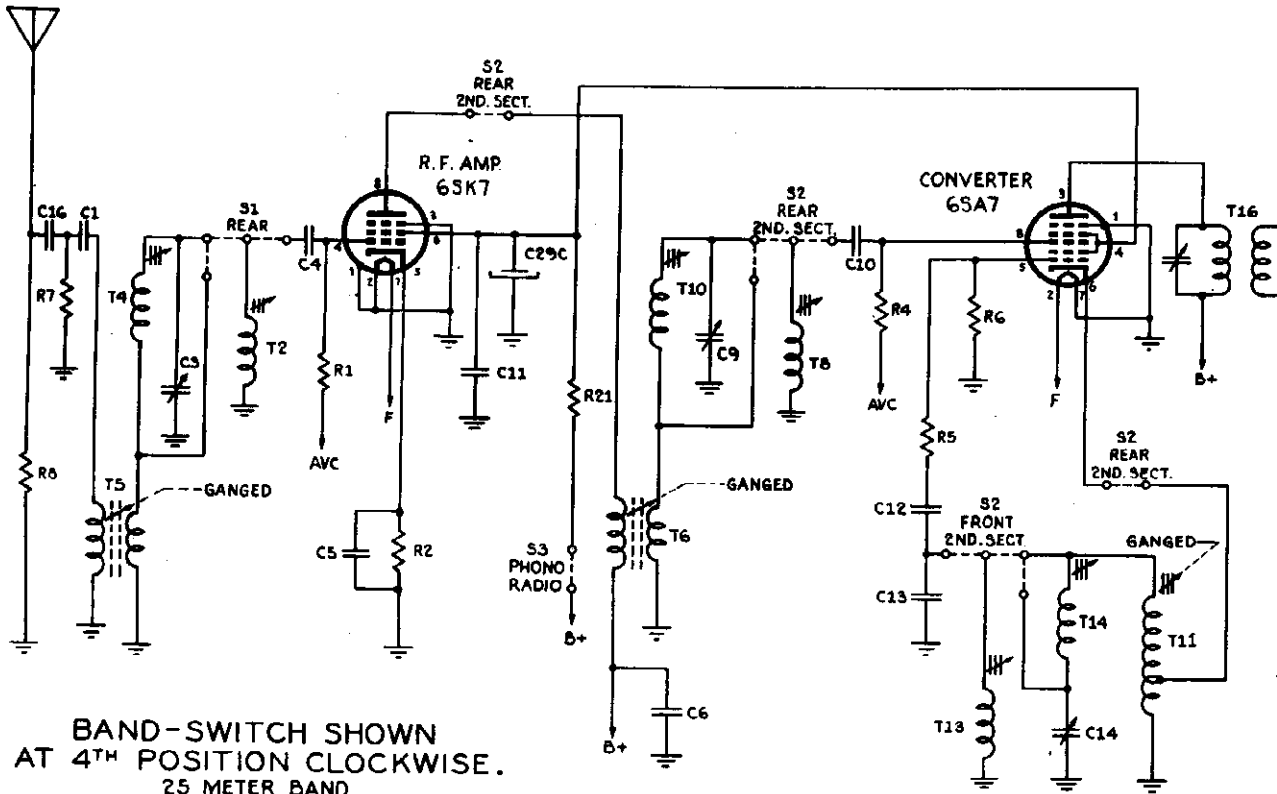
BAND-SWITCH SHOWN AT 2ND POSITION CLOCKWISE 49 METER BAND 5.96 - 6.19 MC.



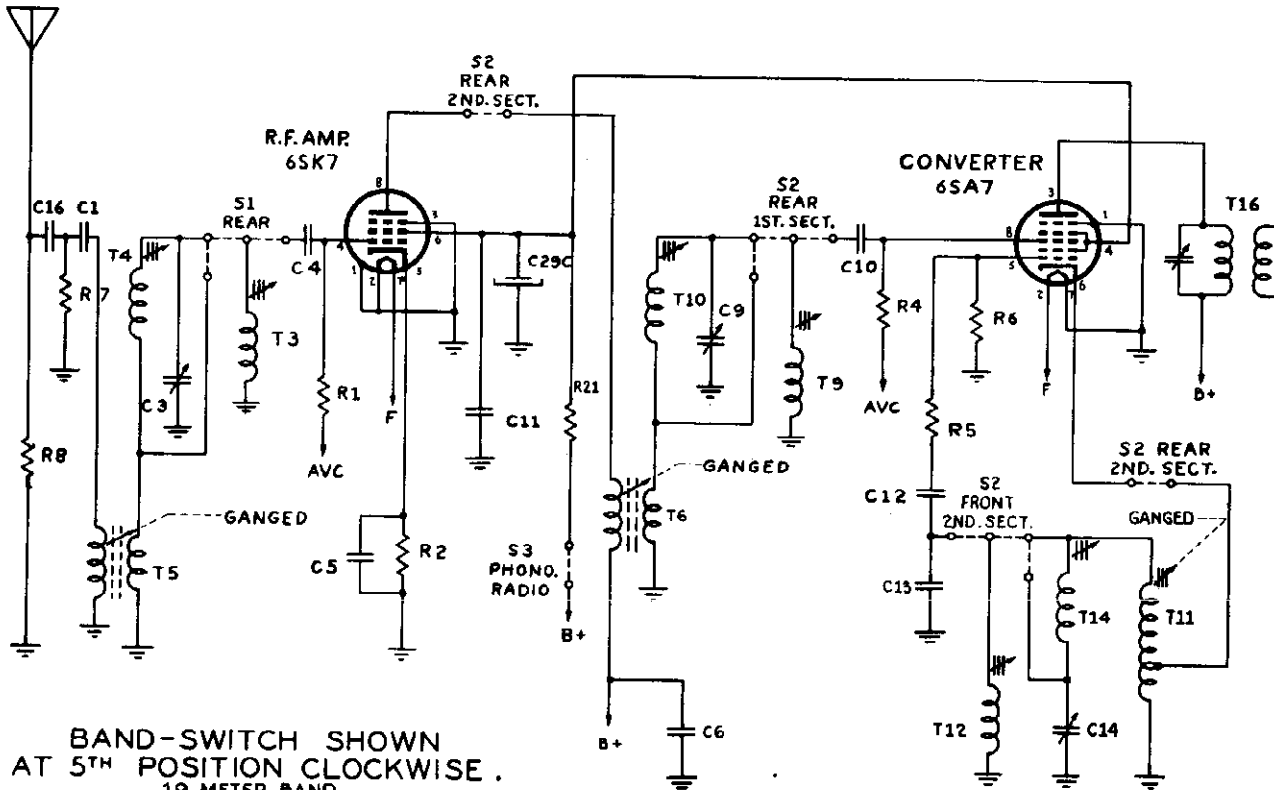
BAND-SWITCH SHOWN AT 3RD POSITION CLOCKWISE. 31 METER BAND. 9.1 - 10 MC.

MODEL 8A59

BELMONT RADIO CORP.



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN AT 4TH POSITION CLOCKWISE. 25 METER BAND 11.45 - 12.16 MC.



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN AT 5TH POSITION CLOCKWISE. 19 METER BAND 14.94 - 15.46 MC.

BELMONT RADIO CORP.

MECHANICAL ADJUSTMENT—The core tuning bar (see illustration of iron cores) and dial pointer must be adjusted mechanically before any electrical alignment is attempted. Rotate the manual tuning control until the core bar is farthest from the coils. For proper adjustment the bar should be approximately 1/32 of an inch from the two rod guide angles.

With the core bar in this position, adjust the dial pointer to coincide with 1600 kc on the dial scale.

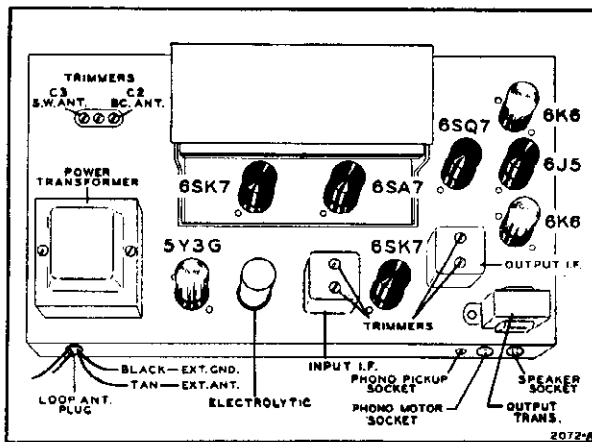
Rotate each of the three broadcast coils (see illustration) until the end of the coil is 1-5/32" from the end of the coil form. Rotate the three 9-mc coils until this dimension is 1-1/16" for these coils. After these adjustments have been made, the unit can be aligned electrically.

ELECTRICAL ADJUSTMENT—To align the set make the following preliminary adjustments: Set the tone pushbutton for treble tone; set the volume control at maximum; connect the ground post of the signal generator to the radio chassis; connect the output meter across a 3.2-ohm output load; and allow the receiver and signal generator to warm up for several minutes.

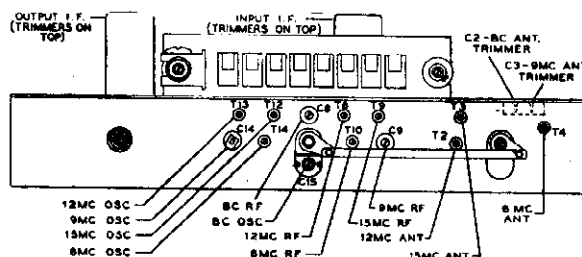
Align the set according to the sequence given in the chart. The indicated dummy antenna is to be connected in series between the signal generator output lead and the receiver. Adjust the set for maximum output; reduce the input as needed to keep the output near 1.3 volts.

Locations of all the trimmers and coils are shown in the illustrations below. After adjustment, seal the coil cores with collodion or a similar substance (do not use cement).

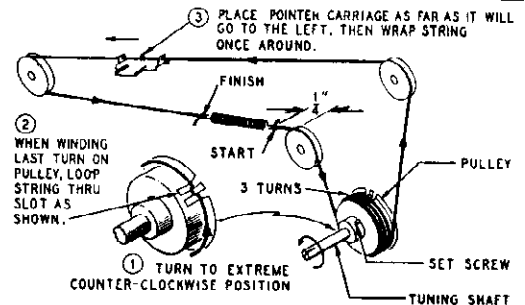
BAND SWITCH SETTING	SIGNAL GENERATOR			DIAL POINTER SETTING	ADJUST TO MAXIMUM OUTPUT (in order shown)
	Frequency	Coupling Capacitor	Connection to Radio		
Broadcast (for I. F.)	455 kc	.1 mf	Grid (pin 8) of converter (6SA7)	1600 kc	Trimmers on output and input I. F. cans
Broadcast	1600 kc	200 mmf	Antenna lead	1600 kc	BC Osc. trimmer C15 BC R. F. trimmer C8 BC Ant. trimmer C2
	1400 kc	200 mmf	Antenna lead	1400 kc	Rotate cores of BC R. F. coil T7 and BC Ant. coil T1
31 Meter	9.6 mc	400 ohms	Antenna lead	9.6 mc	9 mc Osc. trimmer C14 9 mc R. F. trimmer C9 9 mc Ant. trimmer C3
49 Meter	6.1 mc	400 ohms	Antenna lead	6.1 mc	6 mc Osc. coil T14 6 mc R. F. coil T10 6 mc Ant. coil T4
25 Meter	11.8 mc	400 ohms	Antenna lead	11.8 mc	12 mc Osc. coil T13 12 mc R. F. coil T8 12 mc Ant. coil T2
19 Meter	15.2 mc	400 ohms	Antenna lead	15.2 mc	15 mc Osc. coil T12 15 mc R. F. coil T9 15 mc Ant. coil T3



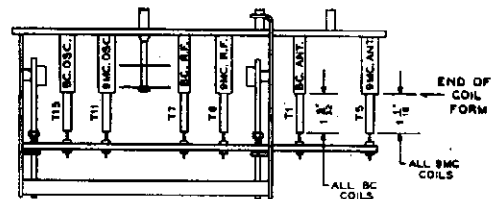
Chassis View



Coils and Trimmers



- WHEN FINISHED WITH STRINGING, SPRING MUST BE 1/4" FROM IDLER AS SHOWN. TO DO THIS:
- LOOSEN SET SCREW ON PULLEY.
 - HOLD TUNING SHAFT FIRM IN POSITION INDICATED AND TURN PULLEY BY HAND UNTIL SPRING IS 1/4" AWAY FROM IDLER.
 - TIGHTEN SET SCREW. NOW SPRING SHOULD TRAVEL BACK AND FORTH WITHOUT TOUCHING THE IDLERS.
 - REPLACE CHASSIS IN CABINET. REPLACE POINTER ON CARRIAGE. TUNE IN STATION OF KNOWN FREQUENCY. HOLD TUNING SHAFT FIRM AND SLIDE POINTER TO CORRECT POSITION ALONG DIAL.
 - GLUE POINTER TO STRING.



MODEL 8A59

BELMONT RADIO CORP.

REPLACEMENT PARTS LIST

When ordering parts, specify part number, model number, and series

Ref. No.	Part No.	Description	Ref. No.	Part No.	Description
REMOVABLE TUNER ASSEMBLY					
C1	B-8E-10767	0.02 mf, 500 volts, 10%, mica			
C2, C3	124143	Dual, broadcast (67-125 mf) and dual (95-175 mmf) air. trimmers			
C4, C10	B-8E-121	470 mf, 500 volts, 10%, mica			
C5	C-8D-10771	.1 mf, 200 volts, +20%—10%			
C6, C11	C-8D-10760	.1 mf, 400 volts, +20%—10%			
C7	B-8E-5101	10 mmf, 500 volts, 10%, silver mica			
C8	A-8G-7205	Broadcast RF trimmer (120-220 mc)			
C9	A-8G-7206	9 mc RF trimmer (60-110 mmf)			
C12	B-8E-109	47 mmf, 500 volts, 10%, mica			
C13	B-8E-10763	200 mmf, 500 volts, 5%, silver mica			
C14	124145	9 mc oscillator trimmer (7-35 mmf)			
C15	124144	Broadcast oscillator trimmer (15-27 mmf)			
CAPACITORS*					
R1, R4	C-9B1-31	1 megohm, 1/2 watt, 20%			
R2	C-9B1-55	270 ohms, 1/2 watt, 10%			
R3	C-9B1-70	4700 ohms, 1/2 watt, 10%			
R5	C-9B1-46	47 ohms, 1/2 watt, 10%			
R6	C-9B1-79	27,000 ohms, 1/2 watt, 10%			
*Tubes are coded and guaranteed by the tube manufacturer. Tubes are shown in an unbranded form on adjustments if defective through our factory. This receiver will operate equally well with resistors of either type and is not limited to the manufacturer's name. We can supply speaker cones or fluids separately. We can repair any tube if it is returned to our factory. Transportation charges prepaid.					
COILS (complete with cores)					
T1	111195	Broadcast antenna coil			
T2	111191	12-mc antenna coil			
T3	111189	6-mc antenna coil			
T4	111190	9-mc antenna coil			
T5	111192	6-mc antenna coil			
T6	10959	9-mc RF coil			
T7	10962	Broadcast RF coil			
T8	10960	12-mc RF coil			
T9	10961	15-mc RF coil			
T10	10958	6-mc RF coil			
T11	110157	9-mc oscillator coil			
T12	110159	12-mc oscillator coil			
T13	110156	15-mc oscillator coil			
T14	110158	6-mc oscillator coil			
T15	110161	Broadcast oscillator coil			
MISCELLANEOUS					
S1	B-2DA-10964	Band switch, antenna			
S2	B-2DA-10965	Band switch, oscillator and RF			
Socket, laminated, for 6SK7					
Tuning fork, on tuning shaft					
Printer gear, on tuning shaft					
Spring, intermediate link, under ends of treble bar					
Washer, "C", on slug tuning bar					
Gear segment					
Spring clip, for coils					
Washer "C", for 9-mc coils					
Grommet for core, missing (all broadcast and 9-mc coils)					
Grommet for coil mounting (broad-cast RF and antenna coils)					
Grommet for coil mounting (broad-cast oscillator coil)					
Grommet for all 9-mc coils					
Pushrod assembly					
Punch, patterned return					
Plug, spring					
Pushbutton, autotune					
Washer, "C", on end plate					
COILS AND TRANSFORMERS					
T16	108177	Input IF coil complete in can (Range of trimmer: 110-210 mmf)			
T17	108176	Output IF coil complete in can (Range of trimmer: 80-140 mmf)			
SETTING THE PUSHBUTTONS —The six pushbuttons may be used, after proper adjustment, for the automatic tuning of any six stations which you select. All the stations need not be in the same band, but probably you will want to set them up in the standard broadcast band. Proceed as follows: 1. Turn the radio on and turn the band switch to the "B.C." position. 2. From the call-letter sheets supplied with this manual, push out the call letters of your favorite six stations. Drop these into the six pushbuttons, preferably but not necessarily in order of frequency (as listed in your newspaper). 3. Next pull a button out as far as it will come. 4. Very carefully tune in the station corresponding to the pushbutton call letters.					
RECORD CHANGER					
Model 204 (with automatic stop)					
Model 205					
ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS					
Power Supply	105 to 125 volts AC, 60 cycles; 95 watts (118 watts with phono motor operating).	Power Output	5.5 watts undistorted. 7.5 watts maximum.		
Frequency Ranges	Broadcast band—540 to 1600 kc. 49-meter band—5.96 to 6.19 mc. 31-meter band—9.1 to 10 mc. 25-meter band—11.45 to 12.16 mc. 19-meter band—14.94 to 15.46 mc.	Sensitivity	4 microvolts average for 1/2 watt output.	Selectivity	35 kc. broad at 1000 times signal at 1000 kc.
Intermediate Freq.	455 kc.	Tube end lamp	6SK7, tuned RF amplifier	Complement	6SK7, converter 6SQ7, IF amplifier 6J5GT, phase inverter 6K6GT, push-pull output 5Y3G, rectifier T-44, dial lamp (2 used)
Tuning	All bands permeability-tuned.				
Antenna	Built-in; provisions also for external antenna and ground.				
Speaker	10" electrodynamic. Voice coil impedance 3.2 ohms.				

NOTE: Before removing chassis, take off escutcheon and pull pointer from pointer carriage.

ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Power Supply	105 to 125 volts AC, 60 cycles; 95 watts (118 watts with phono motor operating).	Power Output	5.5 watts undistorted. 7.5 watts maximum.
Frequency Ranges	Broadcast band—540 to 1600 kc. 49-meter band—5.96 to 6.19 mc. 31-meter band—9.1 to 10 mc. 25-meter band—11.45 to 12.16 mc. 19-meter band—14.94 to 15.46 mc.	Sensitivity	4 microvolts average for 1/2 watt output.
Intermediate Freq.	455 kc.	Selectivity	35 kc. broad at 1000 times signal at 1000 kc.
Tuning	All bands permeability-tuned.	Tube end lamp	6SK7, tuned RF amplifier
Antenna	Built-in; provisions also for external antenna and ground.	Complement	6SK7, converter 6SQ7, IF amplifier 6J5GT, phase inverter 6K6GT, push-pull output 5Y3G, rectifier T-44, dial lamp (2 used)
Speaker	10" electrodynamic. Voice coil impedance 3.2 ohms.		

Ref. No.	Part No.	Description
B-12C-10234	104202B	Output transformer
		Power transformer
SOCKETS		
121200		Socket, 4-terminal, for loop antenna
121201		Socket, 2-terminal, for speaker
121202		Socket, 4-terminal, for speaker
121203		Socket, 1-terminal, for phono pickup
121204		Socket, 2-terminal, for phono motor
121205		Socket, local, molded (all tubes except 6SK7, IF amp.)
121206		Socket, vocal, laminated (for 6SK7, IF amplifier)
B-47A-10818		Socket assembly for dial light

MISCELLANEOUS

R-18B-10617		Speaker, 10-inch, electrodynamic
A-19A-11166-3		Loop antenna (ribbon only)
A-19A-11167		Choke on loop antenna board
A-19A-11322		Phono motor, 45 mmf, assembly
107240		Phono motor, 45 mmf, assembly
10724		Connector, for phono pickup leads
B-61D-10984		Dial scale
10794		Dial light, 6.8 volts, type T-44 (2 used)
B-2G-10588-1		Dial pointer
A-2J-11091		Pointer spring
B-14-10705		Pointer carriage
B-14-10989		Spring for dial pointer
103727		String for dial pointer string
103726		Line cord, 10' (3 feet)
112985-14		Escutcheon (for mahogany cabinet)
A-19B-10854-1		Escutcheon (for mahogany cabinet)
112985-41		Knob, hand switch or radio-phonotone (for walnut cabinet)
A-4B-10893-41		Knob, hand switch or radio-phonotone (for mahogany cabinet)
128533-14		Knob, tuning or volume (for walnut cabinet)
128533-41		Knob, tuning or volume (for mahogany cabinet)
A-2L-11293		Ballpoint pen
112961		Station call letters

Ref. No.	Part No.	Description
T19		22,000 ohms, 1/2 watt, 20%
T20		560 ohms, 1/2 watt, 10%
T21		47,000 ohms, 1/2 watt, 20%
T22		7.5 megohms, 1/2 watt, 20%
		7.5 megohms, 1/2 watt, 20%
		radiophono switch (ohms) and radiophono switch (ohms)
		220,000 ohms, 1/2 watt, 20%
		100,000 ohms, 1/2 watt, 10%
		1 megohm, 1/2 watt, 20%
		470,000 ohms, 1/2 watt, 10%
		470,000 ohms, 1/2 watt, 20%
		330 ohms, 1 watt, 10%
		12,500 ohms, 3 watts, 10%
		15,000 ohms, 1/2 watt, 20%
		Volume control (500/600 ohms)
		47 megohms, 1/2 watt, 20%

RESISTORS*

C-9B1-21		22,000 ohms, 1/2 watt, 20%
C-9B1-59		560 ohms, 1/2 watt, 10%
C-9B1-70		470,000 ohms, 1/2 watt, 10%
C-9B1-43		470,000 ohms, 1/2 watt, 20%
C-9B1-54		330 ohms, 1 watt, 10%
125180		12,500 ohms, 3 watts, 10%
C-9B1-27		15,000 ohms, 1/2 watt, 20%
C-9B1-46		470,000 ohms, 1/2 watt, 10%
C-9B1-31		1 megohm, 1/2 watt, 20%
C-9B1-70		470,000 ohms, 1/2 watt, 10%
C-9B1-29		470,000 ohms, 1/2 watt, 20%
C-9B2-56		330 ohms, 1 watt, 10%
10662		12,500 ohms, 3 watts, 10%
C-9B1-20		15,000 ohms, 1/2 watt, 20%
C-9B1-21		22,000 ohms, 1/2 watt, 20%
A-10A-10786		Volume control (500/600 ohms)
C-9B1-95		47 megohms, 1/2 watt, 20%

COILS AND TRANSFORMERS

108177		Input IF coil complete in can (Range of trimmer: 110-210 mmf)
108176		Output IF coil complete in can (Range of trimmer: 80-140 mmf)

5. Now push the button in as far as it will go.

6. Follow this procedure for each of the five other buttons, setting each one for a different station.

7. The setting of any pushbutton can be changed by following the procedure given above.

If any of the buttons is to be set for a short-wave station, turn the band switch to the proper position before adjustment. The switch must be turned to this position also whenever the pushbutton is used, since pressing the button does not change bands.

RECORD CHANGER

D-21H-10417		Model 204 (with automatic stop)
D-21H-10132		Model 205

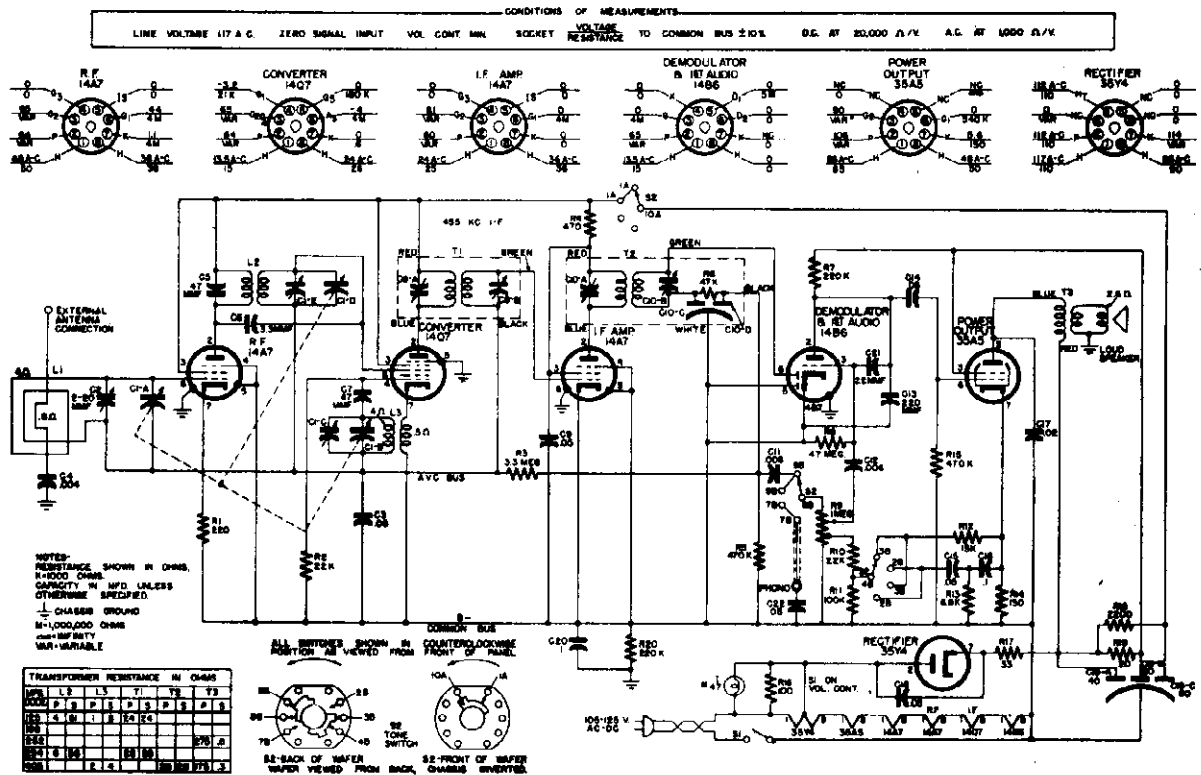
MODELS 526A, -B, -C, -D, -E
Preliminary

BENDIX RADIO DIV.

REPLACEMENT PARTS LIST

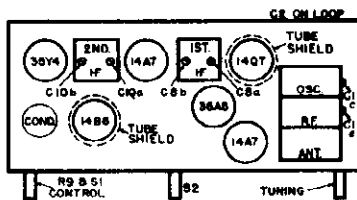
Stock No.	Description	List Price	Stock No.	Description	List Price
ALOC00	ANTENNA - Loop Assembly (11).....			PARTS COMMON TO MODEL 0526A & B	
CE2A00	CAPACITOR - Electrolytic - 40-40-160 W.V. (C17A, C17B).....		BT1F00	POST - Binding (Base Plate).....	
C12A00	CORD - AC Power.....		BZ0D00	BAFFLE - Corrugated Paper Speaker.....	
CMSA14	CAPACITOR - 47 mmf. mica (C8).....		DS0A03	DIAL - Plastic Scale (54-170).....	
CMSA34	CAPACITOR - 330 mmf. mica (C13).....		FZOR00	FOOT - Rubber (Vinylite) Mtg.....	
CMSA46	CAPACITOR - .001 mmf mica 500 V.D.C. (C19) ..		HKOR00	RING - Knob Retainer Spring (015).....	
CP4T20	CAPACITOR - .006 mfd. - 400 V.D.C. Paper (C14).....		HPOB00	PLATE - Base Assy.....	
CP4T31	CAPACITOR - .01 mfd. - 400 V.D.C. Paper (C15).....		HZOS00	STUD - Trimount.....	
CP4T40	CAPACITOR - .05 mfd. - 400 V.D.C. Paper (C6)		IDOM00	INDICATOR - Metal Dial (Pointer).....	
CP4T51	CAPACITOR - .1 mfd. - 400 V.D.C. Paper (C18)		PIOB01	PLATE - Asbestos Base Insulator.....	
CP6T16	CAPACITOR - .004 mfd. - 500 V.D.C. Paper (C1, C12).....			PARTS FOR MODEL 0526A	
CP6T40	CAPACITOR - .05 mfd. - 500 V.D.C. Paper (C16)		KCOB01	KNOB - Mottled Brown - Push on.....	
CV0B01	CAPACITOR - Variable (C2A, C2B, C3RF - 25 mmf max. C4 Osc. 25 mmf. max.).....		ZPOB01	CABINET - Mottled Brown Plastic.....	
I01B00	COIL - Oscillator (I2).....			PARTS FOR MODEL 0526B	
RC1H40	RESISTOR - 22 K ohms, 1/4 W. Comp. (R2).....		KCOB03	KNOB - Mottled Brown - Push On.....	
RC1H54	RESISTOR - 220 K ohms, 1/4 W. Comp. (R5, R12)		ZPO101	CABINET - Ivory Plastic.....	
RC1H58	RESISTOR - 470 K ohms, 1/4 W. Comp. (R7).....			PARTS COMMON TO MODELS 0526C & D	
RC1H68	RESISTOR - 3.3 meg. 1/4 W. Comp. (R3).....		BZOB00	BACK - Teakwood - Catalin Cabinet.....	
RC1H70	RESISTOR - 4.7 meg. 1/4 W. Comp. (R6).....		GFOS00	GASKET - Felt 3/16" X 3-1/4" ID (spkr.).....	
RC1H76	RESISTOR - 15 meg. 1/4 W. Comp. (R1).....		FZOR01	FOOT - Cabinet (Rubber).....	
RC3B12	RESISTOR - 100 ohms, 1 W. Comp. (R9).....		GROD00	GASKET - Rubber Dial (1/16" X 1/8" X 4").....	
RC4G28	RESISTOR - 2200 ohms, 2 W. Comp. (R11).....		GROD01	GASKET - Rubber Dial (3/16" X 1/32" X 1/4")..	
RV0S00	POTENTIOMETER - with switch - 500 K ohms (R4)		HKOC00	CLIP - Knob Retainer Spring.....	
RW1A06	RESISTOR - 39 ohms, 1 W. W. W. (R10).....		HZOS01	STUD - Trimount.....	
RC1H14	RESISTOR - 150 ohms, 1 W.W.W. (R8).....		IDOM01	INDICATOR - Metal Dial (Pointer).....	
SO0D00	SOCKET - Dial Lamp.....			PARTS FOR MODEL 0526C	
SO8S00	SOCKET - Octal Tube.....		DS0A00	DIAL - Glass Scale (54 - 170).....	
TI0C00	TRANS. - Converter I.F. (1st).....		DXOR00	RETAINER - Dial, R.H. (Trim).....	
TI0D00	TRANS. - Diode I.F. (2nd).....		DXOR01	RETAINER - Dial, L.H. (Trim).....	
			KCOG00	KNOB - Plain Push-on (Green).....	
			ZCOG00	CABINET - Green & Black Catalin.....	
				PARTS FOR MODEL 0526D	
			DS0A05	DIAL - Glass (54 - 170).....	
			DXOR02	RETAINER - Dial, R.H. (Trim).....	
			DXOR03	RETAINER - Dial, L.H. (Trim).....	
			KCOG01	KNOB - Brown Push-ON.....	
			ZCOB00	CABINET - Two-Tone Brown Catalin.....	
				PARTS FOR MODEL 0526E	
			BZOB01	BACK - Cabinet Teakwood.....	
			BZOD00	BAFFLE - Corrugated Card Board.....	
			BZOD02	BAFFLE - Paper.....	
			DS0A07	DIAL GLASS (54-170 K.C.).....	
			DXOR02	RETAINER - Metal Dial.....	
			FZOR02	FOOT - Black Rubber.....	
			GFOS06	GASKET - Blk. Felt (1/16 X 1/4 X 5/8).....	
			GFOS07	GASKET - Blk. Felt (1/16 X 3/16 X 8 1/2).....	
			GFOS08	GASKET - Blk. Felt (1/16 X 1/4 X 13/16).....	
			OZOC01	GRILL-CLOTH - (Dk. Br.).....	
			HKOR00	RING - Retainer Spring (.015).....	
			IDOM03	INDICATOR - Metal Dial Pointer.....	
			KCOB07	KNOB - Dk. Mottled Brown (Cont'l).....	
			PIOB01	PLATE - Asbestos Base Insulator.....	
			ZWSA00	CABINET ASS'Y - (Wood) BW76.....	
				SPEAKER AND COMPONENTS	
SPNR00	SPEAKER - 4" P.M.....			MECHANICAL COMPONENTS	
CS4R00	CONE - 4" Cone & V.C. Assy. - Spkr. SP4R00, Code 252.....		ADOB00	PLATE ASSEMBLY - Dial Back.....	
CS4R01	CONE - 4" Cone & V.C. Assy. - Spkr. SP4R00, Code 328.....		BT4S00	BOARD - Strip Terminal - 4 lugs.....	
CS4R02	CONE - 4" Cone & V.C. Assy. - Spkr. SP4R00, Code 277.....		CDOC01	CABLE - Dial 40 1/2".....	
CS4R03	CONE - 4" Cone & V.C. Assy. - Spkr. SP4R00, Code 258.....		GROS00	GROMMET - Cond. Shockmount.....	
CS4R04	CONE - 4" Cone & V.C. Assy. - Spkr. SP4R00, Code 191.....		HB0A00	BRACKET - Loop Antenna.....	
TA0000	TRANSFORMER - Output Trans.....		HCOC03	CLAMP - Cable Dial.....	
			HCOS00	CLIP - Tuning Shaft Spring.....	
			HNOPO0	NUT 3/8 X 32 Palmut.....	
			HR0S02	RIVET - Shoulder (.218).....	
			HSOC00	SPRING - Dial Cable Tension.....	
			HSOF00	SLEEVE - Spacer - Tuning Cond. Mtg.....	
			ITOC00	TUBE - Capacitor Insulating.....	
			MPOFO0	PULLEY - Idler (Fiber).....	
			MSOT00	SHAFT TUNING.....	
			PIOC00	PLATE - Mounting Elect. Cap.....	
			PIOP00	PLATE - Power Cord Insulator.....	

BENDIX RADIO DIV.



- Power Consumption-Watts..... 30
- TUNING RANGE—FREQUENCY IN KC..... 535-1725
- INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY (KC)..... 455
- MAXIMUM POWER OUTPUT IN WATTS..... 1.2
- LOUD SPEAKER—PM-OVAL
 Cone diameter—inches..... 4x6
 Voice Coil Impedance (ohms at 400 cycles)..... 3.2

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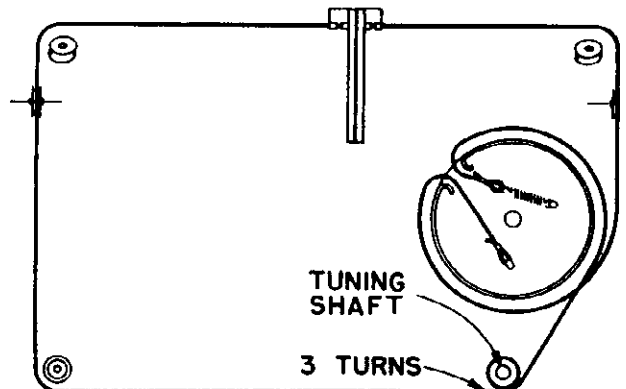


Alignment Procedure

Connect line cord plug to 117 volt, 60 cycles AC power source. Set volume control at maximum clockwise position and tone control (S2) in counterclockwise position. Connect output meter across voice coil. Adjust dial pointer by turning tuning control fully counterclockwise and sliding dial pointer on dial cord until it is exactly 2 3/16" from left end of dial back plate. Make all adjustments in order given in table and for maximum output. Dial Pointer Positions given measured from left hand end of dial back plate. Keep input as low as possible at all times.

Precautions

An isolating transformer should be used between the power supply and the receiver if any of the test equipment is AC operated. The use of isolating capacitors is not recommended as AC through the capacitor may introduce hum modulation, and if the capacitors should break down the test instruments will likely be damaged.



Circuit Aligned	Input Freq.	Dial Pointer Position	Adjustments
IF	*455 KC	Max. to right	C10b, C10a C8b, C8a
OSC.	**1475 KC	6 3/4"	C1c
RF	**1475 KC **965 KC **580 KC	6 3/4" 5 2-23/32"	C1c, C2 Check Calib.

* Applied to Antenna input .1 mfd. or less.
 ** Applied to Antenna input through 50 mmf. or less.

MODEL C46A
Preliminary

BENDIX RADIO DIV.

Power				
Voltage Rating, AC or DC	105 - 125	MAXIMUM POWER OUTPUT IN WATTS		1.2
Frequency - Cycles per second	50 - 60	LOUD SPEAKER - PM		
Power Consumption - Watts	37	Cone diameter - inches		6
TUNING RANGE - FREQUENCY IN KC	535 - 1725	Voice Coil Impedance (ohms at 400 cycles)		3.2
INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY (KC)	455			

REPLACEMENT PARTS LIST

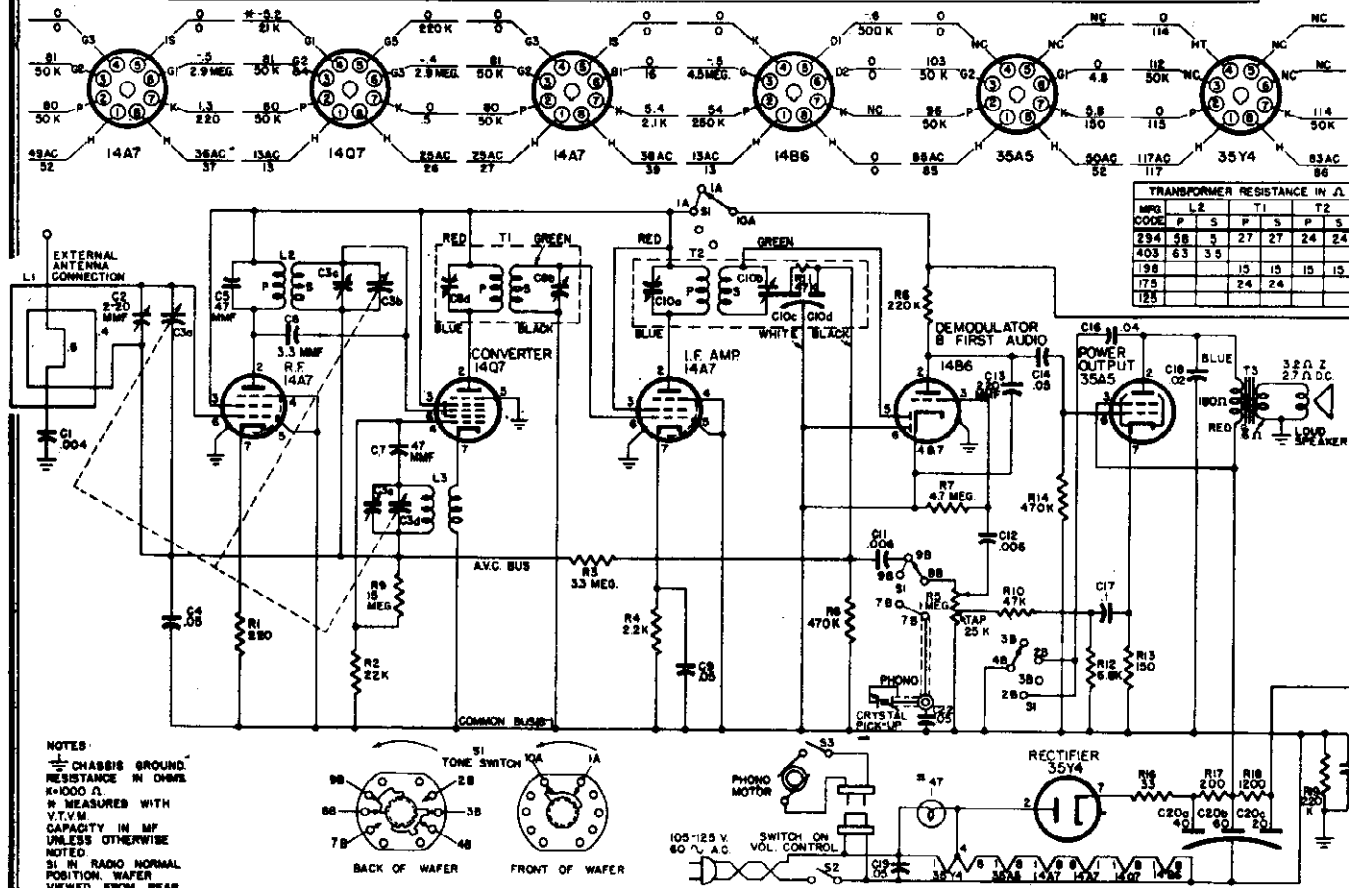
Stock No.	Description	List Price	Stock No.	Description	List Price
ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS					
ALOC03*	ANTENNA - Loop	1.95	HN9P45	PALNUT - 3/8 X 32.....	.01
CC9A16	CAPACITOR - Ceramic 3.3 mmf. (C4).....	.05	HR0S01	RIVET - Shoulder .....	.02
CE3A00	CAPACITOR - Electrolytic (20-40-60 mfd.)....	1.86	HS0C00	SPRING - Coil.....	.04
	150V.D.C. (C20A, B, C)		HS0P01	SPACER - Antenna.....	.01
CL2A01	CORD - A.C. Power Line.....	.47	HS6F00	SLEEVE - Spacer Flared.....	.02
CM5A14	CAPACITOR - Mica 47 mmf. (C5,C7).....	.19	HS6S01	SCREW - Self-Tapping 6 X 1/2.....	.32/C
CM5A30	CAPACITOR - Mica 220 mmf. 500V (C12) .....	.55	ID0M05	INDICATOR - Metal Dial.....	.33
CP4T20	CAPACITOR - Paper .006 mfd. 400V (C11,C15) ..	.15	ITOC01	TUBE - Insulating (Cap).....	.04
CP4T34	CAPACITOR - Paper .02 mfd. 400V (C16,C18) ..	.14	MPOF00	PULLEY - Idler (Fiber).....	.02
CP4T40	CAPACITOR - Paper .05 mfd. 400V (C6,C8,C13, C19) .....	.16	MSOT04	SHAFT - Steel Tuning.....	.16
CP4T51	CAPACITOR - Paper .1 mfd. 400V (C21).....	.18	PIOC00	PLATE - Insulator Mtg.....	.02
CP6T16	CAPACITOR - Paper .004 mfd. 600V (C3).....	.29	PIOPO0	PLATE - Insulating Power Cord.....	.01
CP2A01	TRIMMER - 2-20 mmfd. (C2)		SMOT00	SHIELD - Metal Tubing.....	.05
CV0C00	CAPACITOR - Variable (C1a,1b,1d).....	7.50	SPEAKER AND COMPONENTS		
LO6B00	OSCILLATOR - Coil Ass'y. (L3).....	.94	SP6R00*	SPEAKER - 6 P.M. less transf.....	5.79
RC1H16	RESISTOR - 220Ω ±W Comp. (R2).....	.04	CS6R00	CONE & V.C. ASS'Y - Code 285.....	
RC1H20	RESISTOR - 470Ω ±W Comp. (R19).....	.04	CS6R01	CONE & V.C. ASS'Y - Code 159.....	
RC1H32	RESISTOR - 4700Ω ±W Comp. (R15).....	.04	CS6R02	CONE & V.C. ASS'Y - Code 270.....	
RC1H34	RESISTOR - 6800Ω ±W Comp. (R10).....	.04	CS6R03	CONE & V.C. ASS'Y - Code 258.....	
RC1H40	RESISTOR - 22KΩ ±W Comp. (R1).....	.04	CS6R04	CONE & V.C. ASS'Y - Code 191.....	
RC1H54	RESISTOR - 220KΩ ±W Comp. (R17, R8).....	.04	CS6R05	CONE & V.C. ASS'Y - Code 188.....	
RC1H54	RESISTOR - 470KΩ ±W Comp. (R4, R11).....	.04	CS6R06	CONE & V.C. ASS'Y - Code 371.....	
RC1H68	RESISTOR - 3.3 Meg. ±W Comp. (R3).....	.04	TA0003	TRANSFORMER - Output (T3).....	1.95
RC1H70	RESISTOR - 4.7 Meg. ±W Comp. (R18).....	.04	CABINET COMPONENTS		
RC4G28	RESISTOR - 2200Ω 2W Comp. (R16).....	.14	BZ0D04	BAFFLE - Board (wood).....	
RV4S02	POTENTIOMETER - with switch 1 Meg. (R5).....	.94	DS0A04	DIAL - Glass (54-170).....	4.80
RW1B14	RESISTOR - 150Ω 1W.W.W. (R20).....	.08	GPOS04	GASKET - Felt (1/16 X 1/4 X 3-3/4)....	.01
RW2A06	RESISTOR - 33Ω 2W.W.W. (R14).....	.10	GZOC02	GRILLE - Cloth.....	
SO0D03	SOCKET - Dial Light.....	.40	HCOC04	CLAMP - Dial Light.....	.05
SO9S00	SOCKET - Locktal Tube.....	.15	HKOR00	RING - Knob Retainer Spring.....	.01
TI0C01	I. F. TRANSFORMER - 1st (T1).....	3.00	HS6W25	SCREW - #6 X 5/8" F.H. (Statuary Br. ....	.65/C
TI0D01	I. F. TRANSFORMER - 2nd (T2).....	2.43	HS6W26	SCREW - #6 X 1/2" F.H. (Statuary Br. ....	.60/C
TR6L00	R. F. TRANSFORMER ASS'Y. - Interstage (L2) ..	3.75	HS8S50	SCREW - Self-Tapping #8 X 1" .....	.56/C
			HS8W51	SCREW - Wood F.H. #8 (Red Iridete)....	
MECHANICAL COMPONENTS					
ADOC03	PLATE ASS'Y - Dial Back .....	.89	NW8C00	WASHER - #8 Cup Type (D.K. oxidized)...	
BT1S00	TERMINAL STRIP - 1 Soldering Lug.....	.02	HZOG00	GLIDE - Metal N.P.....	.05
BT2S00	TERMINAL STRIP - 2 Soldering Lugs.....	.02	HZOH01	HINGE - Table (D.K. oxidized)....	.08
BT4S01	TERMINAL STRIP - 4 Soldering Lugs.....	.05	HZOL01	SUPPORT - Table Drop Leaf.....	1.08/pr
CDOC03	CABLE - Dial (47 3/8").....	.18	JR2S01	RECEPTACLE - 2 contacts.....	.36
GR0S00	GROMMET - Cap Shockmount.....	.04	KYOM00	KNOB - Control (Engl. Antique)....	.38
HBOA01	BRACKET - Loop.....	.03	KYOM01	KNOB - Dummy (Engl. Antique)....	.38
HCOC00	CLIP - Coil Mtg.....	.01	PIOB00	PLATE - Asbestos Insulator.....	.05
HCOC03	CLAMP - Cable .....	.04	PIOB02	PLATE - Asbestos Insulator.....	.01
HCOS00	CLIP - Spring .....	.01	WFOZ00	WASHER - Felt.....	.16/C
HCOT00	CLAMP - Tube Shield.....	.01	XS0Z00	REFLECTOR - Strip Ass'y.....	
			ZW6A04*	CABINET - Mahogany.....	57.00

(Prices subject to change without notice)

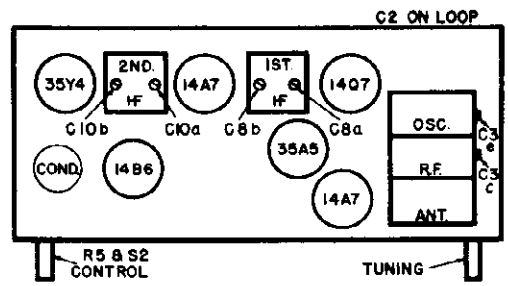
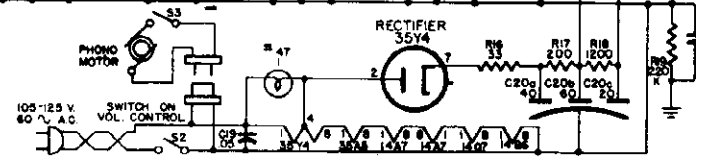
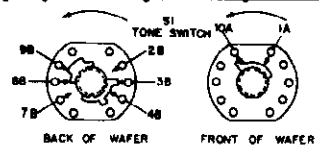
* Subject to excise tax

BENDIX RADIO DIV.

CONDITION OF MEASUREMENTS
LINE VOLTAGE 117 V.A.C. ZERO SIGNAL INPUT VOL. CONT. MIN. SOCKET VOLTAGE RESISTANCE TO COMMON BUS ± 10% D.C. AT 20,000 Ω/V. A.C. AT 1000 Ω/V.



NOTES:
⊕ CHASSIS GROUND.
RESISTANCE IN OHMS.
K=1000 Ω.
* MEASURED WITH V.T.V.M.
CAPACITY IN MF UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.
S1 IN RADIO NORMAL POSITION. WAFER VIEWED FROM REAR.



Power
Voltage Rating, 60 cycles AC 105-125
Power Consumption—Watts 65
Tuning Range—Frequency in KCS 535-1725
Intermediate Frequency—KCS 455
Maximum Power Output—Watts 1.2
Loud Speaker—PM
Cone Diameter—inches 6
Voice Coil Impedance (ohms at 400 cycles) 3.2

Alignment Procedure

Connect line cord plug to 117 volt AC power source. Set volume control at maximum and tone control in radio normal position. Connect output meter across voice coil. Adjust dial pointer by turning tuning control fully counterclockwise and sliding dial pointer on dial cord until it is exactly 2 3/8" from left end of dial back plate. Make all adjustments in order given in table and for maximum output. Dial pointer position given in inches measured from left hand end of dial back plate. Keep input as low as possible at all times.

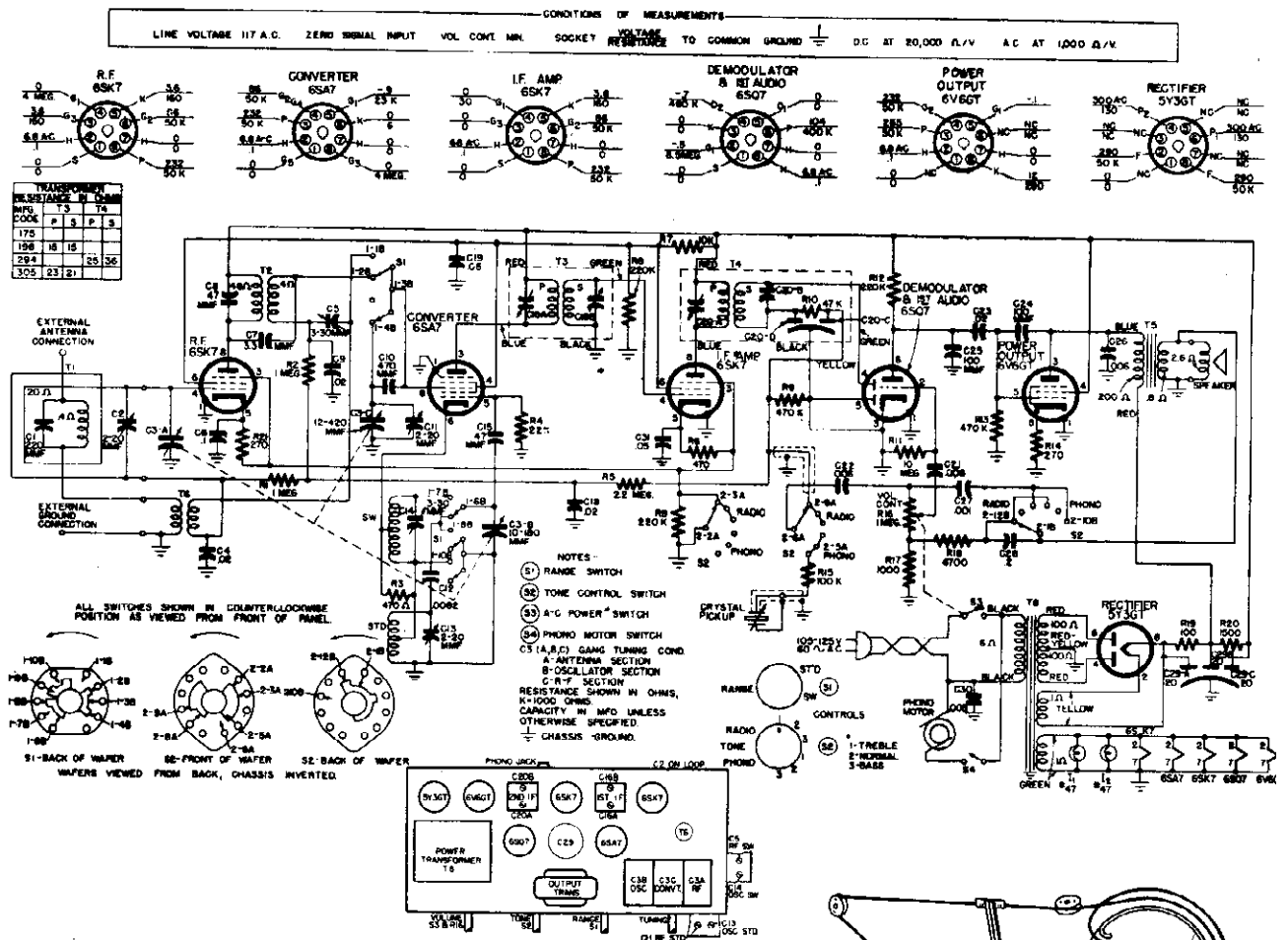
Precautions

An isolating transformer should be used between the power supply and the receiver if any of the test equipment is AC operated. The use of isolating capacitors is not recommended as AC through the capacitor may introduce hum modulation, and if the capacitors should break down the test instruments will likely be damaged.

Circuit Aligned	Input Frequency	Dial Pointer Position	Adjustment
IF	*455 KC	Max. to right	C10b, C10c C8b, C8a
OSC	**1550 KC	7	C3e
RF	**1550 KC **965 KC **580 KC	7 5 1/4 3 1/6	C3e, C2 Check Calib.

*Applied to antenna input through .1 mfd. or less
**Applied to antenna input through 50 mmf. or less

BENDIX RADIO DIV.

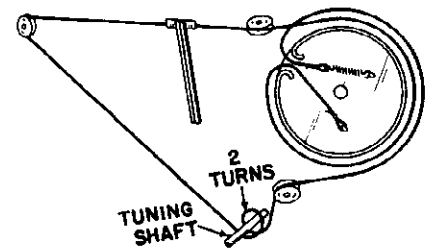


Power
 Voltage Rating, 60 cycles AC.....105-125
 Power Consumption, including record changer—Watts......95

Tuning Range
 Standard Broadcast—Frequency in KCS..... 540-1620
 Shortwave—Frequency in MCS......6-12
 Intermediate Frequency—KCS......455
 Maximum Power Output—Watts..... 4
LOUD SPEAKER—Electro dynamic Conc diameter—Inches.... 6
 Voice Coil Impedance—(ohms of 400 cycles).....3.2

Alignment Procedure

Connect line cord plug to 117 volt, 60 cycles AC power source. Set volume control at maximum clockwise position and tone control (S2) in counterclockwise (Radio 1) position. Connect output-meter across voice coil. Adjust dial pointer by turning tuning control fully counterclockwise and sliding dial pointer on dial cord until it is exactly 2 3/4" from left end of dial back plate. Make all adjustments in order given in table and for maximum output. Dial Pointer Positions given measured from left hand end of dial back plate. Keep input as low as possible at all times. Range switch (S1) in ST'D position except as noted in table.



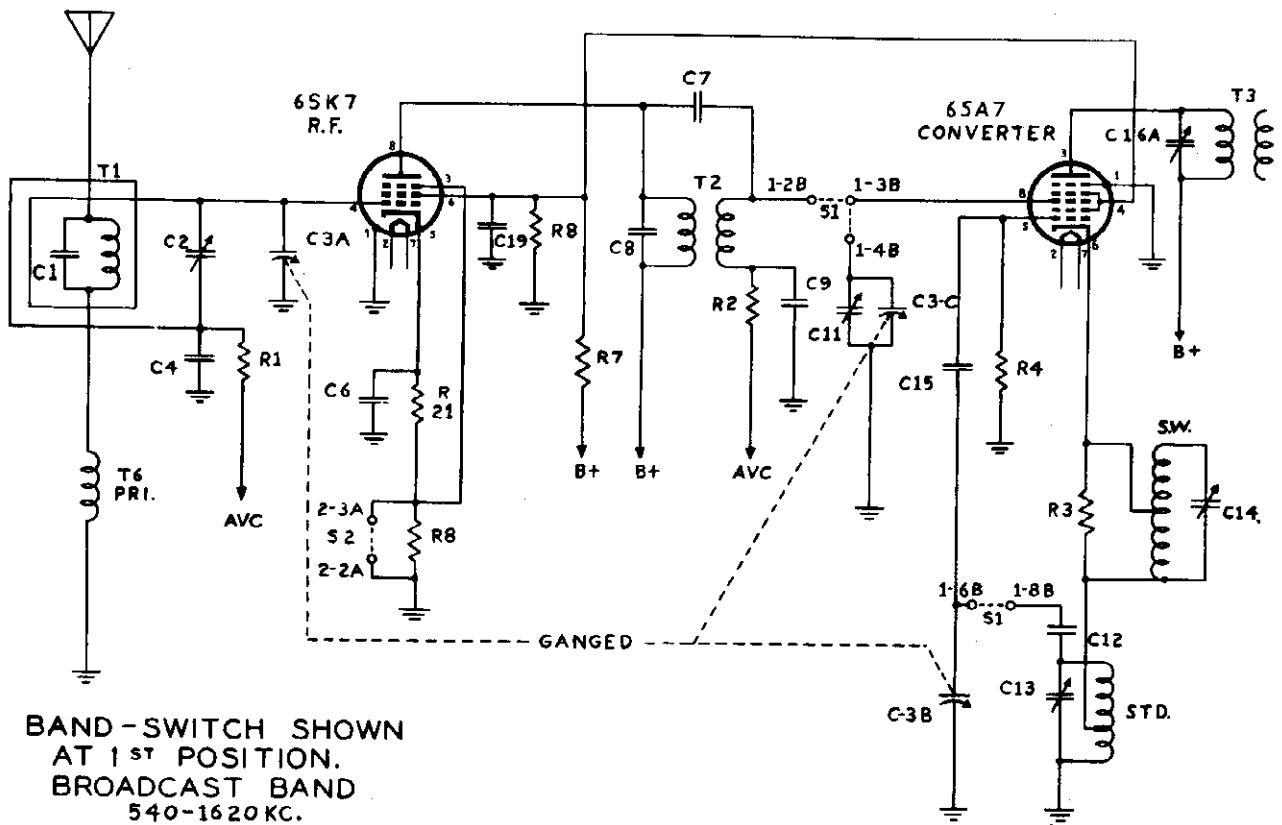
Circuit Aligned	Input Frequency	Dial Pointer Position	Adjustments
IF	* 455KCS	Max. to right	C20B, C20A C16B, C16A
OSC Broadcast	**1475KCS	7 3/4"	C13
RF Broadcast	**1475KCS **965KCS **580KCS	7 3/4" 5 15/16" 3 3/8"	C11, C2 Check Calib.
+ OSC Shortwave	**11MCS	7 3/4"	C14
+ RF Shortwave	**11MCS 9MCS 6MCS	7 3/4" 6 9/16" 3 1/2"	C5 Check Calib.

*Applied to antenna through .1 mfd. or less.

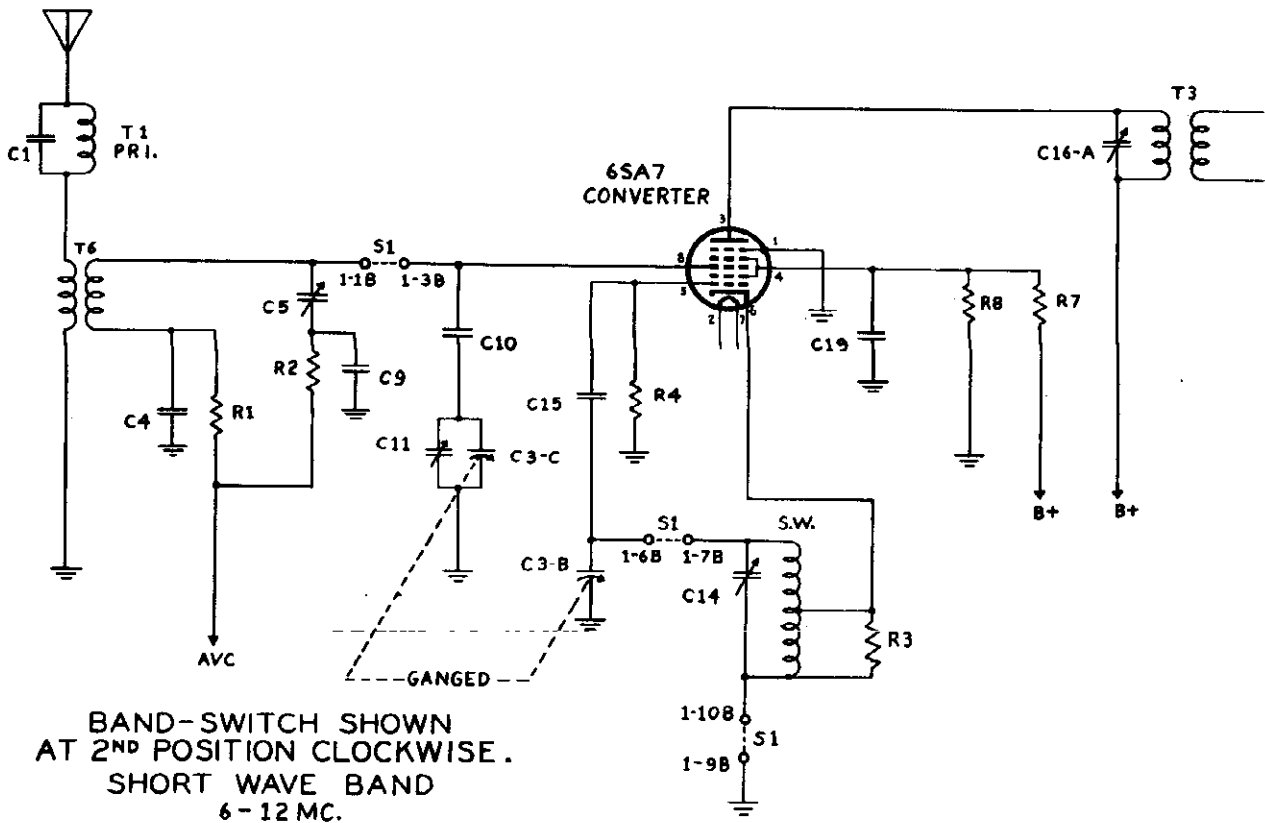
**Applied to antenna through 200 mmf. or less.
 +Range switch (S1) in SW position.

MODELS 676B, -C, -D

BENDIX RADIO DIV.

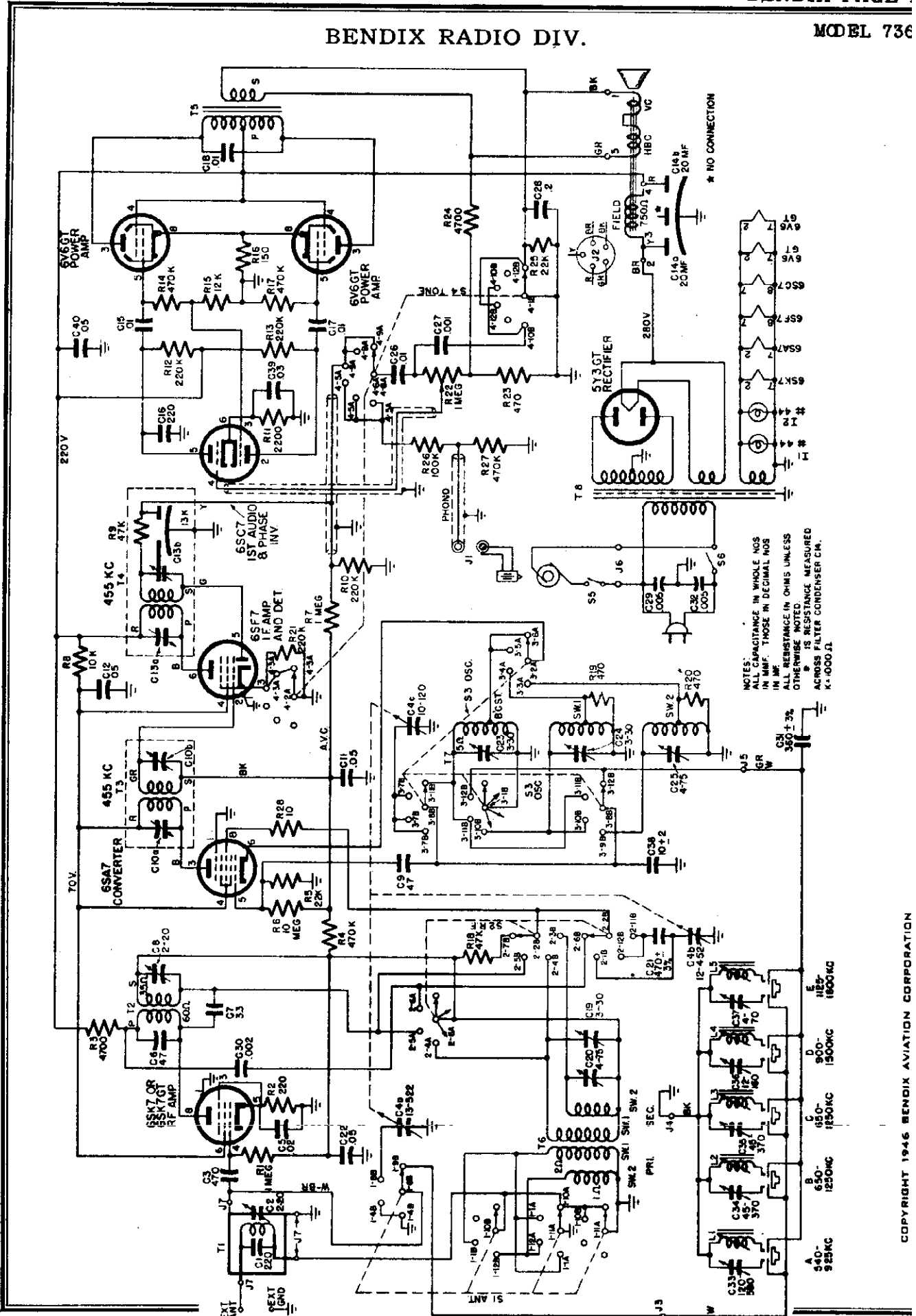


BAND-SWITCH SHOWN AT 1ST POSITION. BROADCAST BAND 540-1620 KC.



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN AT 2ND POSITION CLOCKWISE. SHORT WAVE BAND 6-12 MC.

BENDIX RADIO DIV.



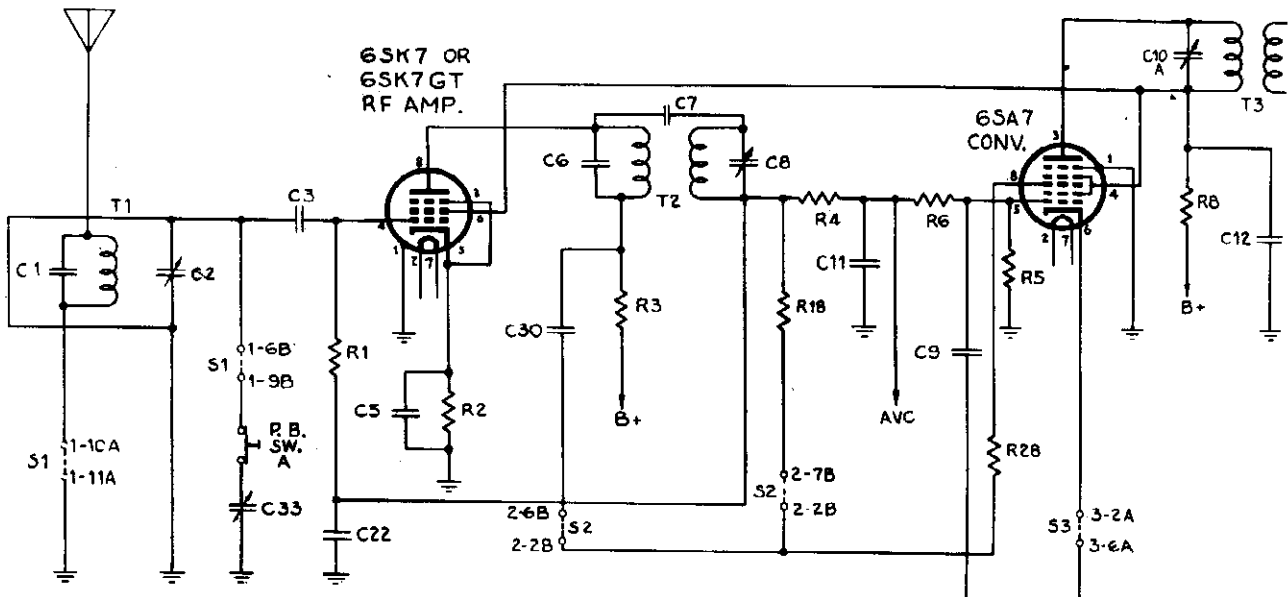
©John F. Rider

For Parts List, see P.15-4

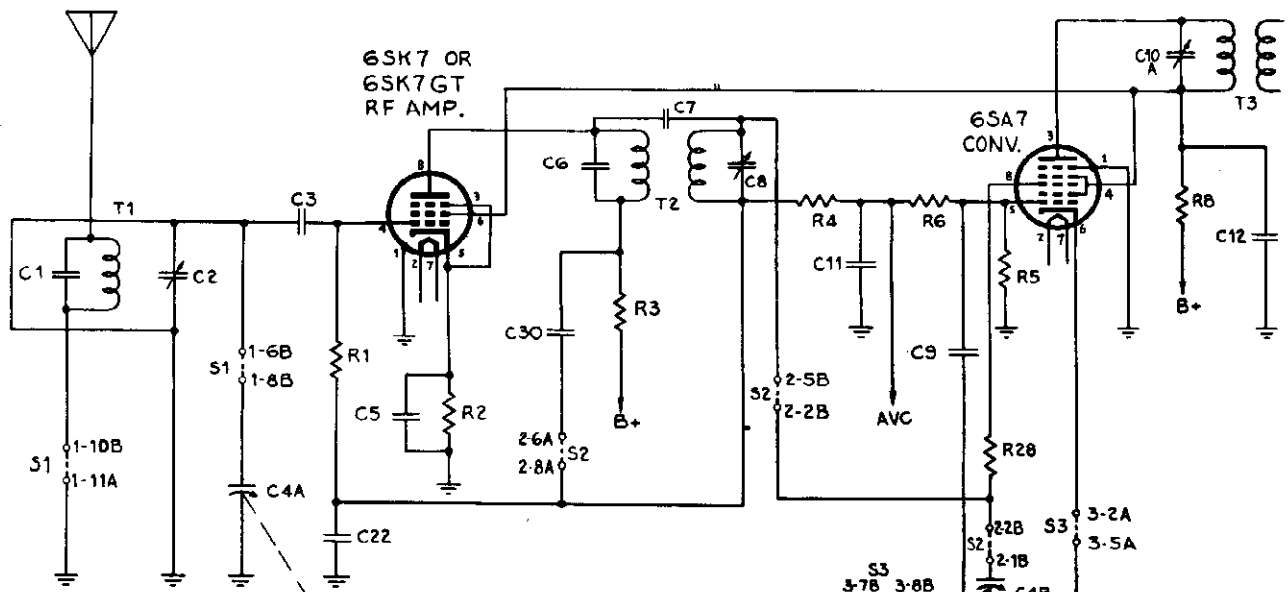
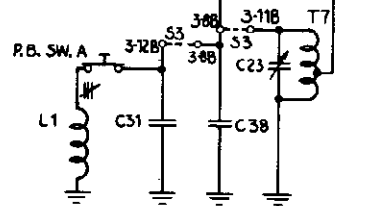
"clarified schematics"

MODEL 736B

BENDIX RADIO DIV.

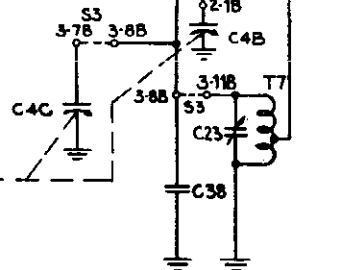


BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
AT 1ST POSITION.
PUSH BUTTON TUNING
PUSH BUTTON SWITCH A DEPRESSED
540 TO 925 KC.



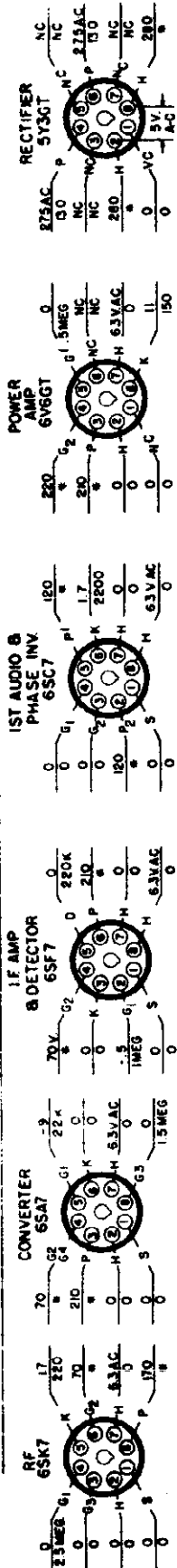
BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
AT 2ND POSITION
BROADCAST BAND
540 TO 1620 KC.

GANGED



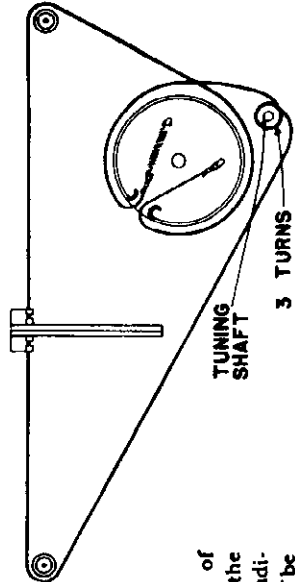
BENDIX RADIO DIV.

CONDITIONS OF MEASUREMENTS —
 LINE VOLTAGE 117 AC 25% SONS. N.P.J. VOL CONT MIN SOCKET RESISTANCE TO COMMON GROUND DC AT 20,000 Ω/V AC AT 1000 Ω/V



TRANSFORMER		RESISTANCE IN OHMS		POWER OUTPUT	
SYMBOL	T ₁	T ₂	T ₃	T ₄	T ₅
CODE	1234	21300	123	123	123
WRI	24	30	23	7	500
DEC	24	30	23	7	500

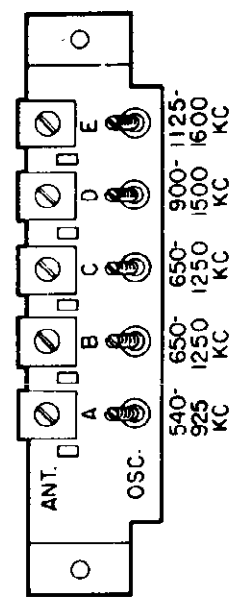
RESISTANCES OF COILS LESS THAN 1 Ω NOT SHOWN



DIAL STRINGING DIAGRAM

Fig. 4

Pushbuttons — The first counterclockwise position of the band switch provides pushbutton operation on the broadcast band. Pushbutton frequency ranges are as indicated in following diagram. The Pushbuttons may be removed by pulling from shaft thereby giving access to adjustment screws. The Osc. and Ant. adjustment screws are indicated in figure 3.



- POWER**
- Voltage Range 105-125
- Frequency—Cycles..... 60
- Consumption—Watts 110
- TUNING RANGE**
- Broadcast—KCs..... 340-1620
- Shortwave No. 1—Mcs..... 6-12
- Short Wave No. 2—Mcs..... 11.3-22
- POWER OUTPUT—WATTS**
- Maximum 7
- At 10% Distortion..... 5
- INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY (KCs)..... 455**
- TUNING RATIO..... 12:1**
- POINTER TRAVEL..... 6 in.**
- LOUDSPEAKER—Electrodynamc**
- Cone Diameter—Inches..... 10
- Voice Coil Impedance (Ohms at 400 cycles) 3.2
- RECORD PLAYER..... Model G-105**

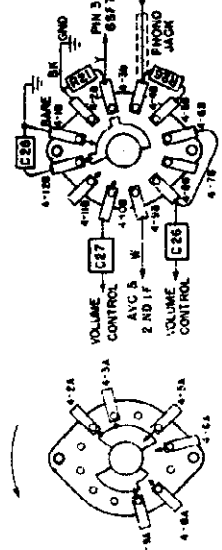
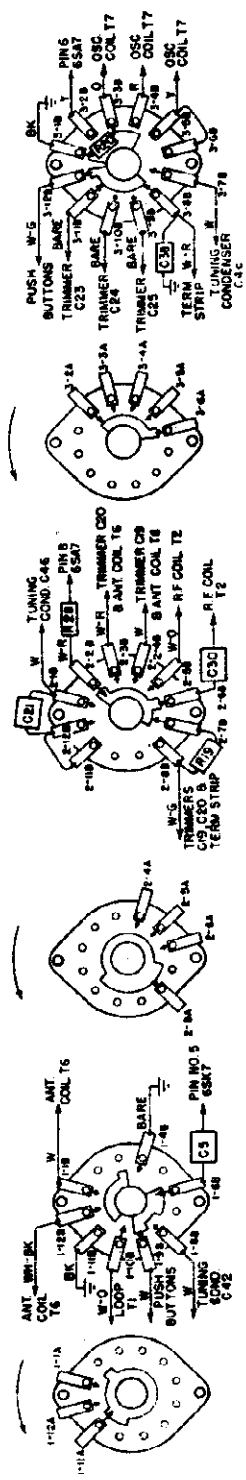


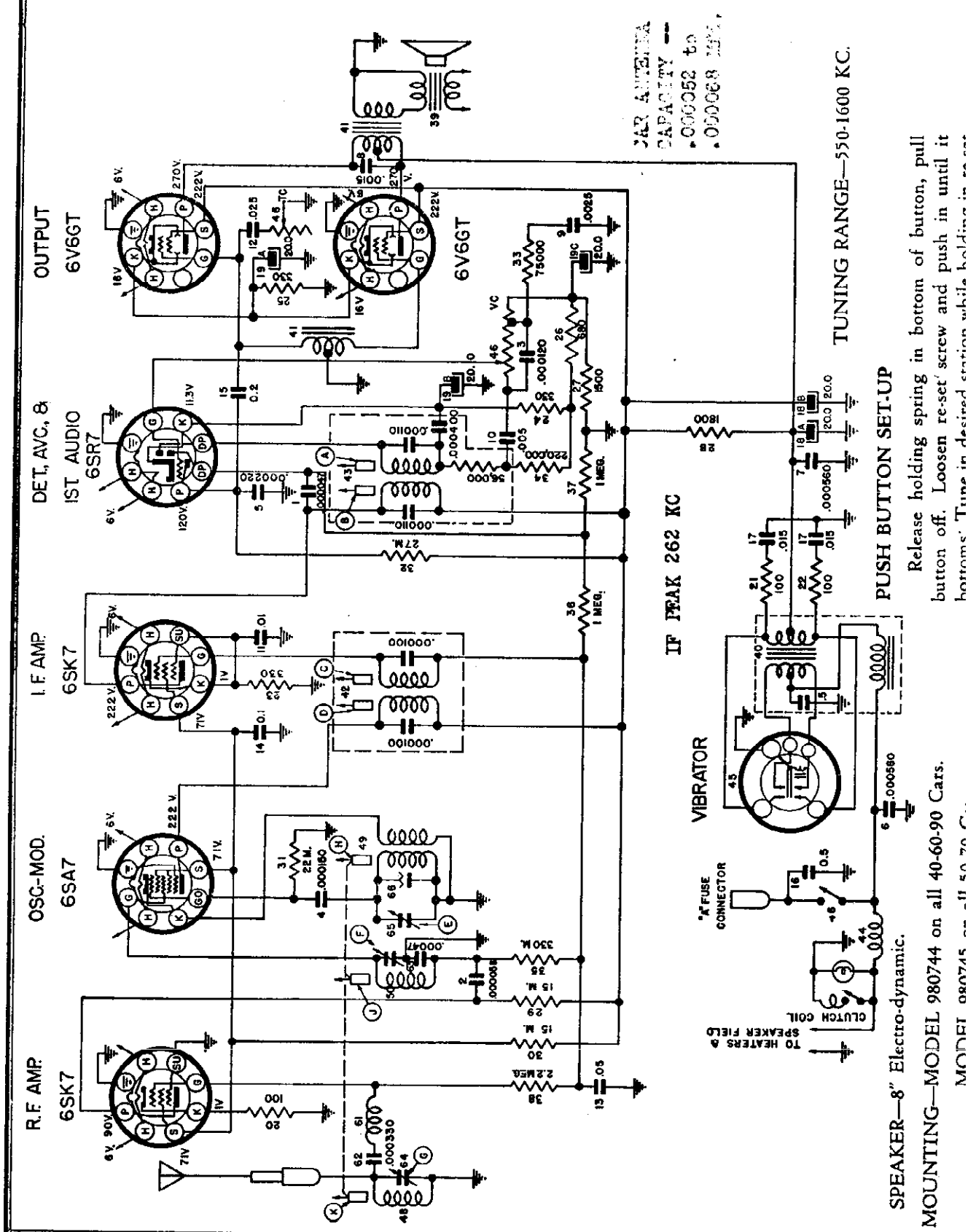
Fig. 3

54 TONE SWITCH



- 51 FRONT ANTENNA DECK**
- 52 REAR R.F. DECK**
- 53 FRONT OSCILLATOR DECK**
- REAR DECK**

BUICK DIV.-GENERAL MOTORS



JAR ANTENNA
CAPACITY --
•000052 to
•000068 250V.

TUNING RANGE—550-1600 KC.

IF PEAK 262 KC

PUSH BUTTON SET-UP

SPEAKER—8" Electro-dynamic.

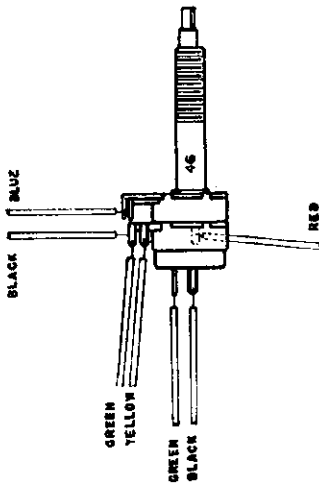
MOUNTING—MODEL 980744 on all 40-60-90 Cars.

MONET 080745 -- 11 50 70 C.

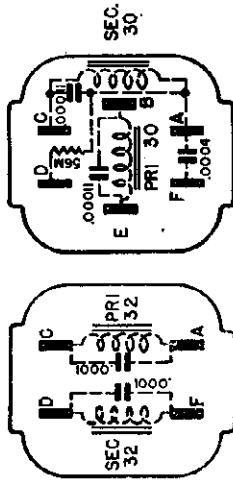
Release holding spring in bottom of button, pull button off. Loosen re-set screw and push in until it bottoms. Tune in desired station while holding in re-set

MODELS 980744,
980745

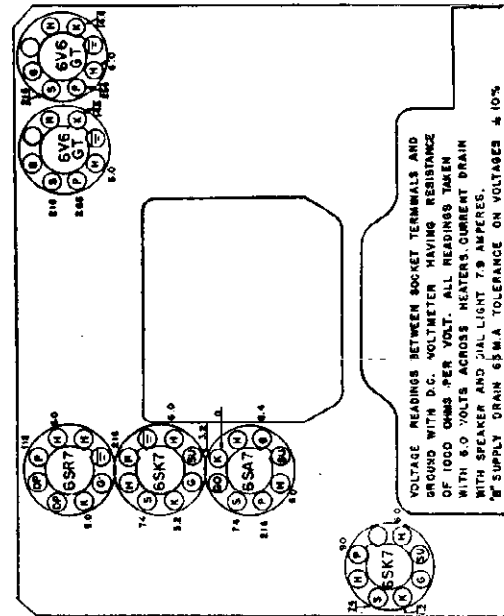
BUICK DIV.-GENERAL MOTORS



DUAL CONTROL



1st I. F. TRANS. 2nd I. F. TRANS.



VOLTAGE READINGS BETWEEN SOCKET TERMINALS AND GROUND WITH D.C. VOLTMETER HAVING RESISTANCE OF 1000 OHMS PER VOLT. ALL READINGS TAKEN WITH 6.0 VOLTS ACROSS HEATERS. CURRENT DRAIN WITH SPEAKER AND DIAL LIGHT 7.5 AMPERES. * SUPPLY DRAIN 65 M.A. TOLERANCE ON VOLTAGES ± 10%

TUBE SOCKET VOLTAGE CHART

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

Volume Control Maximum.

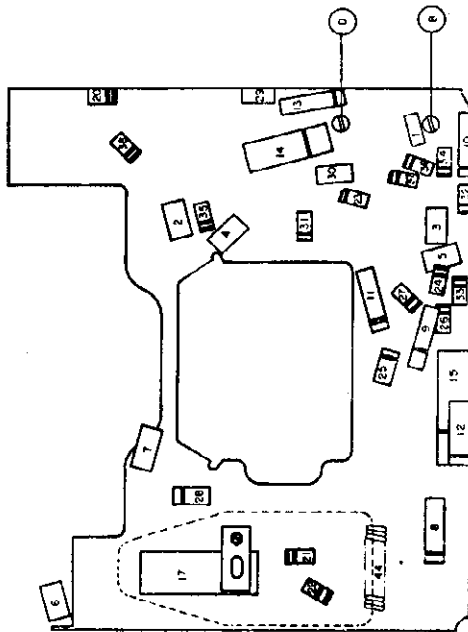
Signal Generator output minimum for satisfactory output indication.

Series Condenser or Dummy Antenna	Connect To	Tune Receiver To	Signal Generator Frequency	Adjust Screws In Order
0.1 Mfd. *.000060 Mfd.	6SA7 Pin #8 Antenna Connector	No Broadcast Sig. Extreme Hi. Freq. End of Dial	262 KC 1615 KC	A B C D E F G
***.000060 Mfd.	Antenna Connector	Signal Generator	1430 KC	** J K

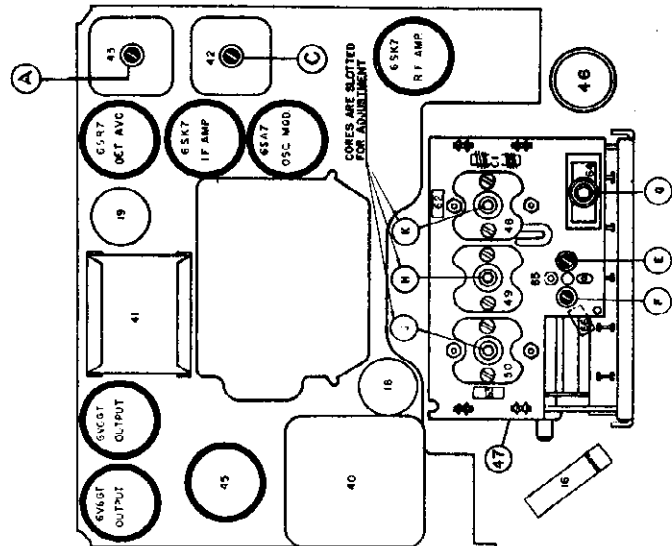
*Before making this adjustment turn core screws J, K, H by means of a bakelite screwdriver, so that the rear end of the cores are 1/16" from the rear of the coil form. The purpose of this adjustment is to set the cores at the correct starting point with respect to the windings.

**Cores J and K are adjusted by means of a bakelite screwdriver through the rear end of the coils. There must not be any metal in part of screwdriver inserted in the coil.

***Should it be necessary to calibrate the pointer after this adjustment, tune signal generator to 1300 KC and the receiver to the signal. Loosen dial cord pulley set screws and adjust pointer to 1300 KC. Tighten set screws. Adjust trimmer G to match car antenna (at approx. 1400 KC) when radio is installed.



PARTS LAYOUT—CHASSIS VIEW

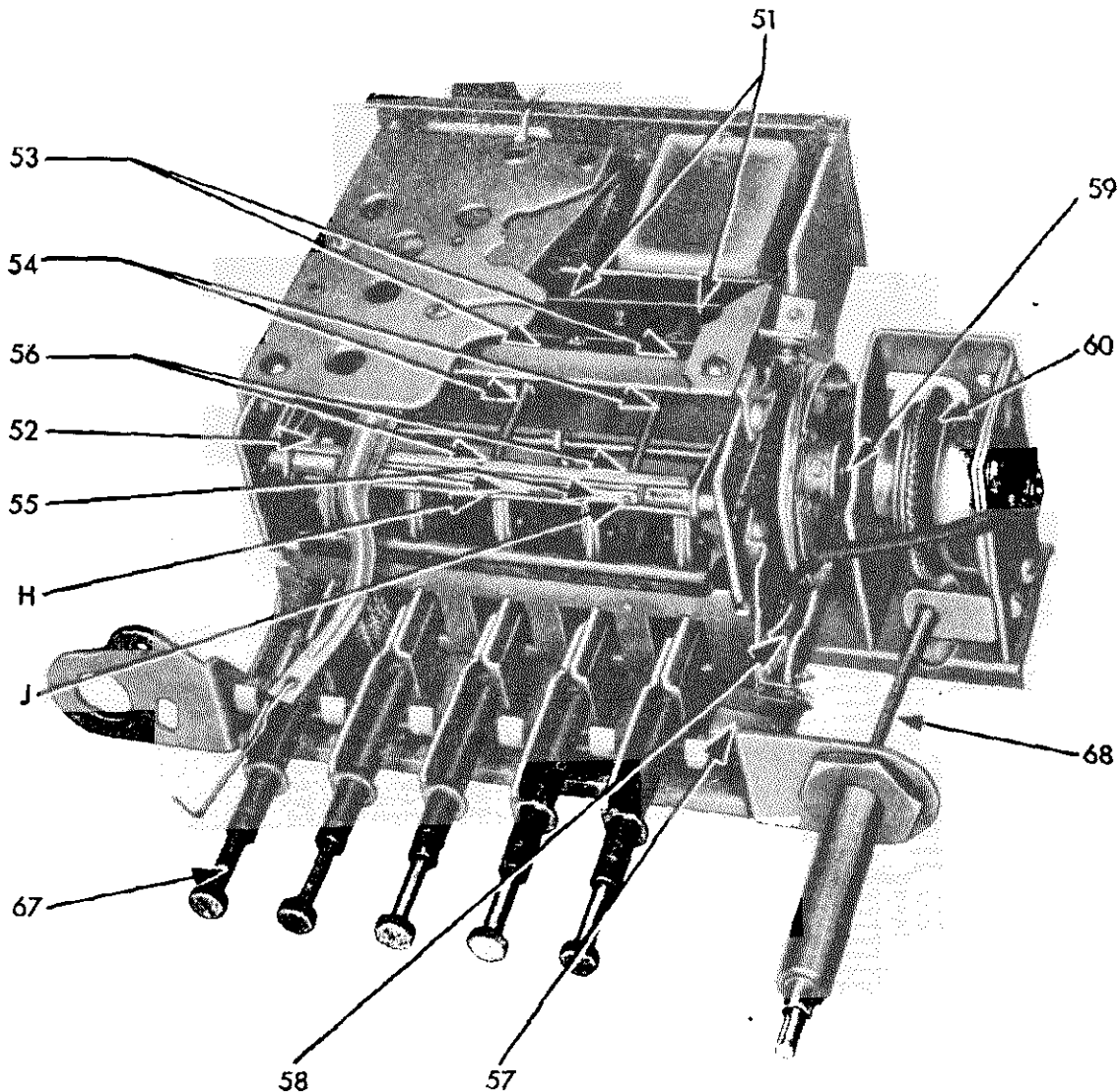


PARTS LAYOUT—TUBE VIEW

BUICK DIV.-GENERAL MOTORS

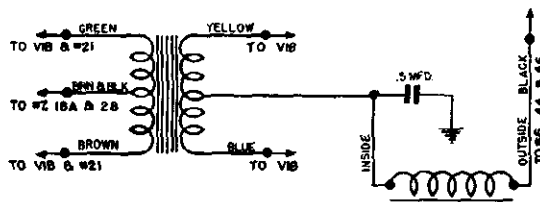
MODELS 98074
98074

ESCUTCHEON CROSS SECTION

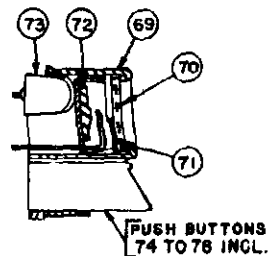


TUNER PICTURE

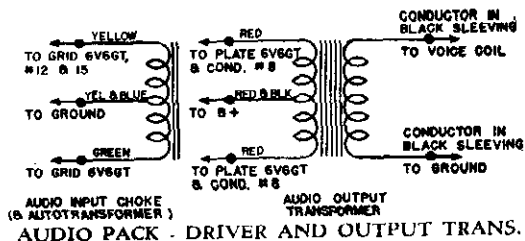
TRANSFORMER CONNECTIONS



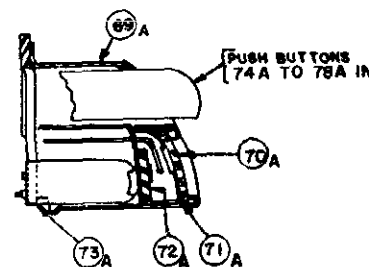
POWER TRANSFORMER



MODEL 980744



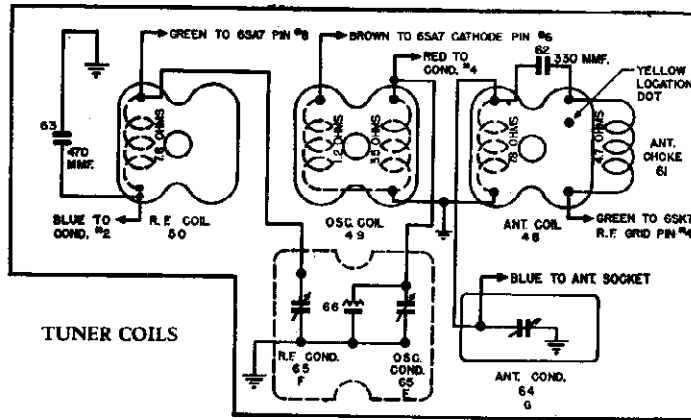
AUDIO PACK - DRIVER AND OUTPUT TRANS.



MODEL 980745

MODELS 980744,
980745

BUICK DIV.-GENERAL MOTORS



Illus. Service
No. Parts No.

DESCRIPTION

CONDENSERS

1	7233313	.000047 Mfd. Molded
2	1215188	.000036 Mfd. Molded
3	7240377	.000120 Mfd. Molded
4	7230893	.000150 Mfd. Molded
5	7236101	.000220 Mfd. Molded
6	7240566	.000560 Mfd. Mica
7	7240566	.000560 Mfd. Mica
Alt. for 6 & 7	7255665	.000560 Mfd. Mica—Molded
8	7236134	.0015 Mfd. 800 V. Tubular
9	7240378	.0025 Mfd. 400 V. Tubular
10	7230912	.005 Mfd. 600 V. Tubular
11	1208600	.01 Mfd. 600 V. Tubular
12	1211232	.025 Mfd. 400 V. Tubular
13	7230592	.05 Mfd. 800 V. Tubular
14	1207908	.1 Mfd. 400 V. Tubular
15	7240579	.2 Mfd. 400 V. Tubular
16	7236621	.5 Mfd. 200 V. Tubular
17	7236075	.015 x .015 1500 V. Dual Tubular
18	7240612	Electrolytic—2 Section 20-20 Mfd. 400 V.
19	7238533	Electrolytic—3 Section 20-20-20 Mfd. 25 V.
62	7232977	.000330 Mfd. Molded
63	7238879	.000470 Mfd. Molded
64	7242984	Antenna Trimmer
65	7244037	Dual Trimmer
66	7255725	Compensating
20	1213217	100 Ohms 1/2 W. Insulated
21	1213217	100 Ohms 1/2 W. Insulated
22	1213217	100 Ohms 1/2 W. Insulated
23	1213224	330 Ohms 1/2 W. Insulated
24	1213224	330 Ohms 1/2 W. Insulated
25	1214572	330 Ohms 2 W. Insulated
26	1214543	680 Ohms 1/2 W. Insulated
27	1213237	1500 Ohms 1/2 W. Insulated
28	1214573	1800 Ohms 2 W. Insulated
29	7237595	15,000 Ohms 1 W. Insulated
30	7233653	15,000 Ohms 2 W. Insulated
31	1214550	22,000 Ohms 1/2 W. Insulated
32	1213342	27,000 Ohms 1 W. Insulated
33	1213844	58,000 Ohms 1/2 W. Insulated
34	1214555	220,000 Ohms 1/2 W. Insulated
35	1214557	330,000 Ohms 1/2 W. Insulated
36	1213282	1 Megohm 1/2 W. Insulated
37	1213282	1 Megohm 1/2 W. Insulated
38	1214563	2.2 Megohm 1/2 W. Insulated

RESISTORS

MOUNTING AND INSTALLATION PARTS

7255666	Control Knob Kit
	Tuning Knobs—2
	Dummy Knob
	Tone Control Knob
	Washers—2
	Hex. Nuts—2
1321177	"A" Lead Cable Assembly—Model 980744
1321178	"A" Lead Cable Assembly—Model 980745
120151	Fuse
1286759	Static Collector Assembly
1880659	Generator Condenser
1207820	Distributor Suppressor
1853686	Suppressor Adaptor
1324056	Bracket—R. H.—Model 980744
1324057	Bracket—L. H.—Model 980744
1323926	Bracket—R. H.—Model 980745
1323927	Bracket—L. H.—Model 980745
1320624	Washer
120380	Lockwasher
120375	Hex. Nut
123291	Screw

MISCELLANEOUS ELECTRICAL PARTS

39	7240469	Speaker—8" Electrodynamic
40	7240519	Power Transformer Assembly
41	7240464	Audio Pack—Driver and Output Transformer Assembly
42	7238546	First I. F. Transformer Assembly
43	7240467	Second I. F. Transformer Assembly
44	7241708	"A" Filter Choke
45	8630	Vibrator—Synchronous
46	7241967	Volume & Tone Control with Switch—Model 980744
46A	7241928	Volume & Tone Control with Switch—Model 980745
61	7240251	Antenna Choke Coil (Included in Tuner Assembly Complete)

Illus. Service
No. Parts No.

TUNER, DIAL, AND ESCUTCHEON PARTS

47	7244052	Tuner Assembly Complete—Model 980744
47A	7244027	Tuner Assembly Complete—Model 980745
48	7244036	Antenna Coil Assembly
49	7244058	Oscillator Coil Assembly
50	7244057	R. F. Coil Assembly
51	7253779	Grommet
52	7244034	Spring—Connecting Link
	7236014	Iron Core Parts Package
53		Iron Core
54		Spring—Core Tension
55		Nut—Core Coupling
56		Washer
57	7240410	Declutching Switch Lever Assembly
	7242981	Shaft—Declutching Switch Lever
	7242962	Spring—Declutching Switch Lever
	7255698	Retainer Spring
58	7240397	Switch Assembly—Declutching
59	7240396	Drive Drum Assembly
60	7240471	Clutch Assembly Complete
	7237174	Universal Joint Spring
61	7240251	Antenna Choke Coil
62	7232957	Condenser—.000330 Mfd. Molded
63	7238879	Condenser—.000470 Mfd. Molded
64	7242984	Antenna Trimmer Condenser
65	7244037	Dual Trimmer Condenser
66	7255725	Compensating Condenser
	7242167	Cord and Spring Assembly
	7242168	Cord and Link Assembly
67	7240368	Reset Screw Assembly
68	7241981	Tuning Shaft Assembly
69	7241966	Escutcheon
70	7242981	Dial
71	7240508	Dial Shield
72	7240509	Backplate Assembly
73	7238513	Dial Clamp
74	7242221	Button Assembly "B"
75	7242222	Button Assembly "U"
76	7242223	Button Assembly "I"
77	7242224	Button Assembly "C"
78	7242225	Button Assembly "K"
	7242003	Cord and Spring Assembly
	7242006	Cord and Link Assembly
67A	7241982	Reset Screw Assembly
68A	7241980	Tuning Shaft Assembly
69A	7242039	Escutcheon Assembly
70A	7244046	Dial
71A	7241992	Dial Shield
72A	7241987	Backplate Assembly
73A	7242093	Dial Clamp
74A	7242226	Button Assembly "B"
75A	7242227	Button Assembly "U"
76A	7242228	Button Assembly "I"
77A	7242229	Button Assembly "C"
78A	7242230	Button Assembly "K"

Parts Included in Tuner Assembly Complete, Part No. 7244052, Model 980744, Which Are Also Serviced Separately.

Parts Included in Tuner Assembly Complete, Part No. 7244027, Model 980745, Which Are Also Serviced Separately.

TUBE COMPLEMENT

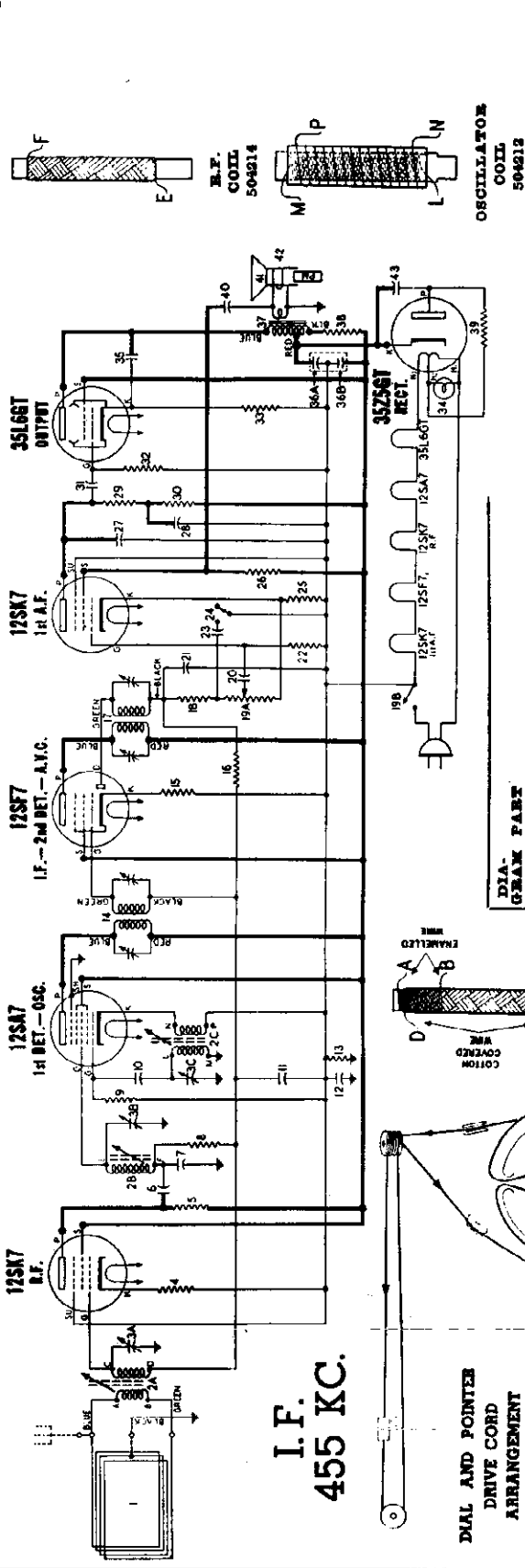
1213637	6V6GT	Push-Pull Output
7240267	6SR7	Detector, A. V. C. and First Audio
7237887	6SK7	I. F. Amplifier
7237887	6SK7	R. F. Amplifier
7237886	6SA7	Oscillator Modulator

MISCELLANEOUS PARTS

7242034	"A" Lead Connector Assembly
7242033	Antenna Lead Connector Assembly
7238539	Vibrator Socket
7236275	Octal Tube Socket
7240408	Dial Light Assembly (Includes Dial Lamp)
125588	Bulb—Dial Lamp

BUTLER BROS.

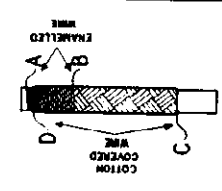
MODELS N5-RD-250, Chas. 9022
N5-RD-251, Chas. 9022H



I.F. 455 KC.

DIAL AND POINTER DRIVE ARRANGEMENT

To string dial cord, turn the main drive drum to max. counter-clockwise position and use following parts:
114955 Clip on end of cord
117057 Cord (55 inches)
119087 Ring for dial cord
161384 Tension Spring



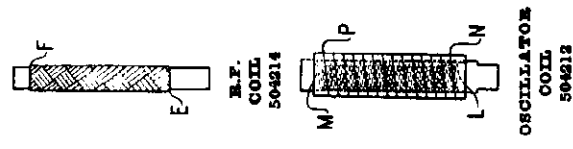
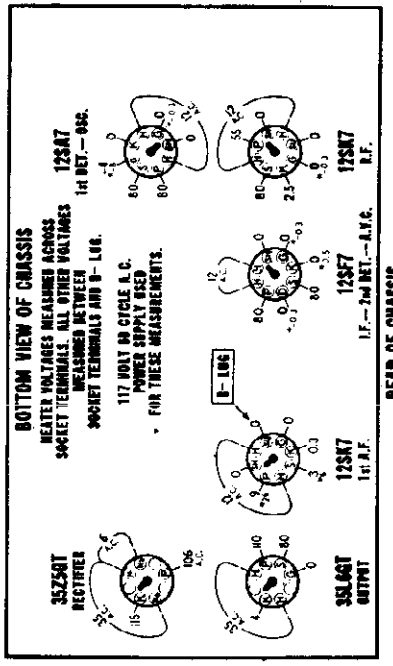
ANTENNA COUPLING COIL
504210

Lettered terminals in illustrations correspond to similarly lettered terminals on the circuit diagram.

SOCKET VOLTAGES

Measured with voltmeter having sensitivity of 1000 ohms per volt except where indicated by (1).

VOLUME ON FULL WITH NO SIGNAL DIAL TUNED TO 540 KC.



- 504211 Slug core for Ant. coil (yellow end)
- 504213 Slug core for Osc. coil (white end)
- 504215 Slug core for R.F. coil (purple end)
- 502102 Transformer—1st I.F.
- 502103 Transformer—2nd I.F.
- 502213 Transformer—output (for R.502988 spkr.)
- 502304 Transformer—output (for A.502988 spkr.)
- 504244 Transformer—output (for W.502988 spkr.)

OTHER ELECTRICAL PARTS

- 500546 Switch—tone control
- 502214 Lamp-dial (Mazda 47) 6-8 V. 150 Ma.
- 502214 Cone & voice coil for R.502988 spkr.
- 502903 Cone & voice coil for A.502988 spkr.
- 504245 Cone & voice coil for W.502988 spkr.
- 502998 Speaker—P.M. dynamic (5 inch)

MISCELLANEOUS PARTS

- 502185 Back for cabinet
- 116467 Base for mtg. electrolytic condenser
- 502556 Cabinet—ivory (Model 9022-E)
- 502557 Cabinet—mahogany (Model 9022-N)
- 500261 Clamp—dial scale mtg.
- 500497 Clip—retainer for cabinet back
- 114855 Clip—retainer on end of dial cord
- 116563 Connector—for antenna leads
- 117957 Cord—dial drive (55 in. required)
- 500224 Cover—cardboard, for elect. cond.
- 504145 Dial scale—glass
- 501186 Grounding plate (under I.F. trans. can)
- 502551 Knob—ivory (Model 9022-F)
- 502567 Knob—mahogany (Model 9022-N)
- 502367 Pointer
- 81145 Retaining ring for tuning shaft
- 85078 Rubber grommet; Ant. & R.F. coil mtg.
- 504045 Rubber grommet; Osc. coil mtg.
- 119087 Ring for dial cord
- 117057 Screw—No. 4 x 7/32
- 114628 Screw—No. 8 x 1/2 chassis mtg.
- 502173 Shaft—tuning control
- 116690 Socket—octal base
- 160392 Socket—octal (rectifier)
- 500499 Socket—dial lamp (with leads)
- 504012 Spring for tuning slug drive cord
- 161384 Spring—dial tuning drive cord

DESCRIPTION

- CONDENSERS**
- 3-A, B, C 504086 Condenser trimmer assembly
- 6 A. 10 to 160 Mmfd.
- 7 B. 20 to 270 Mmfd.
- 8 C. 20 to 270 Mmfd.
- 9 Condenser—mica 260 Mmfd. 500 volt.
- 10 Condenser—mica 1,000 Mmfd. 500 volt.
- 11 Condenser—mica 50 Mmfd. 500 volt.
- 12 Condenser—1 Mid. 200 volt.
- 13 Condenser—2 Mid. 400 volt.
- 20 Condenser—mica 110 Mmfd. 400 volt.
- 21 Condenser—0.02 Mid. 400 volt.
- 22 Condenser—0.008 Mid. 400 volt.
- 23 Condenser—0.008 Mid. 400 volt.
- 27 Condenser—0.04 Mid. 200 volt.
- 28 Condenser—0.05 Mid. 200 volt.
- 31 Condenser—0.04 Mid. 400 volt.
- 35 Condenser—0.01 Mid. 400 volt.
- 36-A, B 500256 Condenser—electrolytic
- 40 A. 40 Mfd. 150 volt
- 41 B. 20 Mfd. 150 volt
- 43 Condenser—.05 Mfd. 400 volt.
- 44 Condenser—.05 Mfd. 400 volt.
- RESISTORS**
- 4 Resistor—carbon 390 ohms 1/4 watt
- 5 Resistor—carbon 47,000 ohms 1/4 watt
- 6 Resistor—carbon 470,000 ohms 1/4 watt
- 9 Resistor—carbon 220,000 ohms 1/4 watt
- 10 Resistor—carbon 220,000 ohms 1/4 watt
- 11 Resistor—carbon 220,000 ohms 1/4 watt
- 15 Resistor—carbon 33,000 ohms 1/4 watt
- 16 Resistor—carbon 33,000 ohms 1/4 watt
- 18-A, B 502131 Volume control, 500,000 ohms (with switch)
- 22 Resistor—carbon 10 Meg 1/4 watt
- 25 Resistor—carbon 220,000 ohms 1/4 watt
- 26 Resistor—carbon 220,000 ohms 1/4 watt
- 29 Resistor—carbon 220,000 ohms 1/4 watt
- 30 Resistor—carbon 470,000 ohms 1/4 watt
- 32 Resistor—carbon 130,000 ohms 1/4 watt
- 33 Resistor—carbon 130,000 ohms 1/4 watt
- 38 Resistor—carbon 150,000 ohms 1/4 watt
- 39 Resistor—carbon 33,000 ohms 1/2 watt
- COIL & TRANSFORMERS**
- 1 Loop antenna
- 2-A, B, C 504086 Tuning unit, complete assembly
- 2-A 504210 Coil—antenna (less slug)

MODELS N5-ED-250, Chas. 9022N;
N5-ED-251, Chas. 9022H

BUTLER BROS.

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

1. Remove chassis and loop from cabinet. Solder approximately 8" of insulated wire to any B— connection (see voltage chart on opposite side for convenient B— location). Then reinstall chassis and loop in cabinet. The B— lead should extend from under the chassis at the back.
2. Connect ground lead of signal generator to B— lead.
3. Connect output meter across the speaker voice coil (terminals at back of speaker.)
4. Turn the tuning control knob clockwise as far as it will go (tuner mechanism is now in maximum open position with tuning slugs almost completely withdrawn from coils). Dial pointer should then point to 1600 Kc mark on scale. If it is set incorrectly, release pointer clip on dial cord and reposition pointer.
5. Set volume control at maximum volume position and use a weak signal from the signal generator.

DUMMY ANT. IN SERIES WITH SIGNAL GENERATOR	CONNECT HIGH SIDE OF GENERATOR TO	SIGNAL GENERATOR FREQUENCY	RECEIVER DIAL SETTING	TRIMMER NUMBER	TRIMMER DESCRIPTION	TYPE OF ADJUSTMENT
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Set tuner mechanism to maximum open position by turning the tuning control knob clockwise as far as it will go (Dial pointer at 1600 Kc). Then check whether the positions of the tuning slugs correspond to the positions shown in Fig. 1 below. If settings are incorrect, rotate the individual core and threaded stem until desired position is reached. Note that threaded stem is prevented from moving by a dab of speaker cement at top.

.1 MFD. Condenser	Ungrounded terminal of trimmer No. 6 (see Fig. 2 below for location of trimmer.)	455 KC	Any point where it does not affect the signal.	1-2	2nd I.F.	Adjust for maximum output. Then repeat adjustment.
				3-4	1st I.F.	
300 MMFD. Mica Condenser	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	1600 KC	1600 KC	5	Broadcast Oscillator (Shunt)	Adjust for maximum output.
300 MMFD. Mica Condenser	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	1600 KC	Tune to 1600 KC generator signal	6	Broadcast R.F.	Adjust for maximum output.
				7	Broadcast Antenna	Adjust for maximum output.
300 MMFD. Mica Condenser	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	1400 KC	Tune to 1400 KC generator signal	Ant. coil tuning slug		Adjust position of slug for maximum output.
				R.F. coil tuning slug		Adjust position of slug for maximum output.
300 MMFD. Mica Condenser	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	1600 KC	Tune to 1600 KC generator signal	6	Broadcast R.F.	Recheck adjustment for maximum output.
				7	Broadcast Antenna	Recheck adjustment for maximum output.

Apply a coating of speaker cement at top of each tuning core stem to prevent movement.

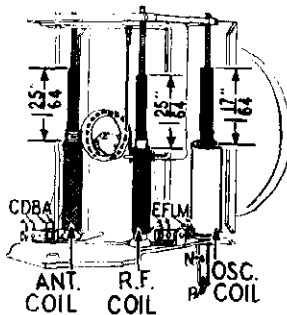


FIG. 1
SLUG
TUNER
ASSEMBLY
(Drive Parts)

- 117057 Cord (8")
- 114955 Clip on cord
- 504012 Spring

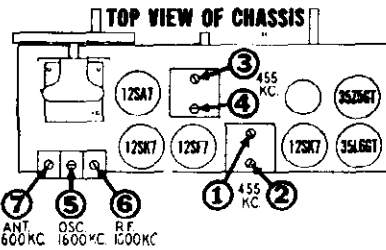


FIG. 2

AUDIO OSCILLATION

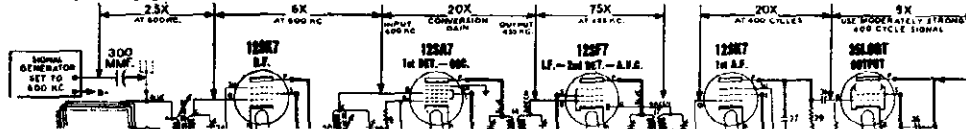
The audio system of this receiver utilizes a two stage type of inverse feedback arrangement and, should it ever be necessary to replace the speaker or output transformer, it is important to maintain a definite phase relationship in the feedback circuit. If the connections to the output transformer are reversed or if the feedback connection is made to the wrong side of the output transformer secondary, the system will become regenerative instead of degenerative. Under these conditions audio oscillation may result. If that occurs, oscillation may be prevented by reversing the connections to the secondary of the output transformer.

APPROXIMATE STAGE GAIN DATA

Be sure R.F. and I.F. stages are accurately aligned before measuring gain. R.F. gains can be measured with a "channel" type instrument containing a tuned and calibrated R.F. amplifier. A vacuum tube voltmeter may be used for audio gain measurements. Observe following precautions:

1. For all gain measurements connect signal generator as shown. Use 600 KC. signal with 400 cycle modulation (use nearby frequency if local station interferes.)
2. For R.F. and I.F. measurements connect negative terminal of a 3 volt battery (two 1½ volt cells in series) to A.V.C. lead and positive terminal to B—. This provides a definite operating point. **IMPORTANT:** Disconnect battery when measuring audio stage gains.
3. Be sure radio is carefully tuned to generator signal (use weak signal for sharp tuning.)
4. When using a "channel" type instrument carefully tune it for maximum output at desired frequency before making measurements.

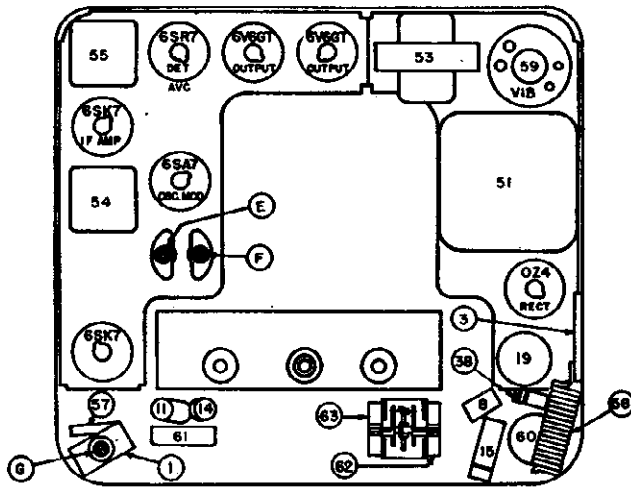
The R.F. and I.F. stage gains shown below are less than under normal operating conditions due to the use of 3 volts fixed bias in order to establish a definite operating point. Therefore, these values are not intended to indicate the full capability of a stage.



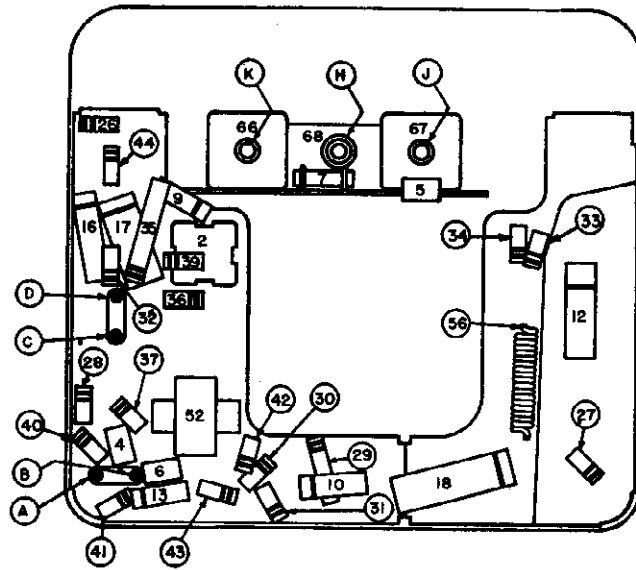
Differences in tube characteristics, tolerance of parts, adjustment of tuned circuits, and variations of line voltage will influence stage gain. Accuracy of measurements is dependent upon careful tuning of receiver to generator signal and experience in using your test equipment. These factors may create considerable variation in gain measurements.

MODEL 7253207

CADILLAC DIV.-GENERAL MOTORS



PARTS LAYOUT—TUBE VIEW



PARTS LAYOUT—CHASSIS VIEW

PUSH BUTTON SET-UP

Push button in and latch. Turn button until desired station is brought in. Do not hold button in beyond normal latching position while adjusting.

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

Volume Control Maximum.

Signal Generator output minimum for satisfactory output indications.

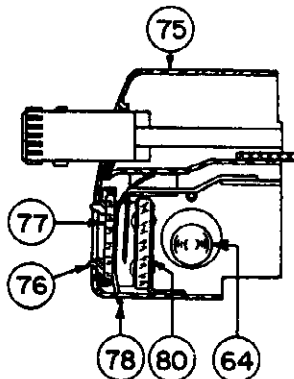
Series Condenser or Dummy Antenna	Connect To	Signal Generator Frequency	Adjust Screws In Order
0.1 Mfd	Pin #8 of 6SA7	262 KC	A B C D
.000070 Mfd	Antenna Connector	1615 KC	E
.000070 Mfd	Antenna Connector	1430 KC	F G

Adjust trimmer G to match car antenna (1430 KC) when radio is installed.

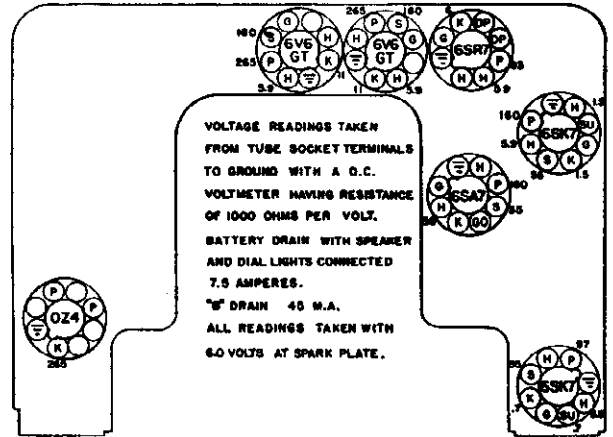
SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS

Alignment of Iron Cores: Tune to stop at H. F. end of dial. Adjust cores H, J and K to extend $1\frac{5}{8}$ " from end of their coil forms. Adjust trimmers E, F and G (SG at 1615 KC). Adjust cores J and K (SG at 1430 KC). Repeat alignment adjustment of trimmers at 1615 KC. and of cores J and K at 1430 KC.

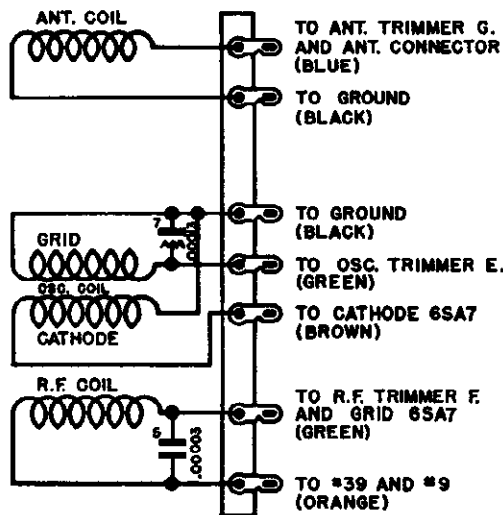
CADILLAC DIV.-GENERAL MOTORS



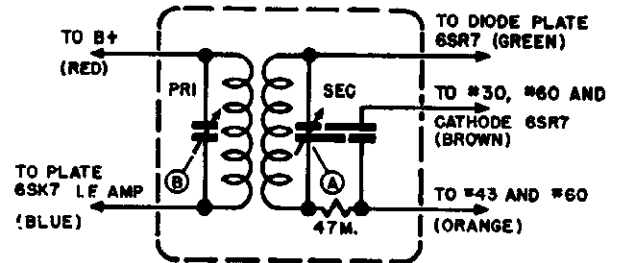
ESCUTCHEON CROSS SECTION



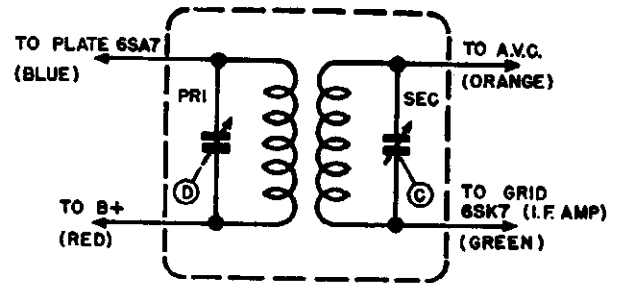
TUBE SOCKET VOLTAGE CHART



TUNER COILS

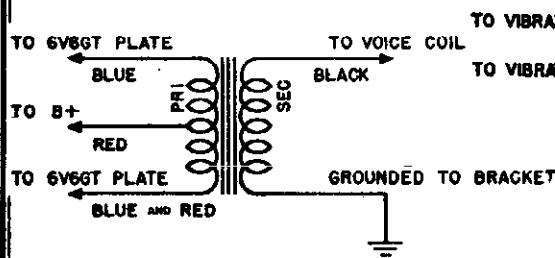


SECOND I. F. TRANSFORMER

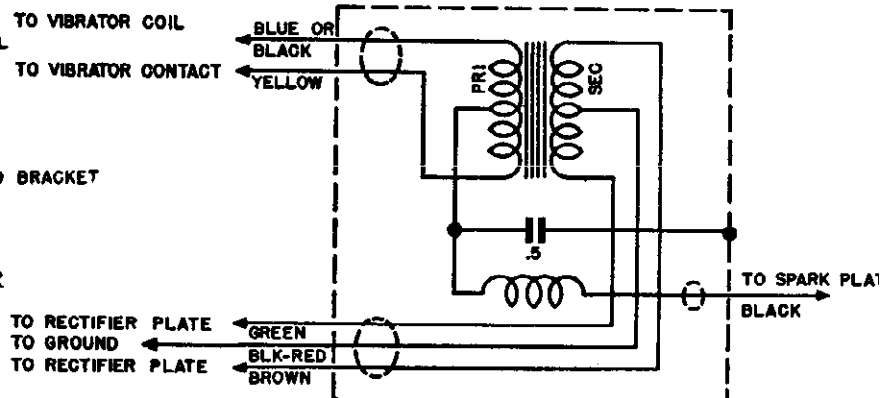


FIRST I. F. TRANSFORMER

COIL CONNECTIONS



OUTPUT TRANSFORMER



POWER TRANSFORMER

MODEL 7253207

CADILLAC DIV -GENERAL MOTORS

GENERAL

MOUNTING—All 1946 Cadillac Cars.

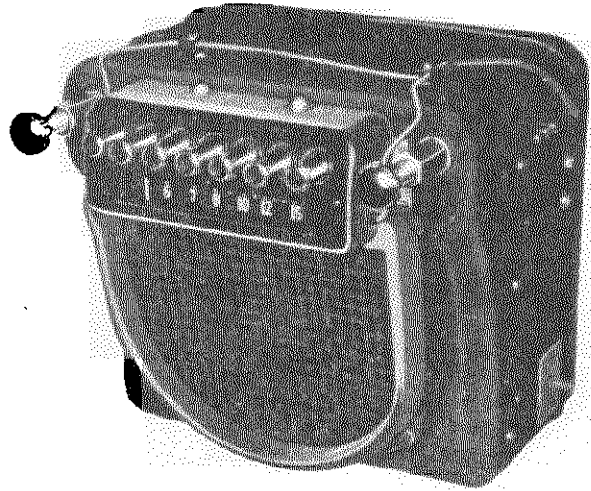
TUBES—Seven—6SK7 (2), 6SA7, 6SR7,
6V6GT (2), 0Z4.

SPEAKER—8" Dynamic.

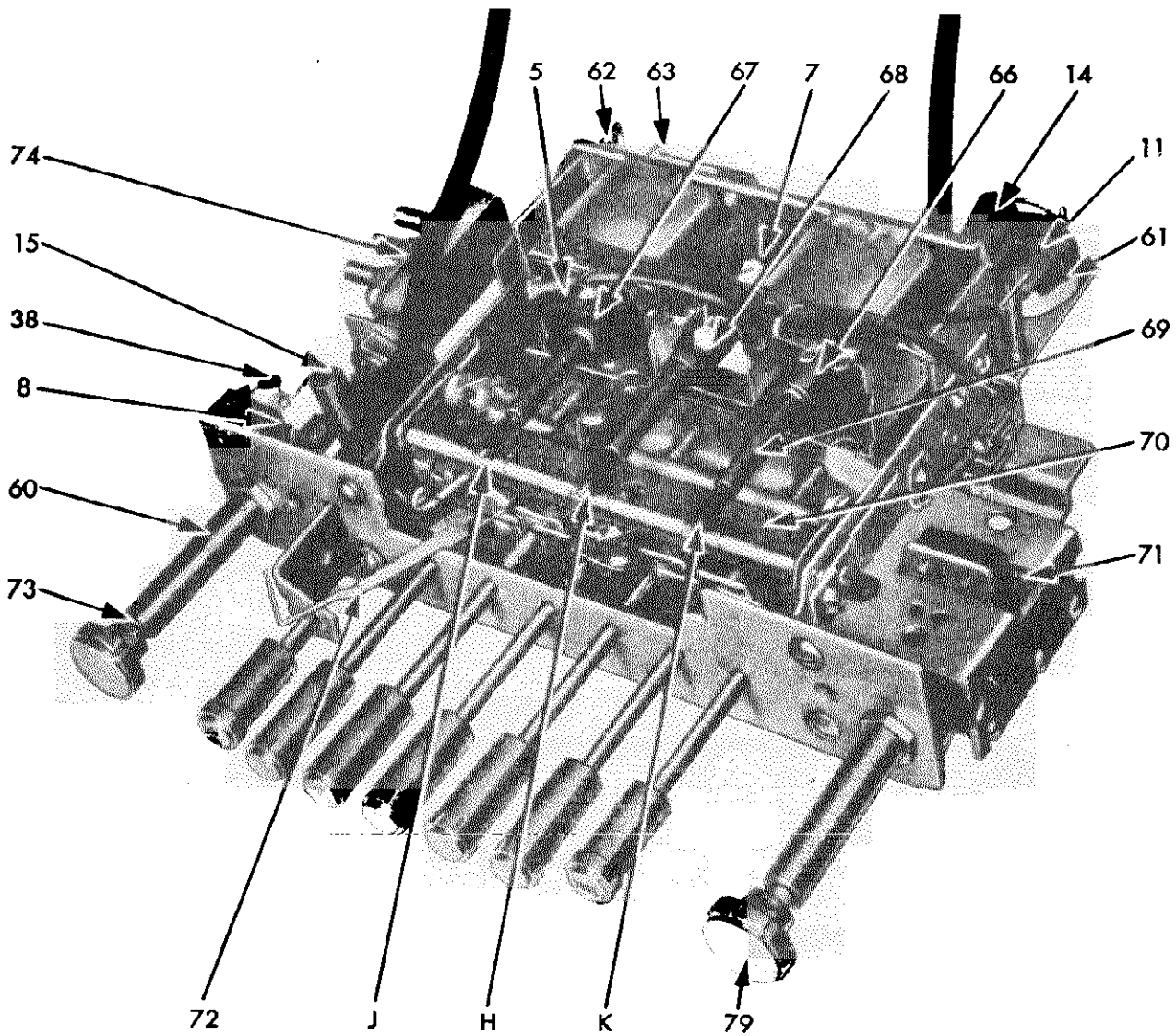
TUNING—Manual and 5 P. B.

CAR ANTENNA CAPACITY—.000065 to .000075
Mfd.

TUNING RANGE—550 - 1600 KC.



MODEL 7253207

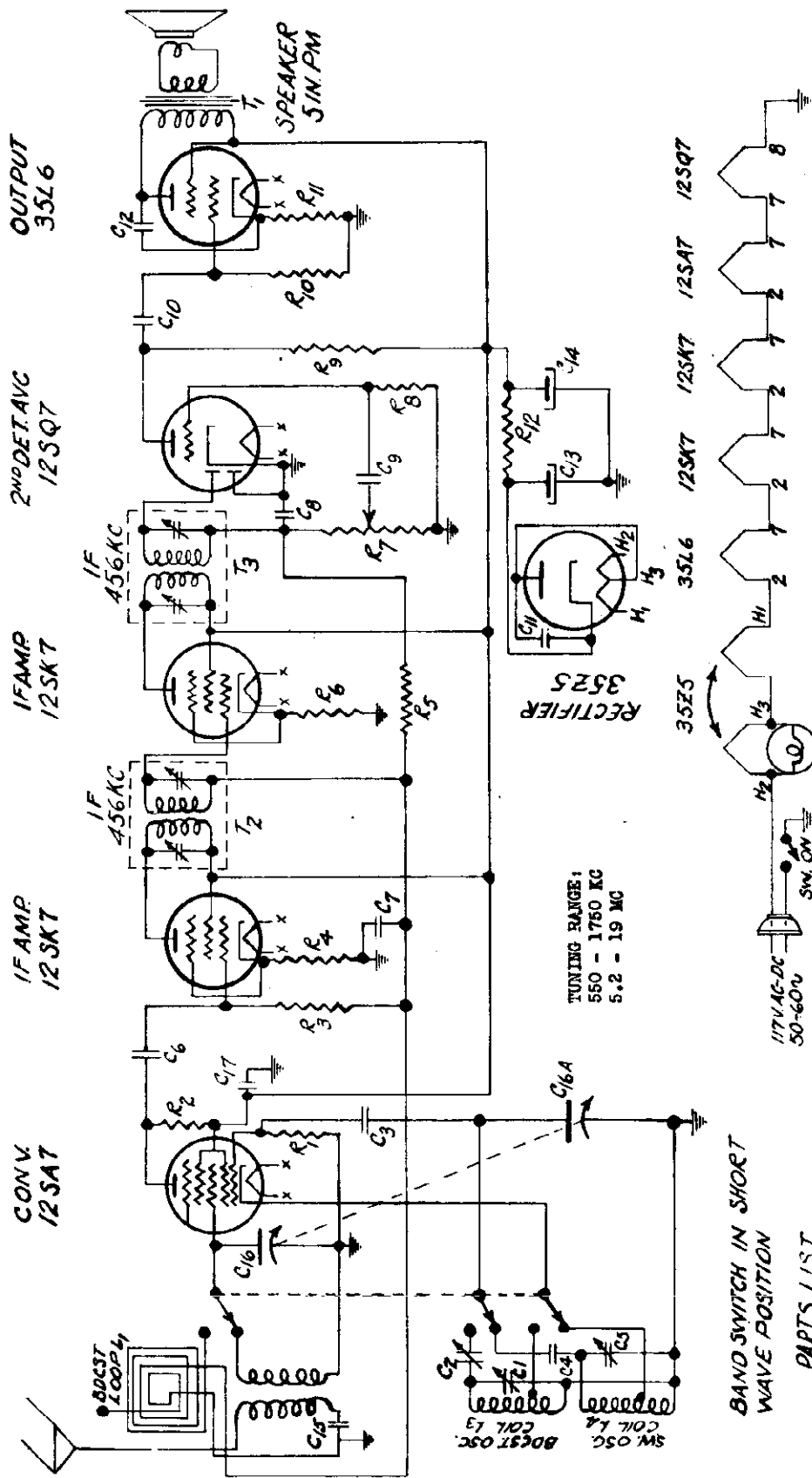


TUNER PICTURE

CADILLAC DIV.-GENERAL MOTORS

Illus. No.	Service Part No.	Description	Illus. No.	Service Part No.	Description
CONDENSERS					
1	7242472	Antenna Trimmer	66	7253132	Tuner Assembly Complete
2	7242454	Dual Trimmer	7241870	7241870	Rubber Grommet (Ant. and R. F. Coil)
3	7241259	Spark Plate Assembly	7242183	7242183	Rubber Grommet (Osc. Coil)
4	1215189	.00010 Mfd. Molded	7242192	7242192	Antenna Coil Assembly
5	1213016	.00030 Mfd. Molded	7242192	7242192	R. F. Coil Assembly
6	1210275	.000100 Mfd. Molded	7242479	7242479	Oscillator Coil Assembly
7	7237839	.000150 Mfd. Compensating	7242578	7242578	Iron Core Assembly
8	7230893	.00150 Mfd. Molded (Included in Tuner Assy.)	7241045	7241045	Spring—Core Coupling
9	1212097	.001 Mfd. 800 V. Tubular	7240893	7240893	Clutch Assembly
10	7235634	.0015 Mfd. 800 V. Tubular	7242392	7242392	Pointer Assembly (Includes Cord)
11	7233769	.005 Mfd. 1000 V. Tubular	7242520	7242520	Cord Assembly
12	7240906	.006 Mfd. 1600 V. Tubular	7242529	7242529	Switch and Guide Bracket Assembly
13	1208600	.01 Mfd. 600 V. Tubular	7242513	7242513	Spring—Switch Coupling
14	7237719	.015 Mfd. 600 V. Tubular	7242537	7242537	Lamp Switch and Bracket Assembly
15	1212099	.02 Mfd. 600 V. Tubular (Included in Tone Control Switch Assembly)	7242537	7242537	Tone Control Switch Assembly (Includes Ill. 11 and 14)
16	7230597	.05 Mfd. 600 V. Tubular	7242482	7242482	Condenser—.005 Mfd. 1000 V. Tubular
17	1207908	.01 Mfd. 400 V. Tubular	7233769	7233769	Condenser—.015 Mfd. 600 V. Tubular
18	7242404	.02 Mfd. 400 V. Tubular	7242296	7242296	Volume Control
19	7240744	Electrolytic 3 Section 20 Mfd. 25 V. 20 Mfd. 400 V. 20 Mfd. 400 V.	7242502	7242502	Shaft and Pin Assembly—Volume Control
26	1213217	100 Ohms ½ W. Insulated	7240845	7240845	Vacuum Valve
27	7237694	220 Ohms 1 W. Insulated	7240812	7240812	Spring—Vacuum Valve Yoke
28	1213224	330 Ohms ½ W. Insulated	7242426	7242426	Latching Button
29	7233773	510 Ohms 1 W. Insulated	7236481	7236481	Hex Nut—Control Bushing
30	1213235	1,000 Ohms ½ W. Insulated	5274954	5274954	Volume Control Cable
31	1213235	1,000 Ohms ½ W. Insulated	1213016	1213016	Condenser—.00030 Mfd. Molded
32	1213235	1,000 Ohms ½ W. Insulated	7237839	7237839	Condenser—.000130 Compensating
33	1213235	1,000 Ohms ½ W. Insulated	7230893	7230893	Condenser—.000150 Mfd. Molded
34	7237838	10,000 Ohms 2 W. Insulated	1212099	1212099	Condenser—.02 Mfd. 600 V. Tubular
35	7233653	15,000 Ohms 2 W. Insulated	7242393	7242393	Resistor—33,000 Ohms ½ W. Insulated
36	1214550	22,000 Ohms 1 W. Insulated	7242277	7242277	Escutcheon
37	1213342	27,000 Ohms 1 W. Insulated	7242285	7242285	Frame—Dial Glass
38	1213645	33,000 Ohms ½ W. Insulated	7242286	7242286	Dial Glass
39	1213271	120,000 Ohms ½ W. Insulated	7241389	7241389	Retainer Spring
40	1213282	1 Megohm ½ W. Insulated	7242494	7242494	Knob Assembly
41	1213282	1 Megohm ½ W. Insulated	115273	115273	Calibration Dial Assembly (Includes Dial Lamp)
42	1213282	1.5 Megohm ½ W. Insulated			
43	1213283	1.5 Megohm ½ W. Insulated			
44	1214563	2.2 Megohm ½ W. Insulated			
MISCELLANEOUS ELECTRICAL PARTS					
50	7242556	Speaker—8" P. M. (Use only with #7242474 Trans.)	65K7	65K7	R. F. Amplifier
51	7255881	Speaker—8" Electrodynamic (Use only with #7242558 Trans.)	7237886	7237886	Oscillator Modulator
52	7242312	Power Transformer Assembly	65A7	65A7	I. F. Amplifier
53	7242474	Input Transformer Assembly	65R7	65R7	Det. A. V. C. and First Audio
54	7242558	Output Transformer Assembly (Use only with #7242556, Speaker)	6V6CT	6V6CT	Push Pull Output
55	7242079	Output Transformer Assembly (Use only with #7242557, Speaker)	9Z4	9Z4	Rectifier
56	7242333	First I. F. Transformer Assembly Complete			
57	7241708	Second I. F. Transformer Assembly Complete			
58	7240251	"A" Filter Choke			
59	8638	Antenna Choke Coil			
60	7242296	"A" Spark Choke			
61	7242482	Vibrator—Non Synchronous			
62	7242329	Volume Control (Included in Tuner Assembly)			
63	7242337	Tone Control Switch Assembly (Included in Tuner Assembly)			
64	7242350	Switch and Guide Bracket Assembly (Included in Tuner Assembly)			
MISCELLANEOUS CHASSIS PARTS					
5274994	5274994	Volume Control Cable (Included in Tuner Assembly)			
7242478	7242478	"A" Lead and Connector—Set to Fuse			
7239475	7239475	Antenna Connector Socket			
7236179	7236179	Oscal Base Tube Socket			
7233944	7233944	Vibrator Socket			
TUNER AND ESCUTCHEON PARTS					
TUBE COMPLEMENT					
MOUNTING AND INSTALLATION PARTS					

CARR-NAGY CORP.



SCHEMATIC 6 TUBE SUPERHETERODYNE			
MAT.	DATE 8-15-46	CHK.	
FIN.	SCALE	EC-11-54	
	DRAWN D. O'Brien	APPROVED	
CARR-NAGY		100-62	
CORP. NEW YORK			

- PARTS LIST**
- T1-TO MATCH 35L6**
- C1-3-30μmf
 - C2-150-450μmf
 - C3-50μmf
 - C4-.01μmf
 - C5-3-30μmf
 - C6-100μmf
 - C7-.01μmf
 - C8-500μmf
 - C9-.005μmf
 - C10-.005μmf
 - C11-.01μmf
 - C12-.05μmf
 - C13-50μmf 150V D.C.
 - C14-30μmf 150V D.C.
 - C15-100μmf
 - C16-16A-353μmf
 - C17-.1μmf
 - R1-20,000Ω 1/4W.
 - R2-30,000Ω 1/4W.
 - R3-50,000Ω 1/4W.
 - R4-300Ω 1/4W.
 - R5-2 MEGΩ 1/4W.
 - R6-300Ω 1/4W.
 - R7-.5 MEGΩ VOL CONT
 - R8-10 MEGΩ 1/4W.
 - R9-25 MEGΩ 1/4W.
 - R10-5 MEGΩ 1/4W.
 - R11-150Ω 1/2W.
 - R12-500Ω 2W.

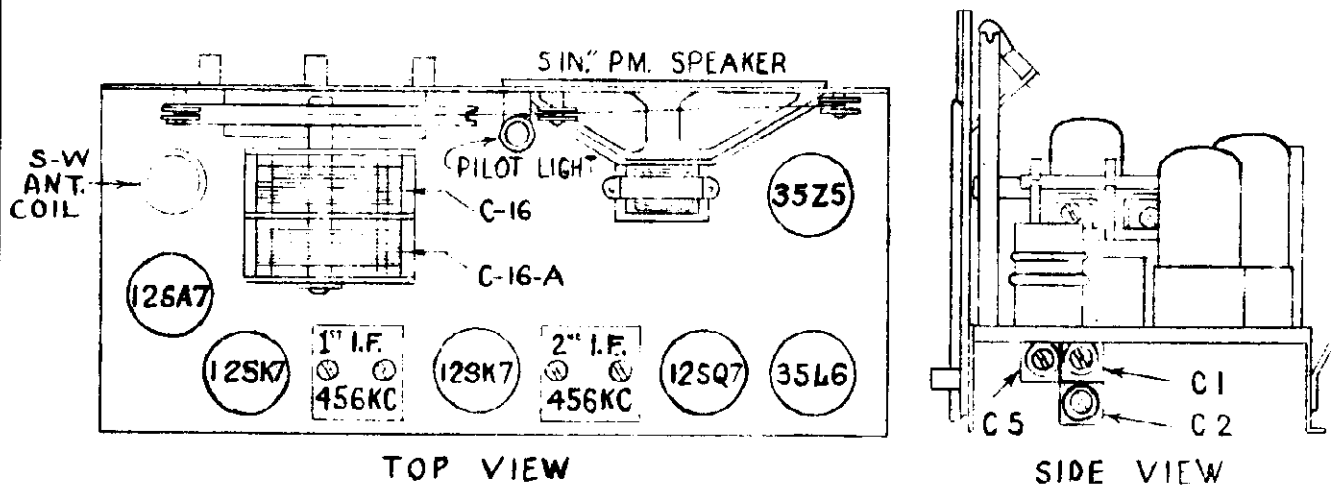
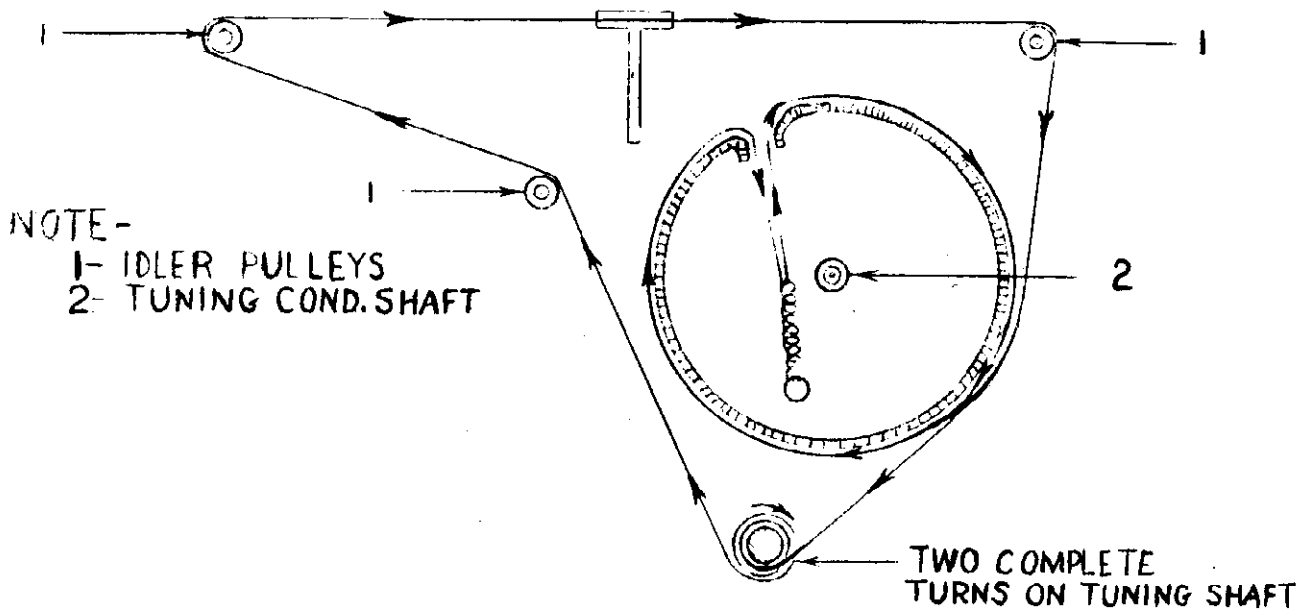
BAND SWITCH IN SHORT WAVE POSITION

TUNING RANGE:
550 - 1750 KC
5.2 - 19 MG

117VAC-DC 50-60V
SW. ON VOL. CONT. DIALLIGHT

SW. OSC. COIL L4
BDCST OSC. COIL L3

CARR-NAGY CORP.



ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE: Volume control - full on.

I-F ADJUSTMENT: Set Signal Generator at 456 kc. and connect it through a 0.1-mf condenser to pin No.4 of 2nd i-f tube, 12SK7. Peak for maximum response.

Connect generator lead to pin No.4 of 1st i-f tube, 12SK7 and peak first i-f transformer for maximum response.

Repeat above procedure.

OSCILLATOR TRACKING ADJUSTMENT: Set Signal Generator to 600 kc and connect it to independent loop antenna. Place this loop near loop in receiver. Set dial pointer to 600 kc on scale. Adjust C-2 for maximum response, while rocking gang condenser each side of frequency.

R-F ALIGNMENT: Set Signal Generator to 1600 kc. Set dial pointer to 1600 kc on scale. Adjust C-1 for maximum response.

Disconnect generator lead from loop and connect to Short-Wave Antenna coil primary.

Set frequency of generator to 18 mc. Set dial pointer to 18 mc on SW scale. Turn Band Switch to "SW" position.

Adjust C-5 for maximum response.

MODEL 985986

CHEVROLET DIV.-GENERAL MOTORS

.035 mf. condenser (34) shunts the output of the 6SR7 a.f. amplifier stage, bypassing a large portion of the high audio frequencies to ground, and resulting in minimum high audio frequency response. In the "Soft" position a .01 mf. condenser (33) shunts the output of the 6SR7, but due to it being lower in capacity than 34, the reduction of high frequency response is not so pronounced as in the "Bass" position. In the "Music" position, no shunting capacity is employed, thus resulting in a maximum of high and low frequency response.

In the "Voice" position, the output of the 6SR7 is shunted to ground with a .01 mf. condenser (33), thus bypassing some of the high frequencies. Simultaneously, a parallel combination of a 22,000 ohm resistor (58), and a .035 mfd. condenser (34) is placed in series with the output of the 6SR7, resulting in reduced low frequency response, thus some attenuation of both high and low frequencies is accomplished, and optimum tone balance for speech programs is reached.

1. Adjusting Antenna Compensating Condenser

This adjustment should be made after the receiver has been properly installed in the car. Tune the receiver to a weak signal at the high frequency end of the band, at about 1200 kilocycles. This signal should be just audible with the volume control on full. Adjust the antenna compensating condenser (8) for maximum signal strength.

Note: When making this adjustment, be sure that the antenna is fully extended.

2. Circuit Alignment

The adjustable condensers and cores in the tuned circuits of this receiver have been carefully adjusted at the factory, and should require no further adjustment unless tempering has occurred, or a defective unit has been replaced. Should the receiver require re-alignment, the following procedure is recommended:

I. Aligning the IF Stages at 260 KC. (Refer to Figure 7 for location of adjusting screws, etc.)

- Connect an output meter across the voice coil of the speaker; or connect one terminal of the output meter in series with a .01 mf. condenser to the plate of one of the 6V6 output tubes, and the other terminal of the output meter to the chassis frame.
 - Connect output lead of the signal generator through a 0.1 mf. condenser to the grid (pin No. 4) of the 6SK7 IF tube, and the ground lead of the signal generator to the receiver chassis. Set the signal generator to 260 KC.
- NOTE:** It is important that the signal generator output be kept as low as possible to avoid AVC action in the receiver.
- Turn receiver volume control full ON.
 - Tune receiver dial off any broadcast signal which may be present.

NOTE: It is more satisfactory to eliminate the possibility of RF-IF beat-note interference by suppressing the oscillator section of the 6SA7 completely. This may be accomplished by temporarily connecting a .01 mf. (or larger) condenser from the 6SA7 oscillator grid (pin No. 5) to the receiver chassis.

- Set sensitivity control 85 to mid position.
- Adjust 2nd IF transformer cores 77 and 76 for maximum output meter reading.
- Connect the signal generator output through the 0.1 mf. condenser to the 6SA7 signal grid (pin No. 8), and adjust the 1st IF transformer core screws 73 and 74 for maximum reading.

CONT'D

Circuit Description

The circuit used in this receiver is a conventional superheterodyne type with a stage of tuned RF amplification utilizing a 6SK7 tube, a 6SA7 converter, a 6SK7 IF amplifier, a 6SR7 second detector, audio amplifier and automatic volume control, a push-pull output stage, utilizing two 6V6GT/G tubes, and a rectifier, the rectifier socket being so wired as to permit optional use of either a 0Z4 or a 6X5 type.

The input circuit of the 6SK7 RF amplifier consists of permeability tuned antenna and R.F. coils, with a variable trimmer condenser (10) connected in parallel with the R.F. coil. Connected in series with the antenna lead is a variable trimmer condenser (8) which functions to compensate for slight variations in capacity of the antenna and the shielded antenna cable. The tuned input circuit is kept above ground d.c. potential, to permit application of AVC voltage to the 6SK7 grid. A 680 ohm resistor (39) is in series with the cathode to furnish residual bias for the tube. The output is inductively coupled to the grid circuit of the 6SA7 converter.

The 6SA7 converter has in its input circuit a permeability tuned coil (4) isolated by a blocking condenser (14), and shunted by a variable trimmer (15). AVC voltage is applied to the 6SA7 grid through a 1 Meg. resistor (43). The 180 ohm resistor (45) in series with the cathode is used to furnish residual bias. The oscillator portion of the 6SA7 is a modified Colpitts circuit, consisting of the oscillator coil (5), a fixed series paddler condenser (17), and shunt condensers (18, 19 and 20); 20 is a negative temperature coefficient condenser employed to minimize oscillator drift due to temperature variations.

The 260 KC output from the 6SA7 is coupled to the 6SK7 IF amplifier by means of a permeability tuned IF transformer (66).

The 1200 ohm potentiometer (85) in the 6SK7 cathode circuit is a sensitivity control, factory adjusted for standard I.F. amplifier gain. By means of another permeability tuned I.F. transformer (57) the output of the 6SK7 is coupled to the signal diode of the 6SR7 2nd detector. Some signal from the 6SK7 I.F. amplifier plate is coupled to the AVC diode plate of the 6SK7 through a 47 mmf condenser (26). The triode section of the 6SR7 is used for audio amplification.

The AVC voltage is developed across the 1 meg. resistor (56). Since the cathode of the 6SR7 is at a positive potential equal to the sum of the voltage drops in the cathode resistors (53, 54, 55), no AVC voltage is developed until the signal exceeds the 6SR7 cathode potential. The audio signal developed across a 220 M resistor (52) is effectively placed in shunt with the manual volume control (61A). A portion of the audio voltage appearing across the volume control is applied to the grid of the triode section of the 6SR7. Tone compensation is accomplished by means of a tap on the volume control and the compensating resistor and condenser combination (32, 57). A muting switch (64) is mechanically coupled to the tuner switch, and electrically connected in shunt with the volume control, such that when the tuner switch is operated, the audio input to the 6SR7 grid is shorted, and thus the receiver is silent during tuning.

The amplified audio signal from the 6SR7 triode plate is applied to the 6V6GT/G output tubes by way of a four position tone control switch (62A). Phase inversion is accomplished in the center-tapped reactor (69A).

Bias for the 6V6GT/G tubes is obtained through the 330 ohm cathod resistor (59) which is bypassed by a 20 mfd. condenser (35B). The output signal is fed to the speaker by the output transformer (68B).

Tone Control

The four positions of the tone control are: Bass, Soft, Music and Voice. The tone control and its tone compensating network in the circuit are between the audio amplifier and the output stage, as shown in Figure 2. When the switch is in the "Bass" position, a

MODEL 985986

CHEVROLET DIV. GENERAL MOTORS

8. Removal of Tuning Shaft Clutch Assembly

- Remove turret assembly as outlined in Paragraph 7.
- Remove the "C" washer, spring retaining washer and spring from the front of the tuning shaft.
- Remove the tuning shaft assembly from the rear of the tuning shaft bushing.
- Replace with a new tuning shaft assembly.

9. Removal of Dial Pointer Assembly

- Remove the escutcheon by removing its four attaching screws.
- Remove the dial face plate by removing its two attaching screws.
- Remove the two screws which fasten the pointer assembly to the tuner frame.
- Carefully remove the pointer-assembly through the front of the receiver.

10. Removal of Solenoid Coil and Bracket Assembly

- Remove screw, lock and flat washer and fibre washers from front of plunger.
- Unsolder coil lead at solder lug on terminal.
- Using a long thin bladed screw driver, remove the two screws which fasten the solenoid bracket to the tuner frame by inserting the blade between the RF coil shield and underside of the solenoid. Be careful not to bend the RF coil shield down and thereby possibly injure the RF coil and tuning core.

11. Erratic Tuning

- Weak core carriage spring. Replace spring if weak.
- Weak turret return leaf spring. Spring is located at rear of turret shaft. Replace with new spring.
- Lack of lubricating at turret shaft front bushing and at rear bracket.
- Bent turret guide shaft.
- Damaged turret setup screw threads. Replace turret assembly.
- Inability to adjust pre-set positions or tune manually may be due to the tuning shaft clutch slipping. Correct by replacing tuning shaft and clutch assembly.

12. Dial Pointer Sticks

- This is sometimes caused by lack of lubrication on the pointer assembly and core carriage guide shaft. Use a very light lubrication which is not affected by low temperature conditions.
- Bent core carriage guide shaft.
- Pointer rubbing on the inside surface of the escutcheon. This can be corrected by moving the pointer back slightly after loosening the screw provided in the pointer holder.
- Weak pointer return spring. This spring is located underneath the assembly in a central location. Replace spring.

13. Solenoid Armature Sticks

- Improper adjustment of the armature adjusting screw. To adjust, turn this screw out of the core several turns, then manually push the armature into the core as far as it will go. Then turn the adjustment screw "in" until it contacts the armature. Then turn the screw out six turns and lock it with the lock nut provided.

CONT'D

- Unsolder the four leads from the chassis to the R.F. and oscillator coils.
- Remove the two screws located at the top rear of the tuner frame, located near the shielded antenna lead.
- Remove the three screws through the holes provided in the chassis (bottom side); two located directly behind the speaker field, and one at the rear of the vibrator transformer can.
- The assembly can then be removed by carefully moving toward the rear of the chassis to disengage the coils from the tuning cores.

NOTE: Only in rare cases will it be necessary to remove the entire coil assembly inasmuch as the cores, coils, and coil shield cans can quite easily be removed individually.

5. Removal of R.F. Coils

- Remove bottom cover of the receiver.
- Remove 6SA7, 6SK7, and OZ4 tubes.
- Adjust dial pointer to 600 KC.
- Unsolder the leads from the base lugs of coil or coils to be changed.
- Remove the two screws fastening the fibre coil base to the coil bracket.
- Very carefully remove the coil by pulling toward the rear of the chassis until the coil is disengaged from the tuning core.

6. Removal of Tuner Assembly

- Remove screw from tuner frame located at rear of turret assembly.
- Remove 6SA7, 6SK7 IF, and OZ4 tubes and vibrator.
- Unsolder ground lead from tone control assembly to chassis and disengage the tone control from the tuner assembly.
- Unsolder leads from chassis to RF and oscillator coils and ground strap from tuner frame to chassis.
- Remove the two $\frac{1}{2}$ " x 28 hex. nuts from the tuning and tone control bushings on the front of the receiver.
- The tuner unit can then be removed by lifting the assembly backwards and upwards from the chassis.

7. Removal of Turret Assembly

- Remove tuner as described above. (Paragraph 6.)
- Remove solenoid coil and bracket assembly as described in Paragraph 10.
- Remove the two screws which fasten the rear turret and core carriage shaft bracket to the tuner frame and remove core carriage return spring.
- Carefully note locations of the felt washers, then remove the core carriage shaft from the rear of the tuner.
- Carefully push the core carriage toward the coil shields as far as possible.
- Carefully move the turret assembly back and forth until the front portion of the shaft is disengaged from the shaft housing. The assembly can then be removed upward and out at the front of the tuner.

NOTE: Extreme care should be exercised during the above operations to prevent damage to the tuning cores and RF coils.

CHEVROLET DIV.-GENERAL MOTORS

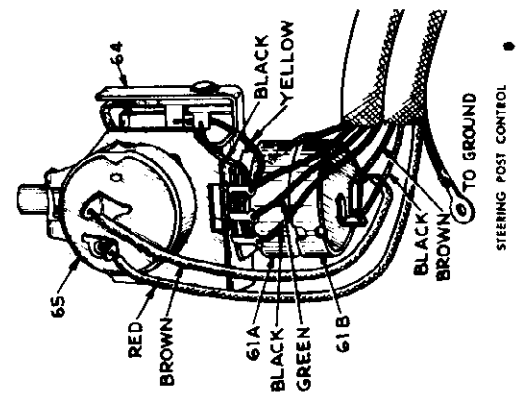
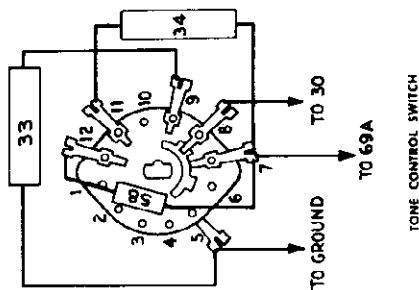
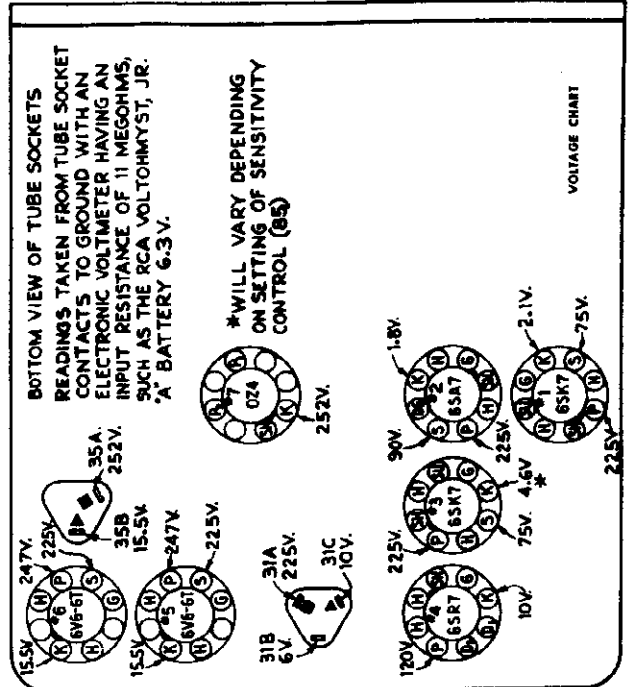
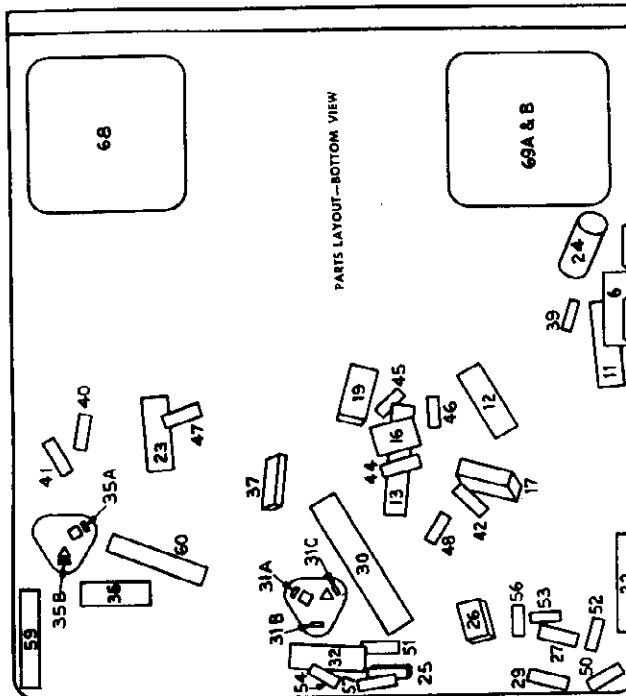
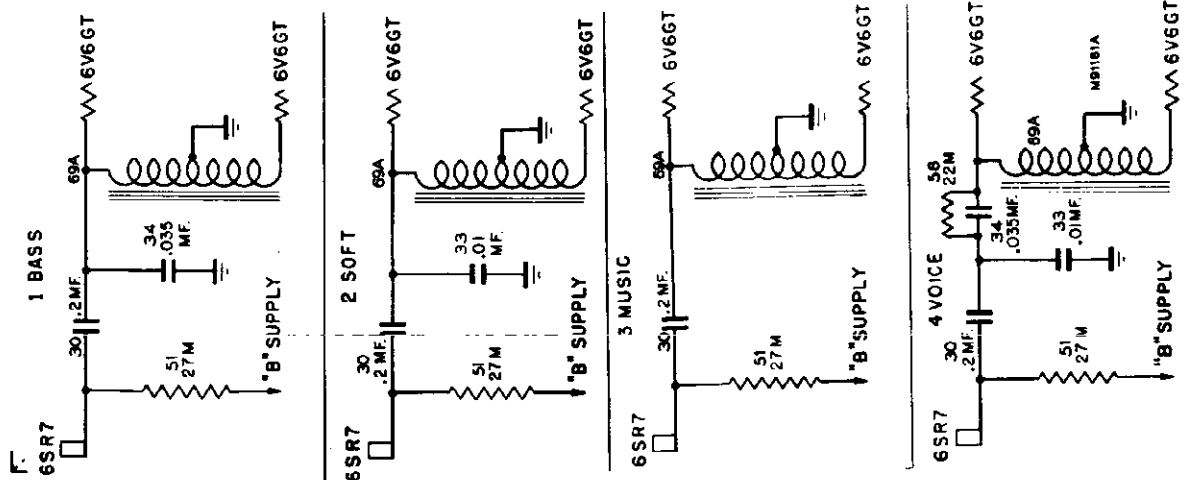
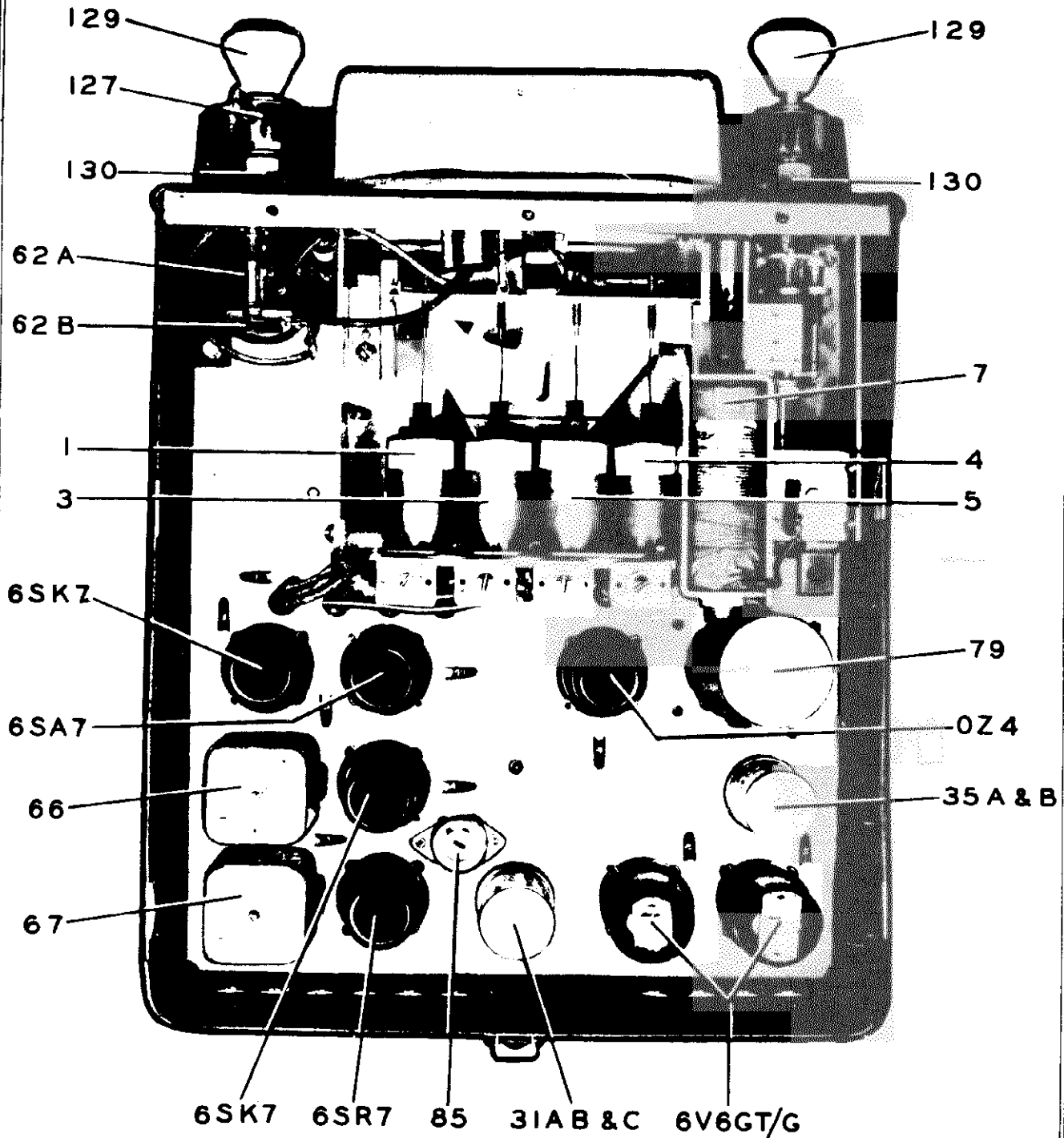


FIG. 2



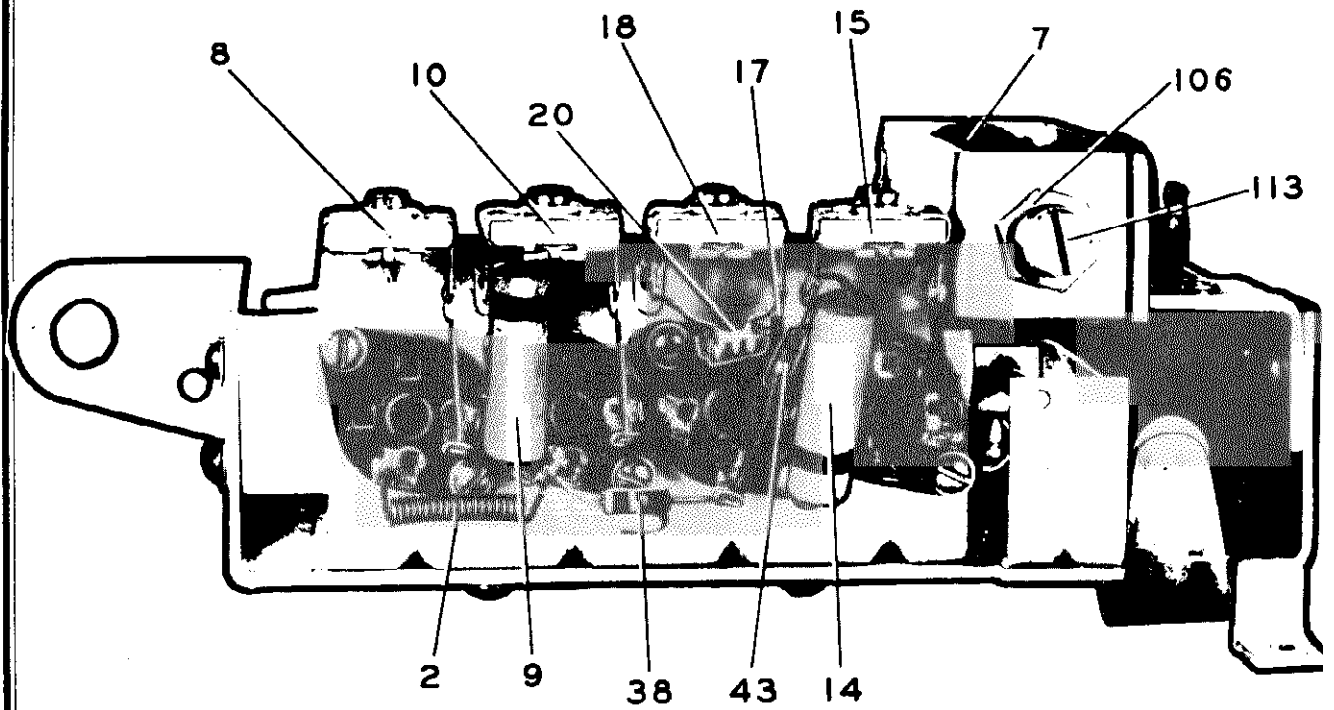
MODEL 985986

CHEVROLET DIV.-GENERAL MOTORS

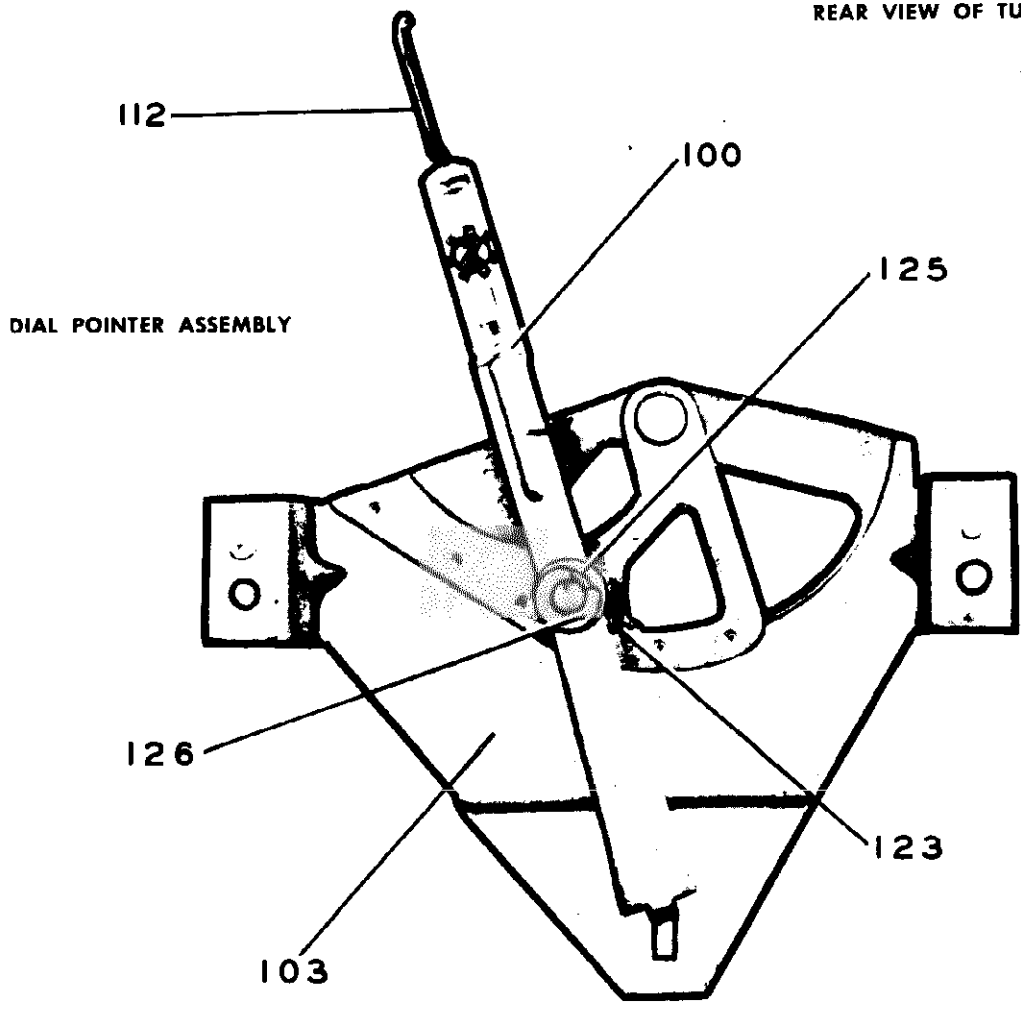


TOP VIEW

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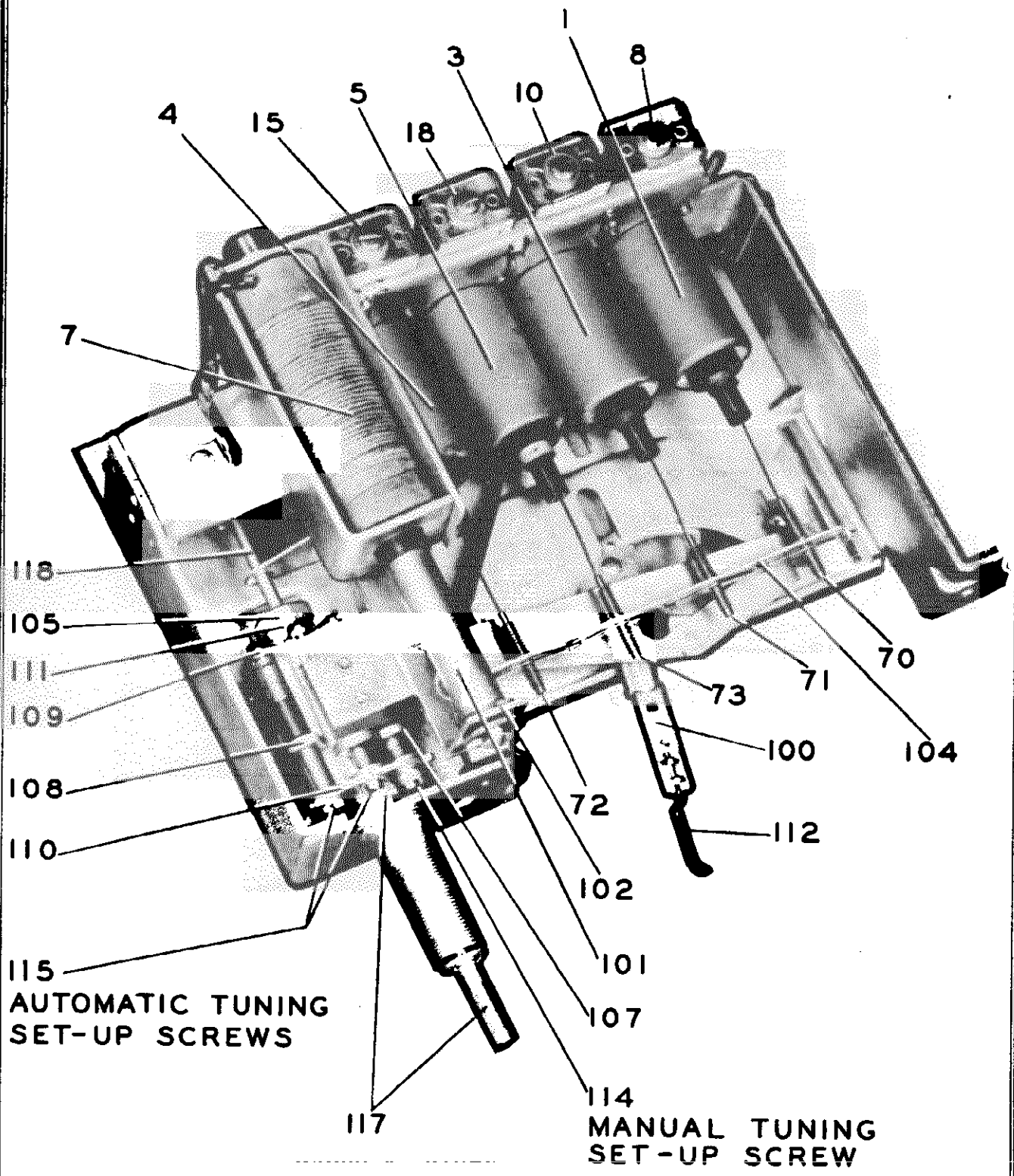
REAR VIEW OF TUNER



DIAL POINTER ASSEMBLY

MODEL 985986

CHEVROLET DIV.-GENERAL MOTORS



TOP VIEW OF TUNER

CHEVROLET DIV.-GENERAL MOTORS

Pro-duction Part No.	Service Part No.	Part Name	Description—Function	Illustration No.	Pro-duction Part No.	Service Part No.	Part Name	Description—Function	Illustration No.
1215800		Coil	Antenna coil and terminal board less shield can.	1	1213217	1211000	Resistor	Insulated—100 ohms, 1/2 w., Vibrator suppressor.	40
1215801		Coil	Choke coil-ignition filter.	2	1213217	1211000	Resistor	Insulated—100 ohms, 1/2 w., Vibrator suppressor.	41
1215802		Coil	Antenna coil and terminal board less shield can.	3	1211089		Resistor	Insulated—15,000 ohms, 1/2 w., R.F. & I.F. screen dropping.	42
1215804		Coil	R.F. coil and terminal board less shield can.	4	1209885		Resistor	Insulated—1 megohm, 1/2 w., Converter tube, AVC filter.	43
1216864		Coil	Oscillator coil and terminal board less shield can.	5			Resistor	Insulated—15,000 ohms, 2 w., Oscillator screen.	44
1216852		Coil	Choke coil.	6	7233683	1211006	Resistor	Insulated—200 ohms, 1/2 watt, Converter tube cathode.	45
1215074		Coil	Solenoid coil.	7			Resistor	Insulated—22,000 ohms, 1/2 w., oscillator grid.	46
1216636		Condenser	Trimmer—50-300 mmf.	8	121192	1215182	Resistor	Insulated—15,000 ohms, 1/2 w., OZ4 buffer.	47
1214456		Condenser	Tubular—.0035 mfd., 700 volts, RF AVC.	9	1211089		Resistor	Insulated—150 ohms, 1/2 w., I.F. (6SK7) cathode.	48
1214456		Condenser	Antenna Coil Trimmer—8-80 mmf.	10	1213220	1211003	Resistor	Insulated—1 megohm, 1/2 w., AVC filter.	49
1207906		Condenser	Tubular—.01 mfd., 400 volts, R.F. screen.	11	1209885	1210116	Resistor	Insulated—50,000 ohms, 1/2 w., Audio filter.	50
1206800		Condenser	Tubular—.01 mfd., 600 volts, R.F. cathode.	12	1211183		Resistor	Insulated—27,000 ohms, 1 w., 6SR7 plate load.	51
7230592		Condenser	Tubular—.05 mfd., 600 volts, converter cathode.	13	1213342	1210119	Resistor	Insulated—220,000 ohms, 1/2 w., Diode load.	52
7230912		Condenser	Tubular—.005 mfd., 600 volts, converter grid blocking.	14	1214570	1213486	Resistor	Insulated—470 ohms, 1/2 w., Squelch.	53
		Condenser	R.F. Coil Trimmer—8-80 mmf.	15	1214575		Resistor	Insulated—560 ohms, 1/2 w., 6SR7 bias.	54
1214456		Condenser	Moulded—.00047 mfd., oscillator grid blocking.	16	7233314		Resistor	Insulated—1500 ohms, 1/2 w., AVC delay.	55
7233313		Condenser	Moulded—.0022 mfd., oscillator pad.	17	1211041		Resistor	Insulated—1 megohm, 1/2 w., AVC developer.	56
1214456		Condenser	Oscillator Coil Trimmer—8-80 mmf.	18	1209885		Resistor	Insulated—22,000 ohms, 1/2 w., Tone control.	57
1216881		Condenser	Moulded—.00051 mfd., oscillator grid tuning.	19	1216859	1215182	Resistor	Insulated—330 ohms, 2 w., 6 V6GT.	58
1216120	1214882	Condenser	Ceramic—.0001 mfd., oscillator grid temperature compensator.	20	1215610		Control	Insulated—1000 ohms, 2 w., "B" filter.	59
		Condenser	Mica—.0001 mfd., I.F. circuit (See Ill. 66 and 67).	21			Control	Volume Control—Steering post includes: A—Volume control. B—Power switch.	60
1207908		Condenser	Tubular—.01 mfd., 400 volts AVC filter.	22	1217085		Switch	Tone Control—Switch—Includes: A—Tone control switch. B—Dimmer Control switch.	61
1215191		Condenser	Tubular—.008 mfd., volts, .024 buffer.	23			Switch	Manual indicator lamp switch.	62
1212100		Condenser	Tubular—.05 mfd., 400 volts, 6 volt by-pass.	24	1216844		Switch	Muting switch.	63
7238792	1209055	Condenser	Moulded—.00022 mfd., Audio plate by-pass.	25	1216859		Switch	Steering post tuning switch.	64
7233313		Condenser	Moulded—.00047 mfd., AVC source.	26	1216064		Transformer	First I.F. transformer.	65
1210975		Condenser	Moulded—.0001 mfd., Diode lead by-pass.	27	1214491		Transformer	Second I.F. transformer.	66
1210975		Condenser	Moulded—.0001 mfd., Audio filter.	28	1214491		Transformer	Vibrating transformer.	67
7230912		Condenser	Tubular—.005 mfd., 600 volts, audio coupling.	29	1216629		Transformer	Audio transformer.	68
7240579	7235836	Condenser	Tubular—.02 mfd., 400 volts, audio coupling.	30			Transformer	A—Driver. B—Output.	69
1214490		Condenser	Electrolytic. A—20 mfd., 350 volts—"B" filter. B—20 mfd., 25 volts—cathode by-pass.	31			Core	Tuning core for coils—yellow.	70
		Condenser	C—.20 mfd., 25 volts—delay resistor by-pass.	32			Core	Tuning core for coils—yellow.	71
1208600		Condenser	Tubular—.01 mfd., 800 volts, Tone compensator.	33			Core	Tuning core for coils—yellow.	72
1208600	7242446	Condenser	Tubular—.01 mfd., 200 volts, Tone control.	34			Core	Tuning core for coils—yellow.	73
1216641		Condenser	Tubular—.035 mfd., 400 volts, Tone Control.	35			Core	Tuning core for coils—green.	71
1214489		Condenser	Electrolytic.	36			Core	Tuning core for coils—green.	71
1216880		Condenser	Tubular—.0015 mfd., 1500 volts, output plate.	37			Core	Tuning core for coils—green.	71
1216882	1216881	Condenser	Moulded—.00051 mfd., R.F. by-pass.	38			Core	Tuning core for coils—green.	71
7240588	1210470	Resistor	Insulated—500,000 ohms, 1/2 w. R.F. (6SK7) AVC filter.	39			Core	Tuning core for coils—green.	72
1214543	1211222	Resistor	Insulated—500 ohms, 1/2 w., R.F. (6SK7) cathode.				Core	Tuning core for coils—green.	72

MODEL 985986

CHEVROLET DIV.-GENERAL MOTORS

Steering Post Control Miscellaneous Parts

Part Name	Description—Function	No.
Cable	Power cable complete with socket, female fuse connector, ferrule and spring	1216211
Cable	Volume control cable with plug	1216204
Connector	Female fuse connector	1216212
Connector	Male section fuse connector	1216213
Cover	Steering post control housing cover	1216216
Ferrule	Rubber cushion for steering post control strap	147686
Fuse	Ferrule and bushing for fuse connector	803460
Grommet	30 ampere	1216217
Housing	Rubber grommet for steering post control housing	
	Steering post control housing and strap less cover and rubber pad	
Plug	Power cable plug (3 contact female)	1216220
Plug	Volume control cable plug (4 contact)	1216219
Screw	No. 4 x 3/8" binder head screw for steering post housing cover	1216228
Screw	No. 2 x 3/8" self-tapping screw to fasten sleeve to volume control shaft	111583
Screw	No. 10-32 x 1 1/4" oval head screw to fasten steering post control to steering column	100978
Shaft	Steering post control flexible shaft and knob	1216222
Sleeve	Steering post tuning shaft actuating sleeve	1216221
Spring	Fuse connector spring	1836876
Spring	Steering post actuating sleeve spring	1216223
Washer	No. 6 internal lockwasher for volume control bracket screws	115543

Installation Parts

Part Name	Description—Function	No.
Control Assembly	Steering Post Control Assembly	1216729
Package No. 1	Cover—Cable	1216634
	Receiver Installation Kit	1215227
	Brace—Lower (1)	605052
	Brace—Lower (1)	605053
	Washer—Serrated (1)	604273
	Bolt—hex. hd. 3/8-24 x 2 (1)	120518
	Joint—Carriage 1/4-20 x 3/4 (2)	134556
	Nut—hex. 3/8-18* (1)	134551
	Nut—hex. 1/4-20* (2)	124818
Package No. 2	Knob Kit	604775
	Mounting nut 3/2-28* (2)	609535
	Knob-wing (1)	609534
	Knob—Dummy (1)	605070
	Washer (2)	605319
	Spring Washer (1)	7242249
Package No. 3	Control Knob (2)	1832272
	Suppressor Kit	1832053
	Condenser—Ignition Coil (.03 mfd.) (1)	1832054
	Clip—Ground (1)	1832059
	Washer—Ignition Coil Condenser (1)	7230032
	Suppressor—Distributor (1)	183386
	Adapter—Distributor (1)	1838204
	Power—Tire static (1)	986035
	Condenser—Generator (0.1 mfd.) (1)	1906848
Package No. 5	Static Collector Kit	605302
	Static collector (2)	404786
Package No. 6	Steering Post Control Mounting Kit	606347
	Spring (1)	126614
	Nut—10-32* (1)	

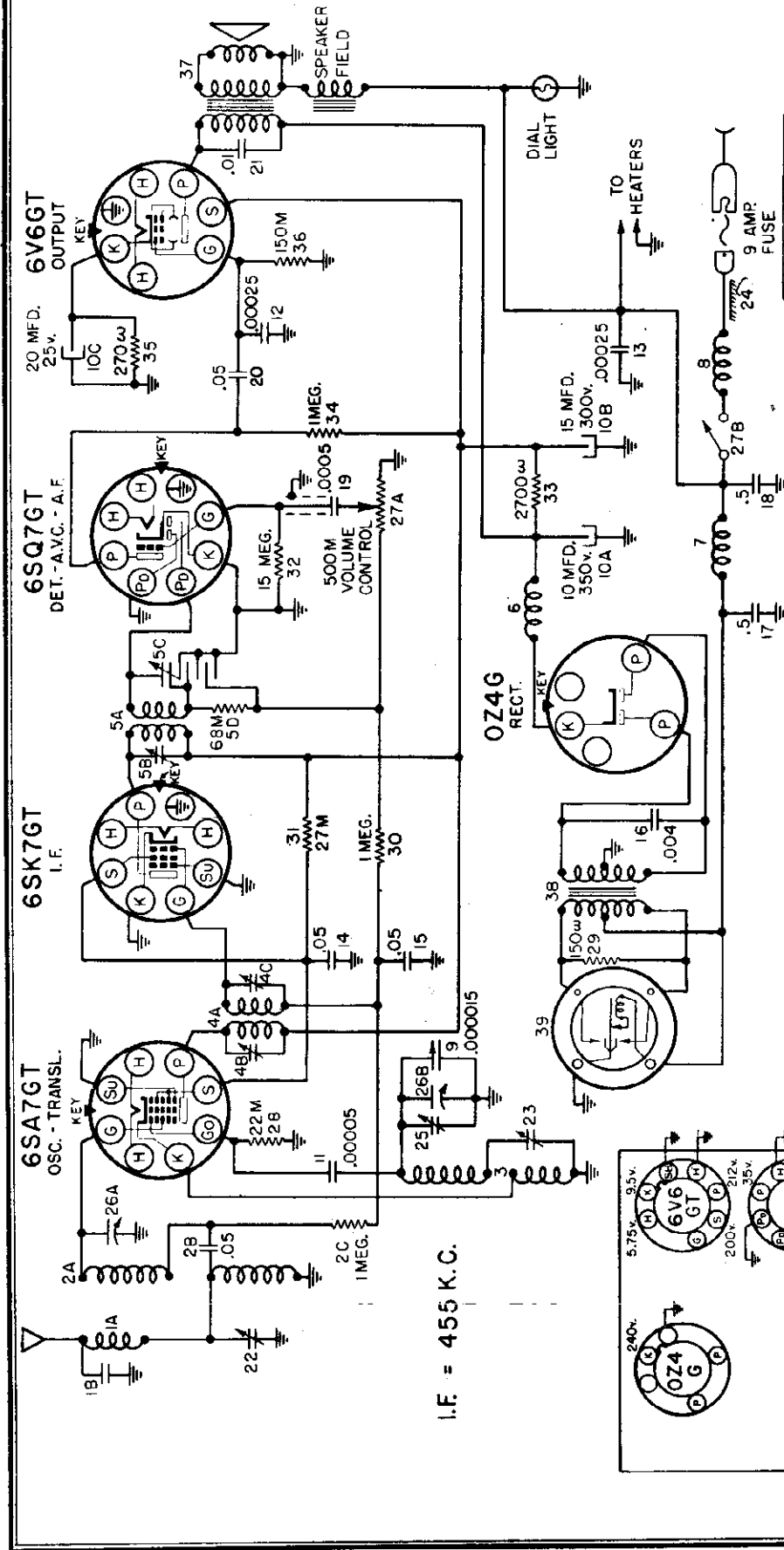
Chassis Miscellaneous Parts

Part Name	Description—Function	No.
Cable	Antenna lead-in cable and socket	80
Dial Assembly	Dial Assembly	131
Escutcheon	Escutcheon	130
Lamp	Mazda 55	130
Nut	Hex. nut (1/2-28 x 3 1/2") for tone switch tuning shaft	130
Pad	Felt pad for dial window glass	83
Socket	Power cable socket (3 prong male)	81
Socket	Tube socket	
Socket	Volume control cable socket, (4 contact)	
Window	Dial glass window only	

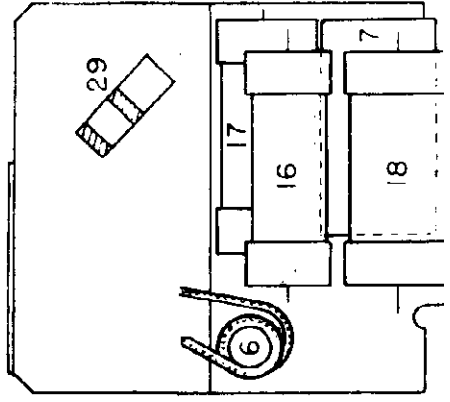
Tuner Miscellaneous Parts

Part Name	Description—Function	No.
Armature	Solenoid armature	101
Bracket	Actuating bracket for solenoid armature	102
Bracket	Pointer assembly mounting bracket and cam	103
Carriage	Tuning coil carriage	104
Nut	Hex. nut on rear of turret shaft to lock rear plate and spring plate	105
Nut	Locknut for solenoid pole piece	106
Nut	Manual tuning nut (.1640 dia. triple thread)	107
Nut	Stop-nut for set-up screw (No. 8-32)	108
Plate	Turret rear plate	109
Plate	Turret front plate	110
Plate	Turret spring plate	111
Pointer	Dial pointer and holder	112
Pole Piece	Solenoid pole piece	113
Screw	Manual tuning screw (.1640 dia. triple thread)	114
Screw	Set-up screw (No. 8-32)	115
Shaft	Tuning coil core carriage guide shaft	116
Shaft	Tuning knob shaft and key	117
Shaft	Turret shaft	118
Spacer	Flat bakelite spacer for mounting solenoid armature in front of bracket	119
Spacer	Shoulder bakelite spacer for mounting solenoid armature in rear of bracket	120
Spacer	Tuning screw spacer (fibre)	121
Spring	Coil core carriage return spring	122
Spring	Pointer return spring	123
Spring	Tuning shaft return spring	124
Spring	Turret return spring	124
Washer	Bearing washer for pointer arm	125
Washer	"C" washer for mounting pointer arm to bracket and cam	126

COLONIAL RADIO CORP.



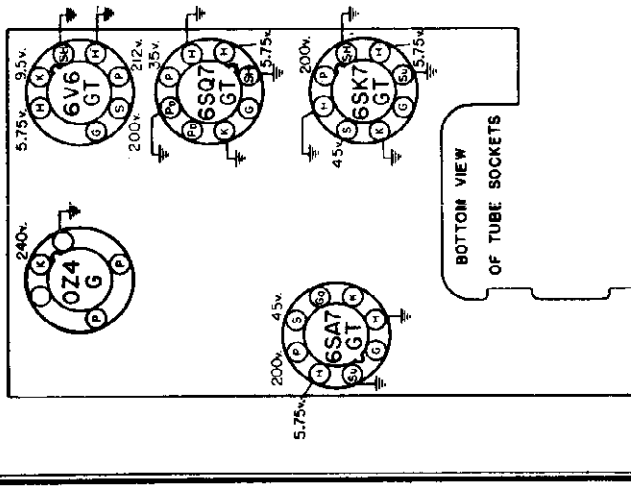
I.F. = 455 K.C.



BOTTOM VIEW
OF POWER PACK

SOCKET VOLTAGES

Voltage readings taken from tube socket contacts to ground with a D. C. Voltmeter having a resistance of 1000 ohms per volt
 "A" Battery Voltage 6.0 Volts
 "B" Battery Current 6.0 Amps
 "E" Voltage Supply 240 Volts
 "E" Current approximately 50 M. A.



BOTTOM VIEW
OF TUBE SOCKETS

MCDEL 600

Chrysler MoPar
Universal

COLONIAL RADIO CORP

CIRCUIT ALIGNMENT

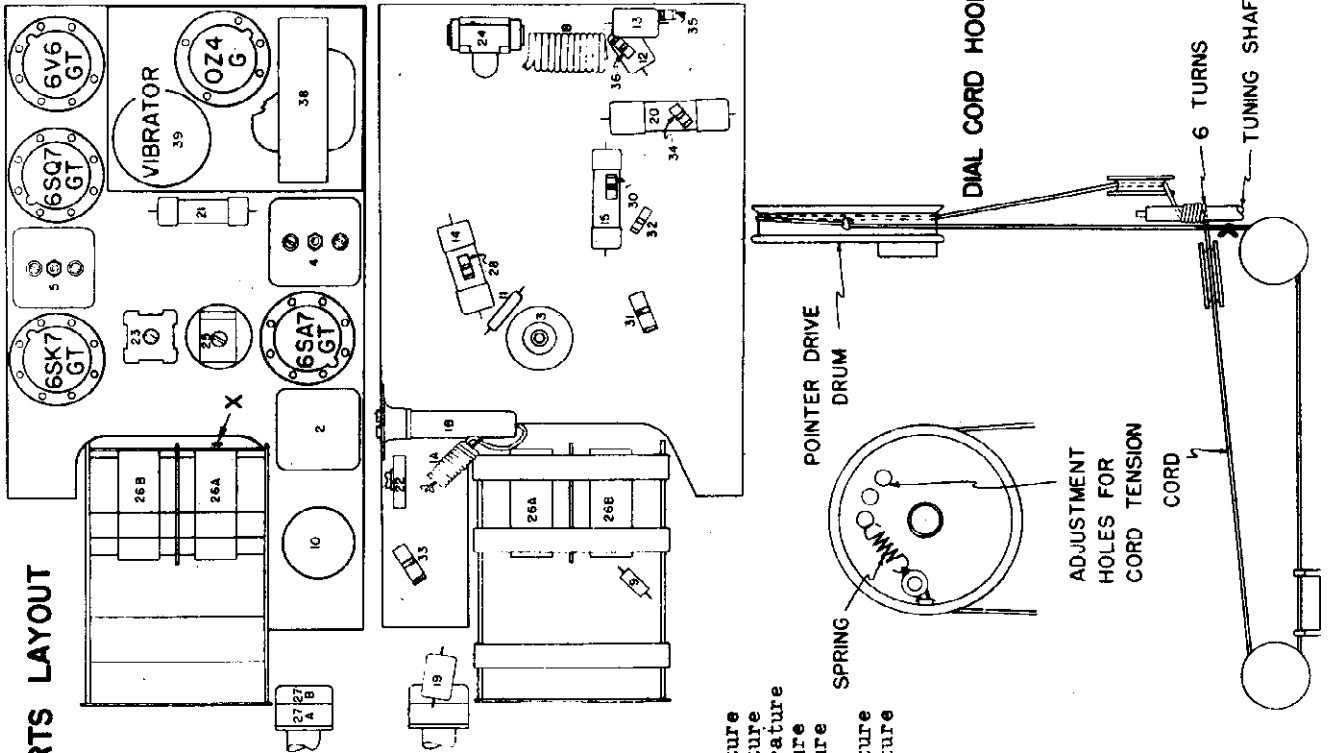
1. Alignment of I. F. at 455 KC.
 - (a) Connect test oscillator lead through a .1 mfd. capacitor to the control grid of the 6SA7GT tube (see parts layout - terminal "X" on gang capacitor).
 - (b) Connect ground terminal of test oscillator to set chassis.
 - (c) If a conventional output meter is used, connect across the speaker voice coil or secondary of the output transformer.
 - (d) Turn volume control to maximum.
 - (e) Set test oscillator to exactly 455 KC.
 - (f) Adjust all of the trimmers on the I. F. transformers (see parts layout - Items 4 and 5) for maximum. These adjustments should be made several times keeping the output of the test oscillator as low as is consistent with obtaining a readable indication on the output meter.
2. Alignment at 1520 KC.
 - (a) Leave the test oscillator leads connected the same as for aligning I. F. circuits.
 - (b) Turn rotor plates of gang capacitor all the way out against the high frequency stop.
 - (c) Set test oscillator to 1520 KC.
 - (d) Adjust the oscillator trimmer (see parts layout - Item 25) for maximum output. (It is very important that this frequency be set accurately as a slight missetting will cause the receiver to be out of track over the high frequency end of the dial).
3. Alignment of Antenna Stage.
 - (a) Remove the signal lead of the test oscillator from the grid of the 6SA7GT tube and connect to the antenna terminal of the receiver through a .00005 mfd. capacitor connected in place of the .01 capacitor previously used. (It is very important that a .00005 mfd. capacitor be used when aligning the antenna stage of these receivers in order that this circuit can be made to track properly.
 - (b) Set the test oscillator to 1400 KC.
 - (c) Turn the station selector knob until this frequency is tuned in with maximum output, again keeping the input signal at a low value.
 - (d) Adjust the antenna trimmer (see parts layout - Item 22) for maximum output.
4. Alignment at 600 KC.
 - (a) Set the test oscillator at 600 KC.
 - (b) Turn the station selector knob until the signal from the test oscillator is tuned in with maximum output.
 - (c) Maintain a low input signal and adjust the oscillator padding capacitor (Item 23) while turning the station selector knob back and forth tuning through the 600 KC signal. This operation should be continued until no further increase in output can be obtained.
 - (d) After the above operation, turn the station selector knob until the rotor plates of the variable capacitors are against the high frequency stop. Check the 1520 KC setting and if necessary readjust the oscillator trimmer. Return to 1400 KC repeating operation 3b, 3c, 3d above.

IMPORTANT NOTE

When the entire alignment procedure has been accomplished accurately, the receiver should be uniformly sensitive over the entire frequency range.

COLONIAL RADIO CORP.

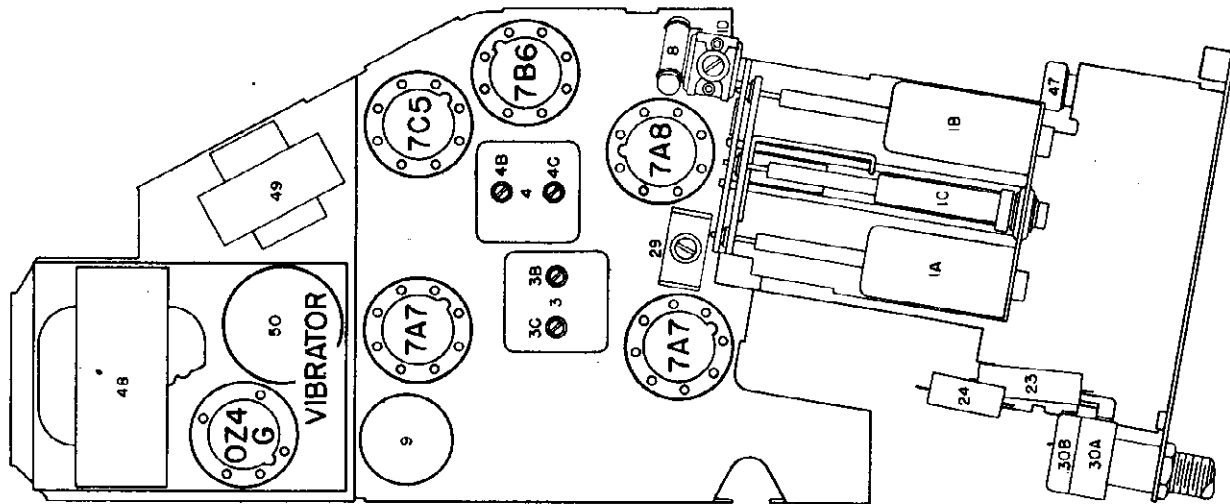
PARTS LAYOUT



PARTS LIST

Schematic Location	Colonial Part No.	Part Name	Description
1	R15986G	Coil Assembly	Antenna, Filter and Choke
1A		Coil Assembly	Antenna, Choke
1B		Coil Assembly	Connector and Filter Assembly
2	R42229	Coil Assembly	Antenna Transformer
2A		Coil Assembly	Antenna Coil
2B		Coil Assembly	Capacitor AVC Blocking
2C		Coil Assembly	Resistor AVC Filter
3	R41041	Coil Assembly	Oscillator
4	R42230	Coil Assembly	1st I. F.
4A		Coil Assembly	I. F. Transformer
4B		Coil Assembly	Primary Trimmer
4C		Coil Assembly	Secondary Trimmer
5	R42231	Coil Assembly	2nd I. F.
5A		Coil Assembly	I. F. Transformer
5B		Coil Assembly	Primary Trimmer
5C		Coil Assembly	Secondary Trimmer and Filter
5D		Coil Assembly	68,000 Ohm Diode Filter
6	R5114CM	Coil Assembly	Hash Choke
7	R9044E	Coil Assembly	Filament Choke
8	R5220GH	Coil Assembly	Spark Choke
9	R42261	Capacitor	.000015 Mfd. Compensating
10	R42260	Capacitor	Electrolytic
10A		Capacitor	10 Mfd. - 350 Volt
10B		Capacitor	15 Mfd. - 300 Volt
10C		Capacitor	20 Mfd. - 25 Volt
11	R14255	Capacitor	.00005 Mfd. Mica
12	R20548	Capacitor	.00025 Mfd. Mica
13	R20548	Capacitor	.05 Mfd. 200 Volt - High Temperature
14	R42204	Capacitor	.05 Mfd. 200 Volt - High Temperature
15	R42204	Capacitor	.04 Mfd. 1500 Volt - High Temperature
16	R42211	Capacitor	.5 Mfd. 100 Volt - High Temperature
17	R21019	Capacitor	.5 Mfd. 100 Volt - High Temperature
18	R21019	Capacitor	.0005 Mfd. Mica
19	R40122	Capacitor	.05 Mfd. 400 Volt - High Temperature
20	R42225	Capacitor	.01 Mfd. 600 Volt - High Temperature
21	R42304	Capacitor	Antenna Padder
22	R41046	Capacitor	Oscillator Padder
23	R42235	Capacitor	Spark Plate
24	R42271	Capacitor	Oscillator Trimmer
25	R41481	Capacitor	Tuner Unit
26	R42218	Capacitor	Volume and On-Off
27	R41996	Control	Volume Control 500,000 Ohm
27A		Control	On-Off Switch
27B		Control	22,000 Ohm 1/3 Watt
28	XV32231	Resistor	150 Ohm 1 Watt
29	ZX31512	Resistor	1 Megohm 1/3 Watt
30	XY31052	Resistor	27,000 Ohm 1 Watt
31	ZV32731	Resistor	15 Megohm 1/3 Watt
32	XY31562	Resistor	2,700 Ohm 1 Watt
33	ZX32721	Resistor	1 Megohm 1/3 Watt
34	XY31052	Resistor	270 Ohm 1 Watt
35	ZX32711	Resistor	150,000 Ohm 1/3 Watt
36	XY31541	Resistor	Dynamic with Output Transformer
37	R42391	Speaker	Power Supply
38	R42232	Transformer	

COLONIAL RADIO CORP.



All capacity adjustments, with the exception of the antenna matching capacitor, are carefully made at the factory and should require no further adjustment. The iron cores in the permeability tuning unit are set at the time the receiver is originally calibrated, and are sealed to eliminate possibility of turning due to vibration. No adjustment of these cores should be necessary unless a core or coil must be replaced. If realignment is found to be necessary the circuits can be properly adjusted only with the use of a calibrated test oscillator or signal generator and an output meter using the procedure outlined below:

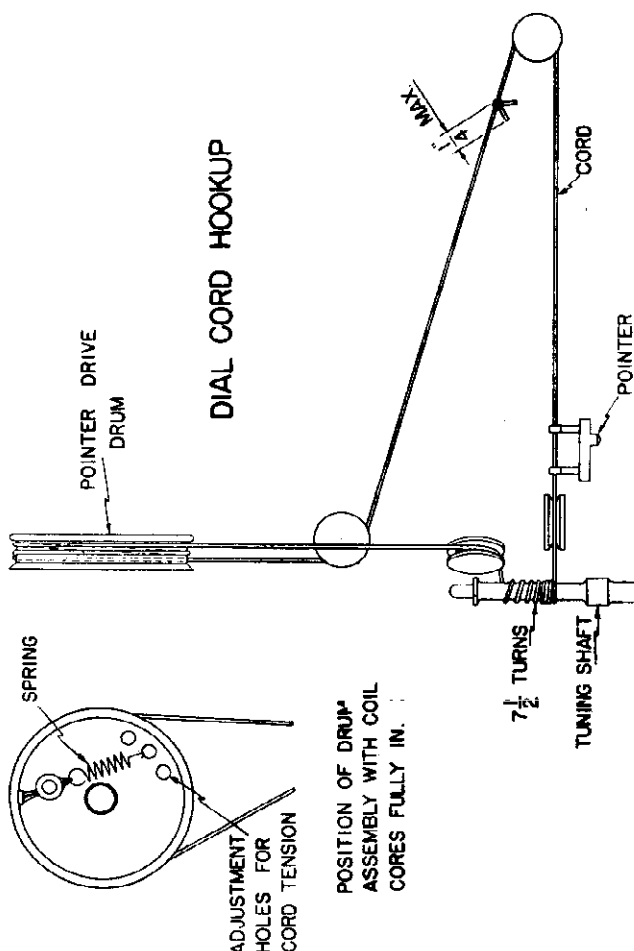
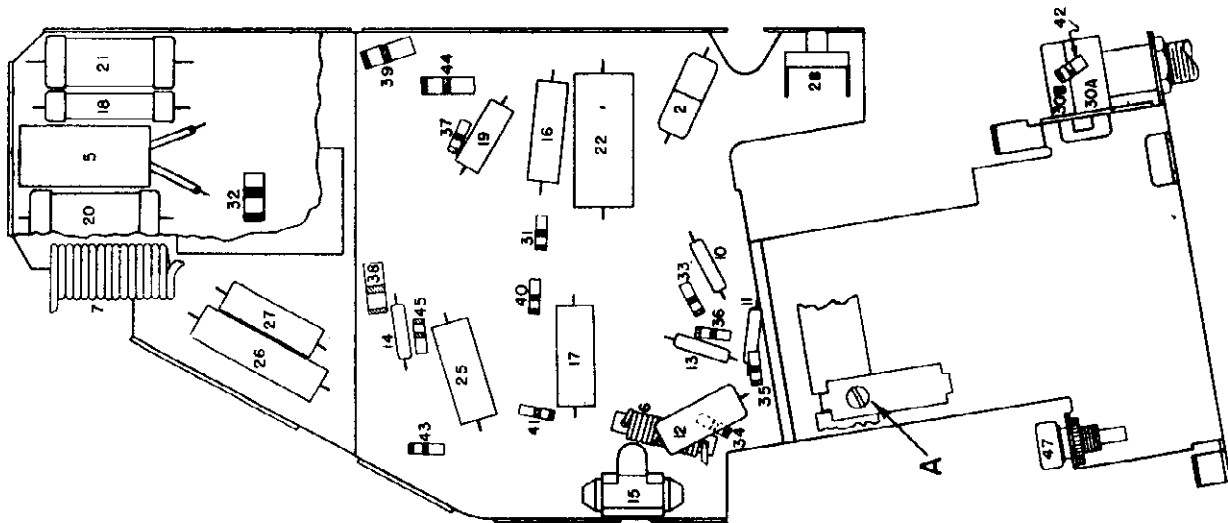
1. Alignment of I. F. at 260 KC.
 - (a) Connect test oscillator lead through a .1 mfd. capacitor to the control grid of the 7A8 oscillator tube (see parts layout - hot terminal of Item 29).
 - (b) Connect ground terminal of test oscillator to set chassis.
 - (c) If a conventional output meter is used, connect across the speaker voice coil or secondary of the output transformer.
 - (d) Turn volume control to maximum.
 - (e) Set test oscillator at exactly 260 KC.
 - (f) Adjust padders 3B and 3C on first I. F. transformer and 4B and 4C on second I. F. transformer for maximum output. These adjustments should be made several times, keeping the output of the test oscillator as low as is consistent with obtaining a readable indication on the output meter.
2. Alignment at 1610 KC.
 - (a) Remove the signal lead of the test oscillator from the grid of the 7A8 tube and connect to the antenna terminal of the receiver through a .00005 mfd. MICA CAPACITOR connected in place of the .1 mfd. capacitor previously used. (It is very important that a .00005 mfd. mica capacitor be used when aligning the antenna stage of these receivers in order that this circuit can be made to track properly).
 - (b) Remove high frequency stop (see parts layout - Illustration "A"). This is no longer required.
 - (c) Set the test oscillator to 1610 Kilocycles.
 - (d) Turn station selector knob clockwise to the high frequency stop (1610 KC). Adjust the oscillator trimmer capacitor (see parts layout - Item 1D) for maximum output. (It is very important that this frequency be set accurately as a slight missetting will cause the receiver to be out of track over the high frequency end of the dial).
 - (e) Set test oscillator to 1410 KC and tune receiver to this frequency. (Do not readjust oscillator trimmer).
 - (f) Adjust the R. F. trimmer capacitor (see parts layout - Item 29) for maximum output.
 - (g) Adjust the antenna trimmer capacitor (see parts layout - Item 28) for maximum output. With the type of permeability tuning employed, the usual low frequency

MODEL 629

Chrysler MoPar 600

COLONIAL RADIO CORP.

PARTS LAYOUT



Schematic Location	Colonial Part No.	Part Name	Description
1 1A	R43699	Coil Assembly	Chrysler, DeSoto, Plymouth Antenna Coil & Core) Not to be R. F. Coil & Core) serviced Oscillator Coil & Core) individually Oscillator Trimmer
1 1B			
1 1C			
1 1D			
1 2A	R44664	Coil Assembly	Dodge Only Antenna Coil & Core) Not to be R. F. Coil & Core) serviced Oscillator Coil & Core) individually Oscillator Trimmer
1 2B			
1 2C			
1 2D			
2 3A	R43382	Coil	Antenna Choke
2 3B	R43775	Coil Assembly	1st I. F.
2 3C			I. F. Transformer
2 4A	R43776	Coil Assembly	Primary Trimmer
2 4B			Secondary Trimmer
2 4C			2nd I. F.
2 4D			I. F. Transformer
3 5A	R9044E	Coil Assembly	Secondary Trimmer
3 5B	R5115E	Coil Assembly	47000 Ohm Diode Filter
3 5C	R5220CH	Coil	Hash Choke
3 5D	R43380	Capacitor	Filament Choke
3 9A	R43691	Capacitor	Spark Choke
3 9B			.00035 Mfd. Compensating Electrolytic
3 9C			10 Mfd. 350 Volts
			15 Mfd. 350 Volts
			20 Mfd. 20 Volts

COLONIAL RADIO CORP

Schematic Location	Colonial Part No.	Part Name	Description	Schematic Location	Colonial Part No.	Part Name	Description
10	R41777	Capacitor	.00001 Mfd. Mica	R17392	Fuse	14 Amp. SFE	
11	R43685	Capacitor	.00035 Mfd. Mica	R14914	Lamp	Dial Light #44	
12	R44561	Capacitor	.00035 Mfd. Mica	R9578BN	Lead	Ammeter End	
13	R40122	Capacitor	.00025 Mfd. Mica	R9578BP	Lead	Set End	
14	R20548	Capacitor	.00025 Mfd. Mica	R43779	Nut Wing	Cover Retaining	
15	R43696	Capacitor	.00025 Mfd. Mica	R43781	Pointer	Dial, Chrysler, DeSoto, Plymouth	
15A				R44450	Printer	Dodge	
15B				R43416	Pulley	Wood	
16	R42204	Capacitor	.05 Mfd. 200 Volt - High Temperature	R43423	Shoe	Cam Locking	
17	R42204	Capacitor	.05 Mfd. 200 Volt - High Temperature	R44055	Shoe	Octal 8 Prong	
18	R42211	Capacitor	.004 Mfd. 1500 Volt - High Temperature	R42477	Socket	Rectifier 4 Prong	
19	R41478	Capacitor	.01 Mfd. 200 Volt - High Temperature	R43701	Socket	Vibrator Light	
20	R21019	Capacitor	.5 Mfd. 100 Volt - High Temperature	R43698	Socket	Pilot Light	
21	R21019	Capacitor	.5 Mfd. 100 Volt - High Temperature	R43700	Socket	Dial Glass Retaining	
22	R41377	Capacitor	.25 Mfd. 200 Volt - High Temperature	R43618	Spring	Tone Button	
23	R42878	Capacitor	.005 Mfd. 400 Volt - High Temperature	R44545	Spring	Pointer Drive with Spring	
24	R42206	Capacitor	.01 Mfd. 100 Volt - High Temperature	R41722	String	Includes Push Buttons, Chrysler, DeSoto	
25	R43661	Capacitor	.01 Mfd. 200 Volt - High Temperature	R43687	Tuner Unit	Includes Push Buttons, Plymouth Only	
26	R43786	Capacitor	.02 Mfd. 600 Volt - High Temperature	R43653	Tuner Unit	Includes Push Buttons, Dodge Only	
27	R42445	Capacitor	.007 Mfd. 600 Volt - High Temperature	R44449	Tuner Unit		
28	R43695	Capacitor	Antenna Trimmer	R41328	Tube	7A7	
29	R43694	Control	R. F. Trimmer	R41362	Tube	7AB	
30A	R44662	Control	Chrysler, DeSoto with Tuning Clutch, Dodge	R41363	Tube	7B6	
30B			Volume Control 300,000 Ohm	R41331	Tube	7C5	
30	R43689	Control	On-Off Switch	R16314	Tube	OZ4G	
			Chrysler, DeSoto without Tuning Clutch, and Plymouth				
			Volume Control 300,000 Ohm				
			On-Off Switch				
			1.5 Megohm 1/3 Watt	R44064	Bolt	5/16 x 2 1/2 Bracket to Brace Mounting	
			150 Ohm 1 Watt	R43810	Bracket	Rear Receiver Mounting	
			22,000 Ohm 1/2 Watt	R44177A	Cable	Bonding Strap	
			1.5 Megohm 1/3 Watt	R44065	Capacitor	Generator Suppressor	
			47,000 Ohm 1/3 Watt	R45183	Clip	Fuse Case Holder	
			56,000 Ohm 1/3 Watt	R43830	Filter	Fuel Gauge	
			3,900 Ohm 1/3 Watt	R43682	Knob	Volume Control, Station Selector, Chrysler, DeSoto, Dodge	
			56,000 Ohm 1 Watt	R44083	Knob	Volume Control, Station Selector, Plymouth Only	
			2,700 Ohm 1 Watt	R43811P	Knob	Dummy	
			1.5 Megohm 1/3 Watt	R44066	Nut	5/16-18 Hex Rear Receiver Mounting	
			68,000 Ohm 1/3 Watt	R43955	Nut	7/16-18 Hex Front Receiver Mounting	
			1.5 Megohm 1/3 Watt	R411-8	Nut	Speaker Mounting	
			270 Ohm 1 Watt	R44067	Spacer	Receiver Bracket to Brace	
			75 Dynamic	R43244A	Stud	Speaker Mounting	
			Tone Control	R43765	Stud	Distributor	
			Power Supply	R401-8	Washer	Lock #8 Speaker Mounting	
			Audio Output	R400-18	Washer	Flat - Bracket to Brace Mounting	
			Plug in	R15284	Washer	Lock - 5/16 Split	
			Tone, Chrysler, DeSoto, Dodge			Flat - Bracket to Receiver	
			Push with Adjusting Screw, Chrysler, and DeSoto				
			Push with Adjusting Screw, Plymouth				
			1st Push with Adjusting Screw, Dodge				
			2nd Push with Adjusting Screw, Dodge				
			3rd Push with Adjusting Screw, Dodge				
			4th Push with Adjusting Screw, Dodge				
			Speaker				
			Center Section with Covers				
			Antenna, Chrysler, DeSoto, Plymouth				
			Station, Dodge				
			Chrysler, DeSoto, Plymouth, No Clutch				
			Chrysler, DeSoto, With Clutch				
			Dodge				

MOUNTING PARTS

IMPORTANT NOTE

Two versions of the MoPar 600, though identical electrically, differed slightly in the mechanical tuning mechanism. These sets differ mechanically only in that one version employs a clutch in the tuning unit. Where this clutch is used, a change of appearance items are necessary and these will differ depending on the car in which the set is installed.

It is important, therefore, to carefully examine the receiver and determine the correct version before ordering replacement parts.

COLONIAL RADIO CORP.

All capacity adjustments, with the exception of the antenna matching capacitor, are carefully made at the factory and should require no further adjustment. The iron cores in the permeability tuning unit are set at the time the receiver is originally calibrated, and are sealed to eliminate possibility of turning due to vibration. No adjustment of these cores should be necessary unless a core or coil must be replaced. If realignment is found to be necessary the circuits can be properly adjusted only with the use of a calibrated test oscillator or signal generator and an output meter using the procedure outlined below.

1. Alignment of I. F. at 260 KC.

- (a) Connect test oscillator lead through a .1 mfd. capacitor to the control grid of the 7Q7 oscillator tube (see parts layout - hot terminal of item 30).
- (b) Connect ground terminal of test oscillator to set chassis.
- (c) If a conventional output meter is used, connect across the speaker voice coil or secondary of the output transformer.
- (d) Turn volume control to maximum.
- (e) Set test oscillator at exactly 260 KC.
- (f) Adjust padders 4B and 4C on first I. F. transformer and 5B and 5C on second I. F. transformer for maximum output. These adjustments should be made several times, keeping the output of the test oscillator as low as is consistent with obtaining a readable indication on the output meter.

2. Alignment at 1610 KC.

- (a) Remove the signal lead of the test oscillator from the grid of the 7Q7 tube and connect to the antenna terminal of the receiver through a .00006 mfd. MICA CAPACITOR connected in place of the .1 mfd. capacitor previously used. (It is very important that a .00006 mfd. mica capacitor be used when aligning the antenna stage of these receivers in order that this circuit can be made to track properly).
- (b) Set the test oscillator to 1610 Kilocycles.
- (c) Turn station selector knob clockwise to the high frequency stop (1610 KC). Adjust the oscillator trimmer capacitor (see parts layout - item 31) for maximum output. (It is very important that this frequency be set accurately as a slight missetting will cause the receiver to be out of track over the high frequency end of the dial).
- (d) Set test oscillator to 1410 KC and tune receiver to this frequency. (Do not readjust oscillator trimmer).
- (e) Adjust the R. F. trimmer capacitor (see parts layout - item 30) for maximum output.
- (f) Adjust the antenna trimmer capacitor (see parts layout - item 29) for maximum output.

IMPORTANT NOTE

With the type of permeability tuning employed, the usual low frequency adjustments are not necessary.

When the entire alignment procedure has been accomplished accurately, the receiver should be uniformly sensitive over the entire frequency range.

CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

A special compensating capacitor in the oscillator circuit minimizes frequency drift due to normal variations in car voltage and temperature. The antenna, high gain radio and oscillator circuits are tuned by varying the inductance of the coils with special iron cores (permeability tuning). Frequency range 540 KC. to 1610 KC.

The circuit employed is of the conventional superheterodyne type with an intermediate frequency of 260 KC.

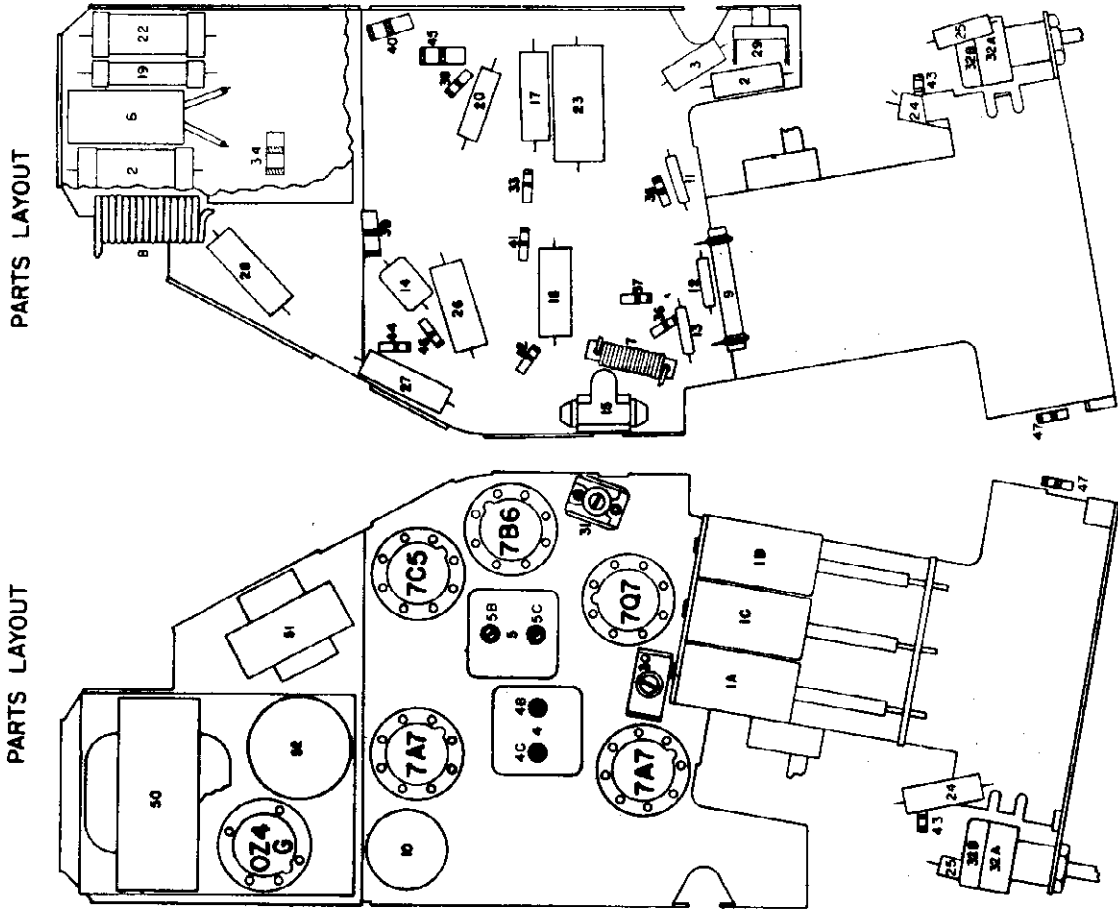
The triode section of the second detector is a driver resistance coupled to the 7C5 audio output tube.

POWER SUPPLY

The power supply uses a gaseous rectifier tube, 0Z4G, in conjunction with a primary four prong, plug in, full wave vibrator.

MODELS 671, 671A
Chrysler MoPar 601, 602

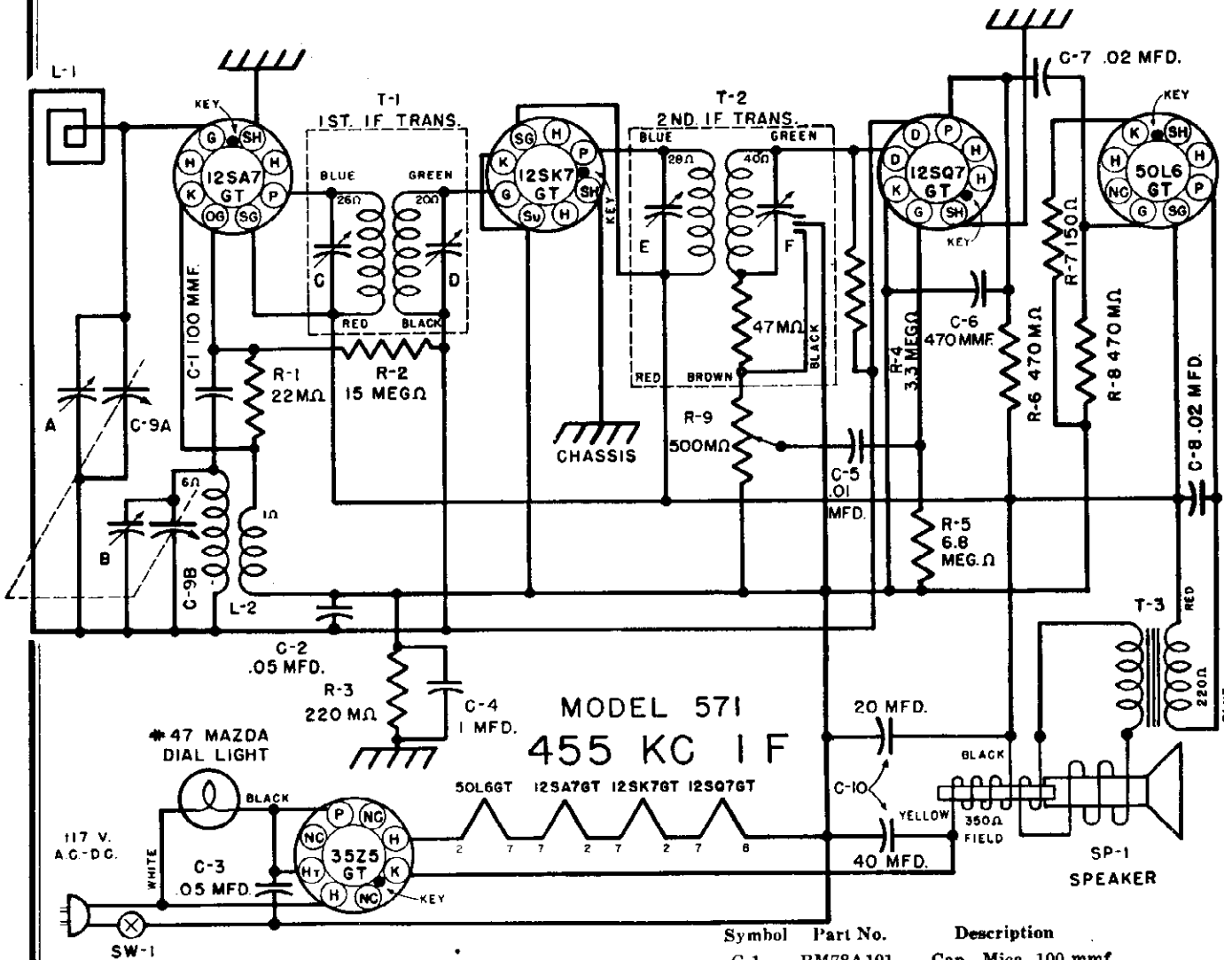
COLONIAL RADIO CORP.



Schematic Location	Colonial Part No.	Part Name	Description
1	1A	Coil Assembly	Antenna Coil & Core) Not to be
	1B		R. F. Coil & Core) serviced
	1C		Oscillator Coil & Core) individually
2	R46023A	Coil	Antenna Choke
3	R48820	Coil	Grid Filter Choke
4	R43775	Coil Assembly	1st I. F.
	4A		I. F. Transformer
	4B		Primary Trimmer
	4C		Secondary Trimmer
5	R43776	Coil Assembly	2nd I. F.
	5A		I. F. Transformer
	5B		Primary Trimmer
	5C		Secondary Trimmer & Filter
	5D		68,000 Ohm Diode Filter
6	R9044E	Coil Assembly	Hash Choke
7	R5115E	Coil	Filament Choke
8	R5220CH	Coil	Spark Choke
9	R46462	Capacitor	.000165 Mfd. Compensating
10	R43691	Capacitor	Dry Electrolytic
	10A		10 Mfd. - 350V
	10B		15 Mfd. - 350V
	10C		20 Mfd. - 350V
11	R41777	Capacitor	.00001 Mfd. Mica
12	R43685	Capacitor	.0003 Mfd. Mica
13	R14255	Capacitor	.00005 Mfd. Mica
14	R20548	Capacitor	.00025 Mfd. Mica
15	R43696	Capacitor	Dual
	15A		.00025 Mfd. Mica
	15B		.00025 Mfd. Mica
16	R43522A	Capacitor	Spark Plate
17	R42204	Capacitor	.05 Mfd. 200V - High Temperature
18	R42204	Capacitor	.05 Mfd. 200V - High Temperature
19	R42211	Capacitor	.04 Mfd. 1500V - High Temperature
20	R42877	Capacitor	.01 Mfd. 400V - High Temperature
21	R21019	Capacitor	.5 Mfd. 100V - High Temperature
22	R21019	Capacitor	.5 Mfd. 100V - High Temperature
23	R41377	Capacitor	.25 Mfd. 200V - High Temperature
24	R42227	Capacitor	.005 Mfd. 400V - High Temperature
25	R42206	Capacitor	.01 Mfd. 100V - High Temperature
26	R42204	Capacitor	.05 Mfd. 200V - High Temperature
27	R42445	Capacitor	.007 Mfd. 600V - High Temperature
28	R42445	Capacitor	.007 Mfd. 600V - High Temperature
29	R43695	Capacitor	.007 Mfd. 600V - High Temperature
30	R43654	Capacitor	Antenna Trimmer
31	R45850	Capacitor	R. F. Trimmer
32	R44662	Control	Oscillator Trimmer
32A			Volume Control 300,000 Ohm
32B			On-Off Switch
33	XY31052	Resistor	1 Megohm 1/3 Watt
34	ZY31512	Resistor	150 Ohm 1 Watt
35	WY32211	Resistor	22,000 Ohm 1/2 Watt
36	XY31052	Resistor	1 Megohm 1/3 Watt
37	XY32232	Resistor	22,000 Ohm 1/3 Watt
38	XY31821	Resistor	1800 Ohm 1/3 Watt
39	ZY32211	Resistor	22,000 Ohm 1 Watt
40	ZY32721	Resistor	2700 Ohm 1 Watt
41	XY31052	Resistor	1 Megohm 1/3 Watt
42	XY31562	Resistor	15 Megohm 1/3 Watt
43	XY36811	Resistor	68,000 Ohm 1/3 Watt
44	XY31052	Resistor	1 Megohm 1/3 Watt
45	ZY32711	Resistor	270 Ohm 1 Watt
46	XY31541	Resistor	150,000 Ohm 1/3 Watt
47	XY36811	Resistor	68,000 Ohm 1/3 Watt
48	R45914	Speaker	7" Dynamic Complete
49	R45764A	Switch	Tone
50	R43787	Transformer	Power
51	R43692	Transformer	Output
52	R43697	Vibrator	Output

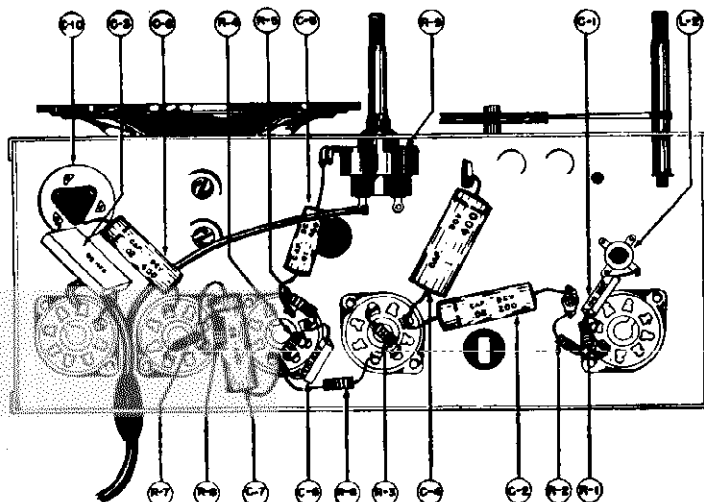
CONCORD RADIO CORP.

MODEL 6D51B, Ch. 571;
 MODEL 6D51I, Ch. 571A
 MODEL 6D51W, Ch. 571B



MODEL 571
 455 KC IF

ALL TUBE SOCKETS SHOWN FROM PIN END VIEW



Parts Layout
 Chassis Models 571, 571A
 and 571B

Symbol	Part No.	Description
C-1	BM78A101	Cap., Mica, 100 mmf.
C-2	BD210503	Cap., Paper, .05 mfd., 200 v.
C-3	BC31B503	Cap., Mold., Paper, .05 mfd.
C-4	BD410104	Cap., Paper, .1 mfd., 400 v.
C-5	BD410103	Cap., Paper, .01 mfd., 400 v.
C-6	BM78A471	Cap., Mica, 470 mmf.
C-7, 8	BD410203	Cap., Paper, .02 mfd., 400 v.
C-9	C-51155-1	Cap., Variable, 2 Section
C-10	A-8948	Cap., Electro., 40-20 mfd., 150 v.
L-2	B-51159	Coil, Osc. Assembly
R-1	BR17B223	Resistor, 22M ohm 1/3 w.
R-2	BR17B156	Resistor, 15 meg. 1/3 w.
R-3	BR17B224	Resistor, 220M ohm 1/3 w.
R-4	BR17B335	Resistor, 3.3 meg. 1/3 w.
R-5	BR17B685	Resistor, 6.8 meg. 1/3 w.
R-6, 8	BR17B474	Resistor, 470M ohm 1/3 w.
R-7	BR16C151	Resistor, 150 ohm. 1/2 w.
R-9	B-9051-1	Control, Vol. & Sw. 500M ohm.
T-1	B-51010-1	Trans., Assembly, 1st IF
T-2	B-51011-1	Trans., Assembly, 2nd IF
SP-1	C-51014	Speaker, 5" Dynamic, 350 ohm.
	A-2163	Cable, Drive
	A-6158	Lamp, Pilot No. 47 Mazda 6.3 v.
	A-51160-1	Cord, AC-DC Line, 6 ft.
	B-51162-1	Shaft, Drive
	A-51163	Clip, Spring
	B-51177	Brkt. Assy., Dial (571A-571B only)
	A-51202	Link, Insulating
	A-51206	Arm, Dial Drive
	B-51330-1	Channel, Rubber (571 only)
	A-51331	Spring, Dial Bracket
	C-51335	Bracket, Dial (571 only)
	A-51787	Spring, Cable

MODEL 6D51B, Ch. 571;
 MODEL 6D51I, Ch. 571A;
 MODEL 6D51W, Ch. 571B

CONCORD RADIO CORP.

Electrical and Mechanical Specifications

Frequency Range.....	540-1600 kc.	Power Output (Undistorted).....	.75 watts
Intermediate Frequency.....	455 kc.	Power Output (Maximum).....	1.5 watts
Power Supply.....	105-125 volts AC-DC	Tuning Drive Ratio.....	3 to 1
Loudspeaker.....	Dynamic	Weight 7 $\frac{1}{4}$ lbs. (net).....	10 lbs. (shipping)
V.C. Impedance.....	3.5 ohms at 400 cycles		
1—12SA7GT Oscillator and Mixer tube		1—12SK7GT IF Amplifier tube	
1—50L6GT Power Output tube		1—35Z5GT Rectifier tube	
		1—12SQ7GT Second Detector and First Audio tube	

NOTE: The above glass tubes are interchangeable with their metal equivalent.

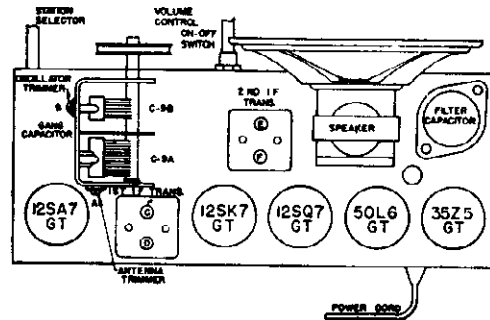
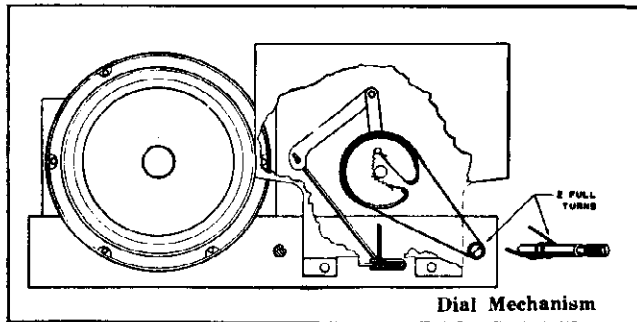
ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

The following equipment is necessary to properly align this chassis:

1. A signal generator which will provide an accurately calibrated signal at the frequencies listed.
2. An output meter.
3. A non-metallic screwdriver.
4. Dummy antenna: — .1 mfd., — RMA loop.

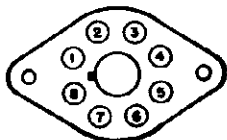
NOTE: Intermediate Frequency and Oscillator adjustments may be made with the loop disconnected provided a resistor of 10,000 to 50,000 ohms is substituted to close the 12SA7GT grid circuit. The loop alignment must be done with the loop and chassis mounted in operating position in the cabinet. A single turn loosely coupled to loop may be substituted for RMA loop.

GENERATOR	CONNECTION AT RADIO	DUMMY ANTENNA	DIAL	TO TUNE TRIMMERS	REMARKS
IF 455 kc.	12SA7GT grid	.1 mfd.	HF end	IF trimmers C D E F	Tune to max.
1620 kc.	Through loop	RMA loop	HF end	Osc. trimmer B	Set limit of band
1400 kc.	Through loop	RMA loop	1400 kc.	Ant. trimmer A	Tune to max.



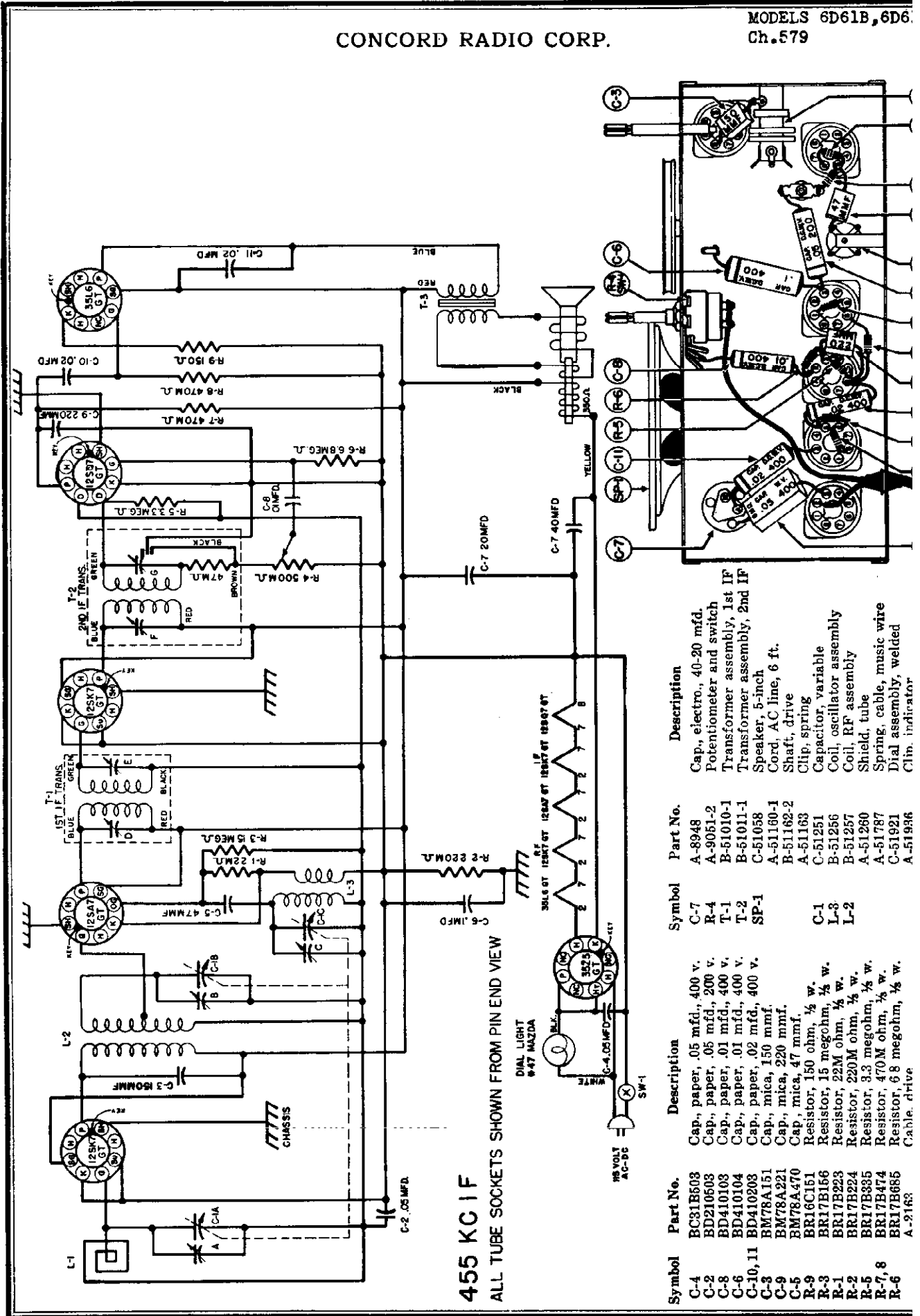
SOCKET VOLTAGES

TUBE	POSITION	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
12SA7GT	Osc. and Mixer	0	37.5 AC	99	99	4.2	0	24.5 AC	0
12SK7GT	IF Amplifier	0	24.5 AC	0	0	0	99	12.5 AC	99
12SQ7GT	2nd Det.—1st Audio	0	0	0	0	0	16	12.5 AC	0
50L6GT	Power Output	0	85 AC	91.5	99	0	0	37.5 AC	5.9
35Z5GT	Rectifier	0	117 AC	112 AC	0	112 AC	0	85 AC	112



NOTE: All DC voltages measured with a 1000 ohm per volt meter from ON-OFF switch (—B) to socket contact indicated. All AC voltages are measured from ON-OFF switch (—B) to socket contact indicated. All voltages are positive DC unless otherwise marked. Volume control full on. Line voltage 117 volts AC.

CONCORD RADIO CORP.



455 KC IF

ALL TUBE SOCKETS SHOWN FROM PIN END VIEW

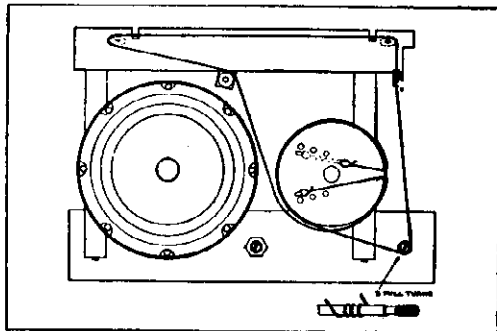
Symbol	Part No.	Description	Symbol	Part No.	Description
C-4	BC31B503	Cap., paper, .05 mfd., 400 v.	C-7	A-8948	Cap. electro., 40-20 mfd.
C-2	BD210503	Cap., paper, .05 mfd., 200 v.	R-4	A-9051-2	Potentiometer and switch
C-8	BD410103	Cap., paper, .01 mfd., 400 v.	B-51010-1	B-51010-1	Transformer assembly, 1st IF
C-6	BD410104	Cap., paper, .01 mfd., 400 v.	T-2	B-51011-1	Transformer assembly, 2nd IF
C-10, 11	BD410203	Cap., paper, .02 mfd., 400 v.	SP-1	C-51058	Speaker, 5-inch
C-3	BD78A151	Cap., mica, 150 mmf.	A-51160-1	A-51160-1	Cord, AC line, 6 ft.
C-9	BM78A221	Cap., mica, 220 mmf.	B-51162-2	B-51162-2	Shaft, drive
C-5	BM78A470	Cap., mica, 47 mmf.	A-51163	A-51163	Clip, spring
R-9	BR16C151	Resistor, 150 ohm, 1/2 w.	C-51251	C-51251	Capacitor, variable
R-3	BR17B166	Resistor, 15 megohm, 1/2 w.	B-51256	B-51256	Coil, oscillator assembly
R-1	BR17B223	Resistor, 22M ohm, 1/2 w.	B-51257	B-51257	Coil, RF assembly
R-2	BR17B224	Resistor, 220M ohm, 1/2 w.	A-51260	A-51260	Shield, tube
R-5	BR17B335	Resistor, 3.3 megohm, 1/2 w.	A-51787	A-51787	Spring, cable, music wire
R-7, 8	BR17B474	Resistor, 470M ohm, 1/2 w.	C-51921	C-51921	Dial assembly, welded
R-6	BR17B685	Resistor, 68 megohm, 1/2 w.	A-51936	A-51936	Clim. indicator
	A-2163	Cable, drive			

MODELS 6D61B, 6D61X,
Ch. 579

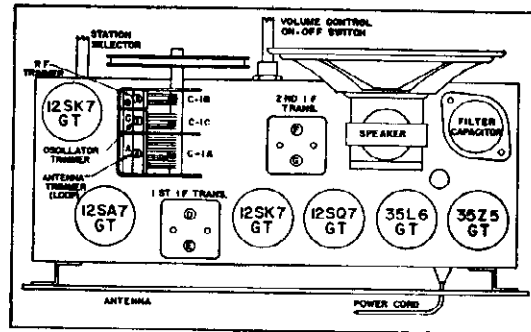
CONCORD RADIO CORP.

Frequency Range	540-1600 kc.	V.C. Impedance	3.5 ohms at 400 cycles
Intermediate Frequency	455 kc.	Power Output (Undistorted) .....	.65 watts
Power Supply	105-125 volts AC-DC	Power Output (Maximum)	1.4 watts
Loudspeaker	Dynamic	Tuning Drive Ratio .....	.6 to 1
1—12SK7GT	RF Amplifier tube	1—12SQ7GT	Detector and 1st Audio tube
1—12SA7GT	Converter tube	1—35L6GT	Output tube
1—12SK7GT	IF Amplifier tube	1—35Z5GT	Rectifier tube

NOTE: The above glass tubes are interchangeable with their metal equivalent.



Dial Mechanism



Tube Layout

The following equipment is necessary to properly align this chassis:

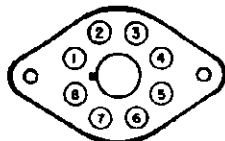
1. A signal generator which will provide an accurately calibrated signal at the frequencies listed.
2. An output meter.
3. A non-metallic screwdriver.
4. Dummy antenna: .1 mfd. — RMA loop.

NOTE: Intermediate Frequency and Oscillator adjustments may be made with the loop disconnected provided a resistor of 10,000 to 50,000 ohms is substituted to close the 12SK7GT grid circuit. The loop alignment must be done with the loop and chassis mounted in operating position in the cabinet. A single turn loosely coupled to loop may be substituted for RMA loop.

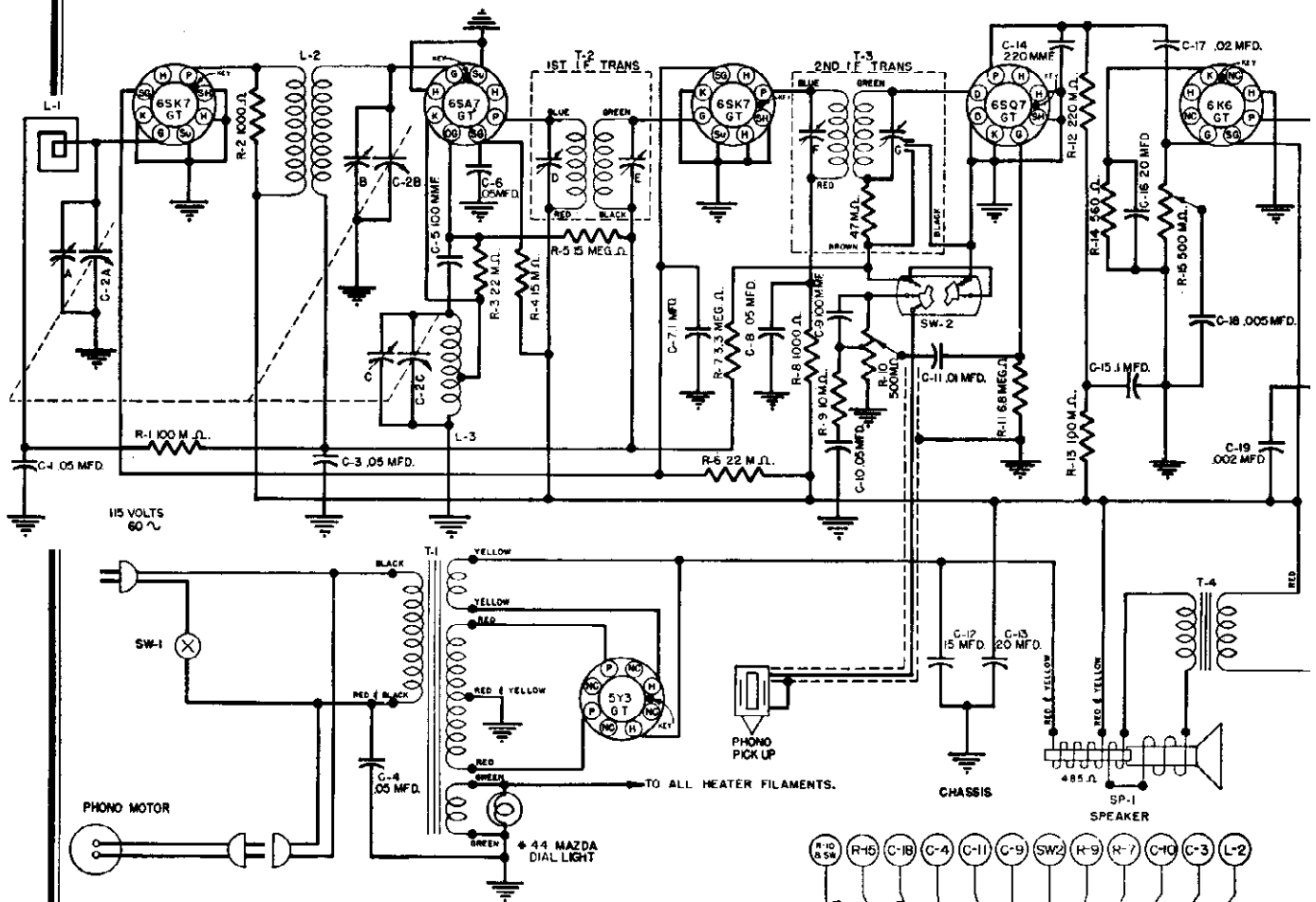
CONNECT TEST OSCILLATOR TO	DUMMY ANTENNA	INPUT SIGNAL FREQUENCY	SET DIAL AT	TRIMMERS	PURPOSE
12SA7GT grid	.1 mfd.	455 kc.	HF end	D E F G	Align IF
12SK7GT RF grid	.1 mfd.	1620 kc.	HF end	C	Set limit of band
12SK7GT RF grid	.1 mfd.	1400 kc.	1400 kc.	B	Align RF
RMA loop	Through loop	1400 kc.	1400 kc.	A	Align antenna

TUBE	POSITION	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
12SK7GT	RF Amplifier	0	50 AC	0	0	0	97	38 AC	97
12SA7GT	Converter	0	25 AC	97	97	-6	0	38 AC	0
12SK7GT	IF Amplifier	0	25 AC	0	0	0	97	12 AC	97
12SQ7GT	Detector, 1st Audio	0	0	0	0	0	30	12 AC	0
35L6GT	Output	0	85 AC	92	97	0	0	50 AC	5.7
35Z5GT	Rectifier	0	117 AC	112 AC	0	112 AC	0	86 AC	125

NOTE: All DC voltages measured with a 1000 ohm-per-volt meter from ON-OFF switch (-B) to socket contact indicated. All AC voltages are measured from ON-OFF switch (-B) to socket contact indicated. All voltages are positive DC unless otherwise marked. Volume Control full on. No signal. Line voltage 117 volts AC.



CONCORD RADIO CORP.



455 KC IF

ALL TUBE SOCKETS SHOWN FROM PIN END VIEW.
ALL SWITCHES SHOWN IN COUNTERCLOCKWISE
POSITION, SHAFT END VIEW.

Symbol	Part No.	Description
C-4	BC31B503	Cap., Molded, .05 mfd., 400 v.
C-1, 3, 10	BD210503	Cap., Paper, .05 mfd., 200 v.
C-11	BD410103	Cap., Paper, .01 mfd., 400 v.
C-7, 15	BD410104	Cap., Paper, .1 mfd., 400 v.
C-17	BD410203	Cap., Paper, .02 mfd., 400 v.
C-6, 8	BD410503	Cap., Paper, .05 mfd., 400 v.
C-19	BD610202	Cap., Paper, .002 mfd., 600 v.
C-18	BD610502	Cap., Paper, .005 mfd., 600 v.
C-5, 9	BM78A101	Cap., Mica, 100 mmf.
C-14	BM78A221	Cap., Mica, 220 mmf.
R-14	BR16E561	Resistor, 560 ohm, 1 w.
R-2, 8	BR17B102	Resistor, 1000 ohm, 1/2 w.
R-9	BR17B103	Resistor, 10M ohm, 1/2 w.
R-1, 13	BR17B104	Resistor, 100M ohm, 1/2 w.
R-5	BR17B156	Resistor, 15 meg., 1/2 w.
R-3	BR17B223	Resistor, 22M ohm, 1/2 w.
R-12	BR17B224	Resistor, 220M ohm, 1/2 w.
R-7	BR17B335	Resistor, 3.3 meg., 1/2 w.
R-11	BR17B685	Resistor, 6.8 meg., 1/2 w.
R-6	BR17E223	Resistor, 22M ohm, 1 w.
R-4	BR17G153	Resistor, 15M ohm, 2 w.
	A-2163	Cable, Dial
	A-3123	Clamp, Cable
	A-9285	Lamp, Pilot, Mazda No. 44
	A-51160-3	Cord, Power, 6 ft.
	A-51163	Clip, Spring

C-12, 13	A-51356	Cap., Electro., 15-20-20 mfd.
C-2	C-51501-1	Capacitor, Variable, 3-section
T-1	C-51502	Transformer, Power
L-2	B-51511	Coil, Assembly, RF
SP-1	C-51512	Speaker, 5" Dynamic, 485 ohm
L-3	B-51522	Coil Assembly, Osc.
	A-51531	Shaft, Drive
T-2	B-51416-2	Trans. Assembly, 1st IF
T-3	B-51417-2	Trans. Assembly, 2nd IF
	B-51591	Spring, Dial Bracket
	A-51787	Spring, Cable
	A-51801	Rivet, Pronged, 3/32 x 1/8
	B-55300-1	Channel, Rubber
SW-2	B-55500-1	Switch (Radio-Phono)
R-15	B-55550-1	Potentiometer, 500M ohm
R-10	B-55575-1	Potentiometer & Switch, 500M ohm

MODEL 6D61P, Ch. 554

CONCORD RADIO CORP.

- 1—6SK7GT.....RF Amplifier tube
- 1—6SA7GT.....Converter tube
- 1—6SK7GT.....IF Amplifier tube
- 1—6SQ7GT.....Detector—AVC—1st Audio tube
- 1—6K6GT.....Power Output tube
- 1—5Y3GT.....Rectifier tube

NOTE: The above glass tubes are interchangeable with their metal equivalent.

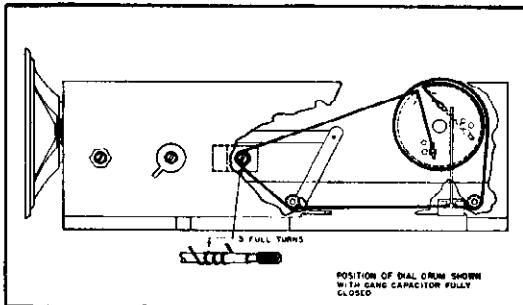
- Frequency Range.....540-1600 kc.
- Intermediate Frequency.....455 kc.
- Power Supply.....105-125 volts, 60 cycle A.C.
- Loudspeaker.....Electrodynamic
- V.C. Impedance.....3.5 ohms at 400 cycles
- Power Output (Undistorted).....1 watt
- Power Output (Maximum).....4 watts
- Tuning Drive Ratio.....4¾ to 1

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

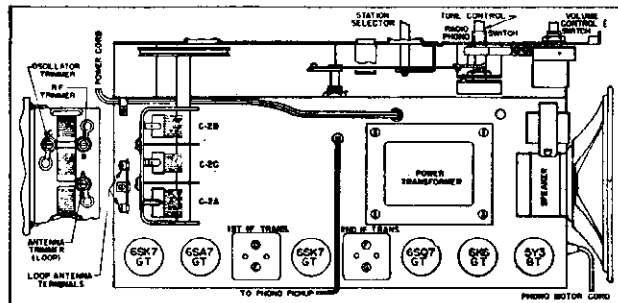
The following equipment is necessary to properly align this chassis:

1. A signal generator which will provide an accurately calibrated signal at the frequencies listed,
2. An output meter.
3. A non-metallic screwdriver.
4. Dummy antenna: — .1 mfd. — RMA loop.

CONNECT GEN-ERATOR TO	DUMMY ANTENNA	INPUT SIGNAL FREQUENCY	BAND	SET DIAL AT	TRIMMERS	PURPOSE
6SA7GT grid	.1 mfd	455 kc.	Broadcast	HF end	D E F G	Align IF
6SK7GT RF grid	.1 mfd	1620 kc.	Broadcast	HF end	C	Set limit of band
6SK7GT RF grid	.1 mfd	1400 kc.	Broadcast	1400 kc.	B	Align RF
RMA loop	Through loop	1400 kc.	Broadcast	1400 kc.	A	Align antenna



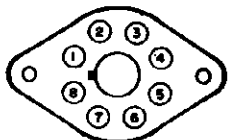
Dial Mechanism



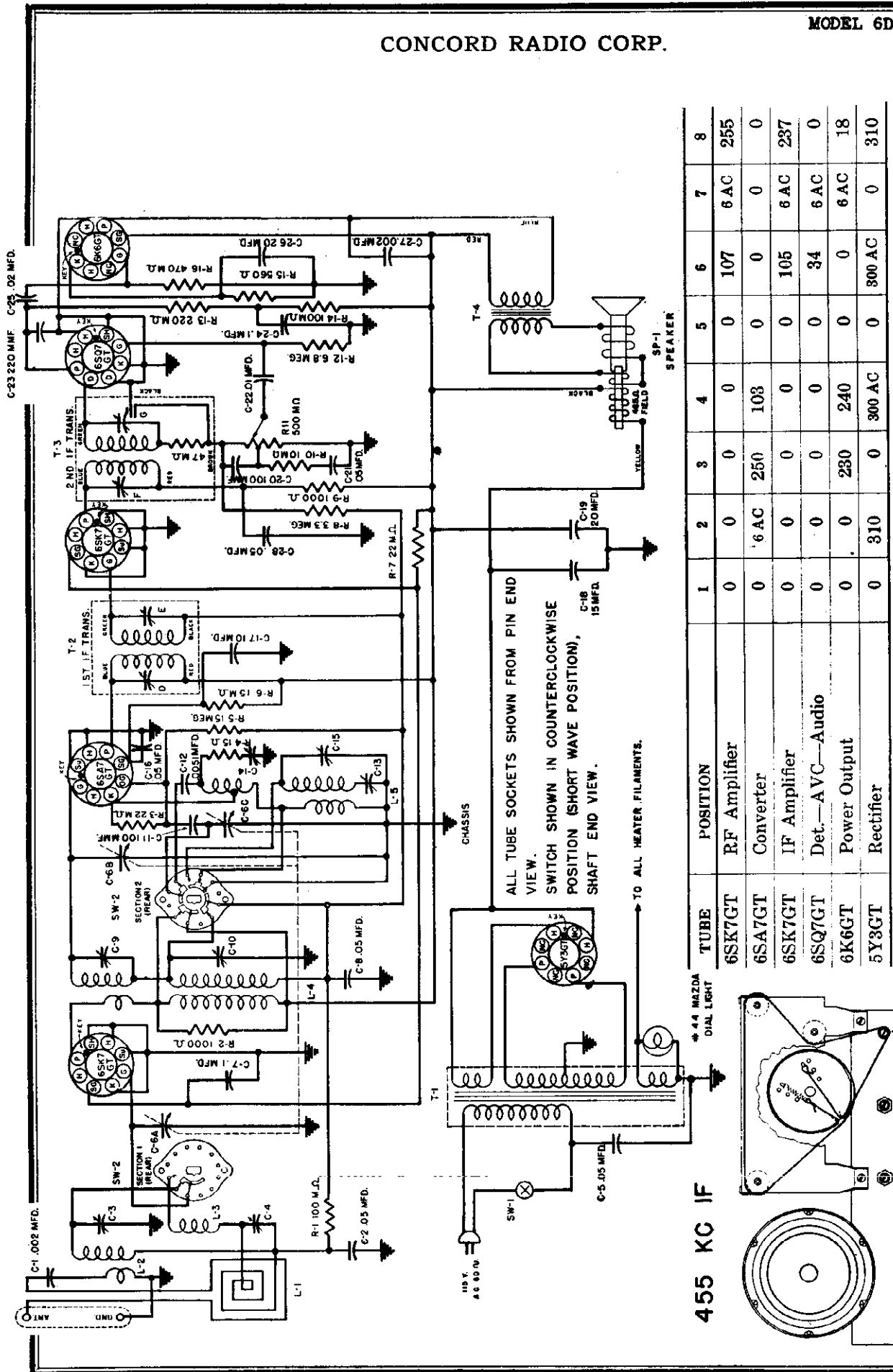
Tube Layout

TUBE	POSITION	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
6SK7GT	RF Amplifier	0	0	0	0	0	93	6.3 AC	270
6SA7GT	Converter	0	6.3 AC	270	113	-7.5	0	0	0
6SK7GT	IF Amplifier	0	0	0	0	0	93	6.3 AC	260
6SQ7GT	Detector—AVC—1st Audio	0	0	0	0	0	88	6.3 AC	0
6K6GT	Power Output	0	0	250	270	0	175	6.3 AC	19
5Y3GT	Rectifier	0	310	0	290 AC	0	290 AC	0	310

NOTE: All voltages measured from chassis to socket contact indicated.
 DC voltages measured with a 1000 ohm-per-volt meter.
 All voltages are positive DC unless otherwise marked.
 Volume control full on. No signal.
 Tone Control in clockwise position.
 Line Voltage 117 volts AC.

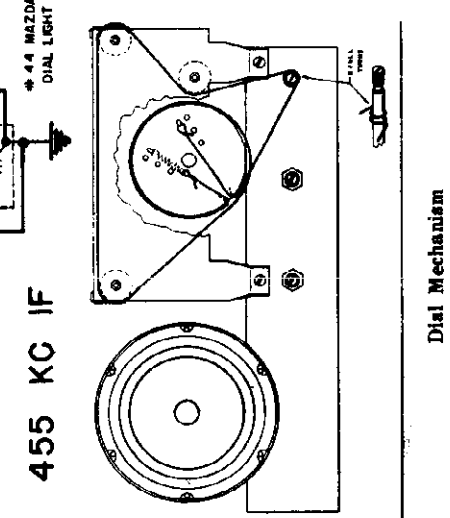


CONCORD RADIO CORP.



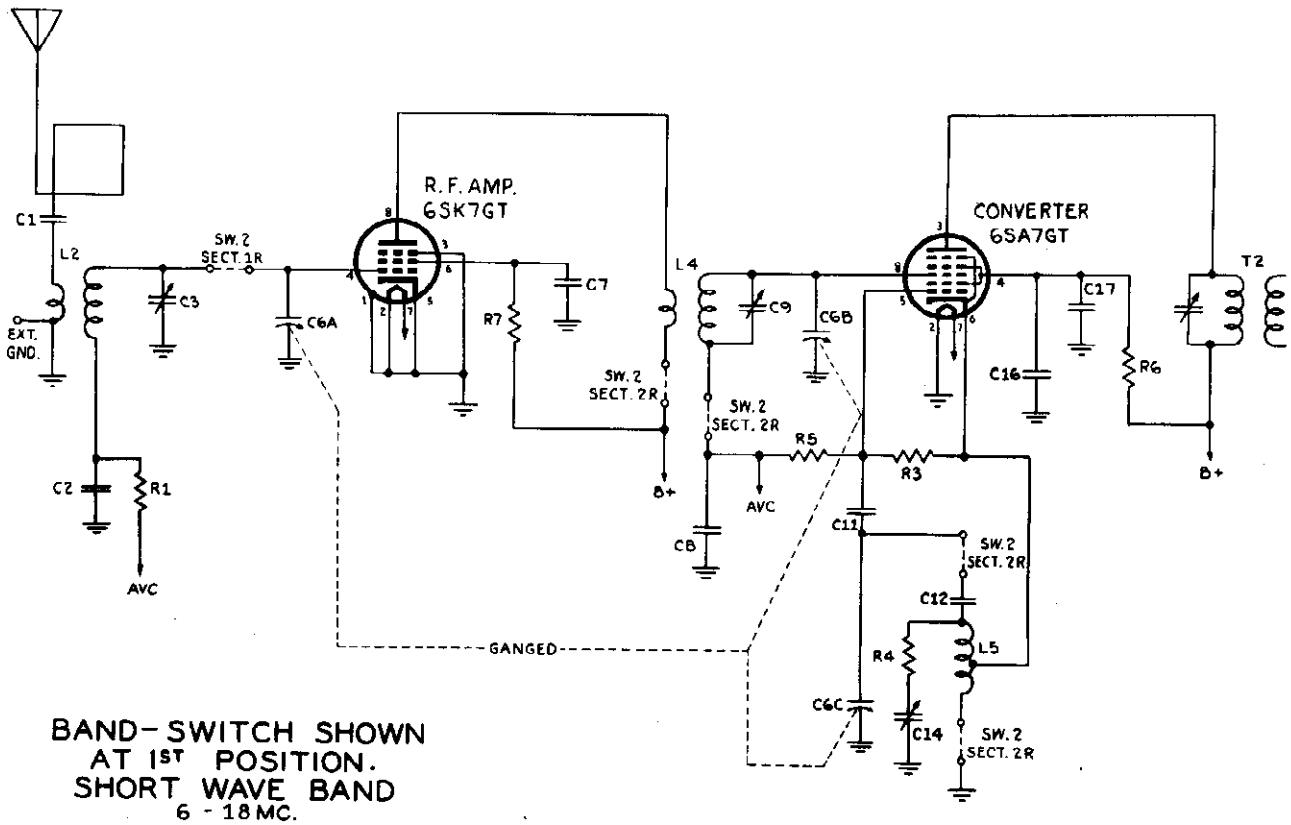
TUBE	POSITION	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
6SK7GT	RF Amplifier	0	0	0	0	0	107	6 AC	255
6SA7GT	Converter	0	6 AC	250	103	0	0	0	0
6SK7GT	IF Amplifier	0	0	0	0	0	105	6 AC	237
6SQ7GT	Det.—AMC—Avc	0	0	0	0	0	34	6 AC	0
6K6GT	Power Output	0	0	280	240	0	0	6 AC	18
5Y3GT	Rectifier	0	310	0	300 AC	0	300 AC	0	310

NOTE: All voltages measured from chassis to socket contact indicated. DC voltage measured with a 1000 ohm-per-volt meter. All voltages are positive DC unless otherwise marked. Volume control full on. Receiver not tuned to station. Line voltage 117 volts AC.

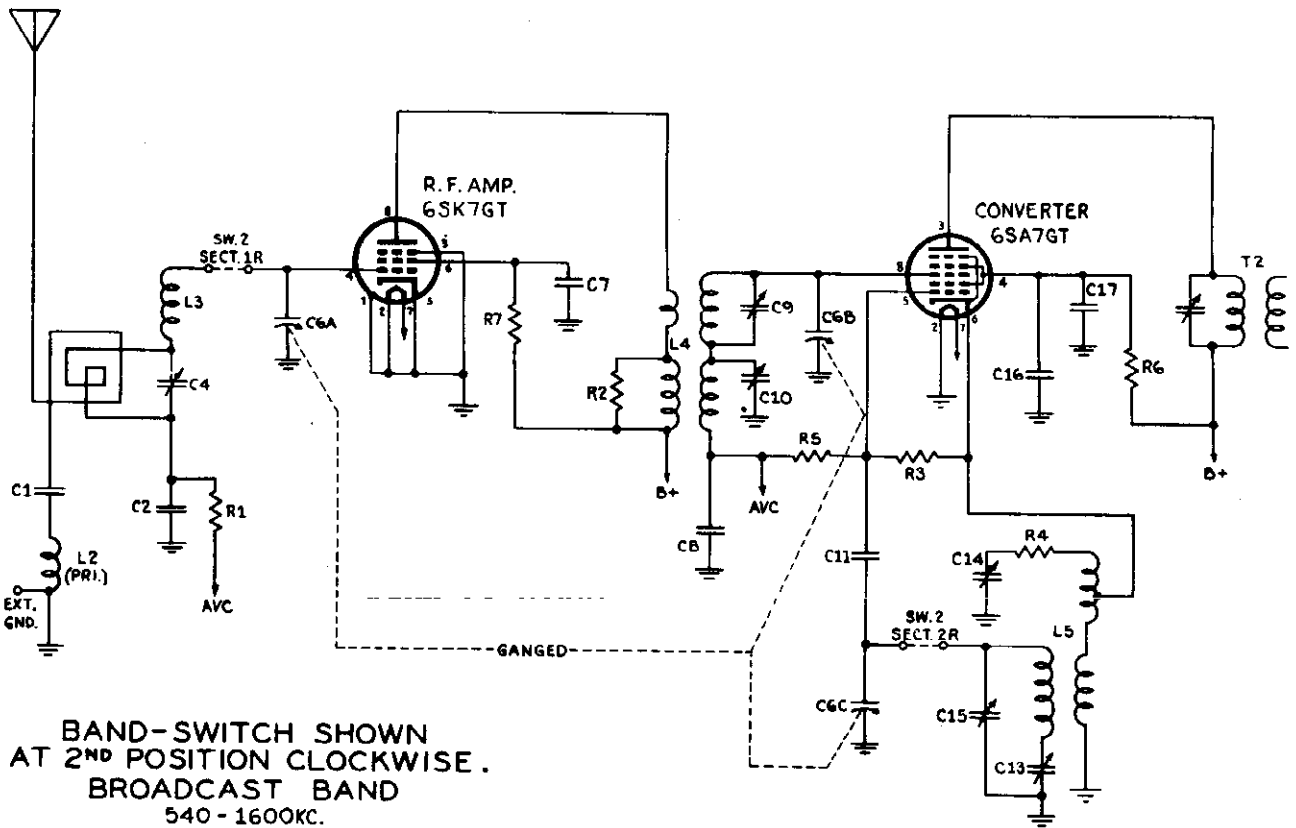


MODEL 6D62W, Ch. 572

CONCORD RADIO CORP.



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN AT 1ST POSITION. SHORT WAVE BAND 6 - 18 MC.



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN AT 2ND POSITION CLOCKWISE. BROADCAST BAND 540 - 1600 KC.

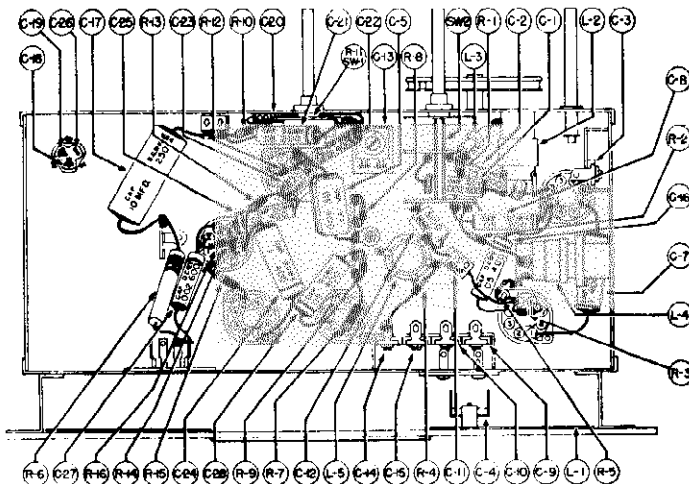
CONCORD RADIO CORP.

Frequency Range.....	540-1600 kc., 6-18 mc.	Power Output (Undistorted).....	1 watt
Intermediate Frequency.....	455 kc.	Power Output (Maximum).....	4 watts
Power Supply.....	105-125 volts, 60 cycle AC	Weight 15¾ lbs. (net).....	18½ lbs. (shipping)
Loudspeaker Type.....	5" Electro Dynamic	Tuning Drive Ratio.....	6 to 1
V.C. Impedance.....	3.2 ohms		
1—6SK7GT.....	RF Amplifier tube	1—6SQ7GT.....	Detector—AVC—Audio tube
1—6SA7GT.....	Converter tube	1—6K6GT.....	Power Output tube
1—6SK7GT.....	IF Amplifier tube	1—5Y3GT.....	Rectifier tube

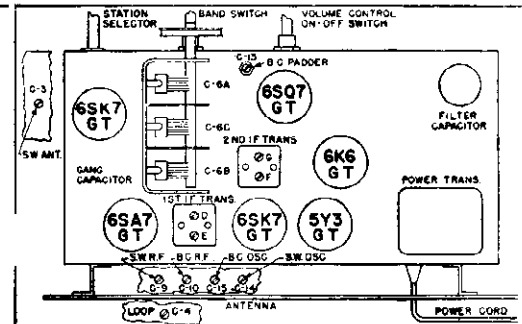
The following equipment is necessary to properly align this chassis:

- A signal generator which will provide an accurately calibrated signal at the frequencies listed.
- An output meter.
- A non-metallic screwdriver.
- Dummy antenna: .1 mfd. — 400 ohm resistor—RMA loop.

CONNECT TEST OSCILLATOR TO	DUMMY ANTENNA	INPUT SIGNAL FREQUENCY	BAND	SET DIAL AT	TRIMMERS	PURPOSE
6SA7GT grid	.1 mfd.	455 kc.	Broadcast	HF end	D E F G	Align IF
6SK7GT RF grid	.1 mfd.	18.3 mc.	Short wave	HF end	C-14	Set limit of band
6SK7GT RF grid	.1 mfd.	16 mc.	Short wave	16 mc.	C-9	Align RF
Antenna post	400 ohms	16 mc.	Short wave	16 mc.	C-3	Align antenna
6SK7GT RF grid	.1 mfd.	1620 kc.	Broadcast	HF end	C-15	Set limit of band
6SK7GT RF grid	.1 mfd.	1400 kc.	Broadcast	1400 kc.	C-10	Align RF
6SK7GT RF grid	.1 mfd.	600 kc.	Broadcast	600 kc.	C-13	Rock gang and adjust to max.
RMA loop	Through loop	1400 kc.	Broadcast	1400 kc.	C-4	Align antenna

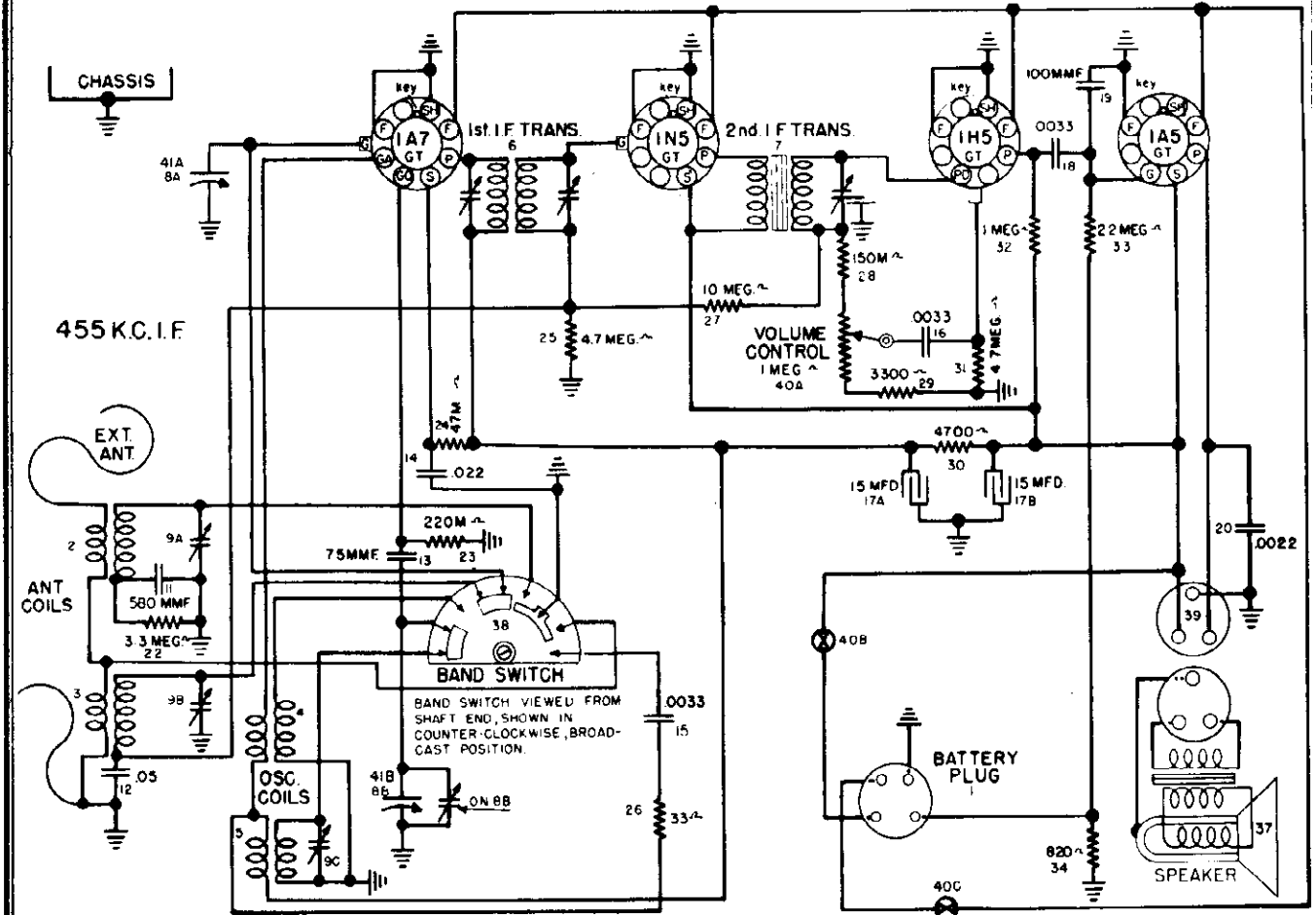


Symbol	Part No.	Description
C-5	BC31B503	Cap., .05 mfd., 400 v. paper
C-2, 3, 21	BD210503	Cap., .05 mfd., 200 v. paper
C-22	BD410103	Cap., .01 mfd., 400 v. paper
C-7, 24	BD410104	Cap., .1 mfd., 400 v. paper
C-25	BD410203	Cap., .02 mfd., 400 v. paper
C-16, 28	BD410503	Cap., .05 mfd., 400 v. paper
C-1, 27	BD610202	Cap., .002 mfd., 600 v. paper
C-12	BM58D512	Cap., 5100 mmf., mica
C-11, 20	BM78A101	Cap., 100 mmf., mica
C-23	BM78A221	Cap., 220 mmf., mica
R-15	BR16E561	Resistor, 560 ohm, 1 w.
R-2, 9	BR17B102	Resistor, 1000 ohm, ½ w.
R-10	BR17B103	Resistor, 10M ohm, ½ w.
R-1, 14	BR17B104	Resistor, 100M ohm, ½ w.
R-4	BR17B150	Resistor, 15 ohm, ½ w.
R-5	BR17B156	Resistor, 15 meg., ½ w.
R-3	BR17B223	Resistor, 22M ohm, ½ w.
R-13	BR17B224	Resistor, 220M ohm, ½ w.
R-8	BR17B335	Resistor, 3.3 meg., ½ w.

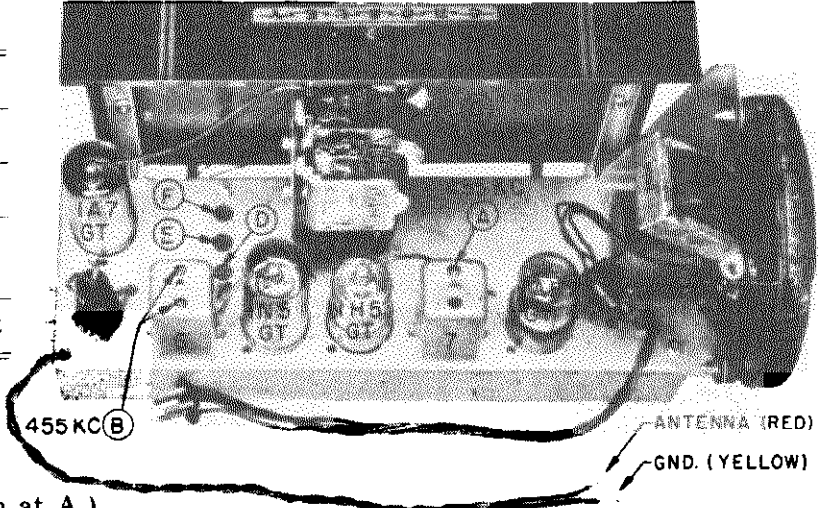


R-16	BR17B474	Resistor, 470M ohm, ½ w.
R-12	BR17B685	Resistor, 68 meg., ½ w.
R-7	BR17E223	Resistor, 22M ohm, 1 w.
R-6	BR17G153	Resistor, 15M ohm, 2 w.
	A-2163	Cable, drive
	A-9285	Lamp, pilot, Mazda No. 44
	A-51160-1	Cord, power, 6 ft.
	B-51162-3	Shaft, drive
	A-51163	Clip, spring
	A-51260	Shield, tube
C-18, 19, 26	A-51356	Cap., electro., 15-20-20 mfd.
C-6	C-51401-1	Capacitor, variable
SP-1	C-51413	Speaker assembly, 5-inch
T-2	B-51416-1	Trans. assembly, 1st IF
T-3	B-51417-1	Trans. assembly, 2nd IF
C-17	A-51419	Cap., electro., 10 mfd., 250 v.
L-5	B-51420	Coil assembly, oscillator
T-1	C-51421	Transformer, power
L-3	B-51422	Coil assembly, antenna loading
L-4	B-51425	Coil assembly, RF
C-13	B-51428-5	Capacitor, padder
L-2	B-51430	Coil assembly, SW antenna
SW-2	B-51435-1	Switch assembly, 2-band
R-11	B-51445-1	Control, Pot. & switch 500,000 ohm.
C-9, 10, 14, A-51656		Cap. assembly, trimmer (4)
		15
C-3	A-51657	Cap. assembly, trimmer (spec.)
	A-51787	Spring, cable
C-4	B-51859-1	Cap. assembly, Ant.—BC

THE CROSLLEY CORP.



Type	Function
1A7GT/G	Mixer
1N5GT/G	I.F. Amplifier
1H5GT/G	Detector, AVC, 1st A.F. Amplifier
1A5GT/G	A.F. Power Output



FREQUENCY RANGE: American Band, 540 to 1600 kc. (Selector Switch at A.)

Overseas Short-wave Band, 5.8 to 15 mc. (Selector Switch at 0.)

INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY: 455 kc.

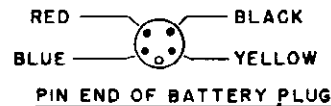
POWER SUPPLY: Crosley "A-B" Battery Pack, CR69.

VOLTAGE RATING: 1½ v. "A"; 90 v. "B"

POWER OUTPUT: 120 mw. minimum.

Speaker mounted on cabinet on Model 46FB

- (A) - 2ND. I.F. TRIMMER
- (B) - 1ST. I.F. TRIMMER
- (C) - "OVERSEAS" OSC. TRIM.
- (D) - "OVERSEAS" ANT. TRIM.
- (E) - "AMERICAN" OSC. TRIM.
- (F) - "AMERICAN" ANT. TRIM.



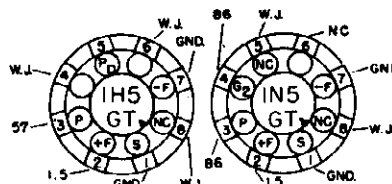
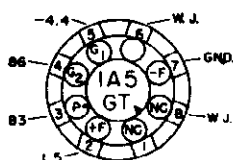
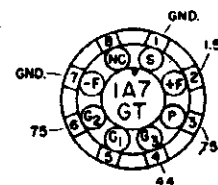
For satisfactory operation it is necessary that an antenna and ground be connected to this receiver.

THE CROSLLEY CORP.

SOCKET VOLTAGE CHART

NOTES:-

1. THESE ARE BOTTOM VIEWS OF SOCKETS.
2. MEASURE VOLTAGES FROM SOCKET LUGS TO CHASSIS (-B, -A, GROUND).
3. THESE VOLTAGES MEASURED USING AN ELECTRONIC VOLTMETER.
4. W.J. - WIRING JUNCTION.
5. NC - NO CONNECTION.
6. SOCKET VOLTAGE TOLERANCE, 10%.



ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

1. Turn the tuning condenser to the completely closed position against the stop and set the dial pointer to the reference line at the end of the dial scale.
2. Connect the output meter across the speaker voice coil.
3. The r.f. signal input from the signal generator should be connected to the antenna lead (red) as indicated in the alignment chart. Connect the low side (ground) of the signal generator to the chassis.
4. Turn the volume control on full and adjust the signal generator output to produce approximately mid-scale deflection of the output meter, but maintain signal generator output as low as possible to prevent AVC action in the receiver.

Alignment Sequence	Signal Generator Output			Position of		Adjust for Maximum Output
	Frequency in kc.	In Series with	To	Band Switch	Tuning Dial	
1	455	200 mmf.	Ant.	A	1,620	A & B
2	15,300	400 ohms	Ant.	O	15,300	C*
3	15,000	400 ohms	Ant.	O	15,000	D
4	1,620	200 mmf.	Ant.	A	1,620	E
5	1,400	200 mmf.	Ant.	A	1,400	F

* NOTE: When aligning the short-wave oscillator trimmer (C), be sure that the circuit is aligned at the correct frequency and not at the image frequency which is 910 kilocycles lower as indicated by the receiver dial. To check: Tune in the generator frequency, then increase the generator output and tune in the image frequency. The image frequency should be weaker than the fundamental and audible 910 kilocycles lower on the receiver dial. If the image cannot be tuned in, the oscillator trimmer is adjusted to the wrong peak; i.e., the oscillator trimmer may be adjusted to the image or one of the harmonics instead of the fundamental frequency. The correct peak is the second one heard as the trimmer adjustment screw is opened from the completely closed position.

MODELS 46FA, 46FB
MODELS 56FA, 56FB

THE CROSLLEY CORP

MODELS 46FA, 46FB

Item No.	Part No.	Description	Item No.	Part No.	Description
1	B-130493	Battery Cable and Plug	23	89281-26	Resistor, 150,000 ohm, 1/2 w.
2	AW-133777	Coil, H. F. Antenna	24	89281-31	Resistor, 1.0 megohm, 1/2 w.
3	AW-133783	Coil, H. C. Antenna	25	89281-33	Resistor, 2.2 megohm, 1/2 w.
4	AW-133757	Coil, B. C. Osc. (Coil)	26	89281-34	Resistor, 3.3 megohm, 1/2 w.
5	AW-134348	1st I. F. Transformer	27	89281-27	Resistor, 220,000 ohm, 1/2 w.
6	AW-134349	2nd I. F. Transformer	28	89281-6	Resistor, 68 ohm, 1/2 w.
7A	AW-134995	Variable Condenser (Ant.) Two Section	29	89281-17	Resistor, 4700 ohm, 1/2 w.
8A	B-134995	Variable Condenser (Osc.) Section	30A	B-130520-3	Control, Volume (1.0 megohm) Assem- bly
8B	B-132386-5	Trimmer Condenser, Three Section	30B		Switch (Plate Supply)
9A		Trimmer Condenser, Section	30C		Switch (Filament Supply)
9C		Trimmer Condenser, Section	31	89281-16	Resistor, 3300 ohm, 1/2 w.
11	GC-210685-143	Condenser, 580 mmf., Mica	32	89281-35	Resistor, 4.7 megohm, 1/2 w.
12	39001-65	Condenser, .05 mfd., 200 v., Paper	33	89279-25	Resistor, 1,000 ohm, 1/2 w.
13	39004-6	Condenser, 75 mmf., Mica	34	B-135198	Control, Tone (100,000-ohm)
14	39001-68	Condenser, .022 mfd., 200 v., Paper	35	AW-135193	Coil Assembly (R. F.)
15	39001-10	Condenser, .0033 mfd., 600 v., Paper	36	AW-135147	Coil Assembly (H. F. Ant.)
16	39001-10	Condenser, .0033 mfd., 600 v., Paper	37	AW-135134	Coil Assembly (B. C. Ant.)
17A	W-49664	Condenser, 15 mfd., 140 v. (Two Section)	38	AW-135140	Coil Assembly (H. F. Osc.)
17B		Condenser, 15 mfd., 140 v. (Elect. Filter)	39	AW-135141	Coil Assembly (B. C. Osc.)
18	39001-10	Condenser, .0033 mfd., 600 v., Paper	40	AW-132803	Transformer (1st I. F.)
19	39004-7	Condenser, 100 mmf., Mica	41	AW-132804	Transformer (2nd I. F.)
20	39001-9	Condenser, .0022 mfd., 600 v., Paper	42	B-135079	Switch (Band Change)
21	39281-34	Resistor, 3.3 Megohm, 1/2 w.	43	C-135199	Speaker
22	39281-27	Resistor, 220,000 Ohm, 1/2 w.	44	B-130493	Cable and Plug (Battery)
23	39281-23	Resistor, 47,000 Ohm, 1/2 w.	45	W-132822-2	Cable and Plug (Speaker)
24	39281-35	Resistor, 4.7 Megohm, 1/2 w.			
25	39281-36	Resistor, 30 Ohm, 1/2 w.			
26	39281-4	Resistor, 330 Ohm, 1/2 w.			
27	39281-37	Resistor, 10 Megohm, 1/2 w.			
28	39281-26	Resistor, 150,000 Ohm, 1/2 w.			
29	39281-16	Resistor, 3,300 Ohm, 1/2 w.			
30	39281-17	Resistor, 4,700 Ohm, 1/2 w.			
31	39281-31	Resistor, 4.7 Megohm, 1/2 w.			
32	39281-35	Resistor, 1 Megohm, 1/2 w.			
33	39281-33	Resistor, 2.2 Megohm, 1/2 w.			
34	39279-24	Resistor, 820 Ohm, 1/2 w.			
37	C-133786	Speaker			
38	W-133712	Band Change Switch			
39	W-132822-1	Speaker Plug and Cable			
40A	B-130520-3	Volume Control, 1 Megohm Assembly			
40B		Power Switch ("B" Supply) Assembly			
40C		Power Switch ("A" Supply)			
		Plastic Cabinet- Brown (46FA)			
		Wood Cabinet (46FB)			
		"A-B" Battery Pack			
		Dial Lens			
		Knob			
		Spacer (46FA)			
		Grille Cloth (46FA)			
		Trimount Stud, Dial Lens (46FA)			

MODELS 56FA, 56FB

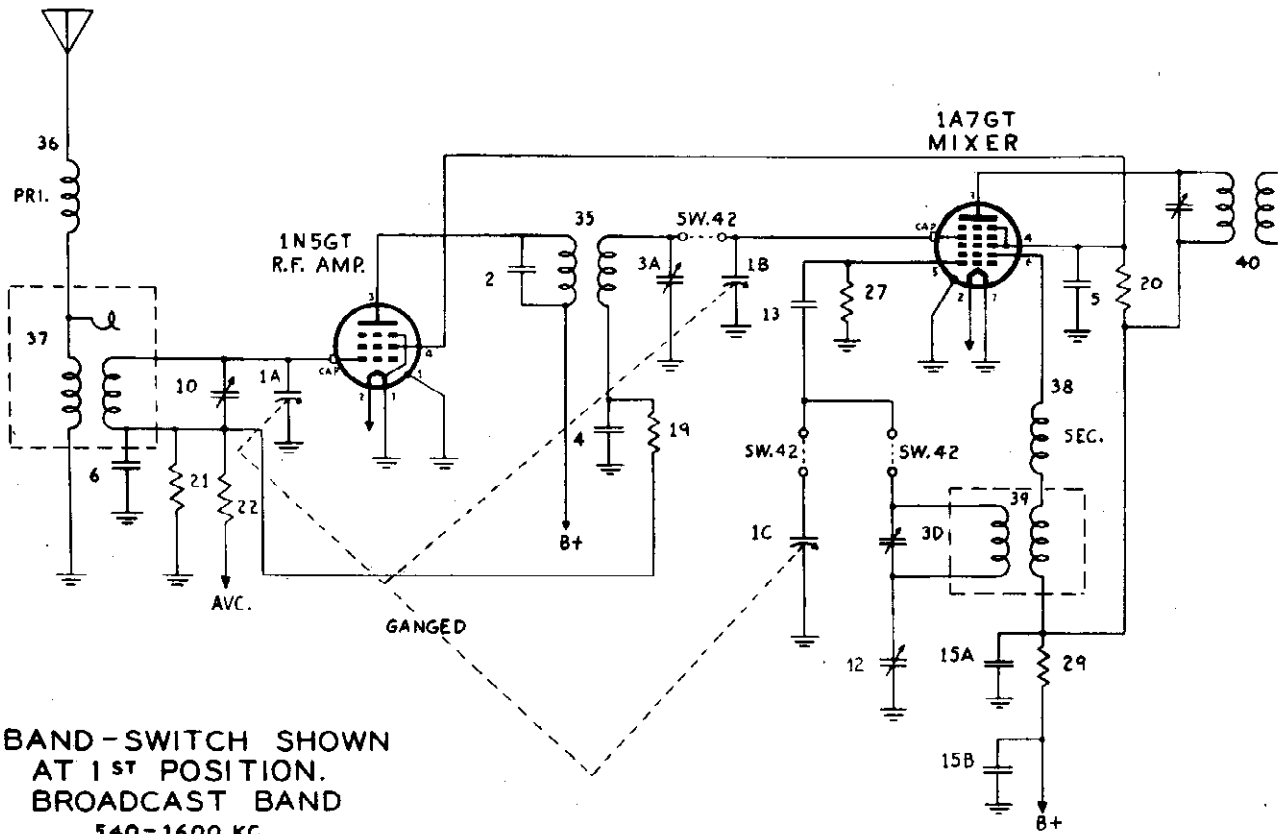
Item No.	Part No.	Description	Item No.	Part No.	Description
1A	AC-134898	Condenser (Variable) Section	23	89281-26	Resistor, 150,000 ohm, 1/2 w.
1B		Condenser (Variable) Section	24	89281-31	Resistor, 1.0 megohm, 1/2 w.
1C		Condenser (Variable) Assembly	25	89281-33	Resistor, 2.2 megohm, 1/2 w.
2	39004-1	Condenser, 10 mmf., 500 v., Mica	26	89281-34	Resistor, 3.3 megohm, 1/2 w.
3A	B-132386-12	Condenser (Trimmer) Four Section	27	89281-27	Resistor, 220,000 ohm, 1/2 w.
3B		Condenser (Trimmer) Section	28	89281-6	Resistor, 68 ohm, 1/2 w.
3C		Condenser (Trimmer) Assembly	29	89281-17	Resistor, 4700 ohm, 1/2 w.
4	39001-63	Condenser, .022 mfd., 200 v., Paper	30A	B-130520-3	Control, Volume (1.0 megohm) Assem- bly
5	39001-65	Condenser, .022 mfd., 200 v., Paper	30B		Switch (Plate Supply)
6	39001-10	Condenser, .05 mfd., 200 v., Paper	30C		Switch (Filament Supply)
7	39004-7	Condenser, .0033 mfd., 600 v., Paper	31	89281-16	Resistor, 3300 ohm, 1/2 w.
8	GC-210685-99	Condenser, 100 mmf., 600 v., Mica	32	89281-35	Resistor, 4.7 megohm, 1/2 w.
9	W-49652-15	Condenser (Trimmer)	33	89279-25	Resistor, 1,000 ohm, 1/2 w.
10	GC-210685-138	Condenser, 480 mmf., 500 v., Mica	34	B-135198	Control, Tone (100,000-ohm)
11	W-135130	Condenser (Padder)	35	AW-135193	Coil Assembly (R. F.)
12	39004-6	Condenser, 75 mmf., Mica	36	AW-135147	Coil Assembly (H. F. Ant.)
13	39001-10	Condenser, .0033 mfd., 600 v., Paper	37	AW-135134	Coil Assembly (B. C. Ant.)
14	W-49664	Condenser, 15 mfd., 140 v. (Two Section)	38	AW-135140	Coil Assembly (H. F. Osc.)
15A		Condenser, .0075 mfd., 600 v., Paper	39	AW-135141	Coil Assembly (B. C. Osc.)
15B		Condenser, .0022 mfd., 600 v., Paper	40	AW-132803	Transformer (1st I. F.)
16	39001-10	Condenser, 15 mfd., 140 v. (Elect. Filter)	41	AW-132804	Transformer (2nd I. F.)
17	39001-12	Condenser, .0033 mfd., 600 v., Paper	42	B-135079	Switch (Band Change)
18	39001-9	Condenser, .0075 mfd., 600 v., Paper	43	C-135199	Speaker
19	39281-23	Resistor, 100,000 ohm, 1/2 w.	44	B-130493	Cable and Plug (Battery)
20	39281-25	Resistor, 47,000 ohm, 1/2 w.	45	W-132822-2	Cable and Plug (Speaker)
21	39281-35	Resistor, 4.7 megohm, 1/2 w.			
22	39281-37	Resistor, 10 megohm, 1/2 w.			

Figures in first column correspond to figures in schematic diagram.

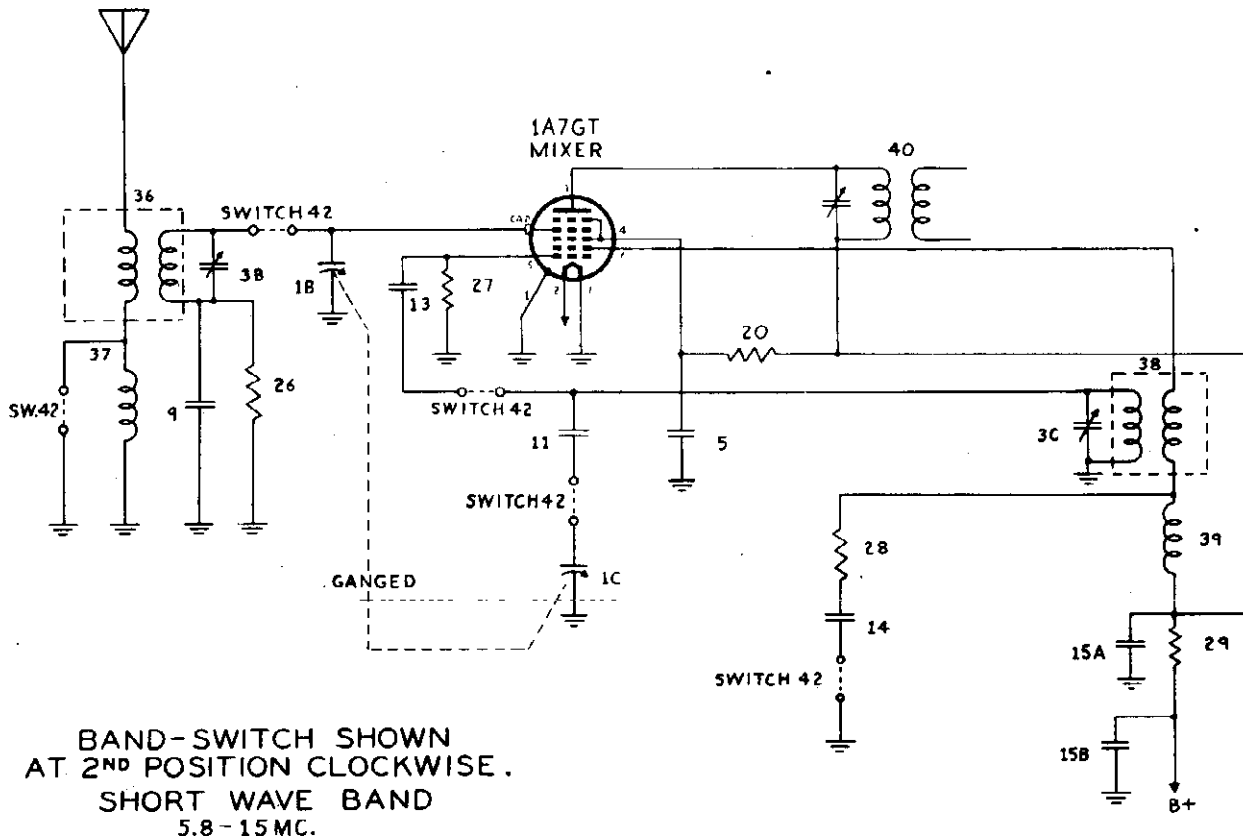
"clarified schematics"

MODELS 56FA, 56FB

THE CROSLLEY CORP.



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN AT 1ST POSITION.
BROADCAST BAND
540-1600 KC.

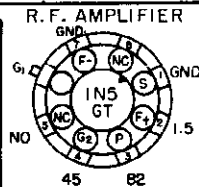
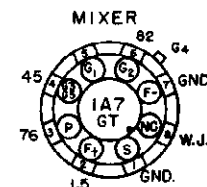
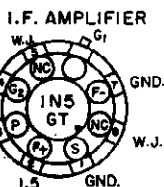
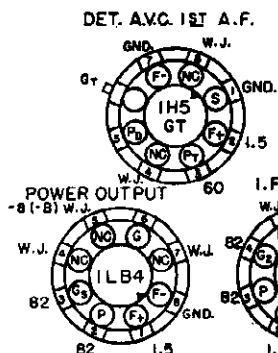


BAND-SWITCH SHOWN AT 2ND POSITION CLOCKWISE.
SHORT WAVE BAND
5.8-15 MC.

THE CROSLEY CORP.

SOCKET VOLTAGE CHART

1. THESE ARE BOTTOM VIEWS OF SOCKETS
2. MEASURE VOLTAGE FROM SOCKET LUG TO CHASSIS (GROUND).
3. THESE VOLTAGES MEASURED USING AN ELECTRONIC VOLTMETER.
4. WJ - WIRING JUNCTION.
5. NC - NO CONNECTION.
6. SOCKET VOLTAGE TOLERANCE, 10%.



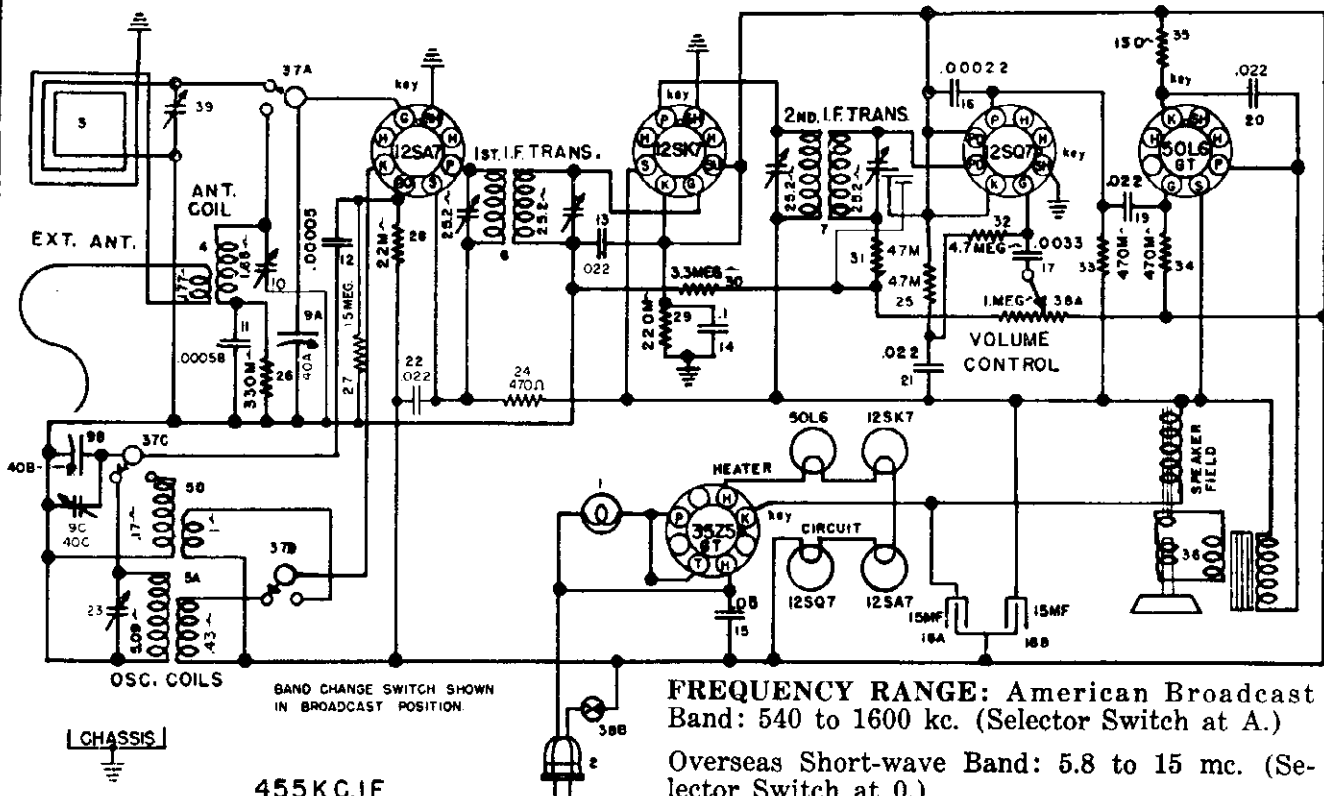
1. Turn the tuning condenser to the completely closed position against the stop and set the dial pointer to the reference line at the end of the dial scale.
2. Connect the output meter across the speaker voice coil.
3. The r.f. signal input from the signal generator should be connected to the antenna lead (red) as indicated in the alignment chart. Connect the low side (ground) of the signal generator to the chassis.
4. Turn the volume control on full and adjust the signal generator output to produce approximately mid-scale deflection of the output meter, but maintain signal generator output as low as possible to prevent AVC action in the receiver.

Alignment Sequence	Signal Generator Output			Position of		Adjust for Maximum Output
	Frequency in kc.	In Series with	To	Band Switch	Tuning Dial	
1	455	200 mmf.	Ant.	A	1,620	A & B
2	1,620	200 mmf.	Ant.	A	1,620	C
3	600	200 mmf.	Ant.	A	600	D
4	1,620	200 mmf.	Ant.	A	1,620	C
5	1,400	200 mmf.	Ant.	A	1,400	E & F
6	600	200 mmf.	Ant.	A	600	D
7	15,300	400 ohms	Ant.	O	15,300	G*
8	15,000	400 ohms	Ant.	O	15,000	H

* NOTE: When aligning the short-wave oscillator trimmer (G), be sure that the circuit is aligned at the correct frequency and not at the image frequency which is 910 kilocycles lower as indicated by the receiver dial. To check: Tune in the generator frequency, then increase the generator output and tune in the image frequency. The image frequency should be weaker than the fundamental and audible 910 kilocycles lower on the receiver dial. If the image cannot be tuned in, the oscillator trimmer is adjusted to the wrong peak; i.e., the oscillator trimmer may be adjusted to the image or one of the harmonics instead of the fundamental frequency. The correct peak is the second one heard as the trimmer adjustment screw is opened from the completely closed position.

MODELS 56TA, 56TC,
56TW

THE CROSLLEY CORP.



455 KC.IF

RESISTANCE OF SPEAKER FIELD: 450 ohms.
SPEAKER FIELD CURRENT: 60 ma.

FREQUENCY RANGE: American Broadcast Band: 540 to 1600 kc. (Selector Switch at A.)

Overseas Short-wave Band: 5.8 to 15 mc. (Selector Switch at 0.)

INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY: 455 kc.

POWER SUPPLY: a.c—d.c.

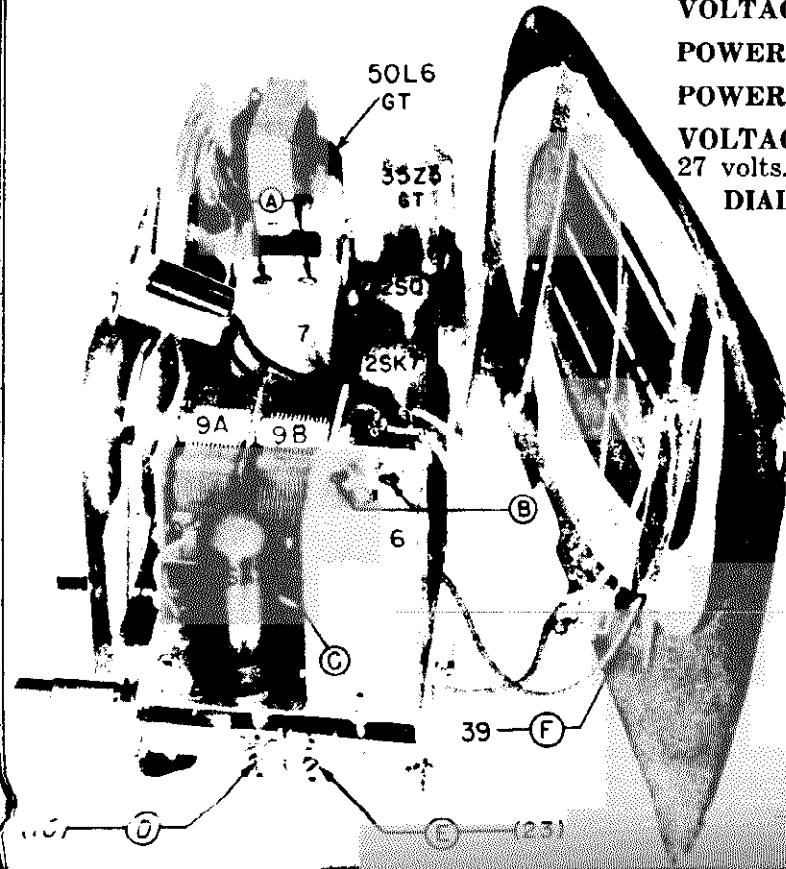
VOLTAGE RATING: 105-125 volts.

POWER CONSUMPTION: 35 watts nominal.

POWER OUTPUT: 1 watt maximum.

VOLTAGE DROP ACROSS SPEAKER FIELD: 27 volts.

DIAL BULB: Type 47, 6.3 volts, .15 amp.

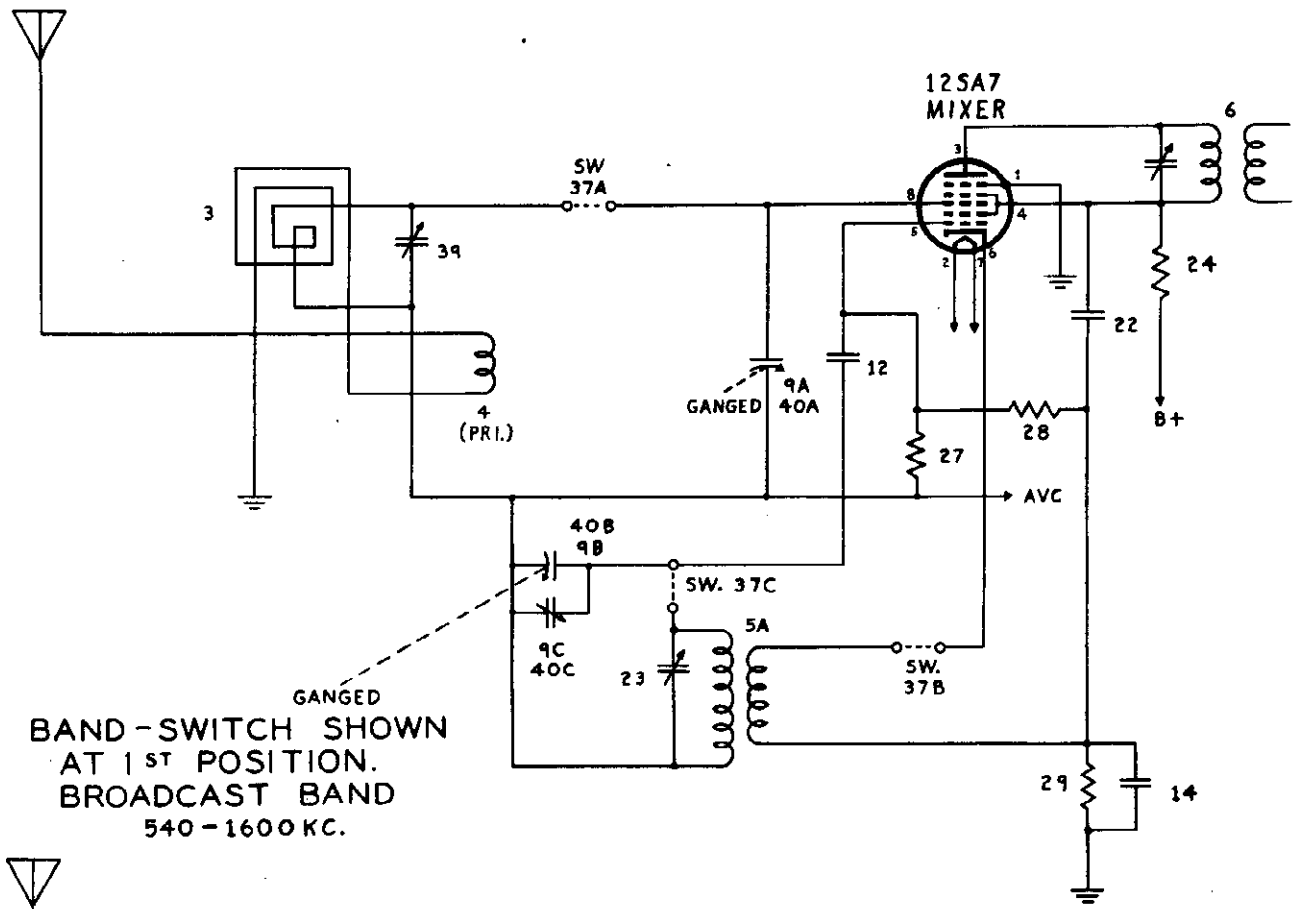


CHASSIS, SIDE VIEW—

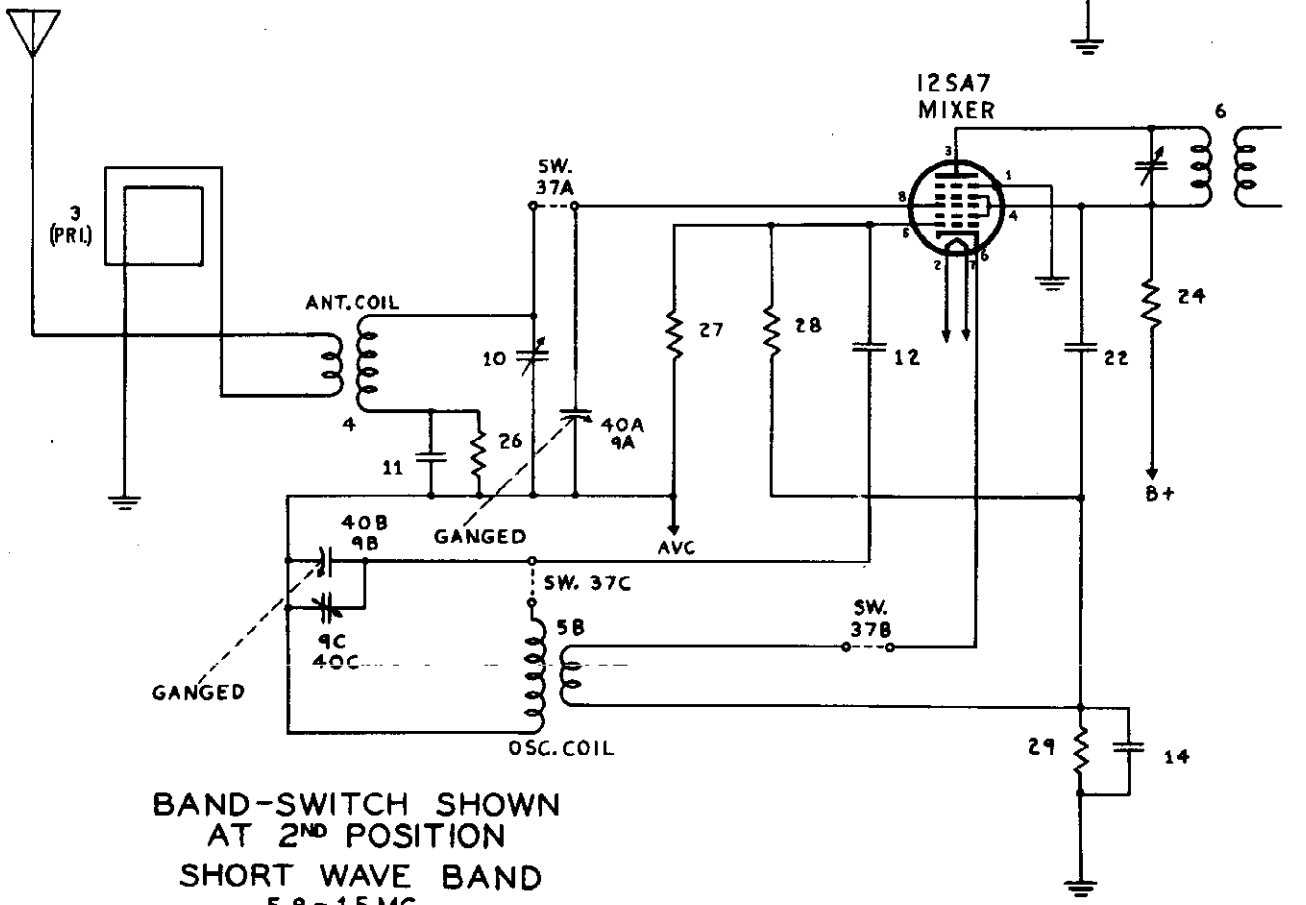
MODELS 56TA, 56TW, 56TC

Type	Function
12SA7 (or GT/G)	Mixer
12SK7 (or GT/G)	I.F. Amplifier
12SQ7 (or GT/G)	Detector, AVC, 1st A.F. Amplifier
50L6GT	A.F. Power Output
35Z8GT G	Rectifier

THE CROSLEY CORP.



GANGED
BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
AT 1ST POSITION.
BROADCAST BAND
540 - 1600 KC.

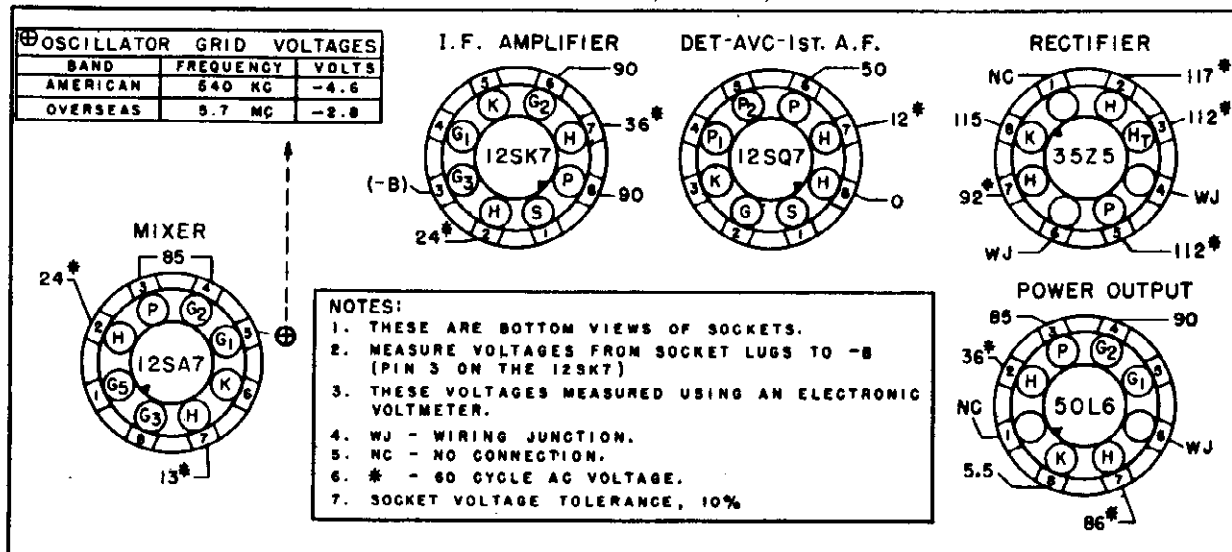


GANGED
BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
AT 2ND POSITION
SHORT WAVE BAND
5.8 - 15 MC.

MODELS 56TA, 56TC, 56TW
 MODELS 56TA-L, 56TC-L,
 56TW-L

THE CROSLLEY CORP.

MODELS 56TA, 56TW, 56TC



ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

MODELS 56TA, 56TW, 56TC

-MODELS 56TA-L, 56TW-L, 56TC-L

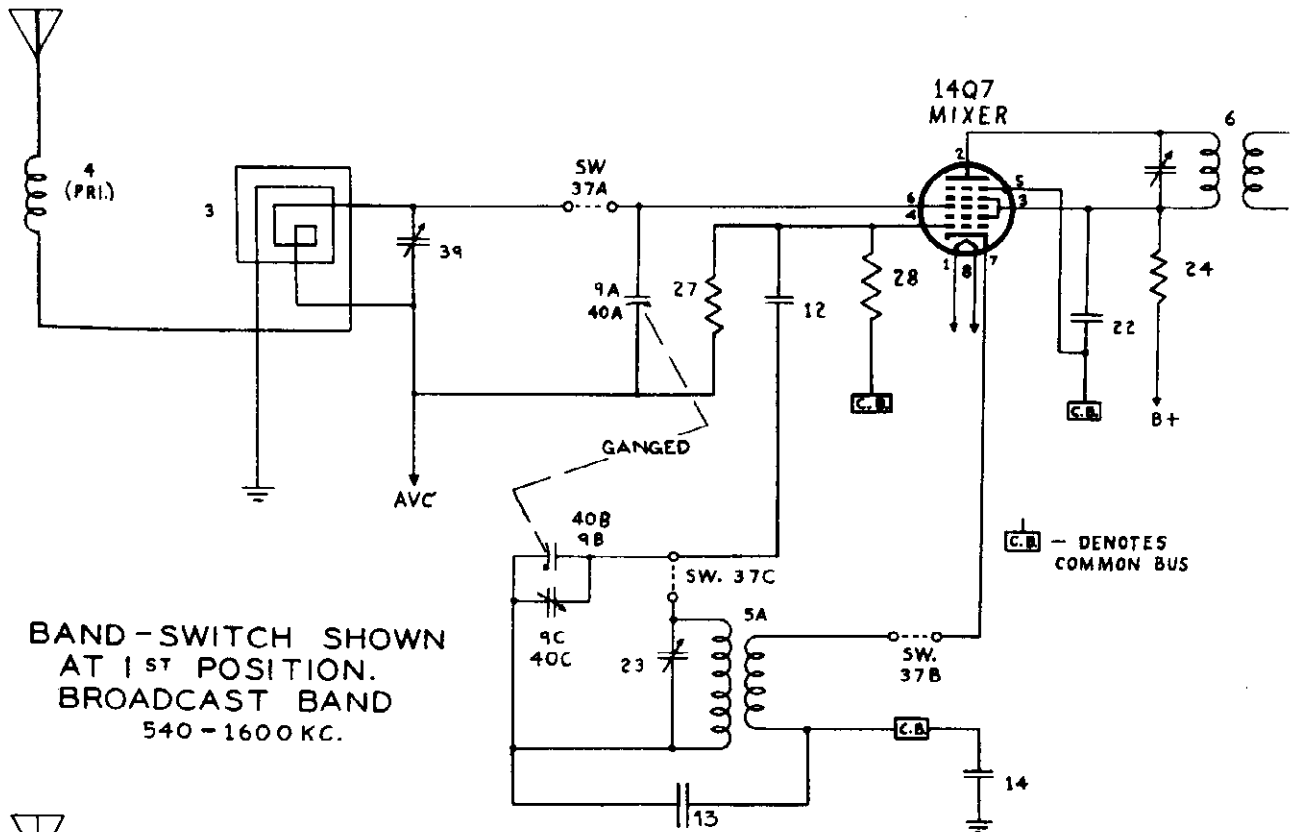
1. Turn the tuning condenser to the completely closed position against the stop and set the dial pointer to the reference line at the end of the dial scale.
2. Connect the output meter across the speaker voice coil.
3. The r.f. signal input from the signal generator should be connected to the external antenna lead. Connect the signal generator ground through a 0.1 mfd. condenser to -B (pin 3 on 12SK7 tube socket Models 56TA, 56TW, 56TC) (pin 4 on 14A7 tube socket Models 56TA-L, 56TW-L, 56TC-L).
4. Turn the volume control on full and adjust the signal generator output to produce approximately mid-scale deflection of the output meter, but maintain signal generator output as low as possible to prevent AVC action in the receiver.

Alignment Sequence	Signal Generator Output			Position of		Adjust for Maximum Output
	Frequency in kc.	In Series with	To	Band Switch	Tuning Dial	
1	455	200 mmf.	Ant.	A	1,620	A & B
2	15,300	400 ohms	Ant.	O	15,300	C
3	15,000	400 ohms	Ant.	O	15,000	D
4	1,400	200 mmf.	Ant.	A	1,400	E & F

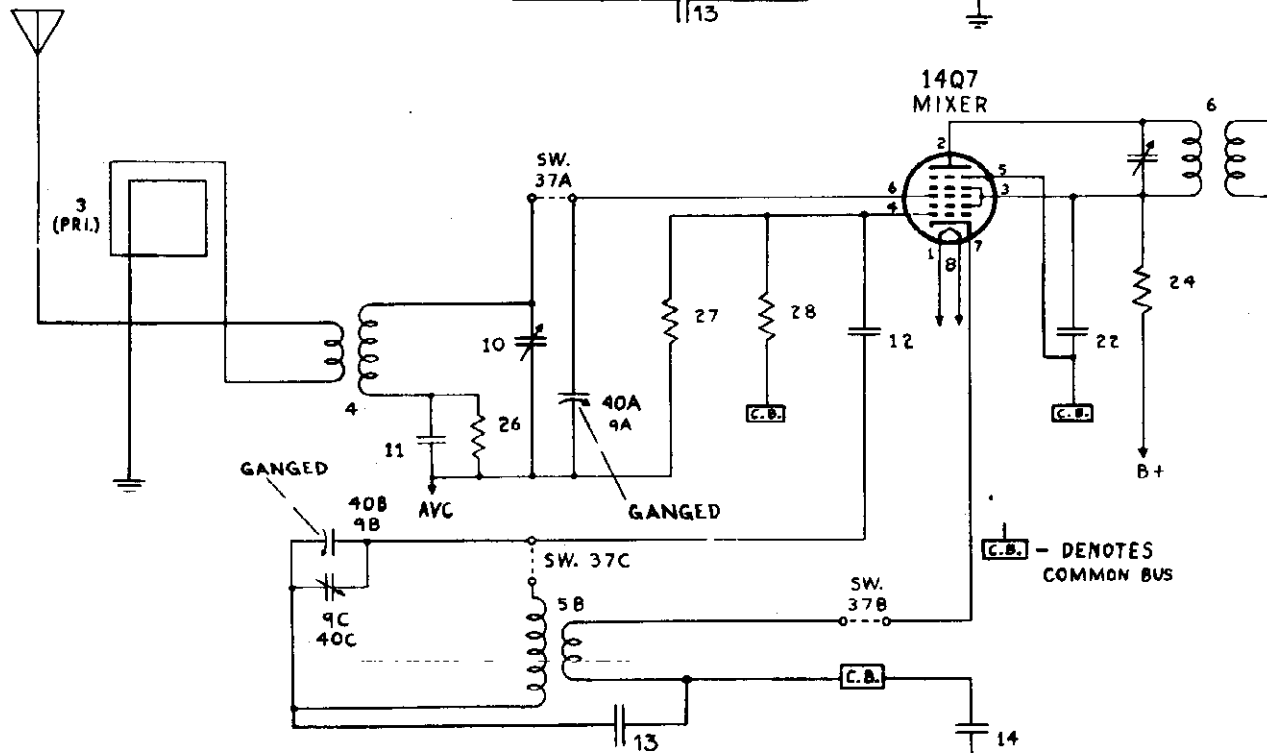
NOTE: When aligning the short-wave oscillator trimmer (C), be sure that the circuit is aligned at the correct frequency and not at the image frequency which is 910 kilocycles lower as indicated by the receiver dial. To check: Tune in the generator frequency, then increase the generator output and tune in the image frequency. The image frequency should be weaker than the fundamental and audible 910 kilocycles lower on the receiver dial. If the image cannot be tuned in, the oscillator trimmer is adjusted to the wrong peak; i.e., the oscillator trimmer may be adjusted to the image or one of the harmonics instead of the fundamental frequency. The correct peak is the second one heard as the trimmer adjustment screw is opened from the completely closed position.

MODELS 56TA-L, 56TC-L,
56TW-L

THE CROSLEY CORP.



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
AT 1ST POSITION.
BROADCAST BAND
540 - 1600 KC.



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
AT 2ND POSITION
SHORT WAVE BAND
5.8 - 15 MC.

MODELS 56TA, 56TC, 56TL
MODELS 56TA-L, 56TC-L, 56TL-L

THE CROSLLEY CORP.

MODELS 56TA, 56TW, 56TC

Item No.	Part No.	Description	Item No.	Part No.	Description
1	W-48858	Dial Light, 6.3 V	21	39001-63	Condenser, .022 mfd., 200 v., Paper
2	C-132300-1	Power Cable and Plug	22	39001-63	Condenser, .022 mfd., 200 v., Paper
3		Ant. Loop (Part of Antenna Loop and Back Assembly. See Cabinet Parts.)	23	Part of Item #10	B. C. Osc. Trimmer
4	AW-134994	H. F. Ant. Coil	24	39281-11	Resistor, 470 Ohm, 1/2 w.
5A	AW-134998	H. C. Osc. Coil	25	39281-17	Resistor, 4700 Ohm, 1/2 w.
5B		H. F. Osc. Coil	26	39281-28	Resistor, 330,000 Ohm, 1/2 w.
6	AW-134065	1st I. F. Transformer	27	39281-38	Resistor, 15 Megohm, 1/2 w.
7	AW-134158	2nd I. F. Transformer	28	39281-34	Resistor, 22,000 Ohm, 1/2 w.
8	B-134995	Variable Condenser	30	39281-21	Resistor, 3.3 Megohm, 1/2 w.
9A		Variable Condenser	31	39281-23	Resistor, 47,000 Ohm, 1/2 w.
9B		Variable Condenser	32	39281-35	Resistor, 4.7 Megohm, 1/2 w.
10	AB-135088	H. F. Ant. Trimmer	33	39281-29	Resistor, 470,000 Ohm, 1/2 w.
11	GC-210685-143	Condenser, 580 mmf., 300 V. Mica	34	39281-29	Resistor, 470,000 Ohm, 1/2 w.
12	39004-5	Condenser, 50 mmf., 500 v., Mica	35	39281-8	Resistor, 150 Ohm, 1/2 w.
13	39001-63	Condenser, .022 mfd., 200 V. Paper	36	GC-49675-9	Band Change Switch
14	39001-67	Condenser, .022 mfd., 200 V. Paper	37A	49772-3	Band Change Switch
15	39001-65	Condenser, .05 mfd., 200 V. Paper	37B		Band Change Switch
16	39004-9	Condenser, 220 mmf., Mica	37C		Control, Volume (1 Megohm)
17	39001-10	Condenser, .0033 mfd., 600 V. Paper	38A	C-46846-6	Switch (Power)
18A		Condenser, 15 mfd., 140 V. Section	38B	Part of Item #3	B. C. Ant. Trimmer
18B	W-134177	Condenser, 15 mfd., 120 V. Section	39		Assy.
19	39001-63	Condenser, .022 mfd., 200 V. Paper			
20	39001-63	Condenser, .022 mfd., 200 V. Paper			
21	39001-63	Condenser, .022 mfd., 200 V. Paper			
22	39001-63	Condenser, .022 mfd., 200 V. Paper			
23	Part of Item #10	B. C. Osc. Trimmer			
24	39281-11	Resistor, 470 Ohm, 1/2 w.			
25	39281-17	Resistor, 4700 Ohm, 1/2 w.			
26	39281-28	Resistor, 330,000 Ohm, 1/2 w.			
27	39281-38	Resistor, 15 Megohm, 1/2 w.			
28	39281-34	Resistor, 22,000 Ohm, 1/2 w.			
29	39281-21	Resistor, 3.3 Megohm, 1/2 w.			
30	39281-23	Resistor, 47,000 Ohm, 1/2 w.			
31	39281-35	Resistor, 4.7 Megohm, 1/2 w.			
32	39281-29	Resistor, 470,000 Ohm, 1/2 w.			
33	39281-29	Resistor, 470,000 Ohm, 1/2 w.			
34	39281-8	Resistor, 150 Ohm, 1/2 w.			
35	GC-49675-9	Band Change Switch			
36	49772-3	Band Change Switch			
37A		Band Change Switch			
37B		Band Change Switch			
37C		Control, Volume (1 Megohm)			
38A	C-46846-6	Switch (Power)			
38B	Part of Item #3	B. C. Ant. Trimmer			
39		Assy.			

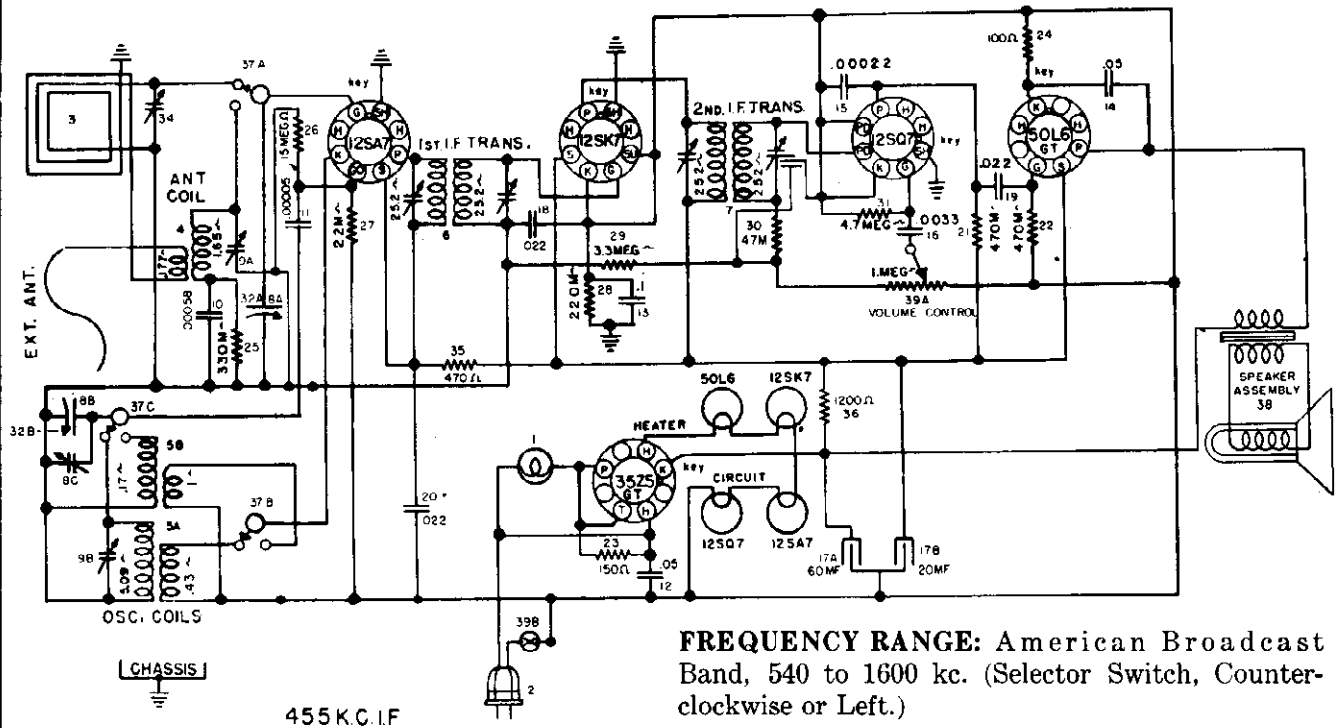
MODELS 56TA-L, 56TW-L, 56TC-L

Item No.	Part No.	Description	Item No.	Part No.	Description
1	W-48858	Dial Light, 6.3 v.	21	39001-63	Condenser, .022 mfd., 200 v., Paper
2	C-132300-1	Power Cable and Plug	22	39001-63	Condenser, .022 mfd., 200 v., Paper
3		Ant. Loop (Part of Antenna Loop and Back Assembly. See Cabinet Parts.)	23	Part of Item #10	B. C. Osc. Trimmer
4	AW-134994	H. F. Ant. Coil	24	39281-11	Resistor, 470 Ohm, 1/2 w.
5A	AW-134993	H. C. Osc. Coil	25	39281-17	Resistor, 4700 Ohm, 1/2 w.
5B		H. F. Osc. Coil	26	39281-28	Resistor, 330,000 Ohm, 1/2 w.
6	AW-134065	1st I. F. Transformer	27	39281-38	Resistor, 15 Megohm, 1/2 w.
7	AW-134158	2nd I. F. Transformer	28	39281-34	Resistor, 22,000 Ohm, 1/2 w.
8	B-134995	Variable Condenser	30	39281-21	Resistor, 3.3 Megohm, 1/2 w.
9A		Variable Condenser	31	39281-23	Resistor, 47,000 Ohm, 1/2 w.
9B		Variable Condenser	32	39281-35	Resistor, 4.7 Megohm, 1/2 w.
10	AB-135088	H. F. Ant. Trimmer	33	39281-29	Resistor, 470,000 Ohm, 1/2 w.
11	GC-210685-143	Condenser, 580 mmf., 300 v., Mica	34	39281-29	Resistor, 470,000 Ohm, 1/2 w.
12	39004-5	Condenser, 50 mmf., 500 v., Mica	35	39281-8	Resistor, 150 Ohm, 1/2 w.
13	39001-63	Condenser, .022 mfd., 200 v., Paper	36	GC-49675-9	Band Change Switch
14	39001-67	Condenser, .022 mfd., 200 v., Paper	37A	49772-3	Band Change Switch
15	39001-65	Condenser, .05 mfd., 200 v., Paper	37B		Band Change Switch
16	39004-9	Condenser, 220 mmf., Mica	37C		Control, Volume (1 Megohm)
17	39001-10	Condenser, .0033 mfd., 600 v., Paper	38A	C-46846-6	Switch (Power)
18A		Condenser, 15 mfd., 140 v. Section	38B	Part of Item #3	B. C. Ant. Trimmer
18B	W-134177	Condenser, 15 mfd., 120 v. Section	39		Assy.
19	39001-63	Condenser, .022 mfd., 200 v., Paper			
20	39001-63	Condenser, .022 mfd., 200 v., Paper			

Figures in first column correspond to figures in Schematic Diagram.

MODEL 56TX

THE CROSLEY CORP.



FREQUENCY RANGE: American Broadcast Band, 540 to 1600 kc. (Selector Switch, Counter-clockwise or Left.)

Overseas Short-wave Band: 5.8 to 15 mc. (Selector Switch, Clockwise or Right.)

INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY: 455 kc.

POWER SUPPLY: a.c.—d.c.

VOLTAGE RATING: 105-125 volts.

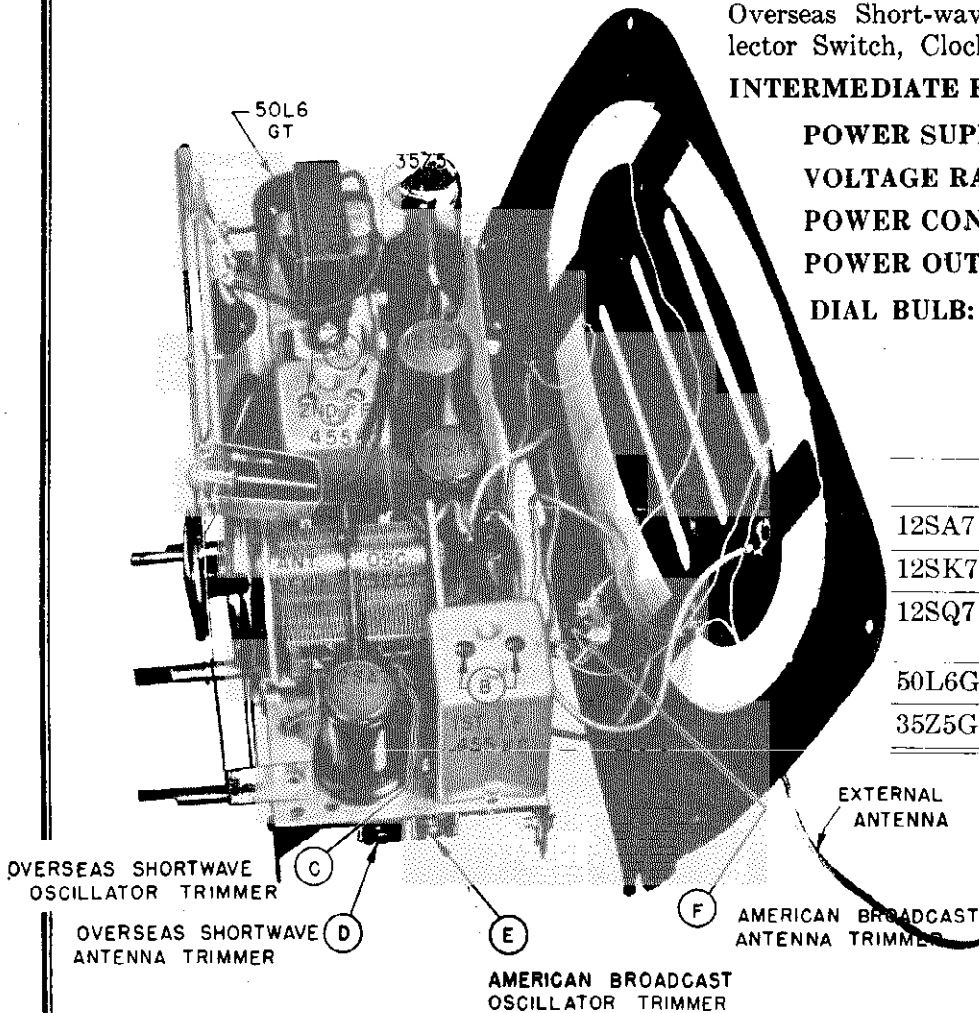
POWER CONSUMPTION: 35 watts nominal.

POWER OUTPUT: 1.5 watts minimum.

DIAL BULB: Type 47, 6.3 volts, .15 amp.

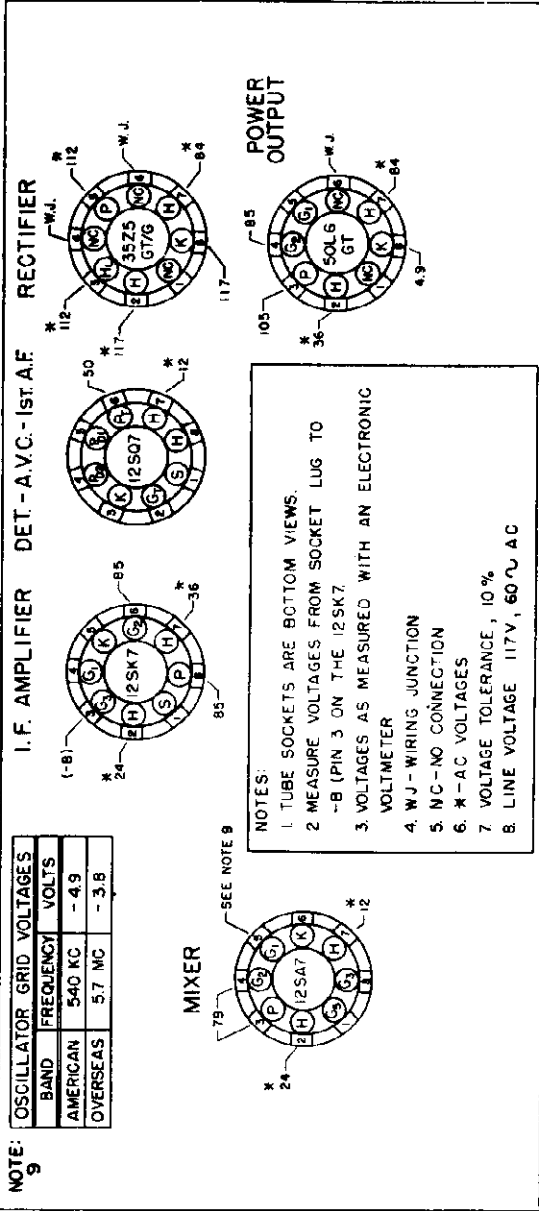
TUBE COMPLEMENT:

Type	Function
12SA7 (or GT/G)	Mixer
12SK7 (or GT/G)	I.F. Amplifier
12SQ7 (or GT/G)	Detector, AVC, 1st A.F. Amplifier
50L6GT	A.F. Power Output
35Z5GT, G	Rectifier



MODEL 56TX

THE CROSLLEY CORP.



NOTE: 9

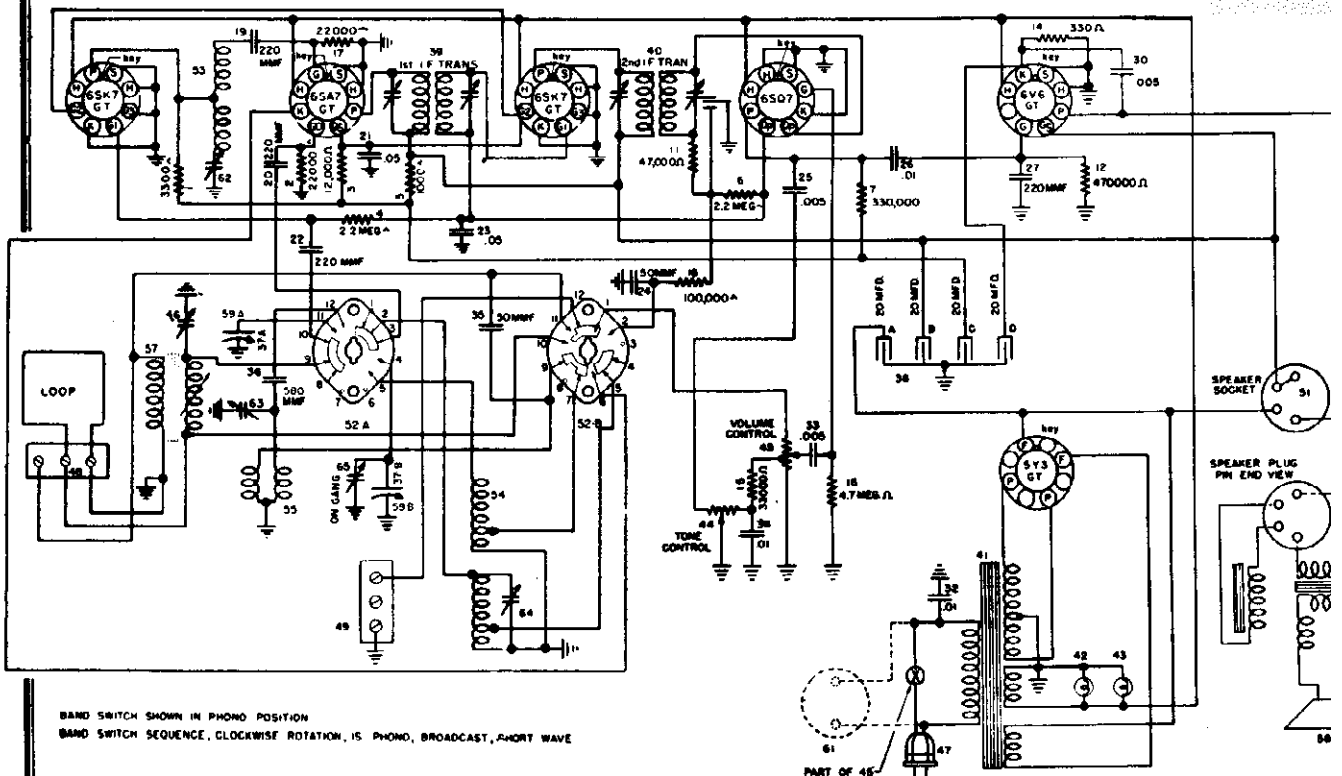
BAND	FREQUENCY	VOLTS
AMERICAN	540 KC	- 4.9
OVERSEAS	5.7 MC	- 3.8

Item No.	Part No.	Description
1	W-48658	Bulb (Dial Light), Type 47, 6.3v., .15 amp.
2	C-132300-1	Cable and Plug (power)
3	AC-134618	Antenna Loop Assembly
4	AW-134994	Antenna Coil Assembly
5A	AW-134993	Coil (B.C. Oscillator) } Two Section
5B	AW-134993	Coil (H.F. Oscillator) } Section
6	AW-134065	Transformer (1st I.F.)
7	AW-134158	Transformer (2nd I.F.)
8A	B-134995	Condenser (Variable) } Two Section
8B	B-134995	Condenser (Variable) } Section
8C	AB-135088	Condenser (Trimmer) } Two Section
9A	AB-135088	Condenser (Trimmer) } Section
9B	AB-135088	Condenser (Trimmer) } Section
10	GC-210685-143	Condenser, 580 mmf., 300v., Mica
11	39004-5	Condenser, 50 mmf., 500v., Mica
12	39001-65	Condenser, .05 mfd., 200v., Paper
13	39001-67	Condenser, .1 mfd., 200v., Paper
14	39001-65	Condenser, .05 mfd., 200v., Paper
15	39004-9	Condenser, 220 mmf., 500v., Mica
16	39001-10	Condenser, 3300 mmf., 600v., Paper
17A	W-134988	Condenser, 60 mfd., 150 w.v., Section
17B	W-134988	Condenser, 20 mfd., 100 w.v., Section
18	39001-63	Condenser, .022 mfd., 200v., Paper
19	39001-68	Condenser, .022 mfd., 200v., Paper
20	39001-68	Condenser, .022 mfd., 200v., Paper
21	39281-29	Resistor, 470,000 ohms, 1/2 w.
22	39281-29	Resistor, 470,000 ohms, 1/2 w.
23	39281-8	Resistor, 150 ohm, 1/2 w.
24	39281-7	Resistor, 100 ohm, 1/2 w.
25	39281-25	Resistor, 330,000 ohm, 1/2 w.
26	39281-38	Resistor, 15 megohm, 1/2 w.
27	39281-21	Resistor, 22,000 ohm, 1/2 w.
28	39281-27	Resistor, 220,000 ohm, 1/2 w.
29	39281-34	Resistor, 3.3 megohm, 1/2 w.
30	39281-23	Resistor, 47,000 ohm, 1/2 w.
31	39281-35	Resistor, 4.1 megohm, 1/2 w.
34	Part of Item #3	Condenser (Antenna Trimmer)
35	39281-11	Resistor, 470 ohm, 1/2 w.
36	39015-26	Resistor, 4200 ohm, 1 w.
37A	W-48772-3	Switch (Band Change) } Three Section
37B	W-48772-3	Switch (Band Change) } Section
37C	W-48772-3	Switch (Band Change) } Section
38	B-134942	Speaker
39A	C-46846-6	Control, Volume (1 megohm) } Assembly
39B	C-46846-6	Control, Volume (1 megohm) } bly
	B-134940	Transformer (Output)
	G-39204	Socket (Tube)
	39017-4	Socket Assembly (Dial Light)
	C-135175	Face (Dial)
	B-134952	Pointer (Dial)
	W-134667	Chip (Dial Pointer)
	W-134917	Shaft (Drive)
	W-51071	Ring (Retaining)
	W-134916	Washer (Spring)
	51752	Spring (Dial Cord)
	W-134055	Grommet
	AW-134738	Cabinet
	B-134610	Lens (Dial)
	W-134883	Knob
	W-136630	Stud, Trimount
	W-132124	Stud, Trimount

Alignment Sequence	Signal Generator Output			Position of Tuning Dial	Adjust for Maximum Output
	Frequency in kc.	In Series with	To		
1	455	200 mmf.	Ant.	1,620	A & B
2	15,300	400 ohms	Ant.	15,300	C
3	15,000	400 ohms	Ant.	15,000	D
4	1,400	200 mmf.	Ant.	1,400	E & F

1. Turn the tuning condenser to the completely closed position against the stop and set the dial pointer to the reference line at the end of the dial scale.
2. Connect the output meter across the speaker voice coil.
3. The r.f. signal input from the signal generator should be connected to the external antenna lead. Connect the signal generator ground through a 0.1 mfd. condenser to -B (pin 3 on 12SK7 tube socket).
4. Turn the volume control on full and adjust the signal generator output to produce approximately mid-scale deflection of the output meter, but maintain signal generator output as low as possible to prevent AVC action in the receiver.

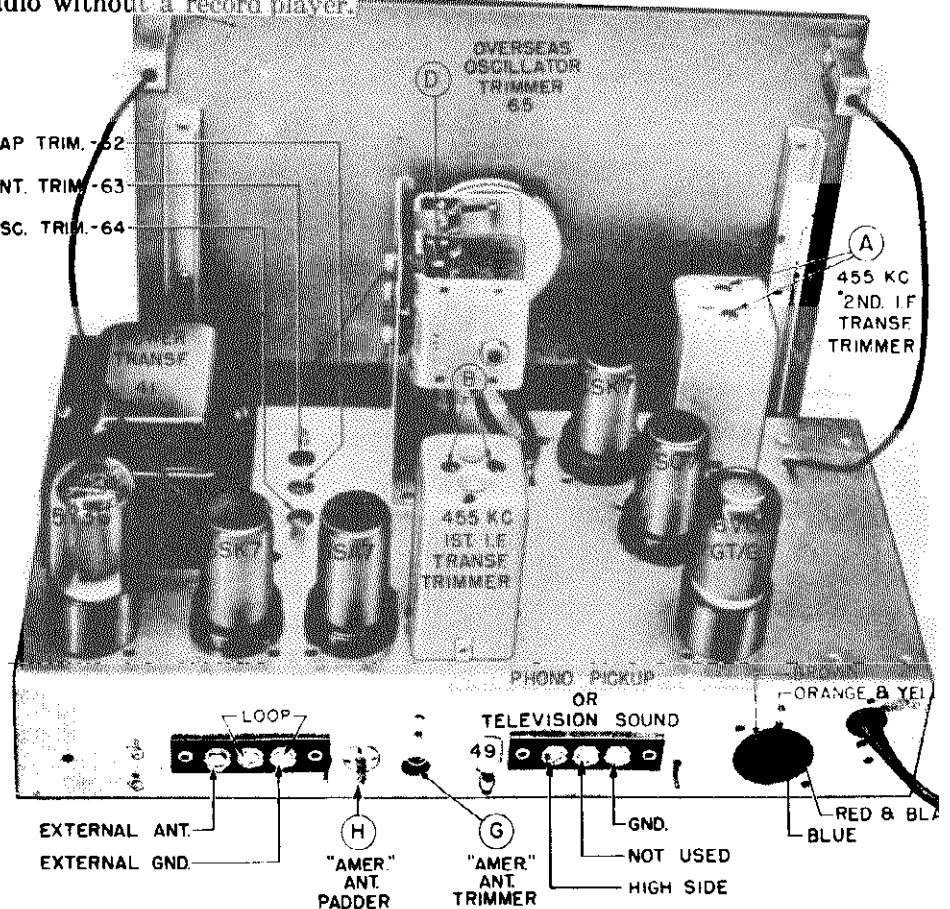
THE CROSLY CORP.



BAND SWITCH SHOWN IN PHONO POSITION
 BAND SWITCH SEQUENCE, CLOCKWISE ROTATION, IS PHONO, BROADCAST, SHORT WAVE

Model 66CP uses the Model K (Part No. D-134945-1) automatic record changer.
 Model 66CQ uses the Model G (Part No. D-135039) automatic record changer.
 Model 66CA is a console radio without a record player.

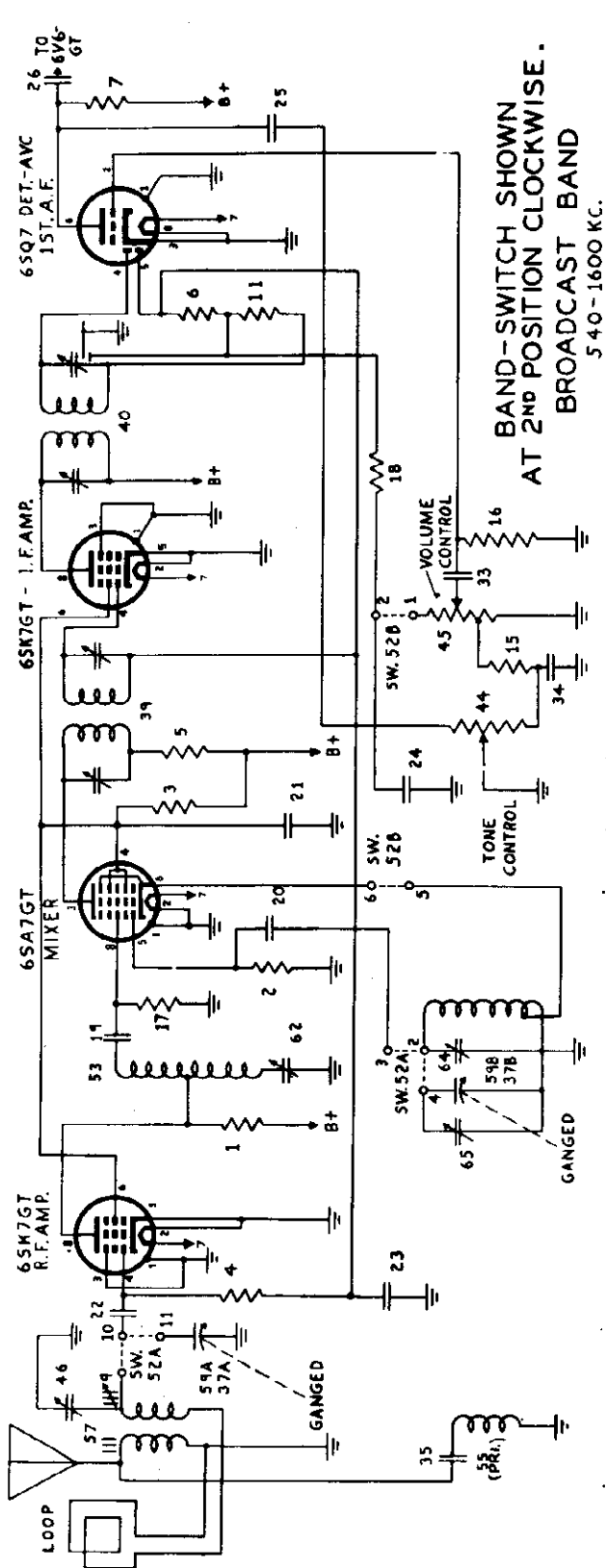
- (C) — WAVE TRAP TRIM. -52
- (E) — "OVERSEAS" ANT. TRIM. -63
- (F) — "AMERICAN" OSC. TRIM. -64



January, 1946

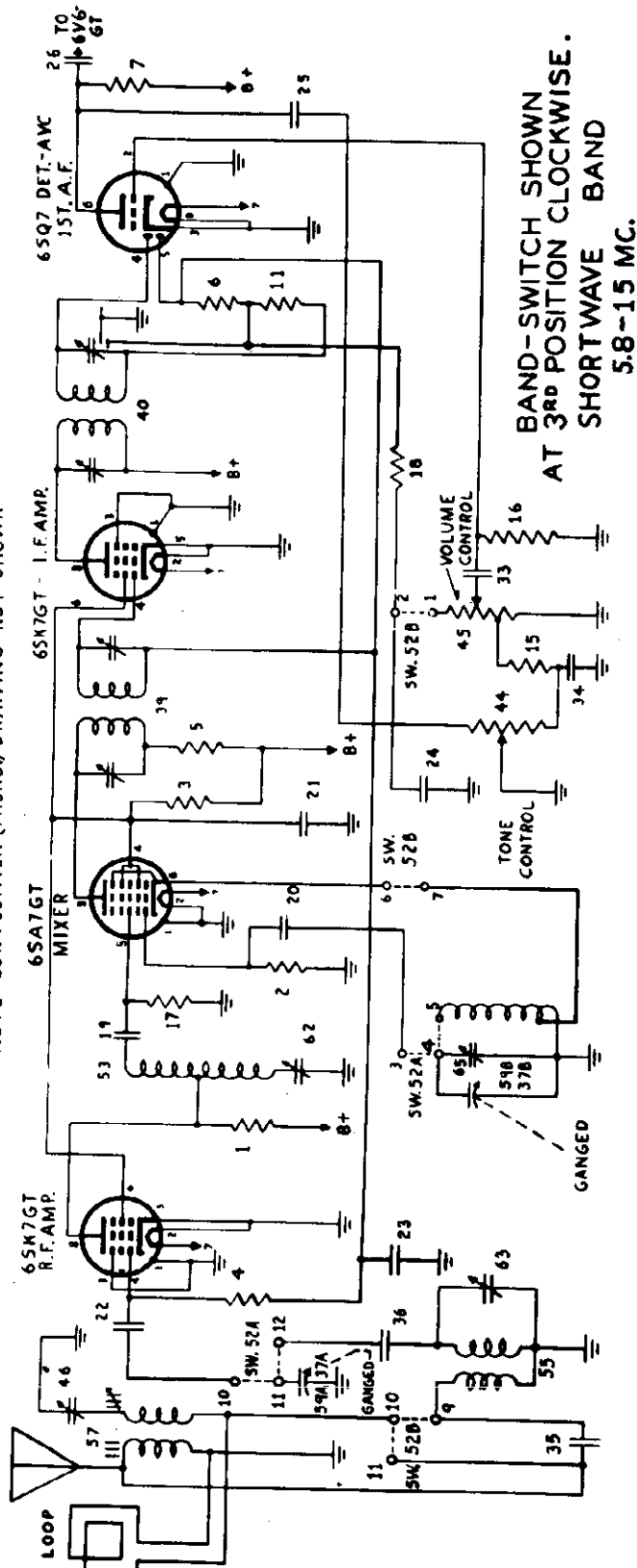
MODELS 66CA, 66CP, 66CQ
 MODELS 66TA, 66TC, 66TW

THE CROSLY CORP.



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
 AT 2ND POSITION CLOCKWISE.
 BROADCAST BAND
 540-1600 KC.

NOTE: 1ST. POSITION (PHONO.) DRAWING NOT SHOWN



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
 AT 3RD POSITION CLOCKWISE.
 SHORTWAVE BAND
 5.8-15 MC.

THE CROSLEY CORP.

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

Turn the tuning condenser to the completely closed position against the stop and set the dial pointer to the reference line at the end of the dial scale.

Connect the output meter across the speaker voice coil.

The r. f. signal input from the signal generator should be connected to the external antenna post as indicated in the alignment chart. Connect the low side (ground) of the signal generator to the chassis.

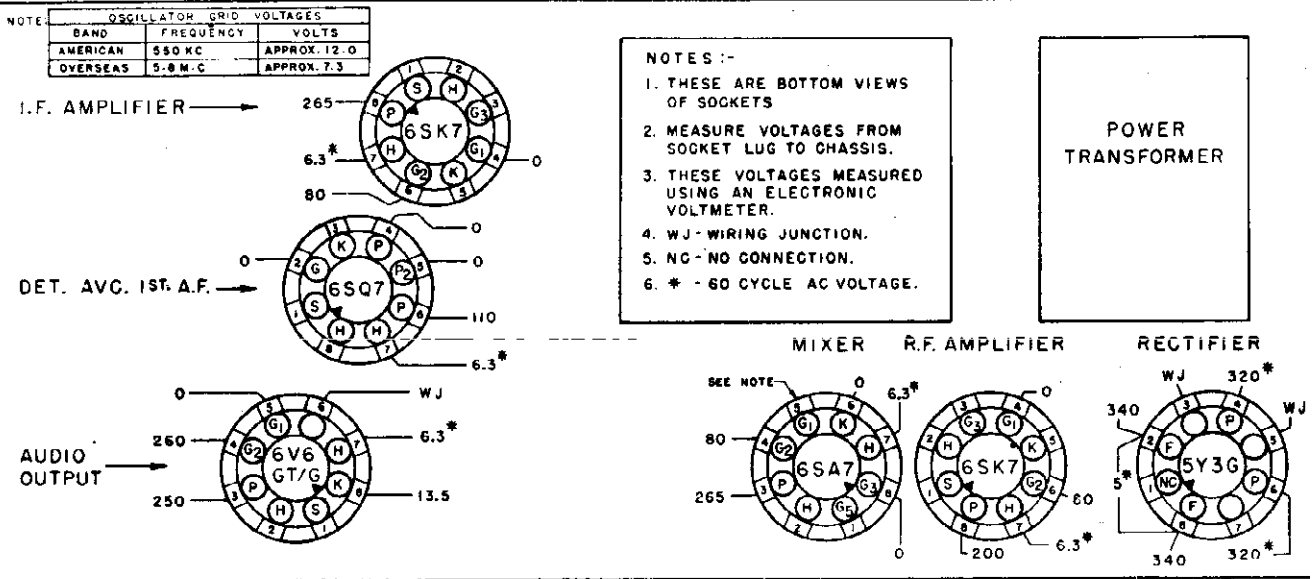
Turn the volume control on full and adjust the signal generator output to produce approximately mid-scale deflection of the output meter, but maintain the signal generator output as low as possible to prevent AVC action in the receiver.

Alignment Sequence	Signal Generator Output			Position of		Adjust for Maximum Output
	Frequency in kc.	In Series With	To	Band Switch	Tuning Dial	
1	455	200 mmf.	Ant.	A	1620	A & B
2	455	200 mmf.	Ant.	A	1620	C*
3	15,300	400 ohms	Ant.	O	15,300	D
4	15,000	400 ohms	Ant.	O	15,000	E
5	1620	200 mmf.	Ant.	A	1620	F
6	1400	200 mmf.	Ant.	A	1400	G
7	600	200 mmf.	Ant.	A	600	H
8	1400	200 mmf.	Ant.	A	1400	Recheck G

*Adjust for Minimum Output (Wave Trap).

NOTE: When aligning the "Overseas" oscillator trimmer (D), be sure that the circuit is aligned at the correct frequency and not at the image frequency which is 910 kilocycles lower as indicated by the receiver dial. To check: tune in the generator frequency, then increase the generator output and tune in the image frequency. The image frequency should be weaker than the fundamental and audible 910 kilocycles lower on the receiver dial. If the image cannot be tuned in, the oscillator trimmer is adjusted to the wrong peak of the trimmer from the closed position.

SOCKET VOLTAGE CHART



MODELS 66CA, 66CP, 66CQ

THE CROSLEY CORP.

FREQUENCY RANGE: American Broadcast Band, 540 to 1600 kc. (Selector Switch at A.)

Overseas Short-wave Band, 5.8 to 15 mc. (Selector Switch at 0.)

INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY: 455 kc.

POWER SUPPLY: 60 cycle a. c. only.

VOLTAGE RATING: 105-125 volts.

POWER CONSUMPTION: 60 watts maximum.

POWER OUTPUT: 4.5 watts minimum.

VOLTAGE DROP ACROSS SPEAKER FIELD: 76 volts.

RESISTANCE OF SPEAKER FIELD: 900 ohms.

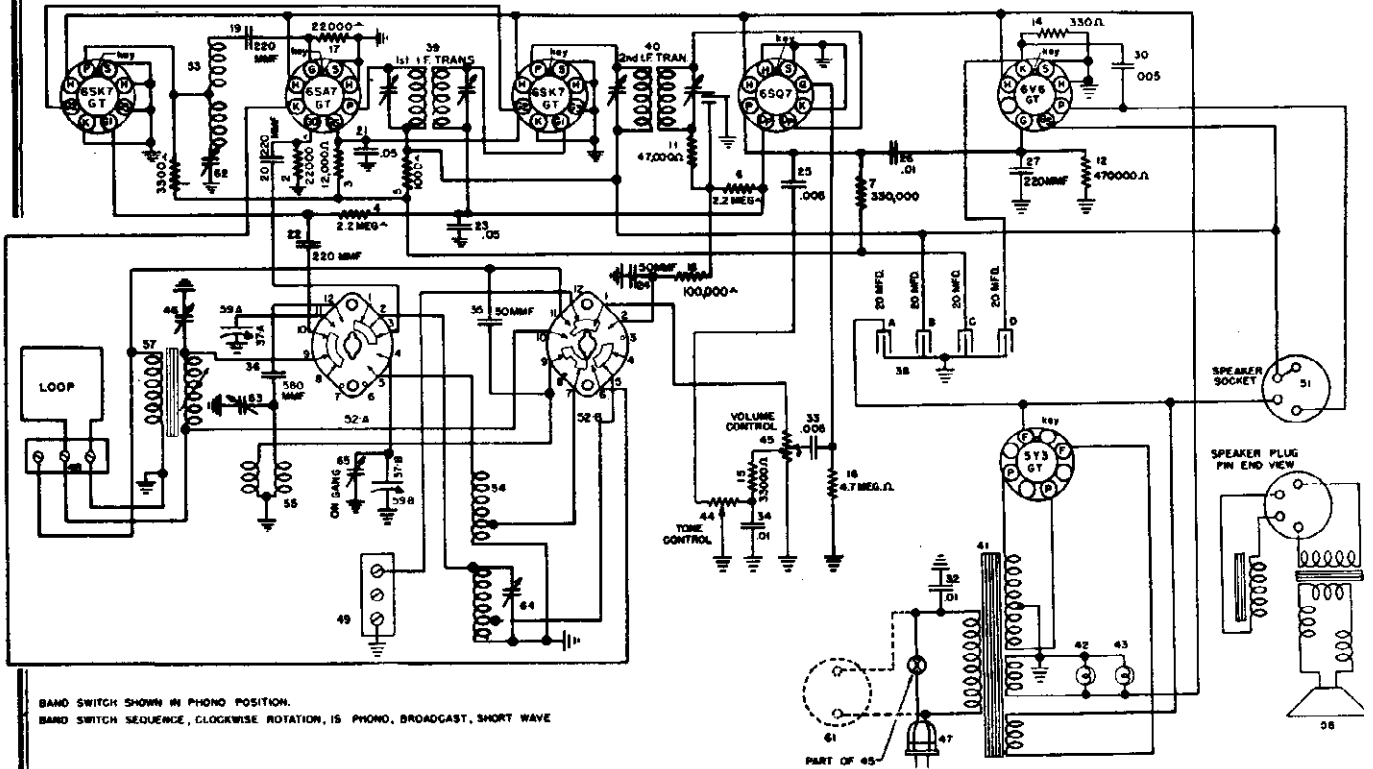
DIAL BULB: Type 51, 7.5 volts, .25 amp.

PARTS LIST—MODELS 66CA, 66CP, 66CQ

Figures in first column correspond to figures in Schematic Diagram.

Item No.	Part Number	Description	Item No.	Part Number	Description
1	39281-16	Resistor, 3300 ohm, $\frac{1}{2}$ w.	54	AW-135908	Oscillator Coil Assembly
2	39281-21	Resistor, 22,000 ohm, $\frac{1}{2}$ w.	55	AW-135909	Antenna Coil Assembly
3	39016-38	Resistor, 12,000 ohm, 2 w.	57	AW-135910	Antenna Loading Coil Assembly
4	39281-33	Resistor, 2.2 megohm, $\frac{1}{2}$ w.	58	B-134700	Speaker
5	39040-13	Resistor, 1,000 ohm, 1 w.	62	B-132386-7	Condenser (Trimmer) Three
6	39281-33	Resistor, 2.2 megohm, $\frac{1}{2}$ w.	63		Condenser (Trimmer) Section
7	39281-28	Resistor, 330,000 ohm, $\frac{1}{2}$ w.	64		Condenser (Trimmer) Assembly
11	39281-23	Resistor, 47,000 ohm, $\frac{1}{2}$ w.		G-39012-8	Core (Iron)
12	39281-29	Resistor, 470,000 ohm, $\frac{1}{2}$ w.		G-39204	Socket (Tube)
14	39015-19	Resistor, 330 ohm, 1 w.		39017-3	Socket (Dial Light)
15	39281-22	Resistor, 33,000 ohm, $\frac{1}{2}$ w.		AW-134793	Dial Face Assembly
16	39281-35	Resistor, 4.7 megohm, $\frac{1}{2}$ w.		B-134571	Pointer (Dial)
17	39281-21	Resistor, 22,000 ohm, $\frac{1}{2}$ w.		W-134667	Clip (Dial Pointer)
18	39281-25	Resistor, 100,000 ohm, $\frac{1}{2}$ w.		W-51752	Spring (Dial Cord)
19	39004-9	Condenser, 220 mmf., 500 v., Mica		W-134917	Shaft (Drive)
20	39004-9	Condenser, 220 mmf., 500 v., Mica		W-51071	Ring (Retaining)
21	39001-41	Condenser, .05 mfd., 400 v., Paper		W-134916	Washer (Spring)
22	39004-9	Condenser, 220 mmf., 500 v., Mica		W-132366-2	Nut (Iron Core Locking)
23	39001-66	Condenser, .05 mfd., 200 v., Paper		39196-29	Screw (Dial Mtg.)
24	39004-5	Condenser, 50 mmf., 500 v., Mica		W-134055	Grommet (Variable Condenser Mtg.)
25	39001-11	Condenser, .005 mfd., 600 v., Paper		R-135237	Cabinet (66CA)
26	39001-37	Condenser, .01 mfd., 400 v., Paper		R-134957	Cabinet (66CP)
27	39004-9	Condenser, 220 mmf., 500 v., Mica		R-134350	Cabinet (66CQ)
30	39001-11	Condenser, .005 mfd., 600 v., Paper		C-134773	Lens (Dial)
32	W-30805	Condenser, .01 mfd., 400 v., Paper		AC-135299	Antenna Loop Assembly (66CA)
33	39001-11	Condenser, .005 mfd., 600 v., Paper		AC-134782	Antenna Loop Assembly (66CP)
34	39001-61	Condenser, .01 mfd., 200 v., Paper		AC-135100	Antenna Loop Assembly (66CQ)
35	39004-5	Condenser, 50 mmf., 500 v., Mica		D-134945-1	Record Changer (66CP)
36	GC-210685-143	Condenser, 580 mmf., 300 v., Mica		D-135039	Record Changer (66CQ)
37A	B-134995	Condenser (variable) Two		AB-134935	Floating Jewel Needle Assembly (66CP, 66CQ)
37B		Condenser (variable) Section		W-134959	Cable, Phono (66CP)
38A	B-132807	Condenser, 20 mfd., 360 w.v. Four		W-135128	Cable, Phono (66CQ)
38B		Condenser, 20 mfd., 275 w.v. Section		W-130197	Knob (66CA, 66CQ)
38C		Condenser, 20 mfd., 245 w.v. Elect.		W-135248	Knob (66CP)
38D		Condenser, 20 mfd., 25 w.v. Filter		W-45056	Rubber Mtg. (66CA, 66CQ Chassis Mtg.)
39	AW-134065	Transformer (1st I. F.)		W-45580	Rubber Mtg. (66CA, 66CP, 66CQ)
40	AW-134158	Transformer (2nd I. F.)			Speaker Mtg., 66CP Chassis Mtg.)
41	B-134625	Transformer (Power)		W-136539	Lid Support, Cabinet (66CP, 66CQ)
42	W-43567	Bulb (Dial Light, Type 51, 7.5 v., .25 amp.)			
43	W-43567	Bulb (Dial Light, Type 51, 7.5 v., .25 amp.)			
44	B-135651	Control, Tone (3 megohm)			
45	B-135859	Control, Volume (1 megohm) & Switch			
46	W-132267-1	Condenser (Trimmer)			
47	B-132300-1	Cable and Plug (Power)			
48	39019-3	Terminal Board Assembly			
49	39019-3	Terminal Board Assembly			
51	W-134968-1	Socket (Speaker)			
52A	B-134639	Switch (Band Change) Two			
52B		Switch (Band Change) Section			
53	AW-135907	R. F. Coil Assembly			

THE CROSLY CORP.

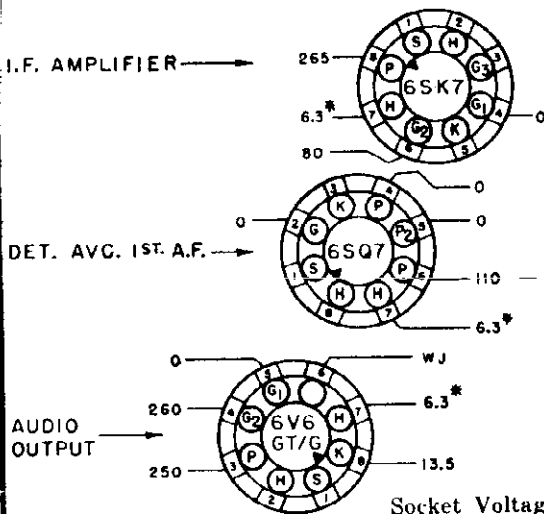


BAND SWITCH SHOWN IN PHONO POSITION.
BAND SWITCH SEQUENCE, CLOCKWISE ROTATION, IS PHONO, BROADCAST, SHORT WAVE

FREQUENCY RANGE: American Broadcast Band: 540 to 1600 kc. (Selector switch at A.)
Overseas Short-wave Band: 5.8 to 15 mc. (Selector switch at 0.)
INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY: 455 kc.
POWER SUPPLY: 60 cycle a.c. only.
VOLTAGE RATING: 110-120 volts.

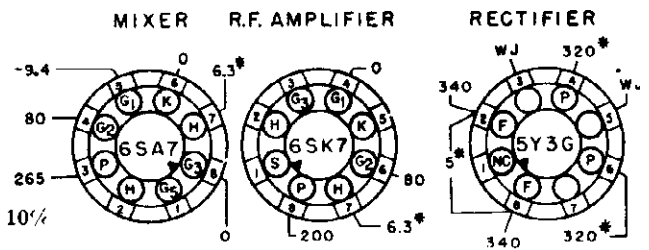
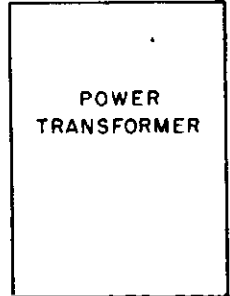
POWER CONSUMPTION: 60 watts maximum.
POWER OUTPUT: 4.5 watts minimum.
VOLTAGE DROP ACROSS SPEAKER FIELD: 76 volts.
RESISTANCE OF SPEAKER FIELD: 900 ohms.
DIAL BULB: Type 51, 7.5 volts, 0.2 amp.

September, 1945



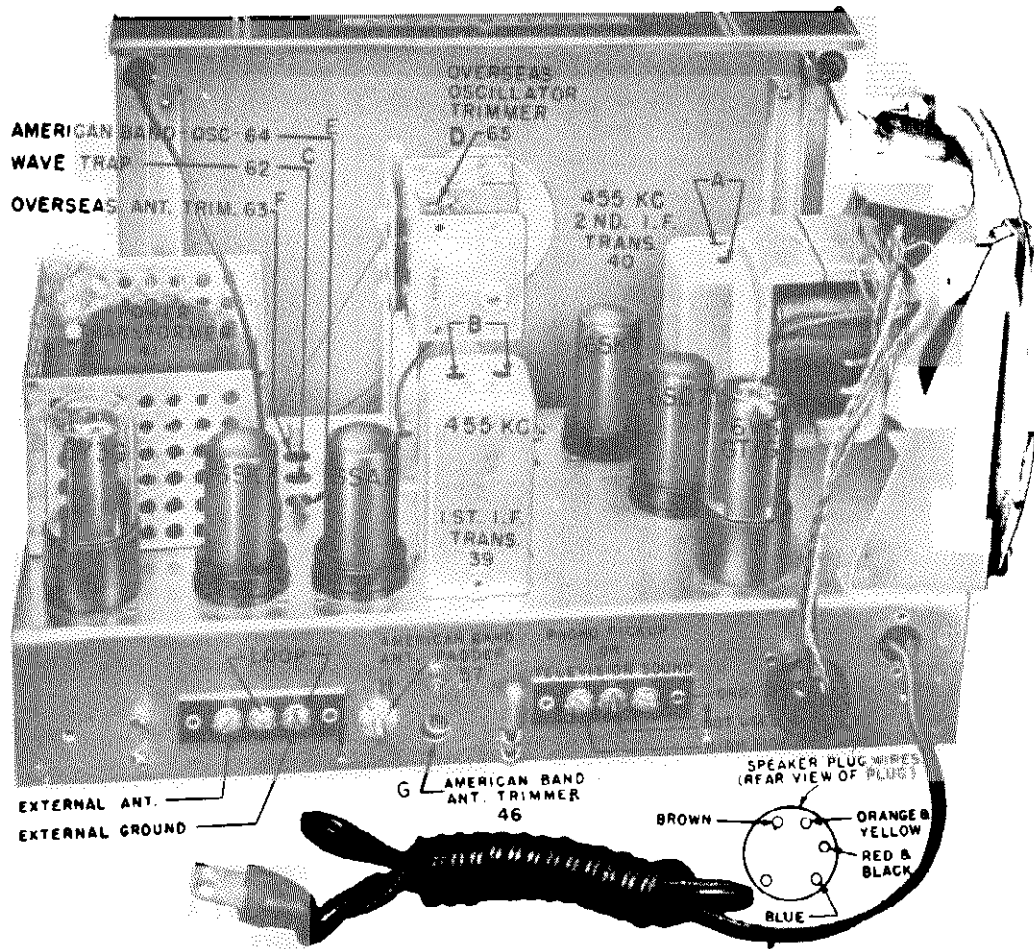
Socket Voltage Tolerance: 10%

- NOTES :-
1. THESE ARE BOTTOM VIEWS OF SOCKETS.
 2. MEASURE VOLTAGES FROM SOCKET LUG TO CHASSIS.
 3. THESE VOLTAGES MEASURED USING AN ELECTRONIC VOLTMETER.
 4. WJ - WIRING JUNCTION.
 5. NC - NO CONNECTION.
 6. * - 60 CYCLE AC VOLTAGE.



MODELS 66TA, 66TC, 66TW

THE CROSLLEY CORP.



CHASSIS, REAR VIEW - MODELS 66TA, 66TW, 66TC

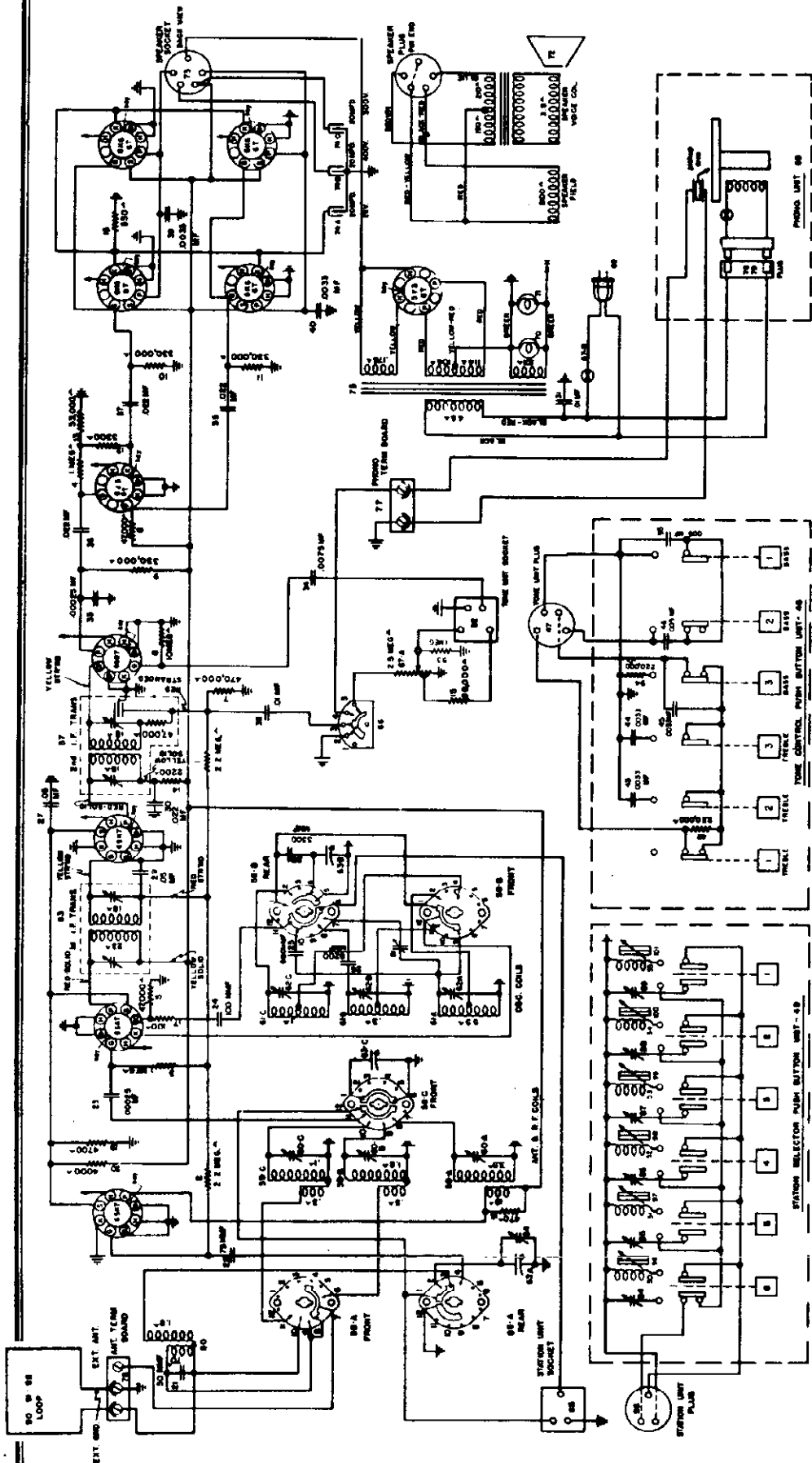
Alignment Sequence	Signal Generator Output			Position of		Adjust for Maximum Output
	Frequency in kc.	In Series with	To	Band Switch	Tuning Dial	
1	455	200 mmf	Ant.	A	1620	A & B
2	455	200 mmf	Ant.	A	1620	C*
3	15,300	400 ohms	Ant.	O	15,300	D
4	15,000	400 ohms	Ant.	O	15,000	E
5	1620	200 mmf	Ant.	A	1620	F
6	1400	200 mmf	Ant.	A	1400	G
7	600	200 mmf	Ant.	A	600	H

*Adjust for minimum output (wavetrap).

NOTE: When aligning the short-wave oscillator trimmer (D), be sure that the circuit is aligned at the correct frequency and not at the image frequency which is 910 kilocycles lower as indicated by the receiver dial. To check: Tune in the generator frequency, then increase the generator output and tune in the image frequency. The image frequency should be weaker than the fundamental and audible 910 kilocycles lower on the receiver dial. If the image cannot be tuned in, the oscillator trimmer is adjusted to the wrong peak; i.e., the oscillator trimmer may be adjusted to the image or one of the harmonics instead of the fundamental frequency. The correct peak is the second one heard as the trimmer adjustment screw is opened from the completely closed position.

MODEL 106CP

THE CROSLEY CORP.



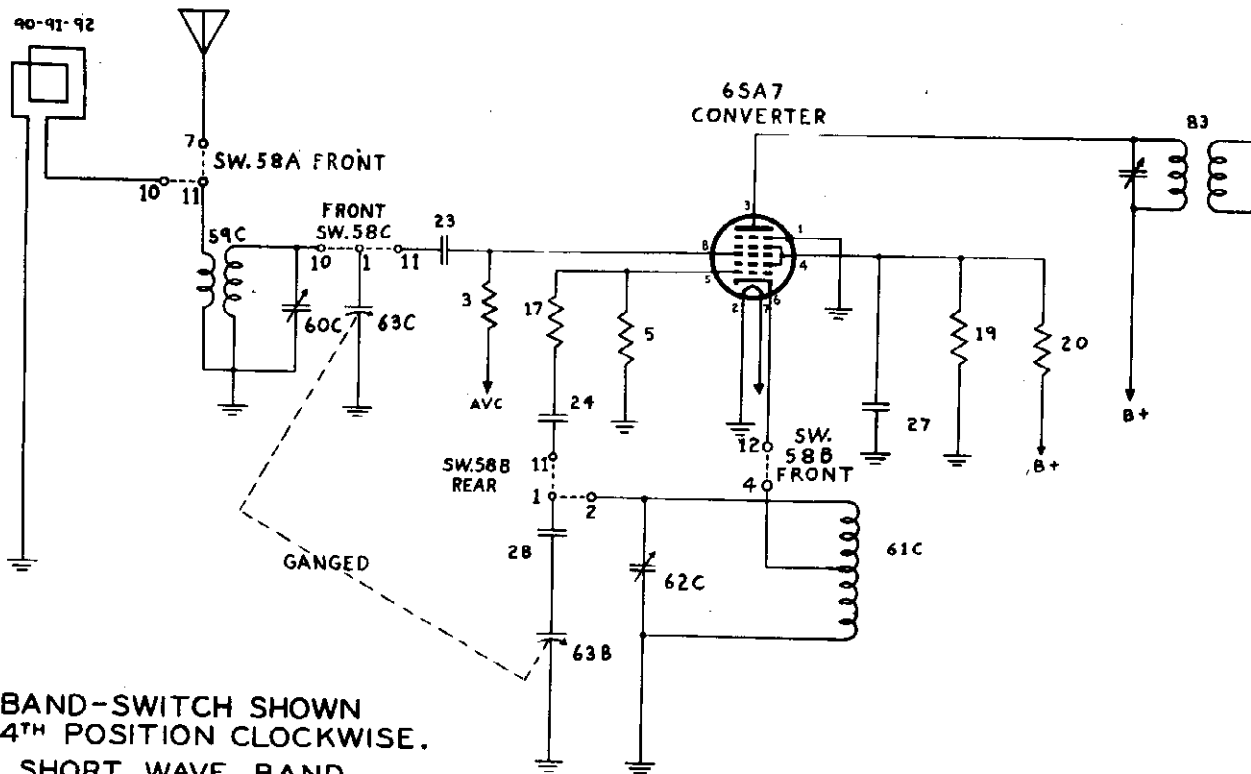
Model 106CP uses the Model SL (Part No. D-134946-1) automatic record changer. DIAL BULB: Type 51, 7.5 volts, .25 amp.

- TYPE: Ten-tube, three-band, superheterodyne.
- INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY: 455 kc.
- FREQUENCY RANGE: American Broadcast Band, 540 to 1600 kc. (Selector Switch at AMERICAN position.)
- Police Broadcast Band, 2.2 to 6 mc. (Selector Switch at POLICE position.)
- Overseas Short-wave Band, 5.8 to 18 mc. (Selector Switch at O'SEA position.)
- POWER SUPPLY: 60 cycle ac. only.
- VOLTAGE RATING: 105-125 volts.
- POWER CONSUMPTION: 85 ~~watts~~ watts
- POWER OUTPUT: 8.5 watts minimum.
- VOLTAGE DROP ACROSS SPEAKER FIELD: 130 volts.
- RESISTANCE OF SPEAKER FIELD: 2100 ohms.

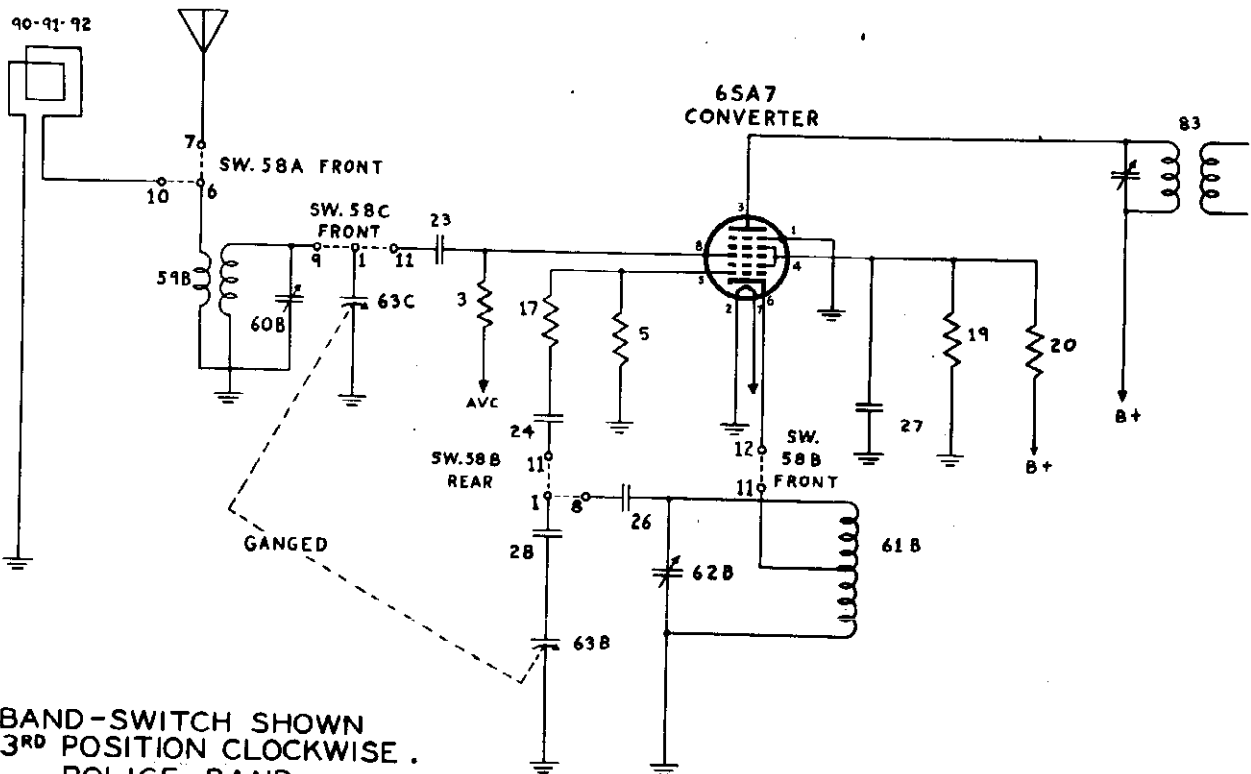
May, 1946

MODEL 106CP

THE CROSLEY CORP.



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
AT 4TH POSITION CLOCKWISE.
SHORT WAVE BAND
5.8 - 18 MC



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
AT 3RD POSITION CLOCKWISE.
POLICE BAND
2.2 - 6 MC.

THE CROSLY CORP.

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

Turn the tuning capacitor to the completely closed position against the stop, and set the dial pointer to the reference line at the end of the dial scale.

Set the tone control buttons all the way out.

NOTE: If the chassis is removed from the cabinet, connect the shorting bar from the volume control (67A) to the coupling capacitor (34) on the tone unit socket.

Connect the output meter across the speaker output transformer connections on the 6K6 tubes.

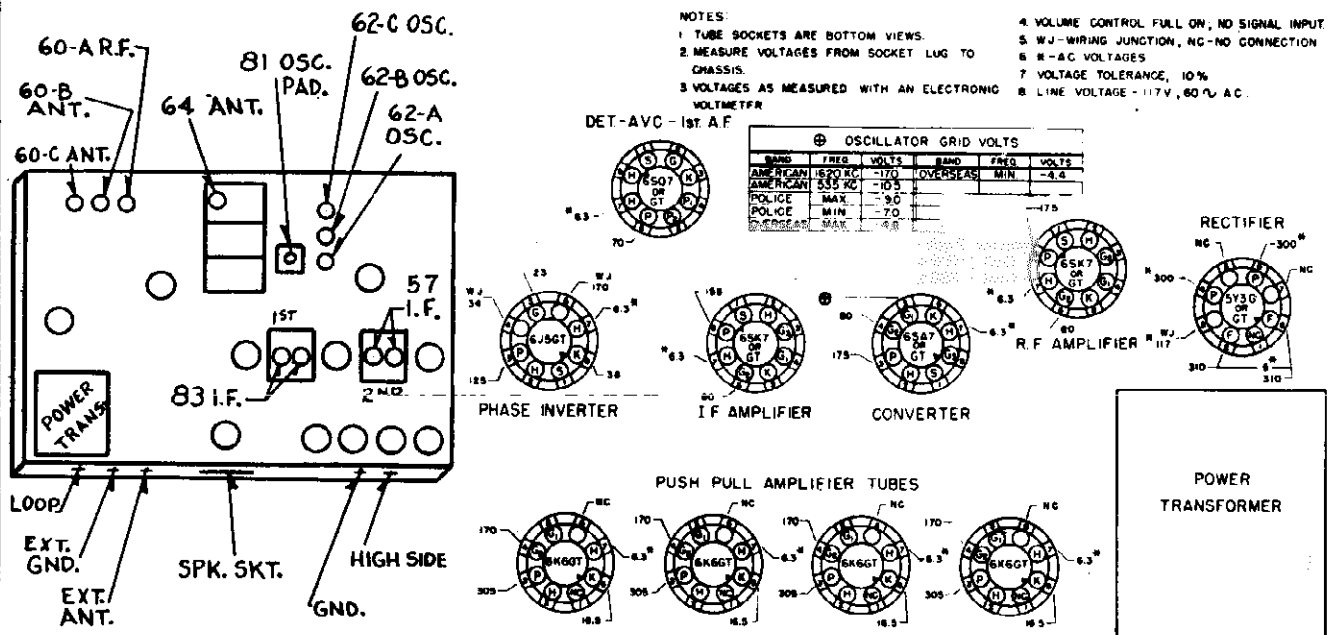
The r. f. signal input from the signal generator should be connected as indicated in the alignment chart. Connect the low side (ground) of the signal generator to the chassis.

Turn the volume control on full and adjust the signal generator output to produce a noticeable output meter reading.

Alignment Sequence	Signal Generator Output			Position of		Adjust for Maximum Output
	Frequency in kc.	In Series With	To	Band Switch	Tuning Dial	
1	455	200 mmf.	Rear Gang Section	American BC	Fully Open	57 & 83
2	1400	200 mmf.	Ext. Ant.	American BC	1400	62-A
3	1400	200 mmf.	Ext. Ant.	American BC	1400	60-A&64
4	600	200 mmf.	Ext. Ant.	American BC	600	81
5	6500	400 ohms	Ext. Ant.	Police	Fully Open	62-B
6	6000	400 ohms	Ext. Ant.	Police	6000	60-B
*7	18,300	400 ohms	Ext. Ant.	Overseas	Fully Open	62 C
8	18,000	400 ohms	Ext. Ant.	Overseas	18,000	60-C

The American Broadcast Band must be aligned with the loop antenna connected.

*NOTE: When aligning the short-wave oscillator trimmer (62C), be sure that the circuit is aligned at the correct frequency and not at the image frequency which is 910 kilocycles lower as indicated by the receiving dial. To check tune in the generator frequency, then increase the generator output and tune in the image frequency. The image frequency should be weaker than the fundamental and audible 910 kilocycles lower on the receiver dial. If the image cannot be tuned in, the oscillator trimmer is adjusted to the wrong peak; i. e., the oscillator trimmer may be adjusted to the image or one of the harmonics instead of the fundamental frequency. The correct peak is the second one heard as the trimmer adjustment screw is opened from the completely closed position.



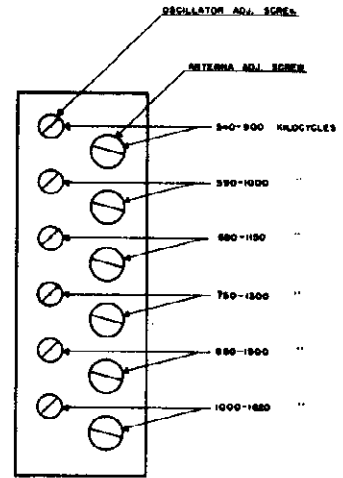
MODEL 106CP

THE CROSLEY CORP.

Each of the six push buttons, for automatic tuning, has two adjusting screws by which it may be set to any nearby American broadcast station whose frequency in kilocycles is within the kilocycle range covered by that button. To gain access to these screws, carefully pry off the push button cover.

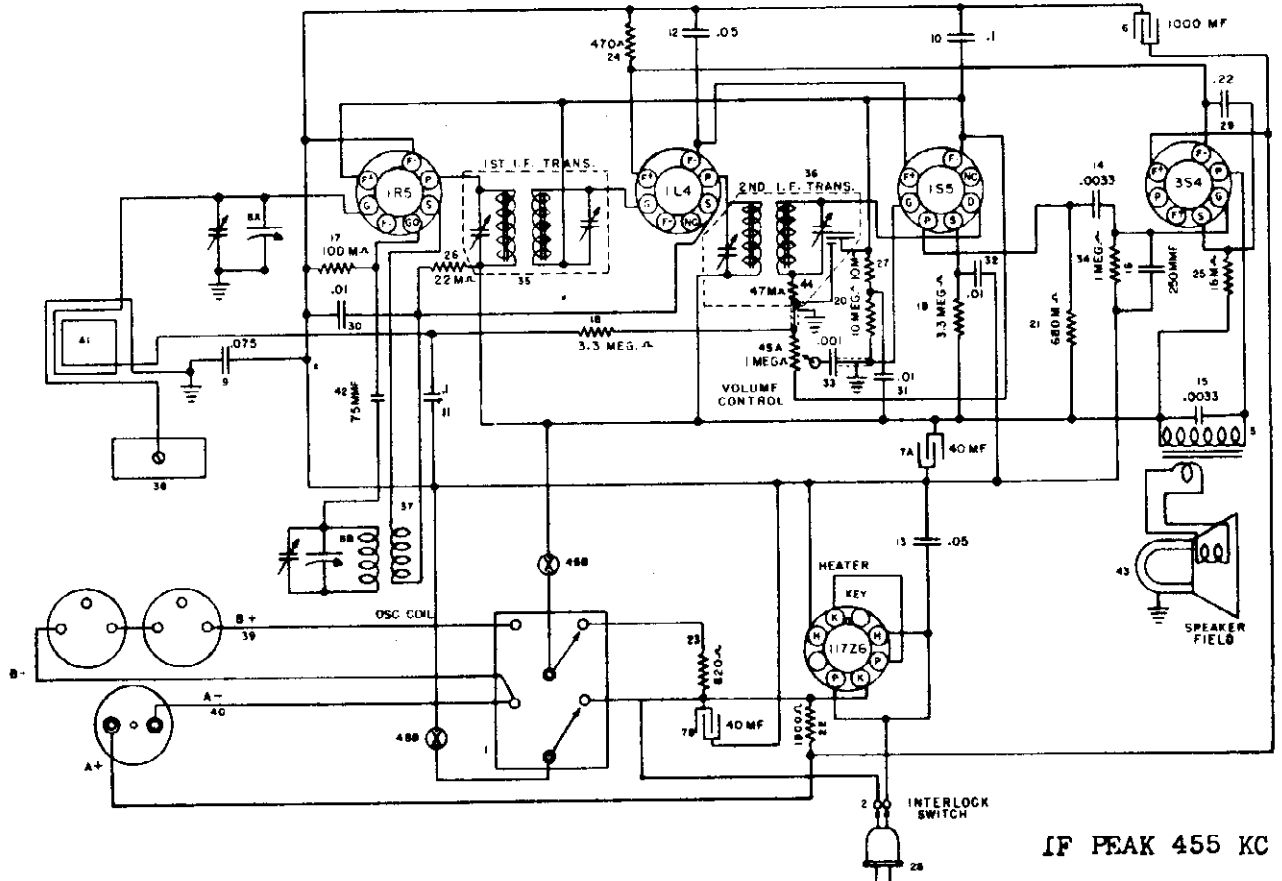
To set the top push button to a desired position, proceed as follows:

1. Turn the ANTENNA ADJ. SCREW clockwise until moderately tight, then turn the OSCILLATOR ADJ. SCREW counter-clockwise until the threaded portion extends approximately 1/4 inch. Use a small screw-driver and do not exert pressure.
2. Turn the band selector switch to the "AMERICAN" position and manually tune in the station to which the push button is to be set. The frequency of the station selected must be between 540 and 900 kilocycles. Carefully adjust the tuning control to the point of clearest reception.
3. Turn the band selector switch to the "AUTOMATIC" position and slowly turn the OSCILLATOR ADJ. SCREW clockwise until the same station is heard. Adjust the screw for the maximum volume.
4. Adjust the ANTENNA ADJ. SCREW for the maximum volume.
5. Turn the band selector switch from "AUTOMATIC" to "AMERICAN" and back again to check if the adjustment has been correctly made. There should be no change in tone quality when switched from one to the other.
6. Place the tab with the call letters of the station, to which the push button has been set, in a celluloid "V" and slide it into the button from the side.
7. The remaining push buttons may be set in a similar manner. No adjustment of master tone control push buttons is required.



Item No.	Part No.	DESCRIPTION	Item No.	Part No.	DESCRIPTION
1	39281-33	Resistor, 2.2 megohm, 1/2 w.	63A	B-135036	Condenser (Variable) } Three
2	39281-33	Resistor, 2.2 megohm, 1/2 w.	63B		Condenser (Variable) } Section
3	39281-31	Resistor, 1.0 megohm, 1/2 w.	63C		Condenser (Variable) } Assembly
4	39281-31	Resistor, 1.0 megohm, 1/2 w.	64	Part of Item 63A	Condenser (Trimmer)
5	39281-23	Resistor, 47,000 ohm, 1/2 w.	65	W-47133	Socket (Station Selector Unit)
6	39281-23	Resistor, 47,000 ohm, 1/2 w.	66	B-135049	Switch (Radio-Phono.)
7	39281-29	Resistor, 470,000 ohm, 1/2 w.	67A	B-132299-3	Control, Volume (1 megohm) }
8	39281-37	Resistor, 10 megohm 1/2 w.	67B		Switch, Power } Assembly
9	39281-28	Resistor, 330,000 ohm, 1/2 w.	68	D-134946-1	Record Changer
10	39281-28	Resistor, 330,000 ohm, 1/2 w.	69	C-132300-1	Cable and Plug (power)
11	39281-28	Resistor, 330,000 ohm, 1/2 w.	70	W-43567	Bulb (Dial) Type 51, 7.5 v., .25 amp.
12	39281-16	Resistor, 3,300 ohm, 1/2 w.	71	W-43567	Bulb (Dial) Type 51, 7.5 v., .25 amp.
13	39281-22	Resistor, 33,000 ohm, 1/2 w.	72	GC-131880-7	Speaker
14	39281-15	Resistor, 2,200 ohm, 1/2 w.	73	W-134968-1	Socket (Speaker)
15	39281-24	Resistor, 68,000 ohm, 1/2 w.	74A	W-134999	Condenser, 20 mfd., 400 w.v. } Three
16	39281-11	Resistor, 470 ohm, 1/2 w.	74B		Condenser, 20 mfd., 300 w.v. } Section Elect
17	39281-7	Resistor, 100 ohm, 1/2 w.	74C		Condenser, 20 mfd., 25 w.v. } Filter
18	39244-19	Resistor, 330 ohm, 2 w.	75	B-135018	Transformer (power)
19	39016-33	Resistor, 4,700 ohm, 2 w.	76	W-135174	Cable and Plug (Phono.)
20	W-132458	Resistor, 4,000 ohm, 3 w.	77	39019-2	Terminal Board (Phono.)
21	B-226638-53	Condenser, 500 mmf., 500 v., Ceramic	78	39019-3	Terminal Board (Antenna)
22	B-226638-54	Condenser, 75 mmf., 500 v., Ceramic	80	AW-135028	Coil (Antenna Loading)
23	39001-73	Condenser, 250 mmf., 500 v., Paper	81	W-49652-3	Condenser (Padder)
24	39004-7	Condenser, 100 mmf., 500 v., Mica	82	W-132303	Socket (Tone Control Unit)
25	G-131502-20	Condenser, 680 mmf., 400 v., Silver, Mica	83	AW-135024	Transformer (1st I.F.)
26	GC-210685-171	Condenser, .0082 mfd., 300 v., Mica	84	Part of AW-132427	Condenser (Trimmer)
27	39001-41	Condenser, .05 mfd., 400 v., Paper	85	Part of AW-132427	Condenser (Trimmer)
28	GC-210685-168	Condenser, .0033 mfd., 500 v., Mica	86	Part of AW-132427	Condenser (Trimmer)
29	39001-65	Condenser, .05 mfd., 200 v., Paper	87	Part of AW-132427	Condenser (Trimmer)
30	39001-39	Condenser, .022 mfd., 400 v., Paper	88	Part of AW-132427	Condenser (Trimmer)
31	W-30805	Condenser, .01 mfd., 400 v., Paper	89	Part of AW-132427	Condenser (Trimmer)
33	39001-73	Condenser, 250 mmf., 500 v., Paper	90	AC-135157	Antenna Loop Assembly
34	39001-12	Condenser, .0075 mfd., 600 v., Paper	93	39281-31	Resistor, 1.0 megohm, 1/2 w.
35	39001-39	Condenser, .022 mfd., 400 v., Paper	**94	39281-27	Resistor, 220,000 ohm, 1/2 w.
36	39001-39	Condenser, .022 mfd., 400 v., Paper	**95	39001-11	Condenser, .005 mfd., 600 v., Paper
37	39001-39	Condenser, .022 mfd., 400 v., Paper	**96	G-39012-7	Iron Core (P.B. Osc. Coils)
38	39001-13	Condenser, .01 mfd., 600 v., Paper	**97	G-39012-7	Iron Core (P.B. Osc. Coils)
39	39001-10	Condenser, .0033 mfd., 600 v., Paper	**98	G-39012-7	Iron Core (P.B. Osc. Coils)
40	39001-10	Condenser, .0033 mfd., 600 v., Paper	**99	G-39012-7	Iron Core (P.B. Osc. Coils)
**42	39281-27	Resistor, 220,000 ohm, 1/2 w.	**100	G-39012-7	Iron Core (P.B. Osc. Coils)
**43	39001-10	Condenser, .0033 mfd., 600 v., Paper	**101	G-39012-7	Iron Core (P.B. Osc. Coils)
**44	39001-10	Condenser, .0033 mfd., 600 v., Paper	**	W-132366-2	Locking Nut (P.B. Iron Cores)
**45	39001-10	Condenser, .0033 mfd., 600 v., Paper		G-39204	Socket (Tube)
**46	39001-11	Condenser, .005 mfd., 600 v., Paper		AW-135042	Face (Dial Assembly)
**47	AG-132437-5	Cable & Plug Assembly (Tone Control Unit)		AW-51752	Spring (Drive Cord)
*	AW-135072	Switch & Bracket Assembly (P.B. Tone Control)		AW-134979	Flywheel Adapter Assembly
**48	AW-134088	Tone Control Push Button Unit		AB-135052	Toggle Arm & Link Assembly (Phono. Switch)
**	AW-132427	Switch, Bracket & Trimmer Assy (P.B. Sta. Selector)		AW-135053	Toggle Arm & Link Assembly (Band Switch)
49	AW-134087	Station Selector Push Button Unit		W-49829	Spring (Lock)
**50	AW-134091	Oscillator Coil (1000 to 1620 kc.) P.B. No. 6	B-134572		Pointer (Dial)
**51	AW-134090	Oscillator Coil (880 to 1500 kc.) P.B. No. 5	W-134064		Clip (Dial Pointer)
**52	AW-134231	Oscillator Coil (750 to 1300 kc.) P.B. No. 4	W-134977		Shaft (Drive)
**53	AW-134230	Oscillator Coil (680 to 1150 kc.) P.B. No. 3	39017-3		Socket Assembly (Dial Light)
**54	AW-134089	Oscillator Coil (590 to 1000 kc.) P.B. No. 2	W-134055		Grommet
**55	AW-134092	Oscillator Coil (540 to 900 kc.) P.B. No. 1	R-135022		Cabinet
**56	AG-132437-2	Cable & Plug Assembly (Station Selector, P.B. Unit)	AD-134762		Dial Glass and Escutcheon
57	AW-134066	Transformer (2nd I.F.)	C-134929		Plate (R.H. Push Button)
58A	B-134054	Switch (Band Change) } Three	C-134745		Plate (L.H. Push Button)
58B		Switch (Band Change) } Section	B-134763		Button, Tone (2 Bass)
58C		Switch (Band Change) } Assembly	B-134764		Button, Tone (1 Bass)
59A	AW-135031	Coil, R.F. (B.C.) } Three	B-134765		Button, Tone (3 Bass)
59B		Coil, Ant. (Police) } Section	B-134766		Button, Tone (3 Treble)
59C		Coil, Ant. (S.W.) } Assembly	B-134767		Button, Tone (1 Treble)
60A	B-132386-5	Condenser (Trimmer) } Three	B-134768		Button, Tone (2 Treble)
60B		Condenser (Trimmer) } Section	B-134769		Button (Station)
60C		Condenser (Trimmer) } Assembly	W-134074-3		Knob (Large)
61A	AW-135033	Coil, Oscillator } Three	W-134951		Knob (Small)
61B		Coil, Oscillator } Section	W-45580		Grommet
61C		Coil, Oscillator } Assembly	W-132322		Spring, Chassis Mtg. (Top)
62A	B-132386-5	Condenser (Trimmer) } Three	W-132323		Spring, Chassis Mtg. (Bottom)
62B		Condenser (Trimmer) } Section	AB-134935		Needle, Floating Jewel Assembly
62C		Condenser (Trimmer) } Assembly	W-135129		Screw (No. 10-24x2 1/4 Hex. Hd. Pilot Pt. Mach.)
			W-132434-3		Call Letter Sheet
			W-134140-1		Call Letter Cover

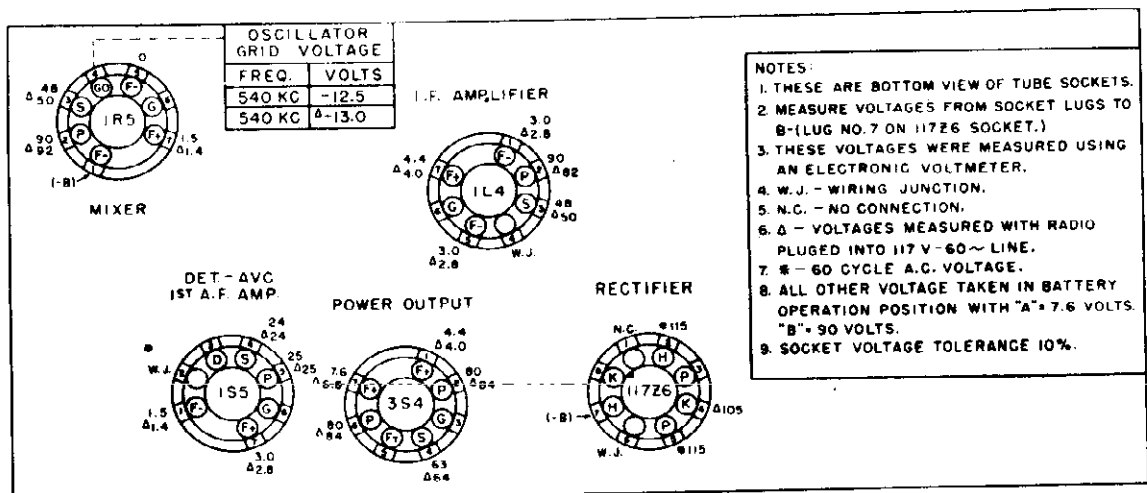
THE CROSLLEY CORP.



IF PEAK 455 KC

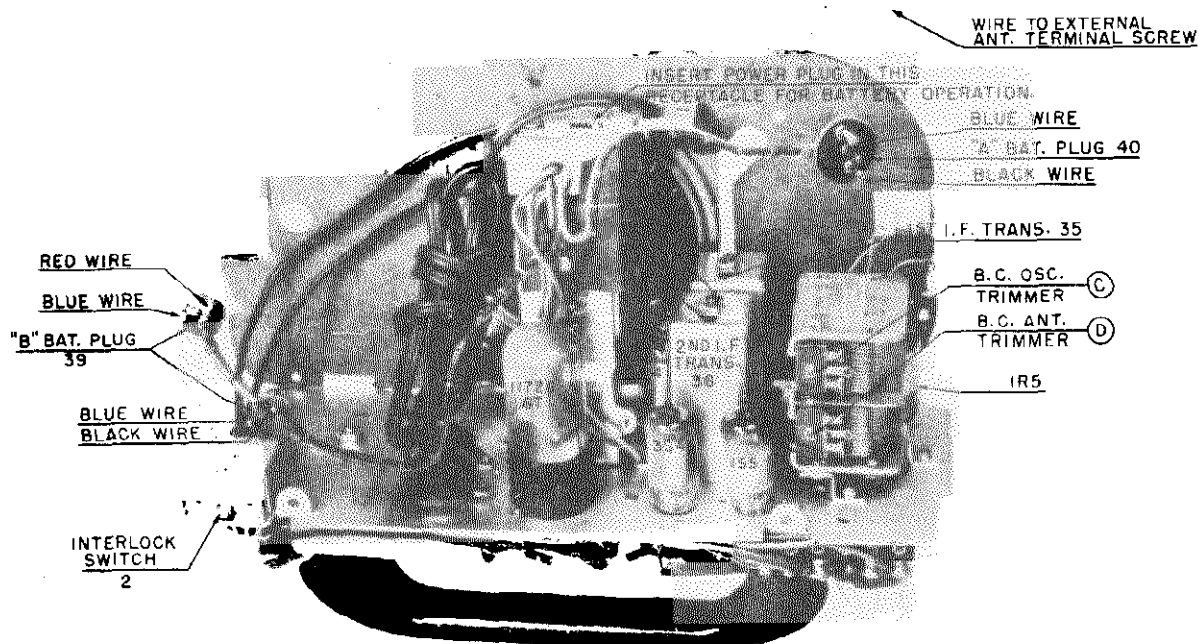
SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM-- MODELS 56PA and 56PB

SOCKET VOLTAGE CHART



October, 1946

THE CROSLLEY CORP.



CHASSIS VIEW—MODELS 56PA and 56PB

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

1. Turn the tuning condenser to the completely closed position against the stop and set the dial pointer to the reference line at the end of the dial scale.
2. Connect the output meter across the speaker voice coil.
3. Connect the high side of the signal generator to the external antenna wire of the loop, that connects to the terminal screw on the bottom of the cabinet, as indicated in the alignment chart. Connect signal generator ground through a 0.1 mt. condenser to B—. (No. 1 pin on 1R5 tube).
4. Turn the volume control on full and adjust the signal generator output to produce approximately mid-scale deflection of the output meter, but maintain signal generator output as low as possible to prevent AVC action in the receiver.

Alignment Sequence	Signal Generator Output			Position of Tuning Dial KC	Adjust for Maximum Outout
	Frequency in KC	In Series with	To		
1	455	200 mmf.	Ant.	1620	A & B
2	1620	200 mmf.	Ant.	1620	C
3	1400	200 mmf.	Ant.	1400	*D

***NOTE:** Batteries should be placed against battery stop in front half of cabinet when making loop alignment to avoid error due to capacity effect of batteries. If receiver is to be used on AC or DC only (without batteries) it will be necessary to realign loop adjustment "D" for maximum output, after batteries have been removed.

THE CROSLLEY CORP.

VOLTAGE RATING: AC-DC, 110 to 120 volts.
Battery "A" 7½ volts "B" 90 volts.

POWER OUTPUT: 180 M.W. maximum.

POWER CONSUMPTION: 25 watts.

BATTERIES USED: one Crosley CR 90, 7.5 volt "A" Battery. Two Crosley CR 77, 45 volt "B" Batteries.

TYPE: Five-tube, combination, battery Portable and AC-DC Superheterodyne.

FREQUENCY RANGE: 540 to 1600 kilocycles.

INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY: 455 kc.

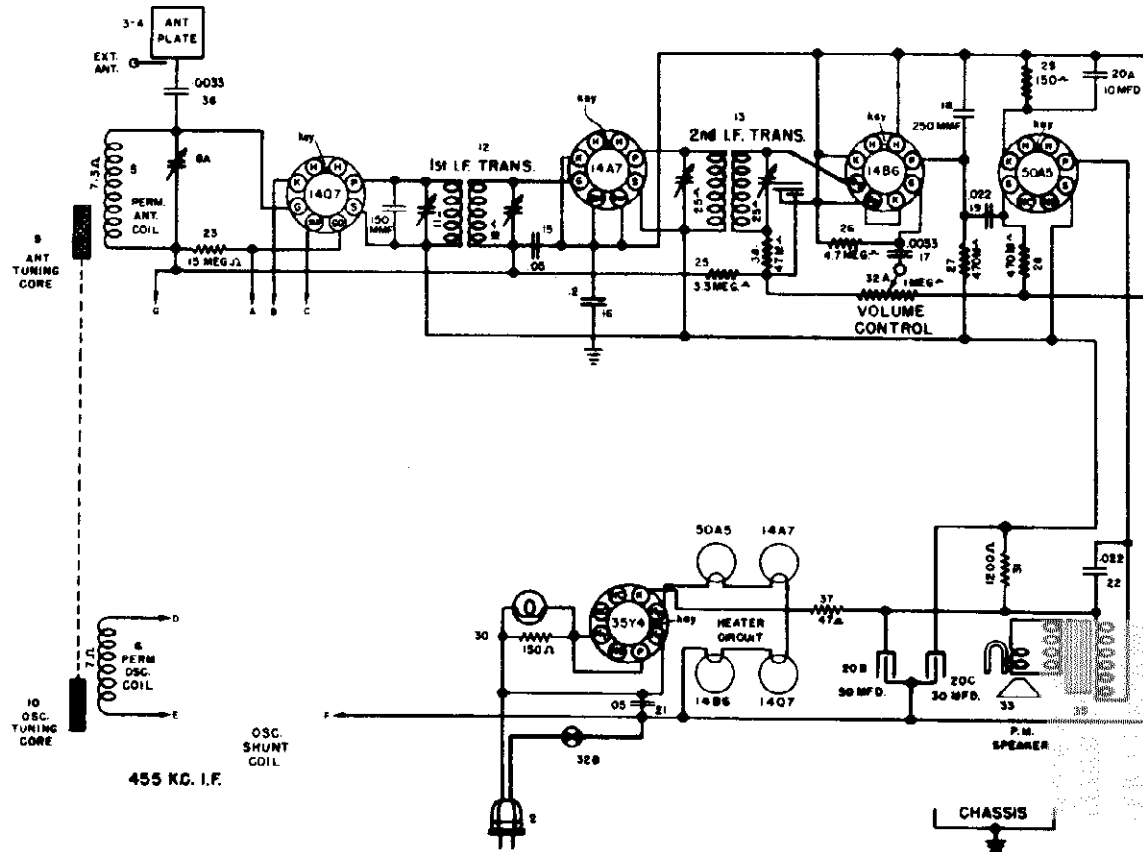
POWER SUPPLY: AC-DC or BATTERY.

PARTS LIST—MODELS 56PA, 56PB

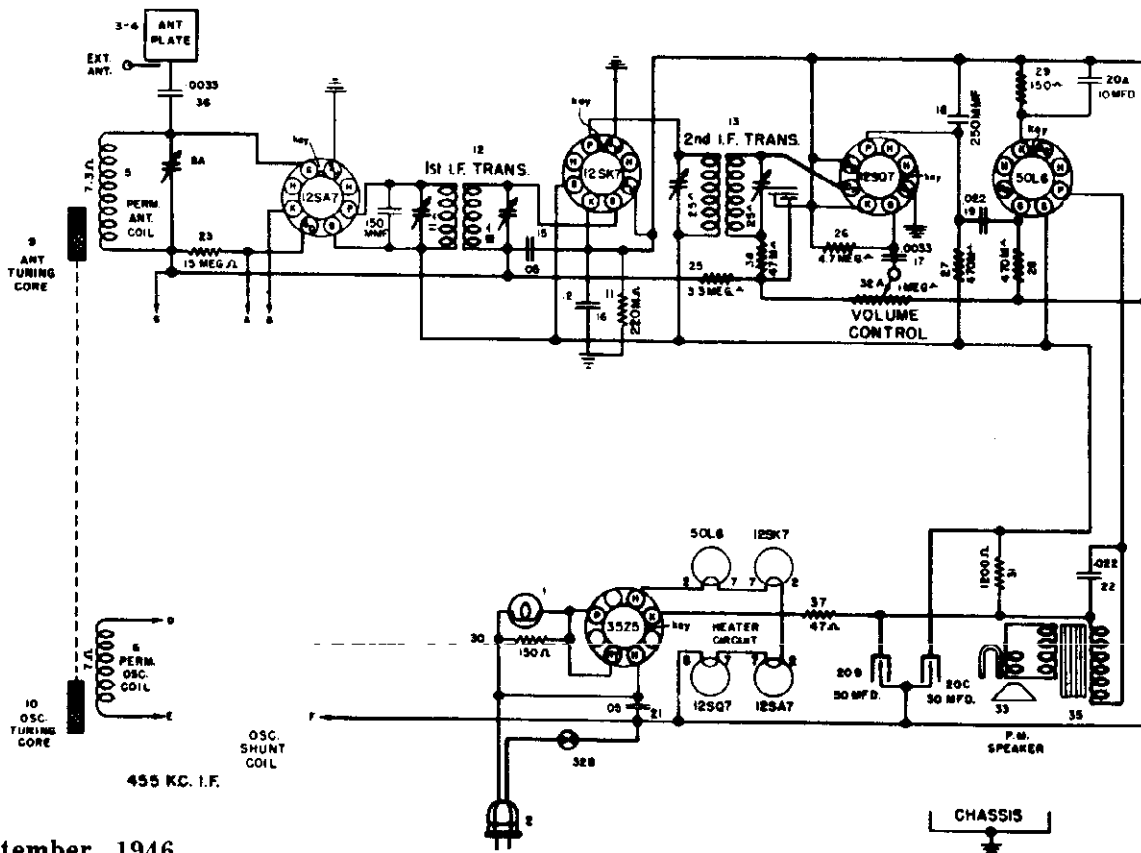
Item No.	Part No.	Description	Item No.	Part No.	Description
1	W-135359	Switch (A.C., D.C. or Battery)	38	39017-7	Terminal Board
2	W-135355	Switch (Interlock)	39	W-47353	Plug ("B" Cable)
5	B-135878	Transformer (Output)	40	W-136099	Plug ("A" Cable)
6	B-135459	Condenser, 1000 mfd., 10 w. v., Elect.	41	AC-136082	Antenna loop and Back Assembly
7A	B-135555	Condenser, 40 mfd., 100 w.v., Two Section	42	B-2226638-54	Condenser 75 mmf., 500 v., ceramic
7B		Condenser, 40 mfd., 150 w.v., Elect. Filter	43	AD-136156	Speaker (Less Transformer)
8A	AB-136366	Condenser, Variable/Two	44	Part of Item 36	Resistor 47,000 ohm, ½ w.
8B		Condenser, Variable, Section	45A	B-135353	Control, Volume (1 megohm) } Assembly
9	39001-17	Condenser, .05 mfd., 600 v., paper.	45B		Switch (Power)
10	39001-19	Condenser, .1 mfd., 600 v., paper	39368-14		Control (Volume)
11	39001-19	Condenser, .1 mfd., 600 v., paper	39359-2		Switch (Volume)
12	39001-17	Condenser, .05 mfd., 600 v., paper	39232		Socket (Power)
13	39001-17	Condenser, .05 mfd., 600 v., paper	W-131346		Socket (Tube) 117Z6
14	39001-76	Condenser, .003 mfd., 600 v., paper	AB-135453		Socket (Tube)
15	39001-76	Condenser, .003 mfd., 600 v., paper	W-51535		Background Assembly (Dial)
16	39001-73	Condenser, .250 mfd., 600 v., paper	B-135307		Pulley, Idler (Dial Cord)
17	39294-25	Resistor, 100,000 ohm, ½ w.	W-51752		Pointer (Dial)
18	39294-34	Resistor, 3.3 megohm, ½ w.	W-136630		Spring (Dial Cord)
19	39294-34	Resistor, 3.3 megohm, ½ w.	W-48200		Trimount Stud
20	39294-37	Resistor, 10 megohm, ½ w.	B-134926		Trimount Stud
21	39294-30	Resistor, 680,000 ohm, ½ w.	W-135349		Cover (Switch)
22	W-132502	Resistor, 1900 ohm, 5w. (Candohm)	R-134910		Insulator (Switch Cover)
23	39014-24	Resistor, 820 ohm, ½ w.	R-134911		Cabinet Half (Back, 56PA)
24	39294-11	Resistor, 470 ohm, ½ w.	R-135305		Cabinet Half (Front, 56PA)
25	39014-40	Resistor, 18,000 ohm, ½ w.	R-135306		Cabinet Half (Front, 56PB)
26	39294-21	Resistor, 22,000 ohm, ½ w.	C-135318		Handle (56PA)
27	39294-19	Resistor, 10,000 ohm, ½ w.	C-135595		Handle (56PB)
28	C-132300-3	Cable and Plug (Power)	W-135571		Insert (56PB)
29	39001-87	Condenser, .25 mfd., 600 v., paper	W-135342		Screw, Special (56PA Cabinet)
30	39001-13	Condenser, .01 mfd., 600 v., paper	W-136053		Screw, Special (56PB Cabinet)
31	39001-13	Condenser, .01 mfd., 600 v., paper	B-135376		Dial Glass (56PA)
32	39001-13	Condenser, .01 mfd., 600 v., paper	B-137229		Dial Glass (56PB)
33	39001-7	Condenser, .001 mfd., 600 v., paper	W-135345		Knob (56PA)
34	39294-31	Resistor, 1.0 megohm, ½ w.	W-135590		Knob (56PB)
35	AW-135774	Transformer (1st. I.F.)	1-CR 90		"A" Battery
36	AW-135769	Transformer (2nd. I.F.)	2-CR 77		"B" Battery
37	AW-135620	Coil (Oscillator)			

MODELS 56TG, 56TH, 56TJ
56TG-0, 56TH-0, 56TJ-0

THE CROSLEY CORP.



SCHMATIC DIAGRAM—MODEL 56TG, 56TH, 56TJ (LOCTAL)

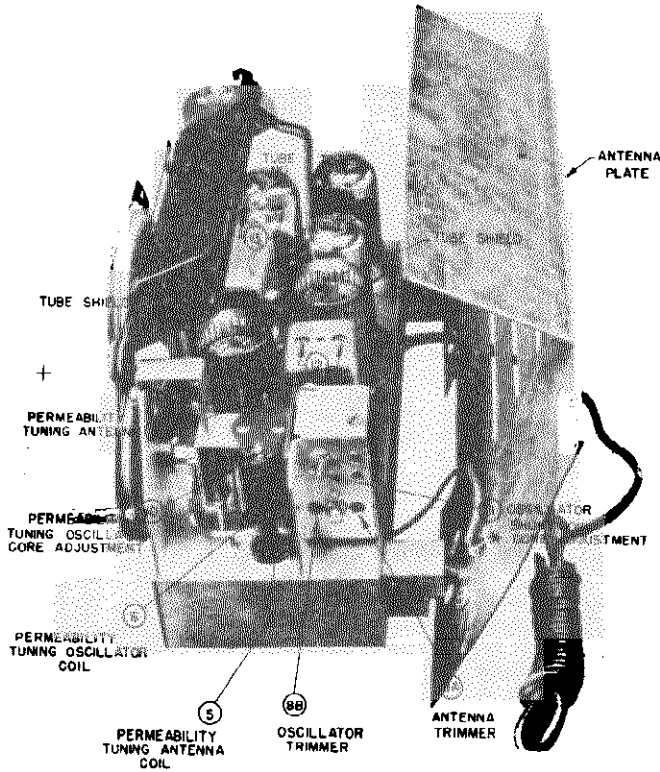


SCHMATIC DIAGRAM—MODEL 56TG-0, 56TH-0, 56TJ-0 (OCTAL)

September, 1946

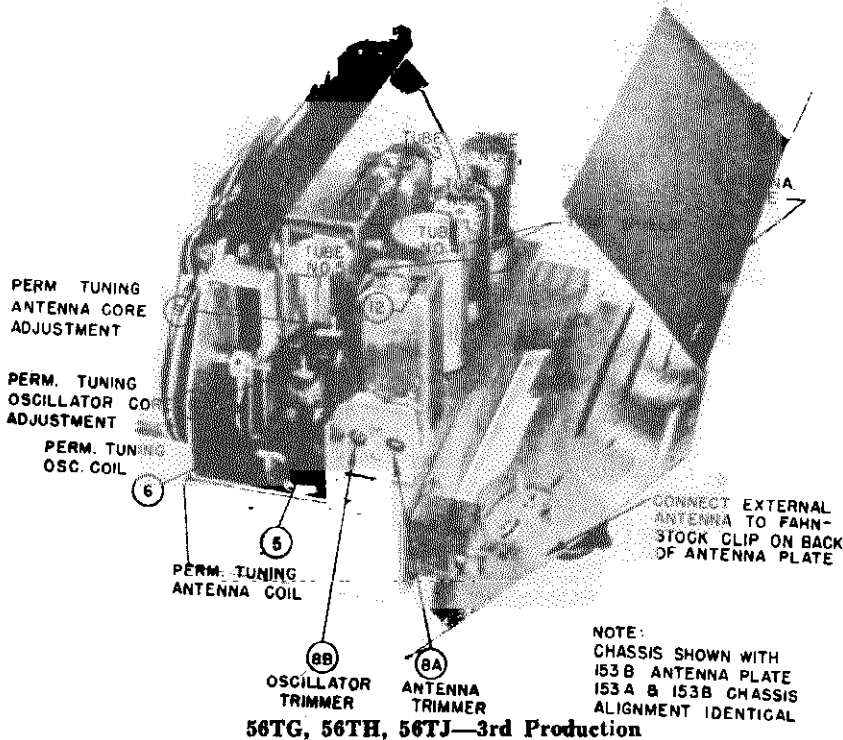
MODELS 56TG, 56TH, 56TJ
1st, 2nd Production
3rd Production

THE CROSLLEY CORP.
CHASSIS SIDE VIEWS



*The second production models do not have an Oscillator Shunt Core. The alignment procedure is identical to the 3rd production procedure.

56TG, 56TH, 56TJ—1st and 2nd Production



56TG, 56TH, 56TJ—3rd Production

The tube numbers 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, which are not circled in the above charts, correspond to the tube numbers in the first column of the TUBE COMPLEMENT COMPARISON CHART shown on page 1.

THE CROSLEY CORP.

MODELS 56TG, 56TH, 56TJ
 56TG-0, 56TH-0, 56TJ-0
 56TG-M, 56TH-M, 56TJ-M

- When using direct current it may be necessary to reverse the position of the power plug in the electric outlet for correct polarity.
 Reversing the position of the power plug when alternating current is used may reduce power hum.
Under no circumstances should a ground be connected to the receiver.
- ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE**
 (1st Production Models)
- With the tuning knob turned to the extreme right against the stop, set the dial pointer to the last reference line at the 540 kilocycle end of the dial.
 - Connect the output of a signal generator directly to the receiver antenna clip. Connect the ground of the signal generator through a .01 mfd. condenser to the receiver chassis.
 - Connect the output meter across the speaker voice coil.
 - Turn the volume control on full and adjust the signal generator output to produce approximately mid-scale deflection of the output meter, but maintain signal generator output as low as possible to prevent AVC action in the receiver.
 - Set the signal generator to 455 Kc. Set the receiver dial pointer against the stop at the low frequency (540 Kc.) end of the dial. Pre-set the antenna tuning core (9) and the oscillator tuning core (10) so that the top of each core is approximately 1/16-inch below the upper edge of the coil form.
 - Set the signal generator to 535 Kc. and with the dial pointer against the stop at the 540 Kc. end of dial, adjust the oscillator trimmer (8B) for maximum output.
 - Set the signal generator to 1620 Kc. Set the dial pointer against the stop at the high frequency (1600 Kc.) end of the dial. Adjust the oscillator tuning core (10) for maximum output.
- NOTE:** Repeat steps 7 and 8 until the correct dial calibration is obtained.
- Tune both the signal generator and the receiver to 600 Kc. and adjust the antenna trimmer (8A) for maximum output.
 - Tune both the signal generator and the receiver to 1400 Kc. and adjust the antenna tuning core (9) for maximum output.
- NOTE:** Repeat steps 9 and 10 until the antenna trimmer (8A) is properly adjusted for maximum output at 1400 Kc. as it is at 600 Kc.
- When the receiver is to be used without an external antenna, disconnect the signal generator output from the receiver. Tune in a weak signal between 1400 Kc. and 1000 Kc. and adjust the antenna trimmer (8A) for maximum output.
- With the dial pointer set against the stop at the 540 Kc. end of the dial, adjust the oscillator iron core (10) to its minimum frequency.
 - Set the signal generator to 535 Kc. and adjust the oscillator shunt core (11) for maximum output.
 - Set the dial pointer against the stop at the high frequency (1600 Kc.) end of dial. Set the signal generator to 1620 Kc. and adjust the oscillator trimmer (8B) for maximum output.
- NOTE:** Repeat steps 9 and 10 until correct dial calibration is obtained.
- Tune both the receiver and the signal generator to 1400 Kc. Adjust the antenna trimmer (8A) for maximum output.
 - Tune both the receiver and the signal generator to 600 Kc. Adjust the antenna trimmer (8A) for maximum output.
- NOTE:** If it is necessary to adjust trimmer (8A) closer together, the antenna inductance change is too small and must be increased by adjusting the antenna core (9), farther out of the antenna coil.
- If it is necessary to adjust trimmer (8A) farther apart, the antenna inductance change is too great and must be reduced by adjusting the antenna core (9), farther into the antenna coil.
- Repeat steps 11 and 12 until (8A) is properly adjusted for maximum output at 600 Kc., as it is at 1400 Kc.
- ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE**
 (2nd and 3rd Production Models)
- With the tuning knob turned to the extreme right against the stop, set the dial pointer to the last reference line at the 540 Kc. end of the dial.
 - Connect the output of a signal generator directly to the receiver antenna clip. Connect the ground of the signal generator through a .01 mfd. condenser to the receiver chassis.
 - Connect the output meter across the speaker voice coil.
 - Turn the volume control on full and adjust the signal generator output to produce approximately mid-scale deflection of the output meter, but maintain signal generator output as low as possible to prevent AVC action in the receiver.
 - Set the signal generator to 455 Kc. Set the receiver dial pointer against the stop at 1600 Kc. end of the dial. Adjust the 2nd I.F. trimmers (13) and the 1st I.F. trimmers (12) for maximum output. (See CHASSIS SIDE VIEW at top of P. 15-34 for adjustment locations.)
 - Open oscillator trimmer (8B) approximately one-half turn from the closed position. Adjust oscillator shunt core (11) to its extreme outer position.
 - Set the dial pointer against the stop at the low frequency (540 Kc.) end of the dial. Tune the signal generator until the signal is heard in speaker of the receiver. The frequency of this signal from the signal generator should be between 500 Kc. and 800 Kc.
- NOTE:** Check to make sure the circuit is aligned at the correct frequency and not the image frequency which is a weaker signal, 910 Kc. higher as indicated by the receiver dial.
- Turn the volume control on full and adjust the signal generator output to produce approximately mid-scale deflection of the output meter, but maintain signal generator output as low as possible to prevent AVC action in the receiver.
 - Set the signal generator to 455 Kc. Set the receiver dial pointer against the stop at the high frequency (1600 Kc.) end of the dial. Adjust the 2nd I.F. trimmers (13) and the 1st I.F. trimmers (12) for maximum output. (See CHASSIS SIDE VIEW at bottom of P. 15-34 for adjustment locations.)
 - Set the dial pointer against the stop at the low frequency (540 Kc.) end of the dial. Pre-set the antenna tuning core (9) and the oscillator tuning core (10) so that the top of each core is approximately 1/16-inch below the upper edge of the coil form.
 - Set the signal generator to 535 Kc. and with the dial pointer against the stop at the 540 Kc. end of dial, adjust the oscillator trimmer (8B) for maximum output.
 - Set the signal generator to 1620 Kc. Set the dial pointer against the stop at the high frequency (1600 Kc.) end of the dial. Adjust the oscillator tuning core (10) for maximum output.
- NOTE:** Repeat steps 7 and 8 until the correct dial calibration is obtained.
- Tune both the signal generator and the receiver to 600 Kc. and adjust the antenna trimmer (8A) for maximum output.
 - Tune both the signal generator and the receiver to 1400 Kc. and adjust the antenna tuning core (9) for maximum output.
- NOTE:** Repeat steps 9 and 10 until the antenna trimmer (8A) is properly adjusted for maximum output at 1400 Kc. as it is at 600 Kc.
- When the receiver is to be used without an external antenna, disconnect the signal generator output from the receiver. Tune in a weak signal between 1400 Kc. and 1000 Kc. and adjust the antenna trimmer (8A) for maximum output.

THE CROSLEY CORP.

MODELS 56TG, 56TH, 56T.
56TG-O, 56TH-O, 56TJ-O.
56TG-M, 56TH-M, 56TJ-M

FREQUENCY RANGE: 540 to 1600 Kc.
INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY: 455 Kc.
POWER SUPPLY: a.c.-d.c.

VOLTAGE RATING: 105-125 volts.
POWER CONSUMPTION: 35 watts nominal
POWER OUTPUT: 1.75 watts minimum.

PARTS LIST

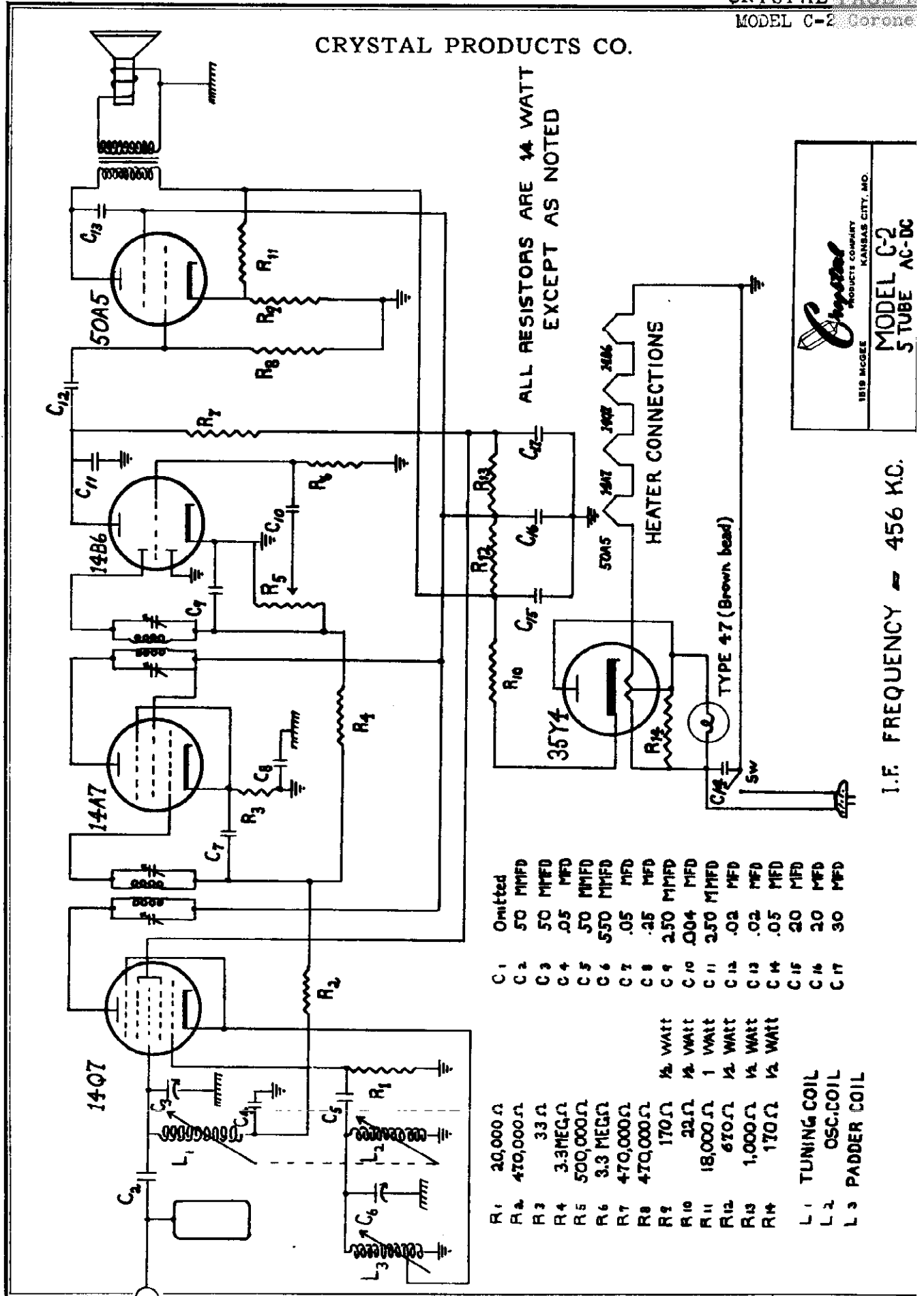
MODEL 56TG, 56TG-O, 56TG-O1234, 56TG-M, 56TG(M12), 56TG-O(M12), 56TG(M12)034
MODEL 56TH, 56TH-O, 56TH-O1234, 56TH-M, 56TH(M12), 56TH-O(M12), 56TH(M12)034
MODEL 56TJ, 56TJ-O, 56TJ-O1234, 56TJ-M, 56TJ(M12), 56TJ-O(M12), 56TJ(M12)034

Figures in first column correspond to figures in Schematic Diagram

ITEM No.	PART No.	DESCRIPTION	ITEM No.	PART No.	DESCRIPTION
1	W-48858	Bulb (dial), Type 47, 6.3 v., 15 amp.	37	*W-137367	Resistor, 47 ohm, 1 w. (2nd and 3rd Production)
2	C-132300-1	Cord and Plug (Power)	38	Part of Item #13	Resistor, 47,000 ohm, ½ w.
3	AW-136476	Ant. Plate (56TJ Series)	39	39294-8	Resistor, 150 ohm, ½ w. (56TG-M 56TH-M, 56TJ-M)
4	AW-136574	Ant. Plate (56TG, 56TH Series)		W-135371	Socket, Octal Tube
5	AW-136438	Coil, Ant. Tuning		W-131346	Socket, Miniature Tube
6	AW-136657	Coil, Osc. Tuning		39204	Socket, Octal Tube
7	*AW-136658	Coil, Osc. Shunt (Part of AD-136695, 1st Production)		39017-5	Socket, Dial Light
7	*AW-137532	Coil, Osc. Shunt (Part of AD-136695-H, 2nd Production)		W-46447-1	Shield, Tube
7	*AW137720	Coil, Osc. Shunt (3rd Production)		*AD-136695	Permeability Tuner, Complete Assy. (1st Production)
8A	W-136699	Trimmer, Ant.		*AD-136695-H	Permeability Tuner, Complete Assy. (2nd Production)
8B		Trimmer, Osc.		*AW-187722	Permeability Tuner, Complete Assy. (3rd Production)
9	G-39012-49	Iron Core, Ant. Tuning		AW-137689	Slide Assy. Permeability Tuner
10	G-39012-49	Iron Core, Osc. Tuning		AW-137688	Hub and Cam Assy., Permeability Tuner
11	*G39012-48	Iron Core, Osc. Shunt (Part of AD-136695, 1st Production)		W-136520	Spring, Retractor (Permeability Tuner)
11	39294-27	Resistor, 220,000 ohm, ½ w. (56TG-O, 56TH-O, 56TJ-O)		W-136533	Grommet, Ant. Coil Mtg. (Permeability Tuner)
12	AW-137658	Transformer, 1st I.F.		W-45580	Grommet, Osc. Coil Mtg. (Permeability Tuner)
13	AW-137667	Transformer, 2nd I.F.		*W-132366-2	Nut, Iron Core Locking (Part of AD-136695, 1st Production)
14	*B-226638-53	Condenser, 50 mmf. (1st and 2nd Production)		W-51993	Fastener, Iron Core
15	39001-65	Condenser, .05 mfd., 200 v., paper		W-52063	Spring, Iron Core
16	39001-105	Condenser, .2 mfd., 200 v., paper		AB-135135	Plate Assy., Dial
17	39001-10	Condenser, 3300 mmf., 200 v., paper		W-135074	Pulley, Idler
18	39001-73	Condenser, 250 mmf., 600 v., paper		B-135094	Pointer, Dial
19	39001-63	Condenser, .022 mfd., 200 v., paper		B-135075	Shaft, Drive
20A	B-136769	Condenser, 10 mfd., 25 v. } Three Condenser, 50 mfd., 150 v. } Section Condenser, 30 mfd., 150 v. } Filter		W-134916	Washer, Spring
20B				W-51071	Ring Retaining
20C				W-136630	Trimount Stud
21	39001-65	Condenser, .05 mfd., 200 v., paper		W-131154-1	Cotter, External
22	39001-63	Condenser, .022 mfd., 200 v., paper		D-137263	Cabinet (56TJ Series)
23	39294-38	Resistor, 15 megohm, ½ w.		R-135404	Cabinet (56TG Series)
24	39294-21	Resistor, 22,000 ohm, ½ w.		AB-135446	Cabinet and Handle Assy. (56TH Series)
25	39294-34	Resistor, 3.3 megohm, ½ w.		B-135403	Handle (Part of AB-135446)
26	39294-35	Resistor, 4.7 megohm, ½ w.		AW-135444	Cabinet (Part of AB-135446)
27	39294-29	Resistor, 470,000 ohm, ½ w.		B-136633	Dial Glass
28	39294-29	Resistor, 470,000 ohm, ½ w.		W-135455	Knob (56TG, 56TJ Series)
29	39294-8	Resistor, 150 ohm, ½ w.		W-135454	Knob (56TH Series)
30	39294-8	Resistor, 150 ohm, ½ w.		W-132124	Trimount Stud (56TH, 56TG Series)
31	39015-26	Resistor, 1200 ohm, 1 w.			
32A	C-135127	Control, Volume } Assembly (1 megohm) }			
32B		Switch (Power) }			
33	B-136768	Speaker			
35	B-135077	Transformer (Output)			
36	*39001-10	Condenser, 3300 mmf., 200 v., paper (2nd and 3rd Production)			

*1st Production models are identified by the adjustable Iron Core in the Oscillator Shunt Coil which is mounted on rear of the Tuner. 2nd Production models do not have the adjustable Iron Core in the Oscillator Shunt Coil which is mounted on the rear of the Tuner. 3rd Production models do not have the adjustable Iron Core in the Oscillator Shunt Coil which is mounted under the chassis.

CRYSTAL PRODUCTS CO.



ALL RESISTORS ARE 1/4 WATT
EXCEPT AS NOTED

C 1	Omitted
C 2	50 M MFD
C 3	50 M MFD
C 4	.05 MFD
C 5	50 M MFD
C 6	550 M MFD
C 7	.05 MFD
C 8	.25 MFD
C 9	250 M MFD
C 10	.004 MFD
C 11	350 M MFD
C 12	.02 MFD
C 13	.02 MFD
C 14	.05 MFD
C 15	20 MFD
C 16	20 MFD
C 17	30 MFD

R 1	20,000 Ω	1/2 WATT
R 2	470,000 Ω	1/2 WATT
R 3	33 Ω	1 WATT
R 4	3.3 MEG Ω	1 WATT
R 5	500,000 Ω	1/2 WATT
R 6	3.3 MEG Ω	1/2 WATT
R 7	470,000 Ω	1/2 WATT
R 8	470,000 Ω	1/2 WATT
R 9	170 Ω	1/2 WATT
R 10	22 Ω	1/2 WATT
R 11	18,000 Ω	1 WATT
R 12	670 Ω	1/2 WATT
R 13	1,000 Ω	1/2 WATT
R 14	170 Ω	1/2 WATT

L 1	TUNING COIL
L 2	OSC. COIL
L 3	PADDER COIL

I.F. FREQUENCY = 456 KC.

Crystal
PRODUCTS COMPANY
KANSAS CITY, MO.

MODEL C-2
5 TUBE AC-DC

MODEL C-2 Coronet

CRYSTAL PRODUCTS CO.

CORONET MODEL C-2 PARTS

C-1—Omitted
 C-2—50 mmfd. mica capacitor
 C-3—50 mmf. nominal trimmer, range 55-75
 C-4—.05 mfd., 400v paper capacitor
 C-5—50 mmfd. mica capacitor
 C-6—Nominal 550 mmf. range 450-700 trimmer
 C-7—.05 mfd., 400v paper capacitor
 C-8—.25 mfd., 200v paper capacitor
 C-9—250 mmfd. mica capacitor
 C-10—.004 mfd., 200v paper capacitor

C-11—250 mmfd. mica capacitor
 C-12—.02 mfd., 600v paper capacitor
 C-13—.02 mfd., 600v paper capacitor
 C-14—.05 mfd., 400v paper capacitor
 C-15, C-16, C-17—20-20-30 mfd., 150v electrolytic condenser
 R-1—20,000 ohm, $\frac{1}{4}$ w resistor
 R-2—470,000 ohm, $\frac{1}{4}$ w resistor
 R-3—33 ohm, $\frac{1}{4}$ w resistor
 R-4—3.3 meg., $\frac{1}{4}$ w resistor
 R-5—500,000 ohm standard taper potentiometer

R-6—3.3 meg., $\frac{1}{4}$ w resistor
 R-7—470,000 ohm, $\frac{1}{4}$ w resistor
 R-8—470,000 ohm, $\frac{1}{4}$ w resistor
 R-9—170 ohm, $\frac{1}{2}$ w resistor
 R-10—22 ohm, $\frac{1}{2}$ w resistor
 R-11—18,000 ohm, $\frac{1}{2}$ w resistor
 R-12—670 ohm, $\frac{1}{2}$ w resistor
 R-13—1,000 ohm, $\frac{1}{2}$ w resistor
 R-14—170 ohm, $\frac{1}{2}$ w resistor
 L-1—Antenna Tuning
 L-2—Oscillator Tuning
 L-3—Oscillator Padder

Line Cord 560 ohm for 220-volt operation.

TECHNICAL DATA

Tuning range.....	540 to 1700 Kc.
Intermediate frequency.....	456 Kc.
Power consumption.....	.35 watts
Sensitivity (for 0.05 watt output).....	15 microvolts average
Power output (in voice coil)	
Undistorted	0.8 watts
Maximum	1.0 watts
Voice coil impedance.....	3.2 ohms

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

No aligning adjustments should be attempted until all other possible causes of trouble have been checked.

Turn volume control to maximum for all adjustments.

Keep signal generator output low as possible.

Connect ground post of signal generator to chassis of radio through an 0.1 mfd. condenser.

Connect signal generator output leads to antenna leads.

Connect output meter across secondary of output transformers.

Band	Signal Generator Frequency Setting	Dummy Antenna	Connection to Radio	Tuning Condenser Setting	Adjust for Maximum Output
I.F.	456 Kc.	0.1 mfd.	Grid of 14Q7	Slugs out of coil 1700 Kc.	4 trimmers on input and output transformers
Broadcast	1700 Kc.	Antenna lead		Slugs out of coil 1700 Kc.	Osc. slugs, L2, L1, and C6
Broadcast	600 Kc.	Antenna lead		Slugs in coil 600 Kc.	L3
Broadcast	1400 Kc.	Antenna lead		Set dial at 1400 Kc.	C3

FINAL ADJUSTMENT

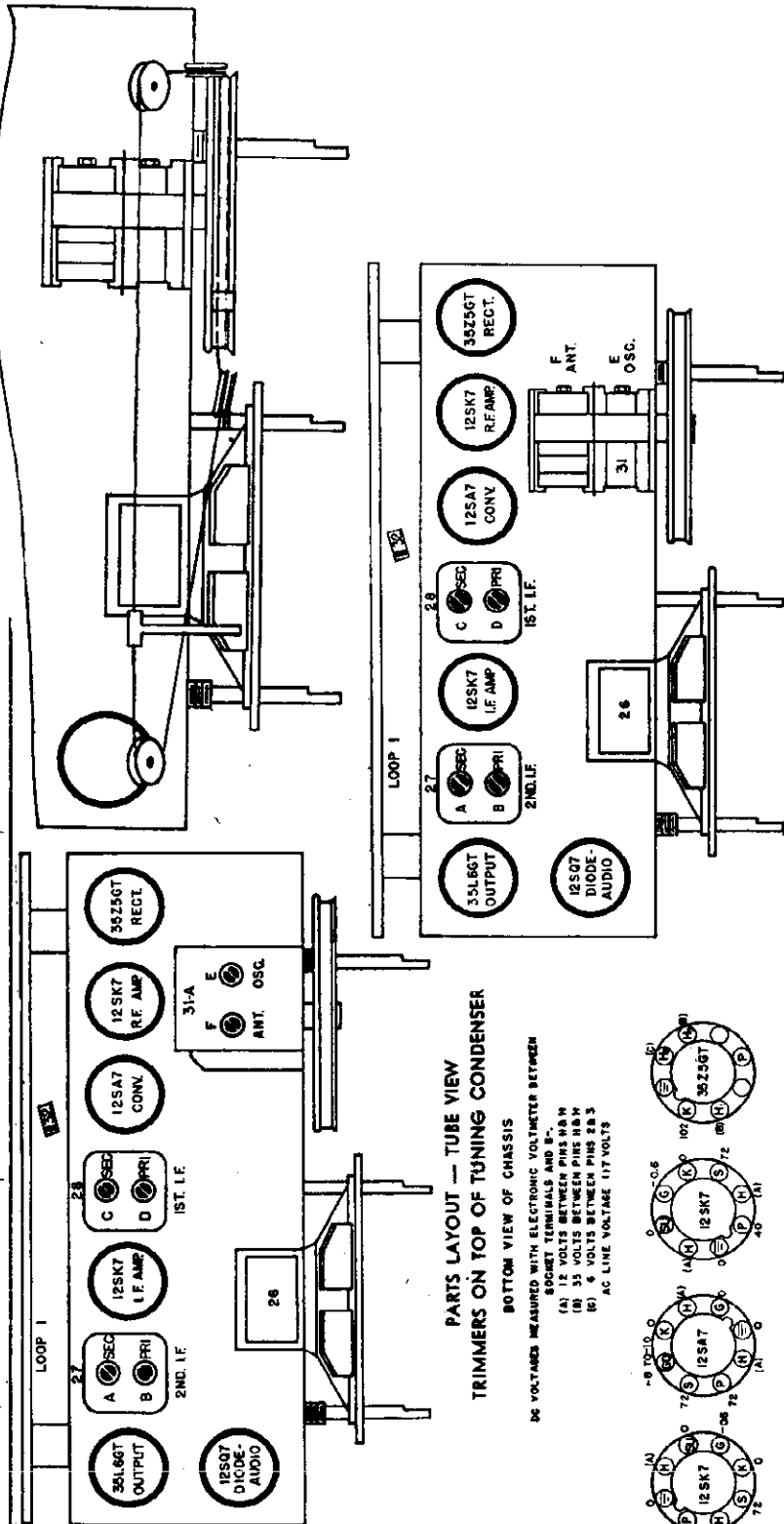
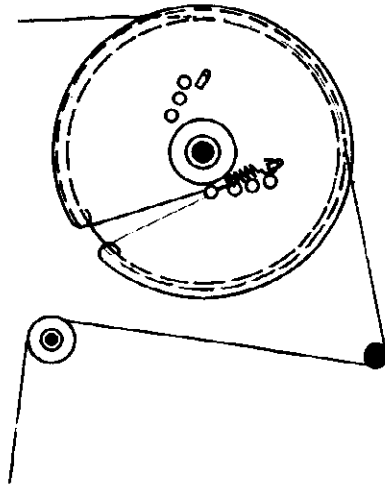
With the top off the radio, place the band around the set and connect antenna lead to the band and adjust C-3 for greatest noise level at 800 Kc.

MODELS R-1234, R-1235 DELCO RADIO DIV.-GENERAL MOTORS

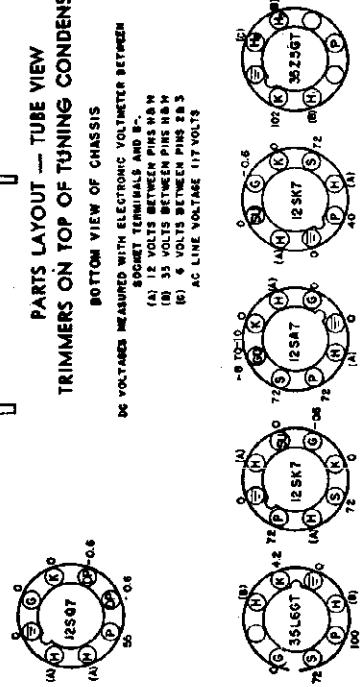
Output Meter Connections Plate and Screen of 35L6
 Generator Ground To Chassis through .01 MFD
 Dummy Antenna In Series with generator
 Volume Control Position Fully on

Steps	Series Condenser or Dummy Antenna	Connect Signal Generator To	Adjust Signal Generator To	Turn Radio Dial To	Adjust Trimmers
1	.02 Mfd. Cond.	12SA7 Grid (Pin #8)	456 KC	Quiet Point near H. F. end	A-B (2nd IF Trans) C-D (1st IF Trans)
2	200 Mmf Cond.	Ant. lead	1720 KC	1720 KC	E (Osc.)
3	200 Mmf Cond.	Ant. lead	1400 KC	1400 KC	F (Ant.)

DIAL STRING DRAWING



PARTS LAYOUT — TUBE VIEW
 TRIMMERS ON TOP OF TUNING CONDENSER



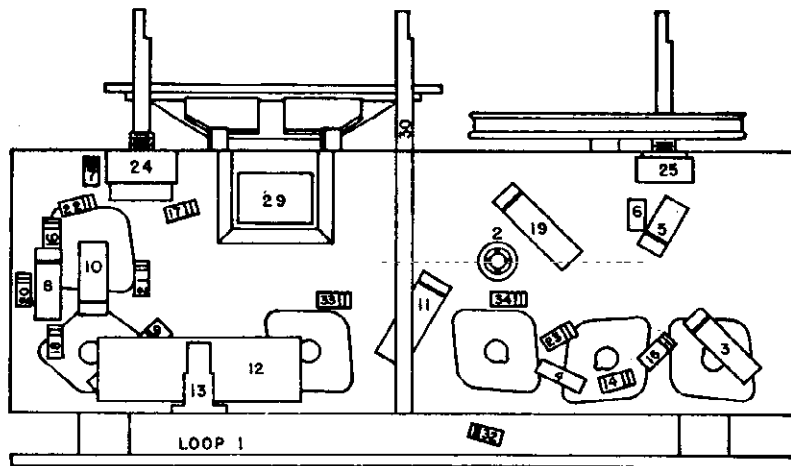
34 VOLTS MEASURED WITH ELECTRONIC VOLTMETER BETWEEN SOCKET TERMINALS AND B+
 (A) 12 VOLTS BETWEEN PINS 1 & 4
 (B) 4 VOLTS BETWEEN PINS 2 & 3
 AC LINE VOLTAGE 117 VOLTS

PARTS LAYOUT — TUBE VIEW
 TRIMMERS ON SIDE OF TUNING CONDENSER

DELCO RADIO DIV.-GENERAL MOTORS

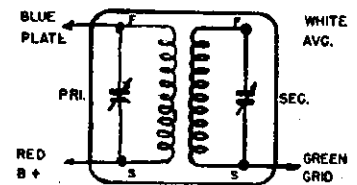
MODELS R-1234,
R-1235

Illus. No.	Service Part No.	Name	Description
1	1216621	Antenna Assembly	Loop and Back Cover
2	1216915	Coil	Oscillator Coil Complete
3	7230592	Condenser	.05 Mfd. 600 V. Tubular
4	7230893	Condenser	150 MMF Moulded
5	1209148	Condenser	.002 Mfd. 800 V. Tubular
6	7238879	Condenser	470 MMF Moulded
7	1212097	Condenser	.001 Mfd. 800 V. Tubular
8	7230912	Condenser	.005 Mfd. 600 V. Tubular
9	1212099	Condenser	.02 Mfd. 600 V. Tubular
10	1208600	Condenser	.01 Mfd. 600 V. Tubular
11	7231594	Condenser	.25 Mfd. 400 V. Tubular
12	1217026	Condenser	40-40 Mfd. 150 V. Electrolytic
13	1216559	Clip	Condenser Clip
14	1214546	Resistor	3,900 Ohms 1/2 Watt Insulated
15	1211037	Resistor	1,000 Ohms 1 Watt Insulated
16	1213267	Resistor	56,000 Ohms 1/2 Watt Insulated
17	1214564	Resistor	3.3 Meg. 1/2 Watt Insulated
18	1214555	Resistor	220,000 Ohms 1/2 Watt Insulated
19	1207908	Condenser	.10 Mfd. 400 V. Tubular
20	1214559	Resistor	470,000 Ohms 1/2 Watt Insulated
21	1213220	Resistor	150 Ohms 1/2 Watt Insulated
22	1215548	Resistor	10 Meg. 1/2 Watt Insulated
23	1214553	Resistor	47,000 Ohms 1/2 Watt Insulated
24	1216505	Control and Switch	Volume Control and Switch
25	1216544	Switch	Tone Control
26	1217361	Speaker	Speaker (5" P. M.) and Brkt. Assy.
27	1216570	Coil	2nd I. F. Coil Assembly
28	1216605	Coil	1st I. F. Coil Assembly
29	1216557	Transformer	Output Transformer Complete
30	1216650	Shaft	Drive Shaft
	7245333	Washer	"C" Washer
31	1217414	Condenser and Pulley Parts Package	
		Variable Condenser and Pulley Assembly	
		Grommet (3)	Lockwasher (2)
		Spacer - Sleeve (3)	Solder Lug
		Screw (3)	
31A	1217415	Condenser and Pulley Parts Package (Alt. for 1217414)	
		Variable Condenser and Pulley Assembly	
		Grommet (3)	Lockwasher (2)
		Spacer - Sleeve (3)	Solder Lug
		Screw (3)	
32	7230592	Condenser	.05 Mfd. 600 V. Tubular
33	1214555	Resistor	220,000 Ohms 1/2 Watt Insulated
34	1214550	Resistor	22,000 Ohms 1/2 Watt Insulated
	1216512	Cord	Power Cord
	1212233	Cord	Dial Drive (49" Length)
	1216562	Indicator	Dial Pointer
	47	Lamp	Dial Light (Mazda #47)
	1216564	Socket	Dial Light Assy. (Includes Mazda #47)
	7236279	Socket	Tube Socket
	1217323	Spring	Cord Tension
	1213813	Tube 12SQ7	
	1213809	Tube 12SA7	
	1213812	Tube 12SK7	
	1213848	Tube 35Z5GT	
	1213818	Tube 35L6GT	

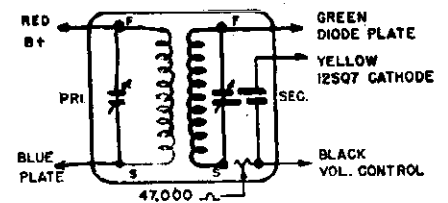


PARTS LAYOUT - CHASSIS VIEW

COIL CONNECTIONS

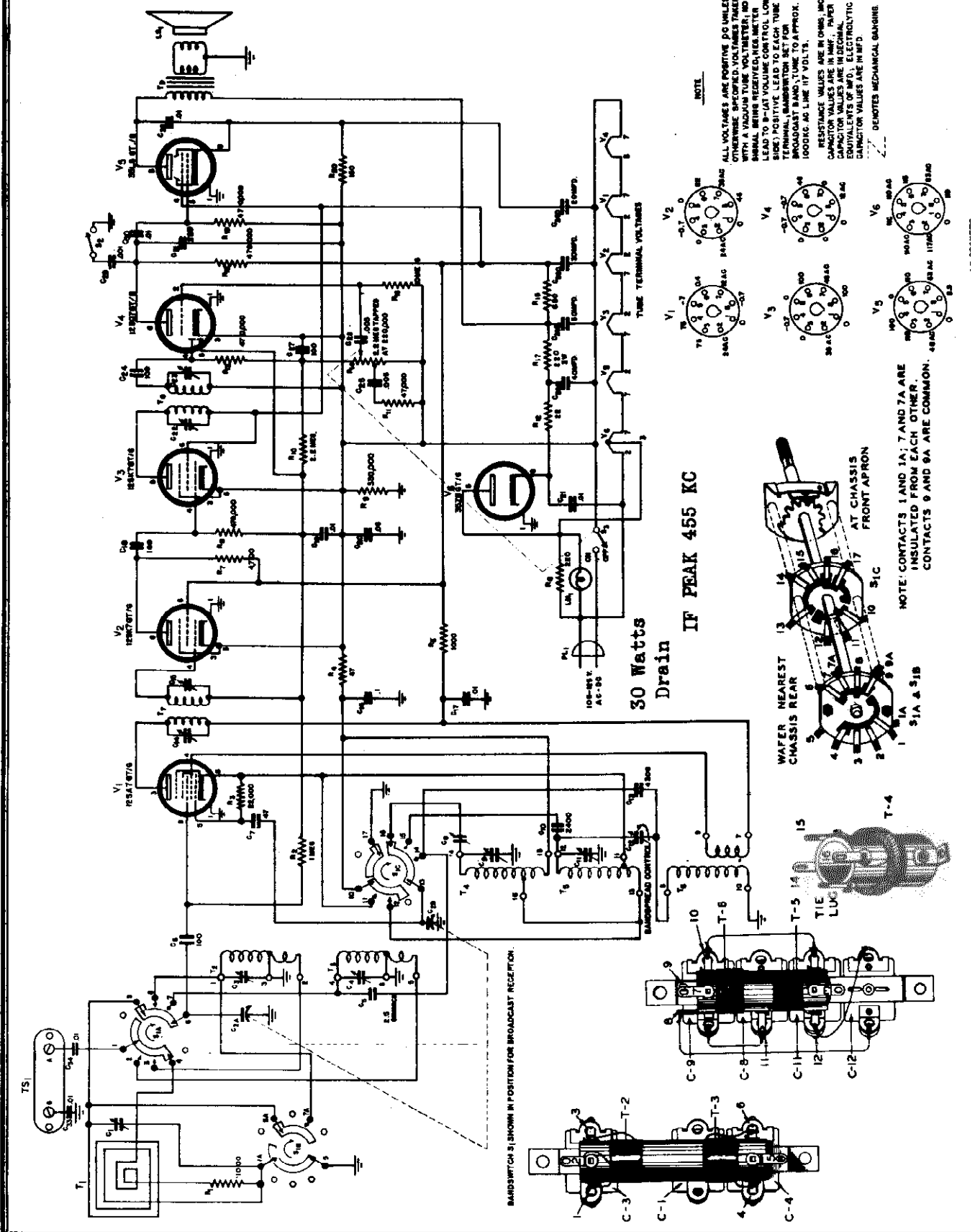


I. F. INPUT TRANSFORMER

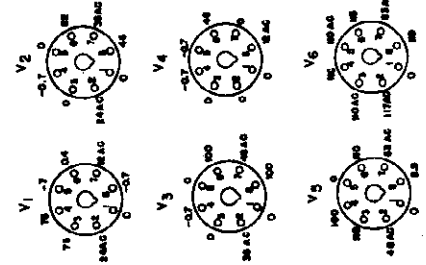


I. F. OUTPUT TRANSFORMER

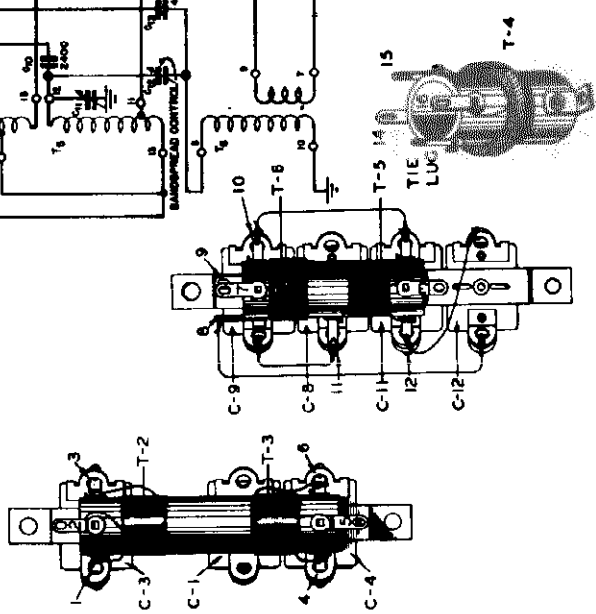
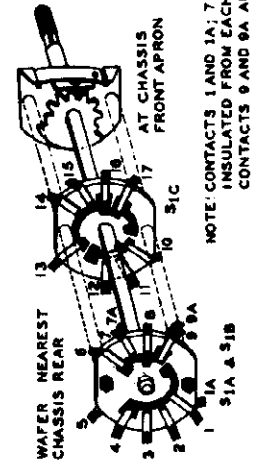
ECHOPHONE RADIO A HALLICRAFTERS PRODUCT



NOTE
ALL VOLTAGES ARE POSITIVE, DO UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED. VOLTMETER TAKEN WITH A VACUUM TUBE VOLTMETER, NO SERIAL RESISTOR RECEIVED; RES. METER SIZE 70-8-1 AT VOLUME CONTROL LOW SIDE POSITIVE LEAD TO EACH TUBE. BANDSWITCH IS IN POSITION FOR BROADCAST BAND, TUNE TO APPROX. 1000 KC. AC LINE 117 VOLTS.
RESISTANCE VALUES ARE IN OHMS, UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.
CAPACITOR VALUES ARE IN P.F., UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.
EQUIVALENTS OF MFD., ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR VALUES ARE IN MFD.
Z DENOTES MECHANICAL GAINING.

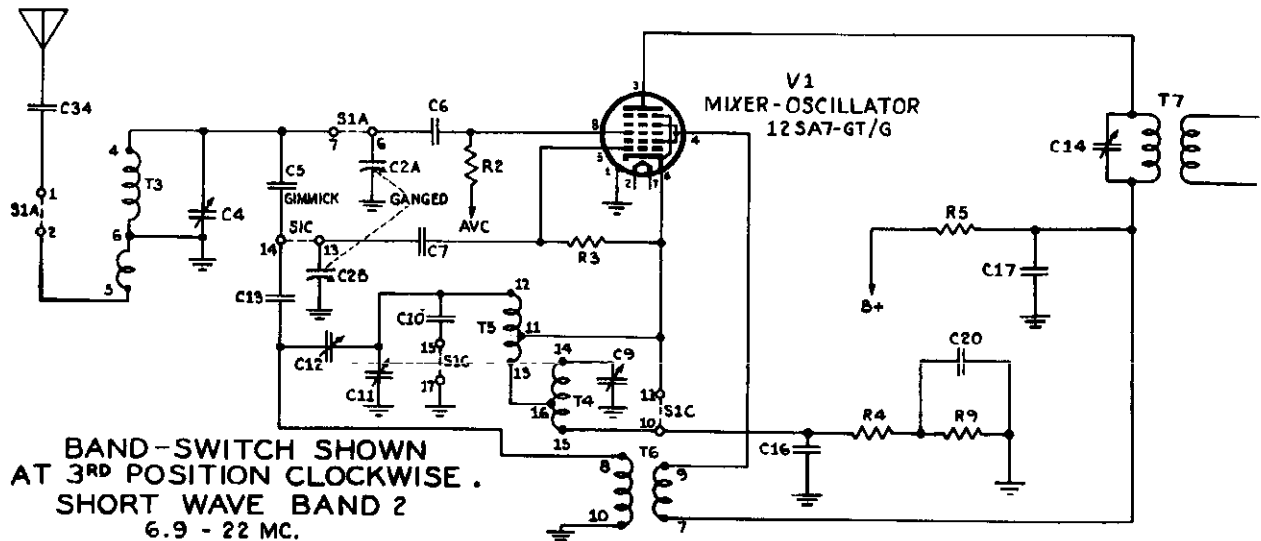
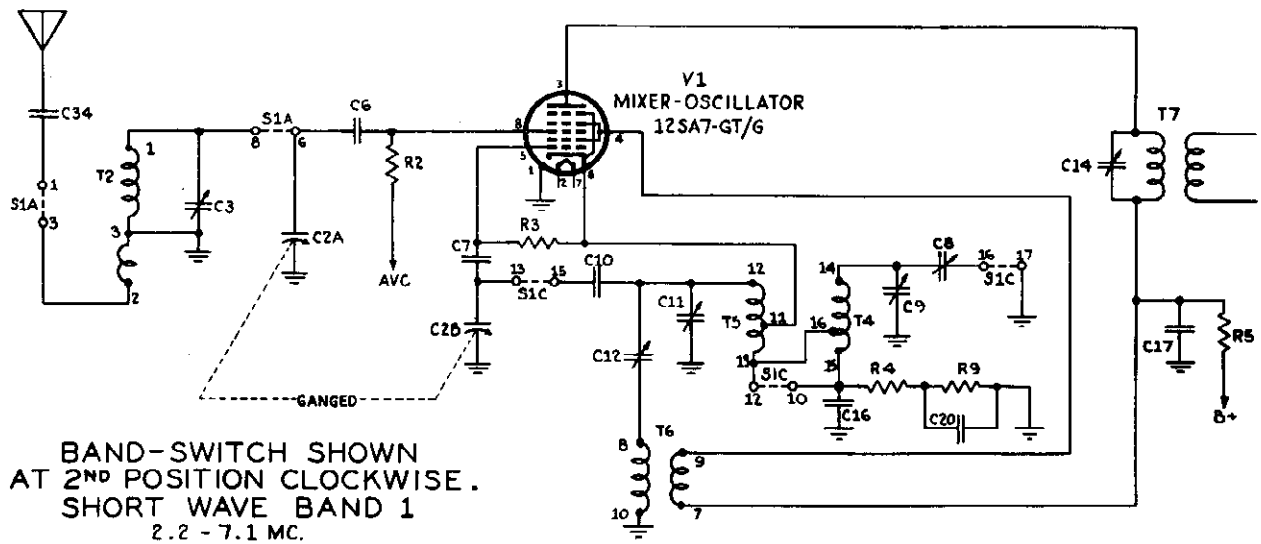
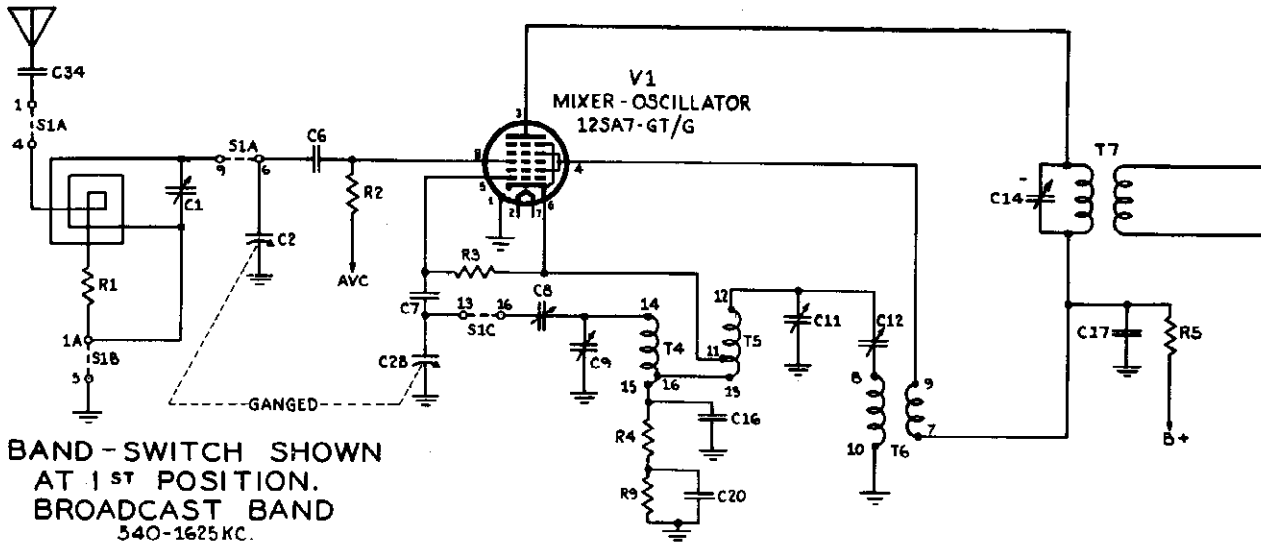


30 Watts Drain IF PEAK 455 KC



MODELS EC-112, EC-113

ECHOPHONE RADIO
HALLICRAFTERS PRODUCT



ECHOPHONE RADIO A HALLICRAFTERS PRODUCT

MODELS EC-112, EC-111

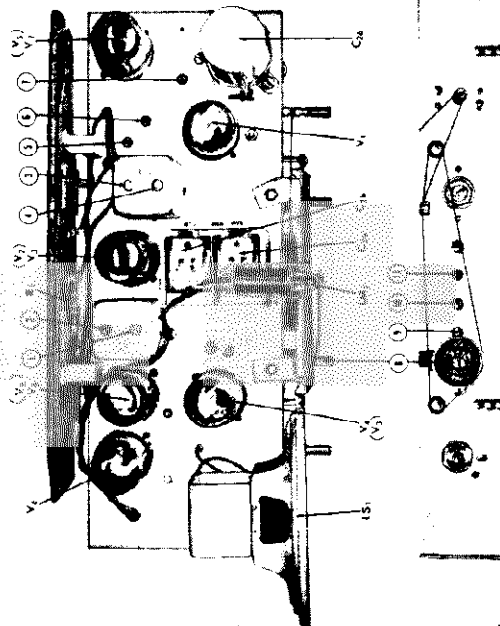


Fig. 6. Top and front views of the receiver showing tube locations and location of pad, trimmer and i-f adjustment points.

NOTE: Bandsread indicator **MUST** be at ZERO when making all adj. Band 2 osc. trim. (9) must be set AFTER bandsread trim. (8) (Range 3 osc. trim.) is aligned.
 *Standard RMA dummy ant. consists of a 200mmf cond. in series with a 20uh r-f choke, the choke being shunted by a 400mmf cond. in series with a 400 ohm carbon res.
 **Connect Sig. Gen. ground lead to receiver negative return, not to chassis. This applies only to I-F adjustment.

EQUIPMENT:

1. Signal Generator capable of ranges indicated in the ALIGNMENT CHART, including a 400 cycle audio modulator.
2. Output meter capable of handling 1 watt of audio power.
3. Standard RMA dummy antenna consisting of a 200 mmf condenser in series with a 20uh r-f choke, the choke being shunted by a 400 mmf condenser in series with a 400 ohm carbon resistor.
4. Non-metal screw-driver.

CONNECTIONS: Connect the Sig. Gen. "cold" lead to "G" on the antenna terminal strip except for i-f adjustments (see chart below); the "hot" lead is connected as indicated in the chart.

Connect the output meter across voice coil of the speaker and adjust the meter for 5 ohm impedance.

Caution: Set the meter at a sufficiently high range to prevent possible damage from overload. Band 3 must be aligned before band 2 in all instances.

CONTROL SETTINGS: After allowing about a ten minute warm up period, set the receiver's control as follows:
 VOLUME control at full clockwise.
 BANDSPREAD tuning control at "0", (min. cap.).

ALIGNMENT CHART

DUMMY ANT. IN SERIES WITH SIG. GENERATOR	CONNECTION OF SIG. GENERATOR OUTPUT TO RECEIVER	SIGNAL GEN. FREQUENCY SETTING	BAND SWITCH SETTING	RECEIVER DIAL SETTING	ADJUST SLUG PADDLE, OR TRIMMER NO.	TRIMMER DESCRIPTION	TYPE OF ADJUSTMENT, MAKE ADJUSTMENT FOR:	STEP NO.
None	**On mixer section stator of tuning condenser gang	455kc	Range 1 (Broadcast)	1625kc	3 & 4 1 & 2	Diode IF Input IF	Maximum output Maximum Output Repeat steps 1 & 2	1 2 3
Standard RMA Dummy*	(Broadcast band) — Couple to loop aerial	1500kc 1500kc 600kc	Range 1 (Broadcast)	1500kc 1500kc 600kc	11 6 10	Osc. Trimmer Antenna shunt trimmer Osc. paddler	Maximum output Maximum output Maximum output Repeat step 4	4 5 6 7
Standard RMA Dummy*	"A" on antenna terminal strip	22mc 20mc	Range 3 (Short wave range 6.9 to 22mc)	22mc 20mc	8 15	Align oscillator for this band with bandsread indicator drive pulley set screw loose and pointer set at zero. After completing the OSCILLATOR alignment, tighten the screws securely without changing the pointer setting from zero. Bandsread & Osc. trimmer Antenna shunt trimmer	Maximum output Maximum output	8 9
Standard RMA Dummy*	"A" on antenna terminal strip	6mc 6mc	Range 2 (Short wave range 2.2 to 7.1mc.)	6mc 6mc	9 7	Osc. trimmer Antenna shunt trimmer	Maximum output Maximum output	10 11

ECHOPHONE RADIO A HALLICRAFTERS PRODUCT

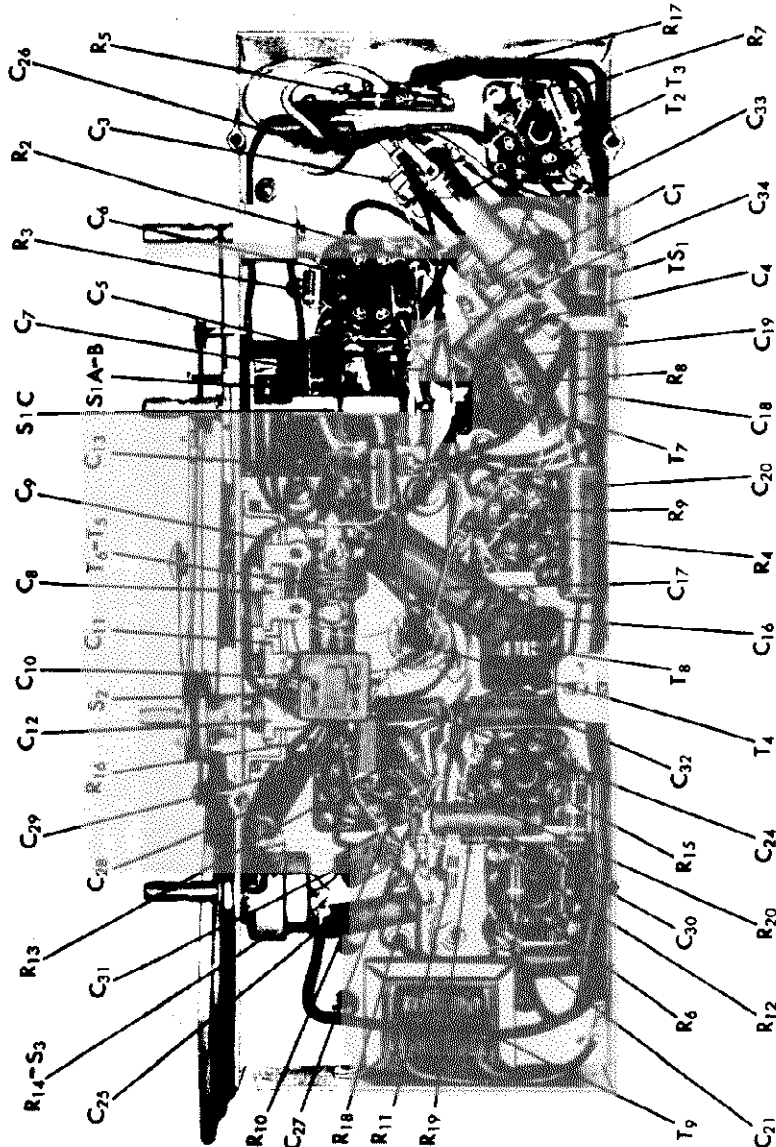
DETAILED SERVICE INFORMATION

IF FREQUENCY	RECEIVER OVERALL SELECTIVITY	IMAGE RATIO	*RECEIVER OVERALL SENSITIVITY	AUDIO OUTPUT
455kc	8.5kc wide at 6db down 16kc wide at 20db down 32kc wide at 40db down (for 500 milliwatt out-put)	65:1 at 1000kc (loop) 20:1 at 2.5mc (ant.) 8:1 at 7.0mc (ant.) 6:1 at 15.0mc (ant.) 3:1 at 20.0mc (ant.)	45 microvolt at 1000 kc 80 microvolt at 2.5 mc 35 microvolt at 6mc 140 microvolt at 8mc 50 microvolt at 20mc	0.8 watt with less than 10% distortion

*Readings for 500 milliwatt constant output. Speaker disconnected and replaced with a 3.2 ohm load resistor. Signal from generator modulated 30% at 400 cycles.

To restring the main tuning dial cord, cut a 25" length of 18 lb test dial cord and tie one end to the tension spring of the main tuning capacitor drive pulley at position "A" on the diagram. Following the letters "A" through "S", wind the cord on the pulley and knob drive shaft. At position "S", stretch the tension spring and tie the cord securely. Cut off the excess cord. Note that three turns are wound on the knob drive shaft.

To restring the bandspread tuning dial cord, cut a 30" length of the dial cord and follow the procedure as explained above, except start at position "1" on the diagram and proceed through R10 position "14". Then turn knob pulley maximum clockwise, slide pointer to 100 and insert cord in clip on pointer. Note that the knob pulley has two turns.



Model EC-112 and EC-113 bottom view of chassis showing location of component parts.

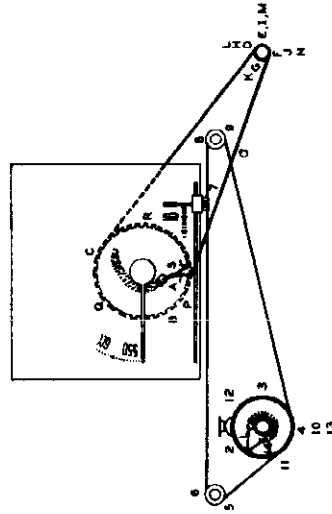


Fig. 3. Dial cable stringing procedure; main tuning is indicated by letters, and band spread tuning is indicated by numbers.

ECHOPHONE RADIO A HALLICRAFTERS PRODUCT

REF. NO.	DESCRIPTION	HALLICRAFTERS PART NUMBER	LIST PRICE PER COMPONENT
C-1, 3, & 4	CAPACITORS Antenna trimmers; 3 section unit	44A162	\$.40
C-2	Main tuning capacitor; 2 sections, ganged; 12.3 to 354.6 mmf, each section; air	48B165	2.17
C-5	2.5mm/0.1mmick; twisted insulated leads. NOT FURNISHED AS A REPLACEMENT PART. SHOW FOR REFERENCE ONLY.		
C-6, 8, 24	100 mmf; 20%; 500 vdcw; mica	CM20A101M	.10
C-7	47 mmf; 20%; 500 vdcw; mica	CM20A470M	.10
C-8, 9, 11	Oscillator trimmer; 4 section	44B161	.45
C-12	2400 mmf; 20%; 500 vdcw; mica	CM30A242M	.25
C-13	4300 mmf; 10%; 500 vdcw; mica	CM35A432K	.35
C-14 & 15	Trimmers for IF transformer; T-7, NOT A REPLACEMENT PART. Furnished with replacement transformer; T-7. SEE LISTING REF. NO. T-7.		
C-16	0.1 mfd; 15%; 500 vdcw; tubular paper	46A1104J	.10
C-17, 19, 21	0.01 mfd; 20%; 500 vdcw; tubular paper	46A1103F	.10
C-20	0.001 mfd; 15%; 500 vdcw; tubular paper	46A2502J	.10
C-21	0.05 mfd; 15%; 500 vdcw; tubular paper	46A2503J	.15
C-22 & 23	Trimmers for IF transformer; T-8, NOT A REPLACEMENT PART. FURNISHED WITH REPLACEMENT TRANSFORMER T-8. SEE LISTING REF. NO. T-8.		
C-26A, B, C & D	Electrolytic; 4 section unit; sect. A—40 mfd; 1150 vdcw; sect. B & C—25 mfd; 25 vdcw; sect. D—20 mfd, 25 vdcw.	45B095	1.10
C-28	0.001 mfd; 20%; 500 vdcw; tubular paper	46A2102H	.10
C-31	220 mmf; 20%; 500 vdcw; mica	CM20A221M	.10
C-35	0.005 mfd; 20%; 500 vdcw; tubular paper	46A2502J	.10
LM-1	6/8 volt @ 150 ms; brown bead; bayonet base; G.E. type 47	39A004	.10
LS-1	PILOT LAMPS Loud Speaker	85B038	3.02
PL-1	PLUGS Line cord with two prong plug; 6 ft cord	87A078	.35
R-1 & 5	RESISTORS 1000 ohm; 20%; 1/2 watt; carbon; (NOTE: R-1 is included with antenna loop transformer ref. no. T-1, but is available as a separate replacement part.)	RC20AE102M	.10
R-2	1 megohm; 20%; 1/2 watt; carbon	RC20AE105M	.10
R-3 & 11	47,000 ohm; 20%; 1/2 watt; carbon	RC20AE473M	.10
R-4	47 ohm; 20%; 1/2 watt; carbon	RC20AE470M	.10
R-6	220 ohm; 20%; 1 watt; carbon	RC20AE221M	.10
R-7	4700 ohm; 20%; 1 watt; carbon	RC20AE472M	.10
R-8, 13, 18 & 19	470,000 ohm; 20%; 1/2 watt; carbon	RC20AE474M	.10
R-9	330,000 ohm; 20%; 1/2 watt; carbon	RC20AE334M	.10
R-10	2.2 megohm; 20%; 1/2 watt; carbon	RC20AE225M	.10
R-12	22 ohm; 20%; 1 watt; carbon	RC20AE220M	.10
R-14 & S-3	VOLUME control; 2.2 megohm, tapped at 220,000 ohm, variable; includes SPST toggle action switch, S-3 on rear.	25A561	.80
R-15	680 ohm; 20%; 1 watt; carbon	RC20AE681M	.10
R-16	10 megohm; 20%; 1/2 watt; carbon	RC20AE105M	.10
R-17	470 ohm; 20%; 1/2 watt; carbon	RC20AE471M	.10
R-20	150 ohm; 20%; 1/2 watt; carbon	RC20AE151M	.10
S-1	SWITCHES Banswitch; rotary; 2 section, 3 position	80B*50	\$ 1.35
S-2	Tone control switch	80A246	.25
S-3	Receiver on/off switch; part of resistor R-14 assembly. NOT FURNISHED AS A SEPARATE REPLACEMENT PART. SEE LISTING REF. NO. R-14.		
T-1	TRANSFORMERS Antenna loop assembly; includes resistor R-1.	57C104	1.05
T-2 & 3	Mixer coil assembly for short wave bands, both short wave ranges	51B814	.93
T-4	Oscillator coil for local broadcast band	51A811	.45
T-5 & 6	Oscillator coil assembly for short wave bands, both short wave ranges	51B815	.93
T-7	Input IF transformer; 455kc; trimmer tuned.	50B196-5	.95
T-8	Diode IF transformer; 455kc; trimmer tuned.	50B196-2	.95
T-9	Audio output transformer; matches output tube to 3 ohm voice coil of PM speaker.	56B080-2	.80
TS-1	TERMINAL STRIPS External antenna and ground connector strip	88A589	.10

MISCELLANEOUS COMPONENTS COMMON TO BOTH MODELS

QUANT. IN EQUIPMENT	DESCRIPTION	HALLICRAFTERS PART NUMBER	LIST PRICE PER COMPONENT
1	Pilot lamp dial socket; bayonet base	86A036-1	.15
1	Bracket; tuning capacitor mounting	67B581	.10
1	Bracket; tuning shaft mounting	67A582	.10
1	Steel tuning shaft	74A176	.10
1	Acetate dial window	22B151	.25
1	Main tuning dial scale pointer	82A106	.15
1	Bandspread tuning dial scale pointer	82A107	.15
1	Calibrated dial scale	83B271	.88
1	Drive pulley	28A022	.10
2	Idle pulley	28A023	.10
1	Line cord lock	76A299	.10
1	Electrolytic capacitor (C-26) hold down clamp	76A300	.10
1	Cam for switch, S—	77A207	.10
6	Tube sockets; octal; Amphenol type MIP-8	6A255	.10

MISCELLANEOUS COMPONENTS FOR MODEL EC-112 ONLY

1	Cabinet; bakelite; walnut finish	66E307-2	.40
3	Knob; bakelite; walnut finish	15B067-2	.10
1	Knob; bakelite; walnut finish with dot	15B075-2	.10
1	Cabinet; bakelite; ivory finish	66E307-3	.40
3	Knob; bakelite; ivory finish	15B067-1	.10
1	Knob; bakelite; ivory finish with dot	15B075-1	.10
1	Cabinet bottom plate	63C246	.40

MISCELLANEOUS COMPONENTS FOR MODEL EC-113 ONLY

1	Cabinet; wood	66E316	.40
4	Knob; wood	15B075-4	.10
1	Dial escutcheon; brass	7C027	.73
1	Cabinet back; cardboard	32C339	.10

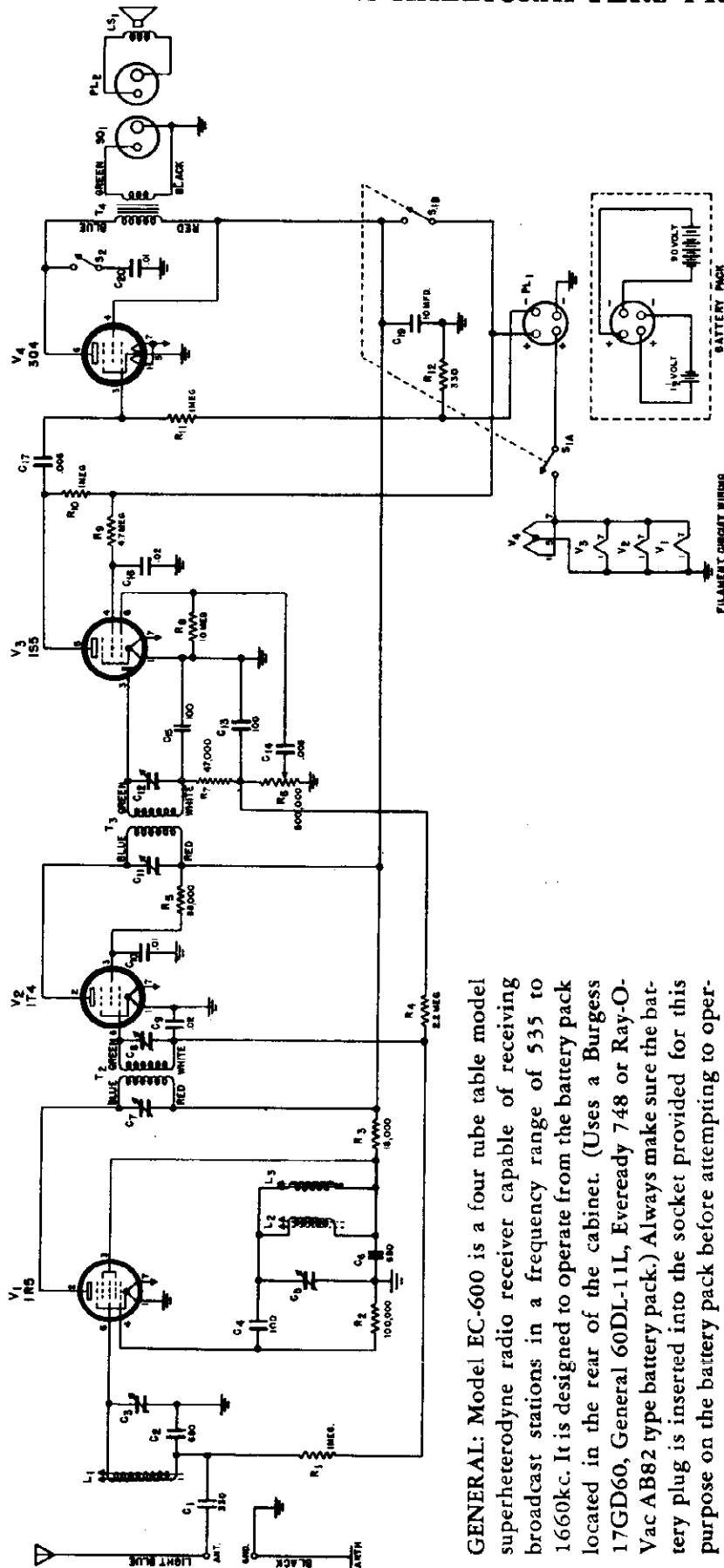
* Prices available on request.
When ordering, please specify Model number of receiver and part number of item.
NOTE: All prices subject to change without notice.

POWER SUPPLY DATA: Both receiver models are designed to operate from a line voltage of 105 to 125 volts AC/DC with a power drain of 30 watts nominal. Power to the receivers is supplied through the line cord extending from the rear of the cabinets.

TUBE TYPES AND FUNCTIONS: 12SA7GT/G-mixer-oscillator; 2-12SK7GT/G's as I-F amplifiers; 12SQ7GT/G-Detector, AVC and First audio amplifier; 35L6GT/G-Audio power amplifier; 35Z5GT/G-Power rectifier for a-c operation.

MODEL EC-600

ECHOPHONE RADIO A HALLICRAFTERS PRODUCT



TUBES, TYPES and FUNCTIONS:
 Type 1R5-mixer/oscillator
 Type 1T4- IF amplifier
 Type 1S5- detector, AVC,
 audio amplifier
 Type 3Q4- audio power amp.

GENERAL: Model EC-600 is a four tube table model superheterodyne radio receiver capable of receiving broadcast stations in a frequency range of 535 to 1660kc. It is designed to operate from the battery pack located in the rear of the cabinet. (Uses a Burgess 17GD60, General 60DL-11L, Eveready 748 or Ray-O-Vac AB82 type battery pack.) Always make sure the battery plug is inserted into the socket provided for this purpose on the battery pack before attempting to operate the receiver. The filament current drain is 0.25 amp.; B plus drain is 14 ma. Leads are provided at rear of chassis for connection to an external antenna and ground. Note that the loudspeaker is connected to the receiver through the plug on the rear of the chassis. Always make sure the speaker is plugged in before turning the set on.

DETAILED SERVICE INFORMATION

IF FREQUENCY	RECEIVER OVERALL SELECTIVITY	IMAGE RATIO	RECEIVER OVERALL SENSITIVITY	AUDIO OUTPUT
455 kc	6 kc wide at 6 db down 13 kc wide at 20 db down 41 kc wide at 60 db down (1000 kc input to the antenna; output constant)	83:1 at 1000 kc	50 microvolt at 1000 kc for 0.05 watt output	0.15 watt with less than 10% distortion. Audio section bandpass: 45 to 10,000 C.P.S.

ECHOPHONE RADIO A HALLICRAFTERS PRODUCT

EQUIPMENT:

1. Signal generator capable of the ranges indicated on the alignment chart, including a 400 cycle audio modulator.
2. Output meter capable of handling 1.5 watts of audio power.
3. *Standard RMA dummy antenna.
4. Non-metallic screw driver.

*Standard RMA dummy antenna consists of a 200 mmf condenser in series with a 20uh r-f choke which is shunted by a 400mmf condenser in series with a 400 ohm carbon resistor.

CONNECTIONS: Connect the signal generator "cold" lead to the receiver chassis, the "hot" lead as indicated in the chart.

Connect the output meter across the speaker voice coil.

CONTROL SETTINGS: After allowing about a ten minute warm up period, set the receiver controls as follows: Volume control—maximum clockwise; tuning control is set as indicated in the chart.

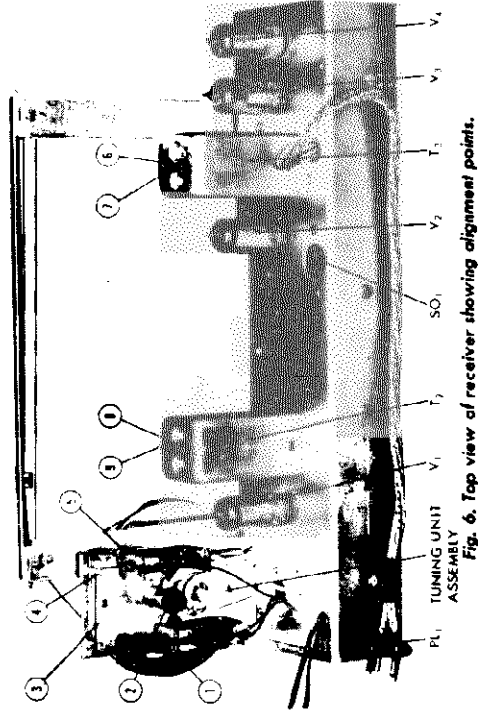


Fig. 6. Top view of receiver showing alignment points.

ALIGNMENT CHART

DUMMY ANT. IN SERIES WITH SIG. GENERATOR	CONNECTION OF SIG. GENERATOR OUTPUT TO RECEIVER	SIGNAL GEN. FREQUENCY SETTING	RECEIVER DIAL SETTING	ADJUST SLUG, PADDER, OR TRIMMER NO.	DESCRIPTION	TYPE OF ADJUSTMENT MAKE ADJUSTMENT FOR	STEP NO.
None	Antenna lead at chassis rear	455kc	1000kc	6 & 7 8 & 9	Diode IF Input IF	Maximum output Maximum output Repeat steps 1 & 2	1 2 3
BROADCAST BAND ADJUSTMENT							
Standard RMA Dummy	Antenna lead at chassis rear	1660kc 1660kc 1400kc	Maximum clockwise Maximum clockwise 1400kc	3 4 5	Osc. Trimmer Ante. Trimmer Ant. coil	Maximum output Maximum output Maximum output by moving coil mounting up or down on chassis Repeat step 4 * Maximum output slug	4 5 6 7 8

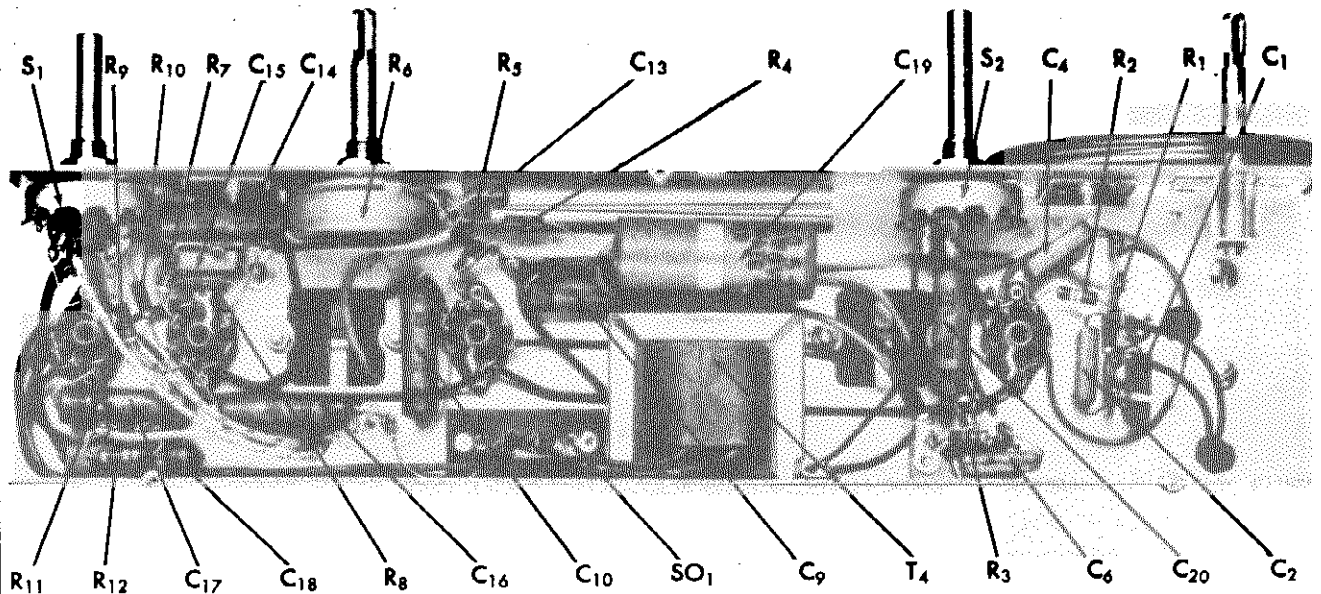
NOTE: Repeat adjustments 4 through 7 as often as necessary, in order listed. Do NOT change the position of the OSCILLATOR coil (ref. 1 on Fig. 2). Adjusting the ANTENNA coil location is sufficient.
* Rotate the tuning control when making this adjustment.

ECHOPHONE RADIO A HALLICRAFTERS PRODUCT

REF. NO.	DESCRIPTION	HALLICRAFTER'S PART NUMBER	LIST PRICE
CAPACITORS			
C-1	330 mmf; 20%; 500 vdcw; mica	CM20A331M	.15
C-2 & 6	680 mmf; 20%; 500 vdcw; mica	CM20A681M	.20
C-3	Trimmer for mixer coil; part of tuning unit assembly; shown for reference only; NOT AVAILABLE AS A SEPARATE REPLACEMENT PART.		
C-4, 13 & 15	100 mmf; 20%; 500 vdcw; mica	CM20A101M	.10
C-5	Trimmer for oscillator coil; part of tuning unit assembly; shown for reference only; NOT AVAILABLE AS A SEPARATE REPLACEMENT PART.		
C-7 & 8	Trimmer for input IF transformer T-2; shown for reference only; NOT AVAILABLE AS A SEPARATE REPLACEMENT PART.		
C-9 & 16	0.02 mfd; 20%; 200 vdcw; tubular paper	46AU203F	.10
C-10 & 20	0.01 mfd; 20%; 200 vdcw; tubular paper	46AU103F	.10
C-11 & 12	Trimmer for diode IF transformer, T-3; shown for reference only; NOT AVAILABLE AS A SEPARATE REPLACEMENT PART.		
C-14 & 17	0.005 mfd; +40 - 10%; 200 vdcw; tubular paper	46AU502J	.10
C-18	0.05 mfd; 20%; 200 vdcw; tubular paper	46AU503F	.10
C-19	Electrolytic; 10 mfd; 150 vdcw; dry	45B098	.36
PLUGS			
PL-1	Battery connector plug and cable assembly	87A1555	*
PL-2	Loudspeaker voice coil connector plug; part of speaker assembly, LS-1; also is available as a separate replacement part	10A243	.10
LOUDSPEAKER			
LS-1	6" diam. cone; PM type; 3 ohm voice coil; includes two connector cable and plug for connection to output transformer secondary winding through socket SO-1	85C039	3.43
RESISTORS			
R-1, 10 & 11	1 megohm; 20%; 1/2 watt; carbon	RC20AE105M	.10
R-2	100,000 ohm; 10%; 1/2 watt; carbon	RC20AE104K	.10
R-3	18,000 ohm; 10%; 1/2 watt; carbon	RC20AE183K	.10
R-4	2.2 megohm; 20%; 1/2 watt; carbon	RC20AE225M	.10
R-5	68,000 ohm; 20%; 1/2 watt; carbon	RC20AE683M	.10
R-6	Volume Control; 500,000 ohm; no taps	25A567	.58
R-7	47,000 ohm; 20%; 1/2 watt; carbon	RC20AE473M	.10
R-8	10 megohm; 20%; 1/2 watt; carbon	RC20AE106M	.10
R-9	4.7 megohm; 20%; 1/2 watt; carbon	RC20AE475M	.10
R-12	330 ohm; 20%; 1/2 watt; carbon	RC20AE331M	.10

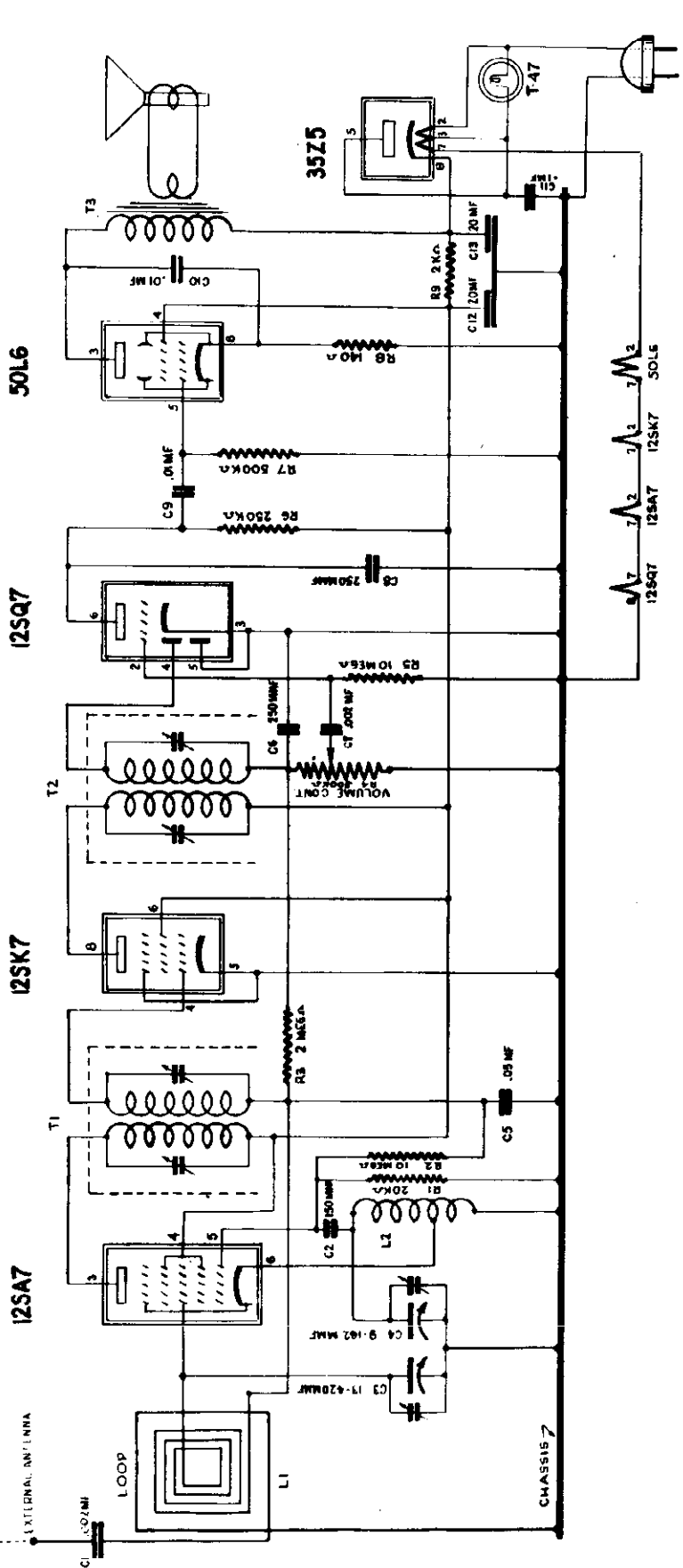
REF. NO.	DESCRIPTION	HALLICRAFTER'S PART NUMBER	LIST PRICE
SWITCHES			
S-1A & B	On/Off battery switch; DPST; rotary action	60A258	.54
S-2	Normal/Bass tone switch; SPST; Rotary action	60A259	.44
TUNING UNIT ASSEMBLY			
	Complete tuning unit; includes mixer coil L-1 and its trimmer C-3; also oscillator coil L-2, its trimmer C-5 and its padding adjustment slug tuned coil L-3; supplied as one complete assembly only	50B199	
TRANSFORMERS			
T-2	Input IF transformer; 455 kc; includes trimmer capacitors C-7 and C-8	50C196-3	.9
T-3	Diode IF transformer; 455 kc; includes trimmer capacitors C-11 and C-12	50C196-4	.9
T-4	Audio output transformer; matches the output of a tube type 3Q4 to the voice coil of a 3 ohm, PM type loudspeaker	55B085	1.1
MISCELLANEOUS MECHANICAL COMPONENTS			
QUANTITY IN EQUIPMENT	DESCRIPTION	HALLICRAFTER'S PART NUMBER	LIST PRICE
4	Tube socket; 7 prong miniature; bakelite	6A219	.1
3	Idler pulley; bakelite	28A023	.1
1	Dial pointer; painted metal	82A113	.1
1	Calibrated dial scale plate	83B272	.7
1	Glass dial window	22B163	.1
1	Dial window mounting bracket	67A617	.1
2	Dial plate mounting bracket	67B612	.1
2	Tuning shaft mounting bracket	67A582	.1
1	Tuning shaft; steel	74A192	.1
1	Drive pulley; for tuning unit assembly	28A025	.1
1	Dial tension spring for drive pulley	75A102	.1
3	Knobs; bakelite; walnut	15B068-1	.1
1	Cabinet; wood; walnut	66F328	.1
1	Knob; bakelite; walnut with dot	15B077-1	.1

* Price available on request.
NOTE: Prices subject to change without notice. When ordering parts, specify model number of item and part number of item.



Radio Receiver Model EC-600, bottom view showing location of components.

ELECTROMATIC MFG. CORP.



- ALTERNATIVE TUBES
- OCTAL 12SQ7
 - 12SA7 or 14Q7
 - 12SK7 or 14A7/12B7
 - 12SQ7 or 14B6
 - 50L6 or 50A5
 - 35Z5 or 35Y4

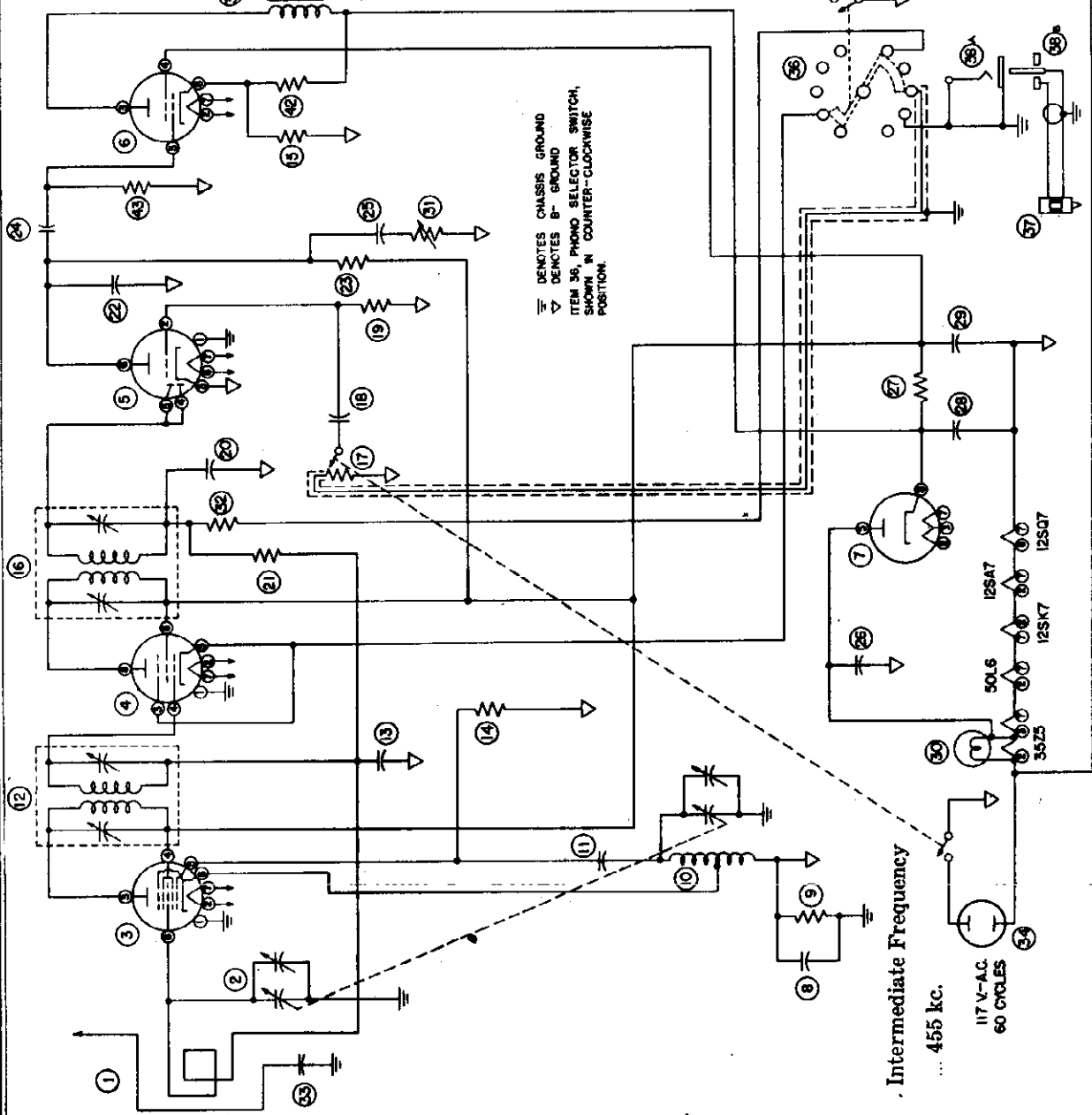
MODEL AR-5C
1.7-455KC
INPUT POWER - 30 WATTS

ELECTRONIC CORP. OF AMERICA

Schematic Symbol	Part No.	Description
1	C-ZQ499*	Loop Antenna
2	S-ZQ501	Capacitor, Variable
3		12SA7GT Vacuum Tube
4		12SK7GT Vacuum Tube
5		12SQ7GT Vacuum Tube
6		50L6GT Vacuum Tube
7		35Z5GT Vacuum Tube
8	CP183D	Cap., Paper, .2 mfd., 200 v.
9	RS190B	Resistor, 220,000 ohm, 1/4 w.

Loudspeaker..... Alnico V PM Dynamic
V.C. Impedance... 3.2 ohms at 400 cycles
Power Output (Undistorted)... 1.0 watt

10	S-LR120	Coil, Oscillator
11	CM103E	Cap., Mica, 100 mmf.
12	S-LR121	Transformer, Input IF
13	CP105D	Cap., Paper, .05 mfd., 200 v.
14	RS193BA	Resistor, 27,000 ohm, 1/4 w.
15	RS136CA	Resistor, 150 ohm, 1/4 w.
16	S-LR122	Transformer, Output IF
17	S-RV171-1*	Control, Vol. & Sw., 500,000 ohm
18	CP116E	Cap., Paper, .005 mfd., 400 v.
19	RS237B	Resistor, 4.7 megohm, 1/4 w.
20	CM112E	Cap., Mica, 250 mmf.
21	RS122B	Resistor, 1 megohm, 1/4 w.
22	CM112E	Cap., Mica, 100 mmf.
23	RS190B	Resistor, 220,000 ohm, 1/4 w.
24	CP104E	Cap., Paper, .02 mfd., 400 v.
25	CP105E	Cap., Paper, .05 mfd., 400 v.
26	CP105E	Cap., Paper, .05 mfd., 400 v.
27	RS195EA	Resistor, 1500 ohm, 2 w.
28	S-CE122M	Cap., Electrolytic, 50 mfd., 150 v.
29	S-CE122M	Cap., Electrolytic, 30 mfd., 150 v.
30	IP214	Pilot Bulb, #47 Mazda
31	S-RV174-1*	Control, Variable Tone
32	RS229BA	Resistor, 56,000 ohm, 1/4 w.
33	CP116E	Cap., Paper, .005 mfd., 400 v.
34	WC148	Power Cord, 6 ft., with Male Plug
35	S-TA115	Transformer, Output



⊥ DENOTES CHASSIS GROUND
▽ DENOTES B- GROUND
ITEM 35, PHONO SELECTOR SWITCH,
SHOWN IN COUNTER-CLOCKWISE
POSITION.

36	S-SR186-1*	Switch, Phono Selector
37	QP100	Phono Pickup
38A	JJ237	Phono Receptacle, Pickup
38B	JJ241	Phono Plug, Pickup
40	TT100-1,2	Phono Motor and Turntable
41	S-QL104	Speaker, 5" PM
42	RS193DA	Resistor, 27,000 ohm, 1 w.
43	RS189BA	Resistor, 470,000 ohm, 1/4 w.
50L6		50L6GT Vacuum Tube
12SA7		12SA7GT Vacuum Tube
12SK7		12SK7GT Vacuum Tube
12SQ7		12SQ7GT Vacuum Tube
35Z5		35Z5GT Vacuum Tube

*For Model 105, substitute the following:
B-ZQ587 for C-ZQ499
S-RV171-2 for S-RV174-1

MODELS 104, 105, 106
Early

ELECTRONIC CORP. OF AMERICA

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

The following equipment is necessary to properly align this chassis:

1. A signal generator which will provide an accurately calibrated signal at the frequencies listed.
2. An output meter.
3. A non-metallic screwdriver.
4. Any loop similar to the one used in the receiver.

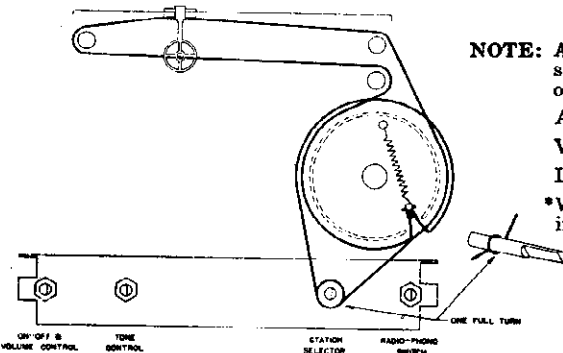
PROCEDURE

1. Mount the loop in a vertical position on a block of wood so that it may be coupled parallel to the set loop.
2. Connect the loop to the output terminals of the signal generator.

INPUT SIGNAL	DISTANCE BETWEEN GEN. AND SET LOOP	SET DIAL AT	TRIMMERS	PURPOSE
455 kc.	Close	HF end	1 2 3 4	Align IF
1720 kc.	Close	HF end	5	Set limit of band
1400 kc.	1 1/2'	1400 kc.	6	Align antenna

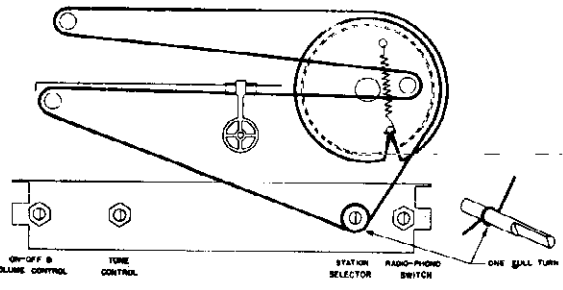
SOCKET VOLTAGES

TUBE	POSITION	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
12SA7GT	Oscillator and Mixer	0	24 AC	84	84	-11*	0	125 AC	0
12SK7GT	IF Amplifier	0	24 AC	0	0	0	84	35 AC	84
12SQ7GT	2nd Det. - 1st Audio	0	0	0	0	0	18	0	125 AC
50L6GT	Power Output	0	83 AC	108	84	0	0	35 AC	6
35Z5GT	Rectifier	0	117 AC	111 AC	0	111 AC	0	83 AC	117



Dial Mechanism

Models 104, 106



Dial Mechanism

Model 105

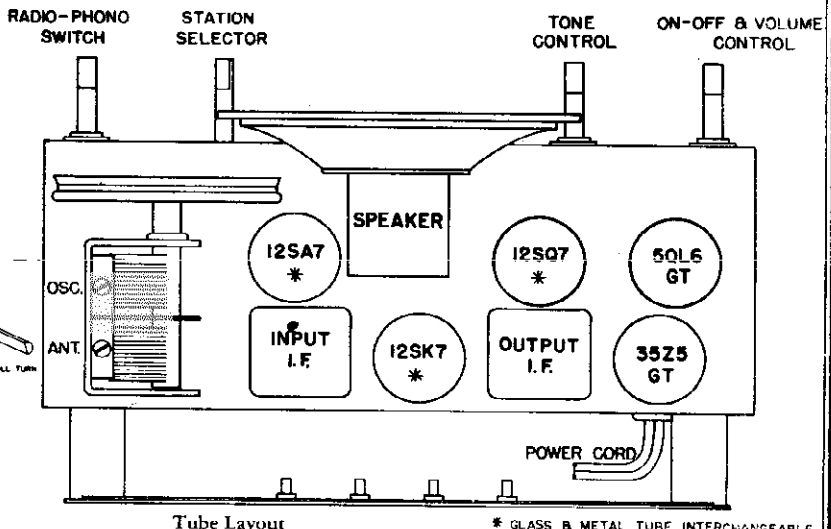
NOTE: All DC voltages measured with a 1000 ohm-per-volt meter from ON-OFF switch (-B) to socket contact indicated. All voltages are positive DC unless otherwise marked.

AC switch on.

Volume control in minimum position; no signal.

Line voltage 117 volts AC.

*When a vacuum tube voltmeter with approximately 10 megohms or higher input resistance is used.



Tube Layout

* GLASS & METAL TUBE INTERCHANGEABLE

MODELS 101,102,133
MODEL 121

ELECTRONIC CORP. OF AMERICA

SET INDICATOR TO THIS DIMENSION WITH GANG FULLY MESHED

INDICATOR
PART NO. A-AQ 760

DRIVE CORD
PART NO. WC 147

NOTE: GANG FULLY MESHED

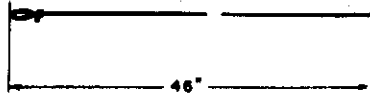
SPRING
PART NO. A-AQ 589

MODELS
101
102
133
CHASSIS
AA

TWO FULL TURNS

GUIDE PULLEY
PART NO. A-HQ 772

DRIVE SHAFT
PART NO. A-OQ 190-1



SET INDICATOR TO THIS DIMENSION WITH GANG FULLY MESHED

INDICATOR
PART NO. A-AQ 765-2

SPRING
PART NO. A-AQ 589

NOTE: GANG FULLY MESHED

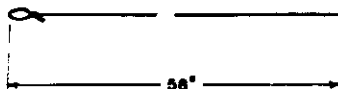
DRIVE CORD
PART NO. WC 147

MODEL
121
CHASSIS
AP

TWO FULL TURNS

GUIDE PULLEY
PART NO. A-HQ 772

DRIVE SHAFT
PART NO. A-OQ 190-1



MODELS 101,102,133
MODELS 104,105,106
MODEL 121

ELECTRONIC CORP. OF AMERICA

In order to make a proper alignment, the following equipment is required:

1. A signal generator capable of providing a modulated radio frequency output over the frequencies required.
2. A suitable output meter or sensitive AC voltmeter with a .1 mfd series blocking condenser.
3. A coupling loop, made of three turns of stiff hookup wire, 4 inches in diameter, mounted on a suitable block of wood or stand.
4. A non-metallic screwdriver.

With the receiver on and the volume control at maximum, connect the signal generator to the coupling loop and bring the loop close to the receiver chassis. Adjust the signal generator output to minimum necessary to give a suitable indication on the output meter, which should be connected from B minus to the plate of one output tube. CAUTION: Make sure the output meter is isolated from DC by a series blocking condenser.

ALIGNMENT DATA

MODELS 104, 105, 106, 102, 101, 133

I.F. FREQ. - 455KC.

SET SIGNAL GENERATOR AT	SET GANG	LOOP DISTANCE	ADJUST TRIMMER	TUNE FOR	OPERATION
455 KC	Fully Meshed	Close	12a 12b 16a 16b	Max.	Align I.F.
1720 KC	Fully Open	Close	2b	Max.	Set Osc.
1400 KC	1400 KC	Close	2a	Max.	Align R.F.

MODEL 121

I.F. FREQ. - 455 KC.

SET SIGNAL GENERATOR AT	SET GANG	LOOP DISTANCE	ADJUST TRIMMER	TUNE FOR	OPERATION
455 KC	Fully Meshed	Close	34a 34b 35a 35b	Max.	Align I.F.
1720 KC	Fully Open	Close	13b	Max.	Set Osc.
1400 KC	1400 KC	Close	13a	Max.	Align R.F.

ELECTRONIC CORP OF AMERICA

In order to make a proper alignment, the following equipment is required:

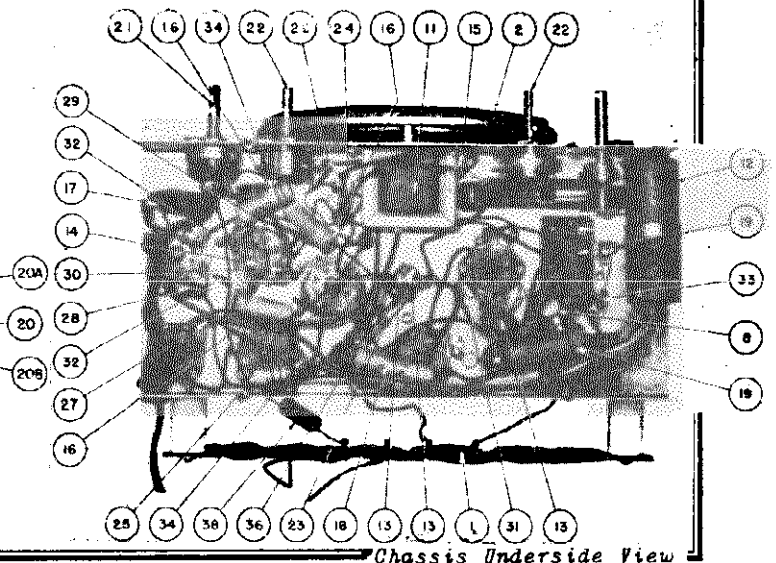
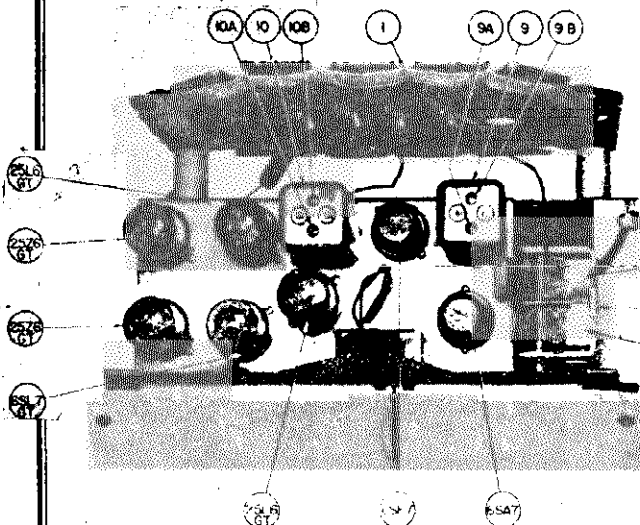
1. A signal generator capable of providing a modulated radio frequency output over the frequencies required.
2. A suitable output meter or sensitive AC voltmeter with a .1 mfd series blocking condenser.
3. A coupling loop, made of three turns of stiff hookup wire, 4 inches in diameter, mounted on a suitable block of wood or stand.
4. A non-metallic screwdriver.

With the receiver on and the volume control at maximum, connect the signal generator to the coupling loop and bring the loop close to the receiver chassis. Adjust the signal generator output to minimum necessary to give a suitable indication on the output meter, which should be connected from B minus to the plate of one output tube. CAUTION: Make sure the output meter is isolated from DC by a series blocking condenser.

With the gang condenser fully meshed, adjust the pointer so that the left hand edge of the pointer saddle is one inch from the end of the dial frame. (See *Dial Installation drawing*) Using the dial scale contained in this Service Bulletin, align the pointer to the indicated reference mark with the pointer set as above. Then proceed with the alignment in accordance with the chart below:

SET SIGNAL GENERATOR AT	SET GANG	LOOP DISTANCE	ADJUST TRIMMER	TUNE FOR	OPERATION
455 KC	Meshed	Close	9a 9b 10a 10b	Max.	Align - I.F.
1720 KC	Fully Open	Close	20a	Max.	Align Oscillator
1400 KC	1400 KC	Close	20b	Max.	Align - R.F.

Chassis Top View



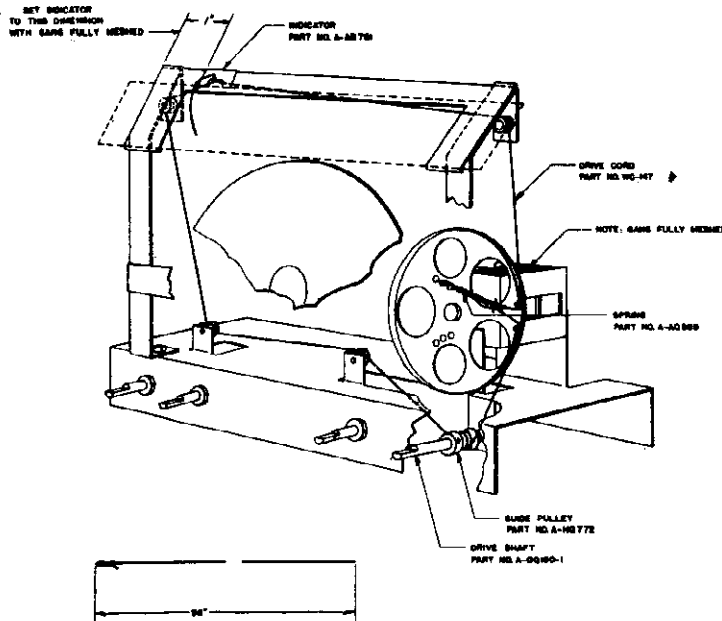
Chassis Underside View

ELECTRONIC CORP. OF AMERICA

Replacement of Dial Drive Cord

Completely remove remainder of defective dial cord. Inspect all pulleys and make sure they revolve freely. Determine that no grease or oil is present on any pulley surface. Attach the cord spring, part #A-AQ589, to one end of the drive cord. Fully mesh the gang condenser and hook the spring to the hole closest to the cord cutout on the dial drum. Proceed to string dial cord in accordance with the detail drawing. Take two full turns around the drive drum, around gang drum and pull cord snug. Securely tie free end of cord to the cord spring. Next, adjust spring tension by moving the hook end of the spring into the next spring hole.

Clip the pointer on to the dial cord with sufficient tension so as to prevent slippage and adjust pointer position, so that with fully meshed gang, the left edge of the pointer saddle is one inch from the edge of the dial support frame. Insert chassis in cabinet and check pointer and scale agreement. Then make final adjustment of pointer position. Remove the chassis and firmly crimp the pointer prongs on the dial cord, and secure with a small drop of speaker cement.



Replacement of Audio Output Transformers

When replacing the audio output transformer, original lead dress must be maintained. If either primary or secondary windings are reversed, the set will have a severe audio oscillation, due to the inverse feedback network.

Replacement of I.F. Transformers

When replacing intermediate frequency transformers, either input or output, use caution to observe original lead dress.

MODEL 108

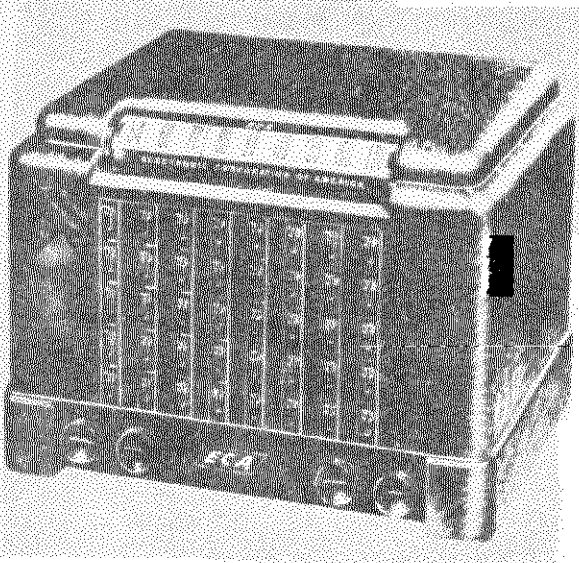
ELECTRONIC CORP. OF AMERICA
Service Parts List

No.	PART NAME	PART NO.	No.	PART NAME	PART NO.
1	Loop Antenna	C-ZQ-522*	30	Resistor, Fixed, 18K ohm, 1/4 w., 10%	RS-222B
2	Speaker	S-QL-105E*	31	" " 22K " 1/4 w.	RS-197B
8	Oscillator Coil	S-LR-120*	32	" " 100K " 1/4 w., 10%	RS-120B
9	Input I.F. Transformer	S-LR-127*	33	" " 220K " 1/4 w.	RS-190B
10	Output I.F. Transformer	S-LR-128*	34	" " 470K " 1/4 w., 10%	RS-189B
11	Output Transformer	S-TA-116*	36	" " 2.2 meg.	RS-223B
12	Electrolytic Condenser	S-CE-126M*	37	Pilot Bulb, G.E., 3 w., 110 v.	IP-115
13	Condenser, Mica, 100 mmf.	CM-103E	38	Condenser, Paper, .005 mf., 200 v.	CP-116D
14	" " 250 mmf.	CM-112E		Cabinet, Bakelite	E-AQ-640*
15	" " Paper, .002 mf., 400 v.	CP-122E		Knob Assembly	A-ZQ-577*
16	" " .02 mf.	CP-104E		Dial Scale	C-NP-157-3*
17	" " .05 mf.	CP-105E		Pointer	A-AQ-761*
18	" " .05 mf., 200 v.	CP-105D		Dial Cord Spring	A-AQ-589*
19	" " .2 mf., 200 v.	CP-133D		Tuning Shaft	A-OQ-190-1*
20	Variable Capacitor and Drum	S-ZQ-500*		"C" Washer	HN-405*
21	On-off Switch	S-SR-137*		Dial Cord Bushing	A-HQ-772*
22	Vol. Control, Tone Control, 500K ohms	S-RV-174-1*		Pilot Light Socket	S-XQ-164*
23	Resistor, Fixed, 47K ohm, 1/4 w.	RS-1868		Dial Background Plate	B-AQ-758*
24	" " 33 " 1/4 w.	RS-220B		Loop Spacer Block	A-AQ-637*
25	" " 82 " 1 w., 10%	RS-221D		Felt Knob Washers	HN-365*
26	" " 100 " 1/4 w.	RS-114B		Dial and Speaker Support	C-ZQ-619*
27	" " 1500 " 1/2 w., 10%	RS-195C		5 Lug Terminal Panel	EO-380*
28	" " 1500 " 2 w., 10%	RS-195E		Line Cord and Plug	WC-148*
29	" " 2.2K " 1/4 w.	RS-185B			

Note: All items followed by an asterisk (*) will be stocked by the Electronic Corporation of America. All unmarked items may be replaced by any high quality component of equal electrical value.

All DC voltage measurements in this Service Bulletin have been made with a 20,000 ohms per volt voltmeter, using B minus as a common reference point. All AC voltage measurements are with 1000 ohms per volt voltmeter. Line voltage was maintained at 117 volts for all voltage measurements. The condenser gang should be fully meshed and the volume control at its minimum point. Voltages may vary $\pm 10\%$ from the indicated nominal value.

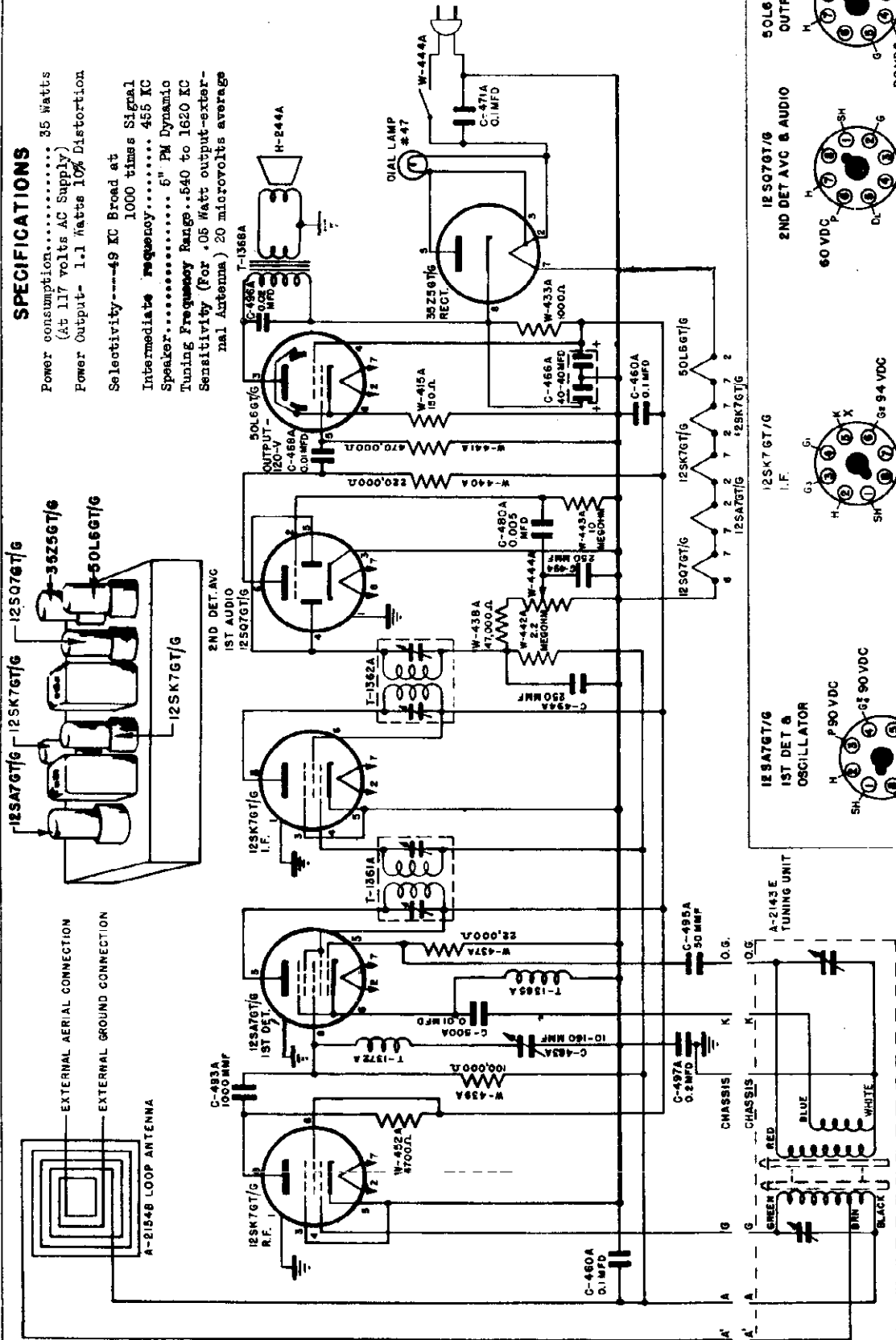
Measurements of oscillator grid bias voltage should be made with a 50,000 ohm resistor in series with the negative probe of the meter, and the positive prod connected to B minus. Rotate the tuning condenser throughout its complete range with the meter connected. Absence of bias voltage at any point is an indication that the oscillator is not functioning.



- CABINET Plastic, Walnut Finish
- CIRCUIT 7 Tube, Superheterodyne
- FREQUENCY RANGE 540 to 1720 KC
- INTERMEDIATE FREQ. 455 KC
- POWER INPUT 110 to 125 V. AC-DC
- POWER CONSUMPTION 60 Watts
- ANTENNA Built-in Loop
- SPEAKER Alnico V PM Dynamic 6"
- V.C. IMPEDANCE 3.2 ohms at 400 Cycles
- POWER OUTPUT 3 Watts Undistorted

ELECTRONIC LABORATORIES, INC.

SPECIFICATIONS
 Power consumption..... 35 Watts
 (At 117 volts AC Supply)
 Power Output- 1.1 Watts 10% Distortion
 Selectivity-----49 KC Broad at
 Intermediate frequency..... 465 KC
 Speaker..... 6" PM Dynamic
 Tuning Frequency Range..540 to 1620 KC
 Sensitivity (For .05 Watt output-external Antenna) 20 microvolts average



E.L. MODEL 270I

STANDARD TUBE SOCKET SYMBOLS

DEF DEFLECTOR PLATES G₁ GRID NO.5
 DL DIODE PLATE-LEFT H HEATER
 D₁ DIODE PLATE-RIGHT H₁ HEATER TAP
 K CATHODE
 G GRID
 G₁ GRID NO.1
 G₂ GRID NO.2
 G₃ GRID NO.3
 G₄ GRID NO.4

50L6GT/G OUTPUT
 12SK7GT/G I.F.
 12SA7GT/G 1ST DET & OSCILLATOR
 12SQ7GT/G 2ND DET AVC & AUDIO

MEASUREMENTS TAKEN WITH AC LINE VOLTAGE OF 117 VOLTS - READINGS TAKEN WITH NO SIGNAL INPUT. - USE 1000.0 PER VOLT METER BETWEEN INDICATED POINTS & ELECTRICAL GND. NO MEASUREMENTS MADE TO CHASSIS.

F-2234B

MODEL 2701

ELECTRONIC LABORATORIES, INC.

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

Volume Control-Maximum All Adjustments.

Allow Chassis and Signal Generator to "Heat Up" for several minutes.

The equipment in column at right is required for Aligning:

Signal Generator which will provide an accurately calibrated signal at test frequencies as listed.

Output Indicating Meter; Non-Metallic Screwdriver.

Dummy Antennas-.01 mf., and 400 ohms.

SIGNAL GENERATOR			DUMMY ANTENNA	TUNER SETTING	TRIMMER ADJUSTMENT (SEE DIAGRAM)	NOTES
FREQUENCY SETTING	ANTENNA CONNECTION	COUPLING				
I.F. 455 KC	Grid of RF tube 12SK7	Ground generator to chassis	0.01 mfd	Out	Adjust for Max. 1, 2, 3 and 4	No signal will be heard unless trimmer condenser under chassis is unscrewed and reduced from original setting
I.F. 455 KC	Grid of RF tube 12SK7	Ground generator to chassis	0.01 mfd	Out	Trim condenser under chassis for Min. output.	If it is found that regeneration prevails when the loop antenna is put in its normal position close to the tubes, then the under chassis trimmer is incorrectly set, and should be adjusted to prevent the regenerative condition.
1620 KC	Inductive Coupling to Loop	Loop coupling with leads brought out	400 ohms in series with Antenna & Gnd. leads	Out	Adjust Csc. #5 per Max. signal	
1400 KC	Inductive Coupling to Loop	Loop coupling with leads brought out	400 ohms in series with Antenna & Gnd. leads	Dial set for 1400KC	Adjust RF trimmer #6 per Max. Signal.	
700 KC	Inductive Coupling to Loop	Loop Coupling with leads brought out	400 ohms in series with Antenna & Gnd. leads	Dial set for 700KC	Adjust RF tuning core #7 for Max. (care should be taken not to disturb carriage position of tuner)	

4. Adjust screw on trimmer of wave trap towards open position so that condenser plates are open at least 1/32".

B. I.F. ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

1. Feed I.F. frequency from the signal generator through a 0.01 mfd condenser to the control grid of the R. F. tube.
2. No signal will be heard unless trimmer condenser under chassis is unscrewed and reduced from original setting.
3. Turn volume control full on.
4. Make preliminary I.F. adjustment with signal level approximately 50 Mv.
5. Tune I.F. trimmers for maximum signal, reducing I.F. signal input to coupling loop to keep output voltage less than 0.5 V.
6. When maximum output has been secured, adjust trimmer condenser in the I.F. trap (under chassis) by turning clockwise to the minimum signal.

C. R.F. ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

1. Volume control full on.
2. Adjust tuning unit to top stop position.
3. Feed 1620 kc signal into external loop. Hold audio output below 0.5 V. Adjust the oscillator trimmer condenser to maximum output.
4. Move slugs in by means of tuning dial so that pointer is approximately 1" from the stop end, and a signal received from the external loop on a frequency of 1400 kc. Adjust lower trimmer (R.F. trimmer) to maximum output. Reduce R.F. input to keep signal output voltage below 0.5 V.
5. Rotate tuning shaft until pointer is approximately 1" from the other end of the scale. Feed to the external loop a test signal at 700 kc. Adjust the R. F. coil slug by rotation to maximum output.

D

1. Alternately adjust R.F. trimmers at 1400 kc. and R.F. slug at 700 Kc. until maximum sensitivity is attained at both frequencies.

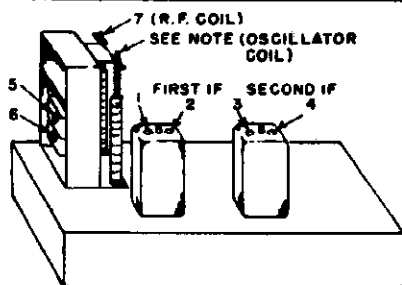
- E. When set is correctly aligned, the low frequency end of the tuning range should fall at 540 Kc.

CAUTION: Extreme care should be taken in the 700 kc. position to make sure that the tuner carriage is not moved by the adjusting tools or hand pressure on the slug screw. Carriage should not be held against the frame, but should be allowed to assume its normal position when adjusting the R.F. coil slug.

ALIGNMENT NOTES

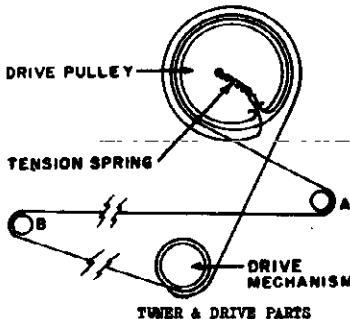
A. MECHANICAL ALIGNMENT: The following mechanical adjustments should be made before alignment:

1. Rotate shaft of tuning unit until carriage is against top stop position.
2. Space oscillator coil slug 1-5/32" out from top of oscillator coil form.
3. Space R.F. coil slug 1-29/64" out from top end of R.F. coil winding. (Note: The distance 1 and 2 should be measured from mounted end of the slug)



DRIVE CORD REPLACEMENT

Turn the tuner to the fully open position. Use a new cord 50" long and tie one end to the tension spring. Fasten the other end of the tension spring to the drive pulley. Pass cord through slot in pulley ring; add spring tension and continue one and one-half turns counterclockwise over top of pulley. Then pass cord around idler pulley A, starting over top and going around counter clockwise. Pass cord over idler pulley B, starting over top and going around counter clockwise. Wind one full turn counterclockwise around drive mechanism. Then wind one full turn counterclockwise around drive pulley, pass through slot in pulley and tie string to tension spring. Cut off excess string. Attach dial pointer to cord.



- A-2143E Tuner Assembly
- L-2450A Pulley-Drive
- L-2451A Pulley-Idler

- U-1442A Shoulder Rivet
- H-247B Glass Dial
- H-246A Translucent Screen
- U-1445A Snaps for Screen
- U-1461A Pointer
- U-1444A Spring
- S-599A Pilot Light Socket Assembly
- A-2155A Dial Drive Assembly

RESISTORS

- W-415A 180 ohm, 0.5 Watt Carbon
- W-462A 4700 ohm, 0.5 Watt Carbon
- W-433A 1000 ohm, 1.0 Watt Carbon
- W-437A 22,000 ohm, 0.25 Watt Carbon
- W-438A 47,000 ohm, 0.25 Watt Carbon
- W-439A 100,000 ohm, 0.25 Watt Carbon
- W-440A 220,000 ohm, 0.25 Watt Carbon
- W-441A 470 ohm, 0.25 Watt Carbon
- W-442A 2.2 megohm, 0.25 Watt Carbon
- W-443A 10 megohm, 0.25 Watt Carbon
- W-444A Switch & Pot, 500,000 ohm, Carbon

COILS

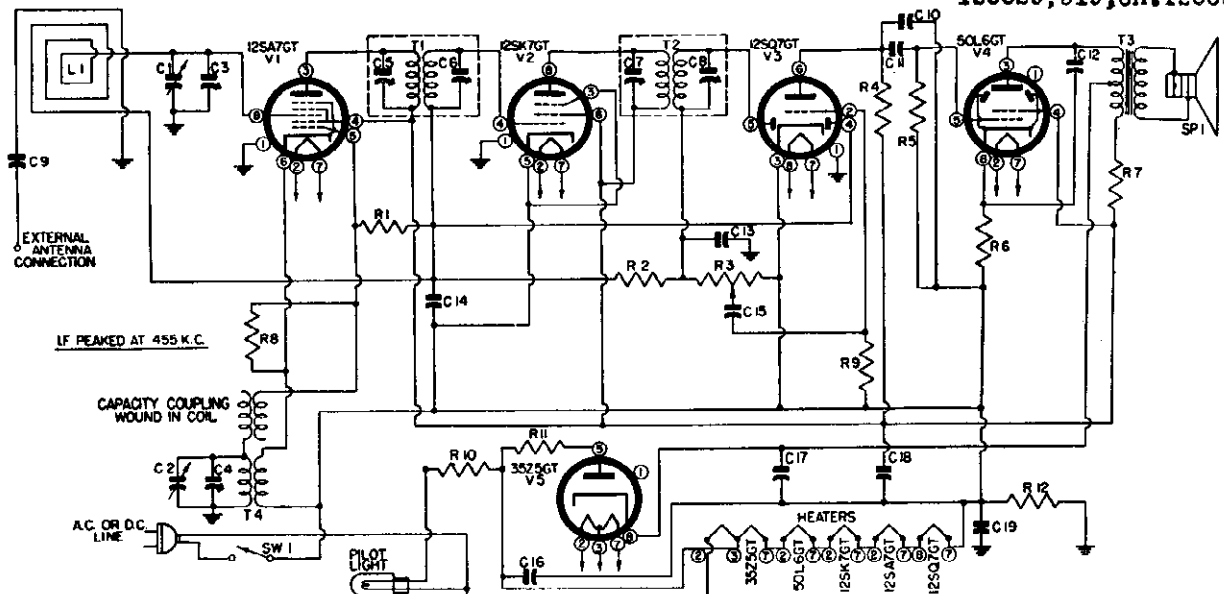
- A-2154B Antenna & Back Cover Assembly
- T-1361A 1st I.F. Transformer 455 KC
- T-1362A 2nd I.F. Transformer 455 KC
- T-1365A R. F. Choke Coil 1.4 MH
- T-1368A Audio Transformer
- T-1372A R.F. Choke Coil 3.0 MH

CAPACITORS

- C-471A 0.1 mfd, 400 V Tubular
- C-493A 1000 mmf, 350 V Ceramic
- C-494A 250 mmf, 350 V Ceramic
- C-495A 50 mmf, 500 V Ceramic
- C-490A 0.005 mfd, 400 V Tubular
- C-466A 40-40 mfd, 150 V Electrolytic
- C-483A 10-160 mmf Trimmer
- C-496A 0.02 mfd, 200 V Tubular
- C-460A 0.1 mfd, 200 V Tubular
- C-497A 0.2 mfd, 400 V Tubular
- C-500A 0.01 mfd, 400 V Molded

EMERSON RADIO & PHONO. CORP.

MODELS 501, 502, 503, 504,
510, 520, Ch. 120,000,
120029; 519, Ch. 120030



The following voltage readings are d-c measurements taken from B— (line switch) in the indicated tube-socket pin. A 1000 ohms-per-volt meter should be used for all readings except those indicated by an asterisk (*), which should be taken with a d-c vacuum-tube voltmeter. Line voltage for these readings was 117 volts, 60 cycles, a.c. Measurements made with 117 volts d.c. will be lower than those given below. Take readings with the volume control set at minimum and the variable condenser closed.

TUBE	PIN NUMBER							
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
12SA7			89	89	*-10			*-1.6
12SK7				*-1.6		89		89
12SQ7		*-0.7		*-1.6	-0.5	37.5		
50L6GT			110	89				6.2
35Z5GT				116		116		117

An oscillator with frequencies of 455, 600 and 1425 kc is required.

An output meter should be connected across the primary or secondary of the output transformer for observing maximum response.

Always use as weak a test signal as possible when aligning the receiver.

Plug the receiver into the power supply outlet in such a way that the ground side of the power line is connected to the receiver B—.

Location of Coils and Trimmer Adjustments

The first i-f transformer (T1) is mounted on top of the chassis deck to the right of the variable condenser. The trimmers (C5, C6) are accessible through holes in the top of the can.

The second i-f transformer (T2) is mounted on top of the chassis between the variable condenser and the speaker. The trimmers (C7, C8) are accessible through holes in the top of the can.

The trimmer for the antenna (C3) and the trimmer for the oscillator coil (C4) are located on the variable condenser. The trimmer on the front section is for the oscillator coil.

The oscillator coil (T4) is located underneath the chassis. The loop antenna acts as the antenna coil.

FREQUENCY RANGE: 540-1620 kc.

NUMBER OF TUBES: Five.

TYPE OF TUBES:

- 1—12SA7, pentagrid oscillator-modulator
- 1—12SK7, first i-f amplifier
- 1—12SQ7, diode detector, a-f amplifier, a.v.c.
- 1—50L6GT, beam power output
- 1—35Z5GT, half-wave rectifier

I-F Alignment

1. Rotate the variable condenser to the minimum capacity position.
2. Feed 455 kc to the converter grid (stator of the r-f section of the variable condenser) and adjust the four i-f trimmers (C5, C6, C7, C8) for maximum response.

R-F Alignment

1. Connect the oscillator to a coil composed of three to four turns of wire wound in a circle approximately 12" in diameter. This coil should be held parallel to and in line with the loop antenna of the receiver at a distance of 15 to 20 inches.
2. Radiate a signal at 1425 kc, set the dial indicator to 1425 kc, and adjust the trimmers on the variable condenser (C3, C4) for maximum response.
3. Radiate a 600 kc signal and tune in the signal on the receiver. Adjust the loose outside turn of the loop antenna for maximum response. This loose turn may be moved to either side of the center. Fasten it in the position which gives maximum response.
4. Repeat steps 2 and 3 until no further improvement is evident.

POWER SUPPLY: A.C. or D.C.

VOLTAGE RATING: 105-125 volts.

POWER CONSUMPTION: 30 watts.

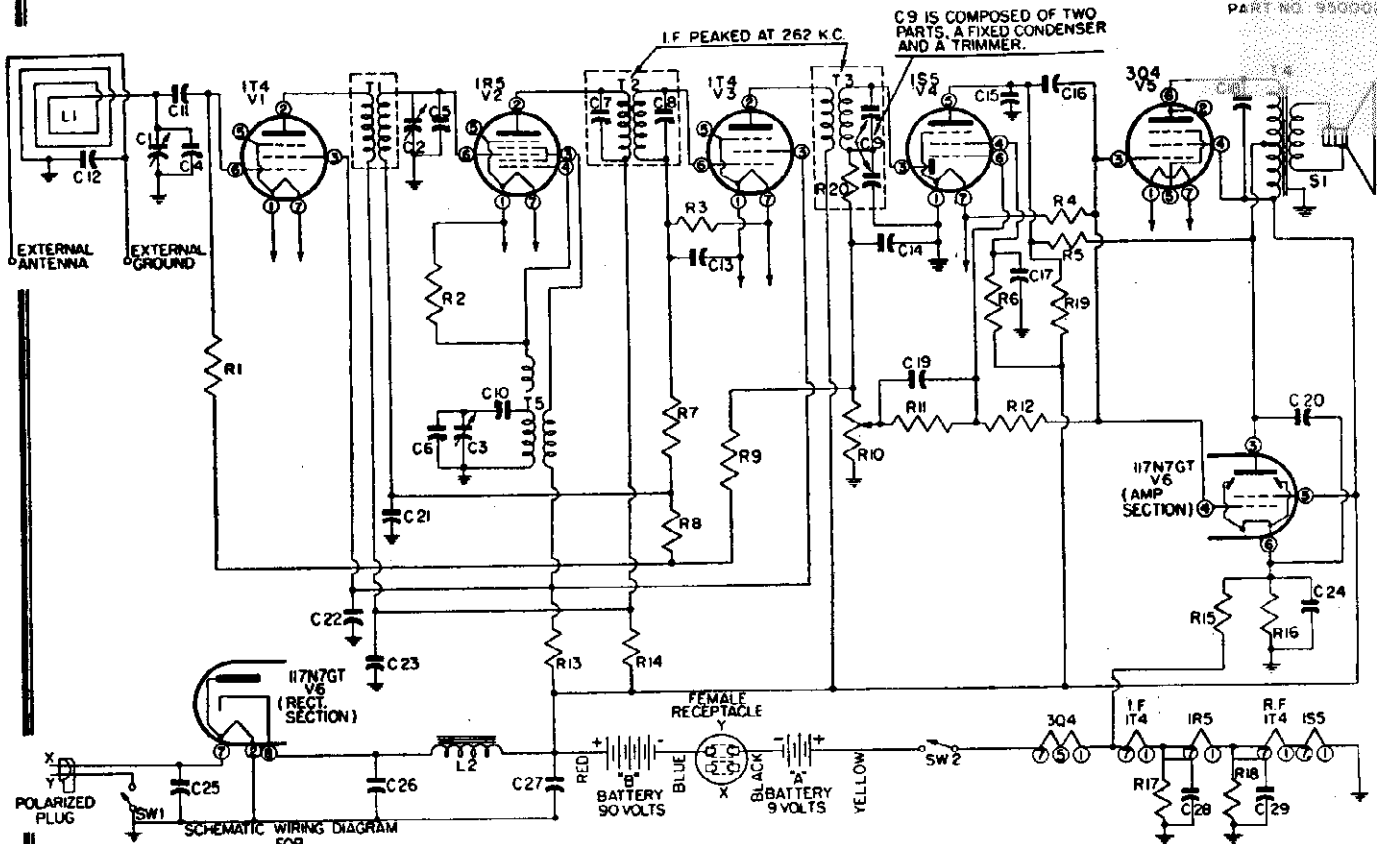
DIAL CORD REPLACEMENT

Draw the cord snugly around the condenser pulley and knot it, with no slack, near the notch in the pulley, after which the spring may be hooked to the cord and pulley.

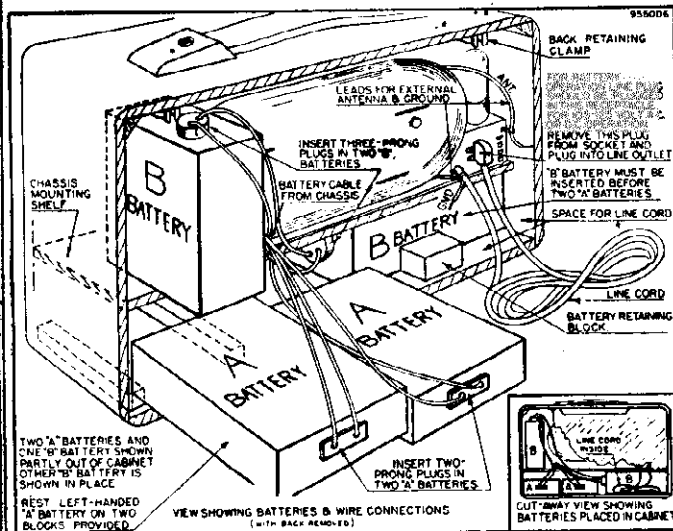
EMERSON RADIO & PHONO. CORP.

MODEL 505, Ch. 120002

PART NO. 95000



Battery Installation



TYPE OF TUBES:

- 1—1R5, oscillator-modulator
- 2—1T4, r-f and i-f amplifiers
- 1—1S5, 2nd detector, a.v.c., a-f amplifier
- 1—3Q4, beam power output (battery operation)
- 1—117N7, beam power output and half-wave rectifier (line operation)

POWER SUPPLY: Battery, a.c. or d.c.

VOLTAGE RATING: 105-125 volts a.c.-d.c. (line operation).

POWER CONSUMPTION: 20 watts (line operation).

CURRENT DRAIN:

- "A" Battery—0.05 amp.
- "B" Battery—0.01 amp.

BATTERY COMPLEMENT

The cabinet is designed to house the complete set of batteries. The battery complement should be as follows:

Battery Type	Number Required	Eveready Part No.	Rayovac Part No.	Burgess Part No.
4½ volt "A"	2	746 (plug-in type)	P83A or EM-83 (plug-in type)	3G (plug-in type)
45 volt "B"	2	482 Minimax (plug-in type)	—	—

MODEL 505, Ch. 120002

EMERSON RADIO & PHONO. CORP.

Schematic Symbol	Part No.	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
C1, C2, C3	900080	Three-gang variable condenser	\$5.50
*C4		Trimmer part of C1	
*C5		Trimmer, part of C2	
*C6		Trimmer, part of C3	
*C7, C8		Trimmers, part of T2	
*C9		Trimmer and fixed condenser, part of T3	
C10	900110	Padding condenser	.45
C11, C13	920060	0.05 mfd., 200 V. condenser	.20
C12, C18	920010	0.002 mfd., 600 V. condenser	.20
C14	910010	110 mmfd., mica condenser	.20
C15	910050	400 mmfd., mica condenser	.25
C16, C19, C21, C22, C29	920100	0.02 mfd., 200 V. condenser	.20
C17, C20	920090	0.01 mfd., 400 V. condenser	.20
C23	920020	0.02 mfd., 400 V. condenser	.20
C24	925090	100 mfd., 25 V. electrolytic condenser	.90
C25	920030	0.05 mfd., 400 V. condenser	.20
C26, C27	925050	20-40 mfd., 135 V. dual electrolytic condenser	1.20
C28	920110	0.25 mfd., 100 V. condenser	.25
L1	700090	Loop antenna	1.20
L2	737010	Filter choke	1.95
R1, R3, R5, R6, R7, R8	311330	3.3 meg., 1/4 watt resistor	.12
R2	310970	100,000 ohms, 1/4 watt resistor	.12
R4, R19	321130	470,000 ohms, 1/4 watt resistor	.12
R9	321290	2.2 meg. 1/4 watt resistor	.12
R10	390020	Volume control, 500,000 ohms	1.10
R11	311390	5.6 meg., 1/4 watt resistor	.12
R12	321450	10 meg., 1/4 watt resistor	.12
R13	340770	15,000 ohms, 1/2 watt resistor	.14
R14	340630	3,900 ohms, 1/2 watt resistor	.14
R15	310130	33 ohms, 1/4 watt resistor	.12
R16	310610	3,300 ohms, 1/4 watt resistor	.12
R17	310570	2,200 ohms, 1/4 watt resistor	.12
R18	310450	680 ohms, 1/4 watt resistor	.12
*R20		47,000 ohms, 1/4 watt resistor, part of T4	
S1	180006	Permanent magnet speaker, 5"	5.00
*SW1		Line switch on volume control R10	
*SW2		Battery switch on volume control R10	
T1	713000	R.F. coil	1.60
T2	720170	First i-f transformer	1.65
T3	720190	Second i-f transformer	2.20
T4	734040	Output transformer	1.85
T5	716030	Oscillator coil	1.10
	140002	Cabinet	7.50
	460470	Knob	.10
DIAL PARTS			
	280133	Drive shaft	.15
	587000	Drive cord spring	.05
	520039	Dial backplate	.10
	525120	Pointer assembly	.20
	460040	Dial crystal	.75

*Not supplied separately.

List price each effective as of January 1, 1946. (Prices subject to change without notice.)

GENERAL NOTES

- The color coding of the i-f transformer leads is as follows:
Grid—green Plate—blue
Grid return—black B+—red
- The color coding of the battery cable is as follows:
Red—B+, 90 Volts Yellow—A+, 9 Volts
Blue—B— Black—A—
- If replacements are made in the r-f section of the circuit, the receiver should be carefully realigned.
- A.C.-D.C. Operation: Remove the rear cover; it is held in place by two spring latches. Take out the line cord, removing the plug from its receptacle at the rear of the chassis. Insert the plug in the wall outlet. If the power supply is d.c. and the receiver does not operate at first, remove the plug from the wall outlet, turn it half way around and reinsert it in the outlet, thus obtaining the proper polarity.

TUBE	PIN NUMBER							
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1T4(VT)	1,2	88	56		1,2	*0,3	2,4	
1R5	2,4	88	56	-8	2,4	*1,5	3,7	
1T4(V2)	3,7	98	56		3,7	*2,3	4,9	
1S5	0		*-0,3	*19	*50	*-0,2	1,2	
3Q4	4,9	92	*1,1	98	4,9	92	4,9	
117N7			92	*1,1	98	6,25		125

The following voltage readings are d-c measurements taken with a line voltage of 117 volts, 60 cycles from B— (chassis) to the indicated tube-socket pin. A 1000 ohms-per-volt meter should be used for all readings except those indicated by an asterisk (*), which should be taken with a d-c vacuum-tube voltmeter. Take readings with the volume control set at minimum and the variable condenser closed.

An oscillator with frequencies of 262, 600 and 1425 kc is required.

An output meter should be connected across the primary or secondary of the output transformer for observing maximum response.

Always use as weak a test signal as possible, turning down the output of the test oscillator as the alignment of the receiver progresses.

Plug the receiver into the power supply in such a way that the ground side of the power line is connected to the receiver B—.

Location of Coils and Trimmer Adjustments

The oscillator coil (T5) is located beneath the chassis. The trimmer for the oscillator (C6) is on the middle section of the variable condenser.

The interstage coil (T1) is the shielded coil located beneath the chassis. Its trimmer (C5) is on the front section of the variable condenser.

The trimmer for the loop antenna (C4) is on the last section of the variable condenser (the section nearest the loop).

The i-f transformers are mounted on top of the chassis. The first i-f transformer (T2) is mounted next to the loop. The second i-f transformer (T3) is mounted next to the dial.

The series padder (C10) is located on the chassis between the variable condenser and the shielded 1T4 tube.

I-F Alignment

Rotate the variable condenser to the minimum capacity position. Feed 262 kc to the converter grid and adjust the three i-f trimmers for maximum response.

Interstage Alignment

- Set the dial indicator to 1425 kc, feed 1425 kc to the r-f grid, and adjust the oscillator and interstage trimmers for maximum response.
- Set the dial indicator to 600 kc, feed 600 kc to the r-f grid, and adjust the oscillator padding trimmer by rocking in the signal for maximum response.
- Repeat steps 1 and 2 until no further improvement is possible.

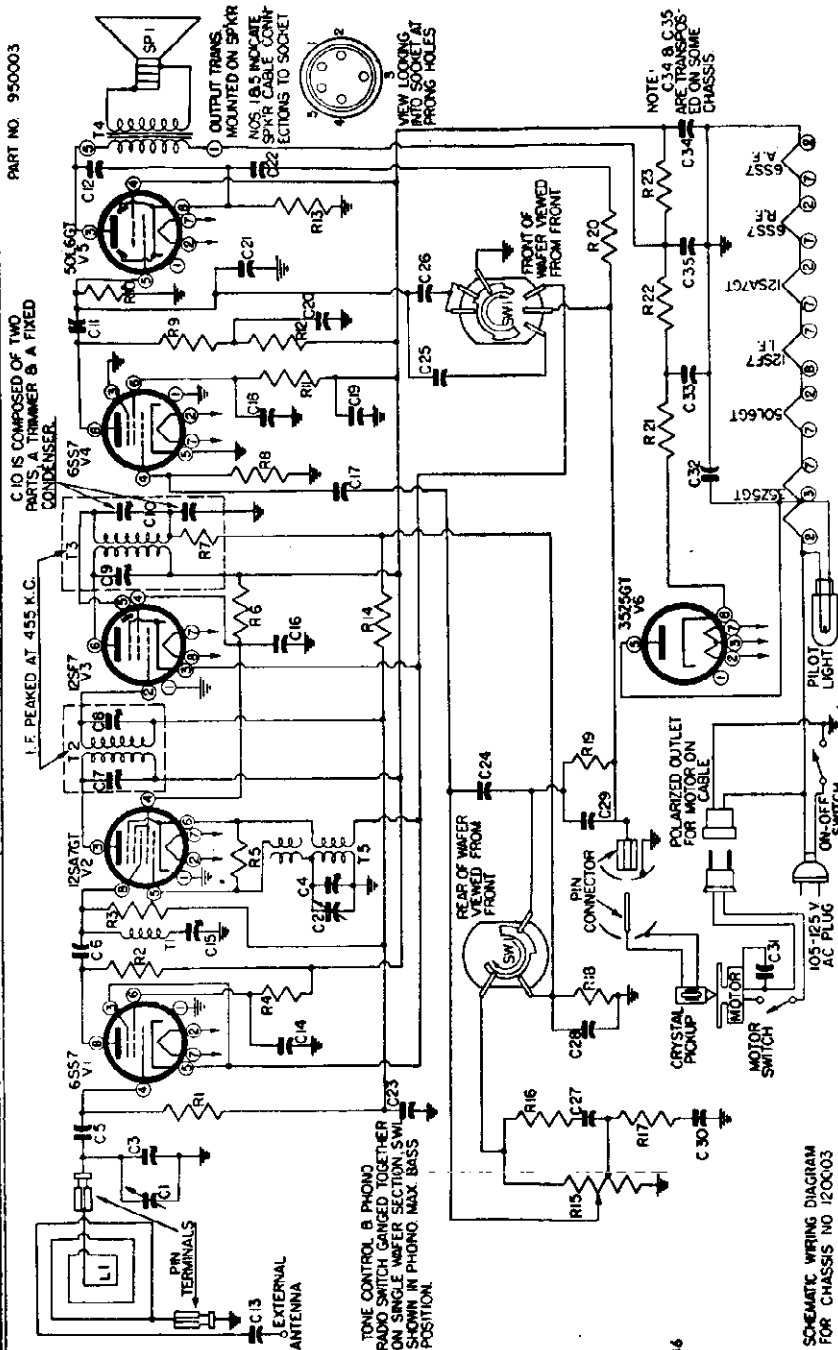
Loop Alignment

Connect the test oscillator to a coil composed of three or four turns of wire wound in a loop approximately 12" in diameter. This coil should be held parallel to and in line with the receiver's loop at a distance of 15 to 20 inches.

- Radiate a signal at 1425 kc, tune in the signal on the receiver, and adjust the loop trimmer for maximum response.
- Radiate a signal at 600 kc, tune in the signal on the receiver, and adjust the loose outside turn of the loop antenna for maximum response. This loose turn may be moved to either side of the center. Fasten it in the position which gives maximum response.
- Repeat steps 1 and 2 until no further improvement is possible.

EMERSON RADIO & PHONO. CORP.

PART NO. 950003



SCHEMATIC WIRING DIAGRAM FOR CHASSIS NO 120003

The following voltage readings are d-c measurements taken from B— (chassis) to the indicated tube-socket pin. A 1000 ohms-per-volt meter should be used for all readings except those indicated by an asterisk (*), which should be taken with a d-c vacuum-tube voltmeter. Line voltage for these readings was 117 volts, 60 cycles, a.c. Take readings with the volume control set at minimum, the variable condenser closed, and the phonograph-radio switch in the treble radio position.

The color coding of the i-f transformer leads is as follows:
 Plate—blue
 B+—red
 Grid return—black
 Grid—green

- 2—6SS7, r-f and a-f amplifiers
- 1—12SA7, pentagrid oscillator-modulator
- 1—12SF7, diode detector, i-f amplifier, a.v.c.
- 1—50L6GT, beam power output
- 1—35Z5GT, half-wave rectifier

POWER SUPPLY: A.C. only, 60 cycles.

VOLTAGE RATING: 105-125 volts.

POWER CONSUMPTION:
 30 watts for the receiver.
 20 watts for the phono motor.

TUBE	PIN NUMBER									
6SS7 (V1)						55				8
12SA7			92		*-0.9					52
12SF7					84					*-0.82
6SS7 (V4)					84					*42
50L6GT			100		*-7.5	92				5.6
					93	75				120
					115	108				

EMERSON RADIO & PHONO. CORP.

Schematic Symbol	Part No.	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
C1	900180	Two-gang variable condenser	\$4.50
C2	900190	1.6-12 mfd. trimmer	.25
C3	910010	Trimmer, part of C2	.20
C4	910010	0.00022 mfd. mica condenser	.20
C5	910010	0.00011 mfd. mica condenser	.20
C6	910010	Trimmers, part of T7	.20
C7	920020	Trimmer, part of T7	.20
C8	920020	Trimmer, part of T7	.20
C9	920020	Trimmer, part of T7	.20
C10	920020	Trimmer, part of T7	.20
C11	920020	Trimmer, part of T7	.20
C12	920020	Trimmer, part of T7	.20
C13	920020	Trimmer, part of T7	.20
C14	920020	Trimmer, part of T7	.20
C15	920020	Trimmer, part of T7	.20
C16	920020	Trimmer, part of T7	.20
C17	920020	Trimmer, part of T7	.20
C18	920020	Trimmer, part of T7	.20
C19	920020	Trimmer, part of T7	.20
C20	920020	Trimmer, part of T7	.20
C21	920020	Trimmer, part of T7	.20
C22	920020	Trimmer, part of T7	.20
C23	920020	Trimmer, part of T7	.20
C24	920020	Trimmer, part of T7	.20
C25	920020	Trimmer, part of T7	.20
C26	920020	Trimmer, part of T7	.20
C27	920020	Trimmer, part of T7	.20
C28	920020	Trimmer, part of T7	.20
C29	920020	Trimmer, part of T7	.20
C30	920020	Trimmer, part of T7	.20
C31	920020	Trimmer, part of T7	.20
C32	920020	Trimmer, part of T7	.20
C33	920020	Trimmer, part of T7	.20
C34	920020	Trimmer, part of T7	.20
C35	920020	Trimmer, part of T7	.20
L1	700070	Loop antenna	1.25
L2	700070	1 meg., 1/2 watt resistor	1.25
R1	310730	10,000 ohms, 1/2 watt resistor	.12
R2	310730	10,000 ohms, 1/2 watt resistor	.12
R3	310730	22,000 ohms, 1/2 watt resistor	.12
R4	310810	22,000 ohms, 1/2 watt resistor	.12
R5	310810	50,000 ohms, 1/2 watt resistor	.12
R6	340990	1,000 ohms, 1/2 watt resistor	.14
R7	321650	17,000 ohms, 1/2 watt resistor	.11
R8	321650	10,000 ohms, 1/2 watt resistor	.11
R9	321650	20,000 ohms, 1/2 watt resistor	.11
R10	321130	470,000 ohms, 1/2 watt resistor	.12
R11	321130	2.2 meg., 1/2 watt resistor	.12
R12	310800	47,000 ohms, 1/2 watt resistor	.12
R13	340200	150 ohms, 1/2 watt resistor	.14
R14	321330	3.3 meg., 1/2 watt resistor	.12
R15	350050	2.5 meg. volume control and switch	1.15
R16	320970	100,000 ohms, 1/2 watt resistor	.12
R17	310050	15 ohms, 1/2 watt resistor	.12
R18	397010	180 ohms, 1 watt ceramic resistor	.16
R19	370410	470 ohms, 1 watt resistor	.16
R20	180004	Speaker, 6 1/2" permanent magnet (low output transformer)	7.00
SW1	510100	Phono and tone switch	1.15
T1	708000	Wave trap	.90
T2	720270	First I-F transformer	1.65
T3	720270	Second I-F transformer	2.00
T4	714050	Oscillator coil	.80
T5	714050	Oscillator coil	.80
T6	583000	Line cord	.60
T7	140003	Cabinet, walnut	42.50
T8	140011	Cabinet, mahogany	42.50
T9	460478	Knob, volume and selector	.10
T10	460300	Knob, phono-radio	.10
T11	560080	Bottom cover	.85
T12	819005	Record changer, or	45.00
T13	819005	Record changer	40.00
DIAL PARTS			
	807010	Pilot light No. 31	.09
	507110	Pilot light socket	.20
	411070	Dial plate	.40
	525100	Pointer	.30
	280153	Drive shaft	.15
	387000	Drive cord spring, dial	.05
	387070	Drive cord spring, variable condenser	.05

*Price supplied separately.

I-F Alignment and Wave Trap Alignment

1. Set the variable condenser to the minimum capacity position.
2. Feed 455 kc to the grid (pin 6) of the 12SA7 tube through a 0.01 mfd. condenser and adjust the four I-F trimmers (C7, C8, C9, C10) for maximum response.
3. Feed 455 kc to the external antenna lead and adjust the wave trap (T1, C13) for minimum response.

R-F Alignment

1. Set the variable condenser at maximum capacity and the front edge of the pointer opposite the maximum capacity marker on the lower edge of the dial plate. The markers are small triangular indentations on the front edge. Looking at the front of the set from left to right are calibration points for maximum capacity, 500 kc, 1425 kc, and 1800 kc.
2. Connect the test oscillator to a coil composed of three or four turns of wire in a circle approximately 1 1/2" in diameter. Place the coil in the antenna lead with the receiver loop at a distance of approximately 15 to 20 inches. During alignment procedure, make sure the relative positions of the receiver and loop are similar to actual operating positions when mounted on the cabinet.
3. Radiate a signal at 1425 kc, set the dial indicator opposite the 1425 kc marker, and adjust both oscillator and antenna trimmers for maximum response.
4. Radiate a 600 kc signal, tune in the signal on the receiver, and adjust the loose outside turn of the loop antenna for maximum response. This loose turn may be moved to either side of the center. Fasten it in the position which gives maximum response.
5. Repeat steps (3) and (4) until no further improvement is possible.

An oscillator with frequencies of 455, 600, and 1425 kc is required.

An output meter should be connected across the primary or secondary of the output transformer for observing maximum and minimum response, as required.

Always use as weak a test signal as possible, turning down the output of the test oscillator as the alignment of the receiver progresses.

Turn the volume control on full and set the tone control in the most brilliant position.

Location of Coils and Trimmer Adjustments

The first I-F transformer (T2) is mounted on top of the chassis deck next to the 12SA7 tube. The trimmers (C7, C8) are accessible through holes in the top of the can.

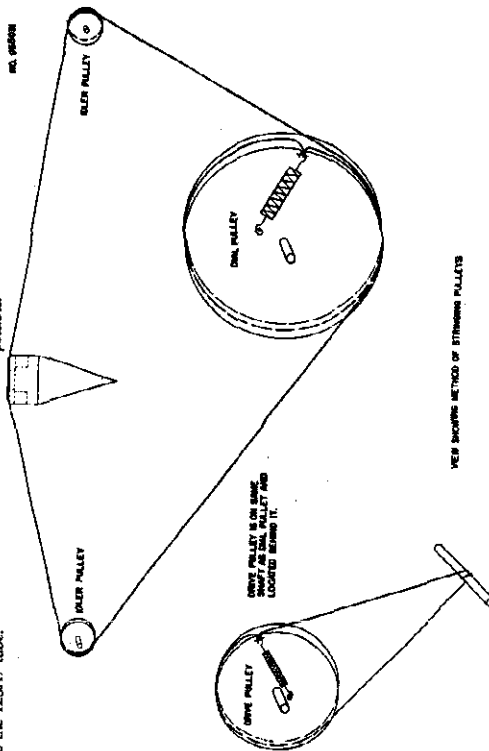
The second I-F transformer (T3) is mounted on top of the chassis next to the 30L6 tube. The trimmers (C9, C10) are accessible through holes in the top of the can.

The trimmer (C2) for the oscillator coil (T5) is located on the rear section of the variable condenser.

The antenna trimmer (C3) is mounted on the variable condenser mounting bracket.

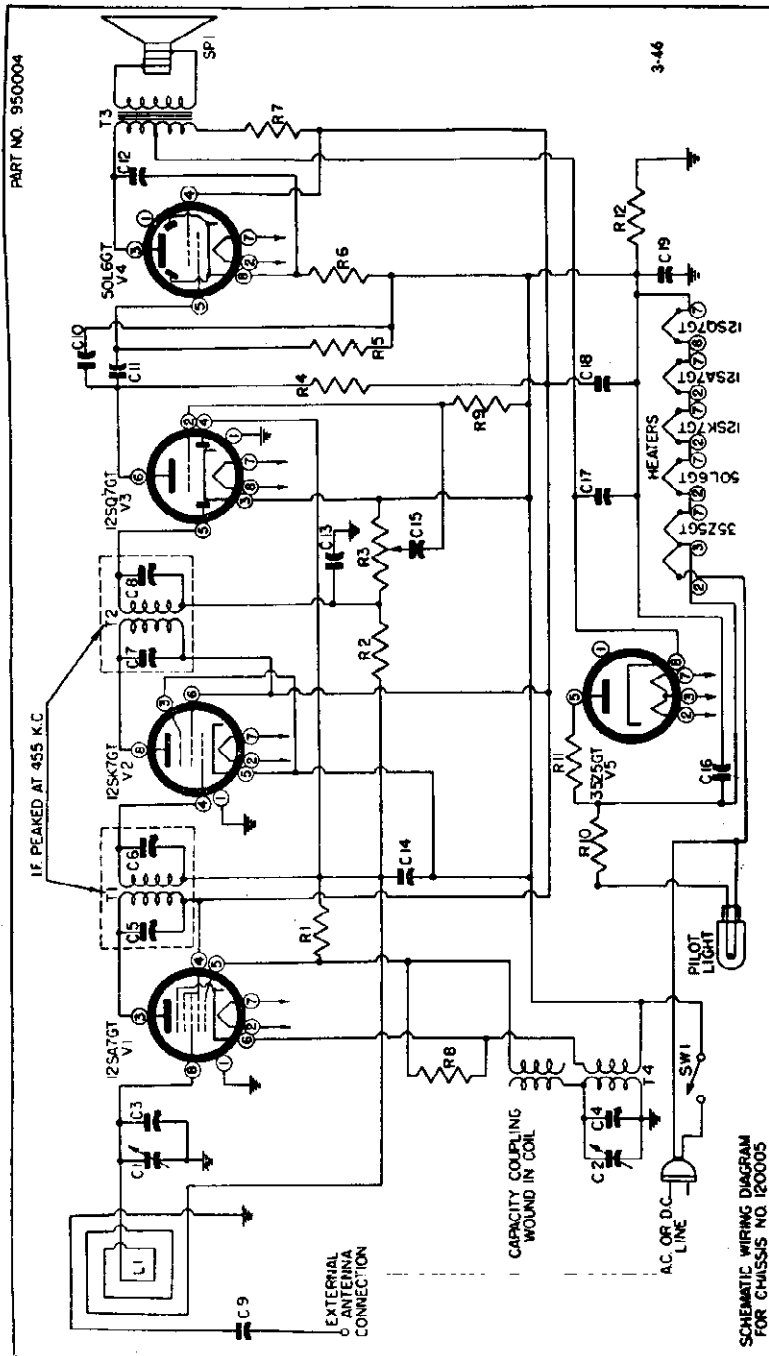
The oscillator coil is located underneath the chassis. The loop antenna acts as the antenna coil.

The wave trap (T1) is located on the top deck of the chassis base adjacent to the 12SA7 tube.

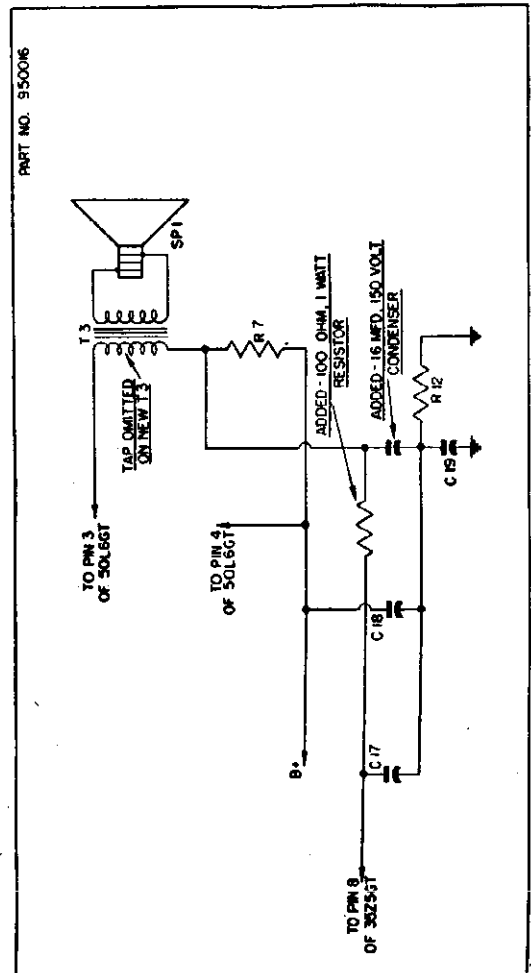


Specify part numbers when ordering. List prices each effective as of January 1, 1946. (Prices subject to change without notice.)

EMERSON RADIO & PHONO. CORP. MODELS 507, 509, 511, 518, Ch. 120005, 120010



NOTE
 Some 120005 chassis have a modified filter circuit and untapped output transformer. The partial schematic circuit diagram at the left indicates the revision.



MODELS 507, 509, 511,
518, Ch. 120005, 120010

EMERSON RADIO & PHONO. CORP.

An oscillator with frequencies of 455, 600, and 1425 kc. is required.

An output meter should be connected across the primary or secondary of the output transformer for observing maximum response.

Plug the receiver into the power supply outlet in such a way that the ground side of the power line is connected to the receiver B—.

Always use as weak a test signal as possible, turning down the output of the test oscillator as the alignment of the receiver progresses.

Location of Coils and Trimmer Adjustments

The first i-f transformer (T2) is mounted on top of the chassis deck to the right of the variable condenser. The trimmers (C6, C7) are accessible through holes in the top of the can.

The second i-f transformer (T3) is mounted on top of the chassis between the variable condenser and the speaker. The trimmers (C8, C9) are accessible through holes in the top of the can.

The trimmer for the antenna (C5) and the trimmer for the oscillator coil (C11) are located on the variable condenser. The trimmer on the front section is for the oscillator coil.

The oscillator coil (T4) is located underneath the chassis. The loop antenna acts as the antenna coil.

TYPE: Single-band superheterodyne.

FREQUENCY RANGE: 540-1620 kc.

NUMBER OF TUBES: Five.

TYPE OF TUBES:

- 1—12SA7, pentagrid oscillator-modulator
- 1—12SK7, first i-f amplifier
- 1—12SQ7, diode detector, a-f amplifier, a.v.c.
- 1—50L6, beam power output
- 1—35Z5, half-wave rectifier

POWER SUPPLY: A.C. or D.C.

VOLTAGE RATING: 105-125 volts.

POWER CONSUMPTION: 30 watts.

I-F Alignment

1. Rotate the variable condenser to the minimum capacity position.
2. Feed 455 kc. to the converter grid (stator of the r-f section of the variable condenser) and adjust the four i-f trimmers for maximum response.

R-F Alignment

1. Connect the oscillator to a coil composed of three to four turns of wire wound in a circle approximately 12" in diameter. This coil should be held parallel to and in line with the loop antenna of the receiver at a distance of 15 to 20 inches.
2. Radiate a signal at 1425 kc., set the dial indicator to 1425 kc., and adjust the trimmers on the variable condenser (C5, C11) for maximum response.
3. Radiate a 600 kc. signal and tune in the signal on the receiver. Adjust the loose outside turn of the loop antenna for maximum response. This loose turn may be moved to either side of the center. Fasten it in the position which gives maximum response.
4. Repeat steps (2) and (3) until no further improvement is evident.
1. If replacements are made or the wiring disturbed in the r-f section of the circuit, the receiver should be carefully realigned.
2. In operating the receiver on d.c., it may be necessary to reverse the line plug for correct polarity.
3. The color coding of the i-f transformer leads is as follows:

Grid—green	Plate—blue
Grid return—black	B+—red
4. All models have self-contained antennas and do not require additional antenna connections. For permanent home installations, however, if it is desired to improve reception of weak stations, an additional outdoor antenna may be used. For this purpose a lead has been brought out of the rear of the chassis near the line cord.
5. Some models have the loop antenna molded into the rear cover and others have a separate loop antenna assembly. Both antennas have directional properties. It is important, therefore, once the station is tuned in, to rotate the cabinet back and forth through a quarter of a circle (90 degrees), leaving it at the position where the station is received with maximum volume.

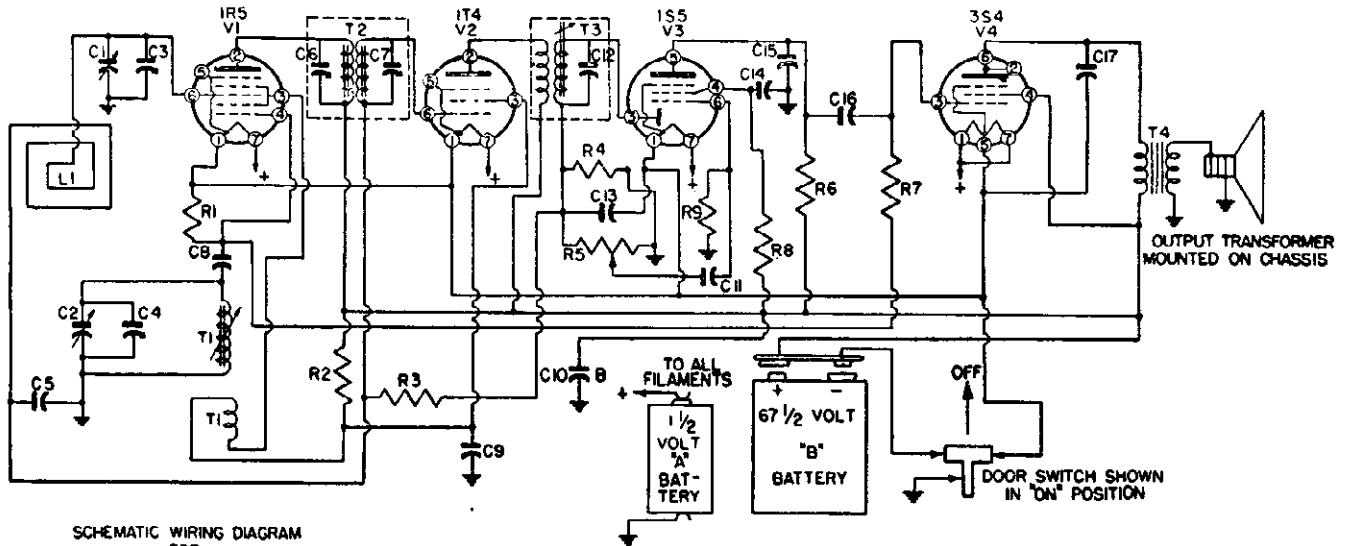
VOLTAGE ANALYSIS

The following voltage readings are d-c measurements taken from B— (line switch) to the indicated tube-socket pin. A 1000 ohms-per-volt meter should be used for all readings except those indicated by an asterisk (*), which should be taken with a d-c vacuum-tube voltmeter. Line voltage for these readings was 117 volts, 60 cycles, a.c. Measurements made with 117 volts d.c. will be lower than those given below. Take readings with the volume control set at minimum and the variable condenser closed.

TUBE	PIN NUMBER							
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
12SA7			89	89	*.10			*.16
12SK7				*.16		89		89
12SQ7		*.07		*.16	*.05	37.5		
50L6			110	89				6.2
35Z5				116		116		117

EMERSON RADIO & PHONO. CORP.

NO. 950005



SCHEMATIC WIRING DIAGRAM FOR CHASSIS NO. 120008

FREQUENCY RANGE: 540-1600 kc.

NUMBER OF TUBES: Four.

TYPE OF TUBES:

- 1—1R5, oscillator-modulator
- 1—1T4, i-f amplifier
- 1—1S5, 2nd detector, a.v.c., a-f amplifier
- 1—3S4, pentode output

POWER SUPPLY: "A" and "B" batteries.

VOLTAGE RATING:

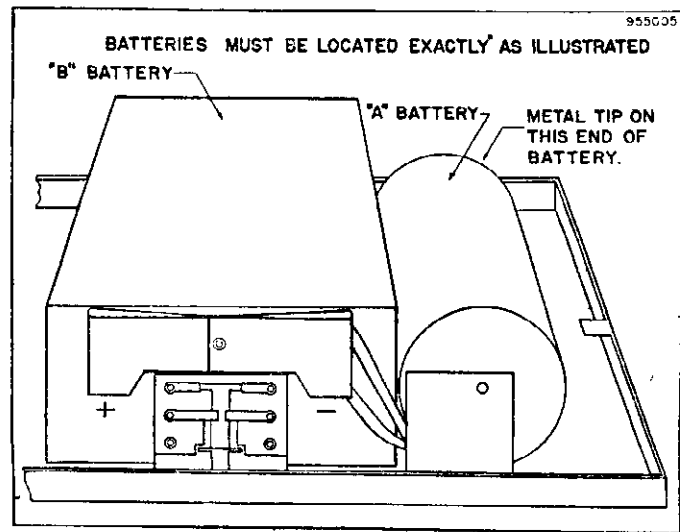
- "A" Battery—1.5 volts
- "B" Battery—67.5 volts

CURRENT DRAIN:

- "A" Battery—0.25 amp.
- "B" Battery—0.0075 amp.

The receiver is turned on when the door is open and turned off when the door is closed.

1. Slide the button on the catch near the handle in the direction of the arrow. This loosens the rear cover, making the batteries accessible.
2. Insert batteries as shown in the accompanying diagram.
3. To reassemble fit the two slots on the end of the plastic shell opposite the handle to the tongues on the lower end of the metal frame. Keep the "B" battery in place.
4. Carefully close the shell until it fits and catches in place.



VOLTAGE ANALYSIS

The following voltage readings are d-c measurements taken from B— (chassis) to the indicated tube-socket pin. A 1000 ohms per-volt meter should be used for all readings except those indicated by an asterisk (*), which should be taken with a d-c vacuum tube voltmeter. Take readings with the volume control set at minimum and the variable condenser closed. Use fresh batteries.

TUBE	PIN NUMBER						
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1R5		67.5	40	*.7.0		*.0.3	1.5
1T4		67.5	40			*.0.3	1.5
1S5			*.0.35	*16.5	*39	*.0.3	1.5
3S4	1.5	65	*.7.0	67.5		65	1.5

MODEL 508, Ch. 120008

EMERSON RADIO & PHONO. CORP.

An oscillator with frequencies of 455, 600, 1500, and 1610 kc is required.

An output meter should be connected across the primary or secondary of the output transformer for observing maximum response.

Always use as weak a test signal as possible, turning down the output of the test oscillator as the alignment of the receiver progresses.

Turn the volume control on full.

Location of Coils and Trimmer Adjustments

The first i-f transformer (T2) is located next to the output transformer (T4). The trimmers (C6, C7) are accessible through holes in the top of the can.

The second i-f transformer (T3) is located between the 1T4 and 1S5 tubes. The single trimming core screw (C12) extends from the end of the can.

The oscillator coil (T1) is located next to the first i-f transformer. The trimmer for the oscillator (C4) is located on the smaller variable condenser section. The 600 kc oscillator core adjustment is the brass screw protruding from the end of the oscillator coil.

The loop antenna acts as the antenna coil. The trimmer for the loop (C3) is located on the larger section of the variable condenser.

I-F Alignment

1. Rotate the variable condenser to the minimum capacity position.
2. Feed 455 kc to the grid (pin 6) of the 1R5 tube through a 0.01 mfd. condenser.
3. Adjust the three i-f trimmer screws (C6, C7, C12) for maximum response. (Clip the test signal lead to the stator of the larger capacity section of the variable condenser.)

R-F Alignment

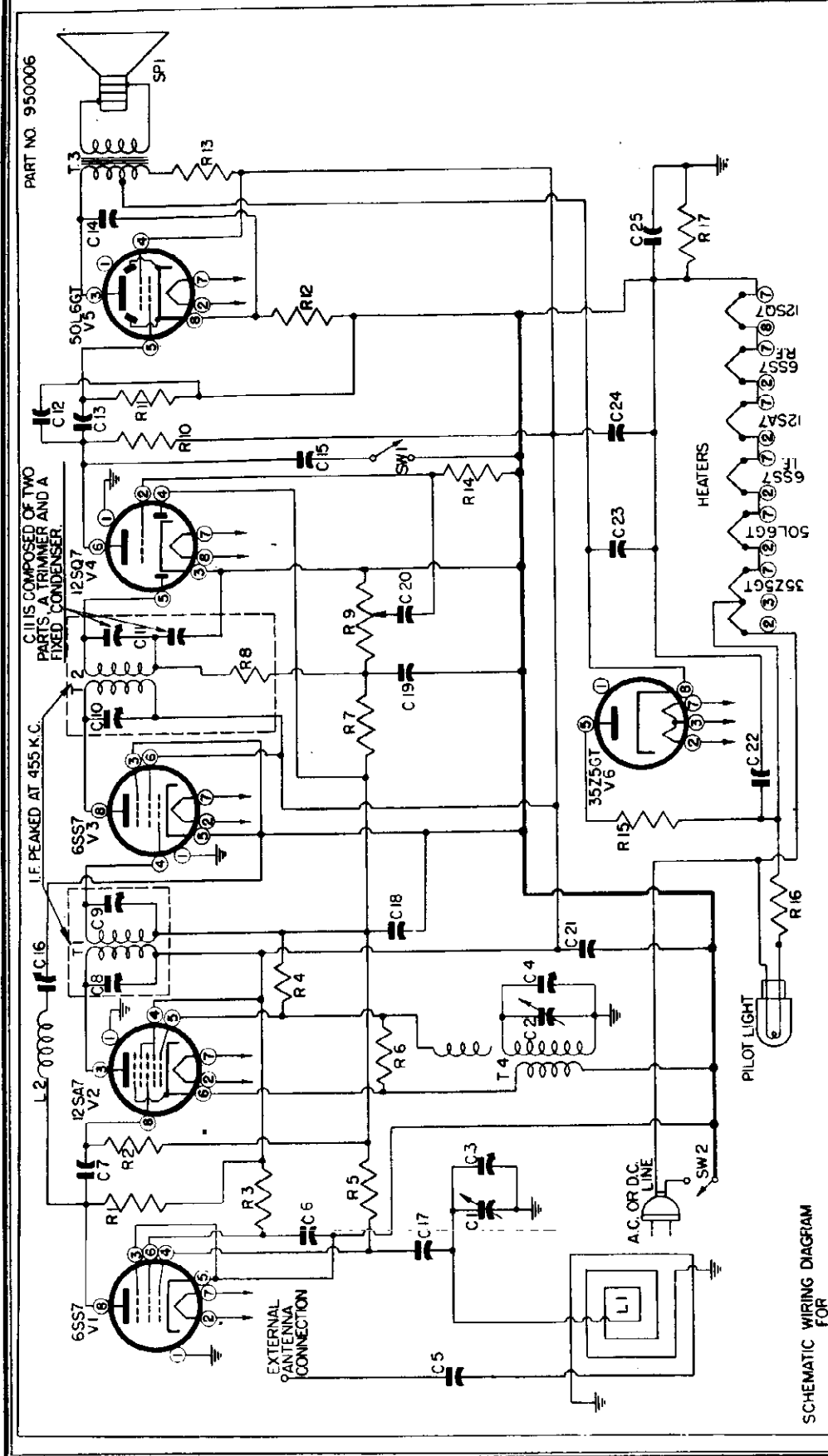
1. Connect the test oscillator to a coil composed of three or four turns of wire wound in a circle approximately 12 inches in diameter. This coil should be placed parallel to and in line with the receiver loop at a distance of approximately 15 to 20 inches.
2. Radiate a signal at 1610 kc, rotate the variable condenser to minimum capacity, and adjust the oscillator trimmer (C4), on the smaller section of the variable condenser, for maximum response.
3. Radiate a signal at 1500 kc, tune in the 1500 kc signal, and adjust the antenna trimmer (C3), on the larger section of the variable condenser, for maximum response.
4. Radiate a signal at 600 kc, set the dial indicator to 60, and adjust the oscillator coil core trimmer while rocking the variable condenser for maximum response.
5. Return to 1610 kc and check alignment. If readjustment is necessary, repeat steps (2) to (4) until no further improvement is noted.

Battery Type	Number Required	Model
1½-volt "A"	1	Standard D-size flashlight cell (1½" diameter) Eveready "Minimax" No. 467
67½-volt "B"	1	

Specify part numbers when ordering. List price each effective as of January 1, 1946. (Prices subject to change without notice.)

Schematic Symbol	Part No.	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
C1, C2	900120	Variable condenser, or.....	\$2.50
C1, C2	900140	Variable condenser.....	3.50
*C3, C4	920120	Trimmers, part of C1, C2.....	
C5, C9, C14		0.02 mfd., 100 V. roll-type condenser.....	.60
*C6, C7	910110	Trimmers, part of T2.....	
C8		0.0002 mfd. mica condenser, or.....	.20
C8	928020	0.0002 mfd. ceramic condenser.....	.20
C10	925070	8 mfd., 100 V. dry electrolytic condenser.....	.60
C11, C17	920140	0.003 mfd., 150 V. roll-type condenser.....	.25
*C12	928010	Condenser, part of T3.....	
C13, C15		0.0001 mfd., ceramic condenser.....	.25
C16	920130	0.001 mfd., 100 V. flat roll-type condenser.....	.25
L1	700030	Loop assembly.....	.65
R1	320970	100,000 ohms, ¼ watt resistor.....	.12
†R2	310730	10,000 ohms, ¼ watt resistor.....	.12
R3	321330	3.3 meg., ¼ watt resistor.....	.12
R4, R7	321210	1 meg., ¼ watt resistor.....	.12
R5	390040	Volume control.....	.65
R6	321130	0.47 meg., ¼ watt resistor.....	.12
R8	321370	4.7 meg., ¼ watt resistor.....	.12
R9	321450	10 meg., ¼ watt resistor.....	.12
T1	716040	Oscillator coil.....	1.20
T2	760240	First i-f transformer.....	2.20
T3	720260	Second i-f transformer.....	1.75
T4	734090	Output transformer.....	1.80
	180002	Permanent magnet dynamic speaker.....	5.00
	585000	"B" battery cable.....	.45
	510040	Lid switch.....	.50
	460020	Plastic shell (black).....	1.35
	460030	Plastic door.....	.75
	630000	Plastic loop cover (black).....	.25
	410389	Metal front (maroon).....	2.25
	460050	Plastic tuning wheel (black).....	.20
	460060	Plastic volume wheel (black).....	.20
	595000	Leather handle.....	.25
	410969	Release catch, male.....	.20
	410959	Release catch, female.....	.40

†Some units contain R2 resistors varying in value from 8200 to 22,000 ohms, as selected in production. *Not supplied separately



PART NO. 950006

C11 IS COMPOSED OF TWO PARTS, A TRIMMER AND A FIXED CONDENSER.

L.F. PEAKED AT 455 K.C.

SCHEMATIC WIRING DIAGRAM FOR CHASSIS NO. 120005

ITEM	QTY	VAL. VOLT	RES. WPT.	VAL. WPT.	RES. WPT.	VAL. WPT.	RES. WPT.
C1, C2	30	.05	500	500	500	500	500
C3	1	50	500	500	500	500	500
C4	1	50	500	500	500	500	500
C5	1	50	500	500	500	500	500
C6	1	50	500	500	500	500	500
C7	1	50	500	500	500	500	500
C8, C9	1	50	500	500	500	500	500
C10	1	50	500	500	500	500	500
C11	1	50	500	500	500	500	500
C12	1	50	500	500	500	500	500
C13	1	50	500	500	500	500	500
C14	1	50	500	500	500	500	500
C15	1	50	500	500	500	500	500
C16	1	50	500	500	500	500	500
C17	1	50	500	500	500	500	500
C18	1	50	500	500	500	500	500
C19	1	50	500	500	500	500	500
C20	1	50	500	500	500	500	500
C21	1	50	500	500	500	500	500
C22	1	50	500	500	500	500	500
C23	1	50	500	500	500	500	500
C24	1	50	500	500	500	500	500
C25	1	50	500	500	500	500	500
R1	1	50	500	500	500	500	500
R2	1	50	500	500	500	500	500
R3	1	50	500	500	500	500	500
R4	1	50	500	500	500	500	500
R5	1	50	500	500	500	500	500
R6	1	50	500	500	500	500	500
R7	1	50	500	500	500	500	500
R8	1	50	500	500	500	500	500
R9	1	50	500	500	500	500	500
R10	1	50	500	500	500	500	500
R11	1	50	500	500	500	500	500
R12	1	50	500	500	500	500	500
R13	1	50	500	500	500	500	500
R14	1	50	500	500	500	500	500
R15	1	50	500	500	500	500	500
R16	1	50	500	500	500	500	500
R17	1	50	500	500	500	500	500
T1	1	50	500	500	500	500	500
T2	1	50	500	500	500	500	500
T3	1	50	500	500	500	500	500
T4	1	50	500	500	500	500	500
V1	1	50	500	500	500	500	500
V2	1	50	500	500	500	500	500
V3	1	50	500	500	500	500	500
V4	1	50	500	500	500	500	500
V5	1	50	500	500	500	500	500
V6	1	50	500	500	500	500	500
SP1	1	50	500	500	500	500	500
SW1	1	50	500	500	500	500	500
SW2	1	50	500	500	500	500	500

REVISIONS

BY	CR	DATE	CHANGE	3174
L.C.	121592	4-46	REVISIONS	
L.C.	130885	8-46	REVISIONS	
L.C.	130885	8-46	REVISIONS	
L.C.	130885	8-46	REVISIONS	
L.C.	130885	8-46	REVISIONS	

MODELS: 512, 515, 516

T1	T2	T3	T4	V1	V2	V3	V4	V5	V6
720380	720390	754080	716070	800060	800060	800060	800060	800060	800060
50L	50L	50L	50L	50L	50L	50L	50L	50L	50L

R9	R10	R11	R12	R13	R14	R15	R16	R17	SP1
180008	32130	32130	340280	370480	370480	3400300	321080	321080	180008
5 MEG. VOLUME CONTROL	470,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT	470,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT	150 OHMS 1/2 WATT	1,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT	15 MEG. 1/4 WATT	18 OHMS 1/4 WATT	10 OHMS 1/4 WATT	220,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT	P.M. SPEAKER

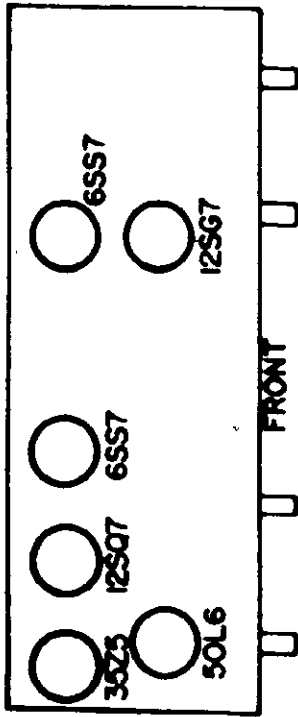
C21	C22	C23	C24	C25	L1	L2	R1	R2	R3	R4	R5	R6	R7	R8
920030	920080	920110	920080	92040	70000	70000	310720	310810	310870	397000	321150	310810	310810	310810
10,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT	22,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT	39,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT	15 MEG. 1/4 WATT	2 MFD 200 VOLTS 50% D.C. 1000V	455 K.C. WAVE TRAP	455 K.C. WAVE TRAP	10,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT	22,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT	39,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT	15 MEG. 1/4 WATT	470,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT	22,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT	5.5 MEG. 1/4 WATT	47,000 OHMS 1/4 WATT

C1	C2	C3	C4	C5	C6	C7	C8	C9	C10	C11	C12	C13	C14	C15	C16	C17	C18	C19	C20
30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30
500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500

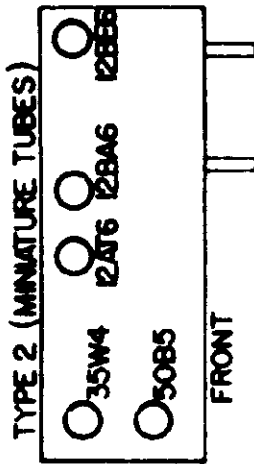
EMERSON RADIO & PHONO. CORP.
NEW YORK CITY

MODEL: 120005, 120006-C
ARTICLE: SCHEMATIC
DATE: 2-3-46 DR. L.C. CH. 7. APPR. V.L.C.

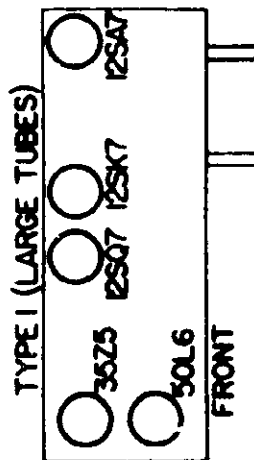
EMERSON RADIO & PHONO. CORP.



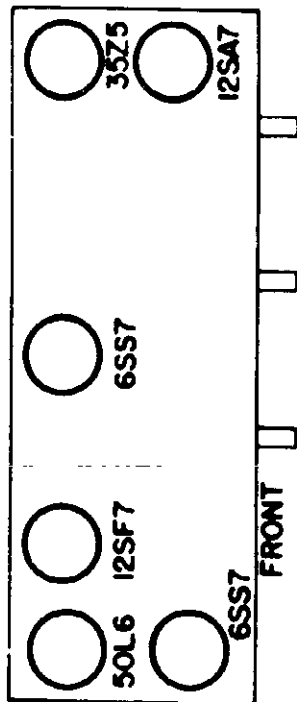
MODELS: 513, 514



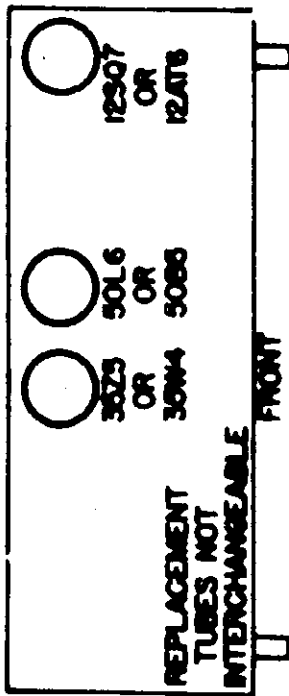
MODELS: 501, 502, 503, 504, 507, 509, 510, 511, 517, 518, 519, 520, 525, 539, 541



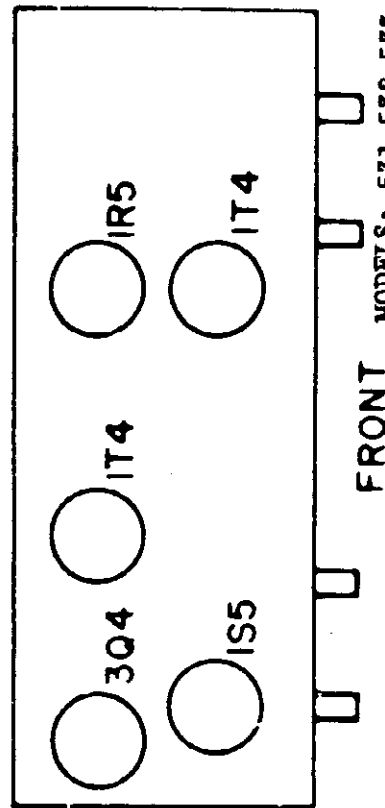
MODELS: 512, 515, 516



MODEL 506



MODELS: 521, 542



MODELS: 531, 532, 533

EMERSON RADIO & PHONO. CORP.

MODELS 505, 52
MODEL 508

FOR BATTERY OPERATION:

Insert plug in socket on chassis. Place hanked cord into space under shelf.

IMPORTANT

Remove batteries from receiver as soon as they are exhausted.

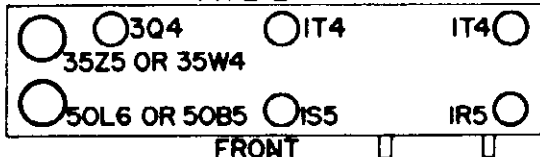
Batteries for Use with this Receiver

Mfr.	4½ V. "A"	45 V. "B"
Eveready	746 2 required	482 Minimax 2 required
Ray-O-Vac	P-83A or EM-83 2 required	—
Burgess	G3 2 required	—

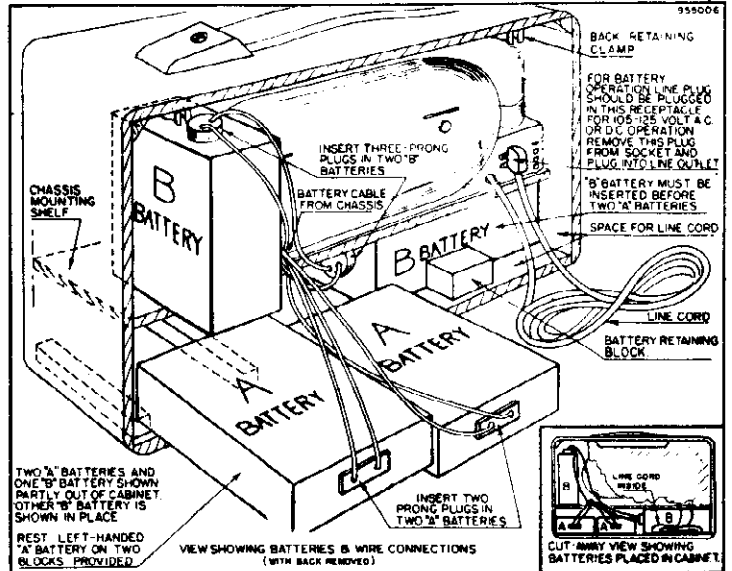
FOR 105-125 V. A.C. OR D.C. OPERATION:

Remove plug from chassis and insert it in wall outlet. On d.c. if set does not operate, reverse line plug in wall outlet.

TYPE 2



35Z5 AND 35W4 NOT INTERCHANGEABLE
50L6 AND 50B5 NOT INTERCHANGEABLE



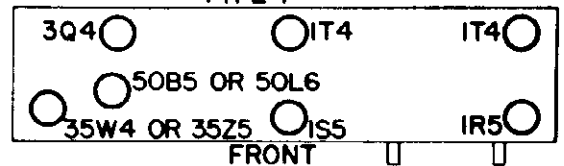
BATTERY INSTALLATION

NOTE: Plug with Red Lead Should be connected to "B" Battery at Side of Chassis.

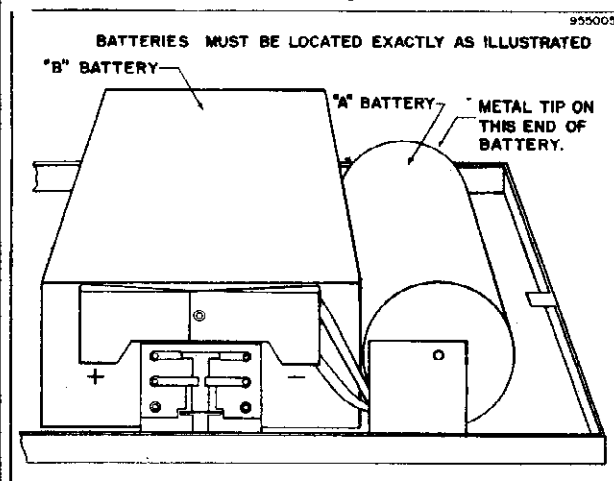
TUBE LOCATIONS

MODELS: 505, 523 7 TUBES

TYPE 1



EMERSON RADIO MODEL 508



BATTERIES USED IN THIS RECEIVER

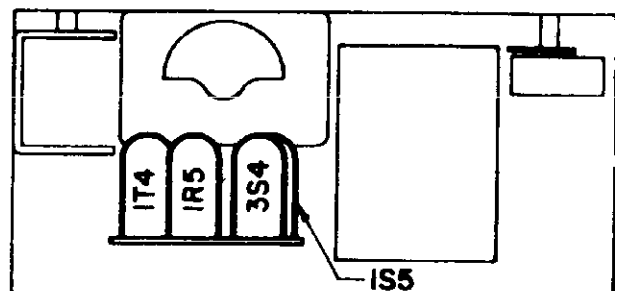
TYPE	MANUFACTURER'S NUMBER
1½ Volt "A"	Standard "D" size (1½" diameter) flashlight unit cell.
67½ Volt "B"	Eveready Minimax No. 467.

IMPORTANT: Remove batteries as soon as they are exhausted. The "A" battery will require more frequent replacement than the "B" battery.

TO REASSEMBLE THE CASE

1. Hold the chassis face down with the batteries in place and the plastic door open.
2. Note the two tongues at one end of the metal front. Place the plastic housing over the chassis so that these two tongues fit into the corresponding slots at one end of the plastic housing.
3. Press the other end of the housing so that it snaps into place.

TUBE LOCATIONS



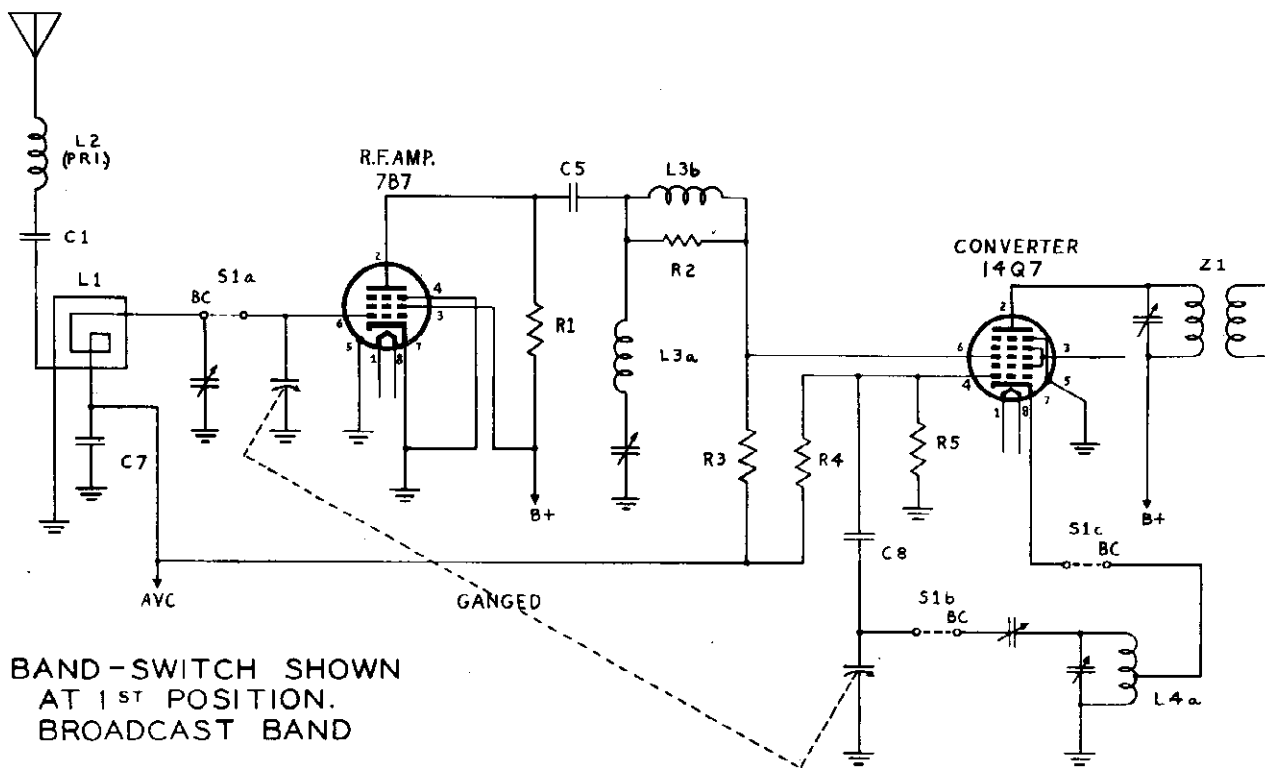
BACK

955043

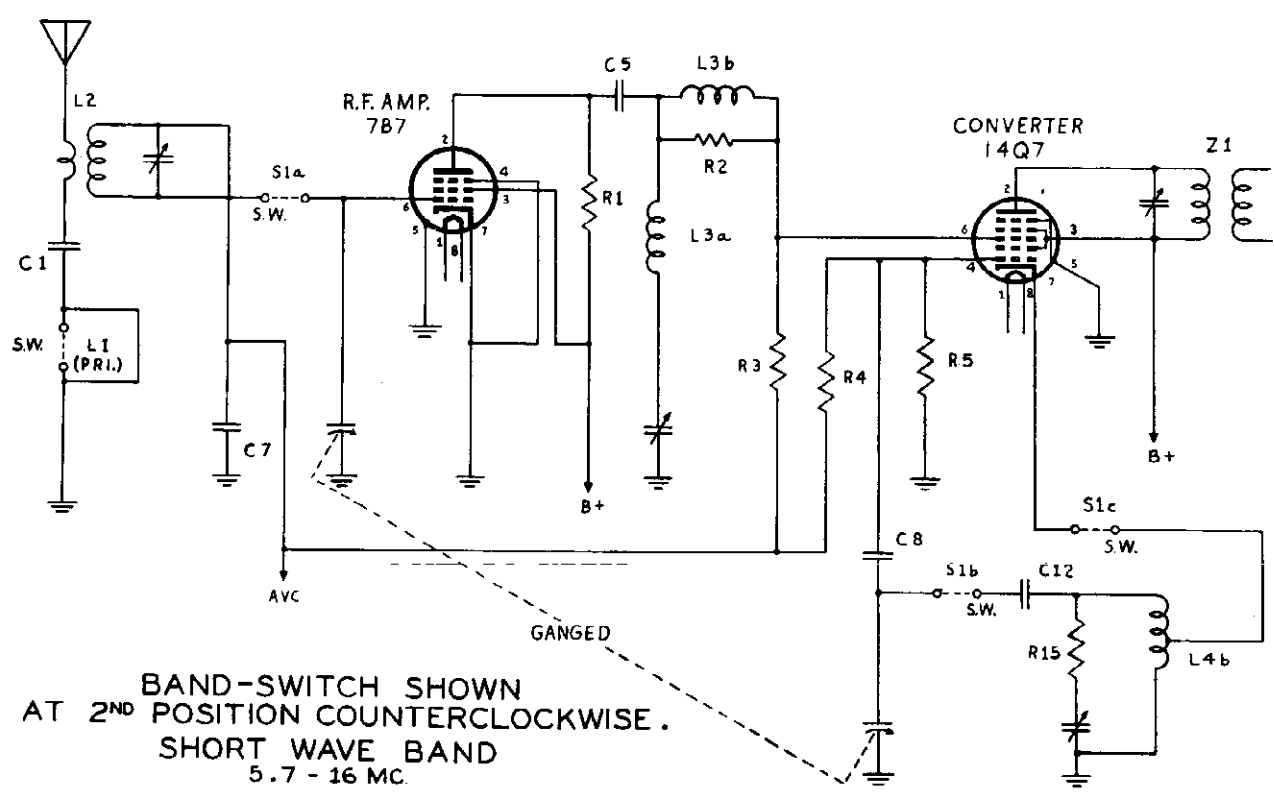
"clarified schematics"

MODEL RR-13L

ESPEY MFG. CO. INC.



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN AT 1ST POSITION. BROADCAST BAND

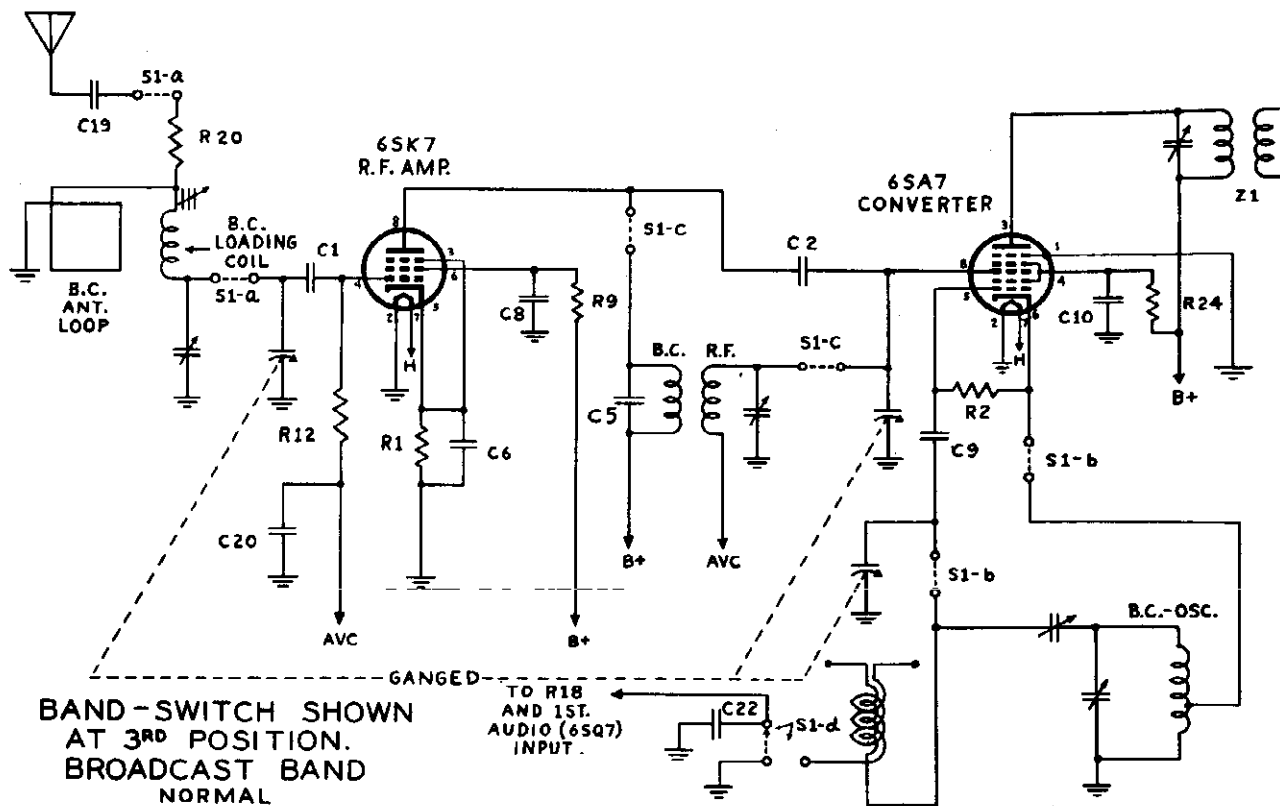
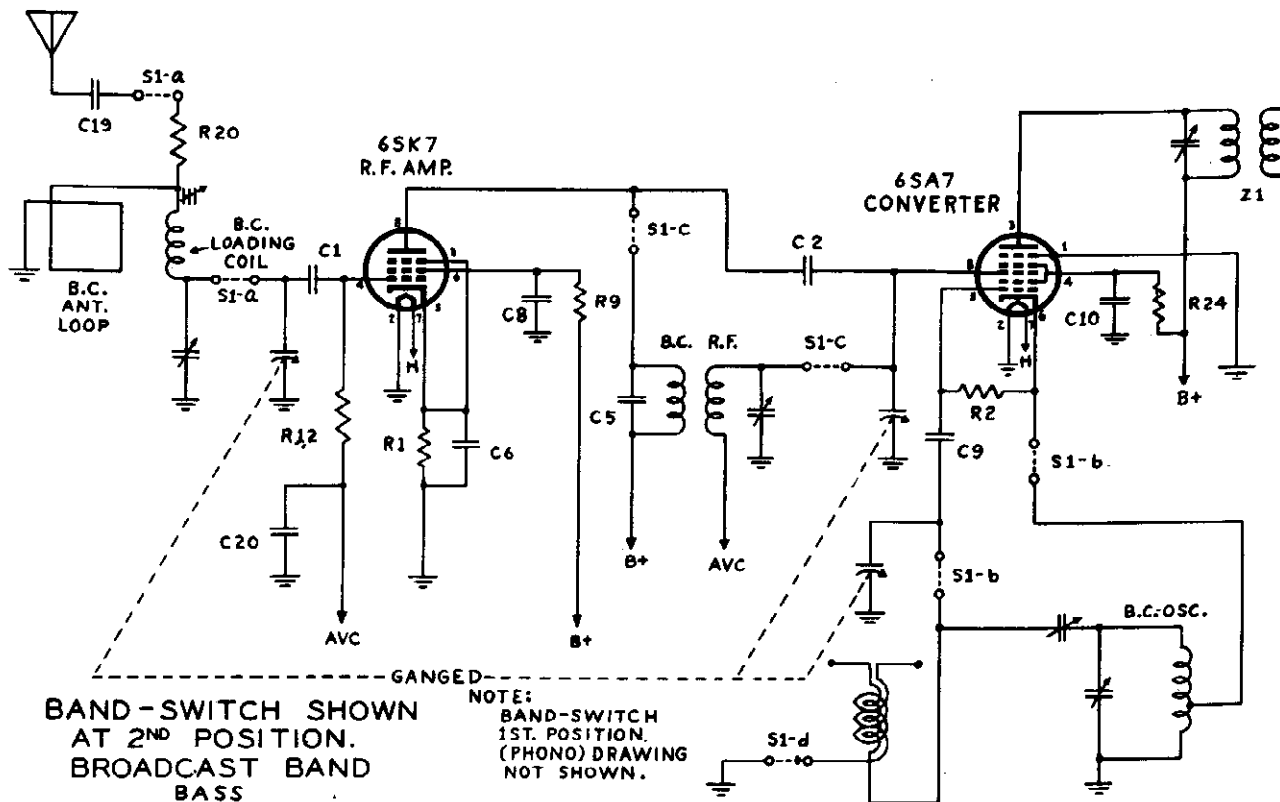


BAND-SWITCH SHOWN AT 2ND POSITION COUNTERCLOCKWISE. SHORT WAVE BAND 5.7 - 16 MC.

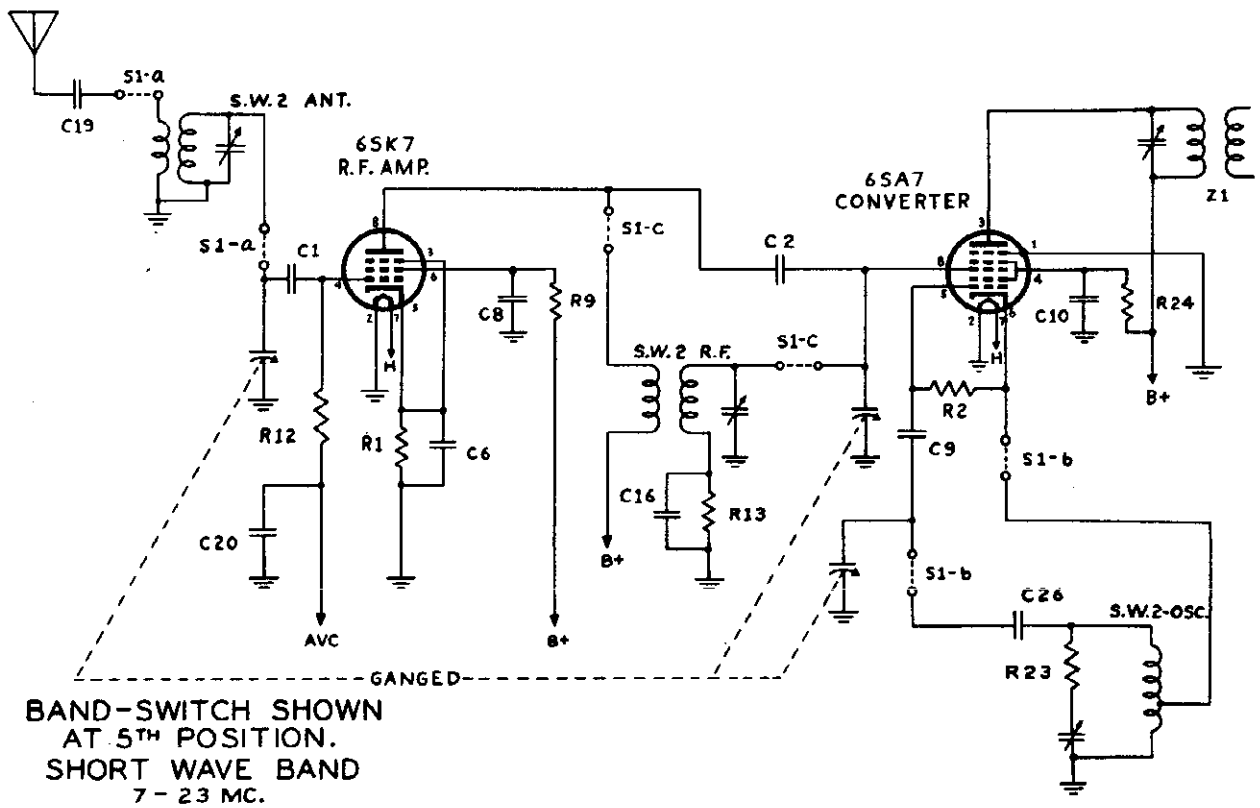
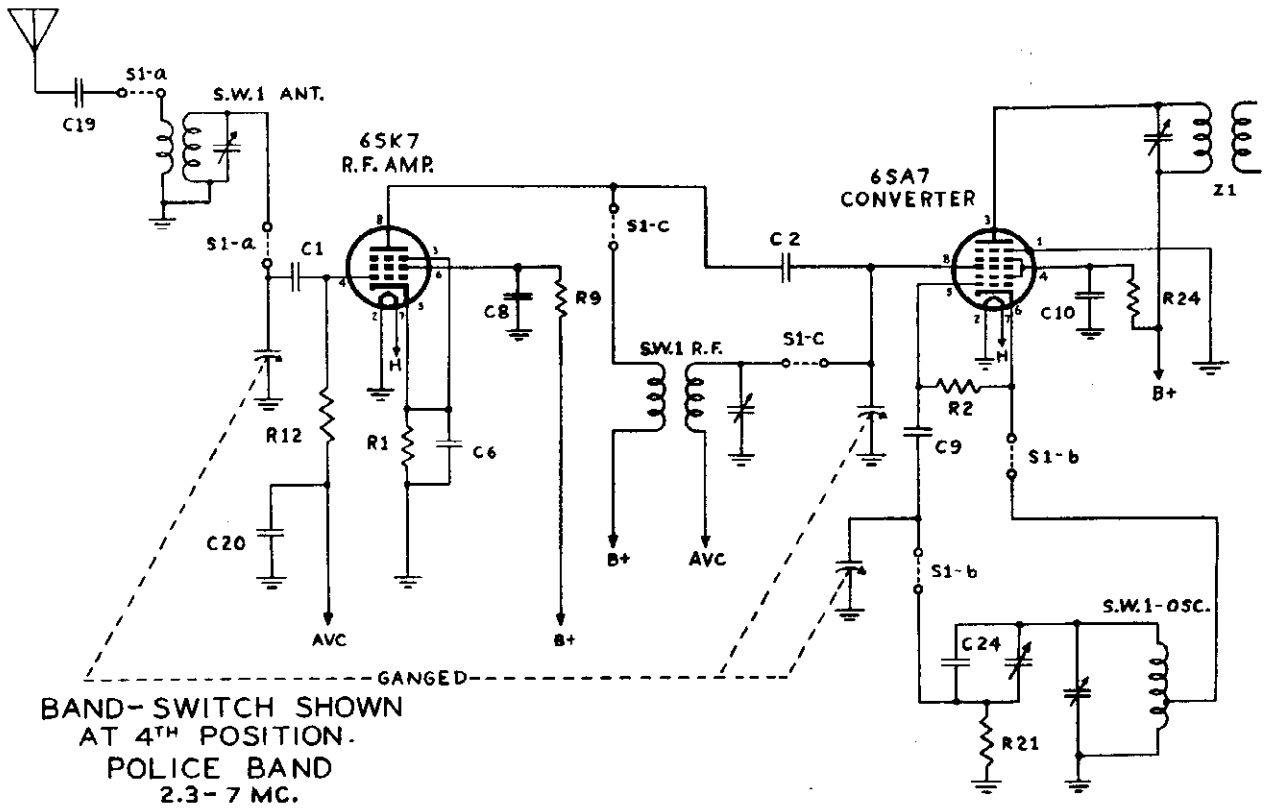
"clarified schematics"

MODEL RR-14

ESPEY MFG. CO. INC.



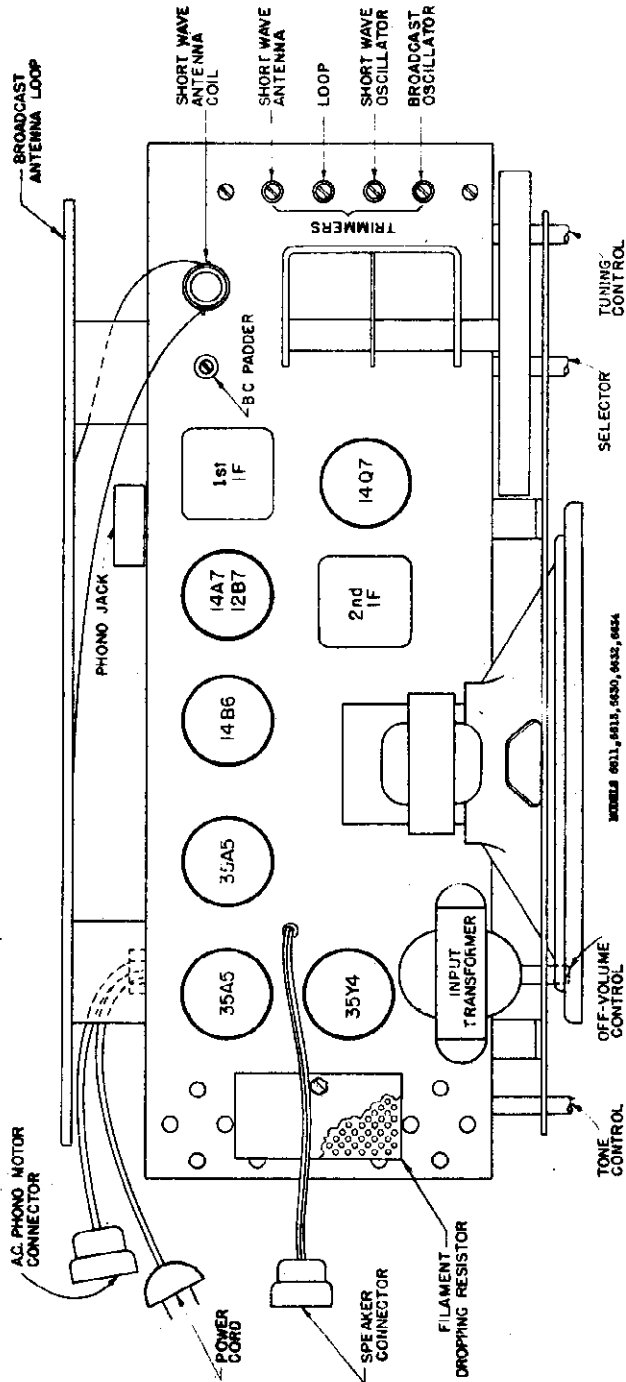
ESPEY MFG. CO. INC.



MODEL RR-14

MODELS 6611, 6613, 6630,
6632, 6634

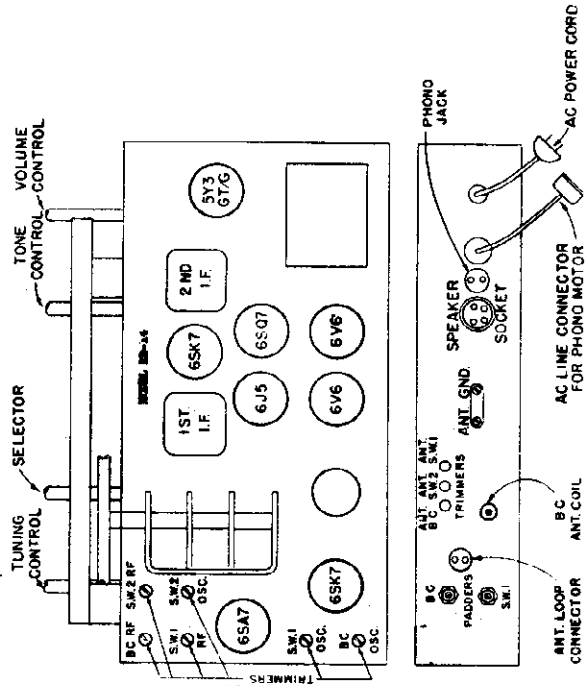
ESPEY MFG. CO. INC.



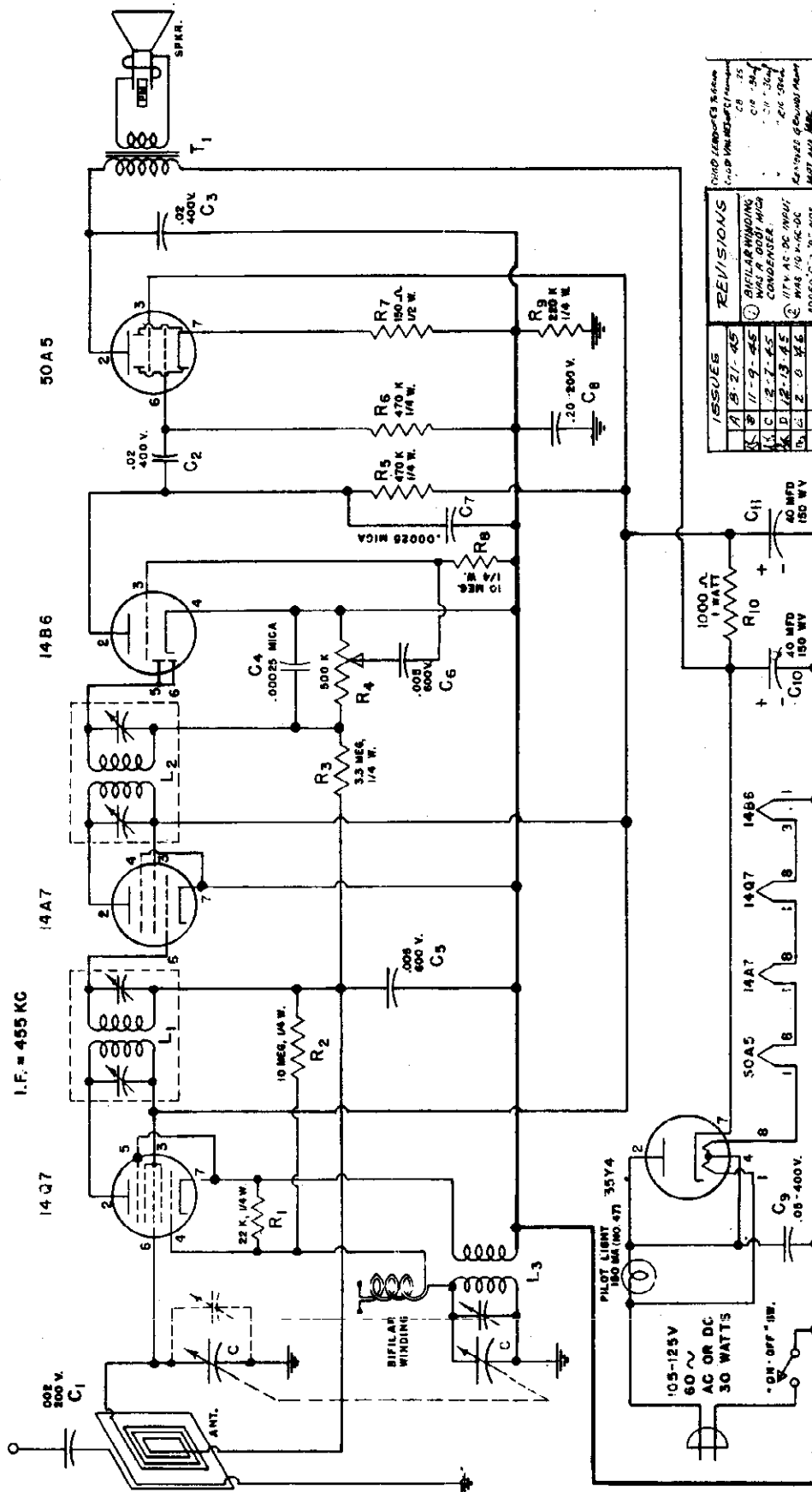
NOTE: FOR PHONO COMBINATION MODELS SPEAKER IS REMOVED FROM CHASSIS & FILAMENT DROPPING RESISTOR IS LOCATED IN AREA WHERE SPEAKER IS SHOWN.
SPEAKER CONNECTOR IS USED ON PHONO COMBINATION MODELS ONLY.

MODELS 6611, 6613, 6630, 6632, 6634

MODELS RR-14



ESPEY MFG. CO. INC.



ISSUES	REVISIONS
A	15-21-45
B	17-9-45
C	18-7-45
D	18-12-45
E	2-6-46

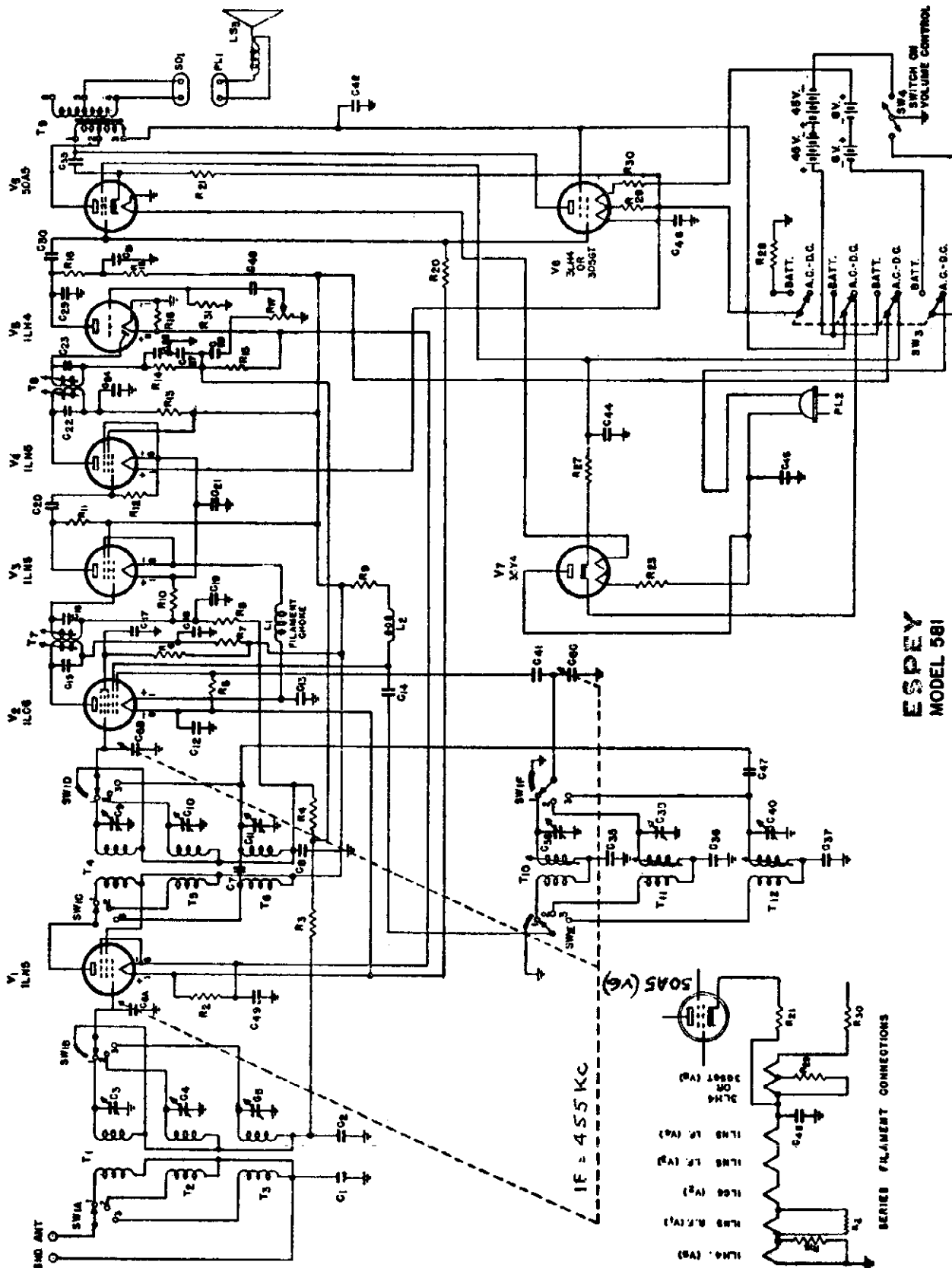
1. BIFILAR WINDING WAS A GOOD MICA CONDENSER
 2. 117V AC-DC INPUT WAS 117V AC-DC ON 250V 300W RECT. FOR REF. IN MANUAL
 3. 105-125V 60V AC OR DC 30W. WAS 117V 60V AC OR DC CHASSIS GND. SYMBOL REMOVED 12-12-45 A.J. App. Y.V.

REMARKS

FOR	DATE	CHECKD	DATE
147-97			
PART NO. G-329-B	EN	8-21-45	SK

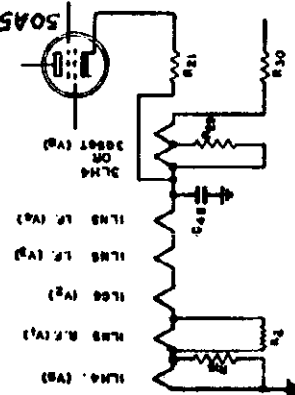
MODEL 581

ESPEY MFG. CO. INC.

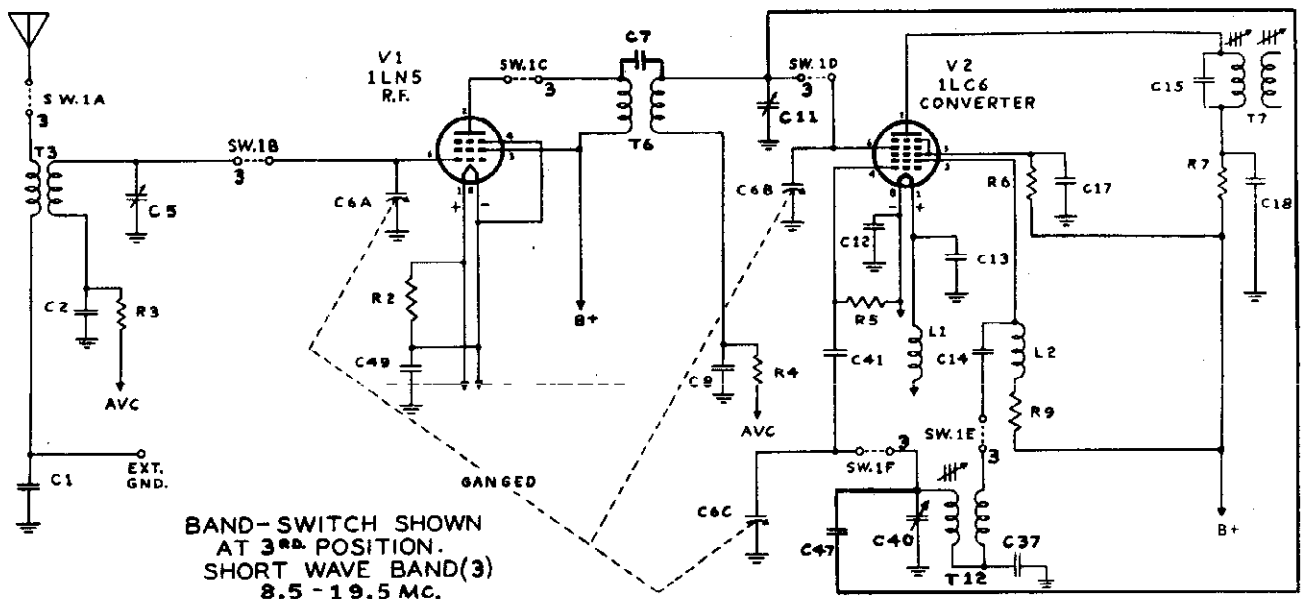
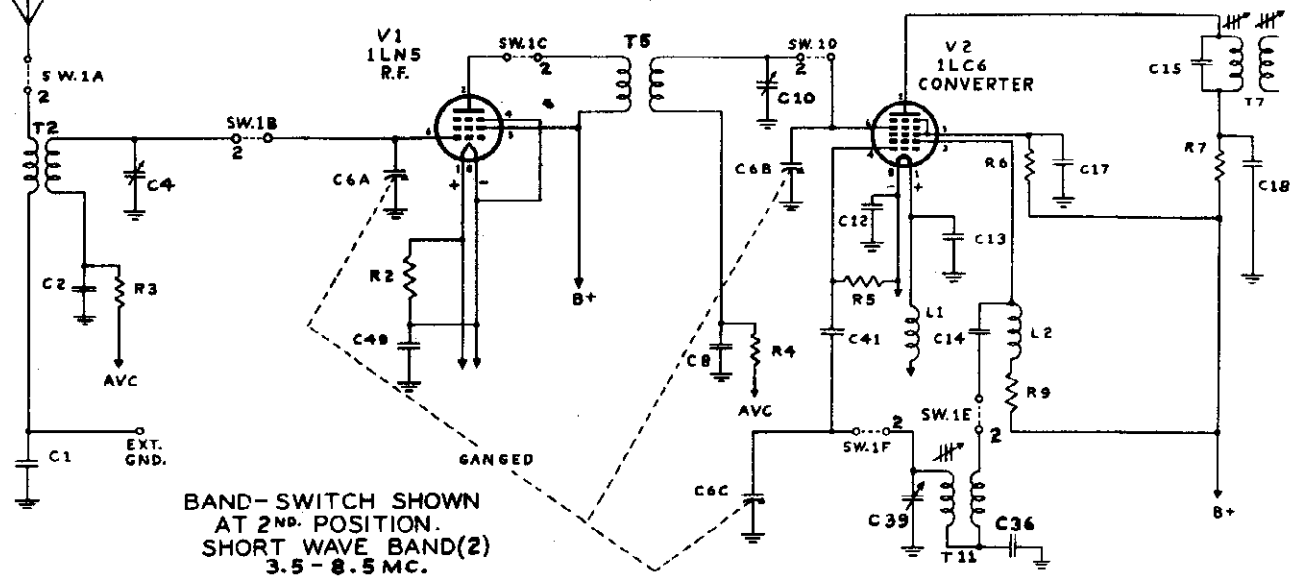
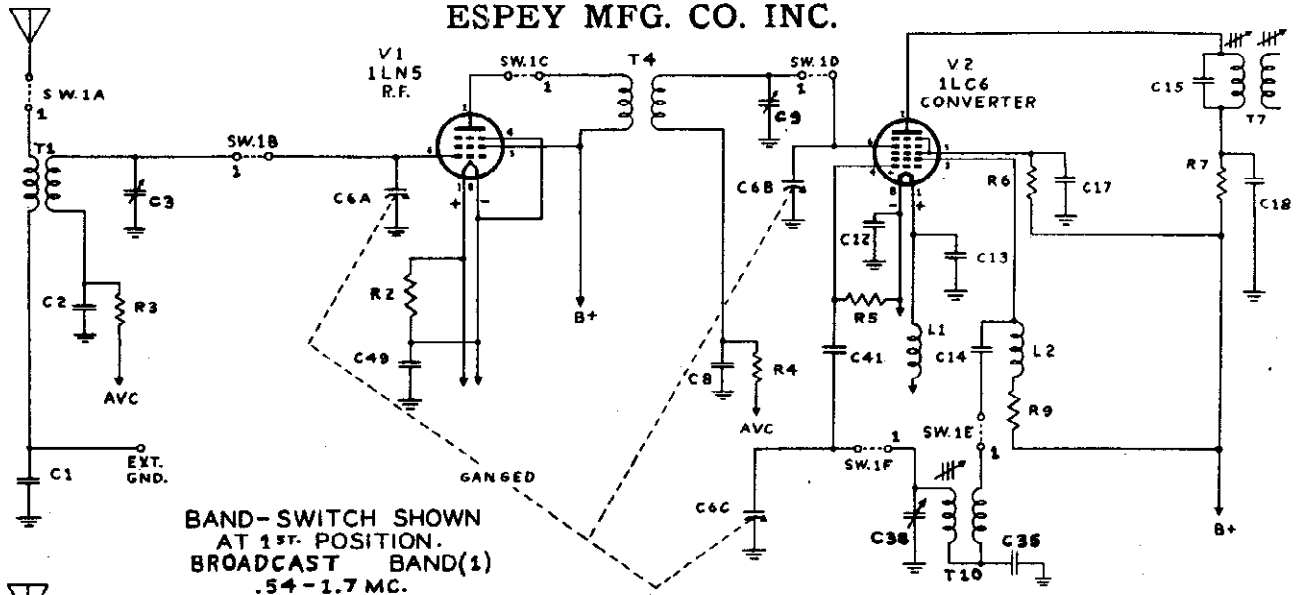


ESPEY
MODEL 581

SERIES FILAMENT CONNECTIONS

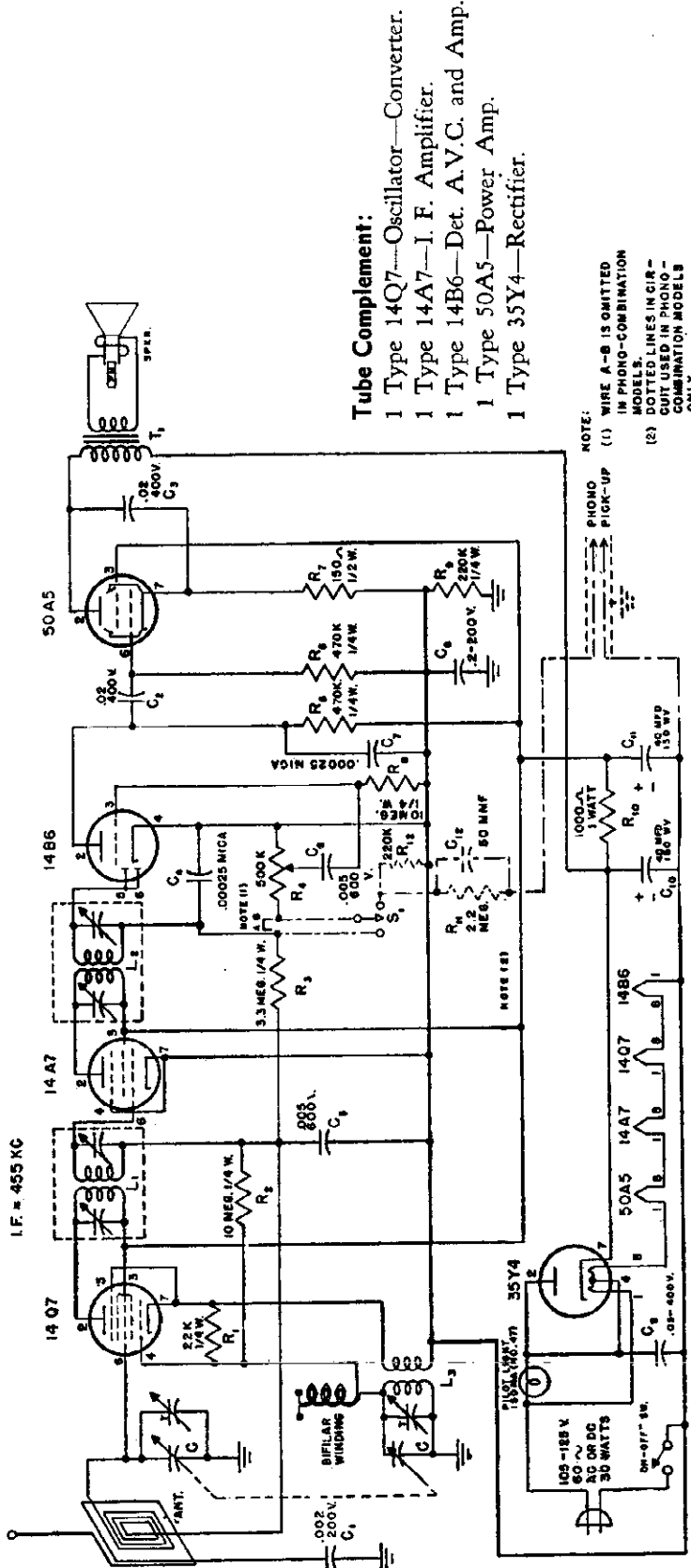


ESPEY MFG. CO. INC.



ESPEY MFG. CO. INC.

MODELS 651, 652, 653, 6511, 6511/2, 6514, 6516, 6520, 6541, 6545, 6547, Ch. FJ97

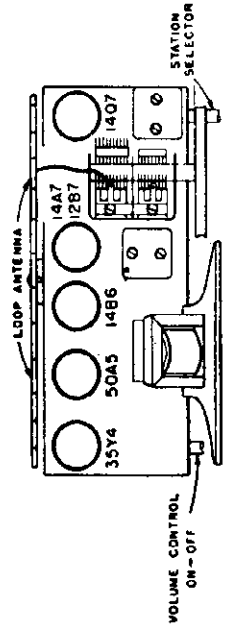


Tube Complement:

- 1 Type 14Q7—Oscillator—Converter.
- 1 Type 14A7—I. F. Amplifier.
- 1 Type 14B6—Det. A.V.C. and Amp.
- 1 Type 50A5—Power Amp.
- 1 Type 35Y4—Rectifier.

NOTE: (1) WIRE A-B IS OMITTED IN PHONO-COMBINATION MODELS. (2) DOTTED LINES IN CIRCUIT ARE USED IN PHONO-COMBINATION MODELS ONLY.

Fig. 1—Tube and Trimmer locations:



Alignment Procedure:

Steps	Connect output of oscillator to	Tune osc. to	Tune radio dial to	Adjust the following for max. peak output
1.	Tuning condenser stator (ant.) in series with .01 mfd.	455	Quiet point at high frequency end of dial.	1st and 2nd I. F. Transformers
2.	Antenna term. of Ant. loop in series with 100 mmf.	1720	Full clockwise (out of mesh)	Osc. trimmer
3.	Antenna term. of Ant. loop in series with 100 mmf.	1500	1500	Ant. trimmer

Output meter is connected across voice coil. Receiver volume is turned to maximum. NOTE: Trimmers may be located on either long or short side of variable condenser.

MODELS 651, 652, 653, 6511,
6511/2, 6514, 6516, 6520,
6541, 6545, 6547, Ch. FJ97

ESPEY MFG. CO. INC.

- C 6—0.005 Mfd., 400V (or 600V) paper
- C 7—.00025 Mfd., mica
- C 8—.25 Mfd. (or 20 Mfd.), 200V paper
- C 9—.05 Mfd., 400V, molded bakelite
- C10, 11—Dual 40 Mfd., 150V
- *C12—50 Mmf., 20%
- R 1—22K, 1/4W, 20%
- R 2—10 meg, 1/4W, 20%
- R 3—3.3 meg, 1/4W, 20%
- R 4—500K variable, audio taper, with SPST
- R 5—470K, 1/4W, 20%
- R 6—470K, 1/4W, 20%
- R 7—150 ohms, 1/2W, 10%
- R 8—10 meg, 1/4W, 20%
- R 9—220K, 1/4W, 20%
- R10—1000 ohms, 2W (or 1W), 20%
- *R11—2.2 meg, 1/4W, 20%
- *R12—220K, 1/4W, 20%
- L 1—Transformer, IF input, 455KC
- L 2—Transformer, IF output, 455KC
- L 3—Coil, oscillator
- Antenna, loop
- Loudspeaker, PM, 5", Transformer to match 50A5
- Pilot light, Mazda No. 47. 150 Ma.

A-25.019

A-9.066

C-2.191-1

C-2.191-2

B-2.192

B-5.006

B-11.037

* Used in phono combinations only.

Nylon cord of the tuning and dial system may be replaced by following the diagram below

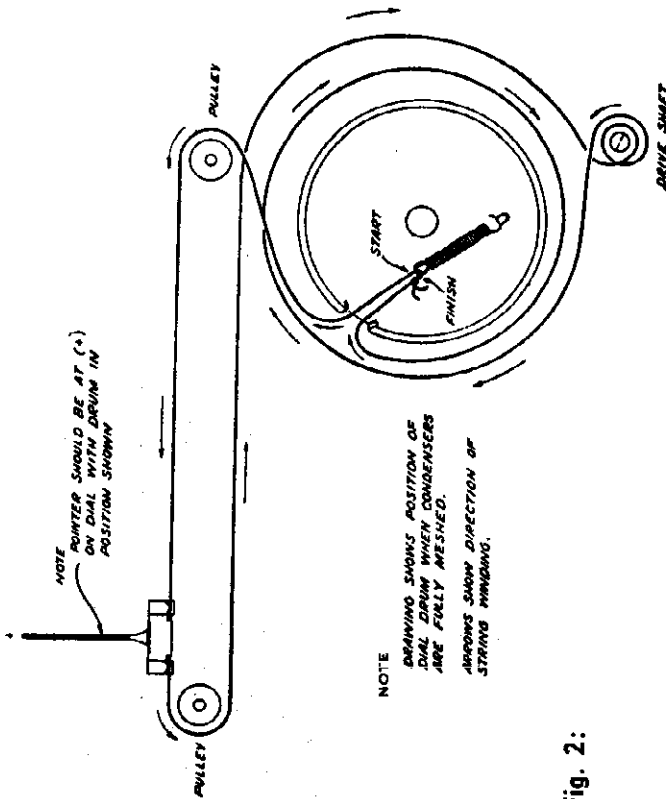
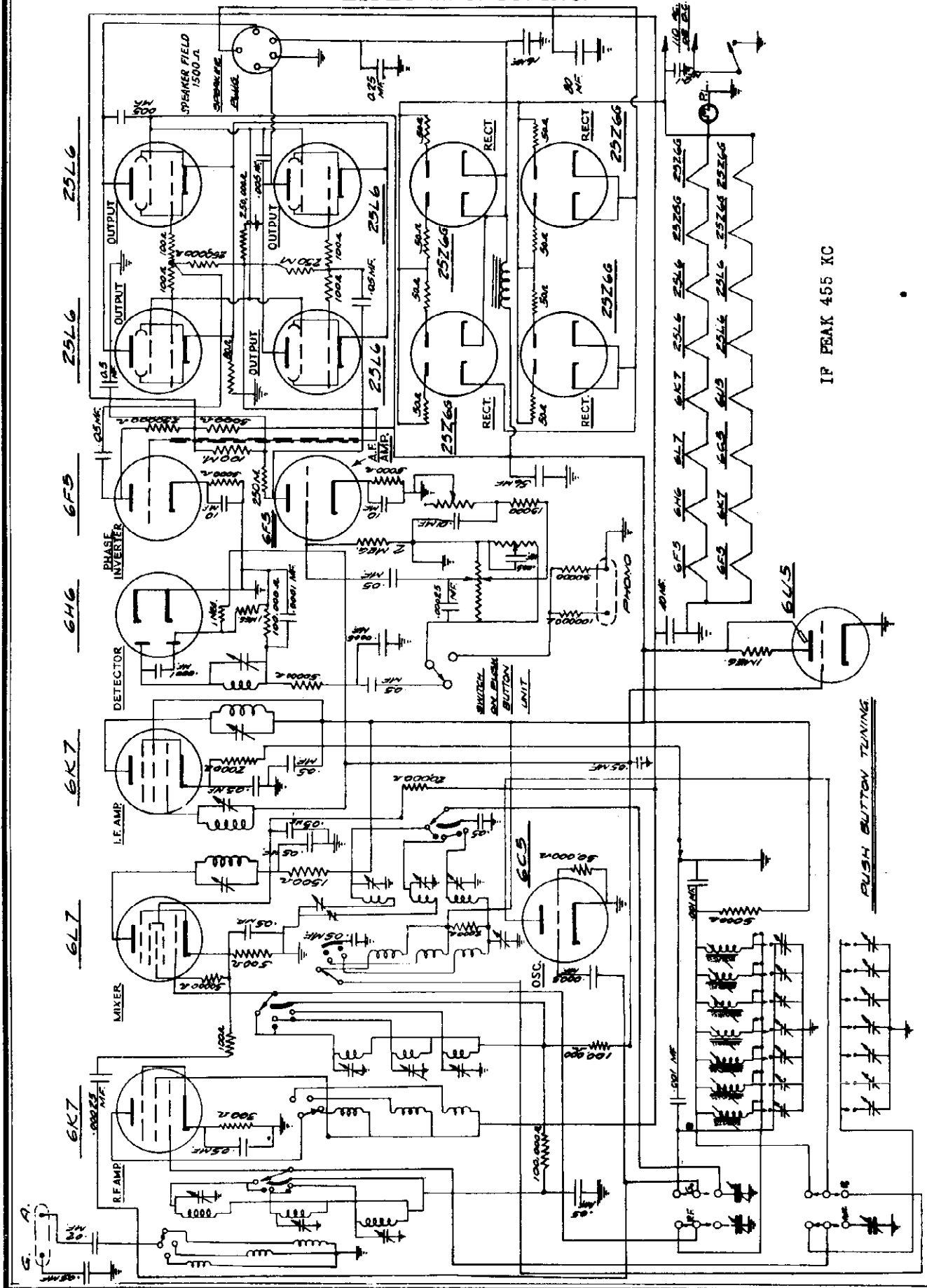


Fig. 2:

Parts List: Part No.

- C —Two gang variable cond. with trimmers. C-6.032
- C 1—002 Mfd., 200V paper
- C 2—02 Mfd., 400V paper
- C 3—02 Mfd., 400V paper
- C 4—00025 Mfd., mica
- C 5—005 Mfd., 600V paper

ESPEY MFG. CO. INC.



IF PEAK 455 KC

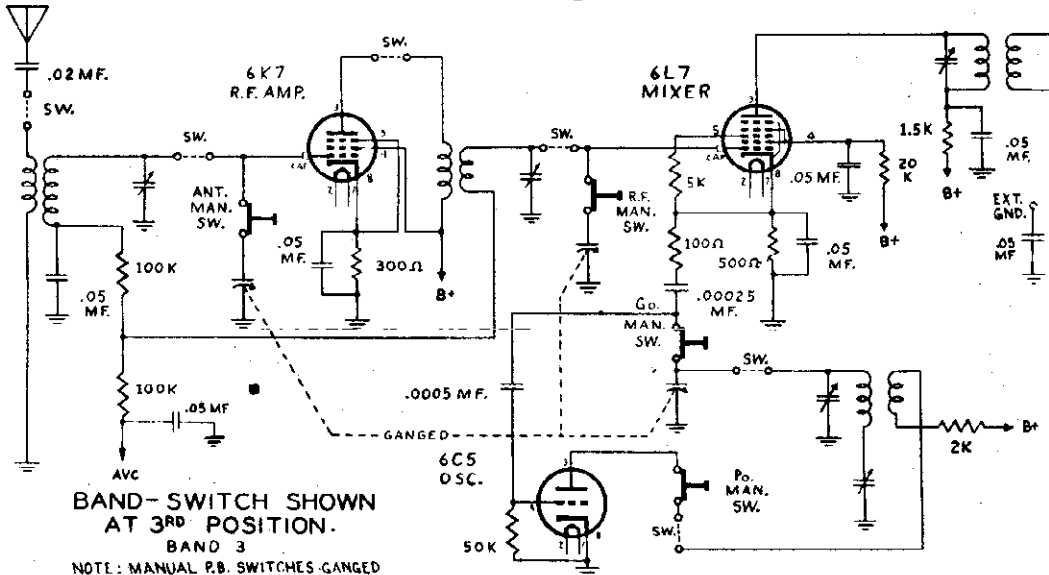
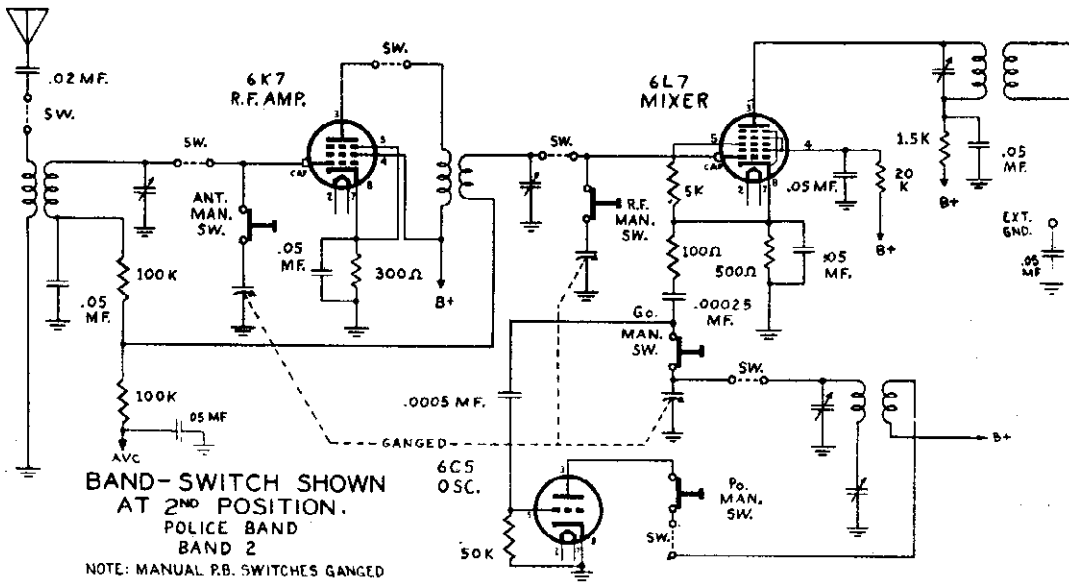
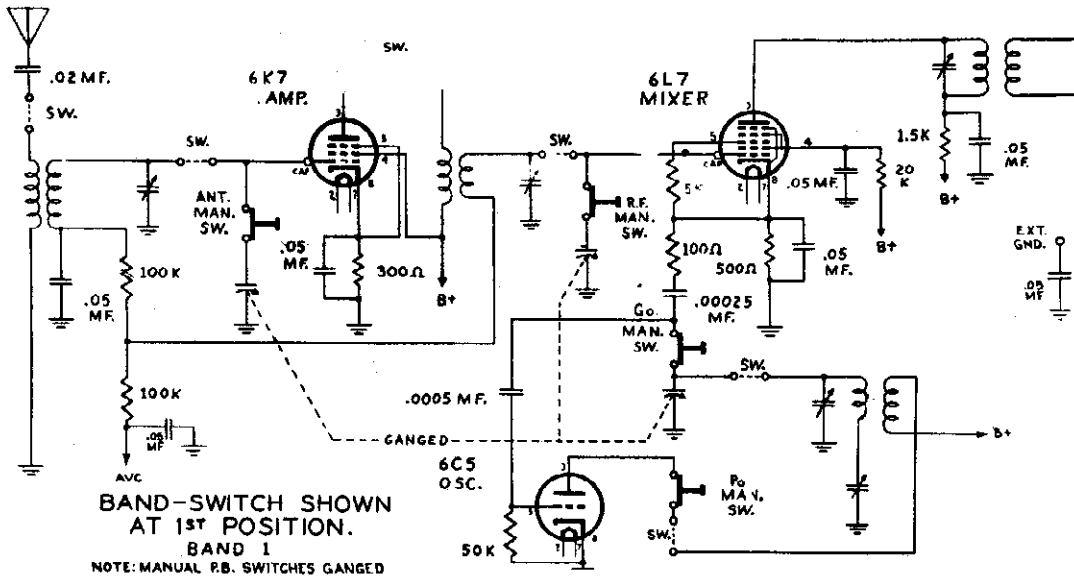
PUSH BUTTON TUNING

G. A.

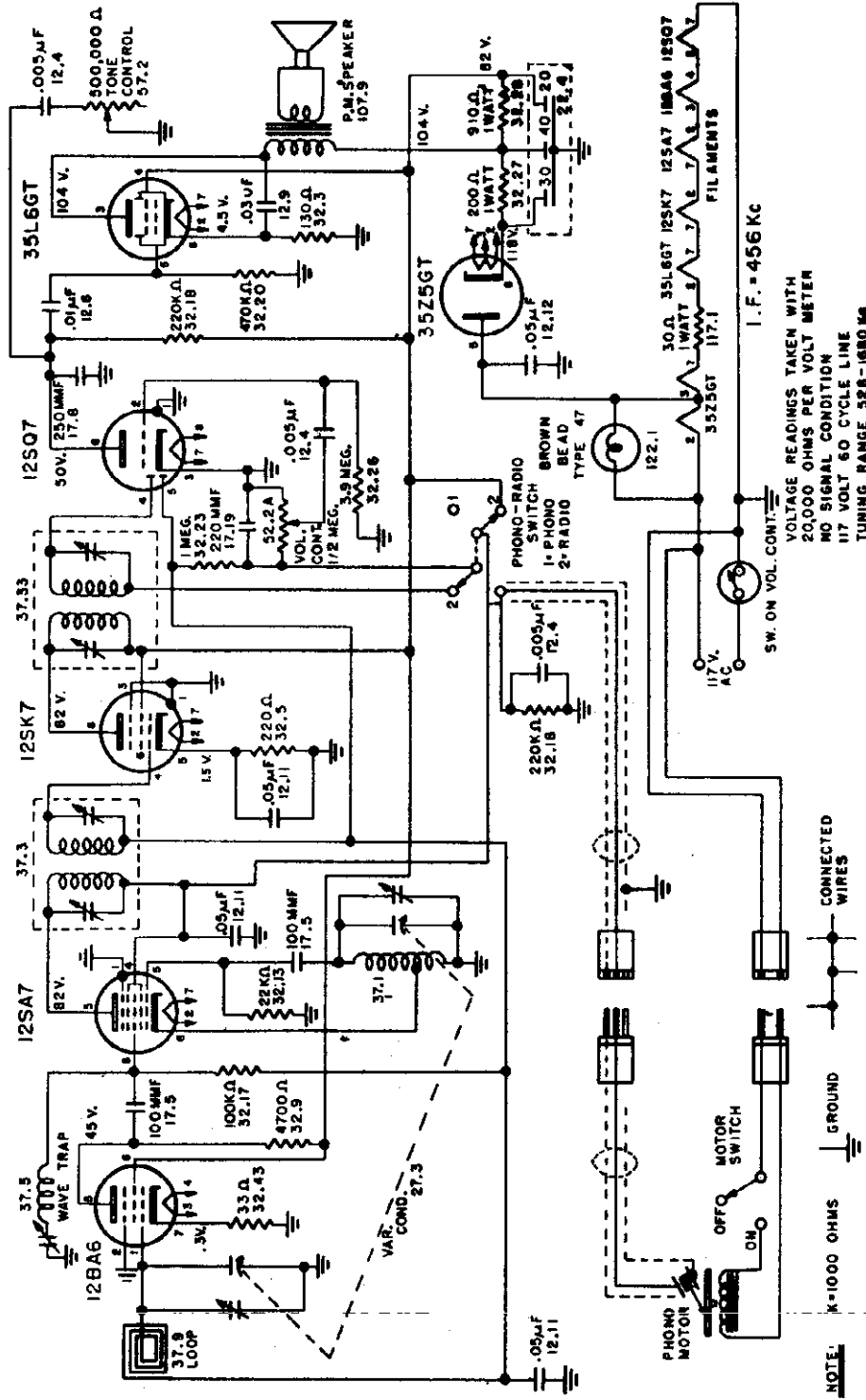
"clarified schematics"

MODEL 9162

ESPEY MFG. CO. INC.

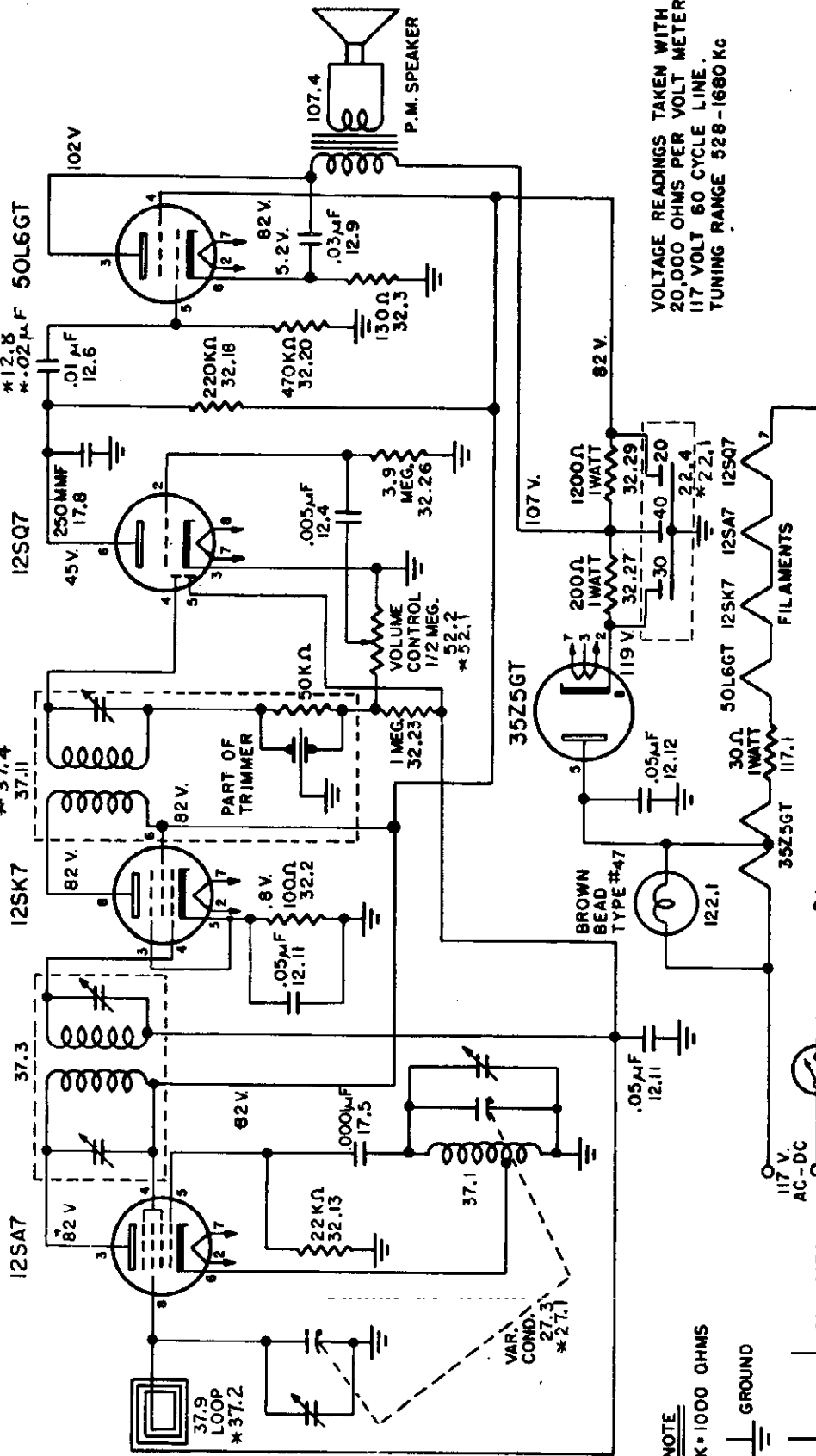


FADA RADIO & ELEC. CO. INC.



MODEL 605
MODEL 609

FADA RADIO & ELEC. CO. INC.



VOLTAGE READINGS TAKEN WITH
20,000 OHMS PER VOLT METER
117 VOLT 60 CYCLE LINE.
TUNING RANGE 528-1680 KC

MODEL 605
MODEL 609
SCHEMATIC
FADA RADIO & ELECTRIC CO. INC.
LONG ISLAND CITY, N.Y. U.S.A.

MODELS 605 AND 609 ARE IDENTICAL
WITH THE EXCEPTION OF THE .01-μF
CONDENSER, NO. 12.6, WHICH IN MODEL
609 IS .02 μF, NO. 12.8. THOSE
APPLY TO MODEL 609; OTHER PART
NUMBERS ARE THE SAME FOR BOTH MODELS

Power supply (25-60 cycles AC) 95-125V AC-DC

Power consumption 30 Watts

Frequency Range 1680-530 KC

I.F. Circuits 456 KC

Speaker 4" P.M. 1 oz. Alnico V Magnet

Speaker Transformer 2500 ohms—400 cycles parts indicated by an asterisk(*)

Speaker Voice Coil 3.2 ohms

Tubes: Osc.-Converter 12SA7GT

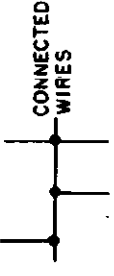
I.F. Amplifier 12SK7GT

Det. Avc. A.F. 12SQ7GT

Power Output 50L6GT

Rectifier 35Z5GT

NOTE
K = 1000 OHMS
GROUND



SW. ON VOL. CONT.
117 V.
AC-DC

I.F. = 456 KC

107 V.

82 V.

102 V

5.2 V.

82 V.

107.4

P.M. SPEAKER

*12.6
*.02 μF 50L6GT

12SQ7

*37.4
37.11

12SK7

37.3

12SA7

37.9
37.2

FADA RADIO & ELEC. CO. INC.

MODEL 60

MODEL 60

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

No attempt should be made to realign the various circuits until all other causes have been checked, unless the condition is so obvious as to indicate that realignment is necessary. Then proceed as follows:
 Volume Control full on.
 Low range A.C. meter connected across voice coil to indicate output.
 Keep signal generator attenuated so as to maintain 1/2 scale reading on output meter.
 Make certain that dial pointer is exactly on index line (top left side of dial plate) when variable condenser is fully meshed.

MODELS 605 AND 609

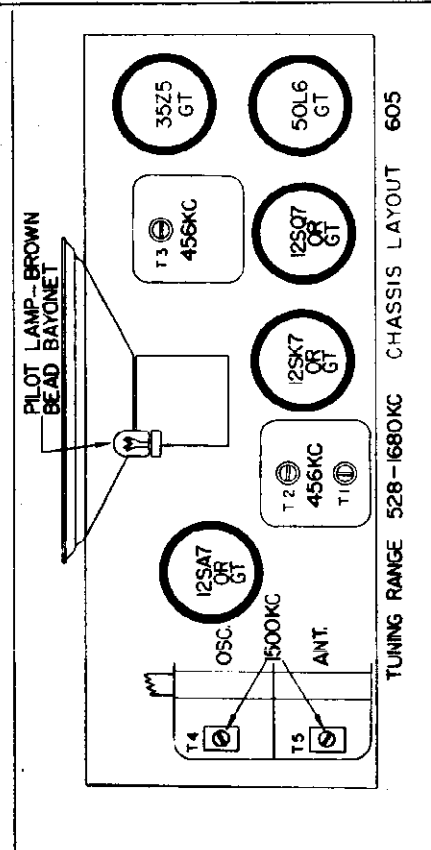
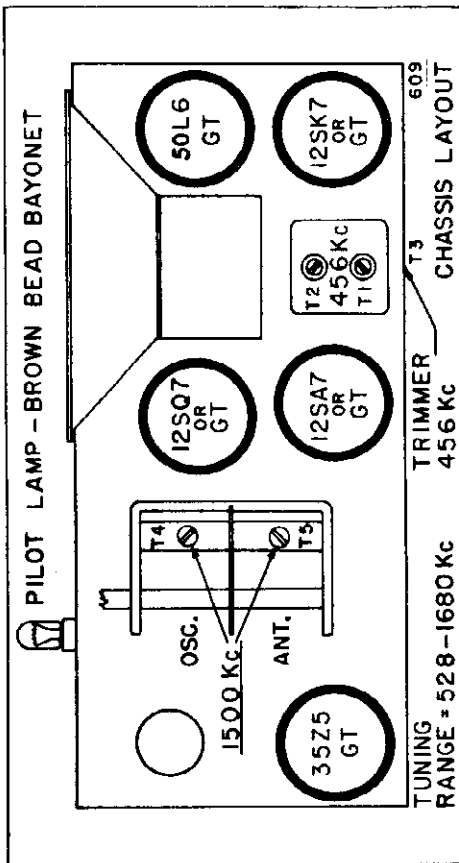
Receiver Dial at:	Signal Generator	Dummy Antenna	Connect Signal Generator to:	Refer to Chassis Layout for Location of Trimmers
1 Full	Exactly 456 KC	.1 MF	Control Grid (Top) Rear Section Variable Condenser	Adjust for Maximum Output T1, T2 & T3
2 Exactly 1680 KC	Exactly 1680 KC		Radiating Loop (1/2 meter) 20" from Receiver Loop	Adjust for Maximum Output T4
3 Approx. 1500 KC	Approx. 1500 KC		Radiating Loop (1/2 meter) 20" from Receiver Loop	Adjust for Maximum Output T5
4 Approx. 600 KC	Approx. 600 KC		Radiating Loop (1/2 meter) 20" from Receiver Loop	Check tracking and bend slotted end plate (rear section) of variable if necessary.
5				

605 SERIES PARTS LIST

Part No.	Description
12.4	Tubular Condenser .005 mf 600 V
12.6	Tubular Condenser .01 mf 400 V
12.9	Tubular Condenser .03 mf 400 V
12.11	Tubular Condenser .05 mf 200 V
12.12	Tubular Condenser .05 mf 400 V
17.5	Mica Condenser 100 mmf ± 10%
17.8	Mica Condenser 250 mmf ± 20%
22.4	3 Section Electrolytic Condenser
27.3	Variable Condenser 30-40-20 mf
37.1	Oscillator Coil 150 W.V.
37.9	Loop Antenna
37.3	Input I.F. Transformer complete
37.11	Output I.F. Transformer complete
52.2	Volume Control w/switch
72.1	Power Cord (Approved)
77.16	Dial Pointer
77.18	Dial Scale (Calibrated)
97.12W	Cabinet—Walnut Bakelite
142.4W	Cabinet Knobs—Walnut
107.4	Cabinet Back
97.11	4" P.M. Speaker with Transformer
107.41	4" P.M. Speaker less Transformer
42.1	Speaker Transformer for Above
117.1	30 ohm 1 W Resistor

609 SERIES PARTS LIST

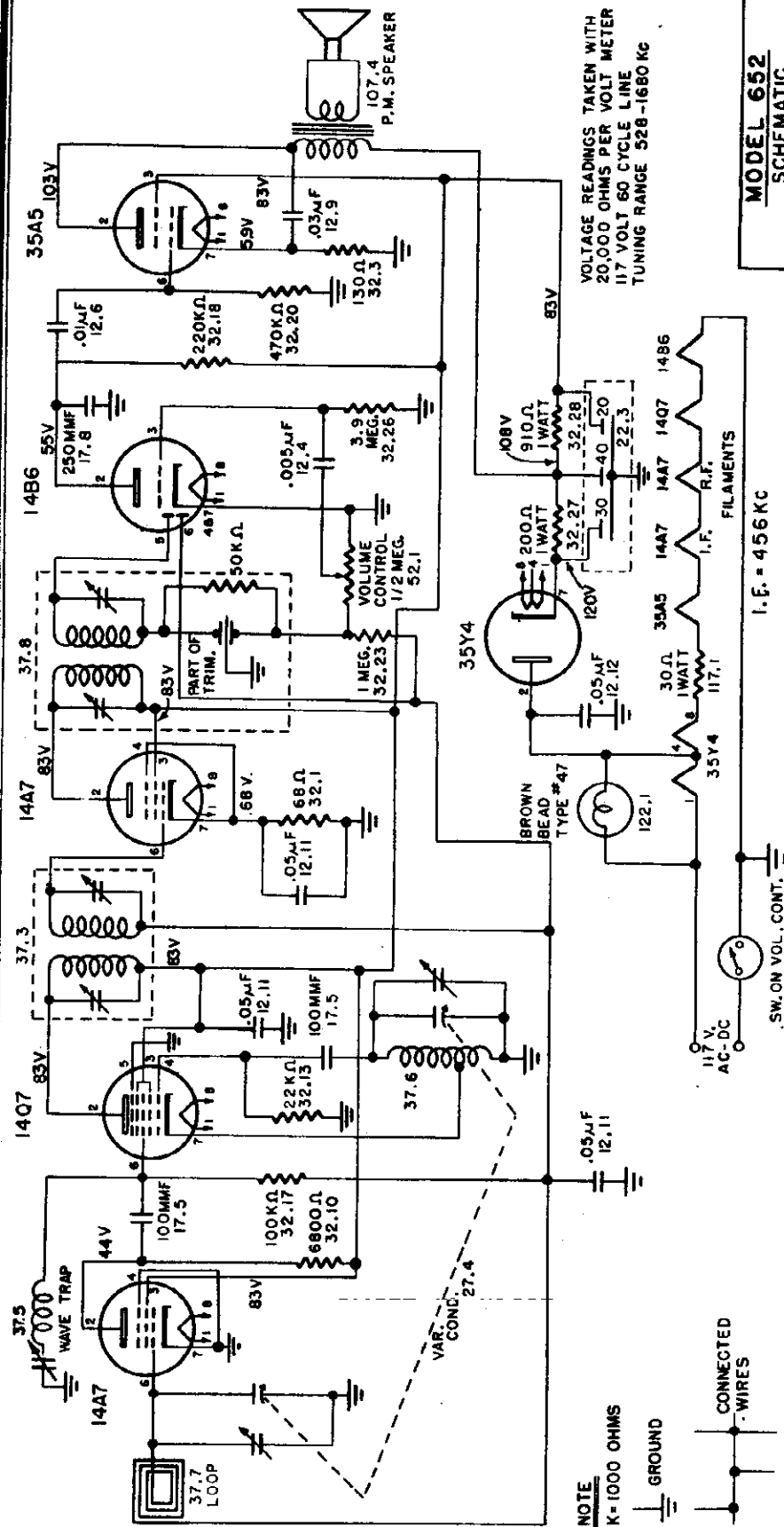
Part No.	Description
12.4	Tubular Condenser .005 mf 600 V
12.8	Tubular Condenser .02 mf 400 V
12.9	Tubular Condenser .03 mf 400 V
12.11	Tubular Condenser .05 mf 400 V
12.12	Tubular Condenser .05 mf 200 V
17.5	Mica Condenser 100 mmf ± 10%
17.8	Mica Condenser 250 mmf ± 20%
22.1	3 Section Electrolytic Condenser
27.1	Variable Condenser 30-40-20 mf
37.1	Oscillator Coil 150 W.V.
37.2	Loop Antenna
37.3	Input I.F. Transformer complete
37.4	Output I.F. Transformer complete
52.1	Volume Control with Switch
72.1	Power Cord (Approved)
77.1	Dial Scale (Calibrated)
77.6	Dial Pointer
77.7	Dial Crystal
97.2W	Cabinet Bakelite—Walnut
97.2V	Cabinet Bakelite—Ivory
97.3	Cabinet Back
142.4W	Cabinet Knobs—Walnut
142.4V	Cabinet Knobs—Ivory
107.1	4" P.M. Speaker with Transformer
107.2	4" P.M. Speaker less Transformer
42.1	Speaker Transformer for above
117.1	30 ohm 1 W Resistor



FADA RADIO & ELEC. CO. INC.

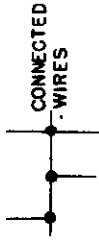
MODEL 652

MODEL 652
SCHEMATIC
 FADA RADIO & ELECTRIC CO., INC.
 LONG ISLAND CITY, N.Y., U.S.A.



VOLTAGE READINGS TAKEN WITH
 20,000 OHMS PER VOLT METER
 117 VOLT 60 CYCLE LINE
 TUNING RANGE 528-1680 KC

NOTE
 K = 1000 OHMS
 GROUND



- Power consumption 30 Watts
- Frequency Range 1680-530 KC
- Tubes: R.F. Amplifier 14A7
- Osc. Converter 14Q7
- I.F. Amplifier 14A7
- Det. Avc. A.F. 14B6
- Power Output 35A5
- Rectifier 35Y4
- Power supply (25-60 cycles AC) 95-125V AC-DC
- Speaker 4" P.M. 1 oz. Alnico V Magnet
- Speaker Transformer 2500 ohms—400 cycles
- Speaker Voice Coil 3.2 ohms

FADA RADIO & ELEC. CO. INC.

MODEL 652
MODEL 1000

PARTS LIST 652 SERIES

Part No.	Description
12.4	Tubular Condenser .005 mf 600 V
12.6	Tubular Condenser .01 mf 400 V
12.9	Tubular Condenser .03 mf 400 V
12.11	Tubular Condenser .05 mf 200 V
12.12	Tubular Condenser .05 mf 400 V
17.5	Mica Condenser 100 mmf ± 10%
17.8	Mica Condenser 250 mmf ± 20%
22.3	3 Section Electrolytic Condenser 30-40-20 mf 150 W.V.
27.4	Variable Condenser
37.6	Oscillator Coil
37.7	Loop Antenna
37.3	Input I.F. Transformer complete
37.8	Output I.F. Transformer complete
37.5	I.F. Trap
52.3	Volume Control with Switch
72.1	Power Cord (approved)
77.12	Dial Pointer
77.10	Dial Scale (Calibrated)
97.7A	Cabinet—Alabaster
97.7B	Cabinet—Red & Alabaster
97.7C	Cabinet—Blue & Alabaster
97.7D	Cabinet—Maroon & Alabaster
97.7E	Cabinet—Onyx
97.8	Cabinet Back
142.3A	Cabinet Knobs Alabaster
142.3B	Cabinet Knobs Onyx
142.3C	Cabinet Knobs Red
107.4	4" Speaker with Transformer
107.41	4" Speaker less Transformer
42.1	Speaker Transformer for above
117.1	30 ohm 1 W Resistor

PARTS LIST 1000 SERIES

Part No.	Description
12.4	Tubular Condenser .005 mf 600 V
12.6	Tubular Condenser .01 mf 400 V
12.9	Tubular Condenser .03 mf 400 V
12.11	Tubular Condenser .05 mf 200 V
12.12	Tubular Condenser .05 mf 400 V
17.5	Mica Condenser 100 mmf ± 10%
17.8	Mica Condenser 250 mmf ± 20%
22.1	3 Section Electrolytic Condenser 30-40-20 mf 150 W.V.
27.5A	Variable Condenser
37.1	Oscillator Coil
37.10	Loop Antenna
37.3	Input I.F. Transformer complete
37.33	Output I.F. Transformer complete
37.5	I.F. Trap
52.5	Volume Control with Switch
72.1	Power Cord (Approved)
77.6	Dial Pointer
77.21	Dial Scale (Calibrated)
77.22	Dial Crystal
97.16A	Cabinet Alabaster
97.16B	Cabinet Red & Alabaster
97.16C	Cabinet Blue & Alabaster
97.16D	Cabinet Maroon & Alabaster
97.16E	Cabinet Onyx
142.5A	Cabinet Knobs Alabaster
142.5B	Cabinet Knobs Onyx
142.5C	Cabinet Knobs Red
107.1	4" P.M. Speaker with Transformer
42.1	Speaker Transformer for above

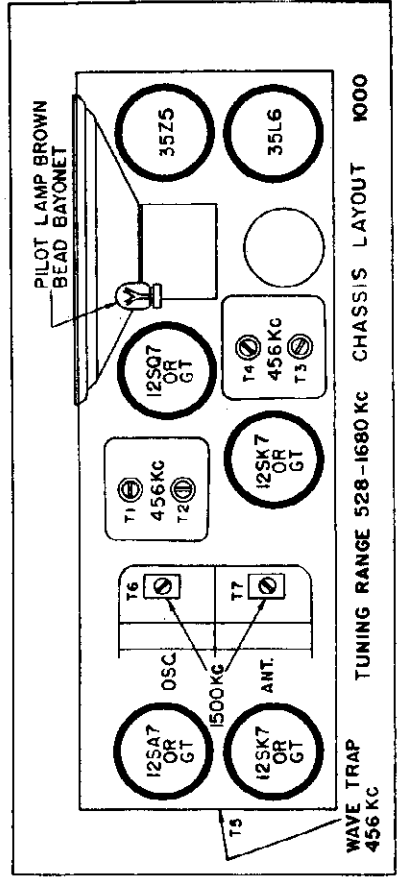
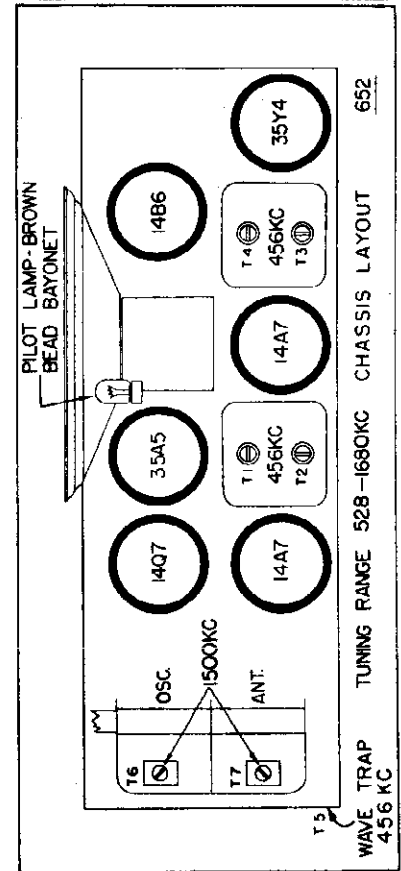
ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE MODELS 652 AND 1000

No attempt should be made to realign the various circuits until all other causes have been checked, unless the condition is so obvious as to indicate that realignment is necessary. Then proceed as follows:
 Volume: Control full on.
 Low range A.C. meter connected across voice coil to indicate output.
 Keep signal generator attenuated so as to maintain 1/2 scale reading on output meter.
 Make certain that dial pointer is exactly on index line (top left side of dial plate) when variable condenser is fully meshed.

MODEL 652

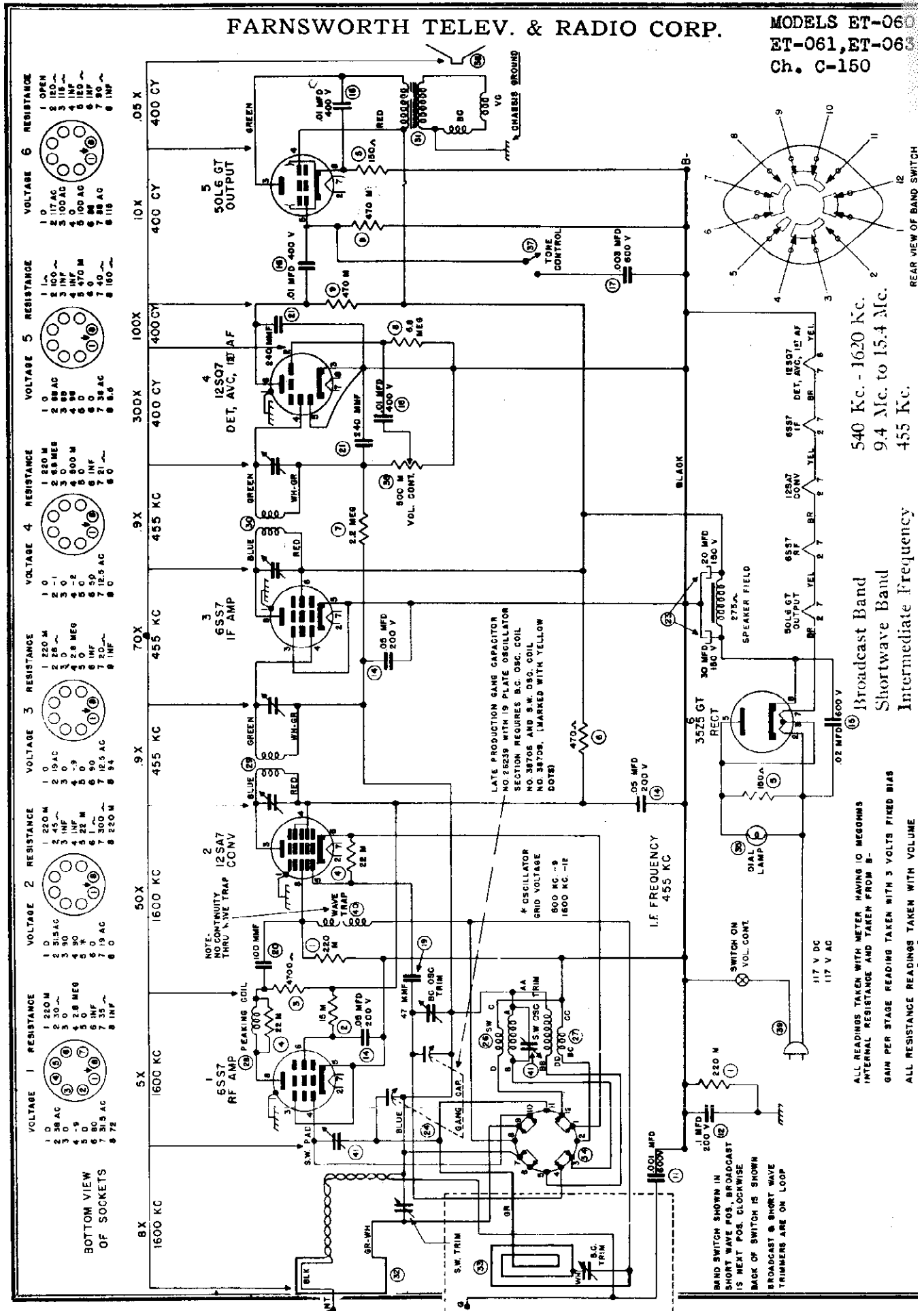
Receiver Dial at:	Signal Generator:	Dummy Antenna:	Connect Generator to:	Connect Signal Generator to:	Refer to Chassis Layout for Location of Trimmers
1 Full Open	Exactly 456 KC	.1 MF	Control Grid 12SA7 Tube Pin No. 8 on 14Q7 Socket	Control Grid 12SA7 Tube Pin No. 8 on 14Q7 Socket	Adjust for Maximum Output T1, T2, T3 & T4
2 Full Open	Exactly 456 KC	.1 MF	Control Grid 14A7 Tube (RF) Variable Condenser	Control Grid 12SK7 Tube (R.F.) (Top) Rear Section Variable Condenser	Adjust for Minimum Output T5
3 Exactly 1680 KC	Exactly 1680 KC		Radiating Loop (1/2 meter) 20" from Receiver	Radiating Loop (1/2 meter) 20" from Receiver	Adjust for Maximum Output T6
4 Exactly 1500 KC	Exactly 1500 KC		Radiating Loop (1/2 meter) 20" from Receiver	Radiating Loop (1/2 meter) 20" from Receiver	Adjust for Maximum Output T7
5 Approx. 600 KC	Approx. 600 KC		Radiating Loop (1/2 meter) 20" from Receiver	Radiating Loop (1/2 meter) 20" from Receiver	Check tracking and bend slotted end of plate (rear section) of variable if necessary.
6					

MODEL 1000



FARNSWORTH TELEV. & RADIO CORP.

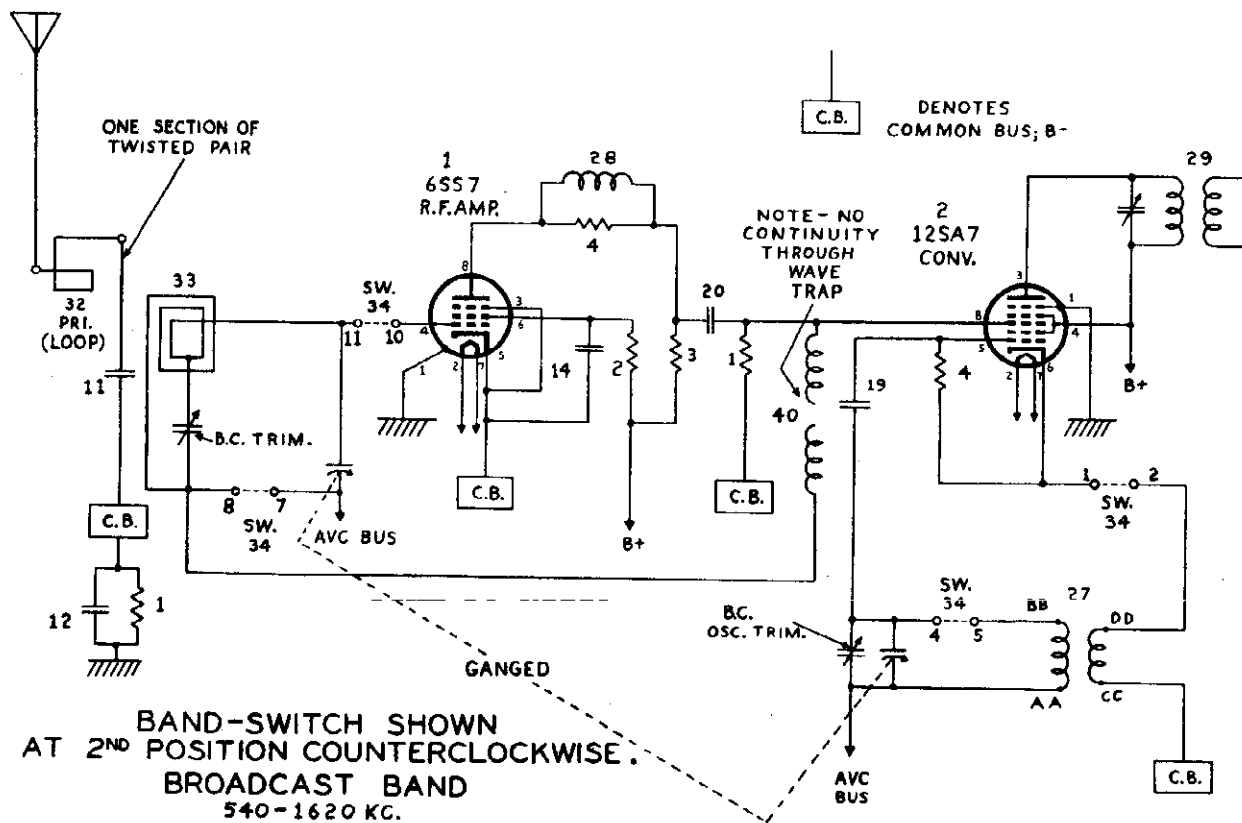
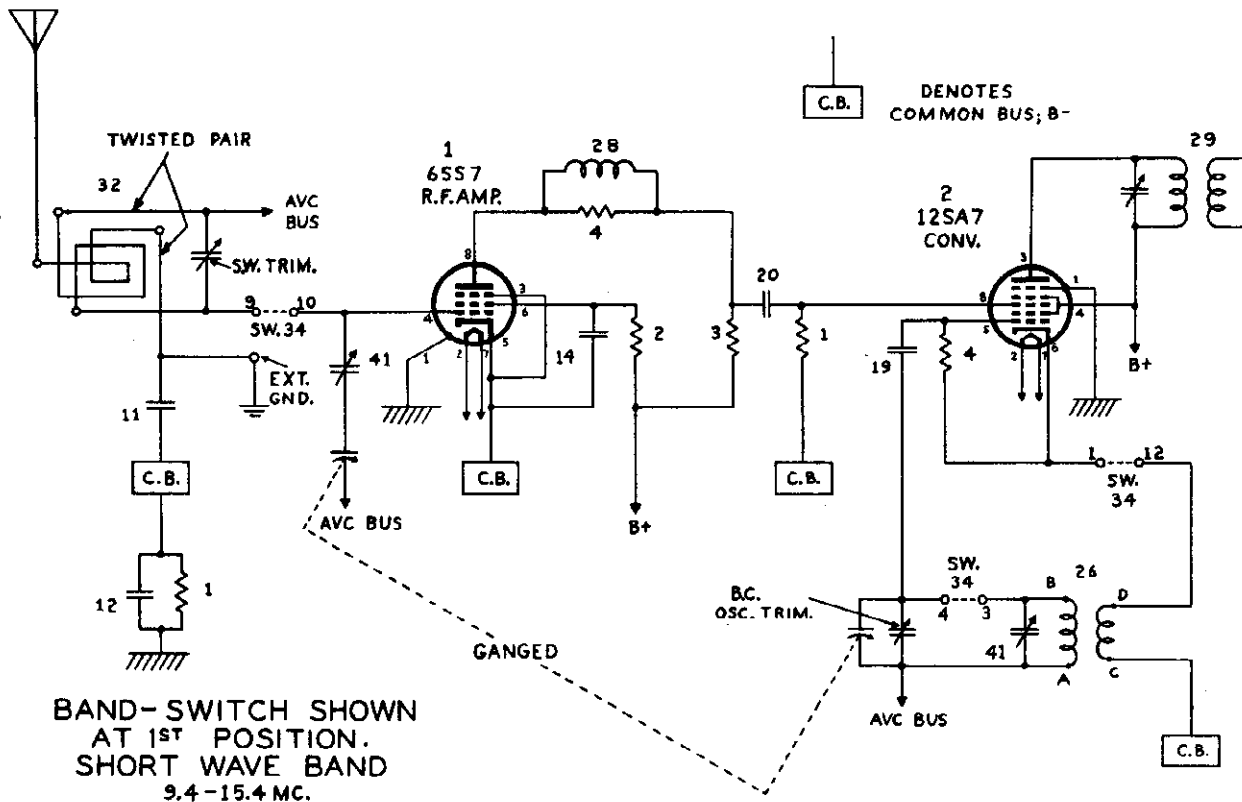
MODELS ET-060
ET-061, ET-063
Ch. C-150



ALL READINGS TAKEN WITH METER HAVING 10 MEGOHMS INTERNAL RESISTANCE AND TAKEN FROM B-
GAIN PER STAGE READINGS TAKEN WITH 3 VOLTS FIRED BIAS
ALL RESISTANCE READINGS TAKEN WITH VOLUME

MODELS ET-060,
ET-061, ET-063
Ch. C-150

FARNSWORTH TELEV. & RADIO CORP.



FARNSWORTH TELEV. & RADIO CORP.

MODELS ET-060
ET-061, ET-063

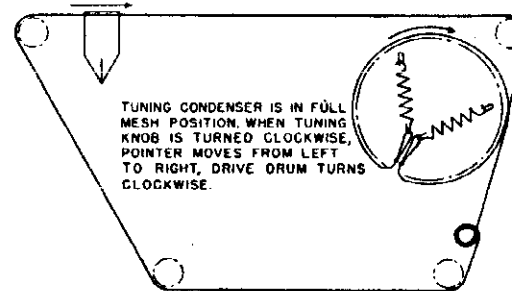
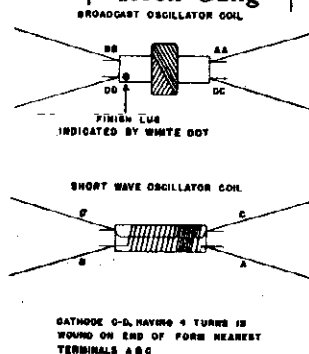
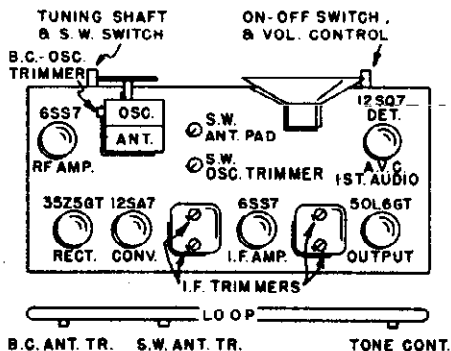
A Signal Generator calibrated at 455 Kc., 600 Kc., 1000 Kc., 1500 Kc., 15 Mc., 12.5 Mc., and 10 Mc and an output indicator are required to properly align this receiver. All adjustments should be made with the volume control set for maximum, keeping the signal generator output as low as possible to prevent AVC action and incorrect adjustments.

Connect the low side of the Signal Generator to the chassis through a .1 Mfd. condenser. Connect the high side to antenna lead at rear of set through dummy load of 100 MMF for Broadcast and 40 ohms for Shortwave.

The loop antenna should be placed in approximately the position relative to chassis as when chassis is installed in cabinet.

When aligning the Shortwave Oscillator, use the peak found farthest out from maximum capacity on the oscillator trimmer. Use the peak nearest maximum capacity on the loop trimmer.

STEPS	DUMMY ANTENNA	SET GENERATOR AT	SET GANG AT	ADJUST	LOCATED	TO OBTAIN	
1	SET VOLUME CONTROL FOR MAXIMUM OUTPUT						
2	100 MMF	455 Kc.	Minimum Capacity	2nd. I.F. Trimmers	Top of I.F. Transformer	Maximum Output	
3				1st. I.F. Trimmers			
4		1500 Kc.	1500 Kc.	B.C. Osc. Trimmer	On Tuning Capacitor		
5		1500 Kc.	1500 Kc.	B.C. Ant. Trimmer	*On Loop Antenna		
6	Check Pointer for Calibration at 1000 Kc. and 600 Kc.						
SHORT WAVE BAND							
7	400 Ohms	15 Mc.	Minimum Capacity	S.W. Osc. Trimmer	*Chassis Near Rear	Maximum Output	
8		12.5 Mc.	12.5 Mc. Rock Gang	S.W. Ant. Trimmer	*On Loop		
9	Check	10 Mc.	10 Mc. Rock Gang	S.W. Ant. Padder	*Chassis Near Front		



MODELS ET-060,
ET-061, ET-063

FARNSWORTH TELEV. & RADIO CORP.

Refer. No.	Part No.	DESCRIPTION	List Price
1	77218	220 M Ohms	\$.15
2	77265	15 M Ohms	.15
3	77211	4700 Ohms	.15
4	77266	22 M Ohms	.15
5	77259	150 Ohms	.15
6	77261	470 Ohms	.15
7	77270	2.2 Megohms	.15
8	77273	6.8 Megohms	.15
9	77217	470 M Ohms	.15
11	25197	.001 Mfd. 600 V.	.15
12	25215	.1 Mfd. 600 V.	.20
14	25196	.05 Mfd. 600 V.	.30
15	25195	.02 Mfd. 600 V.	.20
16	25194	.01 Mfd. 600 V.	.20
17	25184	.003 Mfd. 600 V.	.20
19	25193	47 Mmf. Mica	.30
20	25188	100 Mmf. Mica	.25
21	25187	240 Mmf. Mica	.30
23	25022	20 Mfd.—30 Mfd.—150 V. Elect. Cap.	1.15
24	26154	Gang Capacitor	4.45
24	26239	Gang Capacitor, (see note)	3.95
26	38549	S. W. Oscillator Coil (White dot) for 26154	.70
26	38709	S. W. Oscillator Coil (Yellow dot) for 26239 (see note)	.70
27	38483	B. C. Oscillator Coil (White dot) for 26154	.60
27	38707	B. C. Oscillator Coil (Yellow dot) for 26239 (see note)	.60
28	38550	Peaking Coil	.40
29	38536	1st. I. F. Transformer	1.70
30	38537	2nd. I. F. Transformer	1.70
31	94091	Output Transformer	1.50
32	38535	S. W. Loop Assembly	.60
33	38465	B. C. Loop and Back Cover Ass'y ET-060 and ET-061	3.15
33	38480	B. C. Loop and Back Cover Ass'y ET-063	3.20
34	90095	Band Switch	1.50
35	42186	Dial Lamp (Mazda 47)	.15
36	78070	Volume Control	1.10
37	90073	Tone Control Slide Switch	.20
38	81091	Speaker	6.35
39	27118	Line Cord	.70
40	38484	Wave Trap	.55
41	26214	B. C. and S. W. Antenna Trimmer Strip	.60
	31276	Dial Background	.35
	31319	Dial Window	.50
	07334	Dial Pointer Assembly	.95
	31277	Dial Scale for ET-060 and ET-061	.40
	31279	Dial Scale for ET-063	.45
	41106	Universal Drive Cord Kit	.40
	56994	Drive Drum	.15
	09195	Knob and Set Screw for ET-060 and ET-063	.45
	09196	Knob and Set Screw for ET-061 Red	.50
	09224	Knob and Set Screw for ET-061 Blue	.50
	09225	Knob and Set Screw for ET-061 Black	.50
	54118	Band Switch Lever ET-060 and ET-061	.15
	54091	Band Switch Lever ET-063	.15
	H-231	Cabinet and Packing for ET-060	6.15
	H-254	Cabinet and Packing for ET-061	8.75
	59168	Grille for ET-060	2.00
	59190	Grille for ET-061 Red	2.00
	59247	Grille for ET-061 Blue	2.00
	59248	Grille for ET-061 Black	2.00

NOTE: Models with R.F. trimmer on loop require removal of R. F. trimmer from gang capacitor having such trimmer. Late production gang capacitor 26239 (identified by red dot) with 19 plate oscillator section requires B.C. Oscillator Coil 38706 and S.W. Oscillator Coil 38709 (Marked with yellow dots).

The Service Department policy is to furnish ½ Watt 5% Carbon Resistors and 600 Volt Tub-

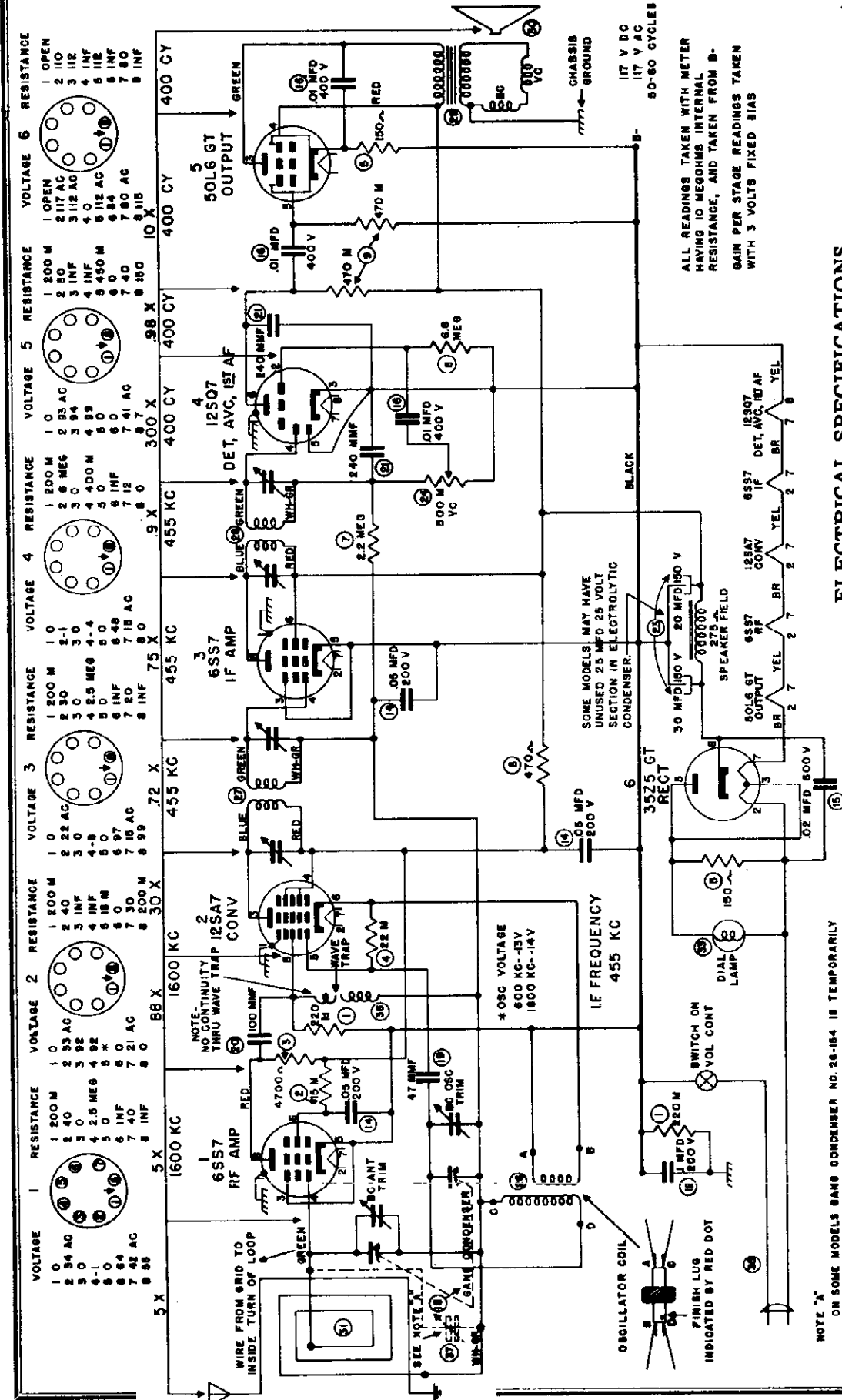
The parts shortage has resulted in the substitution of various types of tuning capacitors without change in part numbers stamped on them. In ordering replacement tuning capacitors for ET-060, 061, 063, 064, 065, 066, 069; EK-263, 264, and 265 the following suggestions should be observed:

Gang Capacitor with 21 plate oscillator section requires the removal of trimmer from R.F. section of gang if the loop antenna has a R. F. trimmer located on it. This capacitor uses B. C. oscillator coil No. 38483 and if a S. W. oscillator coil is used, requires S. W. oscillator coil No. 38549. Both of these coils have a white dot to indicate finish lug.

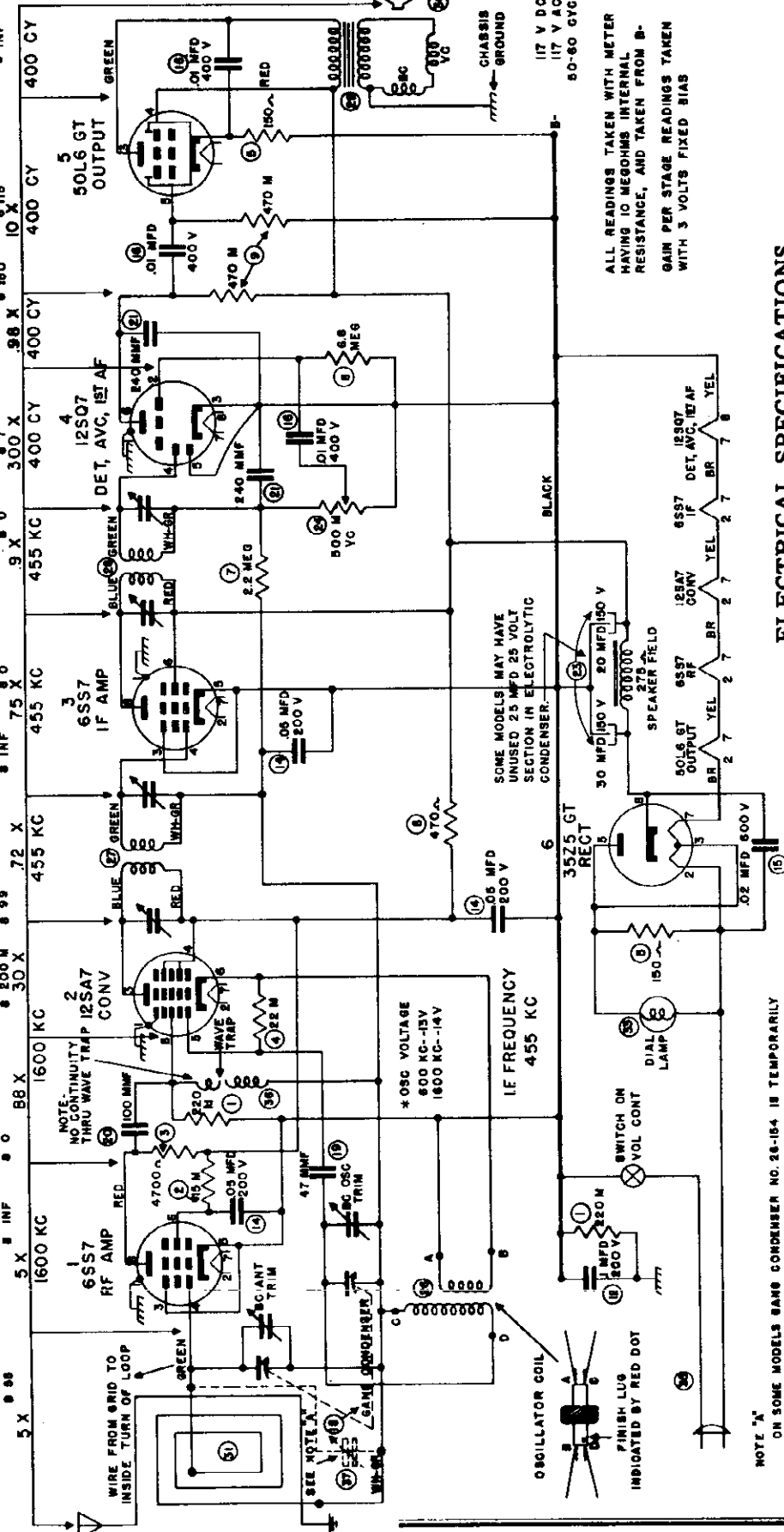
No. 23239 gang capacitor with 19 plate oscillator section (identified by red dot on rear) may require the removal of R. F. trimmer as explained above. This capacitor requires B. C. oscillator coil No. 38706 and S. W. oscillator coil (if used) No. 38709. These oscillator coils are marked with a yellow dot at the finish lug.

Prices subject to change without notice.

FARNSWORTH TELEV. & RADIO CORP. MODELS ET-064,
ET-065, Ch. C-158,
ET-066, Ch. C-159



VOLTAGE	RESISTANCE	VOLTAGE	RESISTANCE	VOLTAGE	RESISTANCE	VOLTAGE	RESISTANCE	VOLTAGE	RESISTANCE
1 0	1 200 M	1 0	1 200 M	1 0	1 200 M	1 0	1 200 M	1 0	1 200 M
2 34 AC	2 40	2 22 AC	2 40	2 22 AC	2 40	2 22 AC	2 40	2 22 AC	2 40
3 0	3 0	3 0	3 0	3 0	3 0	3 0	3 0	3 0	3 0
4 1	4 2.5 MEG	4 8	4 2.5 MEG	4 8	4 2.5 MEG	4 8	4 2.5 MEG	4 8	4 2.5 MEG
5 0	5 0	5 0	5 0	5 0	5 0	5 0	5 0	5 0	5 0
6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0
7 42 AC	7 40	7 18 AC	7 20	7 18 AC	7 20	7 18 AC	7 20	7 18 AC	7 20
8 98	8 0	8 99	8 0	8 99	8 0	8 99	8 0	8 99	8 0



ALL READINGS TAKEN WITH METER HAVING 10 MEGOHMS INTERNAL RESISTANCE, AND TAKEN FROM B- GAIN PER STAGE READINGS TAKEN WITH 3 VOLTS FIXED BIAS

Watts at 117 Volts A. C. 30
Voltage A. C. or D. C. 105-125

Six Tube A. C. — D. C. Single Band Superheterodyne
Broadcast Band 540 Kc — 1620 Kc
Intermediate Frequency 455 Kc

ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

MODEL CHASSIS SPEAKER

ET-064 C-158 81091
ET-065 C-158 81091
ET-066 C-159 81091

NOTE "A"
ON SOME MODELS BAND CONDENSER NO. 26-184 IS TEMPORARILY SUBSTITUTED FOR NO. 26-185. IN SUCH CASE B.C. ANT. TRIMMER WILL BE FOUND ON LOOP.

MODELS ET-064,
ET-065, Ch.C-158;
ET-066, Ch.C-159

FARNSWORTH TELEV. & RADIO CORP.

EQUIPMENT AND PROCEDURE FOR ALIGNMENT

To properly align this receiver, a signal generator calibrated at 455 Kc., 600 Kc., and 1500 Kc., and an output indicator are required. All adjustments should be made with the volume control set for maximum volume, keeping the signal generator output as low as possible to prevent A. V. C. action and incorrect alignment.

Connect the low side of the signal generator to one of the wires found at the rear of the set. The high side of the signal generator is connected to the other lead.

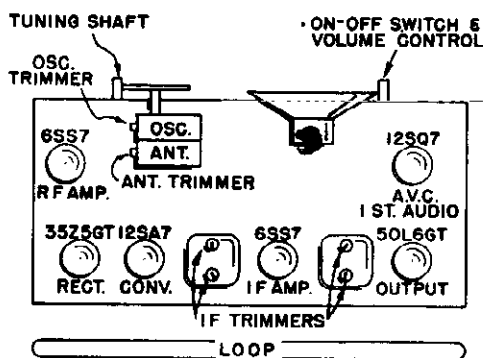
The loop should be spaced 3/4 inch from the chassis or the approximate position relative to the chassis as when installed in cabinet.

TABULATION FOR ALIGNMENT

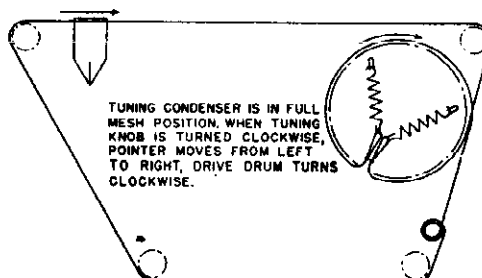
Steps	Dummy Antenna	Set Generator At	Set Gang At	Adjust	Located	To Obtain
1	Set Volume Control For Maximum Output					
2	100 MMF	455 Kc.	Minimum Capacity	2nd. I.F. Trimmers	Top of I.F. Transformer	Maximum Output
3				1st. I. F. Trimmers		
4		1500 Kc.	1500 Kc.	Osc. Trimmer	On Tuning Condenser	
5		1500 Kc.	1500 Kc.	Ant. Trimmer	On Tuning Condenser*	
6	Check Pointer Calibration at 600Kc.					

*On models using gang condenser #26154, the antenna trimmer is located on loop.

SIX TUBE LAYOUT



DIAL STRINGING



MODELS EC-260,
EK-262, EK-263,
EK-264, EK-265

FARNSWORTH TELEV. & RADIO CORP.

MODELS ET-064,
ET-065, ET-066

PARTS PRICE LIST
EC-260, EK-262, EK-263, EK-264, EK-265

Part No.	Description	List Price
77214	100 M Ohms.....	
77211	4700 Ohms.....	
77206	22 M Ohms.....	
77201	470 Ohms.....	
77175	22 M Ohms 2 Watt.....	
77170	22 M Ohms.....	
77166	220 M Ohms.....	
77163	470 M Ohms.....	
77217	6.8 Megohms.....	
77273	270 Ohms 1 Watt.....	
77174	100 Ohms.....	
77258	2200 Ohms 2 Watt.....	
77301	.05 Mfd. Tubular 600 V.....	
25196	.1 Mfd. Tubular 600 V.....	
25215	.01 Mfd. Tubular 600 V.....	
25194	.005 Mfd. Tubular 600 V.....	
25183	.002 Mfd. Tubular 600 V.....	
25185	.003 Mfd. Tubular 600 V.....	
25184	.005 Mfd. Line Buffer 800 V.....	
25031	100 Mmf. Mica.....	
25188	240 Mmf. Mica.....	
25187	47 Mmf. Mica.....	
25183	Electrolytic Capacitor 30 Mf. 330 V. 30 Mf. 300 V. 30 Mf. 250 V.....	
25180	Gang Condenser and Drive Drum.....	
15136	Volume Control and Phono Switch.....	
78071	Wave Trap.....	
90148	Oscillator Coil.....	
38484	1st. I. F. Transformer.....	
38536	2nd. I. F. Transformer.....	
38537	Output Transformer EK-260, EK-265.....	
84225	Output Transformer EK-262.....	
84187	Output Transformer EK-263, EK-264.....	
84186	Output Transformer EK-263, EK-264.....	
26032	Antenna Trimmer.....	
38532	Loop Antenna for EK-262 and EK-264.....	
38544	Loop Antenna for EK-260, EK-263 and EK-265.....	
11210	Line Cord.....	
42185	Phono A.C. Cable and Plug.....	
80080	Dial Lamp Mazda 44.....	
81125	Speaker EK-260, EK-265.....	
81124	Speaker EK-263, EK-264.....	
81123	Speaker EK-262.....	
80255	Antenna Socket.....	
80252	Antenna Plug.....	
80139	Molded Octal Tube Socket.....	
07348	Dial Pointer Assembly.....	
41106	Universal Drive Cord Kit.....	
31318	Dial Glass for EK-260, EK-264.....	
31280	Dial Glass for EK-262, EK-263, EK-265.....	
59211	Dial Escutcheon EK-260, EK-264.....	
59189	Dial Escutcheon EK-262, EK-263, EK-265.....	
59006	Dial Background for EK-262, EK-263, EK-265.....	
59039	Dial Background for EK-260, EK-264.....	
64380	Dial Light Current Supply Spring.....	
H-236	Cabinet and Packing for EK-260.....	
H-222-1	Cabinet and Packing for EK-263 Walnut.....	
H-222-2	Cabinet and Packing for EK-263 Blonde.....	
H-230-1	Cabinet and Packing for EK-264 Walnut.....	
H-230-2	Cabinet and Packing for EK-264 Blonde.....	
H-230-3	Cabinet and Packing for EK-263 Walnut, EK-264 Walnut, EK-265.....	
59134	Knob for EK-260, EK-262, EK-263 Walnut, EK-264 Walnut, EK-265.....	
59243	Knob for EK-263 Blonde, EK-264 Blonde.....	
71223	Phono Needle.....	
22147	P. U. Cable.....	

PRICES NOT AVAILABLE AT PRESENT

PARTS PRICE LIST

ET-064, ET-065, ET-066

Refer. No.	Part No.	Description	List Price
1	77216	220 M Ohms.....	
2	77265	15 M Ohms.....	
3	77211	4700 Ohms.....	
4	77266	22 M Ohms.....	
5	77259	150 Ohms.....	
6	77261	470 Ohms.....	
7	77270	2.2 Meg Ohms.....	
8	77273	6.8 Meg Ohms.....	
9	77217	470 M Ohms.....	
12	25215	.1 Mfd. 600 V.....	
14	25196	.05 Mfd. 600 V.....	
15	25195	.02 Mfd. 600 V.....	
16	25194	.01 Mfd. 600 V.....	
18	09130	Two Gang Condenser & Drive Drum.....	
19	25193	47 Mmf. Mica.....	
20	25188	100 Mmf. Mica.....	
21	25187	240 Mmf. Mica.....	
23	25022	Elect. Cond. 30 Mfd. & 20 Mfd.....	
24	78048	500 M Volume Control.....	
26	38483	Oscillator Coil Assembly.....	
27	38536	1st. I.F. Transformer.....	
28	38537	2nd. I.F. Transformer.....	
29	94091	Output Transformer.....	
30	81091	Speaker.....	
31	38478	Loop and Back Cover Assembly.....	
31	38479	Loop and Back Cover Assembly for ET-066.....	
33	42186	Dial Lamp.....	
35	27118	Line Cord.....	
36	38484	Wave Trap.....	
37	26233	Antenna Trimmer used with Gang Cond. #26154 Only.....	
	41106	Drive Cord Assembly.....	
	07316	Dial Pointer Assembly.....	
	31265	Dial Scale.....	
	31278	Dial Scale for ET-066.....	
	59193	Knob.....	
	59134	Knob to ET-066.....	
	H-239	Cabinet and Packing for ET-064.....	
	H-240	Cabinet and Packing for ET-065.....	
	H-235	Cabinet and Packing for ET-066.....	

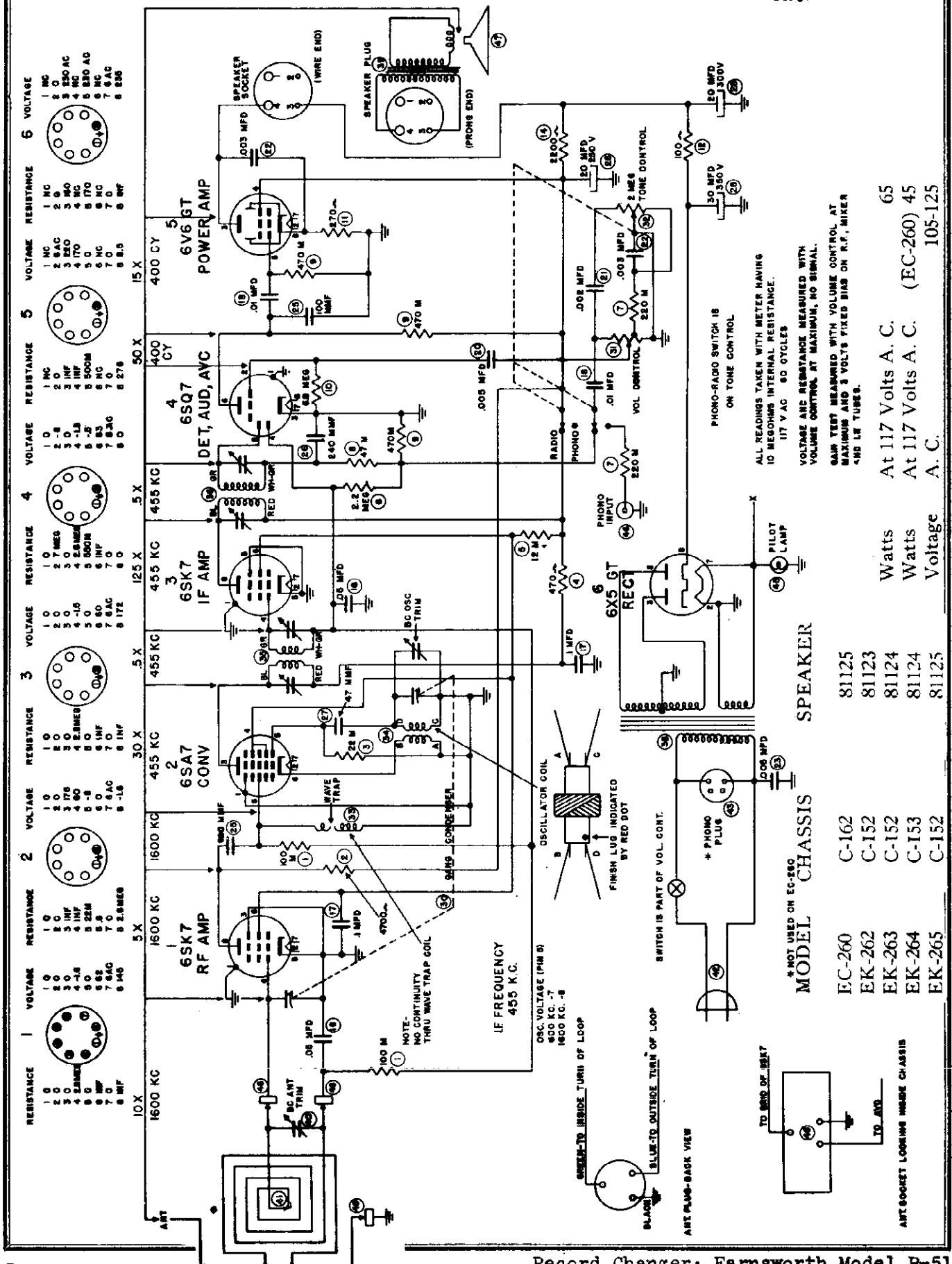
PRICES NOT AVAILABLE AT PRESENT

The Service Department policy is to furnish 1/2 Watt 5% Carbon Resistors and 600 Volt Tubular Condensers.

Prices subject to change without notice.

MODELS EC-260,
Ch.C-162;EK-262, FARNSWORTH TELEV. & RADIO CORP.

EK-263, EK-265,
Ch.C152; EK-264,
Ch.C-153



RESISTANCE	VOLTAGE	RESISTANCE	VOLTAGE	RESISTANCE	VOLTAGE	RESISTANCE	VOLTAGE	RESISTANCE	VOLTAGE
10 X	100 K	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
5 X	1600 K	20	30	20	20	20	20	20	20
30 X	1600 K	30	175	30	30	30	30	30	30
5 X	1600 K	40	4-16	40	4-16	40	4-16	40	4-16
5 X	1600 K	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50
5 X	1600 K	60	5-8	60	5-8	60	5-8	60	5-8
5 X	1600 K	65	60	65	60	65	60	65	60
5 X	1600 K	70	60	70	60	70	60	70	60
5 X	1600 K	75	60	75	60	75	60	75	60
5 X	1600 K	80	60	80	60	80	60	80	60
5 X	1600 K	85	60	85	60	85	60	85	60
5 X	1600 K	90	60	90	60	90	60	90	60
5 X	1600 K	95	60	95	60	95	60	95	60
5 X	1600 K	100	60	100	60	100	60	100	60

PHONO-RADIO SWITCH IS ON TONE CONTROL

ALL READINGS TAKEN WITH METER HAVING 10 MEGOHMS INTERNAL RESISTANCE.

VOLUME AND RESISTANCE MEASURED WITH 117 V AC 60 CYCLES

GAIN TEST MEASURED WITH VOLUME CONTROL AT MAXIMUM AND 5 VOLTS FIXED BIAS ON R.F. MIKER AND I.F. TUBES.

MODEL	CHASSIS	Watts	Voltage
EC-260	C-162	81125	At 117 Volts A. C.
EK-262	C-152	81123	At 117 Volts A. C.
EK-263	C-152	81124	At 117 Volts A. C.
EK-264	C-153	81124	At 117 Volts A. C.
EK-265	C-152	81125	At 117 Volts A. C.

FARNSWORTH TELEV. & RADIO CORP.

MODELS EC-260,
Ch.C-162;EK-262,
EK-263,EK-265,
Ch.C-152;EK-264,
Ch.C-153

A Signal Generator calibrated at 455 Kc., 600 Kc. and 1500 Kc., and an output indicator are necessary to properly align this set. All adjustments should be made with the volume control set for maximum and the tone control for maximum treble, keeping the signal generator output as low as possible to prevent A.V.C. action and false settings.

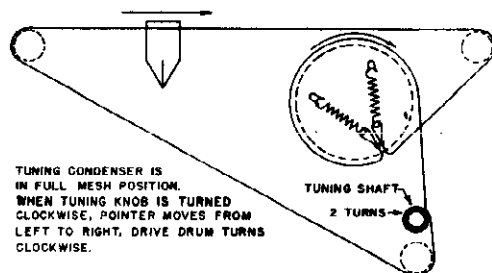
The low side of the signal generator is connected to the chassis.

TABULATION FOR ALIGNMENT

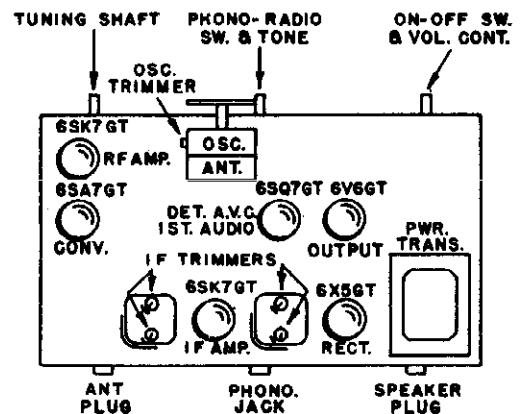
Steps	Connect High Side of Generator to	Set Generator At	Set Gang At	Adjust	Located	To Obtain	
1	Set Volume Control at Maximum and Tone Control at Maximum Treble						
2	Stator of Ant. Section of Gang with .1 Mf. In Series	455 Kc.	Minimum	2nd. I.F. Transformer	Top of 2nd. I.F. Transformer	Maximum Output	
3				1st. I. F. Transformer	Top of 1st. I.F. Transformer		
4	Ant. Lead With 250 Mmf. In Series*	1500 Kc.	1500 Kc.	Osc. Trimmer	On Gang		
5		1500 Kc.	1500 Kc.	Ant. Trimmer	On Loop		
6	Check Pointer Calibration on 600 Kc.						

*Antenna wire protrudes from loop.

DIAL STRINGING



CHASSIS LAYOUT



THE FIRESTONE TIRE & RUBBER CO.

MODEL 4A2,
Commentator

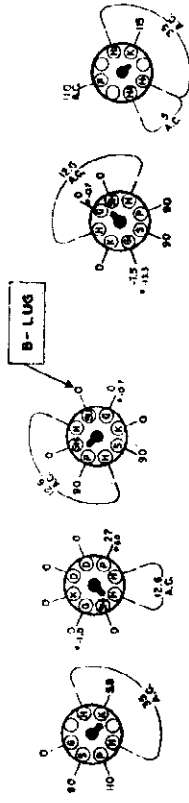
I.F. 455 KC.

SOCKET VOLTAGES

Measured with voltmeter having sensitivity of 1000 ohms per volt except where indicated by (*).
VOLUME ON FULL WITH NO SIGNAL DIAL TURNED TO 540 KC.

BOTTOM VIEW OF CHASSIS

HEATER VOLTAGES MEASURED ACROSS SOCKET TERMINALS. ALL OTHER VOLTAGES MEASURED BETWEEN SOCKET TERMINALS AND B-LUG.

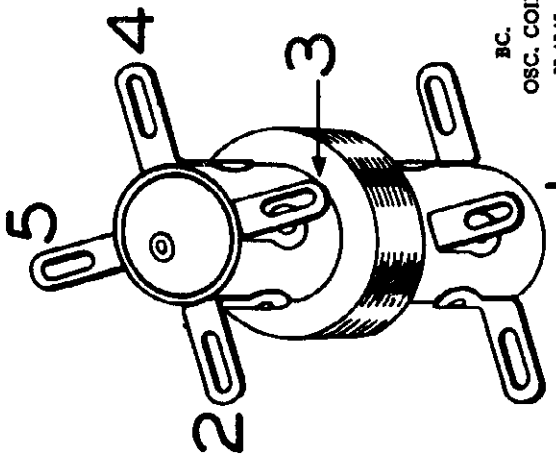


- 12SA7 1ST DET.-OSC.
- 12SK7 I.F.
- 12SQ7 2ND DET.-A.V.C.
- 35L6GT OUTPUT
- 35Z5GT RECTIFIER

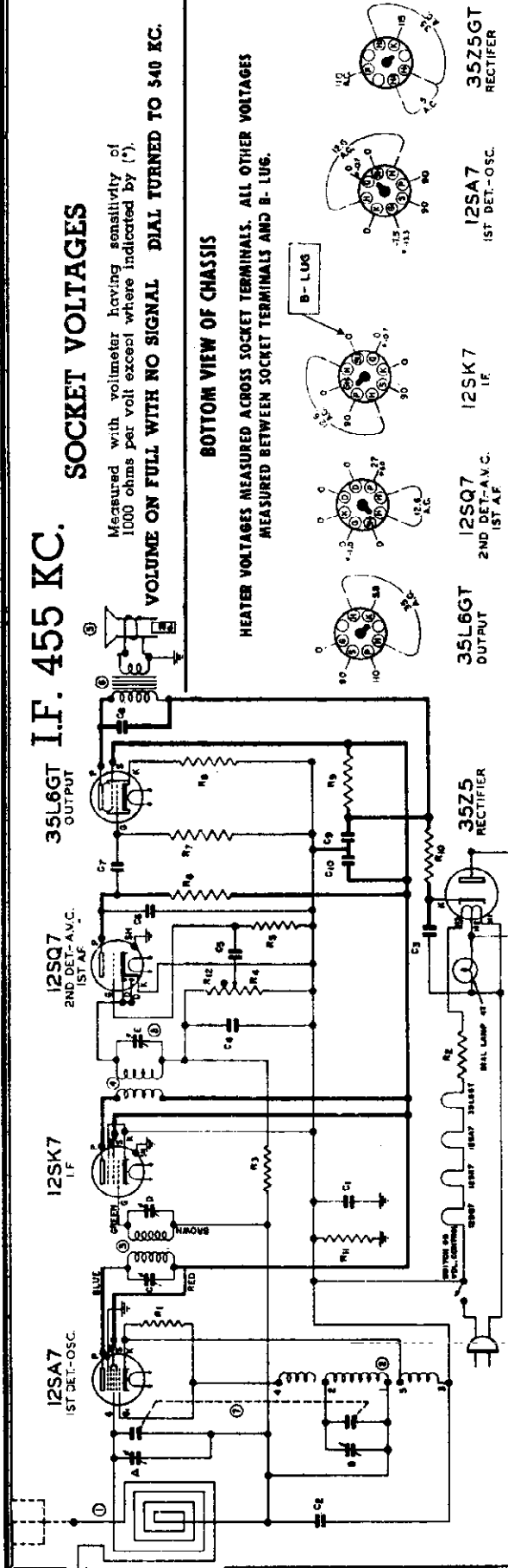
117 VOLT 60 CYCLE A.C. POWER SUPPLY USED FOR THESE MEASUREMENTS.

REAR OF CHASSIS

*--Measured with vacuum tube volt meter.



NUMBERED TERMINALS IN ILLUSTRATION CORRESPOND TO SIMILARLY NUMBERED TERMINALS ON THE CIRCUIT DIAGRAM



POWER SUPPLY:

117 volts
50-60 cycles A.C. or D.C.
30 watts

SPEAKER:

4 inch P-M Dynamic
Voice coil impedance—3.2 ohms

PARTS LIST

DIA. GRAM NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	LIST PRICE
C1	N-1345	Condenser .05 MFD 200 Volt	\$.
C2	N-1345	Condenser .05 MFD 200 Volt	\$.
C3	N-1346	Condenser .05 MFD 400 Volt	\$.
C4	N-1374	Condenser .001 MFD 500 Volt	\$.
C5	N-4894	Condenser—Mica .005 MFD 800 Volt	\$.
C6	N-4890	Condenser .0005 MFD 600 Volt	\$.
C7	N-1344	Condenser .01 MFD 47 Volt	\$.
C8	N-1376	Condenser .02 MFD 400 Volt	\$.
C9-C10	N-3302	Condenser—Electrolytic C9—35 MFD 150 Volt; C10—30 MFD 150 Volt	\$.
R1	N-4025	Resistor—Carbon 22,000 Ohm .5 Watt	\$.
R2	N-4023	Resistor—Carbon 82 Ohm 2.0 Watt	\$.
R3	N-1262	Resistor—Carbon 1.0 Megohm .5 Watt	\$.
R4	(N-4843)	Vol. Con., 500,000 ohm with switch—no shaft	\$.
R5	N-1999	Vol. Con., 500,000 ohm with switch & shaft	\$.
R6	N-4028	Resistor—Carbon 6.8 Megohm .5 Watt	\$.
R7	N-4026	Resistor—Carbon 220,000 Ohm .5 Watt	\$.
R8	N-4027	Resistor—Carbon 470,000 Ohm .5 Watt	\$.
R9	N-4024	Resistor—Carbon 220,000 Ohm .5 Watt	\$.
R10	N-3341	Resistor—Carbon 1.83 Ohm .5 Watt	\$.
R11	N-4022	Resistor—Carbon 33 Ohm .5 Watt	\$.
R12	N-4026	Resistor—Carbon 220,000 Ohm .5 Watt	\$.
		(In Volume Control)	
1	N-3875	Coil—Loop with Cabinet Back	\$.
2	N-4645	Coil—Oscillator	\$.
3	N-4813	Coil—1st I.F.	\$.
4	N-4846	Coil—2nd I.F.	\$.
5	N-4990	Speaker—4" P.M. Dynamic	\$.
6	N-3898	Transformer—Output	\$.
7A, 7B	N-5290	Condenser—Variable, 2 Gang & Pulley Assy	\$.
8	N-4048	Condenser—Trimmer—70 to 130 MMFD	\$.
143		Cabinet	\$.
N-5250		Card, Dial Drive (3 feet required)	\$.
N-4749		Knob, Dial—Mazda 47 6.8 V. 150 Mg.	\$.
N-3881		Pointer, Dial	\$.
N-3879		Pulley, Idler	\$.
N-3926		Scale, Dial	\$.
N-3872		Shaft, Tuning	\$.
N-5164		Shaft, Volume Control—Use with N-4843	\$.
N-3882		Vol. Control	\$.
N-4866		Socket, Dial Lamp—with leads	\$.
N-3229		Socket, Tube—Laminated	\$.
N-4864		Socket, Tube—Molded	\$.
N-2656		Speednut	\$.
N-4854		Spring, Dial Cord	\$.
N-4854		Terminal, Screw	\$.
N-3243		Washer, "C"—For Tuning Shaft	\$.

PRICE SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE

MODEL 4A2,
Commentator

THE FIRESTONE TIRE & RUBBER CO.

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

1. Remove the chassis and loop antenna from the cabinet at the same time. To accomplish this remove the two fasteners holding the top of the back to the cabinet and remove the two screws on the rear apron of the chassis.
2. Note that there are five calibrating lines stamped into the metal dial frame. When gang condenser is fully meshed, dial pointer should be in the position indicated by first line at the left. If it is set incorrectly, release pointer clip on dial cord and reposition pointer.
3. Connect an output meter across the speaker voice coil or from plate of 35L6GT tube to B— through a .1 Mfd. condenser (see voltage chart for convenient B— connection).
4. Connect ground lead from signal generator to B— through a .25 Mfd. condenser.
5. Set volume control at maximum volume position and use a weak signal from the signal generator.

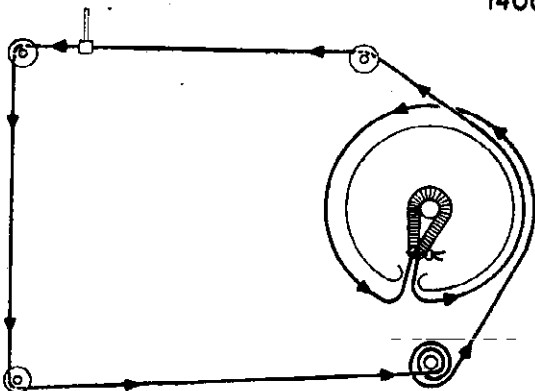
IMPORTANT--Align this receiver in exactly the order shown below.

DUMMY ANT. IN SERIES WITH SIGNAL GENERATOR	CONNECT HIGH SIDE OF GENERATOR TO	SIGNAL GENERATOR FREQUENCY	RECEIVER DIAL SETTING	TRIMMER NUMBER	TRIMMER DESCRIPTION	TYPE OF ADJUSTMENT
.05 MFD. Paper Condenser	Control Grid of 12SA7	455 KC	Any point where it does not affect the signal.	E	2nd I.F.	Adjust for maximum output. Then repeat adjustment.
				C-D	1st I.F.	
100 MMFD. Mica Condenser	External Antenna Blue Lead on Loop	1720 KC	Set pointer to extreme right.	B	Oscillator	Adjust for maximum output.
100 MMFD Mica Condenser	External Antenna Blue Lead on Loop	1400 KC	Tune to 1400 KC generator signal.	A	Antenna	Adjust for maximum output.
100 MMFD. Mica Condenser	External Antenna Blue Lead on Loop	600 KC	Tune to 600 KC generator signal.	—	—	Check sensitivity.

TOP VIEW OF CHASSIS

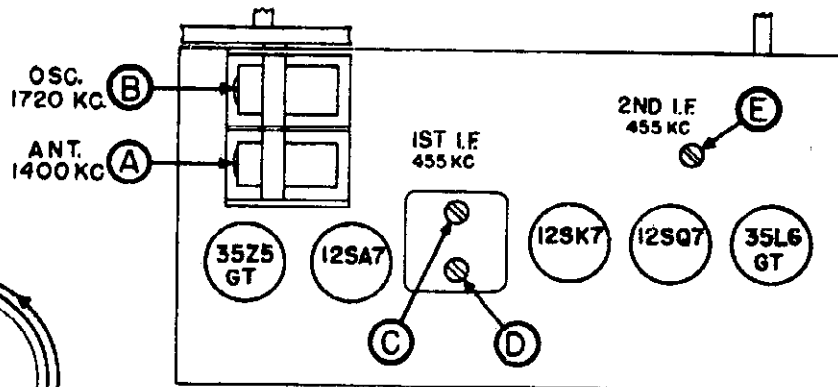
POWER OUTPUT:

Undistorted — 1.0 watts
Maximum — 1.3 watts



DIAL AND POINTER DRIVE CORD ARRANGEMENT

To string dial cord, set gang condenser to fully meshed position and use following parts:
N-2858 Tension Spring
N-5250 Cord (3 feet)



FREQUENCY RANGES:

Standard Broadcast Band } 535-1720 K.C.

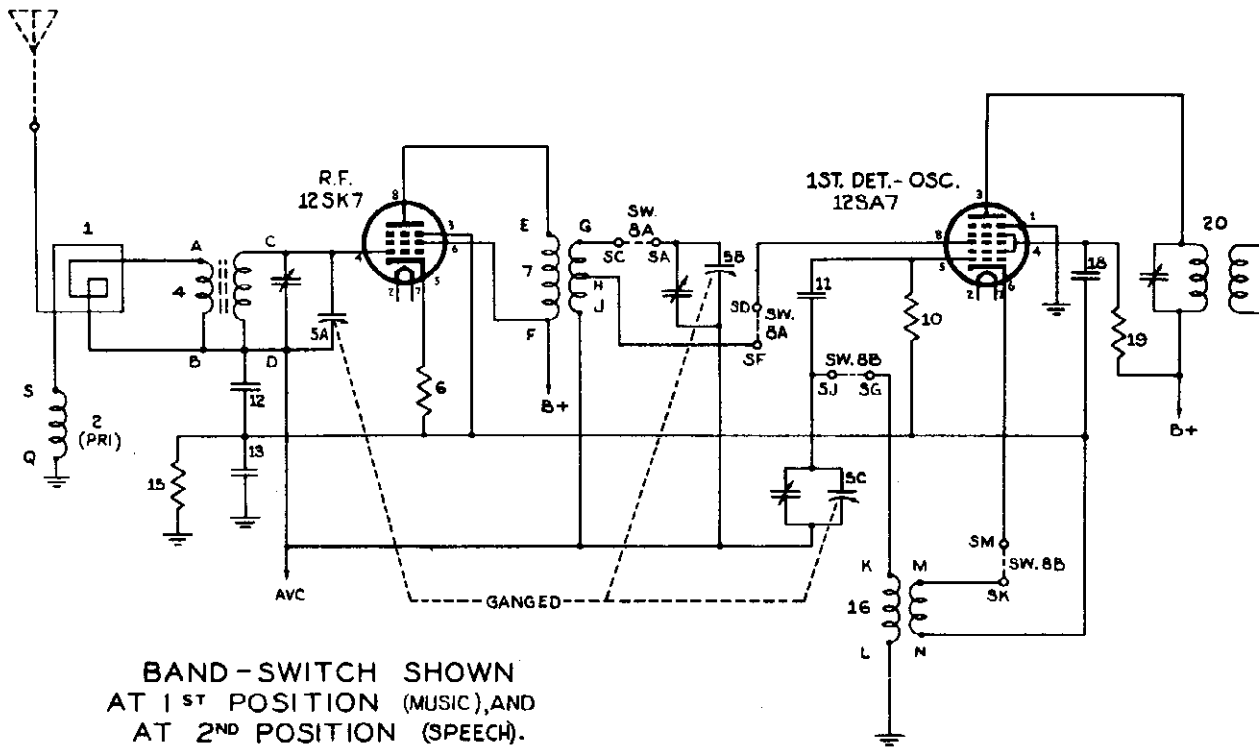
TUBE COMPLEMENT:

- 12SA7.....Osc.—1st Det.
- 12SK7.....I.F. Amp.
- 12SQ7.....2nd Det.—A.V.C.—1st Audio
- 35L6GT.....Power Output
- 35Z5GT.....Rectifier

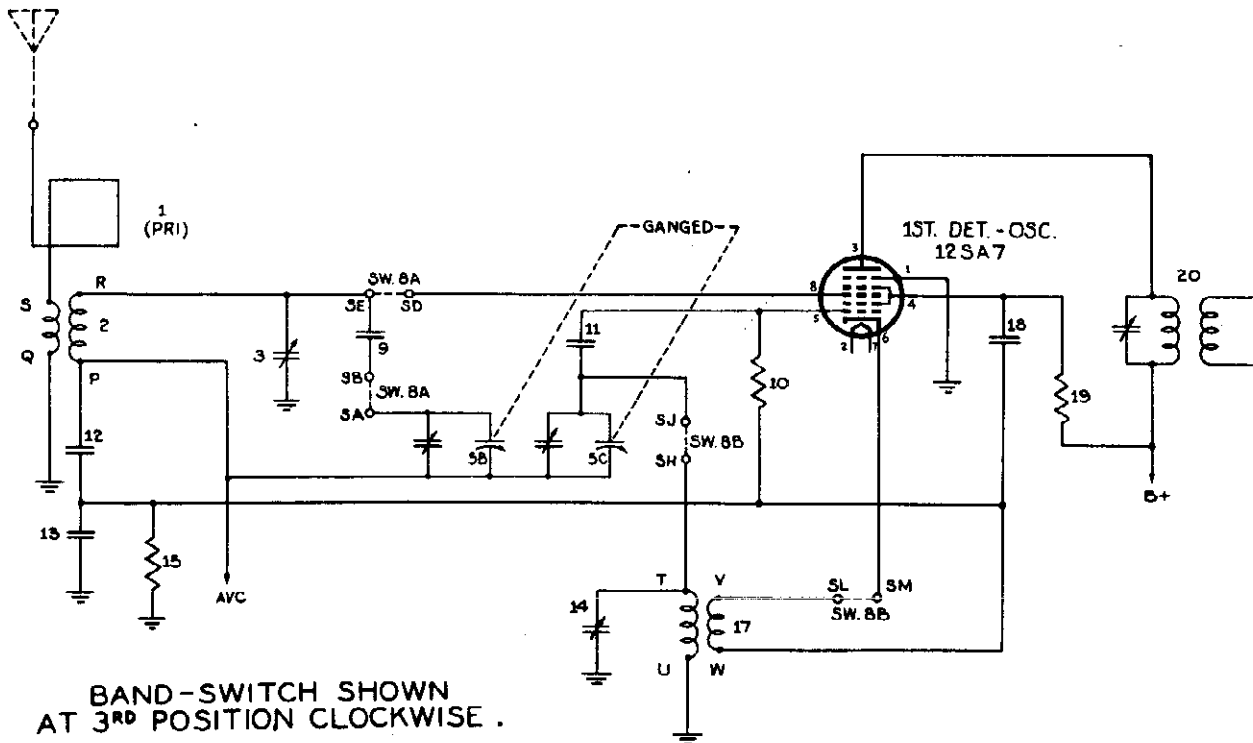
"clarified schematics"

MODEL 4A20

THE FIRESTONE TIRE & RUBBER CO.



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
 AT 1ST POSITION (MUSIC), AND
 AT 2ND POSITION (SPEECH).
 BROADCAST BAND
 540-1650KC.



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
 AT 3RD POSITION CLOCKWISE .
 SHORT WAVE BAND
 9-12 MC

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

Remove chassis and loop antenna from cabinet (do not remove loop of wire stapled to cabinet.) After chassis has been removed, replace loop antenna in cabinet. Stand the chassis on one end and space it approximately same distance from loop as when installed in cabinet. Then reconnect all leads to loop antenna and to loop of wire stapled to cabinet.

Note that there are four calibrating lines stamped into the metal dial frame. When gang condenser is fully meshed dial pointer should be in the position indicated by first line at the left. If it is set incorrectly, release pointer clip of dial cord and reposition pointer.

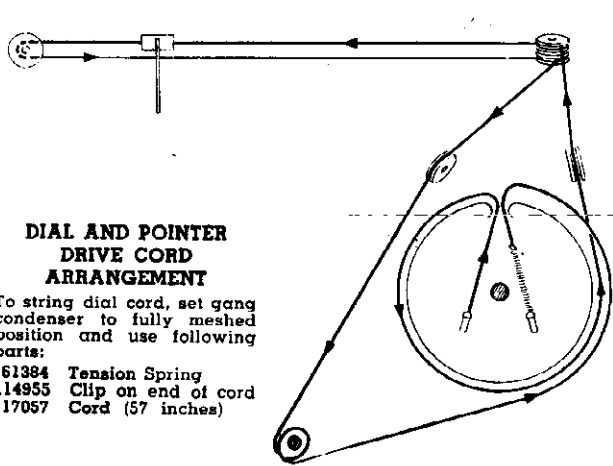
Connect an output meter across the speaker voice coil or from plate of 35L6GT tube to B— through a .1 Mfd. condenser (see voltage chart for convenient B— connection).

Connect ground lead from signal generator to B— through a .25 Mfd. condenser.

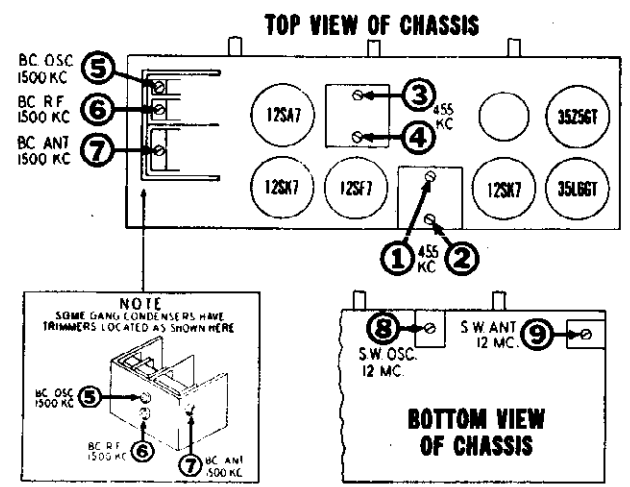
Set volume control at maximum volume position and use a weak signal from the signal generator.

IMPORTANT:—Align this receiver in exactly the order shown below. Broadcast band must be aligned before short wave band.

DUMMY ANT. IN SERIES WITH SIGNAL GENERATOR	CONNECT HIGH SIDE OF GENERATOR TO	SIGNAL GENERATOR FREQUENCY	BAND SWITCH POSITION	RECEIVER DIAL SETTING	TRIMMER NUMBER	TRIMMER DESCRIPTION	TYPE OF ADJUSTMENT
200 MMFD. Mica Condenser	Control Grid of 12SA7	455 KC	Broadcast	Any point where it does not affect the signal	1-2	2nd I.F.	Adjust for maximum output. Then repeat adjustment.
					3-4	1st I.F.	
200 MMFD. Mica Condenser	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	1500 KC	Broadcast	Set pointer to 1500 KC reference line stamped into metal dial plate (first line at the right)	5	Broadcast Oscillator (Shunt)	Adjust for maximum output
200 MMFD. Mica Condenser	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	1500 KC	Broadcast	Tune to 1500 KC generator signal	6	Broadcast R.F.	Adjust for maximum output
200 MMFD. Mica Condenser	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	1500 KC	Broadcast	Tune to 1500 KC generator signal	7	Broadcast Antenna	Adjust for maximum output
400 OHM Resistor	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	12 MC	Short Wave	Set pointer to 12 MC. Reference line stamped into metal dial plate (second line from the right)	8	Short Wave Oscillator	Adjust to bring in signal. Check to see if proper peak was obtained by tuning in image approx. 11.1 MC. If image does not appear, realign at 12 MC with trimmer screw farther out. Recheck image.
400 OHM Resistor	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	12 MC	Short Wave	Tune to 12 MC generator signal	9	Short Wave Antenna	Adjust for maximum output. Try to increase output by detuning trimmer and retuning receiver dial until maximum output is obtained.



DIAL AND POINTER DRIVE CORD ARRANGEMENT
 To string dial cord, set gang condenser to fully meshed position and use following parts:
 161384 Tension Spring
 114955 Clip on end of cord
 117057 Cord (57 inches)



MODEL 4A2
MODEL 4A20

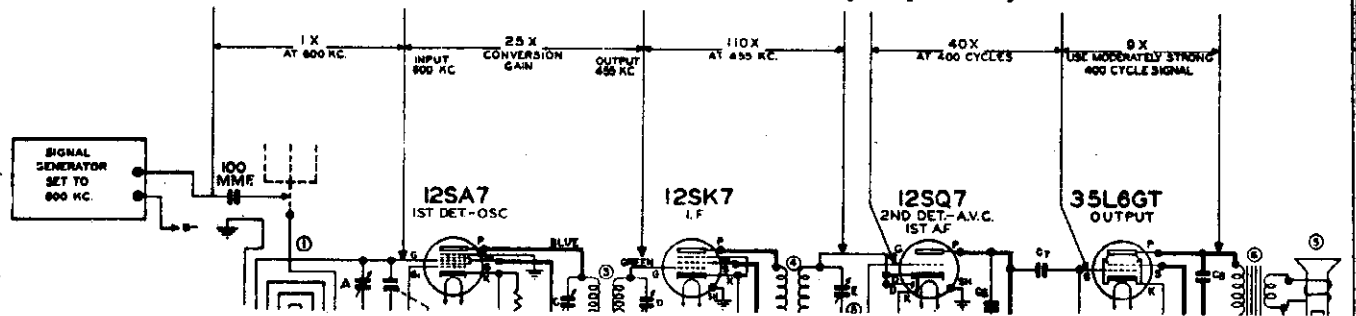
THE FIRESTONE TIRE & RUBBER CO.

APPROXIMATE STAGE GAIN DATA MODEL 4A2

Be sure Ant. and I.F. stages are accurately aligned before measuring gain. R.F. gains can be measured with a "channel" type instrument containing a tuned and calibrated R.F. amplifier. A vacuum tube voltmeter may be used for audio gain measurements. Observe following precautions:

1. For all gain measurements connect signal generator as shown. Use 600 KC. signal with 400 cycle modulation (use nearby frequency if local station interferes).
2. For I.F. measurements connect negative terminal of a 3 volt battery (two 1½ volt cells in series) to A.V.C. lead and positive terminal to B—. This provides a definite operating point. **IMPORTANT:** Disconnect battery when measuring audio stage gains.
3. Be sure radio is carefully tuned to generator signal (use weak signal for sharp tuning).
4. When using a "channel" type instrument carefully tune it for maximum output at desired frequency before making measurements.

I.F. stage gains shown below are less than under normal operating conditions due to the use of 3 volts fixed bias in order to establish a definite operating point. Therefore, these values are not intended to indicate the full capability of a stage.



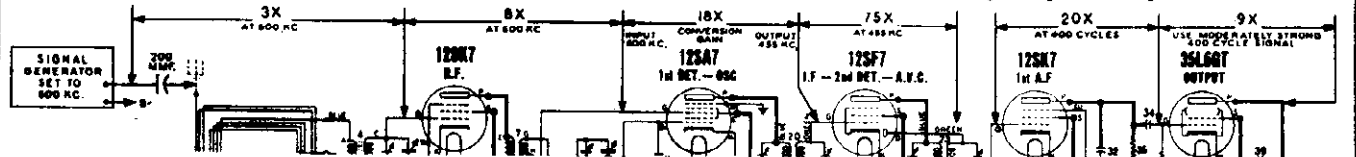
Differences in tube characteristics, tolerance of parts, adjustment of tuned circuits, and variations of line voltage will influence stage gain. Accuracy of measurements is dependent upon careful tuning of receiver to generator signal and experience in using your test equipment. These factors may create considerable variation in gain measurements.

APPROXIMATE STAGE GAIN DATA- MODEL 4A20

Be sure R.F. and I.F. stages are accurately aligned before measuring gain. R.F. gains can be measured with a "channel" type instrument containing a tuned and calibrated R.F. amplifier. A vacuum tube voltmeter may be used for audio gain measurements. Observe following precautions:

1. For all gain measurements connect signal generator as shown. Use 600 KC. signal with 400 cycle modulation (use nearby frequency if local station interferes.)
2. For R.F. and I.F. measurements connect negative terminal of a 3 volt battery (two 1½ volt cells in series) to A.V.C. lead and positive terminal to B—. This provides a definite operating point. **IMPORTANT:** Disconnect battery when measuring audio stage gains.
3. Be sure radio is carefully tuned to generator signal (use weak signal for sharp tuning.)
4. When using a "channel" type instrument carefully tune it for maximum output at desired frequency before making measurements.

The R.F. and I.F. stage gains shown below are less than under normal operating conditions due to the use of 3 volts fixed bias in order to establish a definite operating point. Therefore, these values are not intended to indicate the full capability of a stage.



Differences in tube characteristics, tolerance of parts, adjustment of tuned circuits, and variations of line voltage will influence stage gain. Accuracy of measurements is dependent upon careful tuning of receiver to generator signal and experience in using your test equipment. These factors may create considerable variation in gain measurements.

SOCKET VOLTAGES

Measured with voltmeter having sensitivity of 1000 ohms per volt except where indicated by (*).

MODEL 4A20

FREQUENCY RANGES:

Standard Broadcast } 540-1650 KC.
Band }
Short Wave } 9-12 MC.
Band } MC.

POWER SUPPLY:

117 volts
50-60 cycles A.C. or D.C.
30 watts

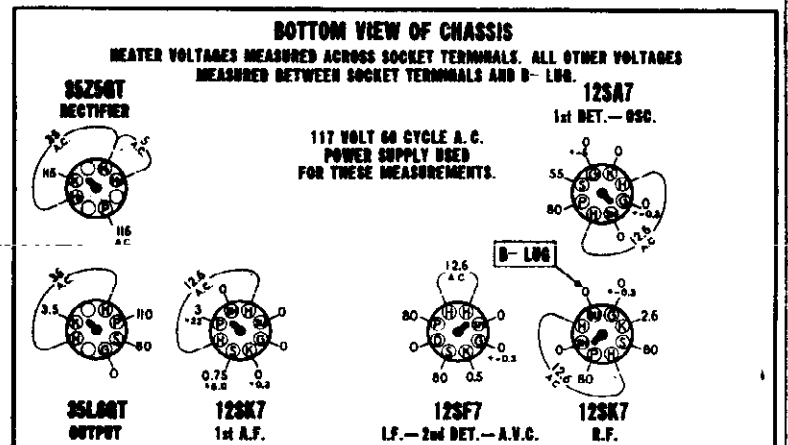
POWER OUTPUT:

Undistorted — 1.0 watts
Maximum — 1.6 watts

SPEAKER:

5 inch P-M Dynamic
Voice coil impedance—3.5 ohms

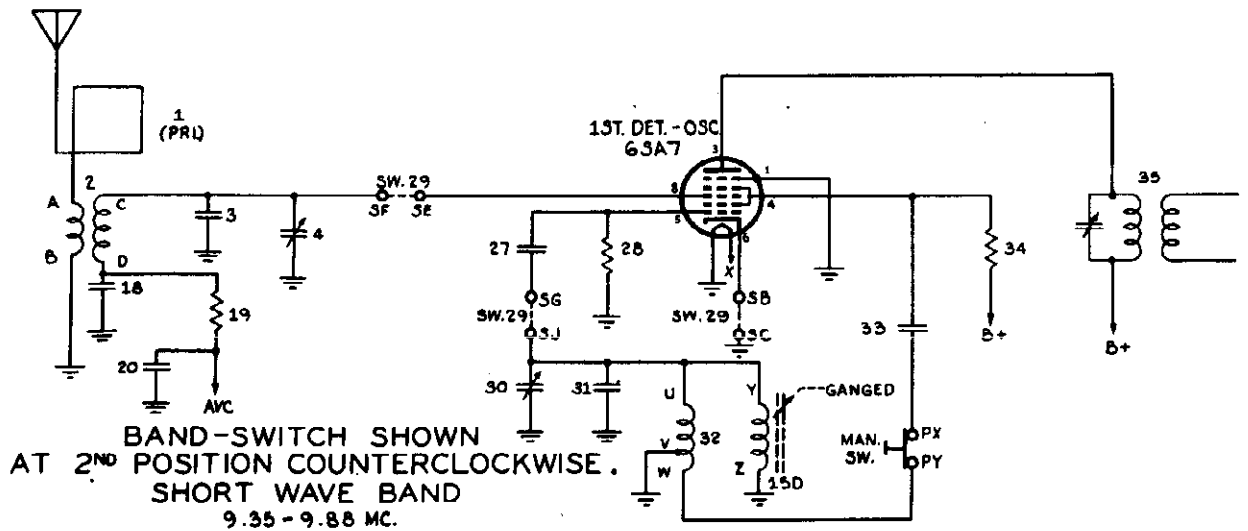
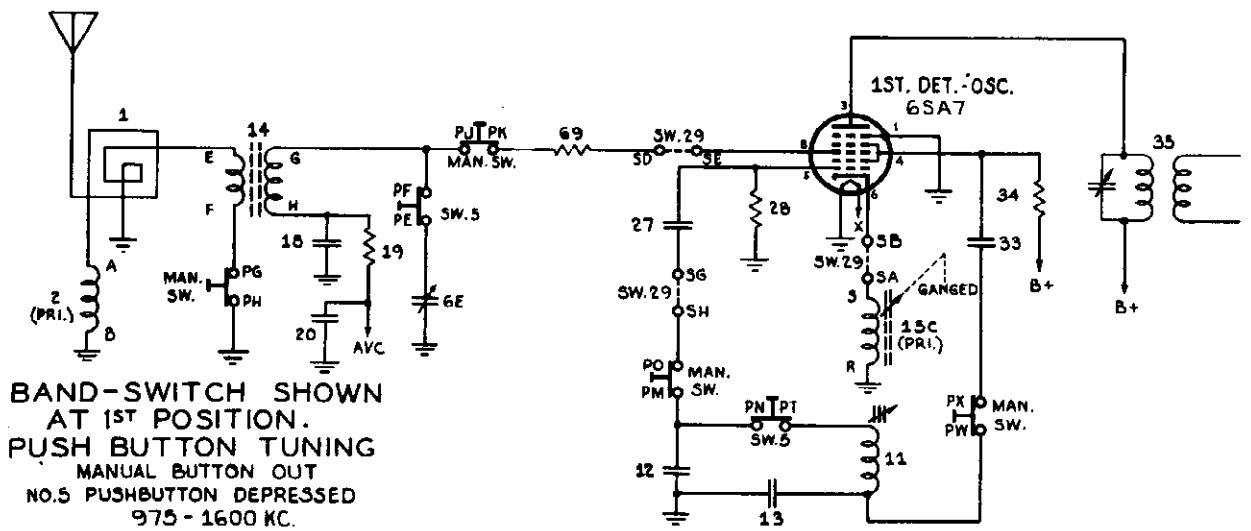
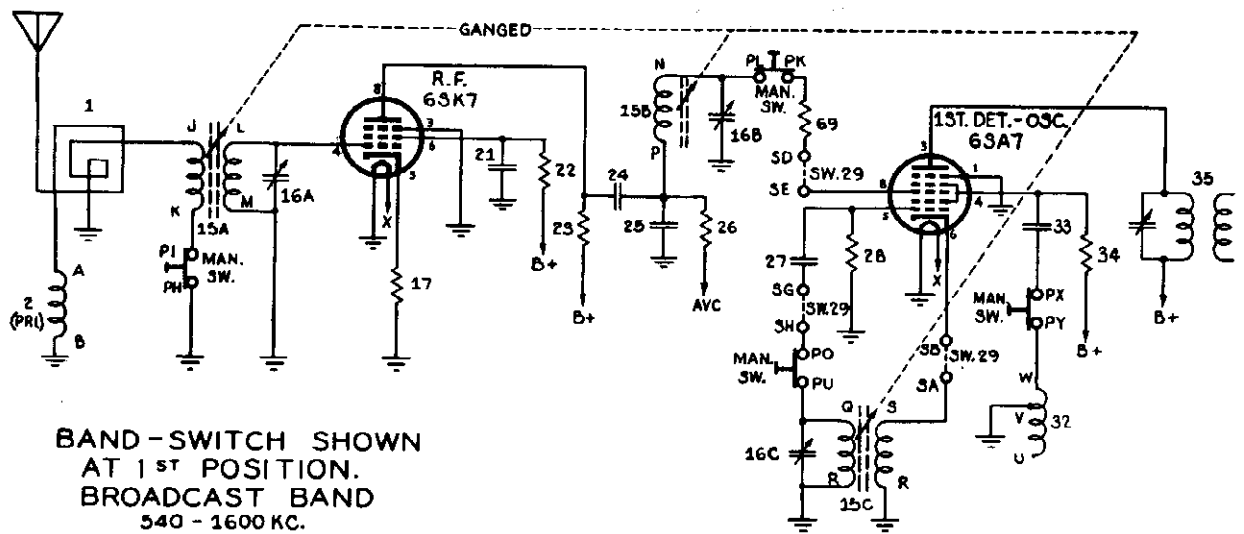
VOLUME ON FULL WITH NO SIGNAL DIAL TUNED TO 548 KC.



REAR OF CHASSIS
*—Measured with vacuum tube voltmeter

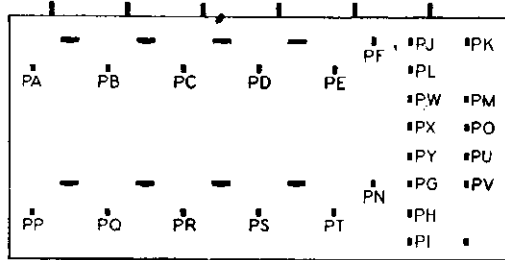
THE FIRESTONE TIRE & RUBBER CO.

MODELS 4A21, 4A22
Adam

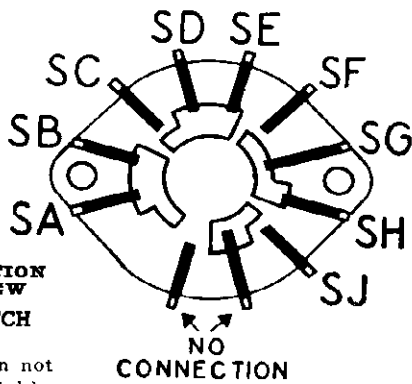


PUSH-BUTTON RANGES:

- Button No. 1 —540-1000 KC.
- Button No. 2 & 3—650-1300 KC.
- Button No. 4 & 5—975-1600 KC.



PUSH-BUTTON SWITCH
502177



REAR SECTION
REAR VIEW

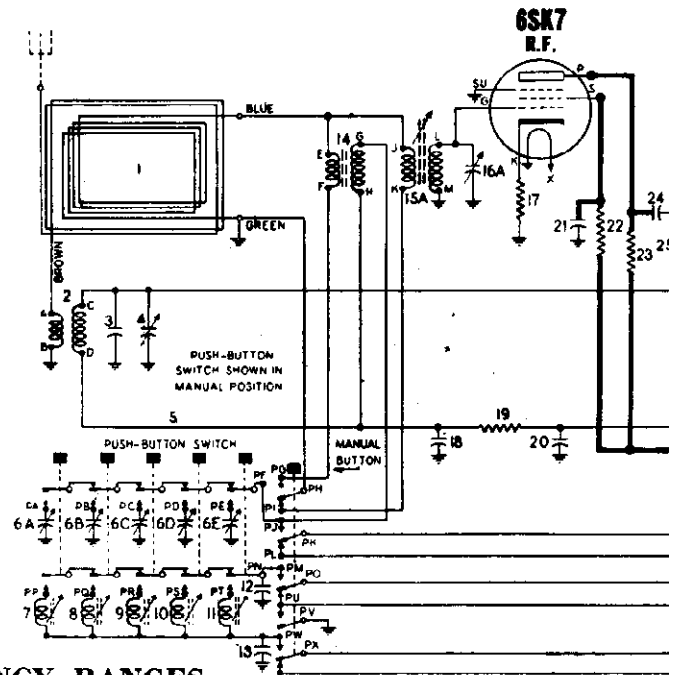
BAND SWITCH
502147

(Front section not used as switch)

NO CONNECTION

DIA-GRAM PART
NO. NO.

DIA-GRAM NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	LIST PRICE
CONDENSERS			
3	502884	Condenser—mica 120 Mmfd. 500 volt.	\$0.24
4	502171	Condenser—trimmer; 5 to 35 Mmfd.	.24
6A to E	502910	Condenser—trimmer assem. for P-B tuner	3.00
12	502161	Condenser—mica 270 Mmfd. 500 volt.	.45
13	502165	Condenser—mica 1,000 Mmfd. 500 volt.	.45
16A, B, C	504086	Condenser—trimmer assembly A — 20 to 270 Mmfd. B — 40 to 370 Mmfd. C — 40 to 370 Mmfd.	1.10
18	502153	Condenser—.05 Mfd. 200 volt.	.24
20	502155	Condenser—.1 Mfd. 200 volt.	.30
21	502157	Condenser—.05 Mfd. 400 volt.	.24
24	502271	Condenser—mica 260 Mmfd. 500 volt.	.24
25	502165	Condenser—mica 1,000 Mmfd. 500 volt.	.45
27	502159	Condenser—mica 50 Mmfd. 500 volt.	.24
30	502172	Condenser—trimmer; 25 to 100 Mmfd.	.36
31	502159	Condenser—mica 50 Mmfd. 500 volt.	.24
33	502151	Condenser—.01 Mfd. 400 volt.	.20
38	502157	Condenser—.05 Mfd. 400 volt.	.24
43	502271	Condenser—mica 260 Mmfd. 500 volt.	.24
44	502150	Condenser—.004 Mfd. 600 volt.	.20
45	502157	Condenser—.05 Mfd. 400 volt.	.24
49	502160	Condenser—mica 110 Mmfd. 500 volt.	.24
50	502152	Condenser—.02 Mfd. 400 volt.	.24
52	502410	Condenser—.1 Mfd. 400 volt.	.30
55	502405	Condenser—.25 Mfd. 400 volt.	.36
59A, B, C	502207	Condenser—electrolytic A — 20 Mfd. 400 volt B — 10 Mfd. 400 volt C — 20 Mfd. 25 volt	2.20
60	502150	Condenser—.004 Mfd. 600 volt.	.20
61	502154	Condenser—.05 Mfd. 600 volt.	.24
RESISTORS			
17	502127	Resistor—carbon 560 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12
19	502134	Resistor—carbon 470,000 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12
22	502132	Resistor—carbon 100,000 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12
23	502291	Resistor—carbon 4700 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12
26	502134	Resistor—carbon 470,000 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12
28	502130	Resistor—carbon 22,000 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12
34	502468	Resistor—carbon 33,000 ohms 1 watt.	.16
36	502135	Resistor—carbon 2.2 Meg. 1/4 watt.	.12
37	502264	Resistor—carbon 47 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12
39	502467	Resistor—carbon 68,000 ohms 1/2 watt.	.12
41	502131	Resistor—carbon 47,000 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12
42A, B	502148	Volume control 500,000 ohms (with switch)	1.25



FREQUENCY RANGES:

- Standard Broadcast Band } 540-1600 KC.
- Short Wave Band } 9.35-9.88 MC.

The above circuit applies to chassis whi number. Early production chassis with a broad tuning peak or a dead spot is oscillation resulting from extraneous cou 69 at position shown in above circuit.

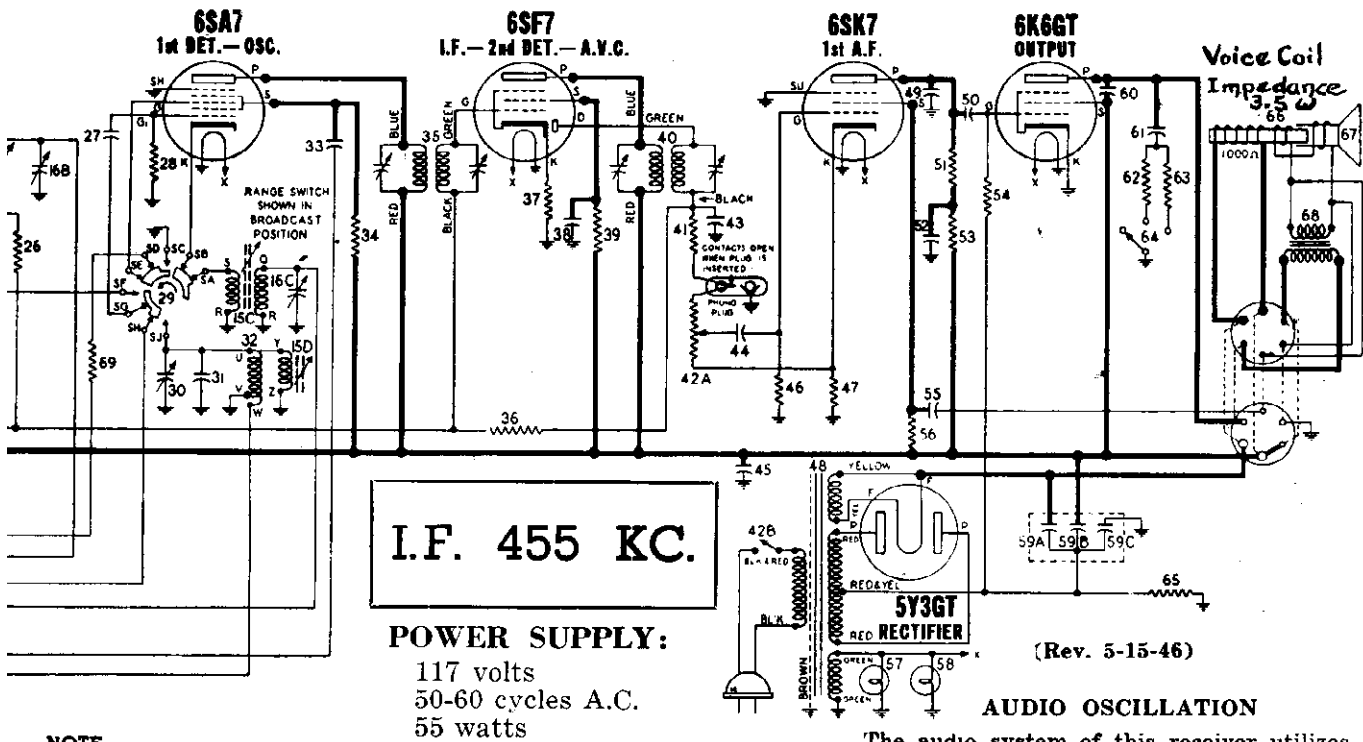
DIA-GRAM NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	LIST PRICE
46	502468	Resistor—carbon 4.7 Meg. 1/4 watt.	.12
47	502128	Resistor—carbon 2200 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12
51	502133	Resistor—carbon 220,000 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12
53	502132	Resistor—carbon 100,000 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12
54	502134	Resistor—carbon 470,000 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12
56	502135	Resistor—carbon 2.2 Meg. 1/4 watt.	.12
62	502291	Resistor—carbon 4700 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12
63	502127	Resistor—carbon 560 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12
85	502137	Resistor—wire wound 330 ohms 2 watt.	.25
69	502264	Resistor—carbon 47 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12
COILS & TRANSFORMERS			
1	502247	Loop antenna	4.15
2	504296	Coil S. W. antenna	1.35
	502025	Complete coil and trimmer assembly for push-button tuner	8.80
7	502907	Coil less slug (540-1000 Kc.)	1.50
8, 9	502908	Coil less slug (650-1300 Kc.)	1.50
10, 11	502909	Coil less slug (975-1600 Kc.)	1.50
	502911	Slug for coils, 502907, 502908, 502909	.25
	501151	Clip—for mtg. push-button coils	.08
14	502112	Coil—B.C. antenna (for push-button)	1.70
15 {A,B,C,D}	504294	Tuning unit; complete assembly	10.60
15A	504210	Coil—B.C. antenna coupling (less slug)	1.20
15B	504214	Coil—R.F. (less slug)	.85
15C	504295	Coil—B.C. oscillator (less slug)	1.00
15D	504342	Coil—S.W. oscillator (less slug)	.75
	504211	Slug for B.C. antenna coupling or S.W. osc. coil (yellow end)	.45
	504213	Slug for B.C. oscillator coil (white end)	.45
	504215	Slug for R.F. coil (purple end)	.45
32	502111	Coil—S.W. oscillator (air core)	1.10
35	502102	Transformer—1st I.F.	2.30
40	502103	Transformer—2nd I.F.	2.30
48	502174	Transformer—power	7.50
	502170	Transformer—output for R-502168 speaker	2.00
68	504061	Transformer—output for M-502168 speaker	2.00
	504122	Transformer—output for D-502168 speaker	2.00
OTHER ELECTRICAL PARTS			
5	502177	Switch—push button	4.10
28	502147	Switch—band	2.00
57, 58	110629	Lamp—dial (Maxda #44) 6.3 V 0.25 Amps.	.15
64	502146	Switch—tone control	.70
66	502168	Speaker—Electro-Dynamic (6 inch)	9.50
	502169	Cone & voice coil for R-502168 speaker	2.75
	504062	Cone & voice coil for M-502168 speaker	2.75
67	504123	Cone & voice coil for D-502168 speaker	2.75

PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE

TIRE & RUBBER CO.

MODELS 4A21, 4A22

Adam



NOTE
ave a letter "S" stamped on rear surface adjacent to model
he "S" designation do not contain Resistor No. 69.
ountered when attempting to align Broadcast Band oscillator
out "S" designation), this action is probably due to spurious
g between leads. To prevent this condition, add Resistor No.

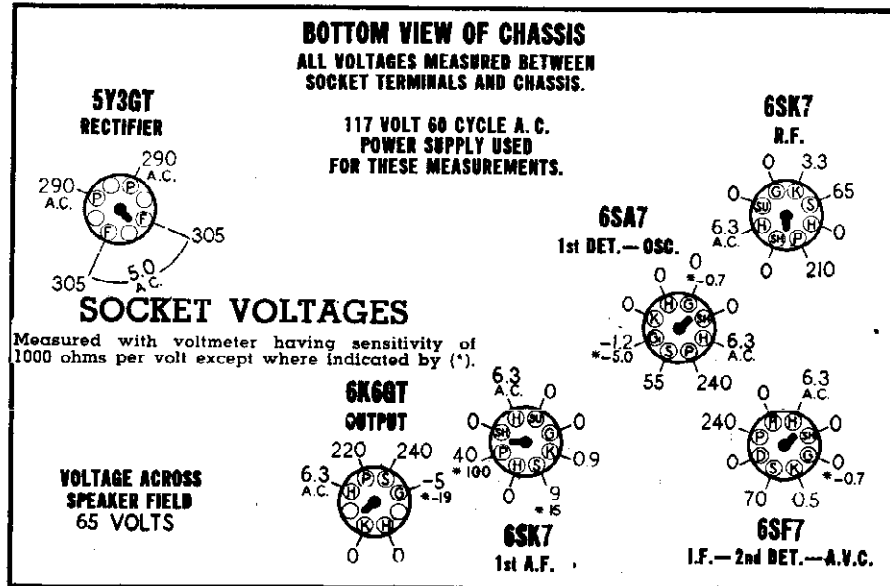
The audio system of this receiver utilizes a two stage type of inverse feed-back arrangement and, should it ever be necessary to replace the speaker or output transformer, it is important to maintain a definite phase relationship in the feed-back circuit. If the connections to the output transformer are reversed or if the feed-back connection is made to the wrong side of the output transformer secondary, the system will become regenerative instead of degenerative. Under those conditions audio oscillation may result. If that occurs, oscillation may be prevented by reversing the connections to the primary of the output transformer.

DESCRIPTION	LIST PRICE
SCCELLANEOUS PARTS	
ck for cabinet.....	\$0.80
ckground for dial.....	.16
se for mtg. electrolytic condenser.....	.04
inet (Model 4-A-21).....	14.10
inet (Model 4-A-22).....	14.10
l letter tabs for push-buttons.....	.48
mp-dial glass.....	.08
p-coil mtg.....	.01
p-retainer on end of dial cord.....	.01
inector-antenna leads.....	.01
d-dial drive (54 in. required), per ft.....	.05
l scale-glass.....	1.10
utcheon-(Model 4-A-22).....	1.15
utcheon-(Model 4-A-21).....	1.15
b-volume or tuning (Model 4-A-21).....	.16
b-tone or band switch (Model 4-A-21).....	.20
b-volume or tuning (Model 4-A-22).....	.16
b-tone or band switch (Model 4-A-22).....	.20
g-speaker.....	.25
nter.....	.18
h-button (Model 4-A-21).....	.15
h-button (Model 4-A-22).....	.15
aining ring for tuning shaft.....	.01
g for dial cord.....	.01
ber grommet for mtg. B.C. Ant.....	.03
oupling and R.F. coils.....	.03
ber spacer for mtg. dial scale.....	.02
ber grommet for mtg. S.W. osc. and C. Osc. coils.....	.04
sw-No. 10x7/8"; for mtg. chassis.....	.03
sw-No. 2x3/8"; for mtg. escutcheon.....	.02
sw-No. 4x1/2"; for mtg. loop & back.....	.02
ft-tuning control.....	.18
ket-dial lamp with lead.....	.10
ket-octal base.....	.12
ket-octal (rectifier).....	.18
ket-speaker.....	.25
ing-dial cord tension.....	.06
ing-tuning slug drive cord.....	.05
minial strip-phonograph.....	.16
sher-spring washer for tuning shaft.....	.005
sher-felt: for knobs.....	.01

POWER OUTPUT:
Undistorted — 2.3 watts
Maximum — 4.0 watts

VOLUME ON FULL WITH NO SIGNAL
BAND SWITCH IN BROADCAST POSITION

DIAL TUNED TO 540 KC.
MANUAL BUTTON PUSHED IN



REAR OF CHASSIS
NOTE:—The 6K6GT grid bias of —19 volts can be measured across resistor No. 65.
*—Measured with vacuum tube voltmeter.

MODELS 4A21, 4A22
Adam

THE FIRESTONE TIRE & RUBBER CO.

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

1. Remove chassis and loop antenna from cabinet (do not remove loop of wire stapled to cabinet). After chassis has been removed, replace loop antenna in cabinet. Stand the chassis on one end and space it approximately same distance from loop as when installed in cabinet. Then reconnect all leads to loop antenna and to loop of wire stapled on cabinet.
2. Turn the tuning control knob clockwise as far as it will go (tuner mechanism is now in maximum open position with tuning slugs almost completely withdrawn from coils). Dial pointer should then point to 1600 KC mark on scale. If it is set incorrectly, release pointer clip on dial cord and reposition pointer.
3. Connect output meter across speaker voice coil or from 6K6GT plate to chassis through a .1 Mfd. condenser.
4. Connect the ground lead of the signal generator to the receiver chassis.
5. Set volume control at maximum volume position and use a weak signal from the signal generator.
6. Push in the manual button and leave it in that position throughout the alignment procedure.

IMPORTANT:—Align this receiver in exactly the order shown below.

DUMMY ANT. IN SERIES WITH SIGNAL GENERATOR	CONNECT HIGH SIDE OF SIGNAL GENERATOR TO	SIGNAL GENERATOR FREQUENCY	BAND SWITCH POSITION	RECEIVER DIAL SETTING	TRIMMER NUMBER	TRIMMER DESCRIPTION	TYPE OF ADJUSTMENT
.1 MPD. Condenser	Terminal "N" on Tuner Unit (See Fig. 2).	455 KC	Broadcast (Clockwise)	Any point where it does not affect the signal.	1-2	2nd I.F.	Adjust for maximum output. Then repeat adjustment.
					3-4	1st I.F.	
500 MMFD. Mica Condenser	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	1600 KC	Broadcast (Clockwise)	1600 Kc. Tune to 1600 Kc. generator signal.	5	Broadcast Oscillator	Adjust for maximum output.
					6	Broadcast R.F.	Adjust for maximum output.
					7	Broadcast Ant.	Adjust for maximum output.
500 MMFD. Mica Condenser	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	1400 KC	Broadcast (Clockwise)	Set pointer to 1400 Kc. mark on dial scale. Do not attempt to tune to generator signal.	BC. Osc. coil tuning slug		Adjust position of slug for maximum output.
					BC. R.F. coil tuning slug		Adjust position of slug for maximum output.
					BC. Ant. coil tuning slug		Adjust position of slug for maximum output.
500 MMFD. Mica Condenser	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	1600 KC	Broadcast (Clockwise)	1600 Kc. Tune to 1600 Kc. generator signal.	5	Broadcast Oscillator	Adjust for maximum output.
					6	Broadcast R.F.	Adjust for maximum output.
					7	Broadcast Antenna	Adjust for maximum output.
500 MMFD. Mica Condenser	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	1400 KC	Broadcast (Clockwise)	Tune to 1400 Kc. generator signal.	BC. R.F. coil tuning slug		Adjust position of slug for maximum output.
					BC. Ant. coil tuning slug		Adjust position of slug for maximum output.
400 OHM Carbon Resistor	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	9.6 MC	Short wave (Counter-Clockwise)	9.6 Mc.	8	S.W. Oscillator	Adjust for maximum output. Check to see if proper peak was obtained by setting the signal generator to 10.5 Mc. and then tune radio in vicinity of 9.6 Mc. If image signal is not heard, realign at 9.6 Mc. with trimmer screw farther out. Recheck image.
							9	S.W. Antenna	Adjust for maximum output. Try to increase output by detuning trimmer and retuning receiver dial until maximum output is obtained.

Apply a coating of speaker cement at top of each tuning core stem to prevent movement.

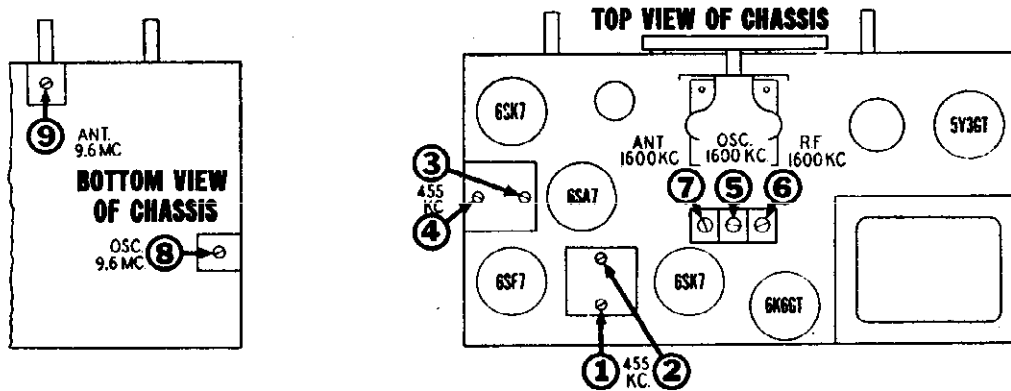


FIG. 1—TRIMMER LOCATIONS

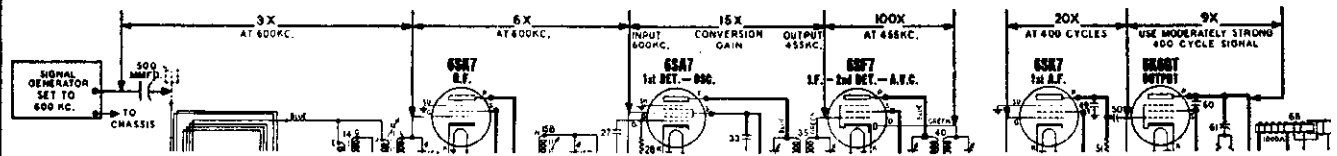
THE FIRESTONE TIRE & RUBBER CO. MODELS 4A21, 4A2 Adam

APPROXIMATE STAGE GAIN DATA

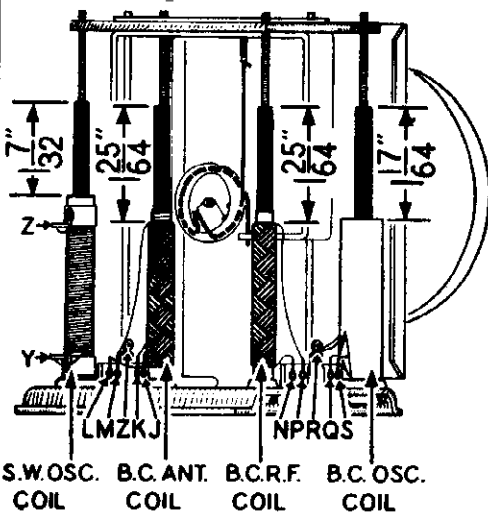
Be sure R.F. and I.F. stages are accurately aligned before measuring gain. R.F. gains can be measured with a "channel" type instrument containing a tuned and calibrated R.F. amplifier. A vacuum tube voltmeter may be used for audio gain measurement. Observe following precautions:

1. For all gain measurements connect signal generator as shown. Use 600 KC. signal with 400 cycle modulation (use nearby frequency if local station interferes.)
2. For R.F. and I.F. measurements connect negative terminal of a 3 volt battery (two 1½ volt cells in series) to A.V.C. lead at terminal "D" of S.W. Ant. coil. Then connect positive battery lead to receiver chassis. This provides a definite operating point. IMPORTANT: Disconnect battery when measuring audio stage gains.
3. Be sure radio is carefully tuned to generator signal (use weak signal for sharp tuning.)
4. When using "channel" type instrument careful tune it for maximum output at desired frequency before making measurements.

The R.F. and I.F. stage gains shown below are less than under normal operating conditions due to the use of 3 volts fixed bias order to establish a definite operating point. Therefore, these values are not intended to indicate the full capability of a stage.



Differences in tube characteristics, tolerance of parts, adjustment of tuned circuits, and variations of line voltage will influence stage gain. Accuracy of measurements is dependent upon careful tuning of receiver to generator signal and experience in using your test equipment. These factors may create considerable variation in gain measurements.



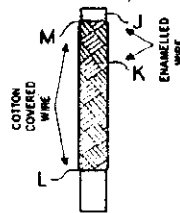
S.W.OSC. COIL B.C.ANT. COIL B.C.R.F. COIL B.C.OSC. COIL

FIG. 2—SLUG TUNER ASSEMBLY (Rear View) (Drive Parts)

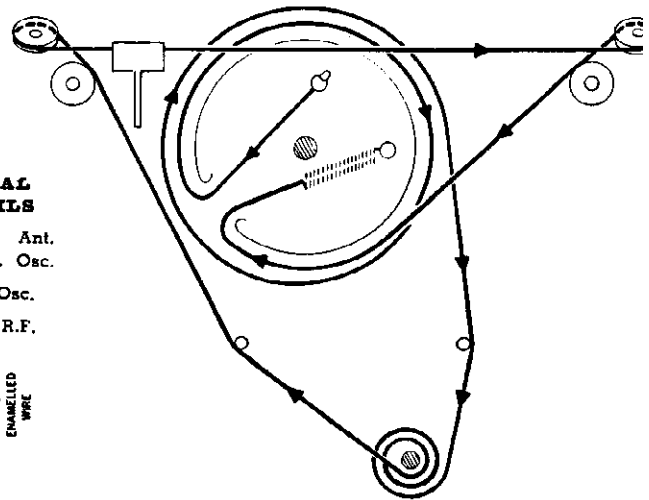
- 117057 Cord (8")
- 114955 Clip on cord
- 504012 Spring

SLUGS FOR MANUAL TUNING COILS

- 504211—For B.C. Ant. and S.W. Osc.
- 504213—For B.C. Osc.
- 504215—For B.C. R.F.



B.C. ANTENNA COUPLING COIL 504210



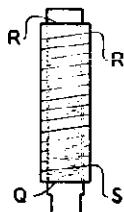
DIAL AND POINTER DRIVE CORD ARRANGEMENT

To string dial cord, turn the main drive drum to maximum counter-clockwise position and use following parts:

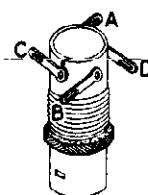
- 114955 Clip on end of cord
- 117057 Cord (54 inches)
- 119087 Ring for dial cord
- 161384 Tension Spring



B.C. R.F. COIL 504214



B.C. OSCILLATOR COIL 504295



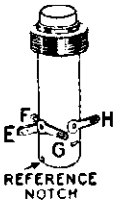
S.W. ANTENNA COUPLING COIL 504296



S.W. OSCILLATOR COIL 504342



S.W. OSCILLATOR COIL 502111



B.C. ANT. COUPLING COIL (PUSH-BUTTON) 502112

Lettered terminals in illustrations correspond to similarly lettered terminals on the circuit diagram.

MODELS 4A21, 4A22
MODEL 4A25

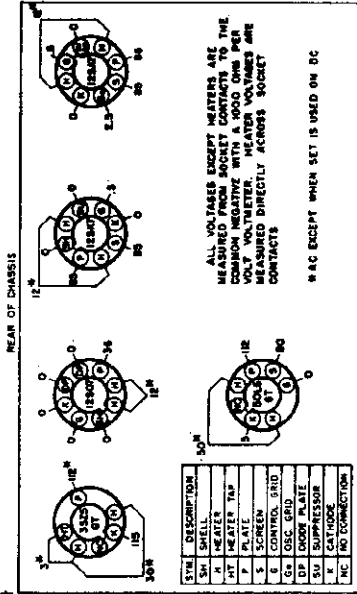
THE FIRESTONE TIRE & RUBBER CO.

VOLTAGE READINGS AND

PARTS LIST FOR

MODEL 4 A 25

Ill. No.	Part Name	Description	Part No.	Part Name	Description
1	20E24 Antenna	Loop	17	27E106 Resistor	Carbon, 10 Megohm 1/3 Watt
2	20E21 Coil	1st I.F. Transformer	18	27E335 Resistor	Carbon, 3.3 Megohm 1/3 Watt
3	20E22 Coil	2nd I.F. Transformer	19	27E335 Resistor	Carbon, 3.3 Megohm 1/3 Watt
4	20E13 Coil	Oscillator	20	27E474 Resistor	Carbon, 470,000 Ohm 1/3 Watt
5	24E2 Condenser	Tuning, 2 Gang (3 Hole Mtg.)	21	27E224 Resistor	Carbon, 220,000 Ohm 1/3 Watt
5	24E18 Condenser	Tuning, 2 Gang (2 Hole Mtg.)	23	27E223 Resistor	Carbon, 2,200 Ohm 1 Watt
7	25E1 Condenser	Dry Electrolytic, 50-50 Mfd. 150 V.	24	27E222-3 Resistor	Carbon, 2,200 Ohm 1 Watt
9	23E416 Condenser	Tubular, .05 Mfd. 400 Volts	25	27E151 Resistor	Carbon, 150 Ohm 1/3 Watt
10	23E218 Condenser	Tubular, .1 Mfd. 200 Volts	26	27E101 Resistor	Carbon, 100 Ohm 1/3 Watt
11	23E211 Condenser	Tubular, .01 Mfd. 200 Volts	27	27E470-2 Resistor	Carbon, 47 Ohm 1/2 Watt
12	23E211 Condenser	Tubular, .01 Mfd. 200 Volts	31	28E1 Volume Control	With S.P.S.T. Switch Output for Speaker
13	23E211 Condenser	Tubular, .01 Mfd. 200 Volts	32	22E2 Transformer	Mica, .0001 Mfd.
14	23E39 Condenser	Mica, .0001 Mfd.	40	23E39 Condenser	Carbon, 68,000 Ohm, 1/3 W.
15	23E39 Condenser	Mica, .0001 Mfd.	42	27E583 Resistor	Carbon, 68,000 Ohm, 1/3 W.
16	23E39 Condenser	Mica, .0001 Mfd.			



LETTER	DESCRIPTION
A	HEATER TAP
H	HEATER TAP
P	PLATE
S	SCREEN
C	CONTROL GRID
G	OSC. GRID
DP	DIODE PLATE
W	WAX TUBES
NC	NO CONNECTION

MISCELLANEOUS PARTS

Part No.	Part Name	Description	Part No.	Part Name	Description
7E76-2	Cabinet	Ivory Plastic	19E3	Dial Shaft Bearing	Bearing for Drive Shaft
7E83	Cabinet Back	For Ivory Plastic Cabinet	35E8	Dial Pointer	Dial Indicator
41E1	Cord	6 Ft. Rubber Line Cord	65E2	Dial Spring	Tension Spring For Drive Cord
20E12	Dial Plate	Dial Back Plate Assem. Less Scale	37E27-19	Knob	For Ivory Cabinet
		Assem.	20E43	Pilot Lamp Socket	Pilot Lamp Socket Assembly
4E1	Dial Cord	30" of 18 lb. Dial Drive Cord	40E1	Pilot Lamp	Pilot Lamp 6-8 Volt .150 Amp. Type 47 Lamp
36E23	Dial Scale	Calibrated Scale			
68E1	Dial Shaft	Drive Shaft			

SETTING-UP THE PUSH-BUTTONS MODELS 4A21 AND 4A22

1. Set band switch to "AM" position and allow set to operate 15 minutes before making adjustments.
2. Note two rows of adjusting screws on back of radio chassis (visible and accessible through opening in cabinet back). Each vertical pair of adjusting screws is used to tune in a station for one of the push-buttons. A label under the row of screws specifies the frequency or tuning range that each screw will cover.
3. Select five powerful stations, each of which falls within the frequency range of the adjusting screw to be used to tune in that station.
4. Push in "MANUAL" button and listen to the program of the lowest frequency station you selected.
5. Now push in the first button on the left. Return to rear of radio and use vertical pair of adjusting screws on extreme right to tune in the same station. Adjust bottom screw first until desired station is heard. If station is not heard, change setting of top screw to a position where the slight static noise or rushing sound is the loudest. Then try adjusting bottom screw again; repeat this procedure until desired station is found. After locating station, carefully set bottom screw for deepest tone and top screw for maximum volume.
6. The set-up of the first push-button is now complete. Use a similar procedure to set-up the remaining buttons.

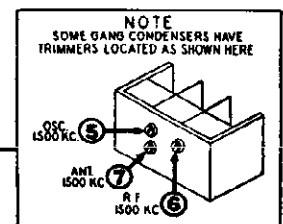
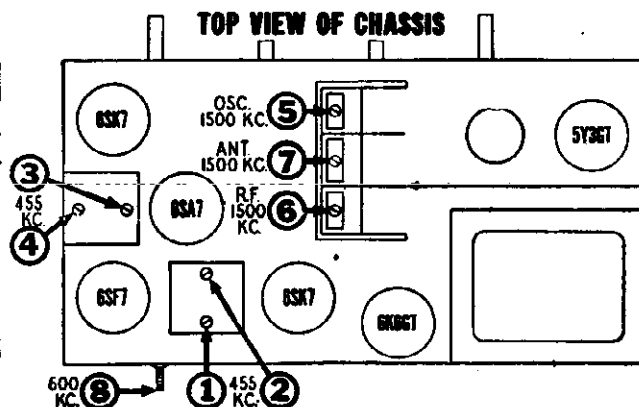
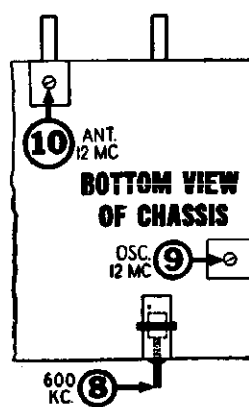
THE FIRESTONE TIRE & RUBBER CO.

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

1. Remove chassis and loop antenna from cabinet (do not remove loop of wire stapled to cabinet). After chassis has been removed, replace loop antenna in cabinet. Stand the chassis on one end and space it approximately same distance from loop as when installed in cabinet. Then reconnect all leads to loop antenna and to loop of wire stapled on cabinet.
2. With the gang condenser fully meshed, dial pointer should be in the position indicated by the last division below 55 on the dial. If it is set incorrectly, release pointer clip on dial cord and reposition pointer.
3. Connect output meter across speaker voice coil or from plate of 6K6GT tube to chassis through a .1 Mfd. condenser.
4. Connect the ground lead of the signal generator to the receiver chassis.
5. Set volume control at maximum volume position and use a weak signal from the signal generator.
6. Push in the manual button and leave it in that position throughout the alignment procedure.

IMPORTANT:—Align this receiver in exactly the order shown below. Broadcast band must be aligned before short wave band.

DUMMY ANT. IN SERIES WITH SIGNAL GENERATOR	CONNECT HIGH SIDE OF SIGNAL GENERATOR TO	SIGNAL GENERATOR FREQUENCY	BAND SWITCH POSITION	RECEIVER DIAL SETTING	TRIMMER NUMBER	TRIMMER DESCRIPTION	TYPE OF ADJUSTMENT
.1 MFD. Condenser	Trimmer on rear section of gang	455 KC	Broadcast (Clockwise)	Any point where it does not affect the signal.	1-2	2nd I.F.	Adjust for maximum output. Then repeat adjustment.
					3-4	1st I.F.	
500 MMFD. Mica Condenser	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	1500 KC	Broadcast (Clockwise)	1500 KC	5	Broadcast Oscillator (Shunt)	Adjust for maximum output.
500 MMFD. Mica Condenser	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	1500 KC	Broadcast (Clockwise)	Tune to 1500 Kc. generator signal.	6	Broadcast R.F.	Adjust for maximum output.
500 MMFD. Mica Condenser	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	1500 KC	Broadcast (Clockwise)	Tune to 1500 Kc. generator signal.	7	Broadcast Antenna	Adjust for maximum output.
500 MMFD. Mica Condenser	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	600 KC	Broadcast (Clockwise)	Tune to 600 Kc. generator signal.	8	Adjustable core of Broadcast Oscillator Coll.	Adjust for maximum output. Try to increase output by rotating core in and out and retuning receiver dial until maximum output is obtained.
500 MFD. Mica Condenser	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	Repeat adjustment of trimmers 5, 6 and 7 at 1500 Kc. Then re-check adjustment of trimmer 8 at 600 Kc.					
400 OHM Carbon Resistor	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	12 MC	Short wave (Counter-Clockwise)	12 MC	9	S.W. Oscillator	Adjust for maximum output. Check to see if proper peak was obtained by tuning in image at approx. 11.1 MC. If image does not appear, retune at 12 MC. with trimmer screw farther out. Recheck image.
400 OHM Carbon Resistor	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	12 MC	Short wave (Counter-Clockwise)	Tune to 12 MC. generator signal.	10	S.W. Antenna	Adjust for maximum output. Try to increase output by detuning trimmer and retuning receiver dial until maximum output is obtained.



MODELS 4A21X, 4A22X

THE FIRESTONE TIRE & RUBBER CO.

POWER SUPPLY:

117 volts
50-60 cycles A.C.
55 watts

POWER OUTPUT:

Undistorted—2.3 watts
Maximum —3.5 watts

SPEAKER:

6 inch Electro-Dynamic
Voice coil impedance—3.5 ohms

BUILT-IN ANTENNA:

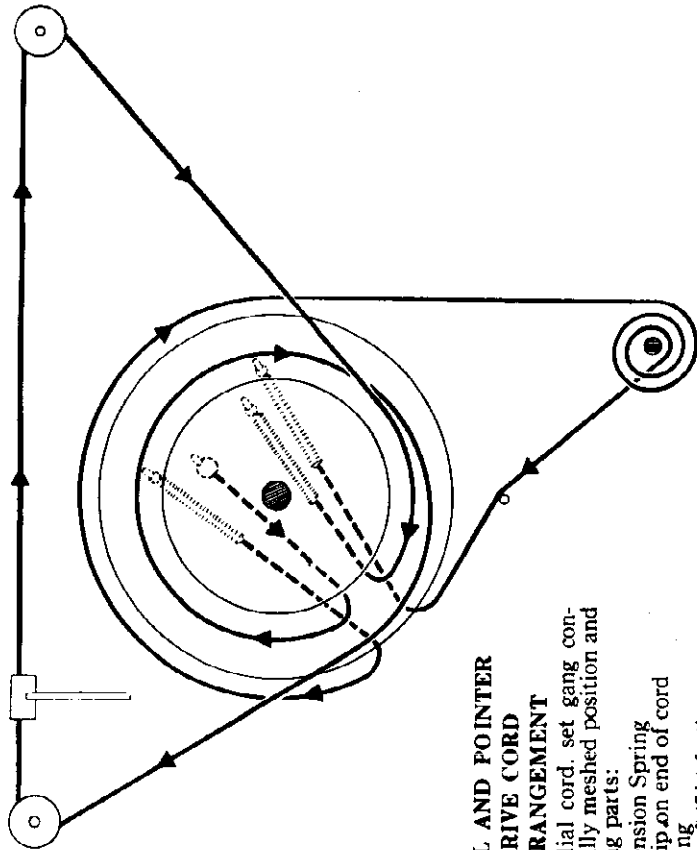
Noise reducing
low impedance loop

FREQUENCY RANGES:

Standard Broadcast Band	540-1725 KC.	} 9-12 MC.
Short Wave Band		

PUSH-BUTTON RANGES:

Button No. 1 —540-1000 KC.
Button No. 2 & 3—650-1300 KC.
Button No. 4 & 5—975-1600 KC.



DIAL AND POINTER DRIVE CORD ARRANGEMENT

To string dial cord, set gang condenser to fully meshed position and use following parts:

- 113177 Tension Spring
- 114955 Clip on end of cord
- 119087 Ring
- 117057 Cord (5 1/2 feet)
- 3 feet for pointer drive
- 2 1/2 feet for tuning drive

SETTING-UP THE PUSH-BUTTONS

1. Set band switch to "AM" position and allow set to operate 15 minutes before making adjustments.
2. Note two rows of adjusting screws on back of radio chassis (visible and accessible through opening in cabinet back). Each vertical pair of adjusting screws is used to tune in a station for one of the push-buttons. A label under the row of screws specifies the frequency or tuning range that each screw will cover.
3. Select five powerful stations, each of which falls within the frequency range of the adjusting screw to be used to tune in that station.
4. Push in "MANUAL" button and listen to the program of the lowest frequency station you selected.
5. Now push in the first button on the left. Return to rear of radio and use vertical pair of adjusting screws on extreme right to tune in the same station. Adjust bottom screw first until desired station is heard. If station is not heard, change setting of top screw to a position where the slight static noise or rushing sound is the loudest. Then try adjusting bottom screw again; repeat this procedure until desired station is found. After locating station, carefully set bottom screw for deepest tone and top screw for maximum volume.
6. The set-up of the first push-button is now complete. Use a similar procedure to set-up the remaining buttons.

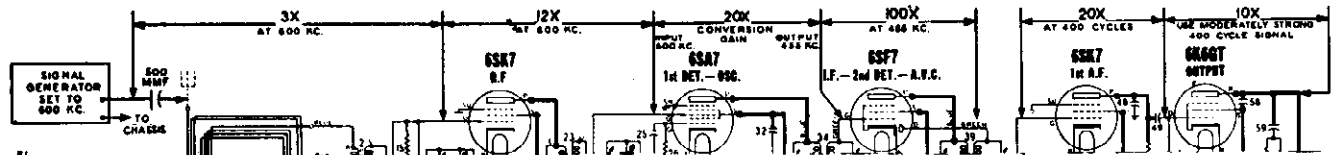
THE FIRESTONE TIRE & RUBBER CO. MODELS 4A21X, 4A22
MODEL 4A24

MODELS 4-A-21X, 4-A-22X
APPROXIMATE STAGE GAIN DATA

Be sure R.F. and I.F. stages are accurately aligned before measuring gain. R.F. gains can be measured with a "channel" type instrument containing a tuned and calibrated R.F. amplifier. A vacuum tube voltmeter may be used for audio gain measurements. Observe following precautions:

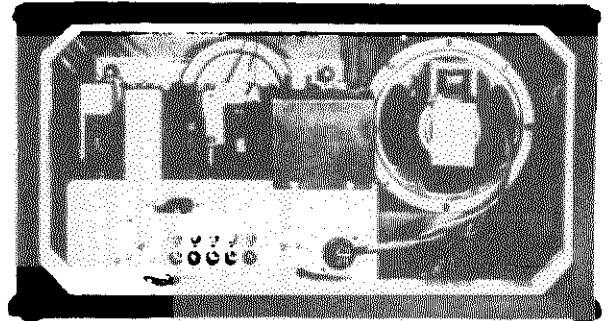
1. For all gain measurements connect signal generator as shown. Use 600 KC. signal with 400 cycle modulation (use nearby frequency if local station interferes.)
2. For R.F. and I.F. measurements connect negative terminal of a 3 volt battery (two 1½ volt cells in series) to A.V.C. lead at terminal "P" of short wave antenna coil; then connect positive battery lead to chassis. This provides a definite operating point.
IMPORTANT: Disconnect battery when measuring audio stage gains.
3. Be sure radio is carefully tuned to generator signal (use weak signal for sharp tuning.)
4. When using a "channel" type instrument carefully tune it for maximum output at desired frequency before making measurements.

The R.F. and I.F. stage gains shown below are less than under normal operating conditions due to the use of 3 volts fixed bias in order to establish a definite operating point. Therefore, these values are not intended to indicate the full capability of a stage.



AUDIO OSCILLATION

The audio system of this receiver utilizes a two stage type of inverse feed-back arrangement and, should it ever be necessary to replace the speaker or output transformer, it is important to maintain a definite phase relationship in the feed-back circuit. If the connections to the output transformer are reversed or if the feed-back connection is made to the wrong side of the output transformer secondary, the system will become regenerative instead of degenerative. Under those conditions audio oscillation may result. If that occurs, oscillation may be prevented by reversing the connections to the primary of the output transformer.



MODEL 4-A-24

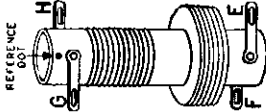
Illus. No.	Part No.	Part Name	Description	Illus. No.	Part No.	Part Name	Description
1	20E58	Cable	Battery, with 4 Prong Plug.....	15	23E42	Condenser	Mica, .00025
2	20E32	Coil	Antenna	16	23E11	Condenser	Fixed Ceramic, .0001 Mfd.....
3	20E21	Coil	1st I.F. Transformer.....	17	23E11	Condenser	Fixed Ceramic, .0001 Mfd.....
4	20E35	Coil	2nd I.F. Transformer.....	18	27E475	Resistor	Carbon, 4.7 Megohm, 1/3 W....
5	20E77	Coil	Oscillator	19	27E335	Resistor	Carbon, 3.3 Megohm, 1/3 W....
6	24E4	Condenser	Tuning 2 Gang, 3 hole mounting.....	20	27E106	Resistor	Carbon 10, Megohm, 1/3 W....
6	24E19	Condenser	Tuning 2 Gang, 2 hole mounting.....	21	27E335	Resistor	Carbon, 3.3 Megohm, 1/3 W....
7	25E9	Condenser	Tubular, Dry Elect. 10 Mfd. 100 V.	22	27E105	Resistor	Carbon, 1 Megohm, 1/3 W....
8	23E224	Condenser	Tubular, .5 Mfd. 200 V.	23	27E104	Resistor	Carbon, 100,000 Ohm, 1/3 W....
9	23E224	Condenser	Tubular, .5 Mfd. 200 V.	24	27E223	Resistor	Carbon, 22,000 Ohm, 1/3 W....
10	23E216	Condenser	Tubular, .05 Mfd. 200 V.	25	27E561	Resistor	Carbon, 560 Ohm, 1/3 W....
11	23E216	Condenser	Tubular, .05 Mfd. 200 V.	26	1E15	Speaker	6" P. M.
12	23E151	Condenser	Tubular, .01 Mfd. 120 V.	27	28E15	Volume Control	With D.P.S.T. Switch.....
13	23E151	Condenser	Tubular, .01 Mfd. 120 V.	28	22E4	Transformer	Output
14	23E204	Condenser	Tubular, .001 Mfd. 200 V.	29	27E470	Resistor	Carbon, 47 Ohm, 1/3 W.

MISCELLANEOUS PARTS

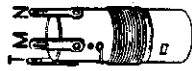
Part No.	Part Name	Description	Part No.	Part Name	Description
7E57	Cabinet	Wood Table Model.....	9E7	Dial Crystal	Clear Acetate Crystal.....
4E1	Dial Cord	18 Lb. Drive Cord.....	19E3	Dial Shaft Bearing	Bearing for Drive Shaft.....
65E2	Dial Cord Spring	Dial Cord Tension Spring.....	65E3	Dial Indicator Spring	Tension Spring for "On-Off" Indicator.
68E1	Dial Shaft	Drive Shaft	12E103-F10	Dial Shaft Washer	"C" Retainer Washer for Drive Shaft.
36E21	Dial Scale	Calibrated Scale	37E30-1	Knob	.....
35E10	Dial Pointer	Dial Needle	17E3-4	Plug	4-Prong Battery Plug.....
36E20	Dial Indicator	"On-Off" Indicator	46E5	Throw Arm	Operates "On-Off" Indicator.....

MODELS 4A21X, 4A22X

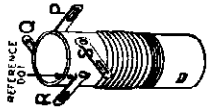
THE FIRESTONE TIRE & RUBBER CO.



R.F. COIL
502113



BC. OSCILLATOR
COIL
502114



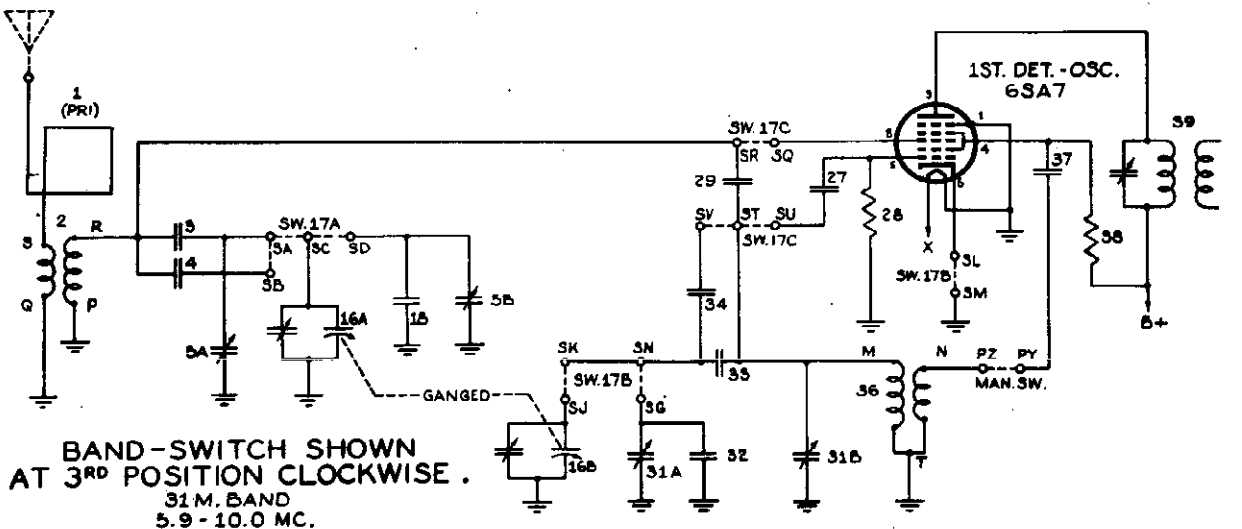
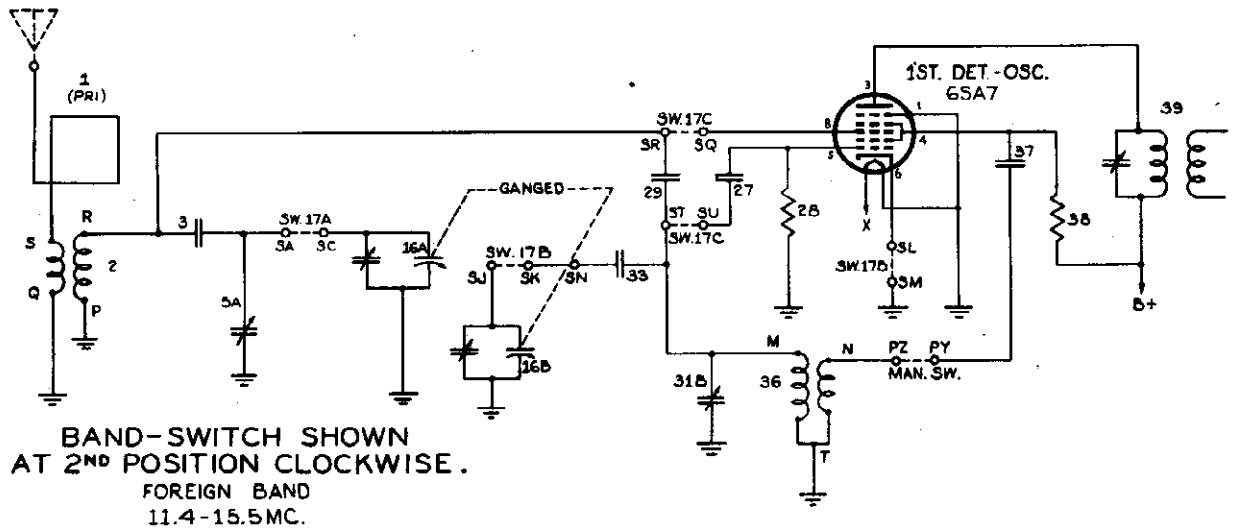
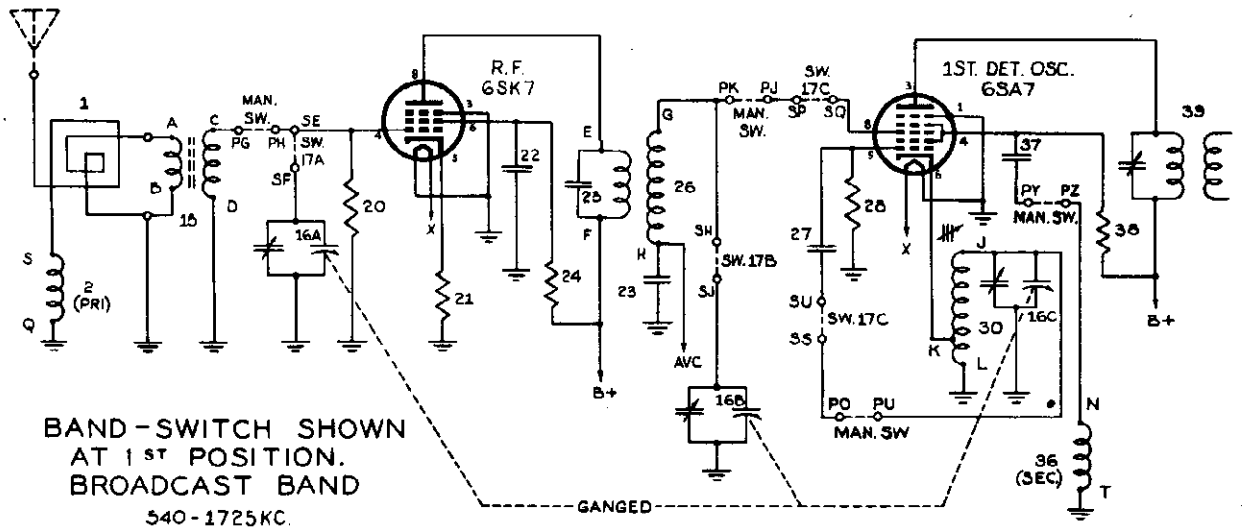
S.W. ANTENNA
COIL
502110

Lettered terminals in illustrations correspond to similarly lettered terminals on the circuit diagram.

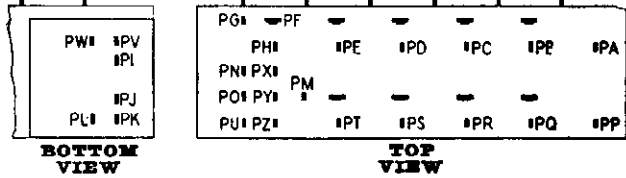
DIA. GRAM NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	LIST PRICE	DIA. GRAM NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	LIST PRICE	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	LIST PRICE
CONDENSERS										
42A, B...	502148	Volume control 500,000 ohms (with switch).	\$1.25	42A, B...	502148	Volume control 500,000 ohms (with switch).	\$1.25	502249	Back for cabinet.	
45	502468	Resistor—carbon 4.7 Meg. 1/4 watt.	.12	45	502468	Resistor—carbon 4.7 Meg. 1/4 watt.	.12	5022229	Background for dial.	.16
46	502128	Resistor—carbon 220 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12	46	502128	Resistor—carbon 220 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12	502194	Base for mtg. electrolytic condenser.	.04
47	502133	Resistor—carbon 200,000 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12	47	502133	Resistor—carbon 200,000 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12	502194	Cabinet for (Model 4-A-21X).	14.10
52	502132	Resistor—carbon 100,000 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12	52	502132	Resistor—carbon 100,000 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12	502195	Cabinet for (Model 4-A-22X).	14.10
53	502134	Resistor—carbon 470,000 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12	53	502134	Resistor—carbon 470,000 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12	119739	Call letter tabs for push-buttons.	.48
55	502135	Resistor—carbon 2.2 Meg. 1/4 watt.	.12	55	502135	Resistor—carbon 2.2 Meg. 1/4 watt.	.12	119559	Clamp—for dial glass.	.08
60	502251	Resistor—carbon 470 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12	60	502251	Resistor—carbon 470 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12	112745	Clip—coil mtg.	.01
61	502127	Resistor—carbon 560 ohms 1/4 watt.	.25	61	502127	Resistor—carbon 560 ohms 1/4 watt.	.25	114955	Clip—retainer on end of dial cord.	.01
62	502137	Resistor—wire wound 330 ohms 2 watt.	.25	62	502137	Resistor—wire wound 330 ohms 2 watt.	.25	501151	Clip—for mtg. push-button coils.	.08
63	503134	Resistor—carbon 470,000 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12	63	503134	Resistor—carbon 470,000 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12	117057	Connector—for antenna lead.	.01
COILS & TRANSFORMERS										
1	502247	Loop antenna.	4.15	1	502247	Loop antenna.	4.15	502218	Cord—dial drive (5 1/2 ft. required) per ft.	.05
2	502112	Coil—B.C. antenna.	1.70	2	502112	Coil—B.C. antenna.	1.70	117029	Dial scale—glass.	1.00
3	502210	Coil—S.W. antenna.	1.10	3	502210	Coil—S.W. antenna.	1.10	500283	Drum—for dial drive.	.70
8	502907	Complete coil and trimmer assembly for push-button tuner.	8.90	8	502907	Complete coil and trimmer assembly for push-button tuner.	8.90	501496	Escutcheon (Model 4-A-21X).	1.15
9, 10	502908	Coil less slug (540-1000 Kc.).	1.50	9, 10	502908	Coil less slug (540-1000 Kc.).	1.50	502704	Escutcheon (Model 4-A-22X).	1.15
11, 12	502909	Coil less slug (975-1600 Kc.).	1.50	11, 12	502909	Coil less slug (975-1600 Kc.).	1.50	502705	Knob—volume or tuning (Model 4-A-21X).	.16
23	502113	Tuning slug for coils, 502907, 502908, 502909.	.25	23	502113	Tuning slug for coils, 502907, 502908, 502909.	.25	502707	Knob—tone or band switch (Model 4-A-21X).	.20
24	501151	Clip—for mtg. push-button coils.	.08	24	501151	Clip—for mtg. push-button coils.	.08	504097	Knob—tone or band switch (Model 4-A-22X).	.25
25	502114	Coil—B.C. R.F.	1.85	25	502114	Coil—B.C. R.F.	1.85	504097	Plug for speaker.	.25
27	502114	Coil—B.C. oscillator.	1.45	27	502114	Coil—B.C. oscillator.	1.45	502601	Pointer.	.18
31	502111	Coil—S.W. oscillator.	1.10	31	502111	Coil—S.W. oscillator.	1.10	501497	Push-button (Model 4-A-21X).	.15
34	502102	Transformer—1st I.F.	2.30	34	502102	Transformer—1st I.F.	2.30	501651	Push-button (Model 4-A-22X).	.15
39	502174	Transformer—power.	7.50	39	502174	Transformer—power.	7.50	81145	Retaining ring for tuning shaft.	.01
47	502170	Transformer—output for R-502168 spkr.	2.00	47	502170	Transformer—output for R-502168 spkr.	2.00	115087	Ring—for dial cord.	.01
50	504061	Transformer—output for M-502168 spkr.	2.00	50	504061	Transformer—output for M-502168 spkr.	2.00	116584	Rubber spacer for mtg. dial scale.	.02
65	504122	Transformer—output for D-502168 spkr.	2.00	65	504122	Transformer—output for D-502168 spkr.	2.00	83552	Screw—No. 10 1/2", for mtg. chassis.	.03
OTHER ELECTRICAL PARTS										
6	502177	Switch—push-button.	4.10	6	502177	Switch—push-button.	4.10	85827	Screw—No. 8 3/4", for mtg. chassis.	.02
17A, B	502147	Switch—band.	2.00	17A, B	502147	Switch—band.	2.00	114914	Screw—No. 2 3/4", for mtg. chassis.	.02
18	502125	Lamp—(Mazda No. 44) 6.3 V. 0.25 Amps.	.15	18	502125	Lamp—(Mazda No. 44) 6.3 V. 0.25 Amps.	.15	114914	Screw—No. 2 3/4", for mtg. chassis.	.02
21	502130	Resistor—carbon 220 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12	21	502130	Resistor—carbon 220 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12	114914	Screw—No. 2 3/4", for mtg. chassis.	.02
26	502466	Resistor—carbon 22,000 ohms 1/4 watt.	.16	26	502466	Resistor—carbon 22,000 ohms 1/4 watt.	.16	114914	Screw—No. 2 3/4", for mtg. chassis.	.02
33	502135	Resistor—carbon 32,000 ohms 1 watt.	.12	33	502135	Resistor—carbon 32,000 ohms 1 watt.	.12	114914	Screw—No. 2 3/4", for mtg. chassis.	.02
35	502135	Resistor—carbon 2.2 Meg. 1/4 watt.	.12	35	502135	Resistor—carbon 2.2 Meg. 1/4 watt.	.12	114914	Screw—No. 2 3/4", for mtg. chassis.	.02
36	502264	Resistor—carbon 47 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12	36	502264	Resistor—carbon 47 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12	114914	Screw—No. 2 3/4", for mtg. chassis.	.02
38	502467	Resistor—carbon 68,000 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12	38	502467	Resistor—carbon 68,000 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12	114914	Screw—No. 2 3/4", for mtg. chassis.	.02
40	502131	Resistor—carbon 47,000 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12	40	502131	Resistor—carbon 47,000 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12	114914	Screw—No. 2 3/4", for mtg. chassis.	.02
RESISTORS										
15	502468	Resistor—carbon 4.7 Meg. 1/4 watt.	.12	15	502468	Resistor—carbon 4.7 Meg. 1/4 watt.	.12	114914	Screw—No. 2 3/4", for mtg. chassis.	.02
16	502125	Resistor—carbon 220 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12	16	502125	Resistor—carbon 220 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12	114914	Screw—No. 2 3/4", for mtg. chassis.	.02
21	502130	Resistor—carbon 22,000 ohms 1/4 watt.	.16	21	502130	Resistor—carbon 22,000 ohms 1/4 watt.	.16	114914	Screw—No. 2 3/4", for mtg. chassis.	.02
26	502466	Resistor—carbon 22,000 ohms 1/4 watt.	.16	26	502466	Resistor—carbon 22,000 ohms 1/4 watt.	.16	114914	Screw—No. 2 3/4", for mtg. chassis.	.02
33	502135	Resistor—carbon 32,000 ohms 1 watt.	.12	33	502135	Resistor—carbon 32,000 ohms 1 watt.	.12	114914	Screw—No. 2 3/4", for mtg. chassis.	.02
35	502135	Resistor—carbon 2.2 Meg. 1/4 watt.	.12	35	502135	Resistor—carbon 2.2 Meg. 1/4 watt.	.12	114914	Screw—No. 2 3/4", for mtg. chassis.	.02
36	502264	Resistor—carbon 47 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12	36	502264	Resistor—carbon 47 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12	114914	Screw—No. 2 3/4", for mtg. chassis.	.02
38	502467	Resistor—carbon 68,000 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12	38	502467	Resistor—carbon 68,000 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12	114914	Screw—No. 2 3/4", for mtg. chassis.	.02
40	502131	Resistor—carbon 47,000 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12	40	502131	Resistor—carbon 47,000 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12	114914	Screw—No. 2 3/4", for mtg. chassis.	.02

PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE

THE FIRESTONE TIRE & RUBBER CO.



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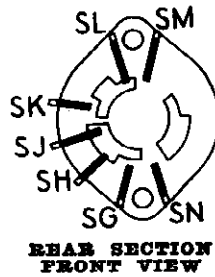
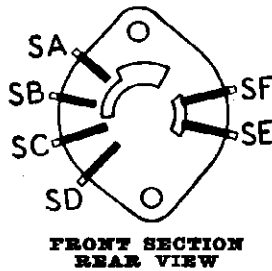
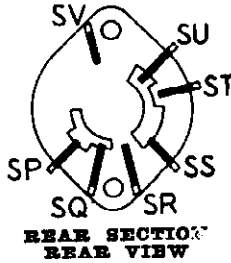
PUSH BUTTON SWITCH 502120

FREQUENCY RANGES:

Standard Broadcast } 540-1725 KC.
Band

Foreign Band } 11.4-15.5 MC.

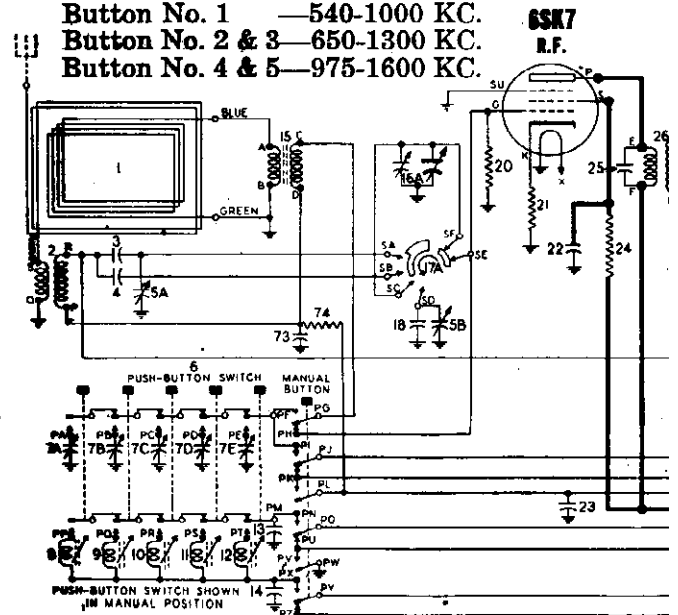
31-M Band } 5.9-10.0 MC.



BAND SWITCH 502119

PUSH-BUTTON RANGES:

- Button No. 1 — 540-1000 KC.
- Button No. 2 & 3 — 650-1300 KC.
- Button No. 4 & 5 — 975-1600 KC.



NOTE

The above circuit applies to chassis which have cent to model number. Early production chassis have the following circuit differences.

- Terminal D of B.C. Antenna Coil No. 15 and connected to ground and not to A.V.C. as shown.
 - Condenser No. 73 and resistor No. 74 are omitted.
- Improved sensitivity on Push-Button tuning and chassis that do not contain the "S" designation shown on this page and adding parts No. 73 and

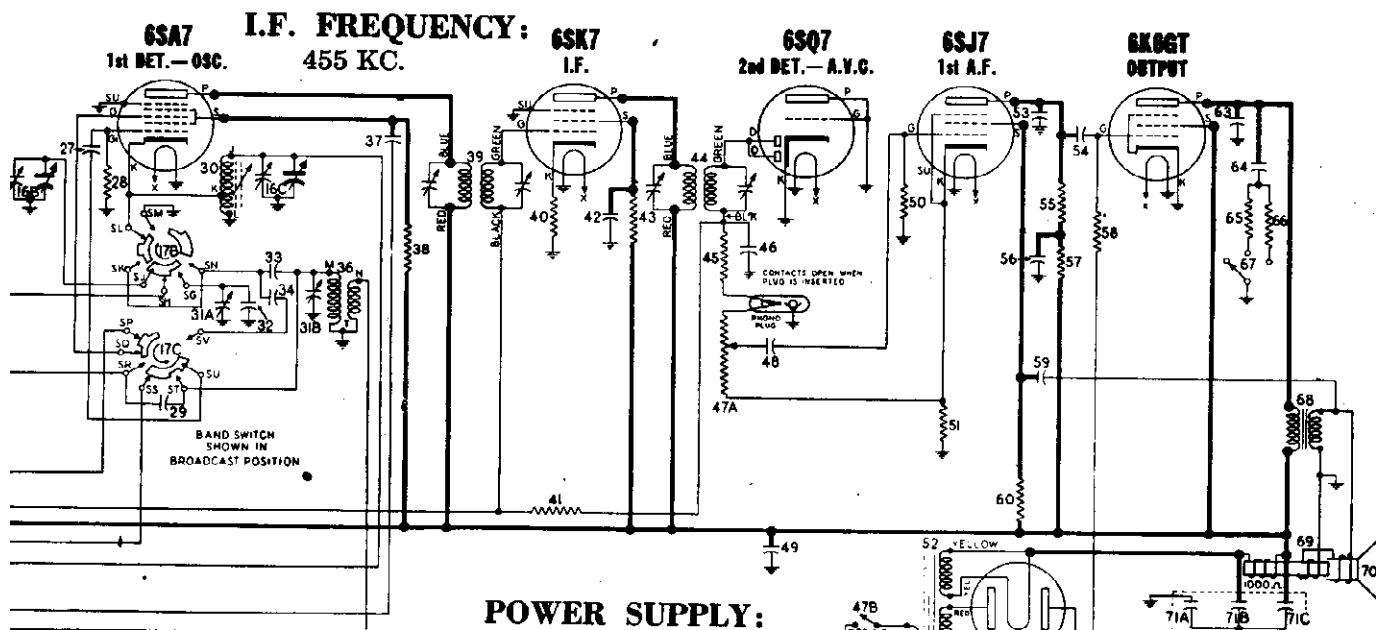
Lettered terminals in illustrations correspond to similarly lettered terminals on the circuit diagram.

DIA-GRAM PART NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	LIST PRICE	DIA-GRAM PART NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	LIST PRICE	DIA-GRAM PART NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	LIST PRICE
CONDENSERS											
3	502166	Condenser—ceramic 82 Mmfd. 500 volt.	\$0.30	40	502125	Resistor—carbon 220 Ohms 1/4 watt.	.12				
4	502164	Condenser—mica 270 Mmfd. 500 volt.	.70	41	502135	Resistor—carbon 2.2 Meg. 1/4 watt.	.12				
5A, B	502109	Condenser trimmer assembly Section A 2 to 15 Mmfd. Section B 10 to 40 Mmfd.	.65	43	502467	Resistor—carbon 68,000 Ohms 1/2 watt.	.12			502228	
7A to E	502910	Condenser—trimmer assem. for P-B tuner	3.00	45	502131	Resistor—carbon 47,000 Ohms 1/4 watt.	.12			116467	
13	502161	Condenser—mica 270 Mmfd. 500 volt.	.45	47A, B	502117	Volume control 500,000 ohms (with switch)	1.25			502193	
14	502165	Condenser—mica 1,000 Mmfd. 500 volt.	.45	50	502468	Resistor—carbon 4.7 Meg. 1/4 watt.	.12			502046	
16A, B, C	502122	Condenser—variable gang	6.60	51	502128	Resistor—carbon 2200 Ohms 1/4 watt.	.12			117315	
18	502182	Condenser—ceramic 39 Mmfd. 500 volt.	.40	55	502133	Resistor—carbon 220,000 Ohms 1/4 watt.	.12			500420	
22	502157	Condenser—.05 Mfd. 400 volt.	.24	57	502132	Resistor—carbon 100,000 Ohms 1/4 watt.	.12			112745	
23	502155	Condenser—.1 Mfd. 200 volt.	.30	58	502134	Resistor—carbon 470,000 Ohm 1/4 watt.	.12			114955	
25	502295	Condenser—ceramic 10 Mmfd. 500 volt.	.30	60	502135	Resistor—carbon 2.2 Meg. 1/4 watt.	.12			501151	
27	502159	Condenser—mica 50 Mmfd. 500 volt.	.24	65	502291	Resistor—carbon 4700 Ohms 1/4 watt.	.12			116563	
29	502411	Condenser 2 Mmfd. 500 volt.	.10	66	502127	Resistor—carbon 560 Ohms 1/4 watt.	.12			117057	
31A, B	502108	Condenser—trimmer assem. Section A 2 to 15 Mmfd. Section B 2 to 15 Mmfd.	.75	72	502137	Resistor—wire wound 330 Ohms 2 watt.	.25			502215	
32	502182	Condenser—ceramic 39 Mmfd. 500 volt.	.40	74	502134	Resistor—carbon 470,000 Ohms 1/4 watt.	.12			113402	
33	502167	Condenser—ceramic 68 Mmfd. 500 volt.	.40	COILS & TRANSFORMERS							
34	502163	Condenser—mica 430 Mmfd. 500 volt.	.60	1	502186	Loop antenna	3.15			113402	
37	502151	Condenser—.01 Mfd. 400 volt.	.20	2	502119	Coil—S.W. antenna	1.10			502699	
42	502157	Condenser—.05 Mfd. 400 volt.	.24		502025	Complete coil—trimmer assem. for P-B tuner	8.80			502704	
46	502271	Condenser—Mica 260 Mmfd. 500 volt.	.30	8	502907	Coil less slug (540-1000 Kc.)	1.50			502705	
48	502150	Condenser—.004 Mfd. 600 volt.	.20	9, 10	502908	Coil less slug (650-1300 Kc.)	1.50			160620	
49	502157	Condenser—.05 Mfd. 400 volt.	.24	11, 12	502909	Coil less slug (975-1600 Kc.)	1.50			501495	
53	502160	Condenser mica 110 Mmfd. 500 volt.	.24		502911	Slug for coils 502907, 502908, 502909	.25			81145	
54	502152	Condenser—.02 Mfd. 400 volt.	.24		501151	Clip—for mtg. push button coils	.08			119087	
56	502410	Condenser—.1 Mfd. 400 volt.	.30	15	502112	Coil—BC antenna	1.70			116584	
59	502405	Condenser—.25 Mfd. 400 volt.	.36	26	502113	Coil—BC R.F.	1.85			502702	
63	502150	Condenser—.004 Mfd. 600 volt.	.20	30	502114	Coil—BC oscillator	1.45				
64	502154	Condenser—.05 Mfd. 600 volt.	.24	36	502111	Coil—S.W. oscillator	1.10				
71A, B, C	502207	Condenser Electrolytic A—20 Mfd. 25 volt B—20 Mfd. 400 volt C—10 Mfd. 400 volt	2.20	39	502102	Transformer—1st I.F.	2.30			83552	
73	502153	Condenser—.05 Mfd. 200 volt.	.24	44	502103	Transformer—2nd I.F.	2.30			85827	
RESISTORS											
20	502468	Resistor—carbon 4.7 Meg. 1/4 watt.	.12	52	502174	Transformer—power	7.50			501777	
21	502127	Resistor—carbon 560 Ohms 1/4 watt.	.12		504206	Transformer—output for M-504205 speaker	2.00			502116	
24	502132	Resistor—carbon 100,000 Ohms 1/4 watt.	.12	69	504208	Transformer—output for R-504205 speaker	2.00			502176	
28	502130	Resistor—carbon 22,000 Ohms 1/4 watt.	.12		504124	Transformer—output for D-504205 speaker	2.00			114876	
38	502466	Resistor—carbon 33,000 Ohms 1 watt.	.16	6	502120	Switch—push-button	4.00			119781	
OTHER ELECTRICAL PARTS											
				17A, B, C	502119	Switch—band	2.80			500459	
				61, 62	110629	Lamp—dial (Mazda 44) 6.3 V. 250 Ma.	.15			502980	
				67	502118	Switch tone control	.70			113177	
				69	504205	Speaker—Electro-dynamic (6 inch)	9.00			119911	
					504209	Cone & Voice coil for R-504205 speaker	3.00			111456	
					504207	Cone & Voice coil for M-504205 speaker	3.00			119886	
					504125	Cone & Voice coil for D-504205 speaker	3.00				

PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE

RE & RUBBER CO.

MODEL 4A23, Interceptor



POWER SUPPLY:

117 volts
50-60 cycles A.C.
55 watts

Letter "S" stamped on rear surface adjacent to the "S" designation

Terminal P of S.W. Antenna Coil No. 2 are in above.

Wave operation may be obtained for connecting coils No. 2 and No. 15 as shown in Fig. 74.

POWER OUTPUT:

Undistorted — 2.3 watts
Maximum — 3.5 watts

SPEAKER:

6 inch Electro-Dynamic
Voice coil impedance—3.5 ohms

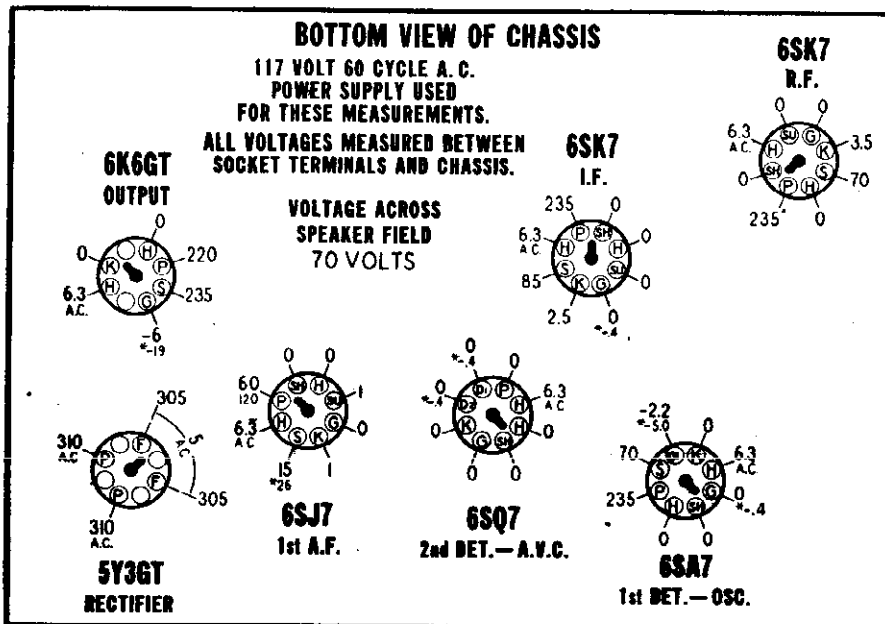
SOCKET VOLTAGES

Measured with voltmeter having sensitivity of 1000 ohms per volt except where indicated by (*).

VOLUME ON FULL WITH NO SIGNAL
RANGE SWITCH IN BROADCAST POSITION

DIAL TUNED TO 540 KC.
MANUAL BUTTON PUSHED IN

DESCRIPTION	LIST PRICE
MISCELLANEOUS PARTS	
Background for dial.....	\$0.15
Case for mtg. electrolytic condenser.....	.04
Binnet.....	14.50
Binnet back.....	.70
Letter tabs for push-button.....	.55
Strip for dial glass.....	.15
Pin-coil mtg.....	.01
Pin-retainer on end of dial cord.....	.01
Pin for mtg. push-button coils.....	.08
Indicator—for antenna leads.....	.01
Dial drive (102 in. required), per ft.....	.05
Dial scale—glass.....	3.85
Pin—for dial drive.....	.70
Washer for push-buttons.....	1.70
Pin—volume or tuning.....	.16
Pin—tone or band switch.....	.20
Pin-ster.....	.22
Pin-button.....	.15
Timing ring for tuning shaft.....	.01
Pin for dial cord.....	.01
Pinber spacer for mtg. dial scale.....	.02
Pinber spacer on frame behind escutcheon.....	.04
Pinw—No. 10x7/8"; for mtg. chassis.....	.03
Pinw—No. 8-32 for dial drum.....	.02
Pinw—No. 4x1/2"; for mtg. loop & back.....	.02
Pinft—tuning control.....	.10
Pinket—octal base (rectifier).....	.15
Pinket—octal base.....	.12
Pinket—dial lamp (with mtg. bracket).....	.15
Pincer for leads to push-button switch.....	.10
Pinng—dial cord tension.....	.09
Pinmetal strip—phone.....	.16
Pinther—spring; for tuning shaft.....	.005
Pinther—felt; for knobs.....	.005



REAR OF CHASSIS

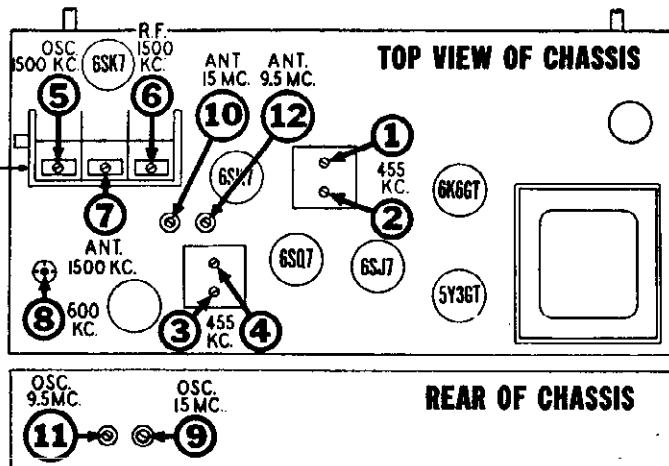
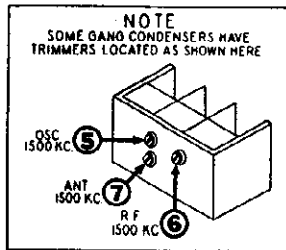
NOTE:—The 6K6GT grid bias of -19 volts can be measured across resistor No. 72.
*—Measured with vacuum tube voltmeter.

MODEL 4A23,
Interceptor

THE FIRESTONE TIRE & RUBBER CO.

1. The chassis and loop antenna should remain in their normal position in the cabinet throughout the following procedure.
 2. Check arrangement of leads to push-button switch as shown in illustration on following page.
 3. With the gang condenser fully meshed, dial pointer should be in the position indicated by the last division below 55 on the dial. If it is set incorrectly, release pointer clip on dial cord and reposition pointer.
 4. Connect output meter across speaker voice coil.
 5. Connect the ground lead of the signal generator to the receiver chassis.
 6. Set volume control at maximum volume position and use a weak signal from the signal generator.
 7. Push in the manual button and leave it in that position throughout the alignment procedure.
- IMPORTANT:**—Align this receiver in exactly the order shown below. Broadcast band must be aligned before short wave bands.

DUMMY ANT. IN SERIES WITH SIGNAL GENERATOR	CONNECT HIGH SIDE OF SIGNAL GENERATOR TO	SIGNAL GENERATOR FREQUENCY	BAND SWITCH POSITION	RECEIVER DIAL SETTING	TRIMMER NUMBER	TRIMMER DESCRIPTION	TYPE OF ADJUSTMENT
.1 MFD. Condenser	Trimmer on rear section of gang	455 KC	Broadcast (counter-clockwise)	Any point where it does not affect the signal.	1-2 3-4	2nd I.F. 1st I.F.	Adjust for maximum output. Then repeat adjustment.
.003 MFD. Condenser	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	1500 KC	Broadcast (counter-clockwise)	1500 KC	5	Broadcast Oscillator (Shunt)	Adjust for maximum output.
.003 MFD. Condenser	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	1500 KC	Broadcast (counter-clockwise)	Tune to 1500 KC Generator Signal	6	Broadcast R.F.	Adjust for maximum output.
.003 MFD. Condenser	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	1500 KC	Broadcast (counter-clockwise)	Tune to 1500 KC Generator Signal	7	Broadcast Antenna	Adjust for maximum output.
.003 MFD. Condenser	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	600 KC	Broadcast (counter-clockwise)	Tune to 600 KC Generator Signal	8	Adjustable core of Broadcast Oscillator Coil.	Adjust for maximum output. Try to increase output by rotating core in and out and retuning receiver dial until maximum output is obtained.
.003 MFD. Condenser	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	Repeat adjustments of trimmers 5, 6 and 7 at 1500 Kc. Then re-check adjustment of trimmer 8 at 600 Kc.					
400 OHM Carbon Resistor	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	15 MC	Short wave	15 MC	9	S.W. Oscillator	Adjust for maximum output. Check to see if proper peak was obtained by tuning in image at approx. 14.1 MC. If image does not appear, realign at 15 MC, with trimmer screw farther out. Recheck image.
400 OHM Carbon Resistor	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	15 MC	Short wave	Tune to 15 MC Generator Signal	10	S.W. Antenna	Adjust for maximum output. Try to increase output by detuning trimmer and retuning receiver dial until maximum output is obtained.
400 OHM Carbon Resistor	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	9.5 MC	31 M (Clockwise)	9.5 MC	11	31 M Oscillator	Adjust for maximum output. Check to see if proper peak was obtained by tuning in image at approx. 8.6 MC. If image does not appear, realign at 9.5 MC, with trimmer screw farther out. Recheck image.
400 OHM Carbon Resistor	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	9.5 MC	31 M (Clockwise)	Tune to 9.5 MC Generator Signal	12	31 M Antenna	Adjust for maximum output. Try to increase output by detuning trimmer and retuning receiver dial until maximum output is obtained.



AUDIO OSCILLATION

The audio system of this receiver utilizes a two stage type of inverse feed-back arrangement and should it ever be necessary to replace the speaker or output transformer it is important to maintain a definite phase relationship in the feedback circuit. If the connections to the output transformer are reversed or if the feed-back connection is made to the wrong side of the output transformer secondary, the system will become regenerative instead of degenerative. Under those conditions audio oscillation may result. If that occurs, oscillation may be prevented by reversing the connections to the primary of the output transformer.

THE FIRESTONE TIRE & RUBBER CO.

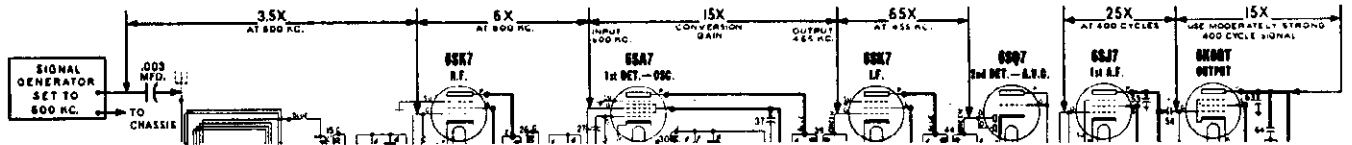
MODEL 4A23,
Interceptor

APPROXIMATE STAGE GAIN DATA

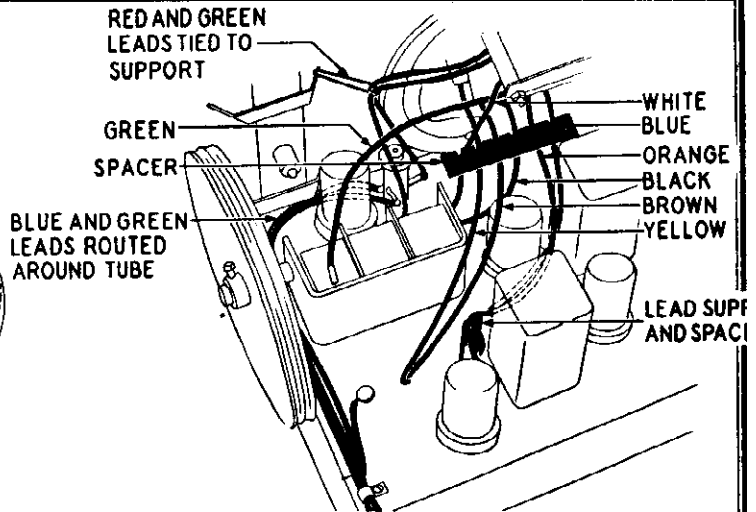
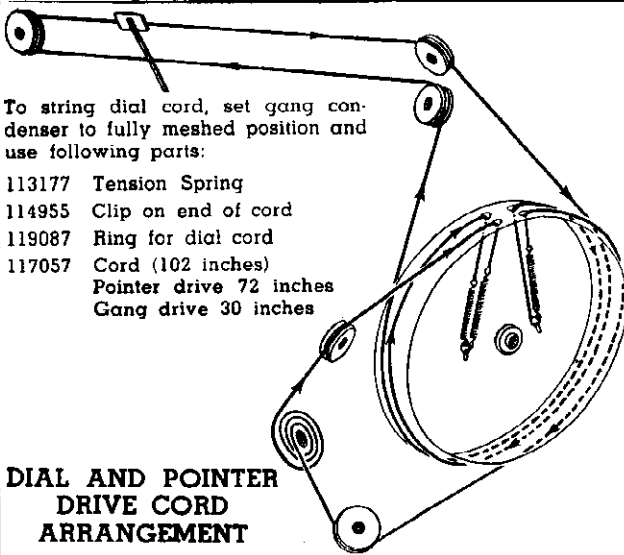
Be sure R.F. and I.F. stages are accurately aligned before measuring gain. R.F. gains can be measured with a "channel" type instrument containing a tuned and calibrated R.F. amplifier. A vacuum tube voltmeter may be used for audio gain measurements. Observe following precautions:

1. For all gain measurements connect signal generator as shown. Use 600 KC. signal with 400 cycle modulation (use nearby frequency if local station interferes.)
2. For R.F. and I.F. measurements connect negative terminal of a 3 volt battery (two 1½ volt cells in series) to A.V.C. lead and positive terminal to chassis. This provides a definite operating point. IMPORTANT: Disconnect battery when measuring audio stage gains.
3. Be sure radio is carefully tuned to generator signal (use weak signal for sharp tuning.)
4. When using a "channel" type instrument carefully tune it for maximum output at desired frequency before making measurements.

The R.F. and I.F. stage gains shown below are less than under normal operating conditions due to the use of 3 volts fixed bias in order to establish a definite operating point. Therefore, these values are not intended to indicate the full capability of a stage.



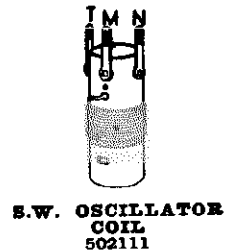
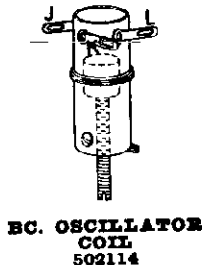
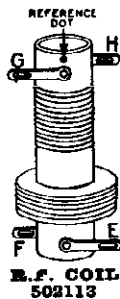
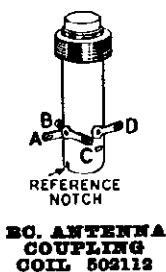
Differences in tube characteristics, tolerance of parts, adjustment of tuned circuits, and variations of line voltage will influence stage gain. Accuracy of measurements is dependent upon careful tuning of receiver to generator signal and experience in using your test equipment. These factors may create considerable variation in gain measurements.



IMPORTANCE OF MAINTAINING FIXED POSITIONS FOR LEADS AT TOP OF CHASSIS

The wires shown in the above illustration are associated with tuned circuits which carry radio frequency currents. Therefore, care must be exercised to insure that they are properly routed and spaced. Anchoring and fixing spacing of wires minimizes freedom of movement and is utilized to maintain a stable arrangement.

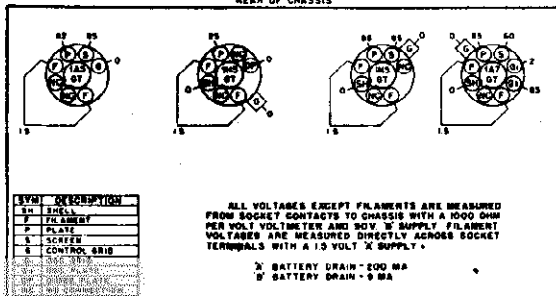
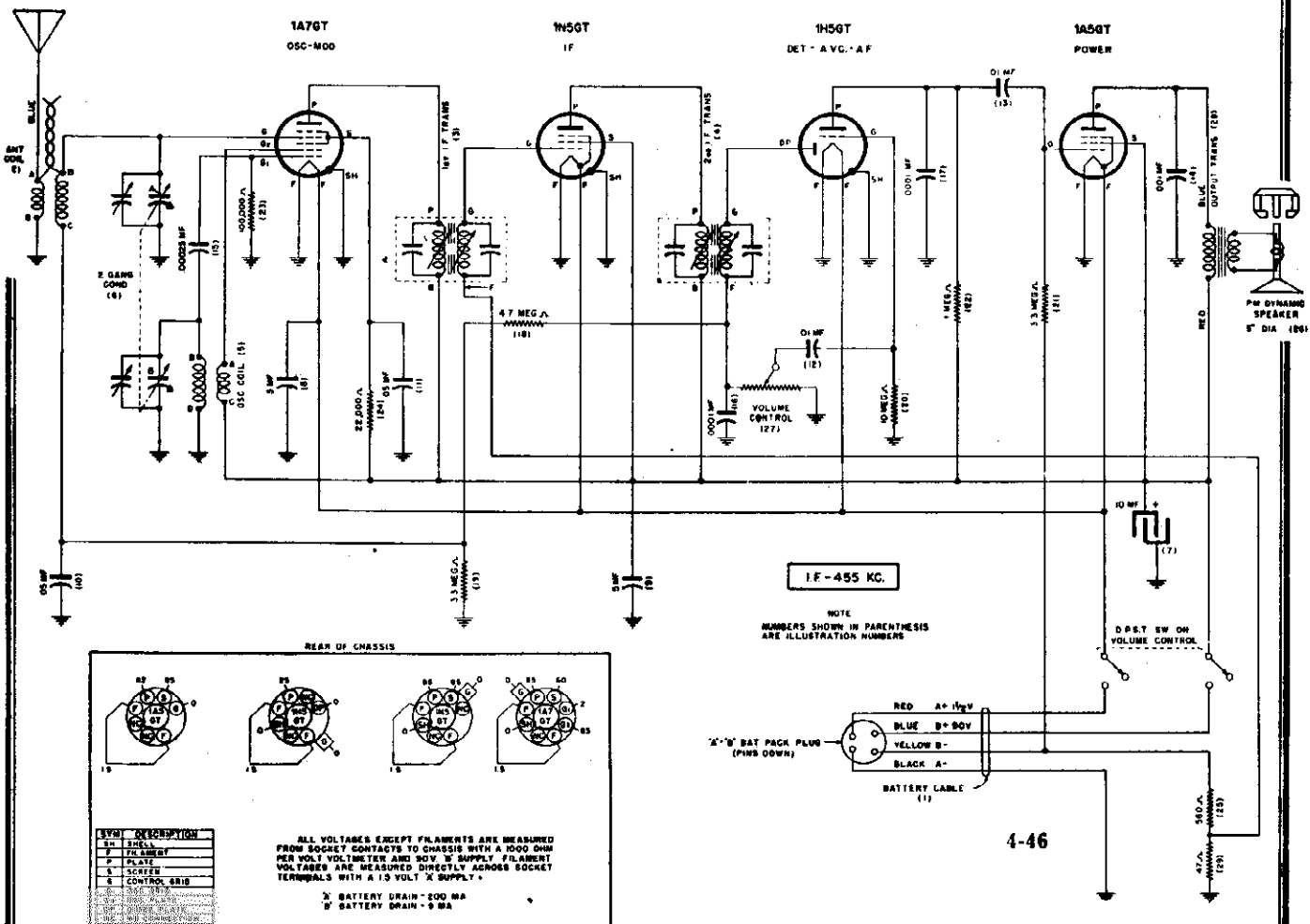
Since the relative positions of these wires may affect tuned circuits it is important to avoid any change in arrangement after the receiver has been aligned. If the position of the wires has been disturbed, it is advisable to re-check alignment



Lettered terminals in illustrations correspond to similarly lettered terminals on the circuit diagram.

MODEL 4A24

THE FIRESTONE TIRE & RUBBER CO.



SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
1A	SHELL
2	FILAMENT
3	PLATE
4	SCREEN
5	CONTROL GRID

ALL VOLTAGES EXCEPT FILAMENTS ARE MEASURED FROM SOCKET CONTACTS TO CHASSIS WITH A 1000 OHM PER VOLT VOLTMETER AND 50 V SUPPLY. FILAMENT VOLTAGES ARE MEASURED DIRECTLY ACROSS SOCKET TERMINALS WITH A 15 VOLT 2 SUPPLY.

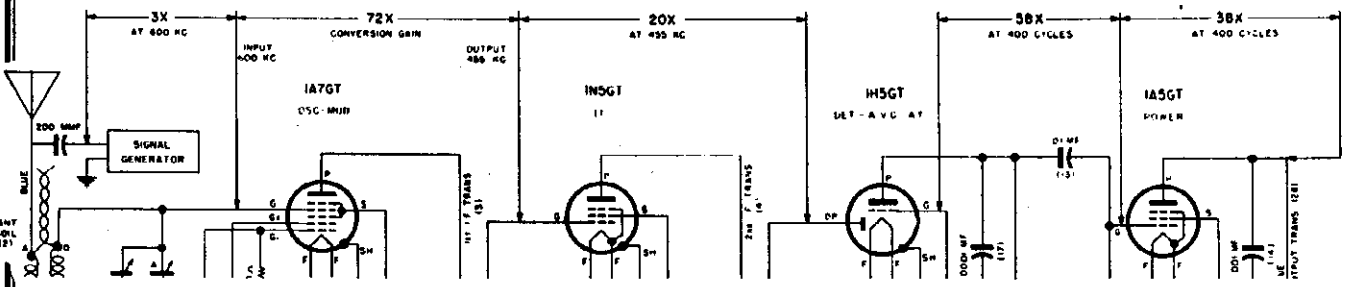
A BATTERY DRAIN - 200 MA
 B BATTERY DRAIN - 0 MA

VOLTAGE TABLE (BOTTOM VIEW OF CHASSIS)

PART NO 4-A-24

POWER OUTPUT Undistorted- 100 milliwatts
 Maximum - 200 milliwatts

VOICE COIL IMPEDANCE 3.2 ohm at 400~
 TUNING RANGE 528 to 1730 KC

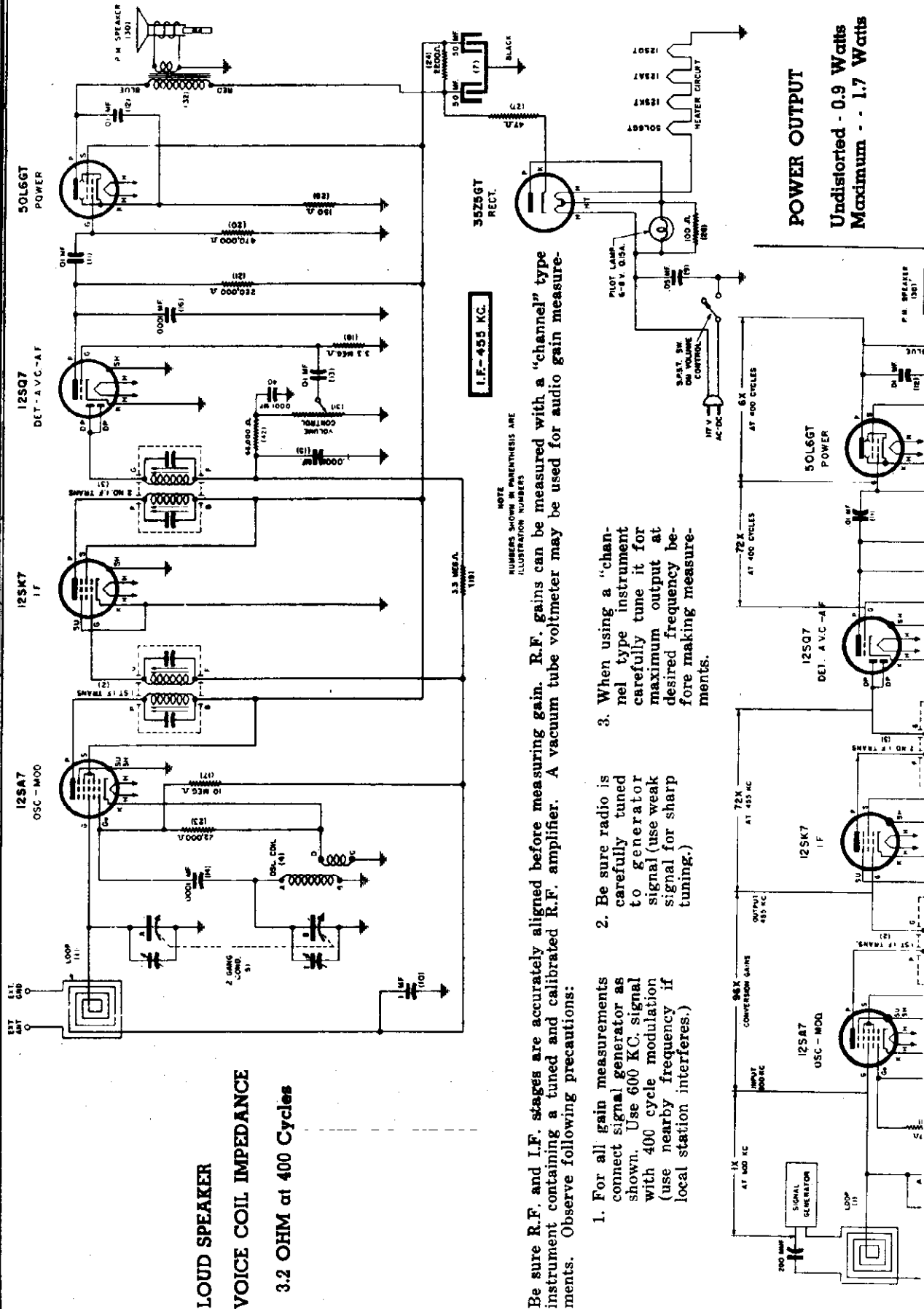


Be sure R. F. and I. F. stages are accurately aligned before measuring gain. R. F. gains can be measured with a "channel" type instrument containing a tuned and calibrated R. F. amplifier. A vacuum tube voltmeter may be used for audio gain measurements. Observe the following precautions:

1. For all gain measurements connect signal generator as shown. Use 600 KC. signal with 400 cycle modulation (use nearby frequency if local station interferes.)
2. Be sure radio is carefully tuned to generator signal (use weak signal for sharp tuning.)
3. When using a "channel" type instrument carefully tune it for maximum output at desired frequency before making measurements.

MODEL 4A25

THE FIRESTONE TIRE & RUBBER CO.



LOUD SPEAKER
VOICE COIL IMPEDANCE
3.2 OHM at 400 Cycles

Be sure R.F. and I.F. stages are accurately aligned before measuring gain. R.F. gains can be measured with a "channel" type instrument containing a tuned and calibrated R.F. amplifier. A vacuum tube voltmeter may be used for audio gain measurements. Observe following precautions:

1. For all gain measurements connect signal generator as shown. Use 600 KC. signal with 400 cycle modulation (use nearby frequency if local station interferes.)
2. Be sure radio is carefully tuned to generator maximum output at desired frequency before making measurements.
3. When using a "channel" type instrument carefully tune it for maximum output at desired frequency before making measurements.

POWER OUTPUT
 Undistorted - 0.9 Watts
 Maximum - 1.7 Watts

Differences in tube characteristics, tolerance of parts, adjustment of tuned circuits, and variations of line voltage will influence stage gain. Accuracy of measurements is dependent upon careful tuning of receiver to generator signal and experience in using your test equipment. These factors may create considerable variation in gain measurements.

THE FIRESTONE TIRE & RUBBER CO.

Although the set is relatively free of critical lead placement, when changing parts see that wires are in the same approximate position. If they are not, the set may oscillate or behave badly.

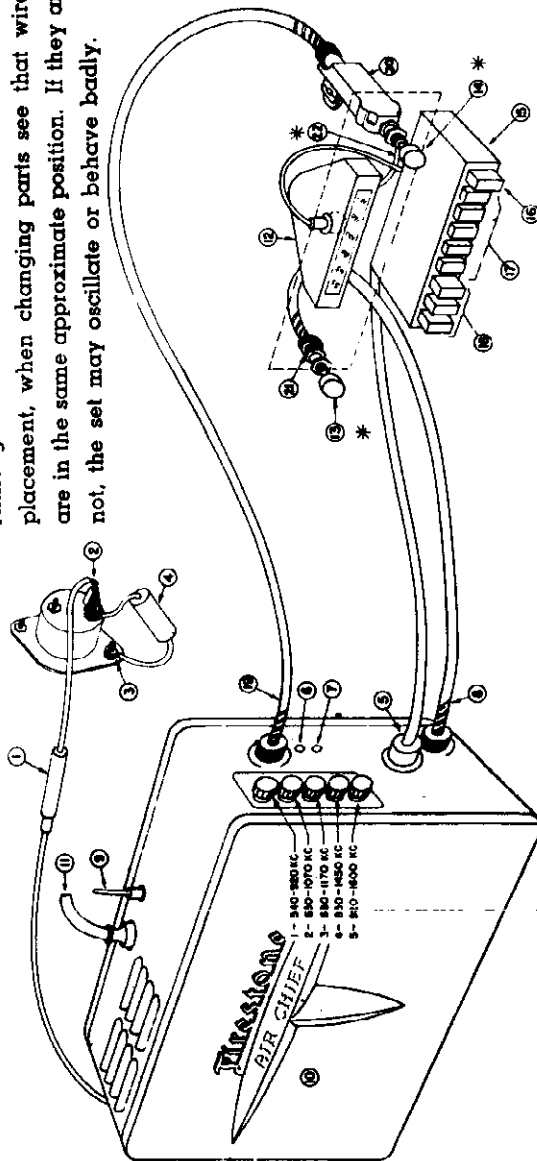


Fig. 3

1. Fuse Holder
2. "A" Power Lead
3. Ground Connection
4. Ignition Interference Capacitor, Part No. 25120
5. Plug for Monomatic Tuner, Part of Part No. 15536
6. Antenna Trimmer, Manual Tuning
7. Antenna Trimmer, Automatic Tuning
8. Volume Control Flexible Cable, Part No. 15057
9. Antenna Lead (Part of Antenna)
10. Receiver PM-15
11. Speaker Cable, Part No. 27178

All items except 13, 14, and 22 are packed with the receiver, other items are packed with the control kit.

PUSH BUTTON ADJUSTMENT

It is advisable to adjust the push buttons while set is still on the bench. With set operating and connected to the antenna, make a list of the five stations for which you desire Monomatic tuning. The stations chosen must be such that each will come within a different frequency range, as indicated by the following list. For example, it would not be possible to choose both a 550 kc station and a 600 kc station, since 600 kc does not come within the range of position #2. Arrange

12. Slide Rule Dial, Part No. 13428
13. Volume Control Knob { Part No. 59314
14. Manual Control Knob {
15. Monomatic Tuner, Part No. 15536
16. Push Button Station Selector, Part of Part No. 15536
17. Station Indicators, Part of Part No. 15536
18. Tone Control Push Buttons, Part of Part No. 15536
19. Manual Tuning Control Cable, Part No. 15057
20. Tuning Control "Worm Reduction", Part No. 13538
21. Volume Control Shaft Bushing, Part No. 13537
22. Dial Drive Flexible Cable, Part No. 27298

the station of lowest frequency will be #1; of next higher frequency, #2, next.

STATION	FREQUENCY RANGE
#1	540 to 920 kc
#2	680 to 1170 kc
#3	850 to 1450 kc
#4	850 to 1450 kc
#5	920 to 1570 kc

Operate the Monomatic button (marked Push) until the dial becomes illuminated, indicating that the receiver is adjusted for Dial Tuning. Then tune

your #5 station, using the Station Selector knob. Operate the Monomatic button until the #5 station indicator (furthest right of the station indicators) becomes illuminated.

Turn the knob, located on the side of the set, which has the range 920-1570 kc indicated below it, until the desired station is heard at maximum volume.

After setting button #5, the antenna should be matched by adjusting the screw marked P. B. Antenna Trimmer in Figure 3, as #7. This screw is covered by a snap button. Slowly turn this screw until maximum volume is secured.

Return to Manual then tune in until your #1 indicator becomes illuminated. Then proceed to adjust the knob for this station until maximum signal is heard.

Assuming the lid is removed, place a 5/16 open end wrench on adjusting nut immediately ahead of heavy compression spring and adjust for further increase in signal, then readjust red knob for maximum signal. This is actually a tracking operation and will give optimum performance. This operating should be repeated for each button position.

After the car installation is made, it is recommended that all the red buttons be rechecked for maximum response.

After this re-check is completed, it is necessary to adjust the manual antenna trimmer, see #6. The adjusting screw for this is accessible after removing the snap button.

Return the set to dial tuning, turn the manual tuning control until a station near 1400 kc is heard, then adjust this screw for maximum volume.

Now with set in car, depress monomatic button until #5 station is again illuminated. Check #7 trimmer for maximum signal.

MODEL 4B2, DeLuxe

THE FIRESTONE TIRE & RUBBER CO.

CONNECTING THE RECEIVER

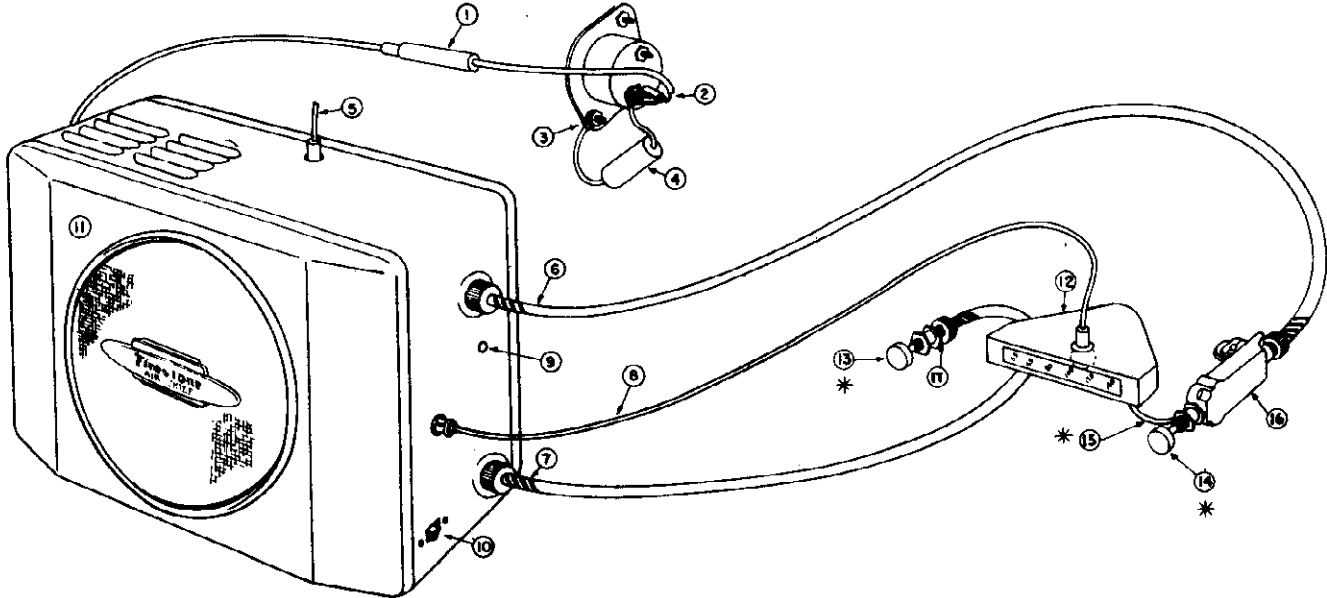


Fig. 3

Name	Part No.	Name	Part No.
1. Fuseholder	11160	10. Tone Control	90071
2. Ammeter Connector	36621	11. Receiver	PM-14
3. Ground Connection	64270	12. Slide Dial Assembly	13428
4. Capacitor	25120	The following items are supplied by Crowe Nameplate:	
5. Antenna Lead	—	13. Volume Control Knob	Included in Crowe
6. Flexible Tuning Shaft	15057	14. Tuning Control Knob	Assy. # A-11540-C
7. Flexible Volume Control Shaft	15057	15. Flexible Dial Coupling Shaft	—
8. Pilot Light Lead	11172	16. Dial Drive Tuning Assembly	Assy. # A-11827
9. Antenna Trimmer Adjustment Hole	—		

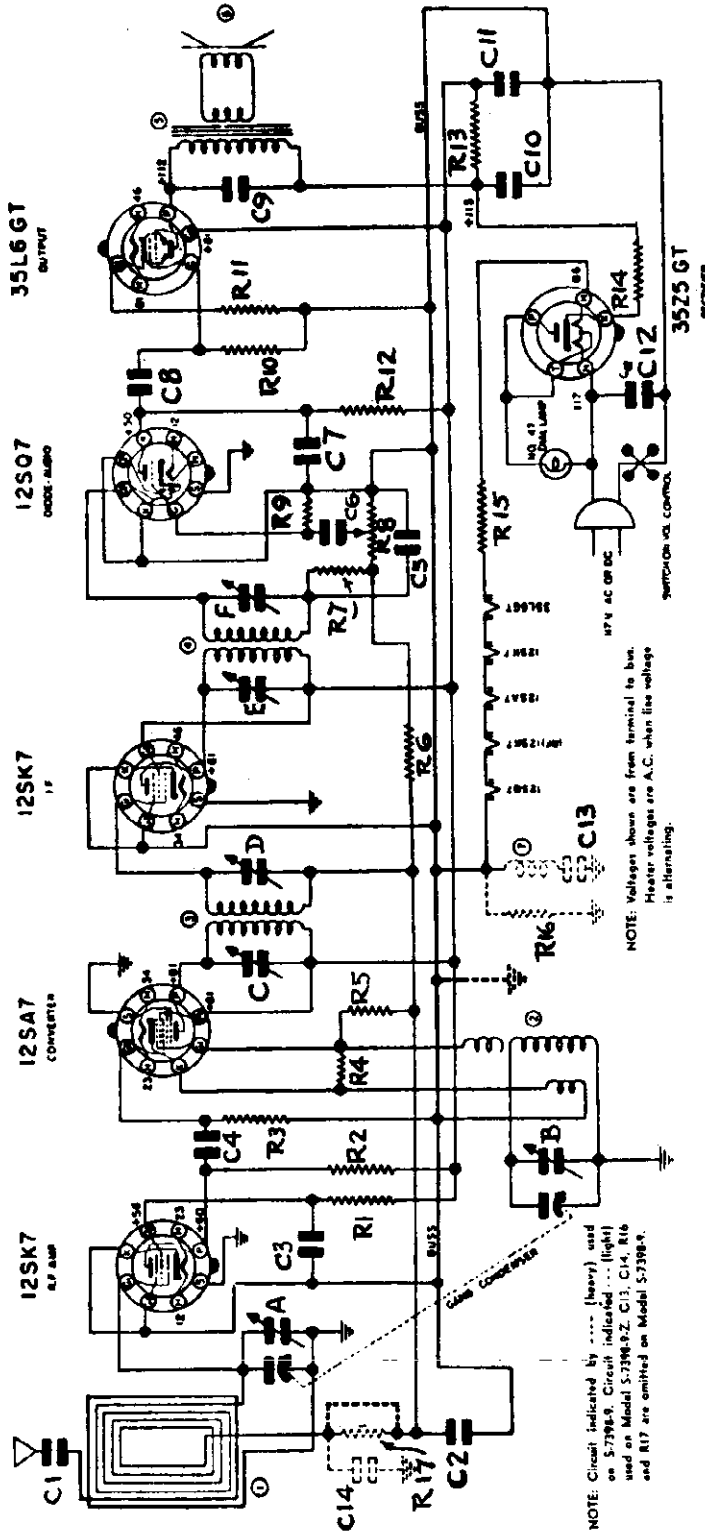
SOCKET VOLTAGES

VOLTAGE	1	RESISTANCE	VOLTAGE	2	RESISTANCE	VOLTAGE	3	RESISTANCE	
1. 0		1. 0		1. 0		1. 0		1. 0	
2. 0		2. 0		2. 0		2. 0		2. 0	
3. 0		3. 0		3. 224		3. INF.		3. 0	3. 0
4. -1		4. 2.6 MEG.		4. 58		4. INF.		4. 0	4. 11Ω
5. .7		5. 50Ω		5. 0		5. 22KΩ		5. 1.4	5. 150Ω
6. 58		6. INF.		6. 0		6. .2		6. .6	6. INF.
7. 6.6		7. .4Ω		7. 6.6		7. .4		7. 6.6	7. .4
8. 150		8. INF.		8. -.5		8. 2.5 MEG.		8. 224	8. INF.
VOLTAGE	4	RESISTANCE	VOLTAGE	5	RESISTANCE	VOLTAGE	6	RESISTANCE	
1. 0		1. 0		1. 0		1. 0		1. 0	
2. -6		2. 10 MEG.		2. 0		2. 0		2. 0	2. NO CONN.
3. 0		3. 0		3. 265		3. INF.		3. 320 A.C.	3. 220Ω
4. 0		4. 550KΩ		4. 225		4. INF.		4. 0	4. NO CONN.
5. 0		5. 550KΩ		5. 0		5. 470KΩ		5. 320 A.C.	5. 220Ω
6. 100		6. INF.		6. 0		6. INF.		6. 0	6. NO CONN.
7. 6.6		7. .4		7. 6.6		7. .4		7. 0	7. NO CONN.
8. 0		8. 0		8. 12		8. 330Ω		8. 270	8. INF.

BOTTOM VIEW OF SOCKETS

THE FIRESTONE TIRE & RUBBER CO.

MODELS 7398-9
7398-9Z, 7403-



NOTE: Circuit indicated by (heavy) used on 57398-9. Circuit indicated by ... (light) used on Model 57398-9Z. C13, C14, R16 and R17 are omitted on Model 57398-9.

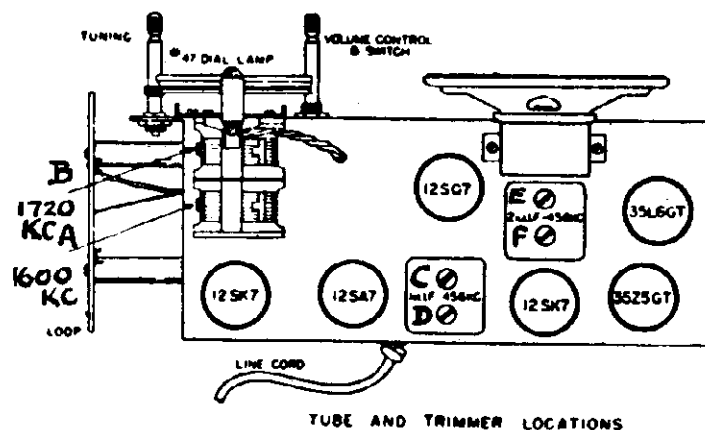
I.F.—456 K.C.

Diag. No.	Part No.	Description	Price	Part No.	Description	List Price
C-1	N-1344	.01 mfd. 400 V.	20%	N-4054	Dial scale (glass)	\$ 0.80
C-2	N-1345	.05 mfd. 200 V.	20%	N-4055	Dial background plate	.80
C-3	N-1345	.05 mfd. 200 V.	20%	N-4057	Dial pointer	.50
C-4	N-2383	150 mmfd. Mica	20%	N-3787	Dial drive shaft	.50
C-5	N-1374	100 mmfd. Mica	20%	N-3238	Dial drive shaft bushing	.40
C-6	N-1344	.01 mfd. 400 V.	20%	N-3243	"C" Washer—dial drive shaft retainer	.07
C-7	N-1447	.0005 mfd. 400 V.	20%	N-2655	Dial drive string	.10
C-8	N-1344	.01 mfd. 400 V.	20%	N-9025	Dial drive spring	.10
C-9	N-1376	.02 mfd. 400 V.	20%	N-4075	Dial lamp socket	.50
C-10	N-3658	{ 40 mfd. 150 W. V. } { 40 mfd. 150 W. V. } Electrolytic.	1.10	N-1958	Rubber line cord	.45
C-11	N-1346	.05 mfd. 400 V.	20%	N-3812	Wood dowel spacers—loop mounting	.12
C-12	N-3080	.22 mfd. 200 V.	10%	N-3795	Screw—6.32x2 1/2" round head	.10
C-13	N-1345	.05 mfd. 200 V.	20%	N-3642	Washer—fibre—chassis mounting	.10
C-14	N-1345	.05 mfd. 200 V.	20%	N-4687	Cabinet back	.65
R-1	N-3814	15,000 Ohm .5 W.	20%	N-4688	Knobs	.20
R-2	N-3964	2,000 Ohm .5 W.	10%	N-4386	Clips—dial scale fastening	.10
R-3	N-1260	50,000 Ohm .5 W.	20%	N-4696	Speaker baffle	.16
R-4	N-1627	20,000 Ohm .5 W.	20%			
R-5	N-1263	10 Megohm .5 W.	20%			
R-6	N-1682	3 Megohm .5 W.	20%			
R-7	N-1460	30,000 Ohm .5 W.	20%			
R-8	N-4076	0.5 Megohm Volume Control.	2.25			
R-9	N-2189	4 Megohm .5 W.	20%			
R-10	N-1264	500,000 Ohm .5 W.	20%			
R-11	N-3663	150 Ohm .5 W.	10%			
R-12	N-1377	200,000 Ohm .5 W.	20%			
R-13	N-3819	1,200 Ohm 1 W.	10%			
R-14	N-1742	25 Ohm .5 W.	20%			
R-15	N-3869	30 Ohm 1 W.	10%			
R-16	N-1377	200,000 Ohm .5 W.	20%			
R-17	N-1262	1 Megohm .5 W.	20%			
1	N-3784	Antenna Loop Coil	.90			
2	N-3298	Oscillator Coil	.70			
3	N-3816	1st I.F. Transformer	1.20			

Prices subject to change without notice.

MODELS 7398-9,
7398-9Z, 7403-1

THE FIRESTONE TIRE & RUBBER CO.



ALIGNMENT DATA AND SERVICING

Lack of sensitivity and poor tone quality may be due to any one or a combination of causes such as weak or defective tubes or speaker, open or grounded bias resistor, bypass condenser, etc. Never attempt to realign set until all other possible sources of trouble have been first thoroughly investigated and definitely proved not to be the cause.

NOTE: IT IS ABSOLUTELY NECESSARY THAT AN ACCURATELY CALIBRATED TEST OSCILLATOR WITH SOME TYPE OF OUTPUT MEASURING DEVICE BE USED WHEN ALIGNING THE RECEIVER AND THAT THE PROCEDURE BE CAREFULLY FOLLOWED, OTHERWISE THE RECEIVER WILL BE INSENSITIVE AND THE DIAL CALIBRATION WILL BE INCORRECT. THE TRIMMERS WILL BE REFERRED TO BY THEIR FUNCTION AS INDICATED ON THE PARTS DIAGRAM.

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

GENERAL DATA

The alignment of this receiver requires the use of a test oscillator that will cover the frequencies of 456, 600, 1400 and 1720 KC and an output meter to be connected across the primary and secondary of the output transformer. If possible, all alignments should be made with the volume control on maximum and the test oscillator output as low as possible to prevent the AVC from operating and giving false readings.

CORRECT ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

The intermediate frequency (I. F.) stages should be aligned properly as the first step. After the I. F. transformers have been properly adjusted and peaked, the broadcast band should be adjusted.

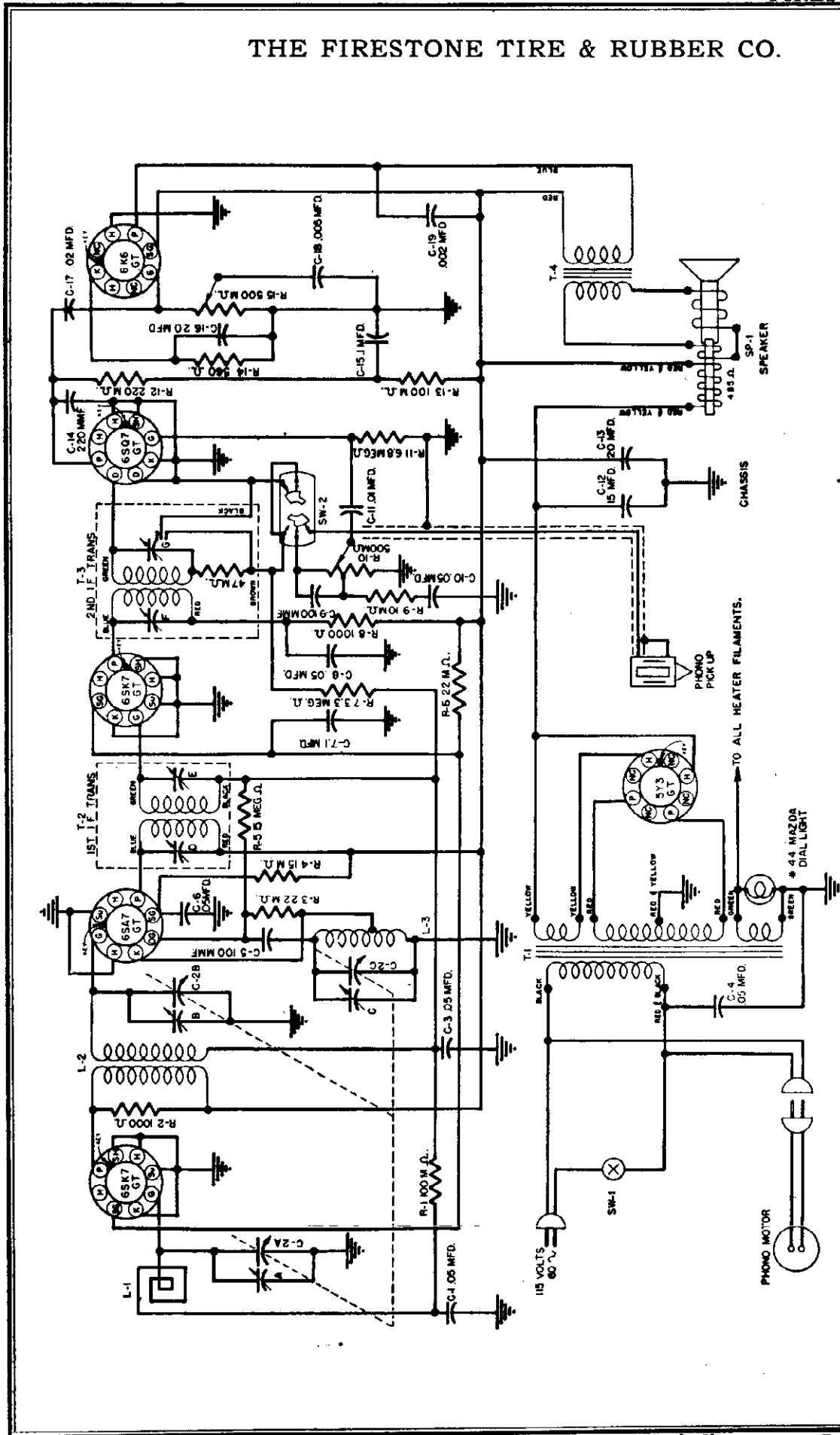
I. F. ALIGNMENT

With the gang condenser set at minimum, adjust the test oscillator to 456 KC and connect the output to the grid of the first detector tube (12SA7) through a .05 or .1 mfd. condenser. The ground on the test oscillator should be connected to the ground bus, indicated in circuit diagram. Align all four I. F. trimmers to peak or maximum reading on the output meter.

BROADCAST BAND ALIGNMENT

Remove the chassis from the cabinet and set on a bench, taking care that no metal is near the loop. Do not make this setup on a metal bench. Connect the test oscillator to the antenna of the set through a 200 mmfd. (.0002) condenser. With the gang condenser set at minimum capacity, set the test oscillator at 1720 KC, and adjust the oscillator (or 1720 KC trimmer) on gang condenser. Next—set the test oscillator at 1400 KC, and tune in the signal on the gang condenser. Adjust the antenna trimmer (or 1400 KC trimmer) for maximum signal. Next set the test oscillator at 600 KC, and tune in signal on condenser to check alignment of coils.

THE FIRESTONE TIRE & RUBBER CO.



455 KC IF

ALL TUBE SOCKETS SHOWN FROM PIN END VIEW.

ALL SWITCHES SHOWN IN COUNTERCLOCKWISE POSITION, SHAFT END VIEW.

MODEL 4A43

THE FIRESTONE TIRE & RUBBER CO.

Electrical and Mechanical Specifications

Frequency Range.....540-1600 kc. V.C. Impedance.....3.5 ohms at 400 cycles
 Intermediate Frequency.....455 kc. Power Output (Undistorted)....1 watt
 Power Supply.....105-125 volts, 60 cycle A.C. Power Output (Maximum).....4 watts
 LoudspeakerElectrodynamic Tuning Drive Ratio.....4¾ to 1

TUBE COMPLEMENT

1—6SK7GT.....RF Amplifier tube 1—6SQ7GT.....Detector—AVC—1st Audio tube
 1—6SA7GT.....Converter tube 1—6K6GT.....Power Output tube
 1—6SK7GT.....IF Amplifier tube 1—5Y3GT.....Rectifier tube

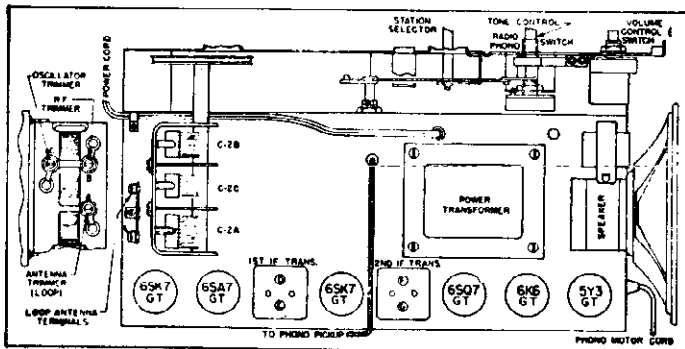
NOTE: The above glass tubes are interchangeable with their metal equivalent.

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

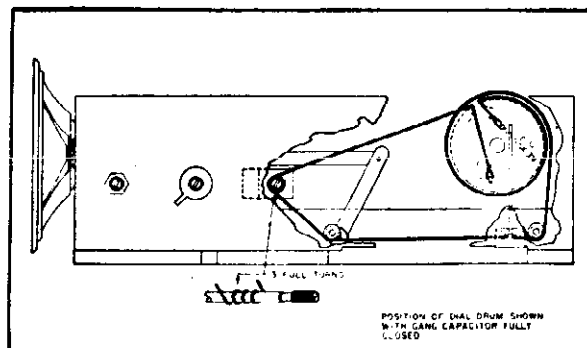
The following equipment is necessary to properly align this chassis:

1. A signal generator which will provide an accurately calibrated signal at the frequencies listed.
2. An output meter.
3. A non-metallic screwdriver.
4. Dummy antenna: — .1 mfd. — RMA loop.

CONNECT GEN-ERATOR TO	DUMMY ANTENNA	INPUT SIGNAL FREQUENCY	BAND	SET DIAL AT	TRIMMERS	PURPOSE
6SA7GT grid	.1 mfd	455 kc.	Broadcast	HF end	D E F G	Align IF
6SK7GT RF grid	.1 mfd	1620 kc.	Broadcast	HF end	C	Set limit of band
6SK7GT RF grid	.1 mfd	1400 kc.	Broadcast	1400 kc.	B	Align RF
RMA loop	Through loop	1400 kc.	Broadcast	1400 kc.	A	Align antenna



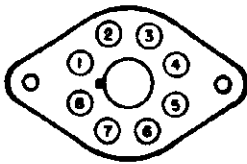
Tube Layout



Dial Mechanism

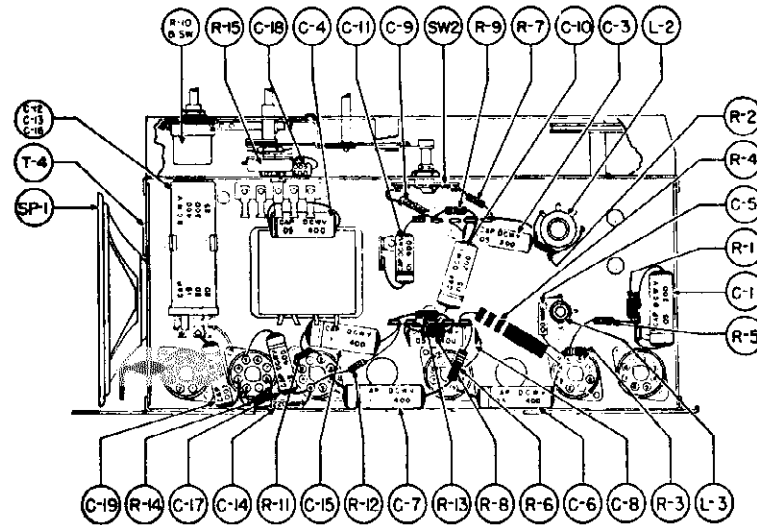
THE FIRESTONE TIRE & RUBBER CO.
SOCKET VOLTAGES

TUBE	POSITION	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
6SK7GT	RF Amplifier	0	0	0	0	0	93	6.3 AC	27
6SA7GT	Converter	0	6.3 AC	270	113	-7.5	0	0	0
6SK7GT	IF Amplifier	0	0	0	0	0	93	6.3 AC	26
6SQ7GT	Detector—AVC—1st Audio	0	0	0	0	0	88	6.3 AC	0
6K6GT	Power Output	0	0	250	270	0	0	6.3 AC	19
5Y3GT	Rectifier	0	310	0	290 AC	0	290 AC	0	31



NOTE: All voltages measured from chassis to socket contact indicated.
 DC voltages measured with a 1000 ohm-per-volt meter.
 All voltages are positive DC unless otherwise marked.
 Volume control full on. No signal.
 Tone Control in clockwise position.
 Line Voltage 117 volts AC.

Parts Layout

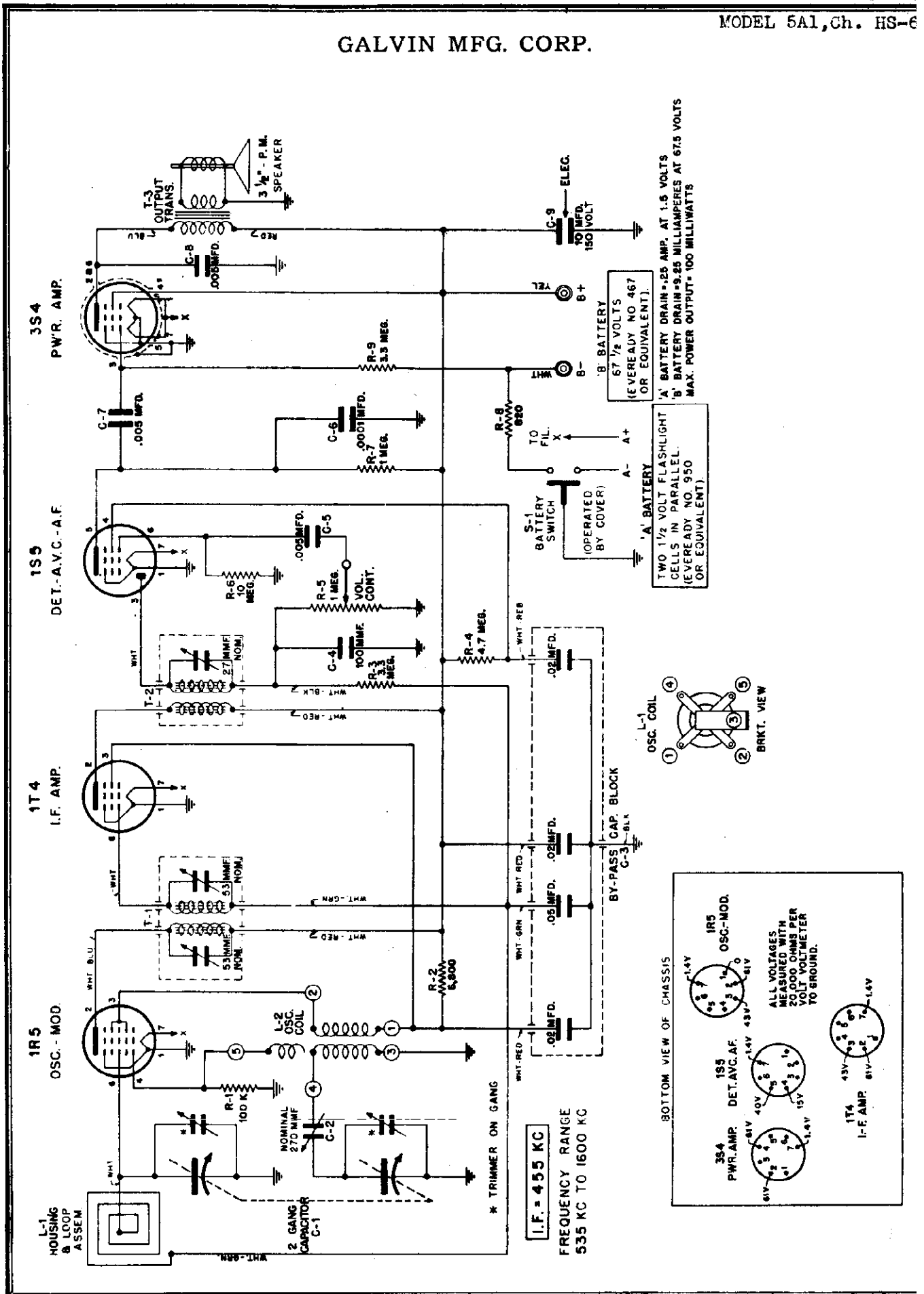


SERVICE PARTS LIST

Symbol	Part No.	Description	Symbol	Part No.	Description
C-1, 3, 10	BD210503	Cap., Paper, .05 mfd., 200 v.	A-2163		Cable, Dial
C-11	BD410103	Cap., Paper, .01 mfd., 400 v.	A-3123		Clamp, Cable
C-7, 15	BD410104	Cap., Paper, .1 mfd., 400 v.	A-9285		Lamp, Pilot, Mazda No. 44
C-17	BD410203	Cap., Paper, .02 mfd., 400 v.	A-51160-3		Cord, Power, 6 ft.
C-6, 8, 4	BD410503	Cap., Paper, .05 mfd., 400 v.	A-51163		Clip, Spring
C-19	BD610202	Cap., Paper, .002 mfd., 600 v.	C-12, 13	A-51356	Cap., Electro., 15-20-20 mfd.
C-18	BD610502	Cap., Paper, .005 mfd., 600 v.	C-2	C-51501-1	Capacitor, Variable, 3-section
C-5, 9	BM78A101	Cap., Mica, 100 mmf.	T-1	C-51502	Transformer, Power
C-14	BM78A221	Cap., Mica, 220 mmf.	L-2	B-51511	Coil, Assembly, RF
R-14	BR16E561	Resistor, 560 ohm, 1 w.	SP-1	C-51512	Speaker, 5" Dynamic, 485 ohm
R-2, 8	BR17B102	Resistor, 1000 ohm, 1/2 w.	L-3	B-51522	Coil Assembly, Osc.
R-9	BR17B103	Resistor, 10M ohm, 1/2 w.	A-51531		Shaft, Drive
R-1, 13	BR17B104	Resistor, 100M ohm, 1/2 w.	T-2	B-51416-2	Trans. Assembly, 1st IF
R-5	BR17B156	Resistor, 15 meg., 1/2 w.	T-3	B-51417-2	Trans. Assembly, 2nd IF
R-3	BR17B223	Resistor, 22M ohm, 1/2 w.	B-51591		Spring, Dial Bracket
R-12	BR17B224	Resistor, 220M ohm, 1/2 w.	A-51787		Spring, Cable
R-7	BR17B335	Resistor, 3.3 meg., 1/2 w.	A-51801		Rivet, Pronged, 3/32 x 1/8
R-11	BR17B685	Resistor, 6.8 meg., 1/2 w.	B-55300-1		Channel, Rubber
R-6	BR17E223	Resistor, 22M ohm, 1 w.	SW-2	B-55500-1	Switch (Radio-Phono)
R-4	BR17G153	Resistor, 15M ohm, 2 w.	R-15	B-55550-1	Potentiometer, 500M ohm
			R-10	B-55575-1	Potentiometer & Switch, 500M ohm

Order parts not listed by specifying (1) Part Name, (2) Model Number (include number following dash and (3) Run N

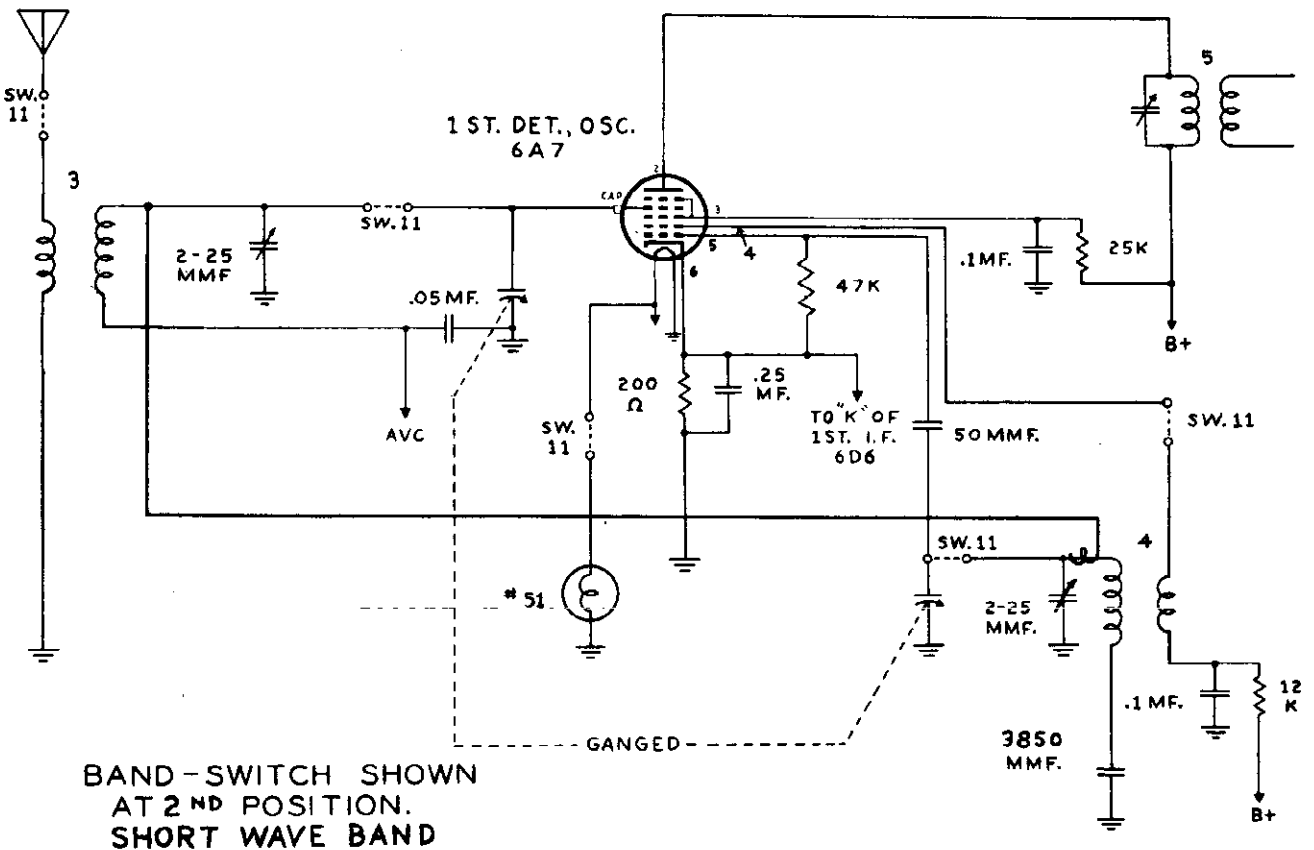
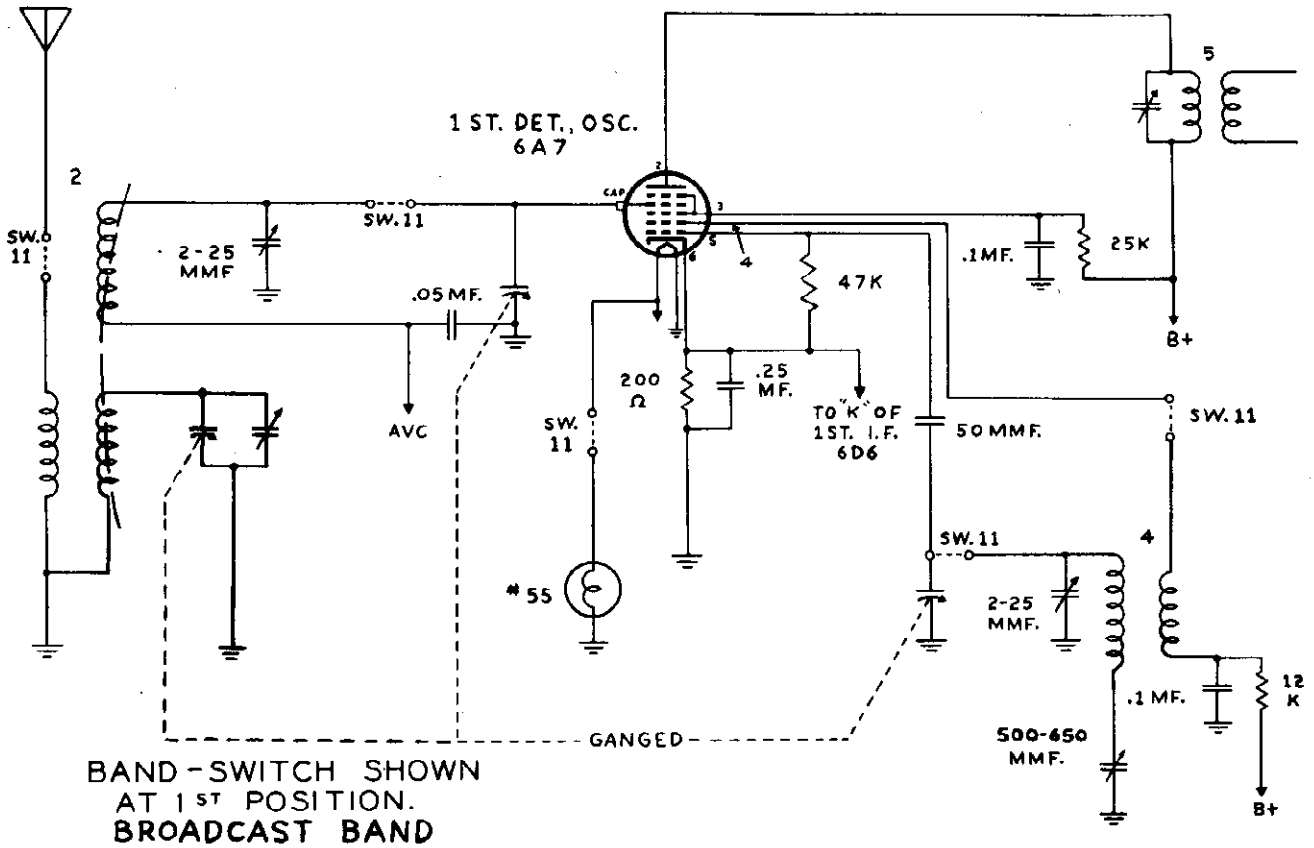
GALVIN MFG. CORP.



"clarified schematics"

MODEL 6A1, Ch. 6-5

GALVIN MFG. CORP.



GALVIN MFG. CORP.

MODEL 6A1, Ch. 6-5
 MODELS 52T, 52Y, Ch. B5-1
 MODELS 56T, 56Y, Ch. B5-2

MODEL 6A1 (CHASSIS 6-5)

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

CHASSIS 5-1, 5-2, 5-3, 6-1 and 6-5

Connect signal generator to control grid of first detector tube (6A7) through a .05 MF condenser, and to chassis. Do not remove grid cap. Also connect output meter across speaker voice coil. Turn band switch to "American Programs" position. Turn condenser gang completely out of mesh.

Set signal generator at 465 K.C. and carefully adjust the four I.F. trimmers (located in top of I.F. coil cans) to point showing highest reading on output meter.

Leave band switch in "American Programs" position. Connect signal generator to antenna and ground leads using a .0002 MF condenser in antenna lead.

Set signal generator and receiver dial both at 1700 K.C. Adjust B.C. OSC. trimmer until 1700 K.C. signal is heard.

Set signal generator at 1400 K.C. and turn condenser gang to the signal at 1400 K.C. Adjust antenna section and second section of preselector to point showing highest reading on output meter.

Set signal generator at 600 K.C. and rock pointer at 600 K.C. position on dial scale, while adjusting B.C. padder, until combination is found which gives highest output reading. (Note: If there is noise level at 600 K.C., padder can be adjusted to maximum noise without rocking gang and without use of signal generator. Use short wire for pick-up if necessary.)

Turn band switch to "Foreign Programs" position. Replace .0002 MF condenser in signal generator antenna lead with a 400 ohm carbon resistor.

Set signal generator and receiver dial both at 18.0 MC. Adjust SW OSC. trimmer until 18.0 MC signal is heard.

Set signal generator at 16.0 MC and turn condenser gang to the signal at 16.0 MC. Adjust SW ANT. trimmer to point giving greatest output reading, while slightly rocking condenser gang.

SW padder is fixed (no adjustment necessary.)

NOTE: I.F. Sensitivity at 465 K.C. is 50 microvolts for 50 milliwatts output

Ant. Sensitivity at 600 K.C. is 30 microvolts for 50 milliwatts output (Chassis 5-1)

Ant. Sensitivity at 600 K.C. is 25 microvolts for 50 milliwatts output (Chassis 5-2 and 6-1)

MODELS 52T, 52Y (CHASSIS B5-1)

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE (CHASSIS B5-1)

1. Connect signal generator to control grid of first detector tube (1C7G) through a .05 MF condenser, and to chassis. Do not remove grid cap. Also connect output meter across speaker voice coil. Turn condenser gang completely out of mesh.
2. Set signal generator to 465 KC and carefully adjust the four I.F. trimmers (located in top of I.F. coil cans) to point showing highest reading on output meter.
3. Connect signal generator to antenna and ground leads using a .0002 MF condenser in antenna lead.
4. Set signal generator and receiver dial both at 1700 KC. Adjust osc. trimmer (on condenser gang) until 1700 KC signal is heard.
5. Set signal generator at 1400 KC and turn condenser gang to the signal at 1400 KC. Adjust antenna trimmer (under side of chassis) to point showing highest reading on output meter.

MODELS 56T, 56Y (CHASSIS B5-2)

NOTES ON SHORT WAVE ALIGNMENT

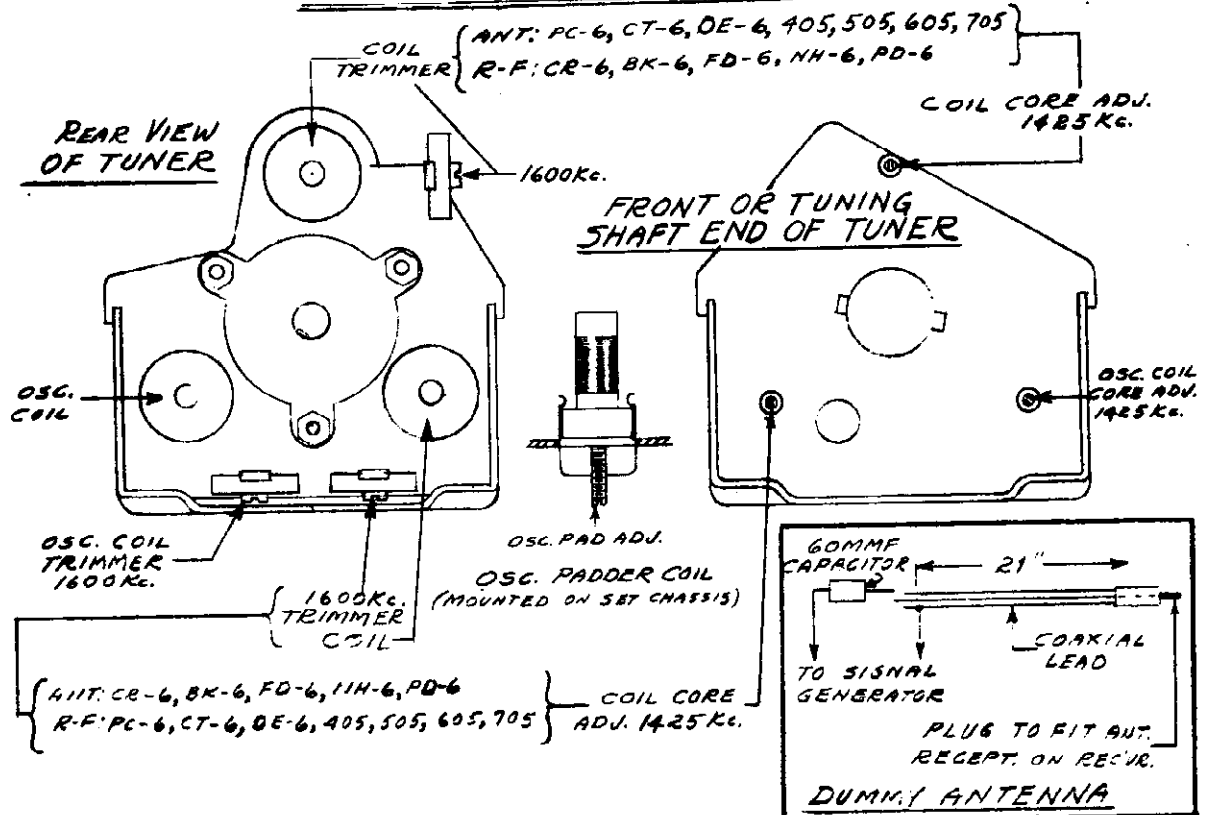
When aligning short-wave bands of Chassis B5-2, check to make sure you are aligning on a fundamental frequency and not on an image. This can be checked as follows: After aligning turn signal generator to maximum output and swing it to a point 930 KC (double the IF) above the alignment frequency, leaving the condenser gang set at the alignment frequency. If the alignment was correct, you will pick up an image signal at that point. If no image signal is heard, swing generator back to alignment frequency, decrease the capacity of the trimmers until another signal is heard, and repeat the alignment procedure. For example, after aligning a short-wave band a 5.8 MC, an image should be heard when the generator is swung to 6.73 MC. Likewise, after alignment at 18.7 MC, an image should be heard with the signal generator at 19.63 MC. Remember that while making this test, the condenser gang should not be moved with the signal generator, but should remain at the alignment frequency.

GALVIN MFG. CORP.

MODEL BK-6
 MODEL CR-6
 MODELS CT-6, OE-6, PC-6
 MODELS FD-6, NH-6
 MODEL 405
 MODEL 505
 MODEL 605
 MODEL 705

Motorola

ALIGNMENT INSTRUCTIONS FOR 1946 AUTO SETS

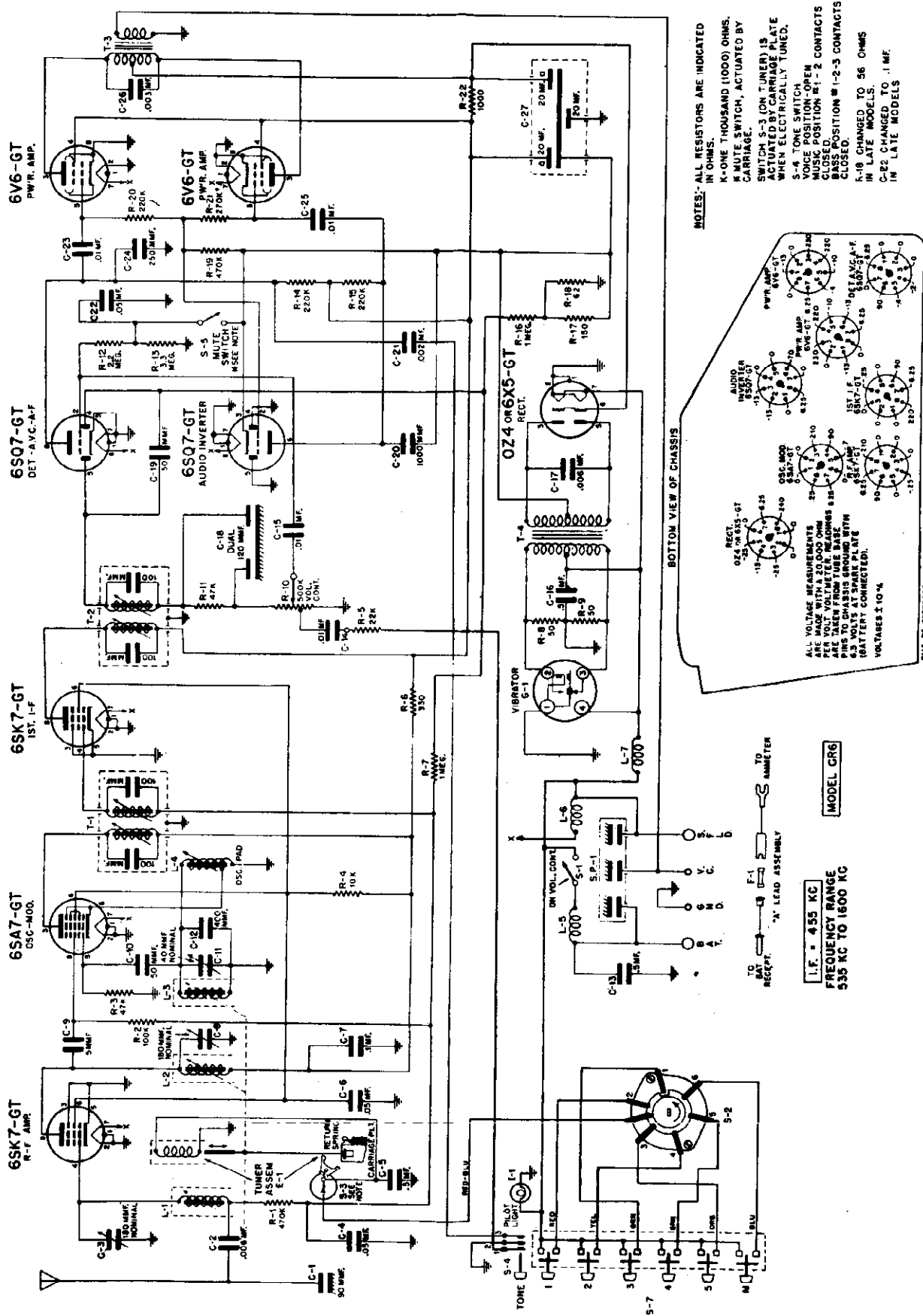


A special tool for adjusting the tuner cores will be required. Use Alignment Tool, Motorola Part Number 66A76278. Keep volume control at maximum throughout alignment. For maximum accuracy, use an output meter connected across the voice coil.

Operations in Order	Tuner Set At	Dummy Antenna	Generator connected to (through dummy)	Adjust following cores or trimmers	Generator Set At
1.	High frequency end.	.1 mf	Osc-Mod grid	Peak: 4 I.F. core screws	455 Kc.
2.	High frequency end (cores are to be projecting 1-1/8" from ends of cans and tuning shaft up against its stop).	60 mmf & 21" coaxial lead. Capacitor to be at generator end. (See Detail)	Antenna Receptacle	Peak: Osc. trimmer R.F. trimmer ANT. trimmer	1600 Kc.
3.	EXACTLY one full turn in from high frequency end, as indicated by marking manual tuning shaft insulated coupling).	"	"	Peak: Osc. core R.F. core ANT. core	1425 Kc.
4.	EXACTLY four more full turns in (as indicated by marking manual tuning shaft insulated coupling)	"	"	Peak: Osc-padder core (mounted on chassis) for maximum noise.	Generator power turned off, but leave generator and dummy antenna connected to antenna receptacle.
5.	1400 Kc.	Install set in car & connect car antenna.	---	Peak: Antenna trimmer for maximum noise.	---

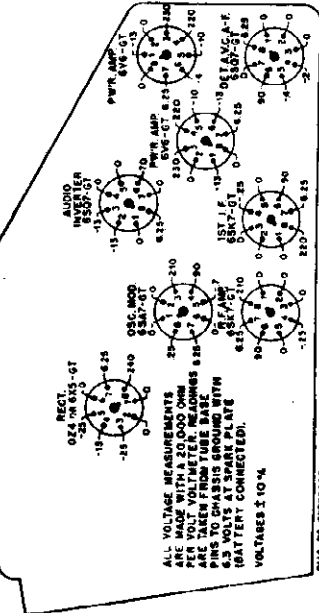
NOTE: If padder core adjustment is too far off, repeat entire procedure (except I.F.). It may be necessary to repeat it more than once if the padder adjustment has been indiscriminately tampered with.

GALVIN MFG. CORP.



NOTES: ALL RESISTORS ARE INDICATED IN OHMS.
 K-ONE THOUSAND (1000) OHMS.
 M MUTE SWITCH, ACTUATED BY CARRIAGE.
 SWITCH S-3 (ON TUNER) IS ACTUATED BY CARRIAGE PLATE WHEN ELECTRICALY TUNED.
 S-4 TONE SWITCH VOICE POSITION-OPEN MUSIC POSITION-CLOSED.
 S-5 MUTE SWITCH-OPEN MUSIC POSITION-1-2-3 CONTACTS CLOSED.
 F-18 CHANGED TO 56 OHMS IN LATE MODELS.
 C-22 CHANGED TO .1 MF. IN LATE MODELS.

BOTTOM VIEW OF CHASSIS



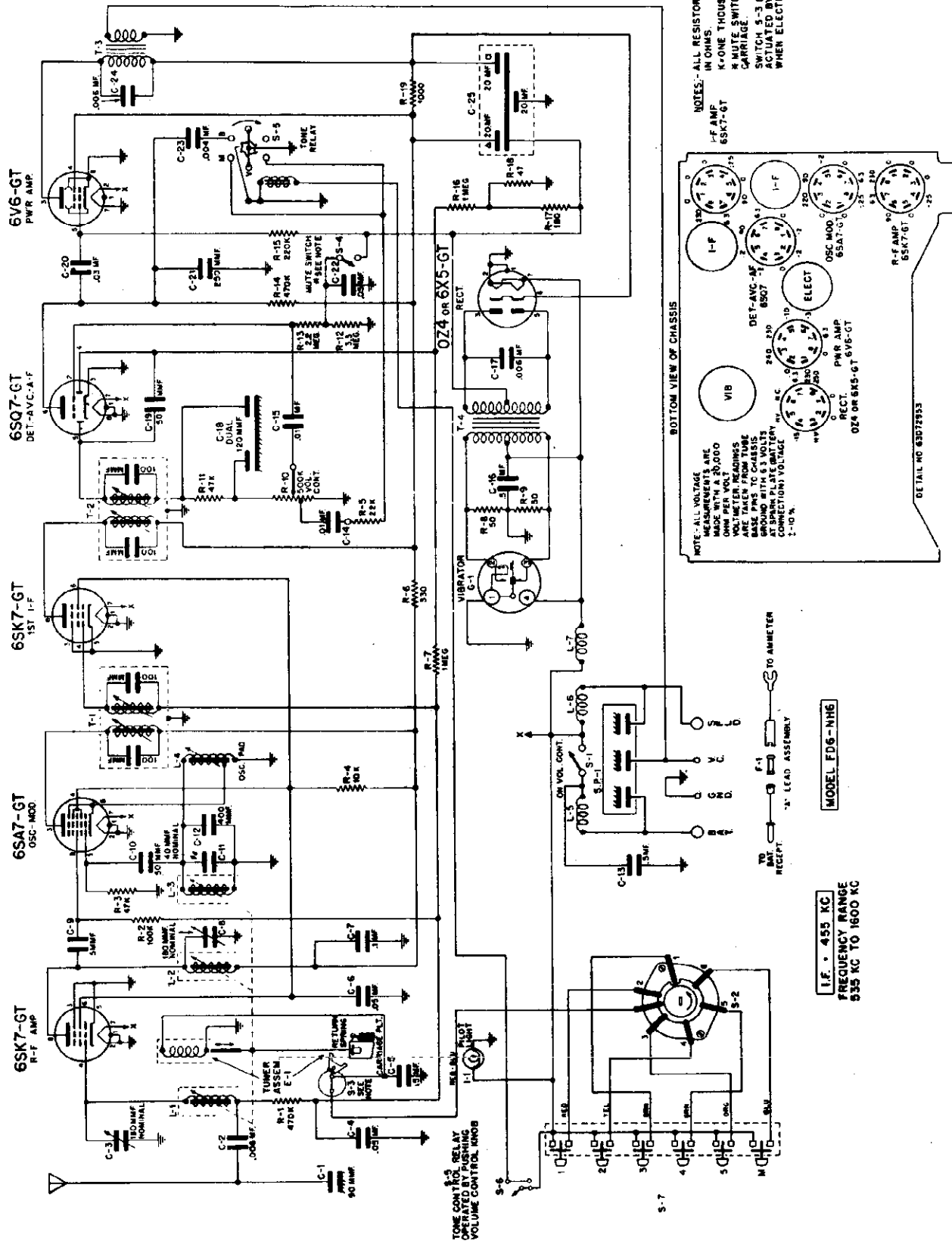
ALL VOLTAGE MEASUREMENTS ARE MADE WITH A 20,000 OHM PER VOLT VOLTMETER. RESISTORS ARE TO CHASSIS GROUND WITH 6.3 VOLTS AT SPARK PLATE (BATTERY CONNECTED).
 VOLTAGES ± 10%.

I.F. = 455 KC
 FREQUENCY RANGE
 535 KC TO 1600 KC

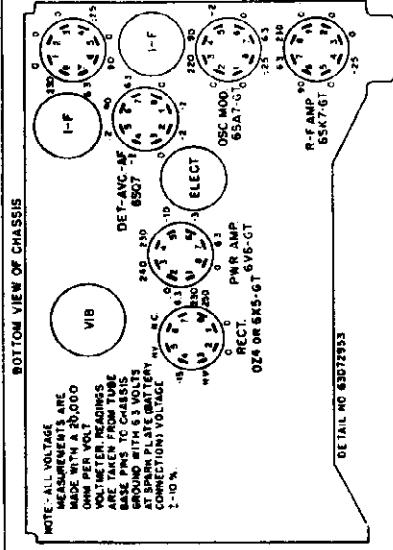
MODEL CR6

MODELS FD-6, NE-6,
Ch. AS-27, 30

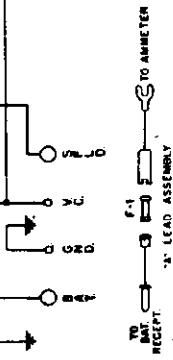
GALVIN MFG. CORP.



NOTES: - ALL RESISTORS ARE INDICATED IN OHMS.
K=ONE THOUSAND (1000) OHMS.
M=MUTE SWITCH, ACTUATED BY CARRIAGE.
SWITCH S-3 (ON TUNER) IS ACTUATED BY CARRIAGE PLATE WHEN ELECTRICALLY TUNED.



NOTE: - ALL VOLTAGE MEASUREMENTS ARE MADE WITH A 20,000 OHM PER DIVISION VOLTMETER READINGS ARE TAKEN FROM TUBE BASE PINS TO CHASSIS AT SPRING PLATE BATTERY CONNECTION VOLTAGE ±10%.



MODEL FD6-NH6

I.F. - 455 KC
FREQUENCY RANGE
535 KC TO 1600 KC

TONE CONTROL RELAY OPERATED BY PUSHING VOLUME CONTROL KNOB

GALVIN MFG. CORP.

MODEL 9-39
 MODELS 65BP1A, 65BP2A,
 65BP3A, 65BP4A

Model 9-39

VOLTAGE CHART

POSITION	PLATE	SCREEN	CATHODE	OSC. PLATE
RF *	185	85	-	-
Osc.-Mod. *	185	85	-	100
IF *	185	85	-	-
Det.-Avc.	150	-	-2	-
Output **	235	200	-	-
Rect.	AC	-	250	-

* Bias -3 V from B stick

** Bias -17 V from B stick

Current - 6.5 Amps. at 6.3 Volts

Maximum power output - 3.5 Watts

All readings from chassis ground with 1000 ohms per volt meter.

ALIGNMENT CHART MODELS 65BP1A, 2A, 3A and 4A

OPERATIONS IN ORDER	GANG CONDENSER SET AT	DUMMY ANTENNA	GENERATOR CONNECTED TO	ADJUST TRIMMERS NO.	GENERATOR SET AT
1	Minimum 1600 K.C.	.1 Mfd.	Osc.-Mod. Grid	1-2-3-4	455 K.C.
2	Minimum 1600 K.C.	200 Mmf.	External Ant.	5	1600 K.C.
3	1400 K.C.	200 Mmf.	External Ant.	6	1400 K.C.
4	1400 K.C.	200 Mmf.	External Ant.	7	1400 K.C.
5	600 K.C.	200 Mmf.	External Ant.	8	600 K.C.

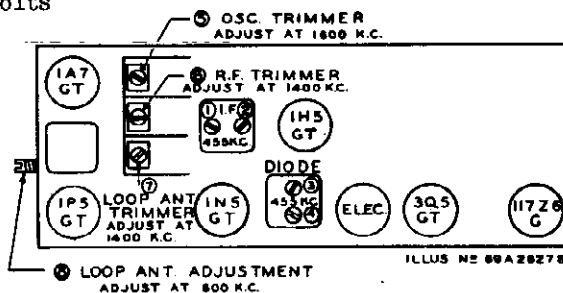
Volume Control Set at Maximum

SENSITIVITY AND STAGE GAIN MEASUREMENTS MODELS 65BP1A, 2A, 3A, and 4A

Average Microvolt Input *	Generator Set At	Generator Feeder Connected to	Dummy Antenna Capacity	Leak Resistance	Output Meter Reading **
7100	455	I.F. Grid	.1 Mfd.	.5 Meg	.38
185	455	Mod. Grid	.1 Mfd.	.5 Meg	.38
200	600	Mod. Grid	.1 Mfd.	.5 Meg	.38
11	600	R.F. Grid	.1 Mfd.	.5 Meg	.38
2	600	Ant. Terminal	200 Mmf.	None	.38

Volume Control Set at Maximum
 * .05 Watts = .38 Volts

** Output meter connected across voice coil.



GALVIN MFG. CORP.

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

Place the radio on the service bench with the front cover removed, but with the speaker and battery connected to it.

Turn the volume control to maximum position and leave it there throughout the alignment, reducing the signal generator output if necessary.

NOTE: Do not adjust the trimmer in the oscillator coil can that is covered with Scotch Tape. The original adjustment, made in the factory, should not be tampered with. (Fig. 7 below, shows all trimmer locations.)

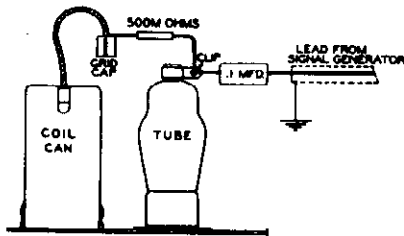
I.F. ALIGNMENT

1. Connect the signal generator to the control grid of the Osc.-Mod. tube (6A7) through a .1 MF condenser, having first removed the grid cap from the top of the tube. Connect a 500,000 ohm leak resistor from the grid of the tube to the grid cap just removed from the tube. (See Fig. 6.) Turn the condenser gang completely out of mesh. Connect an output meter across speaker voice coil.

2. Set the signal generator at 262 K.C. and carefully adjust the single trimmer in the Diode coil can to the point showing the highest reading on the output meter.

3. Adjust the two trimmers in the I.F. coil can to the point showing the highest output reading.

4. Repeat the I.F. and Diode adjustment several times for maximum accuracy.



SETTING THE RANGE

1. Connect the signal generator to the control grid of the R.F. tube (78) using the same .1 MF condenser and the same 500,000 ohm leak resistance.

2. Set the signal generator at 1560 K.C. and with the condenser gang completely out of mesh adjust the trimmer on the oscillator section of the condenser gang to the point showing the highest output reading.

3. Set the signal generator at 535 K.C. Turn the condenser gang completely in mesh and adjust the 600 K.C. trimmer in the Oscillator coil can for the highest output reading.

NOTE: The adjustments above set the range so the receiver will track with the calibrations in the control head.

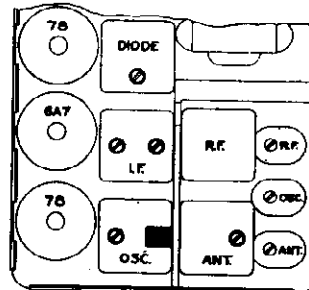
R.F. AND ANTENNA ALIGNMENT

1. Connect the signal generator to the antenna lead through a 40 MMF condenser and to chassis ground. Set the signal generator at 600 K.C. and turn the condenser gang until the signal is heard. Adjust the trimmer on the antenna coil can for the maximum output reading.

2. Set the signal generator at 1400 K.C. Turn the condenser gang until the signal is heard. Adjust the trimmer on the antenna section of the condenser gang for maximum output reading.

3. Adjust the trimmer on the R.F. section of the condenser gang for maximum output reading.

4. Recheck steps 1, 2, and 3, for accuracy.



TRIMMERS

SENSITIVITY AND STAGE GAIN MEASUREMENTS

These stage gain measurements will, if properly used, enable you to localize trouble quickly. They are intended for use with a signal generator that is accurately calibrated in microvolts.

Starting with the second detector - first audio stage, and working back step by step to I.F., Osc.-Mod., R.F. and finally to the antenna terminal, the circuit in which the trouble exists will quickly be determined by evidence of low gain, when signal generator attenuation readings are compared to the normal values as shown in the table.

All stage-gain measurements must be made with the volume control set for full volume. The shielded lead from the signal generator is connected to the top grid terminal of the tube through a .1 MF condenser, with a 500M Ohm resistor connected as a leak resistance between the grid of the tube and the grid cap which has been removed.

When measuring over-all sensitivity at the antenna terminal, use a 40 MMF condenser in place of the .1 MF. It must be remembered that the figures in the table are average and allowance must be made for variations between two sets of the same general type, due to difference of tube characteristics, etc.

Average Microvolt Input *	Generator Set at	Generator Feeder Connected to	Dummy Antenna Capacity	Leak Resistance	Output Meter Reading **
.25 Volts	400 Cycles	75 Grid	.1 MF	.5 Meg	2.2 Volts
25,000	262 K.C.	78 Grid (I.F.)	.1 MF	.5 Meg	2.2 volts
700	262 K.C.	6A7 Grid	.1 MF	.5 Meg	2.2 Volts
800	600 K.C.	6A7 Grid	.1 MF	.5 Meg	2.2 Volts
45	600 K.C.	78 Grid (R.F.)	.1 MF	.5 Meg	2.2 Volts
3	600 K.C.	Ant. Lead	40 MMF	None	2.2 Volts

* For one watt output.

V.C. Resistance - 5 ohms at 400 cycles.

** Meter connected across voice coil.

2.2 Volts equals 1 watt output.

GALVIN MFG. CORP.

TUNER	USED ON	VOLUME
E-15-T	103K1	12-53
E-16-T	103F1, 103F2	12-57, 12-58
E-19-T	103CK2	12-54
E-22-T	83K1	12-51
E-23-T	83F1, 93F1	12-49, 12-55

APPROXIMATE VOLTAGE AND RESISTANCE READINGS:

- INPUT TO TUNER: 24V (PUSH BUTTON DEPRESSED)
- VOLTAGE ACROSS MOTOR: 18V (PUSH BUTTON DEPRESSED)
- VOLTAGE ACROSS MAGNET: 6V (PUSH BUTTON DEPRESSED)
- D.C. RESISTANCE OF MAGNETS: .78 Ω (COLD)
- D.C. RESISTANCE OF MOTOR FIELD COIL: .675 Ω (COLD)
- D.C. RESISTANCE OF MUTE WINDING (ON E-22-T & E-23-T ONLY): 23 Ω (COLD)

POINTS OF LUBRICATION:

ALL MOVING PARTS AND BEARINGS (EXCEPT MOTOR BEARINGS AND FIBRE DRIVE GEAR) ARE TO BE LIGHTLY LUBRICATED WITH 11MB930 MILK WHITE GREASE (KEYSTONE #78-6).

USE A LIGHT MOTOR OIL ON MOTOR BEARINGS

CAUTION DO NOT OVER LUBRICATE!

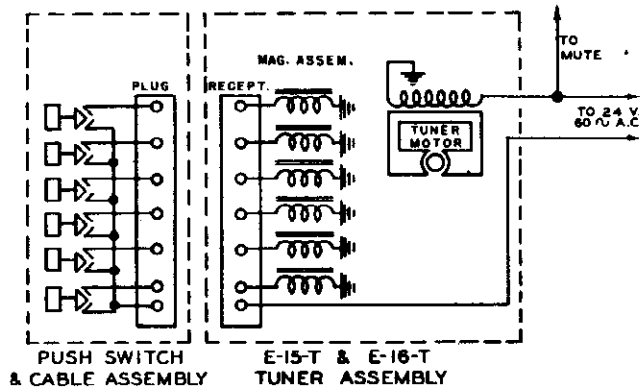


Figure 1

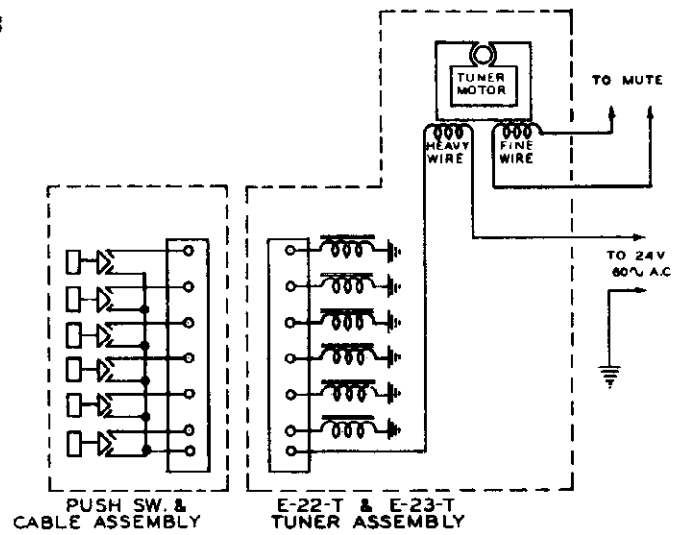


Figure 2

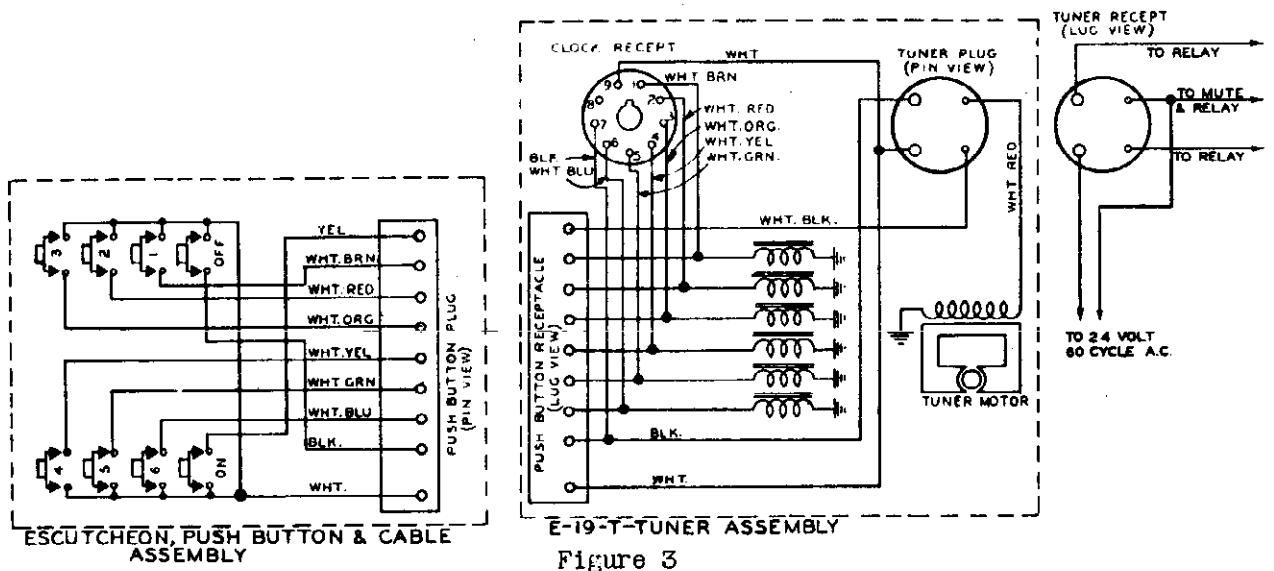


Figure 3

MODELS E15T,E16T,E19T,
E22T,E23T Tuners

GALVIN MFG. CORP.

PARTS PRICE LIST

MODELS E-15-T,E-16-T,E-19-T,E-22-T,E-23-T

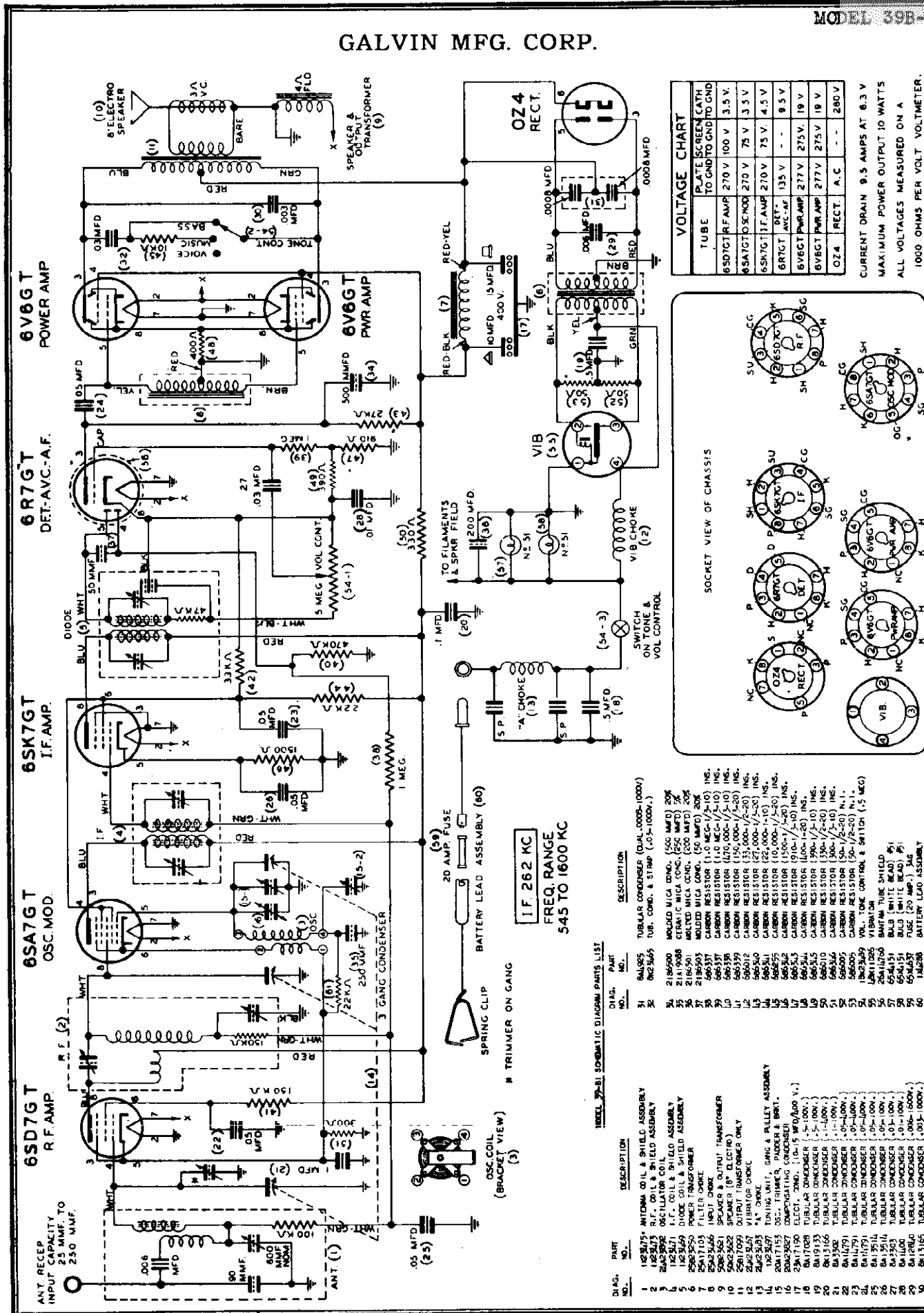
PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	LIST
2S7007	Nut 8-32x1/4 Hex CP (Rods)	PER C. \$0.50
2S7009	Nut 10-32x3/8 Hex CP (Magnets)	PER C. .40
3S7100	Set Screw 8-32x3/16 Slab Hd. (Bush.)	DOZ. .50
3S7163	Screw 8-32x1/4 CP (Fibre Gear)	PER C. .35
3S7205	Lockscrew 8-32x1/4 CP (Brkt.)	PER C. .95
3S7247	Lockscrew 6-32x3/16 CP (Mtr.Mtg.)	PER C. 1.00
3S7257	Screw 8-32x5/8 CP (Brkt.)	PER C. .65
3S7323	Lockscrew 6-32x3/16 PhBh CP (Gang)	DOZ. .30
3S7324	Screw 6-32x13/16 CP (Mtr.Mtg.)	PER C. .55
3S7326	Lockscrew 8-32x3/16 CP (Magnets)	PER C. .95
4S7562	Washer 7/16-.187-.031 CP (Magnets)	DOZ. .20
4S7614	Washer 11/16-.171-.037 CP (Brkt.)	PER C. .70
4S7651	Lockwasher #8 Int. CP (Rods)	PER C. .50
37A13682	Tuner Mtg. Grommet (Brkt.)	DOZ. .30
43A13743	Tuner Space Bushing (Brkt.)	DOZ. .40
9X14302	9 Prong Recept. & Shell (Cable) E19T	.30
1X20751	E19T Electric Tuner Cpt. - 103 CK.	14.50
28K21195	Molded Plug Base (4 prong) E19T.	.10
43A21407	Clutch Bushing 1/4 Brass	DOZ. .80
4A21408	Clutch Spring Washer 7/16 Bronze	PER C. .75
4A21409	Clutch Flat Washer 7/16 CP	PER C. .45
2A21416	Tie Rod Nut 8-32x1/4 Spec. CP.	DOZ. .25
44A21417	Clutch Pinion 3/8 P.D.	DOZ. .50
14A21424	Clutch Fibre Washer 7/16	PER C. .65
19B21431	Variable Condenser (3 gang) E15,19,22T	2.95
59B21434	Tuner Motor (24V-AC) E15,16,19T.	2.80
1X21440	E15T Electric Tuner Cpt. - 103K.	13.00
1X21441	E16T Electric Tuner Cpt. - 103F.	13.30
1X21550	E22T Electric Tuner Cpt. - 83K	13.50
1X21551	E23T Electric Tuner Cpt. - 83F,93F	14.25
1X21554	Magnet & Channel Assembly - E15,22T.	1.35
1B21561	Tuner Magnet Assembly - Black.	.15
1X21576	Fibre Gear, Spring & Bush. Assembly.	.20
4X21577	"C" Washer 1/8" Notched (Rods)	PER C. .65
1X21579	Split Gear & Bushing Assembly.	.30
2A21766	Motor Spacer Nut 15/32 Hex	DOZ. .50
1X21825	Channel Brkt. & Recept. Assembly E15,16,22,23T	.40
44A21873	Cond. Drive Pinion 7/8 P.D. Brass.	.20
19B22050	Variable Condenser (3 gang) E16,23T.	2.95
1X22290	Channel Brkt. & Recept. Assembly E19T.	.45
1X22292	Magnets & Channel Assembly E16,23T	1.35
59K22419	Tuner Motor (Mute) E22,23T	3.50
41A22471	Cushion Spring (Fibre Gear).	DOZ. .50
41A22507	Coil Spring (Armature)	DOZ. .35
37A22664	Rubber Grommet (Magnets) E19T.	DOZ. .25
7A22715	Bracket (Gang Support)	.15
1X23009	Magnets & Channel Assembly E19T.	1.95

MODEL E-6-P POWER RELAY
(Used on Model 103-CK2)

2S7048	Nut 10-32x5/16 Hex CP - Magnet	PER C. .75
3S7163	Screw 8-32x1/4 SLHMS CP	PER C. .35
3S7326	Lockscrew 8-32x3/16 PIHH CP - Brkt	PER C. .95
4S7557	Washer 3/8-.171-.031 CP.	PER C. .30
41A13262	Armature Spring - Switch Guide	DOZ. .30
41A14244	Armature Spring - Latch.	DOZ. .40
28X15021	Plug Base - Nine Contact	.15
4A22156	Magnet Adjusting Washer.	PER C. .70
7A22160	Magnet Mounting Bracket.	.10
1A22164	Tuner Magnet Switch Assembly - 5 leads	.75
1A22165	Rectifier Switch Assembly - 3 leads.	.60
7A22167	Armature Retainer Bracket.	.15
1X22319	Housing & Mtg. Bracket Assembly.	.55
1K22321	Magnet Assembly.	.40
1X22322	Armature & Latch Plate Assembly.	.35
1X22323	Armature & Switch Guide Assembly	.40

PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE

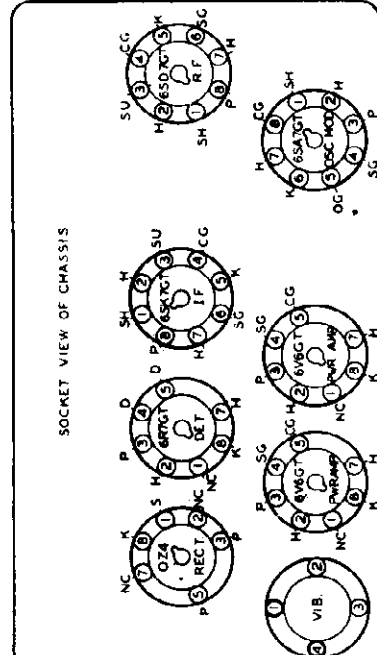
GALVIN MFG. CORP.



VOLTAGE CHART

TUBE	PLATE SCREEN CATH TO GRID TO GND TO GND
6SD7GT R.F. AMP	270 V 100 V 3.5 V
6SA7GT OSC. MOD.	270 V 75 V 3.5 V
6SK7GT I.F. AMP	270 V 75 V 4.5 V
6R7GT AVC-AF	135 V - - - 9.5 V
6V6GT PWR. AMP	277 V 275 V 19 V
6V6GT PWR. AMP	277 V 275 V 19 V
OZ4 RECT.	A.C. - - - 280 V

CURRENT DRAIN 9.5 AMPS AT 6.3 V
 MAXIMUM POWER OUTPUT 10 WATTS
 ALL VOLTAGES MEASURED ON A
 1000 OHMS PER VOLT VOLTMETER.



MINEL 77-B1 SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM PARTS LIST

DIAG. NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	1823475	ANTENNA COIL & SHIELD ASSEMBLY
2	1823475	R.F. COIL & SHIELD ASSEMBLY
3	2042892	OSCILLATOR COIL
4	1823475	I.F. COIL & SHIELD ASSEMBLY
5	2042892	POWER TRANSFORMER
6	2541110	FILTER CHOKES
7	2542346	INPUT CHOKES
8	5042362	SPEAKER & OUTPUT TRANSFORMER
9	5042362	SPEAKER (8" ELECTRO)
10	2541709	OUTPUT TRANSFORMER ONLY
11	2541709	4" CHOKES
12	1823475	TONING UNIT, GANG & RILLY ASSEMBLY
13	2042897	OSC. TRIMMER, PADDER & BULKY
14	2042897	COMPENSATING CONDENSER
15	2042897	ELECT. ZING. (10-15 MFD/200 V.)
16	841708	TUBULAR CONDENSER (1.5-100)
17	841708	TUBULAR CONDENSER (1.5-100)
18	841708	TUBULAR CONDENSER (1.5-100)
19	841708	TUBULAR CONDENSER (1.5-100)
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58	841708	TUBULAR CONDENSER (1.5-100)
59	841708	TUBULAR CONDENSER (1.5-100)
60	841708	TUBULAR CONDENSER (1.5-100)

I.F. 262 KC
 FREQ. RANGE
 545 TO 1600 KC

BATTERY LEAD ASSEMBLY (60)

20 AMP FUSE

SPRING CLIP

* TRIMMER ON GANG

OSC. COIL (BRACKET VIEW) (3)

TO FILAMENT & SPKR FIELD

TO FILAMENT & SPKR FIELD

TO FILAMENT & SPKR FIELD

TO FILAMENT & SPKR FIELD

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TO FILAMENT & SPKR FIELD

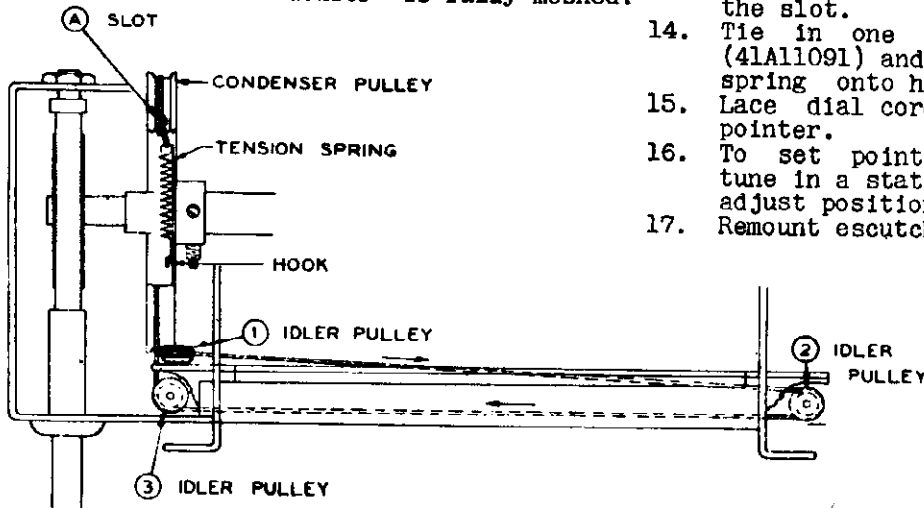
TO FILAMENT & SPKR FIELD

MODEL 39B-1
MODEL 39B-2

GALVIN MFG. CORP.

MODELS 39B-1 and 39B-2 POINTER CORD

1. Remove the chassis from housing.
2. Pull out the five push-buttons.
3. Remove the four screws which hold the escutcheon and remove same from front cover.
4. Remove broken cord.
5. Rotate condenser gang to fully meshed position.
6. Cut 28 inch length of 30 pound silk fish cord.
7. Thread one end of cord through slot (A). This is the slot nearest the front of chassis when condenser is fully meshed.
8. Run cord up and over rear idler pulley No. 1 in clockwise direction.
9. Continue cord across chassis to idler pulley No. 2 and around it in a clockwise direction.
10. Run cord back across chassis to front idler pulley No. 3 and around it in clockwise direction.
11. Run cord under brake shoe and around condenser pulley to slot (A).
12. Thread through slot (A).
13. Knot both ends of cord securely inside the slot.
14. Tie in one end of tension spring (41A11091) and hook other end of tension spring onto hook in condenser pulley.
15. Lace dial cord through hooks in dial pointer.
16. To set pointer to correct frequency, tune in a station of known frequency and adjust position of pointer on string.
17. Remount escutcheon plate.



SENSITIVITY AND STAGE GAIN MEASUREMENTS MODEL 39B-2

Average Microvolt Input *	Generator Set At	Generator Feeder Connected to	Dummy Antenna Capacity	Leak Resistance	Output Meter Reading **
12,000	455 K.C.	I.F. Grid	.1 Mfd.	.5 Meg.	1.74
600	455 K.C.	Mod. Grid	.1 Mfd.	.5 Meg.	1.74
575	600 K.C.	Mod. Grid	.1 Mfd.	.5 Meg.	1.74
30	600 K.C.	R.F. Grid	.1 Mfd.	.5 Meg.	1.74
11	600 K.C.	Antenna	***	None	1.74

Volume Control Set at Maximum

* 1 Watt = 1.74 Volts

*** Use Special Dummy Part No. 1X26767 or Booster Coil 24A26751 in series with a 35Mmf. Cond

Tone Control Set At Voice.

** Output meter connected across voice coil.

SENSITIVITY AND STAGE GAIN MEASUREMENTS MODEL 39B-1

Average Microvolt Input *	Generator Set At	Generator Feeder Connected to	Dummy Antenna Capacity	Leak Resistance	Output Meter Reading **
24,500	262 K.C.	I.F. Grid	.1 Mfd.	.5 Meg.	1.74
1,100	262 K.C.	Mod. Grid	.1 Mfd.	.5 Meg.	1.74
1,200	600 K.C.	Mod. Grid	.1 Mfd.	.5 Meg.	1.74
12	600 K.C.	R.F. Grid	.1 Mfg.	.5 Meg.	1.74
8	600 K.C.	Antenna	***	None	1.74

Volume Control Set at Maximum

* 1 Watt = 1.74 Volts

*** Use Special Dummy Part No. 1X26767 or Booster Coil 24A26751 in series with a 35Mmf. Cond

Tone Control Set At Voice

** Output meter connected across voice coil.

GALVIN MFG. CORP.

MODEL 39B

MODEL 39B

MODELS 39B-1 and 39B-2 DIAL CORD INSTRUCTIONS

DIAL DRIVE CORD

Remove the chassis from the housing, and place on service bench with the tubes up. Remove the broken string. Turn the condenser gang to fully meshed position.

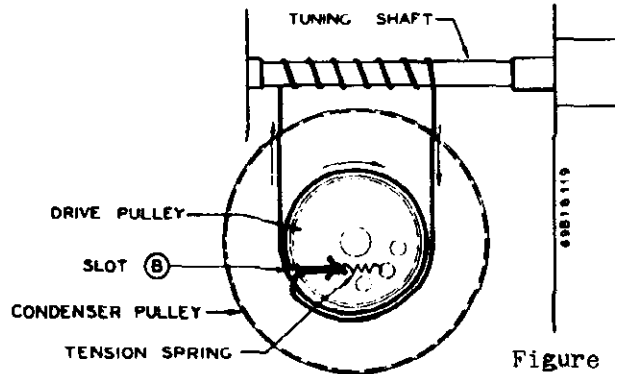
Cut a length of 30# silk fish cord 26 inches long.

Thread one end of cord through slot in drive pulley and with an ordinary paper clip fasten to tuning shaft bracket so the cord will stay in place.

In a counter clock-wise direction wind cord one full turn around drive pulley and up to tuning shaft.

Wind cord in clock-wise direction 7 turns around tuning shaft and down to drive pulley. In a counter clock-wise direction, wind cord around drive pulley to slot (B).

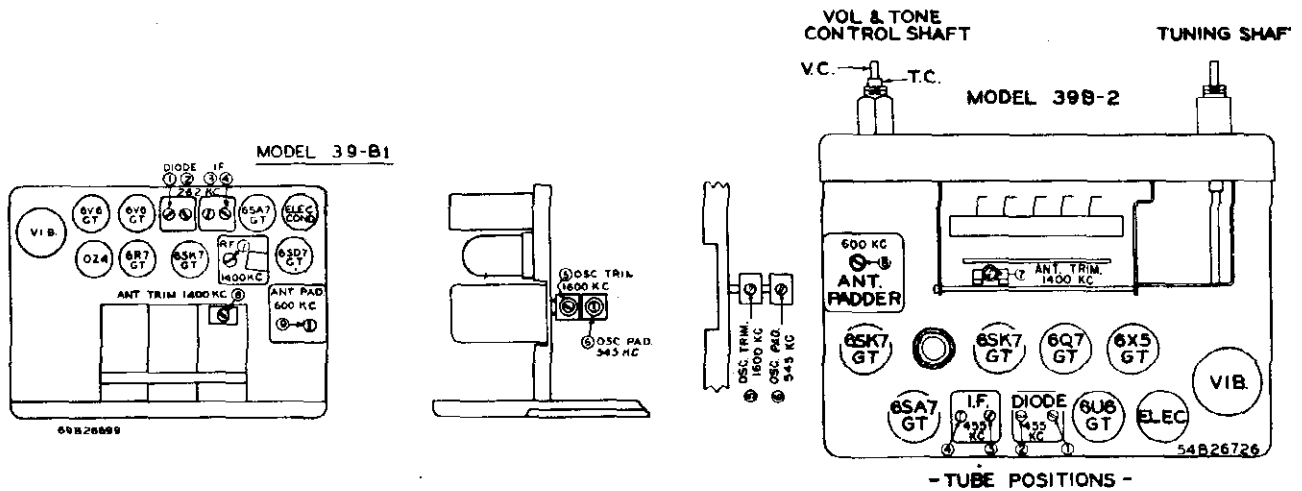
Knot the two ends of cord together inside of drive pulley and fasten one end of spring (41A14759) to cord and the other end to hole in condenser pulley.



ALIGNMENT CHART MODEL 39B-1

Operations In Order	Gang Condenser Set At	Dummy Antenna	Generator Connected To	Adjust Trimmers No.	Generator Set At
1	Minimum	.1 Mfd.	Osc.-Mod. Grid	1-2-3-4	262 K.C.
2	1600 K.C.	.1 Mfd.	Osc.-Mod. Grid	5	1600 K.C.
3	545 K.C.	.1 Mfd.	Osc.-Mod. Grid	6	545 K.C.
4	1400 K.C.	*	To Special Dummy	7	1400 K.C.
5	1400 K.C.	*	To Special Dummy	8	1400 K.C.
6	600 K.C.	*	To Special Dummy	9	600 K.C.

* Use Special Dummy Part No. LX26767 or Booster Coil Part No. 24A26751 in series with a 3 Mmf. Condenser.



ALIGNMENT CHART MODEL 39B-2

Operations In Order	Gang Condenser Set At	Dummy Antenna	Generator Connected To	Adjust Trimmers No.	Generator Set At
1	Minimum	.1 Mfd.	Osc.-Mod. Grid	1-2-3-4	455 K.C.
2	1600 K.C.	.1 Mfd.	Osc.-Mod. Grid	5	1600 K.C.
3	545 K.C.	.1 Mfd.	Osc.-Mod. Grid	6	545 K.C.
4	1400 K.C.	*	To Special Dummy	7	1400 K.C.
5	600 K.C.	*	To Special Dummy	8	600 K.C.

* Use Special Dummy Part No. LX26767 or Booster Coil Part No. 24A26751 in series with a 3 Mmf. Condenser.

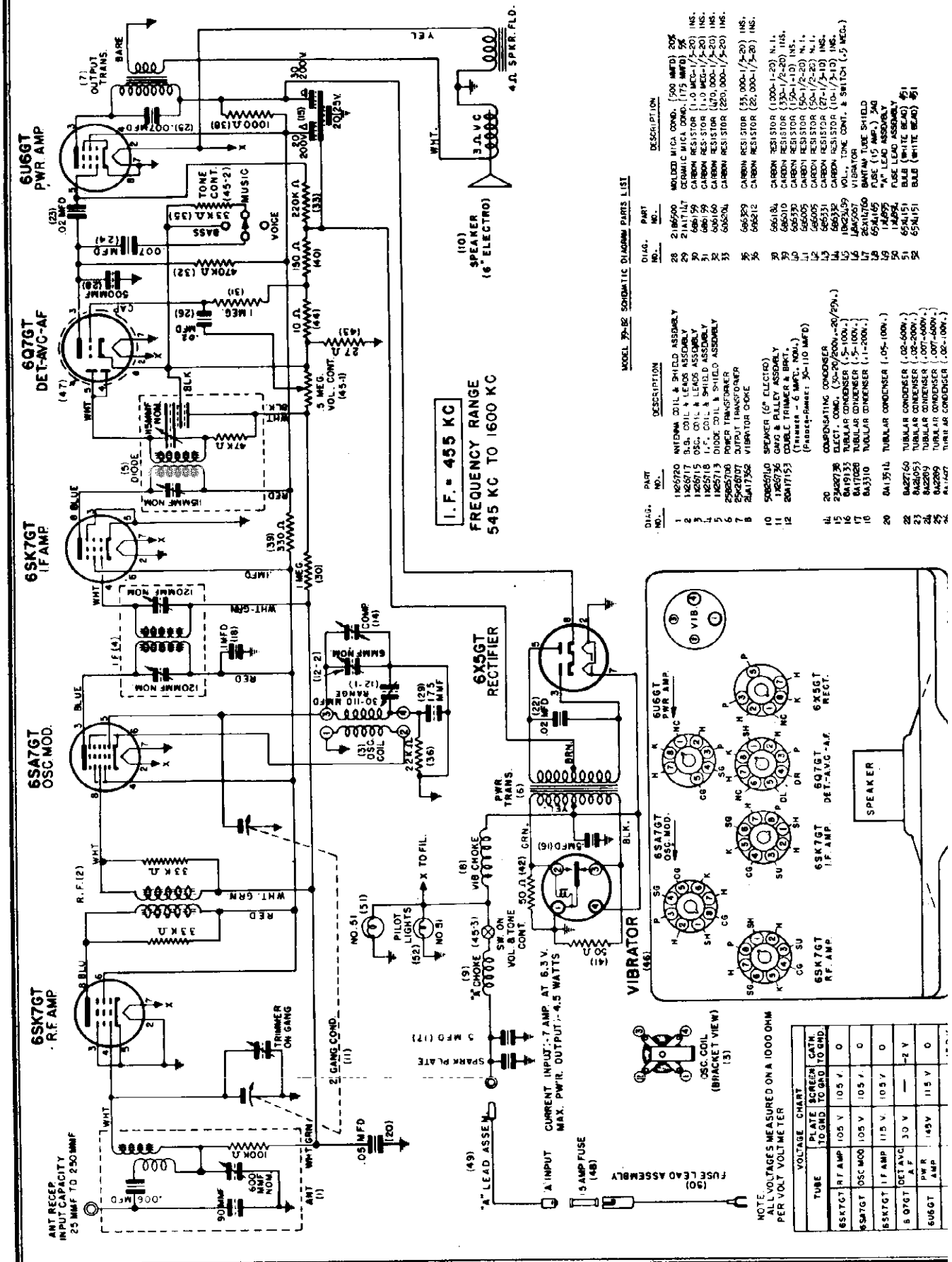
MODEL 39B-1

GALVIN MFG. CORP.

PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	LIST	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	LIST
MODEL 39B-1			CONDENSERS		
MAJOR PARTS			8A1400	Tubular Condenser .01-100v.	\$.15
48K11026	Vibrator - Black.	\$2.50	8A3302	Tubular Condenser .1-100v. . . . .	.15
25A17103	Filter Choke. . . . .	.75	8A3303	Tubular Condenser .03-100v. . . . .	.20
23A17190	Electrolytic Condenser (FP)	1.00	8A4925	Dual Tub. Cond. .0008-.0008-1000v . . . . .	.25
25B23250	Power Transformer	3.65	21B6500	Molded Mica Condenser 500mmf-20% . . . . .	.15
16C23259	Housing Shell & Back.	2.75	21B6501	Molded Mica Condenser 200mmf-20% . . . . .	.15
25A23466	Input Choke	1.70	21B6503	Molded Mica Condenser 50mmf-20% . . . . .	.15
24K23467	Vibrator Choke.- 6 Pie Wound. . . . .	.50	8A12840	Tubular Condenser .006-1600v. . . . .	.35
1X23468	Oscillator Coil & Leads Assembly. . . . .	.65	8A13014	Condenser-Resistor .006-100v-100K . . . . .	.25
1X23469	Diode Coil & Shield Assembly.	1.50	8K13165	Tubular Condenser .003-1000v. . . . .	.15
1X23471	I.F. Coil & Shield Assembly	1.40	8K13166	Tubular Condenser .1-400v . . . . .	.15
1X23473	R.F. Coil & Leads Assembly.	1.75	8A13514	Tubular Condenser .05-100v. . . . .	.15
1X23475	Antenna Coil & Shield Assembly.	2.75	8A14791	Tubular Condenser .05-400v. . . . .	.15
24K23483	"A" Choke . . . . .	.25	8A17027	Condenser-Resistor .03-100v.-33K. . . . .	.20
1X23487	Front Cover & Bushing Assembly.	1.25	8A17028	Tubular Condenser .5-100v . . . . .	.25
16K23489	Volume & Tone Control	1.50	20A17153	Double Trimmer & Spec. Brkt . . . . .	.35
1X23517	Bottom Housing Assembly . . . . .	.70	20A17935	Antenna Padder - Single . . . . .	.35
50B23621	Speaker & Output Transformer.	5.50	21A19088	Ceramic Condenser 250mmf-5% . . . . .	.20
50B24493	Speaker & Output Transformer.	5.50	8A19133	Tubular Condenser .5-100v . . . . .	.30
50B24929	Speaker & Output Transformer.	5.50	20A22747	Trimmer Diode - Small . . . . .	.40
	Speaker Exchange.	3.25	20A22751	Double Trimmer 120mmf-Nom. - I.F. . . . .	.30
1X24948	Gang, Pulley & Brake Assembly	5.00	20A23102	R. F. Trimmer & Padder. . . . .	.55
			8K23465	Tubular Condenser .03-1000v. & Strap. . . . .	.25
			20A23827	Compensating Condenser. . . . .	.25
ACCESSORIES			RESISTORS		
6X4141	Distributor Suppressor. . . . .	.30	6B6005	Carbon Resistor 50-1/2-20 N.I. . . . .	.60
1X4288	Battery Lead Assembly . . . . .	.40	6B6010	Carbon Resistor 330-1/2-20 Ins. . . . .	.60
8A4491	Generator Condenser . . . . .	.40	6B6012	Carbon Resistor 33,000-1/2-20 . . . . .	.60
65X4637	Fuse 20 AMP 3 AG. . . . .	.05	6B6070	Carbon Resistor 150,000-1/3-20 N.I. . . . .	.60
1X4894	Fuse Lead Assembly - 20". . . . .	.25	6B6212	Carbon Resistor 22,000-1/3-20 Ins . . . . .	.60
1X4895	"A" Lead Assembly - 10" . . . . .	.25	6B6255	Carbon Resistor 10,000-1/3-20 Ins . . . . .	.60
9B6734	Tube Socket - Saddle 4 Prong. . . . .	.15	6B6321	Carbon Resistor 47,000-1/3-20 Ins . . . . .	.60
9B6771	Tube Socket - Saddle Octal. . . . .	.15	6B6337	Carbon Resistor 1 meg-1/3-10 Ins. . . . .	.60
9A6774	Tube Socket - Saddle Octal. . . . .	.15	6B6338	Carbon Resistor 470,000-1/3-10 Ins. . . . .	.60
37A17216	Speaker Gasket. . . . .	.15	6B6339	Carbon Resistor 150,000-1/3-20 Ins . . . . .	.60
1X23520	Receiver Accessories Assembly	1.20	6B6340	Carbon Resistor 27,000-1/3-20 Ins . . . . .	.60
38A23693	Call Letters & Instructions . . . . .	.45	6B6341	Carbon Resistor 22,000-1-10 Ins . . . . .	.10
64K23676	Speaker Screen. . . . .	.25	6B6342	Carbon Resistor 1,500-1/3-20 Ins. . . . .	.60
			6B6343	Carbon Resistor 910-1/3-5 Ins . . . . .	.60
			6B6344	Carbon Resistor 400-1-20 Ins. . . . .	.10
			6B6345	Carbon Resistor 390-1/3-10 Ins. . . . .	.60
			6B6346	Carbon Resistor 300-1/3-10 Ins. . . . .	.60
DIAL & DRIVE			SCREWS, WASHERS		
65X4151	Bulb 6-Sv. Rnd. Bay. Clr. #51 . . . . .	.15	2S7003	Nut 8-32x11-32 CP - Spkr. . . . .	.50
43X4326	Steel Ball .125	PER C. .35	2S7022	Nut 1-4x20x7/16 CP - Set Mtg. . . . .	.60
5S7811	Eyelet 5/16 Blk. - Gang Mtg . . . . .	.20	3S7118	Set screw 8-32x5/16 BO - Knob. . . . .	.90
11M8709	Dial Cord (Blk) 26"-Shaft	YARD .05	3S7160	Screw 8-32x3/16 CP - Slider Brkt. . . . .	.35
11M8744	Dial Cord (Blk. Wht.) 26"-Pntr.	YARD .05	3S7454	Screw 8x1/4 PK Z PLHH CP. . . . .	.20
41A11091	Tension Coil Spring - Large . . . . .	.25	3S7456	Housing Screw 8x1/4 ACHD PK A CO. . . . .	.65
37A12691	Rubber Grommet - Gang Mtg . . . . .	.25	3S7457	Screw 8x7/8 CP - Coil Mtg . . . . .	.25
41A14759	Tension Coil Spring - Small . . . . .	.25	3S7461	Screw 8x5/16 CO - Esc . . . . .	.15
7B17002	Cond. Mtg. Bracket - Left . . . . .	.10	3S7499	Screw 8x5/8 CO - Ant.	PER C. 1.00
35A17160	Push Button Strip - Felt. . . . .	.20	4S7609	Washer 1&5/16x.218x.050 CP. . . . .	.35
1B17171	Push Button Plunger Assembly. . . . .	.20	4S7635	Washer 7/8 CP - Set Brkt. . . . .	.25
35A17224	Knob Washer - Felt - Vol.	PER C. .40	4S7657	Lockwasher 8 Ext. BO - Spkr	PER C. .50
43X17241	Nut Bearing Assembly. . . . .	.35	4S7670	Lockwasher 1/4" Blk. Oxd.-Set Brkt.	PER C. .50
1A23246	Pointer . . . . .	.10	3S8126	Screw 8x1&1/4 CP - Pwr. Trans . . . . .	.20
34A23248	Dial Scale. . . . .	.25	3S8131	Screw 8x1&7/8 SS - Choke. . . . .	.65
64A23249	Dial Retainer Plate . . . . .	.25	3A13748	Screw 8-32x17/32 CP - Gang Mtg. . . . .	.20
47K23492	Tuning Drive Shaft . . . . .	.35	3A17181	Thumbscrew 8-32 CO - Bot. Cvr . . . . .	.25
1X23494	Drive Shaft Brackets Assembly . . . . .	.30	2K17206	Mounting Nut - Front. . . . .	.75
1X23495	Slider, Plunger & Pulley Assembly . . . . .	.45	2K23491	Spacer Nut 1/2-28x5/8 - Vol . . . . .	.15
1X23503	Dial Light Assembly - L.H. . . . .	.10	3A23753	"J" Bolt - Set Mtg. . . . .	.60
1X23504	Dial Light Assembly - R.H. . . . .	.10	4A24333	Tuning Nut Cup Washer . . . . .	.50
1X23518	Dial Scale & Esc. Assembly.	1.50			
1X23519	Push Button Opt . . . . .	.20			
1X23521	Dial Brkt. & Background Assembly. . . . .	.35			
36B24330	Tone Control Lever 1&9/32 . . . . .	.35			
36A24331	Tuning Knob 1/4 Hole. . . . .	.20			
36K24332	Volume Knob 3/16 Hole . . . . .	.20			
MISCELLANEOUS					
37A4187	Condenser Mounting Grommet.	DOZ. \$.25	42B5480	Grid Clip - Small - Collar Grip . . . . .	.15
42A4215	Vibrator Grounding Clip	DOZ. .75	38X10544	Plug Button 1/4 CO - Ant. . . . .	.25
4K4823	Cup Washer Cop. Pl.	DOZ. .10	26X14760	Bantam Tube Shield.05
			58X23774	Packing Carton & Fillers.40

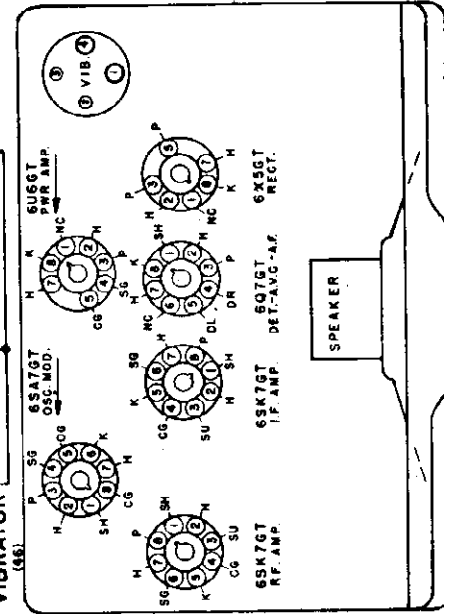
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GALVIN MFG. CORP.



MODEL 39-B SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM PARTS LIST

DIAG. NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	DIAG. NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	160720	ANTENNA COIL & SHIELD ASSEMBLY	28	2146590	MOLDED MICA COND. (.500 MMFD) 20K
2	160720	ANTENNA COIL & SHIELD ASSEMBLY	29	2141117	CERAMIC MICA COND. (.175 MMFD) 5K
3	160715	OSC. COIL & LEADS ASSEMBLY	30	686599	CARBON RESISTOR (1.0 MEG-1/2-20) 1HS.
4	160715	OSC. COIL & LEADS ASSEMBLY	31	686599	CARBON RESISTOR (1.0 MEG-1/2-20) 1HS.
5	160718	I.F. COIL & SHIELD ASSEMBLY	32	686599	CARBON RESISTOR (1.0 MEG-1/2-20) 1HS.
6	160718	I.F. COIL & SHIELD ASSEMBLY	33	686599	CARBON RESISTOR (1.0 MEG-1/2-20) 1HS.
7	25025700	POWER TRANSFORMER	34	686599	CARBON RESISTOR (1.0 MEG-1/2-20) 1HS.
8	25025700	POWER TRANSFORMER	35	686599	CARBON RESISTOR (1.0 MEG-1/2-20) 1HS.
9	25025700	POWER TRANSFORMER	36	686599	CARBON RESISTOR (1.0 MEG-1/2-20) 1HS.
10	25025700	POWER TRANSFORMER	37	686599	CARBON RESISTOR (1.0 MEG-1/2-20) 1HS.
11	25025700	POWER TRANSFORMER	38	686599	CARBON RESISTOR (1.0 MEG-1/2-20) 1HS.
12	25025700	POWER TRANSFORMER	39	686599	CARBON RESISTOR (1.0 MEG-1/2-20) 1HS.
13	25025700	POWER TRANSFORMER	40	686599	CARBON RESISTOR (1.0 MEG-1/2-20) 1HS.
14	25025700	POWER TRANSFORMER	41	686599	CARBON RESISTOR (1.0 MEG-1/2-20) 1HS.
15	25025700	POWER TRANSFORMER	42	686599	CARBON RESISTOR (1.0 MEG-1/2-20) 1HS.
16	25025700	POWER TRANSFORMER	43	686599	CARBON RESISTOR (1.0 MEG-1/2-20) 1HS.
17	25025700	POWER TRANSFORMER	44	686599	CARBON RESISTOR (1.0 MEG-1/2-20) 1HS.
18	25025700	POWER TRANSFORMER	45	686599	CARBON RESISTOR (1.0 MEG-1/2-20) 1HS.
19	25025700	POWER TRANSFORMER	46	686599	CARBON RESISTOR (1.0 MEG-1/2-20) 1HS.
20	25025700	POWER TRANSFORMER	47	686599	CARBON RESISTOR (1.0 MEG-1/2-20) 1HS.
21	25025700	POWER TRANSFORMER	48	686599	CARBON RESISTOR (1.0 MEG-1/2-20) 1HS.
22	25025700	POWER TRANSFORMER	49	686599	CARBON RESISTOR (1.0 MEG-1/2-20) 1HS.
23	25025700	POWER TRANSFORMER	50	686599	CARBON RESISTOR (1.0 MEG-1/2-20) 1HS.
24	25025700	POWER TRANSFORMER	51	686599	CARBON RESISTOR (1.0 MEG-1/2-20) 1HS.
25	25025700	POWER TRANSFORMER	52	686599	CARBON RESISTOR (1.0 MEG-1/2-20) 1HS.
26	25025700	POWER TRANSFORMER	53	686599	CARBON RESISTOR (1.0 MEG-1/2-20) 1HS.
27	25025700	POWER TRANSFORMER	54	686599	CARBON RESISTOR (1.0 MEG-1/2-20) 1HS.
28	25025700	POWER TRANSFORMER	55	686599	CARBON RESISTOR (1.0 MEG-1/2-20) 1HS.
29	25025700	POWER TRANSFORMER	56	686599	CARBON RESISTOR (1.0 MEG-1/2-20) 1HS.
30	25025700	POWER TRANSFORMER	57	686599	CARBON RESISTOR (1.0 MEG-1/2-20) 1HS.
31	25025700	POWER TRANSFORMER	58	686599	CARBON RESISTOR (1.0 MEG-1/2-20) 1HS.
32	25025700	POWER TRANSFORMER	59	686599	CARBON RESISTOR (1.0 MEG-1/2-20) 1HS.
33	25025700	POWER TRANSFORMER	60	686599	CARBON RESISTOR (1.0 MEG-1/2-20) 1HS.
34	25025700	POWER TRANSFORMER	61	686599	CARBON RESISTOR (1.0 MEG-1/2-20) 1HS.
35	25025700	POWER TRANSFORMER	62	686599	CARBON RESISTOR (1.0 MEG-1/2-20) 1HS.
36	25025700	POWER TRANSFORMER	63	686599	CARBON RESISTOR (1.0 MEG-1/2-20) 1HS.
37	25025700	POWER TRANSFORMER	64	686599	CARBON RESISTOR (1.0 MEG-1/2-20) 1HS.
38	25025700	POWER TRANSFORMER	65	686599	CARBON RESISTOR (1.0 MEG-1/2-20) 1HS.
39	25025700	POWER TRANSFORMER	66	686599	CARBON RESISTOR (1.0 MEG-1/2-20) 1HS.
40	25025700	POWER TRANSFORMER	67	686599	CARBON RESISTOR (1.0 MEG-1/2-20) 1HS.
41	25025700	POWER TRANSFORMER	68	686599	CARBON RESISTOR (1.0 MEG-1/2-20) 1HS.
42	25025700	POWER TRANSFORMER	69	686599	CARBON RESISTOR (1.0 MEG-1/2-20) 1HS.
43	25025700	POWER TRANSFORMER	70	686599	CARBON RESISTOR (1.0 MEG-1/2-20) 1HS.
44	25025700	POWER TRANSFORMER	71	686599	CARBON RESISTOR (1.0 MEG-1/2-20) 1HS.
45	25025700	POWER TRANSFORMER	72	686599	CARBON RESISTOR (1.0 MEG-1/2-20) 1HS.
46	25025700	POWER TRANSFORMER	73	686599	CARBON RESISTOR (1.0 MEG-1/2-20) 1HS.
47	25025700	POWER TRANSFORMER	74	686599	CARBON RESISTOR (1.0 MEG-1/2-20) 1HS.
48	25025700	POWER TRANSFORMER	75	686599	CARBON RESISTOR (1.0 MEG-1/2-20) 1HS.
49	25025700	POWER TRANSFORMER	76	686599	CARBON RESISTOR (1.0 MEG-1/2-20) 1HS.
50	25025700	POWER TRANSFORMER	77	686599	CARBON RESISTOR (1.0 MEG-1/2-20) 1HS.
51	25025700	POWER TRANSFORMER	78	686599	CARBON RESISTOR (1.0 MEG-1/2-20) 1HS.
52	25025700	POWER TRANSFORMER	79	686599	CARBON RESISTOR (1.0 MEG-1/2-20) 1HS.
53	25025700	POWER TRANSFORMER	80	686599	CARBON RESISTOR (1.0 MEG-1/2-20) 1HS.
54	25025700	POWER TRANSFORMER	81	686599	CARBON RESISTOR (1.0 MEG-1/2-20) 1HS.
55	25025700	POWER TRANSFORMER	82	686599	CARBON RESISTOR (1.0 MEG-1/2-20) 1HS.
56	25025700	POWER TRANSFORMER	83	686599	CARBON RESISTOR (1.0 MEG-1/2-20) 1HS.
57	25025700	POWER TRANSFORMER	84	686599	CARBON RESISTOR (1.0 MEG-1/2-20) 1HS.
58	25025700	POWER TRANSFORMER	85	686599	CARBON RESISTOR (1.0 MEG-1/2-20) 1HS.
59	25025700	POWER TRANSFORMER	86	686599	CARBON RESISTOR (1.0 MEG-1/2-20) 1HS.
60	25025700	POWER TRANSFORMER	87	686599	CARBON RESISTOR (1.0 MEG-1/2-20) 1HS.
61	25025700	POWER TRANSFORMER	88	686599	CARBON RESISTOR (1.0 MEG-1/2-20) 1HS.
62	25025700	POWER TRANSFORMER	89	686599	CARBON RESISTOR (1.0 MEG-1/2-20) 1HS.
63	25025700	POWER TRANSFORMER	90	686599	CARBON RESISTOR (1.0 MEG-1/2-20) 1HS.
64	25025700	POWER TRANSFORMER	91	686599	CARBON RESISTOR (1.0 MEG-1/2-20) 1HS.
65	25025700	POWER TRANSFORMER	92	686599	CARBON RESISTOR (1.0 MEG-1/2-20) 1HS.
66	25025700	POWER TRANSFORMER	93	686599	CARBON RESISTOR (1.0 MEG-1/2-20) 1HS.
67	25025700	POWER TRANSFORMER	94	686599	CARBON RESISTOR (1.0 MEG-1/2-20) 1HS.
68	25025700	POWER TRANSFORMER	95	686599	CARBON RESISTOR (1.0 MEG-1/2-20) 1HS.
69	25025700	POWER TRANSFORMER	96	686599	CARBON RESISTOR (1.0 MEG-1/2-20) 1HS.
70	25025700	POWER TRANSFORMER	97	686599	CARBON RESISTOR (1.0 MEG-1/2-20) 1HS.
71	25025700	POWER TRANSFORMER	98	686599	CARBON RESISTOR (1.0 MEG-1/2-20) 1HS.
72	25025700	POWER TRANSFORMER	99	686599	CARBON RESISTOR (1.0 MEG-1/2-20) 1HS.
73	25025700	POWER TRANSFORMER	100	686599	CARBON RESISTOR (1.0 MEG-1/2-20) 1HS.



NOTE: ALL VOLTAGES MEASURED ON A 1000 OHM PER VOLT VOLTMETER

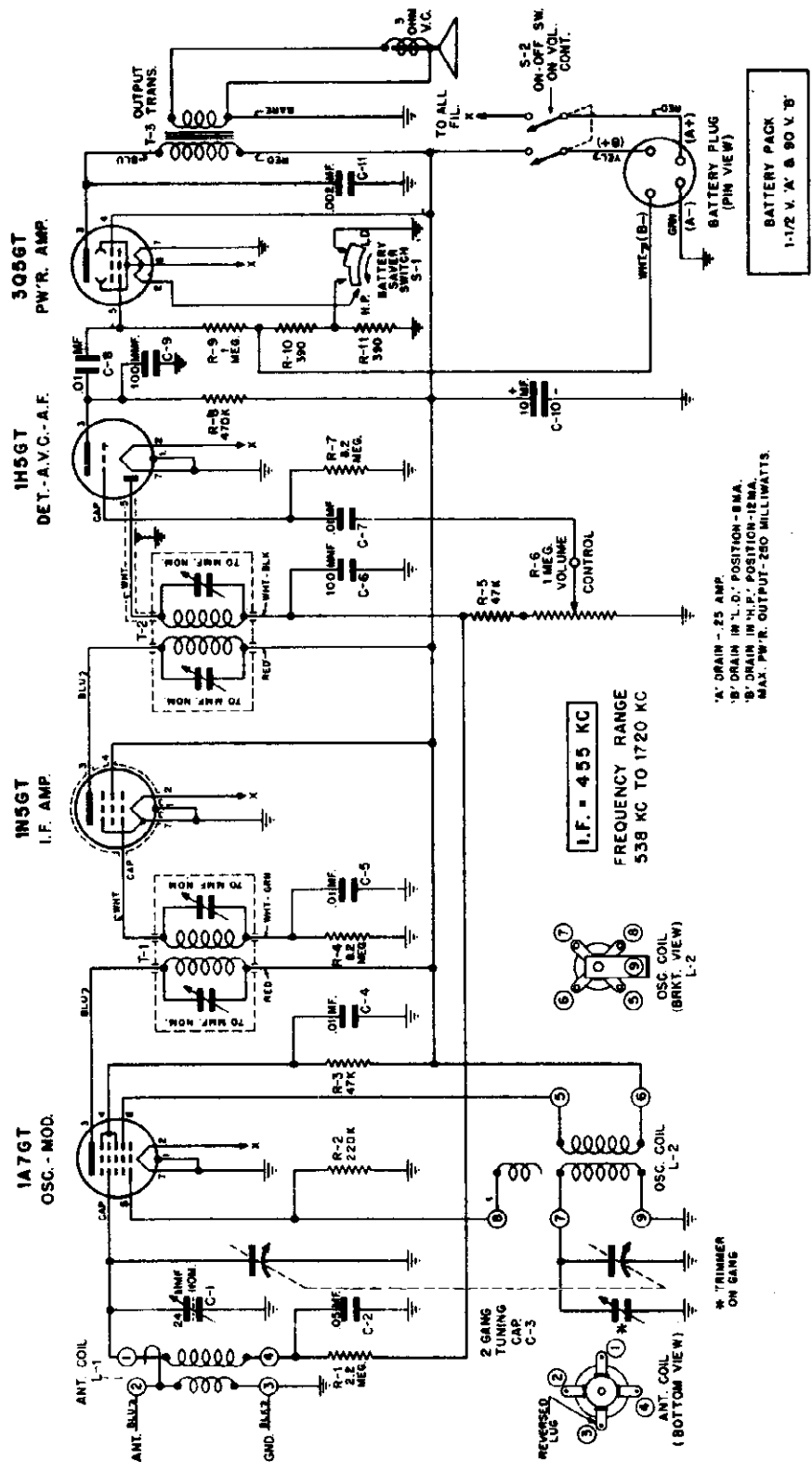
TUBE	VOLTS TO GND	GAIN
6SK7GT IF AMP	105 V	0
6SA7GT OSC MOD	105 V	0
6Q7GT DET-AVC-AF	115 V	0
6U6GT PWR. AMP	30 V	-2 Y
6X5GT RECT.	115 V	0

MODEL 39B-2

GALVIN MFG. CORP.

PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	LIST	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	LIST
MODEL 39B-2			CONDENSERS		
MAJOR PARTS					
48A5067	Vibrator	2.50	8A1697	Tubular Condenser .02-100v.	\$.15
24A17362	Vibrator Choke (8 Pie) . . . . .	.35	8A2289	Tubular Condenser .007-600v . . . . .	.20
23A22738	Electrolytic Condenser FP . . . . .	.75	8A3310	Tubular Condenser .1-200v . . . . .	.15
18K23489	Volume & Tone Control	1.50	21B6500	Molded Mica Condenser 500mmf-20% . . . . .	.15
25K26707	Output Transformer	1.00	8A13014	Condenser Res. .006-100v.-100K. . . . .	.25
25B26708	Power Transformer (Shielded)	2.60	8A13514	Tubular Condenser .05-100v. . . . .	.15
1X26713	Diode Coil & Shield Assembly	1.55	8A17028	Tubular Condenser .5-100v . . . . .	.25
1X26715	Osc. Coil & Leads Assembly . . . . .	.65	21A17147	Ceramic Mica Condenser 175mmf . . . . .	.20
1X26717	B.B. Coil & Leads Assembly . . . . .	.85	20A17153	Double Trimmer & Spec. Brkt . . . . .	.35
1X26718	I.F. Coil & Shields Assembly	1.40	20A17935	Antenna Padder - Single . . . . .	.35
1X26720	Antenna Coil & Shield Assembly	2.10	8A19133	Tubular Condenser .5-100v . . . . .	.30
1X26729	Front Cover & Bushing Assembly	1.05	21A20877	Metal Mica Condenser 90mmf-10% . . . . .	.15
50B26740	Speaker 6" Electro.	3.25	20A22747	Diode Trimmer - Small . . . . .	.40
	Speaker Exchange	1.90	20A22751	I.F. Trimmer - Double . . . . .	.30
15K26744	Housing Shell, Back & Brkts	3.00	8A22760	Tubular Condenser .02-600v. . . . .	.15
1X26748	Bottom Cover Assembly . . . . .	.65	8A24033	Tubular Condenser .02-200v. . . . .	.10
1X27101	Gang, Brake & Pulley Assembly	4.65			
ACCESSORIES			RESISTORS		
14X2423	Fuse Insulator - "A" Lead . . . . .	.20	6B6005	Carbon Resistor 50-1/2-20 N.I . . . . .	.60
6X4141	Distributor Suppressor . . . . .	.30	6B6010	Carbon Resistor 330-1/2-20 Ins. . . . .	.60
65X4151	Bulb 6-Sv. Rnd. Bay. Clr. #51 . . . . .	.15	6B6037	Carbon Resistor 33,000-1/3-20 N.I . . . . .	.60
65X4165	Fuse 15 AMP 3AG . . . . .	.05	6B6159	Carbon Resistor 1 meg-1/3-20 Ins. . . . .	.60
1X4872	Battery Lead Assembly . . . . .	.50	6B6150	Carbon Resistor 470,000-1/3-20 N.I. . . . .	.60
1X4894	Fuse Lead Assembly - 20" . . . . .	.25	6B6184	Carbon Resistor 1,000-1-20 N.I. . . . .	.10
1X4895	Short "A" Lead Assembly - 10" . . . . .	.25	6B6204	Carbon Resistor 220,000-1/3-20 Ins. . . . .	.60
9B6734	Tube Socket - Saddle 4 Prong. . . . .	.15	6B6212	Carbon Resistor 22,000-1/3-20 Ins. . . . .	.60
9B6771	Tube Socket - Saddle Octal. . . . .	.15	6B6321	Carbon Resistor 47,000-1/3-20 Ins. . . . .	.60
1X12820	Antenna Receptacle Assembly . . . . .	.15	6B6329	Carbon Resistor 33,000-1/3-20 Ins. . . . .	.60
37A18689	Rubber Gasket 2" - Spkr . . . . .	.05	6B6330	Carbon Resistor 150-1-10 Ins. . . . .	.10
1X23503	Dial Light Assembly (Short) - Less Bulb. . . . .	.10	6B6331	Carbon Resistor 27-1/3-10 Ins. . . . .	.60
1X23504	Dial Light Assembly (Long) - Less Bulb. . . . .	.10	6B6332	Carbon Resistor 10-1/3-10 Ins. . . . .	.60
1X26759	Receiver Accessories Assembly	1.20			
DIAL & DRIVE			SCREWS, WASHERS ETC.		
5S7811	Eyelet 5/16x.210 Blk. - Gang Mtg. . . . .	.20	43X4326	Steel Ball .125 . . . . .	.35
11M8709	Dial Cord Blk. 26" - Shaft. . . . .	.05	2S7003	Nut 6-32x1/32 CP - Spkr. . . . .	.50
11M8744	Dial Cord Blk. -Wht. 26" - Pntr. . . . .	.05	2S7005	Nut 6-32x1/4 CP - B.B. Coil . . . . .	.40
41A11091	Tension Coil Spring - Large . . . . .	.25	2S7022	Nut 1/4-20x7/16 CP - Set Mtg. . . . .	.60
37A12691	Rubber Grommet - Gang Mtg. . . . .	.25	3S7118	Set screw 8-32x5/16 BO - Knob. . . . .	.90
41A14759	Tension Coil Spring - Small . . . . .	.25	3S7160	Screw 8-32x3/16 CP - P.P.& P. . . . .	.35
7B17002	Gang Mtg. Bracket - Left. . . . .	.10	3S7457	Screw 8x7/8 CP - Can Mtg. . . . .	.25
38A17093	Call Letters Tab Cover. . . . .	.05	3S7461	Screw 8x5/16 PK A AH CO . . . . .	.15
35A17160	Push Button Pad (Felt) Strip. . . . .	.20	3S7499	Screw 8x5/8 Cop. Oxd. - Ant. Recpt.	1.00
35A17224	Knob Washer (Felt) 3/64 - Vol. . . . .	.40	3S7506	Screw 6x1/4 CP - Osc. . . . .	.50
13K23244	Dial Escutcheon - Chrome.	1.26	3S7508	Screw 8x1/4 Blk. - Ant. Coil. . . . .	.65
1A23246	Dial Pointer Assembly . . . . .	.10	4S7573	Washer 11/16-.187 Wrt. - Choke. . . . .	.15
34A23248	Dial Scale. . . . .	.25	4S7635	Washer 7/8-.281 CP - Set Mtg. . . . .	.25
64A23249	Dial Retainer Plate . . . . .	.25	4S7657	Lockwasher #8 Ext. BO - Spkr. . . . .	.50
47K23492	Tuning Drive Shaft. . . . .	.35	4S7670	Lockwasher 1/4 Int.-Set Mtg. . . . .	.50
1X23495	Pointer, Plunger & Pulley Assembly. . . . .	.45	3S8126	Screw 6x1&1/4 CP - Pwr. Trans. . . . .	.20
1X23518	Dial Scale & Esc. Assembly.	1.50	3S8133	Screw 6x1 SS - Choke. . . . .	.35
1X23519	Push Button Complete. . . . .	.20	3S13748	Screw 8-32x17/32 CP - Gang Mtg. . . . .	.20
1X23521	Dial Brkt. & Background Assembly. . . . .	.35	2K17208	Nut 1/2-28x5/8 Brass - Front Mtg. . . . .	.75
36C24330	Tone Control Lever 1&9/32 . . . . .	.35	43X17241	Nut Bearing Assembly - Tun. Shaft . . . . .	.35
36A24331	Tuning Knob 1/4" . . . . .	.20	2K23491	Spacer Nut 1/2-28x5/8 - Vol . . . . .	.15
36K24332	Volume Knob 3/16" . . . . .	.20	3A23753	"J" Bolt - Set Mtg. . . . .	.60
38K26752	Push Button Number Tabs . . . . .	.05	4A4333	Tuning Nut Cup Washer . . . . .	.50
MISCELLANEOUS			PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE		
42A4215	Vibrator Grounding Clip . . . . .	.75			
42B5490	Grid Clip - Small - Collar Grip . . . . .	.15			
38X10544	Plug Button 1/4 Cop. Oxd. - Ant . . . . .	.25			
26X14760	Pantam Tube Shield. . . . .	.05			
56X26749	Packing Carton & Fillers. . . . .	.40			

GALVIN MFG. CORP.



This receiver is a 4 tube battery operated superheterodyne, covering the broadcast band from 538 to 1720 kc. The I.F. frequency is 455 kc.

POWER DRAIN:

- 'A' drain - .25 AMP. at 1.5 V.
- 'B' drain in 'L.D.' position - 8 MA. at 90 V.
- 'B' drain in 'H.P.' position - 12 MA. at 90 V.

MODEL 45B12, Ch. HS-8

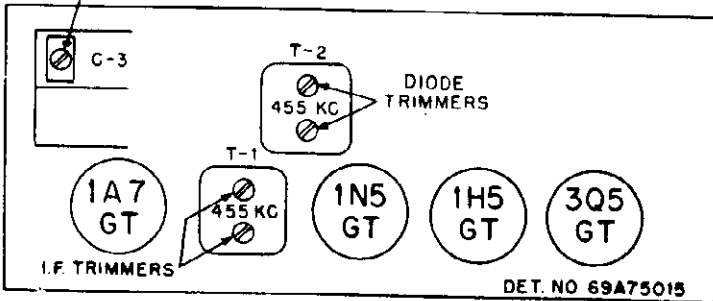
GALVIN MFG. CORP.

Turn Battery Saver Switch to 'H.P.' (high power) position. Connect output meter across speaker voice coil (.38V = .05 watts). Volume control set at maximum for all operations. The adjusting screwdriver or alignment tool should be of the insulated type, such as Motorola Part No. 66A71008.

OPERATIONS IN ORDER	GANG CAPACITOR SET AT	DUMMY ANTENNA	GENERATOR CONNECTED TO	ADJUST TRIMMER NO.	GENERATOR SET AT (400~ 30% MODULATED)	AVERAGE INPUT FOR .38V OUTPUT
1. Adjust I.F.'s for maximum	Minimum Capacity	.1 mf	Osc.-Mod. grid	T-1&T-2 (2 trimmers on each)	455 Kc	3750 microvolts to I.F. grid. 80 microvolts to Osc.-Mod. grid.
2. Set Oscillator trimmer	Minimum Capacity	.1 mf	Osc.-Mod. grid	Trimmer on C-3	1720 KC	100 microvolts
3. Adjust R.F. trimmer for maximum	1400 Kc.	200 mmf	Antenna Lead	C-1	1400 Kc	10 microvolts

4. Repeat above steps for maximum accuracy.

OSC. TRIMMER
ADJUST AT 1720 KC

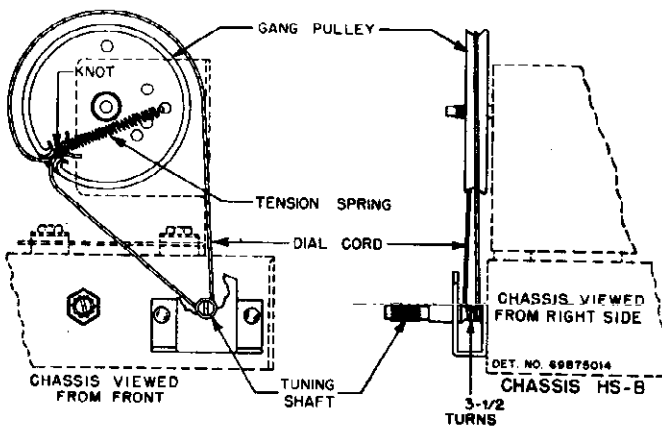


ANT. COIL TRIMMER
ADJUST AT 1400 KC



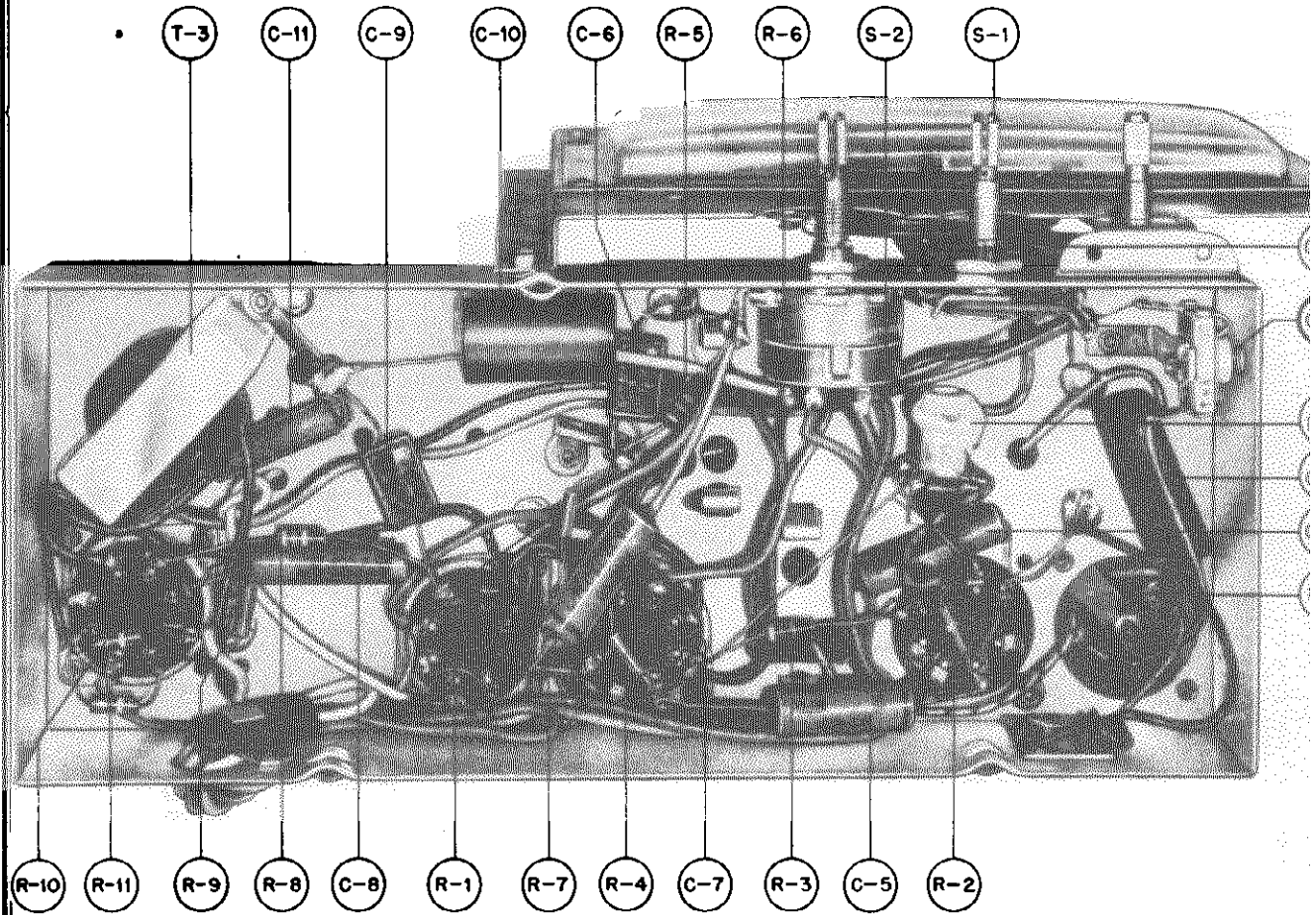
TO REPLACE DIAL CORD

1. Remove set from cabinet by pulling the knobs off and unscrewing the three chassis retaining screws from the bottom.
2. Remove the dial crystal by pushing out the four snap-in eyelets. Avoid damaging crystal and dial scale by pushing the eyelets out from the back. Do not remove the dial scale.
3. Remove the dial pointer by carefully pulling it off.
4. Next the dial plate is taken off by removing two screws.
5. Remove the old cord and replace with a new piece of 24 lb. fish line. See Figure 1. 2. 3. 4.
6. Secure the cord knot with a drop of cement.
7. Reassemble dial mechanism by working in reverse order. The pointer should be adjusted so that it is horizontal and pointing to the low frequency end when the gang capacitor is fully closed.



DIAL CORD LAYOUT

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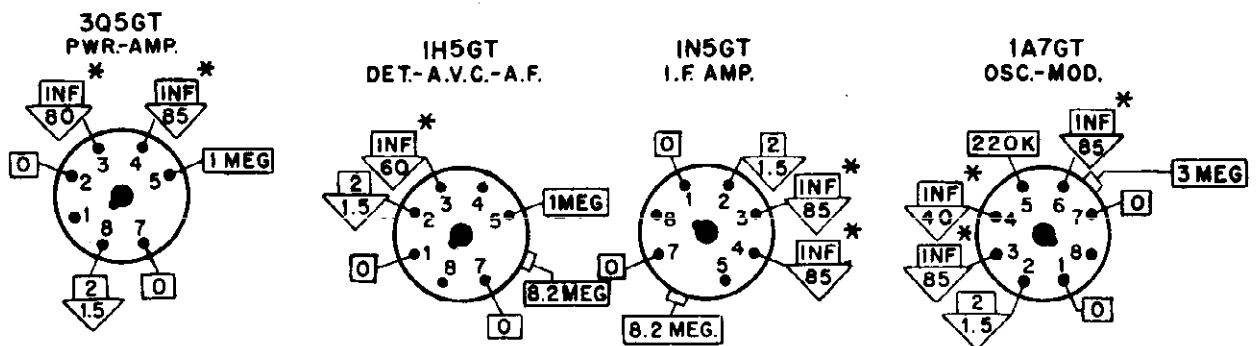


CHASSIS BOTTOM VIEW

VOLTAGES MEASURED ON A 20,000 Ω PER VOLT VOLTMETER TO CHASSIS WITH BATTERY SAVER SWITCH IN H.P. POSITION.

▽ = VOLTAGE MEASUREMENTS
 □ = RESISTANCE MEASUREMENTS.

* DISCONNECT ONE SIDE OF ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR C-10 WHEN MAKING RESISTANCE MEASUREMENTS. CHECK ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR BY PUTTING POSITIVE OF CAPACITOR TO POSITIVE TERMINAL OF OHM-METER BATTERY. THE RESISTANCE SHOULD BE .5 MEG. OR SO.



BOTTOM VIEW OF CHASSIS

VOLTAGE AND RESISTANCE CHART

MODEL 45B12, Ch. HS-8

GALVIN MFG. CORP.

REF. PART NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	LIST	REF. PART NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	LIST
C-1	80A8941	Capacitor, trimmer: 24 mmf nominal; includes mounting bracket.	.80	R-6	6R6321	Resistor, fixed: carbon; 47,000 20% 1/2W Ins.	dos. .60
C-2	889808	Capacitor, fixed: paper; .05 mf 20% 100 VDC.	.80		or 6R6058	Resistor, fixed: carbon; 47,000 20% 1/2W Ins.	
C-3	1X80808	Capacitor, variable: 2 gang. Out oscillator plates; (includes gullies).	8.70	R-6	18A19979	Resistor, variable, carbon; 1 meg. With DPST switch.	.85
C-4	889901	Capacitor, fixed: paper; .01 mf 20% 200 VDC.	.15	R-7	6R6310	Resistor, fixed: carbon; 8.2 meg 20% 1/2W Ins.	dos. .60
C-5	889801	Capacitor, fixed: paper; .01 mf 20% 200 VDC.	.15		or 6R2988	Resistor, fixed: carbon; 8.2 meg 20% 1/2W Ins.	
C-6	21R0641	Capacitor, fixed: mica; 100 mmf 20% 500 VDC.	.20	R-8	6R6180	Resistor, fixed: carbon; 470,000 20% 1/2W Ins.	dos. .60
C-7	889801	Capacitor, fixed: paper; .01 mf 20% 200 VDC.	.15		or 6R6032	Resistor, fixed: carbon; 470,000 20% 1/2W Ins.	
C-8	889828	Capacitor, fixed: paper; .01 mf 20% 200 VDC.	.15	R-9	6R6150	Resistor, fixed: carbon; 1 meg 20% 1/2W Ins.	dos. .60
C-9	21R0641	Capacitor, fixed: mica; 100 mmf 20% 500 VDC.	.20		or 6R6004	Resistor, fixed: carbon; 1 meg 20% 1/2W Ins.	
C-10	25A14727	Capacitor, electrolytic; 10 mf 180 V.	.75	R-10	6R6545	Resistor, fixed: carbon; 380 10% 1/2W Ins.	dos. .60
	20A20528	Capacitor, trimmer: dual; 70 mmf nominal (in I.F. & diode cans).	.60		or 6R6564	Resistor, fixed: carbon; 380 10% 1/2W Ins.	
	4R 20A72754	Capacitor, trimmer: dual; 70 mmf nominal (in I.F. & diode cans).	.60	R-11	6R6545	Resistor, fixed: carbon; 380 10% 1/2W Ins.	dos. .60
					or 6R6564	Resistor, fixed: carbon; 380 10% 1/2W Ins.	
L-1	24A30442	Coil, antenna: iron core type	2.15	S-1	40A50444	Switch, battery saver; SPDT.	.75
L-2	24A27849	Coil, oscillator.	.85	S-2	Part of R-6	Switch, ON-OFF; DPST.	
R-1	6R6208	Resistor, fixed: carbon; 8.2 meg 20% 1/2W Ins.	dos. .60	T-1	1X28278	Transformer, I.F.; 455 Kc; complete with shield and trimmers.	8.40
	or 6R5927	Resistor, fixed: carbon; 8.2 meg 20% 1/2W Ins.		T-2	1X28277	Transformer, Diode; 455 Kc; complete with shield and trimmers.	8.55
R-2	6R6804	Resistor, fixed: carbon; 220,000 20% 1/2W Ins.	dos. .60	T-3	25X15786	Transformer, output	1.95
	or 6R6018	Resistor, fixed: carbon; 220,000 20% 1/2W Ins.			1X21246	Battery Cable Assembly	.85
R-3	6R6521	Resistor, fixed: carbon; 47,000 20% 1/2W Ins.	dos. .60		7B18746	Bracket, gang mounting	.25
	or 6R6056	Resistor, fixed: carbon; 47,000 20% 1/2W Ins.			7A14810	Bracket, tuning shaft	.10
R-4	6R6310	Resistor, fixed: carbon; 8.2 meg 20% 1/2W Ins.	dos. .60		18C70088	Cabinet, table model; wood (complete)	15.10
	or 6R2938	Resistor, fixed: carbon; 8.2 meg 20% 1/2W Ins.			42K13136	Clamp, cable	dos. .15
					38K70089	Cloth, grille (Olek #421-12)	.20
					1X19897	Coil Shield & Clips Assm. (for I.F. & Diode coils)	.55
					11M8749	Cord, dial; 24 lb., black	7d. .10
	61R27421	Crystal, dial	.50	57K20686	Rubber, channel; 9/16 long (for dial plate support bracket)	per/c .60	
	27A14809	Cushion, socket (for 1A7 socket)	dos. .35	582883	Screw; #6 x 5/16 PK Z PHNS; CP (osc. coil mtg.)	per/c 1.00	
	1X27422	Dial Plate & Indicator Assm.	.85	387152	Screw; #6-32 x 1/4 SHHMS; CP (gang & lug mtg.)	per/c .95	
	667805	Eyelet, Snap-In; .156 x .141; CP (dial scale mtg.)	per/c .70	387350	Screw (lockscrew); #6-32 x 1/4 SHHMS; CP (gang mtg.)	per/c .80	
	5A19658	Eyelet, steel; .296 x .212. Cop. Pl. (gang mtg.)	dos. .40	387454	Screw; #8 x 1/4 PK Z PHNS; CP (dial plate mtg.)	dos. .20	
	667820	Eyelet, brass; .470 x .129 (sprk. lead tip).	per/c .60	587246	Screw; #6-32 x 1/8 PHNS; CP (dial plate mtg.)	per/c .50	
	667855	Eyelet, brass; .484 x .156 (sprk. lead tip).	dos. .20	587512	Screw; #8 x 1/2 PK Z PHNS; CP (gang brkt mtg.)	per/c .70	
	37A12691	Grommet, rubber (gang cushioning)	dos. .35	588117	Screw; #8 x 1 PK Z SHWH; anti-tique copper pl. (chassis mtg.)	dos. .20	
	37A14810	Grommet, rubber (1A7 tube socket)	dos. .80	34B27418	Scale, dial	.50	
	58A27419	Indicator, ON-OFF.	.20	47A14625	Shaft, tuning control	.15	
	36A15918	Knob, control: molded; blank (for tuning and volume shafts).	.10	26A14780	Shield, tube; bantam (for 1N8)	.05	
	36K21243	Knob, control: molded; lined (for battery saver switch).	.15	6A8738	Socket, tube: octal, saddle (for 1N6, 1N5 & 5Q5)	.15	
	457666	Lockwasher, steel; #8 external; CP (osc. coil mtg.)	per/c .35	9A8788	Socket, tube: octal, wafer (for 1A7)	.15	
	487660	Lockwasher, phosphor bronze; #8 external (sprk. mtg.)	per/c .00	80B71027	Speaker; 8" PK; 3 ohm V.C.	8.75	
	29R5207	Lug, soldering (gang gnd.)	dos. .20	41A14244	Spring, tension coil (dial cord).	dos. .60	
	29R5209	Lug, soldering: dumb-bell type, (chassis gnd.)	per/c 1.00	41A19997	Spring, indicator (actuates ON-OFF indicator)	dos. .40	
	287070	Nut; 6/32 x 1/4. Inverted Palmnut (ant. coil mtg.)	per/c .60	41A72806	Spring, tension (for ON-OFF indicator)	.10	
	287000	Nut, brass; 8-32 x 5/16 (speaker mtg.)	dos. .25	14A19980	Strip, antenna & ground lead insulation	dos. .50	
	287061	Nut; 5/8-22 x 9/16; Palmnut; CP (volume control)	dos. .50	4A70015	Washer "C" (used on tuning shaft)	per/c .70	
	28X11398	Plug, 4 prong (for bat cable)	.10	25K19943	Washer, paper; 11/16 x 17/64 1/32 thick (used under knobs)	per/c .60	
	52K27602	Pointer, dial	.25	487625	Washer, steel; 1/4 x .125 x .018 thick; CP (1A7 tube socket)	per/c .60	
	587707	Rivet, steel; 5/32 x .122, Pol. Nkl. (tube socket mtg.)	per/c .45	487846	Washer, steel; 11/16 x 5/16 x .065 thick; Cop. Pl. (chassis mtg.)	per/c .60	
	587701	Rivet, steel; 3/16 x .122; Pol. Nkl. (output trans mtg. etc.)	per/c .45				
	587706	Rivet, steel; 7/32 x .122; Pol. Nkl. (ant. & gnd strip mtg.)	per/c .45				
	587732	Rivet, steel; 1/2 x .122; Pol. Nkl. (1A7 tube socket mtg.)	dos. .40				

Prices Subject To Change Without Notice

MODEL 46-C, Ch. A06

GALVIN MFG. CORP.

ACCESSORIES (Cont'd)		CONDENSERS (Cont'd)		SCREWS, WASHERS, ETC. (Cont'd)	
180791	49 Filter Lead A 57.	20A17635	Antenna Padder (Single)	487673	Washer 1/16 CP-Choice Mtg.
41A2978	Dialite Beeking Coil Spring	21A29877	Metal Disc Condenser 30mmf. 10%	487635	Washer 7/8 CP -Set Mtg.
37A4187	Rubber Grommet-Trimmer Eye Hkt.	20A29747	Diode Trimmer -Small	487655	Lockwasher 5/16 Int./ext CP-Set Mtg.
587811	Eyebolt 5/16 x.210 Blk. Gang Mtg.	20A29751	I.P. Trimmer-Double	487657	Lockwasher #8 Ext. CP-Spkr.
11M9709	Dial Cord 10" Shaft Drive	8A82760	Tubular Condenser .06-600V	487665	Lockwasher #6 Sp. C. Blk.-Mnt. Coil Per C
11M9744	Dial Cord 25" Pointer Drive	20A293102	R. F. Trimmer & Padder	487665	Lockwasher #6 Int. Pkgr.-Osc.
41A11091	Tension Coil Spring-Large	21A293110	Ceramic Misc Condenser 300mmf 5%	487680	Lockwasher 1/4 Int/ext CP Set Mtg. Doz.
60A11576	Dial Light Socket & Clip	20A293155	Osc. Padder & Eye Bracket	487688	Screw 6-32x17/32 CP-Runner Mtg. Doz.
37A12691	Rubber Grommet- Gang Mtg.	8A823148	Tubular Condenser .05-200V	3A13748	Turnng Unit Cup Washer
41A14759	Tension Coil Spring	20A293897	Compensating Condenser	4A116968	Shoulder Screw 6/32 Torxous Spring Doz.
49A18986	Cord Guide Pulley .218 Brass	8A824653	Tubular Condenser .06-800V	2A116990	Nut 1/2-28x5/8 Brass Ec1. Cont. Doz.
37A17013	Brake Shoe Rubber Tubing	8A825889	Tubular Condenser .5-100V	2E138722	Nut 1/2-28x3/4 Cop. Pl.-Vol. Cont. Doz.
35A17160	Push Button Pad (Felt)	RESISTORS		4A119238	Spring Washer 7/16 Turnng Shaft Doz.
35A17264	Knob Washer (Felt) Vol. Shaft Perc.	6B8006	Carbon Res. 50-1/2-20 K.1. Doz.	4A21377	*C* Washer-Turnng Shaft Per C
35A17640	Knob Washer (Felt)-Turn. Shaft Doz.	6B8010	Carbon Res. 330-1/2-20 Ins. Doz.	4A24047	Sprosser Washers Set Mtg. Doz.
41A18022	Compression Coil Spring	6B8012	Carbon Res. 33,000-1/2-20 Doz.	4A24124	*C* Washer Push Buttons Per C
49A18288	Cord Guide Pulley 7/32 Wood	6B8159	Carbon Res. 1 Meg.-1/5-20 Ins. Doz.	4E24207	Flat Washer Chrome Set Mtg. .06
41A21856	Brake Arm Torque Spring R.H. Doz.	6B8180	Carbon Res. 470,000-1/3-20 HI Doz.	3A24803	Uphet Screw Colls Doz.
41A21896	Brake Arm Torque Spring L. H. Doz.	6B8184	Carbon Res. 1,000-1-20-K.1. Doz.	4A29914	Cup Washer Set Mtg. Doz.
1E23996	Pointer & Slider Assy.	6B8204	Carbon Res. 220,000-1/3-20-Ins. Doz.	3S7454	Screw #6x1/4 CP Misc. Mtg.'s Doz.
7A23997	Turnng Unit Mtg. Brkt. Doz.	6B8212	Carbon Res. 22,000-1/3-20-Ins. Doz.	3S7455	Screw #6x3/8 co. Housing Doz.
7A23999	Volume Control Mtg. Bracket Doz.	6B8258	Carbon Res. 69,000-1/3-20 Ins. Doz.	3S7457	Screw #6x7/8 CP Coil Mtg. Doz.
1E24027	Plunger Pointer & Pulley Assy.	6B8281	Carbon Res. 47,000-1/3-20 Ins. Doz.	3S7461	Screw #6x5/16 CO-Housing Doz.
1E24556	Gang Mtg. Brkt Assy.-R.H. Doz.	6B8350	Carbon Res. 33,000-1/3-20 Ins. Doz.	3S7475	Screw #6x1/4 CP-Esc. Mtg. Per C
47A94659	Turnng Drive Shaft	6B8351	Carbon Res. 150-1-10 Ins. Doz.	3S7499	Screw #6x5/8 CO -Housing Per C 1.00
36980693	Control Knob 1/4" Turnng	6B8352	Carbon Res. 27-1/3-10 Ins. Doz.	MISCELLANEOUS	
36229594	Control Knob 3/16" Volume	6B8359	Carbon Res. 10-1/3-10 Ins. Doz.	42A4215	Vibrator Grounding Clip Doz. .75
1E26053	Dial Reaoutube Assy.	6B8456	Carbon Res. 180,000-1/3-20 Ins. Doz.	2W85239	Soldering Lug (Long Tab) Doz. .15
1E26053	Scale & Background Assy.	6B8459	Carbon Res. 150-1-10 Ins. Doz.	2E6724	Tube Socket Middle 4-Frong .15
1E26057	Light Socket & Lead Assy Lead Bulb	SCREWS, WASHERS, ETC.		2E6771	Tube Socket Saddle Octal .15
1E26085	Push Button & Washer Assy.	4E4685	Cup Washer Eye Brkt. Mtg. Doz.	9A1974	Tube Socket Saddle Octal .15
1E26089	Dial Scale & Strip Assy.	2E7203	Nut 6-32x1/16 Hex CP-Spkr. Per C	587890	Eyebolt Brass CP Spkr. Lead Per C .60
1E26091	Background & Strip Assy.	2E7006	Nut 6-32x1/4 Hex CP Ant. Coil Per C	587824	Eyebolt Brass Dial Cord Per C .25
CONDENSERS		2E7028	Nut 1/4-20x7/16 Hex CP Set Mtg. Per C	3E110644	Plug Button 1/4" Cop. Oz. Doz. .80
8A11697	26 Tubular Condenser .02-100V	2E7070	Nut 6-32x1/4 Inv. Pal CP-Coils Per C	9A19722	Elect. Ins. Wafer 1A5/15 .10
8A11699	24 Tubular Condenser .007-600V	2E7095	Nut 6-32x1/4 Pal CP-Coils Per C	3A1A4666	Terminal Strip 3 Ins./FS Mtg. .05
8A1310	18 Tubular Condenser 1-800V	3S7160	Screw 6-32x1/16 CP Blunger Assy Per C	9E1A006	Elect. Ins. Wafer Armita Doz. .15
21A8600	27 Misc Condenser 500MHP.-20%	3S7165	Screw 6-32x1/4CP Oss. Per C	37A17899	Sponge Rubber Pad-Rear Cover Doz. .30
8A13014	Condenser Resistor .004-100V LOOK	3S7215	Screw 1/4" PHENIX CP Eye Brkt. Doz.	48A18186	Cable Clamp-Filter Lead Per C .60
8A13514	20 Tubular Condenser .05-100V	3S7217	Screw 1" Brass Ant. Padder Mtg. Per C	48M18186	Cable Clamp-Filter Lead Per C .60
8A14095	17 Tubular Condenser .4-100V	3S7224	Screw 1/4" Brass Ant. Core Mtg. Per C	37S24046	Speaker Cabinet Rubber .45
20A1287	13 Trimmer & Eye Brkt. Qmct. Doz.	3S7250	Screw 6-32x1" Brr. Choice Mtg. Per C 1.00	39A84668	Hook Wiper-Spkr. Omdg. Doz. .40
		3S7265	Screw 1/4-20x3/4CP Set Mtg. Doz.	2A82683	5/ Tube Shield .05
				1E89708	Choice Spark Plate Assy. .10

PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE.

MODELS 47-D1, Ch. A03,
47-D1A

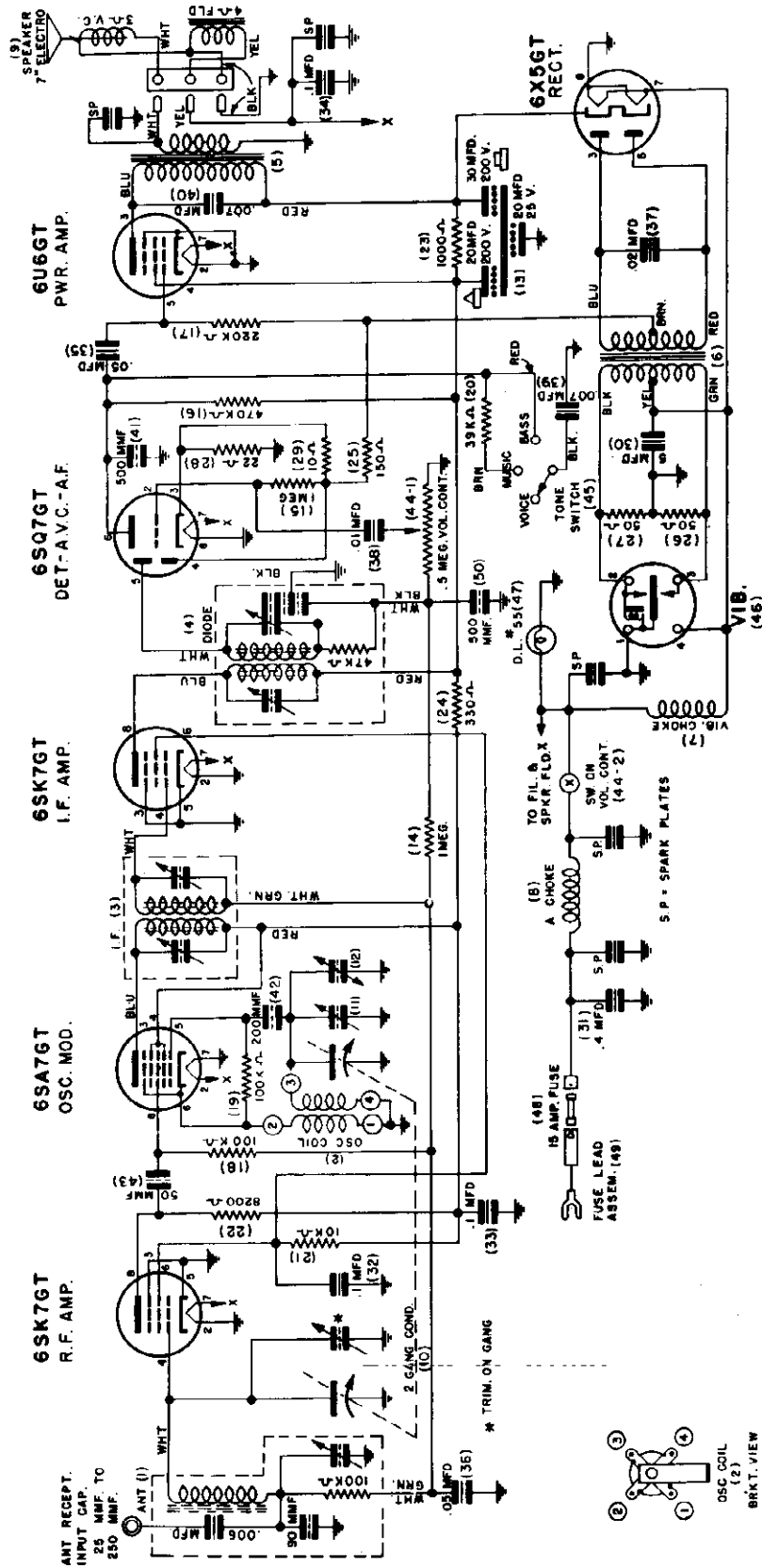
GALVIN MFG. CORP.

PARTS LIST MODEL 47-D1

DIAG. NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	LIST	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	LIST	DIAG. NO.
MAJOR PARTS				DIAL & DRIVE (Cont'd.)			
67	48K11028	Vibrator - Blk.	\$2.50	1X23782	Dial Light Assembly Less Bulb	\$0.10	
	1X17346	Choke & Brackets Assembly . . . . .	.60	34B23882	Dial Scale. . . . .	.30	
65	1K17377	Vol. Control & Shaft Assembly	1.00	36A24412	Control Knob. . . . .	.20	
MAJOR PARTS				CONDENSERS			
6	26A23649	Output Transformer.	1.25	8A1697	Tubular Condenser .02-100v. . . . .	.15	53
15	23A23651	Electrolytic Condenser. . . . .	.85	8A3302	Tubular Condenser .1-100v. . . . .	.15	47
7	25E23652	Power Transformer	2.80	8A3314	Tubular Condenser .004-120v. . . . .	.20	58
	19E23653	Tuning Unit & Gang - Subs. 1X24944.	XXX	20A4604	Compensating Trimmer Condenser. . . . .	.35	14
5	1X23654	Diode Coil & Shield Assembly.	1.55	8A4925	Dual Tub. Condenser .0008-.0008-1000v. . . . .	.25	61
4	1X23656	I.F. Coil & Shield Assembly	1.40	21B6500	Molded Mica Condenser 500mmf-20%. . . . .	.15	62
				21B6501	Molded Mica Condenser 200mmf-20%. . . . .	.15	63
2	1X23670	R.F. Coil & Shield Assembly	1.75	8A13014	Condenser Resistor .006-100v.-100K. . . . .	.25	
1	1X23673	Antenna Coil & Shield Assembly.	2.65	8K13166	Tubular Condenser .1-400v. . . . .	.15	44
	1X23675	Osc. Coil & Leads Assembly. . . . .	.65	8A13506	Tubular Condenser .007-1000v. . . . .	.15	59
				8A13514	Tubular Condenser .06-100v. . . . .	.16	48
				8A14095	Tubular Condenser .4-100v. . . . .	.30	43
				8K15166	Tubular Condenser .007-1800v. . . . .	.35	60
	1X23772	Tone Switch Assembly Cpt.	1.30	20A17237	Trimmer & Eye Brkt. 6 mmf . . . . .	.20	13
				20A17935	Antenna Padder - Single . . . . .	.35	
	1X24944	Gang, Pulley & Brake Assembly.	5.10	8A19133	Tubular Condenser .5-100v. . . . .	.30	42
ACCESSORIES				RESISTORS			
	7B24566	Receiver Mounting Bracket . . . . .	.25	21A20877	Metal Mica Condenser 90mmf-10%. . . . .	.15	
	8A4491	Generator Condenser . . . . .	.40	20A22747	Trimmer Diode - Small . . . . .	.40	
69	65X4637	Fuse 20 Amp 3 AG. . . . .	.05	20A22751	Double Trimmer (120mmf Nom.) I.F. . . . .	.30	
	38X4817	Shirt Marker - Rattle Clip. . . . .	.25	21A23110	Ceramic Mica Condenser 300mmf-5%. . . . .	.25	64
	43A13743	Spacer Bushing - Short (Spkr.) . . . . .	.40	20A23135	Osc. Padder & Eye Bracket . . . . .	.20	12
	6X17117	Dist. Suppressor - Plug-In. . . . .	.35	8K25690	Tubular Condenser .01-400v. . . . .	.10	54
	1K17263	Antenna Brkt. & Recept. Assembly . . . . .	.25	RESISTORS			
	1X17358	Speaker Cable & Plug. . . . .	.28	6B6005	Carbon Resistor 50-1/2-20 . . . . .	.60	39
	43A17389	Cover Mtg. Spacer Sleeve - Long . . . . .	.10	6B6013	Carbon Resistor 15,000-1-20 M.I. . . . .	.10	29
	43A17390	Cover Mtg. Spacer Sleeve - Short. . . . .	.05	6B6070	Carbon Resistor 150,000-1/3-20 M.I. . . . .	.60	
	39A17391	Housing Wiper . . . . .	.06	6B6159	Carbon Resistor 1 Meg-1/3-20 Ins. . . . .	.60	19
	64B17583	Speaker Screen & Gasket . . . . .	.35	6B6160	Carbon Resistor 470,000-1/3-20 M.I. . . . .	.60	22
	43A17951	Receiver Mtg. Sleeve. . . . .	.10	6B6184	Carbon Resistor 1000-1-20 M.I. . . . .	.10	36
70	1X18174	Fuse Lead Assembly 7" . . . . .	.15	6B6201	Carbon Resistor 3.3 meg-1/3-20 Ins. . . . .	.60	18
	1X18175	"A" Lead Assembly 18" . . . . .	.15	6B6204	Carbon Resistor 220,000-1/3-20 Ins. . . . .	.60	26
				6B6212	Carbon Resistor 22,000-1/3-20 Ins. . . . .	.60	28
	1X24313	M333 Fuel Gauge Filter. . . . .	.10	6B6254	Carbon Resistor 330-1-10 Ins. . . . .	.10	37
DIAL & DRIVE				RESISTORS			
	43X4326	Steel Ball (Tun. Cont.)	PER C. .35	6B6240	Carbon Resistor 2,200-1/3-20 Ins. . . . .	.60	34
	587811	Eyelet 5/16x.210 Blk (Gang Mtg.) . . . . .	.20	6B6321	Carbon Resistor 47,000-1/3-20 Ins. . . . .	.60	
	11M8709	Dial Cord 30# Blk. 10".	YARD .05	6B6335	Carbon Resistor 1000-1/3-10 Ins. . . . .	.60	
	11M8744	Dial Cord 18# Blk.-Wht.	YARD .05	6B6348	Carbon Resistor 10 meg-1/3-20 Ins. . . . .	.60	16
68	65X10867	Bulb 6-Sv. Tub. Bay. Clr. #44 . . . . .	.10	6B6349	Carbon Resistor 220,000-1/3-10 Ins. . . . .	.60	23
	41A11091	Tension Coil Spring (Large) . . . . .	.25	6B6350	Carbon Resistor 6,800-1/3-10 Ins. . . . .	.60	30
	14A11212	Insulating Bushing (Gang Brkt.) . . . . .	.25	6B6351	Carbon Resistor 4,700-1/3-10 Ins. . . . .	.60	31
	37A12891	Rubber Grommet - Pure Gum (Gang Mtg.) . . . . .	.25	6B6352	Carbon Resistor 4,700-1-20 Ins. . . . .	.10	32
	41A14759	Tension Coil Spring (Small) . . . . .	.25	6B6353	Carbon Resistor 2,200-1/3-10 Ins. . . . .	.60	33
	32A16633	Fibre Spacer Washer (P.B.)	PER C. .55	6B6367	Carbon Resistor 68-1/3-20 Ins. . . . .	.60	38
	38A16972	Push Button & Stud. . . . .	.15	17A24172	Regulating Resistor . . . . .	.25	
	43X17241	Nut Bearing Assembly (Tun. Shaft) . . . . .	.35	SCREWS, WASHERS, ETC.			
	62A17367	Dial Crystal. . . . .	.10	287005	Nut 6-32x1/4 Hex CP - Gang Mtg.	PER C. .40	
	1K17373	Tuning Shaft Assembly . . . . .	.35	287018	Nut 3/8-32x1/2 Hex CP - Vol. Cont. . . . .	.DOZ. .15	
	1X17407	Tuning Control Assembly . . . . .	.40	287022	Nut 1/4-20x7/16 Hex CP - Set Brkt.	PER C. .60	
	36A17410	Call Letters & Instructions . . . . .	.30	287030	Nut 10-24x3/8 Hex Br. - Cvt. Mtg.	PER C. .75	
	35A17428	Push Button Cushion (Felt) 6 hole . . . . .	.35	287055	Nut 5/16-18x5/8 CP - Set Mtg. . . . .	.DOZ. .20	
	39A17573	Tone Button Tab . . . . .	.06	387215	Screw 8-32x3/16 CP - Trimmer. . . . .	.DOZ. .25	
	38K17574	Tone Tab Cover. . . . .	.20	387274	Screw 4-36x3/16 CP - Tone Ratchet . . . . .	.DOZ. .15	
	38A18447	Push Button Jacket. . . . .	.06	387347	Screw 5-40x1/2 CP - Tone Sw	PER C. .55	
	60A23728	Dial Background . . . . .	.15	387350	Lockscrew 6-32x1/4 CP - T.C. Mtg.	PER C. .80	
				387454	Screw 8x1/4 PK Z PLHR CP. . . . .	.DOZ. .20	
	1K23766	Dial Pointer. . . . .	.10	387455	Screw 8x3/8 PK A SLAH CO - Hag. . . . .	.DOZ. .20	
	1X23770	Pointer, Pulley & Mtg. Assembly. . . . .	.30	387456	Screw 8x1/4 PK A ACHD Cop. Oxd.	PER C. .65	
				387457	Screw 8x7/8 PK A CP - Coil Mtg. . . . .	.DOZ. .25	
				387499	Screw 8x5/8 PK A Cop. Oxd.-Hag.	PER C. 1.00	

MODELS 47-D2, Ch. A17;
47-D2A, Ch. A18

GALVIN MFG. CORP.

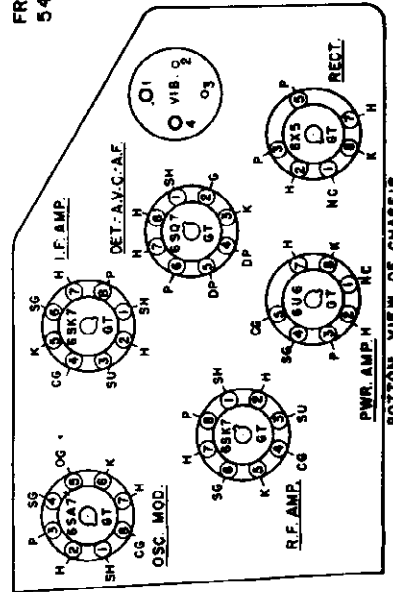


I. F. = 455 K C

FREQUENCY RANGE •
545 KC TO 1600 KC

TUBE	PLATE SCREEN CATH. TO GND. TO GND. TO GND.
6SK7GT R.F. AMP.	105 V. 100 V. 0
6SA7GT OSC. MOD.	100 V. 100 V. 0
6SK7GT I.F. AMP.	105 V. 100 V. 0
6SQ7GT DET. A.V.C.-A.F.	35 V. — L38 V
6U6GT PWR. AMP.	135 V. 105 V. 0
6X5GT RECT. A.C.	— 180 V

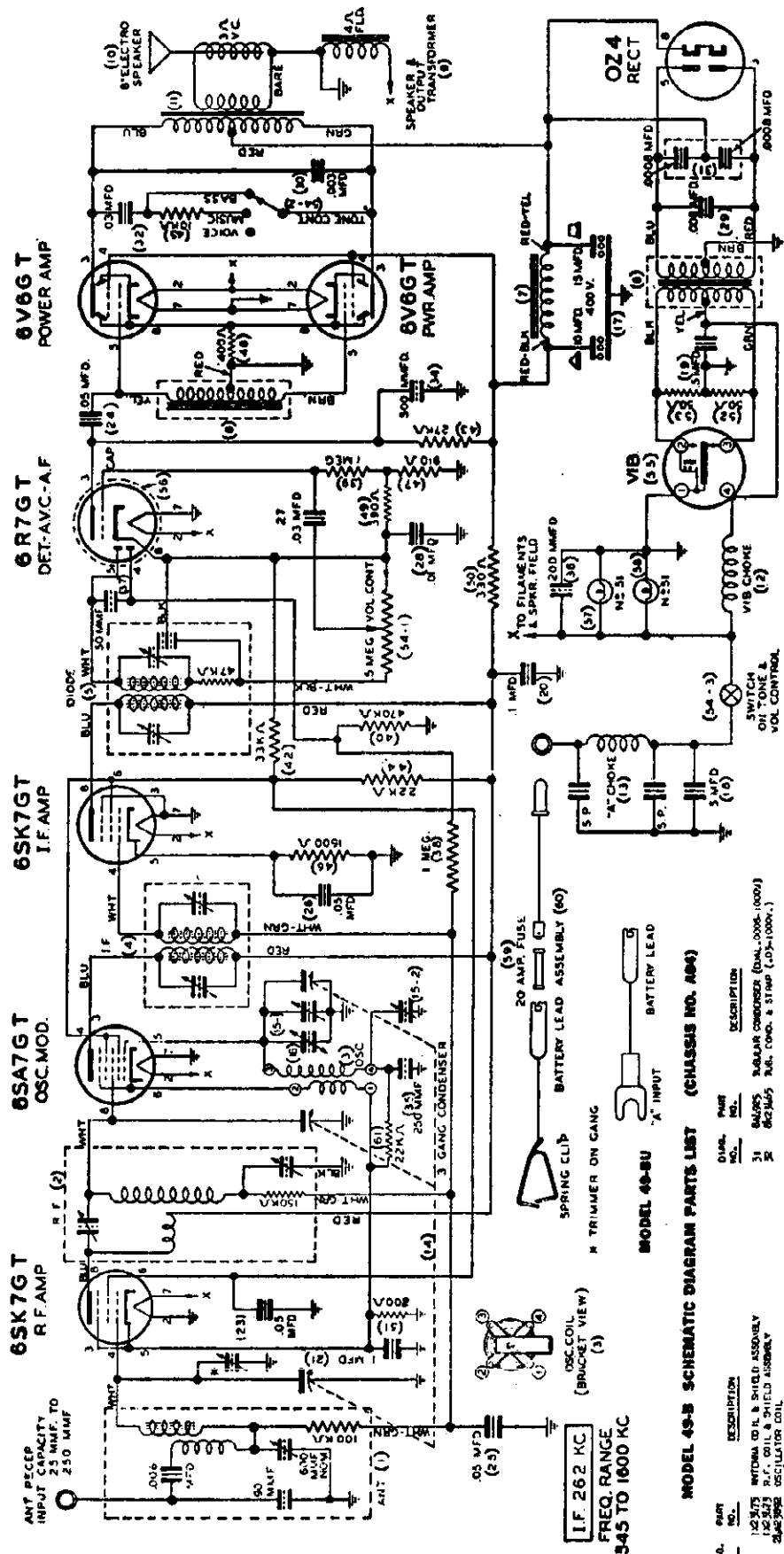
ALL MEASUREMENTS MADE WITH A
1000 OHM PER VOLT METER



BOTTOM VIEW OF CHASSIS

Part No.	Description
1	ANT. RECEPTOR CAP.
2	OSC. COIL
3	ANT. COIL
4	OSC. MOD. TUBE
5	OSC. MOD. SOCKET
6	IF TRANSFORMER
7	I.F. AMP. TUBE
8	I.F. AMP. SOCKET
9	DET. TUBE
10	DET. SOCKET
11	DET. A.V.C. CONTROL
12	DET. A.V.C. CONTROL SOCKET
13	DET. A.V.C. CONTROL WIRE
14	DET. A.V.C. CONTROL WIRE SOCKET
15	DET. A.V.C. CONTROL WIRE SOCKET
16	DET. A.V.C. CONTROL WIRE SOCKET
17	DET. A.V.C. CONTROL WIRE SOCKET
18	DET. A.V.C. CONTROL WIRE SOCKET
19	DET. A.V.C. CONTROL WIRE SOCKET
20	DET. A.V.C. CONTROL WIRE SOCKET
21	DET. A.V.C. CONTROL WIRE SOCKET
22	DET. A.V.C. CONTROL WIRE SOCKET
23	DET. A.V.C. CONTROL WIRE SOCKET
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40	DET. A.V.C. CONTROL WIRE SOCKET
41	DET. A.V.C. CONTROL WIRE SOCKET
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69	DET. A.V.C. CONTROL WIRE SOCKET
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93	DET. A.V.C. CONTROL WIRE SOCKET
94	DET. A.V.C. CONTROL WIRE SOCKET
95	DET. A.V.C. CONTROL WIRE SOCKET
96	DET. A.V.C. CONTROL WIRE SOCKET
97	DET. A.V.C. CONTROL WIRE SOCKET
98	DET. A.V.C. CONTROL WIRE SOCKET
99	DET. A.V.C. CONTROL WIRE SOCKET
100	DET. A.V.C. CONTROL WIRE SOCKET

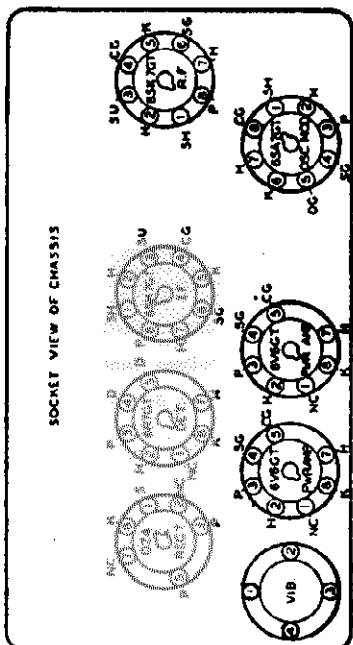
GALVIN MFG. CORP.



VOLTAGE CHART

TUBE	PLATE SCREEN GRID TO GRID TO GND TO GND
6SK7GT R.F. AMP	270 V 75 V 3.5 V
6SA7GT OSC. MOD.	270 V 75 V 3.5 V
6SK7GT I.F. AMP	270 V 75 V 4.5 V
6R7GT DET.-AVC.-A.F.	135 V - - 0.5 V
6V6GT PWR. AMP	277 V 275 V 10 V
6V6GT PWR. AMP	277 V 275 V 10 V
OZ4 RECT.	- - - 280 V

CURRENT DRAIN 9.5 AMPS AT 8.5 V
MAXIMUM POWER OUTPUT 50 WATTS
ALL VOLTAGES MEASURED ON A
1000 OHMS PER VOLT VOLTMETER



MODEL 49-B SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM PARTS LIST (CHASSIS NO. A04)

QTY.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	142375	ANTENNA TO I.L. & SHIELD ASSEMBLY
2	142375	R.F. COIL & SHIELD ASSEMBLY
3	142375	I.F. COIL & SHIELD ASSEMBLY
4	142375	O.D. COIL & SHIELD ASSEMBLY
5	2903750	POWER TRANSFORMER
6	2903750	POWER TRANSFORMER
7	2903750	POWER TRANSFORMER
8	2903750	POWER TRANSFORMER
9	2903750	POWER TRANSFORMER
10	2903750	POWER TRANSFORMER
11	2903750	POWER TRANSFORMER
12	2903750	POWER TRANSFORMER
13	2903750	POWER TRANSFORMER
14	2903750	POWER TRANSFORMER
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37	2903750	POWER TRANSFORMER
38	2903750	POWER TRANSFORMER
39	2903750	POWER TRANSFORMER
40	2903750	POWER TRANSFORMER
41	2903750	POWER TRANSFORMER
42	2903750	POWER TRANSFORMER
43	2903750	POWER TRANSFORMER
44	2903750	POWER TRANSFORMER
45	2903750	POWER TRANSFORMER
46	2903750	POWER TRANSFORMER
47	2903750	POWER TRANSFORMER
48	2903750	POWER TRANSFORMER
49	2903750	POWER TRANSFORMER
50	2903750	POWER TRANSFORMER
51	2903750	POWER TRANSFORMER
52	2903750	POWER TRANSFORMER
53	2903750	POWER TRANSFORMER
54	2903750	POWER TRANSFORMER
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57	2903750	POWER TRANSFORMER
58	2903750	POWER TRANSFORMER
59	2903750	POWER TRANSFORMER
60	2903750	POWER TRANSFORMER
61	2903750	POWER TRANSFORMER
62	2903750	POWER TRANSFORMER
63	2903750	POWER TRANSFORMER
64	2903750	POWER TRANSFORMER

MODEL 49-B, Ch. A04,
49-BU, Ch. All

GALVIN MFG. CORP.

MODEL 49-Bu PARTS PRICE LIST
SAME AS MODEL 49-B EXCEPT:

4S7688	Lockwasher 1/4 Int. Ext. Set Mtg.	Doz.	.20	15K30749	Welded Shell & Back	3.75
3SB039	Cap Screw 1/4-20x3/8 CP Set Mtg.	Doz.	.40	7A30754	Receiver Mounting Bracket R. H.	.15
11M8709	Dial Cord 30 lb. Blk.	Yard	.06	7K30755	Receiver Mounting Bracket L. H.	.15
11M8744	Dial Cord 18 lb. Blk. Wht.	Yard	.05	50B31086	Speaker & Output Transformer	6.35
37A17285	Light Bracket Band	Doz.	.20		Speaker Exchange	3.75
1X24844	Fuse Lead Assy.		.10	1H31143	Battery Lead Assy.	.25
1H29794	Receiver Accessories Kit Assy.		1.25	1J31179	Escutcheon & Pad Assy.	1.60
60A30048	Dial Scale Background		.15	1J31186	Dial Scale & Pads Assy.	.25
18B30314	Volume & Tone Switch		1.70	1J31187	Push Button Assy.	.15
47E30318	Tuning Drive Shaft		.25	1H31192	Background & Strips Assy	.20
36K30341	Tuning Control Knob 1/4" Hole		.25	50B31555	Speaker & Output Transformer	6.35
36K30342	Volume Control Knob 3/16" Hole		.25		Speaker Exchange	3.75
37A30716	Dial Scale Pad	Per C.	.80			

MODEL 49-B PARTS PRICE LIST
MAJOR PARTS

48K11026	Vibrator Blk.	2.50	15K30286	Welded Back & Shell	3.75
25B17099	Output Transformer	1.50	18B30643	Volume & Tone Control	1.70
25A17103	Filter Choke	.75		ACCESSORIES	
23A17190	Electrolytic Condenser FE	1.00	41X2157	Backing Coil Spring Fuse Lead	Per .50
25B23250	Power Transformer	3.65	14X2423	Fuse Insulator Fuse Lead	Doz. .20
25A23466	Input Choke	1.70	9X4075	Fuse Receptacle Fuse Lead	Doz. .20
24K23467	Vibrator Choke 6 Pie	.50	14X4076	Backing Washer Fuse Lead	Doz. .10
1X23468	Oscillator Coil & Leads Assy.	.65	14X4077	Contact Bushing Fuse Lead	Doz. .20
1X23469	Diode Coil & Shield Assy	1.50	6X4141	Distributor Suppressor	.50
1X23471	I.F. Coil & Shield Assy.	1.40	9X4166	"A" Lead Male Ferrule	Doz. .25
1X23473	R. F. Coil & Shield Assy.	1.75	1X4288	Battery Lead Assy.	.40
1X23475	Antenna Coil & Shield Assy.	2.75	8A4491	Generator Condenser	.40
24K23483	"A" Choke	.25	65X4637	Fuse 20 Amp 5AG	.05
1X23487	Front Cover & Bushing Assy.	1.25	1X4894	Fuse Lead Assembly 20"	.25
50B23621	Speaker & Output Transformer	5.50	1X4895	"A" Lead Assembly 10"	.25
	Speaker Exchange	3.25	65X12712	Fuse 20 Amp SFE	.05
1X24205	Tuning Unit Assy Cpt. W Dial	6.80	1H29790	Receiver Accessory Kit Assy.	1.20
50B24493	Speaker & Output Transformer	5.50		DIAL & DRIVE PARTS	
50B24929	Speaker & Output Transformer	5.50	41A2378	Dialite Backing Coil Spring	Doz. .10
48A27393	Vibrator Heavy Duty	2.50	65X4151	Bulb G-8VRnd. Bay Clr. #51	.35
1H29928	Bottom Cover Assy.	.85	41A11091	Tension Coil Spring Pointer Drive	Doz. .25
1J30145	Trimmers Brkt. & Grommet Assy.	.40	41A14759	Tension Coil Spring Shaft Drive	Doz. .25

GALVIN MFG. CORP.

MODEL 49-B, Ch. A04
49-BU, Ch. A11

DIAL & DRIVE PARTS (Cont'd)

14K15882	Dialite Contact Bushing	Doz	.80
38A17095	Call Letter Tab Cover		.05
38A17094	Call Letter Backing		.05
36A17160	Push Button Pad Felt	Doz.	.80
1B17171	Push Button Plunger Assy.		.80
60A17178	Dial Light Socket & Bracket		.05
35A17224	Knob Washer Felt	Per C	.40

CONDENSERS

8K13166	Tubular Condenser .1-400V		.15
8A13514	Tubular Condenser .05-100V		.15
8A14791	Tubular Condenser .05-400V		.15
8A17028	Tubular Condenser .5-100V		.25
20A17153	Double Trimmer & Spec.Brkt.		.35
20A17935	Antenna Padder Single		.35
21A19088	Ceramic Condenser 250mmf 5%		.20
8A19185	Tubular Condenser .5-100V		.30
21A20677	Metal Mica Condenser 90mmf 10%		.15
20A22747	Diode Trimmer		.40
20A22751	I. F. Trimmer Double		.30
20A25102	R. F. Trimmer & Padder		.55
20A25827	Compensating Condenser		.25
8K23465	Tubular Cond. & Strap .05-1000V		.25

RESISTORS

6B5558	Carbon Resistor 200-1/5-10 Ins.	Doz.	.60
6B6005	Carbon Resistor 50-1/2-20 N.I.	Doz.	.60
6B6010	Carbon Resistor 330-1/2-20 Ins.	Doz.	.60
6B6012	Carbon Resistor 33,000-1/2-20 Ins.	Doz.	.60
6B6159	Carbon Resistor 1 Meg-1/3-20 Ins.	Doz.	.60
6B6212	Carbon Resistor 22,000-1/3-20 Ins.	Doz.	.60
6B6255	Carbon Resistor 10,000-1/3-20 Ins.	Doz.	.60
6B6321	Carbon Resistor 47,000-1/3-20 Ins.	Doz.	.60
6B6338	Carbon Resistor 470,000-1/3-10 Ins.	Doz.	.60
6B6339	Carbon Resistor 150,000-1/3-20 Ins.	Doz.	.60
6B6340	Carbon Resistor 27,000-1/3-10 Ins.	Doz.	.60
6B6341	Carbon Resistor 22,000-1-10 Ins.		.10
5B6342	Carbon Resistor 1,500-1/3-20 Ins.	Doz.	.60
6B6343	Carbon Resistor 910-1/3-5 Ins.	Doz.	.60
6B6344	Carbon Resistor 400-1-20 Ins.		.10
6B6345	Carbon Resistor 390-1/3-10 Ins.	Doz.	.60
6B6457	Carbon Resistor 22,000-1-10 Ins.		.10

SCREWS, WASHERS, ETC.

4K4823	Cup Washer Cop. Pl Trimmer Mts.	Doz.	.10
2S7003	Nut 8032x5/16 Hex CP Spkr.	Per C	.50
2S7005	Nut 6-32x1/4 Hex CP Ant. Coil	Per C	.40
2S7022	Nut 1/4-20x7/16 Hex Set Mtg.	Per C	.60
2S7070	Nut 6-32x1/4 Inv. Pal Coils	Per C	.50
2S7093	Nut 6-32x1/4 Pal Cop. Pl Coils	Per C	.45
3S7160	Screw 3/16" CP Plunger Bkt. Mtg.	Per C	.35

SCREWS, WASHERS, ETC. (Cont'd)

3S7217	Screw 1" Brass Ant. Padder Mtg.	Per C	.90
3S7224	Screw 1/4" Brass Coils	Per C	.50
3S7454	Screw #8x1/4 CP Misc. Mtg.	Doz.	.20
3S7456	Screw #8x1/4 Cop. Ox. Housing	Per C	.65
3S7457	Screw 7/8" CP Coil Mtgs.	Doz.	.25
3S7461	Screw 5/16" Cop Ox. Housing	Doz.	.15
3S7499	Screw 5/8" Cop. Ox. Housing	Per C	.00
3S7506	Screw #6x1/4CP Osc. Mtg.	Per C	.50
3S7508	Screw 1/4" Blk Tuning Unit Mtg.	Per C	.65
4S7609	Washer 1-5/16" CP Set Mtg	Doz.	.35
4S7635	Washer 7/8" CP Set Mtg.	Doz.	.25
4S7650	Lockwasher #6 Int. CP Eye Bkt. Mtg.	Per C	.50
4S7657	Lockwasher #8 Ext. Spkr.	Per C	.50
4S7665	Lockwasher #6 Spec. Coils	Per C	.75
4S7666	Lockwasher #6 Ext. Ant. Coil	Per C	.50
4S7670	Lockwasher 1/4" Int. -Set Mtg.	Per C	.50
5S7831	Eyelet 13/16" Long-P.B. Plunger Drg.		.25
3S8126	Screw 1-1/4" CP -Pwr. Trans.	Doz.	.20
3S8131	Screw 1-7/8" SS -Choke Mtg.	Doz.	.65
3A13748	Screw 17/32" CP-Gang Bkt. Mtg.	Doz.	.20
2K18722	Nut Cop. Pl Hex -Vol.Cont.	Doz.	.75
2K23491	Spacer Nut Hex Vol. Cont.		.15
3A23753	"J" Bolt -Set Mtg.	Doz.	.60
4K24124	"C" Washer -Tuning Shaft	Per C	.85
4A24333	Cup Washer -Chrome Tuning Nut	Doz.	.50

MISCELLANEOUS

31A493	Terminal Strip 2 ins. #2 Mtg.		.05
31A3224	Terminal Strip 3 ins. #3 Mtg.		.10
37A4187	Rubber Grommet-Eye Bkt. Mtg.	Doz.	.25
39X4205	Hood Wiper-Power Trans.	Doz.	.25
42A4215	Vibrator Grounding Clip	Doz.	.75
29B5249	Soldering Lug	Per C	.75
29B5265	Soldering Lug.	Doz.	.20
29B5404	Insl. Pin Terminal Rgd "A" Lead		.05
42B5480	Grid Clip Small Collar Grip	Doz.	.15
9B6734	Tube Socket Saddle 4 Prong		.15
9B6771	Tube Socket Saddle Octal		.15
9A6774	Tube Socket Saddle Octal		.15
9A6782	Tube Socket Inverted Octal		.15
36X10544	Plug Button 1/4" Cop. Ox.	Doz.	.25
37A12691	Rubber Grommet Gang Mtg.	Doz.	.25
37X14051	Rubber Sleeve "A" Lead	Doz.	.20
26X14760	Bantam Tube Shield		.05
37A15831	Sponge Rubber Pad- Bottom Cover	Doz.	.45
39A17179	Grounding Wiper-Bottom Cover		.05
37A17216	Speaker Gasket Front Cover		.15
32A18493	Fibre Space Washer Dial Lights	Per C	.35
26A26283	Tube Shield		.05
26C24534	Hash Shield		.05
64K30296	Speaker Screen		.10

Prices subject to change without notice.

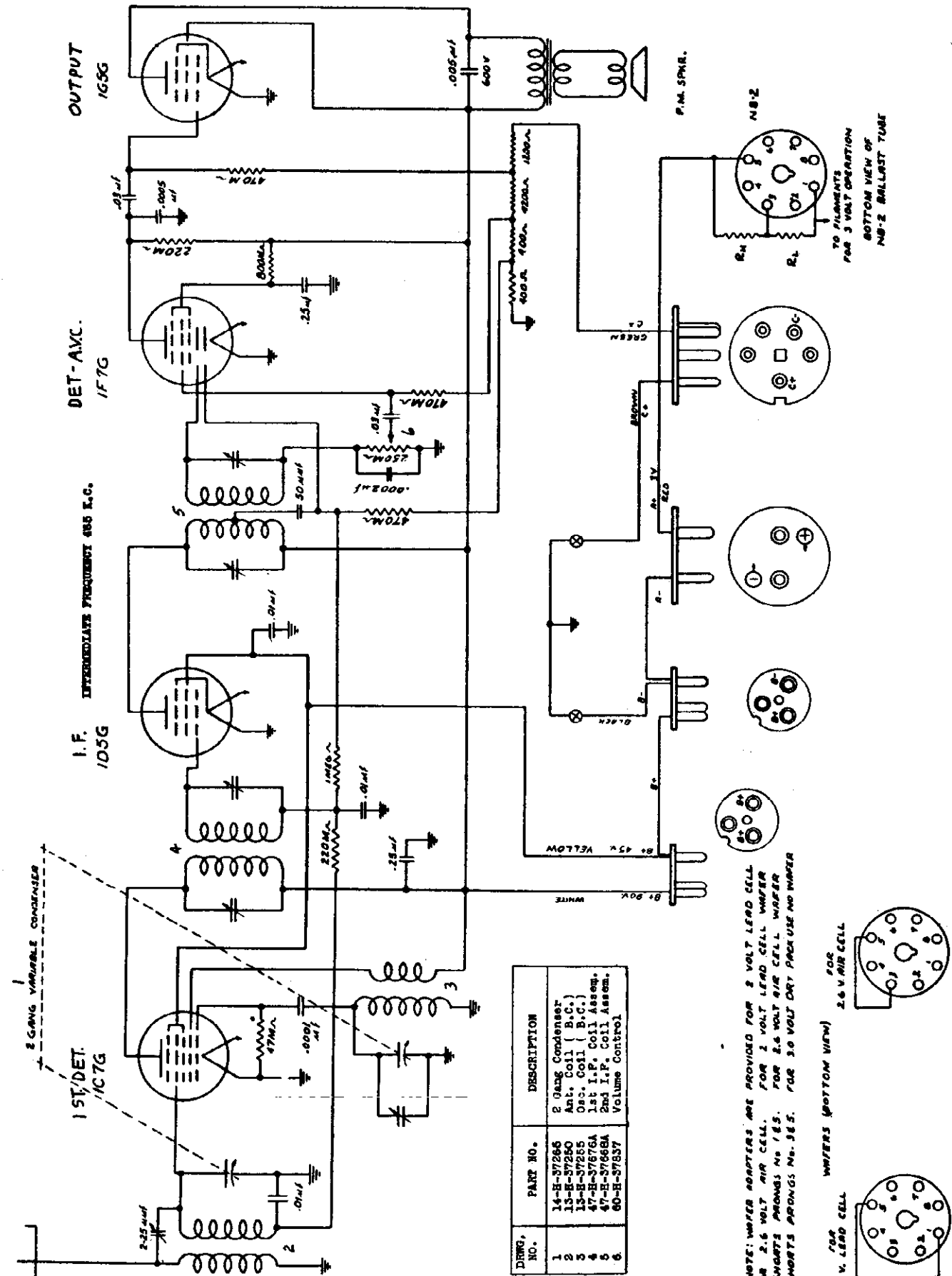
GALVIN MFG. CORP.

Part No.	Description	QTY	Unit Price	Total Price	Notes
4645067	Vibrator				
84A17010	Vibrator Shake	5.50			
82A5728	Electrolytic Condenser Pp	.35			
82A5309	Output Transformer	.75			
82B5308	Power Transformer	1.00			
82A5309	Output Transformer	2.35			
82A5302	"A" Choke & Bracket	.38			
11X2098	I. F. Coil & Shield Assy.	1.35			
2825310	Power Transformer Sub. 82B5308	XXX			
1523832	Instrument Panel Overlay Chrome	.96			
1825244	Volume & Tone Control & Switch	1.60			
1123565	3000 Ohm Coil & Shield Assy.	1.75			
1123579	R. F. Coil & Shield Assy.	2.45			
1123581	Antenna Coil & Shield Assy.	.66			
1123588	Gen. Coil & Leads Assy.	3.45			
82B51175	Speaker of Electro	2.15			
82B51175	Speaker Exchange	5.45			
11234470	Speaker 8A1/2" Electro	5.25			
1123450	Output Pulley & Brake Assy.	2.40			
1123475	Outer Housing	1.70			
1123478	Front Cover	1.90			
1123481	Front Cover & Speaker Assy.				
1123484	Rear Cover Assy.				
1123485	Free Insulator "A" Lead				
82A141	Distributor Suppressor				
82A1195	Fuse 15 Amp 1/2"				
82A1205	Head Wire				
82A1491	Generator Condenser				
82A1461	Amplifier Condenser				
82A1478	Grounding Wiper Curved				
1123498	Fuse Lead Assy 1/2"				
82A2051	Speaker Cabinet Only				
82A2003	Building - 458-2856.343 Of Set Mfg.				
82A2043	Grounding Wiper Brass Chas.				
82A2008	Slide Washer				
1123491	Receiver Accessories Assy				
1123491	Filament Lead Assy				
41A2378	Diatomic Beaking Coil Spring				
82B11	Eyelet 5/16x.100 Blk Hexg. Neg.				
82B28	Eyelet 3/16x.100 Brass Dial Cord				
1123444	Dial Cord Blk Int Pair.				
1123477	Dial Cord Nylon Shaft				
41A11021	Tension Coil Spring Large				
82A11979	Diatomic Beaking & Clip				
82A11954	Ball 6/16x.154 Tub. Neg. Chr. 447				
82A11951	Rubber Ormetum Gang Mfg.				
82A11946	Locking Screw 6-32x1/2" Of Mfg				
41A14759	Tension Coil Spring Dr. Pul.				
14A11858	Diatomic Beaking Contact				
49A14986	Cord Guide Pulley .218 Brass				
57A17015	Brake Shoe Rubber				
56A17924	Knob Washer Velt Vol.				
56A17640	Knob Washer Velt Tun.				
41A14928	Compression Coil Spring P.S. Assy.				
49A21741	Cord Pulley 3/8"				
41A12925	Brake Arm Torque Spring R. H.				
41A12926	Brake Arm Torque Spring L. H.				
1123415	Pulster Assy.				
7823488	Gang Mfg. Bracket Left				
7823490	Gang Mfg. Bracket Right				
7823496	Malite Mounting Bracket				
1123494	Plunger Pedestal & Pulley Assy.				
1123496	Dial Background & Brkkt. Assy.				
1123497	Dial Encutcheon Assy.				
3623495	Tone Control Lever 1A 9/32				
7424990	Tuning Unit Mfg. Brkkt. Strip				
47A2498	Tuning Drive Shaft				
43A2495	Brush Shaft Mfg. Bushing				
1124985	Bracket & Pulleys Assy.				
5623497	Control Knob 3/16"				
3623496	Push Button & Stud				
82A2089	Tubular Condenser .007-400V				
82A210	Tubular Condenser .1-300V				
82A1468	Tubular Condenser .006-100V				
82A2000	Hollow Nica Condenser 800MMK 50V				
82A1504	Condenser Resistor .006-100V100K				
82A1504	Tubular Condenser .05-100V				
82A1496	Tubular Condenser .4-200V				
82A1787	Trimmer & Eye Brkt. Comf.				
82A1785	Antenna Padder Single				
82A2088	Compensating Condenser				
82A2747	Resistor Diode Small				
82A2751	Diode Trimmer L. F.				
82A2740	Tubular Condenser .08-400V				
82A2082	R. F. Trimmer & PerCler				
82A2080	Ceramic Min. Condenser 300MMK 5V				
82A2085	Gen. Padder & Eye Bracket				
82A2084	Tubular Condenser .08-400V				
82A2089	Tubular Condenser .25-100V				
82A208	Carbon Res. 50-1/2x-50 R.I.				
82A2010	Carbon Res. 250-1/2x-50 Ins.				
82A2015	Carbon Res. 35,000-1/2x-50				
82A2019	Carbon Res. 1 Meg-1/2x-50 Ins.				
82A2018	Carbon Res. 470,000-1/2x-50 R.I.				

Prices subject to change without notice.

MODELS 52T, 52Y
Ch.B5-1

GALVIN MFG. CORP.



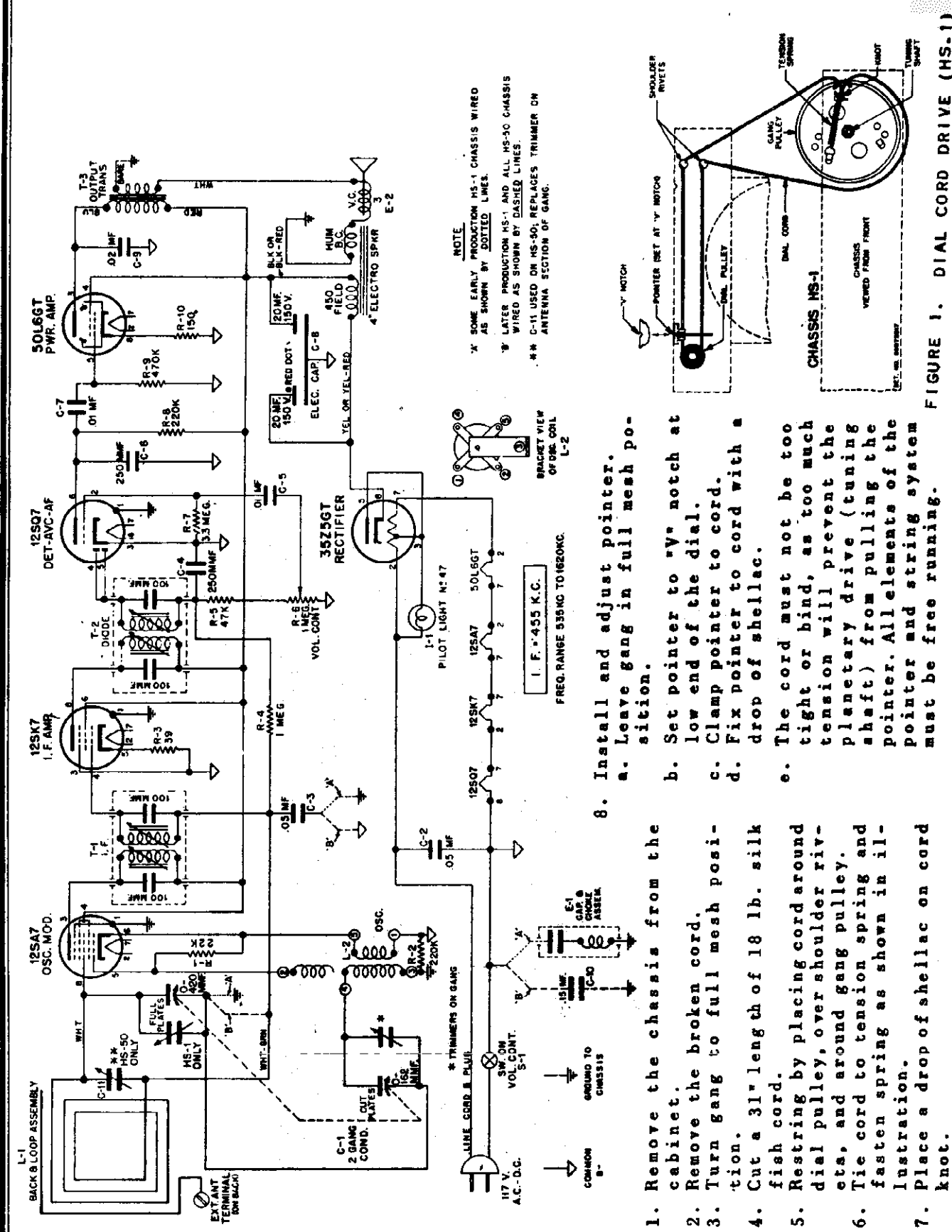
DRWG. NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	14-H-37266	2 Gang Condenser
2	13-B-37260	Ant. Coil (B.C.)
3	13-B-37265	Dec. Coil (B.C.)
4	47-H-37676A	1st I.F. Coil Assem.
5	47-H-37668A	2nd I.F. Coil Assem.
6	60-H-37837	Volume Control

NOTE: WAFER ADAPTERS ARE PROVIDED FOR 2 VOLT LEAD CELL OR 2.6 VOLT AIR CELL. FOR 2 VOLT LEAD CELL WAFER SHORTS PRONGS NO. 1 & 5. FOR 2.6 VOLT AIR CELL WAFER SHORTS PRONGS NO. 5 & 5. FOR 3.0 VOLT DRY PACK USE NO WAFER



GALVIN MFG. CORP.

MODELS 55X11, 55X12, 55X13
Ch. HS-1; 55X11A, 55X12A,
55X13A, Ch. HS-50



NOTE
* SOME EARLY PRODUCTION HS-1 CHASSIS WIRED AS SHOWN BY DOTTED LINES.
* LATER PRODUCTION HS-1 AND ALL HS-30 CHASSIS WIRED AS SHOWN BY DASHED LINES.
** C-11 USED ON HS-50; REPLACES TRIMMER ON ANTENNA SECTION OF GANG.

8. Install and adjust pointer.
 - a. Leave gang in full mesh position.
 - b. Set pointer to "V" notch at low end of the dial.
 - c. Clamp pointer to cord.
 - d. Fix pointer to cord with a drop of shellac.
 - e. The cord must not be too tight or bind, as too much tension will prevent the planetary drive (tuning shaft) from pulling the pointer. All elements of the pointer and string system must be free running.

1. Remove the chassis from the cabinet.
2. Turn the broken cord.
3. Turn gang to full mesh position.
4. Cut a 31" length of 18 lb. silk fish cord.
5. Restring by placing cord around dial pulley, over shoulder rivets, and around gang pulley.
6. Tie cord to tension spring and fasten springs as shown in illustration.
7. Place a drop of shellac on cord knot.

MODELS 55X11,55X12,55X13,
Ch. HS-1

GALVIN MFG. CORP.

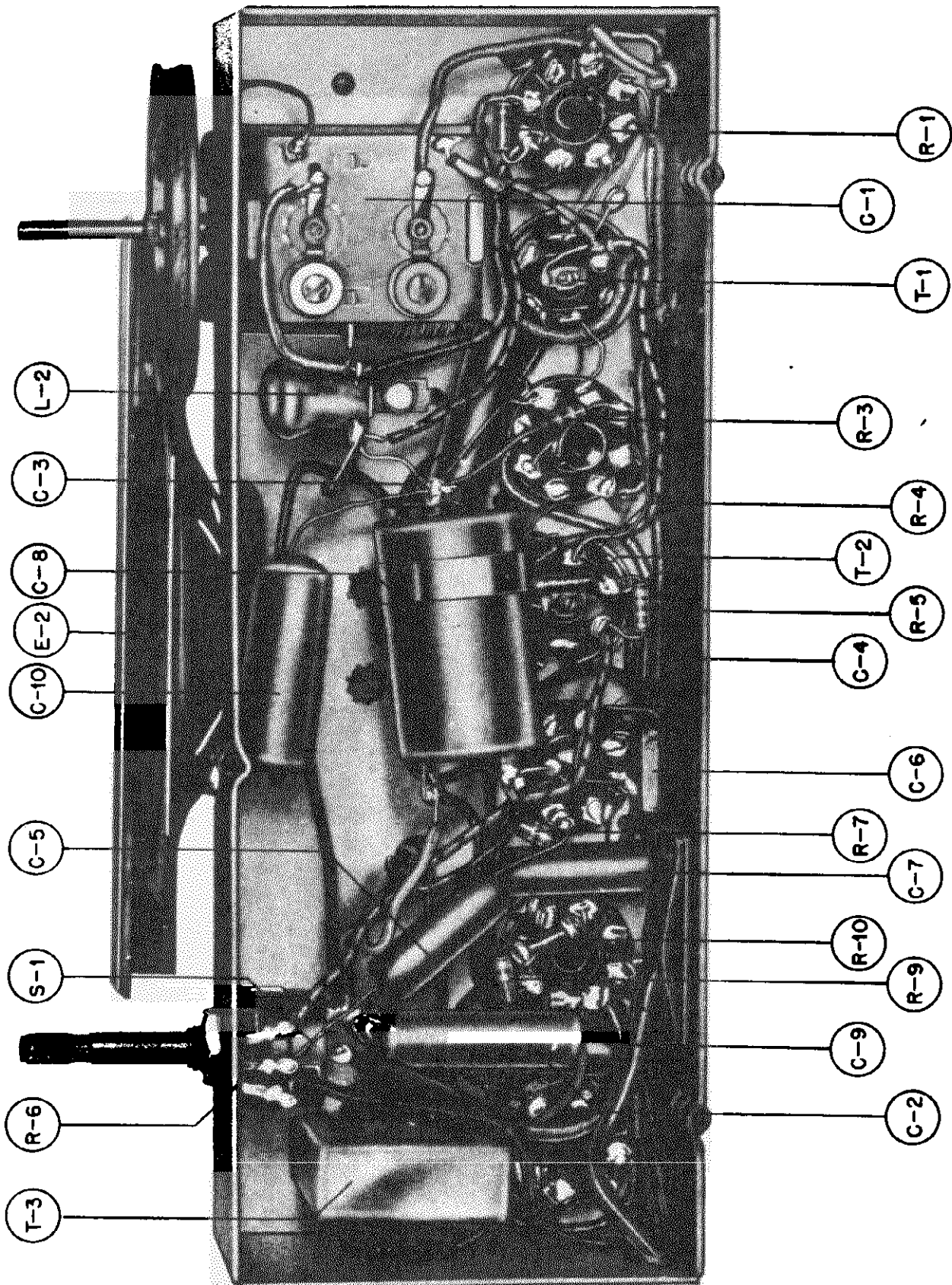


FIGURE 6. BOTTOM VIEW (CHASSIS HS.1)

GALVIN MFG. CORP.

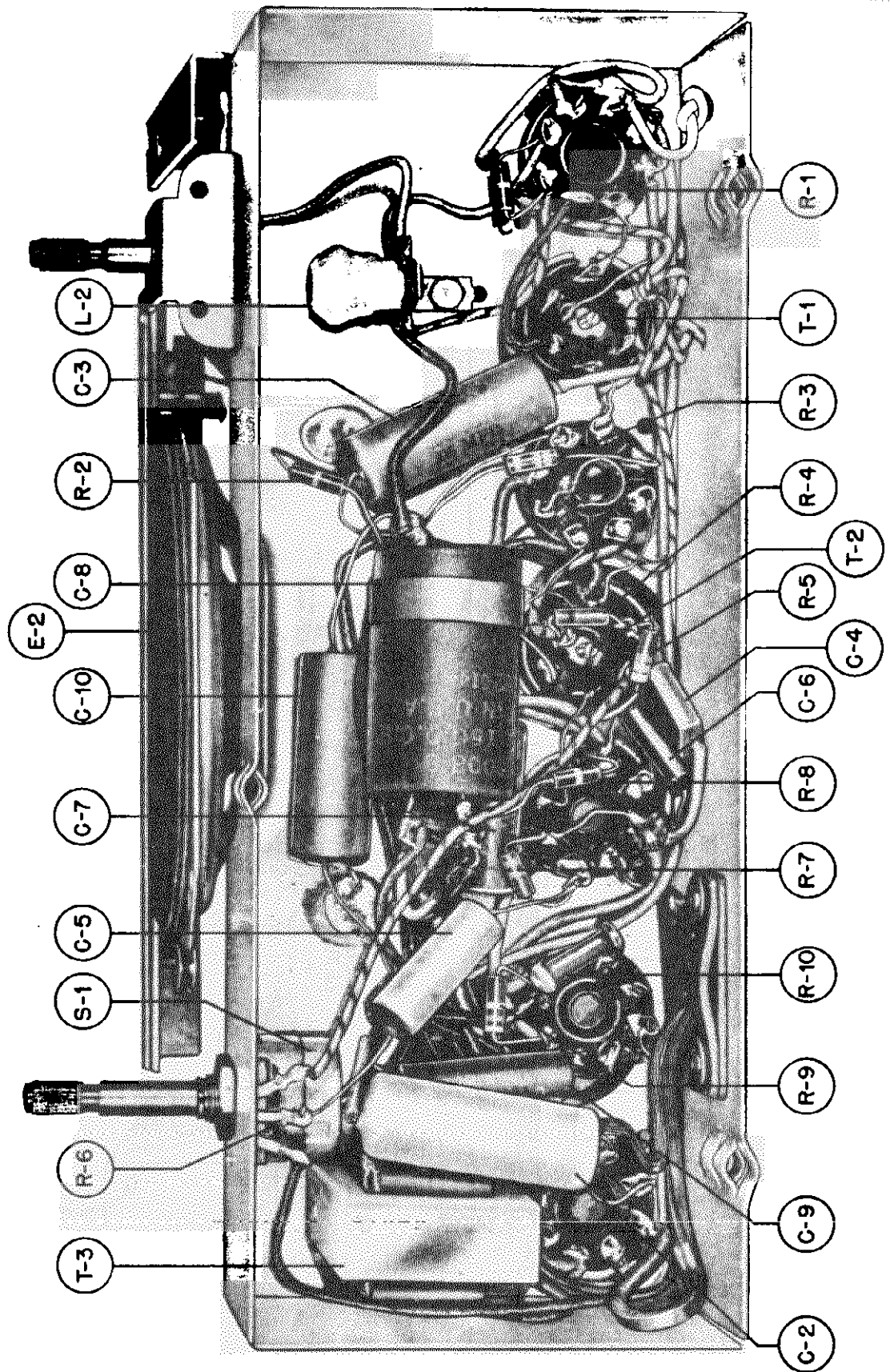


FIGURE 7. BOTTOM VIEW (CHASSIS HS-50)

MODELS 55X11, 55X12, 55X13,
Ch.HS-1; 55X11A, 55X12A,
55X13A, Ch.HS-50

GALVIN MFG. CORP.

ALIGNMENT CHART

Connect output meter across speaker voice coil (.38 V = .05 watt) Volume control set at maximum for all operations. The adjusting screwdriver or alignment tool should be of the insulated type, such as Motorola Part No. 66671008

OPERATIONS IN ORDER
 1. Align I.F. and Diode for Maximum
 2. Set Oscillator to dial scale
 3. Align R.F. for Maximum
 4. Repeat above steps for maximum accuracy.

GEN. CAPACITOR SET AT	DUMMY ANTENNA	GENERATOR TRIMMER AT 400 V TO MODULATED	ADJUST GENERATOR TO I. F. Grid	3000 Microvolts to I. F. Grid
Minimum	.1 mf	Osc. Mod. (Grid & B-)	1-2-3-4	455 Kc
1620 Kc	.1 mf	Osc. Mod. (Grid & B-)	5	1620 Kc
1400 Kc	None	**Reduction	6	1400 Kc

1. Connect output meter across speaker voice coil (.38 V = .05 watt) Volume control set at maximum for all operations. The adjusting screwdriver or alignment tool should be of the insulated type, such as Motorola Part No. 66671008
2. Set Oscillator to dial scale
3. Align R.F. for Maximum
4. Repeat above steps for maximum accuracy.

* A convenient point for connection to B₁ is the common terminal of the electrolytic capacitor, located in the middle of the chassis (bottom).
 ** Connect output of signal generator to a 3" diameter, 3 turn loop. With volume on full, and output meter connected across voice coil, bring loop close enough to receiver loop until output of 50 milliwatts is obtained (.38V on output meter). Vary distance between generator and receiver loops to maintain this output during alignment.

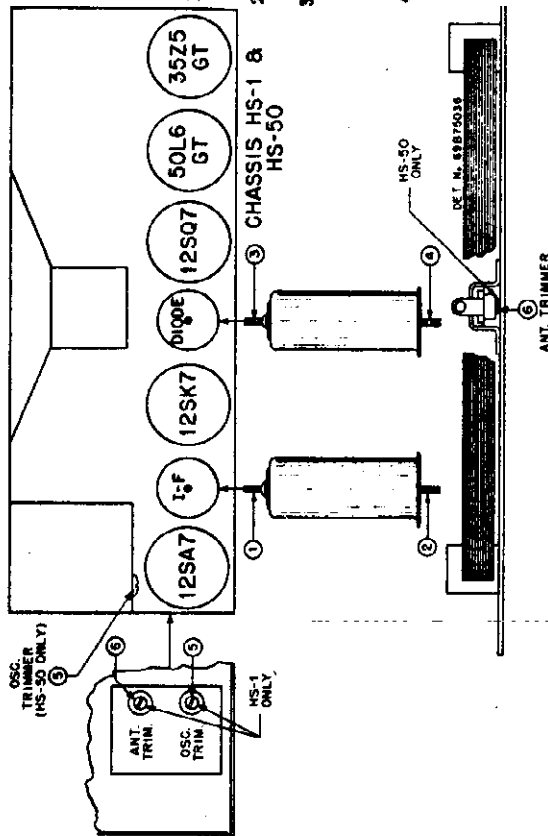
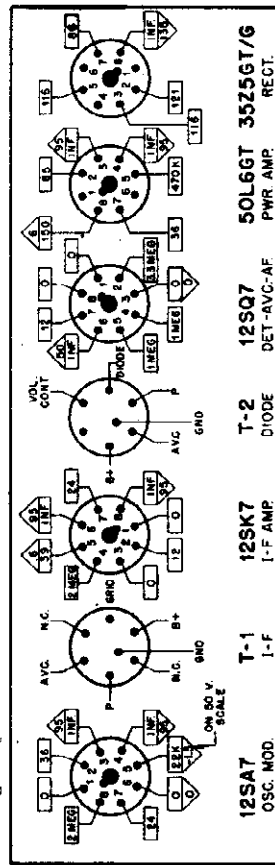


FIGURE 2. TUBE AND TRIMMER LOCATION



NOTE - ALL VOLTAGES MEASURED ON A 20,000 OHM PER VOLT VOLTMETER TO B₁.
 ALL RESISTANCES ARE MEASURED IN OHMS UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED TO B₁.
 K = ONE THOUSAND (1000) OHMS.
 Ω = IS INDICATED BY ∇ ON SCHEMATIC DIAG.

FIGURE 3. VOLTAGE AND RESISTANCE CHART

Chassis HS-1 is used in Models 55X11, 55X12 and 55X13. Chassis HS-50 is used in Models 55X11A, 55X12A and 55X13A. Models differ in cabinet and hardware (see parts list.) Chassis differ in circuit

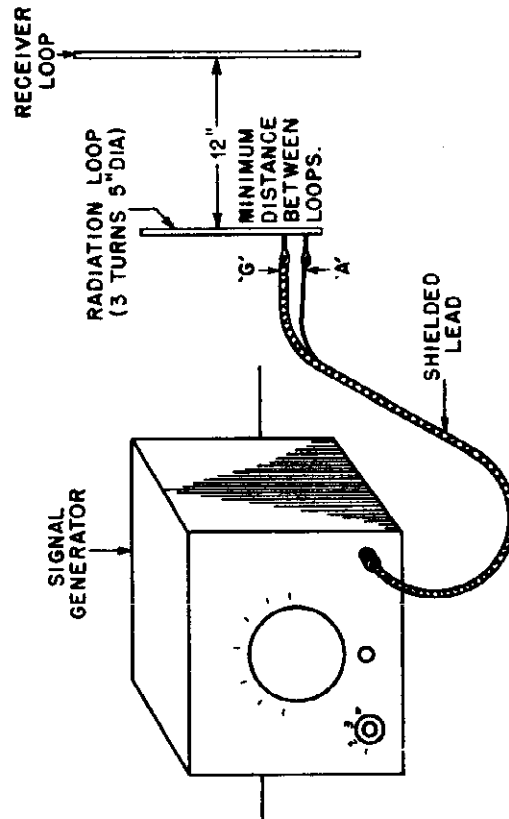


FIGURE 4. METHOD OF RADIATING SIGNAL TO THE RECEIVER

GALVIN MFG. CORP.

EF. PART NO. NO.	DESCRIPTION	LIST	REF. PART NO. NO.	DESCRIPTION	LIST
49A12846	Pulley, Cord: 7/32" groove (dial string 55X11A, 12A & 13A)	.06	887119	Screw, Steel: 6/32 x 1/4 S1 ABRD; Cad.Pl. (Replace gang brkt.)	doz. .25
49A15045	Pulley, Cord: 11/64" groove (dial string 55X11A, 12A & 13A)	doz. .20	887526	Screw, Steel: #8 - 1-1/8 PKA S1 HR; Cad. Pl. (Chassis mtg. 55X15 & 12A)	doz. .20
49A21552	Pulley, Cord: 1/2" groove (dial string)	doz. .20	29A70422	Screw, terminal (loop and back)	doz. .25
or 49A71078			47A72889	Shaft, Tuning (55X11A, 12A & 13A)	.25
5A18996	Rivet, shoulder: .312" Sh; Pol.Nkl. (dial string)	doz. .40	1A71049	Shield and Sleeve Assembly (I.F. & Diode Coils)	.50
5A15045	Rivet, shoulder: .437" Sh; Pol.Nkl. (dial string 55X11A, 12A & 13A)	doz. .20	41A70705	Spring, Coil (used in T1 & T2)	doz. .40
587708	Rivet, Steel: 9/32 x .122; Pol. Nkl. (line cord lock)	per/c .80	41A75619	Spring, Tension Coil (dial cord 55X11A, 12A & 13A)	.06
587707	Rivet, Steel: 5/32 x .122; Pol. Nkl. (tube socket mtg. & C-8 mtg.)	per/c .45	41A22598	Spring, Tension Coil (dial cord 55X11, 12 & 13)	doz. .25
587718	Rivet, Steel: 5/32 x .122; Pol. Nkl. (mounting clip - loop and back)	per/c .45	42A70423	Strap, ground (loop and back)	doz. .25
587718	Rivet, Steel: 3/16 x .122; Ant. Cop. (Terminal strip mtg. loop)	per/c .45	35A70074	Strip, Dial background	.20
34B74430	Scale, dial: glass (55X11A, 12A & 13A)	.60	31K18026	Strip, terminal: 2 Ins. #2 Mtg; 5/8" (loop and back 55X11, 12 & 13)	.06
34B70435	Scale, dial: glass (55X11, 12 & 13)	.45	45A72766	Stud, TRIMOUNT; Black	
387401	Screw, Steel: #2 x 3/8 PHENIX; Ant. Cop. (55X15 & 55X13A dial brkt. mtg.)	.25	9A70070	Socket, Pilot Light and Leads	.25
387506	Screw, Steel: #6 x 1/4 PKZ P1 HR; Cad. Pl. (gang cover and L-2 mtg.)	per/c .50	9A6790	Socket, tube; octal; (for 35Z5, 50L6, 188A7, & 125Q7)	.15
387531	Screw, Steel: 6-32 x 5/8 S1 PHENIX; Cad. Pl. (gang mtg. 55X11, 12 & 13)	per/c .45	or 9A6787 or 9A6788		
388117	Screw, Steel: #8 x 1 PEEP S1 HRM; Ant. Cop. (Chassis mtg. 55X11, 12, 11A & 12A)	doz. .20	9A6792	Socket, tube: octal; (for 68K7)	.15
			or 9A70165		
			481770	Washer, brass: .385-.234-.025 (gang mtg. 55X11, 12 & 13)	
			4A70015	Washer #0 (Tuning shaft 55X11A, 12A & 13A)	per/c .70
			4K22505	Washer, paper: 11/16 x 17/64 x 1/32 (under knobs 55X12A)	doz. .20
			35X70460	Washer, paper: 11/16 x 9/64 x 1/32 (used under tuning knob 55X11, 12 & 13)	per/c .95
			55X19945	Washer, paper: 11/16 x 17/64 x 1/32 (used under knobs 55X11A 12A and under volume control 55X11, 12 & 13)	per/c .60
			32A20675	Washer, spacer: 3/8-.171-.062 (Chassis mtg. 55X11 & 12)	per/c .50
			488204	Washer, Steel: 1"-.203-.087; Cop.Pl. Chassis mtg. 55X13 & 13A only)	doz. .25
			481719	Washer, Steel: 3/8-.140-.080; Cad.Pl. (Line cord lock mtg.)	per/c .55

Prices Subject to Change Without Notice

1. Remove the chassis from the cabinet.
2. Remove the broken cord.
3. Turn gang to full mesh position.
4. Cut a 27" length of 18 lb. silk fish cord.
5. Replace new cord as follows:
 - a. Tie one end of cord to tension spring on gang pulley.
 - b. Make one complete turn around gang pulley in a counter-clockwise direction.
 - c. Route the cord under and over shoulder rivets #1 and #2.
 - d. Route the cord the length of dial scale, around the dial pulley, and over shoulder rivet #3.
 - e. Make 3-1/2 turns around the tuning shaft in a counter-clockwise direction.
 - f. Place cord over the bracket pulley and shoulder rivet #4 to the gang pulley.
 - g. Place cord around the gang pulley counter-clockwise to the tension spring and tie. Place a drop of shellac on the cord knots.
- Install and adjust pointer.
 - a. Leave gang in full mesh position.
 - b. Set pointer to "V" notch at low end of the dial.
 - c. Clamp pointer to cord.
 - d. Fix pointer to cord with a drop of shellac or household cement.

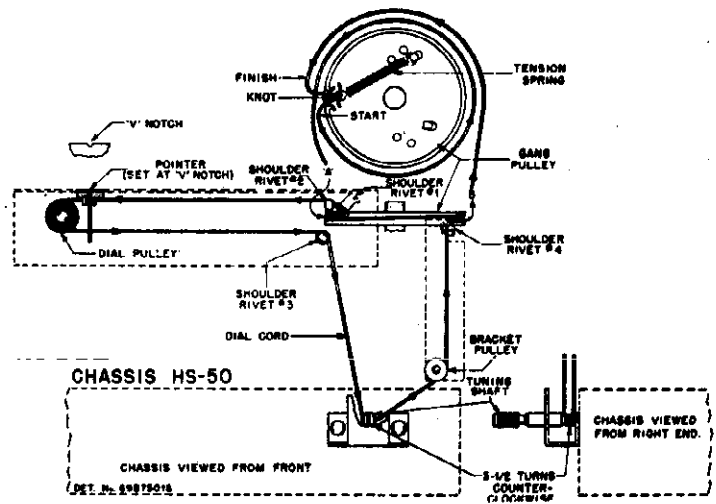
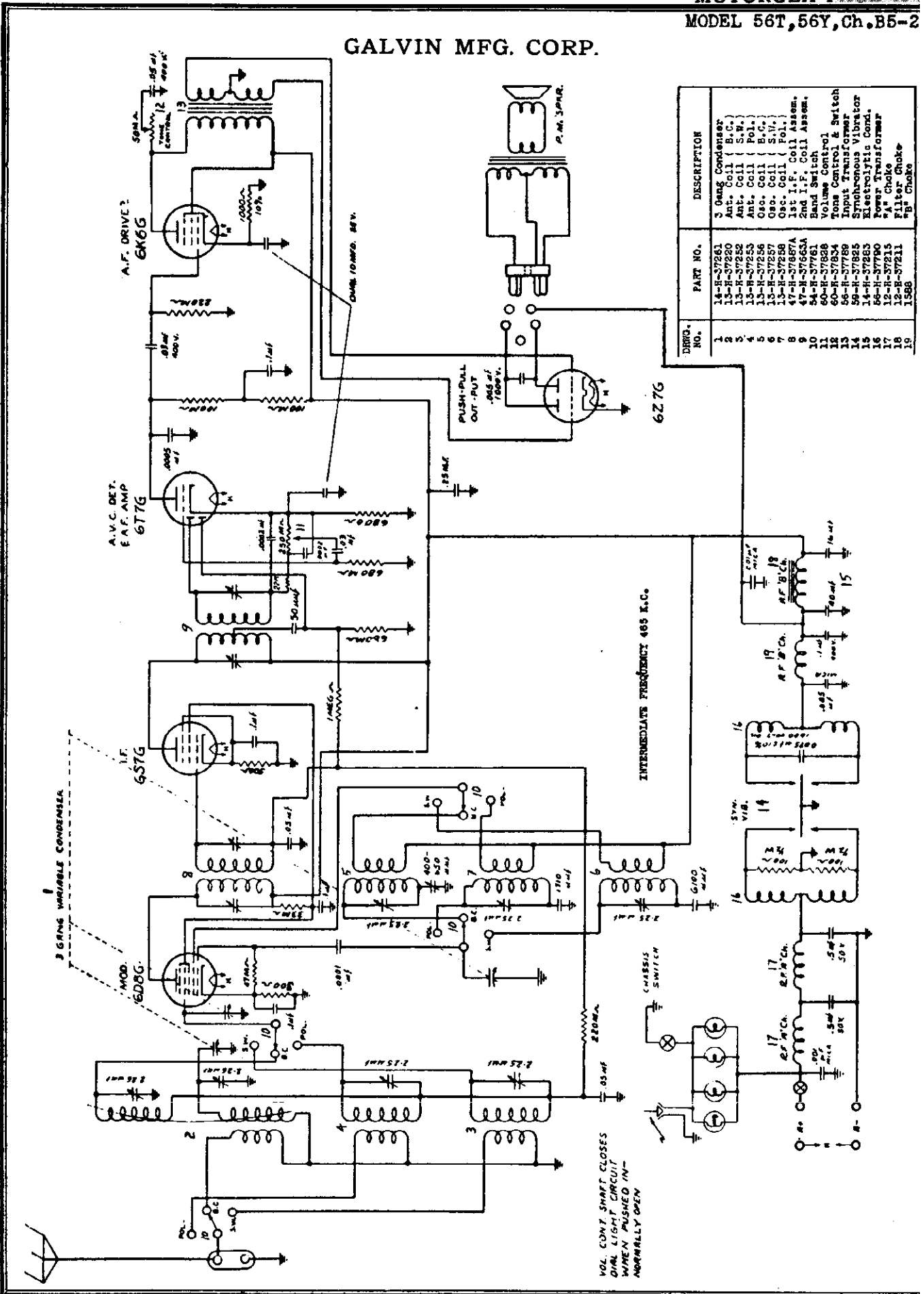


FIGURE 3. DIAL CORD DRIVE (HS-50)

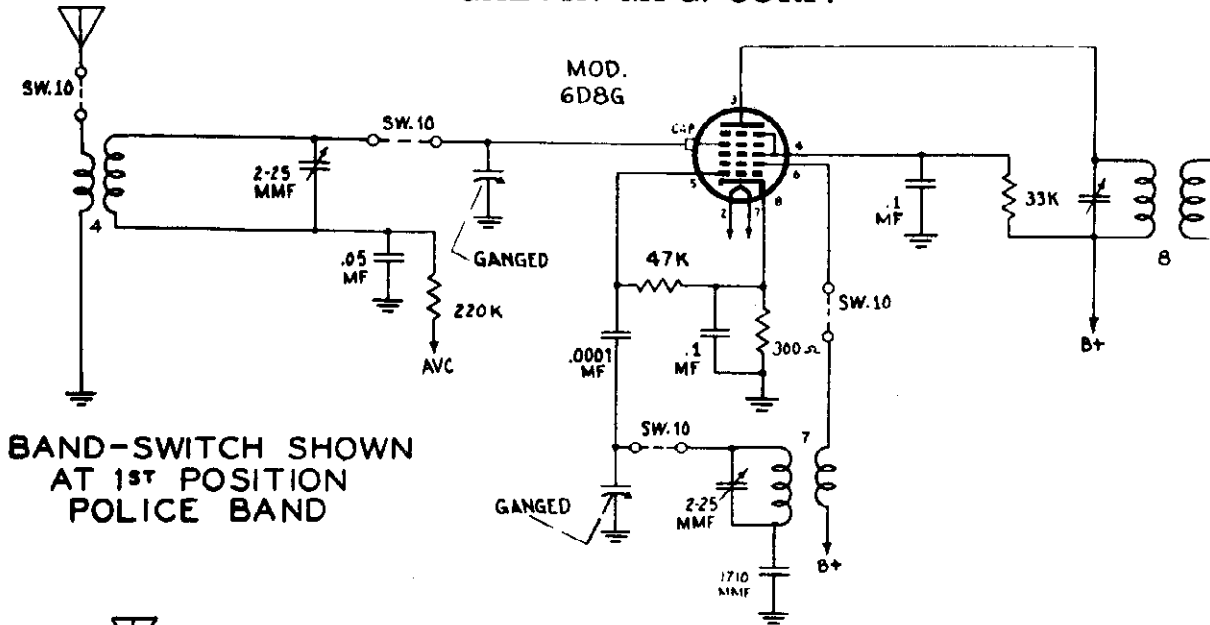
GALVIN MFG. CORP.



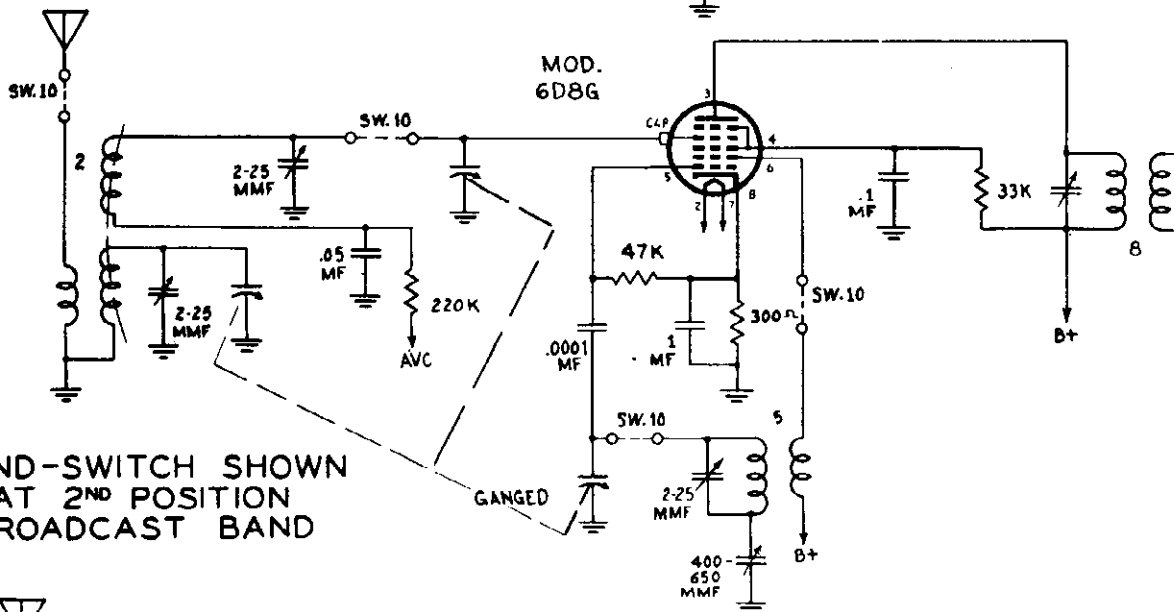
DRWG. NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	14-H-37261	3 Gang Condenser
2	13-H-37220	Ant. Coil (B.C.)
3	13-H-37252	Ant. Coil (S.W.)
4	13-H-37253	Ant. Coil (Pol.)
5	13-H-37256	Osc. Coil (B.C.)
6	13-H-37257	Osc. Coil (S.W.)
7	13-H-37258	Osc. Coil (Pol.)
8	47-H-37687A	1st I.F. Coil Assem.
9	54-H-37663A	2nd I.F. Coil Assem.
10	49-H-37761	Band Switch
11	60-H-37828	Volume Control
12	60-H-37824	Tone Control & Switch
13	56-H-37789	Input Transformer
14	56-H-37825	Synchronous Vibrator
15	14-H-37823	Electrolytic Cond.
16	66-H-37790	Power Transformer
17	12-H-37215	A Choke
18	15-H-37211	Filter Choke
19	1588	Choke

"clarified schematics"

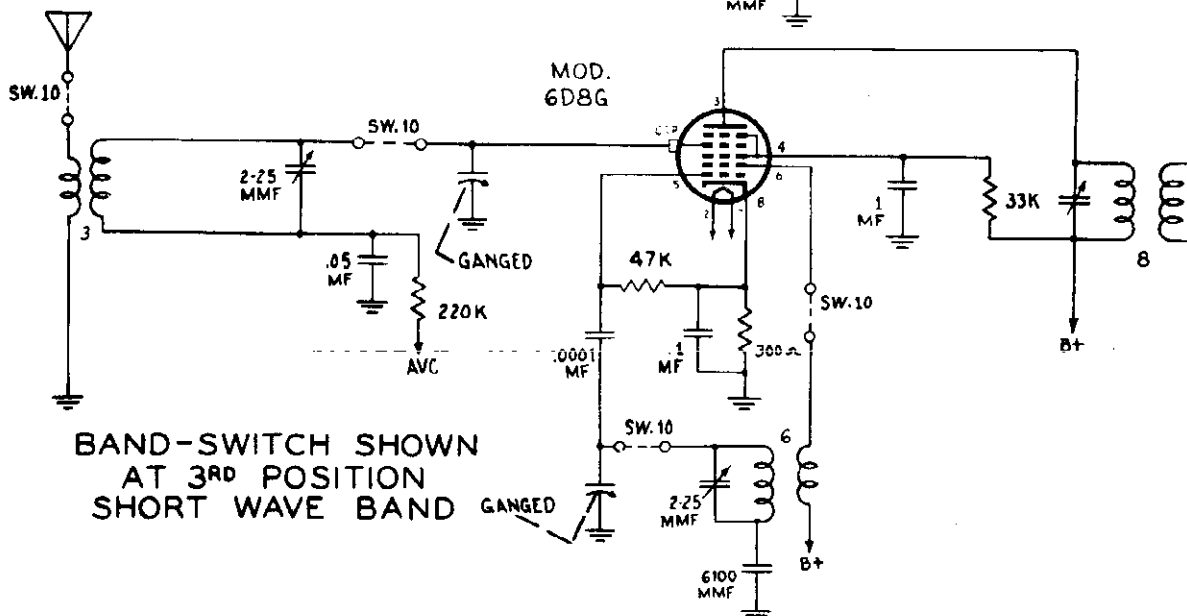
GALVIN MFG. CORP.



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN AT 1ST POSITION
POLICE BAND



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN AT 2ND POSITION
BROADCAST BAND



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN AT 3RD POSITION
SHORT WAVE BAND

GALVIN MFG. CORP.

SOCKET VOLTAGES

Tube	Position	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9-Top Grid
6D8G	1st det.-osc.	0	6	150	70	-7.5	150	0	2.0	0
6S7G	I. F.	0	6	150	70	2.6	.....	0	2.6	0
6T7G	2nd det.-AVC	X	6	75	0	0	X	0	.8	0
6K9G	A. F.	X	6	145	150	0	.....	0	12	.....
6Z7G	Output	X	6	160	0	0	180	0	0	.....

"X" indicates socket terminals used as dummy tie points.

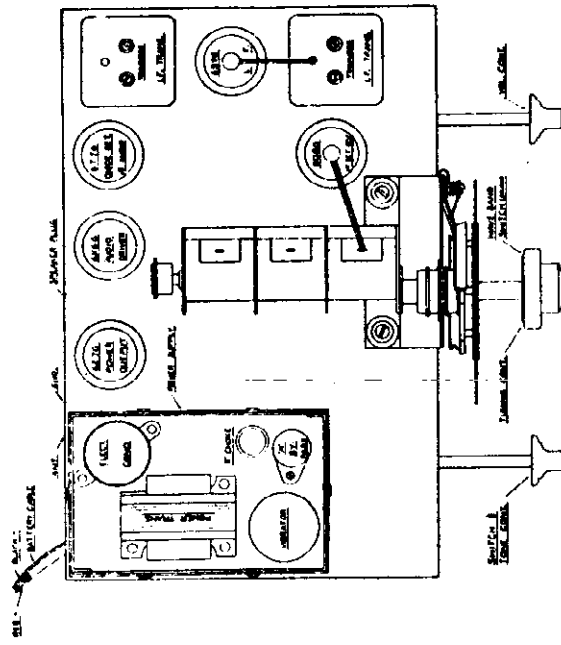
All voltages measured from point indicated to chassis ground, using 1000 ohms per volt meter.

Battery voltage 6.

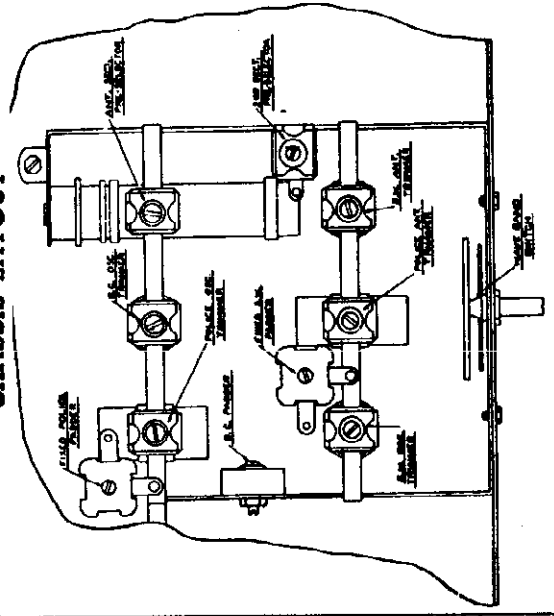
Battery drain 2.5 amps. at no signal.

Maximum power output 3 watts.

BAND COVERAGE
 American Programs 540-1720 KC
 Police and Aircraft 2200-7000 KC
 Foreign Programs 7,000-22,000 KC



CHASSIS LAYOUT



ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE Connect signal generator to control grid of first detector tube (6D8G) through a .05 MF condenser, and to chassis. Do not remove grid cap. Also connect output meter across speaker voice coil. Turn band switch to "American Programs" position. Turn condenser gang completely out of mesh.

Set signal generator at 465 K.C. and carefully adjust the four I.F. trimmers (located in top of I.F. coils) to point showing highest reading on output meter.

Leave band switch in "American Programs" position. Connect signal generator to antenna and ground terminals using a .0002 MF condenser in antenna lead.

Set signal generator and receiver dial both at 1700 K.C. Adjust B.C. OSC. trimmer until 1700 K.C. signal is heard.

Set signal generator at 1400 K.C. and turn condenser gang to the signal at 1400 K.C. Adjust antenna section and second section of preselector trimmers to point showing highest reading on output meter.

Set signal generator at 600 K.C. and rock pointer at 600 K.C. position on dial scale, while adjusting B.C. podder, until combination is found which gives highest output reading. (Note: If there is noise level at 600 K.C., podder can be adjusted to maximum noise without rocking gang and without use of signal generator. (Use short wire for pick-up if necessary.)

Turn band switch to "Police and Aircraft" position. Replace .0002 MF condenser in signal generator antenna lead with a 400 ohm carbon resistor.

Set signal generator and receiver dial both at 7.0 MC. Adjust POLICE OSC. trimmer until 7.0 MC signal is heard.

Set signal generator at 5.8 MC and turn condenser gang to signal at 5.8 MC. Adjust POLICE ANT. trimmer to point giving greatest output reading, while slightly rocking condenser gang.

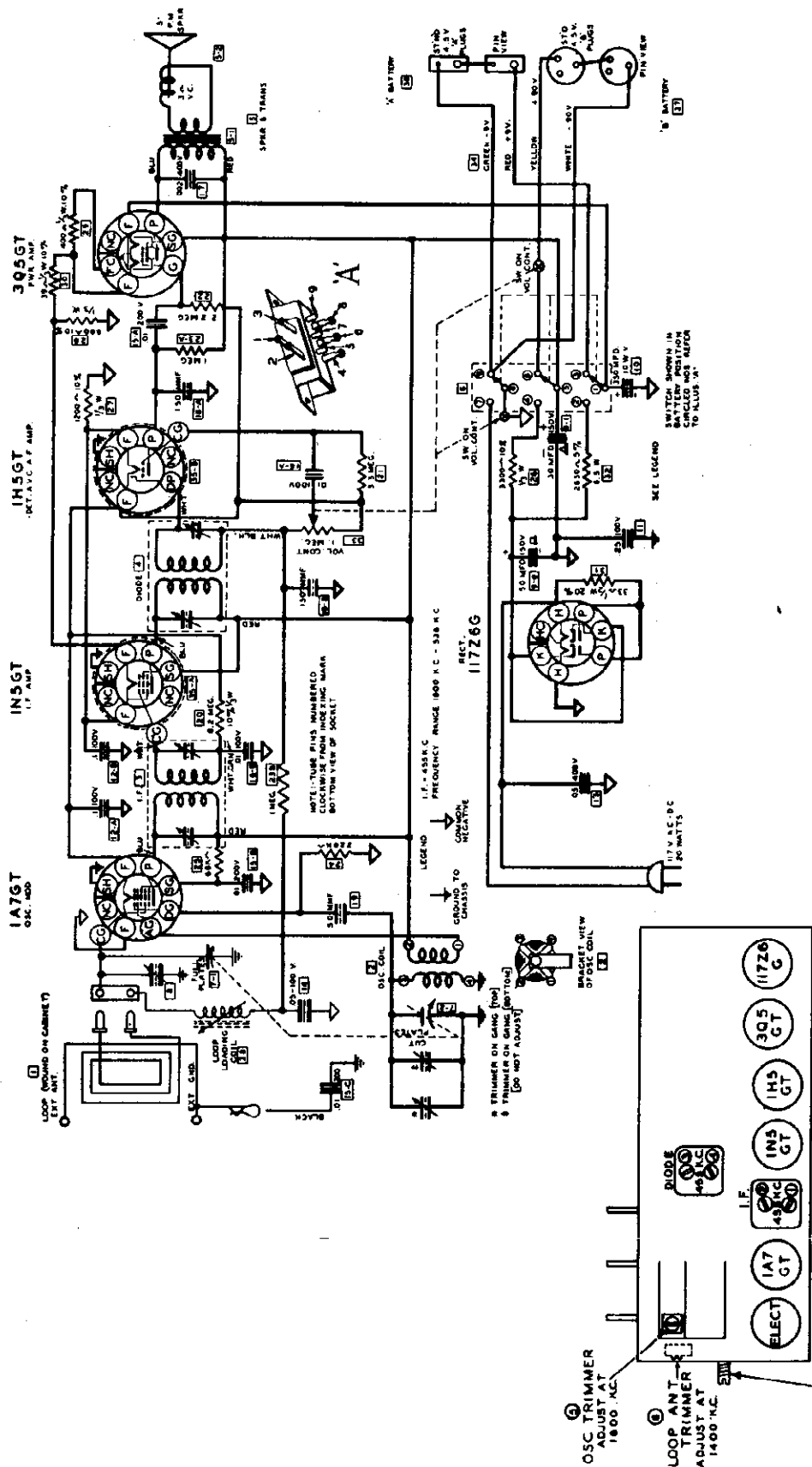
Turn band switch to "Foreign Programs" position, still using 400 ohm carbon resistor in antenna lead to signal generator.

Set signal generator and receiver dial both at 22.0 MC. Adjust SW OSC. trimmer until 22.0 MC signal is heard.

Set signal generator at 18.7 MC. and turn condenser gang to signal at 18.7 MC. Adjust SW ANT. trimmer to point giving greatest output reading, while slightly rocking condenser gang.

MODELS 57BP1A, 57BP2A,
57BP3A, 57BP4A

GALVIN MFG. CORP.



ALIGNMENT CHART MODELS 57BP1A, 2A, 3A, and 4A

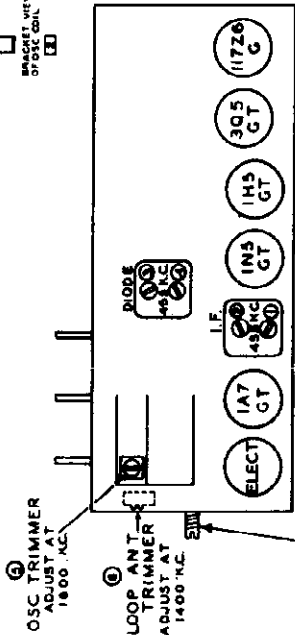
OPERATIONS IN ORDER	GANG CONDENSER SET AT	DUMMY ANTENNA	GENERATOR CONNECTED TO	ADJUST TRIMMERS NO.	GENERATOR SET AT
1	Minimum 1600 K.C.	.1 Mfd.	Osc.-Mod. Grid	1-2-3-4	455 K.C.
2	Minimum 1600 K.C.	200 Mmf.	External Ant.	5	1600 K.C.
3	1400 K.C.	200 Mmf.	External Ant.	6	1400 K.C.
4	600 K.C.	200 Mmf.	External Ant.	7	600 K.C.

Volume Control Set at Maximum

LOOP ANT. ADJUSTMENT
ADJUST AT 600 K.C.

POSTION	VALUE CHART	PLATE	SCREEN	BIAS
Osc.-Mod.	48	48	1.1	
I.F.	85	85	2.7	
Det.-A.V.C.	35	-	2.5	
Power	65	67	0.5	
Rect.	-	325	-	

Line Voltage - 117 Volts A.C.
All voltages measured from socket terminal to common negative using 500 Ohm per volt meter.



DETAIL NO 68A28277

GALVIN MFG. CORP.

SENSITIVITY AND STAGE GAIN MEASUREMENTS MODELS 57BPLA, 2A, 3A, and 4A

Average Microvolt Input *	Generator Set At	Generator Feeder Connected to	Dummy Antenna Capacity	Leak Resistance	Output Meter Reading **
4200	455	I.F. Grid	.1 Mfd.	.5 Meg	.38
85	455	Mod. Grid	.1 Mfd.	.5 Meg	.38
95	600	Mod. Grid	.1 Mfd.	.5 Meg	.38
26	600	Ant. Terminal	200 Mmf.	None	.38

Volume Control Set at Maximum
* .05 Watts = .38 Volts

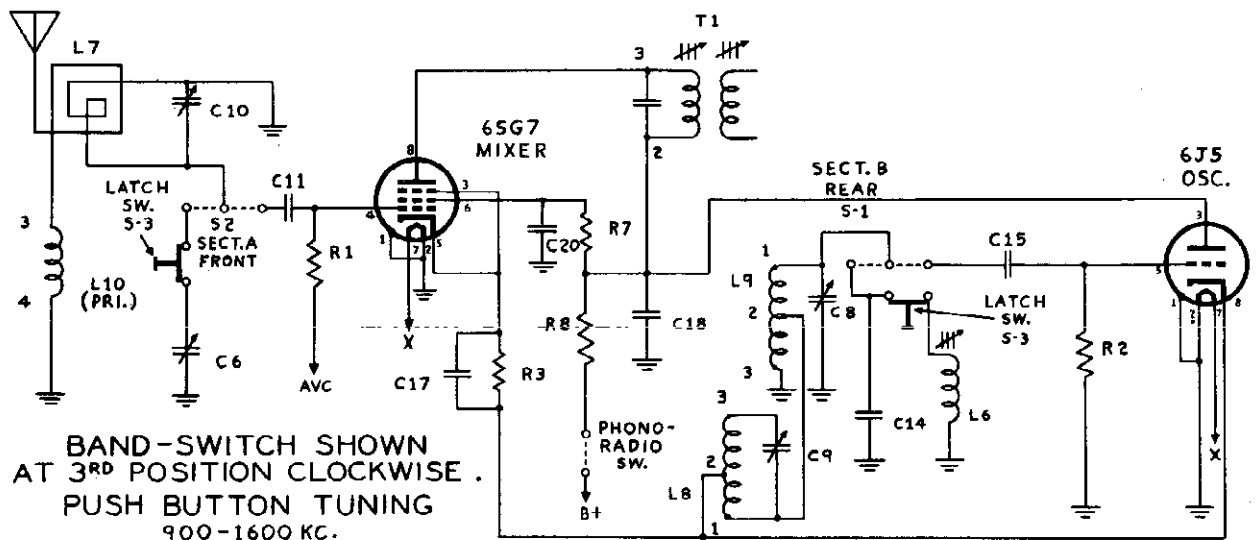
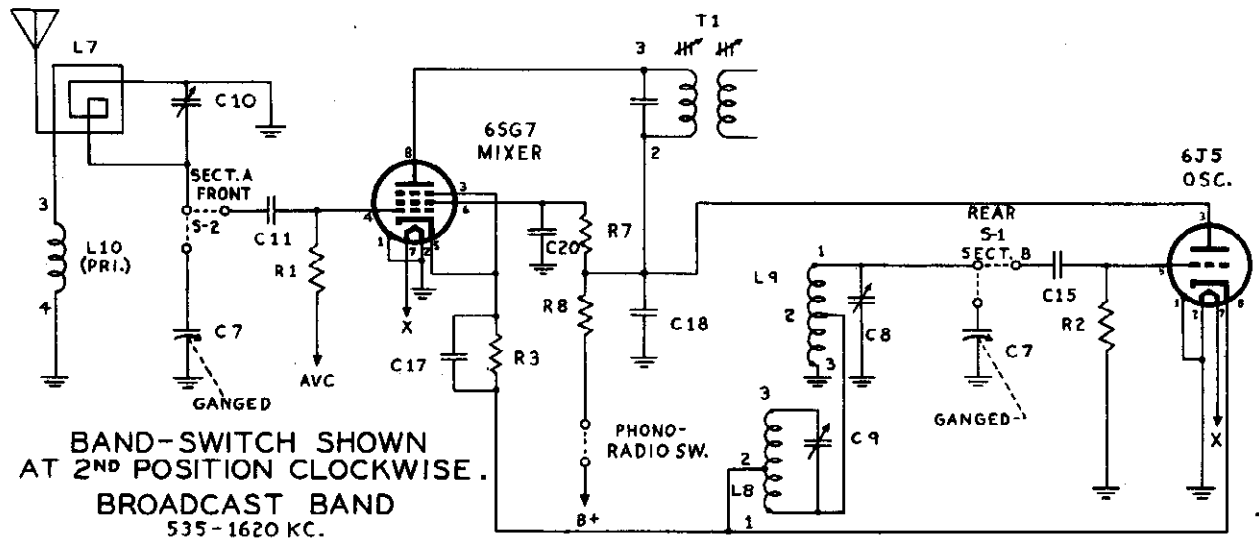
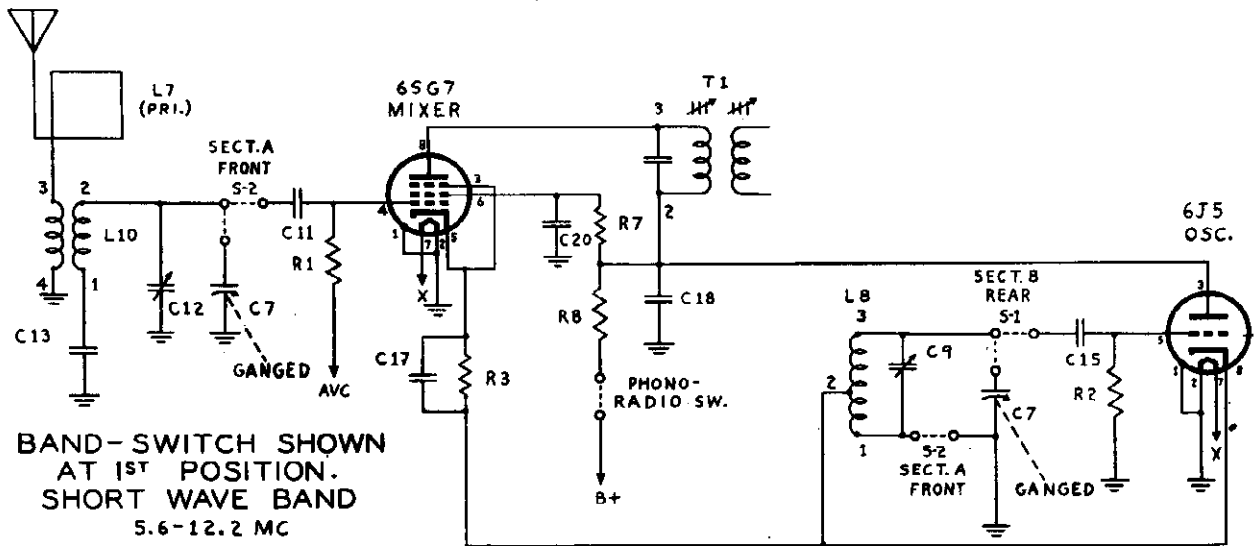
** Output meter connected across voice coil.

MODELS 57BPA1, 2, 3, 4 PARTS PRICE LIST

DRWG. NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	LIST	DRWG. NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	LIST
MAJOR PARTS				CONDENSERS (Cont'd.)			
6	1X20289	Slider Switch & Bracket Assembly	\$0.55	13	8S9816	Tubular Condenser .05-400v.	\$0.16
10	23A20318	Elect. Cond. & Strap 350-10v.50	17	8S9824	Tubular Condenser .002-400v.1C
9	23A20324	Elect. Condenser FP80	15	8S9825	Tubular Condenser .01-200v.1C
33	18K20339	Vol. Control & Switch 1 meg85		20A20321	I.F. Trimmer - Small2F
7	1X20506	Gang & Pulley Assembly.	1.85		20A20323	Diode Trimmer - Small3C
	19B20507	Variable Condenser - Subs. 1X20506XXX	8	20A22796	Trimmer & Bracket - 6 mmf1F
4	1X20586	Diode Coil & Shield Assembly.	1.35	RESISTORS			
3	1X20588	I.F. Coil & Shield Assembly	1.40	24	6B6003	Carbon Resistor 220,000-1/3-20 N.I.6C
2	24A23746	Osc. Coil (Wht-Brn) Ceramic35	29	6B6025	Carbon Resistor 400-1/3-10 N.I.6C
38	1X22831	Coil Core & Bracket Assembly - Loop50	22	6B6049	Carbon Resistor 2.2 meg-1/3-20 N.I.6C
5	50B22836	Speaker & Output Transformer.	4.20	31	6B6087	Carbon Resistor 33-1/2-20 N.I.6C
		Speaker Exchange.	2.45	23	6B6071	Carbon Resistor 1 meg-1/3-20 N.I.6C
5-1	25K22838	Output Transformer.85	28	6B6073	Carbon Resistor 680-1/3-10 N.I.6C
				25	6B6125	Carbon Resistor 68,000-1/3-20 N.I.6C
CABINET PARTS				21	6B6179	Carbon Resistor 3.3 meg-1/3-20 N.I.6C
	7A14345	Zee Bracket - Cab. BackDOZ. .90	27	6B6198	Carbon Resistor 1200-1/3-10 N.I.6C
	7A15254	Back Mounting Bracket05	26	6B6242	Carbon Resistor 3300-1/3-10 N.I.6C
	55K15738	Handle Clasp - Cop. Oxd20	30	6B6283	Carbon Resistor 39-1/3-106C
	55K16551	Female Latch CO - #3,4A15	20	6B6297	Carbon Resistor 8.2 meg.-1/3-10 N.I.6C
	55K16575	Male Latch - #3,4A.20	32	17A20578	W.W. Resistor 2650-6.5-5.44
	37A16614	Rubber FootDOZ. .25	SCREWS, WASHERS etc.			
	36A20315	Control Knob (Ivory) Plain - #4A. . . . .	.10	4A1957	Cee Washer .093 CP - Tun. Shaft . . . . .	.DOZ. .14
	7A20375	Battery Retainer Bracket - Long . . . . .	.05	287003	Nut 8-32x11/32 Hex CP . . . . .	.PER C. .54
	32B20591	Speaker Baffle - Card Board . . . . .	.DOZ. .30	287050	Nut 6-32 CP - Switch. . . . .	.PER C. .54
	64B20582	Speaker Screen - Plain. . . . .	.15	387155	Screw 6-32x3/16 CP - Gang Brkt. . . . .	.PER C. .34
	36K20609	Control Knob (Ivory) Marked - #4A . . . . .	.10	387205	Screw 8-32x1/4 CP - Spkr. . . . .	.PER C. .98
	36K20610	Control Knob (walnut) Marked - #1,2,3A. . . . .	.10	387247	Lockscrew 8-32 CP - Gang Brkt . . . . .	.PER C. 1.04
	36K20611	Control Knob (walnut) Plain - #1,2,3A . . . . .	.10	387248	Screw 8-32 CP - Dial. . . . .	.PER C. .44
	55K20885	Strap Handle - Flat . . . . .	.25	387271	Screw 8-32 Brz. - Cab. Back . . . . .	.PER C. .74
	35B21021	Grill Cloth . . . . .	.15	387437	Screw 5x3/8 RHWS CO . . . . .	.DOZ. .31
	16D22724	Cabinet (Portable) Cpt. - #3A	9.00	387454	Screw 8x1/4 CP. . . . .	.DOZ. .28
	16K22728	Cabinet (Portable) Cpt. - #4A	9.00	387457	Screw 8x7/8 CP - Chassis Mtg. . . . .	.DOZ. .28
	1X22788	Back & Brackets Assembly - #1,3A. . . . .	.55	387475	Screw 8x1/4 CP - Cord Guard . . . . .	.PER C. .68
	1X22792	Back & Brackets Assembly - #2,4A. . . . .	.55	387506	Screw 6x1/4 CP - Coil Mtg. . . . .	.PER C. .54
	16K22860	Cabinet (Portable) Cpt. - #1A.	6.50	387507	Screw 8x5/8 CP - Gang Mtg. . . . .	.PER C. .74
	16K22823	Cabinet (Portable) Cpt. - #2A.	6.50	387528	Screw 8x3/8 CO - Bat. Brkt. . . . .	.PER C. .64
	56K22865	Packing Carbon & Fillers - #3,4A. . . . .	.40	487597	Washer 7/16 CP - Dial . . . . .	.PER C. .34
	56K223002	Packing Carton & Fillers - #1,2A. . . . .	.30	3K21134	Speaker Mtg. Screw 8-32x3/4 CP. . . . .	.PER C. .84
DIAL & DRIVE				MISCELLANEOUS			
	587805	Snap-In Eyelet CP - Dial. . . . .	.PER C. .70	29B5207	Soldering Lug - Gang Mtg. . . . .	.PER C. .48
	11M8944	Dial Cord 18# Black 18" . . . . .	.YARD .05	29B5209	Dumbbell Lug - Cab . . . . .	.PER C. 1.04
	37A12691	Rubber Grommet - Gang Mtg. . . . .	.DOZ. .25	29B5248	Soldering Lug - Bent - Cab. . . . .	.PER C. .74
	41A14244	Dial Cord Tension Spring. . . . .	.DOZ. .40	42B5480	Grid Clip - Small - Collar Grip . . . . .	.DOZ. .14
	7A14610	Tuning Shaft Bracket. . . . .	.05	42B5526	Fahnestock Clip #15 Bronze - Cab. . . . .	.PER C. .84
	49A14641	Cord Pulley 2" Cop. Pl. . . . .	.05	9B8738	Tube Socket - Saddle Octal. . . . .	.14
	7B16748	Gang Mtg. Bracket . . . . .	.10	28X12250	Three Prong Battery Plug. . . . .	.04
	5A19658	Eyelet Cop. Pl. - Gang Mtg. . . . .	.DOZ. .40	42K13135	Cable Clamp . . . . .	.DOZ. .14
	47K20340	Tuning Shaft 1 & 11/64. . . . .	.10	28X14760	Bantam Tube Shield. . . . .	.04
	38A20612	"Off" Indicator Button. . . . .	.06	31A15433	Terminal Strip 1 Ins. #2 Mtg. . . . .	.04
	52K20667	Dial Pointer (Double) Molded. . . . .	.19	9A15642	Two Prong Receptacle. . . . .	.14
	61K22389	Dial Crystal. . . . .	.20	36X15757	Plug Button 19/64x25/64 CO. . . . .	.DOZ. .34
	34B22758	Dial Scale. . . . .	.15	42A17040	Line Cord Clamp . . . . .	.04
	1X22917	Dial Plate & Bracket Assembly . . . . .	.10	7A20317	Switch Mounting Bracket - V.C. . . . .	.DOZ. .14
CONDENSERS					30B20329	Line Cord & Small Plug - 6 Ft34
19	21B6503	Molded Mica Condenser 50mmf-20% . . . . .	.15	28A20361	Two-Pin Plug Base . . . . .	.DOZ. .34
18	21B6506	Molded Mica Condenser 150mmf-20%. . . . .	.15	14A20579	Slider Switch Insulator Strip . . . . .	.DOZ. .34
16	8S9801	Tubular Condenser .01-100v. . . . .	.10	32B20583	Line Cord Guard - Fibre . . . . .	.14
14	8S9805	Tubular Condenser .05-100v.15		1X20592	Battery Cable Assembly.24
11	8S9810	Tubular Condenser .25-100v.20		1X22787	Bottom Cover & Bracket Assembly34
12	8S9814	Tubular Condenser .1-100v.15				

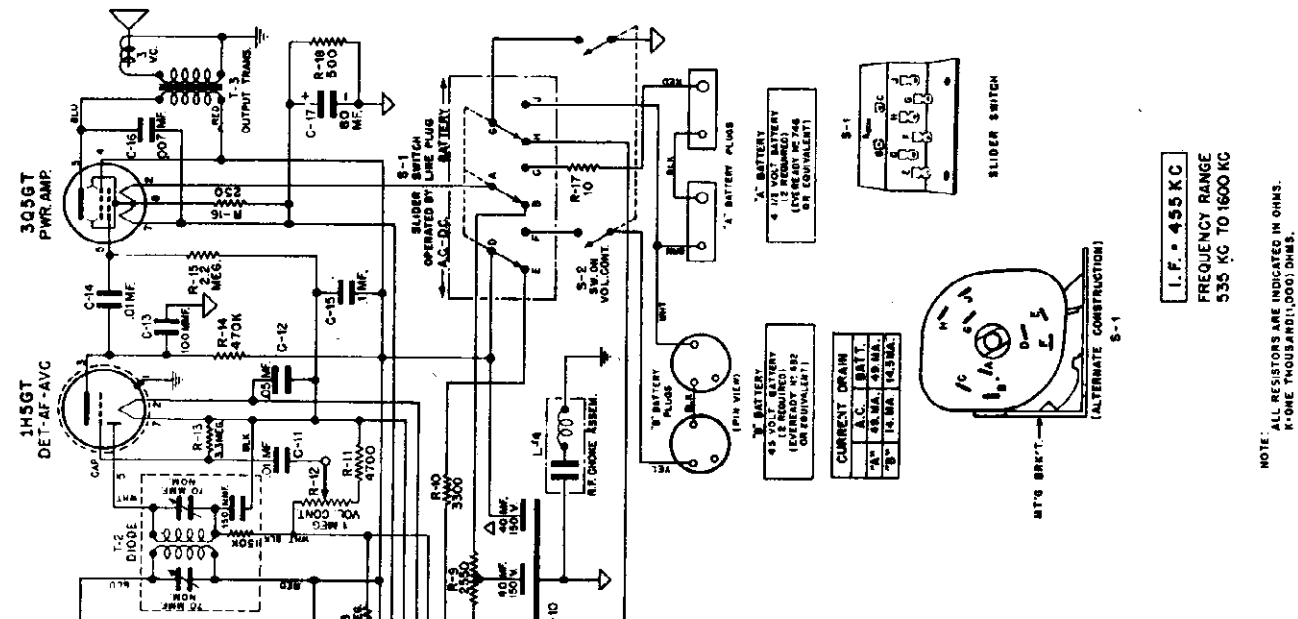
PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE.

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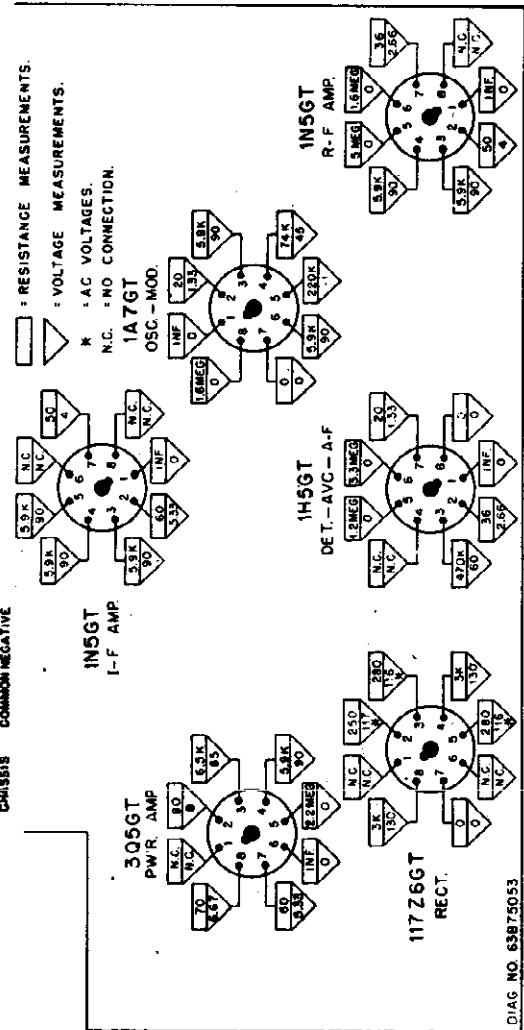


MODELS 65L11, 65L12,
Ch. ES-7

GALVIN MFG. CORP.



NOTE: ALL RESISTORS ARE INDICATED IN OHMS.
SOME THOUSANDS, (000) OHMS.



DIAG. NO. 65B75053
BOTTOM VIEW OF CHASSIS

NOTE: VOLTAGES AND RESISTANCES WERE MEASURED FROM TUBE BASE PIN TERMINALS TO B-(V) WITH A 20,000 OHM PER VOLT METER.
A TOLERANCE OF ±20% VARIATION FROM INDICATED VOLTAGE MEASUREMENTS IS NORMAL.
VOLTAGE INPUT = 117V A-C

GALVIN MFG. CORP.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR REMOVING CHASSIS FROM CABINET
 Remove the line cord plug from 117 Volt outlet.
 Remove the batteries.
 Remove the dial plate hold-down screw in the upper left hand corner of the cabinet and the chassis retaining nut located beneath the front center of the chassis.
 Slide the chassis and shelf out of the cabinet.

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

Connect output meter across speaker voice coil (.38 V = .05 watts).
 Volume control set at maximum for all operations.
 The adjusting screwdriver or alignment tool should be of the insulated type, such as Motorola Part No. 66A71008.
 Chassis bottom plate must be in position on bottom of chassis.

OPERATIONS IN ORDER	GANG CAPACITOR SET AT	DUMMY ANTENNA	GENERATOR CONNECTED TO	GENERATOR SET AT (400% MODULATED)	ADJUST TRIMMER NO.	AVERAGE MICROVOLT INPUT FOR .38V OUTPUT
Align I.F.'s for maximum	Minimum Capacity	.1 mf.	Osc.-Mod. grid	455 Kc	T-1&T-2 (2 trimmers on each)	3700 microvolts to I. F. grid. 120 microvolts to Osc.-Mod. grid.
Set Oscillator trimmer	Minimum Capacity	None	Radiation Loop*	1620 Kc	C-3A	
Adjust R.F. trimmer for maximum	1400 Kc.	None	Radiation Loop*	1400 Kc	C-3B	135 microvolts to Osc.-Mod. Grid through .1 mf dummy.
Adjust Oscillator pedder for maximum	600 Kc.	None	Radiation Loop*	600 Kc	C-4 (Rock gang capacitor for greatest output)	
Adjust antenna trimmer for maximum with set in cabinet	Approx. 1400 Kc.	None	Use weak station	---	C-3C	12 microvolts to P. F. grid through .1 mf dummy.

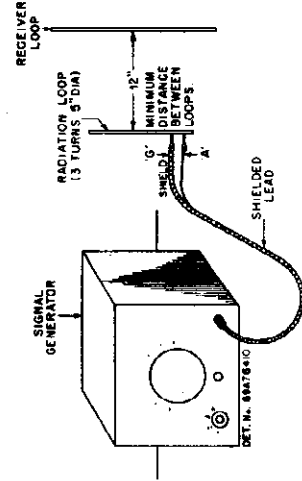
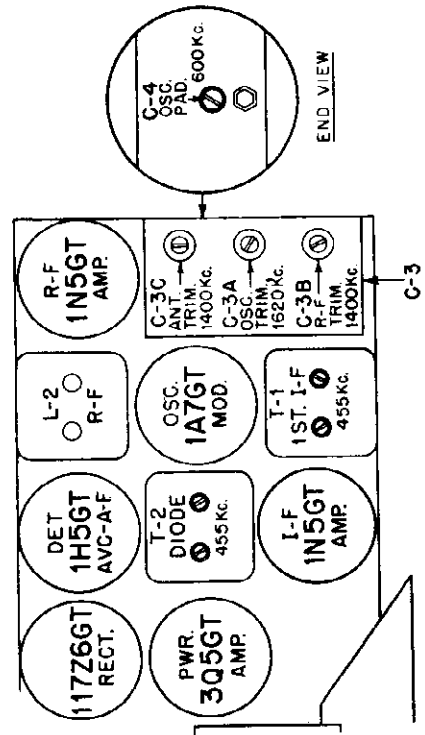


FIGURE 1. METHOD OF RADIATING SIGNAL INTO RECEIVER



MODELS 65L11, 65L12,
Ch.HS-7

GALVIN MFG. CORP.

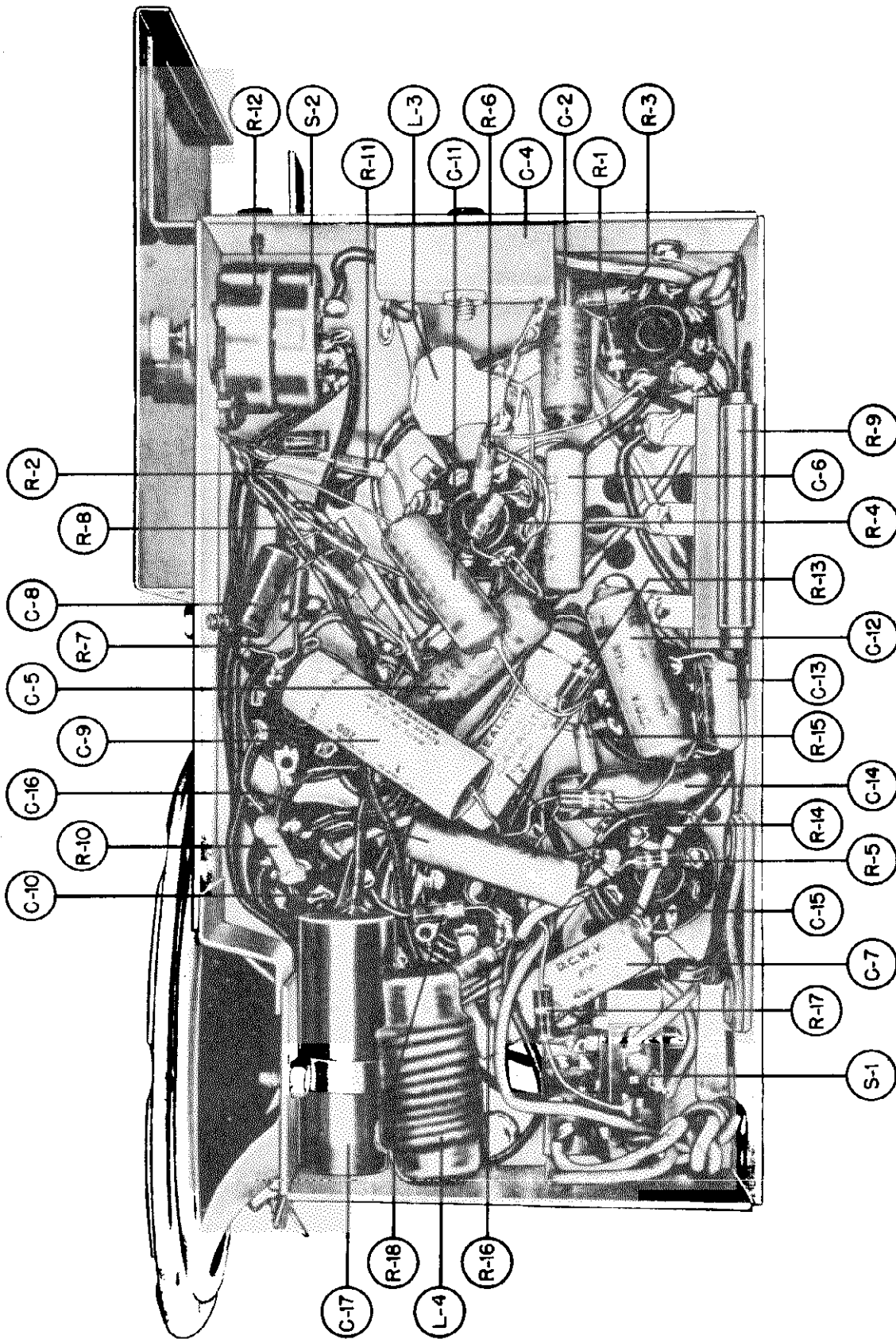
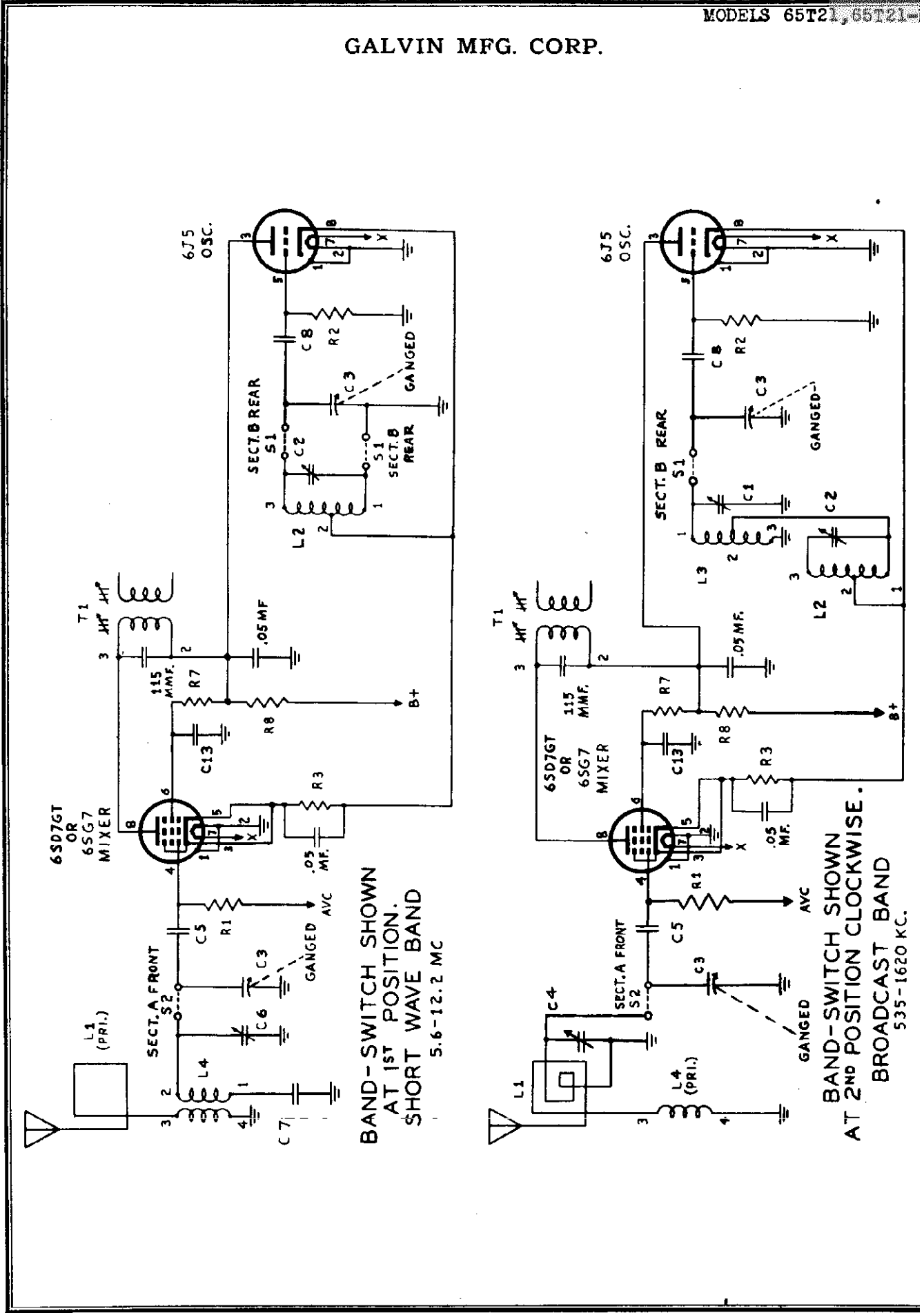


FIGURE 4. CHASSIS BOTTOM VIEW

GALVIN MFG. CORP.



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN AT 1ST POSITION. SHORT WAVE BAND 5.6-12.2 MC

BAND-SWITCH SHOWN AT 2ND POSITION CLOCKWISE. BROADCAST BAND 535-1620 KC.

GALVIN MFG. CORP.

MODELS 65X11, 65X12, 65X13, 65X14, 65X14B, Ch. HS-2, 65X11A, 65X12A, 65X13A, 65X14A, 65X14BA, Ch. HS-51

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

Connect output meter across speaker voice coil (.38V = .05 watt)
Volume control set at maximum for all operations.
The adjusting screwdriver or alignment tool should be of the insulated type, such as Motorola Part No. 66AT1008

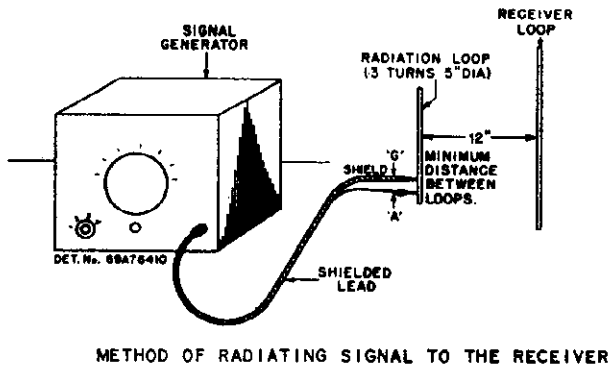
OPERATION IN ORDER	GANG CAPACITOR SET AT	DUMMY ANTENNA	GENERATOR CONNECTED TO	ADJUST TRIMMER AT NO.	GENERATOR SET AT (400 ~ 30% MODULATED)	AVERAGE MICRO-VOLT INPUT FOR .38V OUTPUT
1. Align I.F.'s for maximum	Minimum	.1 mf	Osc.-Mod. grid (2 trimmers on each)	T-1 & T-2	455 Kc	4000 Microvolts to I. F. Grid
2. Adj. wave-trap for minimum response	Minimum	.1 mf	R.F. Grid	C-5	455 Kc	- - - - -
3. Set Oscillator to dial scale	Minimum	None	Radiation Loop*	C-3	1720 Kc	- - - - -
4. Align R.F. for maximum	1400 Kc	None	Radiation Loop*	C-1 (on loop) Should be adjusted with set in cabinet	1400 Kc	60 microvolts to Osc. Mod. grid through .1 mf. dummy. 5.5 microvolts to R.F. grid through .1 mf dummy

5. Repeat above steps for maximum accuracy.

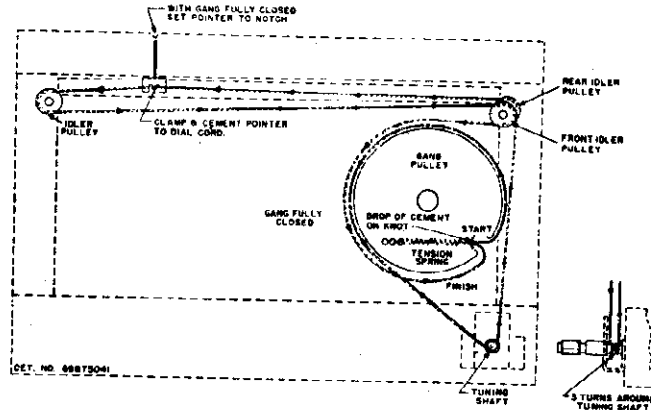
* Connect output of signal generator to a 5" diameter 3 turn loop. See Fig. 2. With volume control on full, bring loop close enough to receiver loop until an output of 50 milliwatts is obtained (.38V on output meter). The distance between loops should never be less than 12" Vary distance between generator and receiver loops or adjust generator output to maintain .38V output during alignment.

TO REPLACE DIAL CORD:

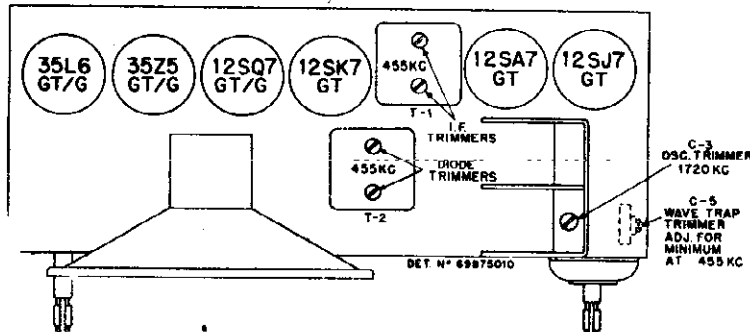
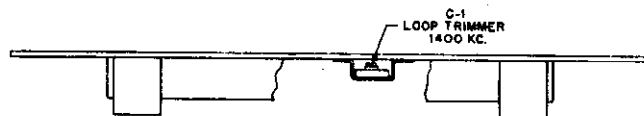
1. Remove loop from cabinet (see instruction on loop back).
2. Remove chassis from cabinet by pulling the knobs off and unscrewing the three chassis retaining screws from the bottom.
3. Remove the old dial cord and replace with a new piece of 18 lb. cord. See Figure 1 for procedure.
4. With the gang fully closed, set pointer to left hand notch of dial background and clamp to cord. In clamping, be careful not to cut the cord.
5. Secure the pointer to cord and dial cord knot with a drop of cement.
6. Reassemble by working in reverse order.



METHOD OF RADIATING SIGNAL TO THE RECEIVER



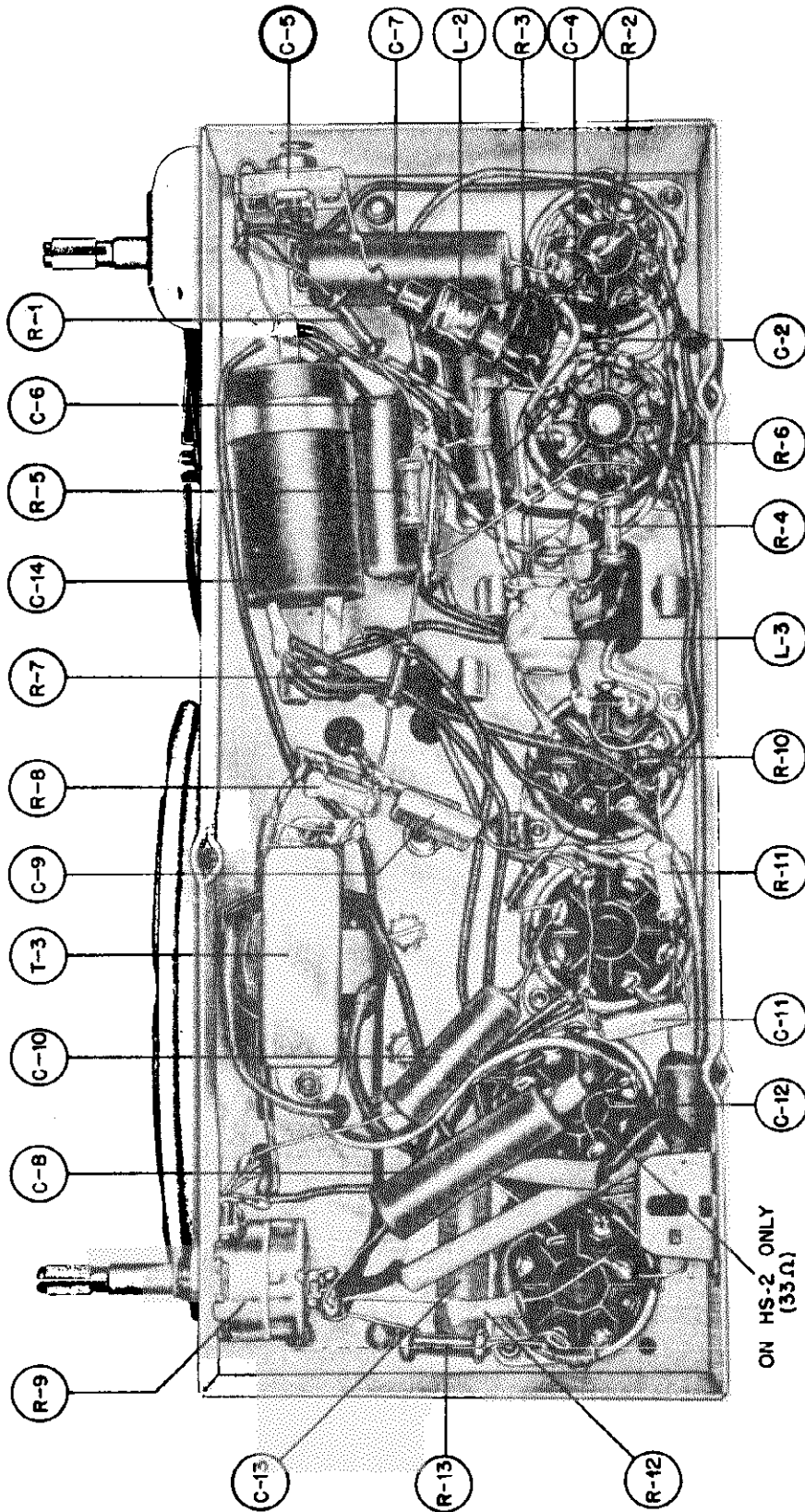
DIAL CORD RESTRINGING



TUBE AND TRIMMER LOCATION

MODELS 65X11, 65X12, 65X13,
 65X14, 65X14B, Ch. HS-2;
 65X11A, 65X12A, 65X13A,
 65X14A, 65X14BA, Ch. HS-51

GALVIN MFG. CORP.



BOTTOM VIEW OF CHASSIS

This receiver is a 6 tube AC-DC superheterodyne, with a self contained loop antenna and a stage of R.F. amplification. The frequency range is 538 to 1720 kc and the I.F. frequency is 455 kc.

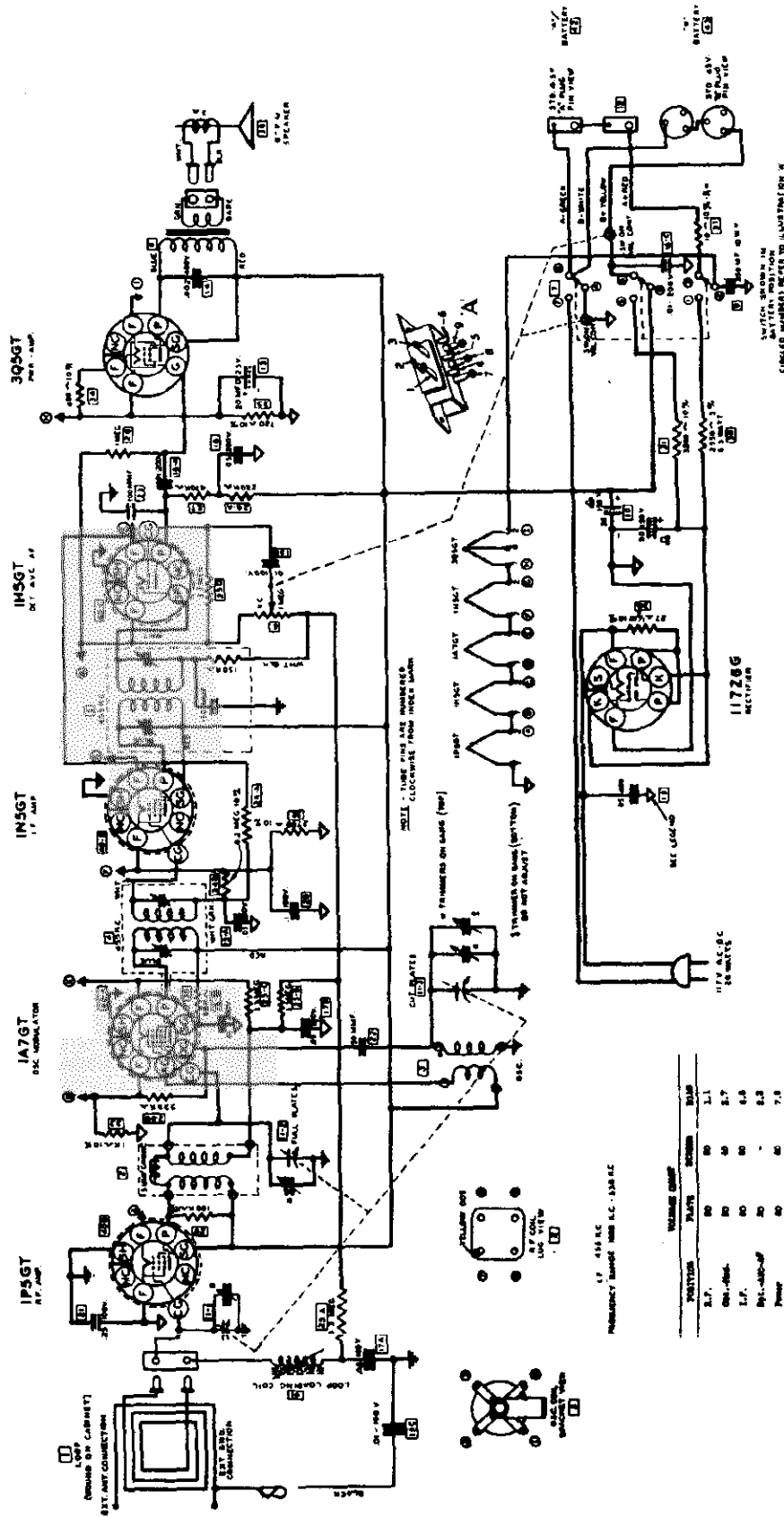
POWER INPUT: 117 V. AC-DC, 30 WATTS.

GALVIN MFG. CORP.

MODELS 65X11, 65X12, 65X13
65X14, 65X14B, Ch. HS-2;
65X11A, 65X12A, 65X13A,
65X14A, 65X14BA, Ch. HS-51

REF. NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	LIST	REF. NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	LIST
C-1	80A18740	Capacitor, trimmer: 1.5-15 mf; includes "U" mounting bracket	.30	L-1	1X70002	Cabinet back & Loop assembly (65X11)	2.40
C-2	889805	Capacitor, fixed; paper: .05 mf 20% 100 vdc	.20		1X70005	Cabinet back & Loop assembly (65X12)	2.75
C-3	1X26949	Capacitor, variable: 2 gang, cut oscillator plates; includes pulley	3.55		1X70014	Cabinet back & Loop assembly (65X13)	2.85
C-4	21R0841	Capacitor, fixed; mica: 100 mf 20% 500 vdc	.25		1X71759	Cabinet back & Loop assembly (65X14)	2.85
C-5	20A26941	Capacitor, trimmer: 5-50 mf; includes "U" mounting bracket	.30		1X71776	Cabinet back & Loop assembly (65X14B)	2.85
C-6	889805	Capacitor, fixed; paper: .05 mf 20% 100 vdc	.20	L-2	84A21850	Coll. wave trap	.40
C-7	8A72898	Capacitor, fixed; paper: .15 mf 20% 200 vdc (HS-51)	.25	L-3	84A26942	Coll. oscillator	.40
	or 8A75566	Capacitor, fixed; paper: .15 mf 20% 400 vdc (HS-51)		R-1	8R8071	Resistor, fixed: carbon: 1 meg. 20% 1/2W N.I.	dos. .60
	or 889810	Capacitor, fixed; paper: .25 mf 20% 100 vdc (HS-2)	.25	R-2	8R8115	Resistor, fixed: carbon: 10,000 20% 1/2W N.I.	dos. .60
C-8	889816	Capacitor, fixed; paper: .05 mf 20% 400 vdc	.20	R-3	8R8050	Resistor, fixed: carbon: 22,000 20% 1/2W N.I.	dos. .60
C-9	21R0848	Capacitor, fixed; mica: 250 mf 20% 500 vdc	.20	R-4	8R8050	Resistor, fixed: carbon: 22,000 20% 1/2W N.I.	dos. .60
C-10	889801	Capacitor, fixed; paper: .01 mf 20% 100 vdc	.15	R-5	8R8048	Resistor, fixed: carbon: 2.2 meg 20% 1/2W N.I.	dos. .60
C-11	21R0848	Capacitor, fixed; mica: 250 mf 20% 500 vdc	.20	R-6	8R8448	Resistor, fixed: carbon: 4.7 meg 10% 1/2W Ins.	dos. .60
C-12	889825	Capacitor, fixed; paper: .01 mf 20% 200 vdc	.15	R-7	8R8071	Resistor, fixed: carbon: 1 meg 20% 1/2W N.I.	dos. .60
C-13	889802	Capacitor, fixed; paper: .02 mf 20% 400 vdc	.20	R-8	8R8020	Resistor, fixed: carbon: 47,000 20% 1/2W N.I.	dos. .60
C-14	23A70008	Capacitor, electrolytic: 20-20 mf 150 WV; with mounting strap	1.40	R-9	18A14829	Resistor, variable: carbon: .5 meg. with SPST switch	1.00
	20A14619	Capacitor, dual trimmer: 40-160 mf each section (in IP can)	.35		or 18A72898	Resistor, variable: carbon: .5 meg. with SPST switch	1.00
	or 20A72757	Capacitor, dual trimmer: 40-160 mf each section (in IP can)	.35	R-10	8R2118	Resistor, fixed: carbon: 5.5 meg. 20% 1/2W Ins.	dos. .60
	20R20849	Capacitor, dual trimmer: 50-250 mf each section (in diode can)	.40	R-11	8R8011	Resistor, fixed: carbon: 470,000 20% 1/2W N.I.	dos. .60
	or 20A72755	Capacitor, dual trimmer: 50-250 mf each section (in diode can)	.40	R-12	8R8011	Resistor, fixed: carbon: 470,000 20% 1/2W N.I.	dos. .60
	587707	Rivet, steel: 5/32 x .122, Pol. Nkl. (tube socket mtg.)	per/c .45	R-13	8R8392	Resistor, fixed: carbon: 150 10% 1/2W N.I.	dos. .60
	587716	Rivet, steel: 5/32 x .122, antique cop. (loop mtg. clip and trimmer mtg.)	per/c .45	T-1	1X26046	Transformer, I.F.: 455 Kc; com-plate with shield and trimmers	1.80
	587701	Rivet, steel: 5/16 x .122, Pol. Nkl. (tuning shaft brkt. mtg.)	per/c .45	257A26		Screw, steel: #8 x 1-1/8 PKZ B1 BH; plain (set mtg.- wood models)	dos. .50
	5874560	Rivet, shoulder: .312 shoulder; Pol. Nkl. (cord pulley mtg.)	.80	47A14826		Shaft, tuning control	.15
	34826759	Scale, dial: glass (65X11, 65X11-A, 65X12, 65X12-A, 65X14, 65X14-A, 65X14-B and 65X14-BA)	.45	26A26265		Shield, tube	.05
	34829469	Scale, dial: glass (65X12 & 65X13-A)	.35	80A25758		Socket, dial light: with mtg. clip and leads	.20
	337431	Screw, steel: #2 x 1/4 PH NS; Cop. Ox. (dial scale mtg.) (65X14, 65X14-A, 65X14B & 65X14-BA)	dos. .20	8A6728		Socket, tube: octal, saddle type	.15
	557526	Screw, steel: #8 x 1-1/8 PKZ B1 BH; plain (set mtg.- wood models)	dos. .30	50R23175		Speaker, electro: 5 inch	5.20
	47A14826	Shaft, tuning control	.15	or 50R20655		Speaker, electro: 5 inch	5.20
	26A26265	Shield, tube	.05	287098		Speednut: for .120 round stud (mounts dial scale to escutcheon in 65X12 & 65X13-A)	dos. .20
	80A25758	Socket, dial light: with mtg. clip and leads	.20	41A14111		Spring, tension coil (dial cord)	dos. .55
	8A6728	Socket, tube: octal, saddle type	.15	42A70425		Strap, ground (used behind loop screw terminal)	dos. .25
	50R23175	Speaker, electro: 5 inch	5.20	31A12847		Strip, terminal: 2 ins. lugs, #8 mtg.	.10
	or 50R20655	Speaker, electro: 5 inch	5.20	31X15026		Strip, terminal: 2 ins. lugs, #8 mtg.	.05
	287098	Speednut: for .120 round stud (mounts dial scale to escutcheon in 65X12 & 65X13-A)	dos. .20	29A70422		Terminal, screw (external antenna term. on loop assem.) (Use with ground strap)	dos. .35
	41A14111	Spring, tension coil (dial cord)	dos. .55	4A70015		Washer, "C" (tuning shaft retain-er)	per/c .70
	42A70425	Strap, ground (used behind loop screw terminal)	dos. .25	35X19945		Washer, paper: brown (used between knobs and cabinet on dark models)	per/c .80
	31A12847	Strip, terminal: 2 ins. lugs, #8 mtg.	.10	35X22605		Washer, paper: ivory (used between knobs and cabinet)	per/c .20
	31X15026	Strip, terminal: 2 ins. lugs, #8 mtg.	.05	587707		Rivet, steel: 5/32 x .122, Pol. Nkl. (tube socket mtg.)	per/c .45
	29A70422	Terminal, screw (external antenna term. on loop assem.) (Use with ground strap)	dos. .35	587716		Rivet, steel: 5/32 x .122, antique cop. (loop mtg. clip and trimmer mtg.)	per/c .45
	4A70015	Washer, "C" (tuning shaft retain-er)	per/c .70	587701		Rivet, steel: 5/16 x .122, Pol. Nkl. (tuning shaft brkt. mtg.)	per/c .45
	35X19945	Washer, paper: brown (used between knobs and cabinet on dark models)	per/c .80	5874560		Rivet, shoulder: .312 shoulder; Pol. Nkl. (cord pulley mtg.)	.80
	35X22605	Washer, paper: ivory (used between knobs and cabinet)	per/c .20	34826759		Scale, dial: glass (65X11, 65X11-A, 65X12, 65X12-A, 65X14, 65X14-A, 65X14-B and 65X14-BA)	.45
	587707	Rivet, steel: 5/32 x .122, Pol. Nkl. (tube socket mtg.)	per/c .45	34829469		Scale, dial: glass (65X12 & 65X13-A)	.35
	587716	Rivet, steel: 5/32 x .122, antique cop. (loop mtg. clip and trimmer mtg.)	per/c .45				
	587701	Rivet, steel: 5/16 x .122, Pol. Nkl. (tuning shaft brkt. mtg.)	per/c .45				
	5874560	Rivet, shoulder: .312 shoulder; Pol. Nkl. (cord pulley mtg.)	.80				
	34826759	Scale, dial: glass (65X11, 65X11-A, 65X12, 65X12-A, 65X14, 65X14-A, 65X14-B and 65X14-BA)	.45				
	34829469	Scale, dial: glass (65X12 & 65X13-A)	.35				
	4A70015	Washer, "C" (tuning shaft retain-er)	per/c .70				
	35X19945	Washer, paper: brown (used between knobs and cabinet on dark models)	per/c .80				

Prices Subject To Change Without Notice



LT 455 S.C.
PERMANENT MAGNET 1000 S.C. 13A7C

POSITION	PLATE	SCREEN	BIAS
1.P.	50	50	2.1
2nd-4th	50	50	3.7
1.P.	50	50	4.8
2nd-4th	50	50	6.3
Power	50	50	7.5
Notes:		100	

All welds must be made with argon shielded to common positive using 300° CUM for 1/16\"/>

GALVIN MFG. CORP.

MODEL 301
MODEL 351
MODEL 451

MODEL 302

LX26238	Antenna Coil & Shield Assembly	1.55	6B6184	Carbon Res. (1,000-1 Watt 20% NI	.10
LX25797	R. F. Coil & Leads Assembly	.75	6B6010	Carbon Res. (330-1/2-20% Ins.	Doz. .60
LX26553	Osc. Coil & Leads Assembly	.60	6B6293	Carbon Res. (150-1/2-Watt -20% NI	Doz. .60
LX23525	I. F. Coil & Shield Assembly	1.45	6B6005	Carbon Res. (500-1-1/2 Watt 20% NI	Doz. .60
LX26231	Diode Coil & Shield Assembly	1.60	6B6375	Carbon Res. (300-1/3 Watt 10% Ins.	Doz. .60
25K26293	Output Transformer	.80	6B6332	Carbon Res. (10-1/3 Watt 10% Ins.	Doz. .60
25K26294	Power Transformer	2.35	8A17076	Tubular Cond. & Strap .5 MFD 100 W. V.	.30
24A17819	Vibrator Choke	.35	8A3276	Tubular Cond. (.25 MFD 100WV)	.20
24K20083	Tubular "A" Choke	.20	8A3310	Tubular Cond. (.1 MFD 200 W. V.)	.15
24X17848	Filament Choke	.05	8A13514	Tubular Cond. (.05-MFD-100W.V.)	.15
24X30417	Speaker Electro	3.10	8A22760	Tubular Cond. (.02MFD 600 WV)	.15
19K26341	Variable Cond 3Gang	3.15	8A23053	Tubular Cond. (.01 MFD 200 WV)	.10
20A26260	Dual Padder (RF 900 MMF Nom) (Osc. 325 MMF Nom)	.55	8A1400	Tubular Cond. (.01 MFD 100WV)	.15
23A22738	Elect Cond. (30MMF 20MMP/200V.V) (20MMF/25 W.V.)	.75	21B6500	Molded Mica Cond. (500 MMF 20%)	.15
6B6159	Carbon Res. (1 Meg-1/3 Watt -20% Ins.	Doz. .60	18A25638	Vol. Cont. & Switch (.5 Meg)	.80
6B6160	Carbon Res. (470,000-1/3 Watt 20% Ins.	Doz. .60	48A5067	Vibrator	2.50
6B6204	Carbon Res. (220,000-1/3 Watt 20% Ins.	Doz. .60	65X4165	Fuse (15 Amp) 3AG	.05
6B6212	Carbon Res. (22,000-1/3-20% Ins.	Doz. .60	1X4181	Dial Light Assembly	.35
			65X4151	Bulb (White Bead) #51	.15
			LX17668	Fuse Lead Assembly	.15

MODEL 352

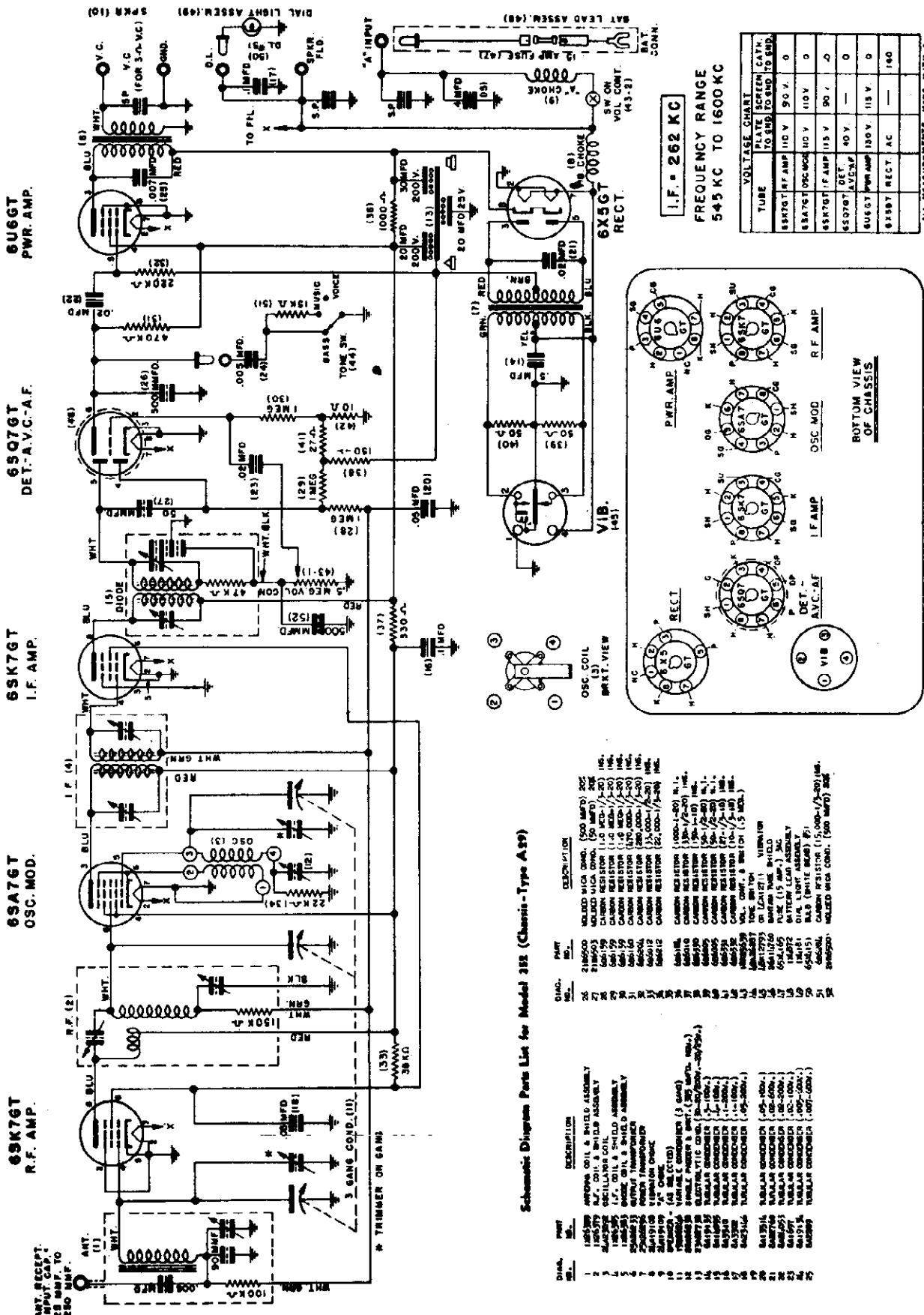
LX26399	Antenna Coil & Shield Assembly	2.60	21B6500	Molded Mica Cond. (500 MMFD 20%)	.15
LX26379	R. F. Coil & Shield Assembly	1.80	21B6503	Molded Mica Cond. (50 MMFD 20%)	.15
24A23892	Oscillator Coil	.60	6B6159	Carbon Resistor (1.0 Meg 1/3-20 Ins.	Doz. .60
LX26385	I. F. Coil & Shield Assembly	1.45	6B6160	Carbon Resistor (470,000-1/3-20 Ins.	Doz. .60
LX26383	Diode Coil & Shield Assembly	1.60	6B6204	Carbon Resistor (220,000-1/3-20 Ins.	Doz. .60
25A26233	Output Transformer	.90	6B6012	Carbon Resistor (33,000-1/2-20 Ins.	Doz. .60
25K26296	Power Transformer	2.45	6B6212	Carbon Resistor (22,000-1/3-20 Ins.	Doz. .60
24A19108	Vibrator Choke	.30	6B6184	Carbon Resistor (1000-1-20 N.I.	.10
24K19109	"A" Choke	.30	6B6010	Carbon Resistor (330-1/2-20 Ins.	Doz. .60
19B26246	Variable Condenser 3 Gang	2.55	6B6330	Carbon Resistor (150-1-10) Ins.	.10
20A26236	Single Padder & Brkt. (325 MMFD Nom.)	.30	6B6005	Carbon Resistor (50-1/2-20 NI	Doz. .60
23A22738	Electrolytic Condenser (30-20/200V-20/25V)	.75	6B6331	Carbon Resistor (27-1/3-10 Ins.	Doz. .60
8A19133	Tubular Condenser (.05-100V)	.30	6B6332	Carbon Resistor (10-1/3-10 Ins.	Doz. .60
8A14095	Tubular Condenser (.4-100V)	.30	18K26639	Vol. Cont. & Switch (.5 Meg)	.90
8A3310	Tubular Condenser (.1-200V)	.15	40A26887	Tone Switch	.45
8A3302	Tubular Condenser (.1-100V)	.15	48K12793	Vibrator	2.50
8A23146	Tubular Condenser (.5-200V)	.10	26A14760	Bantam Shield	.05
8A13514	Tubular Condenser (.05-100V)	.15	65X4165	Fuse (15 Amp) 3AG	.05
8A22760	Tubular Condenser (.02-600V)	.15	1X4872	Battery Lead Assembly	.50
8A24063	Tubular Condenser (.02-200V)	.10	1X4181	Dial Light Assembly	.35
8A1697	Tubular Condenser (.02-100V)	.15	65X4151	Bulb White Bead #51	.15
8A19134	Tubular Condenser (.005-600V)	.20	6B6284	Carbon Resistor (.5,000-1/3-20 Ins.	Doz. .60
8A2289	Tubular Condenser (.007-600V)	.20	21B6500	Molded Mica Cond. (500 MMFD 20%)	.15

MODEL 452

LX26583	Antenna Coil & Shield Assembly	2.50	21B6500	Molded Mica Cond. (500 MMF 20%)	.15
LX26567	R. F. Coil & Shield Assembly	1.75	21A23110	Ceramic Mica Cond. (500 MMF 5%)	.25
LX26556	Osc. Coil & Leads Assembly	.65	21B20877	Metal Mica Cond. (90MMF 10%)	.15
LX26558	I. F. Coil & Shield Assembly	1.20	6B6159	Carbon Res. (1 Meg. 1/3-20 Ins.	Doz. .60
LX26586	Diode Coil & Shield Assembly	1.55	6B6160	Carbon Res. (470,000-1/3-20 Ins.	Doz. .60
25K26487	Power Transformer	2.35	6B6165	Carbon Res. (100,000-1/3-20 Ins.	Doz. .60
25K26623	Output Transformer	1.00	6B6012	Carbon Res. (330,000-1/2-20 Ins.	Doz. .60
24A26555	Vibrator Choke	.35	6B6212	Carbon Res. (22,000-1/3-20 Ins.	Doz. .60
24A26554	"A" Choke & Bracket	.35	6B6184	Carbon Res. (1,000-1-20 NI	.10
19B26622	Variable Condenser (3Gang)	3.95	6B6010	Carbon Res. (330-1/2-20 Ins.	Doz. .60
20A23135	Osc. Padder & Brkt. (9-39 MMF)	.20	6B6330	Carbon Res. (150-1-10) Ins.	.10
20A17237	Osc. Trimmer & Brkt. 6 MMF Nom)	.20	6B6005	Carbon Res. (50-1/2-20 NI	Doz. .60
20A23827	Compensating Condenser	.25	6B6331	Carbon Res. (27-1/3-10 Ins.	Doz. .60
23A22738	Elect. Cond. (-30-20/200V-20/25V)	.75	6B6332	Carbon Res. (10-1/3-10 Ins.	Doz. .60
8A19133	Tubular Cond. (.5-100V)	.30	18A25638	Vol. Cont. & Switch .5 Meg.	.80
8A3376	Tubular Cond. (.25-100V)	.20	48K12793	Vibrator Short	2.50
8A3310	Tubular Cond. (.1-200V)	.15	65X4151	Bulb White Bead #51	.15
8A14095	Tubular Cond. (.4-100V)	.30	65X12712	Fuse 20 Amp 3AG	.05
8A23146	Tubular Cond. (.5-200V)	.10	1X4288	Battery Lead Assembly	.40
8A13514	Tubular Cond. (.05-100V)	.15	26X14760	Bantam Tube Shield	.05
8A22760	Tubular Cond. (.02-600V)	.15	26A26283	Bantam Tube Shield	.05
8A1697	Tubular Cond. (.02-100V)	.15	1X22875	Model E-24-T Tuner Assembly	9.50
8A2289	Tubular Condenser (.007-600V)	.20	LX26560	MR-6 Tone Control Relay	1.70
8A4529	Tubular Cond. (.006-100V)	.15	6B6256	Carbon Res. (68,000-1/3-20) Ins.	Doz. .60
21B6525	Molded Mica Cond. (800 MMF) 20%	.20	21B6500	Molded Mica Cond. (500 MMF) 20%	.15

Prices subject to change without notice.

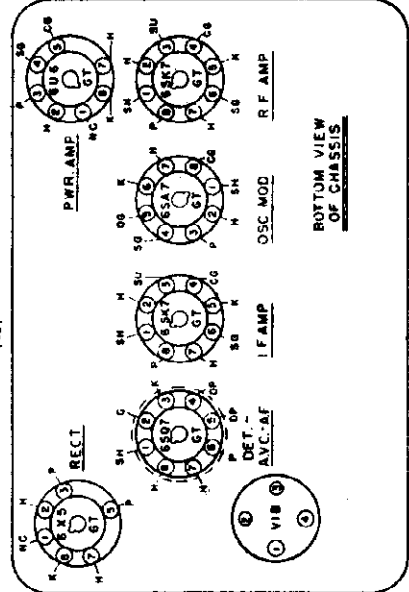
GALVIN MFG. CORP.



I.F. = 262 KC
 FREQUENCY RANGE
 545 KC TO 1600 KC

TUBE	PLATE SCREEN CATH. TO SHIELD TO GRID
69K76T I.F. AMP.	110 V 0
69A76T OSC. MOD.	110 V 0
69K76T I.F. AMP.	115 V 0
69Q76T DET. A.V.C.-A.F.	40 V 0
69G76T PWR. AMP.	115 V 0
6X5GT RECT. AC	160

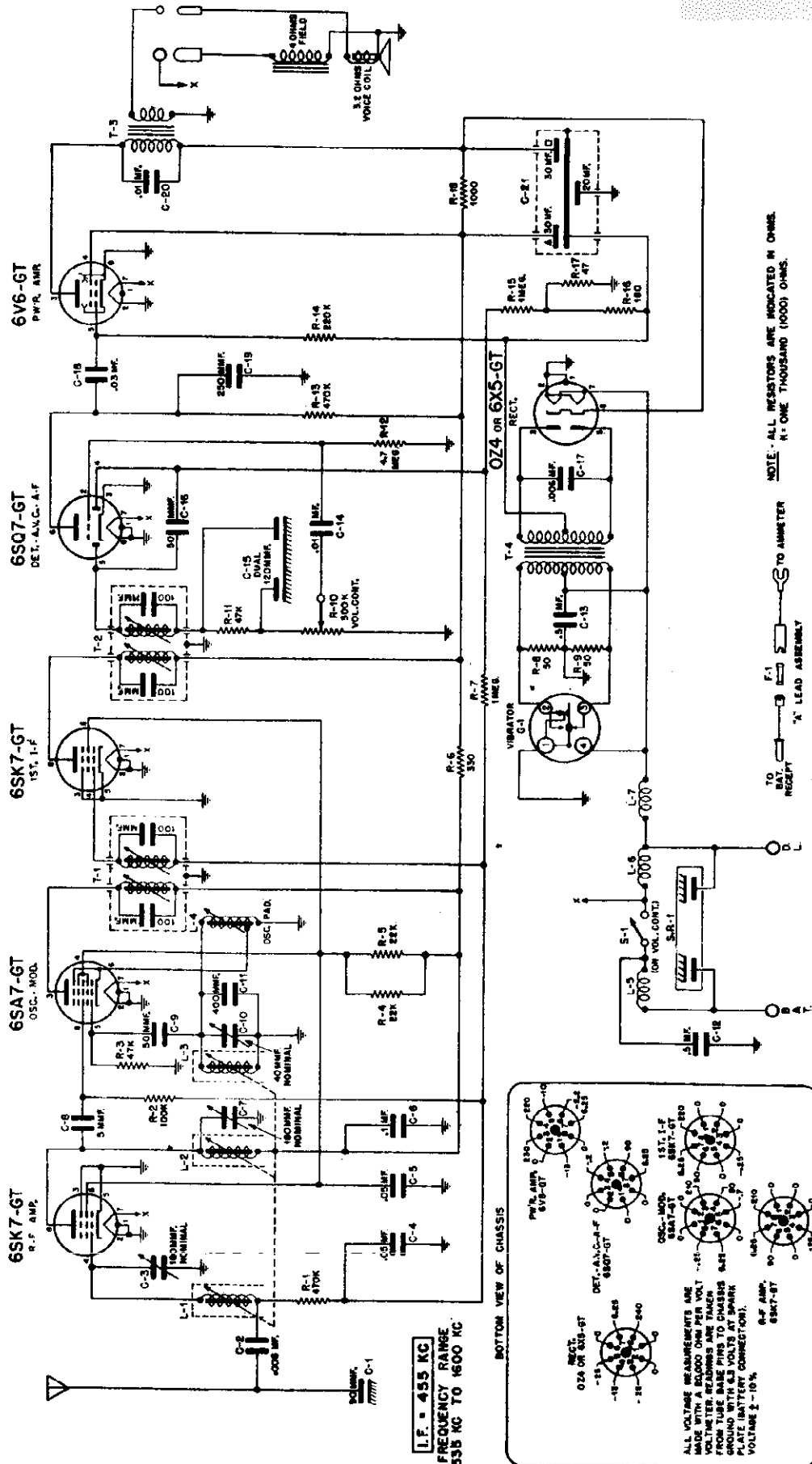
ALL MEASUREMENTS MADE WITH A 1000 OHMS PER VOLT METER



Schematic Diagram Parts List for Model 352 (Class.-Type A39)

Q'NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	100K	RESISTOR (100K)
2	100K	RESISTOR (100K)
3	100K	RESISTOR (100K)
4	100K	RESISTOR (100K)
5	100K	RESISTOR (100K)
6	100K	RESISTOR (100K)
7	100K	RESISTOR (100K)
8	100K	RESISTOR (100K)
9	100K	RESISTOR (100K)
10	100K	RESISTOR (100K)
11	100K	RESISTOR (100K)
12	100K	RESISTOR (100K)
13	100K	RESISTOR (100K)
14	100K	RESISTOR (100K)
15	100K	RESISTOR (100K)
16	100K	RESISTOR (100K)
17	100K	RESISTOR (100K)
18	100K	RESISTOR (100K)
19	100K	RESISTOR (100K)
20	100K	RESISTOR (100K)
21	100K	RESISTOR (100K)
22	100K	RESISTOR (100K)
23	100K	RESISTOR (100K)
24	100K	RESISTOR (100K)
25	100K	RESISTOR (100K)
26	100K	RESISTOR (100K)
27	100K	RESISTOR (100K)
28	100K	RESISTOR (100K)
29	100K	RESISTOR (100K)
30	100K	RESISTOR (100K)
31	100K	RESISTOR (100K)
32	100K	RESISTOR (100K)
33	100K	RESISTOR (100K)
34	100K	RESISTOR (100K)
35	100K	RESISTOR (100K)
36	100K	RESISTOR (100K)
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100	100K	RESISTOR (100K)

GALVIN MFG. CORP.

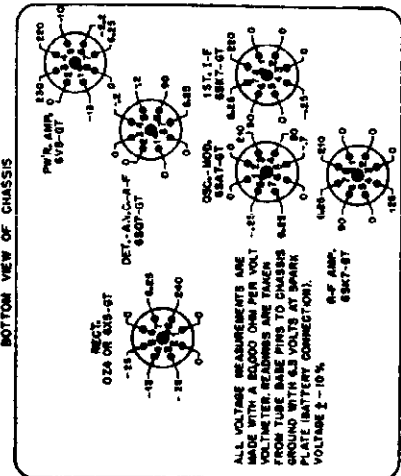


NOTE: ALL RESISTORS ARE INDICATED IN OHMS.
K - ONE THOUSAND (1000) OHMS.

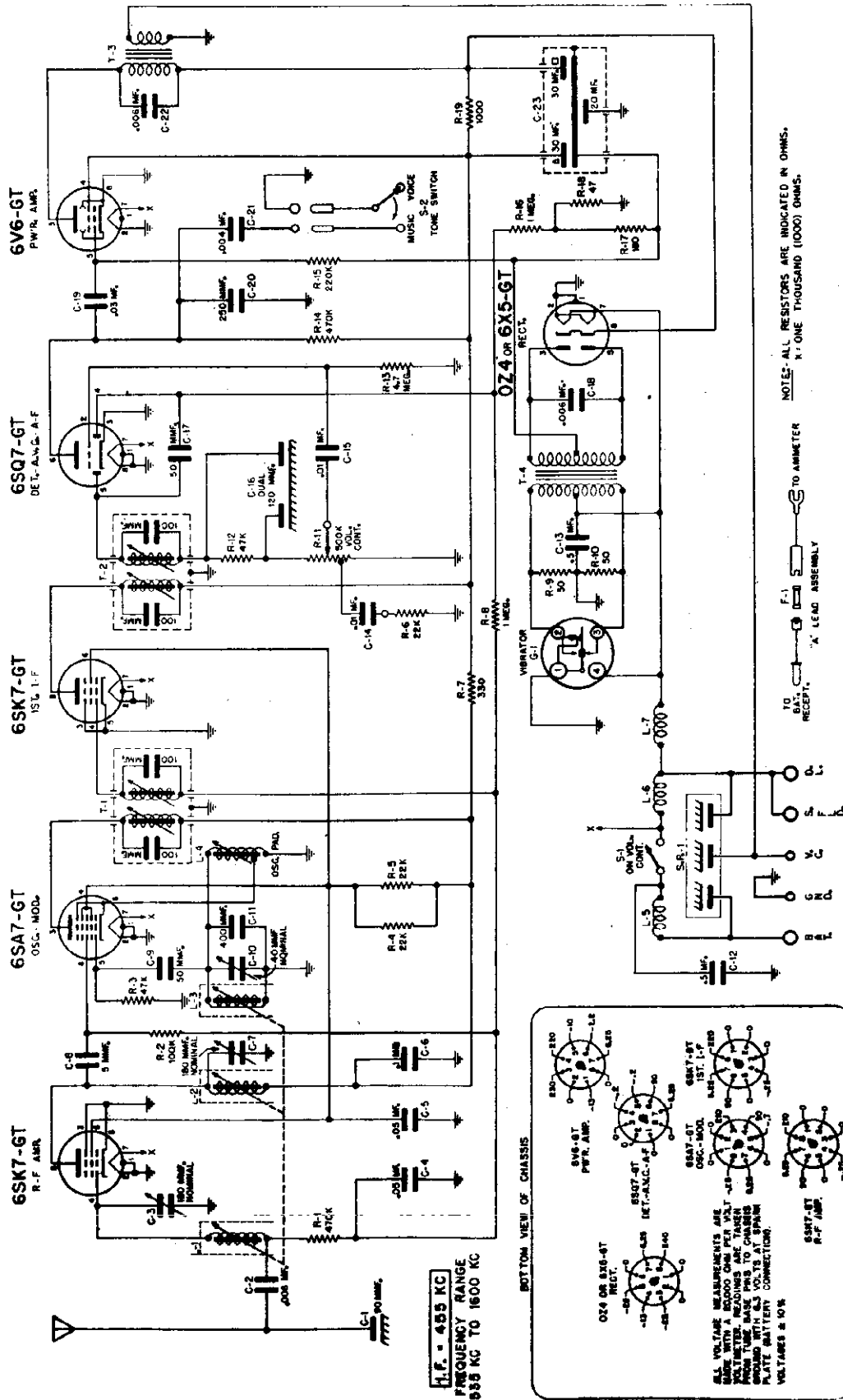
TO BATTERY
RECEPTOR

F-1 TO JAMMETER
"X" LEAD ASSEMBLY

MODEL 405

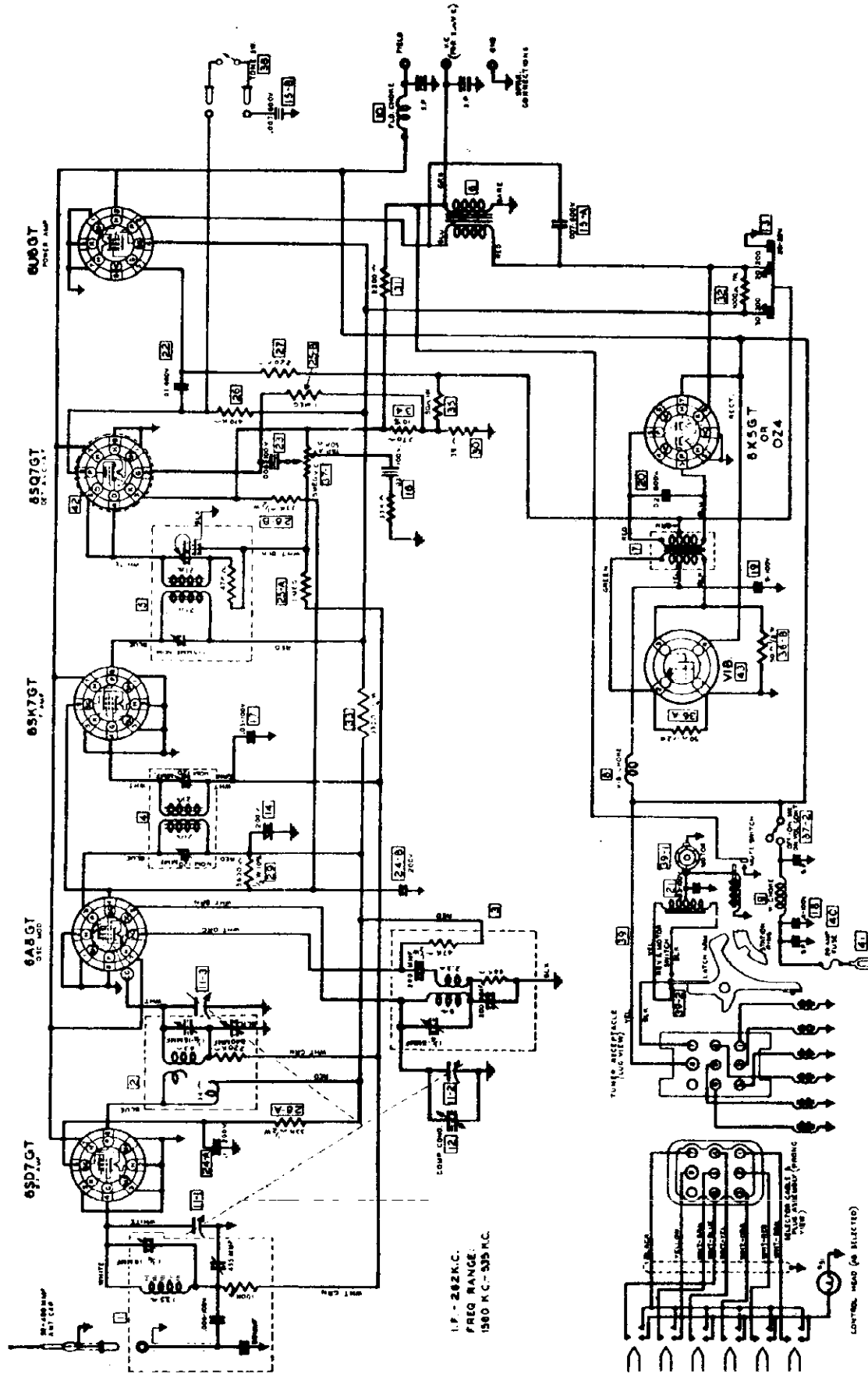


GALVIN MFG. CORP.



f.i.f. = 455 KC
FREQUENCY RANGE
555 KC TO 1600 KC

GALVIN MFG. CORP.



MODEL 550-A

GALVIN MFG. CORP.

MODEL 550A

Same As 550 Except:

8A2289	Tubular Condenser .007-600V	.20
20A4308	Trimmer & Padder - Osc.	.55
20A4399	Antenna Trimmer & Padder	.45
6B6029	Carbon Resistor 100,000-1/3-20 N.I.	.60
6B6154	Carbon Resistor 150-1-20 N.I.	.10
6B6184	Carbon Resistor 1,000-1-20 N.I.	.10
6B6200	Carbon Resistor 39-1/2-20 N.I.	.60
6B6321	Carbon Resistor 47,000-1/3-20 Ins.	.60
6B6322	Carbon Resistor 5,600-1/2-10 N.I.	.60
3S8126	Screw 8 x 1-1/4 CP - Pwr. Trans.	.20
26A13678	Antenna Coil Bottom Shield.	.06
8K18320	Tub. Cond. & Strap .1-200V.	\$0.20
23A22738	Electrolytic Condenser FP	.75
25B22739	Power Transformer - Shielded.	2.35
1X22743	Diode Coil & Shield Assembly.	1.55
25A22745	Output Transformer.	1.00
20A22747	Trimmer Diode - Small	.40
20A22751	Double Trimmer - 120 kmf Nom. (I.F.)	.30
1X22752	I.F. Coil & Shield Assembly.	1.40
8A22760	Tubular Condenser .02-600V.	.15
1X22762	Front Housing Assembly.	2.55

MODEL 550

MAJOR PARTS

10	24X4835	Dial Light Choke.	.15
43	48A5067	Vibrator.	2.50
43	48A5333	Vibrator (3333)	2.50
13	23A17738	Electrolytic Condenser FP	1.00
39	1K19819	E14T Tuner Assembly	14.00
7	25B20011	Power Transformer - Shielded.	2.45
38	1X20079	Push Switch Assembly.	.35
9	24K20083	Tubular "A" Choke	.20
6	25K20398	Output Transformer.	.95
3	1X20417	Osc. Coil & Shield Assembly	1.35
2	1X20419	R.F. Coil & Shield Assembly	1.80
1	1X20423	Ant. Coil & Shield Assembly	2.60
5	1X20426	Diode Coil & Shield Assembly.	1.50
4	1X20428	I.F. Coil & Shield Assembly	1.35
37	1A20435	Volume Control & Shaft Assembly	1.80
	1B20439	Volume Control & Switch .5 Meg.	.75
	15K20441	Rear Housing.	.55
	15C20444	Front Housing	.55

ACCESSORIES

	41A2157	Backing Coil Spring - Fuse.	PER C. .50
	14X2423	"A" Lead Insulator.	.DOZ. .20
	9X4075	Fuse Receptacle.	.DOZ. .20
	14X4078	Fuse Backing Washer - Bakelite.	.DOZ. .10
	14X4077	Contact Bushing - Fuse.	.DOZ. .20
	6X4141	Distributor Suppressor.	.30
	9X4168	"A" Lead Male Ferrule.	.DOZ. .25
	1X4171	Flexible Shaft & Housing Assembly	1.00
	8A4491	Generator Condenser	.40
40	65X4637	Fuse 20 AMP (3AG)	.05
	9B6734	Tube Socket - Saddle 4 Prong.	.15
	9B6739	Tube Socket - Octal Waferette	.15
	65X12712	Fuse 20 AMP (SFE)	.05
	1X12698	Antenna Receptacle & Bracket Assembly	.10
	1X12699	Antenna Receptacle Assembly	.10
	1X16762	Fuse & Clamp Assembly	.10
41	1X17868	Fuse Lead Assembly 12"	.15
	1X19034	"A" Lead.	.10
	1X20098	Accessories Kit Assembly.	.90
	1X20180	Receiver Accessories Assembly	2.50
	13K20446	Button Medallion.	.20
	1K20476	Spark Plate Assembly.	.80

CONDENSERS

24	8A3310	Tubular Condenser .1-200V	.15
14	8A4092	Tubular Condenser & Strap .1-400V	.25
23	8A4529	Tubular Condenser .008-100V	.15
19	8A4588	Tubular Condenser .5-100V	.30
	21A4807	Molded Mica Condenser 90 MFF 10%	.25
21	8A4925	Dual Tubular Condenser .0008-.0008-1000V.	.20
	21B6500	Molded Mica Condenser 500 MFF 20%	.15
	21B6501	Molded Mica Condenser 200 MFF 20%	.15
20	8A10432	Tubular Condenser .01-1600V	.35
17	8K13006	Tubular Condenser & Strap .06-100V. LH.	.20
16	8A13134	Condenser Resistor & Strap .03-100V-33K	.30
18	8A14096	Tubular Condenser .4-100V	.30

15	8A17077	Tubular Condenser & Strap .03-600V.	.15
	20A18384	Compensating Condenser.	.30
22	8A18799	Tubular Condenser .01-400V.	.10

RESISTORS

	6B6000	Carbon Resistor 820,000-1/3-20.	.DOZ. .60
	6B6002	Carbon Resistor 47,000-1/2-20.	.DOZ. .60
27	6B6003	Carbon Resistor 220,000-1/3-20 N.I.	.DOZ. .60
36	6B6005	Carbon Resistor 50-1/2-20	.DOZ. .60
30	6B6006	Carbon Resistor 2,200-1-20.	.10
33	6B6010	Carbon Resistor 330-1/2-20 Ins.	.DOZ. .60
28	6B6011	Carbon Resistor 470,000-1/3-20	.DOZ. .60
28	6B6012	Carbon Resistor 33,000-1/2-20	.DOZ. .60
25	6B6071	Carbon Resistor 1 MEG-1/3-20 N.I.	.DOZ. .60
31	6B6072	Carbon Resistor 2,200-1/3-20 N.I.	.DOZ. .60
32	6B6103	Carbon Resistor 330-1-10 N.I.	\$0.10
29	6B6106	Carbon Resistor 10,000-1-20 N.I.	.10
36	6B6107	Carbon Resistor 68-1/3-10 N.I.	.DOZ. .60
34	6B6197	Carbon Resistor 870-1/3-10 N.I.	.DOZ. .60
	6B6204	Carbon Resistor 220,000-1/3-20 Ins.	.DOZ. .60
	6B6256	Carbon Resistor 68,000-1/3-20 Ins.	.DOZ. .60

SCREWS, WASHERS, ETC.

	3A3134	"J" Bolt 5/16 X 3" CP	.DOZ. .75
	287003	Nut 6-32 X 11/32 HEX. CP.	PER C. .50
	287004	Nut 3/8-32 X 9/16 HEX. CP.	PER C. 1.00
	287035	Nut 3/16-18 x 5/8 Fits "J" Bolt	.DOZ. .20
	287050	Nut 6-32 X 5/16 PAL. CP	PER C. .50
	3S7224	Screw 6-32 X 1/4 PLHMS Brass	PER C. .50
	3S7239	Screw 6-32 X 1" PLHMS CP	PER C. .50
	3S7257	Screw 8-32 X 5/8 SLHMS CP.	PER C. .65
	3S7454	Screw 8 X 1/4 PK Z PLHH CP.	.DOZ. .20
	3S7456	Housing Screw 8 X 1/4 ACHD PK A	PER C. .65
	3S7457	Chassis Mounting Screw 8 x 7/8" PK-A-PLHH CP	.DOZ. .25
	3S7481	Screw 6 X 3/4 PK Z SLHH	PER C. 1.00
	3S7509	Screw 6 X 5/8 PK A ACHD CO.	.DOZ. .10
	3S7513	Screw 8 X 3/8 PK A BH BLK. OXD.	PER C. 1.00
	4S7614	Washer 11/16-.171-.037 CP.	PER C. .70
	4S7625	Washer 1/4-.125-.018 Plain.	PER C. .50
	4S7634	Washer 9/16-.390-.031 CO.	.DOZ. .45
	4S7639	Washer 5/8-.406-.125 CP	.DOZ. .30
	4S7650	Lockwasher No.6 Int. CP	PER C. .50
	4S7651	Lockwasher No.8 Int. CP	PER C. .50
	4S7653	Lockwasher 1-1/4 OD-5/16 I.D. CP.	.DOZ. .45
	4S7655	Lockwasher 3/8 Split-Black.	PER C. .60
	4S7656	Lockwasher No.6 Spec.-Black	PER C. .60
	4S7657	Lockwasher No.8 Ext. BO	PER C. .50
	4S7665	Lockwasher-Special-Black No.6	PER C. .75
	3S8104	Screw 8 X 1 1/2 PK A SLHH CP.	PER C. 1.00

MISCELLANEOUS

	58A2581	Flexible Shaft Bushing-C.H. End	.DOZ. .30
	58A3180	Flexible Shaft Square Fitting-Set End	.DOZ. .30
	39X4205	Hood Wiper.	.DOZ. .25
	42A4215	Vibrator Grounding Clip.	.DOZ. .75
	9K4556	Large Pin Terminal Receptacle	.DOZ. .30
	29B5350	Spade Lug HT.	.DOZ. .30
	42B5480	Grid Clip Small Collar Grip	.DOZ. .15
	5S7820	Eyelet .470-.129-.230 Bra. CSP.	PER C. .80
	38X10644	Plug Button 1/4" COP. OXD	.DOZ. .25
	9X10644	Electrolytic Ins. Wafer	.10
	31A11114	Terminal Strip 4 Ins. No.2 GND.	.05
	26B13671	Antenna Coil Shield	.35
	7A13680	Choke Support Bracket	.10
	37A13682	Tuner Mtg. Grommet-Small-Rubber	.DOZ. .30
	43A13730	Tuner Spacer Bushing-Long	.DOZ. .50
	43A13743	Tuner Spacer Bushing-Short.	.DOZ. .40
8	2A13775	Vibrator Choke & Mtg. Screw	.50
	42X14564	Cable Clamp	.DOZ. .15
42	26X14760	Bantam Tube Shield.	.05
	37K14841	Tuner Mounting Grommet-Red.	.DOZ. .60
	41A15214	Volume Control Shaft Spring	.DOZ. .25
	1X16764	Hood Wiper & Screw Assembly	.05
	64X17887	Important P.E. Instr. Sheet	.DOZ. .20
	14A19067	Speaker Terminal Insulator.	.DOZ. .20
	7A20008	Volume Control Mtg. Bracket	.05
	31A20397	Tone Control Terminal Strip	.10
	47A20436	Drive Shaft & Coupling.	.15
	47A20438	Volume Control Coupling Shaft	.10
	36K20448	Plug Button & Wiper	.10
	54B20449	Drilling Template	.DOZ. .30
	54X20458	Instruction Booklet	.10
	56X20482	Packing Carton & Fillers.	.30

PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE.

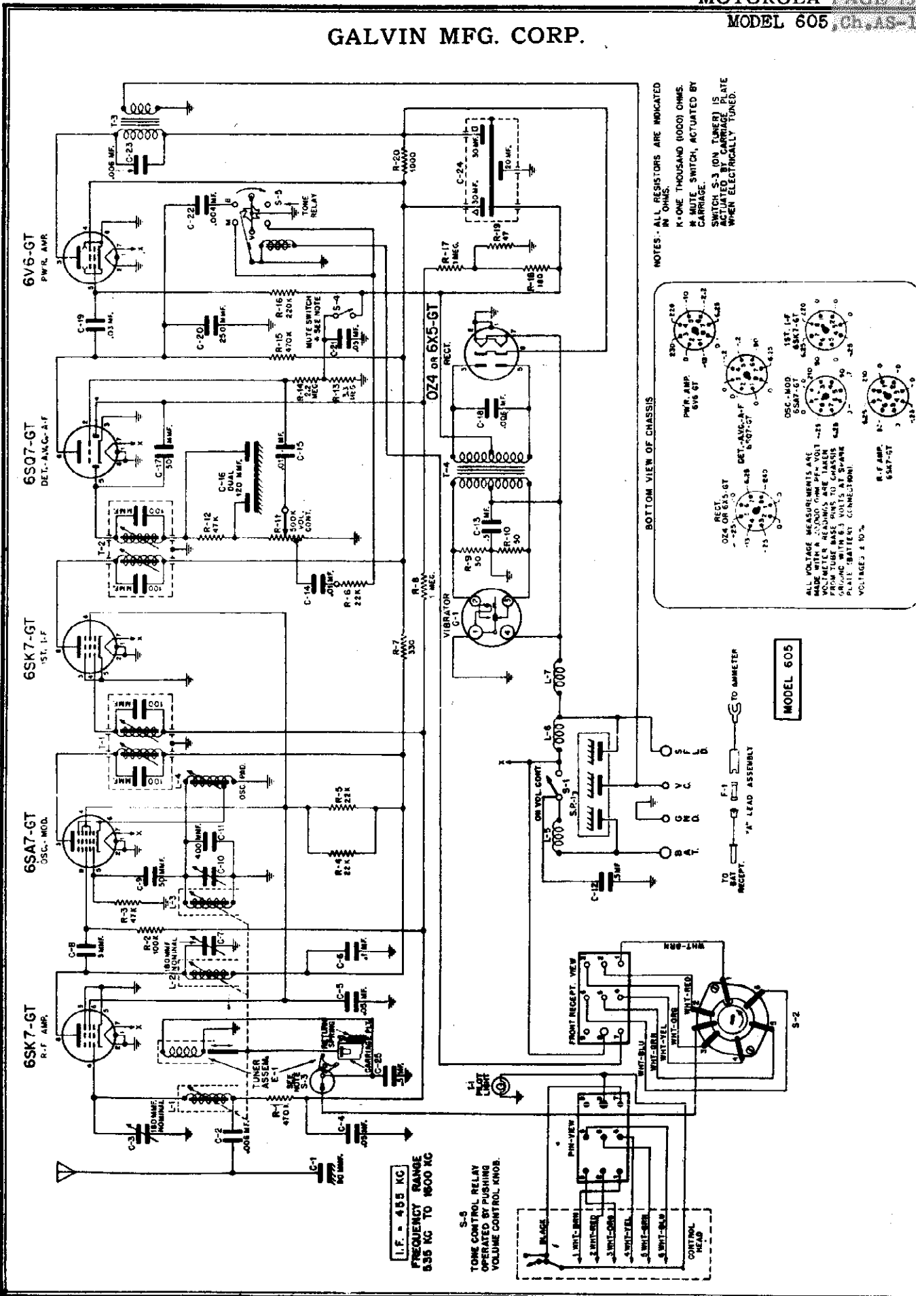
MODEL 552, Ch. A-32

GALVIN MFG. CORP.

MODEL 552 PARTS PRICE LIST
MILION PARTS

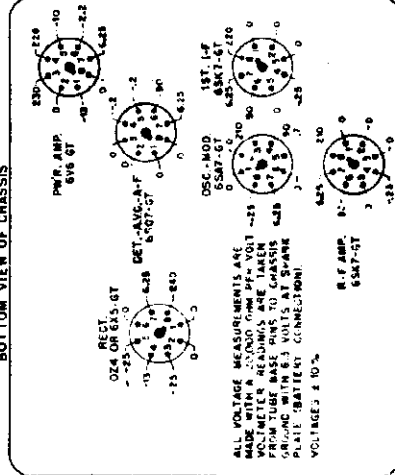
Part No.	Description	Quantity	Unit Price	Total Price	Notes
4811006	Vibrator Elk.	2.50			
25120451	Electrolytic Condenser	.85			
11254319	Volume Control & Switch Assy.	.65			
10238402	Variable Condenser 3 Gang	3.96			
25120404	Output Transformer	1.25			
25200210	Power Transformer	2.90			
24120482	"A" Choke	.50			
24120453	Vibrator Choke	.50			
11200554	Filter Choke & Bracket Assy.	.75			
11200410	Oscillator Cell & Leads Assy.	.70			
11200448	Diode Cell & Shield Assy.	1.80			
11200444	I. F. Cell & Shield Assy.	1.45			
11200449	R. F. Cell & Shield Assy.	1.75			
11200450	Antenna Coil & Shield Assy.	2.50			
11200457	E-SP-T Tuner Gang & Leads Assy	13.75			
11200450	Type M-4 Tone Relay	1.75			
11200470	E-SP-F Electric Tuner Less Gang	2.50			
11200480	Sensitivity Control Assy.	.75			
15200709	Rear Housing	2.05			
15200499	Front Housing Assy.	2.90			
ACCESSORIES					
10120485	Pure Inductor "A" Lead	.20			
214141	Distributor Suppressor	.30			
114282	Battery Lead Assy.	.40			
214491	Generator Condenser	.40			
114694	Pure Lead Assy. 20"	.25			
114695	Short "A" Lead Assy 10"	.25			
2112712	Fuse 20 AMP SFE	.05			
1120280	Antenna Recessacle Assy.	.35			
1120286	Mounting & Filter Parts Assy.	.80			
1120212	Spark Plate Assy.	.65			
20128036	Shield Marker	.80			
1120264	Flexible Shaft & Housing Assy.	1.00			
12020560	Golden Yoke Letters	.10			
12020566	Motorola Overlay Molded	.40			
24120476	Tone Control Knob	.10			
1121103	Receiver Accessories Assy.	2.40			
CONDENSERS					
24120497	Tubular Condenser .02-100V	.15			
24120498	Tubular Condenser .1-100V	.15			
24120499	Tubular Condenser .004-120V	.20			
21204500	Dual Tubular Cons. .0008-.0008-1000V	.25			
21204501	Molded Mica Condenser 500mf 20V	.15			
21204502	Molded Mica Condenser 500mf 20V	.15			
CONDUCTORS					
24120494	Condenser Resistor .005-100V-100K	.25			
24120495	Tubular Condenser .1-400V	.15			
24120496	Tubular Condenser .007-1000V	.15			
24120497	Tubular Condenser .05-100V	.15			
24120498	Tubular Condenser .4-100V	.25			
24120499	Tubular Condenser .5-100V	.30			
20112042	Antenna Trimmer & Padder	.60			
20120474	Diode Trimmer Small	.40			
20120475	I. F. Trimmer Double	.20			
20120476	R. F. Trimmer & Padder	.55			
21120410	Ceramic Mica Condenser 500mf 5V	.25			
21204600	Tubular Condenser .01-400V	.10			
20120408	One. Padder & Eye Bracket	.25			
20120409	One. Trimmer & Eye Bracket	.25			
20120424	Compensating Condenser	.25			
RESISTORS					
2525569	Carbon Res. 400-1/3-10 Ins.	.60			
2525570	Carbon Res. 10,000-1280 Ins.	.10			
2525568	Carbon Res. 50-1/2-20 M.I.	.60			
2525569	Carbon Res. 22,000-1/2-20 Ins.	.60			
2525570	Carbon Res. 1/2-20 Ins.	.60			
2525571	Carbon Res. 470,000-1/2-20 M. I. Doz.	.60			
2525572	Carbon Res. 1000-1280 M.I.	.10			
2525573	Carbon Res. 3.3 Meg 1/2-20 Ins.	.60			
2525574	Carbon Res. 220,000-1/2-20 Ins.	.60			
2525575	Carbon Res. 22,000-1/2-20 Ins.	.60			
2525576	Carbon Res. 130-1-10 Ins.	.60			
2525577	Carbon Res. 47,000-1/2-20 Ins.	.60			
2525578	Carbon Res. 150,000-1/2-20 Ins.	.60			
2525579	Carbon Res. 220,000-1/2-20 Ins.	.60			
2525580	Carbon Res. 8,800-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525581	Carbon Res. 4,700 1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525582	Carbon Res. 4,700-1-20 Ins.	.60			
2525583	Carbon Res. 2,200-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525584	Carbon Res. 65-1/2-20 Ins.	.60			
2525585	Carbon Res. 250,000-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525586	Carbon Res. 250-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525587	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525588	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525589	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525590	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525591	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525592	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
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2525594	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525595	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525596	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525597	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525598	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525599	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525600	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525601	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525602	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525603	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525604	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525605	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525606	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525607	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525608	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525609	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525610	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525611	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525612	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525613	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525614	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525615	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525616	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525617	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525618	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525619	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525620	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
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2525623	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
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2525634	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525635	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525636	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525637	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525638	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525639	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525640	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525641	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525642	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525643	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525644	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
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2525648	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525649	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525650	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525651	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525652	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525653	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525654	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525655	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525656	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525657	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525658	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525659	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525660	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525661	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525662	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525663	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525664	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525665	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525666	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525667	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525668	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525669	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525670	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525671	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525672	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525673	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525674	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525675	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525676	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525677	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525678	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525679	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525680	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525681	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525682	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525683	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525684	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525685	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525686	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525687	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525688	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525689	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525690	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525691	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525692	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525693	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525694	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525695	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525696	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525697	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525698	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525699	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			
2525700	Carbon Res. 100-1/2-10 Ins.	.60			

GALVIN MFG. CORP.



NOTES: ALL RESISTORS ARE INDICATED IN OHMS.
 R-ONE THOUSAND (1000) OHMS.
 K MUTE SWITCH, ACTUATED BY CARRIAGE.
 SWITCH S-3 (ON TUNER) IS ACTUATED BY CARRIAGE PLATE WHEN ELECTRICALLY TUNED.

BOTTOM VIEW OF CHASSIS



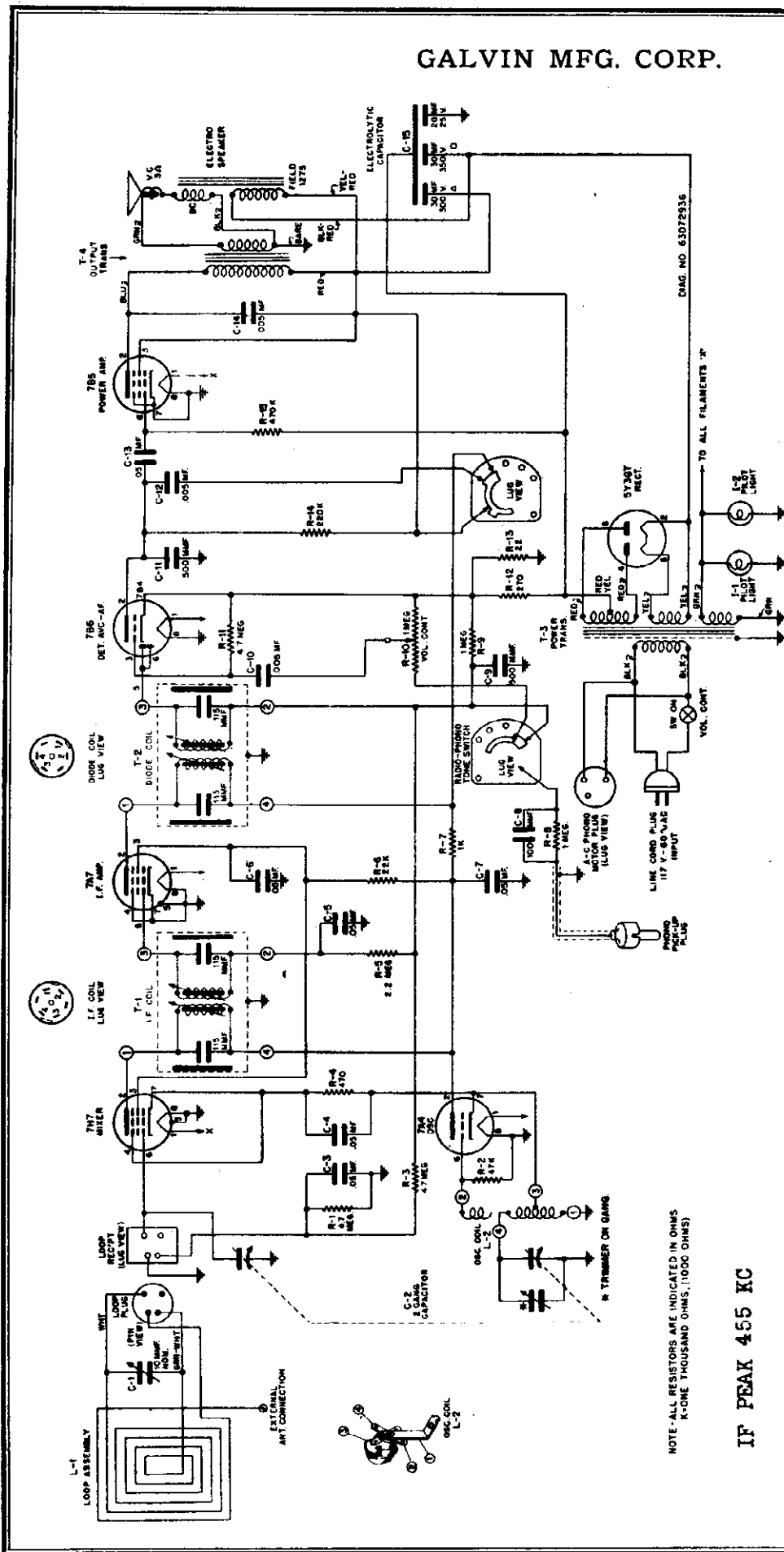
MODEL 605

I.F. - 455 KC
 FREQUENCY RANGE
 535 KC TO 1600 KC

S-5
 TONE CONTROL RELAY
 OPERATED BY PUSHING
 VOLUME CONTROL KNOB.

GALVIN MFG. CORP.

1946



NOTE - ALL RESISTORS ARE INDICATED IN OHMS
K-ONE THOUSAND OHMS, (1,000 OHMS)

IF PEAK 455 KC

TO REMOVE CHASSIS FROM CABINET:

1. Remove the 3 control knobs.
2. Remove the 7 wood screws from bottom of cabinet.
3. The bottom board with chassis attached may now be removed from the cabinet.
4. The loop, phono pickup and phono motor cords all terminate in plugs. Do not attempt to unsolder them when freeing chassis from cabinet.
5. To expose bottom of chassis, remove the two screws that hold chassis to bottom board.

GALVIN MFG. CORP.

Refer to Figure 3 for location of adjustment trimmers and cores. Connect output meter across speaker voice coil. (.36V = .05 watt). Volume control set at maximum for all operations. The PHONO-RADIO-TONE switch should be set to RADIO treble position. The adjusting screwdriver or alignment tool should be of the insulated type, such as Motorola Part No. 66A71008.

OPERATIONS IN ORDER	GANG CAPACITOR SET AT	DUMMY ANTENNA	GENERATOR CONNECTED TO	GENERATOR SET AT (400~30% MODULATED)	ADJUST TRIMMER OR CORE NO.	AVERAGE MICROVOLT INPUT FOR .36V OUTPUT
1. Align I-F & diode for maximum	Minimum	.1 mf.	Mixer Grid	455 Kc.	1,2,3 & 4	6 microvolts
2. Set Oscillator trimmer	Minimum	.1 mf.	Mixer Grid	1820 Kc.	5	
3. Peak loop antenna	1400 Kc.	None	Radiation loop*	1400 Kc.	6 (should be repeaked after loop & set are installed in cabinet.)	

* Connect output of signal generator to a 5" diameter 3 turn loop. See Figure 2. With volume control on full, bring loop close enough to receiver loop until an output of 50 milliwatts is obtained (.36V on output meter). The distance between loops should never be less than 12". Vary distance between generator and receiver loops or adjust generator output to maintain .36V during alignment.

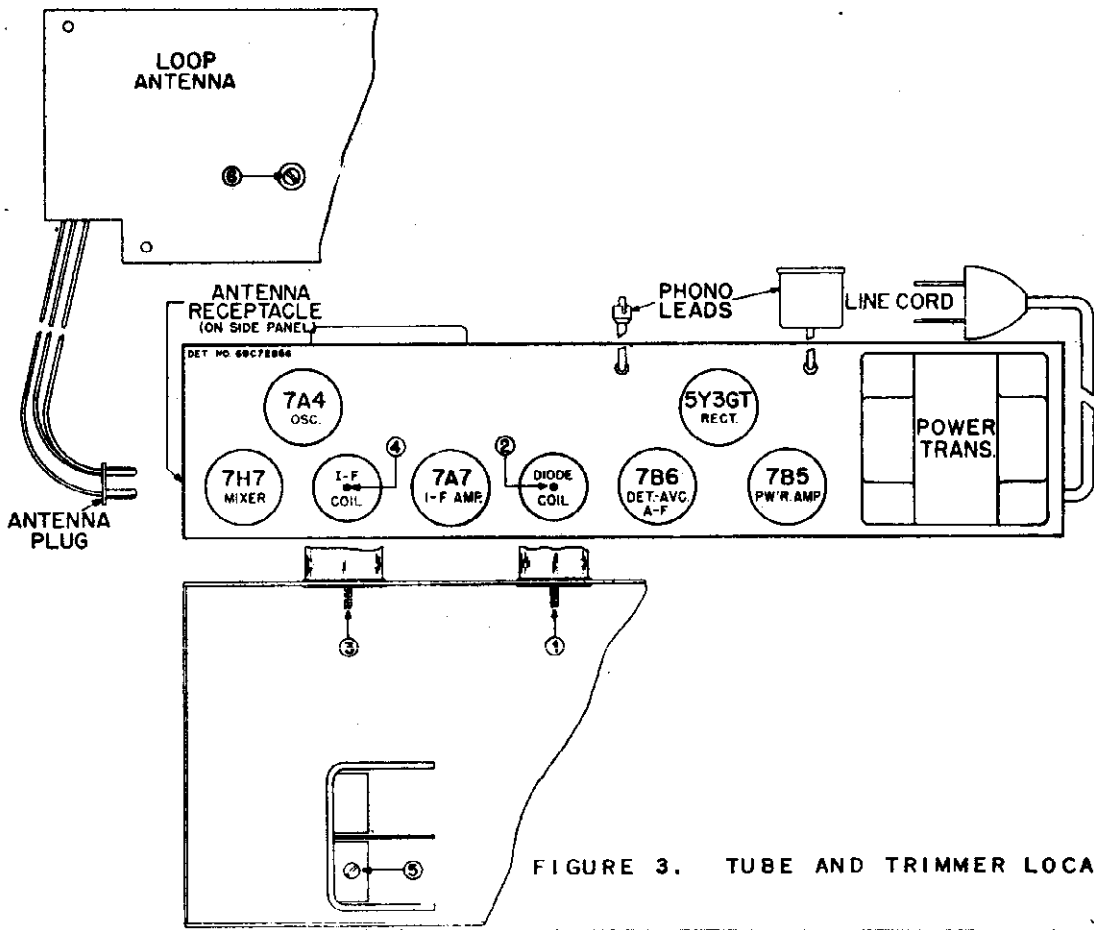


FIGURE 3. TUBE AND TRIMMER LOCATION. DETAIL

GALVIN MFG. CORP.

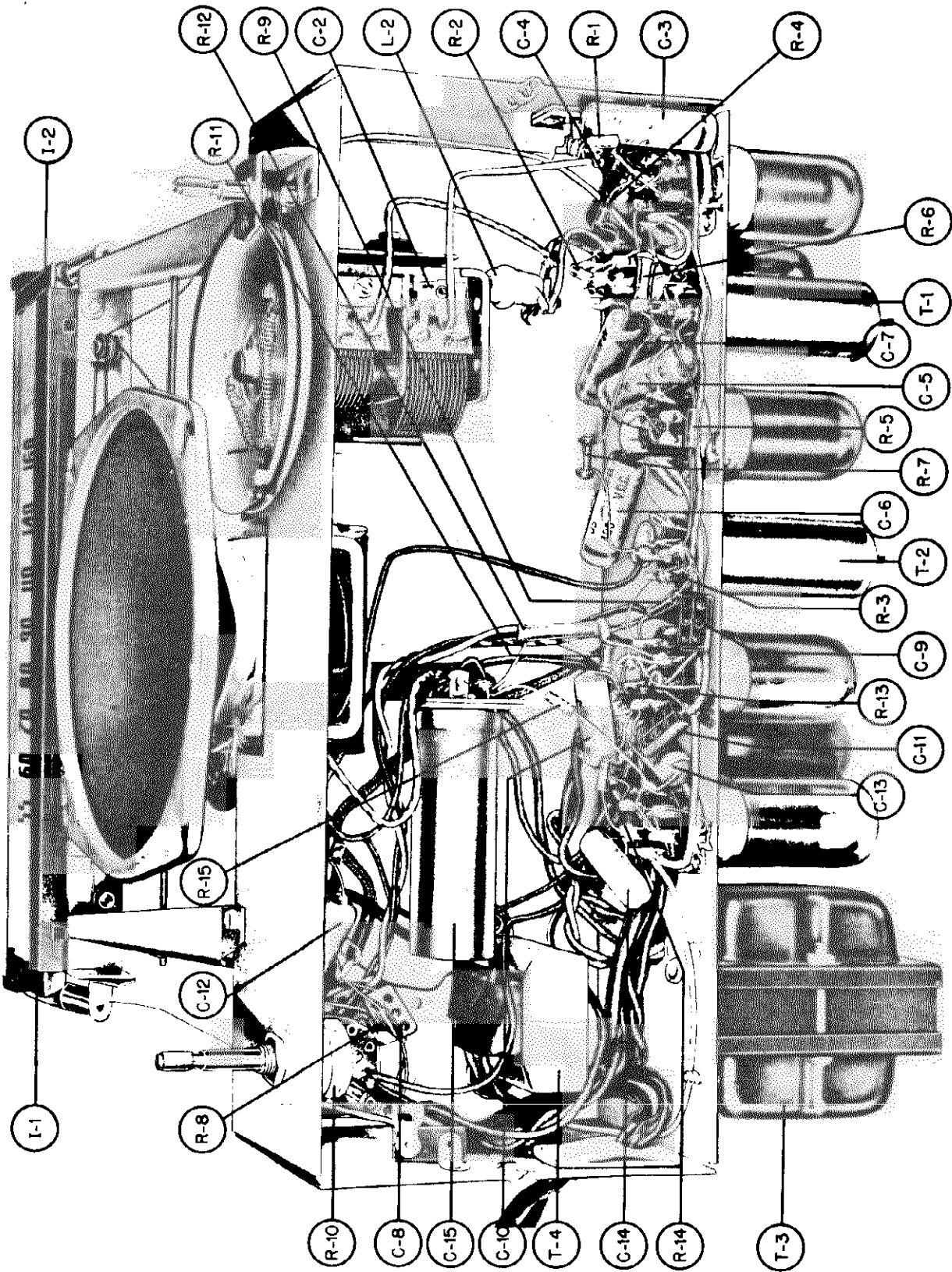


FIGURE 5. CHASSIS BOTTOM VIEW

GALVIN MFG. CORP.

REF. NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	LIST PRICE	REF. NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	LIST PRICE	
C-1	20A16740	Capacitor, trimmer: 1.5-15 mmf; includes "M" mounting bracket	.35	R-9	6R6004	Resistor, fixed: carbon; 1 meg 1/2W Ins.	doz. 1.00	
C-2	1X72533	Capacitor, variable: 2 gang; cut oscillator plates; includes pulley	4.35	R-10	16A70032	Resistor, variable; 1 meg; with SPST switch	1.10	
C-3	659816	Capacitor, fixed: paper; .05 mf. 400V	.20	R-11	6R2122	Resistor, fixed: carbon; 4.7 meg 1/2W Ins.	doz. 1.00	
C-4	659816	Capacitor, fixed: paper; .05 mf. 400V	.20	R-12	6R6035	Resistor, fixed: carbon; 270 10% 1W N.I.	each .15 doz. 1.45	
C-5	659816	Capacitor, fixed: paper; .05 mf. 400V	.20	R-13	6R6406	Resistor, fixed: carbon; 22 10% 1/2W Ins.	doz. 1.00	
C-6	659816	Capacitor, fixed: paper; .05 mf. 400V	.20	R-14	6R6015	Resistor, fixed: carbon; 220,000 1/2W Ins.	doz. 1.00	
C-7	659816	Capacitor, fixed: paper; .05 mf. 400V	.20	R-15	6R6032	Resistor, fixed: carbon; 470,000 1/2W Ins.	doz. 1.00	
C-8	21R6641	Capacitor, fixed: mica; 100 mmf. 500V	.20	T-1	24B70545	Transformer, I.F.: 455 kc; complete but less shield and iron core sleeve	2.45	
C-9	21R6639	Capacitor, fixed: mica; 500 mmf. 500V	.30	T-2	24B70537	Transformer, diode; 455 kc; complete but less shield and iron core sleeve	2.45	
C-10	659813	Capacitor, fixed: paper; .005 mf. 500V	.20	T-3	25C21248	Transformer, power	7.55	
C-11	21R6630	Capacitor, fixed: mica; 500 mmf. 500V	.30	T-4	25B21175	Transformer, output	2.65	
C-12	659813	Capacitor, fixed: paper; .005 mf. 500V	.20		1X72531	Bracket & Mounting Plate Assembly: "L" shaped steel bracket and bakelite electrolytic mounting plate	.10	
C-13	659816	Capacitor, fixed: paper; .05 mf. 400V	.20		7371727	Bracket, gang capacitor mounting	.25	
C-14	659813	Capacitor, fixed: paper; .005 mf. 500V	.20		7A1464	Bracket, tuning shaft	.10	
C-15	25A27716	Capacitor, electrolytic: 30-30-20 mf/350-500-25V			43A78441	Bushing, felt (used on control shafts, between knob and cabinet)	.10	
	or	25K74827	Capacitor, electrolytic: 20-30-20 mf/550-500-25V	2.70		16F71015	Cabinet (65F11)	27.00
I-1 &					16F78443	Cabinet (65F12)	30.00	
I-2	65X10667	Bulb: 6.3V, .25A, tubular bayonet; #44	.15		35X72561	Cloth, grille (65F11)	1.00	
L-1	24K72585	Loop and Panel Assembly: complete with trimmer, connecting leads and plug (65F11)	3.25		35X78444	Cloth, grille (65F12)	1.00	
	24K76412	Loop and Panel Assembly: complete with trimmer, connecting leads and plug. (65F12)	3.25		11M9944	Cord, dial: 16 lb; black	yd. .10	
L-2	24A70547	Coil, B. C. oscillator	1.15		30K75570	Cord, line: 6 ft. long; with plug	.75	
R-1	6R2122	Resistor, fixed: carbon; 4.7 meg 1/2W Ins.	doz. 1.00		1X72526	Cord, phono-pick-up; complete with single pin plug	.60	
R-2	6R6056	Resistor, fixed: carbon; 47,000 1/2W Ins.	doz. 1.00		1X71047	Core & Palmut Assembly (I.F. & diode transformer top tuning iron core and nut)	.20	
R-3	6R2122	Resistor, fixed: carbon; 4.7 meg 1/2W Ins.	doz. 1.00		1X71048	Core & Clip Assembly (I.F. & diode transformer bottom tuning iron core and clip)	.20	
R-4	6R6090	Resistor, fixed: carbon; 470 10% 1/2W Ins.	doz. 1.00		1X72543	Dial Assembly: complete with 2 mounting brackets, dial plate (painted brown), pointer slider rail, 3 pointer cord pulleys and 2 dial light sockets. No glass dial scale or pointer included.	3.30	
R-5	6R3927	Resistor, fixed: carbon; 2.2 meg 1/2W Ins.	doz. 1.00		13B72476	Escutcheon, dial: brown plastic	1.05	
R-6	6R6347	Resistor, fixed: carbon; 22,000 10% 1/2W N.I.	doz. 1.20		5A19658	Eyelet: 19/64 x .212 I.D. x 1/2 (gang mounting)	doz. .20	
R-7	6R6053	Resistor, fixed: carbon; 1,000 1/2W N.I.	doz. 1.20		5A70098	Eyelet: 23/64 x 7/32 I.D. x 1/2 (speaker mounting)	doz. .20	
R-8	6R6004	Resistor, fixed: carbon; 1 meg 1/2W Ins.	doz. 1.00		37K15841	Foot, rubber (cabinet foot)	doz. .25	
					13C76344	Grille, cabinet: metal, brass plated (65F12)	2.00	
					5A70404	Grommet, rubber (gang capacitor and speaker cushions)	doz. .60	

MODELS 65F11, 65F12

Chassis HS-31

GALVIN MFG. CORP.

REF. NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	LIST PRICE	REF. NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	LIST PRICE
	587708	Rivet, steel: .122 x 9/32 nickel plated (line cord lock mounting)	per/c .50		28K1775	PLUG, 1 pin (used on phono-pick-up cord)	.10
	6A71240	Rivet, shoulder: .187 long (pointer cord guide pulley mounting)	doz. .15		28K19871	Plug, 4 pin (loop plug)	.10
	6A13896	Rivet, shoulder: .312 long (pointer cord guide pulley mounting)	doz. .15		52B71098	Pointer, dial	.20
	47A71724	Rod, dial cord guide: steel; 6-3/8 long x 3/32 diameter	.05		49A23980	Pulley, cord: bakelite; 1/4 groove (pointer cord guides)	doz. .30
	34B71097	Scale, dial: glass	1.10		9A30680	Receptacle, 3 prong; less shell (phono-motor power cord receptacle)	.10
	3S1317	Screw, steel: #2 x 3/8 Phillips oval head wood screw; bronze finish (dial escutcheon mounting)	doz. .20		9K28049	Receptacle, 4 prong (loop receptacle)	.10
	387506	Screw, steel: #6 x 1/4 PKZ plain hex head; cadmium plated (Osc. coil mounting)	per/c .50		587707	Rivet, steel: .122 x 5/32; nickel plated (tube socket mounting; terminal strip mounting; output transformer mounting)	per/c .50
	387536	Screw, steel: #6 x 3/8 PKA slotted acorn head; antique copper finish (loop mounting)	per/c .50		587701	Rivet, steel: .122 x 3/16; nickel plated (elect. plate and insulator mounting; tuning shaft bracket mounting)	per/c .50
	382294	Screw, steel: 6-32 x 1/2 plain hex head locking type machine screw; cadmium plated (gang capacitor mounting)	doz. .15		637700	Rivet, steel: .122 x 1/4; nickel plated (loop receptacle mounting)	per/c .50
	387454	Screw, steel: #8 x 1/4 PKZ plain hex head; cadmium plated (gang capacitor bracket mounting)	per/c .50		15K74443	Shell, receptacle & plug (used with phono-motor power cord plug and receptacle)	.05
	587475	Screw, steel: #8 x 1/4 PKZ slotted acorn head; cadmium plated (power transformer mounting)	per/c .50		1A71049	Shield, & Iron Core Sleeve Assembly (I.F. & diode transformer shield with internal iron core sleeve)	.30
	587512	Screw, steel: #8 x 1/2 PKZ plain hex head; cadmium plated (speaker mounting)	doz. .15		9K72592	Socket, pilot light: with mounting bracket	.25
	387528	Screw, steel: #8 x 1-1/8 PKA slotted hex head; cadmium plated (chassis mounting)	doz. .15		9A72519	Socket, tube: octal; saddle type (for rectifier)	.20
	587396	Screw, steel: 10-32 x 2" slotted hex head machine screw; copper plated (record changer mounting)	doz. .25		50B71731	Speaker: 8" electro; with mounting bracket	8.00
	47A71722	Shaft, tuning	.15		257087	Speednut: for .093 diameter rods (dial cord guide rod retainer)	per/c .50
	55K72558	Hinge, cabinet	.15		41A28190	Spring, cushion (top) (record changer mounting)	doz. .25
	55K72559	Hinge & lid support	.95		41A21807	Spring, cushion (bottom) (record changer mounting)	per/c .65
	56K74652	Knob, control: bakelite; with white dot (radio-phono-tone knob)	.10		41A14244	Spring, tension coil (pointer and drive cord tension spring)	doz. .55
	1I76610	Knob, control: clear plastic with gold inset (65F11)	.40		37K70556	Strip, channel; rubber (dial scale mounting)	doz. .15
	1I76611	Knob, control: brown (65F11) (tuning & volume knobs)	.40		31K72404	Strip, terminal: 1 small insulated lug (used on loop)	doz. .50
	36K76373	Knob, control (tuning & volume knobs) (65F12)	.40		31A15453	Strip, terminal: 1 large insulated lug, #2 mounting	.05
	52A24815	Lock, line cord: fibre (holds line cord to chassis)	doz. .25		31A71122	Strip, terminal: 3 insulated lugs, #2 ground	.10
	487650	Lockwasher: steel: #6 internal; cadmium plated (output transformer mounting)	per/c .50		40A71721	Switch, phono-radio & tone	1.15
	287051	Nut, steel: 3/8-32 x 9/16; Palnut; cadmium plated (phono-radio-tone switch & volume control mounting)	doz. .15		4A70015	Washer, "C" (tuning shaft retainer)	per/c .50
	9A12705	Plate, electrolytic mounting: bakelite	doz. .20		451719	Washer, steel: 3/8 x .140 x .030 thick; cadmium plated (line cord lock mounting)	per/c .50
					486214	Washer, steel: 7/8 x .203 x .067 thick; cadmium plated (chassis mounting)	doz. .25
					488204	Washer, steel: 1" x .203 x .067 thick (record changer mounting)	doz. .25

Prices Subject To Change Without Notice

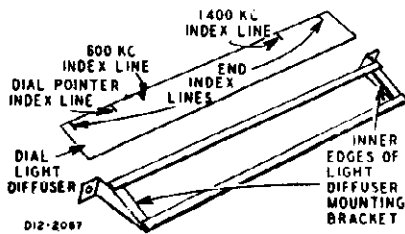
GAMBLE-SKOGMO INC.

DIAL CALIBRATION

In order to align the receiver, the dial pointer must be positioned on the dial string correctly with reference to the dial. Index lines are provided on the dial light diffuser for this purpose.

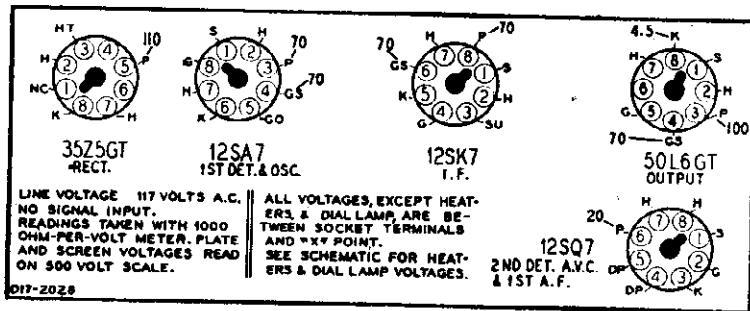
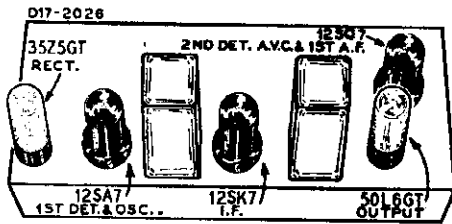
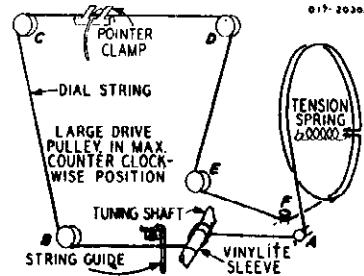
Before aligning the receiver (or when replacing the dial light diffuser) check the position of the diffuser strip, making certain that the two extreme index lines are aligned with the inner edges of the diffuser mounting bracket opening. The bracket should be crimped at one point to prevent movement of the diffuser strip. To position the dial pointer, turn the gang condenser to the fully closed position. The dial pointer should be directly over the dial pointer index line. (See illustration).

The 600 KC and 1400 KC index lines are for use when aligning the receiver.



DRIVE CORD REPLACEMENT

Turn gang condenser to fully open position. Use a new drive cord and fasten one end to the tension spring. Fasten the other end of the tension spring to the hook on the drive pulley. Pass the drive cord through the slot in the drive pulley rim and continue over top of pulley (counterclockwise) one-half turn. Pass cord around idler stud A and wind two turns clockwise around tuning shaft, turns must progress away from chassis. Pass cord in front of string guide, around pulley B, over pulleys C, D, E and around idler stud F. Wind cord counterclockwise one and one-half turns around drive pulley in back of previous one-half turn. Pass cord through slot in pulley rim, stretch the tension spring and fasten free end of cord to spring. Refer to the Replacement Parts List for the number of the drive cord assembly for use with this radio.



ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

Check dial pointer position, see DIAL CALIBRATION paragraph.

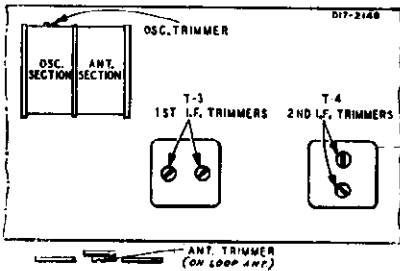
Volume Control—Maximum All Adjustments. Allow Chassis and Signal Generator to "Heat Up" for several Minutes.

The equipment in column at right is required for aligning:

Signal Generator which will provide an accurately calibrated signal at the test frequencies as listed.

Output Indicating Meter: Non-Metallic Screwdriver.

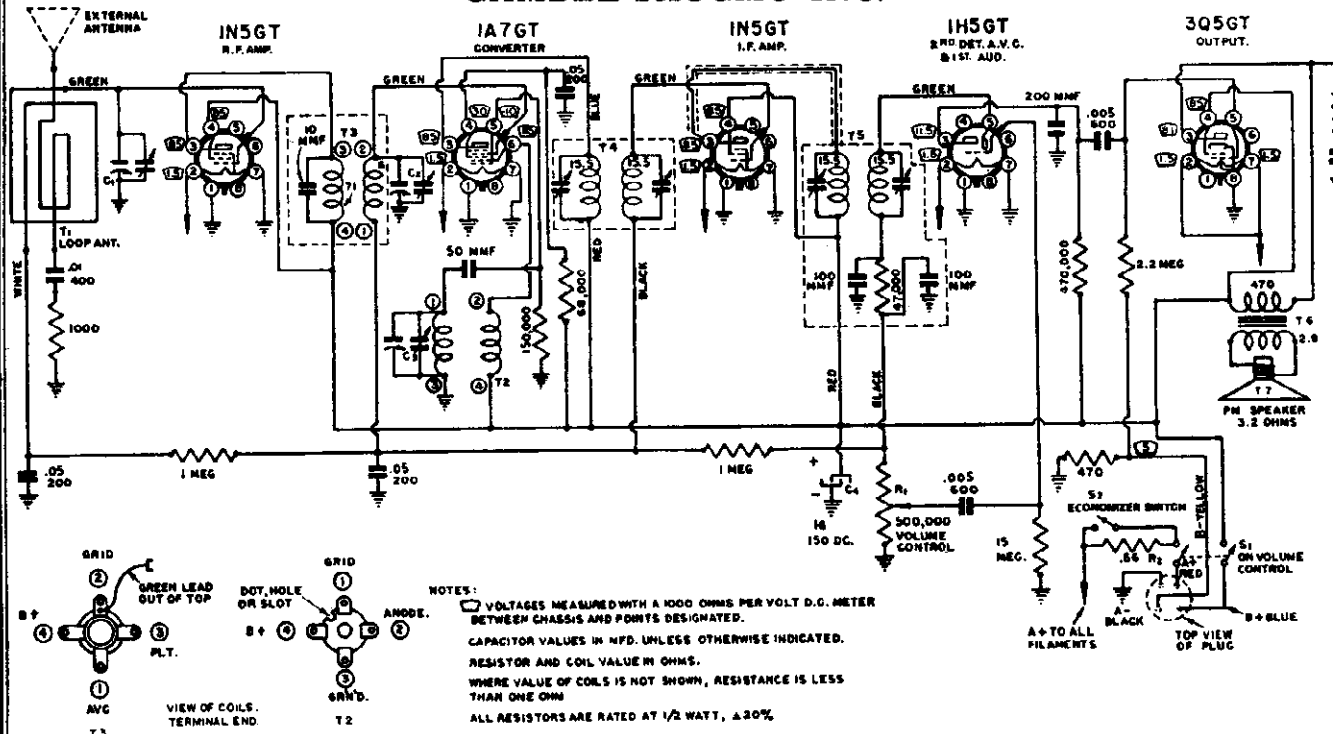
Dummy Antennas—.1mf., 50 mmf.



NOTE A—Use 1400 KC index line on dial light diffuser. See DIAL CALIBRATION paragraph.

SIGNAL GENERATOR						ADJUST TRIMMERS TO MAXIMUM (See Trimmer Illustration)	
FREQUENCY SETTING	ANTENNA CONNECTION	GROUND CONNECTION	DUMMY ANTENNA	CONDENSER SETTING			
450 KC	Control Grid 12SK7—I. F. Prong No. 4	Point "X" 12SK7—I. F. Prong No. 3	.1 mf.	Turn Rotor to full open	2nd I. F. Trimmers		
455 KC	Control Grid 12SA7—1st Det. Prong No. 8	Same As Above	.1 mf.	Turn Rotor to full open	1st I. F. Trimmers		
1400 KC	Control Grid 12SA7—1st Det. Prong No. 8	Same As Above	.1 mf.	Turn Rotor to 1400 KC See Note A	Oscillator Trimmers		
1400 KC	External Antenna Clip On Loop	Chassis	50 mmf.	Turn Rotor to 1400 KC See Note A	Antenna Trimmer		

GAMBLE-SKOGMO INC.



SERVICE PARTS LIST MODEL 43-6451

IF PEAK 455 KC

Order Parts by Model No. and Part No.

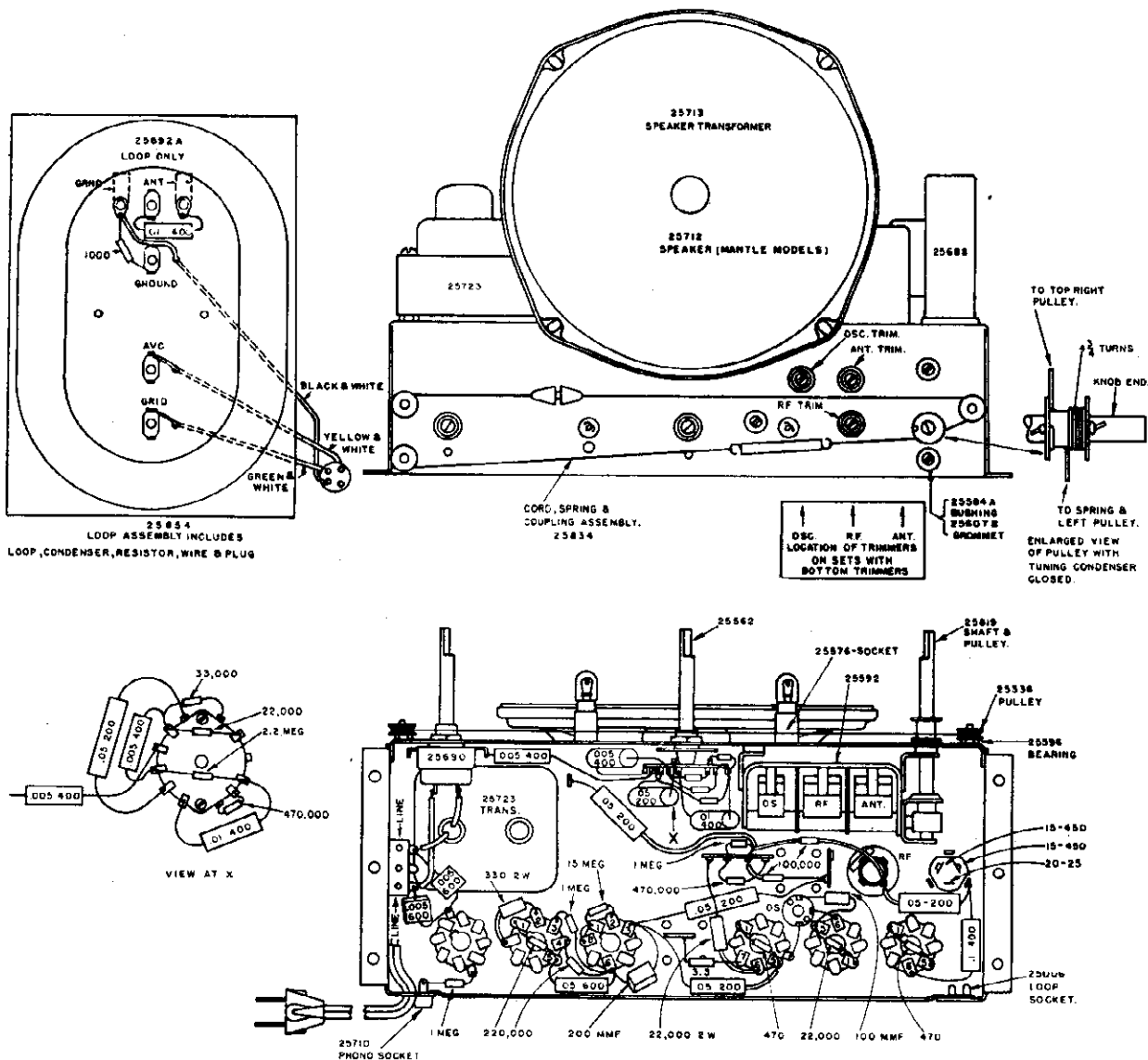
Part No.	Name
25296	Adaptor, for use with 2 volt storage battery.
25566	Bearing (for wood pulleys)
25561	Cabinet
25597	Coil, R. F. (T3)
25598	Coil, Oscillator (T2)
25600	Condenser, Electrolytic 16 Mfd, 150 V. (C4)
25592	Condenser—Tuning, 3 Gang, less Tuning Shaft (C1, C2, C3)
25367	Control, Volume, with On-Off Switch (R1)
25811	Cord, Dial, complete with Spring and Pointer Coupling
25696	Knob, Tuning or Volume
25609	Loop (T1)
25612	Plug, Battery Cable 4 Prong
	Pointer, Dial — See "Track-Pointer"
25336	Pulley—Wood
25616	Scale, Dial
25766	Shaft—Tuning with "spool" pulley
25620	Socket—Tube
25593	Speaker 5" P.M. Dynamic (T7) (less Transformer)
25319	Switch, Economizer (S2)
25808	Track, Pointer, complete with Brackets and Pointer
25621	Transformer I. F. Input (T4)
25622	Transformer I. F. Output (T5)
25594	Transformer—Speaker Output (T6)

Reference Numbers such as (C4) are shown on circuit diagram.

Parts not listed above, may be ordered by part number as shown in the picture and by complete description, send a sketch if possible. Order parts from your local Gamble Store.

We cannot supply speaker cones. We can replace or repair a damaged speaker for a nominal price if it is returned to our factory, transportation charges prepaid.

GAMBLE-SKOGMO INC.



SERVICE PARTS LIST

MODEL 43-8685

When ordering parts always mention complete factory model number, series and issue.

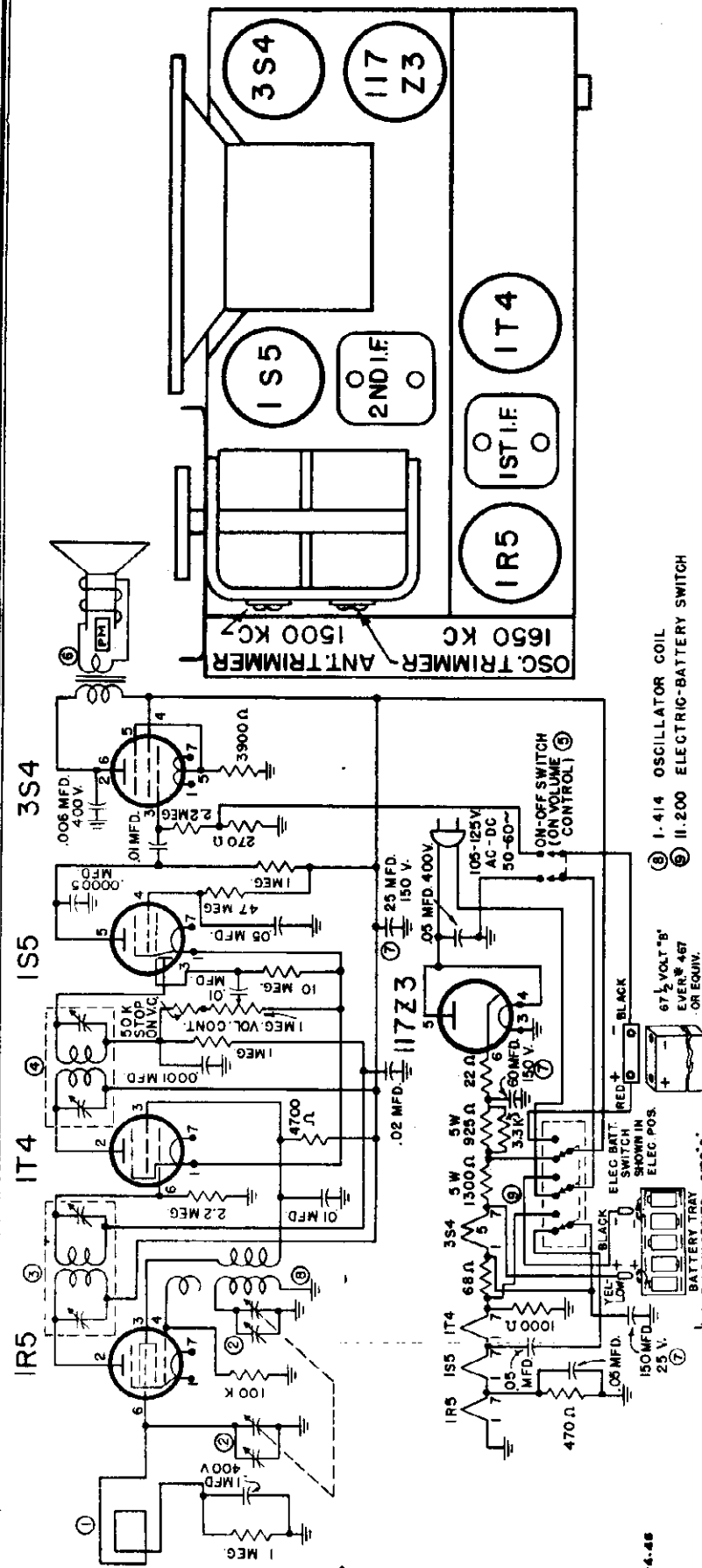
Part No.	Description	Part No.	Description
25692	Antenna—Loop	25336	Pulley—Wood—Small
25596	Bearings—For Wood Pulleys	25819	Pulley—Manual Drive With Shaft
25572	Bracket—Tuning Condenser—Front	25607	Rubber—Grommets
25573	Bracket—Tuning Condenser—Rear	25774	Screw—Set For Worm Gear (Tuning Condenser)
25574	Bracket—Speaker	25576	Socket—Dial Lamp
25765	Bracket—Pointer Track	25620	Socket—Octal
25660	Cabinet	25006	Socket—For Loop
25597	Coil—R. F.	25712	Speaker—With Transformer
25724	Coil—Oscillator	25562	Switch—Tone S-1,
25688	Condenser—Filter 15-450, 15-450, 20-25	25711	Track—Pointer
25592	Condenser—Tuning C-1, C-2, C-3	25715	Transformer—I. F. Input
25690	Control—Volume (with AC Switch S-2)	25714	Transformer—I. F. Output
25688	Cord—AC and Plug	25713	Transformer—Output—Speaker
25834	Cord—Dial (includes Spring and Pointer Coupling)	25723	Transformer—Power 60 Cycles
25751	Dial Scale—Glass		
25578	Dial Pointer		
25829	Knob—Tone		
25696	Knob—Volume and Tuning		
25710	Phono—Pick-Up Socket		
25693	Plug—For Loop		

Note: Resistors and condensers not listed will be supplied on order—specify value. We cannot supply speaker cones. We can replace or repair a damaged speaker for a nominal price if it is returned to our factory, transportation charges prepaid.

In ordering any part not listed give complete description and a sketch, if possible. Order parts from your local Gamble Store.

MODEL 5D

GAROD ELECTRONICS CORP.



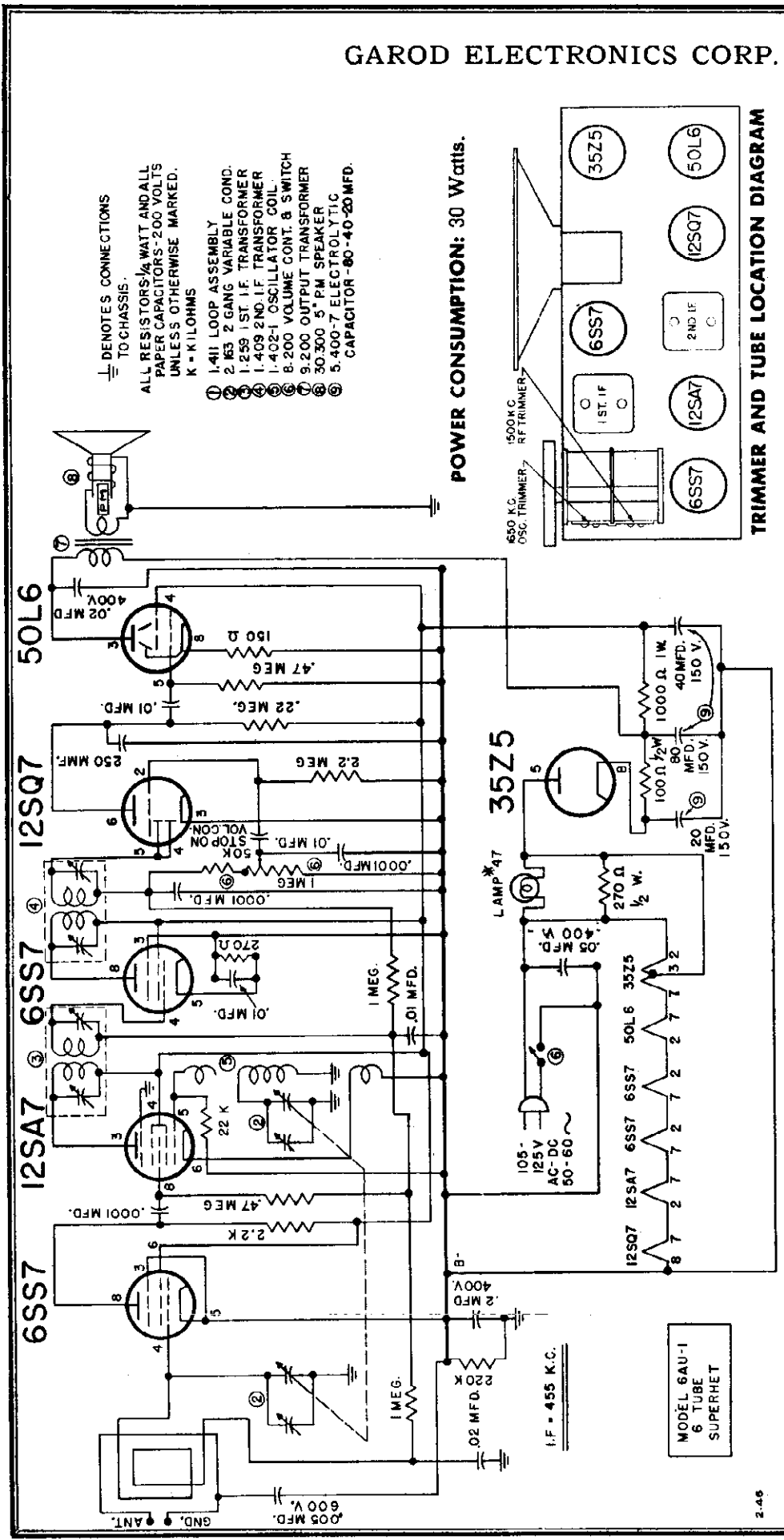
- (1) ALL RESISTORS 1/2 WATT AND ALL PAPER CAPACITORS 200 VOLTS UNLESS OTHERWISE MARKED.
- K = KILOHMS
- I.F. = 455 K.C.
- (2) Adjust the trimmers located at the top of the first and second I. F. Transformers for maximum output as indicated on the output meter.
- (3) Loosely couple the Signal Generator lead to the Loop (open position) and set to 1650 KC.
- (4) With the Variable Capacitor set at the extreme counter-clockwise position (minimum capacity), tune in the 1650 KC signal by means of the Oscillator Trimmer on the Variable Capacitor (rear section).
- (5) Set the Signal Generator to 1500 KC and turn the Tuning Control so that this frequency is indicated on the dial. Adjust the Antenna Trimmer on the Variable Capacitor (front section) for maximum output.
- (6) Install the chassis into the cabinet and check the dial calibration. If further adjustment is required, remove the two plug buttons on the side of the cabinet adjacent to the Variable Capacitor and adjust the Oscillator Trimmer as required for correct dial calibration. Readjust the Antenna Trimmer for maximum output and replace plug buttons.

- (1) 1-405 LOOP ANTENNA
- (2) 2-203 2-GANG VARIABLE CONDENSER
- (3) 1-412 1ST I.F. TRANSFORMER
- (4) 1-413 2ND I.F. TRANSFORMER
- (5) 8-200-2 VOLUME CONTROL & SWITCH
- (6) 30302 3 1/2" P.M. SPEAKER
- (7) 5-400-3 ELECTROLYTIC CAP. 60-25-150 MFD.
- (8) 1-414 OSCILLATOR COIL
- (9) II-200 ELECTRIC-BATTERY SWITCH

ALIGNMENT (Electric Operation) Receiver removed from cabinet. Should it become necessary at any time to check the alignment of this receiver, proceed as follows:

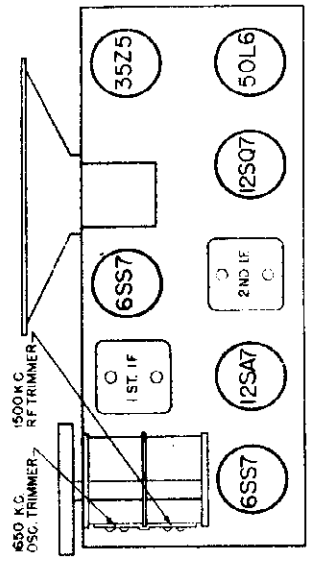
- (1) Set the Signal Generator to 455 KC and connect to the stator lug (front section) of the Variable Capacitor. Extend Loop leads and connect to Loop contacts inside top of cabinet. Connect the Signal Generator ground lead to the chassis. Connect a suitable output meter across the Speaker Voice Coil Connections. Turn the Volume Control to the maximum position. Turn the Variable Capacitor to the extreme counter-clockwise position (minimum capacity).

GAROD ELECTRONICS CORP.



- ⊥ DENOTES CONNECTIONS TO CHASSIS.
- ALL RESISTORS 1/4 WATT AND ALL PAPER CAPACITORS 200 VOLTS UNLESS OTHERWISE MARKED.
- K = KILOHMS
- ① 1-4I1 LOOP ASSEMBLY
 - ② 2-K3 2 GANG VARIABLE COND.
 - ③ 1-2S9 1ST IF TRANSFORMER
 - ④ 1-409 2ND IF TRANSFORMER
 - ⑤ 1-402-1 OSCILLATOR COIL
 - ⑥ 8-200 VOLUME CONT. & SWITCH
 - ⑦ 8-200 OUTPUT TRANSFORMER
 - ⑧ 30,300 5" PM SPEAKER
 - ⑨ 5-400-7 ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR-80-40-20 MFD.

POWER CONSUMPTION: 30 Watts.



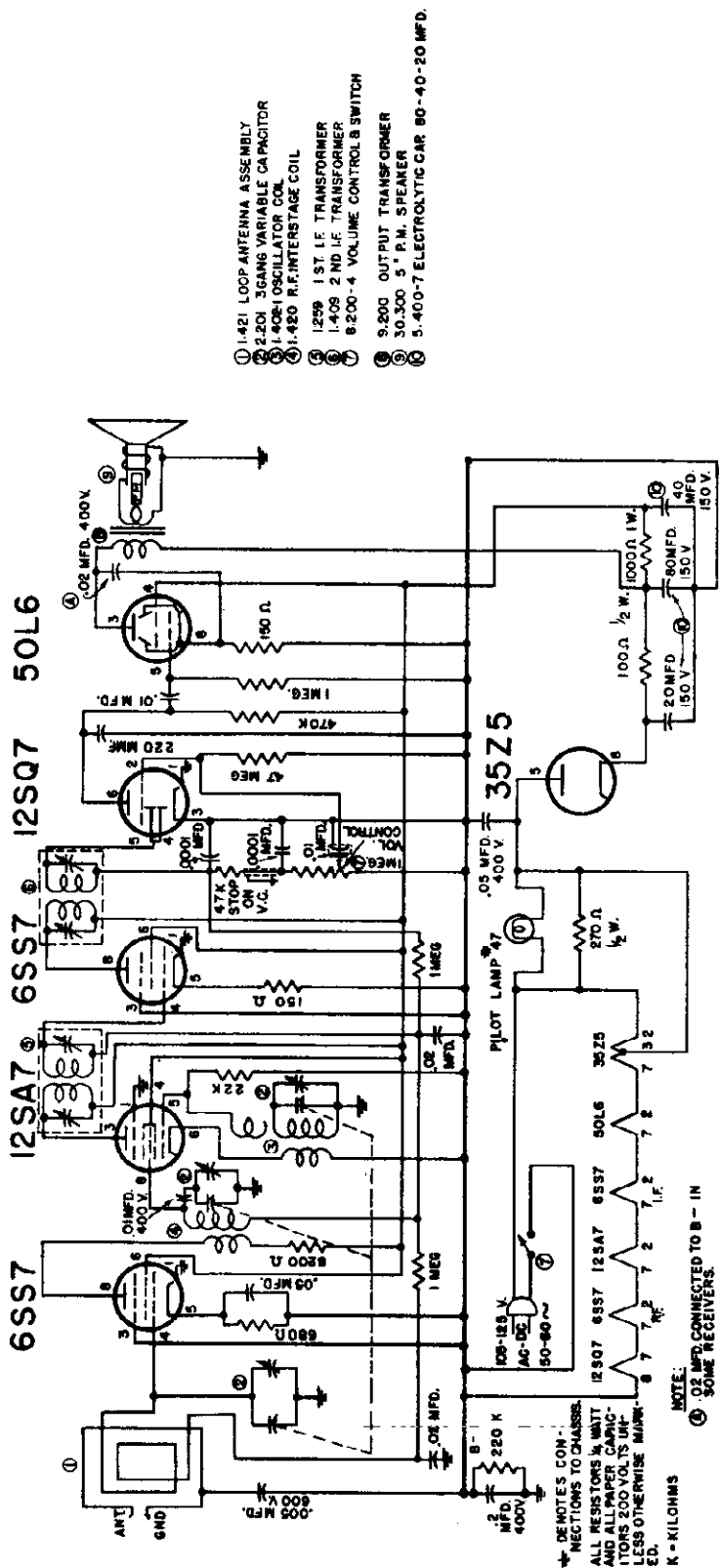
TRIMMER AND TUBE LOCATION DIAGRAM

ALIGNMENT: Should it become necessary at any time to check the alignment Loosely couple the Signal Generator lead to the Loop and set to 1650 KC. of this receiver, proceed as follows:

Set the Signal Generator to 455 KC and connect to the grid of the 6SS7 R. F. Amplifier, or to the Stator Lug on the rear section of the Variable Capacitor. With the Variable Capacitor set at the extreme clockwise position, tune in the 1650 KC signal by means of the Oscillator Trimmer on the Variable Capacitor (front section).

Connect the Signal Generator Ground Lead to a "-B" point underneath the chassis. Connect a suitable output meter across the Speaker Voice Coil Connections. First turn the Volume Control to the maximum position, Turn the Variable Capacitor to the extreme clockwise position. No other adjustments are necessary.

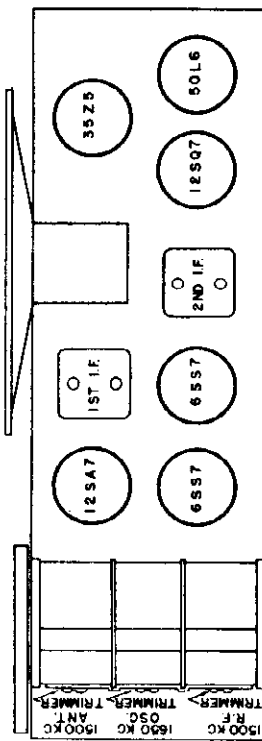
Adjust the trimmers located at the top of the first and second I. F. Trans-



- ① 1-421 LOOP ANTENNA ASSEMBLY
- ② 2-201 3GANG VARIABLE CAPACITOR
- ③ 1-404 OSCILLATOR COIL
- ④ 1-450 R.F. INTERSTAGE COIL
- ⑤ 1-259 1ST. I.F. TRANSFORMER
- ⑥ 1-408 2ND I.F. TRANSFORMER
- ⑦ 8-200-4 VOLUME CONTROL B SWITCH
- ⑧ 9-800 OUTPUT TRANSFORMER
- ⑨ 30,300 5" P.M. SPEAKER
- ⑩ 5-400-7 ELECTROLYTIC CAP. 80-40-20 MFD.

POWER CONSUMPTION: 30 Watts.

- (1) Set the Signal Generator to 455 KC and connect to the grid of the 6SS7 R. F. Amplifier, or to the Stator Lug on the rear section of the Variable Capacitor. Connect the Signal Generator Ground Lead to "a"-"B" point underneath the chassis. Connect a suitable output meter across the Speaker Voice Coil Connections. Turn the Volume Control to the maximum position. Turn the Variable Capacitor to the extreme clockwise position (minimum capacity).
- (2) Adjust the trimmers located at the top of the first and second I. F. Transformers for maximum output as indicated on the Output Meter.
- (3) Loosely couple the Signal Generator lead to the Loop and set to 1650 KC.
- (4) With the Variable Capacitor set at the extreme clockwise position, tune in the 1650 KC signal by means of the Oscillator Trimmer on the Variable Capacitor (middle section).
- (5) Adjust the R. F. Trimmer (rear section) and the Antenna Trimmer (front section) on the Variable Capacitor for maximum output. No other adjustments are necessary.



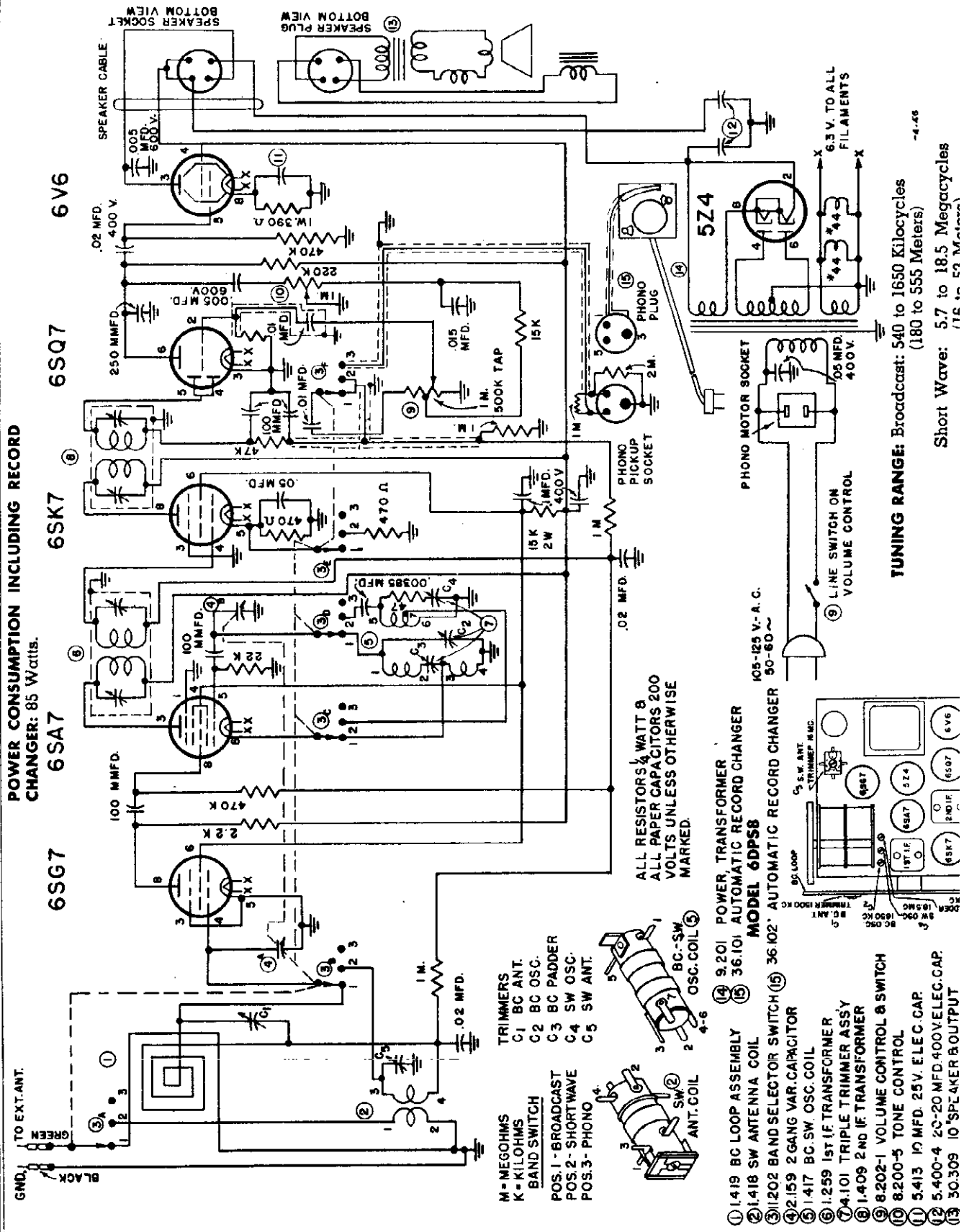
TUNING RANGE: Broadcast: 540 to 1650 Kilocycles (180 to 555 meters)
DIAL: The Dial Scale is calibrated in Kilocycles times 10.

TUBES: The tubes used, and their functions, are as follows:

- 6SS7 R. F. Amplifier
- 12SA7 Converter
- 6SS7 I. F. Amplifier
- 12SQ7 Detector, Avc and Audio Amp
- 50L6GT Beam Power Amplifier
- 35Z5GT Rectifier

NOTES: CON-
 NEGATIONS TO CHASSIS.
 ALL RESISTORS $\frac{1}{2}$ WATT
 UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECI-
 FIED.
 K - KILOHMS
 M - MEGOHMS
 U - MICROHMS
 C - CAPACITORS
 AC-DC 50-60
 NOTE: ⑩ 0.2 MFD. CONNECTED TO B - IN
 SOME RECEIVERS.

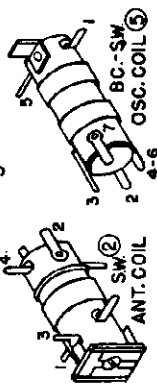
GAROD ELECTRONICS CORP.



POWER CONSUMPTION INCLUDING RECORD CHANGER: 85 Watts.

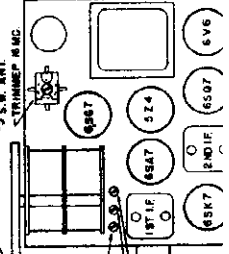
6SG7 6SA7 6SK7 6S7Q 6V6

- TRIMMERS**
 C1 BC ANT.
 C2 BC OSC.
 C3 BC PADDER
 C4 SW OSC.
 C5 SW ANT.



ALL RESISTORS 1/4 WATT &
 ALL PAPER CAPACITORS 200
 VOLTS UNLESS OTHERWISE
 MARKED.

- ① 1.419 BC LOOP ASSEMBLY
 ② 1.418 SW ANTENNA COIL
 ③ 1.202 BAND SELECTOR SWITCH
 ④ 2.159 2 GANG VAR. CAPACITOR
 ⑤ 1.417 BC SW OSC. COIL
 ⑥ 1.259 1ST IF TRANSFORMER
 ⑦ 4.101 TRIPLE TRIMMER ASSY
 ⑧ 1.409 2ND IF TRANSFORMER
 ⑨ 8.202-1 VOLUME CONTROL & SWITCH
 ⑩ 8.200-5 TONE CONTROL
 ⑪ 5.413 10 MFD. 25V. ELEC. CAP.
 ⑫ 5.400-4 20-20 MFD. 400V. ELEC. CAP.
 ⑬ 30.309 10" SPEAKER & OUTPUT



**TUNING RANGE: Broadcast: 540 to 1650 Kilocycles
 (180 to 555 Meters)**

Short Wave: 5.7 to 18.5 Megacycles

-4-45

MODELS 6DPS, 6DPS8

GAROD ELECTRONICS CORP.

Realignment of this receiver should not be attempted unless all other possible causes have been thoroughly investigated. An accurately calibrated signal generator, which will cover the necessary bands, and an output meter for indicating the effect of adjustments are required. During the alignment procedure, all adjustments should be made under the following conditions (refer to Trimmer and Tube Location Diagram below for trimmer location):

- (a) Line voltage as indicated on instruction sheet.
- (b) Volume Control at maximum position.
- (c) Tone Control at extreme left position (brilliant).
- (d) Minimum input from signal generator. This procedure should be adhered to; otherwise adjustments will be broad, due to the action of the automatic volume control.

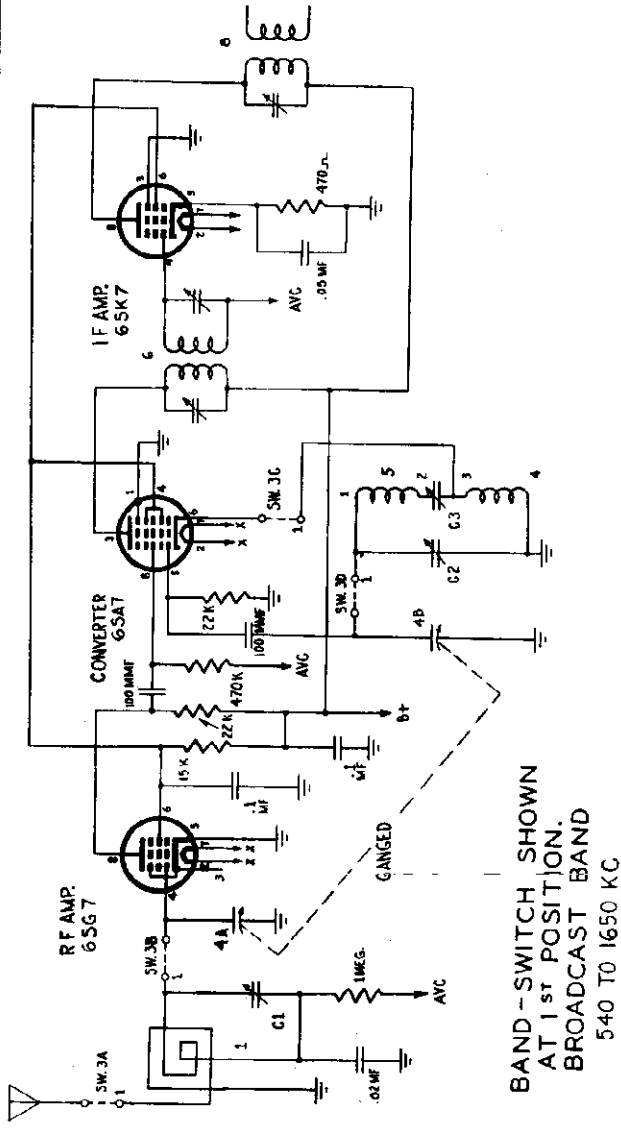
BROADCAST (Band Switch in extreme left position)

I. F. Adjustment:

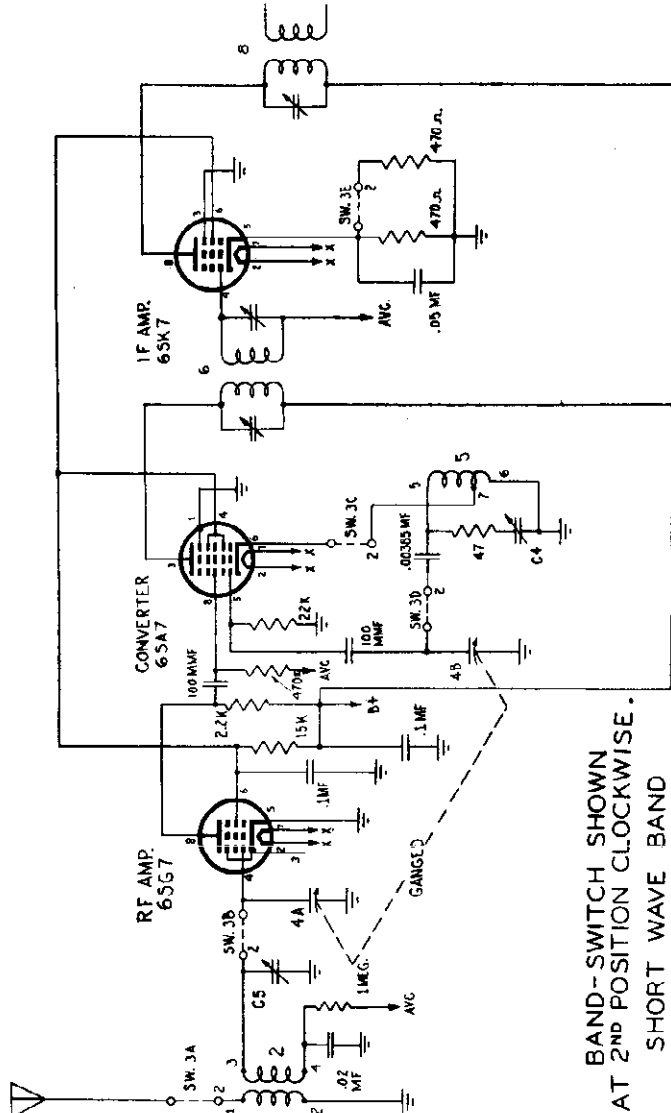
- (1) Set the signal generator to 455 KC and connect to the lower side of the Loop Antenna Trimmer through a .1 MFD capacitor. Connect the signal generator ground lead to the chassis. Connect a suitable output meter across the speaker voice coil connections. Turn the Variable Capacitor to the extreme clockwise position (minimum capacity).
 - (2) Adjust the trimmers located at the top of the first and second I. F. Transformers for maximum output as indicated on the output meter.
- BC. R. F. Adjustment:** It is desirable to align this band on the loop.
- (1) Couple the signal generator to the receiver loop by means of a two or three turn loop.
 - (2) With the Variable Capacitor set at the extreme clockwise position (minimum capacity), tune in the 1650 KC signal by means of the broadcast oscillator trimmer (C2).
 - (3) Set the signal generator to 1500 KC and turn the Tuning Control so that this frequency is indicated on the dial. Adjust the Antenna Trimmer (C3) on the loop for maximum output.
 - (4) Set the signal generator to 600 KC and turn the Tuning Control so that this frequency is indicated on the dial. Adjust the broadcast oscillator padder capacitor (C3) for maximum response while "rocking" the Variable Capacitor. Recheck the 1500 KC high frequency adjustment trimmer (C3).

SHORT WAVE (Band Switch in the middle position)

- (1) Connect the signal generator through a standard short wave dummy antenna to the antenna (green wire) and the ground lead to the chassis of the receiver. Set the signal generator to 18.5 MC.
- (2) With the Variable Capacitor set at the extreme clockwise position (minimum capacity), tune in the 18.5 MC signal by means of the S. W. oscillator trimmer (C4).
- (3) Set the signal generator to 16 MC and turn the tuning control so that this frequency is indicated on the dial. Adjust the Antenna Trimmer (C5) on the short wave coil for maximum output while rocking the Variable Capacitor from left to right for maximum output. No other adjustments are necessary.



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN AT 1ST POSITION. BROADCAST BAND 540 TO 1650 KC



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN AT 2ND POSITION CLOCKWISE. SHORT WAVE BAND 5.7 TO 18.5 Mc.

MODEL 50

GENERAL ELECTRIC CO.

MODEL 50 ----- Mounting Screws.

To meet Underwriters requirements, the Model 50 chassis must be mounted in its cabinet with non-standard screws that cannot be removed with tools that are generally available to non-technical customers. We have been using spanner-head screws to meet this requirement.

Because our stock became exhausted due to the scarcity of these screws, we have temporarily used a standard Phillips-head screw to mount this radio in the cabinet, and then fill the screw head with solder. Radios mounted in this way may be easily removed from their cabinet by heating the screw head with a soldering iron until the solder becomes liquid enough to permit the insertion of a standard Phillips head screwdriver. CAUTION - Care should be exercised not to apply too much heat as it may damage the cabinet.

MODEL 50 ----- Rectifier 35W4 Substitution.

To overcome a shortage of 35Z5GT tubes, for a large portion of the Model 50 production we have had to substitute the miniature 35W4 rectifier tube. This tube has similar characteristics to the 35Z5GT, however it requires a miniature tube socket. This socket is adapted to the regular chassis hole by an adapter plate.

If it is desired to change a 35W4 for a 35Z5GT, it is only necessary to drill out the 35W4 socket adapter plate and substitute an octal base socket.

MODEL 50 ----- Time Set Incorrect.

Customer complaints of alarm set errors are usually brought about by their turning the Time Set shaft counterclockwise. This knob should only be turned clockwise. For alarm adjustment, refer to the Clock Service section

(Schematic Diagram):- The schematic diagram should be corrected to read:

1. Move the series resistor, R14, from its location between the power plug P1 and the 35Z5GT filament pin, to connect in series with the filament string between the 35Z5GT and 50L6GT filament pins.

2. The filament connections (pins 2 and 7) to the 35Z5GT tube are interchanged.

3. Remove R11 in series with the plate side of the 35Z5GT rectifier tube (pin 5) and connect it in series with the cathode side (pin 8) of the rectifier tube.

4. Late production receivers use a tapped primary on the output transformer, T1. The color code of the primary is: red - B+, white - tap; blue - plate. This tapped transformer replaces the early production transformer and is wired as follows:

(a) Break connection to filter resistor, R9, on the rectifier side of the resistor.

(b) Connect this broken side of R9 to the tap of the output transformer, T1.

The above connects the positive (+) side of C11a, the rectifier output and the red lead of the output transformer together; while the tap lead of T1 connects to R9.

5. In late production receivers, a miniature Type 35W4 tube is substituted in place of the 35Z5GT rectifier tube. This requires installation of a miniature socket and adapter plate in place of the octal socket. The corresponding pin connections are as follows:

	<u>35Z5GT</u>	<u>35W4</u>
Plate.....	Pin 5	- Pin 5
Cathode.....	Pin 8	- Pin 7
Filament.....	Pin 2	- Pin 4
Filament.....	Pin 7	- Pin 3

(Radio Replacement Parts List):- Add Part No. RTO-022, symbol T1, Transformer - output transformer. (This part is a direct replacement for late production radios and a replacement with modification for the early production transformer without tap.)

GENERAL ELECTRIC CO.

CLOCK SERVICE

Figure 6 shows clock parts referred to in the following paragraphs and the parts list.

CLOCK MOVEMENT DISASSEMBLY

1. Remove clock movement from case. When removing knobs, note that the Alarm-set knob is a left-hand thread, while Alarm-Radio is a pull-off knob.
2. Remove Bezel Window, Hands and Dial Face.
3. Remove two field screws (A) and break two soldered joints on Field. The Field and Rotor assembly (R) can now be removed. The Rotor is held by friction only to the Field.
4. Remove Switch Assembly (B) by removing two screws from base plate.
5. Remove Switch Shaft Assembly (C) and spacer.
6. Remove Alarm-set Shaft Assembly (D) and spacer.
7. Remove the three front plate assembly screws that are located under the Dial Face and then remove Front Plate.
8. Remove Alarm Gear Sleeve Assembly (E), Hour Gear Sleeve Assembly (F), Minute Gear Sleeve Assembly (G), and Sweep Second Gear Shaft Assembly (H).
9. Remove Alarm Cam Gear Assembly (I) and Spring Washer (J).
10. Remove Alarm-set Gear (K).
11. Remove Time-set Gear and Shaft Assembly (L).
12. Remove Switch Cam Lever (M).

CLOCK MOVEMENT REASSEMBLY

Reassemble in the reverse order of disassembly, observing the following precautions:

1. The spring washer (J) should curve upward when placed on the Alarm Cam Gear (I).
2. The Switch Cam Lever (M) fork must straddle the base plate post as shown in the illustration.
3. After reassembly of front plate, check the Sweep Second Gear (H) through hole in base plate to make sure it is free to turn.

4. Proceed with **ALARM AND SWITCH ADJUSTMENTS** as described below before installing hands.

ALARM AND SWITCH ADJUSTMENTS

1. Turn Alarm-Radio shaft to **ALARM** position.
2. Slowly rotate Time Set shaft clockwise until the contacts of the Switch Assembly (B) close.
3. Replace Dial Face, Alarm Dial, the Minute, Hour and Second Hands. Set all Hands and Dial so that they indicate 12 o'clock. Make sure all Hands and Alarm Dial are tight on their respective shafts.
4. With Alarm Set knob pulled out, continue to rotate Time Set shaft clockwise and note that the vibrator arm (N) drops against field core approximately 7-10 minutes later.
5. Set alarm at some other selected position and make sure mechanism actuates within limits (± 1 minute).
6. Check alarm tone of vibrator. This can be adjusted by either bending vibrator arm nearer or farther away from field core. Bend arm near anchor point.

CLEANING AND LUBRICATION

To clean, completely disassemble and clean all moving parts in carbon tetrachloride or some similar cleaner.

The inside of the sleeves and shaft surfaces may be cleaned of oxidized oil by rubbing with a fine grade of steel wool dampened in carbon tetrachloride.

Do not use too much oil and apply by means of a small wick (drop oiler). Too much oil collects dust and later oxidize. Use only recommended clock oil, such as Nyes Celebrate Oil which may be purchased from Wm. F. Nye Co., Inc., New Bedford, or equivalent.

CLOCK TROUBLES

1. Clock will not operate—Defective field coil, defective rotor, binding of parts.
2. Clock loses time—Binding parts, too little friction on minute hand sleeve assembly, defective rotor. Clock time set shaft bent and rubs against hole in back cover. Radio push against wall so that knob (Q) rubs will cause loss of time.
3. Noisy Clock—Rotor defective, alarm armature if properly adjusted, loose parts, or binding of moving parts.

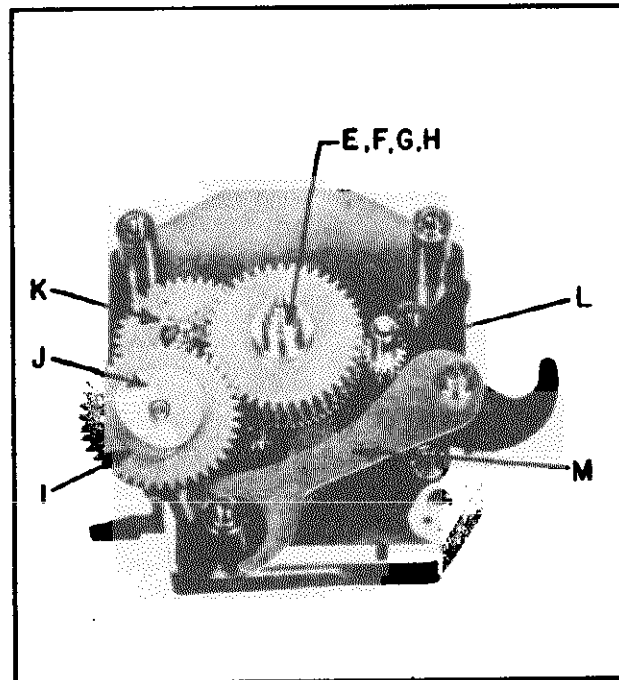
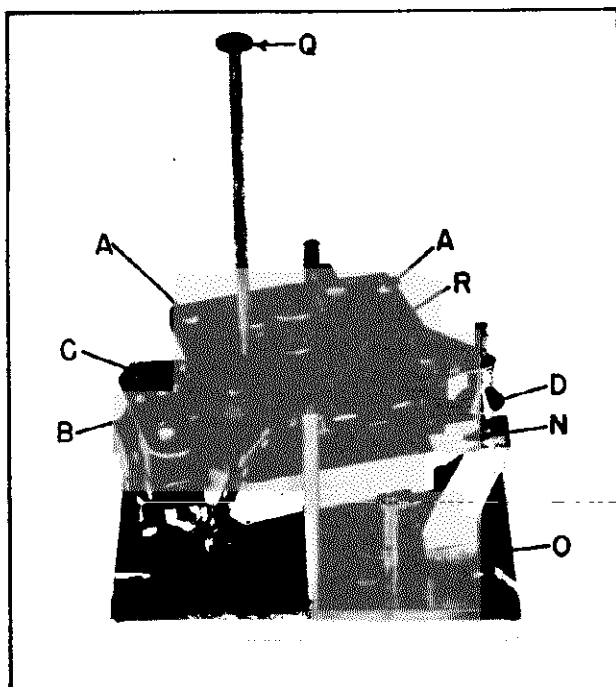
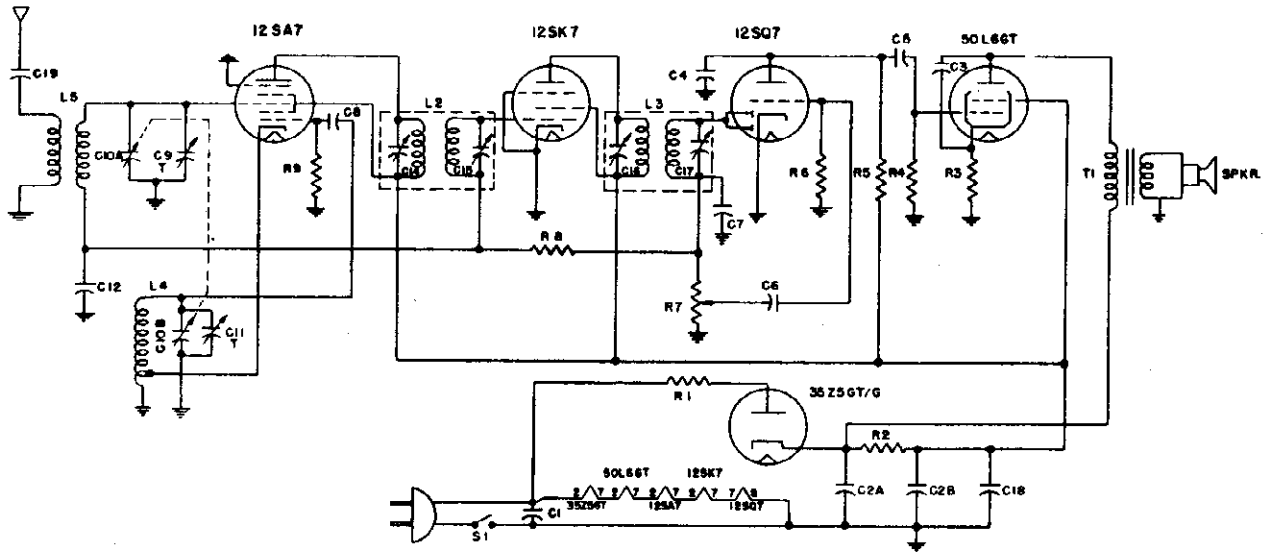


Fig. 6. Clock Part Identification

GENERAL ELECTRIC CO.



Tuning Frequency Range: 540-1725 kc
Intermediate Frequency: 455 kc
LOUDSPEAKER "ALNICO V" MAGNET DYNAMIC
 Outside Cone Diameter 4 in.
 Voice Coil Impedance (400 cycles) 3.5 ohm

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

ALIGNMENT FREQUENCIES

I.F. 455 kc
 R.F. 1725 and 1500 kc
 The location of all trimmers is shown in Fig. 1.

I.F. ALIGNMENT

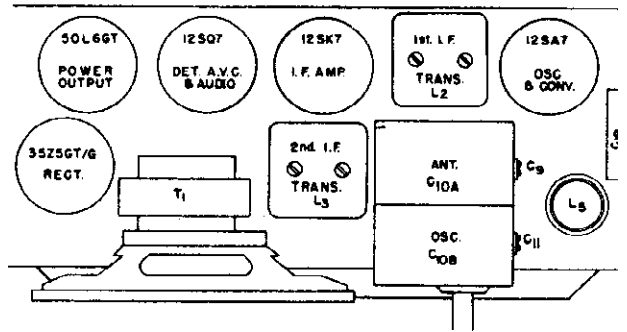
Connect an output meter across the voice coil. Turn the volume control to maximum. Set test oscillator to 455 kc and keep the oscillator output as low as a readable meter reading will permit. Apply signal to the converter grid through a .05 mfd capacitor and align progressively the trimmers in the 2nd and 1st I.F. transformer cans.

R.F. ALIGNMENT

Apply the R.F. alignment signals through a standard I.R.E. dummy antenna to the receiver antenna post. With the gang condenser wide open, align the oscillator trimmer (C11) to 1725 kc. Change the generator signal to 1500 kc, tune the receiver to the signal and peak antenna trimmer (C9) for maximum output.

PRECAUTION

If the signal generator is a-c operated, use an isolating transformer between the power supply and the radio receiver power input. The use of an isolating capacitor is not recommended, as a-c through the capacitor will introduce hum modulation and/or create the possibility of a burned-out signal generator attenuator.



Cat. No.	Symbol	Description
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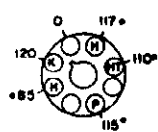
UNIVERSAL G-E REPLACEMENT PARTS

UCC-039	C6, C19	Capacitor—.005 mfd paper
UCC-040	C5, C13	Capacitor—.01 mfd paper
UCC-041	C3	Capacitor—.02 mfd paper
UCC-045	C1, C12, C18	Capacitor—.05 mfd paper
UCU-1020	C8	Capacitor—.47 mmfd mica
UCU-1040	C4, C7	Capacitor—.330 mmfd mica
URD-029	R3	Resistor—150 ohm 1/2 watt carbon
URD-041	R11	Resistor—470 ohm 1/2 watt carbon
URD-081	R9	Resistor—22,000 ohm 1/2 watt carbon
URD-105	R5	Resistor—220,000 ohm 1/2 watt carbon
URD-113	R4	Resistor—470,000 ohm 1/2 watt carbon
URD-129	R8	Resistor—2.2 megohm 1/2 watt carbon
URD-145	R6	Resistor—10 megohm 1/2 watt carbon
URE-007	R1	Resistor—18 ohm 1 watt carbon
URF-053	R3	Resistor—1500 ohm 2 watt carbon

SPECIALIZED G-E REPLACEMENT PARTS

SAB-009	C2A, C2B C10A, C10B	Back cover for cabinet
SAU-011		Cabinet, Model YRB 60-1
SAU-012		Cabinet, Model YRB 60-2
SCE-003		Capacitor—electrolytic filter, 40-40 mfd 150 volt
SCT-003		Capacitor—tuning
SDK-005		Knob—tuning, Model YRB 60-1
SDK-006		Knob—tuning, Model YRB 60-2
SDK-007		Knob—volume control, Model YRB 60-1
SDK-008		Knob—volume control, Model YRB 60-2
SDX-002		Grille and dial, Model YRB 60-1
SDX-003		Grille and dial, Model YRB 60-2
SJS-002		Socket, octal tube
SLA-001		Antenna coil
SLC-002	Oscillator coil	
SMC-003	Fasteners, speed clip for fastening grille	
SMF-003	Fasteners, for fastening cabinet back cover	
SOP-001	Speaker, 4 in. PM dynamic	
SRC-004	Volume control, 0.5 megohm, with power switch	
STL-003	Transformer, 1st I.F.	
STL-004	Transformer, 2nd I.F.	
SWL-001	Power cord	

35Z5GT/G



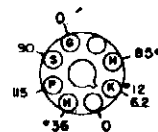
VOLTAGES MEASURED BETWEEN SOCKET TERMINALS AND CHASSIS

● INDICATES A.C. VOLTS
 A.C. LINE 117 VOLTS
 NO SIGNAL INPUT

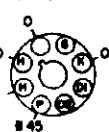
ALL VOLTAGES MEASURED WITH 1000 OHM/VOLT METER

* MEASURED ON 300 V. SCALE

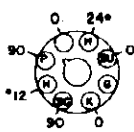
50L6GT



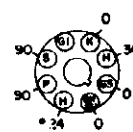
12SQ7



12SK7



12SA7



GENERAL ELECTRIC CO.

MODELS 100, 101, 103, 105
Above Serial No. 5000

(Parts List). Part No. RCE-001 changed to RCE-027. Delete Part Nos. RDF-001, RDF-003, RDX-001, and RMM-001. Part No. RFL-001 changed to RFL-004. Add Part No. RIT-006, Electrolytic cardboard cover. Add Part No. RLL-009, Beam-A-Scope loop ant. and back cover assembly, Models 103, 105. Add Part No. RLL-010, Beam-A-Scope loop ant. and back cover assembly, Models 100, 101. Change Part No. ROP-005 to read Part No. UCP-525.

Beam-A-Scope Change. Two different type loop antenna assemblies were used under Beam-A-Scope Change. Two different type loop antenna assemblies were used during production. Part No. RLL-001 is secured to the chassis by two metal brackets and needs a separate cabinet back cover. The other type Beam-A-Scope is identified as it is a part of the back cover assembly. This new assembly is stocked as Part No. RLL-009 for Models 103 and 105, and as Part No. RLL-010 for Models 100 and 101.

The Beam-A-Scope are electrically interchangeable. The loop (RLL-009, RLL-010), which is a part of the back cover can be used without alteration to replace Part No. RLL-001. Part No. RLL-001 may replace Part No. RLL-009 or RLL-010, provided that brackets (Part No. RAD-001 and RAD-002) are added to the chassis to mount the new loop. When connecting the Beam-A-Scope into the circuit, the inner turn of Part Nos. RLL-009 and RLL-010 must be connected to the converter grid (pin 8); while on Part No. RLL-001 loop, the turn nearest the back cover connects to the converter grid (pin 8).

REMOVAL OF PILOT LIGHT: In some cases, the glyptal cement used between the pilot light base and socket prevents removal of the light. Repeated applications of acetone or nail-polish remover between the lamp and socket will soften cement sufficiently to permit removal.

PRODUCTION CHANGES WERE MADE ON ALL MODELS 100, 101, 103, AND 105, HAVING SERIAL NUMBERS 5000 AND OVER. THE SERVICING DATA ON THE PRECEDING PAGES APPLY TO THE REVISED MODELS WITH THE FOLLOWING EXCEPTIONS:

(1) The IF amplifier circuit to the converter plate from the IF amplifier circuit to the converter plate and screen circuit.

(2) The filament connections (Pins 2 and 7) to the 12SA7 converter tube are interchanged.

(3) The 10-megohm resistor, R2, is removed.

(4) Socket Voltages At 12SA7 socket, pins 3 and 4 should be changed to read +92. At 12SG7 socket, pins 6 and 8 should be changed to read +97 volts.

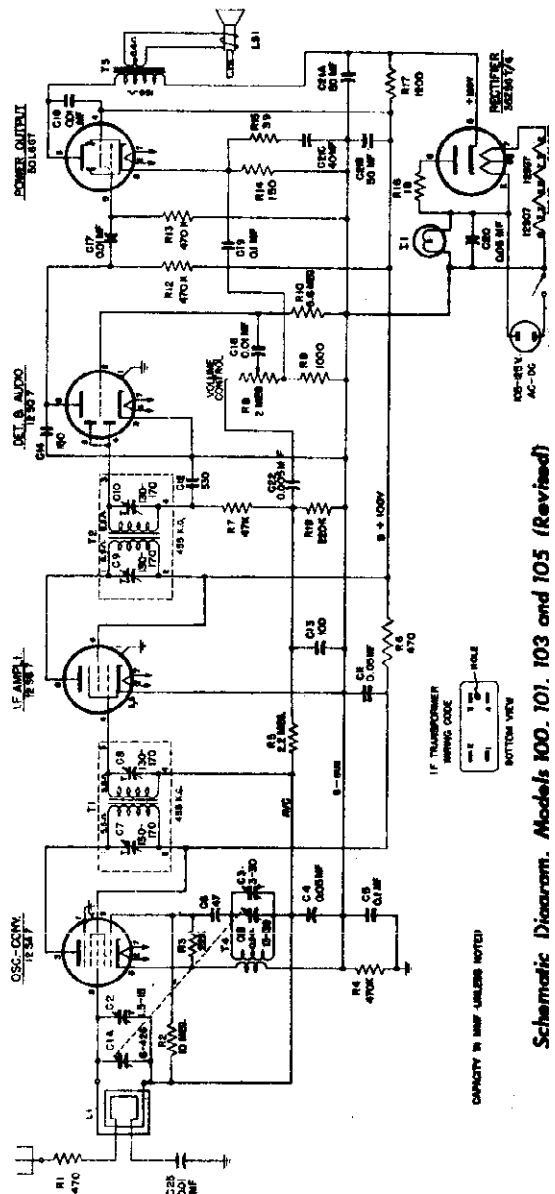
(REPLACEMENT PARTS LIST)—Part Number UCC-013, Symbol C19, becomes Part Number RCC-013. Stock numbers RTS-001, RTS-003, and RTS-004 should be changed to read: RJS-001, RJS-003, and RJS-004, respectively.

(ELECTRICAL CIRCUIT ALIGNMENT)—Under the paragraph PROCEDURE—GENERAL the third sentence should read "If it doesn't, remove chassis and slip pointer on shaft until the pointer is under reference mark when chassis is bolted in place." For receivers equipped with the Beam-A-Scope which forms a part of the back cover (Part Nos. RLL-009 and RLL-010), paragraph 4 should be changed to read, "Chassis must be removed from cabinet during i-f alignment. For r-f alignment, bolt chassis in cabinet securely; r-f and oscillator trimmers are then available through the hole in the back cover assembly."

(SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM)—A corrected schematic is printed below. Changes were made as follows:

(1) C18 connects between the output plate and screen instead of between plate and ground.

(2) The plate and screen filter (C11, R6) is moved



Schematic Diagram, Models 100, 101, 103 and 105 (Revised)

MODELS 100,101,103,105

GENERAL ELECTRIC CO.

TUBE COMPLEMENT

Oscillator-Converter..... Type 12SA7
 I. F. Amplifier..... Type 12SG7
 Detector-Audio..... Type 12SQ7
 Power Output..... Type 50L6GT
 Rectifier..... Type 35Z5GT/G
 Pilot Lamp..... G-E, Type C7, 115-volt, 10-watt, clear,
 candelabra screw base.

ELECTRICAL CIRCUIT ALIGNMENT

ALIGNMENT FREQUENCIES

R-F..... 1500 kilocycles
 I-F..... 455 kilocycles

EQUIPMENT REQUIRED

1. Test oscillator with audio tone modulation
2. A-C output meter, 1 1/2 volts full scale
3. 0.05 mf. paper capacitor
4. 50 mmf. mica capacitor
5. Insulated screwdriver

PROCEDURE—GENERAL

1. Turn dial scale pointer as far counter-clockwise as possible. The pointer should coincide with the first marking at the left of the scale. If it doesn't, remove chassis and slip pointer drum on cord until pointer is under reference mark when chassis is bolted in place.
2. For i-f and r-f alignments, the output meter is connected across the loudspeaker voice coil terminals.
3. Keep radio volume control at maximum and attenuate test oscillator signal output so that the output meter reading never exceeds 1 1/4 volts.
4. The chassis must be removed from the cabinet during I-F alignment. For R-F alignment bolt the chassis in the cabinet securely, the rf and osc. trimmers are then available through the hole in the Beam-a-scope assembly when the back cover is removed.
5. Connect the capacitor as listed in column 2, between the output "High Side" of test oscillator and the point of input specified.

ALIGNMENT CHART

Step	Connect test oscillator to	Test osc. setting	Pointer setting on radio	Adjustment for maximum output
1	12SG7 grid in series with 0.05 mf. cap.	455 kc	1,500 kc	2nd I-F Trans. Trimmers
2	12SA7 grid in series with 0.05 mf. cap.	455 kc	1,500 kc	1st and 2nd I-F Trans. Trimmers
3	Ant. Post in series with 50 mmf.	1,500 kc	1,500 kc	C3 (Osc.)
4	Ant. Post in series with 50 mmf.	1,500 kc	1,500 kc	C2 (R-F)

STAGE GAIN AND VOLTAGE CHECKS

Stage gain measurements by vacuum tube voltmeter or similar measuring devices may be used to check circuit performance and isolate trouble. The gain values listed may have tolerances of 20%. Readings taken with low signal input so that AVC is not effective.

- (1) R-F Stage Gains.
 Antenna post to 12SA7 grid..... 4 @ 1000 kc
 12SA7 grid to 12SG7 grid..... 30 @ 455 kc
 12SG7 grid to 12SQ7 diode plate..... 150 @ 455 kc
- (2) Audio Gain.
 0.06 volt at 400 cycles across volume control (R8) with control set at maximum will give approximately 1/2-watt output across speaker voice coil.
- (3) Oscillator Grid Bias.
 D-C voltage developed across the oscillator grid leak (R3). Averages 7.7 volts at 1000 kc.
- (4) Socket Pin Voltages.
 Figure 4 shows voltages from all tube pins to B- unless otherwise specified. Voltage readings much lower than those specified may help localize defective components or tubes

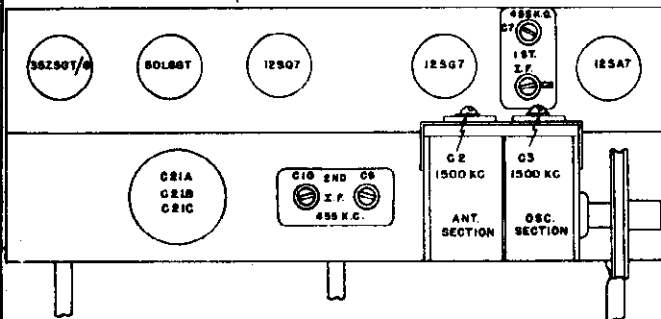


Fig. 1. Tube and Trimmer Location

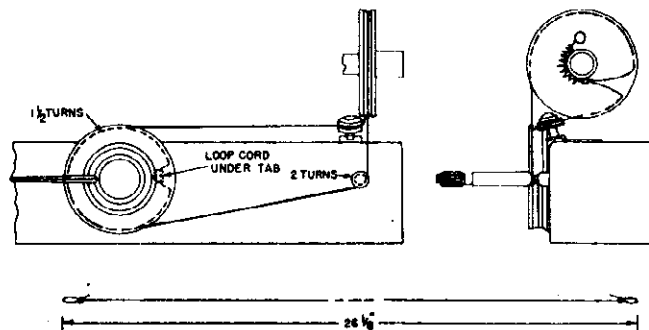


Fig. 2. Dial Stringing Diagram

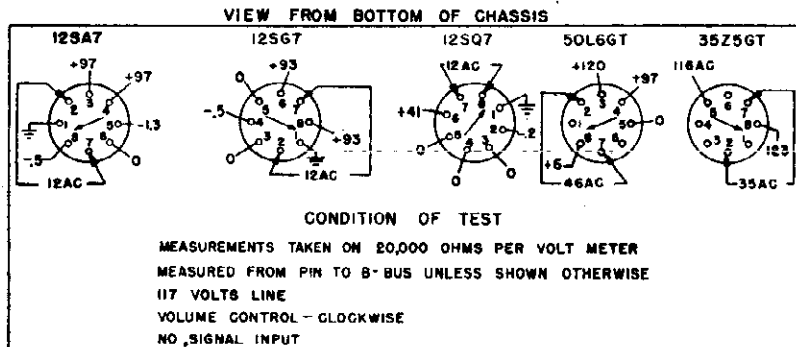
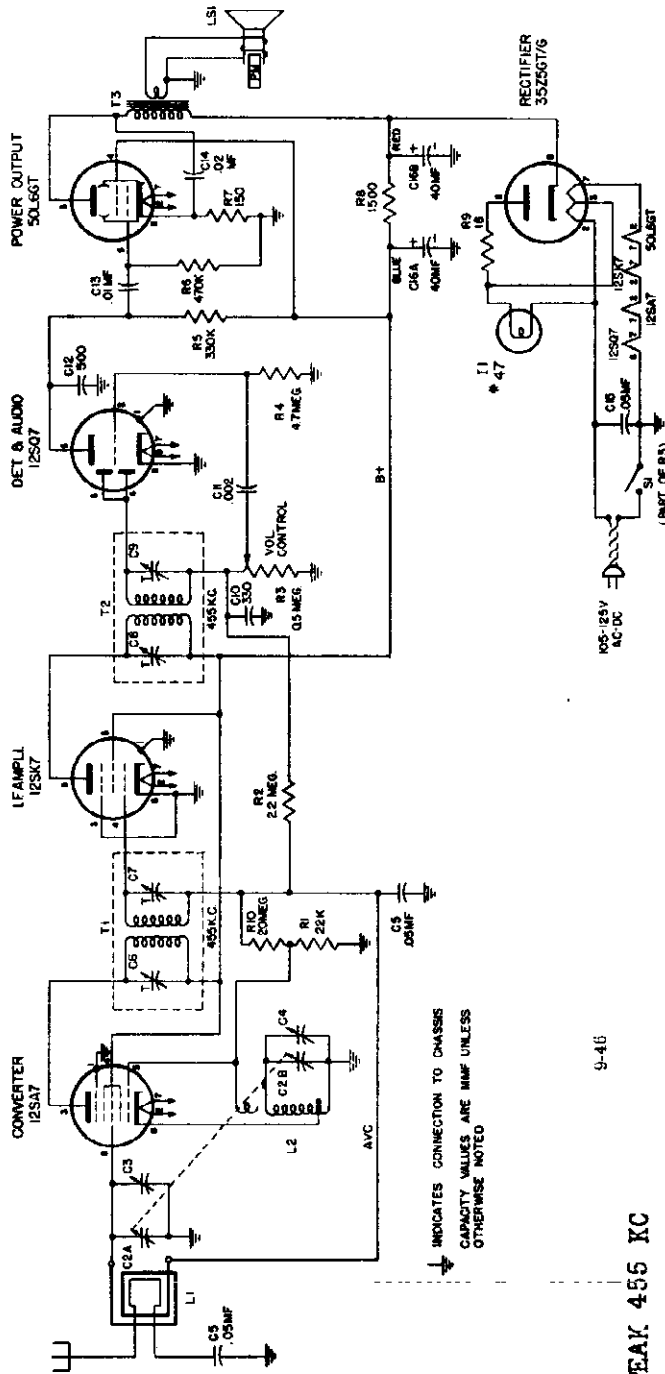


Fig. 4. Socket Voltages

GENERAL ELECTRIC CO.



IF PEAK 455 KC

REPLACEMENT PARTS LIST

CAT. NO.	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
UNIVERSAL REPLACEMENT PARTS		
UCC-019	C1, L1	CAPACITOR—0.002 mfd, 400 v, paper
UCC-023	C12	CAPACITOR—0.01 mfd, 400 v, paper
UCC-028	C14	CAPACITOR—0.02 mfd, 400 v, paper
UCU-1040	C5, 15	CAPACITOR—0.05 mfd, 400 v, paper
UCU-2045	C10	CAPACITOR—330 mmf, mica
UOP-407	C12	LOUDSPEAKER—4-in. P.M. speaker
UOX-009	LS1	CONE—Replacement speaker cone
URD-029	R7	RESISTOR—150 ohms, 1/2 w, carbon
URD-081	R1	RESISTOR—22,000 ohms, 1/2 w, carbon
URD-109	R3	RESISTOR—330,000 ohms, 1/2 w, carbon
URD-129	R2	RESISTOR—2.2 meg., 1/2 w, carbon
URD-137	R4	RESISTOR—4.7 meg., 1/2 w, carbon
URD-153	R10	RESISTOR—20 meg., 1/2 w, carbon
URE-007	F9	RESISTOR—18 ohms, 1 w, carbon
URF-053	R8	RESISTOR—1500 ohms, 2 w, carbon
SPECIALIZED REPLACEMENT PARTS		
RAB-043	L1	BEAM-A-SCOPE Back cover and beam-a-scope assembly
RAU-014		CABINET Walnut cabinet (Model 110)
SPECIALIZED REPLACEMENT PARTS (CONT'D)		
RAU-015	C16a, b	CABINET—Ivory cabinet (Model 111)
RCE-040	C2a, 2b	CAPACITOR—40 mfd., 40 mfd., 150 v., electrolytic
RCT-017		CONDENSER—Variable tuning condenser
RDC-022		CORD—Drive cord and spring
RDX-015		KNOB—Control knob (ivory)
RDK-017		KNOB—Control knob (walnut)
RDP-024		POINTER—Dial pointer
RDS-035		SCALE—Dial scale assembly
RDW-002		WINDOW—Celluloid dial window hardware
RHX-005		HARDWARE—Tuning condenser mounting hardware
RJF-002		CLIP—Beam-a-scope and back cover clip
RJS-006		SOCKET—Octal base socket
RJS-061		SOCKET—Pilot lamp socket assembly
RLC-031	L2	COIL—Oscillator coil
RMS-054		SPRING—Drive cord spring
RMX-054		SHAFT—Drive shaft assembly
RRC-037	R3, S1	VOLUME CONTROL—0.5 meg. potentiometer and switch
RTL-035	T1	TRANSFORMER—1st IF transformer
RTL-036	T2	TRANSFORMER—2nd IF transformer
RTO-023	T3	TRANSFORMER—Output transformer
RWL-004		CORD—Power cord assembly

MODELS 110,111

GENERAL ELECTRIC CO.

ELECTRICAL RATING:

Voltage..... 105-125 v. a-c or d-c
 Frequency on a-c..... 50/60 cycles
 Wattage..... 30 watts

OPERATING FREQUENCIES:

Broadcast Band..... 540-1600 kc
 I-F Amplifier..... 455 kc

POWER OUTPUT (120 VOLTS LINE):

Undistorted..... 0.8 watts
 Maximum..... 1.6 watts

LOUDSPEAKER:

Type..... Alnico P.M.
 Outside Cone Diameter..... 4 inches
 Voice Coil Impedance (400 cycles)..... 3.5 ohms

TUBE COMPLEMENT:

Oscillator-Converter..... Type 12SA7
 I-F Amplifier..... Type 12SK7
 Detector-Audio..... Type 12SQ7
 Power Output..... Type 50L6GT
 Rectifier..... Type 35Z5GT/G
 Pilot Lamp..... GE No. 47

ELECTRICAL CIRCUIT ALIGNMENT

ALIGNMENT FREQUENCIES:

R-F..... 1500 kilocycles
 I-F..... 455 kilocycles

EQUIPMENT REQUIRED:

1. Line isolation transformer.
2. A-c output meter, 1 1/2 volts full scale.
3. Test oscillator with tone modulation.
4. 0.05 mf. paper capacitor.
5. 50 mmf. mica capacitor.
6. Insulated screwdriver.

PROCEDURE—GENERAL. 1. Remove chassis from cabinet. Turn pointer as far counterclockwise as possible. The pointer should set horizontal. If it doesn't, remove the dial window and slip the pointer on its shaft until it is horizontal.

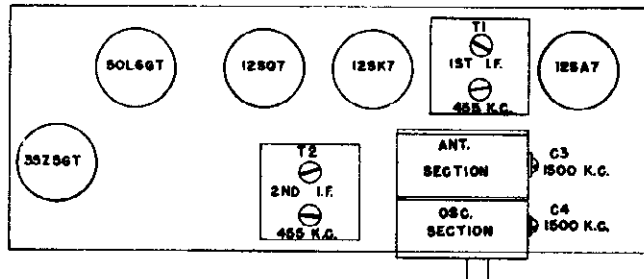


Fig. 2. Tube and Trimmer Location

2. Connect the line cord to the line through an isolation 1:1 ratio transformer.
3. Connect output meter across loudspeaker voice coil terminals.
4. Keep radio volume control at maximum and attenuate the test oscillator signal output so that the output meter reading never exceeds 1 volt.
5. For R-F alignment, the Beam-a-scope assembly should be connected and dressed in exactly the same location it would occupy if installed in the cabinet.
6. Connect the capacitor as listed in column 2, between the output "high side" of the test oscillator and the point of input specified.

ALIGNMENT CHART

Step	Connect Test Oscillator to	Test Oscillator Setting	Pointer Setting on Radio	Adjustment for Maximum Output
1	12SQ7 grid in series with 0.05 mf. cap.	455 kc	1500 kc	2nd I-F trans. trimmers
2	12SA7 grid in series with 0.05 mf. cap.	455 kc	1500 kc	1st and 2nd I-F trans. trimmers
3	Ant. post in series with 50 mmf.	1500 kc	1500 kc	C4 (osc.)
4	Ant. post in series with 50 mmf.	1500 kc	1500 kc	C3 (R-F)

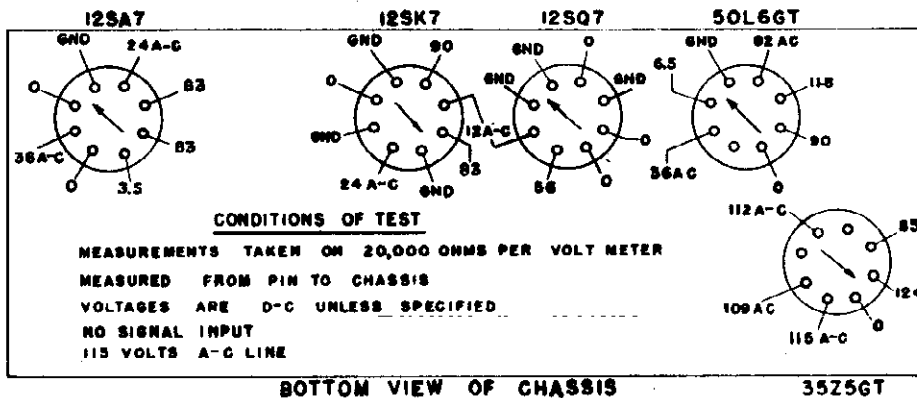


Fig. 1. Socket Voltages

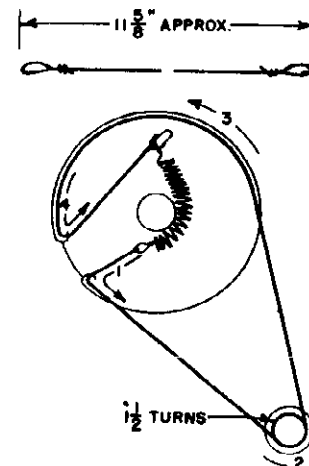


Fig. 3. Drive Stringing

GENERAL ELECTRIC CO.

MODELS XB-121, XM-121,
XR-121, XB-221, XM-221,
XR-221

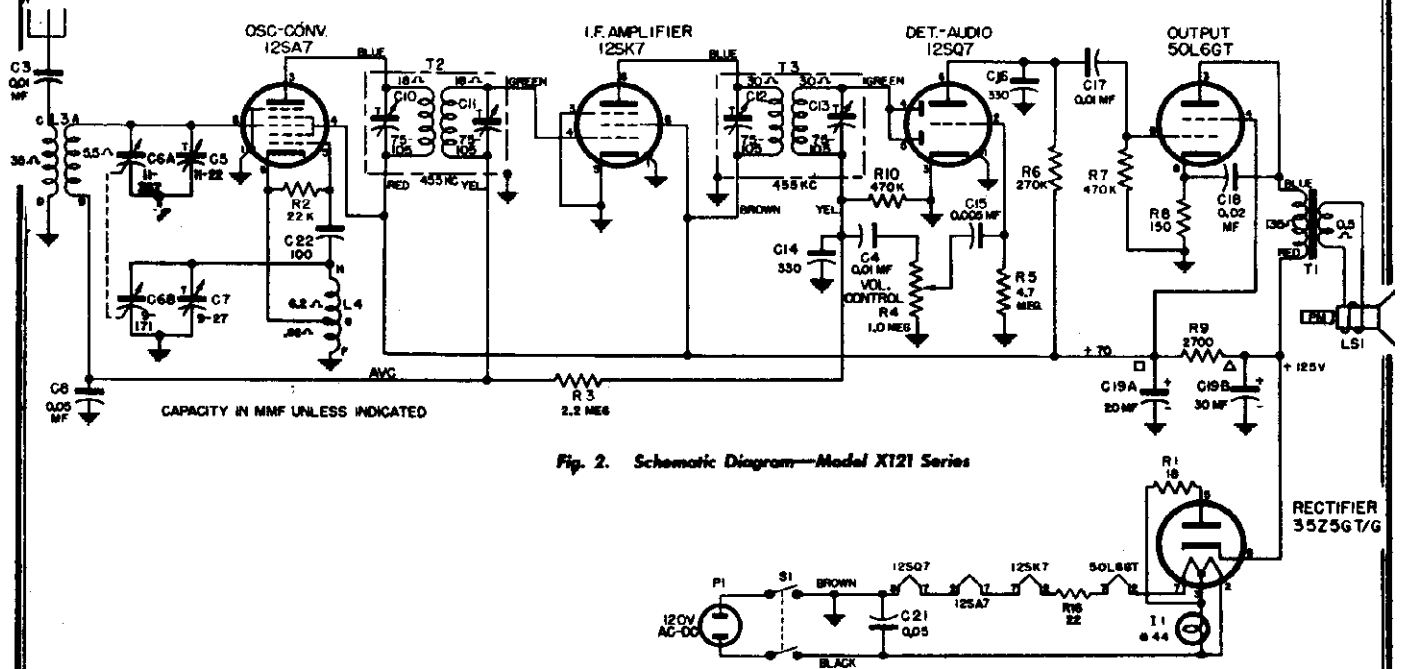


Fig. 2. Schematic Diagram—Model X121 Series

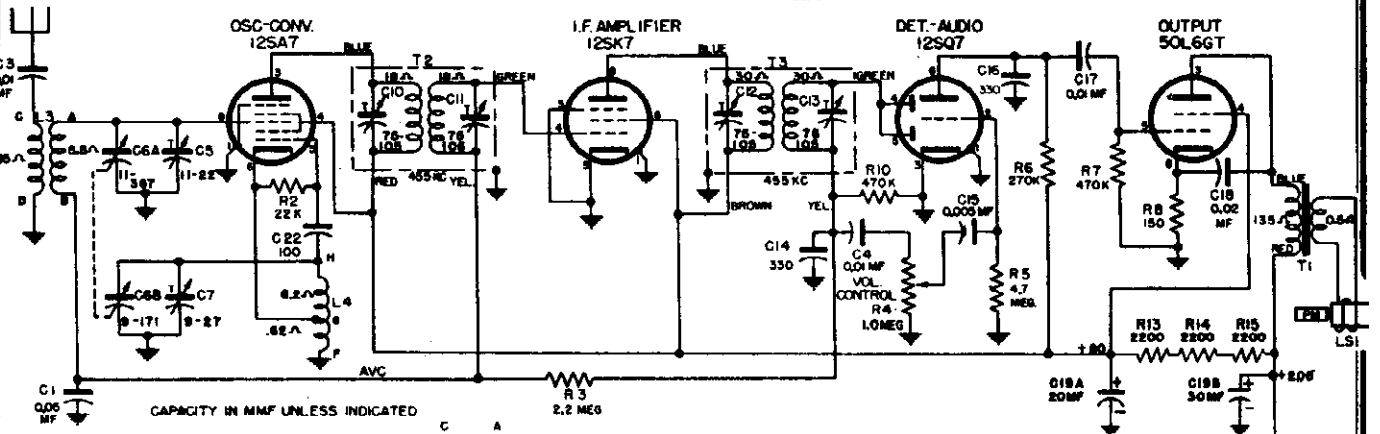


Fig. 3. Schematic Diagram—Model X221 Series

Fig. 4. Coil Terminal Wiring

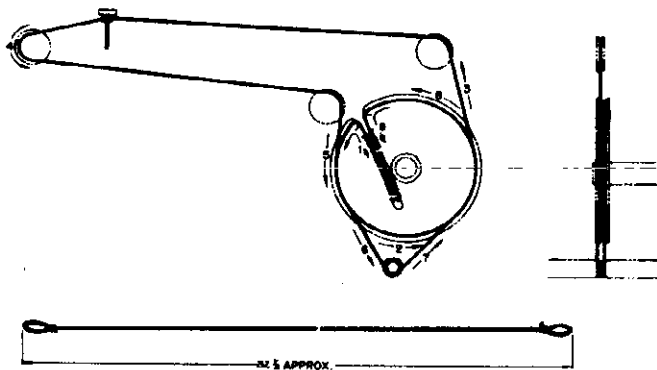
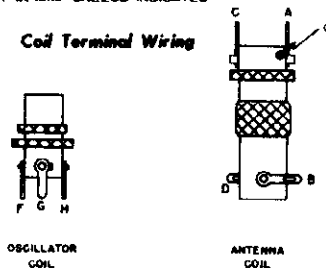


Fig. 5. Dial Stringing Diagram—Model X121 Series (Early Production)

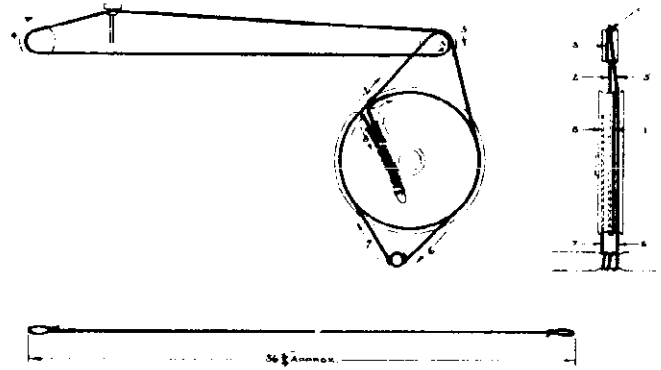


Fig. 6. Dial Stringing Diagram—All Models (Late Production)

MODELS XB-121, XM-121,
XR-121, XB-221, XM-221,
XR-221

GENERAL ELECTRIC CO.

SPECIFICATIONS

CABINET:

Model	Material	Color	Height	Width	Depth
XB121	Wood	Walnut	6 3/4	10 3/4	6 3/4
KM121	Plastic	Mahogany	6	9 1/4	5 7/16
KR121	Plastic	Maroon	6	9 1/4	5 7/16
KB221	Wood	Walnut	6 3/4	10 3/4	6 3/4
KM221	Plastic	Mahogany	6	9 1/4	5 7/16
KR221	Plastic	Maroon	6	9 1/4	5 7/16

ELECTRICAL RATING (INPUT):

D1 Voltage Rating (X121 series)..... 105-135 v. a-c or d-c
D2 Voltage Rating (X221 series)..... 210-250 v. a-c or d-c
Frequency on a-c..... 40-60 cycles
Watts (X121 series)..... 30 watts
Watts (X221 series)..... 60 watts

OPERATING FREQUENCIES:

Broadcast Band..... 550-1700 kc
I-F Amplifier..... 455 kc

POWER OUTPUT:

(X121 Series—At 120 Volts Line)
Undistorted..... 0.9 watts
Maximum..... 1.4 watts
(X221 Series—At 230 Volts Line)
Undistorted..... 1.6 watts
Maximum..... 2.5 watts

LOUDSPEAKER:

Type..... Alnico P.M.
Outside Cone Diameter..... 4 inches
Voice Coil Impedance (400 cycles)..... 3.5 ohms

TUBE COMPLIMENT:

Oscillator-Converter..... Type 12SA7
I-F Amplifier..... Type 12SK7
Detector-Audio Amplifier..... Type 12SQ7
Power Output..... Type 50L6GT
Rectifier..... Type 35Z5GT/G
Pilot Lamp..... GE No. 44, 6-8 volt

ELECTRICAL CIRCUIT ALIGNMENT

CAUTION—ONE SIDE OF THE POWER LINE IS CONNECTED TO THE CHASSIS. AVOID ANY GROUND CONNECTIONS TO THE RADIO UNLESS AN ISOLATING TRANSFORMER IS USED IN THE POWER LINE.

ALIGNMENT FREQUENCIES:

R-F..... 1500 kc
I-F..... 455 kc

EQUIPMENT REQUIRED:

1. Test oscillator with audio tone modulation.
2. A-C output meter, 1 1/2 volts full scale.
3. 0.05 mf. paper capacitor.
4. 200 mmf. mica capacitor.
5. Insulated screwdriver.

PROCEDURE—GENERAL: 1. Turn the tuning knob to its extreme counterclockwise position. If the pointer does not coincide with the first marking at the left of the scale, slide it along the dial cord until it does.

2. Remove chassis from cabinet and connect output meter across speaker voice coil terminals. NOTE: For Models XB121 and XB221, use alignment strip in back of dial plate for pointer setting.
3. Keep radio volume control set at maximum and attenu-

ate test oscillator signal output so that the output meter reading never exceeds 1 1/4 volts.

4. Connect the capacitor, listed in column 2 of Alignment Chart, between the "high side" of the test oscillator and the point of input specified. The ground terminal of the test oscillator may be connected to the chassis, providing an isolating transformer is used between the radio and the line input.

ALIGNMENT CHART

Step	Connect test oscillator to	Test oscillator setting	Pointer setting on radio	Adjustment for maximum output
1.	12SK7 grid (pin 4) in series with 0.05 mf.	455 kc	1500 kc	C12 and C13 (2nd i-f trans. trimmers)
2.	12SA7 grid (pin 8) in series with 0.05 mf.	455 kc	1500 kc	C10 and C11 (1st i-f trans. trimmers)
3.	Ant. post in series with 200 mmf.	1500 kc	1500 kc	C7 (osc.) on gang condenser.
4.	Ant. post in series with 200 mmf.	1500 kc	1500 kc	C5 (ant.) on gang condenser.

STAGE GAIN AND VOLTAGE CHECKS

Stage gain measurements by vacuum tube voltmeter or similar measuring devices may be used to check circuit performance and isolate trouble. The gain values listed may have tolerances of 20%. Readings taken with low signal input so that AVC is not effective.

- (1) R-F Stage Gains.
Antenna Post to 12SA7 Grid..... 4.0 @ 1000 kc
12SA7 Grid to 12SK7 Grid..... 55 @ 455 kc
12SA7 Grid to 12SK7 Grid..... 45 @ 1000 kc
12SK7 Grid to 12SQ7 Diode Plate..... 50 @ 455 kc
- (2) Audio Gain.
0.12 volts at 400 cycles across volume control (R4) with control set at maximum will give approximately 1/2-watt output across the sneaker voice coil
- (3) Oscillator Grid Bias.
D-C voltage developed across the oscillator grid leak (R3) averages 6.0 volts at 1000 kc.
- (4) Socket Pin Voltages.
Figures 7 and 8 show voltages from all tube pins to B— unless otherwise specified. Voltage readings much lower than those specified may help localize defective components or tubes.

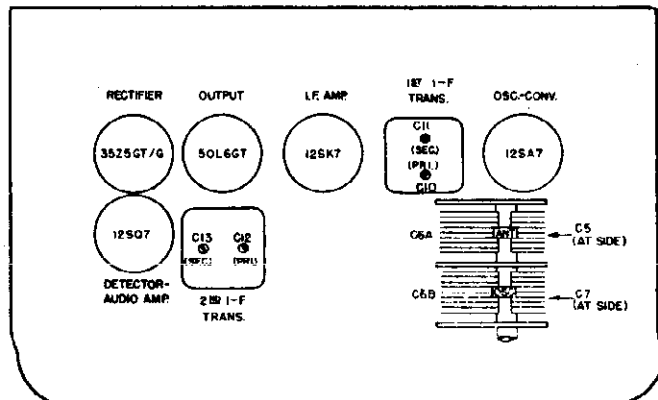


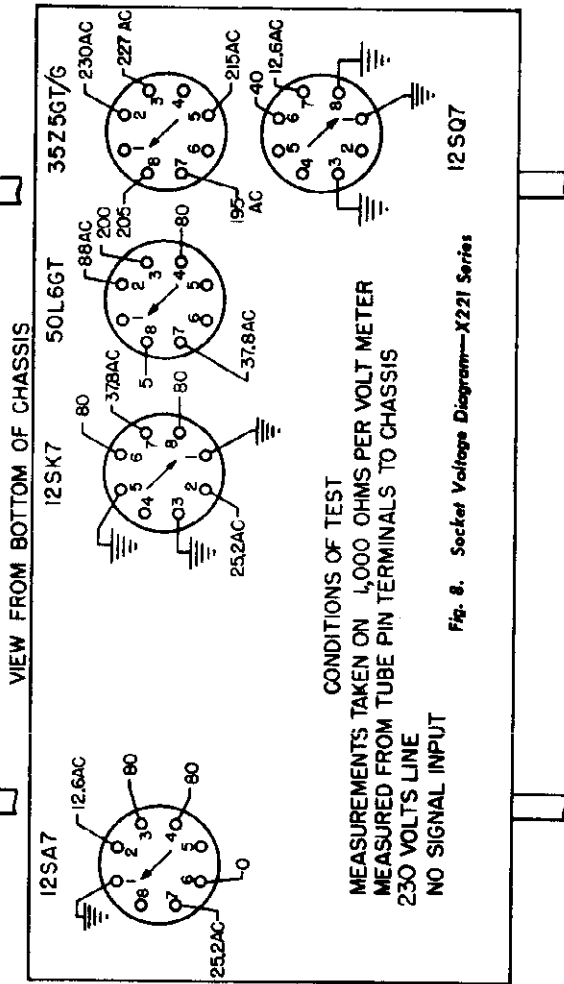
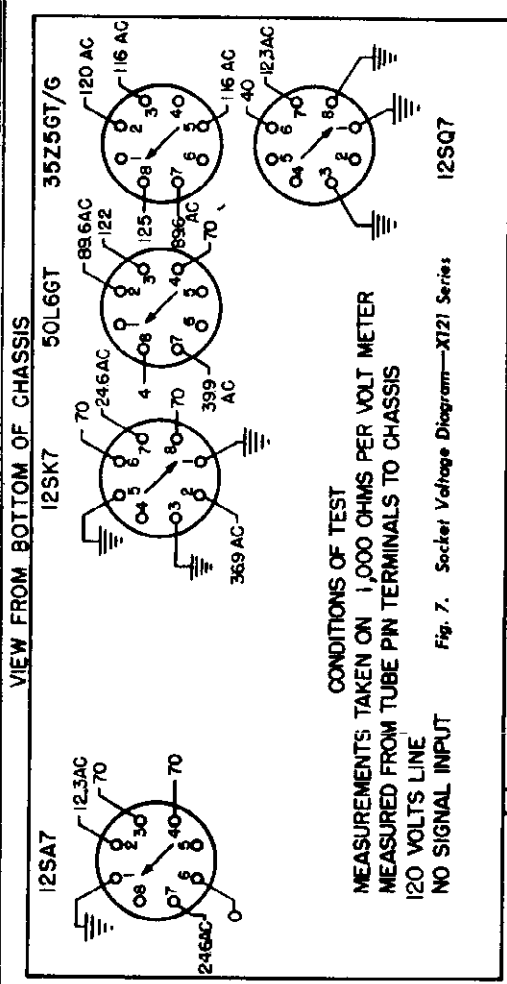
Fig. 1. Tube and Trimmer Location

GENERAL ELECTRIC CO.

MODELS XB-121, XM-121, XR-121, XB-221, XM-221, XR-221

Cat. No.	Symbol	Description
UNIVERSAL G-E REPLACEMENT PARTS		
UCC-039	C15	CAPACITOR—0.005 mfd., 600 v., paper
UCC-045	C8	CAPACITOR—0.05 mfd., 600 v., paper
UCU-028	C22	CAPACITOR—100 mmf., mica
UCU-040	C14, 16	CAPACITOR—330 mmf., mica
UOP-403	LS1	LOUDSPEAKER—4" P.M. speaker
URD-029	R8	RESISTOR—150 ohms, 1/2 w., carbon
URD-081	R2	RESISTOR—22,000 ohms, 1/2 w., carbon
URD-107	R6	RESISTOR—270,000 ohms, 1/2 w., carbon
URD-113	R7, 10	RESISTOR—470,000 ohms, 1/2 w., carbon
URD-129	R3	RESISTOR—2.2 megohms, 1/2 w., carbon
URD-137	R5	RESISTOR—4.7 megohms, 1/2 w., carbon
URE-007	R1	RESISTOR—16 ohms, 1 w., carbon
URF-057	R13, 14	RESISTOR—2,700 ohms, 2 w., carbon (XR21 series)
URF-059	R9	RESISTOR—2,700 ohms, 2 w., carbon (XI21 series)

Cat. No.	Symbol	Description
SPECIALIZED G-E REPLACEMENT PARTS		
RAB-008		BACK—Cabinet back (XB121)
RAB-009		BACK—Cabinet back (XB221)
RAB-010		BACK—Cabinet back (Plastic XI21 series)
RAB-011		BACK—Cabinet back (Plastic XR21 series)
RAD-009		BRACKET—Scale mounting bracket
RAU-006		CABINET—Mahogany plastic (XM121, XM221)
RAU-008		CABINET—Maroon plastic (XR121, XR221)
RAV-003		CABINET—Wood (XB121, XB221)
RCC-040	C3, 4, 17	CAPACITOR—0.01 mfd., 600 v., paper
RCC-041	C18	CAPACITOR—0.02 mfd., 600 v., paper
RCC-045	C1, 21	CAPACITOR—0.05 mfd., 600 v., paper
RCE-004	C19a, b	CAPACITOR—20 mfd., 30 mfd., dry electrolytic
RCT-005	C6a, b	CONDENSER—Variable tuning condenser (production)
RDC-005		ASSEMBLY—Drive cord assembly (32 3/4" production)
RDC-012		ASSEMBLY—Drive cord assembly (36 3/4" late production)
RDF-005		WASHER—Felt knob washer
RDK-012		KNOB—Control knob (Tomato Red)
RDK-013		KNOB—Control knob (Oak)
RDK-014		KNOB—Control knob (Mahogany)
RDK-016		KNOB—Control knob (Grey)
RDP-005		POINTER—Dial scale pointer
RDS-005		SCALE—Dial scale assembly (XR121, XR221)
RDS-007		SCALE—Dial scale (XB121, XB221)
RDS-009		SCALE—Dial scale (XM121, XM221)
RDW-001		WINDOW—Dial scale window (plastic cabinets)
RDX-010		ASSEMBLY—Scale back plate assembly (XB121, XB221)
RHH-001		FASTENER—Snap fastener (wood cabinets)
RHH-003		FASTENER—Snap fastener (plastic cabinets)
RJS-003		SOCKET—Octal tube socket
RJS-016		SOCKET—Pilot lamp socket
RLA-001	L3	COIL—Antenna coil
RLC-006	L4	COIL—Oscillator coil
RMS-004		SPRING—Drive cord spring
RMU-005		SHAFT—Drive shaft and cotter pin
RRC-003		PULLEY—Drive cord pulley
RRC-006	R4, S1	VOLUME CONTROL—1.0 megohm control and switch
RRL-001	R12	CORD—Power cord, includes R12 (XR21 series)
RRW-001	R11	RESISTOR—250 ohms, 10 w., wirewound
RRW-003	R16	RESISTOR—22 ohms, 1 w., wirewound
RRL-007	T2	TRANSFORMER—1st. of transformer
RTL-008	T3	TRANSFORMER—2nd. of transformer
RTO-005	T1	TRANSFORMER—Output transformer



Note that Part No. UCC-045 and RCC-045 appear to be the same condenser; however, the RCC-type is made with a higher melting point wax and is used in sections of the receiver where more heat is dissipated. The condensers are identical in size, but the RCC type is marked in red instead of black.

MODELS X-150, X-150C,
X-150V

GENERAL ELECTRIC CO.

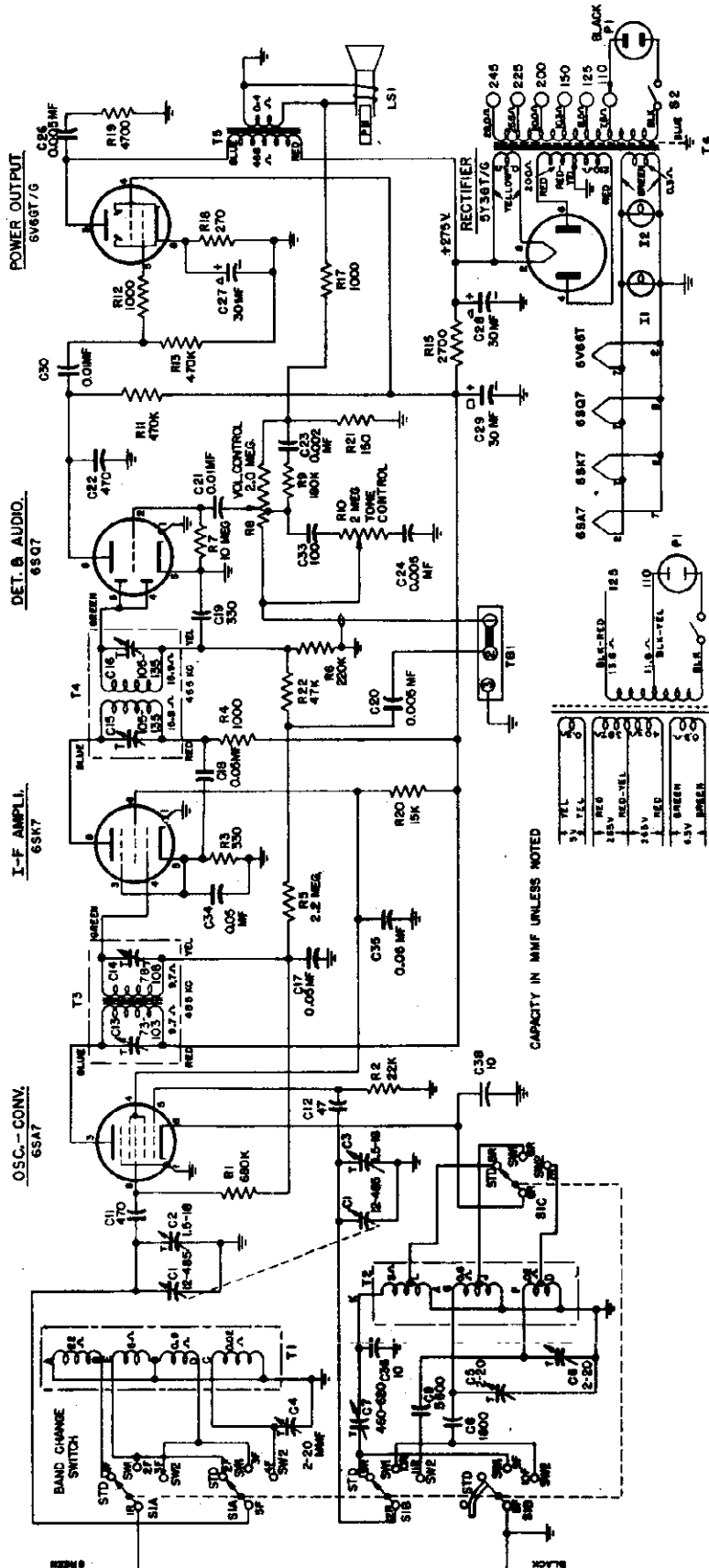
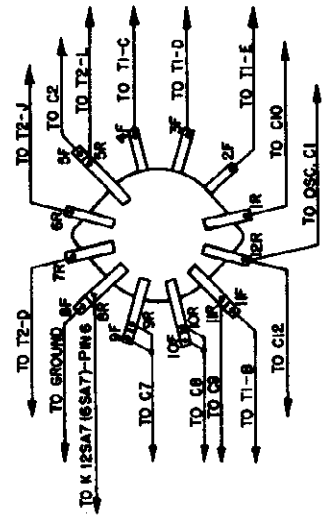


Fig. 5 Schematic Diagram (Model X150)

IF PEAK 455 KC



(7-46)

REAR VIEW
BAND CHANGE SWITCH

Fig. 7 Switch Terminal Wiring

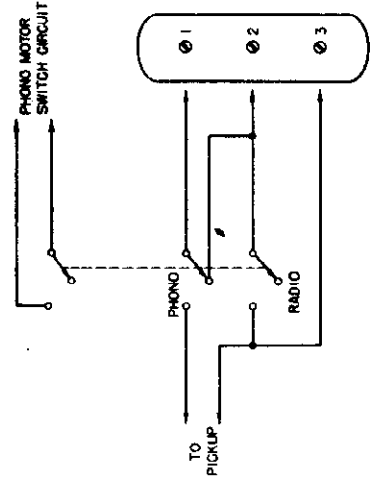


Fig. 4 Phone Connection

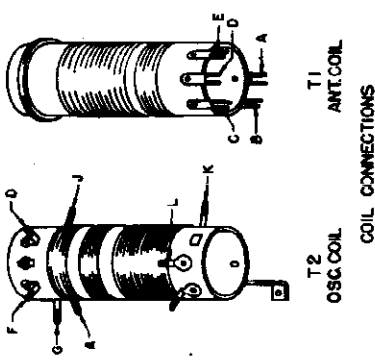
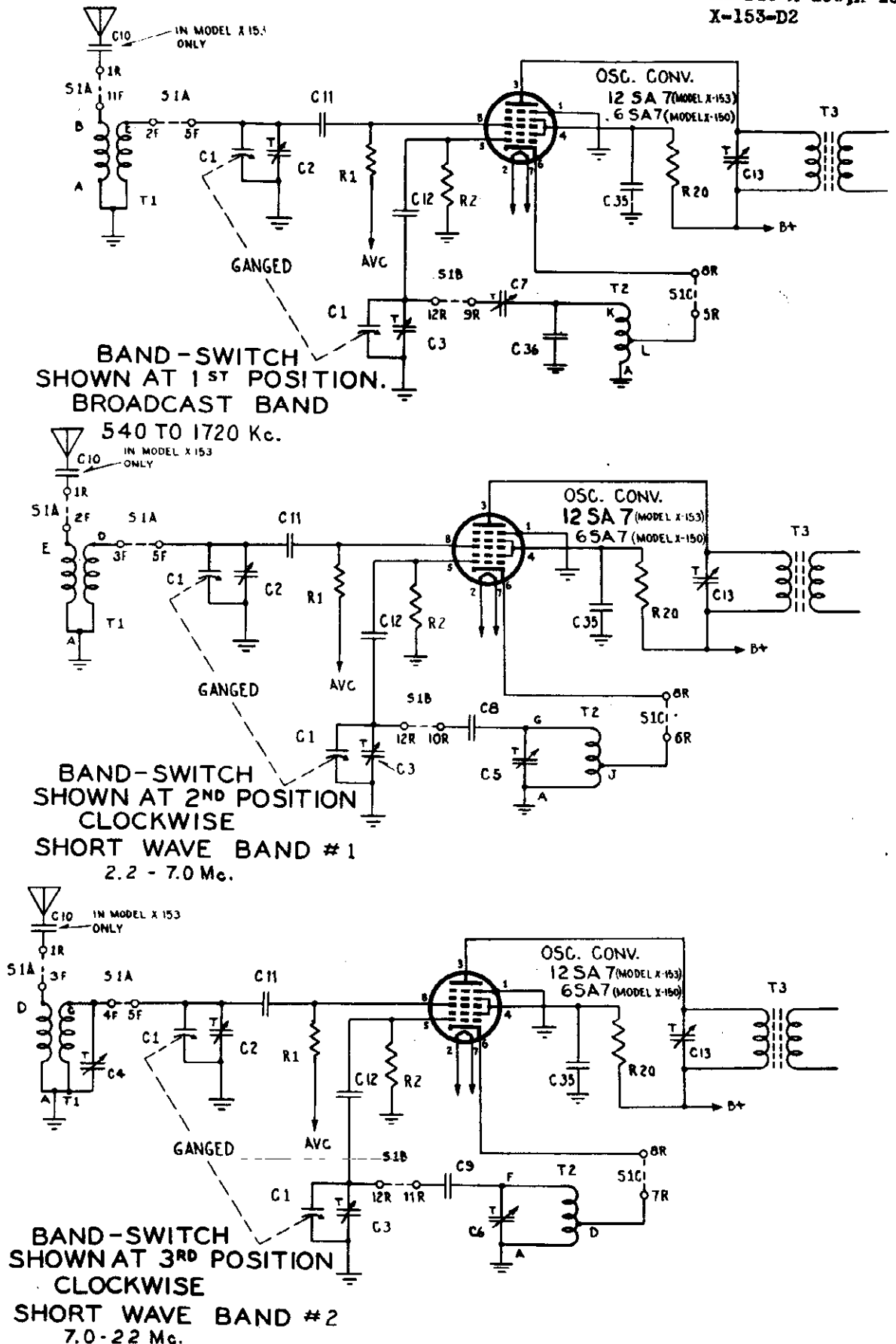


Fig. 6 Coil Terminal Wiring

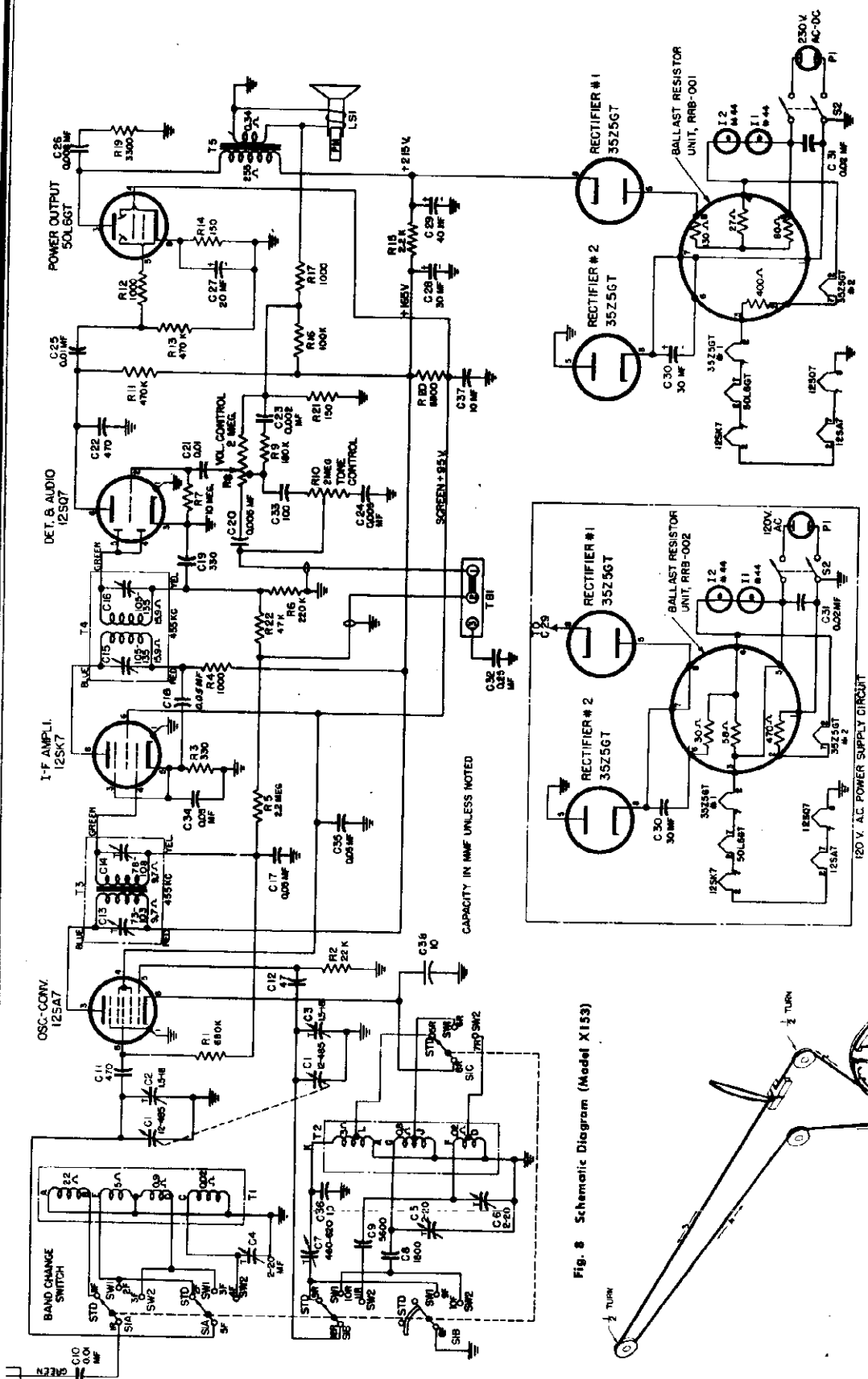
GENERAL ELECTRIC CO.

MODELS X-150, X-150C,
X-150V
MODELS X-153, X-153-A1
X-153-D2



MODELS X-153, X-153-A1,
X-153-D2

GENERAL ELECTRIC CO.



OPERATING FREQUENCIES:

Standard Wave	540-1720 kc
Short Wave-1	2.2-7.0 mc
Short Wave-2	7.0-22 mc
I-F Amplifier	455 kc

POWER OUTPUT

Undistorted	2.5 watts
Maximum	4.3 watts

LOUDSPEAKER:

Type	Alnico PM
Outside Conc Diameter	5 1/4 inches
Voice Coil Impedance (400 cycles)	3.5 ohms

Fig. 8 Schematic Diagram (Model X153)

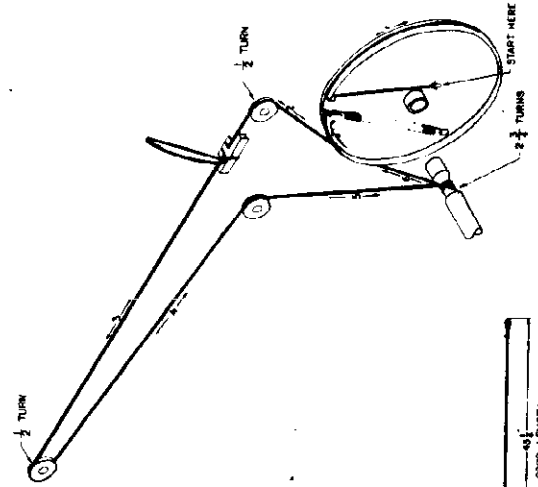


Fig. 1 Drive Stringing

GENERAL ELECTRIC CO.

MODELS X-150, X-150C,
X-150V
MODELS X-153, X-153-A1
X-153-D2

ELECTRICAL CIRCUIT ALIGNMENT

ALIGNMENT FREQUENCIES:

R-F (Standard Wave)	580 and 1500 kc
R-F (Short Wave 1)	6 mc
R-F (Short Wave 2)	18 mc
I-F	455 kc

EQUIPMENT REQUIRED:

1. Test oscillator with audio tone modulation.
2. A-C output meter, 1 1/2 volts full-scale.
3. 0.05 mf. paper capacitor.
4. 200 mmf mica capacitor.
5. Insulated screwdriver.

PROCEDURE—GENERAL:

1. The alignment procedure shown in table form should be followed with the chassis removed from the cabinet. Since the dial scale is not a part of the main chassis, it is necessary to use the special alignment scale fastened to the rear of the scale back plate assembly. With the gang condenser fully closed, set the left edge of the pointer to zero on the alignment scale. Then 147 on the alignment scale will correspond to 1500 kc (Standard Wave, approximately 149 to 6 mc (SW 1 band), and 141 to 18 mc (SW 2 band).
2. Connect output meter across speaker voice coil terminals. During alignment keep volume control set at maximum and attenuate test oscillator signal output so that the output meter reading never exceeds 1 1/4 volts.
3. Connect the capacitor listed in the chart between the "high side" of the test oscillator and the point of input specified. For Model X153, the ground terminal of the test-oscillator may be connected to the chassis, providing an isolating transformer is used between the radio and the line input.
4. After the chassis has been aligned and replaced into the cabinet, it may be necessary to reset the pointer. It should point to zero on the logging scale when the gang condenser is fully closed (pointer at extreme left of scale).

ALIGNMENT CHART

Step	Test-osc. Connection to	Test-osc. Setting	Pointer Setting	Adjust Trimmers for Max. Output
1	12SK7 or 6SK7 IF grid in series with .05 mfd.	455 kc	"STD" Band 550 kc	C15 and C16 (2nd IF trans. capacitors)
2	12SA7 or 6SA7 Conv. grid in series with .05 mfd.	455 kc	"STD" Band 550 kc	C13 and C14 (1st IF trans. capacitors)
3***	Ant. post in series with 200 mmf.	1500 kc	"STD" Band 1500 kc	C3 (osc.); C2 (ant.)
4	Ant. post in series with 200 mmf.	580 kc	"STD" Band 580 kc	C7**
5	Repeat Step No. 3			
6	Ant. post in series with 200 mmf.	6.0 mc	"SW1" Band 6.0 mc	C5 (osc.)**
7	Ant. post in series with 200 mmf.	18.0 mc	"SW2" Band 18 mc	C6 (osc.)* C4 (ant.)**

* Use minimum capacity peak.
** Rock gang condenser for optimum peak.
*** Note: C2 trimmer is not incorporated on some receivers. This requires that C3 be aligned while rocking the gang condenser.

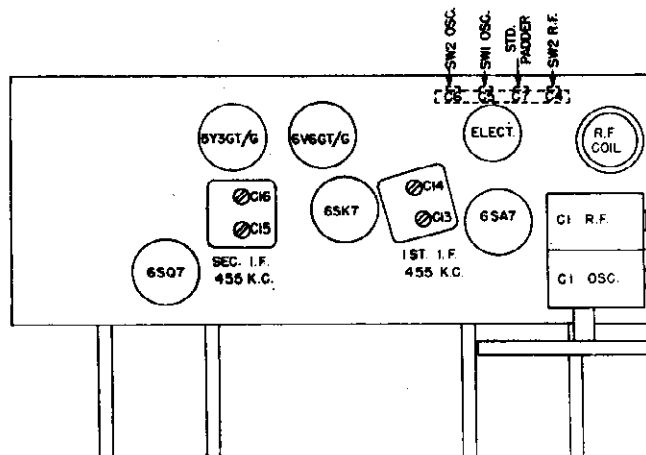


Fig. 1 Tube and Trimmer location (Model X150)

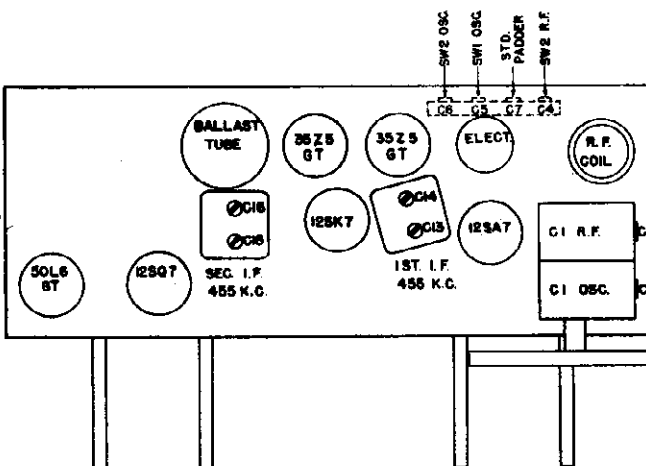


Fig. 2 Tube and Trimmer location (Model X153)

STAGE GAIN AND VOLTAGE CHECKS

Stage gain measurements by vacuum tube voltmeter similar measuring devices may be used to check circuit performance and isolate trouble. The gain values listed may have tolerances of 20%. Readings taken with low signal input that AVC is not effective.

- (1) R-F Stage Gains.
 - Antenna Post to 12SA7 Grid 5.5 @ 1000
 - Antenna Post to 12SA7 Grid 3.3 @ 4000
 - Antenna Post to 12SA7 Grid 2.0 @ 12000
 - 12SA7 Converter Grid to 12SK7 Grid65 @ 1000
 - 12SA7 Converter Grid to 12SK7 Grid81 @ 455
 - 12SK7 Grid to 12SQ7 Diode Plate62 @ 455
- (2) Audio Gain.
 - 0.06 volts for Model X150, or 0.03 volts for Model X153 at 400 cycles across volume control (R10) with control at maximum will give approximately 1/2-watt output across the speaker voice coil.
- (3) Oscillator Grid Bias.

D-C voltage developed across the oscillator grid leak (R) averages 7.3 volts at 1000 kc, 9.9 volts at 4000 kc, and 6 volts at 12,000 kc.

- (4) Socket Pin Voltages.
 - Figures 9, 10 and 11 show voltages from all tube pins to E unless otherwise specified. Voltage readings much lower than those specified may help localize defective components tubes.

MODELS X-150, X-150C,
X-150V
MODELS X-153, X-153-A1,
X-153-D2

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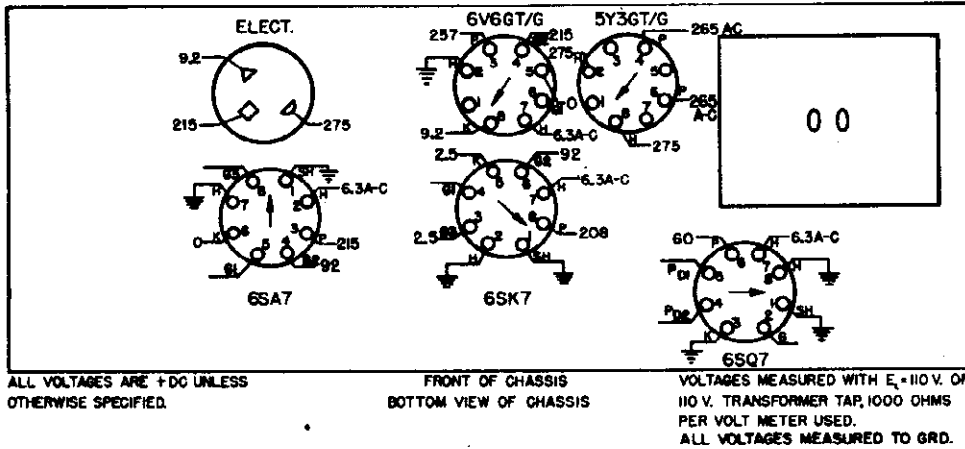


Fig. 9 Socket Voltages (Model X150)

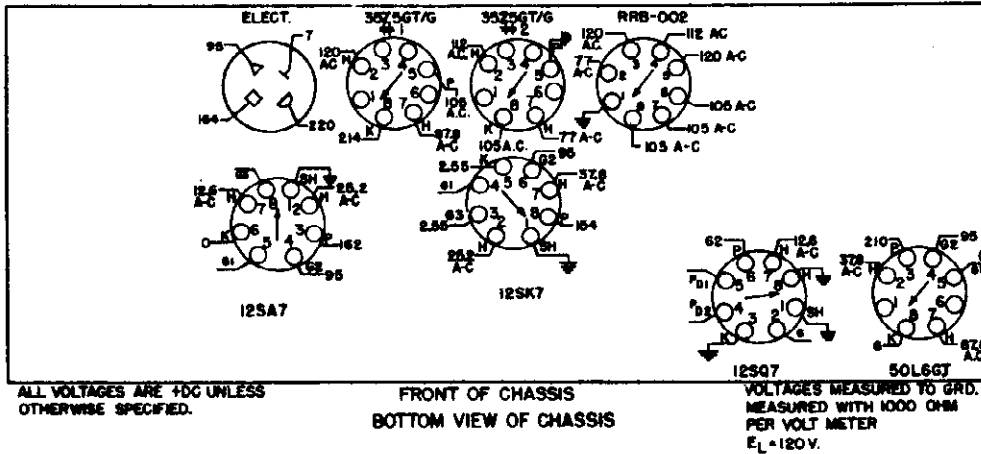


Fig. 10 Socket Voltages (Model X153 A1)

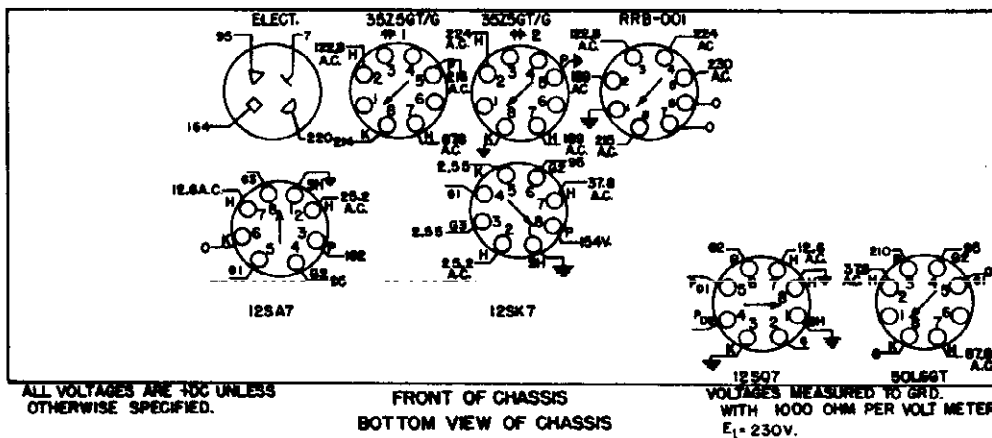


Fig. 11 Socket Voltages (Model X153 D2)

GENERAL ELECTRIC CO.

MODELS X-150, X-150C,
X-150V
MODELS X-153, X-153-A1
X-153-D2

ELECTRICAL RATING

Model	Rating	Power Supply			Power Consumption
		Nominal Voltage	Voltage Range	Frequency Cycles A-c	
X150	V	110	103-117	50-60	55
		125	117-133		
		150	140-160		
		200	185-213		
		225	213-234		
		245	234-260		
X150	C	110 125	103-117 117-133	25-60	55
X153	D2	230 Ac-Dc	210-250	40-60	60
X153	A1	120 Ac	105-130	40-60	60

CAUTION:

On the Model X153, one side of the power line is connected to the chassis. Use extreme caution when servicing this receiver unless an isolating transformer is used in the power line. Do not place a ground on the chassis unless an isolating transformer is used.

GENERAL INFORMATION

Power Supply Conversion—Model X150:

The Model X150 "V" rating receiver is equipped with a universal power transformer which permits practically instantaneous conversion for operation on any one of the six voltage ranges shown on the label. Merely loosen the set screw on the control at the top of the power transformer and turn the knob until the correct nominal voltage rating appears in the window. Tighten the set screw.

The Model X150 "C" rating makes use of a tapped transformer. To change voltage rating reconnect transformer primary to proper input color coded leads as shown on schematic.

Power Supply Conversion—Model X153:

The X153 Models with "D2" and "A1" ratings are identical except for the ballast tube that is used. The substitution of the appropriate ballast tube takes care of all the wiring changes necessary to convert from one line voltage range to the other. The "A1" rating may be converted for operation on a line of 230 volts a-c or d-c by removing the ballast resistor unit, Part No. RRB-002, and substituting the ballast resistance unit, Part No. RRB-001, in the same socket. When this is done the label should be changed so that it reads "D2" rating. The "D2" rating may be changed to "A1" rating in like manner—by substitution of Part No. RRB-002 ballast resistor for Part No. RRB-001.

Photograph of FM Sound Connection:

Figure 4 shows a simple method for connecting a crystal or high impedance magnetic phono pick-up into the circuit of the Models X150 and X153. A double-pole, double-throw type phono switch with a phono motor power switch attached is recommended. This should be mounted close to the rear chassis terminal board on the radio. It is important that if the lead from the record player is shielded that the shield braid be connected to terminal 3, not to chassis ground. As a precaution when operating the Model X153, add spaghetti insulation to the full length of the shield braid so that the braid cannot accidentally touch the chassis. This will also avoid the possibility of the operator receiving a shock under certain conditions.

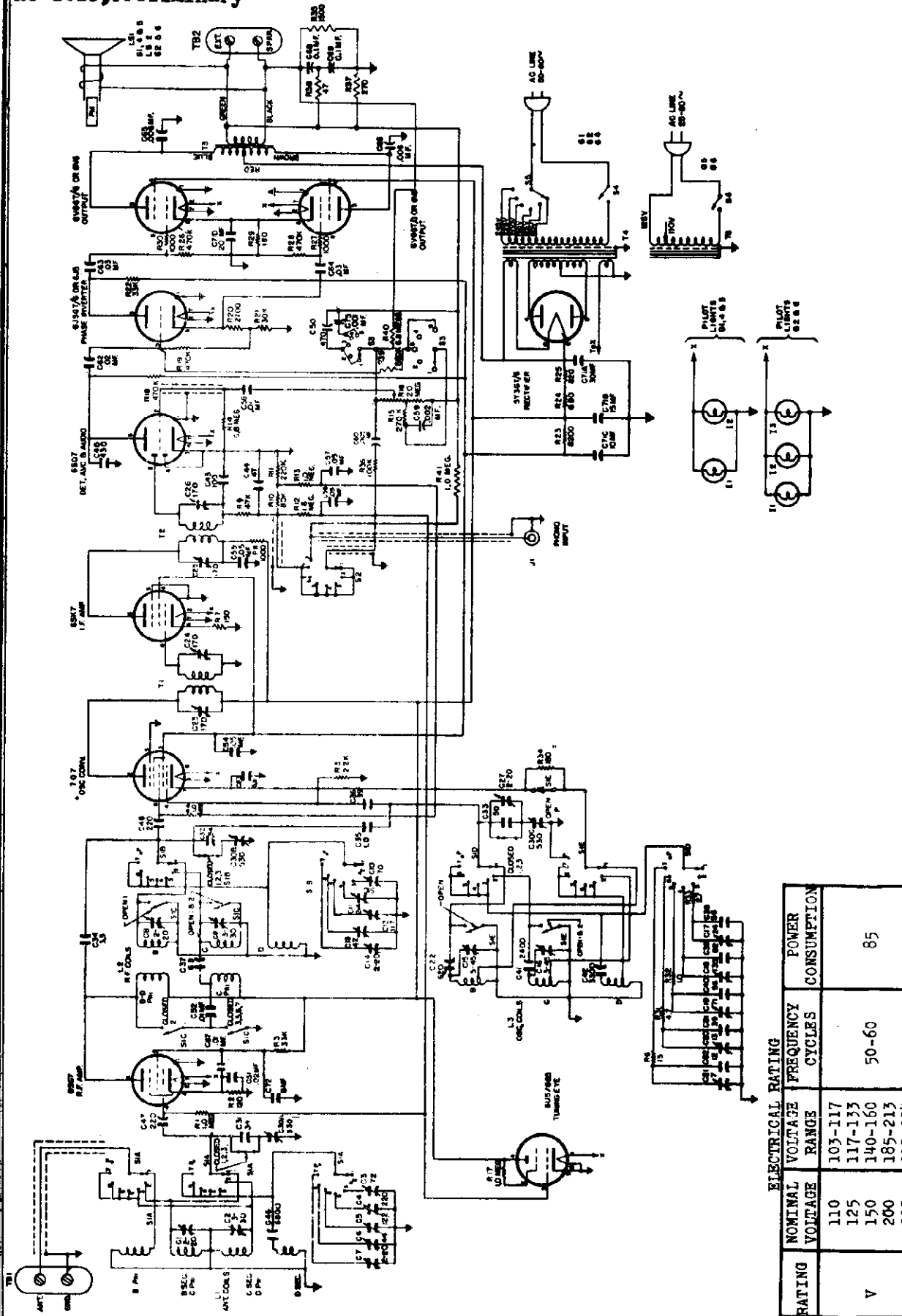
When making this phono connection as a permanent installation, the link between terminals 1 and 2 must be removed.

An FM Translator may be connected in the same manner as for the record player. This permits the FM sound to be reproduced through the radio.

Cat. No.	Symbol	Description	Cat. No.	Symbol	Description
UNIVERSAL G-E REPLACEMENT PARTS			SPECIALIZED G-E REPLACEMENT PARTS		
UCC-036	C23	CAPACITOR—0.002 mf., 600 v., paper	RCE-034	C27, 28, 29	CAPACITOR—30 mf., 350 v.; 30 mf., 350 v.; 30 mf., 25 v., dry electrolytic (Model X150)
UCC-039	C20, 24	CAPACITOR—0.005 mf., 600 v., paper	RCE-009	C30	CAPACITOR—30 mf., 250 v., dry electrolytic (Model X153)
UCC-040	C10, 21, 25	CAPACITOR—0.01 mf., 600 v., paper	RCE-035	C27, 28, 29, 37	CAPACITOR—20 mf., 25 v.; 30 mf., 250 v., 40 mf., 250 v.; 10 mf., 250 v., dry electrolytic (Model X153)
UCC-045	C17, 18, 34, 35	CAPACITOR—0.05 mf., 600 v., paper	RCS-002	C31	CAPACITOR—0.02 mf., 600 v., paper (Model X153)
UCC-050	C32	CAPACITOR—0.25 mf., 600 v., paper (Model X153)	RCT-009	C1, 2, 3	CONDENSER—Tuning condenser, includes trimmers
UCU-061	C26	CAPACITOR—0.008 mf., 1000 v., paper (Model X153)	RDF-005		WASHER—Felt washer for knobs
UCU-028	C33	CAPACITOR—100 mmf., mica	RDK-022		KNOB—Control knob with pointer (painted)
UCU-044	C11	CAPACITOR—470 mmf., mica	RDK-053		KNOB—Control knob with pointer (plain)
UCU-1004	C36, 38	CAPACITOR—10 mmf., mica	RDM-001		CUSHION—Rubber cushions for dial scale
UCU-1040	C19	CAPACITOR—330 mmf., mica	RDP-009		POINTER—Dial scale pointer assembly
UCU-1044	C22	CAPACITOR—470 mmf., mica	RDS-014		SCALE—Dial scale
UCU-1520	C12	CAPACITOR—47 mmf., mica	RDX-012		SCALE PLATE—Scale plate assembly
UCU-2557	C8	CAPACITOR—1800 mmf., mica	RDX-014		CORD—Drive cord assembly
UCU-2570	C9	CAPACITOR—5600 mmf., mica	RIT-002		Cover—Inner and outer cardboard cover for electrolytic capacitor
UIC-001		CEMENT—Cone cement	RIT-003		SOCKET—Octal base tube socket
UOP-520	LS1	LOUDSPEAKER—5 1/4 inch FM speaker	RJS-003		PLATE—Electrolytic mounting plate (4 mtg. lugs)
UOX-008		CONE—Loudspeaker replacement cone assembly	RJS-012		SOCKET—Pilot light socket (Model X150)
URD-029	R14, 21	RESISTOR—150 ohms, 1/2 w., carbon	RJS-022		SOCKET—Pilot light socket (Model X153)
URD-037	R3	RESISTOR—330 ohms, 1/2 w., carbon	RJS-023		PLATE—Electrolytic mounting plate (3 mtg. lugs) (Model X153)
URD-049	R4, 12, 17	RESISTOR—1000 ohms, 1/2 w., carbon	RJS-024		COIL—Antenna coil
URD-061	R19	RESISTOR—3300 ohms, 1/2 w., carbon (Model X153)	RLA-003	T1	COIL—Oscillator coil
URD-065	R19	RESISTOR—4700 ohms, 1/2 w., carbon (Model X150)	RLC-009	T2	SHIELD—Pilot lamp shield
URD-081	R2	RESISTOR—22,000 ohms, 1/2 w., carbon	RMM-005		SPRING—Drive cord tension spring
URD-089	R22	RESISTOR—47,000 ohms, 1/2 w., carbon	RMS-007		SHAFT—Tuning shaft and cotter
URD-097	R16	RESISTOR—100,000 ohms, 1/2 w., carbon (Model X153)	RMU-009		PULLEY—Drive cord idler pulley and stud
URD-103	R9	RESISTOR—180,000 ohms, 1/2 w., carbon	RMW-008		BALLAST—230 volt ballast resistance unit (Model X153)
URD-105	R6	RESISTOR—220,000 ohms, 1/2 w., carbon	RRB-002		BALLAST—120 volt ballast resistance unit (Model X153)
URD-113	R11, 13	RESISTOR—470,000 ohms, 1/2 w., carbon	RRC-009	R6	VOLUME CONTROL—2 meg., potentiometer
URD-117	R1	RESISTOR—680,000 ohms, 1/2 w., carbon	RRC-010	R10, S2	TONE CONTROL—2 meg., potentiometer includes power switch (Model X150)
URD-129	R5	RESISTOR—2.2 meg., 1/2 w., carbon	RRC-011	R10, S2	TONE CONTROL—2 meg., potentiometer, includes power switch (Model X153)
URD-145	R7	RESISTOR—10 meg., 1/2 w., carbon	RSW-011	S1	SWITCH—Band change switch
URE-035	R18	RESISTOR—270 ohms, 1 w., carbon (Model X150)	RTL-013	T3	TRANSFORMER—1st I-F transformer
URF-057	R15	RESISTOR—2200 ohms, 2 w., carbon (Model X153)	RTL-014	T4	TRANSFORMER—2nd I-F transformer
URF-059	R15	RESISTOR—2700 ohms, 2 w., carbon (Model X150)	RTO-008	T5	TRANSFORMER—Output transformer (Model X150)
URF-069	R20	RESISTOR—6800 ohms, 2 w., carbon (Model X153)	RTO-009	T5	TRANSFORMER—Output transformer (Model X153)
URF-077	R20	RESISTOR—15,000 ohms, 2 w., carbon (Model X150)	RTP-014	T6	TRANSFORMER—Power transformer, 60 cycle (Model X150)
SPECIALIZED G-E REPLACEMENT PARTS			RTP-015	T6	TRANSFORMER—Power transformer, 25-60 cycles (Model X150), CORD—Power cord
RAB-013		BACK—Cabinet back cover (Model X150)	RWL-004		
RAB-014		BACK—Cabinet back cover (Model X153)			
RAV-006		CABINET—Wood cabinet			
RCC-040	C30	CAPACITOR—0.01 mf., 600 v., paper			
RCC-059	C26	CAPACITOR—0.005 mf., 1000 v., paper (Model X150)			

MODELS X-181V, XC-181V,
XP-181V, X-182V, X-181C,
XC-181C, Preliminary

GENERAL ELECTRIC CO.



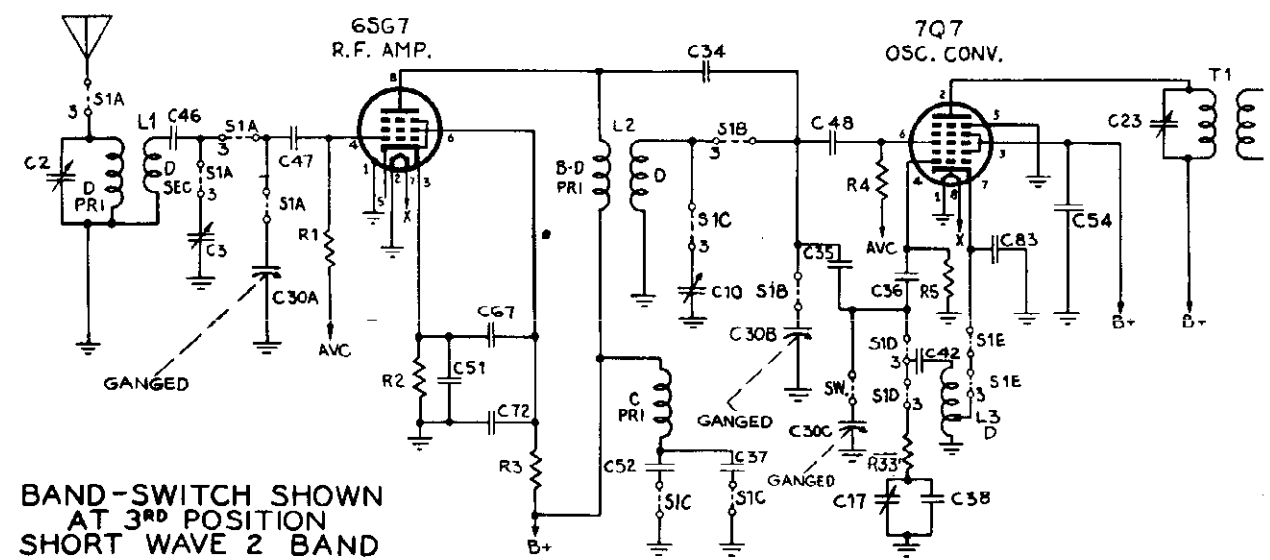
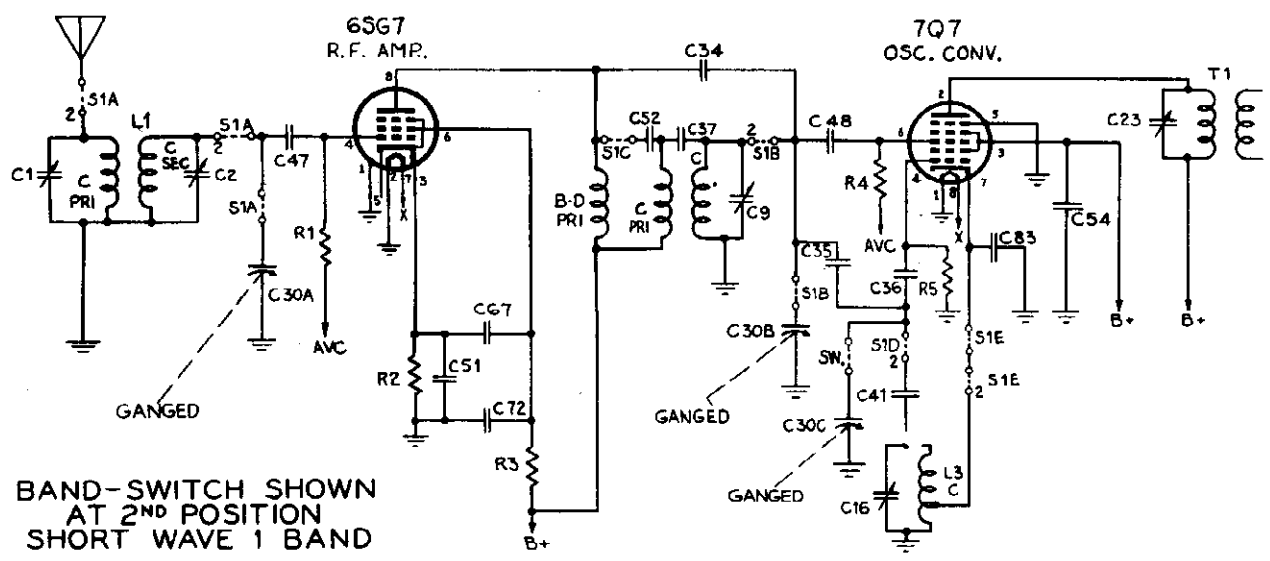
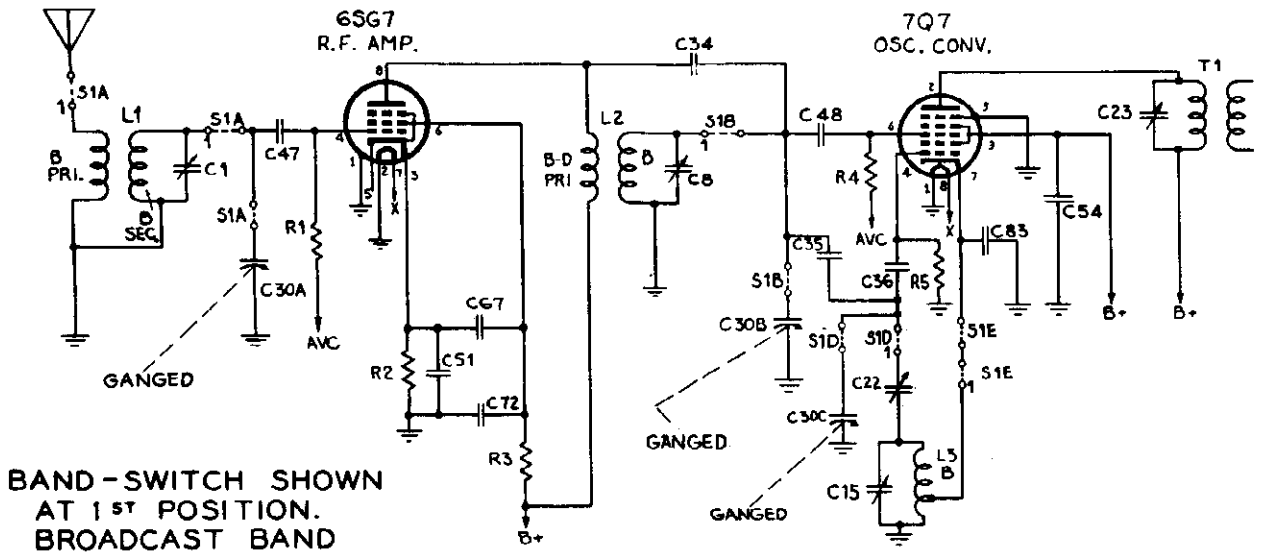
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- (2) XC181V 50/60 cycle
- (3) XP181V 50/60 cycle
- (4) X182V 50/60 cycle
- (5) X181C 25/60 cycle
- (6) XC181C 25/60 cycle

ELECTRICAL RATING			
RATING	NOMINAL VOLTAGE	FREQUENCY CYCLES	POWER CONSUMPTION
V	110 125 150 200 225 245	50-60	85
C	110 125	25-60	85

"clarified schematics"

GENERAL ELECTRIC CO.

MODELS X-181V, XC-181V,
XP-181V, X-181C, XC-181C
X-182V, Preliminary

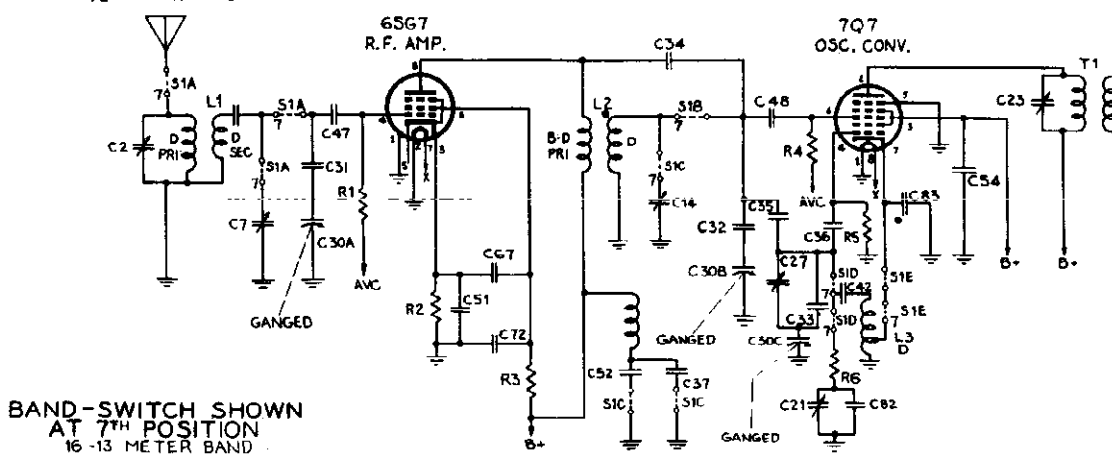
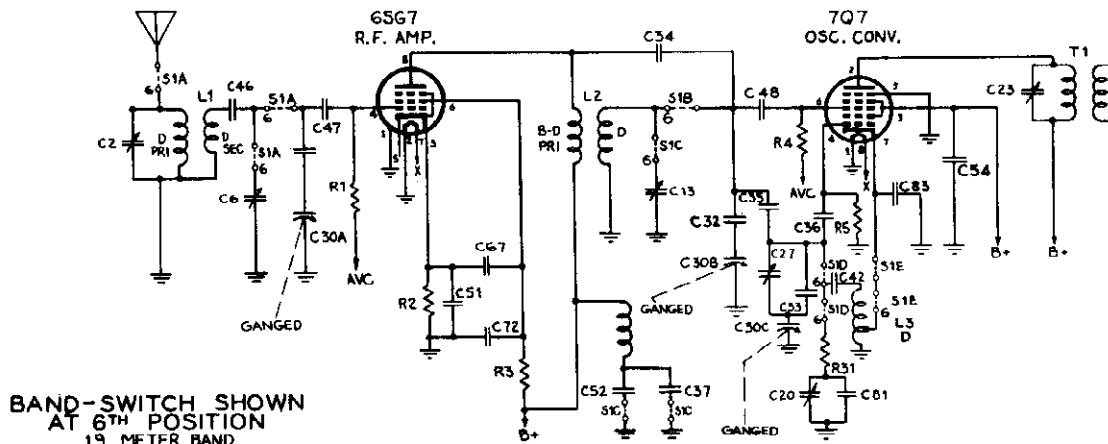
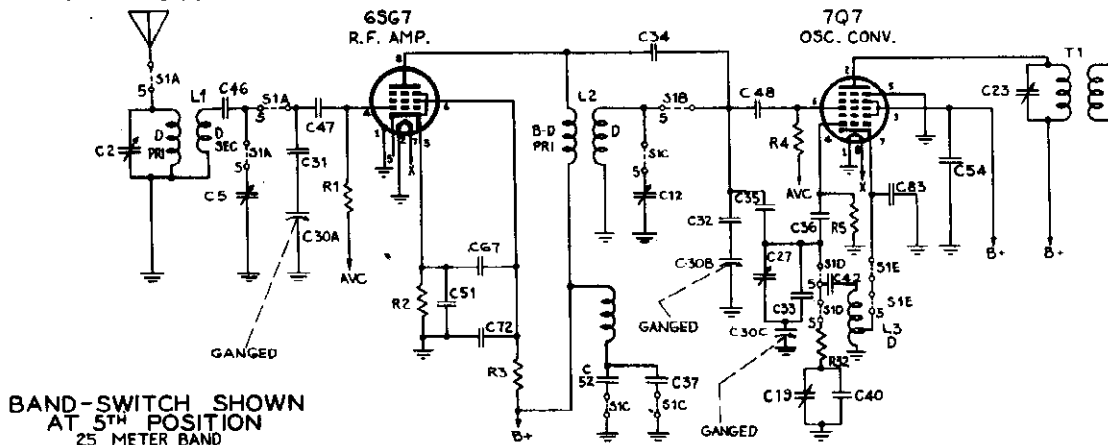
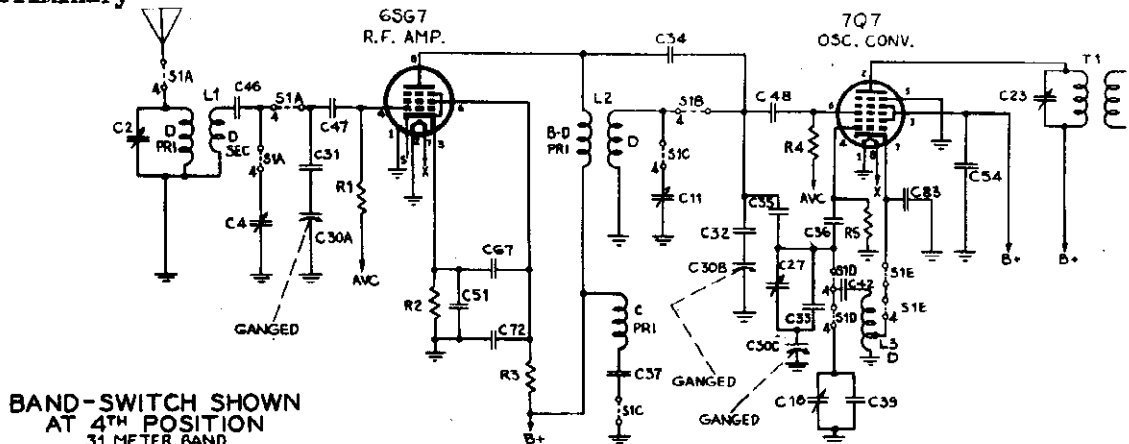


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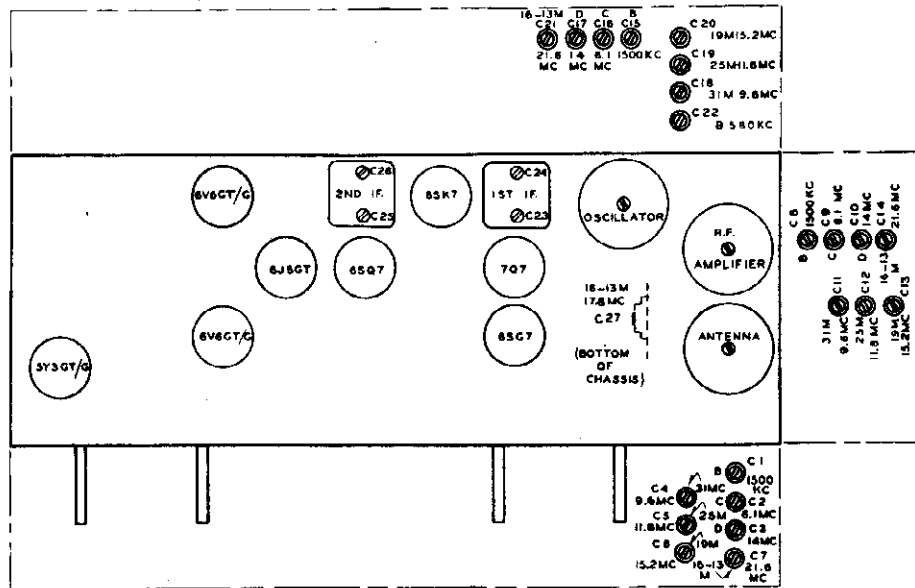
MODELS X-181V, XC-191V,
XP-181V, X-181C, XC-181C,
X-182V, Preliminary

GENERAL ELECTRIC CO.



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MODELS X-181V, XC-181V,
XP-181V, X-181C, XC-181C
X-182V, Preliminary



ELECTRICAL CIRCUIT ALIGNMENT

- PROCEDURE: (1) Remove chassis during r-f alignment.
 (2) Connect output meter across loudspeaker voice coil leads.
 (3) Set radio volume control to its maximum position and attenuate the test oscillator signal

output so that the output meter reading never exceeds 1 1/4 volts.

- (4) Connect capacitor or capacitor and resistor listed in column 2 between the output "High Side" of test oscillator and the point of input specified.

ALIGNMENT CHART

Step	Test Osc. Connected To -	Test Osc. Setting	Band & Pointer Setting	Tune Trimmer for Max. Output
1	6SK7 grid in series with .05 mf.	455 KC	"B" BAND 550KC	C25 & C26
2	7Q7 grid in series with .05 mf.	455 KC	"B" BAND 550KC	C23 & C24 Retrim C25 & C26
3	ANT. POST in series with 200 mmf. and 400 ohms	1500 KC	"B" BAND 1500KC	C15, C1, C8
4	ANT. POST in series with 200 mmf. and 400 ohms	580 KC	"B" BAND 580KC	C22*
5	R E P E A T S T E P 3			
6	ANT. POST in series with 200 mmf. and 400 ohms	6.1 MC	SW1, 6.1MC	C16, C2, C9
7	ANT. POST in series with 200 mmf. and 400 ohms	14 MC	SW2, 14MC	C17, C3, C10
8	ANT. POST in series with 200 mmf. and 400 ohms	17.8 MC	16-13M, 17.8MC	C27*
9	ANT. POST in series with 200 mmf. and 400 ohms	21.6 MC	16-13M, 21.6MC	C21**C7, C14***
10	R E P E A T S T E P S 8 A N D 9			
11	ANT. POST in series with 200 mmf. and 400 ohms	9.6 MC	31M, 9.6MC	C18**, C4, C11
12	ANT. POST in series with 200 mmf. and 400 ohms	11.8 MC	25M, 11.8MC	C19**, C5, C12
13	ANT. POST in series with 200 mmf. and 400 ohms	15.2 MC	19M, 15.2MC	C20**, C6, C13

*Rock gang condenser for optimum peak.

**Use minimum capacity setting if two are obtainable.

***Use maximum capacity peak if two are obtainable.

SOCKET VOLTAGES

CONDITIONS OF TEST: 1000 ohm/volt meter used. All measurements made to chassis. Values are d-c unless noted. Measurements made using tap voltage shown on schematic.

PIN NO.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
6SQ7	0	0	1.2	0	1.2	110	6.3 AC	209
7Q7	0	207	95	0	0	0	0	6.3 AC
6SK7	0	6.3 AC	0	0	1.9	95	0	197
6SQ7	0	0	0	0	0	31	6.3 AC	0
6J5GT	0	0	68	-	-2.1	-	6.3 AC	24
6V6GT/G	0	6.3 AC	264	209	0	-	0	11.2
5Y3GT/G	-	270	-	274 AC	-	274 AC	-	270
6U5/6Q5	6.3 AC	-	-	209	-	0	-	-

MODELS X-181V, XC-181V,
 XP-181V, X-181C, XC-181C,
 X-182V, Preliminary

GENERAL ELECTRIC CO.

Cat.No.	Description	Model	Qty.		Symbol
			Per Set		
RAB-015	Cabinet back	1-4-5	1		
RAB-026	" "	3	1		
RAG-004	Grille	1-4-5	1		
RAG-007	" (metal)	3	1		
RAV-013	Cabinet	1-5	1		
RAV-014	"	4	1		
RAV-015	"	2-6	1		
RAV-016	"	3	1		
RCC-036	Capacitor (paper) .1 mfd. 600 V.	All	2		C68,69
RCC-060	" " .006 mfd. 1000 V.	"	2		C65,66
RCE-002	" electrolytic - 15-15 - 350 V.	3	1		C88 A & B
RCE-011	" " - 8 mfd. 250 V.	All	1		C72
RCE-012	(" " - 30-350V, 15-300,10-150,20-25	All	1		C71 A,B,C,D
RCT-010	Capacitor (Tuning)	"	1		C30 A,B,C
RCW-010	" (Mica) 56 mfd.	"	1		C38
RCW-011	" (") 56 "	"	1		C40
RCW-012	" (") 39 "	"	1		C81
RCW-058	" (") 54 "	"	2		C31,32
RCW-059	" (") 50 "	"	1		C33
RCX-007	Trimmer strip assembly	"	1		C18,19,20,22
RCX-008	" " "	"	1		C15,16,17,21
RCX-009	" " "	"	2		C1,2,3,7,8,9, 10,14
RCX-010	" " "	"	2		C13,12,11,6, 5,4
RCY-006	Capacitor (trimmer)	"	1		C27
RDC-008	Drive cord assembly (tuning)	1-4-5	1		
RDC-009	" " " "	1-4-5	1		
RDC-010	" " " (Band)	1-4-5	1		
RDD-005	Drum assembly	All	1		
RDE-012	Escutcheon	2-3-6	1		
RDF-005	Knob felt washer	All	4		
RDG-001	Back plate (background)	1-4-5	1		
RDK-026	Knob (plain)	1-4-5	2		
RDK-027	" (pointer)	1-4-5	2		
RDK-034	"	3	2		
RDK-056	"	3	2		
RDP-011	Pointer & slider assembly	1-4-5	1		
RDP-012	" " "	All	1		
RDP-019	" " "	2-3-6	1		
RDS-017	Dial scale	1-4-5	1		
RDS-027	" "	2-3-6	1		
RDX-023	Background plate assembly	2-6	1		
RDX-024	" " "	3	1		
RHG-001	Cushion (capacitor)	All	3		
RHM-005	Grommet (power cord)	"	1		
RHM-023	Stud (pulley)	"	2		
RJP-003	Plug (phono motor)	3	1		
RJP-004	" (phono)	All	1		
RJP-010	Phono jack	"	1		
RJS-012	Mtg. Plate (electrolytic)	"	1		
RJS-016	Socket (dial light)	1-4-5	2		
RJS-017	" (tube)	All	7		
RJS-018	" "	"	1		
RJS-028	Tuning indicator tube connector	"	1		
RJS-037	Mtg. plate (electrolytic)	3	1		
RJS-045	Socket (dial light)	3	1		
RJS-046	" " "	3	1		
RJS-047	" " "	2-3-6	1		
RJS-048	Tuning indicator tube connector	3	1		
RLA-004	Antenna coil	All	1		L-1
RLB-003	R.F. Amplifier coil	"	1		L-2
RLC-010	Oscillator coil	"	1		L-3
RMC-006	Clamp (tuning indicator)	"	1		
RMS-019	Spring (LINK) (Band)	"	1		
RMV-008	Pulley	"	2 or 5		(1) X181V 50/60 cycle
RMV-013	Flywheel	"	1		(2) X181V 50/60 cycle
RMV-014	Pulley	2-3-6	3		(3) XP181V 50/60 cycle
RMX-007	Lever & link (Phono Sw.)	All	1		(4) X182V 50/60 cycle
RFX-010	Phono pick-up	3	1		(5) X181C 25/60 cycle
RRC-012	Volume control	All	1		(6) X181C 25/60 cycle

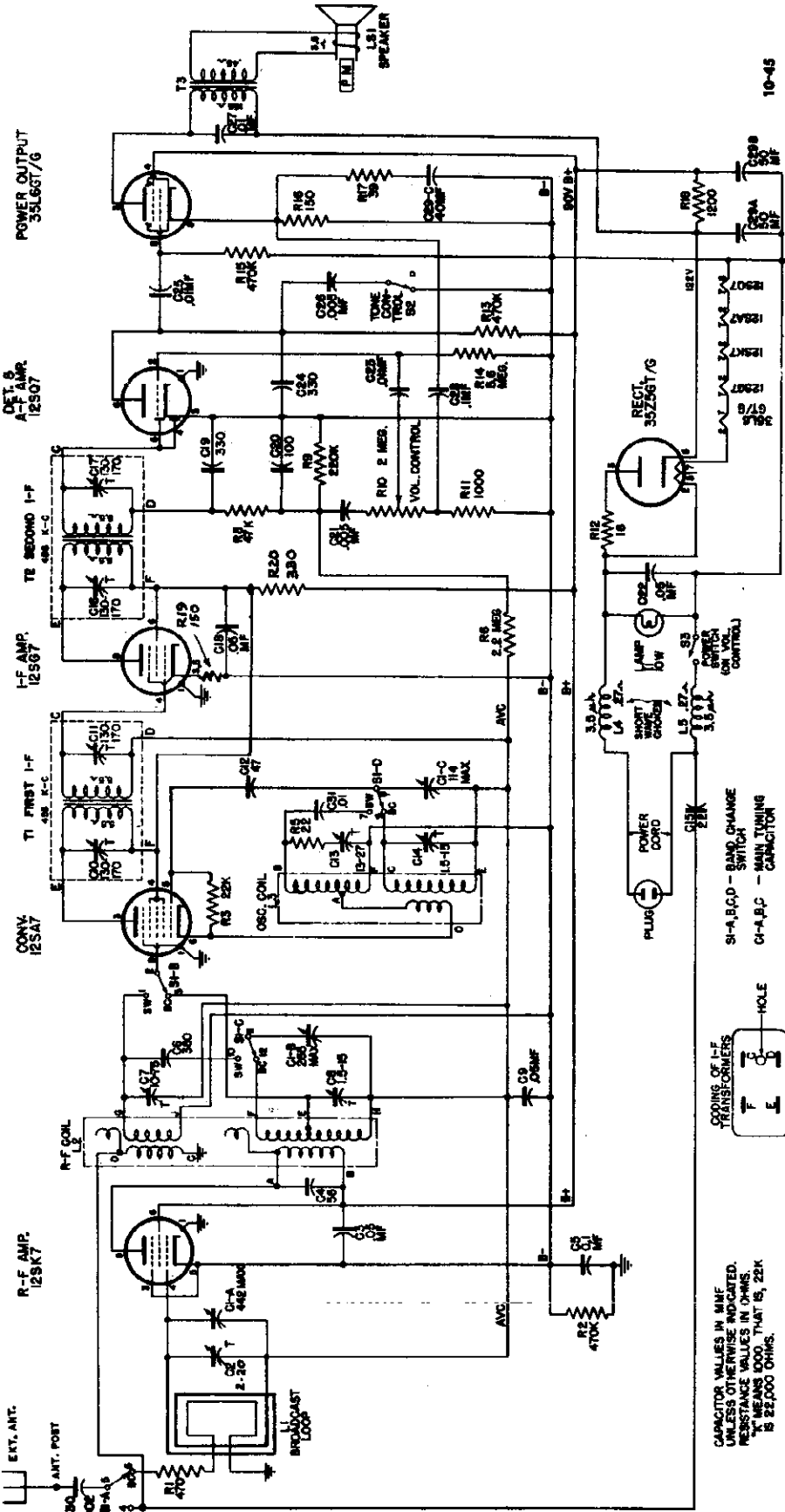
GENERAL ELECTRIC CO.

MODELS X-181V, XC-181V
 XP-181V, X-181C, XC-181
 X-182V, Preliminary

Cat. No.	Description	Model	Qty. Per Set	Symbol
RRN-001	Resistor (carbon) 10 ohm. 1/2 W.	"	1	R-32
RRN-002	" " 2.7 ohm. 1/2 W.	"	1	R-33
RRN-003	" " 4.7 " "	"	1	R-31
RRW-006	" " 70 " 25 W.	3	1	R-52
RSW-012	Switch (band)	All	1	S-1
RSV-014	" (radio phono)	"	1	S-2
RSW-015	" (tone & power)	"	1	S-3,4
RTL-015	I.F. Transformer (2nd)	"	1	T-2
RTL-016	" " (1st)	"	1	T-1
RTO-010	Output transformer	"	1	T-3
RTP-016	Power transformer	1-2-4	1	T-4
RTP-017	" "	3	1	T-5
RTP-025	" "	5-6	1	T-6
RWL-004	Power cord	2-3-6	1	
RWL-009	" "	1-4-5	1	
UCC-036	Capacitor (paper) .002 mfd. 600 V.	All	1	C-59
UCC-039	" " .005 " "	"	1	C-60
UCC-040	" " .01 " "	"	3 or 5	C-52, 58, 67, 89, 90
UCC-041	" " .02 " "	"	2 or 3	C-51, 62, 91
UCC-042	" " .03 " "	"	2	C-63, 64
UCC-045	" " .05 " "	"	4 or 5	C-54, 55, 56, 57, 87
UCN-501	Capacitor (Ceramic) 1 mmf.	"	1	C-35
UCN-1052	" (mica) .001 mfd.	"	1	C-75
UCN-1504	" (Ceramic) 3.3 mmf.	"	1	C-34
UCN-1506	" " 6.8 " "	"	2	C-37, 83
UCU-036	" (mica) 220 mmf.	"	2	C-47, 48
UCU-1020	" " 47 " "	"	1	C-44
UCU-1044	" " 470 " "	"	1	C-50
UCU-1572	" " 6800 " "	"	1	C-46
UCU-2043	Capacitor (mica) 430 mmf.	All	1	C-45
UCU-2561	" " 2400 " "	"	1	C-41
UCU-2564	" " 3300 " "	"	1	C-42
UCW-1018	" (ceramic) 39 mmf.	"	1	C-36
UCW-2006	" " 12 " "	"	1	C-82
UCW-2026	" " 82 " "	"	1	C-39
UTC-001	Cement for speaker	"		
UOP-302	Speaker 8" FL.	1-4-5	1	LS-1
UOP-1207	" 12" "	2-3-6	1	LS-2
UOX-004	Cone & voice coil assembly 8"	1-4-5	1	
UOX-005	" " " 12"	2-3-6	1	
URD-005	Resistor (carbon) 150 ohm. 1/2 W.	All	1	R-6
URD-027	" " 120 " "	"	1	R-2
URD-029	" " 150 " "	"	1	R-7
URD-031	" " 180 " "	"	1	R-34
URD-049	" " 1000 " "	"	3	R-8, 27, 30
URD-053	" " 1500 " "	"	1 & 2	R-35, 43
URD-059	" " 2700 " "	"	1	R-20
URD-081	" " 22000 " "	"	1	R-5
URD-083	" " 27000 " "	3	1	R-46
URD-085	" " 33000 " "	All	1	R-22, R-50
URD-089	" " 47000 " "	"	1	R-9
URD-093	" " 68000 " "	3	2	R-48, 51
URD-097	" " 100000 " "	All	1 & 2	R-36, 49
URD-103	" " 180000 " "	"	1	R-10
URD-105	" " 220000 " "	"	1	R-11
URD-107	" " 270000 " "	"	1	R-15
URD-113	" " 470000 " "	"	4	R-18, 19, 26, 28
URD-115	" " 560000 " "	"	1	R-39
URD-121	" " 1 Meg. 1/2 W.	"	5 & 4	R-1, 4, 13, 17, 41
URD-127	" " 1.8 Meg. 1/2 W.	"	1	R-12
URD-133	" " 3.3 " "	3	2	R-44, 45
URD-141	" " 6.8 " "	All	2	R-14, 40
URD-1017	" " 47 ohms. "	"	1	R-38
URD-1035	" " 270 " "	"	1	R-37
URD-1084	" " 30000 " "	"	1	R-21 (1) X181V 50/60 cycle
URD-1104	" " 200000 ohms. "	3	1	R-47 (2) X181V 50/60 cycle
URE-085	" " 33000 " 1 W.	All	1	R-3 (3) XP181V 50/60 cycle
URF-031	" " 180 " 2 W.	"	1	R-29 (4) X182V 50/60 cycle
URF-045	" " 680 " "	"	1	R-24 (5) X181C 25/60 cycle
URF-047	" " 820 " "	"	1	R-25 (6) X181C 25/60 cycle
URF-071	" " 8200 " "	"	1	R-23

MODELS 219, 220, 221

GENERAL ELECTRIC CO.



ELECTRICAL RATING (INPUT)

Voltage	105-125 volts, a-c or d-c
Frequency (a-c)	25-60 cps
Wattage	45 watts

ELECTRICAL POWER OUTPUT (200 LINE VOLTS)

Undistorted	1.25 watts
Maximum	2 watts

LOUSPEAKER

Type	"Alnico" permanent magnet
Outside cone diameter	5 1/2"
Voice Coil Impedance (400 cycles)	3.5 ohms

TUNING BAND

Standard Broadcast	540 KC-1600 KC
Shortwave	6 MC-10 MC
INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY	455 KC

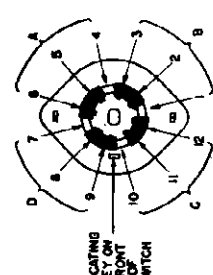


Fig. 7. Identification of Terminals on Band Change Switch S1

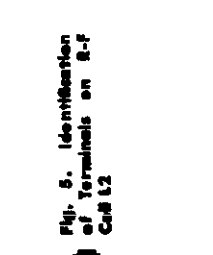


Fig. 5. Identification of Terminals on Oscillator Coil L2

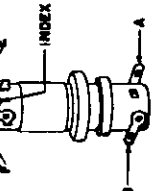


Fig. 6. Identification of Terminals on Oscillator Coil L3

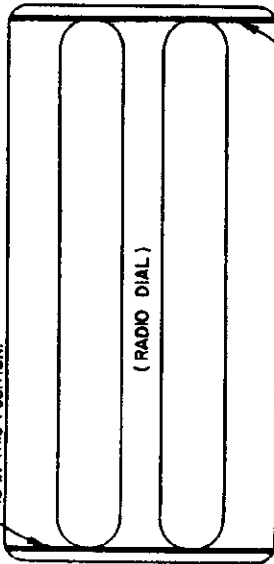


CAPACITOR VALUES IN MUF UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED. RESISTANCE VALUES IN OHMS UNLESS INDICATED. "K" MEANS 1000 THAT IS, 22K IS 22,000 OHMS.

ANTENNA.

Broadcast Reception—Built in "Beam-a-Scope" loop antenna.
Shortwave Reception—Power cord used as antenna. An external antenna is recommended for improvement of long-distance reception.

WITH TUNING CAPACITOR PLATES COMPLETELY CLOSED (TUNING CONTROL MAXIMUM COUNTER CLOCKWISE), DIAL POINTER SHOULD BE ADJUSTED ON STRING SO THAT IT IS IN THIS POSITION.



WITH TUNING CAPACITOR PLATES COMPLETELY OPEN (TUNING CONTROL MAXIMUM COUNTER CLOCKWISE), DIAL POINTER SHOULD BE ADJUSTED ON STRING SO THAT IT IS IN THIS POSITION.

Fig. 1. Alignment of Dial Pointer on String

Alignment of Dial Pointer and String.

The extreme left and right positions of the dial pointer should be in accordance with Fig. 1. This adjustment should be checked before proceeding with the r-f alignment.

Fig. 2. Dial Stringing Diagram

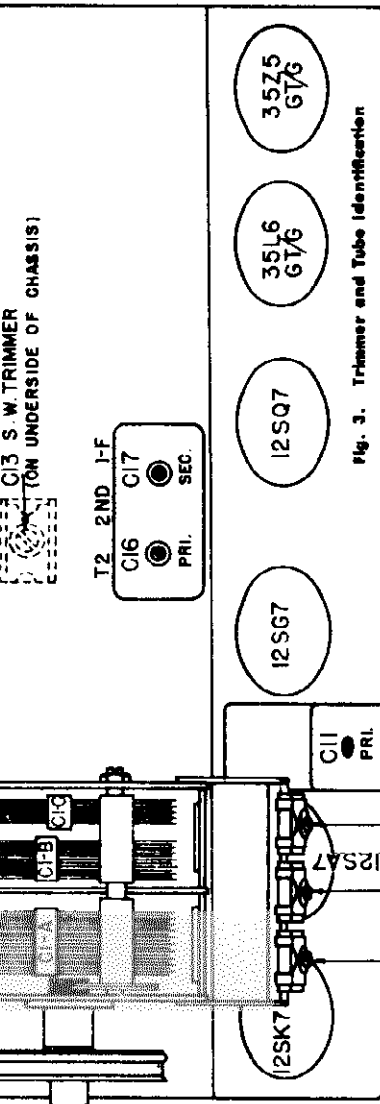
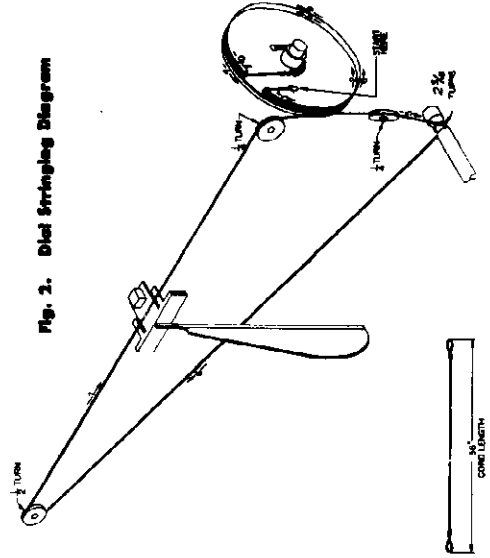


Fig. 3. Trimmer and Tube Identification



9. Disconnect signal generator from 12SG7 and connect (through .05 mf. capacitor) to pin eight of the 12SA7 converter.
10. Keeping output below 1 1/2 volts as before, peak the first i-f trimmers, C10 and C11, for maximum output.
11. Check second and first i-f trimmer adjustments.

Broadcast R-F Alignment.

When making the following alignment, the Beam-a-Scope (loop antenna) must be mounted to the chassis, and the chassis must be installed in the cabinet. All trimmer adjusting screws are available through the hole in the loop antenna frame.

1. Connect the output of the signal generator through a 60 mmf. capacitor, to the radio antenna post.
2. Set the signal generator and dial pointer to 1500 kc.
3. Adjust C14, C8, and C2 for maximum output. If two peaks are obtained when adjusting C14, the correct point is the one with the trimmer plates the furthest apart.

Shortwave R-F Alignment.

1. Set Band Change switch to SW position.
2. Set dial pointer and signal generator to 9.5 mc.
3. Remove chassis carefully, so as not to disturb the setting of the dial pointer.
4. Connect the output of the signal generator through a .05 mf. capacitor to pin eight of the 12SA7 converter tube.
5. Adjust C13 (under the chassis) for maximum output. Two points of maximum output may be obtained. The correct point is the one with the trimmer plates closest together.
6. Remove the signal generator connection, and connect its output through a 400-ohm resistor to the radio antenna post. Peak C7 for maximum output while rocking-in the main tuning condenser.
7. Replace the chassis in the cabinet, and check the setting of C7.

ALIGNMENT

Equipment Needed.

- Signal Generator, modulated 30% with 400 cycles.
- One—60 mmf. capacitor
- One—.05 mf. capacitor
- One—400-ohm resistor
- One—output meter
- One—insulated screw driver.

General.

For a complete alignment, the i-f should be aligned before the r-f.
 The i-f sections may be aligned with the chassis removed from the cabinet, but for the final r-f alignment the chassis should be in place, in the cabinet.
 Fig. 3 identifies and locates all trimmers.
 Be sure the radio has been "on" for at least 10 minutes before making any alignment adjustments.
 In order to be sure of frequency stability in the signal generator, follow the manufacturer's recommended procedure for use.

When making connections to the signal generator, avoid any ground connections to the radio unless an isolation transformer is used in the power line.

I-F Alignment.

1. Remove chassis from cabinet.
2. Connect output meter across the speaker voice coil.
3. Set volume control for maximum.
4. Connect output terminal of signal generator through a .05 mf. capacitor to pin 4 of the 12SG7 (i-f amplifier) tube.
5. Set signal generator frequency to 455 kc.
6. Set dial pointer on radio to approximately 1500 kc.
7. Peak second i-f trimmers, C16 and C17, for maximum output.
8. It is important to keep the output reading under 1 1/2 volts by reducing the input or gain control so as to avoid spurious results due to a.v.c. action.

GENERAL ELECTRIC CO.

STAGE GAINS AND VOLTAGE CHECKS

The following information will be useful to servicemen equipped with vacuum tube voltmeters or similar voltage measuring instruments. The stage gain values listed may have a tolerance of 20%.

Stage Gains.

- (1) Antenna terminal* to pin 4 of 12SK7... 4 @ 1000 kc
- (2) Pin 4 of 12SK7† to pin 8 of 12SA7... 10 @ 1000 kc
- (3) Pin 8 of 12SA7† to pin 4 of 12SQ7... 35 @ 455 kc
- (4) Pin 4 of 12SQ7† to pins 4 or 5 of 12SQ7... 100 @ 455 kc

* Connect to signal generator output through a 60 mmf. capacitor.

† Connect to signal generator output through a .05 mf. capacitor.

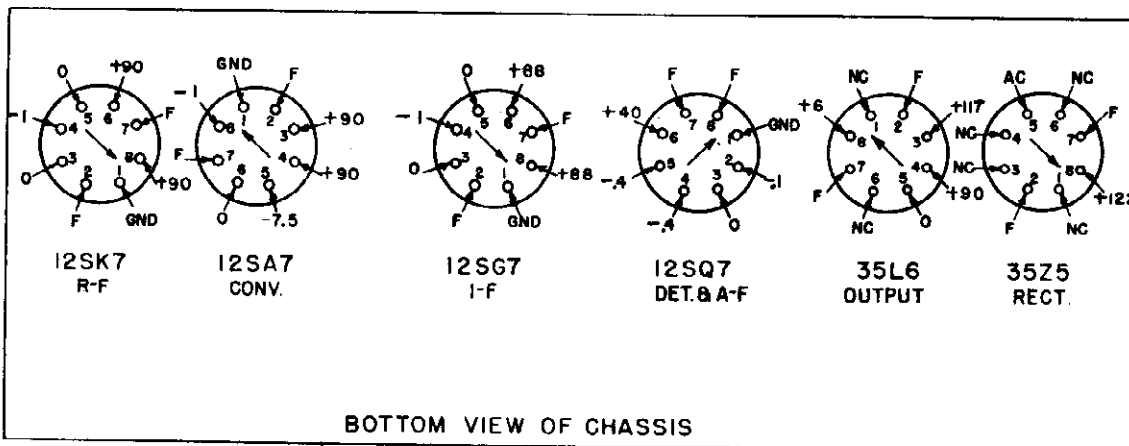
In all measurements, the readings should be kept as low as possible by reducing the signal generator gain control so as to avoid a.v.c. action.

Audio Gain.

0.06 watt at 400 cycles across the volume control (R10), with the control set at maximum, will give approximately 0.5 watt output (1.32 volts) across the speaker voice coil.

Oscillator Grid Voltage.

The d-c voltage developed across the grid leak R3 (22,000 ohms) averages 7.7 volts at 1000 kc. This should be measured with a vacuum tube voltmeter. (The grid current, measured with an ammeter in series with pin 6 of the 12SA7 tube, should be in the order of 350 microamps.)



BOTTOM VIEW OF CHASSIS

CONDITIONS OF TEST

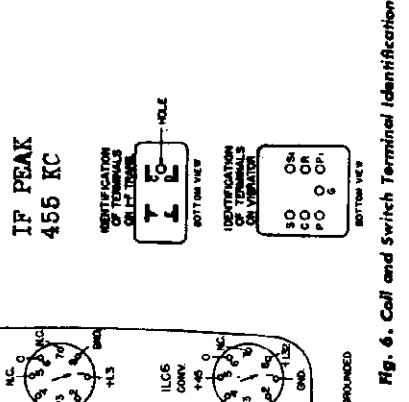
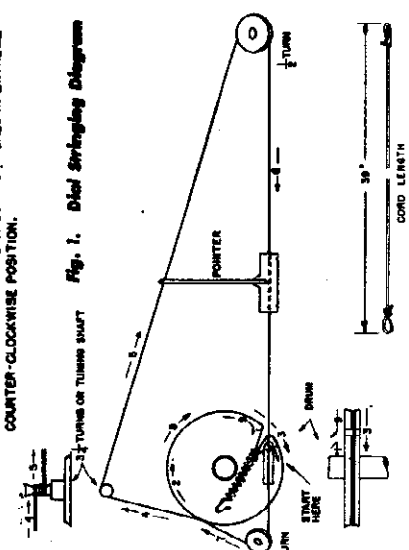
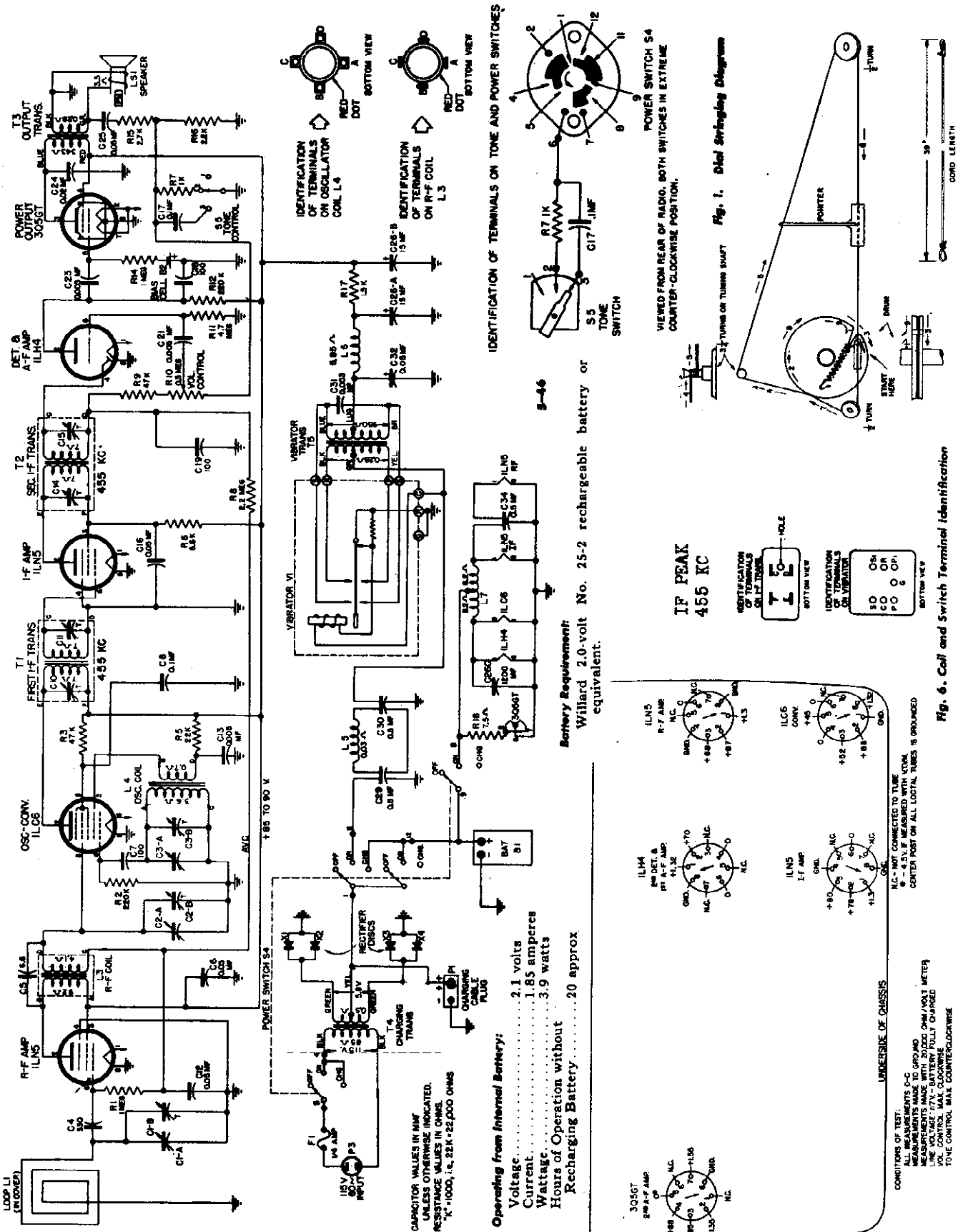
ALL MEASUREMENTS D-C
MEASUREMENTS MADE TO B-BUS
MEASUREMENTS MADE WITH
20,000 OHM/VOLT METER

LINE VOLTAGE 117 VOLTS
VOL. CONTROL MAX. CLOCKWISE
NC - NOT CONNECTED
F - FILAMENT

PART NO.	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION	PART NO.	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
UNIVERSAL G-E REPLACEMENT PARTS			SPECIALIZED G-E REPLACEMENT PARTS (Cont'd)		
UCC-036	C30	Capacitor—.002 mf, 600 V., paper	RCU-053	C4	Capacitor—56 mmf, mica
UCC-039	C21	Capacitor—.005 mf, 600 V., paper	RCU-108	C15	Capacitor—22 mmf, mica
UCC-040	C23, C25, C27, C31	Capacitor—.01 mf, 600 V., paper	RCU-110	C12	Capacitor—47 mmf, mica
UCC-045	C3, C9, C18, C22	Capacitor—.05 mf, 600 V., paper	RCU-112	C20	Capacitor—100 mmf, mica
UDL-018	I1	Lamp—110 125 V., 10 W.	RCU-115	C19, C24	Capacitor—330 mmf, mica
URD-009	R5	Resistor—22 ohm, 1/2 watt, carbon	RCU-164	C6	Capacitor—360 mmf, mica
URD-015	R17	Resistor—39 ohm, 1/2 watt, carbon	RCY-002	C2	Capacitor—trimmer 1.5 15 mmf
URD-029	R16, R19	Resistor—150 ohm, 1/2 watt, carbon	RCY-003	C13	Capacitor—trimmer—13-27 mmf
URD-041	R1, R7	Resistor—470 ohm, 1/2 watt, carbon	RDE-004		Beutcheon—model 221
URD-049	R11	Resistor—1000 ohm, 1/2 watt, carbon	RDF-002		Felt washer, smaller, under round knobs—models 220, 221
URD-081	R3	Resistor—22,000 ohm, 1/2 watt, carbon	RDF-004		Felt washer, larger, under flipper knobs—models 220, 221
URD-089	R8	Resistor—47,000 ohm, 1/2 watt, carbon	RDK-003		Knob, round—model 220
URD-105	R9	Resistor—220,000 ohm, 1/2 watt, carbon	RDK-005		Knob, flipper—model 220
URD-113	R2, R13, R15	Resistor—470,000 ohm, 1/2 watt, carbon	RDK-008		Knob, round—model 219
URD-129	R6	Resistor—2.2 meg., 1/2 watt, carbon	RDK-009		Knob, round—model 221
URD-139	R14	Resistor—5.6 meg., 1/2 watt, carbon	RDK-010		Knob, flipper—model 221
URE-007	R12	Resistor—18 ohm, 1 watt, carbon	RDP-004		Knob, flipper—model 219
URF-051	R18	Resistor—1200 ohm, 2 watt, carbon	RDS-005		Pointer assembly
SPECIALIZED G-E REPLACEMENT PARTS			RDX-005		Dial scale assembly
RAA-003		Switch arm, with set screw, for Band Change and Tone Control switches—switch half	RDX-006		Dial parts—back plate and bracket assembly
RAA-004		Switch arm, with set screw, for Band Change and Tone Control switches—flipper half	RDX-007		Shaft, hair pin cotter, and drive shaft bracket
RAB-005		Cabinet back, for Model 220	RHG-001		Cord—for dial pointer
RAB-006		Cabinet back, for Model 221	RHU-002		Grommet—cushion used for mounting tuning capacitor
RAB-007		Cabinet back, for Model 219	RHX-001		Spacer—for RHG-001
RAD-006		Antenna bracket, left side	RIT-001		Chassis mounting bolt and washer
RAD-007		Antenna bracket, right side	RJS-003		Cover for electrolytic capacitor
RAD-008		Baffle bracket—models 219, 220	RJS-004		Tube socket—octal
RAE-001		Baffle shield	RJS-010		Socket for electrolytic capacitor
RAQ-001		Grille—models 219, 220	RLB-001	L2	Socket—dial light
RAU-004		Cabinet—model 219	RLC-003	L3	Coil—RF
RAU-005		Cabinet—model 220	RLI-001	L4, L5	Coil—oscillator
RAV-002		Cabinet—model 221	RLL-003	L1	Coil—power cord choke
RCC-004	C26	Capacitor—.005 mf, 600 V., paper	RMS-001		Loop Assembly
RCC-040	C23, C25, C27	Capacitor—.01 mf, 600 V., paper	ROP-005	LS1	Spring on dial string drum
RCC-045	C22	Capacitor—.05 mf, 600 V., paper	RRC-004	R10	Speaker—5 1/2 in. PM
RCC-046	C5, C28	Capacitor—.1 mf, 600 V., paper	RSW-004	S2	Volume Control—2 meg.
RCE-001	C29 A, B, C	Capacitor—50-50-40 mf, 150-150-25 V., electrolytic	RSW-005	S1	Switch—Tone Control
RCT-004	C1, C7, C8, C14	Capacitor—main tuning capacitor assembly	RTL-001	T1	Switch—Band Change
URD-037	R20	RESISTOR—330 ohms 1/2 w., carbon	RTL-002	T2	1-F Transformer assembly
			RTO-003	T3	Transformer assembly
			RWL-003		Transformer—output
					Power cord

MODEL 250

GENERAL ELECTRIC CO.



GENERAL ELECTRIC CO.

MODEL 250 ----- Battery Filler Cap.

It is important that the battery filler cap be sufficiently tight so that the washer is compressed, otherwise battery acid will leak out and damage the radio. Make sure the washer is replaced when the cap is removed and that possible thread burrs do not prevent the cap from being tightened completely. Use a screwdriver to tighten the cap.

A quantity of Model 250 radios was shipped with the oscillator adjustment plug not locked after alignment. This causes the low frequency calibration to be considerably in error and reduces sensitivity at this end of the band.

Realign the oscillator adjustment (adjacent to 1st IF transformer), I4, then tighten down the lock nut.

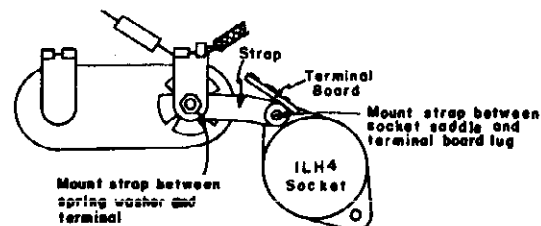
Failure of the vibrator unit REU-001 may be treated in the following manner:

1. The vibrator should be removed from the receiver and a resistance check made with an ohmmeter across terminals C and R.
2. If the resistance checks approximately six ohms and the vibrator will not start, it should be replaced with a new one.
3. If the resistance checks an infinite or high value, the vibrator should be opened up by unsoldering the base from the can. A resistance check should then be made across the terminals of the operating coil, and across the 220 ohm resistor. The operating coil should check approximately six ohms. If the coil is open, the vibrator must be replaced with a new one. If the resistor is open, the resistor should be replaced.
4. If the resistance across terminals C and R checks approximately 220 ohms, the starting contacts that short out the 220 ohm resistor do not make contact. This condition may be corrected by opening the vibrator and turning the small adjustment screw on the resistor side of the vibrator very slowly in the clockwise direction until the resistance across terminals C and R reads approximately six ohms. Care should be taken to see that this adjustment screw is not turned beyond the point where contact is made, and the 220 ohm resistor is shorted out.

A few radios were shipped that did not have the IF transformers peaked for maximum sensitivity. For sets with low sensitivity, realign the IF amplifier

When hum is experienced, the following checks should be made in the order of their listing:

1. Check the battery electrolyte level. It should be maintained at the recommended level.
2. A battery which is nearly discharged caused an excessive hum level.
3. A dirty or loose negative battery terminal contact causes excessive hum. Remove the battery and clean the terminals. Also, clean the negative prong located in the battery compartment, with fine emery; spread the battery spring contacts; and install a rubber insert, V61J551, up through the center of the split spring contacts. Early production radios did not have the rubber insert so that the normal handling causes these spring contacts to be compressed resulting in a high resistance connection. For those receivers not equipped, write your requirements to the Technical Service Section in Bridgeport and they will be forwarded immediately. When reinstalling the battery, spread a thin layer of petroleum jelly on the contacts.
4. Where the previous checks do not remedy the trouble, check the spring washer on the opposite end of the negative prong for a good chassis bond. This requires that the front part of receiver case be removed and then install a bonding strap as shown in the illustration. The factory is now installing an auxiliary copper strap made of 3/8" x .010" soft copper strip, fastened between the spring washer and the 1LH4 socket saddle hole as shown in the illustration. Drill out the rivet at the socket saddle and install a bolt and nut to hold it and the socket and terminal board.



In a few remote cases it has been found that the storage battery (25-2) terminals have loosened internally where they are swedged to the plate holder of the battery. This causes low voltage when under load and results in a "dead" or intermittent set. To remedy replace the battery.

GENERAL ELECTRIC CO.

1. POWER SUPPLY

All power necessary for the operation of the receiver is supplied by the 2-volt built-in rechargeable battery. Power to the 1.4-volt tube filaments is supplied by the battery through suitable voltage dropping resistors. The high voltage for the screens and plates of the tubes is furnished by a synchronous vibrator used in conjunction with a step-up power transformer and its associated filter circuit. The synchronous vibrator operates directly from the battery voltage.

The receiver power is obtained from the battery at all times in the manner just described, whether the power cord is connected to a power source or not. When the power cord is connected to a receptacle supplying from 105 to 125 volts, 50 or 60 cps, a-c, and the power selector is in either the CHARGE or ON position, the power supplied from the line will be used to charge the battery. The CHARGE position on the three-position power selector switch allows the battery to be charged from the house current when the receiver is not operating. The ON position of the switch permits the radio to be operated at the same time that the battery is being charged. Under this condition, the battery floats in the circuit to keep the voltage at its proper voltage and, with high line voltage, the battery may be charged slowly while the radio is operating.

The battery-charging unit consists of a step-down transformer which converts the house current to approximately 5.8 volts center-tapped at 117 volts line, and a full-wave copper-oxide rectifier circuit which supplies the battery with d-c charging current.

A charging cable is available, which provides a convenient means of charging the radio battery from an automobile or 6-volt storage battery. The cable plug is inserted over the two pins provided, see Fig. 3, and the plug and socket on the other end of the cable are connected to a 6-volt supply. Complete installation instructions are provided with each cable.

2. CHARGER CHARACTERISTICS

Testing the operation of the rectifier unit.—A $\frac{1}{4}$ -ampere fuse is used in series with the primary of the charger transformer. If the battery does not show any signs of becoming charged after a reasonable length of time, check the fuse. If it is necessary to replace the fuse, use a $\frac{1}{4}$ -ampere, Type 3AG fuse.

If one or more of the copper-oxide discs of the rectifier unit are defective, the charger will not operate properly. To test the rectifier unit operation, remove the battery from the unit and reconnect it in series with a d-c ammeter capable of reading at least two amperes. Plug the power cord into a 105-125 volt, 50 or 60 cps, a-c supply, and turn the power selector switch to the CHARGE position. With the a-c line voltage at 117 volts, the average charging current should read about 1.8 amperes at 2.1 volts battery. Care must be exercised in making this test as the charging circuit is of extremely low resistance. *Very heavy* leads must be used, and the use of an ammeter having only 0.05 ohms resistance will introduce considerable error. If the line voltage is greater than 117, or the battery voltage is lower than 2.1 volts, the charging current will be greater. If the current is much less than 1.8 amperes at the rated line voltage of 117 volts, one or more of the copper-oxide discs may be defective.

Testing the individual rectifier discs. Two rectifier assemblies are used in the receiver, each assembly consisting of two rectifier discs held together by an eyelet. A cross section of a rectifier assembly is shown in Fig. 2. The center plate of the assembly is positive and is provided with a soldering tab. A copper-oxide rectifier disc is located on each side of the center plate. The rectifier disc conducts when the positive potential is applied to the copper-oxide surface. The copper oxide is a dark purple coating which has been plated with nickel to afford a good surface contact to the copper oxide. If either or both of the rectifier discs in an assembly become defective, the entire assembly should be replaced.

To check the rectifier assembly, the following tests are recommended. In the conducting direction, the rectifier assembly should pass 0.5 ampere or more when $\frac{1}{2}$ volt is impressed across it. If a d-c ammeter is not available for measuring currents as high as 0.65 ampere, the circuit shown in Fig. 2 can be used for this check. The 2.00-ohm resistance should be fairly accurate. The voltage across the rectifier assembly should read 0.7 volt or less; if this voltage exceeds 0.7 volt, the assembly is defective and should be replaced.

The reverse current flow is as important as the above test and is made as follows: Reverse the battery polarity in the test circuit described for current check, disconnect the voltmeter, and place a milliammeter that will read 10 ma. in series with a lead to one of the battery terminals. A suitable meter fuse should be used in series with the milliammeter to prevent damage to the meter in case the assembly under test

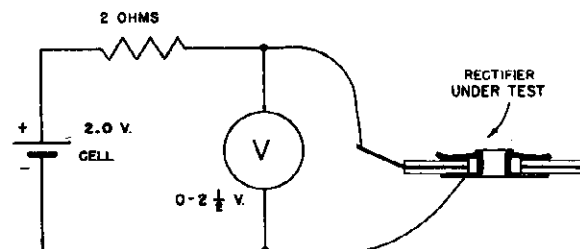


Fig. 2. Rectifier Test Circuit

is shorted. The reverse current should not exceed 10 ma. If the current is considerably above this value, the rectifier assembly should be discarded.

If a milliammeter is not available, a rough check may be made by measuring the resistance of the assembly in the nonconducting direction on the low-resistance range of an ohmmeter. The resistance should measure at least 300 ohms.

3. DISASSEMBLY OF THE RECEIVER

The following outlines should be of assistance in gaining access to the various compartments of the receiver and in dismantling it for replacement of panels.

To Gain Access to Power Supply Compartment.

1. Open the back cover and unsnap the battery compartment cover. Remove the cover by prying gently with a screwdriver.
2. Remove the three flat-head screws on the power supply compartment cover (see Fig. 3).
3. Pry the lid from the power supply compartment and lift it straight outward. All of the power supply components are attached to the lid and will come out with it as far as the connecting leads will permit. In replacing this cover, be careful not to short circuit the B+ lead.

To Gain Access to Underside of Radio Chassis.

1. Open the top cover and remove the four Phillips-head screws from the front edge of the escutcheon.
2. Unscrew the three flat-head screws from the bottom of the case, and remove the single sheet of metal which forms the front and bottom of the case. Disconnect the speaker plugs from the speaker to free the front panel from the chassis.

To Remove the Right End Panel.

1. Open the top cover and pull off the four knobs.
2. Remove the two cover stay-arms by unscrewing the screw which holds each to the cover. This allows the loop to fall to its extreme position. Care should be taken to see that the loop connection springs are not broken while the stay-arms are off.
3. Remove the eight Phillips-head screws which hold the escutcheon in place.
4. Bend the ends of the escutcheon inward slightly to free them from the end panels, and remove the escutcheon and dial assembly.
5. Remove the three speed-nuts which hold the end in place. Two of these are located in the top part of the case; the third one is in the bottom rear.
6. Pull off the end panel.

To Remove the Left End Panel.

1. Remove the escutcheon and dial assembly as outlined in steps one through four in the preceding paragraph.
2. Unscrew the three flat-head screws from the bottom of the case, and remove the single sheet of metal which forms the front and bottom of the case. Disconnect the speaker plugs from the speaker to free the front panel from the chassis.
3. Remove the three speed-nuts which hold the end in place. Two of these are located in the top part of the case; the third is in the bottom front.

To Remove Top and Rear Cover Assembly.

1. Open the back cover and unsolder the two antenna loop leads. To facilitate replacement, mark each of the metal strips with the color code of the wire which was unsoldered from it.
2. Remove the escutcheon and dial assembly as outlined in steps one through four of the preceding paragraph, "To Remove the Right End Panel."
3. Unscrew the three flat-head screws located near the ends of the hinge on the top of the chassis, and remove the entire top and rear cover assembly.
4. Pull out the hinge pin to separate the top and rear covers.

MODEL 250

GENERAL ELECTRIC CO.

STAGE GAIN AND VOLTAGE CHECKS

Stage gain measurements may be made with a vacuum-tube voltmeter to check circuit performance and to locate stages which are not operating properly. The gain values listed may have a tolerance of 20%.

- R-F Stage Gains.
R-F Amplifier grid (1LN5, pin 6) to Osc.-Conv. grid (1LC6, pin 6)..... 25.0 at 1000 kc
Osc.-Conv. grid (1LC6, pin 6) to I-F Amp. grid (1LN5, pin 6)..... 33 at 1000 kc

2. Audio Gain.
The power output across the speaker voice coil should be approximately 50 milliwatts with a 400 cps signal of 0.07 volts applied across C19 (Volume Control max.—Tone Control CCW).

- Oscillator Grid Bias.
The d-c voltage developed across the oscillator grid leak (R2) averages 8.1 volts at 1000 kc.
- Socket Pin Voltages.

Fig. 4 shows typical tube pin voltages. All readings should be made from the pins to ground unless otherwise indicated.

BATTERY INFORMATION

The receiver uses a 2-volt Willard Radio Battery No. 25-2 or equivalent. It has a 25 ampere-hour capacity and should be cared for in the same manner as any other storage battery.

Charge Indicator

The degree of charge of the battery can be determined by raising the back cover of the radio and referring to the charge ball indicators visible through the hole in the metal battery case.

If the battery is fully charged, two indicator balls will be visible at the surface of the liquid in the battery. When the battery discharges, these ball indicators will sink and disappear in the following order:

- Green indicator sinks when approximately 20 per cent of battery capacity has been discharged.
- The red ball sinks when battery is 80 per cent discharged.

On charge, the balls rise or float in the reverse order and the charge is complete and may be stopped when both balls appear in the opening.

To Charge Battery

The battery is charged by merely plugging the receiver power cord in the rated a-c power outlet and turning the

selector switch to CHARGE. Frequent check should be taken of the charge indicator and when both indicator balls are visible, the battery is fully charged. Charging the battery after all indicator balls are visible will not harm the battery except that it will evaporate the water faster. A completely discharged battery will be restored usually within 20 to 30 hours.

When operating the receiver from the a-c house current, the battery floats or is being charged at a slow rate. Thus, if you wish to operate the receiver at the same time that you are charging even a fully discharged battery, plug the power cord in the a-c receptacle and turn the power selector switch to the ON position. Prolonged and repeated operation on this position will assure that the battery is always maintained in a nearly fully charged condition.

Battery Operating Instructions

- Add distilled or tap water in the filler cap at sufficiently frequent intervals to keep liquid level at indicator mark as viewed through opening in battery case. DO NOT OVER-FILL as this impairs nonspill feature.

2. A fully charged battery will operate the radio in the ON position without being connected to a-c outlet for about 20 hours before recharging is required. Whenever possible, it is best not to allow the battery to become discharged to the extent that both indicators disappear.

However, if both indicators have sunk, the battery should be recharged immediately or within 24 hours.

- A battery will continually discharge at a slow rate even when not in use. For this reason, monthly checks should be made of the charge condition and the battery placed on charge when necessary. This will prevent damage to the battery such as freezing during cold weather.

BATTERY INSTALLATION

The following instructions should be carefully followed in installing a battery:

- Remove battery from packing carton.
- If needed, add water to bring liquid level to indicator mark on battery container. Do not overfill.
- Raise back cover on radio, remove battery case cover. The latter is removed by unclipping the two catches. Pry off cover.
- Unplug battery and replace with new battery.
- Place battery on charge, if necessary, as described in a previous paragraph, until both indicators are showing in the opening in the case cover.

CAT. NO.	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
UNIVERSAL G-E REPLACEMENT PARTS LIST		
UCC-030	C8, 17	CAPACITOR—0.1 mf., 400 v., paper
UCC-039	C13, 21, 23	CAPACITOR—0.005 mf., 600 v., paper
UCC-041	C24	CAPACITOR—0.02 mf., 600 v., paper
UCN-506	C5	CAPACITOR—6.8 mmf., ceramic
UCU-028	C7, 18, 19	CAPACITOR—100 mmf., mica
UCU-040	C4	CAPACITOR—330 mmf., mica
UOP-009	L51	LOUDSPEAKER—5 1/4-inch PM speaker
URD-040	R7	RESISTOR—1,000 ohms, 1/2 w., carbon
URD-057	R16	RESISTOR—2,200 ohms, 1/2 w., carbon
URD-059	R15	RESISTOR—2,700 ohms, 1/2 w., carbon
URD-067	R6	RESISTOR—5,600 ohms, 1/2 w., carbon
URD-081	R5	RESISTOR—22,000 ohms, 1/2 w., carbon
URD-089	R3, 9	RESISTOR—47,000 ohms, 1/2 w., carbon
URD-105	R2, 12	RESISTOR—220,000 ohms, 1/2 w., carbon
URD-121	R1, 14	RESISTOR—1 meg., 1/2 w., carbon
URD-129	R8	RESISTOR—2.2 meg., 1/2 w., carbon
URD-137	R11	RESISTOR—4.7 meg., 1/2 w., carbon
URE-053	R17	RESISTOR—1,500 ohms, 1 w., carbon

CAT. NO.	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
SPECIALIZED G-E REPLACEMENT PARTS		
RAC-002		COVER—Battery compartment cover
RAC-003		COVER—Power supply compartment cover
RAC-006		COVER—Case back cover (brown)
RAC-007		COVER—Case back cover (gray)
RAC-010		COVER—Case left end cover (brown)
RAC-011		COVER—Case left end cover (gray)
RAC-012		COVER—Case right end cover (brown)
RAC-013		COVER—Case right end cover (gray)
RAG-002		COVER—Case front and grille (brown)
RAG-003		COVER—Case front and grille (gray)
RAI-001		BRACE—Case cover brace assembly (brown)
RAI-002		BRACE—Case cover brace assembly (gray)
RAX-004		COVER—Case cover assembly (brown)
RAX-005		ASSEMBLY—Cover stay arm assembly
RAX-006		COVER—Case cover assembly (gray)
RBC-001	B2	CELL—Bias cell
RCC-028	C6, 12, 16, 25, 32	CAPACITOR—0.05 mf., 400 v., paper
RCC-069	C34	CAPACITOR—0.5 mf., 120 v., paper
RCC-070	C29, 30	CAPACITOR—0.5 mf., 120 v., paper
RCC-073	C31	CAPACITOR—0.003 mf., 1500 v., paper

CAT. NO.	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
SPECIALIZED G-E REPLACEMENT PARTS		
RCE-007	C26A, B, C	CAPACITOR—15 mf., 150 v.; 15 mf., 150 v.; 1200 mf., 1.5 v., electrolytic
RCT-008	C1A, B, 2A, B, 3A, B	CONDENSER—Tuning condenser and trimmers
RDC-007		CORD—Drive cord and tension spring
RDE-006		ESCUTCHEON—Dial scale escutcheon
RDK-020		KNOB—Control knob (plain)
RDK-021		KNOB—Control knob (pointer)
RDP-008		POINTER—Dial pointer assembly
RDS-013		SCALE—Dial scale
REF-001	F1	FUSE—1/2 amp. fuse, Type 3AG
REU-001	V1	VIBRATOR—Vibrator unit
REX-001	X1, 2, 3, 4	RECTIFIER—Copper-oxide rectifier assembly
RHF-001		FOOT—Cabinet foot
RHK-001		KNOB—Cover lock knob
RHQ-002		TUBE—Battery vent tube
RHX-003		HARDWARE—Tuning condenser mtg. hardware
RIG-001		GASKET—Dial scale gasket
RJS-019		SOCKET—Vibrator socket
RJS-020		SOCKET—Loktal tube socket
RJS-021		PLATE—Electrolytic capacitor mounting plate
RJS-026		SOCKET—Octal base tube socket
RJW-001		HOLDER—Fuse holder
RLB-002	L3	COIL—R-f coil
RLC-008	L4	COIL—Oscillator coil
RLF-001	L5, 6	CHOKE—Vibrator and B+ choke
RLF-002	L7	CHOKE—Filament choke
RLL-008	L1	BEAM-A-SCOPE—Loop antenna assembly (in cover)
RMC-008		CAM—Cover lock mechanism cam
RMC-009		CATCH—Cover lock mechanism catch
RMU-010		SHAFT—Tuning shaft
RMW-004		PULLEY—Pulley and stud (small pulley)
RMW-009		PULLEY—Pulley and stud (large pulley)
RMX-013		CATCH—Battery case catch
RRG-008	R10	VOLUME CONTROL—0.5 meg., potentiometer
RRG-001	R18	RESISTOR—7.5 ohms, 1/2 w., carbon
RSW-009	S4	SWITCH—Power selector switch
RSW-010	S5	SWITCH—Tone selector switch
RTC-001	T4	TRANSFORMER—Rectifier transformer
RTL-011	T1	TRANSFORMER—1st i-f transformer
RTL-012	T2	TRANSFORMER—2nd i-f transformer
RTO-007	T3	TRANSFORMER—Output transformer
RTV-001	T5	TRANSFORMER—Vibrator transformer
RWL-005	P3	PLUG—Power cord and plug

MODEL 303

GENERAL ELECTRIC CO.

ELECTRICAL CIRCUIT ALIGNMENT

ALIGNMENT FREQUENCIES

R-F—1620, 1500, 1000 KC

I-F—455 KC

EQUIPMENT REQUIRED

1. Test Oscillator with Tone Modulation.
2. A-C Output Meter, 1½ volts full scale.
3. .05 Paper Capacitor.
4. Insulated Screwdriver.
5. 200 μmf. Mica Condenser.

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE—GENERAL

The alignment procedure is given in table form. All i-f and r-f alignments may be made with the chassis removed from the cabinet. All i-f and r-f adjustments are accessible from the bottom of the cabinet when the chassis is installed. The location of the i-f and r-f adjustments is shown in Figure 4. Adjustment of inductances L₂ and T₁ is accomplished by loosening the adjustment screws and sliding the inductance to the correct position using the chassis hole as a fulcrum. Retighten the adjustment screw after alignment.

For accurate calibration, the position of the pointer should be established prior to r-f alignment as follows. If no dial scale is available or if the chassis is removed from the cabinet, turn the tuning control knob fully counterclockwise (slugs fully in the coils) and secure the pointer to the dial string at some arbitrary position near the left end of the dial scale or pointer travel. Mark the pointer position on the backplate or note its position with reference to the number scale stamped on the backplate. Proceed with the alignment as indicated in the alignment chart and mark the pointer position for 1500 kc. The distance between the original reference mark and the 1500 kc mark should be 5.25 inches for accurate dial calibration. After installation of the chassis in the cabinet, the tuning control is turned extreme counterclockwise and the pointer slid and secured to the string at the extreme left rectangular dial calibration mark on the scale. The pointer is accessible through the hole in the backplate.

The output meter should be connected across the loud-speaker voice coil terminal. A voice coil terminal is accessible at an insulated rivet in the bottom of the chassis. The low side of the test oscillator output should be connected to the chassis ground; the high side of the test oscillator output should be connected as indicated in the alignment chart. During the entire alignment procedure, the volume control should be at its maximum position. The test oscillator output should be attenuated so that the output meter reading doesn't exceed 1¼ volts.

ALIGNMENT CHART

Step	Connect Test-Osc. To:	Test-Osc. Setting	Pointer Setting on Radio	Adj. for Max. Output
1	6SK7 pin No. 4 in series with .05 mf. paper capacitor	455 kc	1600 kc	2nd I-F Trans Trimmers C9-C10
2	6SB7Y pin No. 8 in series with .05 mf. paper capacitor	455 kc	1600 kc	1st and 2nd I-F Trans. C6, C7, C9, and C10
3	Antenna post in series with 200 mmf. capacitor. Shorting link removed.	1620 kc	Extreme Right	Osc. Trimmer C5
4	Antenna post in series with 200 mmf. capacitor. Shorting link removed.	1620 kc	Extreme Right	Ant. Trimmer C2
5	Antenna post in series with 200 mmf. capacitor. Shorting link removed.	1500 kc	*1500 kc	Oscillator Inductance L2
6	Antenna post in series with 200 mmf. capacitor. Shorting link removed.	1000 kc	1000 kc	Antenna Inductance T1
7	Recheck Steps 3, 4, 5, and 6.			
8	Replace shorting link unless installing for antenna operation.			

*1500 kc is 5.25 inches from extreme low frequency pointer position. (See alignment procedure.)

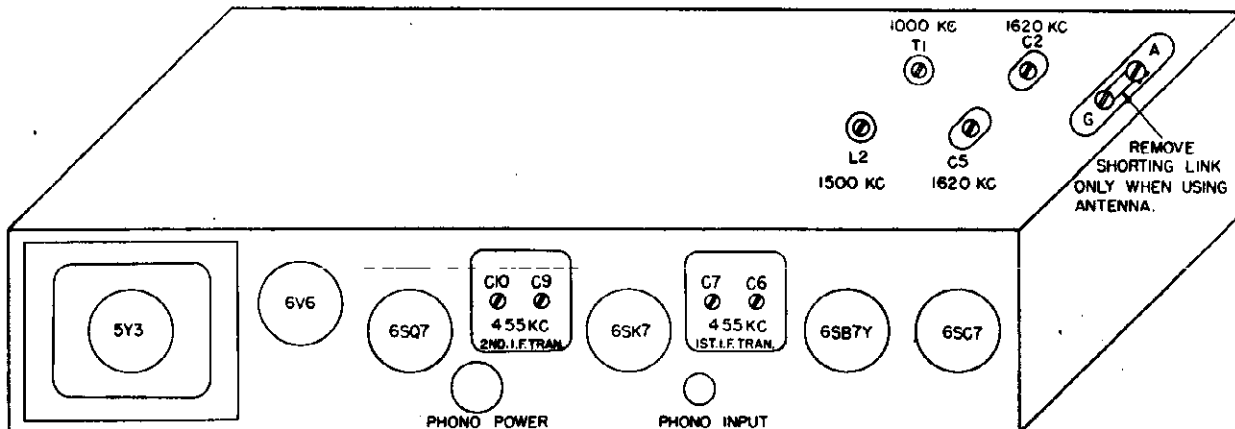


Fig. 4. Tube and Trimmer Location

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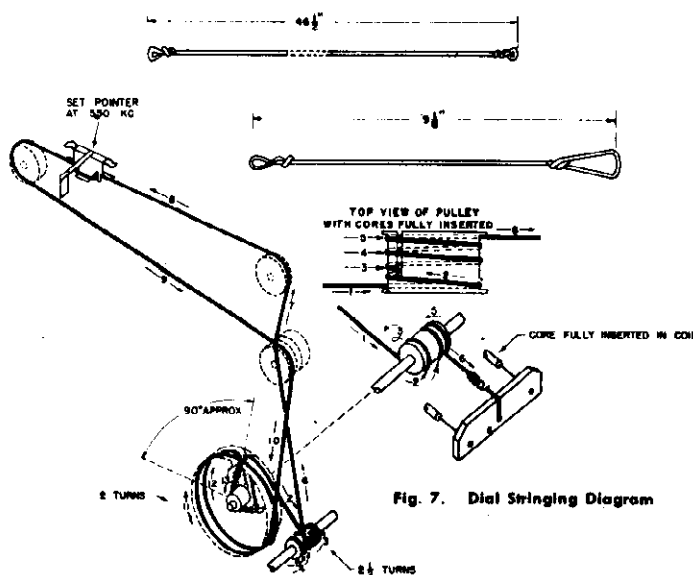


Fig. 7. Dial Stringing Diagram

STAGE GAIN AND VOLTAGE CHECKS

Stage gain measurements may be made with a vacuum tube voltmeter to check circuit performance and to locate stages which are not operating properly. The gain values listed may have a tolerance of 20%.

1. R-F Stage Gain.

- Antenna post to 6SB7Y grid 3 at 1000 kc
- 6SB7Y grid to 6SK7 grid 70 at 455 kc
- 6SK7 grid to 6SQ7 diode plate 70 at 455 kc

2. Audio Gain.

The power output across the speaker voice coil should be approximately 1/2 watt with .05 volts at 400 cps applied between the high side of the volume control and ground. Approximately .008 volts at 400 cps should be applied to the phonograph input for 1/2 watt output across the speaker voice coil.

3. Oscillator Grid Bias.

The d-c voltage developed across the oscillator grid leak R2 should be approximately 6.6 volts at 1000 kc.

4. Socket Pin Voltages.

Socket pin voltages greatly different than those shown in Figure 1 indicate defective components or tubes. It should be noted that a considerable difference in voltage exists at some voltage check points depending on the position of the radio-phonograph switch. (See Fig. 1).

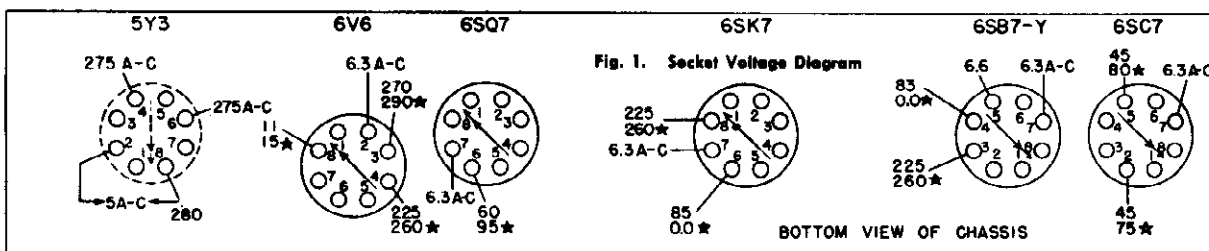


Fig. 1. Socket Voltage Diagram

BOTTOM VIEW OF CHASSIS

CONDITIONS OF TEST

VALUES OBTAINED WITH 20000 OHMS PER VOLT METER
 READINGS ARE BETWEEN PIN AND CHASSIS WITH A LINE VOLTAGE OF 117 VOLTS
 VOLUME CONTROL MINIMUM
 NO SIGNAL INPUT

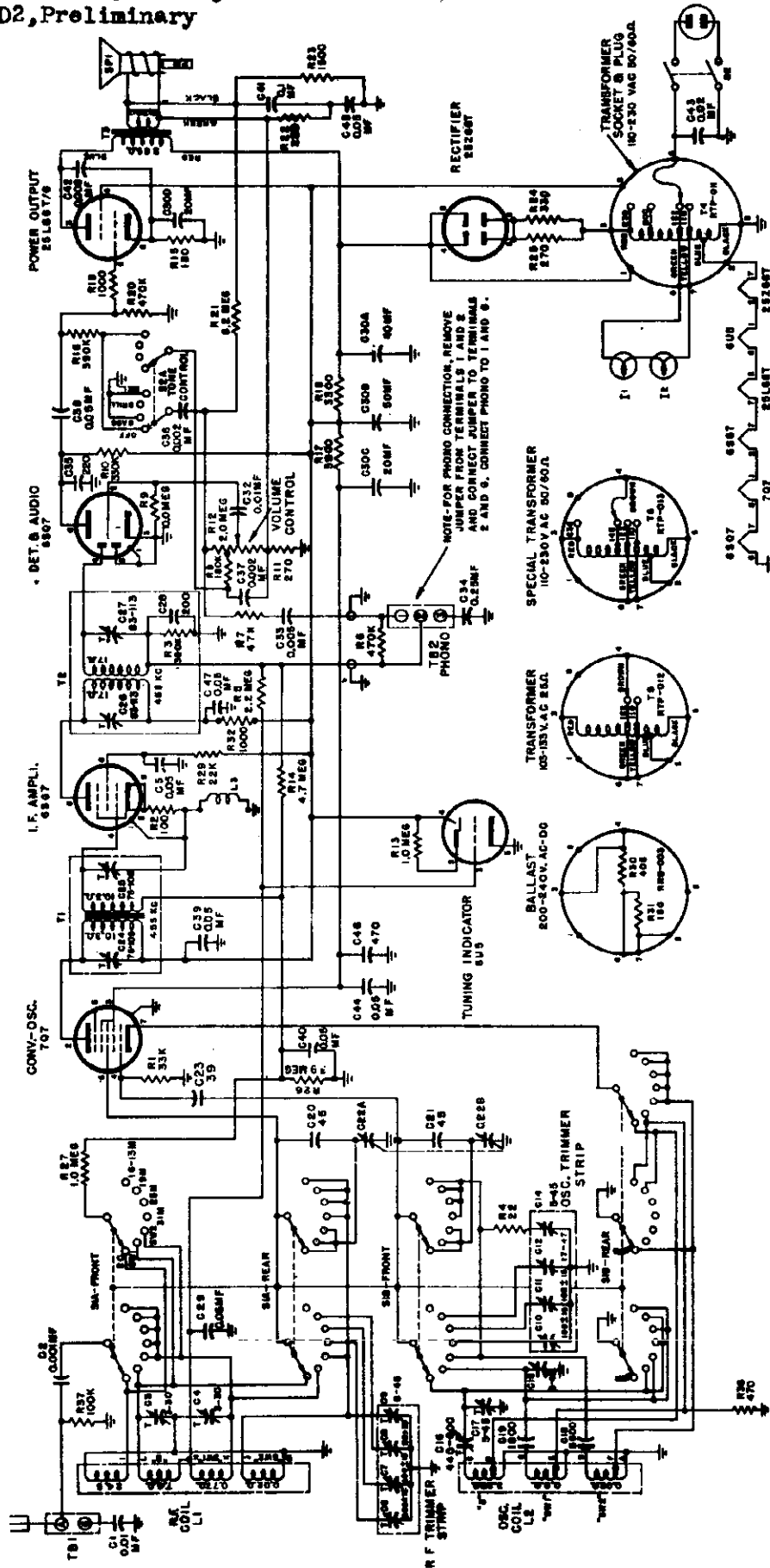
★ VALUES OBTAINED WITH RADIO-PHONO SWITCH IN PHONO POSITION

ALL READINGS TAKEN WITH RADIO-PHONO SWITCH IN RADIO POSITION UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED

PART NO	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION	PART NO	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
UNIVERSAL G-E REPLACEMENT PARTS			SPECIALIZED G-E REPLACEMENT PARTS (Cont'd)		
UCC-035	C15, 16	CAPACITOR .001 mfd., 600 v., paper	RCE-033	C21A	CAPACITOR -30 mf., 350 v., dry electrolytic
UCC-039	C14	CAPACITOR .008 mfd., 600 v., paper		C21B	CAPACITOR -30 mf., 350 v., dry electrolytic
UCC-040	C11, 18, 22, 23	CAPACITOR .01 mfd., 600 v., paper		C21C	CAPACITOR -15 mf., 250 v., dry electrolytic
UCC-041	C8, 19	CAPACITOR .02 mfd., 600 v., paper		C21D	CAPACITOR -25 mf., 25 v., dry electrolytic
UCC-045	C3, 24	CAPACITOR .05 mfd., 600 v., paper	RCY-013	C2	CAPACITOR -Antenna trimmer, 20-75 mmf.
UCC-057	C20	CAPACITOR -.003 mfd., 1000 v., paper	RDC-013	C5	CAPACITOR -Oscillator trimmer, 210-275 mmf.
UCN-506	C1	CAPACITOR -6.8 mmf., v., ceramic	RDC-014		CORD -Dial drive cord 4 1/2 in.
UCU-020	C4	CAPACITOR -47 mmf., 500 v., mica	RDF-005		CORD Tuning mechanism drive cord 9 1/2 in.
UCU-044	C13	CAPACITOR -470 mmf., 500 v., mica	RDK-002		WASHER -Felt washers for control knobs
UC-001		CEMENT -Speaker cone replacement cement	RDK-006		KNOB -Phono-radio and tone control (pointer)
UOP-625	SPKR	SPEAKER -6 inch permanent magnet	RDP-016		KNOB -Tuning and volume control (plain)
UOX-001		CONE -Speaker cone and dust cap	RDS-014		POINTER -Dial pointer and slide
URD-025	R11	RESISTOR 100 ohms, 1/2 w., carbon	RDS-050		SCALE -Dial scale and cushion
URD-041	R28	RESISTOR 180,000 ohms, 1/2 w., carbon	REI-005		CORE -Iron core for tuning antenna and oscillator coils
URD-053	R14	RESISTOR 1500 ohms, 1/2 w., carbon	RHG-003		GROMMET -Mounting grommet for 6SC7 socket
URD-057	R4, 27	RESISTOR 2300 ohms, 1/2 w., carbon	RHH-004		FASTENER -Holds bottom plate on
URD-067	R17	RESISTOR 5600 ohms, 1/2 w., carbon	RJA-001		ADAPTER -Connects control knobs to control shaft
URD-081	R2	RESISTOR 22,000 ohms, 1/2 w., carbon	RJC-001		PLUG -Connects to speaker
URD-083	R24	RESISTOR 27,000 ohms, 1/2 w., carbon	RJP-010	J2	SOCKET -Phono input socket on chassis
URD-093	R8, 20, 21, 10	RESISTOR 68,000 ohms, 1/2 w., carbon	RJS-003		SOCKET -6SB7-Y socket
URD-097	R28	RESISTOR 180,000 ohms, 1/2 w., carbon	RJS-006		SOCKET -Octal socket
URD-103	R7	RESISTOR 220,000 ohms, 1/2 w., carbon	RJS-031		SOCKET -6SQ7 socket
URD-105	R25	RESISTOR 330,000 ohms, 1/2 w., carbon	RJS-032		SOCKET Pilot light socket
URD-109	R25	RESISTOR 330,000 ohms, 1/2 w., carbon	RJS-049	J1	SOCKET -Phono power socket
URD-113	R13, 15	RESISTOR 470,000 ohms, 1/2 w., carbon	RLA-010	T1	COIL -Antenna coil assembly (less iron core)
URD-121	R1	RESISTOR 1.0 meg., 1/2 w., carbon	RLC-019	L2	COIL -Oscillator coil assembly (less iron core)
URD-129	R6	RESISTOR 2.3 meg., 1/2 w., carbon	RLC-020	L3	COIL -Oscillator padder
URD-133	R23, 26	RESISTOR 3.3 meg., 1/2 w., carbon	RIL-011	L1	BEAM-A-SCOPE -Loop antenna assembly
URD-145	R12	RESISTOR 10.0 meg., 1/2 w., carbon	RMS-004		SPRING -Tuning Drive Cord Tension Spring
URE-037	R16	RESISTOR 330 ohms, 1 w., carbon	RMS-055		SPRING -Main Drive Cord Tension Spring
URF-057	R18	RESISTOR 2200 ohms, 2 w., carbon	RMW-003		PULLEY -Idler pulley for dial string
URF-075	R19	RESISTOR -12,000 ohms, 2 w., carbon	RMX-013		SHAFT -Shaft assembly for driving tuning mechanism
SPECIALIZED G-E REPLACEMENT PARTS			RMX-014		SHAFT -Tuning control shaft assembly
RAC-015		COVER -Cabinet bottom	RPX-010	PU	PICK-UP -Magnetic pick-up cartridge
RAD-015		BRACKET -For pilot light	RRC-029	R9	VOLUME CONTROL AND POWER SWITCH -2 meg. tapped at 1 meg.
RCC-001	C17	CAPACITOR -.007 mf., 600 v., paper	RSW-018	S3	SWITCH -Radio phono
RCD-001		SHAFT Tuner assembly consisting of slide shaft and bracket (less iron cores)	RSW-019	61	SWITCH -Tone control
			RTL-050	T4	TRANSFORMER -2nd IF Transformer
			RTL-021	T5	TRANSFORMER -1st IF Transformer
			RTO-013	T6	TRANSFORMER Output transformer
			RTP-021	T6	TRANSFORMER -Power transformer
			RWL-009		CORD -Power cord and plug

MODELS X-317V, X317C,
X-317D2, XH713V, XH713C,
XH-713D2, Preliminary

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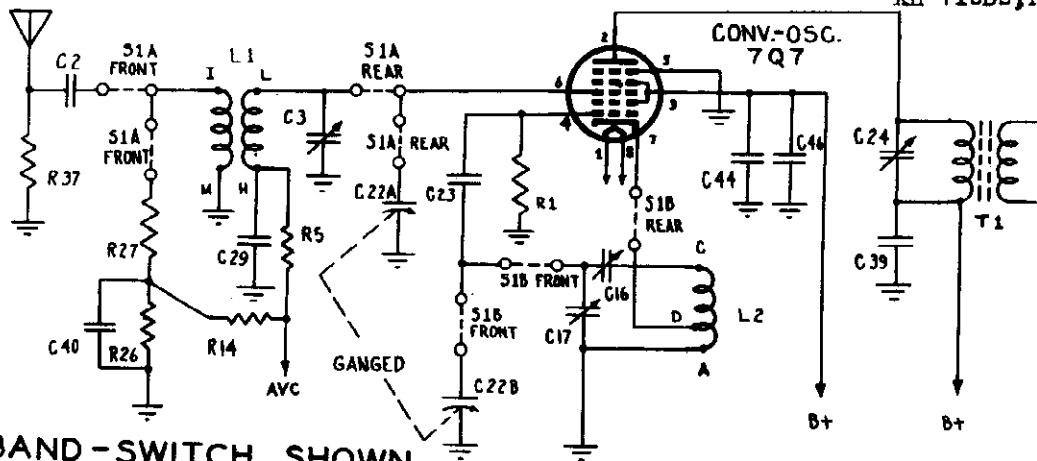


IF PEAK 455 KC

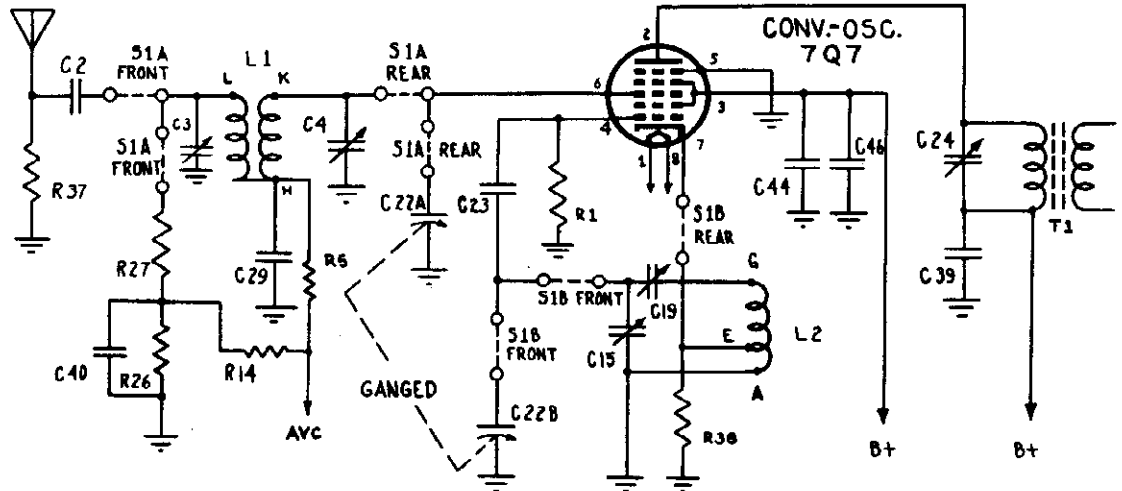
- (1) X317V Univ.
- (2) X317C 25 cycle
- (3) X317D2 230 V. AC-DC
- (4) XH713V "
- (5) XH713C 25 cycle
- (6) XH713D2 230 V. AC-DC

GENERAL ELECTRIC CO.

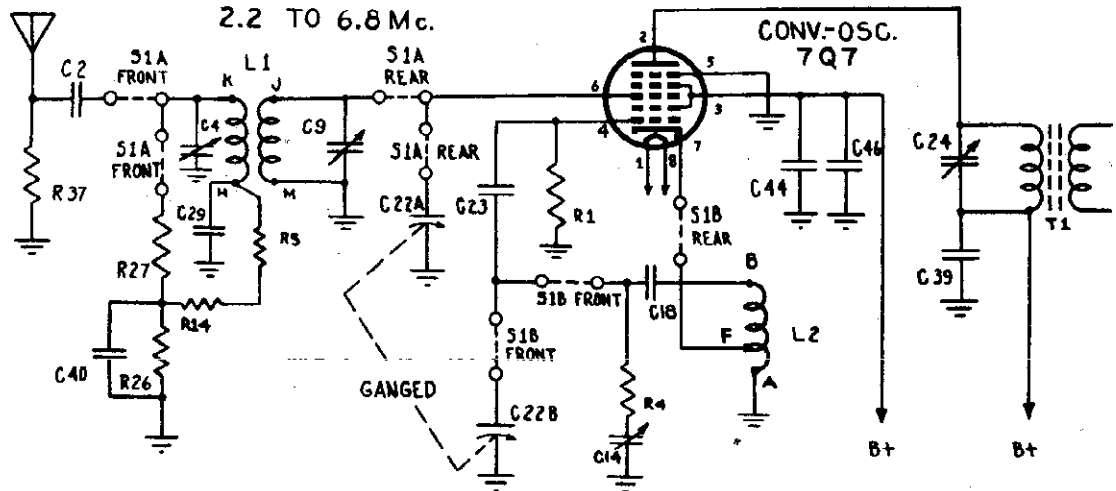
MODELS X-317V, X-317C,
X-317D2, XH-713V, XH-713C
XH-713D2, Preliminary



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
AT 1ST POSITION.
BROADCAST BAND
540 TO 1700 KC.



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
AT 2ND POSITION COUNTERCLOCKWISE
SHORT WAVE 1 BAND
2.2 TO 6.8 Mc.

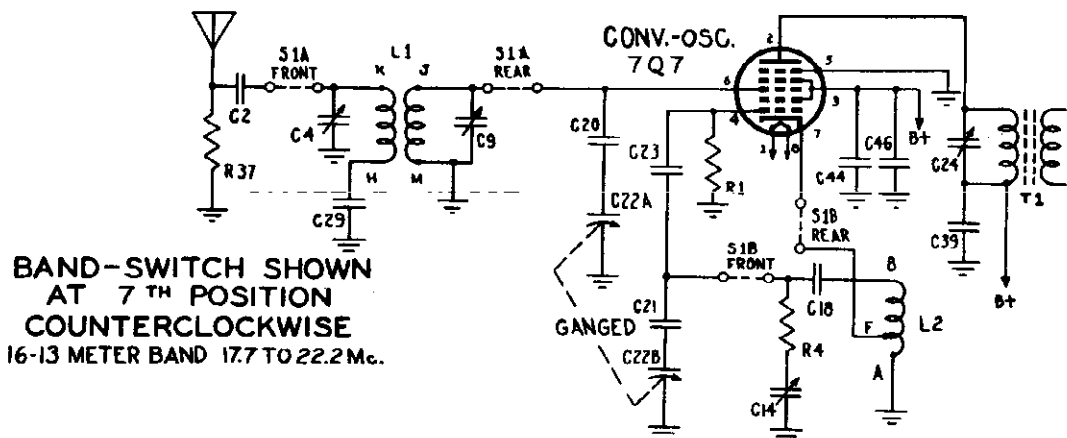
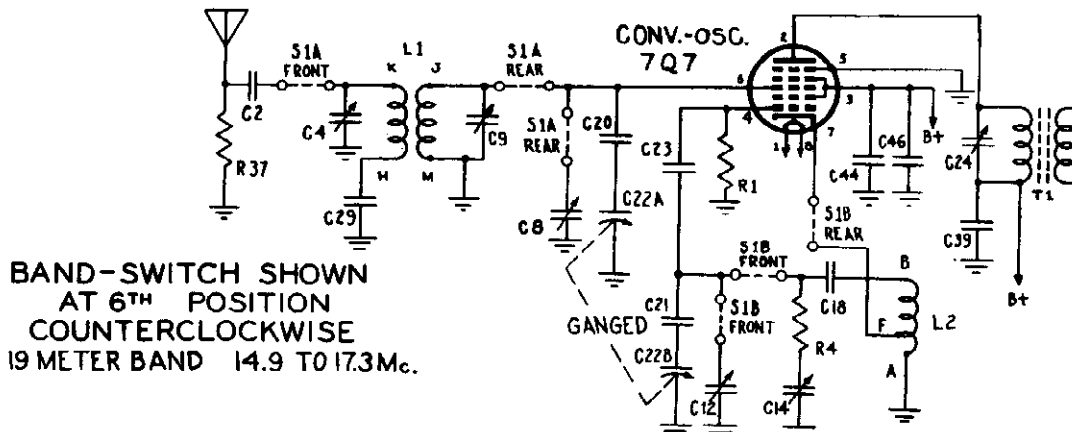
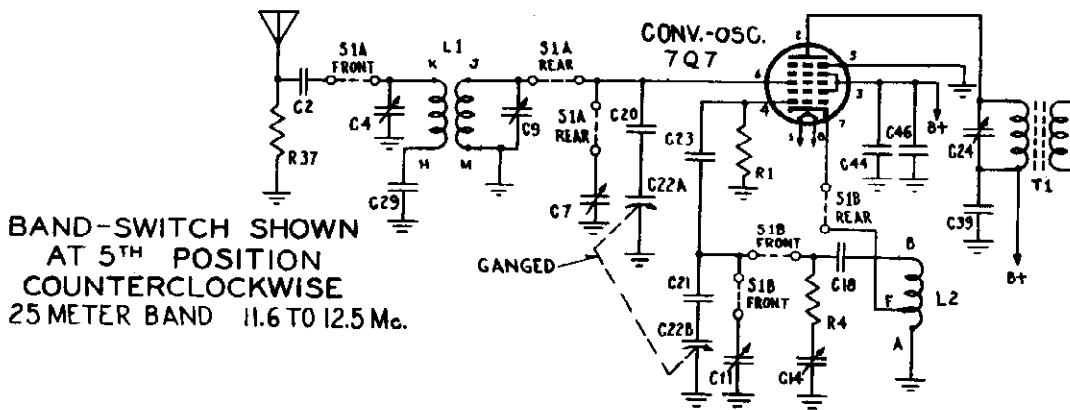
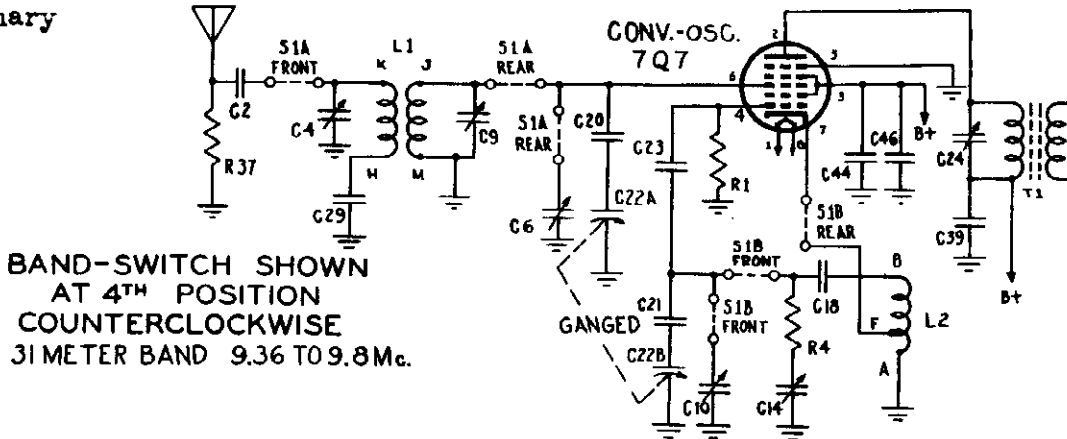


BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
AT 3RD POSITION COUNTERCLOCKWISE
SHORT WAVE 2 BAND
6.8 TO 21.0 Mc.

"clarified schematics"

MODELS X-317V, X-317C,
X-317D2, XH-713V,
XH-713C, XH-713D2
Preliminary

GENERAL ELECTRIC CO.



GENERAL ELECTRIC CO.

MODELS X-317V, X-317C
 X-317D2, XH-713V,
 XH-713C, XH-713D2,
 Preliminary

CAUTION

ONE SIDE OF THE POWER LINE IS CONNECTED TO THE CHASSIS. AVOID ANY GROUND CONNECTIONS TO THE RADIO UNLESS AN ISOLATING TRANSFORMER IS USED IN THE POWER LINE.

ELECTRICAL CIRCUIT ALIGNMENT

The following equipment is required: (1) test oscillator with tone modulation, (2) a-c output meter, 1 1/2 volts full scale, (3) 0.05 mf. paper capacitor, (4) 200 mmf. mica capacitor, (5) insulated screwdriver.

PROCEDURE:

- (1) For i-f alignment, the chassis must be removed from the cabinet. For r-f alignment, the chassis should be firmly bolted in place in the cabinet.
- (2) Connect output meter across loudspeaker voice coil leads.
- (3) Set radio volume control to its maximum position and attenuate test oscillator signal output so that the output meter reading never exceeds 1 1/4 volts.
- (4) Connect the capacitor as listed in column 2, between the output "High Side" of test oscillator and the point of input specified.

TUBE COMPLEMENT:

- Converter-Oscillator..... Type 7Q7
- I-F Amplifier..... Type 6SQ7
- Detector-Audio..... Type 6SQ7
- Power Output..... Type 25L6GT/G
- Rectifier..... Type 25Z6GT
- Tuning Indicator..... Type 6U5
- Pilot Lamp..... (2) GE #44

ELECTRICAL RATING:

- "C" Voltage Rating
(Transformer RTP-012)... 103-133 v., 25-60 cycles
- "D2" Voltage Rating
(Ballast RRB-003)..... 210-240 v., a-c or d-c
- "V" Voltage Rating
(Transformer RTP-011)... 103-250 v., 50-60 cycles
- Wattage ("C" and "V" Ratings)..... 60 watts
- Wattage (D2 Rating)..... 100 watts

OPERATING FREQUENCIES:

- Broadcast..... 540-1700 kc
- Shortwave 1..... 2.2-6.8 mc
- Shortwave 2..... 6.8-21.0 mc
- 31 Meters..... 9.36-9.8 mc
- 25 Meters..... 11.6-12.5 mc
- 19 Meters..... 14.9-17.3 mc
- 16-13 Meters..... 17.7-22.2 mc
- I-F Amplifier..... 455 kc

ALIGNMENT CHART

Step	Test Osc. Connected to	Test-Osc. Setting	Band & Pointer Setting	Tune Trimmer for Max. Output
1	6SQ7 I-F grid in series with .05 mfd. cap.	455 KC	"BC" BAND 550KC	C26 and C27
2	7Q7 CONV. grid in series with .05 mfd. cap.	455 KC	"BC" BAND 550KC	C24 and C25
3	ANT. POST in series with 200 mmf.	580 KC	"BC" BAND 580KC	C16**
4	ANT. POST in series with 200 mmf.	1500 KC	"BC" BAND 1500KC	C17 (osc.) C3 (ant.)
5	R E P E A T S T E P 3			
6	ANT. POST in series with 200 mmf.	6.1 MC	"SW-1" BAND 6.1 MC	C15 (osc.) C4 (ant.)
7	ANT. POST in series with 200 mmf.	17.8 MC	16 METER 17.8MC	C14* (osc.)
8	ANT. POST in series with 200 mmf.	21.6 MC	16 METER 21.6MC	C9*** (ant.)
9	ANT. POST in series with 200 mmf.	15.22 MC	19 METER 15.22MG	C12* (osc.) C8*** (ant.) *
10	ANT. POST in series with 200 mmf.	11.8 MC	25 METER 11.8MC	C11* (osc.) C7*** (ant.)
11	ANT. POST in series with 200 mmf.	9.6 MC	31 METER 9.6MC	C10* (osc.) C6*** (ant.)

*Use minimum capacity peak if two are obtainable. ***Use maximum capacity peak if two are obtainable
 **Rock gang condenser for optimum peak.

SOCKET VOLTAGES

CONDITIONS OF TEST: 100 ohm/volt meter used. All measurements made to chassis. Values are +d-c unless otherwise noted. "C" and "V" Rating - 110 volts on 110 v. tap. "D2" Rating - 220 volts a-c.

Pin Number	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
7Q7	12.6 AC	131	98	...	GND	...	0	6.3 AC
6SQ7	0	12.6 AC	1.0	...	1.0	82	18.9 AC	131
6SQ7	0	.....	0	0	.....	60	6.3 AC	0
25L6GT/G	.....	43.9 AC	201	131	.....	.....	18.9 AC	10
25Z6GT	.....	.....	210 AC	216	210 AC	.....	.....	216

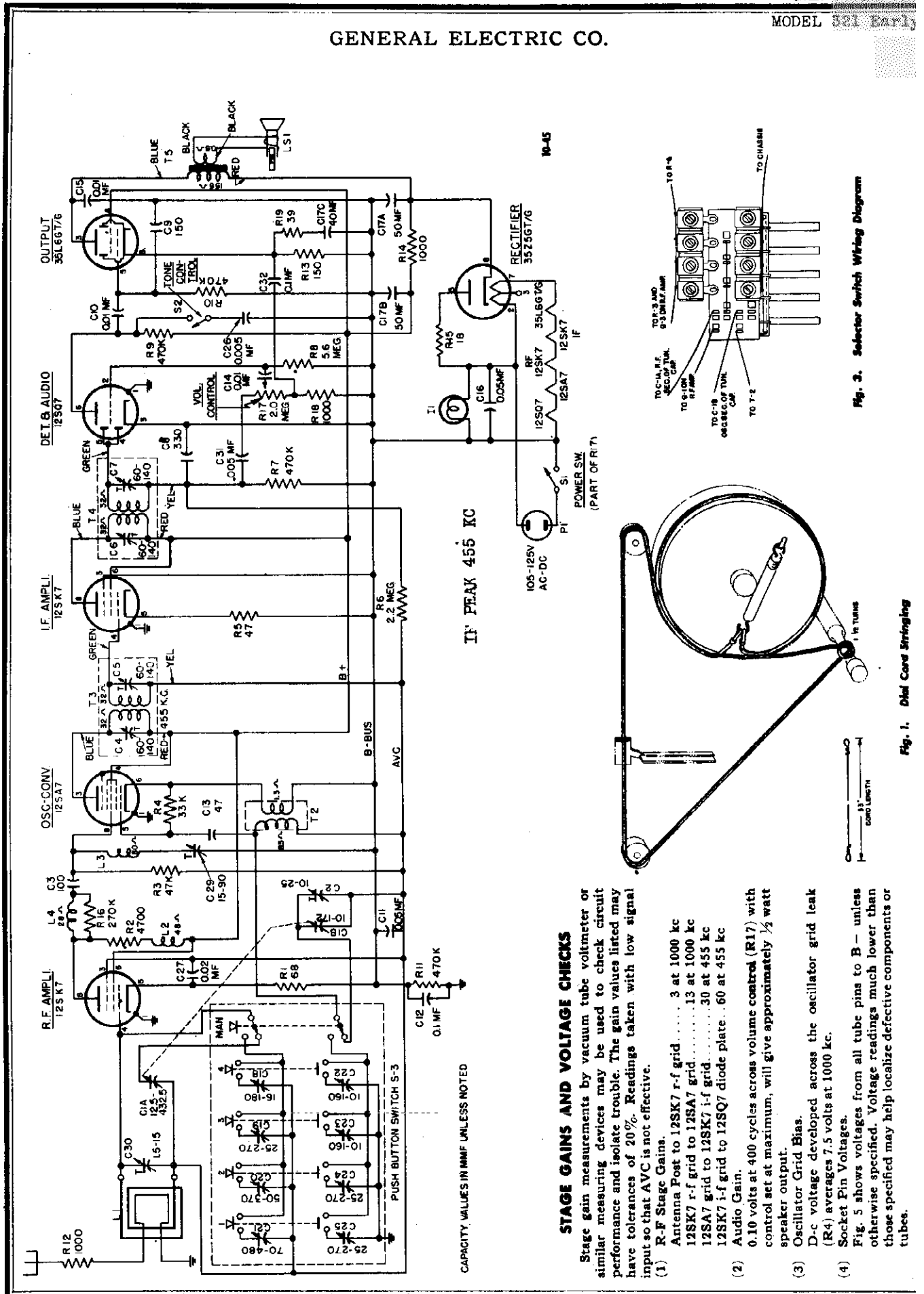
MODELS X-317V, X-317C,
X-317D2, XH-713V,
XH-713C, XH-713D2,
Preliminary

GENERAL ELECTRIC CO.

Cat. No.	Description	Model	Used Per Set	Symbol	Cat. No.	Description	Model	Used Per Set	Symbol
RAB-012	Cabinet back	All	1		RTP-012	Power transformer	2-5	1	T-5
RAV-004	Cabinet	1-2-3	1		RUL-009	Power cord	All	1	
RAV-005	"	4-5-6	1		RUX-001	Cable (tuning eye)	"	2	R-13
RCE-026	Dry Electrolytic 40-300, 50420-250 20-25	All	1	C-30 a-b-c-d.	UCG-036	Capacitor (paper) .002 mfd. 600 V.	"	1	C-36, 37
					UCG-039	" .005 "	"	2	C-33
					UCG-040	" .01 "	"	2	C-1, 32
					UCG-045	" .05 "	"	7	C-5, 29, 38, 39, 40, 44, 45
RCS-001	Line capacitor .02 mfd. 600 V.	All	1	C-43	UCG-048	" .1 "	"	1	C-44
RCT-007	Tuning capacitor	"	1	C-22 a & b	UCG-049	" .001 "	"	1	C-2
RCH-030	Compensating capacitor 45 mmf.	"	2	C-20, 21	UCG-050	" .25 "	"	1	C-34
RCK-004	Trimmer Strip (spread antenna)	"	1	C-6, 7, 8, 9	UCG-061	" .008 " 1000 V.	"	1	C-42
RCK-005	" " (B-C art.)	"	1	C-3, 4	UCU-036	Capacitor (mica) 220 mfd.	"	1	C-35
RCK-006	" " (oscillator)	"	1	C-10, 11, 12, 14, 15, 16, 17	UCU-044	" 470 "	"	1	C-46
RDC-006	Drive cord assembly	"	1		UCU-2577	" 1800 "	"	1	C-19
RDF-005	Felt washer	4-5-6	4		UCU-2570	" 5600 "	"	1	C-18
RDK-017	Knob & spring	4-5-6	2		UCW-1018	" (ceramic) 39 mfd.	"	1	C-23
RDK-018	"	1-2-3	2		TIC-001	Cement for speaker	"	1	
RDK-019	"	1-2-3	2		TIP-802	Speaker 8" PM	"	1	
RDK-024	"	All	1		JCK-004	Cone and voice coil assembly	"	1	
RDP-007	Pointer assembly	1-2-3	1		URD-009	Resistor (carbon) 22 ohm. 1/2 W.	"	1	
RDS-010	Scale	4-5-6	1		URD-025	" 100 "	"	1	
RHS-011	"	All	1		URD-220	" 220 "	"	1	R-4
RHX-011	Pilot light socket assembly	"	1		URD-270	" 270 "	"	1	R-22
RHX-016	Drum assembly	"	1		URD-470	" 470 "	"	1	R-11
RHC-001	Hairpin cotter	"	2		URD-1000	" 1000 "	"	1	R-38
RHU-002	Tuning shaft spacer	"	1		URD-1500	" 1500 "	"	1	R-19
RHM-019	Tuning eye thumb screw	"	1		URD-2200	" 2200 "	"	1	R-23
RHK-004	Mounting plate & bearing assembly	"	1		URD-33000	" 33000 "	"	1	R-29
RJC-003	Contact (female)	"	5		URD-42000	" 42000 "	"	1	R-1
RJS-012	Mfg. plate	"	1		URD-100000	" 100000 "	"	1	R-7
RJS-017	Tube socket	"	5		URD-180000	" 180000 "	"	1	R-37
RJS-018	"	"	1		URD-330000	" 330000 "	"	1	R-8
RLA-002	Antenna coil	"	1	L-1	URD-470000	" 470000 "	"	2	R-10
RLC-007	Oscillator coil	"	1	L-2	" 1 meg.	"	1	1	R-3, 16
RLM-002	I.F. Neutralizing coil	"	1	L-3	" 2.2 "	"	2	2	R-6, 20
RMC-005	Clamp (scale)	"	2		" 3.9 "	"	1	1	R-5
RMC-006	Clamp (tuning eye)	"	1		" 4.7 "	"	1	1	R-26
RMM-006	Pilot light shield	"	2		" 8.2 "	"	1	1	R-14
RMS-005	Spring (dial cord)	"	1		" 10 "	"	1	1	R-21
RMU-006	Tuning shaft	"	1		" 180 ohm. 1 W.	"	1	1	R-9
RMH-006	Pulley and pin	"	2		" 3900 "	"	1	1	R-15
RRB-003	Ballast tube	3-6	1		" 270 " 2 W.	"	1	1	R-17
RRC-007	Volume control	All	1	R-12	" 330 "	"	1	1	R-25
RSV-008	Band change switch	"	1	S-1	" 3300 "	"	1	1	R-24
RSX-004	Tone control and AC switch	"	1	S-2 a & b	" 3300 "	"	1	1	R-18
RTL-009	1st I.F. transformer	"	1	T-1	" 3300 "	"	1	1	
RTL-010	2nd "	"	1	T-2	" 3300 "	"	1	1	
RTO-006	Output	"	1	T-3	" 3300 "	"	1	1	
RTP-011	Power transformer	1-4	1	T-4	" 3300 "	"	1	1	

(1) X317V Univ. (2) X317C 25 cycle (3) X317D2 230 V. AC-DC
(4) XH713V " (5) XH713C 25 cycle (6) XH713D2 230 V. AC-DC

GENERAL ELECTRIC CO.



STAGE GAINS AND VOLTAGE CHECKS

Stage gain measurements by vacuum tube voltmeter or similar measuring devices may be used to check circuit performance and isolate trouble. The gain values listed may have tolerances of 20%. Readings taken with low signal input so that AVC is not effective.

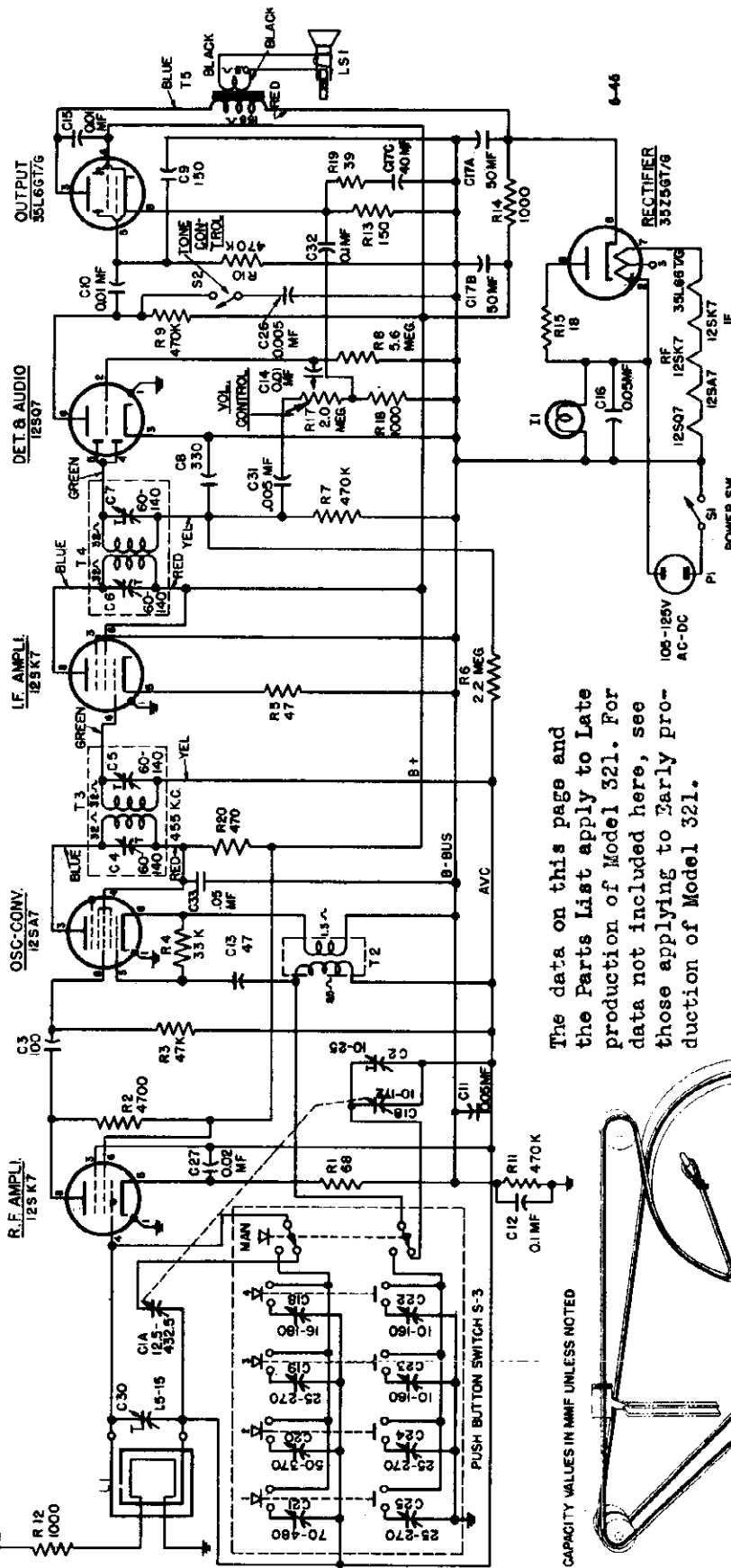
- (1) R-F Stage Gains.
 - Antenna Post to 12SK7 r-f grid 3 at 1000 kc
 - 12SK7 r-f grid to 12SA7 grid 13 at 1000 kc
 - 12SA7 grid to 12SK7 i-f grid 30 at 455 kc
 - 12SK7 i-f grid to 12SQ7 diode plate 60 at 455 kc
- (2) Audio Gain.
 - 0.10 volts at 400 cycles across volume control (R17) with control set at maximum, will give approximately 1/2 watt speaker output.
- (3) Oscillator Grid Bias.
 - D-c voltage developed across the oscillator grid leak (R4) averages 7.5 volts at 1000 kc.
- (4) Socket Pin Voltages.
 - Fig. 5 shows voltages from all tube pins to B - unless otherwise specified. Voltage readings much lower than those specified may help localize defective components or tubes.

Fig. 3. Selector Switch Wiring Diagram

Fig. 1. Dial Cord Stringing

MODEL 321 Late

GENERAL ELECTRIC CO.



The data on this page and the Parts List apply to Late production of Model 321. For data not included here, see those applying to Early production of Model 321.

ALIGNMENT CHART

Step	Connect Test Oscillator To	Test Osc. Setting	Pointer Setting on Radio	Adjustment For Maximum Output
1	12SK7 i-f grid in series with 0.05 mf. capacitor.	455 kc	1500 kc	2nd i-f trans. trimmers
2	12SA7 grid in series with 0.05 mf. ca. capacitor.	455 kc	1500 kc	1st and 2nd i-f trans. trimmers
3	Ant. post in series with 50 mmf.	1500 kc	1500 kc	C2 (Osc.)
4	Ant. post in series with 50 mmf.	1500 kc	1500 kc	C30 (r-f)

CAPACITY VALUES IN MMF UNLESS NOTED

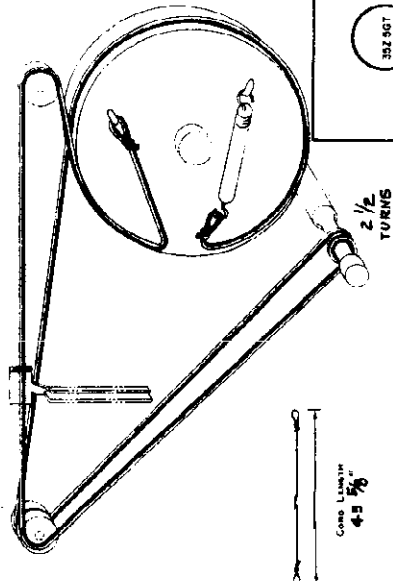
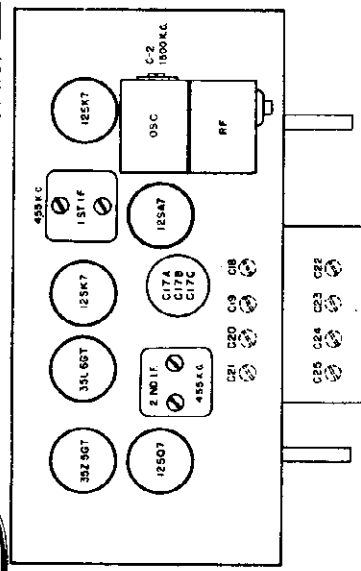


Fig. 1. Dial Cord Springing



GENERAL ELECTRIC CO.

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

ALIGNMENT FREQUENCIES

R-F.....1500 kilocycles
I-F.....455 kilocycles

EQUIPMENT REQUIRED

1. Test oscillator with audio tone modulation
2. A-C output meter, 1½ volts full scale
3. 0.05 mf. paper capacitor
4. 50 mmf. mica capacitor
5. Insulated screwdriver

PROCEDURE—GENERAL

1. Turn dial control until pointer is as far to the left as it will go. The pointer should coincide with the first marking at the left of the scale. If it doesn't, remove chassis and slip pointer along drive cord until pointer is under reference mark when chassis is bolted in place.

2. For i-f and r-f alignments, the output meter is connected across the loudspeaker voice coil terminals.

3. Keep radio volume control set at maximum and attenuate test oscillator signal output so that the output meter reading never exceeds 1¼ volts.

4. For i-f alignment, remove chassis from cabinet. For r-f alignment, the chassis should be bolted in the cabinet. Since the oscillator trimmer (C-2) is not accessible when the chassis is bolted in the cabinet, before C-2 adjustment, set pointer and test oscillator to 1500 kc and then remove chassis carefully from cabinet, so as not to disturb the setting of the dial pointer. Adjust oscillator trimmer (C-2) for maximum output and replace chassis in cabinet, then proceed with r-f trimmer (C-30) alignment.

5. Connect the capacitor as listed in column 2 between the "high side" of the test oscillator and the point of input specified. The ground terminal of the test oscillator may be connected to B- in the chassis providing an isolating transformer is used between the radio and the line input, otherwise use a suitable capacitor.

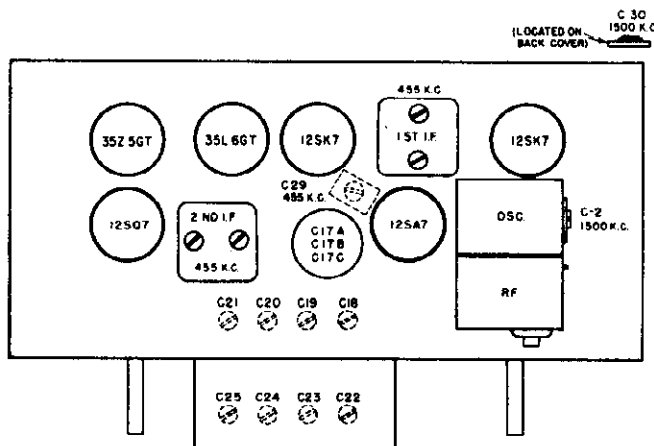


Fig. 4. Tube and Trimmer Location

ELECTRICAL RATING (INPUT)

Voltage.....105-125 volts a-c
d-c
Frequency (on a-c).....25 to 60 cycles
Wattage.....40 watts

OPERATING FREQUENCIES:

Broadcast Band.....540-1600 kilocycles
I-F Amplifier.....455 kilocycles

POWER OUTPUT (117 volts line)

Undistorted.....1.2 watts
Maximum.....1.5 watts

LOUDSPEAKER:

Type.....Alnico P.M.
Outside Cone Diameter.....5¼ inches
Voice Coil Impedance (400 cycles)....3.5 ohms

ALIGNMENT CHART

Step	Connect Test Oscillator To	Test Osc. Setting	Pointer Setting on Radio	Adjustment For Maximum Output
*1	12SK7 i-f grid in series with 0.05 mf. capacitor.	455 kc	1500 kc	2nd i-f trans. trimmers
*2	12SA7 grid in series with 0.05 mf. capacitor.	455 kc	1500 kc	1st and 2nd i-f trans. trimmers
3	Ant. post in series with 50 mmf.	455 kc	1500 kc	C-29 (wavetrapp) adjust for minimum output
4	Ant. post in series with 50 mmf.	1500 kc	1500 kc	C2 (Osc.)
5	Ant. post in series with 50 mmf.	1500 kc	1500 kc	C30 (r-f)

*Disconnect wavetrapp (L3, C29) from circuit before making these alignments.

STATION KEY ADJUSTMENTS—The station key adjustments are located on the bottom of the cabinet through the slots designated as "Osc." and "R-F." The extreme left trimmers in rows "Osc." and "R-F." are corresponding adjustments for the first or extreme left station key. The second set of adjustment trimmers is for the No. 2 or second key from the left correspondingly the remaining sets of trimmers are for the station keys No. 3 and No. 4. Turn power ON and allow radio to operate 15 minutes before making the following adjustments.

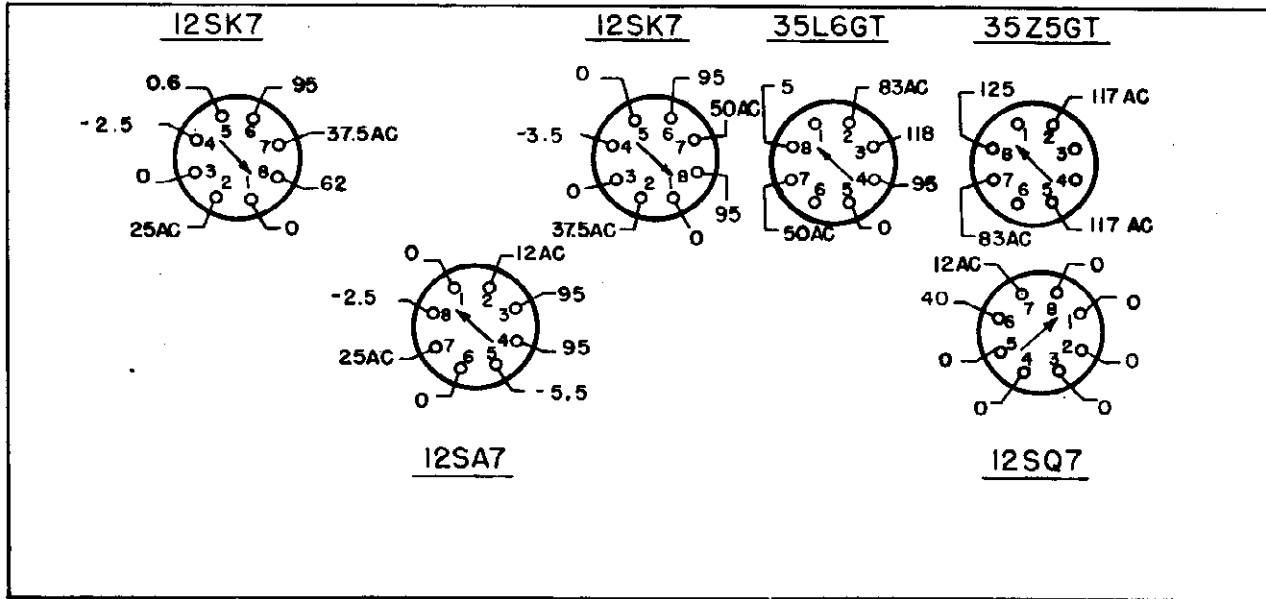
1. List the desired station on key, then depress the "Manual" key. Tune in the station desired for the key.
2. Push in station key to be set up, to its depressed position.
3. Adjust its corresponding "Osc." adjustment for the station signal which you tuned in step 1 and which is listed for the key. Peak the adjustment for the clearest program reception.
4. Adjust corresponding "R-F" adjustment for maximum signal strength.
5. Proceed in like manner for adjustment of the remaining keys.

Note: Clockwise rotation of adjustment screws lowers the frequency.

MODEL 321 Early

GENERAL ELECTRIC CO.

VIEWED FROM BOTTOM OF CHASSIS

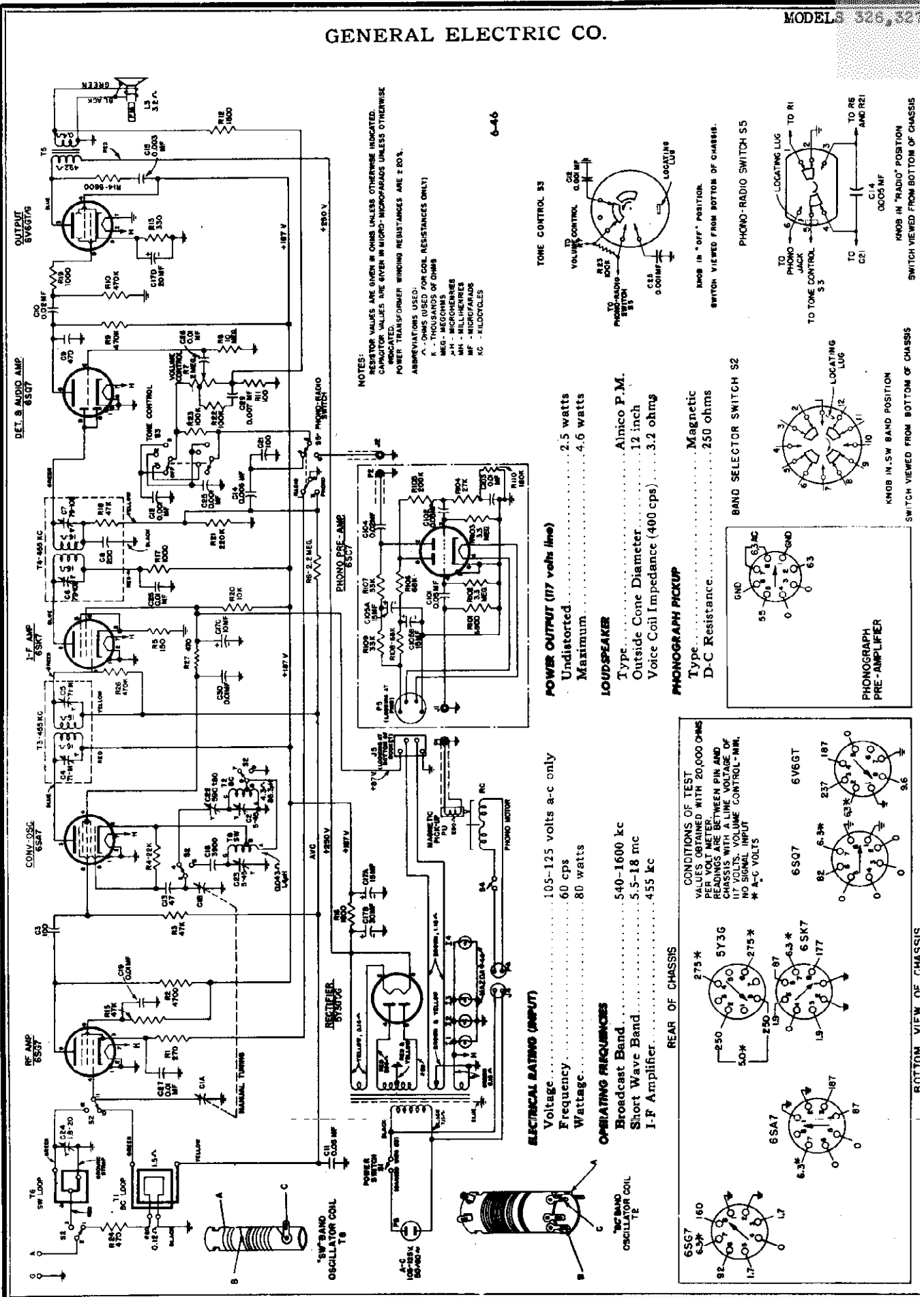


CONDITIONS OF TEST

MEASURED AT 117 VOLTS LINE ON A 20,000 OHMS PER VOLT METER
 READINGS TAKEN BETWEEN TUBE PIN TERMINALS AND B-BUS.
 NO SIGNAL INPUT

Cat. No.	Symbol	Description	Cat. No.	Symbol	Description
UNIVERSAL G-E REPLACEMENT PARTS			SPECIALIZED G-E REPLACEMENT PARTS (Cont'd)		
UCC-009	C27	Capacitor—0.02 mfd., 200 V., paper	RDK-007		Key—Station selector key
UCC-013	C32	Capacitor—0.1 mfd., 200 V., paper	RDK-009		Knob—Control knob (volume)
UCC-025	C10, 14	Capacitor—0.01 mfd., 400 V., paper	RDK-010		Knob—Tone control wafer knob
UCC-030	C12	Capacitor—0.1 mfd., 400 V., paper	RDP-003		Pointer—Dial scale pointer
UCC-039	C26, 31	Capacitor—0.005 mfd., 600 V., paper	RDS-004		Scale—Dial scale
UCC-040	C15	Capacitor—0.01 mfd., 600 V., paper	RDX-003		Assembly—Dial scale back plate assembly
UCC-045	C11, 16	Capacitor—0.05 mfd., 600 V., paper	RDX-004		Assembly—Drive cord assembly
UDL-018	I1	Pilot Lamp—115 V., 10 watt candelabra base	RHC-001		Cotter—Hairpin shaft retaining cotter
URD-015	R19	Resistor—39 ohms, 1/2 W., carbon	RHM-007		Grommet—Tuning capacitor mtg. grommet
URD-017	R5	Resistor—47 ohms, 1/2 W., carbon	RHM-008		Stud—Idler pulley stud
URD-021	R1	Resistor—68 ohms, 1/2 W., carbon	RHM-009		Cam—Tone switch cam
URD-029	R13	Resistor—150 ohms, 1/2 W., carbon	RHM-010		Link—Tone switch cam link
URD-049	R12, 18	Resistor—1000 ohms, 1/2 W., carbon	RHM-011		Clip—Tone control shaft clip
URD-065	R2	Resistor—4700 ohms, 1/2 W., carbon	RHX-001		Bushing—Tuning shaft bushing
URD-085	R4	Resistor—33,000 ohms, 1/2 W., carbon	RIT-001		Assembly—Chassis mounting assembly
URD-089	R3	Resistor—47,000 ohms, 1/2 W., carbon	RJC-003		Cover—Electrolytic capacitor cardboard cover
URD-113	R7, 9, 10, 11	Resistor—470,000 ohms, 1/2 W., carbon	RJS-007		Terminal Loudspeaker lead terminals
URD-129	R6	Resistor—2.2 megohms, 1/2 W., carbon	RJS-008		Socket—Pilot lamp socket
URD-139	R8	Resistor—5.6 megohms, 1/2 W., carbon	RJS-009		Socket—Octal base tube socket
URE-007	R15	Resistor—18 ohms, 1 W., carbon	RLC-002		Socket Mtg. socket for electrolytic capacitor
URF-049	R14	Resistor—1000 ohms, 2 W., carbon	RLL-004		Coil—Oscillator coil
SPECIALIZED G-E REPLACEMENT PARTS			RLP-001	T2	Beam-a-scope—Cabinet back and antenna assembly
RAV-001		Cabinet—Cabinet, less escutcheon and back	RLP-002	L1	Coil—Plate choke
RCE-001	C17A, 17B, 17C	Capacitor—50 mfd., 150 V., 50 mfd., 150 V., 40 mfd., 25 V., dry electrolytic	RLW-001	L2	Coil—Series peaking coil and resistor assembly
RCT-003	C1A, 1B, 2	Capacitor—Tuning capacitor assembly	RMM-001	L3	Coil—Wavetrap coil
RCU-110	C13	Capacitor—47 mmf., 500 V., mica	RMM-002		Shield—Tube shield and clip
RCU-112	C3	Capacitor—100 mmf., 500 V., mica	RMS-001		Shield—Light shield
RCU-113	C9	Capacitor—150 mmf., 500 V., mica	RMS-003		Spring—Drive cord spring
RCU-115	C8	Capacitor—330 mmf., 500 V., mica	RMU-003		Spring—Station selector button spring
RCX-001	C18, 19, 20, 21	Trimmer Strip—Station selector adjustments (r-f)	RMW-001		Shaft—Tuning shaft and cotter pin
RCX-002	C22, 23, 24, 25	Trimmer Strip—Station selector adjustments (osc.)	ROP-005		Pulley—Drive cord idler pulley
RCY-001	C20	Capacitor—Wave trap trimmer	RRC-003	LS1	Speaker—5 1/4 in. permanent magnet loudspeaker
RCY-002	C30	Capacitor—1.5-15 mmf. antenna trimmer	RSP-001	R17	Volume Control—2 meg. potentiometer
RDF-002		Washer—Felt washer, 1/2 in. O.D.	RSW-003	S3	Switch—Station selector push button switch
RDF-003		Washer—Felt washer, 3/4 in. O.D.	RTL-003	S2	Switch—Tone control switch
RDF-004		Washer—Felt washer, 1 1/4 in. O.D.	RTL-004	T3	Transformer—1st I-F transformer
RDK-004		Knob—Control knob (tuning)	RTO-002	T4	Transformer—2nd I-F transformer
			RWL-002	T5	Transformer—Output transformer
			RYC-001	P1	Cord—Power cord and plug
					Card—Station letter cards

GENERAL ELECTRIC CO.



NOTES:
RESISTOR VALUES ARE GIVEN IN OHMS UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED.
CAPACITOR VALUES ARE GIVEN IN MICRO-MICROFARADS UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED.
POWER TRANSFORMER WINDING RESISTANCES ARE 2.00%.

ABBREVIATIONS USED:
A. - OHMS (USED FOR COIL RESISTANCES ONLY)
K. - THOUSANDS OF OHMS
M. - MEGOHMS
M. - MICROHENRIES
M. - MICROFARADS
K. - KILOCYCLES

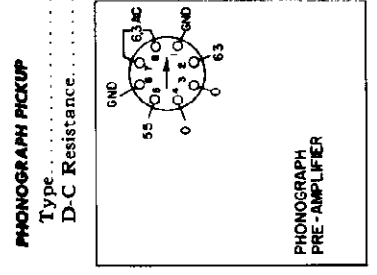
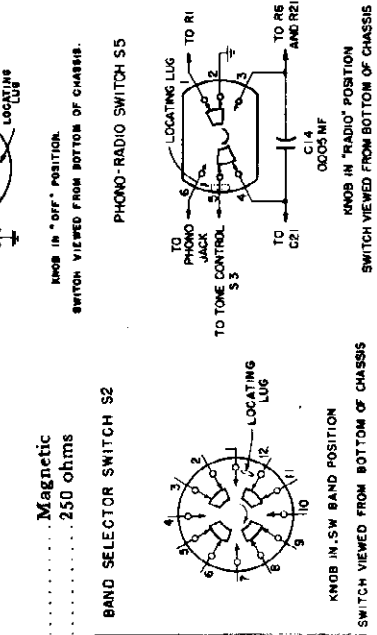
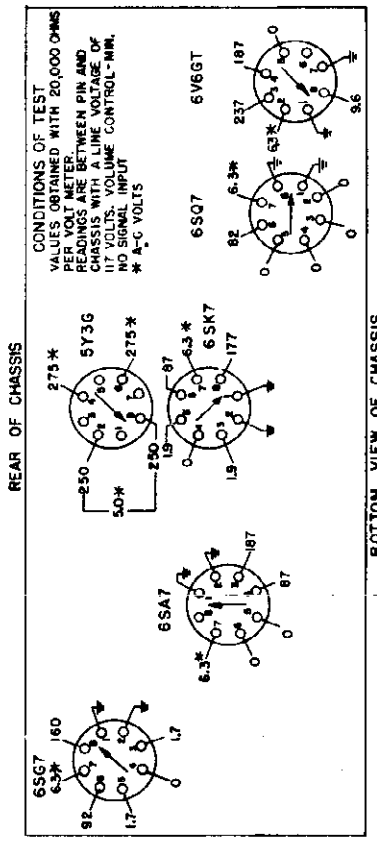
6-46

POWER OUTPUT (117 volts line)
Undistorted 2.5 watts
Maximum 4.6 watts

LOUDSPEAKER
Type Alnico P.M.
Outside Cone Diameter 12 inch
Voice Coil Impedance (400 cps) 3.2 ohms

ELECTRICAL RATING (INPUT)
Voltage 105-125 volts a-c only
Frequency 60 cps
Wattage 80 watts

OPERATING FREQUENCIES
Broadcast Band 540-1600 kc
Short Wave Band 5.5-18 mc
I-F Amplifier 455 kc

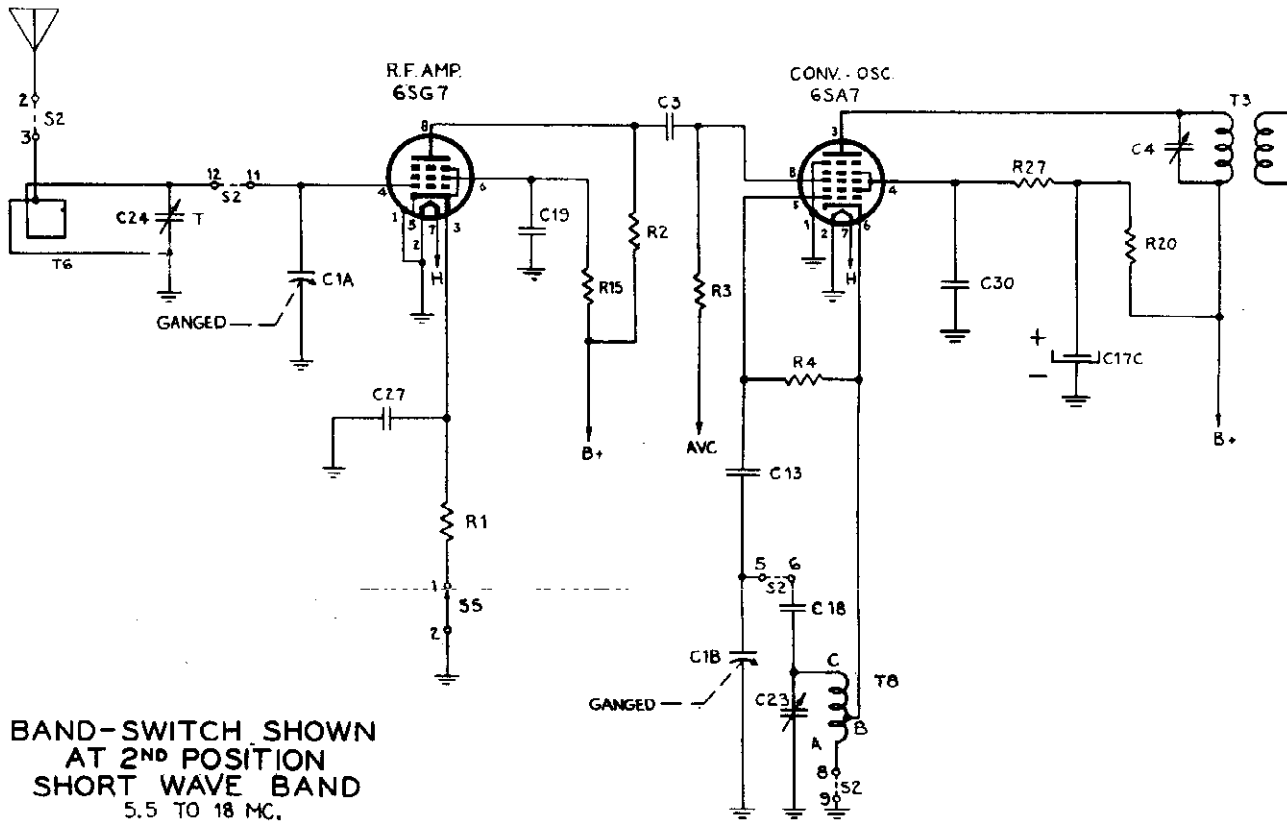
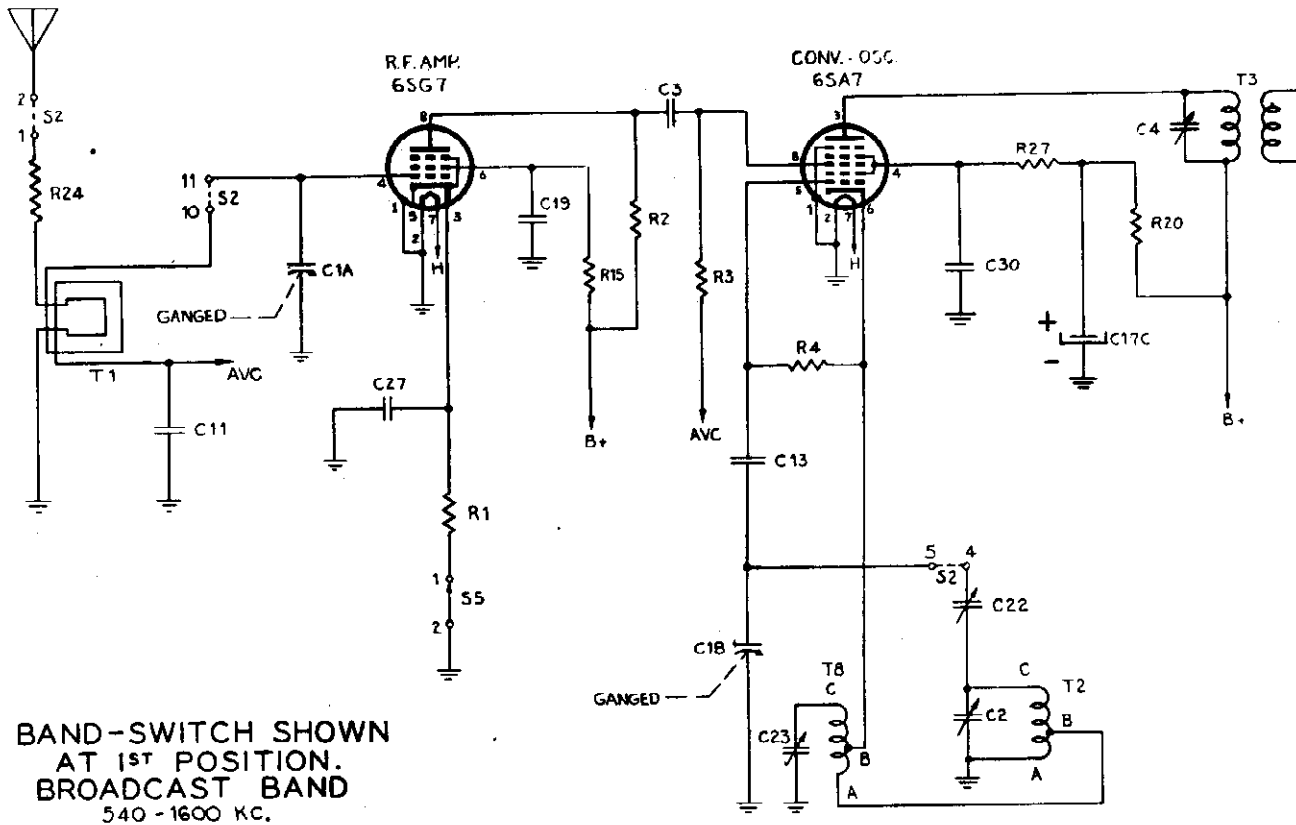


"clarified schematics"

PAGE 15-50 G.E.

MODELS 326, 327

GENERAL ELECTRIC CO.



GENERAL ELECTRIC CO.

ELECTRICAL CIRCUIT ALIGNMENT

EQUIPMENT REQUIRED

1. Test oscillator with audio tone modulation.
2. A-C output meter, 1 1/2 volts full scale.
3. Insulated screwdriver.

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

The alignment procedure is given in table form. All i-f alignments may be made with the chassis removed from the cabinet. However, the r-f alignments should be made with the chassis and loop antennas securely fastened in the cabinet, as the relative position of the loop antenna with respect to the chassis materially affects the alignment. All oscillator and r-f trimmers are accessible from the rear of the cabinet when the chassis is installed; the location of these trimmers is shown in Fig. 1.

The r-f signals should be capacity coupled by placing a two-foot wire on the output post (high side) of the test oscillator to act as an antenna. This antenna should be kept two feet or more away from the receiver loop to insure freedom from too much coupling. Metal objects such as meters and tools should not be placed on top of the receiver cabinet.

The output meter should be connected across the loud-speaker voice coil terminals. The low side of the test oscillator output should be connected to the chassis ground; the high side of the test oscillator output should be connected as indicated in the alignment chart. During the entire alignment procedure, the radio volume control should be in its maximum position. The test oscillator output signal should be attenuated so that the output meter reading never exceeds 1 1/4 volts.

ALIGNMENT CHART

Step	Connect Test Oscillator to	Test Oscillator Setting	Dial Settings	Adjust Trimmers
1	6SK7, pin 4, in series with 0.05 mf	455 kc	"BC" Band 550 kc	C6 and C7 for maximum
2	6SA7, pin 8, in series with 0.05 mf	455 kc	"BC" Band 550 kc	C4 and C5 for maximum
3	†Capacity Coupled	1500 kc	"BC" Band 1500 kc	*C2 (Osc.) for maximum
4	†Capacity Coupled	580 kc	"BC" Band 580 kc	*C22 (Osc.) for maximum
5	†Capacity Coupled	1500 kc	"BC" Band 1500 kc	*C2 (Osc.) for maximum
6	†Capacity Coupled	18 mc	"SW" Band 18 mc	**C23 (Osc.) to signal
7	†Capacity Coupled	18 mc	"SW" Band 18 mc	*C24 (Ant.) for maximum

† Use two-foot antenna on output of test oscillator.
 * Rock gang condenser when making alignment.
 ** Use minimum capacity peak.

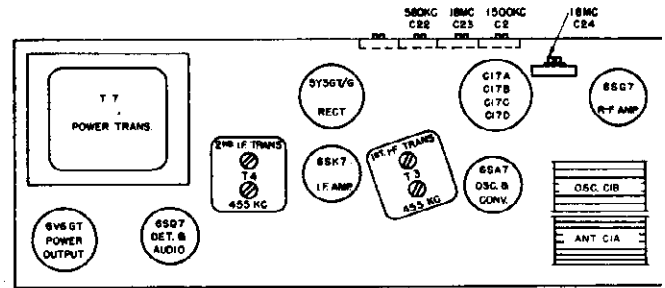


Fig. 1—Tube and Trimmer Location

STAGE GAIN AND VOLTAGE CHECKS

Stage gain measurements may be made with a vacuum tube voltmeter to check circuit performance and to locate stages which are not operating properly. The gain values listed may have a tolerance of 20%. Readings should be taken with the AVC shorted out. This may be done conveniently by connecting the yellow Beam-a-Scope lead to ground.

1. R-F Stage Gains.

- Antenna to 6SG7 grid 4 at 1000 kc
- 6SG7 grid to 6SA7 grid 14 at 1000 kc
- 6SA7 grid to 6SK7 grid 74 at 455 kc

Audio Gain.

The power output across the speaker voice coil should be approximately 1/2 watt with 0.06 volts at 400 cps applied between the high side of the volume control and ground.

3. Oscillator Grid Bias.

The d-c voltage developed across the oscillator grid lead (R4) averages 5.7 volts at 1000 kc.

4. Socket Pin Voltages.

Fig. 4 shows typical tube pin voltages. All readings should be made from the pins to ground unless otherwise indicated.

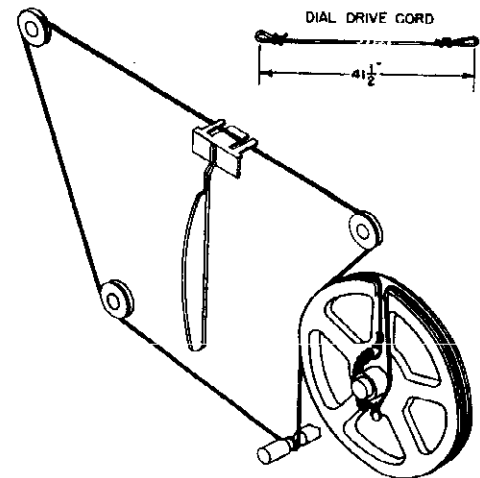


Fig. 3—Dial Stringing Diagram

MODEL 321 Late
MODELS 326, 327

GENERAL ELECTRIC CO.

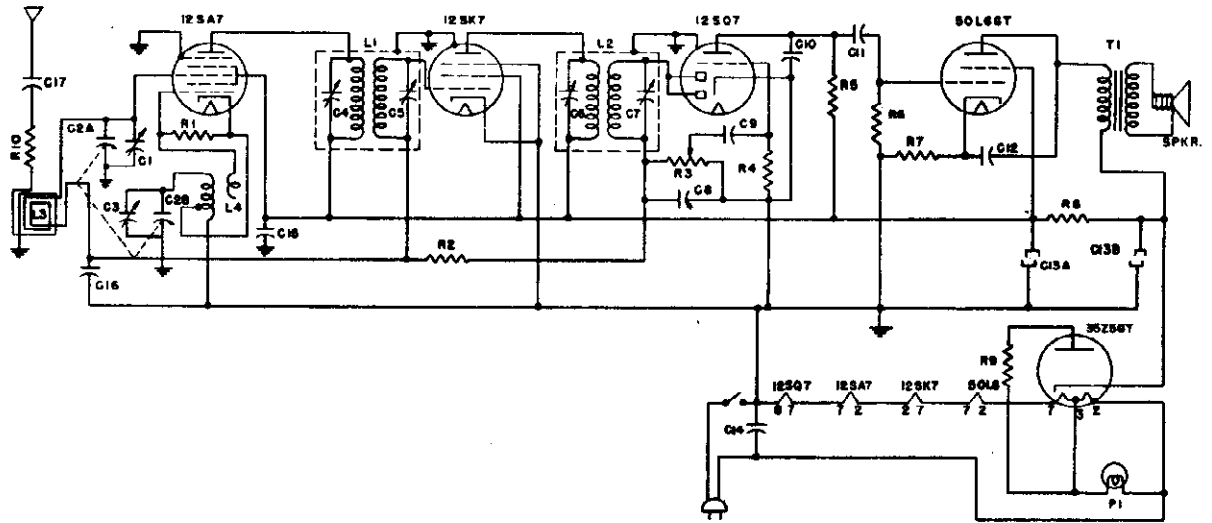
MODEL 321 (LATE)

Cat. No.	Symbol	Description	Cat. No.	Symbol	Description
UNIVERSAL G-E REPLACEMENT PARTS			SPECIALIZED G-E REPLACEMENT PARTS (Cont'd)		
UCC-009	C27	Capacitor—0.02 mfd., 200 V., paper	RDK-004		Knob—Control Knob (tuning)
UCC-013	C32	Capacitor—0.1 mfd., 200 V., paper	RDK-007		Key—Station selector key
UCC-025	C10, 14	Capacitor—0.01 mfd., 400 V., paper	RDK-009		Knob—Control knob (volume)
UCC-030	C12	Capacitor—0.1 mfd., 400 V., paper	RDK-023		Knob—Tone control wafer knob
UCC-039	C26, 31	Capacitor—0.005 mfd., 600 V., paper	RDP-003		Pointer—Dial scale pointer
UCC-040	C15	Capacitor—0.01 mfd., 600 V., paper	RDS-004		Scale—Dial scale
UCC-045	C11, 16, 33	Capacitor—0.05 mfd., 600 V., paper	RDX-003		Assembly—Dial scale back plate assembly
UDL-018	11	Pilot Lamp—115 V., 10 watt candleabra base	RDX-004		Assembly—Drive cord assembly
UOP-325	LS1	Speaker—5 1/4 in. permanent magnet loud-speaker	RHC-001		Cotter—Hairpin shaft retaining cotter
URD-015	R19	Resistor—39 ohms, 1/2 W., carbon	RHG-001		Grommet—Tuning capacitor mtg. grommet
URD-017	R5	Resistor—47 ohms, 1/2 W., carbon	RHM-007		Stud—Idler pulley stud
URD-021	R1	Resistor—68 ohms, 1/2 W., carbon	RHM-008		Cam—Tone switch cam
URD-029	R13	Resistor—150 ohms, 1/2 W., carbon	RHM-009		Link—Tone switch cam link
URD-041	R20	Resistor—470 ohms, 1/2 W., carbon	RHM-010		Clip—Tone control shaft clip
URD-049	R12, 18	Resistor—1000 ohms, 1/2 W., carbon	RHM-011		Bushing—Tuning shaft bushing
URD-065	R2	Resistor—4700 ohms, 1/2 W., carbon	RHX-001		Assembly—Chassis mounting assembly
URD-085	R4	Resistor—33,000 ohms, 1/2 W., carbon	RJT-006		Cover—Electrolytic capacitor cardboard cover
URD-089	R3	Resistor—47,000 ohms, 1/2 W., carbon	RJC-001		Terminal—Loudspeaker lead terminals
URD-113	R7, 9, 10, 11	Resistor—470,000 ohms, 1/2 W., carbon	RJS-007		Socket—Pilot lamp socket
URD-129	R6	Resistor—2.2 megohms, 1/2 W., carbon	RJS-008		Socket—Octal base tube socket
URD-130	R8	Resistor—5.6 megohms, 1/2 W., carbon	RJS-004		Socket—Mtg. socket for electrolytic capacitor
URE-007	R15	Resistor—18 ohms, 1 W., carbon	RLC-002	T2	Coil—Oscillator coil
URF-049	R14	Resistor—1000 ohms, 2 W., carbon	RLL-004	L1	Beam-a-scope—Cabinet back and antenna assembly
SPECIALIZED G-E REPLACEMENT PARTS			RLP-001	L2	Coil—Plate choke
RAV-001		Cabinet—Cabinet, less escutcheon and back	RLP-002	L4, R16	Coil—Series peaking coil and resistor assembly
RCE-001	C17A, 17B, 17C	Capacitor—50 mfd., 150 V., 50 mfd., 150 V., 40 mfd., 25 V., dry electrolytic	RLW-001	L3	Coil—Wavetrap coil
RCT-003	C1A, 1B, 2	Capacitor—Tuning capacitor assembly	RMM-001		Shield—Tube shield and clip
RCU-110	C13	Capacitor—47 mmf., 500 V., mica	RMM-002		Shield—Light shield
RCU-112	C3	Capacitor—100 mmf., 500 V., mica	RMS-001		Spring—Drive cord spring
RCU-113	C9	Capacitor—150 mmf., 500 V., mica	RMS-003		Spring—Station selector button spring
RCU-115	C8	Capacitor—330 mmf., 500 V., mica	RMS-003		Shaft—Tuning shaft and cotter pin
RCX-001	C18, 19, 20, 21	Trimmer Strip—Station selector adjustments (r-f)	RMW-001		Pulley—Drive cord idler pulley
RCX-002	C22, 23, 24, 25	Trimmer Strip—Station selector adjustments (osc.)	RRC-003	R17	Volume Control—2 meg. potentiometer
RCY-002	C30	Capacitor—1.5-15 mmf. antenna trimmer	RSP-001	S3	Switch—Station selector push button switch
			RSW-003	S2	Switch—Tone control switch
			RTL-003	T3	Transformer—1st I-F transformer
			RTL-004	T4	Transformer—2nd I-F transformer
			RTO-002	T5	Transformer—Output transformer
			RWL-009	P1	Cord—Power cord and plug
			RYC-001		Card—Station letter cards

MODELS 326, 327

Cat. No.	Symbol	Description	Cat. No.	Symbol	Description
UNIVERSAL G-E REPLACEMENT PARTS			SPECIALIZED G-E REPLACEMENT PARTS		
UCC-037	C15	CAPACITOR—0.003 mf., 600 v., paper	RDK-041		KNOB—Oak knob (pointer)
UCC-039	C14	CAPACITOR—0.005 mf., 600 v., paper	RDP-005		POINTER—Dial scale pointer
UCC-040	C19, 26, 27, 28, 30, 103	CAPACITOR—0.01 mf., 600 v., paper	RDS-016		SCALE—Dial scale
UCC-041	C10, 104	CAPACITOR 0.02 mf., 600 v., paper	RDX-008		BACKPLATE—Dial backplate assembly
UCC-045	C11, 101, 102	CAPACITOR 0.05 mf., 600 v., paper	RHG-001		GROMMET—Tuning capacitor mounting grommet
UDL-005	11, 2, 3, 4	PILOT LAMP—G.E. No. 44, 6-8 v., 0.25 amp.	RHG-003		GROMMET—Rubber grommet, 1/8 in. I.D. for 1/2 in. hole
UIC-001		CEMENT—Speaker cone replacement cement	RHG-004		GROMMET—Rubber grommet, 3/8 in. I.D. for 1/2 in. hole
UOP-1206	LS	SPEAKER—12 inch PM speaker	RHM-012		CUSHIONS—Rubber dial scale cushions
UOX-005		COVER—Replacement speaker cone kit	RHM-014		STUD—Shaft for upper pulleys on backplate
URD-025	R11	RESISTOR—100 ohms, 1/2 w., carbon	RHM-015		BUSHING—Tuning shaft bushing, washer, and nut
URD-029	R5	RESISTOR—150 ohms, 1/2 w., carbon	RHU-002		SPACER—Tuning capacitor mounting spacer
URD-035	R1	RESISTOR—270 ohms, 1/2 w., carbon	RJB-001		RECEPTACLE—Two-pin speaker receptacle
URD-037	R13	RESISTOR—330 ohms, 1/2 w., carbon	RJR-002		TERMINAL STRIP—Terminal strip for phono pre-amplifier, 2 terminals
URD-041	R24, 27	RESISTOR—470 ohms, 1/2 w., carbon	RJC-001		PLUG—Tip plug for speaker leads
URD-049	R17, 19	RESISTOR—1000 ohms, 1/2 w., carbon	RJC-002		CONNECTOR—Clip for antenna loop connections
URD-053	R12	RESISTOR—1500 ohms, 1/2 w., carbon	RJP-002	P5	PLUG—L-prong plug for pre-amplifier
URD-065	R2	RESISTOR—4700 ohms, 1/2 w., carbon	RJP-004	P2	PLUG—Phono pre-amplifier output plug
URD-067	R4	RESISTOR—5600 ohms, 1/2 w., carbon	RJS-003		SOCKET—Octal socket for receiver chassis
URD-077	R101	RESISTOR—6800 ohms, 1/2 w., carbon	RJS-011		SOCKET—Pilot light socket for cabinet jewel
URD-081	R4	RESISTOR—22,000 ohms, 1/2 w., carbon	RJS-012		PLATE—Mounting plate for capacitor C17A, B, C, D
URD-083	R104	RESISTOR—27,000 ohms, 1/2 w., carbon	RJS-013	J5	SOCKET—Pilot light socket for chassis lights
URD-085	R107, 109	RESISTOR—33,000 ohms, 1/2 w., carbon	RJS-014		RECEPTACLE—Four prong receptacle (Power to pre-amp.)
URD-089	R3, 15	RESISTOR—47,000 ohms, 1/2 w., carbon	RJS-015		SOCKET—Octal socket for pre-amplifier (check mounted)
URD-093	R106, 108	RESISTOR—68,000 ohms, 1/2 w., carbon	RJX-001	J2	RECEPTACLE—Phono input receptacle on receiver chassis
URD-097	R22, 23	RESISTOR—100,000 ohms, 1/2 w., carbon	RJX-049	J4	RECEPTACLE—Phono motor connector (female)
URD-105	R21	RESISTOR—220,000 ohms, 1/2 w., carbon	RJX-003	J1	RECEPTACLE—Phono input receptacle on pre-amplifier
URD-113	R9, 10, 26	RESISTOR—470,000 ohms, 1/2 w., carbon	RLC-004	T2	COIL—BC Band oscillator coil
URD-129	R6	RESISTOR—2.2 meg., 1/2 w., carbon	RLC-005	T8	COIL—SW Band oscillator coil
URD-133	R102, 103	RESISTOR—3.3 meg., 1/2 w., carbon	RLI-005	T6	LOOP—SW Band antenna loop
URD-145	R8	RESISTOR—10 meg., 1/2 w., carbon	RLM-006		LOOP—Beam-a-scope BC Band loop
URF-055	R16	RESISTOR—1800 ohms, 2 w., carbon	RMC-001		CLAMP—Mounts RC Band oscillator coil
URF-073	R20	RESISTOR—10,000 ohms, 2 w., carbon	RMC-002		CLAMP—Mounts SW Band oscillator coil
SPECIALIZED G-E REPLACEMENT PARTS			RMM-003		SHIELD—Bottom shield for 2nd I-F transformer
RAC-001		COVER—Beam-a-scope Cover	RMS-001		SPRING—Drive cord tension spring
RAL-001		JEWEL—Pilot light jewel	RMU-004		SHAFT—Tuning shaft with cotter pin and "C" clip
RCC-001	C29	CAPACITOR—0.007 mfd., 600 v., paper	RMW-001		PULLEY—Upper back plate pulley
RCC-035	C12, 25	CAPACITOR—0.001 mf., 600 v., paper	RMW-002		PULLEY—Chassis idler pulley
RCE-002	C105A	CAPACITOR—15 mf., 350 v., dry electrolytic	ROC-001		CONE—Speaker cone and dust cap
RCE-002	C105B	CAPACITOR—15 mf., 350 v., dry electrolytic	RPX-010	PU	PICKUP—Magnetic pickup cartridge
RCE-003	C17A	CAPACITOR—15 mf., 350 v., dry electrolytic	RRC-005	R7	POTENTIOMETER—Volume control, 2 meg. tapped at 1 meg.
RCE-003	C17B	CAPACITOR—30 mf., 350 v., dry electrolytic	RRD-089	R18	RESISTOR—47,000 ohms, 1/2 w., carbon
RCE-003	C17C	CAPACITOR—10 mf., 250 v., dry electrolytic	RRD-104	H105	RESISTOR—200,000 ohms, 1/2 w., carbon
RCE-003	C17D	CAPACITOR—20 mf., 25 v., dry electrolytic	RSW-006	S5	SWITCH—Phono-Radio switch
RCT-005	C1A, 1B	CAPACITOR—2 gang tuning capacitor	RSW-007	S2	SWITCH—Band switch
RCU-064	C9	CAPACITOR—470 mmf., mica	RSX-003	S1	SWITCH—Power switch
RCU-110	C13	CAPACITOR—47 mmf., mica	RTL-005	S3	SWITCH—Tone control switch
RCU-112	C3, 21	CAPACITOR—100 mmf., mica	RTO-004	T4	TRANSFORMER—1st I-F transformer
RCU-189	C18	CAPACITOR—3900 mmf., mica	RTP-010	T7	TRANSFORMER—2nd I-F transformer
RCX-020	C2	CAPACITOR—Trimmer, 5-45 mmf.	RWL-004	P6	TRANSFORMER—Output transformer
RCX-020	C16	CAPACITOR—Trimmer, 15-90 mmf.			TRANSFORMER—Power transformer
RCX-020	C22	CAPACITOR—Trimmer, 590-80 mmf.			CORD—Power cord and plug
RCX-020	C23	CAPACITOR—Trimmer, 5-45 mmf.			
RCY-004	C24	CAPACITOR—Trimmer, 1.8-20 mmf.			
RDC-004		CORD—Dial drive cord, 41 1/2 in. long			
RDD-003		DRUM—Dial drum assembly			
RDE-005		ESCUTCHEON—Dial escutcheon			
RDF-005		WASHER—Felt washer for knobs			
RDE-036		KNOB—Mahogany knob (plain)			
RDE-038		KNOB—Oak knob (plain)			
RDK-036		KNOB—Mahogany knob (pointer)			

GENERAL ELECTRIC CO.



ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

ALIGNMENT FREQUENCIES

I.F. 455 KC
R.F. 1720 and 1500 KC

The location of all trimmers is shown in Fig. 1.

I. F. ALIGNMENT

Connect an output meter across the voice coil. Turn the volume control to maximum. Set test oscillator to 455 KC and keep the oscillator output as low as a readable meter reading will permit. Apply signal to the converter grid through a .05 mfd capacitor and align progressively the trimmers in the 2nd and 1st I.F. transformer cans.

R. F. ALIGNMENT

Apply the R.F. alignment signals through a standard I.R.E. dummy antenna to the receiver antenna post. With the gang condenser wide open, align the oscillator trimmer (C17B) to 1720 KC. Change the generator signal to 1500 KC, tune the receiver to the signal and peak the antenna trimmer (C17A) for maximum output.

PRECAUTION

If the signal generator is A-C operated, use an isolating transformer between the power supply and the radio receiver power input. The use of an isolating capacitor is not recommended, as A-C through the capacitor will introduce hum modulation and/or create the possibility of a burned-out signal generator attenuator.

OVERALL DIMENSIONS—YRB 82-1

Height 8 1/8"
Width 12 1/2"
Depth 7"

YRB 67-1..

8 1/2"
13"
6 3/8"

Rating: 105-125 volts DC
105-125 volts 40-60 cycles AC
28 watts at 117 volts

Tuning Frequency Range: 540-1720 K

Intermediate Frequency: 455 K

LOUDSPEAKER "ALNICO V" MAGNET DYNAMIC

Outside Cone Diameter 5 1/2"
Voice Coil Impedance (400 cyc) 3.2 ohm

TUBES

Converter and Oscillator 12SA
I.F. Amplifier 12SK
Det. Audio, AVC 12SQ
Power Output 50L6G
Rectifier 35Z5G
Pilot Lamp GE 5

GENERAL INFORMATION

Models YRB 67-1 and 67-2 are 5 tube (including rectifier) superheterodyne receivers in distinctively styled wood cabinets; Model YRB 82-1 is a rich brown plastic cabinet. These receivers incorporate built-in antenna, automatic volume control, oversize permanent magnet speaker and beam power output.

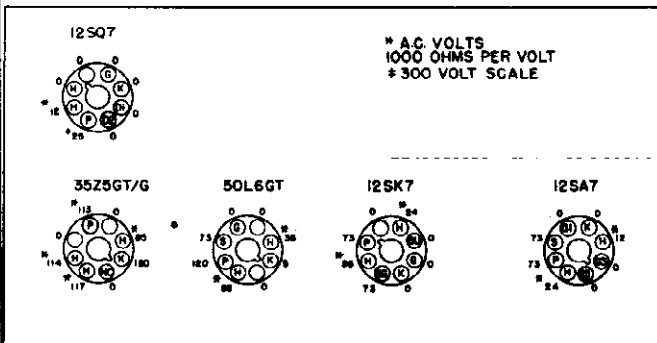


Fig. 2. Socket Voltage Diagram

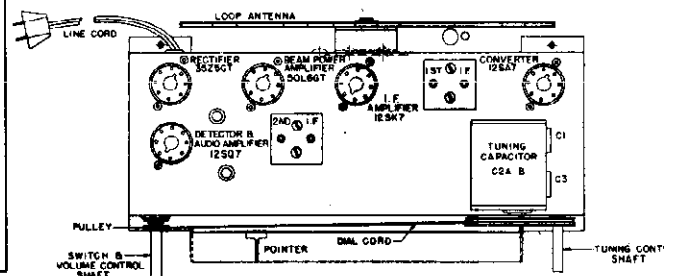


Fig. 1. Tube and Trimmer Location

MODELS YRB67-1, YRB67-2,
YRB82-1
MODELS 200, 203, 205

**GENERAL ELECTRIC CO.
PARTS DESCRIPTION LIST**

MODELS YRB 82-1, YRB 67-1, YRB 67-2

Symbol	Description	Symbol	Description	Symbol	Description
C1	Ant. trimmer condenser	C14	.05 mfd paper capacitor	R2	2.2 megohm carbon resistor
C2A	Tuning condenser, ant. section	C15	.05 mfd paper capacitor	R3	Volume control .5 megohm
C2B	Tuning condenser, osc. section	C16	.05 mfd paper capacitor	R4	4.7 megohm carbon resistor
C3	Osc. trimmer condenser	C17	.01 mfd paper capacitor	R5	470,000 ohm carbon resistor
C8	220 mmfd mica capacitor	L1	1st I.F. transformer	R6	470,000 ohm carbon resistor
C9	.005 mfd paper capacitor	L2	2nd I.F. transformer	R7	150 ohm carbon resistor
C10	220 mmfd mica capacitor	L3	Loop assembly	R8	2700 ohm carbon resistor
C11	.01 mfd paper capacitor	L4	Oscillator coil	R9	18 ohm carbon resistor
C12	.02 mfd paper capacitor	P1	Pilot lamp	R10	470 ohm carbon resistor
C13A	30 mfd electrolytic capacitor	T1	Output transformer		
C13B	30 mfd electrolytic capacitor	R1	22,000 ohm carbon resistor		

REPLACEMENT PARTS LIST

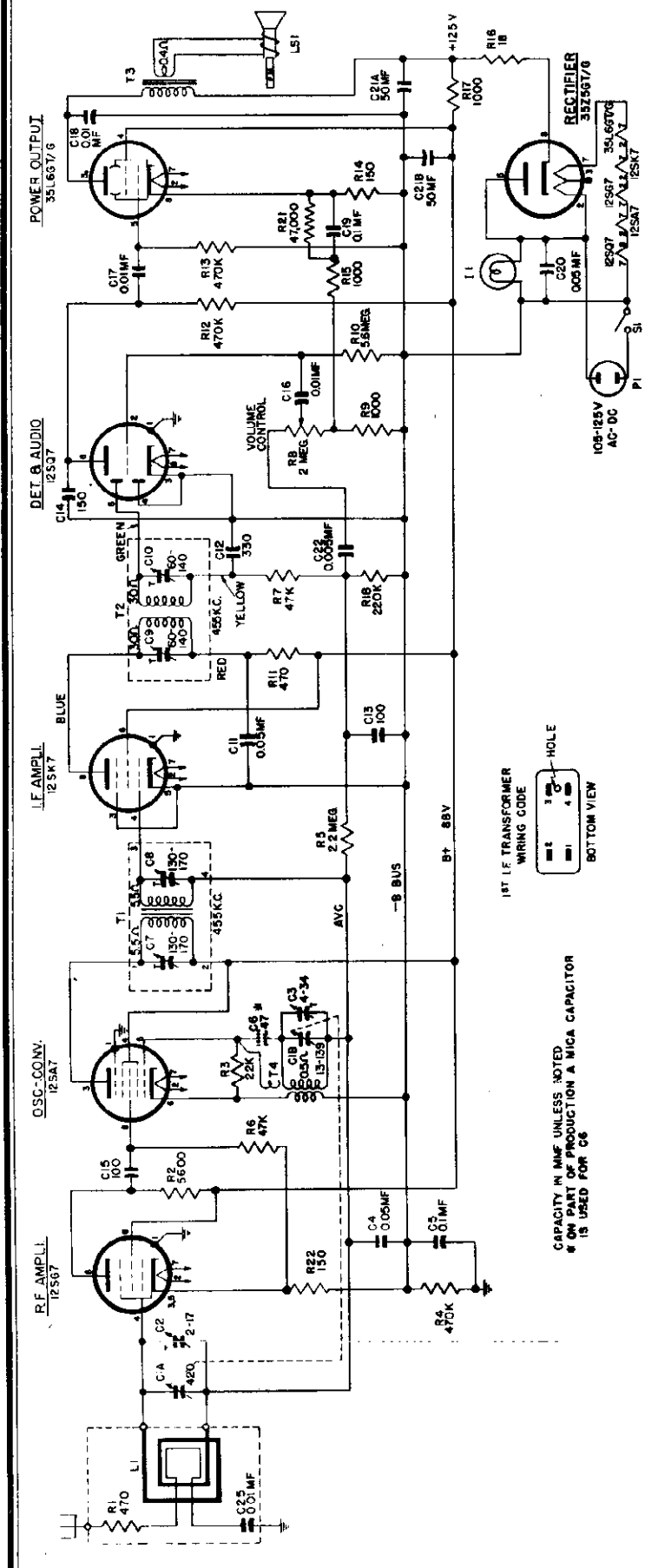
MODELS YRB 82-1, YRB 67-1, YRB 67-2

Stock No.	Description	Stock No.	Description
SPECIALIZED G-E REPLACEMENT PARTS		SPECIALIZED G-E REPLACEMENT PARTS (Cont.)	
SAB 004	Back cover, Models YRB 67-1 and 67-2	STL 001	Transformer, 1st I.F.
SAB 006	Back cover, Model YRB 82-1	STL 002	Transformer, 2nd I.F.
SAU 001	Cabinet, Model YRB 82-1	STO 001	Transformer, output
SAV 003	Cabinet, Model YRB 67-1	SWL 001	Power cord
SAV 015	Cabinet, Model YRB 67-2		
SCE 002	Capacitor, filter electrolytic, 30-30 mfd 150 volt, C13A, C13B	UNIVERSAL G-E REPLACEMENT PARTS	
SCT 002	Capacitor, tuning, C2A, C2B	UCC 039	Capacitor, .005 mfd paper, C9
SDC 001	Cord, dial drive cord	UCC 040	Capacitor, .01 mfd paper, C17
SDK 002	Knob, Models YRB 67-1 and 67-2	UCC 041	Capacitor, .02 mfd paper, C12
SDK 010	Knob, Model YRB 82-1	UCC 045	Capacitor, .05 mfd paper, C14, C15, C16
SDP 001	Pointer, dial scale	UCU 1036	Capacitor, 220 mmfd mica, C8, C10
SDS 004	Dial scale, Models YRB 67-1 and 67-2	UDL 013	Pilot lamp, Mazda 51
SDS 006	Dial scale, Model YRB 82-1	UOP 526	Speaker, 5 1/4 inch PM dynamic
SHC 001	Hair pin cotter for dial drive	URD 007	Resistor, 18 ohm 1/2 watt carbon, R9
SJP 002	Connector, female to speaker	URD 029	Resistor, 150 ohm 1/2 watt carbon, R7
SJS 001	Pilot lamp socket	URD 041	Resistor, 470 ohm 1/2 watt carbon, R10
SJS 003	Socket, octal tube	URD 081	Resistor, 22,000 ohm 1/2 watt carbon, R1
SIC 001	Coil, oscillator	URD 113	Resistor, 470,000 ohm 1/2 watt carbon, R5, R6
SLL 001	Loop, antenna	URD 129	Resistor, 2.2 megohm 1/2 watt carbon, R2
SMF 002	Snap button	URD 137	Resistor, 4.7 megohm 1/2 watt carbon, R4
SMF 003	Fastener, back cover to cabinet	URE 059	Resistor, 2700 ohm 1 watt carbon, R8
SMS 001	Spring, dial drive drum		
SMU 001	Shaft, dial drive		
SMW 001	Pulley, dial drive		
SRC 003	Volume control, 0.5 megohm with power switch		

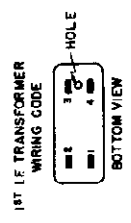
REPLACEMENT PARTS LIST—MODELS 200, 203, & 205

PART NO.	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION	PART NO.	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
UNIVERSAL REPLACEMENT PARTS			SPECIALIZED REPLACEMENT PARTS (Cont'd)		
UCC-039	C22	CAPACITOR .005 mfd, 600 v, paper	RAX-001		PULLEY Idler pulley assembly
UCC-040	C25	CAPACITOR .01 mfd, 600 v, paper	RCC-013	C19	CAPACITOR .01 mfd, 200 v, paper
UCC-048	C5	CAPACITOR .01 mfd, 600 v, paper	RCC-040	C16, 17, 18	CAPACITOR .01 mfd, 600 v, paper
UCU-020	C6	CAPACITOR .47 mmf, 500 v, mica	RCC-045	C4, 11, 20	CAPACITOR .05 mfd, 600 v, paper
UCU-028	C13, 15	CAPACITOR 100 mmf, 500 v, mica	RCE-037	C21A, 21B	CAPACITOR 50-50 mfd, 150 v, dry electrolytic
UCU-032	C14	CAPACITOR 150 mmf, 500 v, mica	RCT-015	C1A, 1B	CONDENSER Tuning condenser (includes C2 and C3)
UCU-040	C12	CAPACITOR 330 mmf, 500 v, mica	RDC-001		CORD Drive cord assembly
UIC-001		CEMENT Loudspeaker cone cement	RDD-001		DRUM Drive drum and shaft assembly
UIC-002		THINNER Cone cement thinner	RDE-001		ESCUTCHEON Dial escutcheon (Models 203, 205)
UOP-528	LS1	SPEAKER 5 1/4 in. PM	RDG-002		PLATE Dial back plate assembly
UOX-001		CONE Replacement cone kit	RDK-006		KNOB Control knob
URD-029	R14, 22	RESISTOR 150 ohms, 1/2 w, carbon	RDS-030		SCALE Dial scale (Models 203, 205)
URD-041	R1, 11	RESISTOR 470 ohms, 1/2 w, carbon	RDS-031		SCALE Dial scale (Models 200, 201)
URD-057	R9, 15	RESISTOR 1000 ohms, 1/2 w, carbon	RHM-004		CLIP Speed clip for dial scale (Model 200)
URD-067	R2	RESISTOR 5600 ohms, 1/2 w, carbon	RHM-005		CLIP Speed clip for dial scale (Models 203, 205)
URD-081	R3	RESISTOR 22,000 ohms, 1/2 w, carbon	RHM-016		CLIP Osc. coil mtg. clip
URD-089	R6, 7, 21	RESISTOR 47,000 ohms, 1/2 w, carbon	RJS-003		TUBE SOCKET Octal base tube socket (12SA7)
URD-105	R18	RESISTOR 220,000 ohms, 1/2 w, carbon	RJS-006		TUBE SOCKET Octal base tube socket
URD-113	R4, 12, 13	RESISTOR 470,000 ohms, 1/2 w, carbon	RJS-053		SOCKET Pilot lamp socket
URD-129	R5	RESISTOR 2.2 meg, 1/2 w, carbon	RLC-021	T4	COIL Oscillator coil
URD-139	R10	RESISTOR 5.6 meg, 1/2 w, carbon	RRC-002	R8, S1	VOLUME CONTROL 2.0 meg potentiometer includes power switch
URF-049	R17	RESISTOR 1000 ohms, 2 w, carbon	RRW-008	R16	RESISTOR 18 ohms, 1 w, wirewound
SPECIALIZED REPLACEMENT PARTS			RTL-001	T1	TRANSFORMER 1st I.F. transformer
RAB-001		BEAM-A-SCOPE Cabinet back and loop assembly (Models 203, 205)	RTL-029	T2	TRANSFORMER 2nd I.F. transformer
RAB-003		BEAM-A-SCOPE Cabinet back and loop assembly (Model 200)	RTO-003	T3	TRANSFORMER Output transformer
RAU-002		CABINET Brown plastic (Model 200)	RWL-009	P1	CORD Power cord and plug
RAV-025		CABINET Walnut wood (Model 203)			
RAV-026		CABINET Blonde wood (Model 205)			
RAV-027		CABINET Maple wood (Model 205)			

GENERAL ELECTRIC CO.

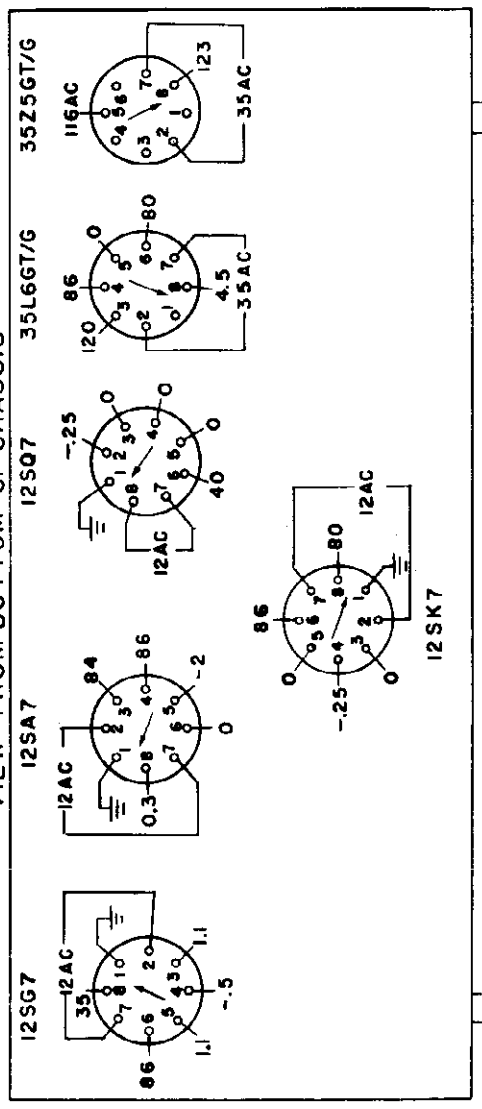


CONDITION OF TEST
MEASUREMENTS TAKEN ON 20,000 CHMS-
PER-VOLT METER
MEASURED FROM PIN TO B-BUS UNLESS
SHOWN OTHERWISE.
117 VOLTS LINE
VOLUME CONTROL-CLOCKWISE
NO SIGNAL INPUT



CAPACITY IN MMF UNLESS NOTED
ON PART OF PRODUCTION A MICA CAPACITOR
IS USED FOR C6

VIEW FROM BOTTOM OF CHASSIS



MODELS 200, 203, 205

GENERAL ELECTRIC CO.

SPECIFICATIONS

CABINET:

Model	200	203	205
Material	Plastic	Wood	Wood
Color	Brown	Mahogany	Maple
Height	7½ in.	8¼ in.	8¼ in.
Width	12 in.	13 in.	13 in.
Depth	7½ in.	7½ in.	7½ in.

ELECTRICAL RATING (INPUT)

Voltage	105-125 volts a-c or d-c
Frequency on a-c	25 to 60 cycles
Wattage	45 watts

OPERATING FREQUENCIES

Broadcast Band	540-1600 kilocycles
I-F Amplifier	455 kilocycles

POWER OUTPUT (117 VOLTS LINE)

Undistorted	1.2 watts
Maximum	1.5 watts

LOUDSPEAKER

Type	Alnico P.M.
Outside Cone Diameter	5¼ in.
Voice Coil Impedance (400 cycles)	3.5 ohms

TUBE COMPLEMENT

R.F. Amplifier	Type 12SG7
Oscillator-Converter	Type 12SA7
I-F Amplifier	Type 12SK7
Detector-Audio	Type 12SQ7
Power Output	Type 35L6GT
Rectifier	Type 35Z5GT/G
Pilot Lamp	G-E, Type C7, 115-volt, 10-watt, clear, candelabra screw base

ELECTRICAL CIRCUIT ALIGNMENT

ALIGNMENT FREQUENCIES

R-F	1500 kilocycles
I-F	455 kilocycles

EQUIPMENT REQUIRED

1. Test oscillator with audio tone modulation
2. A.C. output meter, 1½ volts full scale
3. 0.05 mf paper capacitor
4. 50 mmf mica capacitor
5. Insulated screwdriver

PROCEDURE—GENERAL

1. Turn dial scale pointer as far counterclockwise as possible. The pointer should coincide with the first marking at the left of the scale. If it doesn't, remove chassis and slip pointer on shaft until the pointer is under reference mark when chassis is bolted in place.
2. For i-f and r-f alignments, the output meter is connected across the loudspeaker voice coil terminals.

3. Keep radio volume control at maximum and attenuate test oscillator signal output so that the output meter reading never exceeds 1½ volts.

4. The chassis must be removed from the cabinet during I-F alignment. For R-F alignment bolt the chassis in the cabinet securely.

5. Connect the capacitor as listed in column 2, between the output "High Side" of test oscillator and the point of input specified.

ALIGNMENT CHART

Step	Connect Test Oscillator to	Test Osc. Setting	Pointer Setting on Radio	Adjustment for Maximum Output
1	12SK7 grid in series with 0.05 mf cap.	455 kc	1500 kc	2nd I-F Trans. Trimmers
2	12SA7 grid in series with 0.05 mf cap.	455 kc	1500 kc	1st and 2nd I-F Trans. Trimmers
3	Ant. Post in series with 50 mmf	1500 kc	1500 kc	C3 (Osc.)
4	Ant. Post in series with 50 mmf	1500 kc	1500 kc	C2 (R-F)

STAGE GAIN AND VOLTAGE CHECKS

Stage gain measurements by vacuum tube voltmeter or similar measuring devices may be used to check circuit performance and isolate trouble. The gain values listed may have tolerances of 20 per cent. Readings taken with low signal input so that AVC is not effective.

(1) R-F Stage Gains.

Antenna post to 12SG7 grid	4 at 1000 kc
12SG7 grid to 12SA7 grid	8 at 1000 kc
12SA7 grid to 12SK7 grid	30 at 455 kc
12SK7 grid to 12SQ7 diode plate	57 at 455 kc

(2) Audio Gain.

0.12 volt at 400 cycles across volume control (R8) with control set at maximum will give approximately ½-watt output across speaker voice coil.

(3) Oscillator Grid Bias.

D-C voltage developed across the oscillator grid leak (R3). Averages 7.7 volts at 1000 kc.

(4) Socket Pin Voltages.

Figure 4 shows voltages from all tube pins to B- unless otherwise specified. Voltage readings much lower than those specified may help localize defective components or tubes.

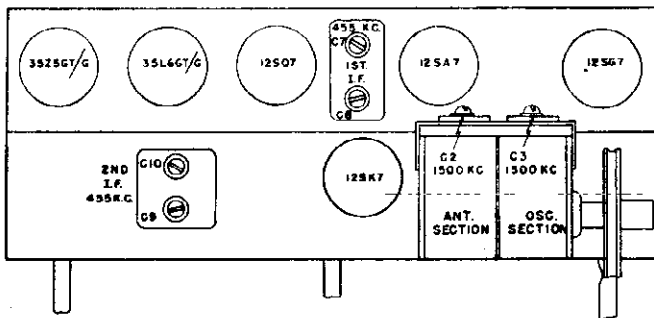


Fig. 1. Tube and Trimmer Location

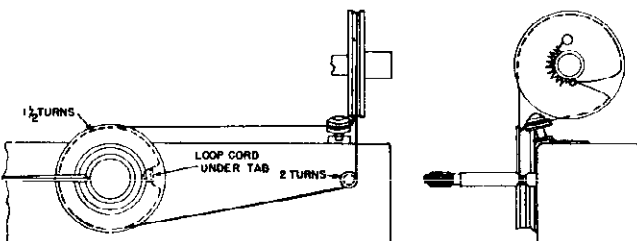
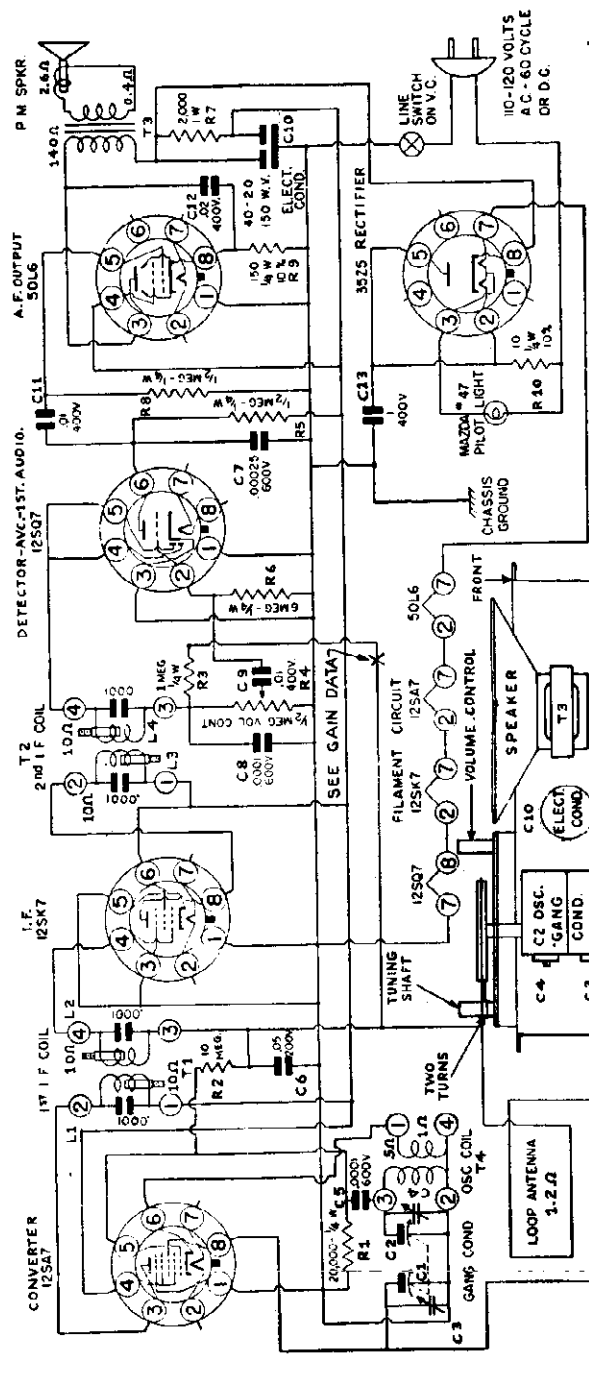
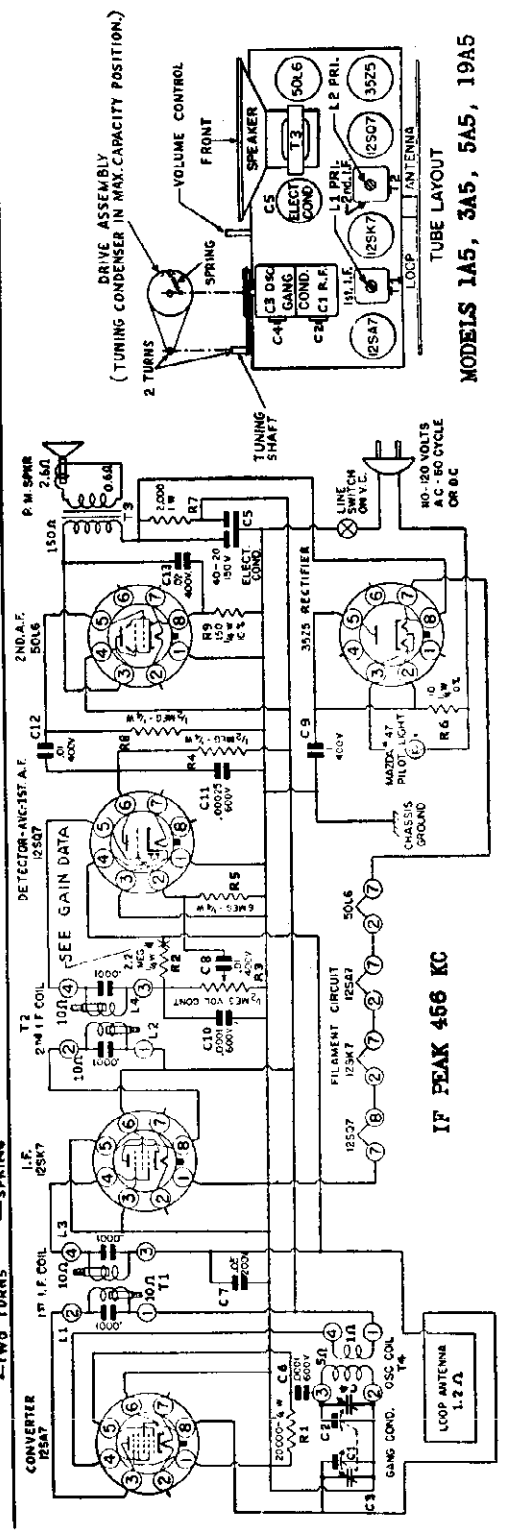


Fig. 2. Dial Stringing Diagram

GENERAL TELEV. & RADIO CORP. MODELS 1A5, 3A5, 5A5, 19A5
 MODELS 9A5, 15A5, 17A5

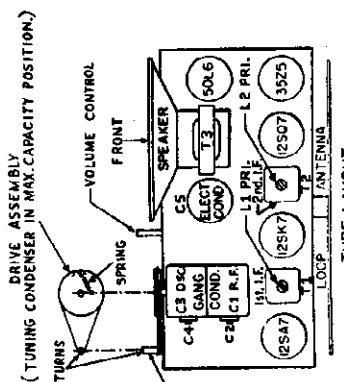


MODELS 9A5, 15A5, 17A5
 IF PEAK 456 KC



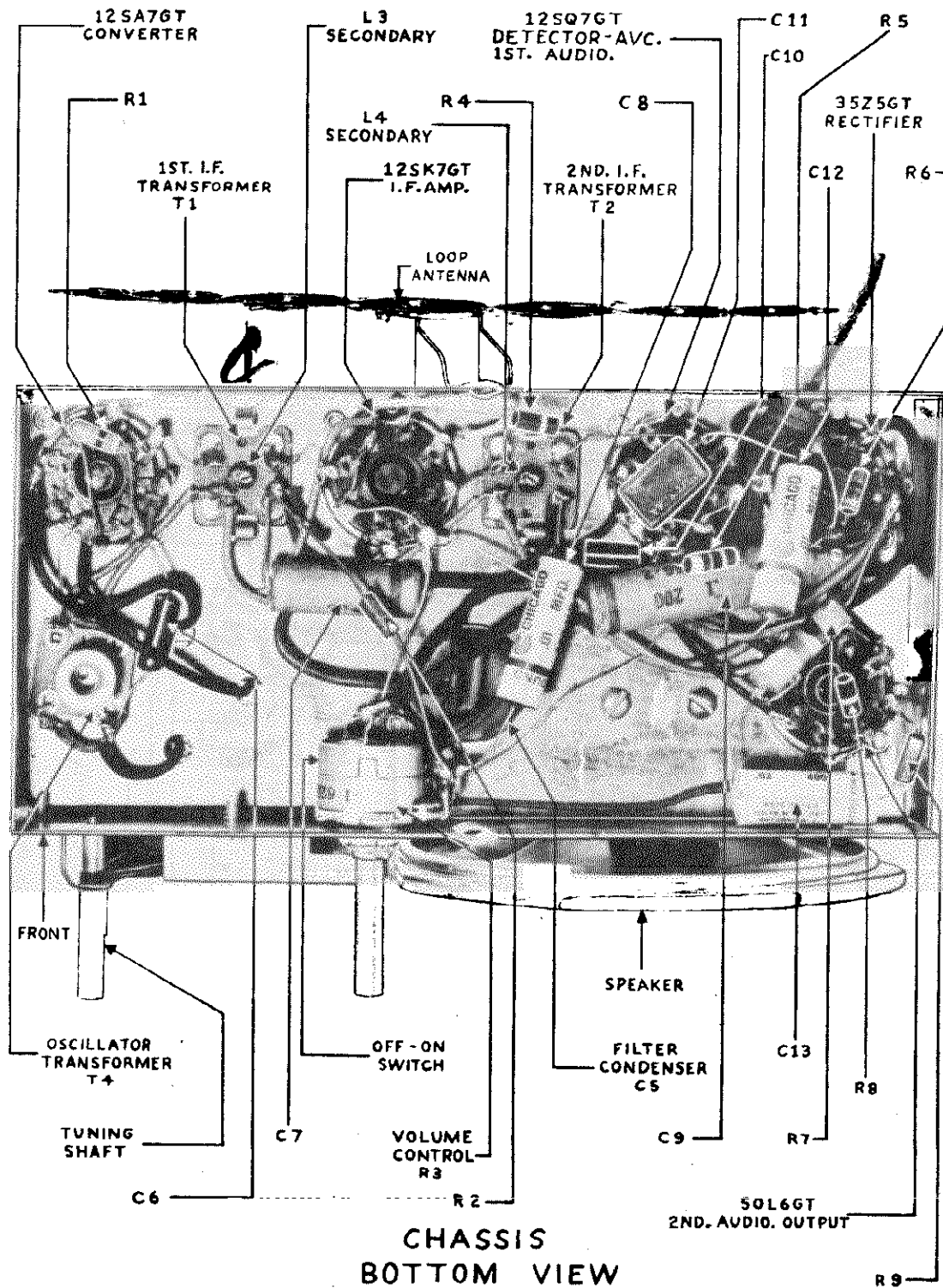
IF PEAK 456 KC

MODELS 1A5, 3A5, 5A5, 19A5
 TUBE LAYOUT



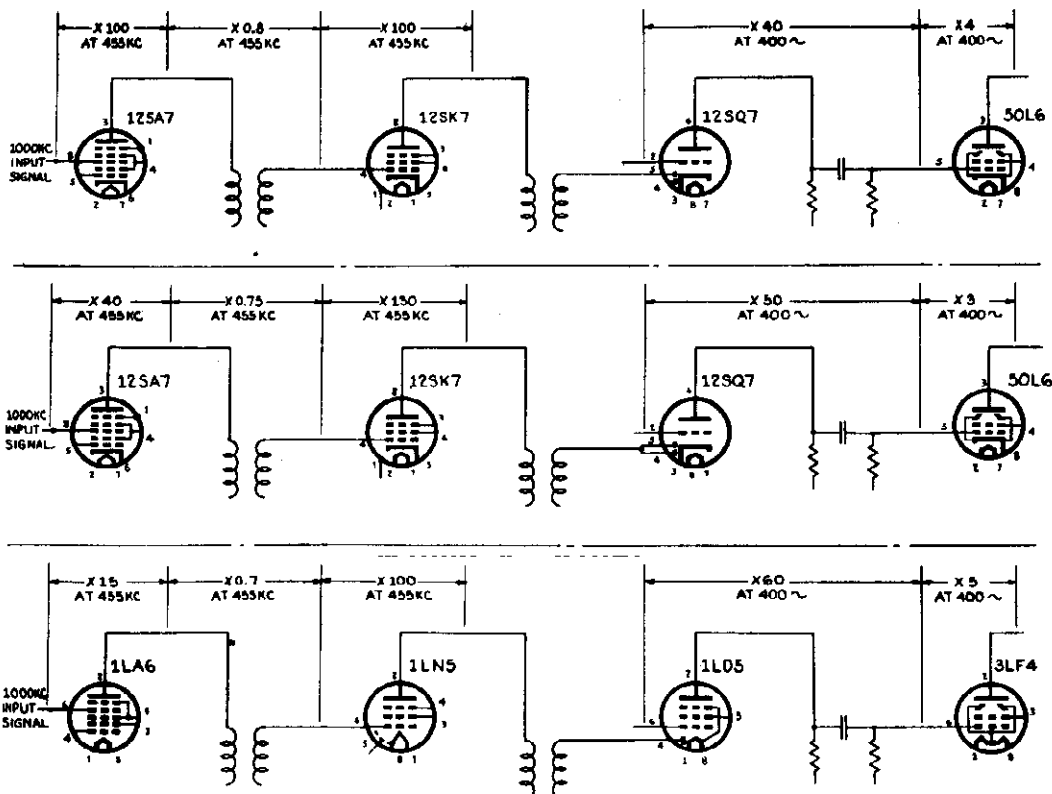
MODEL 5A5

GENERAL TELEV. & RADIO CORP.



MODELS 9A5, 15A5, 17A5 GENERAL TELEV. & RADIO CORP. MODELS 1A5, 3A5, 5A5, 19A5

TUBE	PIN	VTVM	D-C VOLTAGE		RESISTANCE	TUBE	PIN	VTVM	D-C VOLTAGE		RESISTANCE
			20,000 OHMS PER VOLT	1000 OHMS PER VOLT					20,000 OHMS PER VOLT	1000 OHMS PER VOLT	
12SA7	1	0	0	0	0	12SA7	1	0	0	0	0
	2	0	0	0	24		2	0	0	24	INFINITE
	3	+80	+80	+80	5,000,000		3	+80	+80	+78	INFINITE
	4	+80	+80	+80	5,000,000		4	+80	+80	+78	INFINITE
	5	-6	-5.6	-2.6	19,000		5	-9.5	-9.5	-4.8	20,000
	6	0	0	0	0		6	0	0	0	1
	7	0	0	0	40		7	0	0	0	40
	8	-1	-0.4	-0.4	5,000,000		8	-1.5	-0.8	-0.2	1,200,000
12SK7	1	0	0	0	0	12SK7	1	0	0	0	0
	2	0	0	0	16		2	0	0	0	12
	3	0	0	0	0		3	0	0	0	0
	4	-1	-0.4	-0.4	5,000,000		4	-1.5	-0.6	-0.2	1,200,000
	5	0	0	0	0		5	0	0	0	0
	6	+80	+80	+78	5,000,000		6	+80	+80	+78	INFINITE
	7	0	0	0	26		7	0	0	0	26
	8	+80	+80	+78	5,000,000		8	+80	+80	+78	INFINITE
12SQ7	1	0	0	0	0	12SQ7	1	0	0	0	0
	2	-1.2	-0.8	-0.5	10,000,000		2	-0.5	-0.4	-0.2	6,000,000
	3	0	0	0	0		3	0	0	0	0
	4	-1	-0.45	-0.4	5,000,000		4	-0.5	-0.4	-0.2	400,000
	5	0	0	0	0		5	0	0	0	0
	6	+54	+48	+42	5,000,000		6	+46	+42	+40	INFINITE
	7	0	0	0	15		7	0	0	0	14
	8	0	0	0	0		8	0	0	0	0
50L6	1	0	0	0	0	50L6	1	0	0	0	0
	2	0	0	0	40		2	0	0	0	40
	3	+125	+120	+120	5,000,000		3	+120	+120	+120	INFINITE
	4	+80	+80	+80	5,000,000		4	+80	+80	+78	INFINITE
	5	0	0	0	450,000		5	0	0	0	460,000
	6	0	0	0	INFINITE		6	0	0	0	INFINITE
	7	0	0	0	90		7	0	0	0	90
	8	+5.2	+5	+5	140		8	+4.5	+4.5	+4.5	150
35Z5	1	0	0	0	INFINITE	35Z5	1	0	0	0	INFINITE
	2	0	0	0	120		2	0	0	0	120
	3	0	0	0	120		3	0	0	0	120
	4	0	0	0	INFINITE		4	0	0	0	INFINITE
	5	0	0	0	120		5	0	0	0	120
	6	0	0	0	120		6	0	0	0	120
	7	0	0	0	90		7	0	0	0	90
	8	+120	+125	+125	5,000,000		8	+120	+120	+120	INFINITE



MODELS 1A5, 3A5, 5A5, 19A5
APPROXIMATE GAIN PER STAGE DATA

IN MAKING GAIN PER STAGE MEASUREMENTS, CIRCUIT WAS OPENED AT POINT X TO STOP AVC ACTION, AND A 3-VOLT BATTERY CONNECTED BETWEEN THIS POINT AND GROUND.

MODELS 9A5, 15A5, 17A5
APPROXIMATE GAIN PER STAGE DATA

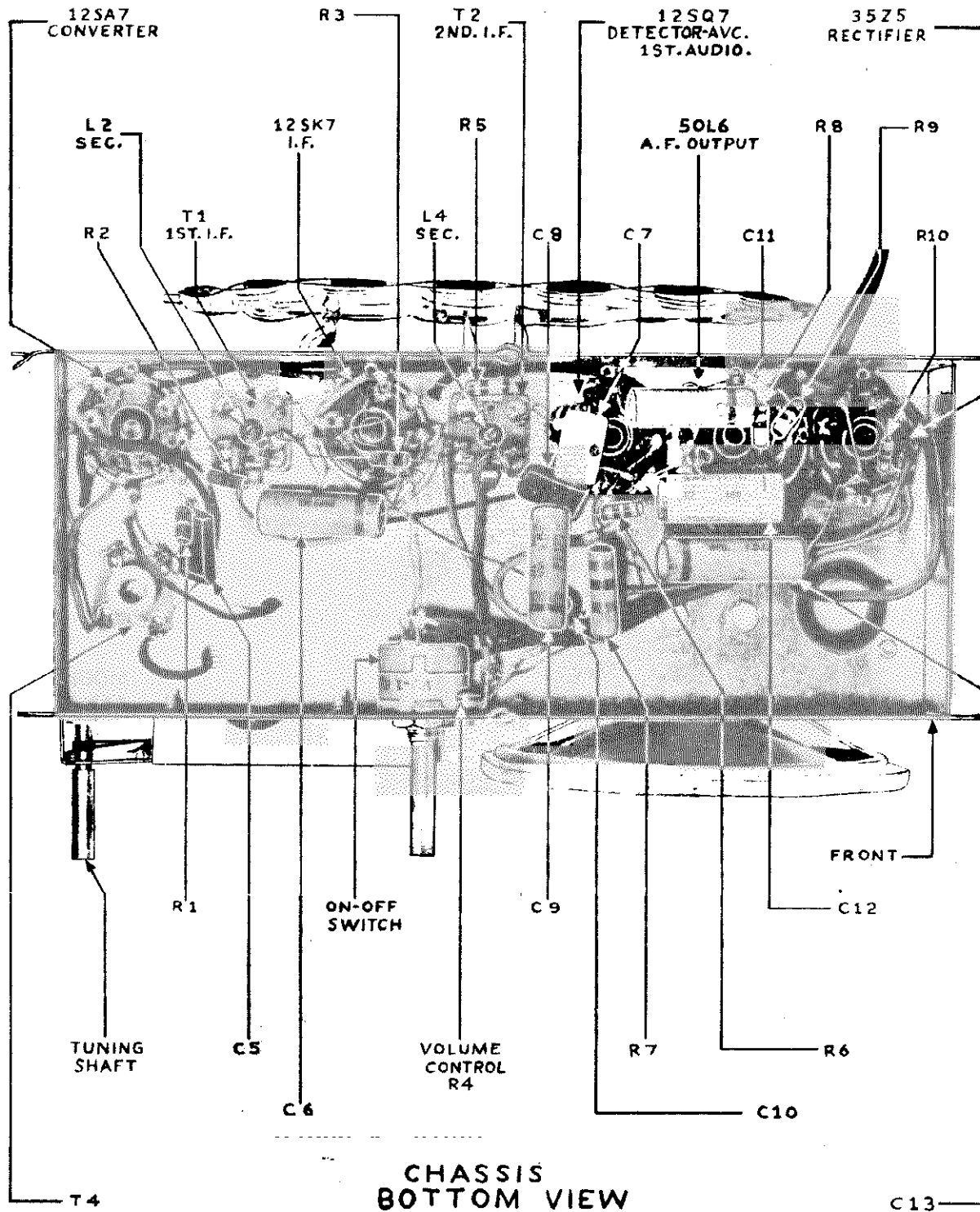
IN MAKING GAIN PER STAGE MEASUREMENTS, CIRCUIT WAS OPENED AT POINT X TO STOP AVC ACTION, AND A 3-VOLT BATTERY CONNECTED BETWEEN THIS POINT AND GROUND.

MODEL 14A4F
APPROXIMATE GAIN PER STAGE DATA

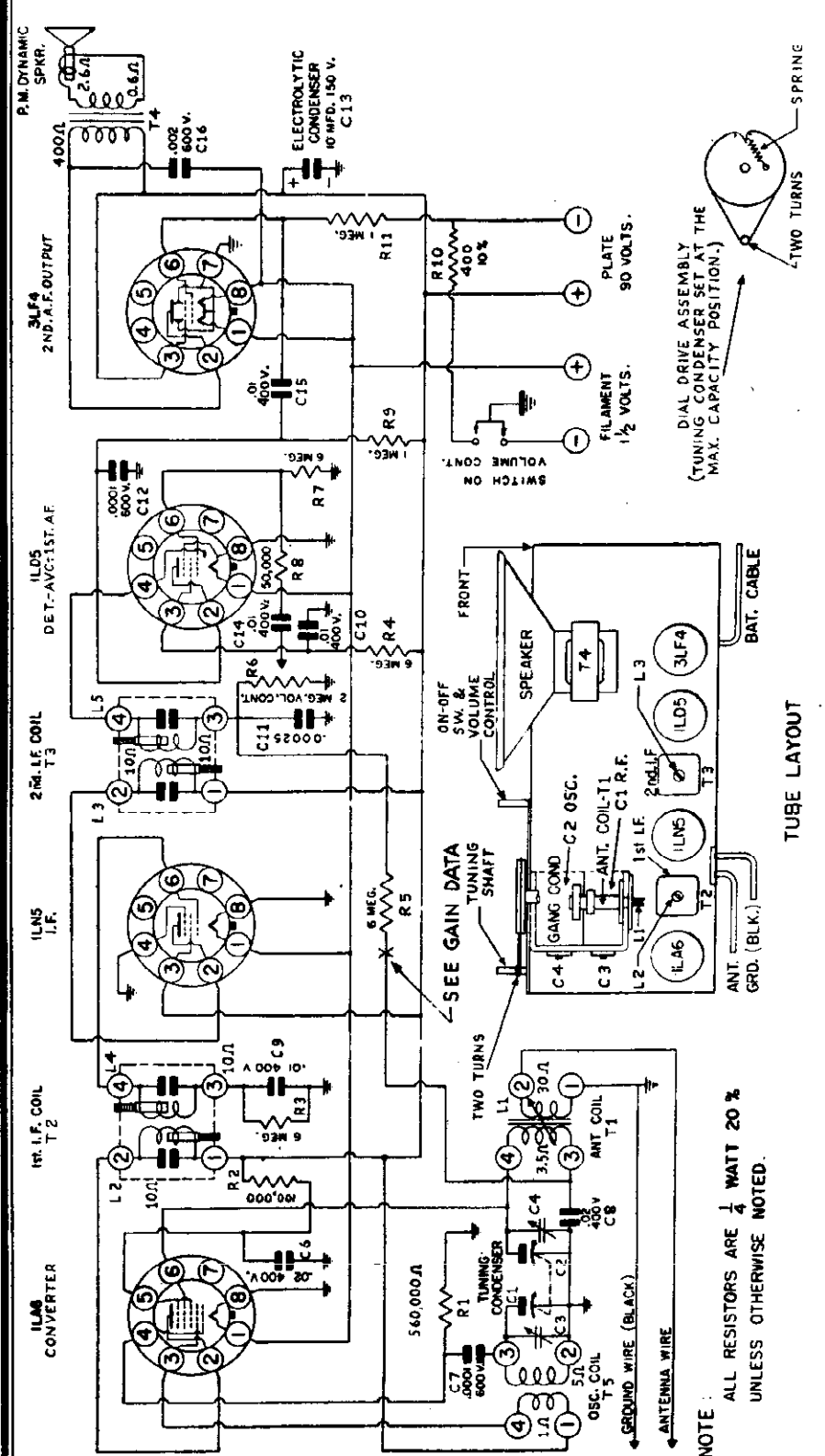
IN MAKING GAIN PER STAGE MEASUREMENTS, CIRCUIT WAS OPENED AT POINT X TO STOP AVC ACTION, AND A 1-1/2 VOLT BATTERY CONNECTED BETWEEN THIS POINT AND GROUND.

MODEL 17A5

GENERAL TELEV. & RADIO CORP.



GENERAL TELEV. & RADIO CORP.



NOTE :
ALL RESISTORS ARE 1/4 WATT 20 %
UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.

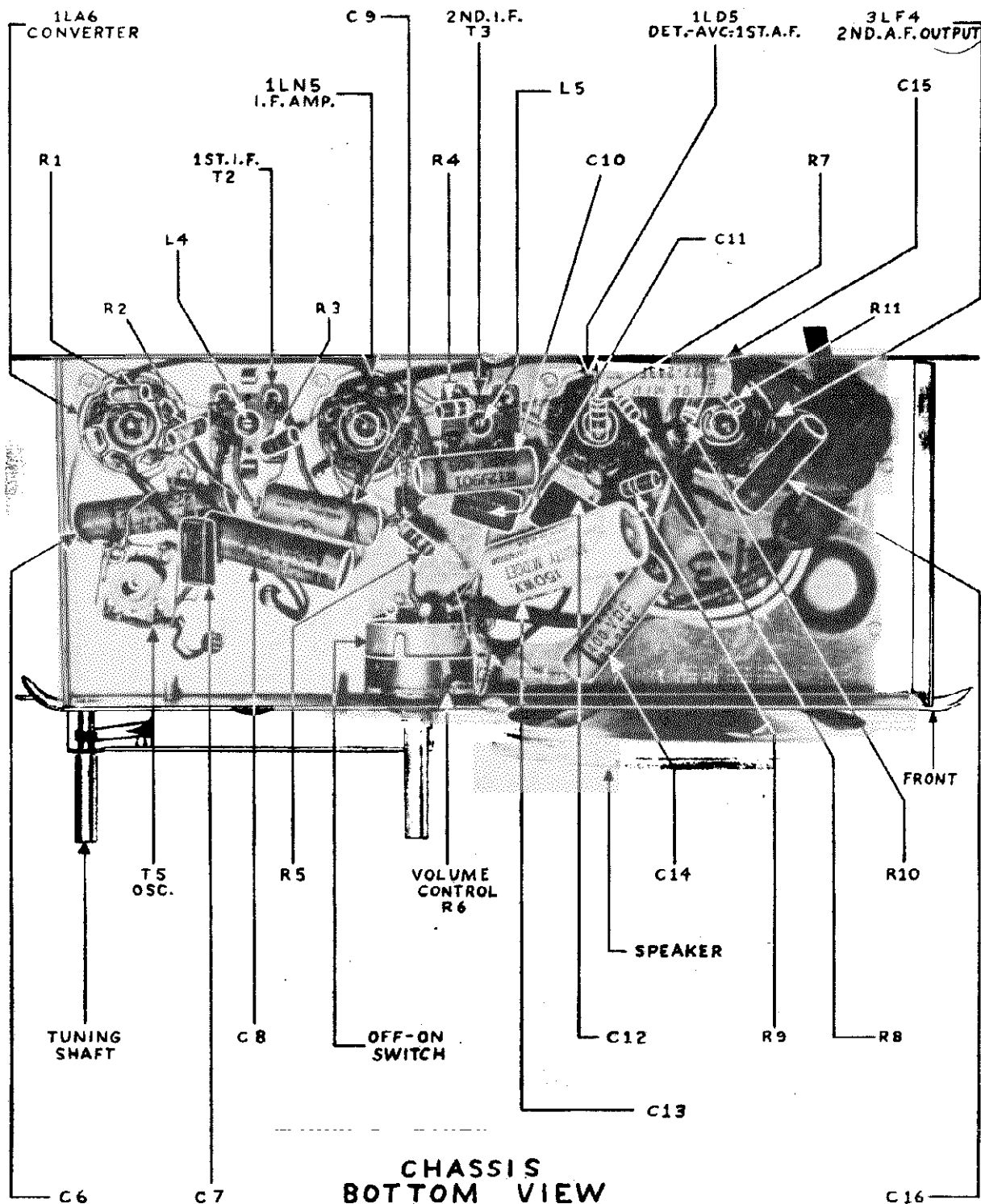
TUBE LAYOUT

TUBE	PIN	VTVM	D-C VOLTAGE		RESISTANCE	
			20,000 OHMS PER VOLT	1000 OHMS PER VOLT	20,000 OHMS PER VOLT	1000 OHMS PER VOLT
1LA6	1	+1.5	+1.4	+1.4	+1.4	4
	2	+90	+90	+20	+20	INFINITE
	3	+90	+90	+16	+16	INFINITE
	4	-3.5	-0.5	-0.2	-0.2	2,000,000
	5	+34	+32	0	0	INFINITE
	6	-0.3	-0.1	0	0	7,500,000
	7	0	0	0	0	7,700,000
1L5	1	+1.5	+1.4	+1.4	+1.4	4
	2	+90	+90	+86	+86	INFINITE
	3	+90	+90	+90	+90	INFINITE
	4	0	0	0	0	INFINITE
	5	0	0	-5.4	-5.4	0
	6	-0.3	-0.1	-1	-1	450
	7	-0.3	-0.1	0	0	1,700,000

IF PEAK 456 KC

MODEL 14A4F

GENERAL TELEV. & RADIO CORP.



CHASSIS
BOTTOM VIEW

GENERAL TELEV. & RADIO CORP.

MODELS 1A5, 3A5, 5A5, 19A
MODELS 9A5, 15A5, 17A5
MODEL 14A4F

ALIGNMENT

MODELS 1A5, 3A5, 5A5, 19A5

The chassis must be removed from the cabinet in order to align this receiver. Connect the output meter across the voice coil. Connect the signal generator to the Standard Hazeltine Model 1150 loop, and couple loosely to the receiver loop. Set the receiver volume control at maximum. The tuning condenser plates should be fully meshed when the dial pointer is at the index mark at the low frequency end of the dial. The signal generator output should at all times be just sufficient to obtain a minimum deflection on the output meter. Set the signal generator to 456 Kc. Adjust the i-f trimmers for maximum meter deflection in the following sequence: L4, L2, L3, L1. Set the generator and receiver to 1600 Kc and adjust oscillator trimmer C4 for maximum output. Set the generator and receiver to 1400 Kc and adjust loop trimmer C3 for maximum output.

MODELS 9A5, 15A5, 17A5

The chassis must be removed from the cabinet in order to align this receiver. Connect the output meter across the voice coil. Connect the signal generator to the standard Hazeltine Loop Model 1150, and couple loosely to the receiver loop. Set the receiver volume control at maximum. The tuning condenser plates should be fully meshed when the dial pointer is at the index mark at the low frequency end of the dial. The signal generator output should at all times be just sufficient to obtain a minimum deflection on the output meter. Set the signal generator to 456 Kc and adjust the i-f trimmers for maximum meter deflection in the following sequence: L4, L3, L2, L1. Set the generator and receiver to 1600 Kc and adjust the oscillator trimmer C4 for maximum output. Set the generator and receiver to 1400 Kc and adjust the loop trimmer C3 for maximum output.

MODEL 14A4F

Alignment may be accomplished with the chassis in the cabinet if a small alignment screwdriver is used. Connect the output meter across the voice coil. Connect the high side of the signal generator to the antenna lead through a .01 mf condenser and the low side to the black ground wire. Set the receiver volume control at maximum. The tuning condenser plates should be fully meshed when the dial pointer is at the index mark at the low frequency end of the dial. The signal generator output should at all times be just sufficient to obtain a minimum deflection on the output meter. Set the signal generator to 455 Kc and adjust the i-f trimmers for maximum output in the following sequence: L5, L3, L4, L2. Set the generator and receiver to 1500 Kc and adjust the oscillator shunt trimmer C4 for maximum output. Set the generator and receiver to 1400 Kc and adjust the antenna trimmer C3 for maximum output. Set the generator and receiver to 600 Kc and adjust the antenna coil tuning slug L1 for maximum output. Repeat the high frequency adjustment of the antenna trimmer C3 at 1400 Kc.

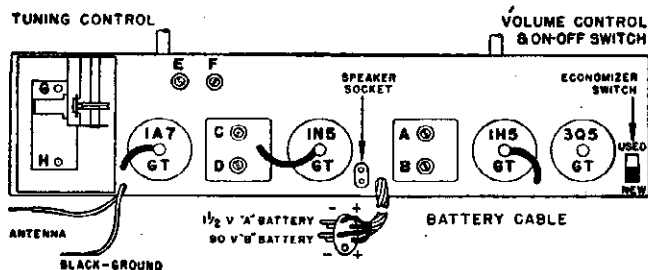
MODEL R643-PM

B. F. GOODRICH CO.

MODEL R643-PM

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

- **IMPORTANT**—Check to see that dial pointer reaches each end of dial scale when Station Selector Control is turned from one end to the other.
- Volume control—Maximum for all adjustments.
- Connect radio chassis to ground post of signal generator with a short heavy lead.
- Connect dummy antenna value in series with generator output lead, when needed (see below).
- Connect output meter across voice coil of speaker.
- Allow chassis and signal generator to warm up for several minutes.



- Use lowest Output setting of Signal Generator capable of producing adequate Output Meter indication and then proceed as indicated in the chart below.

Band	Signal Generator Frequency	Dummy Antenna	Connection to Radio	Receiver Dial Setting	Trimmers Adjusted (In Order Shown)	Trimmer Function	Type of Adjustment
I. F.	455 KC.	.1 MFD.	Grid of 1A7 (Cap)	High frequency end of dial	C-D—2nd I.F.	Output I.F.	Adjust to maximum output
	455 KC.	.1 MFD.	Grid of 1A7 (Cap)	High frequency end of dial	A-B—1st I.F.	Input I.F.	Adjust to maximum output
BROAD-CAST	1630 KC.	.0002 MFD.	Antenna Lead	High frequency end of dial	E—(See note below) F—(See note below)	Oscillator Antenna	Adjust to maximum output
	1300 KC.	.0002 MFD.	Antenna Lead	1300 KC.	G H	Oscillator Antenna	Adjust to maximum output

NOTE: Before adjusting trimmers "E" and "F", make sure that each iron core is 1 1/8" or more outside of its coil form. If necessary, turn adjustments "G" and "H" to accomplish this.

CONDENSERS

Symbol	Description	Part No.
C1	Paper, .01 mfd., 400 V.	64B1-25
C2	Mica, .0008 mfd. ±10%	65B5-31
C3	Trimmer, Antenna	66A21-1
C4	Trimmer, Oscillator	
C5	Mica, .0001 mfd. ±20%	65B7-17
C6	Mica, .0008 mfd. ±10%	65B5-31
C7	Paper, .01 mfd., 400 V.	64B1-25
C8	Paper, .002 mfd., 600 V.	64B1-14
C9	Elect., 4 mfd., 150 V.	67A4-2
C10	Paper, .05 mfd., 200 V.	64B1-32
C11	Mica, .00025 mfd. ±20%	65B7-22
C12	Mica, .00025 mfd. ±20%	65B7-22
C13	Paper, .01 mfd., 400 V.	64B1-25
C14	Paper, .01 mfd., 400 V.	64B1-25
C15	Paper, .005 mfd., 600 V.	64B1-12
C16	Paper, .01 mfd., 400 V.	64B1-25
C17	Paper, .01 mfd., 400 V.	64B1-25

RESISTORS

R1	15,000 ohm ±10%, 1/2W.	60B8-153
R2	470,000 ohm ±10%, 1/4W.	60B2-474
R3	220,000 ohm ±10%, 1/2W.	60B8-224
R4	33,000 ohm ±10%, 1/2W.	60B8-333
R5	4,700,000 ohm ±10%, 1/4W.	60B2-475
R6	2,200,000 ohm ±10%, 1/4W.	60B2-225
R7	1 megohm Volume Control & Switch	75B1-1
R8	4,700,000 ohm ±10%, 1/4W.	60B2-475
R9	1,000,000 ohm ±10%, 1/4W.	60B2-105
R10	1,000,000 ohm ±10%, 1/4W.	60B2-105
R11	390 ohm ±10%, 1/4W.	60B2-391
R12	0.75 ohm ±10%, 1/4W. (Wire)	61A2-1
R13	2200 ohm ±10%, 1/4W.	60B2-222

TRANSFORMERS AND COILS

L1	Antenna Coil	AC105-1
L2	Oscillator Coil	A1020
L3	1st I.F. Transformer	72B5
L4	2nd I.F. Transformer	72B6
L5	Choke Coil (RF)	AB103-1
T1	Output Transformer	98A5

MISCELLANEOUS

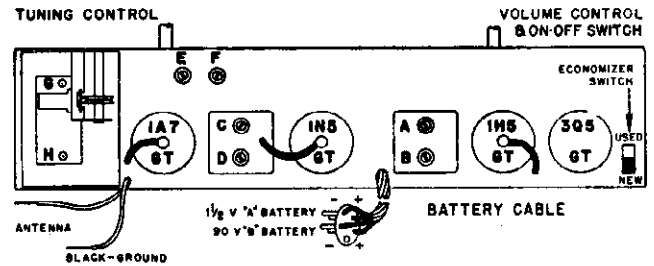
Description	Part No.
Background, Dial	X22C5-1
Cabinet, R643-PM (Plastic)	34D10
Cable, Battery (complete with plug)	A1026
Cap, Grid	90A1-2
Clip, Dial Glass	18A2
Cord, Dial (5" on tuner and 63" on dial drive)	50A1-3
Dial Scale, glass	21B25
Drum and Hub, Tuning	A1035
Grille Cloth	36B3-1
Iron Slug, with wire (Oscillator)	71B1-3
Iron Slug, with wire (Antenna)	71B1-4
Knob	33A7-2
Plug, Battery, 5 Prong	88A4-4
Pointer, Dial	25A9-1
Pulley, Fibre Dial	17A1-3
Screw Studs (for iron cores)	27A4
Shaft, Tuning	28A1-1
Shaft and Pulley (Tuner)	A1040
Shield, Tube	87A8
Socket, Octal Tube	87A5-1
Socket, Speaker	87A4-3
Speaker and Output Transformer	78B15-2
Speaker Guard	38A5-2
Spring, Dial Drum Cord Tension	19B1-10
Spring, Hairpin (To hold Ant. or Osc. coil)	19A3-1
Spring, Tuner Slide Cord Tension	19A1-4
Spring, Tuner, back bearing takeup	19A6
Spring, Tuner, front bearing takeup	19A5
Spring, Tuner Slide Pressure	18A9
Switch, SPST (Economizer) SW2	77B1-6
Washer, C	4A4-1
Washer, spring (coils)	4A6-12-0
Washer, spring (shaft)	4A6-3-0

B. F. GOODRICH CO.

MODEL R643-W

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

Be sure Radio Receiver and Signal Generator are thoroughly warmed up before starting alignment procedure.
Check setting of Pointer Extremes and note correct 600 K.C. and 1400 K.C. positions on Dial Background. (See Dial Diagram on reverse side.)
Connect Output Meter across Voice Coil.
Turn Receiver Volume Control—full on.
Use lowest Output setting of Signal Generator capable of producing adequate Output Meter indication and then proceed in the following sequence.
Repeat adjustments to insure final overall maximum results.



Connect Signal Generator to—	Dummy Antenna Between Radio and Generator	Set Generator Frequency to—	Set Receiver Dial Frequency to—	Adjust Following Trimmers or Slugs	Type of Adjustmer
Grid of 1A7 (Cap)	.1 mfd. Condenser	455 Kc.	High frequency End of dial	A-B—1st I.F. C-D—2nd I.F.	Adjust to maximum Output
Antenna Lead	.0002 mfd. Condenser	1630 Kc.	High frequency End of dial	E—Osc. (Trimmer) F—Ant. (Trimmer)	Adjust to maximum Output
Antenna Lead	.0002 mfd. Condenser	1400 Kc.	Tune in Generator Signal	G—Osc. (iron core) H—Ant. (iron core)	Adjust to maximum Output

PAPER CONDENSERS

Part No.	Symbol No.	Description
64B1-14	C8	.002 mfd. 600 Volt
64B1-12	C15	.005 mfd. 600 Volt
64B1-25	C1, C7, C13, C14, C16	.01 mfd. 400 Volt
64B1-32	C10	.05 mfd. 200 Volt

MICA CONDENSERS

Part No.	Symbol	Description
65B7-17	C5	.0001 mfd.
65B7-22	C11, C12	.00025 mfd.
64B5-31	C2, C6	.0008 mfd.

ELECTROLYTIC CONDENSER

Part No.	Symbol	Description
67A4-2	C9	4. mfd. 150 Volt

TRIMMER CONDENSERS

Part No.	Symbol No.	Description
66A9-1	C3, C4	Dual trimmer

RESISTORS

Part No.	Symbol	Description
61A2-1	R12	.75 ohm 1/4 w (wire)
60B2-391	R11	390. ohm 1/4 w
60B2-222	R13	2200 ohm 1/4 w
60B8-153	R1	15,000 ohm 1/2 w

60B9-333	R4	33,000 ohm 1/4 w
60B8-224	R3	220,000 ohm 1/4 w
60B2-474	R2	470,000 ohm 1/4 w
60B2-105	R9, R10	1,000,000 ohm 1/4 w
60B2-225	R6	2,200,000 ohm 1/4 w
60B2-475	R5, R8	4,700,000 ohm 1/4 w

VOLUME CONTROL

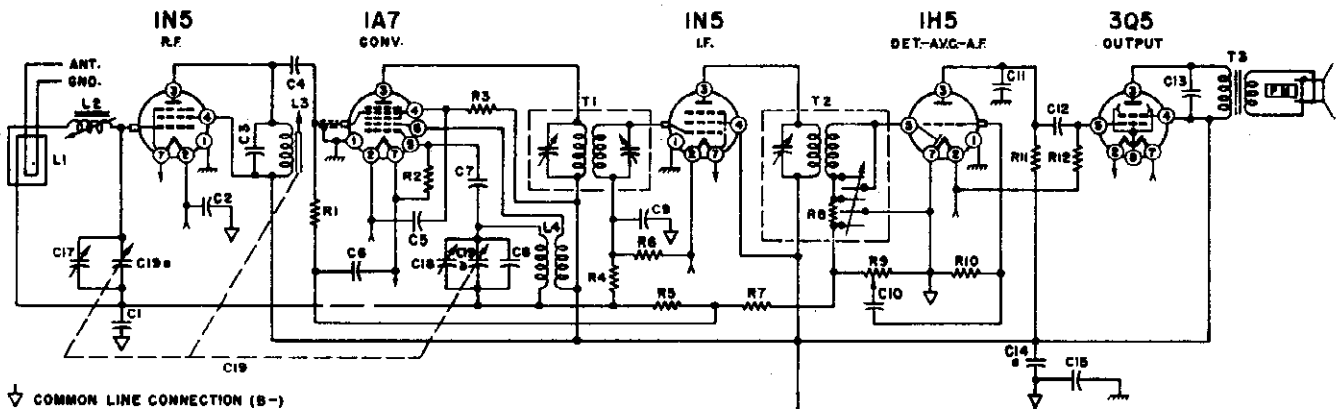
Part No.	Symbol No.	Description
75B1-1	R7	1 megohm Vol. Control and switch

TRANSFORMERS AND COILS

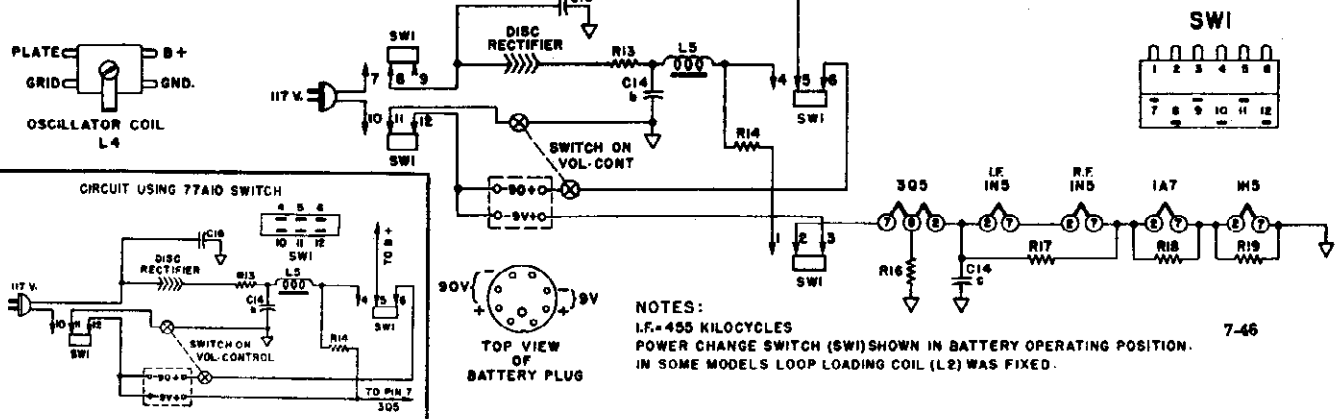
Part No.	Symbol No.	Description
AC105-1	L1	Antenna coil
AB104-4	L2	Oscillator coil
72B5	L3	1st I.F. Transformer
72B6	L4	2nd I.F. Transformer
AB103-1	L5	Choke coil (RF)
	T1	Output Transformer (specify full speaker part no. including mfg. code when ordering)

MISCELLANEOUS

22C5-1		Background, Dial
35C25		Cabinet, R643-W
A1026		Cable, Battery (complete with plug)
90A1-4		Cap, Grid
50A1-1		Cord, Dial (5" on tuner) (53" on dial drive)
A1035		Drum and Hub, Tuning
23A8-1		Escutcheon
71B1-3		Iron Core, with wire (Osc.)
71B1-4		Iron Core, with wire (Ant.)
33A7-2		Knob
A1028		Permeability Tuner Assembly, complete
88A4-4		Plug, Battery 5 Prong
25A9-1		Pointer, Dial
17A1-3		Pulley, Fibre Dial
21B13		Scale, Glass Dial
27A4		Screw studs (for iron cores)
87A8		Shield, Tube
28A11-1		Shaft, Tuning
A1040		Shaft and pulley (Tuner)
87A10-2		Socket, octal tube
78B5		Speaker and output Transformer (specify complete part number including mfg. code, when ordering)
19A1-3		Spring, Dial Drum Cord Tension
19A1-4		Spring, Tuner slide cord tension
18A1		Spring, Tuner slide pressure
19A5		Spring, Tuner, front bearing takeup
19A6		Spring, Tuner, back bearing takeup
19A3-1		Spring, Hairpin (To hold Ant.-Osc coils)
95A9-1		Spirashield (3")
77A1-6		Switch, SPST (Economizer)
9A8-1		Terminal, Tuner slide cord
4A4-1		Washer, C
4A6-3-0		Washer, spring (shaft)
4A6-5-0		Washer, spring (coils)



▽ COMMON LINE CONNECTION (S-)
 CHASSIS GROUND



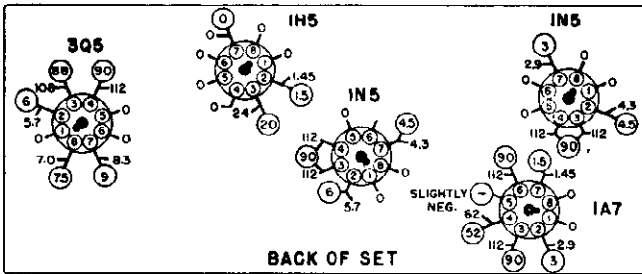
NOTES:

I.F. = 455 KILOCYCLES
 POWER CHANGE SWITCH (SW1) SHOWN IN BATTERY OPERATING POSITION.
 IN SOME MODELS LOOP LOADING COIL (L2) WAS FIXED.

7-46

VOLTAGE CHART

VOLTAGE DATA



1. Voltage readings circled (O) are for Battery Operation.
2. All readings made between Tube Socket Terminals and Pin No. 7 on the IH5.
3. A.C. Voltages measured on a 117 Volt A.C. line.
4. Battery Voltages measured with a fresh battery.
5. Dial turned to low frequency end, no signal.
6. All Voltages measured with a 1000 ohm-per-volt meter.

CONDENSERS

RESISTORS

COILS & TRANSFORMERS

Symbol	Description	Part No.
C1	.05 Mfd., 200 Volt, Paper	64B1-32
C2	.25 Mfd., 200 Volt, Paper	64B1-28
C3	.00042 Mfd., Mica	65B1-13
C4, C11	.00025 Mfd., Mica	65B5-22
C5, C6, C9, C10, C12	.01 Mfd., 400 Volt, Paper	64B1-25
C7	.00005 Mfd., Mica	65B5-11
C8	.000015 Mfd., Mica	65B5-3
C13	.002 Mfd., 600 Volt, Paper	64B1-14
C14a	50 Mfd., 150 Volt	Elect. Cond. 67C7-42
C14b	30 Mfd., 150 Volt	
C14c	100 Mfd., 25 Volt	
C15	.2 Mfd., 400 Volt, Paper	64A2-1
C16	.05 Mfd., 400 Volt, Paper	64B1-22
C17	Antenna Trimmer	66A12-5
C18	Oscillator Trimmer (Part of Gang)	
C19 {C19a, C19b}	Condenser, Gang	69B4

Symbol	Description	Part No.
R6	4.7 Megohms, 1/4 Watt, Carbon	60B2-475
R7	3.3 Megohms, 1/4 Watt, Carbon	60B2-335
R8	47,000 Ohms, 1/2 Watt, Carbon	60B8-473
R9	1 Megohm Volume Control	75B1-10C
R10	15 Megohms, 1/4 Watt, Carbon	60B2-156
R11	1 Megohm, 1/4 Watt, Carbon	60B2-105
R12	2.2 Megohms, 1/4 Watt, Carbon	60B2-225
R13	68 Ohms, Wire Wound, 1 Watt	60B28-4
R14	2,275 Ohms, Wire Wound, 5 Watt	61A3-6
R16	1,500 Ohms, 1/2 Watt, Carbon	60B8-152
R17	560 Ohms, 1/2 Watt, Carbon	60B8-561
R18	220 Ohms, 1/2 Watt, Carbon	60B8-221
R19	120 Ohms, 1/2 Watt, Carbon	60B8-121

Symbol	Description	Part No.
T2	2nd I.F. Transformer	72B10-2
T3	Transformer, Output	*
SW1	Switch, Power Change (R652)	77A6
	Switch, Power Change (R652N)	77A10

MISCELLANEOUS

RESISTORS

COILS & TRANSFORMERS

R1	100,000 Ohms, 1/2 Watt, Carbon	60B8-104
R2	220,000 Ohms, 1/2 Watt, Carbon	60B8-224
R3	47,000 Ohms, 1/2 Watt, Carbon	60B8-473
R4, R5	4.7 Megohms, 1/4 Watt, Carbon	60B2-475

L2	Coil, Loop Loading, (fixed)	AA114
	Coil, Loop Loading, (variable)	AA115
L3	Iron Slug for plate coil	71B1-3
L4	Coil, Plate	AB100-5
L5	Oscillator Coil	69A7
T1	Choke Filter	74A5
	1st I.F. Transformer	72B9-2

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

1. Be sure both set and signal generator are thoroughly warmed up before starting alignment.
2. Make alignment, using a battery whenever possible.
3. Disconnect Loop Antenna leads from clips on set and remove chassis from cabinet.
4. Connect a 50,000 ohm carbon resistor across the two clips from which the Loop Antenna was removed.
5. Connect Output Meter across the Voice Coil.
6. Connect a fresh battery to the set.
7. Turn receiver Volume Control full on.

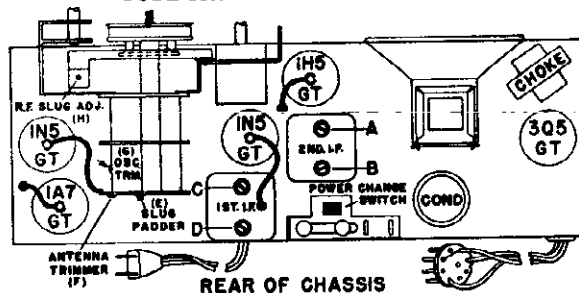
Step	Dummy Antenna Used in Series with Signal Generator	Connect High Side Signal Generator to	Signal Generator Frequency	Gang Condenser Setting	Trimmer Description and Designation	Type of Adjustment
1	.00025 Mfd. when using A.C. .1 Mfd. when using Battery	Grid Cap 1A7	455 K.C.	Any point where it does not affect Signal	2nd I.F. (A), (B). 1st I.F. (C), (D).	Maximum Deflection. Then repeat
2	.00025 Mfd. when using A.C. .1 Mfd. when using Battery	Grid Cap 1N5	1620 K.C.	Rotor full open (Plates out of mesh)	Oscillator Trimmer (G)	Maximum Deflection
3	.00025 Mfd. when using A.C. .1 Mfd. when using Battery	Grid Cap 1N5	1400 K.C.	Tune in Generator Signal	R.F. Slug (H)	Maximum Deflection
4	Replace Set in Cabinet					
5	.00025 Mfd.	Antenna and Ground Leads	1400 K.C.	Tune in Generator Signal	Antenna Trimmer (F)	Maximum Deflection
6	Disregard the next two steps if the set being aligned is a model with a fixed loop loading coil (L2).					
7	.00025 Mfd.	Antenna and Ground Leads	600 K.C.	Tune in Generator Signal	Loop Loading Coil Slug (E)	Maximum Deflection
8	.00025 Mfd.	Antenna and Ground Leads	1400 K.C.	Tune in Generator Signal	Reset Antenna Trimmer (F)	Maximum Deflection

Seal adjusting screw on the loop loading coil with any quick drying cement.

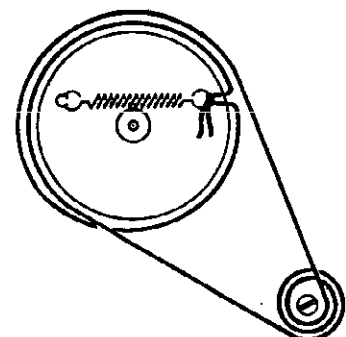
REPLACING R.F. TUNING SLUG

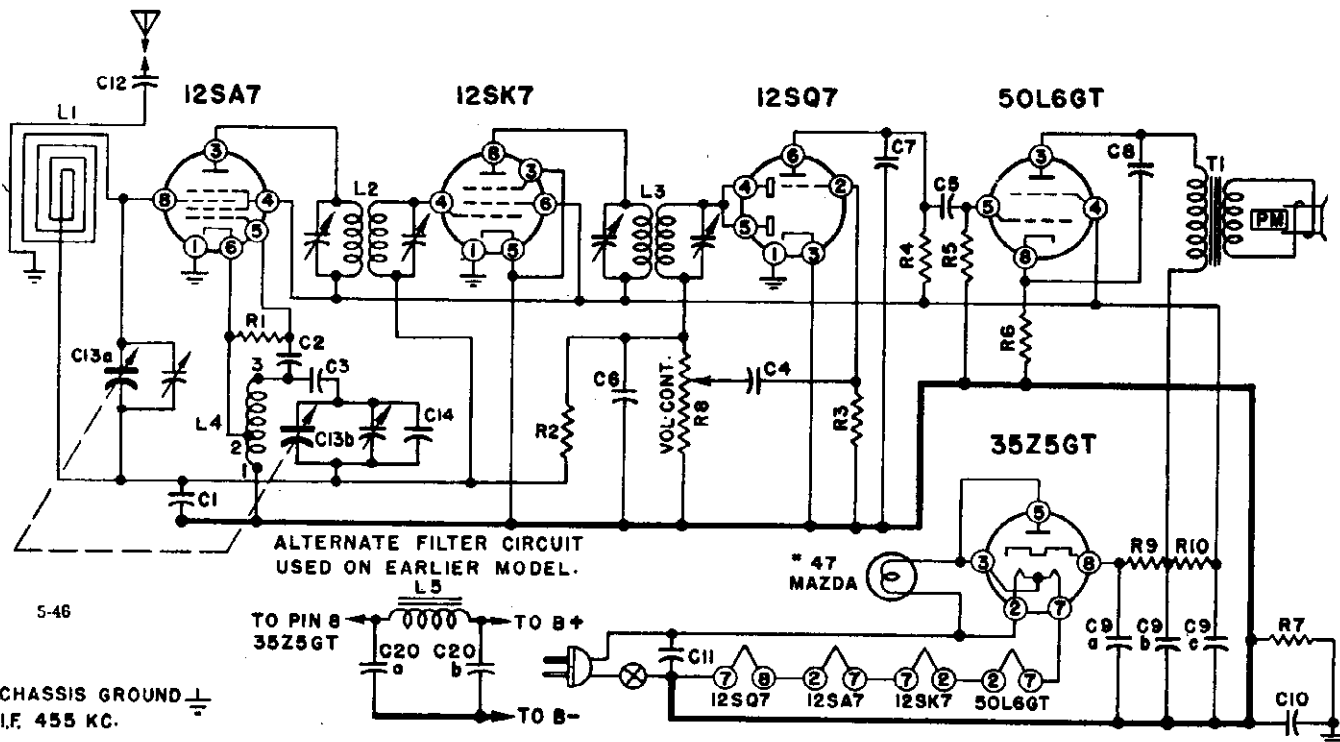
If the R.F. Tuning Slug has to be changed, use the following procedure. Set the gang condenser to the point where the plates are fully meshed. Screw the slug adjusting screw about halfway down. Place the slug in the coil in such a position that the top of the slug is flush with the top of the coil. Solder the slug wire to the adjusting screw. Be sure that the position of the slug does not change during the soldering and that the slug wire is straight. Proceed to re-align the set as shown in the chart.

TUBE AND TRIMMER LAYOUT



DIAL CORD STRINGING



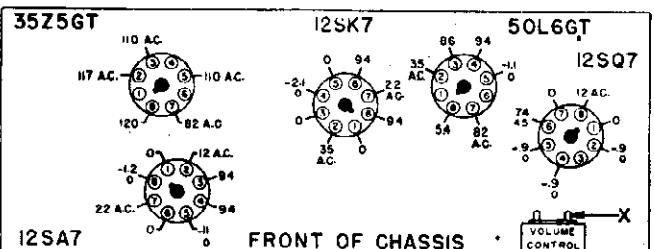


NOTE: 1. In later production R9 and C9a are disconnected from pin No. 8 of the 35Z5 and a 33-ohm 1-watt resistor (R11) is connected between pin No. 8 and the junction of R9 and C9a.

2. The jumper between pins 4 and 5 on the 12SQ7 is removed and one pin is connected to the secondary of the second I.F. (L3) and the other pin is connected directly to the junction point of R2 and the secondary of the 1st I.F. (2).

VOLTAGE DATA

All readings made between Tube Socket Terminals and Switch Lug on volume control (Point "X" on drawing).
 Voltages indicated obtained on Vacuum Tube voltmeter.
 A second voltage reading is shown made with a 1000 ohm-per-volt meter when use of this instrument would result in appreciably lower readings.



Bottom View

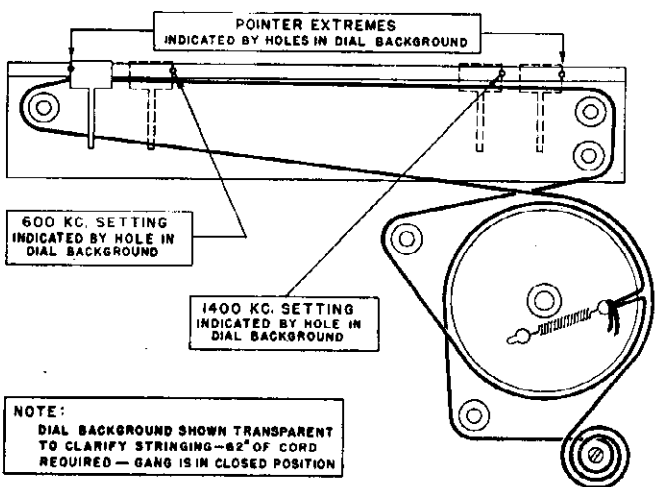
Measured on a 117 Volt A.C. line; volume control full on; dial tuned to low frequency end, no signal.

Frequency Range 540-1630 Kc.

POWER SUPPLY

This receiver is designed to operate from any AC (Alternating Current) power supply main of 110-120 volts, 50-60 cycles or DC (Direct Current) power supply main of 110-120 volts. If the receiver fails to operate on DC (Direct Current), reverse the power main plug.
 On AC only the line plug should be tried both ways and left in the position that give minimum hum.

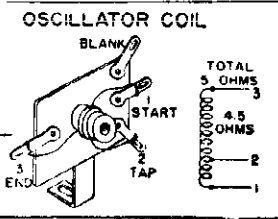
DIAL STRINGING AND POINTER SETTINGS



NOTE: DIAL BACKGROUND SHOWN TRANSPARENT TO CLARIFY STRINGING—82" OF CORD REQUIRED—GANG IS IN CLOSED POSITION

COILS

Symbol	Description
L1 (Sec. 2.3 ohms)	Loop
L2	1st I.F. Trans.
L3	2nd I.F. Trans.
L4	Osc. Coil
L5 (325 ohms)	Choke, Filter

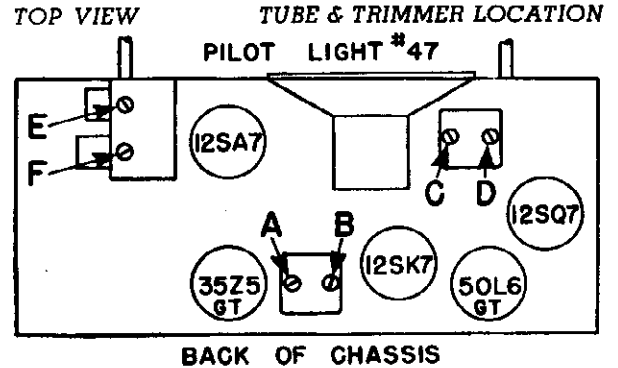


B. F. GOODRICH CO.

MODELS R654-FM, R654-P
MODEL R655-W

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

- Be sure Radio Receiver and Signal Generator are thoroughly warmed up before starting alignment procedure.
- Check setting of Pointer Extremes and note correct 600 K.C. and 1400 K.C. positions on Dial Background. (See Dial Diagram on reverse side.)
- Connect radio chassis to ground post of signal generator with a short heavy lead.
- Connect Output Meter across Voice Coil of Speaker.
- Turn Receiver Volume Control full on.
- Use lowest Output setting of Signal Generator capable of producing adequate Output Meter indication and then proceed as outlined in chart below.
- Repeat adjustments to insure final overall maximum results.



Step	Dummy Antenna between Radio and Signal Generator	Connect Signal Generator to	Signal Generator Frequency	Gang Condenser Setting	Trimmers Adjusted for Maximum Output
1	250 mmfd. Condenser	Gang Condenser Antenna Stator	455 KC.	Rotor full open (Plates out of mesh)	C and D—2nd. I.F.
2	250 mmfd. Condenser	Gang Condenser Antenna Stator	455 KC.	Rotor full open (Plates out of mesh)	A and B—1st I.F.
3	250 mmfd. Condenser	Gang Condenser Antenna Stator	1630 KC.	Rotor full open (Plates out of mesh)	E—Oscillator
4	No actual connection between set and generator.	Loop radiator (or place pickup lead from generator close to loop of set to obtain adequate signal).	1400 KC.	Set Gang to tune in Generator Signal	F—Antenna (See Note)

NOTE: Antenna trimmer "F" must be aligned after chassis and loop are mounted in the cabinet. This adjustment can be made by lifting up the top cover and removing the plug button which is directly above trimmer "F".

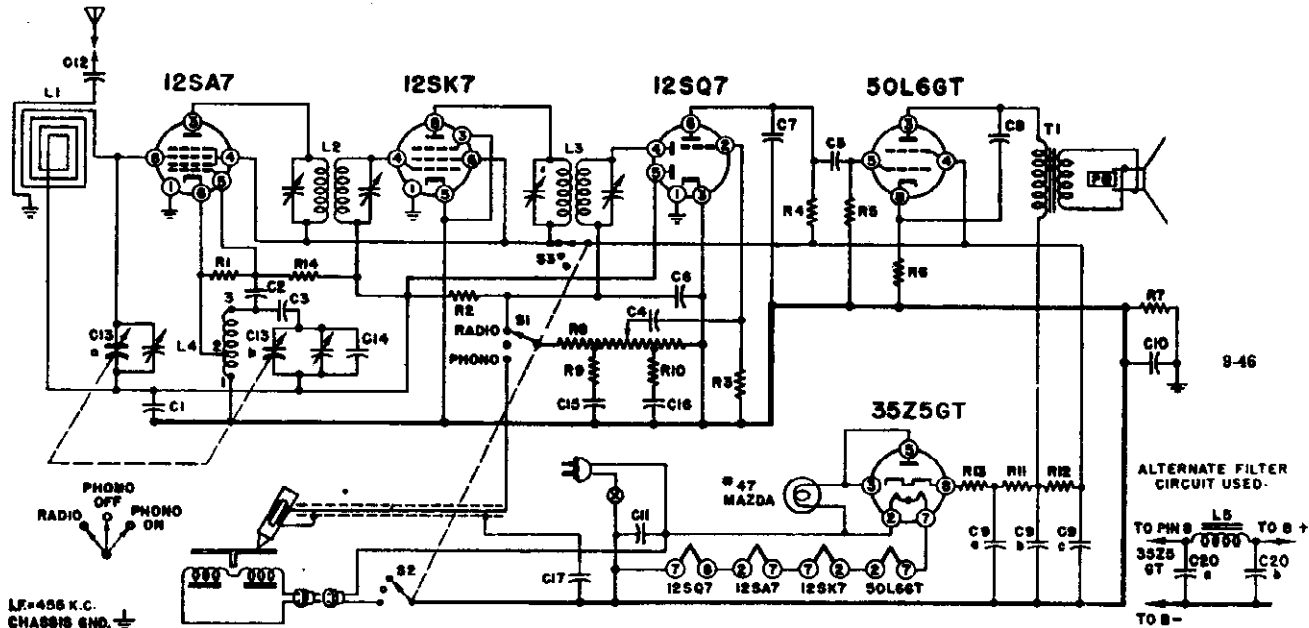
MODEL R655-W

REPLACEMENT PARTS

CONDENSERS			RESISTORS			MISCELLANEOUS	
Symbol	Description	Part No.	Symbol	Description	Part No.	Description	Part No.
C1	.1 mfd., 200 Volts, Paper	64B1-30	R8	1/2 megohm. Volume Control and Switch. Tapped at approx. 100,000 and 200,000 ohms from start.	75B3-2	Background, Dial	X22C3-1
C2	50 mmfd., Mica	85B7-11	R9	47,000 ohms, 1/2 Watt	60B8-473	Dial Scale, Glass	21B27-2
C3	.02 mfd., 400 Volts, Paper	64B1-24	R10	27,000 ohms, 1/2 Watt	60B8-273	Drum and Hub Assembly	A1012
C4	.01 mfd., 400 Volts, Paper	65A3-10	R11	150 ohms, 1 Watt	60B28-1	Grommet, Rubber Insulating	12A1-1
C5	.01 mfd., 400 Volts, Paper	65A3-10	R12	1,000 ohms, 1 Watt	60B28-2	Grommet, Rubber for Drum	12A1-2
C6	250 mmfd., Mica	65B7-22	R13	33 ohms, 1 Watt	60B28-3	Knob, Tuning or Volume Control	33A16-2
C7	500 mmfd., Mica	65B7-27	R14	10 megohms, 1/2 Watt	60B9-106	Knob, Radio-Phono Switch	33A11-5
C8	.02 mfd., 400 Volts, Paper	64B1-24	TRANSFORMERS and COILS			Pilot Light, Mazda No. 47	81A1-8
C9a	30 mfd., 150 V.	Electrolytic 67A8	L1	Antenna, Loop	69B6	Pilot Light Socket and Leads	82A2-3
C9b	30 mfd., 150 V.		L2	Transformer, 1st I. F.	72B3	Plug, Button	13A2-1-57
C9c	20 mfd., 150 V.		L3	Transformer, 2nd I. F.	72B4	Plug, Aiden (Motor Leads)	88A8-1
C10	.1 mfd., 400 Volts, Paper	64B1-20	L4	Oscillator Coil	69A5	Pointer	25A4-1
C11	.05 mfd., 400 Volts, Paper	64B1-22	L5	Choke Coil (Filter)	74A1	Pulley, Fibre Dial	17A1-3
C12	.005 mfd., 600 Volts, Paper	64B1-12	T1	Transformer, Output	98A4	Shaft, Tuning	28A1-1
C13a	.00042 mfd., Gang	69A2	PHONOGRAPH PARTS			Socket and Leads (Aiden)	89A6-2
C13b	.00018 mfd., Gang		C14	15 mmfd., Mica	65B5-3	Socket, Octal Tube	87A5-1
C15	.01 mfd., 400 Volts, Paper	65A3-10	R1	22,000 ohms, 1/2 Watt	60B8-223	Speaker (5" PM) & Output Transformer	79B13-1
C16	.01 mfd., 400 Volts, Paper	65A3-10	R2	1 megohm, 1/2 Watt	60B8-105	Spring, Dial Cord Tension	19B1-7
C17	.05 mfd., 400 Volts, Paper	64B1-22	R3	10 megohms, 1/2 Watt	60B8-106	Switch, Rotary Radio-Phono	{ 77A8 or 77A11
C20a	30 mfd., 150 V.	Electrolytic 67A3	R4	220,000 ohms, 1/2 Watt	60B8-224	Washer, Flat Insulating	5A1-6
C20b	50 mfd., 150 V.		R5	470,000 ohms, 1/2 Watt	60B8-474	Washer, Offset Insulating	5A2-5
RESISTORS			R6	150 ohms, 1/2 Watt	60B8-151	Washer, C	4A4-1
R1	22,000 ohms, 1/2 Watt	60B8-223	R7	150,000 ohms, 1/2 Watt	60B8-154	Washer, Spring	4A6-3-0
R2	1 megohm, 1/2 Watt	60B8-105					
R3	10 megohms, 1/2 Watt	60B8-106					
R4	220,000 ohms, 1/2 Watt	60B8-224					
R5	470,000 ohms, 1/2 Watt	60B8-474					
R6	150 ohms, 1/2 Watt	60B8-151					
R7	150,000 ohms, 1/2 Watt	60B8-154					

PARTS FOR MODELS R654-FM, R654-PV THE SAME AS ABOVE EXCEPT FOR THE PHONOGRAPH PARTS AND THE FOLLOWING EXCEPTIONS:

MICA CONDENSERS			MISCELLANEOUS	
Part No.	Symbol	Description	Part No.	Description
64B1-25	C4 C5	.01 mfd. 400 V.	22C3-1	Background, Dial
64A2-1	C10	.2 mfd. 900 V.	15A14	Bracket, Loop Retainer
65B5-5	C14	Mica 20 mmf. ±10%	34D5-1	Cabinet (Ivory)
60B28-3	R11	33 ohm 1 W. ±10%	34D5-2	Cabinet (Mahogany)
60B28-1	R9	150 ohm 1 W. ±10%	43B9	Cover, Back
60B28-2	R10	1,000 ohm 1 W. ±10%	18A2	Clip, Dial Glass Mtg.
75B1-6	R8	1 meg Control and Switch	89A1	Cord, Line
			50A1-3	Cord, Dial (62")
			A1012	Drum and Hub Assy., Dial
			12A1-2	Grommets, Rubber
			33A7-1	Knob, Ivory
			33A7-2	Knob, Mahogany
			1A67-27-2	Mounting Bolts, 8-32 x 1/2" lg.
			81A1-8	Pilot Light No. 47
			82A2-3	Pilot Light Socket and Leads
			25A4-1	Pointer, Metal Dial
			17A1-3	Pulley, Fibre Dial
			21B8-1	Scale, Glass Dial
			28A1-1	Shaft, Tuning
			13A1-4-47	Snap Buttons (for Cabinet Back)
			87A1C-2	Socket, Laminated Octal Tube
			78B4-1	Speaker, 5" PM and Output Trans.
			19A1-3	Spring, Dial Cord Tension
			5A1-6	Washer, Fibre Flat
			5A2-5	Washer, Fibre Offset
			4A4-1	Washer, C
			4A6-3-0	Washer, Spring
			4B1-55-2	Washer, Flat Mounting 7/16" OD
			3B1-26-2	Washer, Mounting Lock (No. 8)

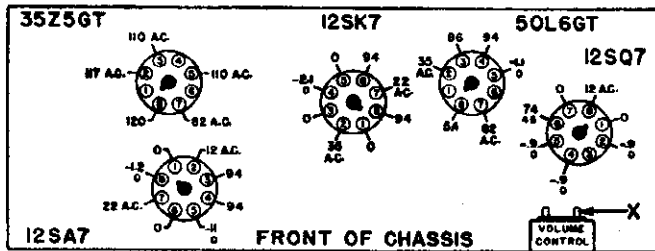


TUBES USED

- 12SA7—1st Det. Osc.
- 12SK7—I. F. Amplifier
- 12SQ7—2nd Det.—A. V. C.—1st Audio
- 50L6GT—Beam Power Output
- 35Z5GT—Rectifier

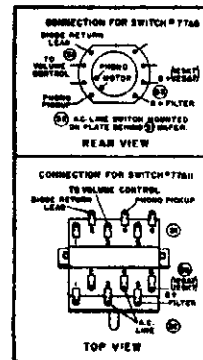
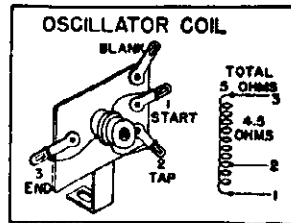
Frequency Range 540-1630 Kilocycles

VOLTAGE DATA

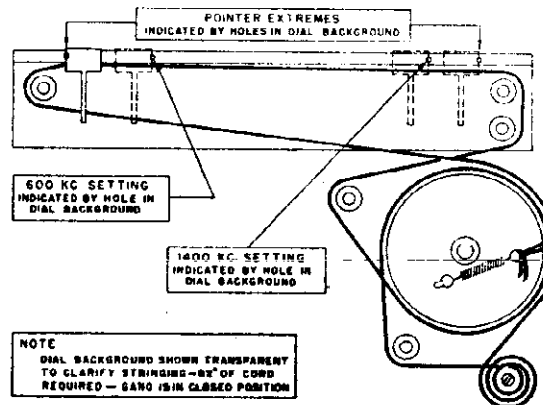


Bottom View of Chassis, Showing Voltages

- All readings made between Tube Socket Terminals and Switch Lug on Volume Control (Point "X" on drawing).
- Measured on a 117 Volt A.C. line.
- Volume control full on.
- Dial tuned to low frequency end, no signal.
- Voltages obtained on Vacuum Tube voltmeter.
- A second voltage reading is shown made with a 1000 ohm-per-volt meter when use of this instrument would result in appreciably lower readings.



DIAL STRINGING AND POINTER SETTINGS



ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

1. Be sure both set and signal generator are thoroughly warmed up before starting alignment.
2. Make alignment, using a battery whenever possible.
3. Disconnect Loop Antenna leads from clips on set and remove chassis from cabinet.
4. Connect a 50,000 ohm carbon resistor across the two clips from which the Loop Antenna was removed.
5. Connect Output Meter across the Voice Coil.
6. Connect a fresh battery to the set.
7. Turn receiver Volume Control full on.

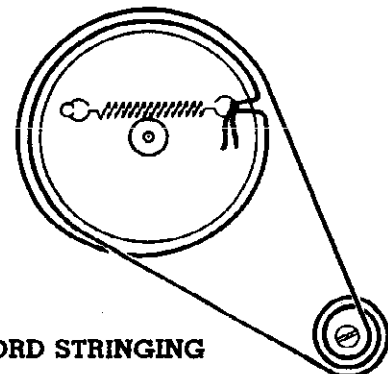
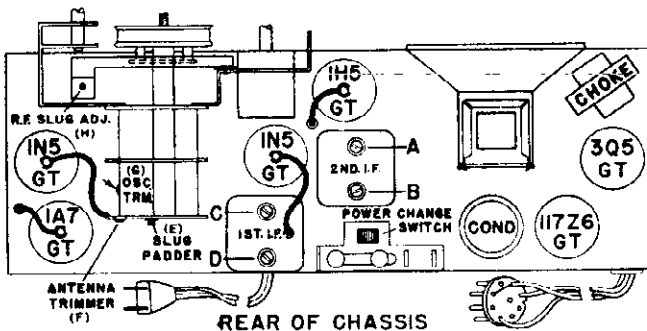
Step	Dummy Antenna Used in Series with Signal Generator	Connect High Side Signal Generator to	Signal Generator Frequency	Gang Condenser Setting	Trimmer Description and Designation	Type of Adjustment
1	.00025 Mfd. when using A.C. .1 Mfd. when using Battery	Grid Cap 1A7	455 K.C.	Any point where it does not affect Signal	2nd I.F. (A), (B). 1st I.F. (C), (D).	Maximum Deflection. Then repeat
2	.00025 Mfd. when using A.C. .1 Mfd. when using Battery	Grid Cap 1N5	1620 K.C.	Rotor full open (Plates out of mesh)	Oscillator Trimmer (G)	Maximum Deflection
3	.00025 Mfd. when using A.C. .1 Mfd. when using Battery	Grid Cap 1N5	1400 K.C.	Tune in Generator Signal	R.F. Slug (H)	Maximum Deflection
4	Replace Set in Cabinet					
5	.00025 Mfd.	Antenna and Ground Leads	1400 K.C.	Tune in Generator Signal	Antenna Trimmer (F)	Maximum Deflection
6	Disregard the next two steps if the set being aligned is a model with a fixed loop loading coil (L2).					
7	.00025 Mfd.	Antenna and Ground Leads	600 K.C.	Tune in Generator Signal	Loop Loading Coil Slug (E)	Maximum Deflection
8	.00025 Mfd.	Antenna and Ground Leads	1400 K.C.	Tune in Generator Signal	Reset Antenna Trimmer (F)	Maximum Deflection

Seal adjusting screw on the loop loading coil with any quick drying cement.

REPLACING R.F. TUNING SLUG

If the R.F. Tuning Slug has to be changed, use the following procedure. Set the gang condenser to the point where the plates are fully meshed. Screw the slug adjusting screw about halfway down. Place the slug in the coil in such a position that the top of the slug is flush with the top of the coil. Solder the slug wire to the adjusting screw. Be sure that the position of the slug does not change during the soldering and that the slug wire is straight. Proceed to re-align the set as shown in the chart.

TUBE AND TRIMMER LAYOUT



DIAL CORD STRINGING

MODELS R664-PM, R664-PV,
R664-W

B. F. GOODRICH CO.

DIAL DRUM POSITION

If the dial drum position is disturbed, it should be carefully re-positioned to insure correct tuning of the permeability tuned coil. With the gang fully meshed, the drum will be properly positioned if the center of the condenser shaft and the dial cable hole on the drum are in a straight line parallel to the chassis base. Note that the dial cable hole should be on the right side (looking at front) of the chassis.

TUNED SLUG POSITION.

If the tuned coil slug needs replacing or re-positioning, first see that the dial drum is in its proper position. Then with the gang condenser fully meshed and the threaded stud half-way through the bakelite, note that the top of the slug is flush with the top of coil form. Then re-align.

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

Be sure Radio Receiver and Signal Generator are thoroughly warmed up before starting alignment procedure.

Check setting of Pointer Extremes and note correct 600 K.C. and 1400 K.C. positions on Dial Background. (See Dial Diagram on reverse side.)

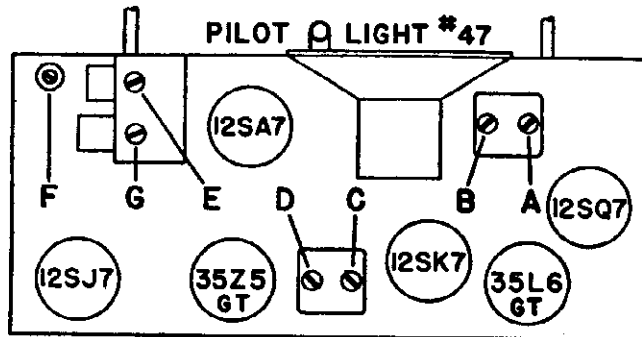
Connect Output Meter across Voice Coil.

Turn Receiver Volume Control full on.

Use lowest Output setting of Signal Generator capable of producing adequate Output Meter indication and then proceed as outlined in chart below.

Repeat adjustments to insure final overall maximum results.

TOP VIEW TUBE & TRIMMER LOCATION



BACK OF CHASSIS

Connect Signal Generator To—	Dummy Antenna Between Radio and Generator	Set Generator Frequency To—	Set Receiver Dial Frequency To—	Adjust Following Trimmers	Type of Adjustment
12SA7 Control Grid	250 mmfd. Mica Condenser	455 KC.	High frequency end of Dial	A and B 2nd I. F. C and D 1st I. F.	Adjust to maximum Output
External Antenna Wire on Loop	250 mmfd. Mica Condenser	1630 KC.	High frequency end of Dial	E—Osc.	Adjust to maximum Output
External Antenna Wire on Loop	250 mmfd. Mica Condenser	1400 KC.	Tune in Generator signal	F—R. F. (Iron Core)	See Note Below
Loop radiator or place pickup lead from gen. close to set loop to obtain adequate signal.	No actual connection between set and generator.	1400 KC.	Tune in Generator signal	G—Ant.	Adjust to maximum Output

NOTE: Adjustment F is the threaded stud at the top end of the slug wire. Screw stud up or down in the bakelite for maximum output. Alignment is correct if the output is reduced when the position of the lever arm is changed slightly in either direction (up or down).

PAPER CONDENSERS

Part No.	Symbol	Description
64B1-12	C-1	.005 mfd 600 V.....
64B1-22	C-3, C-14	.05 mfd 400 V.....
64B1-24	C-4, C-12	.02 mfd 400 V.....
64B1-25	{C-7, C-8, C-9, C-11}	.01 mfd 400 V.....
64B1-30	C-17	.1 mfd 200 V.....
64A2-1	C-15	.2 mfd. 400 V.....

CERAMIC or MICA CONDENSERS

Part No.	Symbol	Description
65B5-5	C-18	20 mmfd. ±10%.....
65B7-11	C-5	50 mmfd. ± 20%.....
65B7-22	C-6, C-16	250 mmfd. ±20%.....
65B7-27	C-10	500 mmfd ±20%.....
65B1-8	C-2	785 mmfd. ±5% (silver)

VARIABLE RESISTORS

Part No.	Symbol	Description
75B3-2	R-8	Volume Control (½ meg ohm) and Switch (Tapped)

TRANSFORMERS and COILS

Part No.	Symbol	Description
69B4	L1	Aeroscope (Loop).....
A1052	L2	R. F. Coil and Mounting.....
69A5	L3	Oscillator Coil.....
72B3	L4	1st I. F. Transformer.....
72B4	L5	2nd I. F. Transformer.....
74A1	L6	Choke, Filter.....
TI	TI	Transformer, Output.....

*When ordering, specify all numbers on speaker and transformer.

ELECTROLYTIC CONDENSERS

Part No.	Symbol	Description
67A3	C20a	30 mfd. 150 V.....
	C20b	50 mfd. 150 V.....
67A8	C13a	30 mfd 150 V.....
	C13b	30 mfd 150 V.....
	C13c	20 mfd 150 V.....

VARIABLE CONDENSERS

Part No.	Description
68A2	C19a, b Condenser, Gang.....

RESISTORS

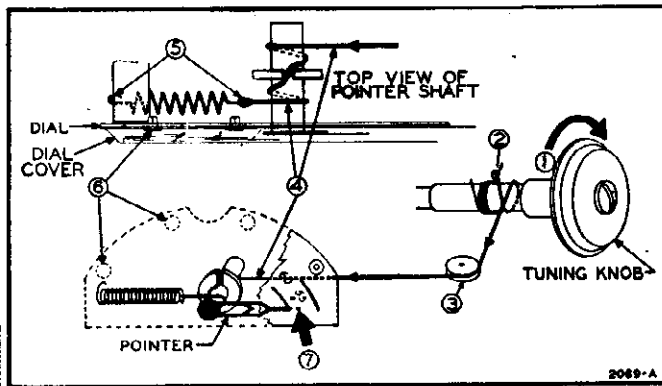
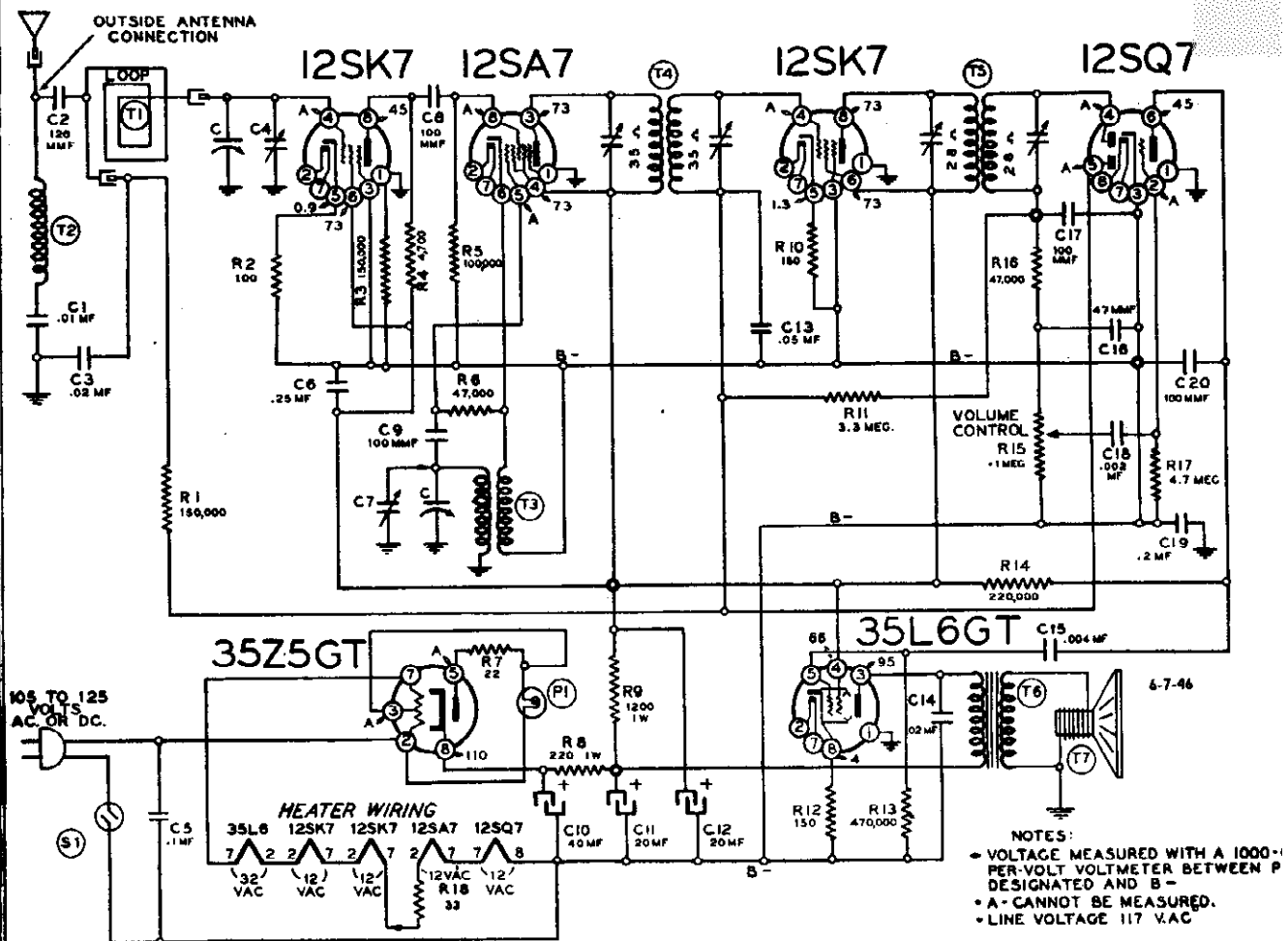
Part No.	Symbol	Description
60B28-3	R-16	33 ohm 1 W. ±10%
60B8-101	R-4	100 ohm ½ W. ±10%
60B8-151	R-12	150 ohm ½ W. ±10%
60B14-151	R-14	150 ohm 1 W. ±10%
60B14-102	R-15	1,000 ohm 1 W. ±10%
60B8-103	R-1	10,000 ohm ½ W. ±10%
60B8-223	R-3	22,000 ohm ½ W. ±10%
60B8-273	R-7	27,000 ohm ½ W. ±10%
60B8-473	R-6	47,000 ohm ½ W. ±10%
60B8-154	R-13	150,000 ohm ½ W. ±10%
60B8-274	R-10	270,000 ohm ½ W. ±10%
60B8-474	R-11	470,000 ohm ½ W. ±10%
60B8-105	R-5	1 meg ohm ½ W. ±10%
60B8-475	R-9	4.7 meg ohm ½ W. ±10%
60B8-106	R-2	10 meg ohm ½ W. ±10%

MISCELLANEOUS

Part No.	Description
22C3-1	Background, Dial (specify blue for plastic, brown for wood cabinets)
15A69	Bracket, Dial glass mtg. (wood Cab.)
13A1-4-47	Buttons, Snap (For cabinet back and R. F. Coil).....

Part No.	Description
15A14	Bracket Plate, Loop Retainer.....
34D8-1	Cabinet, Plastic Ivory.....
34D8-2	Cabinet, Plastic Mahogany.....
18A2	Clip, Dial glass (Plastic Cab.).....
43B10	Cover, Chipboard back (Plastic Cab.)
43B18	Cover, Chipboard back (wood Cab.)
50A1-3	Cord, Dial (62").....
A1049	Drum and Cam Assembly.....
12A1-2	Grommet, Rubber.....
33A7-1	Knob (For Ivory Plastic only).....
33A7-2	Knob (For Mahog. Plastic only).....
33A7-5	Knob (For wood cabinet).....
A1050	Lever arm assembly (R.F.).....
81A1-8	Pilot light, No. 47.....
82A2-3	Pilot light socket and leads.....
25A13-1	Pointer.....
17A1-3	Pulley, Fibre ½ x ½ OD.....
21B10-1	Scale, Glass dial.....
1A5-14	Screw, Set 8-32x½ (Dial Drum).....
1A67-27-2	Screw, Mtg., 8-32x½" lg. (For Plastic only).....
1A67-29-2	Screw, Mtg., 8-32x¾" lg. (For Wood only).....
28A1-1	Shaft, Tuning.....
78B4-2	Speaker and Trans. 5" PM.....
19A1-3	Spring, Tension (Dial).....
19A4	Spring, Lever Arm (R.F.).....
29A2-3-21	Spacer, T (R.F.).....
71R1-2	Slug, R. F. Iron Core (with wire).....
87A10-2	Socket, Octal Tube.....
27A4	Stud, slug adj. (R.F.).....
4A4-1	Washer, C (Tuning shaft).....
4A6-3-C	Washer, Spring (Tuning Shaft).....

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REPLACING DIAL POINTER DRIVE CORD

Six inches of cord are required. Numbers below correspond to circled numbers in diagram.

1. Rotate tuning knob to extreme clockwise position.
2. Tie cord to loop in spring as shown.
3. Pass cord over idler pulley.
4. Pass cord OVER pointer shaft; wind it one turn around shaft; pass it through key washer, then once more around shaft.
5. Hook spring over end of dial support. Tie cord to spring. IMPORTANT: Full contraction of spring must rotate pointer shaft at least one half turn.
6. Remove dial crystal by removing snap-in rivets.
7. Make sure tuning knob is in extreme clockwise position. Then rotate pointer clockwise, against friction of shaft, until it is in a horizontal position, as shown.

POWER SUPPLY.....105 to 125 volts, DC or 50-60 cycle AC, 35 watts. Also made for 25 cycles.

FREQUENCY RANGE.....530 to 1650 kc.

INTERMEDIATE FREQ....455 kc.

TUNING.....Two-gang capacitor.

ANTENNA.....Built-in loop. Also provisions for external antenna. No ground required.

SPEAKER.....5-inch; P.M.; voice coil impedance 3.2 ohms.

POWER OUTPUT.....1 watt undistorted. 1.5 watts maximum.

SENSITIVITY.....10 microvolts average 50-milliwatt output.

SELECTIVITY.....55 kc. broad at 1000 cycle signal at 1000 kc.

TUBE COMPLEMENT.....12SK7, R. F. amplifier
 12SA7, converter
 12SK7, I. F. amplifier
 12SQ7, 2nd detector, A
 1st audio
 35L6GT, output amplifier
 35Z5GT, rectifier

MODELS 605,606

Series A

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DIAL LIGHT—If the dial lamp burns out the set should not be operated until a new lamp has been installed. Failure to heed this caution may result in a burned-out 35Z5GT tube. To replace the lamp, first remove the four buttons which hold the back to the cabinet. On the inside of the back unclip the green, black, and white wires clipped to the back. The Chassis View illustration shows the location of the dial lamp. Pull the lamp bracket toward the rear of the radio. The lamp can now be removed and replaced. Use a 6- to 8-volt lamp, type T-47. When replacing the back on the cabinet, connect the green wire to the green-painted clip, the black wire to the black-painted clip, and the white wire to the unpainted clip.

REMOVAL OF CHASSIS—If for any reason you wish to remove the radio chassis from the cabinet, proceed as follows: First be sure the line cord

is disconnected from the house power receptacle. Then take off the back as described under "Dial Light" above. Pull the volume control knob off its shaft. Unscrew the locking screw in the center of the tuning knob and pull the knob off its shaft. Remove the four chassis mounting screws from the bottom of the cabinet. The chassis can now be slipped out.

After the chassis is replaced the automatic pushbuttons will probably have to be reset.

SETTING THE PUSHBUTTONS—The pushbuttons may be used, after proper adjustment, for the automatic tuning of any six stations on the standard broadcast band. They can be set up in any order.

1. Turn on the radio.
2. Push out the call letters of the six stations from the call-letter sheets supplied with this manual.

3. Insert one call-letter tab in the rectangular opening in the front of each pushbutton, in any order. Press an acetate tab (supplied in small envelope) into each of the pushbuttons.

4. With the screwdriver supplied, check to see that the locking screw in the center of the tuning knob (see front view) is loose. If it is not, turn it several turns to the left (counterclockwise).

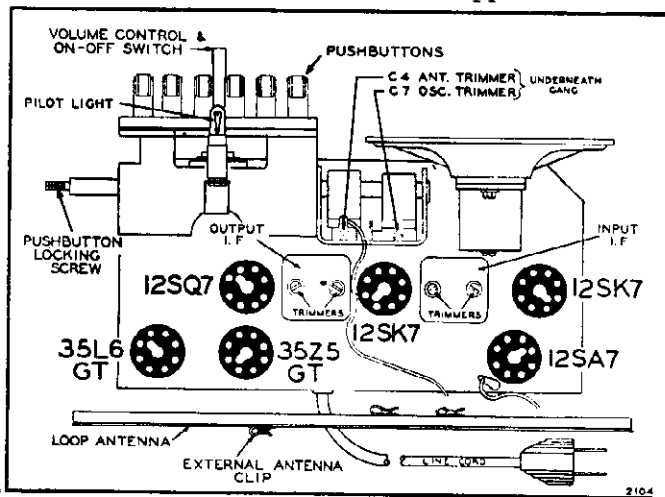
5. Press the first pushbutton down *all the way*. With one hand hold the button down firmly and with the other carefully tune in the desired station. Release the pushbutton.

6. Follow this procedure for each of the five other buttons, setting each one for a different station.

7. Rotate the tuning knob on the side of the cabinet as far to the right as it will go. Tighten the locking screw in the center of the knob. **IT IS IMPORTANT THAT THIS SCREW BE TIGHTENED VERY FIRMLY.**

8. The pushbuttons are now properly set for automatic tuning.

Any of the six stations may be tuned in simply by pressing the proper button down as far as it will go. If you wish to reset any of the buttons for a new station, loosen the locking screw, set the pushbutton as described above, and re-tighten the locking screw.



ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE (Refer to Chassis View for location of trimmers)

Output meter across 3.2-ohm output load. Align for maximum output. Reduce input as needed to keep output near 0.4 volts. Volume control at maximum for all adjustments. Connect ground post of signal generator to B— of radio.

- Chassis must be removed from cabinet for proper alignment. Slight adjustments of the oscillator and antenna circuits can be made, without removing the chassis, through two holes provided on the bottom of the cabinet. The screws can be reached with a long screwdriver.

SIGNAL GENERATOR			TUNER SETTING	ADJUST FOR MAXIMUM OUTPUT (in order shown)
Frequency	Dummy Antenna	Connection to Radio		
455 kc	.1 mf	Grid (pin 8) of 12SA7	Plates out of mesh	Trimmers on output and input I.F. cans
1650 kc	.1 mf	Grid (pin 8) of 12SA7	Plates out of mesh	Oscillator trimmer C7 on bottom of gang
1400 kc	200 mmf	See note below	Set dial at 1400 kc	Antenna trimmer C4 on bottom of gang

Lay output lead of generator in back of loop antenna. Turn up generator output. Loop will pick up energy.

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NOTE ON TUBE REPLACEMENT
 Replace a defective metal 12SK7 tube with another metal tube. Replace a glass 12SK7 tube with a metal tube or with an exact duplicate of the tube now in the set.

Ref. No.	Part. No.	Description
TUNER MECHANICAL PARTS		
	115146	Cams (6 used on cam shaft)
	115143	Key washers (12 used)
	117528	Spacer (1 used on shaft)
	117602	Spacer (4 used on shaft)
	117604	Locking collar
	131181	Spring washer for collar
	A-3N-11086	Spacer on shaft for drive cord
	A-49A-11087	Spring on shaft for drive cord
	115361	Cam lever with roller
	120283	Return spring for lever
	119785	Pointer
	A-53A-10989	Drive cord (6 inches)
	120143	Tension spring for drive cord
	B-6D-10241	Dial scale
	112659	Crystal for dial scale
	B-2M-7758	Snap-in rivets (4) for crystal
MISCELLANEOUS		
T7	114191B	Speaker, 5-inch, P.M.
	121171	Socket for tube (6 used)
	10798D	Line cord and plug
	107249	Dial lamp, 6-8 volts, T-47
P1	107271	Socket assembly for dial lamp
	A-2H-11271	Tube shield for bakelite-base 12SA7GT
	A-2H-10715	Tube shield for metal-base 12SA7GT
	128334B-18	Cabinet, walnut
	128334B-9	Cabinet, ivory
	A-5B-11249-17	Knob, volume, walnut
	A-5B-11249-8	Knob, volume, ivory
	B-5B-10994-18	Knob, tuning, walnut
	B-5B-10994-9	Knob, tuning, ivory
	120388	Locking spring for tuning knob
	A-3F-10995	Locking screw in tuning knob
	128292B-17	Pushbutton, walnut
	128292B-8	Pushbutton, ivory
	134123	Rubber bumper for bottom of cabinet
	131193	Snap-in rivets (4) for mounting back
	112784	Station call letters, 1 set
	112606	Acetate tabs for call letters

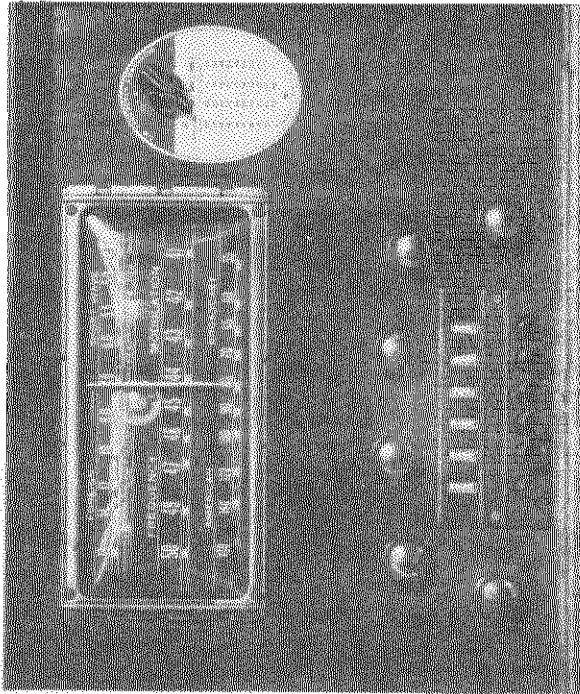
Pre-standardized value—200,000 ohms, 20%, 1/3 watt
 RMA value—220,000 ohms, 20%, 1/2 watt
 Pre-standardized value—50 mmf, 500 volts, 20%
 RMA value—47 mmf, 500 volts, 20%

Ref. No.	Part. No.	Description
CAPACITORS*		
C,C4,C7	B-8A-10211	Two-gang, including antenna and oscillator trimmers
C1	C-8D-10761	.01 mf, 400 volts, 20%
C2	C-8F3-114	120 mmf, 500 volts, 10%, mica
C3,C14	C-8D-10774	.02 mf, 400 volts, 20%
C5	C-8D-10760	.1 mf, 400 volts, +20%—10%
C6	C-8D-10775	.25 mf, 200 volts, +20%—10%
C8,C9	C-8F3-8	100 mmf, 500 volts, 20%, mica
C17,C20		
C10,C11, C12	11994 or 11995	Electrolytic for 60 cycles; 40 mf, 20 mf, 20 mf x 150 volts
		Electrolytic for 25 cycles; 60 mf, 40 mf, 40 mf x 150 volts
C13	C-8D-10770	.05 mf, 200 volts, 20%
C15	C-8D-10788	.004 mf, 600 volts, 20%
C16	C-8F3-6	47 mmf, 500 volts, 20%, mica
C18	C-8D-10778	.002 mf, 600 volts, +40%—15%
C19	C-8D-10942	.2 mf, 400 volts, +30%—10%
RESISTORS*		
R1,R3	C-9B1-26	150,000 ohms, 1/2 watt, 20%
R2	C-9B1-50	100 ohms, 1/2 watt, 10%
R4	C-9B1-70	4700 ohms, 1/2 watt, 10%
R5	C-9B1-25	100,000 ohms, 1/2 watt, 20%
R6	C-9B1-82	47,000 ohms, 1/2 watt, 10%
R7	C-9B1-42	22 ohms, 1/2 watt, 10%
R8	C-9B2-54	220 ohms, 1 watt, 10%
R9	C-9B2-63	1200 ohms, 1 watt, 10%
R10,R12	C-9B1-52	150 ohms, 1/2 watt, 10%
R11	C-9B1-34	3-3 megohms, 1/2 watt, 20%
R13	C-9B1-29	470,000 ohms, 1/2 watt, 20%
R14	C-9B1-27	220,000 ohms, 1/2 watt, 20%
R15,S1	101195	Volume control (1 megohm) and on-off switch
R16	C-9B1-23	47,000 ohms, 1/2 watt, 20%
R17	C-9B1-35	4.7 megohms, 1/2 watt, 20%
R18	C-9B2-44	33 ohms, 1 watt, 10%
COILS AND TRANSFORMERS		
T1,T2	B-212-11062	Loop antenna assembly, including capacitors C1 and C2, coil T2, and cardboard back. Specify brown or ivory back.
T3	A-13D-10215	Oscillator coil
T4	108140G	Input I.F. coil complete in can.
T5	108145C	Output I.F. coil complete in can.
T6	10595B	Range of trimmers: 56-104 mmf Range of trimmers: 56-104 mmf Output transformer

*The values of the resistors and mica capacitors listed above are based on RMA standards. Due to conditions beyond our control, some receivers have been shipped with components of pre-standardized values. This receiver will operate equally well with components of either group. An illustration of the differences follows:

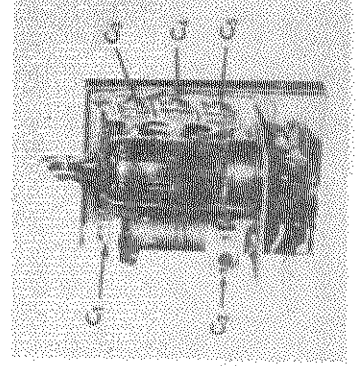
THE HALLICRAFTERS CO.

MODEL CN-
Converter

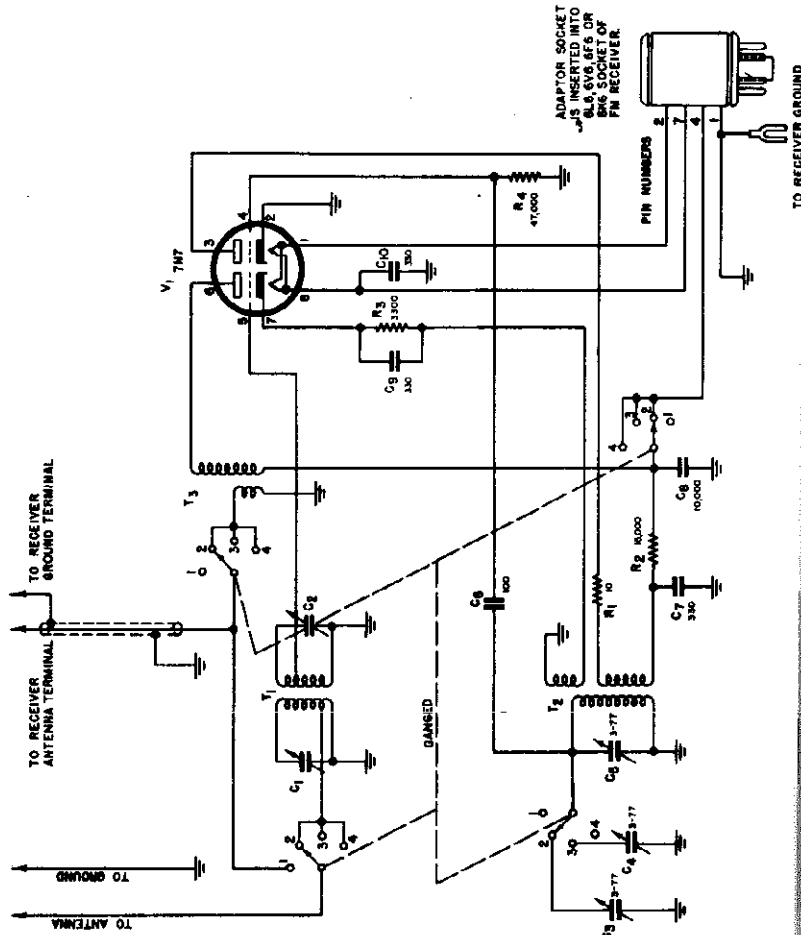


Front view of typical installation.

Can be used with f-m tuner.
Can be used with f-m ac/dc tuner, in
which case converter is isolated from
tuner through condenser

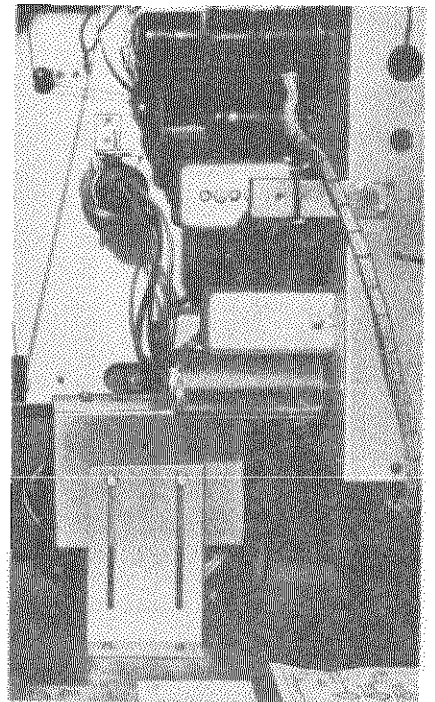


89C200



ALL RESISTOR VALUES IN OHMS.
ALL CAPACITOR VALUES IN MICROMICROFARADS

SWITCH POSITIONS
1 - OFF
2 - RANGE 84 TO 93 MC.
3 - RANGE 93 TO 102 MC.
4 - RANGE 102 TO 111 MC.



Rear view of typical installation.

MODEL CN-1
Converter

THE HALLICRAFTERS CO.

CONVERTER R-F ADJUSTMENTS

NOTE - Signal generator remains connected the same as for oscillator adjustments. Use audio output meter for proper r-f alignment. The r-f alignment of the converter is performed only with the frequency range selector in positions 1 and 3.

- With the frequency range selector in position 1-
1. Set the receiver at 48 MC on the FM dial scale.
 2. Set the signal generator at 90 MC (Signal should be heard.)
 3. Peak secondary trimmer C-2 for maximum output on output meter.

With the converter frequency range selector at position 3-

1. Set the receiver at 42 MC on FM dial scale.
2. Set signal generator at 102 MC. (Signal should be heard.)
3. Peak aerial trimmer C-1 for maximum output on output meter.

NOTE - It may be necessary to readjust the converter on position 1 to insure maximum output.

A switch is provided on the converter for selecting three frequency ranges (84mc to 93mc, 93mc to 102mc, and 102mc to 111mc) and also for turning off the power to the converter and restoring the receiver for normal operation.

CONVERTER OSCILLATOR ADJUSTMENT

NOTE - A signal generator with a range of 84 MC to 111 MC will be necessary for oscillator and r-f adjustments.

HOW TO CONNECT SIGNAL GENERATOR TO CONVERTER

1. Connect signal generator "hot" lead to converter aerial. (green wire)
2. Connect signal generator ground lead to converter ground lead. (black wire)

WHERE TO SET RECEIVER TUNING DIAL

Set receiver tuning dial at 45 MC on FM dial scale for all of the three oscillator adjustments and use the following:

ADJUSTMENT PROCEDURE

NOTE - Always begin adjustments with converter range selector set at position 3.

Set converter frequency selector at position	Set sig. gen. at	Adjust following trimmer until signal is heard
3	105 MC	C - 5
2	96 MC	C - 4
1	87 MC	C - 3

Refer to photograph on schematic diagram for location of trimmers.

THE HALLICRAFTERS CO.

MODEL CN-
Converter

HOW TO INSTALL THE CONVERTER

The converter should be mounted inside of the receiver in such a way that the range selector switch will be easily accessible.

1. Determine suitable location for the converter inside of receiver cabinet on either side of receiver chassis.
2. Remove knob from converter shaft.
3. Place converter in a position such that the switch shaft will rest against inside front of cabinet in such a way as will permit the short side of mounting bracket to rest against inside surface of cabinet.
4. Mark spot on inside front of cabinet where hole is to be drilled and then remove the converter.
5. Drill small pilot hole and enlarge it from the front of the cabinet using a 3/8 inch carpenter's drill.
6. Put extension shaft on converter switch shaft and tighten coupling.
7. Replace converter so that shaft extends out through front of cabinet and converter is located where desired.
8. Mark shaft, so when cut, it will extend at least 3/8 inches from front of cabinet and then remove converter from cabinet.
9. Saw off shaft where marked and file off any rough edges on end of shaft.
10. Replace converter in cabinet at desired position and fasten short end of bracket to mounting surface by means of the two wood screws supplied with kit.
11. Fasten frequency conversion chart label to front of receiver cabinet, put knob on shaft and fasten securely by tightening set screw.
12. Remove audio output tube from the receiver. (This will be either a 6V6, 6F6, 6K6 or 6L6 type tube.) In cases where there are two of the tube remove only one

13. Insert the adapter plug into the audio output tube socket and insert the audio output tube, previously removed, into the adapter socket.
14. Disconnect the aerial from the receiver and connect it to the converter aerial lead. (green wire)
15. Connect inner conductor of shielded lead from the converter output to the aerial terminal on the receiver.
16. Connect shield of converter output lead from the converter to the ground terminal on the receiver.
17. Connect black lead of converter to a ground. (Water or radiator pipe or an external ground)

HOW TO USE THE CONVERTER

Consult frequency label chart for frequency conversions.

Turn converter frequency range switch to position 2. The range of reception on the receiver will now be 84 to 93 MC (megacycles).

Turn converter frequency range switch to position 3. The range of reception will now be 93 to 102 MC. (megacycles). Or

Turn converter frequency range switch to position 4. The range of reception on the receiver will now be 102 to 111 MC. (megacycles).

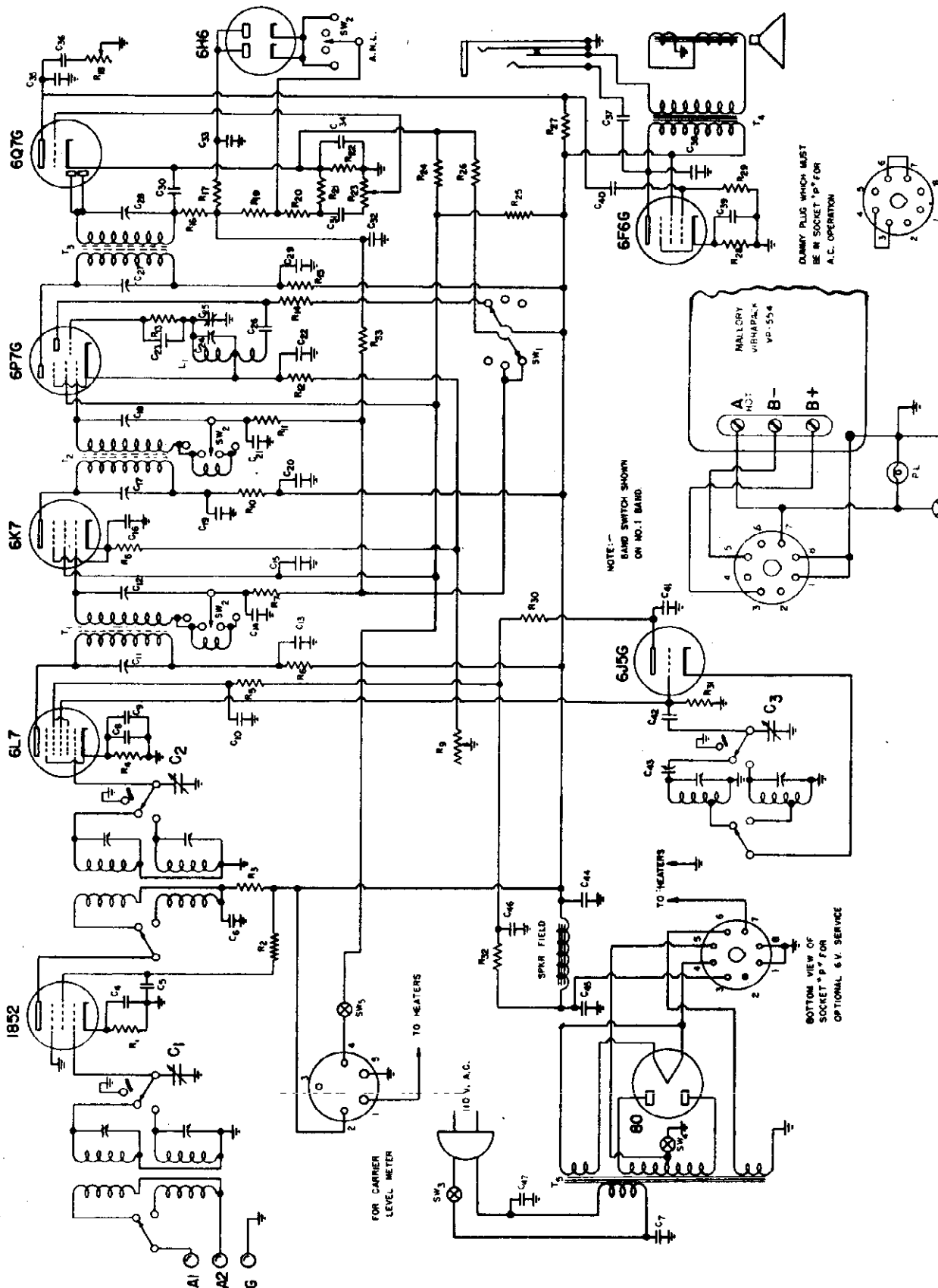
Turn converter frequency range switch to position 1 to restore receiver for normal operation.

A universal bracket is included for mounting the converter. Power is supplied to the converter tube through an adapter cable from the receiver with which the converter is to be used.

The converter will in no way interfere with the normal operation of the receiver. All tuning is accomplished by the main tuning dial on the receiver.

MODEL Skyrider 5-10
S21

THE HALLICRAFTERS CO.



IF PEAK 1600 KC

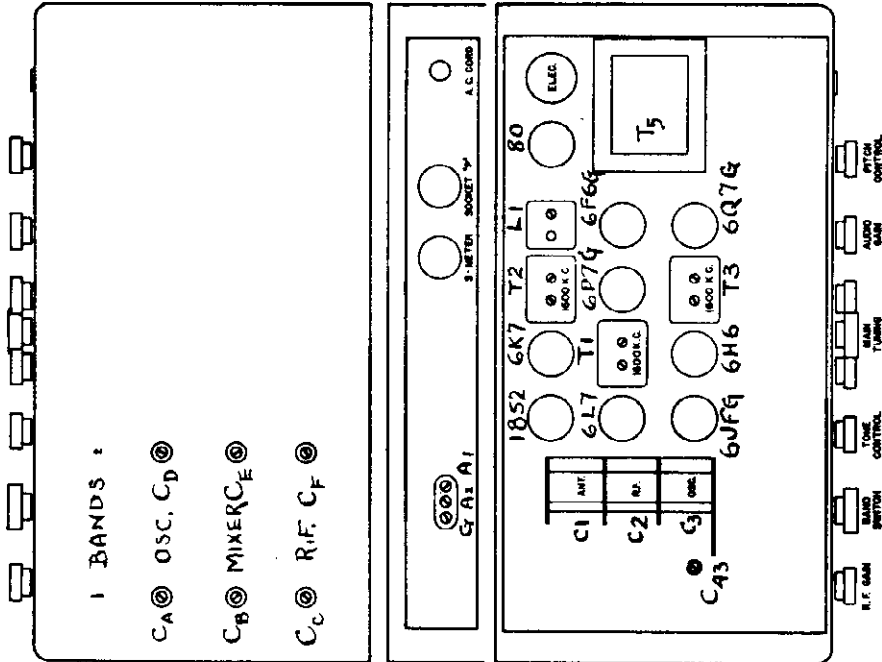
POWER SUPPLY FOR 6 VOLT OPERATION —
MODEL XP-4

DUMMY PLUG WHICH MUST
BE IN SOCKET "P" FOR
A.C. OPERATION

NOTE:—
BAND SWITCH SHOWN
ON NO. 1 BAND.

BOTTOM VIEW OF
SOCKET "P" FOR
OPTIONAL 6V SERVICE

- Band 1 - 27 MC to 42 MC
- Band 2 - 40 MC to 88 MC
- 1852 - R. F. Amplifier
- 6L7 - First Detector
- 6J5 - High Frequency Oscillator
- 6K7 - 1st I. F. Amplifier
- 6P7G - 2nd I. F. Amplifier, B.F.O.
- 6Q7G - 2nd Detector, A.V.C., 1st Stage of Audio
- 6F6G - Audio Output tube
- 80 - Rectifier



ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE FOR SKYRIDER "5-10" Model S21

Intermediate Frequency Alignment

Have the controls set as follows:

- Broad-sharp switch to sharp position.
- A.V.C. - B.F.O. switch in "OFF" position.
- Set R. F. and A. F. gain controls at maximum.
- Set band switch on Band #1.
- Adjust main dial to minimum capacity or #24 on the Vernier scale.
- Remove the 6L7 grid cap - connect the signal generator to this tube, through an .01 mfd condenser.
- Now set the signal generator for 1800 KC output.
- Adjust trimmers on T1, T2, T3 transformer for exact resonance which will be indicated by maximum output.

For adjustment of the Beat Frequency Oscillator turn the knob on the "pitch control" unit until the dot is straight up. Remove modulation from the 1800 KC signal being fed into the I. F. amplifier and then adjust T4 for zero beat.

R. F. Alignment

Replace the 0.1 mfd condenser in series with the generator to the receiver with a 400 ohm resistor. Connect the generator to the A1 terminal on the antenna terminal strip to be found on the rear apron of the chassis. Leave the jumper connected between A2 and G. There is only one pad adjustment on the "5-10" receiver and that is for the low frequency end of Band #1. This pad is adjusted from the top of the chassis.

Band #1

Place the band switch on Band #1. Set the generator and tuning dial to 28 mc and adjust pad C43 for maximum signal. Reset tuning dial and generator to 40 mc and set oscillator trimmer CA. Now recheck pad C43 and trimmer CA until no change in frequency calibration is noted. When this is accomplished adjust trimmers CB, CC for maximum gain. When making these latter adjustments it is advisable to "rock" the tuning control slightly until the point of exact resonance and maximum output is obtained.

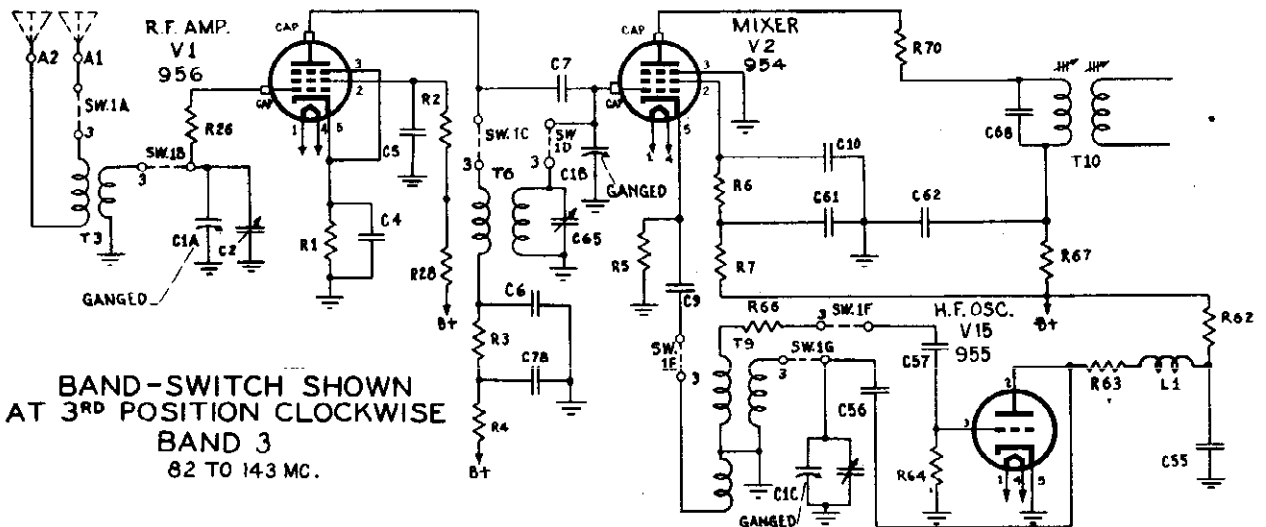
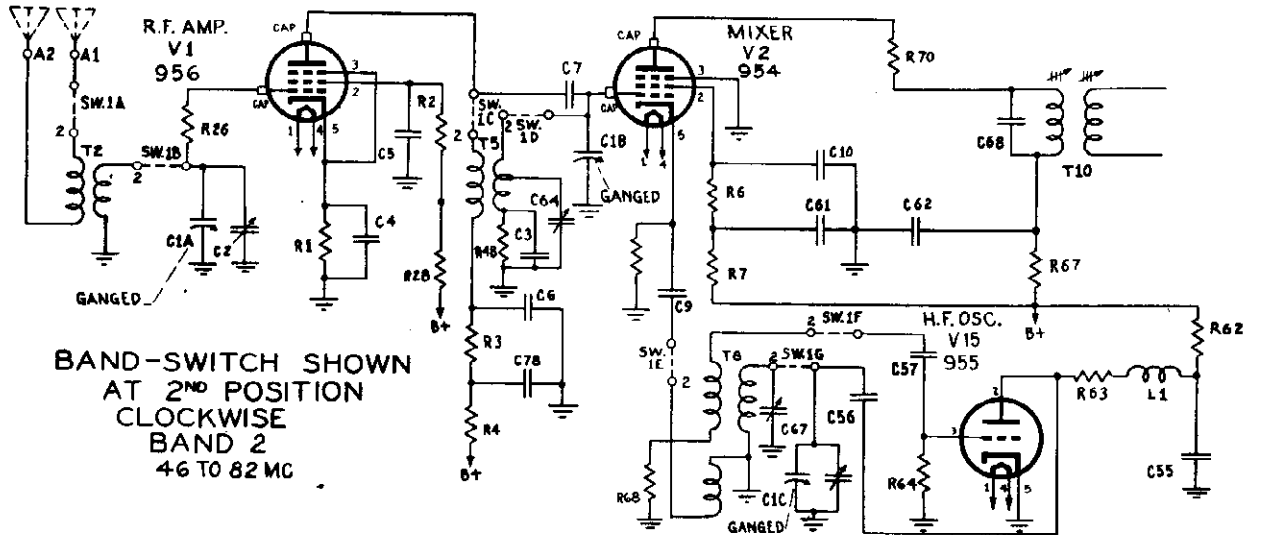
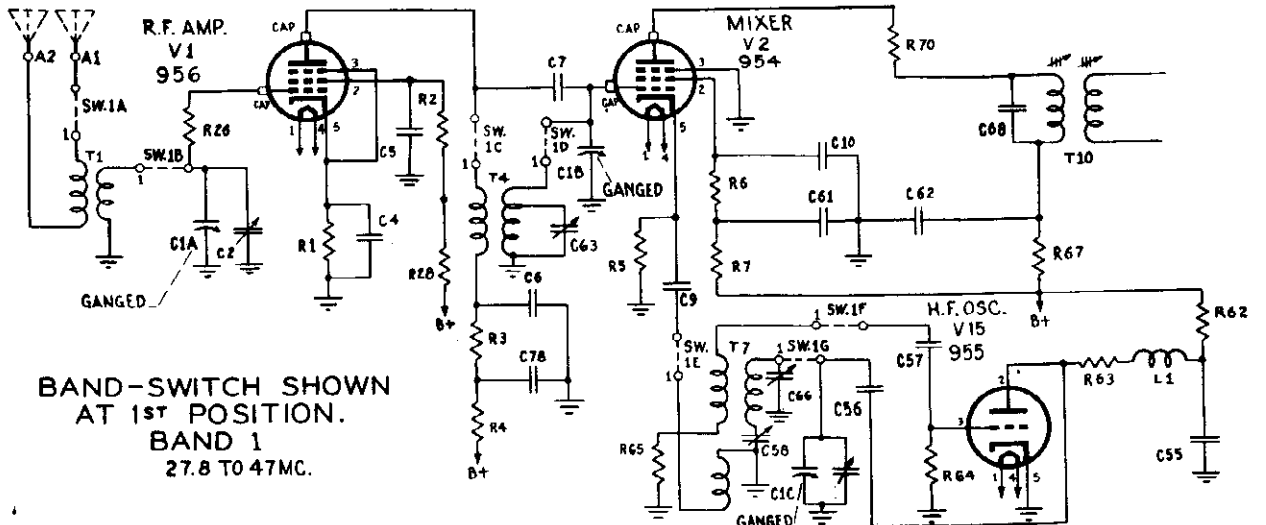
Band #2

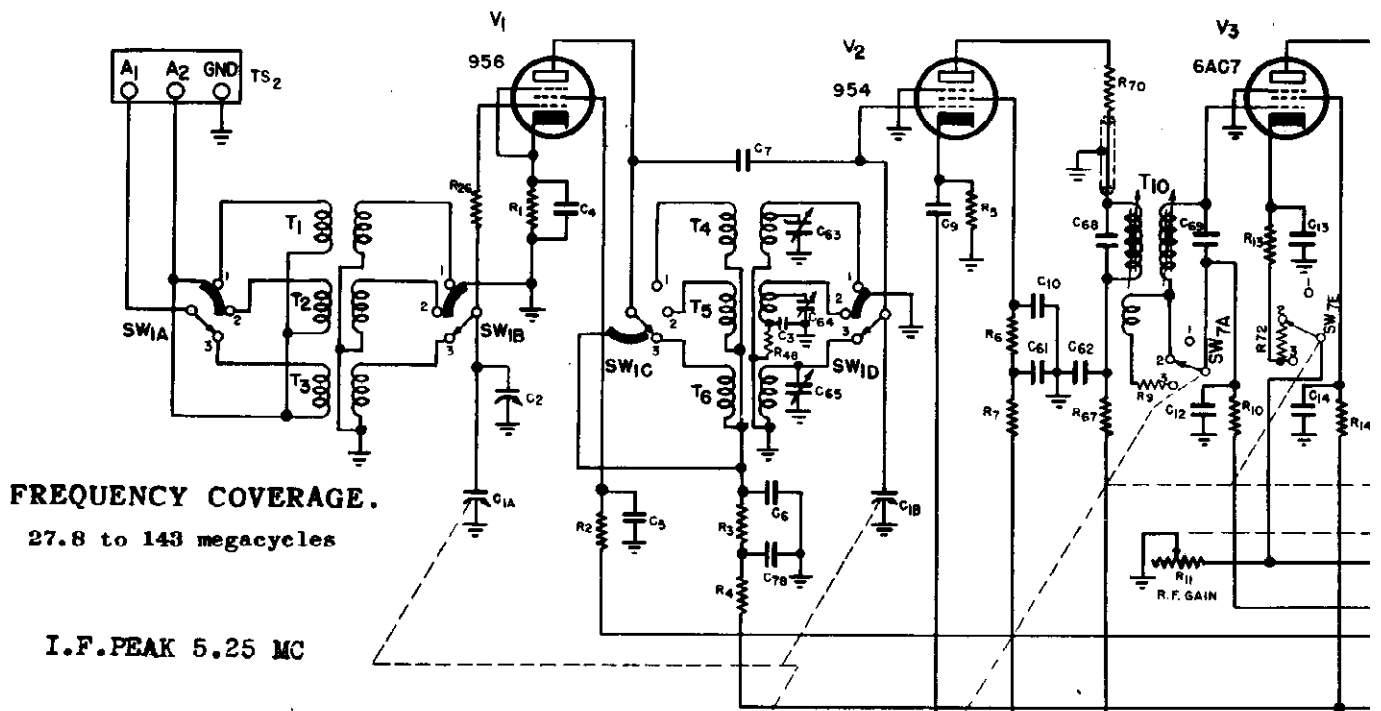
Set signal generator and tuning dial to 60 mc and adjust oscillator trimmer CD to signal. Then adjust CE, CF for maximum gain, slightly rocking the tuning gang while making the adjustment.

There is no pad on Band #2.

NOTE: Should the noise picked up by the receiver interfere seriously with the alignment, increase the signal generator output and reduce the R. F. gain. The noise limiter may also be left on during alignment.

The SKYRIDER "5-10" draws 74 watts at 117 volts 60 cycle A.C.

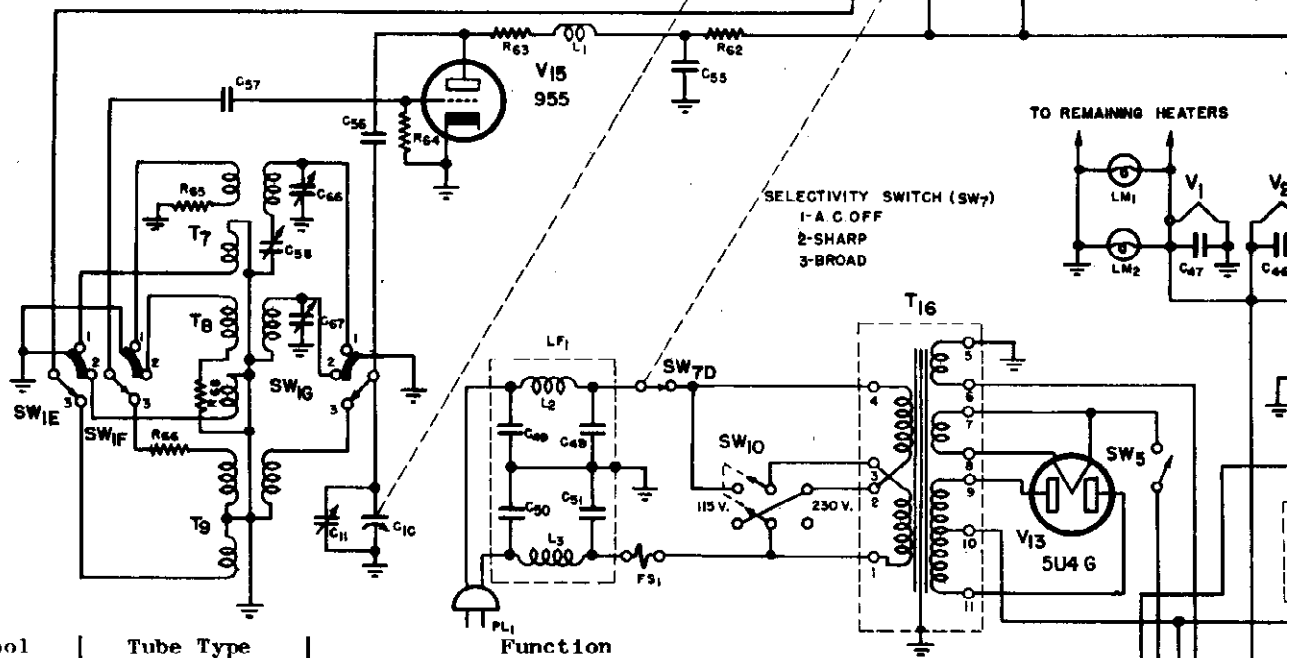




FREQUENCY COVERAGE.

27.8 to 143 megacycles

I.F. PEAK 5.25 MC



TO REMAINING HEATERS

SELECTIVITY SWITCH (SW7)

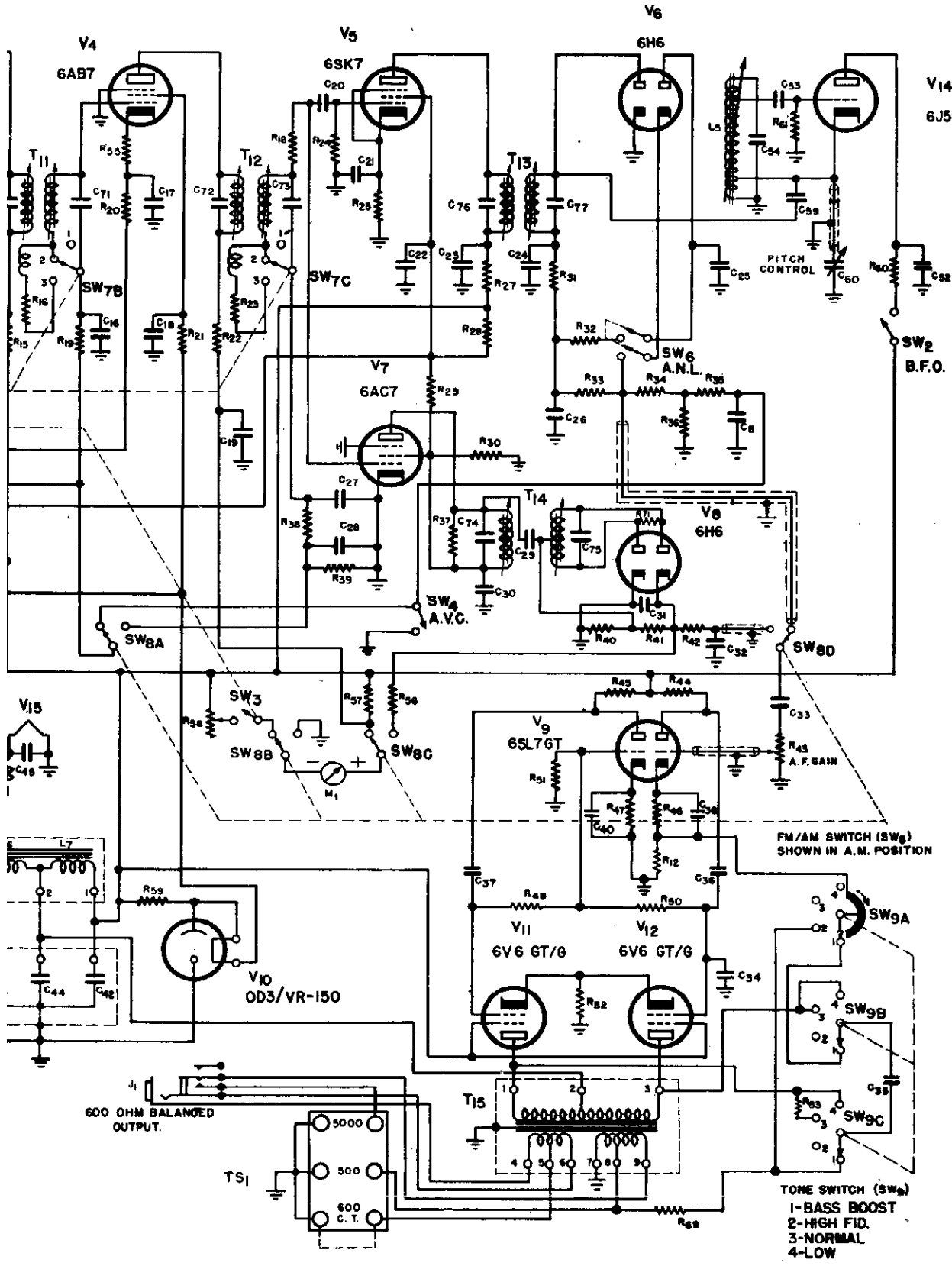
- 1-A.C. OFF
- 2-SHARP
- 3-BROAD

Symbol	Tube Type	Function
V-1	956	R-F amplifier
V-2	954	Mixer
V-3	6AC7	1st i-f amplifier
V-4	6AB7	2nd i-f amplifier
V-5	6SK7	3rd i-f amplifier
V-6	6H6	A-M detector and noise limiter
V-7	6AC7	F-M limiter
V-8	6H6	F-M discriminator
V-9	6SL7GT	Audio voltage phase inverter
V-10	OD3/VR-150	Voltage regulator
V-11	6V6GT/G	Audio power amplifier
V-12	6V6GT/G	Audio power amplifier
V-13	5U4G	Rectifier
V-14	6J5	Beat-frequency oscillator
V-15	955	High-frequency oscillator

PL2
PIN VIEW

SO1
LUG VIEW

- NOTES ON SOCKET SO1
- 1- SHORTING PLUG PL2 MUST BE IN SOCKET SO1 FOR A-C OPERATION.
 - 2- FOR D-C OPERATION CONNECT AS FOLLOWS.
 - 270 VOLTS + TO PIN #3, - TO PIN #5
 - 6 VOLTS + TO PIN #7, - TO PIN #8
 - 3- CONNECT REMOTE STANDBY SWITCH BETWEEN PIN #3 AND #4 AFTER DISCONNECTING THE JUMPER



re 7-7. Radio Receiver Model S-36A, schematic wiring diagram.

MODEL S-36-A

THE HALLICRAFTERS CO.

POWER REQUIREMENTS.

The receiver is designed to operate from either a 115-volt or 230-volt 50/60 cycle, single phase, a-c source or from a 6-volt storage battery and 270-volt "B" battery. The "B" batteries may be replaced by a suitable vibrator type power supply if it meets the following current requirements.

A-C Operation	* D-C Operation
Line voltage . . .115 volts, 230 volts	Filament voltage 6.3 volts
Line current . . .1.0 amp., 0.5 amp.	Filament current 4.5 amps.
Power consumption 115 watts	"B" voltage 270 volts
	"B" current 145 ma.

* The 6-volt battery drain using a vibrator type supply for "B" voltage will run approximately 20 to 22 amperes.

Audio Output Connections.--A headset or loudspeaker may be used with the receiver.

(1) The headset jack marked PHONES, located on the front panel, provides a 600-ohm balanced output for headset reception. The center tap of the 600-ohm headset winding is grounded externally at the speaker output terminal board TS-1 by a jumper wire across the terminals marked 600 C.T. If it is desirable to operate with one side of the headset line grounded, disconnect the jumper on terminal board TS-1.

(2) The two sets of speaker terminals located on the rear chassis apron provide output impedances of 500 and 5000 ohms for loudspeaker reception. One side of each of the 500 and 5000-ohm output connections is grounded. This should be kept in mind if this receiver is to work in conjunction with other equipment. A speaker capable of handling 5 watts of audio power should be used with this equipment.

Remote Operation Facilities. - The receiver may be disabled remotely by disconnecting the jumper wire between pins #3 and #4 in the shorting plug PL-2, which is normally plugged into socket S0-1 during a-c operation, and connecting a remote switch or relay across these pins. The stand-by switch is connected in the "B" lead, hence, the remote stand-by switch must be insulated for approximately 270 volts to protect the operator. When using the remote control disabling switch, the SEND/REC switch on the receiver must be set at SEND.

CAUTION - The external stand-by switch and its connections will be approximately 270 volts above ground hence must be well insulated throughout.

PREPARATION FOR USE.

A-C Operation. - The receiver may be operated from either a 115-volt or 230-volt, 50/60 cycle, single phase, a-c source of power. To change over from one line voltage to the other, it is merely necessary to throw the line voltage switch (SW-10) located on the top of the chassis near the power transformer. See Fig. 7-1. for location of the line voltage switch.

CAUTION - Check the line voltage and position of the line voltage switch before connecting the receiver to a source of power. A receiver set for 230-volt operation will not be damaged when connected to a 115-volt line, but a receiver set for 115-volt operation will, in most cases, be damaged when plugged into a 230-volt outlet. When in doubt, set the line voltage switch for 230-volt operation. If the dial lamps light up dimly, indicating a 115-volt line voltage, switch over to the 115-volt position.

D-C Operation. - The receiver may be operated from a 6-volt d-c source, generally a storage battery, and a 270-volt d-c supply in the form of dry batteries or vibrator type power pack. Consult the chart on power requirements for d-c operation in Section I. and provide battery facilities capable of supplying these demands. The receiver is connected to the d-c supply as follows:

(1) Remove the octal "jumper plug" (PL-2) used for a-c operation from socket S0-1. Use No. 18 (AWG) wire leads for the 270-volt "B" supply connections to pins #3 and #5 and No. 12 (AWG) wire leads for the 6-volt "A" battery connections to pins #1, #8 and #7.

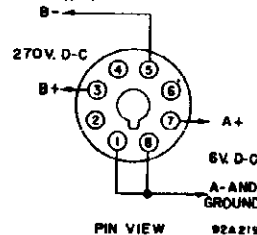


Fig. 2-1. Radio Receiver Model S-36A, wiring diagram for d-c power plug.

R.F. GAIN Control. - The radio frequency gain control regulates the sensitivity of the receiver. Turning the control to the right increases the sensitivity of the receiver. Ganged to this control is the "S" meter switch which connects the tuning meter into the circuit when the control is advanced all the way to the right.

SELECTIVITY Switch.-The selectivity switch serves a dual purpose. In position #1 it turns the receiver off when operating from an a-c source of power. (When operating from a d-c supply the power switch is part of the external supply, hence, the SELECTIVITY switch does not function in position #1). In positions #2 and #3 the selectivity switch controls the bandwidth of the i-f amplifier thereby affecting the selectivity of the receiver. In general, the switch is set at SHARP for amplitude modulated signals and at BROAD for frequency modulated signals.

"S" Meter or Tuning Meter.- The tuning meter serves two functions in the receiver depending on the type of reception as follows:

(1) **A.M. Reception.** - When the receiver is adjusted to receive amplitude modulated signals, the tuning meter indicates the relative carrier strength of the received signal. To put the meter in operation, turn the R.F. GAIN control to the right until the switch connected to its shaft clicks, and set the A.V.C. switch at ON.

(2) **F.M. Reception.** - When the receiver is adjusted to receive frequency modulated signals, the tuning meter is used to indicate resonance with the station carrier. As the receiver is tuned through the f-m carrier the indicator will deflect to one side of zero, return to zero and deflect an equal distance to the opposite side of zero, and finally return to zero as the carrier is completely passed. The zero center position in the middle of the swing represents the correct setting of the receiver tuning dial and indicates resonance with the station carrier.

2. OPERATION.

Listed below are the receiver controls and their settings for the three types of reception provided by this receiver, namely, amplitude and frequency modulated telephone and c-w code reception.

a. A.M. (Amplitude Modulation) Telephone Reception - To receive amplitude modulated telephone signals set the front panel controls as follows:

SELECTIVITY switch	- Set at A.C. OFF when the receiver is not in use. Set at SHARP for reception of amplitude modulated phone signals.
SEND/REC. switch	- Set at REC. (Set at SEND to disable receiver for short stand-by periods.)
BAND SWITCH	- Set at range number corresponding to band covering desired frequency.
A.M./F.M. switch	- Set at A.M.
A.V.C.	- Set at ON.
R.F. GAIN control	- Turn to the right until tuning meter switch ganged to the control snaps on.
B.F.O. switch	- Set at OFF.
PITCH CONTROL	- Not used.
TUNING wheel	- Set calibrated dial to frequency of desired signal, adjust for maximum tuning meter deflection.
ANTENNA trimmer	- Adjust for maximum tuning meter deflection.
A.F. GAIN control	- Adjust for desired volume at headset or loudspeaker.
TONE control	- Set to please the listener. Generally set at HIGH FID. or BASS BOOST when signal to noise ratio is high or at NORMAL or LOW when signal to noise ratio is low.
A.N.L. switch	- Normally set at OFF except when background noise is excessive.

MODEL 3-36-A

THE HALLICRAFTERS CO.

b. F.M. (Frequency Modulation) Telephone Reception. - To receive frequency modulated telephone signals set the front panel controls as follows:

- SELECTIVITY switch - Set at A.C. OFF when the receiver is not in use. Set at BROAD for reception of frequency modulated phone signals.
- SEND/REC. switch - Set at REC. (Set at SEND to disable receiver for short stand-by periods.)
- BAND SWITCH - Set at range number corresponding to band covering desired frequency.
- A.M./F.M. switch - Set at F.M.
- R.F. GAIN control - Turn all the way to the right. (The switch ganged to this control does not operate during f-m reception).
- A.V.C. switch - Set at OFF.
- B.F.O. switch - Set at OFF.
- PITCH CONTROL - Not used.
- A.N.L. switch - Set at OFF
- TUNING wheel - Set calibrated dial to frequency of desired signal, adjust for "0" position of tuning meter marked for F-M tuning.
- ANTENNA trimmer - Adjust for minimum background noise (Control will only be effective on very weak signals.)
- A.F. GAIN control - Adjust for desired volume at headset or loudspeaker.
- TONE control - Set at BASS BOOST or HIGH FID.

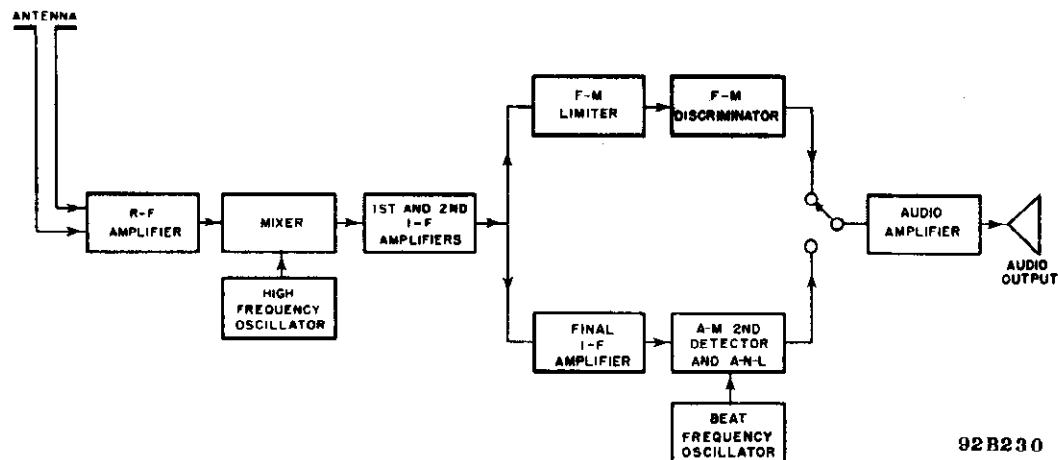
c. C-W Code Reception. - To receive continuous wave (c-w) code signals set the front panel controls as follows:

- SELECTIVITY switch - Set at A.C. OFF when the receiver is not in use. Set at SHARP for reception of c-w code signals.
- SEND/REC. switch - Set at REC. (Set at SEND to disable receiver for short stand-by periods.)
- BAND SWITCH - Set at range number corresponding to band covering desired frequency.
- A.M./F.M. switch - Set at A.M.
- A.V.C. switch - Set at OFF.
- B.F.O. switch - Set at ON.
- PITCH CONTROL - Adjust to produce a 500 to 1000 cycle code signal.
- TUNING wheel - Set calibrated dial to frequency of desired signal. Tune for maximum signal level at headset or loudspeaker.
- R.F. GAIN control - Turn up as high as the signal strength of the code signal will allow. Too much gain will result in distortion of the signal.
- ANTENNA trimmer - Adjust for maximum signal level at the headset or loudspeaker.
- TONE control - Set at LOW or NORMAL.
- A.N.L. switch - Set at OFF.
- A.F. GAIN control - Adjust for desired volume at headset or speaker.

FUNCTIONING OF PARTS

1. GENERAL.

Figure 4-1. shows, in a very simple block form, the plan of the circuit of the Model S-36A receiver. Note that the circuit is that of the conventional superheterodyne receiver up to the second i-f amplifier stage. The output of the 2nd i-f amplifier is fed to two channels, namely, the F-M signal channel and the A-M signal channel. The F-M channel consists of the f-m limiter and discriminator and the A-M channel consists of an additional i-f amplifier stage and second detector stage. The demodulated signal from both channels then feeds the same audio amplifier, being selected by the A.M./F.M. switch.



92B230

Fig. 4-1. Radio Receiver Model S-36A, block diagram.

2. DETAILED FUNCTIONING BY STAGES. (Refer to Fig. 7-7.)

Since the circuit functions of bands 1, 2 and 3 are essentially identical, this discussion will describe the circuit with BAND SWITCH (SW_{1A} to SW_{1G}) set at band 3 as shown in the schematic diagram.

a. R-F Amplifier. - The r-f amplifier stage employs a type 956 acorn type pentode tube in a conventional class A amplifier circuit. Signals present at the antenna are fed to the primary of transformer T-3 through terminals A₁ and A₂ of the antenna terminal strip TS-2. The secondary is tuned by the ganged tuning capacitor section C-1A and trimmer C-2. Trimmer capacitor C-2 is controlled from the front panel by the control marked ANTENNA to provide accurate alignment of the r-f stage with varying antenna load impedances. R-F signals selected by the parallel resonant circuit are applied to the grid of tube V-1 and appear in greater amplitude across the primary of transformer T-6. Parasitic resistor R-26 prevents unwanted oscillations in this stage and tends to stabilize the amplifier. Resistor R-1 by-passed by capacitor C-4 provides self-bias for the stage. Resistor R-2 and capacitor C-5 act as decoupling network for the screen of tube V-1 and resistor R-3 and R-4 and capacitors C-6 and C-78 act as decoupling networks for the plate circuit. The signal across the primary of transformer T-6 is coupled to the grid of tube V-2 inductively by transformer T-6 and capacitively by capacitor C-7. Capacitor C-7 provides a small amount of coupling to improve the response at the high frequency end of the band, thus equalizing the r-f signal amplitude over the tunable frequency range. The signal developed at the grid of tube V-2 then feeds the mixer stage of the receiver.

b. Mixer. - The mixer stage employs a type 954 acorn type pentode in a cathode coupled mixer circuit. The secondary of transformer T-6 is tuned by section C-1B of the ganged tuning capacitor and trimmer C-65. R-F signals selected by the parallel resonant circuit are applied to the grid of the mixer tube, V-2. A signal from the local oscillator 5.25 mc higher in frequency than the received signal on band #1 and 5.25 mc. lower in frequency than the received signal on bands #2 and #3 is fed to the mixer tube through the cathode and provides the difference frequency of 5.25 mc for the i-f amplifier stages.

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c. **Oscillator.** - The oscillator circuit consists of a type 955 acorn type triode in a tuned-plate untuned grid type of oscillator circuit. The frequency of oscillation is determined by a resonant circuit consisting of the secondary of transformer T-9 and section C-1C of the main tuning capacitor connected in parallel. Capacitor C-11 is used to trim transformer T-9 (Band #3) only, although it remains in the circuit on bands #1 and #2. The r-f energy is fed from the plate of tube V-15 to the tuned circuit by the d-c blocking capacitor C-56. The decoupling network in the plate circuit of the oscillator tube consists of R-63, L-1, C-55 and R-62. Resistor R-66 (in band #3 only) and capacitor C-57 (in all bands) in series with the feed-back winding of transformer T-9 provide grid voltage across resistor R-64 for the oscillator tube. The oscillator voltage is supplied for the mixer stage by a third winding on transformer T-9 which is fed to the mixer tube (V-2) through capacitor C-9.

d. **First and 2nd I-F Amplifier.** - The 1st and 2nd i-f amplifier stages employ type 6AC7 and 6AB7 pentodes respectively. The i-f amplifier coupling transformers T-10, T-11, and T-12 for these two stages are tuned to 5.25 mc. by adjusting the powdered iron core slugs in both primary and secondary windings. The gain of the 1st and 2nd i-f amplifier stages is varied by the R.F. GAIN control (R-11), connected in series with the cathodes of both tubes, to provide sensitivity control for the receiver instead of the usual practice of varying the gain of the r-f amplifier stages. This method of control permits the r-f amplifier stages to operate at maximum gain, thereby providing a high signal to noise ratio at all sensitivity settings. The a-v-c grid voltage is applied to this section of the receiver through the decoupling networks C-12, R-10, C-16, and R-19. The a-v-c voltage is supplied by the 2nd detector tube (V-6) during a-m reception and a small amount of voltage is also supplied for a similar purpose, from the limiter tube (V-7) during f-m reception. Since the 1st and 2nd i-f amplifier stages are used for both a-m and f-m reception, the band width of the i-f amplifier channel is varied to provide a relatively sharp frequency response for a-m reception (SELECTIVITY switch set at SHARP) and a relatively broad frequency response for f-m reception. (SELECTIVITY switch set at BROAD). The selectivity of the i-f amplifier is controlled by switching in a third winding which varies the coupling between the primary and secondary windings. In SHARP position, the coupling winding is disconnected and only the coupling between primary and secondary windings determines the band width of the i-f amplifier. In BROAD position, the coupling winding is introduced to increase the coefficient of coupling between primary and secondary winding. The increase in coupling broadens the i-f amplifier frequency response to accept f-m signals. The signal voltage supplied by the 2nd i-f amplifier is fed to the limiter and discriminator for f-m reception and to the 3rd i-f amplifier stage and 2nd detector for a-m reception.

e. **Final I-F Amplifier.** - The last i-f amplifier stage, used for a-m reception, employs a type 6SK7 pentode connected in a conventional class A amplifier circuit. The stage is coupled by transformers T-12 and T-13 which are tuned by adjustable powdered iron core slugs. Resistor R-25 by-passed by capacitor C-21 provides self-bias for the stage. The gain of this stage is not varied as was the case for the 1st and 2nd i-f amplifier stages. The amplified signal voltage developed across the secondary of transformer T-13 is then fed to the 2nd detector for demodulation of a-m signals.

f. **A-M 2nd Detector and A-N-L.** - Both the second detector and automatic noise limiter stages employ a single type 6H6 duo-diode. One diode section of tube V-8 serves as detector for amplitude modulated signals by rectifying the modulated carrier. The r-f filter for this type of detection consists of resistor R-31 and capacitors C-24 and C-26 connected in a pi-section. Automatic volume control voltage and audio frequency voltage is obtained from the load and voltage divider resistors R-33, R-34, and R-36. Resistor R-35 and capacitor C-8 serve as a-v-c decoupling. The remaining diode section of tube V-8 serves as automatic noise limiter as follows: Capacitor C-25 becomes charged by the rectified carrier voltage and the time constant of this capacitor and the filter network associated with it is such that the audio frequency voltage variations do not alter this charge. During a severe noise pulse, however, the cathode of the diode plate connected to capacitor C-25 becomes more negatively charged than the charge held by capacitor C-25, hence, current flows shorting the audio voltage to ground through capacitor C-25 until the cathode voltage of the a-n-l diode again reaches a less negative potential than its plate and capacitor C-25 acquires its normal charge again. By shorting the audio voltage to ground during a noise pulse, the a-n-l circuit prevents the objectional noise pulses from reaching the audio amplifier stages.

g. **Beat Frequency Oscillator.** - The beat frequency oscillator employs a type 6J5 triode tube in a modified Hartley oscillator circuit. The oscillator frequency is adjusted by a moveable powdered iron core within the field of coil L-5. This iron core adjustment sets the oscillator's frequency at 5.25 mc. and is adjusted by a screw driver during alignment. The fine adjustment of the oscillator frequency re-

quired to provide control of the beat note frequency is controlled by variable capacitor C-60 (PITCH CONTROL) which tunes a small portion of the total oscillator coil (L-5). The B.F.O. switch controls the use of the oscillator by breaking the plate voltage lead to the tube. The decoupling network R-60 and C-52 prevents the oscillator signal from reaching the other stages through the "B" voltage supply.

h. F-M Limiter and Discriminator. - The frequency modulation detector consists of a limiter stage and a discriminator stage. The 6AC7 limiter tube (V-7) is fed by the second i-f transformer secondary winding along with the third i-f amplifier tube V-5 for a-m reception. The limiter stage operates as a saturated amplifier in which the output voltage remains constant over a large range of input voltage levels, thus eliminating variations in the amplitude of the carrier signal to be demodulated by the discriminator. When operating as an f-m receiver, automatic volume control action is obtained by applying a part of the voltage developed across resistor R-39 in the grid return of the limiter tube (V-7), to the control grids of the 1st and 2nd i-f amplifier tubes (V-3 and V-4) through section SW-8A of the A.M./F.M. switch. The constant level signal voltage from the limiter tube (V-7) is fed to the type 6H6 discriminator tube (V-8) through the discriminator transformer (T-14) and coupling capacitor C-29. The discriminator circuit, consisting of transformer T-14, tube V-9 and load resistors R-40 and R-41, converts the frequency variations of the f-m signal into amplitude variations or the audio signal. The de-emphasis network, consisting of resistor R-42 and capacitor C-32, attenuates the high frequency end of the audio range since these frequencies are emphasized as the f-m transmitter. From the de-emphasis network the audio signal is fed to the A.F. GAIN control (R-43) in the same way as the audio signal from the amplitude modulation detector tube (V-8).

i. Audio Amplifier. - The audio amplifier stages consists of a class A phase inverter amplifier employing a type 6SL7GT twin-triode driving a pair of 6V6GT/G pentodes in push-pull class A. The audio signal from either the a-m detector or the f-m discriminator is fed to the grid of the first triode section of the phase inverter tube (V-9) through the A.F. GAIN control (R-43). The amplified audio signal voltage from the first triode section of tube V-9 is fed to the grid of power amplifier tube V-12 and to the grid of the second triode section of tube V-9 through the voltage divider network consisting of resistors R-50 and R-51 which also serve as grid return for the power amplifier tube (V-12). The audio signal voltage developed across the plate load resistor (R-45) of the second triode section of tube V-9, which is now 180 degrees out of phase, is then fed to the remaining power amplifier tube (V-11) grid. The output of the power amplifier tubes is coupled to the load through transformer T-15, the secondary of which provides output impedances of 500 ohms and 5000 ohms to ground and 600 ohms balanced to ground. The network consisting of R-69, R-53 and C-35 supplies inverse feedback in various amounts to provide tone control ranging from bass boost to high frequency cutoff. The TONE switch SW-9 selects the required network combination.

j. Tuning Meter. - The tuning meter serves two circuits in the receiver depending upon the type of signals being received. It is switched from one circuit to the other by the A.M./F.M. switch (SW-8 sections B and C).

(1) **A-M Reception.** - When metering the reception of a-m signals, the tuning meter measures the plate current of the 2nd i-f amplifier tube (V-4) which varies with the strength of the signal carrier. Resistor R-58 sets the zero (no signal) position of the tuning meter by controlling that part of the plate current of tube V-4 flowing through the meter. The intermediate frequency signal voltage then drives the plate current of tube V-4 to a lower value depending upon the signal strength. The screen grid voltage of tube V-4 is regulated by the voltage regulator tube (V-10) to provide an accurate control over the zero signal plate current so that the meter adjustment resistor (R-58) need not be continually re-set for variations of the a-c line voltage.

(2) **F-M Reception.** - When metering reception of f-m signals the tuning meter measures the unbalanced current in resistors R-40 and R-41 obtained when the receiver is tuned to one side of the f-m carrier. When the receiver is tuned to the exact center of the f-m carrier the meter rests at zero indicating that the currents in the discriminator load resistors are equal. Resistor R-56 functions to limit the maximum current in the meter circuit to a safe value.

k. Power Supply. - The receiver has provisions for operation from either an a-c or d-c source.

(1) **A-C Operation.** - The receiver's power supply provides for operation from 115 or 230-volt a-c mains. The a-c current is fed through the line filter which is a low pass pi-section network connected in each side of the line. The network consists

of inductances L-2 and L-3 and capacitors C-48, C-49, C-50 and C-51. The line filter attenuates all the objectionable noise components coming into the receiver circuit through the a-c power source. The line voltage at which the receiver will operate is determined by the setting of the line voltage switch SW-10. This switch simply connects the two 115-volt primary windings of transformer T-16 in parallel for 115-volt operation or series for 230-volt operation. A type 5U4G (tube V-13) full wave rectifier is employed in a conventional full wave rectifier circuit. The high voltage from this rectifier is fed to the filter network through the "Shorting Plug" on the rear apron of the receiver chassis as is the filament current for the heaters of the tubes. The SEND/REC. switch is connected in series with the high voltage lead from the rectifier filament to the shorting plug socket to break the high voltage circuit to the receiver's filter sections, thereby, disabling the receiver but at the same time keeping the tube heaters hot, ready for instant use. The filter circuit consists of two low pass pi-section networks made up of inductances L-6 and L-7 and capacitors C-42, C-43, and C-44. In order to provide a constant "B" voltage for the oscillator, mixer, and screen grid of the 2nd i-f amplifier stages a voltage regulator tube type OD3/VR-150 is used. The voltage supplied to the screen of tube V-4 is regulated to provide accurate current control for the tuning meter connected in the plate circuit of this tube.

(2) D-C Operation. - External 6-volt storage battery and 270-volts of "B" batteries or storage battery and vibrator type supply provide for d-c operation. When operating from an external d-c supply the "Shorting Plug" on the rear apron of the receiver chassis is removed and a similar plug is wired to supply filament and plate current to the receiver circuits. The "B" voltage is fed to the input side of the filter sections used for a-c operation thereby insuring adequate filtering for vibrator type power supplies.

MAINTENANCE

CAUTION - Voltages at various points in this equipment are of sufficiently high potential to produce a severe shock. Locate the high-potential points on the VOLTAGE CHART before attempting to service circuits that are "hot". IT IS A GOOD RULE TO DISCONNECT THE POWER SOURCE BEFORE MAKING ADJUSTMENTS WHEN POSSIBLE. BE CAREFUL.

1. PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE.

All components of the receiver should be given a thorough inspection at regular intervals. The time interval between inspections will be determined by the operating conditions of the individual installation. In general, keep the components clean and dry. Moisture, even in a completely tropicalized set may cause serious deterioration and produce general unsatisfactory operation. Dust and dirt materially effect both electrical and mechanical operation. Keep the various parts clean especially the tuning capacitors and associated gear drive. Dust should be blown out with dry air or brushed out carefully. Do not oil the gear teeth or the condenser wipers, as noisy reception will result from intermittent electrical contact at these points. Noisy reception may also be caused by dirty condenser wipers, faulty gain controls and switches, frayed cable connections, faulty tubes, etc. in the installation. Check accessible connections, switch contacts, etc. regularly, making sure that all are clean and tight and the tubes and cable connectors are held securely in their sockets.

2. REPLACING TUBES, LAMPS, and FUSES.

a. Replacing Tubes. - All tubes with exception of the three acorn types are accessible at the top of the chassis through the hinged cover of the cabinet. The three acorn type tubes are made accessible by removing the top cover of the r-f section which is held down by anchor clips. The acorn type tubes are inserted with the short end of the body in the socket. Acorn tubes are more fragile than the rest and must be handled accordingly. If the grid and plate clips on the connections to these tubes become loose replace or bend them to fit firmly. DO NOT ATTEMPT TO SOLDER DIRECTLY TO THE TUBE PIN as the heat generated by the soldering iron will crack the glass envelope. When replacing tubes, check the tube type carefully and replace with the correct tube type. Refer to the top view of the chassis to determine the location of the tubes and to the PARTS LIST for the type number and description of each.

b. Replacing Lamps. The receiver employs two lamps with bayonet type sockets to illuminate the calibrated tuning dial and the vernier dial. The lamps are to be replaced with a 6/8-volt, 250 ma. (blue bead) G.E. #44 or equivalent. The color code referred to is the color of the glass bead above the glass stem inside the envelope of the lamp.

3. PERIODIC ADJUSTMENTS.

a. Tuning Meter Adjustment. -

(1) The tuning meter zero setting control is located behind its front panel button type cover, marked METER ADJ. Remove the button with a knife or screw driver blade.

(2) Disconnect the antenna and connect a jumper across terminals A₁, A₂, and GND. on terminal board TS-2.

(3) Set the front panel controls for amplitude modulation reception as follows:

(a) Set A.M./F.M. switch at A.M.

(b) Set A.V.C. switch at ON.

(c) Turn R.F. GAIN control to right until the switch on the control clicks.

(d) Set A.F. GAIN control for minimum gain. (All the way to the left.)

(e) Set A.N.L. switch at OFF.

(f) Set B.F.O. switch at OFF.

(g) Set SEND/REC. switch at REC.

(h) Set SELECTIVITY switch at SHARP.

(4) With a screw driver set the METER ADJ. control for the zero reading on the S-meter scale of the tuning meter.

(5) Remove the antenna terminal jumper and replace antenna leads and meter adjustment cover button, the adjustment is completed.

b. Receiver Alignment. - The receiver has been carefully aligned at the factory and should not require realignment until the receiver requires new tubes in the r-f and i-f amplifier stages, or shows signs of loss of sensitivity, off frequency calibration or requires service work on one or more of its r-f and i-f amplifier stages. Alignment should not be attempted by inexperienced personnel as maximum performance is obtained only by careful and intelligent alignment.

(1) Aligning Tools. -

(a) Signal generator capable of providing a 400-cycle modulated signal at 5.25 mc. and 27 to 145 mc. range. Recommended generators are the Ferris Instrument Corp. Model 18D or 18FS and the Measurements Corp. Model 75.

(b) A 50-ohm non-inductive dummy antenna resistor.

(c) Non-metallic screw driver. A bakelite screw driver with a short metal blade is very good.

(d) Audio output meter capable of handling 10 watts of audio power for either 500 or 5000-ohm loads.

(2) I-F Amplifier Alignment. -

(a) Disconnect the grid lead of the type 954 mixer tube (V-2) and connect the "hot" lead of the signal generator to the grid of the mixer tube using a small clip or flexible piece of wire to make the connection. Connect the ground wire of the generator to the receiver chassis.

CAUTION - Do not attempt to solder to the tube terminal as the heat of the soldering iron is certain to crack the glass envelope.

(b) Connect the output meter across the speaker terminals. Set the range of the output meter for its highest range to prevent overloading the meter accidentally.

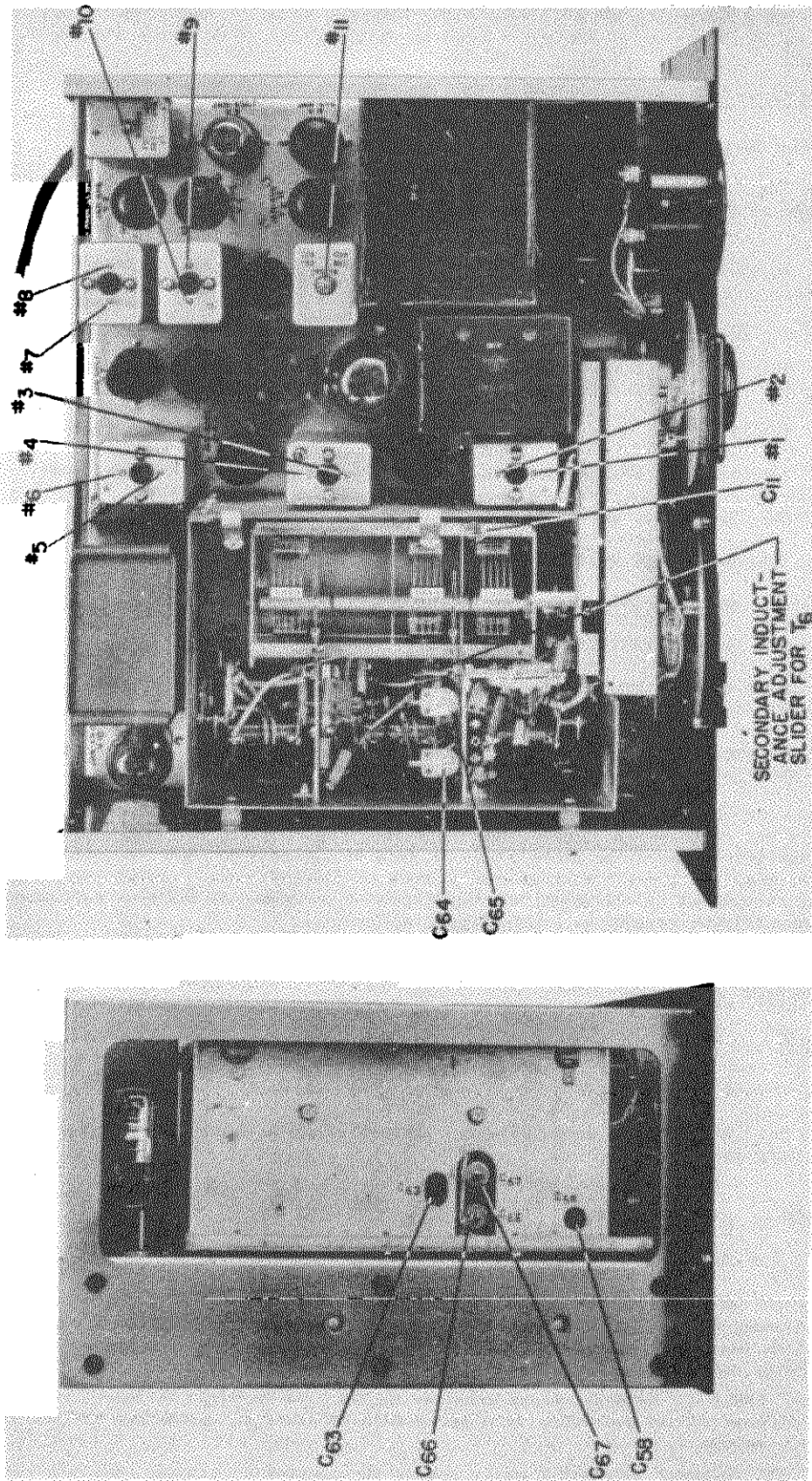


Figure 5-1. Radio Receiver Model S-36A, view showing alignment points.

THE HALLICRAFTERS CO.

MODEL 3-36

(c) Let the receiver warm up for approximately half an hour, then set the receiver controls as follows:

R.F. GAIN control at maximum gain.

A.F. GAIN control at maximum gain. Work in a shielded room if possible.

SELECTIVITY switch at SHARP.

A.M./F.M. switch at A.M.

BAND SWITCH at band #2.

A.V.C. switch at OFF.

SEND/REC. switch at REC.

A.N.L. switch at OFF.

B.F.O. switch at OFF.

TONE control at HIGH FID.

(d) Set the signal generator frequency at 5.25 mc. and turn on the 400-cycle modulation.

(d) Adjust transformers T-10, T-11, T-12 and T-13 for maximum output meter reading using just enough signal generator output to provide a good resonant swing on the output meter. The signal level at the generator should not be more than 70 microvolts for a 500 milliwatt audio output level. Repeat the alignment procedure until assured of accurate alignment. Refer to figure 5-1. for the location of i-f transformer adjustment screws #1 through #8 inclusive on i-f transformers T-10, T-11, T-12, and T-13.

(3) Discriminator Transformer Alignment. -

(a) Set the A.M./F.M. switch at F.M. and the SELECTIVITY switch at BROAD.

(b) Leave the signal generator set at 5.25 mc. with 400-cycle modulation.

(c) Adjust the secondary slug (#10) of the discriminator transformer (T-14) for zero signal level at the output meter. Note that this adjustment is critical, therefore turn the adjustment screw slowly. Use sufficient signal generator output to provide a good null indications

(d) Detune the adjustment made in par. (c) slightly so that the output meter gives a readable indication.

(e) Adjust the primary slug adjustment (#9) of the discriminator transformer for maximum response.

(f) Retune the secondary (slug #10) of the discriminator transformer for the null point as in par. (c).

(g) Detune the signal generator to a frequency lower than the i-f frequency until the maximum output point is reached. Note the output meter reading and the frequency deviation from the i-f frequency (5.25 mc.).

(h) Repeat the procedure for the frequency above the i-f frequency. The frequency deviation and maximum output should be the same for good balance. If they are not, then tune the signal generator to the lower of the two peaks and adjust the primary slug adjustment (#9) until the output rises an amount equal to about half the difference of the two peaks previously noted.

(i) Retest for balance as above readjusting the primary slug adjustment until both maximum readings are alike when the signal generator is detuned approximately the same amount on either side of resonance (5.25 mc.). If a balance cannot be obtained, it is an indication that the discriminator transformer secondary slug adjustment (#10) has been misadjusted and will require a very slight correction in either direction. The direction of adjustment that will cause the off-tune peaks to assume the same values is the correct one. Care must be taken in adjusting the discriminator secondary control as even a very slight misadjustment will result in distortion of frequency modulated signals.

MODEL S-36-A

THE HALLICRAFTERS CO.

(4) B.F.O. Adjustment. - Set up the receiver and signal generator as for i-f amplifier alignment and proceed as follows:

- (a) Shut off the 400-cycle modulation of the signal generator.
- (b) Set the PITCH CONTROL at "0" and set the B.F.O. switch at ON.
- (c) Back off the A.F. GAIN control slightly and use just enough signal generator output to provide a clean beat note.
- (d) Plug a headset into the PHONES jack.
- (e) Adjust the slug screw (#11) of coil L-5 for zero beat.
- (f) Check the adjustment by turning the PITCH CONTROL to the right and left of "0". A change in the pitch of the beat note should result. The frequency of the beat note will vary from zero at the "0" setting to a very high pitch at the #5 setting of the control.
- (g) Disconnect the signal generator and reconnect the grid lead to the mixer tube, the alignment of the i-f amplifier stages is completed.

(5) R-F Amplifier Alignment.- The following sequence must be followed to properly align the r-f amplifier stages. Band 3 is aligned first since the adjustment of trimmer C-11 is made for band 3 alignment only and will slightly effect the alignment of bands 1 and 2 if band 3 is not aligned first.

(a) Connect the "hot" lead of the signal generator to terminal "A₁" of the antenna terminal board through a 50-ohm non-inductive resistor (carbon). Connect the ground lead of the generator to the receiver chassis. Leave the jumper connected between terminals "A₂" and "GND". Turn on the 400-cycle modulation.

(b) Let the receiver warm up for approximately half an hour, then set the receiver controls as follows:

R.F. GAIN control at maximum gain.

A.F. GAIN control at maximum gain.

SELECTIVITY switch at SHARP during alignment of band 1, and at BROAD during alignment of bands 2 and 3.

A.M./F.M. switch at A.M.

A.V.C. switch at OFF.

SEND/REC. switch at REC.

A.N.L. switch at OFF.

B.F.O. switch at OFF.

tone control at HIGH FID.

NOTE For all alignment adjustments the signal generator output attenuator must be adjusted to provide a 500 milliwatt audio signal output at the speaker terminals of the receiver.

NOTE - During each of the following adjustments the ANTENNA control should be touched up to keep the antenna stage in alignment.

(c) Band 3. Alignment. - (BAND SWITCH at 3.)

1. Set the signal generator at 135 mc. and tune in its signal on the receiver. If the receiver's calibrated dial reads 135 mc. no adjustment of capacitor C-11 is necessary if not, adjust C-11 for maximum output with the receiver dial set at 135 mc.

2. Set the signal generator at 90 mc. and tune in its signal on the receiver. If the receiver dial reads 90 mc. no adjustment of the plate winding inductance of transformer T-9 is necessary - if not, loosen the setscrew at the frame of the main tuning condenser (C-1), holding the end of the plate coil, and adjust the inductance. Increase the inductance if the generator signal falls lower than the 90 mc. calibration point on the receiver dial and reduce the inductance if the signal

THE HALLICRAFTERS CO.

MODEL S-36-

falls above the 90 mc. calibration point. Tighten down the set screw each time before checking the adjustment.

NOTE - If the plate coil inductance was altered it will be necessary to repeat step 1. again. Several adjustments of capacitor C-11 in step 1. and the plate coil inductance in step 2. may be required in cases of where a new transformer (T-9) had to be installed.

3. Set the signal generator and receiver at 135 mc. and adjust trimmer capacitor C-65 for maximum output. Rock the tuning control back and forth slightly to determine the best adjustment.

4. Ordinarily no adjustment of the secondary winding inductance of transformers T-3 and T-6 is necessary at 90 mc., however, if the sensitivity of the receiver falls off at this end of the range or if new transformers have just been installed it will be necessary to adjust the secondary winding inductance for maximum response at 90 mc. Transformer T-6 is provided with a soldered slider adjustment at the gang condenser frame, however, the ground side of the secondary of transformer T-3 must be unsoldered to be adjusted. The value of inductance that provides maximum audio signal at the output meter is the correct adjustment.

NOTE - If the secondary inductance was altered it will be necessary to repeat step 3. again. Several adjustments of capacitor C-65 in step 3. and inductance in step 4. may be necessary depending upon the condition of the coils.

(d) Band 2. Alignment. - (BAND SWITCH at 2.)

1. Set the signal generator at 80 mc. and tune in its signal on the receiver. If the receiver's calibrated dial reads 80 mc. no adjustment of capacitor C-67 is necessary - if not, adjust capacitor C-67 for maximum output with the receiver dial set at 80 mc.

2. Set the signal generator at 50 mc. and tune in its signal on the receiver. If the receiver dial reads 50 mc. no adjustment of the plate winding inductance of transformer T-8 is necessary - if not, it will be necessary to loosen the winding from the form with lacquer thinner and shift the individual turns until the signal peaks with the receiver dial set at 50 mc. Repeat step 1. above and recheck step 2. again before cementing the coil in place with Amphenol 912 cement.

NOTE - The presence of lacquer thinner may effect the winding inductance, hence, it is well to allow a few minutes for the lacquer thinner to evaporate before making inductance adjustments.

3. Set the signal generator and receiver at 80 mc. and adjust trimmer capacitor C-64 for maximum output. Rock the tuning control back and forth slightly to determine the best adjustment.

4. Ordinarily no adjustment of the secondary winding inductance of transformers T-2 and T-5 is necessary at 50 mc., however, if the sensitivity of the receiver falls off at this end of the range or if new transformers have just been installed it will be necessary to adjust the secondary winding inductance for maximum response at 50 mc. To adjust the secondary inductance it will be necessary to use lacquer thinner as in step 2. to loosen and shift turns until the signal peaks with the receiver dial set at 50 mc. Repeat step 3. above and recheck step 4. again before cementing the coils in place with Amphenol 912 cement.

(e) Band 1. Alignment. - (BAND SWITCH at 1.)

1. Set the signal generator at 45 mc. and tune in its signal on the receiver. If the receiver's calibrated dial reads 45 mc. no adjustment of capacitor C-66 is necessary - if not, adjust capacitor C-66 for maximum response with the receiver dial set at 45 mc.

2. Set the signal generator at 30 mc. and tune in its signal on the receiver. If the receiver dial reads 30 mc. no adjustment of the padder capacitor C-58 is necessary - if not, adjust capacitor C-58 for maximum output with the receiver dial set at 30 mc.

MODEL S-36-A

THE HALLICRAFTERS CO.

3. Set the signal generator and receiver at 45 mc. and adjust trimmer capacitor C-63 for maximum response. Rock the tuning control back and forth slightly to obtain the best adjustment.

4. Ordinarily no adjustment of the secondary winding inductance of transformers T-1 and T-4 is necessary at 30 mc., however, if the sensitivity of the receiver falls off at this end of the range or if new transformers have just been installed it will be necessary to adjust the secondary winding inductance for maximum response at 30 mc. To adjust the secondary inductance it will be necessary to use lacquer thinner as before to loosen and shift turns until the signal peaks with the receiver dial set at 30 mc. Repeat step 3. above and recheck step 4. again before cementing the coils in place with Amphenol 912 cement.

NOTE - After completing the above alignment procedure check the image frequency to determine whether the oscillator frequency is higher than the signal frequency on band 1. and lower than the signal frequency on bands 2 and 3. For example: Set the receiver dial at 100 mc., set the signal generator frequency at twice the i-f frequency lower than 100 mc. or 99.5 mc. and turn up the signal generator output to about 5000 times the normal alignment output. An image signal should be heard. If not, tune the signal generator to twice the i-f frequency higher than the signal frequency or 110.5 mc. and look for the image there. If the image shows up at 110.5 mc., the receiver's oscillator is operating above the signal frequency on this band and must be readjusted so that it falls below the signal frequency. Due to the construction of this receiver it is considered impossible to adjust the oscillator frequency so that it will fall on the wrong side of the signal frequency on any of the three bands, however, it is always well to check for the image after making any extensive alignment adjustments.

(f) When completely aligned the overall receiver sensitivity will usually run from 2 microvolts at 30 mc. to 10 microvolts at 130 mc. for 50 milliwatts audio output. If your receiver falls reasonably close to this sensitivity, consider your job finished.

4. LOCATING FAULTS WITH A VOLT-OHM METER.

a. Voltage Chart. - Refer to Fig. 5-2. for the tube socket terminal voltages. Voltages shown are those between the terminal and ground (chassis) unless otherwise specified. To identify the tube socket connections, refer to Fig. 7-6. The readings were taken with an RCA Volt-Ohmyst Junior analyzer using 20,000 ohm per volt sensitivity. To prepare the receiver for measurement, disconnect the antenna, connect a jumper between the antenna terminals A₁, A₂ and GND, disconnect the speaker and replace with a 5000-ohm 10-watt resistor across the 5000-ohm output terminals or a 500-ohm 10-watt resistor across the 500-ohm terminals, and set the controls as follows:

SELECTIVITY switch at SHARP

SEND/REC. switch at REC.

A.M./F.M. switch at A.M.

A.V.C., A.N.L., and B.F.O. switches at ON.

R.F. GAIN and A.F. GAIN controls at maximum gain position.

ANTENNA, TONE, TUNING, and PITCH CONTROL adjustments do not effect the readings.

b. Resistance Chart. - Refer to Fig. 5-3. for the tube socket terminal to ground (chassis) resistance measurements.

The readings were taken with an RCA Volt Ohmyst Junior analyzer. To prepare the receiver for measurement, disconnect the a-c line cord and set the controls as follows:

SELECTIVITY switch at SHARP.

SEND/REC. switch at REC.

A.M./F.M. switch at A.M.

A.V.C., A.N.L., and B.F.O. switches at ON.

R.F. GAIN and A.F. GAIN controls at maximum gain position.

TONE control set at BASS BOOST.

ANTENNA, TUNING and PITCH CONTROL adjustments do not effect the readings.

THE HALLICRAFTERS CO.

MODEL 3-35-1

c. Checking Transformer and Inductor Windings With an Ohm-meter. -

NOTE - One terminal of each winding measured must be disconnected from the circuit to avoid measuring circuit resistance instead of winding resistance alone as indicated in the chart.

Circuit Symbol	Name of Part	Winding	Winding Terminals	D-C Resistance (ohms)
T-15	TRANSFORMER, audio.	Primary	1 to 3	560
		$\frac{1}{2}$ primary	1 to 2/2 to 3	260
		600-ohm secondary	4 to 6	25
		$\frac{1}{2}$ 600-ohm secondary	4 to 5/5 to 6	12.5
		5000-ohm secondary	7 to 9	33
		500-ohm secondary	7 to 8	3
T-16	TRANSFORMER, power.	Primary #1	1 to 3	3.5
		Primary #2	2 to 4	3.5
		H.V. secondary	9 to 11	90
		$\frac{1}{2}$ H.V. secondary	8 to 10/10 to 11	45
		5.0-volt secondary	7 to 8	Zero
		6.3-volt secondary	5 to 6	Zero
L-6/L-7	Reactor, filter.	12-henry coil	1 to 2	215
		3-henry coil	2 to 3	85

SUPPLEMENTARY DATA**FREQUENCY RANGE.**

27.8 mc. - 143 mc. (Covered in three bands).

AUDIO POWER OUTPUT.

Speaker operation - 3 watts with less than 5% distortion (500 or 5000 ohms).
Headset operation - 3 watts with less than 5% distortion (600 ohms).

SENSITIVITY.

At 30 mc. - 2.0 microvolts (For 50 milliwatt audio output).
At 135 mc. - 10.0 microvolts (For 50 milliwatt audio output).
(Signal generator modulated 30% at 400 cycles.)

AUDIO FIDELITY.

Audio response is flat within ± 3 db. from 40 to 10,000 cycles per second.

IMAGE RATIO.

Image ratio exceed 1000:1 at 30 mc., 300:1 at 58 mc.; 100:1 at 80 mc. and 60:1 at 100 mc.

SELECTIVITY.

I-F selectivity measured at the grid of the mixer tube is not less than 10kc. or more than 25 kc. with the SELECTIVITY switch at SHARP and not less than 65 kc. or more than 80 kc. with the SELECTIVITY switch at BROAD. at 6 db. down from resonance.

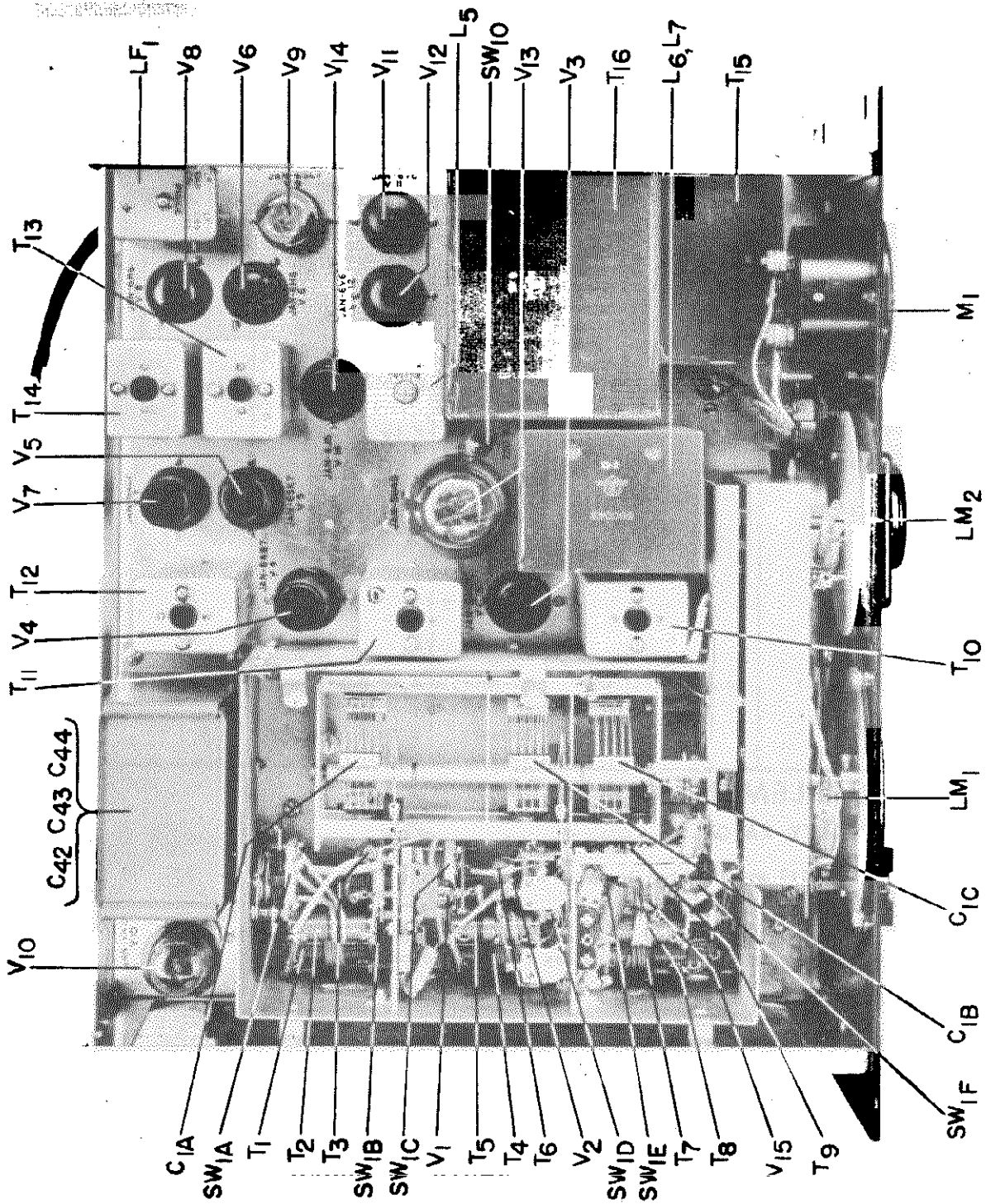


Figure 7-1. Radio Receiver Model S-36A, top view.

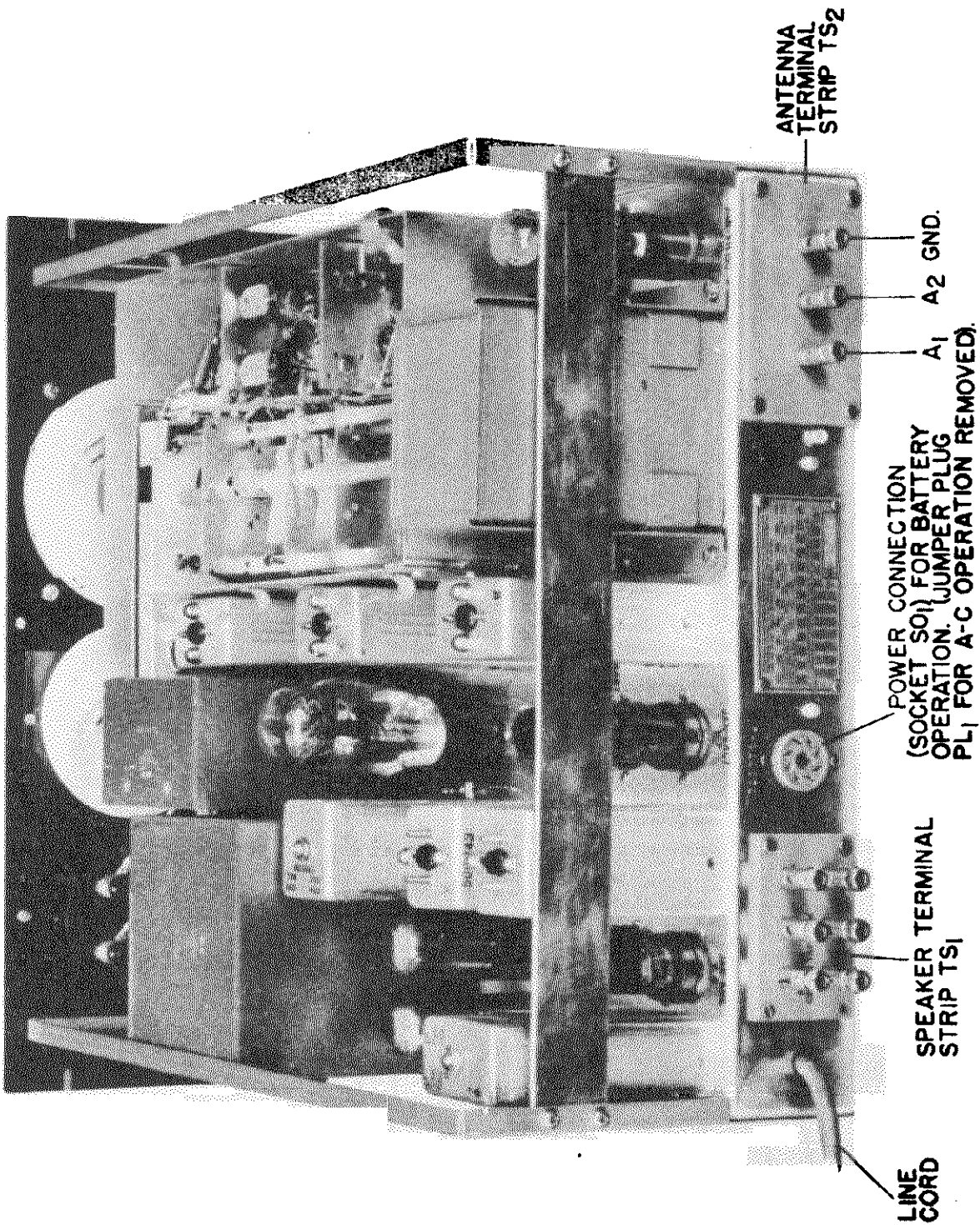


Figure 7-3. Radio Receiver Model S-36A, rear view.

THE HALLICRAFTERS CO.

Ref. Symbol	Name of Part and Description	Mfr Code and Type No.	Hallcrafters' Part No.
C22	Same as C ₉	-	-
C23	Same as C ₈	-	CMB0600K
C24	Capacitor, fixed: mica dielectric; 95 mfd. ± 10%; 500 V. D-C working; case 51/64" long x 15/32" wide x 7/32" thick same as C ₂₆	ASA	-
C25	Capacitor, fixed: paper dielectric; 0.05 mfd. - 6 + 14%; 600 V. D-C working; metal case 1-25/32" long x 1-1/32" deep x 10/16" high; with 2 mfg. feet with 2-1/8" mfg. centers; 2 solder lug terminals insulated from case by neoprene seals and phenolic washers; same as C ₂₆	IC type 7076	48A005
C26	Same as C ₂₄	-	-
C27	Capacitor, fixed: mica dielectric; 100 mfd. ± 10%; 500 V. D-C working; case 51/64" lg x 15/32" wd x 7/32" thick.	ASA	CMB04101K
C28	Capacitor, fixed: mica dielectric; 500 mfd. ± 10%; 500 V. D-C working; case 53/64" long x 53/64" wide x 9/32" thick.	ASA	CMB06031K
C29	Capacitor, fixed: ceramic dielectric; 25 mfd. ± 10%; 500 V. D-C working; negative 0 temp. coeff; body 5/8" lg x 3/16" dia.	IRC special	47A148
C30	Same as C ₈	-	-
C31	Same as C ₈	-	-
C32	Capacitor, fixed: mica dielectric; 500 mfd. ± 10%; 500 V. D-C working; case 1-1/16" long x 10/32" wide x 7/32" thick.	ASA	CMB24651K
C33	Same as C ₉	-	-
C34	Capacitor, fixed: mica dielectric; 1000 mfd. ± 10%; 500 V. D-C working; case 53/64" square x 9/32" thick.	ASA	CMB04102K
C35	Same as C ₂₅	-	-
C36	Same as C ₄	-	-
C37	Same as C ₈	-	-
C38	Capacitor, fixed: paper dielectric; 20 mfd. - 10 + 70%; 25 V. D-C working; case hermetically sealed metal 2-1/8" long x 1" deep x 13/16" high; 2 mfg. feet with 2-1/8" mfg. centers; 2 solder lug terminals insulated from the case; same as C ₄₀	IC type 1B139	46A011
C39	Capacitor, fixed: mica dielectric; 150 mfd. ± 10%; 500 V. D-C working; case 51/64" lg x 15/32" wd x 7/32" thick.	ASA	CMB04151K
C40	Same as C ₃₈	-	-
C41	Not used	-	-
C42	Capacitor, fixed: paper dielectric; triple unit; unit #1 is 4 mfd. 500 V. D-C working (C ₄₂), unit #2 is 8 mfd. 500 V. D-C working (C ₄₂), unit #3 is 8 mfd. 500 V. D-C working (C ₄₂); hermetically sealed metal case 4-3/4" long x 2-3/4" deep x 6-7/16" high; 2 mfg. feet with 4-3/4" x 2" mfg. centers; 4 solder lug terminals (one common to all units) insulated from the case by bakelite and neoprene washers; terminals marked "6", "4", "8", "8".	-	CMB043
C43	Same as C ₃	-	-
C44	Same as C ₃	-	-
C45	Same as C ₃	-	-
C46	Same as C ₃	-	-
C47	Same as C ₃	-	-

Ref. Symbol	Name of Part and Description	Mfr Code and Type No.	Hallcrafters' Part No.
CAPACITORS			
C1	Capacitor, variable: air dielectric; 3 sections; 9 plates with double spacing between plates; min. cap. 5 mfd., max. cap. 54.7 mfd.; plates are aluminum; short silver plated brass 1" long x 0.375" dia., with x 28 insulation on stator; front rotor section grounded to frame, other two sections insulated from frame; spade lug mfg.; solder lug terminals.	OM special	48C147
C2	Capacitor, variable: air dielectric; simple section; 7 plates; min. cap. 5 mfd., max. cap. 28 mfd.; aluminum plates; ceramic insulation; brass shaft; 3.4" long x 3/8" dia., mfg. base 3/8" thick x 1-7/32" dia., mfg. centers 21/32"; total depth of unit 7/8"; solder lug terminals	IC type 22-7	49A038
C3	Capacitor, fixed: mica dielectric; 200 mfd. ± 10%; 500 V. D-C working; case 51/64" lg x 15/32" wd x 7/32" thick; same as C ₄ , C ₉ , C ₁₀ , C ₄₅ , C ₄₆ , C ₄₇ , C ₅₅ .	ASA	CMB04301K
C4	Capacitor, fixed: mica dielectric; 2200 mfd. ± 10%; 500 V. D-C working; case 53/64" long x 53/64" wide x 9/32" thick; same as C ₆ , C ₅₂ , C ₈₁ .	ASA	CMB04222K
C5	Same as C ₃	-	-
C6	Capacitor, fixed: ceramic dielectric; 10 mfd. ± 10%; 500 V. D-C working; temp. coeff. -0.0065 mfd./mfd./deg. Cent.; case 0.502" long x 0.255" dia.	CEL type 811-077	47A106
C7	Capacitor, fixed: mica dielectric; 5000 mfd. ± 10%; 500 V. D-C working; case 1-1/32" long x 41/64" wide x 11/32" thick; same as C ₂ , C ₄ , C ₁₅ , C ₁₇ , C ₁₈ , C ₁₉ , C ₂₁ , C ₂₂ , C ₂₅ , C ₃₀ , C ₃₅ , C ₃₇ , C ₄₂ , C ₇₈ .	ASA	CMB04522K
C8	Same as C ₃	-	-
C9	Same as C ₃	-	-
C10	Same as C ₃	-	-
C11	Capacitor, variable: air dielectric; small variable capacity formed between a 6-32 metal screw and a CR3 plate 5/8" x 13/16" lg, rolled to 3/16" ID, at one end, with a 7/32" dia. sig. hole 3/16" center from other end x 7/32" center from top side; cadmium plated plate.	H 48A140	48A140
C12	Capacitor, fixed: paper dielectric; 1000 mfd. ± 10%; 500 V. D-C working; case 3/4" lg x 3/4" wd x 7/32" thick.	CE	47A121
C13	Same as C ₈	-	-
C14	Same as C ₈	-	-
C15	Same as C ₈	-	-
C16	Same as C ₁₂	-	-
C17	Same as C ₈	-	-
C18	Same as C ₈	-	-
C19	Same as C ₈	-	-
C20	Capacitor, fixed: mica dielectric; 47 mfd. ± 10%; 500 V. D-C working; case 51/64" long x 15/32" wide x 7/32" thick; same as C ₃₁ .	ASA	CMB0470K
C21	Same as C ₈	-	-

Ref. Symbol	Name of Part and Description	Mfr Code and Type No.	Hallcrafters' Part No.
C ₆₉	Same as C ₆₈	-	-
C ₇₀	Same as C ₆₉	-	-
C ₇₁	Same as C ₆₉	-	-
C ₇₂	Same as C ₆₉	-	-
C ₇₃	Same as C ₆₉	-	-
C ₇₄	Capacitor, fixed: ceramic dielectric; 80 mfd ± 10%; 500 V. D-C working; zero temp. coeff.; body 3/4" lg x 1/4" dia.; same as C ₇₅ .	ER Special	47A008
C ₇₅	Same as C ₇₄	-	-
C ₇₆	Same as C ₇₄	-	-
C ₇₇	Same as C ₇₄	-	-
C ₇₈	Same as C ₇₄	-	-
FUSES			
F ₁	Fuses: 3 ampere 5800 V.; 6AGT glass enclosed; 1-1/2" long x 5/32" dia.; cam nipple plated copper alloy; carries 110% of rated current; vibration factor is 500.	LF type 1060	31M01K
JACKS			
J ₁	Jack, phone; switching-one make, one break; steel frame; silver contacts; rubber and bakelite lamination; mounted by 3/8"-32 brass bushing 3/4" long; frame dimensions 1-19/32" x 27/32" x 3/4"; solder lug contacts; 1" from front of bushing to lip contact.	I: type 31-807 modified	308000
INDUCTORS			
L ₁	Inductor, R-F: 75 turns of #28DCC single layer winding; in-ductance 15.5 microhenries ± 10%; d-c resistance 4.10 ohm ± 5%; wound on molded bakelite coil form 15/16" long x 5/32" dia., coated with Chinese red lacquer; air core.	SFI type 50A008	50A008
L ₂	Inductor, line filter: 57 turns of #28DCC universal wind- ing; 45 microhenries inductance; winding 3/4" ID x 1-1/8" OD x 9/32" lg; air core; coil form 1" lg x 1/2" dia., sep- arated 9-32 at each end for sig.	H type 53A006	53A006
L ₃	Same as L ₂	-	-
L ₄	Inductor, R-F: 48 turns of #28DCC single layer winding; in- ductance 4.80 microhenries ± 10%; d-c resistance 0.25 ohm ± 70%; wound on molded bakelite coil form 7/8" long x 9/32" dia., coated with Chinese blue lacquer; air core.	SFI type 50A009	50A009
L ₅	Inductor, beat frequency oscillator: 15-7/8 turns of #10/44 D coil, 1/16" single layer winding tapped 3-1/8" on x bakelite tube 1-5/8" long x 3/8" O.D. x 0.400" I.D.; tuned by adjustable iron core; unit shielded; assembly includes reactor R ₁ and capacitors C ₆ , C ₅₄ , and C ₆₆ .	SFI type 54A004	54A004

Ref. Symbol	Name of Part and Description	Mfr Code and Type No.	Hallcrafters' Part No.
C ₆₈	Capacitor, fixed: mica dielectric; 5000 mfd ± 20%; 500 V. D-C working; case 55/64" square x 11/32" thick; same as C ₆₉ , C ₇₀ , C ₇₁ .	ABA	020A008N
C ₆₉	Same as C ₆₈	-	-
C ₇₀	Same as C ₆₈	-	-
C ₇₁	Same as C ₆₈	-	-
C ₇₂	Same as C ₆₈	-	-
C ₆₃	Connector, fixed: mica dielectric; 100 mfd ± 20%; 500 V. D-C working; case 51/64" lg x 15/32" wd x 7/32" thk.	ABA	020A001E
C ₆₄	Capacitor, fixed: ceramic dielectric; 200 mfd ± 10%; 500 V. D-C working; zero temp. coeff.; body 1-8/16" lg x 0.180" dia.	ER	47A008
C ₆₅	Same as C ₆₄	-	-
C ₆₆	Capacitor, fixed: ceramic dielectric; 80 mfd ± 2-5 mfd; 500 V. D-C working; neg. 0.00020 mfd/mfd/deg. Cmt.; body 7/16" lg x 7/16" dia.	ER type M700K	47A106
C ₆₇	Capacitor, fixed: ceramic dielectric; 1000 mfd ± 20%; 500 V. D-C working; body 13/16" lg x 3/16" dia.	RT type 20C1500	47A158
C ₆₈	Capacitor, adjustable: mica dielectric; 400 mfd ± 10%; bakelite mfg. insulation; 2 solder lug terminals to which are attached #18AWG tinned copper leads 1" long, both leads insulated from the frame; special L shaped sig. frame 1" x 7/8" x 1/4"; octagon condenser frame 3/4" dia.	US type 581A	44A050
C ₆₉	Capacitor, fixed: twisted pair of leads to form 1 mfd capacity.	-	-
C ₇₀	Capacitor, variable: air dielectric; min. cap. 3.0 mfd, max. cap. 20 mfd; ceramic insulation; 2 mfg. holes with 21/32" mfg. centers; one solder lug terminal (vector plate); wire pilot on stator plate; mfg. part; shft. 29/32" long x 1/2" dia.; beam 1-7/32" long x 15/16" wide; overall depth 2-3/8".	NC type 25-7	45A004
C ₇₁	Same as C ₇₀	-	-
C ₇₂	Same as C ₇₀	-	-
C ₇₃	Capacitor, adjustable: mica dielectric; min. cap. 3 mfd, max. cap. 50 mfd; ceramic insulation; compression type adjustment; unit is 3/4" long x 6/8" wide x 11/16" deep including 2 solder lug terminals.	US Special	44A049
C ₇₄	Capacitor, adjustable: ceramic dielectric; 4 to 20 mfd; 100 V. D-C working; screw driver adjustment; vertically mounted by a CR8 special mfg bracket; same as C ₆₇ .	H Special	44A101
C ₇₅	Same as C ₇₄	-	-
C ₇₆	Capacitor, adjustable: air dielectric; 1 to 15 mfd; base- lite insulation; screw driver adjustment; 1-11/64" lg x 0.500" dia. overall excluding solder lug terminals; same as C ₆₇ .	RV type 29-5010 modified	44A140
C ₇₇	Same as C ₇₆	-	-
C ₇₈	Capacitor, fixed: ceramic dielectric; 100 mfd ± 20%; 500 V. D-C working; neg. 0.00005 mfd temp. coeff.; body 3/4" lg x 3/8" dia.; same as C ₆₉ , C ₇₀ , C ₇₁ , C ₇₂ , C ₇₃ , C ₇₄ , C ₇₇ .	ER Special	47A117

THE HALLICRAFTERS CO.

Ref. Symbol	Name of Part and Description	Mfr Code and Type No.	Hallcrafters' Part No.
R ₀	Same as R ₂	-	-
R ₁	Resistor, fixed: 100,000 ohms ± 10%; ½ watt; carbon; insulated; 0.249" O.D. x 0.005" long; same as R ₂₃ , R ₄₀ , R ₄₁ , R ₅₁ .	ASA	RC21AE104E
R ₂	Not used	-	-
R ₃	Resistor, fixed: 10 ohms ± 10%; ½ watt; carbon; insulated; 0.249" O.D. x 0.005" long; same as R ₁₀ , R ₂₃ , R ₃₀ .	ASA	RC21AE104E
R ₁₀	Resistor, fixed: 100,000 ohms ± 10%; ½ watt; carbon; insulated; 0.170" diam x 0.400" long.	ASA	RC10ME104E
R ₁₁	Resistor, variable: 10,000 ohms ± 20%; #9 reversed taper; shaft 1" long x ½" dia.; 3 solder lug terminals with the variable contact located in the center and the fixed contacts 1-7/16" apart; no taps; includes a toggle action switch (SW) on rear which closes the circuit when the control is turned to the extreme right (clockwise).	CT Type 125	28C0060
R ₁₂	Resistor, fixed: 120 ohms ± 10%; ½ watt; carbon; insulated; 0.249" O.D. x 0.408" long.	ASA	RC20AE121X
R ₁₃	Resistor, fixed: 120 ohms ± 10%; ½ watt; carbon; insulated; 0.249" O.D. x 0.005" long; same as R ₂₀ .	ASA	RC1AE121X
R ₁₄	Resistor, fixed: 39,000 ohms ± 10%; ½ watt; carbon; insulated; 0.249" O.D. x 0.005" long.	ASA	RC21AE390X
R ₁₅	Resistor, fixed: 330 ohms ± 10%; ½ watt; carbon; insulated; 0.249" O.D. x 0.005" long; same as R ₂₂ , R ₂₉ , R ₃₂ .	ASA	RC21AE331X
U ₁₀	Same as R ₁₅	-	-
R ₁₇	Not used.	-	-
R ₁₈	Resistor, fixed: 33 ohms ± 10%; ½ watt; carbon; insulated; 0.249" O.D. x 0.005" long; same as R ₂₀ , R ₂₇ , R ₃₅ .	ASA	RC21AE330E
R ₁₉	Same as R ₁₀	-	-
R ₂₀	Same as R ₁₈	-	-
R ₂₁	Same as R ₂	-	-
R ₂₂	Same as R ₁₅	-	-
R ₂₃	Same as R ₁	-	-
R ₂₄	Resistor, fixed: 470,000 ohms ± 10%; ½ watt; carbon; insulated; 0.249" O.D. x 0.005" long; same as R ₂₅ , R ₃₆ .	ASA	RC21AE473X
R ₂₅	Same as R ₁₅	-	-
R ₂₆	Same as R ₁₅	-	-
R ₂₇	Same as R ₂	-	-
R ₂₈	Resistor, fixed: 2500 ohms ± 5%; 10 watt; wire wound; coated with baked vitreous enamel; 3" O.D. x 1-7/8" long.	ERC Type AB	2497730
R ₂₉	Same as R ₂	-	-
R ₃₀	Resistor, fixed: 22,000 ohms ± 10%; ½ watt; carbon; insulated; 0.249" O.D. x 1.70" long; same as R ₃₀ .	ASA	RC11AE220X
R ₃₁	Resistor, fixed: 47,000 ohms ± 10%; ½ watt; carbon; insulated; 0.249" O.D. x 0.005" long.	ASA	RC21AE473X

Ref. Symbol	Name of Part and Description	Mfr Code and Type No.	Hallcrafters' Part No.
I ₀	Inductor assembly, filter: 2 section unit; section #1 inductance 3 henries - 10 ± 5% @ 150 milliamperes; d-c resistance 85 ohms ± 10%; connected to solder lug terminals #2 and #3 (top); section #2 inductance 12 henries - 10 ± 20%, #90 milliamperes; d-c resistance 215 ohms ± 10%; connected to solder lug terminals #1 and #6 (top); each section has a separate iron core; coils and cores located in an mutual coupling exists; hermetically sealed case 3-½" long x 2-9/16" deep x 1-9/16" high; unit mounts by 4 threaded lugs with 2-9/16" x 1-9/16" sq. centers; breakaway between core and windings 2000 V. RMS; heat rise under rated load 40 deg. Cent. or less.	ST Type 16023	587048
I ₁			
I ₂	Line filter assembly; consists of inductors I ₂ and I ₃ , and capacitors C ₂ , C ₃ , C ₄ , C ₅ and C ₆ , mounted in drawn aluminum case 4-15/16" high, 1-3/8" wide x 1-13/16" deep with solder lug terminals and mounted by 4 spade lugs.	SWI Type 3482	20A055
LAMP FILTERS			
L ₁	Lamp; beyond base 6 to 8 volts @ 850 milliamperes; glass bulb; same as L ₂ .	GE Type 44	39A000
L ₂	Same as L ₁	-	-
METERS			
M ₁	Meter, 50° meter; calibrated in 50° units; 160-0-40 micro-ampere movement; body 2.00" dia. x 1-3/8" deep; round flush type metal plate 3.5 O.D., with 3 wdg. holes 120 degrees apart; includes 2 terminals 2-24-922 which project 0.66" from rear of meter.	R Special	88A097
PLUGS			
P ₁	Plug and line cord assembly; 2 conductor #18 type S-J all rubber covered cord 6 feet long with a spring type (aluminum type 373) socket on plug; at one end and stripped and tinned for S-J at the other end.	R Type 1750	H7A155
P ₂	Plug, octal; metal, bakelite body 1-4" O.D. x 7/16" thick; metal contact rings 7/16" long; supplied with insulated jumpers between contacts 3 and 4, and contacts 6 and 7.	AP Type C-4	20A000
RESISTORS			
R ₁	Resistor, fixed: 270 ohms ± 10%; ½ watt; carbon; insulated; 0.249" O.D. x 0.005" long.	ASA	RC21AE271X
R ₂	Resistor, fixed: 1000 ohms ± 10%; ½ watt; carbon; insulated; 0.249" O.D. x 0.005" long; same as R ₃ , R ₆ , R ₃₁ , R ₃₇ , R ₃₇ .	ASA	RC21AE100X
R ₃	Same as R ₂	-	-
R ₄	Resistor, fixed: 10,000 ohms ± 20%; ½ watt; carbon; insulated; 0.249" O.D. x 1.70" long.	ASA	RC11AE100W
R ₅	Resistor, fixed: 2000 ohms ± 10%; ½ watt; carbon; insulated; 0.249" O.D. x 0.005" long; same as R ₂ , R ₃ , R ₃₇ .	ASA	RC21AE202X

Ref. Symbol	Name of Part and Description	Mfr Code and Type No.	Hallcrafters Part No.
R ₆₃	Resistor, fixed: 1700 ohms ± 10%; ½ watt; carbon; insulated; 0.251" diam x 0.865" long.	ASA	RC21AE172K
R ₆₄	Resistor, fixed: 22,000 ohms ± 10%; ½ watt; carbon; insulated; 0.249" O.D. x 0.605" long.	ASA	RC21AE221K
R ₆₅	Same as R ₁₇	-	-
R ₆₆	Resistor, fixed: 6 ohms ± 10%; ½ watt; carbon; insulated; 0.215" O.D. x 7/16" long.	ER Type 504	234011
R ₆₇	Same as R ₆₂	-	-
R ₆₈	Resistor, fixed: 8 ohms ± 10%; ½ watt; carbon; insulated; 0.215" O.D. x 7/16" long.	ER Type 504	234019
R ₆₉	Resistor, fixed: 15,000 ohms ± 20%; ½ watt; insulated; 0.249" diam x 0.400" long.	ASA	RC20AE15M
R ₇₀	Same as R ₆₃	-	-
R ₇₁	Same as R ₆₇	-	-
R ₇₂	Same as R ₆₂	-	-
SOCKETS			
S ₀₁	Socket, oval: female; high dielectric mica filled phenolite body 1-7/8" dia. x 31/64" thick; silver plated phosphor bronze solder lugs; solder on steel wdg. plate 1-9/32" wide x 0.021" thick having 2 wdg. holes of 6/32" dia. x 1-3/8" wdg. centers; pins are numbered on back of socket clockwise from locking pin.	AP type M197H	64800
SWITCHES			
SW ₁	Switch, rotary selector: 3 position single pole, 7 sections; non-shorting type contacts; ceramic wafers oval shaped 1-7/8" x 1-5/8" x 0.028" thick; 2 holes 0.164" dia. x 1-9/16" wdg. centers mount wafers individually; entire shaft 11-3/4" long x 0.249" dia. squared on opposite sides to 0.188" dia., with index plate 1-7/8" x 1-3/8" x 0.028" thick and having two 0.1875" stainless steel balls; 3 stops, each 90 degrees apart and position 1 symmetrical to wdg. holes; minimum torque not less than 70 inch ounces.	GM type MC	604170
SW ₂	Switch, toggle: SPST; rated 3 amperes @ 250 V.; case 1" long threaded 10/32-32; solder lug contacts; same as SW ₄ , SW ₅ .	CR type 2810	-
SW ₃	Switch, toggle action; SPST; part of resistor R ₆₆	-	-
SW ₄	Same as SW ₂	-	-
SW ₅	Same as SW ₂	-	-
SW ₆	Switch, toggle: DPST; rated 3 amperes @ 250 V.; case 1-3/32" long x 17/32" wide x 9/16" deep; mounted by bushing 15/32" long threaded 10/32-32; solder lug contact	CR type 5900 K2	604123

Ref. Symbol	Name of Part and Description	Mfr Code and Type No.	Hallcrafters Part No.
R ₉₂	Resistor, fixed: 1 megohm ± 10%; ½ watt; carbon; insulated; 0.249" O.D. x 0.865" long.	ASA	RC21AE100K
R ₉₃	Same as R ₉₂	-	-
R ₉₄	Resistor, fixed: 220,000 ohms ± 10%; ½ watt; carbon; insulated; 0.249" O.D. x 0.605" long; same as R ₅₀ , R ₅₉ , R ₆₂ , R ₆₄ , R ₆₅ , R ₆₉ , R ₇₀ .	ASA	RC21AE221K
R ₉₅	Same as R ₉₄	-	-
R ₉₆	Same as R ₉₄	-	-
R ₉₇	Resistor, fixed: 15,000 ohms ± 10%; ½ watt; carbon; insulated; 0.249" O.D. x 0.605" long; same as R ₆₉ .	ASA	RC21AE15M
R ₉₈	Resistor, fixed: 60,000 ohms ± 10%; ½ watt; carbon; insulated; 0.249" O.D. x 0.605" long.	ASA	RC21AE60K
R ₉₉	Same as R ₉₄	-	-
R ₁₀₀	Same as R ₉₄	-	-
R ₁₀₁	Same as R ₉₄	-	-
R ₁₀₂	Same as R ₉₄	-	-
R ₁₀₃	Resistor, variable: 1 megohm ± 20%; carbon; ½ taper; shaft 1" long x ½" dia.; 3 solder lug terminals with the variable contact located in the center and the fixed contacts 1-7/16" apart; no tape.	CT type 120	25C059
R ₁₀₄	Same as R ₉₄	-	-
R ₁₀₅	Same as R ₉₄	-	-
R ₁₀₆	Resistor, fixed: 2000 ohms ± 10%; ½ watt; carbon; insulated; 0.249" O.D. x 0.605" long; same as R ₆₇ .	ASA	RC21AE20K
R ₁₀₇	Same as R ₉₄	-	-
R ₁₀₈	Resistor, fixed: 100,000 ohms ± 20%; ½ watt; carbon; insulated; 0.249" diam x 0.655" long.	ASA	RC21AE104M
R ₁₀₉	Resistor, fixed: 2000 ohms ± 10%; 2 watt; carbon; insulated; 0.400" diam x 1.41" long.	ASA	RC40M202K
R ₁₁₀	Not used	-	-
R ₁₁₁	Same as R ₉₇	-	-
R ₁₁₂	Same as R ₉₄	-	-
R ₁₁₃	Same as R ₉₄	-	-
R ₁₁₄	Resistor, variable: 1000 ohms ± 20%; wire wound; at. line taper; shaft 3/8" long x ½" dia. slotted 1/16" x 1/16"; 3 solder lug terminals with the variable contact located in the center and the fixed contacts 1-7/16" apart; no tape.	CT type 125	2HC040
R ₁₁₅	Resistor, fixed: 3300 ohms ± 5%; 10 watt; wire wound; coated with baked vitreous enamel; 3/8" O.D. x 1-3/4" long.	10C type AB	2480032D
R ₁₁₆	Same as R ₉₄	-	-
R ₁₁₇	Resistor, fixed: 47,000 ohms ± 10%; ½ watt; carbon; insulated; 0.249" diam x 0.400" long.	ASA	RC21AE47K
R ₁₁₈	Same as R ₁₁₅	-	-

THE HALLICRAFTERS CO.

Ref. Symbol	Name of Part and Description	Mfr Code and Type No.	Hallcrafters' Part No.
T ₅	Transformer, R-F: 46 to 80 megacycles; one primary and one secondary winding; primary 11-4 turns of #30BCE single layer winding around counter-clockwise; secondary 2-4 turns of #22 D cel. braid single layer winding around clockwise; air cores; coils wound on a bakelite tube 1-5/8" long x 3/8" O.D. x 3/8" I.D.; solder lug terminals.	SWI type 006	518774
T ₆	Transformer, R-F: 88 to 145 megacycles; one secondary winding; primary 2-3/4 turns of #30BCE single layer winding; secondary 2-1/4 turns of #14 solid copper single layer winding; air cores; coils are wound on a solid bakelite form 7/8" long x 1/2" dia.; extended coil winding leads for terminals.	SWI type 009	51A776
T ₇	Transformer, R-F: 27.8 to 47 megacycles; one primary and two secondary windings; primary 1-3/4 turns of #30BCE; first secondary 4-1/8 turns of #22 D cel. braid; second secondary 2-4 turns of #30BCE; air cores; coils are wound on a bakelite tube 1-5/8" long x 3/8" O.D.; solder lug terminals.	SWI type 003	51A297
T ₈	Transformer, R-F: 46 to 80 megacycles; one primary and two secondary windings; primary 3/4 turn of #30B cel. braid; first secondary 2-1/4 turns of #22D cel. braid; second secondary 1/2 turn of #22D cel. braid; air cores; coils are wound on a bakelite tube 1-5/8" long x 3/8" O.D.; solder lug terminals.	SWI type 008	51A270
T ₉	Transformer, R-F: 82 to 145 megacycles; one primary and two secondary windings; primary 4 turns of #25 plain enamel; first secondary 1 turn of #14 bare copper wire; second secondary 1-1/2 turns of #28B cel. braid; air cores; coils are wound on a bakelite tube 1-5/8" long x 3/8" dia.; one solder lug and extended coil winding leads provide terminals.	SWI type 059	51B774
T ₁₀	Transformer, Intermediate-Frequency: 5.25 megacycles; one primary and three secondary windings; primary 1/2 turn single layer winding on adjustable polyform core assembly; first secondary 21 turns single layer winding on adjustable polyform core assembly; third secondary 24 turns wound on same form as second secondary; fixed trimmer capacitors (C ₁₀) and (C ₁₁), a fixed resistor (R ₁₀) and a fixed capacitor (C ₁₂) complete the assembly; aluminum shield can 4" high x 1-7/8" long x 1-7/16" wide with 4 speedo lugs centered one on each side of shield; solder lug terminals at base numbered 1 thru 8 and 7 insulated stranded wire lead brought out through a hole in the side of the shield provide connections.	SW Special	50C140
T ₁₁	Transformer, Intermediate-Frequency: 5.25 megacycles; one primary and three secondary windings; primary 1/2 turn single layer winding on adjustable polyform core assembly; first secondary 21 turns single layer winding on adjustable polyform core assembly; third secondary 24 turns wound on same form as second secondary; fixed trimmer capacitors (C ₁₀) and (C ₁₁), a fixed resistor (R ₁₀) and a fixed capacitor (C ₁₂) complete the assembly; aluminum shield can 4" high x 1-7/8" long x 1-7/16" wide with 4 speedo lugs centered one on each side of shield mounted 1/32" from base; solder lug terminals at the base numbered 1 thru 8 provide connections.	SW Special	50C141

Ref. Symbol	Name of Part and Description	Mfr Code and Type No.	Hallcrafters' Part No.
SW7A	Switch, rotary selector: 3 section 3 position; 2 shields separate section #3 from rest of the assembly; a single pole A-C power switch is included at rear and is open at position #3, and closed in positions #2 and #1; all metal parts silver plated brass except for stainless steel contact spring and ball; vacuum wax impregnated phenolic wafer; non abrading teeth at contacts 6 and 9; frame 5/16" long, mounts by 3/8-32 bushing 3/4" long; shaft 3/4" long x 3/8" dia.	OM type #	600176
SW7B	Wafer; shorting type rotor contacts; frame 1 1/2" long including special wgs. bracket at rear of assembly; front of assembly mounts by 3/8-32 bushing 3/4" long, shaft 1 1/2" long x 3/8" dia.	OM type #	600177
SW7C	Switch, rotary selector: single section 2 position; all metal parts silver plated brass except for stainless steel contact spring and ball; vacuum wax impregnated phenolic wafer; non abrading teeth at contacts 6 and 9; frame 5/16" long, mounts by 3/8-32 bushing 3/4" long; shaft 3/4" long x 3/8" dia.	OM type OH	600177
SW7D	Switch, rotary selector: 3 circuit; single section 4 position; metal parts brass, fungicide treated bakelite wafer; shorting type contacts; 1-3/8" lg x 1-7/16" wd x 1-5/8" h overall; shaft 3/4" lg x 3/8" dia.; wgs by 3/8-32 x 3/4" lg brass bushing.	OM Special	600177
SW10	Switch, toggle, DPST, rated 3 amperes @ 250 V., 1-3/4" long x 2 1/2" wide x 3/8" deep, mounted by bushing 1 3/32" long threaded 10-32-32, solder lug contacts.	WH	600090
TRANSFORMERS			
T ₁	Transformer, R-F: 27.8 to 47 megacycles; one primary and one secondary winding; primary 1-1/4 turns of #30BCE single layer winding with a Q of 85 at 45 megacycles with #6.6 micro-microferads; secondary 4 turns of #22 D cel. single layer winding with a Q of 163 at 26 megacycles with #8.6 micro-microferads; air cores; coils wound on a bakelite tube 1-5/8" long x 3/8" O.D. x 3/8" I.D.; solder lug terminals.	SWI type 051	51A295
T ₂	Transformer, R-F: 46 to 80 megacycles; one primary and one secondary winding; primary 1-1/4 turns of #30BCE single layer winding with a Q of 67 at 45 megacycles with #6.6 micro-microferads; secondary 1-7/8 turns of #10 D cel. braid single layer winding with a Q of 159 at 45 megacycles with #9 micro-microferads; air cores; coils wound on a bakelite tube 1-5/8" long x 3/8" O.D. x 3/8" I.D.; solder lug terminals.	SWI type 604	51A298
T ₃	Transformer, R-F: 82 to 145 megacycles; one primary and one secondary winding; primary 3/4 turn of #30BCE single layer winding; secondary 2-1/4 turns of #22 D cel. braid single layer winding; air cores; coils wound on a solid copper single layer winding; air cores; coils wound on a solid bakelite form 7/8" long x 1/2" dia.; extended coil winding leads for terminals.	SWI type 607	51A782
T ₄	Transformer, R-F: 27.8 to 47 megacycles; one primary and one secondary winding; primary 2-3/4 turns of #30BCE single layer winding; secondary 2-1/4 turns of #14 solid copper single layer winding; air cores; coils are wound on a solid bakelite form 7/8" long x 1/2" dia.; extended coil winding leads for terminals.	SWI type 602	51A780

Ref. Symbol	Name of Part and Description	Mfr Code and Type No.	Hallcrafters' Part No.
T ₁	TERMINAL BOARDS Board, terminal: output; consists of vacuum impregnated natural linen base; 10 1/2" long x 2" wide x 1/8" thick with 4 mica holes 0.144" dia. and having 2-7/8" x 1-5/8" mica centers, marked "600 OHM CENTER TAP - 600" and "500 OHM", 5000 OHM-0.001", six brass knurled thumb screw binding posts provide electrical connection.	H	41X306
		Special	
T ₂	Board, terminal: antenna input; consists of natural paper base; 10 1/2" long x 2-1/2" wide x 3/16" thick with 4 mica holes 0.144" dia. and having 3-13/16" x 2" mica centers; marked A ₁ , A ₂ , 0.001; 3 brass knurled thumb screw binding posts provide electrical connections.	H	41X308
		Special	

INDEX TO PARTS MANUFACTURERS

Symbol	Manufacturer	Symbol	Manufacturer
AP	American Phenolic Corp. Chicago, Illinois	IC	Industrial Condenser Chicago, Illinois
ASA	Any manufacturer meeting the applicable American Standards Association specifications.	IRE	International Resistance Co. Philadelphia, Pa.
B	Beiden Mfg. Co. Chicago, Illinois	XF	Littlefuse, Inc. Chicago, Illinois
BC	Benson Chemical Co. Chicago, Illinois	MCW	McClintock Meter Co. Minneapolis, Minn.
CE	Coronet Electric Co. Chicago, Illinois	WH	Weissner Manufacturing Co. Mt. Carmel, Illinois
CR	Cutler-Hammer Milwaukee, Wis.	WT	The Meter Co. Chicago, Illinois
CSL	Centralab Milwaukee, Wis.	OM	Oak Manufacturing Co. Chicago, Illinois
CT	Chicago Telephone & Supply Co. Elkhart, Indiana	NC	Radio Condenser Corp. Chicago, Illinois
ER	Erie Resistor Erie, Pa.	RCA	RCA Manufacturing Co., Inc., Camden, N. J.
EW	Electronic Winding Corp. Chicago, Illinois	ST	Standard Transformer Corp. Chicago, Illinois
GE	General Electric Co. Schenectady, N. Y.	BFI	S. M. Inductor Co. Chicago, Illinois
H	The Hallcrafters Co. Chicago, Illinois	U	Utah Products Company Chicago, Illinois
HP	Hart & Hegeman Electric Co. Harford, Conn.	UE	Underwood Electric Co. Chicago, Illinois

Ref. Symbol	Name of Part and Description	Mfr Code and Type No.	Hallcrafters' Part No.
T ₁₂	Transformer, intermediate-frequency: 6.25 megacycles; one primary and three secondary windings; primary 1 1/2 turns single layer winding on adjustable polyiron core assembly; first secondary 1 1/2 turns single layer winding on same form as primary; second secondary 204 turns single layer winding on adjustable polyiron core assembly; third secondary 2 turns winding on same form as second secondary; fixed trimmer capacitors (C ₇₂) and (C ₇₃); complete the aluminum shield can 4" high x 1-7/8" wide with 4 spade lugs centered one on each side of shield mounted 9/32" from base; solder lug terminals at base numbered 1 thru 8 provide connections.	EX Special	50C142
T ₁₃	Transformer, intermediate-frequency: 5.25 megacycles; one primary and one secondary winding; primary 3 1/2 turns single layer winding on adjustable polyiron core assembly; secondary 3 1/2 turns single layer winding on adjustable polyiron core assembly; fixed trimmer capacitors (C ₇₄ and C ₇₅); complete the aluminum shield can 4" high x 1-7/8" wide with 4 spade lugs centered one on each side of shield mounted 9/32" from base; solder lug terminals at base numbered 1 thru 8 provide connections.	EW Special	50C143
T ₁₄	Transformer, discriminator: 5.25 megacycles; one primary and one secondary winding; primary 3 1/2 turns single layer winding on adjustable polyiron core assembly; secondary 25 turns center tapped single layer winding on polyiron core assembly; fixed trimmer capacitors (C ₇₆ and C ₇₇); and a fixed coupling capacitor (C ₇₈) complete the assembly; aluminum shield can 4" high x 1-7/8" long x 1-7/16" wide with 4 spade lugs centered one on each side of shield mounted 9/32" from base; solder lug terminals at base numbered 1 thru 8 provide connections.	EW Special	50C144
T ₁₅	Transformer, A-F: one primary and 2 secondary windings; primary to match a 12,000-ohm push-pull load (R ₃₅ ma. for each tube; first secondary to match a load of 500 ohms; center tapped; second secondary to match a load of 5000 ohms; iron core; case hermetically sealed; vacuum impregnated; coil and core assemblies bolted to brackets spot welded in case, solder lug terminals marked 1 through 8 at base of transformer, 4 mica lugs at base with 3-1/8" x 1-11/16" mica centers; breakdown between windings and core 1000 R.M.S. volts.	ST type 10K40	55C052
T ₁₆	Transformer, power: primary, 2 section winding connected in parallel for 115 V. A-C, and connected in series for 250 V. A-C operation, 50/60 cycles, single phase; first secondary center tapped to provide 270 V. D-C to 150 milliamperes across 10 mfd. capacitor and a 2 henry MS 8-A V. A-C R 4 inductor; third secondary 5 V. A-C in 3 amperes; hermetically sealed case 4-15/16" long x 3-3/4" deep x 5-5/16" high spot welded at all joints; coil and core assemblies bolted to brackets spot welded to case; vacuum impregnated; mounted by 4 lugs at base with 3-5/8" x 2-1/4" mica centers; 4 terminals threaded 8-32 MC-5 connected to primary as follows: 1 and 3 to one section of primary, 2 and 4 to other section of primary; 7 solder lug terminals connected as follows: 5 and 6 connect to secondary #2 (6.4 V. A-C), 7 and 8 connect to secondary #3 (0 V. A-C), 9 and 11 connect to secondary #1 and ground for transformer case and core, iron core; breakdown voltages as follows between windings and core and case; primary - 1500 V. RMS, secondary #1-3500 V. RMS, secondary #2-1500 V. RMS, secondary #3-3500 V. RMS.	ST type 10P51	55C054

1. GENERAL

Figure 4-1. shows, in very simple block form, the plan of the circuit of the Model S-37 receiver. Note that the circuit is that of the conventional superheterodyne receiver up to the second-i-f amplifier stage. The output of the 2nd i-f amplifier is fed to two channels, namely, the F-M signal channel and the A-M signal channel. The F-M channel consists of the f-m limiter and discriminator and the A-M channel consists of an additional i-f amplifier stage and second detector stage. The demodulated signal from both channels then feeds the same audio amplifier being selected by the AM/FM switch.

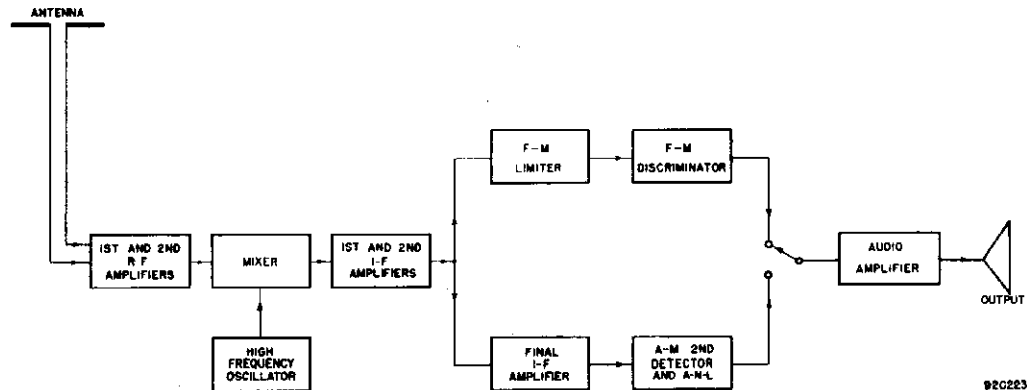


Fig. 4-1. Radio Receiver Model S-37, block diagram

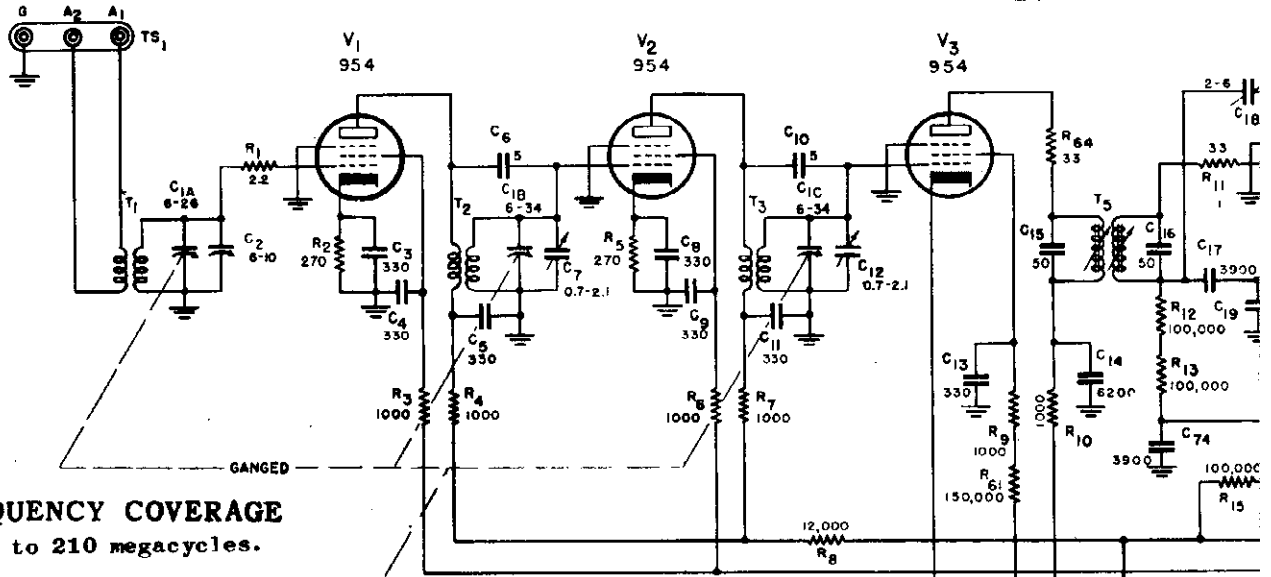
2. DETAILED FUNCTIONING BY STAGES. (Refer to Fig. 7-7.)

a. **R-F Amplifier.** - The two r-f amplifier stages employ type 954 acorn pentode tubes in a conventional two stage amplifier circuit. Signals present at the antenna are fed to the primary of transformer T-1 through terminals A₁ and A₂ of antenna terminal strip TS-1. The secondary is tuned by the ganged tuning capacitor section C-1A and trimmer capacitor C-2. Trimmer capacitor C-2 is controlled from the front panel by the control marked ANTENNA to provide accurate alignment of the r-f stage with varying antenna load impedances. R-F signals selected by the parallel resonant circuit are applied to the grid of tube V-1 and appear in greater amplitude across the primary of transformer T-2. Parasitic resistor R-1 prevents unwanted oscillations in this stage and tends to stabilize the amplifier. Resistor R-2 by-passed by capacitor C-3, provides self-bias for the stage. Resistors R-3 and R-4 and capacitors C-4 and C-5 act as decoupling networks for the screen and plate circuit of tube V-1. The signal across the primary of transformer T-2 is coupled to the grid of tube V-2 inductively by transformer T-2 and capacitively by capacitor C-6. Capacitor C-6 provides a small amount of coupling to improve response at the high-frequency end of the band, thus equalizing the r-f signal amplitude over the tunable frequency range. The secondary of transformer T-2 is tuned by section C-1B of the ganged tuning capacitor and trimmer C-7. R-F signals applied to the grid of tube V-2 by the secondary winding of transformer T-2, appear at the primary of transformer T-3 in greater amplitude as a result of the amplifying action of tube V-2. Resistor R-5 by-passed by capacitor C-8 provides self-bias for the stage. Resistors R-6 and R-7 and capacitors C-9 and C-11 act as decoupling networks for the screen and plate circuit of tube V-2. The signal developed at the primary winding of transformer T-3 then feeds the mixer stage of the receiver.

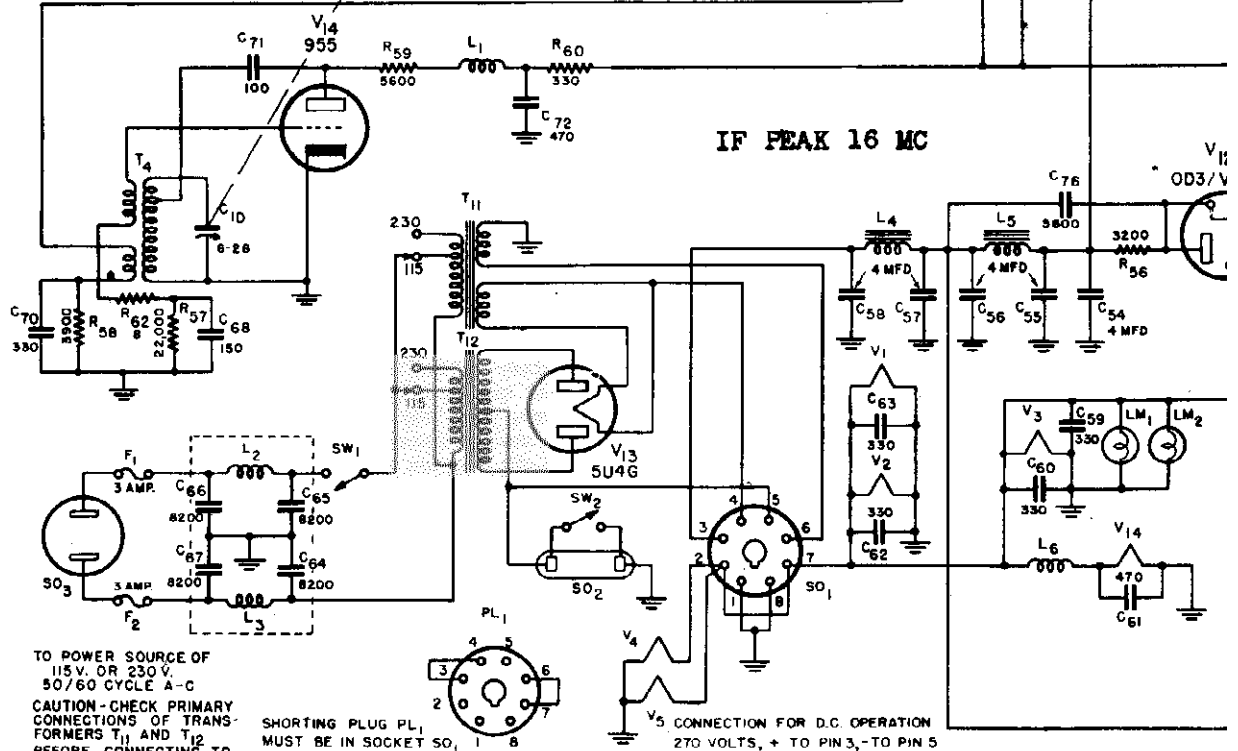
b. **Mixer.** - The mixer stage employs a type 954 acorn pentode in a cathode coupled mixer circuit. The signal across the primary of transformer T-3 is coupled to the grid of tube V-3 inductively by transformer T-3 and capacitively by capacitor C-10. Capacitor C-10 provides a small amount of coupling to improve response at the high-frequency end of the band, thus equalizing the r-f signal amplitude over the tunable frequency range. The secondary of transformer T-3 is tuned by section C-12 of the ganged tuning capacitor and trimmer C-12. R-F signals selected by the parallel resonant circuit are applied to the grid of the mixer tube V-3. A signal from the local oscillator 16 megacycles lower in frequency than the receiver tuning frequency, is fed to the mixer tube through the cathode and provides the difference frequency of 16 mc. for the i-f stages.

c. **Oscillator.** - The oscillator circuit consists of a type 955 acorn triode in a tuned-plate untuned-grid type of oscillator circuit. The frequency of oscillation is determined by a resonant circuit which consists of the secondary of transformer T-4 and section C-1D of the main tuning gang connected in parallel. The r-f energy is

FREQUENCY COVERAGE
130 to 210 megacycles.



IF PEAK 16 MC



TO POWER SOURCE OF
115 V. OR 230 V.
50/60 CYCLE A-C

CAUTION - CHECK PRIMARY
CONNECTIONS OF TRANS-
FORMERS T₁₁ AND T₁₂
BEFORE CONNECTING TO
POWER SOURCE.

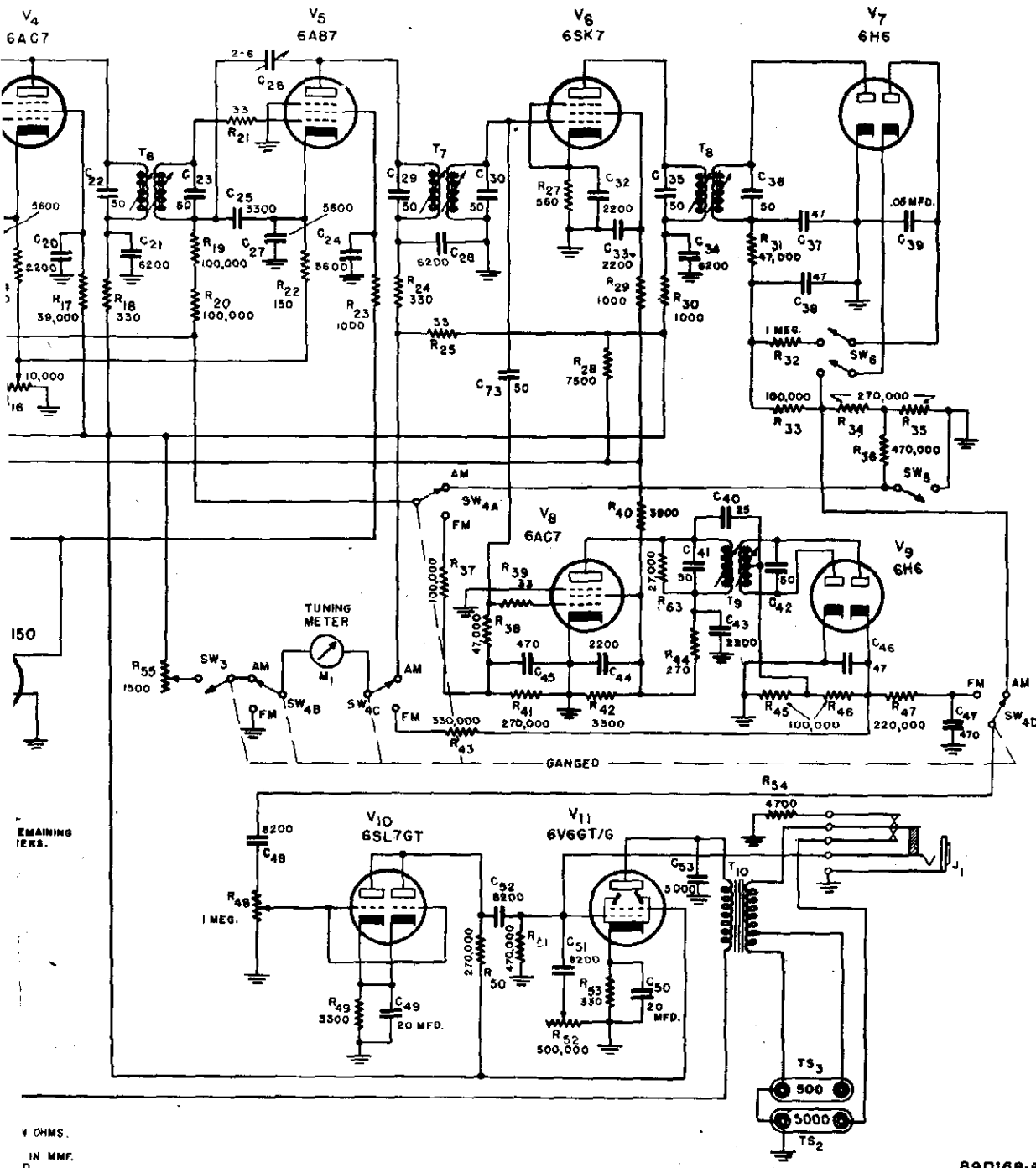
SHORTING PLUG PL₁
MUST BE IN SOCKET SO₁
FOR A-C OPERATION.

CONNECTION FOR D.C. OPERATION
270 VOLTS, + TO PIN 3, - TO PIN 5
6 VOLTS, + TO PIN 7, - TO PIN 8

NOTE: ALL RESISTOR VALUES IN
ALL CAPACITOR VALUES UNLESS OTHERWISE SP

Symbol	Tube Type	Function
V-1	954	1st r-f amplifier
V-2	954	2nd r-f amplifier
V-3	954	Mixer
V-4	6AC7	1st i-f amplifier
V-5	6AB7	2nd i-f amplifier
V-6	6SK7	3rd i-f amplifier
V-7	6H6	A-M detector and noise limiter
V-8	6AC7	F-M limiter
V-9	6H6	F-M discriminator
V-10	6SL7GT	Audio voltage amplifier
V-11	6V6GT/G	Audio power amplifier
V-12	OD3/VR-150	Voltage regulator
V-13	5U4G	Rectifier
V-14	955	High-frequency oscillator

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89D168-A

Figure 7-7. Radio Receiver Model S-37, schematic wiring diagram.

A-C Operation	* D-C Operation
Voltage.....117 volts, 230 volts. Current.....1.0 amp, 0.5 amp. Consumption..110 watts.	Filament voltage..... 6.3 volts. Filament current..... 3.6 amps. "B" voltage..... 270 volts. "B" current..... 125 ma.

* The 6-volt battery drain using a vibrator type supply for "B" voltage will run approximately 18-20 amperes.

fed from the plate of tube V-14 to the tuned circuit by the d-c blocking capacitor C-71. The decoupling network in the plate circuit of the oscillator tube consists of R-59, L-1, C-72, and R-60. Resistor R-62 and R-57 by-passed by capacitor C-68 are connected in series with the feedback winding of transformer T-4 to provide equal oscillator voltage to the mixer stage over the entire tuning range. The mixer voltage is further compensated by the network R-58 and C-70, connected in series with the winding feeding the cathode of the mixer tube.

d. First and 2nd I-F Amplifier. - The 1st and 2nd i-f amplifier stages employ type 6AC7 and 6AB7 pentodes respectively. The i-f amplifier coupling transformers T-5, T-6 and T-7 for these two stages are tuned to 16 mc. by adjusting the powdered iron core slugs in both primary and secondary windings. Each stage is neutralized by capacitors C-18 for tube V-4 and C-26 for tube V-5, to provide stable amplification at this relatively high intermediate frequency. The gain of the 1st and 2nd i-f amplifier stages is varied by the R.F. GAIN control (R-16), connected in series with the cathodes of both tubes, to provide sensitivity control for the receiver instead of the usual practice of varying the gain of the r-f amplifier stages. This method of control permits the r-f amplifier stages to operate at maximum gain, thereby providing a high signal to noise ratio at all sensitivity settings. The a-v-c grid voltage is applied to this section of the receiver through the decoupling networks C-17, R-12, R-13, C-74, and R-19, R-20 and C-25. The a-v-c voltage is supplied by the 2nd detector during a-m reception and a small amount of voltage is also supplied, for a similar purpose, from the limiter tube (V-8) during f-m reception.

e. Final I-F Amplifier. - The last i-f amplifier, used for a-m reception, employs a type 6SK7 pentode connected in a conventional circuit. The stage is coupled by transformers T-7 and T-8 which are tuned by adjustable iron core slugs. Resistor R-27 by-passed by capacitor C-32 provides self-bias for the stage. The gain of this stage is not varied as was the case for the 1st and 2nd i-f amplifier stages. The amplified voltage developed across the secondary of transformer T-8 is then fed to the 2nd detector for demodulation of a-m signals.

f. A-M 2nd. Detector and A-N-L. - Both the second detector and automatic noise limiter stages employ a single type 6H6 duo-diode. One diode section of tube V-7 serves as detector for amplitude modulated signals by rectifying the modulated carrier. The r-f filter for this type of detection consists of resistor R-31, and capacitors C-37 and C-38 connected in a pi-section. Automatic volume control voltage and audio frequency voltage is obtained from the load and voltage divider resistors R-33, R-34, R-35. Resistor R-36 serves as a-v-c decoupling. The remaining diode section of tube V-7 serves as automatic noise limiter as follows: Capacitor C-39 becomes charged by the rectified carrier voltage and the time constant of this capacitor and the filter network associated with it is such, that the audio frequency voltage variations do not alter this charge. During a severe noise pulse, however, the cathode of the diode plate connected to capacitor C-39 becomes more negative than the charge held by C-39, hence, current flows shorting the audio voltage to ground through capacitor C-39 until the cathode voltage of the a-n-l diode again reaches a less negative potential than its plate and capacitor C-39 acquires its normal charge again. By shorting the audio voltage to ground during a noise pulse, the a-n-l circuit prevents the objectional noise pulses from reaching the audio amplifier stages.

g. F-M Limiter and Discriminator. - The frequency modulation detector consists of a limiter stage and a discriminator stage. The type 6AC7 limiter tube (V-8) is fed by the second i-f transformer secondary winding along with the third i-f amplifier tube V-6 for a-m reception. The limiter stage operates as a saturated amplifier in which the output remains constant over a large range of input voltage levels, thus eliminating variations in the amplitude of the carrier signal to be demodulated by the discriminator. When operating as an f-m receiver, automatic volume control action is obtained by applying a part of the voltage developed across resistor R-41 in the grid return of the limiter tube (V-8), to the control grids of the 1st and 2nd i-f amplifier tubes (V-4 and V-5) through section SW-4A of the F.M./A.M. switch. The constant level signal out of the limiter tube (V-8) is fed to the discriminator tube (V-9) through the discriminator transformer (T-14) and coupling capacitor C-40. The discriminator circuit, consisting of transformer T-9, tube V-9 and load resistors R-45 and R-46, converts the frequency variations of the f-m signal into amplitude variations or the audio signals. The de-emphasis network, consisting of resistor R-47 and capacitor C-47, attenuates the high frequency end of the audio range since these frequencies are emphasized at the f-m transmitter. From the de-emphasis network the audio signal is fed to the A.F. GAIN control (R-48) in the same way as the signal from the amplitude modulation detector tube (V-7).

h. Audio Amplifier. - The audio amplifier consists of a conventional high-mu triode class A voltage amplifier driving a single beam power amplifier also operating class A.

(1) **Voltage Amplifier.** - The voltage amplifier stage employs a type 6SL7GT twin-triode tube with its elements connected in parallel. Self bias voltage obtained from resistor R-49 by-passed by capacitor C-49 provides grid bias voltage for class A operation. The stage operates into its plate load resistor R-50 from which grid voltage for the beam power stage is obtained as well as audio voltage for headset operation. Capacitor C-52 isolates the d-c plate voltage from the headset and beam power amplifier grid.

(2) **Power Amplifier.** - The power amplifier employs a type 6V6GT/G beam-power amplifier in a resistance capacity coupled single ended class A amplifier circuit. Grid bias is obtained from cathode resistor R-53 which is by-passed by capacitor C-50. The output of tube V-11 is coupled to the speaker load by transformer T-10 which provides proper matching for 5000 and 500 ohm loads. When the headset is plugged into the circuit, resistor R-54 is automatically connected across the 5000 - ohm winding to maintain proper load impedance for the beam power stage. If a speaker is connected to the 5000 ohm outlet, it will be automatically disabled when the headset is plugged in. The frequency response of the power amplifier stage is controlled by variable resistor R-52 and capacitor C-51 connected in series from the grid of tube V-11 to ground. As the resistance of R-52 is lowered, the higher audio frequencies are attenuated producing a bass boost effect in the output.

i. **Tuning Meter.** - The tuning meter is switched between two circuits depending upon the type of reception:

(1) **A-M Reception.** - When metering reception of a-m signals the tuning meter measures the plate current of the 2nd i-f amplifier stage which varies as the strength of the signal carrier. Resistor R-55 sets the zero (no signal) position by adjusting the plate current of tube V-5. A carrier then drives the plate current of tube V-5 to a lower value depending upon the signal strength. The screen grid voltage of tube V-5 is regulated by the voltage regulator tube to provide accurate control over the plate current.

(2) **F-M Reception.** - When metering reception of f-m signals the tuning meter measures the unbalanced current in resistors R-45 and R-46 obtained when the receiver is tuned to one side of the f-m carrier. When the receiver is tuned to the exact center of the f-m carrier the meter rests at zero indicating that the currents in the discriminator load resistors are equal. Resistor R-43 functions to limit the maximum current in the meter circuit to a safe value.

j. **Power Supply.** - The receiver has provisions for operation from either an a-c or d-c source.

(1) **A-C Operation.** - The internal power supply provides for operation from 115 or 230-volt a-c mains. The a-c current is fed through a line filter which is a low pass pi-section network connected in each side of the line. The networks consist of inductances L-2 and L-3 and capacitors C-64, C-65, C-66 and C-67. The line filter attenuates all the objectionable noise components coming into the receiver circuit through the a-c power source. The filament and high voltage supply transformers are separate units, each provided with a tapped primary for 115- or 230-volts operation. The taps must be wired accordingly each time the line potential is changed. A type 5U4G (tube V-13) full-wave rectifier is employed in a conventional rectifier circuit. The high voltage from this rectifier is fed to the filter network through the "Shorting Plug" on the rear apron of the receiver chassis as is the filament current for the heaters of the tubes. The SEND-REC. switch is connected in series with the center tap of the high voltage secondary of transformer T-12 and ground to break the high voltage circuit in order to disable the receiver and yet keep the tube heaters hot ready for instant use. The filter circuit consists of two low pass pi-section networks made up of inductances L-4 and L-5 and capacitors C-58, C-57, C-56, C-55 and C-54. In order to provide a constant plate voltage to the oscillator, mixer and screen of the second i-f stages a voltage regulator tube type 6X3/VR-150 is used. The voltage supplied to the screen of tube V-5 is regulated to provide accurate current control for the tuning meter connected in the plate circuit of this tube.

(2) **D-C Operation.** - External storage battery and "B" batteries or storage battery and vibrator type supply provide for d-c operation. When operating from an external d-c supply the "Shorting Plug" on the rear apron of the receiver chassis is removed and a similar plug is wired to supply filament and plate current to the receiver circuits. The "B" voltage is supplied to the input side of the filter section used for a-c operation there by insuring adequate filtering for vibrator type supplies when used.

MODEL S-37

THE HALLICRAFTERS CO.

ANTENNA Control. - This control is used to compensate for misalignment of the receiver's antenna stage due to antenna impedance variations. Once set for a given antenna, its setting will hold for a wide range of frequencies.

R. F. GAIN Control. - The radio frequency gain control regulates the sensitivity of the receiver. Turning the control to the right increases the sensitivity of the receiver. Ganged to this control is the "S" meter switch which connects the tuning meter into the circuit when the control is advanced all the way to the right during automatic volume control operation.

S-METER ADJ. - This adjustment sets the signal level meter to its zero signal level position when the receiver is set for A.M. (amplitude modulation) reception. The adjustment is made with a screw driver and once set, it is seldom necessary to make further adjustments.

POWER Switch. - The power switch connects the a-c power to the receiver when operating from a-c mains only. When operating the receiver from a battery supply this control function must be handled by a power switch in the battery supply circuit.

CAUTION - When operating the receiver from a d-c supply set the receiver's POWER switch at OFF and do not plug the a-b line cord into an a-c outlet.

"S" Meter of Tuning Meter. - The tuning meter serves two functions in the receiver depending on the type of reception as follows:

A.M. Reception. - When the receiver is adjusted to receive amplitude modulated signals, the tuning meter indicates the relative carrier strength of the received signal. To put the meter in operation, turn the R.F. GAIN control to the right until the switch connected to its shaft clicks, and set the A.V.C. switch at ON.

F.M. Reception. - When the receiver is adjusted to receive frequency modulated signals, the tuning meter is used to indicate resonance with the station carrier. As the receiver is tuned through the f-m carrier the meter pointer will first deflect to one side of zero, return to zero and deflect an equal distance on the opposite side of zero, and finally return to zero as the carrier is completely passed. The zero center position in the middle of the swing represents the current setting of the receiver tuning dial and indicates resonance with the station carrier.

OPERATION.

Listed below are the receiver controls and their settings for the two types of reception provided by this receiver, namely, amplitude modulation reception and frequency modulation reception.

A. A.M. (Amplitude Modulation) Reception. - To receive an amplitude modulated signal, set the panel controls as follows:

- POWER switch - Set at ON when operating receiver on alternating current. To turn off receiver set switch at off.
- CAUTION - Leave switch set at OFF when operating receiver from external batteries.
- SEND/REC. switch - Set at REC. (Set at SEND to disable receiver when desired.)
- A.M./F.M. switch - Set at A.M.

- A.V.C. switch - Set at ON.
- R.F. GAIN control - Turn to right until switch on control clicks.
- TUNING control - Set dial that is calibrated in megacycles to frequency of signal; adjust for maximum tuning meter reading.
- ANTENNA control - Adjust for maximum tuning meter reading.
- A.F. GAIN control - Adjust for desired signal level at headset or speaker.
- TONE control - Set to please the listener.
- A.M.L. switch - Normally set at OFF. (Use only when background noise is excessive.)

NOTE - The control settings listed above are those necessary for reception using automatic volume control and meter tuning. Should the operator wish to use manual control of the receiver's sensitivity set the A.V.C. switch at OFF and adjust the R.F. GAIN control for maximum required sensitivity. The tuning meter will not function when manual control of the receiver's sensitivity is employed.

F.M. (Frequency Modulation) Reception. - To receive a frequency modulated signal, set the panel controls as follows:

- POWER switch - Set at ON when operating receiver on alternating current. To turn off receiver set switch at OFF.
- CAUTION - Leave switch set at OFF when operating receiver from external batteries.
- SEND/REC. switch - Set at REC. (Set at SEND to disable receiver when desired.)
- A.M./F.M. switch - Set at F.M.
- A.V.C. switch - Set at OFF.
- R.F. GAIN control - Turn all the way to the right. (It is not necessary to actuate the switch.)
- TUNING control - Set dial that is calibrated in megacycles to frequency of signal; adjust for zero setting of tuning meter.
- ANTENNA control - Adjust for maximum signal level in headset or speaker if control is effective. (Adjustment is generally needed only on very weak signals.)
- A.F. GAIN control - Adjust for desired signal level at headset or speaker.
- TONE control - Set to please the listener.
- A.M.L. switch - Set at OFF. (not used)

CAUTION - Voltages at various points in this equipment are of sufficiently high potential to produce a severe shock. Locate the high potential points on the VOLTAGE-RESISTANCE DIAGRAM before attempting to service circuits that are "hot". IT'S A GOOD RULE TO DISCONNECT THE POWER SOURCE BEFORE MAKING ADJUSTMENTS WHEN POSSIBLE. BE CAREFUL.

1. PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE

All components of the receiver should be given a thorough inspection at regular intervals. Keep the components clean and dry. Moisture, even in a completely tropicalized set may cause serious deterioration and produce general unsatisfactory operation. Dust and dirt materially effect both electrical and mechanical operation. Keep the various parts clean especially the tuning capacitor and associated gear drive. Dust should be blown out with dry air or brushed out carefully. Do not oil the gear teeth or the condenser wipers as noisy reception will result from intermittent electrical contact at these points. Noisy reception may also be caused by dirty condenser wipers, faulty gain controls, and switches, frayed cable connections, faulty tubes, etc. in the installation. Check accessible connections, switch contacts, etc. regularly making sure that all are clean and tight and the tubes and cable connectors are held securely in their sockets.

2. REPLACING TUBES, LAMPS, AND FUSES

a. **Replacing Tubes.** - All tubes with the exception of the four acorn types are accessible at the top of the chassis through the hinged cover of the cabinet. The four acorn type tubes are made accessible by removing the top cover of the r-f section which is held down by thumb screws. The acorn tubes should be inserted with the short end of the body in the socket. Acorn tubes are more fragile than the rest and should be handled accordingly. If the grid and plate clips on the connections to these tubes become loose replace or bend to fit. **DO NOT ATTEMPT TO SOLDER DIRECTLY TO THE TUBE PIN** as the heat generated by the soldering iron will crack the glass envelope. When replacing tubes, check the tube type carefully and replace with the correct tube type. Refer to the top view of the chassis to determine the location of the tubes and to the PARTS LIST for the tube number and description of each.

b. **Replacing Lamps.** - The receiver employs two lamps with bayonet type sockets to illuminate the vernier dial and the tuning meter. The lamps illuminating the vernier dial scale and tuning meter are to be replaced by a 6/8-volt, 150 ma. (Brown bead) G.E. 47 or equivalent. The color code referred to, is the color of the glass bead above the glass stem inside the envelope of the lamp. The lamp illuminating the meter scale is removed by pulling the lamp socket from the rubber grommet in the meter case. When reinserting the lamp, do not push the socket assembly too far into the meter case as a hot spot of light will appear on the meter scale instead of even area of illumination.

c. **Replacing Fuses.** - Two fuses are used, one in each side of the a-c line. The fuse holders are located on the rear apron of the chassis and require a screw driver to remove the fuse. Replace burned out fuses with 3-ampere 250-volt, Little Fuse type 3AG or equivalent.

CAUTION - The fuses protect your equipment, don't take chances using fuses rated for a heavier current drain than 3 amperes.

3. PERIODIC ADJUSTMENTS

a. Tuning Meter Adjustment.

(1) The tuning meter zero setting control is located behind its front panel button type cover marked **S-METER ADJ.** Remove the button with a knife or screw driver blade.

(2) Disconnect the antenna and connect a jumper across terminals A_1 , A_2 , and GND.

(3) Set the front panel controls for amplitude modulation reception as follows:

(a) Set A.M./F.M. switch at A.M.

(b) Set A.V.C. switch at ON.

MODEL S-37

THE HALLICRAFTERS CO.

- (c) Turn R.F. GAIN control to right until the switch on the control clicks.
- (d) Set A.F. GAIN control for minimum gain. (All the way to the left).
- (e) Set A.N.L. switch at OFF.
- (f) Set SEND-REC. switch at REC.

(4) With a screw driver set the S-METER ADJ. control for the zero reading on the S-meter scale of the tuning meter.

(5) Remove the antenna terminal jumper and replace antenna leads and meter adjustment cover button, the adjustment is completed.

b. Receiver Alignment. - The receiver has been carefully aligned at the factory and should not require realignment until the receiver requires new tubes in the r-f and i-f stages or shows signs of loss of sensitivity, off frequency calibration or requires service work on one or more of its r-f and i-f stages. Alignment should not be attempted by inexperienced personnel as maximum performance is obtained only by careful and intelligent alignment.

(1) Aligning Tools. -

(a) Signal generator capable of providing a 400-cycle modulated signal at 16 mc. and 130 to 210 mc. range. Recommended generators are the Ferris Instrument Corp. Model 18D or 18FS and the Measurements Corp. Model 75.

(b) A 50-ohm non-inductive dummy antenna resistor.

(c) Non-metallic screw driver. A bakelite screw driver with a short metal blade is very good.

(d) Audio output meter capable of handling 5 watts of audio power for either 500 or 5000-ohm loads.

(2) I-F Amplifier Alignment.

(a) Disconnect the grid lead of the type 954 mixer tube (V-3) and connect the signal generator to the grid of the mixer tube, using a small clip or flexible piece of wire to make the connection. Connect the ground wire of the generator to the receiver chassis.

CAUTION - Do not attempt to solder to the tube terminal as the heat of the soldering iron is certain to crack the glass envelope.

(b) Connect the output meter across the speaker terminals. Set the range of the output meter for its highest range to prevent overloading the meter accidentally.

(c) Let the receiver warm up for approximately half an hour then set the receiver controls as follows:

R.F. GAIN control at maximum gain.

A.F. GAIN control at maximum gain permitted by local noise level. Work in a shielded room if possible.

A.M./F.M. switch at A.M.

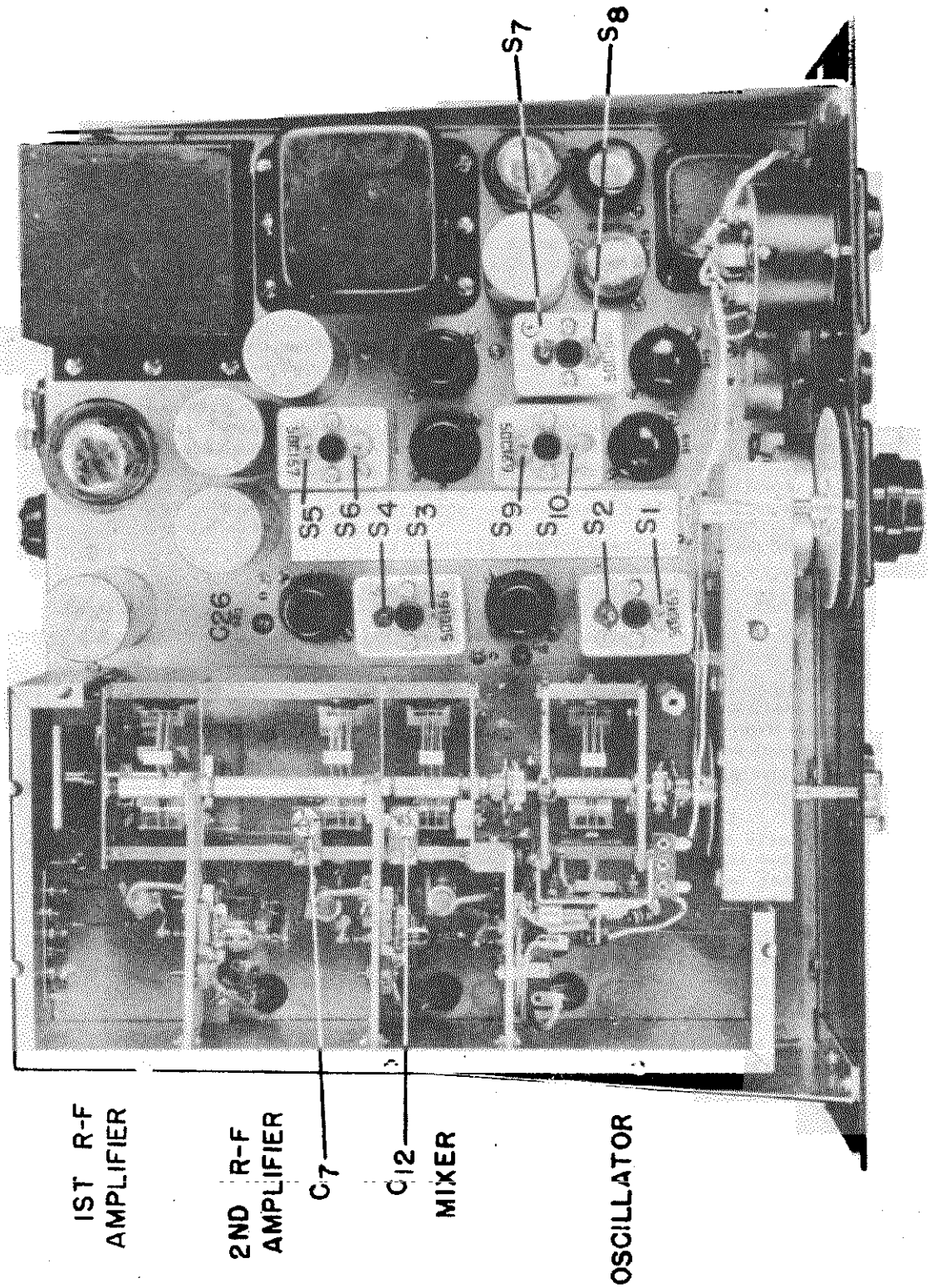
A.V.C. switch at OFF.

A.N.L. switch at OFF.

SEND/REC. switch at REC.

(d) Set the signal generator frequency at 16 megacycles and turn on the 400-cycle modulation.

(e) Adjust i-f transformers T-5, T-6, T-7, and T-8 for maximum response by tuning for maximum signal level at the output meter using just enough signal generator output to provide a good resonant swing on the output meter. The signal level at the generator should run not more than 70 microvolts for a 500 milliwatt audio output level. Repeat the alignment procedure until assured of accurate alignment. Refer to



1ST R-F
AMPLIFIER

2ND R-F
AMPLIFIER

C7

C12

MIXER

OSCILLATOR

Figure 5-1. Radio Receiver Model S-37, top view showing alignment points.

THE HALLICRAFTERS CO.

figure 5-1 for the location of i-f transformer adjustment screws S_1 through S_8 inclusive on i-f transformers T-5, T-6, T-7, and T-8.

(f) Disconnect the filament lead of the 1st i-f amplifier tube (V-4) at pin #2 of the d-c power input socket (S0-1) on the rear apron of the chassis. Refer to Fig. 7-7. Allow the filament of tube V-4 about one minute to cool off before proceeding.

(g) Increase the output of the signal generator until a readable signal level is indicated by the output meter and adjust neutralizing capacitor C-18 for minimum output. While adjusting capacitor C-18, adjust slug adjustment S_3 on transformer T-6 for maximum output to compensate for detuning caused by adjusting C-18. Repeat the procedure until satisfied that the best possible settings have been obtained.

(h) Reconnect the filament lead of tube V-4 and disconnect the filament lead of the 2nd i-f amplifier tube V-5 at the d-c power input socket. Allow a minute for the tube to cool as before.

(i) Adjust neutralizing capacitor C-26 and slug adjustment S_5 on transformer T-7 for their optimum settings as for the 1st i-f amplifier stage. Reconnect the filament lead again before proceeding.

(j) Detune transformers T-6 (Slugs S_3 and S_4) and T-8 (Slugs S_7 and S_8) until a fairly high signal generator output is required to produce a readable output meter reading. First adjust transformers T-5 and T-7 for maximum output, then adjust transformer T-8 and finally transformer T-6. Do not readjust transformers T-5 and T-7 when adjusting T-8 and T-6. Reduce the signal generator output as required while bringing these last two i-f transformers into alignment.

(3) Discriminator Transformer Alignment. -

(a) Set the A.M./F.M. switch at F.M.

(b) Leave the signal generator set at 16 mc. with 400 cycle modulation.

(c) Adjust the secondary slug (S_{10}) of the discriminator transformer (T_9) for zero signal level at the output meter. Note that this adjustment is critical, therefore turn the screw slowly.

(d) Detune the signal generator from the 16 mc i-f frequency until a readable indication is obtained at the output meter and adjust the primary slug (S_9) for maximum output meter reading.

(e) Balance up the discriminator stage as follows:

1. Detune the signal generator to either side of the 16 mc resonant point and note the maximum output meter readings obtained. If they are equal, the discriminator stage is functioning properly, if not, proceed with the balancing adjustment that follows.

2. To balance up an unbalanced condition, tune the signal generator to the resonant point of the weaker peak and tune the primary slug (S_9) until the output rises about one-half the difference of the unbalanced readings obtained in step 1. Recheck for balance and repeat the balancing procedure if necessary.

NOTE - If a balance cannot be obtained by adjusting the primary slug (S_9), the discriminator's secondary slug (S_{10}) has been misadjusted slightly and will require a very slight re-adjustment in either direction. The direction of adjustment that will cause the off-tune peaks to assume the same values is the correct one. Note that the quality of the f-m signal will depend materially upon the degree of balance obtained, hence, a little care will be well repaid in performance.

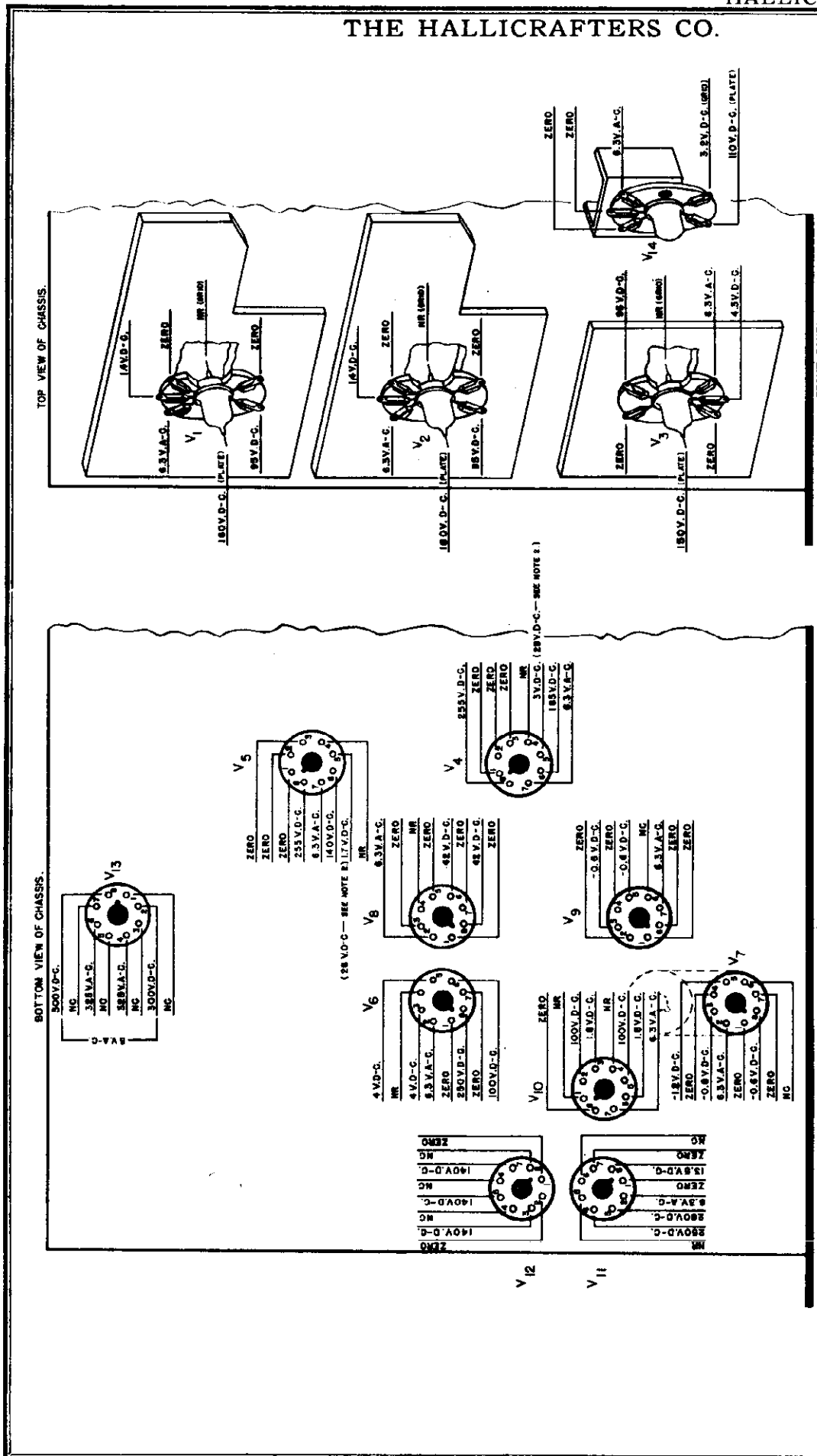
(f) Disconnect the signal generator and reconnect the grid lead to the mixer tube, the alignment of the i-f amplifier stages is completed.

(4) R-F Amplifier Alignment. -

(a) Connect the signal generator to the "A₁" antenna terminal through a 50-ohm resistor and connect the ground wire of the signal generator to terminal "A₂". Disconnect the jumper wire between "A₂" and "GND" as the generator should not be grounded to the receiver's chassis for the following adjustments.

THE HALLICRAFTERS CO.

MODEL S-37



NOTE: 1. ALL READINGS ARE FOR 117 VOLT A-C LINE VOLTAGE.
 2. VOLTAGE READING WITH "R-F GAIN" AT MINIMUM GAIN POSITION.
 3. MC = NO CONNECTION.
 4. MR = NOT READABLE WITH A 20,000 OHM/VOLT METER.

920236

Figure 5-2. Radio Receiver Model S-37, voltage chart.

MODEL S-37

THE HALLICRAFTERS CO.

(b) Set the receiver controls as for i-f amplifier alignment. Refer to paragraph 3. b. (2) (c) this section.

(c) Set the signal generator at 210 mc. and turn on 400 cycle modulation.

Note - if your signal generator will not reach 210 mc. use the harmonic of the generator signal.

(d) Set the receiver's TUNING dial at 210 mc. and set the ANTENNA control for maximum output, then adjust capacitors C-7 and C-12 for maximum output while "rocking" the TUNING dial control back and forth across the generator signal. Use just enough signal generator output to provide a readable resonance point at the output meter.

NOTE - Should it be necessary to adjust the frequency of the oscillator to make the receiver's dial reading fall on 210 mc exactly, loosen and shift the heavy wire primary winding (oscillator transformer T-4 primary) nearest to the front panel and the heavy wire coupling loop on the opposite side of the heavy tubing secondary winding. Take care that the coupling between the primary winding and the secondary is not reduced below that necessary to maintain adequate feed back for the oscillator over the entire band. Having obtained proper adjustment recement the winding in place with Amphenol "912" or an equivalent low loss cement. After adjusting the oscillator frequency realign capacitors C-7 and C-12 as described above.

(e) Set the signal generator at 130 mc, tune in the signal on the receiver and check to see that the receiver's main tuning dial reads 130 mc. If not, the secondary (heavy tubular winding) inductance of transformers T-1, T-2, T-3, and T-4 must be adjusted by loosening the clamps and set screws which hold them in place and sliding the transformers back and forth. Tighten all set screws after adjustment.

NOTE - If it is necessary to adjust the inductance of the windings at 130 mc. the adjustments in paragraph (d) must be repeated at 210 mc to bring the high frequency end of the range into alignment again.

(f) Repeat steps (d) and (e) until the receiver alignment and calibration are satisfactory then make the following check to see that the oscillator frequency falls below the signal frequency as it should. For example: Set the receiver dial at 165 mc., turn up the signal generator output to about 5000 times normal, and set the signal generator frequency at twice the i-f frequency lower than 165 mc. or 133 mc. An image signal should be heard. If not, tune the signal generator to twice the i-f frequency higher than the signal frequency or 197 mc. and look for the image there. If the image shows up at the 197 mc. the receiver's oscillator is operating above the signal frequency and must be readjusted so that it falls below the signal frequency. Due to the construction of this receiver it is considered impossible to adjust the oscillator frequency so that it will fall above the signal frequency, however, it is always well to check for the image after making any extensive alignment adjustments.

(g) When completely aligned the overall receiver sensitivity will usually run between 10 to 15 microvolts for 500 milliwatts audio output. If your receiver falls reasonably close to this sensitivity, consider your alignment adjustments satisfactory.

4. LOCATING FAULTS WITH A VOLT-OHM METER

a. Voltage Chart. - Refer to Fig. 5-2. for the tube socket terminal voltages. Voltages shown are those between the terminal and ground (chassis) unless otherwise specified. To identify the tube socket connections, refer to Fig. 7-6. The readings were taken with an RCA Volt Ohmyst Junior analyzer using 20,000 ohm per volt sensitivity. To prepare the receiver for measurement, disconnect the antenna, connect a jumper between the antenna terminals A₁, A₂, and GND., disconnect the speaker and replace with a 5000-ohm 10-watt resistor across the 5000-ohm output terminals or a 500-ohm 10-watt resistor across the 500-ohm terminals, and set the controls as follows:

POWER, A.V.C. and A.N.L. switches at ON.

SEND/REC. switch at REC.

MODEL S-37

THE HALLICRAFTERS CO.

A.M./F.M. switch at A.M.

R.F. GAIN and A.F. GAIN controls at maximum gain position.

ANTENNA TUNING and TONE controls do not effect readings.

b. Resistance Chart. - Refer to Fig. 5-3. for the tube socket terminal to ground (chassis) resistance measurements. To identify tube socket connections, refer to Fig. 7-6. The readings were taken with an RCA Volt Ohmyst Junior analyzer. To prepare the receiver for measurement, disconnect the a-c line cord and set the controls as follows:

POWER, A.V.C. and A.N.L. switches at ON.

SEND/REC. switch at REC.

A.M./F.M. switch at A.M.

R.F. GAIN and A.F. GAIN controls at maximum gain position.

TONE control at maximum clock-wise position.

ANTENNA and TUNING controls do not effect readings.

CAUTION - The receiver's line cord, if operating from an a-c outlet, or the battery supply cord, if operating from a d-c supply, must be disconnected before making resistance measurements.

c. Checking Transformer and Inductor Windings With an Ohm-meter. -

NOTE - One terminal of each winding measured must be disconnected from the circuit to avoid measuring circuit resistances instead of winding resistance alone as indicated in the chart.

Circuit symbol	Name of part	Winding	Winding terminals	D-C resistance (ohms)
T-10	TRANSFORMER, audio.	Primary.	1 to 2	300
		5000-ohm secondary.	3 to 6	250
		500-ohm secondary.	3 to 5	22
T-11	TRANSFORMER, filament power.	115-volt primary.	± to 115 V.	12
		230-volt primary.	± to 230 V.	40
		6.3-volt secondary.	-	Less than one ohm.
		5.0-volt secondary.	-	Less than one ohm.
T-12	TRANSFORMER, plate power	115-volt primary.	± to 115 V.	7
		230-volt primary.	± to 230 V.	20
		½ secondary.	CT to 288 V.	75
		Secondary	288 V. to 288 V.	150
L-4	REACTOR, filter.	-	1 to 2	85
L-5	REACTOR, filter.	-	-	300

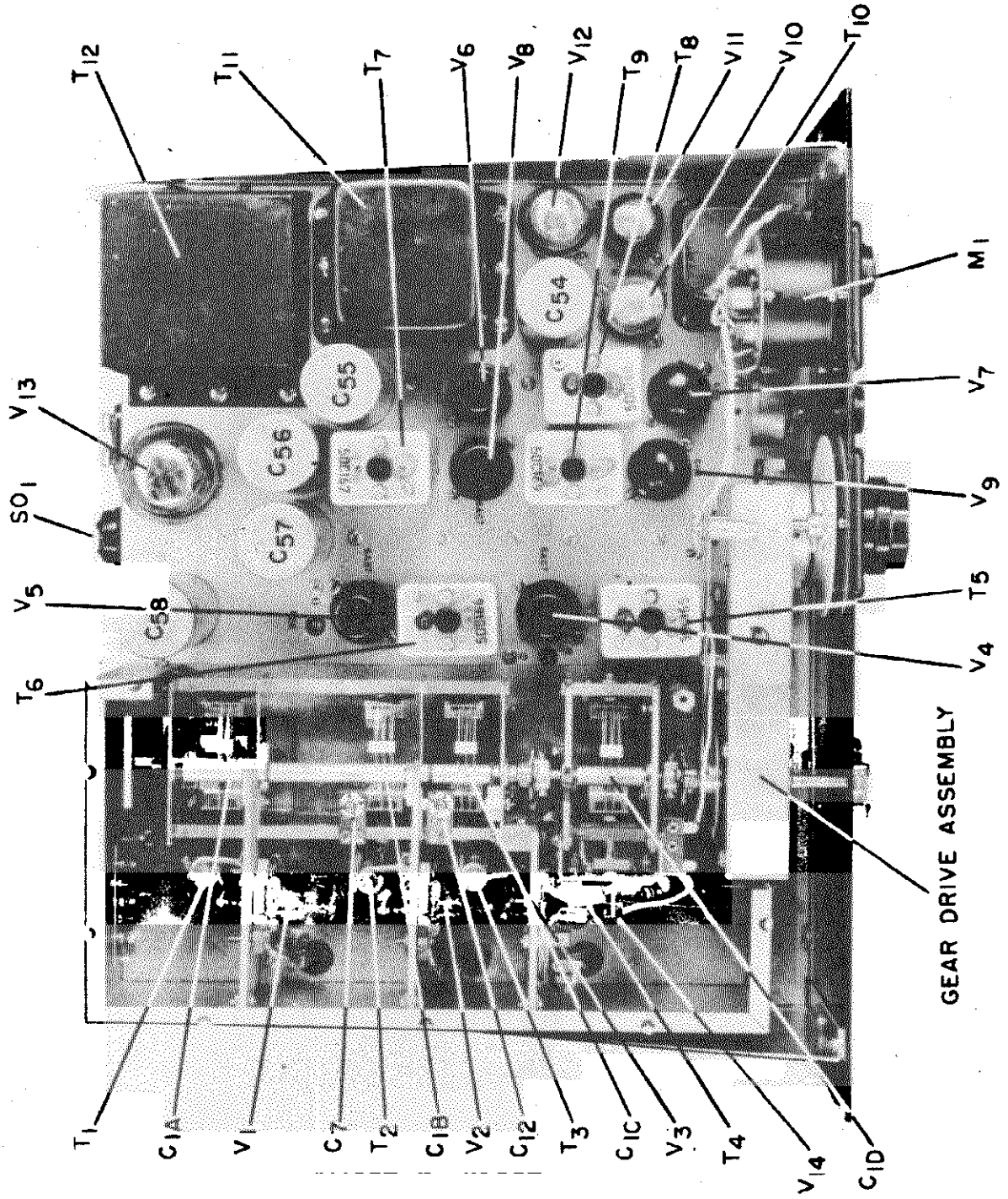


Figure 7-1. Radio Receiver Model S-37, top view.

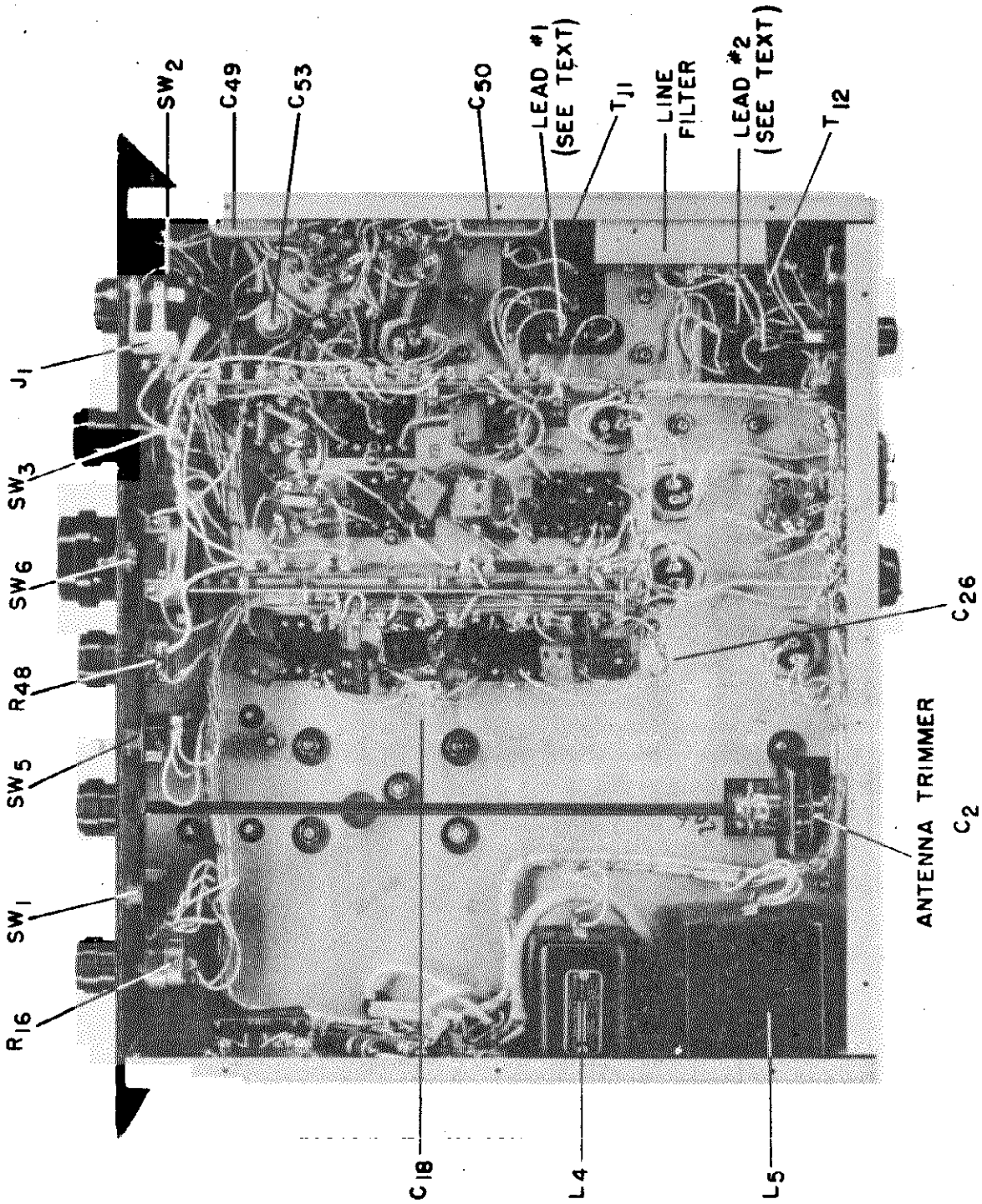
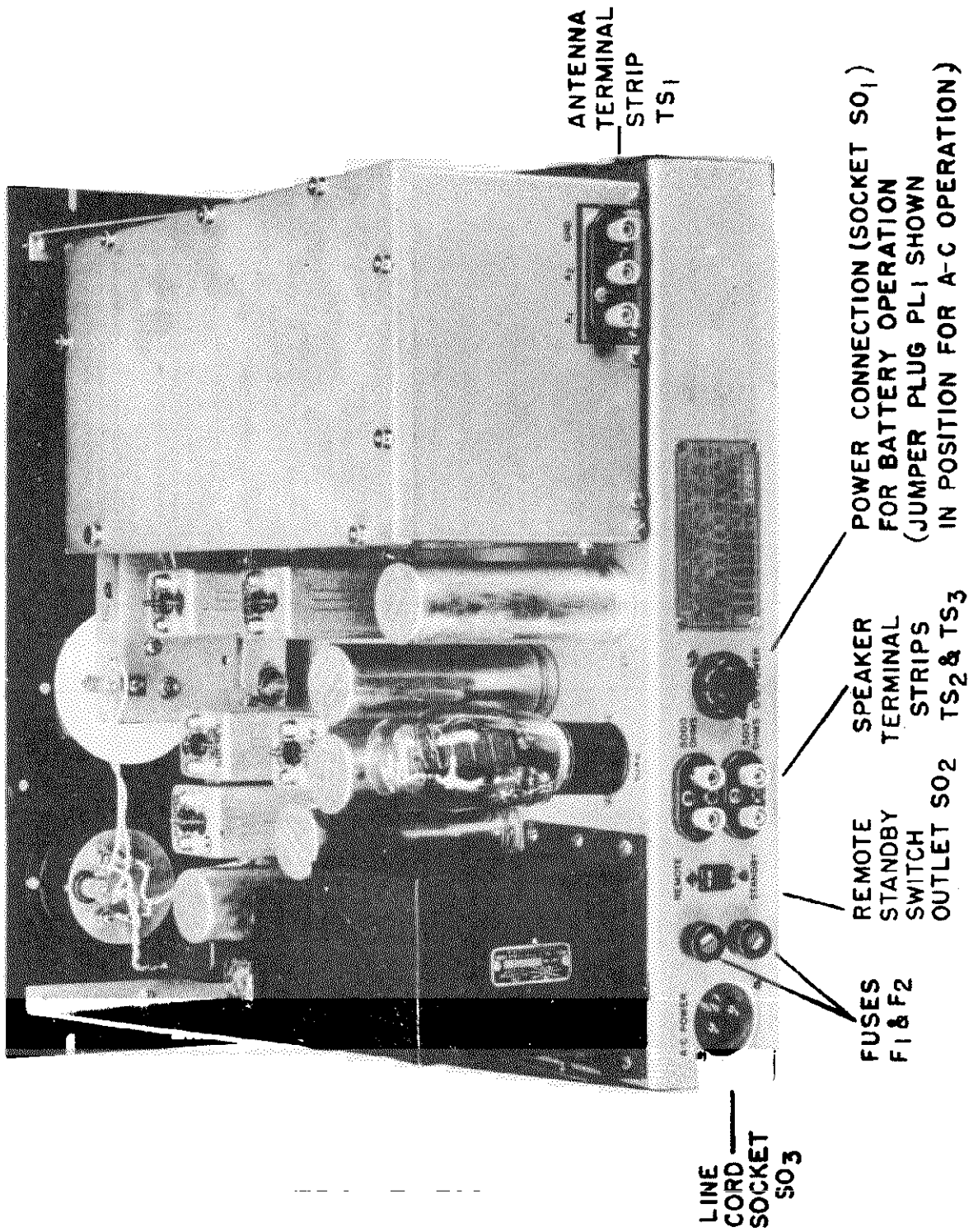


Figure 7-2. Radio Receiver Model S-37, bottom view.



LINE
CORD
SOCKET
SO3

FUSES
F1 & F2

REMOTE
STANDBY
SWITCH
OUTLET SO2

SPEAKER
TERMINAL
STRIPS
TS2 & TS3

POWER CONNECTION (SOCKET SO1)
FOR BATTERY OPERATION
(JUMPER PLUG PL1 SHOWN
IN POSITION FOR A-C OPERATION)

ANTENNA
TERMINAL
STRIP
TS1

Figure 7-3. Radio Receiver Model S-37, rear view.

Ref. Symbol	Name of Part and Description	Mfr Code and Type No.	Hallcrafters Part No.
C17	Capacitor, fixed; mica dielectric; 3000 mfd ± 10%; 500 vdc; case 83/64" x 85/64" x 11/32"; humidity resistant; two #18 AWG wire leads 1-1/8" lg; same as C ₁₄ .	ASA	CR8A32K
C18	Capacitor, variable; ceramic dielectric; 2-8 mfd; solder lug terminals; same as C ₁₄ .	CR2	441079
C19	Capacitor, fixed; mica dielectric; 5000 mfd. ± 10%; 500 vdc; case body 85/64" x 85/64" x 11/32"; humidity resistant; two #18 AWG wire leads 1-1/8" lg; same as C ₁₄ , C ₁₇ , C ₁₈ .	ASA	CR8A02K
C20	Capacitor, fixed; mica dielectric; 2000 mfd ± 20%; 500 vdc; case 82/64" x 85/64" x 9/32"; humidity resistant; two #18 AWG wire leads 1-1/8" lg.	ASA	CR8A022K
C21	Same as C ₁₄ .	-	-
C22	Same as C ₁₈ ; part of transformer T ₆ .	-	-
C23	Same as C ₁₈ ; part of transformer T ₆ .	-	-
C24	Same as C ₁₈ .	-	-
C25	Capacitor, fixed; mica dielectric; 3000 mfd ± 10%; 500 vdc; case 82/64" x 85/64" x 9/32"; humidity resistant; two #18 AWG wire leads 1-1/8" lg.	ASA	CR8A022K
C26	Same as C ₁₈ .	-	-
C27	Same as C ₁₄ .	-	-
C28	Same as C ₁₄ .	-	-
C29	Same as C ₁₈ ; part of transformer T ₂ .	-	-
C30	Same as C ₁₈ ; part of transformer T ₂ .	-	-
C31	Not used.	-	-
C32	Capacitor, fixed; mica dielectric; 2000 mfd ± 10%; 500 vdc; case 81/64" x 83/64" x 9/32"; humidity resistant; two #18 AWG wire leads 1-1/8" lg; same as C ₂₅ , C ₂₆ , C ₂₈ .	ASA	CR8A022K
C33	Same as C ₂₅ .	-	-
C34	Capacitor, fixed; mica dielectric; 6000 mfd ± 20%; 500 vdc; case body 85/64" square x 11/32" thick; humidity resistant; two #18 AWG wire leads 1-1/8" lg.	ASA	CR8A022J
C35	Same as C ₁₈ ; part of transformer T ₆ .	-	-
C36	Same as C ₁₈ ; part of transformer T ₆ .	-	-
C37	Capacitor, fixed; mica dielectric; 47 mfd ± 10%; 500 vdc; case 81/64" x 81/64" x 9/32"; humidity resistant; two #20 AWG wire leads 1-1/8" lg; same as C ₃₅ , C ₃₆ .	ASA	CR8A0470K
C38	Same as C ₃₇ .	-	-
C39	Capacitor, fixed; paper dielectric; 0.05 mfd ± 20%; 400 vdc; molded hermetic case 1-7/16" lg x 3/4" wd x 3/8" thick; two #20 AWG wire leads 1-3/8" lg.	WTC	454100K
C40	Capacitor, fixed; ceramic dielectric; 20 mfd ± 10%; 500 vdc; T.C. negative 0.00075 mfd/mf/degree C; body 0.885" lg x 0.225" diam; two #22 AWG wire leads 1-3/8" lg; part of discriminator transformer T ₆ .	ER type K	474100

Ref. Symbol	Name of Part and Description	Mfr Code and Type No.	Hallcrafters Part No.
C1A	Capacitor, variable; air dielectric; 4 sections, section 1 (C1A), approx. 5 mfd min to 30 mfd max; sections 2 & 3 (C1B and C1C) capacity approx. 6 mfd min to 36 mfd max; section 4 (C1D) capacity approx. 6 mfd min. to 10.5 mfd max; 5-3/8" lg excluding shaft, shaft 3/8" lg x 0.375" diam. For sections 1, 2 and 3, shaft for section 4 is 21/64" lg x 3/8" diam; section 1 has 4 plates, section 2 & 3 have 5 plates each, section 4 has 6 plates, common stator plates for sections 1 and 4; 2MS heliote insulator action speeds lug and bolts not supplied with unit; each section 4 is separate rotor assembly bolted to main unit so that the plates mesh with section 3 stator plates and has its own drive shaft assembly consisting of a 1 to 1 ratio brass and fibre gear drive assembly.	OM Special	480087
C1D	Capacitor, variable, single section, effective capacity 20 mfd, air dielectric, unit is ganged to C ₁ .	H Special	448005
C2	Section 4 of Hallcrafters variable capacitor assembly (480087) refer to description of C _{1A} , C _{1B} , C _{1C} for details.	-	-
C3	Capacitor, fixed; mica dielectric; 200 mfd ± 20%; 500 vdc; case 83/64" lg x 15/32" wd x 7/32" thick; two #20 AWG wire leads 1-1/8" lg; humidity resistant; same as C ₆ , C ₇ , C ₈ , C ₉ , C ₁₁ , C ₁₂ , C ₁₃ , C ₁₄ , C ₁₅ , C ₁₆ , C ₁₇ .	ASA	CR8A021K
C4	Same as C ₃ .	-	-
C5	Same as C ₃ .	-	-
C6	Capacitor, fixed; ceramic dielectric; 5-04 mfd; 500 vdc; TC-0.00075 mfd/mf/°C; case 0.885" lg x 0.225" dia; two #22 AWG tinned copper or brass wire leads 1-3/8" lg; same as C ₁₀ .	CR2 type 50700K	474100K
C7	Capacitor, variable; polyethylene dielectric; 2 mfd; same as C ₁₂ .	H Special	444001
C8	Same as C ₃ .	-	-
C9	Same as C ₃ .	-	-
C10	Same as C ₃ .	-	-
C11	Same as C ₃ .	-	-
C12	Same as C ₇ .	-	-
C13	Same as C ₃ .	-	-
C14	Capacitor, fixed; mica dielectric; 6000 mfd. ± 10%; 500 vdc; case body 85/64" square x 11/32" thick; humidity resistant; two #18 AWG wire leads 1-1/8" lg; same as C ₃₁ , C ₃₈ .	ASA	CR8A022J
C15	Capacitor, fixed; ceramic dielectric; 50 mfd. ± 10%; 500 vdc; T. C. 0.00075 mfd/mf/degree C; body 7/16" lg x 7/32" diam; two #22 AWG wire leads 1-3/8" lg; part of transformer T ₆ .	ER type K	4741001
C16	Same as C ₁₅ ; part of transformer T ₆ .	-	-

THE HALLICRAFTERS CO.

Ref. Symbol	Name of Part and Description	Mfr Code and Type No.	Hallcrafters Part No.
C66	Same as C65.	-	-
C67	Same as C65.	-	-
C68	Capacitor, fixed: silver mica dielectric; 150 mfd ± 20%; 500 vdc; button type; 13/32" x 20/64" diam ± solder lug terminals; wdg hole tapped #9-48 x 11/64" d.	BR type 370-A	474235
C69	Not used.	-	-
C70	Same as C69.	-	-
C71	Capacitor, fixed: ceramic dielectric; 100 mfd ± 5 mfd; 500 vdc; T.C. positive 0.0007 mfd/mf/degree C; body 11/16" lg x 7/32" diam; vacuum wax impregnated; two #20 AWG wire leads 1-1/8" lg; part of oscillator transformer T ₁ .	BR type H-790L	474108
C72	Same as C60.	-	-
C73	Same as C18; part of transformer T ₂ .	-	-
C74	Same as C17.	-	-
C75	Not used.	-	-
C76	Same as C19.	-	-
F1	Fuse, cartridge; 5 amp 250-volt; 3 AG; glass enclosed; ferrule caps; same as F ₂ .	IF type 1043	304801
F2	Same as F1.	U type 87-887	308011
J1	Jack, telephone; headphones; short; tabs standard tip and sleeve; mounts by bushing 3/8"-ØØØ/8"; furnished with one brass hex nut and one brass sl pl 5/8" (D washer) solder lug terminals.	-	-
L1	Coil, r-f; 15.0 mh ± 10%; distributed capacity 1 mfd ± 20%; d-c resistance 4.10 ohm ± 3%; 1" lg x 1-1/8" diam, tapped #6-32 x 7/16 d; winding is 1" lg x 1-1/8" diam; two extended leads with spaghetti covering; tape over spaghetti and leads to prevent leads breaking; same as L ₂ .	SWI Special	634008
L2	Coil, filter; 150 mh; 67 turns #28 SWG wire, universal winding; wound on glazed ceramic form 1" lg x 3/4" diam, tapped #6-32 x 7/16 d; winding is 1" lg x 1-1/8" diam; two extended leads with spaghetti covering; tape over spaghetti and leads to prevent leads breaking; same as L ₁ .	SWI Special	634005
L3	Same as L ₁ .	-	-
L4	Coil, filter; input; 2 henries ± 10%; rated d-c current 100 ma; d-c resistance 80 ohm ± 10%; iron core; 1080 turns of #31 enameled copper wire; metal case 2-3/8" h x 2-3/16" wd x 2-11/16" lg; wdg flange has six wdg holes 3 on each side, of 3/16" diam, spaced 3/4" apart, on 2-3/16" wdg centers; two lug terminals on top of case, each terminal 3/16" diam, spaced 3/8" apart; coil is vacuum wax impregnated; voltage breakdown 5400 volts A.M.S. between coil and core of coil and case.	CTC type 7408	308011
L5	Coil, filter; output; 12 henries; rated d-c current 50 ma; d-c resistance 280 ohm at 70°C; test voltage 2400 volt r.m.s. between coil and core of coil and case; hermetically sealed in metal case 3-1/16" h x 2-3/16" wd x 2-1/8" lg; four #8-32 KC thread wdg studs on 1-3/4" x 1-3/4" wdg centers; hardware included; two lug terminals on top spaced 20-22" apart.	CTC type 7845	808013

Ref. Symbol	Name of Part and Description	Mfr Code and Type No.	Hallcrafters Part No.
C41	Same as C18; part of discriminator transformer T ₃ .	-	-
C42	Same as C18; part of discriminator transformer T ₃ .	-	-
C43	Same as C55.	-	-
C44	Same as C55.	-	-
C45	Capacitor, fixed: mica dielectric; 470 mfd ± 10%; 500 vdc; case 51/64" x 15/32" wd x 7/32" thk; humidity resistant; two #20 AWG wire leads 1-1/8" lg; same as C47.	ABA	CMB0471E
C46	Same as C37.	-	-
C47	Same as C44.	-	-
C48	Capacitor, fixed: mica dielectric; 8000 mfd ± 10%; 500 vdc; case 65/64" x 65/64" x 11/32"; humidity resistant; two #18 AWG wire leads 1-1/8" lg; same as C41, C42, C43, C44, C45, C46, C47.	ABA	CMB1422E
C49	Capacitor, fixed: electrolytic; 30 mfd -20 + 50%; 100 vdc; bakelite metal case 1-3/4" lg x 1" wd x 13/16" h, excluding legs; two wdg legs with 2-1/8" wdg; the two solder lug terminals; same as C50.	IC type 100B50	483033
C50	Same as C49.	-	-
C51	Same as C48.	-	-
C52	Same as C48.	-	-
C53	Same as C48.	-	-
C54	Capacitor, fixed: paper dielectric; 0.005 mfd ± 20%; 1000 vdc; frond metal case 2-3/4" h x 11/16" diam; oil filled; one wdg hole 9/16" from center of unit on wdg base; wdg hole .175" diam; base is one terminal, solder lug on top is other terminal.	IC	454007
C55	Capacitor, fixed: paper dielectric; 4 mfd ± 10%; 500 vdc; rubber metal case 4-1/8" lg x 1-1/8" diam, overall; all; and by bushing having 3/4"-16 (F-3 thk), nut and lock washer; includes solder lug in one terminal, can in other terminal; same as C48, C49, C50, C51, C52, C53.	IC type T2050	464018
C56	Same as C54.	-	-
C57	Same as C54.	-	-
C58	Same as C54.	-	-
C59	Same as C54.	-	-
C60	Capacitor, fixed: mica dielectric; 330 mfd ± 10%; 500 vdc; case 51/64" lg x 15/32" wd x 7/32" thk; humidity resistant; two #20 AWG wire leads 1-1/8" lg.	ABA	CMB0431K
C61	Same as C44.	-	-
C62	Same as C44.	-	-
C63	Same as C44.	-	-
C64	Same as C44.	-	-
C65	Same as C44.	-	-

Ref. Symbol	Name of Part and Description	Mfr. Code and Type No.	Hallcrafters' Part No.
R ₁₃	Resistor, fixed: 100,000 ohm ± 10%; ½ watt; composition; insulated; humidity resistant; 0.005" lg x 0.249" diam; two #21 AWG wire leads 1-3" lg; same as R ₁₅ , R ₃₁ .	ASA	RC21AE04K
R ₁₄	Resistor, fixed: 350 ohm ± 10%; ½ watt; composition; insulated; humidity resistant; 0.005" lg x 0.249" diam; two #21 AWG wire leads 1-3" lg; same as R ₃₄ , R ₃₅ , R ₃₆ . Same as R ₁₃ .	ASA	RC21AE03K
R ₁₅	Resistor, variable: 10,000 ohm ± 20%; carbon; ½ watt; composition; tapered shaft 1" long x 3/8" diam; 3 solder lug terminals; center lug in variable contact; includes switch SW ₂ .	CT type 188	360084
R ₁₇	Resistor, fixed: 36,000 ohm ± 10%; ½ watt; composition; insulated; humidity resistant; 0.005" lg x 0.249" diam; two #21 AWG wire leads 1-3" lg.	ASA	RC21AE05K
R ₁₉	Resistor, variable: 300 ohm ± 50%; ½ watt; composition; insulated; humidity resistant; 0.005" lg x 0.249" diam; two #21 AWG wire leads 1-3" lg.	ASA	RC21AE031K
R ₁₉	Same as R ₂₁ ; part of transformer T ₆ .	-	-
R ₂₀	Resistor, fixed: 100,000 ohm ± 20%; ½ watt; composition; insulated; humidity resistant; 0.005" lg x 0.249" diam; two #21 AWG wire leads 1-3" lg; same as R ₁₇ , R ₃₅ , R ₃₆ . Same as R ₁₃ .	ASA	RC21AE04K
R ₂₂	Resistor, fixed: 150 ohm ± 10%; ½ watt; composition; insulated; humidity resistant; 0.005" lg x 0.249" diam; two #21 AWG wire leads 1-3" lg.	ASA	RC21AE03K
R ₂₅	Same as R ₃ .	-	-
R ₂₁	Same as R ₁₄ .	-	-
R ₂₃	Same as R ₁₁ .	-	-
R ₂₄	Not used.	-	-
R ₂₇	Resistor, fixed: 800 ohm ± 10%; ½ watt; composition; insulated; humidity resistant; 0.005" lg x 0.249" diam; two #21 AWG wire leads 1-3" lg.	ASA	RC21AE03K
R ₂₈	Resistor, fixed: 7500 ohm ± 10%; 10 watt; wire wound; vitreous bead enamel coated; 1-3/4" lg x 3/8" max diam; two #18 AWG wire leads 1-3/4" lg.	U type CC	248075SE
R ₂₉	Same as R ₃ .	-	-
R ₃₀	Resistor, fixed: 1000 ohm ± 10%; ½ watt; composition; insulated; humidity resistant; 0.005" lg x 0.249" diam; two #21 AWG wire leads 1-3" lg.	ASA	RC21AE02K
R ₃₁	Resistor, fixed: 47,000 ohm ± 10%; ½ watt; composition; insulated; humidity resistant; 0.005" lg x 0.249" diam; two #21 AWG wire leads 1-3" lg; same as R ₁₃ .	ASA	RC21AE075K
R ₃₂	Resistor, fixed: 1 megohm ± 20%; ½ watt; composition; insulated; humidity resistant; 0.005" lg x 0.249" diam; two #21 AWG wire leads 1-3" lg.	ASA	RC21AE03K
R ₃₃	Same as R ₁₃ .	-	-

Ref. Symbol	Name of Part and Description	Mfr. Code and Type No.	Hallcrafters' Part No.
L ₆	Coil, r-f: 4.2 ohm ± 10%; distributed capacity 1 mfd ± 20%; d-c resistance 0.25 ohm ± 10%; 1/4" with 100 wire capacitor 100 ± 20%; 48 turns #48 EBCO copper wire on molded natural bakelite form 7/8" lg x 9/32" diam; Chinese blue lacquer coated; two copper wire leads 1-3/4" lg.	851 Special	35A009
L ₇	Lamp, incandescent; pilot; 0-8 volt, 0.15 amp; bayonet type base.	GE type 47	35A004
L ₈	Same as L ₇ .	-	-
P ₁	Connector, male contact; octal; molded bakelite body, 1" lg x 1-1/4" diam overall; prongs are numbered from 1 to 8 on both sides; includes insulated jumper between 3 and 4 and one between 6 and 7.	AP type CP-5	35A000
V ₁	Meter, micro ammeter; range 100-40 microamperes; accuracy ± 20% of full scale length 1.65" enclosed in 80° of pointer ring; shunt resistance 1500 ohm d-c; damping factor 5 (full scale length); metal case 1-3/16 d x 2-3/4" diam; set by metal flange 3-1/4" diam having 9 #16 holes 1.8" diam spaced 120° apart on 1-3/16" radius; two stud terminals at rear 3/8" long x #10-32 thread; flange is part of case.	B Special	35A006
R ₁	Resistor, fixed: 2.2 ohm ± 10%; ½ watt; composition; insulated; humidity resistant; 1.76" lg x 0.249" diam; two #18 AWG leads 1-3/4" lg; part of transformer T ₁ .	ZR type 504	25A010
R ₂	Resistor, fixed: 270 ohm ± 10%; ½ watt; composition; humidity resistant; insulated; 0.005" lg x 0.249" diam; two #21 AWG wire leads 1-3/4" lg; same as R ₃ , R ₄₄ .	ASA	RC21AE271X
R ₃	Resistor, fixed: 1000 ohm ± 20%; ½ watt; composition; humidity resistant; insulated; 0.005" lg x 0.249" diam; two #21 AWG wire leads 1-3/4" lg; same as R ₃ , R ₆ , R ₇ , R ₉ , R ₁₀ , R ₂₁ , R ₂₆ .	ASA	RC21AE102N
R ₄	Same as R ₃ .	-	-
R ₅	Same as R ₃ .	-	-
R ₆	Same as R ₃ .	-	-
R ₇	Same as R ₃ .	-	-
R ₈	Resistor, fixed: 12,000 ohm ± 10%; 2 watt; composition; insulated; humidity resistant; 1.76" lg x 0.249" diam; two #18 AWG wire leads 1-1/2" lg.	ASA	RC21AE120K
R ₉	Same as R ₃ .	-	-
R ₁₀	Same as R ₃ .	-	-
R ₁₁	Resistor, fixed: 33 ohm ± 10%; ½ watt; composition; insulated; humidity resistant; 0.005" lg x 0.249" diam; two #21 AWG wire leads 1-3/4" lg; same as R ₃₁ , R ₃₂ , R ₃₃ , R ₃₄ .	ASA	RC21AE03K
R ₁₂	Resistor, fixed: 100,000 ohm ± 10%; ½ watt; composition; insulated; humidity resistant; 0.005" lg x 0.249" diam; two #21 AWG wire leads 1-3/4" lg; part of transformer T ₆ . Same as R ₁₃ , R ₁₅ , R ₁₆ .	ASA	RC21AE075K

THE HALLICRAFTERS CO.

Ref. Symbol	Name of Part and Description	Mfr Code and Type No.	Hallcrafters' Part No.
R ₂₀	Resistor, variable; 1500 ohm ± 20%; wire wound; at line taper; shaft: 3/8" long x 3/4" diam, slotted 1/16" x 1/16"; 3 solder lug terminals with variable contact located in the center and fixed contacts 1-7/16" apart; no tape.	CT type 125	26C2680
R ₂₆	Resistor, fixed; 3,200 ohm ± 10%; 10 watt; wire round; Vitreous enamel coated; 1-3/4" lg x 3/8" max diam; two #18 AWG wire leads 1-3/8" long.	U type CC	26C222E
R ₂₇	Resistor, fixed; 25,000 ohm ± 20%; 1/2 watt; composition; insulated; humidity resistant; 0.005" lg x 0.248" diam; two #21 AWG wire leads 1-3/4" lg.	ASA	RC21A253M
R ₂₈	Resistor, fixed; 3900 ohm ± 10%; 1/2 watt; composition; insulated; humidity resistant; 0.005" lg x 0.248" diam; two #21 AWG wire leads 1-3/4" lg.	ASA	RC21A322K
R ₂₉	Resistor, fixed; 5,000 ohm ± 10%; 1/2 watt; composition; insulated; humidity resistant; 0.005" lg x 0.248" diam; two #21 AWG wire leads 1-3/4" lg.	ASA	RC21A502K
R ₃₀	Same as R ₃₄ .	-	-
R ₃₁	Resistor, fixed; 150,000 ohm ± 20%; 1/2 watt; composition; insulated; humidity resistant; 0.005" lg x 0.248" diam; two #21 AWG wire leads 1-3/4" lg.	ASA	RC21A152M
R ₃₂	Resistor, fixed; 8 ohm ± 10%; 1/2 watt; composition; insulated; humidity resistant; 7/16" lg x 0.210" diam; two #21 AWG wire leads.	ER type 504 ASA	25A019
R ₃₃	Resistor, fixed; 27,000 ohm ± 10%; 1/2 watt; composition; insulated; humidity resistant; 0.400" lg x 0.248" diam; two #21 AWG leads 1-3/4" lg. Part of transformer T ₉ .	-	RC20A273K
R ₃₄	Same as R ₃₁ .	-	-
SO ₁	Connector, female contact; octal; high dielectric mica filled baffle body, 1-7/16" diam x 31/64" thick; silver plated phosphor bronze solder lugs; molded on steel mg plate 1-9/32" wd x 0.001" th having 2 mg holes of 5/32" diam x 1-3/8" mg centers; pins are numbered on back of socket clockwise from locking pin.	AP type W1274	9A200
SO ₂	Connector, female contact; two terminals; baffle body, 11/16" wd x 3/8" h x 23/32" d + thickness of mg plate; mounted by end plated steel plate having 2 mg holes with 1-1/8" mg centers; 2 solder lug terminals 5/16" lg x 3/4" wd, rated 10 amp at 250 volts, 15 amp at 125 volts.	AI type 4002-T	10A016
SO ₃	Connector, male contact; recessed; two brass prongs; screw type terminals; 1-3/8" x 1-3/8" x 1-3/8" overall; molded baffle body recessed in metal cup 1-3/8" diam with flange type mg having 1-3/4" mg centers, mg holes 0.144" diam.	AP type 608-10	10A047
SW ₁	Switch, toggle; SPST; power; rated 5 amp at 250-volt; black enamel steel case 15/16" h x 15/32" d x 3/4" wd; 2 solder lug terminals; mounts by brass bushing 15/32" - 3/8 to fit a 3/8" hole; mechanism in brass; lugs separated by fibre piece; same as SW ₂ , SW ₃ .	BE type 2006	09A116
SW ₂	Same as SW ₁ .	-	-

Ref. Symbol	Name of Part and Description	Mfr Code and Type No.	Hallcrafters' Part No.
R ₃₄	Resistor, fixed; 270,000 ohm ± 10%; 1/2 watt; composition; insulated; humidity resistant; 0.005" lg x 0.248" diam; two #21 AWG wire leads 1-3/4" lg; same as R ₃₀ , R ₃₁ , R ₃₀ .	ASA	RC21A272K
R ₃₅	Same as R ₃₄ .	-	-
R ₃₆	Resistor, fixed; 470,000 ohm ± 20%; 1/2 watt; composition; insulated; humidity resistant; 0.005" lg x 0.248" diam; two #21 AWG wire leads 1-3/4" lg.	ASA	RC21A472M
R ₃₇	Same as R ₃₀ .	-	-
R ₃₈	Same as R ₃₁ .	-	-
R ₃₉	Same as R ₁₁ .	-	-
R ₄₀	Resistor, fixed; 5,000 ohm ± 10%; 1/2 watt; composition; insulated; humidity resistant; 1.78" lg x 0.248" diam; two #19 AWG wire leads 1-3/4" lg.	ASA	RC41A502K
R ₄₁	Same as R ₃₄ .	-	-
R ₄₂	Resistor, fixed; 3300 ohm ± 10%; 1 watt; composition; insulated; humidity resistant; 1.25" lg x 0.310" diam; two #20 AWG wire leads 1-3/4" lg.	ASA	RC21A332E
R ₄₃	Resistor, fixed; 330,000 ohm ± 10%; 1/2 watt; composition; insulated; humidity resistant; 0.005" lg x 0.248" diam; two #21 AWG wire leads.	ASA	RC21A332K
R ₄₄	Same as R ₃₁ .	-	-
R ₄₅	Same as R ₁₂ ; part of transformer T ₉ .	-	-
R ₄₆	Same as R ₁₂ ; part of transformer T ₉ .	-	-
R ₄₇	Resistor, fixed; 220,000 ohm ± 20%; 1/2 watt; composition; insulated; humidity resistant; 0.005" lg x 0.248" diam; two #21 AWG wire leads 1-3/4" lg.	ASA	RC21A222M
R ₄₈	Resistor, variable; 1 megohm ± 20%; carbon; #6 taper; shaft 1" long x 1/2" diam; 2 solder lug terminals with variable contact located in the center and fixed contacts 1-7/16" apart; no tape.	CTL type 1-010	26C050
R ₄₉	Resistor, fixed; 3300 ohm ± 10%; 1/2 watt; composition; insulated; humidity resistant; 0.005" lg x 0.248" diam; two #21 AWG wire leads 1-3/4" long.	ASA	RC21A332K
R ₅₀	Same as R ₃₄ .	-	-
R ₅₁	Resistor, fixed; 470,000 ohm ± 10%; 1/2 watt; composition; insulated; humidity resistant; 0.005" lg x 0.248" diam; two #21 AWG wire leads 1-3/4" lg.	ASA	RC21A472K
R ₅₂	Resistor, variable; 600,000 ohm ± 20%; carbon; #6 taper; shaft 1" lg x 1/2" diam; 3 solder lug terminals with variable contact between the outer lug terminals; terminals 1-7/16" apart; no tape.	CT type 31	26C065
R ₅₃	Same as R ₃₄ .	-	-
R ₅₄	Resistor, fixed; 4700 ohm ± 20%; 1 watt; composition; insulated; humidity resistant; 1.25" lg x 0.310" diam; two #20 AWG wire leads 1-3/4" lg.	ASA	RC21A472M

Ref. Symbol	Name of Part and Description	Mfr Code and Type No.	Hallcrafters' Part No.
T ₄	ed x 3/4" h x 8/32" thick mounted on coil form by a 1/8" nickel plated brass screw; grid lead is insulated by 3 ampheol #93* beads #73-1.	EW Special	011105
T ₅	Transformer, 1-F; pri, 1-4 turns of #16 tinned copper wire; sec, 1-8 turns of silver plated copper tubing 1/8" O.D. x 1/16" I.D.; see winding spaced 1/32"; see leads are 1-3" and 1-3/32" lg respectively; pri leads are 1-3/4" and 1-1/2" lg respectively and extending from the coil at a 90 degree angle; capacitor C ₁₁ is soldered 3 turns from longest lead of sec; coils are wound on polystyrene form 1-1/2" lg x 3/8" diam; pri is slightly nested to coil form for shipping, seal may easily be broken for adjustment.	EW Special	002106
T ₆	Transformer, 1-F; 10 megacycles; input stage; shielded; shield can 1-7/8" lg x 1-7/16" wd x 4" h; powdered iron core; tuned primary and secondary; adjustable iron core tuning; spade lug mag on 1-7/8" x 1-7/16" mag centers; 8 solder lug terminals at base; includes capacitors C ₁₀ and C ₁₂ and resistor R ₁₃ .	EW Special	002106
T ₇	Transformer, 1-F; 10 megacycles; intermediate; shielded; shield can 1-7/8" lg x 1-7/16" wd x 4" h; powdered iron core; tuned primary and secondary; adjustable iron core tuning; spade lug mag on 1-7/8" x 1-7/16" mag centers; 8 solder lug terminals at base; includes capacitors C ₁₀ , C ₁₂ , and resistor R ₁₃ .	EW Special	002107
T ₈	Transformer, 1-F; 10 megacycles; diode; shielded; shield can 1-7/8" lg x 1-7/16" wd x 4" h; powdered iron core; tuned primary and secondary; adjustable iron core tuning; spade lug mag on 1-7/8" x 1-7/16" mag centers; 8 solder lug terminals at base; includes capacitors C ₁₀ and C ₁₂ .	EW Special	002108
T ₉	Transformer, 1-F; 10 megacycles; discriminator; shielded; shield can 1-7/8" lg x 1-7/16" wd x 4" h; powdered iron core; tuned primary and secondary; adjustable iron core tuning; spade lug mag on 1-7/8" x 1-7/16" mag centers; 8 solder lug terminals at base; includes capacitors C ₁₀ , C ₁₁ and C ₁₂ and resistors R ₁₄ , R ₁₅ and R ₁₆ .	EW Special	002109
T ₁₀	Transformer, 1-F; audio output; two windings; primary to match output of tube V ₁₃ (6X6GT), secondary to match 8000 ohm load; tapped to match 500 ohm load; enameled in metal case.	EW Special	003013
T ₁₁	Transformer, power; filament primary for 250 volts, 50 cycle with tap for 110-volts; #1-secondary 2 amp 5 volts; #2 secondary 4 amp 6.3 volts; coil and core potted and sealed in metal case 3-15/16" x 2-1/4" x 4" overall, 3 mag flanges each having 3 mag holes 7/8" diam spaced 1-3/8" apart, 2 sets of mag holes have 3-3/8" x 2-3/8" mag centers.	EW Special	004004

Ref. Symbol	Name of Part and Description	Mfr Code and Type No.	Hallcrafters' Part No.
SW ₂	Switch, toggle; 600V; mounts on back of R.F. MAIN control and closes when the R.F. MAIN control is turned all the way to the right (clockwise); part of R.F. MAIN control.	EW Special	004177
SW ₃	Switch, rotary; single section; 2 positions; all metal parts; silver plated brass contact for stainless steel leads; spring and ball; vacuum wax impregnated phenolic water; non shorting teeth of contacts 5 and 6; frame 2-1/8" lg sets by 3/8"-32 bushing 3/4" lg, shaft 1" lg x 3/4" diam.	EW Special	004177
SW ₄	Same as SW ₃ .	EW Special	011100
SW ₅	Switch, toggle; 600V; rated 1 amp at 250-volts, 2 amp at 125-volts; metal case, 1-8/16" x 16/32" overall diam; includes three separators in assembly; 4 brass lug terminals; sets by brass bushing 15/32"-32 x 13/32".	EW Special	011100
T ₁	Transformer, 1-F; sec, 2 turns of 1/8" O.D. x 1/16" I.D. copper tubing, silver plated; pri, 1-4 turns of #28 tinned & single braided enameled wire strung thru hollow sec; grid lead, stranded voice coil wire 2/41 lg) spacing between sec turns not less than 1/32"; coil wound on polystyrene form 1-15/16" lg x 3/8" diam; includes resistor R ₁ , mounted thru center of form 3/4" from top end; one lead of resistor soldered to sec about 1-5/8" turns from winding start; the other lead is cut short and the grid lead with screw tube clip is attached to the start end of the sec extends 3/16" from the center of the coil form and is flattened 3/16" from the end; the finish end of the secondary extends 15/16" from the center of the coil form; the primary terminal are two solder lug terminals which are mounted on a ceramic terminal 5/8" lg x 3/4" h x 6/32" thick which is mid near the bottom of the coil form by a 4" nickel plated brass screw; start and finish leads of sec extend from coil at a 90 degree angle.	EW Special	011101
T ₂	Transformer, 1-F; pri, 2-3 turns of #28 enameled single silk covered wire; spaced one wire diam; sec, 2 turns of silver plated copper tubing 1/8" O.D. x 1/16" I.D.; grid lead is voice coil wire 1-3/4" lg with screw tube clip and soldered on sec 2 turns from winding start; spacing between sec turns not less than 1/32"; the start end of the sec extends 3/4" from center of coil form and flattened 3/16" from end; the finish end extends 15/16" from center of coil form; coils are wound on polystyrene form 1-7/16" lg x 3/8" diam at one end and 5/16" diam at other end; secondary leads terminate at two solder lug terminals which are mid on a ceramic terminal 5/8" lg x 3/4" h x 6/32" thick which permits to coil form by a 4" nickel plated brass screw; grid lead insulated by 3 ampheol #93* beads #73-1; start and finish leads of sec extend from coil at a 90 degree angle.	EW Special	011102
T ₃	Transformer, 1-F; pri, 2-3/4" turns of #28 enameled single silk covered wire spaced not less than 1/32" between turns; sec, 1-8 turns of silver plated copper tubing, 1/8" O.D. x 1/16" I.D.; grid lead is voice coil wire 1-3/4" lg with screw tube clip at one end, other end soldered to sec 1 turn from start end; start and end of sec extends 1-1/32" from center of coil and is flattened 3/16" from end; finish end of sec extends 15/16" from center of coil; start and finish end of coil extend at a 90 degree angle; pri leads terminate at two solder lug terminals which are mounted on a ceramic terminal 5/8" lg	EW Special	011103

SUPPLEMENTARY DATA

AUDIO POWER OUTPUT.

Speaker operation - 2 watts with less than 5% distortion
Headset operation - High impedance.

SENSITIVITY.

At 130 mc. - 15 microvolts. (For 500 milliwatt audio output.)
At 200 mc. - 7 microvolts. (For 500 milliwatt audio output.)

SIGNAL TO NOISE RATIO.

Not less than 5 to 1 when measured with a 3.5 microvolt, 400-cycle 30% modulated signal.

AUDIO FIDELITY.

Audio response is flat within ± 4 db. from 100 to 10,000 cycles per second.

IMAGE RATIO.

Not less than 60 db. between 130 mc. and 210 mc.

SELECTIVITY.

I-F selectivity measured at the grid of the mixer tube is not less than 140 kc. or more than 180 kc. at 6 db down from resonance. The receiver will be more selective when measured from the antenna terminals.

INDEX TO PARTS MANUFACTURERS

Symbol	Manufacturer	Symbol	Manufacturer
AL	Alden Manufacturing Co. Brookton, Mass.	IC	Industrial Condenser Corp. Chicago, Illinois
AP	American Phenolic Corp. Chicago, Illinois	IRC	International Resistance Co. Philadelphia, Pennsylvania
CD	Cornell-Dubilier Corp. South Plainfield, N.J.	IF	Littlarfuse Inc. Chicago, Illinois
CRL	Centralab Milwaukee, Wis.	O	Omrite Manufacturing Co. Chicago, Illinois
CT	Chicago Telephone Supply Elkhart, Indiana	OM	Oak Manufacturing Co. Chicago, Illinois
ER	Erie Resistor Co. Erie, Pennsylvania	RCA	RCA Mfg. Co. Chicago, Illinois
GE	General Electric Co. Schenectady, N.Y.	SI	F. W. Sickles Co. Springfield, Mass.
H	The Hallcrafters Co. Chicago, Illinois	U	Utah Products Co. Chicago, Illinois
HM	Hart & Hegeman Hartford, Conn.		

Ref. Symbol	Name of Part and Description	Mfr Code and Type No.	Hallcrafters' Part No.
T ₁₂	Transformer, power; plate; primary 230 volts, 50 cycles with tap for 115 volts; secondary 280 volts each side of center tap, 150 ma using 50MG full wave rectifier and 10 mfd filter capacity; coil and core potted and sealed in metal case, 4-3/8" h x 3-21/32" wd x 3-21/32" d; 2 mtg flanges each having 3 mtg holes 7/32" diam spaced 1-3/8" apart, mtg centers 3-7/8" x 2-3/4".	H Special	52A043
TS ₁	Board, terminal; mounts three brass, cadmium plated binding posts and nuts, and has two brass cadmium plated mtg inserts; base of black BM120 or 262 high impact bakelite; base 2-3/8" lg x 7/8" wd x 3/16" thk; mtg inserts centered on 3/4" x 1/2" mtg centers, have 0.144" clearance ID.	H Special	11B183
TS ₂	Board, terminal; mounts two brass, cadmium plated binding posts and nuts, and has two brass cadmium plated mtg inserts; base of black BM120 or 262 high impact bakelite; base 1-5/8" lg x 7/8" wd x 3/16" thk; mtg inserts centered on 3/4" mtg centers have 0.144" clearance ID, same as TS ₂ .	H Special	11B182
TS ₃	Same as TS ₂ .	-	-
V ₁	Tube, detector amplifier pentode (acorn type); same as V ₂ , V ₃ .	RCA type 904	90X954
V ₂	Same as V ₁ .	-	-
V ₃	Same as V ₁ .	-	-
V ₄	Tube, television amplifier pentode, same as V ₆ .	RCA	90TGAC7
V ₅	Tube, television amplifier pentode.	RCA type 6AB7	90TGAB7
V ₆	Tube, triple-grid super-control amplifier.	RCA type 6AS7	90TGAS7
V ₇	Tube, twin diode; same as V ₈ .	RCA type 58T7	90TG587
V ₈	Same as V ₇ .	RCA type 58B6	90TG586
V ₉	Same as V ₄ .	-	-
V ₁₀	Tube, twin-triode amplifier.	RCA type 6SL70T	90X6SL76T
V ₁₁	Tube, beam power amplifier.	RCA type 6V6 GT/0	90X6V6GT/0
V ₁₂	Tube, voltage regulator (flow discharge type).	RCA	90XVR150
V ₁₃	Tube, full-wave high-vacuum rectifier.	RCA	90X5U4G
V ₁₄	Tube, detector, amplifier, oscillator (acorn type).	RCA type 5040	90X5040

MODEL Skyrider 5-10
S-21

THE HALLICRAFTERS CO.

NO.	CAPACITY	TYPE	VOLTAGE	PARTS NO.
C8	.002 mfd.	mica		40-013
9	.05 "	"	200	41-004
10	.05 "	"	400	41-005
11	Tuning Condenser in I.F. Transformer	"		
12	"	"		
13	.01 mfd.	"	400	41-001
14	.01 "	"	200	41-000
15	.05 "	"	400	41-005
16	.01 "	"	400	41-001
17	Tuning Condenser in I.F. Transformer	"		
18	"	"		
19	.01 mfd.	"	400	41-001
20	.25 "	"	400	
21	.01 "	"	200	41-000
22	.01 "	"	400	41-001
23	.00025 "	mica		40-024
24	Pad	"		
25	.00025 "	air		48-021
26	.01 "	"	400	41-001
27	Tuning Condenser in I.F. Transformer	"		
28	"	"		
29	.02 mfd.	"	400	41-002
30	.0001 "	mica		40-003
31	.02 "	"	400	41-002
32	.0001 "	mica		40-003
33	.05 "	"	200	41-004
34	.1 "	"	200	41-006
35	.0001 "	mica		40-003
36	.01 "	"	400	41-001
37	.01 "	"	600	45-002
38	.01 "	"	600	45-002
39	20.	"	25	42-025
40	.05 "	"	400	41-005
41	.002 "	mica		40-013
42	.0001 "	"		40-003
43	.400 mmfd.	Pad		44-037
44	10.	"	450	
45	10.	"	450	42-024
46	10.	"	450	
47	.01 "	"	600	45-002
81	A.V.C. - B.F.O. On-Off Switch			
82	Automatic Noise Limitor and I.F. Expander Switch			
83	A.C. On-Off Switch on Tone Control			
84	Stand By SPST			
85	Meter Switch on R.F Gain Control			

NO.	OHMS	WATTAGE	PARTS NO.
R1	160	1/3	22-011
2	100,000	1/3	20-093
3	1,000	1/3	20-033
4	600	1/3	22-125
5	30,000	1	22-075
6	2,500	1/3	22-044
7	100,000	1/3	20-093
8	500	1/3	22-028
9	10,000	R.F. Gain Control	25-029
10	2,500	1/3	22-044
11	100,000	1/3	20-093
12	500	1/3	24-040
13	50,000	1/3	20-084
14	50,000	1/2	22-082
15	1,000	1/3	20-033
16	20,000	1/3	22-071
17	1,000,000	1/3	20-018
18	500,000	Tone Control	25-018
19	100,000	1/3	20-093
20	100,000	1/3	20-093
21	250,000	1/3	20-099
22	300	1/3	20-021
23	500,000	A.F. Gain Control	25-031
24	25,000	1	20-073
25	20,000	1	20-070
26	150	1/3	22-011
27	100,000	1/3	20-093
28	500	1/3	24-040
29	500,000	1/3	22-101
30	10,000	1	20-061
31	50,000	1/3	20-084
32	5,000	2	

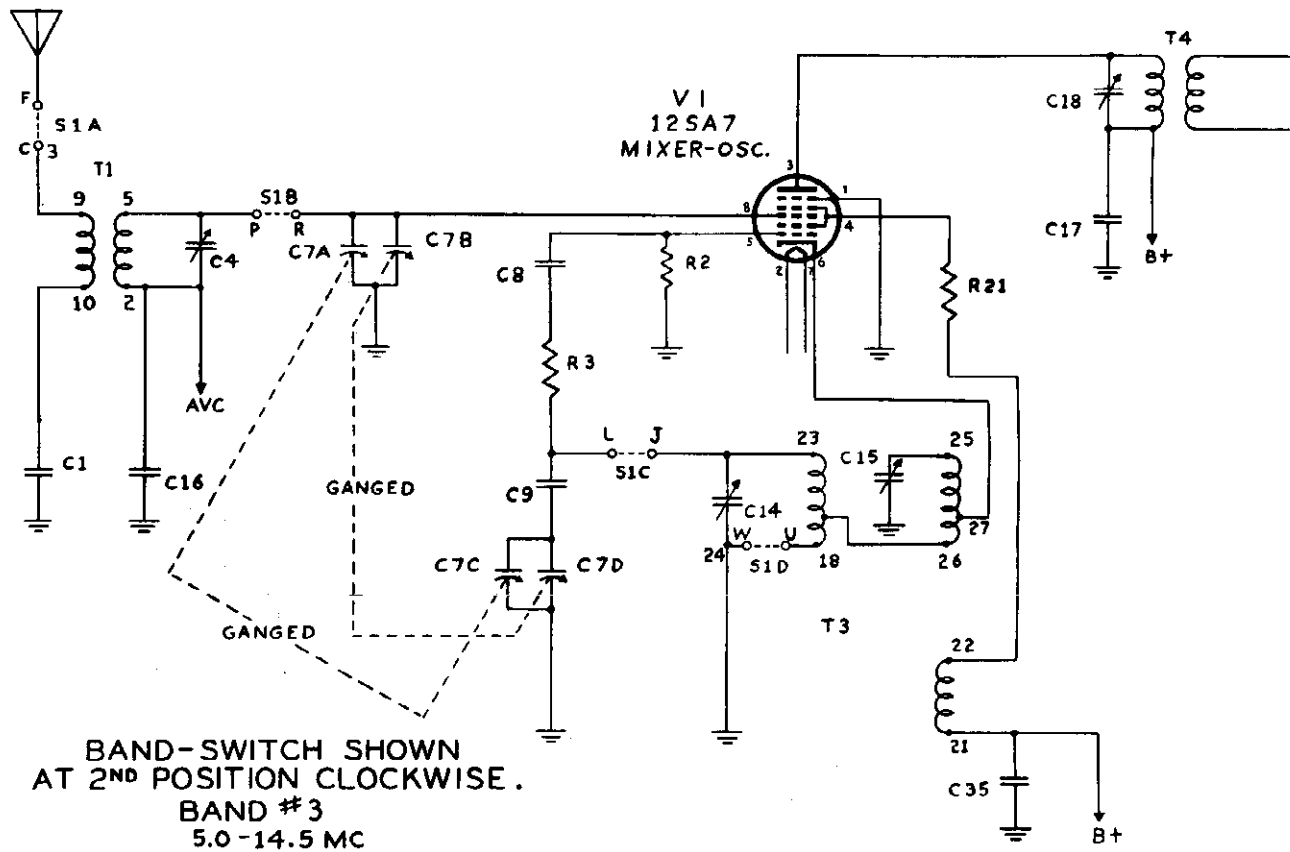
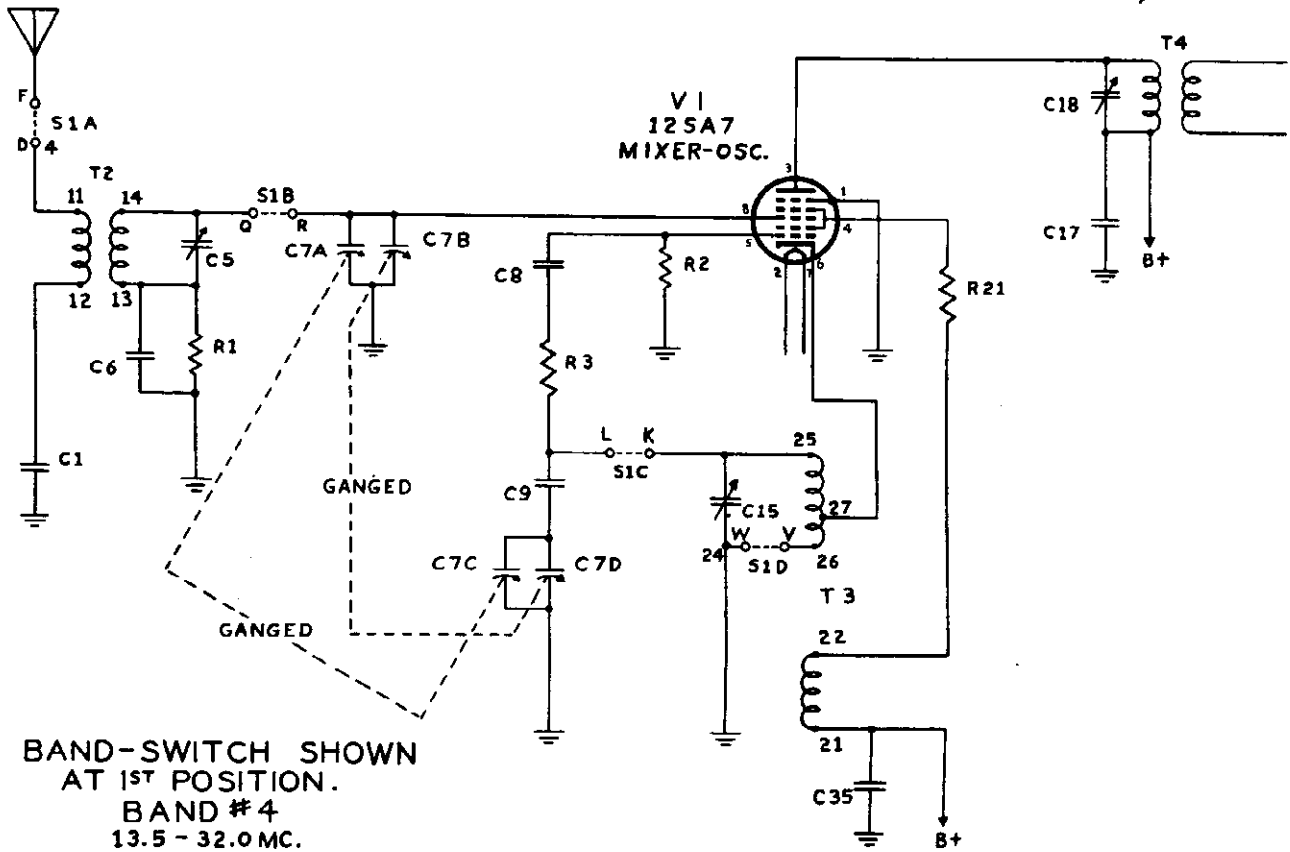
NO.	CAPACITY	TYPE	VOLTAGE	PARTS NO.
C1	80 mmfd per section	main tuning		48-033
2		gang		
3		mica		
4	.005 mfd.	"		40-013
5	.002 "	"		41-001
6	.01 "	"	400	
7	.01 "	"	600	45-002

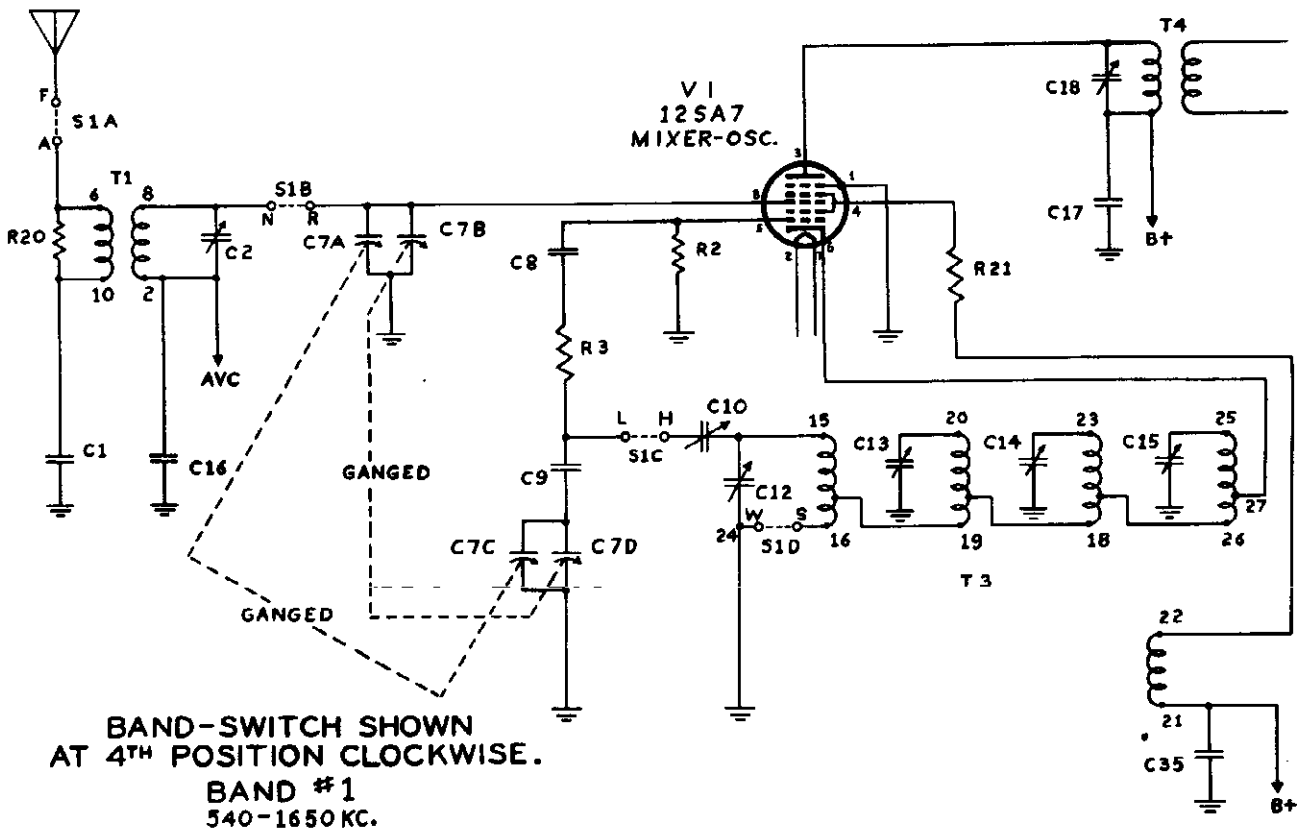
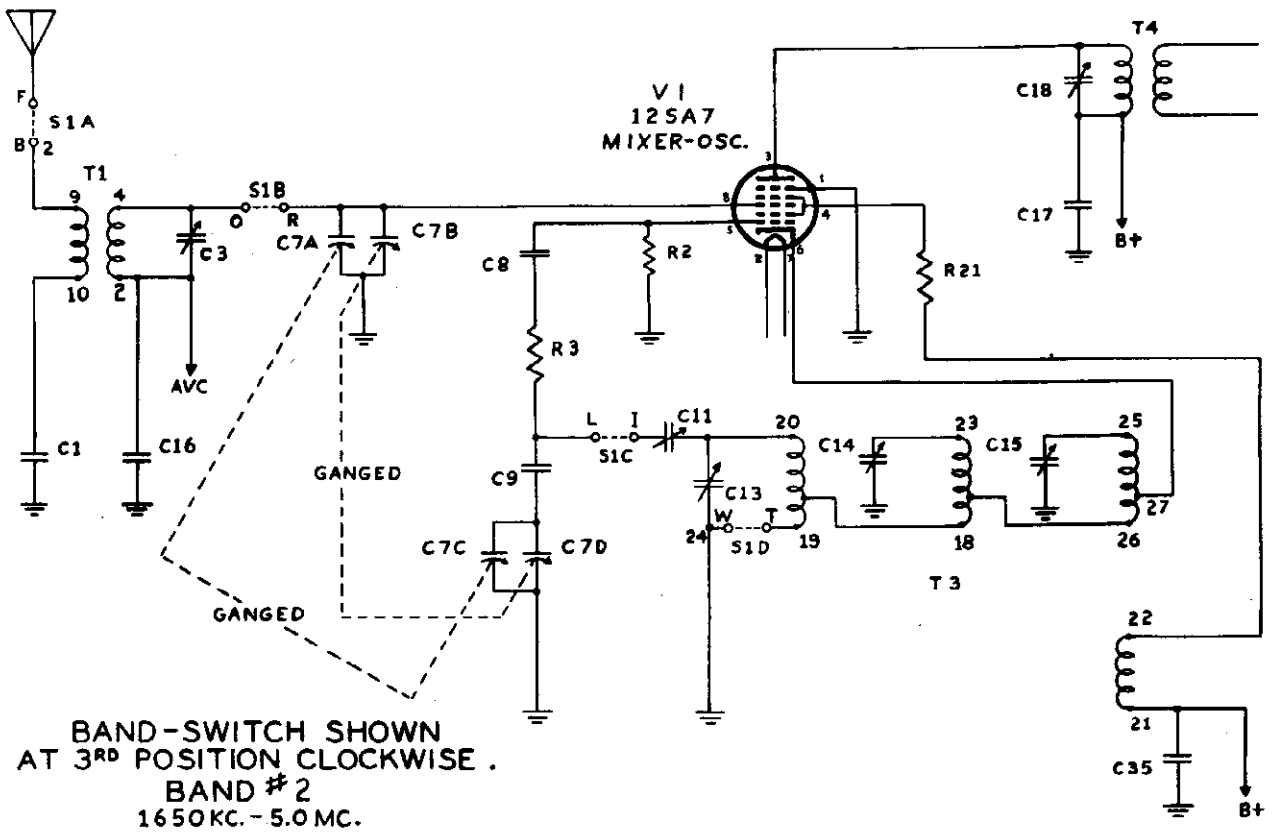
CONDENSER PARTS LIST - SKYRIDER 5-10 Model S21

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MODEL S-38, Early
and Revised

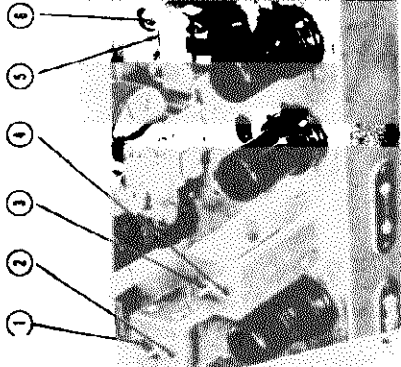
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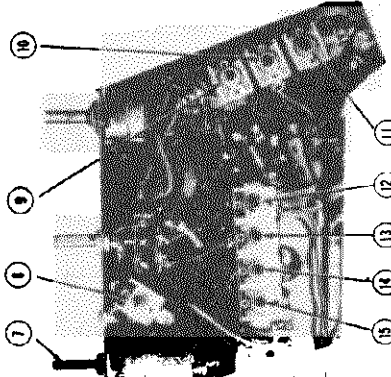


MODEL S-38, Early and Revised

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TOP VIEW OF CHASSIS



BOTTOM VIEW OF CHASSIS

Fig. 5. Top and bottom views of the receiver locating slugs, paddler eyed trimmers for STEP NO. adjustment purposes.

IF FREQUENCY	IF SELECTIVITY	IMAGE RATIO	SENSITIVITY	AUDIO OUTPUT
455 kc	7 kc wide at 6 db down 65 kc wide at 60 db down (for 50 milliwatt output)	2.7:1 at 30 mc 6:1 at 14 mc 10:1 at 5 mc 35:1 at 1500 kc	12 microvolt at 600 kc 12 microvolt at 5 mc 11 microvolt at 14 mc 23 microvolt at 30 mc (for 50 milliwatt output)	675 milliwatt with less than 10% distortion at 400 cycles

EQUIPMENT:

1. Signal Generator capable of the ranges indicated in the Alignment Chart, including a 400 cycle audio modulator.
2. Output meter capable of handling 1 watt of audio power.
3. Standard RMA dummy consisting of a 200 mmf condenser in series with a 20uh r-f choke which is shunted by a 400 mmf condenser in series with a 400 ohm carbon resistor.
4. Non-metallic screw driver.

CONNECTIONS: Connect the Sig. Gen. "cold" lead to "G" on the antenna strip; the "hot" lead is connected as indicated in the Chart.

Connect the output meter across the terminals of socket SO-1 and remove the speaker plug from the socket and adjust the meter for 3 ohms impedance.
 Caution: Set the meter at a sufficiently high range to prevent possible damage from overload.
CONTROL SETTINGS: After allowing about a ten minute warm up period, set the receiver's control as follows:
 SPEAKER/PHONES switch at "SPEAKER."
 VOLUME control at full clockwise (maximum).
 CW/AM switch at "AM" (except for BFO adjustment).
 NOISE LIMITER switch at "OFF."
 BANDSPREAD TUNING control at "0." (min. cap.).
 STANDBY/RECEIVE switch at "RECEIVE."

DUMMY ANT. IN SERIES WITH SIG. GENERATOR	CONNECTION OF SIG. GENERATOR OUTPUT TO RECEIVER	SIG. GEN. FREQUENCY SETTING	BAND SWITCH SETTING	RECEIVER DIAL SETTING	ADJUST SLUG, PADDLER OR TRIMMER NO.	DESCRIPTION	TYPE OF ADJUSTMENT - MAKE ADJUSTMENT FOR:
None	Stator plates of rear sect. of tuning gang	455 kc	"1"	1000 kc	3 and 4 1 and 2	2nd IF 1st IF	Maximum output Maximum output Repeat steps 1 and 2
None	Stator plates of rear sect. of tuning gang	455 kc	"1"	1000 kc	7	BFO slug	Zero beat
BAND #4 ADJUSTMENT—NOTE: Make sure 400 cycle audio modulator is turned on; AM/CW switch should be at "AM."							
STANDARD RMA Dummy	"A1" on antenna strip	30 mc 30 mc	"4"	30 mc 30 mc	12 † 8	Osc. Trimmer Mix. Trimmer	Maximum output Maximum output
BAND #3 ADJUSTMENT							
STANDARD RMA Dummy	"A1" on antenna strip	14 mc 14 mc	"3"	14 mc 14 mc	13 † 9	Osc. Trimmer Mix. Trimmer	Maximum output Maximum output
BAND #2 ADJUSTMENT							
STANDARD RMA Dummy	"A1" on antenna strip	5 mc 1.8 mc	"2"	5 mc 1.8 mc	14 6	Osc. Trimmer Osc. Padder	Maximum output Maximum output and repeat step 8
BAND #1 ADJUSTMENT							
STANDARD RMA Dummy	"A1" on antenna strip	1500 kc 600 kc 1500 kc	"1"	1500 kc 600 kc 1500 kc	15 5 11	Osc. Trimmer Osc. Padder Mix. Trimmer	Maximum output Maximum output and repeat step 11 Maximum output

*It may be necessary to repeat the indicated adjustments several times.

†Rock the main tuning capacitor slightly (turn back and forth) when making these adjustments.

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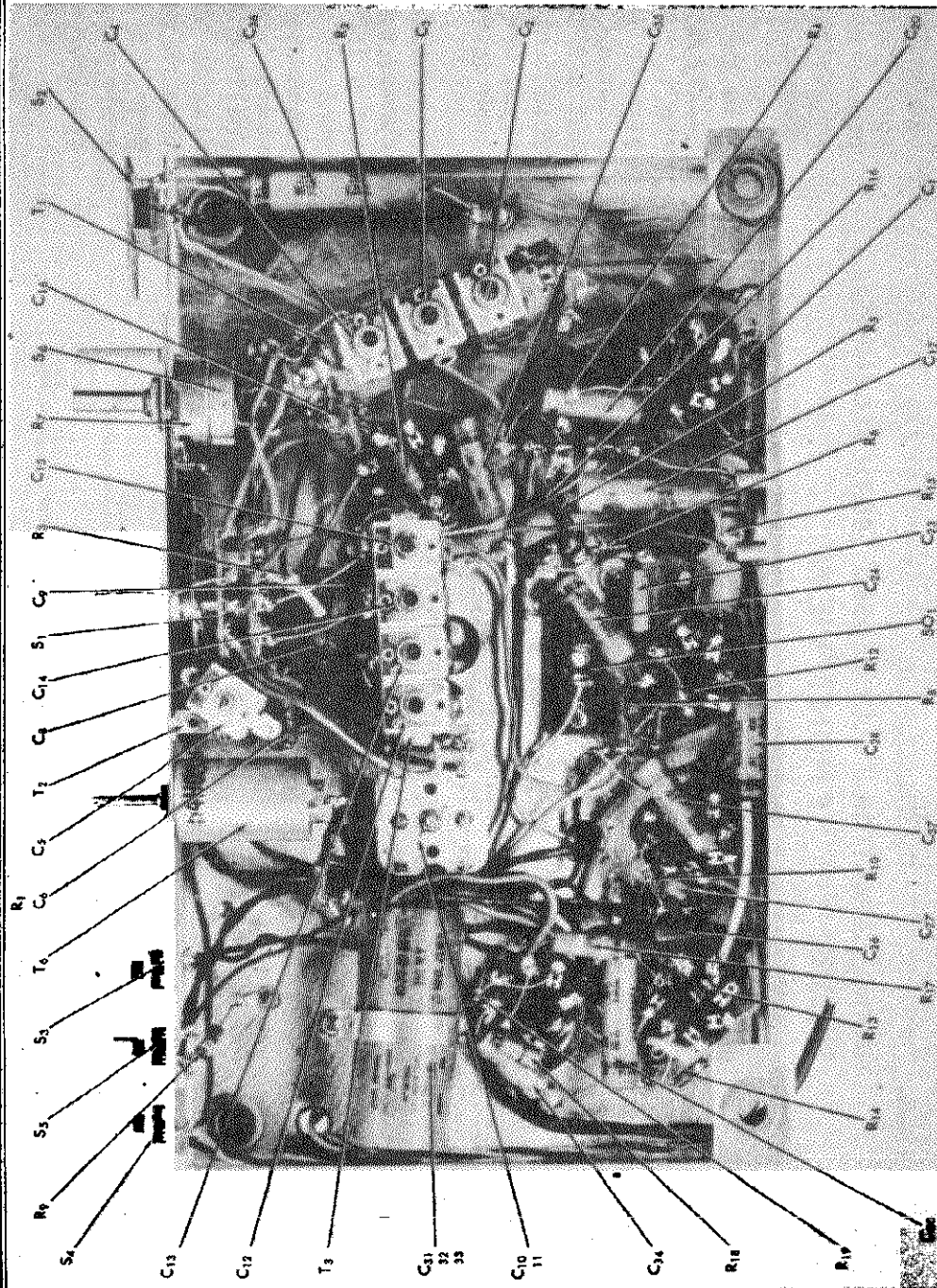


Fig. 4. Bottom view of the receiver showing components location.

CONTROL SETTINGS FOR PRELIMINARY TEST OPERATION (Broadcast Band)

NAME	FUNCTION	SETTING
STANDBY/RECEIVE	Receiver temporary standby	At "RECEIVE"
VOLUME	Audio gain control and receiver on/off switch	Half clockwise; adj. as necessary
BAND SELECTOR	Operating band selector	Clockwise to "1"
PITCH CONTROL	CW beat note pitch selector	Any position (not in use)
	SPEAKER/PHONES	At "SPEAKER"
	CW/AM	At "AM" (AVC on)
	NOISE LIMITER	At "OFF"
	TUNING	To local station freq. on main dial scale
	BAND SPREAD	To "0" on small
	Output selector switch	Output selector
	BFO on/off switch	BFO on/off switch
	AVC on/off switch	AVC on/off switch
	Noise peak limiting	Noise peak limiting
	Main tuning control	Main tuning control
	Short wave	Short wave

MODEL S-38, Early and Revised

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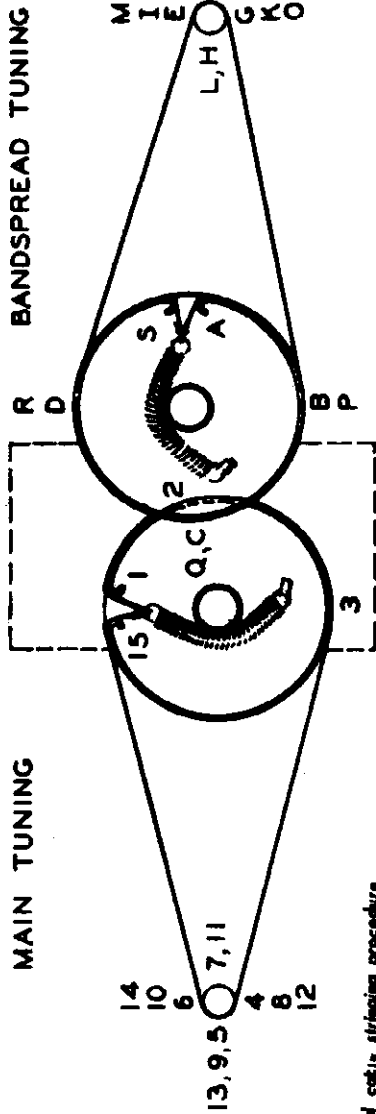


Fig. 2. Dial cable strapping procedure.

TUNING CAPACITOR FULLY CLOSED (BOTH SECTIONS).

REF. NO.	DESCRIPTION	HALLICRAFTERS PART NUMBER	LIST PRICE PER COMPONENT
C-1	0.01 mfd.; 500 vdcw; paper.	46A1Y103J	.10
C-2, 3 & 4	Trimmer Unit for antenna transformer T-1	44B129	.10
C-5	Trimmer Unit for antenna transformer T-2.	44A0339	.30
C-6	2700 mfd.; ±10%; 500 vdcw; mica.	CM30A272J	2.90
C-7	Tuning coil; 100 ohm; air; 2 sections ganged.	48C182	.15
C-8, 23 & 27	220 mfd.; 500 vdcw; mica.	CM20A221K	.15
C-9	3000 mfd.; 5%; 500 vdcw; mica.	CM130A302J	.65
C-10 & 11	Dual padlock for oscillator transformer T-3.	44A152	.90
C-12, 13, 14	Trimmer Unit for oscillator transformer T-3.	44B159	.10
C-15	0.02 mfd.; 500 vdcw; paper.	46AW203J	.15
C-16 & 34	0.25 mfd.; 500 vdcw; paper.	46AT254J	.25
C-17 & 36	Trimmers for IF transformers T-4 and T-5.	44A087	.10
C-18, 19, 21	0.05 mfd.; 200 vdcw; paper.	46AU503J	.10
C-20 & 35	0.05 mfd.; 400 vdcw; paper.	46AW502J	.10
C-24	2 mfd.; twisted insulated wire leads; NOT AVAILABLE AS A SPARE PART.	CM20A471K	.20
C-25	470 mfd.; 500 vdcw; mica.	46AW102J	.10
C-26 & 39	0.01 mfd.; 500 vdcw; paper.	46AY203J	.10
C-28 & 37	Electrolytic; four section unit; color coded leads; sect. 1(C-29) 20 mfd, 25 vdcw; sect. 2 & 3(C-31 & 32) 30 mfd, 150 vdcw; sect. 4(C-33) 40 mfd, 150 vdcw; paper.	45E091	.80
C-29, 31, 32 & 33	0.02 mfd.; 500 vdcw; paper.	46AY203J	.10
C-30	6/8 v @ 150ma; brown bead; G. E. type 47.	39A004	.10
LM-1	PILOT LAMP	85C035	2.50
LS-1	LOUDSPEAKER	87A078	.35
PL-1	5" P.M. speaker; 3.2 ohm voice coil.	88A072	.10
PL-2	AC line cord with two prong plug at one end.	RC20AE474M	.10
PL-3	Speaker voice coil connector plug.	RC20AE223M	.10
R-1 & 13	470,000 ohm; 1/2 watt; carbon.	RC20AE470M	.10
R-2	22,000 ohm; 1/2 watt; carbon.	RC20AE391K	.10
R-3	47 ohm; 1/2 watt; carbon.	RC20AE225M	.10
R-4	390 ohm; ± 10%; 1/2 watt; carbon.	RC20AE473M	.10
R-5	2.2 megohm; 1/2 watt; carbon.	25B094	.50
R-6 & 10	47,000 ohm; 1/2 watt; carbon.	RC20AE106M	.10
R-7 & S-6	Volume Control; 1/2 megohm; includes SPST toggle action switch assembly on rear.	RC20AE471K	.10
R-8	10 megohm; 1/2 watt; carbon.	RC20AE224M	.10
R-9 & 11	470 ohm; ± 10%; 1/2 watt; carbon.	RC20AE151K	.10
R-12	220,000 ohm; 1/2 watt; carbon.	RC20AE150M	.10
R-14	150 ohm; ± 10%; 1/2 watt; carbon.	RC30AE681M	.10
R-15	15 ohm; 1/2 watt; carbon.	RC20AE220M	.10
R-16	1,000 ohm; 1/2 watt; carbon.	RC20AE103M	.10
R-17	680 ohm; 1 watt; carbon.		
R-18	22 ohm; 1/2 watt; carbon.		
R-19	330 ohm; 1/2 watt; carbon.		
R-20	10,000 ohm; 1/2 watt; carbon.		

HOW TO RESTRING DIAL CORDS

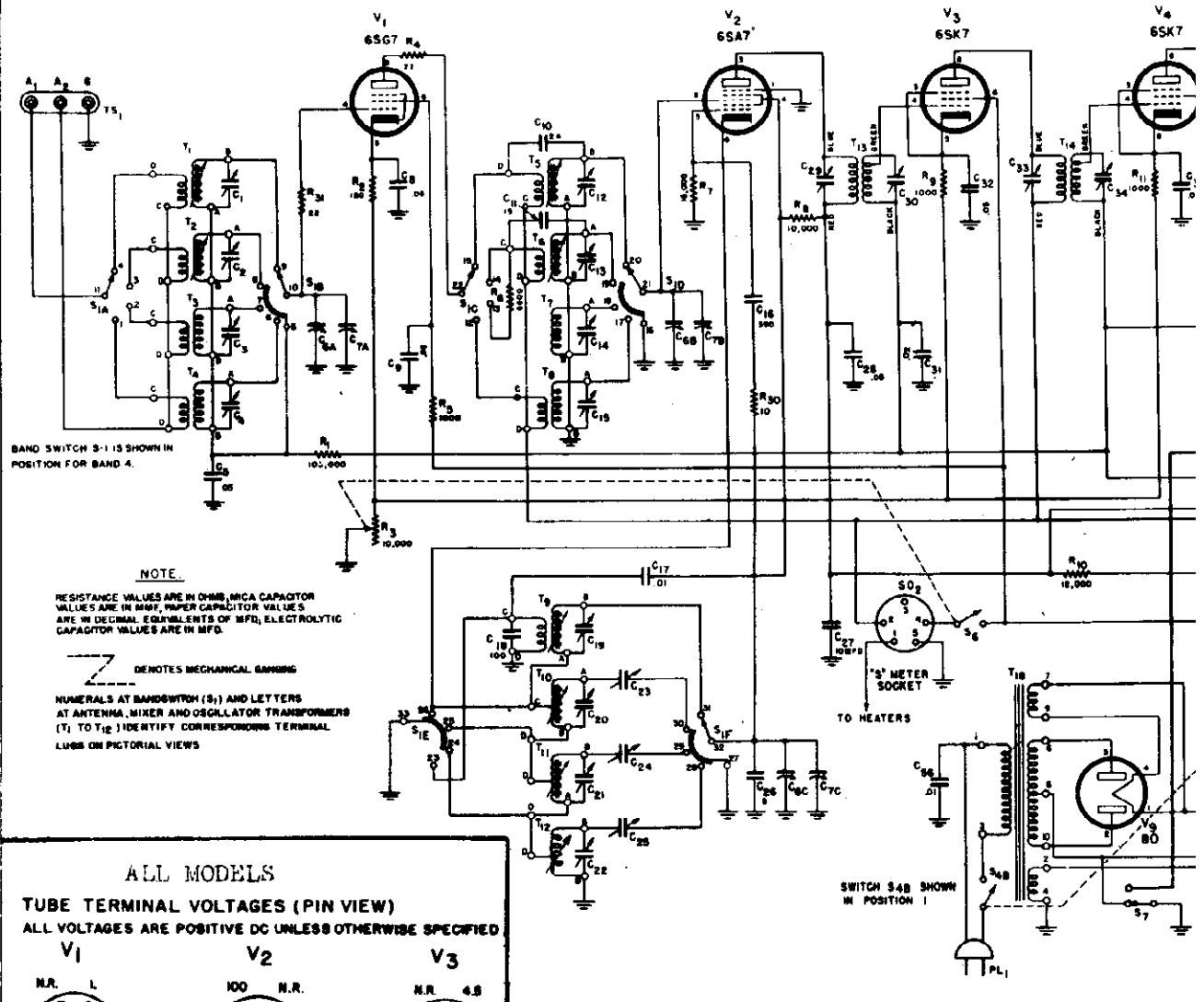
To restring the main tuning dial cord, cut a 14" length of 30 lb. test dial cord and tie one end to the tension spring of the main tuning capacitor drive pulley at position "1" on the diagram. Following the numbers 1 through 15, wind the cord on the pulley and knob drive shaft. At position "15", stretch the tension spring, and tie the cord securely. Cut off the excess cord. Note that two complete turns are wound on the knob drive shaft.

To restring the bandspread tuning dial cord, cut a 16" length of dial cord and follow the procedure as explained above, except start at position "A" on the diagram and proceed through position "S". Note that the knob drive shaft has two complete turns.

HALLICRAFTERS PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	QUANT. IN EQUIPMENT	LIST PRICE PER COMPONENT
60A240	Bandswitch; two sections ganged; rotary four position.	2	.15
60A244	"RECEIVE-STANDBY" and "NOISE LIMITER" switches; slide action; SPST.	1	.25
60A243	"SPEAKER-PHONES" switch; slide action; SPST.	1	.15
60A245	"A.M.-C.W." switch; slide action; DPST.	1	.30
51CR21	Antenna coil for bands 1, 2 and 3.	1	.15
51CR18	Antenna coil for band 4.	1	.15
51CR22	Oscillator coil for bands 1, 2, 3 and 4.	1	.15
50C183	Input IF transformer; 455 kc.	1	.15
50B184	Diode IF transformer; 455 kc.	1	.15
54B031	Beat frequency oscillator coil; 455 kc.	1	.15
55A075	Audio output transformer; 3,000 ohm primary — 15 ohm secondary tapped at 3 ohms.	1	.95
88A032	Antenna and ground connector strip.	1	.10
88A071	Headset plug connector strip; bakelite.	1	.10
15A049	Knob; for Volume Control and Band Selector switches.	2	.15
15A058	Knob; for C. W. PITCH Control.	1	.15
15A047	Knob; for main TUNING and BANDSPREAD tuning Controls.	2	.25
82A102	Pointer; for main tuning dial.	1	.15
82A103	Pointer; for bandspread tuning dial.	1	.15
63B257	Calibrated dial assembly, complete.	1	.30
22B157	Dial window, glass.	1	.10
6A035	Octal tube socket; bayonet.	6	.15
86A011	Dial lamp socket; Amphenol type MIP-8.	1	.15
26A002	Tuning capacitor dial drive pulley.	1	.10
67A568	Tuning capacitor rear mounting bracket.	1	.15
67B560	Tuning capacitor front mounting bracket.	1	.10
67B561	Left hand switch mounting bracket.	1	.10
67B562	Right hand switch mounting bracket.	1	.10
67B561	Rubber mounting feet for cabinet.	4	.10
67B561	Spring washers for grounding tuning capacitor drive shafts.	2	.10
4A043	"C" washers; (hair-pin type).	4	.10
30C331	Rear cover plate; cardboard.	1	.10
65C220	Bottom cover plate; painted steel.	1	.45

NOTE: ALL PRICES ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE.

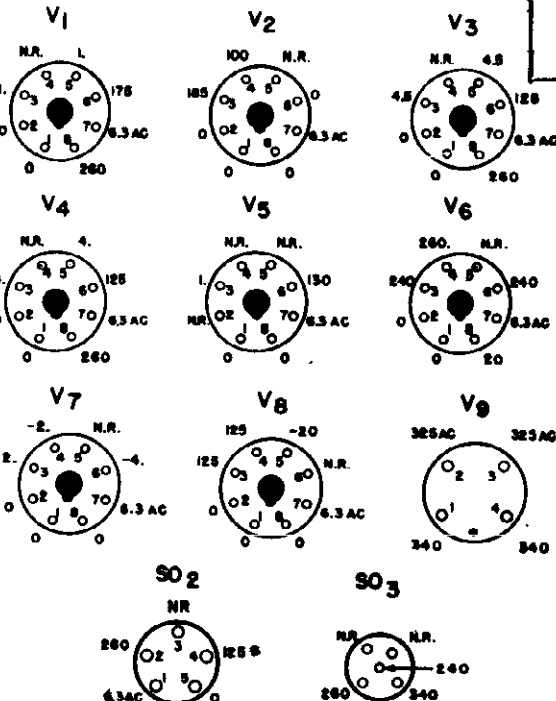
MODEL S-40, 1st and 2nd Revisions



NOTE.
RESISTANCE VALUES ARE IN OHMS, MICA CAPACITOR VALUES ARE IN PFD, PAPER CAPACITOR VALUES ARE IN DECIMAL EQUIVALENTS OF MFD, ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR VALUES ARE IN MFD.

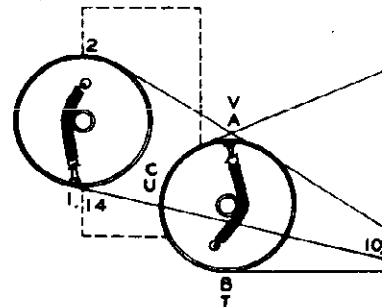
Z DENOTES MECHANICAL GANGING
NUMERALS AT BANDSWITCH (S₁) AND LETTERS AT ANTENNA, MIXER AND OSCILLATOR TRANSFORMERS (T₁ TO T₅) IDENTIFY CORRESPONDING TERMINAL LUGS ON PICTORIAL VIEWS

ALL MODELS
TUBE TERMINAL VOLTAGES (PIN VIEW)
ALL VOLTAGES ARE POSITIVE DC UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED

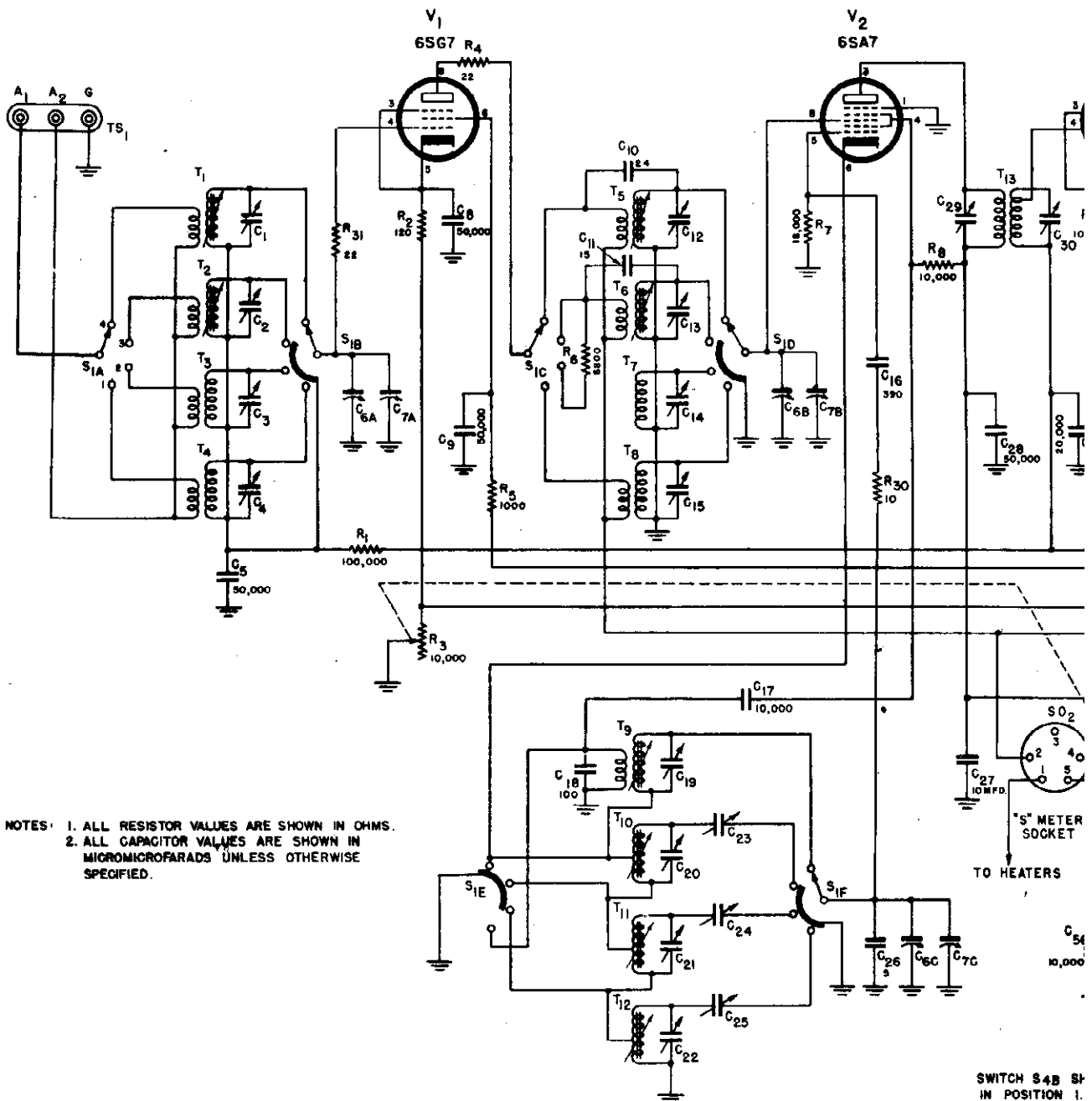


To restring the main tuning dial cord, cut a 25" length of 18 test dial cord and tie one end to the tension spring of the main tuning capacitor drive pulley at position "1" on the diagram. Following the numbers 1 through 14, wind the cord on pulley and knob drive shaft. At position "14," stretch tension spring and tie the cord securely. Cut off the excess cord. Note that three turns are wound on the knob drive shaft.

To restring the bandspread tuning dial cord, cut a 35" length of dial cord and follow the procedure as explained above except start at position "A" on the diagram and proceed through position "V." Note that the knob drive shaft has three turns and the dial drive pulley has one turn.



* "S" METER SWITCH CLOSED (MAX. CLOCKWISE); NR - NOT READABLE WITH METER USED.
ALL READINGS TAKEN AT 117 V. AC LINE VOLTAGE; WITH 20,000 OHM/VOLT METER; NO SIGNAL BEING RECEIVED; CONTROLS SET AS FOLLOWS: STANDBY/RECEIVE SWITCH AT "RECEIVE"; AVG. NOISE LIMITER AT "ON"; AM/CW SWITCH AT "CW"; SENSITIVITY AND VOLUME CONTROLS FULL CLOCKWISE; TUNING, PITCH CONTROL AND TONE CONTROLS IN ANY POSITION AS THEY DO NOT AFFECT READINGS.

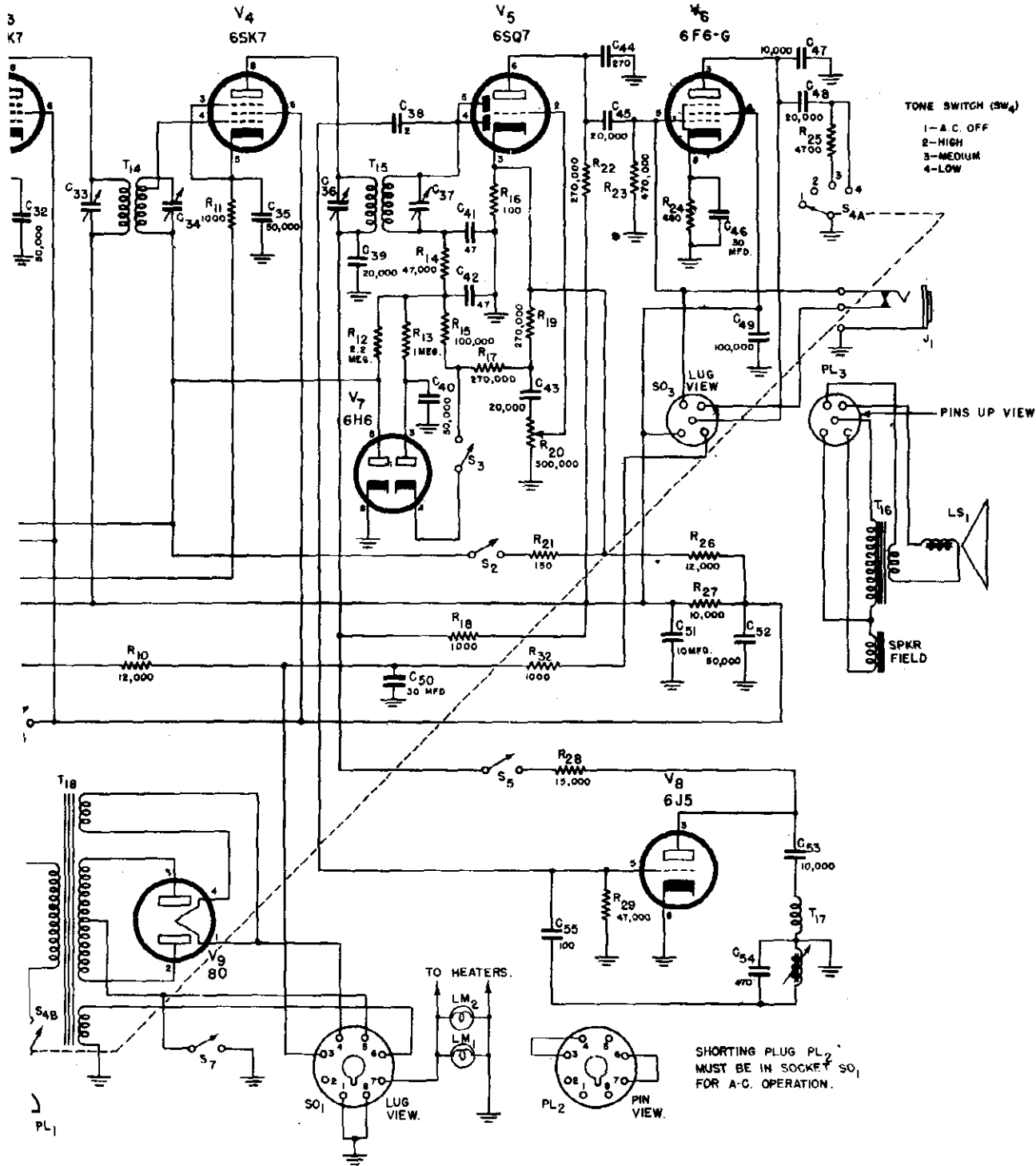


FREQUENCY COVERAGE.

The Model S-40 Radio Receiver provides continuous coverage over the frequency range from 550 kilocycles (kc) to 44 megacycles (mc) in four bands. Each band is provided with sufficient overlap to insure continuity of coverage over the entire tuning range. The frequencies covered per band are as follows:

Band	Coverage
1	550 kc. to 1700 kc.
2	1680 kc. to 5.4 mc.
3	5.3 mc. to 15.8 mc.
4	15.3 mc. to 44 mc.

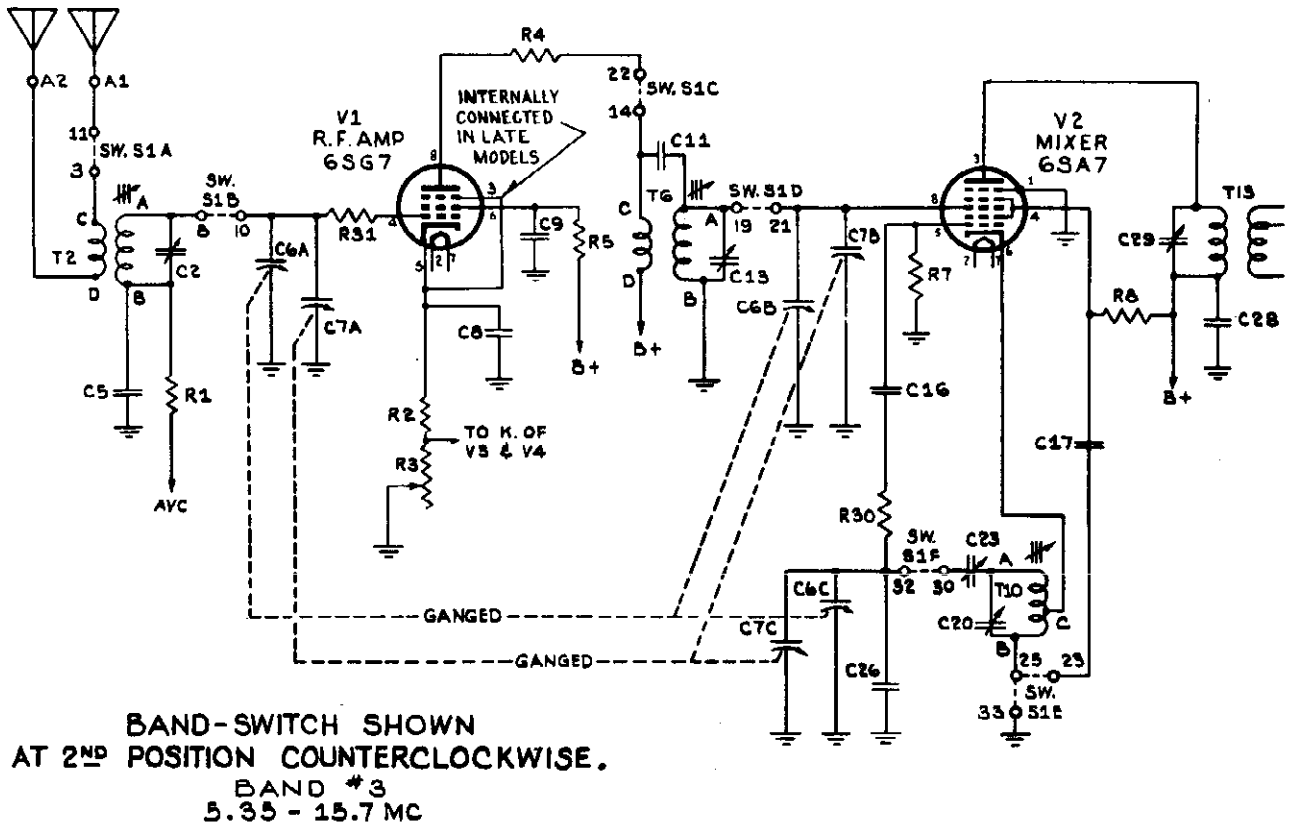
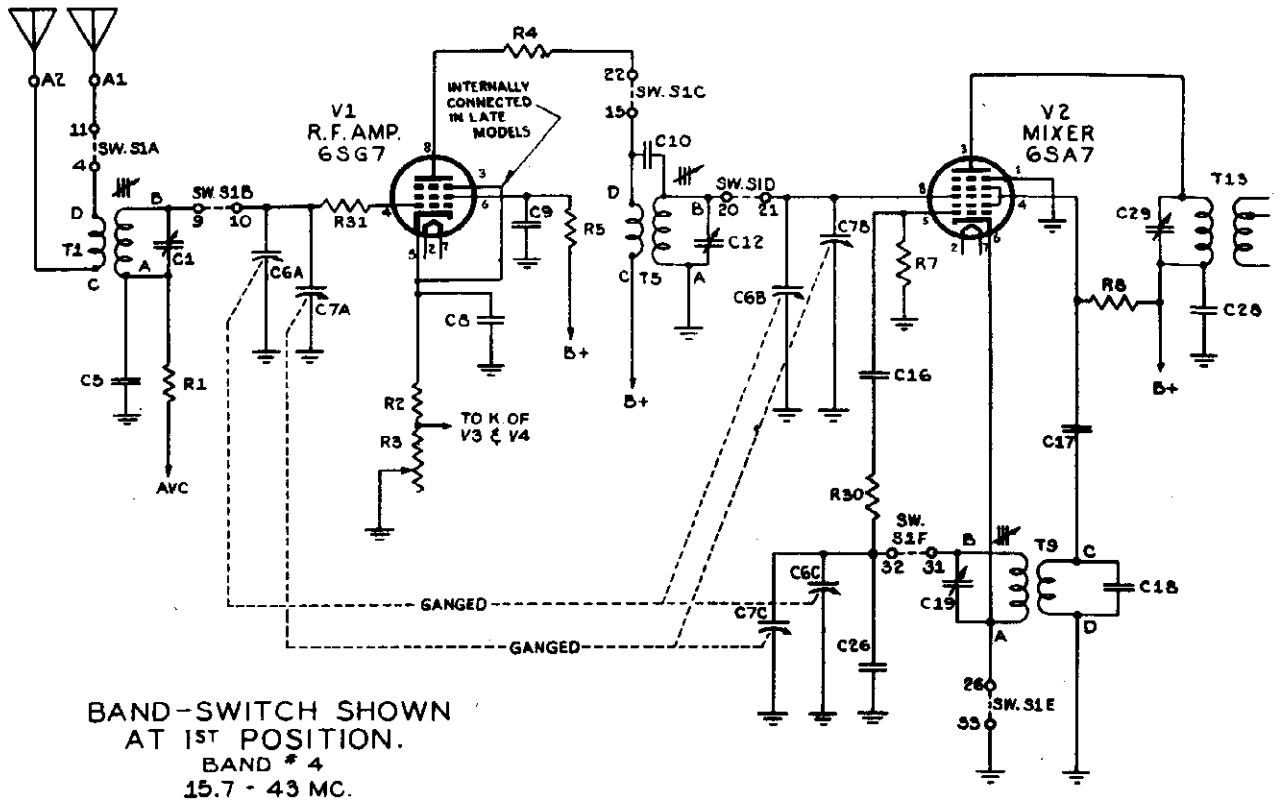
Figure



TONE SWITCH (SW₄)
 1-A.C. OFF
 2-HIGH
 3-MEDIUM
 4-LOW

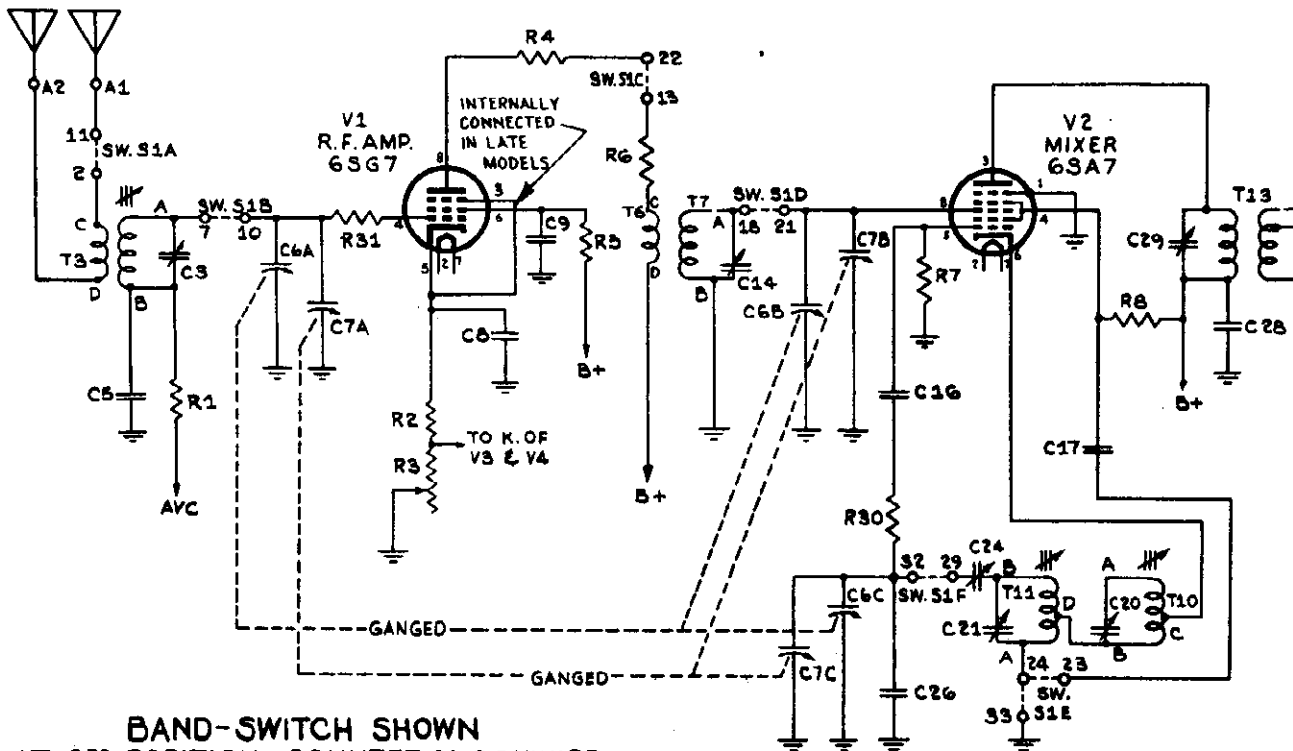
SHORTING PLUG PL₂ MUST BE IN SOCKET SO₁ FOR A.C. OPERATION.

Radio Receiver Model S-40, schematic wiring diagram.

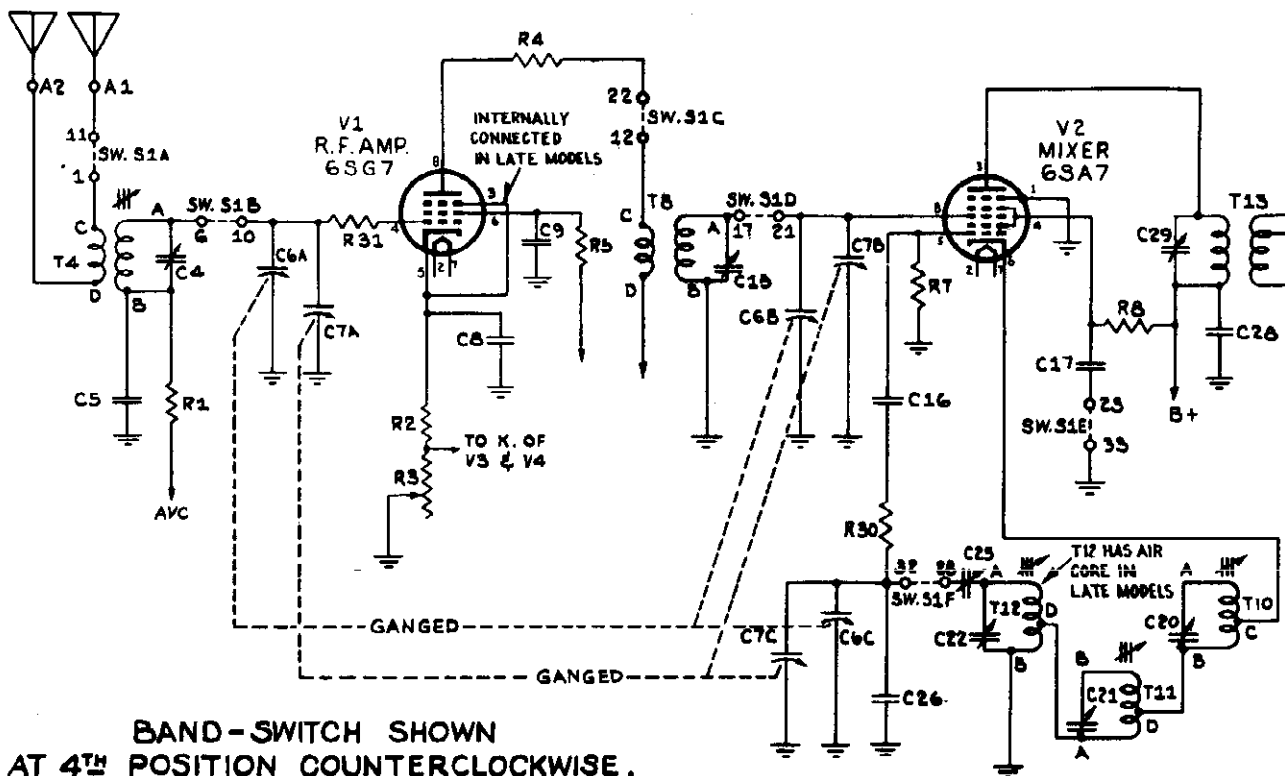


"clarified schematics"

MODEL S-40



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
AT 3RD POSITION COUNTERCLOCKWISE.
BAND # 2
1.7 - 5.35 MC.



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
AT 4TH POSITION COUNTERCLOCKWISE.
BAND # 1
540 - 1700 KC.

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POWER REQUIREMENTS.

The receiver is designed to operate from a 117-volt, 50/60 cycle single phase, (25/60 cycle if receiver has universal power transformer) a-c source or from a 6-volt storage battery and 260-volts of "B" battery. The "B" batteries may be replaced by a suitable vibrator type power supply if it meets the following current requirements:

A-C Operation	* D-C Operation
Line voltage 117 volts	Filament voltage. 6.3 volts
Line current 0.76 amp.	Filament current. 5 amps.
Power consumption. 75 watts	"B" voltage 260 volts
	"B" current 70 ma.

* The 6-volt battery drain using a vibrator type supply for "B" voltage will run approximately 10 amperes.

Audio Output Connections. - The headset jack marked PHONES, located on the front panel, provides output for headset reception. The circuit is such, that the speaker circuit is opened when the headset cord plug is inserted into the PHONE jack. The output of the first audio stage is then capacitively coupled to the PHONE jack.

Remote Operation Facilities. - The receiver may be disabled remotely by disconnecting the jumper wire between pins #3 and #4 on the shorting plug (PL-2), which is normally plugged into socket SO-1 during a-c operation, and connecting a remote switch or relay across these pins. The stand-by switch is connected in the "B" lead. When using the remote control disabling switch, the STANDBY/RECEIVE switch on the receiver must be set at STANDBY.

PREPARATION FOR USE.

A-C Operation. - The receiver may be operated from a 117-volt, 50/60 cycle, (25/60 cycle if universal power transformer is used) single phase a-c source of power. In the event that the receiver has a universal power transformer, check the line voltage and set the line voltage switch, located on top of the transformer, before connecting the receiver to a source of power. If the receiver power transformer is set for a higher line voltage than the source, it will not be damaged when connected to a line of lower voltage, but a receiver set for a lower line voltage will, in most cases, be damaged when plugged into an outlet having a higher line voltage.

D-C Operation. - The receiver may be operated from a 6-volt d-c source, generally a storage battery, and a 260-volt d-c supply in the form of dry batteries or vibrator type power pack. Consult the chart on power requirements for d-c operation in Section I, and provide battery facilities capable of supplying these demands. The receiver is connected to the d-c supply as follows:

(1) Remove the octal "jumper plug" (PL-2) used for a-c operation from socket SO-1. Use #18 (AWG) wire leads for the 260-volt "B" supply connections to pins #3 and #5, and #12 (AWG) wire leads for the 6-volt "A" battery connections to pins #1, #8 and #7.

CAUTION - Check your wiring carefully before connecting up to the battery supply.

OPERATION.

Listed below are the receiver controls and their settings for the two types of reception provided by this receiver, namely, phone and c-w code reception. Refer to Figure 1-1 or the front panel of the receiver.

a. **PHONE RECEPTION.** - To receive phone signals set the front panel controls as follows:

STANDBY/RECEIVE switch	- Set at RECEIVE. (Set at STANDBY to disable receiver for short standby periods.)
BAND SELECTOR switch	- Set at range number corresponding to band covering desired frequency.
AM-CW switch	- Set at AM.
A.V.C. switch	- Set at ON.
NOISE LIMITER switch	- Normally set at OFF.

MODEL S-40

THE HALLICRAFTERS CO.

- SENSITIVITY control** - Turn the control all the way clockwise to maximum.
- VOLUME control** - Adjust for desired volume at headset or loudspeaker.
- PITCH CONTROL** - Not used.
- TONE control** - Set to please listener. Set at HIGH for normal reception. Generally set at LOW or MED. when noise level is high.
- TUNING control** - Set calibrated dial to frequency of desired signal and adjust for maximum tuning meter deflection (if a tuning meter is used.) Dial frequency calibrations are true only with BANDSPREAD tuning dial set at zero.
- BANDSPREAD Tuning control** - Use this control in conjunction with the TUNING control as described in the paragraph on bandspread tuning in this section. This control is used for finer tuning.

b. C-W Code Reception. - To receive continuous wave (c-w) code signals, set the front panel controls as follows:

- BAND SELECTOR switch** - Set at range number corresponding to band covering desired frequency.
- A.V.C. switch** - Set at OFF.
- AM-CW switch** - Set at CW.
- NOISE LIMITER switch** - Set at OFF.
- TUNING control** - Set calibrated dial at frequency of desired signal. Tune for maximum signal level at headset or loudspeaker. Dial frequency calibrations are true only with the BANDSPREAD tuning dial set at zero.
- SENSITIVITY control** - Turn up as high as the signal strength of the code signal will permit. Too much gain will result in distortion of the signal.
- TONE control** - Set at LOW or MED.
- VOLUME control** - Turn up to full clockwise.
- BANDSPREAD tuning control** - Use this control in conjunction with the MAIN tuning control as described in the paragraph in bandspread tuning in this section. This control is used for finer tuning.
- PITCH CONTROL** - Set at desired pitch of code signal by turning to the right or left.
- STANDBY-RECEIVE** - Set at RECEIVE (Set at STANDBY to disable receiver for short standby periods.)

GENERAL: Model S-40 is a 9 tube commercial superheterodyne table model, radio receiver, incorporating 4 bands of AM/CW reception, as follows: band #1, 540 kc to 1700 kc; band #2, 1.7 mc to 5.35 mc; band #3, 5.35 mc to 15.7 mc; band #4, 15.7 mc to 43 mc. Provision for variable sensitivity control; optional AVC, noise limiting, BFO pitch, tone, headset reception, and use of an external "S" meter; standby operation; and bandspreading are provided.

REAR PANEL CONNECTIONS: Consist of AC line cord with plug, antenna and ground connector strip, dc power input socket and external "S" meter connector socket.

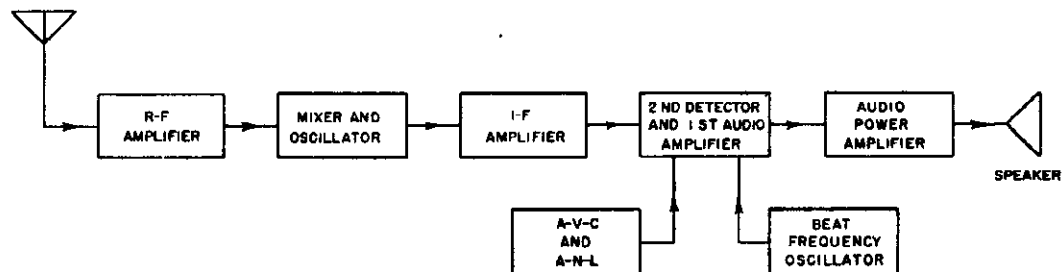
POWER SUPPLY DATA: AC operation—117 volt, 50/60 single phase source. (Also, 110/130/150/220/250 volt, 25 cycles single phase source with special power transformer available, Hallicrafter's part #52CO27.) Power drain is 75 watts.

DC operation—filament 6.3 volt @ 3.5 amp; "B" supply 260 volt @ 70 ma. (The 6 volt battery drain for vibrator type supply for "B" voltage will run about 10 amp.)

FUNCTIONING OF PARTS

1. GENERAL.

Figure 4-1. shows, in a very simple block form, the plan of the circuit of the Model S-40 radio receiver. Note that the circuit is that of the conventional super-heterodyne receiver. A signal received at the antenna is fed through an r-f amplifier stage to a combined mixer-oscillator stage where a local signal is generated and mixed with the incoming signal. An intermediate frequency signal selected at the output of the mixer stage is fed through two i-f amplifier stages to a combined detector audio amplifier stage where it is demodulated, amplified and fed through an audio power amplifier stage to a loud speaker. Provision is made for headset reception. A combined a-v-c and a-n-l stage is also included to provide improved reception. A beat frequency oscillator is incorporated for the reception of continuous wave (c-w) signals. Provision is also made for bandspread operation. An external tuning meter may be used with the receiver, provision being made at the rear of the receiver for connections.



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Figure 4-1. Radio Receiver Model S-40, block diagram.

2. DETAILED FUNCTIONING BY STAGES. (Refer to Fig. 7-7.)

Since the circuit functions of bands 1, 2, 3 and 4 are essentially identical, this discussion will describe the circuit with BAND SELECTOR switch (S-1A through S-1F) set at band 4 as shown in the schematic diagram.

a. **R.F. Amplifier.** - The r-f amplifier stage employs a type 6SG7 pentode tube in a conventional class A amplifier circuit. Signals present at the antenna are fed to the primary of transformer T-1 through terminals A-1 and A-2 of the antenna terminal strip TS-1. The secondary of transformer T-1 is tuned by the ganged tuning capacitor section C-6A and trimmer C-1. Ganged tuning capacitor section C-7A acts as a bandspread for the secondary of transformer T-1. R-f signals selected by the parallel resonant circuit are applied to the grid of tube V-1 and appear in greater amplitude across the primary of transformer T-5. Resistor R-1 and capacitor C-5 provide decoupling for the a-v-c voltage applied to the control grid. Parasitic resistors R-4 and R-31 prevents unwanted oscillations in this stage and tends to stabilize the amplifier. Resistor R-2, by-passed by capacitor C-8, provides self-bias for the stage. Resistor R-3 (SENSITIVITY control) regulates the bias to the grid. Resistor R-5 and capacitor C-9 act as a decoupling network for the screen of tube V-1. The signal voltage developed across the primary of transformer T-5 is then coupled to the grid of tube V-2 inductively through transformer T-5 and capacitively through capacitor C-10. Capacitor C-10 provides a small amount of coupling to improve the response at the high frequency end of the band, thus equalizing the r-f signal amplitude over the tunable frequency range.

b. **Mixer-Oscillator.** - The mixer-oscillator stage employs a type 6SA7 converter tube. The tube functions both as oscillator and mixer. The secondary of r-f transformer T-5 is tuned by section C-6B of the ganged tuning capacitor and trimmer C-12. Ganged tuning capacitor section C-7B acts as bandspread tuning for the secondary of transformer T-5. Ganged tuning capacitor section C-6C, trimmed by capacitor C-19, tunes the secondary of transformer T-9 which is part of the oscillator circuit. Ganged tuning capacitor section C-7C acts as bandspread tuning for the secondary of transformer T-9. A signal generated by the local oscillator, 455 kc. higher in frequency than the received signal on bands #1, #2, #3 and 455 kc. lower in frequency than the received signal on band #4, is mixed electronically in the mixer tube since the oscillator tube elements are included as part of the mixer tube V-2 in the same tube envelope. The frequency of oscillation is determined by a resonant circuit consisting of the secondary of transformer T-9 and section C-6C of the main tuning capacitor and trimmer capacitor C-19 connected in parallel. Section C-7C of the variable ganged bandspread capacitor is connected in parallel with section C-6C of the main tuning capacitor for the purpose of effectively spreading or broadening the frequency range. Capacitor C-26 is an additional fixed trimmer across the resonant circuit. Capacitor C-18 provides increased gain for the oscillator on this band. Variable capacitors C-23, C-24, and C-25 are padders for bands #3, #2, and #1 respectively. Resistor R-7 is a grid return for the oscillator grid in tube V-2. Capacitor C-16 is the oscillator grid coupling capacitor while capacitor C-17 provides coupling and d-c blocking for the oscillator plate circuit. Resistor R-30 suppresses parasitic oscillations. Plate voltage for the screen grid of tube V-2, which also acts as oscillator plate, is applied through resistor R-8. The difference frequency of the oscillator and incoming signal frequencies is applied to the first i-f transformer T-13 primary which is tuned by capacitor C-29. Capacitor C-29 is a by-pass for the mixer plate.

c. **First and 2nd I-F Amplifier.** - The first and 2nd i-f amplifier stages employ type 6SK7 pentode tubes. I-f amplifier coupling transformer T-13, T-14, and T-15 for these two stages are tuned to 455 kc by adjusting the trimmer capacitors across each transformer primary and secondary. The gain of the 1st and 2nd i-f amplifier stages is varied by the SENSITIVITY control (R-3), connected in series with the cathodes of both tubes, to provide sensitivity control for the receiver. The a-v-c grid voltage is applied to this section of the receiver through resistor R-12 when A.V.C. switch S-2 is at OFF or in the open position. C-31 is an a-v-c by-pass for the control grid of 1st i-f amplifier tube V-3. Resistor R-9, by-passed by capacitor C-32, provides fixed bias for tube V-3. Resistor R-11 by-passed by capacitor C-35 provides fixed bias for 2nd i-f amplifier tube V-4. Capacitor C-39 is a plate by-pass for tube V-4. The signal voltage developed across the transformer T-15 primary is fed inductively to the 2nd detector.

d. **2nd Detector and 1st Audio.** - Both the second detector and first audio amplifier stages employ a single type 6SQ7 duo diode-triode. The diode section of tube V-5 serves as a detector by rectifying the modulated carrier. The r-f filter for this type of detection consists of resistor R-14 and capacitors C-41 and C-42 connected in a pi-section. Automatic volume control and audio frequency voltage is obtained from a voltage divider consisting of resistors R-19, R-17 and R-16. Capacitor C-43 couples the 2nd detector to the VOLUME control, resistor (R-20). Resistor R-16 is bias for the first audio stage, part of tube V-5. Resistor R-22 is the plate load for the triode part of tube V-5. Capacitor C-44 acts as r-f filter at the plate. The audio frequency voltage is then fed through coupling capacitor C-45 to the grid of the output audio amplifier tube V-6.

e. **Power Audio Amplifier.** - The power audio amplifier stage is a class A amplifier employing a type 6F6-G pentode. Resistor R-23 is a grid return for the control grid of tube V-6. Resistor R-24, by-passed by capacitor C-46, supplies bias to the control grid. Resistor R-25 and capacitors C-47 and C-48 serve as a tone control circuit. Capacitor C-49 serves as by-pass for the screen grid. The audio signal is then fed through socket SO-3 and plug PL-3 to the primary of output transformer T-16 whence it is coupled inductively to the secondary and fed to the speaker LS-1 voice coil. An audio frequency signal is also fed from the grid of tube V-6 to PHONE jack J-1. Voltage is fed to the plate of tube V-6 through the primary of transformer T-16.

f. **A.V.C. and NOISE LIMITER.** - Both the automatic volume control and automatic noise limiter stages employ a single type 6H6 duo-diode. One diode of tube V-7 serves as the automatic volume control rectifier. The remaining diode section of tube V-7 serves as an automatic limiter as follows: Capacitor C-40 becomes charged by the rectified carrier voltage and the time constant of this capacitor and filter network associated with it is such that the audio frequency voltage variations do not alter this charge. During a severe noise pulse, however, the cathode of the diode plate connected to capacitor C-40 becomes more negatively charged than the charge held by capacitor

C-40 until the cathode voltage of the a-n-1 diode again reaches a less negative potential than its plate and capacitor C-40 acquires its normal charge. By shorting the audio voltage to ground during a noise pulse, the a-n-1 circuit prevents the objectionable noise pulses from reaching the audio amplifier stages.

g. **Beat Frequency Oscillator.** - The beat frequency oscillator employs a type 6J5 triode tube in a tuned-grid, untuned plate oscillator circuit. The oscillator frequency is adjusted by a moveable powdered iron core in the field of transformer T-17. This iron core adjustment sets the oscillator frequency at 455 kc. and is adjusted by a screw driver during alignment. The fine adjustment of the oscillator frequency required to provide control of the beat note frequency is controlled by a knob (PITCH CONTROL) from the front panel. The AM-CW switch controls the use of the oscillator by opening or closing the plate voltage lead to the tube. Resistor R-28 provides a load for the plate of tube V-8. Resistor R-29 is the oscillator tube V-8 grid return while capacitor C-55 provides grid coupling from the oscillator tank circuit. Capacitor C-54, across part of transformer T-17, resonates the tank circuit. Capacitor C-53 forms part of a series impedance circuit with part of transformer T-17. The beat frequency signal is coupled to the 2nd detector through capacitor C-38.

h. **Power Supply.** - The receiver has provisions for operation from either an a-c or d-c source.

(1) **A-C Operation.** - The receiver's power supply provides for operation from a 117-volt source. The a-c current is fed to the primary of power transformer T-18 through the line cord. A type 80 (tube V-9) full wave rectifier is employed in a conventional full wave rectifier circuit. The high voltage from this rectifier is fed to a filter network through the "Shorting Plug" on the rear apron of the receiver chassis as is the filament current for the heaters of the tubes. The STANDBY/RECEIVE switch is connected in series with the transformer T-18 center tap lead to ground (chassis), thereby disabling the receiver but at the same time keeping the tube heaters hot and ready for instant use. The filter circuit consists of a pi network made up of the speaker field coil and capacitors C-50 and C-51. Resistors R-26 and R-27 are part of a voltage divider and capacitor C-52 is a by-pass.

(2) **D-C Operation.** - External 6-volt storage battery and 260-volts of "B" batteries or storage battery and vibrator type supply provide for d-c operation. When operating from an external d-c supply the "Shorting Plug" on the rear apron of the receiver chassis is removed and a similar plug is wired to supply filament and plate current to the receiver circuits. The "B" voltage is fed to the input side of the filter sections used for a-c operation thereby insuring adequate filtering for vibrator type power supplies.

1. **Tuning Meter.** - The tuning meter "S METER" is not supplied with the receiver, but can be purchased on request from the company. Provision has been made on the rear apron of the receiver for the external connection of the "S" meter. A five prong plug is wired to the meter as indicated in figure 4-2 and should be plugged into socket SO-2. When metering reception, the meter measures a voltage drop across resistor R-27 e. i. a change in screen current of first and second i-f amplifier tubes V-4 and V-3.

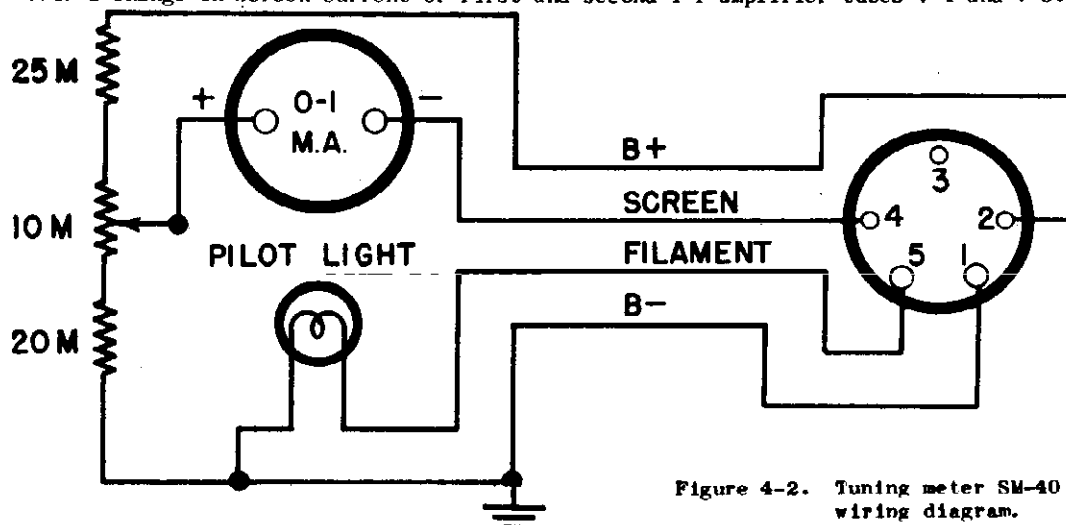


Figure 4-2. Tuning meter SM-40 and schematic wiring diagram.

MAINTENANCE

CAUTION. - Voltages at various points in this equipment are of sufficiently high potential to produce a severe shock. Locate the high - potential points on the **VOLTAGE CHART** before attempting to service circuits that are "hot". **IT IS A GOOD RULE TO DISCONNECT THE POWER SOURCE BEFORE MAKING ADJUSTMENTS WHEN POSSIBLE. BE CAREFUL.**

1. PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE.

All components of the receiver should be given a thorough inspection at regular intervals. The time interval between inspections will be determined by the operating conditions of the individual installation. In general, keep the components clean and dry. Moisture, even in a completely tropicalized set may cause serious deterioration and produce general unsatisfactory operation. Dust and dirt materially effect both electrical and mechanical operation. Keep the various parts clean, especially the tuning capacitors. Dust should be blown out with dry air or brushed out carefully without bending the gang plates in the slightest. Noisy reception may also be caused by dirty condenser wipers, faulty gain controls and switches, frayed cable connections, faulty tubes, etc. in the installation. Check accessible connections, switch contacts, etc. regularly, making sure that all are clean and tight and the tubes and cable connectors are held securely in their sockets.

2. REPLACING TUBES, LAMPS, and FUSES.

a. **Replacing Tubes.** - All tubes are accessible at the top of the chassis through the hinged cover of the cabinet. When replacing tubes, check the tube type carefully and replace with the correct type. Refer to the top view of the chassis to determine the location of the tubes and to the **PARTS LIST** for the type number and description of each.

b. **Replacing Lamps.** - The receiver employs two lamps with bayonet type sockets to illuminate the calibrated tuning dial and the bandspread tuning dial. The lamps are to be replaced with a 6/8-volt, 250 ma. (blue bead) G.E. #44 or equivalent. The color code referred to, is the color of the glass bead above the glass stem inside the envelope of the lamps.

3. PERIODIC ADJUSTMENTS.

a. **Receiver Alignment.** - The receiver has been carefully aligned at the factory and should not require realignment until the receiver requires new tubes in the r-f and i-f amplifier stages, or shows signs of loss of sensitivity, off frequency calibration or requires service work on one or more of its r-f and i-f amplifier stages. Alignment should not be attempted by inexperienced persons as maximum performance is obtained only by careful and intelligent alignment.

(1) Aligning Tools. -

(a) Signal generator capable of providing a 400 cycle modulated signal at 455 kc, and 550 kc. to 44 mc. range.

(b) A $300 \pm 20\%$ ohm non-inductive carbon dummy antenna resistor.

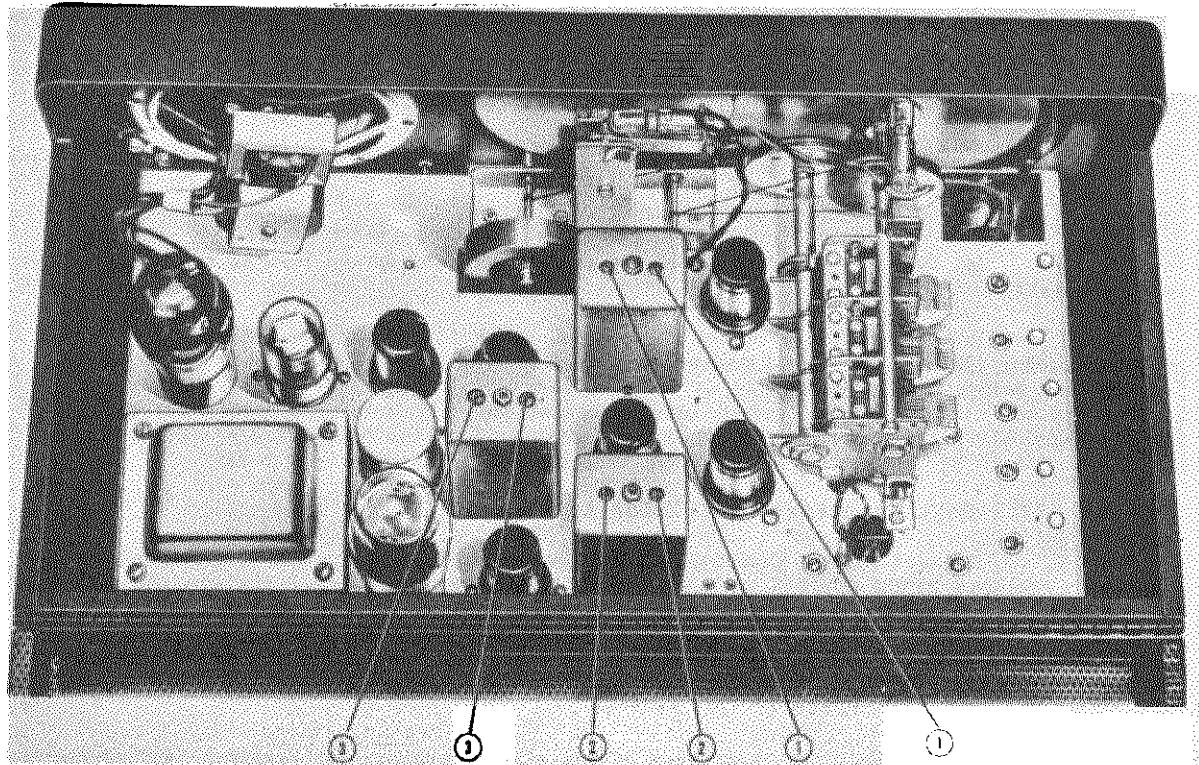
(c) Non-metallic screw driver. A bakelite screw driver with a short metal blade is very good.

(d) Audio output meter capable of handling 1.5 watts of audio power for speaker load.

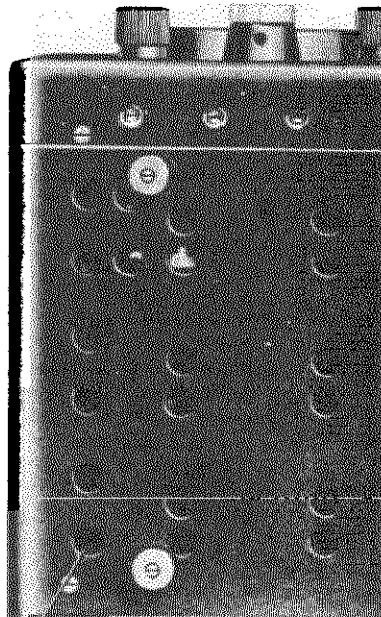
(2) I-F Amplifier Alignment. - (See Fig. 5-1)

(a) Connect the "hot" lead of the generator directly to the stator plates of the center section of the main tuning capacitor gang (the solder lug on top of that section). Connect the ground wire of the generator to the receiver chassis. Set main tuning capacitor at minimum capacity (open).

(b) Connect the output meter across the speaker voice coil and set the meter range switch for its highest range to prevent overloading the meter accidentally.



- ① I-F Adjustments for 1st I-F Transformer T-13
- ② I-F Adjustments for 2nd I-F Transformer T-14
- ③ I-F Adjustments for 3rd I-F Transformer T-15



R-F and oscillator adjustment holes

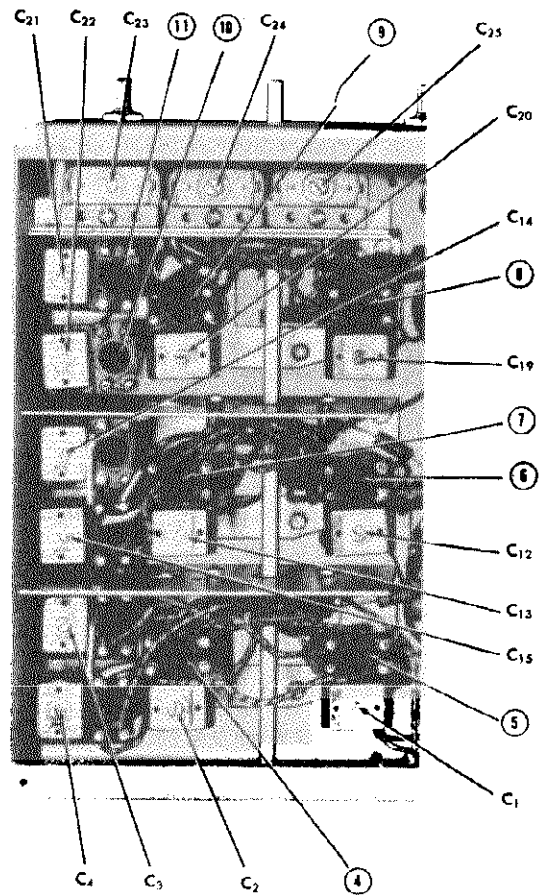


Figure 5-1. Radio Receiver Model S-40, view showing aligning points.

(c) Let the receiver warm up for approximately ten minutes, then set the receiver controls as follows:

SENSITIVITY control at maximum sensitivity (full clockwise).
 VOLUME control at maximum volume (full clockwise).
 A.V.C. switch at OFF.
 NOISE LIMITER switch at OFF.
 CW-AM switch at AM.
 TONE control at HIGH.
 STANDBY/RECEIVE switch at RECEIVE.

(d) Set the signal generator frequency at 455 kc, and turn on the 400-cycle modulation.

(e) Adjust transformers T-13, T-14, and T-15 for maximum output meter reading using just enough signal generator output to provide a good resonant swing on the output meter. The signal level at the generator should be approximately 52 microvolts for a 500 milliwatt audio output level. Repeat the alignment procedure until assured of accurate alignment. Refer to figure 5-1 for the location of i-f transformer adjustment screws #1 through #3 inclusive on transformers T-13, T-14, and T-15.

(3) Beat Frequency Oscillator Adjustment. -

Connect signal generator as in paragraph (2). Turn 400-cycle modulation off. Remove PITCH CONTROL knob with an Allen wrench and adjust the slotted screw shaft for zero beat. Replace knob so that red mark is on top.

(4) R-F Amplifier Alignment. -

†See note at end of this section.

(a) Connect the "hot" lead of the signal generator to terminal "A1" of the antenna terminal board through a $390 \pm 20\%$ ohm non-inductive carbon resistor. Connect the ground lead of the generator to the receiver chassis. Leave the jumper connected between terminals "A2" and "GND". Turn on the 400-cycle modulation.

(b) Let the receiver warm up for approximately ten minutes, then set the receiver controls as follows:

SENSITIVITY control at maximum sensitivity (full clockwise).
 VOLUME control at maximum volume (full clockwise).
 A.V.C. switch at OFF.
 NOISE LIMITER switch at OFF.
 CW-AM switch at AM.
 TONE control at HIGH.
 STANDBY/RECEIVE switch at RECEIVE.

NOTE - For all alignment adjustments, the signal generator output attenuator must be adjusted to provide a 500 milliwatt audio signal output at the speaker socket of the receiver on the output meter.

NOTE - Refer to figure 5-1 for all r-f alignment points.

(c) Band 4. Alignment. -

(1) Set the signal generator at 36 mc. and tune in its signal on the receiver. If the receiver's calibrated dial reads 36 mc. no adjustment is necessary - if not, adjust oscillator trimmer capacitor C-19 for maximum output with the receiver dial set at 36 mc.

(2) Set the signal generator at 18 mc. and tune in its signal on the receiver. If the receiver's calibrated dial reads 18 mc. no adjustment is necessary - if not, adjust slug #8 on transformer T-9 for maximum output with the receiver dial set at 18 mc.

NOTE - If slug #8 has been adjusted it will be necessary to repeat step (1) again. Several adjustments of capacitor C-19 in step (1) and slug #8 in step (2) may be required in cases where the transformer has been greatly detuned or a new transformer has been installed.

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(3) Set signal generator and receiver at 36 mc. and adjust trimmers C-1 and C-12 for maximum output.

(4) Set signal generator and receiver at 18 mc. and adjust slugs #5 and #6 for maximum output.

NOTE - If slugs #5 and #6 have been adjusted, it will be necessary to repeat step (3) again. Several adjustments of capacitors C-1 and C-12 and slugs #5 and #6 may be required in cases where the transformer has been greatly detuned or a new transformer has been installed.

(d) Band 3. Alignment. -

(1) Set the signal generator at 14 mc. and tune in its signal on the receiver. If the receiver's calibrated dial reads 14 mc. no adjustment is necessary - if not, adjust oscillator trimmer capacitor C-20 for maximum output with the receiver dial set at 14 mc.

(2) Set the signal generator at 7 mc. and tune in its signal on the receiver. If the receiver's calibrated dial reads 7 mc. no adjustment is necessary - if not, adjust oscillator padder capacitor C-23 for maximum output with the receiver dial set at 7 mc.

NOTE - If capacitor C-20 has been adjusted, it will be necessary to repeat step (1) again. Several adjustments of capacitor C-20 in step (1) and capacitor C-23 in step (2) may be required in cases where the transformer has been greatly detuned or a new transformer has been installed.

(3) Set the signal generator at 10 mc. and tune in its signal on the receiver. If the receiver's calibrated dial reads 10 mc. no adjustment is necessary - if not, adjust slug #9 on transformer T-10 for maximum output with the receiver dial set at 10 mc.

(4) If slug #9 has been adjusted, repeat steps (1) and (2).

(5) Set the signal generator and receiver at 14 mc. and adjust trimmers C-2 and C-13 for maximum output.

(6) Set signal generator and receiver at 7 mc. and adjust slugs #4 and #7 for maximum output.

NOTE - If slugs #4 and #7 have been adjusted, it will be necessary to repeat step (3) again. Several adjustments of capacitors C-2 and C-13 and slugs #4 and #7 may be required in cases where the transformer has been greatly detuned or a new transformer has been installed.

(e) Band 2. Alignment. -

(1) Set the signal generator at 5 mc. and tune in its signal on the receiver. If the receiver's calibrated dial reads 5 mc. no adjustment is necessary - if not, adjust oscillator trimmer capacitor C-21 for maximum output.

(2) Set the signal generator at 1.8 mc. and tune in its signal on the receiver. If the receiver's calibrated dial reads 1.8 mc. no adjustment is necessary - if not, adjust oscillator padder capacitor C-24 for maximum output with the receiver dial set at 1.8 mc.

NOTE - If capacitor C-21 has been adjusted it will be necessary to repeat step (1) again. Several adjustments of capacitor C-21 in step (1) and capacitor C-24 in step (2) may be required in cases where the transformer has been greatly detuned or a new transformer has been installed.

(3) Set the signal generator at 3 mc. and tune in its signal on the receiver. If the receiver's calibrated dial reads 3 mc. no adjustment is necessary - if not, adjust slug #11 on transformer T-11 for maximum output with the receiver dial set at 3 mc.

THE HALLICRAFTERS CO.

MODEL S-40

(4) If slug #11 has been adjusted repeat steps (1) and (2).

(5) Set the signal generator and receiver at 5 mc. and adjust trimmers C-3 and C-14 for maximum output.

(f) Band 1. Alignment. -

(1) Set the signal generator at 1500 mc. and tune in its signal on the receiver. If the receiver's calibrated dial reads 1500 kc. no adjustment is necessary - if not, adjust oscillator trimmer capacitor C-22 for maximum output with the receiver dial set at 1500 kc.

(2) Set the signal generator at 600 kc. and tune in its signal on the receiver. If the receiver's calibrated dial reads 600 kc. no adjustment is necessary - if not, adjust oscillator padder capacitor C-25 for maximum output with the receiver dial set at 600 kc.

NOTE - If capacitor C-22 has been adjusted it will be necessary to repeat step (1) again. Several adjustments of capacitor C-22 in step (1) and capacitor C-25 in step (2) may be required in cases where the transformer has been greatly detuned or a new transformer has been installed.

(3) Set the signal generator and receiver at 1000 kc. and tune in its signal on the receiver. If the receiver's calibrated dial reads 1000 kc. no adjustment is necessary - if not, adjust slug #10 on transformer T-12 for maximum output with the receiver dial set at 1000 kc.

(4) If slug #10 has been adjusted repeat steps (1) and (2).

(5) Set the signal generator and receiver at 1500 kc. and adjust trimmers C-4 and C-15 for maximum output.

NOTE - After completing the above r-f alignment procedure check the image frequency to determine whether the oscillator frequency is higher than the signal frequency on bands 1, 2 and 3, and lower than the signal frequency on band 4.

(g) When completely aligned the overall receiver sensitivity will usually run from 7.2 microvolts at 600 kc. to 5 microvolts at 36 mc. for 500 milliwatts audip output. If your receiver falls reasonably close to this sensitivity, consider your job finished.

4. LOCATING FAULTS WITH A VOLT-OHM METER.

a. Voltage Chart. Refer to schematic for the tube socket terminal voltages. Voltages shown are those between the terminal and ground (chassis) unless otherwise specified.

The readings were taken with a Weston Model 772 Analyzer using 20,000 ohm per volt sensitivity. To prepare the receiver for measurement, disconnect the antenna, connect a jumper between the antenna terminals A1, A2, and G, and set the controls as follows:

STANDBY/RECEIVE switch at RECEIVE.
A.V.C., NOISE LIMITER at ON and AM-CW switch at CW.
SENSITIVITY and VOLUME controls full clockwise.
TUNING, and PITCH CONTROL adjustments do not effect the reading.
TONE control at any one of the three tone positions.

b. Resistance Chart. - Refer to Fig. 5-3. for the tube socket terminal to ground (chassis) resistance measurements. To identify tube socket connections, refer to Fig. 7-6. The readings were taken with a Weston Model 772 Analyzer. To prepare the receiver for measurement, disconnect the a-c line cord and set the controls as follows:

STANDBY/RECEIVE switch at RECEIVE.
A.V.C., NOISE LIMITER at ON and AM-CW switch at CW.
SENSITIVITY and VOLUME controls full clockwise position.
TONE control at any one of the three tone positions.
TUNING and PITCH control adjustments do not effect the readings.

MODEL S-40

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c. Checking Transformer and Inductor Windings With an Ohm-meter. -

NOTE - One terminal of each winding measured must be disconnected from the circuit to avoid measuring circuit resistance instead of winding resistance alone as indicated in the chart.

Circuit Symbol	Name of Part	Winding	Winding Terminals	D-C Resistance (Ohms)
T-16	TRANSFORMER, audio	Primary	Primary	400
		Secondary	Secondary	* 5
SPKR FIELD	Speaker field	-	-	1500
T-18	TRANSFORMER, power	Primary	1 to 3	6
		H.V. secondary	6 to 10	280
		$\frac{1}{2}$ H.V. secondary	6 to 8	140
		ary	8 to 10	140
		6.3-volt secondary	2 to 4	ZERO
	5.0-volt secondary	7 to 9	ZERO	

* With speaker plug in socket.

† Note Rock main tuning gang capacitor when making r-f adjustments on bands 3 and 4.

TUBE COMPLEMENT.

Symbol	Tube Type	Function
V-1	6SG7	R-F amplifier
V-2	6SA7	Mixer and local oscillator.
V-3	6SK7	1st i-f amplifier
V-4	6SK7	2nd i-f amplifier
V-5	6SQ7	Detector, 1st audio amplifier
V-6	6F6-G	Audio power amplifier
V-7	6H6	A-V-C. and noise limiter
V-8	6J5	Beat frequency oscillator
V-9	80	Rectifier

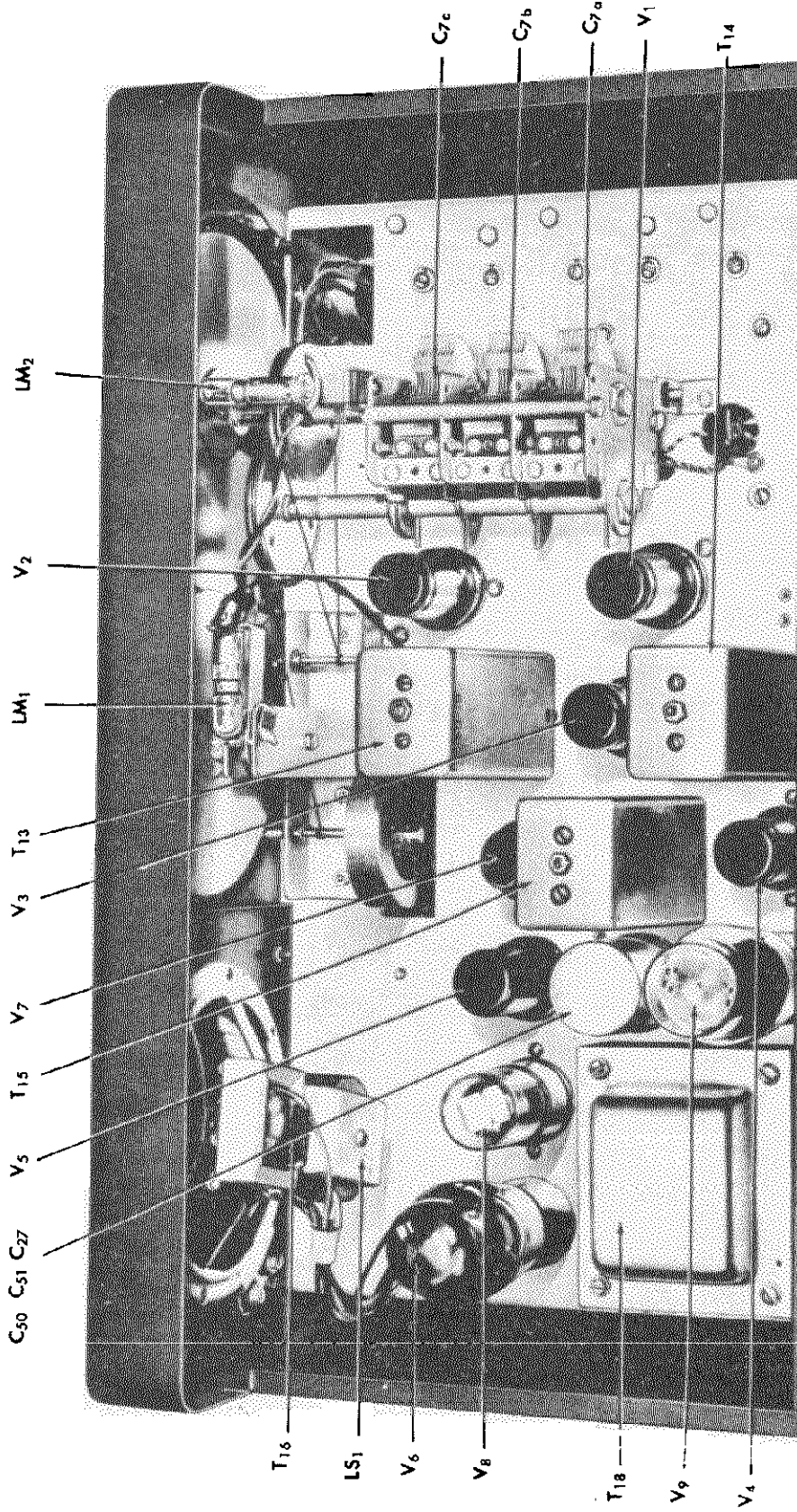


Figure 7-1. Radio Receiver Model S-40, top view.

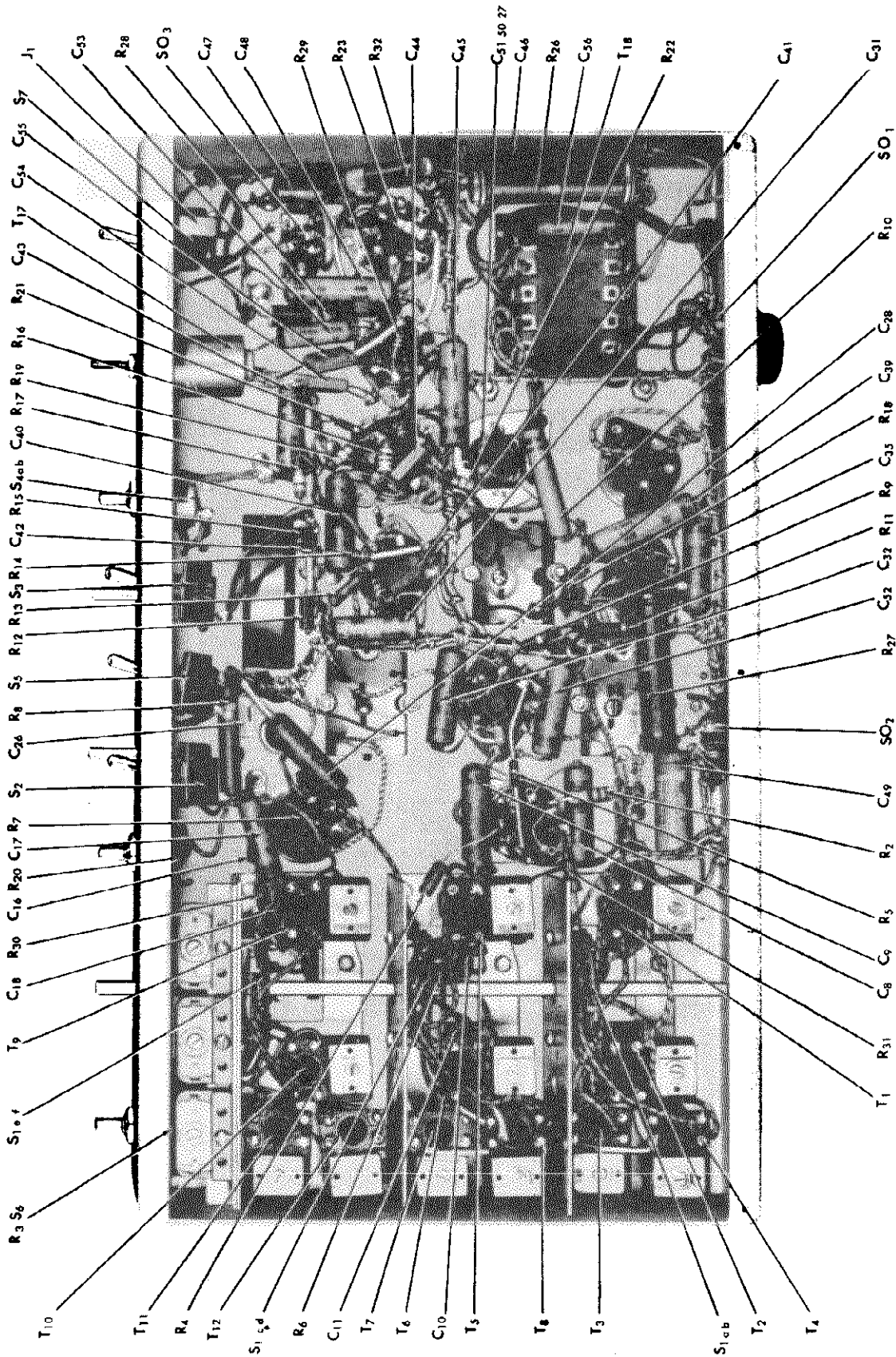


Figure 7-2. Radio Receiver Model S-40, bottom view.

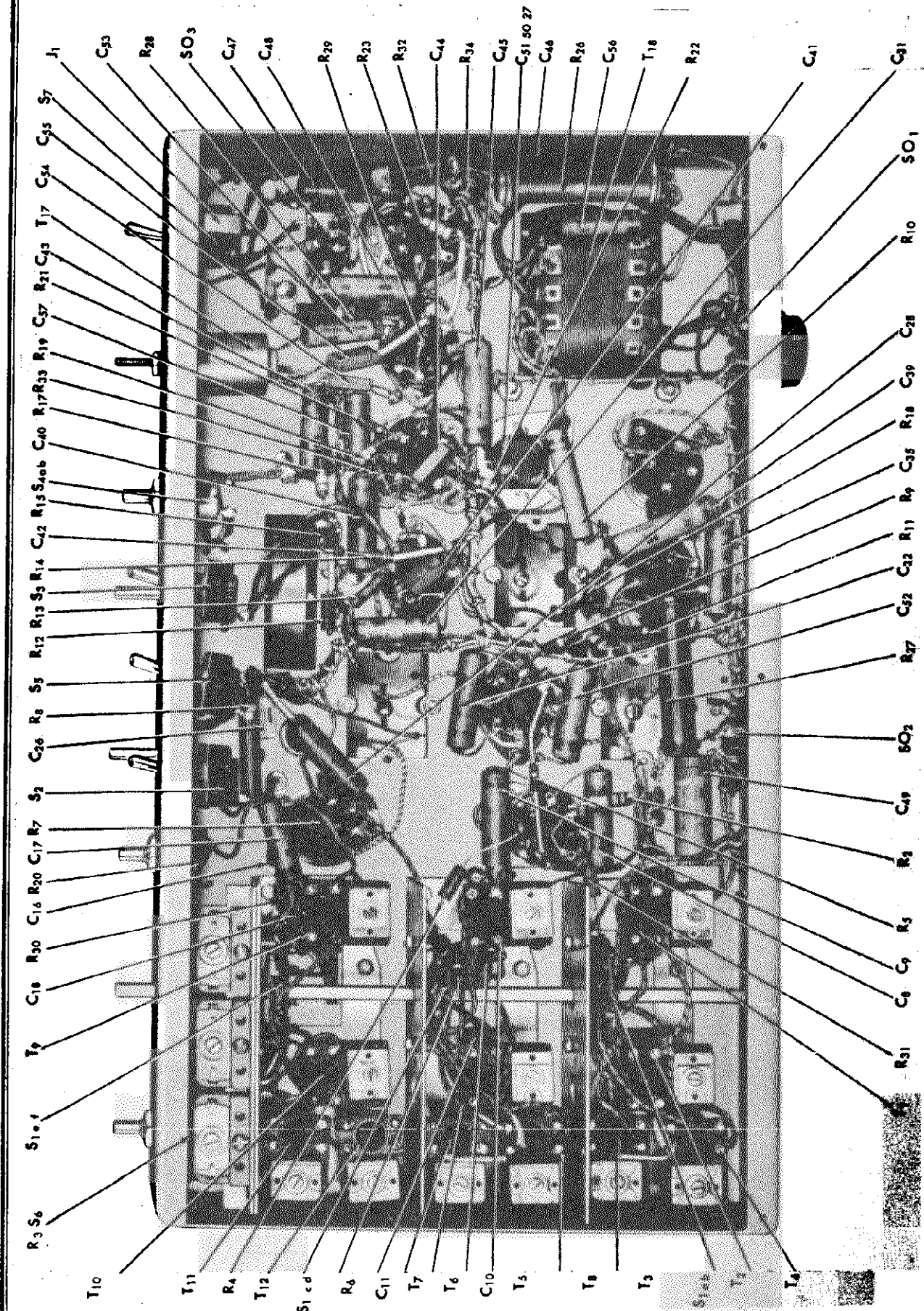


Fig. 3. Bottom view of the receiver showing components location.

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MODEL S-40

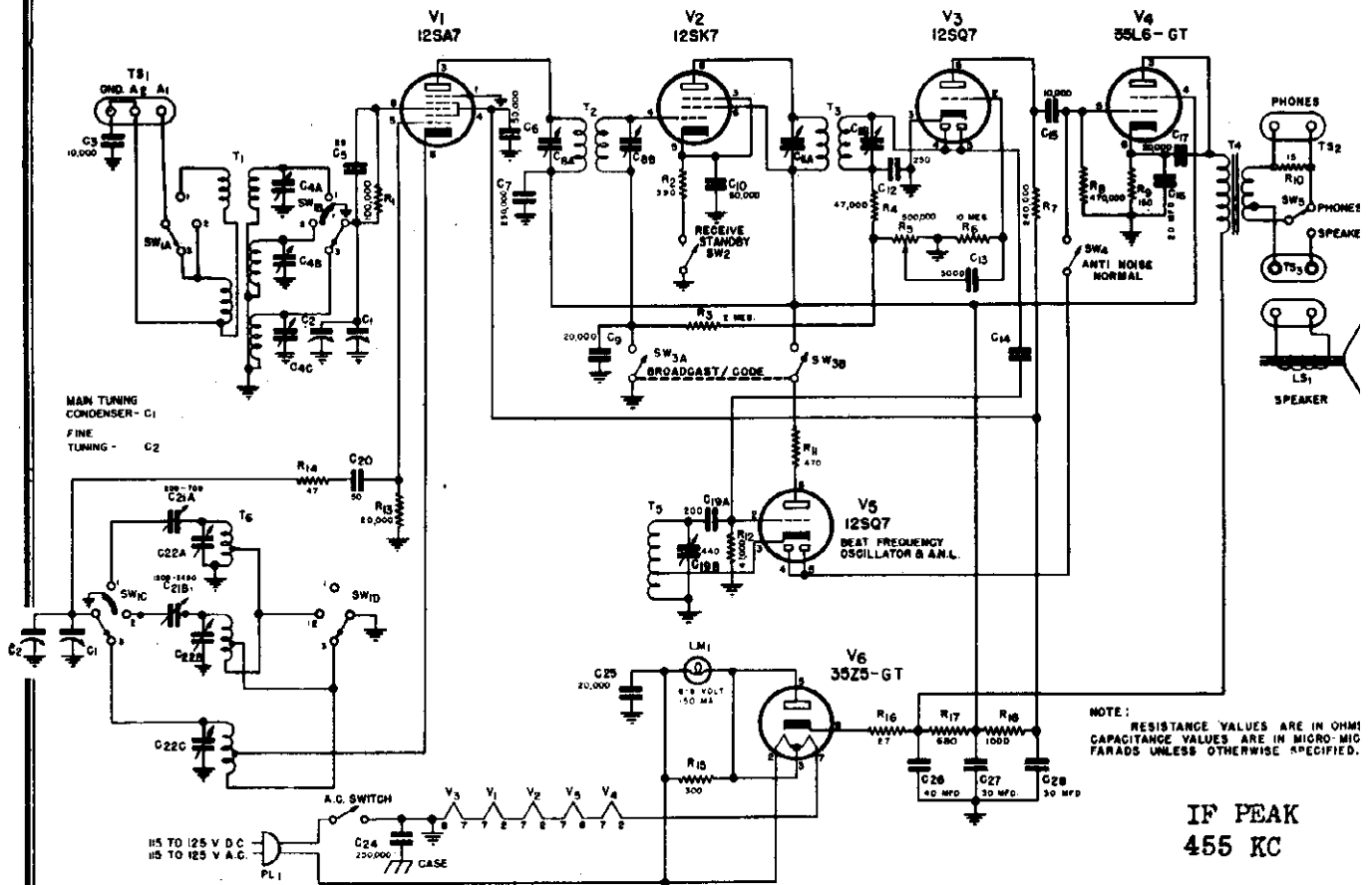
IF FREQUENCY	IF SELECTIVITY	IMAGE RATIO	SENSITIVITY	AUDIO OUTPUT
455 kc	6.8 kc wide at 6 db down 40.7 kc wide at 60 db down (for 500 milliwatt output)	6:1 at 30 mc 15:1 at 14 mc 37:1 at 5 mc 1000:1 at 1500 kc	15 microvolt for 500 milliwatt output at 550 kc 8 microvolt for 500 milliwatt output at 40 mc	1 watt with less than 10% distortion

CONTROL SETTINGS FOR PRELIMINARY TEST OPERATION (Broadcast Band)

REF. NO. (in Fig. 1)	NAME	FUNCTION	SETTING	REF. NO. (in Fig. 1)	NAME	FUNCTION	SETTING
1	SENSITIVITY	RF gain control	Maximum clockwise	7	NOISE LIMITER	Noise peak limiting	At "OFF"
2	BAND SELECTOR	Operating band selector	Counter clockwise to "1"	8	BAND SPREAD	Short wave band spreading	To "O" on small dial scale
3	VOLUME	Audio gain control	Half clockwise; adj. as necessary	9	TONE	Receiver on/off switch and tone control	Clockwise to "MED"
4	AVC	Automatic volume control	AT "ON"	10	PITCH CONTROL	CW beat note pitch selector	Any position (not in use)
5	TUNING	Main tuning control	To local station freq. on main dial scale	11	PHONES JACK	Headset connection	Not used
6	CW/AM	BFO on/off switch	At "AM"	12	STANDBY RECEIVE	Receiver temporary standby	At "RECEIVE"

REF. NO.	DESCRIPTION	HALLICRAFTERS PART NUMBER	COMPONENT LIST PRICE	REF. NO.	DESCRIPTION	HALLICRAFTERS PART NUMBER	LIST PRICE PER COMPONENT
CAPACITORS				SWITCHES			
C-1, 2, 12, 13 and 19	4 to 80 mmf trimmer for transformers T-1, T-2, T-5, T-6 and T-7	44A149	\$.10	S-1	BAND SELECTOR; 3 sections ganged; 4 position; each wafers is individually mounted in chassis, ganged by indexing shaft.		
C-3, 4, 14, 15, 20, 21 and 22	1.5 to 15 mmf trimmer for transformers T-3, T-4, T-7, T-8, T-10, T-11 and T-12	44A147	.10		2 bakelite wafers (S-1A through D)	62B038	\$.25
C-5	0.05 mfd; +40-10%; 300 vdcw; paper.	46A091	.20		1 bakelite wafers (S-1E and F)	62B044	.25
C-6 and 7	Tuning capacitor; 3 sections ganged.	48C138	3.75	S-2, 3, 5 and 7	Shaft and index assembly	74C172	.55
C-8, 32, 35 and 40	0.05 mfd; +40-10%; 200 vdcw; paper.	46AU503J	.10		A.V.C. ON-OFF; SPST; toggle; 3 amp @ 250 volt	80A138	.25
C-9, 26 and 52	0.05 mfd; +40-10%; 400 vdcw; paper.	46AW503J	.10	S-4	TONE and AC line switch; 2 sections ganged; 1 sect. (S-4A) Single Pois A Position; 2 sect. (S-4B) SPST, rotary action; sect. 2 rated 3 amp @ 125 volts or 1 amp @ 250 volts, AC; bushing mfg.	80A225	.45
C-10	750 mmf mmf deg. C; ceramic.	CC21UK240M	.15	S-5	"S" meter; SPST; refer to R-3; NOT AVAILABLE AS A SEPARATE REPLACEMENT PART.		
C-11	15 mmf; +20%; 500 vdcw; neg. temp. coeff.	CC21UK150M	.15	SOCKETS			
C-16	750 mmf mmf deg. C; ceramic.	CC20A201K	.15	SO-1	DC power source input socket; octal, female.	6A035	.10
C-17, 53 and 56	200 mmf; +20%; 500 vdcw; mica.	44B141	.50	SO-2	Amphenol type MIP-8	6A186	.10
C-18	0.01 mfd; +40-10%; 400 vdcw; paper.	44A024	.35	SO-3	Connection for external "S" meter; 5 contacts, female, Amphenol type MIP-5	6A246	.10
C-23	100 mmf; +20%; 500 vdcw; neg. temp. coeff.	44A142	.25		Speaker plug connection; 5 contacts, female, Cinch type 2549-B		
C-24	0.00075 mmf mmf deg. C; ceramic.	44A158	.15	TRANSFORMERS			
C-25	2045 mmf nominal; padder for transformer T-10	45A082	1.60	T-1	Antenna coil for Band 4; variable iron core	51B763	
C-26	1300 mmf nominal; padder for transformer T-11	44A095	.25	T-2	Antenna coil for Band 3; variable iron core	51B762	
C-27	480 mmf nominal; padder for transformer T-12	44A095	.25	T-3	Antenna coil for Band 2; air core	51B761	
C-28	3 mmf ± 0.2 mmf at 25 deg. C; temp. compensating for oscillator stage	44A095	.25	T-4	Mixer coil for Band 4; variable iron core	51B760	
C-27, C-50 and C-51	Electrolytic; 3 section unit; coded lug terminals; sect. 1 (C-50) 30 mfd, +40-10%; sect. 2 (C-27) and sect. 3 (C-51) each 10 mfd, +40-10%; all sections 450 vdcw.	44A095	.25	T-5	Mixer coil for Band 3; variable iron core	51B759	
C-29 and 30, 33 and 36	Dual trimmer unit for IF transformers T-13 and T-14	44A095	.25	T-6	Mixer coil for Band 2; air core	51B758	
C-31 and 43	0.07 mfd; +40-10%; 300 vdcw; paper.	44A095	.25	T-7	Bancor coil for Band 1; air core	51B757	
C-32 and 37	Dual trimmer unit for IF transformer T-15	44A095	.25	T-8	Oscillator coil for Band 4; variable iron core	51B791	
C-38	2 mmf gimmick; formed by twisting two insulated wire leads; NOT AVAILABLE AS A REPLACEMENT PART, SHOWN FOR REFERENCE ONLY.	44A095	.25	T-9	Oscillator coil for Band 3; variable iron core	51B790	
C-39, 45 and 48	0.02 mfd; +40-10%; 600 vdcw; paper.	46AY203J	\$.10	T-10	Oscillator coil for Band 2; variable iron core	51B789	
C-41 and 42	47 mmf; ± 20%; 800 vdcw; mica	CM20A478M	.10	T-11	Oscillator coil for Band 1; variable iron core	51B788	
C-44	270 mfd; ± 10%; 500 vdcw; mica	CM20A271K	.35	T-12	1st IF transformer; 455 kc; shielded	50C180	
C-46	Electrolytic; 30 mfd; +20-10%; 25 vdcw; axial stranded wire leads.	45A034	.35	T-13	2nd IF transformer; 455 kc; shielded	50C186	
C-47	0.002 mfd; +40-10%; 800 vdcw; paper.	46A104	.10	T-14	Audio output transformer; part of loudspeaker LS-1 assembly but is available as a separate replacement part.	50C192	
C-49	0.1 mfd; +40-10%; 400 vdcw; paper.	35AV104J	.10	T-15	BFO coil; 455 kc; shielded	54B028	
C-54	500 mmf; ± 5%; 500 vdcw; mica	CM25AC J	.10	T-16*	Power transformer; primary—117 volt AC, 50-50 cycle; high voltage secondary 342 volts each side of center tap (no load); filament secondary 5.5 volts @ 3.5 amp; rectifier filament secondary 5 volt @ 2 amp; solder lug terminals at base	62C026	3.38
C-55	100 mmf; ± 20%; 500 vdcw; mica	CM20A101M	.10		*This transformer is available on special order only, and is not standard equipment for this model.	62C027	0.36
C-57	1000 mfd; +40-10%; 800 vdcw; paper.	46AZ302J	.10	TERMINAL STRIPS			
J-1	PHONES JACK; closed circuit; short body; accepts standard headset plug	35A002	.30	TS-1	Antenna and ground connector strip; marked "A1", "A2" and "G3" on face; Cinch type 1738	66A032	.10
LM-1 and 2	6.3 vdc 250 ma; blue bead; G.E. type 44	39A003	.10	MISCELLANEOUS MECHANICAL COMPONENTS			
LS-1	5" P.M. speaker; 3.2 ohm voice coil			1	Octal tube socket	6A035	.10
PL-1	AC line cord and standard 2 prong plug	87A078	.35	1	4 prong tube socket; for rectifier	6A025	.10
PL-2	AC operating shorting plug; Amphenol octal, male, type CP-8; includes jumpers wired between pins 1 & 4 and 4 & 7	35A003	.10	1	Pilot lamp socket; main tuning dial; bayonet base	66A033	.10
PL-3	Speaker connecting plug; Cinch type 2749; part of speaker LS-1 assembly	16A187	.10	1	Rectifier lamp socket; bandspread dial light; bayonet base	86A034	.10
R-1 and 15	100,000 ohm; ± 20%; 1/2 watt; carbon	RC20AE104M	\$.10	1	Main tuning knob drive shaft	74A170	.10
R-2	120 ohm; ± 10%; 1/2 watt; carbon	RC20AE121K	.10	1	Bandspread knob drive shaft	74A171	.10
R-3 and S-6	SENSITIVITY control; 10,000 ohm; includes SPST toggle action switch (S-6) on rear	25A533	.50	1	Bandspread dial drive shaft	74A169	.10
R-4	22 ohm; ± 20%; 1/2 watt; carbon	RC20AE220M	.10	1	Bandspread dial drive pulley	25A012	.40
R-5, 18 and 32	1,000 ohm; ± 20%; 1/2 watt; carbon	RC20AE102M	.10	1	Bracket; main tuning and bandspread dial drive	67B003	.30
R-6	8,000 ohm; ± 10%; 1/2 watt; carbon	RC20AE82K	.10	1	Flywheel; bandspread tuning	71A168	.50
R-7	10,000 ohm; ± 10%; 1/2 watt; carbon	RC20AE103K	.10	1	Pulley; 2" O.D.; capacitor drive; main tuning	25A002	.10
R-8	10,000 ohm; ± 10%; 1/2 watt; carbon	RC41AE103K	.10	1	Pulley; 2" O.D.; capacitor drive; bandspread tuning	26A019	.10
R-9 and 11	1,000 ohm; ± 10%; 1/2 watt; carbon	RC20AE102K	.10	1	Calibrated scale; main tuning	83C249	.85
R-10	12,000 ohm; ± 10%; 1/2 watt; carbon	RC65CE123K	.10	1	Calibrated scale; bandspread tuning	83B254	.75
R-12	12,000 ohm; ± 10%; 1/2 watt; carbon	RC20AE225M	.10	1	Eacutheon; main tuning dial; includes window	73017	.75
R-13	2.2 megohm; ± 20%; 1/2 watt; carbon	RC20AE105M	.10	2	Window	70C04	1.85
R-14 and 29	47,000 ohm; ± 20%; 1/2 watt; carbon	RC20AE473M	.10	2	Tension springs; dial cabling	75A012	.10
R-17, 19 and 22	270,000 ohm; ± 10%; 1/2 watt; carbon	RC20AE473M	.10	4	Cabinet mounting feet; rubber	16A007	.10
R-20	AUDIO GAIN control; 500,000 ohm	25A534	.35	3	Knobs; main tuning and bandspread controls	15A047	.25
R-21	150 ohm; ± 20%; 1/2 watt; carbon	RC20AE151M	.10	1	Knob; SENSITIVITY, VOLUME and TONE controls	15A049	.10
R-23	470,000 ohm; ± 20%; 1/2 watt; carbon	RC20AE474M	.10	1	Knob; BANDSWITCH control; aluminum	15B053	.40
R-24	680 ohm; ± 10%; 1/2 watt; carbon	RC31AE681K	.10	1	Knob; PITCH CONTROL	15A058	.10
R-25	15,000 ohm; ± 20%; 1/2 watt; carbon	RC31AE153K	.10	1	Top cover for receiver cabinet	62A035	2.50
R-26	12,000 ohm; ± 10%; 1/2 watt; carbon	RC41AE123K	.10	1	Receiver cabinet	66E284	2.86
R-27	10,000 ohm; ± 20%; 1/2 watt; carbon	RC65CE103K	.10				
R-28	10,000 ohm; ± 20%; 1/2 watt; carbon	RC41AE103K	.10				
R-29	10 ohm; ± 20%; 1/2 watt; carbon	RC20AE100M	.10				
R-30	1,500 ohm; ± 10%; 10 watt; wire wound	24BQ142E	.30				
R-32	15 megohm; ± 20%; 1/2 watt; carbon	RC10AE156M	.10				
R-33	10,000 ohm; ± 20%; 1/2 watt; carbon	RC20AE103M	.10				

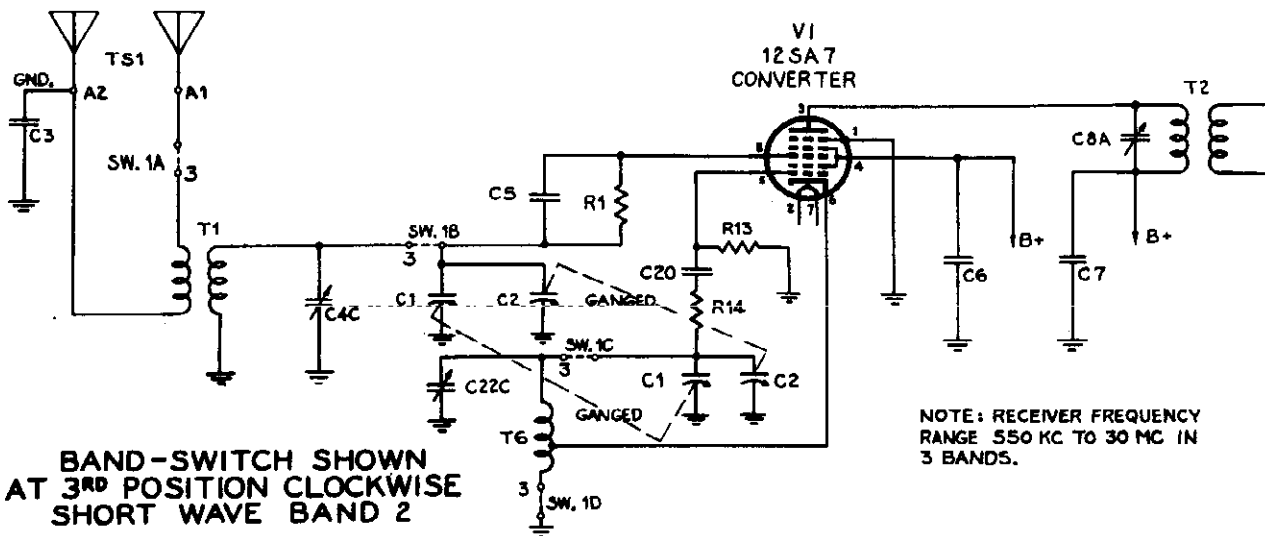
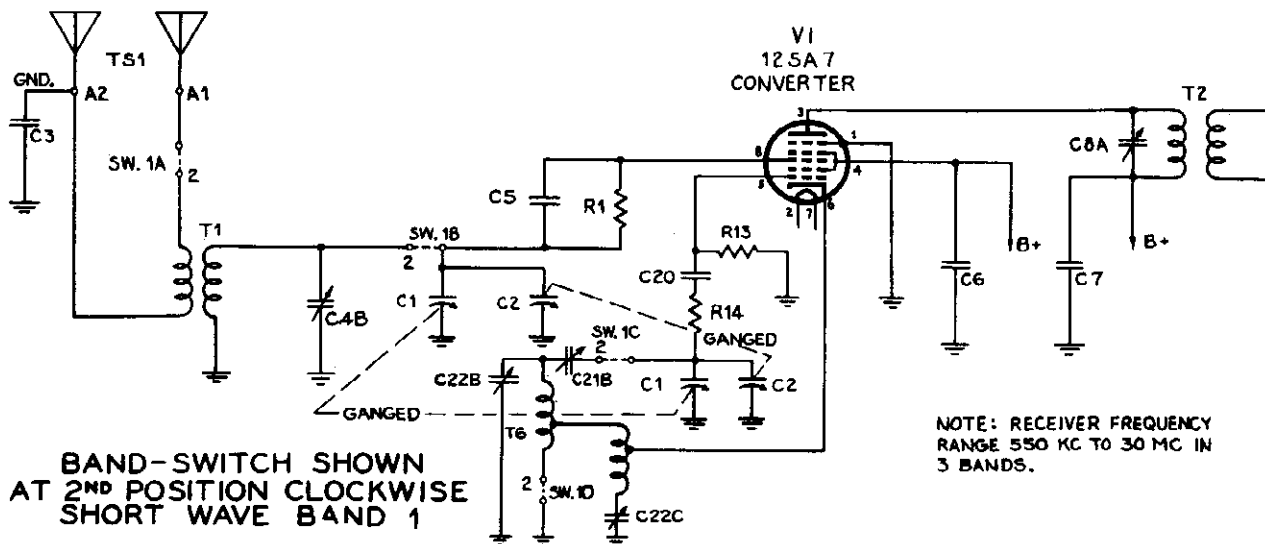
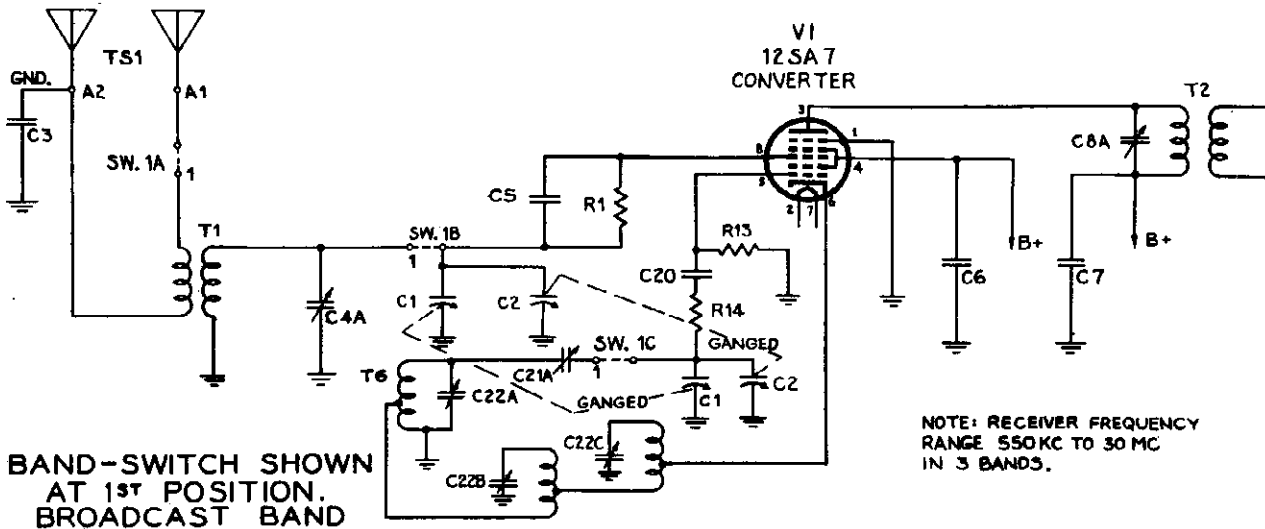
Note: All prices are subject to change without notice.

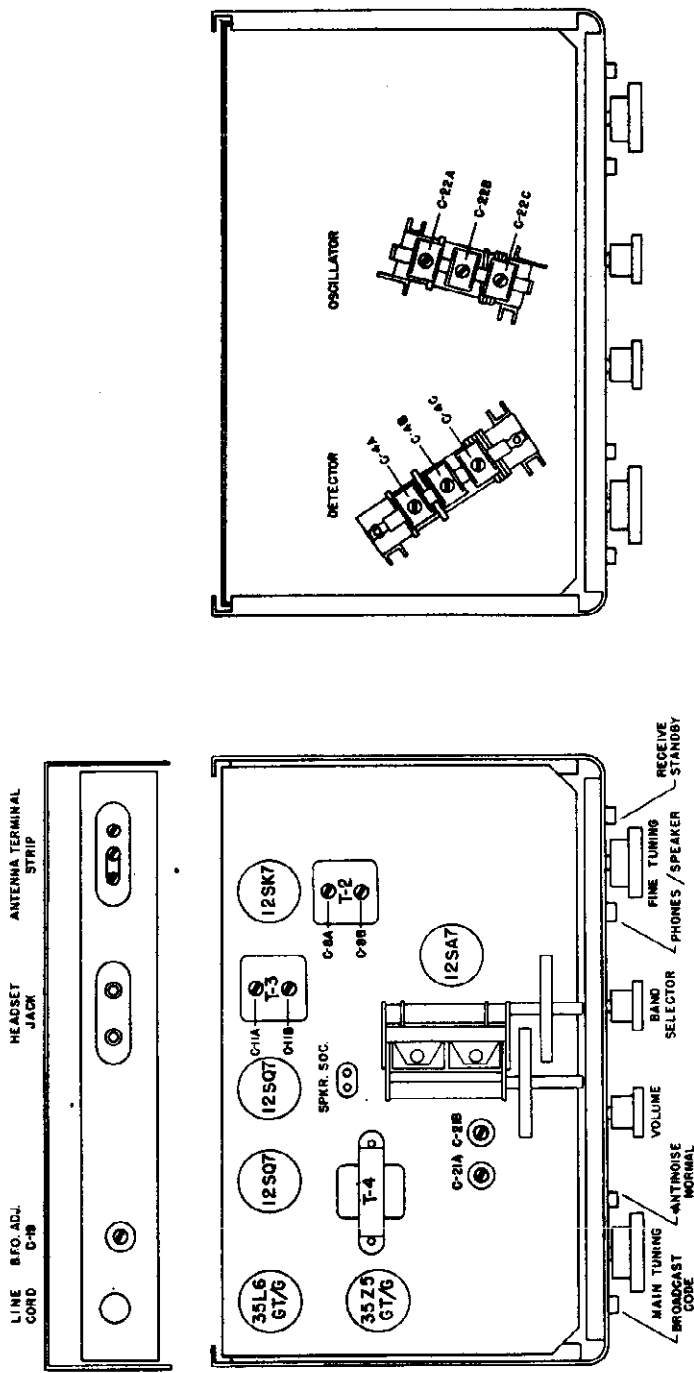


Foreign and Domestic Broadcast Reception. - To receive broadcast stations set the control as follows:

- VOLUME control** - Set at OFF when the receiver is not in use. Turn to the right until desired volume is obtained after tuning in the station.
- BAND SELECTOR switch** - Set at band number corresponding to the range covering desired frequency of reception.
- BROADCAST-CODE switch** - Set at Broadcast. This switch may be set at CODE to help tune in weak phone signals by tuning for zero beat and then switching back to BROADCAST.
- PHONES/SPEAKER switch** - Set at PHONES for headset reception; set at SPEAKER for loud speaker reception.
- RECEIVE-STANDBY switch** - Set at RECEIVE when listening, set at STANDBY during short standby periods.
- FINE TUNING control** - Set at zero when tuning in stations with the MAIN TUNING control. Tuning dial calibrations are true only when the FINE TUNING pointer is set at zero. Use the FINE TUNING control for amateur band reception or for vernier tuning in the short wave bands.
- MAIN TUNING control** - Set main tuning pointer at frequency of desired station. FINE TUNING pointer must be set at zero for true calibration.
- ANTI NOISE-NORMAL switch** - Set at NORMAL unless background noise is excessive.

Foreign and Domestic Code Reception. - To receive code stations set the BROADCAST-CODE switch at CODE. All other controls are to be handled as for foreign and domestic broadcast.



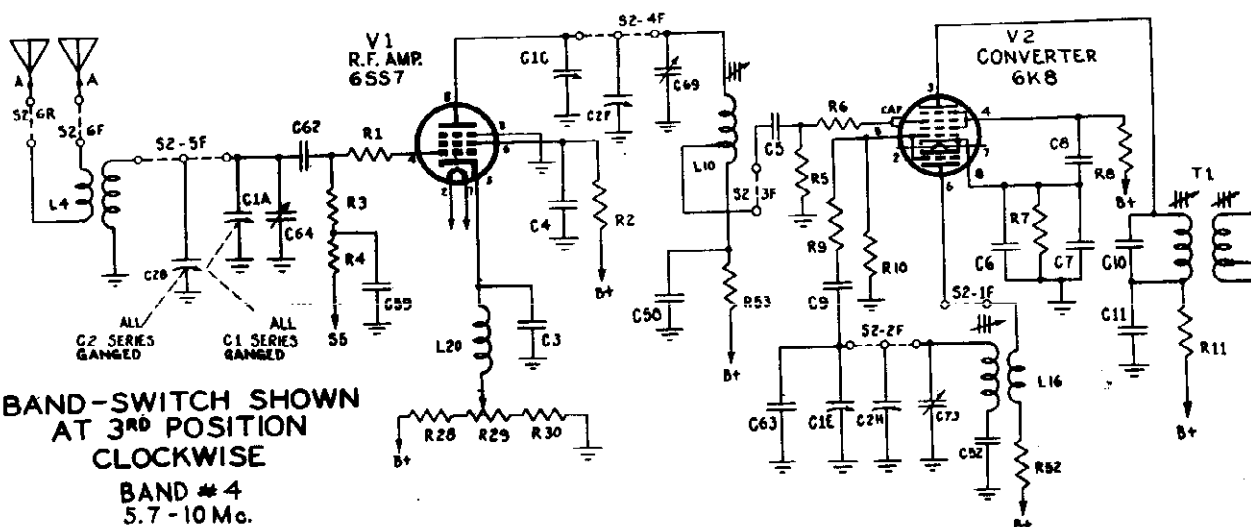
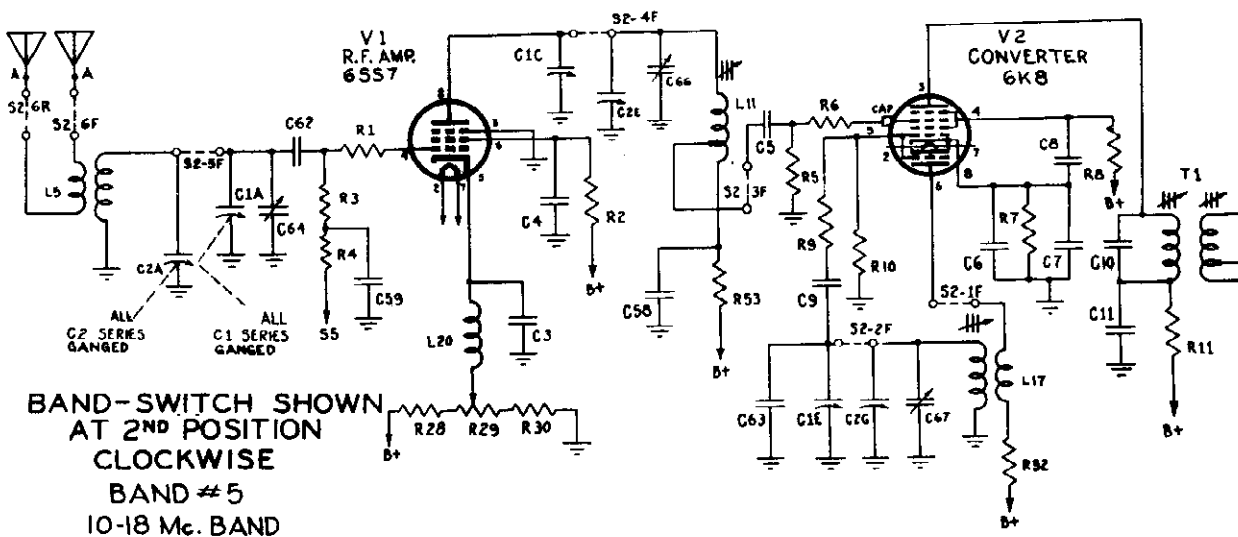
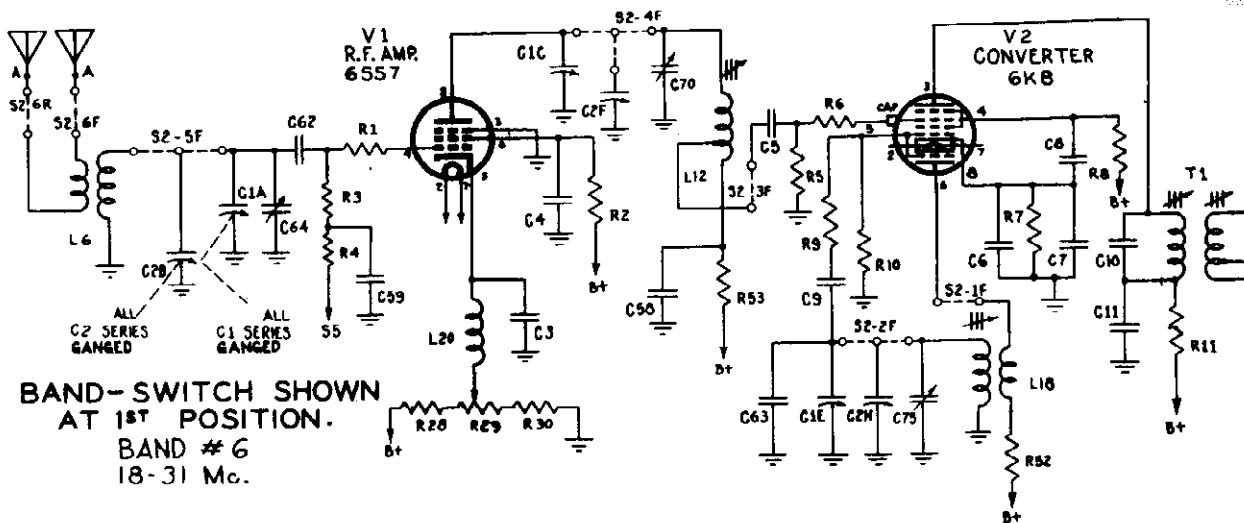


Listed below in table form, are the alignment frequencies and adjustments necessary to align the receiver. CAUTION - Do not connect signal generator ground directly to the chassis, connect it to the "G" terminal of the antenna terminal strip.

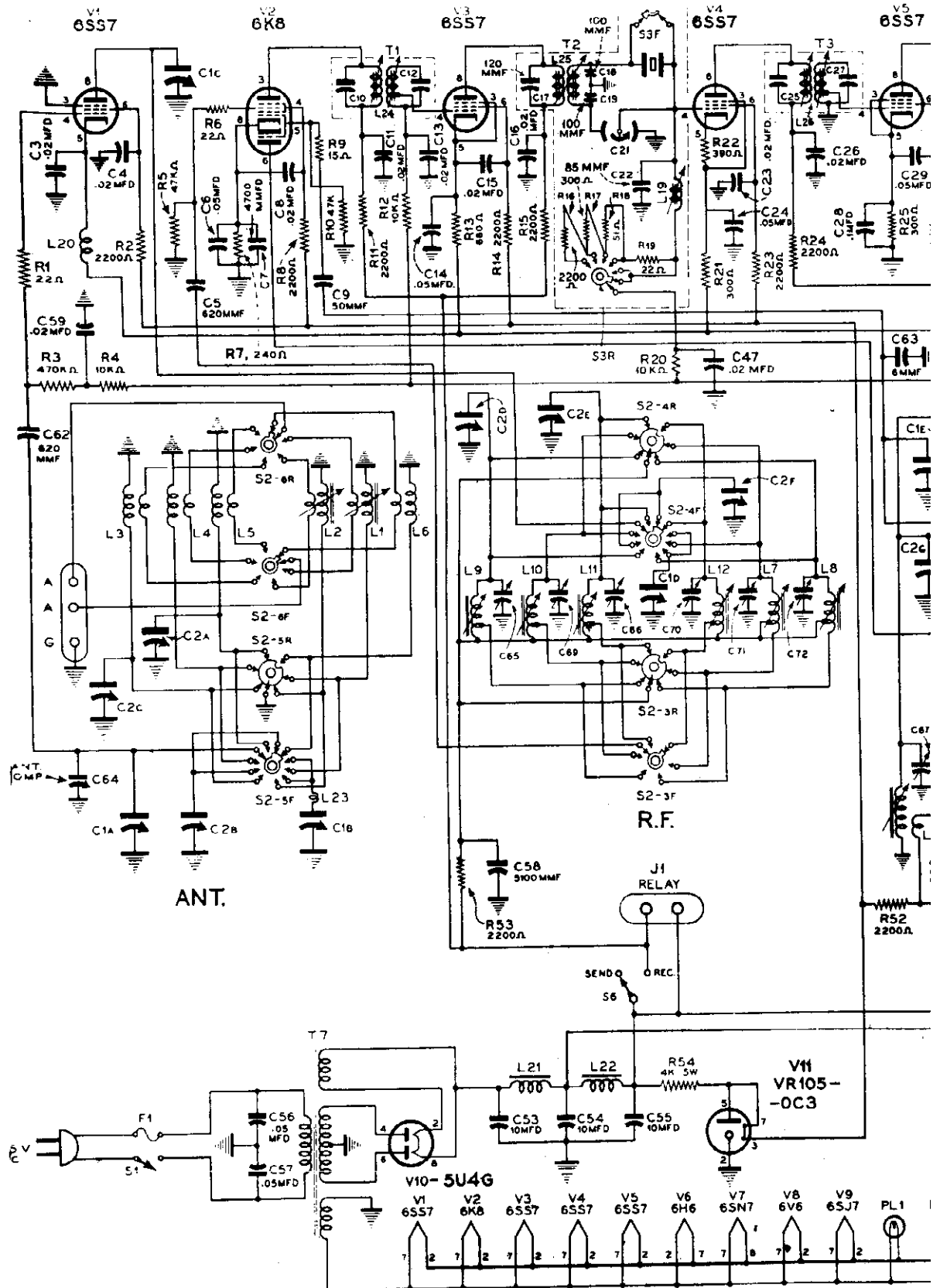
ALIGNMENT DATA

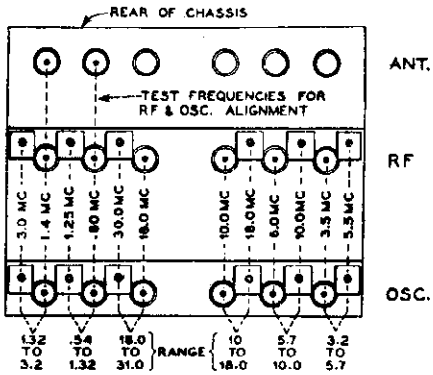
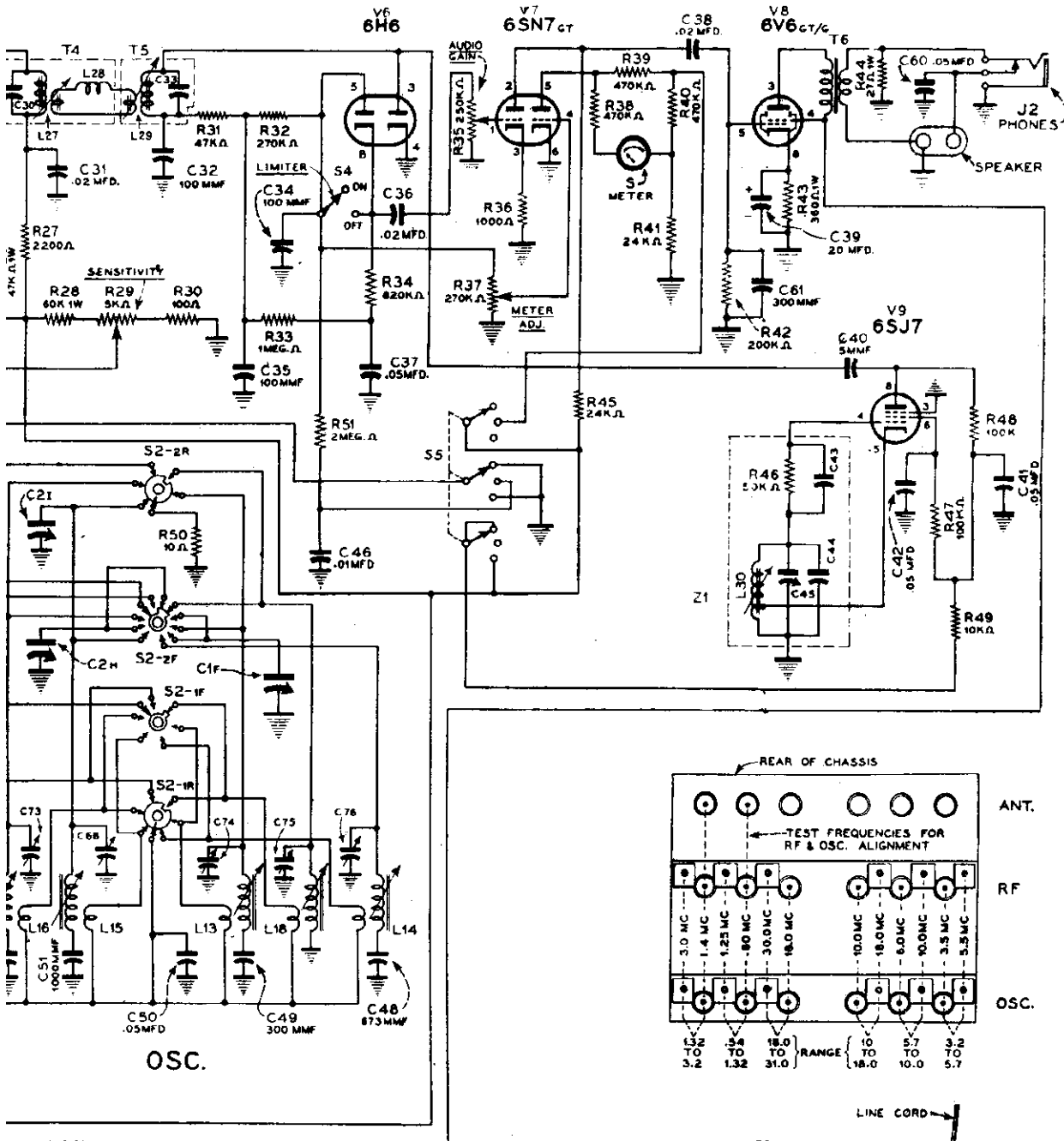
Band	Signal Generator Frequency	Dummy Antenna	Adjust Pads	Adjust Trimmers
I-F	455 kc.	None	None	C-8A, C-8B, C-11A, C-11B
BFO	455 kc.	None	Adjust capacitor C-19 for zero beat.	
1	600 kc. 1800 kc.	330 ohm 330 ohm	C-21A None	None C-22A
2	2.4 mc. 7.0 mc.	330 ohm 330 ohm	C-21B None	None C-22B
3	No low frequency adjustment on this band. 28 mc.	330 ohm	None	C-22C

HAMMARLUND MFG. CO. INC.



HAMMARLUND





NOTE:-
 "S2" RANGE SWITCH SHOWN IN 18 TO 31 MC POSITION. WAFERS NUMBERED FROM 1 TO 6 - No. 1 BEING CLOSEST TO KNOB.
 ALL OTHER WAFER SWITCHES SHOWN IN EXTREME COUNTERCLOCKWISE POSITION OF KNOBS ON PANEL EXCEPT LIMITER "S4"

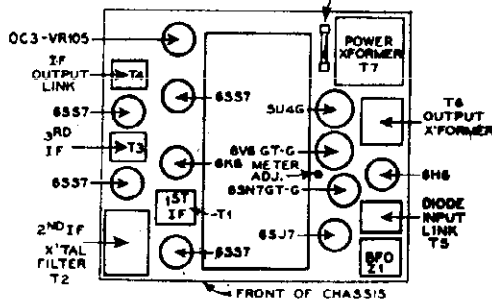
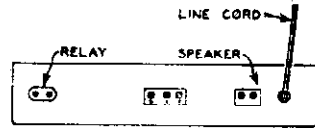
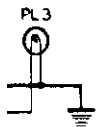


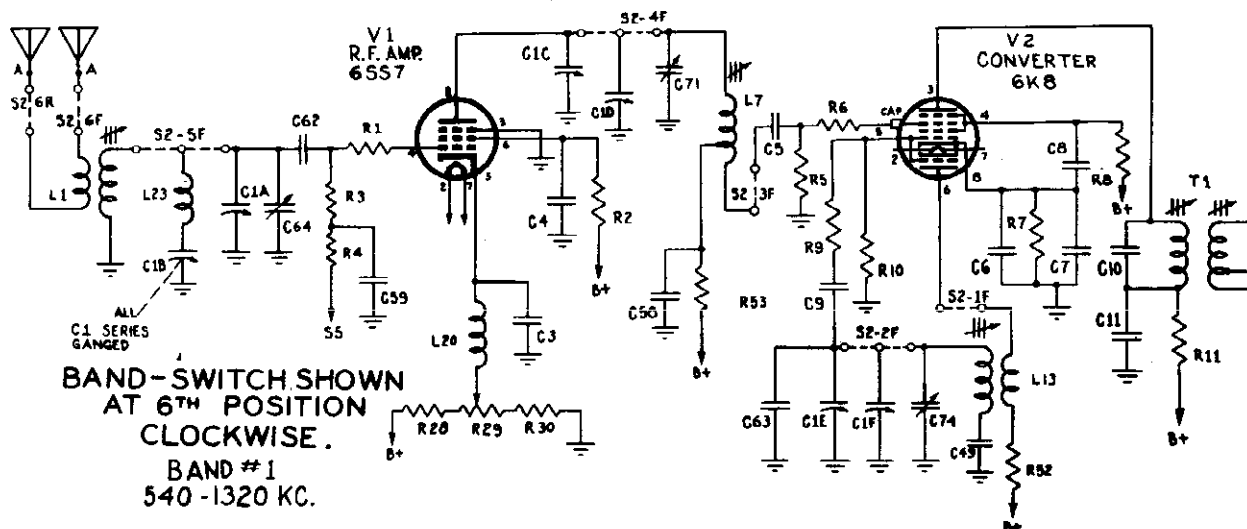
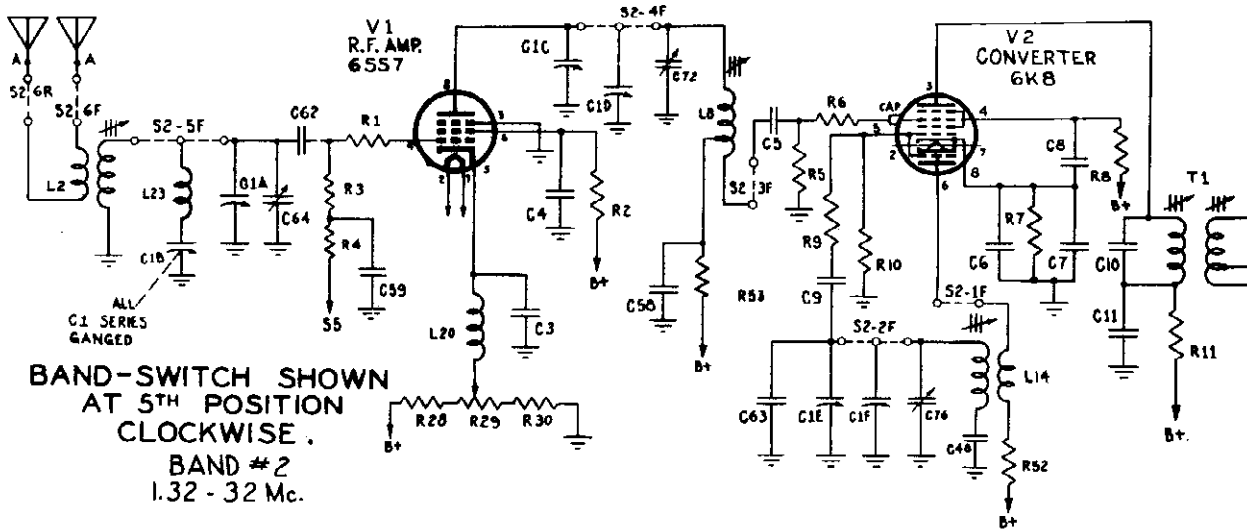
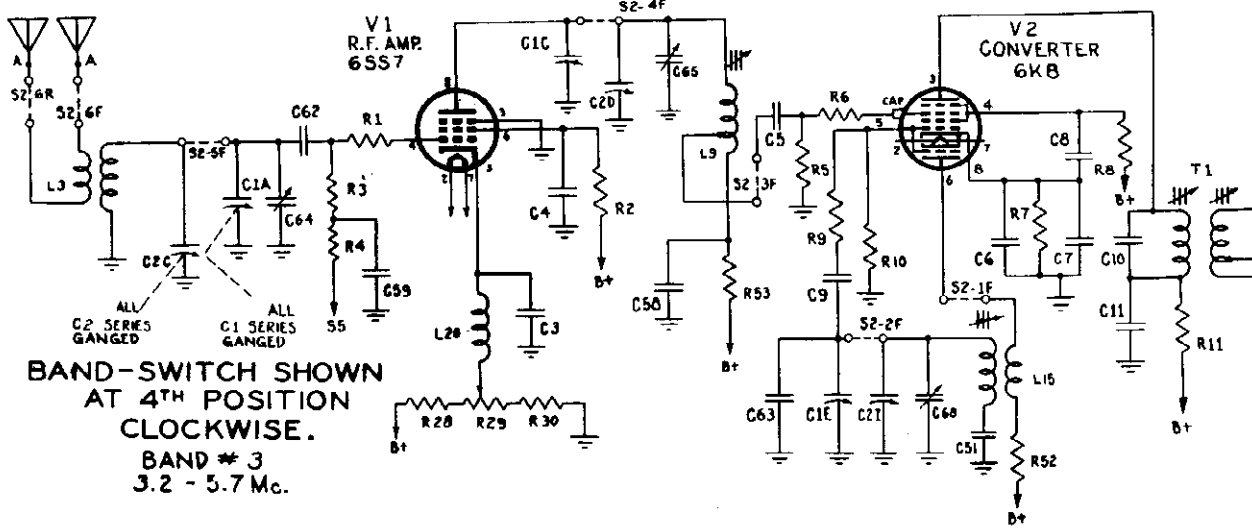
Fig. 8--Circuit diagram.



"clarified schematics"

MODEL HQ-129-X

HAMMARLUND MFG. CO. INC.



TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION

This receiver is sensitive enough to pick up extremely weak signals and has the selectivity to separate signals in the more crowded bands. It covers a continuous range of frequencies from 540 KC. to 31 MC., or from 555 meters to 9.7 meters, in six bands. Band spread tuning is supplied on the four higher frequency bands, with actual calibration in the 80, 40, 20 and 10 meter amateur bands.

DESIGN

PRE-SELECTION

The pre-selection or tuned R.F. stage for each band of this receiver is designed for high performance. Entirely individual tuning coils are used for each band. These along with the multi-section variable condenser permit the proper LC ratio for best performance to be used with each band. Both grid and plate circuits are tuned. A compensating condenser, adjustable from the front of the panel, provides perfectly aligned input circuits with any given antenna system.

These features of design provide high selectivity and high gain and afford maximum signal-to-noise ratio and maximum image signal rejection.

TUNING RANGES

Band	Frequency	Meters Wave Length
1	540—1320 KC	555—227
2	1.32—3.2 MC	227—93.7
3	3.2—5.7 MC	93.7—52.6
4	5.7—10 MC	52.6—30.0
5	10—18 MC	30—16.7
6	18—31 MC	16.7—9.7

TUBE LINE-UP

Symbol	Type	Function
V-1	6SS7 Triple-Grid Super Control Amplifier, Single Ended	R.F. Amplifier
V-2	6K8 Triode-Hexode Converter	Converter or 1st Detector and Oscillator
V-3	See Above	1st I.F. Amplifier
V-4	See Above	2nd I.F. Amplifier
V-5	See Above	3rd I.F. Amplifier
V-6	Twin Diode	Detector and Noise Limiter
V-7	6SN7GT/G Twin Triode Amplifier	1st Audio Amplifier and "S" Meter Tube
V-8	6V6GT/G Beam Power Amplifier	Audio Power Amplifier and output Tube
V-9	6SJ7 Triple Grid Tube	Beat Frequency Oscillator
V-10	5U4G Full Wave Rectifier	Rectifier
V11	0C3/VR105 Voltage Regulator	Voltage Regulator

BAND SPREAD

An exceptionally wide band spread of 310 degrees supplied by a special 9 section condenser, is provided on the 4 higher frequency ranges. The band spread dial has 5 scales. Four of these are directly calibrated for the 80 40 20 and 10 meter amateur bands. The fifth

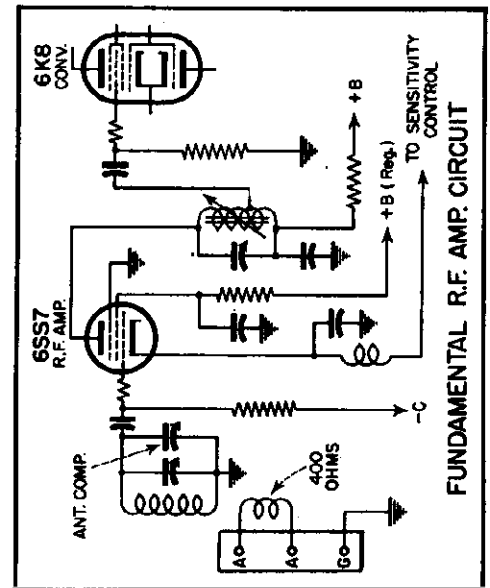


Fig. 2—Tuned R.F. amplifier and converter. Careful circuit design improves signal-to-noise ratio.

scale is an arbitrary 0-200 division scale, provided for making up calibration charts for other bands, such as the short wave international broadcast bands. It is also of use in logging stations.

The following table shows the approximate frequency range that can be covered by the band spread dial at different points on each of the 4 higher frequency bands.

Band	Low End	Middle	High End
3.2 MC— 5.7 MC	.4 MC	.7 MC	1.25 MC
5.7 MC— 10 MC	.2 MC	.5 MC	.9 MC
10 MC— 18 MC	.2 MC	.5 MC	.9 MC
18 MC— 31 MC	.6 MC	1.2 MC	2.2 MC

It should be noted that the Main Tuning dial has been calibrated with the Band Spread dial set at 200 which corresponds to minimum band spread capacity included in the circuit. To use band spread tuning, the Main Tuning dial should be set at the high frequency end of the desired band with the Band Spread dial set at 200. Lower frequencies such as those in the above table will then be obtained as the Band Spread dial setting is decreased.

CONVERTER STAGE

This converter stage uses the triode-hexode 6K8 tube which becomes more efficient as the frequency increases. The design of this converter stage is such that the over-all RF gain is relatively constant and uniform over the whole range of the receiver. This provides uniform operation and provides a true indication of signal strength, as shown on the "S" meter, over all the bands.

The stability of the oscillator is insured by a drift compensator, by low loss tube sockets, and by a ceramic oscillator switch section. It is further insured by its operation from a controlled voltage circuit which uses the OC3/VR-105 Voltage Regulator tube to keep the voltages constant regardless of line voltage fluctuation.

All these factors aid in maintaining the accuracy of the calibration of the receiver.

CRYSTAL FILTER AND PHASING CIRCUIT

The patented crystal filter included in the HQ-129-X Receiver is an outstanding Hammarlund development. Five degrees of selectivity,

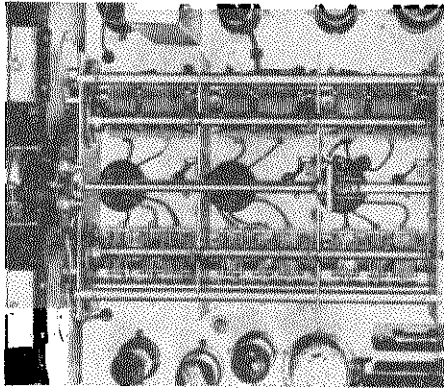


Fig. 3—Precision H.F. tuning assembly.

selected by a six-position panel control, are provided for reducing interference. Steps 1, 2, and 3, varying from broad to fairly sharp, may normally be used for phone reception, depending upon the degree of fidelity desired. Steps 4 and 5, giving sharper selectivity, may be used for CW code reception. The "OFF" position of the control cuts out the crystal filter when broadest selectivity or highest fidelity is desired. The curves of Fig. 5, indicate the degrees of broadness or sharpness that may be obtained.

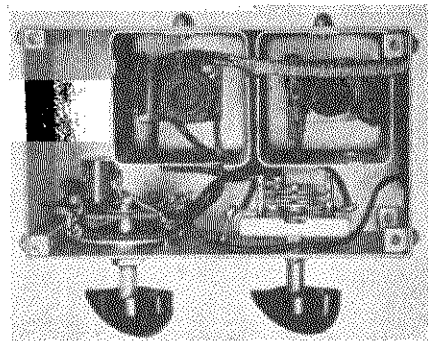


Fig. 4—Crystal Filter unit.

Along with the crystal filter, a phasing control is provided to eliminate interfering heterodynes, within limits. Fig. 5, is a schematic diagram of the filter and phasing circuit. The complete unit is shown in Fig. 4.

The over-all gain of the receiver is not noticeably affected by the changes in selectivity of the filter nor is the reading of the "S" Meter appreciably affected.

affect the intelligibility of the received signals, and it may be switched off when so desired.

“S” METER

The signal strength “S” meter which is operated from one section of the 6SN7 Tube shows the relative signal strength of the received signal. The dial is calibrated in units of 1 to 9. Each division represents a doubled signal strength over the previous division. For example, if division 6 corresponds to approximately 6.25 microvolts at the antenna terminals, division 7 represents approximately 12.5 microvolts, 8 represents 25 microvolts, and 9 represents 50. Each division therefore represents a 6 DB step. This relative sensitivity of the meter can be adjusted. In production it is arbitrarily adjusted to a reading

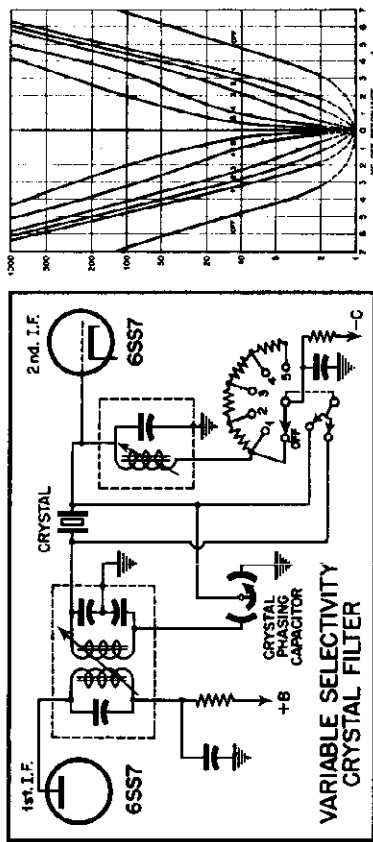


Fig. 5—Selectivity curve and crystal filter circuit.

I. F. AMPLIFIER

Three stages of I.F. amplification are provided. The gain per stage is purposely made low, in order to maintain stability. Iron core permeability-tuned transformers are used for improved performance and for ease of adjusting. Silvered mica condensers are used in each transformer circuit to improve its stability. The intermediate frequency is 455 KC—the R.M.A. standard frequency.

Over-all selectivity curves for this amplifier and the crystal filter are shown in Fig. 5.

A.V.C. SYSTEM

The automatic volume control system in the HQ-129-X gives remarkably smooth operation. The RF stage and the first two I.F. stages are automatically controlled. A switch is provided for shifting from AVC to manual control, when so desired.

SECOND DETECTOR

One section of a 6H6 tube is used for the second detector and for the A.V.C. system. This system is well designed and produces a minimum of distortion.

NOISE LIMITER

The other section of the 6H6 tube is employed as a noise limiter. It is designed to reduce automobile ignition interferences and other similar disturbances to a negligible amount. Its operation does not

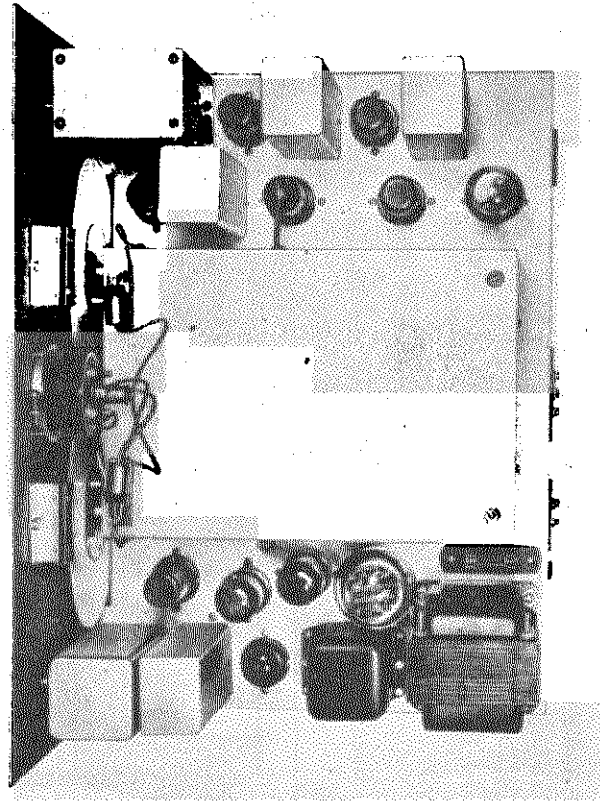


Fig. 6—Top view showing chassis layout.

of 9 for an input of approximately 50 microvolts. Should this not correspond with your previous experience with a strength 9 signal, readjust the slotted shaft, located near the 6V6 and the 6SN7 tubes, as shown on the chart in Fig. 8

BEAT FREQUENCY OSCILLATOR

The Beat Frequency Oscillator is designed for the reception of CW or unmodulated code signals. The control on the front panel provides a wide selection of beat frequencies for the best tone to cut through any interfering signals. The oscillator is of the electron coupled type, has excellent stability, and is designed to have no material affect on the operation of the I.F. Amplifier. A switch is provided for turning this oscillator on or off at will.

AUDIO AMPLIFIER

The first stage of the audio amplifier is a resistance coupled triode voltage amplifier using one section of the twin triode 6SN7 tube. The final stage uses a 6V6 Beam Power amplifier Tube and supplies an undistorted power output of approximately 3 watts. An output transformer with an output impedance of 6 ohms is used to connect directly to the voice coil of a suitable permanent magnet type dynamic

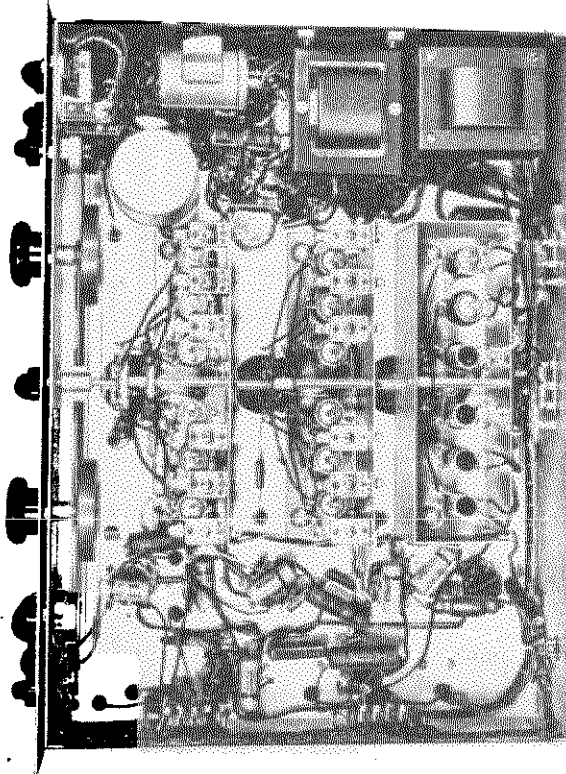


Fig. 7—Bottom view showing placement of parts.

speaker. A phone jack is connected across the same output and disconnects the speaker when headphones are plugged in. A manual gain control is provided.

POWER SUPPLY

All components of the power supply have a very large safety factor in order to insure satisfactory operation over a long period of time. A two-section filter is employed with a total inductance of 40 henries and a total capacitance of 30 microfarads. This heavy duty filter provides humless operation.

ANTENNA SUGGESTIONS

Because of the high sensitivity of the HQ-129-X receiver, the antenna is usually not critical. Often an indoor wire 20 to 50 feet long, strung along the base board or along the ceiling molding of a room will give surprisingly good reception. A long single wire outdoor antenna, such as shown in Fig. 9, will generally give entirely satisfactory reception. This wire may be 50 to 75 feet long. The more isolated this antenna is from neighboring objects the better the reception will be.

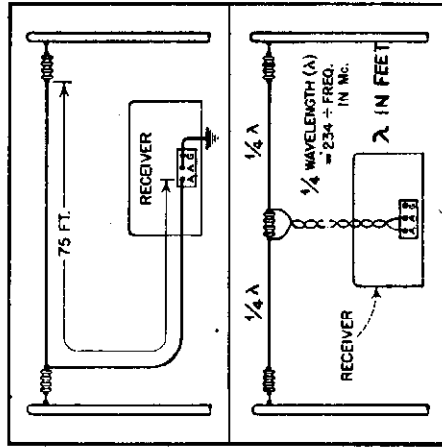


Fig. 9—Antenna suggestions.

REALIGNMENT PROCEDURE—I.F. AMPLIFIER

Tuning of the intermediate-frequency transformers is accomplished by the use of iron-core permeability-tuned coils together with fixed silvered-mica capacitors, resulting in a very high degree of stability. This, together with the mechanical arrangement provided, precludes the possibility of any appreciable drift or change of setting. Therefore, re-alignment should not be necessary, except when parts are re-

placed which would affect tuning of the I.F. circuits (like I.F. transformer or crystal).

Alignment of the I.F. channel should not be attempted unless suitable equipment is on hand. Proper alignment is accomplished by the visual method employing a cathode-ray oscilloscope used in conjunction with a frequency-modulated (swept) signal generator, having a fairly constant output. The oscilloscope should be externally synchronized by the signal generator.

The transformers must be tuned for symmetry and proper coincidence of the visible curves, as well as for amplitude. This requires a stage-by-stage alignment, starting with the Diode Input Link Transformer (T5) and continuing back through the First I.F. Transformer (T1). The procedure is as follows:

1) Set the Main Tuning capacitor to .54 M.C. and the band-switch to .54-1.32 M.C., the Send-Receive switch to Receive, the Limiter "off", the MAN-AVC-BFO switch to MAN position and the Crystal Selectivity switch to "off" position.

2) Now, with the generator set at 455 K.C. and applying the signal to the grid (pin #4) of the Third I.F. tube (V5), adjust the plate inductor (L27) of the I.F. Output Link (T4) and the Diode Input inductor (L29) of the Diode Input Link (T5), alternately, to obtain maximum amplitude, symmetry and pattern coincidence on the oscilloscope.

3) Apply the signal input lead to the grid (pin #4) of the 2nd I.F. tube (V4). Turn the two adjustment screws of the 3rd I.F. Transformer to obtain symmetrical, coinciding curve with as much amplitude as possible without disturbing the pattern.

4) Switch the signal input lead to the grid (pin #4) of the 1st I.F. tube (V3), and adjust the lower (plate) inductor (L25) of the Crystal Filter (T2) for maximum amplitude at center of curve.

5) Apply the signal input to the grid cap of 6K8 mixer tube (V2). Adjust screws of 1st I.F. Transformer (T1) as in (3). This should result in a tall selectivity curve with a slightly flattened peak.

6) Turn Crystal Selectivity switch to position #1, set Crystal Phasing pointer on arrow, and adjust the upper (grid) inductor

symmetry. Adjust signal input or receiver Sensitivity control to prevent overloading.

7) Switch Crystal Selectivity to position #2 and adjust Phasing control slightly from the arrow position, if necessary, to obtain identical images.

Adjust the signal generator frequency to obtain coincidence of the images, and if complete coincidence is not obtained, alternately make slight adjustments of the phasing control and the signal generator frequency, until images coincide.

These last steps have determined the exact frequency of the quartz crystal and the frequency setting of the signal generator should be left undisturbed.

8) Repeat carefully the complete I.F. alignment procedure (steps 1 through 7) for the crystal frequency.

R.F. AND H.F. OSCILLATOR

As in the case of the I.F. amplifier, the R.F. stage and the H.F. oscillator were accurately aligned at the factory with the aid of calibrated oscillators that are frequently compared with standard frequency crystals. These circuits are designed to insure permanence of adjustment and should not be disturbed unless it is positive that readjustment is necessary.

The front row of adjustments, shown on the chart (Fig. 8), control the H.F. Oscillator circuits and consequently the dial calibration. To check these adjustments the band spread dial must be at 200, since that is the setting at which the main dial was calibrated. An accurate test oscillator is necessary. Connect the test oscillator to the antenna terminals and set it and the MAIN TUNING dial at the frequency indicated on the chart. The inductance is adjusted at a low frequency and the trimmer at a high frequency in each band, each being adjusted for maximum response. Generally a small fraction of a turn will suffice. These adjustments mutually affect each other. Therefore, if much damage is made at one end of a band, the other end of the same band must be readjusted. This procedure must be repeated until further readjustment at either end is unnecessary.

PARTS LIST HQ-129X

SCHEMATIC DESIGNATION	DESCRIPTION	HML'D. PART NO.
C1, A-F	Capacitors	
C2, A-1	Main tuning, variable (Part of SA-610)	23912-1
C3, 4	Band-spread, variable (Part of SA-610)	23005-86B
C5	Paper tubular, .02 uf 500 W.V.D.C.	23912-2
C6	Mica, 620 uuf 500 W.V.D.C.	23015-5B
C7	Paper tubular, .05 uf 500 W.V.D.C.	23912-1
C8	Mica, 4700 uuf 500 W.V.D.C.	23002-11D
C9	Paper tubular, .02 uf 500 W.V.D.C.	23912-1
C10	Silver mica, 50 uuf 500 W.V.D.C. (Part of T1, I.F. Transformer #6335)	23912-1
C11	Paper tubular, .02 uf 500 W.V.D.C.	23912-1
C12	Silver mica (Part of T1, I.F. Transformer #6335)	23912-2
C13	Paper tubular, .02 uf 500 W.V.D.C.	23912-1
C14	Paper tubular, .05 uf 500 W.V.D.C.	23912-1
C15, 16	Paper tubular, .02 uf 500 W.V.D.C.	23003-96D
C17	Silver mica, 120 uuf 500 W.V.D.C.	23001-48B
C18, 19	Mica, 100 uuf 500 W.V.D.C.	SA-604
C21	Crystal phasing, variable	6180
C22	Silver mica, 85 uuf 500 W.V.D.C.	23912-1
C23	Paper tubular, .02 uf 500 W.V.D.C.	23912-2
C24	Paper tubular, .05 uf 500 W.V.D.C.	23912-2
C25	Silver mica (Part of T3, I.F. Transformer #6335)	23912-1
C26	Paper tubular, .02 uf 500 W.V.D.C.	23912-3
C27	Silver mica (Part of T3, I.F. Transformer #6335)	23912-2
C28	Paper tubular, 0.1 uf 500 W.V.D.C.	6195
C29	Paper tubular, .05 uf 500 W.V.D.C.	23912-1
C30	Silver mica, 95 uuf 500 W.V.D.C.	23001-48B
C31	Paper tubular, .02 uf 500 W.V.D.C.	6195
C32	Mica, 100 uuf 500 W.V.D.C.	23001-48B
C33	Silver mica, 95 uuf 500 W.V.D.C.	23912-1
C34, 35	Mica, 100 uuf 500 W.V.D.C.	23912-1
C36	Paper tubular, .02 uf 500 W.V.D.C.	23912-2
C37	Paper tubular, .05 uf 500 W.V.D.C.	23912-1
C38	Paper tubular, .02 uf 500 W.V.D.C.	23912-1
C39	Electrolytic, 20 uf 25 W.V.D.C. (Part of 23840-1)	23002-1D
C40	Silver mica, 5 uuf 500 W.V.D.C.	23912-2
C41, 42	Paper tubular, .05 uf 500 W.V.D.C.	SA-681
C43	Silver mica (Part of Z1, B.F.O. Assy. #26021-G1)	23912-4
C44	Silver mica (Part of Z1, B.F.O. Assy. #26021-G1)	23912-1
C45	B.F.O., variable (Part of Z1, B.F.O. Assy. #26021-G1)	6061
C46	Paper tubular, .01 uf 200 W.V.D.C.	23912-2
C47	Paper tubular, .02 uf 500 W.V.D.C.	23015-40B
C48	Silver mica, 673 uuf 500 W.V.D.C.	23015-20B
C49	Silver mica, 300 uuf 500 W.V.D.C.	23912-2
C50	Paper tubular, .05 uf 500 W.V.D.C.	23015-16B
C51	Mica, 1000 uuf 500 W.V.D.C.	23912-1
C52	Mica, 1500 uuf 500 W.V.D.C.	23912-2
C53, 54, 55	Electrolytic 10/10/10 uf 450 W.V.D.C. (Part of 23840-1)	
C56, 57	Paper tubular, .05 uf 500 W.V.D.C.	
C58	Mica, 5100 uuf 500 W.V.D.C.	
C59	Paper tubular, .02 uf 500 W.V.D.C.	
C60	Paper tubular, .05 uf 500 W.V.D.C.	

uits. To adjust these, set the oscillator to the frequency indicated on the chart and tune it in on the receiver. Employing an output meter, make the adjustments for peak meter readings. At 30 mc. there is a certain amount of interlocking between the detector and H.F. oscillator making it necessary to rock the tuning capacitor back and forth while adjusting the trimmer capacitor, in order to avoid a false setting.

The chart below, Fig. 10, gives the values of the voltages between the tube socket terminals and ground or B- negative side of the circuit. The meter scale that should be used for making the check is shown in parenthesis below the voltage. A meter having a resistance of 1000 ohms per volt should be used. Small variations in voltages do not indicate trouble. With the aid of this chart and the circuit diagram (Fig. 8) the ailing capacitor or resistor can be found.

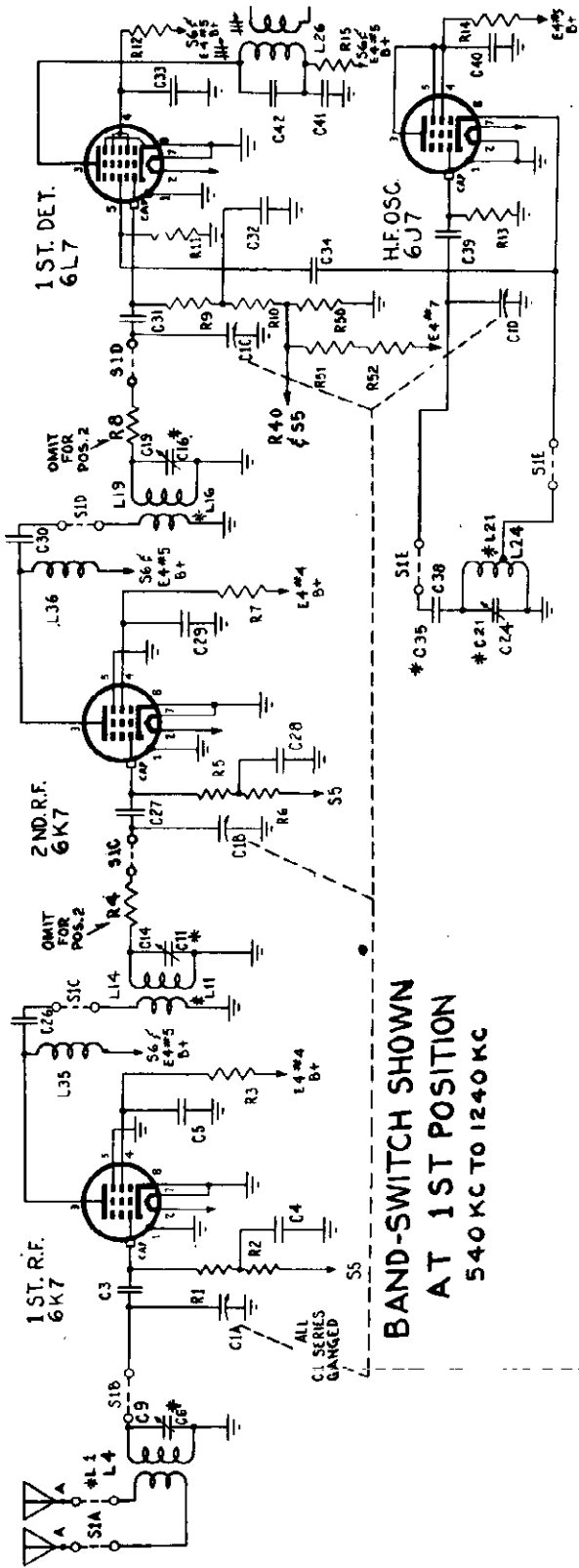
TUBE	LINE VOLTAGE 115V. A.C.								SENSITIVITY MAX. SWITCH ON MAN. NO SIGNAL		SWITCH ON AVC BFO	
	RF 6SS7	Conv. 6K8	1-IF 6SS7	2-IF 6SS7	3-IF 6SS7	Detector Limiter 6H6	Out-put 6V6	Rect. 5U4G	Reg. VR 105	Audio 6SN7-GT/G	1st. AVC	BFO
Pin 1 to ground.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	Tie Point 212 (300)	Tie Point 93 (150)	Tie Point 108 (150)	...	...	...
Pin 2 to ground.....	...	...	...	...	...	6.2 A.C.	300 (750)	...	...	118 (160)	...	...
Pin 3 to ground.....	...	210 (300)	6.3 (15)	4.3 (15)	3.5 (15)	-0.4 (15)	Tie Point 212 (300)	Tie Point 108 (150)	Tie Point 108 (150)	3.8 (15)	...	...
Pin 4 to ground.....	...	91 (150)	...	...	...	...	268 A.C. (300)	Tie Point 108 (150)	Tie Point 108 (150)	-0.3 (15)	-2.3 (15)	...
Pin 5 to ground.....	3.2 (15)	...	6.3 (15)	6.3 (15)	3.5 (15)	-0.2 (15)	...	108 (150)	108 (150)	5.8 (15)	...	...
Pin 6 to ground.....	102 (150)	98 (150)	105 (150)	105 (150)	97 (150)	Tie Point 210 (300)	Tie Point 280 A.C. (300)	2.8 (15)	2.8 (15)	...	38 (150)	...
Pin 7 to ground.....	6.2 A.C. (300)	6.2 A.C. (300)	6.2 A.C. (300)	6.2 A.C. (300)	6.2 A.C. (300)	...	Tie Point 212 (300)	Tie Point 108 (150)	Tie Point 108 (150)	6.2 A.C. (300)	6.2 A.C. (300)	...
Pin 8 to ground.....	196 (300)	3.2 (15)	206 (300)	204 (300)	193 (300)	-0.2 (15)	14 (30)	Tie Point 108 (150)	Tie Point 108 (150)	...	34.5 (150)	...

Fig. 10

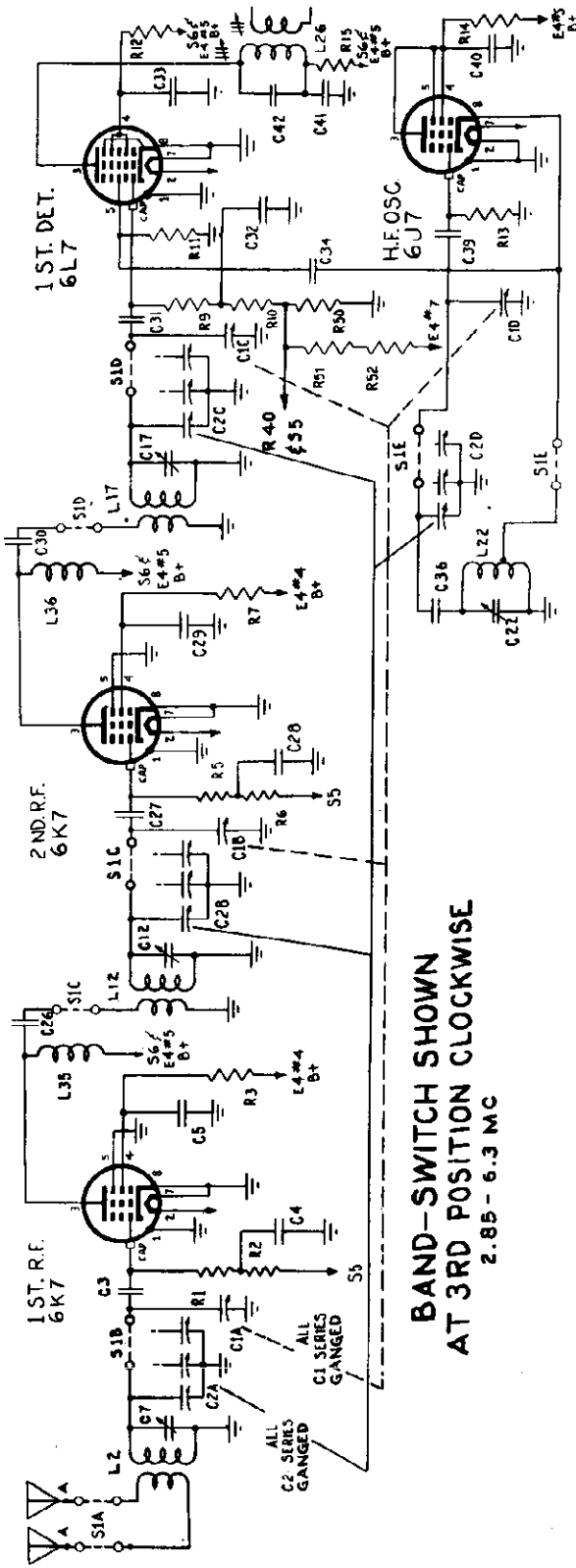
HAMMARLUND MFG. CO. INC

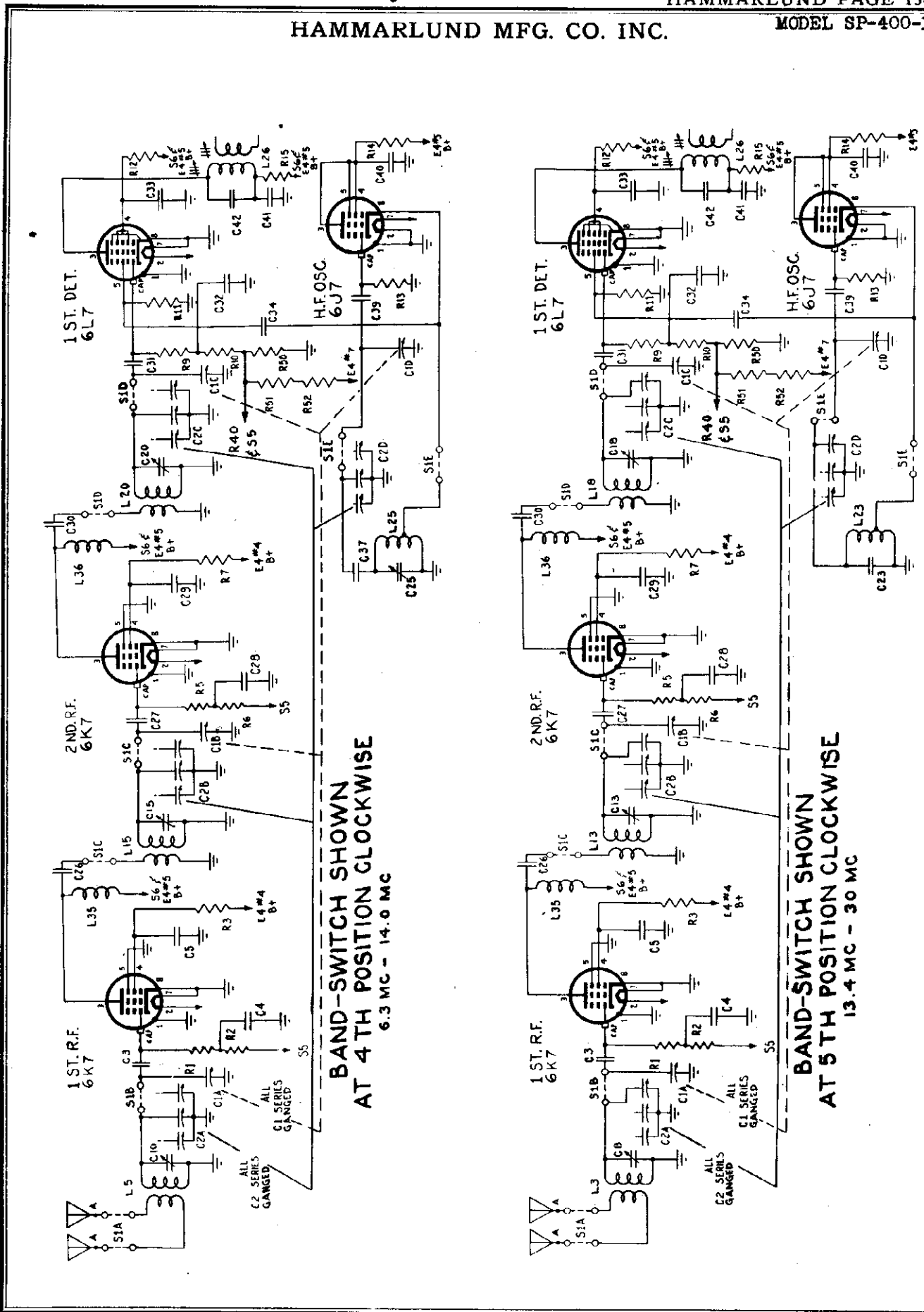
PARTS LIST HQ-129X—Cont.

SCHEMATIC DESIGNATION	DESCRIPTION	HML'D. PART NO.	SCHEMATIC DESIGNATION	DESCRIPTION	HML'D. PART NO.
CAPACITORS—Continued					
C61	Mica 300 uuf 500 W.V.D.C.	23001-75B	R14,15,16	2200 ohms, 1/2 W.	19301-40
C62	Mica 620 uuf 500 W.V.D.C.	23005-86B	R17	300 ohms, 1/2 W.	19301-196
C63	Ceramic N750K 60uf 500 W.V.D.C. (Part of SA-610)	23023-34	R18	51 ohms, 1/2 W.	19301-187
C64	Antenna Comp., variable	SA-617	R19	22 ohms, 1/2 W.	19302-9
C65-68	Trimmer, mica, 15 . 9 uuf	6189-G2	R20	10,000 ohms, 1/2 W.	19301-56
C-69-76	Trimmer, mica, 3-35 uuf	6055-G1	R21	300 ohms, 1/2 W.	19301-196
F1	Fuse, 2 amp. type 3AG	1592B-7	R22	390 ohms, 1/2 W.	19301-22
J1	Relay jack	6142	R23, 24	2200 ohms, 1/2 W.	19301-40
J2	Phone jack	6087	R25	300 ohms, 1/2 W.	19301-196
INDUCTORS					
L1	Antenna coil assembly .54-1.32 mc range	26051-G1	R26	47,000 ohms, 1 W.	19301-40
L2	Antenna coil assembly 1.32-3.2 mc range	26051-G2	R27	2200 ohms, 1/2 W.	19310-231
L3	Antenna coil	6013	R28	60,000 ohms, 1 W.	15305-4
L4	Antenna coil	6016	R29	Potentiometer, 5,000 ohms	19301-8
L5	Antenna coil	6019	R30	100 ohms, 1/2 W.	19301-72
L6	Antenna coil	6022	R31	47,000 ohms, 1/2 W.	19301-90
L7	R.F. coil assembly .54-1.32 mc range	26047-G2	R32	270,000 ohms, 1/2 W.	19301-104
L8	R.F. coil assembly 1.32-3.2 mc range	26047-G1	R33	1 Meg ohms, 1/2 W.	19301-102
L9	R.F. coil assembly 3.2-5.7 mc range	26047-G6	R34	Potentiometer, 250,000 ohms (Switch Attached)	19301-32
L10	R.F. coil assembly 5.7-10 mc range	26047-G5	R35	1,000 ohms, 1/2 W.	15357-1
L11	R.F. coil assembly 10-18 mc range	26047-G4	R36	Potentiometer, 270,000 ohms	19301-96
L12	R.F. coil assembly 18-31 mc range	26047-G3	R37	470,000 ohms, 1/2 W.	19301-213
L13	H.F. osc. coil assembly .54-1.32 mc range	26030-G1	R38,39,40	24,000 ohms, 1/2 W.	19301-220
L14	H.F. osc. coil assembly 1.32-3.2 mc range	26030-G2	R41	200,000 ohms, 1/2 W.	19305-38
L15	H.F. osc. coil assembly 3.2-5.7 mc range	26030-G6	R42	360 ohms, 1 W.	19305-11
L16	H.F. osc. coil assembly 5.7-10 mc range	26030-G5	R43	27 ohms, 1 W.	19301-80
L17	H.F. osc. coil assembly 10-18 mc range	26030-G4	R44	24,000 ohms, 1 W.	19301-56
L18	H.F. osc. coil assembly 18-31 mc range	26030-G3	R45	50,000 ohms	19302-1
L19	Crystal filter grid coil (Part of Assy. #SA788)	26030-G3	R46	10,000 ohms, 1/2 W.	19301-169
L20	R.F. choke (CHX)	6181	R47, 48	10 ohms, 1/2 W.	19301-40
L21	Filter choke	6083	R49	2,200 ohms, 1/2 W.	19380-47
L22	Filter choke	6084	R50	2 meg. ohms, 1/2 W.	
L23	R.F. choke	26054-1	R51	2200 ohms, 1/2 W.	
L24	1st I.F. coil		R52, 53	4,000 ohms, 5 W., wire wound	
L25	Crystal filter plate coil		R54		
L26	3rd I.F. coil				
L27	I.F. output coil				
L28	Series coupling coil				
L29	Diode input coil				
L30	B.F.O. coil				
M1	500 meter	4903			
PL1, 2, 3	Pilot lamp =47 6.3 V., .15 amp.	16004			
RESISTORS					
R1	22 ohms, 1/2 W.	19302-9	S1	H.F. Osc. Plate	6331
R2	2200 ohms, 1/2 W.	19301-40	S2,1 F.R.	H.F. Osc. Grid	6332
R3	470,000 ohms, 1/2 W.	19301-96	S2,2 F.R.	Det. Grid Tap	6064
R4	10,000 ohms, 1/2 W.	19301-56	S2,3 F.R.	R.F. Plate	6063
R5	47,000 ohms, 1/2 W.	19301-72	S2,4 F.R.	R.F. Grid	6062
R6	22 ohms, 1/2 W.	19302-9	S2,5 F.R.	Antenna	26035-G1
R7	240 ohms, 1/2 W.	19302-34	S3 F.R.	Crystal filter Assy.	6333
R8	2200 ohms, 1/2 W.	19301-40	S4	Limiter	6097
R9	15 ohms, 1/2 W.	19301-40	S5	MAN-AVC-BFO	6333
R10	47,000 ohms, 1/2 W.	19301-72	S6	Send-Rec.	
R11	2200 ohms, 1/2 W.	16004			
TRANSFORMERS					
T1	1st I.F.		T1	Crystal filter Assy. (2nd I.F.)	6335
T2	Crystal filter Assy. (Link)		T2	3rd I.F.	SA785
T3	I.F. output coil Assy. (Link)		T3	Diode input coil Assy. (Link)	SA797
T4	I.F. output coil Assy. (Link)		T4	Audio output transformer	SA799
T5	Diode input coil Assy. (Link)		T5	Power transformer	6086
T6	Audio output transformer		T6	Quartz crystal	26012
T7	Power transformer		T7		6338
T8	Quartz crystal				



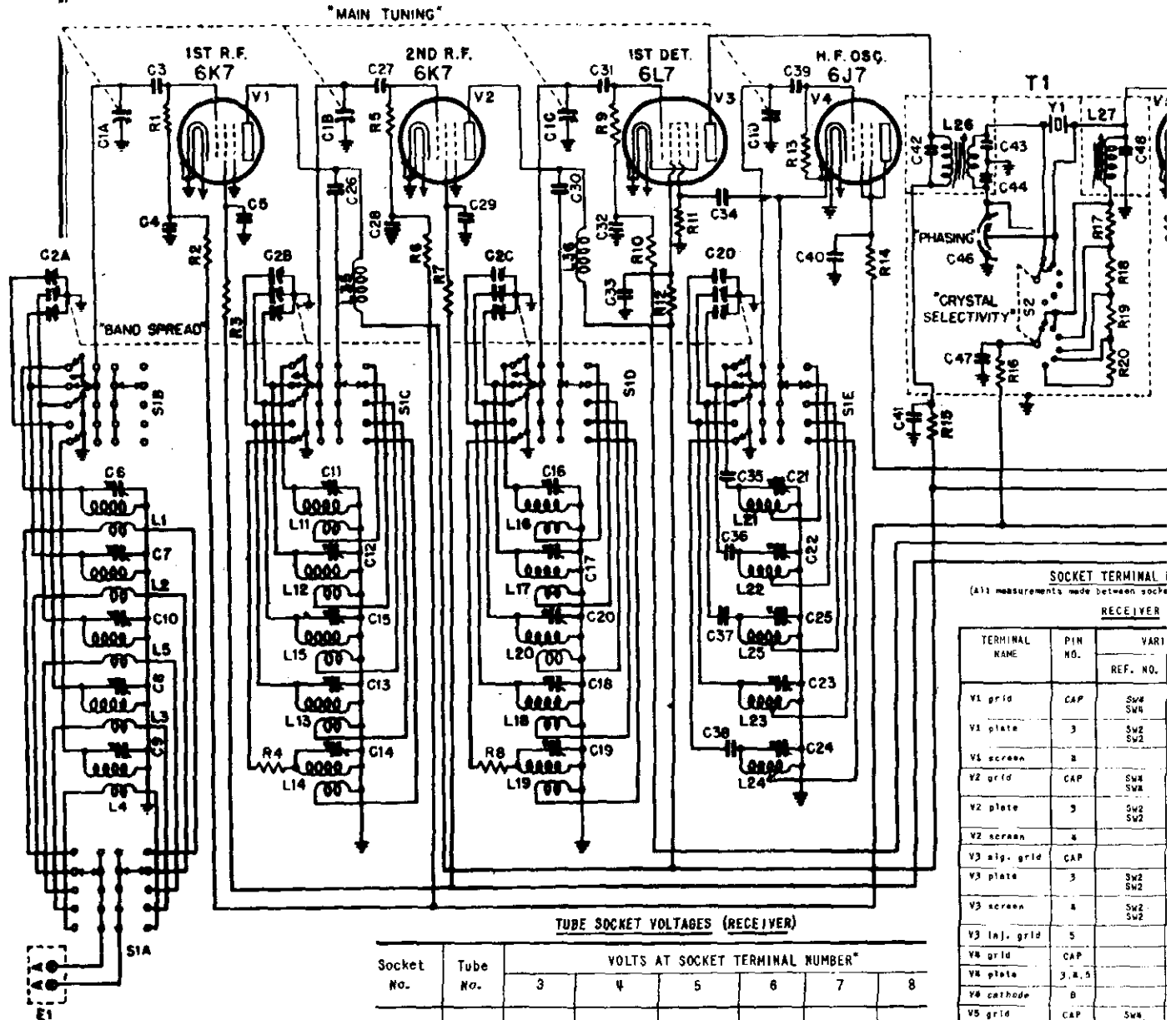
* STARS SHOW CHANGES IN PARTS DESIGNATIONS FOR 2nd POSITION - OTHERWISE SCHEMATIC REMAINS THE SAME AS 1st POSITION, EXCEPT THAT R6 AND R8 ARE OMITTED.





BAND-SWITCH SHOWN AT 4TH POSITION CLOCKWISE
6.3 MC - 14.0 MC

BAND-SWITCH SHOWN AT 5TH POSITION CLOCKWISE
13.4 MC - 30 MC



TUBE SOCKET VOLTAGES (RECEIVER)

Socket No.	Tube No.	VOLTS AT SOCKET TERMINAL NUMBER*					
		3	4	5	6	7	8
X1	V1	+250	+135		+135	6.3AC	0
X2	V2	+250	+135		+135	6.3AC	0
X3	V3	+250	+115			6.3AC	0
X4	V4	+150**	+150**	+150**		6.3AC	
X5	V5	+250	+135	0		6.3AC	0
X6	V6	0	-43	0	+135	6.3AC	+250
X7	V7	0	-1.5	0	+100	6.3AC	+240
X8	V8	-0.2	+0.4	-0.2		6.3AC	+0.4
X9	V9	+0.4	0	0	+0.4	4.0AC	-0.2
X10	V10	0	0	0	+80	6.3AC	+155
X11	V11	0	-1.5	0	+110	6.3AC	+240
X12	V12	-3.2	0	-3.2		6.3AC	0
X13	V13	+110			-3.2	6.3AC	0
X14	V14	+240	+240		-20	6.3AC	0
X15	V15	+380	+380	0		6.3AC	+38
X16	V16	+380	+380	0		6.3AC	+38

*Terminals 1 and 2 of all sockets are at zero potential with respect to chassis.

**Varies widely with different tubes; also with dial setting.

SENSITIVITY and AUDIO GAIN should be set at a 0
 SIGNAL-MOD-CW switch should be on CW.
 AVC-MANUAL switch should be on MANUAL.
 SEND-REC switch should be on REC.
 LIMITER switch should be ON.

SOCKET TERMINAL

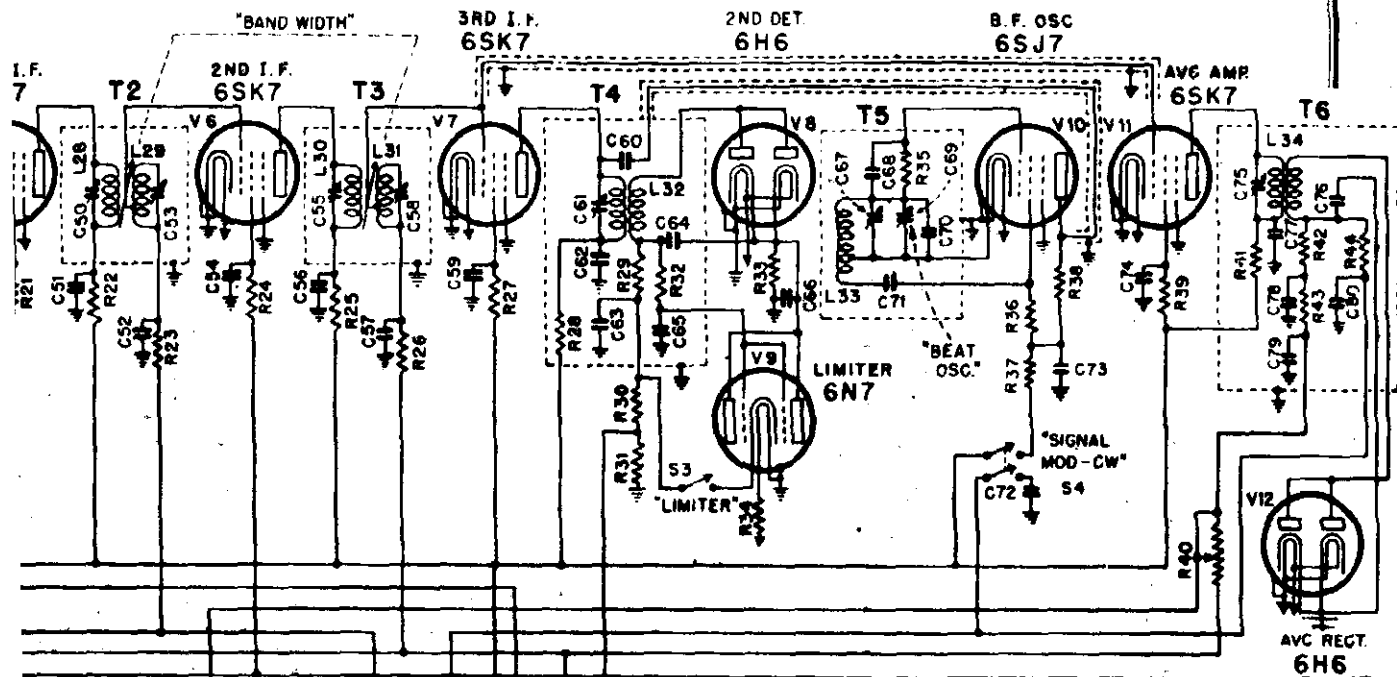
(All measurements made between sockets)

RECEIVER		
TERMINAL NAME	PIN NO.	VARI REF. NO.
V1 grid	CAP	Sw4 Sw6
V1 plate	3	Sw2 Sw2
V1 screen	4	
V2 grid	CAP	Sw4 Sw4
V2 plate	3	Sw2 Sw2
V2 screen	4	
V3 adj. grid	CAP	
V3 plate	3	Sw2 Sw2
V3 screen	4	Sw2 Sw2
V3 inj. grid	5	
V4 grid	CAP	
V4 plate	3,4,5	
V4 cathode	0	
V5 grid	CAP	Sw4 Sw4 Sw6 Sw6
V5 plate	5	
V5 screen	4	
V6 grid	4	Sw4 Sw4 Sw6 Sw6
V6 plate	0	
V6 screen	0	
V7 grid	4	
V7 screen	5	
V7 plate	0	
V8 plates	3,5	
V8 cathodes	4,0	
V9 plates	3,6	
V9 grids	4,5	
V9 heater	7	
V9 cathode	0	Sw6 Sw6
V10 grid	4	

*Varies with BAND SWITCH setting

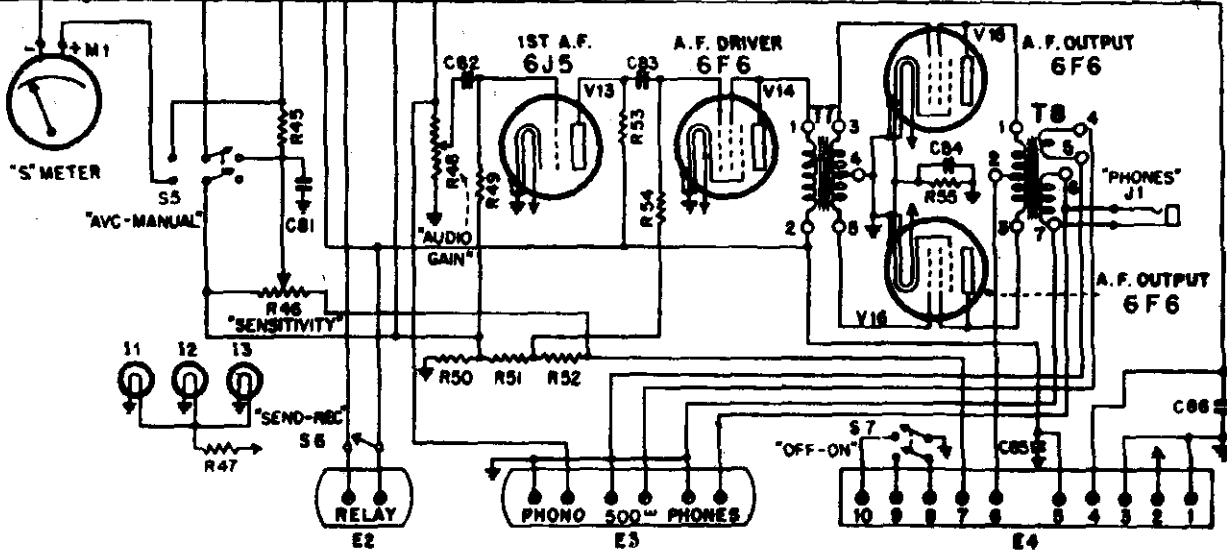
MFG. CO. INC.

MODEL SP-400-X



RESISTANCE VALUES
(in ohms and chassis)

RESISTANCE IN OHMS
1,160,000
515,000
Infinity
10,092
11,500
1,160,000
515,000
Infinity
10,092
11,500
510,000
Infinity
20,000
Infinity
42,000
50,000
50,000
30,000
.01 - 1.2*
670,000
14,600
10,300
20,000
11,500
670,000
14,600
10,300
11,500
20,000
10,300
66,000
20,000
217,000
250,000
250,000
1,220,000
4**
117,000
Infinity
100,000



TERMINAL NAME	PIN NO.	VARIABLE		RESISTANCE IN OHMS
		REF. NO.	SETTING	
V10 screen	0	SW3	CW MOD	525,000
V10 screen	0	SW3	CW MOD	Infinity
V10 plate	8	SW3	CW MOD	73,000
V10 plate	8	SW3	CW MOD	Infinity
V11 grid	4			10,300
V11 screen	6			68,000
V11 plate	8			20,000
V12 plates	3,5			34,300
V13 plate	3			69,000
V13 grid	5			510,000
V14 plate	3,4			18,600
V14 grid	5			510,000
V15 plate	3,4			19,400
V15 grid	5			320
V15 cathode	8			740
V16 plate	3,4			19,400
V16 grid	5			320
V16 cathode	8			750

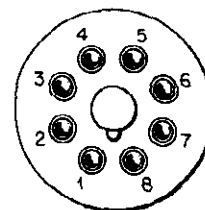
**with V9 removed from socket

SOCKET TERMINAL RESISTANCE VALUES

(All measurements made between socket terminal and chassis)

POWER SUPPLY

TERMINAL NAME	PIN NO.	RESISTANCE IN OHMS
V3 plate	4	40
V1 plate	6	40
V1 filament	2, 8	19,500
V2 plates	4, 6	28,500
V2 filament	2, 8	22



OCTAL BASE

(BOTTOM VIEW)

Tube socket terminals.

voltage readings are based on an a-c line voltage exactly equal to the primary tap on the power transformer - higher or lower line voltage should result in corresponding variations in these readings.

All d-c readings are based on the use of a meter having a resistance of 1000 ohms per volt, and are taken between socket terminals and chassis.

MODEL SP-400-X
MODEL SP-400-~~82~~

HAMMARLUND MFG. CO. INC.

place the terminal cover *before* making connections to the batteries. When discontinuing battery operation, disconnect the battery cable from the receiver. All operations of the Receiver are the same with either the Power Supply or the battery set-up.

Chassis Ground: It is not usually necessary to ground the Receiver chassis, but this can be done by connecting the ground lead to the left-hand PHONO or to the left-hand PHONES terminal (located on terminal strip E3, Fig. 3). These two terminals are grounded to the inside of the chassis.

Earphones: Plug a headset into the PHONES jack (J1, Fig. 2), or connect it to screw terminals marked PHONES on rear of chassis. No matching transformer is necessary.

Loudspeaker: The permanent magnet dynamic loudspeaker supplied with the Receiver has a transformer mounted on its housing. This transformer matches the voice coil of the loudspeaker to the 500-ohm output terminals (on terminal strip E3, Fig. 3) located at the rear of the chassis (marked 500 ohms). For loudspeaker operation, connect the two-wire lead attached to the terminals of the loudspeaker transformer to the 500-ohm terminals on the Receiver. Disconnecting the loudspeaker will not impair the operation of the Receiver.

Power Transformer Primary Tap: Before plugging the power cord into the a-c line, remove bottom plate from Power Supply to see that power cord is properly connected for the a-c voltage of the power line being used. One wire of the power cord is permanently connected to the fuse-holder (E3, Fig. 5); the other wire is connected at the factory to one of the screw terminals on terminal strip E2 (Fig. 5). These screw terminals are marked 105, 115 and 125, and are connected to primary taps on the power transformer. See that the power cord wire is connected to the screw terminal most closely agreeing with the available a-c line voltage and replace the bottom cover plate.

- Battery Operation . . .*
- 6-volt storage battery, drain 6.25 amperes for heaters.
 - Five 45-volt "B" batteries, drain 117 milliamperes at 225 volts; 4.5 milliamperes at 90 volts.
 - One 45-volt "C" battery, drain 10 milliamperes.

POWER SOURCES

- A-C Operation . . .*
- 105-125 Volts, 50-60 cps
 - 180 watts average power consumption

INSTALLATION

Connection to Power Supply—Connect Receiver to Power Supply as follows:

(1) Remove the sheet-metal covers from terminal strip (E4; Fig. 3) on rear of Receiver and from terminal strip (E1, Fig. 3) on Power Supply. See that all ten screws on each strip are unscrewed at least three turns. Then attach one end of the connector cable to each terminal strip *exactly* as shown in Fig. 3 and tighten all screws securely. Make certain that each slotted spade lug on the cable strips makes contact with its respective screw terminal *only*, since a lug jammed between *two* screws could cause considerable trouble. Immediately replace both metal covers and do not remove them while the Power Supply is connected to the a-c power line.

(2) The spacing of spade lugs on cable terminal strips is exactly the same as the spacing of screws on Receiver and Power Supply. If the two fail to go together easily, DON'T USE FORCE. Be sure *all* screws are unscrewed far enough. If a spade lug has been bent or pushed out of place by rough handling, straighten it and try again. Spade lugs should slip under screws from the top.

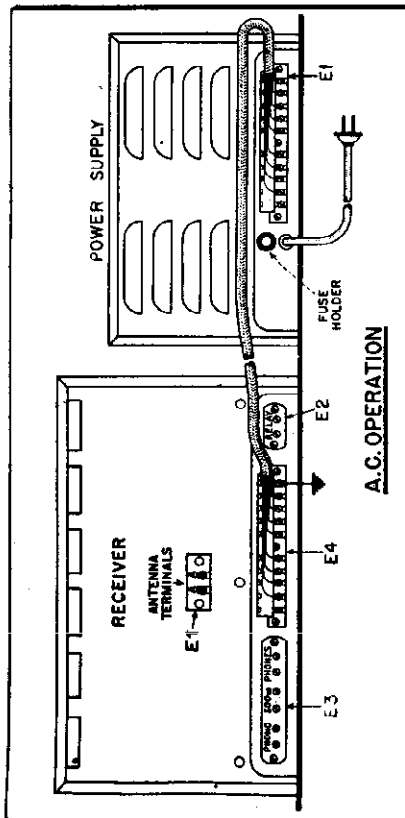


FIG. 3—Connections for power cable—A.C. operation.

Connection for Battery Operation—A cable for use in battery operation is available on special order. This cable (W2 in Parts List) has only one terminal strip. The other end of the cable is made up of eight loose wires. Connect this cable according to Fig. 4 (note the color code for the eight loose wires), or make up connections to serve the purpose. Connect the battery cable to the Receiver *first* and re-

HAMMARLUND MFG. CO. INC.

MODEL SP-400-X
MODEL SP-400-Z**OPERATION**

a. *Radiohone Reception:* Set the front panel controls (Fig. 2) as follows:

CONTROL	POSITION
CRYSTAL SELECTIVITY PHASING	OFF on arrow
BAND WIDTH LIMITER	3
AVC-MANUAL	Off
SENSITIVITY	AVC
BAND SPREAD	10
SIGNAL-MOD-CW	100
AUDIO GAIN	MOD
SEND-REC	6
BEAT OSCILLATOR	REC
	0

(1) Throw OFF-ON power switch in center of panel to ON. This puts Receiver in operation.

(2) Adjust band switch (S1, Fig. 2) to a band which is likely to be very active. This will facilitate the process of getting familiar with the various adjustments. If interference is not serious, BAND WIDTH control can be adjusted to a wider band width (higher number), depending upon the degree of fidelity desired. In general, adjust this control to band width giving best tone with least interference.

(3) Do all tuning, with or without the meter with BAND WIDTH control set at 3. Other settings give wider bands, making exact tuning difficult. Make band width adjustments *after* signal is tuned properly.

(4) LIMITER-OFF-ON control turns noise limiter on and off. The noise limiter will be most valuable on the higher frequencies, where interference from automobile ignition system is most bothersome.

b. *Code Reception:* Flip AVC-MANUAL switch to MANUAL and turn down SENSITIVITY control to provide proper sensitivity.

(1) On strong signals, do not turn SENSITIVITY control all the way on, because it will cause overloading. If the AUDIO GAIN control is set at about 7, it is possible to regulate volume by using only the sensitivity control.

(2) To turn on the beat oscillator, set SIGNAL-MOD-CW switch

between oscillator and incoming signal. Use beat oscillator for code reception and for locating weak modulated signals.

(3) Fading signals can be improved by returning AVC-MANUAL switch to AVC.

c. *Crystal Filter:* First three positions of CRYSTAL SELECTIVITY control are generally used for radiophone reception and will serve for code reception where interference is not serious. Last two positions are intended for code reception *only* since they provide so narrow a band that "phone" signals are usually unintelligible. After adjusting CRYSTAL SELECTIVITY control for desired degree of selectivity, use PHASING control to eliminate or reduce any heterodyne interference or "whistle" which may be present.

d. *Receiver Silencing:* Receiver can be silenced by flipping the SEND-REC switch (S6, Fig. 2) to SEND. This operation opens the "B" supply to the R-F and 1st detector tubes (V1, V2 and V3). The Receiver then remains ready for instant service during transmission periods. Note also that instead of using the SEND-REC switch, a relay may be connected to the RELAY terminals (E2, Fig. 3) at rear of Receiver and silencing controlled by relay action, actuated, for example, by the associated transmitter. When using a relay for silencing, flip SEND-REC switch to SEND (open) and leave it there. While the transmitter is operating, the relay should remain *open*; when the transmitter is "off the air," the relay contacts should *close* to restore Receiver operation.

e. *Phono Operation:* Leads from a phonograph pickup may be connected to the PHONO terminals (on terminal strip E3, Fig. 3) at the rear of the Receiver. (Note that the left-hand terminal of this pair is grounded to chassis.) Use the SEND-REC switch (S6) as a "phono-radio" switch by flipping it to the SEND position, thus eliminating radio interference and making it unnecessary to hunt for a "dead spot" on the tuning dial.

f. *Tuning:* All tuning can be done with the MAIN TUNING control. In this case, leave the band spread dial at 100. BAND SPREAD control spreads out a narrow band of frequencies *below* the frequency to which the main dial is set. This control operates continuously throughout the entire tuning range of the Receiver, and signals can be spread out in any one of the five bands.

MODEL SP-400-X
MODEL SP-400-SX

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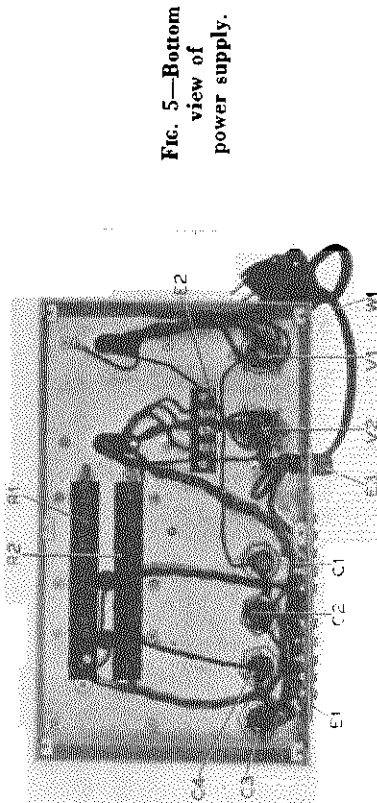


Fig. 5—Bottom view of power supply.

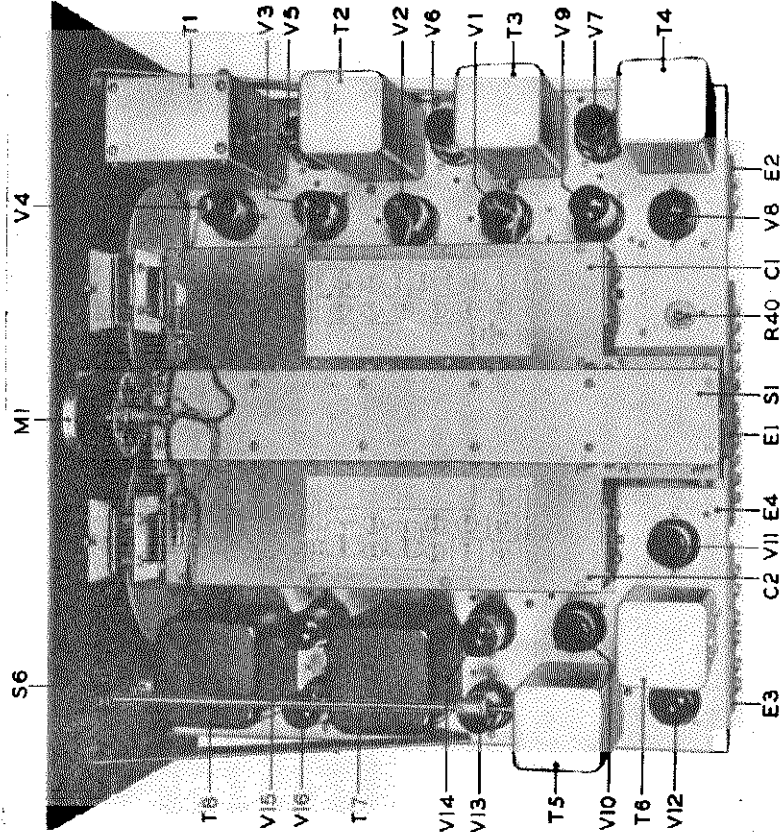


Fig. 7—Top chassis view showing arrangement of components.

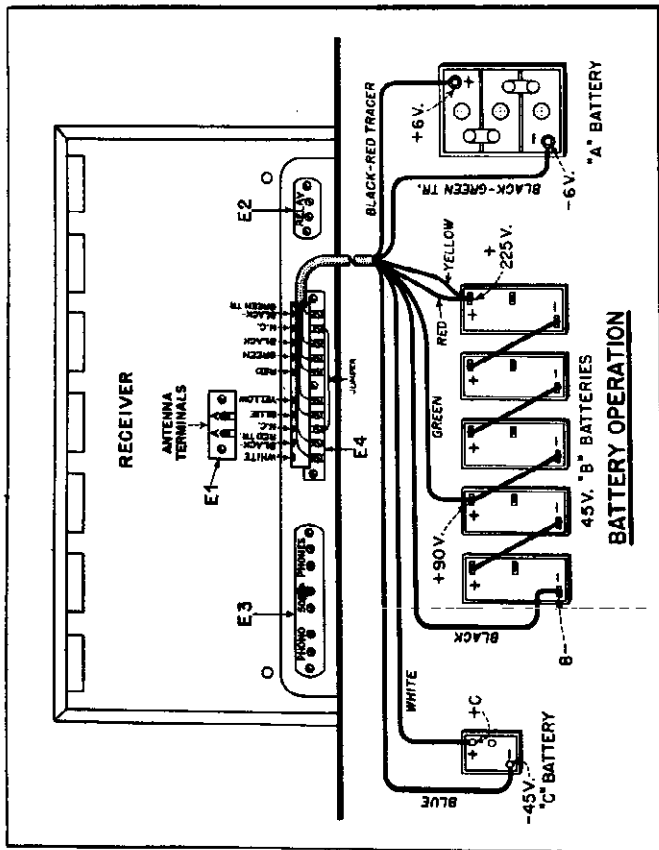


Fig. 4—Connections for power cable—battery operation.

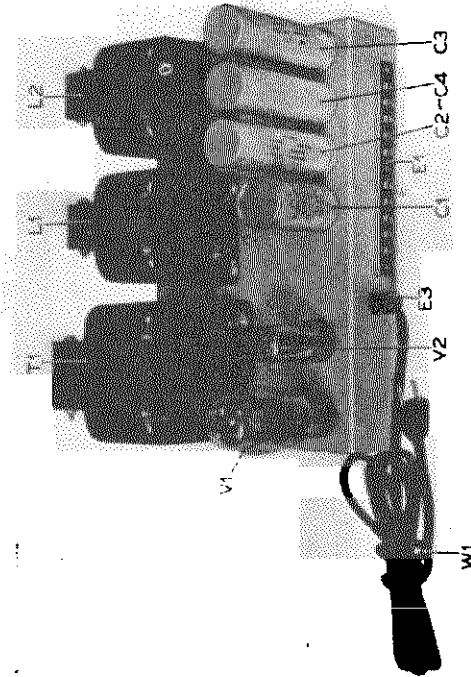


Fig. 6—Top view of power supply.

HAMMARLUND MFG. CO. INC.

MODEL SP-400-X

MODEL SP-400-SX

540-1240 kc band, normally provide more selectivity than is desirable for the reception of high-fidelity programs. To prevent loss of audio quality resulting from RF side-band cutting, resistors (R4, R8) have been placed in series with the secondaries of RF transformers L14, L19, to broaden their pass band.

CRYSTAL FILTER

a. *Controls:* The Quartz Crystal Filter (T1) couples the 1st detector (V3) to the 1st IF amplifier (V5). Its selectivity can be varied in definite steps by the CRYSTAL SELECTIVITY switch (S2) controlled from the front panel by knob and pointer. In addition, its selectivity characteristic can be greatly sharpened on one side or the other (to avoid heterodyne "whistle") by adjusting the PHASING capacitor (C46), also controlled by a knob on the front panel.

b. Variable Selectivity:

Curves A and B, Fig. 8, show Receiver selectivity curves which indicate certain effects of the Crystal Filter. When the CRYSTAL SELECTIVITY switch is set at OFF, the quartz crystal is short-circuited and signal voltages present in the secondary of the 1st detector plate coil (L26) are impressed directly on the control grid of the first IF amplifier tube (V5).

At any other setting (1 to 5), the quartz crystal is in use and acts as an extremely high "Q," high impedance, series tuned circuit interposed between the secondary of plate coil L26 and the 1st IF grid circuit (L27, C48), which constitutes the load into which the crystal works. Selectivity is varied by altering the impedance of this parallel tuned circuit (L27, C48), which is accomplished by adding resistance. (R17, R18, R19, R20) in series with coil L27 and capacitor C48.

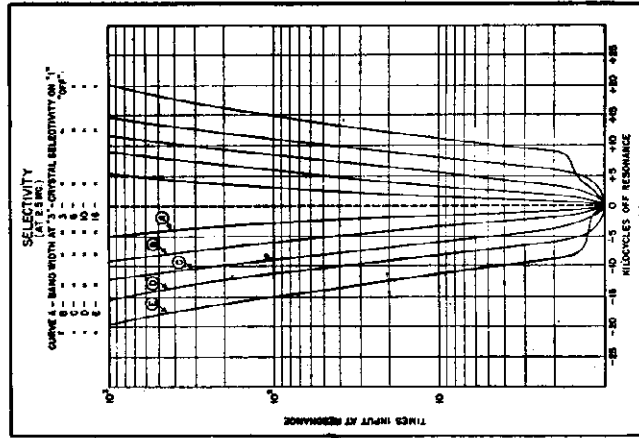


FIG. 8—Selectivity curves.

g. *Earphone Operation:* For earphone operation, plug earphones into the PHONES jack (J1, Fig. 2) provided for them on the front panel, or connect them to the PHONES terminals on the rear of the Receiver chassis. These terminals are connected in parallel with the jack on the front panel.

h. *S-Meter Tuning:* The S-meter (M1, Fig. 2), a tuning guide, operates only when the Receiver is set for AVC. Its reading increases as the Receiver approaches resonance with the incoming signal. Exact resonance is shown by the greatest reading of the meter. BAND WIDTH control must be set at 3 for accurate tuning by means of the meter. A screwdriver adjustment (R40, Fig. 7) at the rear of the chassis varies the resistance in shunt with the meter. By means of this adjustment, an "S9" reading may be obtained on any input between approximately 10 and 10,000 microvolts. The normal factory adjustment is made on an input of 50 microvolts, and when so adjusted each "S" number represents a change in signal input of approximately 6 decibels, or a ratio of two-to-one.

CIRCUIT ARRANGEMENT

RF AMPLIFIER

a. *Antenna Circuit:* The antenna is coupled to the grid of the 1st RF amplifier (V1) through an input transformer having an untuned primary and tuned secondary. The terminals of the primary coils are ungrounded, and are connected through a double-pole section (S1A) of the band switch to the "A," "A" terminals (E1) on the rear of the tuning unit. This symmetrical arrangement of the antenna primary coils permits full advantage to be taken of the noise-reducing properties of a balanced transmission line lead-in. The impedance of the input circuit averages approximately 100 ohms throughout the tuning range of the Receiver.

b. *Amplifier Stages:* There are two stages of RF amplification preceding the first detector or mixer. These stages are coupled by means of RF transformers having tuned secondaries and low inductance untuned primaries. The plates of the two RF amplifier tubes (V1, V2) are shunt fed through RF chokes L35, L36 and are coupled to their respective tuned circuits through fixed capacitors C26, C30. This shunt feed keeps plate voltage off the tuned RF amplifier circuits. Two stages of RF amplification, in the frequency range covered by the

MODEL SP-400-X
MODEL SP-400-2X

HAMMARLUND MFG. CO. INC.

the secondary and ground, and is made up of R29, R30 and R31. Resistor R29 and two small capacitors (C64, C63) constitute a filter to prevent IF voltages from reaching resistor R31 and the AUDIO GAIN control (R48).

NOISE LIMITER

The noise limiter tube (V9) is a 6N7 class B twin triode with its two grids and its two plates connected in parallel in order to secure the lowest possible impedance. The circuit is designed to limit interferences of very short pulse duration such as caused by auto ignition and other similar disturbances. It is designed to work with or without the AVC system and will automatically follow widely different signal levels. Some distortion results at higher modulation percentages but this is unavoidable if effective noise limiting is to be obtained. An "on-off" switch is provided.

"S" METER

The "S" or Signal Strength Meter (M1) is connected for use when the AVC-MANUAL switch (S5) is thrown to AV. This meter shows the relative strength of the received signal. The centrally located dial is calibrated in units of 1 to 9. A variable control (R40) on the rear of the chassis allows the meter to be adjusted to read "S-9" on any signal from 10 to 10,000 microvolts.

The normal factory adjustment for "S-9" is approximately 50 microvolts. Each division represents a ratio of approximately 2 to 1 over the previous division. Thus each division represents a 6db step. The sensitivity control (R46) must be set at maximum (position 10) for maximum "S" meter accuracy. This "S" meter can also be used as a tuning meter since it will show maximum reading at resonance. In this case, to obtain a relatively sharp resonance indication, the BAND WIDTH control should be set at position 3.

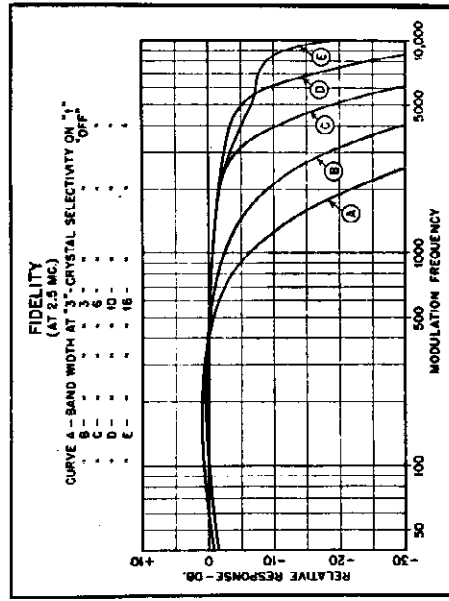


FIG. 9—Audio fidelity curves.

HF OSCILLATOR

The HF oscillator operates at a frequency 455 kc. (the frequency for which the IF amplifier is adjusted) higher than that of the incoming signal. The oscillator section of the variable tuning capacitor (C1D) has the same capacitance and plate shape as the RF sections (C1A, C1B, C1C). The constant 455 kc. frequency difference is maintained by means of a padding capacitor in series with the variable, together with appropriate values of oscillator inductance and parallel trimmer capacitance.

FIRST DETECTOR

The 1st detector employs a 6L7 pentagrid mixer (V3). Its injection grid (grid No. 3) is coupled to the HF oscillator cathode, and its signal grid (grid cap) is coupled to the plate of the second RF amplifier tube (V2) by means of the second RF transformer.

I-F AMPLIFIER

The intermediate-frequency amplifier has three stages consisting of three coupling transformers (T2, T3 and T4) and three pentode amplifier tubes (V5, V6 and V7) of the remote cutoff or super-control type. The first two transformers (T2, T3) are identical, and have tuned primaries as well as tuned secondaries. The secondary coils are fixed in position, while the primary coils are mounted on slide rods permitting them to move back and forth with respect to the secondaries, thus changing the degree of inductive coupling between them. When the coils are farthest apart the coupling is at its lowest value and the transformers exhibit their maximum selectivity or minimum band width. Conversely, when the coils are pushed close together the coupling is greatly increased and minimum selectivity or maximum band width results. At any adjustment between these two extremes, an intermediate degree of selectivity is obtained.

SECOND DETECTOR

The 2nd detector (V8) is a twin diode operated with both plates and both cathodes connected in parallel. Its IF input is obtained from the untuned secondary of coil L32 in transformer T4 in the plate circuit of the 3rd IF amplifier (V7). To facilitate operation of the limiter tube (V9) the diode load resistance is divided into two approximately equal parts. One part, R33, is placed between the paralleled cathodes and ground and is by-passed (for IF) by a small capacitor (C66). The other part is between the low-potential end of

HAMMARLUND MFG. CO. INC.

MODEL SP-400-X
MODEL SP-400-SX**AVC AMPLIFIER AND RECTIFIER**

Special amplifier and rectifier stages are employed in order to give most satisfactory AVC action. AVC voltages are applied to the two RF stages and to the first two IF stages and compensate for variations in signal strength due to fading. A different rate of compensation is required for voice modulated signals than for code signals. This is automatically adjusted when the beat frequency oscillator is turned on or off.

BEAT OSCILLATOR

The beat oscillator tube (V10) and associated oscillator circuit (T5) provide a voltage at approximately the intermediate frequency. This voltage, when introduced into the input circuit of the 2nd detector (V8) by means of a small coupling capacitor (C60), mixes with the I-F signal being delivered to the detector by the 3rd I-F amplifier (V7). The mixture of these two similar frequencies results in a "beat" or difference frequency in the output of the 2nd detector. The beat oscillator frequency is adjusted so that the pitch of this difference frequency falls within the audio-frequency range. Fine adjustment of the beat frequency pitch is accomplished by means of the BEAT OSCILLATOR control on the front panel which turns a small variable capacitor (C69) in transformer T5. The beat oscillator is turned on by throwing the SIGNAL-MOD-CW switch (S4) to CW. In addition to being necessary for proper reception of CW signals, the beat oscillator is useful for locating weak signals of any kind.

AF AMPLIFIER

a. *Circuits:* The AF amplifier has three stages, using one 6J5 triode (V13) and three 6F6 pentodes (V14, V15, V16). The grid of the first tube (V13) is connected to the moving arm of the AUDIO GAIN control (R48) through a blocking capacitor (C82). Its plate is coupled to the grid of the second AF amplifier by means of capacitor C83, plate resistor R53 and grid leak R54. The second amplifier tube (V14), while a pentode, is operated as a triode by connecting its plate and screen together. It drives the output tubes (V15, V16) through a push-pull input transformer (T7). The output tubes (V15, V16) are also triode-connected pentodes and are operated as class AB₂ amplifiers.

b. *Output Transformer:* The output transformer (T8) has two secondary windings; a 500-ohm secondary (4-5) for power output, and a secondary for earphones (6-7) designed to deliver about 3% of the

ondary is connected to a matching load such as the loudspeaker

The turns ratio and resistance of the earphone winding are such that the power delivered to any load between 8000 ohms and 80 ohms varies less than 6 db, and the power input to a 250-ohm load is but 2 db greater than that to a 4000-ohm load. Fig. 16 shows curves of overall audio fidelity with different settings of the CRYSTAL SELECTIVITY and BAND WIDTH controls.

POWER SUPPLY

The Power Supply furnishes "A," "B" and "C" voltages for the Receiver. The "A," or heater voltage, is 6.3 volts AC obtained from a separate secondary winding (1-2) on the power transformer (T1, Fig. 10). "B" voltage is obtained from the center-tapped high-voltage secondary (7-8-10) connected to the plates of the "B" rectifier tube (V1). After this voltage is rectified, it is filtered by the combined action of the first filter choke (L1) and the two filter capacitors C1 and C2. This provides 380 volts DC for the plates of the power output tubes in the Receiver. Further filtering by the second filter choke (L2) and the first two sections of capacitor C3 provides 250 volts DC for the plates of the remaining tubes in the Receiver. Approximately 100 volts DC for the screen grids of the Receiver tubes is obtained from the tap on the bleeder resistor (R1), which is by-passed by the remaining section of capacitor C3. Negative "C" voltage is obtained from a tap (9) on the high-voltage secondary connected to the filament of tube V2 rectifier tube (V2). The rectified output from the plates of tube V2 is filtered by the three sections of resistor R2 and the three sections of filter capacitor C4. When connected to the Receiver, the voltage at the end of this filter is approximately minus 50.

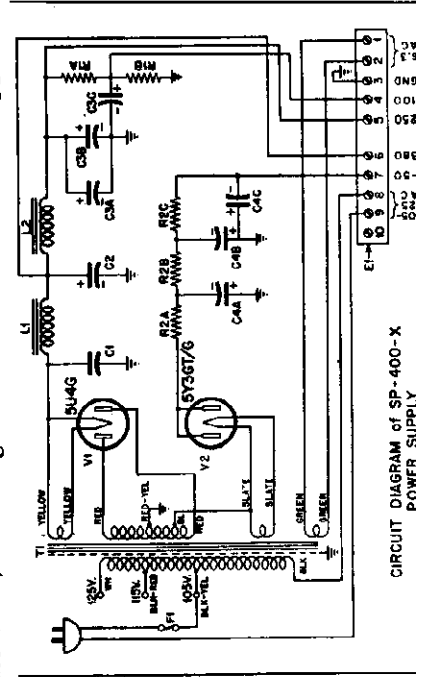


Fig. 10—
Power supply
diagram.

CIRCUIT DIAGRAM OF SP-400-X
POWER SUPPLY

CONTINUITY TESTS

If the Receiver is inoperative, it may have a shorted filter or by-pass capacitor or an open resistor. Remove the cabinet or bottom cover plate to get at all parts. Measure socket voltages and compare them with TABLE 2. (Consult Fig. 11 and TABLE 1 for key to tube base pin connections.) If this measurement does not reveal the trouble, start checking socket terminal resistance values against TABLE 3 (Receiver) or TABLE 4 (Power Supply). Obtain values of resistors and capacitors by locating the reference number on the proper circuit diagram and looking it up in the Table of Parts, Section V. In checking these resistance values be sure to set the "variable" controls to the positions specified in the table.

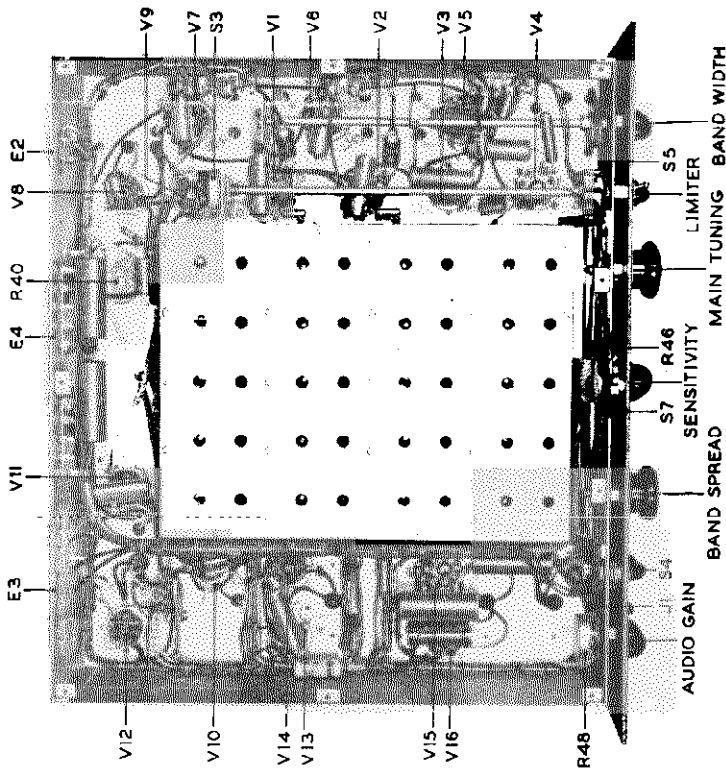


Fig. 12—Bottom view of chassis.

ALIGNMENT—GENERAL

When either selectivity or sensitivity or both appear to be below normal and *all tubes have been tested*, check the alignment. Remove the dust cover or cabinet and bottom cover plate of the Receiver to get at all parts for making adjustments. CAUTION: ANY CHANGES FROM ORIGINAL SETTINGS WILL BE SMALL SO USE GREAT CARE WHEN CHECKING ADJUSTMENTS. This is especially true of the HF oscillator

circuits, which should NOT be disturbed unless the MAIN TUNING dial is definitely known to be off calibration.

a. Signal Generator: This should be an accurately calibrated instrument producing amplitude-modulated radio-frequency signals. In addition to 455 kc. (the IF), the frequency range required of the signal generator depends on the tuning range of the receiver to be aligned. The RF alignment frequencies required for the Series 400-X Super-Pro are shown in Fig. 13. The second harmonic can generally be used when the fundamental frequency is not available. For example, a signal generator covering all frequencies from 455 kc to 15 mc could be used to check the highest frequency band by using the second harmonic of 15 mc to provide the 30 mc called for in Fig. 13. The signal generator should have an output of approximately 100 microvolts and an output impedance of approximately 100 ohms for best results when aligning the RF and HF Oscillator circuits. For IF alignment these values are not critical. The frequency calibration of the signal generator is extremely important if the Receiver dial calibration is to be correct.

b. Output Meter: The output meter should respond to the modulation frequency of the signal generator, preferably 400 cps, and should provide at least half-scale deflection for 10 volts. Its resistance should be greater than 500 ohms.

c. Tools: An insulated screwdriver 9/64" wide and .025" thick at the bit, is required for alignment of the Receiver.

d. Preliminary Procedure: Throw the OFF-ON switch to ON and permit the Receiver to warm up for about an hour before beginning adjustments. Connect the output meter to the 500-ohm terminals located at the rear of the Receiver chassis

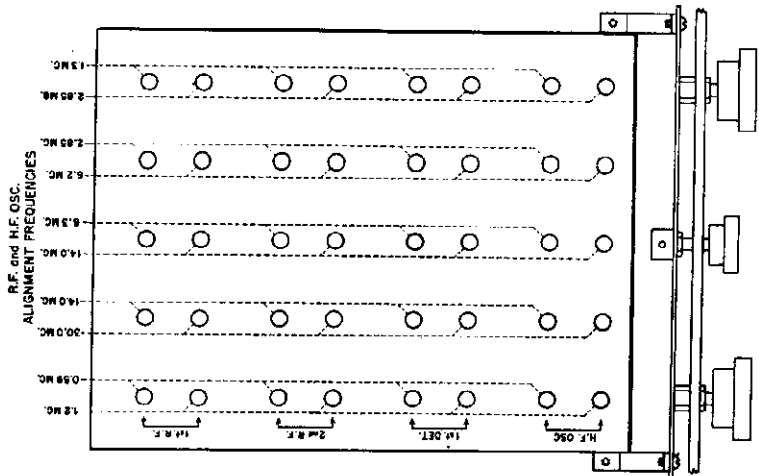


Fig. 13—RF and HF osc. alignment frequencies and location of adjustments.

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

a. *Preliminary Setup:* Adjust the signal generator to approximately 455 kc and connect its output to the control grid cap of the 1st detector tube (V3) through a fixed capacitor (anything larger than 100 mmf will do). Set the front panel controls as follows:

- SENSITIVITY 0
- AVC-MANUAL MANUAL
- SIGNAL-MOD-CW MOD
- SEND-REC REC
- BAND SWITCH 2.85-6.3 mc
- AUDIO GAIN 10
- CRYSTAL SELECTIVITY OFF
- PHASING on arrow
- BAND WIDTH 3
- BAND SPREAD DIAL 100

b. *IF Alignment Check:*

(1) Set the MAIN TUNING dial near 2.85 mc, but be careful not to tune in a powerful local signal. Set the CRYSTAL SELECTIVITY switch on 3, the AVC-MANUAL switch on AVC, and advance the SENSITIVITY to 10. Turn off the modulation of the signal generator and adjust its frequency slightly to produce maximum deflection of the "S" meter. The adjustment of the signal generator in this manner is necessary in order to get exact agreement with the natural period of the particular quartz crystal in the Receiver being checked. After reducing SENSITIVITY to 0, the modulation may be switched on, but the tuning adjustment of the signal generator must not be altered until the alignment check has been completed. Return the CRYSTAL SELECTIVITY and AVC-MANUAL controls to their original settings of OFF and MANUAL and advance the SENSITIVITY control until a suitable output meter reading is obtained. A half-scale reading in the region of 5 to 10 volts will be satisfactory.

(2) Now check the alignment of both upper (grid) and lower (plate) air trimmer capacitors in IF transformers T2 and T3 and the single trimmer in T4 for peak reading of the output meter. If one or more of these adjustments results in a sizeable increase in output, reduce the SENSITIVITY control enough to bring the meter reading back to half-scale. Alignment of the plate circuit of the crystal filter (T1) can be tested in the same way by means of the lower adjusting screw on the side of the unit. This screw varies the position of the powdered iron core in coil L26. Do not change the setting of the upper adjusting screw which tunes grid coil L27, as this circuit cannot be adjusted properly with the output meter. It can, however, be

generator and cathode-ray oscilloscope. If this equipment is available, proceed as follows:

(3) Connect the input of the vertical amplifier of the oscilloscope to the PHONO connections on Terminal strip E3 (Fig. 7) on the rear skirt of the Receiver chassis. The "high" terminal is the second one from the edge of the strip; the first screw is connected to the chassis. Set the frequency-modulated signal generator to approximately 455 kc and connect its output to the control grid cap of the 1st detector (V3) through a fixed capacitor (100 mmf or larger). With the CRYSTAL SELECTIVITY switch at OFF, readjust the signal generator frequency to produce the conventional single-peaked resonance curve on the screen of the oscilloscope. Then turn the CRYSTAL SELECTIVITY switch to position 1. If the grid coil (L27) is correctly tuned the image on the oscilloscope screen will remain symmetrical but will be only about two-thirds as wide as before, indicating an increase in selectivity. The oscilloscope image is also affected by the PHASING control, maximum symmetry occurring at or very near the arrow on its scale. Therefore, when tuning L27, rock the PHASING control back and forth at the same time to secure the best adjustment.

c. *AVC Alignment Check:* Leaving all other controls as in PAR. 26a, and without changing the signal generator frequency, reduce AUDIO GAIN to 0, switch to AVC and increase SENSITIVITY to 10. Increase AUDIO GAIN to restore half-scale reading on the output meter and adjust the single trimmer capacitor in T6 for *minimum* output meter reading. The "S" meter reading should "peak" at the same time the output meter reading "dips."

d. *Beat Oscillator Alignment Check:* Continuing with controls as above switch off the output meter and plug in a pair of earphones, or replace the meter with a suitable loudspeaker. Turn the SIGNAL-MOD-CW switch to CW and see that the BEAT OSCILLATOR control is exactly on 0 (zero). If tone in earphones or speaker is not very low in pitch, readjust the trimmer capacitor near the bottom of T5 until it is. If the beat oscillator is in perfect alignment when this test is made, no sound will be heard since the signal generator and the beat oscillator will be oscillating at the same frequency and there will be no audible difference or "beat." Check this by turning the BEAT OSCILLATOR control knob slightly off 0 (zero) toward one side or the other. If this results in a tone rising in pitch as the pointer is turned away from 0 (zero) to either side, the beat frequency oscillator is perfectly aligned. If no audible tone can be obtained within the range of the BEAT OSCILLATOR control, adjust the trimmer capacitor near the bottom of T5 until an approximate "zero beat" occurs at 0 (zero) setting of the BEAT OSCILLATOR

MODEL SP-400-X

HAMMARLUND MFG. CO. INC.

as a separate operation. Efficient weak-signal reception, with low receiver noise level and high image rejection ratios, depends on the relative alignment of these three circuits with respect to the HF oscillator and without regard to calibration accuracy.

(1) Accurate calibration of the signal generator is not required to check these adjustments. Modulation of the signal generator, while convenient, is not strictly necessary. Input to antenna terminals should be through 100 ohms (approximate) including output resistance of signal generator. If signal generator is modulated, Receiver controls should be set as for IF alignment; if unmodulated, set BEAT OSCILLATOR to 2 (either side) and SIGNAL-MOD-CW to CW. Adjust SENSITIVITY for half-scale reading on output meter when signals are exactly in tune.

(2) Starting with 2.85-6.3 mc band, set main dial at 6.3 mc (BAND SPREAD at 100) and adjust frequency of signal generator for peak deflection of output meter. Then check setting of trimmer marked 1st DET 6.3 mc (Fig. 13). Repeat this procedure on trimmers designated as 2nd RF and 1st RF in same row. If readjustments on one of these settings greatly increases output meter reading, alter SENSITIVITY slightly to reduce reading to half-scale. After each adjustment check tuning of Receiver to make sure test signal is still accurately tuned. BAND SPREAD may be used as a vernier for this purpose.

CAUTION: THIS TUNING CHECK IS EXTREMELY IMPORTANT AT HIGH END OF 6.3-14.0 MC AND 13.4-30.0 MC BANDS WHERE THERE IS SOME SLIGHT INTERACTION BETWEEN 1ST DET AND HF OSC CIRCUITS. After checking the three trimmers at high end of this band, turn main dial to 2.85 mc and retune signal generator to suit. Then check the three inductance adjuster settings marked 2.85 mc (Fig. 13) in the same row. Since adjustments at one end of a band also affect the other end of the band (as described under HF OSC alignment), repeat above procedure until no further improvement can be secured. The number of repetitions necessary depends on how much mistuning existed initially. Other bands may be checked in the same manner.

(3) For best possible efficiency with a particular antenna arrangement, the 1st RF circuits may be adjusted with the antenna connected. This can be done by loosely coupling output of signal generator to antenna system instead of directly to antenna terminals through a 100-ohm resistor. Make sure that signal from signal generator actually reaches Receiver by way of antenna rather than by some form of direct coupling.

(4) In all the foregoing tests using output meter readings for circuit adjustment it is recommended that earphones (or speaker) be used to monitor the signal. This will avoid false adjustments caused by overloading or freakish responses.

c. *HF Oscillator Calibration Check:* The accuracy of the MAIN DIAL calibration depends solely on the HF oscillator frequency, which in this Receiver is 455 kc. (the IF) higher than the signal frequency. Although the frequency of the HF oscillator can be measured directly if accurate frequency-measuring equipment is on hand, it is far simpler to check it by tuning in signals of known frequency and noting the MAIN DIAL readings. CAUTION: BE SURE THE BAND SPREAD DIAL IS SET AT 100 WHEN MAKING THIS TEST.

(1) To correct dial calibration, refer to alignment chart (Fig. 13) for location of HF oscillator adjustments as well as signal frequencies at which settings should be made. The output of the signal generator should be unmodulated and SIGNAL-MOD-CW switch on Receiver turned to CW. Set BEAT OSCILLATOR at 0, AUDIO GAIN at 10, AVC-MANUAL on MANUAL, BAND WIDTH at 16. Disconnect output meter and use earphones or loudspeaker to make necessary adjustments by "zero beat" method. Connect signal generator to antenna terminals for this test.

(2) If the 2.85-6.3 mc band is to be corrected, tune signal generator accurately to 6.3 mc. Tune in signal generator signal at 6.3 mc end of Receiver dial to zero beat. Notice approximate dial error. Turn main dial slightly toward 6.3 mc calibration line until beat note rises to a high pitch. Do not turn dial far enough to raise beat so high it cannot be heard. With alignment screwdriver adjust trimmer capacitor marked HF OSC 6.3 mc (Fig. 13) until beat is again zero. Turn main dial still farther toward 6.3 mc line and make a further adjustment of trimmer capacitor to return to zero beat. Repeat this process as often as necessary to bring dial to exactly 6.3 mc. (The main dial could be set at once on exactly 6.3 mc and trimmer turned enough at one time to produce zero beat, but the step-by-step method is recommended.) Now retune signal generator to exactly 2.85 mc and tune in signal-generator signal at low-frequency end of main dial and correct the calibration step-by-step as before, using inductance trimming adjuster HF OSC 2.85 mc (Fig. 13). When 6.3 mc signal from signal generator is again tuned in at other end of dial, it will be found that inductance adjustment at 2.85 mc has changed correction previously made at 6.3 mc. This is normal. Go back and forth several times from 2.85 to 6.3 mc in order to bring both ends of dial scale into exact agreement with the signal frequency. CAUTION: DURING THIS ADJUSTMENT BE VERY CAREFUL TO ADJUST THE SENSITIVITY CONTROL TO AVOID OVERLOADING.

f. *RF and 1st Detector Alignment Check:* Although alignment of these three circuits (1st and 2nd RF and 1st Det) can be checked at the same time as the HF oscillator, it is simpler to consider each check

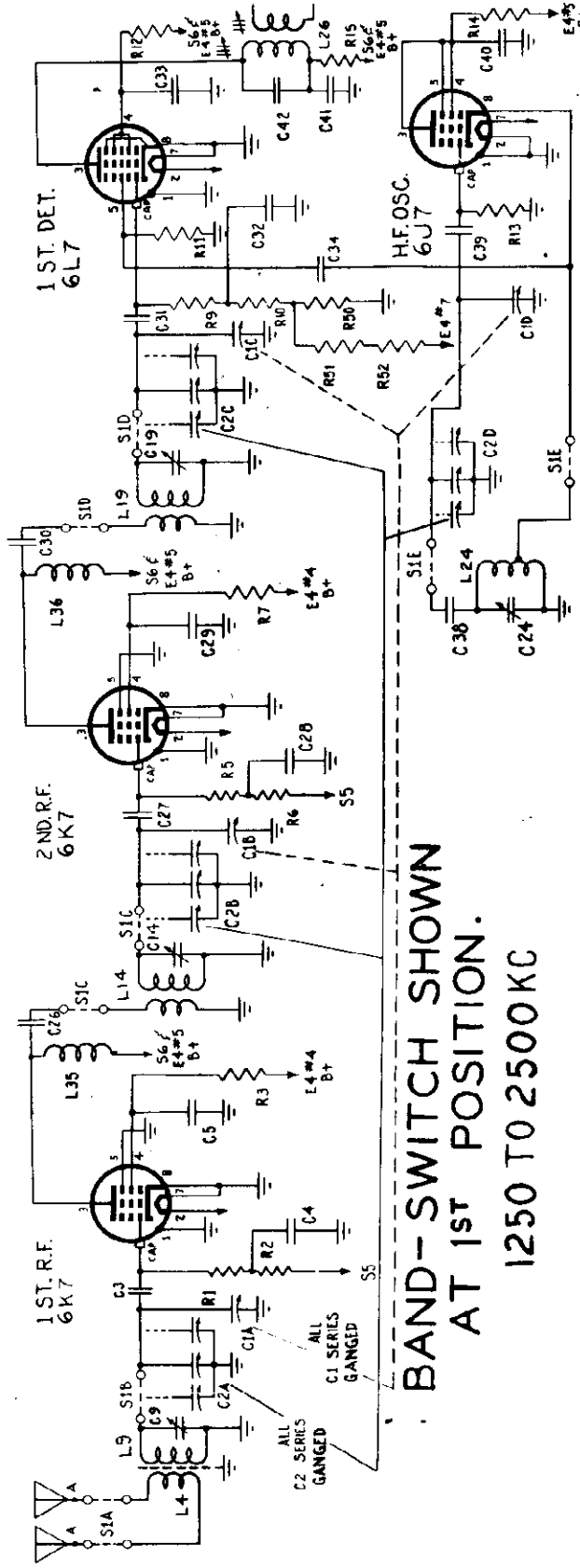
TABLE OF PARTS—Cont.

CIRCUIT REF. No.	DESCRIPTION	PART No.
C1	CAPACITORS	
C2	Main Tuning	
C3	Band Spread	
C4	.02 mf, Mica	23005-86
C5	.05 mf, Paper	23912-1
C6	Trimmer, Mica, 3-30 mmf	23912-2
C7	Trimmer, Mica, 3-30 mmf	Part of 29529-G1
C8	Trimmer, Mica, 3-30 mmf	Part of 29532-G1
C9	Trimmer, Mica, 3-30 mmf	Part of 29538-G1
C10	Trimmer, Mica, 3-30 mmf	Part of 29520-G1
C11	Trimmer, Mica, 3-30 mmf	Part of 29535-G1
C12	Trimmer, Mica, 3-30 mmf	Part of 29533-G1
C13	Trimmer, Mica, 3-30 mmf	Part of 29539-G1
C14	Trimmer, Mica, 3-30 mmf	Part of 29521-G1
C15	Trimmer, Mica, 3-30 mmf	Part of 29536-G1
C16	Trimmer, Mica, 3-30 mmf	Part of 29530-G1
C17	Trimmer, Mica, 3-30 mmf	Part of 29533-G1
C18	Trimmer, Mica, 3-30 mmf	Part of 29539-G1
C19	Trimmer, Mica, 3-30 mmf	Part of 29521-G1
C20	Trimmer, Mica, 3-30 mmf	Part of 29536-G1
C21	Trimmer, Air, 4-25 mmf	Part of 29531-G1
C22	Trimmer, Air, 4-25 mmf	Part of 29534-G1
C23	Trimmer, Air, 4-25 mmf	Part of 29540-G1
C24	Trimmer, Air, 4-25 mmf	Part of 29528-G1
C25	Trimmer, Air, 4-25 mmf	Part of 29537-G1
C26	300 mmf, Silver Mica	23003-105D
C27	.02 mf, Paper	23005-86
C28	.05 mf, Paper	23912-1
C29	300 mmf, Silver Mica	23912-2
C30	.02 mf, Paper	23003-105D
C31	.05 mf, Paper	23005-86
C32	.02 mf, Paper	23912-1
C33	.05 mf, Paper	23912-2
C34	95 mmf, Silvered Mica	6195
C35	1500 mmf, Silvered Mica	Part of 29531-G1
C36	3300 mmf, Silvered Mica	Part of 29534-G1
C37	300 mmf, Silvered Mica	Part of 29537-G1
C38	51 mmf, Silvered Mica	Part of 29528-G1
C39	.05 mf, Paper	
C40	.05 mf, Paper	
C41	120 mmf, Silvered Mica	
C42	100 mmf, Mica	
C43	100 mmf, Mica	
C44	NOT USED	
C45	Phasing, Air, 2-6 mmf (ea.)	
C46	.02 mf, Paper	SA-179
C47	.05 mf, Paper	23912-1
C48	85 mmf, Silvered Mica, 2%	6188
C49	Variable, Air, 100 mmf	23912-2
C50	.05 mf, Paper	SA-1
C51	.05 mf, Paper	23912-2
C52	Variable, Air, 100 mmf	SA-1
C53	.05 mf, Paper	23912-2
C54	Variable, Air, 100 mmf	SA-1
C55	.05 mf, Paper	23912-2
C56	.05 mf, Paper	23912-2
C57	Variable, Air, 100 mmf	SA-1
C58		
C59	.05 mf, Paper	
C60	5 mmf, Silvered Mica	
C61	Variable, Air, 100 mmf	
C62	.05 mf, Paper	
C63	51 mmf, Mica	
C64	51 mmf, Mica	
C65	.05 mf, Paper	
C66	51 mmf, Mica	
C67	Variable, Air, 100 mmf	
C68	100 mmf, Mica	
C69	Variable, Air, 9 mmf	
C70	95 mmf, Silvered Mica	
C71	620 mmf, Mica	
C72	.25 mf, Paper	
C73	.05 mf, Paper	
C74	.05 mf, Paper	
C75	Variable, Air, 100 mmf	
C76	5100 mmf, Mica	
C77	.05 mf, Paper	
C78	.05 mf, Paper	
C79	.05 mf, Paper	
C80	.05 mf, Paper	
C81	.05 mf, Paper	
C82	.02 mf, Paper	
C83	.05 mf, Paper	
C84	40 mf, Electrolytic, Dry	
C85	.25 mf, Paper	
C86	.25 mf, Paper	
L1	COILS	
L2	Assembly, Antenna transformer, 1.24-2.86 mc	
L3	Assembly, Antenna transformer, 2.85-6.3 mc	
L4	Assembly, Antenna transformer, 13.4-30.0 mc	
L5	Assembly, Antenna transformer, 540-1240 kc	
L6	Assembly, Antenna transformer, 6.3-14.0 mc	
L7	Not Used	
L8	Not Used	
L9	Not Used	
L10	Not Used	
L11	Assembly, R.F. transformer, 1.24-2.86 mc	
L12	Assembly, R.F. transformer, 2.85-6.3 mc	
L13	Assembly, R.F. transformer, 13.4-30.0 mc	
L14	Assembly, R.F. transformer, 540-1240 kc	
L15	Assembly, R.F. transformer, 6.3-14.0 mc	
L16	Assembly, Same as L11	
L17	Assembly, Same as L12	
L18	Assembly, Same as L13	
L19	Assembly, Same as L14	
L20	Assembly, Same as L15	
L21	Assembly, Oscillator Coil, 1.24-2.86 mc	
L22	Assembly, Oscillator Coil, 2.85-6.3 mc	
L23	Assembly, Oscillator Coil, 13.4-30.0 mc	
L24	Assembly, Oscillator Coil, 540-1240 kc	
L25	Assembly, Oscillator Coil, 6.3-14.0 mc	
L26	Universal, 7/41 Litz., iron dust core	
L27	Universal, 7/41 Litz., iron dust core	
L28	3 pie universal 7/41 Litz., ceramic core	

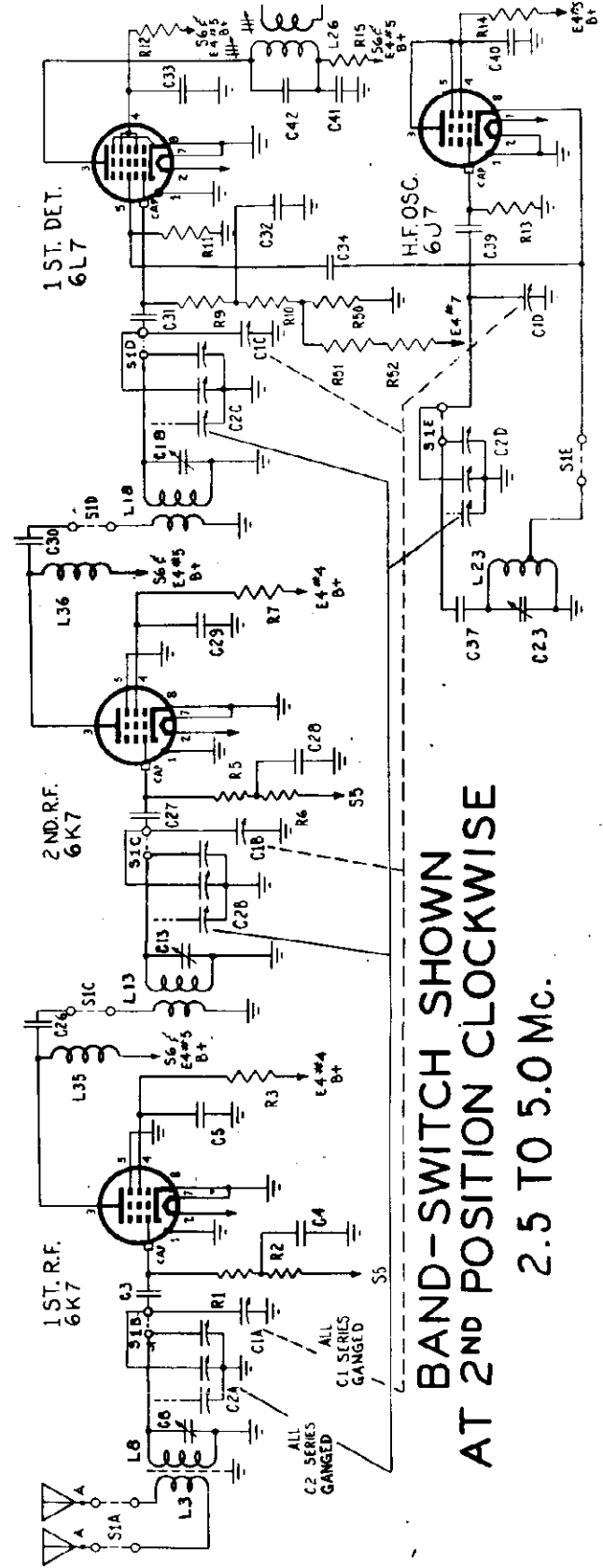
KODEL SP-400-X

HAMMARLUND MFG. CO. INC.

CIRCUIT REF. No.	DESCRIPTION	PART No.	CIRCUIT REF. No.	DESCRIPTION	PART No.
L29	COILS—Continued		R46		
L30	3 pie universal, 7/41 Litz., ceramic coil.	3990	R47	50,000 ohms, Potentiometer	5023
L31	Same as L28	2903-A	R48	4 ohms, 5 W	19431-1
L32	Same as L29	3990	R49	250,000 ohms, Potentiometer	4919
L33	Universal, 7/41 Litz., ceramic core	3996	R50	510,000 ohms, 1/2 W	19309-159
L34	3 pie universal, 7/41 Litz., ceramic core	4907	R51	300 ohms, 1/2 W	19301-196
L35	Universal, 7/41 Litz., ceramic core	2931	R52	1,800 ohms, 1/2 W	19301-33
L36	Choke Coil, 5 pie universal R.F. choke, ceramic core, wire leads	4906	R53	3,000 ohms, 1 W	19303-169
J1	Choke Coil, Same as L35	609-1	R54	51,000 ohms, 1 W	19303-182
M1	JACK, JK34-A, Phone Jack (headset)	609-1	R55	510,000 ohms, 1/2 W	19309-159
	Meter, 0-200 micro-ampere movement	5066		750 ohms, 10 W	19430-30
		4903		SWITCHES	
R1	RESISTORS	4959	S1	10 pole, 5 position, 5 section.	4911
R2	500,000 ohms, 1/2 W	19309-73	S2	Wafer type, 6 position	4916
R3	10,000 ohms, 1/2 W	19301-206	S3	SPST rotary snap	5733
R4	2,000 ohms, 1/2 W	19301-183	S4	DPST rotary snap	2990
R5	20 ohms, 1/2 W	4959	S5	DPST toggle	5729
R6	500,000 ohms, 1/4 W	19309-73	S6	SPST rotary snap	2983-1
R7	10,000 ohms, 1/2 W	19301-206		TRANSFORMERS	
R8	2,000 ohms, 1/2 W	19301-183	T1	Filter Assembly, Variable selectivity quartz crystal filter	29555-C1
R9	20 ohms, 1/2 W	4959	T2	Variable selectivity I.F. transformer	SA-166A
R10	500,000 ohms, 1/4 W	19309-73	T3	Same as T2	SA-166A
R11	10,000 ohms, 1/2 W	19301-206	T4	Fixed selectivity, I.F. transformer	SA-167A
R12	2,000 ohms, 1/2 W	19301-183	T5	455 kc oscillator assembly	SA-169A
R13	500,000 ohms, 1/4 W	4959	T6	Fixed selectivity, I.F. transformer	SA-168A
R14	10,000 ohms, 1/2 W	19309-73	T7	A.F. transformer, push-pull input	4887
R15	2,000 ohms, 1/2 W	4960	T8	A.F. transformer, push-pull output	4888
R16	50,000 ohms, 2 W	19304-202	W1	Connector Cable, Nine wire, with two 10 terminal connector strips	SA-35
R17	24,000 ohms, 1/4 W	19304-44	W2	Connector Cable, Eight wire, with one 10 terminal connector strip (special order only)	SA-67
R18	10,000 ohms, 1/2 W	19301-206	X1-X4	Tube Socket, Molded octal, low-loss bakelite	16082-1
R19	24 ohms, 1/2 W	19301-178	X5 X16	Tube Socket, Molded octal, black bakelite	16083-1
R20	51 ohms, 1/2 W	19301-187	Y1	Quartz Crystal, Resonator type, ground for 455 kc	6338
R21	300 ohms, 1/2 W	19301-196		POWER SUPPLY	
R22	2,000 ohms, 1/2 W	19301-206		CAPACITORS	
R23	2,000 ohms, 1/2 W	19301-206	C1	Paper 1 mf, 1000 VDCW	23843-4
R24	10,000 ohms, 1/4 W	19309-73	C2	16 mf, 600 VDCW Dry Electrolytic	23842-13
R25	2,000 ohms, 1/2 W	19301-182	C3-A-B-C	8-8 mf, 450 VDCW Dry Electrolytic	23842-28
R26	10,000 ohms, 1/4 W	19301-206	C4-A-B-C	8-8 mf, 450 VDCW Dry Electrolytic	23842-28
R27	51,000 ohms, 1 W	19301-206		FUSE HOLDERS	
R28	2,000 ohms, 1/2 W	19301-80	E3	Fuse Holder	15923-1
R29	100,000 ohms, 1/2 W	19301-215	F1	Fuse, 2 amp, 250V, glass enclosed	15928-7
R30	75,000 ohms, 1/2 W	19301-171	L1	Filter Choke, 160 ohms, 25h at 160 ma.	2981
R31	51,000 ohms, 1/2 W	19301-104	L2	Filter Choke, 1150 ohms, 50h at 110 ma.	4819
R32	240,000 ohms, 1/2 W	19301-155		RESISTORS	
R33	4 ohms, 5 W	19431-1	R1	18,000 ohms tapped at 9500, 10 watt	4946
R34	100,000 ohms, 1/4 W	19301-80	R1A	8500 ohms	Part of R1
R35	510,000 ohms, 1/4 W	19309-159	R1B	9500 ohms	Part of R1
R36	5,100 ohms, 1/2 W	19301-210	R2	18,000 ohms tapped at 6500, 6500, 10 watt.	3997
R37	51,000 ohms, 1/2 W	19301-171	R2A	5000 ohms	Part of R2
R38	51,000 ohms, 1 W	19303-182	R2B	6500 ohms	Part of R2
R39	1,000 ohms, Potentiometer	4932	R2C	6500 ohms	Part of R2
R40	2,000 ohms, 1/2 W	19301-206		TRANSFORMER	
R41	24,000 ohms, 1/4 W	19301-213	T1	50-60 cycle, primary tapped at 105, 115, 125V	4801
R42	10,000 ohms, 1/4 W	19309-73			
R43	10,000 ohms, 1/4 W	19301-104			
R44	2 Megohm, 1/4 W	19301-169			
R45	2 Megohm, 1/4 W	19301-169			



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN AT 1ST POSITION. 1250 TO 2500 KC



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN AT 2ND POSITION CLOCKWISE. 2.5 TO 5.0 Mc.

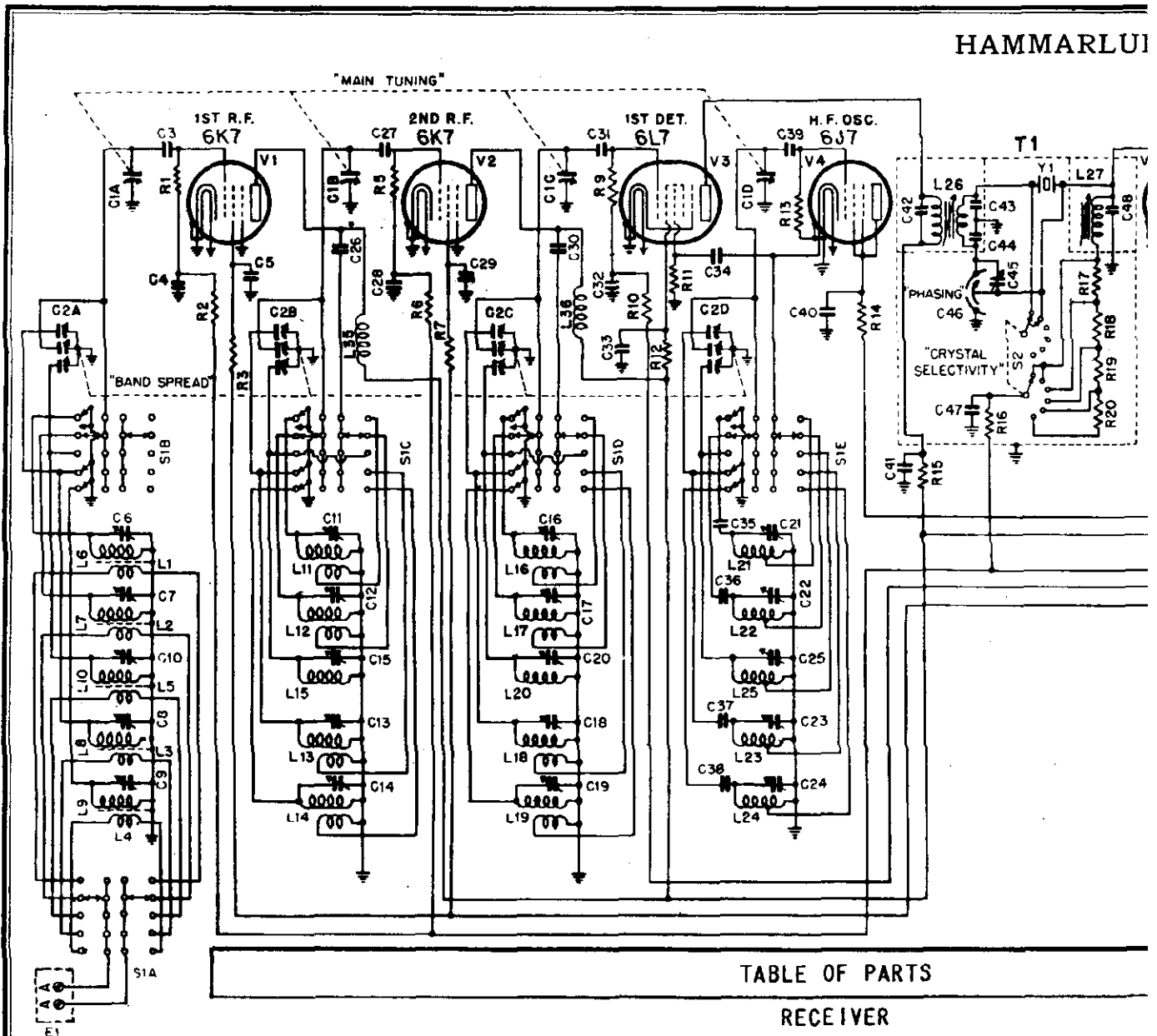


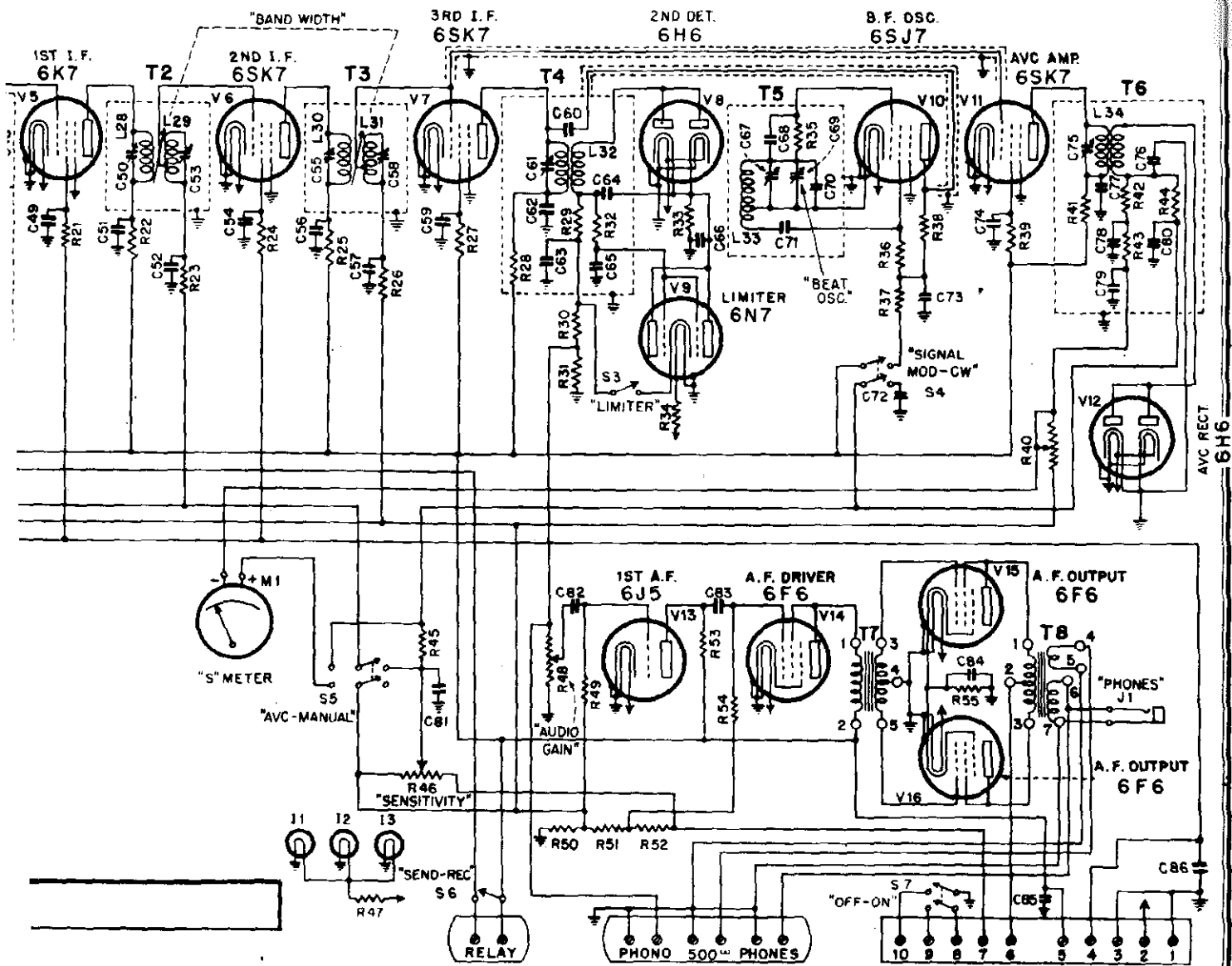
TABLE OF PARTS

RECEIVER

CIRCUIT REF. NO.	DESCRIPTION	PART NO.		
CAPACITORS				
C1	Main Tuning			
C2	Band Spread			
C3	620 mmf, Mica	23005-86		
C4	.02 mf, Paper	23912-1		
C5	.05 mf, Paper	23912-2		
C6	Trimmer, Mica, 3-30 mmf	Part of SA-110		
C7	Trimmer, Mica, 3-30 mmf	Part of SA-113		
C8	Trimmer, Mica, 3-30 mmf	Part of SA-116		
C9	Trimmer, Mica, 3-30 mmf	Part of SA-136		
C10	Trimmer, Air, 4-36 mmf	Part of SA-130		
C11	Trimmer, Mica, 3-30 mmf	Part of SA-111		
C12	Trimmer, Mica, 3-30 mmf	Part of SA-114		
C13	Trimmer, Mica, 3-30 mmf	Part of SA-117		
C14	Trimmer, Mica, 3-30 mmf	Part of SA-137		
C15	Trimmer, Air, 4-16 mmf	Part of SA-131		
C16	Trimmer, Mica, 3-30 mmf	Part of SA-111		
C17	Trimmer, Mica, 3-30 mmf			Part of SA-
C18	Trimmer, Mica, 3-30 mmf			Part of SA-
C19	Trimmer, Mica, 3-30 mmf			Part of SA-
C20	Trimmer, Air, 4-16 mmf			Part of SA-
C21	Trimmer, Air, 4-28 mmf			Part of SA-
C22	Trimmer, Air, 4-28 mmf			Part of SA-
C23	Trimmer, Air, 4-28 mmf			Part of SA-
C24	Trimmer, Air, 4-28 mmf			Part of SA-
C25	Trimmer, Air, 4-25 mmf			Part of SA-
C26	300 mmf, Silver Mica	23003-105D		
C27	620 mmf, Mica	23005-86		
C28	.02 mf, Paper	23912-1		
C29	.05 mf, Paper	23912-2		
C30	300 mmf, Silver Mica	23003-105D		
C31	620 mmf, Mica	23005-86		
C32	.02 mf, Paper	23912-1		
C33	.05 mf, Paper	23912-2		
C34	95 mmf, Silver Mica	6195		
C35	4800 mmf, "Toothpick"	Part of SA		
C36	2400 mmf, "Toothpick"	Part of SA		

UND MFG. CO. INC.

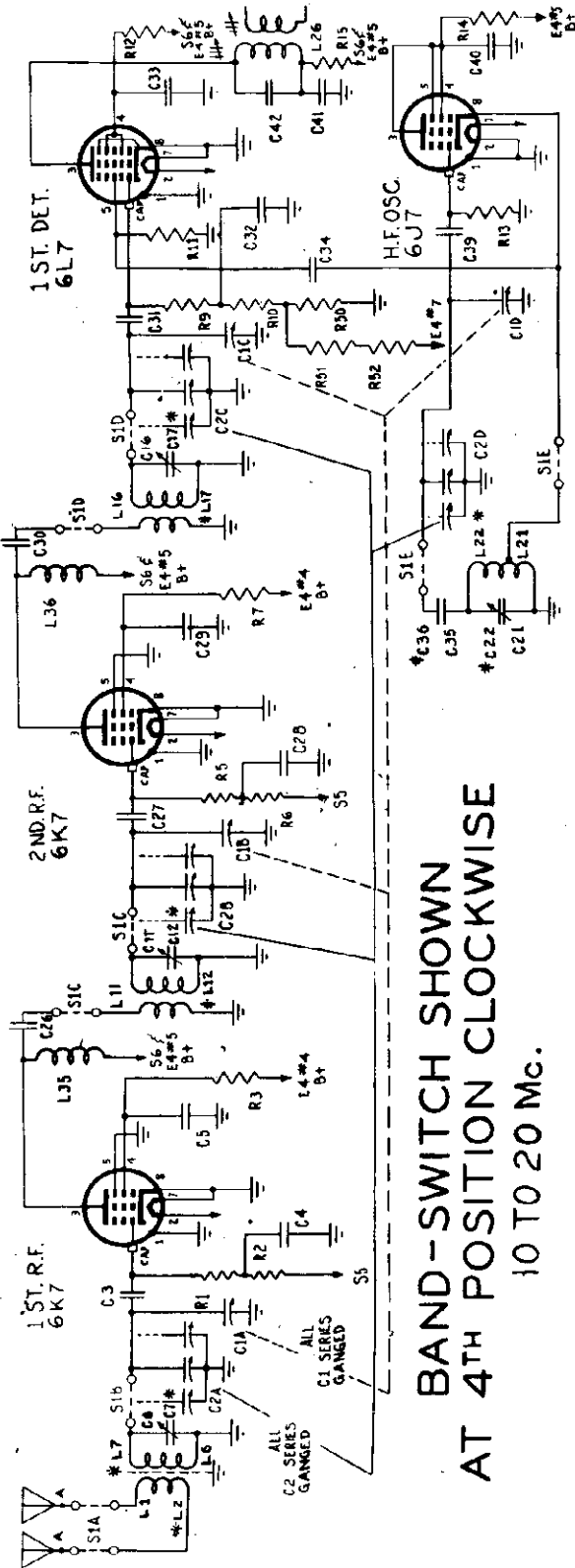
MODEL SP-400-SX



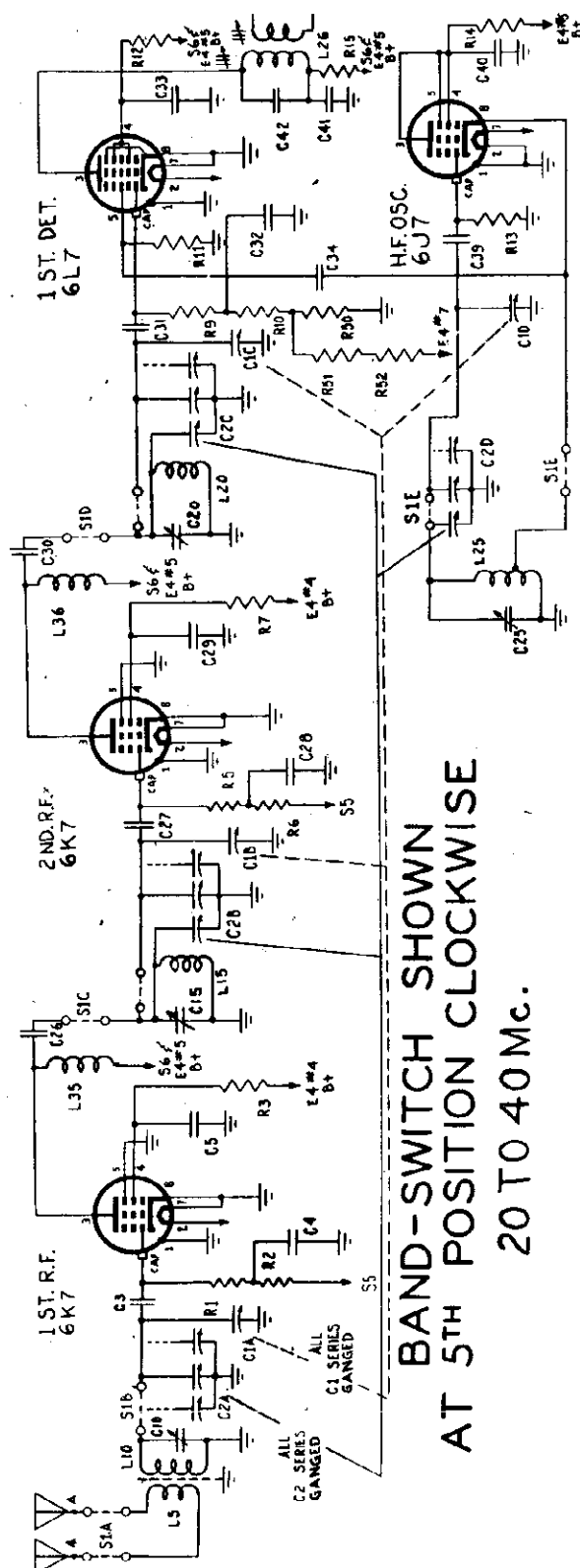
14	C37	1220 mmf, "Toothpick"	Part of SA 118	E3	C56	.05 mf, Paper	23912-2
17	C38	522 mmf, Silver Mica	Part of SA 138	E3	C57	.05 mf, Paper	23912-2
37	C39	51 mmf, Silver Mica	23003-50	E3	C58	Variable, Air, 100 mmf	SA-1
31	C40	.05 mf, Paper	23912-2	E3	C59	.05 mf, Paper	23912-2
12	C41	.05 mf, Paper	23912-2	E3	C60	5 mmf, Silver Mica	23003-75
15	C42	120 mmf, Silver Mica	23003-96	E3	C61	Variable, Air, 100 mmf	SA-1
8	C43	100 mmf, Mica	23001-48	E3	C62	.05 mf, Paper	23912-2
18	C44	100 mmf, Mica	23001-48	E3	C63	51 mmf, Mica	23001-59
12	C45	Trimmer, Mica, 1.5-5 mmf	6189	E3	C64	51 mmf, Mica	23001-59
	C46	Phasing, Air, 2-6 mmf (ea.)	SA-179	E3	C65	.05 mf, Paper	23912-2
	C47	.02 mf, Paper	23912-1	E3	C66	51 mmf, Mica	23001-59
	C48	85 mmf, Silver Mica ±2%	6180	E3	C67	Variable, Air, 100 mmf	SA-197
	C49	.05 mf, Paper	23912-2	E3	C68	100 mmf, Mica	23001-48
	C50	Variable, Air, 100 mmf	SA-1	E3	C69	Variable, Air, 9 mmf	SA-170
	C51	.05 mf, Paper	23912-2	E3	C70	95 mmf, Silver Mica	6195
	C52	.05 mf, Paper	23912-2	E3	C71	620 mmf, Mica	23005-86
	C53	Variable, Air, 100 mmf	SA-1	E3	C72	.25 mf, Paper	23912-38
	C54	.05 mf, Paper	23912-2	E3	C73	.05 mf, Paper	23912-2
2	C55	Variable, Air, 100 mmf	SA-1	E3	C74	.05 mf, Paper	23912-2
5				E3	C75	Variable, Air, 100 mmf	SA-1

BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
 AT 3RD POSITION CLOCKWISE
 5 TO 10 Mc

* STARS SHOW CHANGES IN PARTS DESIGNATIONS FOR 5th POSITION - OTHERWISE
 SCHEMATIC REMAINS THE SAME AS 4th POSITION.



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
 AT 4TH POSITION CLOCKWISE
 10 TO 20 Mc.



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
 AT 5TH POSITION CLOCKWISE
 20 TO 40 Mc.

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

ALIGNMENT - GENERAL

When either selectivity or sensitivity or both appear to be below normal and all tubes have been tested, check the alignment. Remove the cabinet or dust cover and bottom cover plate of the Receiver to get at all parts for making adjustments. **CAUTION: ANY CHANGES FROM ORIGINAL SETTINGS WILL BE SMALL, SO USE GREAT CARE WHEN CHECKING ADJUSTMENTS.** This is especially true of the H-F oscillator circuits, which should NOT be disturbed unless the MAIN TUNING dial is definitely known to be off calibration.

a. Signal Generator - This should be an accurately calibrated instrument producing amplitude-modulated radio-frequency signals. In addition to 465 kc (the I-F.), the frequency range required of the signal generator depends on the tuning range of the receiver to be aligned. The H-F alignment frequencies for the Series 400-SX Super-Pro are shown in Fig. 13. The second harmonic can generally be used when the fundamental frequency is not available. For example: a signal generator covering all frequencies from 465 kc to 20 mc could be used to check the highest frequency band by using the second harmonic of 20 mc to provide the 40 mc called for in Fig. 13. The signal generator should have an output of approximately 100 microvolts and an output impedance of approximately 100 ohms for best results when aligning the H-F and H-F-Oscillator circuits. For I-F alignment these values are not critical. The frequency calibration of the signal generator is extremely important if the Receiver dial calibration is to be correct.

b. Output Meter - The output meter should respond to the modulation frequency of the signal generator, preferably 400 cps, and should provide at least half-scale deflection for 10 volts. Its resistance should be greater than 500 ohms.

c. Tools - An insulated screwdriver 9/64" wide and .025" thick at the bit, is required for alignment of the Receiver.

d. Preliminary Procedure - Throw the OFF-ON switch to ON and let the Receiver warm up for about an hour before beginning adjustments. Connect the output meter to the 500-ohm terminals located at the rear of the Receiver chassis.

a. Preliminary Setup - Adjust the signal generator to approximately 465 kc and connect its output to the control grid cap of the 1st detector tube (V3) through a fixed capacitor (anything larger than 100 mmf will do). Set the front panel controls as follows:

- SENSITIVITY.....0
- AVC-MANUAL.....MANUAL
- SIGNAL-MD-CW.....MOD
- SENS-REC.....REC
- BAND SWITCH.....2.5-5.0 mc
- AUDIO GAIN.....10
- CRYSTAL SELECTIVITY.....OFF
- PHASING.....on arrow
- BAND WIDTH.....3
- BAND SPREAD DIAL.....100

b. I-F Alignment Check

(1) Set the MAIN TUNING dial near 2.5 mc, but be careful not to tune in a powerful local signal. Set the CRYSTAL SELECTIVITY switch on 3, the AVC-MANUAL switch on AVC, and advance the SENSITIVITY to 10. Turn off the modulation of the signal generator and adjust its frequency slightly to produce maximum deflection of the "S" meter. The adjustment of the signal generator in this manner is necessary in order to get exact agreement with the natural period of the particular quartz crystal in the Receiver being checked. After reducing SENSITIVITY to 0, the modulation may be switched on, but the tuning adjustment of the signal generator must not be altered until the alignment check has been completed. Return the CRYSTAL SELECTIVITY and AVC-MANUAL controls to their original settings of OFF and advance the SENSITIVITY control until a suitable output meter reading is obtained. A half-scale reading in the region of 5 to 10 volts will be satisfactory.

(2) Now check the alignment of both upper (grid) and lower (plate) air trimmer capacitors in I-F transformers T2 and T3 and the single trimmer in T4 for peak reading of the output meter. If one or more of these adjustments results in a sizeable increase in output, reduce the SENSITIVITY control enough to bring the meter reading back to half-scale. Alignment of the plate circuit of the crystal filter (T1) can be tested in the same way by means of the lower adjusting screw on the side of the unit. This screw varies the

position of the powdered iron core in coil L26. Do not change the setting of the upper adjusting screw which tunes grid coil L27, as this circuit cannot be adjusted properly with the output meter. It can, however, be aligned by the "visual" method using a frequency-modulated signal generator and cathode-ray oscilloscope. If this equipment is available, proceed as follows:

(3) Connect the input of the vertical amplifier of the oscilloscope to the PHONO connections on terminal strip E3 (Fig. 6) on the rear skirt of the Receiver chassis. The "high" terminal is the second one from the edge of the strip; the first screw is connected to the chassis. Set the frequency-modulated signal generator to approximately 465 kc and connect its output to the control grid cap of the 1st detector (V3) through a fixed capacitor (100 mmf or larger). With the CRYSTAL SELECTIVITY switch at OFF, readjust the signal generator frequency to produce the conventional single-peaked resonance curve on the screen of the oscilloscope. Then turn the CRYSTAL SELECTIVITY switch to position 1. If the grid coil (L27) is correctly tuned the image on the oscilloscope screen will remain symmetrical but will be only about two-thirds as wide as before, indicating an increase in selectivity. The oscilloscope image is also affected by the PHASING control, maximum symmetry occurring at or very near the arrow on its scale. Therefore, when tuning L27, rock the PHASING control back and forth at the same time to secure the best adjustment.

c. AVC Alignment Check - Leaving all other controls as in PAR. 26a, and without changing the signal generator frequency, reduce AUDIO GAIN to 0, switch to AVC and increase SENSITIVITY to 10. Increase AUDIO GAIN to restore half-scale reading on the output meter and adjust the single trimmer capacitor in T6 for minimum output meter reading. The "S" meter reading should "peak" at the same time the output meter reading "dips".

d. Beat Oscillator Alignment Check - Continuing with controls as above (PAR. 26c), switch off the output meter and plug in a pair of earphones, or replace the meter with a suitable loudspeaker. Turn the SIGNAL-MD-CW switch to CW and see that the BEAT OSCILLATOR control is exactly on 0 (zero). If tone in earphones or speaker is not

very low in pitch, readjust the trimmer capacitor near the bottom of T5 until it is. If the beat oscillator is in perfect alignment when this test is made, no sound will be heard since the signal generator and the beat oscillator will be oscillating at the same frequency and there will be no audible difference of "beat". Check this by turning the BEAT OSCILLATOR control knob slightly off 0 (zero) toward one side or the other. If this results in a tone rising in pitch as the pointer is turned away from 0 (zero) to either side, the beat frequency oscillator is perfectly aligned. If no audible tone can be obtained within the range of the BEAT OSCILLATOR control, adjust the trimmer capacitor near the bottom of T5 until an approximate "zero beat" occurs at 0 (zero) setting of the BEAT OSCILLATOR control.

e. H-F Oscillator Calibration Check - The accuracy of the MAIN DIAL calibration depends solely on the H-F oscillator frequency, which in this Receiver is 465 kc (the I-F) higher than the signal frequency except in the 20-40 mc band, where the H-F oscillator is 465 kc lower than the signal frequency. Although the frequency of the H-F oscillator can be measured directly if accurate frequency-measuring equipment is on hand, it is far simpler to check it by tuning in signals of known frequency and noting the MAIN DIAL readings. **CAUTION: BE SURE THE BAND SPREAD DIAL IS SET AT 100 WHEN MAKING THIS TEST.**

(1) To correct dial calibration, refer to alignment chart (Fig. 13) for location of H-F oscillator adjustments as well as signal frequencies at which settings should be made. If the 2.5-5.0 mc band is to be corrected, the signal generator may be set accurately to 2.5 mc and its second harmonic (if strong enough) used for the 5.0 mc end of the band. The output of the signal generator should be unmodulated and SIGNAL-MD-CW switch on Receiver turned to CW. Set BEAT OSCILLATOR at 0, AUDIO GAIN at 10, AVC-MANUAL on MANUAL, BAND WIDTH at 16. Disconnect output meter and use earphones or loudspeaker to make necessary adjustments by "zero beat" method. Connect signal generator to antenna terminals for this test.

(2) Tune in second harmonic at 5.0 mc end of dial to zero beat. Notice approximate dial error. Turn main dial slightly toward 5.0 mc calibration line until beat note rises to a high pitch. Do not turn dial far enough to

MODEL SP-400-SX

HAMMARLUND MFG. CO. INC.

system instead of directly to antenna terminals through a 100-ohm resistor. Make sure that signal from signal generator actually reaches Receiver by way of antenna rather than by some form of direct coupling.

(4) In all the foregoing tests using output meter readings for circuit adjustment it is recommended that earphones (or speaker) be used to monitor the signal. This will avoid false adjustments caused by overloading or freakish responses.

put resistance of signal generator. If signal generator is modulated, Receiver controls should be set as for I-F alignment; if unmodulated, set BEAT OSCILLATOR to 2 (either side) and SIGNAL-MOD-CW to CW. Adjust SENSITIVITY for half-scale reading on output meter when signals are exactly in tune.

(2) Starting with 2.5-5.0 mc band, set main dial at 5.0 mc (BAND SPREAD at 100) and adjust frequency of signal generator for peak deflection of output meter. Then check setting of trimmer marked 1st DET 5.0 mc (Fig. 13). Repeat this procedure on trimmers designated as 2nd RF and 1st RF in same row. If readjustments on one of these settings greatly increases output meter reading, alter SENSITIVITY slightly to reduce reading to half-scale. After each adjustment check tuning of Receiver to make sure test signal is still accurately tuned. BAND SPREAD may be used as a vernier for this purpose. CAUTION: THIS TUNING CHECK IS EXTREMELY IMPORTANT AT HIGH END OF 10-20 MC AND 20-40 MC BANDS WHERE THERE IS SOME SLIGHT INTERACTION BETWEEN 1ST DET AND H-F OSC CIRCUITS. After checking the three trimmers at high end of this band, turn main dial to 2.5 mc and retune signal generator to suit. Then check the three inductance adjuster settings marked 2.5 mc (Fig. 13) in the same row. Since adjustments at one end of a band also affect the other end of the band (as described under H-F OSC alignment), repeat above procedure until no further improvement can be secured. The number of repetitions necessary depends on how much mistuning existed initially. Other bands may be checked in the same manner.

(3) For best possible efficiency with a particular antenna arrangement, the 1st RF circuits may be adjusted with the antenna connected. This can be done by loosely coupling output of signal generator to antenna

raise beat so high it cannot be heard. With alignment screwdriver adjust trimmer capacitor marked HF OSC 5.0 mc (Fig. 13) until beat is again zero. Turn main dial still farther toward 5.0 mc line and make a further adjustment of trimmer capacitor to return to zero beat. Repeat this process as often as necessary to bring dial to exactly 5.0 mc. (The main dial could be set at once on exactly 5.0 mc and trimmer turned enough at one time to produce zero beat, but the step-by-step method is recommended.) Now tune in 2.5 mc fundamental at low-frequency end of main dial and correct the calibration step-by-step as before, using inductance trimming adjustment HF OSC 2.5 mc (Fig. 13). When second harmonic is again tuned in at other end of dial, it will be found that inductance adjustment at 2.5 mc has changed correction previously made at 5.0 mc. This is normal. Go back and forth several times from 2.5 to 5.0 mc in order to bring both ends of dial scale into exact agreement with the signal frequency. CAUTION: DURING THIS ADJUSTMENT BE VERY CAREFUL TO ADJUST THE SENSITIVITY CONTROL TO AVOID OVERLOADING.

f. R-F and 1st Detector Alignment Check - Although alignment of these three circuits (1st and 2nd RF and 1st Det) can be checked at the same time as the H-F oscillator, it is simpler to consider each check as a separate operation. Efficient weak-signal reception, with low receiver noise level and high image rejection ratios, depends on the relative alignment of these three circuits with respect to the H-F oscillator and without regard to calibration accuracy.

(1) Accurate calibration of the signal generator is not required to check these adjustments. Modulation of the signal generator, while convenient, is not strictly necessary. Input to antenna terminals should be through 100 ohms (approximate) including out-

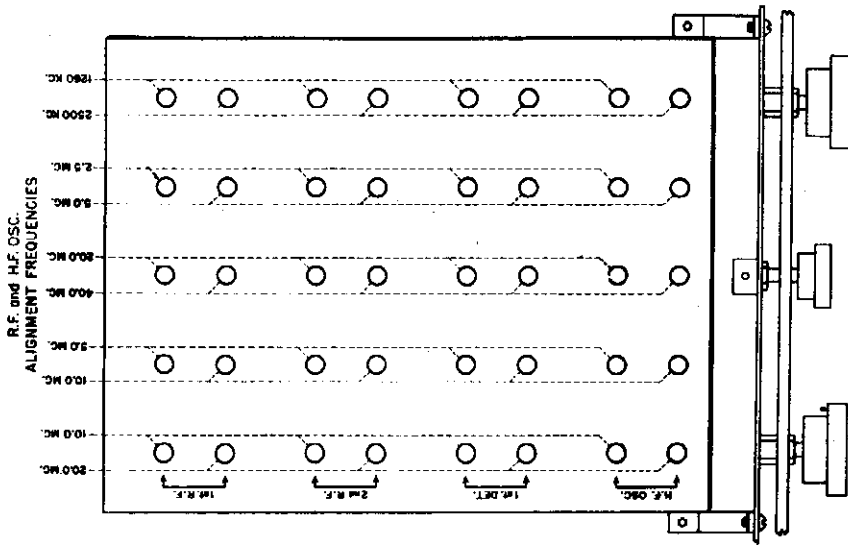


Fig. 13. ALIGNMENT CHART. Shows location of screwdriver adjustments and corresponding test frequencies.

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MODEL SP-400-S

CIRCUIT REF. NO.	DESCRIPTION	PART NO.	CIRCUIT REF. NO.	DESCRIPTION	PART NO.	CIRCUIT REF. NO.	DESCRIPTION	PART NO.
C76	5100 mf. Mica	23015-16		METERS			TUBES	
C77	.05 mf. Paper	23912-2	M1	Meter, 0-200 micro-ampere movement	4903	V1, V2, V5	6K7	16244-1
C78	.05 mf. Paper	23912-2				V3	6L7	16212-1
C79	.05 mf. Paper	23912-2		RESISTORS		V4	6J7	16220-1
C80	.05 mf. Paper	23912-2	R1	500,000 ohms, 1/3 W	4959	V6, V7, V11	6SK7	16245-1
C81	.05 mf. Paper	23912-2	R2	10,000 ohms, 1/2 W	19309-73	V8, V12	6H6	16202-1
C82	.02 mf. Paper	23912-1	R3	2,000 ohms, 1/2 W	19301-206	V9	6R7	16246-1
C83	.05 mf. Paper	23912-2	R4	Not used		V10	6SJ7	16236-1
C84	40 mf, Electrolytic, Dry	6171	R5	500,000 ohms, 1/3 W	4959	V13	6J5	16209-1
C85	.25 mf. Paper	23912-38	R6	10,000 ohms, 1/2 W	19309-73	V14, V15, V16	6F6	16239-1
C86	.25 mf. Paper	23912-38	R7	2,000 ohms, 1/2 W	19301-206		CABLES	
	JACK		R8	Not used		W1	Connector, nine wire, with two 10 terminal connector strips.	SA-35
J1	JK-34-A, Phone Jack (Headset)	5066	R9	500,000 ohms, 1/3 W	4959	W2	Connector, eight wire, with one 10 terminal connector strip (special order only)	SA-67
	COILS		R10	10,000 ohms, 1/2 W	19309-73		SOCKETS	
L1	Coil Assm., Antenna Primary, 10-20 mc	SA-46	R11	50,000 ohms, 1/3 W	4960	X1-X4	Tube socket, molded octal, low loss bakelite.	16082-1
L2	Coil Assm., Antenna Primary, 5-10 mc	SA-47	R12	28,000 ohms, 2 W	19304-202	X5-X16	Molded octal, black bakelite	16083-1
L3	Coil Assm., Antenna Primary, 2.5-5 mc	SA-48	R13	50,000 ohms, 2/3 W	4960		QUARTZ CRYSTAL	
L4	Coil Assm., Antenna Primary, 1250-2500 kc	SA-49	R14	12,000 ohms, 2 W	19304-84	Y1	Resonator type, ground for 465 kc	4948
L5	Coil Assm., Antenna Primary, 20-40 mc	SA-46	R15	2,000 ohms, 1/2 W	19301-206		POWER SUPPLY	
L6	Coil Assm., Grid Coil, 10-20 mc	SA-110	R16	10,000 ohms, 1/2 W	19309-73		CAPACITORS	
L7	Coil Assm., Grid Coil, 5-10 mc	SA-115	R17	28 ohms, 1/2 W	19301-178	C1	Paper 1 mf. 1000 VDCV	23843-4
L8	Coil Assm., Grid Coil, 2.5-5 mc	SA-116	R18	51 ohms, 1/2 W	19301-187	C2	16 mf, 600 VDCV, Dry Electrolytic	23842-13
L9	Coil Assm., Grid Coil, 1250-2500 kc	SA-136	R19	300 ohms, 1/2 W	19301-196	C3-A-B-C	8-8-B mf, 450 VDCV Dry Electrolytic	23842-28
L10	Coil Assm., Grid Coil, 20-40 mc	SA-130	R20	2,000 ohms, 1/2 W	19301-206	C4-A-B-C	8-8-B mf, 450 VDCV Dry Electrolytic	23842-28
L11	Coil Assm., R.F. Transformer, 10-20 mc	SA-111	R21	2,000 ohms, 1/2 W	19301-206	E3	FUSE HOLDER	15923-1
L12	Coil Assm., R.F. Transformer, 5-10 mc	SA-114	R22	2,000 ohms, 1/2 W	19301-206	F1	FUSE 2 amp 250V, glass enclosed	15928-7
L13	Coil Assm., R.F. Transformer, 2.5-5 mc	SA-117	R23	10,000 ohms, 1/2 W	19309-73		CHOKES	
L14	Coil Assm., R.F. Transformer, 1250-2500 kc	SA-137	R24	2,000 ohms, 1/2 W	19301-206	L1	Filter, 350 ohms, 25h at 160 ma	2981
L15	Coil Assm., R.F. Transformer, 20-40 mc	SA-131	R25	2,000 ohms, 1/2 W	19301-206	L2	Filter, 1150 ohms, 50h at 100 ma	4819
L16	Coil Assm., Same as L11	SA-111	R26	10,000 ohms, 1/2 W	19301-206		RESISTORS	
L17	Coil Assm., Same as L12	SA-114	R27	10,000 ohms, 1/2 W	19309-73	R1	18,000 ohms tapped at 9500, 10 W	4946
L18	Coil Assm., Same as L13	SA-117	R28	2,000 ohms, 1/2 W	19301-206	R1A	8500 ohms	Part of R1
L19	Coil Assm., Same as L14	SA-137	R29	100,000 ohms, 1/2 W	19301-215	R1B	9500 ohms	Part of R1
L20	Coil Assm., Same as L15	SA-131	R30	75,000 ohms, 1/2 W	19301-215	R2	18,000 ohms tapped at 6500, 6500, 10 W	3997
L21	Coil Assm., Oscillator Coil, 10-20 mc	SA-112	R31	51,000 ohms, 1/2 W	19301-171	R2A	5000 ohms	Part of R2
L22	Coil Assm., Oscillator Coil, 5-10 mc	SA-115	R32	1 megohm, 1/2 W	19301-104	R2B	6500 ohms	Part of R2
L23	Coil Assm., Oscillator Coil, 2.5-5 mc	SA-110	R33	280,000 ohms, 1/2 W	19301-155	R2C	6500 ohms	Part of R2
L24	Coil Assm., Oscillator Coil, 1250-2500 kc	SA-136	R34	4 ohms, 5 W	19431-1	T1	TRANSFORMER , 50-60 cycle, primary tapped at 105, 115, 125 V	4801
L25	Coil Assm., Oscillator Coil, 20-40 mc	SA-132	R35	100,000 ohms, 1/2 W	19301-80		TUBES	
L26	Coil, Universal, 7/81 Litz., iron dust core	4146	R36	510,000 ohms, 1/2 W	19309-189	V1	6U6G	16215-1
L27	Coil, Universal, 7/81 Litz., iron dust core	6147	R37	5,100 ohms, 1/2 W	19301-210	V2	6Y3GT/G	16252-1
L28	Coil, 3 pie universal, 7/81 Litz., ceramic core	2983-A	R38	51,000 ohms, 1/2 W	19301-171	W1	CABLE , Power	6143
L29	Coil, 3 pie universal, 7/81 Litz., ceramic core	3990	R39	51,000 ohms, 1 W	19303-182	X1, X2	TUBE SOCKET , Molded octal, black bakelite	16083-1
L30	Coil, Same as L28	2983-A	R40	1,000 ohms, Potentiometer	4932			
L31	Coil, Same as L29	3990	R41	2,000 ohms, 1/2 W	19301-206			
L32	Coil, Universal, 7/81 Litz., ceramic core	4967	R42	28,000 ohms, 1/2 W	19301-215			
L33	Coil, 3 pie universal, 7/81 Litz., ceramic core	2951	R43	10,000 ohms, 1/2 W	19309-73			
L34	Coil, Universal, 7/81 Litz., ceramic core	4966	R44	1 megohm, 1/2 W	19301-104			
L35	Choke coil, 5 pie universal R.F. Choke, ceramic core, wire leads	609-1	R45	2 megohms, 1/2 W	19301-169			
L36	Choke Coil, Same as L35	609-1	R46	50,000 ohms, Potentiometer	5023			
			R47	4 ohms, 5 W	19431-1			
			R48	250,000 ohms, Potentiometer	4919			
			R49	510,000 ohms, 1/2 W	19309-159			
			R50	300 ohms, 1/2 W	19301-196			
			R51	1,800 ohms, 1/2 W	19301-38			
			R52	3,000 ohms, 1 W	19309-169			
			R53	51,000 ohms, 1W	19303-182			
			R54	510,000 ohms, 1/2 W	19309-159			
			R55	750 ohms, 10 W	19430-30			
				SWITCHES				
			S1	10 pole, 5 position, 5 section				
			S2	Wafer type, six position	4911			
			S3	SPST Rotary Snap	4916			
			S4	SPST Rotary Snap	5733			
			S5	DPDT Toggle	2990			
			S6	6PST Rotary Snap	5729			
			S7	DPST Toggle	2983-1			
				FILTER				
			T1	Assm., Variable selectivity quartz crystal filter	SA-176A			
				TRANSFORMERS				
			T2	Variable selectivity, I.F.	SA-166A			
			T3	Same as T2	SA-166A			
			T4	Fixed selectivity, I.F.	SA-167A			
			T5	465 kc oscillator assm.	SA-169A			
			T6	Fixed selectivity, I.F.	SA-168A			
			T7	A.F. push-pull input	4887			
			T8	A.F. push-pull output	4888			

HOFFMAN RADIO CORP.

No alignment adjustments should be attempted without first thoroughly checking over all other possible causes of trouble such as defective tubes, resistors, and condensers. In order to align the receiver properly, remove the chassis from the cabinet and proceed as follows.

EQUIPMENT REQUIRED:

1. Signal Generator.
2. Output Meter with 2.5 Volt Scale.
3. 1 Mfd. Condenser.

I.F. ALIGNMENT:

1. Connect output meter across speaker voice coil; set meter on 2.5 volt scale.
2. Connect output of signal generator directly to antenna post on loop; connect ground side of generator to chassis of receiver through 1 Mfd. condenser. Set signal generator on 455 Kc (modulated).
3. Adjust I.F. trimmers (first T4 and then T3) for maximum reading on output meter.

Note: Keep signal level low, just enough to keep maximum reading on lower half of meter scale. Tuning condenser plates should be all the way out volume control should be on full.

R.F. ALIGNMENT:

1. Set tuning condenser with plates completely out.
2. Set signal generator at 1650 Kc (modulated) and feed its output into a loop of wire about 6" in diameter. Place this loop about one foot away from and parallel to the receiver loop antenna.
3. Tune in signal by adjusting oscillator trimmer (C4).
4. Adjust output of signal generator for maximum output.
5. Adjust oscillator trimmer for maximum output.
6. Set signal generator at 1400 Kc and tune in signal with tuning condenser.
7. Adjust antenna trimmer (C3) while rocking gang condenser for maximum reading on output meter. Feed only enough signal from generator to keep maximum reading on lower half of meter scale.

DIAL ADJUSTMENT:

To set the dial on calibration, pick up a station of known frequency near the center of the dial and move the pointer by hand as required.

Power Consumption26 Watts
Undistorted Audio Output1.0 Watt
Maximum Audio Output15 Watts
Loudspeaker5-inch loud P.M.

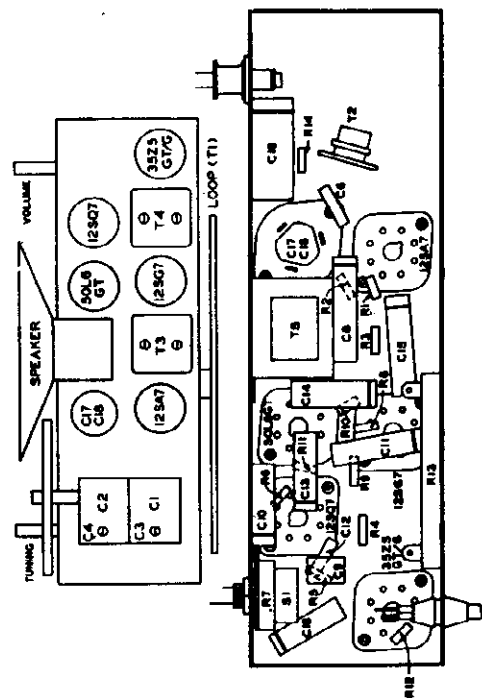
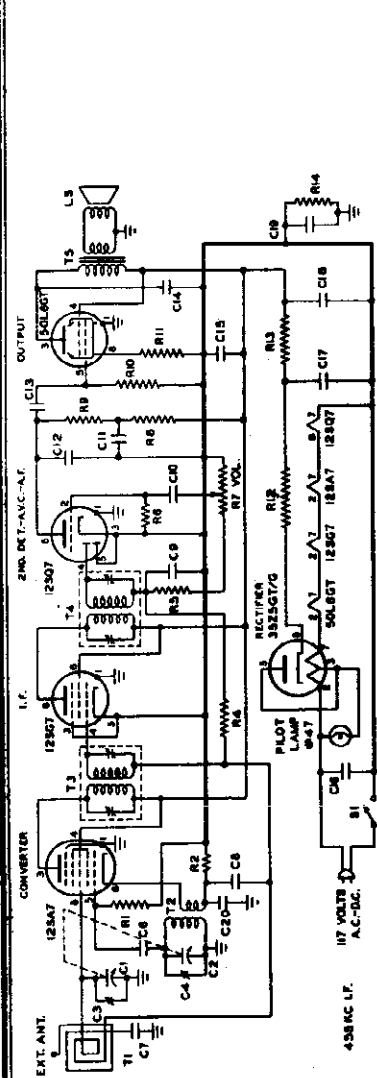


Fig. 2 Bottom of Chassis

SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION	NOMINAL NO.
C1-C2	Two-Series Variable (180-180 Mfd.)	4461
C3, C4	Trimmers: Part of Variable Cond.	4460
C5	100 Mfd. ±20%, Mks	4102
C6, C7, C18	.005 Mfd., 500 Volt, Tubular Paper	4100
C8, C11, C15	.02 Mfd., 500 Volt, Tubular Paper	4461
C9, C12	270 Mfd. ±20%, Mks	4106
C10	.02 Mfd., 500 Volt, Tubular Paper	4108
C14	.01 Mfd., 500 Volt, Tubular Paper	4201
C17-C19	Dry Electrolytic (100-50 Mfd./150V)	4111
C20	3 Mfd., 200 Volt, Tubular Paper	9089
R1	500 Ohm ±20%, 1/2 Watt	4461
R2	500 Ohm ±20%, 1/2 Watt	4524
R3	2.2 Megohm ±20%, 1/2 Watt	4504
R4	47,000 Ohm ±20%, 1/2 Watt	4505
R5	10 Megohm ±20%, 1/2 Watt	4462
R6	5 Megohm Pw. with Switch (Volume)	4511
R7	1 Megohm ±20%, 1/2 Watt	4500
R8	.25 Megohm ±20%, 1/2 Watt	4510
R9, R10, R14	.47 Megohm ±20%, 1/2 Watt	4510
R11	150 Ohm ±20%, 1/2 Watt	4508
R12	500 Ohm ±10%, 5 Watt, W.W.	4700
R13	500 Ohm ±10%, 5 Watt, W.W.	4700
T1	On-Off Switch (On Volume Control)	3307
T2	Antenna Loop	5208
T3	Oscillator Cell	5205
T4	Input I.F. Transformer (455 K.C.)	5206
T5	Output I.F. Transformer (455 K.C.)	5206
T6	Audio Output Transformer	5121

57 Ma.
33 Ma.
NORMAL OPERATING CURRENTS
Cathode Current
Cathode Current

57 Ma.
33 Ma.
NORMAL OPERATING VOLTAGES
The following table lists the normal operating voltages to be expected at the various tube socket terminals.

PIN NO.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
12SA7		24.5AC	+87	+87	-7	0	12AC	-9
12SG7		36AC	0	-9	0	+87	24AC	+87
12SQ7		-5	0	0	0	+62	0	12AC
50L6GT/G		87AC	+85	+87	0	+77 *	36AC	+5.3
35Z5GT/G		117AC	112AC	-	112AC	-	87AC	+117

D.C. voltages measured with 20,000 ohm/volt meter
A.C. voltages measured with 1,000 ohm/volt meter
A.I. voltages measured with reference to B-

* Means tie point
NOTE: The above readings are obtained with no signal input to receiver.

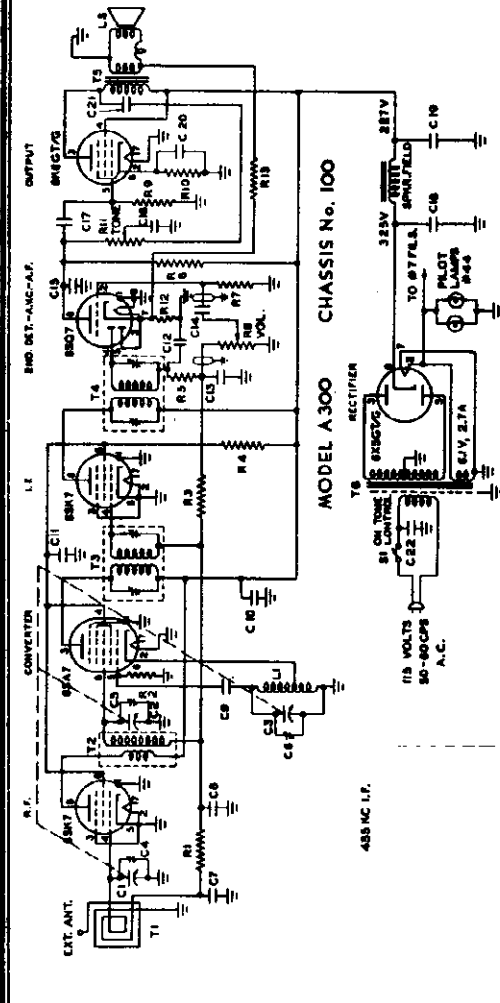
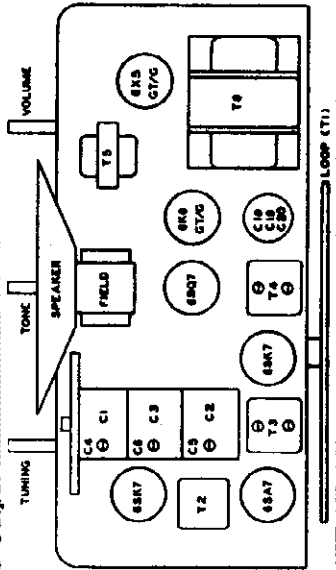
MODEL A300, Chas. 100,
1003

HOFFMAN RADIO CORP.

SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION	HOFFMAN No.
C1-C2-C3	Three-Section Variable (388-388-180 Mm.)	4400
C4, C5, C6	Trimmers: Part of Variable Capacitor	4100
C7, C8	.05 Mfd. 200 Volt, Tubular Paper	4000
C9, C12, C13, C15	100 Mmf. ± 20%, Mica	4101
C10, C11	.05 Mfd. 400 Volt, Tubular Paper	4102
C14, C16	.005 Mfd. 600 Volt, Tubular Paper	4103
C17	.01 Mfd. 600 Volt, Tubular Paper	4200
C18-C19-C20	Dry Electrolytic Capacitor	4104
C21	30-20-20 Mfd. 450-450-25 Volt	4105
C22	.001 Mfd. 600 Volt, Tubular Paper	5200
L1	.01 Mfd. 600 Volt, Tubular Paper (Metal Can) Oscillator Coil	9003
L3	5" PM Loudspeaker	4500
R1, R8	22 Megohm ± 20%, 1/2 Watt	4501
R2	22,000 Ohm ± 20%, 1/2 Watt	4502
R3	2.2 Megohm ± 20%, 1/2 Watt	4503
R4	10,000 Ohm ± 10%, 2 Watt	4504
R5	47,000 Ohm ± 20%, 1/2 Watt	4800
R6	.5 Megohm Potentiometer (Volume)	4505
R7	10 Megohm ± 20%, 1/2 Watt	4506
R9	47 Megohm ± 20%, 1/2 Watt	4507
R10	560 Ohm ± 10%, 1/2 Watt	4801
R11	.25 Megohm Potentiometer With Switch (Tone)	4508
R12	47 Ohm ± 20%, 1/2 Watt	4509
R13	330 Ohm ± 20%, 1/2 Watt	4702
R14	1500 Ohm ± 10%, 10 Watt, W.W.	3201
S1	On-Off Switch (On Tone Control)	5202
T1	Antenna Loop	5203
T2	R.F. Coil (Shielded)	5204
T3	Input I.F. Transformer (455 K.C.)	5100
T4	Output I.F. Transformer (455 K.C.)	5205
T5	Audio Output Transformer	5100
T6	Power Transformer	5206

Hoffman Model A300 is a 6-tube broadcast band AC operated superheterodyne table model receiver incorporating such features as built-in loop antenna, a stage of r-f amplification preceding the converter tube, and a variable tone control. An additional feature, usually not found in receivers of this type, is an inverse feedback network to reduce audio distortion.

SPECIFICATIONS
 Tuning Range 535 Kc to 1640 Kc
 Intermediate Frequency 455 Kc
 Power Supply 115 V A.C., 50-60 C.P.S.
 Power Consumption 55 Watts
 Audio Output 1.25 Watts



Hoffman Model A300 with Chassis number 1003 is electrically identical with Chassis number 100 except for the following:

1. Five-inch P.M. speaker, part number 9003, has been substituted for 4 x 6 inch oval dynamic speaker, part number 9000.
2. A 1500-ohm resistor, part number 4701, has been connected in the filter circuit in place of the 1500-ohm speaker field.

These changes have been incorporated in the schematic diagram shown below.

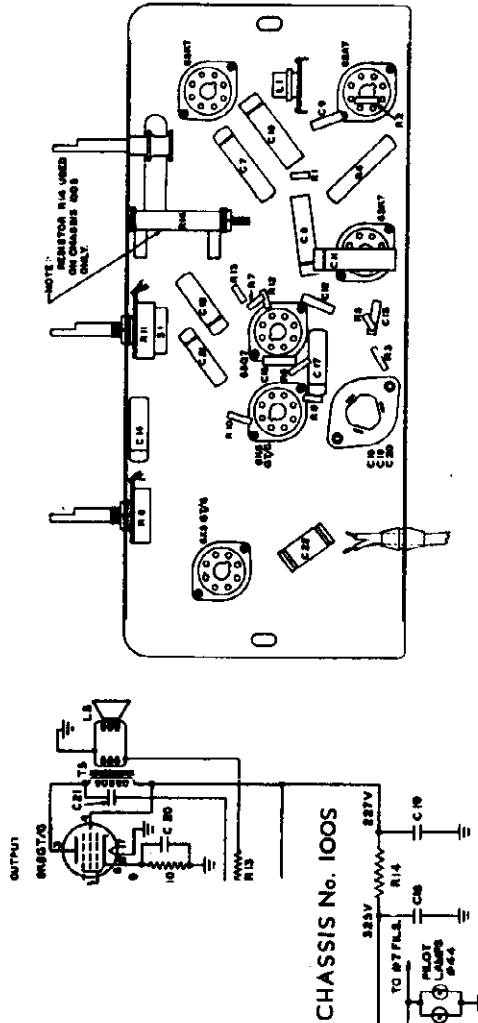


Fig. 3. Bottom of Chassis

HOFFMAN RADIO CORP.

MODEL A300
 MODEL A301
 MODEL A401
 MODEL A500

MODEL A300, Chassis 100, 100S
 MODEL A301, Chassis 101, 101S

DIAL ADJUSTMENTS:

To set the dial on calibration, tune in a station of known frequency near the center of the dial and move the pointer by hand as required.

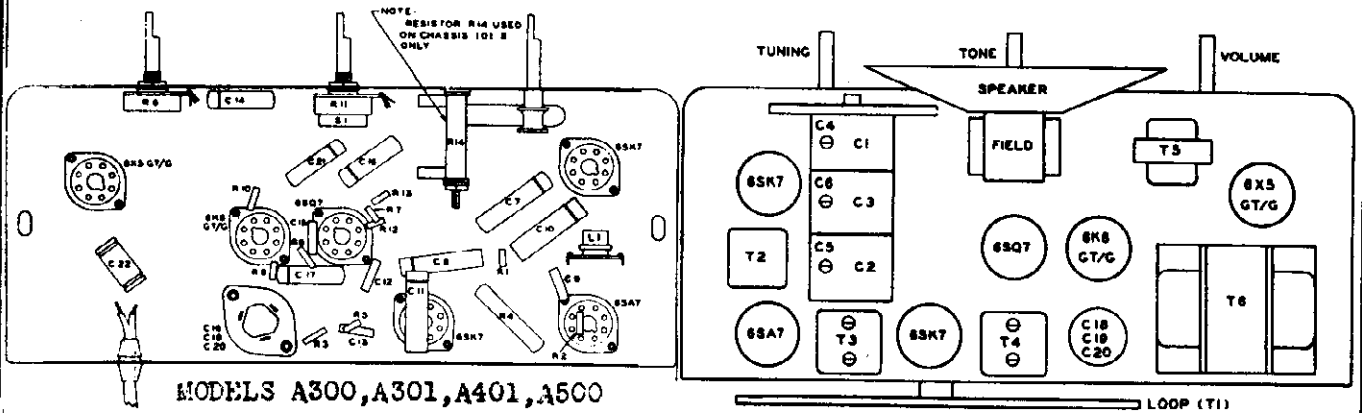


Fig. 1 Top of Chassis

NORMAL OPERATING VOLTAGES

The following table lists the normal operating voltages to be expected at the various tube socket terminals.

PIN NO.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
6SK7 (R.F.)	0	0	0	-5	0	+85	6.1A.C.	+227
6SA7	0	0	+227	+85	-7	0	6.1A.C.	-7
6SK7 (I.F.)	0	0	0	-7	0	+85	6.1A.C.	+227
6SQ7	0	-5	0	-25	0	+85	6.1A.C.	0
6K6GT/G	0	0	+217	+227	0	+325 *	6.1A.C.	+15
6X5GT/G	0	6.1A.C.	290A.C.	-	290A.C.	-	0	+325

D.C. voltages measured with 20,000 ohm/volt meter.
 A.C. voltages measured with 1,000 ohm/volt meter.
 All voltages measured with reference to chassis.
 Line voltage 117.5.

* Means tie point.

NOTE: The above readings are obtained with no signal input to the receiver.

MODELS A300, A301, A401, A500

NORMAL OPERATING CURRENTS

6X5GT/G Cathode Current 65 Ma
 6K6GT/G Cathode Current 24.5 Ma

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

No alignment adjustments should be attempted without first thoroughly checking over all other possible causes of trouble such as defective tubes, resistors, and condensers. In order to align the receiver properly, remove the chassis from the cabinet and proceed as follows:

EQUIPMENT REQUIRED:

1. Signal Generator
2. Output Meter with 2.5 Volt Scale.
3. .1 Mid. Condenser

I.F. ALIGNMENT:

1. Connect output meter across speaker voice coil; set meter on 2.5 Volt Scale.
2. Connect output of signal generator to stator of C2 (see schematic) through a .1 Mid. condenser; connect ground side of generator directly to chassis of receiver. Set signal generator on 455 Kc (modulated).
3. Adjust I.F. trimmers (first T4 and then T3) for maximum reading on output meter. (Note: Keep signal level low, just enough to keep maximum reading on lower half of meter scale.) The tuning condenser plates should be all

the way out; volume and tone controls should be in extreme clockwise position.

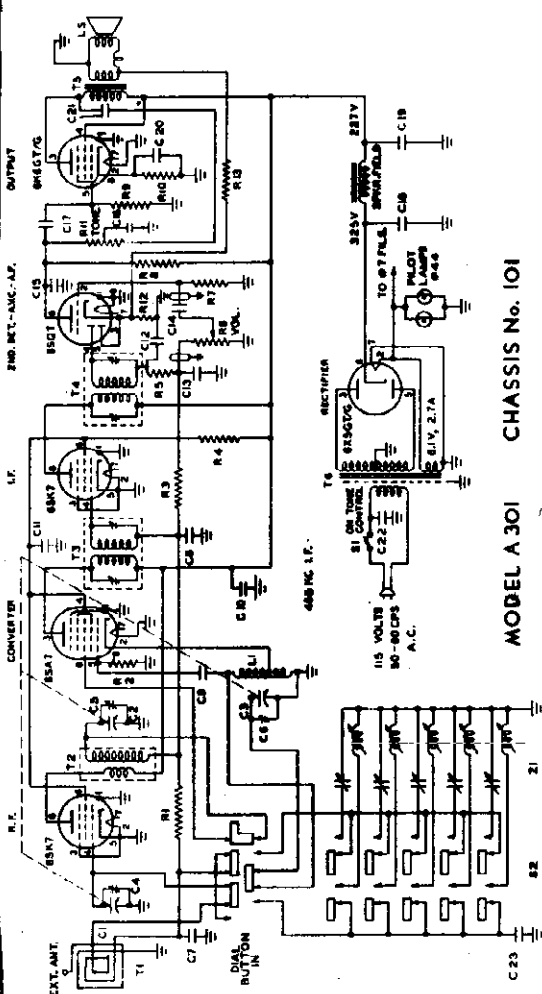
R.F. ALIGNMENT:

1. Set tuning condenser with plates completely out.
2. Set signal generator at 1650 Kc (modulated) and feed its output into a loop of wire about 6 inches in diameter. Place this loop about one foot away from and parallel to the receiver loop antenna.
3. Tune in signal by adjusting oscillator trimmer (C6).
4. Adjust output of signal generator to obtain deflection on lower half of meter scale.
5. Adjust oscillator trimmer for maximum output.
6. Set signal generator at 1400 Kc and tune in signal with tuning condenser.
7. Adjust antenna and RF trimmers (C4 and C5) while rocking gang condenser for maximum reading on output meter. Feed only enough signal from generator to keep maximum reading on lower half of meter scale.

MODEL A301, Chas. 101,
101S
MODEL A500
MODEL A501

HOFFMAN RADIO CORP.

SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION	HOFFMAN NO.
C1-C3-C5	Three-Section Variable (989-311-110 M.M.L.)	4400
C4, C5, C6	Trimmer; Part of Variable Condenser	4100
C7, C8	.05 Mfd, 200 Volt, Tubular Paper	6000
C9, C12, C13, C15	100 Mmf. - 20%, Mica	4101
C10-C11	.05 Mfd, 400 Volt, Tubular Paper	4102
C14, C16	.005 Mfd, 500 Volt, Tubular Paper	4103
C17	.01 Mfd, 600 Volt, Tubular Paper	4200
C18-C19-C20	Dry Electrolytic Condenser (20-20-20 Mfd 450-450-25 Volt)	4104
C21	.01 Mfd, 600 Volt, Tubular Paper	4105
C22	.01 Mfd, 600 Volt, Tubular Paper (Metal Can)	4004
C23	500 Mmf. - 5%, Silver Mica	9003
L1	Oscillator Coil	4500
L5	Lead-in; 5" P.A.	4501
R1, R8	22 Megohm - 20%, 1/2 Watt	4502
R2	23,000 Ohm - 20%, 1/2 Watt	4503
R3	2.2 Megohm - 20%, 1/2 Watt	4504
R4	10,000 Ohm - 10%, 2 Watt	4804
R5	47,000 Ohm - 20%, 1/2 Watt	4505
R6	.5 Megohm Potentiometer (Volume)	4506
R7	10 Megohm - 20%, 1/2 Watt	4507
R9	.47 Megohm - 20%, 1/2 Watt	4508
R10	540 Ohm - 10%, 1/2 Watt	4509
R11	.25 Megohm Potentiometer With Switch (Tune)	4101
R12	47 Ohm - 20%, 1/2 Watt	6000
R13	330 Ohm - 20%, 1/2 Watt	5201
R14	1500 Ohm ± 5%, 6 1/2 Watt	3112
S1	On-Off Switch (On Tune Control)	5202
S2	Pushbutton Switch Assembly	5204
T1	Antenna Loop	9100
T2	R.F. Coil (Shielded)	5200
T3	Input I.F. Transformer (455 K.C.)	5100
T4	Output I.F. Transformer (455 K.C.)	5200
T5	Audio Output Transformer	9100
T6	Power Transformer	5200
Z1	Pushbutton Tuning Assembly	5200



MODEL A301 CHASSIS No. 101

Hoffman Model A301 with Chassis 101S is electrically identical with Chassis 101 except for the following:

- Five-inch P.M. speaker, part number 9003, has been substituted for 4 x 6-inch oval dynamic speaker, part number 9000.
- A 1500-ohm resistor, part number 4701, has been connected in the filter circuit in place of the 1500-ohm speaker field.

These changes have been incorporated in the schematic diagram shown below.

SPECIFICATIONS

Tuning Range 535 Kc to 1640 Kc
 Intermediate Frequency 455 Kc
 Power Supply 115 V A.C., 50-60 C.P.S.
 Power Consumption 55 Watts
 Audio Output 1.25 Watts

MODELS A301, A500, A501 MAY, 1946

PUSHBUTTON ADJUSTMENTS

The frequency ranges for the pushbuttons are given in figure 3. A layout of the pushbutton adjustments is shown in figure 4. Note that in this figure pushbutton number 1 is now to the extreme right, since the pushbutton assembly is being viewed from the rear. To make pushbutton adjustments, proceed as follows:

1. Turn the receiver on and let it warm up for fifteen minutes or longer in order to minimize drift effects.
2. Depress the DIAL pushbutton and tune in the station which is to be set on pushbutton number 1.
3. Now depress pushbutton number 1 and adjust tuning slug 1a and trimmer 1b (figure 4) until the station is accurately tuned in again.
4. Repeat the above procedure for the remaining push-buttons.

NOTE: When making oscillator coil pushbutton adjustments, it is desirable that this adjustment be made from the high-frequency end (slug all the way out). The proper oscillator coil slug setting will then be reached before there is any possibility of tuning the oscillator to the low-frequency side of the carrier.



PUSHBUTTON NO.	1	2	3	4	5
FREQUENCY RANGE IN KILOCYCLES	550-600	590-600	720-1200	720-1200	900-1900

Fig. 3 Pushbuttons

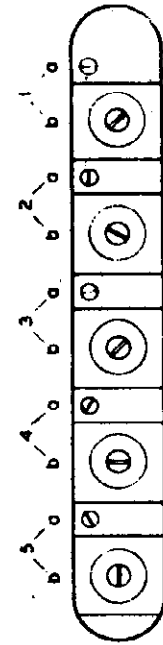
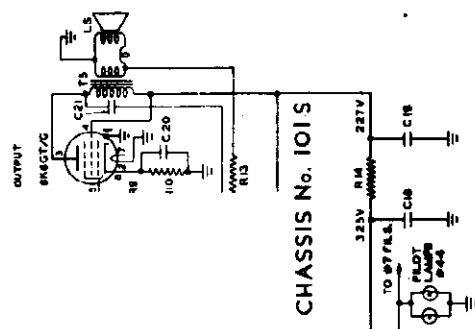
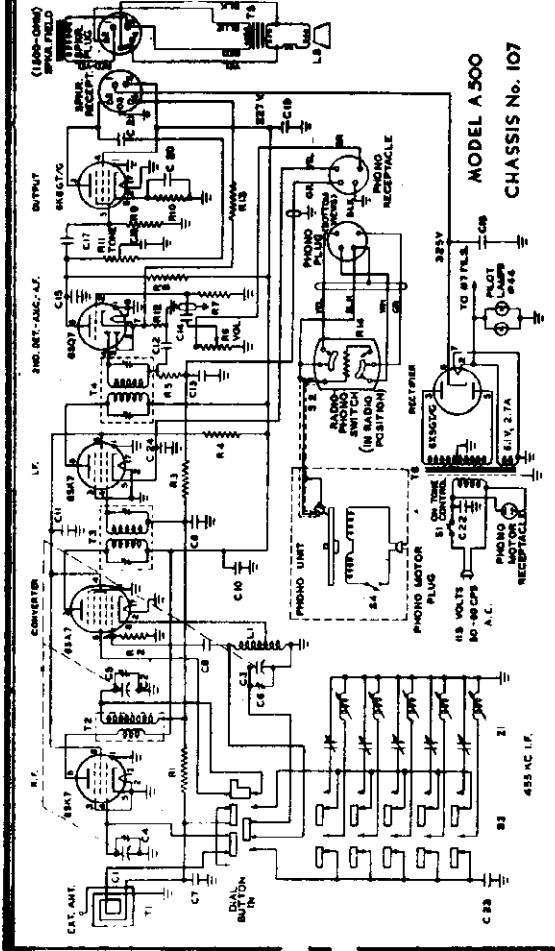


Fig. 4 Adjustment Screws



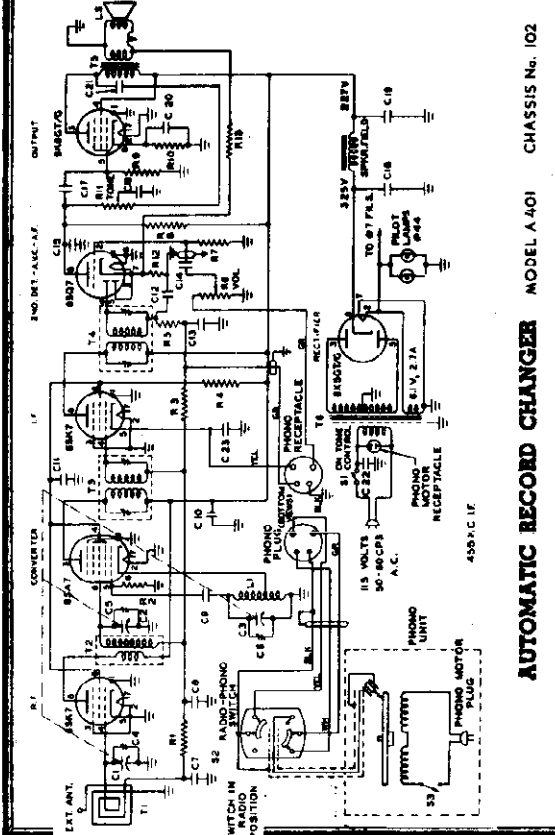
CHASSIS No. 101S

HOFFMAN RADIO CORP.

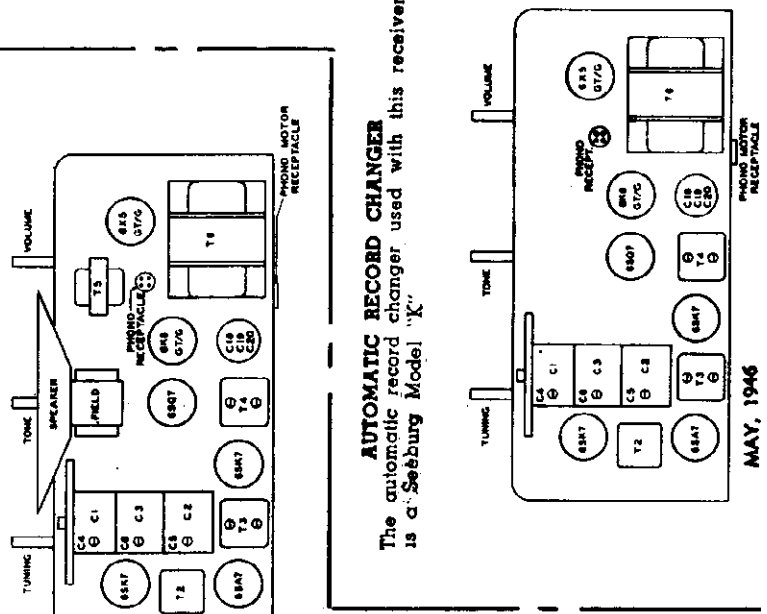


Hoffman Model A500 with Chassis 107S is electrically identical with Chassis 107 except for the following:

1. Ten-inch P.M. speaker, part number 9010, has been substituted for ten-inch electrodynamic speaker, part number 9012.
 2. A 1500-ohm resistor, part number 4701, has been connected in the filter circuit in place of the 1500-ohm speaker field.
- These changes have been incorporated in the schematic diagram shown below.



The automatic record changer used with this receiver is a General Instrument, Model 205.



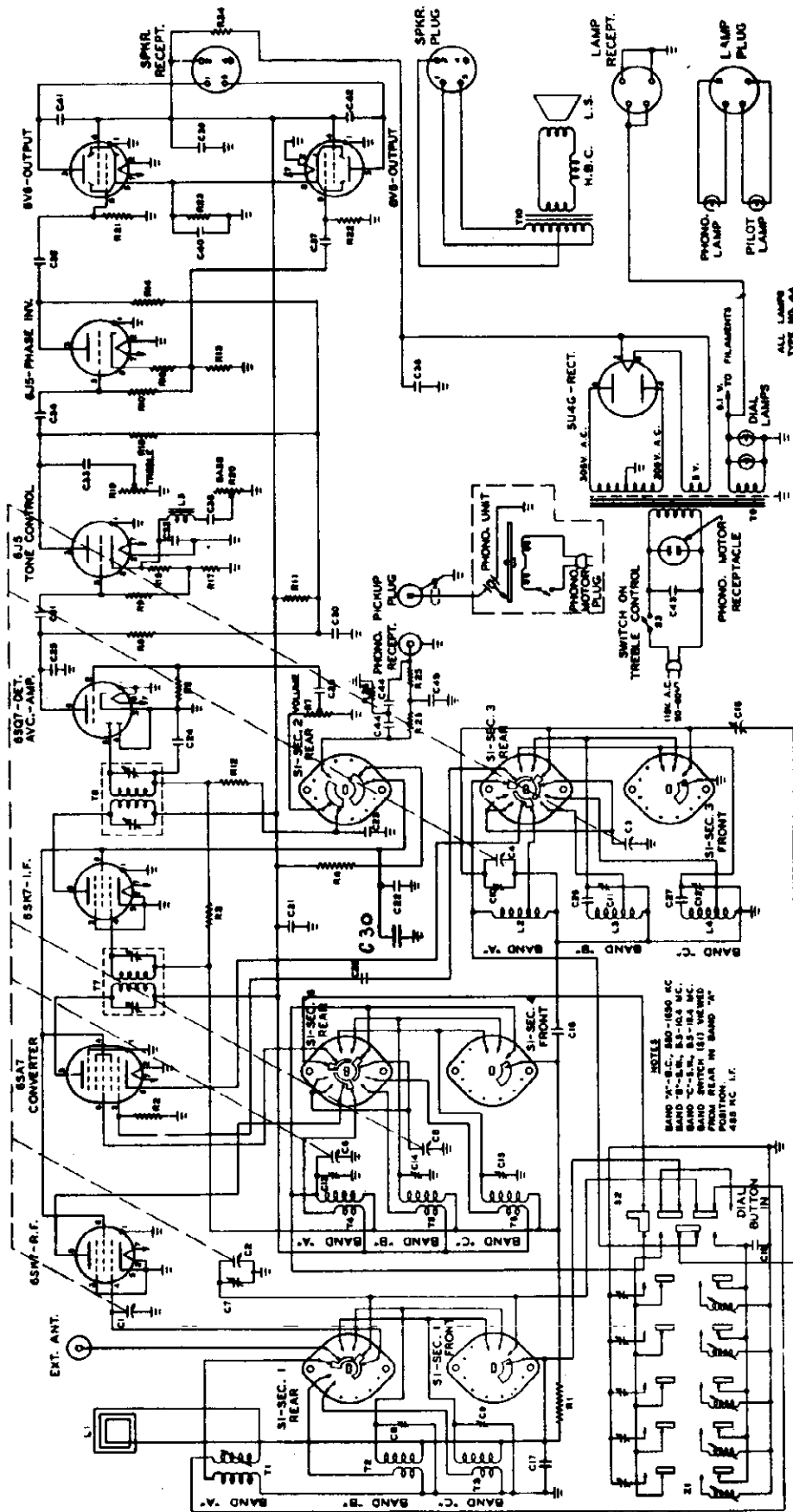
AUTOMATIC RECORD CHANGER MODEL A401 CHASSIS No. 102

The automatic record changer used with this receiver is a Seeburg Model "K".

SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION	HOFFMAN No.
C1-C2-C3	Three-Section Variable (300-300-100 Max.)	4400
C4, C5, C6	Trimmer; Part of Variable Condenser	4100
C7, C8	.05 Mfd., 200 Volt, Tubular Paper	4000
C9, C10	100 Mfd. ± 20%, 400V	4101
C11, C12	.05 Mfd., 400 Volt, Tubular Paper	4102
C13, C14	.01 Mfd., 500 Volt, Tubular Paper	4108
C15, C16	.01 Mfd., 500 Volt, Tubular Paper	4300
C17	Dry Electrolytic Condenser	4194
C18-C19-C20	(30-20-20 Mfd. 450-450-25 Volt)	5200
C21	.01 Mfd., 400 Volt, Tubular Paper	9000
C22	.01 Mfd., 400 Volt, Tubular Paper (Aired Case)	4508
L1	Coilformer Coil	4901
L2, L3	Transformer, 4" x 6" 15000 Ohm (Field)	4508
R1, R2	22 Megohm ± 20%, 1/2 Watt	4508
R3	22,000 Ohm ± 20%, 1/2 Watt	4508
R4	2.2 Megohm ± 20%, 1/2 Watt	4508
R5	10,000 Ohm ± 20%, 1/2 Watt	4508
R6	47,000 Ohm ± 20%, 1/2 Watt	4508
R7	5 Megohm Potentiometer (Volume)	4508
R8	10 Megohm ± 20%, 1/2 Watt	4508
R9	47 Megohm ± 20%, 1/2 Watt	4508
R10	500 Ohm ± 10%, 1/2 Watt	4508
R11	25 Megohm Potentiometer With Switch (Tone)	4508
R12	47 Ohm ± 20%, 1/2 Watt	4508
R13	330 Ohm ± 20%, 1/2 Watt	4508
R14	On-Off Switch (On Tone Control)	4508
S1	Slide-Phone Switch	4508
S2	Phone Motor Switch (Part of Phone Unit)	4508
S3	Automatic Lamp	4508
T1	I.F. Coil (Shielded)	4508
T2	Output I.F. Transformer (455 K.C.)	4508
T3	Output I.F. Transformer (455 K.C.)	4508
T4	Audio Output Transformer (455 K.C.)	4508
T5	Power Transformer	4508
T6	Power Transformer	4508

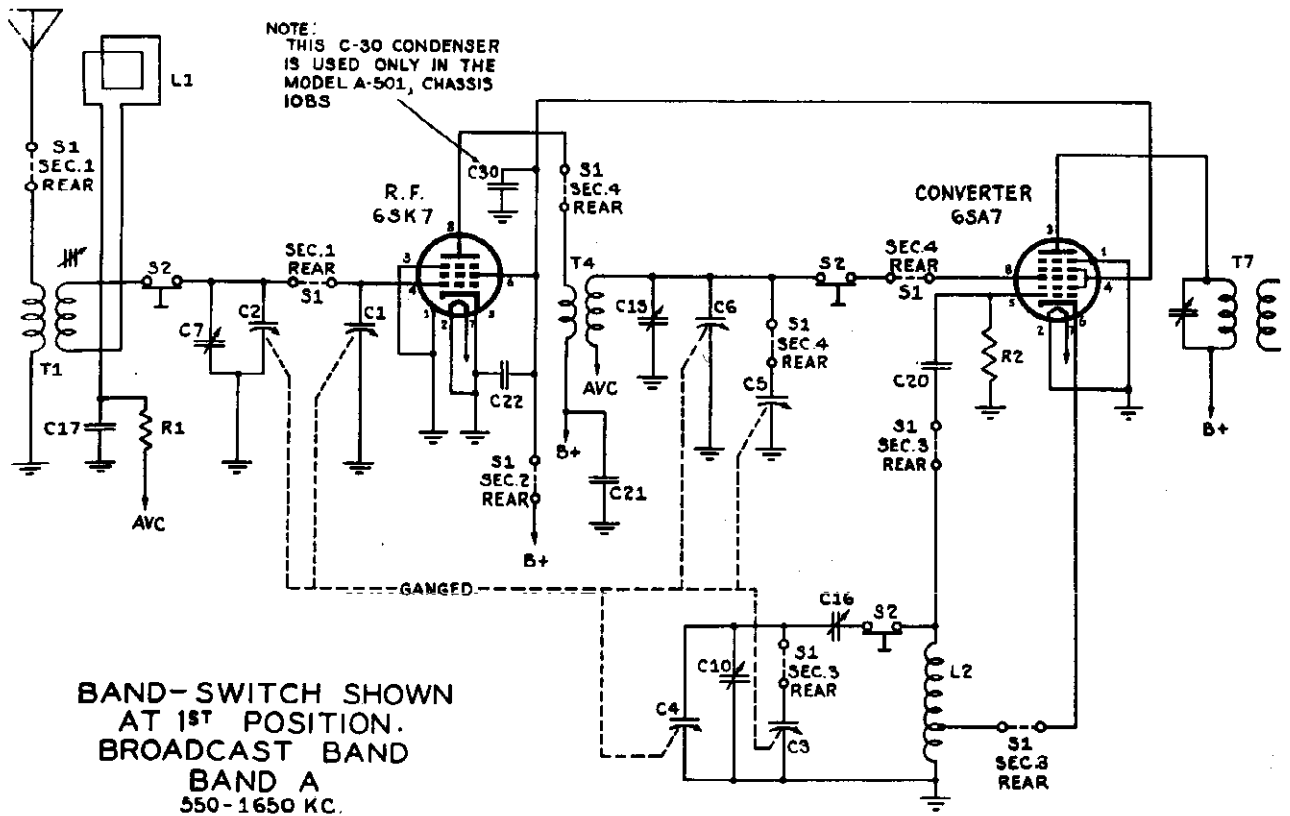
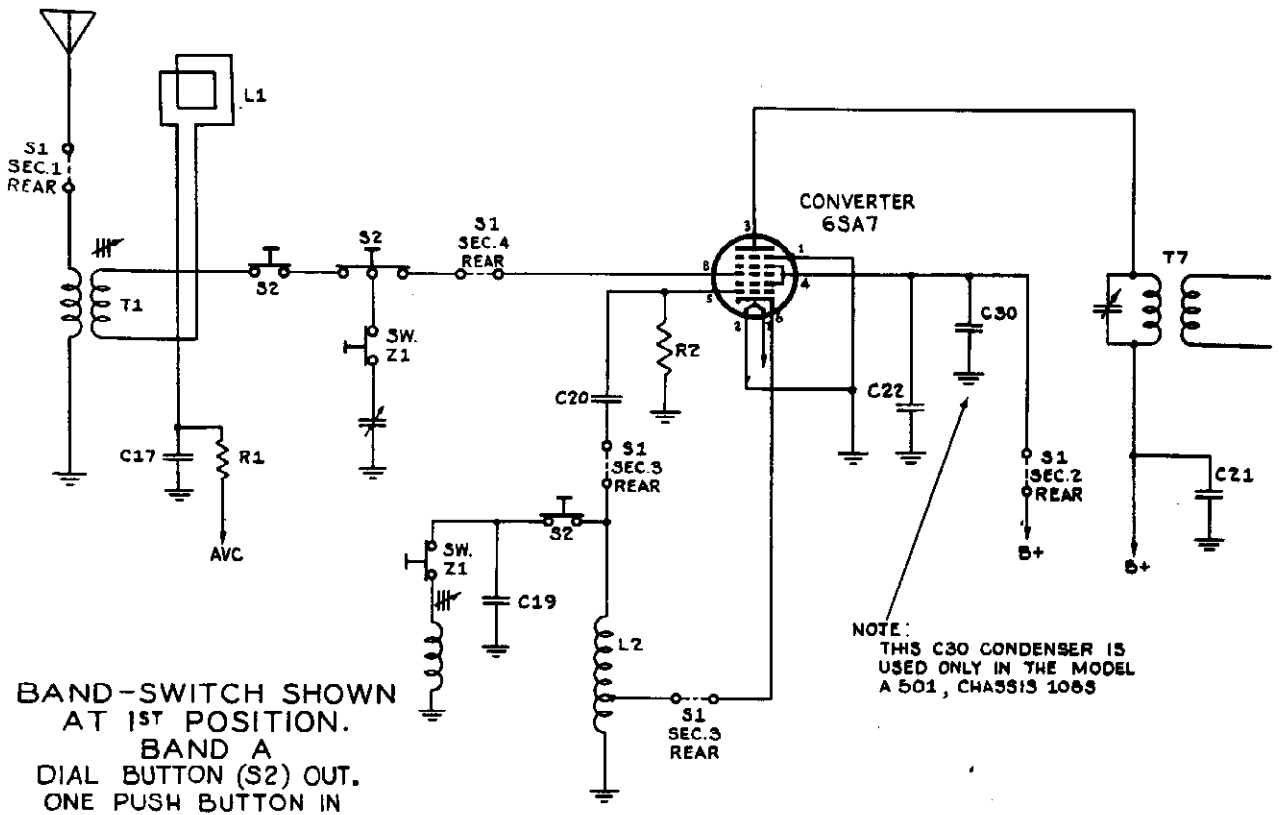
MAY, 1946

HOFFMAN RADIO CORP.



"clarified schematics"

HOFFMAN RADIO CORP.

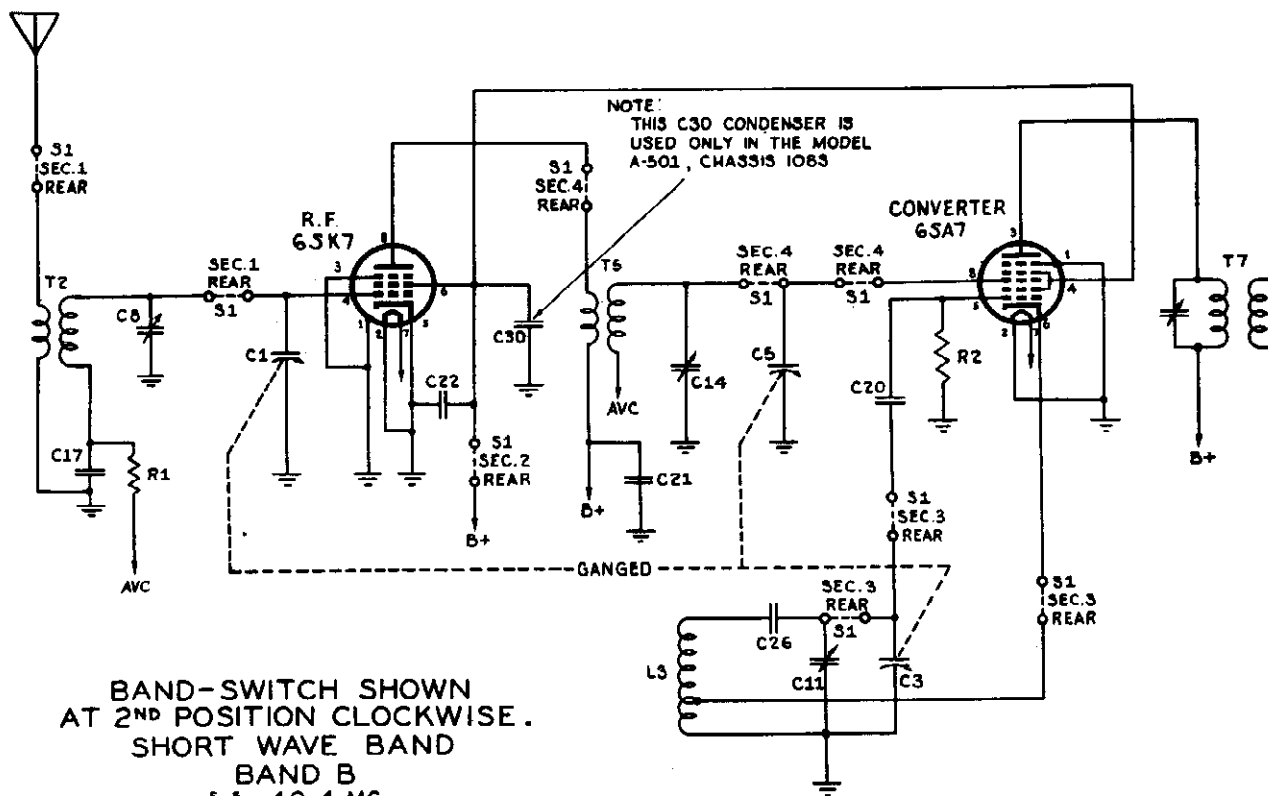


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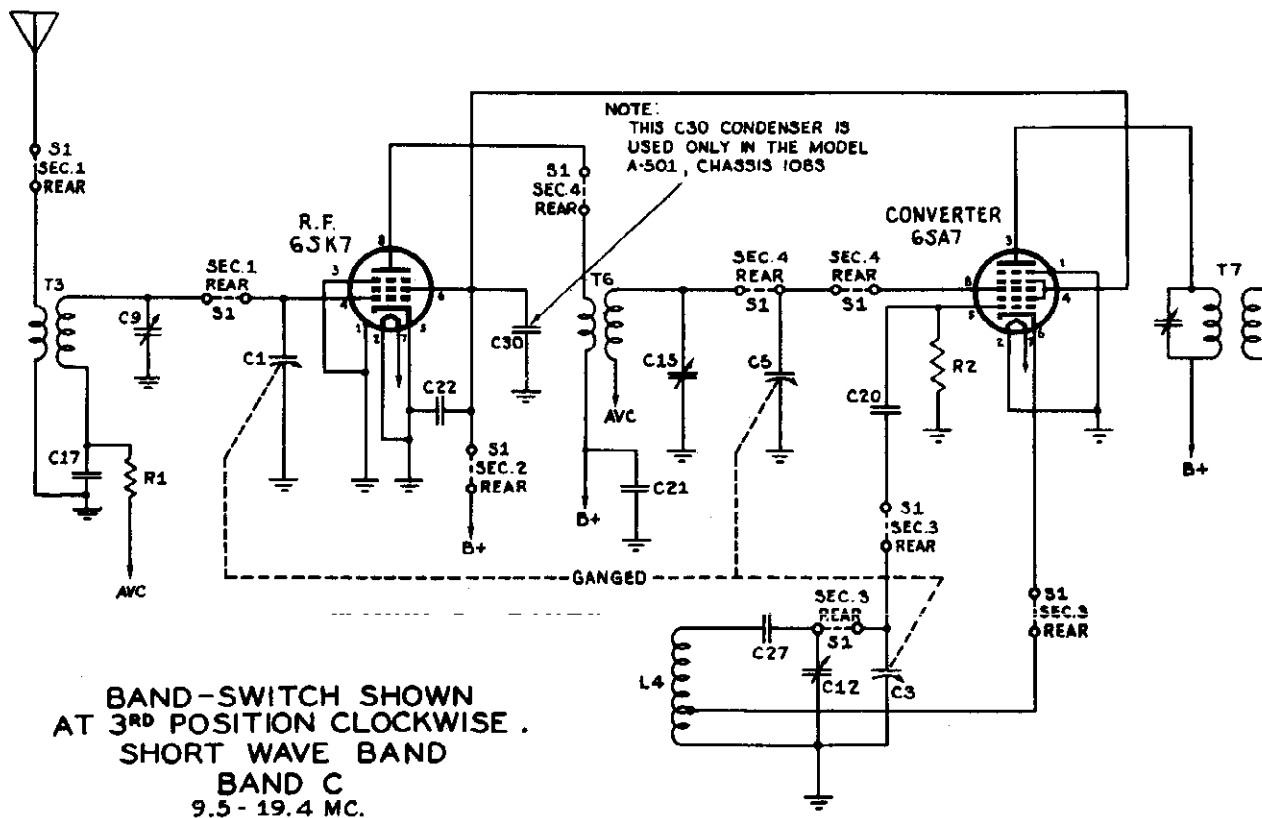
PAGE 15-8 HOFFMAN

MODEL A501, Ch. 108S,
108ST

HOFFMAN RADIO CORP.



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
AT 2ND POSITION CLOCKWISE.
SHORT WAVE BAND
BAND B
5.5 - 10.4 MC.



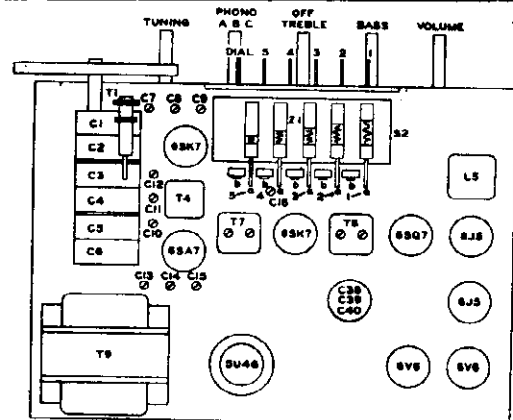
BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
AT 3RD POSITION CLOCKWISE.
SHORT WAVE BAND
BAND C
9.5 - 19.4 MC.

HOFFMAN RADIO CORP.

MODEL A501, Ch. 108
108ST

OPERATIONS IN ORDER	SIGNAL GENERATOR		RECEIVER		TRIMMER ADJ. IN ORDER
	CONNECTIONS TO REC.	FREQUENCY	CONTROL SETTINGS	DIAL SETTING	
1	To stator of C-6 through .1 mfd. cond.	455 Kc	Vol. Max. Range Sw. on "A" Band	Minimum Capacity	T-8 and T-7
2	To Ant. Term. through a 400-ohm resistor.	18 Mc	Vol. Max. Range Sw. on "C" Band	18 Mc	C-12, C-15, C-9
3	To Ant. Term. through a 400-ohm resistor	10 Mc	Vol. Max. Range Sw. on "B" Band	10 Mc	C-11, C-13, C-8
4	To Ant. Term. through 200 mmf. condenser	1400 Kc	Vol. Max. Range Sw. on "A" Band	1400 Kc	C-10, C-13, C-7
5	To Ant. Term. through 200 mmf. condenser	600 Kc	Vol. Max. Range Sw. on "A" Band	600 Kc	C-16, T-1 tuning slug
6	To Ant. Term. through 200 mmf. condenser	1400 Kc	Vol. Max. Range Sw. on "A" Band	1400 Kc	C-10, C-13, C-7

NOTE: Rocking the condenser gang on the higher frequencies (bands "B" and "C") is necessary in order to avoid a false point of alignment due to "pulling action" between r-f and oscillator circuits.
 NOTE: Be sure that the image frequency is not picked up during this adjustment. Note that the signal may be readily heard at two points as C-11 is adjusted. The correct setting for C-11 is with the trimmer in its looser position (adjusting screw further out).
 NOTE: It is necessary to align the "C" band first so that "B" band and broadcast band alignment will not be adversely affected by subsequent "C" band adjustment. Alignment of "C" Band:



NORMAL OPERATING VOLTAGES

The following table lists the normal operating voltages to be expected at the various tube socket terminals.

NORMAL OPERATING CURRENTS

5U4G Cathode Current 115 Ma.
 6V6 Cathode Current (both tubes) 70 Ma.

PIN NO.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
6SK7 (R.F.)	0	0	0	-.1	0	+95	6.2 AC	+290
6SA7 (Conv.)	0	0	+290	+95	-5 to -10	0	6.2 AC	-.15
6SK7 (I.F.)	0	0	0	-.15	0	+95	6.2 AC	+290
6SQ7	0	-.2	0	-.25	0	+75	6.2 AC	0
6J5 (Tone)	0	0	+130	0	+20 □	0	6.2 AC	+22
6J5 (Inverter)	0	0	+105	0	+50 #	0	6.2 AC	+43
6V6	0	0	+290	+290	0	0	6.2 AC	+17
6V6	0	0	+290	+290	0	0	6.2 AC	+17
5U4G	0	+350 5.2 AC*	0	335 AC	0	335 AC	0	+350 5.2 AC*

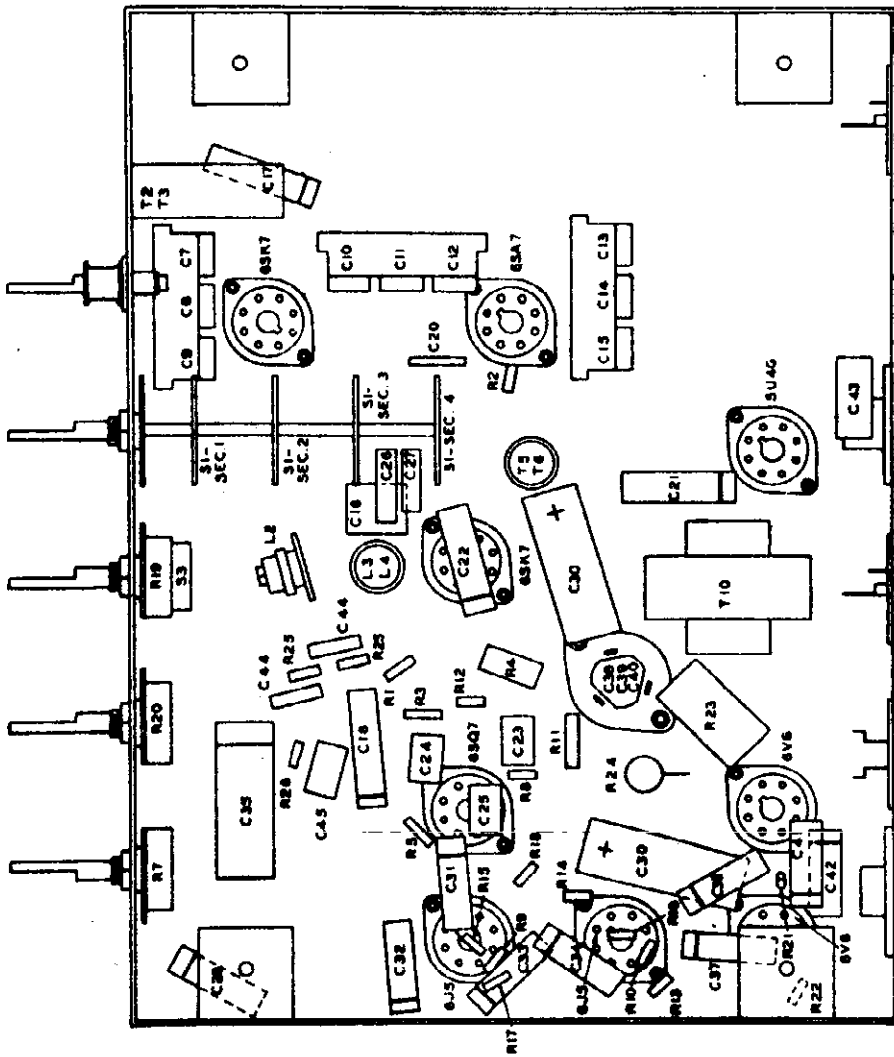
D.C. voltages measured with 20,000 ohm/volt meter.
 A.C. voltages measured with 1,000 ohm/volt meter.
 Line voltage 117.
 # measured at junction of R13 and R16.
 □ measured at junction of R15 and R17.

All voltages measured with reference to chassis except as follows:
 * measured between pins 2 and 8; not to chassis.
 NOTE The above readings are obtained with no signal input to receiver and band switch in position "A".

MODEL A501, Ch. 108S,
108ST

HOFFMAN RADIO CORP.

HOFFMAN No.	DESCRIPTION	SYMBOL
4403	Three-section Variable with Split Stator, (160-260, 160-260, 160-260 Mmf.)	C1-C2, C3-C4, C5-C6
4300	Three-section Trimmer Assembly	C7, C8, C9
4300	Three-section Trimmer Assembly	C10, C11, C12
4300	Three-section Trimmer Assembly	C13, C14, C15
4301	110-560 Mmf. Padder, Band "A"	C16
4100	.05 Mfd., 200 Volt, Tubular Paper	C17, C18
4004	500 Mmf. ± 5%, Silver Mica	C19
4007	47 Mmf. ± 10%, Mica	C20
4101	.05 Mfd., 400 Volt, Tubular Paper	C21, C22
4000	100 Mmf. ± 20%, Mica	C23, C24, C25
4005	1050 Mmf. ± 5%, Mica	C26
4006	2300 Mmf. ± 5%, Mica	C27
4102	.005 Mfd., 600 Volt, Tubular Paper	C28, C29
4203	10 Mfd., 450 Volt, Tubular Electrolytic	C30
4112	.01 Mfd., 400 Volt, Tubular Paper	C31, C32, C33, C34
4110	.5 Mfd., 200 Volt, Tubular Paper	C35
4106	.02 Mfd., 400 Volt, Tubular Paper	C36, C37
4200	20-20-20 Mfd./450-450-25 V. Electrolytic	C38-C39-C40
4103	.01 Mfd., 600 Volt, Tubular Paper	C41, C42
4105	.01 Mfd., 600 Volt, Tubular Paper (Metal Can)	C43
4010	330 Mmf., 5%, Mica	C44
4091	650 Mmf., 5%, Mica	C45
5221	Loop Antenna	L1
5215	Oscillator Coil (Band "A")	L2
5218	Oscillator Coil (Bands "B" and "C")	L3-L4
5103	5 Hy Choke (Bass Boost)	L5
9020	12-inch Loudspeaker, Permanent Magnet	L6
4511	1 Megohm ± 20%, 1/2 Watt	R1
4501	22,000 Ohm ± 20%, 1/2 Watt	R2
4502	2.2 Megohm ± 20%, 1/2 Watt	R3
4520	10,000 Ohm ± 20%, 3 Watt	R4
4505	10 Megohm ± 20%, 1/2 Watt	R5
4521	15,000 Ohm ± 20%, 1/2 Watt	R6
4804	.5 Megohm Potentiometer (Volume Control)	R7
4500	22 Megohm ± 20%, 1/2 Watt	R8
4513	1 Megohm ± 20%, 1/2 Watt	R9, R10
4516	47,000 Ohm ± 20%, 1 Watt	R11
4504	47,000 Ohm ± 20%, 1/2 Watt	R12, R13, R14
4512	2200 Ohm ± 20%, 1/2 Watt	R15, R16
4515	10,000 Ohm ± 20%, 1/2 Watt	R17, R18
4805	.25 Meg. Pot. with Switch (Tumble Control)	R19
4806	50,000 Ohm Potentiometer (Bass Control)	R20
4506	.47 Megohm ± 20%, 1/2 Watt	R21, R22
4519	220 Ohm ± 20%, 3 Watt	R23
4702	500 Ohm ± 10%, 20 Watt	R24
4537	47,000 Ohm ± 10%, 1/2 Watt	R25
4538	22,000 Ohm ± 10%, 1/2 Watt	R26
6005	Band Change Switch	S1
6004	Pushbutton Switch Assembly	S2
5220	On-Off Switch (On Tumble Control)	S3
5217	Antenna Coil (Band "A")	T1
5216	Antenna Coil (Bands "B" and "C")	T2-T3
5219	R.F. Coil, Shielded (Band "A")	T4
5213	R.F. Coil (Bands "B" and "C")	T5-T6
5214	Input I.F. Transformer	T7
5001	Output I.F. Transformer	T8
5107	Audio Output Transformer (On Speaker)	T9
55200	Pushbutton Tuning Assembly	T10
		Z1



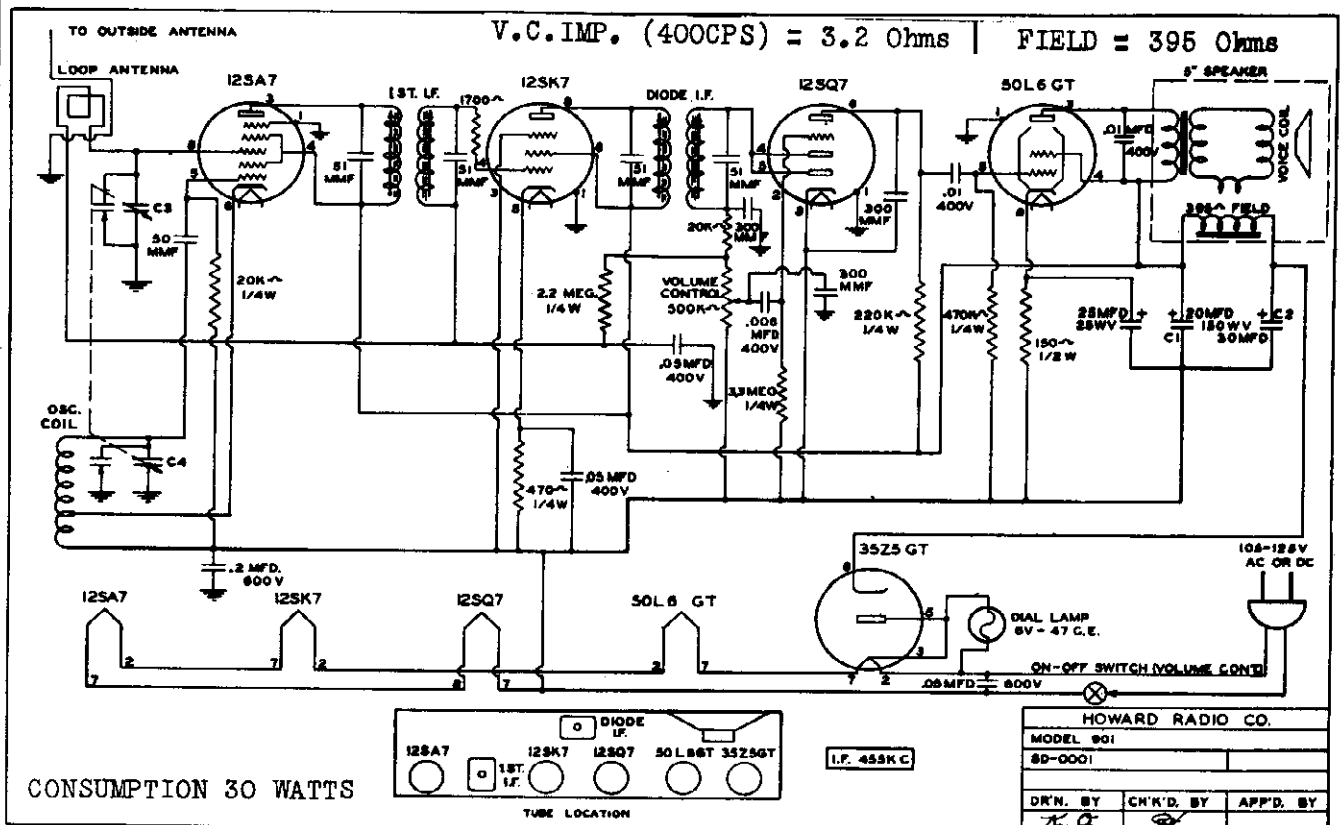
These are electrically identical.

A 10-mf, 450-volt electrolytic condenser, Part No. 4203, has been added from screen to ground on the 6SK7 r-f and i-f tubes to eliminate a hum modulation. It is suggested that this condenser be added on all Model A501 receivers not having it.

- TUNING RANGES:**
- Band "A" 540 Kc to 1600 Kc.
 - Band "B" 56 Mc to 10.4 Mc
 - Band "C" 9.4 Mc to 19.4 Mc
 - Intermediate Frequency 455 Kc
 - Power Supply 115V A.C., 50-60 C.P.S.
 - Power Consumption (incl. phono) .. 125 Watts
 - Undistorted Audio Output 12 Watts
- Model A501 with Chassis 108S is electrically identical with Chassis 108ST, except for: Output transformer, Part No. 5110 substituted for Part No. 5107.

MODELS 901, 901AE, 901AH,
901AI, 901AM, 901AW

HOWARD RADIO CO.



POWER OUTPUT - (MAX.) 1.25W UPO .5 W. TUNING RANGE = 540-1600 KC

SOCKET VOLTAGE READINGS:

All voltages taken from the back of the AC switch to the socket contacts with a 20,000 ohm per volt D.C. meter and the line voltage fixed at 117 volts A.C.

ALIGNMENT INFORMATION

Each 455 KC I. F. coil has an Iron Core adjustment protruding from the top and the bottom of the I. F. can.

Look beneath the chassis to reach the lower I. F. adjustments.

Repeat the I. F. alignment operation several times to insure accuracy of adjustment.

Add or remove resistance in the cathode circuit of the 12SK7 tube as the I. F. gain indicates.

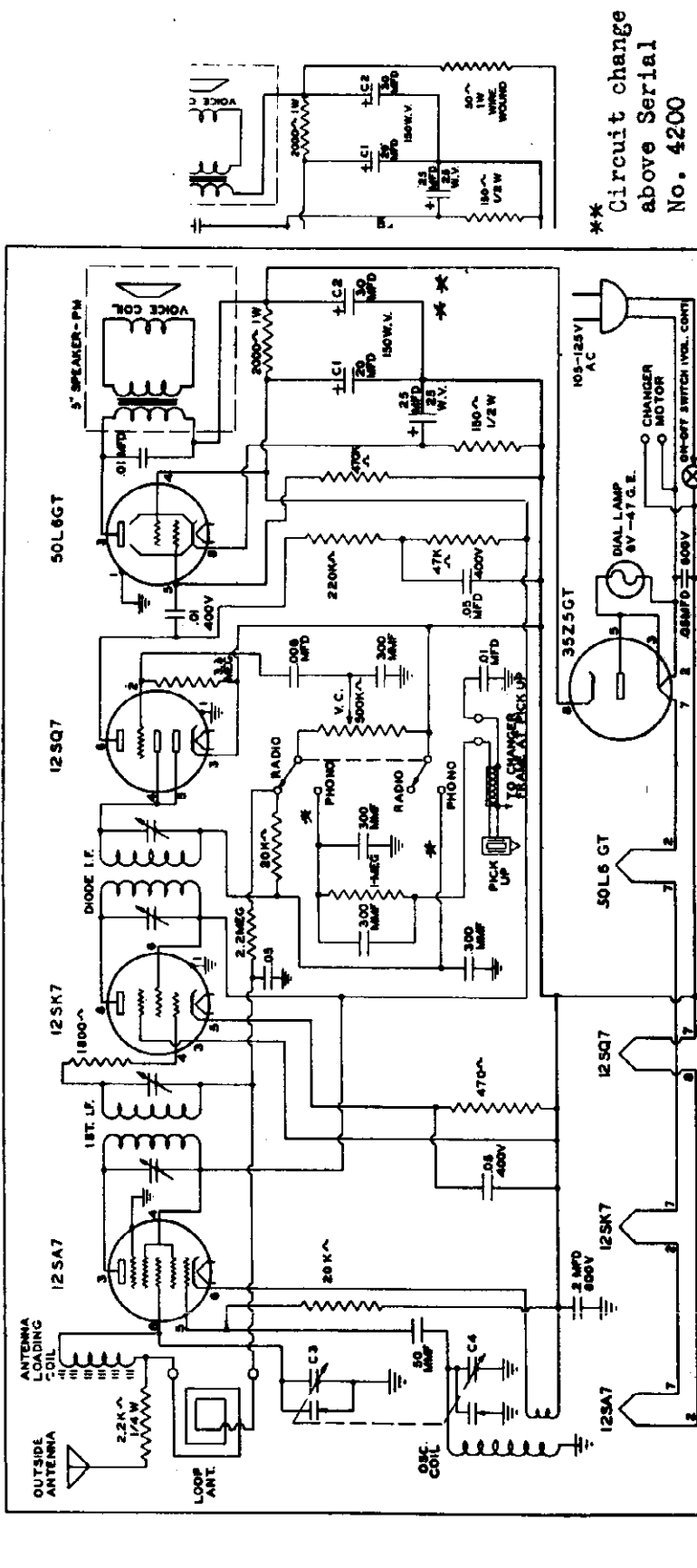
The wire lead running from the loop aerial between the I. F. coils and the condenser gang is important in its placement. Dress this wire tightly to the chassis.

Set dial at 1400 KC. and adjust oscillator trimmer which is located on back section of variable condenser, then peak antenna stage trimmer on front section of variable condenser to 1400 KC. No adjustment is required at the low frequency end of the dial.

The filter condenser has a common negative, but note it does not return to ground and is insulated from the chassis.

TUBE	FUNCTION	CATH-ODE	SCR. GRID	PLATE	OSC. PLATE
12SA7	Mixer		92	92	92
12SK7	I. F. Amp.	3	92	92	
12SQ7	Det.			44	
50L6GT	Output	5.8	92	85	

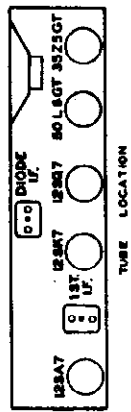
HOWARD RADIO CO.



** Circuit change above Serial No. 4200

90LA - AE - AF

Tube	Function	Cath.	Scr. Grid	Plate
12SA7	Mixer	0	88	86
12SK7	I.F. Amp.	2.4	88	86
12SQ7	Det.	0	-	53
50L6	Output	5.8	88	115



NOTE: ALL RESISTORS 1/4 W UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN.

*Circuit Change above Serial No. 4200

CONSUMPTION = 55 Watts --- See label on back of chassis.

TUNING RANGE = 540-1600 KC -- String Drive

ANTENNA SYSTEM = Built in low impedance loop. Ant. connection only.

SPEAKER = Permo Mag. Dynamic -- SIZE 5" -- V.C. IMP. (400CPS) 3.2 Ohms.

POWER OUTPUT = (MAX.) 1.5 W.--UPO 1. W.

I.F. = 455 KC -- 26 Ohms Resistance Primary and Secondary.

VOLTAGES + OR - 20% ARE MEASURED TO B MINUS AT REAR OF AC SWITCH.

MODELS 901, 901AB, 901AH,
901AI, 901AM, 901AW
MODEL 90LA
MODEL 901AP

HOWARD RADIO CO.

MODEL 901 SERIES

Part No.	DESCRIPTION	Part No.	DESCRIPTION
VC-0001	CONTROLS Volume and on-off switch	LS-0001	Dial Lamp-Bayonet Type #47
CV-0008	CONDENSERS	WG-0001	Dial Window (for Plastic Cabinet)
CE-0001	Tuning	WG-0002	Dial Window (for Wood Cabinets)
CE-0003	Filter, 30-30-30-MFD, 200 Volt	SP-0005	Tension Spring for Dial Drive Cord
CE-0004	or Filter, 30-20-MFD, 150 Volt	HD-0001	Dial Indicator Hand (Plastic Cabinet)
CE-0005	or Filter, 30-30-MFD, 150 Volt	HD-0002	Dial Indicator Hand (Wood Cabinet)
	or Filter, 25-MFD, 25 Volt this used with CE-0003 or CE-0004	SM-0074	Shaft-Tuning
	COIL ASSEMBLIES	GR-0006	Grommet-Dial Drive Cord-Ser. #0 to #6500.
AN-0002	Ant. Loop (for Plastic Cabinet)		KNOBBS
LA-0001	Ant. Loop (for Wood Cabinet)	KB-0003	Moulded, Ivory (Plastic Cabinet)
LO-0014	Osc. coil	KB-0004	Moulded, Walnut (Plastic Cabinet)
LI-0006	1st I.F. Assembly complete	KB-0005	Moulded, Brown (Wood Cabinet)
LI-0007	Diode I.F. Assembly complete		LINE CORDS
	CABINETS	CA-0038	Standard 110 Volt
CB-0001	Plastic, Ivory		SOCKETS
CB-0003	Plastic, Walnut	SO-0009	Tube Sockets (Octal Wafer)
CW-0003	Wood, Phono Model	SL-0001	Dial Lamp Socket-Bayonet Type
CW-0004	Wood, Wraparound Model		SPEAKERS
	DIAL AND CONTROL PARTS	SK-0001	5" Dynamic (Serial #1 to 7250)
AR-0002	Calibrated Dial Plate (Plastic)	TO-0001	Transformer for Above
AR-0003	Calibrated Dial Plate (Wood)	SK-0002	5" Dynamic (Above Serial #7250)
DC-0001	Dial Drive Cord	TO-0002	Transformer for Above

MODEL - 901-AP*

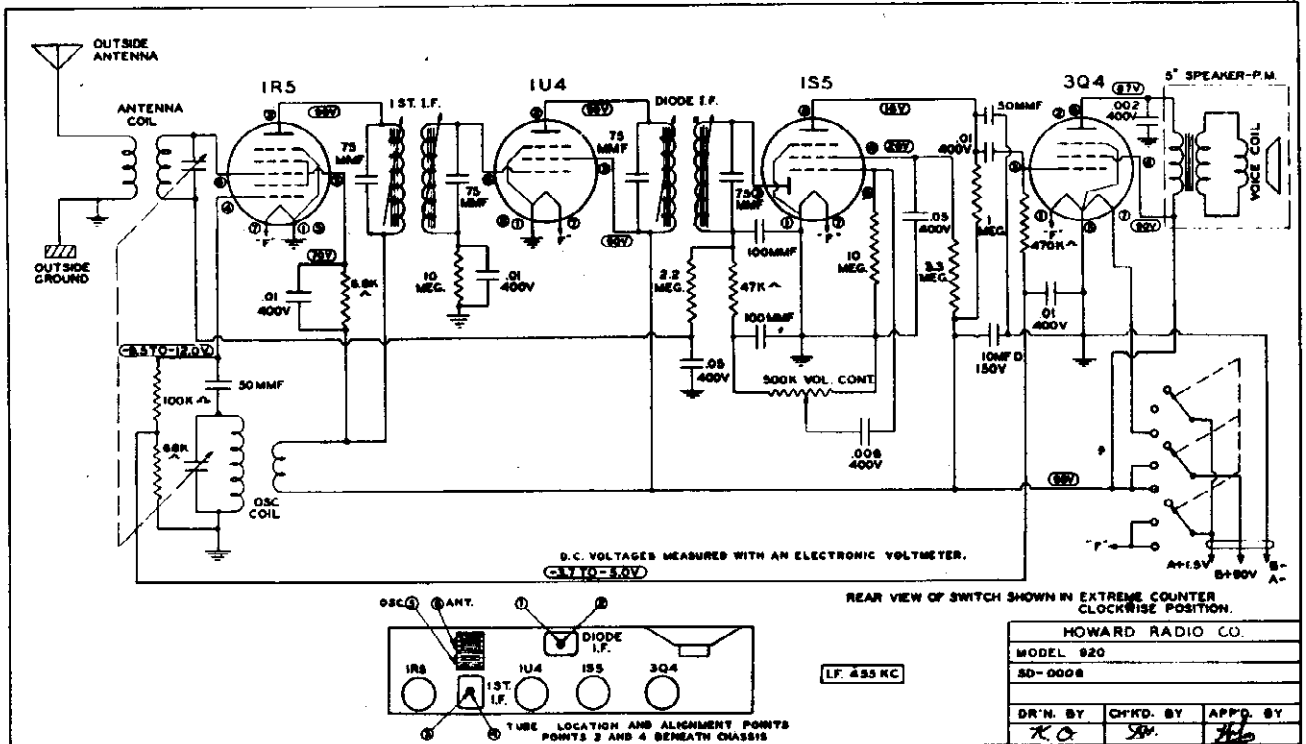
Part No.	DESCRIPTION
SK-0005	Speaker P.M. with trans.
LI-0010	1st I.F. Assembly Complete
LA-0004	Antenna Loading Coil
AN-0003	Loop Antenna works only with models having antenna load coil
LO-0017	Oscillator Coil
LI-0011	Diode I.F. Assembly Complete
SW-0005	Radio Phono Switch

MODEL - 901-A*

Part No.	DESCRIPTION
SK-0003	Speaker P.M. with trans.
LI-0008	1st I.F. Assembly Complete
AN-0004	Loop Antenna Wood Cabinet
LO-0017	Oscillator Coil
LI-0009	Diode I.F. Assembly Complete
KB-0009	Knob with set screw

*REMAINDER OF PARTS LIST SAME AS MODEL 901

HOWARD RADIO CO.

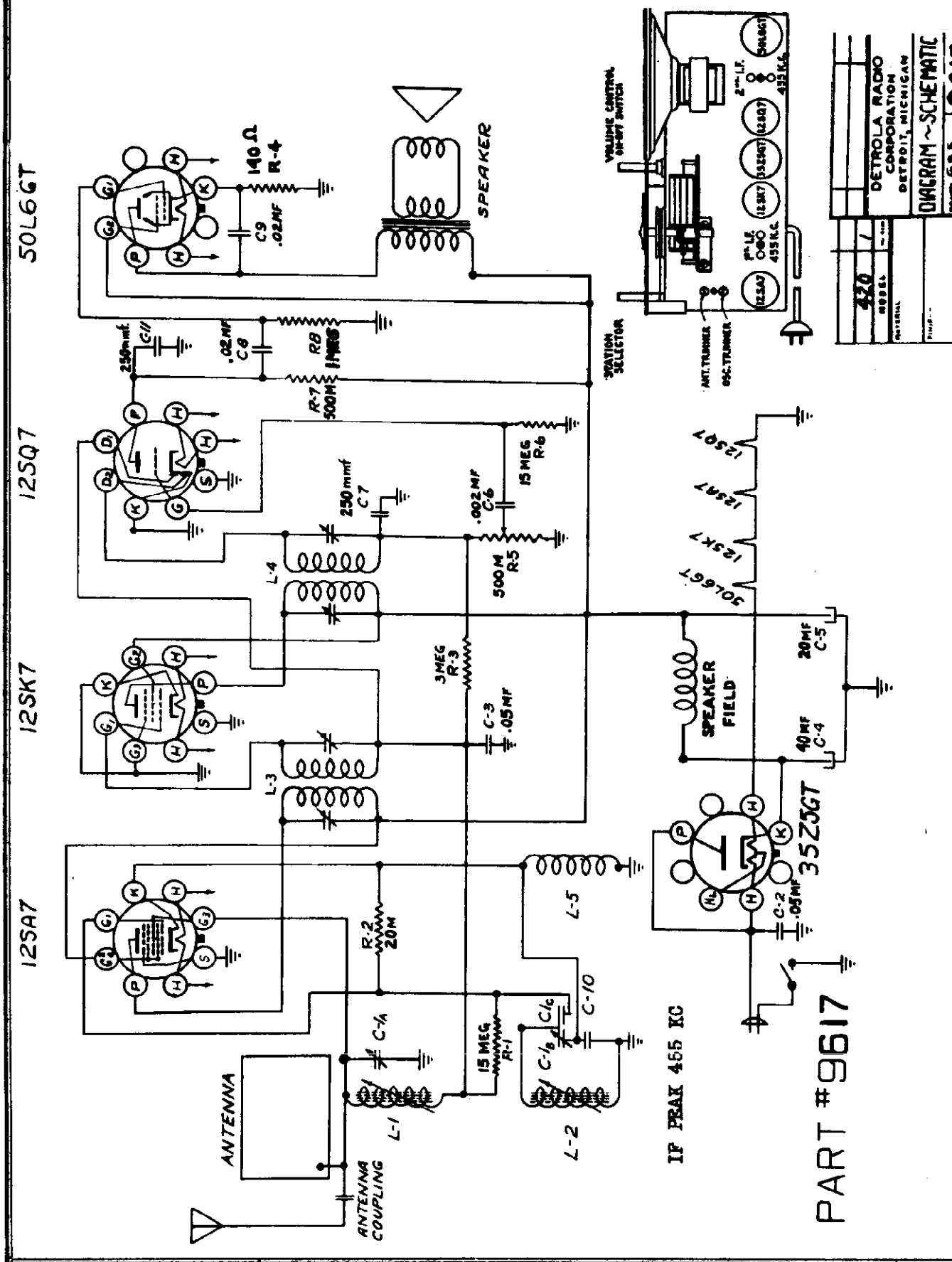


ANTENNA SYSTEM - Iron core high impedance antenna coil.
 TUNING RANGE - 540 - 1600 K.C.
 SPEAKER - Permo. Mag. Dynamic -- Size 5" -- V.C. IMP. (400CPS) 3.2 Ohms.
 POWER OUTPUT - Max. 250MW U.P.O. 100MW.
 I.F. - 455 KC - Iron core tuned.

Part No.	Description	Part No.	Description
	CONTROLS	DC-0001	Dial Drive Cord
VC-0003	Volume 1/2 Meg. R Taper	SP-0005	Tension Spring - Dial Drive Cord
SW-0008	Switch - On-Off - Batt. Saver	WG-0001	Dial Window (Plastic)
	CONDENSERS	HD-0001	Dial Indicator Hand
CV-0008	Tuning - 2 Gang cut Osc. Sec.	SM-0092	Drive Shaft Tuning
CE-0008	Filter - 10 MFD-150 V. Tubular		KNOB
	COIL ASSEMBLIES	KB-0009	Moulded, Walnut (with set screw)
LO-0017	Osc. Coil		CABLE
LA-0003	Ant. Coil	CA-0040	Battery Cable - 3 ft.
LI-0012	1st I.F. Assem. Complete		SOCKETS
LI-0013	Diode I.F. Assem. Complete	SO-0013	Miniature Tube Socket. 7 Pin.
	CABINET		SPEAKERS
CB-0004	Plastic Mottled	SK-0006	P.M. Dynamic Speaker 5"
AR-0011	Back Panel & Clip Assem.	TO-0004	Transformer (speaker)
	DIAL AND CONTROL PARTS	GR-0004	Grommet - Mounting Spk. & Gang
AR-0002	Calibrated Dial Plate (Plastic)	WD-0001	Wood Spacer Spk. Mounting
MP-0179	Battery Saver Red Flag	RB-0001	Sponge Rubber Spk. Support

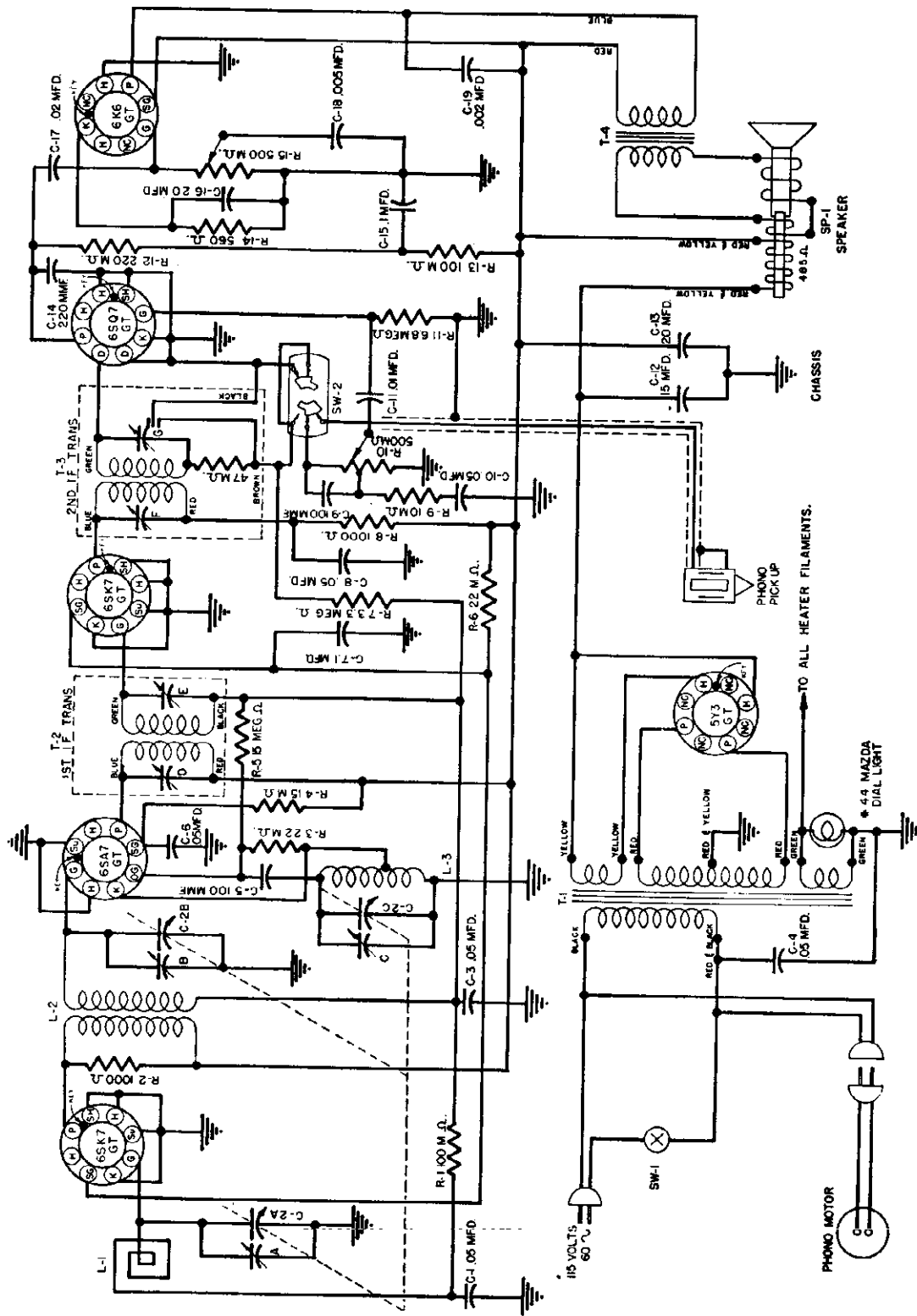
The following batteries are some well known makes that can be used with this instrument;

Burgess No.17GD60
 Eveready No.758
 General No.6ODL-11L
 Ray-0-Vac No.AB-82



420 / 1
 MODEL ~ 42
 INTERNAL
 DETROLA RADIO CORPORATION
 DETROIT, MICHIGAN
 DIAGRAM ~ SCHEMATIC
 G.E.

PART # 9617



455 KC IF

ALL TUBE SOCKETS SHOWN FROM PIN END VIEW.

ALL SWITCHES SHOWN IN COUNTERCLOCKWISE POSITION, SHAFT END VIEW

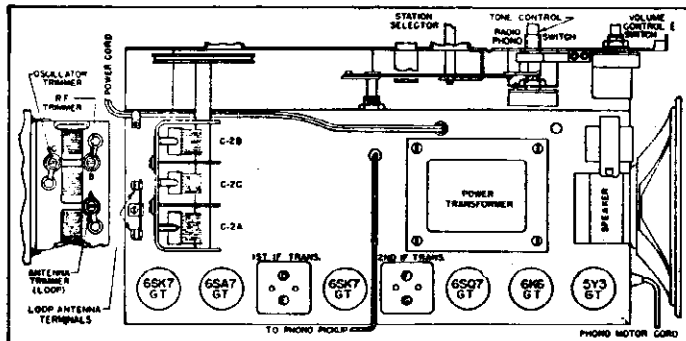
INTERNATIONAL DETROLA CORP

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

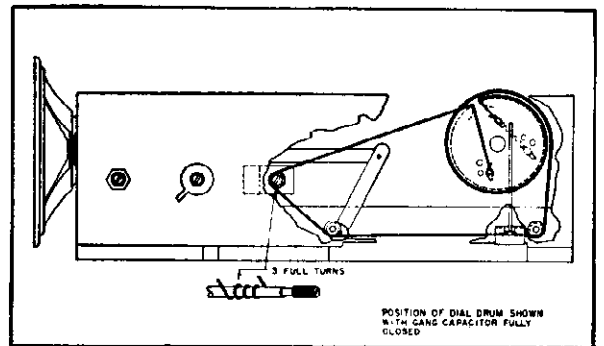
The following equipment is necessary to properly align this chassis:

1. A signal generator which will provide an accurately calibrated signal at the frequencies listed.
2. An output meter.
3. A non-metallic screwdriver.
4. Dummy antenna: — .1 mfd. — RMA loop.

CONNECT GENERATOR TO	DUMMY ANTENNA	INPUT SIGNAL FREQUENCY	BAND	SET DIAL AT	TRIMMERS	PURPOSE
6SA7GT grid	.1 mfd	455 kc.	Broadcast	HF end	D E F G	Align IF
6SK7GT RF grid	.1 mfd	1620 kc.	Broadcast	HF end	C	Set limit of band
6SK7GT RF grid	.1 mfd	1400 kc.	Broadcast	1400 kc.	B	Align RF
RMA loop	Through loop	1400 kc.	Broadcast	1400 kc.	A	Align antenna



Tube Layout



Dial Mechanism

TUBE COMPLEMENT

- 1—6SK7GT.....RF Amplifier tube
- 1—6SA7GT.....Converter tube
- 1—6SK7GT.....IF Amplifier tube
- 1—6SQ7GT.....Detector—AVC—1st Audio tube
- 1—6K6GT.....Power Output tube
- 1—5Y3GT.....Rectifier tube

NOTE: The above glass tubes are interchangeable with their metal equivalent.

Electrical and Mechanical Specifications

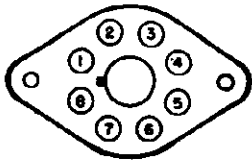
Frequency Range.....	540-1600 kc.	V.C. Impedance.....	3.5 ohms at 400 cyc.
Intermediate Frequency.....	455 kc.	Power Output (Undistorted).....	1 wa
Power Supply.....	105-125 volts, 60 cycle A.C.	Power Output (Maximum).....	4 wa
Loudspeaker	Electrodynamic	Tuning Drive Ratio.....	43/4 to

MODEL 554

INTERNATIONAL DETROLA CORP.

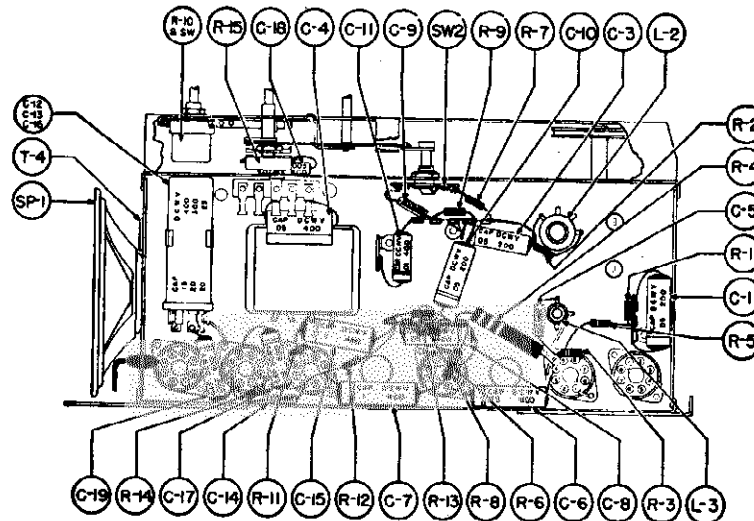
SOCKET VOLTAGES

TUBE	POSITION	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
6SK7GT	RF Amplifier	0	0	0	0	0	93	6.3 AC	270
6SA7GT	Converter	0	6.3 AC	270	113	-7.5	0	0	0
6SK7GT	IF Amplifier	0	0	0	0	0	93	6.3 AC	260
6SQ7GT	Detector—AVC—1st Audio	0	0	0	0	0	88	6.3 AC	0
6K6GT	Power Output	0	0	250	270	0	175	6.3 AC	19
5Y3GT	Rectifier	0	310	0	290 AC	0	290 AC	0	310



NOTE: All voltages measured from chassis to socket contact indicated.
 DC voltages measured with a 1000 ohm-per-volt meter.
 All voltages are positive DC unless otherwise marked.
 Volume control full on. No signal.
 Tone Control in clockwise position.
 Line Voltage 117 volts AC.

Parts Layout
Chassis Model 554

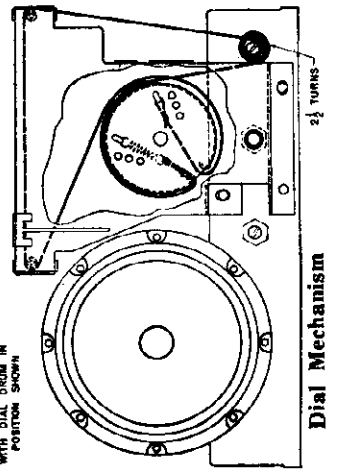
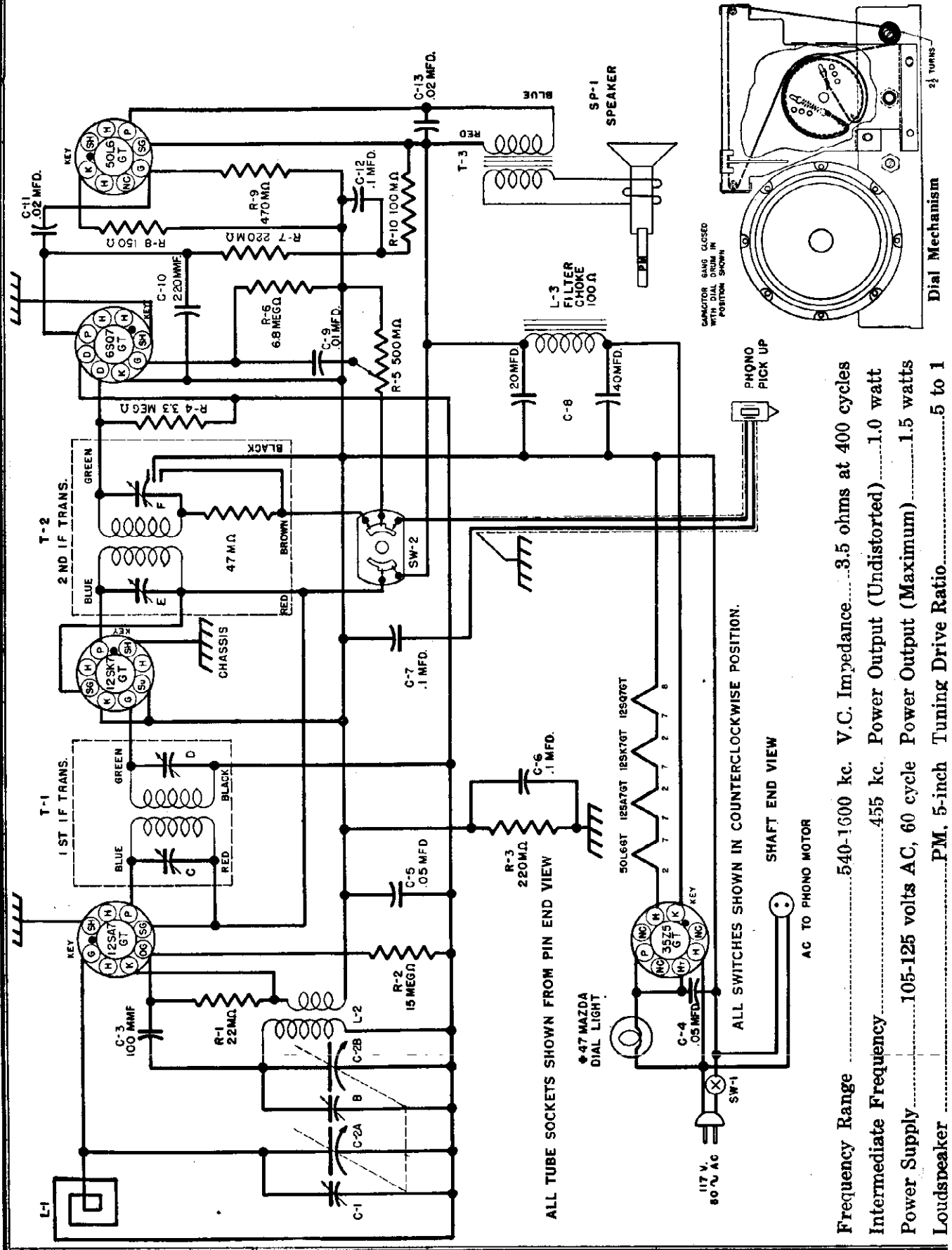


SERVICE PARTS LIST

Symbol	Part No.	Description	Symbol	Part No.	Description
C-4	BC31B503	Cap., Molded, .05 mfd., 400 v.	A-2163		Cable, Dial
C-1, 3, 10	BD210503	Cap., Paper, .05 mfd., 200 v.	A-3123		Clamp, Cable
C-11	BD410103	Cap., Paper, .01 mfd., 400 v.	A-9285		Lamp, Pilot, Mazda No. 44
C-7, 15	BD410104	Cap., Paper, .1 mfd., 400 v.	A-51160-3		Cord, Power, 6 ft.
C-17	BD410203	Cap., Paper, .02 mfd., 400 v.	A-51163		Clip, Spring
C-6, 8	BD410503	Cap., Paper, .05 mfd., 400 v.	C-12, 13, 16	A-51356	Cap., Electro., 15-20-20 mfd.
C-19	BD610202	Cap., Paper, .002 mfd., 600 v.	C-2	C-51501-1	Capacitor, Variable, 3-section
C-18	BD610502	Cap., Paper, .005 mfd., 600 v.	T-1	C-51502	Transformer, Power
C-5, 9	BM78A101	Cap., Mica, 100 mmf.	L-2	B-51511	Coil, Assembly, RF
C-14	BM78A221	Cap., Mica, 220 mmf.	SP-1	C-51512	Speaker, 5" Dynamic, 485 ohm
R-14	BR16E561	Resistor, 560 ohm, 1 w.	L-3	B-51522	Coil Assembly, Osc.
R-2, 8	BR17B102	Resistor, 1000 ohm, 1/2 w.		A-51531	Shaft, Drive
R-9	BR17B103	Resistor, 10M ohm, 1/2 w.	T-2	B-51416-2	Trans. Assembly, 1st IF
R-1, 13	BR17B104	Resistor, 100M ohm, 1/2 w.	T-3	B-51417-2	Trans. Assembly, 2nd IF
R-5	BR17B156	Resistor, 15 meg., 1/2 w.		B-51591	Spring, Dial Bracket
R-3	BR17B223	Resistor, 22M ohm, 1/2 w.		A-51787	Spring, Cable
R-12	BR17B224	Resistor, 220M ohm, 1/2 w.		A-51801	Rivet, Pronged, 3/32 x 1/8
R-7	BR17B335	Resistor, 3.3 meg., 1/2 w.		B-55300-1	Channel, Rubber
R-11	BR17B685	Resistor, 6.8 meg., 1/2 w.	SW-2	B-55500-1	Switch (Radio-Phono)
R-6	BR17E223	Resistor, 22M ohm, 1 w.	R-15	B-55550-1	Potentiometer, 500M ohm
R-4	BR17G153	Resistor, 15M ohm, 2 w.	R-10	B-55575-1	Potentiometer & Switch, 500M ohm

Order parts not listed by specifying (1) Part Name and (2) Model Number (include number following dash).

INTERNATIONAL DETROLA CORP.

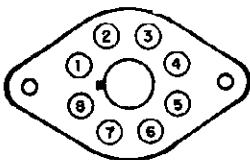


- Frequency Range 540-1600 kc. V.C. Impedance..... 3.5 ohms at 400 cycles
- Intermediate Frequency 455 kc. Power Output (Undistorted) 1.0 watt
- Power Supply 105-125 volts AC, 60 cycle Power Output (Maximum) 1.5 watts
- Loudspeaker PM, 5-inch Tuning Drive Ratio..... 5 to 1

MODEL 558

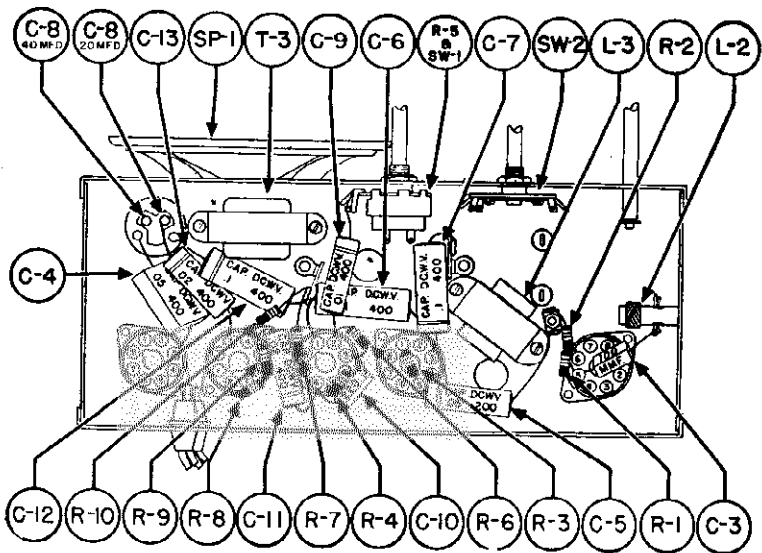
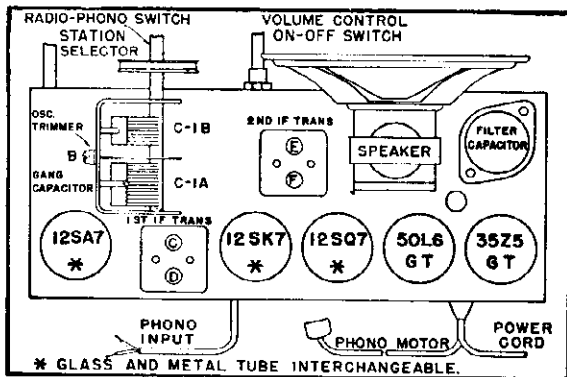
INTERNATIONAL DETROLA CORP.

TUBE	POSITION	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
12SA7GT	Converter	0	36.3 AC	108	108	-5.6	0	23.8 AC	0
12SK7GT	IF Amplifier	0	11.4 AC	0	0	0	108	23.8 AC	108
12SQ7GT	Detector—1st Audio	0	0	0	0	0	43	11.4 AC	0
50L6GT	Power Output	0	85 AC	100	108	0	0	36.3 AC	7.3
35Z5GT	Rectifier	0	117 AC	112 AC	0	112 AC	0	85 AC	117



NOTE: All DC voltages measured with a 1000 ohm-per-volt meter from ON-OFF switch (—B) to socket contact indicated. All AC voltages are measured from ON-OFF switch (—B) to socket contact indicated. All voltages are positive DC unless otherwise marked. Volume Control full on. No signal. Line voltage 117 volts AC.

Parts Layout Chassis Model 558



The following equipment is necessary to properly align this chassis:

- A signal generator which will provide an accurately calibrated signal at the frequencies listed.
- An output meter.
- A non-metallic screwdriver.
- Dummy antenna: — .1 mfd. — RMA loop.

NOTE: Intermediate Frequency and Oscillator adjustments may be made with the loop disconnected provided a resistor of 10,000 to 50,000 ohms is substituted to close the 12SA7GT grid circuit. The loop alignment must be done with the loop and chassis mounted in operating position in the cabinet. A single turn loosely coupled to loop may be substituted for RMA loop.

GENERATOR	CONNECTION AT RADIO	DUMMY ANTENNA	DIAL	TO TUNE TRIMMERS	REMARKS
1F 455 kc.	12SA7GT grid	.1 mfd.	HF end	IF trimmers C D E F	Tune to max.
1620 kc.	12SA7GT grid	RMA loop	HF end	Osc. trimmer B	Set limit of band
1400 kc.	Through loop*	RMA loop	1400 kc.	Ant. trimmer A	Tune to max.

* Loop trimmer accessible through bottom of cabinet.

INTERNATIONAL DETROLA CORP.

MODEL 58
MODEL 57
MODEL 57
MODEL 57

Chassis Model 558

Symbol	Part No.	Description	Symbol	Part No.	Description
C-4	BC31B503	Cap., Molded, .05 mfd., 400 v.	C-1	B-8296-1	Trimmer
C-5	BD210503	Cap., Paper, .05 mfd., 200 v.	C-8	A-8948	Capacitor, Electro., 40-20 mfd.
C-9	BD410103	Cap., Paper, .01 mfd., 400 v.	R-5	B-9051-3	Control, Pot.&Sw.(V.C.) 500M ohm.
C-6, 7, 12	BD410104	Cap., Paper, .1 mfd., 400 v.	T-1	B-51010-1	Transformer Assembly, 1st IF
C-11, 13	HD410203	Cap., Paper, .02 mfd., 400 v.	T-2	B-51011-1	Transformer Assembly, 2nd IF
C-3	BM78A101	Cap., Mica, 100 mmf.	L-2	B-51159	Coil Assembly, Oscillator
C-10	BM78A221	Cap., Mica, 220 mmf.	A-51180-1	Cord, AC Power, 6 ft.	
R-8	BR16C151	Resistor, 150 ohm, 1/2 w.	A-51163	Clip, Spring	
R-10	BR17B104	Resistor, 100,000 ohm, 1/2 w.	C-51573-1	Cap., Variable	
R-2	BR17B156	Resistor, 15 megohm, 1/2 w.	SW-2	B-51576-1	Switch, Radio-Phono
R-1	BR17B223	Resistor, 22,000 ohm, 1/2 w.	SP-1	C-51577	Speaker, 5-inch PM
R-3, 7	BR17B224	Resistor, 220,000 ohm, 1/2 w.	T-3	B-51578-1	Transformer, Output
R-4	BR17B335	Resistor, 3.3 megohm, 1/2 w.	B-51585-1	Cord (AC to Phono.)	
R-9	BR17B474	Resistor, 470,000 ohm, 1/2 w.	B-51591	Spring, Dial Bracket	
R-6	BR17B685	Resistor, 6.8 megohm, 1/2 w.	L-1	B-51599	Coil, Loop
A-2163		Cable, Drive	L-3	A-51726-2	Choke, Filter, 80 ma.
A-6158		Lamp, Pilot, No. 47 Mazda, 6.3 v.	A-51787	Spring, Cable	

Chassis Model 572

Symbol	Part No.	Description	Symbol	Part No.	Description
C-5	BC31B503	Cap., .05 mfd., 400 v. paper	A-9285		Lamp, pilot, Mazda No. 44
C-2, 8, 21	BD210503	Cap., .05 mfd., 200 v. paper	A-51160-1		Cord, power, 6 ft.
C-22	BD410103	Cap., .01 mfd., 400 v. paper	B-51162-3		Shaft, drive
C-7, 24	BD410104	Cap., .1 mfd., 400 v. paper	A-51163		Clip, spring
C-25	BD410203	Cap., .02 mfd., 400 v. paper	A-51260		Shield, tube
C-16, 28	BD410503	Cap., .05 mfd., 400 v. paper	C-18, 19, 26	A-51356	Cap., electro., 15-20-20 mfd.
C-1, 27	BD610202	Cap., .002 mfd., 600 v. paper	C-6	C-51401-1	Capacitor, variable
C-12	BM58D512	Cap., 5100 mmf., mica	C-51413		Speaker assembly, 5-inch
C-11, 20	BM78A101	Cap., 100 mmf., mica	T-2	B-51416-1	Trans. assembly, 1st IF
R-15	BR16E561	Resistor, 560 ohm, 1 w.	T-3	B-51417-1	Trans. assembly, 2nd IF
R-2, 9	BR17B102	Resistor, 1000 ohm, 1/2 w.	C-17	A-51419	Cap., electro., 10 mfd., 250 v.
R-10	BR17B103	Resistor, 10M ohm, 1/2 w.	L-5	B-51420	Coil assembly, oscillator
R-1, 14	BR17B104	Resistor, 100M ohm, 1/2 w.	T-1	C-51421	Transformer, power
R-4	BR17B150	Resistor, 15 ohm, 1/2 w.	L-3	B-51422	Coil assembly, antenna loading
R-5	BR17B156	Resistor, 15 meg., 1/2 w.	L-4	B-51425	Coil assembly, RF
R-3	BR17B223	Resistor, 22M ohm, 1/2 w.	C-18	B-51428-5	Capacitor, padder
R-13	BR17B224	Resistor, 220M ohm, 1/2 w.	L-2	B-51430	Coil assembly, SW antenna
R-8	BR17B335	Resistor, 3.3 meg., 1/2 w.	SW-2	B-51435-1	Switch assembly, 2-band
R-16	BR17B474	Resistor, 470M ohm, 1/2 w.	R-11	B-51445-1	Control, Pot. & switch 500,000 ohm.
R-12	BR17B685	Resistor, 6.8 meg., 1/2 w.	C-9, 10, 14, 15	A-51656	Cap. assembly, trimmer (4)
R-7	BR17E223	Resistor, 22M ohm, 1 w.	C-3	A-51657	Cap. assembly, trimmer (spec.)
R-6	BR17G153	Resistor, 15M ohm, 2 w.	A-51787		Spring, cable
A-2163		Cable, drive	B-51859-1		Cap. assembly, Ant.—BC

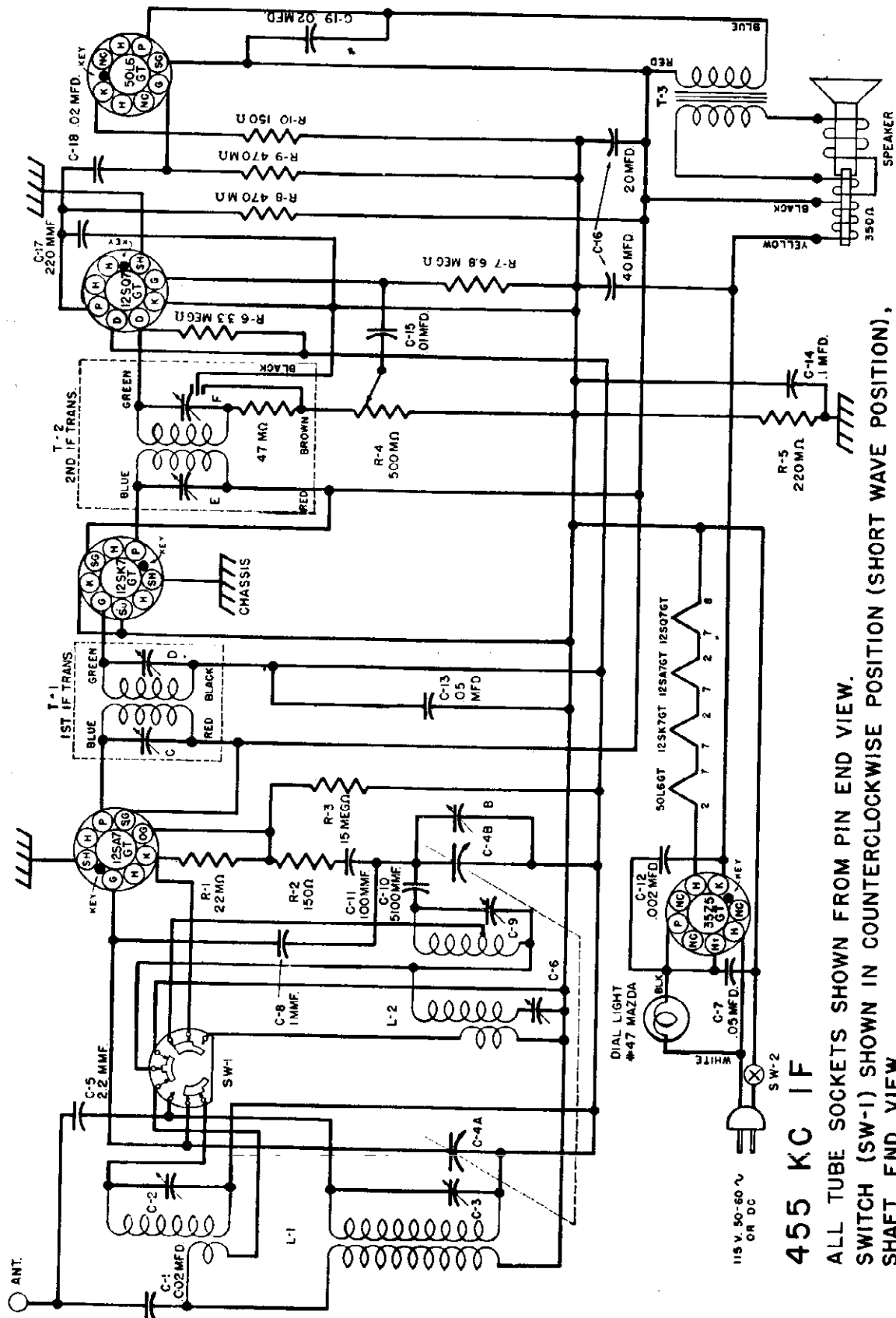
Chassis Model 576

Symbol	Part No.	Description	Symbol	Part No.	Description
C-4	BC31B503	Cap., Molded, .05 mfd., 400 v.	R-7	BR17B685	Resistor, 6.8 meg., 1/2 w.
C-8	BD210303	Cap., Paper, .03 mfd., 200 v.	A-2163		Cable Drive
C-2	BD210503	Cap., Paper, .05 mfd., 200 v.	A-6158		Lamp, Pilot No. 47 Mazda, 6.3 v.
C-10	BD410103	Cap., Paper, .01 mfd., 400 v.	C-9, 11	A-8948	Cap., Electrolytic, 40-20 mfd., 150 v.
C-6, 13	BD410104	Cap., Paper, .1 mfd., 400 v.	T-1	B-51010-1	Transformer Assembly, 1st IF
C-14	BD410203	Cap., Paper, .02 mfd., 400 v.	T-2	B-51011-1	Transformer Assembly, 2nd IF
C-16	BD610202	Cap., Paper, .002 mfd., 600 v.	A-51160-1		Cord, AC-DC Line, 6 ft.
C-15	BD610502	Cap., Paper, .005 mfd., 600 v.	A-51163		Clip, Spring
C-7	BM78A101	Cap., Mica, 100 mmf., 500 v.	C-51251		Cap., Variable, 3-section
C-3	BM78A151	Cap., Mica, 150 mmf., 500 v.	L-3	B-51256	Coil Assembly, Oscillator
C-12	BM78A221	Cap., Mica, 220 mmf., 500 v.	L-2	B-51257	Coil Assembly, RF
C-5	BM78A470	Cap., Mica, 47 mmf., 500 v.	A-51260		Shield, Tube
R-11	BR16C151	Resistor, 150 ohm, 1/2 w.	SP-1	C-51722	Speaker, 6-inch, PM
R-9	BR17B104	Resistor, 100,000 ohm, 1/2 w.	R-10	B-51724-1	Control, Pot. & Sw. (Tone) 500M ohm.
R-4	BR17B153	Resistor, 15,000 ohm, 1/2 w.	R-5	B-51725-2	Control, Pot. (Volume) 500M ohm.
R-3	BR17B156	Resistor, 15 meg., 1/2 w.	L-4	B-51726-1	Choke, Filter, 80 ma.
R-1	BR17B223	Resistor, 22,000 ohm, 1/2 w.	A-51728		Shaft, Drive
R-2, 8	BR17B224	Resistor, 220,000 ohm, 1/2 w.	B-51730		Socket and Cable Assembly
R-6	BR17B335	Resistor, 3.3 meg., 1/2 w.	C-51735		Bracket Assembly, Welded
BR17B473		Resistor, 47,000 ohm, 1/2 w.	A-51787		Spring, Cable
			A-51986		Clip, Indicator

Chassis Model 579

Symbol	Part No.	Description	Symbol	Part No.	Description
C-4	BC31B503	Cap., paper, .05 mfd., 400 v.	C-7	A-8948	Cap., electro., 40-20 mfd.
C-2	BD210503	Cap., paper, .05 mfd., 200 v.	R-4	A-9051-2	Potentiometer and switch
C-8	BD410103	Cap., paper, .01 mfd., 400 v.	T-1	B-51010-1	Transformer assembly, 1st IF
C-6	BD410104	Cap., paper, .01 mfd., 400 v.	T-2	B-51011-1	Transformer assembly, 2nd IF
C-10, 11	BD410203	Cap., paper, .02 mfd., 400 v.	SP-1	C-51058	Speaker, 5-inch
C-3	BM78A151	Cap., mica, 150 mmf.	A-51160-1		Cord, AC line, 6 ft.
C-9	BM78A221	Cap., mica, 220 mmf.	B-51162-2		Shaft, drive
C-5	BM78A470	Cap., mica, 47 mmf.	A-51163		Clip, spring
R-9	BR16C151	Resistor, 150 ohm, 1/2 w.	C-51251		Capacitor, variable
R-3	BR17B156	Resistor, 15 megohm, 1/2 w.	L-3	B-51256	Coil, oscillator assembly
R-1	BR17B223	Resistor, 22M ohm, 1/2 w.	L-2	B-51257	Coil, RF assembly
R-2	BR17B224	Resistor, 220M ohm, 1/2 w.	A-51260		Shield, tube
R-5	BR17B335	Resistor, 3.3 megohm, 1/2 w.	A-51787		Spring, cable, music wire
R-7, 8	BR17B474	Resistor, 470M ohm, 1/2 w.	C-51921		Dial assembly, welded
R-6	BR17B685	Resistor, 6.8 megohm, 1/2 w.	A-51986		Clip, indicator
A-2163		Cable, drive			
A-6158		Lamp, pilot, No. 47 Mazda 6.3 v.			

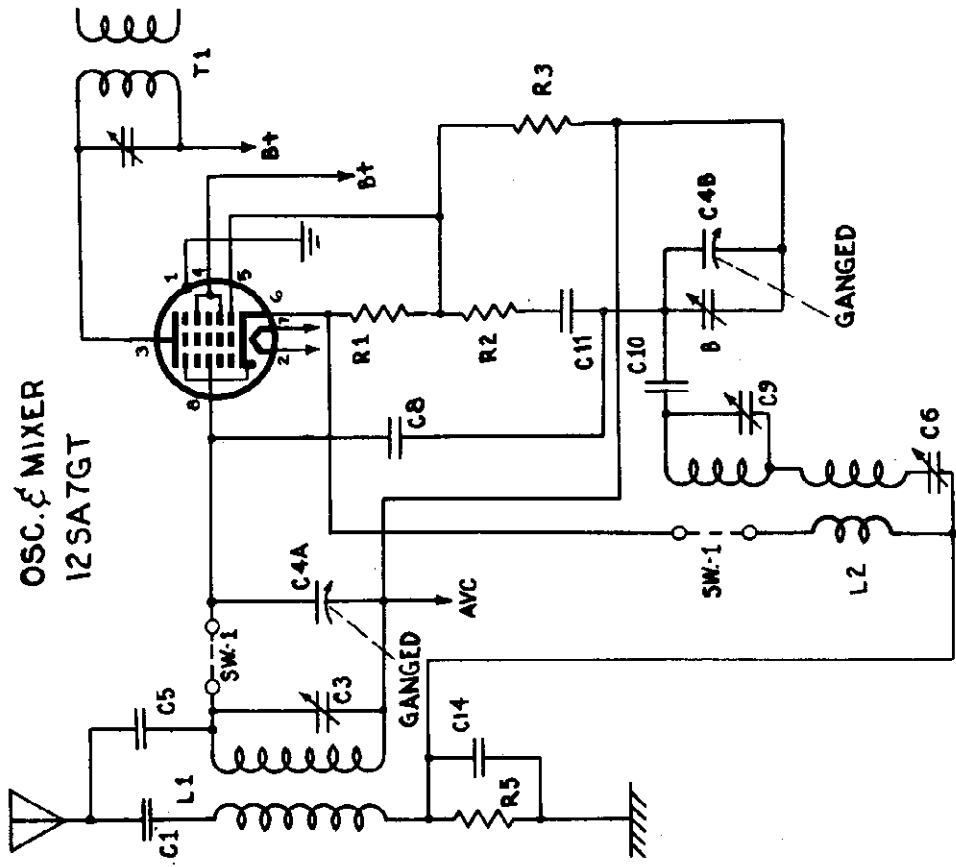
Order parts not listed by specifying (1) Part Name and (2) Model Number (Including number following dash).



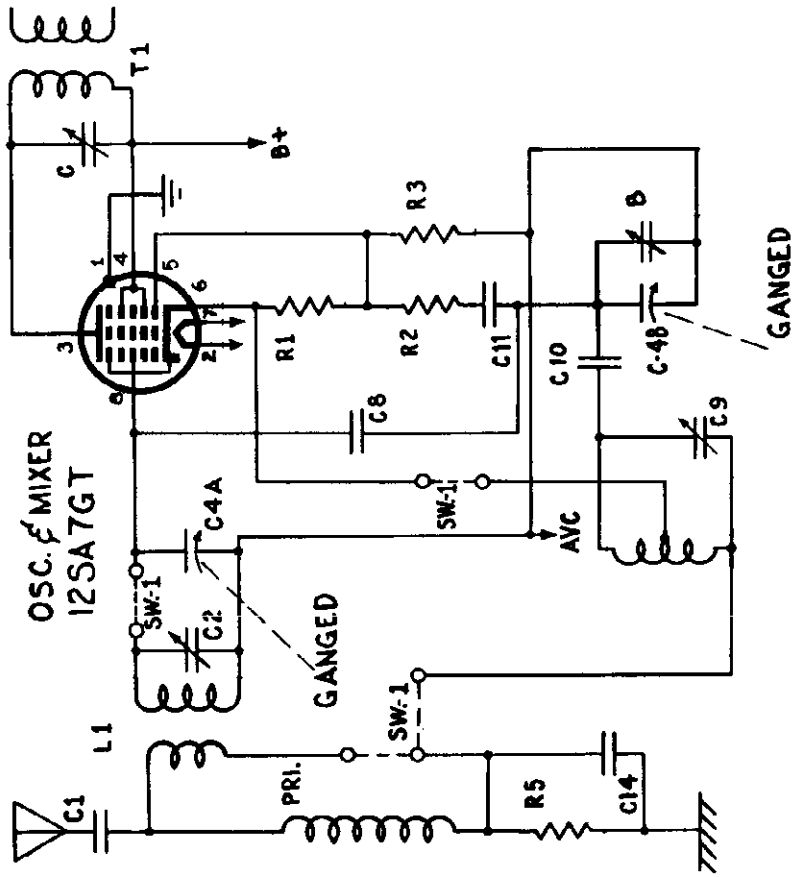
455 KC IF

ALL TUBE SOCKETS SHOWN FROM PIN END VIEW.

SWITCH (SW-1) SHOWN IN COUNTERCLOCKWISE POSITION (SHORT WAVE POSITION), SHAFT END VIEW.



BAND - SWITCH SHOWN
AT 2ND POSITION CLOCKWISE
BROADCAST BAND
540 - 1600 KC



BAND - SWITCH SHOWN
AT 1ST POSITION.
SHORT WAVE BAND
6-18 MC

MODEL 568

INTERNATIONAL DETROLA CORP.

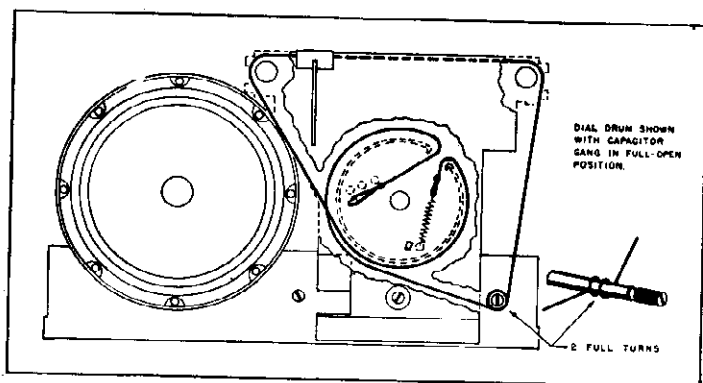
ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

The following equipment is necessary to properly align this chassis:

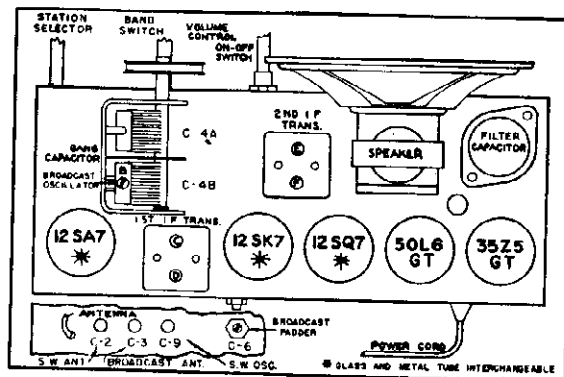
1. A signal generator which will provide an accurately calibrated signal at the frequencies listed.
2. An output meter.
3. A non-metallic screwdriver.
4. Dummy antenna: — .1 mfd. — 200 mmf. — 400 ohms

CONNECT TEST OSCILLATOR TO	DUMMY ANTENNA	INPUT SIGNAL FREQUENCY	BAND	SET DIAL AT	TRIMMERS	PURPOSE
12SA7GT grid	.1 mfd.	455 kc.	Broadcast	HF end	C D E F	Align IF
12SA7GT grid	.1 mfd.	1620 kc.	Broadcast	HF end	B	Set limit of band
Ant. terminal	400 ohms	18.3 mc.	Short Wave	HF end	C-9	Set limit of band
Ant. terminal	400 ohms	18.0 mc.	Short Wave	18 mc.	C-2	Align antenna
Ant. terminal	200 mmf.	1400 kc.	Broadcast	1400 kc.	C-3	Align antenna
Ant. terminal	200 mmf.	600 kc.	Broadcast	600 kc.	C-6	Rock gang and adjust to max.

NOTE: Recheck alignment of trimmers B and C-3 after adjusting C-6.



Dial Mechanism



Tube Layout

TUBE COMPLEMENT

- | | |
|--|----------------------------|
| 1—12SA7GT Oscillator and Mixer tube | 1—50L6GT Power Output tube |
| 1—12SK7GT IF Amplifier tube | 1—35Z5GT Rectifier tube |
| 1—12SQ7GT Second Detector and First Audio tube | |

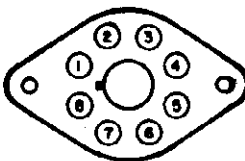
NOTE: The above glass tubes are interchangeable with their metal equivalent.

Electrical and Mechanical Specifications

Frequency Range.....	540-1600 kc., 6-18 mc. V.C. Impedance.....	3.5 ohms at 400 cycles
Intermediate Frequency	455 kc. Power Output (Undistorted).....	.75 watt
Power Supply.....	105-125 volts, 50-60 cycle AC or DC Power Output (Maximum).....	1.5 watts
Loudspeaker	Dynamic Tuning Drive Ratio	5-1

SOCKET VOLTAGES

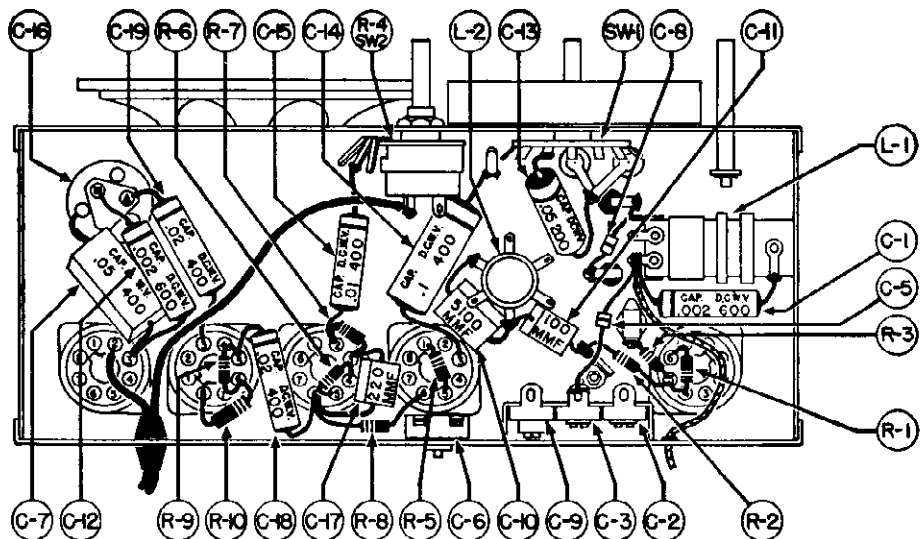
TUBE	POSITION	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
12SA7GT	Oscillator and Mixer	0	37.5 AC	99	99	-4.2	0	24.5 AC	
12SK7GT	IF Amplifier	0	24.5 AC	0	0	0	99	12.5 AC	99
12SQ7GT	2nd Det.—1st Audio	0	0	0	0	0	16	12.5 AC	
50L6GT	Power Output	0	85 AC	91.5	99	0	0	37.5 AC	50
35Z5GT	Rectifier	0	117 AC	112 AC	0	112 AC	0	85 AC	112



NOTE: All DC voltages measured with a 1000 ohm-per-volt meter from ON-OFF switch (—B) to socket contact indicated. All voltages are positive DC unless otherwise marked.

Volume control full on. No signal.

Line Voltage 117 volts AC.



Parts Layout
Chassis Model 568

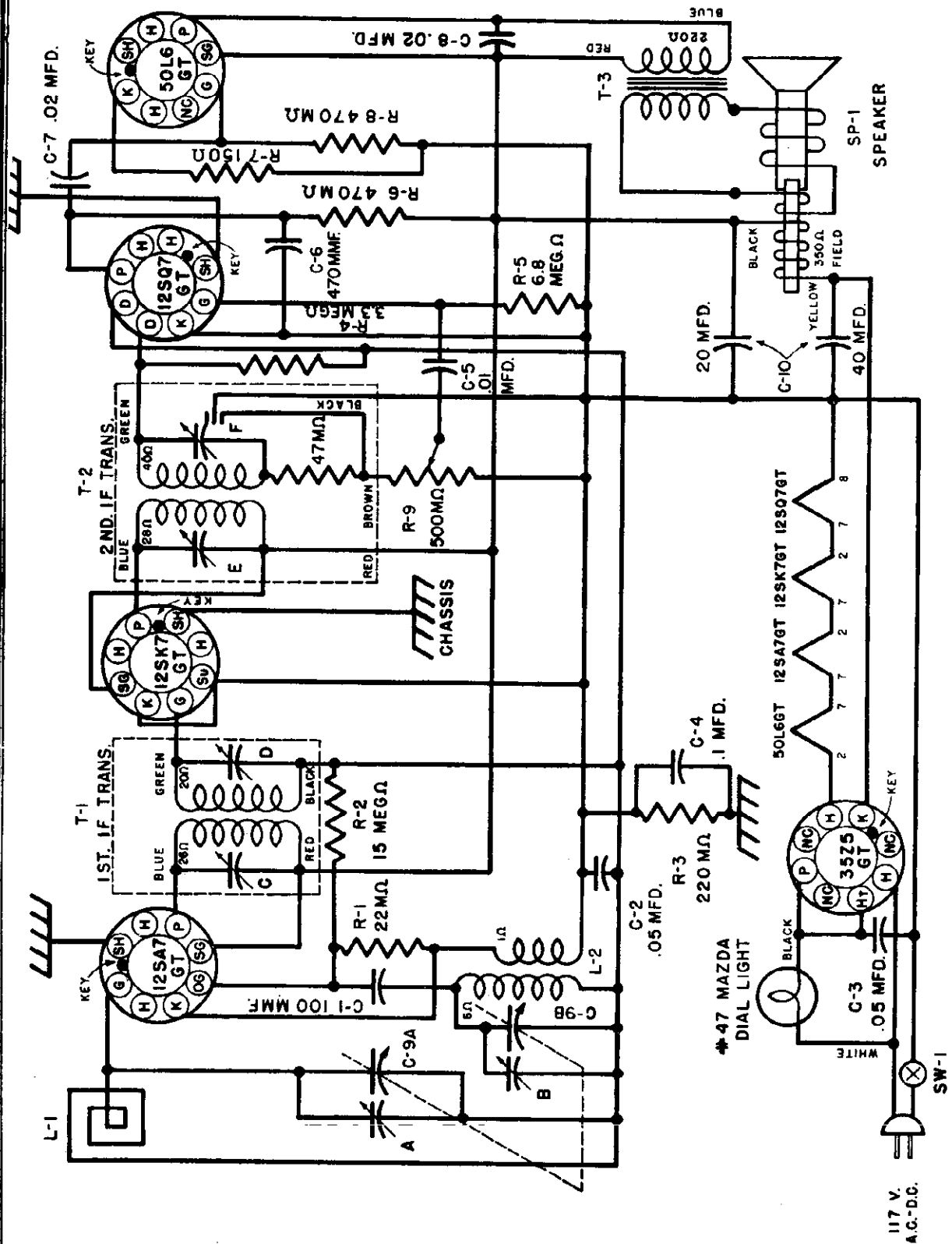
SERVICE PARTS LIST

Symbol	Part No.	Description	Symbol	Part No.	Description
C-7	BC31B503	Cap., Molded Paper, .05 mfd.	C-16	A-8948	Cap., Electrolytic, 40-20 mfd.
C-13	BD210503	Cap., Paper, .05 mfd., 200 v.	R-4	B-9051-5	Control, Vol & Sw. 500,000 ohm
C-15	BD410103	Cap., Paper, .01 mfd., 400 v.	T-1	B-51010-1	Transformer Assembly, 1st II
C-14	BD410104	Cap., Paper, .1 mfd., 400 v.	T-2	B-51011-1	Transformer Assembly, 2nd I
C-18, 19	BD410203	Cap., Paper, .02 mfd., 400 v.	C-51014		Speaker, 5-inch Dynamic
C-1, 12	BD610202	Cap., Paper, .002 mfd., 600 v.	A-51160-1		Cord, Power, 6 ft.
C-10	BM58D512	Cap., Mica, 5100 mmf.	A-51163		Clip, Spring
C-11	BM78A101	Cap., Mica, 100 mmf.	C-6	B-51428-5	Capacitor, Padder
C-17	BM78A221	Cap., Mica, 220 mmf.		B-51591	Spring, Dial Bracket
R-10	BR16C151	Resistor, 150 ohm, 1/2 w.	SW-1	B-51764-1	Switch, Band
R-2	BR17B151	Resistor, 150 ohm, 1/2 w.		A-51787	Spring, Cable, Music Wire
R-3	BR17B156	Resistor, 15 meg., 1/2 w.	L-1	B-51828	Coil Assembly, BC & SW Ant
R-1	BR17B223	Resistor, 22,000 ohm, 1/2 w.	C-2, 3, 9	A-51834	Capacitor, Trimmer, 3-section
R-5	BR17B224	Resistor, 220,000 ohm, 1/2 w.	L-2	B-51836	Coil Assembly, Osc.
R-6	BR17B335	Resistor, 3.3 meg., 1/2 w.	C-4	C-51837-1	Capacitor, Variable
R-8, 9	BR17B474	Resistor, 470,000 ohm, 1/2 w.	C-8	B-51839-2	Capacitor, 1 mmf.
R-7	BR17B685	Resistor, 6.8 meg., 1/2 w.	C-5	B-51839-4	Capacitor, 2.2 mmf.
	A-2163	Cable, Drive		A-51869	Antenna Reel Assembly
	A-6158	Lamp, Pilot, No. 47, Mazda, 6.3 v.			

Order parts not listed by specifying (1) Part Name and (2) Model Number (include number following dash)

MODELS 571A,
571B

INTERNATIONAL DETROLA CORP.



455 KC IF

ALL TUBE SOCKETS SHOWN FROM PIN END VIEW.

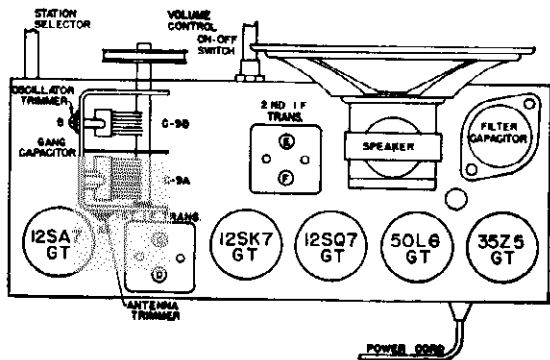
ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

The following equipment is necessary to properly align this chassis:

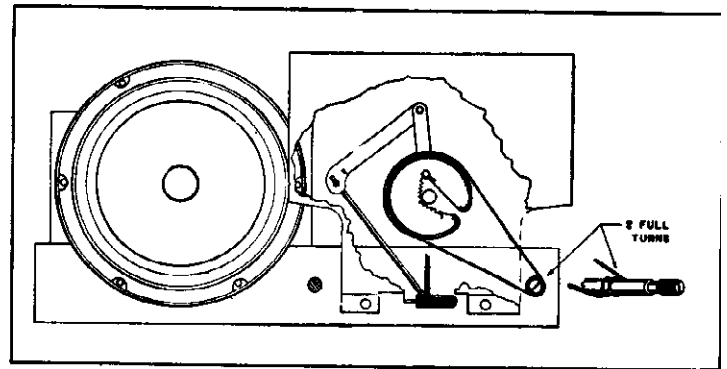
1. A signal generator which will provide an accurately calibrated signal at the frequencies listed.
2. An output meter.
3. A non-metallic screwdriver.
4. Dummy antenna: — .1 mfd., — RMA loop.

NOTE: Intermediate Frequency and Oscillator adjustment may be made with the loop disconnected provided a resistor of 10,000 to 50,000 ohms is substituted to close the 12SA7GT grid circuit. The loop alignment must be done with the loop and chassis mounted in operating position in the cabinet. A single turn loosely coupled to loop may be substituted for RMA loop

GENERATOR	CONNECTION AT RADIO	DUMMY ANTENNA	DIAL	TO TUNE TRIMMERS	REMARK
IF 455 kc.	12SA7GT grid	.1 mfd.	HF end	IF trimmers C D E F	Tune to m
1620 kc.	Through loop	RMA loop	HF end	Osc. trimmer B	Set limit band
1400 kc.	Through loop	RMA loop	1400 kc.	Ant. trimmer A	Tune to m



Tube Layout



Dial Mechanism

TUBE COMPLEMENT

- | | |
|--|-----------------------------|
| 1—12SA7GT Oscillator and Mixer tube | 1—12SK7GT IF Amplifier tube |
| 1—50L6GT Power Output tube | 1—35Z5GT Rectifier tube |
| 1—12SQ7GT Second Detector and First Audio tube | |

NOTE: The above glass tubes are interchangeable with their metal equivalent.

Electrical and Mechanical Specifications

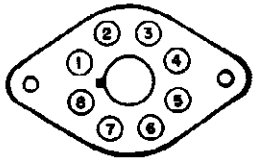
Frequency Range 540-1600 kc.	Power Output (Undistorted) ... .75 watts
Intermediate Frequency 455 kc.	Power Output (Maximum) 1.5 watts
Power Supply 105-125 volts AC-DC	Tuning Drive Ratio 3 to 1
Loudspeaker Dynamic	
V.C. Impedance 3.5 ohms at 400 cycles	

MODELS 571A,
571B

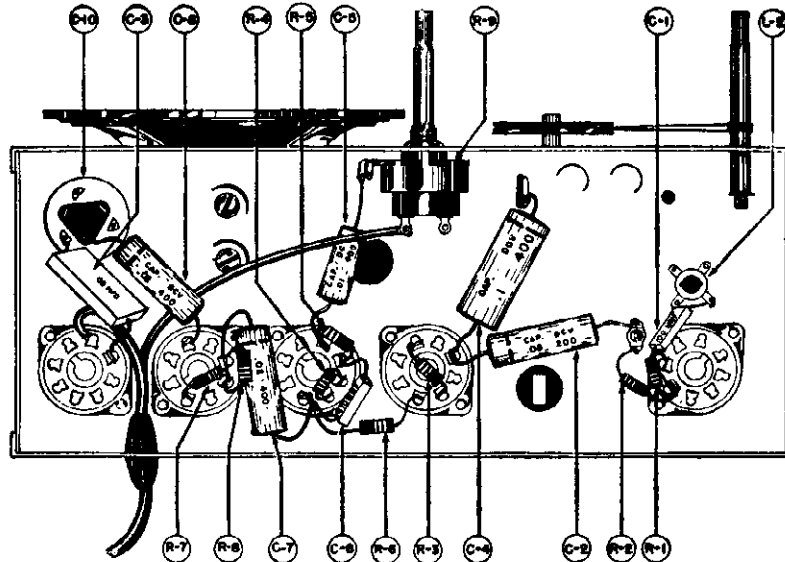
INTERNATIONAL DETROLA CORP.

SOCKET VOLTAGES

TUBE	POSITION	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
12SA7GT	Osc. and Mixer	0	37.5 AC	99	99	-4.2	0	24.5 AC	0
12SK7GT	IF Amplifier	0	24.5 AC	0	0	0	99	12.5 AC	99
12SQ7GT	2nd Det.—1st Audio	0	0	0	0	0	16	12.5 AC	0
50L6GT	Power Output	0	85 AC	91.5	99	0	0	37.5 AC	5.9
35Z5GT	Rectifier	0	117 AC	112 AC	0	112 AC	0	85 AC	112



NOTE: All DC voltages measured with a 1000 ohm per volt meter from ON-OFF switch (—B) to socket contact indicated. All AC voltages are measured from ON-OFF switch (—B) to socket contact indicated. All voltages are positive DC unless otherwise marked. Volume control full on. Line voltage 117 volts AC.

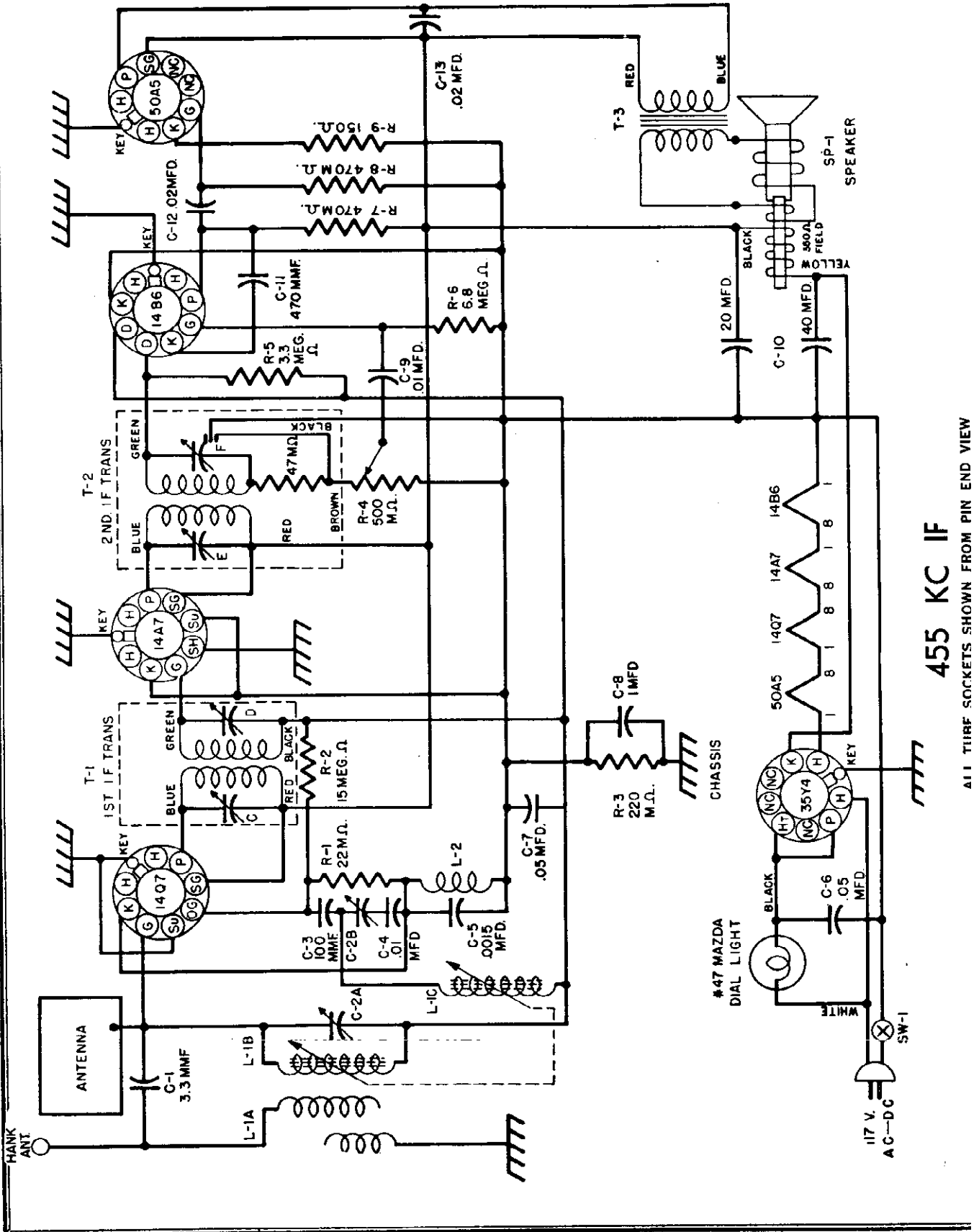


Parts Layout
Chassis Models 571A
and 571B

SERVICE PARTS LIST

Symbol	Part No.	Description
C-1	BM78A101	Cap., Mica, 100 mmf.
C-2	BD210503	Cap., Paper, .05 mfd., 200 v.
C-3	BC31B503	Cap., Mold., Paper, .05 mfd.
C-4	BD410104	Cap., Paper, .1 mfd., 400 v.
C-5	BD410103	Cap., Paper, .01 mfd., 400 v.
C-6	BM78A471	Cap., Mica, 470 mmf.
C-7, 8	BD410203	Cap., Paper, .02 mfd., 400 v.
C-9	C-51155-1	Cap., Variable, 2 Section
C-10	A-8948	Cap., Electro., 40-20 mfd., 150 v.
L-1	B-51243	Loop, Antenna
L-2	B-51159	Coil, Osc. Assembly
R-1	BR17B223	Resistor, 22M ohm 1/3 w.
R-2	BR17B156	Resistor, 15 meg. 1/3 w.
R-3	BR17B224	Resistor, 220M ohm 1/3 w.
R-4	BR17B335	Resistor, 3.3 meg. 1/3 w.
R-5	BR17B685	Resistor, 6.8 meg. 1/3 w.
R-6, 8	BR17B474	Resistor, 470M ohm 1/3 w.
R-7	BR16C151	Resistor, 150 ohm. 1/2 w.
R-9	B-9051-1	Control, Vol. & Sw. 500M ohm.
T-1	B-51010	Trans., Assembly, 1st IF

Symbol	Part No.	Description
T-2	B-51011	Trans., Assembly, 2nd IF
SP-1	C-51014	Speaker, 5" Dynamic, 350 ohm.
	A-2163	Cable, Drive
	A-6158	Lamp, Pilot No. 47 Mazda 6.3 v.
	A-51160-1	Cord, AC-DC Line, 6 ft.
	B-51162-1	Shaft, Drive
	A-51163	Clip, Spring
	B-51177	Bracket Assembly, Dial
	A-51202	Link, Insulating
	B-51204-1	Pointer
	A-51206	Arm, Dial Drive
	A-51237-1	Paper Back, Dial
	D-51240-1	Cabinet (571-1)
	A-51241-2	Knob
	C-51242-1	Dial, Glass Indicator
	C-51247	Back, Cabinet
	A-51249	Strip, Sponge Rubber
	A-51331	Spring, Dial Bracket
	A-51787	Spring, Cable
	B-54000	Carton Assembly



455 KC IF

ALL TUBE SOCKETS SHOWN FROM PIN END VIEW

MODEL 571X

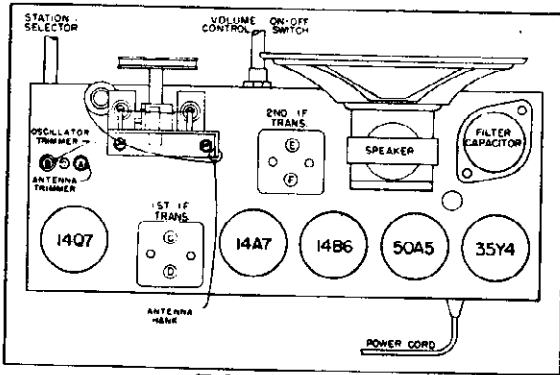
INTERNATIONAL DETROLA CORP.

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

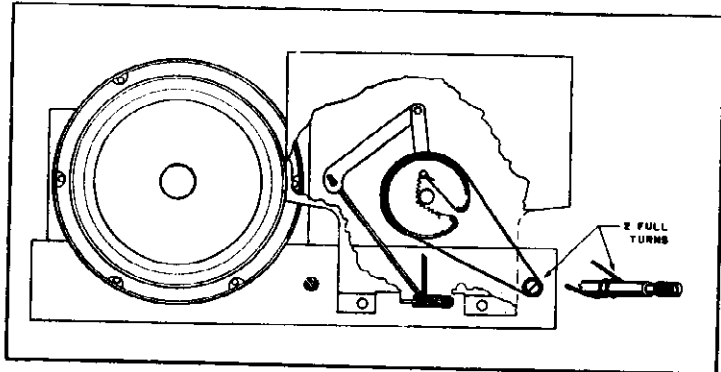
The following equipment is necessary to properly align this chassis:

1. A signal generator which will provide an accurately calibrated signal at the frequencies listed.
2. An output meter.
3. A non-metallic screwdriver.
4. Dummy antenna: — .1 mfd., — 10 mmf.

GENERATOR	CONNECTION AT RADIO	DUMMY ANTENNA	DIAL	TO TUNE TRIMMERS	REMARKS
IF 455 kc.	14Q7 grid	.1 mfd.	HF end	IF trimmers C D E F	Tune to max.
535 kc.	14Q7 grid	10 mmf.	LF end	Osc. trimmer B	Set limit of band
1400 kc.	14Q7 grid	10 mmf.	1400 kc.	Ant. trimmer A	Tune to max.



Tube Layout



Dial Mechanism

TUBE COMPLEMENT

- 1—14Q7 Oscillator and Mixer tube
- 1—50A5 Power Output tube
- 1—14A7 IF Amplifier tube
- 1—35Y4 Rectifier tube
- 1—14B6 Second Detector and First Audio tube

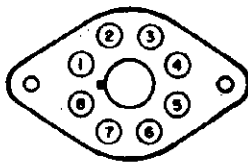
Electrical and Mechanical Specifications

Frequency Range.....	540-1700 kc.	Power Output (Undistorted)...	.75 watts
Intermediate Frequency.....	455 kc.	Power Output (Maximum).....	1.5 watts
Power Supply.....	105-125 volts AC-DC	Tuning Drive Ratio.....	3 to 1
Loudspeaker	5-inch Dynamic	Rated Power Input.....	.32 watts
V.C. Impedance.....	3.5 ohms at 400 cycles		

INTERNATIONAL DETROLA CORP.

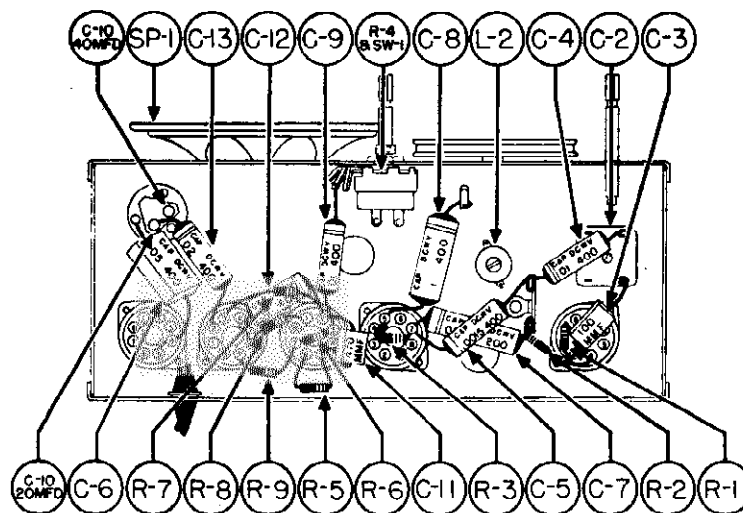
SOCKET VOLTAGES

TUBE	POSITION	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
14Q7	Osc. and Mixer	37.5 AC	99	99	-4.2	0	0	0	24.5 AC
14A7	IF Amplifier	12.5 AC	99	99	0	0	0	0	24.5 AC
14B6	2nd Det.—1st Audio	0	16	0	0	0	0	0	12.5 AC
50A5	Power Output	85 AC	91.5	99	0	0	0	5.9	37.5 AC
35Y4	Rectifier	117 AC	112 AC	0	112 AC	0	0	112	85 AC



NOTE: All DC voltages measured with a 1000 ohm-per-volt meter from ON-OFF switch (—B) to socket contact indicated. All AC voltages are measured from ON-OFF switch (—B) to socket contact indicated. All voltages are positive DC unless otherwise marked. Volume control full on. Line voltage 117 volts AC.

Parts Layout Chassis Model 571X with Loctal Tubes



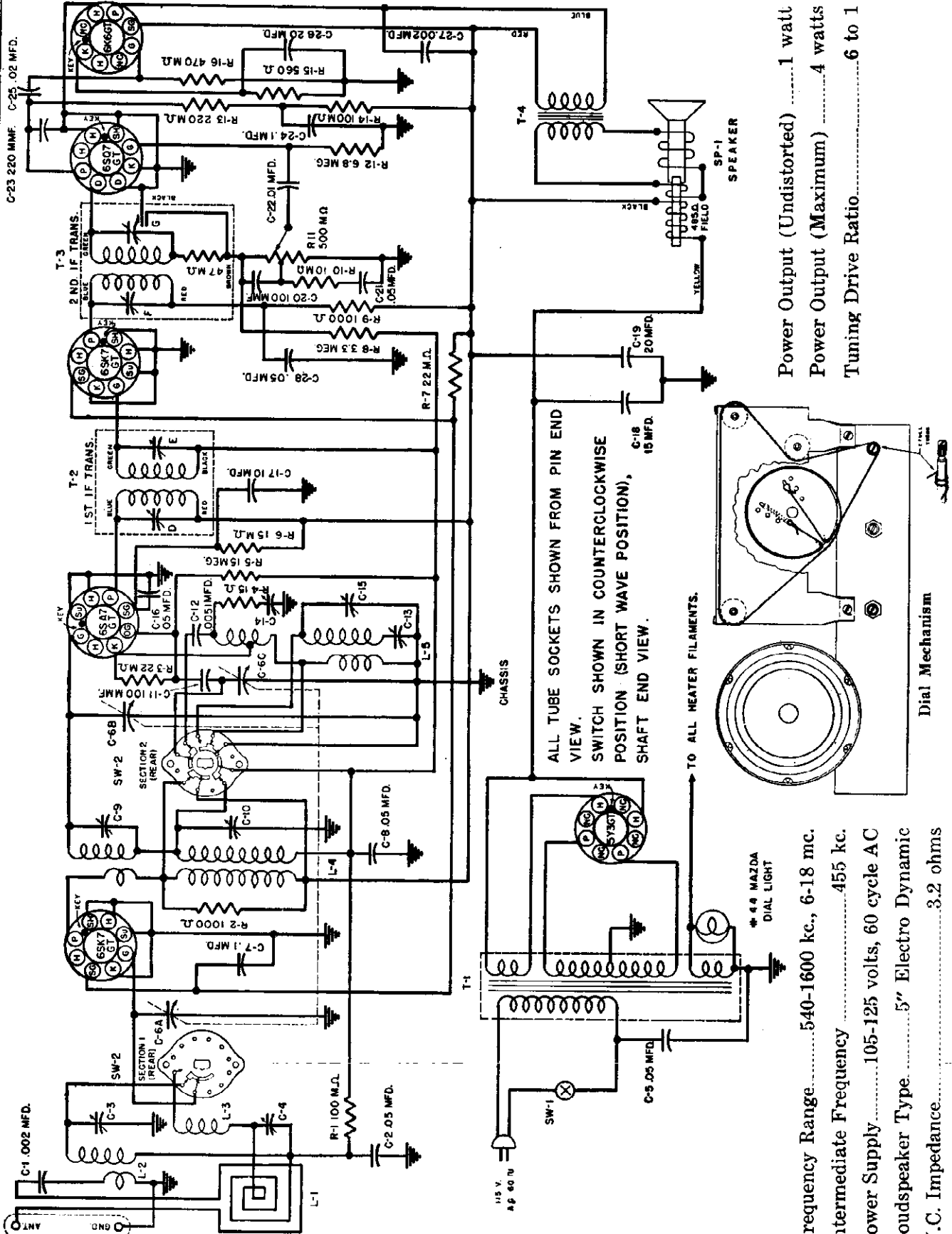
SERVICE PARTS LIST

Symbol	Part No.	Description	Symbol	Part No.	Description
C-6	BC31B503	Cap., Mold. Paper, .05 mfd., 400 v.	T-1	B-51010-1	Transformer Assy., 1st IF
C-7	BD210503	Cap., Paper, .05 mfd., 200 v.	T-2	B-51011-1	Transformer Assy., 2nd IF
C-4, 9	BD410103	Cap., Paper, .01 mfd., 400 v.	SP-1	C-51014	Speaker, 5-inch Dynamic, 350 ohm
C-8	BD410104	Cap., Paper, .1 mfd., 400 v.	A-51160-1		Cord, Power, 6 ft.
C-12, 13	BD410203	Cap., Paper, .02 mfd., 400 v.	B-51162-1		Shaft, Dial Drive
C-3	BM78A101	Cap., Mica, 100 mmf.	A-51163		Spring Clip for Dial Drive Shaft
C-11	BM78A471	Cap., Mica, 470 mmf.	A-51202		Link, Dial Drive
R-9	BR16C151	Resistor, 150 ohm, 1/2 w.	B-51330-1		Rubber Channel
R-2	BR17B156	Resistor, 15 megohm, 1/3 w.	A-51331		Spring, Dial Bracket
R-1	BR17B223	Resistor, 22,000 ohm, 1/3 w.	A-51778		Service Sheet
R-3	BR17B224	Resistor, 220,000 ohm, 1/3 w.	A-51787		Spring, Cable
R-5	BR17B335	Resistor, 3.3 megohm, 1/3 w.	A-51869		Antenna Reel Assembly
R-7, 8	BR17B474	Resistor, 470,000 ohm, 1/3 w.	L-1A, L-1B,		
R-6	BR17B685	Resistor, 6.8 megohm, 1/3 w.	L-1C	D-54902	Permeability Tuner Assembly
A-2163		Cable, Dial Drive	L-2	B-54903	Coil Assembly, Cathode
A-6158		Lamp, Pilot, No. 47 Mazda, 6.3 v.	C-2A;		
C-10	A-8948	Cap., Elec., 40-20 mfd., 150 v.	C-2B	B-54904-1	Capacitor, Trimmer
R-4	B-9051-1	Control, Vol. & Sw., 500,000 ohm.		B-55120-1	Stud, for Dial Drive Link
C-5	A-9672	Cap., Paper, .0015 mfd., 400 v.			

Order parts not listed by specifying (1) Part Name, (2) Model Number (include number following dash), (3) Run Number

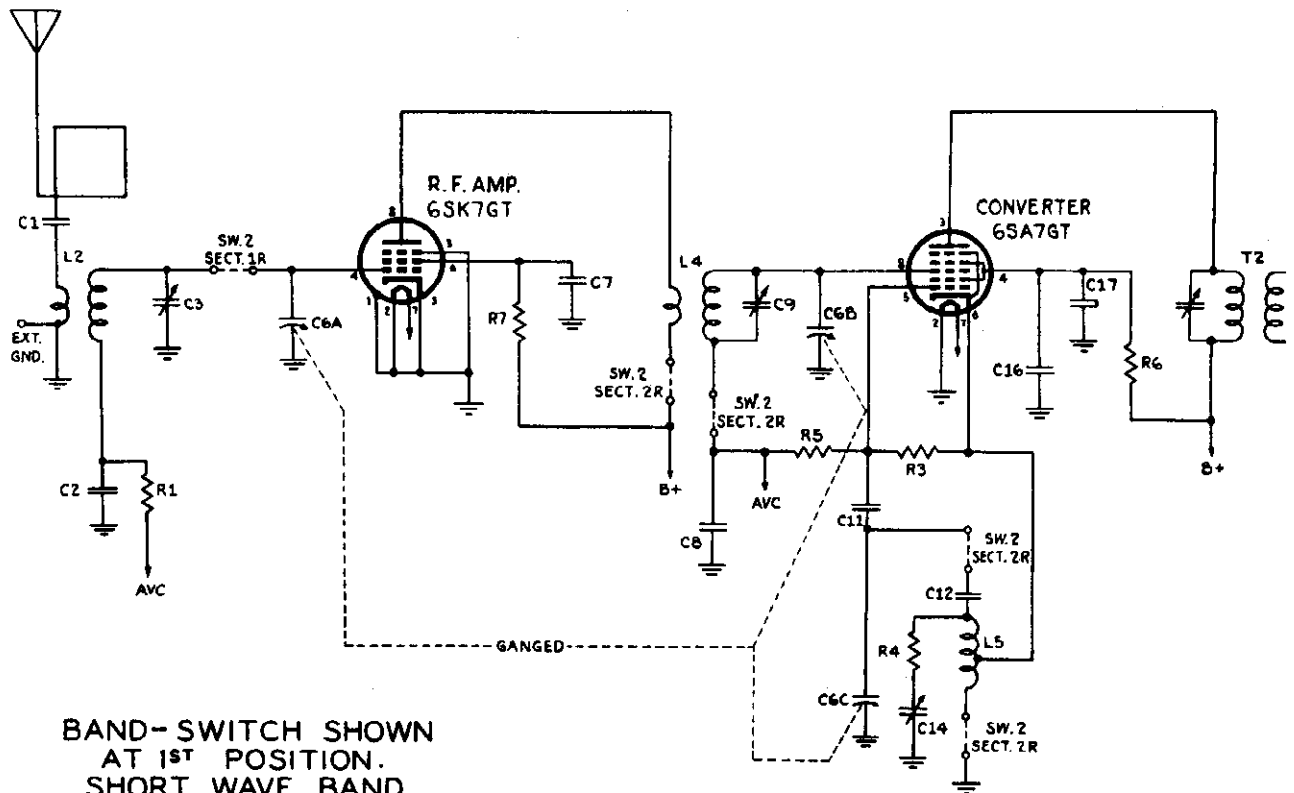
MODEL 572

INTERNATIONAL DETROLA CORP.

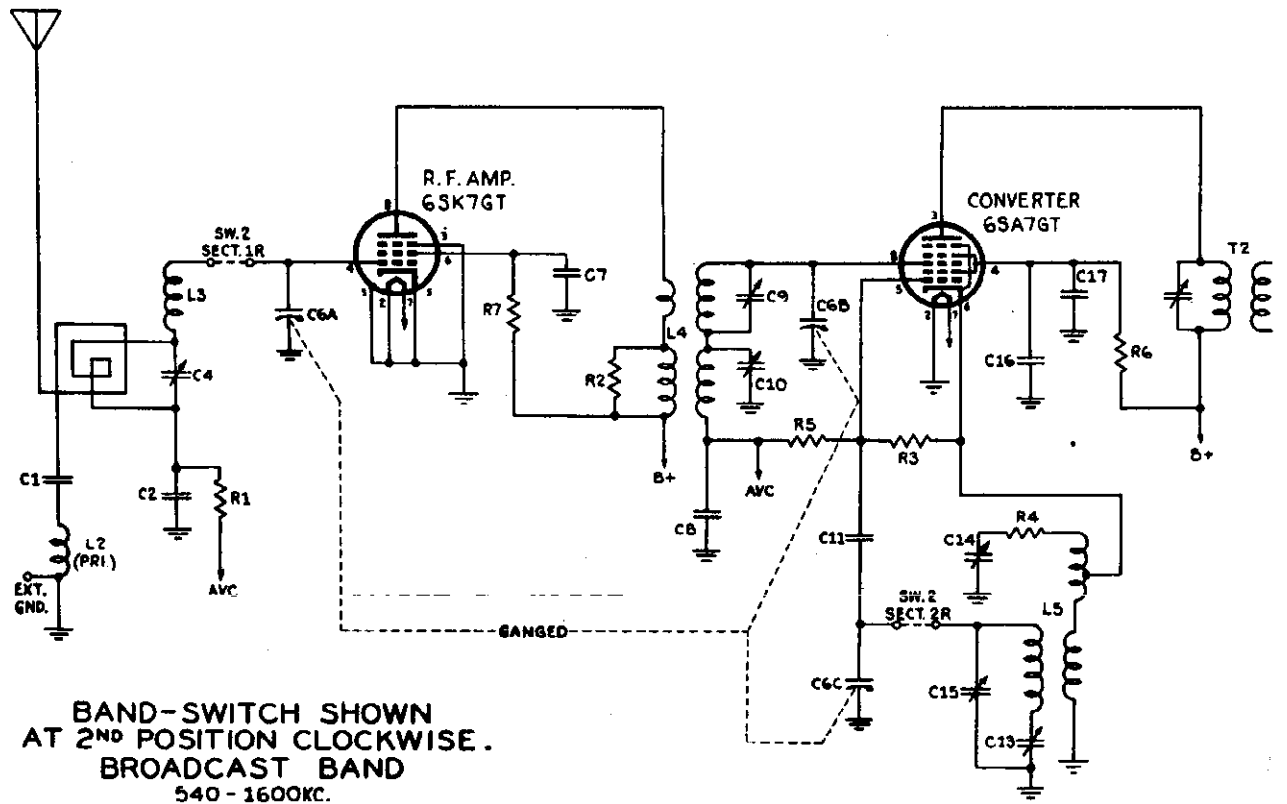


Power Output (Undistorted) 1 watt
 Power Output (Maximum) 4 watts
 Tuning Drive Ratio 6 to 1

Frequency Range 540-1600 kc., 6-18 mc.
 Intermediate Frequency 455 kc.
 Power Supply 105-125 volts, 60 cycle AC
 Loudspeaker Type 5" Electro Dynamic
 V.C. Impedance 3.2 ohms



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN AT 1ST POSITION. SHORT WAVE BAND 6 - 18 MC.

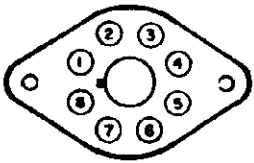


BAND-SWITCH SHOWN AT 2ND POSITION CLOCKWISE. BROADCAST BAND 540 - 1600 KC.

MODEL 572

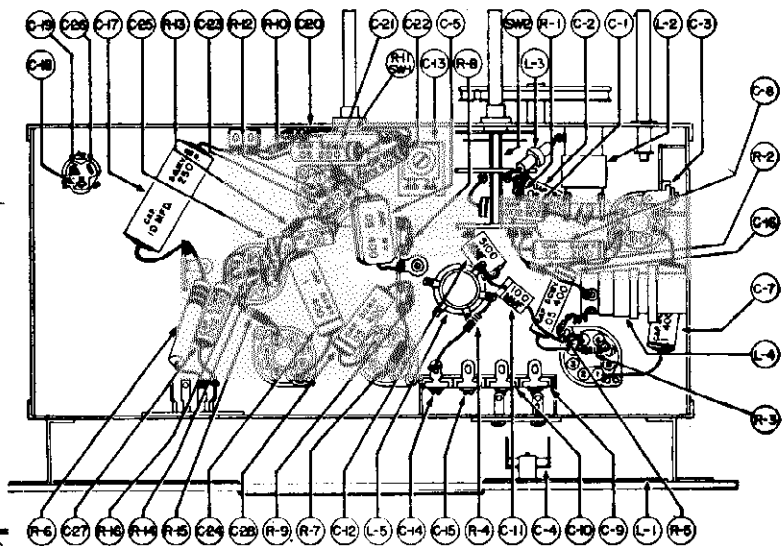
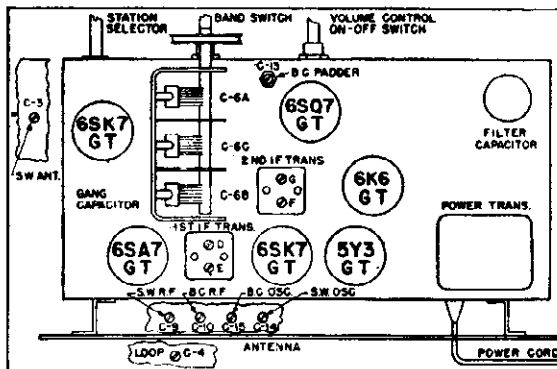
INTERNATIONAL DETROLA CORP.

TUBE	POSITION	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
6SK7GT	RF Amplifier	0	0	0	0	0	107	6 AC	255
6SA7GT	Converter	0	6 AC	250	103	0	0	0	0
6SK7GT	IF Amplifier	0	0	0	0	0	105	6 AC	237
6SQ7GT	Det.—AVC—Audio	0	0	0	0	0	34	6 AC	0
6K6GT	Power Output	0	0	230	240	0	0	6 AC	18
5Y3GT	Rectifier	0	310	0	300 AC	0	300 AC	0	310



NOTE: All voltages measured from chassis to socket contact indicated. DC voltages measured with a 1000 ohm-per-volt meter. All voltages are positive DC unless otherwise marked. Volume control full on. Receiver not tuned to station. Line voltage 117 volts AC.

Parts Layout Model 572

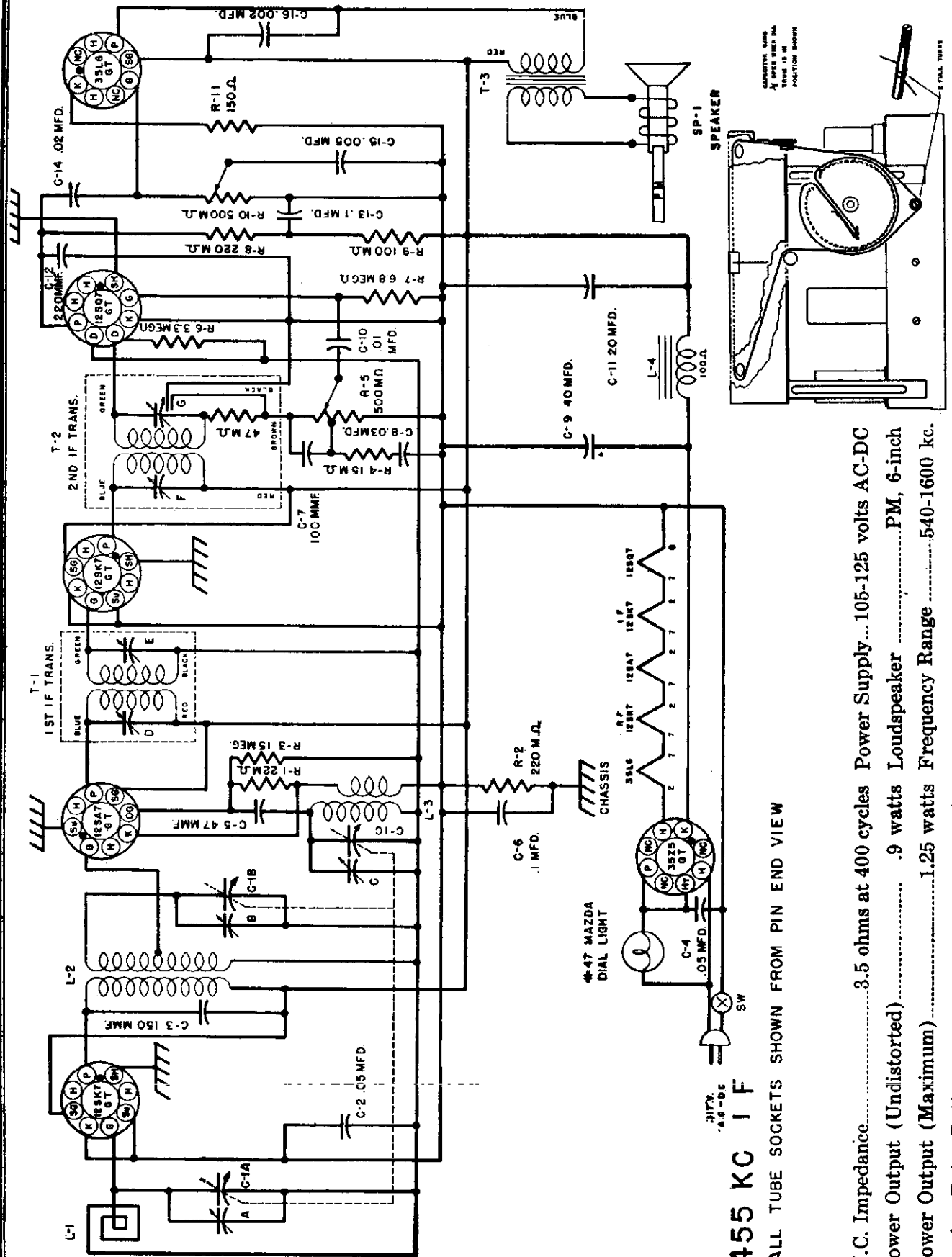


The following equipment is necessary to properly align this chassis:

- 1. A signal generator which will provide an accurately calibrated signal at the frequencies listed.
- 2. An output meter.
- 3. A non-metallic screwdriver.
- 4. Dummy antenna: .1 mfd. — 400 ohm resistor—RMA loop.

CONNECT TEST OSCILLATOR TO	DUMMY ANTENNA	INPUT SIGNAL FREQUENCY	BAND	SET DIAL AT	TRIMMERS	PURPOSE
6SA7GT grid	.1 mfd.	455 kc.	Broadcast	HF end	D E F G	Align IF
6SK7GT RF grid	.1 mfd.	18.3 mc.	Short wave	HF end	C-14	Set limit of band
6SK7GT RF grid	.1 mfd.	16 mc.	Short wave	16 mc.	C-9	Align RF
Antenna post	400 ohms	16 mc.	Short wave	16 mc.	C-3	Align antenna
6SK7GT RF grid	.1 mfd.	1620 kc.	Broadcast	HF end	C-15	Set limit of band
6SK7GT RF grid	.1 mfd.	1400 kc.	Broadcast	1400 kc.	C-10	Align RF
6SK7GT RF grid	.1 mfd.	600 kc.	Broadcast	600 kc.	C-13	Rock gang and adjust to max.
RMA loop	Through loop	1400 kc.	Broadcast	1400 kc.	C-4	Align antenna

INTERNATIONAL DETROLA CORP.

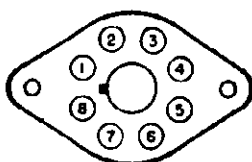


455 KC IF

ALL TUBE SOCKETS SHOWN FROM PIN END VIEW

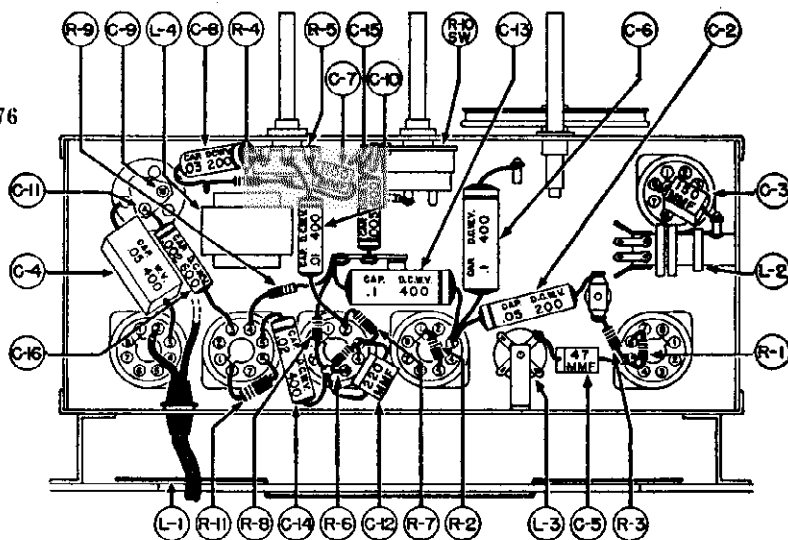
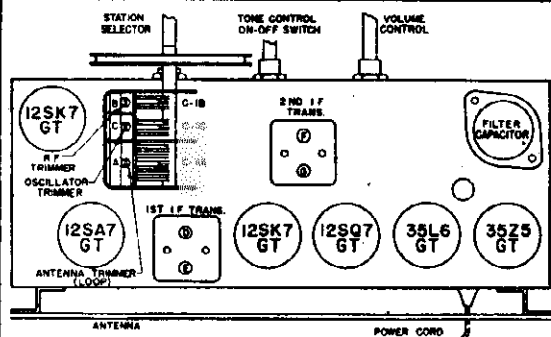
- V.C. Impedance.....3.5 ohms at 400 cycles Power Supply...105-125 volts AC-DC
- Power Output (Undistorted)......9 watts LoudspeakerPM, 6-inch
- Power Output (Maximum).....1.25 watts Frequency Range.....540-1600 kc.
- Tuning Drive Ratio.....6-1

TUBE	POSITION	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
12SK7GT	RF Amplifier	0	49.5 AC	0	0	0	105	36.5 AC	105
12SA7GT	Converter	0	24.7 AC	105	105	-6.8	0	36.5 AC	0
12SK7GT	IF Amplifier	0	24.7 AC	0	0	0	105	12.5 AC	105
12SQ7GT	2nd Det.—1st Audio	0	0	0	0	0	43	12.5 AC	0
35L6GT	Power Output	0	85.0 AC	97	105	0	0	49.5 AC	7.2
35Z5GT	Rectifier	0	117 AC	112 AC	0	112 AC	0	85 AC	114



NOTE: All DC voltages measured with a 1000 ohm-per-volt meter from ON-OFF switch (—B) to socket contact indicated.
 All voltages are positive DC unless otherwise marked.
 Volume Control full on. No signal.
 Tone Control in clockwise position.
 Line voltage 117 volts AC.

Parts Layout
Chassis Model 576



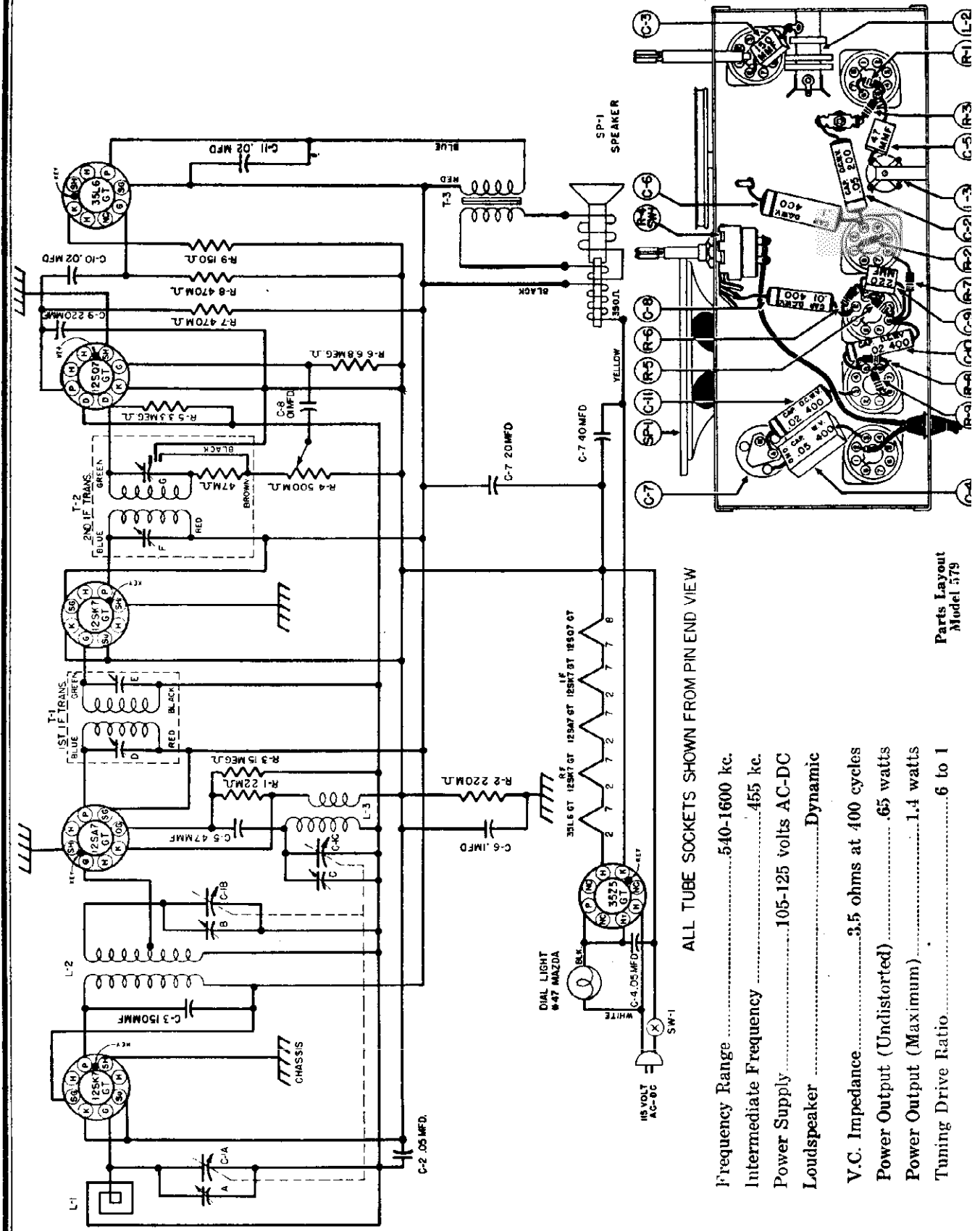
The following equipment is necessary to properly align this chassis:

- A signal generator which will provide an accurately calibrated signal at the frequencies listed.
- An output meter.
- A non-metallic screwdriver.
- Dummy antenna: — .1 mfd., — RMA loop.

Intermediate Frequency and Oscillator adjustments may be made with the loop disconnected provided a resistor of 10,000 to 50,000 ohms is substituted to close the 12SA7GT grid circuit. The loop alignment must be done with the loop and chassis mounted in operating position in the cabinet. A single turn loosely coupled to loop may be substituted for RMA loop.

GENERATOR	CONNECTION AT RADIO	DUMMY ANTENNA	DIAL	TO TUNE TRIMMERS	REMARKS
IF 455 kc.	12SA7GT grid	.1 mfd.	HF end	IF trimmers D E F G	Tune to max.
1620 kc.	Through loop	RMA loop	HF end	Osc. trimmer C	Set limit of band.
1400 kc.	Through loop	RMA loop	1400 kc.	RF trimmer B	Tune to max.
1400 kc.	Through loop	RMA loop	1400 kc.	Ant. Trimmer A	Tune to max.

INTERNATIONAL DETROLA CORP.



ALL TUBE SOCKETS SHOWN FROM PIN END VIEW

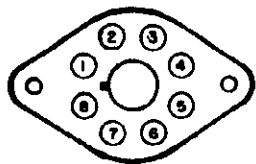
Parts Layout
Model 579

Frequency Range	540-1600 kc.
Intermediate Frequency	455 kc.
Power Supply	105-125 volts AC-DC
Loudspeaker	Dynamic
V.C. Impedance	3.5 ohms at 400 cycles
Power Output (Undistorted)	.65 watts
Power Output (Maximum)	1.4 watts
Tuning Drive Ratio	6 to 1

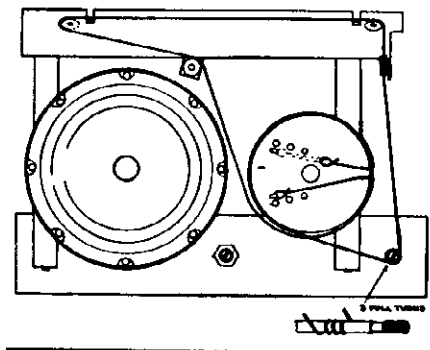
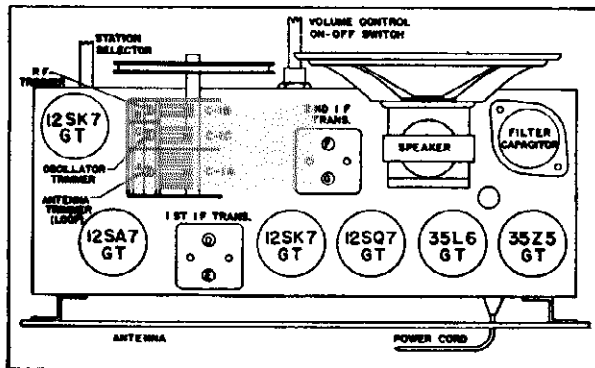
MODEL 579

INTERNATIONAL DETROLA CORP.

TUBE	POSITION	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
12SK7GT	RF Amplifier	0	50 AC	0	0	0	97	38 AC	97
12SA7GT	Converter	0	25 AC	97	97	-6	0	38 AC	0
12SK7GT	IF Amplifier	0	25 AC	0	0	0	97	12 AC	97
12SQ7GT	Detector, 1st Audio	0	0	0	0	0	30	12 AC	0
35L6GT	Output	0	85 AC	92	97	0	0	50 AC	5.7
35Z5GT	Rectifier	0	117 AC	112 AC	0	112 AC	0	86 AC	125



NOTE: All DC voltages measured with a 1000 ohm-per-volt meter from ON-OFF switch (—B) to socket contact indicated. All AC voltages are measured from ON-OFF switch (—B) to socket contact indicated. All voltages are positive DC unless otherwise marked. Volume Control full on. No signal. Line voltage 117 volts AC.



Dial Mechanism

The following equipment is necessary to properly align this chassis:

A signal generator which will provide an accurately calibrated signal at the frequencies listed.

An output meter.

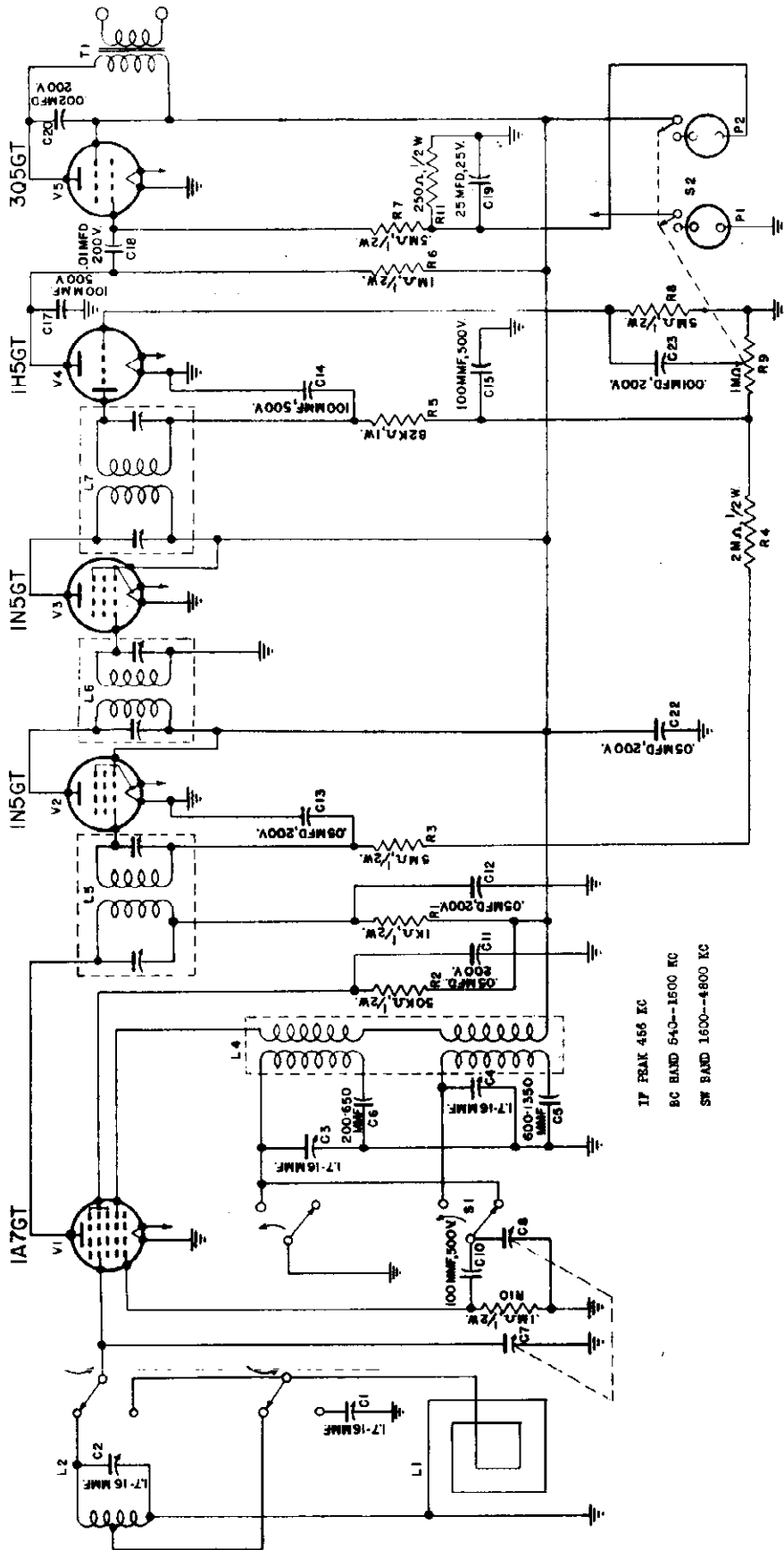
A non-metallic screwdriver.

Dummy antenna: .1 mfd. — RMA loop.

Intermediate Frequency and Oscillator adjustments may be made with the loop disconnected provided a resistor of 10,000 to 50,000 ohms is substituted to close the 12SK7GT grid circuit. The loop alignment must be done with the loop and chassis mounted in operating position in the cabinet. A single turn loosely coupled to loop may be substituted for RMA loop.

CONNECT TEST OSCILLATOR TO	DUMMY ANTENNA	INPUT SIGNAL FREQUENCY	SET DIAL AT	TRIMMERS	PURPOSE
12SA7GT grid	.1 mfd.	455 kc.	HF end	D E F G	Align IF
12SK7GT RF grid	.1 mfd.	1620 kc.	HF end	C	Set limit of band
12SK7GT RF grid	.1 mfd.	1400 kc.	1400 kc.	B	Align RF
RMA loop	Through loop	1400 kc.	1400 kc.	A	Align antenna

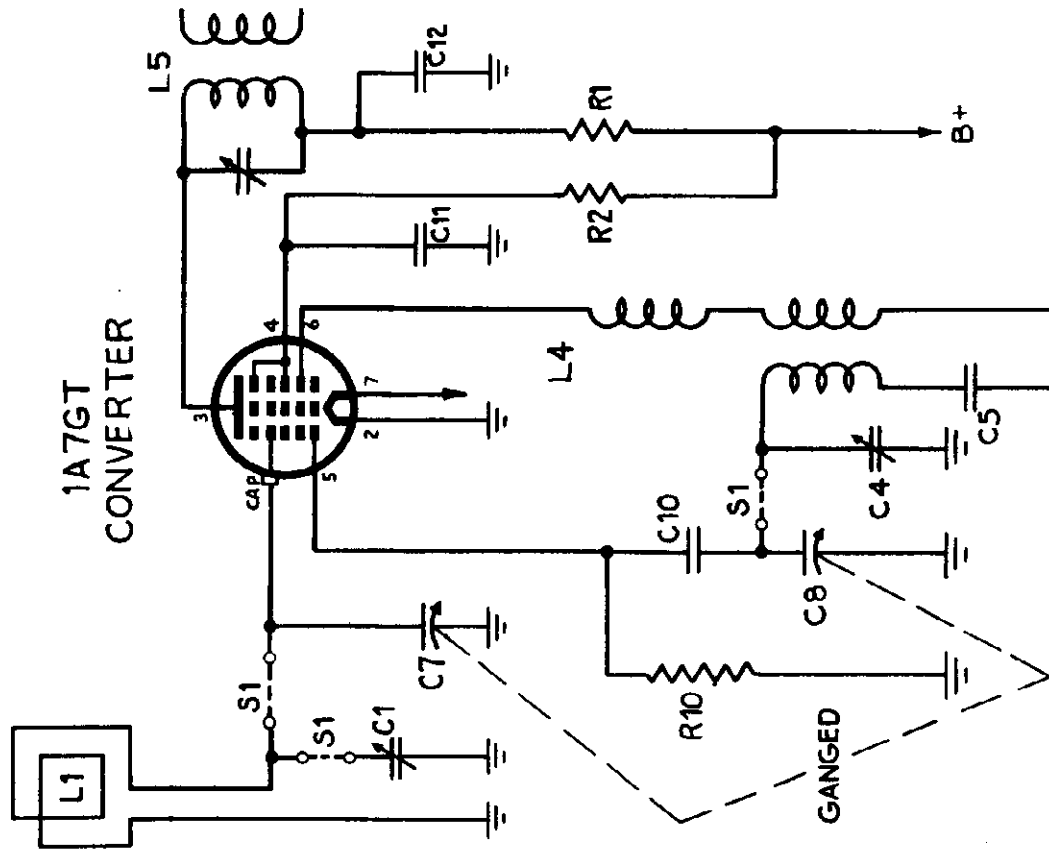
JEFFERSON-TRAVIS CORP.



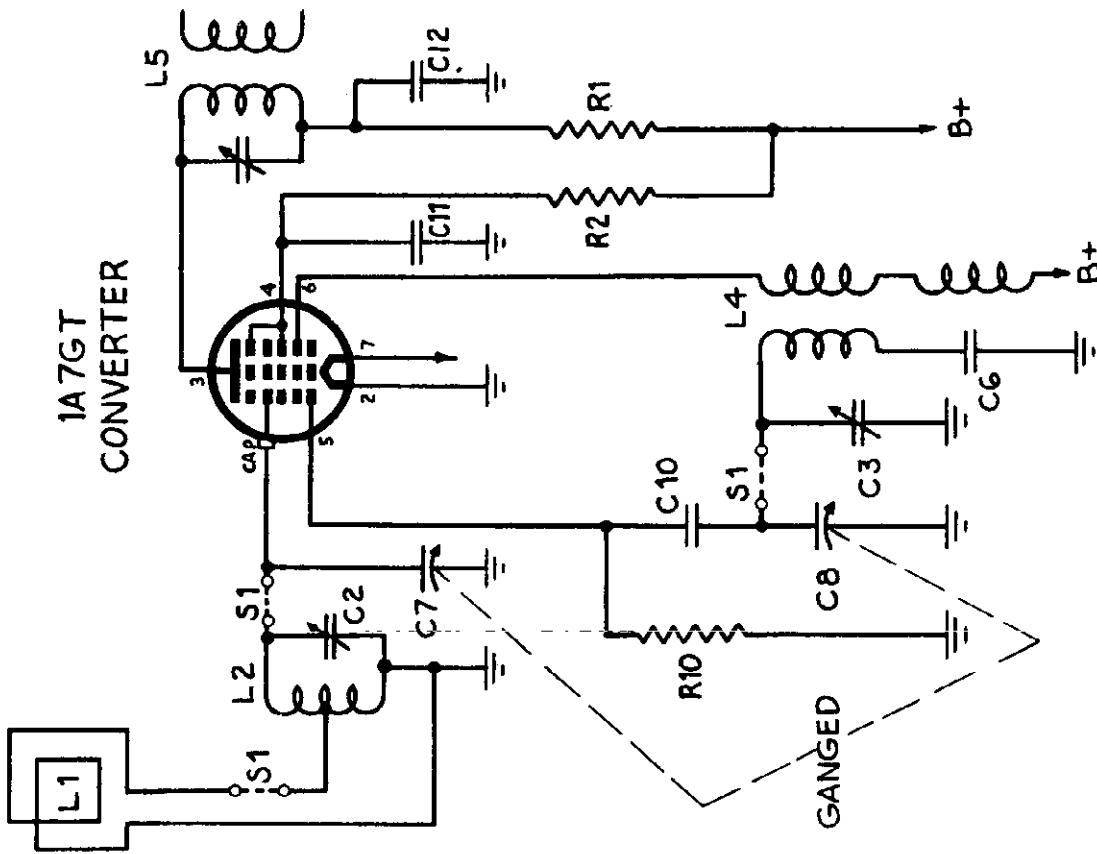
IF PEAK 456 KC

BC BAND 540--1500 KC

SW BAND 1600--4800 KC



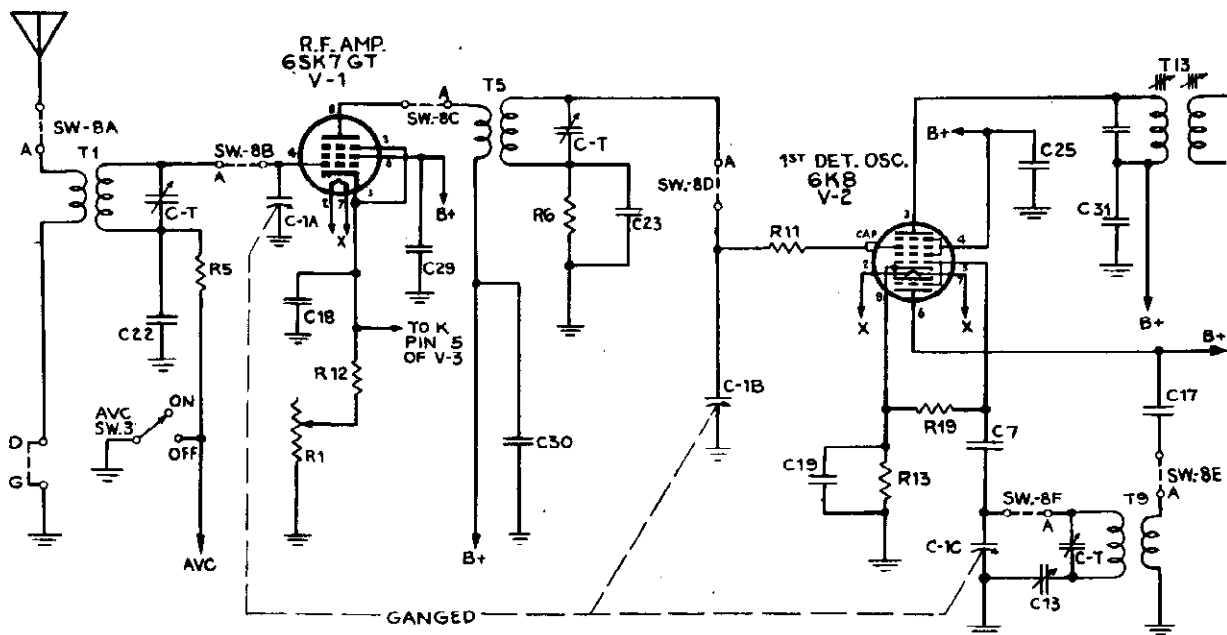
BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
AT 2ND POSITION
SHORT WAVE BAND
1600 TO 4800 KC



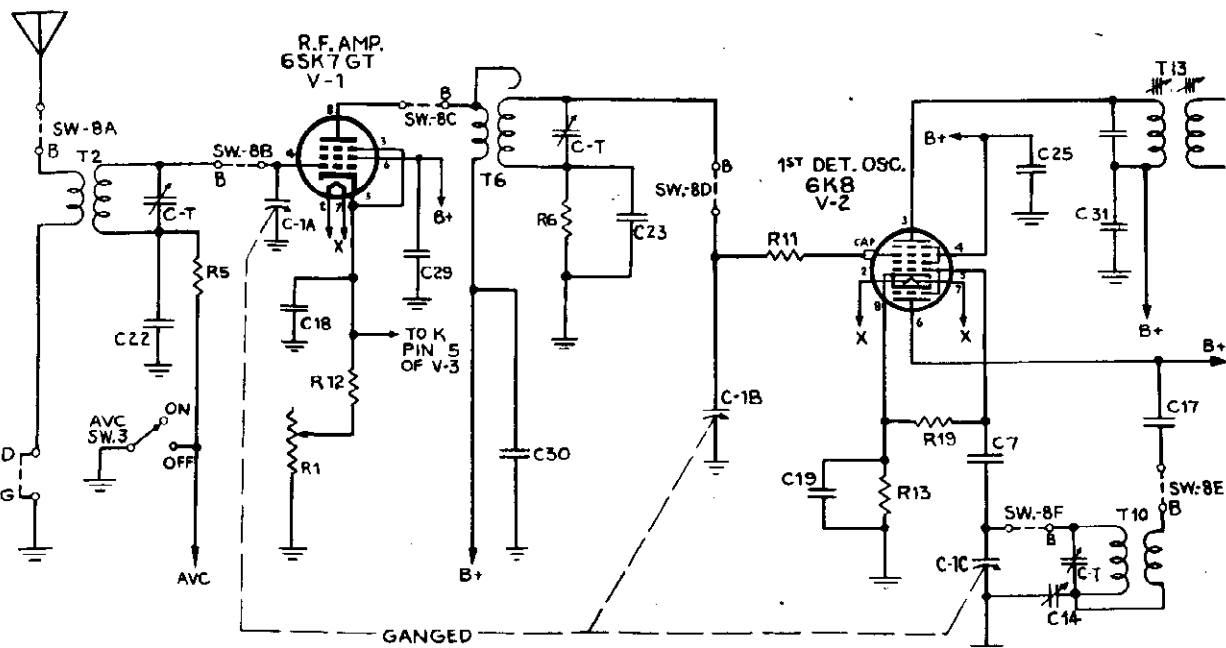
BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
AT 1ST POSITION.
BROADCAST BAND
540 TO 1600 KC

"clarified schematics"

KAAR ENGINEERING CO.

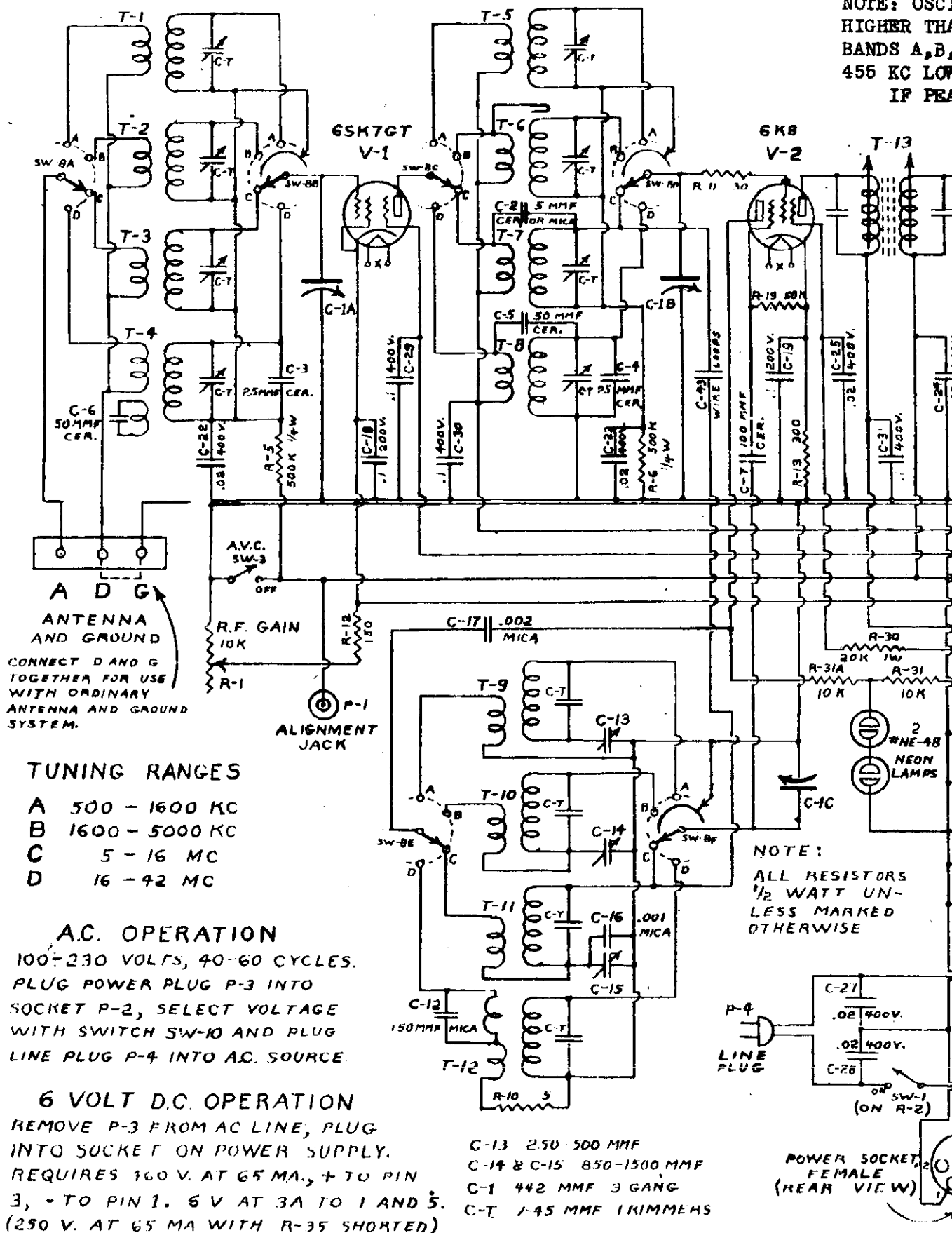


BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
AT 1ST POSITION.
BROADCAST BAND A
500 TO 1600 KC.



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
AT 2ND POSITION
BAND B
1600 - 5000 KC.

NOTE: OSC
HIGHER THA
BANDS A,B,
455 KC LOW
IF PEA



A D G
ANTENNA
AND GROUND
CONNECT D AND G
TOGETHER FOR USE
WITH ORDINARY
ANTENNA AND GROUND
SYSTEM.

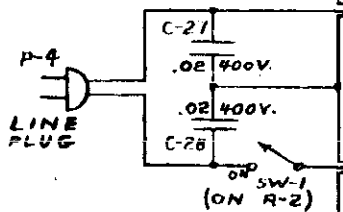
- TUNING RANGES**
- A 500 - 1600 KC
 - B 1600 - 5000 KC
 - C 5 - 16 MC
 - D 16 - 42 MC

A.C. OPERATION
100-230 VOLTS, 40-60 CYCLES.
PLUG POWER PLUG P-3 INTO
SOCKET P-2, SELECT VOLTAGE
WITH SWITCH SW-10 AND PLUG
LINE PLUG P-4 INTO AC. SOURCE

6 VOLT D.C. OPERATION
REMOVE P-3 FROM AC LINE, PLUG
INTO SOCKET ON POWER SUPPLY.
REQUIRES 160 V. AT 65 MA., + TO PIN
3, - TO PIN 1. 6 V AT 3A TO 1 AND 3.
(250 V. AT 65 MA WITH R-35 SHORTED)

- C-13 250-500 MMF
- C-14 & C-15 850-1500 MMF
- C-1 442 MMF 3 GANG
- C-T 1.45 MMF 1KIMMEHS

NOTE:
ALL RESISTORS
1/2 WATT UN-
LESS MARKED
OTHERWISE



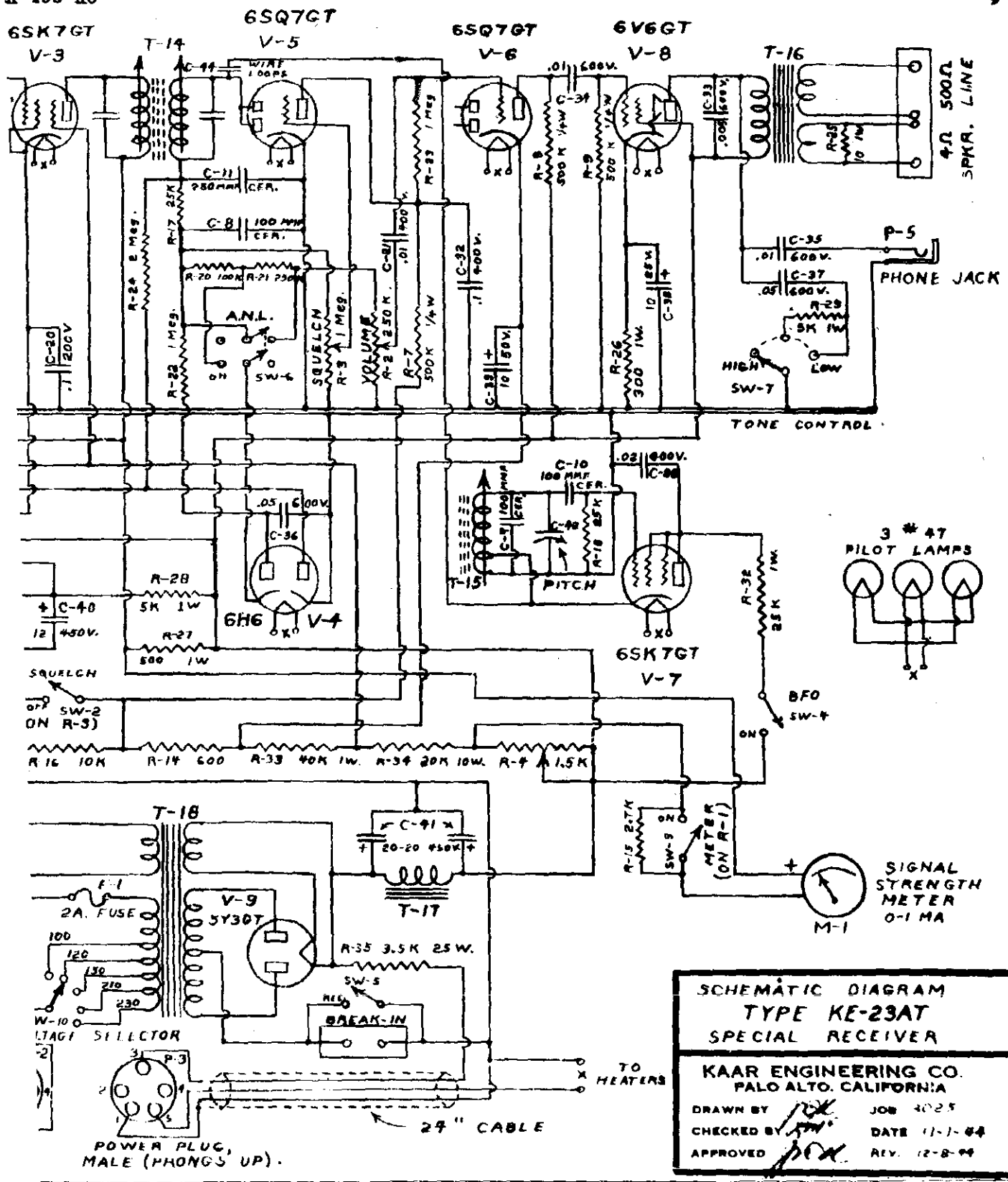
POWER SOCKET
FEMALE
(REAR VIEW)

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ALIGNMENT DATA

OSCILLATOR IS 455 KC
IN SIGNAL FREQUENCY
BAND C; IT IS
LOWER THAN BAND D.
BY 455 KC

BAND	TRIM	PAD
A	1400	550
B	4400	1800
C	14	5.5
D	38	16 (BY MOVING TURNS ON COILS)



**SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM
TYPE KE-23AT
SPECIAL RECEIVER**

**KAAR ENGINEERING CO.
PALO ALTO, CALIFORNIA**

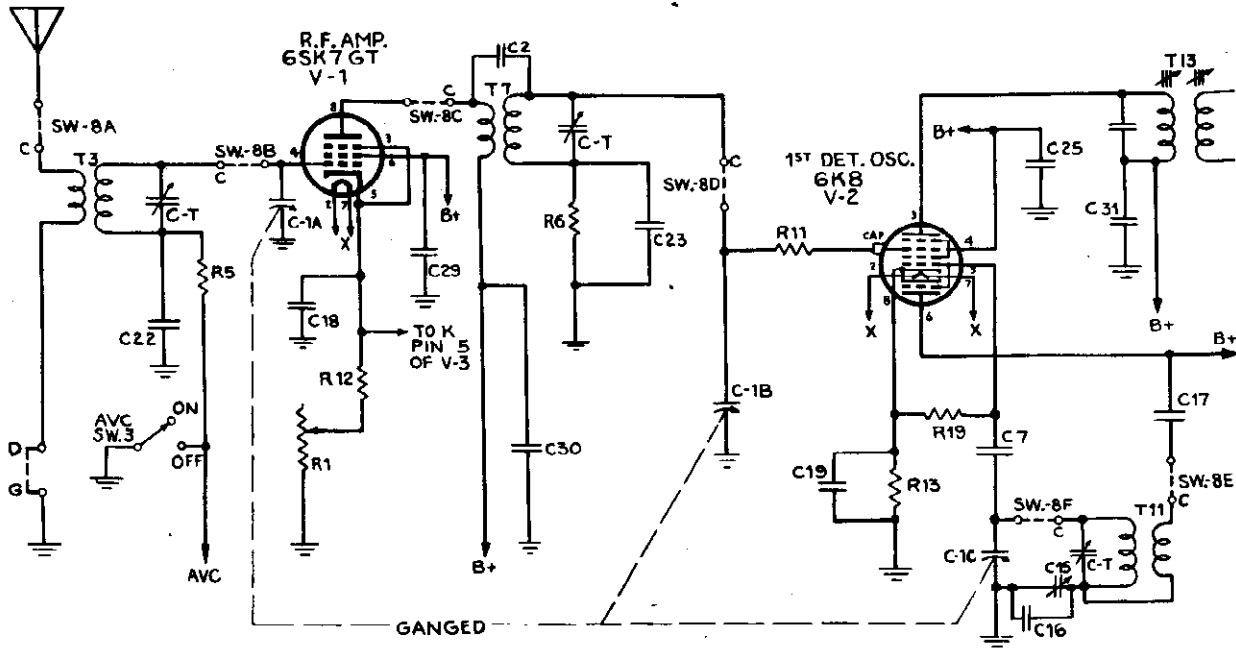
DRAWN BY *[Signature]* JOB 4025
 CHECKED BY *[Signature]* DATE 11-1-64
 APPROVED *[Signature]* REV. 12-8-64

"clarified schematics"

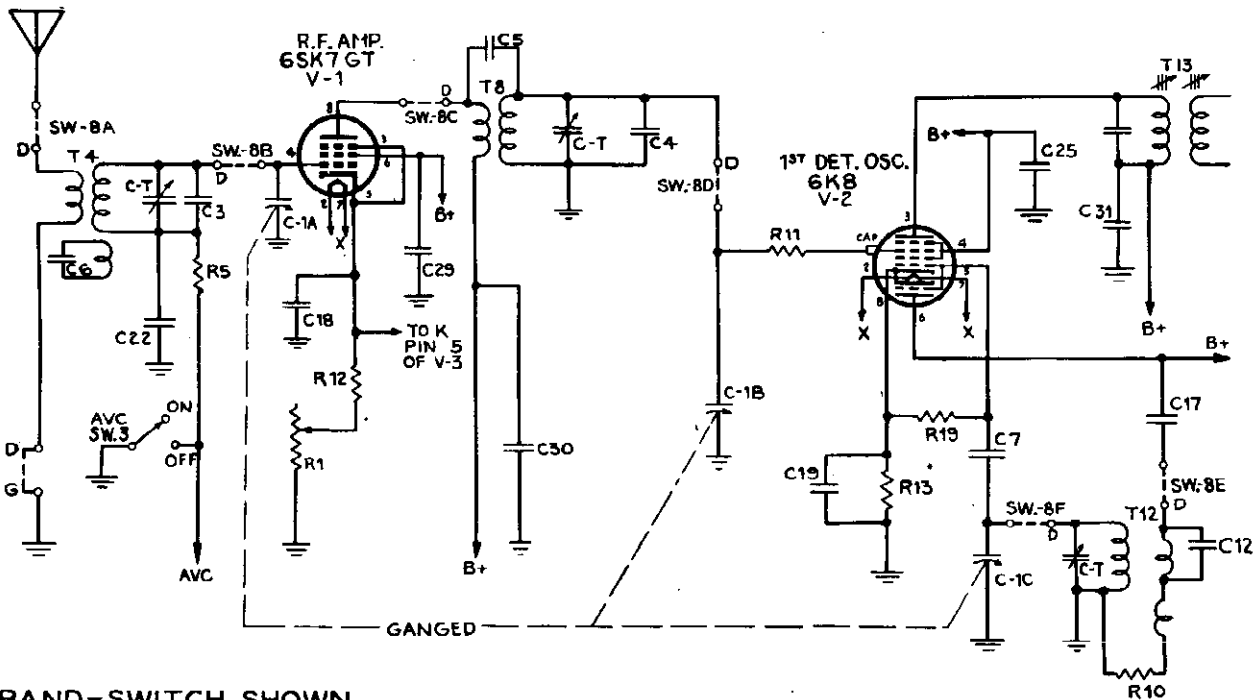
PAGE 15-4 KAAR

MODEL KE-23AT

KAAR ENGINEERING CO.



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
AT 3RD POSITION
BAND C
5-16 MC.



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
AT 4TH POSITION
BAND D
16-42 MC.

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Glass "9X" tubes or even "9" tubes can be used if the metal tubes indicated above are not available. Metal tubes can be substituted in all cases where glass tubes are indicated. However, if such substitutions are made for V-1, V-2 or V-3, it is quite probable that the receiver would have to be re-aligned, particularly on the higher frequency bands.

7. CIRCUI

1.71 The circuit is a standard superheterodyne with a high degree of stability. Permeability tuned intermediate frequency transformers and ceramic trimming condensers across the R.F. coils are incorporated to assure permanency of adjustment.

1.72 A special feature of the KE-23AT is the **NO-SIGNAL SQUELCH CIRCUIT**. This SQUELCH (or "Q") CIRCUIT may be used in two-way communication work where "standby" operation is desirable and where the background noise with the station off would be objectionable. The SQUELCH CIRCUIT automatically silences the receiver except when a station is actually being received. This feature can also be used as a between-station quieting device preventing the rear of static between stations when tuning from one to another.

1.73 There is also provided an **AUTOMATIC NOISE SILENCER** which limits the noise produced by gasoline engine ignition systems or other electrical equipment, including ordinary static, that may exceed the level of the signal being received.

1.74 A **HEAT FREQUENCY OSCILLATOR** is provided for receiving CW (code) signals.

1.8 **PERFORMANCE:** For a receiver built as simply as the KE-23AT with as few tubes and component parts, the general performance is excellent.

1.81 **SENSITIVITY:** When measured with a standard dummy antenna input, the sensitivity of the receiver will be approximately between 1 and 5 microvolts over the range 500 KC to 16 MC, and between 3 and 15 microvolts in the 16 to 42 MC range.

1.82 **SELECTIVITY:** The average selectivity is approximately as follows:

Ratio: Input Voltage off	Kilocycles
Reference to Voltage at Resonance	off Resonance
10 (20 DB)	7 KC
100 (40 DB)	14 KC
1000 (60 DB)	28 KC

1.83 **AUDIO RESPONSE:** The audio frequency response is essentially flat between 100 and 8500 cycles. The power output is approximately 2 watts with a total harmonic distortion of not over 10%.

2. INSTALLATION

2.1 A radio receiver is only as good as its installation. Reception obviously will not be as good with a poor, fluctuating or noisy power source; or a make-shift antenna; as it would be under proper conditions. Generally speaking, the KE-23AT receiver should be installed according to good and acceptable practice. A filter is provided in the AC line to help minimize noise from that source. The automatic noise limiter will help reduce noise entering by way of the antenna. Two voltage regulating neon lamps are in the oscillator voltage supply circuit to minimize the effect of voltage fluctuations. The receiver has been moisture-proofed and the parts on the under side of the chassis have been sprayed with fungus resisting lacquer as an aid to operation in damp and humid climates.

1. DESCRIPTION

1.1 **GENERAL:** The Kaar Engineering Company Model KE-23AT is a nine-tube General purpose communications receiver covering a frequency range from 500 KC to 42 MC, the most commonly used radio communications bands. This receiver provides a high degree of selectivity and sensitivity which should provide reception under the most difficult conditions.

1.2 **POWER SUPPLY:** The KE-23AT receiver is designed for operation from AC power from its built-in AC power supply. An auxiliary 24" power cable terminating in a miniature 5 prong plug provides operation from a 6 volt battery through an external power pack.

1.21 The built-in power supply provides operation from 40 - 60 cycle AC power at 100, 120, 150, 210 and 230 volts. A switch is provided for selecting any one of these voltages as necessary. The receiver will also operate satisfactorily under substantial overvoltage or undervoltage conditions, and satisfactory operation can be expected on any voltage between 90 and 280 volts.

1.22 Operation from a 6 volt battery is provided by removing the power plug from its socket and inserting it into an external power supply capable of furnishing 440 volts at 65 ma and 6 V. DC for the heaters. By making a minor circuit change underneath the chassis, the high voltage power requirement can be reduced to 230 - 250 volts at 65 ma.

1.3 **SPEAKER:** The 8" PK model 23ST loud speaker as furnished with this receiver is recommended for general use. Much larger speakers to provide better tone quality or very small speakers for monitoring purposes may be used satisfactorily. A 4 ohm output is provided for direct loud speaker operation. 500 ohms is also provided for feeding the output into a 500 ohm line.

1.4 **DIMENSIONS:** The KE-23AT receiver is mounted on a 8 3/4" x 19", 16 Gage steel panel of relay rack mounting dimensions. It is housed in an 18 Gage steel cabinet, with ainged lid in the top, 19" long, 9" high and 11 1/2" deep.

The model 23ST speaker cabinet is 9" high (excluding handle), 10" wide and 6" deep. Both the receiver and speaker are finished in gray, baked enamel wrinkle with black trim and knob.

1.5 **FREQUENCY CONTROLS:** The tuning range of the receiver is covered in four bands

Band A	500 KC to 1500 KC
Band B	1500 KC to 5000 KC
Band C	5 MC to 16 MC
Band D	16 MC to 42 MC

The frequencies are calibrated directly on the main dial. The VERNIER dial in the center provides a means for fine tuning adjustments and accurate logging. One complete rotation of this dial covers one division on the 0 - 50 logging scale on the main dial. The tuning ratio is approximately 100 to 1.

1.6 TUBE CONNECTIONS

- Y-1 6SK7GT Tuned E.F. Amplifier.
- Y-2 6K8 First Lay. Osc.
- Y-3 6SK7GT 455 KC I.F. Amplifier
- Y-4 6BE Automatic Noise Limiter.
- Y-5 6SQ7GT Second Det. and Squelch Control.
- Y-6 6SQ7GT First Audio Amplifier.
- Y-7 6SK7GT Beat Frequency Oscillator.
- Y-8 6V6GT Power Output Tube.
- Y-9 5Y3GT Rectifier.

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2.2 ANTENNA AND GROUND The importance of a good antenna cannot be over stressed. It is essential for satisfactory reception of weak signals.

2.21 The antenna input circuit of the KE-23AT provides for the use of a baronet or doublet antenna. The baronet type is usually recommended for ordinary reception and should prove satisfactory in most instances. It consists of an ordinary antenna wire of approximately #12 or 14 B&S Gage strung between insulators as high as possible. The over-all length is not critical and may be some 50 to 100 feet long including the lead-in to the set. When using this type of antenna, the terminals on the rear of the set, "A" and "G", must be connected together and the antenna lead-in connected to "A".

2.22 The receiver will usually work fairly satisfactorily without a ground connection but a good ground connection is to be highly recommended. In many instances it will increase the signal strength and reduce noise. A six-foot rod driven in moist earth will make a satisfactory ground, or as an alternative, a cold water pipe. The lead-in from the ground should be of heavy wire, at least #12 or 14, and should be connected to "G" at the rear of the receiver.

2.23 Under special conditions when a doublet antenna may be used, the 4CC ohm transmission line will then be connected between "A" and "P" with the ground connected to "G". In this case "P" and "G" are not connected together. The doublet antenna performs excellently in a direction at right angles to its length but only on the rather narrow group of frequencies for which it was designed.

2.3 SETTING UP THE RECEIVER FOR AC OPERATION

2.31 Unpack the KE-23AT receiver and loud speaker from the shipping case and examine for possible damage. There are no loose accessories other than the instruction book.

2.32 Make sure that the tubes are firmly seated in their sockets and the grid cap is in place on the 6K8 tube.

2.33 Make sure that the power plug, P-3, on the end of the 24" power cable is firmly inserted in the power socket, P-2, at the rear of the chassis for AC operation.

2.34 Attach the 25ST speaker to the two terminals marked "4.1" at the rear of the receiver.

Ordinarily the loud speaker will be placed at the side of the receiver. It is not desirable to place it on top of the cabinet since vibration from it might possibly introduce microphonic noises which would not otherwise be noticeable.

2.35 Connect the antenna lead-in or antenna transmission line in accordance with instructions in Paragraph 2.2.

2.36 Determine the voltage of the AC source which is to operate the receiver by measurement with a voltmeter. Then set the voltage selector switch, SM-1c, to the nearest voltage indicated. This switch is located just behind the tuning meter, P-1. It will be necessary to loosen the set screw with a small screw driver in order to turn the switch.

CAUTION: Never turn the voltage selector switch with the receiver turned "ON". An accidental wrong setting may damage the receiver and accidental contact with the terminals at the rear of the tuning meter may cause shock.

If dc voltmeter is available to test the line voltage, in cases of emergency the voltage selector switch can be turned first to the 250 volt position, the brilliancy of the pilot lamps observed, and then the switch tried in the consecutively lower positions until the brilliancy of the pilot lamps appears to be about normal. Care should

be exercised in operating the receiver with this estimated setting, and at the first opportunity it should be checked with a voltmeter. Also, at the correct setting when the receiver is turned off and then on again, the two neon lamps located just in front of the 6K8, V-2, should ignite.

2.4 BATTERY OPERATION The KE-23AT may be operated from a 6 volt storage battery with a proper vibrator power supply. It can be operated from other battery sources if the proper voltages are applied to the correct prongs of the power plug, P-3.

To set up and operate the receiver from the vibrator power supply, proceed as follows:

2.41 Proceed as directed in Paragraphs 2.31 - 2.35. Be sure the AC line cord is not plugged into an AC outlet, (in case AC power should accidentally be applied).

2.42 Remove the power plug, P-3, in the end of the 24" power cable from the power socket, P-2, at the rear of the chassis. If operation is to be from a type of vibrator power supply furnishing approximately 400 volts at 65 mA from the same type of 5 prong power socket with the correct connections, simply plug P-3 into the socket.

Although the high voltage required for the receiver is only 250 volts, a dropping resistor, B-35 (350 ohms, 25 watts), is installed in the receiver in order to drop the 400 volts to the correct value.

2.43 If operation is to be from other power supplies, make sure that the proper voltages are applied to the proper pins on P-3 as shown in the schematic diagram. The safest way to do this is to connect the output terminals such as an Amphenol Type MPT5L. If the output is approximately 240 - 250 volts at 65 mA, such as would be obtained from the Lear Type 647X vibrator power supply, then the resistor, B-35, should be inserted out by soldering a piece of wire around its terminals. (This resistor is located under the chassis at the rear near the fuse extractor post.) For power supplies furnishing voltages between 250 and 400 volts, a 10 watt resistor of the proper resistance value as calculated, or determined by experiment, may be connected across the terminals of B-35. The correct value should provide approximately 250 volts at the low potential end of the resistor when the receiver is operating.

2.44 Connect the heavy battery leads from the power supply to the 6 volt battery, the RED lead to the positive (+) and the BLACK lead to the negative (-) terminal.

2.45 When operating from a battery power source, the operation of the receiver is the same as before except that the switch, S-1, on the Volume Control does not now turn the receiver off and on. To turn the receiver off, it will be necessary to remove one of the battery leads from the storage battery. A special high current, low resistance switch may be installed in one of the battery leads if desired.

3.5 BREAK-IN CONNECTIONS The KE-23AT may be used with a transmitter to form a two-way radio communication system. When the transmitter has break-in facilities, it is only necessary to run wires to the two BREAK-IN terminals on the rear of the chassis. When the STAND-BY-REPLY switch is in the STANDBY position, every time the transmitter is turned off the receiver will automatically be turned on, and the receiver will be attended while transmitting. This system will only work when the receiver is operated from its internal AC power supply. When operating from batteries with an external power supply, these BREAK-IN CONNECTIONS can not be used, and if break-in operation is desired, it will be necessary to provide for breaking the high voltage supply lead by other means, such as by a special relay operated by the transmitter.

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3. OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

- 3.1 The various controls for operating the KE-23AT receiver are located across the bottom of the panel and are appropriately marked. The main tuning knob is located in the center of the panel just underneath the Volume dial. To put the KE-23AT receiver into operation, proceed as follows.
- 3.11 Plug the line cord into a source of AC power as outlined in Paragraph 2.3 or connect for battery operation with an external power supply as per Paragraph 2.4.
- 3.12 If operating from an AC source, the receiver is turned on by rotating the VOLUME control from its "OFF" position to the right. A click will be felt and heard. As the switch connected to this control closes, the dials should light up. It will take 30 seconds or so for the tubes to heat up. If operating from a 6 volt storage battery, the receiver is turned off and on by disconnecting one of the battery leads as described in Paragraph 2.4b.
- 3.13 Set the SELECTOR switch on position "A" for receiving broadcast stations, as they are usually the easiest to receive initially and will enable one to become accustomed to the operation of the set. In remote locations it may be that there are no near-by stations on Band A, in which case the SELECTOR switch should be set on position "C" and short wave broadcast stations tuned in instead.
- 3.14 The R.F. GAIN control should be turned completely to the right (clockwise) as far as it will go to position "10".
- 3.15 The SQUELCH control should be turned off by rotating it as far as it will go to the right (clockwise) until the switch snaps in the "OFF" position.
- 3.16 The AUTOMATIC NOISE LIMITER, A.N.L., and BEAT FREQUENCY OSCILLATOR, B.F.O. should be "OFF"; and the AUTOMATIC VOLUME CONTROL, A.V.C., switch "OFF". Put the STANDBY-RECEIVE switch in the "RECEIVE" position.
- 3.17 Advance the VOLUME control to the right to a point where background noise is heard. In quiet locations it may be desirable to turn the VOLUME control full on, and when a station is turned on too loudly, reduce it to the desired volume level.
- 3.18 Rotate the main tuning knob until a fairly strong station is heard. The operator should then familiarize himself with the operation of each of the various controls in turn. Tune for maximum reading on Tuning Meter.
- 3.2 The function of each of the controls is herewith explained.
- 3.21 R.F. GAIN CONTROL: This control adjusts the sensitivity of the receiver and is used when the signal strength of a powerful nearby station is too great and reception is distorted. Normally, however, with the AUTOMATIC VOLUME CONTROL (A.V.C.) "OFF", there will be very little use for this control when receiving voice and it is usually left turned completely to the right to position "10". The A.V.C. switch should be turned "OFF" when listening to code with the BEAT FREQUENCY OSCILLATOR (B.F.O.) "ON". With the A.V.C. "OFF", even medium powerful stations will overload the receiver and it will be necessary to reduce the sensitivity with the R.F. GAIN CONTROL for best results. The Tuning Meter operates only when the A.V.C. is turned on.
- 3.22 SELECTOR SWITCH: The SELECTOR switch, or BAND CHANGER switch as it is sometimes called, allows selection of the various frequency ranges, "A", "B", "C" or "D", as desired. Simply turn the pointer knob to the desired range.
- 3.23 SQUELCH CONTROL: The SQUELCH CONTROL (or "Q" control) can be used to silence the receiver except when a signal is actually being received. Its use is particularly adapted to two-way communication work where the KE-23AT may be standing by and where a considerable amount of background noise would be present when no station is being received. The squelch circuit allows the receiver to be actually inoperative until the station to which it is tuned comes on the air, when it is automatically turned on. By adjusting the SQUELCH knob, the receiver can be made to operate only on signals of a definite minimum volume. As the control is turned to the left (counter-clockwise) it takes a stronger and stronger signal to trip the squelch circuit. For instance, in position "8" a reasonably strong signal will operate the receiver, while in position "2" it would take a powerful transmitter located just a few blocks away to operate it and any weaker station on the same frequency would not then come in.
- To properly set the SQUELCH for a given condition, tune in the station it is desired to receive in the ordinary manner while it is transmitting. When it goes off the air, turn the SQUELCH control knob to the left until the background and static noises just disappear. Then check and see if, when the transmitter again comes on the air, it can be heard.
- Another way would be to turn the control knob to the left when the transmitter is on the air until it just disappears; then advance the knob slightly to the right until the static just sounds normal, but no further. This latter method is satisfactory for close-by stations, but for more distant stations which are subject to fading, it is possible that at some other time of day the signal would become weaker than it was when the control was set and then might not trip the SQUELCH circuit.
- To use the SQUELCH control for a between-station quieting device, it is only necessary to set the knob at the position where average static noise just disappears when not tuned to a station. Then, when the set is tuned across the dial, only the stations stronger than the static noises will come in. This use of the control does not work too satisfactorily on the short wave bands, as the short wave stations are usually subject to so much fading that it is possible to tune right by them as they are fading and consequently miss them altogether.
- VOLUME CONTROL: The main receiver "On-Off" switch is combined with the VOLUME control. To turn the receiver "On", turn the control to the right, and to turn it "Off", turn it to the left until the switch clicks and the dial lights go out. The VOLUME control is used to adjust the volume level of the received signals. When operating the receiver with the A.V.C. "OFF", best results will be obtained by advancing the VOLUME control a little further than normal and then reducing the volume to the desired level by turning the R.F. GAIN control to the left.
- 3.25 TONE CONTROL: The TONE control serves to reduce the intensity of the higher audio-frequencies which some listeners find desirable in assisting to remove static or to make the tone quality "baser". In the "HIGH" position, the receiver operates normally as there is no attenuation of the high frequencies and music, and especially voices, will be most natural. For the greatest

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3.20 PHONES: A phone jack is located on the front panel for using headphones when desired. Ordinary high impedance crystal or magnetic phones can be used.

3.210 CHECKUP TERMINALS: There are two output circuits in the KE-23AT receiver, 4 Ohms and 500 Ohms. When using the Model 23SF speaker, connections should be made to the "4Ω" terminals. For 500 Ohm output, connections should be made to the "500Ω" terminals.

4. MAINTENANCE

4.1 The parts used in the KE-23AT Receiver are of more than adequate rating and the maintenance required ordinarily will be limited to the occasional cleaning of the tubes.

4.2 If the receiver is used in extremely dirty and dusty locations, it will be advisable to blow out the dust, preferably with compressed air, every few weeks. If compressed air is not available, a soft paint brush may be used although care should be exercised in dusting around the various adjusting screws in order that their settings will not be altered.

4.3 It may be desirable every few months to oil the gear train mechanism. A drop of light machine oil on the end of a tooth pick may be applied to the various bearings.

CAUTION: Do not use too much oil. One small drop only should be applied at each point.

It also may be desirable to apply vaseline or other light grease to the gears themselves. However, in very dirty locations this may not be desirable as the grease would collect abrasive dust and cause premature wear.

4.4 Should the failure of some part occur, regular servicing technique by one familiar with this work is suggested. If parts replacement be required, standard parts of any reputable manufacturer, of the same value and voltage rating as the original, may be used without adversely affecting the performance of the equipment.

5. ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

5.1 **GENERAL:** Due to continual temperature changes, aging of the parts and tubes, etc., it may be necessary to align the KE-23AT from time to time. Even under severe operating conditions this should seldom be necessary more than once a year. It is suggested that only someone entirely familiar with the theory of alignment of super-hetrodyne receivers be permitted to make these adjustments.

Ordinarily the alignment will need only to be "touched up", and no more than a very small fraction of a turn of any of the adjusting screws should be required. This procedure is not particularly difficult. However, if certain coils and condensers are replaced, or through tampering the receiver should get badly out of alignment. Trouble may be experienced in getting it correctly aligned again unless one is very thoroughly familiar with the correct procedure, as a number of apparent settings, images and the like may prove to be confusing, particularly on the higher frequency bands "9W" and "9M".

Intelligibility of the speaking voice, this control should always be in the "HIGH" position. When in the "LOW" position, most of the treble tones are lost. Since electrical and atmospheric noises are more or less of a high pitch, there will be a marked reduction in background noise when the TONE control is in the "LOW" position, but often this advantage is lost as the excessive "drummy" or "boomy" tone of the voice is not clear and crisp. The center point provides a position half way between the high and low settings.

3.26 PITCH CONTROL AND BEAT FREQUENCY OSCILLATOR: The BEAT FREQUENCY OSCILLATOR (B.F.O.) is turned on by snapping the "B.F.O." switch to "ON". The Beat Frequency Oscillator is a miniature radio transmitter built into the receiver for producing a signal which will "beat" with the received carrier to create an audible tone or whistle. CW (code) signals are produced by virtually turning a transmitter off and on to make the dots and dashes. If it were not for the Beat Frequency Oscillator, nothing could be heard but some thumping sounds as the transmitter went off and on. By beating this oscillator with the transmitter, a tone is produced which can be read as code. The pitch of the beat note should be adjusted by the PITCH CONTROL. Ordinarily the receiver is properly tuned when, with the PITCH CONTROL in the center "0" position, the tone is so low that it is inaudible. When the control may be turned to the right or left until a tone of the desired pitch results. The pitch selected will depend upon the listener's preference, the background noises present, etc.

When listening to code signals with the B.F.O. on, the A.V.C. switch should be "OFF" and the volume controlled by turning the R.F. GAIN control to the left. The regular volume control can be left set at a comfortable listening level.

3.27 AUTOMATIC NOISE LIMITER: The AUTOMATIC NOISE LIMITER (A.N.L.) is a device for short-circuiting noises and interference which are stronger than the signal being received. It works best on noises of short duration such as spark discharge noises and the like. It is operative when the A.N.L. switch is "ON". Since the device removes a portion of the sounds coming through the receiver, there will be a certain amount of distortion, which is of much less consequence than heavy background noise when receiving a weak signal. However, when listening to stronger stations not requiring this feature, the A.N.L. should be turned "OFF" as the speech and music will then tend to be clearer.

3.28 STANDBY-RECEIVE SWITCH: Located at the center of the designation plate is the STANDBY-RECEIVE switch. This switch must always be in the "RECEIVE" position in order for the receiver to operate. When the receiver is used in conjunction with a transmitter, it is desirable to turn the receiver off while transmitting, leaving the tubes still lit in order that it can be instantly turned on without the usual delay in waiting for the tubes to warm up. This switch is used for that purpose.

At the rear of the receiver is a BREAK-IN connection which parallels the front panel switch. In using a transmitter with break-in facilities, it is only necessary to run wires from these two BREAK-IN terminals to the proper terminals on the transmitter. Then the STANDBY-RECEIVE switch should be left in the "STANDBY" position, and every time the transmitter is turned off the receiver will automatically be turned on. Complete Two-Way Radiotelephone communication can be carried on in this fashion very easily.

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5.24 Turn on the receiver and the Test Oscillator and allow several minutes for the equipment to warm up and become stable. Since it is best to align the receiver at its normal operating temperature, in extremely cold climates it is recommended to let it run for an hour or two before proceeding with the alignment.

5.25 Apply the 455 KC signal to the 6X5 tube. If the I.F. Amplifier is considerably out of alignment, such as might be the case if a new transformer had been installed, then a fairly strong signal will have to be used in order to force it through the system. Otherwise, set the level of the Test Oscillator until some two or three volts are read on the Electronic Voltmeter, or five volts with the Volume Control turned full on on the AC Voltmeter.

5.26 Then, with a screw driver, adjust the four screws on the rear side of the I.F. transformers, T-13 and T-14, one at a time, until maximum reading on the meter is obtained. If the alignment is occasionally by the replacement of one of the transformers, then adjust the two screws on this one first and follow up with the minor adjustment of the transformer that was not replaced.

After the adjustment appears to be completed and the meter reading is at a maximum, then go back over the adjusting screws in reverse order trying for a slightly higher reading. As the meter reading increases appreciably, reduce the output of the Test Oscillator as necessary.

5.3 ALIGNMENT OF THE BEAT FREQUENCY OSCILLATOR: The Beat Frequency Oscillator oscillates at the same frequency to which the I.F. Amplifier is tuned. Its adjustment is correct if, when a station is accurately tuned in, "zero beat" occurs when the B.F.O. pitch control is at zero or mid-point. Should it be required to adjust for this condition, proceed as follows:

5.31 If the I.F. Amplifier has just been aligned, leave the setup intact. Otherwise, set up in the same manner as described above, and apply the 455 KC signal. It is preferable that the modulation be removed from the signal.

5.32 With the B.F.O. PITCH control set at the mid-point, "0", with a screw driver turn the adjusting screw of T-15 until the beat-note between the Beat Frequency Oscillator and the Test Oscillator becomes lower and lower in pitch and finally zero beats.

5.33 Check the adjustment by turning the B.F.O. pitch control to the right or left and see that the pitch increases as the control is turned either way.

5.34 Remove the leads and replace the grid cap on the 6X5 tube.

5.4 ALIGNMENT OF THE RADIO FREQUENCY SECTIONS: This procedure is much more difficult than that of aligning the I.F. Amplifier. It is suggested that care be exercised if only "touching up" the trimmers not to get the receiver too far out of alignment, as difficulty may be experienced in getting it realigned correctly, particularly on Bands "C" and "D". The positions of the various trimming and padding adjusting screws are shown in the Plan View and Bottom View diagrams.

5.41 Connect the Signal Generator through a standard dummy antenna to the input terminals, A and D. (Be sure D and G are connected together). If a dummy antenna is not available, a 400 Ohm resistor can be connected between the hot side of the output of the Signal Generator and the antenna terminal, A.

NOTE: Since individual receivers may vary slightly one from the other, the dial calibration may not be exact in all cases, and alignment should not be attempted merely for making the dial calibration exact as performance may be sacrificed. Under no conditions bend the plates of the tuning condenser C-1.

To properly align the KE-23A Receiver, certain apparatus will be required.

A very accurately calibrated source of HF signals is necessary. This may be an ordinary Test Oscillator for aligning the I.F. Amplifier, provided that 455 KC has been accurately calibrated by recent comparison with a secondary frequency standard. For properly aligning the R.F. section on the various bands, a regular laboratory type Standard Signal Generator is recommended. The frequencies that will be required will be: 455, 850, 1,400, 1,800 and 4,400 KC; and 515, 14, 16 and 38 KC. It is also desirable, but not essential, to have a series of frequencies lying near the mid-point of each band, such as 900 and 3,000 KC and 9 and 25 KC. It is also desirable to have provision for modulating the signal with a 400 or 1,000 cycle tone.

In order to visually observe the correct alignment, an Electronic Voltmeter or a regular rectifier type AC Voltmeter is used. If neither of these is available, then the regular tuning meter, M-1, may be used, but the small scale will make accurate adjustment difficult.

If the Electronic Voltmeter is used, connect the positive (+) lead to the chassis and insert the negative (-) lead-pong in the "ALIGNMENT JACK", the red tip-jack on the rear of the chassis. If the AC Voltmeter is used, it is connected as an output meter across the "500,000" terminals at the rear of the receiver. When aligning the receiver, the "A.V.C." switch should be On when using the Electronic Voltmeter or the Tuning Meter of the receiver, and Off when using the AC Voltmeter as an output meter.

It is preferable to use an insulated screw driver for adjusting the various trimmers. The receiver may be left in or removed from the cabinet when aligning the R. F. section, but it must be removed when aligning the I. F. Amplifier.

5.2 ALIGNMENT OF THE I.F. AMPLIFIER: Correct alignment of the Intermediate Frequency Amplifier is perhaps most important, as all signals being received are converted to the 455 KC I.F. frequency. If the Amplifier is incorrectly aligned, it may cause the dial calibration to be excessively off or cause mis-tracking.

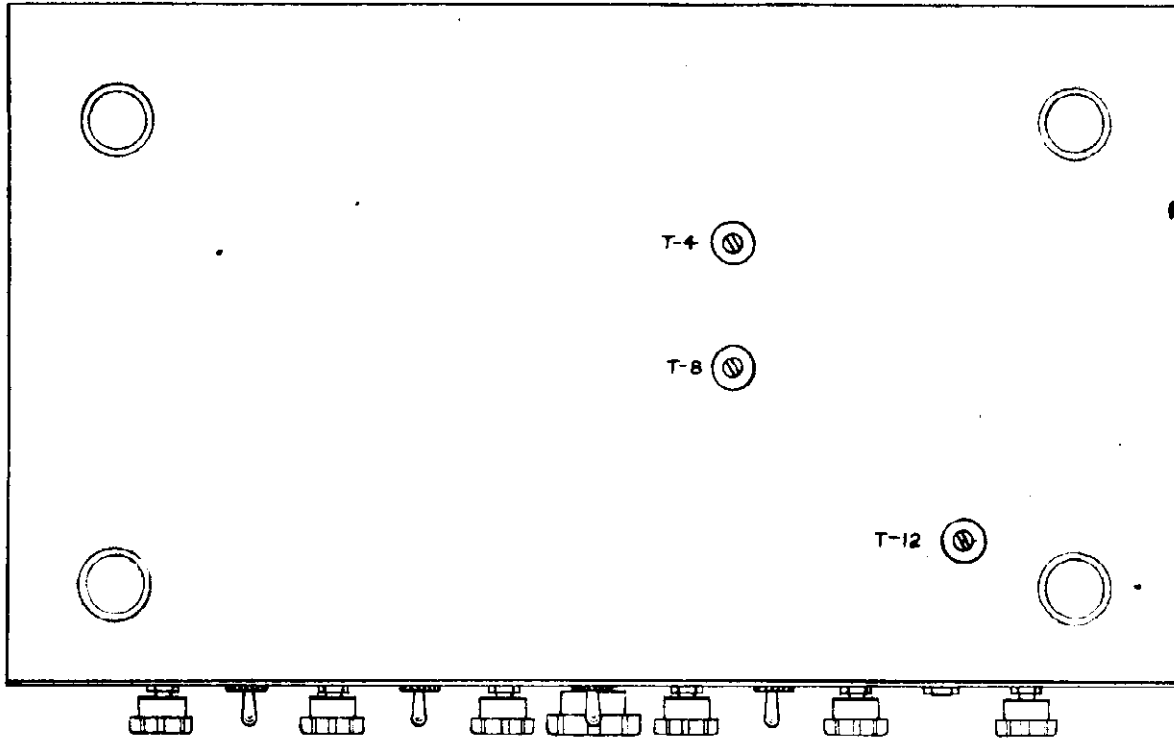
To align the I. F. Amplifier, proceed as follows:

5.21 To gain access to the adjusting screws, it will be necessary to remove the receiver from the cabinet. This is done by removing the four screws in the panel and then pulling the receiver forward out of the cabinet.

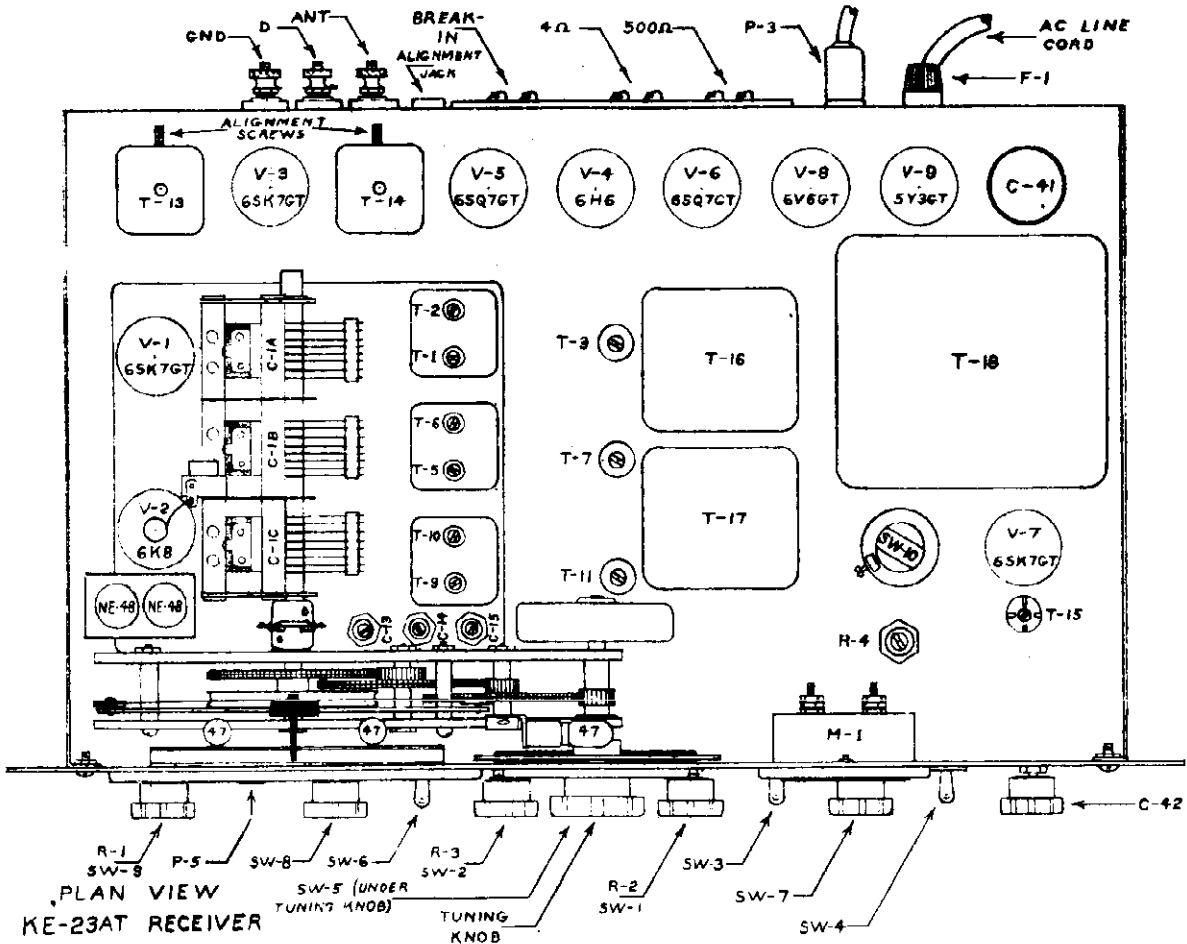
5.22 Connect the loud speaker. If the Electronic Voltmeter is used, turn the A.V.C. switch On. If the AC Voltmeter is used, turn the A.V.C. switch Off. The R.F. GAIN control should be turned completely On to the right, the A.S.I. switch Off, and the SWANER-ENGINE switch in the "ENGINE" position. The VOLUME control may be turned about 1/2 way on just so the signal can be comfortably heard in order to give an aural indication, partly for convenience and also so that one can get the "feel" of the receiver. The B.F.O. switch should be turned off.

5.23 Remove the grid cap of the 6X5 mixer tube, Y-2, and connect the Test Oscillator output to the 6X5 grid and the chassis. It may be most convenient to clip the grounded side to the variable condenser frame.

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BOTTOM VIEW
KE-23AT RECEIVER



PLAN VIEW
KE-23AT RECEIVER

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5.42 Set the various switches and controls in the same position as outlined in Paragraph No. 5.32.

5.43 To align the A Band, 500 - 1,600 KC, proceed in the following order:

- (1) Turn the SELECTOR switch to "A".
- (2) Apply the 1,400 KC signal and tune the dial to approximately 1,400 KC. In other words, tune in the signal to be sure it is getting through. If the set is badly out of alignment, then a very strong signal may have to be used and T-9 turned to locate it.
- (3) If the dial does not read exactly 1,400, then turn it so that it does. VERY CAREFULLY "trim" by turning the trimmer T-9 until the signal is again heard. Do not attempt to too accurately tune by means of the trimmer alone, instead slightly rotate the tuning dial for the maximum reading on the meter after T-9 has been approximately set. This movement should be so slight that the pointer will still point to 1,400.
- (4) Trim further by adjusting T-5 and T-1 for maximum reading on the output meter, reducing the output from the Signal Generator if necessary.
- (5) Apply a signal of 550 KC and tune it in on the dial.
- (6) Proceed to "pad" by adjusting the padding condenser, C-13, and the dial in connection with each other. There is somewhat of a "trick" to doing this properly and one who is inexperienced in padding a superheterodyne may find it difficult.

To properly pad, VERY CAREFULLY turn the adjusting screw of the padding condenser, C-13, to the right, clockwise, 1/8 or 1/4 turns. This should detune the receiver slightly. Then retune with the dial and observe the reading on the output meter.

If the meter reading is higher, it shows the procedure is in the right direction. Then give C-13 another 1/8 or 1/4 turn and observe the reading again. Continue until the meter ceases to read higher. If one too many fractional turns is made and the meter starts to read lower, then go back 1/8 or 1/4 turn as necessary.

If, instead of the output meter reading higher when C-13 is turned 1/8 or 1/4 of a turn it reads lower, then, instead, turn it 1/8 or 1/4 turn to the left, counter-clockwise, and proceed as above until the maximum meter reading is reached.

- (7) The receiver is now correctly padded on Band A and if the intention was to "touch up" the adjustments only, no further alignment on Band A will be necessary. However, if the receiver was considerably out of line, then it may be that the dial will not read 550 when a 550 KC signal is applied.

If such is the case the pointer may be bent slightly until it reads correctly. This may make the pointer read incorrectly at 1,400 KC, and if so, it will be necessary to trim over again as outlined in (3) and (4) above.

- (8) If Band A has required more adjustment than merely a "touch up" of the trimmers, then, regardless of whether the dial reads 550 at 550 KC or not, the padding procedure may have been enough to throw the trimmers out of alignment. This can be checked by returning to 1,400 KC, and see if the dial still reads 1,400. If it does not, repeat (3). Even if it does, check the adjustments T-5 and T-1 again. If T-9 requires further adjustment then repeat the entire trimming procedure, then repeat again, retrim again and repeat as necessary until the result of further adjustment in both cases is indiscernable.

- (9) In cases of extreme misalignment it is possible to inadvertently turn T-9 an excessive amount to such a position that would cause the oscillator to oscillate at a frequency 455 KC lower than the signal frequency, 1,400 KC, instead of higher. If this happens, the apparent performance of the receiver at and around 1,400 KC will seem to be the same as with the oscillator adjusted correctly, and the receiver will pad just as it should. However, if this mistake is made, the set will not perform satisfactorily in the middle of the band, appearing insensitive or dead, and it may even whistle when tuning in stations.

A quick check for this is to attach a fairly long outside antenna to the antenna terminal, A, instead of the Signal Generator, and tune the dial from 1,400 to 550 KC. The noise in the center of the band around 900 KC should be somewhat higher than at 550 KC and possibly a little lower than at 1,400 KC, but the set should sound definitely alive in the center of the band. This can also be checked with the Signal Generator, and the output should read as good as or better at 900 KC as at 550.

Should it be found that the set is dead in the middle of a band, then apply 1,400 KC to the input as before and tune in the signal, then turn the trimmer of T-9 approximately 1/4 to 3/4 turn in either direction until the signal is tuned in again with a new adjustment. Then trim and pad several times as described above and again check the performance at the center of the band.

- 5.44 To align the B Band, 1,600 - 5,000 KC.
 - (1) Turn the SELECTOR switch to position "B". The Signal Generator and output meter are left connected as before.
 - (2) Proceed in the same manner as outlined in Paragraph 5.43 (3) to (9) above, but trimming at 4,400 KC and padding at 1,800.

On this higher frequency range it will be found that the trimming of T-10 is somewhat more critical than T-9 was on Band A, but the padding with C-14 is less-critical.

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- (4) After T-12, T-8 and T-4 are adjusted, then check to see if the oscillator frequency is lower than the signal frequency. To do this, find the image by tuning the dial to approximately 39 MC where the signal should again be heard a little weaker than before. If the signal is heard on 39 MC, the adjustment of T-12 is correct. However, if it should be heard on 37 MC and not on 39, the adjustment is incorrect and T-12 should be completely reset.
- (5) It must be pointed out that in trimming the D Band it is possible to set false settings. At a false setting all of the adjustments seem to proceed normally except that the receiver lacks sensitivity generally and the performance is very poor. If this condition is suspected, the 38 MC signal should again be applied only possibly stronger, and T-12 and T-8 and T-4 arbitrarily readjusted until the 38 MC signal can be located with an entirely different set of adjustments. Then proceed to carry through the trimming procedure from the beginning.
- (6) There is no padding adjustment for the D Band. Instead, the turns on the oscillator coil are moved back and forth to change the inductance, which accomplishes the same result.
- It is suggested that no attempt be made to pad the D Band under a touch-up procedure. Only if one of the D Band coils has been replaced should this adjustment be attempted. The results of padding will vary from set to set but, in general, if one of the coils has been replaced it is suggested that an attempt be made to move the turns on it only, leaving the other two alone.
- (7) The general padding procedure is much the same as that used with a padding condenser. A 15 MC signal is applied, the output meter reading observed as before, and one of the turns of heavy wire on T-12 moved backwards or forwards by pushing with a screw driver. Follow the signal by retuning the dial and observing if the output has gone up or gone down, repeating or reversing the procedure as necessary. After the correct point has been found, it will be necessary to retrim, much more so in this case than when aligning Bands A, B or C. Then, repad and retrim, repad and retrim as many times as necessary until the performance seems satisfactory. It is not uncommon to have to repeat as many as ten times before satisfactory performance is achieved.
- (8) When the best padding seems to have been obtained, then heavy wire of the secondary of T-4 may be moved back and forth to try and better the results. It will seldom be necessary to adjust T-8.
- The final check may be made at 25 MC in the center of the band. Ordinarily the sensitivity of the set at 25 MC will be greater than at 38 or 16 MC.
- (9) Apply a little Duco Cement, or equivalent, to the turns of wire that have been moved in order to secure them in place.

5.47 Remove the meter and Signal Generator and replace the set in the cabinet.

(3) It will be noted that by properly trimming T-10, the dial can be made to read correctly at 4.400 KC, and T-6 and T-2 can be easily adjusted. However, the dial reading at 1.800 KC is dependent upon the coils which are not adjustable, and it is possible that when the receiver is correctly padded on Band B that the dial will not read exactly 1.800. If such should be the case the pointer may be bent slightly to "split the difference", so to speak, between the 550 KC reading of Band A and the 1.800 KC reading of Band B. Sometimes one may wish to "split the difference" between the correct padding position and the correct dial reading, in which case the receiver may be purposely mis-padded slightly in order that the dial may read more correctly. If this is done, some performance will naturally be sacrificed.

5.45 To align the C Band, 5 - 14 MC.

- (1) Turn the SELECTOR switch to "C" and proceed as before, using 14 Megacycles for trimming and 5.5 Megacycles for padding.
- (2) On this higher frequency band it is extremely easy to incorrectly adjust the trimming condenser of T-11 in such a manner that the oscillator is lower in frequency than the signal, as the two settings of the trimmers fall so close together, and sometimes in merely "touching up" the adjustments, the wrong oscillator frequency may result. Therefore, it is most important when aligning the C Band to check the performance in the center of the band, around 8 - 9 MC.

NOTE: Because of an inherent characteristic of the receiver the sensitivity between 9.5 and 10 MC is somewhat less than over the rest of the range. This slightly "dead" spot is rather sharply defined and should not be confused with a general lack of sensitivity over the middle portion of the band which would be due to the trimmers being incorrectly set.

It will be found that the padding adjustment of O-15 will not be critical.

5.46 To align the D Band, 16 - 42 MC.

- (1) Turn the SELECTOR switch to "D".
- (2) It is to be noted that on the D Band only, the oscillator frequency is 455 KC LOWER than the signal frequency, and the method of determining the correct setting is different from that used on the other bands.
- (3) Apply a 38 MC signal to the receiver, adjust the trimming condenser of T-12 and obtain the correct dial reading as before, adjust T-8 and T-4 for maximum reading on the meter. It will be noted in this case that all the adjustments are very, very critical. In adjusting T-12 it may be necessary to turn the trimmer a very small amount to an estimated setting, and then find the signal by tuning the dial, this adjustment is so critical.

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PARTS LIST

KAAR TYPE KE-23AR COMMUNICATIONS RECEIVER

Circuit Symbol	Function	Description	Type	Mfg.	Quantity	Notes
C-F	Trimming condensers, 12 units mounted across secondaries of T-1 to T-12.	7-45 mfd. variable ceramic.	CTS-2	TEL		
C-1A	Antenna coil secondary tuning.	Rear section, 3 gang variable air condenser. 442 mfd. (Effective capacity.)	23	BO		
C-1B	R.F. coil secondary tuning.	Center section, 3 gang variable air condenser. 442 mfd. (Effective capacity.)				
C-1C	Oscillator grid coil tuning.	Front section, 3 gang variable air condenser. 442 mfd. (Effective capacity.)				
C-2	High frequency coupling for T-7.	5 mfd. ceramic, 400 V. DC. or Two 10 mfd. mica in series.	M-750E-5	M		
C-3	Compensating capacitance for secondary of T-4.	25 mfd. ceramic, 400V. DC.	M-750E-25	B		
C-4	Compensating capacitance for secondary of T-8.	Same as C-3.				
C-5	High frequency coupling for T-8.	50 mfd. ceramic, 400 V. DC.	M-750E-50	M		
C-6	Tuning condenser for compensating coil of T-4.	Same as C-5.				
C-7	T-2 oscillator grid.	100 mfd. ceramic, 400 V. DC.	M-750E-100	E		
C-8	T-5 diode, R.F. filter.	Same as C-7.				
C-9	Tuning condenser for T-15.	Same as C-7.				
C-10	T-7 grid.	Same as C-7.				
C-11	T-5 diode, R.F. by-pass.	250 mfd. ceramic, 400 V. DC.	M-750E-250	E		
C-12	Low frequency tickler tuning of T-12.	150 mfd. mica, 500 V. DC.	FO	MO		
C-13	A Band oscillator padding condenser.	250 - 525 mfd., mica compression.	HO-41	SI		
C-14	B Band oscillator padding condenser.	850 - 1500 mfd., mica compression.	HO-71	SI		
C-15	C Band oscillator padding condenser.	Same as C-14.				
C-16	C Band oscillator padding condenser. Fixed portion.	.001 mfd. mica, 500 V. DC.	L-W501	OD		
C-17	Y-2 oscillator plate coupling.	.003 mfd. mica, 500 V. DC.	L-W503	OD		
C-18	Y-1 cathode by-pass.	.1 mfd. 200 V. DC., moulded paper.	MPM-5157	SOL		
C-19	Y-3 cathode by-pass.	Same as C-18.				
C-20	Y-3 cathode by-pass.	Same as C-18.				
C-21	Coupling, volume control to V-6 grid.	.01 mfd., 400 V. DC., moulded paper.	340-31	MO		
C-22	Y-1 grid return by-pass.	.02 mfd., 400 V. DC., moulded paper.	342-12	MO		
C-23	Y-2 mixer grid return by-pass.	Same as C-22.				
C-24	Y-3 grid return by-pass.	Same as C-22.				
C-25	Y-3 screen by-pass.	.02 mfd., 400 V. DC., moulded paper.	MPM-5143	SOL		
C-26	Y-7 plate by-pass.	Same as C-25.				
C-27	Power line filter.	Same as C-25.				
C-28	Power line filter.	Same as C-25.				
C-29	Y-1 and Y-3 screen by-pass.	.1 mfd., 400 V. DC., moulded paper.	MPM-5147A	SOL		
C-30	Y-1 and Y-3 plate return by-pass.	Same as C-25.				
C-31	Y-2 plate return by-pass.	Same as C-25.				
C-32	Y-6 grid return by-pass.	Same as C-25.				
C-33	Y-6 plate filter.	.005 mfd., 500 V. DC., moulded paper.	340-25	MO		
C-34	Coupling V-6 plate to V-6 grid.	.01 mfd., 500 V. DC., moulded paper.	342-17	MO		

MODEL KE-23AT

KAAR ENGINEERING CO.

Circuit Symbol	Function	Description	Part	Matl.	Circuit Symbol	Function	Description	Type	Matl.
C-35	Coupling Y-6 plate to phones.	Same as C-34.			R-8	Y-6 plate.	Same as R-5.		
C-36	Y-4 plate by-pass.	.05 mfd., 600 V. DC., moulded paper.	345-22	MC	R-9	Y-8 grid leak.	Same as R-5.		
C-37	Tone control.	.05 mfd., 600 V. DC., moulded paper.	MPM-5639	3CL	R-10	Stabilizing resistance for R-12 oscillator coil.	5 Ohm, 1/2 W., insulated carbon.	504	E
C-38	Y-8 cathode by-pass.	10 mfd., 25 V. DC., tubular electrolytic.	EM-102A	CD	R-11	Suppressor for Control Grid, V-2.	30 Ohm, 1/2 W., insulated carbon.	504	E
C-39	Y-6 cathode by-pass.	10 mfd., 50 V. DC., tubular electrolytic.	EM-105	CD	R-12	V-1 and V-3 cathode.	150 Ohm, 1/2 W., insulated carbon.	504	E
C-40	Filter for Y-2 plate and screen supply voltage.	12 mfd., 450 V. DC., tubular electrolytic.	EM-1245	CD	R-13	V-2 cathode.	500 Ohm, 1/2 W., insulated carbon.	504	E
C-41	Plate supply filter condensers. One section at input of filter, other section at output.	20-20 mfd., 450 V. DC., dual section aluminum can type electrolytic.	UP-6B-738	CD	R-14	Voltage divider.	600 Ohm, 1/2 W., insulated carbon.	504	E
C-42	R.F.C. pitch control, across R-15.	13 mmf. variable air trimmer.	KE-1350	ASP	R-15	Meter compensating.	27,000 Ohm, 1/2 W., insulated carbon.	OM-1	ST
C-43	Phase correction capacitance for C Band.	Two loops of wire around grid bus of R-7.			R-16	Voltage divider.	10,000 Ohm, 1/2 W., insulated carbon.	504	E
C-44	R.F.O. coupling, V-7 to V-5.	1 1/2 loops of wire around diode, plate-lead of R-14.			R-17	R.F. filter from diode detector, V-5.	25,000 Ohm, 1/2 W., insulated carbon.	504	E
R-1	R.F. Gain Control.	1,000 Ohm wire wound variable resistor. Combined with meter switch SM-3.	X-2015	CTI	R-18	V-7 grid leak.	Same as R-17.		
R-2	Volume Control.	250,000 Ohm potentiometer. Combined with power switch SM-1.	WC-8586	ST	R-19	V-2 oscillator grid leak.	50,000 Ohm, 1/2 W., insulated carbon.	504	E
R-3	Squeech Control.	1 Megohm potentiometer. Combined with SM-2.	WC-8585	ST	R-20	Audio dropping for A.N.L. tube, V-4.	100,000 Ohm, 1/2 W., insulated carbon.	504	E
R-4	Meter Zero-Set Control.	1500 Ohm potentiometer.	WC-8975	ST	R-21	Audio dropping for A.N.L. tube, V-4.	250,000 Ohm, 1/2 W., insulated carbon.	504	E
R-5	A.V.C. filter, V-1 grid return.	500,000 Ohm, 1/4 W., insulated carbon.	OM-1/3	ST	R-22	V-4 plate filter.	1 Megohm, 1/2 W., insulated carbon.	504	E
R-6	V-2 grid return insulation.	Same as R-5.			R-23	V-6 grid leak.	Same as R-22.		
R-7	Squeech dropping.	Same as R-5.			R-24	A.V.C. filter.	2 Megohm, 1/2 W., insulated carbon.	504	E

KAAR ENGINEERING CO.

Circuit SYMBOL	Function	Description	Type	MFG.	Circuit SYMBOL	Function	Description	Type	MFG.
R-26	V-8 cathode.	300 Ohm, 1 W., insulated carbon.	518	E	R-1	A Band, antenna to V-1 grid.	Antenna coil in common shield with T-2.	AB-23AT	ML
R-27	meter dropping, in plate supply for V-1 and V-3.	500 Ohm, 1 W., insulated carbon.	518	X	R-2	B Band, Antenna to V-1 grid.			
R-28	V-2 plate and screen dropping.	5,000 Ohm, 1 W., insulated carbon.	518	E	R-3	C Band, antenna to V-1 grid.	Antenna coil in shield.	C-23AT	ML
R-29	Tone Control dropping.	Same as R-28.			R-4	D Band, Antenna to V-1 grid.	Unshielded antenna coil.	D-23AT	KE
R-30	V-2 screen dropping.	20,000 Ohm, 1 W., insulated carbon.	518	E	R-5	V-1 plate to V-2 grid, A Band.	R.F. coil in common shield with T-6.	AF-23RFT	ML
R-31	Voltage regulator dropping in plate circuit of V-2.	10,000 Ohm, 1 W., insulated carbon.	OM-1	ST	R-6	V-1 plate to V-2 grid, B Band.			
R-31A	V-2 plate.	Same as R-31.			T-7	V-1 plate to V-2 grid, C Band.	R.F. coil mounted in shield.	C-23RFT	ML
R-32	V-7 plate.	25,000 Ohm, 1 W., insulated carbon.	518	E	T-8	V-1 plate to V-2 grid, D Band.	Unshielded R.F. Coil.	D-23RFT	KE
R-33	Voltage divider.	40,000 Ohm, 1 W., insulated carbon.	518	E	R-9	Oscillator coil, A Band.	Oscillator coil in common shield with T-10.	AB-23SCT	ML
R-34	Voltage divider.	20,000 Ohm, 10 W., wire wound.	10F	ML	T-10	Oscillator coil, B Band.			
R-35	High voltage supply dropping from external power supply.	3,500 Ohm, 25 W., wire wound.	25F	ML	T-11	Oscillator coil, C Band.	Oscillator coil mounted in shield.	C-23SCT	ML
SW-1	Power Switch.	SPST on R-2.			T-12	Oscillator coil, D Band.	Unshielded oscillator coil.	D-23SCT	KE
SW-2	Squelch ON-OFF Switch.	SPST on R-3.			T-13	V-2 plate to V-3 grid.	455 Kc. permeability tuned I.F. transformer.	912UT	ML
SW-3	A.V.C. ON-OFF Switch.	SPST toggle.	20994	EH	R-14	V-3 plate to V-5 diode plates.	Same as T-13.		
SW-4	R.F.O. Switch.	Same as SW-2.			T-15	Beat frequency oscillator coil.	455 Kc permeability tuned oscillator coil.	K-23-RFOT	ML
SW-5	Stand-By Switch.	Same as SW-3.			T-16	V-8 plate to 4 Ohm and 500 Ohm output terminals.	Output transformer, 9,000 Ohm plate to 500 Ohm line and 4 Ohm speaker voice coil.	4259Q	F
SW-6	A.M.L. Switch.	DPDT toggle.	20906M	EH	T-17	Smoothing choke.	15 Henry, iron core choke.	K-233Q	F
SW-7	Tone Control Switch.	Single Pole, 3 Position.	1461	CE	T-18	Power transformer.	Primary 100, 120, 150, 210 and 250 Volts, to 5 V. at 2 A., 5.3 V. at 3.5 A., and 520 V. CT at 75 MA.	5351Q	F
SW-8A to SW-8F	Band Selector Switch.	6 Pole, 4 Position, 3 gang, Isolantite.	K-23SWT	CE					
SW-9	Meter Switch.	SPST on R-1.							
SW-10	Line Voltage Selector.	Single Pole, 5 Position.	35	AME					

MODEL KE-23AT

KAAR ENGINEERING CO.

Circuit Symbol	Function	Description	Type	Mfg.
Y-1	R.F. Amplifier.	Vacuum tube.	6SK7GT	78
Y-2	Oscillator and First Detector Mixer.	Vacuum tube.	6X5	ROA
Y-3	I.F. Amplifier.	Vacuum tube.	6SK7GT	78
Y-4	Automatic Noise Limiter.	Vacuum tube.	6BE	ROA
Y-5	Diode Second Detector and Squelch Control.	Vacuum tube.	6AQ7GT	8V
Y-6	First Audio Amplifier.	Vacuum tube.	6XQ7GT	8V
Y-7	Beat Frequency Oscillator.	Vacuum tube.	6BE7GT	78
Y-8	Audio Output Amplifier.	Vacuum tube.	6T66GT	ROA
Y-9	Rectifier.	Vacuum tube.	6Y3GT	78
46E-46	Voltage regulator for Y-2.	Two neon lamps in series.	KE-46	78
3 #47	Illumination of dials.	Three bayonet base miniature pilot lamps.	47	GE
M-1	Signal strength meter.	0 - 1 MA 3-1/2 inch milliammeter.	DM-51	GR
P-1	Fuse.	2 amp. small glass.	3AG	78
P-1	External connection to A.V.C. for receiver alignment.	Single contact tip jack.	889R	IOA
P-2	AC supply for heaters.	5 prong miniature socket.	858	AMP
P-3	Plate and heater input for DC operation.	5 prong miniature cable plug.	MP105	AMP
P-4	Input from AC line.	Rubber AC, spring action line plug.	102	ALL
P-5	Output connection for phones.	Open circuit phone jack.	1J-101	U

The KAAR ENGINEERING COMPANY reserves the right to make parts substitutions as necessary, changes or improvements on its products from time to time without incurring obligation to install the same on equipment previously sold.

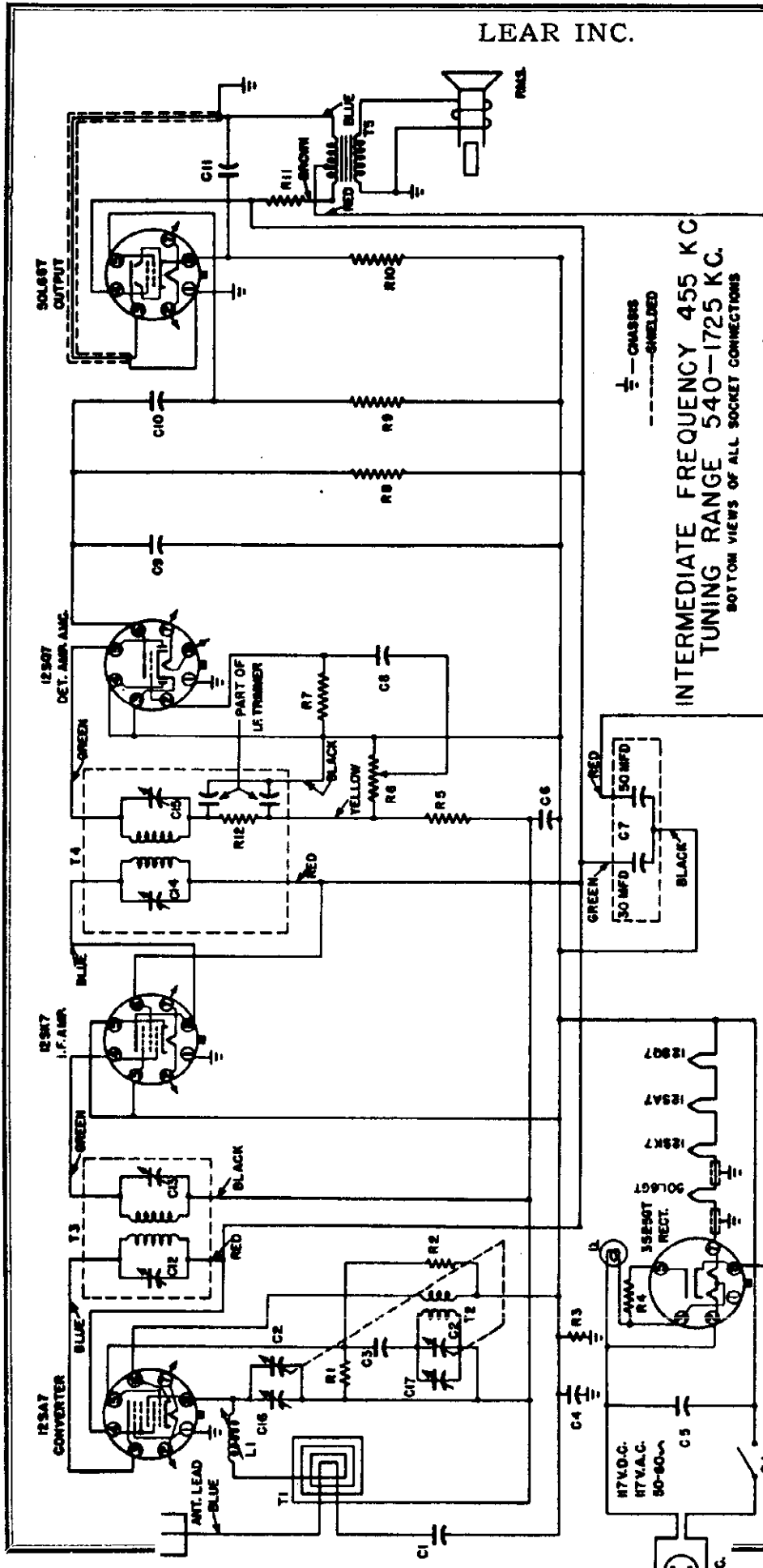
LIST OF PARTS MANUFACTURERS AND ADDRESSES

Mfg. Symbol	Manufacturer	Address
ALL	Allied Electric Products, Inc.	82 Coit St., Irvington, N. J.
AMP	American Phenolic Corp.	1832 So. 54th Ave., Chicago, Ill.
ASP	American Steel Package Co.	Defiance, Ohio
BS	Bussman Mfg. Co.	University at Jefferson, St. Louis, Mo.
CE	Centralab	900 E. Meffe Ave., Milwaukee, Wis.
CHI	Chicago Telephone Supply Co.	Elkhart, Indiana
CI	Cinch Mfg. Corp.	2335 W. Van Buren St., Chicago, Ill.
CD	Cornell-Dubilier Electric Corp.	So. Plainfield, New Jersey
CH	Crowe Bros. Plate and Mfg. Co.	3701 Ravenswood Ave., Chicago, Ill.
E	Erie Resistor Corp.	544 W. 12th St., Erie, Pennsylvania
GE	General Electric Company	Bridgeport, Connecticut
GC	Goehard Mfg. Co.	Springfield, Illinois
HH	Hart & Hegeman Division (The Arrow-Hart & Hegeman Co.)	Hartford, Connecticut
IEJ	E. E. Johnson Co.	Waseca, Minnesota
HY	Hytron Corporation	76 Lafayette St., Salem, Mass.
IOA	Insuline Corp. of America	35-02 35th Ave., Long Island City, N. Y.
J	Edward J. Jones	2300 Wabasha Ave., Chicago, Ill.
KE	Kear Engineering Company	615 Emerson St., Palo Alto, Calif.
KK	Kurtz Mach. Inc.	Owensboro, Kentucky
MC	Micamold Radio Corp.	1415 So. Broadway, Dayton, Ohio
ML	J. W. Miller Co.	1087 Elmhurst, Brooklyn, New York
P	Fearless Electrical Products Co.	5917 So. Main St., Los Angeles, Calif.
RG	Radio Condenser Co.	892C McKinley St., Los Angeles, Calif.
RCA	R.C.A. Mfg. Co., Inc.	Camden, New Jersey
SI	F. W. Sickle Co.	Camden, New Jersey
SO	Solar Mfg. Corp.	Springfield, Mass.
ST	Steadpole Carbon Company	Bayonne, New Jersey
TEL	TeleRadio Engineering Co.	St. Marys, Pennsylvania
TS	Tung-Sol Lamp Works	Wilkes-Barre, Pennsylvania
UC	United Carr Fastener Co.	95 8th Avenue, Newark, New Jersey
U	Utah Radio Products Co.	31 Ames St., Cambridge, Mass.
WL	Ward Leonard Co.	812 Orleans St., Chicago, Ill.
		Nt. Vernon, New York

OTHER PARTS AND ACCESSORIES

Description of Part	Type
Ceramic octal tube sockets for Y-1 to Y-9.	25-6437
Miniature bayonet pilot lamp sockets.	3171
2 contact neon lamp sockets.	1012
	(Sockets Only)
Fuse extractor post for 3AG fuse.	EDM
Ceramic thru panel insulators for antenna end ground connections, A, D, and G.	86

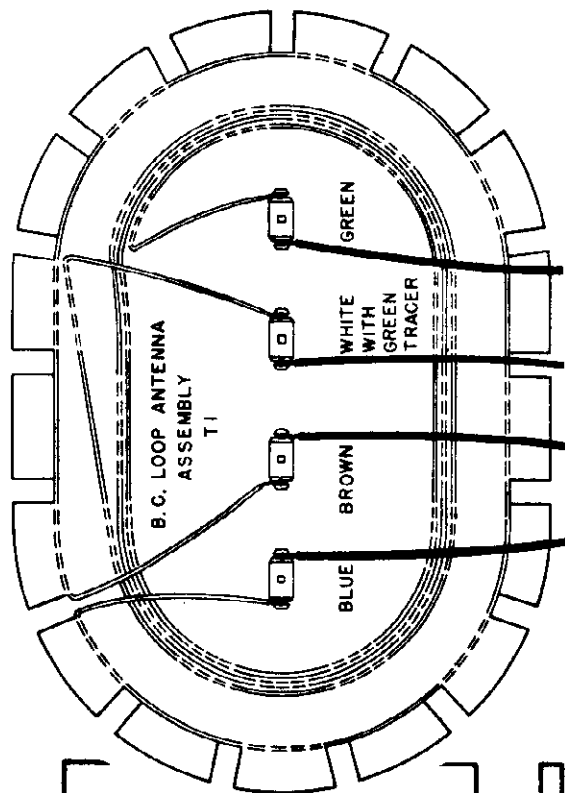
LEAR INC.



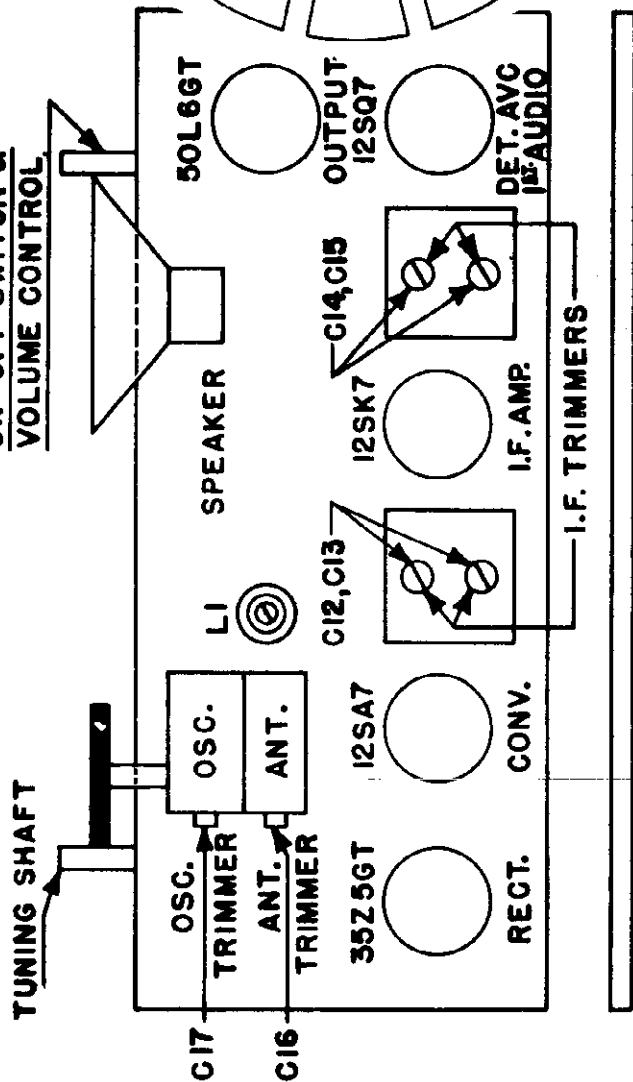
DWG. SYM.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	DWG. SYM.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
T1	B52570	LOOP ANTENNA ASSEMBLY	C8	C66306	.02 MFD. 200V. PAPER CAPACITOR
T2	B55015	DECLASSIFIER COIL	C9	B56038	220 MFD. MICA "
T3	B33350	NO.1 I.F. TRANSFORMER	C10	C66308	.004 MFD. 200V. PAPER "
T4	B33361	" 2 "	C11	C66308	.05 " 400V. "
T5	B22281	OUTPUT	C12, C13	B011	I.F. TRIMMERS (PART OF ASST.)
L1	A82597	ANT. LOUP COIL	C14, C15	B011	ANT. TRIMMER ON VARIABLE CAPACITOR
C1	C66308	.001 MFD. 200V. PAPER CAPACITOR	C16	C66308	OSC. "
C2	A82432	2 GAMS VARIABLE	C17	B56496	15 MFD. 1/2W. CARBON RESISTOR
C3	B56995	.47 MFD. MICA	R1	B56478	52,000 OHM "
C4	C66431	0.1 MFD. 400V. PAPER	R2	B56478	52,000 OHM "
C5	C66464	.05 " 800V. "	R3	B56485	250,000 "
C6	C66460	" " 200V. "	R4	B56485	15 " " "
C7	B12350	50-50 MFD. 150V. ELECTROLYTIC	R5	B56491	2.2 MEG. "
R6	B56340	500,000 OHM VOL. CONTROL ALUM. GR.			
R7	B56494	5.0 MEG. 1/2W. CARBON RESISTOR			
R8	B56497	470,000 OHM "			
R9	B56497	470,000 OHM "			
R10	B56496	150 "			
R11	B56474	2500 " 1/2W. "			
R12	B56474	47,000 " 1/2W. "			
P.I.S.	B53450	5" PERMANENT MAGNET SPEAKER			
L.G.	A83091	LINE COIL			
B.L.	A70533	DIAL LIGHT, TYPE 47			

OCT. 25, 1945

LOOP WIRING DIAGRAM



ON-OFF SWITCH & VOLUME CONTROL



LOOP ANTENNA

OPERATION	ALIGNMENT OF	GENERATOR CONNECTED TO	DUMMY ANTENNA	GENERATOR FREQUENCY	DIAL AND CONDENSER SETTING	TRIMMER	REMARKS
1							
2	2nd. IF	12SA7 grid and B-	.05 mfd.	455 KC	open	C14 & C15	Max. Output
3	1st. IF	Ant. lead and B-	200 mmfd.	1500 KC	1500 KC	C12 & C13	Max. Output
4	Broadcast			600 KC	600 KC	C16 & C17	Max. Output
5						Slug in L1	Max. Output
6							

TUBE	FUNCTION							
	No. 1	No. 2	No. 3	No. 4	No. 5	No. 6	No. 7	No. 8
12SA7	0	-	90	90	0	0	-	0
12SK7	0	-	0	0	0	90	-	90
12SQ7	0	0	0	0	0	0	28	-
50L6	0	-	115	90	0	0	-	6
35Z5	-	-	-	-	-	110 AC	-	117

Notes: Voltage readings are for schematic diagram in this bulletin. Allow 10% ± on all measurements.

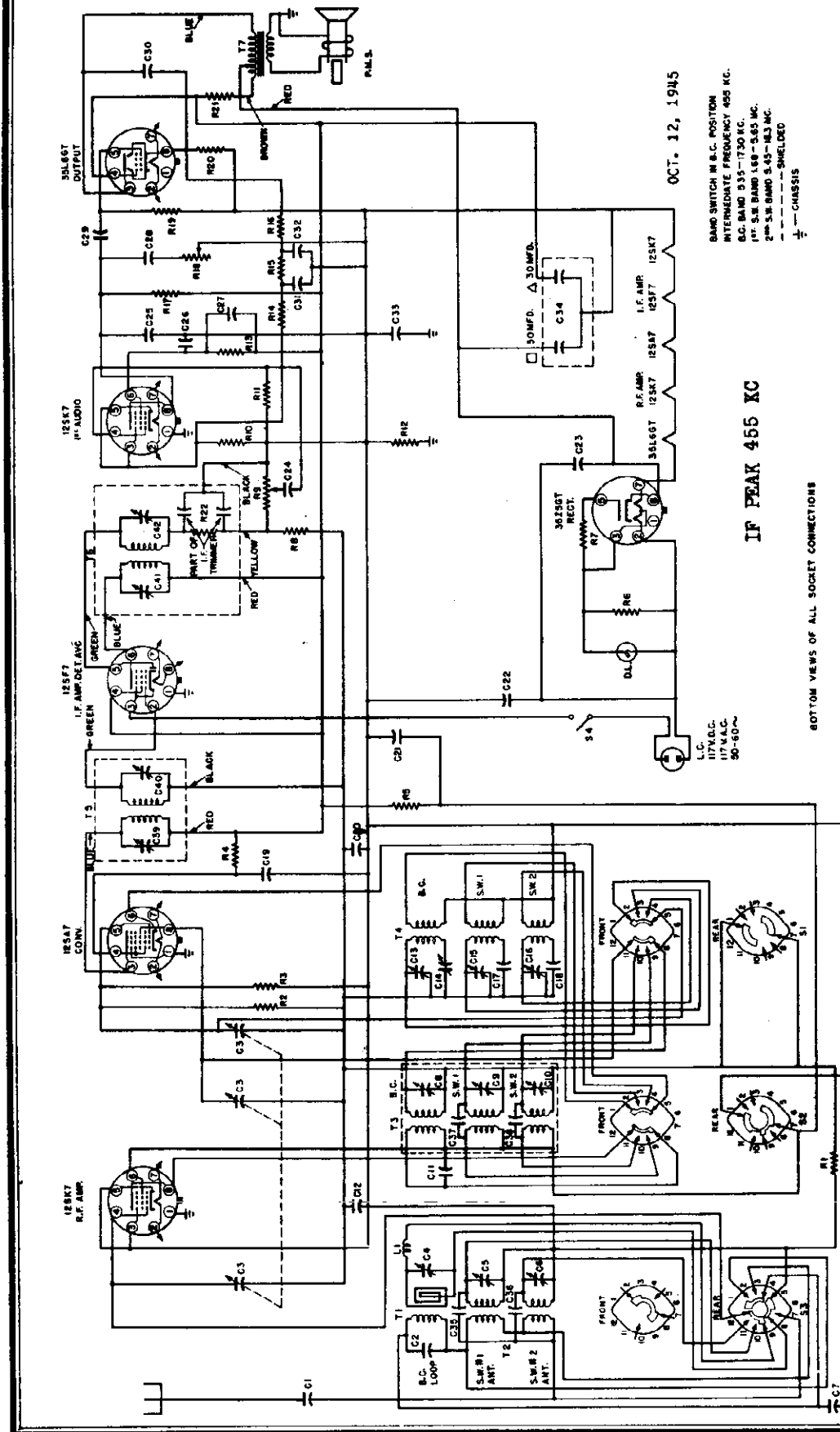
Always use meter scale which will give greatest deflection within scale limits

All DC measurements made with 1000 ohms per volt voltmeter. Position of volume control: On full (with no signal)

Voltages are DC unless otherwise specified.

All voltages measured from prong No. 3 of 12SK7 tube socket, or B-. Line voltage: 117 volts, 60 cycles (AC)

LEAR INC.



OCT. 12, 1945

BAND SWITCH IN B.C. POSITION
INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY 455 KC.
B.C. BAND 0.35-1750 KC.
1st S.F. BAND 1.59-3.45 MC.
2nd S.F. BAND 5.45-14.5 MC.
--- SHIELDED
--- CHASSIS

IF PEAK 455 KC

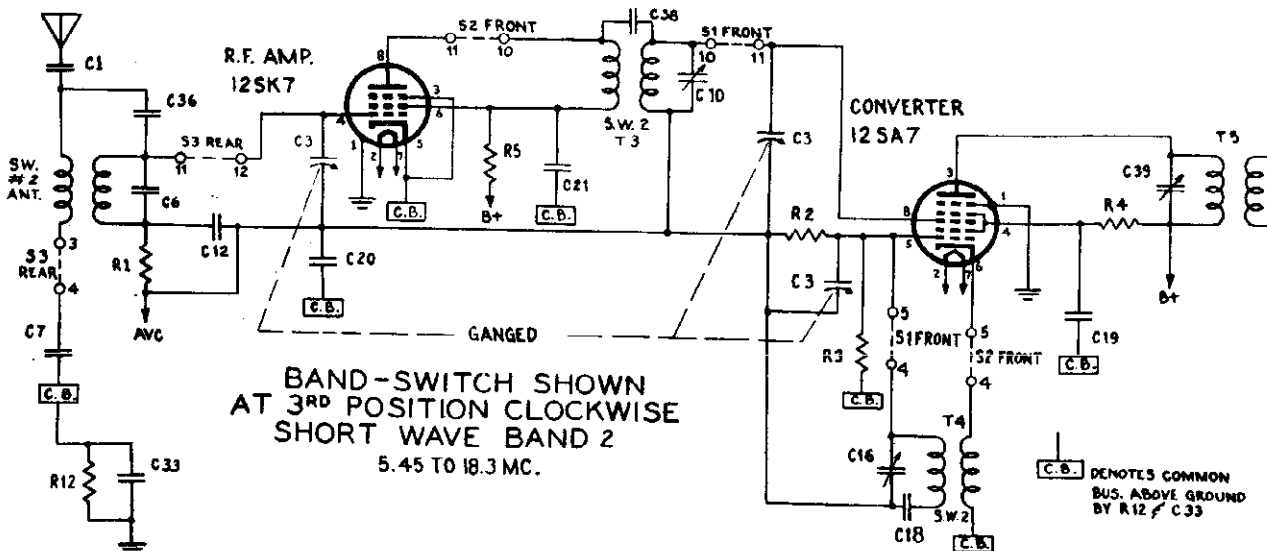
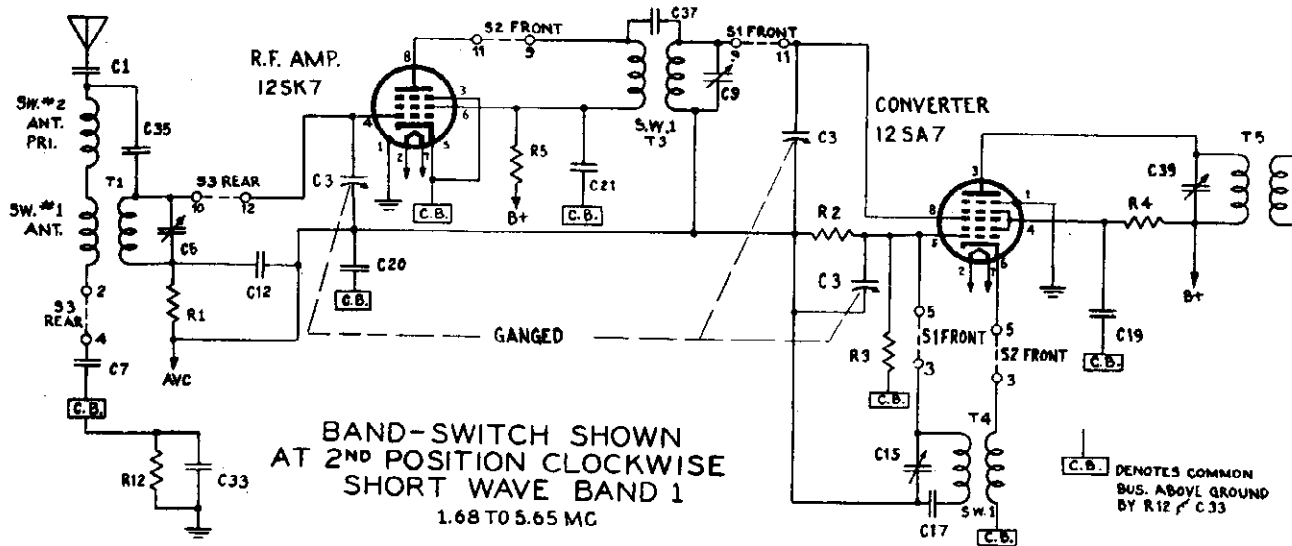
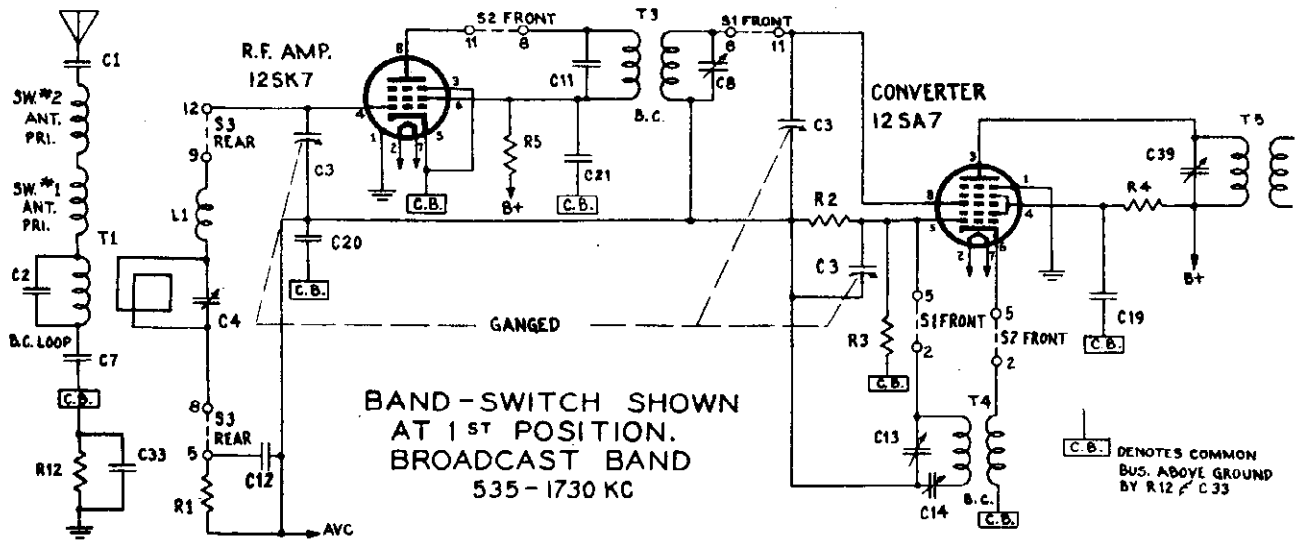
BOTTOM VIEWS OF ALL SOCKET CONNECTIONS

DWG. SYM.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	DWG. SYM.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
T1	852801	B.C. LOOP ASSEMBLY	RE	855489	470 OHM 1/2W. CARBON RESISTOR
T2	852802	5 W BAND 187 ANT. COIL ASSEMBLY	RF	855490	15 " " " " " " " "
T3	852803	B.C. - I.W. 16.5 MC. 2 nd S.F.	RT	855491	2.2 MEG. " " " " " " " "
T4	852804	B.C. - I.W. 16.5 MC. 1 st S.F.	RR	855492	500,000 OHM VOL. CONTROL & SWITCH
T5	852805	1.5 W. I.F. TRANSFORMER	RS	855493	500,000 OHM VOL. CONTROL & SWITCH
T6	852806	" " " " " " " "	RT	855494	1/2W. CARBON RESISTOR
T7	852807	" " " " " " " "	RI	855495	6.8 MEG. " " " " " " " "
T8	852808	220 MFD. 250 V. MICA CAPACITOR	RJ	855496	20,000 OHM " " " " " " " "
T9	852809	220 MFD. 250 V. MICA CAPACITOR	RK	855497	20,000 OHM " " " " " " " "
T10	852810	220 MFD. 250 V. MICA CAPACITOR	RL	855498	20,000 OHM " " " " " " " "
T11	852811	220 MFD. 250 V. MICA CAPACITOR	RM	855499	20,000 OHM " " " " " " " "
T12	852812	220 MFD. 250 V. MICA CAPACITOR	RN	855500	20,000 OHM " " " " " " " "
T13	852813	220 MFD. 250 V. MICA CAPACITOR	RO	855501	20,000 OHM " " " " " " " "
T14	852814	220 MFD. 250 V. MICA CAPACITOR	RP	855502	20,000 OHM " " " " " " " "
T15	852815	220 MFD. 250 V. MICA CAPACITOR	RQ	855503	20,000 OHM " " " " " " " "
T16	852816	220 MFD. 250 V. MICA CAPACITOR	RR	855504	20,000 OHM " " " " " " " "
T17	852817	220 MFD. 250 V. MICA CAPACITOR	RS	855505	20,000 OHM " " " " " " " "
T18	852818	220 MFD. 250 V. MICA CAPACITOR	RT	855506	20,000 OHM " " " " " " " "
T19	852819	220 MFD. 250 V. MICA CAPACITOR	RU	855507	20,000 OHM " " " " " " " "
T20	852820	220 MFD. 250 V. MICA CAPACITOR	RV	855508	20,000 OHM " " " " " " " "
T21	852821	220 MFD. 250 V. MICA CAPACITOR	RW	855509	20,000 OHM " " " " " " " "
T22	852822	220 MFD. 250 V. MICA CAPACITOR	RX	855510	20,000 OHM " " " " " " " "
T23	852823	220 MFD. 250 V. MICA CAPACITOR	RY	855511	20,000 OHM " " " " " " " "
T24	852824	220 MFD. 250 V. MICA CAPACITOR	RZ	855512	20,000 OHM " " " " " " " "
T25	852825	220 MFD. 250 V. MICA CAPACITOR	RA	855513	20,000 OHM " " " " " " " "
T26	852826	220 MFD. 250 V. MICA CAPACITOR	RB	855514	20,000 OHM " " " " " " " "
T27	852827	220 MFD. 250 V. MICA CAPACITOR	RC	855515	20,000 OHM " " " " " " " "
T28	852828	220 MFD. 250 V. MICA CAPACITOR	RD	855516	20,000 OHM " " " " " " " "
T29	852829	220 MFD. 250 V. MICA CAPACITOR	RE	855517	20,000 OHM " " " " " " " "
T30	852830	220 MFD. 250 V. MICA CAPACITOR	RF	855518	20,000 OHM " " " " " " " "
T31	852831	220 MFD. 250 V. MICA CAPACITOR	RG	855519	20,000 OHM " " " " " " " "
T32	852832	220 MFD. 250 V. MICA CAPACITOR	RH	855520	20,000 OHM " " " " " " " "
T33	852833	220 MFD. 250 V. MICA CAPACITOR	RI	855521	20,000 OHM " " " " " " " "
T34	852834	220 MFD. 250 V. MICA CAPACITOR	RJ	855522	20,000 OHM " " " " " " " "
T35	852835	220 MFD. 250 V. MICA CAPACITOR	RK	855523	20,000 OHM " " " " " " " "
T36	852836	220 MFD. 250 V. MICA CAPACITOR	RL	855524	20,000 OHM " " " " " " " "
T37	852837	220 MFD. 250 V. MICA CAPACITOR	RM	855525	20,000 OHM " " " " " " " "
T38	852838	220 MFD. 250 V. MICA CAPACITOR	RN	855526	20,000 OHM " " " " " " " "
T39	852839	220 MFD. 250 V. MICA CAPACITOR	RO	855527	20,000 OHM " " " " " " " "
T40	852840	220 MFD. 250 V. MICA CAPACITOR	RP	855528	20,000 OHM " " " " " " " "
T41	852841	220 MFD. 250 V. MICA CAPACITOR	RQ	855529	20,000 OHM " " " " " " " "
T42	852842	220 MFD. 250 V. MICA CAPACITOR	RR	855530	20,000 OHM " " " " " " " "
T43	852843	220 MFD. 250 V. MICA CAPACITOR	RS	855531	20,000 OHM " " " " " " " "
T44	852844	220 MFD. 250 V. MICA CAPACITOR	RT	855532	20,000 OHM " " " " " " " "
T45	852845	220 MFD. 250 V. MICA CAPACITOR	RU	855533	20,000 OHM " " " " " " " "
T46	852846	220 MFD. 250 V. MICA CAPACITOR	RV	855534	20,000 OHM " " " " " " " "
T47	852847	220 MFD. 250 V. MICA CAPACITOR	RW	855535	20,000 OHM " " " " " " " "
T48	852848	220 MFD. 250 V. MICA CAPACITOR	RX	855536	20,000 OHM " " " " " " " "
T49	852849	220 MFD. 250 V. MICA CAPACITOR	RY	855537	20,000 OHM " " " " " " " "
T50	852850	220 MFD. 250 V. MICA CAPACITOR	RZ	855538	20,000 OHM " " " " " " " "
T51	852851	220 MFD. 250 V. MICA CAPACITOR	RA	855539	20,000 OHM " " " " " " " "
T52	852852	220 MFD. 250 V. MICA CAPACITOR	RB	855540	20,000 OHM " " " " " " " "
T53	852853	220 MFD. 250 V. MICA CAPACITOR	RC	855541	20,000 OHM " " " " " " " "
T54	852854	220 MFD. 250 V. MICA CAPACITOR	RD	855542	20,000 OHM " " " " " " " "
T55	852855	220 MFD. 250 V. MICA CAPACITOR	RE	855543	20,000 OHM " " " " " " " "
T56	852856	220 MFD. 250 V. MICA CAPACITOR	RF	855544	20,000 OHM " " " " " " " "
T57	852857	220 MFD. 250 V. MICA CAPACITOR	RG	855545	20,000 OHM " " " " " " " "
T58	852858	220 MFD. 250 V. MICA CAPACITOR	RH	855546	20,000 OHM " " " " " " " "
T59	852859	220 MFD. 250 V. MICA CAPACITOR	RI	855547	20,000 OHM " " " " " " " "
T60	852860	220 MFD. 250 V. MICA CAPACITOR	RJ	855548	20,000 OHM " " " " " " " "
T61	852861	220 MFD. 250 V. MICA CAPACITOR	RK	855549	20,000 OHM " " " " " " " "
T62	852862	220 MFD. 250 V. MICA CAPACITOR	RL	855550	20,000 OHM " " " " " " " "
T63	852863	220 MFD. 250 V. MICA CAPACITOR	RM	855551	20,000 OHM " " " " " " " "
T64	852864	220 MFD. 250 V. MICA CAPACITOR	RN	855552	20,000 OHM " " " " " " " "
T65	852865	220 MFD. 250 V. MICA CAPACITOR	RO	855553	20,000 OHM " " " " " " " "
T66	852866	220 MFD. 250 V. MICA CAPACITOR	RP	855554	20,000 OHM " " " " " " " "
T67	852867	220 MFD. 250 V. MICA CAPACITOR	RQ	855555	20,000 OHM " " " " " " " "
T68	852868	220 MFD. 250 V. MICA CAPACITOR	RR	855556	20,000 OHM " " " " " " " "
T69	852869	220 MFD. 250 V. MICA CAPACITOR	RS	855557	20,000 OHM " " " " " " " "
T70	852870	220 MFD. 250 V. MICA CAPACITOR	RT	855558	20,000 OHM " " " " " " " "
T71	852871	220 MFD. 250 V. MICA CAPACITOR	RU	855559	20,000 OHM " " " " " " " "
T72	852872	220 MFD. 250 V. MICA CAPACITOR	RV	855560	20,000 OHM " " " " " " " "
T73	852873	220 MFD. 250 V. MICA CAPACITOR	RW	855561	20,000 OHM " " " " " " " "
T74	852874	220 MFD. 250 V. MICA CAPACITOR	RX	855562	20,000 OHM " " " " " " " "
T75	852875	220 MFD. 250 V. MICA CAPACITOR	RY	855563	20,000 OHM " " " " " " " "
T76	852876	220 MFD. 250 V. MICA CAPACITOR	RZ	855564	20,000 OHM " " " " " " " "
T77	852877	220 MFD. 250 V. MICA CAPACITOR	RA	855565	20,000 OHM " " " " " " " "
T78	852878	220 MFD. 250 V. MICA CAPACITOR	RB	855566	20,000 OHM " " " " " " " "
T79	852879	220 MFD. 250 V. MICA CAPACITOR	RC	855567	20,000 OHM " " " " " " " "
T80	852880	220 MFD. 250 V. MICA CAPACITOR	RD	855568	20,000 OHM " " " " " " " "
T81	852881	220 MFD. 250 V. MICA CAPACITOR	RE	855569	20,000 OHM " " " " " " " "
T82	852882	220 MFD. 250 V. MICA CAPACITOR	RF	855570	20,000 OHM " " " " " " " "
T83	852883	220 MFD. 250 V. MICA CAPACITOR	RG	855571	20,000 OHM " " " " " " " "
T84	852884	220 MFD. 250 V. MICA CAPACITOR	RH	855572	20,000 OHM " " " " " " " "
T85	852885	220 MFD. 250 V. MICA CAPACITOR	RI	855573	20,000 OHM " " " " " " " "
T86	852886	220 MFD. 250 V. MICA CAPACITOR	RJ	855574	20,000 OHM " " " " " " " "
T87	852887	220 MFD. 250 V. MICA CAPACITOR	RK	855575	20,000 OHM " " " " " " " "
T88	852888	220 MFD. 250 V. MICA CAPACITOR	RL	855576	20,000 OHM " " " " " " " "
T89	852889	220 MFD. 250 V. MICA CAPACITOR	RM	855577	20,000 OHM " " " " " " " "
T90	852890	220 MFD. 250 V. MICA CAPACITOR	RN	855578	20,000 OHM " " " " " " " "
T91	852891	220 MFD. 250 V. MICA CAPACITOR	RO	855579	20,000 OHM " " " " " " " "
T92	852892	220 MFD. 250 V. MICA CAPACITOR	RP	855580	20,000 OHM " " " " " " " "
T93	852893	220 MFD. 250 V. MICA CAPACITOR	RQ	855581	20,000 OHM " " " " " " " "
T94	852894	220 MFD. 250 V. MICA CAPACITOR	RR	855582	20,000 OHM " " " " " " " "
T95	852895	220 MFD. 250 V. MICA CAPACITOR	RS	855583	20,000 OHM " " " " " " " "
T96	852896	220 MFD. 250 V. MICA CAPACITOR	RT	855584	20,000 OHM " " " " " " " "
T97	852897	220 MFD. 250 V. MICA CAPACITOR	RU	855585	20,000 OHM " " " " " " " "
T98	852898	220 MFD. 250 V. MICA CAPACITOR	RV	855586	20,000 OHM " " " " " " " "
T99	852899	220 MFD. 250 V. MICA CAPACITOR	RW	855587	20,000 OHM " " " " " " " "
T100	852900	220 MFD. 250 V. MICA CAPACITOR	RX	855588	20,000 OHM " " " " " " " "

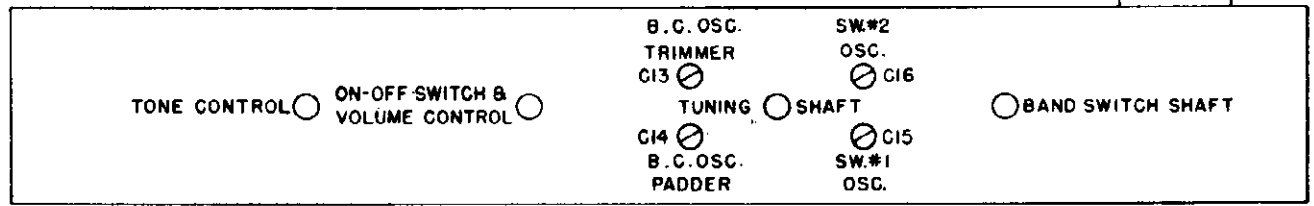
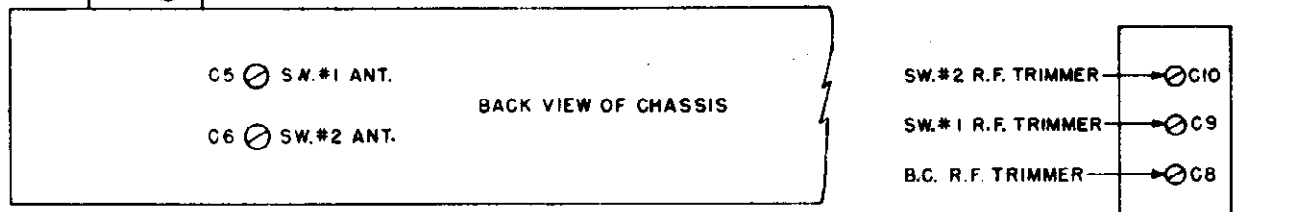
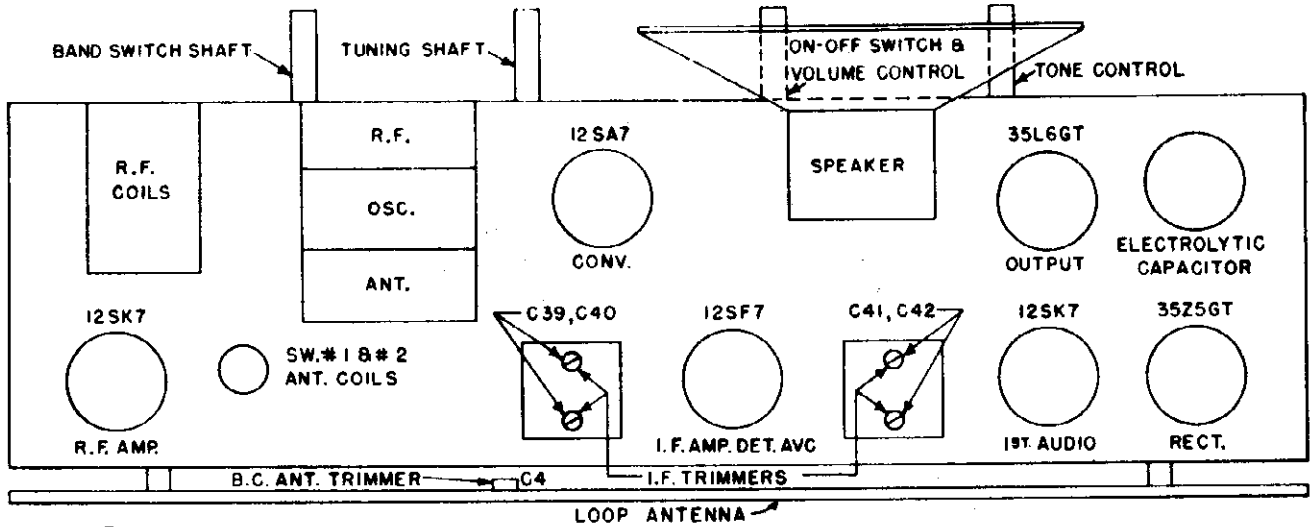
"clarified schematics"

MODEL 6S1

LEAR INC.



LEAR INC.



FRONT VIEW OF CHASSIS

ALIGNMENT CHART

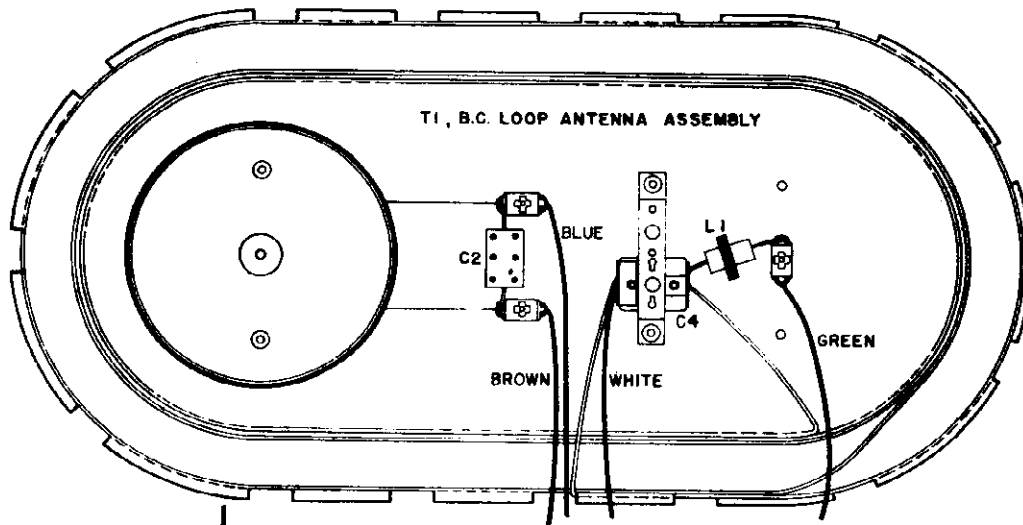
OPER-ALIGNMENT ACTION OF	GENERATOR CONNECTED TO	DUMMY ANTENNA	GENERATOR FREQUENCY	BAND SWITCH SETTING	DIAL AND CONDENSER SETTING	TRIMMER	REMARKS
1. Set dial pointer to last mark at low frequency end of dial with gang condenser closed.							
2.	2nd. IF	12SA7 Grid & B-	455 KC.	BC	open	C41 & C42	Max. Output
3.	1st. IF	Ant. lead and B-	1500 KC	BC	1500 KC	C39 & C40	Max. Output
4.	BC	200 mmf.	600 KC		600 KC	C13, C8, C4	Max. Output
5.						C14	Osc. Padder
6. Repeat operations 4 and 5 until alignment frequencies fall on correct calibration points.							
7.			5 MC	1	5 MC	C15, C9, C5	Max. Output
8.	SW 1	Ant. lead and B-	1800 KC		1800 KC		**
9.			16 MC	2	16 MC	C16*, C10, C6	Max. Output
10.	SW 2	Ant. lead and B-	6 MC		6 MC		**

* Rock dial while trimming C16 at 16 MC

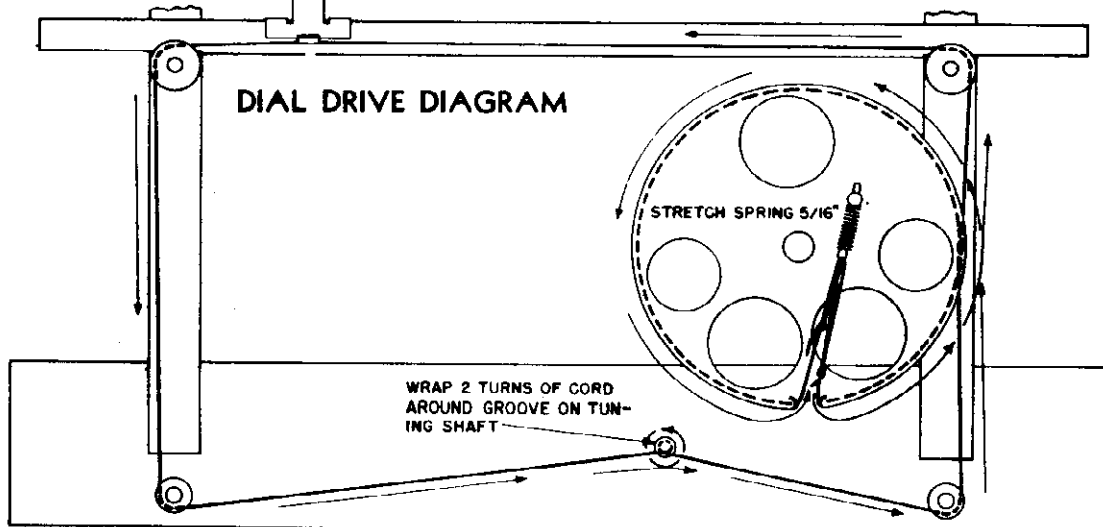
** check sensitivity and dial calibration

LEAR INC.

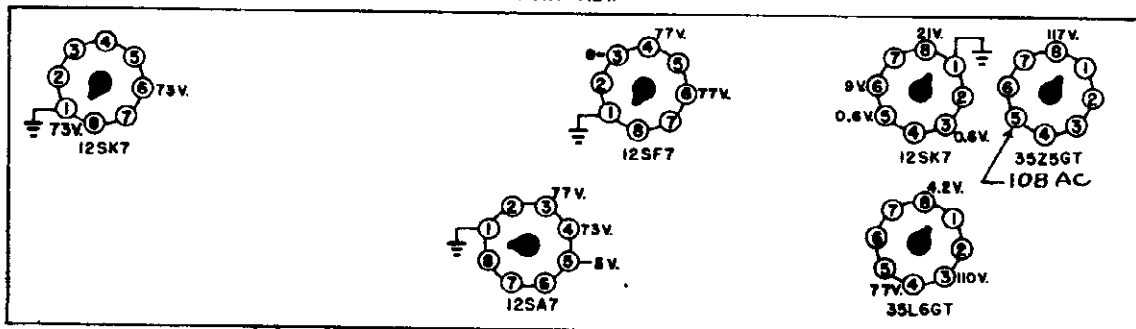
LOOP WIRING DIAGRAM



DIAL DRIVE DIAGRAM



FRONT VIEW



BAND SWITCH SHAFT

TUNING SHAFT

ON-OFF SWITCH & VOLUME CONTROL

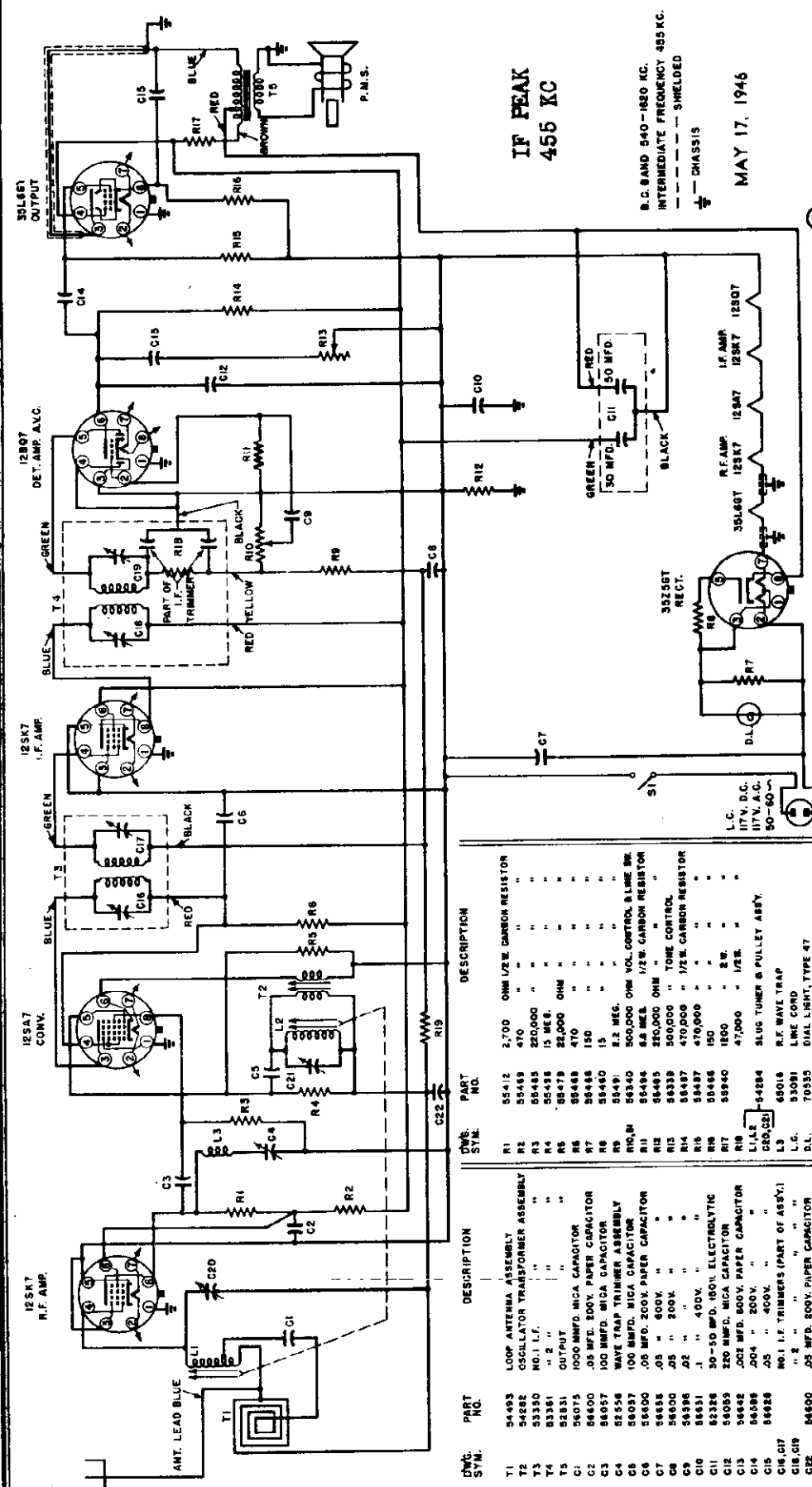
TONE CONTROL

BOTTOM VIEW OF CHASSIS

Notes: voltage readings are for schematic diagram in this bulletin, Allow 10% ± on all measurements. Always use meter scale which will give greatest deflection within scale limits. All DC measurements made with 1000 ohms per volt voltmeter, voltages are DC unless otherwise specified. All voltages measured from prong No. 3 of 12SF7 tube socket, or B-.

LEAR INC.

MODELS 6614, 6615, 6616
6619

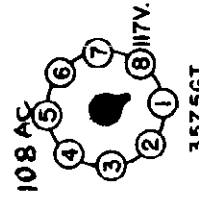
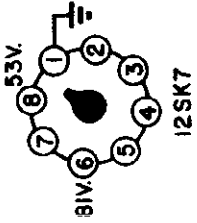
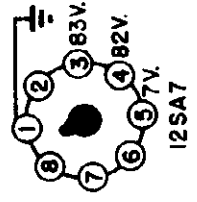
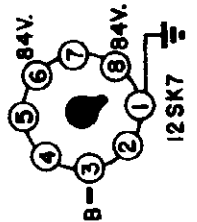
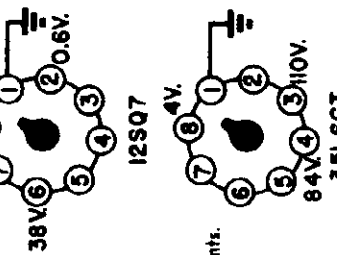


IF PEAK
455 KC

B.C. BAND 540-1620 KC.
INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY 455 KC.
--- SHIELDED
--- CHASSIS

MAY 17, 1946

DWG. SYM.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	DWG. SYM.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
T1	54493	LOOP ANTENNA ASSEMBLY	R1	55412	2,700 OHM 1/2W. CARBON RESISTOR
T2	54492	OSCILLATOR TRANSFORMER ASSEMBLY	R2	55459	"
T3	55350	NO. 1 I.F.	R3	55453	220,000 "
T4	55361	"	R4	55438	15 MEH. "
T5	55381	OUTPUT	R5	55479	22,000 OHM "
C1	56075	1000 MFD. MICA CAPACITOR	R6	55483	470 "
C2	56400	.05 MFD. 500V. PAPER CAPACITOR	R7	55488	150 "
C3	56407	100 MFD. MICA CAPACITOR	R8	55491	15 "
C4	56454	WAVE TRAP TRIMMER ASSEMBLY	R9	55491	15 MEG. "
C5	56037	100 MFD. MICA CAPACITOR	R10	55340	500,000 OHM VOL. CONTROL SLIME BK.
C6	56400	.05 MFD. 500V. PAPER CAPACITOR	R11	55494	50,000 OHM 1/2W. CARBON RESISTOR
C7	56426	.05 " 400V. "	R12	55495	500,000 OHM TONE CONTROL
C8	56500	.05 " 200V. "	R13	55437	470,000 " 1/2W. CARBON RESISTOR
C9	56396	.02 " 400V. "	R14	55427	150 " 2W. "
C10	56531	50-50 MFD. 100V. ELECTROLYTIC	R15	55458	100 " 1/2W. "
C11	56535	250 MFD. MICA CAPACITOR	R16	55940	47,000 " 1/2W. "
C12	56402	.02 MFD. 500V. PAPER CAPACITOR	L1	54284	SLUG TUNER & PULLEY ASBY.
C13	56402	.02 " 200V. "	L2	53016	R.F. WAVE TRAP
C14	56508	.05 " 400V. "	L3	53081	LINE COND.
C15	56528	NO. 1 I.F. TRIMMERS (PART OF ASBY.)	D.L.	70335	DIAL LIGHT, TYPE 47
C16, C17	56400	.05 MFD. 500V. PAPER CAPACITOR	P.M.S.	53450	5" PERMANENT MAGNET SPEAKER
C18, C19	56491	2.2 MEG. 1/2W. CARBON RESISTOR			
C22					



Notes:
Voltage readings are for schematic diagram.
Always use meter scale which will give greatest deflection within scale limits.
All DC measurements made with 1000 ohms per volt voltmeter.
Voltages are DC unless otherwise specified.
All voltages measured from prong No. 3 of 12SK7 IF tube socket, or B-.

BOTTOM VIEW OF CHASSIS

For alignment procedure read tabulations from left to right, and make the adjustment marked (1) first, (2) next, (3) third.

Before starting alignment:

- (a) Check tuning dial adjustment by tuning gang condenser until plates touch maximum capacity stop (completely in mesh) at which point the dial needle must be exactly even with the last line at the low frequency end of the dial calibration. If dial needle does not point exactly to last line move to correct position.
- (b) Use an accurately calibrated test oscillator with some type of output measuring device.
- (c) **PLACE LOOP ANTENNA IN THE SAME POSITION IT WILL BE IN WHEN THE SET IS IN THE CABINET.**

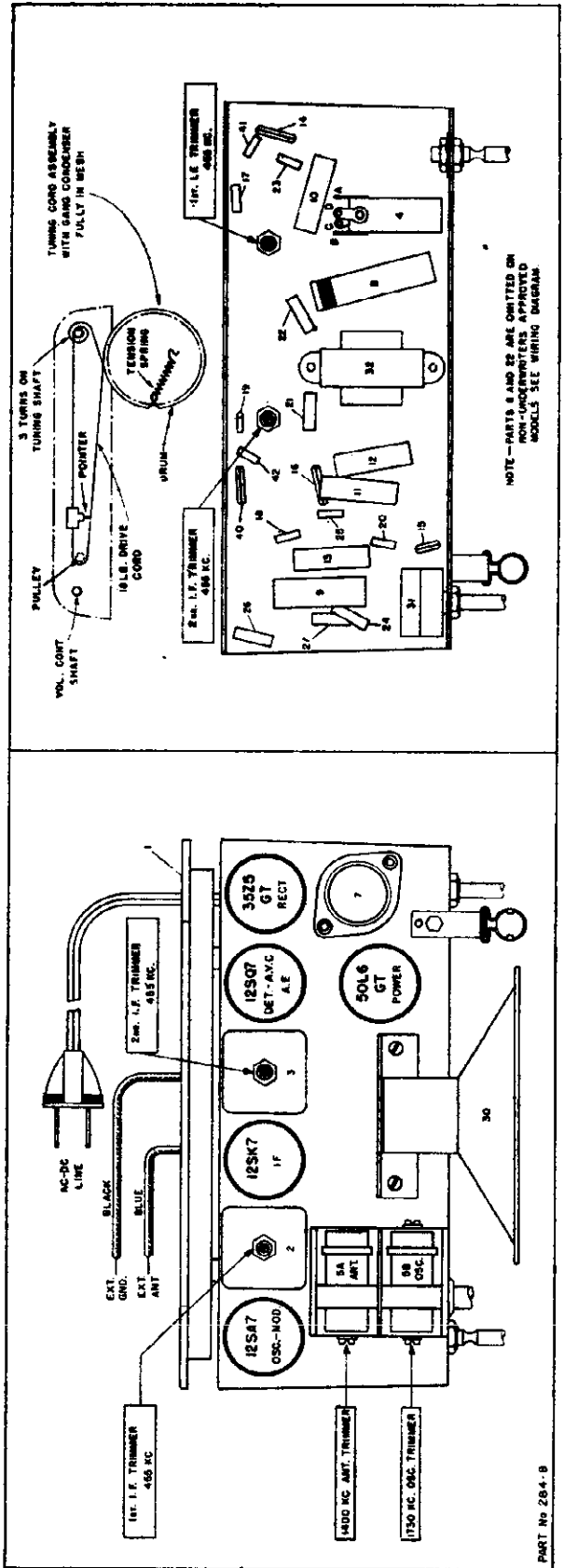
TEST OSCILLATOR			
Set receiver dial to:	Adjust test oscillator frequency to:	Use dummy antenna in series with output of test oscillator consisting of:	Attach output of test oscillator to:
1 Any point where no interfering signal is received.	455 K. C.	.02 MFD. condenser	High side to rear stator plates of tuning condenser. Low side to frame of condenser through a .02 Mfd. blocking condenser.
2 Exactly 1730 K. C.	Exactly 1730 K. C.	.00025 MFD. condenser	Receiver blue antenna lead Receiver black ground lead
3 Approx. 1400 K. C.	Exactly 1400 K. C.	.00025 MFD. condenser	Receiver blue antenna lead Receiver black ground lead

Refer to parts layout diagram for location of trimmers mentioned below:

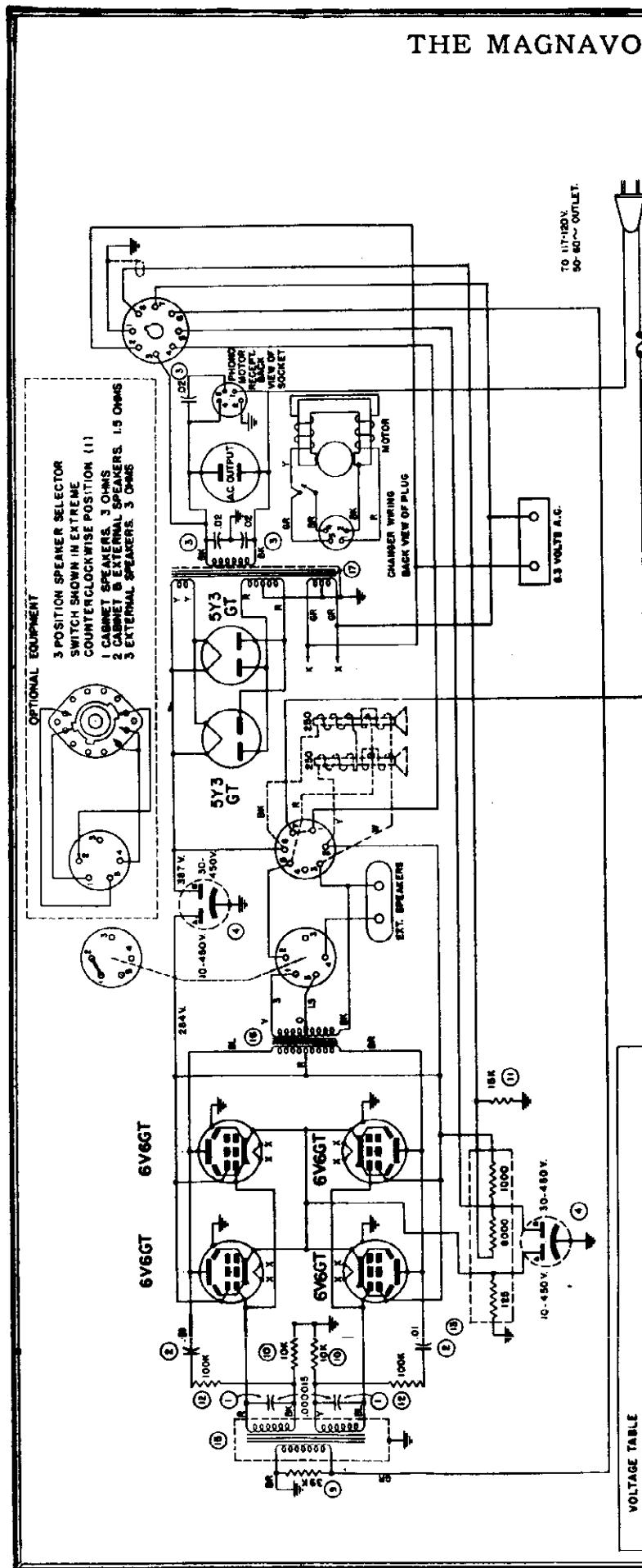
Adjust each of the second I. F. transformer trimmers for maximum output—then adjust each of the first I. F. trimmers for maximum output.

Adjust 1700 K. C. oscillator trimmer for maximum output.

While rocking gang condenser adjust 1400 K. C. antenna trimmer for maximum output.



THE MAGNAVOX CO.



OPTIONAL EQUIPMENT
 3 POSITION SPEAKER SELECTOR SWITCH SHOWN IN EXTREME COUNTERCLOCKWISE POSITION (1)
 1 CABINET SPEAKERS, 3 OHMS
 2 CABINET & EXTERNAL SPEAKERS, 15 OHMS
 3 EXTERNAL SPEAKERS, 3 OHMS

Power supply.....	117 volts 50/60 cycles AC	No. 582815	No. 582869
Power consumption.....	* 140 watts	250 ohms	250 ohms
Power output.....	20 watts	5.0 ohms	5.0 ohms
Output impedance.....	2.5/1.7 ohms	*Power consumption is for amplifier and CR-188 radio chassis.	
Speakers:			
Field coil resistance.....			
Voice coil impedance (400 cycles).....			

VOLTAGE TABLE
 (BOTTOM VIEW OF CHASSIS)

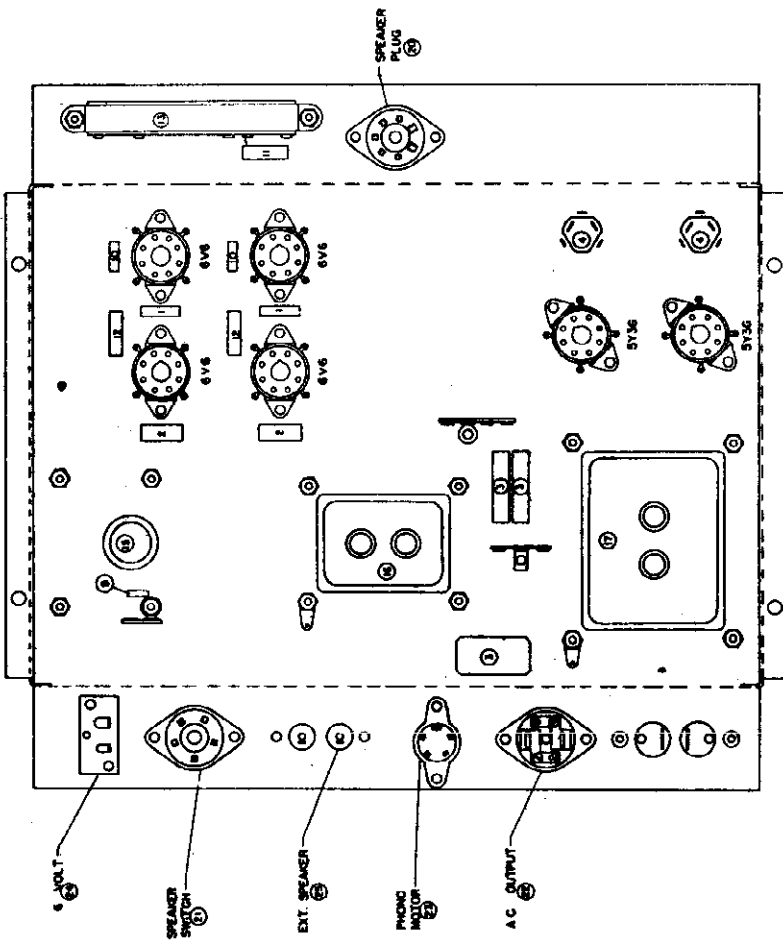
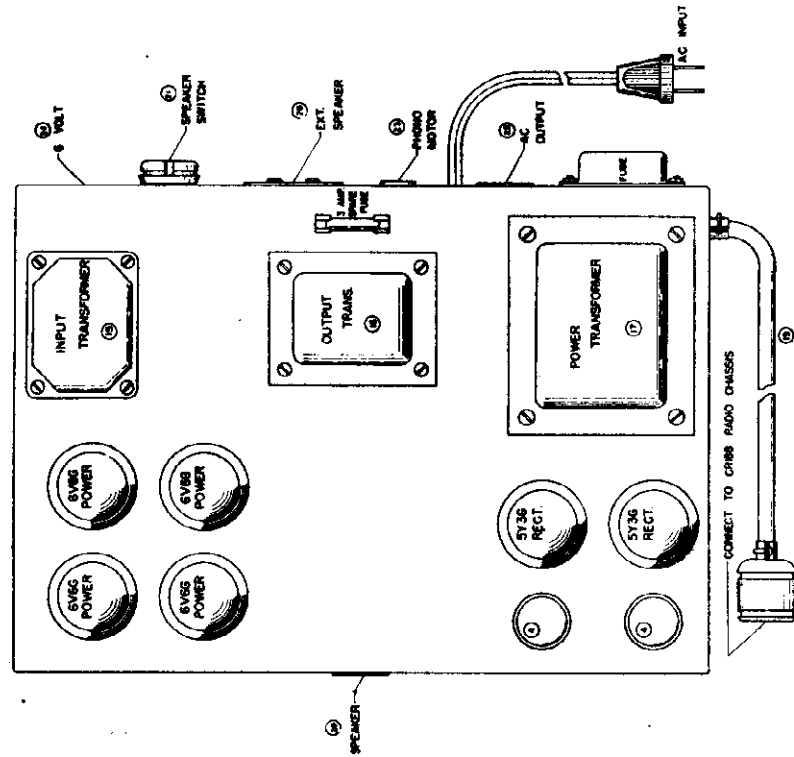
NOTE: MEASURE HEATER AND FILAMENT VOLTAGES DIRECTLY ACROSS SOCKET TERMINALS.
 ALL OTHER VOLTAGES MEASURED FROM SOCKET TERMINALS TO GROUND WITH A 1000 OHM/VOLT VOLTMETER WITH BANDSWITCH IN SHORT WAVE POSITION.
 (M) HEATERS 6.3 VOLTS A.C.
 MEASURE CATHODES ON 30V. SCALE. ALL OTHERS ON 500 V. SCALE.
 LINE VOLTAGE 117 V. A.C.
 TOTAL POWER CONSUMPTION (TUNER & POWER SUPPLY) 140 WATTS.

METHOD FOR REMOVING CHASSIS FROM CABINET

To remove the chassis, first remove all plugs and cables from the receptacles and the connector from is mounted to the cabinet shelf with four screws and nuts; after they have been removed, the amplifier

MODEL AMP 101A

THE MAGNAVOX CO.



ACCESSORIES

SPEAKER SELECTOR SWITCH—Provision is made in this amplifier for connecting extension speakers and a speaker selector switch. By means of this switch, the cabinet and extension speakers may be operated separately or together while maintaining the proper load on the amplifier. This is accomplished by means of a rotary switch with a connecting plug that may be purchased from any authorized Magnavox dealer. When shipped from the factory, a shorting plug is inserted in the am-

plifier receptacle stamped **SPEAKER SWITCH**. This plug must not be removed unless the speaker selector switch is added. Then the shorting plug is replaced with a plug that is supplied as a part of the selector switch assembly.

EXTENSION SPEAKER—Two screw terminals are provided on the rear of the amplifier chassis for the connection of an extension speaker line. High-fidelity permanent-magnet extension speakers are available through all authorized Magnavox dealers.

THE MAGNAVOX CO.

CR-189

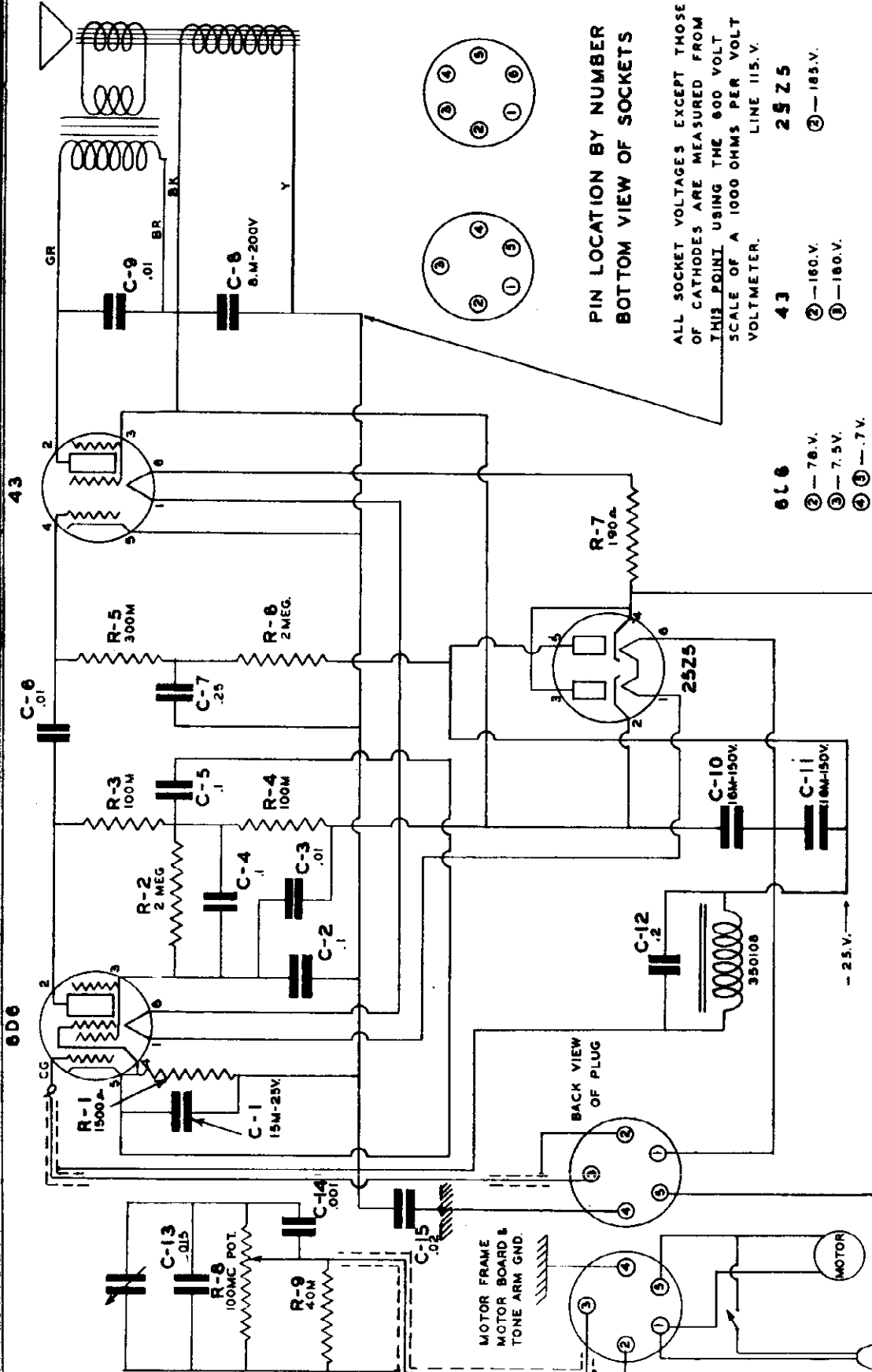
REFERENCE NO.	DESCRIPTION	MAGNAVOX PART NO.
1	Coil assembly, antenna, two band	360265G1
2	Coil assembly, r-f, 42.9-48.7 mc. band	360262G1
3	Coil assembly, r-f, 87.2-108.7 mc. band	360261G2
4	Coil assembly, oscillator, two band	360263G1
5	Transformer, i-f	360258G1
6	Transformer, discriminator	360259G1
7	Transformer, power, 117 volt 50/60 cycle	300030G1
8	Choke, r-f, filament	360264G1
9	Choke, a-f, filler	350032G1
10	Capacitor, variable, three-gang tuning	260058G1
11	Capacitor, trimmer 1.5-7 mmf.	*260067G1
12	Capacitor, trimmer 4.5-25 mmf.	260042G3
13	Capacitor, two-gang trimmer, 4-70 mmf. each section	260066G1
14	Capacitor, two-gang trimmer, 4-70 mmf. each section	260065G1
15	Capacitor, ceramic, 4 mmf.	250088G28
16	Capacitor, ceramic, 35 mmf.	250089G26
17	Capacitor, molded mica, 47 mmf.	250159G96
18	Capacitor, molded mica, 100 mmf.	250159G98
19	Capacitor, molded mica, 470 mmf. +10%	250159G90
20	Capacitor, molded mica, 470 mmf. +20%	250159G102
21	Capacitor, ceramic, 500 mmf.	250088G31
22	Capacitor, paper, .01 mfd. 600V.	250129G2
23	Capacitor, paper, .05 mfd. 600V.	250129G5
24	Capacitor, electrolytic, 10 mfd. 450V.	270026G3
25	Capacitor, electrolytic, 30-10 mfd. 475V.	270023G2
30	Resistor, composition, 100 ohm 1/2 W.	230063G7
31	Resistor, composition, 220 ohm 1/2 W.	230084G9
32	Resistor, composition, 680 ohm 1/2 W.	230084G12
33	Resistor, composition, 1000 ohm 1/2 W.	230084G13
34	Resistor, composition, 3300 ohm 1/2 W.	230084G16
35	Resistor, composition, 4700 ohm 1/2 W.	230084G17
36	Resistor, composition, 4700 ohm 1 W.	230085G17
37	Resistor, composition, 6800 ohm 2 W.	230051G18
38	Resistor, composition, 22,000 ohm 1/2 W.	230084G21
39	Resistor, composition, 47,000 ohm 1/2 W.	230084G23
40	Resistor, composition, 100,000 ohm 1/2 W.	230084G25
41	Resistor, composition, 120,000 ohm 1/2 W. ±10%	230084G87
42	Resistor, composition, 100,000 ohm 1/2 W. ±10%	230084G86
43	Resistor, composition, 220,000 ohm 1/2 W.	230084G27
44	Resistor, composition, 470,000 ohm 1/2 W.	230084G29
45	Resistor, composition, 1 megohm 1/2 W.	230084G31
46	Resistor, composition, 1.5 megohm 1/2 W.	230084G32
47	Resistor, wire wound, 5000 ohm, 5 W.	240035G4
55	Switch, rotary, band selector and power	160163G1
56	Socket, output	180060G1
	Calibrated glass dial - CR-189A	150272G1
	Calibrated glass dial - CR-189B	150272G2

*Electrically replaces 260027G1 used in early production.

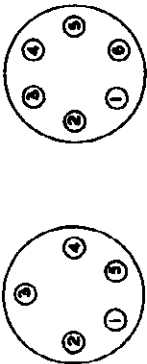
AMP-101A

REFERENCE NO.	DESCRIPTION	MAGNAVOX PART NO.
1	Capacitor, molded mica, 15 mmf.	250107G93
2	Capacitor, paper, .01 mfd. 600 V.	250129G2
3	Capacitor, paper, .02 mfd. 600 V.	250129G3
4	Capacitor, electrolytic, 30-10 mfd. 450 V.	270023G2
9	Resistor, composition, 39,000 ohm 1/2 W.	230084G81
10	Resistor, composition, 10,000 ohm 1/2 W.	230084G19
11	Resistor, composition, 15,000 ohm 2 W.	230086G20
12	Resistor, composition, 100,000 ohm 1 W.	230085G25
13	Resistor, wire wound, 125-8000-1000 ohm	240037G1
15	Transformer, input	320017G1
16	Transformer, output	330024G1
17	Transformer, power, 117 V. 50-60 cycle	300026G1
19	Cable and plug assembly	460557G1
20	Socket, speaker connection	180393G3
21	Socket, speaker switch	180393G5
22	Socket, power connection	180422G1
23	Socket, phonograph motor connection	180501G5
24	Socket, 6-volt	189788G1
	Socket, octal	180194G4
	Terminal board - external speaker connection	209601G2
	Fuse mounting	182467G1
	Fuse cover	182467G2
	Fuse, 3 amp. 250 V., cartridge	180157G10
	Fuse clip for spare fuse (2 required)	180236G1

THE MAGNAVOX CO.



PIN LOCATION BY NUMBER
BOTTOM VIEW OF SOCKETS



ALL SOCKET VOLTAGES EXCEPT THOSE OF CATHODES ARE MEASURED FROM THIS POINT USING THE 500 VOLT SCALE OF A 1000 OHMS PER VOLT VOLTMETER. LINE 115. V.

- 6 L 6 2 5 Z 5
- ② - 76. V. ② - 160. V.
- ③ - 7.5 V. ③ - 180. V.
- ④ ⑤ - 7 V.

- Primary voltage 117 V. 60 cycle AC;
- Power consumption 65 watts;
- Power output 3 watts;
- Vacuum tubes 1 - 6D6, 1 - 43, 1 - 25Z5;
- Speaker: Field Coil *6000 ohms;
- Transformer **5000 ohms;

* DC resistance.
** Primary impedance.

THE MAGNAVOX CO.

MODEL A-101P
 MODEL A-106P
 MODEL A-205C
 MODELS A-206, A-206A

A-106P

Ref. No.	Description	Magnevox Part No.
C1	Capacitor, electrolytic, .015 mfd. 600 V.	254131
C2	Capacitor, tubular, .001 mfd. 600 V.	254142
C3	Capacitor, electrolytic, 25 mfd. 25 V.	274236
C4	Capacitor, tubular, .1 mfd. 200 V.	254152
C5	Capacitor, tubular, .015 mfd. 600 V.	254131
C6	Capacitor, tubular, .25 mfd. 120 V.	254149
C7	Capacitor, tubular, .01 mfd. 600 V.	254153
C8	Capacitor, tubular, .01 mfd. 600 V.	254153
C9	Capacitor, tubular, .02 mfd. 600 V.	254127
C10	Capacitor, electrolytic, 16 mfd. 150 V.	274212
C11	Capacitor, electrolytic, 16 mfd. 150 V.	274212
C12	Capacitor, tubular, .05 mfd. 600 V.	254159
R1	Control, volume, 100,000 ohm	224354
R2	Resistor, carbon, 40,000 ohm 1/2 W.	234438
R3	Resistor, carbon, 5,000 ohm 1/2 W.	234430
R4	Resistor, carbon, 2 megohm 1/2 W.	234451
R5	Resistor, carbon, 150,000 ohm 1/2 W.	234446
R6	Resistor, carbon, 300,000 ohm 1/2 W.	234448
R7	Resistor, carbon, 2 megohm 1/2 W.	234451
R8	Resistor, wire wound, 190 ohm	247808

A-101P

Ref. No.	Description	Magnevox Part No.
C1	Capacitor, electrolytic, 15 mfd. 25V., 8 mfd. 200V.	274201
C2	Capacitor, tubular, .1 mfd. 200 V.	254152
C3	Capacitor, tubular, .01 mfd. 600 V.	254153
C4	Capacitor, tubular, .1 mfd. 200 V.	254152
C5	Capacitor, tubular, .1 mfd. 200 V.	254152
C6	Capacitor, tubular, .01 mfd. 600 V.	254153
C7	Capacitor, tubular, .25 mfd. 120 V.	254149
C8	Capacitor, electrolytic, 15 mfd. 25V., 8 mfd. 200V.	274201
C9	Capacitor, tubular, .01 mfd. 600 V.	254153
C10	Capacitor, electrolytic, 16 mfd. 250 V.	274212
C11	Capacitor, electrolytic, 16 mfd. 250 V.	274212
C12	Capacitor, tubular, 2 mfd. 200 V.	254182
C13	Capacitor, tubular, .015 mfd. 600 V.	254131
C14	Capacitor, tubular, .001 mfd. 600 V.	254142
C15	Capacitor, tubular, .02 mfd. 600 V.	254127
R1	Resistor, carbon, 1500 ohm 1/2 W.	234425
R2	Resistor, carbon, 2 megohm 1/2 W.	234451
R3	Resistor, carbon, 100,000 ohm 1/2 W.	234445
R4	Resistor, carbon, 100,000 ohm 1/2 W.	234445
R5	Resistor, carbon, 300,000 ohm 1/2 W.	234448
R6	Resistor, carbon, 2 megohm 1/2 W.	234451
R7	Resistor, wire wound, 190 ohm	247808
R8	Control, volume, 100,000 ohm with switch	224354
R9	Resistor, carbon, 40,000 ohm 1/2 W.	234438
L1	Choke, filter	350108

Choke, filter	350102
Socket, 6 prong marked 6D6	187328
Socket, 6 prong marked 43	187333
Socket, 6 prong marked 25Z5	187330
Knob, control	144101

Socket, 6 prong marked 6D6	187328
Socket, 6 prong marked 43	187333
Socket, 6 prong marked 25Z5	187330
Knob, control	144101

A-206, A-206A

Ref. No.	Description	Magnevox Part No.
1	Capacitor, electrolytic, 40-40 mfd. 150 V.	270013
2	Capacitor, moulded paper, .02 mfd. 600 V.	250056
3	Capacitor, moulded paper, .02 mfd. 600 V.	250056
4	Resistor, carbon, 500,000 ohm 1/2 W.	239755
5	Resistor, carbon, 500,000 ohm 1/2 W.	239755
6	Resistor, carbon, 1000 ohm 1/2 W.	239745
7	Resistor, carbon, 88 ohm 1 W.	230047
8	Resistor, wire wound, 166 ohm	240013
9	Control, volume, 1 megohm	222518
10	Control, tone, 20,000 ohm, with power switch	220021

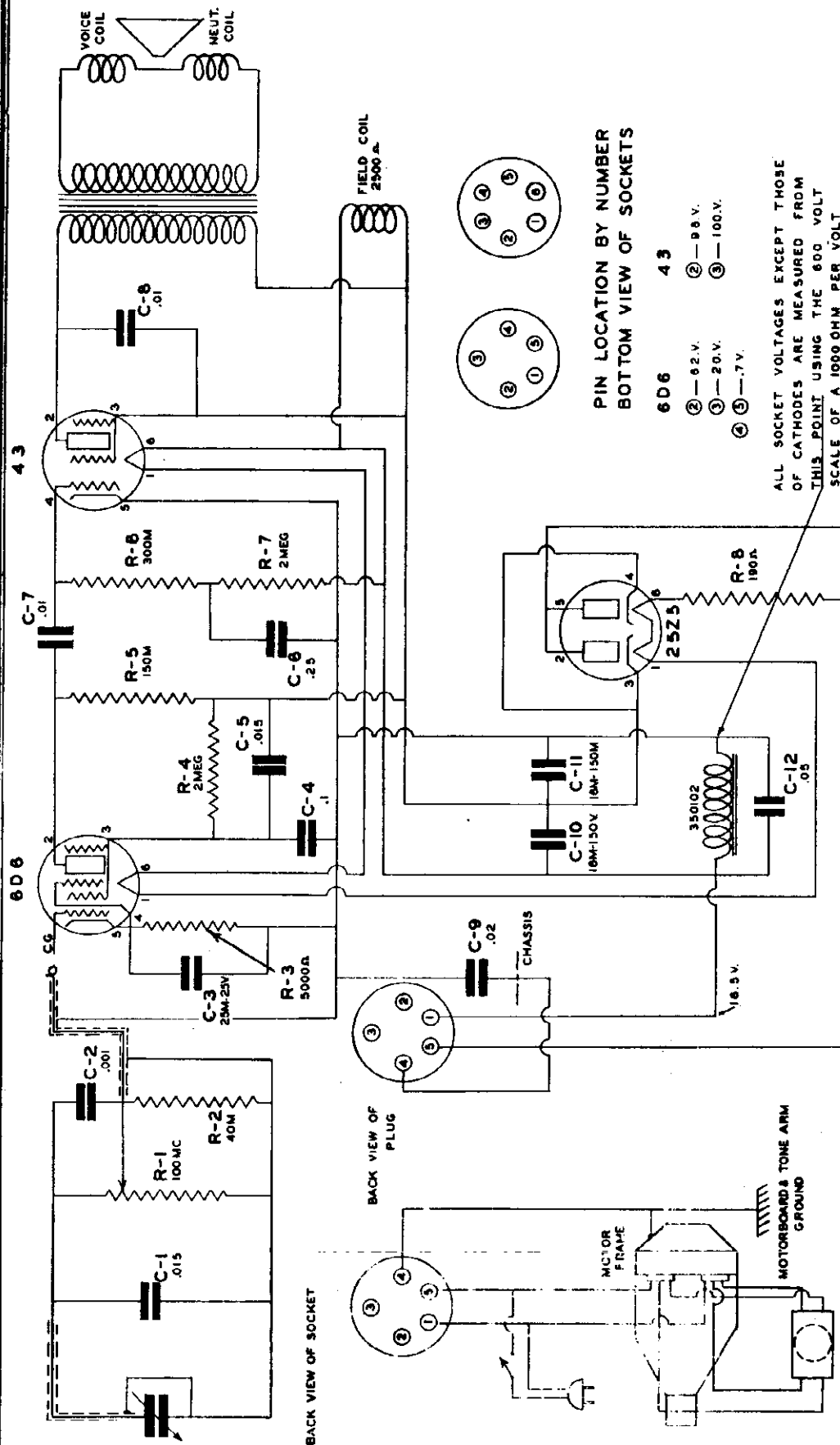
A-205C

Ref. No.	Description	Magnevox Part No.
1	Capacitor, moulded paper, .02 mfd. 600 V.	250056
2	Capacitor, moulded paper, .01 mfd. 400 V.	250054
3	Capacitor, moulded paper, .01 mfd. 400 V.	250054
4	Capacitor, electrolytic, 100-20 mfd. 150 V., 20 mfd. 25 V.	270008
5	Capacitor, electrolytic, 20 mfd. 150 V.	270005
6	Resistor, carbon, 250,000 ohm 1/2 W.	230010
7	Resistor, carbon, 3000 ohm 1/2 W.	230032
8	Resistor, carbon, 175 ohm 1/2 W.	230037
9	Resistor, carbon, 100 ohm 1/2 W.	239744
10	Resistor, carbon, 30 ohm 1/2 W.	230023
11	Control, volume with power switch, 2 megohm	220014

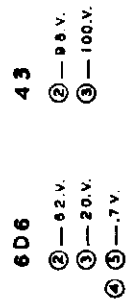
Socket, octal marked 70L7GT	180050
Switch, SPST toggle, (motor)	167402
Escutcheon, OFF-ON	150074
Knob, control marked VOLUME	140035
Knob, control marked OFF-ON-TONE	140036

Socket, octal marked 50L6GT	180130
Socket, octal marked 35Z5GT	180131
Knob, control	144100

THE MAGNAVOX CO.



PIN LOCATION BY NUMBER
BOTTOM VIEW OF SOCKETS



ALL SOCKET VOLTAGES EXCEPT THOSE OF CATHODES ARE MEASURED FROM THIS POINT USING THE 600 VOLT SCALE OF A 1000 OHM PER VOLT VOLTMETER LINE 115 V.

Primary voltage	117 V. AC-DC;
Power consumption	60 watts;
Power output	2 watts;
Vacuum tubes	1 - 6D6, 1 - 43, 1 - 25Z5;
Speaker:	
Field Coil	*2500 ohms;
Transformer	**4000 ohms;

**Primary impedance

* DC resistance

MAGNAVOX CO.

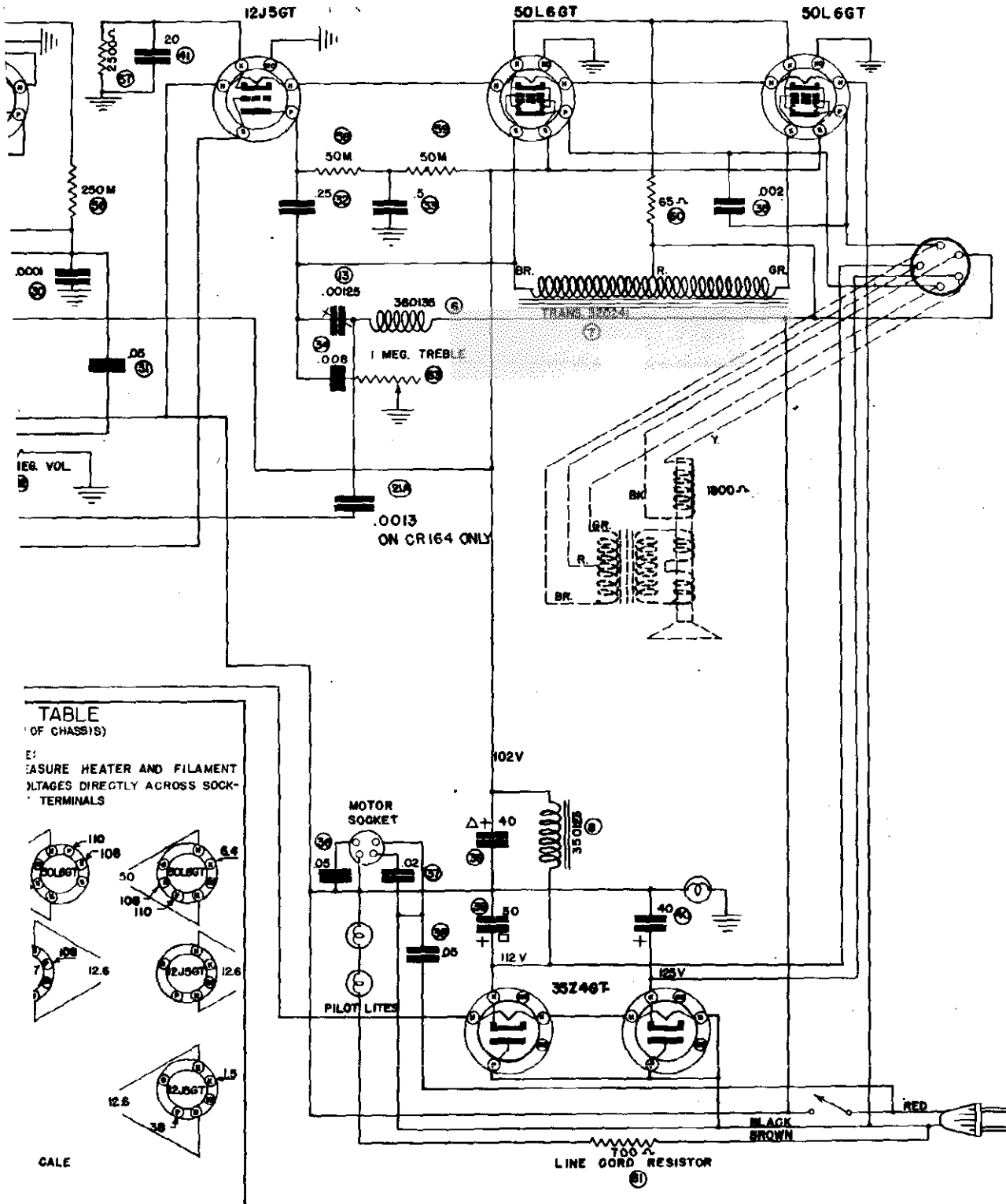


TABLE
(OF CHASSIS)

MEASURE HEATER AND FILAMENT VOLTAGES DIRECTLY ACROSS SOCKET TERMINALS

50L6GT	110	108	5.4
50L6GT	50	108	110
12J5GT	108	12.6	12.6
12J5GT	12.6	12.6	1.5

SCALE

Schematic Diagram, Models CR-143, CR-145, CR-163, CR-164

THE MAGNAVOX CO.

Ref. No.	Description	Magnavox Part No.
1	Coil, antenna, short wave	360016
2	Coil, antenna, broadcast	360015
3	Coil, oscillator	360029
4	Coil, i-f transformer, first	363700
5	Coil, i-f transformer, second	360135
6	Coil, 10 kc filter choke	320241
7	Transformer, input	350123
8	Coil, filter choke	260002
9	Capacitor, push button tuning	160009
10	Capacitor, three-gang trimmer	260010
11	Capacitor, two-gang trimmer	260009
12	Capacitor, 10 kc filter, .00125 mfd.	259610
13	Capacitor, tubular, .05 mfd. 200 V.	250037
14	Capacitor, temperature compensator	290002
15	Capacitor, moulded paper, .01 mfd. 400 V.	250054
16	Capacitor, moulded mica, .35 mfd.	250050
17	Capacitor, silver mica, 426 mmf. ±1%	250038
18	Capacitor, moulded mica, .0045 mfd. ±3%	259779
19	Capacitor, tubular, .05 mfd. 200 V.	254123
20	Capacitor, silver mica, 50 mmf. ±10%	250076
21	Capacitor, moulded mica, .001 mfd. ±3%	259777
21A	Capacitor, moulded mica, .0013 mfd. ±3%, CR-164 only	259777
22	Capacitor, tubular, .05 mfd. 200 V.	254123
23	Capacitor, tubular, .002 mfd. 600 V., CR-145 only	254161
24	Capacitor, tubular, 1 mfd. 200 V.	254152
25	Capacitor, tubular, .05 mfd. 200 V.	254123
26	Capacitor, tubular, .05 mfd. 200 V.	254123
27	Capacitor, tubular, 1 mfd. 200 V.	254152
28	Capacitor, moulded mica, .00025 mfd.	259772
29	Capacitor, tubular, 1 mfd. 200 V.	254152
30	Capacitor, moulded mica, .0001 mfd.	259769
31	Capacitor, tubular, .05 mfd. 200 V.	254123
32	Capacitor, tubular, .25 mfd. 200 V.	254135
33	Capacitor, tubular, .5 mfd. 200 V.	254134
34	Capacitor, tubular, .008 mfd. 600 V.	250014
35	Capacitor, tubular, .002 mfd. 600 V.	254161
35A	Capacitor, tubular, .002 mfd. 600 V., CR-163, 164 only	254161
36	Capacitor, tubular, .05 mfd. 400 V.	254146
37	Capacitor, tubular, .02 mfd. 600 V.	254127
38	Capacitor, tubular, .05 mfd. 400 V.	254146
39	Capacitor, molarode, 50 - 40 mfd. 150 V.	270004
40	Capacitor, molarode, 40 mfd. 150 V.	270010
41	Capacitor, molarode, 20 mfd. 25 V.	273611
42	Capacitor, tubular, .05 mfd. 200 V.	254123
43	Resistor, carbon, 500,000 ohm 1/2 W., CR-145 only	239755
44	Resistor, carbon, 500,000 ohm 1/2 W.	239755
45	Resistor, carbon, 20,000 ohm 1/2 W.	239750
46	Resistor, carbon, 400 ohm 1/2 W.	230005
47	Resistor, carbon, 250 ohm 1/2 W.	230001
48	Resistor, carbon, 150 ohm 1/2 W.	230003
49	Resistor, carbon, 70,000 ohm 1/2 W.	230042
50	Resistor, carbon, 1 megohm 1/2 W.	239756
51	Resistor, carbon, 42 ohm, 2 W., CR-145 only	230040
52	Resistor, carbon, 500 ohm 1/2 W.	230043
53	Resistor, carbon, 500,000 ohm 1/2 W.	239755
54	Resistor, carbon, 25,000 ohm 1/2 W.	230002
55	Resistor, carbon, 20,000 ohm 1/2 W.	239750
56	Resistor, carbon, 250,000 ohm 1/2 W.	230010
57	Resistor, carbon, 2500 ohm 1/2 W.	239746
58	Resistor, carbon, 50,000 ohm 1/2 W.	239751
59	Resistor, carbon, 50,000 ohm 1/2 W.	230020
60	Power cord, 700 ohm line cord resistance	460004
61	Control, volume, 1 megohm	220008
62	Control, treble, with switch — 1 megohm	220015
63	Control, band selector	160010
64		

SPECIFICATIONS

Primary voltage: 117 V. 50-60 cycle AC or DC; Intermediate frequency: 455 kc;
 Power consumption: 85 watts; Tuning frequency range: 535-1730 kc;
 Power output: 6 watts; Speaker: Field Coil: *1800 ohms; 5.7-18.1 mc;
 Transformer: **3000 ohms;
 Circuit: Superheterodyne with two-gang tuning condenser, six-station condenser-type push button tuner, two tuning ranges, treble control, automatic volume control, bass compensation in volume control for phonograph pickup, teletune tuning indicator (CR-143 and CR-163 only).

* DC resistance. ** Primary impedance.

Models CR-143, CR-145, CR-163 and CR-164 are basically alike. Minor circuit differences are indicated on Figure 36.
 The phonograph input circuit in CR-143 and CR-145 is designed for use with a 3 oz. pressure crystal pickup. CR-163 and CR-164 phonograph input circuit accommodates the 1 oz. pressure crystal pickup.

Instructions for removing the CR-145 or CR-164 chassis from the Concerto Combination, Sheraton Table and Modern Table cabinets.

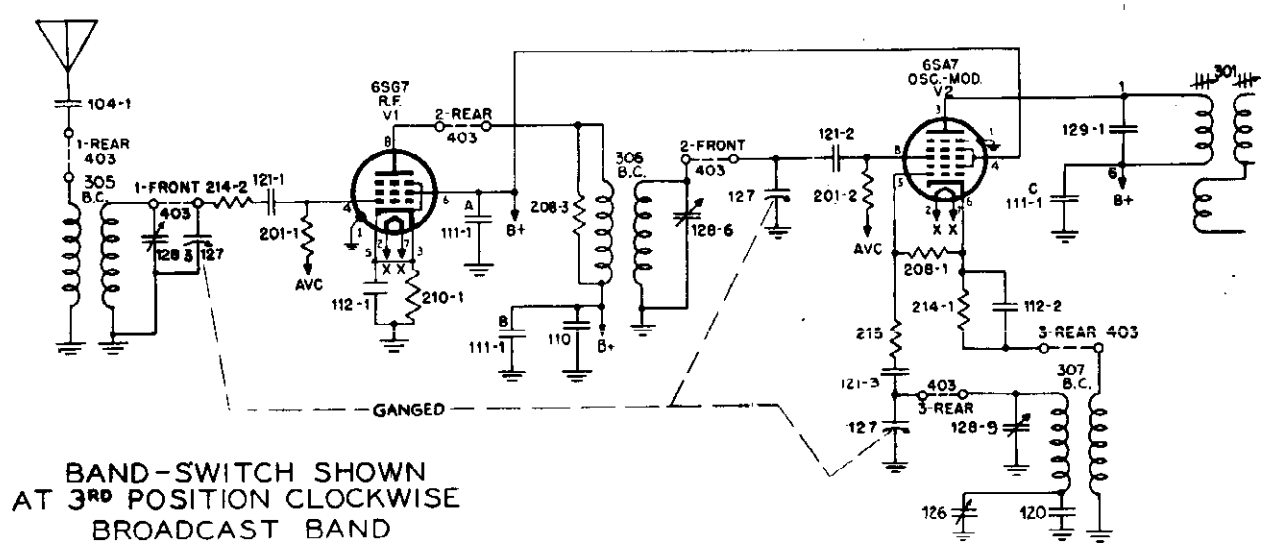
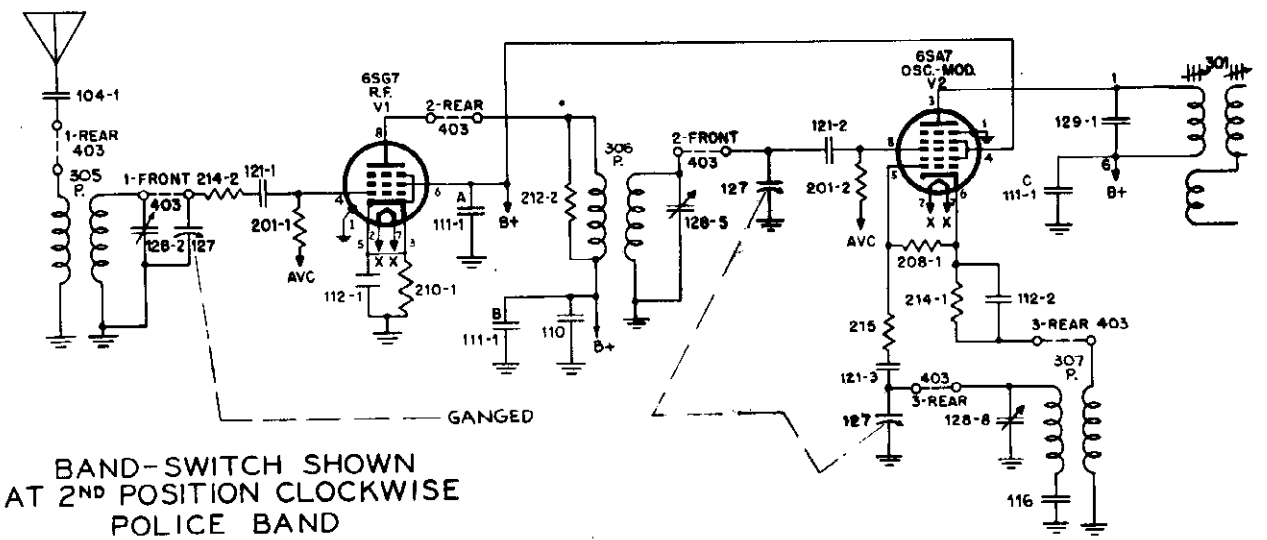
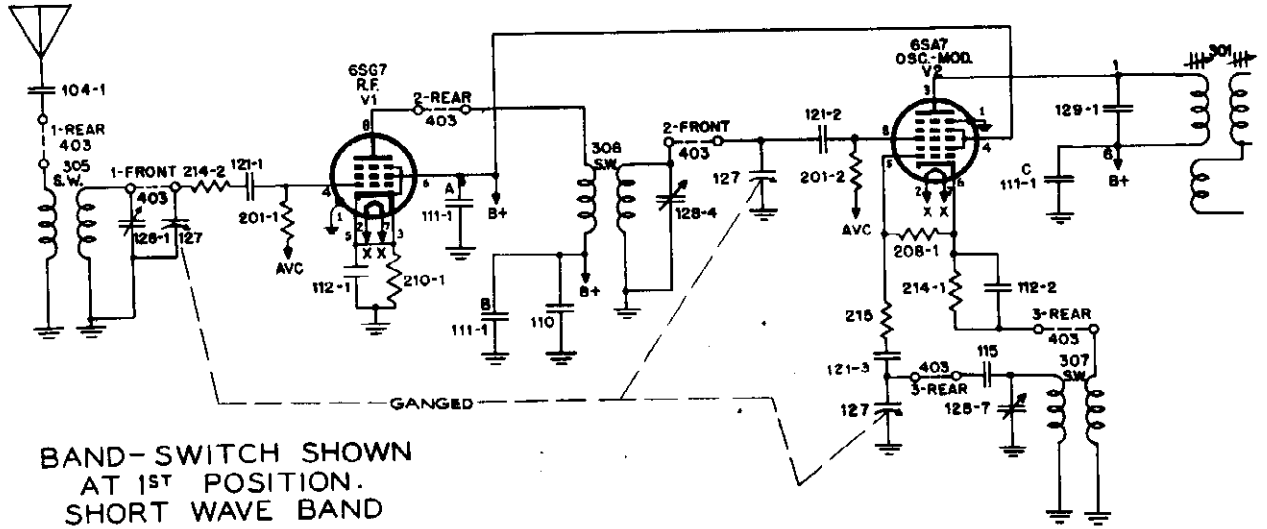
1. Remove the back from the cabinet.
2. Pull the control knobs and push button knobs from their shafts.
3. Remove the plugs from the rear of the chassis and disconnect the antenna and ground connections.
4. Completely mesh the tuning condenser plates by turning the station selector knob until the dial pointer is in the lowest frequency setting on the dial.
5. Remove the four machine screws, located on the bottom of the cabinet, that secure the chassis.
6. Slide to the rear of the cabinet, lifting the rear of the chassis to permit the dial assembly to clear the rear opening.

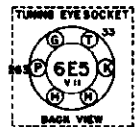
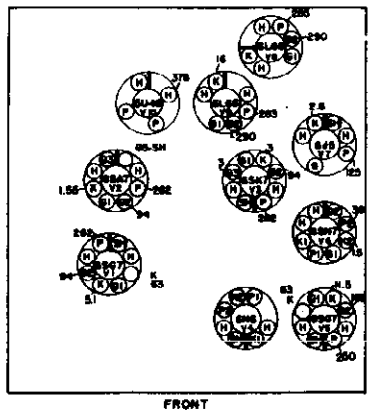
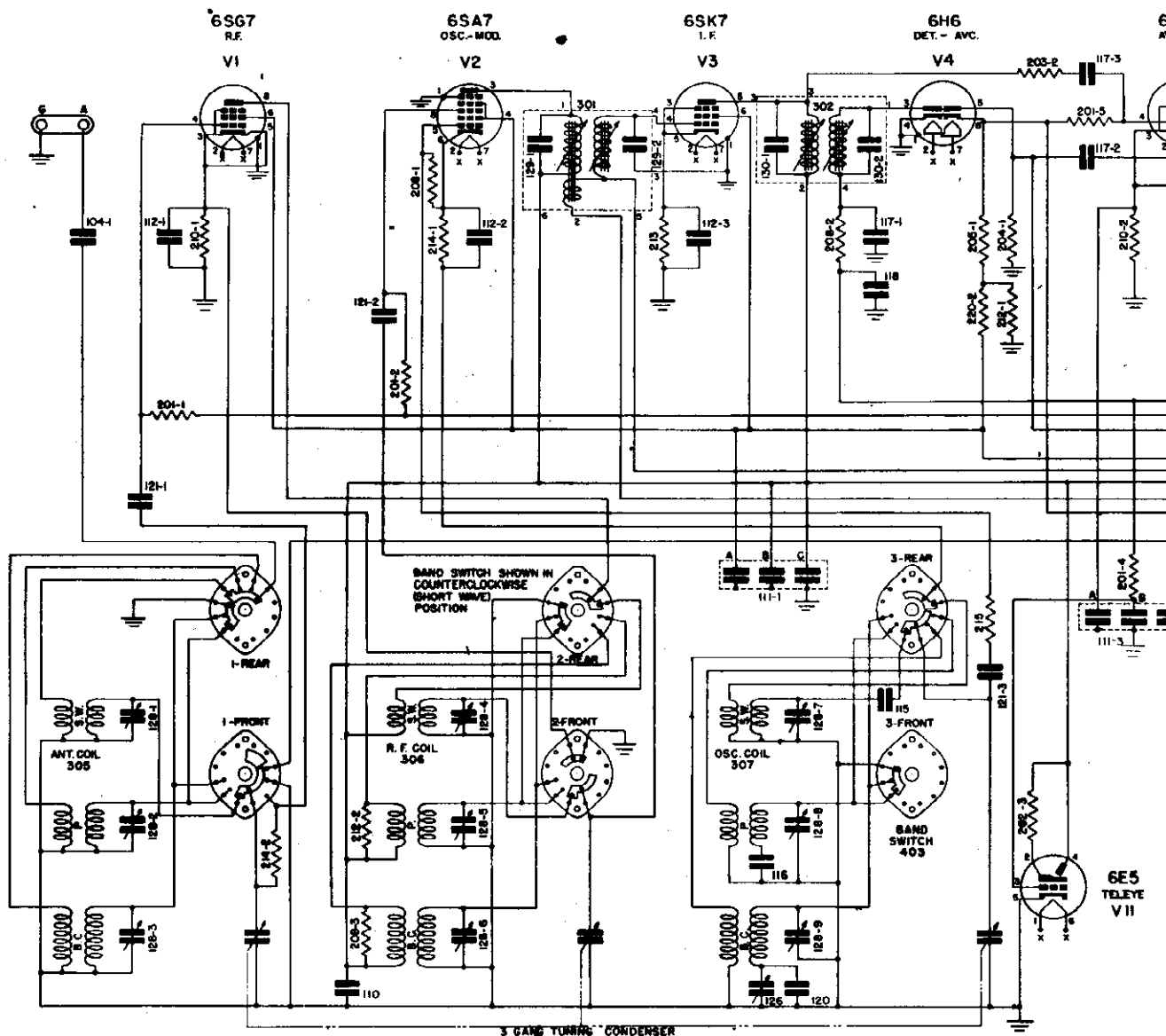
Instructions for removing the CR-143 or CR-163 chassis from the Chairside cabinet.

1. Set the cabinet on end so that the speaker is facing upward.
2. Remove the plugs from the rear of the chassis.
3. Remove the antenna-ground terminal strip from the side of the cabinet.
4. Pull the control knobs and the push button knobs from their shafts.
5. Remove the four Phillips-head wood screws securing the radio panel, and lift the panel from the cabinet.
6. Remove the four machine screws that secure the chassis to the cabinet. Two of these screws are accessible in the phonograph compartment and the other two are beneath the motor-board.
7. Slide the chassis out the top opening of the cabinet.

NOTE: If it is necessary to remove the speaker, the four mounting nuts on the speaker should be removed and the speaker taken through the bottom opening of the cabinet.

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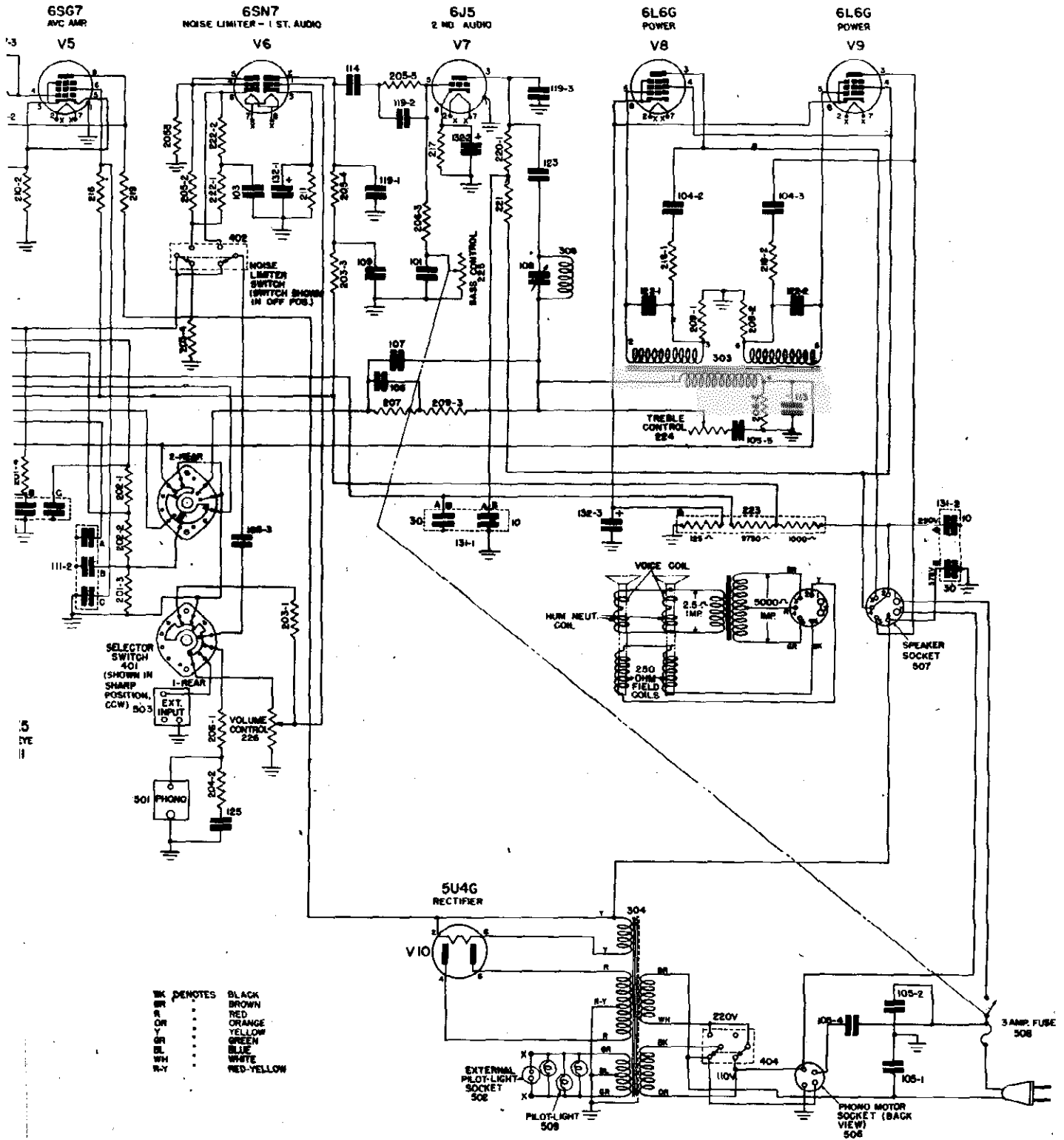




VOLTAGE TABLE
 (BOTTOM VIEW OF CHASSIS)
 MEASURE HEATER & FILAMENT VOLTAGES DIRECTLY ACROSS SOCKET TERMINALS, ALL OTHER VOLTAGES MEASURED FROM SOCKET TERMINALS TO GROUND WITH A 1000 OHM/VOLT VOLTMETER WITH BAND SWITCH IN BROADCAST POSITION, ANTENNA TERMINAL SHORTED TO CHASSIS.
 HEATERS (H) 8.3 VOLTS A.C.
 MEASURE CATHODES ON 30 VOLT SCALE.
 ALL OTHER VOLTAGES ON 600 VOLT SCALE.
 LINE VOLTAGE 110 VOLTS A.C. (SWITCH 404 SHOWN IN 110V POSITION)

Model CR-183 and CR-185 radio chassis built by Magnavox for the U. S. Navy Department, were incorporated in Navy Radio-Phonograph combinations. The CR-183 chassis was used in instruments identified Models RCT, RCU and RCU-1. In combinations designated Model RCU-2, a CR-185 chassis was incorporated.

MAGNAVOX CO.



The differences between the CR-183 and the CR-185 are not extensive and the alignment procedure that follows applies to both receivers, although separate schematic diagrams are shown. Electrical values are not shown on the schematics; the reference number shown next to each part identifies the items shown in the parts list where electrical values and ratings are given.

MODELS CR-183, CR-185

THE MAGNAVOX CO. CR-183, CR-185

SHORT WAVE BAND ALIGNMENT

1. With the 400 ohm resistor in series with the test oscillator lead to the antenna of the radio receiver, set the band selector switch to SHORT WAVE.
2. Set the test oscillator frequency and receiver dial to EXACTLY 15 megacycles. Adjust the short wave oscillator trimmer, r-f trimmer and antenna trimmer for maximum deflection on the output meter.

While adjusting the oscillator trimmer, two peaks may be noticed, in which case care must be taken so that the proper peak is used for aligning the receiver at 15 megacycles. Always turn the trimmer screw clockwise to maximum capacity; then back off the trimmer until the second peak (if more than one is noticed) is reached.

NOTE: To assure most accurate trimmer setting, repeat all of the above adjustments several times, always using the lowest possible test oscillator signal, consistent with readable output meter scale deflection.

10 KC FILTER ADJUSTMENT

1. Turn the tone control to the right as far as possible for maximum treble response and the selectivity switch to the BROAD position.
2. Tune the receiver to a point between two stations of about the same signal strength, located on adjacent channels 10 kc apart.
3. If a 10,000 cycle heterodyne is heard as a beat note between the two carriers, adjust the 10 kc trimmer until this beat note can no longer be heard. The 10 kc trimmer is located on the top of the radio chassis between the two 6L6G output tubes.
4. The preferred method for making this adjustment is to connect the output of an audio oscillator set at EXACTLY 10,000 cycles, to the phonograph input socket and set the 10 kc trimmer for minimum signal.

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

An accurate calibrated r-f test oscillator, an output indicator and a screw driver are required to align the radio receiver. The output meter should be connected across the voice coil terminals, and the test oscillator output should be kept to such a value that the reading on the output meter does not exceed one volt. Be sure that the selectivity switch is set in the SHARP position when aligning the set. This is important!

INTERMEDIATE-FREQUENCY STAGE ALIGNMENT

1. Connect the ground lead of the test oscillator to the chassis or to the ground terminal on the rear of the chassis. Connect the "high" side of the oscillator to the control grid of the oscillator section of the 6SA7 tube (pin #5), through a .00025 mfd. series capacitor.
 2. Set the test oscillator to EXACTLY 455 kc and turn the receiver volume control to its maximum setting.
 3. Adjust both second i-f transformer trimmers for maximum deflection on the output meter. One trimmer is accessible from the top of the i-f transformer; the other from the bottom.
 4. Adjust both first i-f transformer trimmers for maximum signal as indicated on the output meter.
- To assure most accurate trimmer setting, repeat the above adjustment several times, always using the lowest possible test oscillator output consistent with readable output meter scale deflection.

BROADCAST BAND ALIGNMENT

1. Check the tuning dial adjustment by turning the gang condenser until the condenser plates are completely meshed, at which point the dial pointer must coincide with the last line at the low frequency end of the dial scale. If the pointer is not in this position, remove the dial scale, loosen the screw that holds the pointer in place and set to the proper position.
2. Remove the test oscillator lead from the grid of the 6SA7 tube and connect it to the antenna terminal on the rear of the chassis through a .00025 mfd. series capacitor.
3. Set the band selector switch to BROADCAST.
4. Set the test oscillator frequency and receiver dial to EXACTLY 1400 kilocycles. Adjust the broadcast oscillator trimmer, r-f trimmer and antenna trimmer for maximum deflection on the output meter.
5. Set the test oscillator and receiver frequency to 600 kilocycles. While rocking the condenser gang slightly to the right and to the left, adjust the 600 kilocycle oscillator padder for maximum output. The 600 kc padder is located on the side of the chassis below the three-band oscillator coil. If this padder requires considerable adjustment, repeat operation given in step 4.

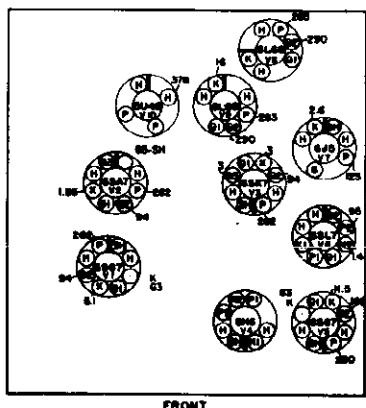
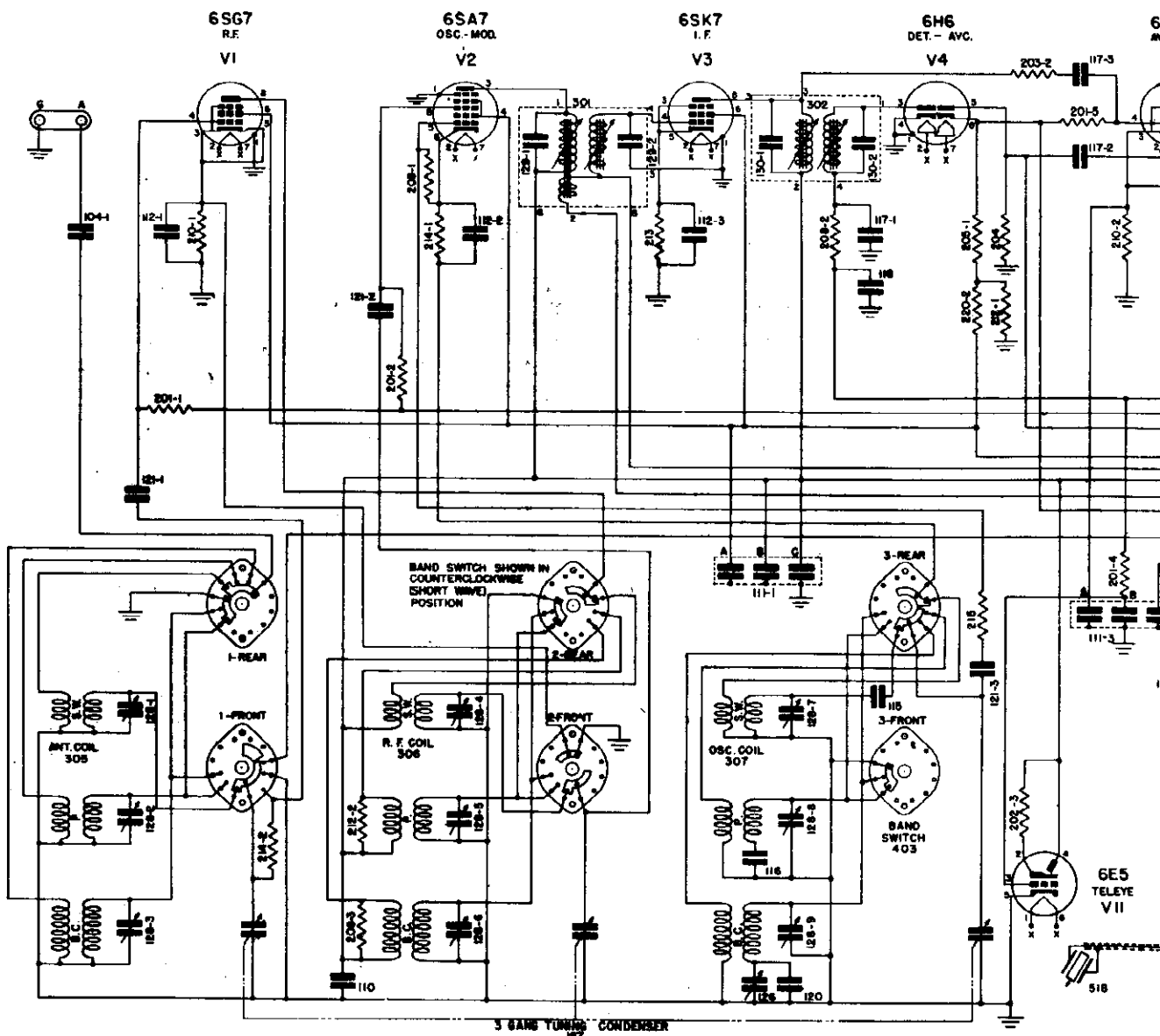
POLICE BAND ALIGNMENT

1. Replace the .00025 mfd. test oscillator antenna series capacitor with a 400 ohm resistor.
2. Set the band selector switch to POLICE.
3. Set the test oscillator frequency and receiver dial to EXACTLY 5000 kilocycles. Adjust the police oscillator trimmer, r-f trimmer and antenna trimmer for maximum deflection on the output meter.

THE MAGNAVOX CO.

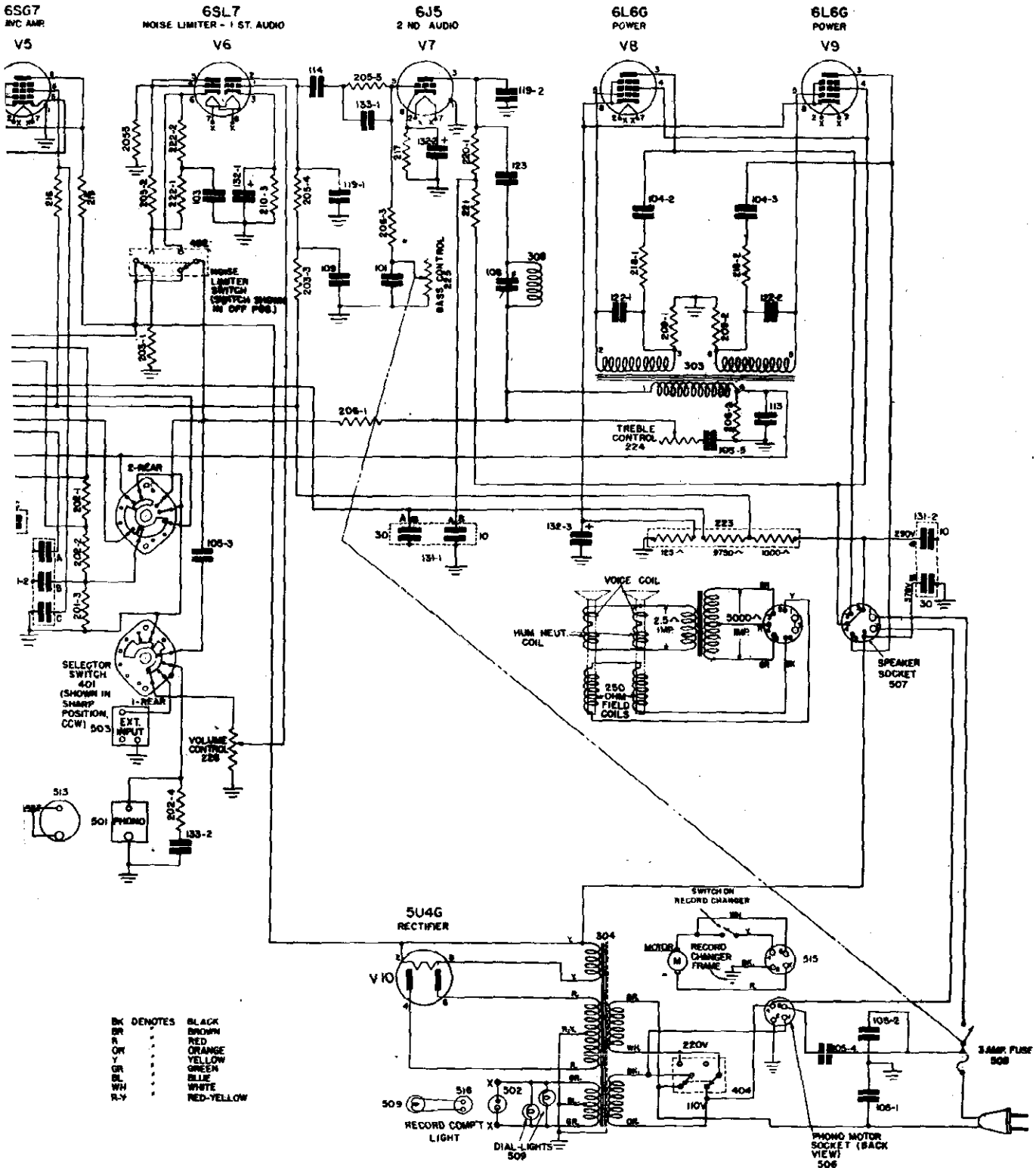
CR-183, CR-185

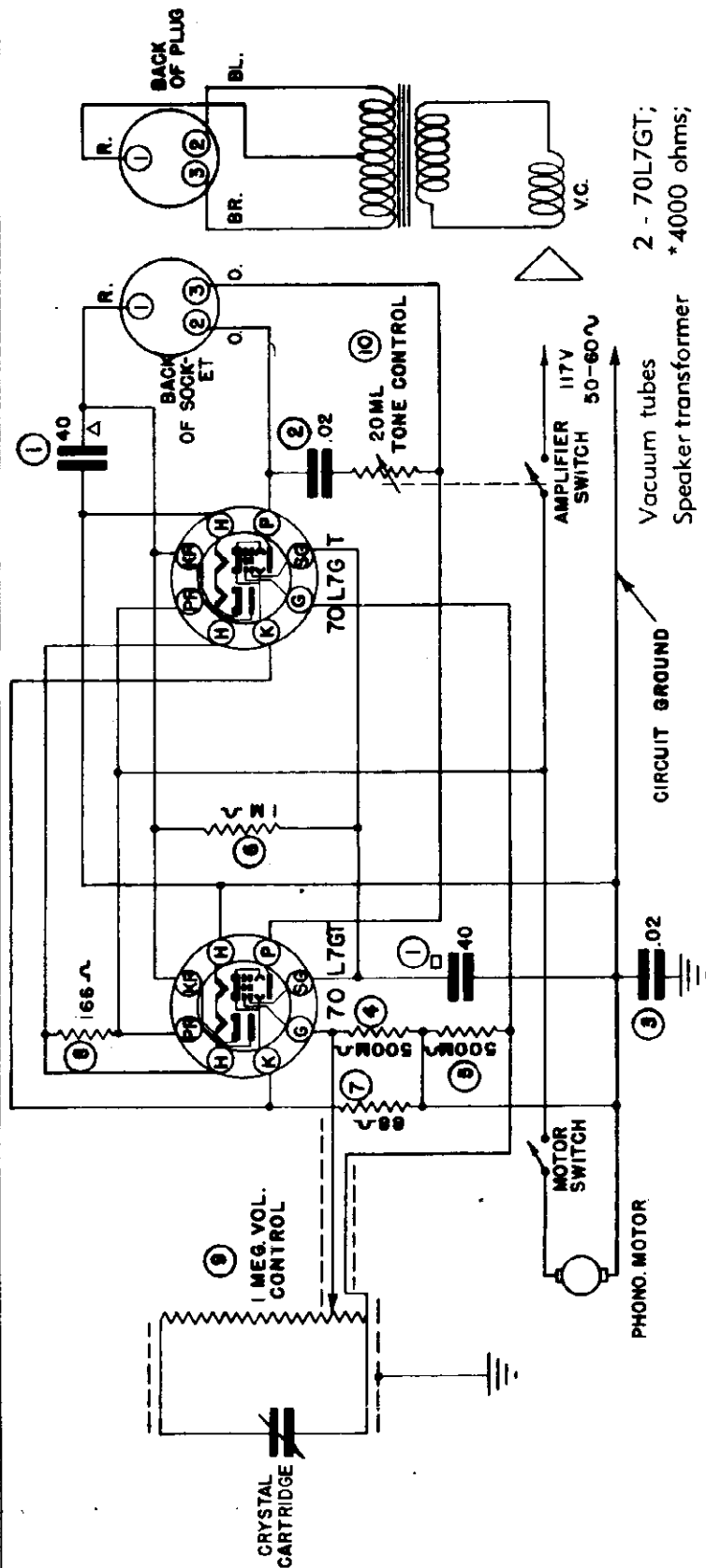
Ref. No.	Magnavox Part No.	Description	Magnavox Part No.	Description
101	250110G51	Capacitor, molded paper, .0047 mfd. $\pm 20\%$, 500 V. DC (working)	206	Resistor, composition, pigtail, 47,000 ohm $\pm 10\%$, 1/4 watt
103	250104G2	Capacitor, paper, tubular, .05 mfd. $\pm 20\%$, 600 V. DC (working)	207	Resistor, composition, pigtail, 39,000 ohm $\pm 10\%$, 1/4 watt
104	250129G2	Capacitor, molded paper, .01 mfd. $\pm 20\%$, 600 V. DC (working)	208	Resistor, composition, pigtail, 22,000 ohm $\pm 10\%$, 1/4 watt
105	250129G3	Capacitor, molded paper, .02 mfd. $\pm 20\%$, 600 V. DC (working)	209	Resistor, composition, pigtail, 10,000 ohm $\pm 10\%$, 1/4 watt
106	250109G84	Capacitor, molded mica, .0022 mfd. $\pm 20\%$, 500 V. DC (working)	210	Resistor, composition, pigtail, 4700 ohm $\pm 10\%$, 1/4 watt
107	250110G41	Capacitor, molded paper, .0039 mfd. $\pm 10\%$, 500 V. DC (working)	211	Resistor, composition, pigtail, 2700 ohm $\pm 10\%$, 1/4 watt
108	250071	Capacitor, variable, mica, 700-2000 mmfd.	212	Resistor, composition, pigtail, 1000 ohm $\pm 10\%$, 1/4 watt
109	25007G5	Capacitor, paper, oil-filled, 0.5 mfd. $\pm 5\%$, 600 V. DC (working)	213	Resistor, composition, pigtail, 330 ohm $\pm 10\%$, 1/4 watt
110	250126G4	Capacitor, paper, oil-filled, 0.1 mfd. $\pm 10\%$, 600 V. DC (working)	214	Resistor, composition, pigtail, 150 ohm $\pm 10\%$, 1/4 watt
111	250126G1	Capacitor, paper, oil-filled, 0.1-0.1-0.1 mfd. $\pm 20\%$, 600 V. DC (working)	215	Resistor, composition, pigtail, 100 ohm $\pm 10\%$, 1/4 watt
112	250129G5	Capacitor, molded paper, .05 mfd. $\pm 20\%$, 120 V. DC (working)	216	Resistor, composition, pigtail, 390 ohm $\pm 10\%$, 1/4 watt
113	250129G4	Capacitor, molded paper, .03 mfd. $\pm 20\%$, 400 V. DC (working)	217	Resistor, composition, pigtail, 100,000 ohm $\pm 10\%$, 1 watt
114	250109G67	Capacitor, molded mica, .0018 mfd. $\pm 3\%$, 500 V. DC (working)	218	Resistor, composition, pigtail, 68,000 ohm $\pm 10\%$, 1 watt
115	250131G2	Capacitor, molded mica, .004 mfd. $\pm 3\%$, 500 V. DC (working)	219	Resistor, composition, pigtail, 15,000 ohm $\pm 10\%$, 1 watt
116	250131G1	Capacitor, molded mica, .0013 mfd.	220	Resistor, composition, pigtail, 10,000 ohm $\pm 10\%$, 1 watt
117	250107G87	Capacitor, molded mica, 270 mmf. $\pm 10\%$, 500 V. DC (working)	221	Resistor, composition, pigtail, 10,000 ohm $\pm 10\%$, 1 watt
118	250107G98	Capacitor, molded mica, 100 mmf. $\pm 20\%$, 500 V. DC (working)	222	Resistor, composition, pigtail, 300,000 ohm $\pm 10\%$, 1/2 watt
119	250107G102	Capacitor, molded mica, 470 mmf. $\pm 20\%$, 500 V. DC (working)	223	Resistor, composition, pigtail, 10,750 ohm $\pm 10\%$, 1/2 watt
120	250085G25	Capacitor, silver mica, 404 mmf. $\pm 1\%$, 500 V. DC	224	Potentiometer, 1 megohm $\pm 20\%$
121	250107G3040	Capacitor, molded mica, 50 mmf. $\pm 5\%$, 500 V. DC (working)	225	Potentiometer, 3 megohm $\pm 20\%$
122	250107G93	Capacitor, molded mica, 15 mmf. $\pm 20\%$, 500 V. DC (working)	226	Transformer, including two 160 mmf. capacitors | 29-1 and | 29-2
123	250104G1	Capacitor, paper, tubular, 0.1 mfd. $\pm 20\%$, 600 V. DC (working)	301	Transformer, including two 170 mmf. capacitors | 30-1 and | 30-2
125	250109G85	Capacitor, molded mica, .0033 mfd. $\pm 10\%$, 500 V. DC (working)	302	Transformer, input
126	260042G2	Capacitor, variable, 5-50 mmf.	303	Transformer, power 110-220 V. 50-60 cycle
127	260011	Capacitor, 3 gang variable, 422.2 mmf.	304	Transformer, antenna, 3-band
128	260042G1	Capacitor, variable, 4.5-25 mmf.	305	Transformer, R.F., 3-band
129	250085G28	Capacitor, silver mica, 160 mmf. $\pm 1\%$, 500 V. DC (working)	306	Transformer, oscillator, 3-band
130	250085G29	Capacitor, silver mica, 170 mmf. $\pm 1\%$, 500 V. DC (working)	307	Coil, 10 kc filter
131	273610	Capacitor, electrolytic, 30-10 mfd. 475 V. DC (working)	401	Switch, rotary, 2-deck 4-position
132	270020G3	Capacitor, electrolytic, 40 mfd. 40 V. DC (working)	402	Switch, rotary, D.P.D.T.
133	250109G64	Capacitor, molded mica, .001 mfd. $\pm 10\%$, 500 V. DC (working)	403	Switch, rotary, 3-deck, 3-position
201	230069G33	Resistor, composition, pigtail, 2.2 megohms $\pm 10\%$, 500 V. DC (working)	404	Switch, rotary, D.P.D.T., screwdriver slot adjustment
202	230069G98	Resistor, composition, pigtail, 1 megohm $\pm 10\%$, 1/2 watt	501	Socket
203	230069G91	Resistor, composition, pigtail, 0.27 megohm $\pm 10\%$, 1/2 watt	502	Socket
204	230069G90	Resistor, composition, pigtail, 0.22 megohm $\pm 10\%$, 1/2 watt	503	Socket
205	230069G86	Resistor, composition, pigtail, 100,000 ohm $\pm 10\%$, 1/2 watt	504	Socket, miniature bayonet



VOLTAGE TABLE
 (BOTTOM VIEW OF CHASSIS)
 MEASURE HEATER & FILAMENT VOLTAGES DIRECTLY
 ACROSS SOCKET TERMINALS, ALL OTHER VOLTAGES
 MEASURED FROM SOCKET TERMINALS TO GROUND WITH
 A 1000 OHM/TICK VOLTMETER WITH BAND SWITCH IN
 BROADCAST POSITION, ANTENNA TERMINAL SHORTED TO CHASSIS.
 HEATERS (H) 6.3 VOLTS A.C.
 MEASURE CATHODES ON 50 VOLT SCALE.
 ALL OTHER VOLTAGES ON 500 VOLT SCALE.
 LINE VOLTAGE 110 VOLTS A.C. (SWITCH 404 SHOWN IN 110V POSITION)

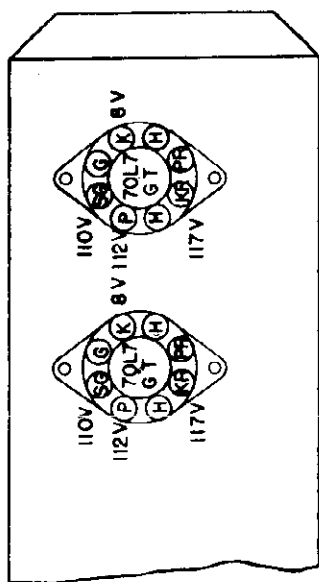
GNAVOX CO.





- 1 40
 - 2 20ML
 - 3 .02
 - 4 70L7GT
 - 5 70L7GT
 - 6 166-ohm
 - 7 500M
 - 8 500M
 - 9 1 MEG. VOL. CONTROL
 - 10 TONE CONTROL
- Vacuum tubes 2 - 70L7GT;
 * 4000 ohms;
 Speaker transformer
 * Primary impedance
 40MFD. 150V.
 270013
 40MFD. 150V.
 Primary voltage 117 V. 60 cycle AC;
 Power consumption 60 watts;
 Power output 3 watts;

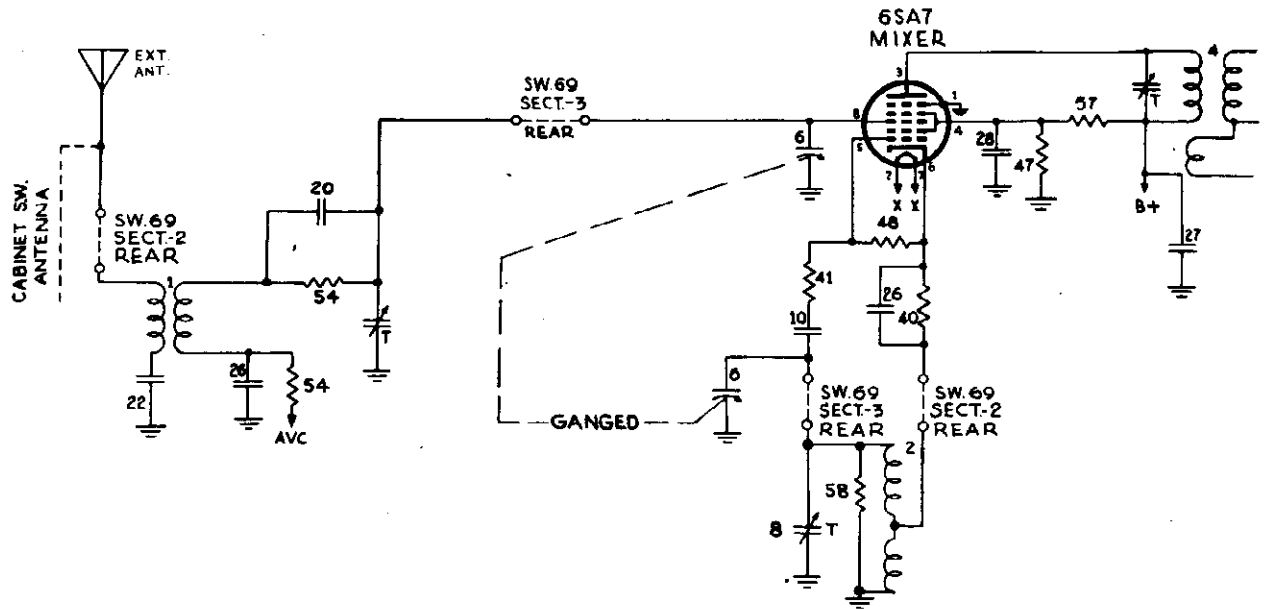
VOLTAGE TABLE
 (BOTTOM VIEW OF CHASSIS)
 MEASURE ALL D.C. VOLTAGES FROM SOCKET TERMINALS TO CIRCUIT GROUND (NOT CHASSIS) WITH 1000 OHM PER VOLT VOLTMETER.
 LINE VOLTAGE 117 V. A.C.
 MEASURE CATHODES ON 30 V. SCALE—ALL OTHERS ON 300V. SCALE.



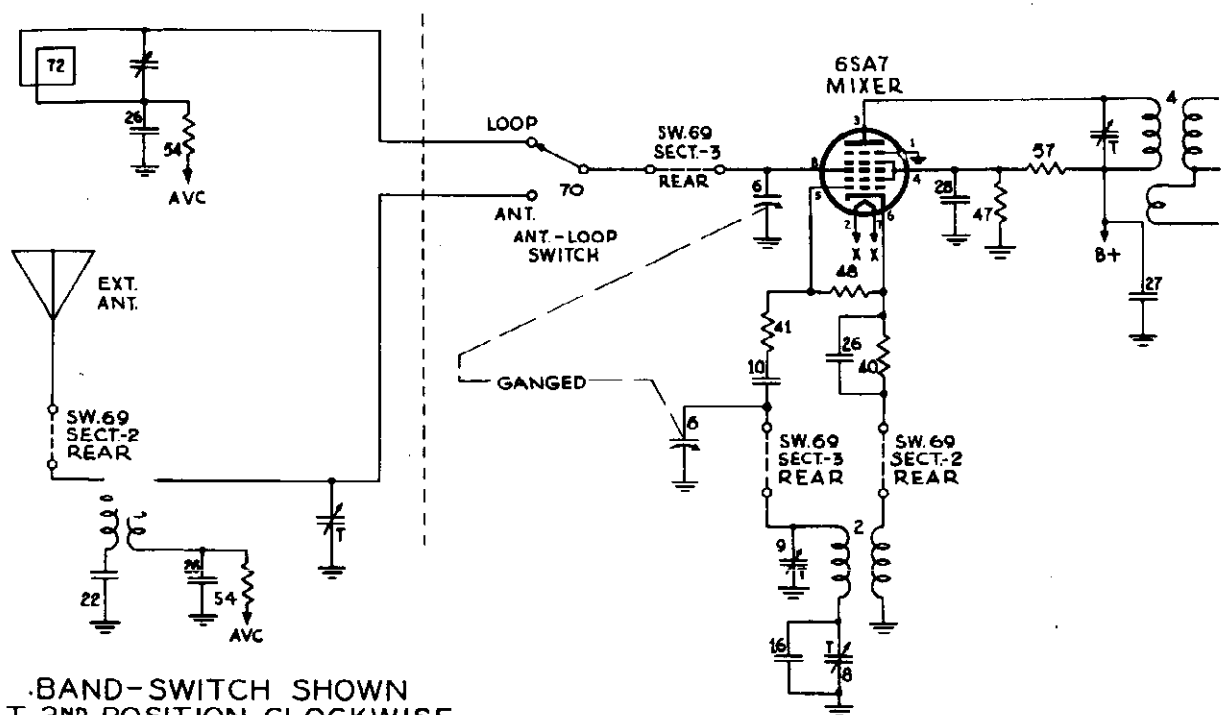
Models A-206 and A-206A amplifier chassis are alike electrically. They differ mechanically only to the extent that A-206A has its volume and tone controls mounted on the amplifier chassis; these controls are mounted on the case motorboard remote from the amplifier when A-206 is incorporated.

THE MAGNAVOX CO.

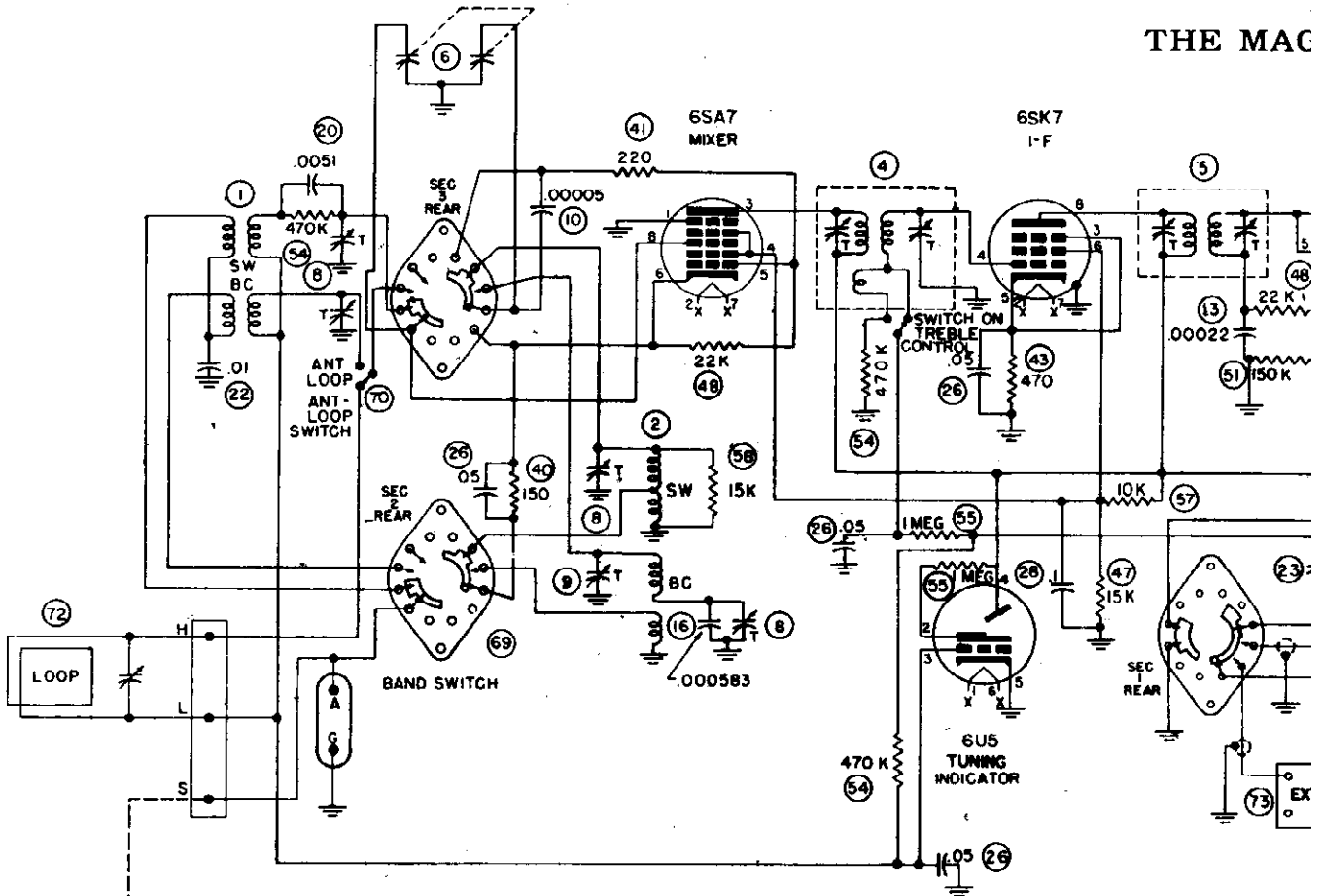
MODEL CR-187
MODEL CR-193



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
AT 1ST POSITION.
SHORT WAVE BAND
5.0 - 18.2 MC.



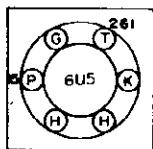
BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
AT 2ND POSITION CLOCKWISE.
BROADCAST BAND
520 - 1620 KC.



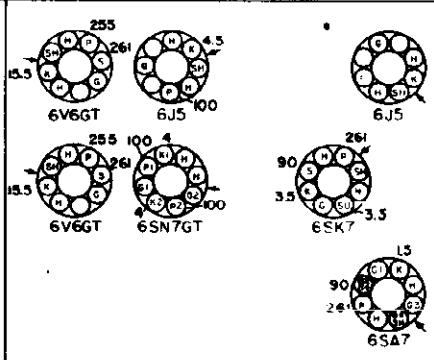
I.F. — 455 K.C.

NOTES

1. BAND SWITCH SHOWN IN COUNTER-CLOCKWISE POSITION (SHORT WAVE) VIEWED FROM THE FRONT PANEL.
2. BAND EXPANDER SWITCH SHOWN BENEATH FIRST I-F TRANSFORMER IS ACTUATED BY THE TREBLE CONTROL KNOB.
3. ALL ELECTRICAL VALUES SHOWN ARE IN MICROFARADS OR OHMS UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.



TUNING EYE SOCKET BACK VIEW



VOLTAGE TABLE
 NOTE—MEASURE HEATER AND FILAMENT VOLTAGES DIRECTLY ACROSS SOCKET TERMINALS. ALL OTHER VOLTAGES MEASURED FROM SOCKET TERMINAL TO GROUND WITH A 1000 OHM/VOLT VOLTMETER WITH BANDSWITCH IN SHORT WAVE POSITION. (H) HEATERS 6.3 VOLTS A.C. MEASURE CATHODES ON 30 V. SCALE—ALL OTHERS ON 600 V. SCALE. LINE VOLTAGE 117 V. A.C. 94 WATTS.

- Dial lamps.....
- Speaker:
 - Field coil resistance.....
 - Voice coil impedance (400 cycles).....
 - Output transformer.....

- STAGE GAINS***
- Antenna Post to Converter Grid at:
 - 600 kc.
 - 6 mc.
 - R-F on Converter Grid to I-F Grid at:
 - 600 kc.
 - 6 mc.
 - I-F on Converter Grid to I-F Grid at:
 - 455 kc.
 - I-F Grid to Detector Plate at:
 - 455 kc.

- AUDIO GAIN**
 Voltage required across Volume Control to .05 watt speaker output** at 400 cycles is with Band Selector Switch in BDCST setting
- OSCILLATOR OUTPUT VOLTAGE**
 The DC voltage developed across Oscillator Resistor (48) at:
- 600 kc.
 - 6 mc.

* Variations of ±20% are permissible. All readings made with sufficient i provide .05 watt speaker output.
 ** .05 watt speaker output at 400 cycles is equivalent to a reading of 0.4 volt by a high resistance AC voltmeter across the speaker voice coil.

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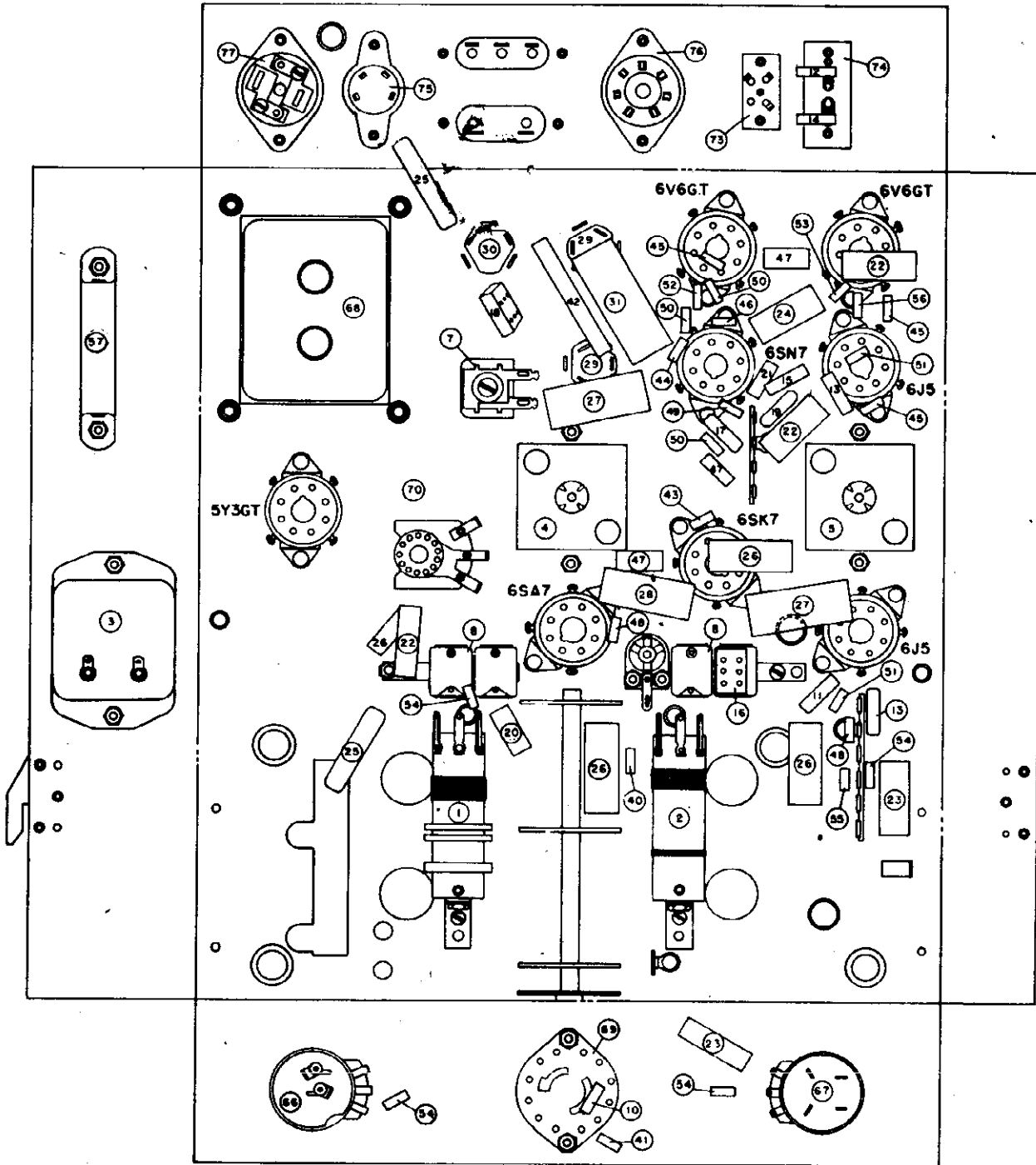


FIGURE 5

THE MAGNAVOX CO.

MODEL CR-187
 MODEL CR-188
 MODEL CR-193

Completely unmesh the condenser gang and check the location of the hole or slot in pulley "D". If this hole is not approximately 45 degrees back from vertical as shown on Figure 1, loosen the two No. 6 Allen set screws in the hub of pulley "D" and slip the pulley on its shaft (while holding the condenser gang unmeshed) until the specified adjustment is obtained; then tighten one of the set screws securely. It will be shown later that this is a temporary setting. Next, tie a double knot in the exact center of a 25-inch length of dial cable and fold the cable back on itself so that the knot is at one end. The correct method for tying this knot is shown as an inset on Figure 1. Grasp the cable near the knotted end and slide it into the pulley slot so that the knot is against the inside rim of the pulley as shown in the sketch. The piece of cable nearest the dial frame should be wound in the direction shown for one-half turn; then over the lower pulley "E"; around the bottom of the large pulley "D" and into the hole. Pull the cable taut and wrap the end around the small hook on pulley "D" temporarily.

The remaining piece of cable should be wound around pulley "A" in the direction shown, for one complete turn, over the upper pulley "C", and over the top of pulley "D". Thread the end through the small hole in pulley "D" and pull both ends of the cable taut. With one end of tension spring "E" fastened to the hook on pulley "D" lace the two free ends of the cable through the opposite end of the spring and tie a knot at a point that will allow 1/4" to 5/16" of cable between the spring and the inside rim of pulley "D". Be sure to tie the knot around one coil of the spring in the manner shown.

Now with the condenser gang completely meshed, check the position of the dial pointer. If it is not in line with the last calibration mark at the low frequency end of the dial, loosen the set screw in pulley "D" and turn it until the pointer is in the specified position. Be sure that the condenser gang does not move during this adjustment. Then tighten the two screws in pulley "D" securely completing the operation.

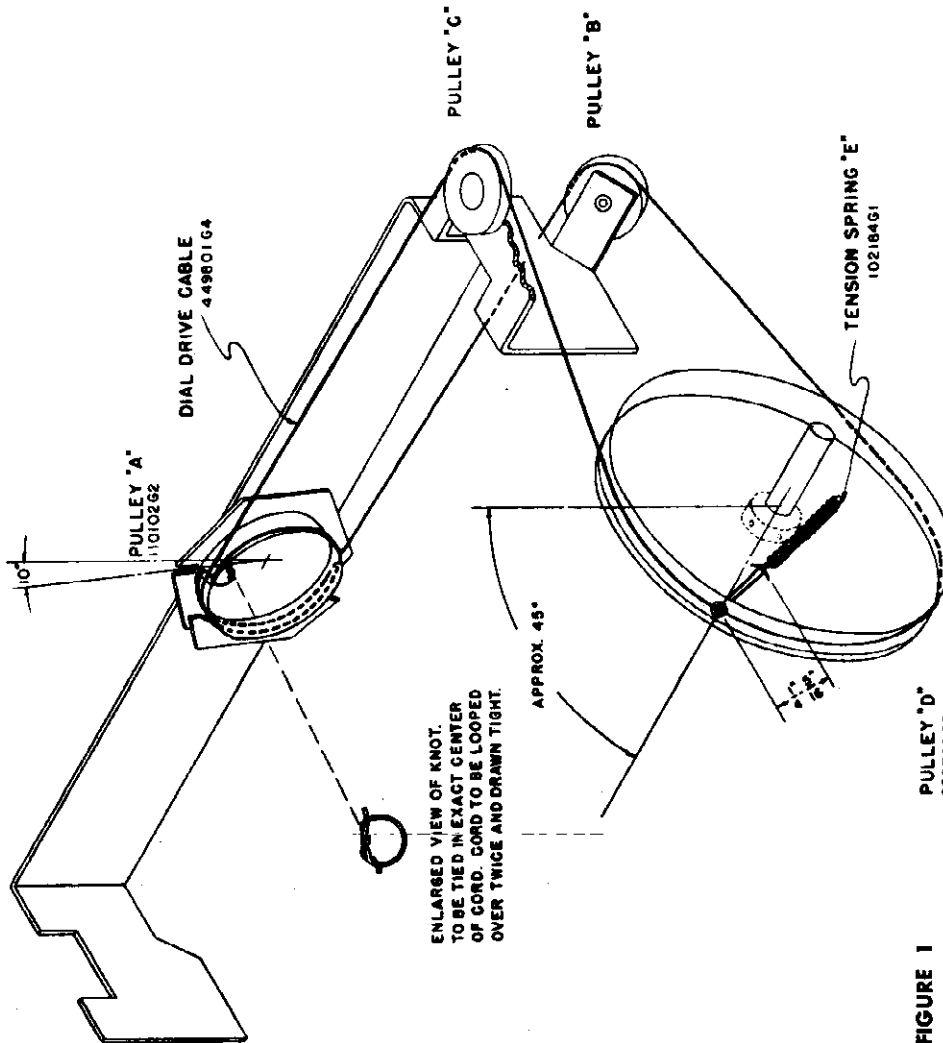


FIGURE 1

DIAL CORD REPLACEMENT

Rotate the brass pulley designated "A" in Figure 1 To correct this condition, first remove the glass dial until the dial pointer strikes the stop at the high and loosen the pointer screw. Then while holding frequency end of the dial calibration. In this condition pulley "A" so that its slot is approximately ten degrees to the left of vertical (when viewed from the rear) adjust the pointer until it is resting against the slot in pulley "A" should be approximately ten degrees to the left of being vertical—see Figure 1. If the slot in the pulley is in some other position under stop at the high frequency end of its travel. Then the above mentioned conditions, the pointer set tighten the pointer set screw securely and replace screw is probably loose and has allowed the pointer the glass dial. to slip.

MODEL CR-187

MODEL CR-188

MODEL CR-193

THE MAGNAVOX CO.

CONDENSER GANG DRIVE ADJUSTMENTS

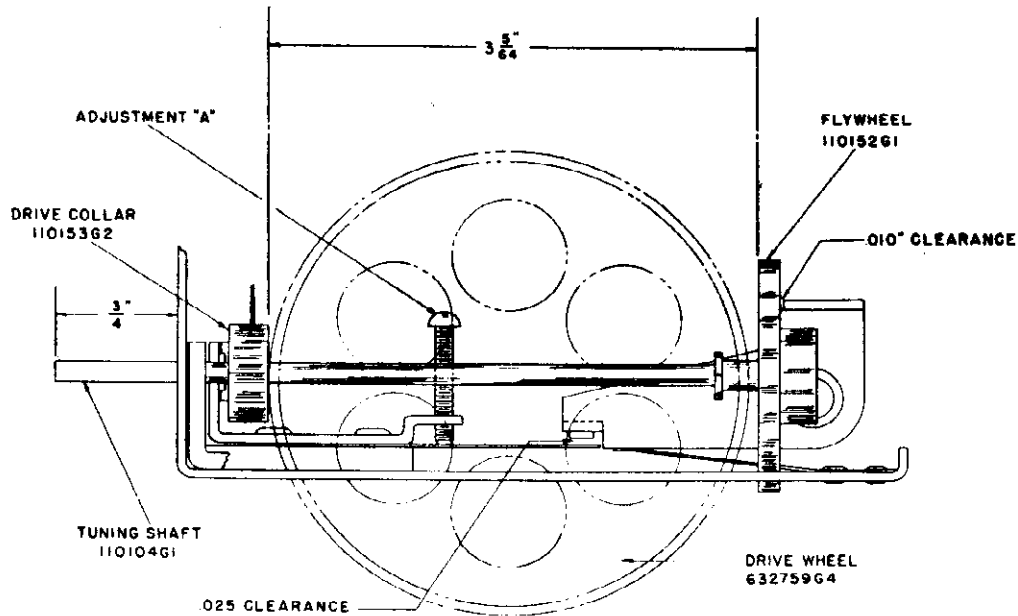


FIGURE 2

Whenever any of the mechanical parts in the condenser gang drive assembly require replacement due to rough handling or for any other reason, it is extremely important that clearances and adjustments shown on Figures 2 and 3 are affected; otherwise the tuning mechanism will be sluggish or it may slip during operation.

In reassembling the mechanism after any part was replaced, follow the procedure outlined below:

1. Assemble the Tuning Shaft, Drive Collar, Compression Spring, Spring Retainer and Flywheel in the manner shown on Figure 3. The Tuning Shaft must extend $\frac{3}{4}$ " from the front of the assembly and that the spacing between the rear of the Drive Collar and the front of the Flywheel must be $3\text{-}\frac{5}{64}$ " as specified on Figure 2. Any excess length in the Tuning Shaft may extend beyond the rear of the Flywheel.
2. The distance between the rubber-tired Drive Wheel and the smaller diameter section of the Spring Retainer must be $\frac{1}{32}$ " to $\frac{1}{16}$ ". This adjustment is effected by loosening the two No. 6 Allen set screws in the Drive Wheel hub and sliding the wheel on its shaft until the required clearance is obtained. When the adjustment is completed, tighten the two screws in the hub of the Drive Wheel. See Figure 3.

3. While pressing down on the Treadle Bar at the location shown on Figure 3, adjust the Thrust Bracket until the clearance between the rest of the Flywheel and the projection on the Thrust Bracket is $.010$ " as shown on the diagram. To make this adjustment, loosen the two No. 6 Allen set screws (use No. 6 Allen Wrench—Magnavox Part No. 800044G2) in the hub of Thrust Bracket and rotate the bracket until the specified clearance is obtained when the push buttons are NOT actuated. Tighten the two screws securely when the adjustment is completed. Press each push button and check that the Drive Collar is pushed away from the rubber-tired Drive Wheel.
4. Next, adjust the clearance in the muting switch contacts by turning the Phillips-head screw designated Adjustment "A" on Figure 2, until the specified clearance of $.025$ " is obtained (when the push buttons are NOT actuated.)
5. While pressing any one of the push buttons in as far as possible, turn the screw designated Adjustment "B" (Figure 3) until a minimum clearance of $.015$ " is obtained between the front surface of the Drive Collar and the switch spring directly in front of it. This setting should also cause a minimum clearance of $.010$ " between the switch contacts actuated

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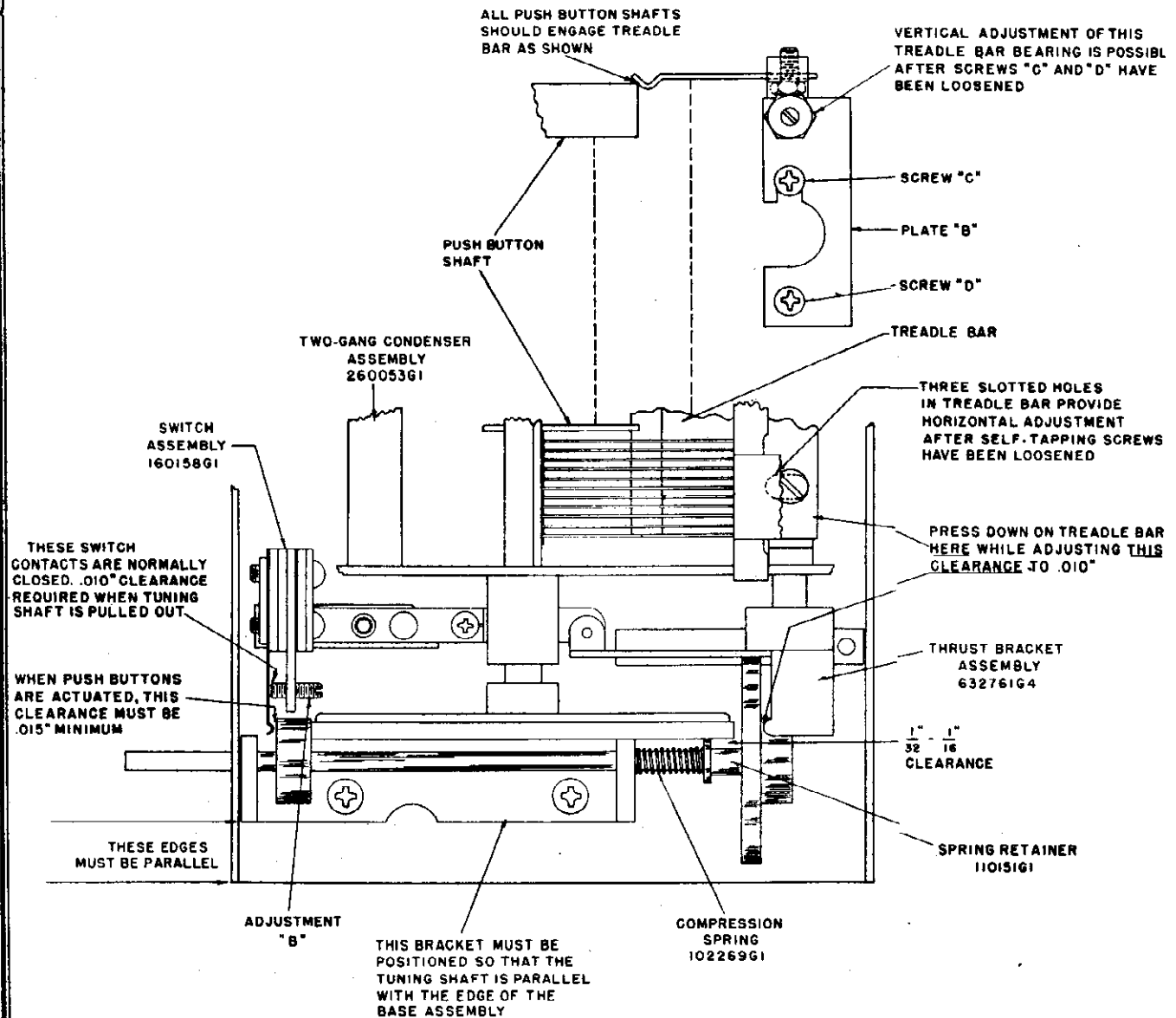


FIGURE 3

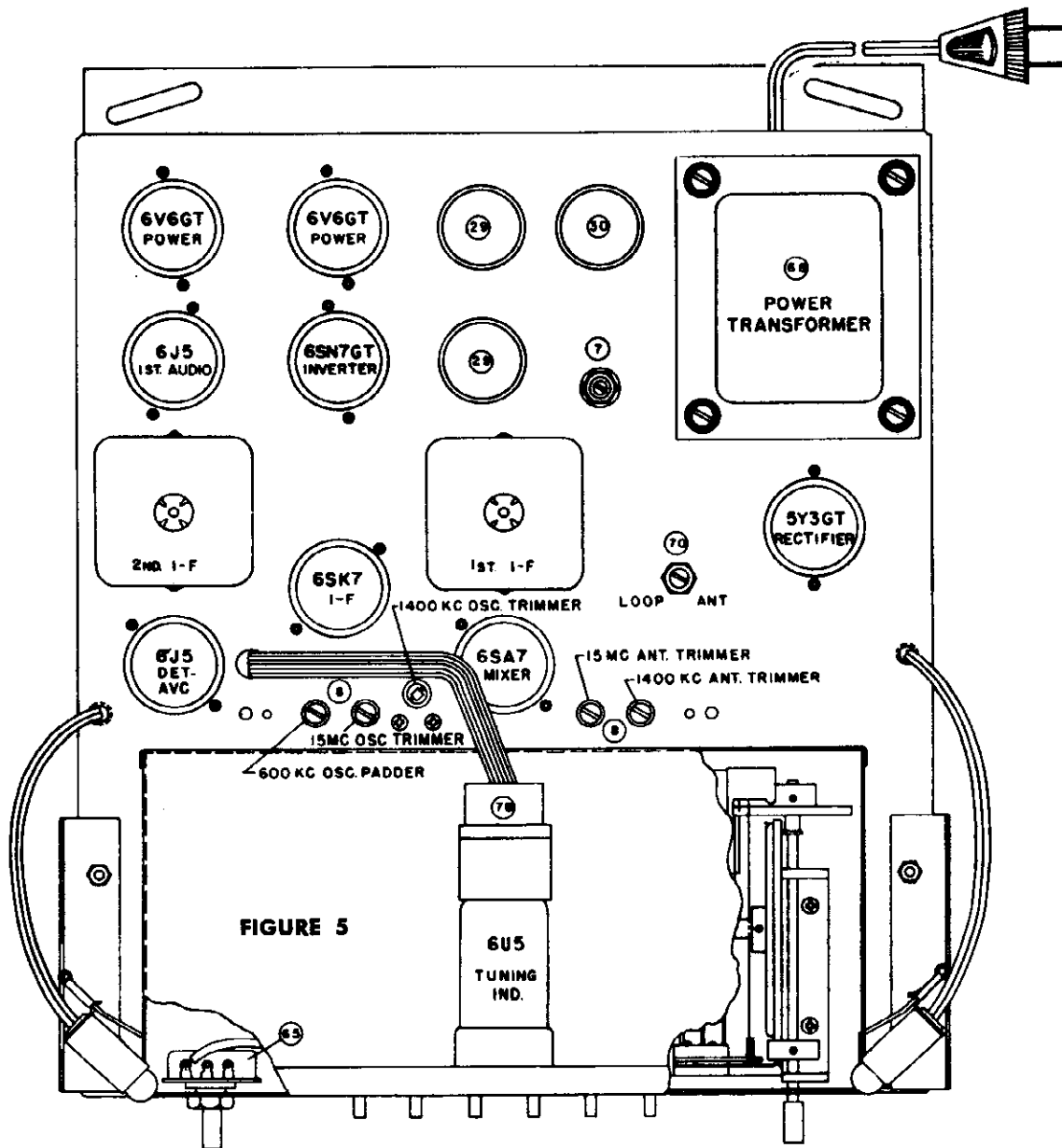
by pressure of the front surface of the Drive Collar, when the Tuning Shaft is pulled out. The function of this switch is to open the muting circuit when setting up the push buttons. As its contacts are wired in series with the large muting switch (contacts are shorted by pressing any push button), pulling out on the Tuning Shaft causes the small switch contacts to open the muting circuit so that a station can be heard while the push button is held in and tightened. On rare occasions it may be necessary to adjust the

relation between the push button bars and the Treadle Bar. Such adjustment might be required if when pushing any of the push buttons, sufficient motion is not transmitted to the Treadle Bar to cause a disengagement between the Drive Collar and the Drive wheel.

This can usually be accomplished by loosening the two screws designated "C" and "D" on Figure 3, and moving plate "B" in the direction required to correct this condition.

MODEL CR-187
MODEL CR-193

THE MAGNAVOX CO.



Method for Removing Chassis from Cabinet

Model CR-187 radio chassis is designed for easy removal from the cabinet in which it is installed. As the radio panel is permanently fastened to the chassis, the control knobs need not be removed when the chassis is taken out of the cabinet for service. To remove the chassis, first remove the antenna leads from their terminals and all plugs from the receptacles on the rear of the chassis. Then remove the two Phillips-head screws from the angular slots in the flange at the rear of the chassis. Lift the rear of the chassis about one inch and pull it straight back. Never remove the chassis tray from the cabinet—it has been properly positioned to bring the radio panel in place when the chassis is replaced. In replacing the chassis, slide it so that the small

hooks near the front, ride inside the flanges on the sides of the chassis tray. Push the chassis forward as far as it will go and the hook should then engage the slots in the chassis tray. Replace the two Phillips-head screws and nuts and tighten securely. Replace all plugs in their receptacles and the antenna leads on their correct terminals. The antenna terminal board for the loop antenna connections is designated S-L-H. The end of the short wave antenna that is fastened to the inside of the cabinet connects to S. Always disconnect this antenna from terminal S when an outdoor antenna is used as it may pick up noise. The two terminals on the loop are designated L and H. The leads connected to these terminals should be wired to the corresponding terminals (L and H) on the chassis.

THE MAGNAVOX CO.

MODEL CR-187
MODEL CR-190

The alignment of this receiver requires the use of an accurately calibrated r-f signal generator and an output meter. All trimmer condenser locations are shown on the chassis layout diagram, Figure 5. The radio volume control should be turned to maximum and the signal generator output kept as low as possible during alignment to prevent the AVC from operating and giving false readings. *Always set the Selectivity Switch to SHARP TUNE before aligning the i-f stages.* This is done by turning the Treble Control counter-clockwise as far as possible.

I-F ALIGNMENT

1. Connect the output of the signal generator to the oscillator grid (pin No. 5) of the 6SA7 tube through a .00025 mfd. capacitor. The ground on the signal generator should be connected to the radio chassis ground.

2. Turn the condenser gang until it is completely meshed, (low-frequency end of dial calibration) and set the band selector switch to BDCST as for broadcast band reception.

3. Adjust the signal generator to EXACTLY 455 kc. and peak the second i-f transformer and the first i-f transformer trimmers in that order.

On early models of the CR-187 chassis, the two i-f trimmers are located in the top of the respective i-f transformers. In later production, one trimmer is accessible from the top and the other from the bottom of each transformer as shown in the layout diagram, Figure 5.

BROADCAST BAND ALIGNMENT

1. Remove the signal generator lead from the 6SA7 grid and connect it to the radio antenna terminal through the .00025 mfd. capacitor. The ANT-LOOP switch (70) must be in the ANT. setting.

2. Check the tuning-dial pointer adjustment. When the plates of the tuning condenser are completely meshed, the dial pointer must be in line with the last calibration mark at the low frequency end of the dial. If it is not, loosen the set screws in the hub of pulley "D" shown on Figure 1 and make the necessary adjustment.

3. With the band selector still set for broadcast band reception, adjust the signal generator and the radio receiver to 600 kc. While rocking the gang condenser a few degrees to the right and to the left, adjust the 600 kc. oscillator padder for maximum indication on the output meter.

4. Set the signal generator and the radio receiver to 1400 kc.; adjust the 1400 kc. oscillator trimmer and the 1400 kc. antenna trimmer for maximum output. If considerable adjustment was necessary, recheck the 600 kc. padder setting.

5. If the loop antenna trimmer is out of adjustment it should be set after the radio chassis is in the cabinet. Set the ANT-LOOP switch (70) to the LOOP position. Adjust the signal generator to 1400 kilocycles and connect its output to a loop containing approximately five turns of wire eight inches in diameter placed eighteen inches from the receiver loop and in the same plane.

6. Set the receiver to 1400 kc. and adjust the trimmer on the receiver loop for maximum output.

SHORT WAVE BAND ALIGNMENT

1. Set the band selector switch to SW as for short wave reception and substitute a 400 ohm resistor for the capacitor in series with the signal generator lead connected to the antenna terminal on the receiver.

2. Set the signal generator and the radio receiver to 15 mc.; then adjust the 15 mc. oscillator trimmer and the 15 mc. antenna trimmer for maximum output. While adjusting the 15 mc. oscillator trimmer two peaks may be observed; only one is the correct peak for 15 mc. alignment. Screw in the trimmer to maximum capacity—then decrease the capacity until the first peak is observed. This is the correct one.

10 KC FILTER ADJUSTMENT

This chassis incorporates a 10 kc. filter circuit to eliminate the beat note heard as a whistle between stations on the broadcast band. If the trimmer is out of adjustment, the following procedure should be observed.

1. Set the Selectivity Switch to FULL RANGE by turning the Treble Control knob clockwise as far as possible.

2. Connect the output of an audio oscillator to the phonograph pickup socket on the radio chassis and adjust the oscillator to EXACTLY 10,000 cycles.

3. Set the band selector to PHONO and adjust the 10 kc. trimmer (7) for minimum output.

4. If an audio oscillator is not available for making this adjustment, set the band selector to BDCST, connect an antenna to the receiver and set the gang condenser to a point between two stations on adjacent channels having approximately the same power. If the 10 kc. trimmer is out of adjustment, whistle will be heard. Adjust the trimmer until the whistle is eliminated.

MODEL CR-187
MODEL CR-194

THE MAGNAVOX CO.

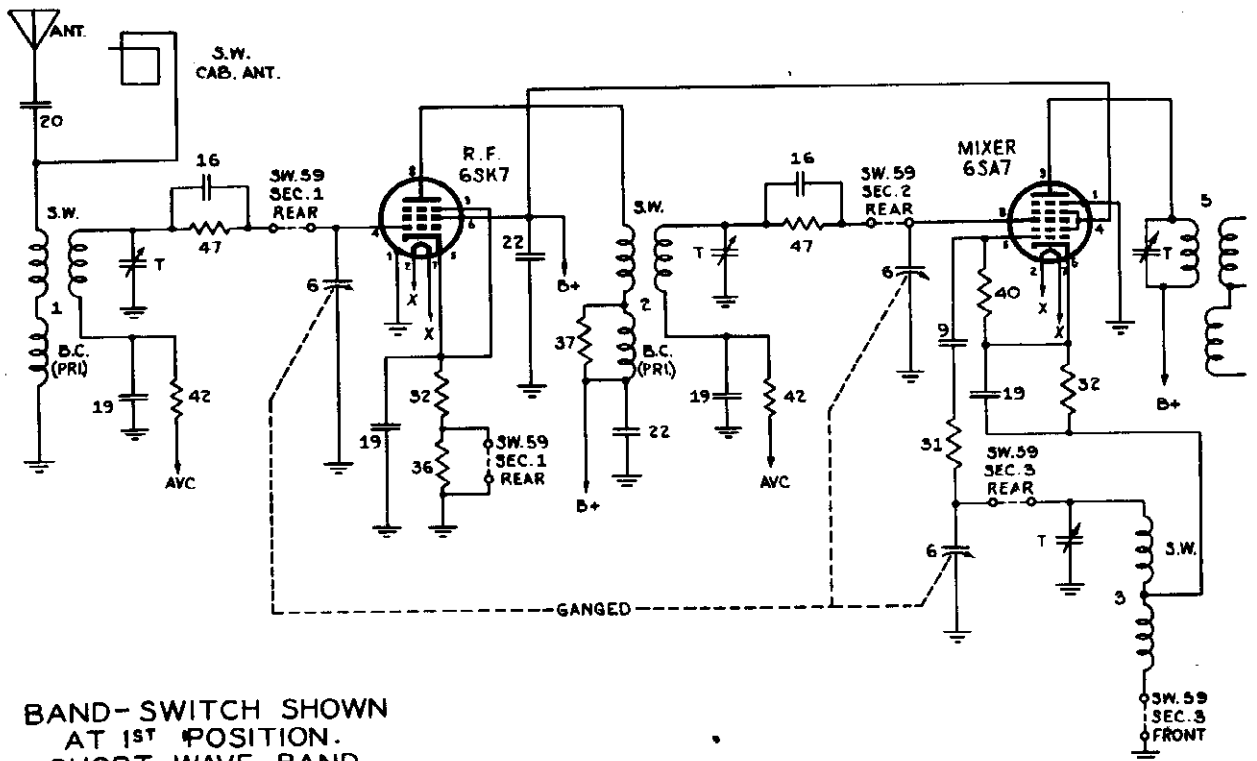
CR-187			CR-194		
REFERENCE NO.	DESCRIPTION	MAGNAVOX PART NO.	REFERENCE NO.	DESCRIPTION	MAGNAVOX PART NO.
1	Coil assembly, r-f, two band	360238G1	1	Coil assembly, r-f, two band	360256G1
2	Coil assembly, oscillator, two band	360239G1	2	Coil assembly, oscillator, two band	360255G1
3	Coil assembly, 10 kc filter	360240G1	3	Coil assembly, 10 kc filter	360240G1
4	Transformer, first i-f	360266G1	4	Transformer, first i-f	360266G1
5	Transformer, second i-f	360267G1	5	Transformer, second i-f	360267G1
6	Capacitor, variable, two-gang tuning	260053G1	6	Capacitor, variable, two-gang tuning	260056G1
7	Capacitor, variable, 10 kc trimmer	250008G1	7	Capacitor, variable, 10 kc trimmer	250008G1
8	Capacitor, variable, 2 gang trimmer	260021G1	8	Capacitor, variable, 2 gang trimmer	260021G1
9	Capacitor, variable, oscillator padder	260042G2	9	Capacitor, variable, oscillator trimmer	260042G2
10	Capacitor, ceramic, 50 mmf.	250088G24	10	Capacitor, ceramic, 50 mmf.	250088G24
11	Capacitor, molded mica, 100 mmf. $\pm 20\%$	250159G98	11	Capacitor, molded mica, 100 mmf. $\pm 20\%$	250159G98
12	Capacitor, molded mica, 100 mmf. $\pm 10\%$	250159G82	12	Capacitor, molded mica, 100 mmf. $\pm 10\%$	250159G82
13	Capacitor, molded mica, 220 mmf.	250159G100	13	Capacitor, molded mica, 220 mmf.	250159G100
14	Capacitor, molded mica, 330 mmf.	250159G88	14	Capacitor, molded mica, 330 mmf. $\pm 10\%$	250159G88
15	Capacitor, molded mica, 270 mmf.	250159G87	15	Capacitor, molded mica, 270 mmf. $\pm 10\%$	250159G87
16	Capacitor, silvered mica, 583 mmf. $\pm 1\%$	250085G33	16	Capacitor, silvered mica, 529 mmf. $\pm 1\%$	250085G34
17	Capacitor, molded mica, 470 mmf.	250159G102	17	Capacitor, molded mica, 470 mmf. $\pm 20\%$	260159G102
18	Capacitor, molded mica, 1000 mmf.	250160G82	18	Capacitor, molded mica, 1000 mmf. $\pm 20\%$	250160G82
19	Capacitor, molded mica, 1800 mmf.	250160G67	19	Capacitor, molded mica, 1800 mmf. $\pm 10\%$	250160G67
20	Capacitor, molded mica, 5100 mmf. $\pm 2\%$	250161G6	20	Capacitor, molded mica, 5600 mmf. $\pm 2\%$	250161G7
21	Capacitor, paper, .003 mfd. 400 V.	250152G43	21	Capacitor, paper, .003 mfd. 600 V.	250152G43
22	Capacitor, paper, .01 mfd. 600 V.	250152G38	22	Capacitor, paper, .01 mfd. 600 V.	250152G38
23	Capacitor, paper, .01 mfd. 200 V.	250152G18	23	Capacitor, paper, .01 mfd. 200 V.	250152G18
24	Capacitor, paper, .02 mfd. 400 V.	250152G26	24	Capacitor, paper, .02 mfd. 400 V.	250152G26
25	Capacitor, molded paper, .02 mfd. 600 V.	250129G3	25	Capacitor, molded paper, .02 mfd.	250129G3
26	Capacitor, paper, .05 mfd. 200 V.	250152G15	26	Capacitor, paper, .05 mfd. 200 V.	250152G15
27	Capacitor, paper, .1 mfd. 400 V.	250152G22	27	Capacitor, paper, .1 mfd. 400 V.	250152G22
28	Capacitor, paper, .1 mfd. 200 V.	250152G13	28	Capacitor, paper, .1 mfd. 200 V.	250152G13
29	Capacitor, electrolytic, 10 mfd. 450 V., 20 mfd. 25V.	270023G6	29	Capacitor, electrolytic, 10 mfd. 450 V.-20 mfd. 25 V.	270023G6
30	Capacitor, electrolytic, 10-30 mfd. 450 V.	270023G2	30	Capacitor, electrolytic, 10-30 mfd. 450 V.	270023G2
31	Capacitor, electrolytic, 20 mfd. 25V.	270027G2	31	Capacitor, electrolytic, 20 mfd. 25 V.	270027G2
40	Resistor, composition, 150 ohm $\frac{1}{2}$ W.	230084G8	40	Resistor, composition, 150 ohm $\frac{1}{2}$ W.	230084G8
41	Resistor, composition, 220 ohm $\frac{1}{2}$ W.	230084G9	41	Resistor, composition, 220 ohm $\frac{1}{2}$ W.	230084G9
42	Resistor, composition, 220 ohm 3 W.	230064G54	42	Resistor, wire wound, 125 ohm	240021G11
43	Resistor, composition, 470 ohm $\frac{1}{2}$ W.	230084G1	43	Resistor, composition, 470 ohm $\frac{1}{2}$ W.	230084G11
44	Resistor, composition, 1500 ohm $\frac{1}{2}$ W.	230084G14	44	Resistor, composition, 1500 ohm $\frac{1}{2}$ W.	230084G14
45	Resistor, composition, 4700 ohm $\frac{1}{2}$ W.	230084G17	45	Resistor, composition, 4700 ohm $\frac{1}{2}$ W.	230084G17
46	Resistor, composition, 15,000 ohm $\pm 5\%$ $\frac{1}{2}$ W.	230084G187	46	Resistor, composition, 15,000 ohm $\pm 5\%$ $\frac{1}{2}$ W.	230084G187
47	Resistor, composition, 15,000 ohm 1 W.	230085G20	47	Resistor, composition, 15,000 ohm 1 W.	230085G20
48	Resistor, composition, 22,000 ohm $\frac{1}{2}$ W.	230084G21	48	Resistor, composition, 22,000 ohm $\frac{1}{2}$ W.	230084G21
49	Resistor, composition, 47,000 ohm $\frac{1}{2}$ W.	230084G23	49	Resistor, composition, 47,000 ohm $\frac{1}{2}$ W.	230084G23
50	Resistor, composition, 100,000 ohm $\frac{1}{2}$ W.	230084G25	50	Resistor, composition, 100,000 ohm $\frac{1}{2}$ W.	230084G25
51	Resistor, composition, 150,000 ohm $\frac{1}{2}$ W.	230084G26	51	Resistor, composition, 150,000 ohm $\frac{1}{2}$ W.	230084G26
52	Resistor, composition, 220,000 ohm $\pm 5\%$ $\frac{1}{2}$ W.	230084G215	52	Resistor, composition, 220,000 ohm $\pm 5\%$ $\frac{1}{2}$ W.	230084G215
53	Resistor, composition, 270,000 ohm $\frac{1}{2}$ W.	230084G91	53	Resistor, composition, 270,000 $\pm 10\%$ $\frac{1}{2}$ W.	230084G91
54	Resistor, composition, 470,000 ohm $\frac{1}{2}$ W.	230084G29	54	Resistor, composition, 470,000 ohm $\frac{1}{2}$ W.	230084G29
55	Resistor, composition, 1 megohm $\frac{1}{2}$ W.	230084G31	55	Resistor, composition, 1 megohm $\frac{1}{2}$ W.	230084G31
56	Resistor, composition, 4.7 megohm $\frac{1}{2}$ W.	230084G35	56	Resistor, composition, 4.7 megohm $\frac{1}{2}$ W.	230084G35
57	Resistor, wire wound, 10,000 ohm	240035G2	57	Resistor, wire wound, 10,000 ohm	240035G2
58	Resistor, composition, 15,000 ohm $\frac{1}{2}$ W.	230084G20	58	Resistor, composition, 15,000 ohm $\frac{1}{2}$ W.	230084G20
65	Control, volume, 1 megohm	220044G15	59	Resistor, composition, 1000 ohm 2W.	230064G62
66	Control, bass, 1 megohm, with power switch	220045G2	35	Control, volume, 1 megohm	220044G15
67	Control, treble, 1 megohm, with band expander switch	220071G2	36	Control, bass, 1 megohm, with power switch	220045G2
68	Transformer, power, 117 V. 50/60 cycle	300025G1	67	Control, treble, 1 megohm, with band expander sw.	220071G2
69	Switch, rotary, band selector	160156G1	68	Transformer, power, 117 V. 50/60 cycle	300032G1
70	Switch, rotary, loop to outdoor antenna	160157G1	69	Switch, rotary, band selector	160156G1
71	Switch assembly, muting	160158G1	70	Switch, rotary, loop to outdoor antenna	160157G1
72	Antenna, loop assembly	*	72	Antenna, loop assembly	*
73	Socket, external input	180060G1	73	Socket, external input	180060G1
74	Socket, phonograph input	189741G1	74	Socket, phonograph input	189741G1
75	Socket, phonograph motor	180501G5	75	Socket, phonograph motor	180501G5
76	Socket, speaker	180393G3	76	Socket, speaker	180393G3
77	Socket, FM power	180422G1	77	Socket, FM power	180422G1
78	Socket & Cable assembly, tuning indicator	180423G1	78	Socket and cable assembly, tuning indicator	180423G1

Due to the fact that a change was made in the mechanical construction of the dial assembly after the first CR-187 radio chassis production run, it is important that you follow the procedure outlined below in ordering replacement glass dials.

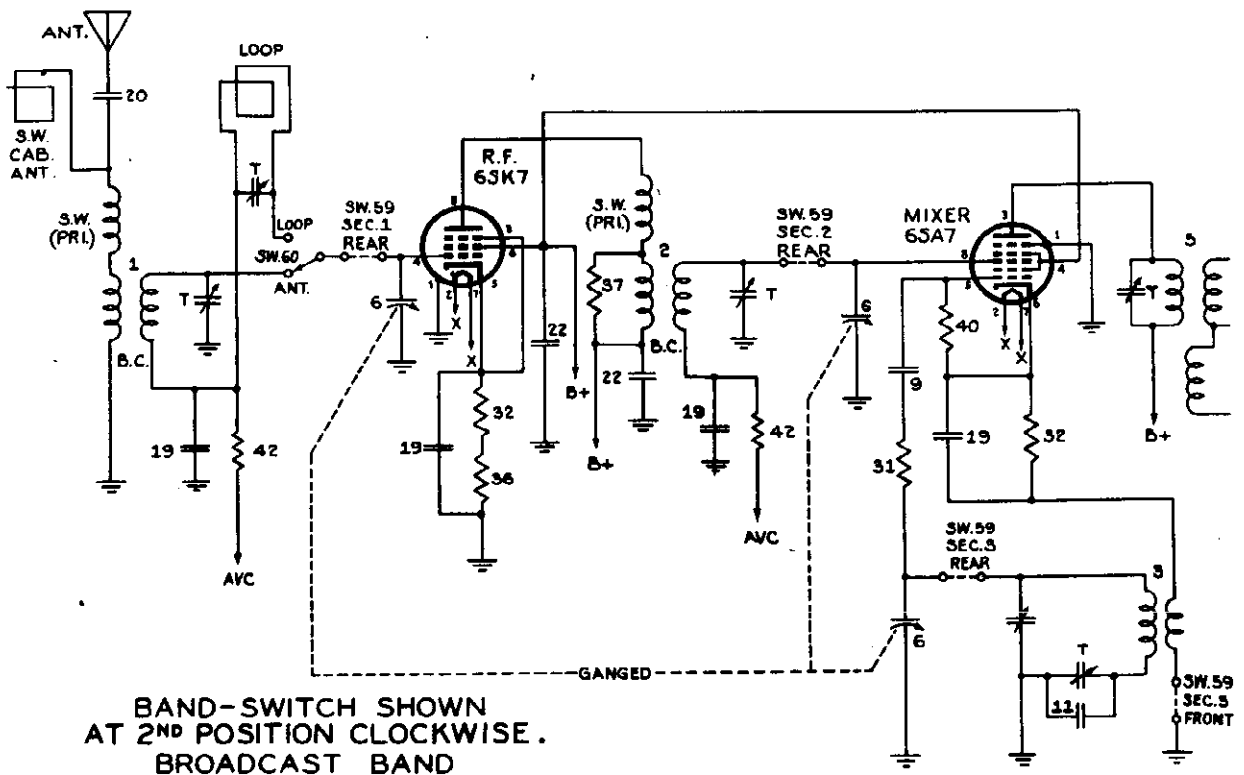
If the glass dial for which a replacement is required is marked 150260, order a 150276 dial glass assembly. If the glass is marked 150281, order a 150283 dial glass assembly. These assemblies include the rubber strips cemented in their correct positions.

*The part number of the loop antenna assembly changes with different cabinets. It is therefore important that you specify the Style Number of the instrument when ordering a replacement loop antenna assembly.

THE MAGNAVOX CO.



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN AT 1ST POSITION. SHORT WAVE BAND



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN AT 2ND POSITION CLOCKWISE. BROADCAST BAND

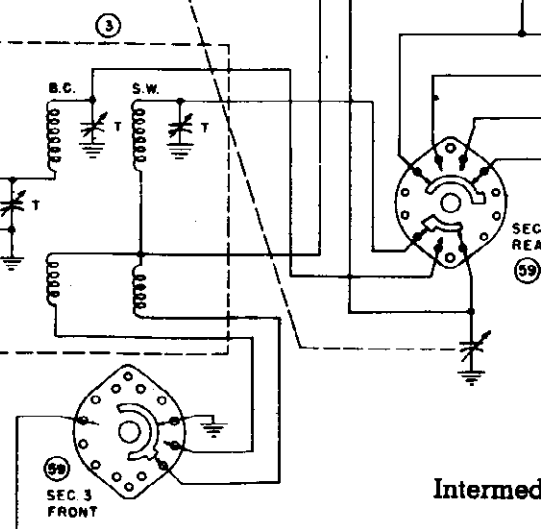
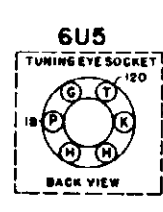
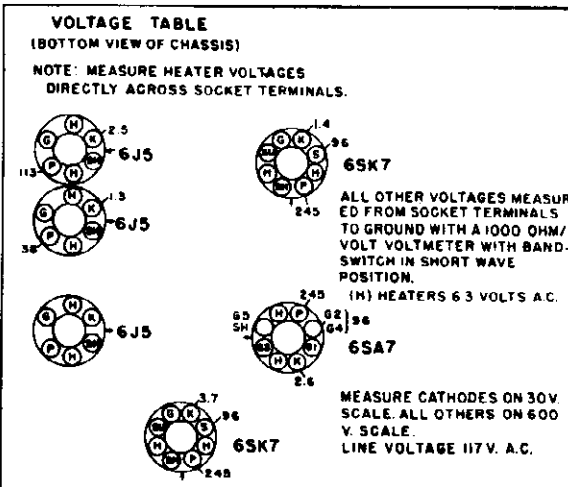
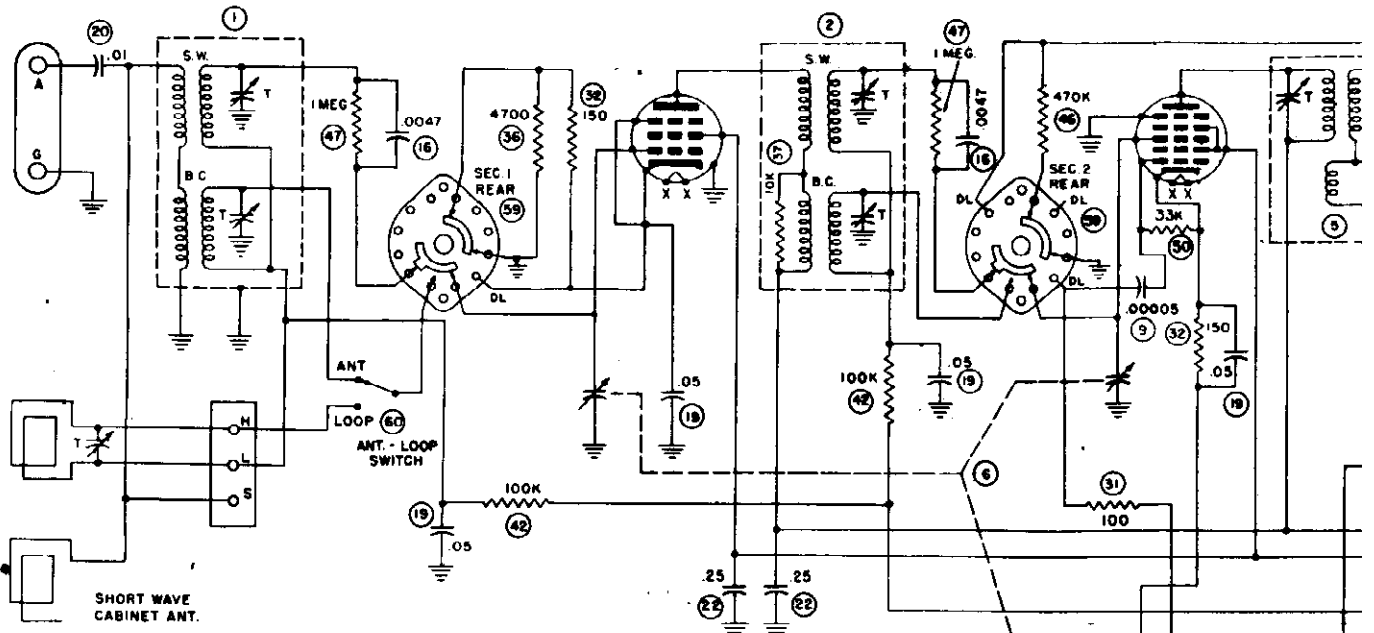
Tuning frequency range:

Broadcast band.....530-1610 kc.

Short wave band.....4.9-18.1 mc.

6SK7
R-F

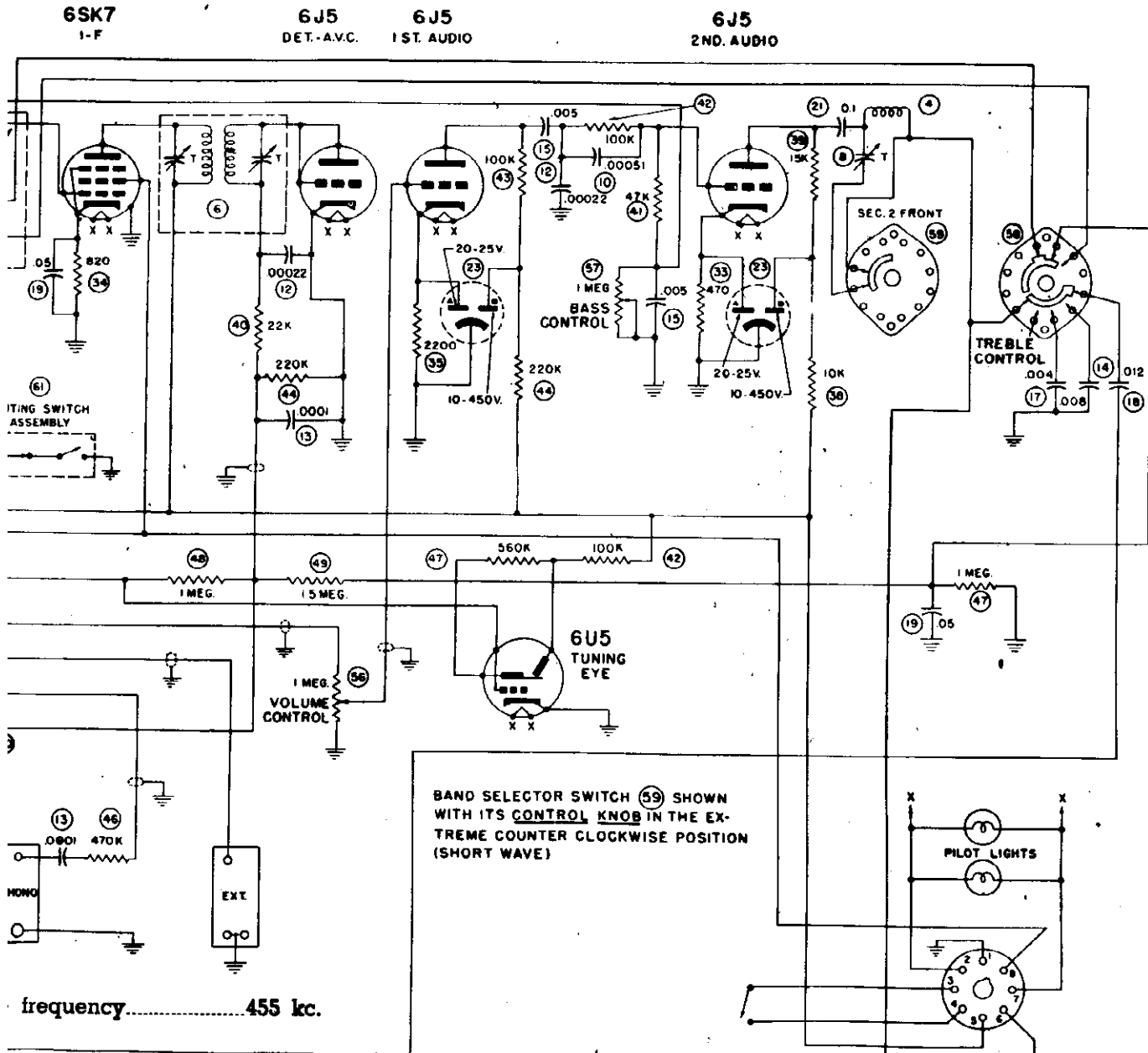
6SA7
MIXER



REFERENCE NO.	DESCRIPTION	MAGNAVOX PART NO.	15	25
1	Coil Assembly, antenna, two band	360254G1	Capacitor, paper, .005 mfd.	25
2	Coil Assembly, r-f, two band	360254G2	Capacitor, molded mica, .0047 mfd.	25
3	Coil Assembly, oscillator, two band	360253G1	Capacitor, paper, .004 mfd.	25
4	Coil Assembly, 10 kc. filter	360244G1	Capacitor, paper, .012 mfd.	25
5	Transformer, first i-f.	360266G1	Capacitor, paper, .05 mfd.	25
6	Transformer, second i-f.	360267G1	Capacitor, paper, 0.1 mfd.	25
7	Capacitor, variable, three-gang tuning	260054G1	Capacitor, paper, 0.25 mfd.	25
8	Capacitor, variable, 10 kc. trimmer	259610G1	Capacitor, electrolytic, 20 mfd, 25V-10 mfd. 450V.	27
9	Capacitor, ceramic, 50 mmf.	250088G25	Resistor, composition, 100 ohm 1/2 W.	23
10	Capacitor, molded mica, 510 mmf.	250159G64	Resistor, composition, 150 ohm 1/2 W.	23
11	Capacitor, silvered mica, 490 mmf. ±1%	250085G32	Resistor, composition, 470 ohm 1/2 W.	23
12	Capacitor, molded mica, 220 mmf.	250159G100	Resistor, composition, 820 ohm 1/2 W.	23
13	Capacitor, molded mica, 100 mmf.	250159G98	Resistor, composition, 2200 ohm 1/2 W.	23
14	Capacitor, paper, 008 mfd.	250129G11	Resistor, composition, 4700 ohm 1/2 W.	23
			Resistor, composition, 10,000 ohm 1/2 W.	23

JAVOX CO.

MODEL CR-188



G10	38	Resistor, composition, 10,000 ohm 1 W.	230085G19
G5	39	Resistor, composition, 15,000 ohm 1 W.	230085G20
G7	40	Resistor, composition, 22,000 ohm 1/2 W.	230084G21
G13	41	Resistor, composition, 47,000 ohm 1/2 W.	230084G23
G5	42	Resistor, composition, 100,000 ohm 1/2 W.	230084G25
G9	43	Resistor, composition, 100,000 ohm 1 W.	230085G25
G22	44	Resistor, composition, 220,000 ohm 1/2 W.	230084G27
G21	46	Resistor, composition, 470,000 ohm 1/2 W.	230084G29
G6	47	Resistor, composition, 560,000 ohm 1/2 W.	230084G95
G7	48	Resistor, composition, 1 megohm 1/2 W.	230084G31
G8	49	Resistor, composition, 1.5 megohm 1/2 W.	230084G32
G11	50	Resistor, composition, 33,000 ohm 1/2 W.	230084G22
G61	56	Control, volume, 1 megohm	220044G15
G15	57	Control, bass, 1 megohm with switch	220045G2
G17	58	Switch, rotary, treble control	160161G1
G19	59	Switch, rotary, band selector	160160G1

60	Switch, rotary, loop to outdoor antenna	160157G1
61	Switch assembly, muting	160158G2
62	Socket, external input	180060G1
63	Socket, phonograph input	189741G1
64	Plug, octal, amplifier connection	180511G14
	Antenna, loop assembly	*
	Dial glass assembly	150285

* The part number of the loop antenna changes with different cabinets. It is therefore important that you specify the Style Number of the instrument when ordering a replacement loop antenna assembly.

MAY 1946

MODEL CR-188

THE MAGNAVOX CO.

STAGE GAINS*

Antenna Post to R-F Grid at:	
600 kc.	7.0
6 mc.	1.63
R-F to Converter Grid at:	
600 kc.	3.4
6 mc.	3.4
R-F on Converter Grid to I-F Grid at:	
600 kc.	40.0
6 mc.	35.5
I-F on Converter Grid to I-F Grid at:	
455 kc.	59
I-F Grid to Detector Plate at:	
455 kc.	68

AUDIO GAIN

Voltage required across Volume Control to produce .05 watt speaker output** at 400 cycles is .014 volt with Band Selector Switch in BDCST setting.

OSCILLATOR OUTPUT VOLTAGE

The DC voltage developed across Oscillator Grid Resistor (40) at:	
600 kc.	5.8
6 mc.	6.8

* Variations of $\pm 20\%$ are permissible. All readings made with sufficient input signal to provide .05 watt speaker output.
 ** .05 watt speaker output at 400 cycles is equivalent to a reading of 0.35 volts as measured by a high resistance AC voltmeter across the voice coil of either speaker.

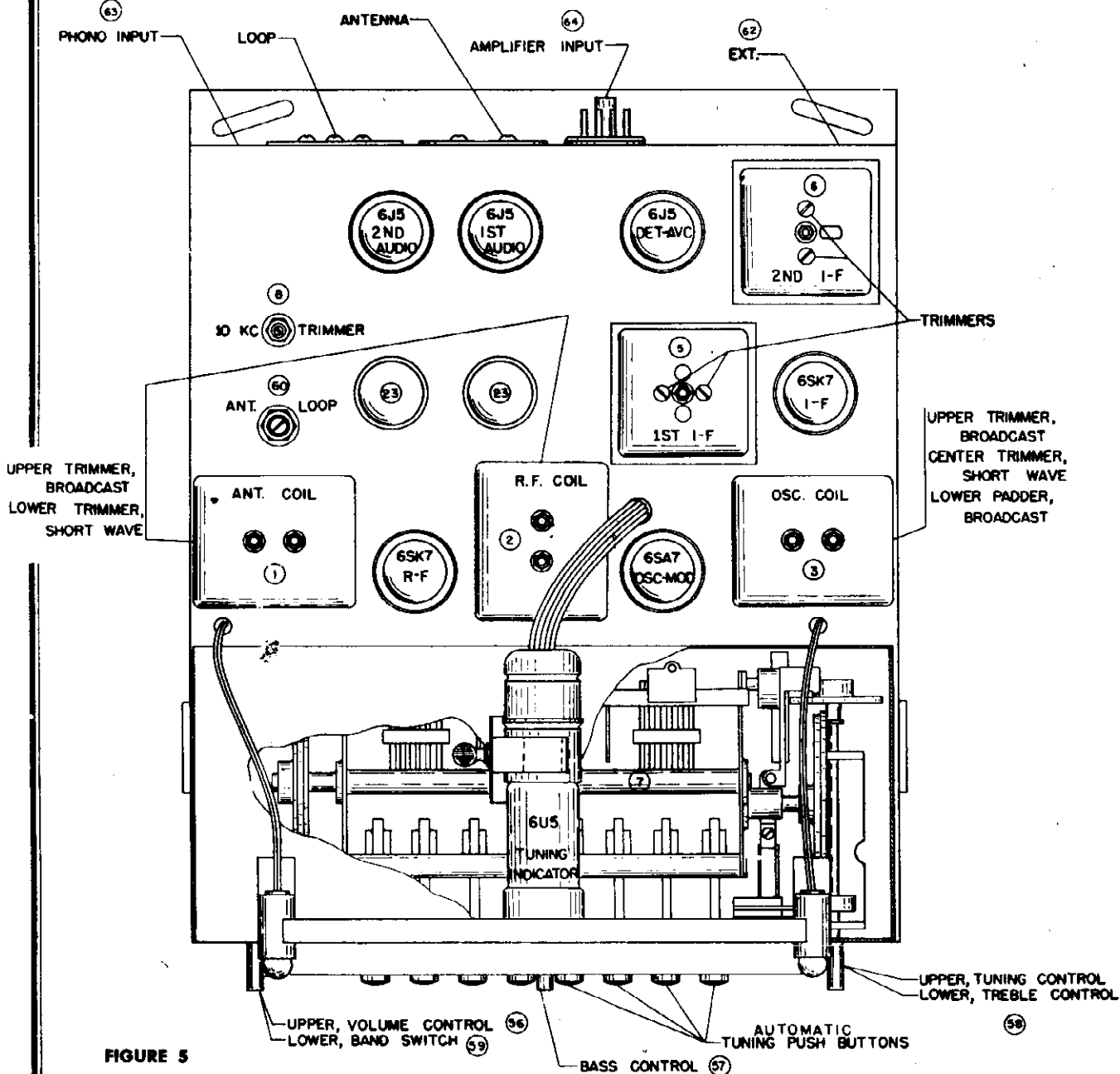


FIGURE 5

THE MAGNAVOX CO.

Model CR-188 radio chassis is designed for easy removal from the cabinet in which it is installed. As the radio panel is permanently fastened to the chassis, the control knobs need not be removed when the chassis is taken out of the cabinet for service. To remove the chassis, first remove the antenna leads from their terminals and all plugs from the receptacles on the rear of the chassis. Then remove the two Phillips-head screws from the angular slots in the flange at the rear of the chassis. Lift the rear of the chassis about one inch and pull it straight back. Never remove the chassis tray from the cabinet—it has been properly positioned to bring the radio panel in place when the chassis is replaced. In replacing the chassis, slide it so that the small hooks near the front, ride inside the flanges on the chassis.

ALIGNMENT

The alignment of this receiver requires the use of an accurately calibrated i-f signal generator and an output meter. All trimmer condenser locations are shown on the chassis layout diagram, Figure 5. The radio volume control should be turned to maximum and the signal generator output kept as low as possible during alignment to prevent the AVC from operating and giving false readings. Always set the Treble Control to **SHARP TUNE** before aligning the i-f stages. This is done by turning the Treble Control Knob to the No. 1 position.

I-F ALIGNMENT

1. Connect the output of the signal generator to the oscillator grid (pin No. 5) of the 6SA7 tube through a .00025 mfd. capacitor. The ground on the signal generator should be connected to the radio chassis ground.
 2. Turn the condenser gang until it is completely meshed, (low-frequency end of dial calibration) and set the band selector switch to BDCST as for broadcast band reception.
 3. Adjust the signal generator to EXACTLY 455 kc. and peak the second i-f transformer and the first i-f transformer trimmers in that order.
- On early models of the CR-188 chassis, the two i-f trimmers are located in the top of the respective i-f transformers as shown in the layout diagram Figure 5. In later production, one trimmer is accessible from

sides of the chassis tray. Push the chassis forward as far as it will go and the hooks should then engage the slots in the chassis tray. Replace the two Phillips-head screws and nuts and tighten securely. Replace all plugs in their receptacles and the antenna leads on their correct terminals. The antenna terminal board for the loop antenna connections is designated S-L-H. The end of the short wave antenna that is fastened to the inside of the cabinet connects to S. Always disconnect this antenna from terminal S when an outdoor antenna is used as it may pick up noise. The two terminals on the loop are designated L and H. The leads connected to these terminals should be wired to the corresponding terminals (L and H) on the chassis.

PROCEDURE

the top and the other from the bottom of each transformer.

BROADCAST BAND ALIGNMENT

1. Remove the signal generator lead from the 6SA7 grid and connect it to the radio antenna terminal through the .00025 mfd. capacitor. The ANT-LOOP switch (60) must be in the ANT. setting.
2. Check the tuning dial pointer adjustment. When the plates of the tuning condenser are completely meshed, the dial pointer must be in line with the last calibration mark at the low frequency end of the dial. If it is not, loosen the set screws in the hub of pulley "D" shown on Figure 1 and make the necessary adjustment.
3. With the band selector still set for broadcast band reception, adjust the signal generator and the radio receiver to 600 kc. While rocking the gang condenser a few degrees to the right and to the left, adjust the 600 kc. oscillator padder for maximum indication on the output meter.
4. Set the signal generator and the radio receiver to 1400 kc.; adjust the 1400 kc. oscillator trimmer and the 1400 kc. antenna trimmer for maximum output. If considerable adjustment was necessary, recheck the 600 kc. padder setting.
5. If the loop antenna trimmer is out of adjustment it should be set after the radio chassis is in the

cabinet. Set the ANT-LOOP switch (60) to the LOOP position. Adjust the signal generator to 1400 kilocycles and connect its output to a loop containing approximately five turns of wire eight inches in diameter placed eighteen inches from the receiver loop and in the same plane.

6. Set the receiver to 1400 kc. and adjust the trimmer on the receiver loop for maximum output.

SHORT WAVE BAND ALIGNMENT

1. Set the band selector switch to SW as for short wave reception and substitute a 400 ohm resistor for the capacitor in series with the signal generator lead connected to the antenna terminal on the receiver.
2. Set the signal generator and the radio receiver to 15 mc.; then adjust the 15 mc. oscillator trimmer and the 15 mc. antenna trimmer for maximum output. While adjusting the 15 mc. oscillator trimmer two peaks may be observed; only one is the correct peak for 15 mc. alignment. Screw in the trimmer to maximum capacity—then decrease the capacity until the first peak is observed. This is the correct one.

10 KC FILTER ADJUSTMENT

This chassis incorporates a 10 kc. filter circuit to eliminate the beat note heard as a whistle between stations on the broadcast band. If the trimmer is out of adjustment, the following procedure should be observed.

1. Turn the Treble Control to FULL RANGE (No. 4 position).
2. Connect the output of an audio oscillator to the phonograph pickup socket on the radio chassis and adjust the oscillator to EXACTLY 10,000 cycles.
3. Set the band selector to PHONO and adjust the 10 kc. trimmer (8) for minimum output.
4. If an audio oscillator is not available for making this adjustment, set the band selector to BDCST, connect an antenna to the receiver and set the gang condenser to a point between two stations on adjacent channels having approximately the same power. If the 10 kc. trimmer is out of adjustment, a whistle will be heard. Adjust the trimmer until the whistle is eliminated.

MODEL CR-188

THE MAGNAVOX CO.

Model CR-188 radio chassis is a two-band tuner that must be used in conjunction with a power amplifier, such as the Model AMP-101 for speaker operation. Heater and plate voltages for the CR-188 radio chas-

sis are supplied from the amplifier chassis; it is therefore essential that the radio and amplifier chassis be interconnected during alignment or for other electrical service operations.

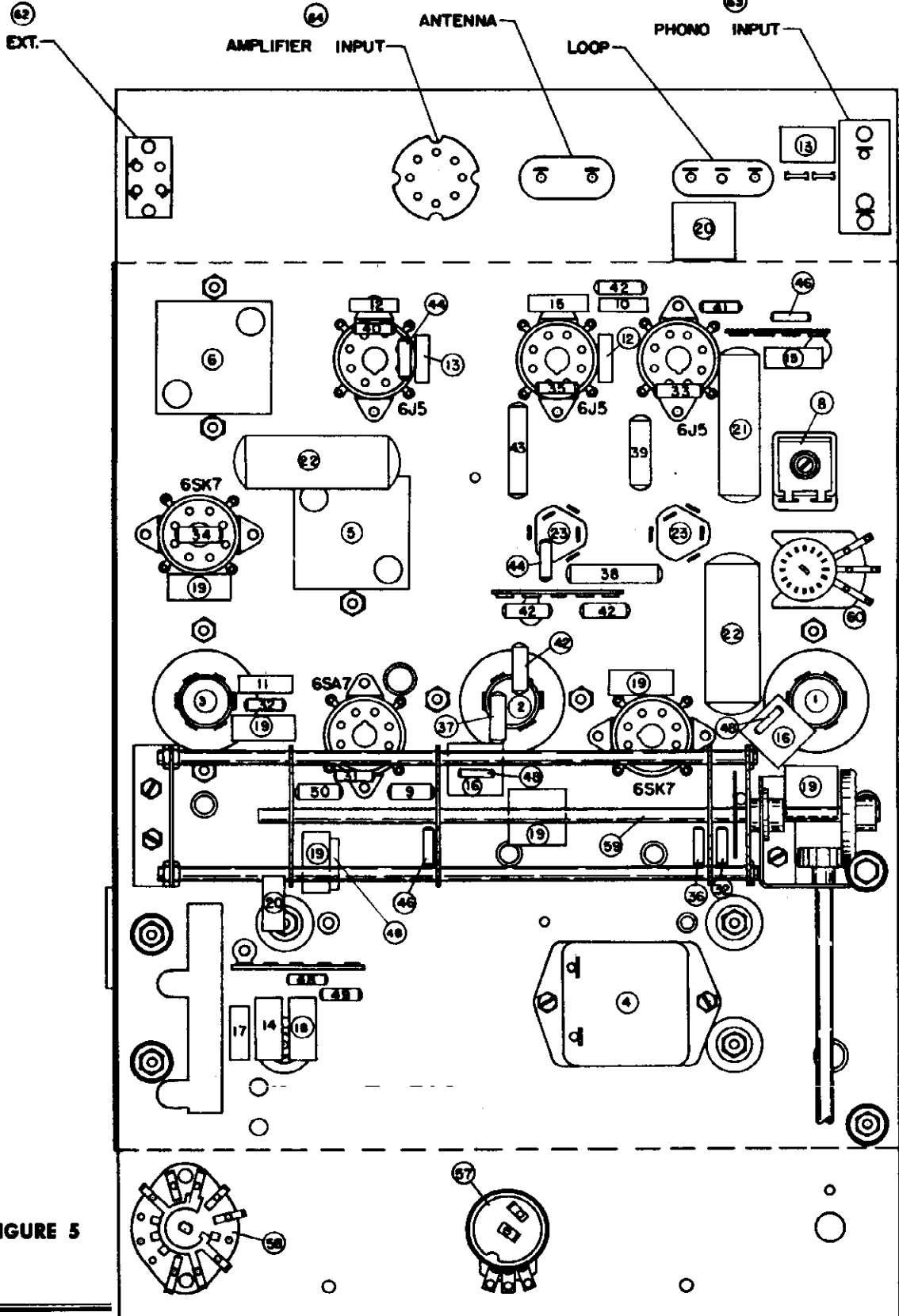
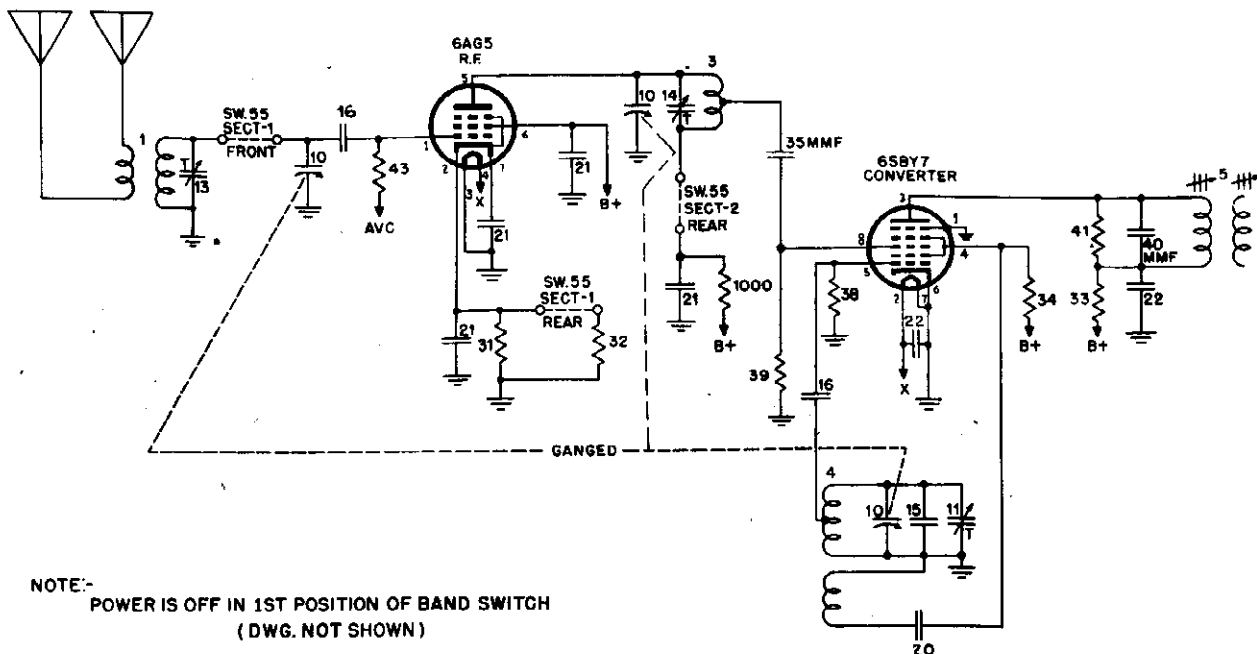


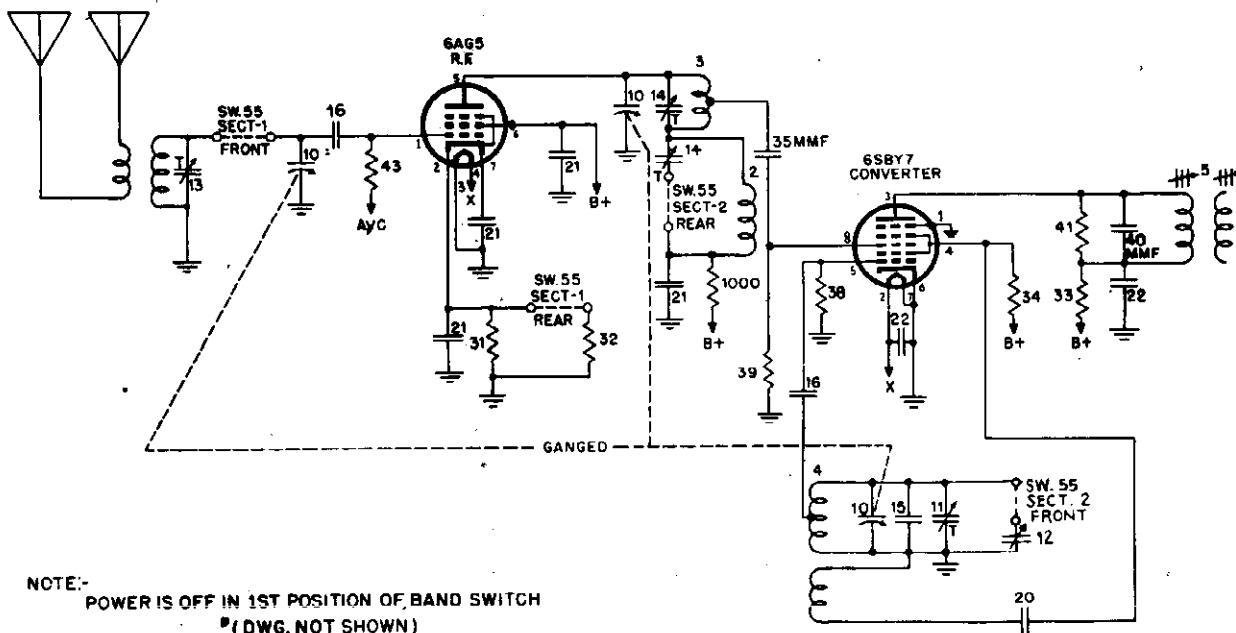
FIGURE 5

THE MAGNAVOX CO.

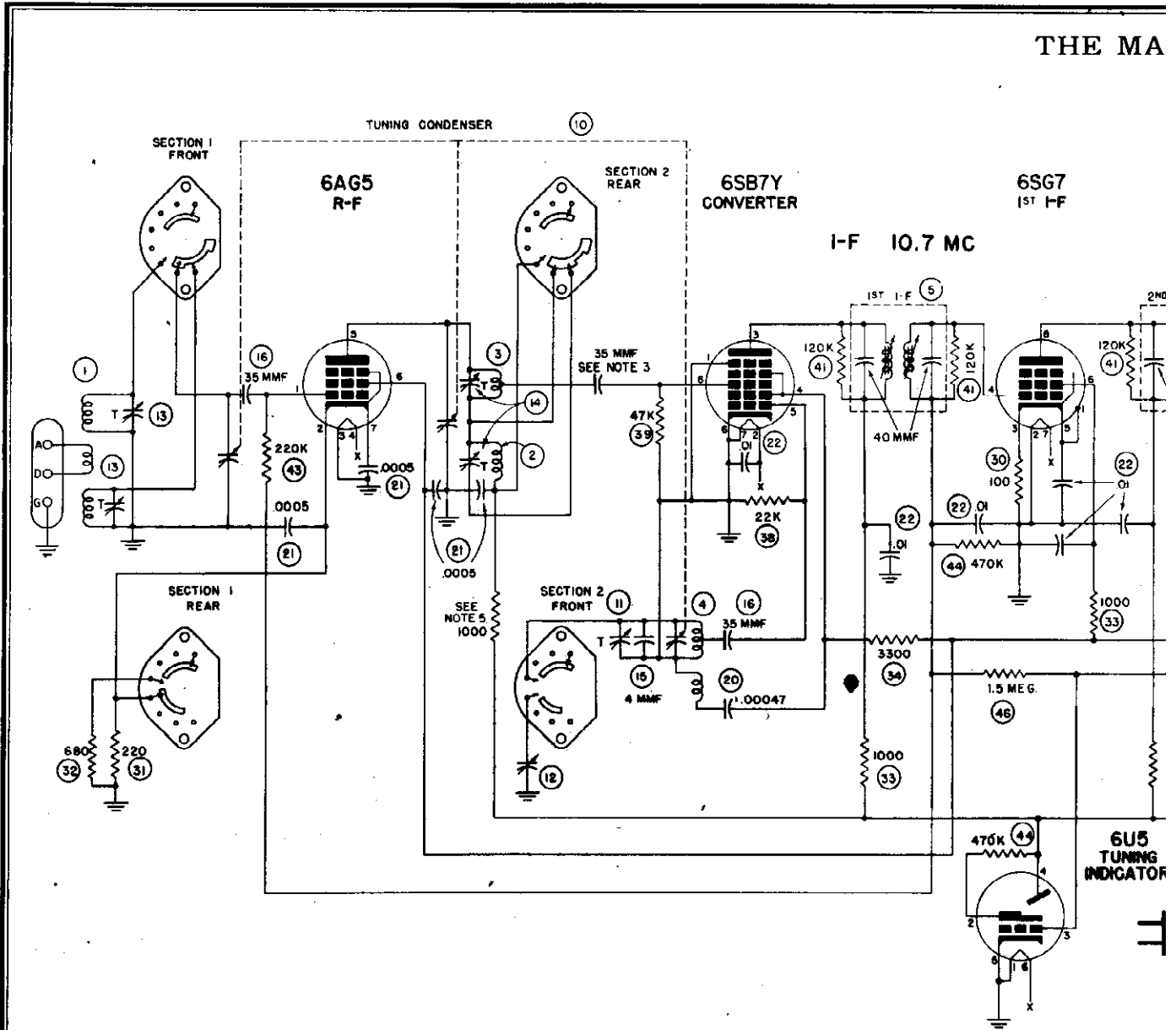
MODEL CR-189A,
CR-189B



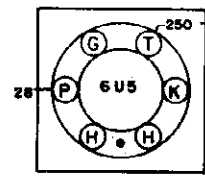
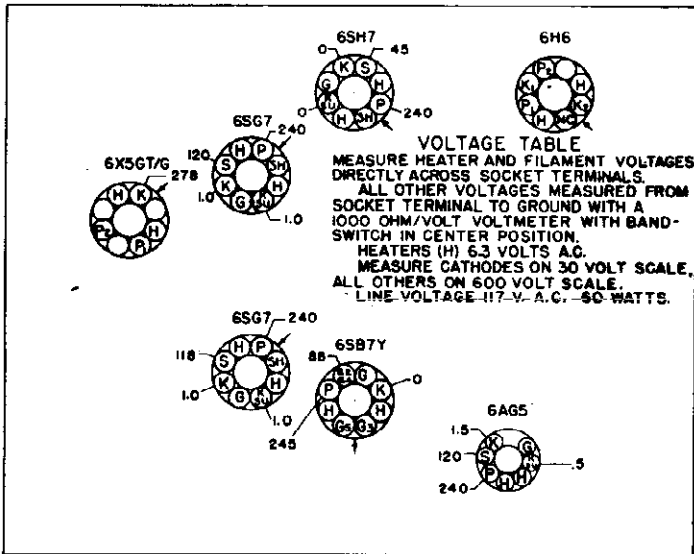
BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
AT 2ND POSITION CLOCKWISE.
F M BAND 1
87.2 — 108.7 MC.



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
AT 3RD POSITION CLOCKWISE.
F M BAND 2
42.5 - 48.7 MC.



JUNE 1946



TUNING IND. SOCKET BACK VIEW

- NOTES -

1. BAND SWITCH 55 SHOWN IN COUNTERCLOCKWISE POSITION VIEWED FROM THE FRONT PANEL.
2. ALL ELECTRICAL VALUES SHOWN ARE IN MICRO-FARADS OR OHMS UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.
3. SUPPLIED AS PART OF 360261G2 R-F COIL ASSEMBLY.
4. PART OF BAND SWITCH 55. POWER SWITCH IS IN OFF POSITION WHEN BAND SWITCH IS IN EXTREME COUNTERCLOCKWISE (NO. 1) POSITION. POWER IS ON IN NO. 2 AND NO. 3 POSITIONS OF BAND SWITCH.
5. SUPPLIED AS PART OF 360262G1 R-F COIL ASSEMBLY.
6. LETTERS SHOWN IN SQUARES DESIGNATE METER CONNECTION POINTS FOR ALIGNMENT AS DESCRIBED IN TEXT.

Model (Modulat
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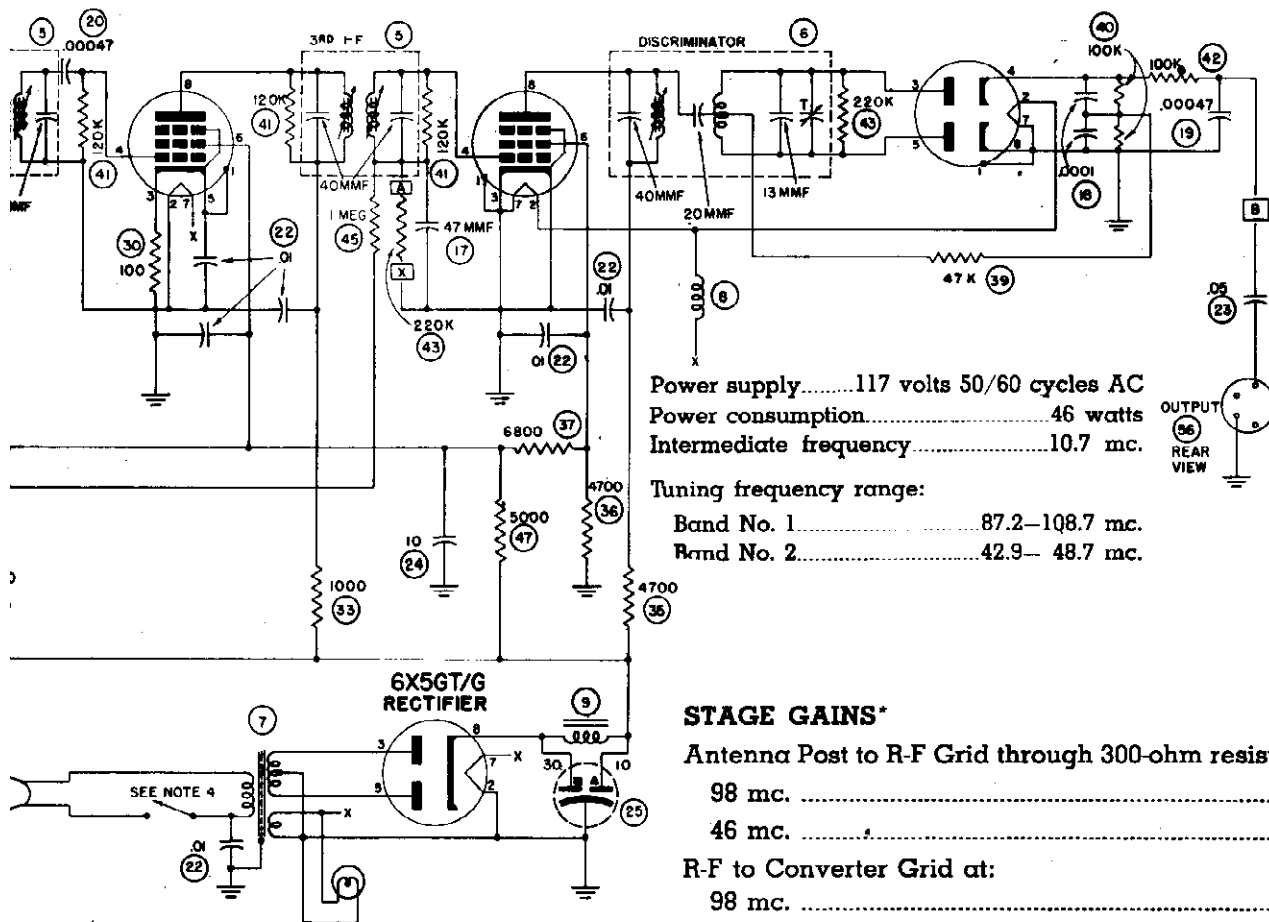
NAVOX CO.

MODEL CR-189A,
CR-189B

6SG7
2ND I-F

6SH7
LIMITER

6H6
DETECTOR



Power supply.....117 volts 50/60 cycles AC
Power consumption.....46 watts
Intermediate frequency.....10.7 mc.

Tuning frequency range:

Band No. 1.....87.2-108.7 mc.
Band No. 2.....42.9- 48.7 mc.

STAGE GAINS*

Antenna Post to R-F Grid through 300-ohm resistor at:

98 mc.	1.2
46 mc.	1.7

R-F to Converter Grid at:

98 mc.	9.4
46 mc.	5.4

R-F on Converter Grid to 1st I-F Grid at:

98 mc.	8.7
46 mc.	8.7

I-F on Converter to 1st I-F Grid at:

10.7 mc.	10
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I-F on 1st I-F Grid to 2nd I-F Grid at:

10.7 mc.	30
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2nd I-F Grid to Limiter Grid at:

10.7 mc.	31
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OSCILLATOR GRID VOLTAGE

The DC voltage developed across Oscillator Grid Resistor (38) at:

98 mc.	7.0
46 mc.	4.6

*Variations of ±20% are permissible. All readings made with sufficient signal to provide 15 millivolts output at 400 cycles with 22.5 kc. modulation.

-189 series radio chassis are Frequency-tuners designed for connection to the dial on any Magnavox A-M radio receiver. Band operation provides complete coverage of 45 megacycle band as well as the megacycle band.

Due to the fact that in some cabinets the CR-189 must be mounted in an inverted position, letters A and B on the model number identify the dial mounting. The model number CR-189A tuner with an inverted dial assembly is used when the upright dial assembly mounting is used, the model number of the chassis is

MODEL CR-189A,
CR-189B

THE MAGNAVOX CO.

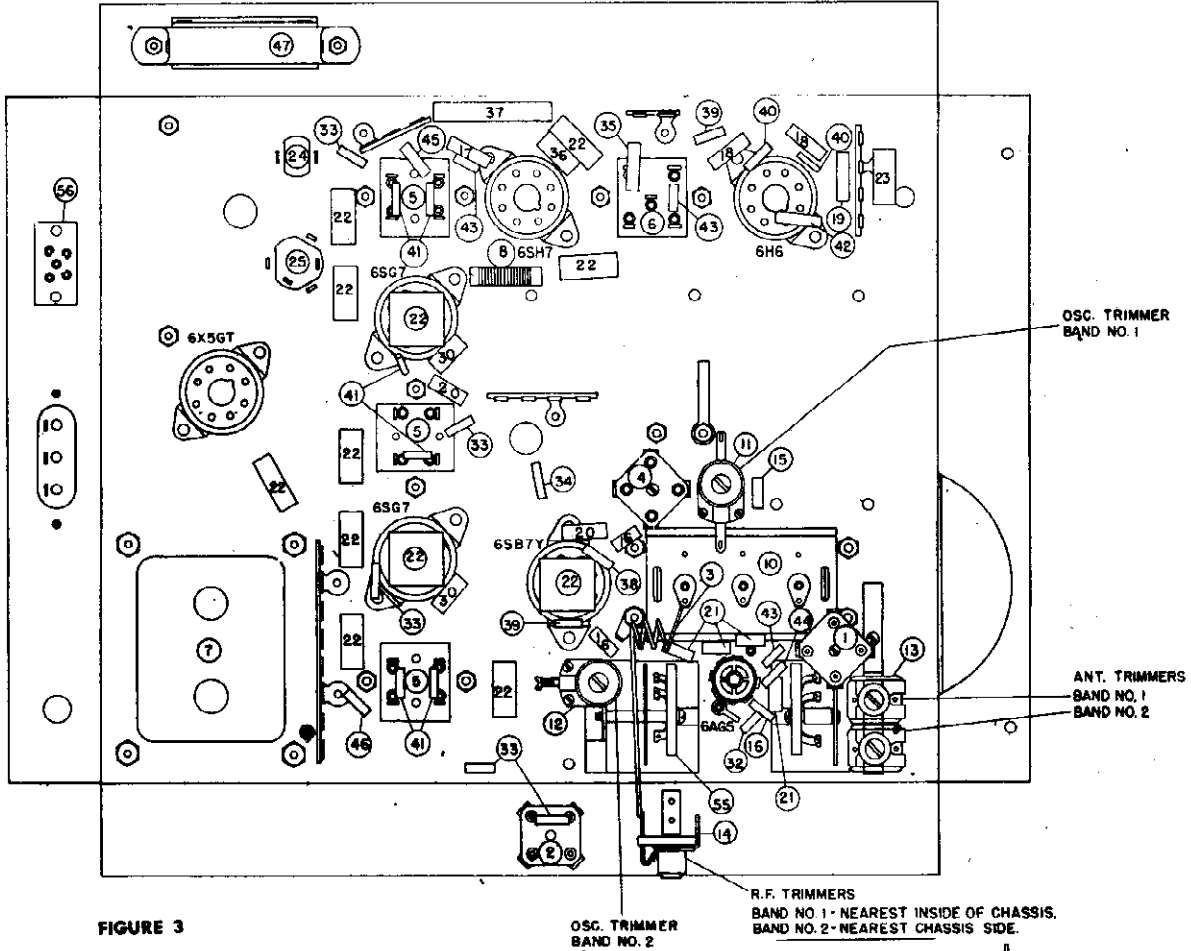
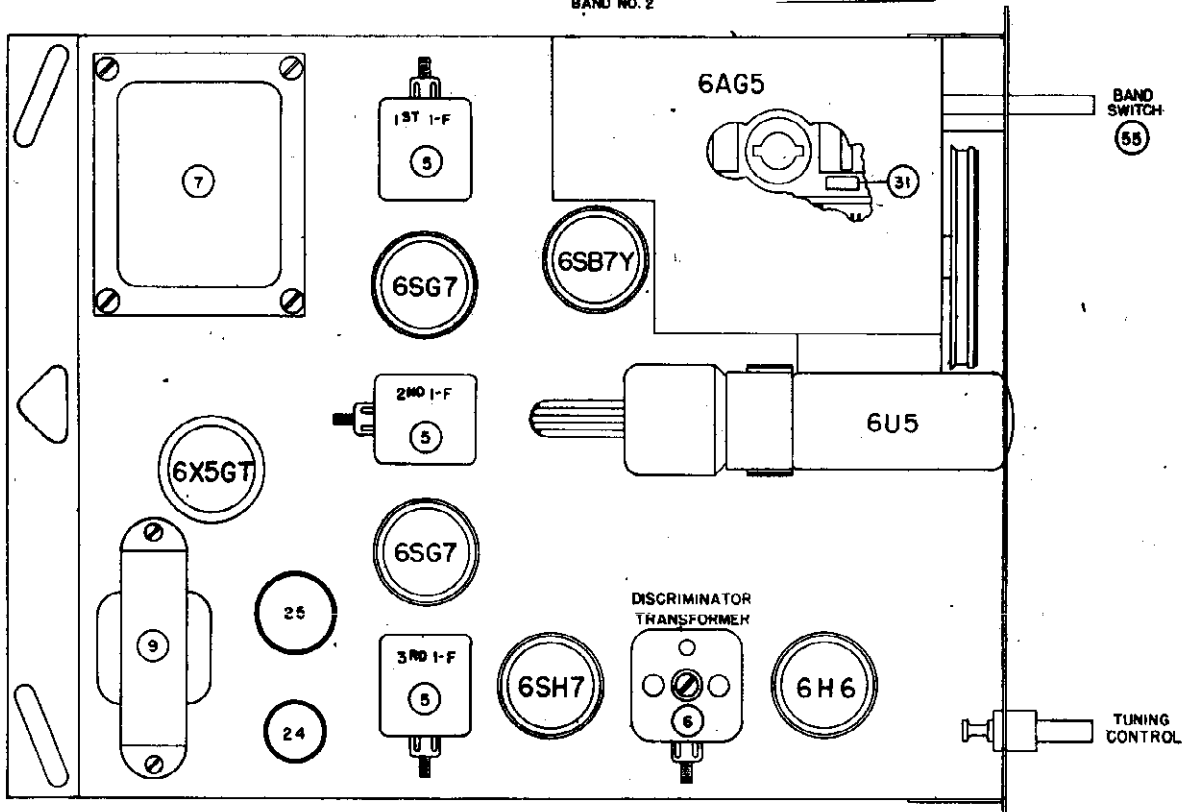


FIGURE 3



THE MAGNAVOX CO.

METHOD FOR REMOVING CHASSIS FROM CABINET

As the control panel is permanently fastened to the tuner in all models except those mounted in the Regency Symphony combination, it is not necessary to remove the control knobs from the cabinet. The instructions immediately following are for all combinations except the Regency Symphony. Separate instructions for removing the CR-189A chassis from that instrument are shown in this manual.

Before removing the chassis, disconnect the antenna and ground leads from their terminals, and the output and the power cables from their receptacles. While holding the rear of the chassis in place with one hand, remove the two Phillips-head screws from the angular slots in the flange at the rear of the chassis. Then while lowering the chassis, pull back on it to disengage the hooks from the slots in the tray to which the chassis is mounted, and withdraw the chassis from the cabinet.

In replacing the chassis, slide it in so that the small hooks near the front side inside the flanges on the sides of the chassis tray. Push the chassis forward as far as it will go so that the hooks engage the slots in the chassis tray; then lift up the rear of the chassis until the guide pin in the chassis tray projects through the triangular opening in the flange on the rear of the F-M chassis. Now pull back on the chassis. A ledge on the guide pin referred to above, will hold the chassis in place while the mounting screws are started into the captive nuts on the top of the chassis tray. These nuts are accessible through the angular slots in the chassis flange and the Phillips-head screws should be turned in to within a few turns of being tight. Now slide the chassis forward until its panel is flush with the panel of the A-M radio chassis and tighten the two Phillips-head screws securely, completing the replacement operation.

REGENCY SYMPHONY. To remove the CR-189A chassis from the Regency Symphony first remove the antenna and ground leads from their terminals and the output and power cables from their receptacles. Then pull the control knobs from their shafts and remove the two fanny-head screws from the front panel. Next, remove the two Phillips-head screws from the angular slots in the flange at the rear of the chassis and pull the chassis out of the rear of the cabinet.

In replacing the chassis, the reverse order of the above instructions should be followed.

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

"B" on the schematic diagram. This measures the detector output voltage. Adjust the signal generator frequency to exactly 10.775 megacycles and adjust both trimmers on the discriminator transformer for maximum reading. If the indicated voltage is less than 3 volts readjust the output of the generator until the meter indicates 3 volts or more. Now adjust the signal generator frequency to 10.7 megacycles and turn the trimmer screw on the top of the discriminator until the voltage is zero. This is an extremely important adjustment. Reset the generator frequency to 10.775 and record the meter reading.

2. Reverse the meter connections and set the signal generator frequency to 10.625 megacycles. The meter reading now obtained must be within 10% of the reading recorded in the previous operation—if it is not, the discriminator alignment was not done accurately and must be repeated.

3. The discriminator may also be aligned using a 0-50 or 0-200 microammeter; if a vacuum tube voltmeter is not available. In this case, the detector output current is measured. Connect the microammeter to the same points specified in paragraph 1 and proceed in the manner outlined in paragraphs 1 and 2 of this section. In the operation described in paragraph 1, the meter reading should be at least 20 microamperes when the trimmers are peaked at 10.775 megacycles; if not, the generator should be adjusted until that value is obtained.

BAND NO. 1 R-F ALIGNMENT

It is essential that Band No. 1—the high frequency band, is aligned prior to the alignment of Band No. 2. If this is not done, Band No. 1 alignment will be incorrect.

1. Set the Band Selector switch to Band No. 1 and check that the dial pointer is in line with the last mark at the low frequency end of the dial calibration when the condenser gang is fully meshed. If it is not, slide the pointer on its string to the correct position, and crimp the lugs (on the rear of the pointer) tightly around the string and apply a drop of cement to hold the pointer in adjustment.

2. Connect the vacuum tube voltmeter to points "A" and "X" on the schematic diagram or connect a 0-50 or 0-200 microammeter in series with the "ground" end of the 220,000 ohm resistor in the grid circuit of the 6SH7 limiter tube at point "X" on the schematic diagram.

3. An extremely accurate signal generator is a necessity in making the following adjustments and it should be connected to the antenna post through a 300 ohm resistor. If such a generator is not available, connect an F-M antenna to the antenna terminal (A) and use an F-M transmitter for a frequency standard. It is preferable that this station be located in the high frequency end of the band—102 to 108 megacycles.

4. Set the signal generator (if one is used) and the F-M tuner to exactly 103 megacycles—if an F-M station is used as a frequency standard accurately set the tuner to the frequency of the F-M station and adjust the Band No. 1 oscillator trimmer for a maximum reading on the meter. Then adjust the Band No. 1 antenna trimmer and the r-f trimmer for a maximum meter indication. If too much signal is fed to the tuner, it might appear at several settings of the tuning dial and confuse the adjustment. When the adjustments are completed, the second harmonic of the oscillator frequency will be 10.7 megacycles lower than the signal frequency.

BAND NO. 2 R-F ALIGNMENT

1. With the meter still connected to the tuner, set the Band Selector switch to Band No. 2. Set the signal generator and the F-M tuner to exactly 48 megacycles. If an F-M station is used as a frequency standard (this station should be in the high frequency end of the band) accurately set the tuner to the frequency of the F-M station. Adjust the Band No. 2 oscillator trimmer for a maximum reading on the meter. Then adjust the Band No. 2 antenna trimmer and the r-f trimmer for the highest meter reading. On Band No. 2, the oscillator frequency will be 10.7 megacycles lower than the signal frequency. This completes the alignment—remove the meter from the circuit and if the ground circuit of the 220,000 ohm resistor in the grid circuit of the 6SH7 limiter tube was opened for the connection of a microammeter, ground the resistor to restore the circuit to normal.

DISCRIMINATOR ALIGNMENT

The accurate alignment of the discriminator transformer cannot be overemphasized. Incorrect alignment will result in badly distorted reception. The following steps should be followed in the order given:

1. A DC vacuum tube voltmeter is connected to the output circuit by connecting it from ground to point

MODEL CR-189A,
CR-189B
MODEL CR-192A,
CR-192B

THE MAGNAVOX CO.

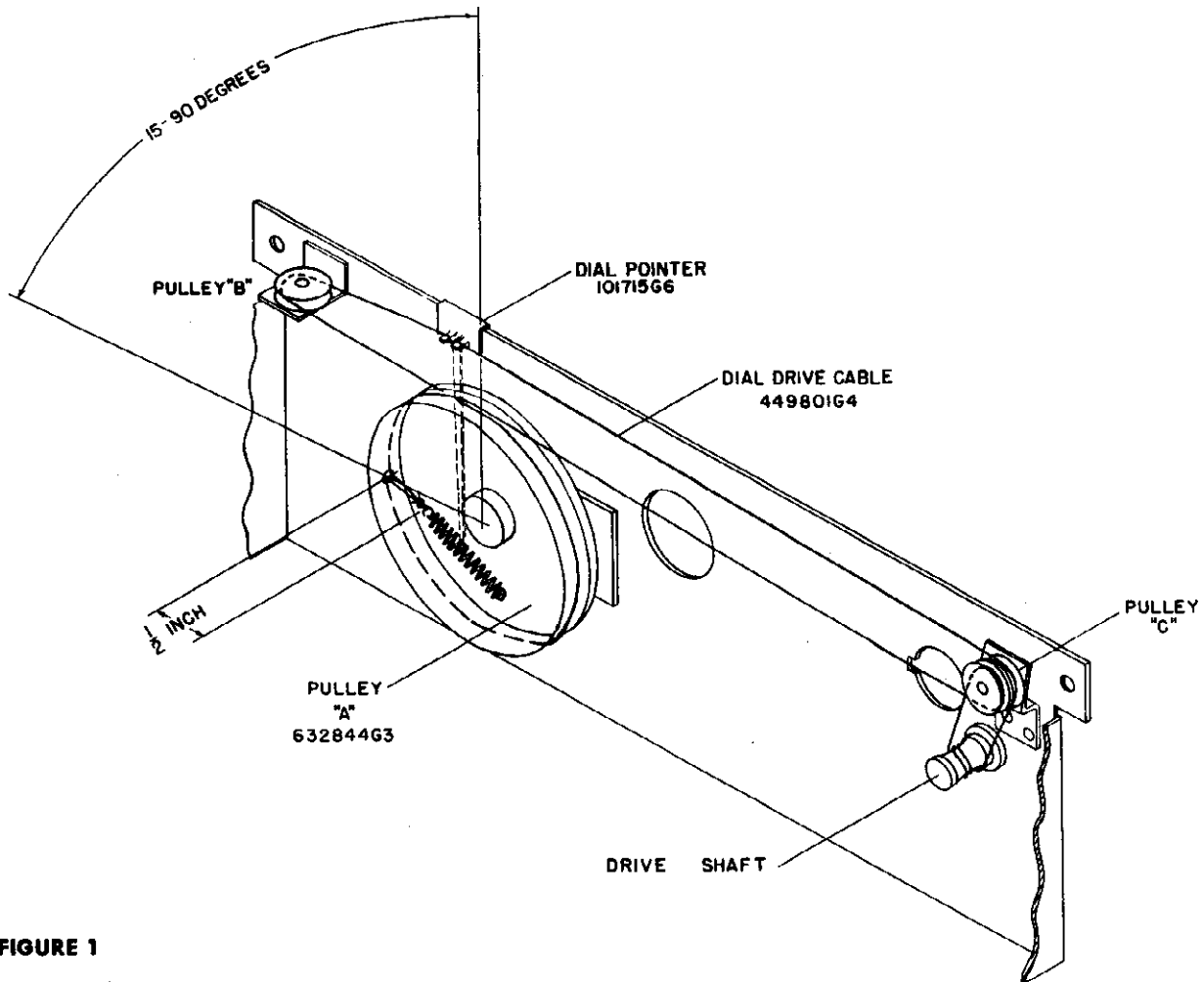


FIGURE 1

DIAL CORD REPLACEMENT

A single cable transmits motion from the dial tuning knob to rotate the condenser gang and to move the dial pointer. A 30-inch length of string is required to restring this assembly. After the broken cable is removed, turn pulley "A" (see Figure 1) until the condenser gang plates are completely meshed. In this condition, the small hole in the rim of pulley "A" should be within the limits of 15 to 90 degrees to the left of being vertical as shown in Figure 1. If this hole is at a different position from the condition specified, loosen the two screws in the coupling to the condenser gang and turn pulley "A" while holding the condenser plates meshed. Tighten the two set screws after the adjustment has been made.

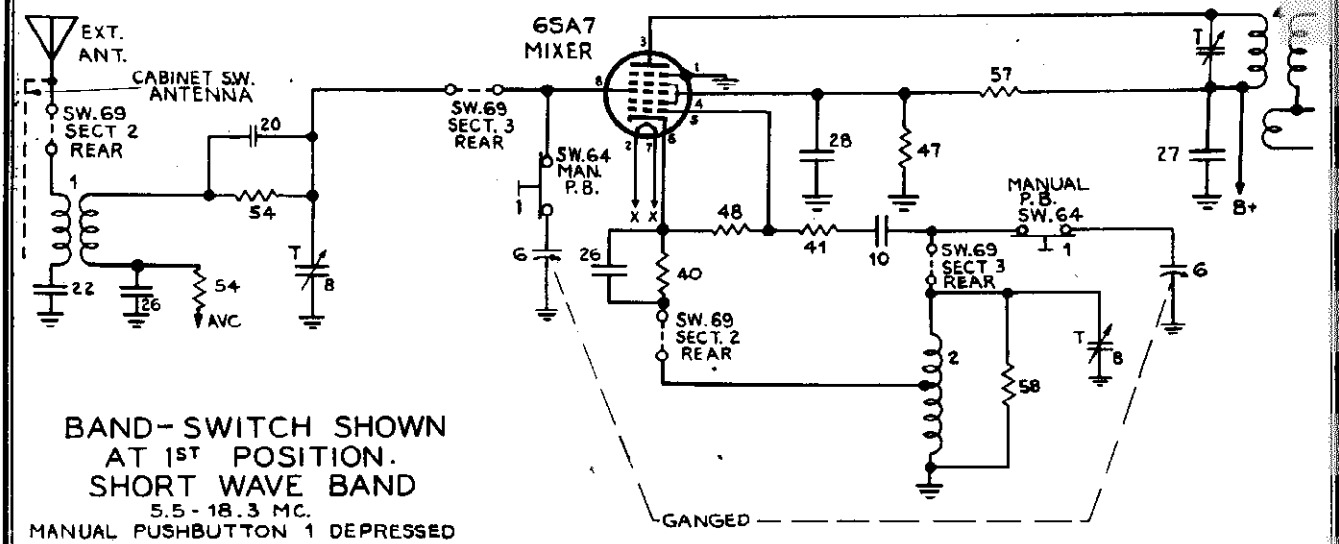
Lace one end of the new length of cable through the hole in pulley "A" and temporarily fasten it to the hook to which the spring is normally fastened. Make a complete turn around pulley "A" in a counter-clockwise direction, lace it around pulley "B," then across the rear of the dial scale and over the top of the front groove in pulley "C." Proceed down around the tuning shaft for $2\frac{1}{2}$ turns in a clockwise direction and wrapping the cable over pulley "D" from front to back. Continue up over the rear groove of pulley

"C" in a clockwise direction for one turn and extend the cable to the left so that the loose end is to the rear of the section of cable that it crosses. The loose end of the cable should now be wound over the top of pulley "A" so that it is nearest the dial frame and into the hole in the pulley groove. Remove the other end of the cable from the hook and while holding both ends taut, insert one end of the spring on the hook in pulley "A." Lace the two free ends of the cable through the opposite end of the spring and pull the cable until the spring is stretched to within $\frac{1}{2}$ -inch of the rim on the pulley. Tie a double knot so that the knot is around one coil of the spring, while maintaining tension on the cable.

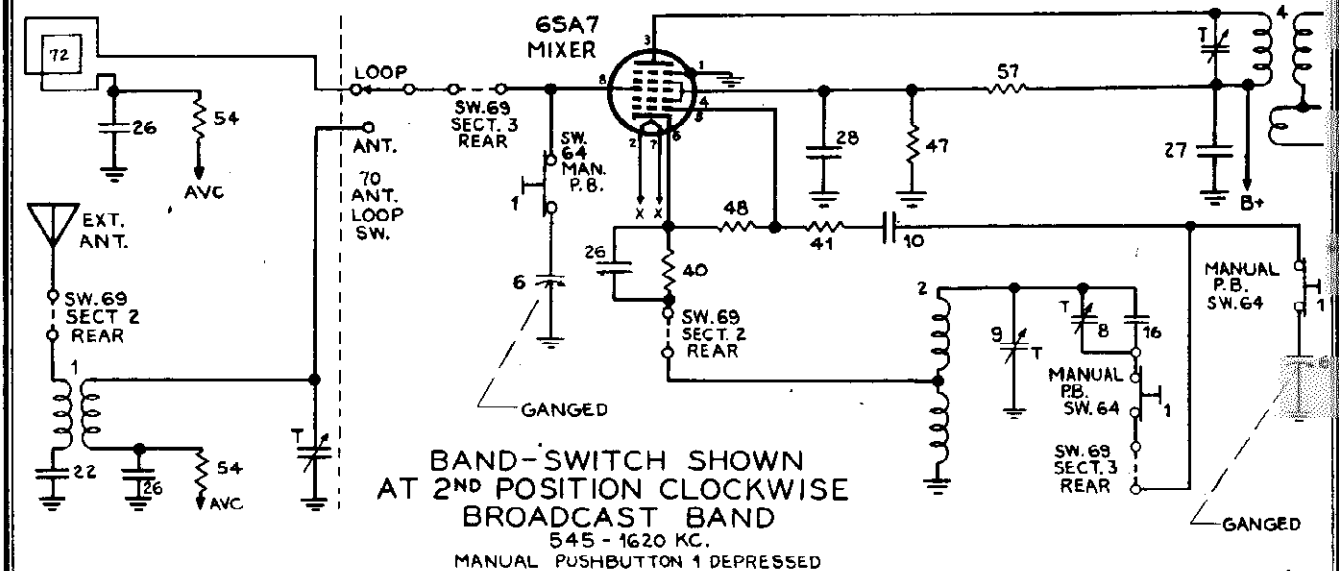
Turn the tuning control shaft until the condenser gang is completely meshed and slide the dial pointer on its track until it is in line with the last calibration mark at the low frequency end of the dial. Press the crimping lugs on the dial pointer together over the cable. After checking to see that the condenser gang is still completely meshed and the dial pointer is in the position specified previously, apply a few drops of cement to the cable where it is crimped by the pointer. This completes the operation.

THE MAGNAVOX CO.

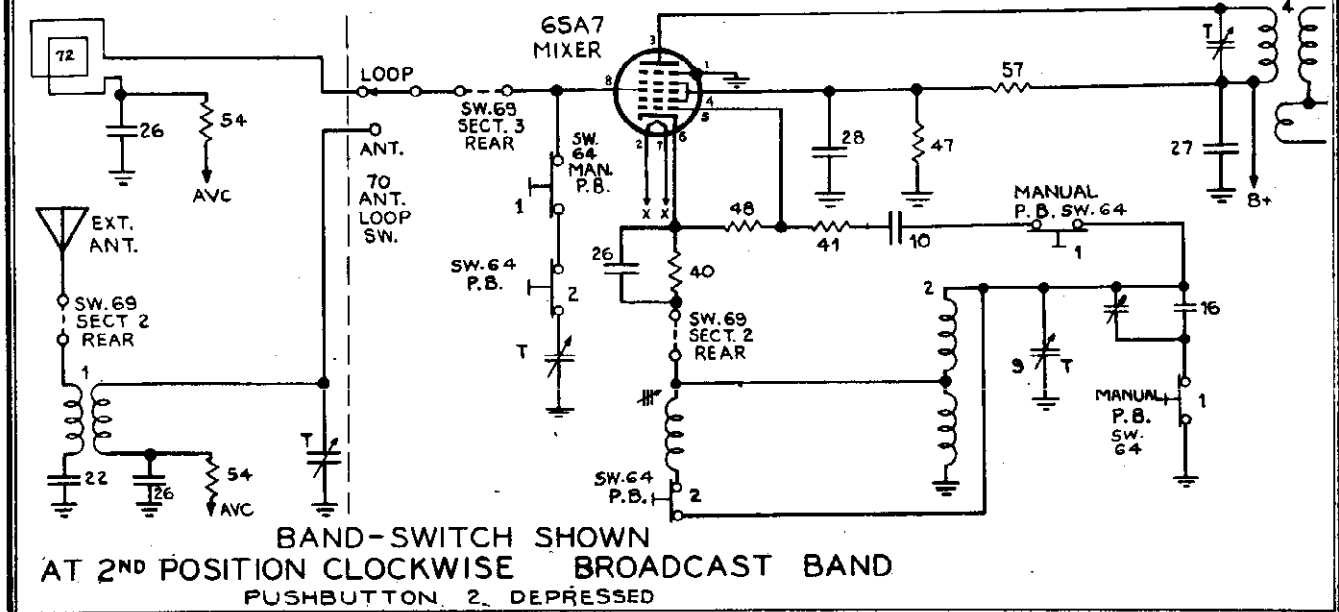
MODEL CR-190A,
190B
MODEL CR-194



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN AT 1ST POSITION.
SHORT WAVE BAND
5.5 - 18.3 MC.
MANUAL PUSHBUTTON 1 DEPRESSED



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN AT 2ND POSITION CLOCKWISE
BROADCAST BAND
545 - 1620 KC.
MANUAL PUSHBUTTON 1 DEPRESSED



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN AT 2ND POSITION CLOCKWISE BROADCAST BAND
PUSHBUTTON 2 DEPRESSED

DIAL CORD REPLACEMENT

As mentioned previously in this Service Bulletin, two types of drive mechanisms are used to transmit the motion from the dial tuning knob to the large pulley that is coupled to the condenser gang. These two arrangements are shown on Figures 1 and 2. The cable used to drive the dial pointer is strung the same on all CR-190A and CR-190B receivers. Separate instructions for installing a replacement belt or string on the CR-190A or CR-190B chassis are given below.

CR-190A Condenser Drive Belt Replacement—Hook one end of the belt on the right-hand edge of the slot in pulley "C" so that the smooth side contacts the pulley surface. Keeping the belt near the back of the groove in pulley "C" wrap it in a clockwise direction around that pulley (as indicated by the arrows on Figure 1) over the idler pulley and under the tuning control shaft; then around the opposite side of pulley "C". One end of the belt tension spring is hooked on the free end of the belt and the other end on the left-hand edge of the slot in pulley "C" completing the operation.

CR-190B Condenser Drive Cable Replacement—Slide a short length (approximately 1/2-inch) of sleeving over one end of a 19-inch length of dial cable, form a small loop and tie a knot in the manner shown on Figure 2. Hook this loop over the metal hook in pulley "C" and lace the cable through the pulley slot and around the pulley in a counter-clockwise direction when viewed from the rear of the panel, keeping the cable to the rear of the pulley groove. Lace the cable in the direction indicated by the arrow on Figure 2 wrapping 2 1/2 turns around the smaller diameter portion of the tuning control shaft from front to back; then around the opposite side of pulley "C". Loop one end of tension spring "D" on the right-hand edge of the slot in pulley "C"; thread the free end of the drive cable through the opposite end of spring "D" and pull back on the cable until the spring coils are stretched to approximately one inch. Tie a double knot in the cable while maintaining tension on the spring, completing the operation.

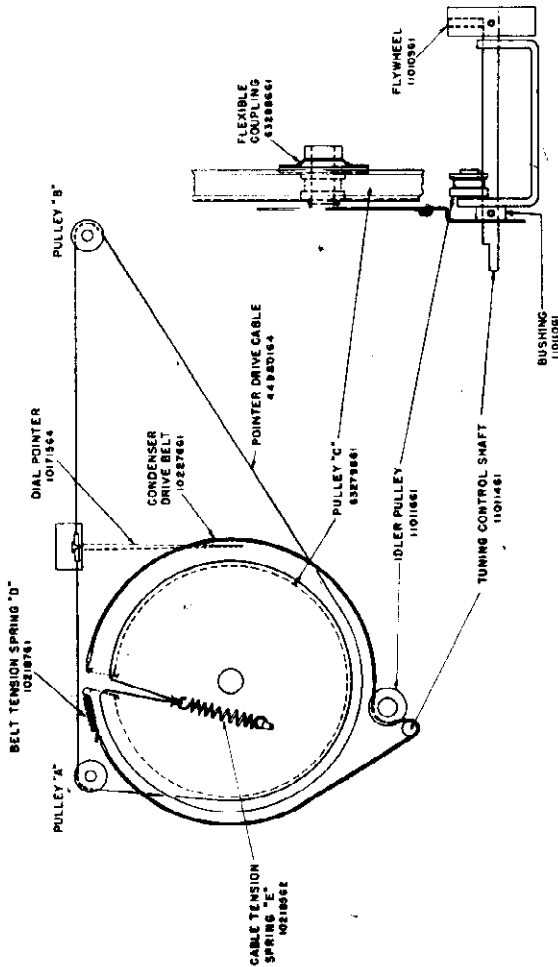


FIGURE 1

CR-190A and CR-190B Dial Pointer Drive Cable Replacement—Rotate the tuning control shaft until the slot in the groove of pulley "C" is up. Cut a piece of dial cable approximately 40 inches long and slide a short piece of sleeving over the cable. Tie a small loop in one end of the cable and temporarily hook it over the metal hook in pulley "C". Lace the other end through the slot in the pulley groove and in a counter-clockwise direction around the large pulley, then around pulley "B" and straight across the back of the dial frame; over pulley "A" and in a counter-clockwise direction around pulley "C". This last wrap around pulley "C" must be at the front of the pulley groove or nearest the panel. This is important! Lace the free end of the cable through the slot in pulley "C" and remove the other end of the cable from the hook. Fasten one end of tension spring "E" over the pulley hook and lace the two free ends of the drive

cable through the other end of the spring. Now pull back on the cable until the tension spring coils are stretched to approximately 1 1/2 inches. Tie a double knot in the cable while maintaining tension on the spring. Turn the tuning control shaft until the condenser gang is completely meshed and slide the dial pointer on its track until it is in line with the last calibration mark at the low frequency end of the dial. The short piece of sleeving installed prior to the stringing operation should be slid to the rear of the dial pointer and the crimping lugs on the dial pointer pressed together over the sleeving. After checking to see that the condenser gang is still completely meshed and the dial pointer is in the position specified previously, apply a few drops of cement to each end of the sleeving to which the dial pointer is fastened. This completes the operation.

THE MAGNAVOX CO.

MODEL CR-190A
 CR-190B
 MODEL CR-194

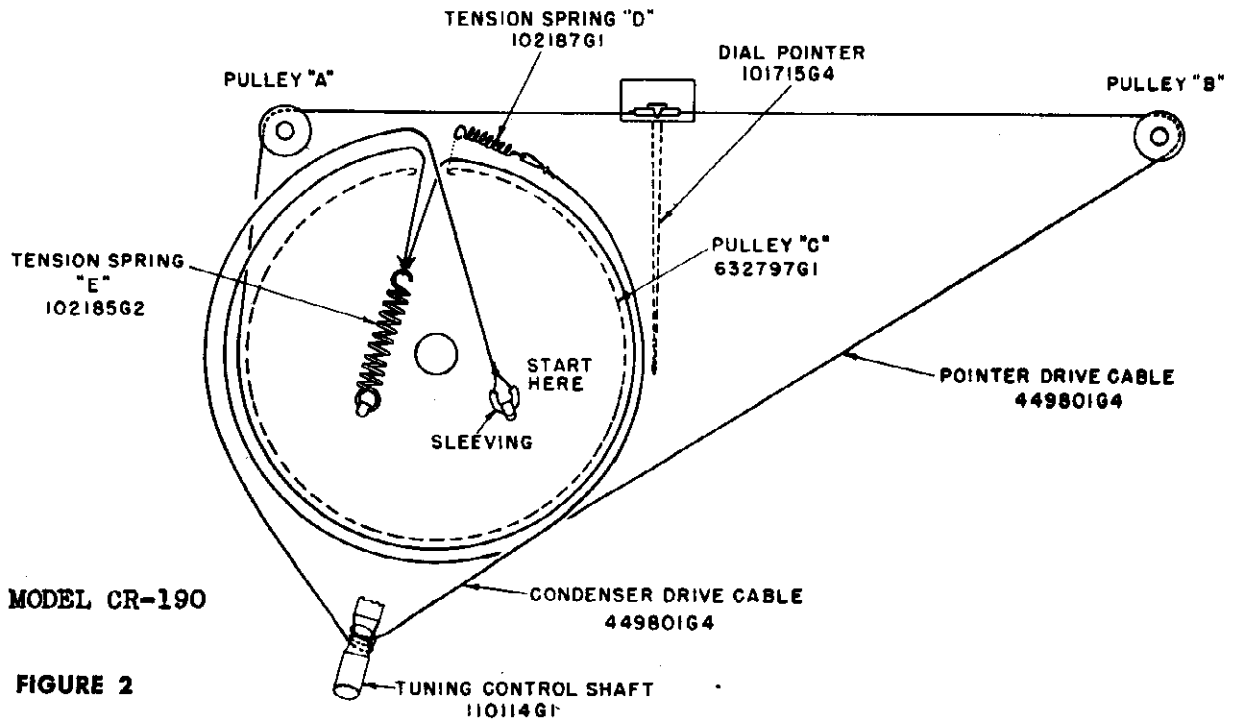


FIGURE 2

MODEL CR-190 **PUSH BUTTON ADJUSTMENTS** MODEL CR-194

There are six push buttons on the panel of the receiver, five of which may be pre-set to any station whose frequency is within the range covered by the respective buttons. See Figure 3. The right-hand button must be pressed for dial tuning.

Set-up Procedure—Turn on the receiver and allow it to operate for at least five minutes to permit tubes to reach normal operating conditions. Remove the push

button escutcheon plate and proceed in the following manner.

1. Turn the Band Control Switch knob to BDCST and press the push button at the right end of the assembly to permit dial tuning.
2. Using the Dial Tuning Control, carefully tune in the station to which the No. 1 push button is to be set and note the program. Be sure that the frequency of the station selected is within the frequency range covered by the No. 1 button.
3. Press the No. 1 button and carefully turn the oscillator screw for that button until the station that was tuned manually is heard. Carefully adjust the screw until the tuning indicator tube shows maximum deflection.
4. Adjust the No. 1 antenna trimmer for maximum speaker volume (tuning indicator tube shows maximum deflection).
5. Press the DIAL button to verify that the same station that was tuned manually was set up on the No. 1 button.
6. This completes the set-up of the No. 1 button. Follow the same procedure in setting up the remaining four buttons always adjusting the oscillator screw first, then the antenna trimmer screw.
7. After all five buttons have been set up, replace the escutcheon plate and insert the correct call letter tab in the space provided under each push button.

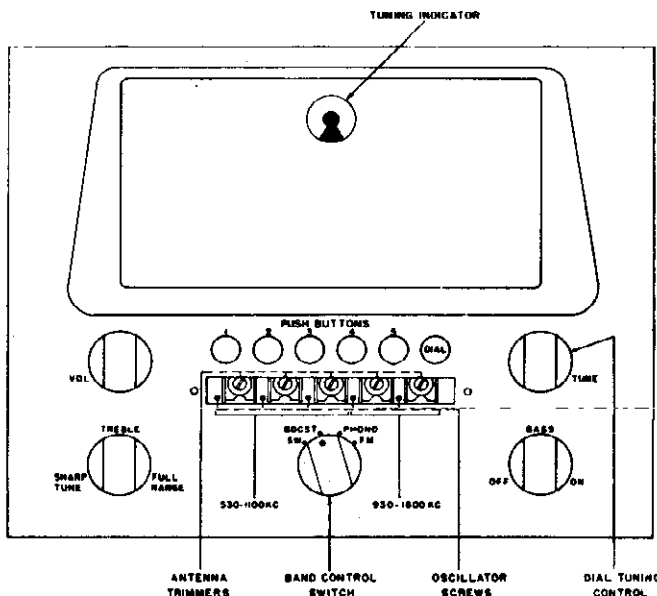


FIGURE 3

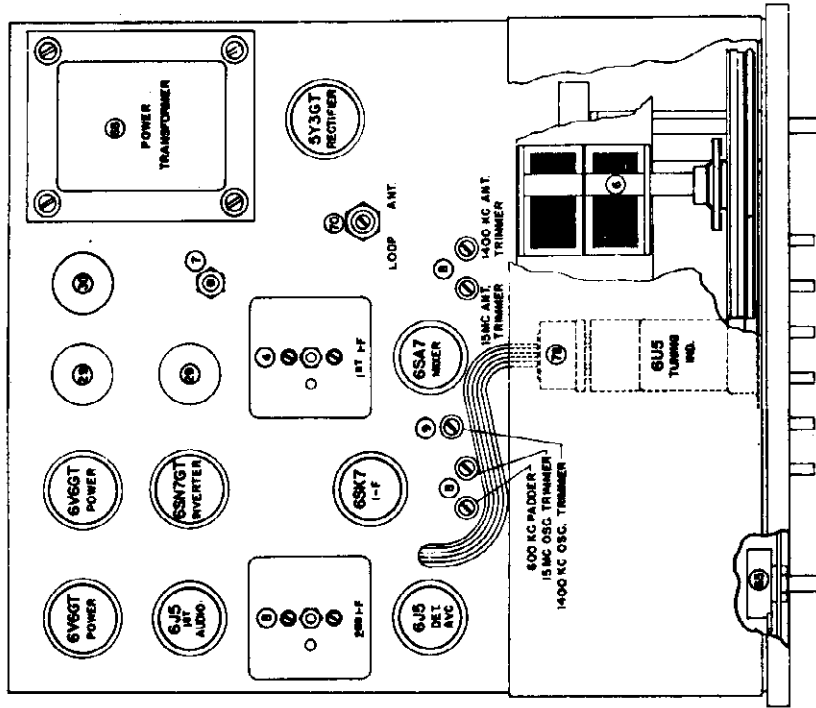
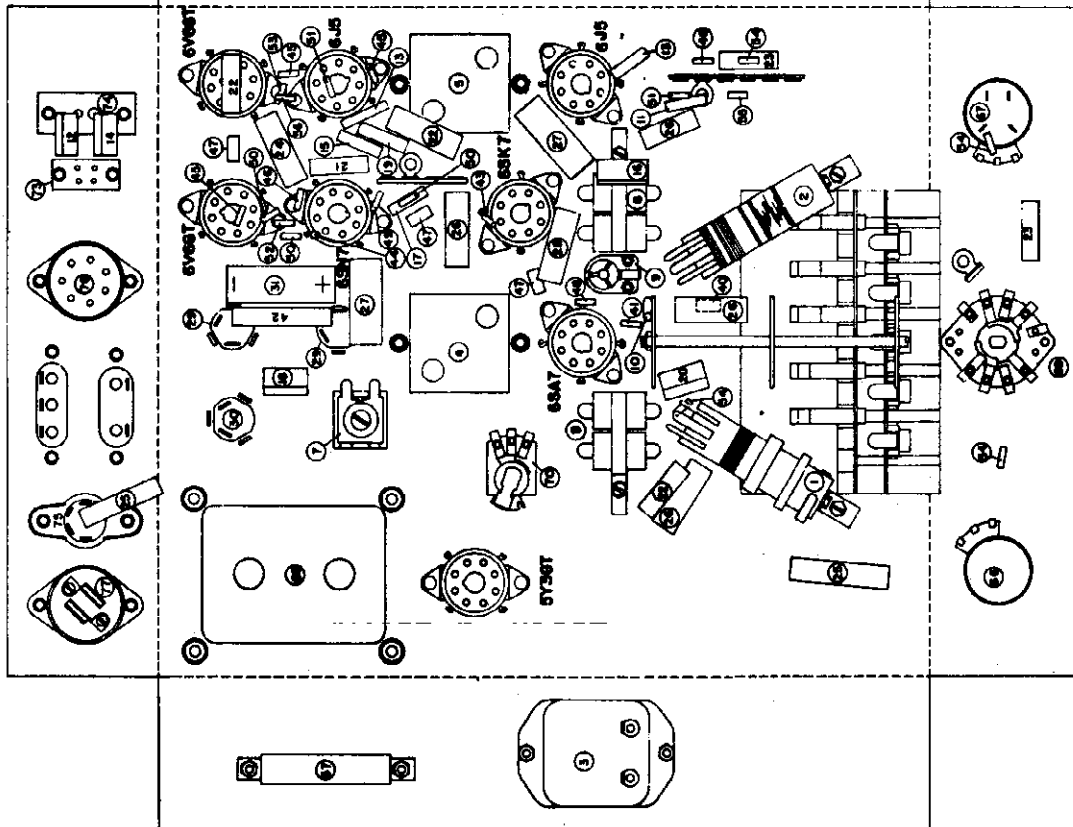


FIGURE 5



METHOD FOR REMOVING CHASSIS FROM CABINET

Model CR-190 radio chassis is designed for easy re-hooks near the front, ride inside the flanges on the metal from the cabinet in which it is installed. As sides of the chassis tray, push the chassis forward the radio panel is permanently fastened to the chassis as far as it will go and the hooks should then, on chassis, the control knobs need not be removed when gage the slots in the chassis tray. Replace the two chassis is taken out of the cabinet for service. To Phillips-head screws and nuts and tighten securely, remove the chassis, first remove the antenna leads. Replace all plugs in their receptacles and the antenna from their terminals and all plugs from the receiver, no leads on their correct terminals. The antenna terminals on the rear of the chassis. Then remove the metal board for the loop antenna connections is two Phillips-head screws from the angular slots in designated S-L-H. The end of the short wave antenna the flange at the rear of the chassis. Lift the rear of that is fastened to the inside of the cabinet connects the chassis about one inch and pull it straight back, to S. Always disconnect this antenna from terminal Never remove the chassis tray from the cabinet—it up noise. The two terminals on the loop are designated L and H. The leads connected to these terminals should be wired to the corresponding terminals in replacing the chassis, slide it so that the small terminals (I and H) on the chassis.

THE MAGNAVOX CO.

The alignment of this receiver requires the use of an accurately calibrated r-f signal generator and an output meter. All trimmer condenser locations are shown on the chassis layout diagram, Figure 5. The radio volume control should be turned to maximum and the signal generator output kept as low as possible during alignment to prevent the AVC from operating and giving false readings. *Always set the Selectivity Switch to SHARP TUNE before aligning the i-f stages.* This is done by turning the Treble Control counter-clockwise as far as possible.

I-F Alignment

1. Connect the output of the signal generator to the oscillator grid (pin No. 5) of the 6SA7 tube through a .00025 mfd. capacitor. The ground on the signal generator should be connected to the radio chassis ground.
 2. Turn the condenser gang until it is completely meshed (low-frequency end of dial calibration) and set the band selector switch to BDCST as for broadcast band reception.
 3. Adjust the signal generator to EXACTLY 455 kc. and peak the second i-f transformer and the first i-f transformer trimmers in that order.
- On early models of CR-190 chassis, the two i-f trimmers are located in the top of the respective i-f transformers as shown in the layout diagram, Figure 5. In later production, one trimmer is accessible from the top and the other from the bottom of each transformer.

Broadcast Band Alignment

1. Remove the signal generator lead from the 6SA7 grid and connect it to the radio antenna terminal through the .00025 mfd. capacitor. The ANT-LOOP switch (70) must be in the ANT setting.
2. Check the tuning dial pointer adjustment. When the plates of the tuning condenser are completely meshed, the dial pointer must be in line with the last calibration mark at the low frequency end of the dial. If it is not, slide the pointer on its string to the correct position. Be sure to crimp the leads (on the

rear of the pointer) tightly around the string to hold the pointer in adjustment.

3. With the band selector still set for broadcast band reception, adjust the signal generator and the radio receiver to 600 kc. While rocking the gang condenser a few degrees to the right and to the left, adjust the 600 kc. oscillator padder for maximum indication on the output meter.
4. Set the signal generator and the radio receiver to 1400 kc.; adjust the 1400 kc. oscillator trimmer and the 1400 kc. antenna trimmer for maximum output. If considerable adjustment was necessary, recheck the 600 kc. padder setting.

Short Wave Band Alignment

1. Set the band selector switch to SW as for Short Wave reception and substitute a 400 ohm resistor for the capacitor in series with the signal generator lead connected to the antenna terminal on the receiver.

2. Set the signal generator and the radio receiver to 15 mc.; then adjust the 15 mc. oscillator trimmer and the 15 mc. antenna trimmer for maximum output.

While adjusting the 15 mc. oscillator trimmer two peaks may be observed; only one is the correct peak for 15 mc. alignment. Screw in the trimmer to maximum capacity—then decrease the capacity until the first peak is observed. This is the correct one.

10 KC Filter Adjustment

This chassis incorporates a 10 kc. filter circuit to eliminate the beat note heard as a whistle between stations on the broadcast band. If the trimmer is out of adjustment, the following procedure should be observed.

1. Set the Selectivity Switch to FULL RANGE by turning the Treble Control knob clockwise as far as possible.
2. Connect the output of an audio oscillator to the phonograph pickup socket on the radio chassis and adjust the oscillator to EXACTLY 10,000 cycles.

3. Set the band selector to PHONO and adjust the 10 kc. trimmer (7) for minimum output.

4. If an audio oscillator is not available for making this adjustment, set the band selector to BDCST, connect an antenna to the receiver and set the gang condenser to a point between two stations on adjacent channels having approximately the same power. If the 10 kc. trimmer is out of adjustment, a whistle will be heard. Adjust the trimmer until the whistle is eliminated.

Special Service Information

The following information is provided for the serviceman who has a vacuum tube voltmeter or a similar measuring instrument available.

STAGE GAINS*

Antenna Post to Converter Grid at:	5.5
600 kc.	2.0
6 mc.	28
R-F on Converter Grid to I-F Grid at:	22
600 kc.	34
6 mc.	67
I-F Grid to Detector Plate at:	
455 kc.	
I-F on Converter Grid to I-F Grid at:	
455 kc.	

AUDIO GAIN

Voltage required across Volume Control to produce .05 watt speaker output** at 400 cycles is .010 volt with Band Selector Switch in BDCST setting.

OSCILLATOR OUTPUT VOLTAGE

The DC voltage developed across Oscillator Grid Resistor (48) at:

600 kc.	9.7
6 mc.	5.3

* Variations of $\pm 20\%$ are permissible. All readings made with sufficient input signal to provide .05 watt speaker output.

** .05 watt speaker output at 400 cycles is equivalent to a reading of 0.4 volts as measured by a high resistance AC voltmeter across the speaker voice coil.

MODEL CR-190A,
CR-190B
MODEL CR-193

THE MAGNAVOX CO.

CR-190

CR-193

REFERENCE NO.	DESCRIPTION	MAGNAVOX PART NO.	REFERENCE NO.	DESCRIPTION	MAGNAVOX PART NO.
1	Coil assembly, r-f, two band	360256G1	1	Coil assembly, r-f, two band	360238G1
2	Coil assembly, oscillator, two band	360255G1	2	Coil assembly, oscillator, two band	360239G1
3	Coil assembly, 10 kc filter	360240G1	3	Coil assembly, 10 kc filter	360240G1
4	Transformer, first i-f	360266G1	4	Transformer, first i-f	360266G1
5	Transformer, second i-f	360267G1	5	Transformer, second i-f	360267G1
6	Capacitor, variable, two-gang tuning	260056G1	6	Capacitor, variable, two-gang tuning	260053G1
7	Capacitor, variable, 10 kc trimmer	250008G1	7	Capacitor, variable, 10 kc trimmer	250008G1
8	Capacitor, variable, 2 gang trimmer	260021G1	8	Capacitor, variable, 2 gang trimmer	260021G1
9	Capacitor, variable, oscillator trimmer	260042G2	9	Capacitor, variable, oscillator padder	260042G2
10	Capacitor, ceramic, 50 mmf.	250088G24	10	Capacitor, ceramic, 50 mmf.	250088G24
11	Capacitor, molded mica, 100 mmf. ± 20%	250159G98	11	Capacitor, molded mica, 100 mmf. ± 20%	250159G98
12	Capacitor, molded mica, 100 mmf. ± 10%	250159G82	12	Capacitor, molded mica, 100 mmf. ± 10%	250159G82
13	Capacitor, molded mica, 220 mmf. ± 20%	250159G100	13	Capacitor, molded mica, 220 mmf. ± 20%	250159G100
14	Capacitor, molded mica, 330 mmf. ± 10%	250159G88	14	Capacitor, molded mica, 330 mmf. ± 10%	250159G88
15	Capacitor, molded mica, 270 mmf. ± 10%	250159G87	15	Capacitor, molded mica, 270 mmf. ± 10%	250159G87
16	Capacitor, silvered mica, 529 mmf. ± 1%	250085G34	16	Capacitor, silvered mica, 583 mmf. ± 1%	250085G33
17	Capacitor, molded mica, 470 mmf. ± 10%	260159G102	17	Capacitor, molded mica, 470 mmf. ± 10%	250159G102
18	Capacitor, molded mica, 1000 mmf. ± 20%	250160G82	18	Capacitor, molded mica, 1000 mmf. ± 20%	250160G82
19	Capacitor, molded mica, 1800 mmf. ± 10%	250160G67	19	Capacitor, molded mica, 1800 mmf. ± 10%	250160G67
20	Capacitor, molded mica, 5600 mmf. ± 2%	250161G7	20	Capacitor, molded mica, 5100 mmf. ± 2%	250161G6
21	Capacitor, paper, .003 mfd. 600 V.	250152G43	21	Capacitor, paper, .003 mfd. 400 V.	250152G43
22	Capacitor, paper, .01 mfd. 600 V.	250152G38	22	Capacitor, paper, .01 mfd. 600 V.	250152G38
23	Capacitor, paper, .01 mfd. 200 V.	250152G18	23	Capacitor, paper, .01 mfd. 200 V.	250152G18
24	Capacitor, paper, .02 mfd. 400 V.	250152G26	24	Capacitor, paper, .02 mfd. 400 V.	250152G26
25	Capacitor, molded paper, .02 mfd.	250129G3	25	Capacitor, molded paper, .02 mfd. 600 V.	250129G3
26	Capacitor, paper, .05 mfd. 200 V.	250152G15	26	Capacitor, paper, .05 mfd. 200 V.	250152G15
27	Capacitor, paper, .1 mfd. 400 V.	250152G22	27	Capacitor, paper, .1 mfd. 400 V.	250152G22
28	Capacitor, paper, .1 mfd. 200 V.	250152G13	28	Capacitor, paper, .1 mfd. 200 V.	250152G13
29	Capacitor, electrolytic, 10 mfd. 450 V.-20 mfd. 25 V.	270023G6	29	Capacitor, electrolytic, 10 mfd. 450 V., 20 mfd. 25V.	270023G6
30	Capacitor, electrolytic, 10-30 mfd. 450 V.	270023G2	30	Capacitor, electrolytic, 10-30 mfd. 450 V.	270023G2
31	Capacitor, electrolytic, 20 mfd. 25 V.	270027G2	31	Capacitor, electrolytic, 20 mfd. 25V.	270027G2
40	Resistor, composition, 150 ohm 1/2 W.	230084G8	40	Resistor, composition, 150 ohm 1/2 W.	230084G8
41	Resistor, composition, 220 ohm 1/2 W.	230084G9	41	Resistor, composition, 220 ohm 1/2 W.	230084G9
42	Resistor, composition, 220 ohm 2 W.	230064G54	42	Resistor, wire wound 125 ohm 10 W.	240021G11
43	Resistor, composition, 470 ohm 1/2 W.	230084G11	43	Resistor, composition, 470 ohm 1/2 W.	230084G11
44	Resistor, composition, 1500 ohm 1/2 W.	230084G14	44	Resistor, composition, 1500 ohm 1/2 W.	230084G14
45	Resistor, composition, 4700 ohm 1/2 W.	230084G17	45	Resistor, composition, 4700 ohm 1/2 W.	230084G17
46	Resistor, composition, 15,000 ohm ± 5% 1/2 W.	230084G187	46	Resistor, composition, 15,000 ohm ± 5% 1/2 W.	230084G187
47	Resistor, composition, 15,000 ohm 1 W.	230085G20	47	Resistor, composition, 15,000 ohm 1 W.	230085G20
48	Resistor, composition, 22,000 ohm 1/2 W.	230084G21	48	Resistor, composition, 22,000 ohm 1/2 W.	230084G21
49	Resistor, composition, 47,000 ohm 1/2 W.	230084G23	49	Resistor, composition, 47,000 ohm 1/2 W.	230084G23
50	Resistor, composition, 100,000 ohm 1/2 W.	230084G25	50	Resistor, composition, 100,000 ohm 1/2 W.	230084G25
51	Resistor, composition, 150,000 ohm 1/2 W.	230084G26	51	Resistor, composition, 150,000 ohm 1/2 W.	230084G26
52	Resistor, composition, 220,000 ohm ± 5% 1/2 W.	230084G215	52	Resistor, composition, 220,000 ohm ± 5% 1/2 W.	230084G215
53	Resistor, composition, 270,000 ± 10% 1/2 W.	230084G91	53	Resistor, composition, 270,000 ohm 1/2 W.	230084G91
54	Resistor, composition, 470,000 ohm 1/2 W.	230084G29	54	Resistor, composition, 470,000 ohm 1/2 W.	230084G29
55	Resistor, composition, 1 megohm 1/2 W.	230084G31	55	Resistor, composition, 1 megohm 1/2 W.	230084G31
56	Resistor, composition, 4.7 megohm 1/2 W.	230084G35	56	Resistor, composition, 4.7 megohm 1/2 W.	230084G35
57	Resistor, wire wound, 10,000 ohm	240035G2	57	Resistor, wire wound, 10,000 ohm	240035G2
58	Resistor, composition, 15,000 ohm 1/2 W.	230084G20	58	Resistor, composition, 15,000 ohm 1/2 W.	230084G20
65	Control, volume, 1 megohm	220044G15	59	Resistor, composition, 1000 ohm 2 W.	230064G62
66	Control, bass, 1 megohm, with power switch	220045G2	65	Control, volume, 1 megohm	220044G15
67	Control, treble, 1 megohm, with band expander sw.	220071G2	66	Control, bass, 1 megohm, with power switch	220045G2
68	Transformer, power, 117 V. 50/60 cycle	300025G1	67	Control, treble, 1 megohm, with band expander switch	220071G2
69	Switch, rotary, band selector	160156G1	68	Transformer, power, 117 V. 50/60 cycle	300025G1
70	Switch, rotary, loop to outdoor antenna	160157G1	69	Switch, rotary, band selector	160156G1
71	Switch assembly, muting	160158G1	70	Switch, rotary, loop to outdoor antenna	160157G1
72	Antenna, loop assembly	*	71	Switch assembly, muting	160158G1
73	Socket, external input	180060G1	72	Antenna, loop assembly	*
74	Socket, phonograph input	189741G1	73	Socket, external input	180060G1
75	Socket, phonograph motor	180501G5	74	Socket, phonograph input	189741G1
76	Socket, speaker	180393G3	75	Socket, phonograph motor	180501G5
77	Socket, FM power	180422G1	76	Socket, speaker	180393G3
78	Socket and cable assembly, tuning indicator	180423G1	77	Socket, FM power	180422G1
			78	Socket & Cable assembly, tuning indicator	180423G1
				Dial glass assembly	150283G1

Due to the fact that a change was made in the mechanical construction of the dial assembly after the first CR-190 radio chassis production run, it is important that you follow the procedure outlined below in ordering replacement glass dials. If the glass dial for which a replacement is required is marked 150269, order a 150278 dial glass assembly. If the glass is marked 150282, order a 150280 dial glass assembly. These assemblies include the rubber strips cemented in their correct positions.

*The part number of the loop antenna assembly changes with different cabinets. It is therefore important that you specify the Style Number of the instrument when ordering a replacement loop antenna assembly.

THE MAGNAVOX CO.

MODEL CR-192A,
CR-192B

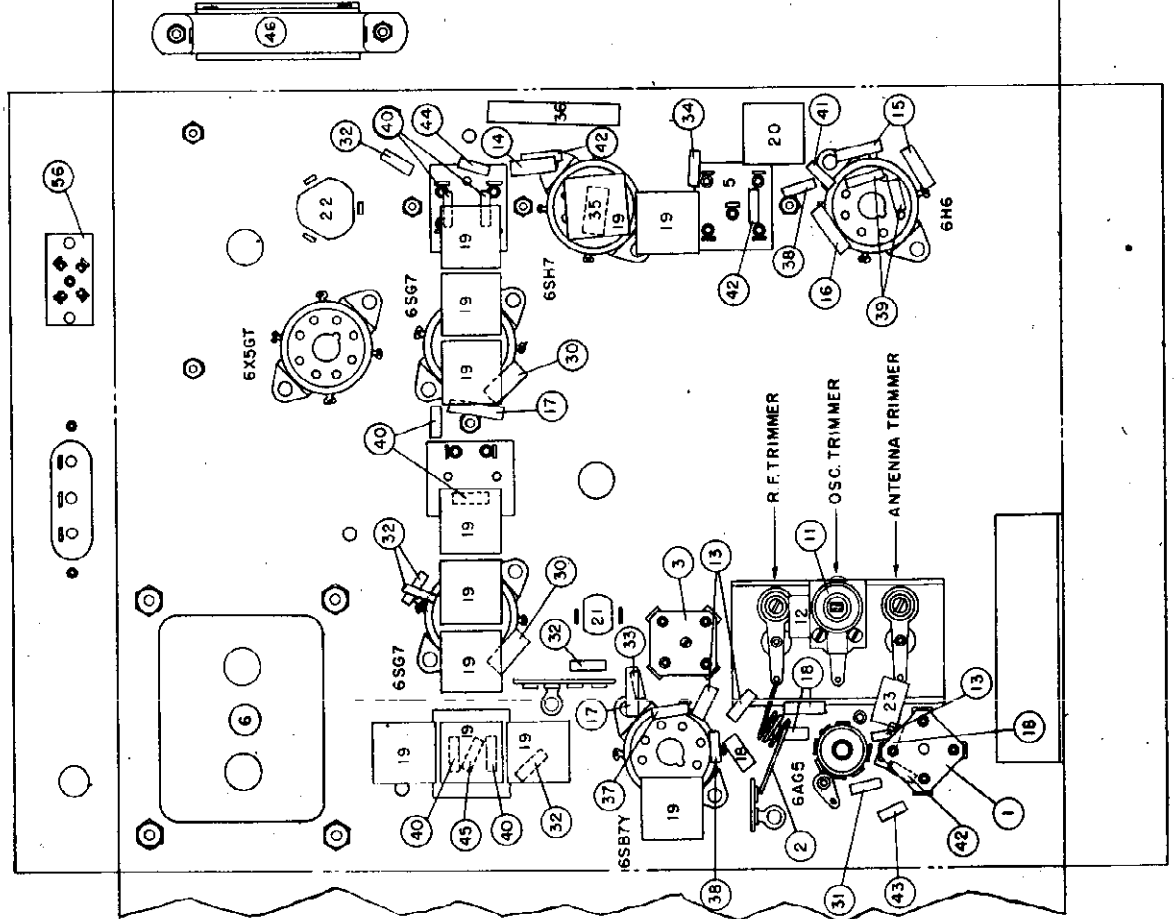
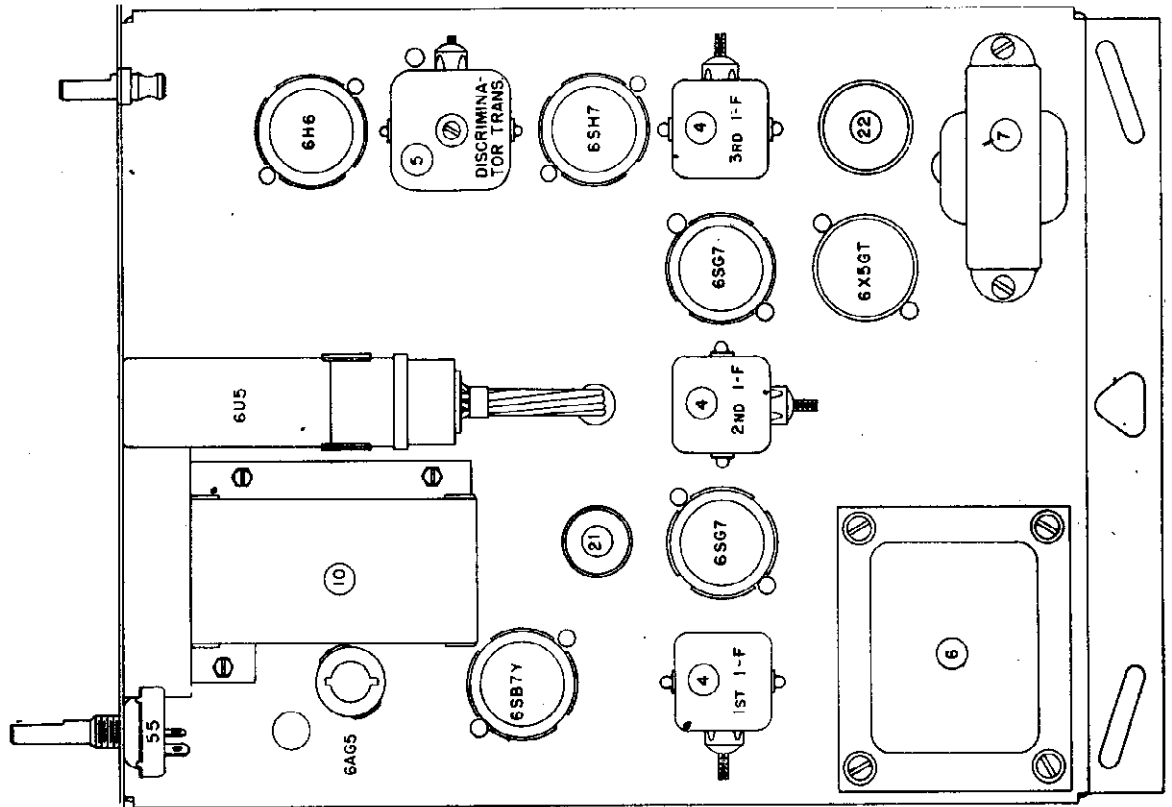
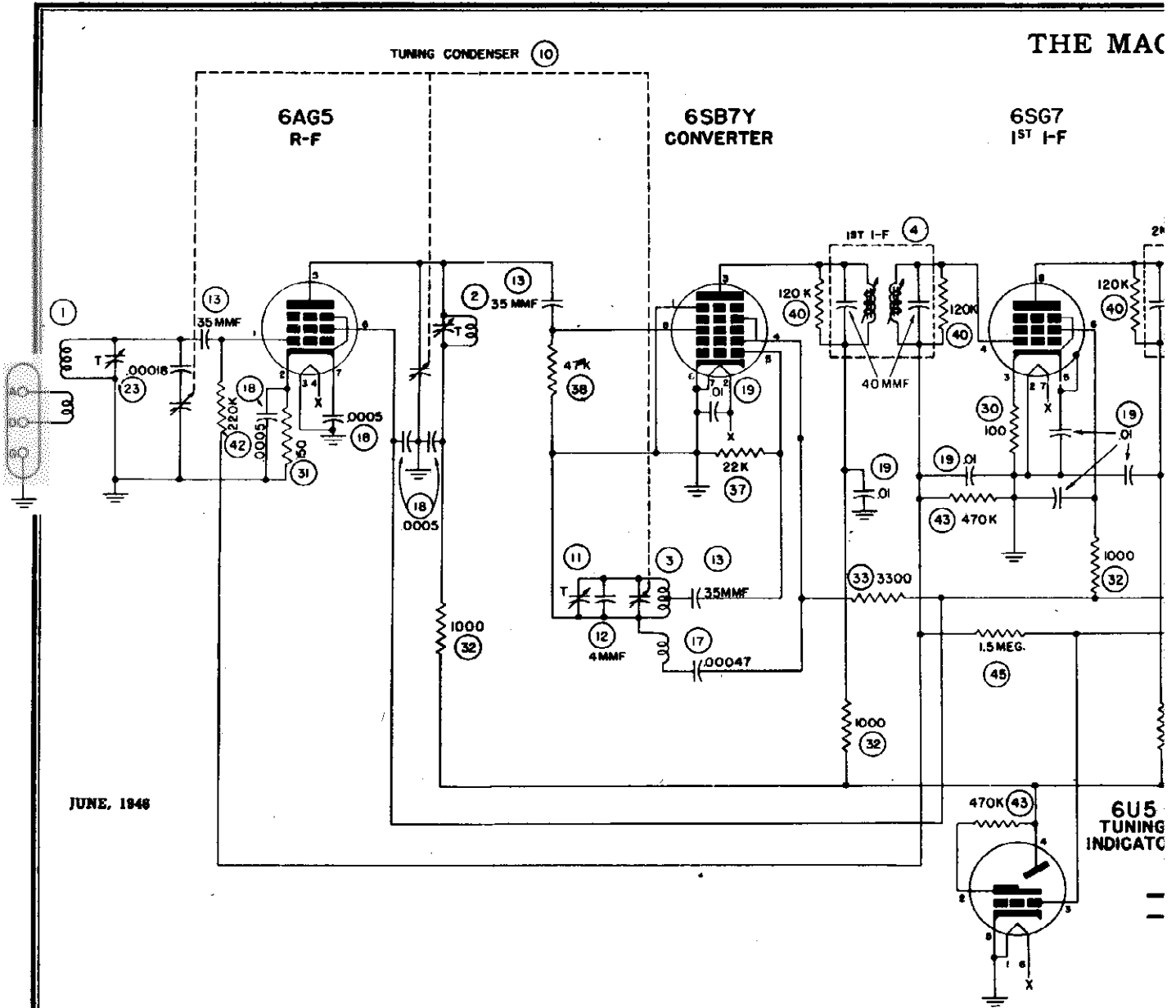
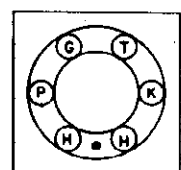


FIGURE 3



JUNE, 1946

VOLTAGE TABLE
 MEASURE HEATER AND FILAMENT VOLTAGES DIRECTLY ACROSS SOCKET TERMINALS. ALL OTHER VOLTAGES MEASURED FROM SOCKET TERMINAL TO GROUND WITH A 1000 OHMS/VOLT VOLTMETER. HEATERS (H) 6.3 VOLTS A.C. MEASURE CATHODES ON 30 VOLT SCALE. ALL OTHERS ON 600 VOLT SCALE. LINE VOLTAGE 117 V. A.C. 60 WATTS.



TUNING INDICATOR SOCKET BACK VIEW

ALL ELECTRICAL VALUES SHOWN ARE IN MICROFARADS OR OHMS UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.

I-F 10.7 MC

Model CR-192 series Modulation tuners F-M receptacle on ceiver. Because of the fact F-M tuner must be the suffix letters A certify the change in d of this F-M tuner w CR-192B; when the is provided, the m CR-192A.

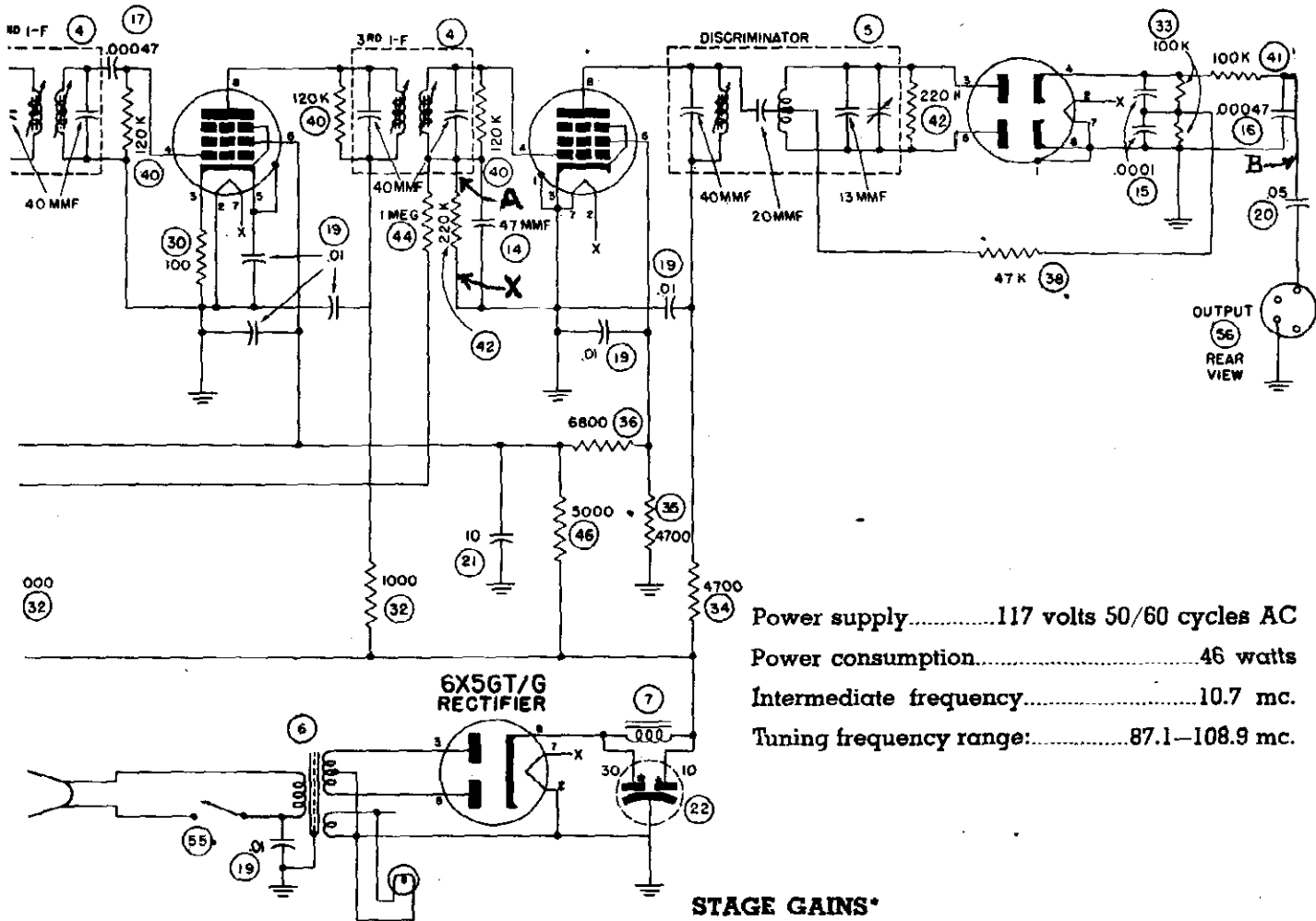
GNAVOX CO.

MODEL CR-192A,
CR-192B

6SG7
2ND I-F

6SH7
LIMITER

6H6
DETECTOR



Power supply.....117 volts 50/60 cycles AC
 Power consumption.....46 watts
 Intermediate frequency.....10.7 mc.
 Tuning frequency range:.....87.1-108.9 mc.

Dial Lamp.....Mazda No. 51

STAGE GAINS*

Antenna Post to R-F Grid through 300-ohm resistor at:
 98 mc.....1.0
 R-F to Converter Grid at:
 98 mc.....17.5
 R-F on Converter Grid to 1st I-F Grid at:
 98 mc.....8.3
 I-F on Converter Grid to 1st I-F Grid at:
 10.7 mc.....9.2
 I-F on 1st I-F Grid to 2nd I-F Grid at:
 10.7 mc.....34
 2nd I-F Grid to Limiter Grid at:
 10.7 mc.....33

OSCILLATOR GRID VOLTAGE

The DC voltage developed across Oscillator Grid resistor (37) at:
 98 mc.....7.0

*Variations of ± 20% are permissible. All readings made with sufficient signal to provide 15 millivolts output at 400 cycles with 22.5 kc. modulation.

radio chassis are Frequency-
 signed for connection to the
 y Magnavox A-M radio re-

it in some cabinets the CR-192
 uted in an inverted position,
 B on the model number iden-
 mounting. The model number
 an inverted dial assembly is
 ight dial assembly mounting.
 l number of the chassis is

MODEL CR-192A,
CR-192B

THE MAGNAVOX CO.

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

The alignment of this F-M tuner is made in three major steps namely, I-F alignment, Discriminator alignment and R-F alignment. An F-M generator is not required in aligning this F-M tuner. Any accurately calibrated signal generator covering a range in the vicinity of 10.7 megacycles may be used in aligning the I-F and the Discriminator stages. For R-F alignment, the generator must cover the tuning range of the tuner or approximately 87 to 110 megacycles. If such a signal generator is not available, this alignment may be made by using an F-M radio station as a frequency standard.

I-F ALIGNMENT

1. Connect the "high" side of the signal generator to Grid 3 (pin #8) of the 6SB7Y converter tube and the "low" side of the generator to the radio chassis.
2. If a vacuum tube voltmeter is available, connect it across the 220,000 ohm resistor in the grid circuit of the 6SH7 limiter tube at points designated "A" and "X" on the schematic diagram (Figure 2) to measure the limiter grid bias voltage. Set the signal generator to exactly 10.7 megacycles and adjust the third, the second and the first i-f transformer trimmers in that order for maximum reading on the meter. A reading of 2 to 8 volts should be considered normal.
3. If a vacuum tube voltmeter is not available, connect a 0-50 or 0-200 microammeter in series with the "ground" end of the 220,000 ohm resistor in the grid circuit of the 6SH7 limiter tube at point "X" on the schematic diagram. Set the signal generator to exactly 10.7 megacycles and adjust the third, the second and the first i-f transformer trimmers in that order for maximum meter readings. A normal reading will be in the range of 10 to 35 microamperes. At the completion of these adjustments, remove the microammeter and ground the 220,000 ohm resistor to the point where it was originally connected.

DISCRIMINATOR ALIGNMENT

The accurate alignment of the discriminator transformer cannot be overemphasized. Incorrect alignment will result in badly distorted reception. The following steps should be followed in the order given:

1. A DC vacuum tube voltmeter is connected to the output circuit by connecting it from ground to point "B" on the schematic diagram. This measures the detector output voltage. Adjust the signal generator frequency to exactly 10.775 megacycles and adjust both trimmers on the discriminator transformer for maximum reading. If the indicated voltage is less than 3 volts readjust the output of the generator until the meter indicates 3 volts or more. Now adjust the

signal generator frequency to 10.7 megacycles and turn the trimmer screw on the top of the discriminator until the voltage is zero. *This is an extremely important adjustment.* Reset the generator frequency to 10.775 and record the meter reading.

2. Reverse the meter connections and set the signal generator frequency to 10.625 megacycles. The meter reading now obtained must be within 10% of the reading recorded in the previous operation—if it is not, the discriminator alignment was not done accurately and must be repeated.

3. The discriminator may also be aligned using a 0-50 or 0-200 microammeter if a vacuum tube voltmeter is not available. In this case, the detector output current is measured. Connect the microammeter to the same points specified in paragraph 1 and proceed in the manner outlined in paragraphs 1 and 2 of this section. In the operation described in paragraph 1, the meter reading should be at least 20 microamperes when the trimmers are peaked at 10.775 megacycles; if not, the generator should be adjusted until that value is obtained.

R-F ALIGNMENT

1. Check that the dial pointer is in line with the last mark at the low frequency end of the dial calibration when the condenser gang is fully meshed. If it is not, slide the pointer on its string to the correct position, and crimp the lugs (on the rear of the pointer) tightly around the string and apply a drop of cement to hold the pointer in adjustment.
2. Connect the vacuum tube voltmeter to points "A" and "X" on the schematic diagram or connect a 0-50 or 0-200 microammeter in series with the "ground" end of the 220,000 ohm resistor in the grid circuit of the 6SH7 limiter tube at point "X" on the schematic diagram.
3. An extremely accurate signal generator is a necessity in making the following adjustments and it should be connected to the antenna post through a 300 ohm resistor. If such a generator is not available, connect an F-M antenna to the antenna terminal (A) and use an F-M transmitter for a frequency standard. It is preferable that this station be located in the high frequency end of the band—102 to 108 megacycles.
4. Set the signal generator (if one is used) and the F-M tuner to exactly 108 megacycles—if an F-M station is used as a frequency standard accurately set the tuner to the frequency of the F-M station and adjust the oscillator trimmer for a maximum reading on the meter. Then adjust the antenna trimmer and the r-f trimmer for a maximum meter indication. If too much signal is fed to the tuner, it might appear at several settings of the tuning dial and confuse the adjustment. When the adjustments are completed, the second harmonic of the oscillator frequency will be 10.7 megacycles lower than the signal frequency.

THE MAGNAVOX CO.

METHOD FOR REMOVING CHASSIS FROM CABINET

As the control panel is permanently fastened to the tuner in all models except those mounted in the Regency Symphony combination, it is not necessary to remove the control knobs from the cabinet. The instructions immediately following are for all combinations except the Regency Symphony. Separate instructions for removing the CR-192A chassis from that instrument are shown in this section.

Before removing the chassis, disconnect the antenna and ground leads from their terminals, and the output and the power cables from their receptacles. While holding the rear of the chassis in place with one hand, remove the two Phillips-head screws from the angular slots in the flange at the rear of the chassis. Then while lowering the chassis, pull back

on it to disengage the hooks from the slots in the tray to which the chassis is mounted, and withdraw the chassis from the cabinet.

In replacing the chassis, slide it in so that the small hooks near the front ride inside the flanges on the sides of the chassis tray. Push the chassis forward as far as it will go so that the hooks engage the slots in the chassis tray; then lift up the rear of the chassis until the guide pin in the chassis tray projects through the triangular opening the flange on the rear of the F-M chassis. Now pull back on the chassis. A ledge on the guide pin referred to above, will hold the chassis in place while the mounting screws are started into the captivated nuts on the top of the chassis tray. These nuts are accessible through the rear of the cabinet.

angular slots in the chassis flange and the Phillips-head screws should be turned in to within a few turns of being tight. Now slide the chassis forward until its panel is flush with the panel of the A-M radio chassis and tighten the two Phillips-head screws securely, completing the replacement operation.

REGENCY SYMPHONY. To remove the CR-192A chassis from the Regency Symphony first remove the antenna and ground leads from their terminals and the output and power cables from their receptacles. Then pull the control knobs from their shafts and remove the two fancy-head screws from the front panel. Next, remove the two Phillips-head screws from the angular slots in the flange at the rear of the chassis and pull the chassis out of the rear of the cabinet.

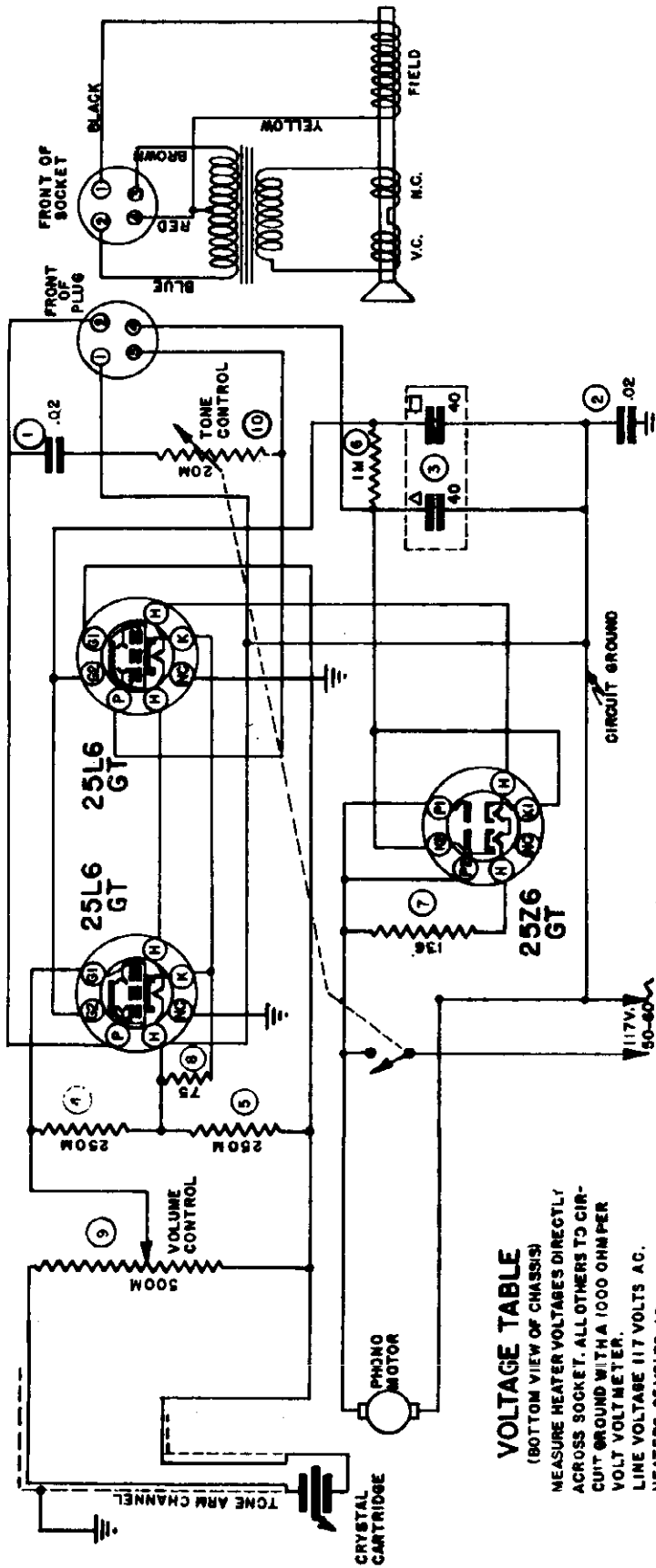
REFERENCE NO.

DESCRIPTION

MAGNAVOX PART NO.

1	Coil assembly, antenna.....	360270G1	30	Resistor, composition, 100 ohm 1/2 W.....	230084G7
2	Coil assembly, r-f.....	360271G1	31	Resistor, composition, 220 ohm 1/2 W.....	230084G9
3	Coil assembly, oscillator.....	360263G1	32	Resistor, composition, 1000 ohm 1/2 W.....	230084G13
4	Transformer, i-f.....	360256G1	33	Resistor, composition, 3300 ohm 1/2 W.....	230084G16
5	Transformer, discriminator.....	360255G1	34	Resistor, composition, 4700 ohm 1/2 W.....	230084G17
6	Transformer, power, 117 volt 50/60 cycle.....	360030G1	35	Resistor, composition, 4700 ohm 1 W.....	230085G17
7	Choke, filter.....	350032G1	36	Resistor, composition, 6800 ohm 2 W.....	230061G18
10	Capacitor, variable, three-gang tuning.....	260059G1	37	Resistor, composition, 22,000 ohm 1/2 W.....	230084G21
11	Capacitor, trimmer 1.5-7 mmf.....	260067G1	38	Resistor, composition, 47,000 ohm 1/2 W.....	230084G23
12	Capacitor, ceramic, 4 mmf.....	250088G28	39	Resistor, composition, 100,000 ohm 1/2 W. ±20%.....	230084G25
13	Capacitor, ceramic, 35 mmf.....	250088G26	40	Resistor, composition, 120,000 ohm 1/2 W. ±10%.....	230084G87
14	Capacitor, molded mica, 47 mmf.....	250159G36	41	Resistor, composition, 100,000 ohm 1/2 W. ±10%.....	230084G86
15	Capacitor, molded mica, 100 mmf.....	250159G38	42	Resistor, composition, 220,000 ohm 1/2 W.....	230084G27
16	Capacitor, molded mica, 470 mmf. +10%.....	250159G30	43	Resistor, composition, 470,000 ohm 1/2 W.....	230084G29
17	Capacitor, molded mica, 470 mmf. +20%.....	250159G102	44	Resistor, composition, 1 megohm 1/2 W.....	230084G31
18	Capacitor, ceramic, 500 mmf.....	250088G31	45	Resistor, composition, 1.5 megohm 1/2 W.....	230084G32
19	Capacitor, paper, .01 mfd. 600V.....	250129G2	46	Resistor, wire wound, 5000 ohm, 5 W.....	240035G4
20	Capacitor, paper, .05 mfd. 600V.....	250129G5	55	Switch, rotary, power.....	160163G1
21	Capacitor, electrolytic, 10 mid. 450V.....	270026G3	56	Socket, output.....	180050G1
22	Capacitor, electrolytic, 30-10 mid. 475V.....	270023G2		Calibrated glass dial—CR-192A.....	150287G1
23	Capacitor, molded mica, 180 mmf.....	250159G53		Calibrated glass dial—CR-192B.....	150287G2

THE MAGNAVOX CO.



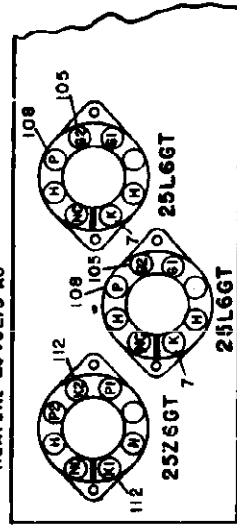
VOLTAGE TABLE

(BOTTOM VIEW OF CHASSIS)
MEASURE HEATER VOLTAGES DIRECTLY
ACROSS SOCKET. ALL OTHERS TO CIR-
CUIT GROUND WITH A 1000 OHM PER
VOLT VOLTMETER.
LINE VOLTAGE 117 VOLTS AC.
HEATERS 25 VOLTS AC

Ref. No.

Magnavox Part No.

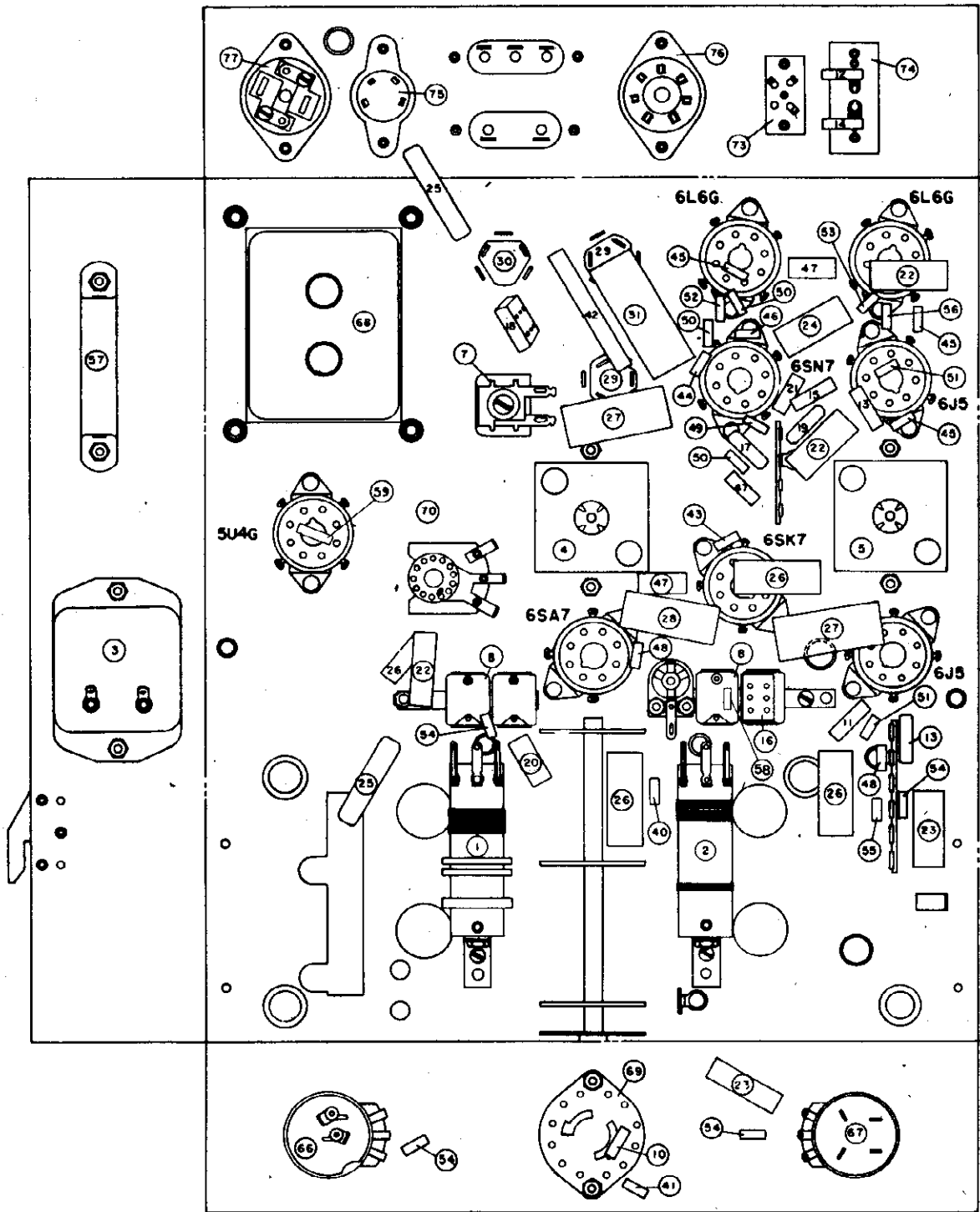
1	Capacitor, molded paper, .02 mfd. 600 V.	250056
2	Capacitor, molded paper, .02 mfd. 600 V.	250056
3	Capacitor, electrolytic, 40-40 mfd. 150 V.	270013
4	Resistor, carbon, 250,000 ohm 1/2 W.	230010
5	Resistor, carbon, 250,000 ohm 1/2 W.	230010
6	Resistor, carbon, 1000 ohm	239745
7	Resistor, wire wound, 136 ohm 15 W.	240014
8	Resistor, wire wound, 75 ohm 5 W.	230056
9	Control, volume, 500,000 ohm	220032
10	Control, tone with power switch, 20,000 ohm ...	220021



Primary voltage	117 V. AC-DC;
Power consumption	65 watts;
Power output	3 watts;
Vacuum Tubes	2 - 25L6GT; 1 - 25Z6GT;
Speaker: Field Coil	* 1800 ohms;
Transformer	** 3000 ohms;

* DC resistance. ** Primary impedance.

Socket, octal marked 25L6GT	180128
Socket, octal marked 25Z6GT	180129
Knob, control stamped VOLUME	140035
Knob, control stamped OFF-ON-TONE	140036



**SPEC
INF**

The following information is provided for the service man who has a vacuum tube voltmeter or a similar measuring instrument available.

STAGE GAINS*

Antenna Post to Converter Grid at:

600 kc.	5.5
6 mc.	2.0

R-F on Converter to I-F Grid at:

600 kc. ....	.....
6 mc. ....	.....

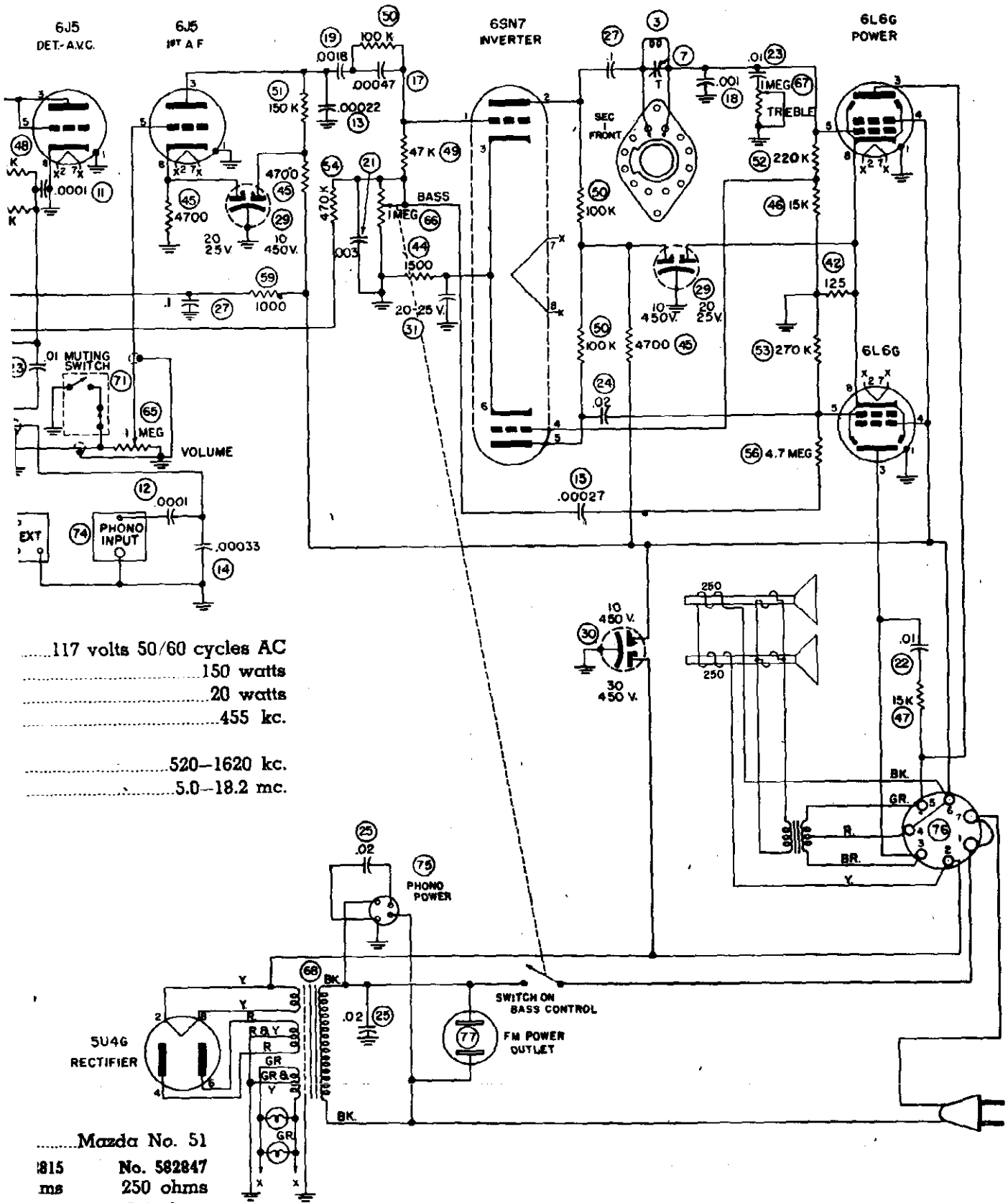
I-F on Converter Grid to I-F Grid at:

455 kc.
--------------	-------

I-F Grid to Detector Plate at:

455 kc.
--------------	-------

GNAVOX CO.



.....117 volts 50/60 cycles AC
 150 watts
 20 watts
 455 kc.
 520-1620 kc.
 5.0-18.2 mc.

Mazda No. 51
 1815 No. 582847
 ms 250 ohms
 ms 5.4 ohms
 5,000/3 ohms

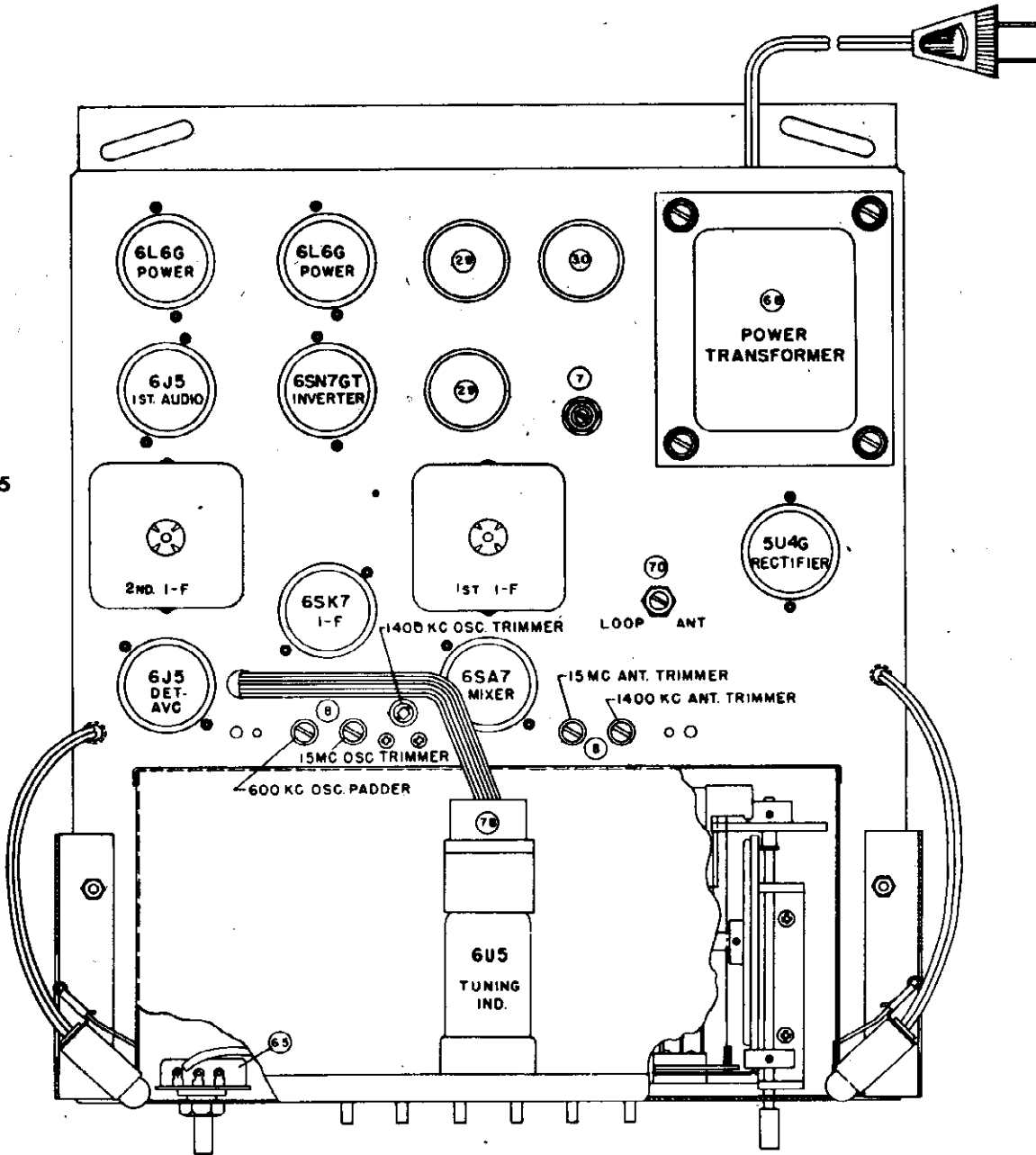


FIGURE 5

L SERVICE MATION

OSCILLATOR OUTPUT VOLTAGE

The DC voltage developed across Oscillator Grid Resistor (48) at:

600 kc.	5.6
6 mc.	6.0

AUDIO GAIN

Voltage required across Volume Control to produce .05 watt speaker output** at 400 cycles is .010 volt with Band Selector Switch in BDCST setting.

* Variations of $\pm 20\%$ are permissible. All readings made with sufficient input signal to provide .05 watt speaker output.
 ** .05 watt speaker output at 400 cycles is equivalent to a reading of 0.4 volts as measured by a high resistance AC voltmeter across the voice coil of either speaker.

THE MAGNAVOX CO.

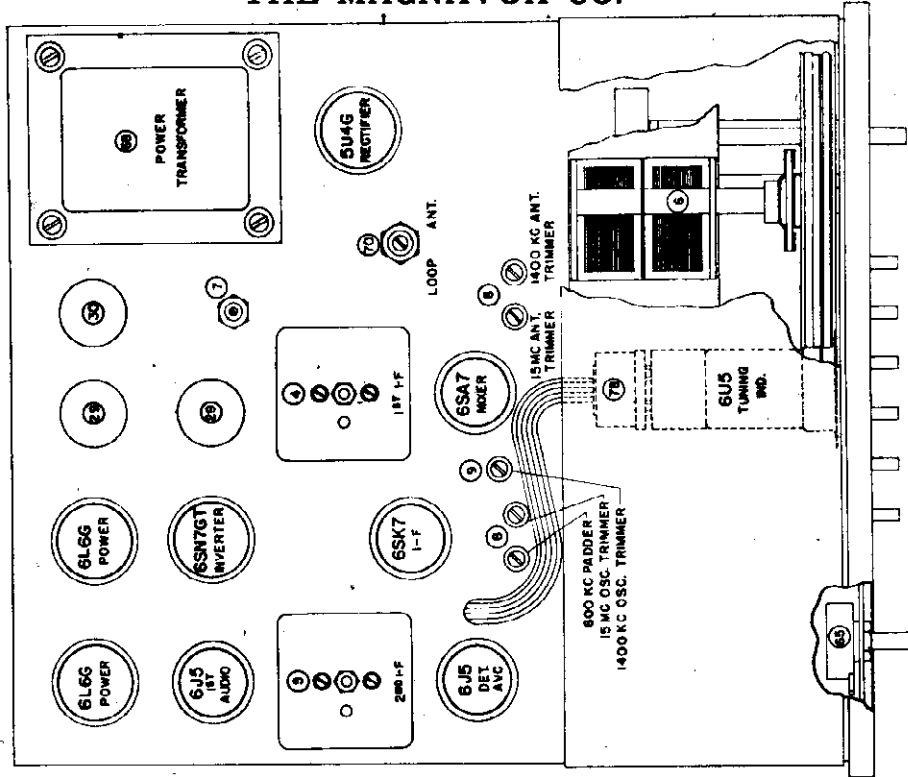
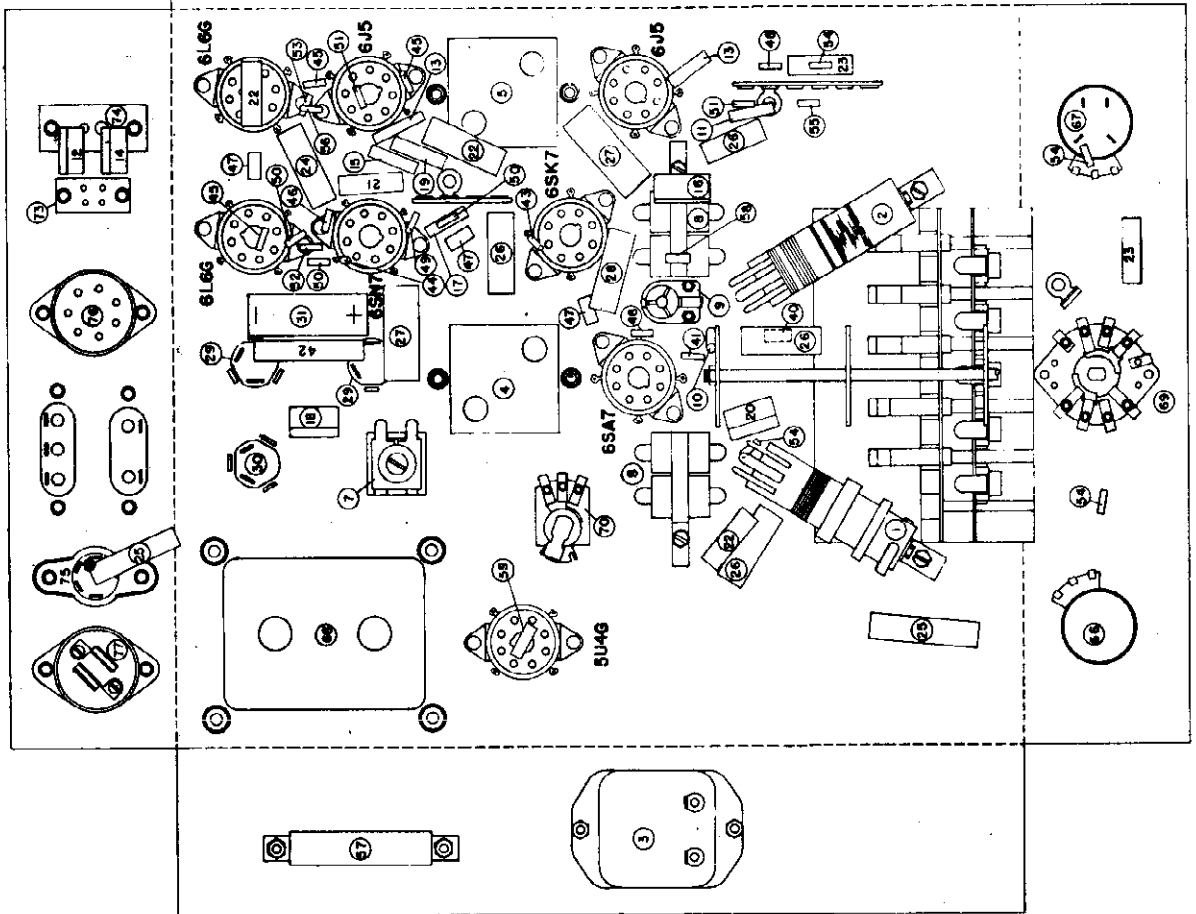
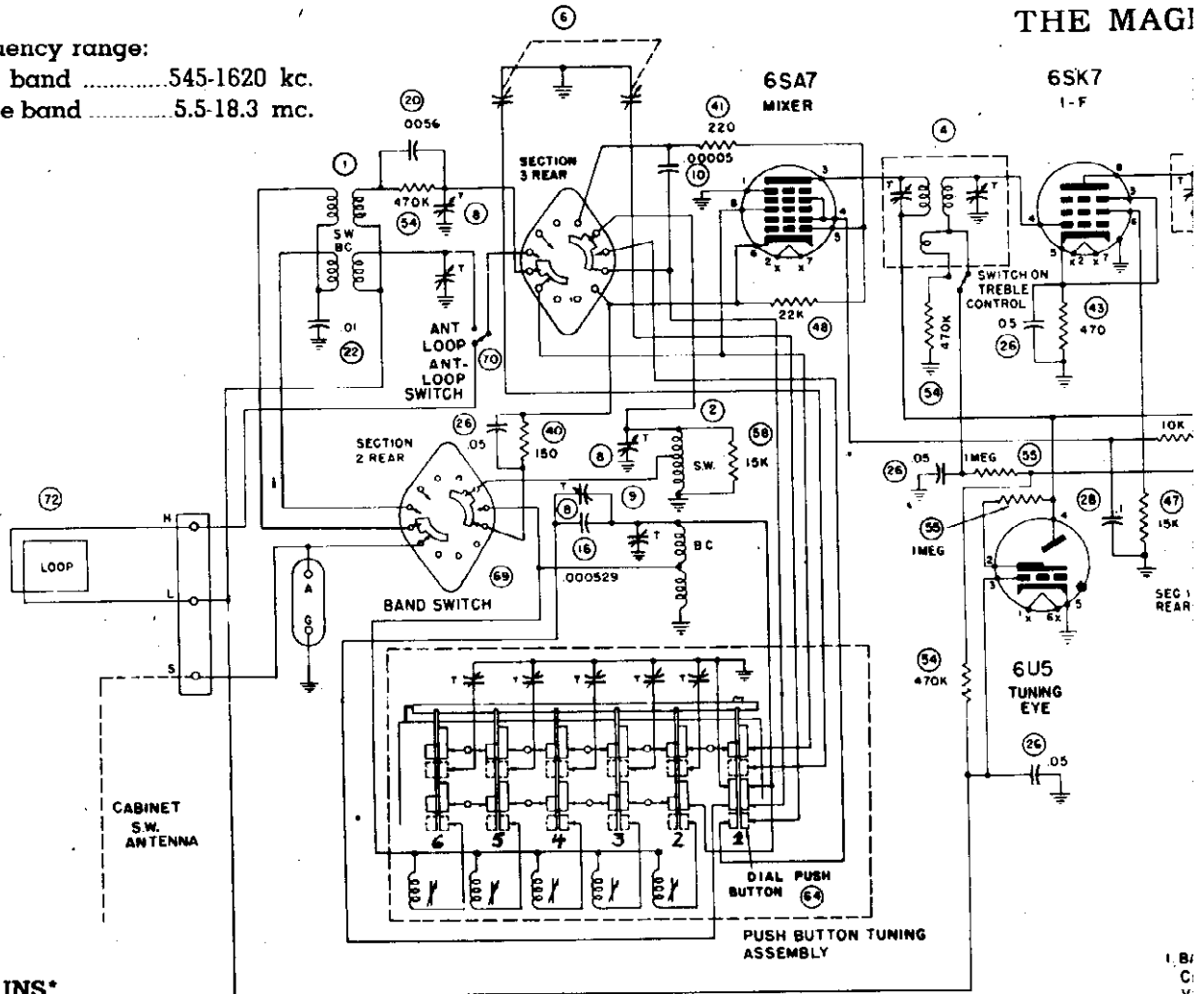


FIGURE 4



Tuning frequency range:
 Broadcast band 545-1620 kc.
 Short wave band 5.5-18.3 mc.



STAGE GAINS*

Antenna Post to Converter Grid at:	
600 kc.	5.5
6 mc.	2.0
R-F on Converter Grid to I-F Grid at:	
600 kc.	28
6 mc.	22
I-F on Converter Grid to I-F Grid at:	
455 kc.	34
I-F Grid to Detector Plate at:	
455 kc.	67

AUDIO GAIN

Voltage required across Volume Control to produce .05 watt speaker output** at 400 cycles is .010 volt with Band Selector Switch in BDCST setting.

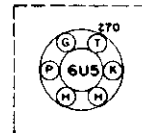
OSCILLATOR OUTPUT VOLTAGE

The DC voltage developed across Oscillator Grid Resistor (48) at:

600 kc.	9.7
6 mc.	5.3

* Variations of 20% are permissible. All readings made with sufficient input signal to provide .05 watt speaker output.
 ** .05 watt speaker output at 400 cycles is equivalent to a reading of 0.4 volts as measured by a high resistance AC voltmeter across the voice coil of either speaker

TUNING EYE SOCKET BACK VIEW



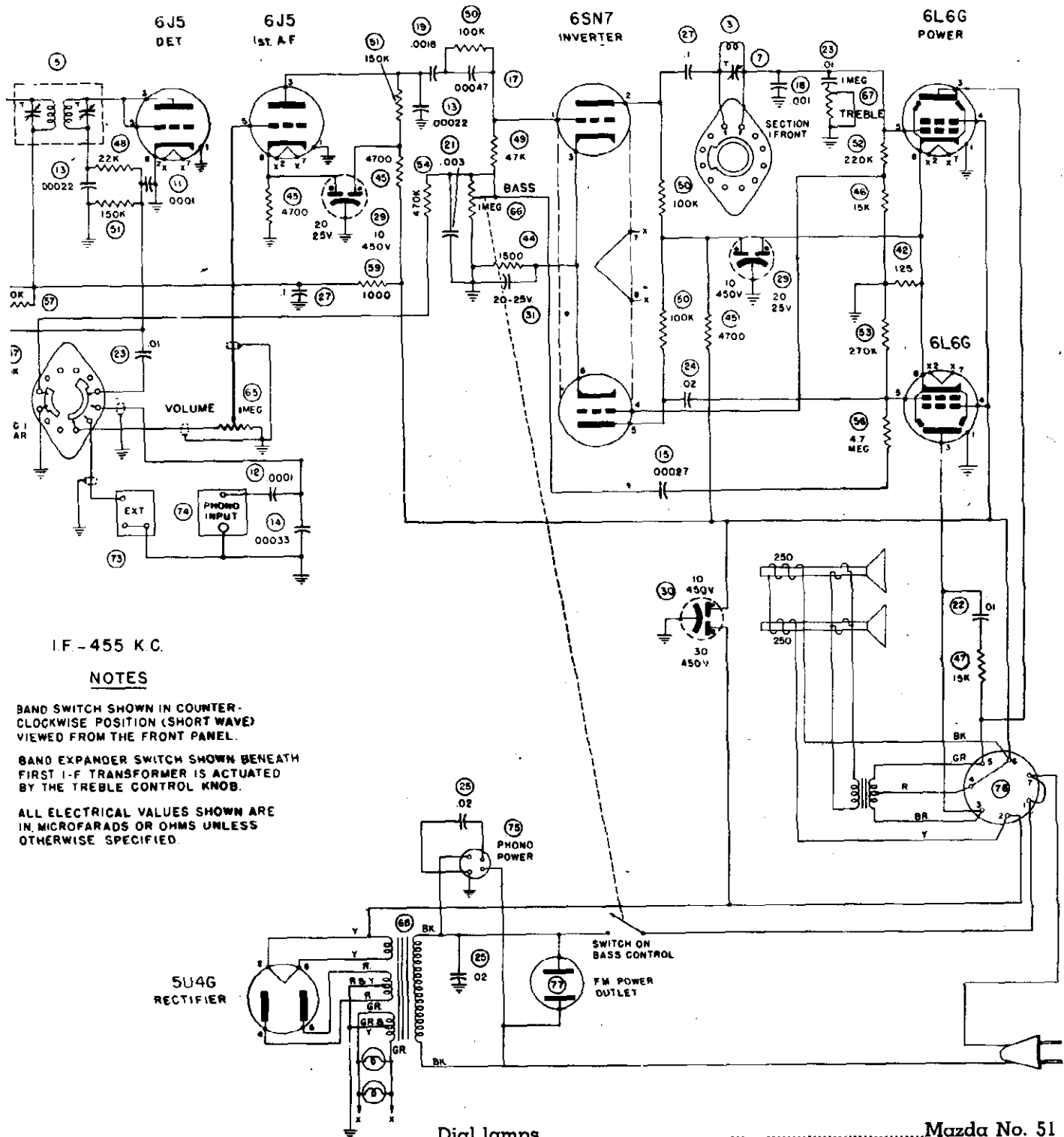
VOLTAGE TABLE

NOTES— MEASURE HEATER AND FILAMENT VOLTAGES DIRECTLY ACROSS SOCKET TERMINALS. ALL OTHER VOLTAGES MEASURED FROM SOCKET TERMINAL TO GROUND WITH A 1000 OHM/VOLT VOLTMETER WITH BANDSWITCH IN SHORT WAVE POSITION.
 (H) HEATERS 6.3 VOLTS A.C. MEASURE CATHODES ON 30V SCALE - ALL OTHERS ON 600 V. SCALE. LINE VOLTAGE 117 V. A.C. 94 WATTS.

I. B
C.
V
2. B
F
B
J. A
II
C

FRONT

MAGNAVOX CO.



I.F. - 455 K.C.

NOTES

BAND SWITCH SHOWN IN COUNTER-CLOCKWISE POSITION (SHORT WAVE) VIEWED FROM THE FRONT PANEL.

BAND EXPANDER SWITCH SHOWN BENEATH FIRST I-F TRANSFORMER IS ACTUATED BY THE TREBLE CONTROL KNOB.

ALL ELECTRICAL VALUES SHOWN ARE IN MICROFARADS OR OHMS UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.

Dial lamps	Mazda No. 51	
Speaker:	No. 582815	No. 582847
Field coil resistance.....	250 ohms	250 ohms
Voice coil impedance (400 cycles).....	5.7 ohms	5.4 ohms
Output transformer.....	None	5,000/3 ohms
Power supply	117 volts 50/60 cycles AC	
Power consumption.....	150 watts	
Power output.....	20 watts	
Intermediate frequency	455 kc.	

THE MAGNAVOX CO

METHOD FOR REMOVING CHASSIS FROM CABINET

Model CR-194 radio chassis is designed for easy removal from the cabinet in which it is installed. As the radio panel is permanently fastened to the chassis, the control knobs need not be removed when the chassis is taken out of the cabinet for service. To remove the chassis, first remove the antenna leads from their terminals and all plugs from the receptacles on the rear of the chassis. Then remove the two Phillips-head screws from the angular slots in the flange at the rear of the chassis. Lift the rear of the chassis about one inch and pull it straight back.

Never remove the chassis tray from the cabinet—it has been properly positioned to bring the radio panel in place when the chassis is replaced.

In replacing the chassis, slide it so that the small hooks near the front, ride inside the flanges on the sides of the chassis tray. Push the chassis forward as far as it will go and the hooks should then engage the slots in the chassis tray. Replace the two Phillips-head screws and nuts and tighten securely. Replace all plugs in their receptacles and the antenna leads on their correct terminals. The antenna terminal board for the loop antenna connections is designated S-L-H. The end of the short wave antenna that is fastened to the inside of the cabinet connects to S. Always disconnect this antenna from terminal S when an outdoor antenna is used as it may pick up noise. The two terminals on the loop are designated L and H. The leads connected to these terminals should be wired to the corresponding terminals (L and H) on the chassis.

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

The alignment of this receiver requires the use of an accurately calibrated i-f signal generator and an output meter. All trimmer condenser locations are shown on the chassis layout diagram, Figure 4. The radio volume control should be turned to maximum and the signal generator output kept as low as possible during alignment to prevent the AVC from operating and giving false readings. Always set the Selectivity Switch to SHARP TUNE before aligning the i-f stages. This is done by turning the Treble Control counter-clockwise as far as possible.

I-F Alignment.

1. Connect the output of the signal generator to the oscillator grid (pin No. 5) of the 6SA7 tube through a .00025 mfd. capacitor. The ground on the signal generator should be connected to the radio chassis ground.
2. Turn the condenser gang until it is completely meshed (low-frequency end of dial calibration), and set the band selector switch to BDCST as for broadcast band reception.
3. Adjust the signal generator to EXACTLY 455 kc. and peak the second i-f transformer and the first i-f transformer trimmers in that order.

Broadcast Band Alignment

1. Remove the signal generator lead from the 6SA7 grid and connect it to the radio antenna terminal through the .00025 mfd. capacitor. The ANT-LOOP switch (70) must be in the ANT setting.
2. Check the tuning dial pointer adjustment. When the plates of the tuning condenser are completely meshed, the dial pointer must be in line with the last calibration mark at the low frequency end of the dial. If it is not, slide the pointer on its string to the correct position. Be sure to crimp the lugs (on the rear of the pointer) tightly around the string to hold the pointer in adjustment.
3. With the band selector still set for broadcast band reception, adjust the signal generator and the radio receiver to 600 kc. While rocking the gang condenser a few degrees to the right and to the left, adjust the 600 kc. oscillator padder for maximum indication on the output meter.

4. Set the signal generator and the radio receiver to 1400 kc.; adjust the 1400 kc. oscillator trimmer and the 1400 kc. antenna trimmer for maximum output. If considerable adjustment was necessary, recheck the 600 kc. padder setting.

Short Wave Band Alignment

1. Set the band selector switch to SW as for Short Wave reception and substitute a 400 ohm resistor for the capacitor in series with the signal generator lead connected to the antenna terminal on the receiver.
2. Set the signal generator and the radio receiver to 15 mc.; then adjust the 15 mc. oscillator trimmer and the 15 mc. antenna trimmer for maximum output. While adjusting the 15 mc. oscillator trimmer two peaks may be observed; only one is the correct peak for 15 mc. alignment. Screw in the trimmer to maximum capacity—then decrease the capacity until the first peak is observed. This is the correct one.

10 KC Filter Adjustment

This chassis incorporates a 10 kc. filter circuit to eliminate the beat note heard as a whistle between stations on the broadcast band. If the trimmer is out of adjustment, the following procedure should be observed.

1. Set the Selectivity Switch to FULL RANGE by turning the Treble Control knob clockwise as far as possible.
2. Connect the output of an audio oscillator to the phonograph pickup socket on the radio chassis and adjust the oscillator to EXACTLY 10,000 cycles.
3. Set the band selector to PHONO and adjust the 10 kc. trimmer (7) for minimum output.
4. If an audio oscillator is not available for making this adjustment, set the band selector to BDCST, connect an antenna to the receiver and set the gang condenser to a point between two stations on adjacent channels having approximately the same power. If the 10 kc. trimmer is out of adjustment, a whistle will be heard. Adjust the trimmer until the whistle is eliminated.

THE MAGNAVOX CO.

DIAL CORD REPLACEMENT

Two separate drive cables are used in the CR-194 dial assembly. One cable is used to transmit the motion from the dial tuning knob to the large pulley that is coupled to the condenser gang; the other cable actuates the dial pointer whenever the large pulley on the condenser gang is moved. Separate instructions for replacing either of these cables is given in the following paragraphs.

CONDENSER DRIVE CABLE REPLACEMENT

Slide a short length (approximately $\frac{1}{2}$ -inch) of sleeving over one end of a 19-inch length of dial cable, form a small loop and tie a knot in the manner shown on Figure 1. Hook this loop over the metal hook in pulley "C" and lace the cable through the pulley slot and around the pulley in a counter-clockwise direction when viewed from the rear of the panel, keeping the cable to the rear of the pulley groove. Lace the cable in the direction indicated by the arrow on the drawing wrapping $2\frac{1}{2}$ turns around the smaller

approximately 40 inches long and slide a short piece of sleeving over the cable. Tie a small loop in one end of the cable and temporarily hook it over the metal hook in pulley "C." Lace the other end through the slot in the pulley groove and in a counter-clockwise direction around the large pulley, then around pulley "B" and straight across the back of the dial frame; over pulley "A" and in a counter-clockwise direction around pulley "C." This last wrap around pulley "C" must be at the front of the pulley groove or nearest the panel. *This is important!* Lace the free end of the cable through the slot in pulley "C" and remove the other end of the cable from the hook.

Fasten one end of tension spring "E" over the pulley hook and lace the two free ends of the drive cable through the other end of the spring. Now pull back on the cable until the tension spring coils are stretched to approximately $1\frac{1}{8}$ inches. Tie a double knot in the cable while maintaining tension on the spring.

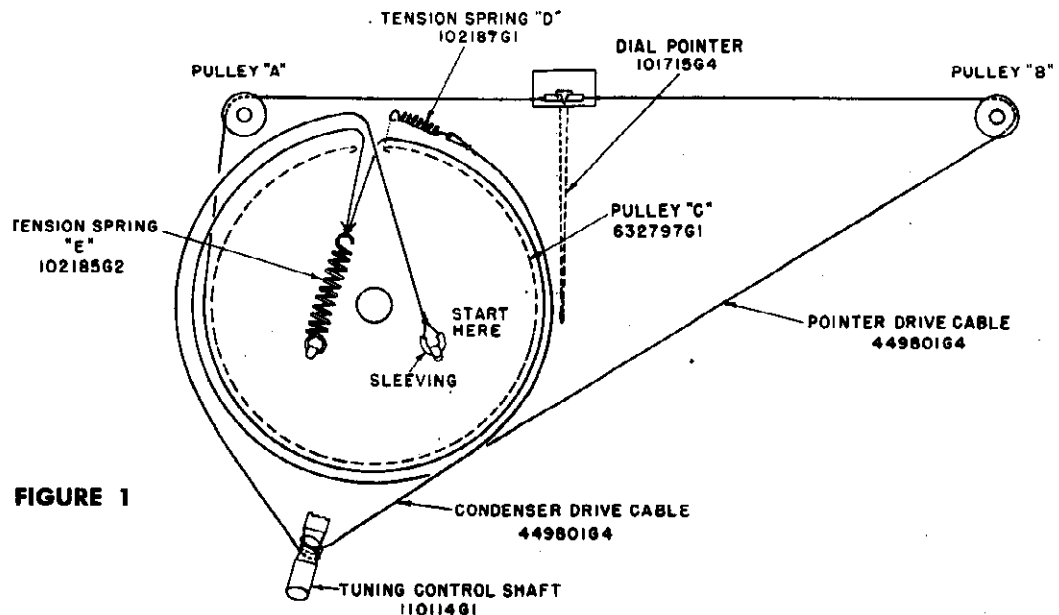


FIGURE 1

diameter portion of the tuning control shaft from front to back; then around the opposite side of pulley "C." Loop one end of tension spring "D" on the right-hand edge of the slot in pulley "C"; thread the free end of the drive cable through the opposite end of spring "D" and pull back on the cable until the spring coils are stretched to approximately one inch. Tie a double knot in the cable while maintaining tension on the spring, completing the operation.

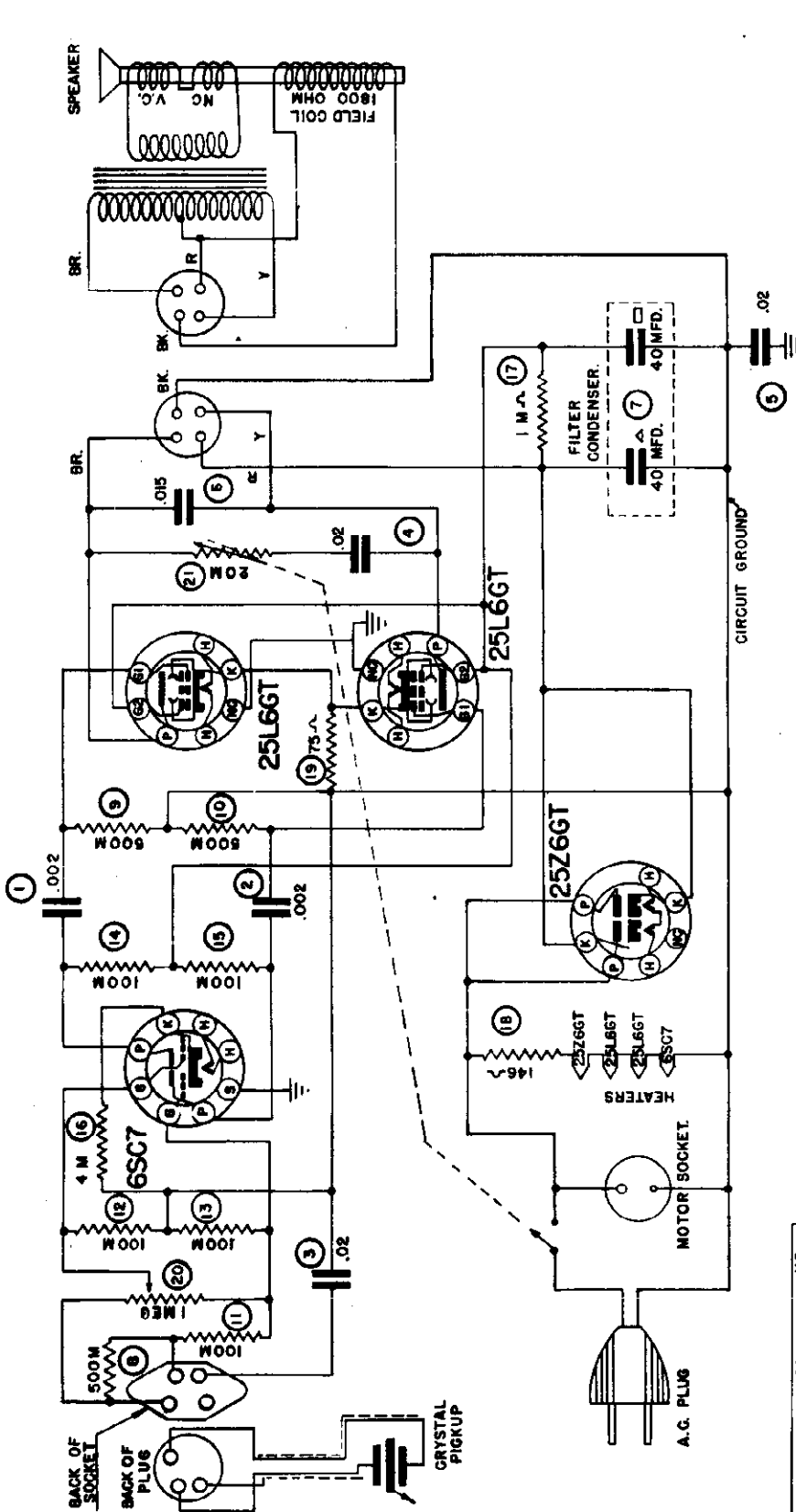
DIAL POINTER DRIVE CABLE REPLACEMENT

Rotate the tuning control shaft until the slot in the groove of pulley "C" is up. Cut a piece of dial cable

Turn the tuning control shaft until the condenser gang is completely meshed and slide the dial pointer on its track until it is in line with the last calibration mark at the low frequency end of the dial. The short piece of sleeving installed prior to the stringing operation should be slid to the rear of the dial pointer and the crimping lugs on the dial pointer pressed together over the sleeving. After checking to see that the condenser gang is still completely meshed and the dial pointer is in the position specified previously, apply a few drops of cement to each end of the sleeving to which the dial pointer is fastened. This completes the operation.

MODELS A-206F,
A-206G

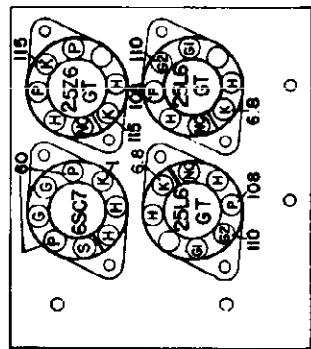
THE MAGNAVOX CO.



Primary voltage	117 V. 60 cycle AC;
Power consumption	65 watts;
Power output	3 watts;
Vacuum tubes	1 - 6SC7; 2 - 25L6GT; 1 - 25Z6GT;
Speaker: Field Coil	*1800 ohms;
Transformer	**3000 ohms;

* DC resistance. ** Primary impedance.

VOLTAGE TABLE
(BOTTOM VIEW OF CHASSIS)
MEASURE ALL D.C. VOLTAGES DIRECT TO CIRCUIT GROUND WITH A 1000 OHM PER VOLT VOLTMETER CATHODE(K)30V. SCALE ALL OTHERS ON 500 V. SCALE. LINE VOLTAGE 117 VOLTS AC.



Models A-206F and A-206G are alike electrically. They differ slightly only in their mechanical layout.

THE MAGNAVOX CO.

A-307P2

Ref. No.	Description	Magnevox Part No.
C1	Capacitor, tubular, .005 mfd. 600 V.	254180
C2	Capacitor, tubular, .0025 mfd. 600 V.	254133
C3	Capacitor, tubular, .003 mfd. 600 V.	254163
C4	Capacitor, electrolytic, 25 mfd. 25 V.	274165
C5	Capacitor, electrolytic, 10 mfd. 150 V.	270001
C6	Capacitor, tubular, .2 mfd. 200 V.	254182
C7	Capacitor, tubular, .2 mfd. 200 V.	274212
C8	Capacitor, electrolytic, 16 mfd. 150 V.	274212
C9	Capacitor, electrolytic, 16 mfd. 150 V.	274212
C10	Capacitor, electrolytic, 16 mfd. 150 V.	254182
C11	Capacitor, tubular, .2 mfd. 200 V.	254127
C12	Capacitor, tubular, .02 mfd. 600 V.	254182
R1	Control, volume 100,000—500,000 ohm	222383
R2	Resistor, carbon, 100,000 ohm 1/2 W.	234445
R3	Resistor, carbon, 60,000 ohm 1/2 W.	234440
R4	Resistor, carbon, 20,000 ohm 1/2 W.	234435
R5	Resistor, carbon, 20,000 ohm 1/2 W.	222556
R6	Control, treble, 20,000 ohm, with switch	234450
R7	Resistor, carbon, 1 megohm 1/2 W.	234430
R8	Resistor, carbon, 5,000 ohm 1/2 W.	234430
R9	Resistor, carbon, 50,000 ohm 1/2 W.	234438
R10	Resistor, carbon, 40,000 ohm 1/2 W.	234433
R11	Resistor, carbon, 10,000 ohm 1/2 W.	234433
R12	Resistor, carbon, 10,000 ohm 1/2 W.	234433
R13	Resistor, carbon, 100,000 ohm 1/2 W.	234445
R14	Resistor, carbon, 100,000 ohm 1/2 W.	234445
R15	Resistor, wire wound, 60 ohm	247852
R16	Resistor, carbon, 3 megohm 1/2 W.	234452
R17	Resistor, carbon, 3 megohm 1/2 W.	234452
T1	Transformer, input	320189
	Choke, filter	350107
	Knob, control marked VOLUME	149570
	Knob, control marked TONE	149571
	Lamp, 120 V. pilot	182593
	Socket, octal marked 6C5	182658
	Socket, octal marked 25L6	182657
	Socket, octal marked 25L6	182656
	Socket, octal marked 25Z5	182525
	Socket, 5-prong marked 5PK	182769
	Socket, pilot lamp	182769
	Fuse, cartridge, 2 amp.	182606

A-206F, A-206G

Ref. No.	Description	Magnevox Part No.
1	Capacitor, tubular, .002 mfd. 600 V.	254161
2	Capacitor, tubular, .002 mfd. 600 V.	254161
3	Capacitor, tubular, .02 mfd. 600 V.	250056
4	Capacitor, tubular, .02 mfd. 600 V.	250056
5	Capacitor, molded paper, .02 mfd. 600 V.	250056
6	Capacitor, molded paper, .015 mfd. 600 V.	250069
7	Capacitor, electrolytic, 40-40 mfd. 150 V.	270013
8	Resistor, carbon, 500,000 ohm 1/2 W.	239755
9	Resistor, carbon, 500,000 ohm 1/2 W.	239755
10	Resistor, carbon, 500,000 ohm 1/2 W.	239755
11	Resistor, carbon, 100,000 ohm 1/2 W.	239753
12	Resistor, carbon, 100,000 ohm 1/2 W.	239753
13	Resistor, carbon, 100,000 ohm 1/2 W.	239753
14	Resistor, carbon, 100,000 ohm 1/2 W.	239753
15	Resistor, carbon, 100,000 ohm 1/2 W.	239753
16	Resistor, carbon, 4,000 ohm 1/2 W.	230024
17	Resistor, carbon, 1,000 ohm 1/2 W.	239745
18	Resistor, wire wound, 146 ohm 15 W.	240015
19	Resistor, wire wound, 75 ohm 5 W.	230056
20	Control, volume, 1 megohm	222518
21	Control, tone with power switch, 20,000 ohm	220021
	Socket, octal marked 6SC7	180126
	Socket, octal marked 25L6GT	180128
	Socket, octal marked 25Z6GT	180129
	Socket, crystal pickup	180081
	Socket and cable assembly, motor	460052
	Socket and cable assembly, speaker	460076
	Knob, control, stamped VOLUME	140035
	Knob, control, stamped OFF-ON-TONE	140036

A-307P6

Ref. No.	Description	Magnevox Part No.
1	Capacitor, tubular, .005 mfd. 600 V.	254180
2	Capacitor, tubular, .02 mfd. 400 V.	250015
3	Capacitor, tubular, .01 mfd. 400 V.	254158
4	Capacitor, tubular, .01 mfd. 400 V.	254158
5	Capacitor, tubular, .5 mfd. 200 V.	254134
6	Capacitor, electrolytic, 20 mfd. 15 V.	270018
7	Capacitor, electrolytic, 40-40 mfd. 150 V.	270013
8	Resistor, carbon, 500,000 ohm 1/2 W.	239755
9	Resistor, carbon, 500,000 ohm 1/2 W.	239755
10	Resistor, carbon, 500,000 ohm 1/2 W.	239755
11	Resistor, carbon, 250,000 ohm 1/2 W.	230010
12	Resistor, carbon, 250,000 ohm 1/2 W.	230010
13	Resistor, carbon, 50,000 ohm 1/2 W.	239751
14	Resistor, carbon, 20,000 ohm 1/2 W.	239750
	Resistor, carbon, 4,000 ohm 1/2 W.	230024
	Resistor, carbon, 1,000 ohm 1/2 W.	239745
	Resistor, wire wound, 146 ohm	240015
	Resistor, carbon, 75 ohm	230056
	Socket, octal marked 6SC7	180126
	Socket, octal marked 25L6GT	180137
	Socket, octal marked 25Z6GT	180129
	Socket, 5-prong marked 5PK	180012
	Socket, 4-prong marked IN	180024
	Socket, pilot lamp	182769
	Socket, crystal pickup	180081
	Lamp, 120 V. pilot	182593

THE MAGNAVOX CO.

A-3001

Primary voltage 117 V. 60 cycle AC;
 Power consumption 134 watts;
 Power output 25 watts;
 Vacuum tubes 1-6C5; 1-6L6G; 1-5Z3;
 Speaker: Model 132 Model 302;
 Field coil *2600 ohms *3500 ohms;
 Transformer None **5000 ohms;

* DC resistance. ** Primary impedance.

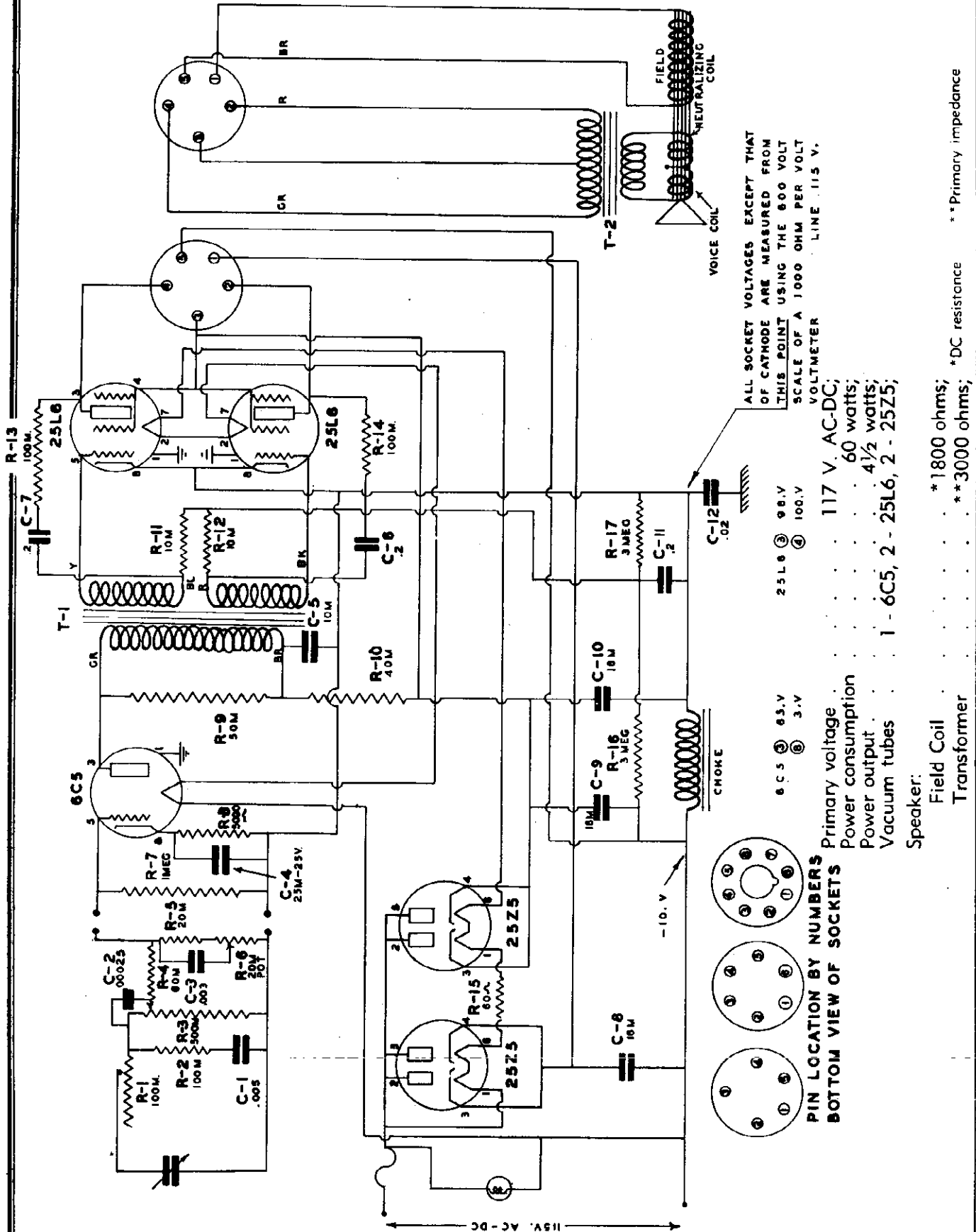
A-222, A-222A

Primary voltage 117 V. 60 cycle AC;
 Power consumption 46 watts;
 Input impedance: Radio Input 10,000 ohms;
 Microphone Input 500,000 ohms;
 Output impedance: 15 ohms;
 Power output 3 watts;
 Vacuum tubes 1-6J7; 1-6SJ7; 1-6V6GT; 1-6J5GT; 1-5Y3G;

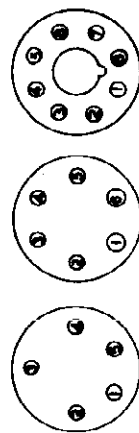
* DC resistance. ** Primary impedance.

Ref. No.	Description	Magnavox Part No.
1	Capacitor, trimmer, 250-525 mmf.	250066
2	Capacitor, molded mica, .00025 mfd.	259772
3	Capacitor, molded mica, .001 mfd.	259604
4	Capacitor, paper, .01 mfd. 400 V.	254158
5	Capacitor, paper, .05 mfd. 400 V.	254146
6	Capacitor, paper, .05 mfd. 400 V.	254146
7	Capacitor, paper, 0.1 mfd. 400 V.	254166
8	Capacitor, electrolytic, 4 mfd. 450 V.	270015
9	Capacitor, electrolytic, 20 mfd. 25 V.	273611
10	Capacitor, electrolytic, 20 mfd. 25 V.	273611
11	Capacitor, electrolytic, 20 mfd. 25 V.	273611
12	Capacitor, electrolytic, 30-10 mfd. 450 V.	273610
13	Resistor, carbon, 150 ohm 1/2 W.	230033
14	Resistor, carbon, 300 ohm 2 W.	234508
15	Resistor, carbon, 1500 ohm 1/2 W.	230041
16	Resistor, carbon, 1500 ohm 1/2 W.	230041
17	Resistor, carbon, 10,000 ohm 1/2 W.	239749
18	Resistor, carbon, 15,000 ohm 1/2 W.	239785
19	Resistor, carbon, 20,000 ohm 1/2 W.	239754
20	Resistor, carbon, 300,000 ohm 1/2 W.	230017
21	Resistor, carbon, 300,000 ohm 1 W.	234488
22	Resistor, carbon, 500,000 ohm 1/2 W.	239755
23	Resistor, carbon, 1 megohm 1/2 W.	239756
24	Resistor, carbon, 1 megohm 1/2 W.	239756
25	Resistor, carbon, 1.5 megohm 1/2 W.	230012
26	Resistor, carbon, 1.5 megohm 1/2 W.	230012
27	Control, 10,000 ohm with power switch	220023
28	Control, 500,000 ohm	220026
29	Choke, filter	350133
30	Transformer, output	330240
31	Transformer, power, 117 V. 50-60 cycle	300006
	Lamp, 6-8 V. pilot	183657
	Socket, pilot lamp	180078
	Socket, octal marked 6J7	180100
	Socket, octal marked 6SJ7	180064
	Socket, octal marked 6V6GT	180099
	Socket, octal marked 6J5GT	180085
	Socket, octal marked 5Y3G	180094
	Socket, output	180097
	Socket, radio input	180098
	Socket, microphone input	189741
	Capacitor, electrolytic, 25 mfd. 25 V., 25 mfd. 50 V.	274224
	Capacitor, tubular, .5 mfd. 400 V.	254147
	Capacitor, tubular, .5 mfd. 400 V.	254147
	Capacitor, tubular, .5 mfd. 400 V.	254147
	Capacitor, tubular, .002 mfd. 600 V.	254161
	Capacitor, tubular, .01 mfd. 600 V.	254153
	Capacitor, tubular, .01 mfd. 600 V.	254153
	Capacitor, tubular, .5 mfd. 400 V.	254147
	Capacitor, electrolytic, 10 mfd. 500 V.	274194
	Capacitor, tubular, .2 mfd. 200 V.	254182
	Capacitor, electrolytic, 10 mfd. 500 V.	274194
	Capacitor, tubular, .1 mfd. 200 V.	254152
	Resistor, carbon, 200,000 ohm 1/2 W.	234447
	Resistor, carbon, 2000 ohm 1/2 W.	234426
	Resistor, carbon, 15,000 ohm 1/2 W.	234434
	Resistor, carbon, 15,000 ohm 1/2 W.	234434
	Resistor, carbon, 15,000 ohm 1/2 W.	234434
	Resistor, wire wound, 200 ohm	242607
	Resistor, carbon, 7500 ohm 2 W.	234518
	Resistor, carbon, 7500 ohm 2 W.	234518
	Transformer, input	320187
	Transformer, output	330188
	Transformer, power, 117 V. 50-60 cycle	300106
	Choke, tone filter	350122
	Choke, filter	350113
	Capacitor, molded mica, .002 mfd.	259603
	Capacitor, molded mica, .001 mfd.	259604
	Capacitor, molded mica, .002 mfd.	259603
	Control, bass, 1 megohm	222444
	Resistor, carbon, 150,000 ohm 1/2 W.	234446
	Control, volume, 1 megohm	222444
	Resistor, carbon, 50,000 ohm 1/2 W.	234439
	Control, treble, 200,000 ohm	222445
	Choke, tone filter	362463
	Switch, "radio-phonograph" changeover	169602
	Socket, Phonograph pickup cable	182465

THE MAGNAVOX CO.



ALL SOCKET VOLTAGES EXCEPT THAT OF CATHODE ARE MEASURED FROM THIS POINT USING THE 600 VOLT SCALE OF A 1000 OHM PER VOLT VOLTMETER LINE 115 V.



PIN LOCATION BY NUMBERS
BOTTOM VIEW OF SOCKETS

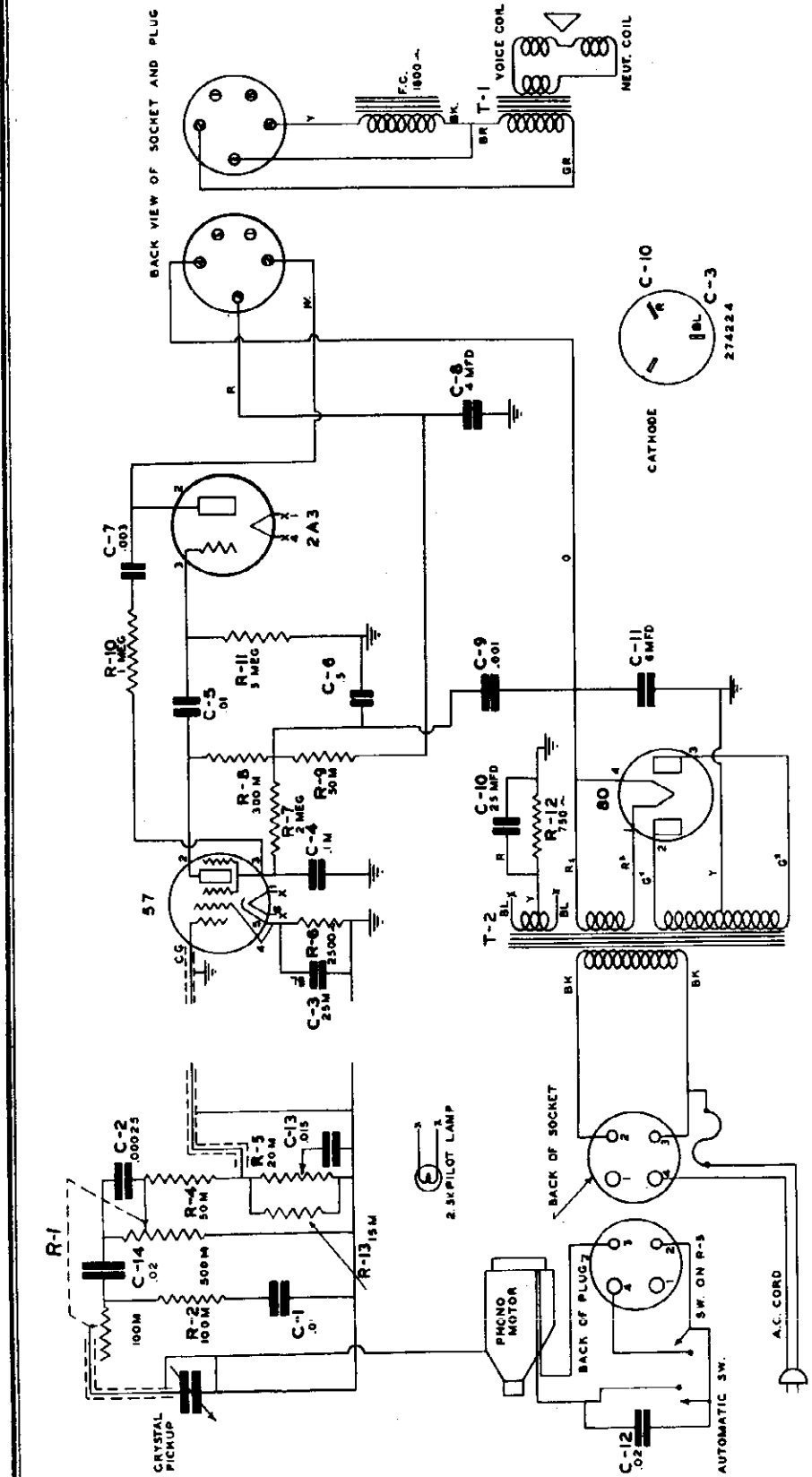
- Primary voltage 117 V. AC-DC;
- Power consumption 60 watts;
- Power output 4 1/2 watts;
- Vacuum tubes 1 - 6C5, 2 - 25L6, 2 - 25Z5;

Speaker:
Field Coil *1800 ohms;
Transformer **3000 ohms;

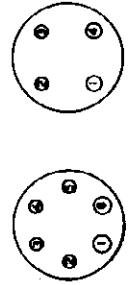
**DC resistance

*Primary impedance

THE MAGNAVOX CO.



PIN LOCATION BY NUMBERS
 BOTTOM VIEW OF SOCKETS



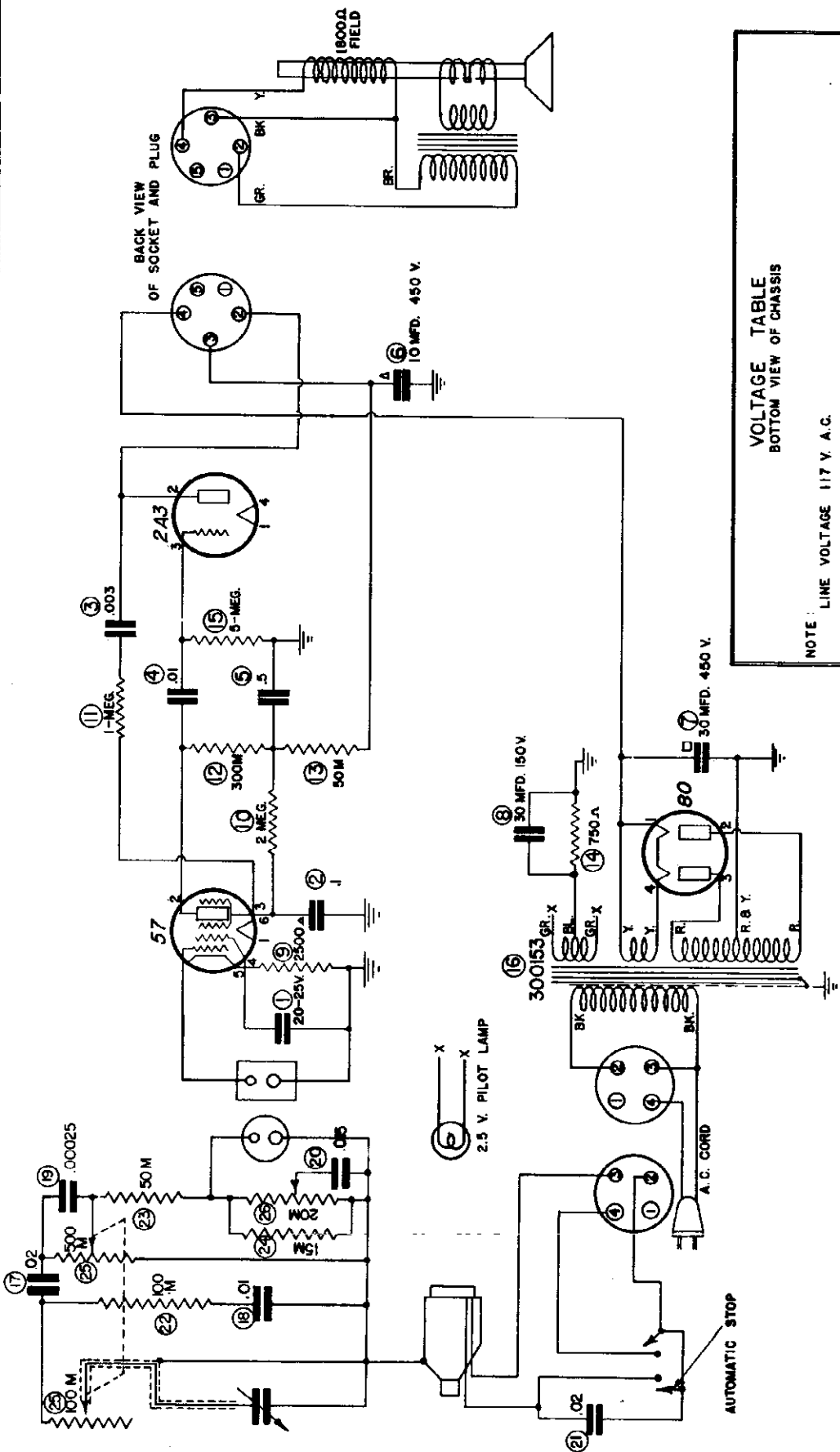
SOCKET VOLTAGES EXCEPT THOSE OF CATHODES ARE MEASURED FROM GROUND USING THE 500VOLT SCALE OF A 1000OHMS PER VOLT VOLTMETER. LINE 115V.

- 57 ②-85V.
- 2A3 ③-202V.
- ④-400V.
- ①-43V.
- ②-295V.

Primary voltage	117 V. 60 cycle AC;
Power consumption	62 watts;
Power output	4½ watts;
Vacuum tubes	1 57, 1 2A3, 1 80;
Speaker:	
Field Coil	* 1800 ohms;
Transformer	** 2500 ohms;
* DC resistance.	** Primary impedance.

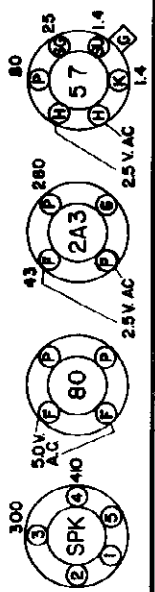
MODEL A-501B

THE MAGNAVOX CO.



VOLTAGE TABLE
BOTTOM VIEW OF CHASSIS

NOTE: LINE VOLTAGE 117 V. A.C.
HEATERS AND FILAMENTS MEASURED DIRECTLY ACROSS SOCKET TERMINALS
ALL OTHER VOLTAGES MEASURED FROM SOCKET TERMINALS TO GROUND
WITH A 1000 OHM / VOLT VOLTMETER. USE 30V. SCALE TO MEASURE
CATHODE AND 600V. SCALE FOR OTHERS.



Primary voltage	117 V. 60 cycle AC;
Power consumption	62 watts;
Power output	4½ watts;
Vacuum tubes	1-57; 1-2A3; 1-80;
Speaker:	
Field Coil	* 1800 ohms;
Transformer	** 2500 ohms;

* DC resistance. ** Primary impedance.

THE MAGNAVOX CO.

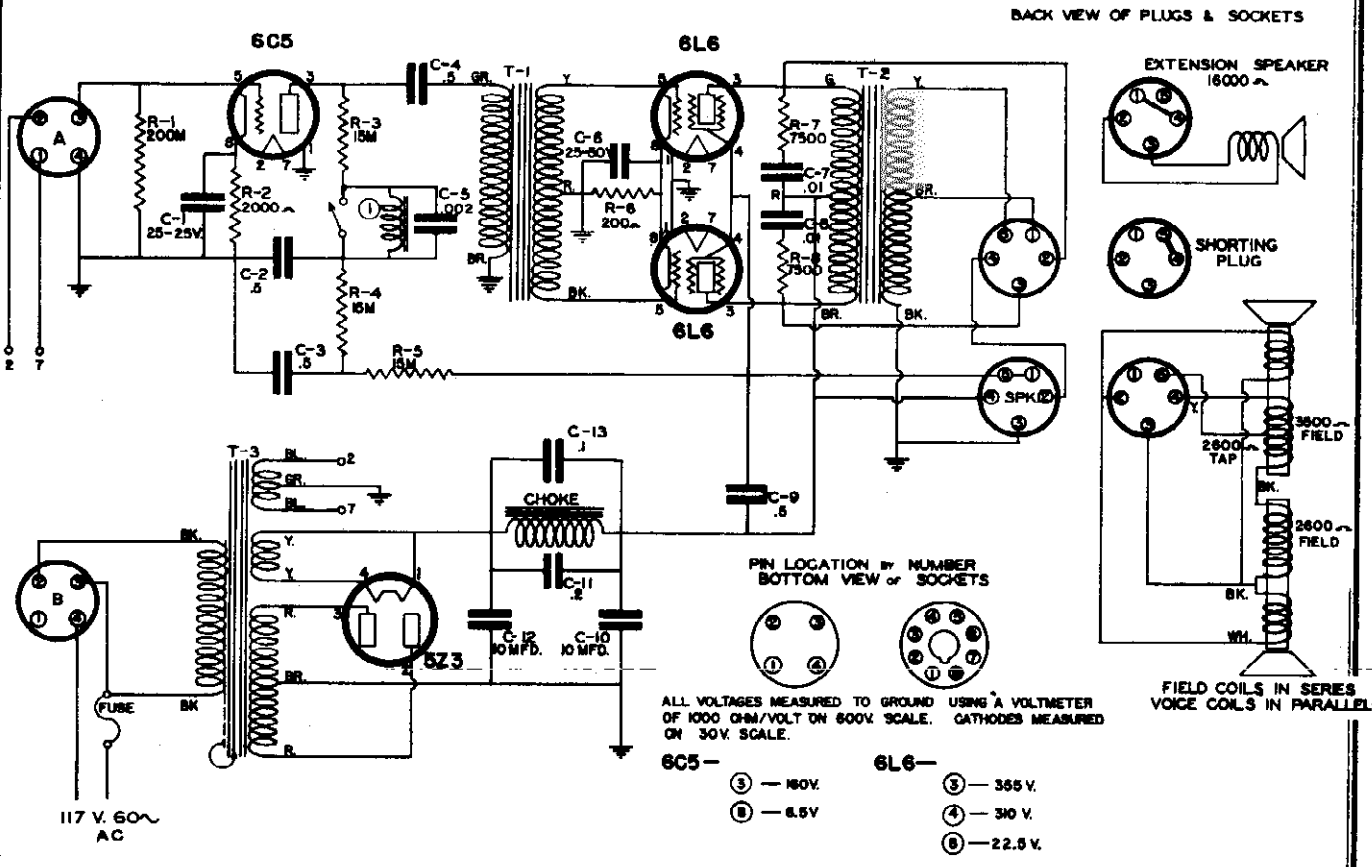
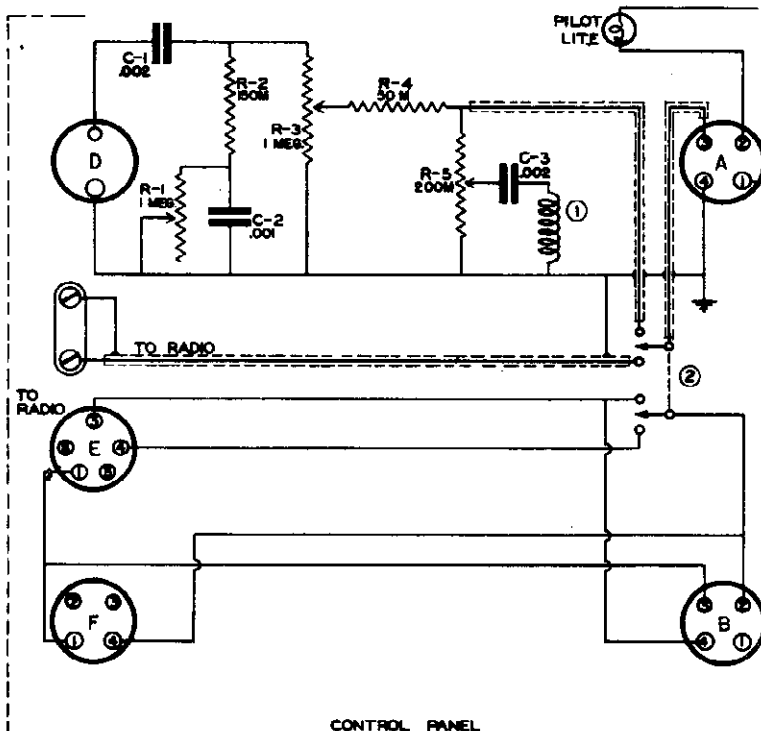
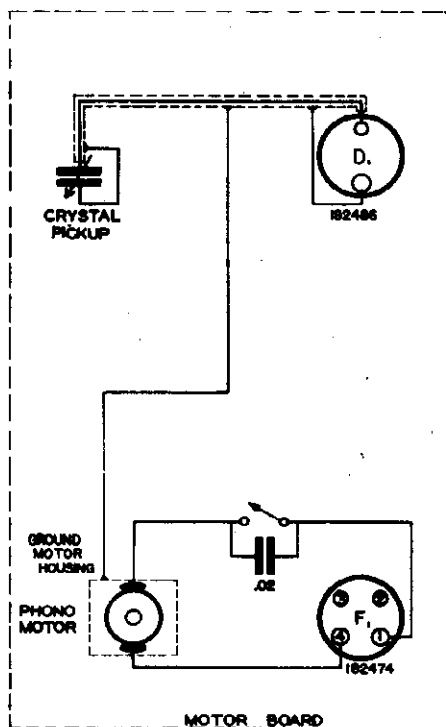
A-501B

Ref. No.	Description	Magnavox Part No.	Ref. No.	Description	Magnavox Part No.
C1	Capacitor, tubular, .01 mfd. 600 V.	254153	1	Capacitor, electrolytic, 20 mfd. 25 V.	273611
C2	Capacitor, tubular, .00025 mfd. 600 V.	254133	2	Capacitor, tubular, .1 mfd. 600 V.	254181
C3, C10	Capacitor, electrolytic, 25 mfd. 25 V., 25 mfd. 50 V.	274224	3	Capacitor, tubular, .003 mfd. 600 V.	254163
C4	Capacitor, tubular, .1 mfd. 600 V.	254181	4	Capacitor, tubular, .01 mfd. 600 V.	254153
C5	Capacitor, tubular, .01 mfd. 600 V.	254153	5	Capacitor, tubular, .5 mfd. 400 V.	254147
C6	Capacitor, tubular, .5 mfd. 400 V.	254147	6, 7	Capacitor, electrolytic, 30-10 mfd. 450 V.	273610
C7	Capacitor, tubular, .003 mfd. 600 V. +10%	254163	8	Capacitor, electrolytic, 30 mfd. 50 V.	270003
C8	Capacitor, electrolytic, 4 mfd. 500 V.	274238	9	Resistor, carbon, 2500 ohms 1/2 W.	234427
C9	Capacitor, tubular, .001 mfd. 600 V.	254142	10	Resistor, carbon, 2 megohm 1/2 W.	234451
C11	Capacitor, electrolytic, 6 mfd. 500 V.	274250	11	Resistor, carbon, 1 megohm 1/2 W.	234450
C12	Capacitor, tubular, .02 mfd. 110 V. AC	259228	12	Resistor, carbon, 300,000 ohm 1/2 W.	234448
C13	Capacitor, tubular, .015 mfd. 600 V.	254131	13	Resistor, carbon, 50,000 ohm 1/2 W.	234439
C14	Capacitor, tubular, .02 mfd. 600 V.	254127	14	Resistor, wire wound, 750 ohm 5 W.	240005
R1	Control, volume, 110,000-500,000 ohm	222383	15	Resistor, carbon, 5 megohm 1/2 W.	234454
R2	Resistor, carbon, 100,000 ohm 1/2 W.	234445	16	Transformer, power, 117 V. 60 cycle	300153
R4	Resistor, carbon, 50,000 ohm 1/2 W.	234439	17	Capacitor, tubular, .02 mfd. 600 V.	254127
R5	Control, treble, 20,000 ohm	222556	18	Capacitor, tubular, .01 mfd. 600 V.	254153
R6	Resistor, carbon, 2,500 ohm 1/2 W.	234427	19	Capacitor, tubular, .00025 mfd. 600 V.	254133
R7	Resistor, carbon, 2 megohm 1/2 W.	234451	20	Capacitor, tubular, .015 mfd. 600 V.	254131
R8	Resistor, carbon, 300,000 ohm 1/2 W.	234448	21	Capacitor, tubular, .02 mfd. 110 V. AC	259935
R9	Resistor, carbon, 50,000 ohm 1/2 W.	234439	22	Resistor, carbon, 100,000 ohm 1/2 W.	234445
R10	Resistor, carbon, 1 megohm 1/2 W.	234450	23	Resistor, carbon, 50,000 ohm 1/2 W.	234439
R11	Resistor, carbon, 5 megohm 1 W.	234498	24	Resistor, carbon, 15,000 ohm 1/2 W.	234434
R12	Resistor, wire wound, 750 ohm	247816	25	Control, volume, 500,000—100,000 ohm	222383
T1	Transformer, power, 117 V. 60 cycle	300100	26	Control, treble, 20,000 ohm	222556

A-501

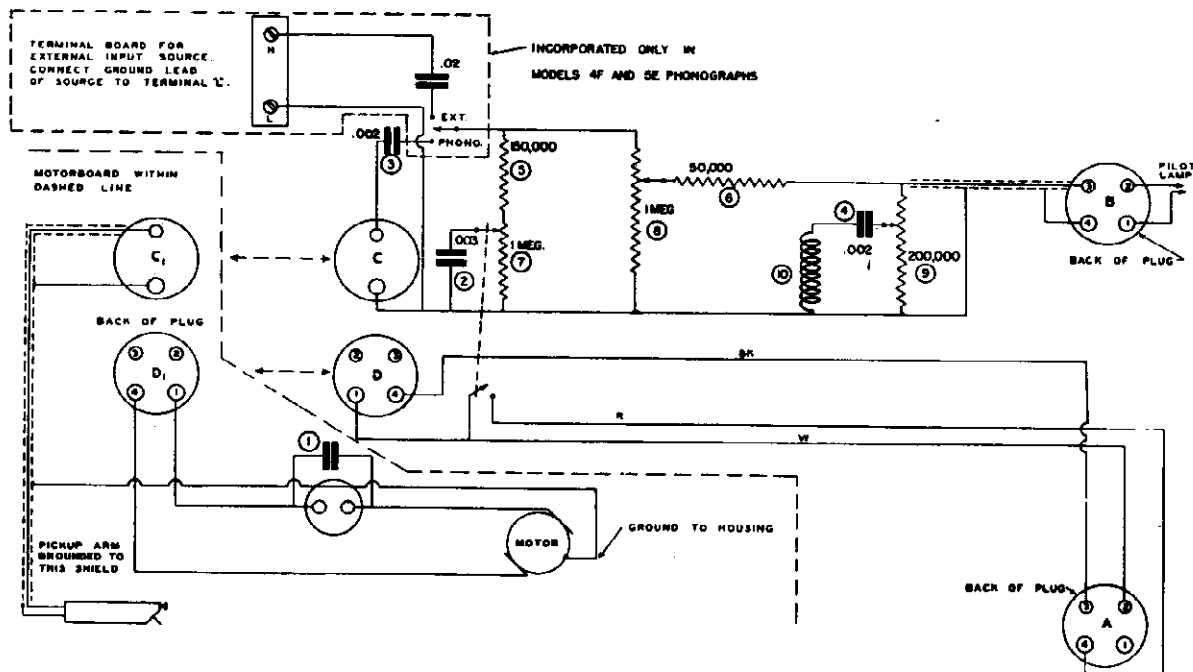
C1	Capacitor, tubular, .01 mfd. 600 V.	254153	1	Capacitor, electrolytic, 20 mfd. 25 V.	273611
C2	Capacitor, tubular, .00025 mfd. 600 V.	254133	2	Capacitor, tubular, .1 mfd. 600 V.	254181
C3, C10	Capacitor, electrolytic, 25 mfd. 25 V., 25 mfd. 50 V.	274224	3	Capacitor, tubular, .003 mfd. 600 V.	254163
C4	Capacitor, tubular, .1 mfd. 600 V.	254181	4	Capacitor, tubular, .01 mfd. 600 V.	254153
C5	Capacitor, tubular, .01 mfd. 600 V.	254153	5	Capacitor, tubular, .5 mfd. 400 V.	254147
C6	Capacitor, tubular, .5 mfd. 400 V.	254147	6, 7	Capacitor, electrolytic, 30-10 mfd. 450 V.	273610
C7	Capacitor, tubular, .003 mfd. 600 V. +10%	254163	8	Capacitor, electrolytic, 30 mfd. 50 V.	270003
C8	Capacitor, electrolytic, 4 mfd. 500 V.	274238	9	Resistor, carbon, 2500 ohms 1/2 W.	234427
C9	Capacitor, tubular, .001 mfd. 600 V.	254142	10	Resistor, carbon, 2 megohm 1/2 W.	234451
C11	Capacitor, electrolytic, 6 mfd. 500 V.	274250	11	Resistor, carbon, 1 megohm 1/2 W.	234450
C12	Capacitor, tubular, .02 mfd. 110 V. AC	259228	12	Resistor, carbon, 300,000 ohm 1/2 W.	234448
C13	Capacitor, tubular, .015 mfd. 600 V.	254131	13	Resistor, carbon, 50,000 ohm 1/2 W.	234439
C14	Capacitor, tubular, .02 mfd. 600 V.	254127	14	Resistor, wire wound, 750 ohm 5 W.	240005
R1	Control, volume, 110,000-500,000 ohm	222383	15	Resistor, carbon, 5 megohm 1/2 W.	234454
R2	Resistor, carbon, 100,000 ohm 1/2 W.	234445	16	Transformer, power, 117 V. 60 cycle	300153
R4	Resistor, carbon, 50,000 ohm 1/2 W.	234439	17	Capacitor, tubular, .02 mfd. 600 V.	254127
R5	Control, treble, 20,000 ohm	222556	18	Capacitor, tubular, .01 mfd. 600 V.	254153
R6	Resistor, carbon, 2,500 ohm 1/2 W.	234427	19	Capacitor, tubular, .00025 mfd. 600 V.	254133
R7	Resistor, carbon, 2 megohm 1/2 W.	234451	20	Capacitor, tubular, .015 mfd. 600 V.	254131
R8	Resistor, carbon, 300,000 ohm 1/2 W.	234448	21	Capacitor, tubular, .02 mfd. 110 V. AC	259935
R9	Resistor, carbon, 50,000 ohm 1/2 W.	234439	22	Resistor, carbon, 100,000 ohm 1/2 W.	234445
R10	Resistor, carbon, 1 megohm 1/2 W.	234450	23	Resistor, carbon, 50,000 ohm 1/2 W.	234439
R11	Resistor, carbon, 5 megohm 1 W.	234498	24	Resistor, carbon, 15,000 ohm 1/2 W.	234434
R12	Resistor, wire wound, 750 ohm	247816	25	Control, volume, 500,000—100,000 ohm	222383
T1	Transformer, power, 117 V. 60 cycle	300100	26	Control, treble, 20,000 ohm	222556
	Knob, "volume"	149570		Socket, 2 prong, phonograph input	189741
	Knob, "tone"	149571		Socket, 6 prong marked 57	180011
	Socket, pilot lamp	182458		Socket, 5 prong marked SPK	180012
	Socket, 6 prong marked 57	187334		Socket, 4 prong marked IN	180014
	Socket, 4 prong marked 2A3	187332		Socket, 4 prong marked 2A3	180013
	Socket, 4 prong marked 80	187326		Socket, 4 prong marked 80	180010
	Socket, 5 prong (for speaker plug)	187331		Socket, pilot lamp	180017
	Socket, 4 prong (for motor plug)	182668		Knob, marked VOLUME	149570
	Lamp, 2.5 V. pilot	187152		Knob, marked TONE	149571
	Fuse, 2 amp. cartridge	182606			

THE MAGNAVOX CO.



MODEL A-3001B

THE MAGNAVOX CO.



Ref. No.	Description	Magnavox Part No.
AMPLIFIER CHASSIS		
1, 2, 5	Capacitor, electrolytic 20-20 mfd. 25 V., 5 mfd. 450 V.	270007
3	Capacitor, tubular, .02 mfd. 600 V.	254127
4	Capacitor, tubular, .5 mfd. 400 V.	254147
6	Capacitor, tubular, .005 mfd. 1200 V.	250042
7	Capacitor, tubular, .5 mfd. 400 V.	254147
8, 9	Capacitor, electrolytic 30-10 mfd. 450 V.	273610
10	Resistor, carbon, 200,000 ohm 1/2 W.	234447
11	Resistor, carbon, 2000 ohm 1/2 W.	234426
12	Resistor, carbon, 30,000 ohm 1 W.	234477
13	Resistor, carbon, 20,000 ohm 1 W.	234475
14	Resistor, carbon, 7500 ohm 1/2 W.	239991
15	Resistor, wire wound, 200 ohm 5 W.	240009
16	Resistor, carbon, 9000 ohm 3 W.	230039
17	Transformer, input	320240
18	Transformer, output	330188
19	Transformer, power, 117 V. 50-60 cycle	300106
20	Choke, filter	350113
	Socket, octal marked 6L6	182532
	Socket, octal marked 6C5	180051
	Socket, 5 prong marked SPK	182525
	Socket, 4 prong marked 5Z3	182530
	Socket, 4 prong—no marking	182668
	Fuse, 3 amp. 250 V. cartridge	189887
CONTROL PANEL		
1	Capacitor, tubular, .02 mfd. 110 V.	259935
2	Capacitor, tubular, .003 mfd. 600 V.	254163
3	Capacitor, tubular, .002 mfd. 600 V.	254161
4	Capacitor, tubular, .002 mfd. 600 V.	254161
5	Resistor, carbon, 150,000 ohm 1/2 W.	234446
6	Resistor, carbon, 50,000 ohm 1/2 W.	234439
7	Control, bass, 1 megohm—with power switch	222446
8	Control, volume, 1 megohm	222444
9	Control, treble, 200,000 ohm	222445
10	Choke, filter	362463
	Knob, control	140019
	Lamp, pilot 6.3 V.	182592

THE MAGNAVOX CO.

IDENTIFICATION OF MAGNAVOX MODELS FROM 1937 TO 1946

The list of Magnavox models in the following pages has been arranged in such a way that the identifying number for servicing these receivers is in all cases the style number (such as C101G11). This style number is on a serial plate which is attached to all phonograph and radio-phonographs. It should not be confused with the model number (such as 155B) which can not be used in locating the necessary information since instruments having as many as ten different style numbers may all have the same model number.

The model number indicates a series of instruments while the style number indicates any changes made during the production of a series. These changes might be a different phonograph pick-up, a different radio chassis, a different speaker, etc. As an example, instrument style number 101G11 is instrument model number 155B and instrument style numbers C101G13, C101G21, C101G23, C101G41, C101G43, are also model 155B. Each of the style numbers has some change.

In previous indexes of Rider's Manuals we have listed radio chassis numbers of Magnavox receivers first, giving model numbers and style numbers. To use this new listing successfully you would look up the instrument style number, which is tabulated in numerical order, and following through to the chassis number, would refer to this chassis number in past indexes. In case of record changer troubles, you would follow the same procedure and would find the details of the record changer in Rider's "Automatic Record Changers and Recorders" or in this Manual.

STYLE NOS. C101G11
TO C103G15

THE MAGNAVOX CO.

MAGNAVOX MODEL IDENTIFICATION FROM 1937 TO 1946

The Style Number and Model Number are shown on the serial plate attached to each cabinet.

*THIS PICK-UP ARM INCLUDES ONE 563584 CRYSTAL PICK-UP.

**THIS PICK-UP ARM INCLUDES ONE 560006 CRYSTAL PICK-UP.

†THIS PICK-UP ARM INCLUDES ONE 560015 CRYSTAL PICK-UP.

INSTRUMENT STYLE No.	INSTRUMENT MODEL No.	A.M. RADIO CHASSIS MODEL No.	F.M. RADIO CHASSIS MODEL No.	RECORD CHANGER PART No.	AMPLIFIER CHASSIS MODEL No.	PHONOGRAPH PICK-UP ARM PART No.	CRYSTAL PICK-UP PART No.	TURNTABLE MOTOR PART No.	PART No. SPEAKER	CURRENT
C101G11	155B	CR-188A		520508	AMP-101A		560049G2		582815 582869	60 cyc.
C101G12	155BF	CR-188A	CR-189A	520508	AMP-101A		560049G2		582815 582869	60 cyc.
C101G13	155B	CR-188A		520508	AMP-101A		560049G2		582815 582869	60 cyc.
C101G14	155BF	CR-188A	CR-189A	520508	AMP-101A		560049G2		582815 582869	60 cyc.
C101G21	155B	CR-188A		520508	AMP-101A		560049G2		582815 582869	60 cyc.
C101G22	155BF	CR-188A	CR-189A	520508	AMP-101A		560049G2		582815 582869	60 cyc.
C101G23	155B	CR-188A		520508	AMP-101A		560049G2		582815 582869	60 cyc.
C101G24	155BF	CR-188A	CR-189A	520508	AMP-101A		560049G2		582815 582869	60 cyc.
C101G41	155B	CR-188A		520508	AMP-101A		560049G2		582815 582869	60 cyc.
C101G42	155BF	CR-188A	CR-189A	520508	AMP-101A		560049G2		582815 582869	60 cyc.
C101G43	155B	CR-188A		520508	AMP-101A		560049G2		582815 582869	60 cyc.
C101G44	155BF	CR-188A	CR-189A	520508	AMP-101A		560049G2		582815 582869	60 cyc.
C102G11	142B	CR-188A		520508	AMP-101A		560049G2		582815 582869	60 cyc.
C102G12	142BF	CR-188A	CR-189B	520508	AMP-101A		560049G2		582815 582869	60 cyc.
C102G13	142B	CR-188A		520508	AMP-101A		560049G2		582815 582869	60 cyc.
C102G14	142BF	CR-188A	CR-189B	520508	AMP-101A		560049G2		582815 582869	60 cyc.
C102G15	242B	CR-188A		520508	AMP-101A		560049G2		582815 582869	60 cyc.
C102G16	242BF	CR-188A	CR-189B	520508	AMP-101A		560049G2		582815 582869	60 cyc.
C102G21	142B	CR-188A		520508	AMP-101A		560049G2		582815 582869	60 cyc.
C102G22	142BF	CR-188A	CR-189B	520508	AMP-101A		560049G2		582815 582869	60 cyc.
C102G23	142B	CR-188A		520508	AMP-101A		560049G2		582815 582869	60 cyc.
C102G24	142BF	CR-188A	CR-189B	520508	AMP-101A		560049G2		582815 582869	60 cyc.
C102G25	242B	CR-188A		520508	AMP-101A		560049G2		582815 582869	60 cyc.
C102G26	242BF	CR-188A	CR-189B	520508	AMP-101A		560049G2		582815 582869	60 cyc.
C102G31	142B	CR-188A		520508	AMP-101A		560049G2		582815 582869	60 cyc.
C102G32	142BF	CR-188A	CR-189B	520508	AMP-101A		560049G2		582815 582869	60 cyc.
C102G33	142B	CR-188A		520508	AMP-101A		560049G2		582815 582869	60 cyc.
C102G34	142BF	CR-188A	CR-189B	520508	AMP-101A		560049G2		582815 582869	60 cyc.
C102G35	242B	CR-188A		520508	AMP-101A		560049G2		582815 582869	60 cyc.
C102G36	242BF	CR-188A	CR-189B	520508	AMP-101A		560049G2		582815 582869	60 cyc.
C102G45	242B	CR-188A		520508	AMP-101A		560049G2		582815 582869	60 cyc.
C102G46	242BF	CR-188A	CR-189B	520508	AMP-101A		560049G2		582815 582869	60 cyc.
C103G11	151B	CR-187A		520508			560049G3		582806	60 cyc.
C103G12	151BF	CR-187A	CR-189B	520508			560049G3		582806	60 cyc.
C103G13	151B	CR-190B		520508			560049G3		582806	60 cyc.
C103G14	151BF	CR-190B	CR-189B	520508			560049G3		582806	60 cyc.
C103G15	151B	CR-187A		520508			560049G3		582806	60 cyc.

*Model 242 Series has drawer-type record changer.

STYLE NOS. C103G
TO C105G15

THE MAGNAVOX CO.

INSTRUMENT STYLE No.	INSTRUMENT MODEL No.	A.M. RADIO CHASSIS MODEL No.	F.M. RADIO CHASSIS MODEL No.	RECORD CHANGER PART No.	AMPLIFIER CHASSIS MODEL No.	PHONOGRAPH PICK-UP ARM PART No.	CRYSTAL PICK-UP PART No.	TURNTABLE MOTOR PART No.	PART No. SPEAKER	CURRENT
C103G16	151BF	CR-187A	CR-189B	520508			560049G3		582806	60 cye.
C103G21	151B	CR-187A		520508			560049G3		582806	60 cye.
C103G22	151BF	CR-187A	CR-189B	520508			560049G3		582806	60 cye.
C103G23	151B	CR-190B		520508			560049G3		582806	60 cye.
C103G24	151BF	CR-190B	CR-189B	520508			560049G3		582806	60 cye.
C103G25	151B	CR-187A		520508			560049G3		582806	60 cye.
C103G26	151BF	CR-187A	CR-189B	520508			560049G3		582806	60 cye.
C103G41	151B	CR-187A		520508			560049G3		582806	60 cye.
C103G42	151BF	CR-187A	CR-189B	520508			560049G3		582806	60 cye.
C103G43	151B	CR-190B		520508			560049G3		582806	60 cye.
C103G44	151BF	CR-190B	CR-189B	520508			560049G3		582806	60 cye.
C103G113	151B	CR-187A		520508			560049G3		582806	60 cye.
C103G114	151BF	CR-187A	CR-189B	520508			560049G3		582806	60 cye.
C103G127	151B	CR-190D		520508			560049G3		582806	60 cye.
C103G128	151BF	CR-190D	CR-189B	520508			560049G3		582806	60 cye.
C103G213	151B	CR-187A		520508			560049G3		582806	60 cye.
C103G214	151BF	CR-187A	CR-189B	520508			560049G3		582806	60 cye.
C103G227	151B	CR-190D		520508			560049G3		582806	60 cye.
C103G228	151BF	CR-190D	CR-189B	520508			560049G3		582806	60 cye.
C103G413	151B	CR-187A		520508			560049G3		582806	60 cye.
C103G414	151BF	CR-187A	CR-189B	520508			560049G3		582806	60 cye.
C103G427	151B	CR-190D		520508			560049G3		582806	60 cye.
C103G428	151BF	CR-190D	CR-189B	520508			560049G3		582806	60 cye.
C104G11	148B	CR-187A		520508			560049G3		582806	60 cye.
C104G12	148BF	CR-187A	CR-189B	520508			560049G3		582806	60 cye.
C104G13	148B	CR-190B		520508			560049G3		582806	60 cye.
C104G14	148BF	CR-190B	CR-189B	520508			560049G3		582806	60 cye.
C104G21	148B	CR-187A		520508			560049G3		582806	60 cye.
C104G22	148BF	CR-187A	CR-189B	520508			560049G3		582806	60 cye.
C104G23	148B	CR-190B		520508			560049G3		582806	60 cye.
C104G24	148BF	CR-190B	CR-189B	520508			560049G3		582806	60 cye.
C104G31	148B	CR-187A		520508			560049G3		582806	60 cye.
C104G32	148BF	CR-187A	CR-189B	520508			560049G3		582806	60 cye.
C104G33	148B	CR-190B		520508			560049G3		582806	60 cye.
C104G34	148BF	CR-190B	CR-189B	520508			560049G3		582806	60 cye.
C104G41	148B	CR-187A		520508			560049G3		582806	60 cye.
C104G42	148BF	CR-187A	CR-189B	520508			560049G3		582806	60 cye.
C104G43	148B	CR-190A		520508			560049G3		582806	60 cye.
C104G44	148BF	CR-190A	CR-189B	520508			560049G3		582806	60 cye.
C104G115	148B	CR-187A		520508			560049G3		582806	60 cye.
C104G116	148BF	CR-187A	CR-189B	520508			560049G3		582806	60 cye.
C104G127	148B	CR-190D		520508			560049G3		582806	60 cye.
C104G128	148BF	CR-190D	CR-189B	520508			560049G3		582806	60 cye.
C104G215	148B	CR-187A		520508			560049G3		582806	60 cye.
C104G216	148BF	CR-187A	CR-189B	520508			560049G3		582806	60 cye.
C104G227	148B	CR-190D		520508			560049G3		582806	60 cye.
C104G228	148BF	CR-190D	CR-189B	520508			560049G3		582806	60 cye.
C104G315	148B	CR-187A		520508			560049G3		582806	60 cye.
C104G316	148BF	CR-187A	CR-189B	520508			560049G3		582806	60 cye.
C104G327	148B	CR-190D		520508			560049G3		582806	60 cye.
C104G328	148BF	CR-190D	CR-189B	520508			560049G3		582806	60 cye.
C104G413	148B	CR-190B		520508			560049G3		582806	60 cye.
C104G414	148BF	CR-190B	CR-189B	520508			560049G3		582806	60 cye.
C104G415	148B	CR-187A		520508			560049G3		582806	60 cye.
C104G416	148BF	CR-187A	CR-189B	520508			560049G3		582806	60 cye.
C104G417	148B	CR-187A		520508			560049G3		582806	60 cye.
C104G427	148B	CR-190D		520508			560049G3		582806	60 cye.
C104G428	148BF	CR-190D	CR-189B	520508			560049G3		582806	60 cye.
C105G11	132B	CR-187B		520508			560049G3		582840	60 cye.
C105G12	132B	CR-190C		520508			560049G3		582840	60 cye.
C105G13	132B	CR-187B		520508			560049G3		582840	60 cye.
C105G15	132B	CR-190E		520508			560049G3		582840	60 cye.

STYLE NOS. C105G16

TO EA-307P10

THE MAGNAVOX CO.

INSTRUMENT STYLE No.	INSTRUMENT MODEL No.	A.M. RADIO CHASSIS MODEL No.	F.M. RADIO CHASSIS MODEL No.	RECORD CHANGER PART No.	AMPLIFIER CHASSIS MODEL No.	PHONOGRAPH PICK-UP ARM PART No.	CRYSTAL PICK-UP PART No.	TURNTABLE MOTOR PART No.	PART No. SPEAKER	CURRENT
C105G16	132B	CR-190E		520508			560049G3		582840	60 cyc.
C105G21	132B	CR-187B		520508			560049G3		582840	60 cyc.
C105G22	132B	CR-190C		520508			560049G3		582840	60 cyc.
C105G23	132B	CR-187B		520508			560049G3		582840	60 cyc.
C105G25	132B	CR-190E		520508			560049G3		582840	60 cyc.
C105G26	132B	CR-190E		520508			560049G3		582840	60 cyc.
C105G31	132B	CR-187B		520508			560049G3		582840	60 cyc.
C105G32	132B	CR-190C		520508			560049G3		582840	60 cyc.
C105G33	132B	CR-187B		520508			560049G3		582840	60 cyc.
C105G34	132B	CR-190C		520508			560049G3		582840	60 cyc.
C105G35	132B	CR-190E		520508			560049G3		582840	60 cyc.
C105G36	132B	CR-190E		520508			560049G3		582840	60 cyc.
C105G41	132B	CR-187B		520508			560049G3		582840	60 cyc.
C105G42	132B	CR-190C		520508			560049G3		582840	60 cyc.
C105G43	132B	CR-187B		520508			560049G3		582840	60 cyc.
C105G44	132B	CR-190C		520508			560049G3		582840	60 cyc.
C105G45	132B	CR-190E		520508			560049G3		582840	60 cyc.
C105G46	132B	CR-190E		520508			560049G3		582840	60 cyc.
C106G13	154B	CR-193B		520516			560049G3		582815 582847	60 cyc.
C106G14	154BF	CR-193B	CR-189B	520516			560049G3		582815 582847	60 cyc.
C106G15	154B	CR-194B		520508			560049G3		582815 582847	60 cyc.
C106G16	154BF	CR-194B	CR-189B	520508			560049G3		582815 582847	60 cyc.
C106G23	154B	CR-193B		520516			560049G3		582815 582847	60 cyc.
C106G24	154BF	CR-193B	CR-189B	520516			560049G3		582815 582847	60 cyc.
C106G33	154B	CR-193B		520516			560049G3		582815 582847	60 cyc.
C106G34	154BF	CR-193B	CR-189B	520516			560049G3		582815 582847	60 cyc.
C106G43	154B	CR-193B		520516			560049G3		582815 582847	60 cyc.
C106G44	154BF	CR-193B	CR-189B	520516			560049G3		582815 582847	60 cyc.
RT-5	6									
RT-5A	6A					631600	562729	507601		60 cyc.
RTU-5	U6					631600	562729	507601		60 cyc.
RTU-5A	U6A					631600	562729	507602		AC-DC
RT-8	6									AC-DC
RT-8A	6A					*569889	563584	500029		60 cyc.
RTU-8	U6					*569889	563584	500029		60 cyc.
RTU-8A	U6A					*569889	563584	507602		AC-DC
RT-9	6B					*569889	563584	507576		AC-DC
RT-9A	6C					*569889	563584	507576		50-60 cyc.
EA-101P	2				A-101P	631595	562729	507601	58415	60 cyc.
EA-106P	U2				A-106P	631595	562729		58416	AC-DC
EA-201	10				A-201	**560005	560006	500015	581533	Battery
EA-201B	10A				A-201	**560005	560006	500015	581533	Battery
EA-205	2C				A-205	**560007	560006	500026	581543	60 cyc.
EA-205B	2C				A-205	**560007	560006	500026	581723	60 cyc.
EA-205E	2C				A-205	*560017	560015	500026	581723	60 cyc.
EA-205H	2C-1				A-205	*560017	560015	500026	581723	50-60 cyc.
EA-205L	2D				A-205C	*560017	560015	500026	582298	60 cyc.
EA-205N	2D-1				A-205C	*560017	560015	500026	582298	50-60 cyc.
EA-307P2	U3				A-307P2	631595	562729	507602	58946	AC-DC
EA-307P4	U2A				A-307P4	*569934	563584	507602	581389	AC-DC
EA-307P5	U3				A-307P2	633541	562729	507602	58946	AC-DC
EA-307P6	U2A				A-307P4	630209	563584	507602	581389	AC-DC
EA-307P7	U3B				A-307P2	633541	562729	507602	581651	AC-DC
EA-307P8	U3B				A-307P2	630238	562729	507602	581651	AC-DC
EA-307P9	U3D				A-307P5	630341	560022	507602	581651	AC-DC
EA-307P10	U3D				A-307P6	630341	560022	507602	581651	AC-DC

THE MAGNAVOX CO.

INSTRUMENT STYLE No.	INSTRUMENT MODEL No.	A.M. RADIO CHASSIS MODEL No.	F.M. RADIO CHASSIS MODEL No.	RECORD CHANGER PART No.	AMPLIFIER CHASSIS MODEL No.	PHONOGRAPH PICK-UP ARM PART No.	CRYSTAL PICK-UP PART No.	TURNTABLE MOTOR PART No.	PART No. SPEAKER	CURRENT
EA-401	2A				A-401	*569889	563584	509888	581358	60 cyc.
EA-401A	2B				A-401	*569889	563584	507601	581358	50-60 cyc.
EA-401B	2A				A-401	630209	560006	500043	581358	60 cyc.
EA-401C	2A				A-206	630209	560015	500043	581779	60 cyc.
EA-401D	2F				A-206A	†560017	560015	500026	581834	60 cyc.
EA-401E	2F-1				A-206A	†560017	560015	500026	581834	50-60 cyc.
EAA-401	A2H			520173	A-206F		560031		582398	60 cyc.
EAU-401D	U2F				A-206A	†560017	563584	507602	581834	AC-DC
EAU-401F	2G				A-206E	†560017	560015	500026	582318	60 cyc.
EA-401F-1	2G-1				A-206E	†560017	560015	500026	582318	50-60 cyc.
EAU-401G	U2G				A-206E	†560017	560015	507602	582318	AC-DC
EA-501	3				A-501	631595	562729	507601	58622	60 cyc.
EA-501E	3				A-501	633541	562729	509888	58622	60 cyc.
EA-501F	3A				A-501	633541	562729	507576	58622	50-60 cyc.
EA-501G	3				A-501B	633541	562729	500029	58622	60 cyc.
EA-501H	3A				A-501B	633541	562729	507576	58622	50-60 cyc.
EA-501I	3C				A-501B	633541	562729	507576	581615	50-60 cyc.
EA-501J	3B				A-501B	633541	562729	500029	581651	60 cyc.
EA-501K	3B				A-501B	630238	562729	500029	581651	60 cyc.
EA-501L	3C				A-501B	630238	562729	507576	581615	50-60 cyc.
EA-501M	3D				A-501B	630341	560022	500029	581615	60 cyc.
EA-501N	3D-1				A-501B	630341	560022	507576	581615	50-60 cyc.
EAA-501	A3M			520173	A-206G				582318	60 cyc.
CPAR-301	35	CR-101M		529562	A-3001		562729		58869 582140	60 cyc.
CPAR-302	36	CR-101M		529650	A-3001		560008		58869 582140	50-60 cyc.
CPR-305	33	CR-109				631595	562729	507601	582125	60 cyc.
EPR-306	32	CR-103				631600	562729	507601	582125	60 cyc.
TPR-307	31	CR-102				631595	562729	507601	582124	60 cyc.
RTR-308	37	CR-101								50-60 cyc.
TPR-309	31	CR-104				631595	562729	507601	582124	60 cyc.
EPR-310	32	CR-105				631600	562729	507601	582125	60 cyc.
TPUR-311	U31	CR-107				631595	562729	507602	58946	AC-DC
CPAR-312	35A	CR-101M		529650	A-3001		560008		58869 582148	50-60 cyc.
EPR-313	32	CR-109				631600	562729	507601	582125	60 cyc.
EPUR-314	U32	CR-110				631600	562729	507602	581313	AC-DC
CPAR-315	34	CR-111		529562			562729		581314	60 cyc.
TPR-316	31	CR-106				631595	562729	507601	582124	60 cyc.
CPUR-317	U33	CR-110				631595	562729	507602	581313	AC-DC
CPAUR-318	U34	CR-112		529797			562729		581315	AC-DC
CPAR-319	35	CR-108		529562	A-3001		562729		58869 582140	60 cyc.
CPAR-320	36	CR-108		529650	A-3001		560008		58869 582140	50-60 cyc.
CPAR-321	34A	CR-111		529650			560008		581314	60 cyc.
PR-322	30	CR-117				*569889	563584	509888	581349	60 cyc.
TPR-323	31	CR-113				631595	562729	507601	581342	60 cyc.
EPR-324	32	CR-114				631600	562729	507601	581343	60 cyc.
CPR-325	33	CR-115				631595	562729	507601	581343	60 cyc.
CPAR-326	34	CR-118		529562			562729		581341	60 cyc.
CPAR-327	34A	CR-118		529650			560008		581341	60 cyc.
CPAUR-328	U34A	CR-119		529894			560008		581315	AC-DC
CPAR-329	35A	CR-108		529650	A-3001		560008		58869 582140	50-60 cyc.
CPR-330	34B	CR-118				631595	562729	507601	581341	60 cyc.
PRU-331	U30	CR-107				*569889	563584	507602	581357	AC-DC
CPUR-332	U34B	CR-119				631595	562729	507602	581315	AC-DC
PAR-333	36A	CR-108		529650	A-3001		560008		58869 582140	50-60 cyc.
EPR-334	32A	CR-114				631600	562729	507576	581343	50-60 cyc.
TPR-335	31	CR-107				631595	562729	507601	58946	60 cyc.
EPR-336	32	CR-110				631600	562729	507601	581313	60 cyc.
TPR-337	31	CR-113				633541	562729	509888	581342	60 cyc.

STYLE NOS. TPR-338

TO CPR-401

THE MAGNAVOX CO.

INSTRUMENT STYLE No.	INSTRUMENT MODEL No.	A.M. RADIO CHASSIS MODEL No.	F.M. RADIO CHASSIS MODEL No.	RECORD CHANGER PART No.	AMPLIFIER CHASSIS MODEL No.	PHONOGRAPH PICK-UP ARM PART No.	CRYSTAL PICK-UP PART No.	TURNTABLE MOTOR PART No.	PART No. SPEAKER	CURRENT
TPR-338	31B	CR-141				630213	563584	500037	581630	60 cyc.
TPUR-339	U31B	CR-107				630213	562729	507602	58946	AC-DC
TPR-340	31C	CR-141				630213	563584	507576	581430	50-60 cyc.
CPR-341	33A	CR-118				631595	562729	507576	581343	50-60 cyc.
CPR-342	34C	CR-115				631595	562729	507576	581341	50-60 cyc.
CPR-343	38	CR-121				633541	562729	509888	581420	AC-DC
CPUR-344	U38	CR-127				633541	562729	507602	581315	60 cyc.
CPR-345	38A	CR-121				633541	562729	507576	581420	50-60 cyc.
CPAR-346	38B	CR-123		529650			560008		581419	60 cyc.
CPAUR-347	U38B	CR-127		529894			560008		581315	AC-DC
PR-348	30A	CR-117				569889	563584	507576	581349	50-60 cyc.
TPR-349	31A	CR-113				633541	562729	507576	581342	50-60 cyc.
EPR-350	32B	CR-123				633781	562729	509888	581419	60 cyc.
CPAR-351	34A	CR-125		529650			560008		581341	60 cyc.
CPAR-352	36	CR-122		529650	A-3001		560008		58869 582140	50-60 cyc.
CPAR-353	34D	CR-121		529650			560008		581420	60 cyc.
CPAR-354	34E	CR-124		529650			560008		581421 581422	60 cyc.
EPUR-355	U32	CR-110				633781	562729	507602	581313	AC-DC
CPAR-356	35A	CR-122		529650	A-3001		560008		58869 582140	50-60 cyc.
EPR-358	32	CR-114				631600	562729	509888	581343	60 cyc.
CPAUR-359	U34A	CR-126		529894			560008		581315	AC-DC
TPR-360	31D	CR-123				633541	562729	509888	581430	60 cyc.
TPUR-361	U31	CR-107				633541	562729	507602	58946	AC-DC
EPR-362	32C	CR-123				633781	562729	507576	581419	50-60 cyc.
TPR-363	31E	CR-123				633541	562729	507576	581430	50-60 cyc.
CPAR-364	34D	CR-121		529650			560008		581420	60 cyc.
CPAR-365	34E	CR-124		529650			560008		581421 581422	60 cyc.
CPR-366	40	CR-128				633781	562729	509888	581419	60 cyc.
CPAR-370	38B	CR-128		529650			560008		581419	60 cyc.
CPR-371	38	CR-121				633541	562729	509888	581420	60 cyc.
CPR-372	38A	CR-121				633541	562729	507576	581420	50-60 cyc.
CPAR-373	38B	CR-128		529650			560008		581419	60 cyc.
CPAUR-374	U38B	CR-127		529894			560008		581315	AC-DC
CPUR-375	U38	CR-127				633541	562729	507602	581315	AC-DC
PBR-378	41	CR-133				569889	563584	500015	581515	Battery
EPR-379	32B	CR-144				633781	562729	500029	581419	60 cyc.
CPR-380	40B	CR-134				633781	562729	500029	581520	60 cyc.
CPAR-381	38C	CR-121		520005			560008		581420	50-60 cyc.
EPR-382	32C	CR-144				633781	562729	507576	581419	50-60 cyc.
TPR-383	31D	CR-134				633541	562729	500029	581430	60 cyc.
CPAR-384	42	CR-136		520001			560008		581421 581422	50-60 cyc.
CPAR-385	35B	CR-122		520001	A-3001B		560008		58869 582140	50-60 cyc.
CPAR-386	36B	CR-122		520001	A-3001		560008		58869 582140	50-60 cyc.
CPR-387	40A	CR-134				633781	562729	507576	581520	50-60 cyc.
CPAR-388	34F	CR-121		529650			560008		581420	60 cyc.
CPAR-389	43	CR-151		520007			560012		581420	60 cyc.
EPR-391	44	CR-141				630213	563584	500037	581630	60 cyc.
EPR-392	45	CR-141				630213	563584	500037	581630	60 cyc.
CPAR-393	42	CR-147		520001			560008		581421 581422	50-60 cyc.
CPAR-394	34F	CR-146		520001			560008		581420	60 cyc.
CPAR-395	38C	CR-146		520005			560008		581420	50-60 cyc.
CPR-396	38	CR-146				633541	562729	500029	581420	60 cyc.
CPR-397	38A	CR-146				633541	562729	507576	581420	50-60 cyc.
EPR-398	32B	CR-140				633781	562729	500029	581420	60 cyc.
CPR-399	40B	CR-140				633781	562729	500029	581625	60 cyc.
CPAR-400	43A	CR-140		520005			560008		581420	50-60 cyc.
CPR-401	40A	CR-140				633781	562729	500029	581625	50-60 cyc.

THE MAGNAVOX CO.

INSTRUMENT STYLE No.	INSTRUMENT MODEL No.	A.M. RADIO CHASSIS MODEL No.	F.M. RADIO CHASSIS MODEL No.	RECORD CHANGER PART No.	AMPLIFIER CHASSIS MODEL No.	PHONOGRAPH PICK UP ARM PART No.	CRYSTAL PICK UP PART No.	TURNTABLE MOTOR PART No.	PART No. SPEAKER	CURRENT
CPAR-402	42	CR-148		520001			560008		581421 581422	50-60 cyc.
EPR-403	32C	CR-140				633781	562729	507576	581420	50-60 cyc.
CPAR-404	61	CR-150		520007			560012		581420	60 cyc.
CPAR-405	42	CR-149		520001			560008		581421 581422	50-60 cyc.
CPAR-406	38C	CR-146		520005			560008		581420	50-60 cyc.
CPR-407	38	CR-146				630238	562729	500029	581420	60 cyc.
CPR-408	38A	CR-146				630238	562729	507576	581420	50-60 cyc.
CPAR-409	46	CR-140				630238	562729	500029	581420	60 cyc.
CPAUR-410	U43A	CR-143		520021		630238	560008		581652	AC-DC
EPUR-411	U44	CR-145					562729	507602	581651	AC-DC
EPUR-412	U45	CR-145				630238	562729	507602	581651	AC-DC
TPUR-413	U31B	CR-145				630238	562729	507602	581651	AC-DC
CPAUR-414	U38C	CR-143		529894			560008		581652	AC-DC
CPUR-415	U38	CR-143				630238	562729	507602	581652	AC-DC
EPUR-416	U32B	CR-143				633781	562729	507602	581652	AC-DC
CPUR-417	U40B	CR-143				633781	562729	507602	581652	AC-DC
CPAUR-418	U38C	CR-143		520021			560008		581652	AC-DC
CPAUR-419	U34F	CR-143		520022			560008		581652	AC-DC
CPR-420	46A	CR-140				630238	562729	507602	581420	50-60 cyc.
CPAR-421	43A	CR-140		520005			560008		581420	50-60 cyc.
CPUR-422	U46	CR-143				630238	562729	507602	581652	AC-DC
CPAR-423	34E	CR-147		529650			560008		581421 581422	60 cyc.
CPAR-424	34E	CR-147		520001			560008		581421 581422	60 cyc.
CPAUR-425	U34F	CR-143		529894			560008		581652	AC-DC
EPR-426	32B	CR-141				633541	562729	500029	581420	60 cyc.
CPR-427	42	CR-149				633541	562729	500029	581421 581422	50-60 cyc.
CPAR-428	38E	CR-156		520076			560022		581917	60 cyc.
CPAR-429	51C	CR-156	CR-158 (FM)	520090	A-222A		560023		581917	60 cyc.
CPAR-430	51C-1	CR-156	CR-158 (FM)	520091	A-222A		560023		581917	50 cyc.
CPAR-431	42	CR-152		520001			560008		581421 581422	50-60 cyc.
EPAR-432	32D	CR-140		520005			560008		581420	50-60 cyc.
EPAUR-433	U32D	CR-145		520021			560008		581652	AC-DC
CPAR-434	35C	CR-152		520001			560008		581421 581422	50-60 cyc.
CPAR-436	61A	CR-140		520005			560008		581420	50-60 cyc.
EPAR-437	32E	CR-156		520076			560022		581917	60 cyc.
EPAR-438	32E-1	CR-156		520078			560022		581917	50 cyc.
CPAR-439	61B	CR-140		520077			560008		581420	60 cyc.
CPAR-440	62	CR-154C		520080			560023		581915 581916	60 cyc.
CPAR-441	72	CR-154C		520080			560023		581913 581914	60 cyc.
CPAR-442	38E-1	CR-156		520078			560022		581917	50 cyc.
CPAR-443	72-1	CR-154C		520081			560023		581913 581914	50 cyc.
CPAR-444	62-1	CR-154C		520081			560023		581915 581916	50 cyc.
CPAR-445	49	CR-156		520080			560023		581917	60 cyc.
CPAR-446	49-1	CR-156		520081			560023		581917	50 cyc.
CPAR-447	48	CR-156		520080			560023		581917	60 cyc.
CPAR-448	48-1	CR-156		520081			560023		581917	50 cyc.
CPAR-449	42A	CR-154		520085			560022		581915 581916	50-60 cyc.
CPAR-450	38D	CR-156		520094			560022		581917	50-60 cyc.
CPAR-451	47	CR-157		520082			560025		581420	60 cyc.
TPR-452	31F	CR-159				630341	560022	500037	581630	50-60 cyc.
EPR-453	44A	CR-159				630341	560022	500037	581630	60 cyc.
CPAR-454	34G	CR-155		520080			560023		581917	60 cyc.
CPAR-455	34G-1	CR-155		520081			560023		581917	50 cyc.
CPAR-456	34G	CR-155		520080			560023		581917	60 cyc.
CPAR-457	34G-1	CR-155		520081			560023		581917	50 cyc.

STYLE NOS. CPAR-458
TO CPAR-506

THE MAGNAVOX CO.

INSTRUMENT STYLE No.	INSTRUMENT MODEL No.	A.M. RADIO CHASSIS MODEL No.	F.M. RADIO CHASSIS MODEL No.	RECORD CHANGER PART No.	AMPLIFIER CHASSIS MODEL No.	PHONOGRAPH PICK-UP ARM PART No.	CRYSTAL PICK-UP PART No.	TURNTABLE MOTOR PART No.	PART No. SPEAKER	CURRENT
CPAR-458	38G	CR-160		520093			560022		581420	60 cyc.
CPAR-459	38G-1	CR-160		520005			560022		581420	50-60 cyc.
CPAR-460	42A	CR-161		520085			560022		581915 581916	50-60 cyc.
CPAR-461	72A	CR-154C	CR-158 (FM)	520080			560023		581913 581914	60 cyc.
CPAR-462	72A-1	CR-154C	CR-158 (FM)	520081			560023		581913 581914	50 cyc.
CPAR-463	50	CR-155		520080			560023		581917	60 cyc.
CPAR-464	50-1	CR-155		520081			560023		581917	50 cyc.
CPAR-465	50A	CR-155	CR-158 (FM)	520080			560023		581917	60 cyc.
CPAR-466	50A-1	CR-155	CR-158 (FM)	520081			560023		581917	50 cyc.
CPAR-467	51	CR-156		520080			560023		581917	60 cyc.
CPAR-468	51-1	CR-156		520081			560023		581917	50 cyc.
CPAR-469	51A	CR-156	CR-158 (FM)	520080			560023		581917	60 cyc.
CPAR-470	51A-1	CR-156	CR-158 (FM)	520081			560023		581917	50 cyc.
CPAR-471	51B	CR-156	CR-158 (FM)	520090	A-222A		560023		581917	60 cyc.
CPAR-472	62A	CR-154C	CR-158 (FM)	520080			560023		581915 581916	60 cyc.
CPAR-473	62A-1	CR-154C	CR-158 (FM)	520081			560023		581915 581916	50 cyc.
CPAR-474	62B	CR-154C		520090	A-222		560023		581915 581916	60 cyc.
CPAR-475	62B-1	CR-154C		520091	A-222		560023		581915 581916	50 cyc.
CPAR-476	62C	CR-154C		520090	A-222		560023		581915 581916	60 cyc.
CPAR-477	62C-1	CR-154C	CR-158 (FM)	520091	A-222		560023		581915 581916	50 cyc.
CPAR-480	72D	CR-154C		520085			560022		581913 581914	50-60 cyc.
CPAR-481	62D	CR-154C		520085			560022		581913 581914	50-60 cyc.
CPAR-482	50B	CR-155		520090	A-222		560023		581917	60 cyc.
CPAR-483	50B-1	CR-155		520091	A-222		560023		581917	50 cyc.
CPAR-484	62E	CR-154C	CR-158 (FM)	520085			560022		581913 581914	50-60 cyc.
CPAR-485	72E	CR-154C	CR-158 (FM)	520085			560022		581913 581914	50-60 cyc.
CPAR-489	55	CR-154C		520080			560023		581915 581916	60 cyc.
CPAR-490	55-1	CR-154C		520081			560023		581915 581916	50 cyc.
CPAR-491	55A	CR-154C		520080			560023		581915 581916	60 cyc.
CPAR-492	55A-1	CR-154C	CR-158 (FM)	520081			560023		581915 581916	50 cyc.
CPAR-493	55B	CR-154C		520090	A-222		560023		581915 581916	60 cyc.
CPAR-494	55B-1	CR-154C		520091	A-222		560023		581915 581916	50 cyc.
CPAR-495	38G	CR-156		520093			560022		581917	60 cyc.
CPAR-496	38G-1	CR-156		520092			560022		581917	50-60 cyc.
CPAR-497	42A	CR-162		520085			560022		581915 581916	50 cyc.
CPAR-498	51B-1	CR-156	CR-158 (FM)	520091			560023		581917	50-60 cyc.
CPAR-499	42A	CR-154		520072			560022		581915 581916	50-60 cyc.
CPAR-500	55D	CR-154C		520094			560022		581915 581916	50-60 cyc.
CPAR-501	55E	CR-154C	CR-158 (FM)	520094			560022		581915 581916	50-60 cyc.
CPAR-502	72H	CR-154C		520090	A-222		560023		581913 581914	60 cyc.
CPAR-503	72H-1	CR-154C		520091	A-222		560023		581913 581914	50 cyc.
CPAR-504	72J	CR-154C	CR-158 (FM)	520090	A-222		560023		581913 581914	60 cyc.
CPAR-505	72J-1	CR-154C	CR-158 (FM)	520091	A-222		560023		581913 581914	50 cyc.
CPAR-506	72E	CR-154C		520072			560022		581913 581914	50-60 cyc.

THE MAGNAVOX CO.

INSTRUMENT STYLE No.	INSTRUMENT MODEL No.	A.M. RADIO CHASSIS MODEL No.	F.M. RADIO CHASSIS MODEL No.	RECORD CHANGER PART No.	AMPLIFIER CHASSIS MODEL No.	PHONOGRAPH PICK-UP ARM PART No.	CRYSTAL PICK-UP PART No.	TURNTABLE MOTOR PART No.	PART No. SPEAKER	CURRENT
CPAR-507	72D	CR-154C	CR-158 (FM)	520072			560022		581913 581914	50-60 cyc.
CPAR-508	62D	CR-154C		520072			560022		581913 581914	50-60 cyc.
CPAR-509	62E	CR-154C	CR-158 (FM)	520072			560022		581913 581914	50-60 cyc.
CPAUR-510	U34F	CR-163		520022			560022		581652	AC-DC
CPAUR-511	U38C	CR-163		520021			560022		581652	AC-DC
EPUR-512	U44A	CR-164				507602	560022	630341	581630	AC-DC
TPUR-513	U31F	CR-164				507602	560022	630341	581630	AC-DC
EPAUR-514	U32D	CR-163		520021			560022		581652	AC-DC
CPAR-515	42B	CR-154		520094			560022		581915 581916	50-60 cyc.
CPAUR-516	U38E	CR-165		520151			560022		581987	AC-DC
EPAUR-517	U32E	CR-165		520151			560022		581652	AC-DC
EPR-518	45A	CR-159				500037	560022	630341	581630	60 cyc.
CPAUR-519	U38D	CR-165		520098			560022		581987	AC-DC
CPAUR-520	U49	CR-165		520151			560022		581987	AC-DC
CPAUR-521	U48	CR-165		520151			560022		581987	AC-DC
CPAR-522	49D	CR-156		520094			560022		581917	50-60 cyc.
CPAR-523	50D	CR-155		520094			560022		581917	50-60 cyc.
CPAR-524	50E	CR-155	CR-158 (FM)	520094			560022		581917	50-60 cyc.
CPAR-525	51D	CR-156		520094			560022		581917	50-60 cyc.
CPAR-526	51E	CR-156	CR-158 (FM)	520094			560022		581917	60 cyc.
CPAR-527	42A	CR-154		520094			560022		581915 581916	50-60 cyc.
CPAR-530	42B	CR-154		520099			560022		581915 581916	50-60 cyc.
CPAR-531	42A	CR-154		520099			560022		581915 581916	50-60 cyc.
CPAR-532	42A	CR-154		520099			560022		581915 581916	50-60 cyc.
CPAR-533	55D	CR-154C		520099			560022		581915 581916	50-60 cyc.
CPAR-534	55E	CR-154C	CR-158 (FM)	520099			560022		581915 581916	50-60 cyc.
CPAR-535	50	CR-155		520080			560023		581917	60 cyc.
CPAR-536	50-1	CR-155		520081			560023		581917	50 cyc.
CPAR-537	50A	CR-155	CR-158 (FM)	520080			560023		581917	60 cyc.
CPAR-538	50A-1	CR-155	CR-158 (FM)	520081			560023		581917	50 cyc.
CPAR-539	50B	CR-155		520090	A-222		560023		581917	60 cyc.
CPAR-540	50B-1	CR-155		520091	A-222		560023		581917	50 cyc.
CPAR-541	42E	CR-154	CR-167 (FM)	520099			560022		581915 581916	50-60 cyc.
CPAR-542	55	CR-154C		520080			560023		581915 581916	60 cyc.
CPAR-543	55-1	CR-154C		520081			560023		581915 581916	50 cyc.
CPAR-544	55A	CR-154C	CR-158 (FM)	520080			560023		581915 581916	60 cyc.
CPAR-545	55A-1	CR-154C	CR-158 (FM)	520081			560023		581915 581916	50 cyc.
CPAR-546	55B	CR-154C		520090	A-222		560023		581915 581916	60 cyc.
CPAR-547	55B-1	CR-154C		520091	A-222		560023		581915 581916	50 cyc.
CPAR-548	62D	CR-154C		520099			560022		581913 581914	50-60 cyc.
CPAR-549	62E	CR-154C	CR-158 (FM)	520099			560022		581913 581914	50-60 cyc.
CPAR-550	42E	CR-154	CR-167 (FM)	520094			560022		581915 581916	50-60 cyc.
CPAR-551	48	CR-156		520080			560023		581917	60 cyc.
CPAR-552	48-1	CR-156		520081			560023		581917	50 cyc.
CPAR-553	51	CR-156		520080			560023		581917	60 cyc.
CPAR-554	51-1	CR-156		520081			560023		581917	50 cyc.
CPAR-555	51K	CR-156	CR-169 (FM)	520080			560023		581917	60 cyc.
CPAR-556	51K-1	CR-156	CR-169 (FM)	520081			560023		581917	50 cyc.
CPAR-557	51B	CR-156	CR-169 (FM)	520090	A-222A		560023		581917	60 cyc.

STYLE NOS. CPAR-558
TO CPAR-613

THE MAGNAVOX CO.

INSTRUMENT STYLE No.	INSTRUMENT MODEL No.	A.M. RADIO CHASSIS MODEL No.	F.M. RADIO CHASSIS MODEL No.	RECORD CHANGER PART No.	AMPLIFIER CHASSIS MODEL No.	PHONOGRAPH PICK-UP ARM PART No.	CRYSTAL PICK-UP PART No.	TURNTABLE MOTOR PART No.	PART No. SPEAKER	CURRENT
CPAR-558	51B-1	CR-156	CR-169(FM)	520091			560023		581917	50 cyc.
CPAR-559	50D	CR-155		520094			560022		581917	50-60 cyc.
CPAR-560	50E	CR-155	CR-158(FM)	520094			560022		581917	50-60 cyc.
CPAR-561	48K	CR-156	CR-170(FM)	520080			560023		581917	60 cyc.
CPAR-562	48K-1	CR-156	CR-170(FM)	520081			560023		581917	50 cyc.
CPAR-563	49F	CR-156		520170			560023		581917	60 cyc.
CPAR-564	49F	CR-156		520172			560023		581917	60 cyc.
EPAR-566	32F	CR-156		520170			560023		581917	60 cyc.
CPAR-567	50D	CR-155		520099			560022		581917	50-60 cyc.
CPAR-568	50E	CR-155	CR-158(FM)	520094			560022		581917	50-60 cyc.
CPAUR-569	U48D	CR-165		520098			560022		581987	AC-DC
EPAUR-570	U32D	CR-165		520098			560022		581652	AC-DC
CPAR-571	48D	CR-156		520094			560022		581917	50-60 cyc.
CPAR-572	48DK	CR-156	CR-170(FM)	520094			560022		581917	50-60 cyc.
CPAR-573	48FK	CR-156		520170			560023		581917	60 cyc.
CPAR-574	48F	CR-156	CR-170(FM)	520170			560023		581917	60 cyc.
CPAR-575	51F	CR-156		520170			560023		581917	60 cyc.
CPAR-576	51FK	CR-156	CR-169(FM)	520170			560023		581917	60 cyc.
CPAR-577	48G	CR-156		520301			560023		581917	60 cyc.
CPAR-578	48GK	CR-156		520301			560023		581917	60 cyc.
CPAR-579	49G	CR-156		520301			560023		581917	60 cyc.
CPAR-580	51G	CR-156		520301			560023		581917	60 cyc.
CPAR-581	51GA	CR-156		520301			560023		581917	60 cyc.
CPAR-582	51GK	CR-156	CR-169(FM)	520301			560023		581917	60 cyc.
CPAR-583	51D	CR-156		520099			560022		581917	50-60 cyc.
CPAR-584	51DK	CR-156	CR-158(FM)	520099			560022		581917	50-60 cyc.
CPAR-585	51DA	CR-156	CR-169(FM)	520099			560022		581917	50-60 cyc.
CPAR-586	51FA	CR-156	CR-158(FM)	520170			560023		581917	60 cyc.
CPAR-587	50L	CR-155		520302			560023		581917	60 cyc.
CPAR-588	48D	CR-156		520099			560022		581917	50-60 cyc.
CPAR-589	48DK	CR-156	CR-170(FM)	520099			560022		581917	50-60 cyc.
CPAR-590	50G	CR-155		520301			560023		581917	60 cyc.
CPAR-591	50GA	CR-155	CR-158(FM)	520301			560023		581917	60 cyc.
CPAR-592	50GK	CR-155	CR-169(FM)	520301			560023		581917	60 cyc.
CPAR-593	50F	CR-155		520170			560023		581917	60 cyc.
CPAR-594	50FA	CR-155	CR-158(FM)	520170			560023		581917	60 cyc.
CPAR-595	50FK	CR-155	CR-169(FM)	520170			560023		581917	60 cyc.
CPAR-596	50DK	CR-155	CR-169(FM)	520099			560022		581917	50-60 cyc.
CPAR-597	42AK	CR-154	CR-170(FM)	520099			560022		581915 581916	50 60 cyc.
CPAR-598	55DK	CR-154C	CR-169(FM)	520099			560022		581915 581916	50-60 cyc.
CPAR-599	55G	CR-154C		520301			560023		581915 581916	60 cyc.
CPAR-600	55GA	CR-154C		520301			560023		581915 581916	60 cyc.
CPAR-601	55GK	CR-154C	CR-169(FM)	520301			560023		581915 581916	60 cyc.
CPAR-602	55L	CR-154C		520302	A-222		560023		581915 581916	60 cyc.
CPAR-603	51F	CR-156		520170			560023		581917	60 cyc.
CPAR-604	51L	CR-156		520302	A-222		560023		581917	60 cyc.
CPAR-605	51LA	CR-156	CR-158(FM)	520302	A-222		560023		581917	60 cyc.
CPAR-606	51LK	CR-156	CR-169(FM)	520302	A-222		560023		581917	60 cyc.
CPAR-607	51A	CR-156	CR-158(FM)	520080			581917		560023	60 cyc.
CPAR-608	51A-1	CR-156	CR-158(FM)	520081			581917		560023	50 cyc.
CPAR-609	62G	CR-154C	CR-158(FM)	520301			581913 581914		560023	60 cyc.
CPAR-610	62GA	CR-154C		520301			581913 581914		560023	60 cyc.
CPAR-611	62GK	CR-154C	CR-169(FM)	520301			581913 581914		560023	60 cyc.
CPAR-612	72G	CR-154C		520301			581913 581914		560023	60 cyc.
CPAR-613	72GA	CR-154C	CR-158(FM)	520301			581913 581914		560023	60 cyc.

THE MAGNAVOX CO.

INSTRUMENT STYLE No.	INSTRUMENT MODEL No.	A.M. RADIO CHASSIS MODEL No.	F.M. RADIO CHASSIS MODEL No.	RECORD CHANGER PART No.	AMPLIFIER CHASSIS MODEL No.	PHONOGRAPH PICK-UP ARM PART No.	CRYSTAL PICK-UP PART No.	TURNTABLE MOTOR PART No.	PART No. SPEAKER	CURRENT
CPAR-614	62DK	CR-154C	CR-169 (FM)	520072			581913 581914		560022	50-60 cyc.
CPAR-615	72GK	CR-154C	CR-169 (FM)	520301			581913 581914		560023	60 cyc.
CPAR-616	72L	CR-154C		520302	A-222		581913 581914		560023	60 cyc.
CPAR-617	62DK	CR-154C	CR-169 (FM)	520099			581913 581914		560022	50-60 cyc.
CPAR-618	47F	CR-171		520170			581917		560022	60 cyc.
CPAR-619	47F	CR-171		520170			581917		560022	60 cyc.
CPAR-620	62L	CR-154C		520302	A-222		581913 581914		560023	60 cyc.
CPAR-621	62LA	CR-154C	CR-158 (FM)	520302	A-222		581913 581914		560023	60 cyc.
CPAR-622	62LK	CR-154C	CR-169 (FM)	520302	A-222		581913 581914		560023	60 cyc.
CPAR-623	38F	CR-156		520170			560023		581917	60 cyc.
CPAR-624	72LA	CR-154C	CR-158 (FM)	520302	A-222		560023		581913 581914	60 cyc.
CPAR-625	72LK	CR-154C	CR-169 (FM)	520302	A-222		560023		581913 581914	60 cyc.
CPAR-626	42G	CR-154		520301			560023		581915 581916	60 cyc.
CPAR-627	42GA	CR-154	CR-167 (FM)	520301			560023		581915 581916	60 cyc.
CPAR-628	42GK	CR-154	CR-170 (FM)	520301			560023		581915 581916	60 cyc.
CPAR-629	32F	CR-171		520170			560023		581917	60 cyc.
CPAR-630	38F	CR-171		520170			560023		581917	60 cyc.
CPAR-631	28M	CR-178		520173			560031		581917	60 cyc.
CPAR-632	52F	CR-156		520170			560023		581917	60 cyc.
CPAR-633	52FK	CR-156	CR-170 (FM)	520170			560023		581917	60 cyc.
CPAR-634	52G	CR-156		520301			560023		581917	60 cyc.
CPAR-635	52GK	CR-156	CR-170 (FM)	520301			560023		581917	60 cyc.
TPAR-636	26M	CR-168		520173			560031		582402	60 cyc.
TPR-637	20	CR-168				+560033	560031	500026	282402	60 cyc.
TPR-639	20-1	CR-168				+560033	560031	500026	582402	50 cyc.
CPAR-640	43F	CR-140		520170			560023		581917	60 cyc.
CPAR-641	35D	CR-154		520099			560022		581915 581916	50-60 cyc.
CPAR-642	72D	CR-154C		520099			560022		581913 581914	50-60 cyc.
CPAR-643	72E	CR-154C	CR-158 (FM)	520099			560022		581913 581914	50-60 cyc.
CPAR-644	72DK	CR-154C	CR-169 (FM)	520099			560022		581913 581914	50-60 cyc.
CPAR-645	47HF	CR-178		520170			560023		581917	60 cyc.
CPAR-646	47HFK	CR-178	CR-169 (FM)	520170			560023		581917	60 cyc.
CPAR-647	54F	CR-177		520170			560023		581915 581916	60 cyc.
CPAR-648	54FA	CR-177	CR-167 (FM)	520170			560023		581915 581916	60 cyc.
CPAR-649	54FK	CR-177	CR-170 (FM)	520170			560023		581915 581916	60 cyc.
CPAUR-650	U52D	CR-165		520098			560022		581987	AC-DC
EPAR-651	32NF	CR-176		520170			560023		581917	60 cyc.
EPAR-652	32HF	CR-178		520170			560023		581917	60 cyc.
CPAR-653	38HF	CR-178		520170			560023		581917	60 cyc.
CPAR-654	38HFK	CR-178	CR-169 (FM)	520170			560023		581917	60 cyc.
CPAR-655	50K	CR-155	CR-169 (FM)	520080			560023		581917	60 cyc.
CPAR-656	55G	CR-174C		520301			560023		581915 581916	60 cyc.
CPAR-657	55GA	CR-174C	CR-158 (FM)	520301			560023		581915 581916	60 cyc.
CPAR-658	55GK	CR-174C	CR-169 (FM)	520301			560023		581915 581916	60 cyc.
CPAR-659	55L	CR-174C		530302	A-222		560023		581915 581916	60 cyc.
CPAR-660	55D	CR-174C		520099			560022		581915 581916	50-60 cyc.
CPAR-661	55E	CR-174C	CR-158 (FM)	520099			560022		581915 581916	50-60 cyc.

STYLE NOS. CPAR-662
TO CPA-3001L

THE MAGNAVOX CO.

INSTRUMENT STYLE No.	INSTRUMENT MODEL No.	A.M. RADIO CHASSIS MODEL No.	F.M. RADIO CHASSIS MODEL No.	RECORD CHANGER PART No.	AMPLIFIER CHASSIS MODEL No.	PHONOGRAPH PICK-UP ARM PART No.	CRYSTAL PICK-UP PART No.	TURNTABLE MOTOR PART No.	PART No. SPEAKER	CURRENT
CPAR-662	55DK	CR-174C	CR-169 (FM)	520099			560022		581915 581916	50-60 cyc.
CAPR-663	52F	CR-176		520170			560023		581917	60 cyc.
CPAR-664	52FK	CR-176	CR-170 (FM)	520170			560023		581917	60 cyc.
CPAR-665	52G	CR-176		520301			560023		581917	60 cyc.
CPAR-666	52GK	CR-176	CR-170 (FM)	520301			560023		581917	60 cyc.
CPAR-667	48G	CR-176		520301			560023		581917	60 cyc.
CPAR-668	48GK	CR-176	CR-170 (FM)	520301			560023		581917	60 cyc.
CPAR-669	48F	CR-176		520170			560023		581917	60 cyc.
CPAR-670	48FK	CR-176	CR-170 (FM)	520170			560023		581917	60 cyc.
CPAR-671	48D	CR-176		520099			560022		581917	50-60 cyc.
CPAR-672	48DK	CR-176	CR-170 (FM)	520099			560022		581917	50-60 cyc.
CPAR-673	48G	CR-176		520301			560023		581917	60 cyc.
CPAR-677	42G	CR-174		520301			560023		581915 581916	60 cyc.
CPAR-678	42GA	CR-174	CR-167 (FM)	520301			560023		581915 581916	60 cyc.
CPAR-679	42GK	CR-174	CR-170 (FM)	520301			560023		581915 581916	60 cyc.
EPAR-681	72D	CR-174C		520099			560022		581913 581914	50-60 cyc.
CPAR-682	72E	CR-174C	CR-158 (FM)	520099			560022		581913 581914	50-60 cyc.
CPAR-683	72DK	CR-174C	CR-169 (FM)	520099			560022		581913 581914	50-60 cyc.
CPAR-685	38NF	CR-176		520170			560023		581917	60 cyc.
CPAR-686	38NFK	CR-176	CR-169 (FM)	520170			560023		581917	60 cyc.
CPAR-687	54F	CR-181		520170			560023		581915 581916	60 cyc.
CPAR-688	54FA	CR-181	CR-167 (FM)	520170			560023		581915 581916	60 cyc.
CPAR-689	54FK	CR-181	CR-170 (FM)	520170			560023		581915 581916	60 cyc.
CPAR-692	49	CR-176		520080			560023		581917	60 cyc.
CPAR-693	43M	CR-159		520173			560023		581917	60 cyc.
EPAUR-694	U32E	CR-164		520151			560022		581652	AC-DC
CPAUR-695	U48E	CR-165		520151			560022		581987	AC-DC
CPAUR-696	U52E	CR-165		520151			560022		581987	AC-DC
EPAR-697	32NF	CR-176		520170			560023		581917	60 cyc.
CPAR-698	72L	CR-174C		520302	A-222		560023		581913 581914	60 cyc.
CP-1101	4K				A-1101	630841	560023	500029	582331	60 cyc.
CP-3001A	4				A-3001A	631595	562729	507605	58869 58968	60 cyc.
CP-3001B	4A				A-3001A	631595	562729	507605	58869 58968	60 cyc.
CP-3001C	4B				A-3001A	631595	562729	507607	58869 58968	50-60 cyc.
CP-3001D	4C				A-3001A	631595	562729	507607	58869 58968	50-60 cyc.
CP-3001E	4D				A-3001A	633541	562729	509888	58869 58968	60 cyc.
CP-3001F	4E				A-3001A	633541	562729	509888	58869 58968	60 cyc.
CP-3001G	4F				A-3001B	633541	562729	507576	58869 58968	50-60 cyc.
CP-3001H	4G				A-3001B	633541	562729	509888	58869 58968	60 cyc.
CP-3001K	4H				A-3001C	630841	560022	509888	58869 58968	60 cyc.
CP-3001L	4J				A-3001C	630841	560022	509888	58869 58968	60 cyc.
CPA-3001A	5			529562	A-3001A		562729		58869 58968	60 cyc.
CPA-3001B	5A			529562	A-3001A		562729		58869 58968	60 cyc.
CPA-3001C	5B			529650	A-3001A		560008		58869 58968	60 cyc.
CPA-3001D	5C			529650	A-3001A		560008		58869 58968	60 cyc.
CPA-3001E	5D			529650	A-3001A		560008		58869 58968	60 cyc.
CPA-3001F	5E			529650	A-3001A		560008		58869 58968	60 cyc.
CPA-3001G	5D			529650	A-3001A		560008		58869 58968	60 cyc.
CPA-3001H	5E			529650	A-3001B		560008		58869 58968	60 cyc.
CPA-3001I	5G			520001	A-3001B		560008		58869 58968	60 cyc.
CPA-3001J	5F			520001	A-3001B		560008		58869 58968	60 cyc.
CPA-3001K	5H			520072	A-3001C		560022		58869 58968	50-60 cyc.
CPA-3001L	5J			520072	A-3001C		560022		58869 58968	50-60 cyc.

MAGUIRE INDUSTRIES INC.

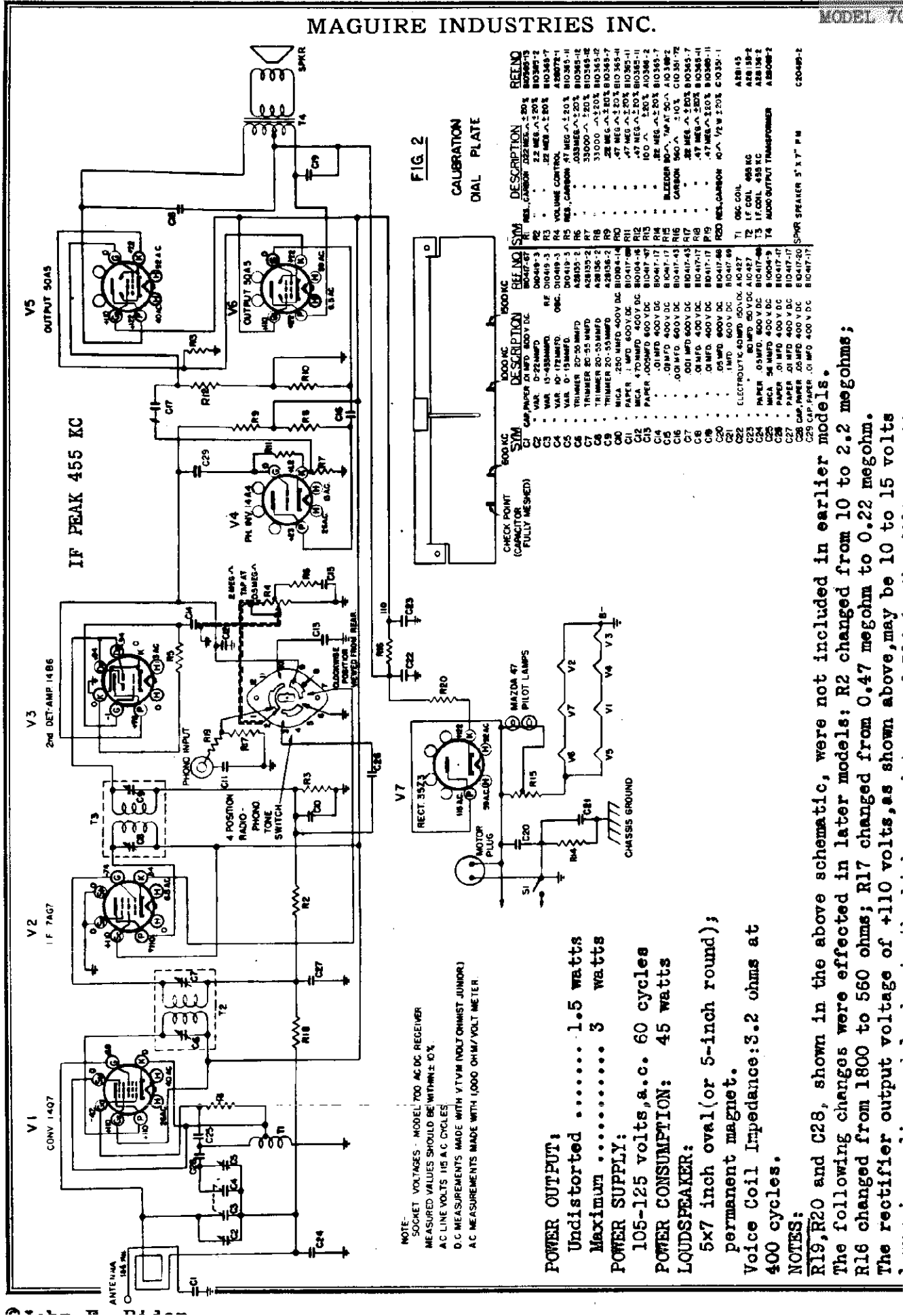
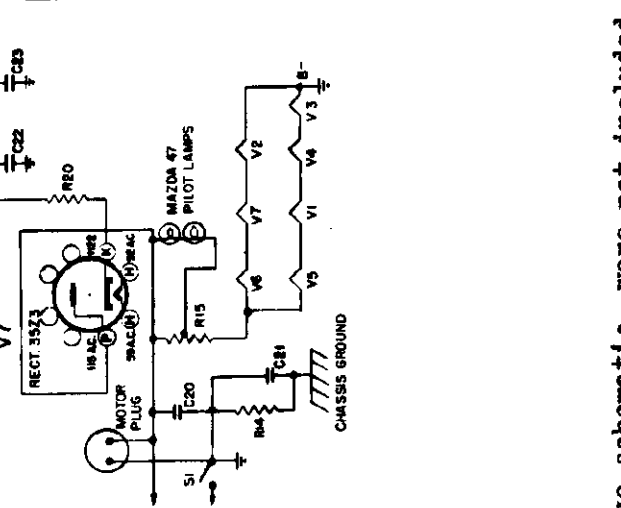


FIG. 2

CALIBRATION
DIAL PLATE

REF. NO.	DESCRIPTION	REF. NO.	DESCRIPTION
R1	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%	R10	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%
R2	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%	R11	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%
R3	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%	R12	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%
R4	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%	R13	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%
R5	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%	R14	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%
R6	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%	R15	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%
R7	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%	R16	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%
R8	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%	R17	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%
R9	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%	R18	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%
R10	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%	R19	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%
R11	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%	R20	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%
R12	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%	R21	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%
R13	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%	R22	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%
R14	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%	R23	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%
R15	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%	R24	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%
R16	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%	R25	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%
R17	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%	R26	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%
R18	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%	R27	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%
R19	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%	R28	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%
R20	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%	R29	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%
R21	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%	R30	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%
R22	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%	R31	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%
R23	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%	R32	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%
R24	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%	R33	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%
R25	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%	R34	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%
R26	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%	R35	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%
R27	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%	R36	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%
R28	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%	R37	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%
R29	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%	R38	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%
R30	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%	R39	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%
R31	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%	R40	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%
R32	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%	R41	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%
R33	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%	R42	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%
R34	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%	R43	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%
R35	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%	R44	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%
R36	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%	R45	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%
R37	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%	R46	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%
R38	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%	R47	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%
R39	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%	R48	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%
R40	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%	R49	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%
R41	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%	R50	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%
R42	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%	R51	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%
R43	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%	R52	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%
R44	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%	R53	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%
R45	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%	R54	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%
R46	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%	R55	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%
R47	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%	R56	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%
R48	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%	R57	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%
R49	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%	R58	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%
R50	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%	R59	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%
R51	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%	R60	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%
R52	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%	R61	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%
R53	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%	R62	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%
R54	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%	R63	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%
R55	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%	R64	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%
R56	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%	R65	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%
R57	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%	R66	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%
R58	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%	R67	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%
R59	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%	R68	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%
R60	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%	R69	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%
R61	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%	R70	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%
R62	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%	R71	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%
R63	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%	R72	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%
R64	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%	R73	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%
R65	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%	R74	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%
R66	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%	R75	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%
R67	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%	R76	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%
R68	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%	R77	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%
R69	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%	R78	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%
R70	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%	R79	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%
R71	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%	R80	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%
R72	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%	R81	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%
R73	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%	R82	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%
R74	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%	R83	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%
R75	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%	R84	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%
R76	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%	R85	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%
R77	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%	R86	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%
R78	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%	R87	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%
R79	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%	R88	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%
R80	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%	R89	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%
R81	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%	R90	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%
R82	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%	R91	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%
R83	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%	R92	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%
R84	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%	R93	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%
R85	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%	R94	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%
R86	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%	R95	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%
R87	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%	R96	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%
R88	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%	R97	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%
R89	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%	R98	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%
R90	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%	R99	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%
R91	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%	R100	RES. CARBON .022 MEG. ± 20%

REF. NO.	DESCRIPTION	REF. NO.	DESCRIPTION
C1	CAP. PAPER .01 MFD 500V DC	C28	CAP. PAPER .01 MFD 500V DC
C2	VAR. 10-15MMFD	C29	CAP. PAPER .01 MFD 500V DC
C3	VAR. 10-15MMFD	C30	CAP. PAPER .01 MFD 500V DC
C4	VAR. 10-15MMFD	C31	CAP. PAPER .01 MFD 500V DC
C5	VAR. 10-15MMFD	C32	CAP. PAPER .01 MFD 500V DC
C6	TRIMMER 20-10MMFD	C33	CAP. PAPER .01 MFD 500V DC
C7	TRIMMER 20-10MMFD	C34	CAP. PAPER .01 MFD 500V DC
C8	TRIMMER 20-10MMFD	C35	CAP. PAPER .01 MFD 500V DC
C9	TRIMMER 20-10MMFD	C36	CAP. PAPER .01 MFD 500V DC
C10	MICA .250 MMFD 400V DC	C37	CAP. PAPER .01 MFD 500V DC
C11	PAPER .1 MFD 600V DC	C38	CAP. PAPER .01 MFD 500V DC
C12	PAPER .47 MMFD 400V DC	C39	CAP. PAPER .01 MFD 500V DC
C13	PAPER .005MMFD 600V DC	C40	CAP. PAPER .01 MFD 500V DC
C14	.01 MFD 400V DC	C41	CAP. PAPER .01 MFD 500V DC
C15	.01 MFD 400V DC	C42	CAP. PAPER .01 MFD 500V DC
C16	.01 MFD 400V DC	C43	CAP. PAPER .01 MFD 500V DC
C17	.01 MFD 400V DC	C44	CAP. PAPER .01 MFD 500V DC
C18	.01 MFD 400V DC	C45	CAP. PAPER .01 MFD 500V DC
C19	.01 MFD 400V DC	C46	CAP. PAPER .01 MFD 500V DC
C20	.01 MFD 400V DC	C47	CAP. PAPER .01 MFD 500V DC
C21	.01 MFD 400V DC	C48	CAP. PAPER .01 MFD 500V DC
C22	.01 MFD 400V DC	C49	CAP. PAPER .01 MFD 500V DC
C23	.01 MFD 400V DC	C50	CAP. PAPER .01 MFD 500V DC
C24	.01 MFD 400V DC	C51	CAP. PAPER .01 MFD 500V DC
C25	.01 MFD 400V DC	C52	CAP. PAPER .01 MFD 500V DC
C26	.01 MFD 400V DC	C53	CAP. PAPER .01 MFD 500V DC
C27	.01 MFD 400V DC	C54	CAP. PAPER .01 MFD 500V DC
C28	.01 MFD 400V DC	C55	CAP. PAPER .01 MFD 500V DC
C29	.01 MFD 400V DC	C56	CAP. PAPER .01 MFD 500V DC
C30	.01 MFD 400V DC	C57	CAP. PAPER .01 MFD 500V DC
C31	.01 MFD 400V DC	C58	CAP. PAPER .01 MFD 500V DC
C32	.01 MFD 400V DC	C59	CAP. PAPER .01 MFD 500V DC
C33	.01 MFD 400V DC	C60	CAP. PAPER .01 MFD 500V DC
C34	.01 MFD 400V DC	C61	CAP. PAPER .01 MFD 500V DC
C35	.01 MFD 400V DC	C62	CAP. PAPER .01 MFD 500V DC
C36	.01 MFD 400V DC	C63	CAP. PAPER .01 MFD 500V DC
C37	.01 MFD 400V DC	C64	CAP. PAPER .01 MFD 500V DC
C38	.01 MFD 400V DC	C65	CAP. PAPER .01 MFD 500V DC
C39	.01 MFD 400V DC	C66	CAP. PAPER .01 MFD 500V DC
C40	.01 MFD 400V DC	C67	CAP. PAPER .01 MFD 500V DC
C41	.01 MFD 400V DC	C68	CAP. PAPER .01 MFD 500V DC
C42	.01 MFD 400V DC	C69	CAP. PAPER .01 MFD 500V DC
C43	.01 MFD 400V DC	C70	CAP. PAPER .01 MFD 500V DC
C44	.01 MFD 400V DC	C71	CAP. PAPER .01 MFD 500V DC
C45	.01 MFD 400V DC	C72	CAP. PAPER .01 MFD 500V DC
C46	.01 MFD 400V DC	C73	CAP. PAPER .01 MFD 500V DC
C47	.01 MFD 400V DC	C74	CAP. PAPER .01 MFD 500V DC
C48	.01 MFD 400V DC	C75	CAP. PAPER .01 MFD 500V DC
C49	.01 MFD 400V DC	C76	CAP. PAPER .01 MFD 500V DC
C50	.01 MFD 400V DC	C77	CAP. PAPER .01 MFD 500V DC
C51	.01 MFD 400V DC	C78	CAP. PAPER .01 MFD 500V DC
C52	.01 MFD 400V DC	C79	CAP. PAPER .01 MFD 500V DC
C53	.01 MFD 400V DC	C80	CAP. PAPER .01 MFD 500V DC
C54	.01 MFD 400V DC	C81	CAP. PAPER .01 MFD 500V DC
C55	.01 MFD 400V DC	C82	CAP. PAPER .01 MFD 500V DC
C56	.01 MFD 400V DC	C83	CAP. PAPER .01 MFD 500V DC
C57	.01 MFD 400V DC	C84	CAP. PAPER .01 MFD 500V DC
C58	.01 MFD 400V DC	C85	CAP. PAPER .01 MFD 500V DC
C59	.01 MFD 400V DC	C86	CAP. PAPER .01 MFD 500V DC
C60	.01 MFD 400V DC	C87	CAP. PAPER .01 MFD 500V DC
C61	.01 MFD 400V DC	C88	CAP. PAPER .01 MFD 500V DC
C62	.01 MFD 400V DC	C89	CAP. PAPER .01 MFD 500V DC
C63	.01 MFD 400V DC	C90	CAP. PAPER .01 MFD 500V DC
C64	.01 MFD 400V DC	C91	CAP. PAPER .01 MFD 500V DC
C65	.01 MFD 400V DC	C92	CAP. PAPER .01 MFD 500V DC
C66	.01 MFD 400V DC	C93	CAP. PAPER .01 MFD 500V DC
C67	.01 MFD 400V DC	C94	CAP. PAPER .01 MFD 500V DC
C68	.01 MFD 400V DC	C95	CAP. PAPER .01 MFD 500V DC
C69	.01 MFD 400V DC	C96	CAP. PAPER .01 MFD 500V DC
C70	.01 MFD 400V DC	C97	CAP. PAPER .01 MFD 500V DC
C71	.01 MFD 400V DC	C98	CAP. PAPER .01 MFD 500V DC
C72	.01 MFD 400V DC	C99	CAP. PAPER .01 MFD 500V DC
C73	.01 MFD 400V DC	C100	CAP. PAPER .01 MFD 500V DC



NOTE: SOCKET VOLTAGES - MODEL 700 AC DC RECEIVER MEASURED VALUES SHOULD BE WITHIN ± 0.5% AC LINE VOLTS 115 A.C. CYCLES D.C. MEASUREMENTS MADE WITH VTVM (NOL OHMIST JUMPER) A.C. MEASUREMENTS MADE WITH 1000 OHM/VOLT METER

POWER OUTPUT:
Undistorted 1.5 watts
Maximum 3 watts

POWER SUPPLY:
105-125 volts, a.c. 60 cycles

POWER CONSUMPTION: 45 watts

LOUDSPEAKER:
5x7 inch oval (or 5-inch round); permanent magnet.
Voice Coil Impedance: 3.2 ohms at 400 cycles.

NOTES:
R19, R20 and C28, shown in the above schematic, were not included in earlier models.
The following changes were effected in later models: R2 changed from 10 to 2.2 megohms; R16 changed from 1800 to 560 ohms; R17 changed from 0.47 megohm to 0.22 megohm.
The rectifier output voltage of +110 volts, as shown above, may be 10 to 15 volts

MAGUIRE INDUSTRIES INC.

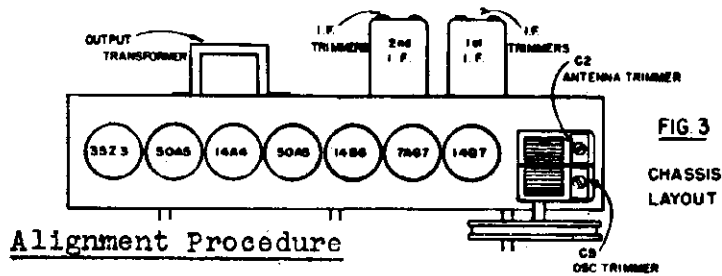


FIG 3
CHASSIS
LAYOUT

Alignment Procedure

A signal generator capable of producing a modulated radio-frequency signal, and a suitable output meter are required for proper alignment of the receiver.

Adjust the signal generator for 30% 400 cycle modulation. At all times, use only the minimum signal intensity which will produce a readable indication on the output meter, in order to minimize alignment error due to a.v.c. action in the receiver.

Set the receiver controls for "Radio", maximum volume, and treble tone.

Make all adjustments with the signal generator connected directly to the external antenna lead of the receiver, and with the output meter across the speaker voice coil.

Use a non-metallic screwdriver in making all receiver alignment adjustments.

NOTE: The calibrated tuning dial of the receiver is fastened in the cabinet and cannot be used for reference during alignment. Therefore, calibration marks have been stamped on the plate on the front of the chassis, as shown in Figure 2. These are the reference marks referred to in the following procedure:

- Step 1. Set signal generator to 455 kc. and the receiver dial to a "quiet spot" between stations. Peak the I.F. trimmer condensers (Figure 3) for maximum signal indication on the output meter, beginning with the 2nd I.F. transformer.
- Step 2. Turn ganged tuning condenser to maximum capacity (fully meshed) and adjust dial pointer on cord so that it coincides with the extreme left hand white mark on the metal dial plate.
- Step 3. Set signal generator to 1500 kc. Turn ganged tuning condenser until pointer coincides with extreme right hand (1500 kc.) calibration mark. Adjust oscillator trimmer condenser C5 (Figure 3) for maximum indication on the output meter.
- Step 4. With the signal generator and receiver dial set as in step 3, adjust the antenna trimmer condenser C2 for maximum indication on the output meter.

When chassis has been returned to cabinet after alignment, the receiver calibration should be checked against the tuning dial. It may be found necessary to slide the dial pointer slightly in either direction on the cord to correct for small deviations in calibration.

MODELS 5A410, Ch.4501;
5A430, Ch.4504

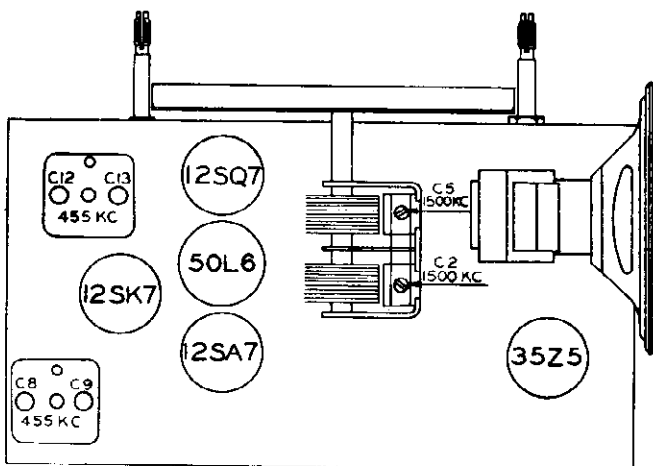
MAJESTIC RADIO & TELEV. CORP.

Before aligning, set the dial pointer as follows: Close the tuning gang condenser (plates fully meshed). Set dial pointer so that its left hand edge is in line with the right hand edge of the last mark at the low frequency end of the dial scale.

While aligning this receiver, turn the volume control full on, and keep the signal generator output as low as possible to prevent AVC action and false readings.

STEP	DUMMY ANT.	TEST OSC. CONNECTION	TEST OSC. FREQUENCY	RECEIVER DIAL	ADJUST	REMARKS
1	.01 mfd.	12SA7 grid (pin No.5)	455 kc. modulated	Any quiet spot	C13, C12, C9, C8 for max. output	Repeat in reverse order
2	-----	Loop*	1500 kc. modulated	150	C5 for maximum output	
3	-----	Loop*	1500 kc. modulated	150	C2 for maximum output	Rock gang while adjusting
4	REPEAT COMPLETE ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE CAREFULLY					

* Make a two or three turn loop about 12 inches in diameter. Connect to output terminals of the signal generator. Place this loop in a plane parallel to the receiver loop antenna and about a foot away from the receiver loop. IMPORTANT: WHEN MAKING RF. ADJUSTMENTS, THE RECEIVER LOOP ANTENNA MUST BE MOUNTED ON THE CHASSIS EXACTLY AS WHEN THE RECEIVER IS IN THE CABINET.

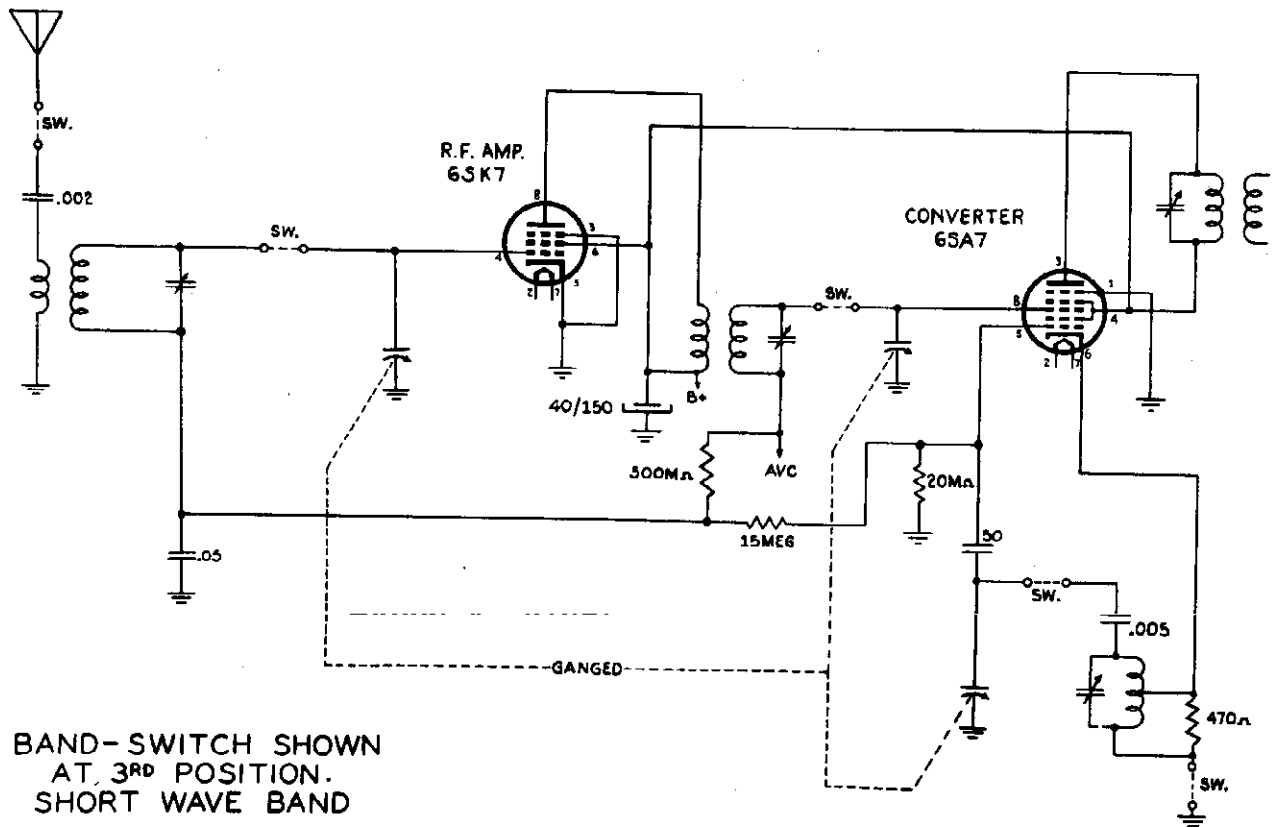
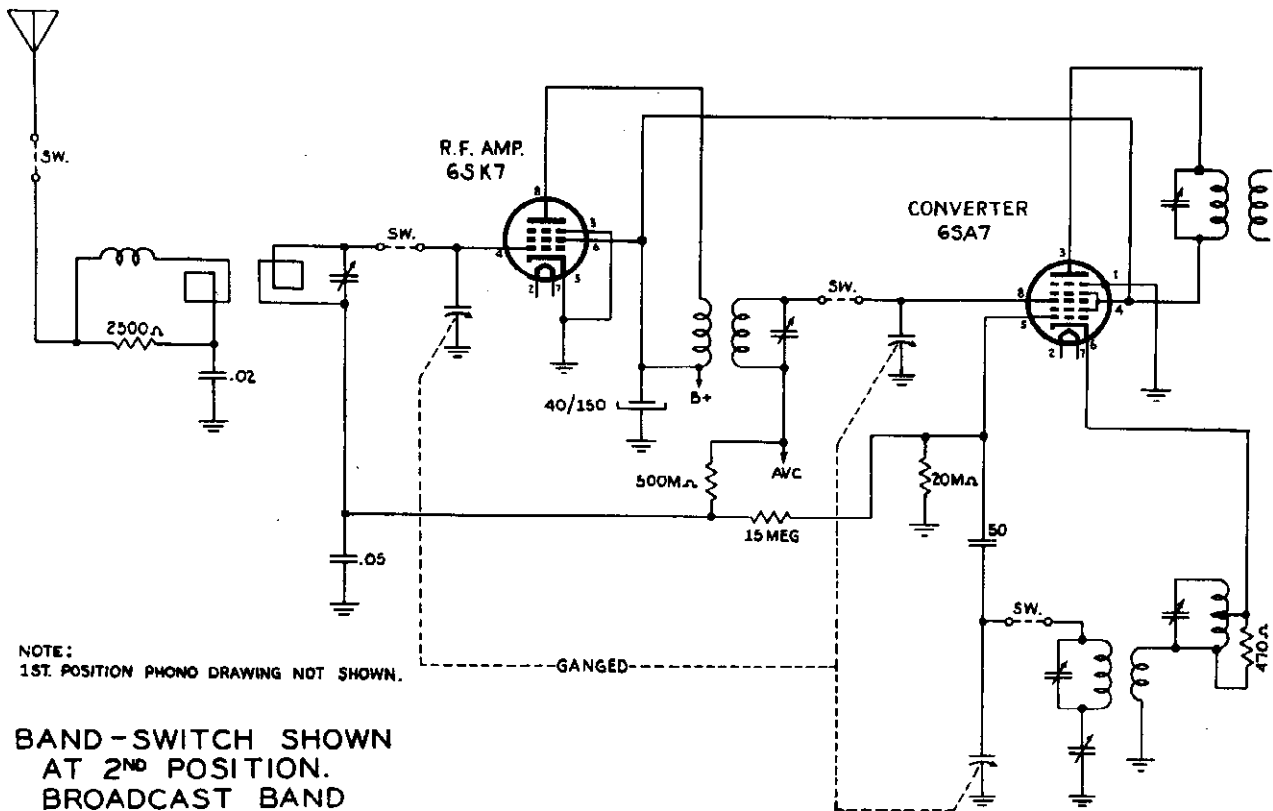


TUBE LAYOUT

ITEM	DESCRIPTION	PART NO.
R1, R4	22,000 ohm 20% 1/3 watt	9-184
R2	220,000 ohm 20% 1/3 watt	9-182
R3	3.3 megohm 20% 1/3 watt	9-206
R5	Volume Control with switch	13-14
R6	10 megohm 20% 1/3 watt	9-160
R7	330,000 ohm 20% 1/2 watt	9-89
R8	470,000 ohm 20% 1/3 watt	9-207
R9	150 ohm 20% 1 watt	9-251
R10	1,200 ohm 10% 1 watt	9-216
C1, C17	.01 mfd +20% -10% 200 v	6-112
C2, C3, C5	Ganged Tuning Condenser	7-16
C6	.05 mfd +40% -10% 200 v	5-40
C7, C10	.05 mfd +40% -10% 200 v	5-40
C8, C9, C12, C13	Trimmer, 135 mmfd, mica	8-46
C11	20-40 mfd 150 v electrolytic	19-24
C14	.002 mfd +40% -10% 200 v	5-52
C15, C16	220 mmfd 20% 500 v mica	6-151
C18	.04 mfd +20% -10% 400 v	5-58
C19	.05 mfd +40% -10% 200 v	5-40
T1	1st IF Transformer	3-116
T2	2nd IF Transformer	3-117
L3	Oscillator Coil Assembly	3-158
	Speaker	22-12
	Dial Glass	117-30
	Dial Cord Tension Spring	129-29
	Dial Pointer	135-5
MODEL 5A410		
	Cabinet, walnut	116-1
	Cabinet, white	116-2
	Loop antenna & back cover	20-7
	Knobs, walnut	128-23
	Knobs, black	128-25
MODEL 5A430		
	Cabinet	115-6
	Loop antenna & back cover	20-17
	Knobs	128-32

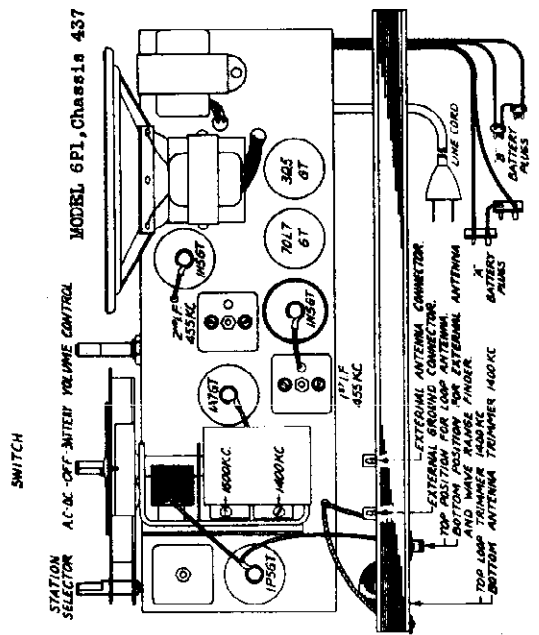
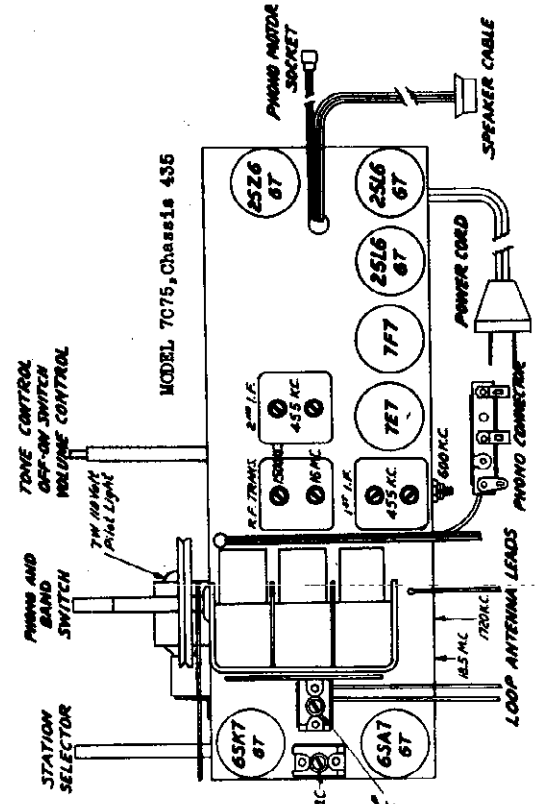
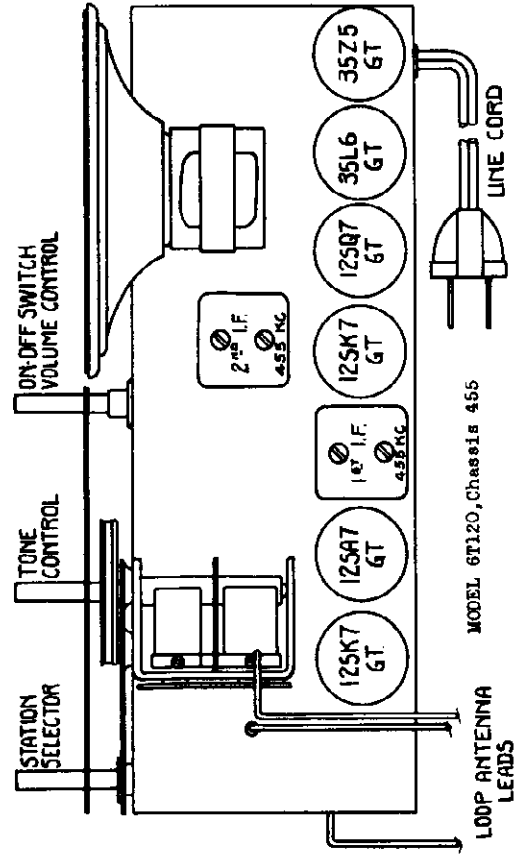
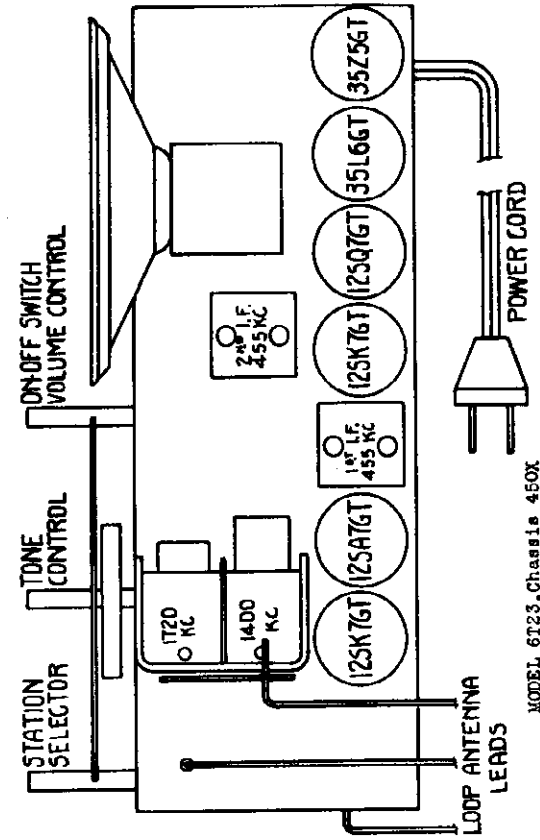
MODEL 7C75, Ch. 435

MAJESTIC RADIO & TELEV. CORP.



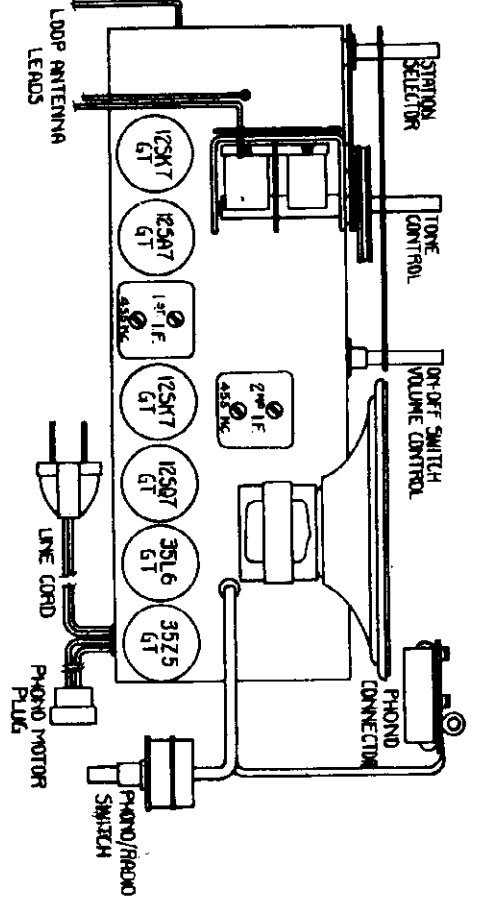
MAJESTIC RADIO & TELEV. CORP.

MODEL 6P1, Ch. 437
 MODEL 6T23, Ch. 450X
 MODEL 6T120, Ch. 455
 MODEL 7C75, Ch. 435

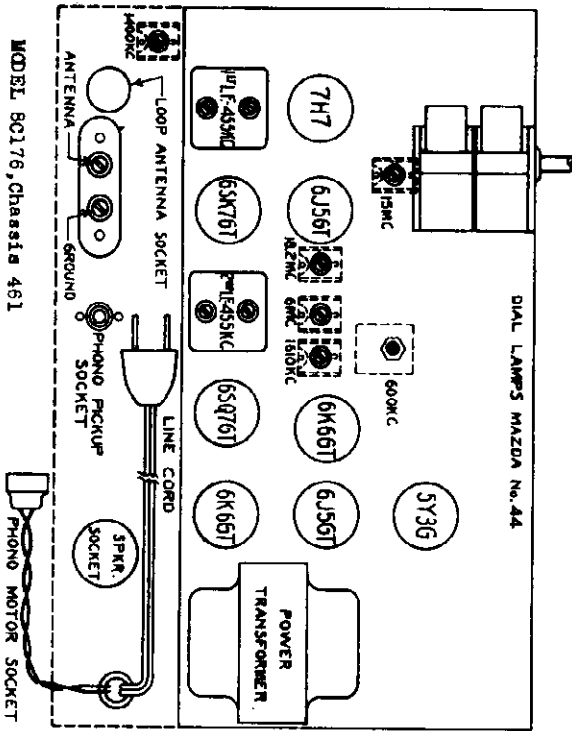


MAJESTIC RADIO & TELEV. CORP.

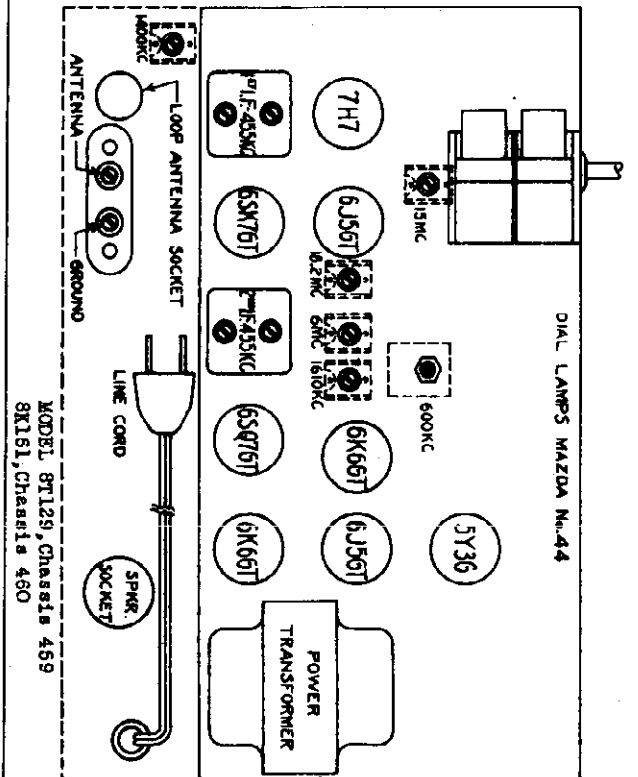
MODEL 6C137, Ch. 456
 MODEL 8C176, Ch. 461
 MODEL 8T129, Ch. 459
 8K161, Ch. 460



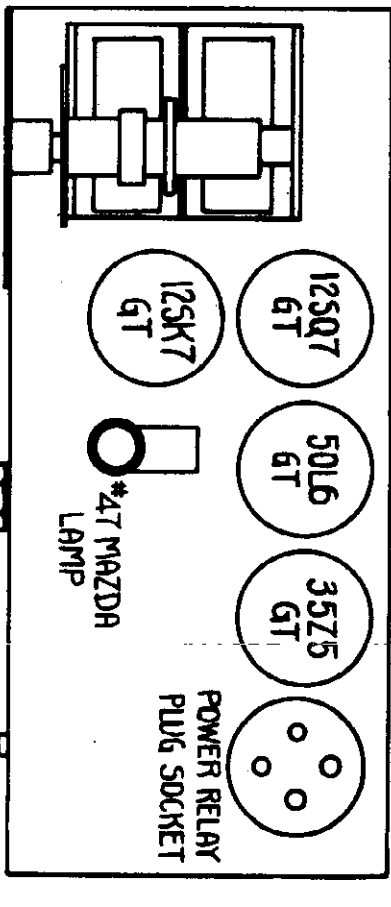
MODEL 6C137, Chassis 456



MODEL 8C176, Chassis 461



MODEL 8T129, Chassis 459

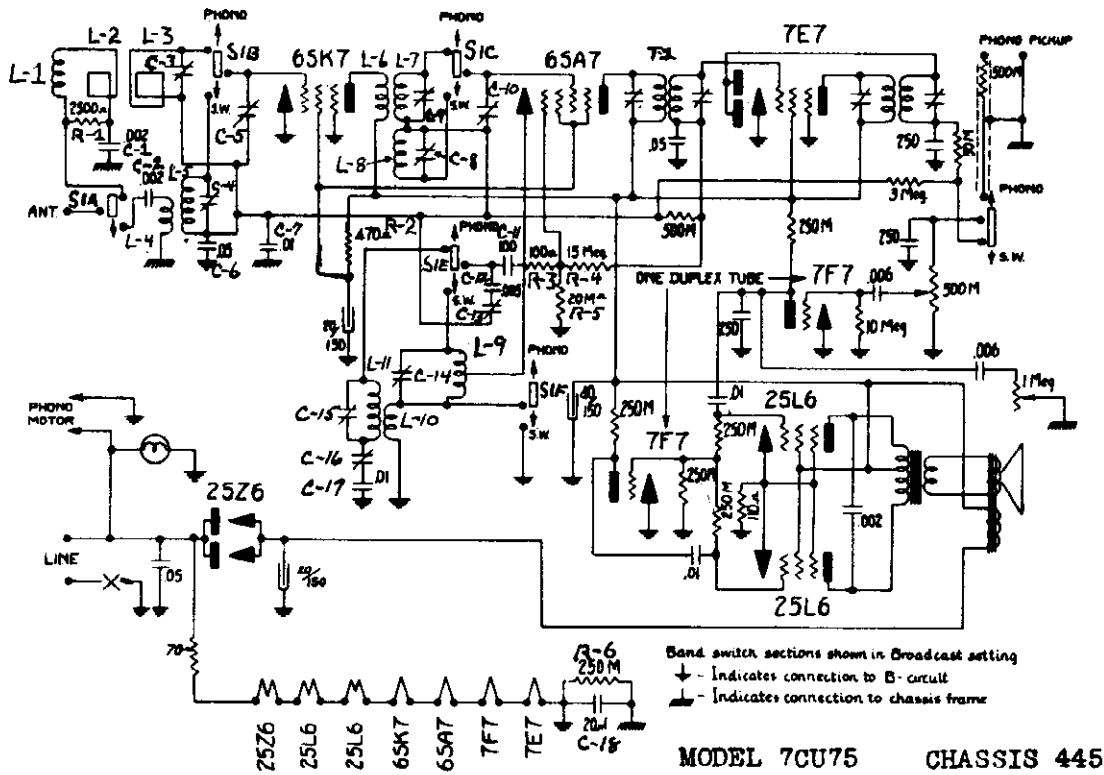


MODEL 8K161, Chassis 460

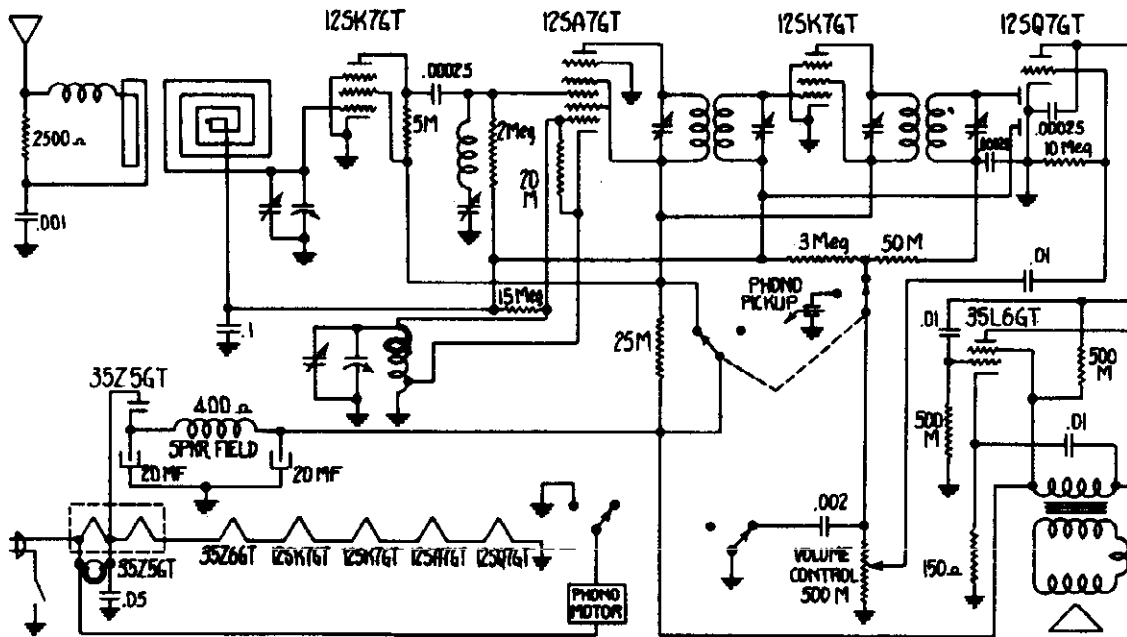
MODEL 6C141, Ch. 457

MODEL 7CU75, Ch. 445

MAJESTIC RADIO & TELEV. CORP.

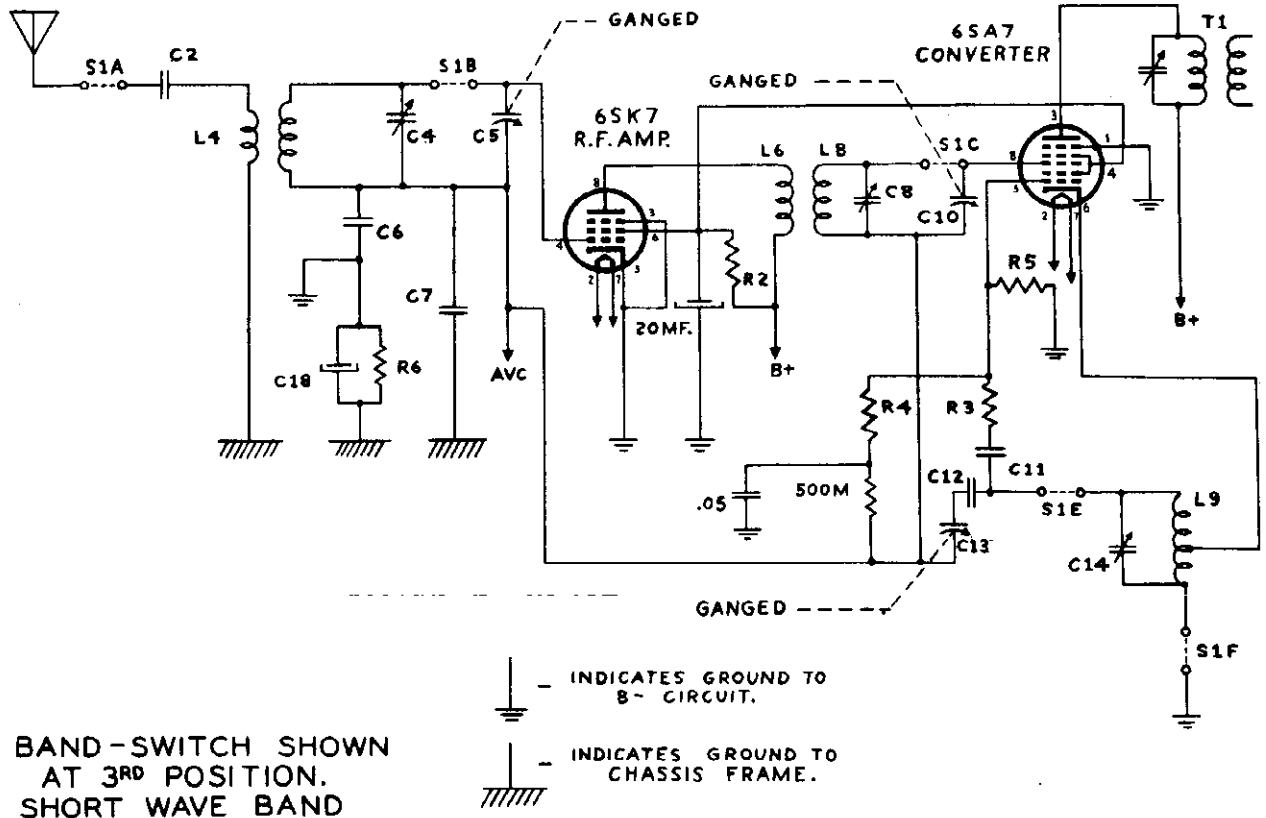
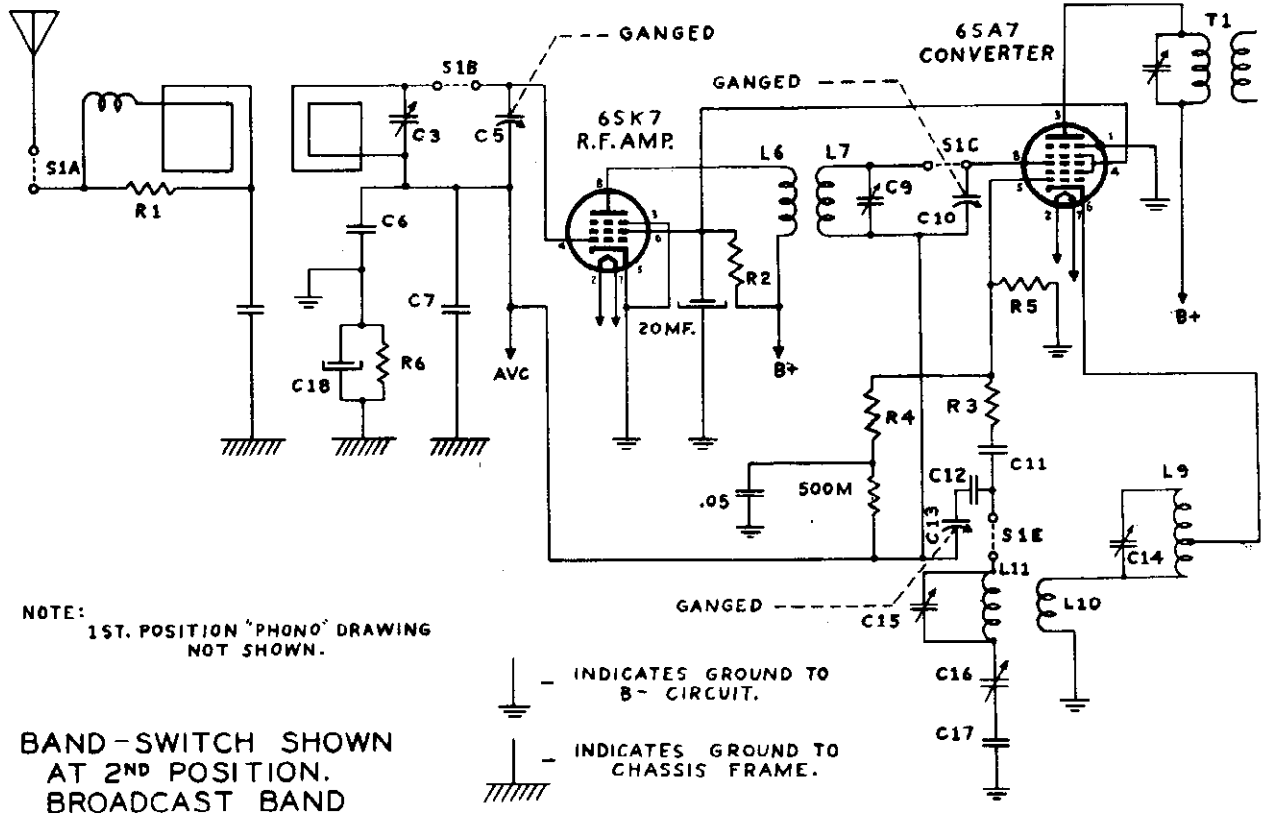


Chassis 445



Chassis 457

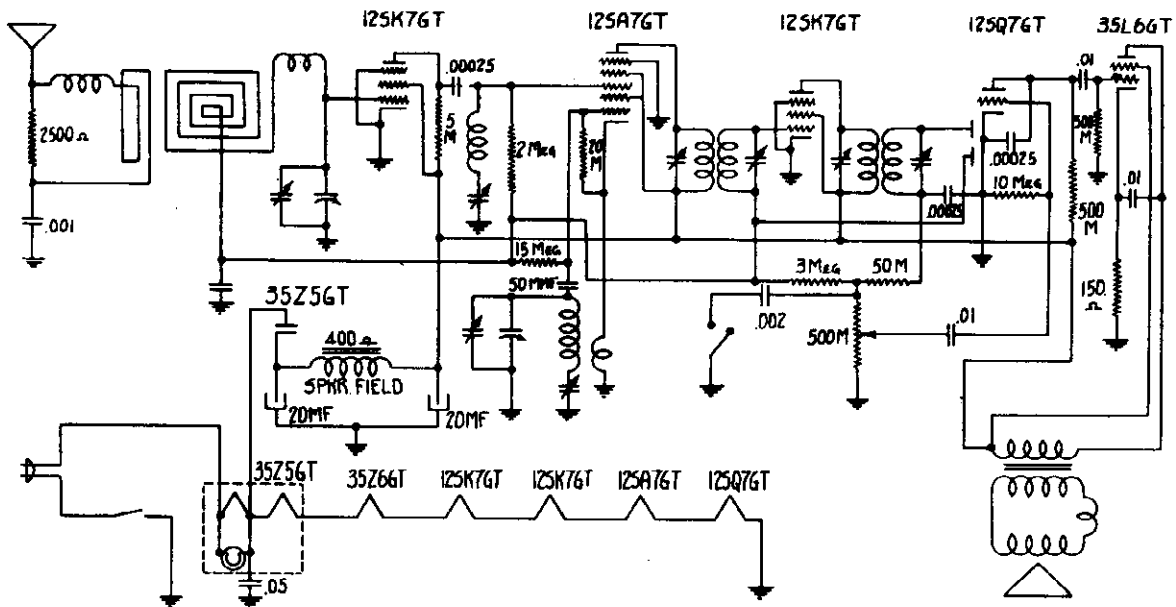
MAJESTIC RADIO & TELEV. CORP.



MODEL 6T23, Ch. 450X

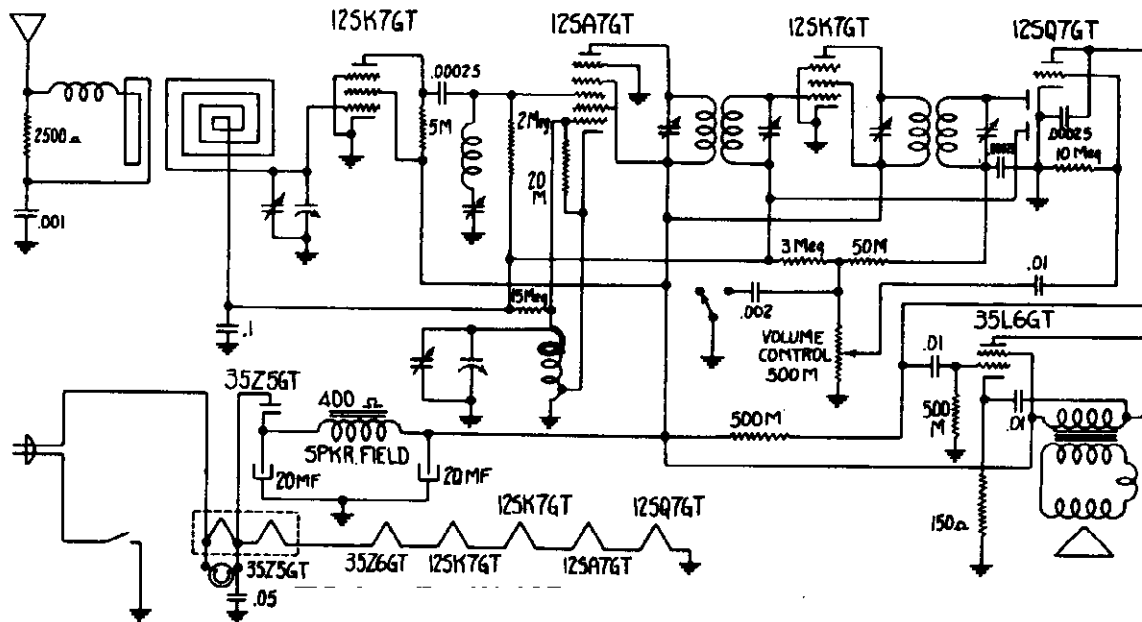
MODEL 6T120, Ch. 455

MAJESTIC RADIO & TELEV. CORP.



MODEL 6T23 CHASSIS 450X

Chassis 450X

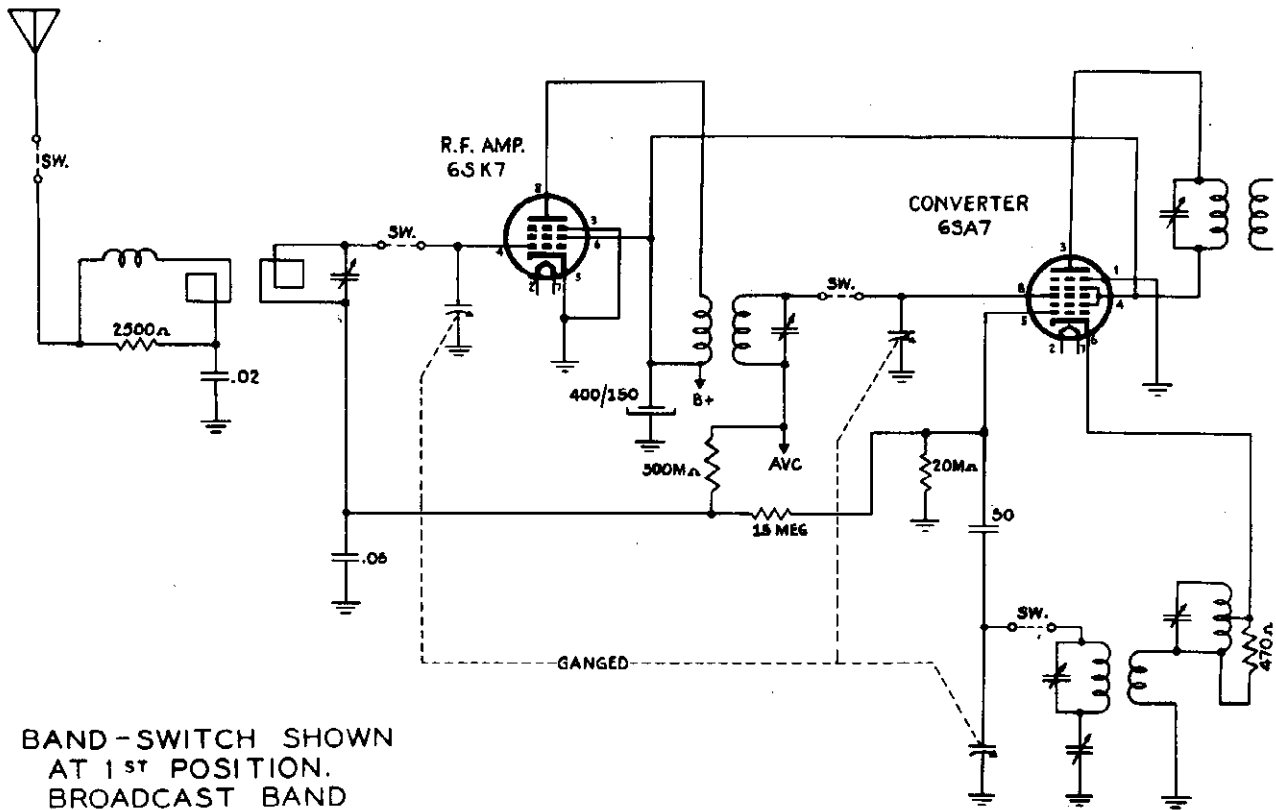


MODEL 6T120 CHASSIS 455

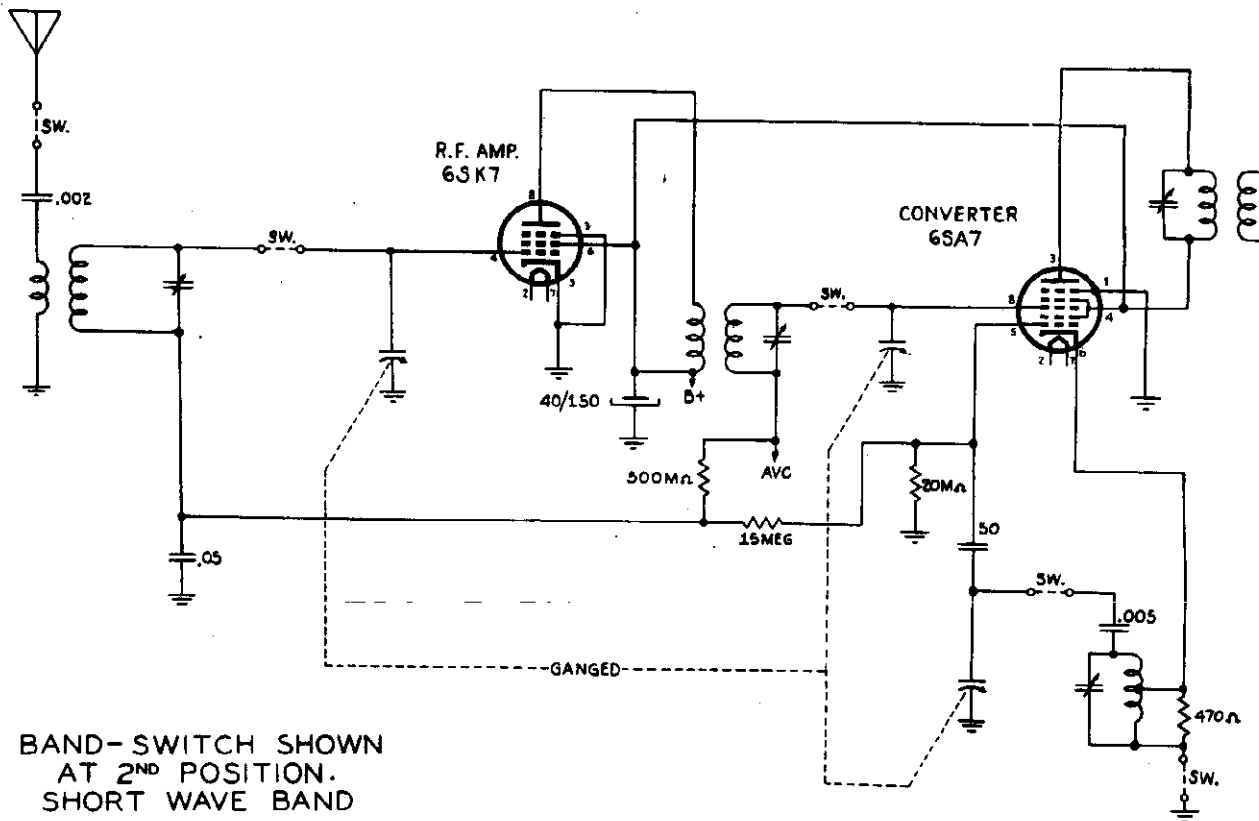
Chassis 455

MODEL 7K60, Ch. 434

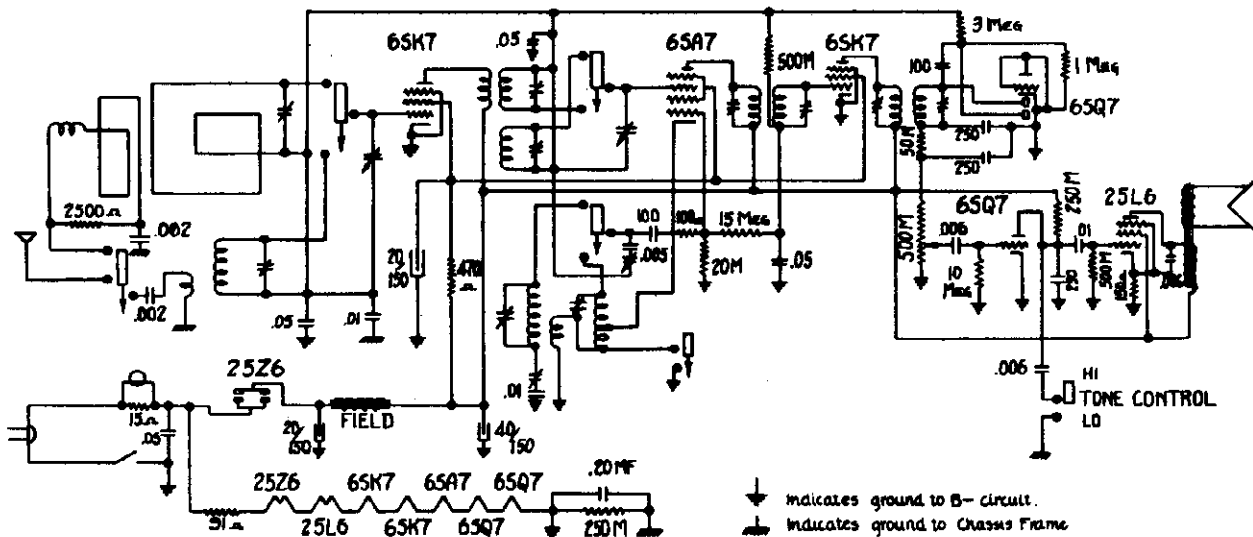
MAJESTIC RADIO & TELEV. CORP.



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN AT 1ST POSITION. BROADCAST BAND

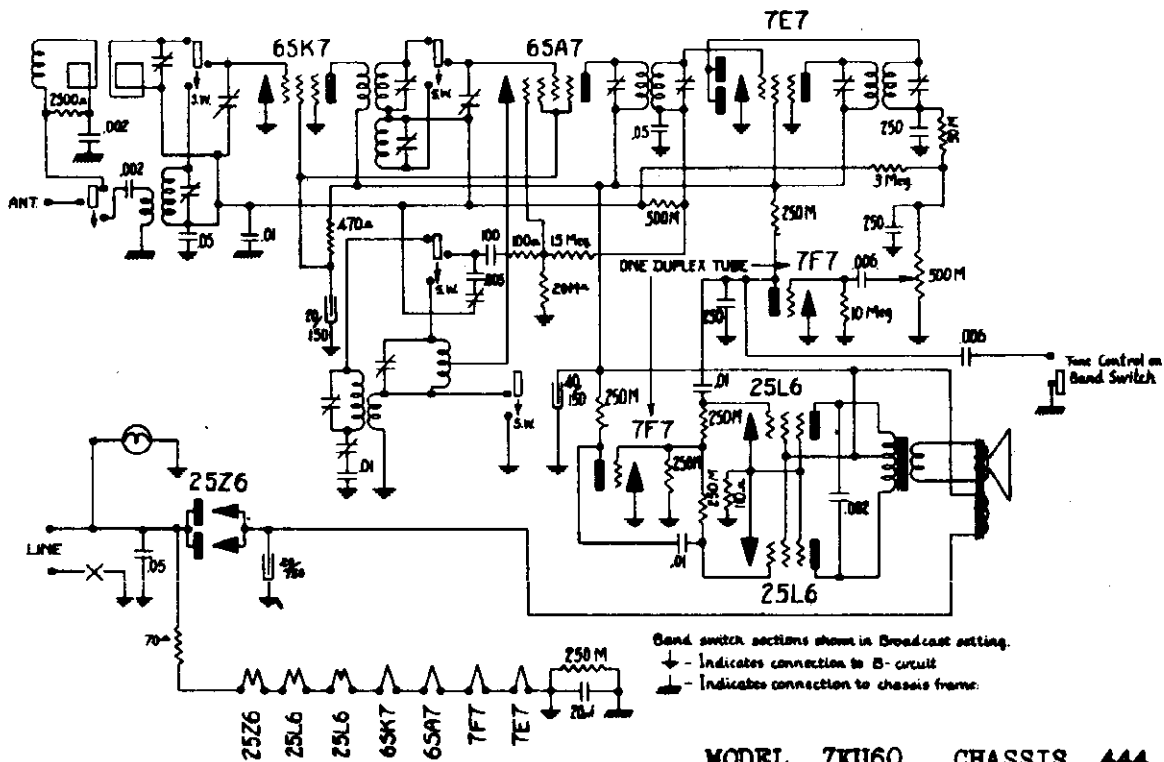


BAND-SWITCH SHOWN AT 2ND POSITION. SHORT WAVE BAND



MODEL 7TU20 CHASSIS 442

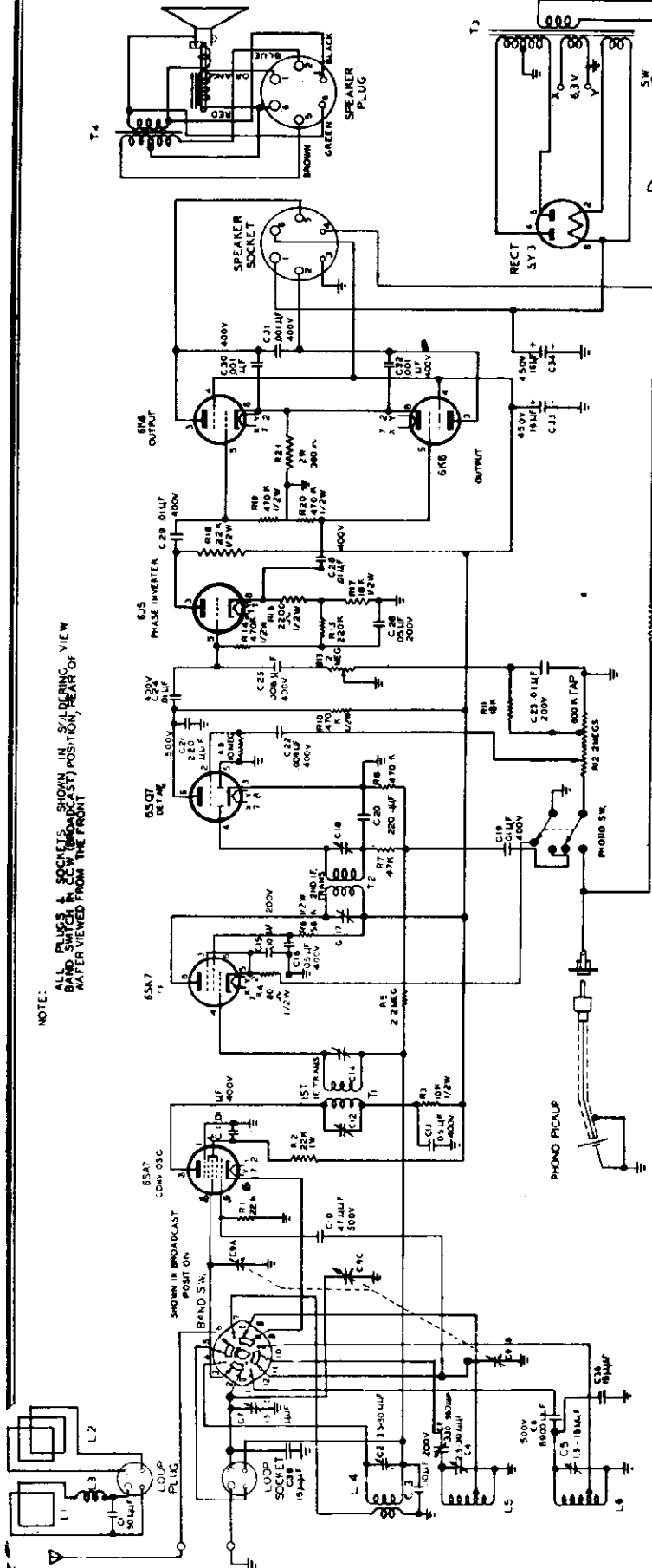
Chassis 442



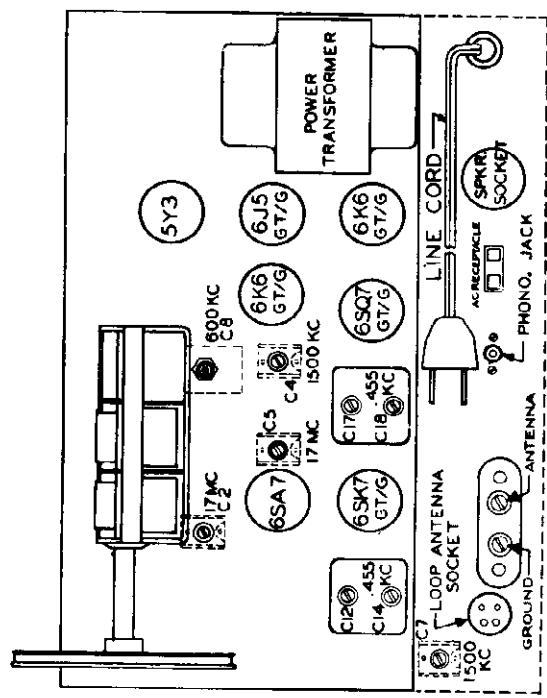
MODEL 7KU60 CHASSIS 444

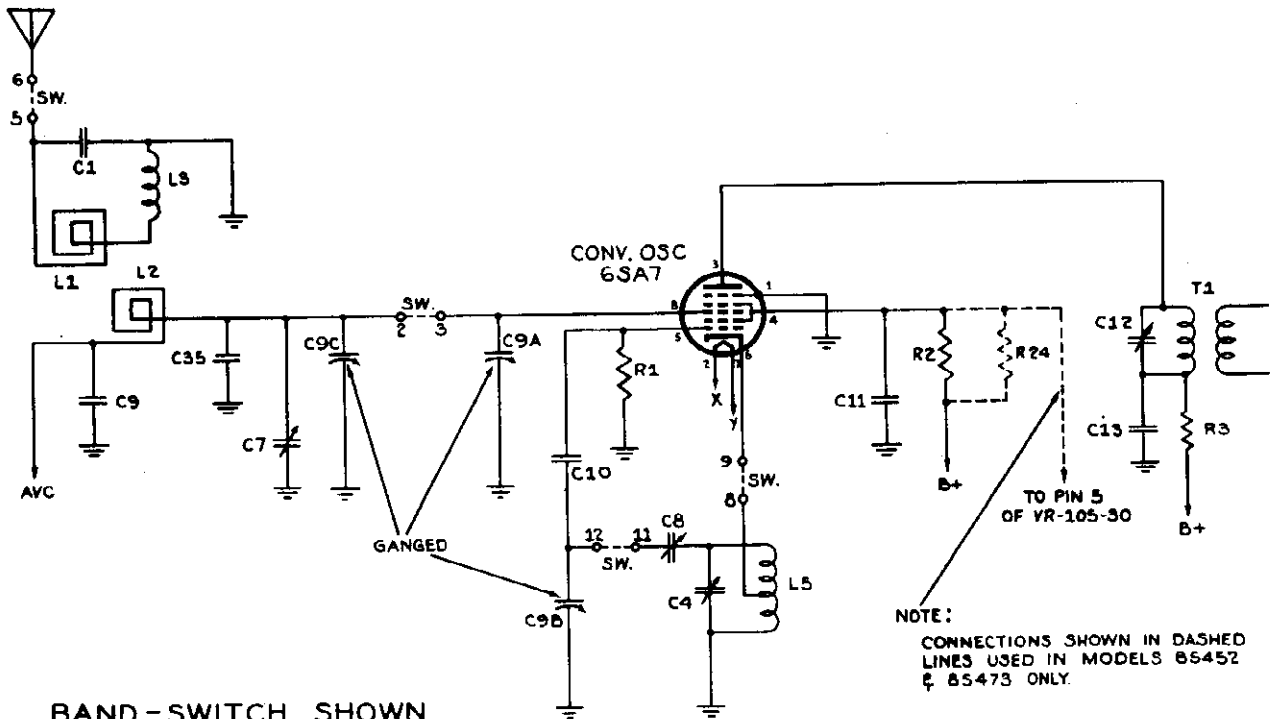
Chassis 444

MODELS 78433, 78450,
Ch. 4702; 78470, Ch. 4703 MAJESTIC RADIO & TELEV. CORP.



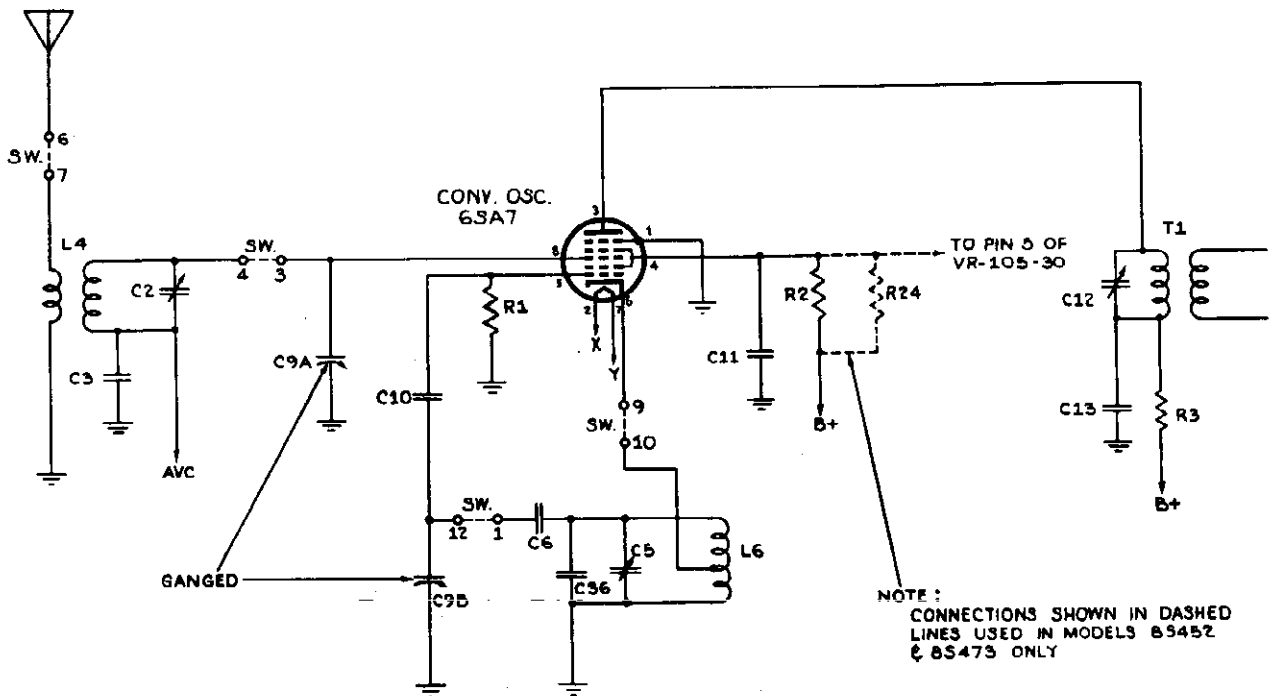
NOTE: ALL PLUGS & SOCKETS SHOWN IN SPLITTING VIEW ALSO SHOWN IN BEST POSITION, REAR OF WAFFER VIEWED FROM THE FRONT





BAND-SWITCH SHOWN AT 1ST POSITION. BROADCAST BAND

NOTE: CONNECTIONS SHOWN IN DASHED LINES USED IN MODELS 85452 & 85473 ONLY.



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN AT 2ND POSITION CLOCKWISE. SHORT WAVE BAND

NOTE: CONNECTIONS SHOWN IN DASHED LINES USED IN MODELS 85452 & 85473 ONLY.

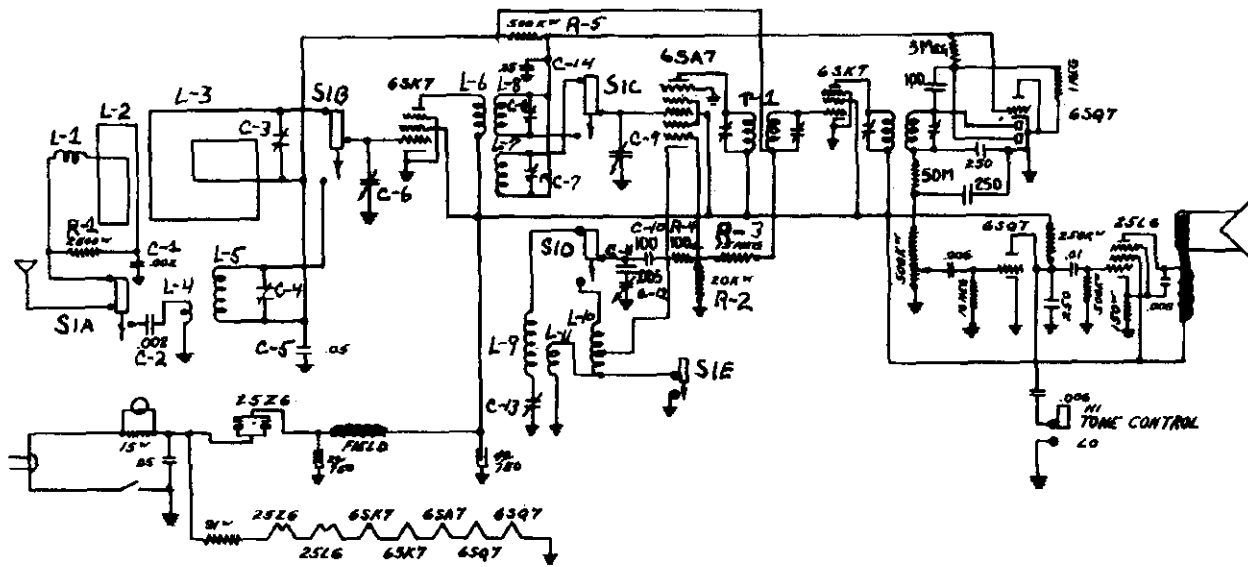
MAJESTIC RADIO & TELEV. CORP.

MODELS 78433, 78450, 78470
 MODEL 88452, 8847

Item	Description	Part #	T1	T2	T3	T4
C1	50 mmfd ± 20% 500 v mica	6-125		1st I-F transformer		3-165
C2, C4	Trimmer, 2.5 - 3C mmfd	8-35		2nd I-F transformer		3-166
C3, C15	.1 mfd ± 40% - 10% 200 v paper	5-39		Power transformer		2-12
C5	Trimmer, 1.5 - 15 mmfd	8-36		Output transformer		22-8-2
C6	6900 mmfd ± 10% 500 v mica	6-177		Bandswitch		11-46
C7	Trimmer, 1.5 - 15 mmfd	8-36		Phono-radio switch		11-45
C8	Padding, 330 - 960 mmfd	8-33		Phono-motor receptacle		15-98
C9a, C9b, C9c	Tuning Condenser	7-18		Pilot light, Mazda #44		26-7
C10	47 mmfd ± 20% 500 v ceramic	6-159		Dial pointer		135-6
C11, C19, C24, C28				Dial cord spring		129-32
C29	.01 mfd ± 20% - 10% 400 v paper	6-132		Dial cord		S-1152
C12, C14, C17, C18	Dual trimmer	8-41		Knob, phono-radio		128-45
C13, C16	.05 mfd ± 40% - 10% 400 v paper	6-130		Knob, off-volume		128-46
C20, C21	220 mmfd ± 20% mica	6-151		Knob, B.C. - S.W.		128-47
C22, C25	.006 mfd ± 20% 400 v paper	6-133		Knob, bass-treble		128-48
C23	.01 mfd ± 40% - 10% 200 v paper	5-57		Knob, tuning		128-49
C26	.05 mfd ± 40% - 10% 200 v paper	5-40		Knob, plain		128-32
C30, C31, C32	.001 mfd ± 50% - 25% 400 v paper	6-129		Cabinets:		115-8
C33, C34	16-16 mfd 450 v electrolytic	19-16		7S433		115-12
R1	22,000 ohms, 20% 1/3 watt	9-184		7S450		115-15
R2	22,000 ohms 10% 1 watt	9-186		7S470		22-8-1
R3	12,000 ohms 10% 1/2 watt	9-17		Speaker, 8" electrodynamic		112-23
R4	180 ohms 10% 1/2 watt	9-173		Escutcheon, 7S433		122-18
R5, R22	2.2 megohms 20% 1/3 watt	9-183		Glass escutcheon, 7S450, 7S470		122-29
R6	56,000 ohms 10% 1/2 watt	9-177		Metal escutcheon, 7S470		117-60
R7	47,000 ohms 10% 1/2 watt	9-226		Dial scale, 7S433		117-51
R8	470,000 ohms 10% 1/2 watt	9-227		Dial scale, 7S450, 7S470		112-283
R9	10 megohms 20% 1/3 watt	9-160		Escutcheon clamp, 7S450, 7S470		S-1192
R10, R14, R19, R20	470,000 ohms 10% 1/2 watt	9-4		Loop antenna assembly, 7S433		20-20
R11	18,000 ohms 10% 1/2 watt	9-225		Loop antenna assembly, 7S450, 7S470		15-84
R12	Volume control, 2 megohm with SPST switch	13-15		Pilot light socket		22-8-3
R13	Tone control, 2 megohms	14-4		Speaker plug		
R15	220,000 ohms 20% 1/3 watt	9-182				
R16	220,000 ohms 10% 1/2 watt	9-7				
R17	18,000 ohms 10% 1/2 watt	9-95				
R18	22,000 ohms 10% 1/2 watt	9-180				
R21	390 ohms 10% 2 watt	9-185				
L4	S.W. antenna coil	3-120				
T5, T6	Neutralizer coil	3-118				

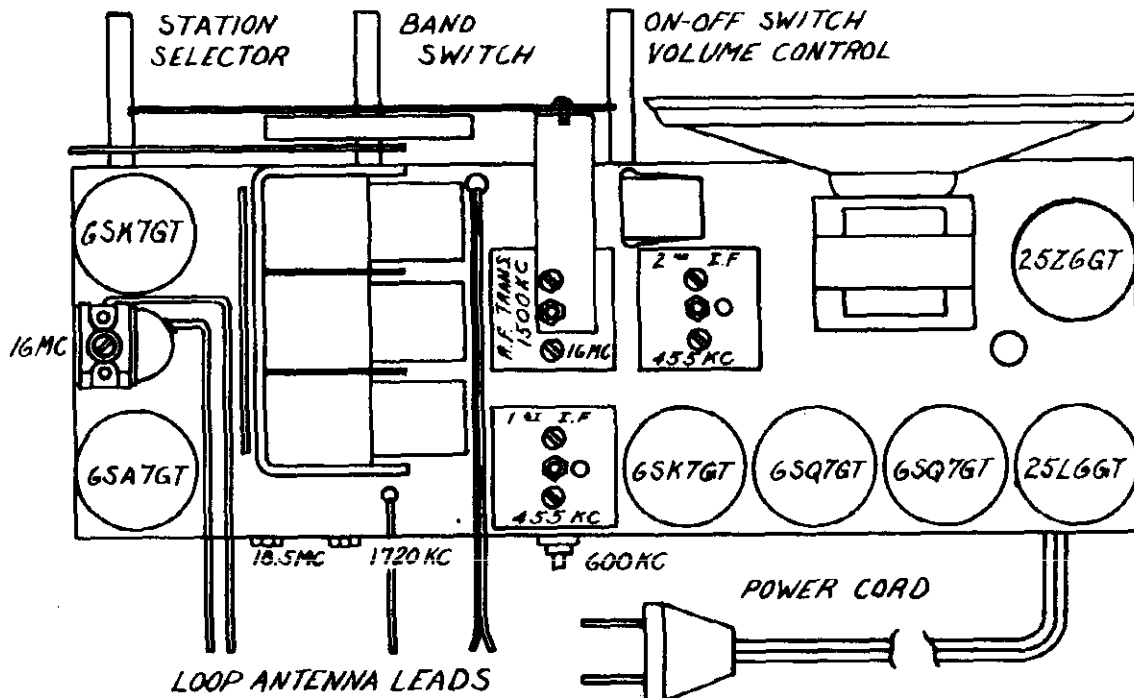
MODEL 7T20, Ch. 432

MAJESTIC RADIO & TELEV. CORP.



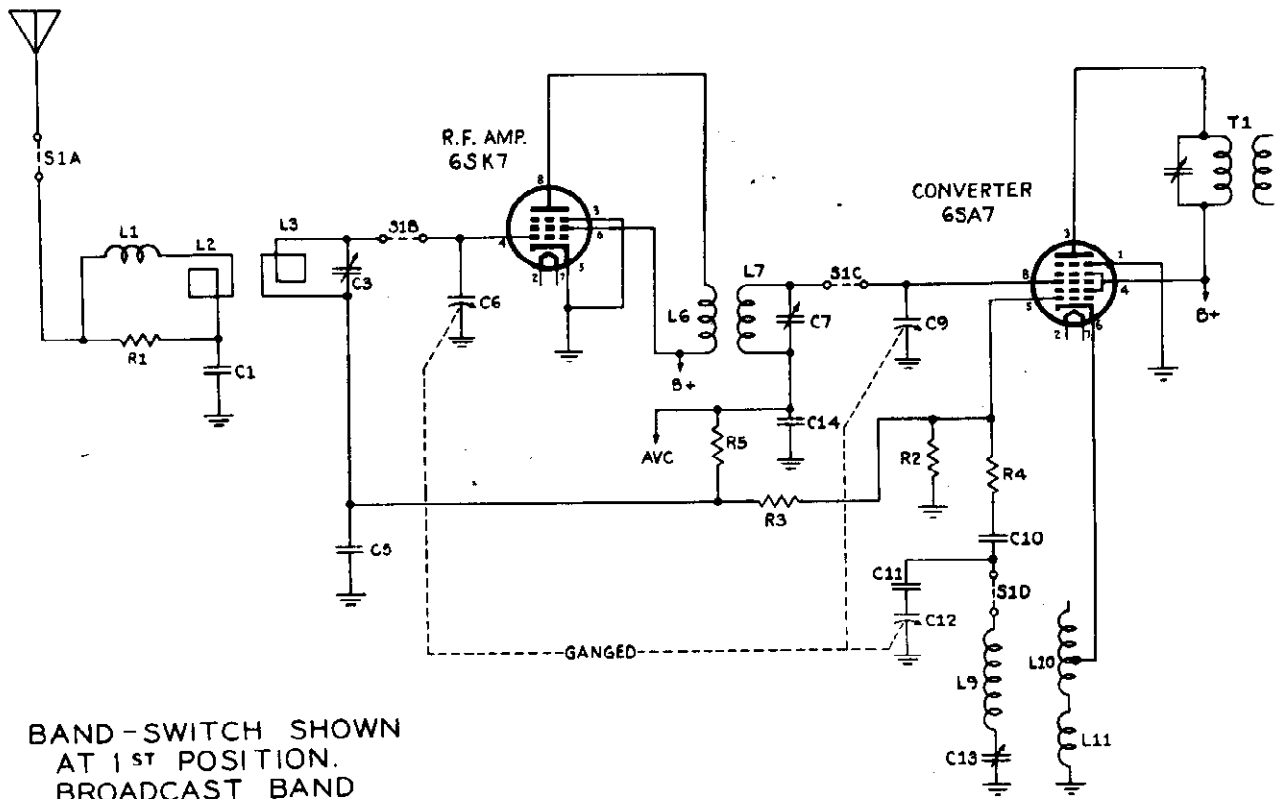
MODEL 7T20 CHASSIS 432

Chassis 432

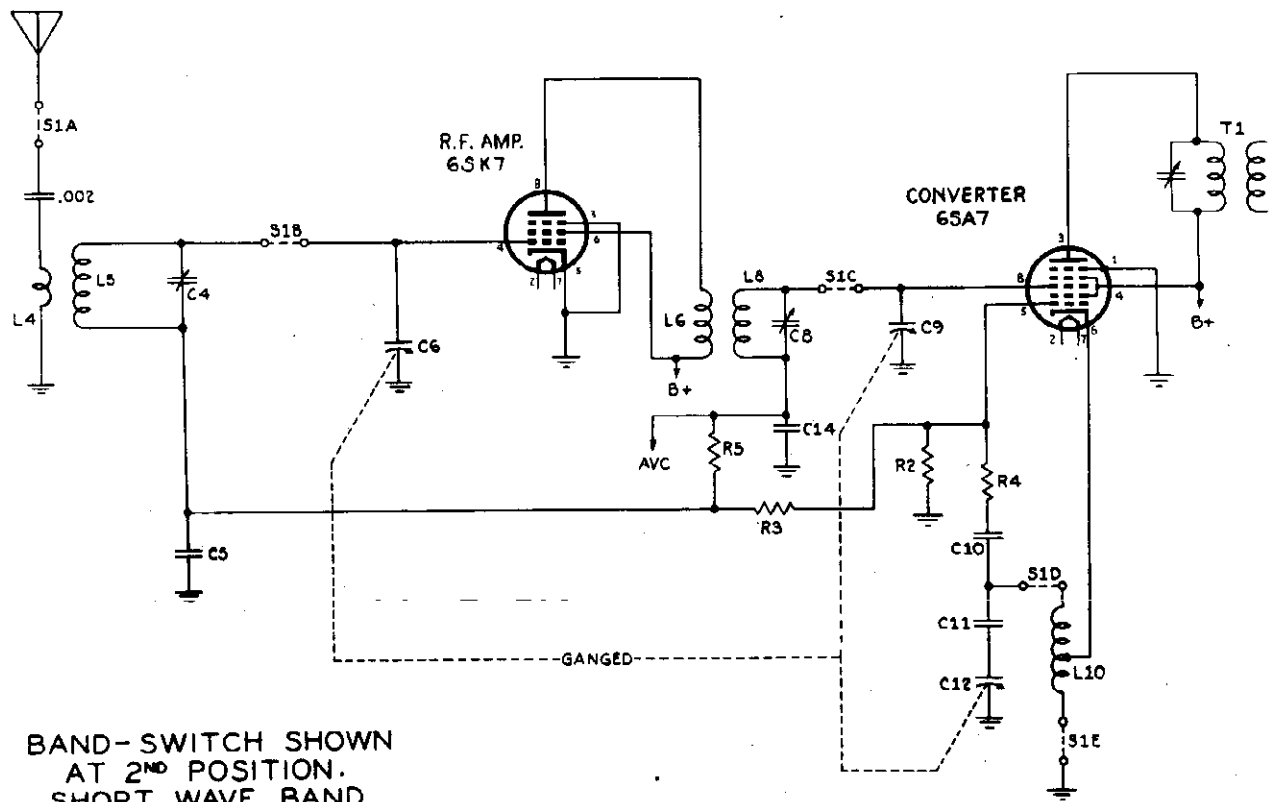


Tube Layout

MAJESTIC RADIO & TELEV. CORP.



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN AT 1ST POSITION. BROADCAST BAND

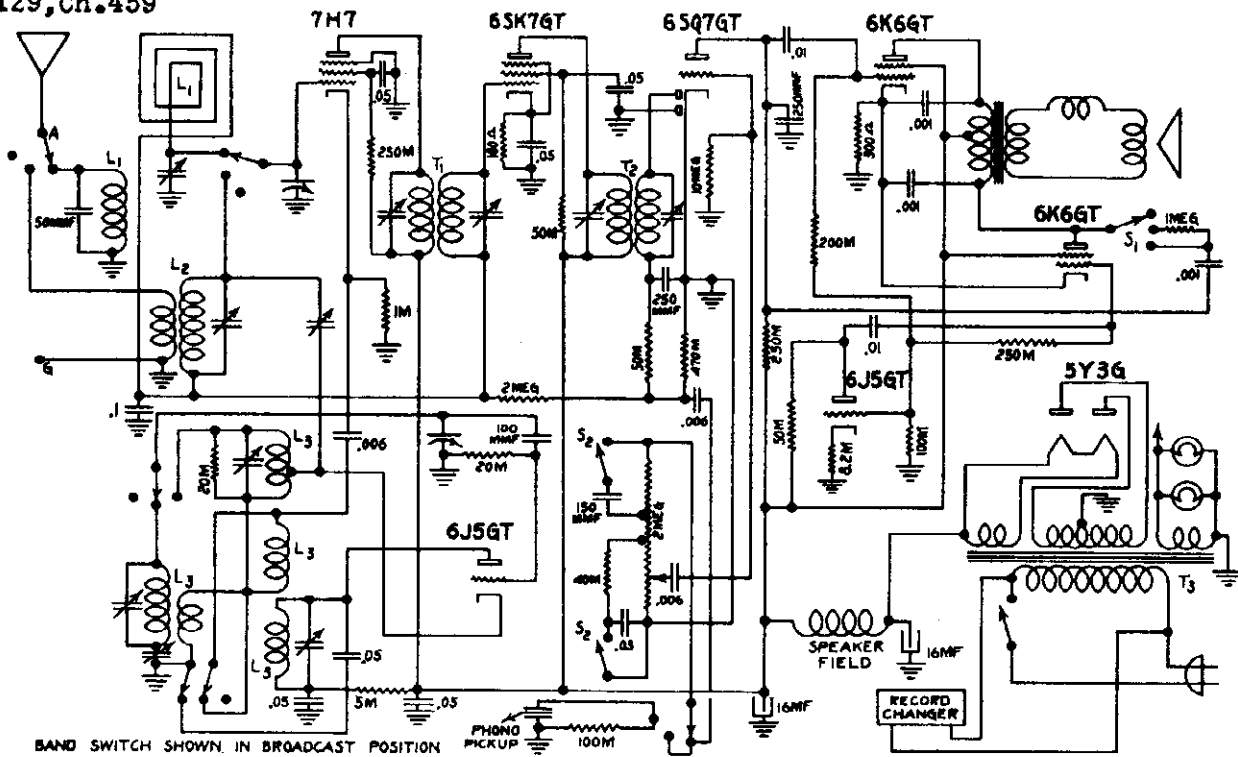


BAND-SWITCH SHOWN AT 2ND POSITION. SHORT WAVE BAND

MODEL 8C176, Ch. 461

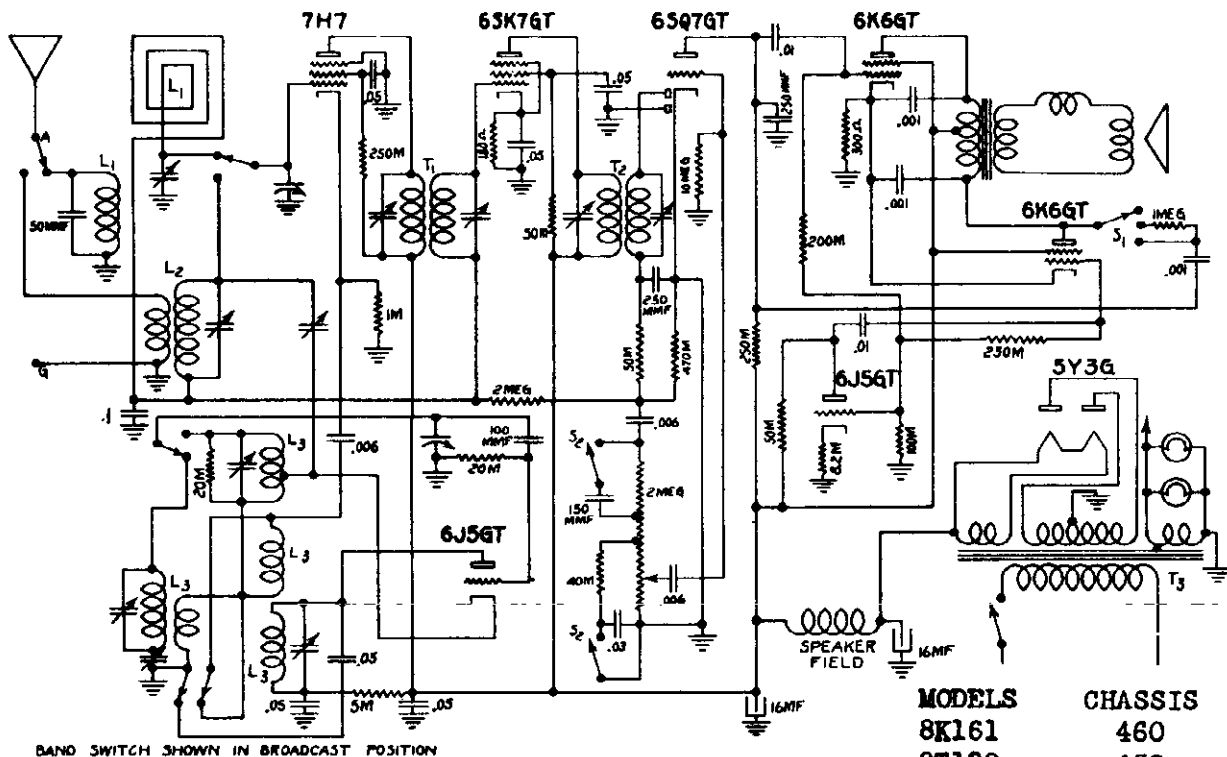
MODELS 8K161, Ch. 460; MAJESTIC RADIO & TELEV. CORP.

8T129, Ch. 459



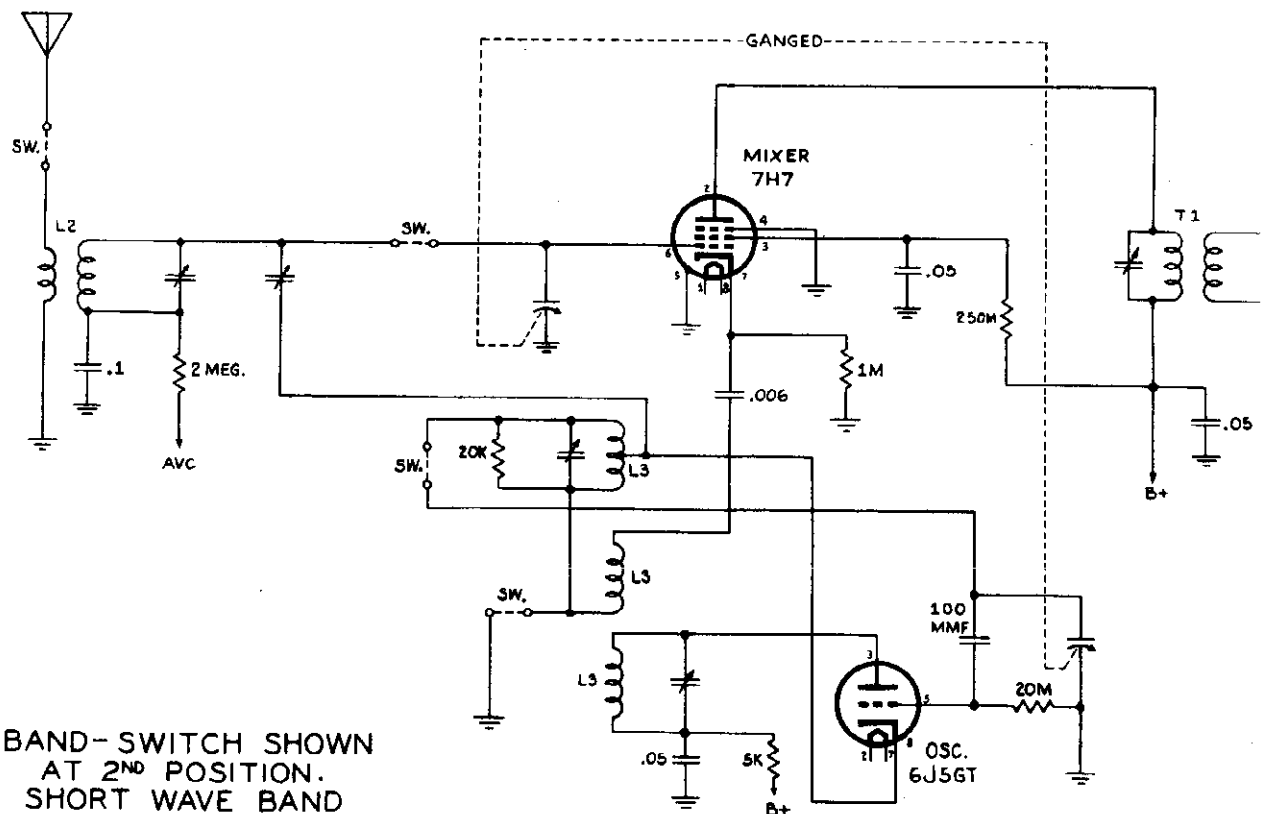
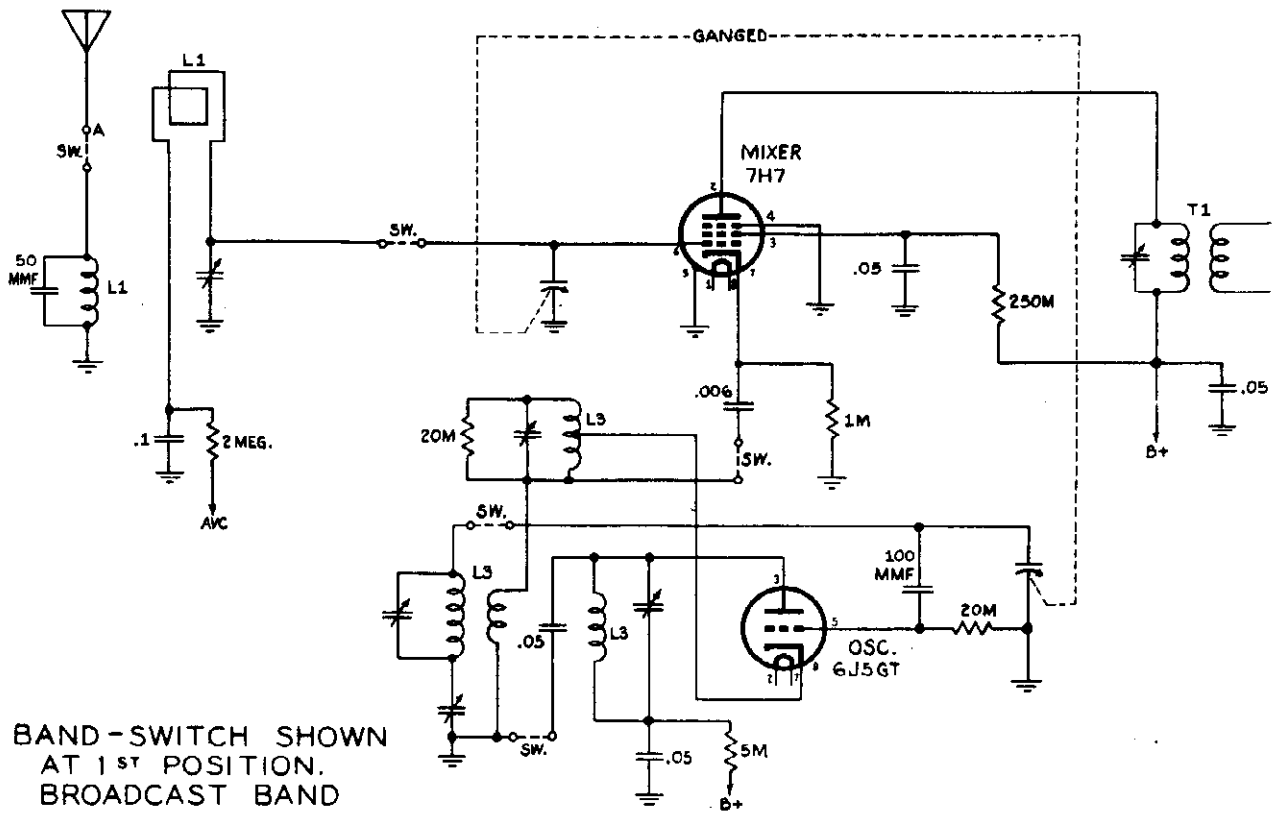
MODEL 8C176 CHASSIS 461

Chassis 461



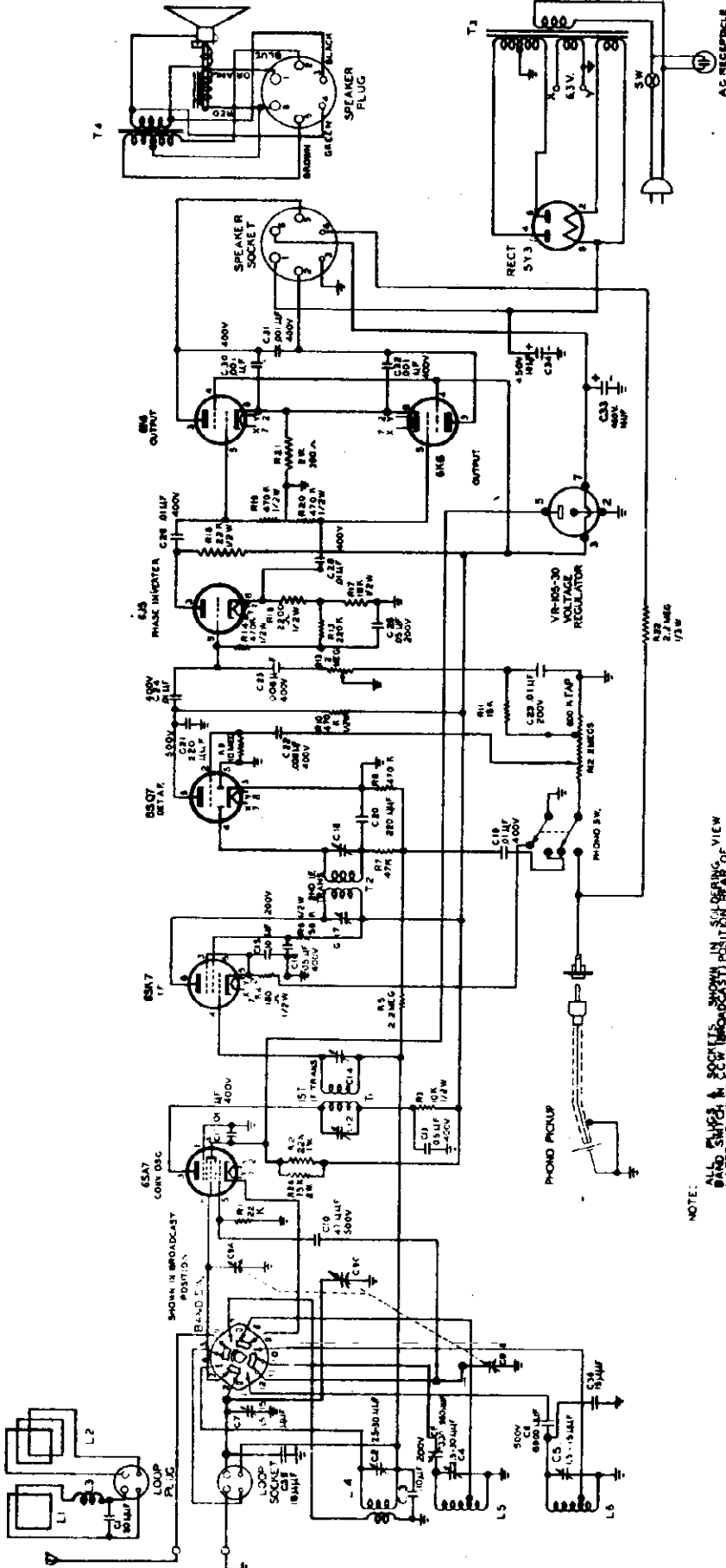
MODELS CHASSIS
8K161 460
8T129 459

Chassis 459 - 460



MODELS 88452, 88473,
Ch.4809

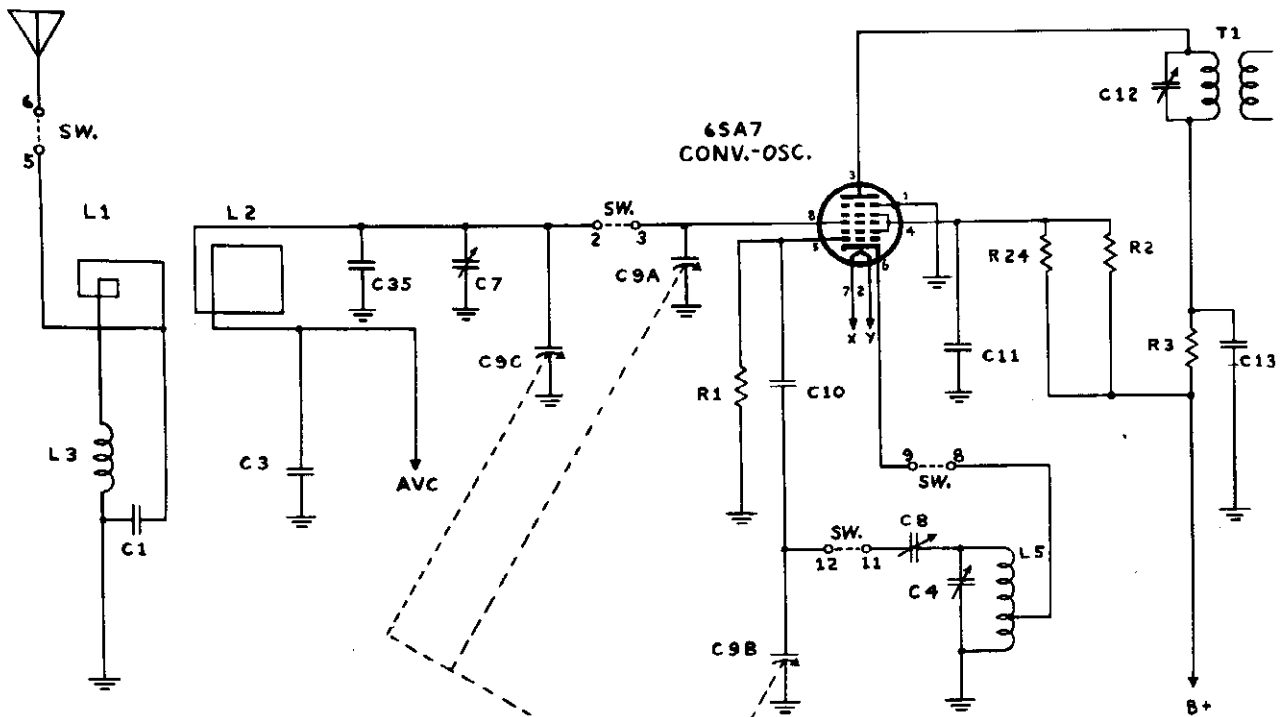
MAJESTIC RADIO & TELEV. CORP.



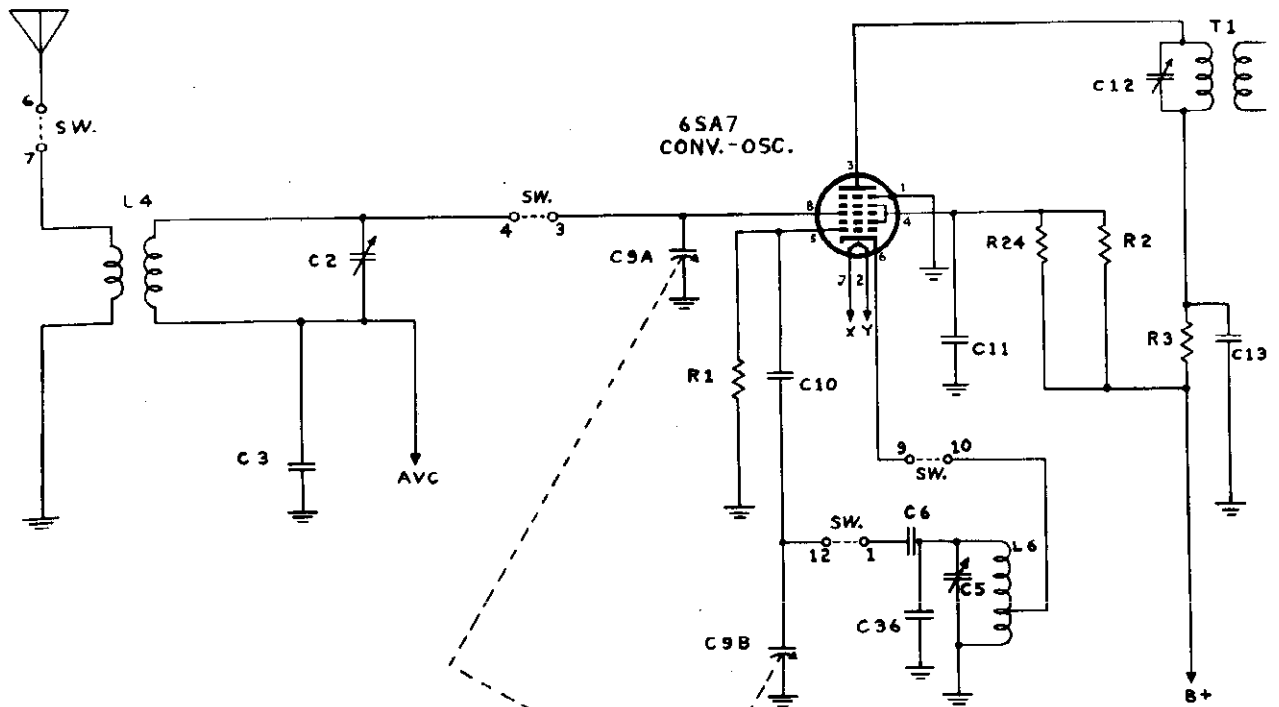
NOTE:
ALL SWITCH & SOCKET POSITIONS ARE SHOWN REAR VIEW
UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED

SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM - CHASSIS 4809

Parts for Model 88452 correspond to Model 7S450 and Model 8S473 to Model 7S470. R24, 15,000 ohms, 2 watts (Part number 9-299) has been added in addition to the VR-105 tube.



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
AT 1ST POSITION.
BROADCAST BAND



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
AT 2ND POSITION CLOCKWISE
SHORT WAVE BAND

MODELS 88452, 88473

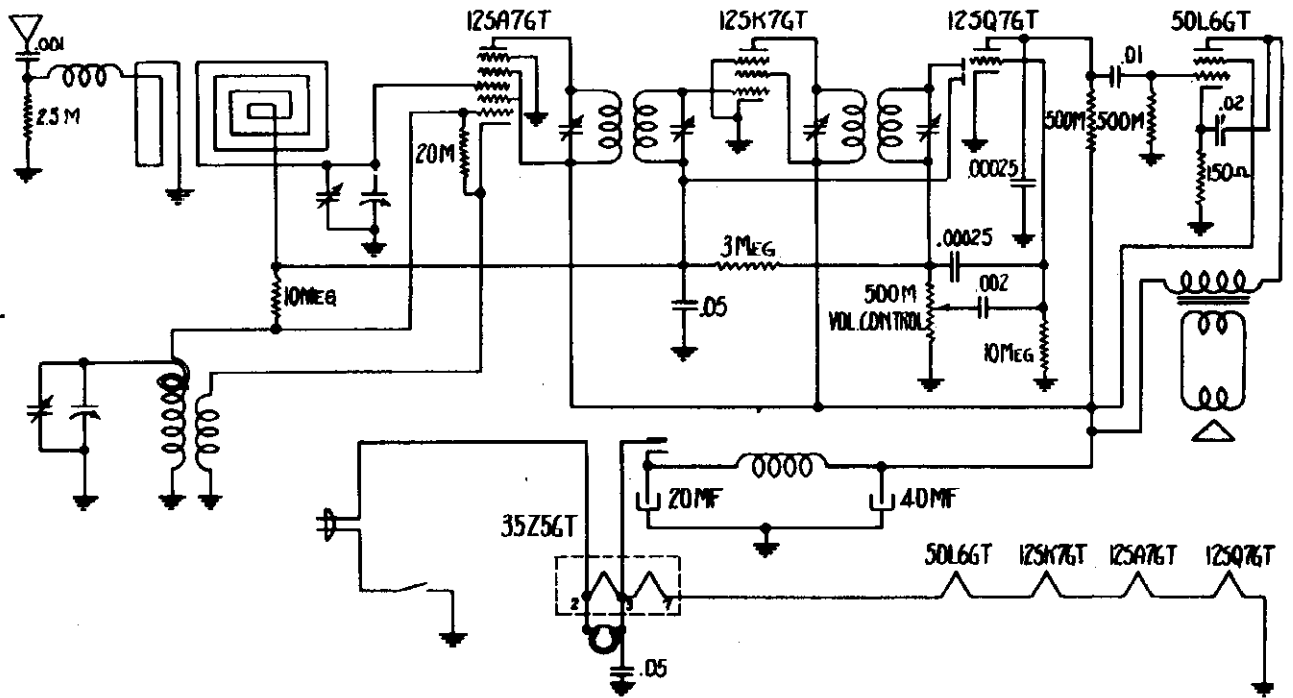
Ch.4810

MAJESTIC RADIO & TELEV. CORP.

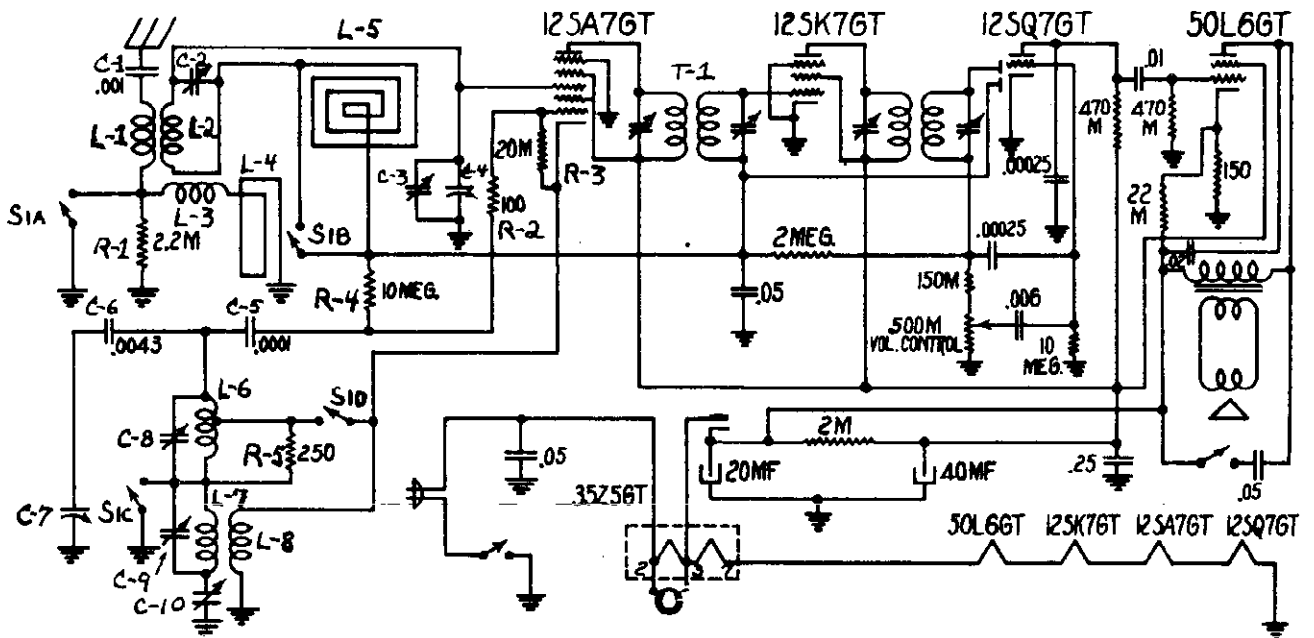
ITEM	DESCRIPTION	PART NO.
C2, C4, C5	Trimmer, 2.5 - 30 mmfd	8-35
C3, C15	.1 mfd + 40% - 10% 200 v paper	5-39-
C6	6900 mmfd + 10% 500 v mica	6-177
C7	Trimmer, 1.5 - 15 mmfd	8-36
C8	Padder, 330 - 960 mmfd	8-33
C9a, C9b, C9c	Tuning Condenser	7-22 or 7-23
C10	47 mmfd ± 20% 500 v ceramic	6-159
C11	.01 mfd 20% 600 v paper	5-74
C19, C24, C28	.01 mfd + 30% - 10% 400 v paper	6-132
C29, C36	Dual trimmer	8-41
C12, C14, C17, C18	.05 mfd 20% 600 v paper	5-77
C13, C16	220 mmfd ± 20% mica	6-151
C20, C21	.006 mfd + 20% 400 v paper	6-133
C22, C25	.01 mfd + 40% - 10% 200 v paper	5-57
C23	.001 mfd + 50% - 25% 600 v paper	5-40
C26	16-16 mfd 450 v electrolytic	5-79
C30, C31, C32	100 mmfd ± 20% 500 v mica	19-16
C33, C34	22,000 ohms 20% 1/4 watt	6-232
C35	22,000 ohms 10% 1 watt	9-222
R1	10,000 ohms 10% 1/2 watt	9-186
R2	180 ohms 10% 1/2 watt	9-17
R3	1 megohm 20% 1/4 watt	9-272
R4	56,000 ohms 10% 1/2 watt	9-255
R5, R23	47,000 ohms 10% 1/4 watt	9-177
R6	470,000 ohms 10% 1/4 watt	9-226
R7	470,000 ohms 10% 1/4 watt	9-227
R8	10 megohms 20% 1/4 watt	9-213
R9	470,000 ohms 10% 1/4 watt	9-234
R10, R14, R19, R20	18,000 ohms 10% 1/2 watt	9-225
R11	Volume control, 2/megohm with SPST switch	13-15
R12	Tone control, 2 megohms	14-4
R13	220,000 ohms 20% 1/4 watt	9-220
R15	2200 ohms 10% 1/2 watt	9-107
R16	18,000 ohms 10% 1/2 watt	9-95
R17	22,000 ohms 10% 1/2 watt	9-180
R18	390 ohms 10% 2 watt	9-165
R21	2.2 megohms 20% 1/4 watt	9-296
R22	15,000 ohms 20% 2 watt	9-299
R24	S.W. antenna coil	3-120
L4	Oscillator coil	3-118
L5, L6		
T1	1st I-F transformer	3-165
T2	2nd I-F transformer	3-166
T3	Power transformer	2-12
T4	Output transformer	22-8-2

ITEM	DESCRIPTION	PART NO.
	Phono-motor receptacle	15-98
	Pilot light, Mazda #44	26-7
	Dial pointer	135-6
	Dial cord spring	129-29
	Dial cord	S-1263
	Knob, phono-radio	128-45
	Knob, off-volumes	128-46
	Knob, B.C. - S.W.	128-47
	Knob, bass-treble	128-48
	Knob, tuning	128-49
	Knob, plain	128-32
	Cabinets:	
	88452	115-12
	88473	115-15
	Speaker, 8" electrodynamic	22-8-1
	Speaker, 10" electrodynamic	22-14-1
	Glass escutcheon	122-18
	Metal escutcheon	122-29
	Dial scale,	117-69
	Escutcheon clamp	112-355
	Loop antenna assembly	20-8
	Pilot light socket	15-84
	Speaker plug	22-8-3
	S-1200 Filter Box	
	Resistor, 500 ohms, 5 watt, wire wound	9-287
	Transformer	12-23
	Choke	12-29
	Speakers: 8" P.M.	22-21
	10" P.M.	22-22
	12" P.M.	22-23

MAJESTIC RADIO & TELEV. CORP.



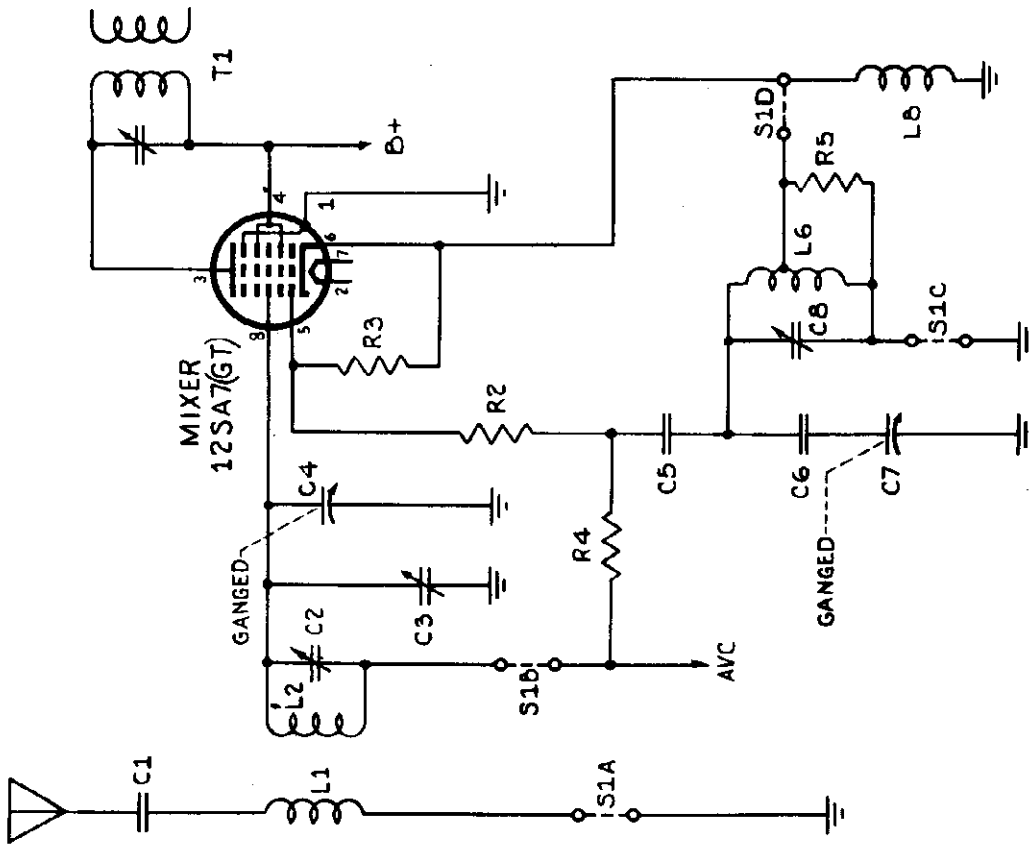
MODEL 400, Chassis 400



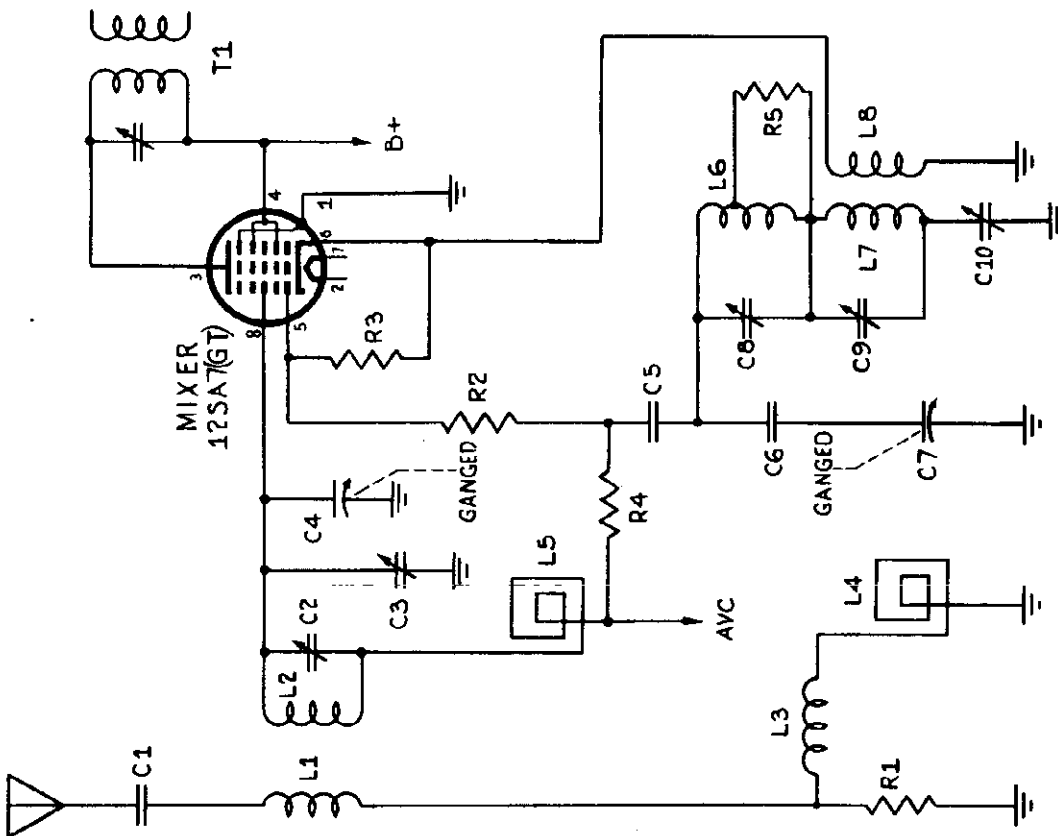
MODEL 401, Chassis 401

MODEL 401, Ch. 401

MAJESTIC RADIO & TELEV. CORP.



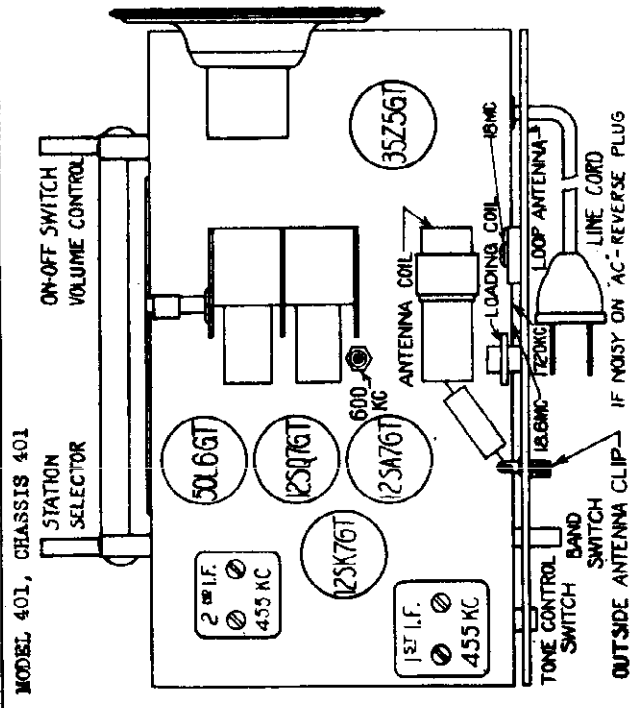
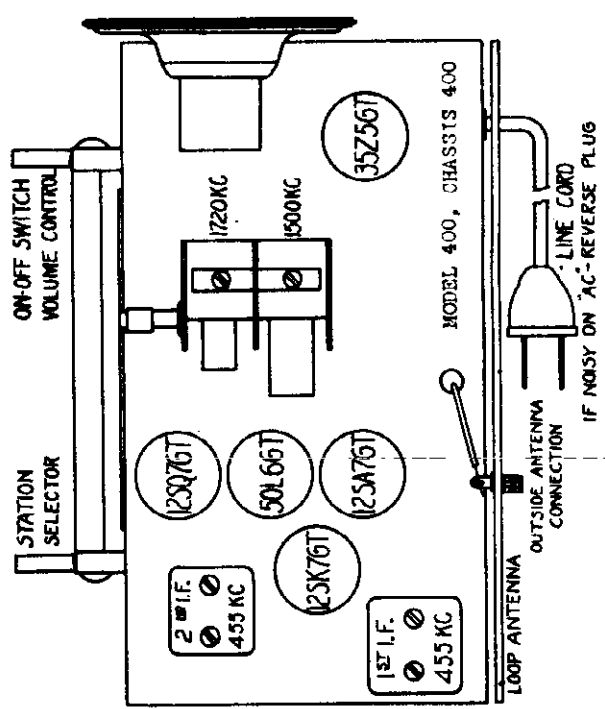
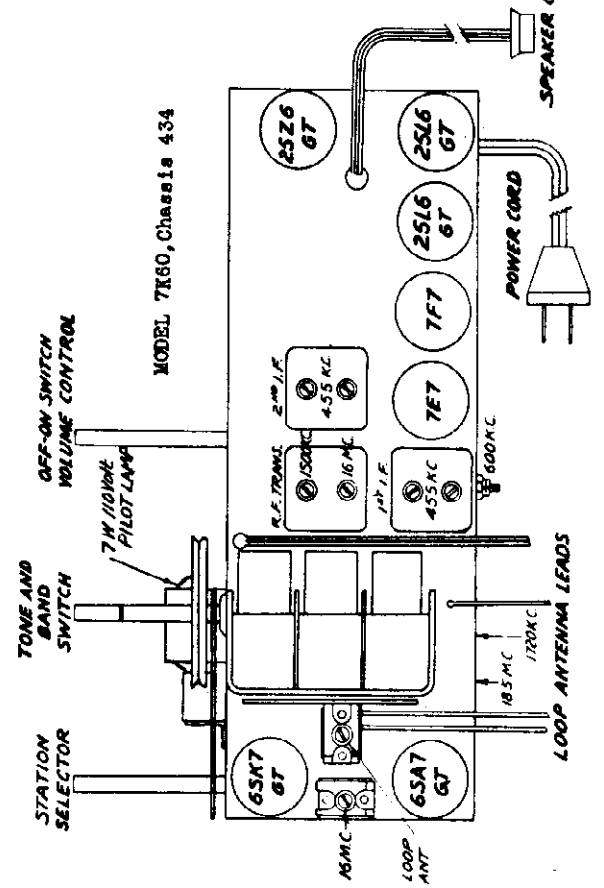
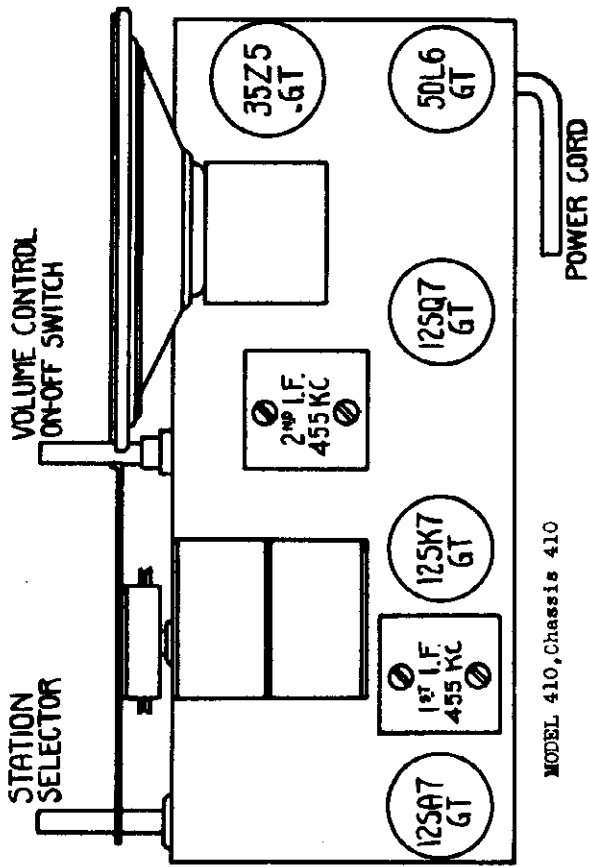
BAND-SWITCH
CLOSED IN
SHORT WAVE BAND



BAND-SWITCH
OPEN IN
BROADCAST BAND

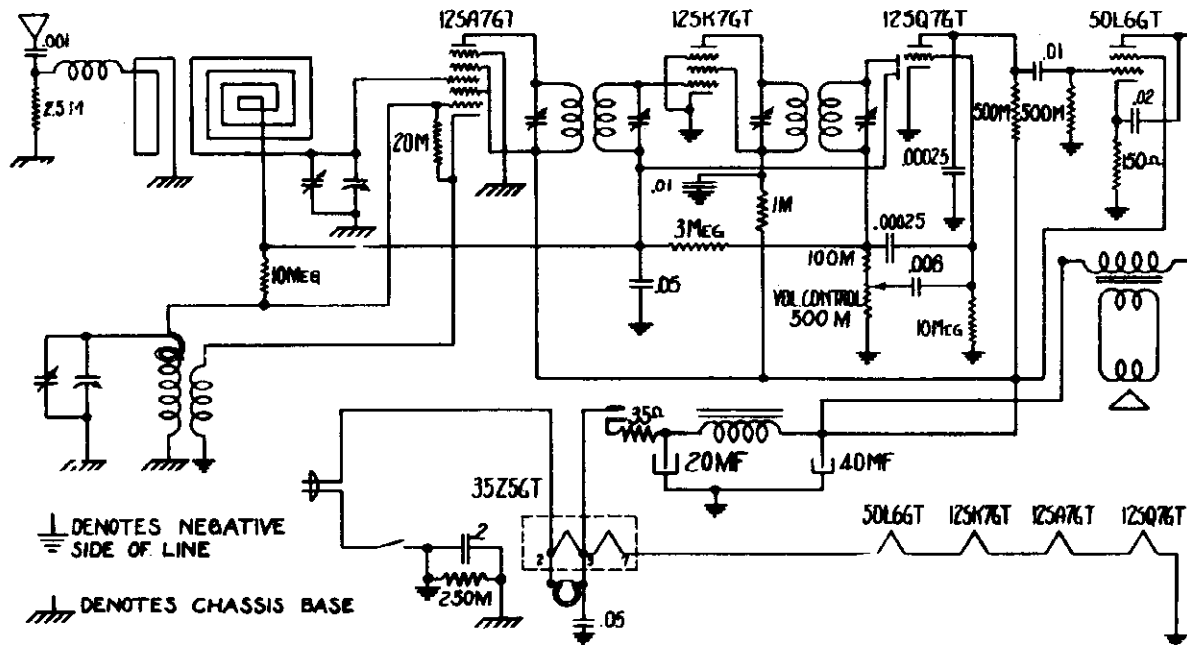
MAJESTIC RADIO & TELEV. CORP.

MODEL 7K60, Ch. 43
 MODEL 400, Ch. 400
 MODEL 401, Ch. 401
 MODEL 410, Ch. 410



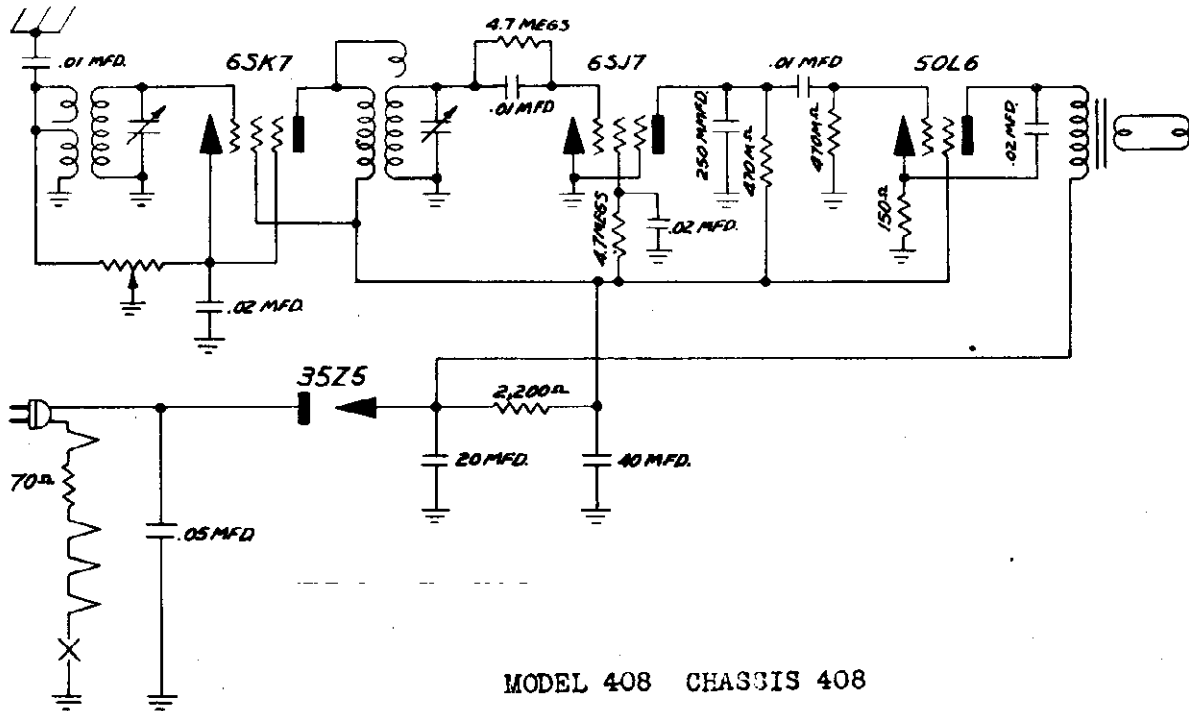
MODEL 407, Ch. 407
 MODEL 408, Ch. 408
 Camera Port.

MAJESTIC RADIO & TELEV. CORP.



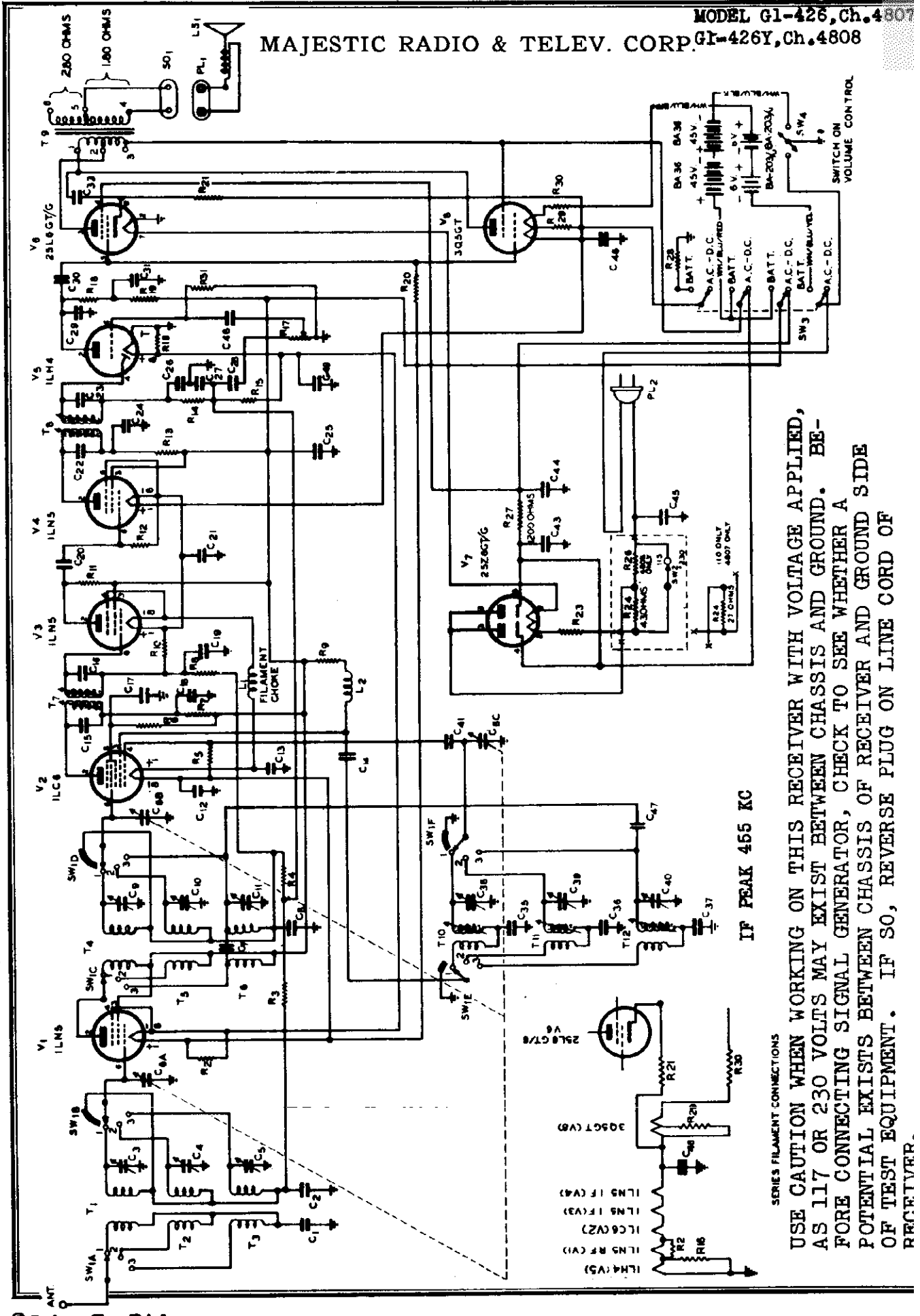
MODEL 407 CHASSIS 407

Chassis 407



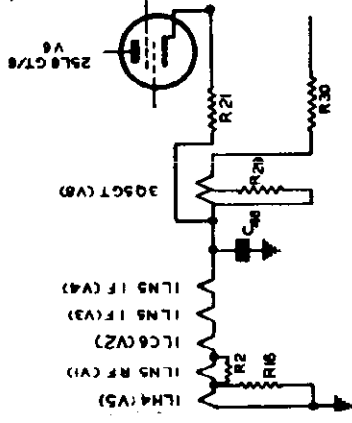
MODEL 408 CHASSIS 408

Chassis 408
 Model Camera Port.



IF PEAK 455 KC

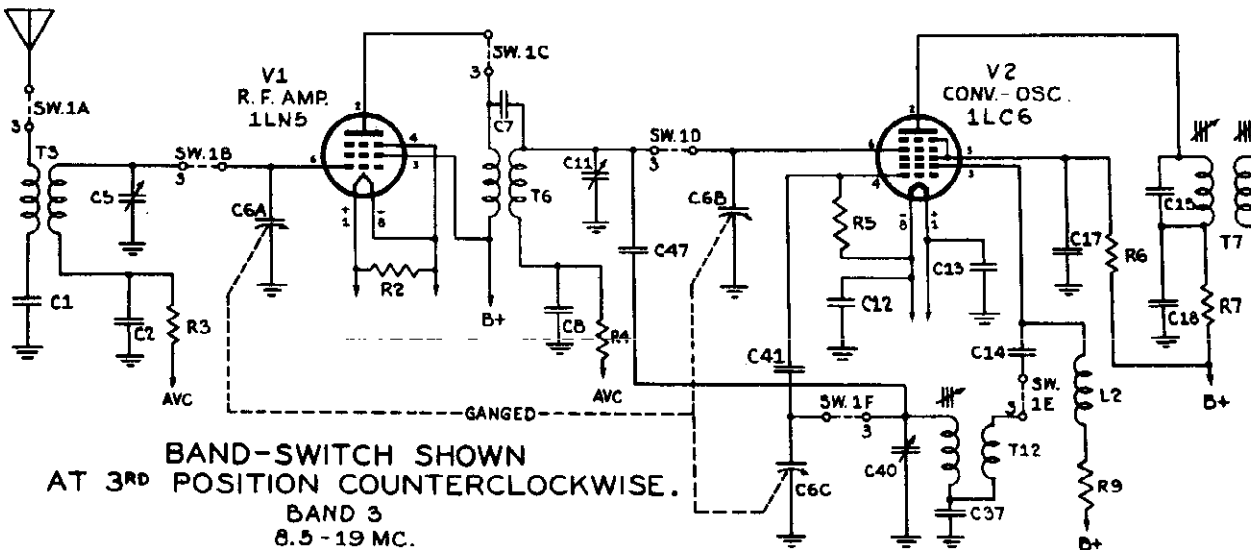
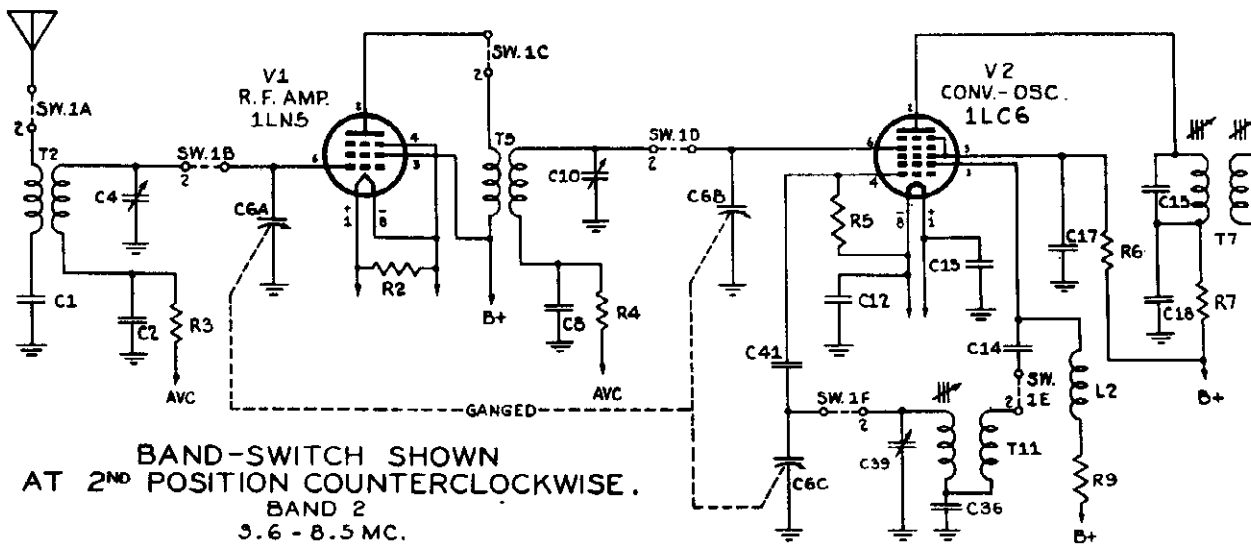
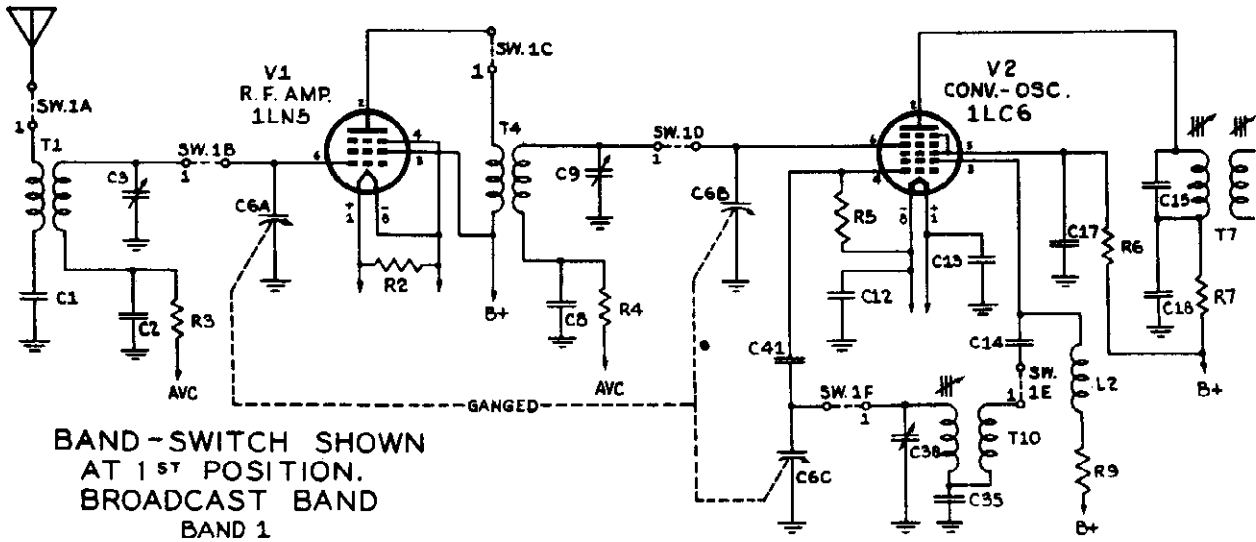
SERIES FILAMENT CONNECTIONS



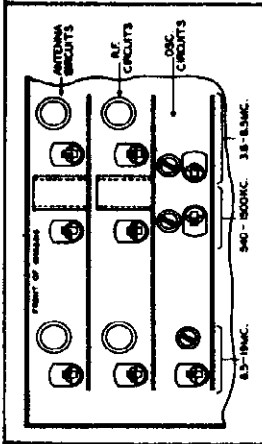
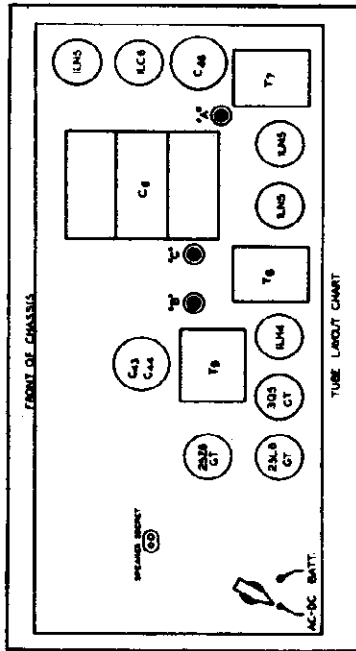
USE CAUTION WHEN WORKING ON THIS RECEIVER WITH VOLTAGE APPLIED, AS 117 OR 230 VOLTS MAY EXIST BETWEEN CHASSIS AND GROUND. BEFORE CONNECTING SIGNAL GENERATOR, CHECK TO SEE WHETHER A POTENTIAL EXISTS BETWEEN CHASSIS OF RECEIVER AND GROUND SIDE OF TEST EQUIPMENT. IF SO, REVERSE PLUG ON LINE CORD OF RECEIVER.

MODELS G1-426,
G1-426Y

MAJESTIC RADIO & TELEV. CORP.



MAJESTIC RADIO & TELEV. CORP.



TUBE LAYOUT CHART

VOLTAGE TABLE

TUBE	PLATE	SCREEN	PLUS FIL. MINUS FIL.	CATHODE
6X5 (V1)	100	100	2.5	1.4
6X6 (V2)	100	50 (pin 3)	4	2.5
6X3 (V3)	55	40 (pin 5)		
6X4 (V4)	100	100	5.1	4
6X5 (V5)	60		6.2	5.1
6X6 (V6)	110	115	1.4	0
6X7 (V7)	110AC		25 A.C.	0
6X8 (V8)	110AC		50 A.C.	25 A.C.

NOTE: All voltages measured with respect to chassis with 100 ohm per volt meter. Line voltage 117 volts A.C.

ALIGNMENT

Before aligning, make sure that the dial pointer is exactly horizontal when the tuning condenser is closed (plates fully meshed). While aligning the receiver, turn the volume control full on and keep the signal generator output as low as possible, to prevent AVC action and false readings.

Band-switch positions are extreme right for Broadcast, center for 3.6 to 8.5 mc., extreme left for 8.5 to 19 mc.

STEP	DUMMY ANT.	TEST. OSC. CONNECTION	TEST. OSC. FREQUENCY	RECEIVER BANDSWITCH	RECEIVER DIAL	ADJUST IN ORDER SHOWN	NOTES
1	.01 mfd	.LC6 grid (pin 6)	455 KC.	Right	Any Quiet Spot	T8, T7	#1
2	200 mmfd	ANT. post	600 KC.	Right	.6	"C"	#2
3	200 mmfd	ANT. post	1400 KC.	Right	1.4	Osc. Trimmer	
4	200 mmfd	ANT. post	1400 KC.	Right	1.4	R.F. Trimmer	#3
5	400 ohms	ANT. post	4 MC.	Center	4	Ant. Trimmer	#2
6	400 ohms	ANT. post	8 MC.	Center	8	"B"	#4
7	400 ohms	ANT. post	8 MC.	Center	8	Osc. Trimmer	
8	400 ohms	ANT. post	9 MC.	Left	9	R.F. Trimmer	#2
9	400 ohms	ANT. post	18 MC.	Left	18	"A"	#4
10	400 ohms	ANT. post	18 MC.	Left	18	Osc. Trimmer	
						R.F. Trimmer	
						Ant. Trimmer	

NOTES

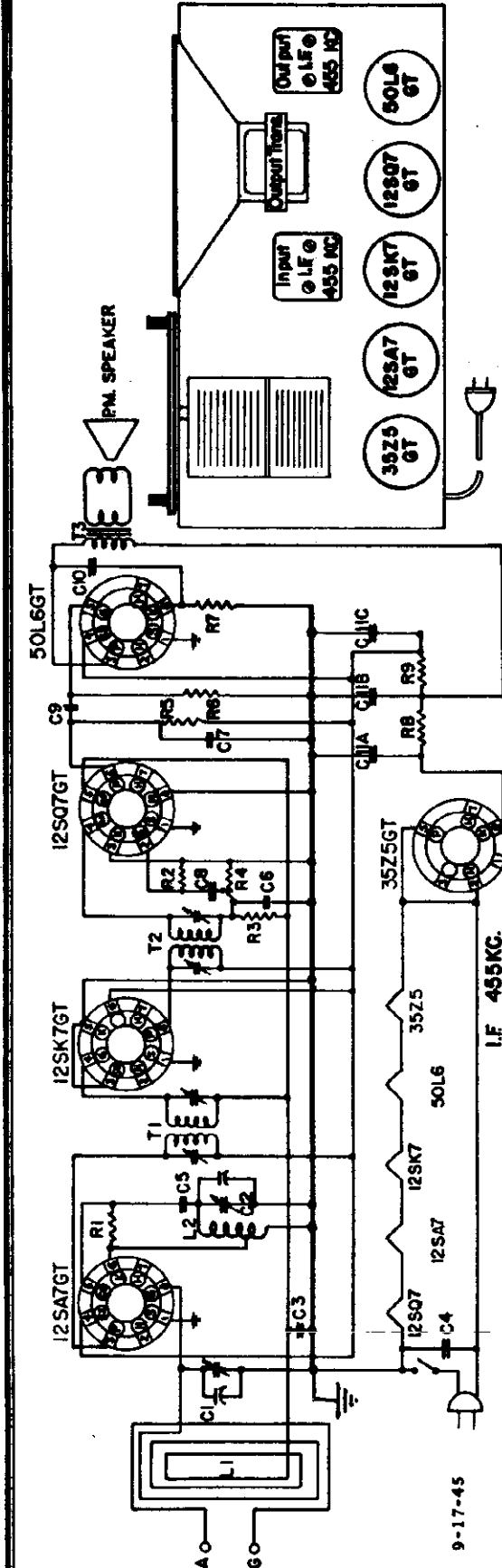
- NOTE #1 - Ground oscillator grid (6X6 pin 4) while adjusting I.F. transformers.
- NOTE #2 - "Rock" tuning gang while making this adjustment.
- NOTE #3 - Carefully repeat steps 1 through 4.
- NOTE #4 - When making short wave oscillator adjustments, take great care to see that alignment is not made on the image. When the trimmer is correctly adjusted, a weaker peak will be noticed at a receiver dial adjustment which is 910 KC lower than the aligning frequency. It may be necessary to greatly increase the output of the signal generator in order to find this weaker peak.

MODELS G1-426,
G1-426Y

MAJESTIC RADIO & TELEV. CORP.

ITEM	DESCRIPTION	PART NUMBER	
C1,C28,C30,C48	.006 mfd +20% 600 v molded paper	6-96	
C2,C8	.05 mfd +20% -10% 200 v molded paper	6-135	
C3,C9,C10,C38,C39,C40	Ceramic Trimmer 7-35 mmfd	8-26	
C4,C5,C11	Ceramic Trimmer 34-72 mmfd	8-49	
C6A,C6B,C6C	Variable, 3 gang	7-9	
C7	15 mmfd +20% 500 v fixed ceramic	6-88	
C12,C13,C21,C25,C31,C49	.1 mfd +40% -10% 400 v molded paper	6-91	
C14	.0022 mfd 10% 500 v mica	6-109	
C15	150 mmfd 5% 500 v mica	6-106	
C16,C23	82 mmfd 5% 500 v mica	6-108	
C17,C19	.02 mfd +40% -10% 200 v molded paper	6-93	
C18	.01 mfd +20% -10% 400 v molded paper	6-97	
C20	220 mmfd 20% 400 v fixed ceramic	6-86	
C22	51 mmfd 5% 500 v mica	6-107	
C24	.05 mfd +40% -10% 600 v molded paper	6-99	
C26,C27,C41	100 mmfd 20% 500 v molded mica	6-82	
C29	470 mmfd 20% 500 v molded paper	6-102	
C33,C45	.01 mfd +40% -10% 600 v molded paper	6-98	
C34,C43,C42,C44	40-40 mfd 250 v dual electrolytic	19-2	
C35	430 mmfd 2% 500 v molded mica	6-101	
C36	2200 mmfd 5% 500 v molded mica	6-84	
C37	.003 mfd 5% 500 v molded mica	6-149	
C46	1000 mfd 15 v electrolytic	19-6	
J1	Phone jack /	18-27	
L1	Line filter choke coil	3-102	
L2	R.F. choke	3-104	
LS1	Speaker, P.M. 6"	22-5	
S01	Speaker receptacle	15-66	
PL1	Speaker plug	18-28	
R2	270 ohm 10% $\frac{1}{2}$ watt carbon	9-122	
R3,R8,R10	3.3 megohms 10% $\frac{1}{2}$ watt carbon	9-135	
R4	3.9 megohms 10% $\frac{1}{2}$ watt carbon	9-136	
R5	220,000 ohm 20% $\frac{1}{2}$ watt carbon	9-115	
R6	68,000 ohm 10% $\frac{1}{2}$ watt carbon	9-116	
R7,R13	1,000 ohm 20% $\frac{1}{2}$ watt carbon	9-131	
R9,R11	22,000 ohm 10% $\frac{1}{2}$ watt carbon	9-140	
R12,R15,R18	470,000 ohm 20% $\frac{1}{2}$ watt carbon	9-120	
R14	47,000 ohm 20% $\frac{1}{2}$ watt carbon	9-121	
R16,R29	330 ohm 10% $\frac{1}{2}$ watt carbon	9-126	
R17	1 megohm 20% variable with switch	13-12	
R19	100,000 ohm 20% $\frac{1}{2}$ watt carbon	9-123	
R20	470,000 ohm 10% $\frac{1}{2}$ watt carbon	9-118	
R21	62 ohm 5% $\frac{1}{2}$ watt carbon	9-137	
R22	10 ohm 20% 1 watt carbon	9-128	
R23	220 ohms 5% 30 watt wirewound	9-134	
R24	43 ohm 5% 8 watt wirewound	9-132	
R25	2200 ohm 10% $\frac{1}{2}$ watt carbon	9-7	
R26	260 ohm 5% 60 watt wirewound	9-133	
R27	4700 ohm 10% 1 watt carbon	9-139	
R28	820 ohm 10% $\frac{1}{2}$ watt carbon	9-127	
R30	27 ohm 10% $\frac{1}{2}$ watt carbon	9-125	
R31	12 megohms 10% $\frac{1}{2}$ watt carbon	9-138	
SW1A,B,C,D	Switch wafer	11-40	
SW1E,F	Switch wafer	11-41	
SW3	4P 2-position switch	11-39	
T1	Band 1 antenna	3-99	
T2	Band 2 antenna	3-91	
T3	Band 3 antenna	3-96	
T4	Band 1 R.F.	3-100	
T5	Band 2 R.F.	3-94	
T6	Band 3 R.F.	3-95	
T7	1st I.F.	3-93	
T8	2nd I.F.	3-101	
T9	Output transformer	12-16	
T10	Band 1 oscillator	3-92	
T11	Band 2 oscillator	3-97	
T12	Band 3 oscillator	3-98	
Chassis mounting stud assembly	111-149	Dial cord	134-5
Knobs, band switch and volume control	128-17	Dial pointer, black	135-1
Cabinet back assembly	112-190	Dial pointer, white	135-11
Tuning knob	128-18	Dial, white	112-179
AC-DC - BATT knob	128-19	Dial, black	112-336
		Dial window	117-28

JOHN MECK INDUSTRIES



9-17-45

Circuit Symbol	Part Number	Description	Model	Symbol	Part Number	Description	Model
C1, C2	CV-10002	Condenser-Variable, with pulley	RC-5C5	R6	RC-35003	Resistor-Carbon, 500,000 ohms $\frac{1}{2}$ watt	All
C1, C2	CV-10002-A	Condenser-Variable, with pulley	RC-5C5-A	R7	RC-31500	Resistor-Carbon, 150 ohms $\frac{1}{2}$ watt	All
C1, C2	CV-10002-B	Condenser-Variable, with pulley	RC-5C5-B	R8	RC-32000	Resistor-Carbon, 200 ohms $\frac{1}{2}$ watt	All
C1, C2	CV-10002-C	Condenser-Variable, with pulley	RC-5C5-C	R9	RC-31001	Resistor-Carbon, 1000 ohms $\frac{1}{2}$ watt	All
C3, C4, C10	CP-14503	Condenser-Paper, 0.05mfd. 400V	All	L1	AL-10000	Antenna-Loop,	RC-5C5, A, B,
C5	CM-15500	Condenser-Mica, 0.00005mfd.	All	L1	AI-10001-C	Antenna-Loop	RC-5C5-C
C6, C7	CM-15251	Condenser-Mica, 0.00025mfd.	All	L2	TRC-10000	Coil-Oscillator	RC-5C5, A, B,
C8, C9	CP-14103	Condenser-Electrolytic 20/20/20 mfd 150V	All	L2	TRC-10000-C	Coil-Oscillator	RC-5C5-C
C11A, C11B, C11C	CL-10001	Resistor-Carbon, 20,000 ohms $\frac{1}{2}$ watt	All	T1	TS-10000	Transformer-1st I.F.	All
R1	RC-32002	Resistor-Carbon, 10 megohms $\frac{1}{2}$ watt	All	T2	TS-10001	Transformer-2nd I.F.	All
R2	RC-31005	Resistor-Carbon, 2 megohms $\frac{1}{2}$ watt	All	T3	TO-10000	Transformer-Output	All
R3	RC-32004	Resistor-Carbon, 2 megohms $\frac{1}{2}$ watt	All	SPKR	SR-10000	Speaker-P.M. $\frac{1}{4}$ " round, less T3	All
R4	VC-10103	Control-Volume, with switch, 1 megohm	All	SPKR	SR-10001	Speaker-P.M. $\frac{1}{4}$ " round, with T3	All
R5	RC-32503	Resistor-Carbon, 250,000 ohms $\frac{1}{2}$ watt	All				

VOLTAGE TABLE - Use high resistance voltmeter of 1000 ohms per volt

Type tube	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
12SA7	0	24AC	78	78	-7 to -12	0	12AC	-.65 to -1.2
12SK7	0	36AC	0	-.8 to -1.2	0	78	24AC	78
12SQ7	0	-.9 to -1.2	0	0	-.8 to -1.2	55	12AC	0
50L6	0	--	95	78	0	--	36AC	4 to 5
35Z5	-	82	--	78	115 AC	100	115 AC	110

MODELS 5C5, 5C5-A,
5C5-B, 5C5-C

JOHN MECK INDUSTRIES

Trail Blazer

The Meck Trail Blazer Models 5C5; 5C5-A; 5C5-B; 5C5-C are five tube superhetrodyne receivers covering the broadcast band from 535 to 1720 kilocycles. A loop antenna is incorporated in the top of the cabinet. When an external antenna and ground are used, connect the antenna to the red wire and the ground wire to the black wire extending from the back of the cabinet.

The circuit employs automatic volume control (A.V.C.) through the action of the type 12SQ7GT tube. These models are designed to operate on 110 to 120 volts AC-DC in operation; the incoming signal is first passed to the tuned first detector circuit and then beats with the oscillator output to produce a 455 kilocycle intermediate frequency signal.

The intermediate frequency signal is amplified in an exceptionally high gain stage, and is then rectified by the diodes of the type 12SQ7GT tube. Detection is accomplished by the diode directly connected to the output intermediate frequency transformer. A modulated direct current voltage drop is produced across the one megohm potentiometer by the rectified current. The volume is controlled by selecting any desired portion of the audio frequency voltage with the moving arm of the potentiometer which is connected to the grid of the type 12SQ7GT tube. The triode section of this tube acts as an audio amplifier and is resistance coupled to the 50L6GT output tube.

PRELIMINARY: Before attempting to align a radio set, the service man should become familiar with the general layout of the chassis and with the function and location of the various trimmer condensers. The following discussion briefly explains the action of each alignment step.

R.F. alignment and calibration are accomplished by the two trimmer condensers located on the side of the variable condenser gang. The oscillator is kept in exact step with the R.F. circuit by the special shape of the stator plates in the oscillator tuning section.

Both windings of the I.F. transformers are tuned. The I.F. trimmers are mounted in their respective I.F. coil cans, and are reached through holes in the top of each I.F. coil can.

EQUIPMENT and PRELIMINARY STEPS: A good modulated oscillator, an output meter, an isolation or a coupling transformer and a loop antenna are essential for the proper alignment. The attenuator on the oscillator must be capable of reducing the signal to a low value because the A.V.C. will function if the signal is too strong and thus make correct alignment impossible. The output meter must be sensitive enough to give a satisfactory reading with a small signal. An isolation or a coupling transformer must be used when an AC-DC radio is to be aligned. The loop antenna can be made by winding five to ten turns of insulated wire on a three or four inch form and closely coupled to the loop antenna of the receiver.

The output meter should be connected across the speaker voice coil or connected from the plate of the 50L6GT to ground or chassis through a 0.25 mfd. condenser, depending upon the type of output meter used.

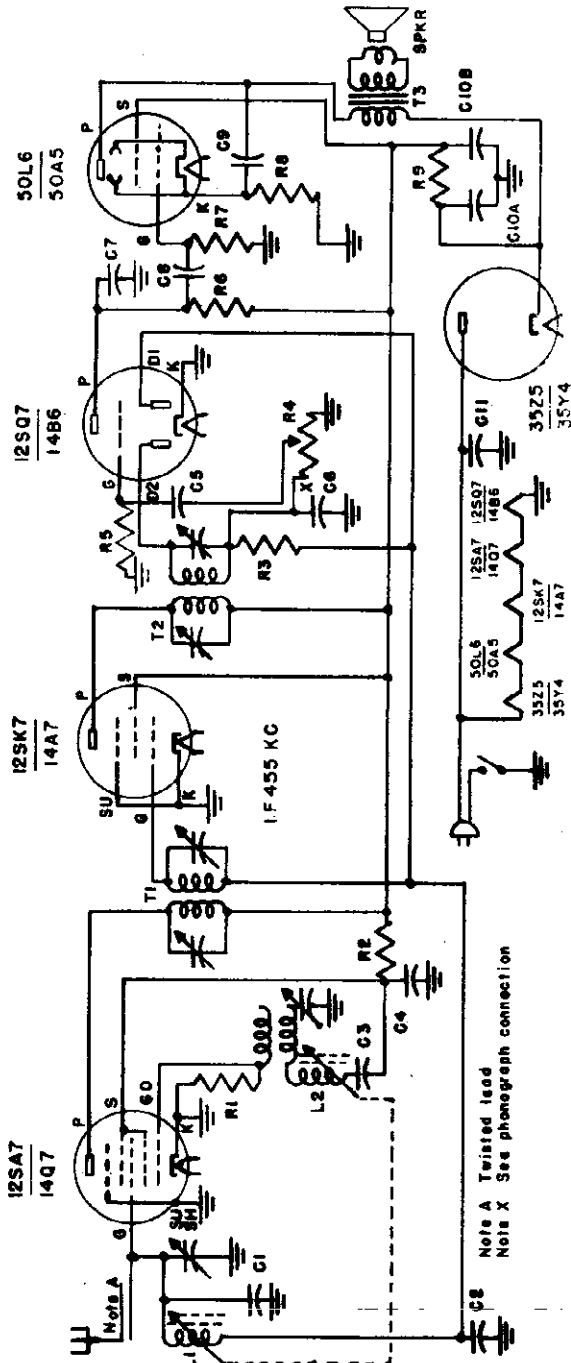
All alignment adjustments must be made with the volume control full on, but with no broadcast signal being received.

I.F. ALIGNMENT: The step-by-step routine given below should be carefully followed after reading the preceding instructions:

1. The modulated oscillator must be tuned to 455 K.C.
2. Connect the high side of the oscillator output to the lug on the R.F. section of the gang condenser. The low side of the oscillator is connected to the chassis through a .01 condenser.
3. Set the gang condenser of the radio to 1720 on the dial and turn the volume control on full.
4. Adjust the four I.F. trimmers tuning each carefully to get the maximum deflection of the output meter. Reduce the oscillator output if the output meter goes off scale.
5. Repeat all four adjustments since the adjustment of each I.F. trimmer may effect the others to a certain extent.

R.F. AND OSCILLATOR ALIGNMENT:

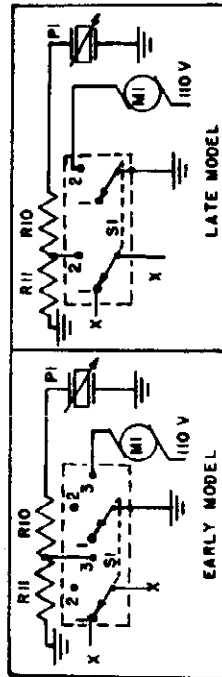
1. Connect the oscillator output to the external loop antenna and closely couple to the loop antenna of the receiver.
2. Set the generator at 1720 KC and turn the gang condenser to 1720 on the dial. Adjust the oscillator trimmer for maximum output.
3. Set the generator at 1400 KC and turn the gang condenser to 1400 on the dial. Adjust the R.F. trimmer for maximum output while rocking the gang.
4. Set the generator at 600 KC and turn the gang to 600 KC on the dial and check for tracking.



IF PEAK 455 KC

VOLTAGE TABLE - Use high resistance voltmeter of 1000 ohms per volt

Type	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
12SA7	0	24AC	78	78	-7 to -12	0	12AC	-.55 to -1.2
12SK7	0	36AC	0	0	0	78	24AC	78
12SQ7	0	-.9 to -1.2	0	0	-.8 to -1.2	55	12AC	0
50A5	0	-	95	78	0	--	36AC	4 to 5
35Z5	-	82	--	78	115 AC	100	115 AC	110
14Q7	24AC	78	78	-7 to -12	0	-65 to -1.2	0	12AC
14A7	36AC	78	78	0	0	-8 to -1.2	0	24AC
14B6	0	55	-.9 to -1.2	0	-8 to -1.2	0	0	12AC
50A5	82AC	85	78	--	--	0	0	36AC
35Y4	115AC	115AC	78	--	100	--	110	82AC



Circuit Symbol	Part Number	Description
C1, C2, C3, C4, C5, C6, C7, C8, C9, C10 <td>CH-15250 CP-15109 CP-15108 CH-15301 CH-15251 CL-10001 VP-10000 RC-32002 RC-31001 RC-32004 VC-10105 RC-31005 RC-32502 RC-32003</td> <td>Condenser-Mica, 25 mfd., 500 volt Condenser-Paper, 0.05 mfd., 400 volt Condenser-Paper, 0.01 mfd., 400 volt Condenser-Mica, 200 mfd., 500 volt Condenser-Mica, 250 mfd., 500 volt Condenser-Elect., 20/20 mfd., 150 volt Tuner-Permeability, assembly Resistor-Carbon, 20,000 ohms, 1/2 watt Resistor-Carbon, 4000 ohms, 1/2 watt Resistor-Carbon, 2 megohms, 1/2 watt Control-Volume, 1 megohm with switch Resistor-Carbon, 10 megohms, 1/2 watt Resistor-Carbon, 250,000 ohms, 1/2 watt Resistor-Carbon, 500,000 ohms, 1/2 watt</td>	CH-15250 CP-15109 CP-15108 CH-15301 CH-15251 CL-10001 VP-10000 RC-32002 RC-31001 RC-32004 VC-10105 RC-31005 RC-32502 RC-32003	Condenser-Mica, 25 mfd., 500 volt Condenser-Paper, 0.05 mfd., 400 volt Condenser-Paper, 0.01 mfd., 400 volt Condenser-Mica, 200 mfd., 500 volt Condenser-Mica, 250 mfd., 500 volt Condenser-Elect., 20/20 mfd., 150 volt Tuner-Permeability, assembly Resistor-Carbon, 20,000 ohms, 1/2 watt Resistor-Carbon, 4000 ohms, 1/2 watt Resistor-Carbon, 2 megohms, 1/2 watt Control-Volume, 1 megohm with switch Resistor-Carbon, 10 megohms, 1/2 watt Resistor-Carbon, 250,000 ohms, 1/2 watt Resistor-Carbon, 500,000 ohms, 1/2 watt
R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, R7 <td>RC-31500 RC-31001 SR-10000 TS-10000 TS-10001 TS-10000</td> <td>Resistor-Carbon, 150 ohms, 1/2 watt Resistor-Carbon, 1000 ohms, 1/2 watt Speaker-P.H. 8" round less T2 Transformer-1st. I.F. Transformer-2nd. I.F. Transformer-Output</td>	RC-31500 RC-31001 SR-10000 TS-10000 TS-10001 TS-10000	Resistor-Carbon, 150 ohms, 1/2 watt Resistor-Carbon, 1000 ohms, 1/2 watt Speaker-P.H. 8" round less T2 Transformer-1st. I.F. Transformer-2nd. I.F. Transformer-Output
T1, T2, T3 <td>PHONOGRAM MODEL</td> <td>Motor-Phono, with turntable Pickup-Crystal Resistor-Carbon, 1 megohm, 1/2 watt Resistor-Carbon, 750,000 ohms, 1/2 watt Switch-Radio, phono</td>	PHONOGRAM MODEL	Motor-Phono, with turntable Pickup-Crystal Resistor-Carbon, 1 megohm, 1/2 watt Resistor-Carbon, 750,000 ohms, 1/2 watt Switch-Radio, phono

JOHN MECK INDUSTRIES

ALIGNMENT

PRELIMINARY: Before attempting to align the RC-5C5-P chassis, the service man should become familiar with the general layout of the chassis, with the function and location of the various trimmers. The following discussion briefly explains the action of each alignment step.

R.F. alignment and calibration are accomplished by the two trimmers mounted on top of the permeability tuner assembly. Facing the dial of the chassis, the r.f. trimmer is to the left and the oscillator trimmer to the right.

I.F. The i.f. trimmers are mounted in their respective i.f. coil cans and are reached through holes in the top of each i.f. coil can.

EQUIPMENT and PRELIMINARY STEPS: A good modulated oscillator, an output meter and an isolation transformer are essential for the proper alignment. The attenuator on the oscillator must be capable of reducing the signal to a low value because the a.v.c. will function if the signal is too strong and thus make correct alignment impossible. The output meter must be sensitive enough to give a satisfactory reading with a small signal. An isolation transformer must be used when aligning an AC-DC radio chassis.

The output meter may be connected across the voice coil of the speaker or one lead of the output meter may be connected to the plate of the output tube and the other lead of the meter to one side of a 0.25 mfd. condenser which is then connected to the chassis, depending upon the type of output meter used.

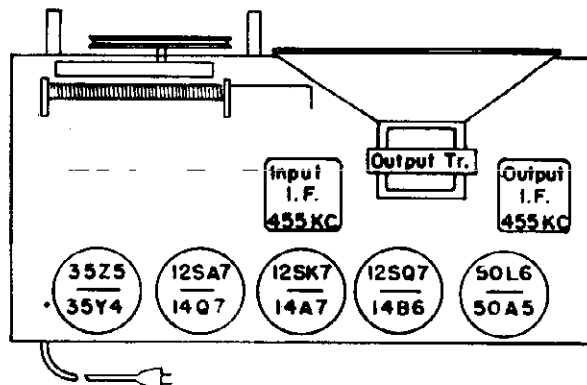
All alignment adjustments must be made with the volume control full on, but with no broadcast signal being received.

I.F. ALIGNMENT: The step-by-step routine given below should be carefully followed after reading the preceding instructions.

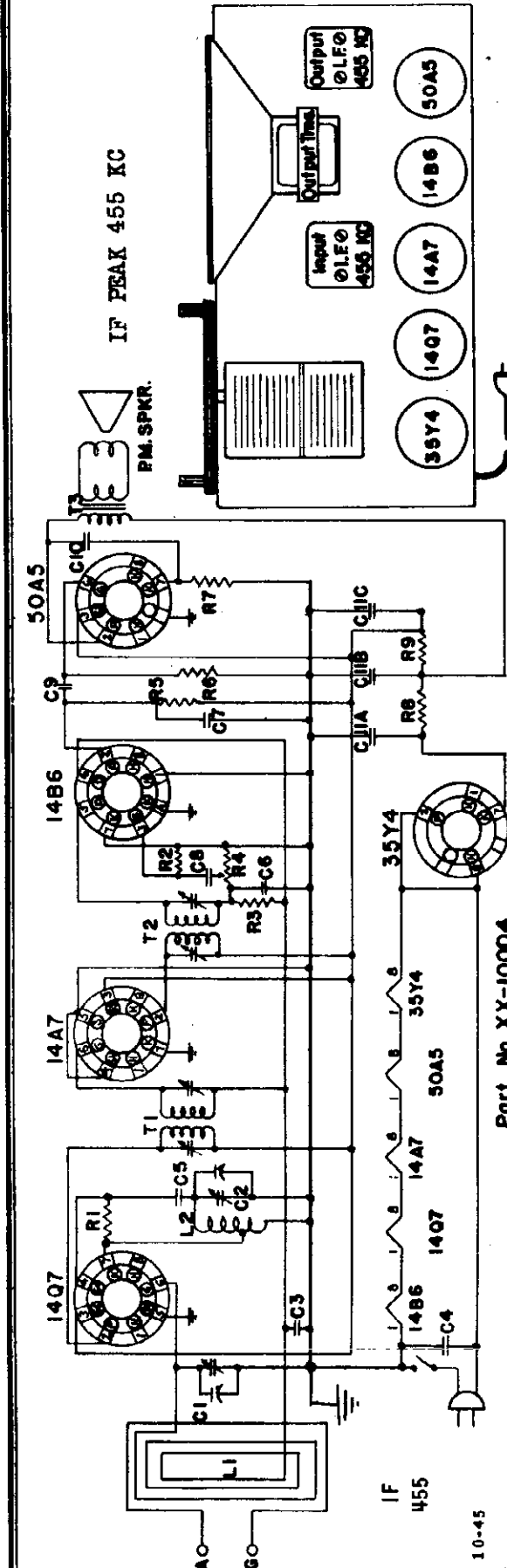
1. The signal generator must be set at 455 kilocycles.
2. Connect the output meter so that the output can be determined.
3. Connect the high side of the signal generator output to the antenna lead of the tuner, the white wire. The low side of the signal generator output lead is connected to the chassis through a 0.01 mfd. condenser.
4. Turn the volume control on full and turn the dial drive shaft so that the slugs of the tuner unit are all the way out against the stop.
5. Adjust the four I.F. trimmers, tuning each carefully to get the maximum deflection of the output meter. Reduce the signal generator output if the output meter goes off scale.
6. Repeat all four adjustments since the adjustment of each I.F. trimmer may effect the others to a certain extent.

OSCILLATOR and R.F. ALIGNMENT:

1. Connect the high side of the signal generator output to the insulation covering of the antenna wire and not the wire itself.
2. Set the signal generator to 1680 kilocycles with the slugs of the tuner all the way out against the stop. Adjust the oscillator trimmer, right hand trimmer screw, for maximum reading on the output meter.
3. Set the signal generator at 1120 kilocycles and turn the dial drive shaft until the 1120 kilocycle note is heard. Adjust the R.F. trimmer, left hand trimmer, for maximum reading on the output meter. Set the dial pointer on 1120 kilocycles on the dial scale. By aligning the R.F. section at 1120 kilocycles the overall alignment will be very good.



JOHN MECK INDUSTRIES



Circuit Symbol	Part Number	Description	Model	Circuit Symbol	Part Number	Description	Model
C1, C2	CV-10002-C	Condenser-Variable, with pulley	RC-5C5-CL	R6	RC-35003	Resistor-Carbon, 500,000 ohms $\frac{1}{2}$ watt	All
C1, C2	CV-10002-D	Condenser-Variable, with pulley	RC-5C5-DL	R7	RC-31500	Resistor-Carbon, 150 ohms $\frac{1}{2}$ watt	All
C3, C4, C10	CP-11508	Condenser-Paper, 0.05mfd. $\frac{1}{2}$ 00V	All	R8	RC-32000	Resistor-Carbon, 200 ohms $\frac{1}{2}$ watt	All
C5	CM-15500	Condenser-Mica, 0.0005mfd.	All	R9	RC-31001	Resistor-Carbon, 1000 ohms $\frac{1}{2}$ watt	All
C6, C7	CM-15251	Condenser-Mica, 0.00025mfd.	All	L1	AL-10000-D	Antenna-Loop,	RC-5C5-DL
C8, C9	CP-11103	Condenser-Paper, 0.01mfd. $\frac{1}{2}$ 00V	All	L2	AI-10000-C	Antenna-Loop	RC-5C5-CL
C11A, C11B, C11C	CL-10001	Condenser-Electrolytic 20/20/20 mfd 150V	All	L2	TRC-10000	Coil-Oscillator	RC-5C5-DL
R1	RC-32002	Resistor-Carbon, 20,000 ohms $\frac{1}{2}$ watt	All	T1	TRC-10000-C	Coil-Oscillator	RC-5C5-CL
R2	RC-31005	Resistor-Carbon, 10 megohms $\frac{1}{2}$ watt	All	T2	TS-10000	Transformer-1st I.F.	All
R3	RC-32004	Resistor-Carbon, 2 megohms $\frac{1}{2}$ watt	All	T3	TS-10000	Transformer-2nd I.F.	All
R4	VC-10105	Control-Volume, with switch, 1 megohm	All	T3	TO-10000	Transformer-Output	All
R5	RC-32503	Resistor-Carbon, 250,000 ohms $\frac{1}{2}$ watt	All	SPKR	SR-10001	Speaker-P.M. $\frac{1}{4}$ " round, with T3	All

VOLTAGE TABLE - Use high resistance voltmeter of 1000 ohms per volt

Type tube	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
14Q7	24AC	78	78	-7 to-12	0	-0.65 to-1.2	0	12AC
14A7	36AC	78	78	0	0	-0.8 to-1.2	0	24AC
14B6	0	55	-0.9 to-1.2	0	-0.8 to-1.2	0	0	12AC
50A5	82AC	95	78	--	---	0	4 to 5	36AC
35Y4	115AC	115AC	78	--	100	--	110	82AC

MODELS RC-5C5-CL,
RC-5C5-DL

JOHN MECK INDUSTRIES

The Meck Trail Blazer Chassis RC-5C5-CL and RC-5C5-DL are five tube superheterodyne receivers. The RC-5C5-CL covers the broadcast band from 545 to 1520 kilocycles and the RC-5C5-DL covers the broadcast band from 535 to 1720 kilocycles. A loop antenna is incorporated in the top of the cabinet. The red and black wires extending from the back of the cabinet are used when an external antenna and ground are used. The external antenna is connected to the red wire and the ground to the black wire. **DO NOT CONNECT A GROUND WIRE TO THE METAL CHASSIS.**

The circuit employs automatic volume control (A.V.C.) through the action of the type 1486 tube. These models are designed to operate on 110 to 120 volts AC-DC. In operation; the incoming signal is first passed to the tuned first detector circuit and then beats with the oscillator output to produce a 455 kilocycle intermediate frequency signal.

The intermediate frequency signal is amplified in an exceptionally high gain stage, and is then rectified by the diodes of the type 1486 tube. Detection is accomplished by the diode directly connected to the output intermediate frequency transformer. A modulated direct current voltage drop is produced across the one megohm potentiometer by the rectified current. The volume is controlled by selecting any desired portion of the audio frequency voltage with the moving arm of the potentiometer which is connected to the grid of the type 1486 tube. The triode section of this tube acts as an audio amplifier and is resistance coupled to the 50A5 output tube.

PRELIMINARY: Before attempting to align a radio set, the service man should become familiar with the general layout of the chassis and with the function and location of the various trimmer condensers. The following discussion briefly explains the action of each alignment step.

R.F. alignment and calibration are accomplished by the two trimmer condensers located on the side of the variable condenser gang. The oscillator is kept in exact step with the R.F. circuit by the special shape of the stator plates in the oscillator tuning section.

Both windings of the I.F. transformers are tuned. The I.F. trimmers are mounted in their respective I.F. coil cans, and are reached through holes in the top of each I.F. coil can.

EQUIPMENT and PRELIMINARY STEPS: A good modulated oscillator, an output meter, an isolation or a coupling transformer and a loop antenna are essential for the proper alignment. The attenuator on the oscillator must be capable of reducing the signal to a low value because the A.V.C. will function if the signal is too strong and thus make correct alignment impossible. The output meter must be sensitive enough to give a satisfactory reading with a small signal. An isolation or a coupling transformer must be used when an AC-DC radio is to be aligned. The loop antenna can be made by winding five to ten turns of insulated wire on a three or four inch form and closely coupled to the loop antenna of the receiver.

The output meter should be connected across the speaker voice coil or connected from the plate of the 50A5 to ground or chassis through a 0.25 mfd. condenser, depending upon the type of output meter used.

All alignment adjustments must be made with the volume control full on, but with no broadcast signal being received.

I.F. ALIGNMENT: The step-by-step routine given below should be carefully followed after reading the preceding instructions:

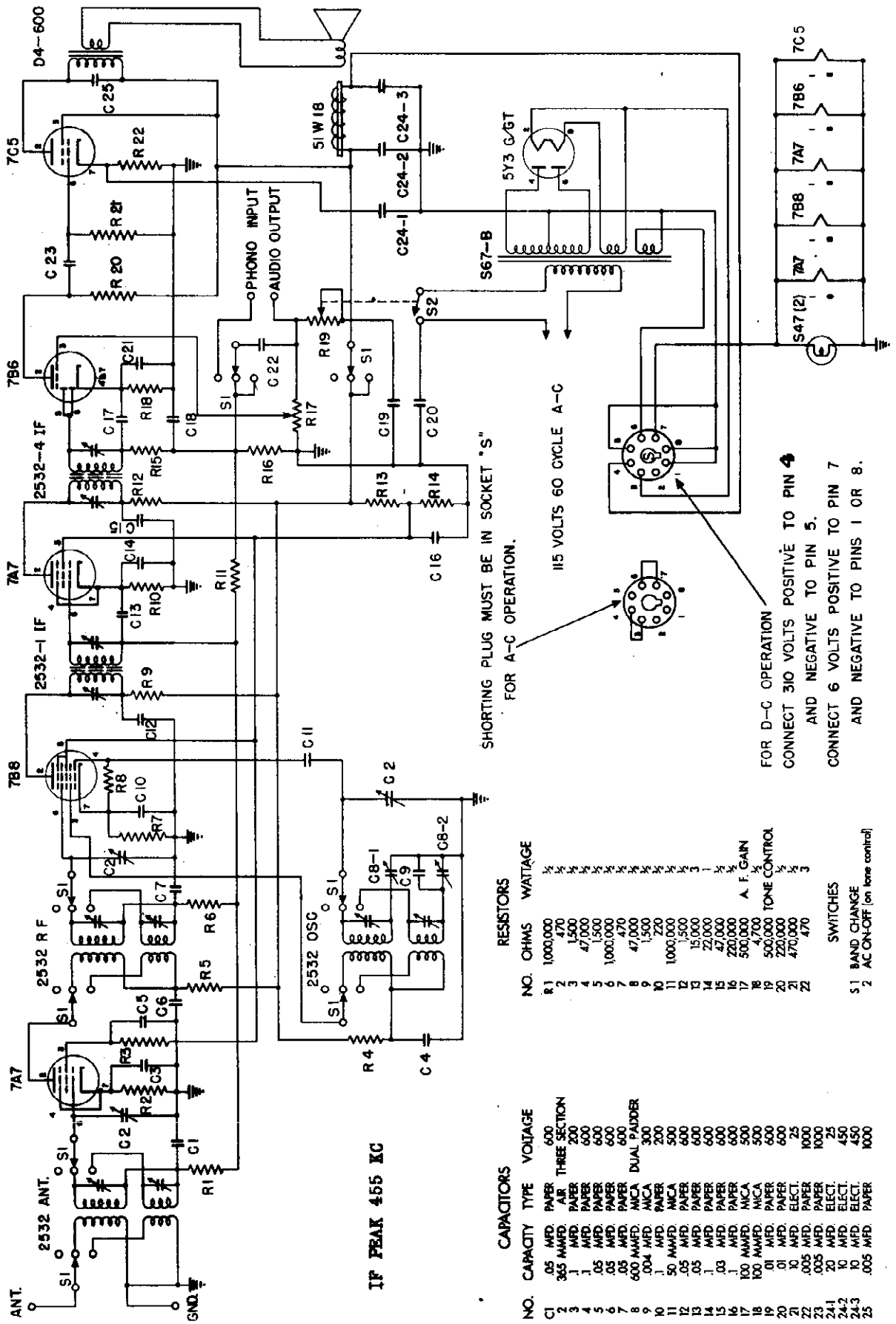
1. The modulated oscillator must be tuned to 455 K.C.
2. Connect the high side of the oscillator output to the lug on the R.F. section of the gang condenser. The low side of the oscillator is connected to the chassis through a .01 condenser.
3. Set the gang condenser of the radio to the low end of the dial and turn the volume control on full.
4. Adjust the four I.F. trimmers tuning each carefully to get the maximum deflection of the output meter. Reduce the oscillator output if the output meter goes off scale.
5. Repeat all four adjustments since the adjustment of each I.F. trimmer may effect the others to a certain extent.

R.F. AND OSCILLATOR ALIGNMENT:

1. Connect the oscillator output to the external loop antenna and closely couple to the loop antenna of the receiver.
2. Set the generator at 1500 KC and turn the gang condenser to 1500 on the dial. Adjust the oscillator trimmer for maximum output.
3. Set the generator at 1400 KC and turn the gang condenser to 1400 on the dial. Adjust the R.F. trimmer for maximum output while rocking the gang.
4. Set the generator at 600 KC and turn the gang to 600 KC on the dial and check for tracking.

MEGARD CORP.

SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM — HOLLYWOOD ELECTRONICS — MODEL HE-621



SHORTING PLUG MUST BE IN SOCKET "S" FOR A-C OPERATION.

FOR D-C OPERATION CONNECT 310 VOLTS POSITIVE TO PIN 4 AND NEGATIVE TO PIN 5. CONNECT 6 VOLTS POSITIVE TO PIN 7 AND NEGATIVE TO PINS 1 OR 8.

NO.	OHMS	WATTAGE
R 1	1000,000	1/2
R 2	470	1/2
R 3	1,500	1/2
R 4	47,000	1/2
R 5	1,500	1/2
R 6	1000,000	1/2
R 7	470	1/2
R 8	47,000	1/2
R 9	1,500	1/2
R 10	220	1/2
R 11	1000,000	1/2
R 12	1,500	1/2
R 13	15,000	1/2
R 14	22,000	1/2
R 15	47,000	1/2
R 16	220,000	1/2
R 17	500,000	1/2
R 18	4,700	1/2
R 19	500,000	1/2
R 20	220,000	1/2
R 21	470,000	1/2
R 22	470	1/2

NO.	CAPACITY	TYPE	VOLTAGE
C 1	.05	MFD.	PAPER
C 2	.05	MFD.	PAPER
C 3	.05	MFD.	PAPER
C 4	.05	MFD.	PAPER
C 5	.05	MFD.	PAPER
C 6	.05	MFD.	PAPER
C 7	.05	MFD.	PAPER
C 8	.05	MFD.	PAPER
C 9	.05	MFD.	PAPER
C 10	.05	MFD.	PAPER
C 11	.05	MFD.	PAPER
C 12	.05	MFD.	PAPER
C 13	.05	MFD.	PAPER
C 14	.05	MFD.	PAPER
C 15	.05	MFD.	PAPER
C 16	.05	MFD.	PAPER
C 17	.05	MFD.	PAPER
C 18	.05	MFD.	PAPER
C 19	.05	MFD.	PAPER
C 20	.05	MFD.	PAPER
C 21	.05	MFD.	PAPER
C 22	.05	MFD.	PAPER
C 23	.05	MFD.	PAPER
C 24	.05	MFD.	PAPER
C 25	.05	MFD.	PAPER

NO.	OHMS	WATTAGE
R 1	1000,000	1/2
R 2	470	1/2
R 3	1,500	1/2
R 4	47,000	1/2
R 5	1,500	1/2
R 6	1000,000	1/2
R 7	470	1/2
R 8	47,000	1/2
R 9	1,500	1/2
R 10	220	1/2
R 11	1000,000	1/2
R 12	1,500	1/2
R 13	15,000	1/2
R 14	22,000	1/2
R 15	47,000	1/2
R 16	220,000	1/2
R 17	500,000	1/2
R 18	4,700	1/2
R 19	500,000	1/2
R 20	220,000	1/2
R 21	470,000	1/2
R 22	470	1/2

NO.	CAPACITY	TYPE	VOLTAGE
C 1	.05	MFD.	PAPER
C 2	.05	MFD.	PAPER
C 3	.05	MFD.	PAPER
C 4	.05	MFD.	PAPER
C 5	.05	MFD.	PAPER
C 6	.05	MFD.	PAPER
C 7	.05	MFD.	PAPER
C 8	.05	MFD.	PAPER
C 9	.05	MFD.	PAPER
C 10	.05	MFD.	PAPER
C 11	.05	MFD.	PAPER
C 12	.05	MFD.	PAPER
C 13	.05	MFD.	PAPER
C 14	.05	MFD.	PAPER
C 15	.05	MFD.	PAPER
C 16	.05	MFD.	PAPER
C 17	.05	MFD.	PAPER
C 18	.05	MFD.	PAPER
C 19	.05	MFD.	PAPER
C 20	.05	MFD.	PAPER
C 21	.05	MFD.	PAPER
C 22	.05	MFD.	PAPER
C 23	.05	MFD.	PAPER
C 24	.05	MFD.	PAPER
C 25	.05	MFD.	PAPER

115 VOLTS 60 CYCLE A-C

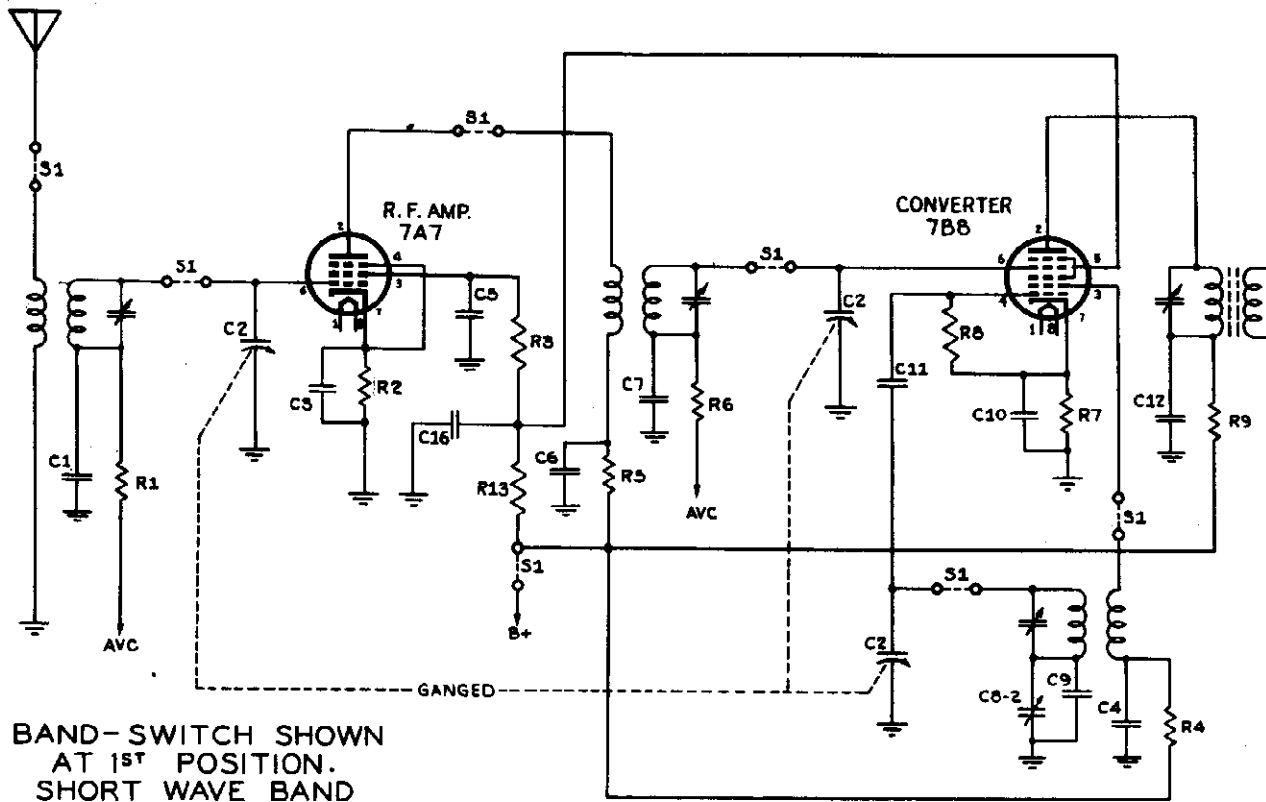
RESISTORS
NO. OHMS WATTAGE

CAPACITORS
NO. CAPACITY TYPE VOLTAGE

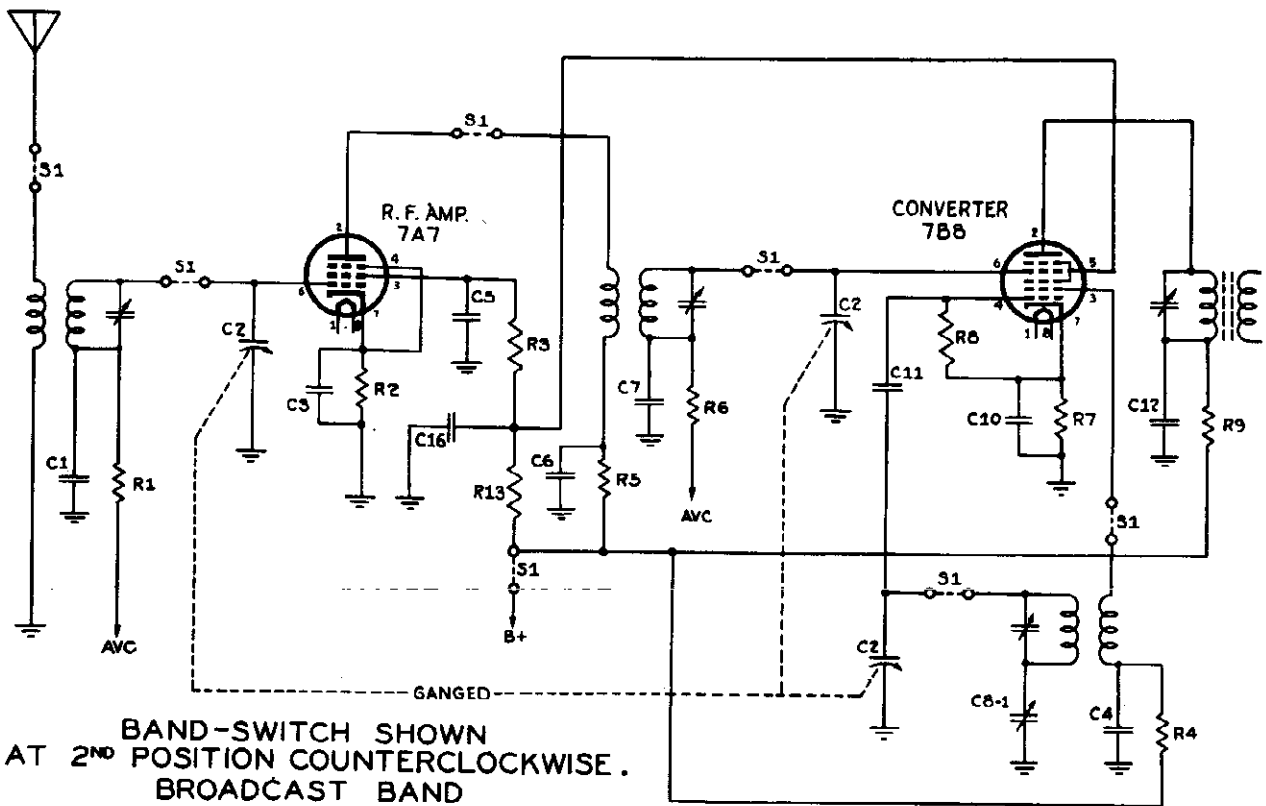
SWITCHES
S 1 BAND CHANGE
S 2 AC ON-OFF (on tone control)

"clarified schematics"

MEGARD CORP.



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN AT 1ST POSITION. SHORT WAVE BAND

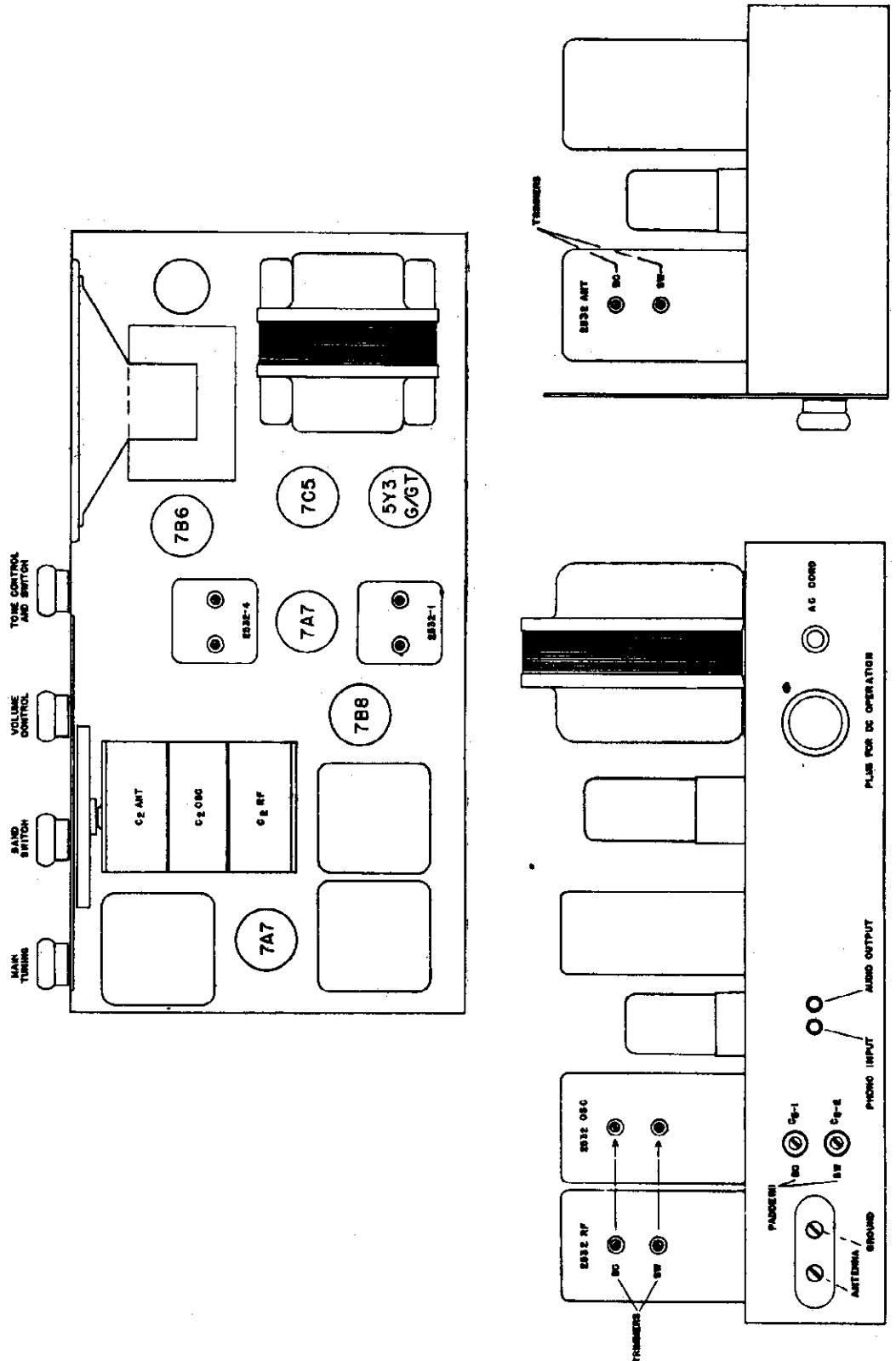


BAND-SWITCH SHOWN AT 2ND POSITION COUNTERCLOCKWISE. BROADCAST BAND

MEGARD CORP.

BATTERY OPERATION

The HE-621 is intended to be supplied from a 115 volt 50 to 60 cycle A.C. source but if desired the jumper wires of the plug located next to the A.C. cord on the rear apron of the chassis may be removed and the plug wired as indicated on the diagram to allow operation from batteries or a battery pack.



MODEL HE-621

MEGARD CORP.

INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY ALIGNMENT

Prepare the receiver as follows:

Remove the antenna completely.

Band switch on "BC" or middle position.

Set dial to a point near the high frequency or 1500 Kc. end where no station is received.

Turn tone and volume controls to maximum clockwise rotation

Connect a signal generator to the stator connection of the tuning condenser section C2 RF or to the RF input grid (socket connection #6) of the 7B8 tube. If there is no blocking condenser in the output lead of the signal generator, the lead should be connected through a .1 Mfd. condenser instead of directly. Connect the ground of the signal generator to the chassis of the receiver or to the terminal on the antenna ground strip marked "G".

After the above connections have been made, set the signal generator for 455 Kc. 30% modulated signal output.

Now adjust the condensers on IF transformers 2532-1 and 2532-4 for exact resonance which will be indicated by maximum signal output. An output meter of the rectifier type should be used and may be connected through a suitable coupling condenser to the plate (socket connection #2) of the 7C5 output tube or to the voice coil leads of the speaker. When making the final adjustments to the IF tuning condensers, it is advisable to use as low an input signal level as possible.

RADIO FREQUENCY ALIGNMENT

Replace the .1 Mfd. condenser in series with the generator lead with a 400 ohm resistor. Connect the generator to the terminal marked "A" on the antenna-ground strip which is mounted on the rear apron of the chassis. All trimmer adjustments are for the high frequency ends of the bands and are located in the sides of the coil shield cans. The Broadcast band trimmer is the uppermost one in each case. All padder adjustments are for the low frequency ends of the bands and are located on the rear apron of the chassis. The padder for the Broadcast band is the uppermost one.

BROADCAST BAND.

Place band switch in the middle or BC position. Set generator to 1400 Kc. and adjust the oscillator trimmer to receive the signal at the proper calibration on the receiver dial. Adjust the "BC" RF and ANT trimmers for maximum signal. Re-set generator and receiver to 600 Kc. and adjust padder condenser C8-1 for proper calibration or maximum signal. If it should prove necessary to change the adjustment of padder C8-1 to any appreciable extent, it may also be necessary to re-adjust the oscillator trimmer condenser for exact calibration at the high frequency end of the band.

SHORT WAVE BROADCAST BAND.

Place band switch in the clockwise or "SW" position. Set generator and receiver dial to 15 Mc. and adjust oscillator trimmer for proper calibration. (More than one signal may be heard as the trimmer condenser is rotated. At least two major signals will be observed. The proper signal will be the one tuned nearest maximum anti-clockwise rotation of the trimmer condenser.) Re-set receiver and signal generator to approximately 13 Mc. and adjust "SW" RF and ANT trimmers for maximum signal. (Again more than one position of the trimmers may result in maximum signal. The one nearest maximum clockwise rotation is the correct one.) Re-set signal generator to 6 Mc. and adjust padder condenser C8-2 for maximum signal.

ANTENNA

The receiver should be used with as short an antenna as may be practical under the particular conditions of use. An antenna length of 6 to 15 feet is recommended for average conditions.

PHONO OR TUNER

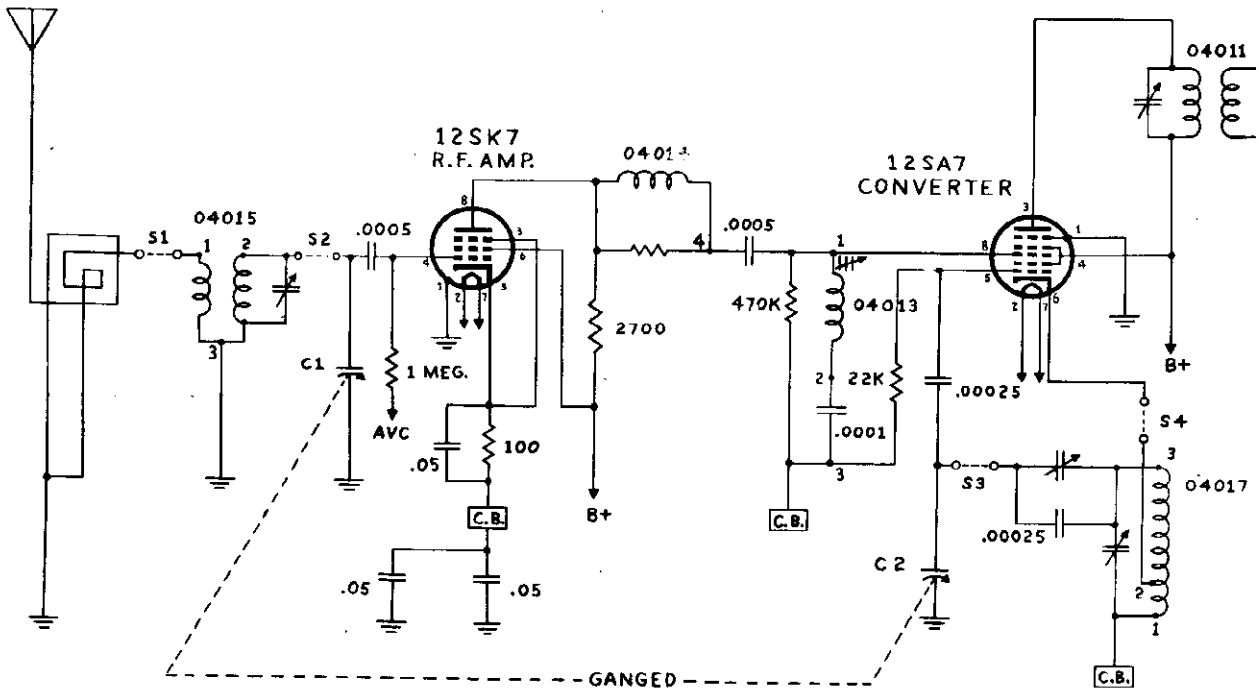
To use the HE-621 receiver as a tuner to feed a public address amplifier etc., output may be obtained from the jack farthest from the antenna-ground strip on the rear apron of the receiver. An amplifier of high impedance input should be used.

To use the HE-621 as an amplifier for use with a record player turntable and pickup, the output of the pickup (which should be of the high impedance type) may be plugged into the jack nearest the antenna-ground strip on the rear apron of the chassis. The band change switch should be turned to its extreme counterclockwise or "PHONO" position

"clarified schematics"

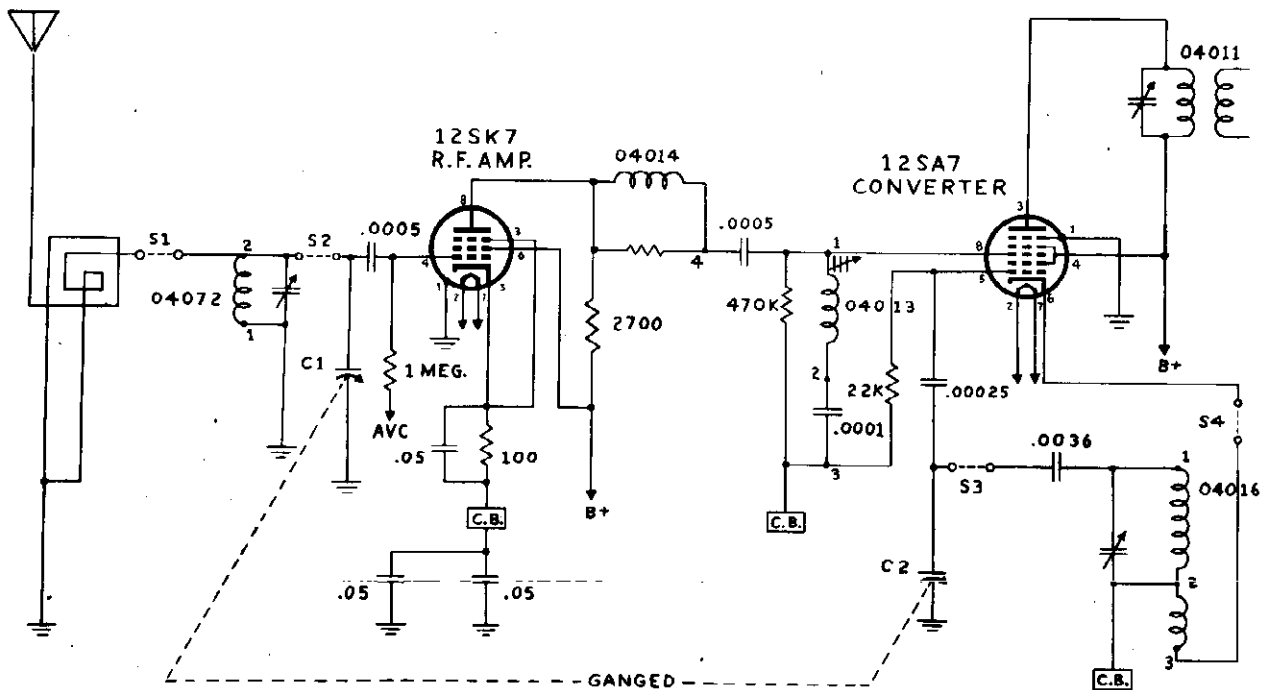
PAGE 15-2 MEISSNER
 MODELS 9-1084, 9-1086

MEISSNER MFG. DIV.-
 MAGUIRE INDUSTRIES INC.



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
 AT 1ST POSITION.
 BROADCAST BAND
 530-1600 KC.

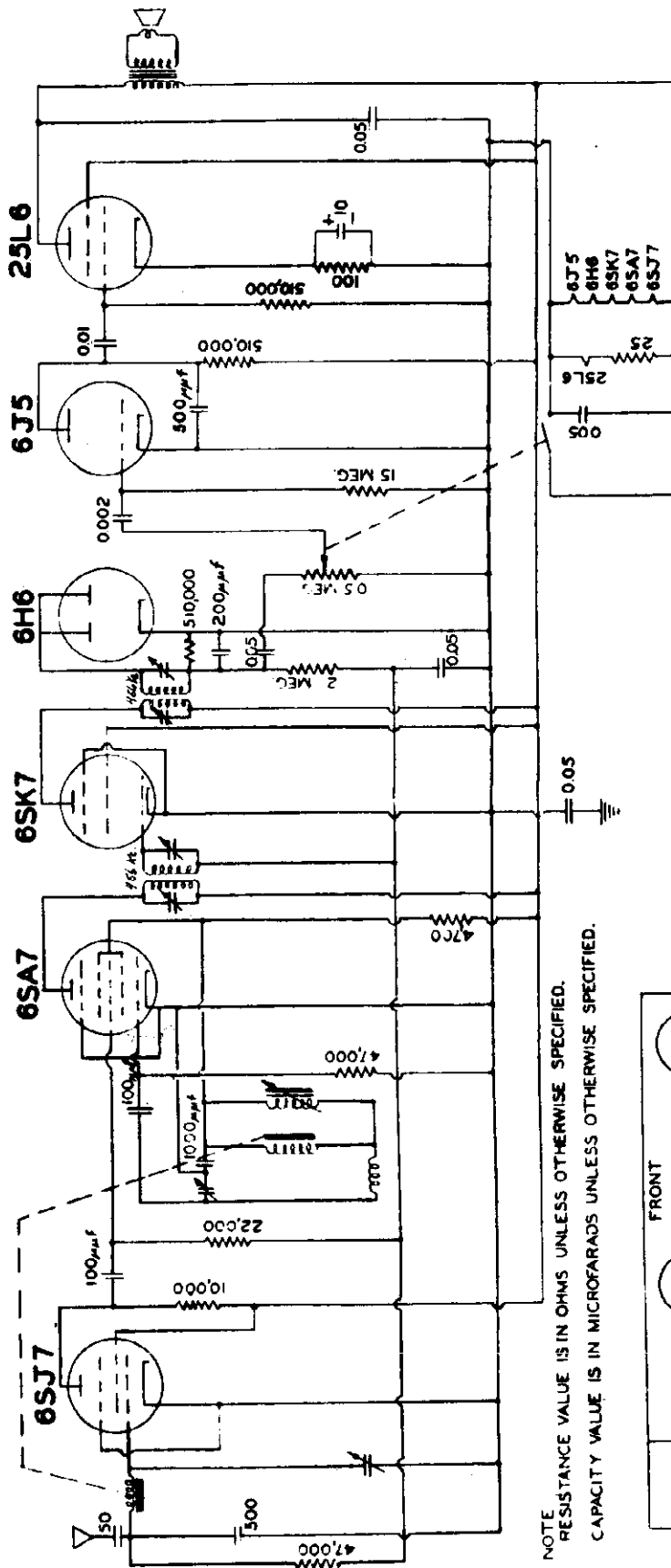
C.B. - DENOTES COMMON BUS



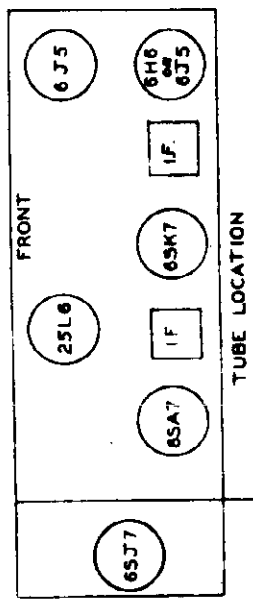
BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
 AT 2ND POSITION CLOCKWISE
 SHORT WAVE BAND
 6-18 MC.

C.B. - DENOTES COMMON BUS

MIDLAND MFG. CO.



NOTE
RESISTANCE VALUE IS IN OHMS UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.
CAPACITY VALUE IS IN MICROFARADS UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.



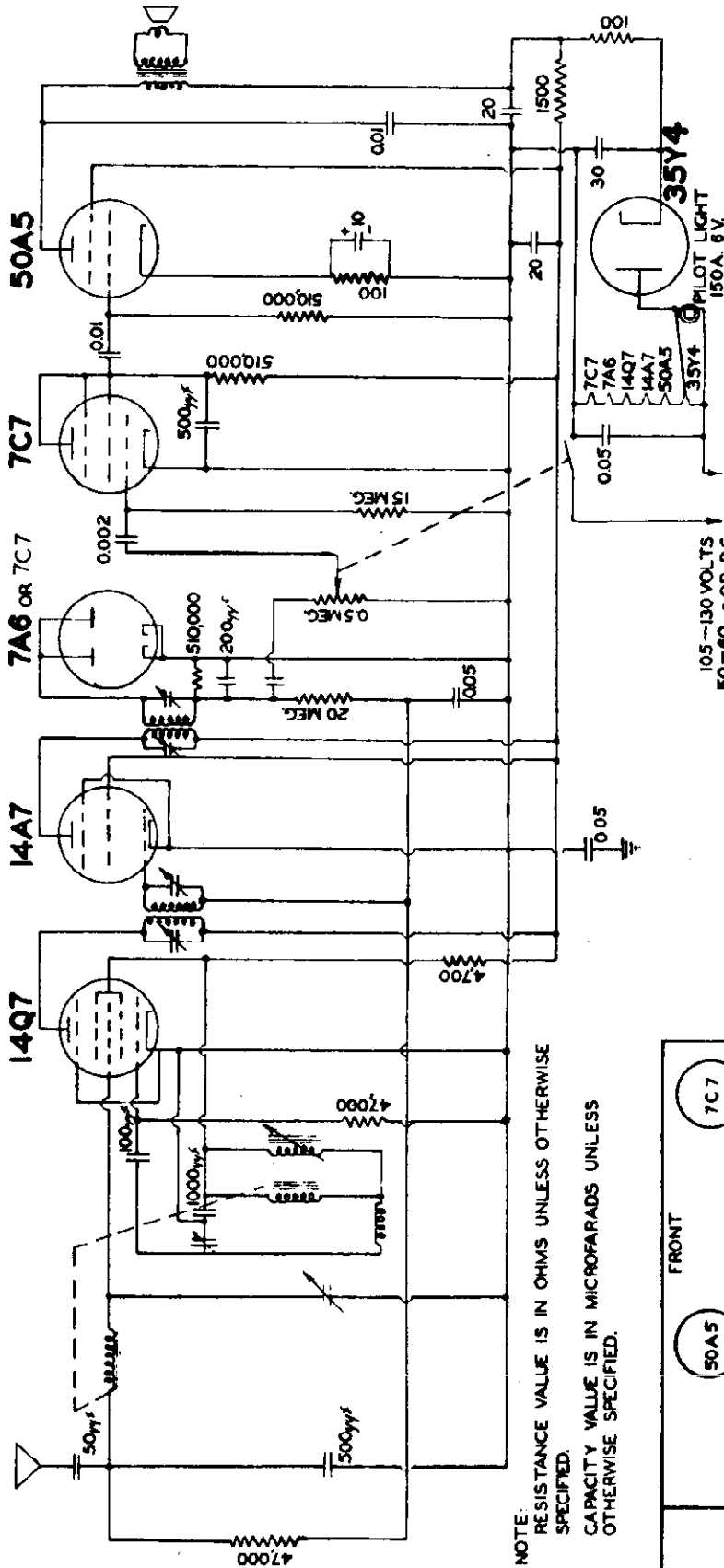
IF PEAK 456 KC

MIDLAND MANUFACTURING CO. DECORAH, IOWA	
PART NAME SCHEMATIC B6A	
SERIAL	NO. 32-104
DATE	7-15-46
APPROVED	AW
TOLERANCES UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED: FRACTIONAL DIMENSIONS ± 1/100" DECIMAL DIMENSIONS ± .001" ALL DIMENSIONS INCLUDES ± .001"	

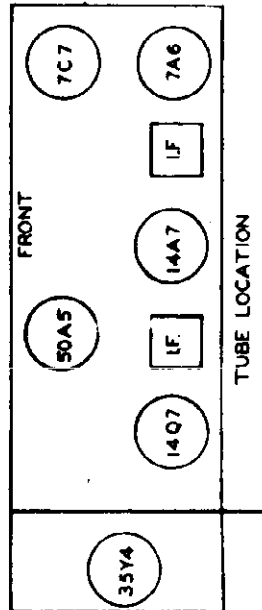
Model B6B is identical with B6A, except that a 28-D-7 tube is substituted for the 25L6 audio output tube. The plates and grids of the 28-D-7 are parallel connected.

MODELS M6A, M6D

MIDLAND MFG. CO



NOTE:
RESISTANCE VALUE IS IN OHMS UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.
CAPACITY VALUE IS IN MICROFARADS UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.

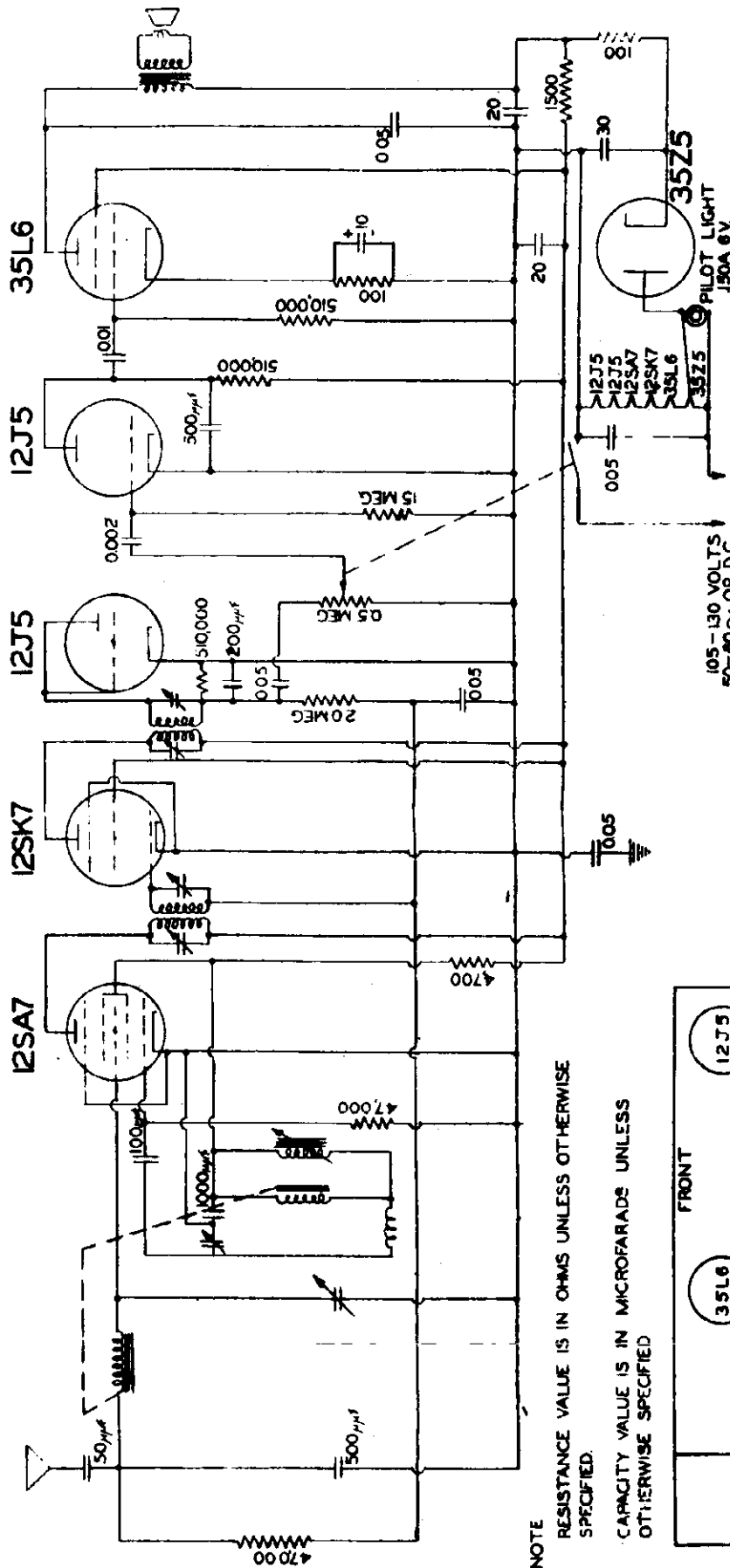


MIDLAND MANUFACTURING CO. DECORAH, IOWA	
PART NAME	LOCTAL SCHEMATIC M6A
MATERIAL	
PART NO.	32-100
SCALE	100% 100%
APPROVED	4-27-46
DRAWN	NDM
TOLERANCES UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED FRACTIONAL DIMENSIONS - 1/16 DECIMAL DIMENSIONS - 0.05 ALL ANGLES INCLUDE 90°	

Some receivers of this model will be found with 470,000 ohm resistor in the AVC return of the converter grid. This was subsequently changed to 47,000 ohms to reduce hum caused by incorrect polarity of line cord.

IF PEAK 456 KC

MIDLAND MFG. CO.

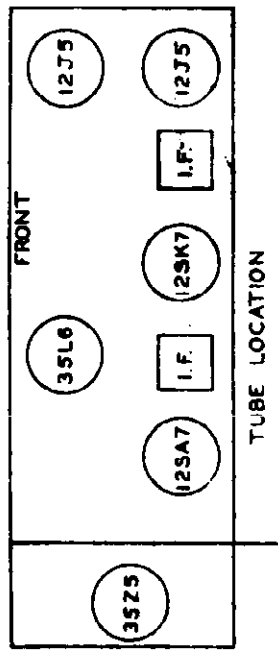


105-130 VOLTS
50-60 ~ OR DC

35Z5 PILOT LIGHT
150A 6V

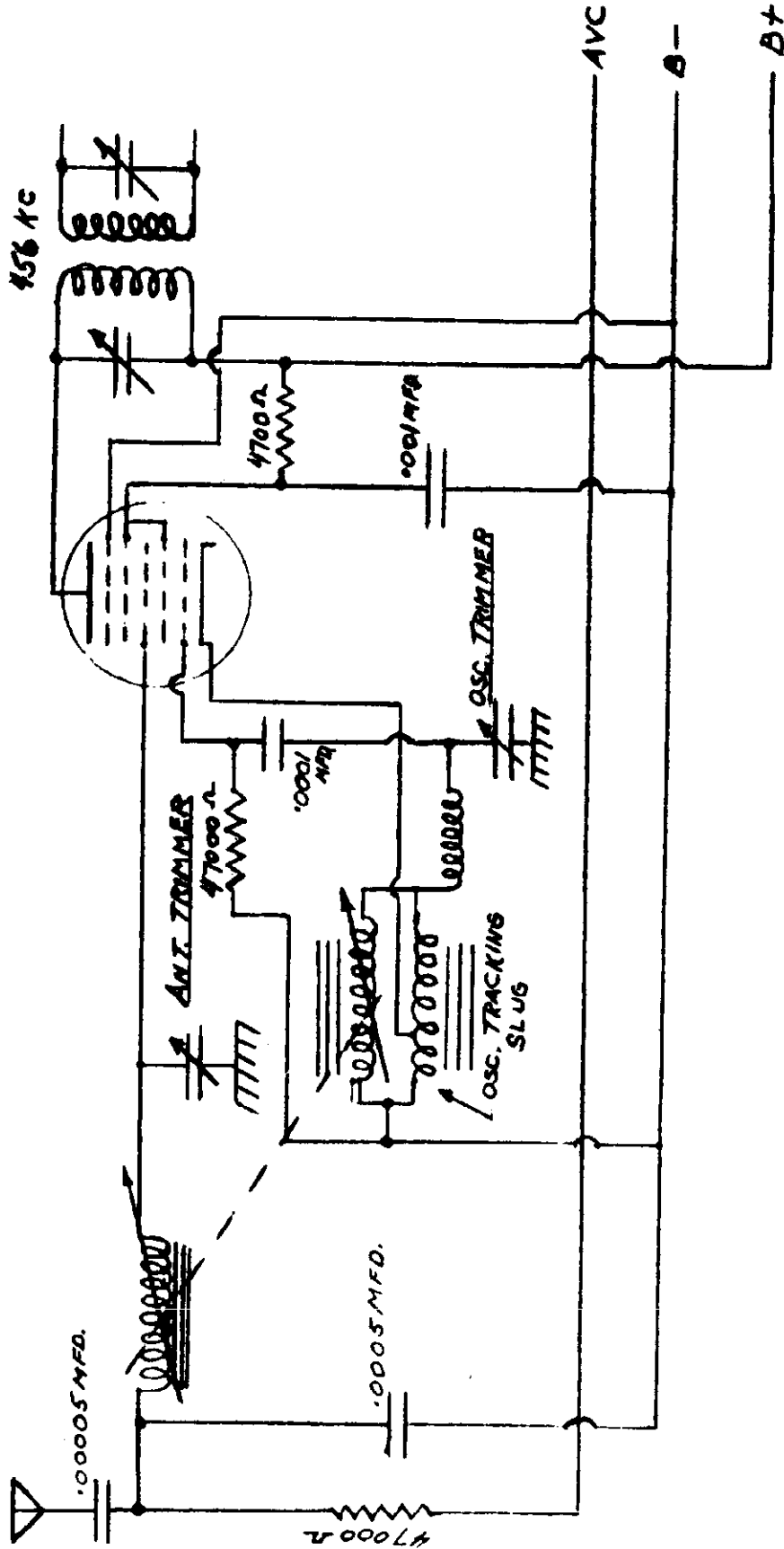
MIDLAND MANUFACTURING CO. DECORAH, IOWA	
PART NAME OCTAL SCHEMATIC M6B	
MATERIAL	
PART NO 32-101	REV. NO. 1
DATE 4-27-46	DESIGNER M.C.
CHECKED KDM	APPROVED
DO NOT SCALE DRAWING	

IF PEAK 456 KC



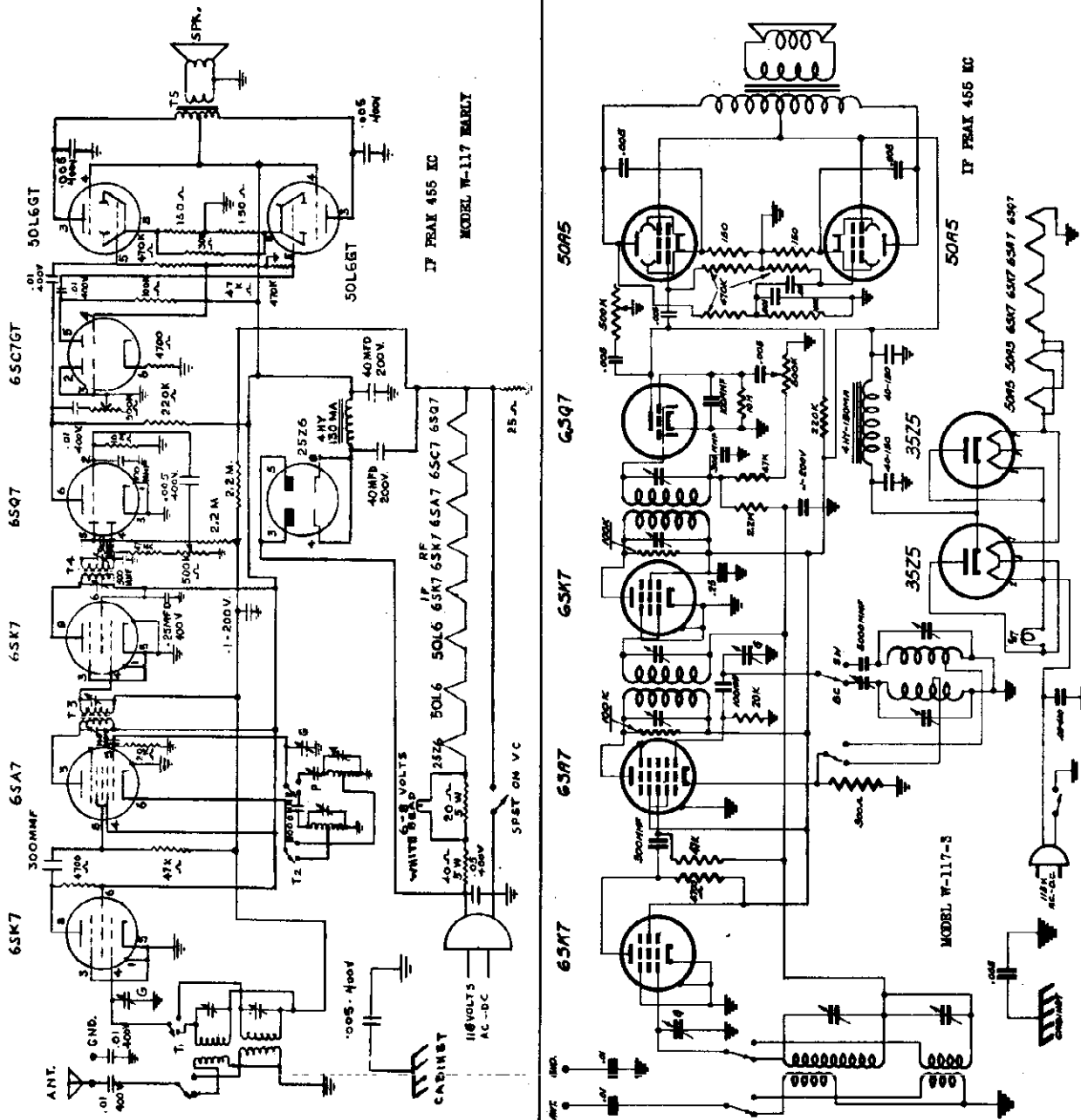
The 2nd Detector socket is wired for either a 12J5 or 12H6 tube.
The tuner may be either the one shown in the above schematic or that shown on the following page, P.15-4.

12SA7 CONV.



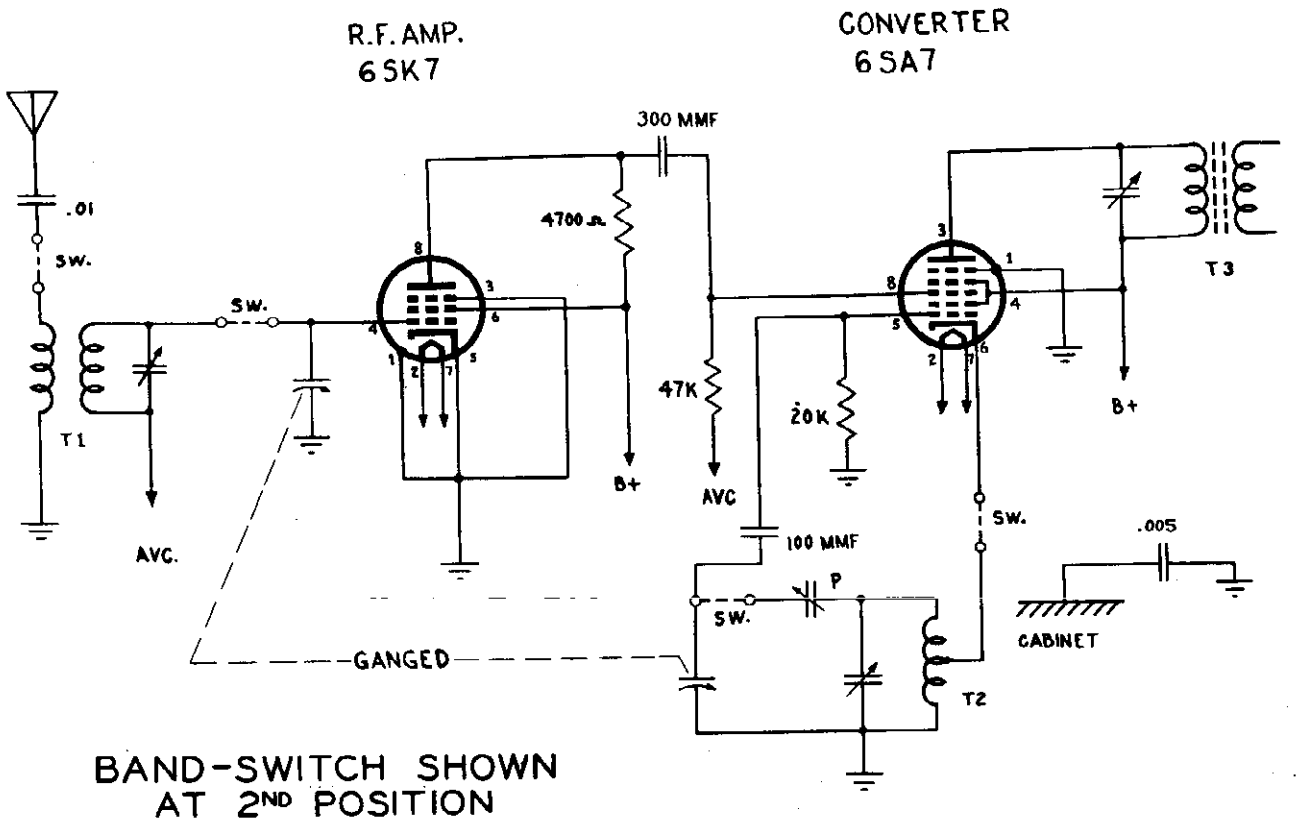
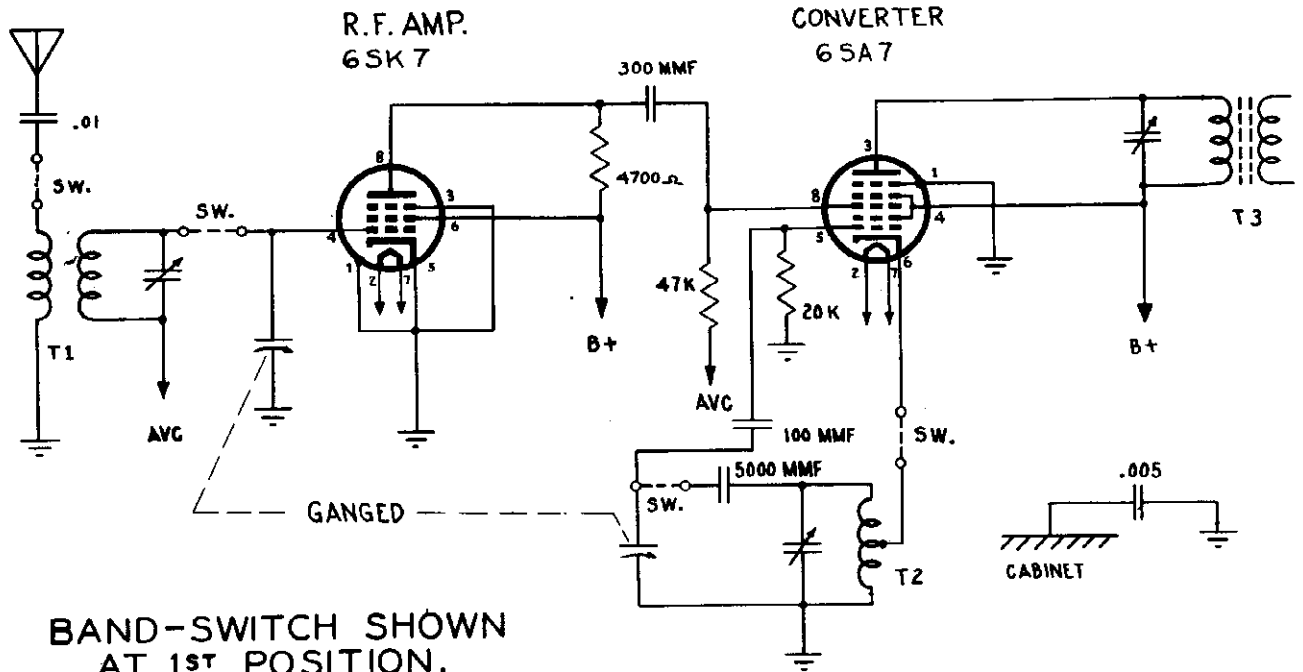
MODEL W117 Early
MODEL W117-3

MINERVA CORP. OF AMERICA



"clarified schematics"

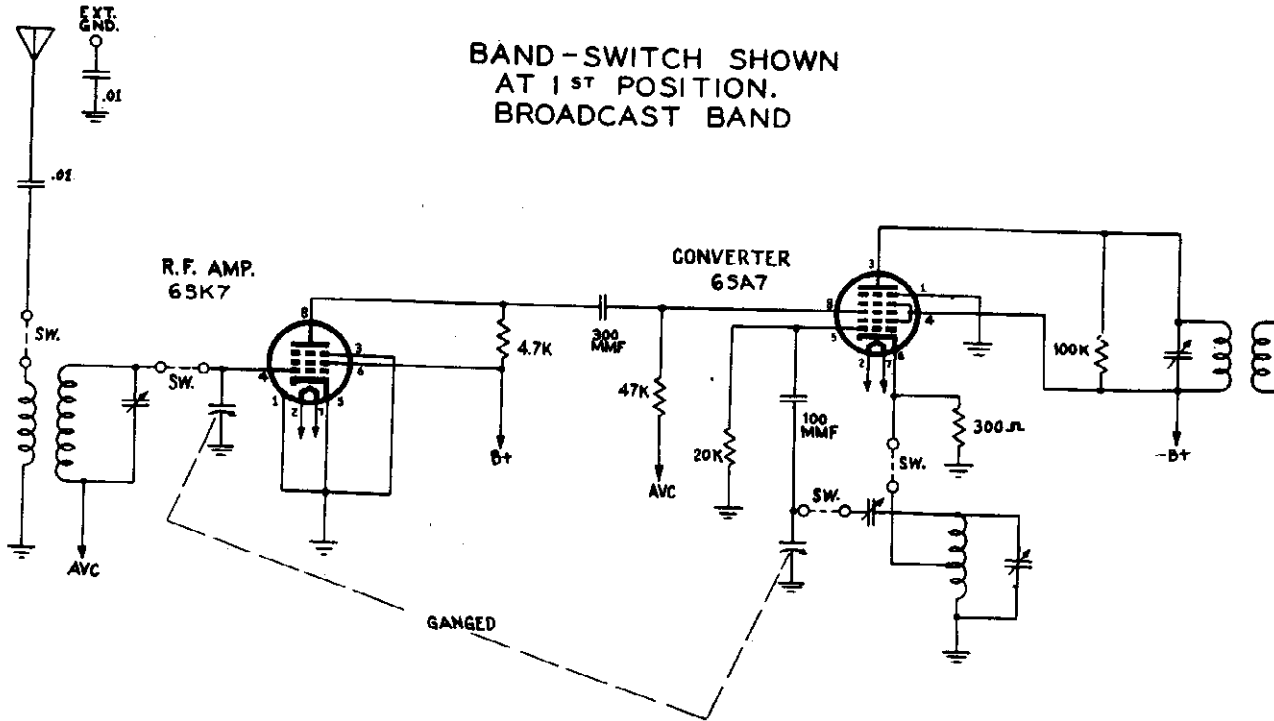
MINERVA CORP. OF AMERICA



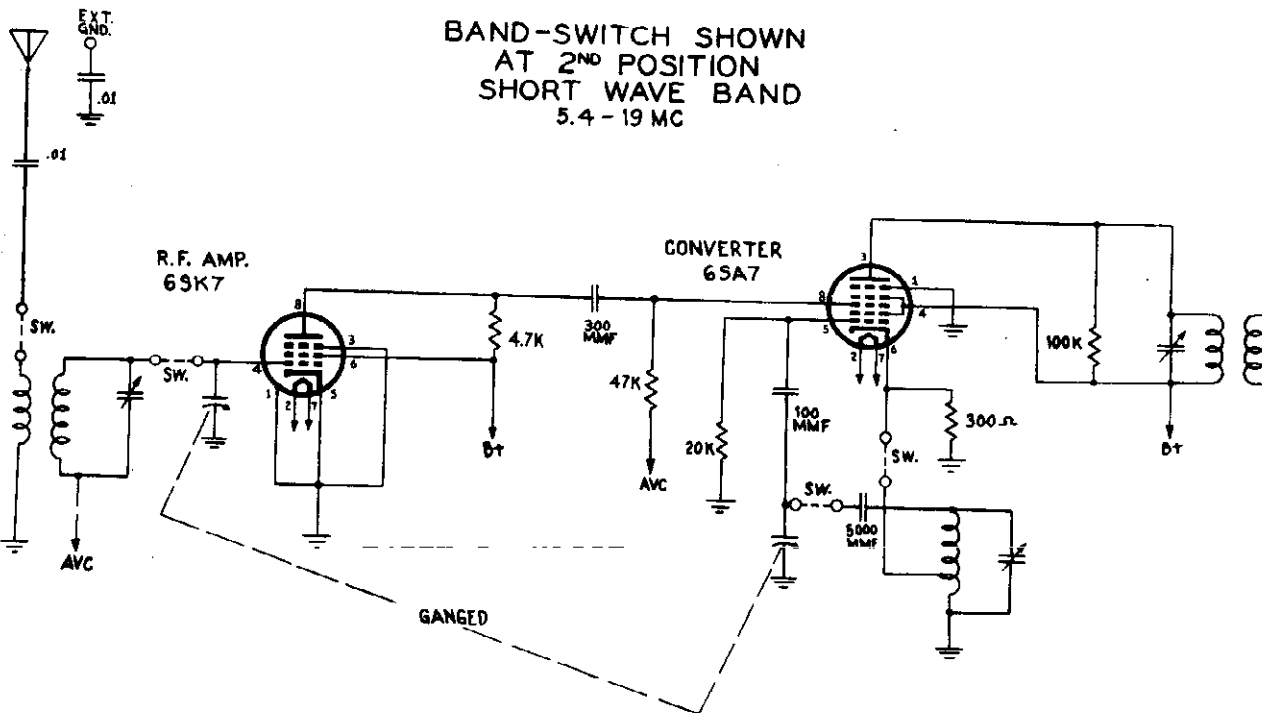
MODEL W117-3

MINERVA CORP. OF AMERICA

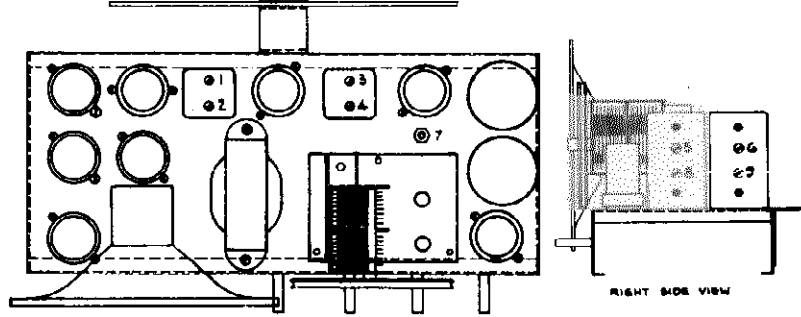
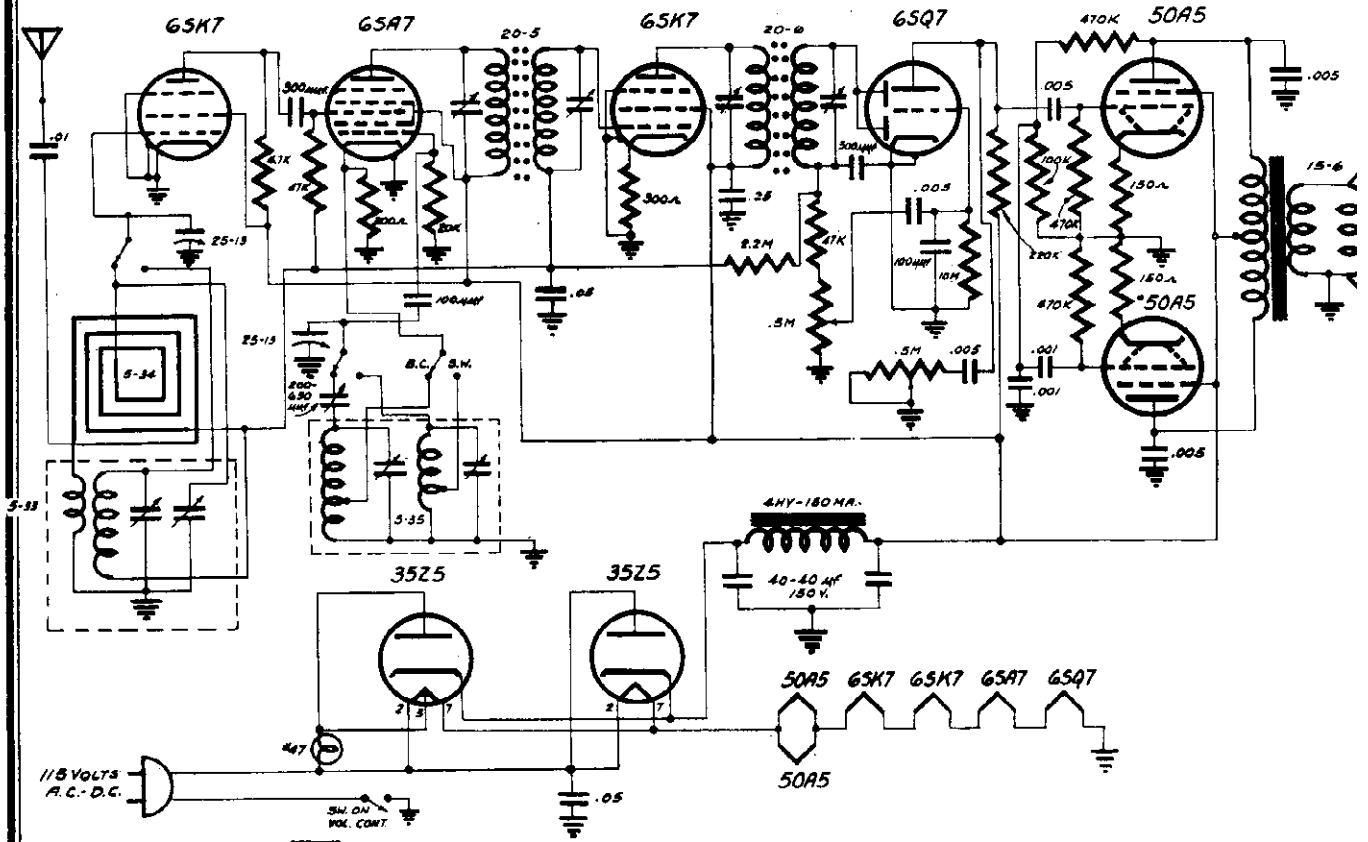
BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
AT 1ST POSITION.
BROADCAST BAND



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
AT 2ND POSITION
SHORT WAVE BAND
5.4 - 19 MC



MINERVA CORP. OF AMERICA



Tube Complement:—

- 1 — 6SK7 RF Amplifier
- 1 — 6SA7 Converter
- 1 — 6SK7 IF Amplifier
- 1 — 6SQ7 2nd Detector, AVC, 1st Audio
- 2 — 50A5 Power Amplifiers
- 2 — 35Z5 Rectifiers

GENERATOR CONNECTION	DUMMY ANT.	FREQ.	ADJ. TRIMMERS	OUTPUT
Stator front section	.1 MFD Cond.	455 KC	1, 2, 3, 4	Max.
Antenna Post	200 MMF Cond.	1500 KC	6, 5	Max.
Antenna Post	200 MMF Cond.	600 KC	7 rockgang	Max.
Antenna Post	200 MMF Cond.	1500 KC	6, 5	Max.
Antenna Post	400 ohm Res.	18 MC	9, 8	Max.

Tuning Range :

Standard Broadcast 540-1640 Kcs.
International Shortwave 5.5-19 Mc

Power Supply; 105-125 volts direct current or 50-60 cycle alternating current.

Power Consumption:-60 watts.

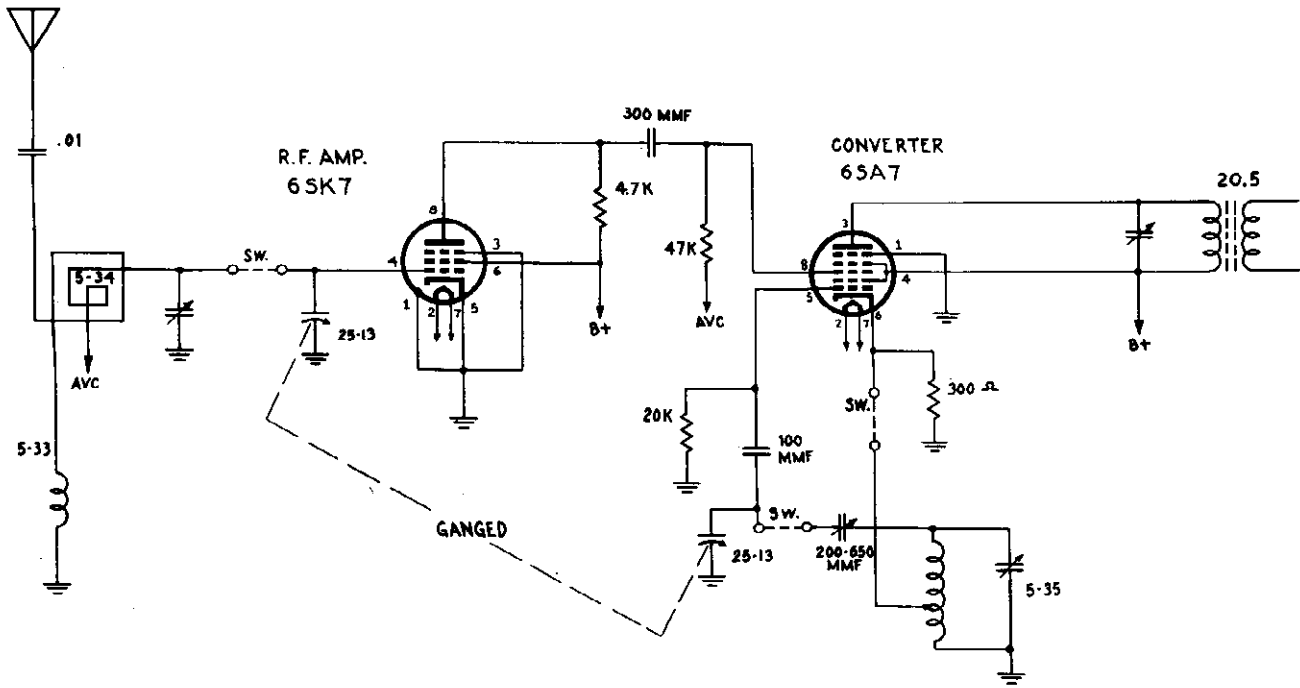
Volume control at maximum. Tone control at treble. Keep signal generator at lowest level consistent with readable output.

"clarified schematics"

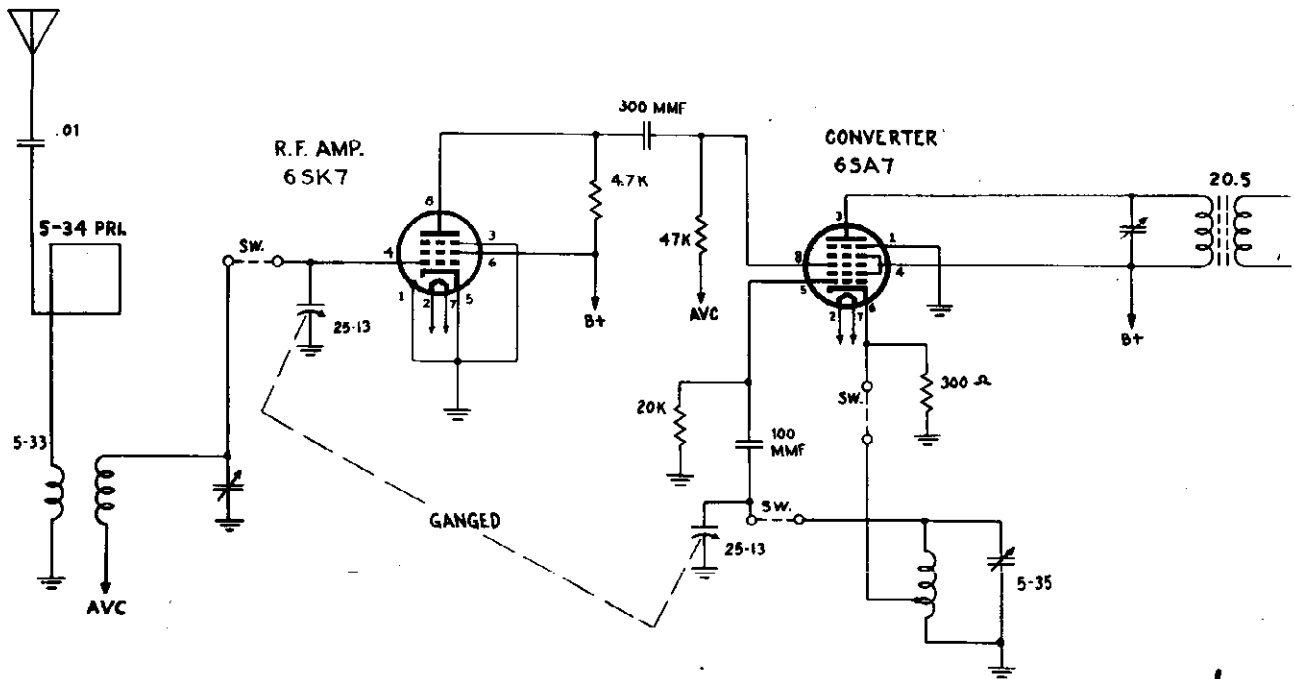
PAGE 15-6 MINERVA

MODEL W117 Late

MINERVA CORP. OF AMERICA



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
AT 1ST POSITION.
BROADCAST BAND
540-1640 KC.

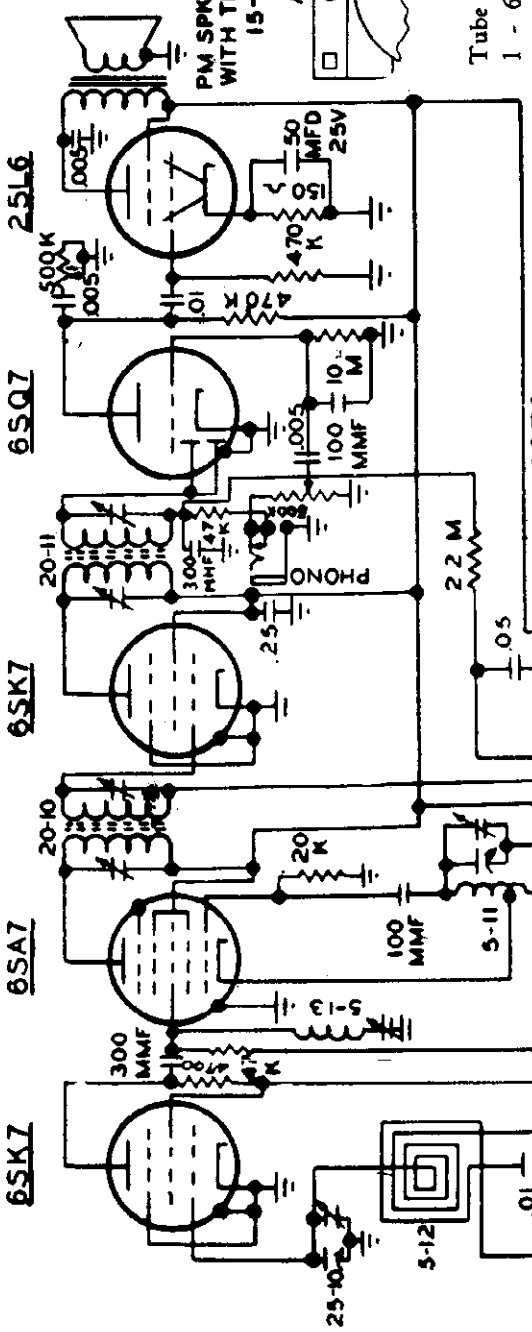


BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
AT 2ND POSITION.
SHORT WAVE BAND
5.5-19 MC

MINERVA CORP. OF AMERICA

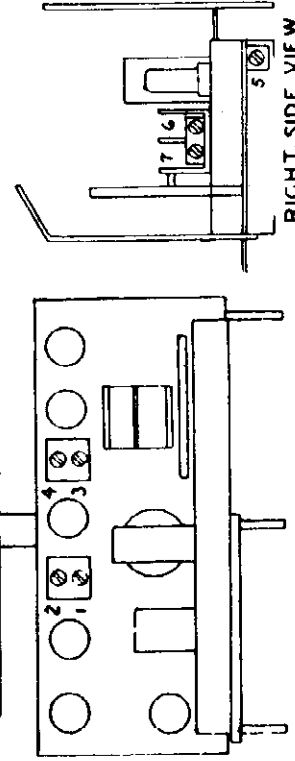
ALL RESISTORS 1/2 W
 ALL CONDENSERS 400 V
 UNLESS OTHERWISE SPEC.
 K = 1000 μ
 M = 1,000,000 μ

Pointer Settings:
 Gang Closed—Pointer Covers A
 1400 KC —Pointer Covers C
 600 KC —Pointer Covers B



Tube Complement:
 1 - 6SK7 RF Amplifier
 1 - 6SA7 Converter
 1 - 6SK7 IF Amplifier
 1 - 6SQ7 2nd Detector, AVC, 1st Audio
 1 - 25L6 Power Amplifier
 1 - 25Z6 Rectifier

MODEL W-119A
 10-5-48

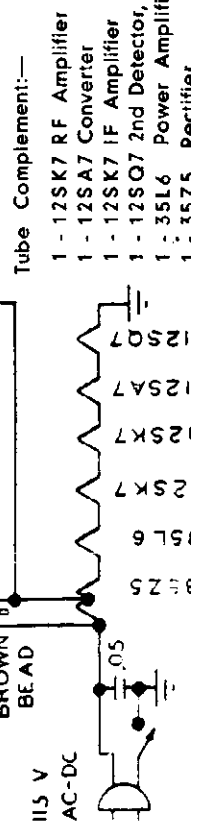


Generator Connection	Dummy Ant.	Freq.	Adj. Trimmers	Output
Stator front section gang open	Cond. .1 MFD	455 KC	1, 2, 3, 4	Max.
Antenná Post	200 MMF Cond.	455 KC	5	Min.
Antenna Post	200 MMF Cond.	1400 KC	6, 7	Max.

Power Supply—105 - 125 volts direct current or 50 - 60 cycle alternating current.

Tuning Range—Standard Broadcast 550 - 1600 KCS.

MODEL W-119 is the same as MODEL W-119A except that the following tubes and resistors are used.



Tube Complement:
 1 - 12SK7 RF Amplifier
 1 - 12SA7 Converter
 1 - 12SK7 IF Amplifier
 1 - 12SQ7 2nd Detector, AVC, 1st Audio
 1 - 35L6 Power Amplifier
 1 - 25Z6 Rectifier

REPLACEMENT PARTS LIST

MISCELLANEOUS

Part No.	Description	Selling Price
M1542	Molded Bakelite Octal Tube Socket (6-prong)	.30
M16196	Ceramic Octal Tube Socket (8-prong)	.30
M17235	Bakelite Speaker Socket (5-prong)	.06
M19588	Tuning Eye Socket Assembly with Cable	.53
DIAL AND KNOBS		
M19581	Linear Dial Mechanism, Complete	1.90
M19586	Translucent Dial Scale	.46
M17242	Dial Lamp, 6 to 8 volt, No. 51	.10
M19591	Dial Lamp Socket and Bracket	.16
M19594	Tone Control Knob, Bakelite	.06
M19597	Volume Control Knob, Bakelite	.06
M19266	Tuning Control Knob, Bakelite	.06
M19590	Escutcheon for Dial Scale	.74
M19590	Escutcheon for Tuning Eye	.15

GENERAL

M01340	42-50 MC Tuning Unit, Complete Assembly	9.50
M19587	8" P-M Dynamic Speaker with Cord and Plug	5.46
M19580	Tone Control Switch, 2-pole, 5-position	.45
M19270	Single Circuit Output Jack	.35
M12354	A-D-G Antenna Terminal Strip	.26
M16738	Terminal Strip, 1 Insulated Lug, 1 Mounting Foot	.04
M25-5732	Terminal Strip, 2 Insulated Lugs, 1 Mounting Foot	.04
M25-5731	Terminal Strip, 3 Insulated Lugs, 1 Mounting Foot	.05
M25-5716	Terminal Strip, 4 Insulated Lugs, 1 Mounting Foot	.06

TRANSFORMERS AND COILS

Part No.	Description	Selling Price
M01342	Antenna Coil Assembly with Trimmer	\$0.50
M01342	Mixer Coil Assembly with Trimmer	.50
M01346	Oscillator Coil Assembly	1.04
M01348	1st I.F. Transformer	.53
M01348	2nd I.F. Transformer	.53
M01350	3rd I.F. Transformer	.53
M01350	Discriminator I.F. Transformer	3.30
M19282	Power Transformer, 117-volt, 60-cycle	2.57
M19281	1st Filter Choke	.40
M19466	2nd Filter Choke	.36

CONDENSERS

Part No.	Capacitance	Voltage	Selling Price
M14110	.01 mfd.	400	.06
M14110	.01 mfd.	400	.06
M14110	.01 mfd.	400	.06
M14110	.01 mfd.	400	.06
M14110	.01 mfd.	400	.06
M14110	.01 mfd.	400	.06
M14110	.01 mfd.	400	.06
M14110	.01 mfd.	400	.06
M14110	.01 mfd.	400	.06
M14110	.01 mfd.	400	.06

Prices Subject to Change Without Notice.

SPECIFICATIONS

Power Consumption	110 watts (At 117 volts 60 cycles)
Power Output	6 Watts Undistorted
Selectivity	170 KC Broad at 2 times Signal
Intermediate Frequency	4.3 Megacycles
Speaker	8" P-M Dynamic
Tuning Frequency Range	42 to 50 Megacycles
Sensitivity	10 Microvolts Average

ALIGNMENT

If distortion, weak reception or other type of unsatisfactory performance is thought to be due to improper alignment, do not attempt to align the I-F or R-F system. Because of the wide band accepted by the I-F system and the lack of suitable generators and test equipment required to do a satisfactory job, it is recommended that the chassis be sent to one of the main Montgomery Ward Service Shops.

0.1 mfd.	200	.08
.25 mfd.	200	.10
.05 mfd.	200	.04
ELECTROLYTIC		
75 mfd.	50	.21
30 mfd.	300-360	.44
ANGLED		
.0005 mfd.		.10
.35 mfd.		.10
.0001 mfd.		.04
.002 mfd.		.12
.450 mfd.		.12
TRIMMER		
5-Plate Ceramic		.37
3-30 mfd. Ceramic		.10
SPECIAL		
26 mfd. Temperature Comp.		.22
3-gang Tuning Condenser		2.38

RESISTORS

CARBON

Part No.	Resistance	Wattage	Selling Price
M14169	20,000 Ohm	0.25	\$0.04
M16155	7,500 Ohm	0.50	.04
M14191	1,000 Ohm	0.25	.04
M17152	110 Ohm	0.25	.04
M15143	50 Ohm	0.25	.04
M15189	30,000 Ohm	1.00	.12
M17180	4,000 Ohm	3.00	.36
M17184	100,000 Ohm	0.25	.06
M17184	100,000 Ohm	0.25	.06
M17184	100,000 Ohm	0.25	.06
M17184	100,000 Ohm	0.25	.06
M15136	200 Ohm	0.25	.06
M14195	75,000 Ohm	0.25	.06
M14191	1,000 Ohm	0.25	.06
M14191	1,000 Ohm	0.25	.06
M14151	50,000 Ohm	0.25	.06
M14155	50,000 Ohm	0.25	.06
M14179	20,000 Ohm	1.00	.10
M15188	40,000 Ohm	1.00	.10
M14150	5,000 Ohm	0.25	.04
M14179	250,000 Ohm	0.25	.06
M14117	2,000 Ohm	0.25	.06
M14118	10,000 Ohm	0.25	.06
M17109	200 Ohm	3.00	.20
M17133	2 Megohm	0.25	.06
M17185	90,000 Ohm	0.25	.06
M17153	1 Ohm	0.50	.06
VARIABLE			
M19577	500,000 Ohm	With Switch	.48

MONTGOMERY WARD

VOLTAGES AT SOCKETS

The voltages that should be considered normal at each tube socket terminal are indicated in the table at the bottom of the schematic circuit diagram. All voltages indicated are measured between the socket terminal and ground (chassis). Readings shown are positive on the socket terminal with the chassis as the negative terminal except where a negative voltage reading is given in which case the chassis is positive. Readings marked "AC" indicate normal AC heater voltage and should not be read with a DC meter.

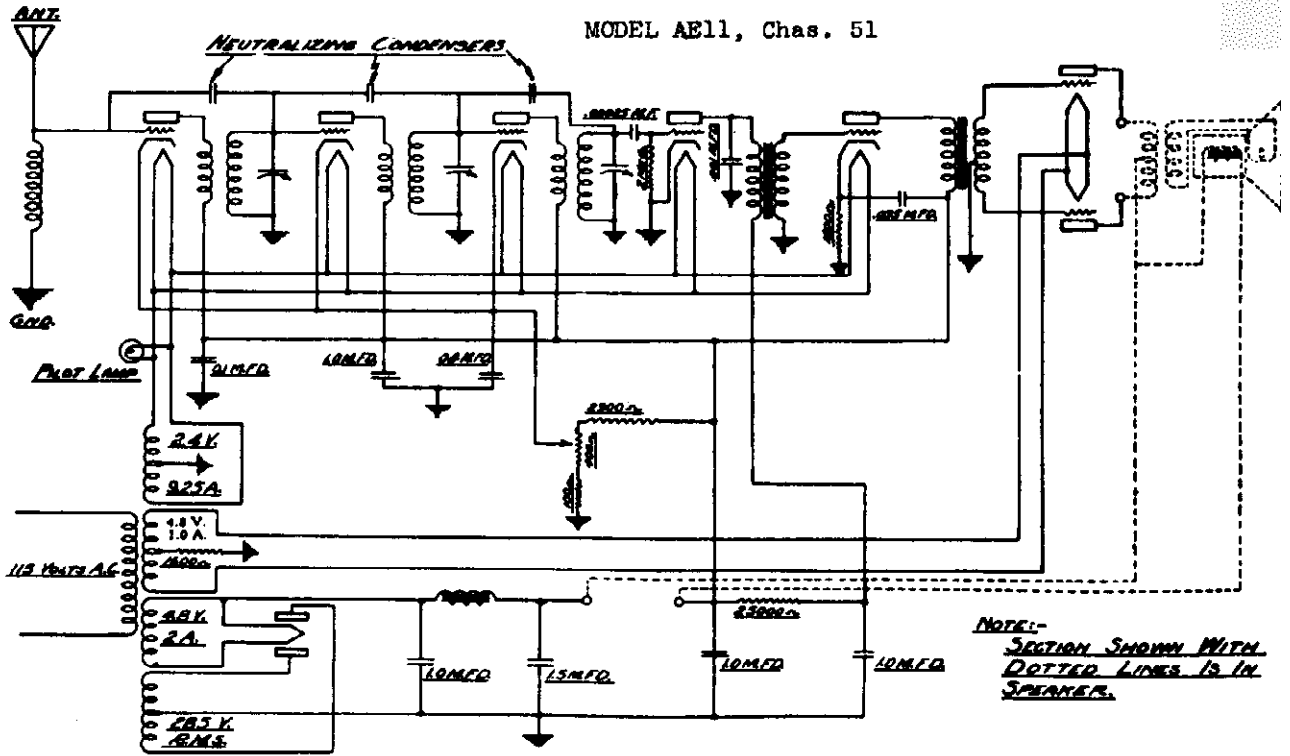
These voltages are read under the following conditions:

- Line Voltage—117 volts
- Volume Control—Maximum
- No Signal Being Received

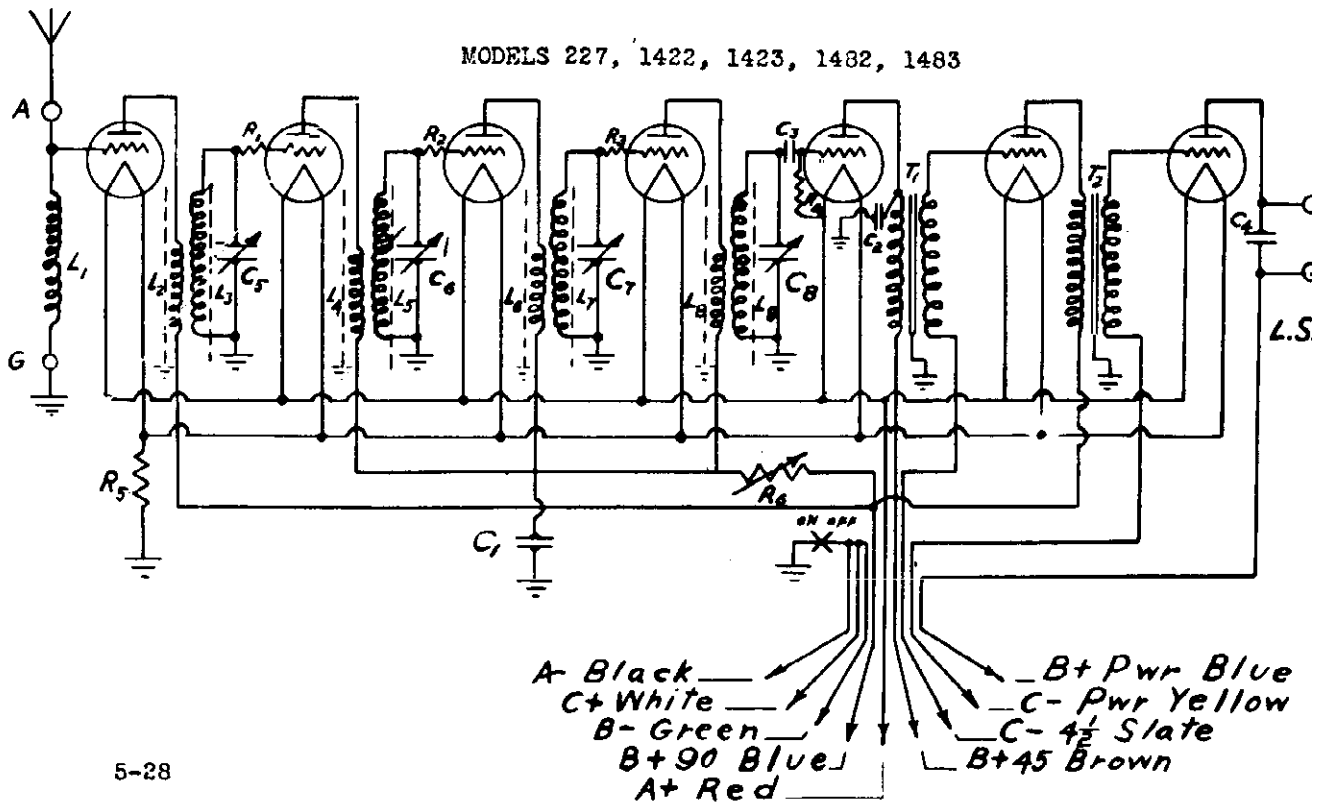
Readings are taken with a 1000-ohm-per-volt meter. Plate and screen voltages are read on the 500-volt scale. All readings under 50 volts are read on the 50-volt scale.

MONTGOMERY WARD

MODEL AE11, Ch.
MODELS 227, 142
1423, 1482, 1483

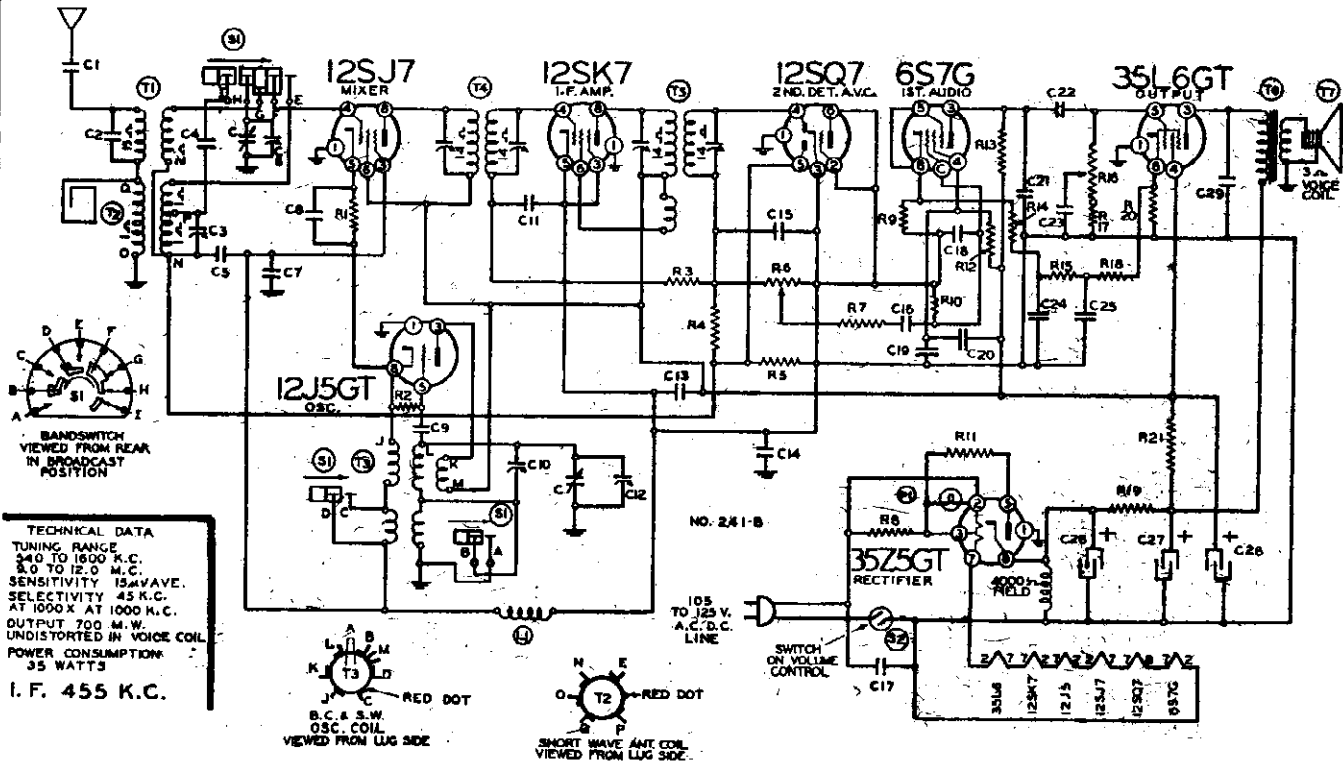


MODELS 227, 1422, 1423, 1482, 1483



MODELS 14BR-734B,
14BR-735B

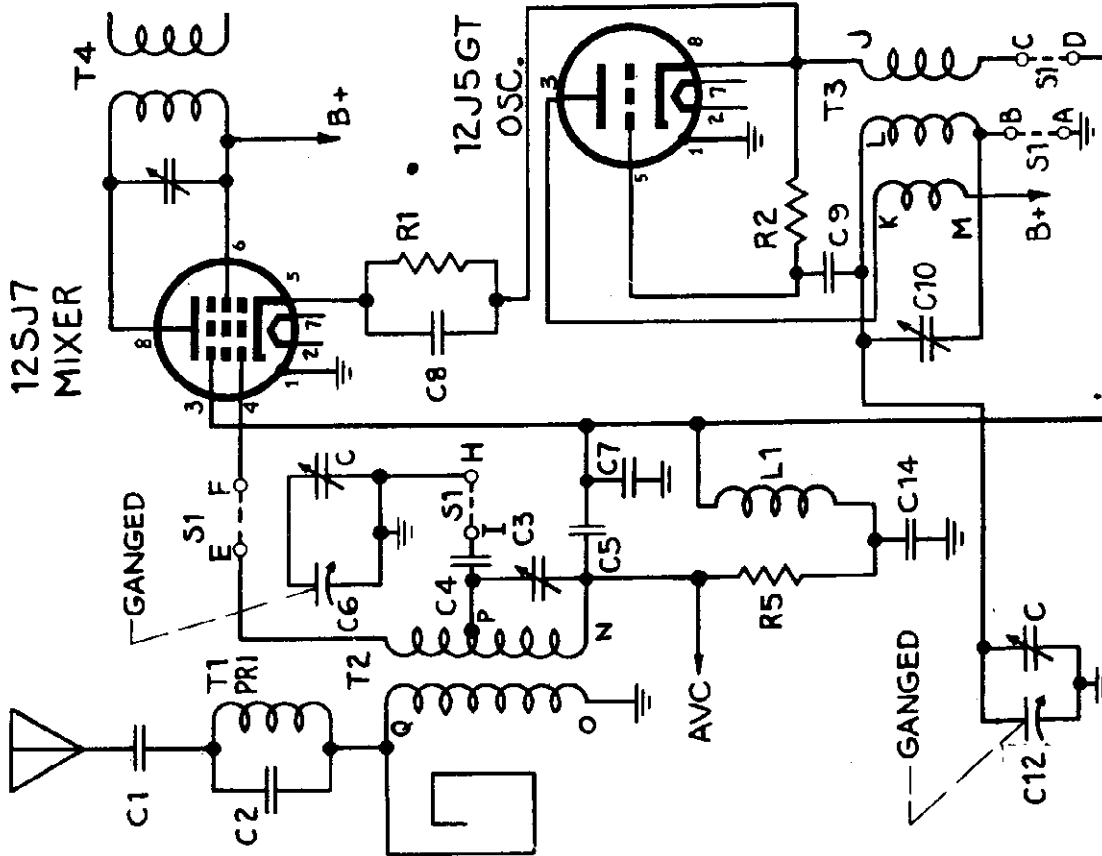
MONTGOMERY WARD



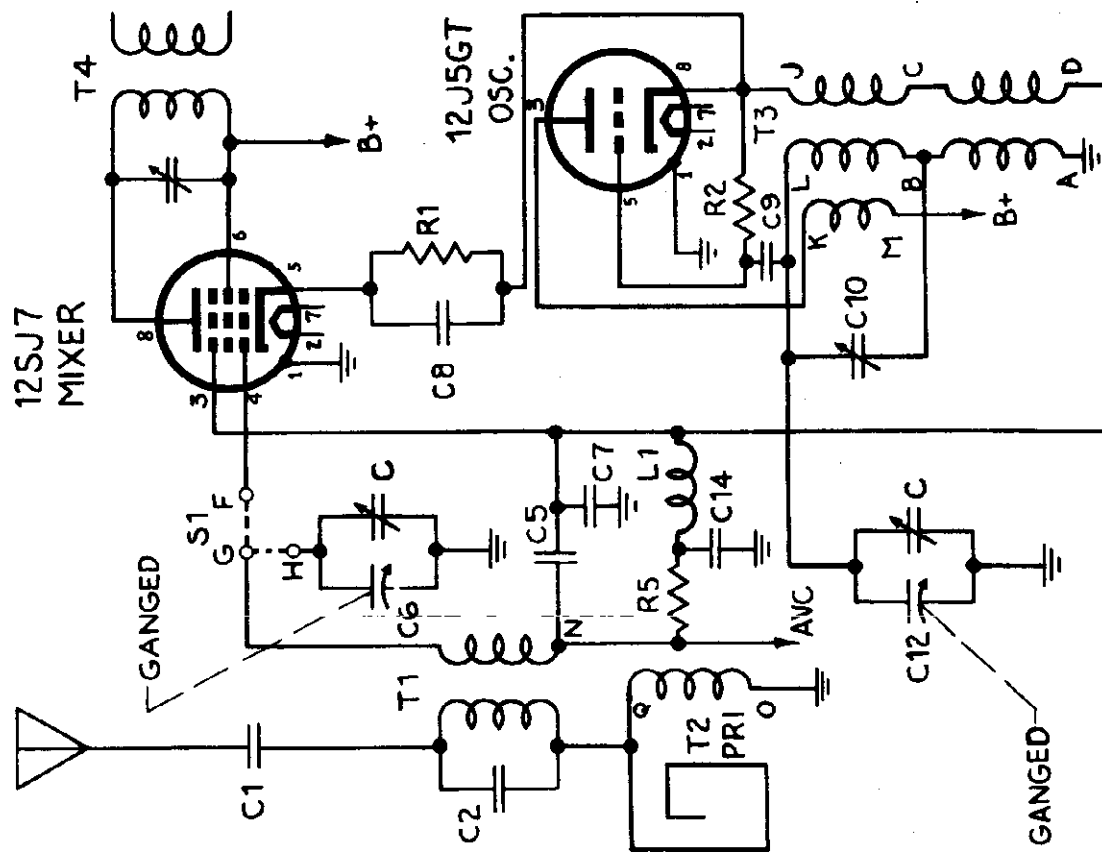
TECHNICAL DATA
TUNING RANGE
4.0 TO 15.0 K.C.
8.0 TO 12.0 M.C.
SENSITIVITY 15μVAVE.
SELECTIVITY 45 K.C.
AT 1000 X AT 1000 K.C.
OUTPUT 700 M.W.
UNDISTORTED IN VOICE COIL
POWER CONSUMPTION
35 WATTS
I. F. 455 K.C.

Part No.	Schematic Reference	Description	No. Used In Set	Selling Price Each	Part No.	Schematic Reference	Description	No. Used In Set	Selling Price Each
CONDENSERS					DIAL PARTS				
BE100142	C20	.04 x 200 Volt Tubular Condenser	1	.12	BE1121023		Dial Scale	1	.28
BE100130	C21, C22	Dual Condenser—.0025 x .02 x 400 Volt	1	.24	BE112964		Pointer	1	.06
BE100111	C29	.01 x 400 Volt Tubular Condenser	1	.12	BE112962		Crystal for Dial	1	.32
BE1009	C11	.05 x 200 Volt Tubular Condenser	1	.12	BE113143		Snap-in Rivets to Fasten Dial Scale	5	.02
BE10019	C16, C19	.006 x 600 Volt Tubular Condenser	2	.12	BE112959		Dial Drum Pulley	1	.06
BE10020	C13, C18	C24, C25 .1 x 200 Volt Tubular Condenser	4	.12	BE115757		Dial Support Plate with Idler Pulleys and 2 bearings	1	1.40
BE10037	C1	.009 x 600 Volt Tubular Condenser	1	.12	BE117906		Tuning Shaft with Drive Pulley	1	.14
BE100119	C7, C14	.1 x 400 Volt Tubular Condenser	2	.12	BE112910		Pointer Shaft	1	.06
BE100127	C8	.01 x 120 Volt Tubular Condenser	1	.12	BE113372		Coiled Tension Spring for Dial String	1	.02
BE100128	C9	.05 x 120 Volt Tubular Condenser	1	.12	BE113175		String for Dial	1	.12
BE100138	C17	.03 x 400 Volt Tubular Condenser	1	.12	MISCELLANEOUS				
BE119129		Electrolytic Filter Cond. added for 25 cycle only. 40 mfd. x 150 Volts across C22 and 20 Mfd. x 150 Volts across C23	1	.70	BE101262	R6, S8	Volume Control and Switch (1 Megohm)	1	.62
BE119128	C26, C27, C28	Electrolytic Filter Condenser—40 mfd.—20 mfd.—20 mfd. x 150 Volts	1	.70	BE101263	R11	Tone Control (500M Ohms)	1	.50
BE124139	C3, C10	S. W. Antenna and Oscillator Trimmer Condenser	2	.16	BE125167	S1	Band Switch	1	.40
BE1295	C9, C18	.0001 Mica Type Condenser—20%	2	.12	BE102143B	C. C6, C13	Two Gang Variable Condenser with B. C. Antenna and Osc. Trimmers and 6 Button Automatic Tuner Assembly	1	5.00
BE1291	C15	.0002 Mica Type Condenser—20%	1	.12	BE10798D		Line Cord and Plug	1	.30
BE12960	C2	.00015 Mica Type Condenser—10%	1	.12	BE107249	P1	6-8 V. Pilot Lite Bulb, Type T-47	1	.10
BE129181	C4	.000445 Mica Type Condenser—3%	1	.18	BE107358		Socket Assembly for Pilot Lite	1	.10
BE12912	C19	.00025 Mica Type Condenser	1	.12	BE128656-36		Walnut Bakelite Cabinet	1	3.60
RESISTORS					BE128656-9		Ivory Color Bakelite Cabinet	1	4.40
BE13012	R2, R7	50M ohm—1/4 Watt Resistor—20%	2	.10	BE131356		Snap-in Rivets to Fasten Back	5 Doz.	.10
BE13038	R4	2 Megohm—1/4 Watt Resistor—20%	1	.10	BE132264		No. 8-18 x 1/4 Chassis Mounting Screws	2	.02
BE13064	R19	200 Ohm—1/4 Watt Resistor—20%	1	.10	BE112972		Wood Spacers for Loop	2	.02
BE130128	R11	20 Ohm—1/4 Watt Resistor—20%	1	.10	BE131356		Snap-in Buttons to Mount Loop	5 Doz.	.10
BE130166	R8, R26	150 Ohm—1/4 Watt Resistor—10%	2	.10	BE134123		Rubber Bumpers for Bottom of Cab	4	.02
BE130218	R1	5M Ohm—1/4 Watt Resistor—10%	1	.10	BE132717		Brown Cardboard Back for Cabinet	1	.08
BE130257	R10	5 Megohm—1/4 Watt Resistor—10%	1	.10	BE112910		Set of Station Call Letters	1	.12
BE130287	R11	1200 Ohm—1 Watt Resistor—10%	1	.10	BE112979		Set of Celluloid Tabs (6)	1	.06
BE130350	R5	3.2 Megohm—1/4 Watt Resistor—20%	2	.10	BE128609-36		Walnut Bakelite Buttons (left)	3	.08
BE13037	R9	1M Ohm—1/4 Watt Resistor	1	.10	BE128700-36		Walnut Bakelite Buttons (right)	3	.08
BE13054	R12	525M Ohm—1/4 Watt Resistor	1	.10	BE128646-37		Knob—Walnut—"Volume"	1	.12
BE130103	R13	100M Ohm—1/4 Watt Resistor	1	.10	BE128688-37		Knob—Walnut—"Tone"	1	.12
BE130191	R14	3M Ohm—1/4 Watt Resistor	2	.10	BE128687-37		Knob—Walnut—"Tuning"	1	.12
BE130355	R15	8M Ohm—1/4 Watt Resistor	1	.10	BE128683-37		Knob—Walnut—"Band SW"	1	.12
BE130100	R17	150M Ohm—1/4 Watt Resistor	1	.10	BE128686-8		Knob Ivory—"Volume"	1	.12
SOCKETS					BE128688-8		Knob Ivory—"Tone"	1	.12
BE121210		Eight Prong Molded Octal Socket	4	.10	BE128687-8		Knob Ivory—"Tuning"	1	.12
BE121273		Eight Prong Wafer Octal Socket—with Shield for Guide Pin	1	.10	BE128683-8		Knob Ivory—"Band SW"	1	.12
SPEAKER					BE131383		Screw Driver	1	.06
BE114271	T7	Six Inch Electro Dynamic Speaker. Less Output Transformer.	1	.50	<p>NOTICE—There is a model number label on the chassis. This model number identifies the radio as to year, manufacturer, chassis and issue number or letter. When ordering parts or writing, be sure to mention the complete model number.</p> <p>PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE</p>				
BE105134	T6	Output Transformer for Speaker	1	.50					
COILS									
BE108206	T4	Input I. F. Coil Complete in Can	1	.76					
BE108205	T3	Output I. F. Coil Complete in Can	1	.76					
BE130184	T3	B. C. S. W. Oscillator Coil	1	.60					
BE111249	T2	S. W. Antenna Coil	1	.30					
BE111250	T1	Loop Antenna Assembly	1	.90					
BE12316	L1	Choke Coil	1	.18					

MONTGOMERY WARD



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
AT 2ND POSITION
SHORT WAVE BAND
9 TO 12 MC.



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
AT 1ST POSITION.
BROADCAST BAND
540 TO 1600 KC.

MODELS 14BR-734B

14BR-735B

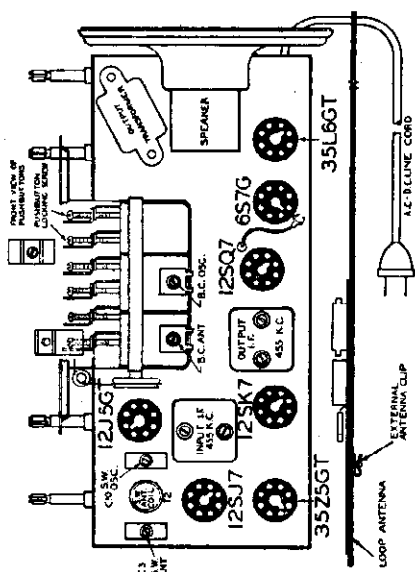
MONTGOMERY WARD

SETTING THE PUSHBUTTONS

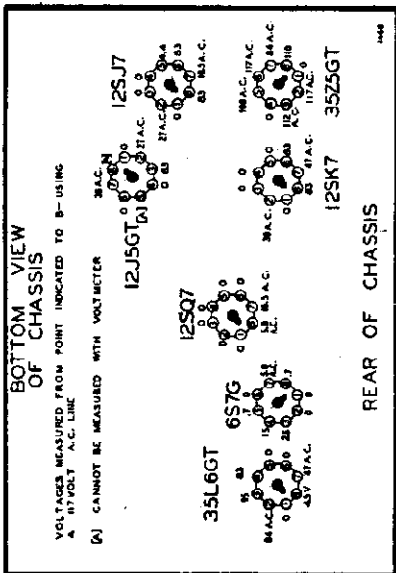
Make a list of your 6 favorite stations—push out the call letters of these stations from the call letter sheets supplied. Next insert a long slim screw driver into the hole in front of one of the pushbuttons and unscrew the pushbutton locking screw (to the left) several turns. Now with the screw driver still engaged in the locking screw slot push it all the way in. Hold it in this position and tune in the station you want with the tuning knob. Now tighten up the pushbutton locking screw by turning it to the right. Tighten firmly. Continue setting each button in the same way. When you have set your stations insert the call letter of each station in the front of the proper button and put one of the celluloid tabs over the station call letter.

To change stations simply repeat the above procedure.

If you are unable to set a station on any particular button it is probably because the pushbutton locking screw has not been fully unloosened (turned to the left).



Chassis View, showing Tube Location and the Outside Antenna Clip.



Voltage Chart

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

- Volume control—Maximum all adjustments.
- Connect B—of radio chassis to ground post of signal generator through .1 Mfd. condenser.

BAND	SIGNAL GENERATOR Frequency Setting	Dummy Antenna	Connection to Radio	Position of Band Switch	Variable Condenser Setting	Trimmers Adjusted to Maximum
I. F.	455 Kc.	.1 MFD.	Grid of 12SK7 I. F.	Broadcast	Rotor full open (Plates out of mesh)	Two trimmers on top of Output I. F.
	455 Kc.	.1 MFD.	Grid of 12SJ7 Mixer	Broadcast	Rotor full open (Plates out of mesh)	Two trimmers on top of Input I. F.
SHORT WAVE BAND	12 Mc.	400 Ohms	External Antenna and B—	Short Wave	Set Dial at 12 Mc.	S.W. Osc. trimmer C10 S.W. Ant. trimmer C3
BROAD-CAST BAND	1600 Kc.	.1 mmf.	Grid of 12SJ7	Broadcast	Rotor full open (Plates out of mesh)	B.C. Osc. trimmer C12 on Gang
	1400 Kc.	200 mmf.	External Antenna and B—	Broadcast	Set Dial at 1400 K. C.	R.C. Ant. trimmer C6

NOTE: The Oscillator Frequency is lower than the signal frequency and should be aligned accordingly. The loop antenna should be connected to the radio when making all adjustments.

MONTGOMERY WARD

SPECIFICATIONS

Input Voltages and Currents—Battery Operation

- "A" Battery 1½ Volts—25 Amp.
- "B" Battery 80½ Volts—8. Ma.

Power Consumption 30 Watts
(At 117 Volts AC Supply)

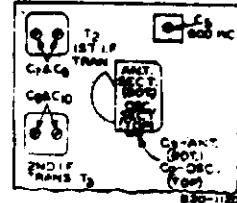
Power Output

- Battery Operation 55 Mw. Undistorted
110 Mw. Maximum
- AC Operation 80 Mw. Undistorted
170 Mw. Maximum

- Selectivity - 40 KC Broad at 1000 Times Signal
- Intermediate Frequency 456 KC
- Speaker 4" P.M. Dynamic
- Tuning Frequency Range - 535 to 1610 KC
- Sensitivity - 400 Microvolts per Meter Average
(For .05 Watt Output)

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

Volume Control—Maximum All Adjustments.
Allow Chassis and Signal Generator to "Heat Up" for several minutes.
The following equipment is required for aligning:
A Signal Generator which will provide an accurately calibrated signal at the test frequencies as listed.
Output Indicating Meter—Non-Metallic Screwdriver.



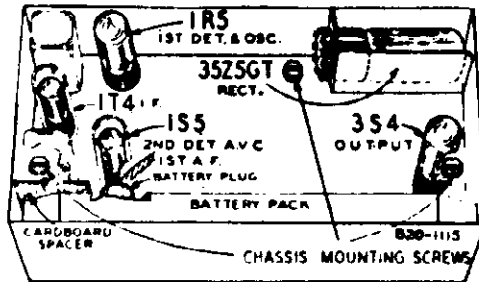
Use Loop for All Adjustments—See Note "A"

SIGNAL GEN. FREQUENCY SETTING	CONDENSER SETTING	ADJUST TRIMMERS TO MAXIMUM (See Trimmer Illustration)
456 KC	Turn Rotor to Full Open	1st I.F. (C7) & (C8); 2nd I.F. (C9) & (C10)
1610 KC	Turn Rotor to Full Open	Oscillator (C2)
1500 KC	Turn Rotor to Max. Output Set Knob to 1500 KC	Antenna (C3)
600 KC	Turn Rotor to Max. Output	400 KC (C6)
1500 KC	Turn Rotor to Max. Output	Rock Rotor—See Note B Antenna (C3)

NOTE A—Connect a loop approximately one foot in diameter across the antenna and ground posts of the signal generator. Place radio approximately 2 feet (6" for I.F. adjustment) from loop.

NOTE B—Turn the rotor back and forth and adjust the trimmer until the peak of greatest intensity is obtained.

To replace the 35Z5GT rectifier tube, pull line cord plug out of case. Carefully pry off the 2 control knobs. Remove screw on the front panel above tuning knob at side of on-off switch plunger. Then take out the 3 chassis screws (shown in illustration) with a ¼ inch socket wrench. Carefully lift chassis, tilting it at the same time, as far as connecting wires permit. Insert a screwdriver between rectifier tube and socket and pry tube out of socket.



Part No.	Description	Selling Price
12A308	4" P.M. Dynamic Speaker	\$2.00
	Cone and Voice Coil Assembly (Specify part number and letters stamped on the above speaker)	.76
14X282	Grille Cloth for Speaker	.06
3A312	Tube Socket—Miniature Type	.06
3A314	Tube Socket—Octal (8 prong) Water Type	.06
32X221	Tube Shield	.04
13X453	"A" and "B" Battery Cable and Plug Assembly	.24
6A236	Four Prong Plug for above Battery Cable	.04
13X427	Line Cord and Plug Assembly	.76
6A238	Line Plug (on Chassis)	.08
2A201	On-Off Switch	.28
18A367	Knobs (Tuning Control and Volume Control)	.06
4X613	Front Panel Escutcheon	1.86
26A301	AC-DC—Battery Switch Assembly	.58
14X283	Speaker Grille	.28
26A346	Case Assembly complete with Door, Cover, Speaker Grille, Grille Cloth, Handle, and Loop Aerial	11.74
8X78	Rubber Feet (at Bottom of Case)	Dist. .06
4X663	Escutcheon	1.24

TRANSFORMERS AND COILS

9A1551	Loop Aerial only	.82
9A1562	T1 Oscillator Coil Assembly	.44
9A1413	T2 1st I.F. Transformer and Can Assembly	.90
9A1414	T3 2nd I.F. Transformer and Can Assembly	.90
61X294	T4 Output Transformer	.40

CONDENSERS

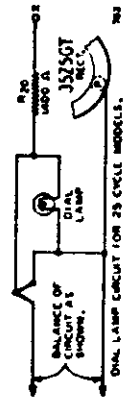
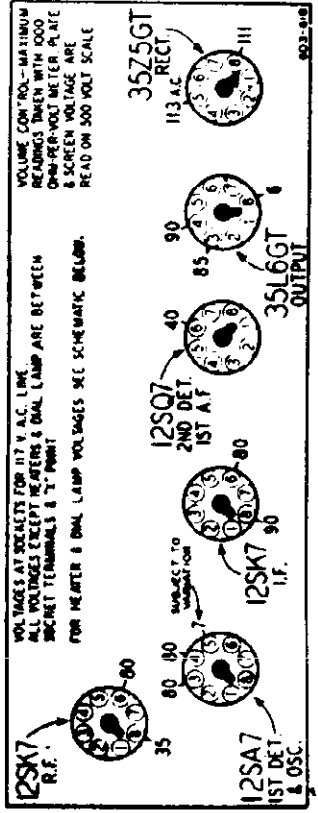
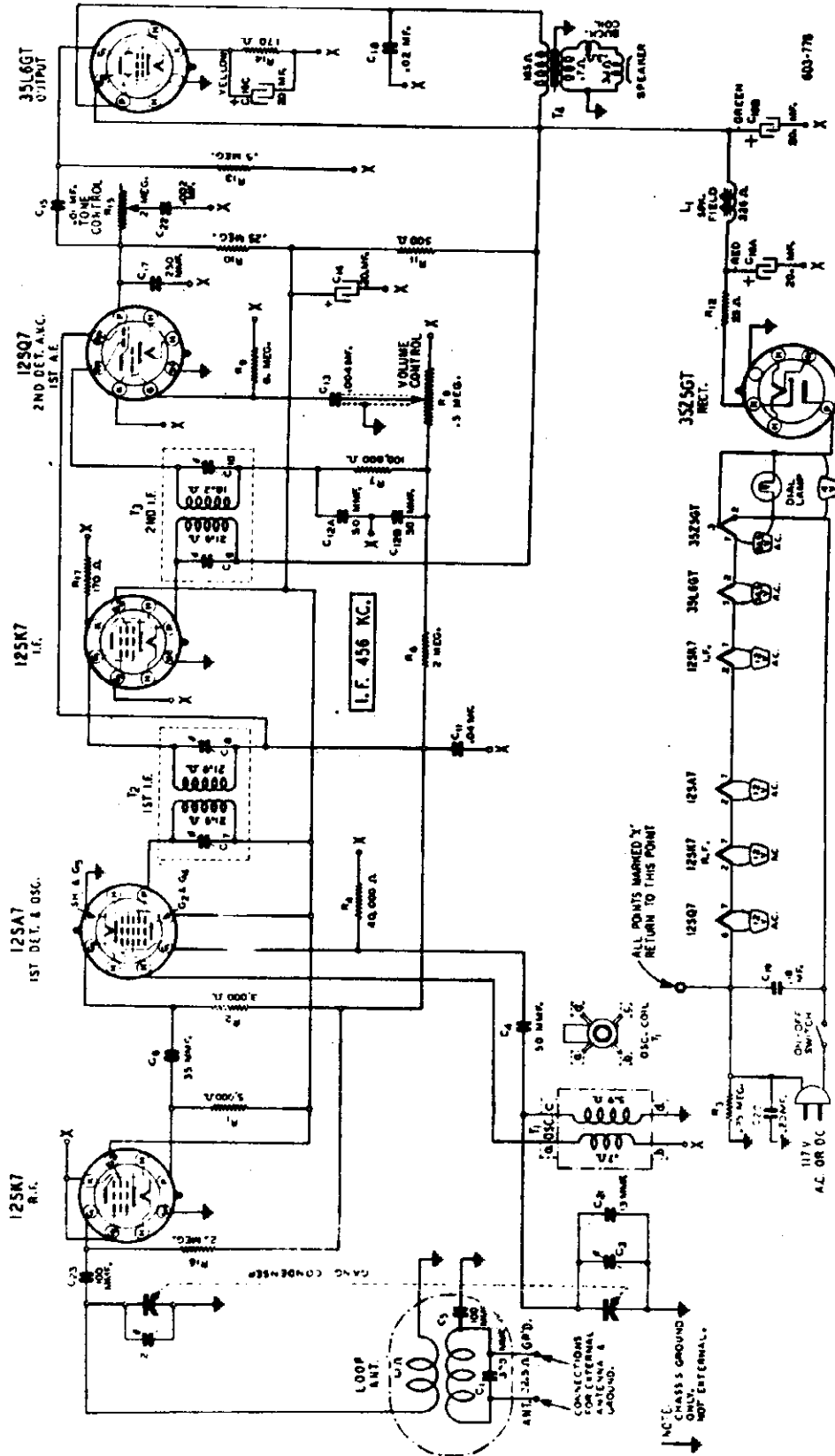
46X329	C1, C16, C21	.05 mf.	120 Volts	Tubular	.80
17A184	C5	30-120 mmf.		Trimmer	.16
47X364	C4, C12, C14	50 mmf.		Molded	.06

46X330	C6	.10 mf.	120 Volts	Tubular	.08
	C7, C8, C9, C10, C11	Part of 1st I.F. Assembly			
	C12, C13, C14, C15, C16, C17, C18, C19, C20, C21, C22, C23	Part of 2nd I.F. Assembly			
	C11	.01 mf.	120 Volts	Tubular	.06
	C13, C15	.001 mf.	120 Volts	Tubular	.06
	C17	.005 mf.	120 Volts	Tubular	.06
	C18A	.40 mf.	150 Volts	Dry Electrolytic	.66
	C18B	.40 mf.	150 Volts	2 USED ON 25 CYCLE MODELS	
	C18C	.200 mf.	12 Volts		
	C19	.05 mf.	400 Volts	Tubular	.06
	C20	.10 mf.	400 Volts	Tubular	.14
	C22	2 Section	Gang Condenser		4.50
	C23	.10 mf.	200 Volts	Tubular	.15
		175 mmf.	Molded		.16

RESISTORS

AM104	R1	100,000 Ohm	0.2 Watt	Carbon	\$0.08
AM505	R2	5 Megohm	0.2 Watt	Carbon	.06
AM205	R3	2 Megohm	0.2 Watt	Carbon	.04
AM385	R4, R7	3 Megohm	0.2 Watt	Carbon	.06
AM209	R5	2 Megohm	0.2 Watt	Carbon	.04
36X388	R6	1 Megohm	Volume Control		.30
AM106	R6	10 Megohm	0.2 Watt	Carbon	.06
AM486	R7	4 Megohm	0.2 Watt	Carbon	.08
AM4186	R8	1 Megohm	0.2 Watt	Carbon	.08
AM4751	R10	750 Ohm	0.2 Watt	Carbon	.08
AM4502	R11	5000 Ohm	0.2 Watt	Carbon	.08
AM4301	R12, R13	300 Ohm	0.2 Watt	Carbon	.08
AM4901	R14	900 Ohm	0.2 Watt	Carbon	.08
43X107	R15	1750 Ohm	Wire Wound		.22
B94282	R16	2000 Ohm	0.5 Watt	Carbon	.08
AM4580	R17	55 Ohm	0.2 Watt	Carbon	.08
AM6485	R18	6 Megohm	0.2 Watt	Carbon	.06
AM4152	R19	1500 Ohm	0.2 Watt	Carbon	.08
AM5254	R20	250,000 Ohm	0.2 Watt	Carbon	.04

MONTGOMERY WARD



25 CYCLE MODELS
CONDENSER UNIT C14, C15, C16 IS REPLACED
BY NEW UNIT HAVING CAPACITIES 50 MF., 40 MF.,
AND 20 MF. RESPECTIVELY—SEE PARTS LIST.

BOTTOM VIEW OF CHASSIS

MODELS 14WG-610B,
14WG-611B

MONTGOMERY WARD

**DRIVE CORD
REPLACEMENT**

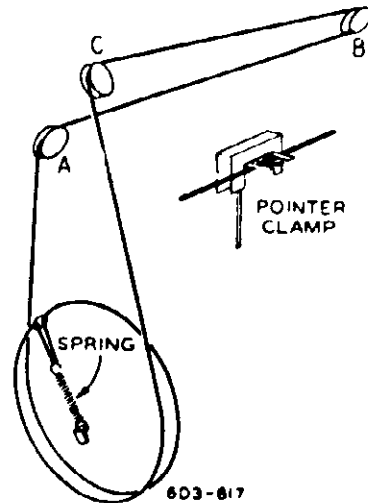
Knot both ends of new drive cord to same loop on tension spring. The doubled drive cord should measure 16 1/4 inches. Turn gang condenser to full open position—See illustration.

Thread looped end of drive cord up through hole in rim of drive pulley. Pull spring flush against inside of rim. Wind right hand portion of drive cord (from drive pulley side of chassis) one turn clockwise

around drive pulley. This turn should be on right side of pulley groove (from back of chassis).

Continue cord over pulleys A, B, and C as shown. Loop remaining portion of cord counter-clockwise (from spring) (drive pulley side of chassis) around drive pulley. Secure spring to hook on drive pulley—See illustration.

Calibration—Tune in a signal of known frequency. Set pointer at this frequency mark on the dial scale. Fasten pointer to drive cord—See illustration.



Power Consumption - 28 Watts (At 117 volts AC Supply)
Power Output - .8 Watt Undistorted
Selectivity - 50 KC Broad at 1000 times Signal
Intermediate Frequency - 456 KC

Speaker - 5" Electro Dynamic
Tuning Frequency Range - 528 to 1600 KC
Sensitivity (For .05 Watt Output)
External Antenna - 10 Microvolts Average

CAUTION

The metal chassis is connected to one side of the line through a .2 mfd. condenser. Both AC and DC power lines are generally grounded on one side. If the side of the line not con-

nected to the metal chassis through this condenser is grounded and the metal chassis comes in contact with an external ground, this condenser will be connected across the line and there will be an increase in hum.

Therefore, in any service work on the chassis, keep it on a wood or other insulated surface to avoid contacts with ground. The person working on the set should avoid getting in contact with any ground.

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

Volume Control—Maximum All Adjustments.
Allow Chassis and Signal Generator to "Heat Up" for several Minutes.
The equipment in column at right is required for aligning:

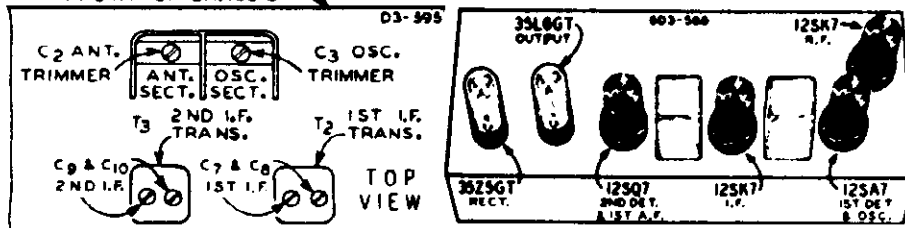
Signal Generator which will provide an accurately calibrated signal at the test frequencies as listed.
Output Indicating Meter; Non-Metallic Screwdriver.
Dummy Antennas—.1 mf., 100 mmf.

SIGNAL GENERATOR			DUMMY ANTENNA	CONDENSER SETTING	ADJUST TRIMMERS TO MAXIMUM (See Trimmer Illustration)
FREQUENCY SETTING	ANTENNA CONNECTION	GROUND CONNECTION			
456 KC	Control Grid 12SK7—I.F.	Point "X" (12SK7—R.F. Prong No. 3)	.1 mf.	Turn Rotor to full open	2nd I.F. (C9) & (C10)
456 KC	Control Grid 12SA7—1st Det.	Same As Above	.1 mf.	Turn Rotor to full open	1st I.F. (C7) & (C8)
1600 KC	Control Grid 12SA7—1st Det.	Same As Above	.1 mf.	Turn Rotor to full open	Oscillator (C3)
1500 KC	External Antenna Clip On Loop—See Note A	External Ground Clip On Loop	100 mmf.	Turn Rotor to Max. Output Set Indicator to 1500 KC—See Note B	Antenna (C2)

NOTE A—By means of wooden blocks, stand the loop aerial assembly upright exactly 1/4 inches from the back of the chassis.

NOTE B—If the pointer is not at 1500 KC on the dial, tune in a 1500 KC signal. Set pointer at the 1500 KC mark on the dial scale.

FRONT OF CHASSIS



PROCEDURE FOR SETTING THE STATION BUTTONS

SELECTING THE STATIONS TO BE SET

There are 6 buttons on the automatic tuning dial by means of which 6 stations may be set for quick tuning.

Make a list of your favorite stations, those which you tune in regularly. There may be any number up to and including 6 in this list.

It is better to list the station with the lowest kilocycle number first, the station with the next higher kilocycle number next, and so on.

Any button may be used for any station you can receive, although it will be more convenient to set the stations so that the kilocycle numbers increase from left to right.

SETTING A STATION BUTTON

Pull the button at the left off the shaft. When this is done, the locking screw shaft will be exposed.

Insert a screwdriver in the slot of the locking screw and depress it by pressing in with the screwdriver. Loosen the locking screw by turning 3 or 4 turns in a counter-clockwise direction. Continue to press in firmly on the screwdriver, thus holding the locking screw shaft depressed. Select the first station from the list you have prepared and carefully tune in this station by means of the manual tuning control until the station is clearest and strongest.

Continue to press in firmly on the screwdriver and lock the mechanism by turning the locking screw in a clockwise direction. Tighten firmly but not excessively. The station is

now set on this button.

Proceed in the same manner to set stations on any of the remaining buttons.

Remove the correct station call letter tab from the sheets supplied by bending the sheet back and forth at the score mark until the tab can be broken off. Press this tab all the way to the bottom of the space provided in the button. Cover the call letter tab with a celluloid tab, pressing this in until it snaps into place.

Replace the button on its shaft with the lip at the bottom and the button placed so that the call letters are straight up and down.

If at any time you wish to change the setting of a button from one station to another, repeat the above procedure. Changing the setting of one button will not affect the setting of any of the other buttons.

MISCELLANEOUS

Sta. No.	Part No.	Description	Selling Price
		SPEAKER	
	12A347	5" Electro-Dynamic Speaker Cone and Voice Coil Assembly (Specify part number stamped on this speaker)	\$1.82
	14Q261	Grille Cloth for above Speaker—Ivory Cabinet	.26
		GENERAL	
	2A303	Tube Socket—Octal (8 prong)	.26
	18A277	Knobs (Volume Control and Tone Control)—Walnut Cabinet	Ea. .94
	18A308	Knobs (Volume Control and Tone Control)—Ivory Cabinet	Ea. .86
	13K320	Line Cord and Plug	.10
	20Q245	Phosphor Bronze Ground Plate (For 2nd I.F. Can)	.26
	885	Bezelite Cabinet—Walnut	2.86
	887	Bezelite Cabinet—Ivory	3.90
	28X272	Snap Buttons (To hold Cardboard Back to Cabinet)	Doz. .12
	18A276	Tuning Control Drum—Walnut Cabinet	.86
	18A301	Tuning Control Drum—Ivory Cabinet	.10
	18A278	Station Buttons—Walnut Cabinet	Ea. .94
	18A302	Station Buttons—Ivory Cabinet	Ea. .86
	8296	Rubber Feet (Bottom of Cabinet)	Doz. .04

TRANSFORMERS AND COILS

Sta. No.	Part No.	Code	Description	Selling Price
	9A1246		Loop Antenna Assembly complete with Condensers and cardboard back—Walnut Cabinet	\$1.02
	9A1239		Loop Antenna Assembly complete with Condensers and cardboard back—Ivory Cabinet	1.02
	9A1240	T1	Oscillator Coil Assembly	.20
	9A1241	T2	1st I. F. Transformer and Can Assembly	.46
	9A1242	T3	2nd I. F. Transformer and Can Assembly	.46
	61X78	T4	Output Transformer	.46

CONDENSERS

Sta. No.	Part No.	Code	Capacitance	Voltage	Selling Price
			TUBULAR		
	46X250	C11	.04 mf.	180	.50 .04
10880	46X284	C13	.804 mf.	180	.26
11284	46X249	C18	.21 mf.	180	.26
	46X264	C18	.02 mf.	200	.26
	46X267	C19	.10 mf.	200	.10
	46X284	C20	.20 mf.	180	.10
10934	46X248	C22	.002 mf.	180	.26
			MOLDED		
	47X150	C1	300 mmf.		
11230	47X204	C4	80 mmf.		.26
10076	47X207	C5, C23	100 mmf.		.26
10049	47X203	C6	35 mmf.		.26
	47X145	C17	250 mmf.		.10

Part No.	Description	Selling Price
46Q282	C14	20 mf. 180 Dry Electrolytic .22
46Q276	C16A	20 mf. 200 Dry Electrolytic .40
46Q276	C16C	20 mf. 180 Dry Electrolytic .40
	C16A	20 mf. 12 40 CYCLE MODELS
	C16C	20 mf. 12 40 CYCLE MODELS
	C16B	20 mf. 200 Dry Electrolytic .70
	C16D	20 mf. 180 Dry Electrolytic .70

ELECTROLYTIC

10Q10
10Q12
10Q18
10Q20
10Q22
10Q24
10Q26
10Q28
10Q30
10Q32
10Q34
10Q36
10Q38
10Q40
10Q42
10Q44
10Q46
10Q48
10Q50

MISCELLANEOUS

Part No.	Description	Selling Price
	Part of Gang Condenser	
	Part of 1st I.F. Transformer Assembly	
	Part of 2nd I.F. Transformer Assembly	
47X112	50 mmf. Dual Mica	.26
47X138	15 mmf. Ceramic	.12

RESISTORS

Sta. No.	Part No.	Code	Resistance	Wattage	Selling Price
			CARBON		
	A88502	R1	5,000 Ohm	0.2	\$0.06
	A88502	R2	2,000 Ohm	0.2	.06
	10971	R3, R10	250,000 Ohm	0.2	.04
	11118	R4	40,000 Ohm	0.2	.06
	11804	R6	2 Megohm	0.2	.06
	885104	R7	100,000 Ohm	0.5	.04
	A88508	R9	4 Megohm	0.2	.06
	885051	R11	800 Ohm	0.5	.06
	A88509	R12	25 Ohm	0.2	.04
10081	A88504	R13	500,000 Ohm	0.2	.06
11805	884171	R14	170 Ohm	0.5	.06
	885285	R16	2 Megohm	0.5	.06
	885171	R17	170 Ohm	0.5	.04

MISCELLANEOUS

Part No.	Description	Selling Price
34X279	R8	500,000 Ohm Volume Control and On-Off Switch .40
48Q247	R18	2 Megohm Tone Control .30
41X104	R20	1,400 Ohm 12 Wire Wound (25 CYCLE MODELS) 30

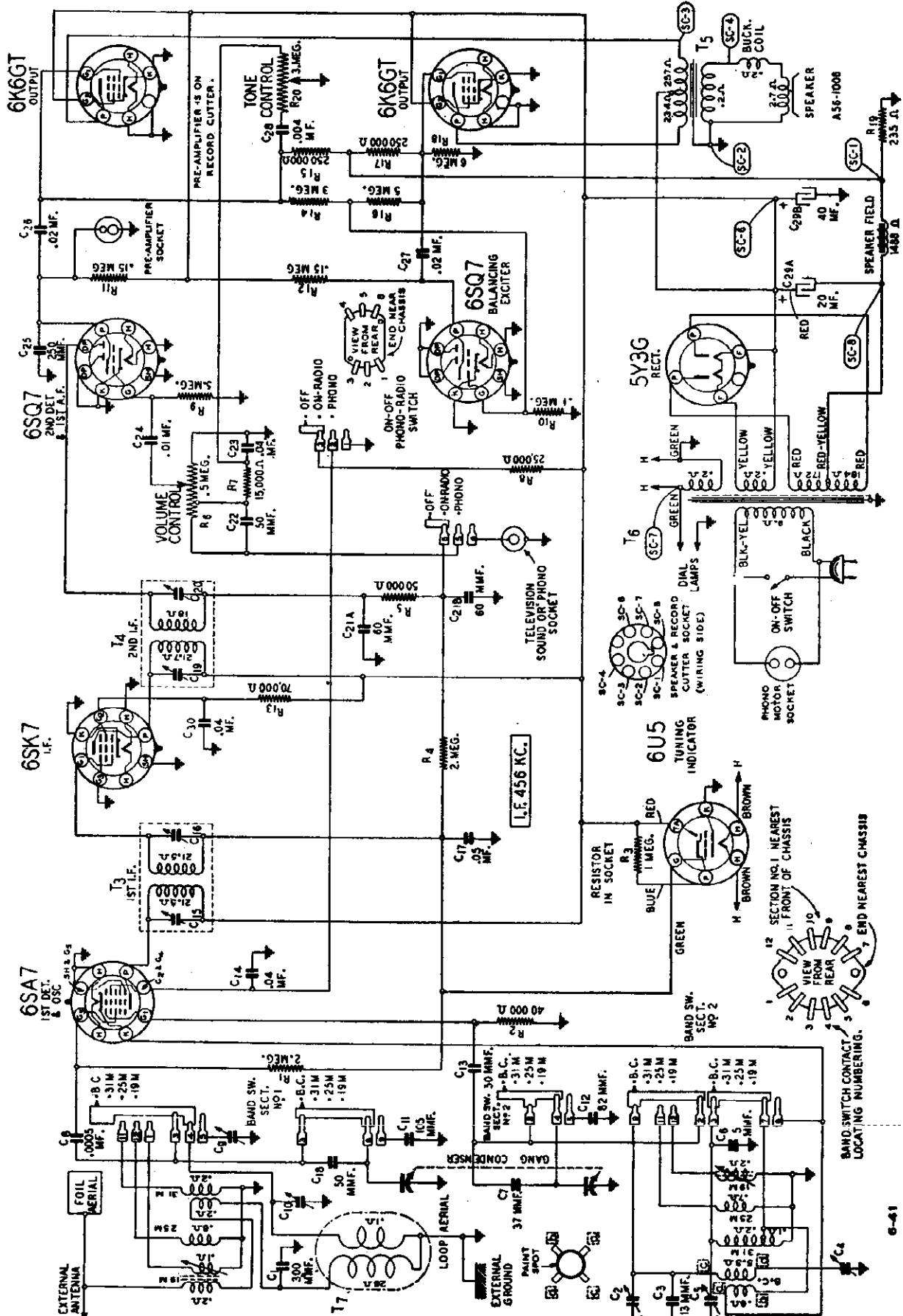
AUTOMATIC TUNING AND DIAL ASSEMBLY

Sta. No.	Part No.	Description	Selling Price
	28A76	Automatic Tuning Assembly complete with Gang Condenser and Drive Pulley	\$2.38
	20Q326	Locking Screws for Automatic Tuning Assembly	.10
	28A394	Dial Scale Mounting Plate complete with Pulleys less Tone and Volume Controls	.24
	88X472	Dial Scale	.42
	88X473	Paper Background for Dial Scale	.04
	28Q36	Clamp Buttons to hold Dial Scale and Dial Background to Mounting Plate	Doz. .04
	15X170	Pointer for Dial Scale	.06
	28Q35	3 1/2" Drive Cord (18 lb. Test)	Doz. .14
	2A114	Tension Spring for above Drive Cord	.10
11122	7A132	Dial Lamp Socket and Cable complete with Bracket	.18
	25A166	Call Letter Sheets and Celluloid Tabs	Doz. .06
	88X292	Celluloid Tabs	Doz. .06

Prices Subject to Change Without Notice.

MODELS 14WG-808WA,
14WG-808MA

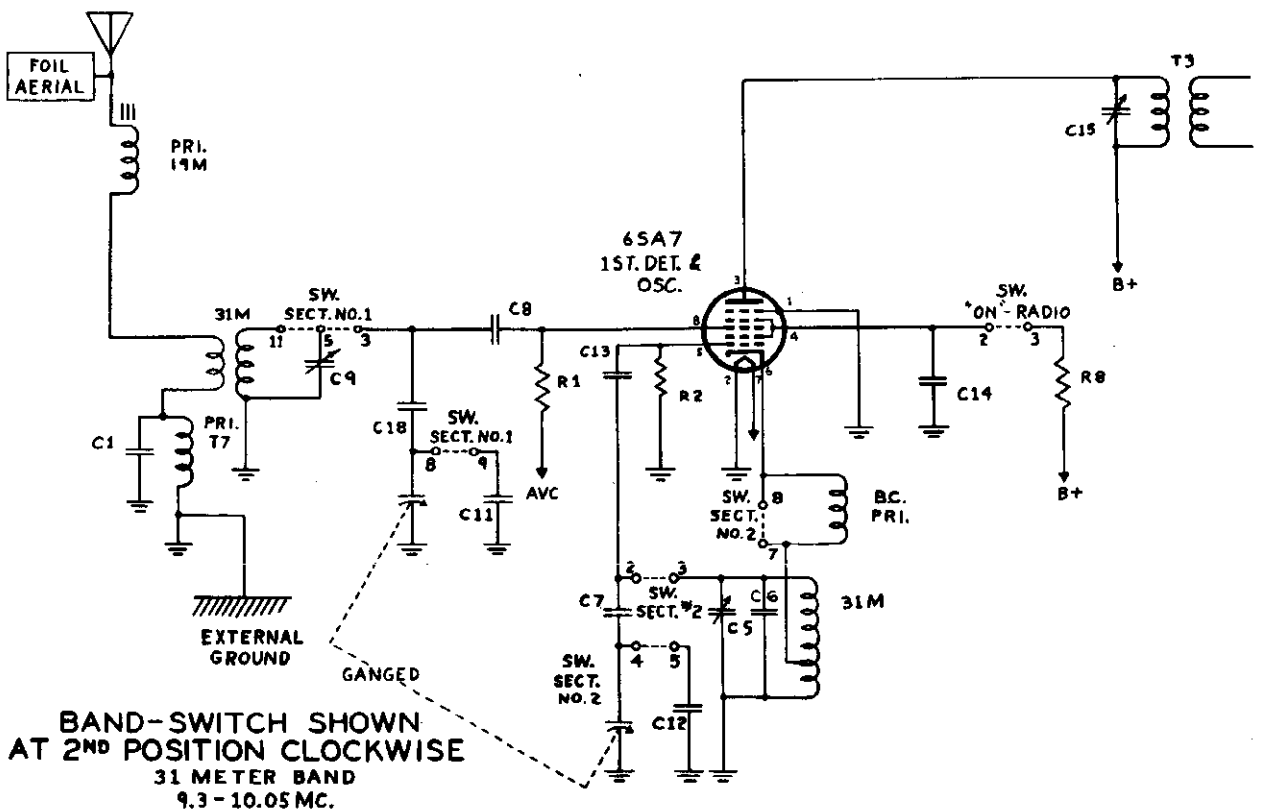
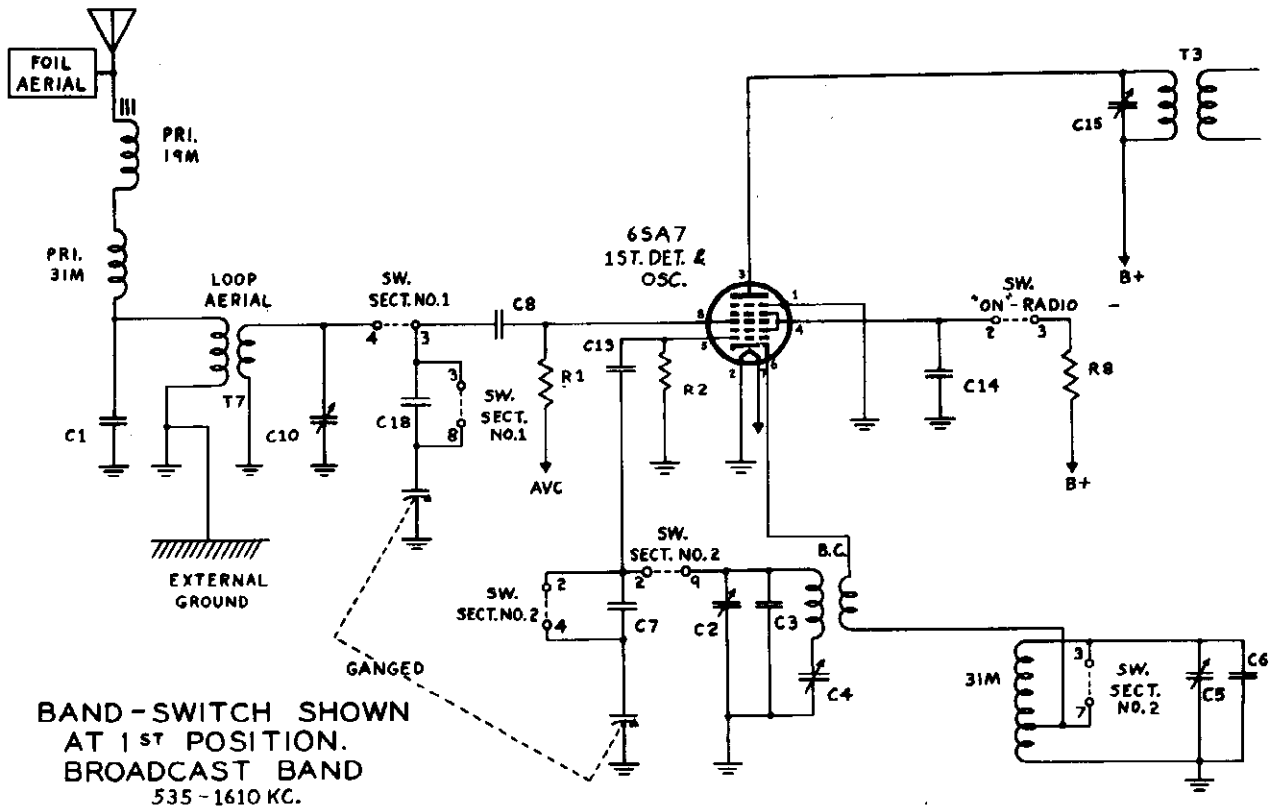
MONTGOMERY WARD



6-41

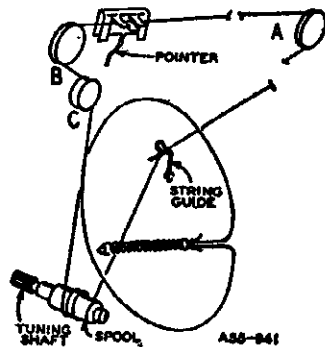
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MONTGOMERY WARD



MONTGOMERY WARD

MODELS 14WG-808W
14WG-808MA



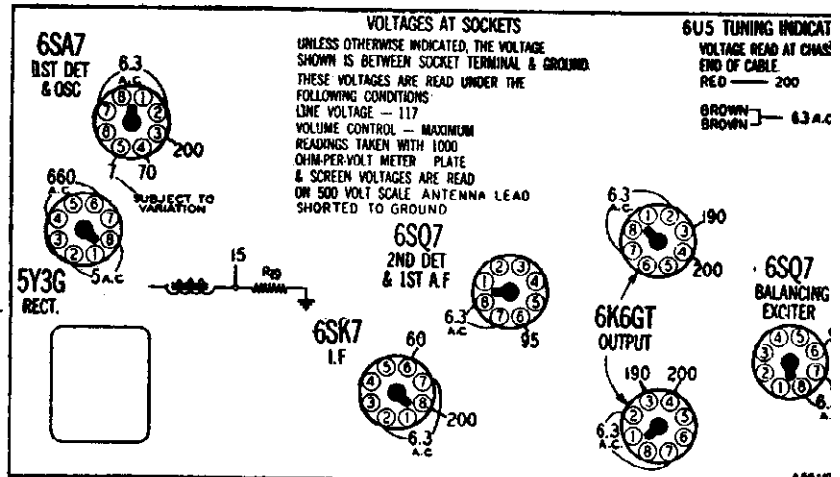
DRIVE CORD REPLACEMENT

Turn gang condenser to full closed position. Using a new drive cord 42 inches in length, tie one end to tension spring. Fasten other end of tension spring to hook on drive pulley. Pass drive cord through slot in drive pulley rim. Continue cord 1/2 turn counter-clockwise (from gang end of chassis) around drive pulley—See illustration. Wind 2 1/2 turns, counter-clockwise (from rear of chassis), around wooden spool on tuning shaft. Turns should progress toward the rear of chassis.

Pass cord through wire string guide and around pulleys A, B, and C as shown. Continue cord 1/2 turn, counter-clockwise (from gang end of chassis) around drive pulley and pass through slot in pulley rim. Stretch tension spring and tie drive cord to tension spring.

Power
Consumption - 57 Watts (at 117 volts 60 cycles)
77 Watts (Phonograph Operating)
Power Output - - - - 3.0 Watts Undistorted
4.5 Watts Maximum
Selectivity - 30 KC Broad at 1000 times Signal
Intermediate Frequency - - - - 454 KC
Speaker - - - - - 10" Electro-Dynamic

Band	Tuning Frequency Range	Sensitivity External Antenna (For 0.5 Watt Output)
B Range	535 to 1610 KC	15 Microvolts Aver.
19 Meter	14.6 to 15.8 MC	26 Microvolts Aver.
25 Meter	11.1 to 12.0 MC	25 Microvolts Aver.
31 Meter	9.3 to 10.05 MC	22 Microvolts Aver.



PROCEDURE FOR SETTING THE STATION BUTTONS

Make a list of your six favorite stations, those which you tune in regularly. It is better to list the station with the highest kilocycle number first, the station with the next lower kilocycle number next, and so on.

Grasp the left-hand button at the sides (depress the adjacent button) and pull it out as far as it will go. A click will be heard. If it is impossible to depress the button which is adjacent to the button you are setting, rotate the tuning knob a few turns.

Select the first station from the list you have prepared. Carefully tune in this station by means of the manual tuning knob until the dark sector in the tuning eye is narrowest.

Now lock the mechanism by pushing the button all the way in until it is felt to lock into place.

Proceed in the same manner to set stations on any of the remaining buttons. Any button may be used for any station you can receive, although it will be more convenient to set the stations so that the kilo-

cycle numbers decrease from left to right.

Remove the correct station call letter tab from the sheets supplied by bending the sheet back and forth at the score mark until the tab can be broken off. Press the tab all the way to the bottom of the space provided in the button. Cover the call letter tab with a celluloid tab, pressing this in until it snaps into place.

Changing the setting of one button will not affect the setting of any of the other buttons.

REPLACING BAND SPREAD COILS

It is not practicable to make field replacements of the individual antenna and oscillator coils in the Band Spread Assembly Unit.

Should one of these coils be damaged in any way, remove the Band Spread Assembly Unit (consisting of the 3 antenna and 4 oscillator coils, the right-angle mounting plate, and the band switch) from the chassis and return to the factory for replacement.

CAUTION—Two of the coils in the band spread coil assembly, the 19 Meter Antenna and Oscillator coils, have adjustable iron cores. One of the adjusting screws extends out from the front panel of the chassis base at the left of the band switch. The other adjusting screw extends up from the chassis base in front of the 1st I.F. Transformer.

DO NOT CHANGE THE POSITION OF THESE ADJUSTING SCREWS as they have been properly set at the factory and cannot be satisfactorily re-adjusted in the field.

After each range is completed, repeat the procedure as a final check.

NOTE A—If the pointer is not at 1400 KC on the dial, remove pointer from drive cord. Set pointer at the 1400 KC mark on the dial scale. Attach pointer to drive cord.

NOTE B—Turn the rotor back and forth and adjust the trimmer until the peak of greatest intensity is obtained.

NOTE C—Reassemble chassis in cabinet.

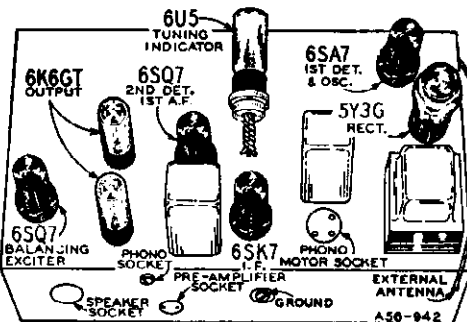
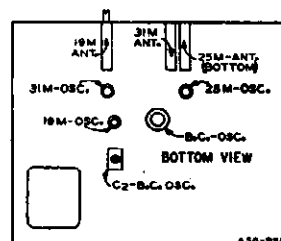
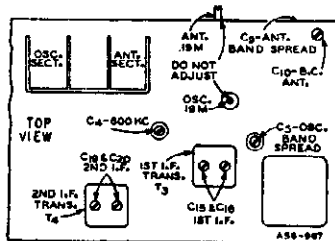
MODELS 14WG-808WA,
14WG-808MA

MONTGOMERY WARD

ANTENNA AND GROUND

Two built-in Air Wave Aerials are incorporated in the cabinet.

One of these, the loop aerial, is used for broadcast band reception. The other, a counterpoise foil aerial, is used for reception on the short wave band. For the reception of local or nearby stations, an outside antenna and ground are usually not required.



ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

Volume Control—Maximum All Adjustments. Connect Radio Chassis to Ground Post of Signal Generator with a Short Heavy Lead. Allow Chassis and Signal Generator to "Heat Up" for several minutes. The following equipment is required for aligning: An All Wave Signal Generator which will provide an accurately calibrated signal at the test frequencies as listed. Output Indicating Meter—Non-Metallic Screwdriver. Dummy Antennas—1 mf., 100 mmf., and 400 ohms.

	SIGNAL GENERATOR FREQUENCY SETTING	CONNECTION AT RADIO	DUMMY ANTENNA	BAND SWITCH SETTING	CONDENSER SETTING	ADJUST TRIMMERS TO MAXIMUM
Remove chassis from cabinet but do not disconnect leads to loop aerial.						
I.F. RANGE A	456 KC	Grid of 1st Det.	.1 mf.	B Range	Turn Rotor to Full Open	1st I.F. (C15) & (C16) 2nd I.F. (C19) & (C20)
I.F. RANGE B	1610 KC	Antenna Lead	100 mmf.	B Range	Turn Rotor to Full Open	Oscillator Range B (C2)
	1400 KC	Antenna Lead	100 mmf.	B Range	Turn Rotor to Max. Output Set Indicator to 1400 KC— See Note A	Ant. Range B (C10) 600 KC (C4) Rock Rotor—See Note B
SHORT WAVE BANDS	9700 KC	Antenna Lead	400 Ohm	31 Mejer	Turn tuning knob until Pointer is at 9.7 MC	Oscillator Band Spread (C5)
	9700 KC	Antenna Lead	400 Ohm	31 Meter	Leave Setting as above	Antenna Band Spread (C9)
LOOP RANGE B	1400 KC	Antenna Lead	100 mmf.	B Range	Turn Rotor to Max. Output	Ant. Range B (C10)

Part No.	Description	Selling Price
12A390	10" Electro-Dynamic Speaker	\$4.24
10A405	Cone and Voice Coil Assembly (Specify part number and letters stamped on above speaker)	1.80
10A406	Knob (Tuning)—Mahogany Phone Combination (Control)	.12
10A407	Knob (Volume Control)—Mahogany Phone Combination	.06
10A408	Knob (Band Change Switch)—Mahogany Phone Combination	.10
10A409	Knob (Control Switch)—Mahogany Phone Combination	.10
10A372	Knob (Tuning)—Walnut Console and Phone Combination	.06
10A373	Knob (Tone Control)—Walnut Console and Phone Combination	.06
10A374	Knob (Volume Control)—Walnut Console and Phone Combination	.10
10A398	Knob (Band Change Switch) Walnut Console and Phone Combination	.10
10A404	Knob (Control Switch) Walnut Console and Phone Combination	.10
8A303	Tube or Speaker Socket—Octal (8 Prong) Molded Type	.06
8A315	Tube Socket—Octal (8 prong)—Water Type—6SA7 Tube	.18
8A305	Single Pin Tip Socket (Phone)	.06
8A304	Phone Motor Socket	.06
8A307	Microphone Amplifier Socket	.06
15X428	Tuning Eye Tube Socket and Cable Assembly	.28
2A209	On-Off—Radio-Phone Switch	.52
2A207	Band Change Switch	.52
8X23	Rubber Mounting Cushions (Under Chassis)	.84
13X328	Line Cord and Plug Assembly	.04
8X113	Rubber Mounting Cushions (at front of Chassis)—Phone Combinations only	.06
25X826	Brackets for Cushions (at front of Chassis)—Phone Combinations only	.04
8X83	Rubber Mounting Cushions (Under rear of Chassis)	.04
25X655	Brackets for Rear Rubber Mounting Cushions	.02
20A234	Counterpoise Foil Aerial	.10

TRANSFORMERS AND COILS

Antenna & Oscillator Coils in Band Spread Assembly cannot be replaced individually—Entire Band Spread Assembly Unit must be ordered—See article "Replacing Band Spread Assembly"

28A325	Band Spread Assembly Unit complete with Antenna Coils, 4 Oscillator Coils, Band Switch, Right-Angle Mounting Plate, and 4 Ceramic Cores	\$6.12
8A1481	Oscillator Coil Assembly—Broadcast Range	.18

9A1428 T3	1st I.F. Transformer and Can Assembly	.80
9A1428 T4	2nd I.F. Transformer and Can Assembly	.80
51X98 T5	Output Transformer	.72
53X246 T6	117 Volt, 60 Cycle Standard Power Transformer	2.44
53X247 T6	117-234 Volt, 40-60 Cycle Universal Power Transformer	4.26
9A1457 T7	Loop Aerial Assembly—Broadcast Range	.78

CONDENSERS

47X150 C1	300 mmf.	Molded	\$0.06
17A151 C2	2-25 mmf.	Oscillator—B Range Trimmer	.10
47X155 C3	19 mmf.	Ceramic	.12
17A156 C4	350-430 mmf.	600 K. C. Padder	.18
17A88 C5	1-12 mmf.	Oscillator Band Spread Trimmer	.18
47X156 C6	5 mmf.	Ceramic	.12
47X151 C7	37 mmf.	Ceramic	.12
D68501 C8	.0005 mfd.	400 V. Tubular	.06
17A159 C9	2-25 mmf.	Antenna Band Spread Trimmer	.10
17A150 C10	2-25 mmf. Ant. B Range	Antenna Band Spread Trimmer	.10
47X158 C11	105 mmf.	Ceramic	.12
47X152 C12	82 mmf.	Ceramic	.12
47X56 C13, C22	50 mmf.	Molded	.06
D68403 C14, C38	.54 mfd.	400 V. Tubular	.06
(C15)	Part of 1st I.F. Can Assembly		
(C17)	.05 mfd.	200 V. Tubular	.06
(C18)	50 mmf.	Ceramic	.12
(C19)	Part of 2nd I.F. Can Assembly		
(C20)	60 mmf.	Dual Mica	.18
47X172 (C21A)	60 mmf.	Dual Mica	.18
(C21B)	60 mmf.	Dual Mica	.18
B66403 C23	.04 mfd.	200 V. Tubular	.06
B66103 C24	.01 mfd.	200 V. Tubular	.06
47X55 C25	250 mmf.	Molded	.10
D68503 C26, C27	.02 mfd.	400 V. Tubular	.06
B66402 C28	.004 mfd.	200 V. Tubular	.06
45X305 (C29A)	20 mf., 450 V.	Dry Electrolytic	.84
(C29B)	40 mf., 400 V.	Dry Electrolytic	.84

RESISTORS

B95205 R1, R4	2.0 Megohm	0.5 W. Carbon	\$0.06
B95403 R2	40,000 Ohm	0.5 W. Carbon	.06
B95503 R5	50,000 Ohm	0.5 W. Carbon	.06
30X313 R6	500,000 Ohm	Volume Control	.31
B94153 R7	15,000 Ohm	0.5 W. Carbon	.06
B94253 R8	25,000 Ohm	0.5 W. Carbon	.06
B95505 R9	5.0 Megohm	0.5 W. Carbon	.06
B93104 R10	100,000 Ohm	0.5 W. Carbon	.06
B95154 R11, R12	150,000 Ohm	0.5 W. Carbon	.06
B94703 R13	70,000 Ohm	0.5 W. Carbon	.06
B95305 R14	3.8 Megohm	0.5 W. Carbon	.06
B95234 R15, R17	250,000 Ohm	0.5 W. Carbon	.06
B94505 R16	5.0 Megohm	0.5 W. Carbon	.06
B95605 R18	6.0 Megohm	0.5 W. Carbon	.06
D932350 R19	235 Ohm	2.0 W. Carbon	.20
40X281 R20	3.0 Megohm	Tone Control	.30

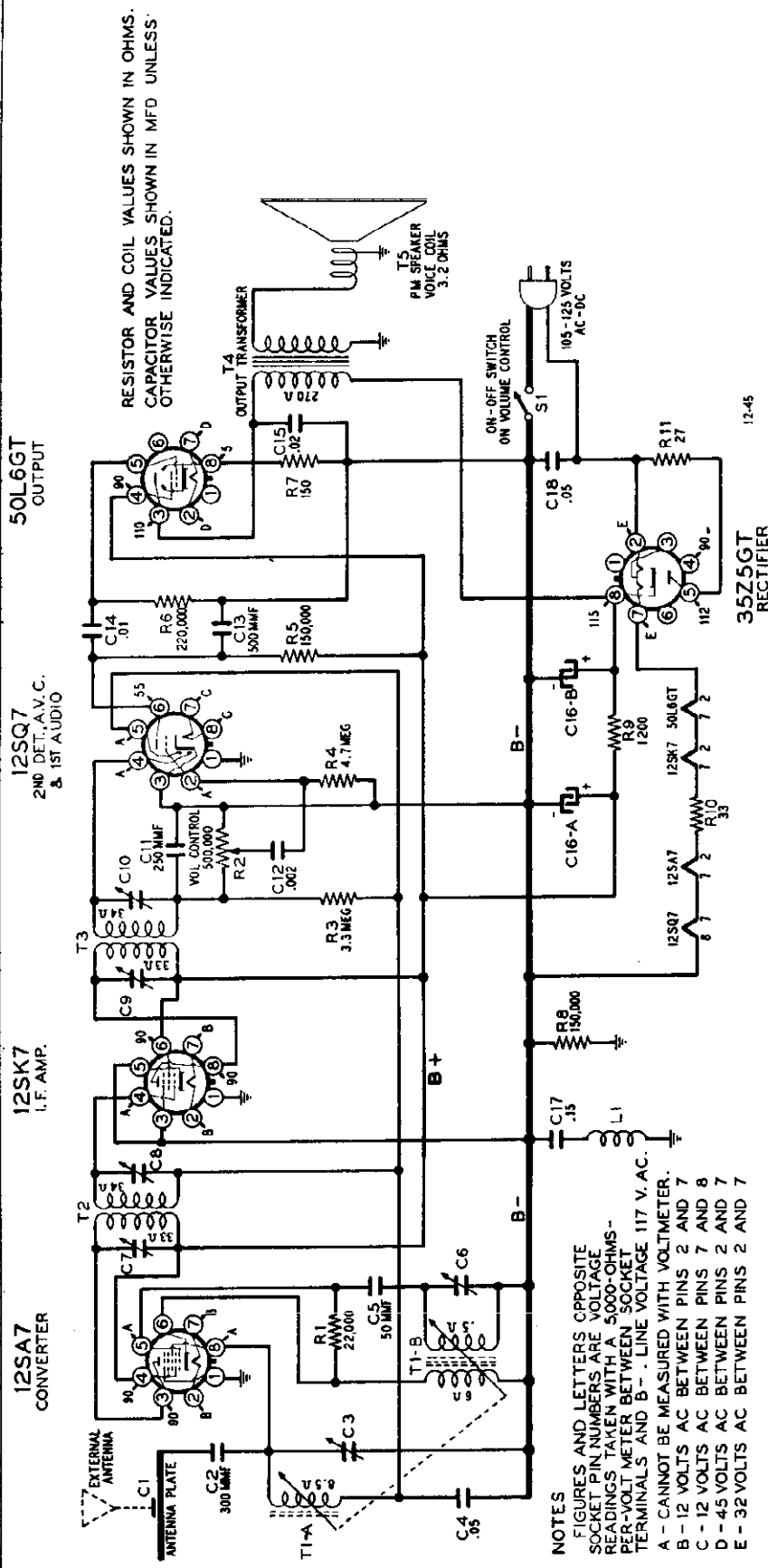
AUTOMATIC TUNING AND DIAL ASSEMBLY

20A87	Automatic Tuning Assembly complete with Sans Condenser and Drive Pulley, Tuner and Pulley Mounting Plate and Station Buttons	\$3.00
26A322	Tuner and Pulley Mounting Plate Assembly complete with Tuning Eye Tube Clamps, Brace Bracket, String Guide, Idler Pulley, Tuning Shaft and Bracket	1.00
88X542	Dial Scale Glass	.36
30X184	Clamps for Dial Scale Glass	.06
58X531	Cardboard Dial Background	.06
28X58	Snap Pins (To hold Dial Background to Mounting Plate)	.06
41X62	Licite Light Indicator	.54
4X619	Dial Escutcheon—Walnut Console and Phone Combination	.48
4X680	Dial Escutcheon—Mahogany Phone Combination	.52
15X193	Pointer for Dial Scale	.06
26X44	Drive Cord (18 Lb. Test)	.02
19X182	Tension Spring for Drive Cord	.06
7A139	"C" Washers for Tuning Shaft	.06
7A144	Dial Lamp Socket and Cable Assembly—"On" Indicator	.16
7A32	Dial and "On" Indicator Lamps—No. 51	.16
7A147	"On" Indicator Jewel	.16
10A375	Station Buttons—Walnut Console and Phone Combination	.10
10A420	Station Buttons—Mahogany Phone Combination	.10
26A315	Set of Call Letter Sheets and Celluloid Tabs	.12
58X540	Celluloid Tabs only (Sheet of 8)	.16

TYPE S-28A65 AUTOMATIC RECORD CHANGER PARTS

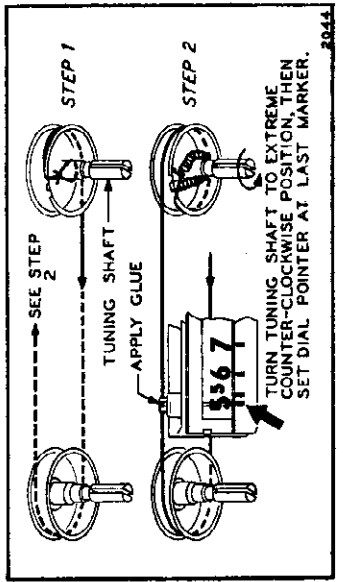
8J-22021	1/4" Snap Washer	Doz. \$0.16
8H-20085	3/16" Snap Washer	Doz. .16
8B-27003	Tone Arm Lift Pin	.16
8B-27026	A.C. Switch	.36
8B-27355-A	Control Lever Assembly	1.00
8J-22270	Turntable	1.82
8B-27079	Control Knob	.16
8B-27132-A	Selector Arm and Blade Assembly—See 1 Nearest Tone ARM	.90
8B-27133-A	Selector Arm and Blade Assembly—No. 2 Arms	.90
8H-20014	Thrust Washer (used under Selector Arm)	Doz. .18
8B-27507	Tone Arm	1.30
8J-22404	Tone Arm Cartridge with Sapphire Point Needle	\$3.96
8J-22089	Retractable Pin for J-22278 Turntable	.12
8B-27110	12" Selector Blade	.36
8J-22143	Motor Assembly—115 V., 60 cycles	4.06
8B-27018	Motor Idler Wheel	.60
8B-27081	Switch Control Knob	.16
8B-27081	Plug Buttons	Doz. .72
8B-27020	Idler Wheel Tension Spring	.10
8B-27136	Tone Arm Counter Balance Spring	.16
8H-20143	Tone Arm Bracket Assembly	1.30
8B-27043	Panel Mounting Spring	.16
8B-27043	Spring Mounting Stud	.06

MONTGOMERY WARD



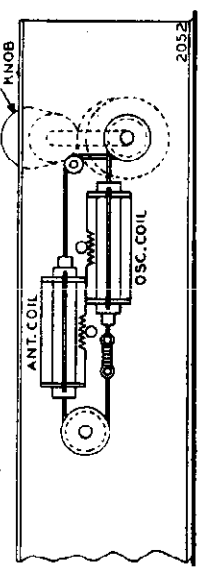
NOTES ON DRIVE CORD REPLACEMENT

1. Eighteen inches (18") of cord are required.
2. When tying the string to the tension spring (step 2), make sure that the spring takes up all slack.



ANTENNA COIL ADJUSTMENT

The antenna coil assembly (see illustration) is made so that it is movable left or right. When making the adjustment as required in the alignment procedure, move the coil assembly very slowly, either by hand or by pivoting one edge of the blade in the gear teeth of the hole and engaging the blade in the gear teeth of the coil form.



ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

- Power Supply.....105 to 125 volts, DC or 50-60 cycle AC, 28 watts. Also made for 25-cycle AC.
- Frequency Range.....540 to 1720 kc.
- Intermediate Freq.....455 kc.
- Selectivity.....At 1000 kc, 69 kc at 1000 x signal.
- Sensitivity.....28 microvolts average for .05 watt output.
- Power Output.....0.96 watts undistorted, 1.58 watts maximum.
- Loud Speaker.....4", P.M., v.c. impedance 3.2 ohms.

MODELS 54BR-1501A,
54BR-1502A

MONTGOMERY WARD

Output meter across 3.2-ohm output load.
Volume control at maximum for all adjustments.

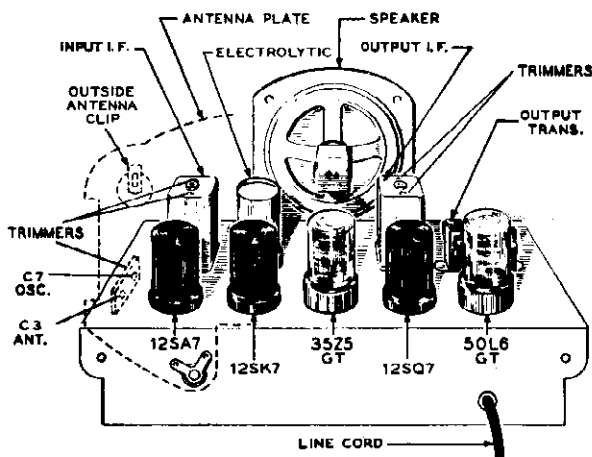
- Align for maximum output.
- Reduce input as needed to keep output near 0.4 volts

SIGNAL GENERATOR				TUNER SETTING	ADJUST TRIMMERS TO MAXIMUM OUTPUT in order shown
Frequency	Coupling Capacitor	Connection to Radio	Ground Connection		
455 kc	.1 mf	Metal antenna plate	12SQ7 Pin 3	Iron cores all the way out	Trimmers on output and input I.F. cans
1720 kc	.1 mf	Metal antenna plate	12SQ7 Pin 3	Iron cores all the way out	Oscillator trimmer C6
1720 kc	200 mmf	External antenna clip	12SQ7 Pin 3	Iron cores all the way out	Antenna trimmer C3
1400 kc	200 mmf	External antenna clip	12SQ7 Pin 3	Turn dial to 1400 kc	Adjust position of ant. coil (see coil assembly view)
1720 kc	200 mmf	External antenna clip	12SQ7 Pin 3	Turn dial to 1720 kc	Antenna trimmer C3*

*After the antenna coil has been tracked at 1400 kc, it is necessary to check the antenna trimmer C3 again at 1720 kc. If no appreciable change in trimmer adjustment is necessary, the coil is in track. If the trimmer requires considerable change, the position of the antenna coil at 1400 kc must be readjusted. These two adjustments should be made several times, until no trimmer adjustment is required at 1720 kc.

The table below lists the sensitivity at the input of each stage. The receiver should be tuned to 1000 kc for all readings. All measurements are based on an output of 50 milliwatts. This may be measured by disconnecting the speaker voice coil and substituting a 3.2-ohm, 5-watt resistor across the secondary winding of the output transformer. A reading of .4 volts AC across this resistor will be equivalent to a 50-milliwatt output with the speaker connected.

The signal source must be an accurately calibrated signal generator capable of supplying both 1000-kc and



455-kc signals modulated 30% with a 400-cycle audio signal. Variations of plus or minus 25% are usually permissible.

SIGNAL GENERATOR				INPUT FOR 50-MILLIWATT OUTPUT
Frequency	Coupling Capacitor	Connection to Radio	Ground Connection	
1000 kc	200 mmf or RMA dummy antenna	External antenna clip	12SQ7 Pin 3	28 microvolts
1000 kc	.1 mf	Converter 12SA7, pin 8	12SQ7 Pin 3	89 microvolts
455 kc	.1 mf	Converter 12SA7, pin 8	12SQ7 Pin 3	79 microvolts
455 kc	.1 mf	I.F. amplifier 12SK7, pin 4	12SQ7 Pin 3	4000 microvolts
400 cycles	.1 mf	Audio amplifier 12SQ7, pin 2	12SQ7 Pin 3	.05 volts
400 cycles	.1 mf	Power amplifier 50L6GT, pin 5	12SQ7 Pin 3	2.2 volts

MODELS 54BR-1501A,
54BR-1502A
MODELS 54BR-1503A,
54BR-1504A

MONTGOMERY WARD

MODELS 54BR-1501A, 1502A

Ref. No.	Part No.	Description	Qty. Used in Set
CAPACITORS			
C1		Washer capacitor mounted on antenna plate	1
C2	BE129114	300 mmf, 20%, mica, 500 volts	1
C3, C6	BE124137	Antenna and oscillator trimmers: dual mounted; C3 (ant.) range is 74 to 136 mmf; C6 (osc.) range is 98 to 175 mmf	2
C4	BE1009	.05 mf, 25%, 200 volts	1
C5	BE12939	500 mmf, 20%, mica, 500 volts	1
C7, C8		Primary and secondary trimmers in input IF can T2; dual mounted; range of each is 39 to 73 mmf	2
C9, C10		Primary and secondary trimmers in output IF can T3; dual mounted; range of each is 39 to 73 mmf	2
C11	BE12912	250 mf, 20%, mica, 500 volts	1
C12	BE10025	.002 mf, 25%, 600 volts	1
C13	BE1292	500 mmf, 20%, mica, 500 volts	1
C14	BE10011	.01 mf, 25%, 400 volts	1
C15	BE10026	.02 mf, 25%, 400 volts	1
C16-A, C16-B	BE11992	Dual electrolytic for 50-60 cycle models: 20 mf, 150 volts; 40 mf, 150 volts	2
	BE11993	Dual electrolytic for 25 cycle models: 40 mf, 150 volts; 60 mf, 150 volts	2
C17	BE10091	.15 mf, 25%, 400 volts	1
C18	BE10013	.05 mf, 25%, 400 volts	1
RESISTORS*			
R1	BEA-981-78	22,000 ohms, 10%, 1/2 watt	1
R2, S1	BE101285	500,000-ohm volume control with on-off switch	1
R3	BEA-981-34	3.3 megohms, 20%, 1/2 watt	1
R4	BEA-981-35	4.7 megohms, 20%, 1/2 watt	1
R5, R8	BEA-981-22	150,000 ohms, 20%, 1/2 watt	2
R6	BEA-981-23	22,000 ohms, 20%, 1/2 watt	1
R7	BEA-981-52	150 ohms, 10%, 1/2 watt	1
R9	BEA-982-63	1200 ohms, 10%, 1 watt	1
R10	BEA-982-4	33 ohms, 20%, 1 watt	1
R11	BEA-981-43	27 ohms, 10%, 1/2 watt	1
COILS AND TRANSFORMERS			
L1	BE105138	RF choke coil	1
T1-A, T1-B	BE13614	Antenna and oscillator coil tuning assembly complete with screws, drive cord, and tuning drive shaft	2
T2	BE100157H	Input IF transformer complete in case with trimmers	1

Ref. No.	Part No.	Description	Qty. Used in Set
T3	BE100157I	Output IF transformer complete in can with trimmers	1
T4	BE105128B	Output transformer for speaker	1
SPEAKER			
T5	BEA-18A-1025I	4-in. P. M. speaker	1
SOCKETS			
	BE121176	Octal wafer socket stamped "125A7"	1
	BE121177	Octal wafer socket stamped "12SK7"	1
	BE121178	Octal wafer socket stamped "12SQ7"	1
	BE121318	Octal wafer socket stamped "50L6GT"	1
	BE121181	Octal wafer socket stamped "12Z5GT"	1
	BE121216	Bakelite socket for electrolytic capacitor	1
DIAL AND TUNING PARTS			
	BEA-60-10049-I	Dial scale, ivory	1
	BEA-60-10049-Z	Dial scale, for walnut cabinet	1
	BEA-2D-10050	Dial background	1
	BE118731	Dial bracket	1
	BEA-2B-10051	Dial pointer	1
	BE120214	Dial pointer drive cord	1
	BE120364	Coil spring for drive cord	1
	BE128640-9	Knob, "VOLUME", walnut	1
	BE128641-9	Knob, "TUNING", ivory	1
	BE128641-9	Knob, "TUNING", walnut	1
	BE128641-9	Knob, "TUNING", ivory	1
	BE128641-9	Knob, "TUNING", walnut	1
MISCELLANEOUS			
S1		On-off switch on volume control	2
	BE11597C	Antenna plate (back plate of cabinet, includes capacitor C1), ivory	1
	BE115597	Antenna plate (back plate of cabinet, includes capacitor C1), walnut	1
	BE131193	Cinch buttons, for fastening antenna plate to cabinet	4
	BE12862-9	Cabinet, bakelite, ivory	1
	BE12862-44	Cabinet, bakelite, walnut	1
	BE10796	Line cord and plug	1
	BEA-2H-10715	Tube shield (125A7, 50L6GT)	2
	BE134103	Rubber washers for mounting chassis	2
	BE131263	Offset washers for mounting chassis	2
	BE13220	Screws, #0-32 x 3/8", for mounting chassis	2

MODELS 54BR-1503A, 1504A

Ref. No.	Part No.	Description	Qty. Used in Set
CAPACITORS			
C, C3, C4	B-210-10040	2-gang capacitor assembly, including antenna and oscillator trimmers	1
C1	C-8D-10761	.01 mf, 400 volts, 20%	1
C2, C8, C9	C-8F3-10	220 mmf, 500 volts, 20%, mica	3
C3, C7	C-8F3-8	100 mmf, 500 volts, 20%, mica	2
C4	C-8D-10770	.05 mf, 200 volts, 20%	1
C10	C-8D-10788	.004 mf, 600 volts, 20%	1
C11	C-8D-10772	.02 mf, 600 volts, 20%	1
C12, C14	C-8D-10760	Electrolytic for 40 cycles: 40 mf x 150 volts, 20 mf x 150 volts, 20 mf x 150 volts	2
C13, C14, C15	A-8C-10946	Electrolytic for 25 cycles: 40 mf x 150 volts, 40 mf x 150 volts, 40 mf x 150 volts	2
C17	C-8D-10789	.022 mf, 600 volts, 20%	1
C18	C-8D-10771	.1 mf, 200 volts, +20-10%	1
RESISTORS*			
R1	C-981-13	1000 ohms, 1/2 watt, 20%	1
R2	C-981-31	1 megohm, 1/2 watt, 20%	1
R3	C-981-78	22,000 ohms, 1/2 watt, 10%	1
R4, R9	C-981-90	220,000 ohms, 1/2 watt, 10%	2
R5	C-981-82	47,000 ohms, 1/2 watt, 10%	1
R6, S1	A-10A-10075	Volume control (500,000 ohms) and switch	1
R7	C-981-34	3.3 megohms, 1/2 watt, 20%	1
R8	C-981-37	4.7 megohms, 1/2 watt, 20%	1
R10	C-981-94	470,000 ohms, 1/2 watt, 10%	1
R11	C-981-52	150 ohms, 1/2 watt, 10%	1
R12	C-981-43	27 ohms, 1/2 watt, 10%	1
R13	C-982-53	180 ohms, 1 watt, 10%	1
R14	C-982-63	1200 ohms, 1 watt, 10%	1
R15	C-981-8	47 ohms, 1/2 watt, 20%	1
TRANSFORMERS AND COILS			
L1	A-16A-10090	Choke coil	1
T1	C-212-10435	Loop antenna assembly, for walnut cabinet (includes loop, back, resistor R1, and capacitor C1)	1
T1	C-212-10435-I	Loop antenna assembly, for ivory cabinet (includes loop, back, resistor R1, and capacitor C1)	1

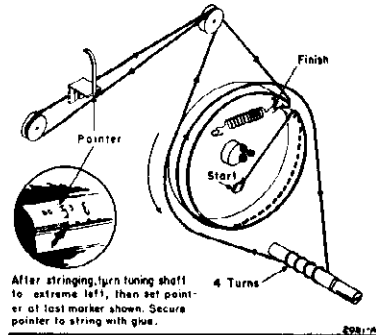
Ref. No.	Part No.	Description	Qty. Used in Set
T2	A-13D-10089	Oscillator coil	1
T3	B-13B-10091	Input IF transformer, complete in can. [Range of trimmers: 48-85 mmf each]	1
T4	B-13B-10092	Output IF transformer, complete in can. [Range of trimmers: 43-80 mmf each]	1
T5	B-12C-10074	Output transformer for speaker	1
SPEAKER			
T6	B-18A-10094	4-in. x 6-in. oval P.M. speaker	1
DIAL AND TUNING PARTS			
	B-300-10447	Dial bracket assembly	1
	B-60-10031	Dial scale (for walnut cabinet)	1
	B-60-10031-I	Dial scale (for ivory cabinet)	1
	B-2M-7758	Cinch buttons, for fastening dial scale	7
	A-6-I-10032	Crystal for dial	1
	A-2D-10036	Bracket for crystal	1
	A-2S-10076	Pointer guard (for walnut cabinet)	1
	B-2H-10039-I	Pointer guard (for ivory cabinet)	1
	A-53A-10576	Drive cord for dial pointer	1
	A-99A-10078	Tension spring for dial drive cord	1
	A-4A-3540	Dial light bulb, 6-8 volts, type T-47	1
	A-58A-10073	Socket and bracket for dial light	1
	A-3A-10035	Tuning shaft	1
	B-2Y-444	Spring washer, for tuning shaft	1
MISCELLANEOUS			
	BC-10000-46	Cabinet, bakelite, walnut	1
	SC-10000-9	Cabinet, bakelite, ivory	1
	B-5B-10011-47	Knob, tooth, walnut	2
	B-5B-10011-8	Knob, tooth, ivory	2
	A-15B-10440	Socket, octal, for tubes	6
	B-4M-10088	Line cord and plug	1
	A-2M-10096	Stud, for fastening back to cabinet	4
	42A-10097	Screw, 8-18 x 3/8" hex head, for mounting chassis	3

NOTE ON TUBE REPLACEMENT

Replace a defective metal 12SK7 tube with another metal tube. Replace a glass 12SK7 tube with a metal tube or with an exact duplicate of the tube now in the set.

*The values of the resistors listed above are based on RMA standards. Due to conditions beyond our control some resistors have been shipped with resistors of pre-decaded values. This resistor will operate equally well with resistors of either group. An instruction of the difference follows:
Pre-standardized value—50,000 ohms, ±10%, 1/2 watt
RMA value—47,000 ohms, ±10%, 1/2 watt

MODELS 54BR-1503B, 1504B

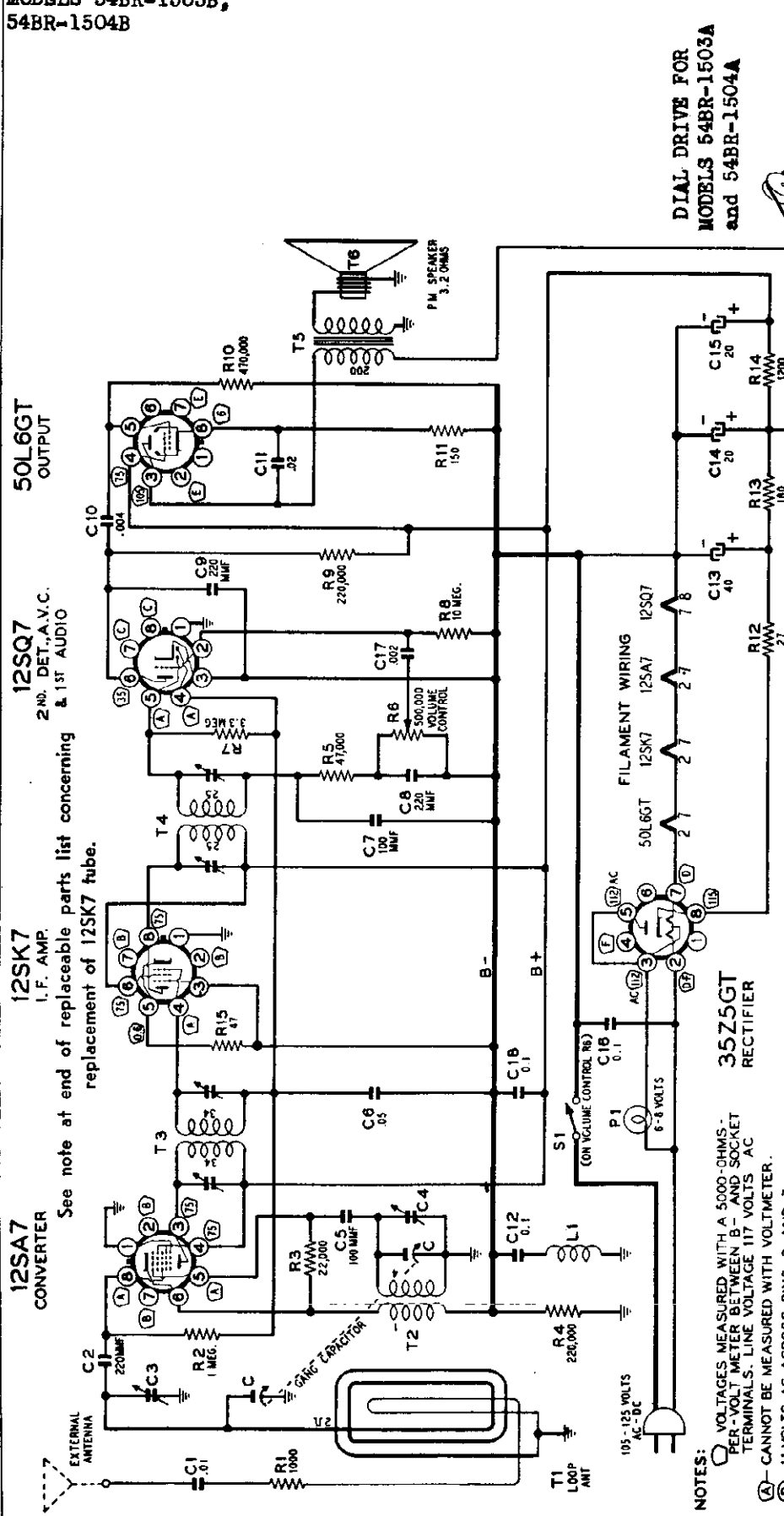


Dial Stringing Diagram

Ref. No.	Part No.	Description	Qty. Used in Set
CAPACITORS			
C, C3, C4	B-210-10040	2-gang capacitor assembly, including antenna and oscillator trimmers	1
C1	C-8D-10761	.01 mf, 400 volts, 20%	1
C2, C8, C9	C-8F3-10	220 mmf, 500 volts, 20%, mica	3
C3, C7	C-8F3-8	100 mmf, 500 volts, 20%, mica	2
C4	C-8D-10770	.05 mf, 200 volts, 20%	1
C10	C-8D-10788	.004 mf, 600 volts, 20%	1
C11	C-8D-10772	.02 mf, 600 volts, 20%	1
C12, C14	C-8D-10760	Electrolytic for 40 cycles: 40 mf x 150 volts, 20 mf x 150 volts, 20 mf x 150 volts	2
C13, C14, C15	A-8C-10946	Electrolytic for 25 cycles: 40 mf x 150 volts, 40 mf x 150 volts, 40 mf x 150 volts	2
C17	C-8D-10789	.022 mf, 600 volts, 20%	1
C18	C-8D-10771	.1 mf, 200 volts, +20-10%	1
RESISTORS*			
R1	C-981-13	1000 ohms, 1/2 watt, 20%	1
R2	C-981-31	1 megohm, 1/2 watt, 20%	1
R3	C-981-78	22,000 ohms, 1/2 watt, 10%	1
R4, R9	C-981-90	220,000 ohms, 1/2 watt, 10%	2
R5	C-981-82	47,000 ohms, 1/2 watt, 10%	1
R6, S1	A-10A-10075	Volume control (500,000 ohms) and switch	1
R7	C-981-34	3.3 megohms, 1/2 watt, 20%	1
R8	C-981-37	4.7 megohms, 1/2 watt, 20%	1
R10	C-981-94	470,000 ohms, 1/2 watt, 10%	1
R11	C-981-52	150 ohms, 1/2 watt, 10%	1
R12	C-981-43	27 ohms, 1/2 watt, 10%	1
R13	C-982-53	180 ohms, 1 watt, 10%	1
R14	C-982-63	1200 ohms, 1 watt, 10%	1
R15	C-981-8	47 ohms, 1/2 watt, 20%	1
TRANSFORMERS AND COILS			
L1	A-16A-10090	Choke coil	1
T1	C-212-10435	Loop antenna assembly, for walnut cabinet (includes loop, back, resistor R1, and capacitor C1)	1
T1	C-212-10435-I	Loop antenna assembly, for ivory cabinet (includes loop, back, resistor R1, and capacitor C1)	1
T2	A-13D-10089	Oscillator coil	1
T3	B-13B-10091	Input IF transformer, complete in can. [Range of trimmers: 48-85 mmf each]	1
T4	B-13B-10092	Output IF transformer, complete in can. [Range of trimmers: 43-80 mmf each]	1
T5	B-12C-10074	Output transformer for speaker	1
SPEAKER			
T6	B-18A-10094	4-in. x 6-in. oval P.M. speaker	1
DIAL AND TUNING PARTS			
	B-300-10447	Dial bracket assembly	1
	B-60-10031	Dial scale (for walnut cabinet)	1
	B-60-10031-I	Dial scale (for ivory cabinet)	1
	A-6A-10778	Cinch buttons, for fastening dial scale	7
	A-6-I-10032	Crystal for dial	1
	A-2D-10036	Bracket for crystal (walnut)	2
	A-2S-10076	Bracket for crystal (ivory)	2
	A-2S-10076	Bracket for crystal (ivory)	2
	B-2H-10039	Pointer guard (for walnut cabinet)	1
	B-2H-10039-I	Pointer guard (for ivory cabinet)	1
	A-53A-10576	Drive cord for dial pointer	1
	A-99A-10078	Tension spring for dial drive cord	1
	A-4A-3540	Dial light bulb, 6-8 volts, type T-47	1
	A-58A-10073	Socket and bracket for dial light	1
	A-3A-10035	Tuning shaft	1
	B-2Y-444	Spring washer, for tuning shaft	1
MISCELLANEOUS			
	BC-10000-46	Cabinet, bakelite, walnut	1
	SC-10000-9	Cabinet, bakelite, ivory	1
	B-5B-10011-47	Knob, tooth, walnut	2
	B-5B-10011-8	Knob, tooth, ivory	2
	A-15B-10440	Socket, octal, for all tubes but 12SK7	4
	12I177	Socket, octal, for 12SK7	1
	B-14M-10088	Line cord and plug	1
	A-2M-10096	Stud, for fastening back to cabinet	4
	42A-10097	Screw, 8-18 x 3/8" hex head, for mounting chassis	3

MODELS 54BR-1503A,
54BR-1504A
MODELS 54BR-1503B,
54BR-1504B

MONTGOMERY WARD



50L6GT
OUTPUT

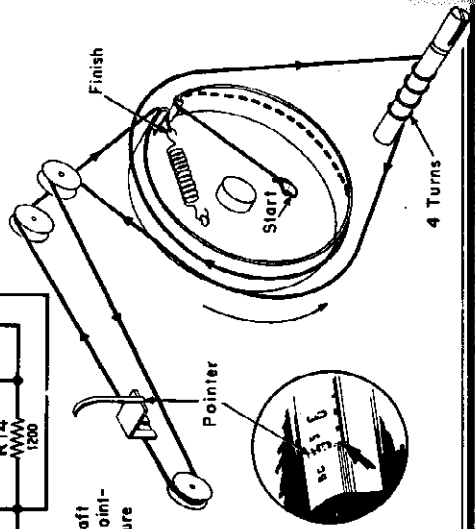
12SQ7
2ND DET., A.V.C.
& 1ST AUDIO

12SK7
I.F. AMP.

12SA7
CONVERTER

See note at end of replaceable parts list concerning replacement of 12SK7 tube.

DIAL DRIVE FOR
MODELS 54BR-1503A
and 54BR-1504A



After stringing, turn tuning shaft to extreme left, then set pointer at last marker shown. Secure pointer to string with glue.

35Z5GT
RECTIFIER

NOTES:
VOLTAGES MEASURED WITH A 5000-OHMS PER-VOLT METER BETWEEN B- AND SOCKET TERMINALS. LINE VOLTAGE 117 VOLTS AC
(A) CANNOT BE MEASURED WITH VOLTMETER.
(B) 11 VOLTS AC ACROSS PINS 2 AND 7.
(C) 11 VOLTS AC ACROSS PINS 7 AND 8.
(D) 35 VOLTS AC ACROSS PINS 2 AND 7.
(E) 49 VOLTS AC ACROSS PINS 2 AND 7.
(F) 117 VOLTS AC ACROSS PINS 2 AND 4
WHERE NO READING IS INDICATED VOLTAGE IS ZERO.

CAPACITOR VALUES IN MFD UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED.
RESISTOR AND COIL VALUES IN OHMS, WHERE VALUE OF COIL IS NOT SHOWN, RESISTANCE IS LESS THAN ONE OHM.

Power Supply.....105 to 125 volts, DC or 50-60 cycle Power Output0.9 watt undistorted, 1.0 watt maximum.
AC, 24 watts. Also made for 25-cycle AC.
Loud Speaker.....4" x 6" oval, P.M., v.c. impedance 3.2 ohms.

Frequency Range530 to 1630 kc.
Intermediate Freq.....455 kc.

SelectivityAt 1000 kc, 60 kc at 1000 x signal. MODELS 54BR-1503A, -1504A and 54BR-1503B, 1504B are the same with the exception of the dial drive and certain mechanical parts.
Sensitivity26 microvolts average for .05-watt output.

MONTGOMERY WARD

MODELS 54BR-1503A
 54BR-1504A
 MODELS 54BR-1503B
 54BR-1504B
 MODELS 54BR-1503C
 54BR-1504C

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

Output meter across 3.2-ohm output load.
 Volume control at maximum for all adjustments.
 Align for maximum output. Reduce input as needed to

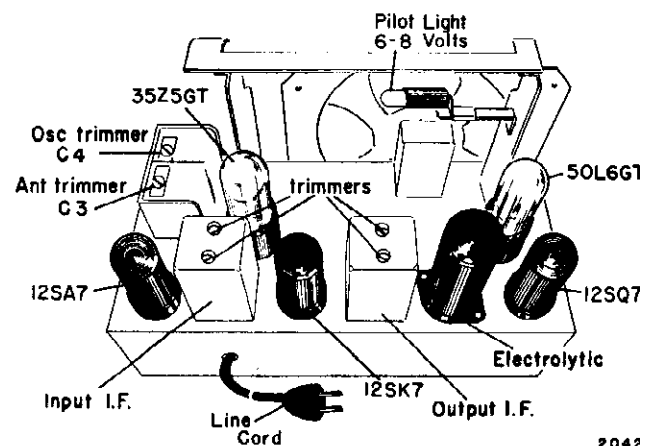
keep output near 0.4 volts.
 Loop antenna should be connected to receiver and
 its proper position when making adjustments.

SIGNAL GENERATOR				TUNER SETTING	ADJUST TRIMMERS TO MAXIMUM OUTPUT in order shown
Frequency	Coupling Capacitor	Connection to Radio	Ground Connection		
455 kc	0.1 mf	Grid (pin 4) of 12SK7	Pin 3 of 12SK7 (B- of set)	Capacitor full open (plates out of mesh)	2 trimmers on output IF can
455 kc	0.1 mf	Grid (pin 8) of 12SA7	Pin 3 of 12SK7 (B- of set)	Capacitor full open (plates out of mesh)	2 trimmers on input IF can
1630 kc	0.1 mf	Grid (pin 8) of 12SA7	Pin 3 of 12SK7 (B- of set)	Capacitor full open (plates out of mesh)	Oscillator trimmer C4 on gang
1400 kc	200 mmf	External antenna clip	Pin 3 of 12SK7 (B- of set)	Set dial pointer at 1400 kc	Antenna trimmer C3 on gang

RECEIVER STAGE SENSITIVITIES

The table below lists the sensitivity at the input of each stage. The receiver should be tuned to 1000 kc for all readings. All measurements are based on an output of 50 milliwatts. This may be measured by disconnecting the speaker voice coil and substituting a 3.2-ohm, 5-watt resistor across the secondary winding of the output transformer. A reading of 0.4 volts AC across this resistor will be equivalent to a 50-milliwatt output with the speaker connected.

The signal source must be an accurately calibrated signal generator capable of supplying both 1000 kc and 455 kc signals modulated 30% with a 400-cycle audio signal. Variations of plus or minus 25% are usually permissible.



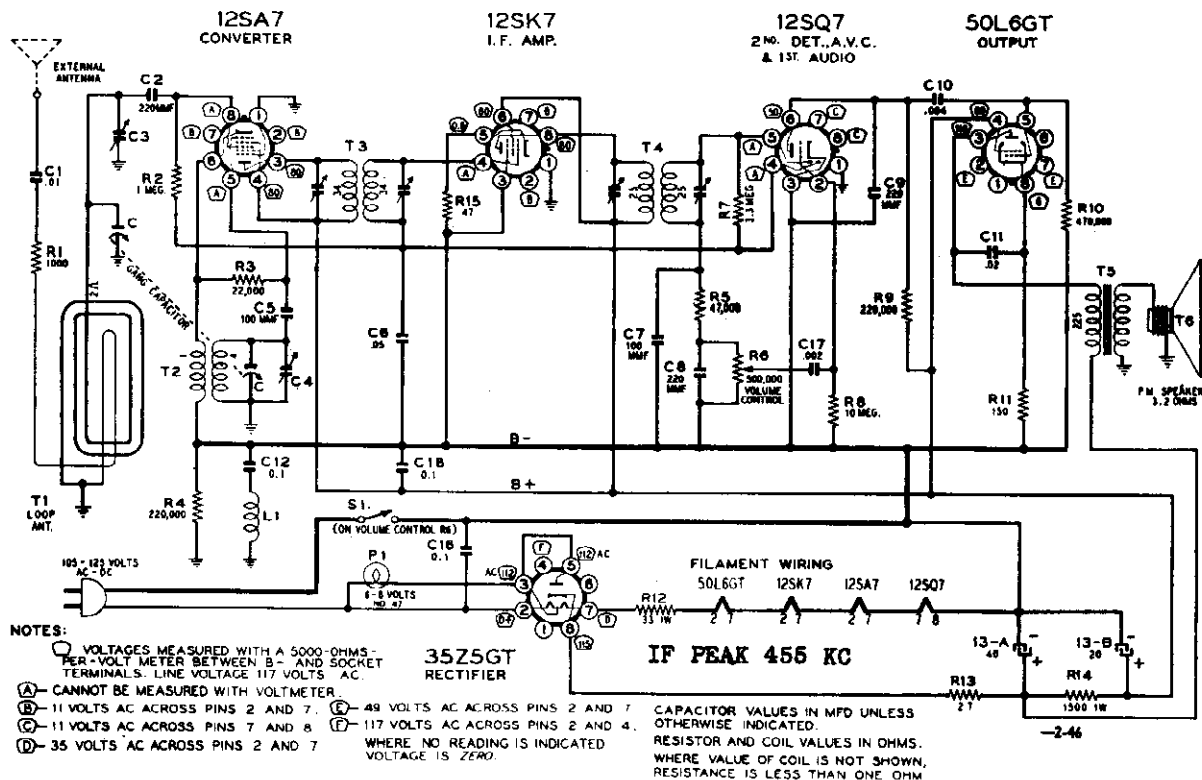
Chassis View, Showing Trimmer Location

The volume control must be set to maximum.

SIGNAL GENERATOR				INPUT FOR 50-MILLIWATT OUTPUT
Frequency	Coupling Capacitor	Connection to Radio	Ground Connection	
1000 kc	200 mmf or RMA dummy antenna	External antenna clip	Pin 3 of 12SK7 (B- of set)	24 microvolts
1000 kc	0.1 mf	Grid (pin 8) of converter (12SA7)	Pin 3 of 12SK7 (B- of set)	98 microvolts
455 kc	0.1 mf	Grid (pin 8) of converter (12SA7)	Pin 3 of 12SK7 (B- of set)	74 microvolts
455 kc	0.1 mf	Grid (pin 4) of I.F. amp. (12SK7)	Pin 3 of 12SK7 (B- of set)	3200 microvolt
400 cycles	0.1 mf	Grid (pin 2) of audio amp. (12SQ7)	Pin 3 of 12SK7 (B- of set)	.043 volts
400 cycles	0.1 mf	Grid (pin 5) of output amp. (50L6GT)	Pin 3 of 12SK7 (B- of set)	2.0 volts

MODELS 54BR-1503C,
54BR-1504C

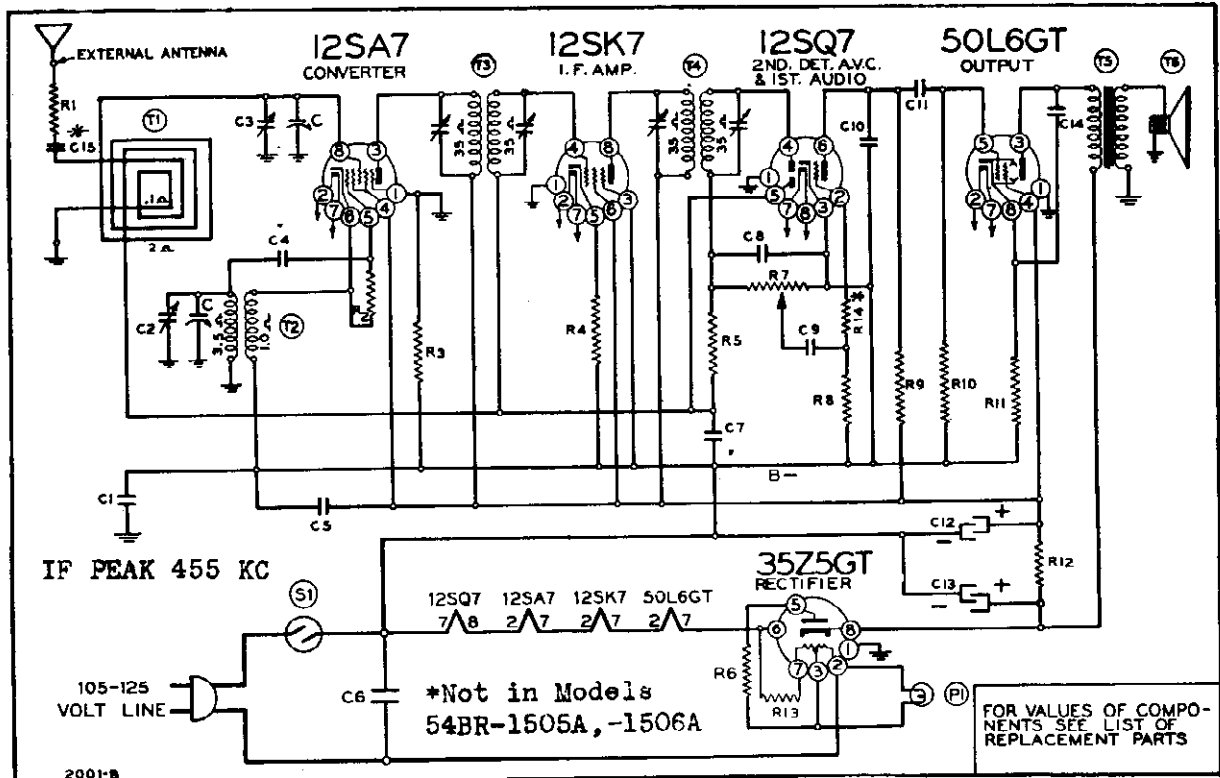
MONTGOMERY WARD



Ref. No.	Part No.	Description	Qty. Used in Set
CAPACITORS			
C, C3, C4	B-210-10040	2-gang capacitor assembly, including antenna and oscillator trimmers	1
C1	C-8D-10761	.01 mf, 400 volts, 20%	1
C2, C8, C9	C-8F3-10	220 mmf, 500 volts, 20%, mica	3
C5, C7	C-8F3-8	100 mmf, 500 volts, 20%, mica	2
C6	C-8D-10770	.05 mf, 200 volts, 20%	1
C10	C-8D-10788	.004 mf, 600 volts, 20%	1
C11	C-8D-10772	.02 mf, 600 volts, 20%	1
C12, C16	C-8D-10760	.1 mf, 400 volts, +20-10%	2
C13-A, B	11992	Electrolytic for 60 cycles; 40 mf x 150 volts, 20 mf x 150 volts	1
C13-A, B	11993	Electrolytic for 25 cycles; 60 mf x 150 volts, 40 mf x 150 volts	1
C17	C-8D-10789	.002 mf, 600 volts, 20%	1
C18	C-8D-10771	.1 mf, 200 volts, +20-10%	1
RESISTORS			
R1	C-9B1-13	1000 ohms, 1/2 watt, 20%	1
R2	C-9B1-31	1 megohm, 1/2 watt, 20%	1
R3	C-9B1-78	22,000 ohms, 1/2 watt, 10%	1
R4, R9	C-9B1-90	220,000 ohms, 1/2 watt, 10%	2
R5	C-9B1-82	47,000 ohms, 1/2 watt, 10%	1
R6, S1	A-10A-10075	Volume control (500,000 ohms) and switch	1
R7	C-9B1-34	3.3 megohms, 1/2 watt, 20%	1
R8	C-9B1-37	10 megohms, 1/2 watt, 20%	1
R10	C-9B1-94	470,000 ohms, 1/2 watt, 10%	1
R11	C-9B1-52	150 ohms, 1/2 watt, 10%	1
R12	C-9B2-44	33 ohms, 1 watt, 10%	1
R13	C-9B1-43	27 ohms, 1/2 watt, 10%	1
R14	C-9B2-64	1500 ohms, 1 watt, 10%	1
R15	C-9B1-5	47 ohms, 1/2 watt, 20%	1
TRANSFORMERS AND COILS			
L1	A-16A-10090	Choke coil	1
T1	C-212-10435	Loop antenna assembly, for walnut cabinet (includes loop, back, resistor R1, and capacitor C1)	1
T1	C-212-10435-1	Loop antenna assembly, for ivory cabinet (includes loop, back, resistor R1, and capacitor C1)	1
T2	A-13D-10089	Oscillator coil	1

Ref. No.	Part No.	Description	Qty. Used in Set
T3	B-13B-10091	Input IF transformer, complete in can. (Range of trimmers: 45-85 mmf each)	1
T4	B-13B-10092	Output IF transformer, complete in can. (Range of trimmers: 43-80 mmf each)	1
T5	B-12C-10074	Output transformer for speaker	1
SPEAKER			
T6	B-18A-10094	4-in. x 6-in. oval P.M. speaker	1
DIAL AND TUNING PARTS			
	B-200-10447	Dial bracket assembly	1
	B-6D-10031	Dial scale (for walnut cabinet)	1
	B-6D-10031-1	Dial scale (for ivory cabinet)	1
	A-6A-11078	Diffuser	1
	B-2M-7758	Cinch button, for fastening dial scale	7
	A-6J-10032	Crystal for dial	1
	A-2D-10036	Bracket for crystal (walnut)	2
	A-2D-10036-1	Bracket for crystal (ivory)	2
	A-2G-10095	Pointer	1
	B-2H-10039	Pointer guard (for walnut cabinet)	1
	B-2H-10039-1	Pointer guard (for ivory cabinet)	1
	A-53A-10576	Drive cord for dial pointer	36"
	A-49A-10078	Tension spring for dial drive cord	1
	A-46A-3560	Dial light bulb, 6-8 volts, type T-47	1
	A-55A-10093	Socket and bracket for dial light	1
	A-3A-10035	Tuning shaft	1
	B-29E-466	Spring washer, for tuning shaft	1
MISCELLANEOUS			
	5C-10000-46	Cabinet, bakelite, walnut	1
	5C-10000-9	Cabinet, bakelite, ivory	1
	B-5B-10011-17	Knob, tenite, walnut	2
	B-5B-10011-8	Knob, tenite, ivory	2
	A-15B-10440	Socket, octal, for all tubes but 12SK7	4
	121177	Socket, octal, for 12SK7	1
	B-14M-10088	Line cord and plug	1
	A-2M-10096	Stud, for fastening back to cabinet	4
	42A-10097	Screw, 8-18 x 3/8 hex head, for mounting chassis	3

MONTGOMERY WARD



Part No.	Schematic Diagram Reference	Description	No. Used In Set
CONDENSERS			
BE100110	C1	.2 x 400 volt tubular condenser.....	1
BE12921	C4	.0002 mica type condenser, 20%.....	1
BE1009	C5, C7	.05 x 200 volt tubular condenser.....	2
BE1001	C6	.1 x 400 volt tubular condenser.....	1
BE1295	C8	.0001 mica type condenser, 20%.....	1
BE10025	C9	.002 x 600 volt tubular condenser.....	1
BE12912	C10	.00025 mica type condenser, 20%.....	1
BE100108	C11	.004 x 600 volt tubular condenser.....	1
BE11992	C12, C13	Electrolytic filter condenser, 50 to 60 cycles, 20 mfd.-40 mfd. x 150 volts.....	1
BE11993	C12, C13	Electrolytic filter condenser, 25 cycles, 40 mfd.-60 mfd. x 150 volts.....	1
BE10026	C14	.02 x 400 volt tubular condenser.....	1
BEC-8D-10778	C15 *	.002 x 600 volt tubular condenser.....	1
RESISTORS*			
BEA-9B1-13	R1	1,000 ohm, 1/2 watt resistor, 20%.....	1
BEA-9B1-82	R2	47,000 ohm, 1/2 watt resistor, 10%.....	1
BEA-9B1-27	R3	220,000 ohm, 1/2 watt resistor, 20%.....	1
BEA-9B1-46	R4	47 ohm, 1/2 watt resistor, 10%.....	1
BEA-9B1-34	R5	3.3 megohm, 1/2 watt resistor, 20%.....	1
BEA-9B1-42	R6	22 ohm, 1/2 watt resistor, 10%.....	1
BEA-9B1-35	R8	4.7 megohm, 1/2 watt resistor, 20%.....	1
BEA-9B1-29	R9	470,000 ohm, 1/2 watt resistor, 20%.....	1
BEA-9B1-30	R10	680,000 ohm, 1/2 watt resistor, 20%.....	1
BEA-9B1-52	R11	150 ohm, 1/2 watt resistor, 10%.....	1
BEA-9B2-63	R12	1200 ohm, 1 watt resistor, 10%.....	1
BEA-9B2-4	R13	33 ohm, 1 watt resistor, 20%.....	1
BEA-9B1-23	R14 *	47,000 ohm, 1/2 watt resistor, 20%.....	1
COILS			
BE108140K	T3	Input I.F. coil, complete in can.....	1
BE108141F	T4	Output I.F. coil, complete in can.....	1
BE110145	T2	Oscillator coil.....	1
BE111252B	T1	Loop antenna only (lea; back).....	1
BE128724		Back for loop, brown.....	1
BE128724B		Back for loop, ivory.....	1

*SPECIAL NOTE ON RESISTORS: The values of all resistors listed above are based on RMA standards. Due to conditions beyond our control some receivers have been shipped with resistors of pre-standardized values. This receiver will operate equally well with resistors of either group. An illustration of the difference follows:

Pre-standardized value—50,000 ohms, ±10%, 1/3 watt
RMA value—47,000 ohms, ±10%, 1/2 watt

NOTE ON TUBE REPLACEMENT
Replace a defective metal 12SK7 tube with another metal tube. Replace a glass 12SK7 tube with either a metal tube or with an exact duplicate of the tube now in the set.

Part No.	Schematic Diagram Reference	Description	No. Used in Set
SPEAKER			
BE114248C	T6	Five-inch P.M. dynamic speaker (less output transformer).....	1
BE105108B	T5	Output transformer for speaker.....	1
MISCELLANEOUS			
BE101265	R7, S1	Volume control and switch (1 megohm).....	1
BEB-8A-10209	C, C2, C3	Two-gang variable condenser with 5-button automatic tuner assembly.....	1
BE107-98		Line cord and plug.....	1
BE121210		Eight-prong octal socket.....	1
BE107249	P1	6-8 volt pilot light bulb, type T-47.....	1
BE107358		Socket assembly for pilot light.....	1
BE132264		No. 8-18 x 3/4 chassis mounting screw.....	1
BE134123		Rubber bumper for bottom of cabinet.....	1
BE128655-46		Bakelite cabinet, walnut.....	1
BE128655-9		Bakelite cabinet, ivory.....	1

DIAL AND TUNING PARTS			
		Dial plate.....	1
		Dial scale (Model 54BR-1505A only).....	1
		Dial scale (Model 54BR-1506A only).....	1
		Pointer.....	1
		Crystal for dial.....	1
		Button for fastening dial scale.....	1
		String for dial.....	3
		Coiled tension spring for dial string.....	1
		Pulley for dial.....	1
		Pointer shaft.....	1
		Tuning shaft.....	1
		Rod for pushbuttons.....	1
		Pushbutton, left, walnut.....	1
		Pushbutton, right, walnut.....	1
		Pushbutton, left, ivory.....	1
		Pushbutton, right, ivory.....	1
		Set of station call letters.....	1
		Set of celluloid tabs.....	1
		Knob, "Volume," walnut.....	1
		Knob, "Tuning," walnut.....	1
		Knob, "Volume," ivory.....	1
		Knob, "Tuning," ivory.....	1
		Screwdriver.....	1

MODELS 54BR-1505A, 54BR-1506A

MODELS 54BR-1505B, 54BR-1506B

MONTGOMERY WARD

SETTING THE PUSHBUTTONS

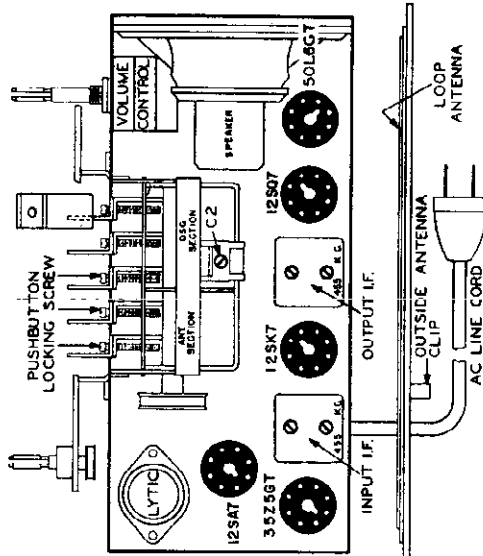
The pushbuttons may be used, after adjustment, for the automatic tuning of any five stations which you select. They can be set up in any order.

1. Turn on the radio. Allow it to warm up for at least one minute.
2. Push out the call letters of the five stations from the sheets supplied with this manual.
3. Insert the long thin screwdriver (supplied with the set) into the hole in one of the pushbuttons and turn the pushbutton locking screw several turns to the left.
4. With the screwdriver still engaged in the locking screw slot, push the screw all the way in. Hold it in this position and with the tuning knob tune in the station you want.
5. Now turn the pushbutton locking screw to the right and tighten it firmly. Remove the screwdriver.
6. Press the pushbutton all the way in (this tunes in the station) and, by rotating the tuning dial back and forth, determine whether the button has been properly set. If it has not, repeat the procedure described above.
7. Insert the call letters for the station in the button and put one of the celluloid tabs over the letters.
8. Set each of the four other buttons, one for each station, in the same way. If you are unable to set a station on any particular button, it is probably because the pushbutton locking screw has not been loosened.
9. Any of the five stations may now be tuned in simply by pushing the proper button in as far as it will go.

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

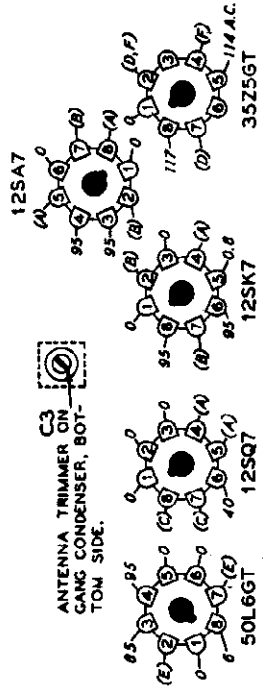
Volume control setting—Maximum (extreme clockwise) for all adjustments.
Connect ground lead of signal generator to B- of radio chassis through a 0.1 mfd. condenser.
The loop antenna should be connected to the radio and in its proper position when making all adjustments.

BAND	Signal Generator Frequency Setting	Dummy Antenna	Connection to Radio	Variable Condenser Setting	Trimmer Adjusted to Maximum
I. F.	455 Kc.	.1 mfd.	Grid of 12SK7 I. F.	Rotor full open (Plates out of mesh)	Two trimmers on top of Output I. F.
	455 Kc.	.1 mfd.	Grid of 12SA7 Mixer	Rotor full open (Plates out of mesh)	Two trimmers on top of Input I. F.
BROADCAST	1600 Kc.	200 mmf.	Grid of 12SA7	Rotor full open (Plates out of mesh)	B.C. Osc. trimmer C2 on Gang
	1400 Kc.	200 mmf.	External Antenna and B- at 1400 K. C.	Set Dial at 1400 K. C.	B.C. Ant. trimmer C3 under Gang

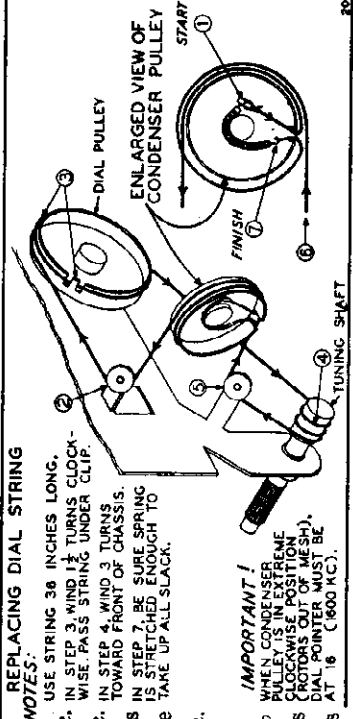


A-CANNOT BE MEASURED BY-VOLTMETER
B-11 VOLTS A.C. ACROSS PINS 2 AND 7
C-11 VOLTS A.C. ACROSS PINS 2 AND 8
D-33 VOLTS A.C. ACROSS PINS 2 AND 7
E-48 VOLTS A.C. ACROSS PINS 2 AND 7
F-117 VOLTS A.C. ACROSS PINS 2 AND 4

Voltagcs at tube socket terminals



BOTTOM VIEW OF CHASSIS



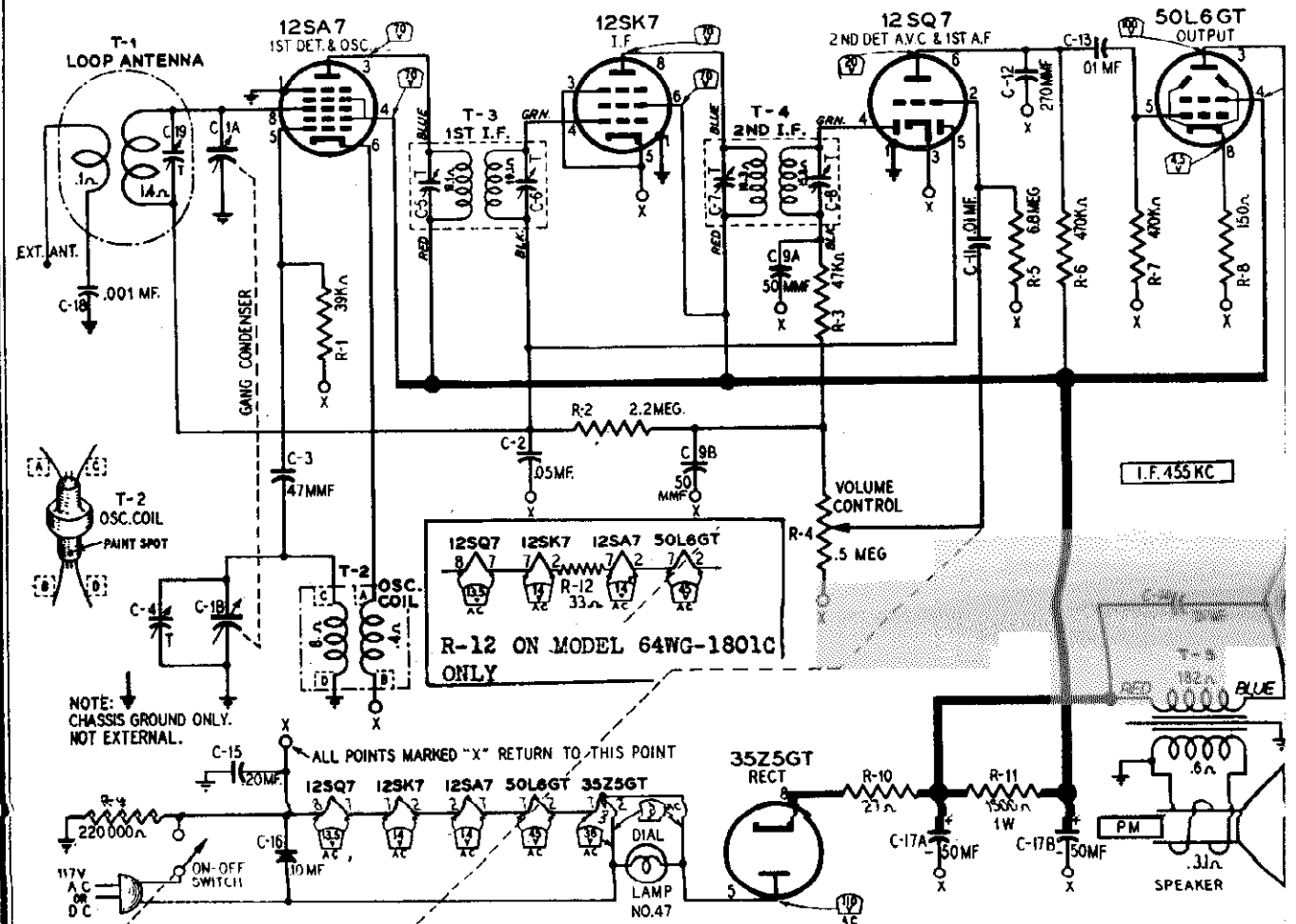
REPLACING DIAL STRING
NOTES:
USE STRING 36 INCHES LONG.
IN STEP 3, WIND 1 1/2 TURNS CLOCKWISE. PASS STRING UNDER CLIP.
IN STEP 4, WIND 3 TURNS TOWARD FRONT OF CHASSIS.
IN STEP 7, BE SURE SPRING IS STRETCHED ENOUGH TO TAKE UP ALL SLACK.

IMPORTANT!
WHEN CONDENSER PULLEY IS IN EXTREME CLOCKWISE POSITION (ROTORS OUT OF MESH), ALL POINTERS MUST BE AT 16 (1600 KC.).

Technical Data

Tuning range	.....585 to 1600 Kc.
Intermediate Frequency	.....455 Kc.
Power consumption	......35 watts
Sensitivity (for 0.05 watt output)	30 microvolts average
Selectivity.58 Kc. broad at 1000 times signal at 1000 Kc.	
Power output (in voice coil)	
Undistorted	.....1.0 watt at 10%
Maximum	.....1.7 watts
Voice coil impedance	.....3.2 ohms at 16 (1600 KC.).

MONTGOMERY WARD



Socket voltages are shown on the schematic diagram at the tube socket terminals. All voltages except those for the heater and dial lamp are between the socket terminal and "X" point.

The readings were taken with a 1000 ohm per volt meter and all plate and screen voltages read on a 500 volt scale. Conditions of measurement are:

- Line voltage.....117 volts AC
- Volume control.....maximum
- Signal input.....none

RECEIVER STAGE SENSITIVITIES

The table below lists the sensitivity at the input of each stage. The receiver should be tuned to 1000 KC for all readings. All measurements are based on an output of 50 milliwatts. This may be measured by disconnecting the speaker voice coil and substituting a 3.2 ohm 5 watt resistor across the secondary winding of the output transformer. A reading of .4 volts across

REMOVAL OF CHASSIS FROM CABINET

To remove the chassis from the cabinet it is necessary to pull the two control knobs and the dial pointer from their shafts. Remove the four screws in the bottom of the cabinet and the four snap pins that hold the cabinet back in place.

Care must be taken when removing the dial pointer that it is not damaged in such a manner that reinstallation will not be possible.

this resistor will be equivalent to a 50 milliwatt output with the speaker connected. The volume control must be set to maximum. The signal source must be an accurately calibrated signal generator capable of supplying both 1000 KC and 455 KC signals modulated 30% with a 400 cycle audio signal. Variations of plus or minus 25% are usually permissible.

SIGNAL GENERATOR				INPUT FOR 50 MILLIWATT OUTPUT
Freq.	Coupling Capacitor	Connection to Receiver	Ground Connection	
1000 kc	200 mmf or RMA Dummy Antenna	Loop Antenna—external antenna clip	Chassis	24 microvolts
1000 kc	.05 mf	12SA7 1st Detector pin 8	Point "X" (12SK7 pin 3)	125 microvolts
455 kc	.05 mf	12SA7 1st Detector pin 8	Same as above	100 microvolts
455 kc	.05 mf	12SK7, I-F Amp. pin 4	Same as above	2500 microvolts
400 cycles	.05 mf	12SQ7, 1st AF, pin 2	Same as above	.042 volts
400 cycles	.05 mf	50L6GT Output, pin 5	Same as above	1.9 volts

MODELS 54WG-1801A, 54WG-1801B
 MODEL 64WG-1801C
 MODEL 54WG-2007A, 54WG-2007B

MONTGOMERY WARD

MODELS 54 WG-1801A, 54 WG-2007A

Volume Control—Maximum All Adjustments.
 Allow Chassis and Signal Generator to "Heat Up" for several Minutes.
 The equipment in column at right is required for aligning:

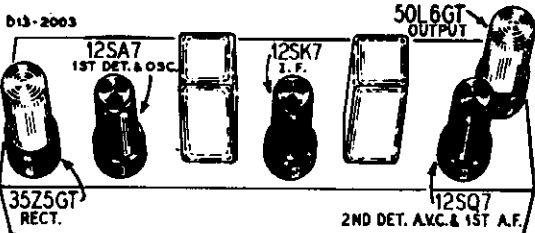
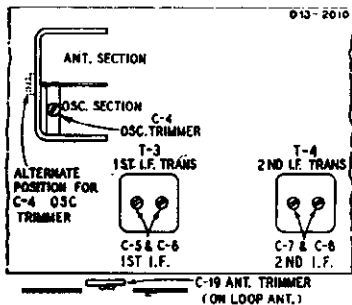
Signal Generator which will provide an accurately calibrated signal at the test frequencies as listed.
 Output Indicating Meter; Non-Metallic Screwdriver.
 Dummy Antennas—.1 mf., 50 mf.

SIGNAL GENERATOR				CONDENSER SETTING	ADJUST TRIMMERS TO MAXIMUM See Trimmer Illustration
Frequency Setting	Coupling Capacitor	Connection To Radio	Ground Connection		
455 kc	.1 mf	Control Grid 12SK7—I-F	Point "X" 12SK7—I-F Prong No. 3	Turn Rotor to full open	2nd I-F (C7) & (C8)
455 kc	.1 mf	Control Grid 12SA7—1st Det.	Same as above	Turn Rotor to full open	1st I-F (C5) & (C6)
1600 kc 2	.1 mf	Control Grid 12SA7—1st Det.	Same as above	Turn Rotor to full open	Oscillator (C4)
1400 kc	50 mmf	External Antenna Clip on Loop See Note A	Chassis	Turn Rotor to Max. Output Set Indicator to 1400 KC— See Note B	Antenna (C19)

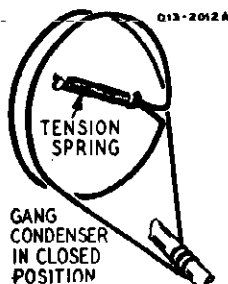
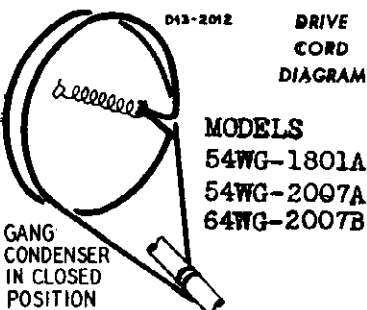
NOTE A—Re-assemble chassis in cabinet. Replace back on cabinet.

NOTE B—Tune in a 1400 KC signal. If pointer is not at the 1400 KC mark on the dial scale, pull pointer off shaft. Set pointer at the 1400 KC mark and push back on shaft.

TRIMMER POSITIONS



**MODELS 54WG-1801B
64WG-1801C**



Power Supply..... 105-125 volts AC—50-60 cycles—30 watts
 105-125 volts DC
 Frequency Range..... 535 to 1620 KC
 Intermediate Frequency..... 455 KC
 Selectivity..... 55.5 KC broad at 1000 times signal, 1000 KC
 Sensitivity (for .05 watt output)
 with external antenna..... 25 microvolts average
 Power Output..... 1.5 watts maximum, .9 watt (10% distortion)
 Loud speaker..... 5" PM dynamic
 Voice coil impedance..... 3.2 ohms at 400 cycles

DRIVE CORD REPLACEMENT

MODELS 54 WG-1801A, 54 WG-2007A

Turn the gang condenser to the fully closed position. Use a new drive cord 12 inches in length and tie one end to the tension spring. Fasten the other end of the tension spring to the hook on the drive pulley. Pass the cord through the slot in the drive pulley rim and continue around pulley one half turn, counterclockwise. Wind 2 1/2 turns counterclockwise (from front of chassis) around tuning shaft. Turns should progress toward rear of chassis. (Wind 3 1/2 turns in tuning shaft for 54 WG-1801-B.) Wind cord counterclockwise around drive pulley in back of previous 1/2 turn. Pass cord through the slot in the pulley rim. Stretch tension spring and tie free end of cord to the spring. Cut off any excess string.

MONTGOMERY WARD

MODELS 54WG-1801A, 54WG-1801
 MODEL 64WG-1801C
 MODELS 54WG-2007A, 64WG-2007

Ref. No.	Part No.	Description	Qty. Used in Set
C-16	D66104	.10 mf 400 V Tubular.....	1
C-17A	45X341	50 mf 150 V Dry electrolytic	1
C-17B		condenser	1
C-18	D66102	.001 mf 400 V Tubular.....	1
C-19	17A116	2.5-23 mmf Trimmer.....	1

Ref. No.	Part No.	Description	Qty. Used in Set
R-1	884393	39,000 0.5 Carbon.....	1
R-2	883225	2.2 meg 0.5 Carbon.....	1
R-3	885473	47,000 0.5 Carbon.....	1
R-4	36X340	.5 meg Volume control and switch	1
R-5	885685	6.8 meg 0.5 Carbon.....	1
R-6	884474	470,000 0.5 Carbon.....	1
R-7	885474	470,000 0.5 Carbon.....	1
R-8	883151	150 0.5 Carbon.....	1
R-9	885224	220,000 0.5 Carbon.....	1
R-10	884270	27 0.5 Carbon.....	1
R-11	C85152	1500 1.0 Carbon.....	1
R-12	885105	1 meg 0.5 Carbon.....	1
R-13	C85330	33 1.0 Carbon.....	1
T-1	9A1795	"B" Band Loop Antenna.....	1
T-2	9A1805	Oscillator coil assembly.....	1
T-3	9A1782	1st I-F Transformer and can assembly.	1
T-4	9A1783	2nd I-F Transformer and can assembly	1
T-5	51X119	Output Transformer.....	1

Ref. No.	Part No.	Description	Qty. Used in Set
C-1A	14A176	Gang condenser with pulley.....	1
C-1B			1
C-2	866503	.05 mf 200 V Tubular.....	1
C-3	47X446	Molded Part of C-1	1
C-4		Part of T-3 1st I-F Transformer.....	1
C-5		Part of T-4 2nd I-F Transformer.....	1
C-6			1
C-7			1
C-8			1
C-9A	47X112	Dual mica condenser, 50 mmf.....	1
C-9B			1
C-11	866103	.01 mf 200 V Tubular.....	3
C-13			1
C-14			1
C-12	47X445	270 mmf Molded.....	1
C-15	866204	.20 mf 200 V Tubular.....	1
C-16	D66104	.10 mf 400 V Tubular.....	1
C-17A	45X341	50 mf 150 V Dry electrolytic	1
C-17B		condenser	1
C-18	D66102	.001 mf 400 V Tubular.....	1
C-19	17A116	2.5-23 mmf Trimmer.....	1

Ref. No.	Part No.	Description	Qty. Used in Set
C-1A	14A176	Gang condenser with pulley.....	1
C-1B			1
C-2	866503	.05 mf 200 V Tubular.....	1
C-3	47X446	Molded Part of C-1	1
C-4		Part of T-3 1st I-F Transformer.....	1
C-5		Part of T-4 2nd I-F Transformer.....	1
C-6			1
C-7			1
C-8			1
C-9A	47X112	Dual mica condenser, 50 mmf.....	1
C-9B			1
C-11	866103	.01 mf 200 V Tubular.....	3
C-13			1
C-14			1
C-12	47X445	270 mmf Molded.....	1
C-15	866204	.20 mf 200 V Tubular.....	1
C-16	D66104	.10 mf 400 V Tubular.....	1
C-17A	45X341	50 mf 150 V Dry electrolytic	1
C-17B		condenser	1
C-18	D66102	.001 mf 400 V Tubular.....	1
C-19	17A116	2.5-23 mmf Trimmer.....	1

MODELS 54 WG-1801A, 54 WG-1801B, 64WG-1801C

MISCELLANEOUS

12A429	5" P.M. speaker	1
	Cone and voice coil assembly for the above speaker (specify part number and letters stamped on above speaker)	1
3A303	Tube socket—octal (8 prong) molded.	3
10A297	Knob (on-off switch, volume control) tuning.....	2
28X292	Snap button (mounting loop to cabinet).....	4
13X328	Line cord and plug assembly	1

DIAL AND DRIVE ASSEMBLY

25X1380	Gang condenser mounting bracket.....	1
58X585	Dial.....	1
20X1444	Screws, dial.....	4
15X216	Speed nuts, 2-56 No. 102.....	4
	Pointer.....	1
	Clip No. 2401 (for pointer).....	1
26X463	Drive shaft (tuning).....	1
19X192	"C" washer for drive shaft.....	2
7A185	Pilot light cable & socket assembly.....	1
28X310	No. 47 Pilot light bulb.....	1
	Drive cord tension spring.....	1
	12" drive cord (18 lb. test).....	1

MODELS 54WG-2007A, 64WG-2007B

Ref. No.	Part No.	Description	Qty. Used in Set
C-1A	14A176	Gang condenser with pulley.....	1
C-1B			1
C-2	866503	.05 mf 200 V Tubular.....	1
C-3	47X446	Molded Part of C-1.....	1
C-4		Part of T-3 1st I-F Transformer.....	1
C-5		Part of T-4 2nd I-F Transformer.....	1
C-6			1
C-7			1
C-8			1
C-9A	47X112	Dual mica condenser, 50 mmf.....	1
C-9B			1
C-10	866803	.08 mf 200 V Tubular.....	1
C-11			1
C-13	866103	.01 mf 200 V Tubular.....	3
C-14			1
C-12	47X445	270 mmf Molded.....	1
C-15	866204	.20 mf 200 V Tubular.....	1

MODELS 54WG-1801A, 54WG-1801B, 64WG-1801C ONLY

RESISTORS

R-1	884393	39,000 0.5 Carbon.....	1
R-2	883225	2.2 meg 0.5 Carbon.....	1
R-3	885473	47,000 0.5 Carbon.....	1
R-4	36X340	.5 meg Volume control and switch	1
R-5	885685	6.8 meg 0.5 Carbon.....	1
R-6	884474	470,000 0.5 Carbon.....	1
R-7	885474	470,000 0.5 Carbon.....	1
R-8	883151	150 0.5 Carbon.....	1
R-9	885224	220,000 0.5 Carbon.....	1
R-10	884270	27 0.5 Carbon.....	1
R-11	C85152	1500 1.0 Carbon.....	1
R-12	C85330	33 1.0 Carbon.....	1

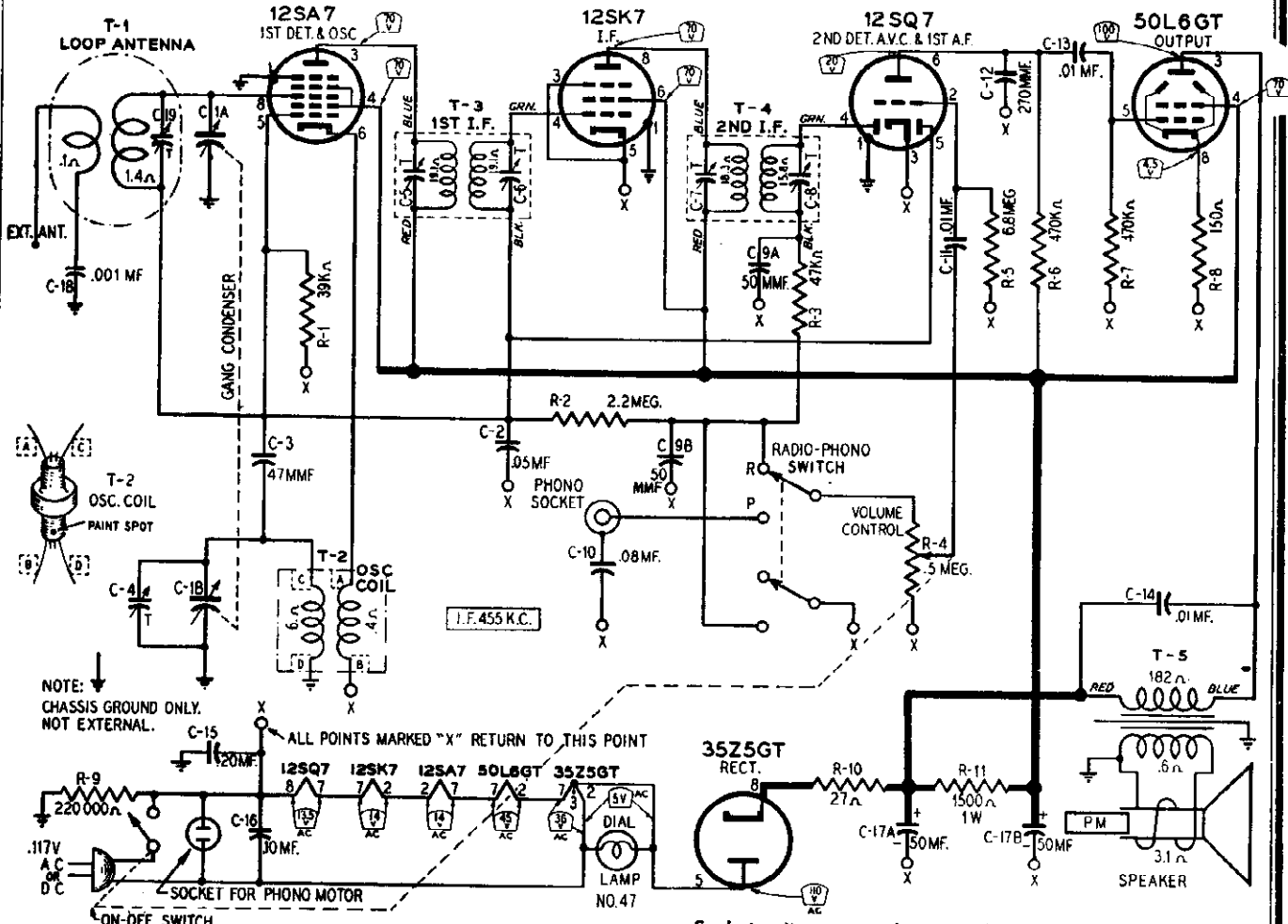
TRANSFORMERS AND COILS

T-1	9A1734	"B" Band Loop antenna.....	1
T-2	9A1805	Oscillator coil assembly.....	1
T-3	9A1782	1st I-F Transformer and can assembly	1
T-4	9A1783	2nd I-F Transformer and can assembly	1
T-5	51X123	Output Transformer.....	1

* IN MODEL 64WG-2007B ONLY

MODELS 54WG-2007A, 64WG-2007B

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NOTE: CHASSIS GROUND ONLY. NOT EXTERNAL.

ALL POINTS MARKED "X" RETURN TO THIS POINT

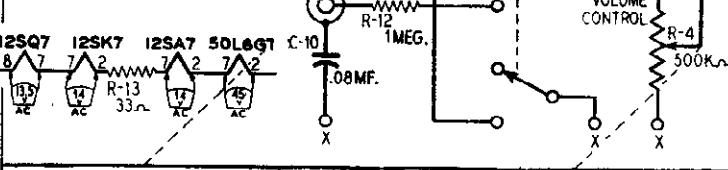
Socket voltages are shown on the schematic diagram at the tube socket terminals. All voltages except those for the heater and dial lamp are between the socket terminal and "X" point.

The readings were taken with a 1000 ohm per volt meter and all plate and screen voltages read on a 500 volt scale. Conditions of measurement are:

- Line voltage.....117 volts AC
- Volume control.....maximum
- Signal input.....none

with the speaker connected. The volume control must be set to maximum. The signal source must be an accurately calibrated signal generator capable of supplying both 1000 KC and 455 KC signals modulated 30% with a 400 cycle audio signal. Variations of Plus or Minus 25% are usually permissible.

MODEL 64WG-2007B SAME AS ABOVE WITH ADDITION OF R-12 AND R-13

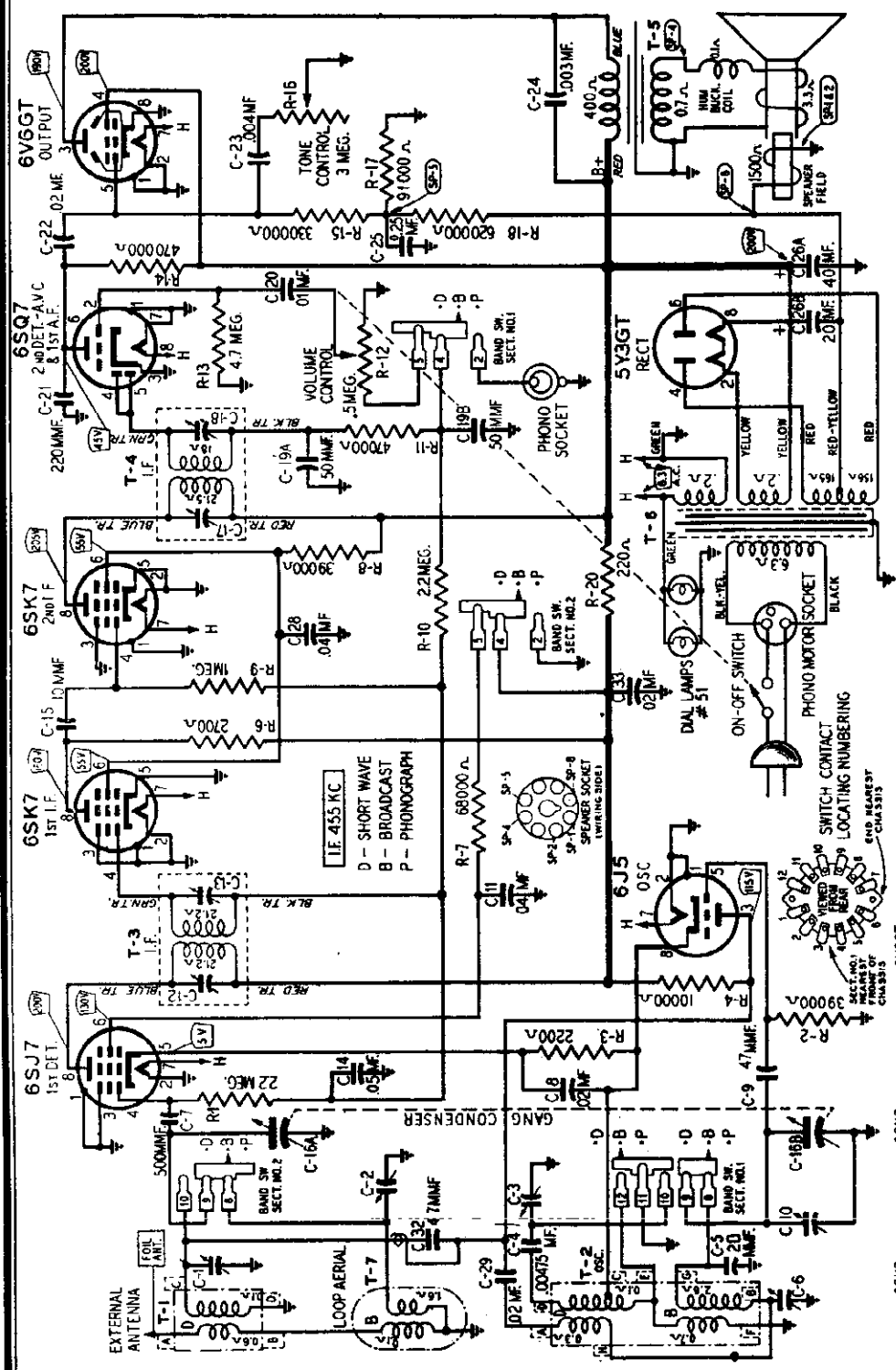


The table below lists the sensitivity at the input of each stage. All measurements are based on an output of 50 milliwatts. This may be measured by disconnecting the speaker voice coil and substituting a 3.2 ohm 5 watt resistor across the secondary winding of the output transformer. A reading of .4 volts across this resistor will be equivalent to a 50 milliwatt output

SIGNAL GENERATOR				INPUT FOR 50 MILLIWATT OUTPUT
Frequency	Coupling Capacitor	Connection to Receiver	Ground Connection	
1000 kc	200 mmf or RMA Dummy Antenna	Loop Antenna—external antenna clip	Chassis	24 microvolts
1000 kc	.05 mf	12SA7 1st Detector Pin 8	Point "X" (12SK7 Pin 3)	125 microvolts
455 kc	.05 mf	12SA7 1st Detector Pin 8	Same as above	100 microvolts
455 kc	.05 mf	12SK7, I-F Amp. Pin 4	Same as above	2500 microvolts
400 cycles	.05 mf	12SQ7, 1st A-F, Pin 2	Same as above	.042 volts
400 cycles	.05 mf	50L6GT Output, Pin 5	Same as above	1.9 volts

MONTGOMERY WARD

MODELS 54WG-2500A, 54WG-2700A
64WG-2500B, 64WG-2700A



TUBE SOCKET VOLTAGES

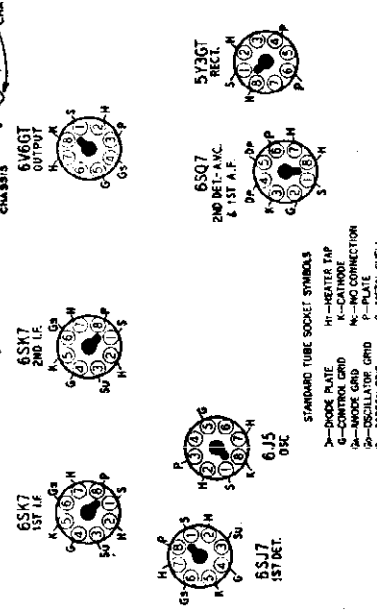
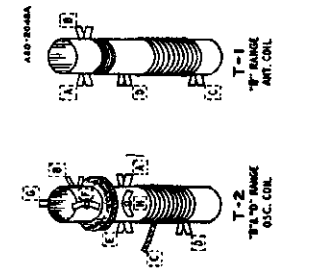
Socket voltages are shown on the schematic diagram at the tube socket terminals. All voltages are between the socket terminal and chassis ground.

The readings were taken with a 1000 ohm per volt meter and all plate and screen voltages read on a 500 volt scale.

Conditions of measurement are:

- Line voltage.....117 volts AC
- Volume control.....maximum
- Signal input.....none

A variation of ±10% is usually permissible.

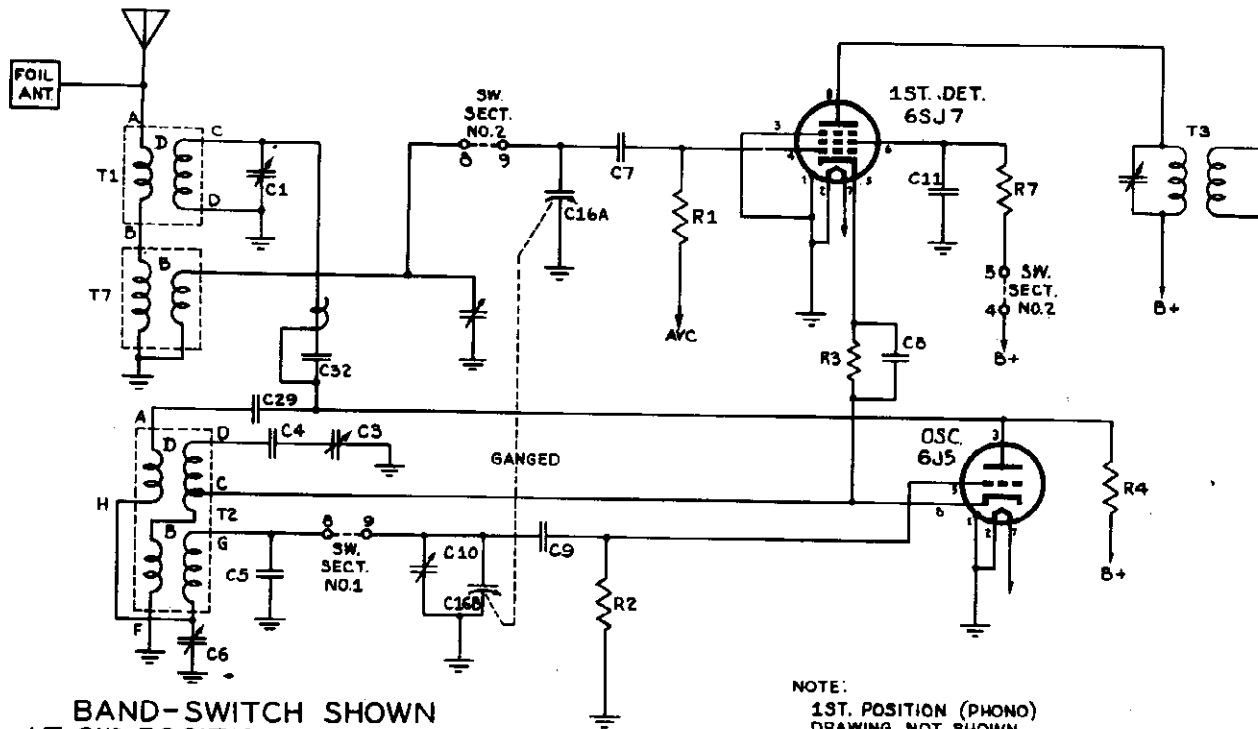


"clarified schematics"

PAGE 15-32 MONT. WARD

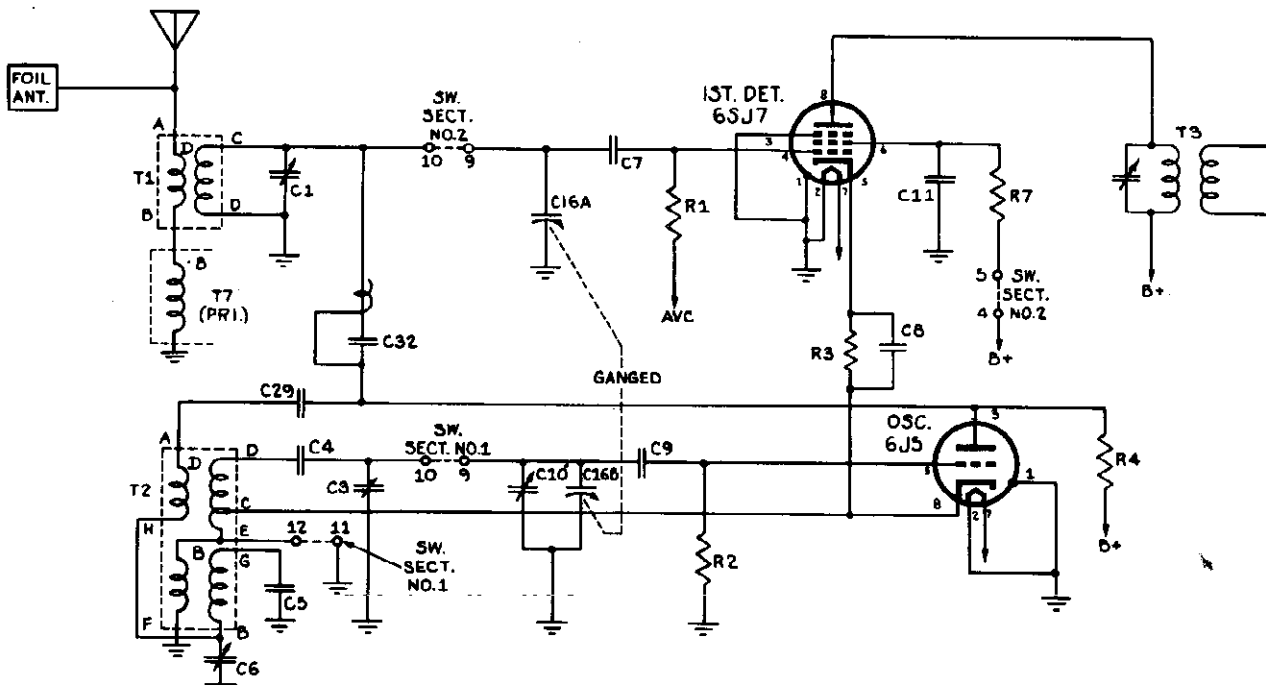
MODELS 54WG-2500A, 54WG-2700A,
64WG-2500B, 64WG-2700A

MONTGOMERY WARD



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
AT 2ND POSITION CLOCKWISE.
BROADCAST BAND
528 - 1600 KC.

NOTE:
1ST. POSITION (PHONO)
DRAWING NOT SHOWN.



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
AT 3RD POSITION CLOCKWISE.
SHORT WAVE BAND
5.75 - 18.3 MC.

MODELS 54WG-2500A, 54WG-2700A, RECEIVER STAGE SENSITIVITIES 64WG-2500B, 64WG-2700A

The table below lists the sensitivity at the input of each stage. The receiver should be tuned to 1000 KC for all readings. All measurements are based on an output of .5 watts. This may be measured by disconnecting the speaker voice coil and substituting a 3.2 ohm, 5 watt resistor across the secondary winding of the output transformer. A reading of 1.26 volts across this resistor will be equivalent to a .5 watt output with the speaker connected. The volume control must be set to maximum. The signal source must be an accurately calibrated signal generator capable of supplying both 1000 KC and 455 KC signals modulated 30% with a 400 cycle audio signal. Variations of Plus or Minus 25% are usually permissible.

Frequency	SIGNAL GENERATOR			INPUT FOR .5 WATT OUTPUT
	Coupling Capacitor	Connection to Receiver	Ground Connection	
1000 kc	200 mmf or RMA Dummy Antenna	External antenna lead (white)	Chassis	2.3 microvolts
1000 kc	.05 mf	6SJ7 1st Detector, Pin 4	Same as above	17 microvolts
455 kc	.05 mf	6SJ7 1st Detector, Pin 4	Same as above	5.0 microvolts
455 kc	.05 mf	6SK7 1st I-F, Pin 4	Same as above	1300 microvolts
400 cycles	.05 mf	6SQ7 1st A-F, Pin 2	Same as above	.07 volts
400 cycles	.05 mf	6V6GT Output, Pin 5	Same as above	3.8 volts

ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Power Supply.....105-125 volts AC, 50-60 cycles, MODEL 54 WG-2500A 55 watts, MODEL 64WG-2500B

Power Supply.....105-125 volts AC, 60 cycles, MODEL 54 WG-2700A 55 watts normal, 72 watts phono MODEL 64WG-2700A operating

MODELS 54WG-2500A, 54WG-2700A, *64WG-2500B, 64WG-2700A

Frequency Range.....B range—528-1600 KC

D range—5.75 to 18.3 MC

Intermediate Frequency .455 KC

Selectivity.....43 KC broad at 1000 times signal, 1000 KC

Sensitivity.....(for .5 watt output) with external antenna

B range—2.5 microvolts average

D range—12 microvolts average

Power Output.....3.5 watts maximum

2 watts, 10% distortion

Loud Speaker.....8" electro dynamic

*MODEL 64WG-2500B uses a 10" speaker

MODEL 64WG-2700A
MODEL 54 WG-2700A

50 CYCLE OPERATION

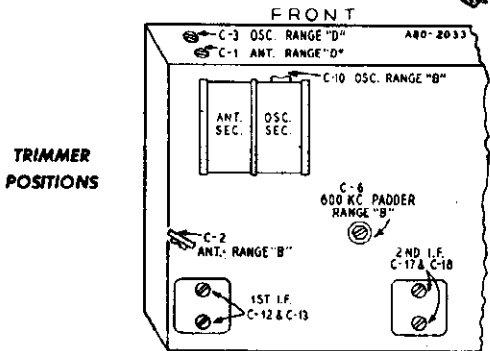
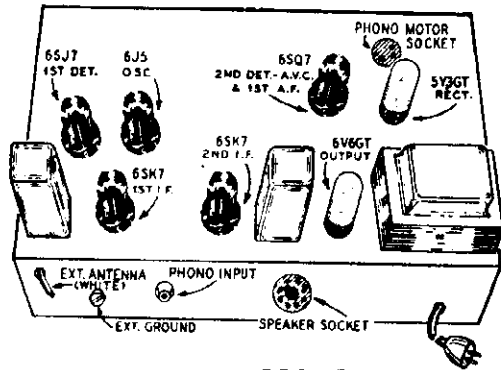
If it is desired to use the radio and record player on a 50 cycle power supply, it will be necessary to replace the metal drive pulley on the record player motor shaft with a 50 cycle pulley. This pulley is listed in the parts list.

To change the pulley, turn the record selector post to the 12" position and lift the turntable off of the record changer. Loosen the set screw holding the drive pulley on the motor shaft and remove the old pulley. Install the new 50 cycle pulley and replace the turntable.

MODELS 54WG-2500A, 54WG-2700A

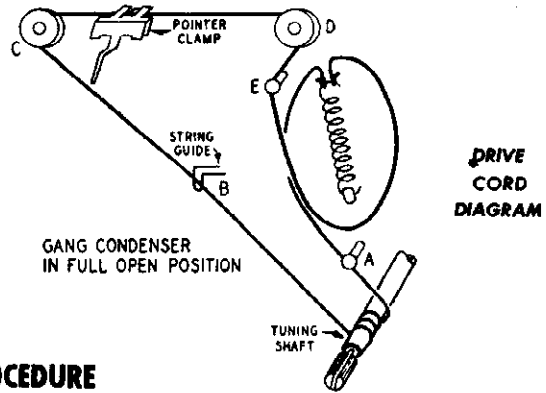
64WG-2500B, 64WG-2700A

MONTGOMERY WARD



DRIVE CORD REPLACEMENT

Turn the gang condenser to the fully open position. Use a new drive cord 40" long and tie one end to the tension spring. Hook the other end of the tension spring to the tab on the drive pulley. Pass the cord through the slot in the drive pulley rim and continue one half turn counterclockwise around the drive pulley. Then pass the cord around idler stud A and wind three turns clockwise around the tuning shaft (turns must progress away from chassis). Pass cord through string guide B, over pulleys C and D and around idler stud E. Wrap 3/4 turn counterclockwise around drive pulley, stretch the tension spring and tie free end of the cord to spring. Cut off any excess string.



ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

Volume Control—Maximum All Adjustments.
Connect Radio Chassis to Ground Post of Signal Generator with a Short Heavy Lead.
Allow Chassis and Signal Generator to "Heat Up" for several Minutes.

The following equipment is required for aligning:
An All Wave Signal Generator which will provide an accurately calibrated signal at the test frequencies as listed.
Output Indicating Meter; Non-Metallic Screwdriver.
Dummy Antennas—.1 mf., 100 mmf., and 400 ohms.

	SIGNAL GENERATOR		Dummy Antenna	Band Switch Setting	Condenser Setting	ADJUST TRIMMERS TO MAXIMUM
	Frequency Setting	Connection at Radio				
I-F	455 kc	6SJ7, Pin 4	.1 mf	B Range	Turn Rotor to Full Open	2nd I-F (C17) & (C18) 1st I-F (C12) & (C13)
RANGE B	1600 kc	Antenna Lead	100 mmf	B Range	Turn Rotor to Full Open	Oscillator Range B (C10)
	1400 kc	Antenna Lead	100 mmf	B Range	Turn Rotor to Max. Output Set Indicator to 1400 KC See Note A	Antenna Range B (C2)
	600 kc	Antenna Lead	100 mmf	B Range	Turn Rotor to Max. Output	600 kc (C6) Rock Rotor—See Note B

Repeat above oscillator adjustments at 1600 and 600 KC until readjusting the oscillator Range B Trimmer (C10) causes no further improvement in output.

RANGE D	18,300 kc	Antenna Lead	400 Ohm	D Range	Turn Rotor to Full Open	Oscillator Range D (C3)
	17,000 kc	Antenna Lead	400 Ohm	D Range	Turn Rotor to Max. Output	Antenna Range D (C1) Rock Rotor—See Note B
LOOP RANGE B	Reassemble chassis in cabinet. 1400 kc	Antenna Lead	100 mmf	B Range	Turn Rotor to Max. Output	Antenna Range B (C2)

After each range is completed, repeat the procedure as a final check.

pointer at the 1400 KC mark on the dial scale.

NOTE A—If the pointer is not at 1400 KC on the dial, re-set

NOTE B—Turn the rotor back and forth and adjust the trimmer until the peak of greatest intensity is obtained.

MONTGOMERY WARD

MODELS 54 WG-2500A, *54 WG-2700A, x64 WG-2500B, *64 WG-2700A

Ref. No.	Part No.	Description	Qty. Used in Set	Ref. No.	Part No.	Description	Qty. Used in Set
CAPACITORS				TRANSFORMERS AND COILS			
C-1	17A163	2-25 mmf Ant. "D" Range Trimmer..	1	T-1	9A1451	Antenna transformer assembly "D" range.....	1
C-3		2-25 mmf Osc. "D" Range Trimmer..		T-2	9A1452	Oscillator coil assembly.....	1
C-2	17A149	1.2-12 mmf Loop aerial trimmer.....	1	T-3	9A1810	1st I-F transformer and can assembly..	1
C-4	46X289	.00475 180 V Tubular.....	1	T-4	9A1811	2nd I-F transformer and can assembly..	1
C-5	47X482	20 mmf Molded.....	1	T-5	51X97	Output transformer.....	1
C-6	17A234	250-525 mmf 600 kc Padder.....	1	T-6	53X235	117 volt, 60 cycle standard power transformer.....	1
C-7	D66501	.0005 mf 500 V Tubular.....	1	T-6	53X237	117 volt, 25 cycle standard power transformer.....	1
C-8	B66203	.02 mf 200 V Tubular.....	2	T-6	53X236	117-234 volt, 40-60 cycle Universal power transformer.....	1
C-29				T-7	9A1453	"B" Band loop antenna.....	1
C-9	47X463	47 mmf Molded.....	1	MISCELLANEOUS			
C-10		Part of gang condenser C-16.....		12A398	8" Electro dynamic speaker.....	1	
C-11	D66403	.04 mf 400 V Tubular.....	2	Cone and voice coil assembly (specify part number and letter stamped on above speaker).....			
C-28				3A303	Tube socket—octal (8 prong) molded	7	
C-12		Part of 1st I-F Assembly		3A293	Speaker socket—octal (8 prong) molded.....	1	
C-13		Part of 2nd I-F Assembly.....		3A304	Phono motor socket.....	1	
C-14	B66503	.05 mf 200 V Tubular.....	1	3A305	Single pin-tip socket (phono).....	1	
C-15	47X477	10 mmf Molded.....	1	10A530	Knob (volume control).....	1	
C-16	14A185	2 section gang condenser complete with drive pulley.....	1	10A531	Knob (tuning).....	1	
C-17	47X112	50 mmf Dual Mica.....	1	10A532	Knob (tone control).....	1	
C-18			50 mmf		10A533	Knob (band change switch).....	1
C-19-A				13X328	Line cord and plug assembly.....	1	
C-19B				2A177	Band and phono switch.....	1	
C-20	B66103	.01 mf 200 V Tubular.....	1	9A1229	Counterpoise antenna foil.....	1	
C-21	47X468	220 mmf Molded.....	1	8X99	Rubber chassis cushions (chassis to cabinet).....	4	
C-22	D66203	.02 mf 400 V Tubular.....	2	DIAL AND DRIVE ASSEMBLY			
C-33					25X839	Gang mounting bracket.....	1
C-23	B66402	.004 mf 200 V Tubular.....	1	6X26	Rubber grommets } Mounting gang	4	
C-24	D66302	.003 mf 400 V Tubular.....	1	20X347	Con. cushion studs } condenser and	4	
C-25	B66234	.25 mf 200 V Tubular.....	1	19X163	Flgt washer } bracket to chassis	4	
C-26A	45X277	40 mf 400 V Dry electrolytic..	1	24X360	Idler pulley.....	2	
C-26B		20 mf 450 V		20X268	Idler stud.....	4	
C-32	47X478	4.7 mmf Molded.....	1	25X841	Brace bracket.....	1	
RESISTORS							
		Ohms Watts		58X593	Dial scale glass.....	1	
R-1	B85225	2.2 meg. 0.5 Carbon.....	2	30X475	Glass clamp.....	2	
R-10					58X601	Dial background.....	1
R-2	B84393	39,000 0.5 Carbon.....	1	25X838	Dial bracket.....	1	
R-3	B84223	2200 0.5 Carbon.....	1	4X871	Dial escutcheon.....	1	
R-4	C84103	10,000 1.0 Carbon.....	1	No. 2 x 3/8 Phillips Fr. oval hd. Stat. bronze (screws for escutcheon mounting).....			
R-6	B84272	2700 0.5 Carbon.....	1	No. 2 x 3/8 Phillips Fr. oval hd. Stat. bronze (screws for escutcheon mounting).....			
R-7	B84683	68,000 0.5 Carbon.....	1	15X225	Pointer for dial scale.....	1	
R-8	C84393	39,000 1.0 Carbon.....	1	40" drive cord (18 lb. test).....	1		
R-9	B85105	1.0 meg. 0.5 Carbon.....	1	28X44	Tension spring for drive cord.....	1	
R-11	B85473	47,000 0.5 Carbon.....	1	26X336	Drive shaft (tuning).....	1	
R-12	36X311	500,000 Volume control, ON-OFF switch.....	1	25X580	Drive shaft bracket.....	1	
R-13	B85475	4.7 meg. 0.5 Carbon.....	1	19X192	"C" washers for drive shaft.....	2	
R-14	B85474	470,000 0.5 Carbon.....	1	7A142	Pilot light socket assembly.....	2	
R-15	B85334	330,000 0.5 Carbon.....	1	41X75	Dial lamp (No. 51).....	2	
R-16	40X259	3. meg. Tone control.....	1		Light shield.....	2	
R-17	B83913	91,000 0.5 Carbon.....	1				
R-18	B83624	620,000 0.5 Carbon.....	1				
R-20	B85221	220 0.5 Carbon.....	1				

*The parts listed in the second column apply to all models with the following exceptions for MODELS 54 WG-2700A and 64 WG-2700A:

T-6	53X235	117 volt, 60 cycle standard power transformer.....	1	12A401	8" Electro dynamic speaker.....	1
T-7	9A1395	"B" Band loop antenna.....	1	9A1842	Counterpoise antenna foil.....	1
	26A382	Pulley Mtg. Plate Assem. Complete with idler pulleys, idler studs, brace brackets, string guide and dial background.....	1	TYPE W-28111 RECORD CHANGER PARTS		
				W-15X084-6	Motor assembly, 60 cycle, 115 volt...	1
				Astatic L-75	Crystal cartridge.....	1
				41P544-4	50 cycle drive pulley.....	1

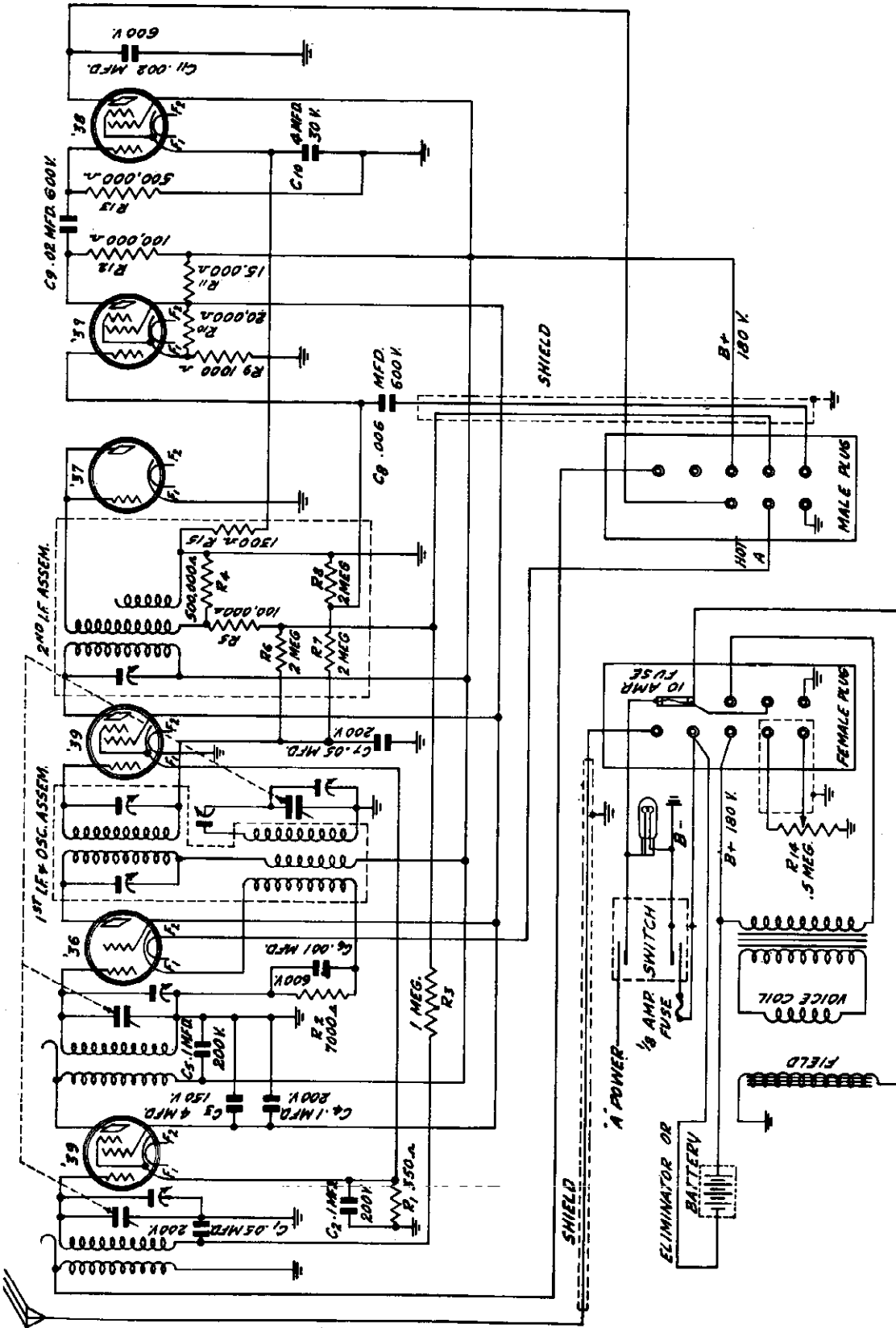
* The parts listed in the second column apply to all models with the following exceptions for MODEL 64 WG-2500B:

C-7	D67501	.0005 mf 400 V Tubular.....	1
	9A1842	Counterpoise antenna foil.....	1
	12A399	10" Electro dynamic speaker.....	1

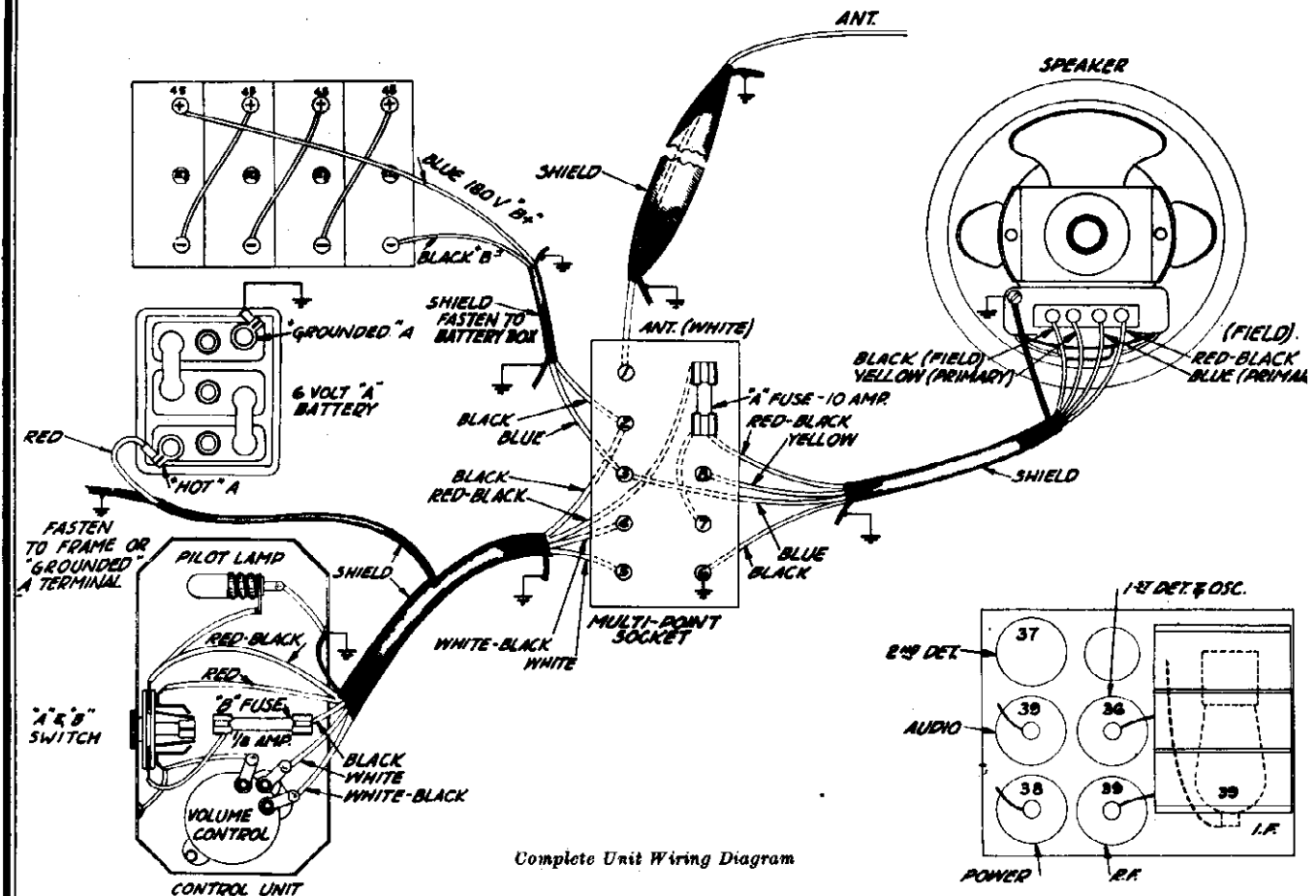
MONTGOMERY WARD

IF PEAK 262 KC

5-32



MONTGOMERY WARD



Complete Unit Wiring Diagram

Voltages at Sockets

In the following chart are given the voltages at the sockets. Before checking the voltages at the sockets, a convenient point, in some cases, to check the applied "A" and "B" voltages is at the speaker terminal strip. A high resistance voltmeter should be used.

CAUTION—Do not check the "A" and "B" voltages at the multi-point socket on the cable head, as the pilot light may be burned out when the switch is turned off. This is due to the high inductance of the speaker field, which will increase the voltage at the break of the circuit. Also, when the cable head and multi-point socket is taken off, the connections between the chassis and power unit are open so that readings are not made under load conditions.

To read the voltages at the sockets, the chassis box, in most cases, will have to be taken off of its mount-

ing. In some instances, the cables, which may be attached to the dash or at other points, will have to be taken off. The voltages can be read at the sockets with a long plug or with a pair of long, insulated test prods. If these are not available, it will be necessary to remove the chassis from the box. The multi-point socket on the cable head is then re-connected to the multi-point plug on the chassis. Considerable care must be taken when the chassis is out of the case in this manner to prevent accidental short circuits of plus "B" or plus "A" points to ground.

All tubes must be inserted and all units connected. A signal will effect the control voltages on the R. F., I. F., and first audio tubes. If signals are received, ground the antenna and remove the second detector tube to make the other readings.

Type of Tube	Function	Across Heater	Plate to Cathode	Screen to Cathode	Grid to Cathode	Normal Plate MA
'39	R. F.	6.	177	80	3	3.6
'36	1st Det.	6.	173	76	7 ⁽¹⁾	.9 ⁽¹⁾
'39	I. F.	6.	177	80	3	3.6
'37	2nd Det.	6.	0		0	0
'39	1st Audio	6.	54	77	6	1.2
'38	Output	6.	159	165	15.5	10

(1) Will vary with dial setting.

NOTE: All bias voltages must be read from cathode to ground.

MODEL 62 Series

MONTGOMERY WARD

CHASSIS PARTS

Part No.	Description	Cost Price	Selling Price
P-1531	No. 39 Tube Socket (Long Lug)	.04	.10
P-1536	No. 39 Tube Socket (Short Lug)	.04	.10
P-1530	No. 38 Tube Socket (Long Lug)	.03	.08
P-1529	No. 37 Tube Socket (Long Lug)	.03	.08
P-1555	No. 36 Tube Socket (Short Lug)	.04	.10
P-5021	First I. F. and Oscillator Assembly, Complete with Trimmer Condensers and can	.83	2.08
P-5022	Second I. F. Transformer Assembly, Complete with Trimmer Condenser, Resistors and Can.	.91	2.28
P-5023	Antenna and Interstage E. F. Transformer Assembly, Complete with Can.	.53	1.33
P-5024	Antenna E. F. Transformer	.24	.60
P-5025	Interstage E. F. Transformer	.24	.60
P-1539	Oscillator 600 K. C. Tracking Condenser	.11	.28
P-1560	Drive Gear Hub (for Gang Condenser)	.04	.10
P-40876	Condenser Drive Bushing	.03	.08
P-10824	Rubber Drive Frision	.02	.05
P-1082	Grid Cap & Wire	.02	.05
P-1562	Multi-Point Plug	.04	.15
P-1543	Multi-Point Socket	.12	.30
P-10211	Long Rubber Bumper (for top of tubes)	.02	.05
P-10210	Short Rubber Bumper (for top of tubes)	.02	.05
P-20516	6-32 Wing Nuts (for Chassis box cover)	.02	.05

Resistors

Part No.	Key No.	Resistance	Type	Cost Price	Selling Price
P-A-90953	R-1	350 Ohms	Carbon	.06	.15
P-A-90979	R-3	7,000 Ohms	Carbon	.06	.15
P-A-90948	R-3	1 Megohm	Carbon	.06	.15
P-A-90929	R-4	500,000 Ohms	Carbon	.06	.15
P-A-90912	R-5	100,000 Ohms	Carbon	.06	.15
P-A-90949	R-6	2 Megohm	Carbon	.06	.15
P-A-90949	R-8	2 Megohm	Carbon	.06	.15
P-A-91023	R-9	800 Ohms	Carbon	.05	.13
P-A-90930	R-10	10,000 Ohms	Carbon	.05	.13
P-A-90930	R-10-A	10,000 Ohms	Carbon	.05	.13
P-B-91020	R-11	15,000 Ohms	Carbon	.06	.15
P-A-91054	R-12	250,000 Ohms	Carbon	.06	.15

Prices subject to change without notice.

Part No.	Key No.	Resistance	Type	Cost Price	Selling Price
P-A-90948	R-13	1 Megohm	Carbon	.06	.15
P-81009	R-14	0-500,000 Ohms Control	Volume Control	.22	.55
P-A-91022	R-15	900 Ohms	Carbon	.05	.13
P-81013	R-16	0-150,000 Ohms	Tone Control	.21	.53

Condensers

Part No.	Key No.	Capacity	Type	Cost Price	Selling Price
P-80907	C-12	.02 mfd.	Metal Case (for tone control)	.13	.33
P-80902-D	C-10	4.0 mfd.	Electrolytic Condenser	.53	1.38
	C-3	4.0 mfd.			
	C-1	.05 mfd.			
P-80903-D	C-9	.02 mfd.	Black	.42	1.05
	C-7	.05 mfd.			
	C-5	.10 mfd.			
	C-2	.10 mfd.			
P-80806	C-11	.002 mfd.	Molded	.07	.18
	C-8	.006 mfd.			
P-80822	C-6	.001 mfd.	Molded	.17	.43
P-80821	C-6	.001 mfd.	Molded	.06	.15
P-80904		Three-Gang	Variable Condenser	1.05	2.63

(In One Package)—Supplied with each set.

P-10216	6 Felt Strips	.04 doz.
P-20514-B	Dash Mounting Plate (A)	.06 ea.
P-20496	Chassis Mounting Base (D)	.10 ea.
P-20495	Chassis Mounting Clamp (D)	.06 ea.
P-10223	12 feet $\frac{1}{4}$ " Loom (G)	.22 ea.

(In One Bag)—Supplied with each set.

3- $\frac{1}{4}$ "	-20 x 3" Special Square Head Bolts (A)	.10 doz.
9- $\frac{1}{4}$ "	-20 Square Nuts (A)	.08 doz.
8- $\frac{1}{4}$ "	x 1" Steel Washers, No. 266 (A)	.03 doz.
4- $\frac{1}{4}$ "	Lockwashers (A)	.08 doz.
4-	Flat Washers, No. 10 x $\frac{1}{2}$ OD (A)	.08 doz.
5-6-32	x $\frac{1}{4}$ " Blued Finish Fillister Head Screws (B)	.08 doz.
5-	No. 6 Lockwashers (B)	.08 doz.
6-	No. 10213 Rubber Bands (C)	.04 doz.
10-	10-32 x $\frac{3}{8}$ " Blued Finish Fillister Head Screws (D)	.08 doz.
10-	No. 10 Lockwashers (D)	.03 doz.
2-	$\frac{1}{4}$ " Headless Cup Point Set Screw (D)	.10 doz.
2-	8-32 Headless Cup Point Set Screw (E)	.05 doz.
4-	8-32 x $\frac{3}{8}$ " Blued Finish Fillister Head Screws (E)	.08 doz.
4-	No. 8 Lockwashers (E)	.03 doz.
2-	Radio Switch Keys	.06 ea.
3-	No. 20511-B Steering Post Clamp (E)	.04 ea.
4-	Carpet Tacks (F)	.03 doz.

CONTROL UNIT PARTS

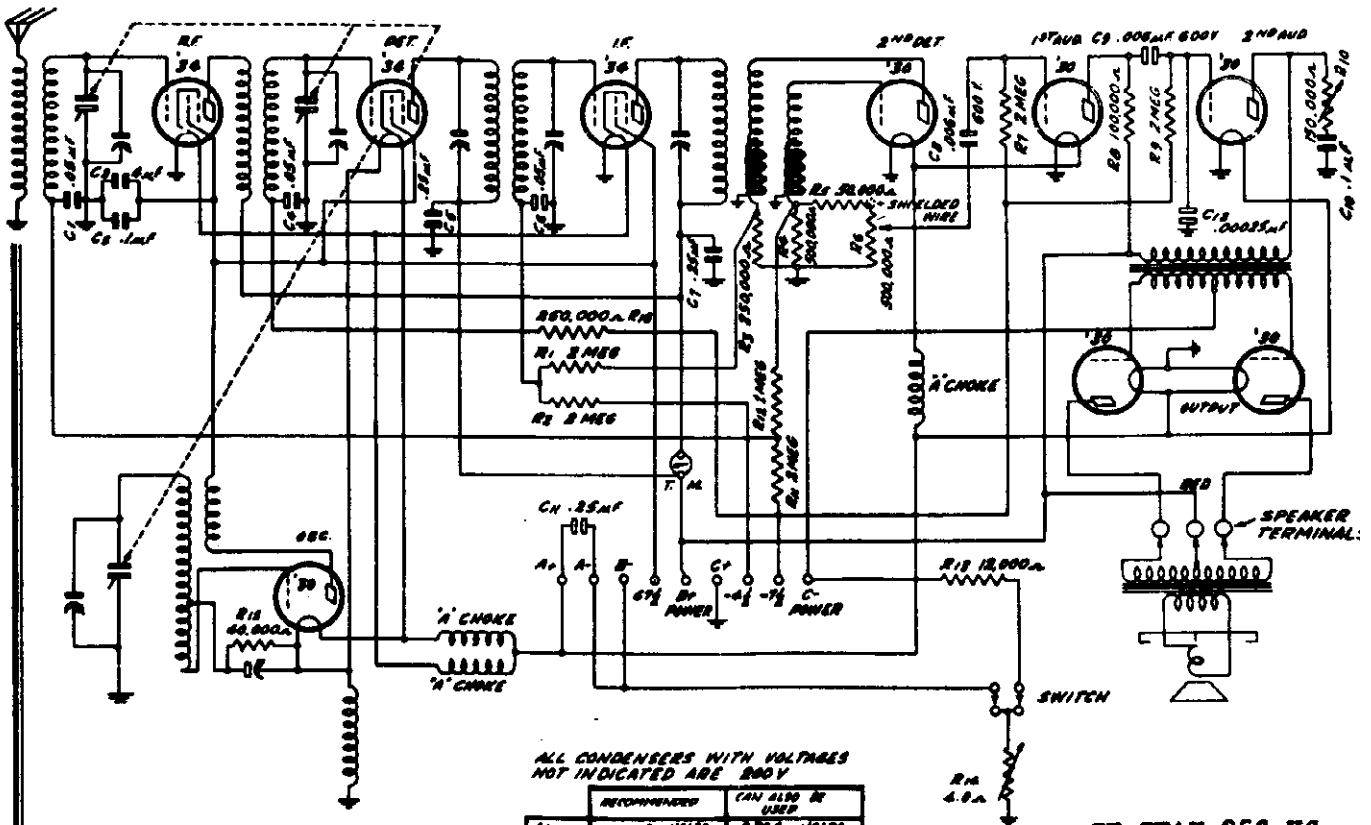
Part No.	Description	Cost Price	Selling Price
P-81009	R-14 Volume Control	.22	.55
P-1567	$\frac{1}{4}$ amp. "B" Fuse	.03	.08
P-1544	Lock Switch	.24	.60
P-1563	8 Volt Pilot Lamp	.06	.15
P-1562	Control Knob	.04	.10
P-1591	Pilot Lamp Socket & Clip	.04	.10
P-1592	Dial Strip & Gear Assembly	.06	.15
P-10224	Rubber Drive Pinion	.02	.05

SHIELDED CABLES

Part No.	Description	Cost Price	Selling Price
P-70725	Shielded Antenna Cable	.20	.50
P-70724	Control Box Shielded Cable	.40	1.00
P-70725	Shielded Speaker Cable	.34	.80
P-70726	Shielded "B" Supply Cable	.34	.80

- (A)—Used for Mounting Chassis to Dash
- (B)—Used for Attaching Cable Head to Chassis
- (C)—For Tubes
- (D)—Used for Mounting Chassis on Steering Column
- (E)—Used for Mounting Control Unit
- (F)—Used to Tack Back on Speaker
- (G)—Used to Carry "B" Cable if Cable Is Under Car Body

MONTGOMERY WARD



ALL CONDENSERS WITH VOLTAGES NOT INDICATED ARE 200V

	RECOMMENDED	CAN ALSO BE USED
A ₁	3 VOLTS	275V VOLTS
A ₂ FILAMENT	1.2 VOLTS	1.8V VOLTS
C-POWER	10 1/2 VOLTS	15V VOLTS (FOR 100 VOLTS @)

IF PEAK 256 KC

Part No.	Description	Cost Price	Selling Price
P-20388	Condenser Shield (for 3-Gang Condenser)	.05	.11
P-20406	Tube Shield	.03	.08
P-20408	Tube Shield Base	.02	.03
P-1472	No. 34 Tube Socket	.03	.08
P-1471	No. 30 Tube Socket	.03	.08
P-70733	Nine-Wire Battery Cable	.24	.60
P-1520-A	Off-On Switch	.18	.45
P-1647	Small Walnut Knob	.04	.10
P-1646	Large Walnut Knob	.04	.10
P-1508	Black Bakelite Knob for Filament Control	.05	.13
P-5041	Antenna R.F. Transformer Assembly	.16	.40
P-5040	Interstage R.F. Transformer Assembly	.18	.45
P-5042	Oscillator Coil Assembly	.24	.60
P-5043	1st I.F. Assembly, complete with can	.46	1.15
P-5044	2nd I.F. Assembly, complete with can	.48	1.20
P-5018	Filament Choke Coil	.09	.23
P-5061	Oscillator Series Filament Choke Coil	.07	.18
P-50551	Audio Transformer	.58	1.45
P-40413	Can for R.F. and Oscillator Assemblies	.05	.13
P-1627	Tuning Meter	.58	1.45
P-1393	Pointer Assembly	.06	.15
P-1382	Drive Disc Hub and Fulcrum Assembly	.07	.18
P-20434-A	Bracket for Dial Strip	.02	.05
P-1510	White Celluloid Dial Strip	.06	.15
P-20555	Tension Spring (Tone control pointer)	.02	.05
P-20556	Tension Spring (Volume control pointer)	.02	.05
P-30374	Bushing for Rubber Pinion	.03	.08
P-10224	Rubber Pinion	.02	.05
P-1634	Permanent Magnet Dynamic Speaker	3.85	9.63

RESISTORS

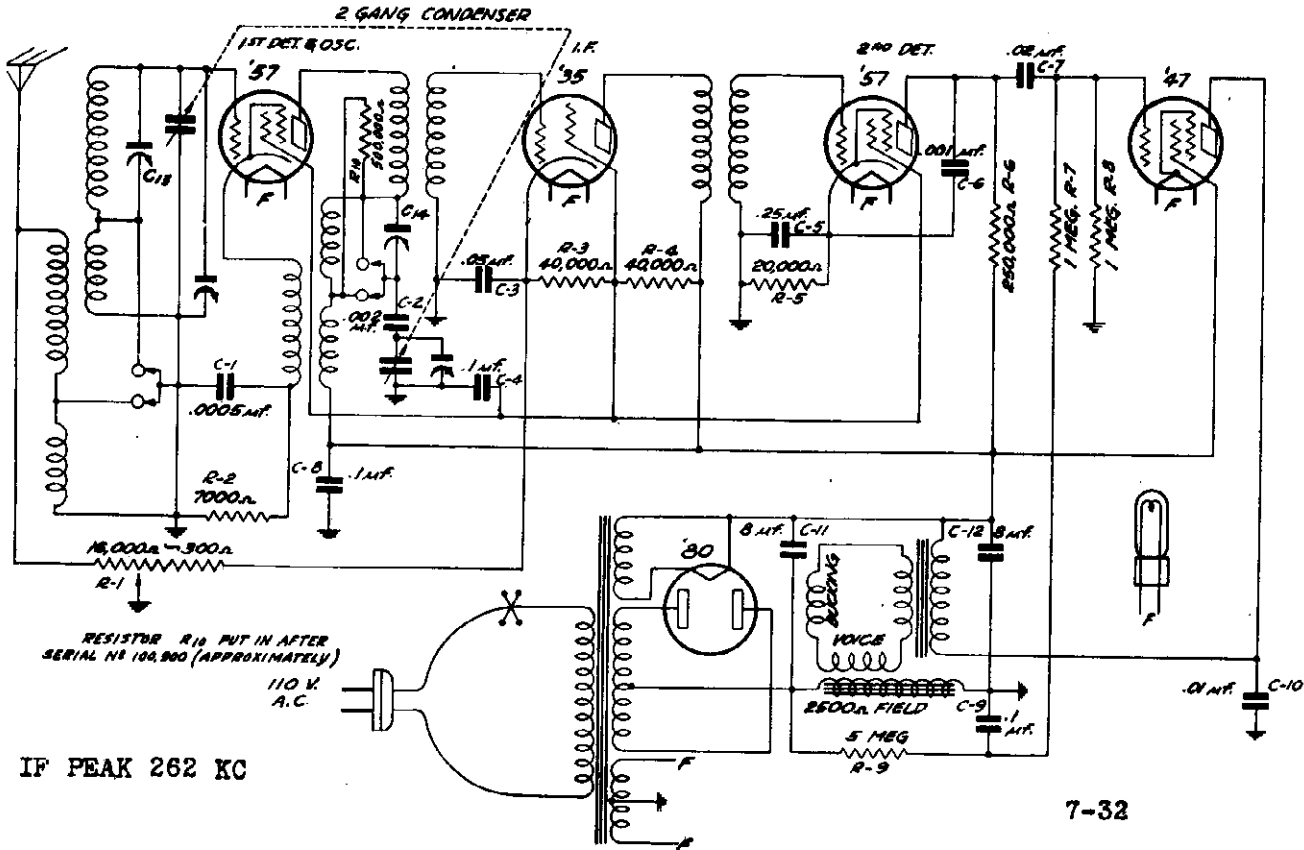
Part No.	Code	Resistance	Type	Cost Price	Selling Price
P-A-90949	R-1	2 Megohms	Carbon	.06	.15
P-A-90949	R-2	2 Megohms	Carbon	.06	.15
P-A-90954	R-3	250,000 ohms	Carbon	.06	.15
P-A-90929	R-4	500,000 ohms	Carbon	.06	.15
P-A-90941	R-5	50,000 ohms	Carbon	.06	.15
P-91027	R-6	500,000 ohms	Volume Control	.24	.60
P-A-90949	R-7	2 Megohm	Carbon	.06	.15
P-A-90912	R-8	100,000 ohms	Carbon	.06	.15
P-A-90949	R-9	2 Megohm	Carbon	.06	.15
P-91028	R-10	150,000 ohms	Tone Control	.19	.48
P-A-90949	R-11	2 Megohm	Carbon	.06	.15
P-A-90948	R-12	1 Megohm	Carbon	.06	.15
P-A-90982	R-13	12,000 ohms	Carbon	.06	.15
P-90996	R-14	4 ohm	Filament Control	.18	.43
P-A-90916	R-15	40,000 ohms	Carbon	.06	.15
P-A-90954	R-16	250,000 ohms	Carbon	.06	.15

CONDENSERS

Part No.	Code	Capacity	Voltage	Type	Cost Price	Selling Price
P-80862-B	C-1	.05 mfd.	200 V.	Tubular	.07	.14
P-80878-A	C-2	4.0 mfd.	150 V.	Electrolytic	.19	.40
P-80864-C	C-3	.1 mfd.	200 V.	Tubular	.07	.14
P-80862-B	C-4	.05 mfd.	200 V.	Tubular	.07	.14
P-80888	C-5	.25 mfd.	200 V.	Tubular	.10	.20
P-80862-B	C-6	.05 mfd.	200 V.	Tubular	.07	.14
P-80888	C-7	.25 mfd.	200 V.	Tubular	.10	.20
P-80898	C-8	.006 mfd.	600 V.	Molded	.04	.10
P-80898	C-9	.006 mfd.	600 V.	Molded	.04	.10
P-80864-C	C-10	.1 mfd.	200 V.	Tubular	.07	.14
P-80888	C-11	.25 mfd.	200 V.	Tubular	.10	.20
P-80897		Three-Gang Variable Condenser			1.42	3.50
P-1385		Oscillator 600 K.C. Trim Cond.			.20	.50

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MONTGOMERY WARD



RESISTORS

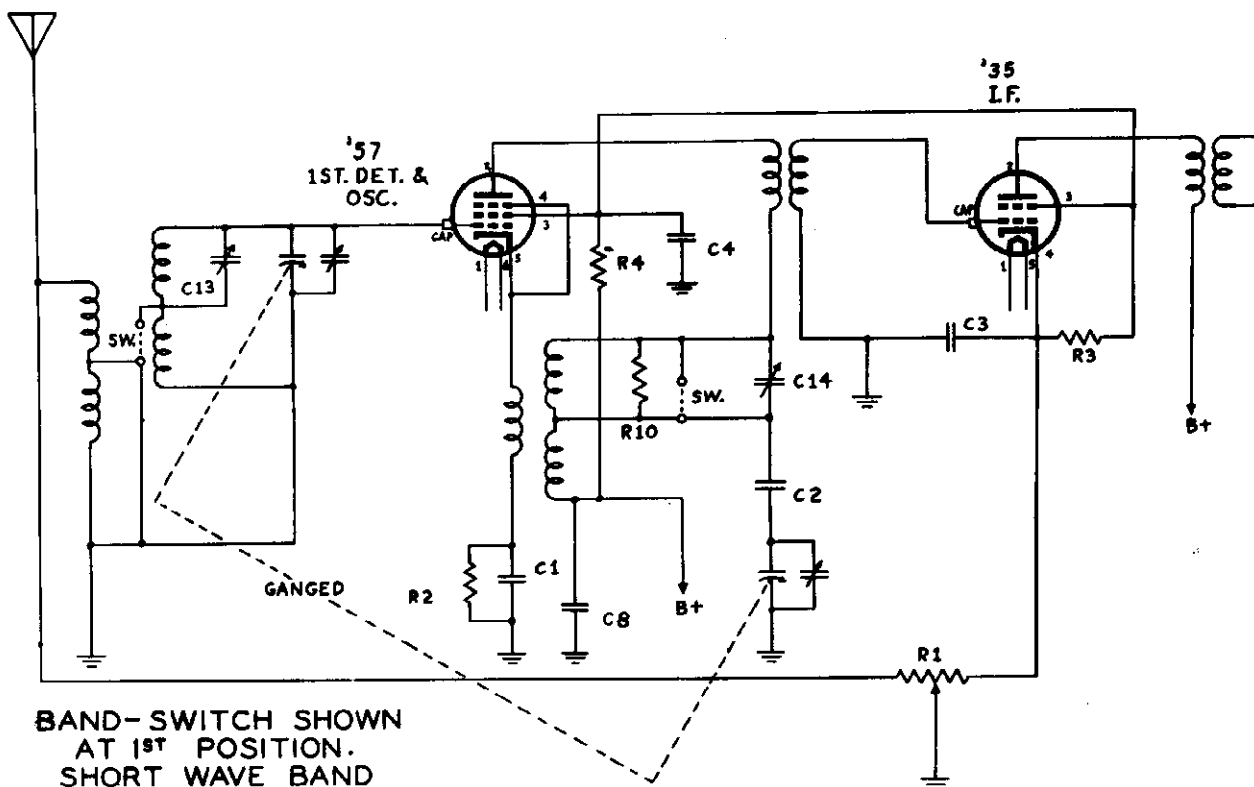
Part No.	Code	Resistance	Type	Cost Price	Selling Price	Part No.	Name	Cost Price	Selling Price
P-91019	R-1	Volume Control & 110 V. A.C.	Switch	.34	.85	P-50548	110 V. 60 Cycle Power Transformer	\$0.76	\$1.90
P-A-90979	R-2	7,000 ohm	Carbon	.06	.15	P-50558	110 V. 25 Cycle Power Transformer	1.68	4.20
P-B-91021	R-3	40,000 ohm	Carbon	.06	.15	P-1474	'80 Tube Socket	.04	.10
P-B-91021	R-4	40,000 ohm	Carbon	.06	.15	P-1464	'35 Tube Socket	.04	.10
P-A-90959	R-5	20,000 ohm	Carbon	.05	.13	P-1468	'47 Tube Socket	.04	.10
P-A-90954	R-6	250,000 ohm	Carbon	.05	.13	P-1580	'57 Tube Socket	.04	.10
P-A-90948	R-7	1,000,000 ohm	Carbon	.06	.15	P-1273	Pilot Light, 2.5 V.	.06	.15
P-A-90948	R-8	1,000,000 ohm	Carbon	.06	.15	P-20479	Mounting Strap for Electrolytic Condenser	.04	.10
P-A-91015	R-9	5,000,000 ohm	Carbon	.06	.15	P-70702	Attachment Cord and Plug	.23	.58
P-A-90929	R-10	500,000 ohm	Carbon	.06	.15	P-20513	L. Bracket for Broadcast Short-Wave Switch	.02	.05

CONDENSERS

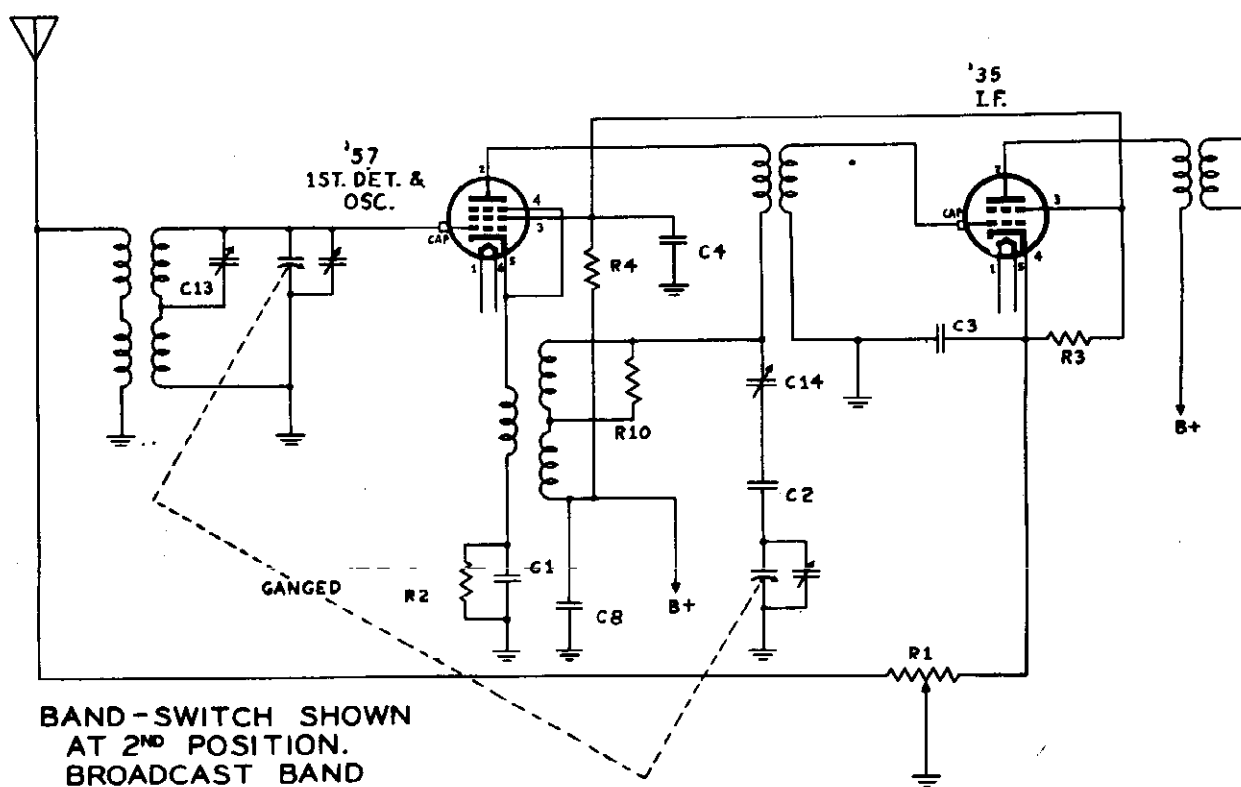
Part No.	Code	Capacity Voltage	Type	Cost Price	Selling Price	Part No.	Name	Cost Price	Selling Price
P-80867	C-1	.0005 mfd., 600 V.	Moulded	.05	.13	P-1515	Small Knob	.04	.10
P-80808	C-2	.002 mfd., 600 V.	Moulded	.07	.18	P-1516	Large Knob	.05	.13
P-80890	C-3	.05 mfd., 400 V.	Tubular	.05	.13	P-5037	R.F. Transformer Assembly	.30	.75
P-80887	C-4	.10 mfd., 400 V.	Tubular	.10	.25	P-5038	1st I.F. and Oscillator Assembly, Complete with Can	.69	1.73
P-80888	C-5	.25 mfd., 200 V.	Tubular	.10	.25	P-5039	2nd I.F. Assembly, Complete with Can	.53	1.33
P-80905	C-6	.001 mfd., 400 V.	Tubular	.04	.10	P-30374	Rushing for Rubber Pinion	.03	.08
P-80868	C-7	.02 mfd., 600 V.	Tubular	.06	.15	P-10224	Rubber Pinion	.02	.05
P-80887	C-8	.10 mfd., 400 V.	Tubular	.10	.25	P-1590	Dial Strip	.06	.15
P-80864	C-9	.10 mfd., 200 V.	Tubular	.07	.18	P-1497	Pilot Light Bracket & Drive Disc Assembly	.11	.28
P-80872	C-10	.01 mfd., 600 V.	Tubular	.06	.15	P-1383	Drive Bracket Bearing Assembly	.07	.18
P-80894	C-11	8.0 mfd., 450 V.	Electrolytic	.69	1.73	P-1478	Escutcheon	\$0.13	\$0.33
	C-12	8.0 mfd., 450 V.	Block			P-20460	Drive Shaft	.02	.05
P-1575	C-13	Short Wave Adjusting	Condenser	.09	.23	P-20406	Tube Shield	.03	.08
P-1442	C-14	Oscillator 600 K.C.	Trimmer Condenser	.12	.30	P-20408	Tube Shield Base	.02	.05
P-80910		Two Gang Variable	Condenser	.72	1.80	P-1588-A	Electrodynamic Speaker	1.76	4.40

Prices subject to change without notice.

MONTGOMERY WARD



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN AT 1ST POSITION. SHORT WAVE BAND 1.6- 4 MC.



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN AT 2ND POSITION. BROADCAST BAND

Condenser Alignment

Misalignment or mistracking of condensers generally manifests itself in broad tuning and lack of volume at portions or all of the broadcast band. The receivers are all properly aligned at the factory with precision instruments and realignment should not be attempted unless all other possible causes of the faulty operation have first been investigated. A signal generator that will provide accurately calibrated signals over the broadcast band and an output indicating meter are desirable. The procedure is as follows:

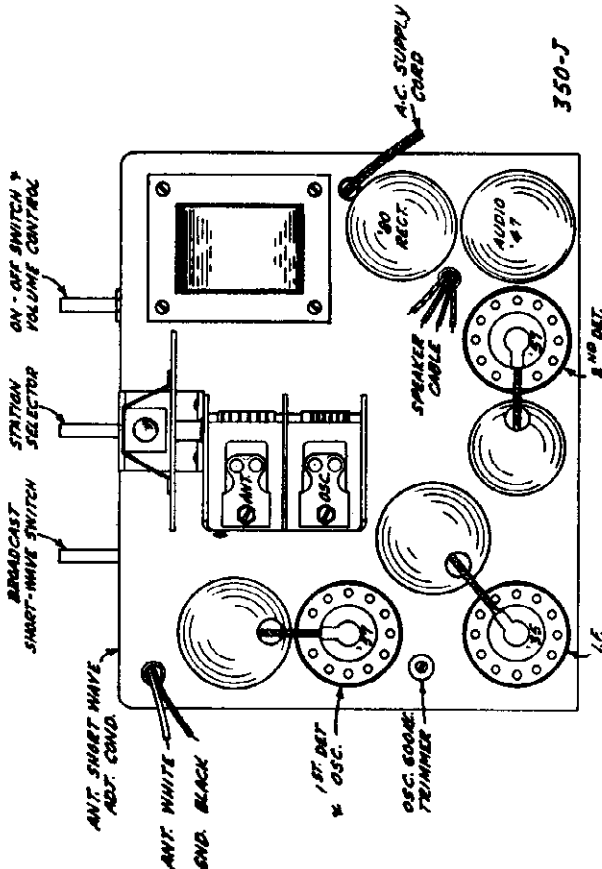
As the I.F. stages are self-tuned, no I.F. aligning at the intermediate frequency of 262 K.C. is required.

First set the signal generator for a signal of exactly 1400 K.C. Connect the antenna lead from the signal generator to the antenna lead of the receiver and the ground lead of the signal generator to the ground of the receiver. Then turn the tuning condenser rotor until the marker is at 1400 K.C. on the dial scale. In order to do this, it will be necessary to put the chassis back in the cabinet. Adjust the two trimmers on the tuning condenser for maximum output adjusting the oscillator trimmer first (section nearest back of receiver).

Next set the signal generator for a signal of 600 K.C. and adjust the oscillator 600 K.C. trimmer. This adjusting screw is between the 1st detector '57 and I.F. '35 sockets and is reached from the top of the chassis. A non-metallic screwdriver is necessary for this adjustment. Turn the tuning condenser rotor until maximum output is obtained. Then turn the rotor slowly back and forth over this setting, at the same time adjusting the 600 K.C. trimmer screw until the highest output is obtained.

Then set the signal generator again for a signal of 1400 K.C. and check the adjustment of the tuning condenser trimmers at this frequency for maximum output.

The last step is to adjust the antenna short-wave adjusting condenser. Turn the Broadcast Short-Wave switch to the short-wave position. Set the signal generator for a signal of 1700 K.C. If the generator does not cover that frequency the 2nd harmonic of an 850 K.C. signal is satisfactory. Set the signal generator for a signal of 850 K.C. and the 2nd harmonic of this signal will be 1700 K.C., the required frequency. Turn the tuning condenser rotor until maximum output is obtained. Then adjust the antenna short-wave trimmer condenser to maximum output. The adjusting nut for this condenser is reached from the front of the chassis at the right hand side. A No. 4 Spintite wrench is necessary.



Voltages at Sockets LINE VOLTAGE 115 — VOLUME CONTROL AT MAXIMUM — ANT. SHORTED TO GND.

Type of Tube	Function	Across Filament or Heater	Plate to Cathode	Screen to Cathode	Grid to Cathode	Normal Plate M.A.
'57	1st Det.	2.15	225	90	4	.5
'35	I.F.	2.15	230	90	3.2(1)	6.2
'57	2nd Det.	2.15	170	90	4.3	.2
'47	Audio	2.15	225	240	14(2)	23.
'80	Rect.	.475	620 volts plate to plate			20. per plate

(1) If read with cord and plug, ground the control grid.
 (2) Computed figure—cannot be accurately read with ordinary voltmeter.
 Voltage consists of drop across 1 megohm resistor, R 8.

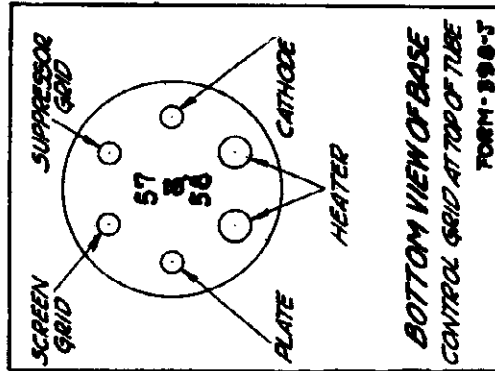
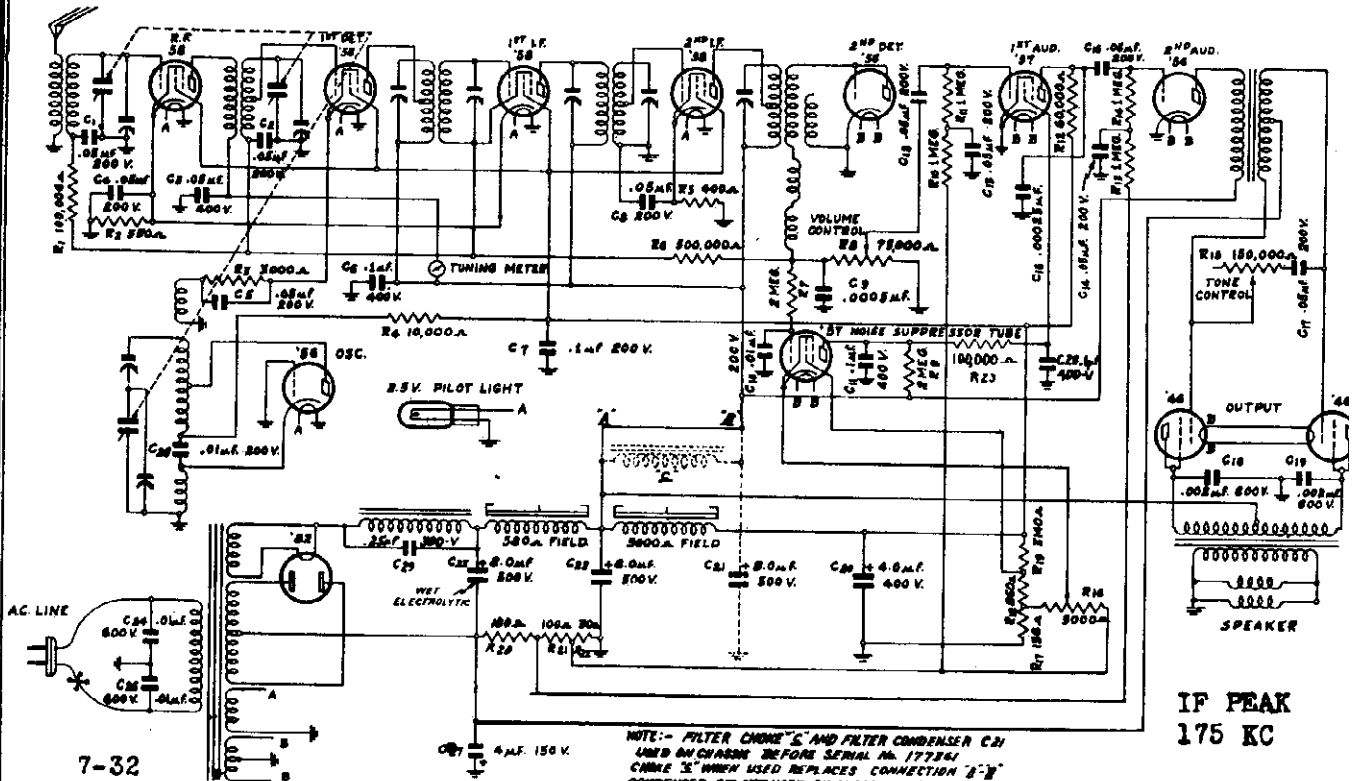


Fig. 3—Terminal Arrangement of 57 and 58 Tubes

MONTGOMERY WARD



Differences in Early Models

In the first models of this receiver a slightly different filter system was used in the power unit. Condenser C-29, which tunes the separate choke, was not used. Condenser C-21, shown with dashed lines and the choke shown with dashed lines above the 5,000 ohm speaker field in Fig. 1 were used.

In the first models of this receiver individual tubular condensers were used instead of Condenser Block No. 80922. The condensers which make up this block are shown in the parts list. If replacements of any of the condensers are required, it is recommended that the individual tubular condensers be used.

In the early models, a vitreous enamel, six-section voltage divider resistor was used instead of the wire wound type used at the present time.

Setting the Noise Suppressor

The action of the noise suppressor is to establish a certain signal strength level below which all signals are cut out, and above which all signals come through without being reduced in intensity.

The general method of using the noise suppressor is to first turn the knob to the "Power" or right hand position. At this point there is usually considerable noise received. Turn the knob to the left until the noise is eliminated, and then continue to tune the set in the regular manner to whatever stations are wanted.

When tuning for far, distant stations, the knob should be turned to the extreme right hand or "Power" position, as the weak station signals may be cut out along with the noise signals if the noise suppressor is used.

When tuning in local stations the knob may be turned well toward the left hand or "Quiet" position, as the station signals are very powerful compared with the noise signals.

If the signal of a station is distorted, turn the noise suppressor knob to the right until the signal becomes clear.

Voltages at Sockets

LINE VOLTAGE 115—ANTENNA SHORTED TO GROUND—NOISE SUPPRESSOR AT MAXIMUM CLOCKWISE POSITION

Type of Tube	Function	Across Filament or Heater	Plate to Cathode	Screen to Cathode	Grid to Cathode	Normal Plate M. A.	
58	R.F.	2.4	242	90	4 ⁽¹⁾	4	
58	1st Det.	2.4	250	86	7 ⁽¹⁾	2	
56	Osc.	2.4	24		0	8	
58	1st I.F. ⁽²⁾	2.4	252	90	4 ⁽¹⁾	4	
58	2nd I.F. ⁽²⁾	2.4	254	91	3	5.7	
56	2nd Det.	2.4	0		0	0	
57	1st Audio	2.4	65	55	4 ⁽³⁾	.4	
57	NoiseSup.	2.4	55	20	3 ⁽¹⁾	0	
56	2nd Audio	2.4	255		14 ⁽⁴⁾	3.3	
46	Power	2.4	260	260	34	23	
82	Rectifier	2.4	880 volts plate to plate			53	per plate

(1) Read from cathode to ground.

(2) If I.F. readings are made with a cord and plug, ground the control grid through a condenser to prevent oscillation and motor boating.

(3) Read across 30 ohm section of voltage divider.

(4) Read across 30 ohm and 100 ohm section of voltage divider.

MODELS 62-51, 62-64,
62-64X

MONTGOMERY WARD

Condenser Alignment

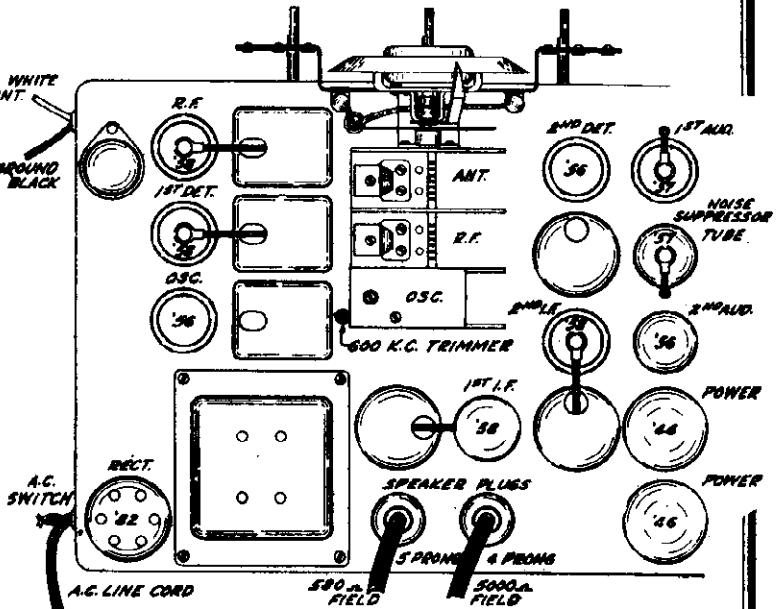
Misalignment or mistracking of condensers generally manifests itself in broad tuning and lack of volume at portions or all of the broadcast band. The receivers are all properly aligned at the factory with precision instruments and realignment should not be attempted unless all other possible causes of the faulty operation have first been investigated and unless the service technician has the proper equipment. A signal generator that will provide an accurately calibrated signal of 175 K.C. and accurately calibrated signals over the broadcast band, and an output indicating meter are desirable. The procedure is as follows:

Set the signal generator for 175 K.C. Connect the signal lead from the signal generator to the grid of the 1st detector tube through a .05 mfd. condenser. Turn the tuning condenser rotor until the plates are completely out. The ground lead from the signal generator goes to the ground lead of the receiver. Then adjust the five intermediate frequency condensers for maximum output. The adjusting screws for these condensers are reached from the bottom of the chassis.

Next set the signal generator for a signal of exactly 1400 K.C. The antenna lead from the signal generator is, in this instance, connected to the antenna lead of the receiver. Set the dial pointer on the 1400 K.C. mark on the dial scale and adjust the three trimmer condensers on the gang tuning condenser for maximum output, adjusting the oscillator trimmer first.

Next set the signal generator for a signal of 600 K.C. and adjust the oscillator 600 K.C. trimmer. The adjusting screw for this condenser is reached from the top of the chassis and is between the tuning condenser and the coil cans. A non-metallic screwdriver is necessary for this adjustment. Turn the tuning condenser rotor until maximum output is obtained. Then turn the rotor slowly back and forth over this setting, at the same time adjusting the 600 K.C. trimmer screw until the highest output is obtained.

Then set the signal generator again for a signal of 1400 K.C. and check the adjustment of the tuning condenser trimmers at this frequency for maximum output.



Part No.	Name	Cost	Selling Price
P-10224	Rubber Drive Pinion	.02	.05
P-30374	Bushing for Rubber Drive	.03	.08
P-1657	Tuning Meter	.58	1.45
P-1415	Pilot Lamp Socket and Clip	.04	.10
P-1273	Pilot Lamp, 2.5 V.	.06	.15
P-1540	Knob	.05	.13
P-20425-B	Chassis Bottom Plate	.11	.28
P-40412-B	Aluminum Coil Cans	.06	.15
P-10240	Rubber Cushions (in tube shields)	.02	.05
P-1054	On-Off Switch	.18	.45
P-1504	Insulated Terminal Strip with 8 lugs	.03	.08
P-1661	Dynamic Speaker (5,000 ohm field)	1.70	4.25
P-1662	Dynamic Speaker (580 ohm field)	1.77	4.43

Part No.	Value	Type	Cost	Selling Price
P-80887-A	C-28 .10 mfd. 400 V.	Tubular	.10	.25
P-80925	C-29 .25 mfd. 300 V.	Tubular	.07	.18
P-80913	Three Gang Condenser		1.04	2.60
P-1442	Oscillator 600 K.C. Trimmer Condenser		.12	.30

Lead Color

C-10	.01 mfd. 200 V.	White	Bypass Cond. Block	.40 1.00
C-14	.05 mfd. 200 V.	White-Red		
C-8	.05 mfd. 200 V.	White-Red		
C-6	.10 mfd. 400 V.	Yellow		
C-28	.10 mfd. 400 V.	Green		
C-11	.10 mfd. 400 V.	Red		
C-13	.05 mfd. 200 V.	White-Green		

(The first four condensers in the Condenser Block List have one side grounded to the can. The last three have a common black lead.)

CONDENSERS

Part No.	Code	Capacity	Voltage	Type	Cost	Selling Price
P-80862-P	C-1	.05 mfd.	200 V.	Tubular	.07	.18
P-80862-b	C-2	.05 mfd.	200 V.	Tubular	.07	.18
P-80890	C-3	.05 mfd.	400 V.	Tubular	.05	.13
P-80862-B	C-4	.05 mfd.	200 V.	Tubular	.07	.18
P-80862-B	C-5	.05 mfd.	200 V.	Tubular	.07	.18
P-80887-A	C-6	.10 mfd.	400 V.	Tubular	.10	.25
P-80864-C	C-7	.10 mfd.	200 V.	Tubular	.07	.18
P-80862-B	C-8	.05 mfd.	200 V.	Tubular	.07	.18
P-80855	C-9	.0005 mfd.	600 V.	Molded	.06	.15
P-80917	C-10	.01 mfd.	200 V.	Tubular	.05	.13
P-80887-A	C-11	.10 mfd.	400 V.	Tubular	.10	.25
P-80862-B	C-12	.05 mfd.	200 V.	Tubular	.07	.18
P-80862-B	C-13	.05 mfd.	200 V.	Tubular	.07	.18
P-80862-B	C-14	.05 mfd.	200 V.	Tubular	.07	.18
P-80862-B	C-15	.05 mfd.	200 V.	Tubular	.07	.18
P-80919	C-16	.00025 mfd.	600 V.	Molded	.05	.13
P-80862-B	C-17	.05 mfd.	200 V.	Tubular	.07	.18
P-80914	C-18	.002 mfd.	600 V.	Tubular	.05	.13
P-80914	C-19	.082 mfd.	600 V.	Tubular	.05	.13
*P-80915	C-20	4.0 mfd.	400 V.	Electrolytic	.83	2.08
	C-21	8.0 mfd.	500 V.			
	C-22	8.0 mfd.	500 V.			
†P-80924	C-20	4.0 mfd.	400 V.	Electrolytic	.57	1.43
	C-22	8.0 mfd.	500 V.			
P-80916	C-23	8.0 mfd.	500 V.	Wet Electrolytic	.36	.90
P-80918	C-24	.01 mfd.	600 V.	Dual Tubular	.09	.23
P-80917	C-25	.01 mfd.	600 V.			
P-80891	C-26	.01 mfd.	200 V.			
	C-27	4.0 mfd.	150 V.	Electrolytic	.20	.50

RESISTORS

Part No.	Code	Resistance	Type	Cost	Selling Price
P-A-90912	R-1	100,000 ohm	Carbon	\$0.06	\$0.15
P-A-90953	R-2	350 ohm	Carbon	.06	.15
P-A-91034	R-3	3,000 ohm	Carbon	.05	.13
P-B-91037	R-4	10,000 ohm	Carbon	.06	.15
P-A-91035	R-5	400 ohm	Carbon	.05	.13
P-A-90929	R-6	500,000 ohm	Carbon	.06	.15
P-A-90949	R-7	2 Megohm	Carbon	.05	.13
P-91030	R-8	75,000 ohm	Volume Control	.24	.60
P-A-90949	R-9	2 Megohm	Carbon	.06	.15
P-A-90948	R-10	1 Megohm	Carbon	.05	.13
P-A-90948	R-11	1 Megohm	Carbon	.06	.15
P-A-91036	R-12	60,000 ohm	Carbon	.05	.13
P-A-90948	R-13	1 Megohm	Carbon	.06	.15
P-A-90948	R-14	1 Megohm	Carbon	.06	.15
P-91031	R-15	150,000 ohm	Tone Control	.19	.48
P-91032	R-16	5,000 ohm	Noise Suppressor	.19	.48
	R-17	136 ohm	Armored Wire Wound Resistor	.29	.73
	R-18	840 ohm			
	R-19	3140 ohm			
P-91033	R-20	180 ohm			
	R-21	100 ohm			
	R-22	30 ohm			
P-A-90912	R-23	100,000 ohm	Carbon	.06	.15

* Used on Models before Serial No. 177361 Only.

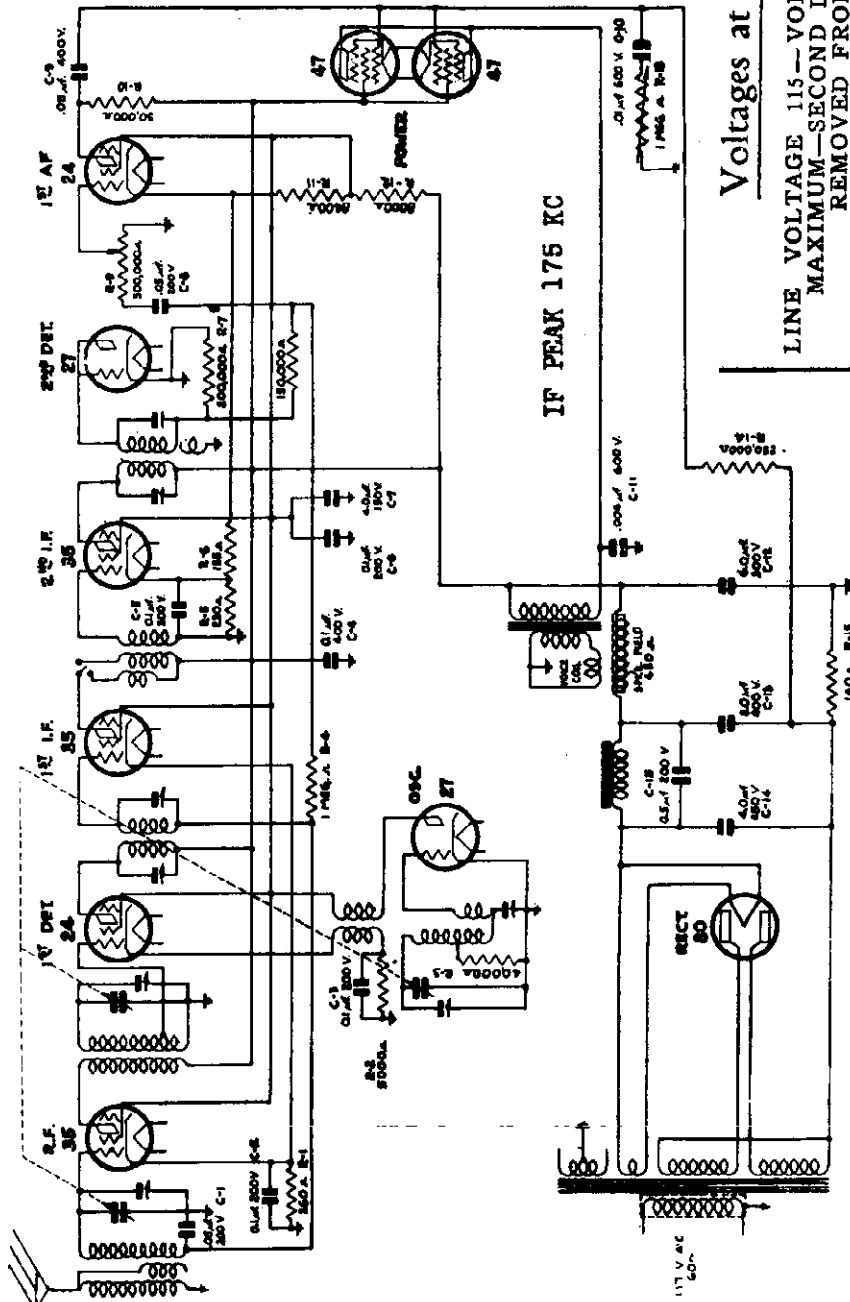
† Used on Models after Serial No. 177361 Only.

‡ Early models used separate condensers as shown in list. In later models block replaces condensers as shown in code list.

P-1640	Speaker Socket—Four prong	.03	.08
P-1637	Speaker Socket—Five-prong	.03	.08
P-1670	No. 82 Tube Socket	.03	.08
P-1648	No. 58 Tube Socket	.04	.10
P-1649	No. 57 Tube Socket	.04	.10
P-40420	Tube Shield	.05	.13
P-40423	Tube Shield Cap	.03	.08
P-40424	Tube Shield Base	.02	.05
P-10142	Rubber Washer, 1/2" long (cond. mtg.)	.01	.03
P-10143	Rubber Washer, 3/4" long (cond. mtg.)	.01	.03
P-20555	Pointer Tension Spring (Right Hand)	.02	.05
P-20556	Pointer Tension Spring (Left Hand)	.02	.05
P-1393	Dial Pointer Assembly	.05	.13
P-1389	Celluloid Dial Strip	.06	.15
P-20554	Drive Shaft	.02	.05
P-30398	Brass Take-up Collar	.03	.08
P-1382	Drive Disc and Hub Assembly	.07	.18

Prices subject to change without notice.

MONTGOMERY WARD



Voltagess at Sockets

LINE VOLTAGE 115—VOLUME CONTROL AT MAXIMUM—SECOND DETECTOR TUBE REMOVED FROM SOCKET

Type of Tube	Function	Across Filament or Heater	Plate to Cathode	Screen to Cathode	Grid to Cathode	Normal Plate MA
'35	R.F.	2.2	260	103	3.8(1)	6.5
'24	1st. Det.	2.2	252	98	9	2.2
'27	Osc.	2.2	100		8. (3)	7. (2)
'35	1st. I.F.	2.2	260	103	3.8(1)	6.5
'35	2nd. I.F.	2.2	257	100	4.5	4.7
'24	1st. Audio	2.2	200	97	7. (3)	1
'47	2nd. Audio	2.2	240	260	18. (4)	31.
'80	Rect.	4.8	725 volts plate to plate			65
						per plate

Replacing Rubber Drive

You will note that the Vernier tuning drive on this chassis uses a rubber pinion. Under normal operating conditions this rubber will last for a number of years. Should it become worn it can be readily replaced by loosening the set screw of the brass bushing located next to the rubber pinion and pulling out the station selector shaft. Place a new bushing in position, slip the station selector shaft in place and tighten the set screw.

(1) Read from cathode to ground.
 (2) Subject to variation with dial setting.
 (3) Read across 240 and 185 ohm sections of voltage divider.
 (4) Read across 140 ohm section of voltage divider resistor.
 NOTE:—All readings, except heater, for second detector tube are zero.

MODEL 52-52

MONTGOMERY WARD

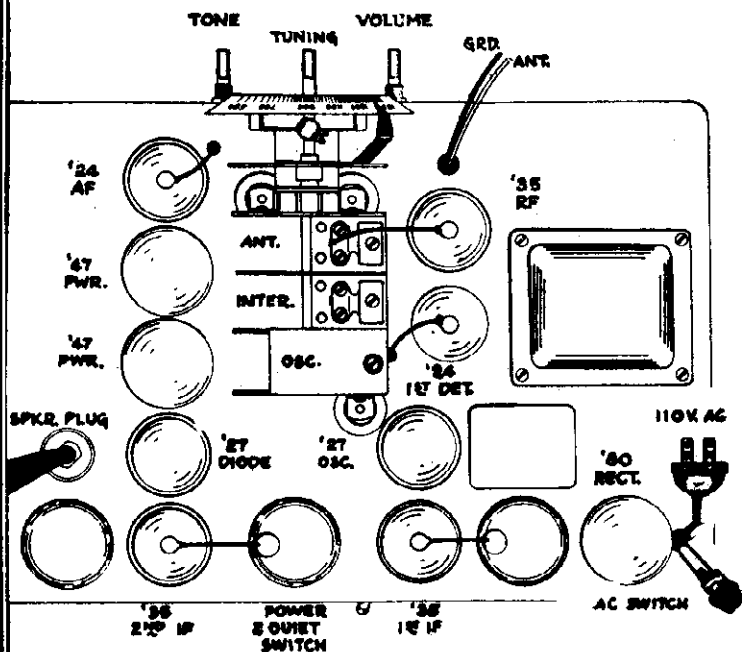
Condenser Alignment

Misalignment or mistracking of condensers generally manifests itself in broad tuning and lack of volume at portions or all of the broadcast band. The receivers are all properly aligned at the factory with precision instruments and realignment should not be attempted unless all other possible causes of the faulty operation have first been investigated and unless the service technician has the proper equipment. A signal generator that will provide an accurately calibrated signal of 175 K.C. and accurately calibrated signals over the broadcast band, and an output indicating meter are desirable. The procedure is as follows:

Set the signal generator for 175 K.C. Disconnect the grid cap from the first detector tube. Connect the antenna lead from the signal generator to the grid terminal of this tube. The ground lead goes to the ground connection. Then adjust the four intermediate frequency condensers for maximum output. The adjusting screws for these condensers are reached from the bottom of the chassis.

Next, set the signal generator for a signal of 1400 K.C. The input in this instance is made to the antenna lead of the receiver. Replace the grid cap on the first detector tube. Set the dial pointer on the 1400 K.C. mark on the dial scale and adjust the three trimmer condensers on the gang tuning condenser for maximum output, adjusting the oscillator trimmer first.

Then, set the signal generator for a signal of 600 K.C. The oscillator 600 K. C. trimmer condenser is underneath the chassis but the adjusting screw is reached from the top of the chassis and is adjacent to the oscillator coil can. Adjust this oscillator 600 K.C. trimmer condenser for maximum output, turning the rotor slowly back and forth over the 600 K.C. setting until highest output is obtained. A recheck may then be made of the alignment at 1400 K.C.



Part No.	Name	Cost Price	Selling Price
P-1468	No. 47 Tube Socket	.04	.10
P-1474	No. 80 Tube Socket	.04	.10
P-1521	Speaker Socket	.04	.10
P-1504	Terminal Strip (8 lugs)	.03	.08
P-1273	Pilot Lamp (2.5 v.)	.06	.15
P-1407	Pilot Light Socket (less bulb)	.06	.15
P-20408	Tube Shield Base	.01	.03
P-20406	Tube Shield	.03	.08
P-20430	Mtg. Strap for 2, 4, and 6 mid. Electrolytic Condenser Block	.03	.08
P-20476	Mtg. Strap for 4 mid. electrolytic cond.	.02	.05
P-70702	Attachment Cord and Plug	.23	.58
P-1540	Plain Walnut Knob	.05	.13
P-1509	Escutcheon Plate	.16	.40
P-1326	Rectangular Coil Can (Antenna)	.08	.20
P-1327	Rectangular Coil Can (Interstage)	.08	.20
P-1328	Oscillator Assembly Can	.06	.15
P-80889	Three-gang Condenser	1.43	3.58
P-10142	1/2" Rubber Cushions	.01	.03
P-10143	1/4" Rubber Cushions	.01	.03
P-20473	Drive Shaft	.01	.03
P-30374	Rubber Drive Bushing	.03	.08
P-10182	Rubber Drive Pinion	.02	.05
P-1394	Dial Strip and Bracket Assembly	.10	.25
P-20483	Dial Strip Support Plate	.02	.05
P-1382	Drive Disc and Hub	.07	.18
P-1383	Drive Bracket and Bearing	.07	.18
P-1393	Indicator Assembly	.05	.13
P-20425	Bottom Plate	.11	.28
P-20235	J. Bolt for Chassis	.01	.03
P-1534	Electrodynamic Speaker with Cord	1.82	4.55
P-1535	Electrodynamic Speaker	1.70	4.25
P-50547	Output Transformer Assembly	.42	\$1.05
P-50534	Power Choke Assembly	.34	.85
P-50532	Power Transformer Assembly (60 cycle)	1.66	4.15
P-1433	First I. F. Transformer assembly with can	.50	1.25
P-5082	Second I. F. Transformer assembly with can	.47	1.18
P-5033	Third I. F. Transformer assembly with can	.54	1.35
P-1502	Interstage R. F. Coil assembly less can	.24	.60
P-5036	Antenna R. F. Coil assembly less can	.28	.70

RESISTORS

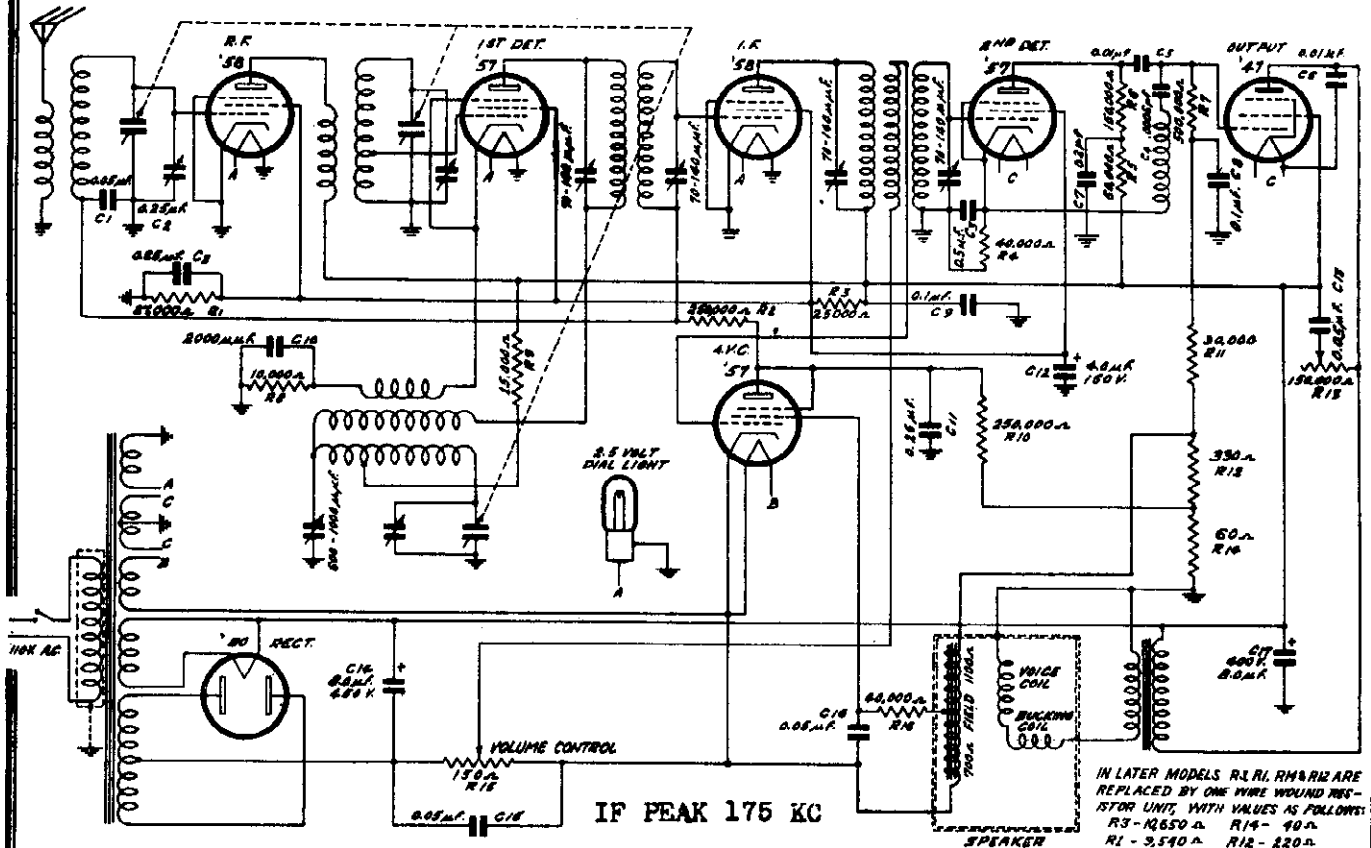
Part No.	Key No.	Resistance	Type	Cost Price	Selling Price
P-90965	R2	5,000 Ohms	Carbon	.06	.15
P-90916	R3	40,000 Ohms	Carbon	.06	.15
P-90933	R4	1 Megohm	Carbon	.08	.20
P-90995	R7	200,000 Ohms	Carbon	.05	.13
P-90963-C	R8	150,000 Ohms	Carbon	.06	.15
P-90941-B	R10	50,000 Ohms	Carbon	.05	.13
P-90954-B	R14	250,000 Ohms	Carbon	.05	.13
P-90980-B	R9	0-500,000 Ohms	Volume Control	.32	.80
P-90986-B	R13	0-1 Megohm	Tone Control	.23	.58
P-91007	R1	260 Ohm	Vitreous Enamel	.35	.88
	R15	140 Ohm			
	R5	230 Ohm			
	R6	185 Ohm			
	R11	8400 Ohm			
	R12	8000 Ohm			

CONDENSERS

Part No.	Key No.	Capacity	Type	Voltage Rating	Cost Price	Selling Price	
P-80862-B	C1	0.05 mid.	Tubular	200 V.	.07	.18	
P-80864-C	C2	0.1 mid.	Tubular	200 V.	.07	.18	
P-80864-C	C3	0.1 mid.	Tubular	200 V.	.07	.18	
P-80887-A	C4	0.1 mid.	Tubular	400 V.	.10	.25	
P-80864-C	C5	0.1 mid.	Tubular	200 V.	.07	.18	
P-80864-C	C6	0.1 mid.	Tubular	200 V.	.07	.18	
P-80878	C7	4.0 mid.	Electrolytic	150 V.	.19	.48	
P-80862-B	C8	0.05 mid.	Tubular	200 V.	.07	.18	
P-80890	C9	0.05 mid.	Tubular	400 V.	.05	.13	
P-80872	C10	0.01 mid.	Tubular	600 V.	.06	.15	
P-80863	C11	0.004 mid.	Tubular	600 V.	.06	.15	
P-80896 Electrolytic Block	C12	2.0	Green-Yellow +	300 V.	.62	1.55	
	C13	4.0	Green-Red +	400 V.			
	C14	6.0	Blue-Brown +	450 V.			
P-80827	C15	0.5 mid.	Metal Can	200 V.	.13	.33	
P-1400-A	Oscillator Coil Assembly less can						.35 .88
P-1385-B	Oscillator 600 K. C. Trimmer condenser						.20 .50
P-1011-A	Quiet-Power Switch						.13 .38
P-1054	Off-On Switch						.18 .45
P-1462	No. 27 Tube Socket						.04 .10
P-1464	No. 35 Tube Socket						.04 .10
P-1461	No. 24 Tube Socket						.04 .10

Prices subject to change without notice.

MONTGOMERY WARD



September, 1932

Part No.	Name	Cost Price	Selling Price
P-1677	No. 57 Tube Socket	.04	.10
P-1678	No. 58 Tube Socket	.04	.10
P-1468	No. 47 Tube Socket	.04	.10
P-1474	No. 80 Tube Socket	.04	.10
P-1479	Speaker Socket	.04	.10
P-40420	Aluminum Tube Shield	.05	.13
P-40425	Tube Shield Base	.02	.05
P-40411	Aluminum Coil Shield—R.F. Coils	.05	.13
P-1476	Three-Lug Insulated Terminal Strip	.03	.08
P-1513	Eleven-Lug Insulated Terminal Strip	.04	.10
P-1054	"On-Off" Switch	.18	.45
P-20529	Drive Shaft	.02	.05
P-10224	Rubber Drive Pinion	.02	.05
P-30374	Brass Bushing for Rubber Pinion	.03	.08
P-1273	Pilot Lamp 2.5 Volt	.06	.15
P-5062	Antenna R.F. Transformer Assembly	.19	.48
P-5057	Interstage R.F. Transformer Assembly	.19	.48
P-5058	Oscillator Coil Assembly	.23	.58
P-5059	1st I.F. Transformer Assembly, complete with can	.54	1.35
P-5060	2nd I.F. Transformer Assembly, complete with can	.60	1.50
P-50541	Output Transformer Assembly	.42	1.05
P-50542	Power Transformer, 60 cycle, 110 volt	1.26	3.15
P-50543	Power Transformer, 25 cycle, 110 volt	2.05	5.13
P-1497	Pilot Light Bracket and Drive Gear Assembly	.11	.28
P-1383-C	Drive Bracket and Bearing	.07	.18
P-1684	Celluloid Dial Strip	.05	.13
P-1525	Dynamic Speaker	1.32	3.30
P-1526	Dynamic Speaker—With plug	1.50	3.75

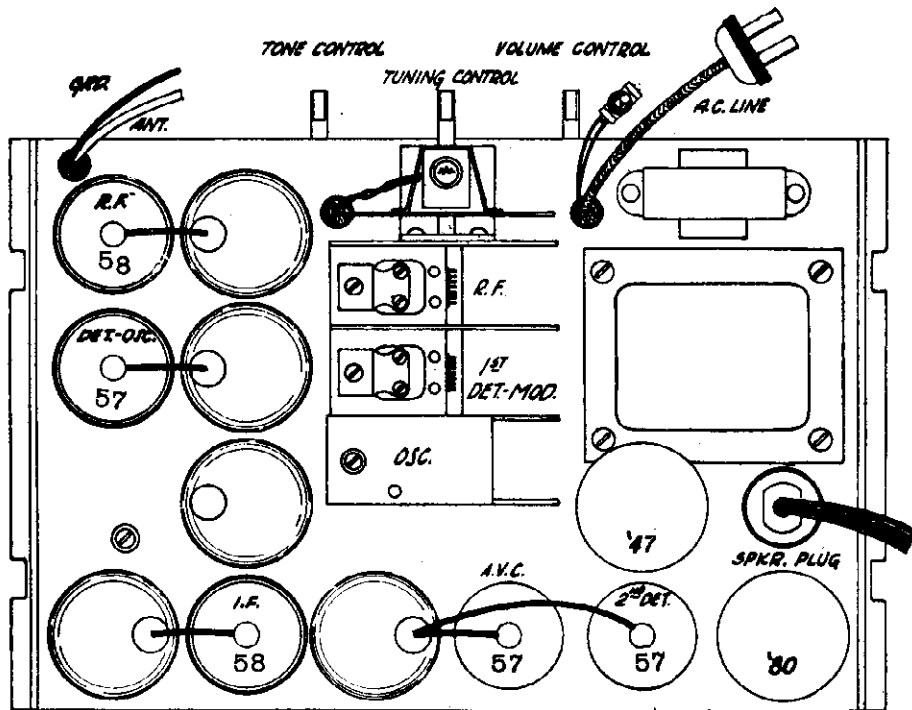
Part No.	Code	Capacity	Voltage	Type	Cost Price	Selling Price
P-80862-C	C-1	.05 mfd.	200 V.	Tubular	.07	.18
P-80888-A	C-2	.25 mfd.	200 V.	Tubular	.10	.25
P-80886-C	C-3	.5 mfd.	200 V.	Block	.38	.95
	C-7	.2 mfd.	400 V.			
	C-11	.25 mfd.	200 V.			
P-80867	C-4	.0005 mfd.	600 V.	Molded	.06	.15
P-80872-B	C-5	.01 mfd.	600 V.	Tubular	.06	.15
P-80872-B	C-6	.01 mfd.	600 V.	Tubular	.06	.15
P-80864-D	C-8	.1 mfd.	200 V.	Tubular	.06	.15

Part No.	Code	Resistance	Wattage	Type	Cost Price	Selling Price
P-91003	R-1	27,000 ohms	.5 Watts	Carbon	.06	.15
P-90954	R-2	250,000 ohms	.2 Watts	Carbon	.06	.15
P-91002	R-3	25,000 ohms	1.0 Watts	Carbon	.06	.15
P-90916	R-4	40,000 ohms	.2 Watts	Carbon	.06	.15
P-90941	R-5	50,000 ohms	.2 Watts	Carbon	.06	.15
P-90963	R-6	150,000 ohms	.2 Watts	Carbon	.06	.15
P-90929	R-7	500,000 ohms	.2 Watts	Carbon	.06	.15
P-90930	R-8	10,000 ohms	.2 Watts	Carbon	.05	.13
P-90905	R-9	15,000 ohms	.2 Watts	Carbon	.06	.15
P-90954	R-10	250,000 ohms	.2 Watts	Carbon	.06	.15
P-90956	R-11	30,000 ohms	.2 Watts	Carbon	.06	.15
P-91040	R-12	330 ohms		Vitreous Enamel	.12	.30
	R-14	60 ohms				
P-90993	R-13	150,000 ohms		Tone Control	.22	.55
P-91041	R-15	150 ohms		Volume Control	.19	.48
P-90916	R-16	40,000 ohms	.2 Watts	Carbon	.06	.15
P-91048	R12	220 ohm	1.0 Watts	Armored Wire-wound Resistor	.25	.63
	R14	40 ohm	.2 Watts			
	R1	9540 ohm	1.0 Watts			
	R3	10650 ohm	2.5 Watts			

* Used in early models—in later models these resistors are replaced by resistor P-91048.
 † See above.

MODELS 62-53, 62-71,
62-74, 62-74X

MONTGOMERY WARD



Condenser Alignment

Misalignment or mistracking of condensers generally manifests itself in broad tuning and lack of volume at portions or all of the broadcast band. The receivers are all properly aligned at the factory with precision instruments and realignment should not be attempted unless all other possible causes of the faulty operation have first been investigated and unless the service technician has the proper equipment. A signal generator that will provide an accurately calibrated signal of 175 K.C. and accurately calibrated signals over the broadcast band, and an output indicating meter are desirable. The procedure is as follows:

Set the signal generator for 175 K.C. Connect the signal lead from the signal generator to the grid of the 1st detector tube through a .05 mfd. condenser. Turn the tuning condenser rotor until the plates are completely out. The ground lead from the signal generator goes to the ground lead of the receiver. Then adjust the four intermediate frequency condensers for maximum output. The adjusting screws for these condensers are reached from the bottom of the chassis.

Next set the signal generator for a signal of exactly 1400 K.C. The antenna lead from the signal generator is, in this instance, connected to the antenna lead of the receiver. Set the dial pointer on the 1400 K.C. mark on the dial scale and adjust the three trimmer condensers on the gang tuning condenser for maximum output, adjusting the oscillator trimmer first.

Next set the signal generator for a signal of 600 K.C. and adjust the oscillator 600 K.C. trimmer. The adjusting screw for this condenser is reached from the top of the chassis and is between the I.F. and oscillator coil cans.

A non-metallic screwdriver is necessary for this adjustment. Turn the tuning condenser rotor until maximum output is obtained. Then turn the rotor slowly back and forth over this setting, at the same time adjusting the 600 K.C. trimmer screw until the highest output is obtained.

Then set the signal generator again for a signal of 1400 K.C. and check the adjustment of the tuning condenser trimmers at this frequency for maximum output.

Voltages at Sockets

LINE VOLTAGE 115—ANTENNA LEAD SHORTED TO GROUND—VOLUME CONTROL AT MAXIMUM

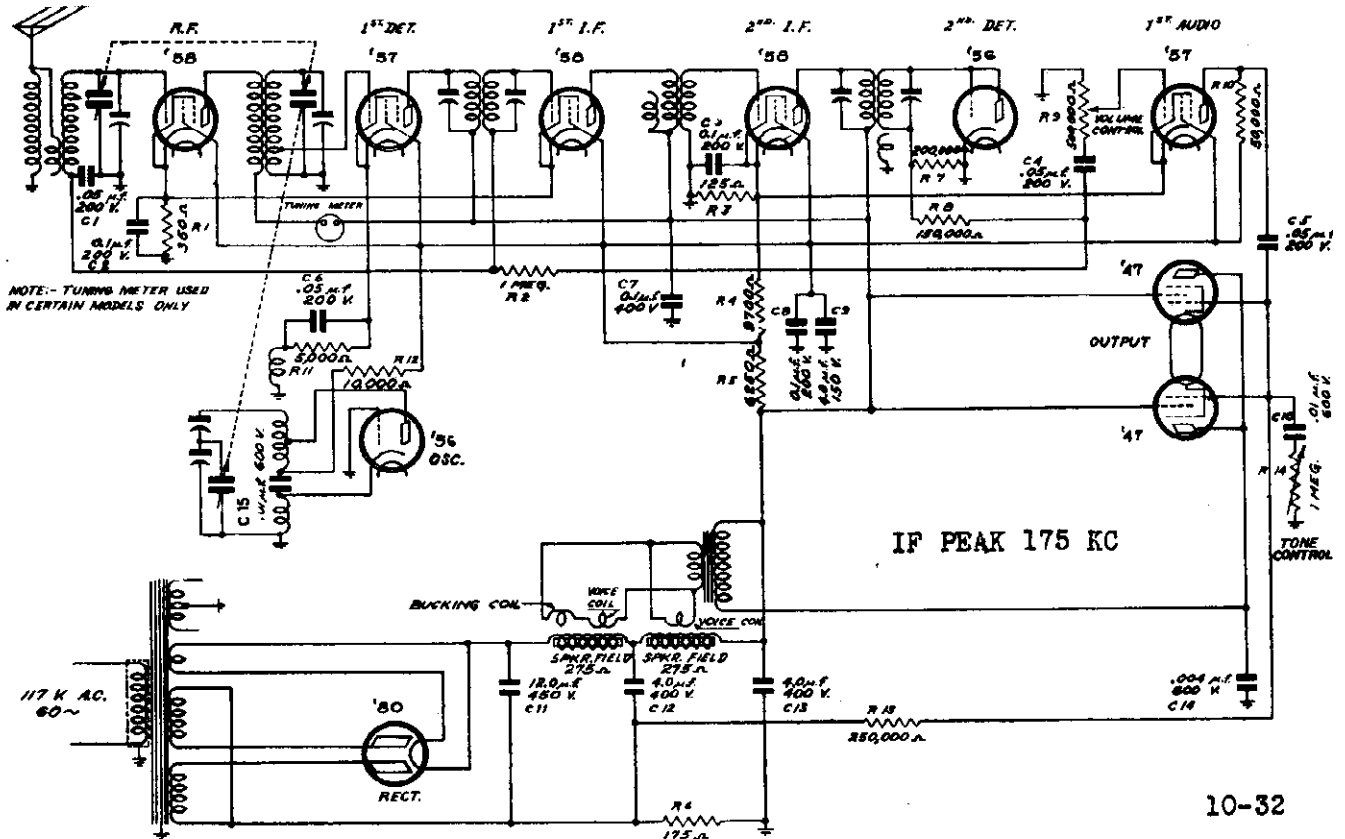
Type of Tube	Function	Across Filament or Heater	For early Models with 2-section vitreous enamel resistor.				For later Models with 4-section armoured wire-wound resistor.			
			Plate to Cathode	Screen to Cathode	Grid to Cathode	Normal Plate M. A.	Plate to Cathode	Screen to Cathode	Grid to Cathode	Normal Plate M. A.
'58	R.F.	2.4	282	107	4 ⁽¹⁾	8.	258	106	2.8 ⁽¹⁾	8.0
'57	1st Det.	2.4	270	100	5	.4	250	103	5	.4
'58	I.F. ⁽²⁾	2.4	282	107	4 ⁽¹⁾	8.	258	106	2.8 ⁽¹⁾	8.0
'57	A.V.C.	2.4	90	40	9.5	0	103	45	10	0
'57	2nd Det.	2.4	207	98	6	.15	190	101	6	.15
'47	Audio	2.4	262	280	24 ⁽³⁾	31	242	260	17 ⁽³⁾	30
'80	Rect.	4.8				30 per plate				34 per plate

(1) Read Across R-14.

(2) If I.F. readings are made with a cord and plug, ground the control grid through a condenser to prevent oscillation.

(3) Read Across R12 and R14

MONTGOMERY WARD



NOTE: TUNING METER USED IN CERTAIN MODELS ONLY

IF PEAK 175 KC

10-32

Voltages at Sockets
LINE VOLTAGE, 115 — ANTENNA LEAD
SHORTED TO GROUND

Type of Tube	Function	Across Filament or Heater	Plate to Cathode	Screen to Cathode	Grid to Cathode	Normal Plate M.A.
58	R.F.	2.4	275	100	4.2 ⁽¹⁾	5.2
57	1st Det.	2.4	265	99	5.4	.9
56	Osc.	2.4	28		0	8.6
58	1st I.F.	2.4	275	100	4.2 ⁽¹⁾	5.2
58	2nd I.F.	2.4	275	102	3.0	8.5
56	2nd Det.	2.4	0		0	0
57	1st Audio	2.4	12	102	3.0 ⁽¹⁾	1.8
47	Output	2.4	265	280	18.5 ⁽²⁾	30.0
80	Rect.	4.9				55.0 per plate

(1) Measured from cathode to ground.
(2) Measured across Resistor R6.

Voltages

Check the voltages at the sockets to see if correct voltages are being delivered to the tubes. The antenna and ground should be disconnected and the antenna and ground leads from the set connected together.

All of the D.C. voltage readings as shown on the chart are read with a 1,000 ohm per volt meter. As high a range as possible should be used. In general, the higher the resistance of the meter, the more accurate the reading will be. Owing to the high resistance in the grid circuits of the R.F., 1st I.F., 1st audio and output tubes, the bias voltage cannot be read between the control grid and cathode of these tubes but must be read across the points as indicated in the references under the chart.

If a cable and plug are used to read the voltages, when making the readings at the I.F. socket, ground the control grid through a condenser to prevent oscillation.

The voltage chart gives the voltages with all tubes in the speaker connected and the set in operating condition. These voltages are typical of the sets but will vary slightly with variations in individual receivers and variations in tube characteristics. All voltages in the chart are taken with a line voltage of 115. Differences in line voltage as well as differences in test equipment used will introduce other variations in the voltage readings.

MODELS 62-55, 62-76,
62-76X

MONTGOMERY WARD

Condenser Alignment

Misalignment or mistracking of condensers generally manifests itself in broad tuning and lack of volume at portions or all of the broadcast band. The receivers are all properly aligned at the factory with precision instruments and realignment should not be attempted unless all other possible causes of the faulty operation have first been investigated and unless the service technician has the proper equipment. A signal generator that will provide an accurately calibrated signal of 175 K.C. and accurately calibrated signals over the broadcast band, and an output indicating meter are desirable. The procedure is as follows:

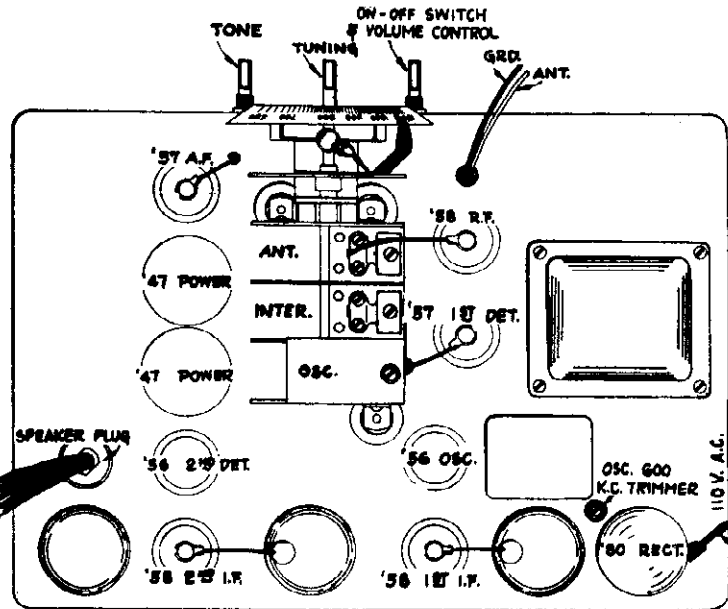
Set the signal generator for 175 K.C. Connect the signal lead from the signal generator to the grid of the 1st detector tube through a .05 mfd. condenser. Turn the tuning condenser rotor until the plates are completely out. The ground lead from the signal generator goes to the ground lead of the receiver. Then adjust the four intermediate frequency condensers for maximum output. The adjusting screws for these condensers are reached from the bottom of the chassis.

Next set the signal generator for a signal of exactly 1400 K.C. The antenna lead from the signal generator is, in this instance, connected to the antenna lead of the receiver. Set the dial pointer on the 1400 K.C. mark on the dial scale and adjust the three trimmer condensers on the gang tuning condenser for maximum output, adjusting the oscillator trimmer first.

Next set the signal generator for a signal of 600 K.C. and adjust the oscillator 600 K.C. trimmer. The adjusting screw for this condenser is reached from the top of the chassis and is between the I.F. and oscillator coil cans.

A non-metallic screwdriver is necessary for this adjustment. Turn the tuning condenser rotor until maximum output is obtained. Then turn the rotor slowly back and forth over this setting, at the same time adjusting the 600 K.C. trimmer screw until the highest output is obtained.

Then set the signal generator again for a signal of 1400 K.C. and check the adjustment of the tuning condenser trimmers at this frequency for maximum output.



Replacing Rubber Drive

You will note that the Vernier tuning drive on this chassis uses a rubber pinion. Under normal operating conditions this rubber will last for a number of years. Should it become worn it can be readily replaced by loosening the set screw of the brass bushing located next to the rubber pinion and pulling out the station selector shaft. Place a new bushing in position, slip the station selector shaft in place and tighten the set screw.

Dual Speaker Connections

Two speakers are used in this model. The fields of these speakers are connected in series and the voice coils in parallel. The resistance of each speaker field is 275 ohms

P-1433	1st I.F. Transformer Assembly, complete with can	.50	1.25
P-5068	2nd I.F. Transformer Assembly, complete with can	.50	1.25
P-5033	3rd I.F. Transformer Assembly, complete with can	.54	1.35
P-1540	Knobs	.05	.13

CONDENSERS

Part No.	Code	Capacity	Voltage	Type	Cost Price	Selling Price
P-80862	C-1	.05 mfd.	200 V.	Tubular	\$.07	\$.18
P-80864	C-2	.1 mfd.	200 V.	Tubular	.07	.18
P-80864	C-3	.1 mfd.	200 V.	Tubular	.07	.18
P-80862	C-4	.05 mfd.	200 V.	Tubular	.07	.18
P-80862	C-5	.05 mfd.	200 V.	Tubular	.07	.18
P-80862	C-6	.05 mfd.	200 V.	Tubular	.07	.18
P-80887	C-7	.1 mfd.	400 V.	Tubular	.10	.25
P-80864	C-8	.1 mfd.	200 V.	Tubular	.07	.18
P-80878	C-9	4.0 mfd.	150 V.	Electrolytic	.19	.48
P-80872	C-10	.01 mfd.	600 V.	Tubular	.06	.15
P-80923	{ C-11	12.0 mfd	450 V.	Electro-		
	{ C-12	4.0 mfd.	400 V.	lytic Block	.57	1.43
P-80873-D	C-13	1.0 mfd.	400 V.	Electrolytic	.28	.70
P-80863	C-14	.004 mfd.	600 V.	Tubular	.06	.15
P-80872	C-15	.01 mfd.	600 V.	Tubular	.06	.15
P-1442				.600 K.C. Trimmer	.12	.30
P-80889				Three-Gang Variable Condenser	1.43	3.58

RESISTORS

Part No.	Code	Resistance	Wattage	Type	Cost Price	Selling Price
P-A-90953	R-1	350 ohm	.2 Watts	Carbon	\$.06	\$.15
P-A-90948	R-2	1 Megohm	.2 Watts	Carbon	.06	.15
P-91044	{ R-3	125 ohm		Armored Wire Wound	.25	.63
	{ R-4	9700 ohm				
	{ R-5	6250 ohm				
	{ R-6	175 ohm				
	{ R-7	200,000 ohm				
P-A-90995	R-7	200,000 ohm	.2 Watts	Carbon	.05	.13
P-A-90963	R-8	150,000 ohm	.2 Watts	Carbon	.06	.15
P-91043	R-9	500,000 ohm	Vol. Control & Switch		.33	.83
P-A-90941	R-10	50,000 ohm	.2 Watts	Carbon	.05	.13
P-A-90965	R-11	5,000 ohm	.2 Watts	Carbon	.06	.15
P-B-91037	R-12	10,000 ohm	.5 Watts	Carbon	.06	.15
P-A-90954	R-13	250,000 ohm	.2 Watts	Carbon	.06	.15
P-90986-C	R-14	1 Megohm	Tone Control		.23	.58

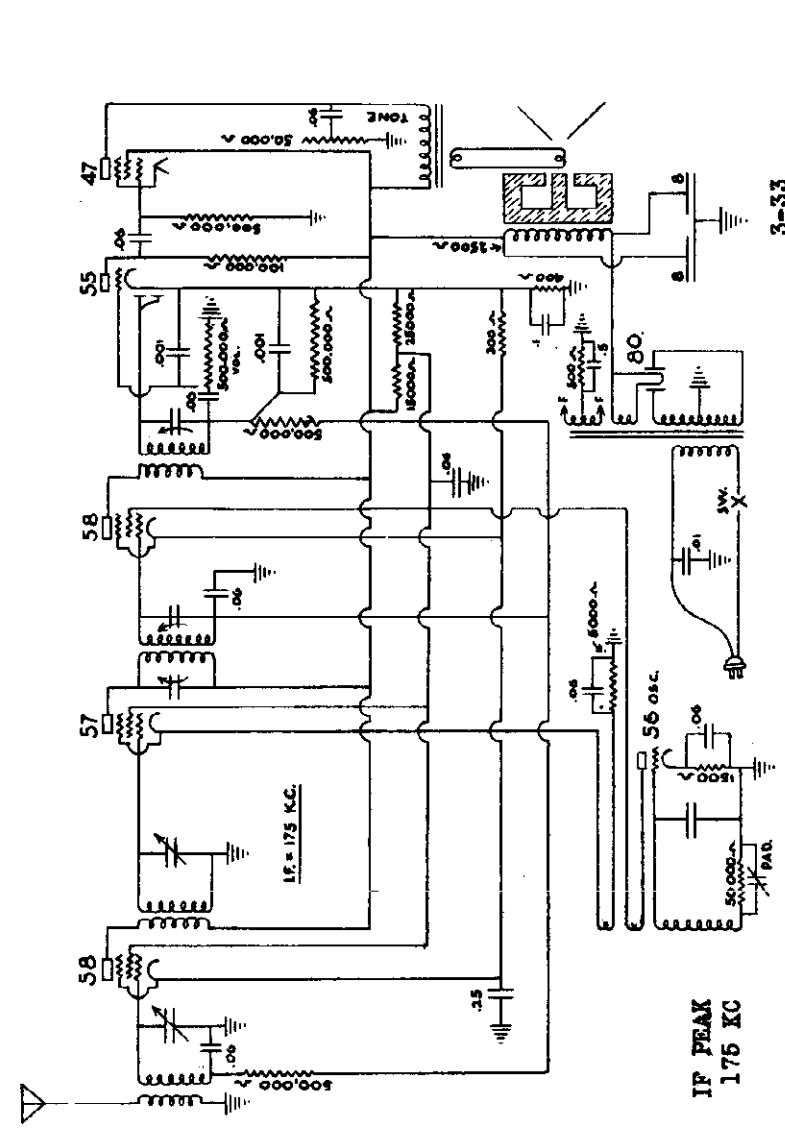
Prices subject to change without notice.

Part No.	Name	Cost Price	Selling Price
P-1703	No. 47 Tube Socket	.04	.10
P-1706	No. 56 Tube Socket	.04	.10
P-1699	No. 57 Tube Socket	.04	.10
P-1700	No. 58 Tube Socket	.04	.10
P-1696	No. 80 Tube Socket	.04	.10
P-1704	Speaker Socket	.04	.10
P-40425	Tube Shield Base	.02	.05
P-40420	Tube Shield	.05	.13
P-20425-B	Bottom Plate	.11	.28
P-40426	R.F. Coil Shields	.06	.15
P-10142	1/4" Rubber Washer for Gang Condenser	.01	.03
P-10143	1/4" Rubber Washer for Gang Condenser	.01	.03
P-10240	Tube Cushions	.02	.05
P-40412	Oscillator Coil Shield	.06	.15
P-20461	Gang Condenser Shield	.03	.08
P-1273	2.5 V. Pilot Lamp	.06	.15
P-20473	Drive Shaft	.01	.03
P-1382-A	Drive Disc Hub and Fulcrum	.07	.18
P-1389-C	Celluloid Dial Strip	.06	.15
P-1393	Pointer Assembly	.05	.13
P-1383-C	Drive Bracket	.07	.18
P-10224	Rubber Drive Pinion	.02	.05
P-30374	Brass Bushing for Rubber Pinion	.03	.08
P-1415	Pilot Light Socket	.04	.10
P-1691	Dynamic Speaker with Plug	1.78	4.33
P-1692	Dynamic Speaker	1.56	3.89
P-50562	Power Transformer, 60 cycle, 110 Volt	1.66	4.15
P-50565	Power Transformer, 25 cycle, 110 Volt	3.14	7.85
P-50561	Output Transformer	.42	1.05
P-5067	Antenna R.F. Transformer	.24	.60
P-5066	Interstage R.F. Transformer	.24	.60
P-5052	Oscillator Coil Assembly	.22	.55

MONTGOMERY WARD

Part Name	Net Price	Selling Price
SOCKETS		
K-2-2-509 57 socket	\$.03	\$.08
K-3-2-509 58 socket	\$.03	\$.08
K-4-2-509 55 socket	\$.03	\$.08
K-4-7-514 56 socket	\$.03	\$.08
K-2-7-514 47 socket	\$.03	\$.08
K-2-4-508 80 socket	\$.03	\$.08
K-3-7-514 Unnumbered 5 prong socket	\$.03	\$.08
CONDENSERS		
K-1-4-301 3 gang var. tuning condenser	1.00	2.50
K-1-10-302 Dial & mfd. filter cond.	.50	1.35
K-2-4-226 .1 mfd. cond. 400 volt	.04	.10
K-1-6-226 .5 mfd. cond. 200 volt	.08	.20
K-2-3-226 .06 mfd. cond. 400 volt	.05	.13
K-1-3-226 .06 mfd. cond. 200 volt	.045	.11
K-1-5-226 .25 mfd. cond. 200 volt	.065	.16
K-1-3-306 .1 mfd. cond. 200 volt	.05	.13
K-3-3-474 .001 mfd. cond. molded bakelite	.06	.15
K-3-3-462 Adjustable padding cond. 1500 mfd. max.	.15	.38
RESISTORS		
K-4-2-476 500 ohm Wire Wound Resistors, Flex.	\$.04	\$.10
K-1-3-172 300 ohm 1/2 watt Carbon Resistor	.03	.13
K-1-2-172 400 ohm 1/2 watt Carbon Resistor	.03	.13
K-1-1-4175 1500 ohm 1/2 watt Carbon Resistor	.03	.13
K-1-1-7366 25M ohm 1/2 watt Carbon Resistor	.03	.13
K-1-1-4224 50M ohm 1/2 watt Carbon Resistor	.03	.13
K-1-1-9484 100M ohm 1/2 watt Carbon Resistor	.03	.13
K-1-1-4225 500M ohm 1/2 watt Carbon Resistor	.03	.13
K-2-1-173 15M ohm 1 watt Carbon Resistor	.05	.13
K-2-1-172 5M ohm 1 watt Carbon Resistor	.05	.13
COILS		
K-1-6-601 Antenna Coil Assembly	.20	.50
K-1-4-602 R. F. Coil Assembly	.15	.38
K-3-3-450 Oscillator Coil Assembly	.15	.38
TRANSFORMERS		
K-6-7-201 Power Transformer 60 cycle	\$1.15	\$2.88 ea.
K-4-5-963 No. 1 I.F. Transformer Assembly	.50	1.25 *
K-3-5-963 No. 2 I.F. Transformer Assembly	.50	1.25 *
SHIELDS		
K-0-5-103 Coil Shields	.03	.08 ea.
K-3-5-103 I.F. Transformer Shield	.04	.10 ea.
K-1-1-744 Inter Coil Shield for Sub Base	.50	1.25 C
K-1-6-219 Variable Cond. Shield	.10	.25 ea.
K-1-3-364 6-32 St. Spade Screws for Coil Shield	2.00	5.00 M
TERMINAL STRIPS		
K-1-1-8538 Large Term. Strip	.02	.05 ea.
K-1-2-531 Small Term. Strip	.01	.03
K-1-10-419 Insulator for Small Term. Strip	.50	1.25 C
K-1-2-7419 Insulator for Large Term. Strip	.50	1.25 C
K-1-1-3504 200 Short Eyelets	.50	1.25 *
MISCELLANEOUS PARTS		
K-1-5-457 Tube Shield Base	\$.01	\$.03 ea.
K-1-7-101 Sub Base	.15	.38
K-4-4-122 Dial Assembly with Strip	.31	.78
K-2-6-320 Var. Cond. Mtg. Bracket, Front	.03	.08
K-1-6-320 Var. Cond. Mtg. Bracket, Rear	.03	.08
K-1-3-416 Dial Mtg. Strap	.02	.05
K-1-3-114 Dial Lamp Socket	.03	.08
K-1-3-154 2.5 volt Dial Lamp	.07	.18
K-2-3-416 Control Grid Clips	.50	1.25 C
K-2-7-406 Power Grid Set	.12	.30 ea.
K-4-5-306 Volume Control	.25	.75
K-1-3-396 1/2" Internal Tooth Spacers for Washers	.15	.38 C
K-1-4-411 1/2" Volume Control Nut	.40	1.00
K-1-2-409 Large Bakelite Pattern Washer for C. Con.	.75	1.88 *
K-1-1-127 Brass Cond. Spacer (front mtg.)	.01	.03 ea.
K-2-3-3124 1/2" Gum Rubber Grommets	.50	1.25 C
K-2-3-3123 3/4" Gum Rubber Grommets	.50	1.25
K-1-3-437 I.F. Transformer Hold-down Clamp	.50	1.25
K-0-6-834 Tube Shield Cap	.04	.10 ea.
K-0-6-834 Tube Shield Cap	.02	.05
K-1-2-132 Escutcheon Plate	.03	.08
K-1-2-133 Small Control Knob	.03	.08
K-2-8-134 Large Control Knob	.04	.10

Prices subject to change without notice.



The tuning condenser may be adjusted for alignment or "tracking" of the tuned circuits by means of an oscillator and output meter, also. The oscillator should cover the band from 550 to 1500 K.C. The energy from the oscillator should be coupled weakly into the antenna circuit. The receiver and oscillator are first tuned to approximately 1500 K.C., and, by watching the output meter the three condenser trimmers are adjusted for maximum output. These three trimmers must then be left untouched for all further aligning.

The next step is to tune both receiver and oscillator to some point near 550 K.C. Here the alignment is made by adjusting the oscillator "pad" condenser for maximum response. It may be reached through hole in base between 1st detector and oscillator tubes. If necessary to adjust the two R.F. condenser sections it may be done by adjusting the slotted condenser rotor end plates. If necessary to align a point other than the ends of the "band" it may be done by bending portions of these slotted plates. Alignment of the two ends of the scale is usually quite sufficient.

IMPORTANT: It is desirable to move the dial back and forth across the signal while making the above alignments. This is particularly necessary when altering any capacitors connected with the oscillator circuit. Use an insulated or bakelite screw driver.

Be certain that good tubes are used in all sockets.

Circuit Description And Aligning Procedure

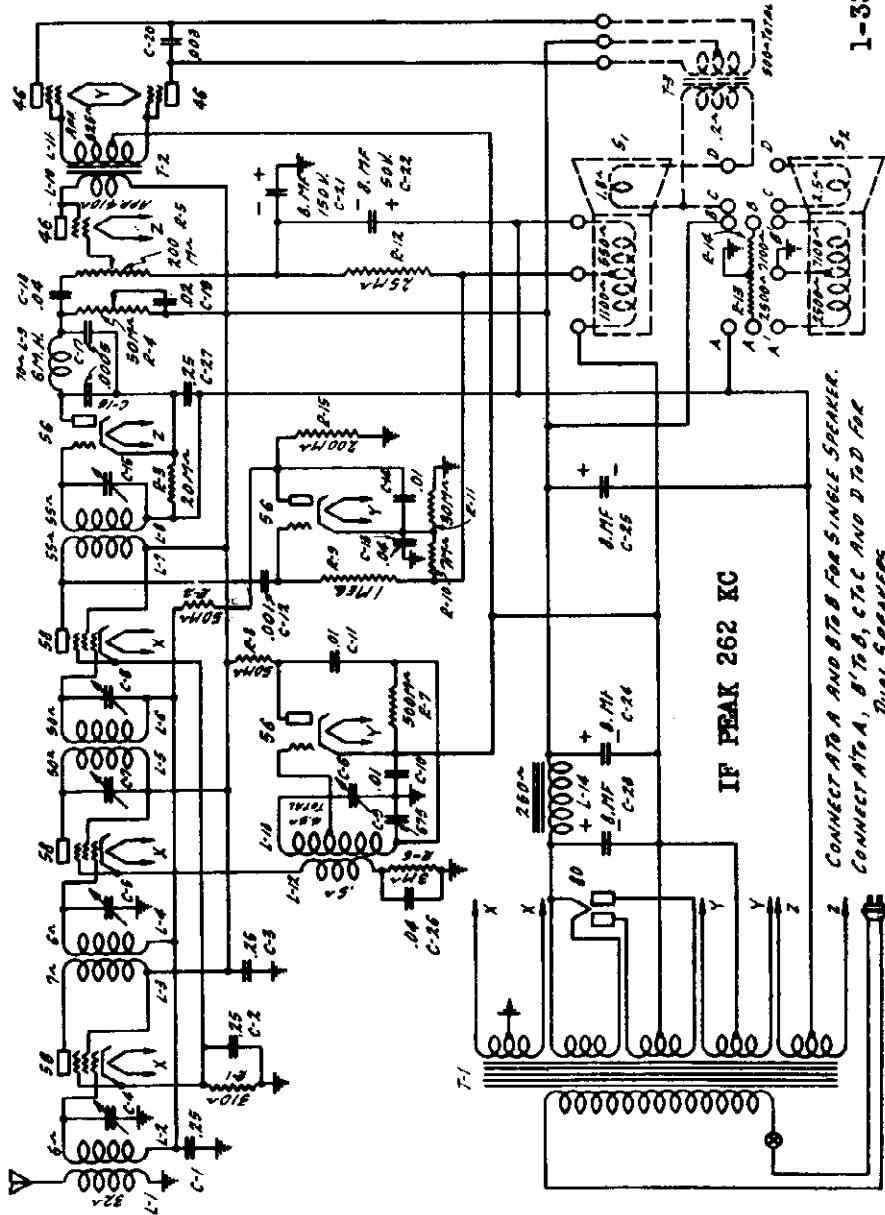
The tubes employed are as follows, and are operated at stated voltages and biases:

R.F. 58	Osc. 56
1st Det. 57	2nd Det. 55
I.F. 58	Audio 47
Rectifier..... 80	

The second detector is the new dual diode triode, the triode portion operating as a detector and providing automatic volume control—acting on the grids of the R.F. and I.F. stages. The triode portion of this tube is operated as an individually biased A.F. amplifier.

In aligning, it is first desirable to see that the I.F. transformers are properly set. Both are on top of the base, the first having two adjustments, the second but one adjustment. The intermediate frequency is 175 K.C. Couple test oscillator into grid of first detector. Use an output meter.

1-33



VOLTAGES AT SOCKETS—LINE VOLTAGE 115—VOLUME CONTROL AT MAXIMUM

Type of Tube	Position of Tube	Function	"A" Volts	"B" Volts	Control Grid "C" Volts	Screen Volts	Screen Current M.A.	Cathode Volts	Plate Current M.A.	Grid Test M.A.
58	1	R.F. 1st Det.	2.35	125	.3(1)	125	1.3	5.0	5.6	9.0
58	2	I.F.	2.35	115	5.0(5)	115	1.6	10.0	2.9	3.5
58	3	2nd Det.	2.35	125	.3(1)	125	1.3	5.0	5.6	9.0
46	4	Driver	2.30	170	12.0			12.0	18.0	21.0
56	5	Osc.	2.25	215	18.0(4)			0(1)	3.7	3.8
56	6	AVC	2.30	130	7-15(6)			0	0	13.0
46	7	Class B	2.25	310	2.0(6)			85.0	6.0(7)	13.0
46	8	Class B	2.25	310	0			0	6.0(7)	13.0
46	9	Rect.	2.25	310	0			0	6.0(7)	13.0
280	10	Rect.	4.2		0			0	41	

(1) Actual Voltage measured across 310 ohm biasing resistor—5.0 volts.
 (2) Actual Voltage measured across 3,000 ohm bias resistor—10 Volts.
 (3) Read with Volume Control at minimum.
 (4) Varies as shown with frequency. Actual voltage measured across 500,000 ohm bias resistor—15 to 35 Volts.
 (5) Actual Voltage measured across 30,000 ohm voltage divider resistor—92 Volts.
 (6) Actual Voltage measured across 7,000 ohm voltage divider resistor—22 Volts.
 (7) Plate current at no signal.

MONTGOMERY WARD

Model No. 62-83

"B" POWER UNIT PARTS

Part No.	Code	Capacity	Voltage	Type	Cost Price	Selling Price
P-80929-B	C10	.5 mfd.	160 V.	Electrolytic	.28	.33
P-80931-A	C11	3.5 mfd.	500 V.	Electrolytic	.23	.38
P-50580		"A" Choke Assembly for Dynamotor			.47	1.18
P-1735		Celotex Box (Dynamotor "B" Supply)			6.98	17.45
P-1745		Dynamotor (without Rubber Mountings)			.02	.05
P-10253		Male Rubber Dynamotor Cushion			.02	.05
P-10254		Female Rubber Dynamotor Cushion			.02	.05
P-10255		Mouldlet Sponge Rubber (Celotex Box)			.02	.05
P-20596		Dynamotor Base Plate			.05	.13

CONDENSERS

Part No.	Code	Capacity	Voltage	Type	Cost Price	Selling Price
P-80928-A	C1	.05 mfd.	200 V.	Bypass Cmid. Block	\$.04	\$1.00
	C2	.006 mfd.	600 V.			
	C3	.05 mfd.	160 V.			
	C4	.001 mfd.	600 V.			
	C5	.1 mfd.	160 V.			
	C7	.1 mfd.	300 V.			
	C8	.1 mfd.	300 V.			
P-80891-B	C6	.4 mfd.	150 V.	Electrolytic	.20	.50
P-80914	C9	.002 mfd.	600 V.	Tubular	.05	.13
P-1442		Oscillator 600 K.C. Trimmer Condenser			.12	.30
P-80882		Three Gang Condenser Assembly			.94	2.35

RESISTORS

Part No.	Code	Resistance	Type	Cost Price	Selling Price
P-91054-A	R1	10,000-40,000 ohm	Tune Control	\$0.21	\$0.53
P-A-90929	R2	500,000 ohm	Carbon	.06	.15
P-A-90948	R3	1.0 megohm	Carbon	.06	.15
P-A-90912	R4	100,000 ohm	Carbon	.06	.15
P-90980-B	R5	0.500,000 ohm	Volume Control	.32	.80
P-A-91055	R6	260 ohm	Carbon	.05	.13
P-A-90979	R7	7,000 ohm	Carbon	.06	.15
P-A-90905	R8	15,000 ohm	Carbon	.06	.15
P-A-90953	R9	5 ohm	Carbon	.06	.15
P-C-91049	R10	10,000 ohm	Carbon	.05	.13
P-91053-A	R11	340 ohm	Armored Wire	.13	.33
	R12	144 ohm	Wound Resistor		

Part No.	Description	Cost Price	Selling Price
P-50578	Audio Input Transformer Assembly	\$0.48	\$1.20
P-50579	Audio Output Transformer Assembly	.36	.90
P-50538-A	"B" Power Filter Choke Assembly	.46	1.15
P-5072	Oscillator Coil Assembly	.22	.53
P-5059	First I.F. Transformer Complete with Can	.54	1.35
P-5071	Second I.F. Transformer Complete with Can	.51	1.28
P-5070	Antenna R.F. Transformer Assembly	.18	.45
P-5057	Interstage R.F. Transformer Assembly	.19	.48
P-1734	"B" PWR Socket Four-Prong	.03	\$0.08
P-1704	Speaker Socket Five-Prong	.04	.10
P-1733	36 Socket	.03	.08
P-1732	39 Socket	.03	.08
P-1731	41 Socket	.03	.08
P-40420	Tube Shield	.05	.13
P-40425	Tube Shield Base	.02	.05
P-1684	Dial Strip	.05	.13
P-1497	Dial Light & Bracket and Drive Disc Assembly	.11	.28
P-30374	Bushing for Rubber Drive	.03	.08
P-10234	Rubber Drive Pinion	.02	.05
P-33643-A	Dial Lamp	.06	.15
P-20460	Drive Shaft	.02	.05
P-1540	Knob	.05	.11
P-1054	On-Off Switch with Leads	.18	.45
P-10240	Rubber Cushions (In tube shield)	.02	.05
P-40411	Aluminum Coil Cans	.05	.13
P-1736	Dynamic Speaker	1.92	4.80
P-20456	Bottom Plate - Chassis	.13	.31

INTERFERENCE ELIMINATION PARTS

Part No.	Description	Cost Price	Selling Price
P-80524	Spark Plug Suppressor	.12	.30
P-80933	Dual 5 Mfd. Generator Condenser	.24	.50

No. 62-79 62-84 62-84X 62-94 62-94X

Alignment

This receiver may be aligned on a broadcasting station or oscillator. It is advisable, however, to insert a dummy 56 tube which has one filament prong removed in the AVC socket, to prevent any AVC action from making determination of the output peak difficult. The intermediate frequency is 262 K. C. and the I. F. trimming condenser adjusting screws are accessible from beneath the chassis.

These chassis may be easily distinguished by keeping in mind that the No. 62-84 uses dual dynamic speakers, while the No. 62-94 uses a single dynamic. The No. 62-79 is the same in all respects as the No. 62-84, with the exception that this chassis uses chromatic tuning and, therefore, a different tuning condenser assembly and drive. The tone, volume, and noise suppressor control are also of slightly different values.

Part No.	Description	No. Used in Set	Cost Price Each	List Price Each	Part No.	Description	No. Used in Set	Cost Price Each	List Price Each
U4472	Tube Shield Can-58	3	\$0.04	\$0.10	U 115	Pilot Light Lamp	1	\$0.06	\$0.15
U4473	Tube Shield Cap-58	3	.03	.08	U 678	Ground Binding Post	1	.01	.03
U4492	Tube Shield-56	1	.06	.13	U 701	Tube Socket-280	1	.04	.10
U5137	Tuning Condenser Drive Assembly with Pilot Lamp	1	.32	.80	U 705	Resistor, 5,000 Ohm, Carbon, 1 Watt (R-12)	1	.09	.23
U5138	Drive Plate and Dial Chart	1	.09	.23	U 861	A.C. Cord and Plug	1	.10	.25
U5139	1st Detector Transformer (L-3, L-4)	1	.16	.40	U 929	Resistor, 50,000 Ohm, Carbon, 1 Watt (R-8)	1	.08	.20
U5143	Power Transformer, 105-125 Volts, 60 Cycles (T-1)	1	1.42	3.55	U 962	Grid Cap Only	4	.01	.03
U5145	Tuning Condenser Assembly (C-4, C-5, C-6)	1	1.05	2.51	U312	Horizontal Insulated Terminal	1	.01	.03
U5148	Volume Control, 200,000 Ohm with Power Switch (R-5)	1	.35	.88	U346	Resistor, 7,000 Ohm, Carbon, 1 Watt (R-10)	1	.09	.23
U5276	Power Transformer, 105-125 Volts, 25 Cycles (T-1)	1	2.35	5.95	U1751	Resistor, 200,000 Ohm, Carbon, 1 Watt (R-15)	1	.09	.23
U5295	Tone Control, 50,000 Ohm (R-4)	1	.28	.70	U2266	Resistor, 1 Megohm Carbon, 1 Watt (R-9)	1	.09	.23
U5402	Condenser, .003 Mfd., 500 Volt (C-20)	1	.05	.13	U2333	Antenna Binding Post	1	.02	.05
	SPEAKERS AND SPEAKER PARTS				U2716	Condenser, .01 Mfd., 400 Volt (C-10, C-11, C-14)	3	.09	.23
	Dual 8-inch Speakers				U2830	1st I. F. Transformer (L-5, L-6)	1	.38	.95
U4247	8" Electrodynamic Speaker without Input Transformer	1	1.60	4.23	U2851	Condenser, .04 Mfd., 400 Volt (C-13, C-18, C-26)	3	.05	.15
U5159	8" Electrodynamic Speaker with Input Transformer	1	2.08	5.20	U3063	Resistor, 30,000 Ohm, Carbon, 1 Watt (R-11)	1	.08	.20
U4741	Speaker Plug-6 Prong	1	.09	.23	U3087	Resistor, 3,000 Ohm, Candohm (R-6)	1	.05	.13
U4742	Terminal Strip for U5159 Speaker	1	.13	.33	U3119	I. F. Shield	1	.01	.03
U4743	Input Transformer for U5159 Speaker	1	.75	1.88	U3178	Dual R. F. Shield Can	1	.12	.30
U4744	Terminal Strip Cover for U5159 Speaker	1	.13	.33	U3358	Vertical Insulated Terminal	3	.01	.03
	SUPPLEMENTARY PARTS LIST FOR NO. 62-94 CHASSIS				U3404	Condenser Drive Disc Assembly with Hub and Set Screws	1	.10	.25
	Add to No. 62-84 Parts List				U3568	Detector Plate Choke Assembly (R-9)	1	.11	.28
U4132	Resistor, 310-2500-7100 Ohm, Candohm (R-1, R-13, R-14)	1	.24	.60	U3644	2nd I. F. Transformer (L-7, L-8)	1	.28	.70
U4245	8" Electrodynamic Speaker with Input Transformer	1	2.08	5.20	U3853	Resistor, 50,000 Ohm, 1 Watt (R-2)	1	.06	.15
U4740	Input Transformer for U4245 Speaker	1	.75	1.88	U4074	Oscillator Transformer (L-12, L-13)	1	.15	.38
U4741	Speaker Plug-6 Prong	1	.09	.23	U4075	Antenna Transformer (L-1, L-2)	1	.19	.48
	SUPPLEMENTARY PARTS LIST FOR NO. 62-84 CHASSIS				U4085	Oscillator Transformer, 675 Mmf. (C-9)	1	.08	.20
	Add to No. 62-84 Parts List				U4116	Filter Condenser, Dual 8 Mfd., 450 Volt (C-23, C-24)	1	.59	1.48
U4243	Resistor, 310 Ohm, Candohm (R-1)	1	.05	.13	U4118	Tube Socket-38	3	.04	.10
	SUPPLEMENTARY PARTS LIST FOR NO. 62-79 CHASSIS				U4128	Electrolytic Condenser Clamp	1	.01	.03
	Add to No. 62-84 Parts List				U4129	Tube Socket-46	3	.04	.10
U5703	Tone Control	1	.28	.70	U4130	Tube Socket-56	3	.04	.10
U5705	Volume Control	1	.35	.88	U4131	Condenser, 6 Contact	1	.19	.50
U5706	Noise Suppressor Control	1	.27	.68	U4197	Condenser, 25 Mfd., 200 Volt (C-1, C-2, C-3, C-27)	4	.07	.18
U5708	Tuning Condenser Assembly complete with Drive, Omit from No. 62-84 Parts List	1	1.63	4.08	U4199	Condenser, 8 Mfd., 450 Volt Electrolytic (C-25)	1	.38	.95
	SUPPLEMENTARY PARTS LIST FOR NO. 62-94 CHASSIS				U4243	Resistor, 310 Ohm, Candohm (R-1)	1	.05	.13
	Add to No. 62-84 Parts List				U4248	Walnut Knob, small	3	.05	.13
U3404	Condenser Drive Disc Assembly	1	.10	.25	U4249	Walnut Knob, large	1	.06	.15
U5137	Tuning Condenser Drive Assembly	1	.32	.80	U4254	Condenser, 1000 Mmf. (C-12)	1	.07	.18
U5138	Drive Plate and Dial Chart	1	.09	.23	U4255	Condenser, 500 Mmf. (C-16, C-17)	2	.06	.15
U5145	Tuning Condenser Assembly	1	1.05	2.51	U4263	Audio Transformer (T-2)	1	.54	1.35
U5148	Volume Control	1	.35	.88	U4317	Resistor, 20,000 Ohm, Carbon, 1 Watt (R-3)	1	.07	.18
U5295	Tone Control	1	.28	.70	U4321	Filter Choke (L-14)	1	.29	.73
					U4351	Condenser, Dual 8 Mfd., Bypass (C-21, C-22)	1	.34	.85
					U4397	Oscillator Transformer Shield Can	1	.05	.13
					U4435	Condenser, .02 Mfd., 400 Volt (C-19)	1	.05	.13
					U4471	Tube Shield Base-58 and 58	4	.02	.05

Prices subject to change without notice.

MODELS 62-81, 62-81X

MONTGOMERY WARD

Part No.	Description	No. Used in Set	Cost Price	Selling Price
U 115	Pilot Light Lamp	1	\$0.06	\$0.15
U 701	Tube Socket—280	1	.04	.10
U 861	Attachment Cord and Plug	1	.10	.25
U 962	Grid Cap Only	2	.01	.03
U1612A	Condenser, .006 Mfd., 400 Volt	1	.05	.13
U2757	Tube Socket—247	1	.04	.10
U2857	Resistor, 10,000 Ohm Carbon, 1 Watt (R-4)	1	.08	.20
U2858	Resistor, 1 Megohm, .1 Watt (R-5)	1	.08	.20
U2927	Condenser, .1 Mfd., 200 Volt (C-8, C-13)	2	.06	.45
U3358	Vertical Insulated Terminal	2	.01	.03
U3849	Resistor, 500,000 Ohm, .1 Watt (R-7)	1	.06	.15
U3998	Resistor, 250,000 Ohm, .1 Watt (R-6, R-8)	2	.06	.15
U4117	Tube Socket—57	2	.04	.10
U4254	Condenser, 1,000 Mmf. (C-3)	1	.07	.18
U4255	Condenser, 500 Mmf. (C-12)	1	.06	.15
U4256	Condenser, 390 Mmf. (C-7)	1	.06	.15
U4257	Bakelite Knob, Station Selector	1	.05	.13
U4258	Bakelite Knob, Volume Control	1	.03	.08
U4355	Condenser, 50 Mmf. (C-9)	1	.06	.15
U4435	Condenser, .02 Mfd., 400 Volt (C-11)	1	.05	.13
U4471	Tube Shield Base—57	1	.02	.05
U4472	Tube Shield Can—57	1	.04	.10
U4473	Tube Shield Cap—57	1	.03	.08
U4786	Resistor, 3 Megohm, .1 Watt (R-3)	1	.06	.15
U4789	Condenser, 4 Mfd., 20 Volt Electrolytic (C-16)	1	\$0.16	\$0.40
U5298	Power Transformer, 105-125 Volts, 60 Cycle (T-1)	1	.60	1.50
U5319	Escutcheon Plate, U.S. Radio	1	.07	.18
U5321	Dual 8 Mfd. Filter Condenser (C-14, C-15)	1	.53	1.33
U5331	Resistor, 500 Ohm Candohm (R-9)	1	.06	.15
U5338	Dial Plate and Chart	1	.08	.20
U5350	Volume Control, 0-20,000 Ohm, with Power Switch (R-1)	1	.26	.65
U5356	Antenna Transformer (L-1, L-2)	1	.14	.35
U5358	Oscillator—J. F. Assembly (L-3, L-4, L-5)	1	.91	2.28
U5359	Tuning Condenser Assembly (C-1, C-2)	1	.61	1.53
U5361	Pilot Light Socket and Mounting Bracket	1	.05	.13
U5368	Speaker Cable	1	.04	.10
U5369	Antenna Transformer Shield Can	1	.07	.18
U5373	Antenna and Ground Leads	1	.04	.10
U5374	Resistor, 5,000 Ohm Candohm (R-2)	1	.08	.20
U5399	Power Transformer, 105-125 Volts 25 Cycles	1	1.07	2.68

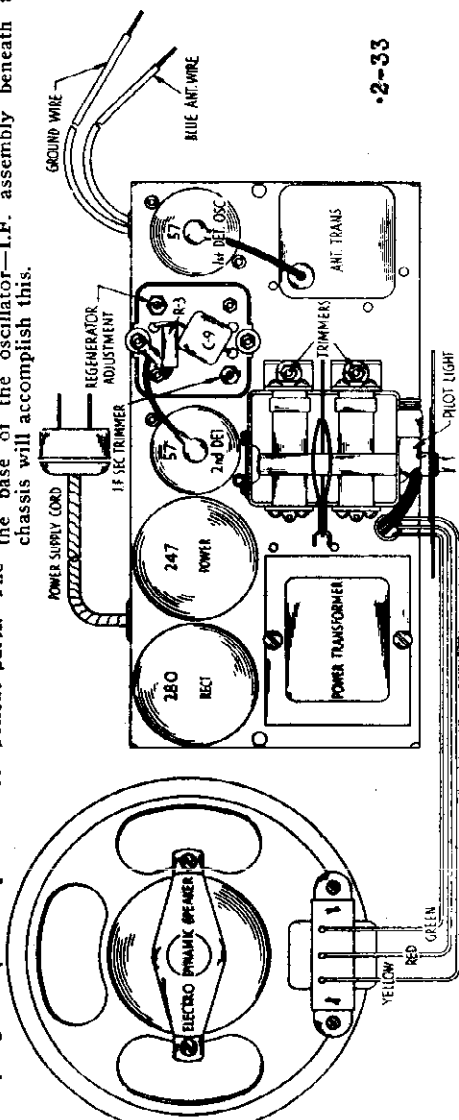
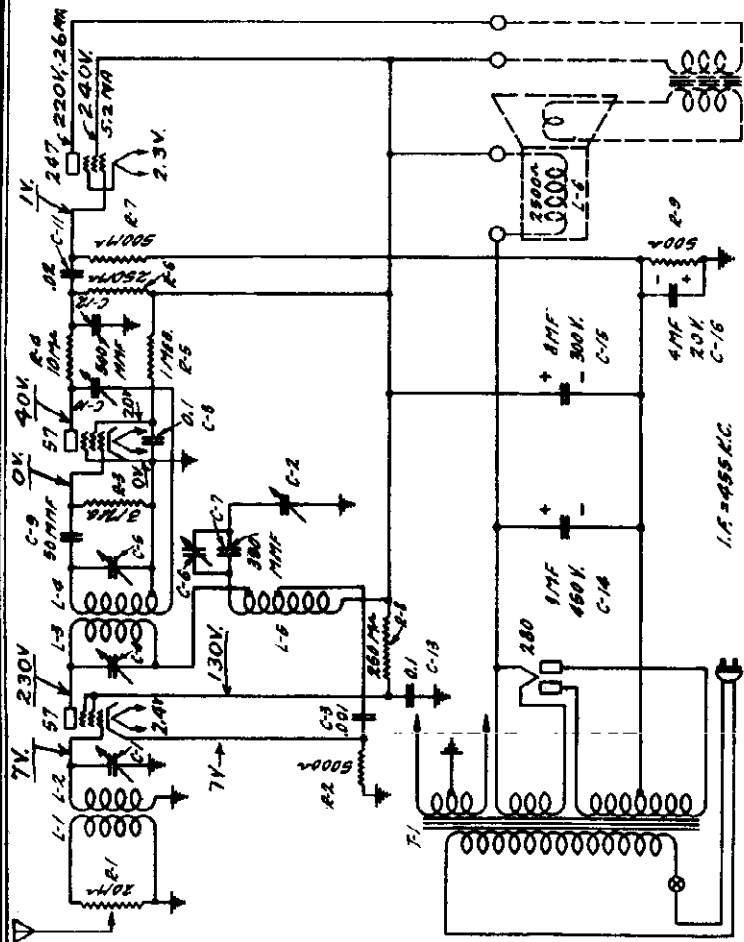
ELECTRODYNAMIC SPEAKER

U5333	6-inch Electrodynamic Speaker with Input Trans.	1	1.78	4.45
U5962	Input Transformer (T-2)	1	.38	.95

Prices subject to change without notice

The chassis may be aligned either on the oscillator or a broadcasting station. When any defects are located in the Oscillator I.F. assembly, other than simple wiring breaks which are easily repaired, the entire unit should be replaced rather than attempting to replace any of the component parts. The replacement assembly will be supplied as a unit but none of the component parts can be supplied separately.

Aligning I.F. Condensers. During I.F. alignment, the oscillator should be rendered inoperative by shorting a portion of the oscillator coil. Connecting a wire jumper between the two vertical insulated terminals located near the base of the oscillator—I.F. assembly beneath the chassis will accomplish this.



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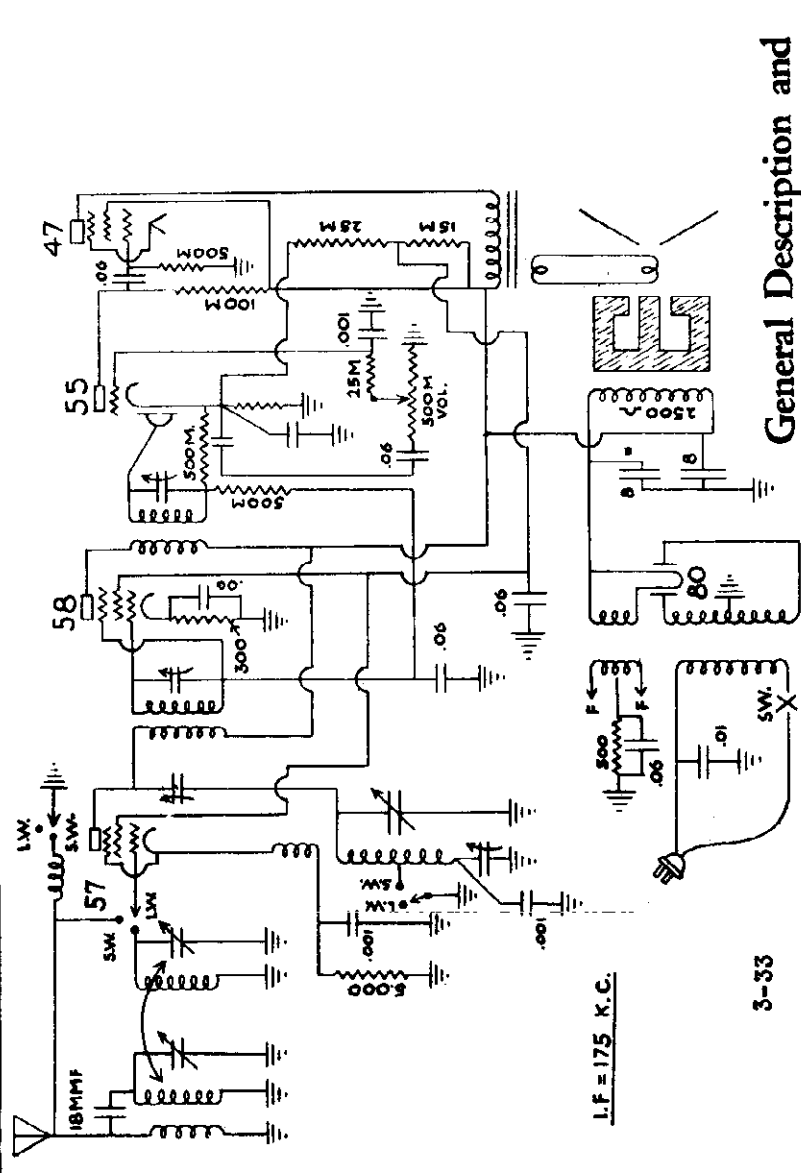
MONTGOMERY WARD

Part Name	Net Price	Selling Price
SOCKETS		
K-2-2-500 57 Socket	\$0.03	\$0.08 ea.
K-2-2-500 58 Socket	.03	.08
K-2-2-500 55 Socket	.03	.08
K-2-2-514 47 Socket	.03	.08
K-2-4-508 80 Socket	.03	.08
CONDENSERS		
K-3-3-381 3 gang Var. Tuning Condenser	.95	2.38
K-2-10-302 Dual 8 mfd. 450 volt Condenser (Less mtg. flanges, mounted to base horiz.)	.52	1.30
K-1-10-402 Dual 8 mfd. 450 volt Filter Condenser (with mtg. flanges mounted to base vert.)	.53	1.31
K-1-6-235 5 mfd. Condenser 200 volt	.08	.20
K-1-1-226 10 mfd. Condenser 400 volt	.04	.10
K-1-3-306 1 mfd. Condenser 200 volt	.045	.11
K-3-3-462 Adjustable Padding Cond. 1,500 mmfd. max.	.05	.13
K-3-3-474 .001 mfd. Molded Bakelite Condenser	.06	.15
RESISTORS		
K-4-2-476 500 ohm Wire Wound Flex Resistor	\$.004	\$0.10 ea.
K-1-3-172 300 ohm 1/2 watt Resistor	.05	.13
K-1-2-172 400 ohm 1/2 watt Carbon Resistor	.05	.13
K-1-1-4215 500 ohm 1/2 watt Carbon Resistor	.05	.13
K-1-1-3306 100M ohm 1/2 watt Carbon Resistor	.05	.13
K-1-1-4925 500M ohm 1/2 watt Carbon Resistor	.05	.13
K-2-1-173 15M ohm 1 watt Carbon Resistor	.05	.13
K-5-7-406 Voltage Control and Switch	.30	.75
COILS		
K-1-8-601 Antenna Coil Assembly	.20	.50
K-1-6-602 Int. Coil Assembly R. F.	.15	.38
K-3-4-450 Oscillator Coil Assembly	.18	.38
K-1-6-170 Antenna Choke Coil Assembly	.50	.13
TRANSFORMERS		
K-2-12-201 Power Transformer 60 cycle	\$0.85	\$2.13 ea.
K-3-5-963 No. 1 175 KC HF Transformer Assy.	.50	1.25
K-2-5-963 No. 2 175 KC HF Transformer Assy.	.50	1.25
STRIPS		
K-1-1-F538 Large Anchor Strip	.02	.05
K-1-2-531 Small Anchor Strip	.01	.03
K-1-2-F419 Insulator for Large Anchor Strip	.50	1.25
K-1-10-419 Insulator for Small Anchor Strip	.50	1.25
K-1-1-4430 Small Double Solder Lugs for above	1.00	2.50 M
K-1-1-3504 .200 Short Eyelets for above	.30	1.25 C
MISCELLANEOUS		
K-1-5-457 Tube Shield Base	\$0.01	\$0.03 ea.
K-1-7-103 Coil Shield for RF Coils	.03	.08
K-1-3-164 6-32 St. Spade Screws for Coil Shield	2.00	5.00 M
K-1-1-F114 Dial Lamp Socket	2.50	6.25 C
K-1-1-3154 2.5 volt Dial Lamp	.07	.18 ea.
K-1-7-122 Dial Assembly	.21	.53
K-6-6-468 4 point Coil Switch	.15	.38
K-2-4-116 Power Cord Set	.12	.30
K-1-2-4168 Wire Anchor Strap	.50	1.25 C
K-1-3-437 I.F. Transformer Clamp	.50	1.25
K-1-3-186 No. 6x1/2 Self Tapping Screws	2.50	6.25 M
K-1-1-3410 Large Extruded Fiber Washer for Vol. Cont.	.70	1.75 C
K-0-4-104 Tube Shield Caps	.04	.10 ea.
K-0-1-635 Dial Strip	.02	.05
K-1-8-149 Chassis Hold-down Strap	.01	.03
K-1-9-416 Small Control Knob	.04	.10
K-2-8-134 Large Control Knob	.04	.10
K-2-8-134 Control Grid Clip	.50	1.25 C
K-1-5-186 No. 8x1/2 Self Tapp. Chassis Mtg. Screws	.40	1.00 C

Prices subject to change without notice.

IMPORTANT: It is desirable to move the dial back and forth across the signal while making the above alignments. This is particularly necessary when altering any capacities connected with the oscillator circuit. Use an insulated or bakelite screw driver. No aligning, other than the I.F. transformers, is necessary for the short wave band (75 to 200 meters) as no attempt has been made to tune more than the oscillator.

Be certain that a good 57 tube is used in the first socket.



General Description and Aligning Procedure

The tuning condenser may be adjusted for alignment or "tracking" of the tuned circuits by means of an oscillator and output meter. The oscillator should cover the band from 550 to 1500 K.C. The energy from the oscillator is coupled weakly into the antenna circuit—a simple means being to place the oscillator near the antenna wire. The receiver and oscillator are first tuned to approximately 1500 K.C., and by watching the output indicator, the three condenser trimmers are adjusted for maximum output. These three trimmers must then be left untouched for all further aligning.

The next step is to tune both receiver and oscillator to some point near 550 K.C. Here the alignment is made by adjusting the oscillator "pad" condenser for maximum response. It may be reached through hole in base near the first I.F. transformer. If necessary to adjust the two R.F. condenser sections, it may be done by bending the condenser end plates. If necessary to align at points other than the ends of the "band" it may be done by bending portions of the slotted end plates of the condenser rotor sections. Alignment of the two ends of the scale is usually sufficient.

The tubes employed are as follows, and are operated at rated voltages and biases:

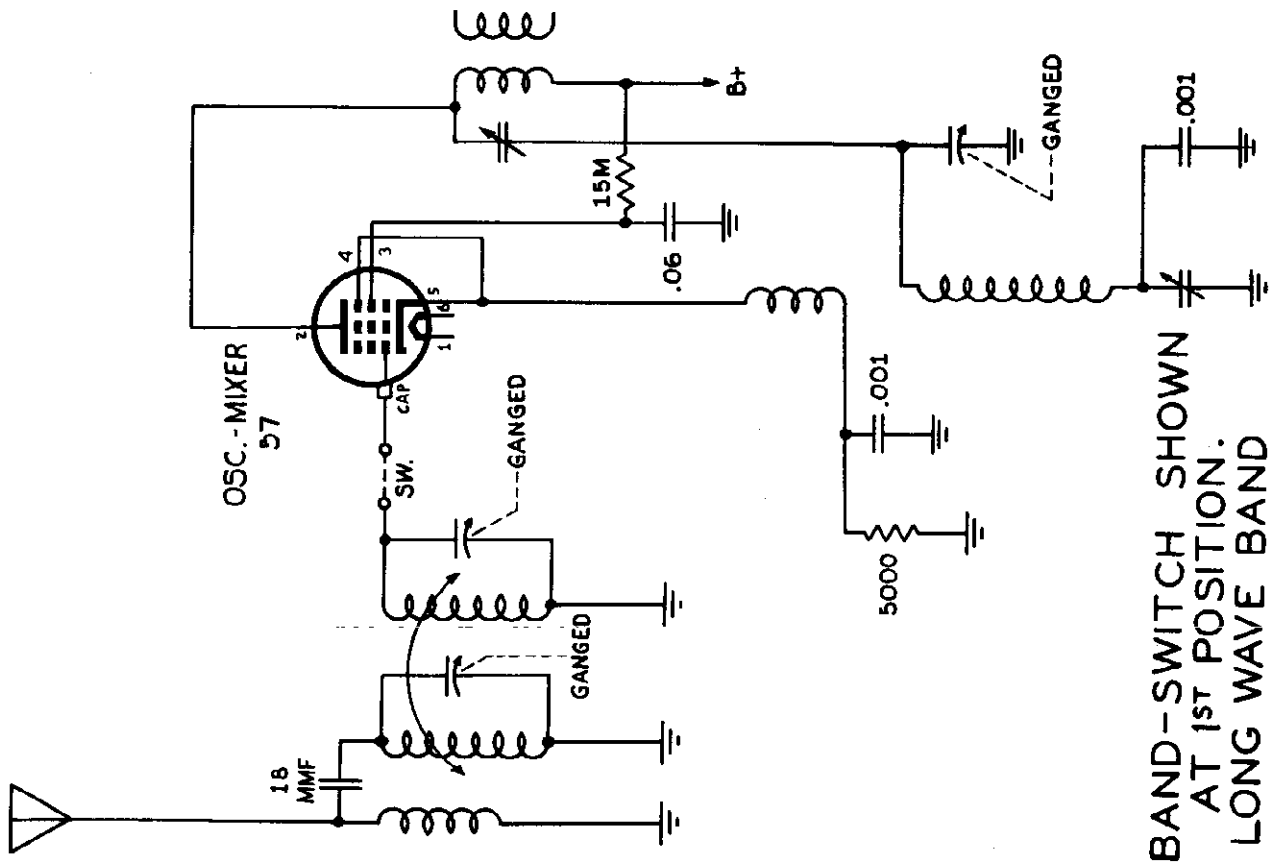
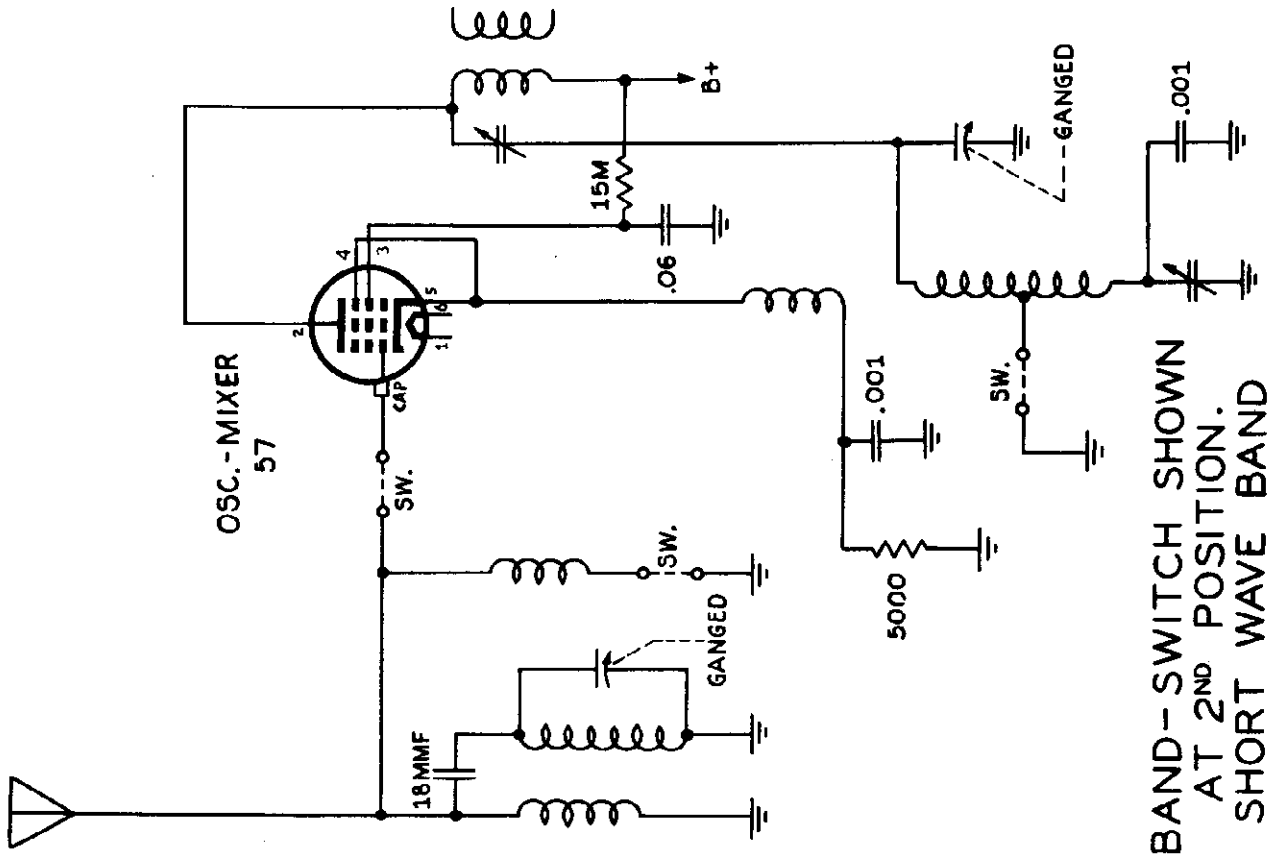
Oscillator and Mixer	57
Intermediate Frequency	58
Second Detector	55
Output	247
Rectifier	280

This receiver employs a combination oscillator and first detector, or mixer. The second detector is the new dual diode-triode, the diode portion acting as detector and providing automatic volume control—acting on the grid of the type 58 I.F. tube. The triode portion of the second detector is operated as an individually biased A.F. amplifier.

The first two variable tuned circuits are not electrically coupled. They are mutually coupled by being placed close together and left unshielded. In all other respects the circuits are entirely conventional.

In aligning, it is first desirable to see that the I.F. transformers are properly set. The First I.F. transformer is on top of the base and has two adjustments. The second is inside the base but its single adjustment may be reached through a hole in the rear-center of the base. The intermediate frequency is 175 K.C.

MONTGOMERY WARD



MONTGOMERY WARD

Condenser Alignment

Misalignment or mistracking of condensers generally manifests itself in broad tuning and lack of volume at positions or all of the broadcast band. The receivers are all properly aligned at the factory with precision instruments and realignment should not be attempted unless all other possible causes of the faulty operation have first been investigated and unless the service technician has the proper equipment. A signal generator that will provide an accurately calibrated signal of 175 K.C. and accurately calibrated signals over the broadcast band, and an output indicating meter are desirable. The procedure is as follows:

Set the signal generator for 175 K.C. Connect the signal lead from the signal generator to the grid of the 1st detector tube through a .05 mfd. condenser. Turn the tuning condenser rotor until the plates are completely out. The condenser rotor until the signal generator goes to the ground lead of the receiver. Then adjust the four intermediate frequency condensers for maximum output. The adjusting screws for these condensers are reached from the bottom of the chassis.

Next set the signal generator for a signal of exactly 1400 K.C. The antenna lead from the signal generator is, in this instance, connected to the antenna lead of the receiver. Keep the signal weak enough to prevent action of the A.V.C. Set the dial pointer on the 1400 K.C. mark on the dial scale and adjust the three trimmer condensers on the tuning condenser for maximum output, adjusting the oscillator trimmer first.

Next set the signal generator for a signal of 600 K.C. and adjust the oscillator 600 K.C. trimmer. The adjusting screw for this condenser is reached from the top of the chassis and is between the I.F. and oscillator coil cans.

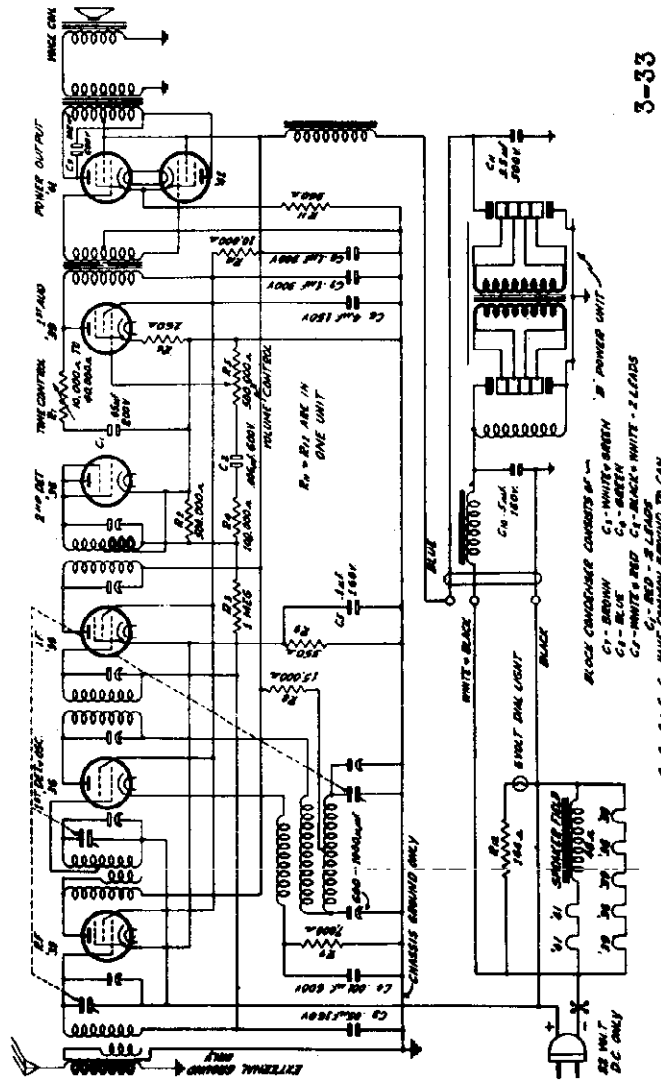
A non-metallic screwdriver is necessary for this adjustment. Turn the tuning condenser rotor until maximum output is obtained. Then turn the rotor slowly back and forth over this setting, at the same time adjusting the 600 K.C. trimmer screw until the highest output is obtained. Then set the signal generator again for a signal of 1400 K.C. and check the adjustment of the tuning condenser trimmers at this frequency for maximum output.

Line Voltage Range

The receiver will operate satisfactorily within a line voltage range of 28 to 36 volts. If the line voltage runs higher, it will have to be cut down and one method of doing this is to use a series resistor. Let us say the line voltage is 40. The receiver uses 1.55 amps. at 32 volts. A resistance of 5.16 ohms, therefore, capable of dissipating 12.4 watts will be required in the receiver line to cut the voltage down to 32. If the line voltage varies a variable resistor may be required.

IMPORTANT—POLARITY OF THE POWER SUPPLY TO THE RECEIVER MUST BE OBSERVED.

There is a red mark on the plug. The prong of the plug at which the red mark is placed must be plugged into the positive side of the line. Use a receptacle on the 32 volt line from which the plug will not have to be removed after it



3-33

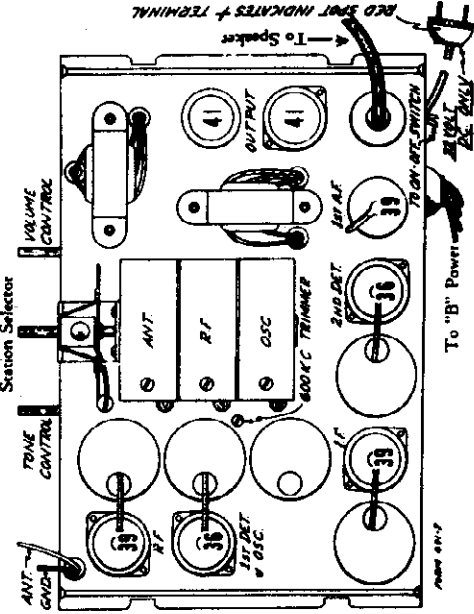
BLOCK CONDENSER COLORS BY —
C1 - BROWN C1 - WHITE-BROWN
C2 - BLUE C2 - BROWN
C3 - WHITE-RED C3 - BLACK-WHITE - 2 LEADS
C4 - RED C4 - RED - 2 LEADS
C5 - RED C5 - MIVE CAPACITOR BRONZE TO CAN.

Voltagess at Sockets

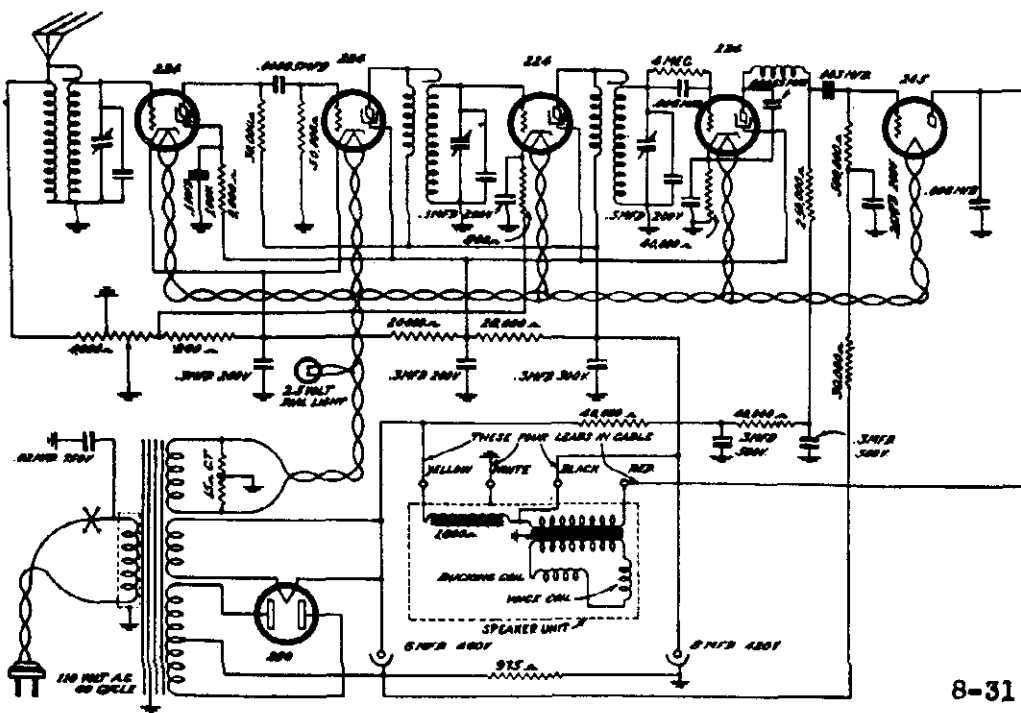
INPUT 32 VOLTS—GROUND R.F. GRID

Type of Tube	Function	Heater	Plate to Cathode/Cathode	Screen to Cathode/Cathode	Grid to Cathode	Normal Plate M.A.
'39	R.F.	6.4	190	90	3.0(1)	5.0
'36	1st Det. & Osc.	6.4	170	86	6.5(1)	.6
'39	I.F.	6.4	190	90	3.0(1)	5.0
'36	2nd Det.	6.4	0	0	0	0
'39	1st A.F.	6.4	70	90	1.75(1)	6.0
'41	Output	6.4	180	185	14.0	18.0

(1) Cathode to Ground.



MONTGOMERY WARD



8-31

When ordering repair parts, be sure to state the stock number of the part, the serial number of the chassis, and the identification number or color of the part.

Part No.	Name	Cost	Selling Price
RESISTORS			
P-90942	Volume Control (R1).....	\$.41	\$ 1.64
P-90967	Candohm Resistor Unit (R2, R3, R4) .13	.13	.52
P-90916	40,000 Ohm Carbon Resistor (R11, R15, R16).....	.08	.32
P-90954	25,000 Ohm Carbon Resistor (R12).....	.08	.32
P-90959	20,000 Ohm Carbon Resistor (R8).....	.08	.32
P-90970	28,000 Ohm Carbon Resistor (R9).....	.08	.32
P-90941	50,000 Ohm Carbon Resistor (R7).....	.08	.32
P-90956	30,000 Ohm Carbon Resistor (R14).....	.08	.32
P-90972	4 Megohm Carbon Resistor (R10).....	.08	.32
P-1094	Resistor Mounting Strip.....	.02	.08
P-90968	Center Tapped Resistor.....	.06	.24
P-90946	30,000 Ohm Carbon Resistor (R6).....	.08	.32
P-90971	9,000 Ohm Carbon Resistor (R5).....	.08	.32
CONDENSERS			
P-80851	Filter Condenser Block (C1, C2, C4, C5, C6, C8, C11, C13, C14, C17).....	1.32	5.28
P-80849	8 Mfd. Electrolytic Condenser 460 volt.....	.53	2.12
P-80848	6 Mfd. 420 Volt Electrolytic Condenser.....	.50	2.00
P-80807	.002 Mfd. Moulder Condenser (C9).....	.06	.24
P-80822	.006 Mfd. Moulded Condenser (C10).....	.16	.64
P-80853	.003 Mfd. Moulded Condenser (C12).....	.11	.44
P-80829A	.00005 Mfd. Moulded Condenser (C3).....	.06	.24
P-80852	3-Gang Condenser and Shield.....	1.54	6.16
P-1279	Detector Overload Control Assembly.....	.25	1.00
COILS AND TRANSFORMERS			
P-5052A	25 Cycle Power Transformer Assem.....	2.41	9.64
P-50525	Power Transformer Assembly.....	1.50	6.00
P-1290	Complete Set Shielded R.F. Coils.....	1.69	6.76
P-1284	Shielded Antenna Coil Assembly.....	.46	1.84
P-1283	Shielded Interstage Coil Assembly.....	.48	1.92
P-1293	Shielded Detector Coil Assembly.....	.76	3.04
P-1189	Coil Shield Assembly.....	.08	.32
P-1282	R.F. Resistance Coupling Unit Ass'y.....	.26	1.04
P-1171	R.F. Choke Coil.....	.13	.52
P-1092	Grid Cbp Assembly.....	.02	.08
SOCKETS			
P-1047	224 Tube Socket.....	.04	.16
P-1052	245 Tube Socket.....	.04	.16
P-1062	280 Tube Socket.....	.04	.16
P-10131	4 Prong Socket Shield.....	.01	.04
P-10124	5 Prong Socket Shield.....	.01	.04

Tube Voltages

All D.C. voltages taken with a 1000 ohm per volt meter on the scale indicated in column headed "Meter Scale." Turn on the volume control all the way and connect the antenna and ground leads together. The grid, plate, and screen grid voltages are measured to cathode of the heater tubes and to filament of the 245 tube.

Tube	Circuit	Meter Scale	90 V.	100 V.	110 V.	120 V.	150 V.
1st R. F. 224	Grid Screen-Grid Plate	0-10	2	2.3	2.6	3	3.3
		0-100	52	58	63	68	73
		0-250	133	142	155	167	178
2nd R. F. 224	Grid Screen-Grid Plate	0-10	.4	.5	.6	.7	.8
		0-100	60	67	72	78	83
		0-1000	190	210	230	250	278
3rd R. F. 224	Grid Screen-Grid Plate	0-10	2	2.3	2.6	3	3.3
		0-100	60	67	72	78	83
		0-1000	190	210	230	250	278
Detec 224	Grid Screen-Grid Plate	0-10	.08	.09	.1	.11	.12
		0-100	48	51	59	63	67
		0-100	58	66	72	78	87
Audio 245	Grid Plate	0-100	23	27	31	35	40
		0-1000	202	222	242	262	282
280 Rect.	Plate Current	0-100	40 mls.	45 mls.	50 mls.	56 mls.	64 mls.
		0-1000	265	298	330	358	392
280 Rect.	Filament to Ground	0-1000	265	298	330	358	392

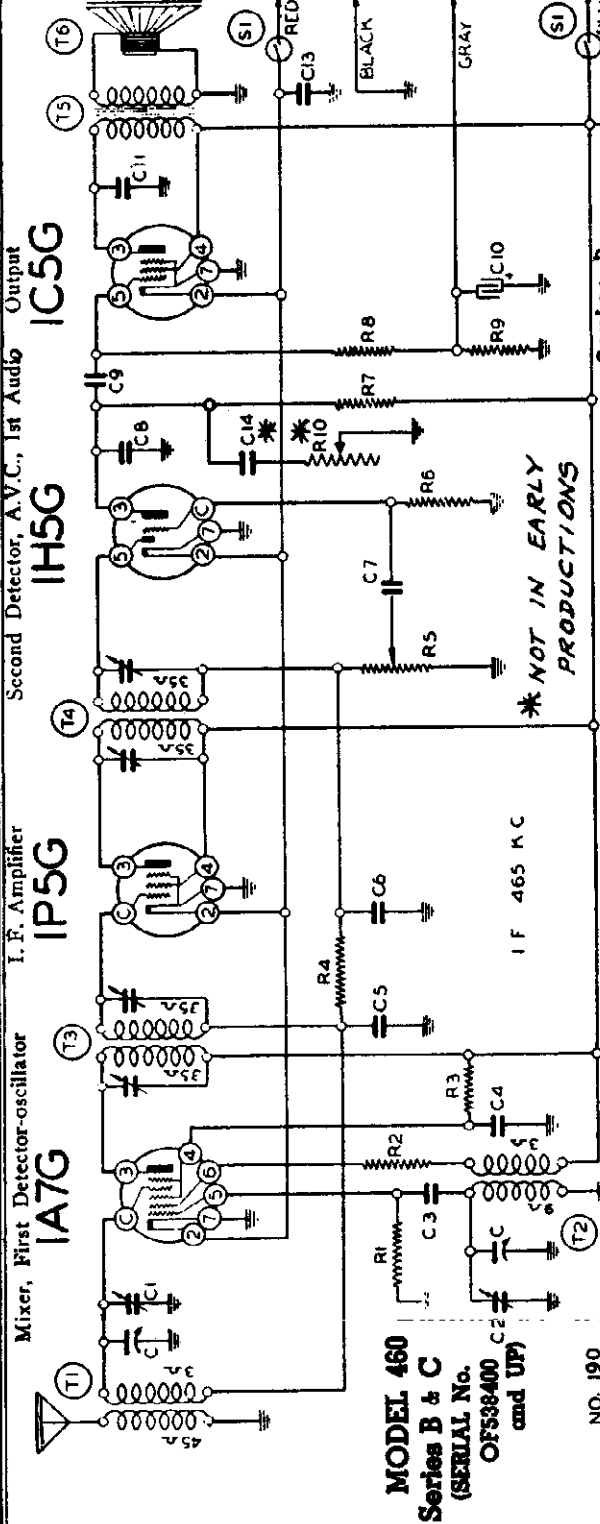
MISCELLANEOUS

P-70710	Dynamic Speaker Cord and Terminal Strip Assembly.....	.19	.76
P-70702	Attachment Cord and Plug Assembly.....	.23	.92
P-20384	Tube Shield.....	.23	.92
P-1278	Tube Shield Clip Assembly.....	.02	.08
P-1287	Pilot Lamp Assembly.....	.06	.24
P-1059	Control Knob.....	.06	.24
P-1280	Escutcheon Plate.....	.10	.40
P-1190	A. C. Switch.....	.14	.56
P-10143	1/2 Inch Rubber Cushion.....	.01	.04
P-10142	1/2 Inch Rubber Cushion.....	.01	.04
P-1194	Dial and Drive Assembly.....	.11	.44
P-1277	Dynamic Speaker.....	2.59	10.36

Prices subject to change without notice.

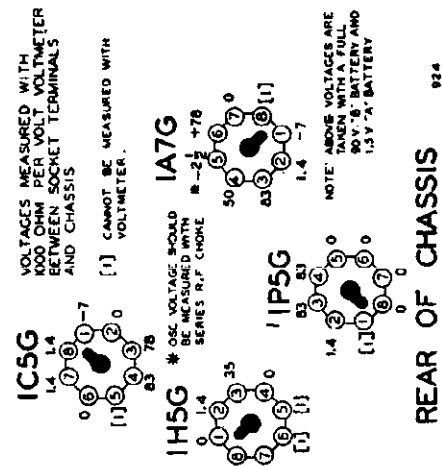
MONTGOMERY WARD

MODEL 62-1459
IS SAMS AS
62-460 EXCEPT
1N5G TUBE RE-
PLACES 1P5G

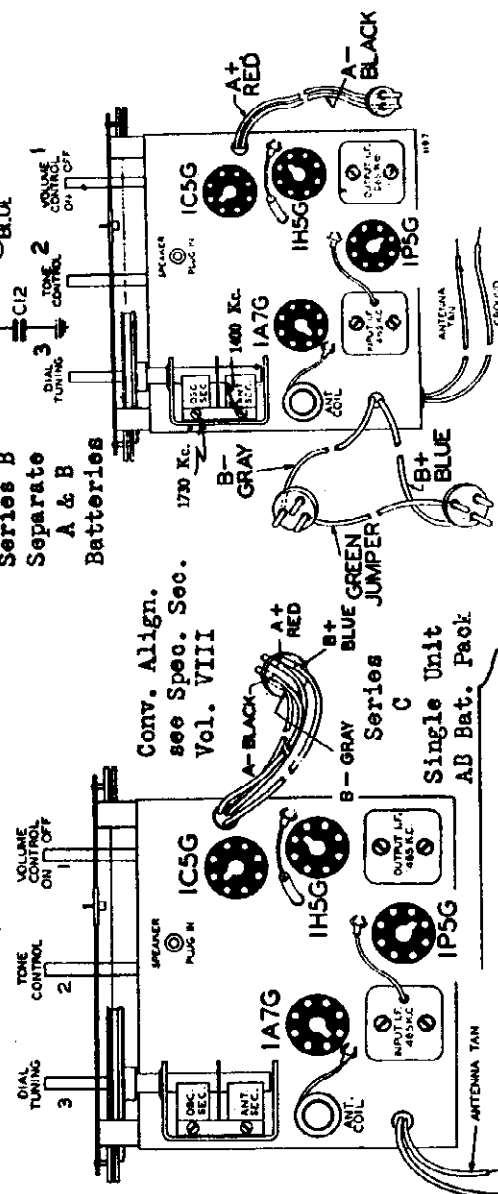
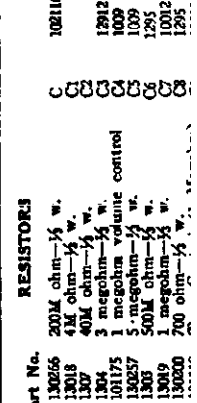


MODEL 460
Series B & C
(SERIAL No.
OF538400 and UP)

BOTTOM VIEW OF CHASSIS



REAR OF CHASSIS



PARTS

11112	Antennas Coil	Power Output—
10012	Oscillator Coil	150 Milliwatts Undistorted,
10013	Output I. F. 465 Kc.	270 Milliwatts Maximum
10014	Output Transformer	
10015	5 Ohm P. M. Speaker	
114166	Off-on switch on Volume control	AUGUST 1940
11975	10 mid. x 25 w. v.	FREQUENCY RANGE
10012	.003 x 600 v.	85 to 170Kc.
10064	.25 x 200 v.	
10020	.1 x 200 v.	

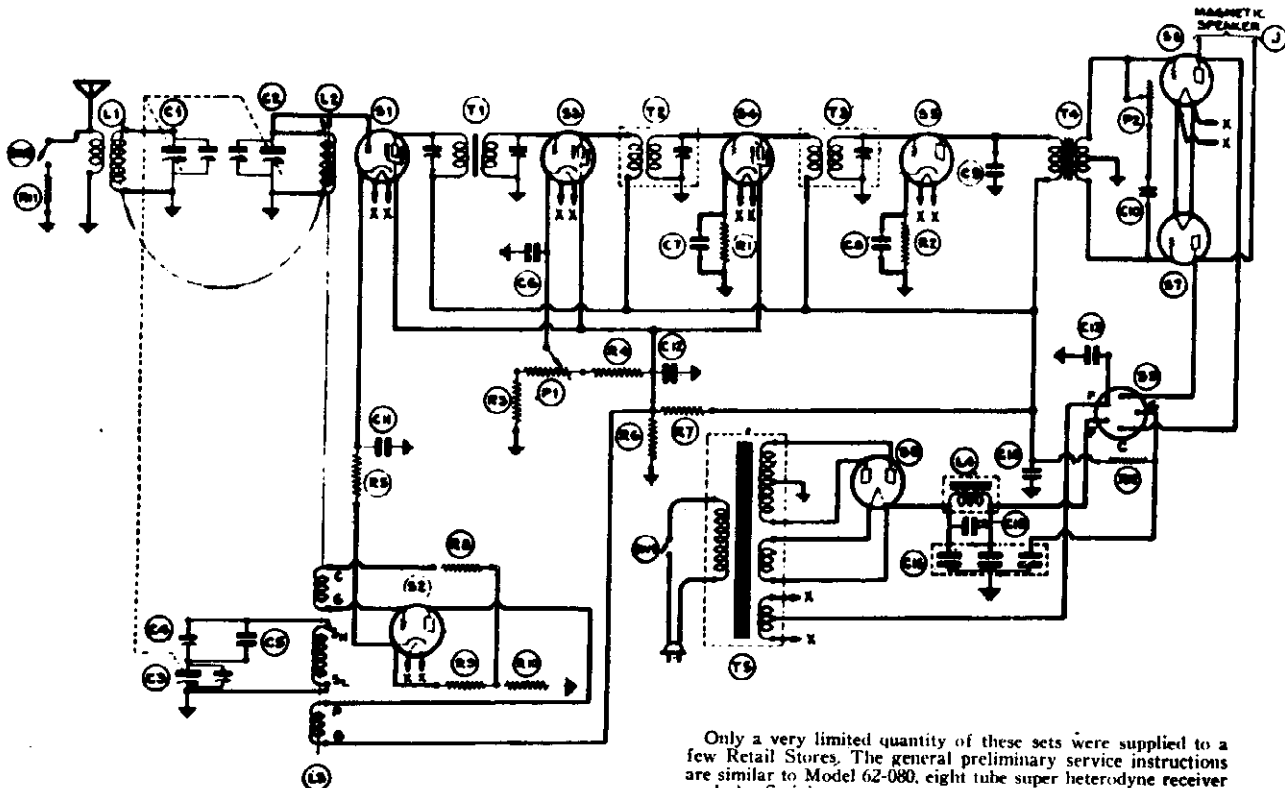
CONDENSERS

102110	2 gang variable condenser
12912	Oscillator trimmer on gang
1009	.00025 mica
1009	.05 x 200 v.
1295	.05 x 200 v.
10012	.001 mica
10012	.003 x 600 v.
1295	.001 mica
1295	.001 mica

RESISTORS

130256	200M ohm—1/2 w.
13018	41M ohm—1/2 w.
1307	40M ohm—1/2 w.
1304	3 megohm—1/2 w.
101175	1 megohm volume control
130257	5-megohm—1/2 w.
1300	500M ohm—1/2 w.
13019	1 megohm—1/2 w.
130020	700 ohm—1/2 w.

MONTGOMERY WARD



Design Data

- L1—161 Coil
- L2—160 Coil
- L3—163 Oscillator Coil
- L4—339U Choke
- T1—1st I.F. Transformer
- T2—2nd I.F. Transformer
- T3—3rd I.F. Transformer
- T4—A-270 Audio Transformer
- T5—360 Power Transformer
- C1-C2-C3 —425 Mmfd. Max., 417 nominal
- C4 —Variable 250-600 Mmfd.
- C5 —750 Mmfd. Nominal 10% (Mica)
- C6 —0.1 Mfd.
- C7 —0.1 Mfd.
- C8 —1.0 Mfd. 150 V.
- C9 —.001 Mfd. Mica
- C10—.003 Mfd.
- C11—0.1 Mfd.
- C12—1.0 Mfd. 150 V.
- C13—0.1 Mfd.
- C14—1.0 Mfd. 300 V.
- C15—.25 Mfd.
- C16—Three 4 Mfd. Units (Dry Electrolytic)

Only a very limited quantity of these sets were supplied to a few Retail Stores. The general preliminary service instructions are similar to Model 62-080, eight tube super heterodyne receiver made by Steinite.

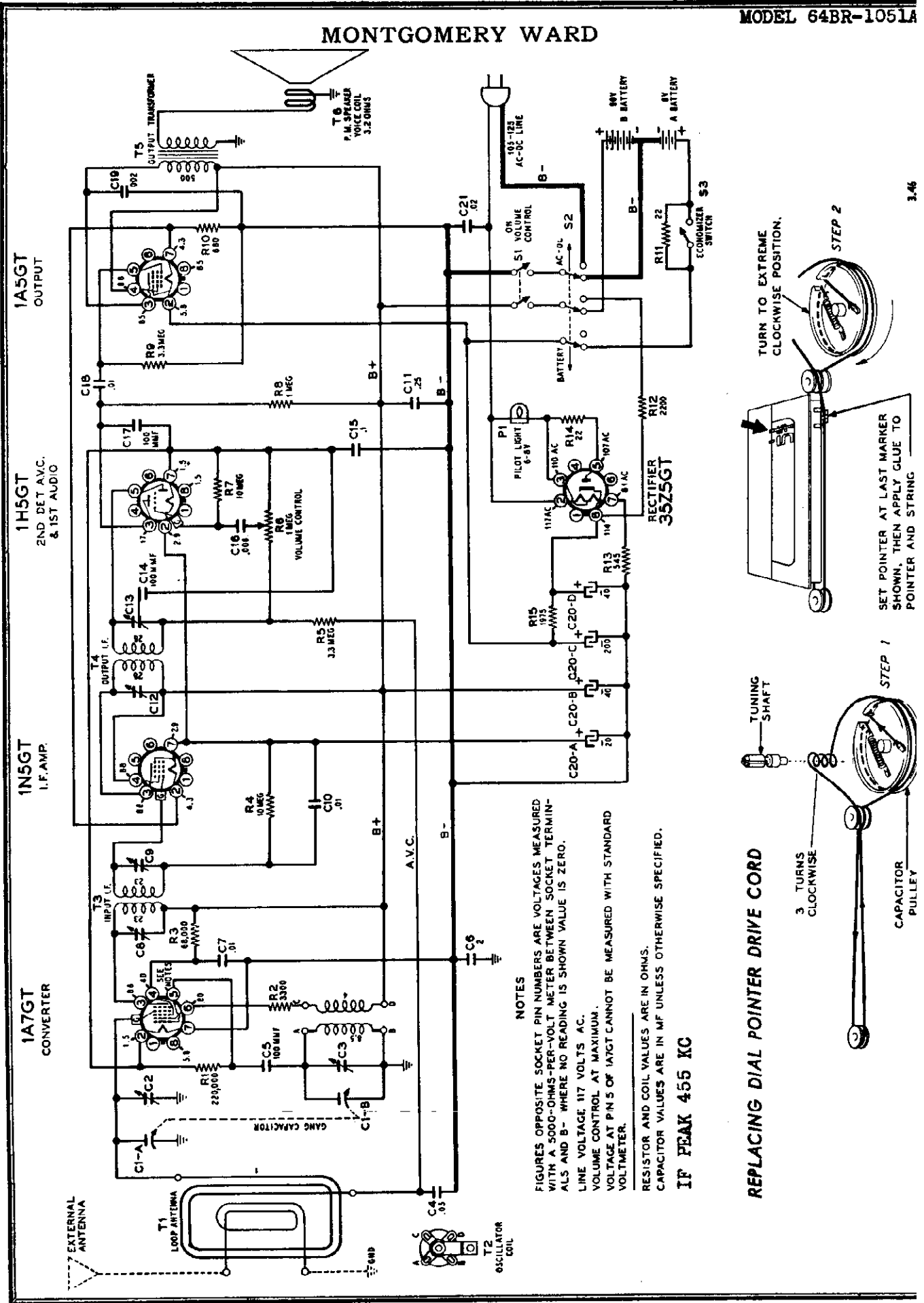
Prices subject to change without notice.

- R1 —750 ohms wire wound
- R2 —25,000 ohms 1 watt
- R3 —200 ohms wire wound
- R4 —25,000 ohms 1 watt
- R5 —10,000 ohms 1 watt
- R6 —10,000 ohms 1 watt
- R7 —3500 ohms 3 watt
- R8 —400 ohms wire wound
- R9 —100 ohms—wire wound, tapped at 100 ohms
- R10—1000 ohms
- R11—100 ohms
- R12—4000 ohms 2-watt
- S1-S3-S4—'24 tubes
- S2-S5—'27 tubes
- S6-S7—'45 tubes
- S8—'80 tube
- S9—SPKR
- J—Twin tip jack for magnetic speaker
- P1—10,000 ohm wire wound pot.
- P2—1/2 megohm variable tapered res.
- SW1—Operating switch (on-off)
- SW2—Local-Distance switch

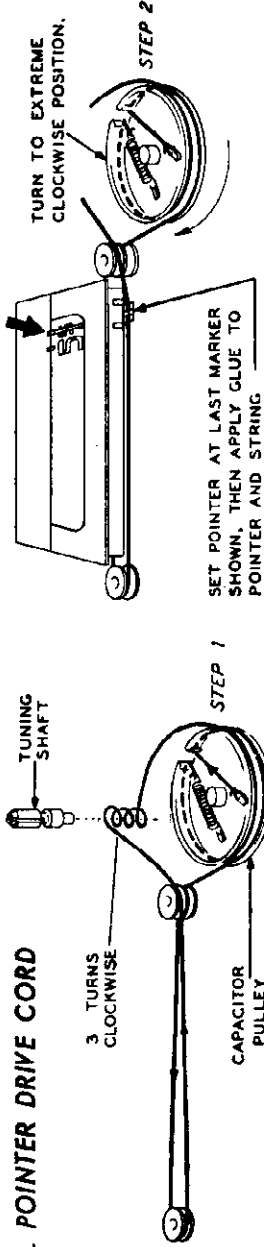
Part No.	Description	Cost	Selling Price
SM 6443	Osc. Trimmer and Condenser Assem.	\$.30	\$1.20
SM 4432	"Ant" B. P.	.02	.08
SM 4422	"Gnd" B. P.	.02	.08
SM 360S	Transformer (T5)	2.44	9.76
SM 6433	160 and 163 Osc. Coil Assem. (L3)	.89	3.56
SM 1040	Set I. F. Trans. (T1, T2, T3)	1.27	5.08
SM 5485	A.C. Switch (SW1)	.25	1.00
SM 3351	10' C. and P. Cable	.30	1.20
SM 4492	10,000 Ohm Pot (P1)	.25	1.00
SM 13124	3 Gang 1040 Cond.	1.76	7.04
SM 3220	1/10 Mfd. Cond. (C11, C13)	.11	.44
SM 13120	Filter Condenser (C16)	1.36	5.44
SM 7114	.25 Mfd. Condenser (C15)	.20	.80
SM 339U	Filter Choke (L4)	.68	2.72
SM 4789	10,000 Ohm 3 Watt	.15	.60
SM 4697	25,000 Ohm 1 Watt (R4)	.09	.36
SM 4786	750 Ohm Wire Wound (R1)	.09	.36
SM 4787	4,000 Ohm 2 Watt (R12)	.12	.48

Part No.	Description	Cost	Selling Price
SM 3333	.025 Mfd. Condenser	.15	.60
SM 4768	1100 Ohm Tapped Resistor	.12	.48
SM 270U	Input Transformer (T4)	1.18	4.72
SM 6449	161 Antenna Coil (L1)	.67	2.68
SM 6436	100 Ohm Resistor (R9)	.30	1.20
SM 3819	Knobs, Small	.06	.24
SM 3820	Knobs, Large	.075	.30
SM 657	Tube Shield and Base	.15	.60
SM 4786	1100 Ohm Resist.	.11	.44
SM 7039	.001 Mfd. Cond. (C9)	.08	.32
SM 3311	.002 Mfd. Cond.	.09	.36
SM 4507	1/2 Meg. Pot (P2)	.30	1.20
SM 4743	RU100 Resistor (R11)	.06	.24
SM 6389	Local Distance Switch Assem.	.30	1.20
SM 6167	Grid Cap Assem.	.08	.32
SM 4367	Resist. Strip Insulator	.01	.04
SM 16018	Dial Drum and Scale Assem.	.27	1.08
SM-227-245-224-28	Sockets	.075	.30

MONTGOMERY WARD



NOTES
 FIGURES OPPOSITE SOCKET PIN NUMBERS ARE VOLTAGES MEASURED WITH A 5000-OHMS-PER-VOLT METER BETWEEN SOCKET TERMINALS AND B- WHERE NO READING IS SHOWN VALUE IS ZERO.
 LINE VOLTAGE: 117 VOLTS AC.
 VOLUME CONTROL AT MAXIMUM.
 VOLTAGE AT PIN 5 OF 1A7GT CANNOT BE MEASURED WITH STANDARD VOLTMETER.
 RESISTOR AND COIL VALUES ARE IN OHMS.
 CAPACITOR VALUES ARE IN MF UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.
IF PEAK 455 KC



REPLACING DIAL POINTER DRIVE CORD

3 TURNS
CLOCKWISE

CAPACITOR
PULLEY

TURN TO EXTREME
CLOCKWISE POSITION.

STEP 2

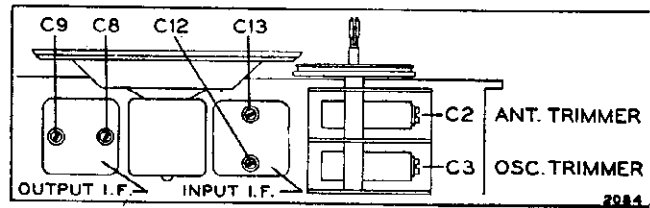
SET POINTER AT LAST MARKER
SHOWN, THEN APPLY GLUE TO
POINTER AND STRING

STEP 1

MODEL 64BR-1051A

MONTGOMERY WARD ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

- Output meter across 3.2 ohm output load.
- Volume control at maximum for all adjustments.
- Align for maximum output.
- Reduce input as needed to keep output near 0.4 volts.



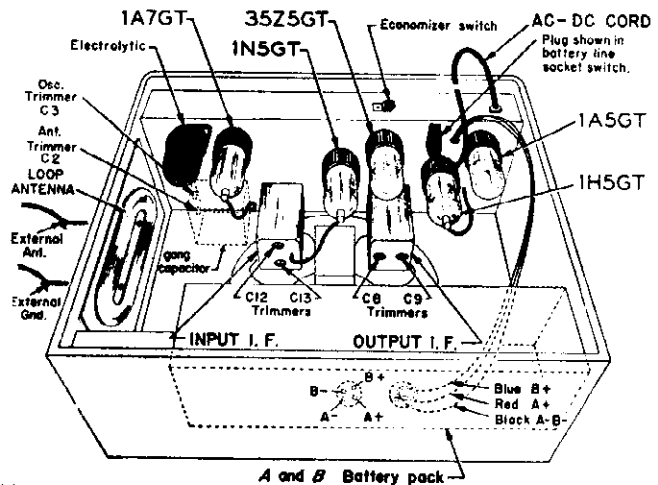
SIGNAL GENERATOR					ADJUST TRIMMERS TO MAXIMUM OUTPUT in order shown
Frequency	Coupling Capacitor	Connection to Radio	Ground Connection	DIAL SETTING	
455 kc	.1 mf	1A7GT grid cap*	1A7GT Pin 7	Rotor full open (plates out of mesh)	Input and output trimmers on IF cans
1650 kc	.1 mf	1A7GT grid cap*	1A7GT Pin 7	Rotor full open (plates out of mesh)	Osc. trimmer on gang (see trimmer view)
1400 kc	200 mmf	External antenna clip	External ground clip	1400 kc	Ant. trimmer on gang (see trimmer view)

*For these adjustments insert a 1 megohm resistor between loop antenna and 1A7GT grid cap.

RECEIVER STAGE SENSITIVITIES

The table below lists the sensitivities at the input of each stage. The receiver should be tuned to 1000 KC for all readings. All measurements are based on an output of 50 milliwatts. This may be measured by disconnecting the speaker voice coil and substituting a 3.2 ohm 5 watt resistor across the secondary winding of the output transformer. A reading of .4 volts AC across this resistor will be equivalent to a 50 milliwatt output with speaker connected. The volume control must be set to maximum.

The signal source must be an accurately calibrated signal generator capable of supplying both 1000 KC and 455 KC signals modulated 30% with a 400 cycle audio signal. Variations of plus or minus 25% are usually permissible.



Note: For battery operation, line cord plug must be inserted in battery-line socket switch as shown; switch contacts are automatically moved.

SIGNAL GENERATOR				
Frequency	Coupling Capacitor	Connection to Radio	Ground Connection	INPUT FOR 50 MILLIWATT OUTPUT
1000 kc	200 mmf or RMA dummy antenna	External antenna clip	External ground clip	25 microvolts
1000 kc	.05 mf	Converter (1A7GT) grid cap	1A7GT Pin 7	140 microvolts
455 kc	.05 mf	Converter (1A7GT) grid cap	1A7GT Pin 7	100 microvolts
455 kc	.05 mf	IF amp. (1N5GT) grid cap	1A7GT Pin 7	4500 microvolts
400 cycles	.05 mf	AF amp. (1H5GT) grid cap	1A7GT Pin 7	.06 volts
400 cycles	.05 mf	Power amp. (1A5GT) grid (pin 5)	1A7GT Pin 7	3 volts

MONTGOMERY WARD

MODEL 64BR-1051A
 MODELS 64BR-1205A
 64BR-1206A

Ref. No.	Part No.	Description	Qty. Used in Set
CAPACITORS			
C1-A, C1-B	BE8-2A-10113	Two-gang variable capacitor	1
C2		Antenna trimmer on gang	1
C3		Oscillator trimmer on gang	1
C4	BE100-128	.05 mf, 25%, 120 volts	1
C5, C17	BE129-8	100 mmf, 20%, mica	2
C6	BE100-110	.3 mf ± 30%—10%, 400 volts	1
C7, C10	BE100-127	.01 mf, 25%, 120 volts	2
C8		Primary trimmer on input IF transformer, range 53 to 97 mmf	1
C9		Secondary trimmer on input IF transformer, range 53 to 97 mmf	1
C11	BE100-136	.25 mf, 25%, 120 volts	1
C12		Primary trimmer on output IF transformer, range 39 to 71 mmf	1
C13		Secondary trimmer on output IF transformer, range 39 to 71 mmf	1
C14		100 mmf ± 30%—10%, part of output IF can	1
C15	BE100-133	.1 mf, 25%, 120 volts	1
C16	BE100-124	.006 mf, 25%, 120 volts	1
C18	BE100-78	.01 mf, 25%, 200 volts	1
C19	BE100-26	.02 mf, 25%, 400 volts	1
C20-A, C20-B, C20-C, C20-D	BE119-126	Dry electrolytic for 30-60 cycles: 20 mf, 150 volts; 40 mf, 150 volts; 200 mf, 10 volts; 40 mf, 150 volts	1
	BE-119-133	Wet electrolytic for 25 cycles: 10 mf, 150 volts; 80 mf, 150 volts; 200 mf, 10 volts; 80 mf, 150 volts	1
C21	BE100-26	.02 mf, 25%, 400 volts	1
RESISTORS*			
R1	BEA-981-27	220,000 ohms, 20%, 1/2 watt	1
R2	BEA-981-16	3,200 ohms, 20%, 1/2 watt	1
R3	BEA-981-84	64,000 ohms, 10%, 1/2 watt	1
R4, R7	BEA-981-37	10 megohms, 20%, 1/2 watt	2
R6, R9	BEA-981-34	3.3 megohms, 20%, 1/2 watt	2
R5, S1	BE101-258	1 megohm volume control with switch	1
R8	BEA-981-31	1 megohm, 20%, 1/2 watt	1
R10	BEA-981-60	680 ohms, 10%, 1/2 watt	1

Ref. No.	Part No.	Description	Qty. Used in Set
R11, R14	BEA-981-42	22 ohms, 10%, 1/2 watt	2
R12	BEA-981-66	2,200 ohms, 10%, 1/2 watt	1
R13	BE130-343	645 ohms, 5%, 14 watts, wire-wound	1
R15	BE130-344	1,972 ohms, 5%, 6 watts, wire-wound	1
COILS AND TRANSFORMERS			
T1	BE8-13E-10240	Loop antenna assembly	1
T2	BEA-13D-10239	Oscillator coils	1
T3	BE108-2018	Input IF transformer complete in can with trimmers	1
T4	BE108-2008	Output IF transformer complete in can with trimmers and C14	1
T5	BE105-132	Output transformer	1
SPEAKER			
T6	BE114-2468	5" P.M. speaker	1
SOCKETS			
	BE121-171	Octal wafar socket	5
	BE121-243	Bakelite socket base for filter capacitor	1
DIAL AND TUNING PARTS			
	BE8-6D-10115	Dial scale	1
	BE8-6D-10116	Dial calibration	1
	BE112-949	Pointer	1
	BE120-142	Coiled tension spring for dial string	1
	BE120-9	String for dial	2 1/2
	BE116-741	Plato for dial, with pulleys	1
	BE117-896	Tuning shaft	1
	BE131-210	"C" washer	1
	BE128-460-39	Knob, "Volume"	1
	BE128-461-39	Knob, "Tuning"	1
	BE107-249	Pilot bulb, 6.8 volt, No. T-47	1
	BE107-371	Pilot light socket assembly	1
MISCELLANEOUS			
S1	BE125-161	On-off switch on volume control	1
S2	BE125-164	Line-battery socket switch	1
S3	BE120-416	Battery economizer switch	1
	BE8-2K-10114	Battery cable assembly	1
	BE128-673-1	Grill screen	1
	BE112-947	Grill cloth	1
	BE107-370	Escutcheon for dial	1
	BE115-396	Line cord and plug	1
		Tube shield	1

MODEL 64BR-1051A

ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Power Supply 105-125 volts DC or 50-60 cycle AC, 30 watts. Also made for 25 cycle AC.
 Battery: Wards Battery Pack No. 62-30
 Size: 10.9" x 16" by 2 3/4" by 4 1/4".
 "A"—6 volts, 50 milliamperes.
 "B"—90 volts, 8.5 milliamperes.
 Frequency Range 530 to 1650 kc.
 Intermediate Freq. 455 kc.
 Selectivity At 1000 kc, 48 kc at 1000 x signal.
 Sensitivity 40 microvolts average for .05 watt output.
 Power Output 80 milliwatts undistorted, 180 milliwatts maximum.
 Loud Speaker 5", P.M., v.c. impedance 3.2 ohms.
 Tube Complement 35Z5GT rectifier, 1A7GT converter, 1NSGT i.F. amplifier, 1HSGT detector, AVC, audio amplifier, 1A5GT output amplifier, T-47 pilot lamp, 6.8 volts.

MODELS 64BR-1205A, 1206A

ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Power Supply Battery: Wards Battery Pack 62-59
 Size: 10 3/4" x 2 5/8" x 6 1/4".
 "A"—1 1/2-volts, 250 milliamperes
 "B"—90 volts, 10.5 milliamperes
 Frequency Range 540 to 1700 kc.
 Intermediate Freq. 455 kc.
 Selectivity At 1000 kc, 49 kc at 1000 x signal
 Sensitivity 40 microvolts average for 50-milli-watt output.
 Power Output 0.120 watt undistorted, 0.140 watt maximum.
 Loud Speaker 5-inch; P. M.; voice coil impedance 3.2 ohms.
 Tube Complement 1R5, converter 1T4, I. F. amplifier 1S5, detector, AVC, audio 354, output amplifier

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

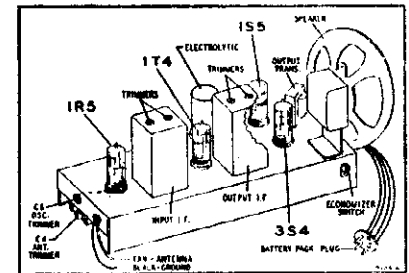
- Output meter across 3.2-ohm output lead.
- Align for maximum output. Reduce input as needed to keep output near 0.4 volts.
- Volume control at maximum for all adjustments.
- Connect ground post of signal generator to radio chassis.

SIGNAL GENERATOR			TUNER SETTING	ADJUST FOR MAXIMUM OUTPUT (in order shown)
Frequency	Coupling Capacitor	Connection to Radio		
455 kc	.1 mf	Grid (pin 6) of 1R5	Iron cores all the way out	Trimmers on output and input I. F. cans
1700 kc	.1 mf	Grid (pin 6) of 1R5	Iron cores all the way out	Oscillator trimmer C6
1700 kc	200 mmf	Antenna lead	Iron cores all the way out	Antenna trimmer C4
1400 kc	200 mmf	Antenna lead	Turn dial to 1400 kc	Adjust position of ant. coil (see coil view)*

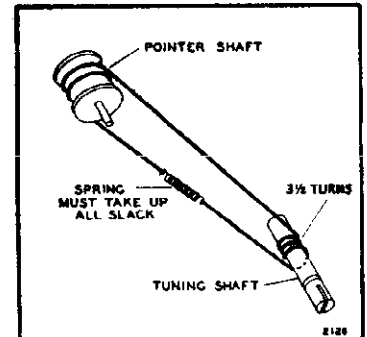
*This adjustment and the previous adjustment are interlocking; therefore repeat the two adjustments alternately for best results.

Ref. No.	Part No.	Description	Qty. Used in Set
CAPACITORS*			
C1	BEC-8F3-11	330 mmf, 500 volts, 20%, mica	1
C2	BE8-8G-10426	45 mmf, 10%, ceramic	1
C3	BEC-8D-10787	.001 mf, 600 volts, 20%	1
C4, C6	BEA-8H-10320	Dual trimmer, antenna and oscillator. Range of each: 84-156 mmf each	1
C6	BEC-8F3-6	47 mmf, 500 volts, 20%, mica	1
C7	BEC-8D-10771	.1 mf, 200 volts, ±20%—10%	1
C8	BEC-8D-10778	.25 mf, 200 volts, ±20%—10%	1
C9	BEC-8D-10770	.05 mf, 200 volts, 20%	1
C10		Approx. 100 mmf. Part of I.F. can.	1
C11	BEC-8D-10786	.002 mf, 600 volts, 20%	1
C12	BEC-8D-10774	.02 mf, 400 volts, 20%	1
C13	BEC-8D-10789	.004 mf, 600 volts, 20%	1
C14-A-B	BEA-8C-10250	Dual electrolytic, 10 mfa 150 volts each section	1
C15	BEC-8D-10784	.002 mf, 600 volts, 25%	1
RESISTORS*			
R1, R14	BEC-981-74	10,000 ohms, 1/2 watt, 10%	2
R2, R5, R9	BEC-981-34	3.3 megohms, 1/2 watt, 20%	3
R3	BEC-981-84	100,000 ohms, 1/2 watt, 10%	1
R4	BEC-981-76	15,000 ohms, 1/2 watt, 10%	1
R6	BEC-981-85	87,000 ohms, 1/2 watt, 10%	1
R7, S2	BEA-108-10340	Volume control (1 megohm) and on-off switch	1
R8	BEC-981-37	10 megohms, 1/2 watt, 20%	1
R10	BEC-981-97	820,000 ohms, 1/2 watt, 10%	1
R11	BEC-981-33	2.2 megohms, 1/2 watt, 20%	1
R12, R13	BEC-981-54	330 ohms, 1/2 watt, 10%	2
R15	BEC-981-77	18,000 ohms, 1/2 watt, 10%	1

Ref. No.	Part No.	Description	Qty. Used in Set
COILS AND TRANSFORMERS			
T1-A, B	BEC-211-10403	Tuner assembly complete, including antenna and oscillator coils	1
T2	BEB-13A-10333	Input I. F. transformer, complete in can. Range of trimmers: 53-97 mmf each	1
T3, C10	BEB-13B-10334	Output I. F. transformer, complete in can. Range of trimmers: 39-71 mmf peak	1
T4	BEB-12C-10328	Output transformer	1
MISCELLANEOUS			
	BEB-18A-10294	Speaker, 5-inch, P.M.	1
	BEA-158-10326	Tube socket	4
	BEA-20C-10317	Economizer switch	1
	BEB-14A-10386	Battery cable assembly	1
	BEB-4D-10282	Dial scale (for brown cabinet)	1
	BEB-4D-10287-1	Dial scale (for ivory cabinet)	1
	BEB-4D-10290	Dial crystal	1
	BEB-2G-10118	Pointer	1
	BEA-53A-10576	Cord for dial pointer drive	1
	BEA-49A-10078	Spring for drive cord	1
	BEB-2M-7758	Snap-in rivet for dial scale	2
	BEC-10108-46	Cabinet, brown	1
	BEC-10108-9	Cabinet, ivory	1
	BEA-5B-10373-17	Knob, volume, brown	1
	BEA-5B-10373-8	Knob, volume, ivory	1
	BEB-5B-10377-17	Knob, tuning, brown	1
	BEB-5B-10377-8	Knob, tuning, ivory	1
	BE134101	Rubber foot for cabinet	4



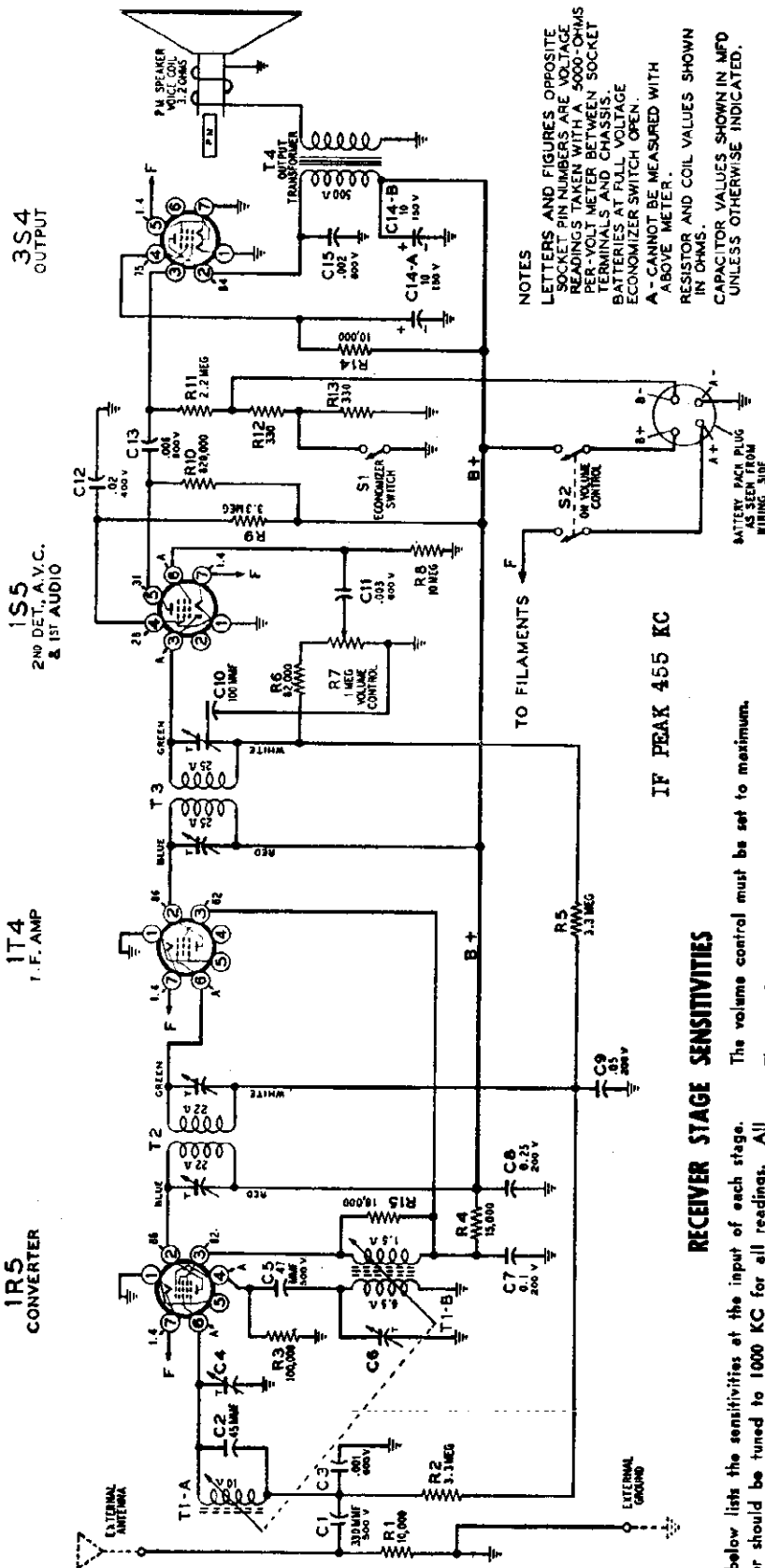
Chassis and Trimmer View



Replacement of Dial Pointer Drive Cord

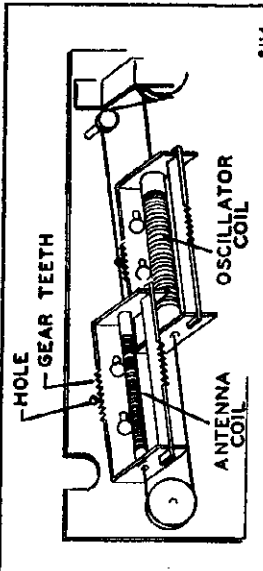
MODELS 64BR-1205A,
64BR-1206A

MONTGOMERY WARD



NOTES
LETTERS AND FIGURES OPPOSITE SOCKET PIN NUMBERS ARE VOLTAGE READINGS TAKEN WITH A 5000-OHM PER-VOLT METER BETWEEN SOCKET TERMINALS AND CHASSIS. BATTERIES AT FULL VOLTAGE. ECONOMIZER SWITCH OPEN.
A - CANNOT BE MEASURED WITH ABOVE METER.
RESISTOR AND COIL VALUES SHOWN IN OHMS.
CAPACITOR VALUES SHOWN IN MFD UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED.

4-13-46



View of Coil Assembly

The antenna coil assembly is movable left or right. When making the adjustment as required in the alignment procedure, move the coil assembly very slowly, either by hand or by pivoting one edge of a screwdriver blade in the hole and engaging the blade in the gear teeth of the coil form.

IF PEAK 455 KC

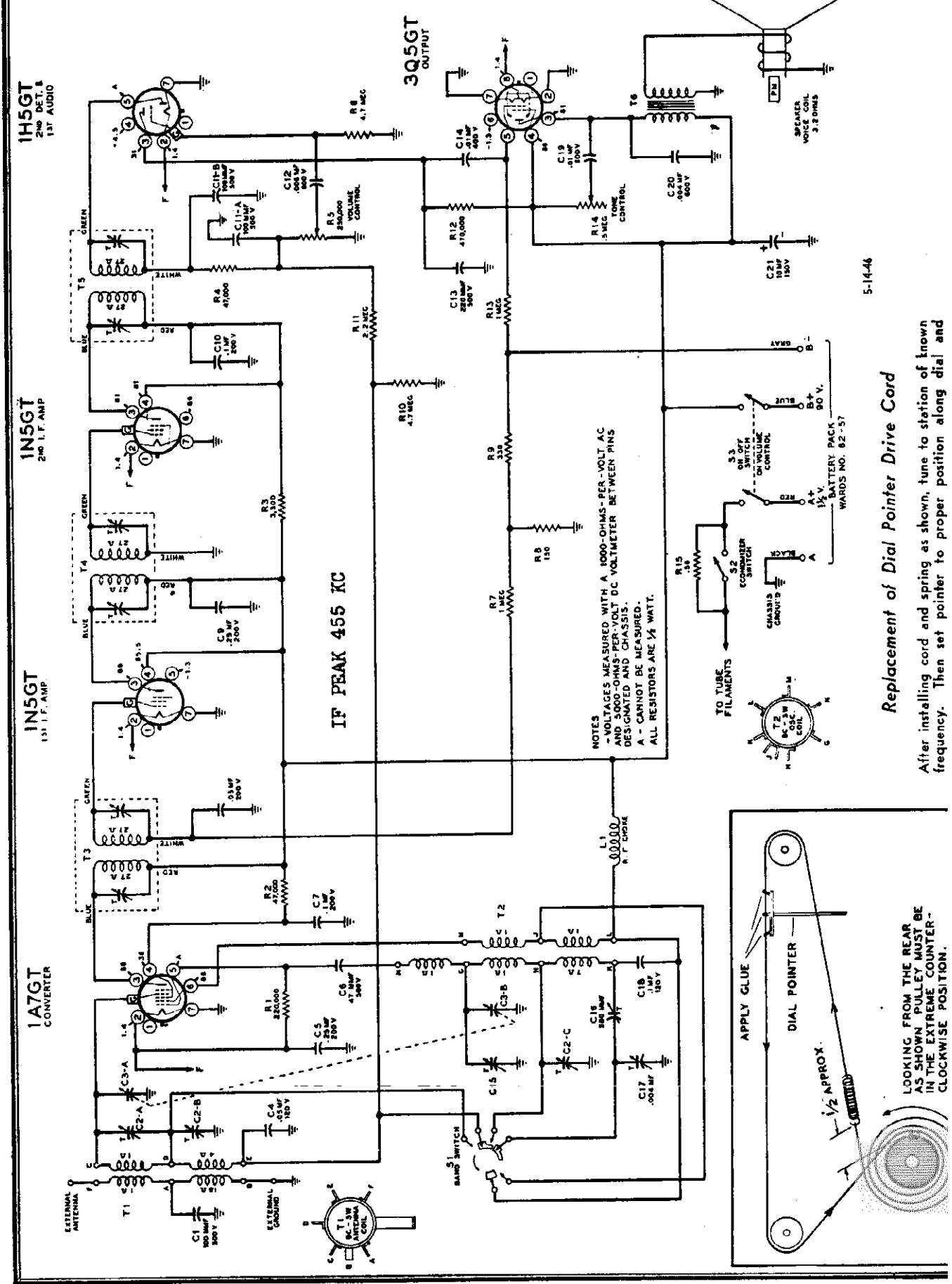
RECEIVER STAGE SENSITIVITIES

The table below lists the sensitivities at the input of each stage. The receiver should be tuned to 1000 KC for all readings. All measurements are based on an output of 50 milliwatts. This may be measured by disconnecting the speaker voice coil and substituting a 3.2-ohm, 5-watt resistor across the secondary winding of the output transformer. A reading of .4 volts AC across this resistor will be equivalent to a 50-milliwatt output with speaker connected.

The volume control must be set to maximum. The signal source must be an accurately calibrated signal generator capable of supplying both 1000 kc and 455 kc signals modulated 30% with a 400-cycle audio signal. Variations in sensitivities of plus or minus 25% are usually permissible.

SIGNAL GENERATOR		INPUT FOR 50-MILLIWATT OUTPUT	
Frequency	Coupling Capacitor	Connection to Radio	Ground Connection
1000 kc	200 mmf	External antenna lead	Chassis
1000 kc	.1 mf	Converter 1R5 (pin 6)	Chassis
455 kc	.1 mf	Converter 1R5 (pin 6)	Chassis
455 kc	.1 mf	IF amp. 1T4 (pin 6)	Chassis
400 cycles	.1 mf	AF amp. 1S5 (pin 6)	Chassis
400 cycles	.1 mf	Power amp. 3S4 (pin 3)	Chassis
			45 microvolts
			129 microvolts
			120 microvolts
			3400 microvolts
			.027 volts
			2.5 volts

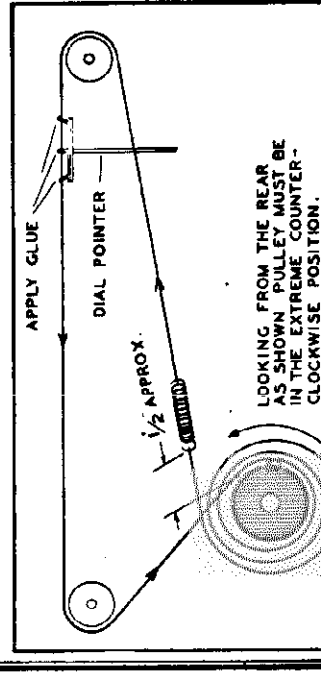
MONTGOMERY WARD



5-14-46

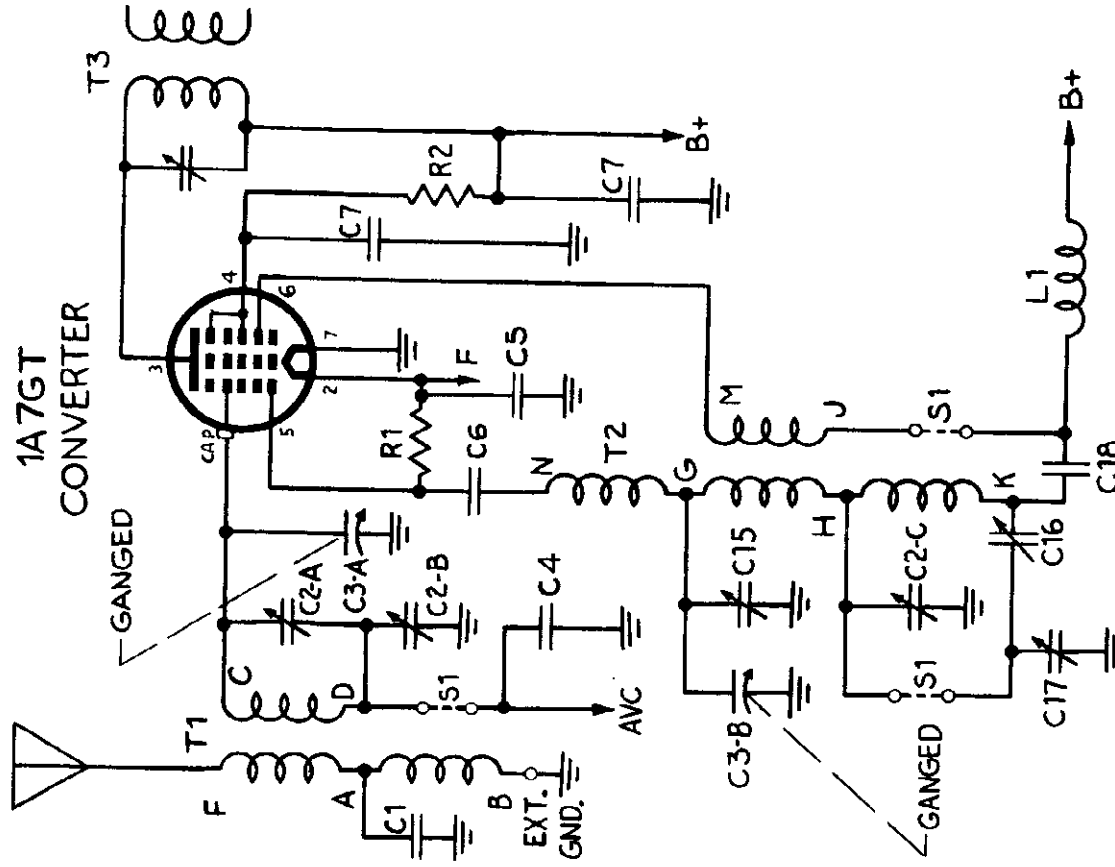
Replacement of Dial Pointer Drive Cord

After installing cord and spring as shown, tune to station of known frequency. Then set pointer to proper position along dial and

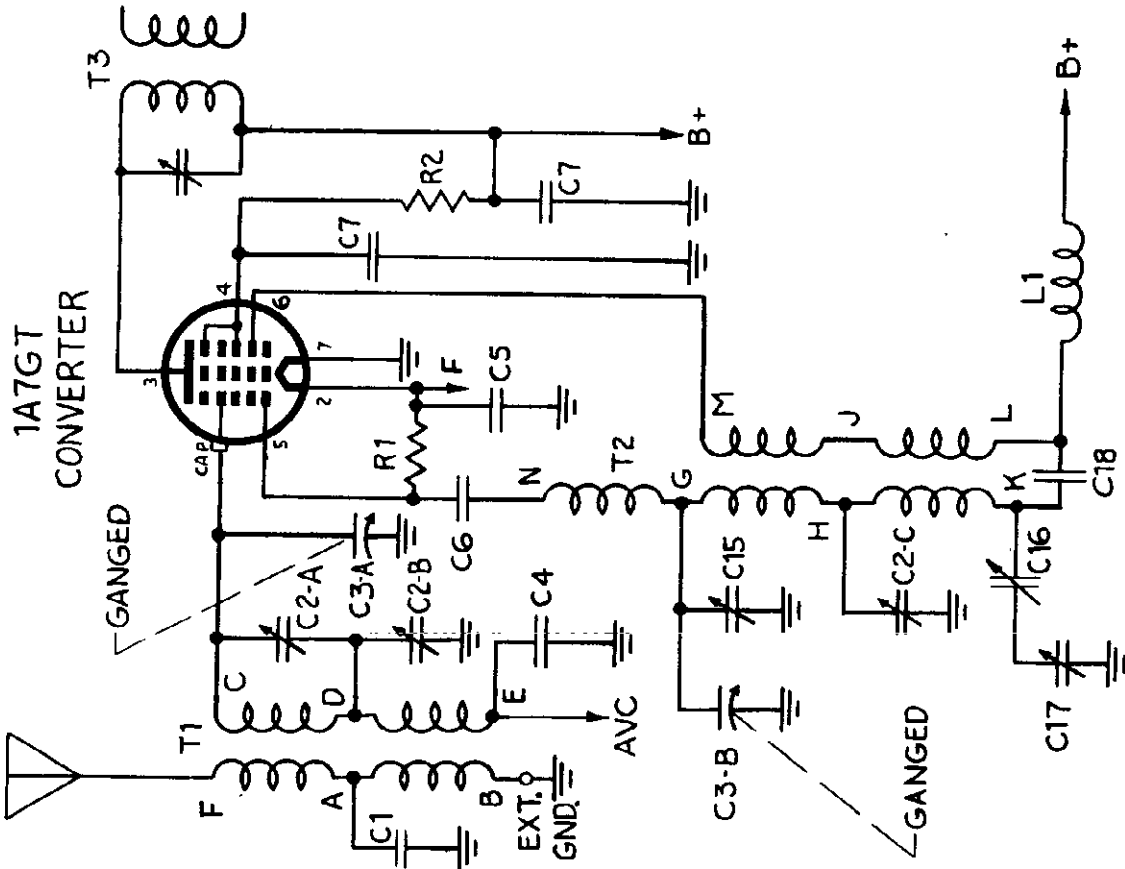


MODELS 64BR-1208A,
64BR-2200A

MONTGOMERY WARD



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
AT 2ND POSITION.
SHORT WAVE BAND
5.6 TO 18.1 MC

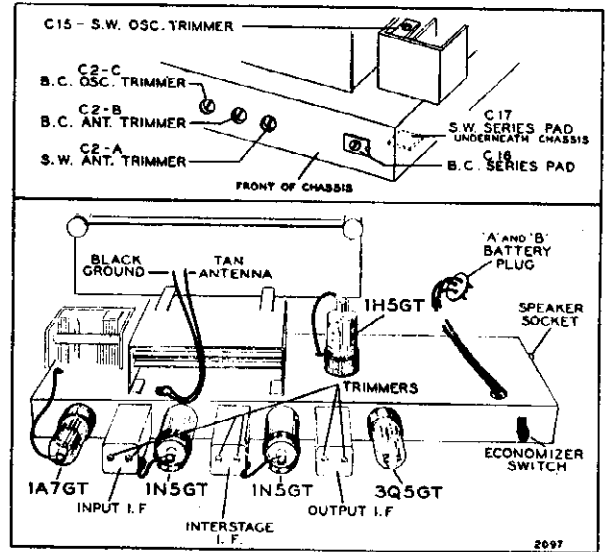


BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
AT 1ST POSITION.
BROADCAST BAND
535 TO 1720 KC

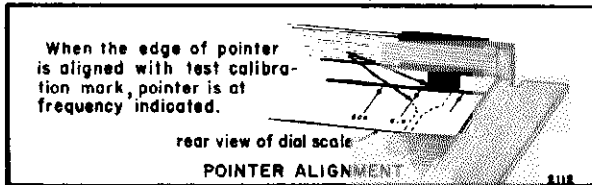
MONTGOMERY WARD

ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

- Power Supply ... Wards Battery Pack No. 62-57.
Size: 16" x 6 5/8" x 4 1/2".
"A"- 1 1/2 volts, 300 ma.
"B"- 90 volts, 13 ma.
- Frequency Range ... Broadcast—535 to 1720 kc.
Short Wave—5.6 to 18.1 mc.
- Intermediate Freq. ... 455 kc.
- Selectivity ... At 1000 kc, 36 kc at 1000 x signal.
- Sensitivity ... 10 microvolts average for 50-milli-watt output.
- Power Output ... 150 milliwatts undistorted.
250 milliwatts maximum.
- Speaker ... 6" (1208A) or 8" (2200A).
P.M., v.c. impedance 3.2 ohms.



View of Chassis and Trimmers



ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

- Output meter across 3.2-ohm output load.
- Volume control at maximum.
- Tone control at maximum treble.
- Connect ground post of signal generator to ground lead of radio.
- Align for maximum output. Reduce input as needed to keep output near 0.4 volts.

BAND SWITCH SETTING	SIGNAL GENERATOR			TUNER SETTING	ADJUST TO MAXIMUM OUTPUT (in order shown)
	Frequency	Coupling Capacitor	Connection to Radio		
BROADCAST (counter-clockwise)	455 kc	.1 mf	Second I.F. (1N5GT) grid cap	Rotor full open (plates out of mesh)	Trimmers on top of output I.F. can
	455 kc	.1 mf	First I.F. (1N5GT) grid cap	Rotor full open (plates out of mesh)	Trimmers on top of interstage I.F. can
	455 kc	.1 mf	Converter (1A7GT)	Rotor full open (plates out of mesh)	Trimmers on top of input I.F. can
SHORT WAVE (clockwise)	18.1 mc	400 ohms	Antenna lead	Rotor full open (plates out of mesh)	S.W. osc. trimmer C15
	16 mc	400 ohms	Antenna lead	16 mc* (see below for pointer alignment)	S.W. ant. trimmer C2-A
	6 mc	400 ohms	Antenna lead	6 mc (see below for pointer alignment)	S.W. osc. series pad C17†
BROADCAST (counter-clockwise)	1720 kc	200 mmf	Antenna lead	Rotor full open (plates out of mesh)	B.C. osc. trimmer C2-C
	1500 kc	200 mmf	Antenna lead	1500 kc (see below for pointer alignment)	B.C. ant. trimmer C2-B
	600 kc	200 mmf	Antenna lead	600 kc (see below for pointer alignment)	B.C. osc. series pad C16†

* First set signal generator to 16 mc; then, with gang all the way out, approach 16 mc by slowly rotating gang inward. The first signal is the one on which the alignment should be made. The next signal is the image; do not align on this signal.

† Turn the dial back and forth slightly (rock) and adjust padder until peak output is obtained. After this adjustment check previous adjustments for interlocking effects.

MODELS 64BR-1208A,
64BR-2200A

MONTGOMERY WARD

RECEIVER STAGE SENSITIVITIES

The table below lists the sensitivity at the input of each stage. The receiver should be tuned to 1000 kc for all readings on the standard broadcast band and to 10 mc for the short-wave readings. All measurements are based on an output of 50 milliwatts. This may be measured by disconnecting the speaker voice coil and substituting a 3.2-ohm, 5-watt resistor across the secondary winding of the output transformer. A reading of 0.4 volts AC across this resistor will be equivalent to a 50-milliwatt output

with the speaker connected.

The signal source must be an accurately calibrated signal generator capable of supplying the frequencies designated, modulated 30% with a 400-cycle audio signal. Variations in sensitivities of plus or minus 25% are usually permissible.

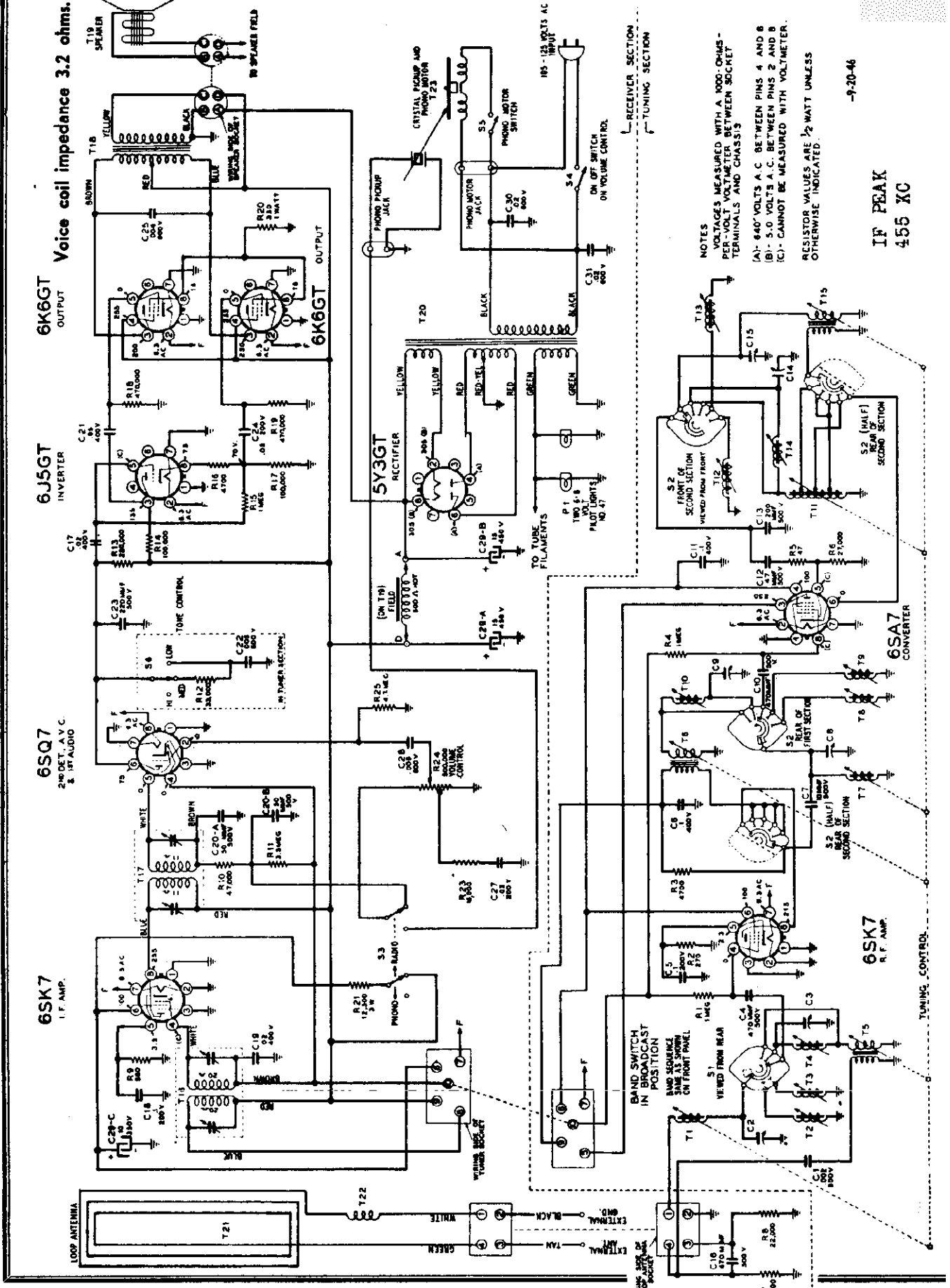
The volume control should be set at maximum, and the tone control at maximum treble.

SIGNAL GENERATOR				INPUT FOR 50-MILLIWATT OUTPUT
Frequency	Coupling Capacitor	Connection to Radio	Ground Connection	
10 mc	400 ohms	Antenna lead	Ground lead	18 microvolts
1000 kc	200 mmf	Antenna lead	Ground lead	10 microvolts
10 mc	.1 mf	Converter (1A7GT) grid cap	Ground lead	32 microvolts
1000 kc	.1 mf	Converter (1A7GT) grid cap	Ground lead	35 microvolts
455 kc	.1 mf	Converter (1A7GT) grid cap	Ground lead	32 microvolts
455 kc	.1 mf	First I.F. (1N5GT) grid cap	Ground lead	630 microvolts
455 kc	.1 mf	Second I.F. (1N5GT) grid cap	Ground lead	.01 volt
400 cycles	.1 mf	Audio amp. (1H5GT) grid cap	Ground lead	.06 volt
400 cycles	.1 mf	Power amp. (1A5GT) grid (pin 5)	Ground lead	3 volts

Ref. No.	Part No.	Description	Qty. Used in Set
CAPACITORS			
C1	BE1295	100 mmf, mica, 20%	1
C2-A,-B,-C	BE124171	Triple trimmer; S.W. antenna, C2-A; B.C. antenna, C2-B; B.C. oscillator, C2-C. Range of each is approx. 4-30 mmf	1
C3-A,-B C15	BE8-8A-10243	Two-gang variable capacitor, including S.W. oscillator trimmer	1
C4	BE100128	.05 mf, 120 volts, 25%	1
C5, C9	BE1006	.25 mf, 200 volts, 20%	2
C6	BE12939	50 mmf, mica, 20%	1
C7, C10	BE10020	.1 mf, 200 volts, 25%	2
C8	BE10022	.05 mf, 200 volts, 25%	1
C11-A,-B	BE129161	Dual, mica, 100 mmf each section	1
C12	BE10019	.006 mf, 600 volts, 25%	1
C13	BE12921	200 mmf, mica, 20%	1
C14	BE10011	.01 mf, 400 volts, 25%	1
C16	BE124173	B.C. series padder; range 420-780 mmf	1
C17	BE129125	S.W. series padder; mica, 4000-4350 mmf	1
C18	BE100133	.1 mf, 120 volts, 25%	1
C19	BE10087	.01 mf, 600 volts, 25%	1
C20	BE10071	.004 mf, 600 volts, 25%	1
C21	BE119130	10 mf, 150 volts, electrolytic	1
RESISTORS*			
R1	BEA-981-27	220,000 ohms, 1/2 watt, 20%	1
R2, R4	BEA-981-23	47,000 ohms, 1/2 watt, 20%	2
R3	BEA-981-16	3300 ohms, 1/2 watt, 20%	1
R5, S3	BE101257	Volume control (250,000 ohms) and on-off switch	1
R6, R10	BEA-981-35	4.7 megohms, 1/2 watt, 20%	2
R7, R13	BEA-981-31	1 megohm, 1/2 watt, 20%	2
R8	BEA-981-8	150 ohms, 1/2 watt, 20%	1
R9	BEA-981-10	330 ohms, 1/2 watt, 20%	1
R11	BEA-981-33	2.2 megohms, 1/2 watt, 20%	1
R12	BEA-981-29	470,000 ohms, 1/2 watt, 20%	1
R14	BE101264	Tone control (500,000 ohms)	1
R15	BE130346	.56 ohms, 1/3 watt, 10%, wire-wound	1
COILS AND TRANSFORMERS			
T1	BE111248	Broadcast and S.W. antenna coil	1
T2	BE110183	Broadcast and S.W. oscillator coil	1

Ref. No.	Part No.	Description	Qty. Used in Set
T3	BE108204	Input I.F. coil complete in can. Range of trimmers: 80-150 mmf each	1
T4	BE108204B	Interstage I.F. coil complete in can. Range of trimmers: 80-150 mmf each	1
T5	BE108188B	Output I.F. coil complete in can. Range of trimmers: 80-150 mmf each	1
T6	BE105119B	Output transformer	1
L1	BE1233	R.F. choke coil	1
MISCELLANEOUS			
	BE114245	Speaker, 6-inch, P.M.(1208A)	1
	BEC-18A-11471	Speaker, 8-inch, P.M.(2200A)	1
	BE121280	Socket, for speaker plug	1
	BE121171	Socket, for tubes	5
	BE125160	Band switch	1
S1	BE12588B	Battery economizer switch	1
S2	BE107377	Battery cable assembly	1
	BE115396	Tube shield	2
	BE134128	Rubber grommet for mounting speaker	4
	BE8-6D-10043	Dial scale	1
	BED-5C-10007-37	Escutcheon	1
	BE112530	Clip for mounting escutcheon	4
	BE128686B-37	Knob, volume	1
	BE128681-37	Knob, tuning	1
	BE128680-37	Knob, tone	1
	BE128683-37	Knob, band switch	1
	BE112961	Station call letters	1 set
TUNER ASSEMBLY PARTS			
	BE117907	Tuning shaft	1
	BE117798	Pinion gear on tuning shaft	1
	BE8-2C-7245	Gear segment	1
	BE115618	Drive link and drive link bushing	1
	BE115617	Driven link and collar	1
	BE115616	Connecting link	1
	BE120372	Spring for connecting link assembly	1
	BE128678-37	Pushbutton	6
	BE112819	Pushrod assembly, complete	6
	BEA-49A-7186	Spring for pushrod return	6
	BE112974	Paper background for dial	1
	BE112806	Drive pulley and bushing	1
	BE112971	Pointer	1
	BE120214	Cord for dial pointer drive	2 ft.
	BE120377	Spring for pointer drive cord	1

MONTGOMERY WARD



NOTES
 VOLTAGES MEASURED WITH A 1000-OHM PER-VOLT VOLTMETER BETWEEN SOCKET TERMINALS AND CHASSIS
 (A) - 640 VOLTS A.C. BETWEEN PINS 4 AND 6
 (B) - 5.0 VOLTS A.C. BETWEEN PINS 2 AND 8
 (C) - CANNOT BE MEASURED WITH VOLTMETER.
 RESISTOR VALUES ARE 1/2 WATT UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED.

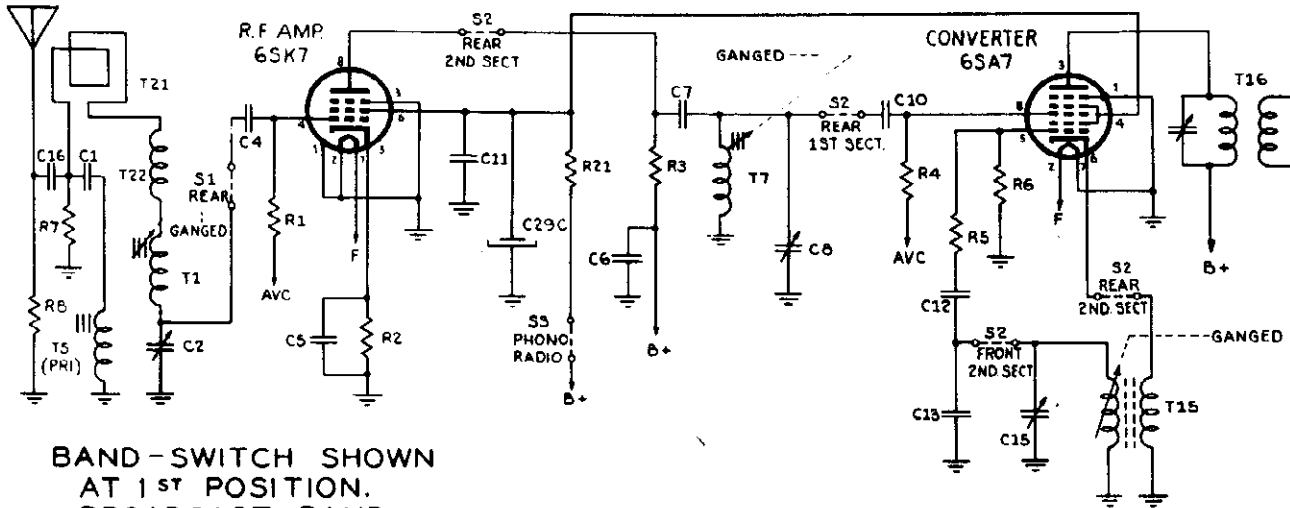
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IF PEAK 455 KC

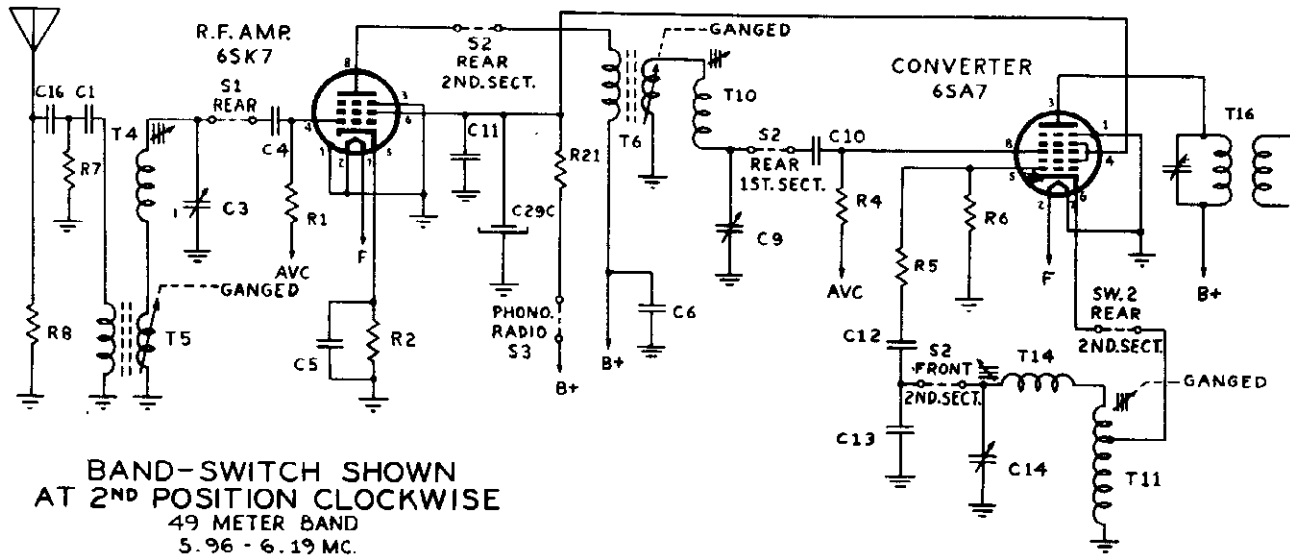
"clarified schematics"

MODEL 64BR-2701A

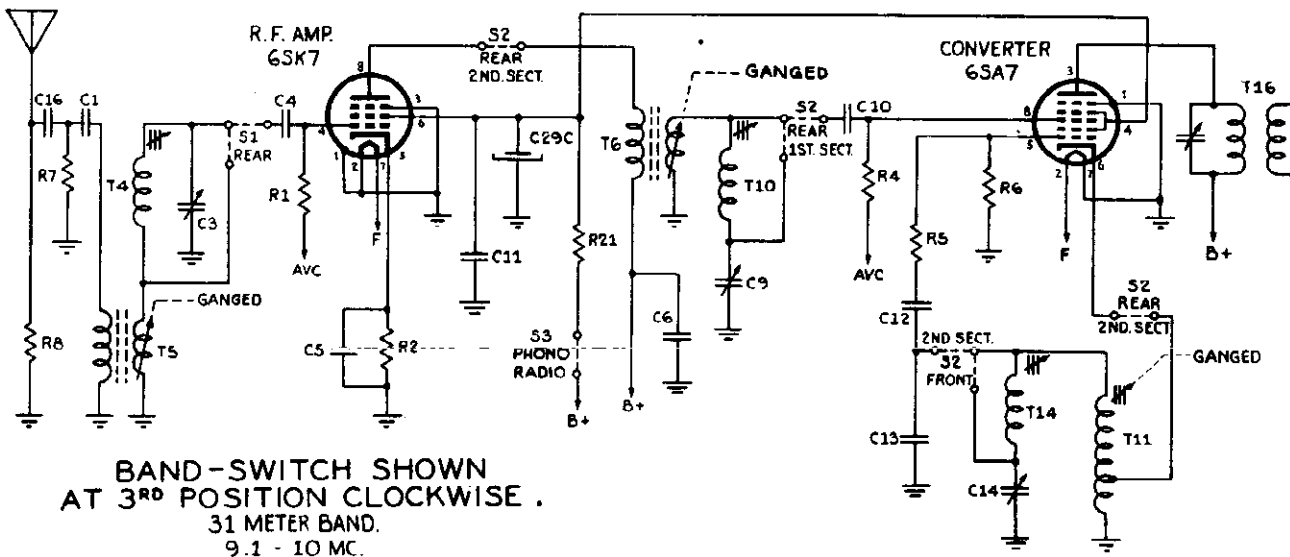
MONTGOMERY WARD



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
AT 1ST POSITION.
BROADCAST BAND
540-1600 KC

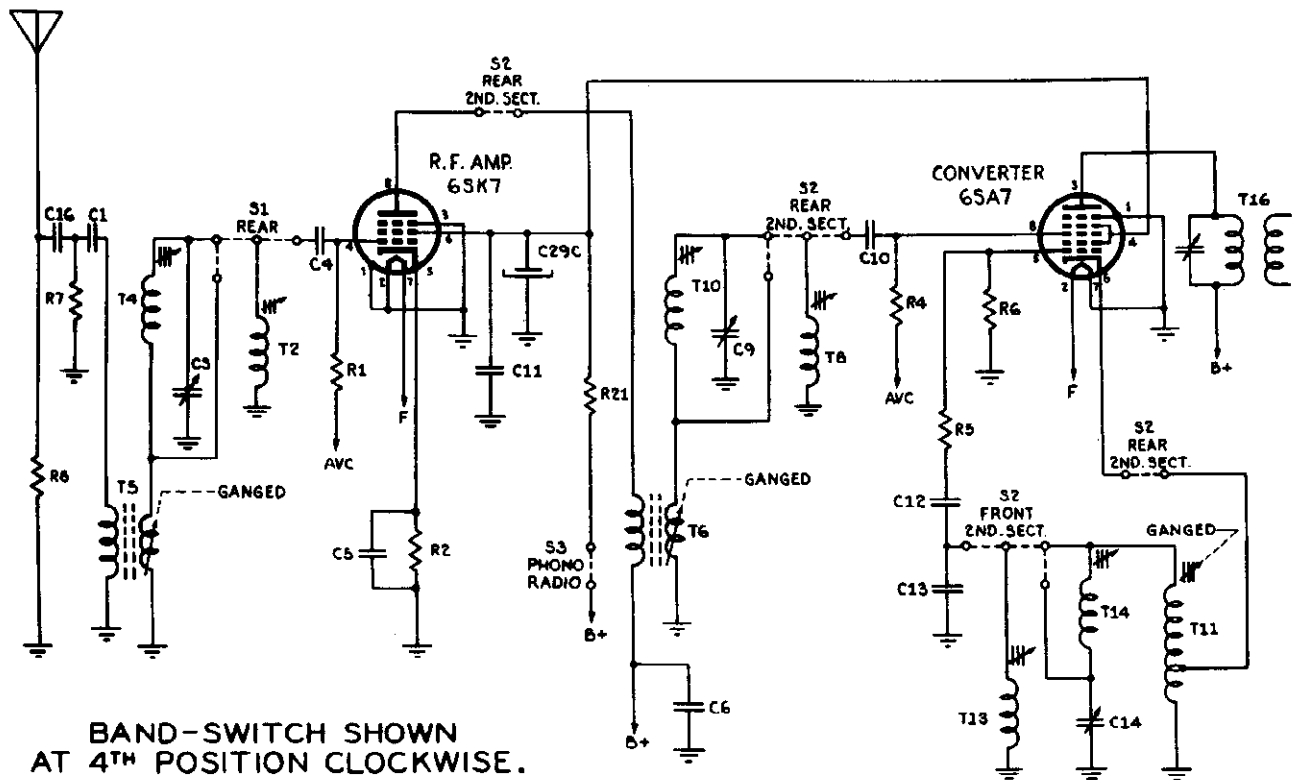


BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
AT 2ND POSITION CLOCKWISE
49 METER BAND
5.96 - 6.19 MC.

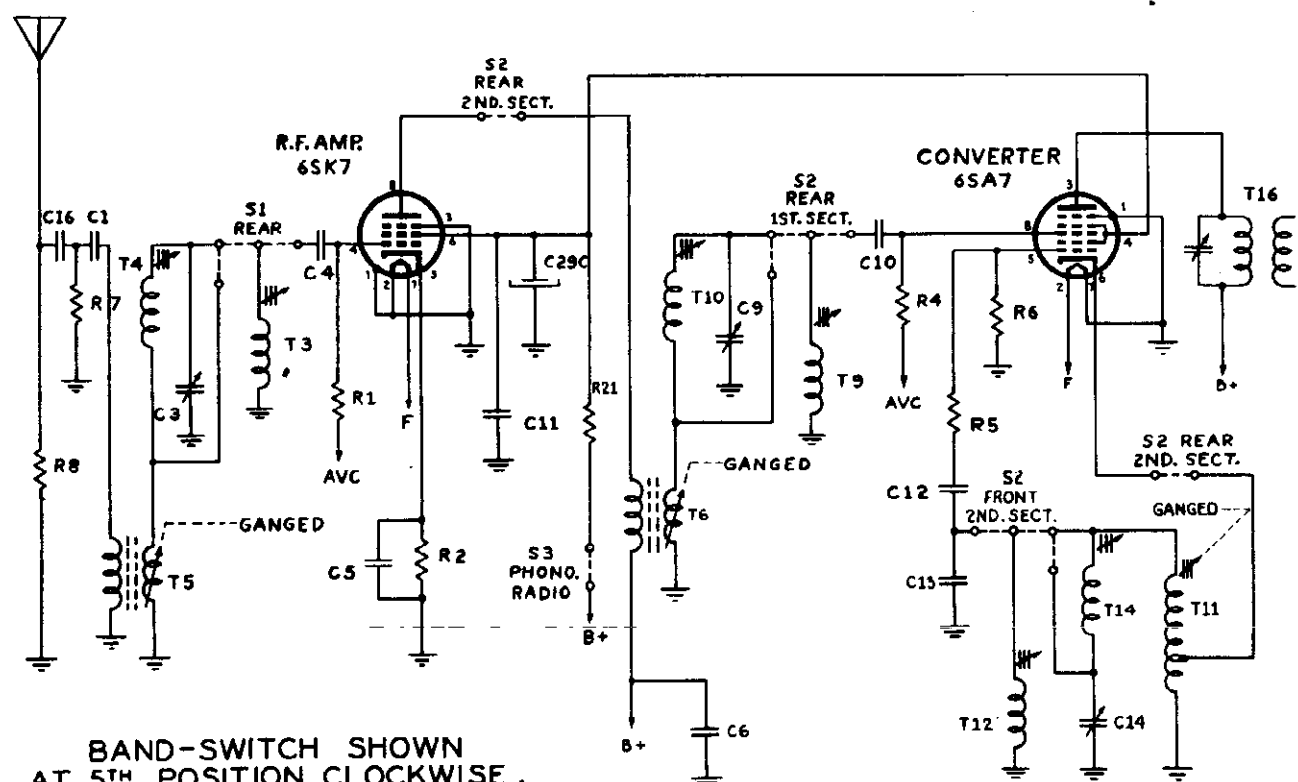


BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
AT 3RD POSITION CLOCKWISE.
31 METER BAND.
9.1 - 10 MC.

MONTGOMERY WARD



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN AT 4TH POSITION CLOCKWISE. 25 METER BAND 11.45 - 12.16MC.



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN AT 5TH POSITION CLOCKWISE. 19 METER BAND 14.94 - 15.46 MC.

MODEL 64BR-2701A

MONTGOMERY WARD

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

MECHANICAL ADJUSTMENT—The core tuning bar (see illustration of coils below) and dial pointer must be adjusted mechanically before any electrical alignment is attempted. Rotate the manual tuning control until the core bar is farthest from the coils. For proper adjustment the bar should be approximately 1/32 of an inch from the two rod guide angles.

With the core bar in this position, adjust the dial pointer to coincide with 1600 kc on the dial scale

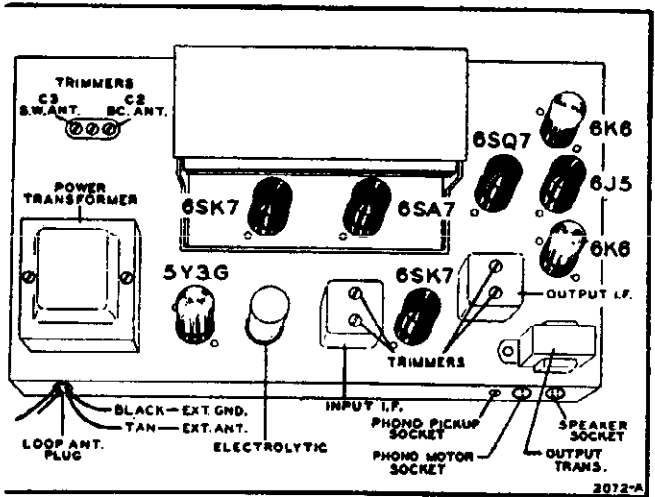
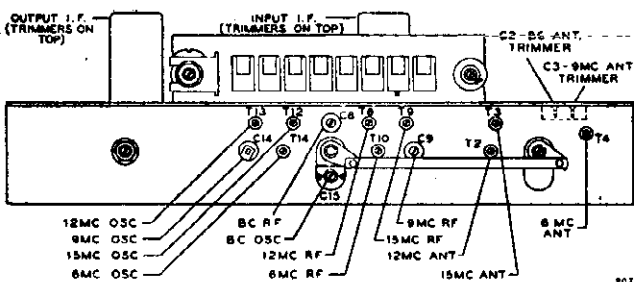
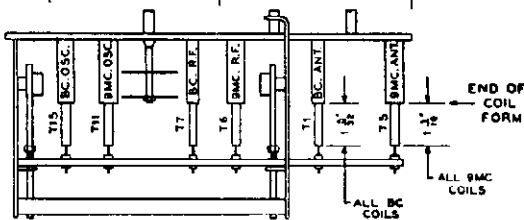
Rotate the core of each of the three broadcast coils (see illustration) until the end of the core is 1-5/32" from the end of the coil form. Rotate the three 9-mc cores until this dimension is 1-1/6" for these coils. After these adjustments have been made, the unit can be aligned electrically.

ELECTRICAL ADJUSTMENT—To align the set make the following preliminary adjustments: Set the tone pushbutton for treble tone; set the volume control at maximum; connect the ground post of the signal generator to the radio chassis; connect the output meter across a 3.2-ohm output load; and allow the receiver and signal generator to warm up for several minutes.

Align the set according to the sequence given in the chart. The indicated coupling capacitor is to be connected in series between the signal generator output lead and the receiver. Adjust the set for maximum output; reduce the input as needed to keep the output near 1.3 volts.

Locations of all the trimmers and coils are shown in the illustrations below. After adjustment, seal the coil cores with collodion or a similar substance (do not use cement).

BAND SWITCH SETTING	SIGNAL GENERATOR			DIAL POINTER SETTING	ADJUST TO MAXIMUM OUTPUT IN ORDER SHOWN
	Frequency	Coupling Capacitor	Connection to Receiver		
Broadcast (for I. F.)	455 kc	.1 mf	Grid (pin 8) of converter (6SA7)	1600 kc	Trimmers on output and input I. F. cans
Broadcast	1600 kc	200 mmf	Antenna lead	1600 kc	BC Osc. trimmer C15 BC R. F. trimmer C8 BC Ant. trimmer C2
	1400 kc	200 mmf	Antenna lead	1400 kc	Rotate cores of BC R. F. coil T7 and BC Ant. coil T1
31 Meter	9.6 mc	400 ohms	Antenna lead	9.6 mc	9 mc Osc. trimmer C14 9 mc R. F. trimmer C9 9 mc Ant. trimmer C3
49 Meter	6.1 mc	400 ohms	Antenna lead	6.1 mc	6 mc Osc. coil T14 6 mc R. F. coil T10 6 mc Ant. coil T4
25 Meter	11.8 mc	400 ohms	Antenna lead	11.8 mc	12 mc Osc. coil T13 12 mc R. F. coil T8 12 mc Ant. coil T2
19 Meter	15.2 mc	400 ohms	Antenna lead	15.2 mc	15 mc Osc. coil T12 15 mc R. F. coil T9 15 mc Ant. coil T3



MONTGOMERY WARD

Frequency Ranges... Broadcast band—540 to 1600 kc.
 49-meter band—5.96 to 6.19 mc.
 31-meter band—9.1 to 10 mc.
 25-meter band—11.45 to 12.16 mc.
 19-meter band—14.94 to 15.46 mc.

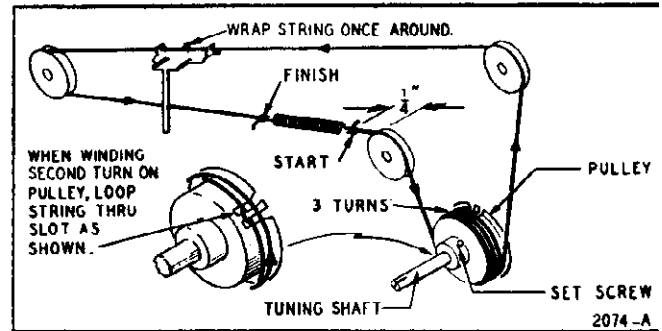
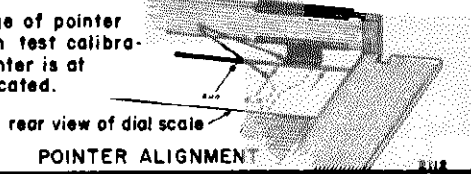
Intermediate Freq.... 455 kc.

Selectivity..... at 1000 kc, 35 kc at 1000 x signal

Sensitivity..... 3.75 microvolts average for 1/2 watt output.

Power Output..... 5.5 watts undistorted, 7.5 watts maximum.

When the edge of pointer is aligned with test calibration mark, pointer is at frequency indicated.



Replacing Dial Pointer Drive Cord

After stringing, spring must be 1/4" from idler when tuning shaft is in extreme counterclockwise position. To do this: Loosen set screw hold tuning shaft firm and turn pulley by hand until spring is 1/4 from idler; tighten screw.

RECEIVER STAGE SENSITIVITIES

The table below lists the sensitivities at the inputs of various stages. All measurements are based on an output of 1/2 watt. This may be measured by disconnecting the speaker voice coil and substituting a 3.2-ohm resistor across the secondary winding of the output transformer. A reading of 1.3 volts AC across this resistor will be approximately equivalent to a 1/2-watt output with the

speaker connected. The volume control must be set at maximum.

The signal source must be an accurately calibrated signal generator capable of supplying the frequencies designated, modulate 30% with a 400-cycle audio signal. Variations in sensitivities of plus or minus 25% are usually permissible.

BAND	SIGNAL GENERATOR				INPUT FOR 500-MILLIWATT OUTPUT
	Frequency	Dummy Antenna	Connection to Receiver	Ground Connection	
Broadcast	1000 kc	200 mmf	External Antenna clip	Chassis	3.5 microvolts
	1000 kc	.1 mf	Grid (pin 4) of R. F. amp. (6SK7)	Chassis	8.9 microvolts
	1000 kc	.1 mf	Grid (pin 8) of Converter (6SA7)	Chassis	125 microvolts
	455 kc	.1 mf	Grid (pin 8) of Converter (6SA7)	Chassis	100 microvolts
	455 kc	.1 mf	Grid (pin 4) of I. F. amp. (6SK7)	Chassis	4500 microvolts
	400 cycles	.1 mf	Grid (pin 2) of Audio amp. (6SQ7)	Chassis	.1 volt
	400 cycles	.1 mf	Grid (pin 5) of Inverter (6J5GT)	Chassis	4.8 volts
31 meter*	9.6 mc	400 ohms	External Antenna clip	Chassis	1.6 microvolts
49 meter*	6.1 mc	400 ohms	External Antenna clip	Chassis	3.0 microvolts
25 meter*	11.8 mc	400 ohms	External Antenna clip	Chassis	5.0 microvolts
19 meter*	15.2 mc	400 ohms	External Antenna clip	Chassis	9.0 microvolts

*Average sensitivity on short-wave bands at grid (pin 4) of R. F. amplifier is 8.5 microvolts.

MONTGOMERY WARD

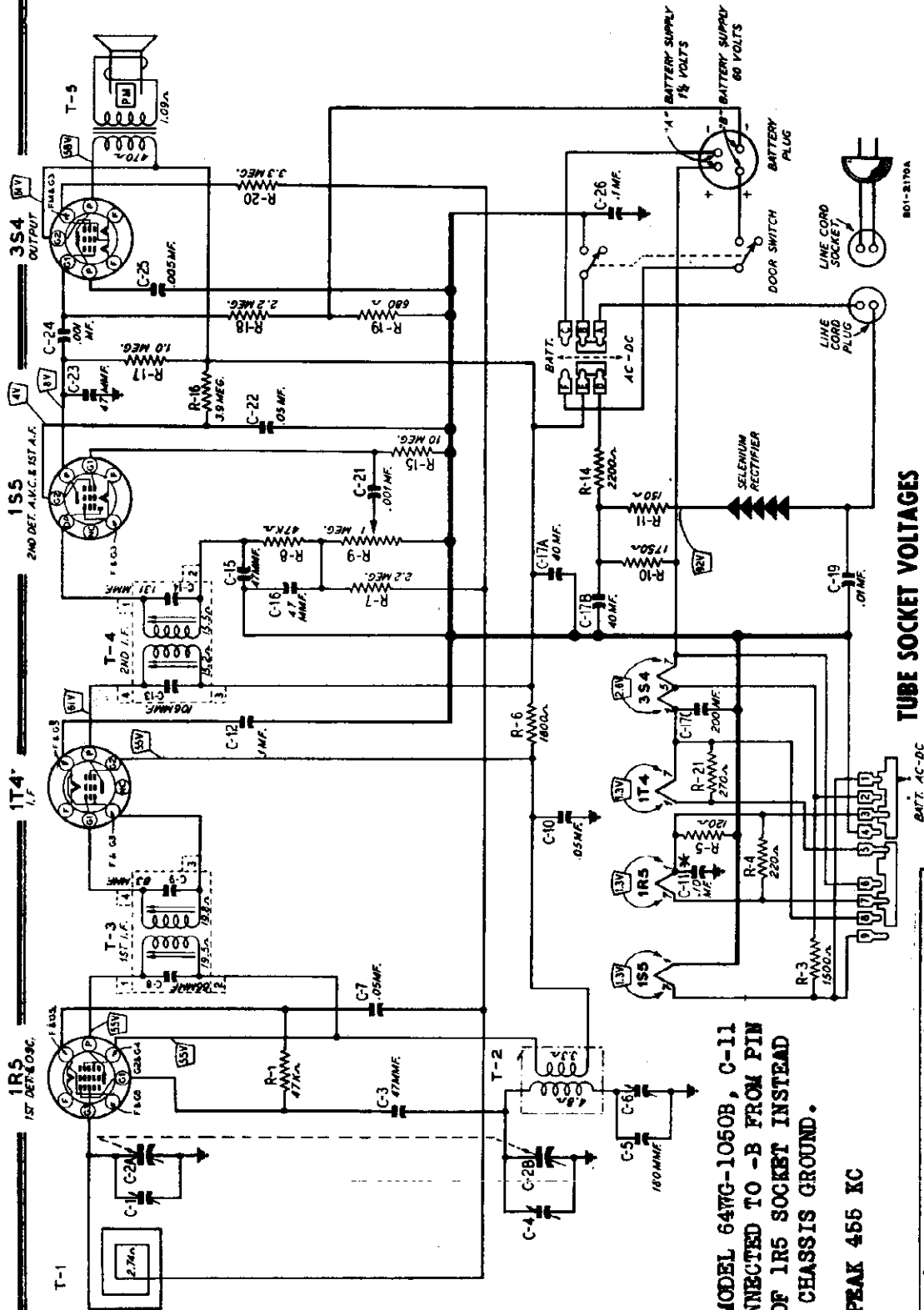
MODEL 64BR-2701A

Ref. No.	Part No.	Description	Qty. Used in Set
REMOVABLE TUNER ASSEMBLY			
CAPACITORS*			
C1	BEB-8F-10767	.002 mf, 500 volts, 10%, mica	1
C2, C3	BE-124143	Dual, broadcast (67-123 mmf) and 9 mc (95-175 mmf) ant. trimmers	2
C4, C10	BEB-8F3-121	470 mmf, 500 volts, 10%, mica	1
C5	BEC-8D-10771	.1 mf, 200 volts, +20%—10%	1
C6, C11	BEC-8D-10760	.1 mf, 400 volts, +20%—10%	2
C7	BEB-8F5-101	10 mmf, 500 volts, 10%, silver mica	1
C8	BEA-8G-7205	Broadcast RF trimmer (120-220 mmf)	1
C9	BEA-8G-7206	9 mc RF trimmer (60-110 mmf)	1
C12	BEB-8F3-109	47 mmf, 500 volts, 10%, mica	1
C13	BEB-8F-10763	200 mmf, 500 volts, 3%, silver mica	1
C14	BE-124145	9 mc oscillator trimmer (7-35 mmf)	1
C15	BE-124144	Broadcast oscillator trimmer (15-27 mmf)	1
C22	BEC-8D-10935	.005 mf, 600 volts, +40%—15%	1
RESISTORS*			
R1, R4	BEC-9B1-31	1 megohm, 1/2 watt, 20%	2
R2	BEC-9B1-55	270 ohms, 1/2 watt, 10%	1
R3	BEC-9B1-70	4700 ohms, 1/2 watt, 10%	1
R5	BEC-9B1-46	47 ohms, 1/2 watt, 10%	1
R6	BEC-9B1-79	27,000 ohms, 1/2 watt, 10%	1
R12	BEC-9B1-22	33,000 ohms, 1/2 watt, 20%	1
COILS (complete with cores)			
T1	BE-111195	Broadcast antenna coil	1
T2	BE-111191	12 mc antenna coil	1
T3	BE-111192	15 mc antenna coil	1
T4	BE-111189	6 mc antenna coil	1
T5	BE-111190	9 mc antenna coil	1
T6	BE-10959	9 mc RF coil	1
T7	BE-10962	Broadcast RF coil	1
T8	BE-10960	12 mc RF coil	1
T9	BE-10961	15 mc RF coil	1
T10	BE-10958	6 mc RF coil	1
T11	BE-110157	9 mc oscillator coil	1
T12	BE-110159	15 mc oscillator coil	1
T13	BE-110158	12 mc oscillator coil	1
T14	BE-110156	6 mc oscillator coil	1
T15	BE-110161	Broadcast oscillator coil	1
MISCELLANEOUS			
S1	BEB-20A-10526	Band switch, antenna	1
	or		
	BEB-20A-11053		
S2	BEB-20A-10527	Band switch, oscillator and RF	1
	or		
	BEB-20A-11054		
S3	BE-125129	Radio-phonograph switch	1
S6	BEA-20F-7322-2	Tone switch, 3-position	1
	BE-121210	Socket, octal, molded (6SA7)	1
	BE-121171	Socket, laminated (6SK7GT)	1
	BEA-3A-10476	Tuning shaft	1
	BE-117798	Pinion gear on tuning shaft	1
	BE-120393	Spring, intermediate link, under ends of treadle bar	2
	BE-131251	Washer, "C," on slug tuning bar	4
	BEB-2C-7248	Gear segment	1
	BEA-2J-7439	Spring clip, for coils	9
	BE-131316B	Washer, "C," for 9 mc coils	3
	BE-134134	Grommet for core mounting (all broadcast and 9 mc coils)	6
	BE-134126	Grommet for coil mounting (broadcast RF and antenna coils)	2
	BE-134125	Grommet for coil mounting (broadcast oscillator coil)	1
	BEA-25A-7619	Grommet for all 9 mc coils	3
	BE-115659B	Pushrod, tone switch	1
	BE-115670	Pushrod, radio-phonograph switch	1
	BEB-202-10475	Pushrod assembly, station selectors	6
	BE-120366	Spring, pushrod return	6
	BEA-2J-7176	Cam-locking spring on pushrod ass'y	6
	BEA-2J-7627-1	Retainer spring on pushrod ass'y	6
	BE-121281	Plug, 5-prong	1
	BE-128678-37	Pushbutton	8
	BE-131210	Washer, "C," on end plate	2

Ref. No.	Part No.	Description	Qty. Used in Set
MAIN CHASSIS			
CAPACITORS*			
C16	BEC-8F3-12	470 mmf, 20%, mica	1
C17, C19	BEC-8D-10774	.02 mf, 400 volts, 20%	2
C18	BEC-8D-10771	.1 mf, 200 volts, +20%—10%	1
C20-A, C20-B	BE-129165B	Dual, 50 mmf each section, mica, 20%	1
C21	BEC-8D-10813	.05 mf, 400 volts, 20%	1
C23	BEC-8F3-10	220 mmf, 20%, mica	1
C24	BEC-8D-10770	.05 mf, 200 volts, 20%	1
C25	BEC-8D-10788	.004 mf, 600 volts, 20%	1
C27	BEC-8D-10992	.03 mf, 200 volts, 20%	1
C28	BEC-8D-10785	.006 mf, 600 volts, 20%	1
C29-A, -B, -C	BE-119109	Electrolytic, 15 mf x 450 volts, 15 mf x 450 volts, 10 mf x 350 volts	1
C30, C31	BEC-8J-11321	.02 mf, 600 volts, 20%	2
RESISTORS*			
R7, R8	BEC-9B1-21	22,000 ohms, 1/2 watt, 20%	2
R9	BEC-9B1-59	560 ohms, 1/2 watt, 10%	1
R10	BEC-9B1-23	47,000 ohms, 1/2 watt, 20%	1
R11	BEC-9B1-34	3.3 megohms, 1/2 watt, 20%	1
R13	BEC-9B1-27	220,000 ohms, 1/2 watt, 20%	1
R14, R17	BEC-9B1-86	100,000 ohms, 1/2 watt, 10%	2
R15	BEC-9B1-31	1 megohm, 1/2 watt, 20%	1
R16	BEC-9B1-70	4700 ohms, 1/2 watt, 10%	1
R18, R19	BEC-9B1-29	470,000 ohms, 1/2 watt, 20%	2
R20	BEC-9B2-56	330 ohms, 1 watt, 10%	1
R21	BE-10662	12,500 ohms, 3 watts, 10%	1
R23	BEC-9B1-20	15,000 ohms, 1/2 watt, 20%	1
R24, S4	BEA-10A-10832	Volume control (500,000 ohms) and on-off switch	1
R25	BEC-9B1-35	4.7 megohms, 1/2 watt, 20%	1
COILS AND TRANSFORMERS			
T16	BE-108177	Input IF coil complete in can (Range of trimmers: 10-210 mmf)	1
T17	BE-108176	Output IF coil complete in can (Range of trimmers: 80-140 mmf)	1
T18	BEB-12C-10234	Output transformer	1
T20	BE-104202B	Power transformer, for 50-60 cycles (for 25 cycles, 104203B) (for 40 cycles, 104205B)	1
SOCKETS			
	BE-121200	Socket, 4-terminal, for loop ant.	1
	BE-121279	Socket, 5-terminal, for tuner	1
	BEA-15B-11538	Socket, 4-terminal, for speaker	1
	BE-121199	Socket, 2-terminal, for phono motor	1
	BE-121210	Socket, octal, molded (all tubes except 6SK7, IF amp.)	5
	BE-121273	Socket, octal, laminated (for 6SK7, IF amplifier)	1
	BE-121280	Socket, 1-terminal, for phono pickup	1
	BEB-47A-10808-1	Socket assembly for dial light	1
MISCELLANEOUS			
T19	BEB-18B-10616	Speaker, 12" electrodynamic	1
	BEA-19A-11539	Plug on speaker leads	1
T21	BE-14MA-11066	Loop antenna (ribbon only)	1
T22	BEA-16A-11045	Choke on loop terminal board	1
	BEA-19A-11322	Plug on loop antenna leads	1
	BE-107401	Phono motor cable assembly	1
P1	BE-10724	Plug on phono pickup leads	1
	BEC-6D-10897	Dial scale	1
	BE-10794	Dial light, 6-8 volts, type 44	2
	BEB-2G-10511	Dial pointer	1
	BEB-53A-10989	String for dial pointer	32"
	BE-120377	Tension spring for dial pointer string	1
	BEB-5C-10269-48	Escutcheon, for pushbuttons	1
	BEB-5C-10257-48	Escutcheon, for dial scale	1
	BEI28683-37	Knob, band switch	1
	BEB-5B-10377-37	Knob, tuning	1
	BEB-5B-10376-37	Knob, volume	1
	BE-107266	Line cord and plug	1
	BEA-2L-11293	Band switch link	1
	BE-112961	Station call letters	1 set

MONTGOMERY WARD

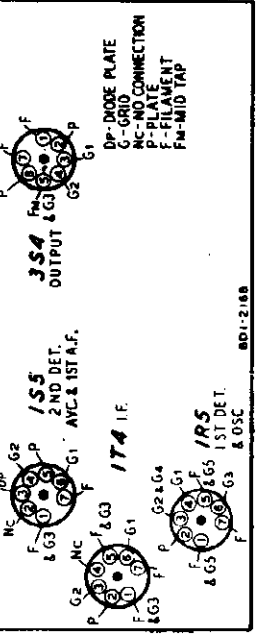
MODELS 64WG-1050A,
64WG-1050B



TUBE SOCKET VOLTAGES

Socket voltages are shown on the schematic diagram at the tube socket terminals. All voltages except those for the filaments are between the socket terminal and the black or negative lead on C-17.

The readings were taken with a 1000 ohm per volt meter and all plate and screen voltages read on a 500 volt scale. Conditions of measurement are:



* IN MODEL 64WG-1050B, C-11 IS CONNECTED TO -B FROM PIN NO.1 OF 1R5 SOCKET INSTEAD OF TO CHASSIS GROUND.

IF PEAK 455 KC

Line voltage..... 117 volts AC
Volume control..... maximum
Signal input..... none

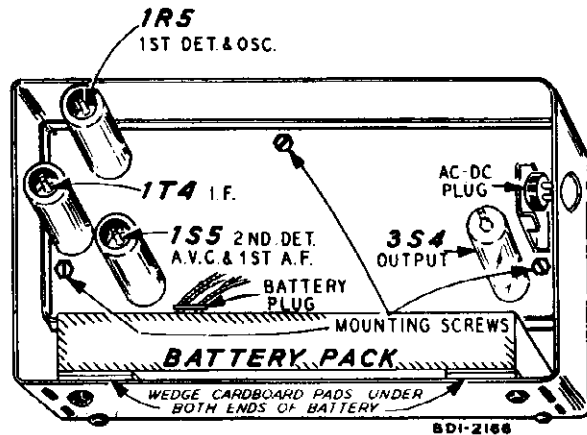
A variation of ±10% is usually permissible.

MODELS 64WG-1050A,
64WG-1050B

MONTGOMERY WARD

The table below lists the sensitivity at the input of each stage. The receiver should be tuned to 1000 KC for all readings. All measurements are based on an output of 50 milliwatts. This may be measured by disconnecting the speaker voice coil and substituting a 3.2 ohm 5 watt resistor across the secondary winding of the output transformer. A reading of .4 volts across this resistor will be equivalent to a 50 milliwatt output with the speaker connected. The volume control must be set to maximum.

The signal source must be an accurately calibrated signal generator capable of supplying both 1000 KC and 455 KC signals modulated 30% with a 400 cycle audio signal. Variations of plus or minus 25% are usually permissible.



SIGNAL GENERATOR

Freq.	Coupling Capacitor	Connection to Receiver	Ground Connection	INPUT FOR 50 MILLIWATT OUTPUT
1000 kc	.05 mf	1R5 Mixer Pin 6	C-17 Black Lead	148 microvolts
455 kc	.05 mf	1R5 Mixer Pin 6	Same as above	118 microvolts
455 kc	.05 mf	1T4 IF Amp. Pin 6	Same as above	5000 microvolts
400 cycles	.05 mf	1S5 2nd Det. Pin 6	Same as above	.068 Volts
400 cycles	.05 mf	3S4 Output Pin 3	Same as above	4.2 volts

Volume Control — Maximum All Adjustments.

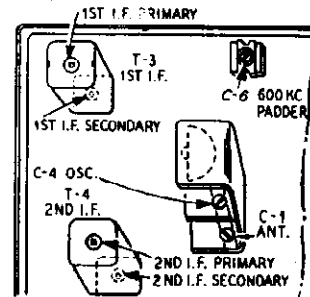
Allow Chassis and Signal Generator to "Heat Up" for several minutes.

The following equipment is required for aligning.

A Signal Generator which will provide an accurately calibrated signal at the test frequencies as listed.

Output Indicating Meter — Non-Metallic Screwdriver.

Dummy Antenna—.1 mf.



SIGNAL GENERATOR

RECEIVER

Frequency Setting	Coupling Capacitor	Connection to Radio	Ground Connection	Condenser Setting	Adjust for maximum output. See trimmer illustration.
Remove chassis from case (See paragraph Removal of Chassis From Case) and temporarily solder a 50,000 ohm resistor across the two antenna leads on the chassis.					
455 kc	.1 mf	Control Grid 1R5—Pin 6	Chassis	Rotor to full open	1st IF Pri. & Sec. 2nd IF Pri. & Sec.
Remove temporary resistor, replace chassis in case and solder antenna leads to hinges.					
1610 kc	.1 mf	Door Hinge Above Tuning Control	Chassis	Rotor to full open	Oscillator (C-4)
1500 kc	.1 mf	Door Hinge Above Tuning Control	Chassis	Turn Rotor to Maximum Output	Set Tuning Knob at 1500 kc
1400 kc		Loop See Note A	Loop See Note A	Turn Rotor to Maximum Output	Antenna (C-1)
600 kc		Loop See Note A	Loop See Note A	Turn Rotor to Maximum Output	600 kc (C-6) Rock Rotor—See Note B
1400 kc		Loop See Note A	Loop See Note A	Turn Rotor to Maximum Output	Antenna (C-1)

NOTE A: Connect a loop approximately one foot in diameter across the antenna and ground posts of the signal generator. Place radio approximately 2 feet from loop.

NOTE B: Turn the rotor back and forth and adjust the trimmer until the peak of greatest intensity is obtained.

MONTGOMERY WARD

MODELS 64WG-1050A
64WG-1050B
MODEL 64WG-1052A

MODEL 64WG-1050A

To remove the chassis from the case it will be necessary to remove the line cord if connected, and the back panel from the case. Open the front cover and carefully remove the two control knobs and the screw on the front panel above the tuning knob at the side of the ON-OFF switch plunger. Withdraw the battery pack from the case and disconnect the plug connecting to the battery pack. Then remove the 3 chassis mounting screws protruding above the chassis as shown in the tube position illustration. Carefully lift the chassis, and move it over into the battery space. Unsolder the two antenna wires at the door hinges.

OPERATING VOLTAGES—Chassis for Model 64WG-1050A are available for operation on the following power supplies:

Power Line 105-125 Volts AC 50-60 Cycles or
Battery Wards Battery / A Section 1.5 Volts
Pack No. 62-32 / B Section 60 Volts

ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Power Supply A. Battery Supply 1.5 volts, .050 Amps.
B. Battery Supply 60 volts, 8 MA
or
105-125 volts AC, 50-60 cycles,
10 watts
or
105-125 volts DC
Wards Battery Pack No. 62-32
Frequency Range 540-1600 kc
Intermediate Frequency 455 kc
Selectivity At 1000 kc, 40 kc wide at 1000 times signal
Sensitivity 300 microvolts per meter average (for .05 watt output)
Power Output .070 watt maximum
Loud Speaker 4" PM Dynamic
Voice Coil Imp. 3.2 ohms at 400 cycles

Tube Complement
1 1R5 Mixer
1 1F4 IF Amplifier
1 1S5 2nd Detector AVC and 1st AF Amplifier
1 3S4 Output

TRANSFORMERS AND COILS
F-1 9A155 "B" Band Loop Antenna
F-2 9A152 Oscillator Coil Assembly
F-3 9A1823 1st IF Transformer and Can Assembly
F-4 9A1824 2nd IF Transformer and Can Assembly
F-5 51894 Output Transformer

Ref. No.	Part No.	Description	Qty. Used in Set
F-1	9A155	"B" Band Loop Antenna	1
F-2	9A152	Oscillator Coil Assembly	1
F-3	9A1823	1st IF Transformer and Can Assembly	1
F-4	9A1824	2nd IF Transformer and Can Assembly	1
F-5	51894	Output Transformer	1

Ref. No.	Part No.	Description	Qty. Used in Set
C-1, C-4		CAPACITORS	
C-2A, C-2B	1A4156	Part of C2 (Gang Capacitor)	1
C-3, C-13	47K95	Gang Capacitor	4
C-5	17X466	47 mfd	1
C-6	17A186	180 mfd	1
C-7	17A186	50-120 mfd	1
C-8	46A503	85 mfd	3
C-9	866104	55 mfd Part of T3 (1st IF Transformer)	1
C-10	48K330	10 mfd Part of T3 (1st IF Transformer)	1
C-11		300 V Tubular	1
C-12		120 V Tubular	1
C-13		150 V Tubular	1
C-14		100 mfd Part of T-4 (2nd IF Transformer)	1
C-15		40 mfd Part of T-4 (2nd IF Transformer)	1
C-16		40 mfd Part of T-4 (2nd IF Transformer)	1
C-17		40 mfd Part of T-4 (2nd IF Transformer)	1
C-18		40 mfd Part of T-4 (2nd IF Transformer)	1
C-19		40 mfd Part of T-4 (2nd IF Transformer)	1
C-20		40 mfd Part of T-4 (2nd IF Transformer)	1
C-21		40 mfd Part of T-4 (2nd IF Transformer)	1
C-22		40 mfd Part of T-4 (2nd IF Transformer)	1
C-23		40 mfd Part of T-4 (2nd IF Transformer)	1
C-24		40 mfd Part of T-4 (2nd IF Transformer)	1
C-25		40 mfd Part of T-4 (2nd IF Transformer)	1
C-26		40 mfd Part of T-4 (2nd IF Transformer)	1

MODEL 64 WG-1052A

ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Power Supply "A" Battery Supply—9 Volts, 50 Ma.
"B" Battery Supply—90 Volts, 11 Amps.
or
105-125 volts AC, 50-60 cycles,
10 watts or 105-125 volts DC
Wards Battery Pack No. 62-35
Frequency Range 540-1600 KC
Intermediate Frequency 455 KC
Selectivity At 1000 KC, 53 KC wide at 1000 times signal

Sensitivity (for .05 watt output with external antenna) 20 microvolts average
Power Output .175 watt maximum
Loud Speaker 4" PM Dynamic
Voice Coil Impedance 3.2 ohms at 400 cycles

OPERATING VOLTAGES—Chassis for Model 64WG-1052A are available for operation on the following power supplies:

Power Line 105-125 Volts AC 50-60 Cycles or
Wards Battery / A Section 9 Volts
Pack No. 62-35 / B Section 90 Volts

Ref. No.	Part No.	Description	Qty. Used in Set
C-3	17A123	1.0 mfd 120 mfd Trimmer	1
C-4	1A4186	Gang Capacitor with Drive Pulley	1
C-7	47K426	100 mfd	3
C-10	47K463	47 mfd	1
C-11		Part of T3 (1st IF Transformer)	1
C-12		200 V Tubular	2
C-13		200 V Tubular	2
C-14		200 V Tubular	2
C-15		200 V Tubular	2
C-16		200 V Tubular	2
C-17		200 V Tubular	2
C-18		200 V Tubular	2
C-19		200 V Tubular	2
C-20		200 V Tubular	2
C-21		200 V Tubular	2
C-22		200 V Tubular	2
C-23		200 V Tubular	2
C-24		200 V Tubular	2
C-25		200 V Tubular	2
C-26		200 V Tubular	2

Ref. No.	Part No.	Description	Qty. Used in Set
T-1	9A1843	Range Selector Antenna	1
T-2	9A1844	Oscillator Coil	1
T-3	9A1845	1st IF Transformer and Can Assm.	1
T-4	9A1846	2nd IF Transformer and Can Assm.	1
T-5	9A1847	Output Transformer	1

REMOVAL OF CHASSIS FROM CABINET

Pull off the three control knobs and disconnect the battery plug. Unravel the power cord from the radio at the top of the cabinet if necessary. Remove the four screws that fasten the chassis to the cabinet (2 on the outside at each end of the cabinet). Tip the chassis slightly forward and at the same time withdraw it from the cabinet.

Tube Complement
1 1R5 Mixer
2 1U4 IF Amplifier
1 1S5 2nd Detector, AVC and 1st AF Amplifier
1 3Q4 Power Output

OPERATING VOLTAGES—Chassis for Model 64WG-1052A are available for operation on the following power supplies:

Power Line 105-125 Volts AC 50-60 Cycles or
Wards Battery / A Section 9 Volts
Pack No. 62-35 / B Section 90 Volts

Ref. No.	Part No.	Description	Qty. Used in Set
T-1	9A1843	Range Selector Antenna	1
T-2	9A1844	Oscillator Coil	1
T-3	9A1845	1st IF Transformer and Can Assm.	1
T-4	9A1846	2nd IF Transformer and Can Assm.	1
T-5	9A1847	Output Transformer	1

MODEL 64WG-1050A

To remove the chassis from the case it will be necessary to remove the line cord if connected, and the back panel from the case. Open the front cover and carefully remove the two control knobs and the screw on the front panel above the tuning knob at the side of the ON-OFF switch plunger. Withdraw the battery pack from the case and disconnect the plug connecting to the battery pack. Then remove the 3 chassis mounting screws protruding above the chassis as shown in the tube position illustration. Carefully lift the chassis, and move it over into the battery space. Unsolder the two antenna wires at the door hinges.

OPERATING VOLTAGES—Chassis for Model 64WG-1050A are available for operation on the following power supplies:

Power Line 105-125 Volts AC 50-60 Cycles or
Battery Wards Battery / A Section 1.5 Volts
Pack No. 62-32 / B Section 60 Volts

TRANSFORMERS AND COILS
F-1 9A155 "B" Band Loop Antenna
F-2 9A152 Oscillator Coil Assembly
F-3 9A1823 1st IF Transformer and Can Assembly
F-4 9A1824 2nd IF Transformer and Can Assembly
F-5 51894 Output Transformer

MISCELLANEOUS
12A447 4" PM Dynamic Speaker
131 mfd Part of T-4 (2nd IF Transformer)
150 V Dry Electrolytic
200 V Tubular
300 V Tubular
400 V Tubular
Metal Grille (Speakers)
Tube Socket—Miniature Type
Felt Shield—Miniature
"A" and "B" Battery Cables and Plug Assembly
On-Off Switch
Change-Over Switch Assembly
Line Cord and Socket Assembly
Line Plug (on Chassis)
Knob
Case and Cover Assembly Complete with Speaker and Back, Etched with Speaker Grille
Case Base Assembly
Wreath
Rear Panel Cover
Front Panel Cover
Wrench (for IF Transformer Alignment)

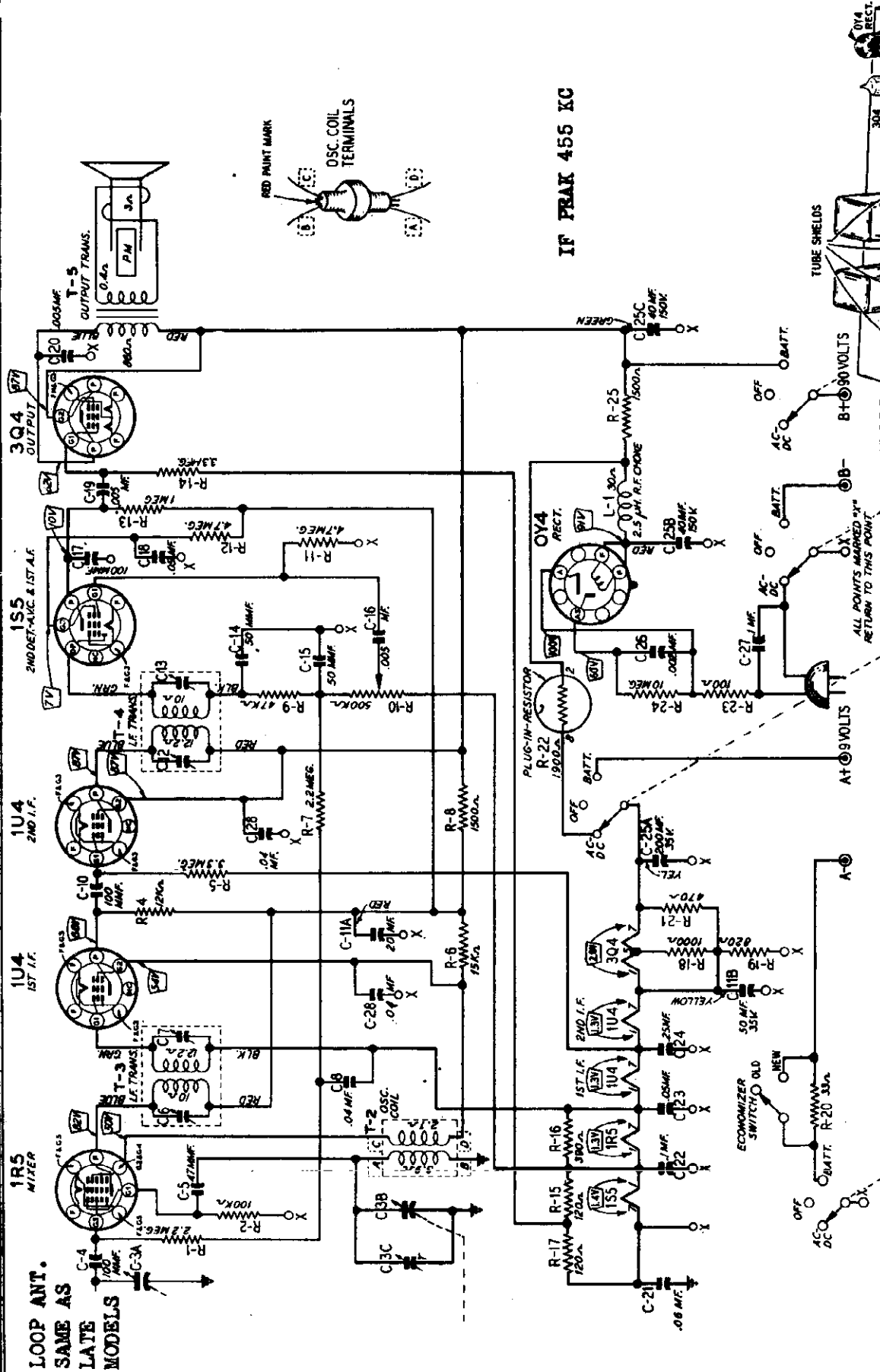
Ref. No.	Part No.	Description	Qty. Used in Set
R-1	885225	2.2 meg. Ohms	2
R-2	885184	100 K Ohms	1
R-3	884125	12 K Ohms	1
R-4	885335	3.3 meg. Ohms	2
R-5	884153	15 K Ohms	1
R-6	884132	1500 Ohms	2
R-7	884425	47 K Ohms	1
R-8	883307	500 K Ohms	1
R-9	885105	4.7 meg. Ohms	2
R-10	885105	1.0 meg. Ohms	2
R-11	884131	390 Ohms	2
R-12	884391	330 Ohms	1
R-13	884102	1000 Ohms	1
R-14	884821	820 Ohms	1
R-15	884420	470 Ohms	1
R-16	432315	100 Ohms (Ballast tube)	1
R-17	884101	100 Ohms	1
R-18	884101	100 Ohms	1
R-19	884101	100 Ohms	1
R-20	884101	100 Ohms	1
R-21	884101	100 Ohms	1
R-22	884101	100 Ohms	1

Ref. No.	Part No.	Description	Qty. Used in Set
C-1, R-8	884473	47 K Ohms	2
R-3	884152	1500 Ohms	1
R-4	884221	220 Ohms	1
R-5	884121	120 Ohms	1
R-6	884182	1800 Ohms	1
R-7, R-18	885225	2.2 meg. Ohms	2
R-9	365305	1.0 meg. Ohms	1
R-10	43X107	1750 Ohms	1
R-11	D84151	150 Ohms	1
R-12	884222	2200 Ohms	1
R-13	885106	10 meg. Ohms	1
R-14	884395	3.7 meg. Ohms	1
R-15	885105	1.0 meg. Ohms	1
R-16	884681	680 Ohms	1
R-17	885335	3.3 meg. Ohms	1
R-19	884271	270 Ohms	1
R-20	884271	270 Ohms	1
R-21	884271	270 Ohms	1

MODEL 64WG-1052A,
Early

MONTGOMERY WARD

IF PRAK 455 KC

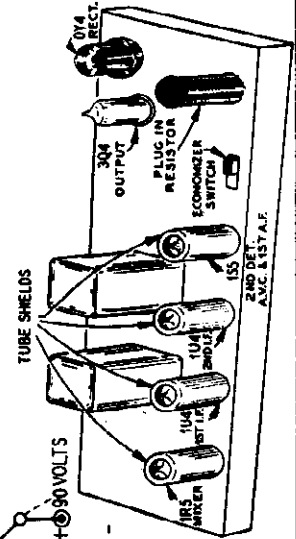


C-26	866202	.002 mf	200 V Tubular
R-24	885106	10 meg.	0.5

TRANSFORMERS AND COILS

L-1	9A1844	R-F Filter Choke
T-2	9A1844	Oscillator Coil Assembly

THE PARTS LIST FOR THE LATER
MODELS APPLY TO THIS EARLY
MODEL WITH THESE EXCEPTIONS:



TUBE SHIELDS
1U4 2ND I.F. 2ND DET. A.V.C. & 1ST A.F.
1R5 MIXER
3Q4 RECT.

PLUG IN RESISTOR
ECONOMIZER SWITCH

304 OUTPUT

1U4 2ND I.F. 2ND DET. A.V.C. & 1ST A.F.

1R5 MIXER

3Q4 RECT.

PLUG IN RESISTOR

ECONOMIZER SWITCH

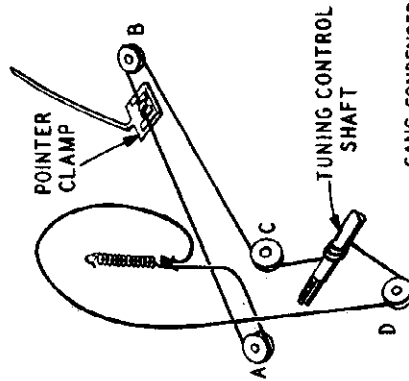
304 OUTPUT

ALL POINTS MARKED BY * RETURN TO THIS POINT

MONTGOMERY WARD

Volume Control—Maximum All Adjustments. Signal Generator which will provide an accurately calibrated signal at the test frequencies as listed.
 Allow Chassis and Signal Generator to "Heat Up" for several Minutes. Output Indicating Meter; Non-Metallic Screwdriver.
 The equipment in column at right is required for aligning: Dummy Antenna—.1 mf., 50 mmf.

SIGNAL GENERATOR			CONDENSER SETTING	ADJUST TRIMMERS TO MAXIMUM See Trimmer Illustration
Frequency Setting	Coupling Capacitor	Ground Connection		
455 kc	.1 mf	Control Grid 1U4—1st I-F Pin 6	Turn Rotor to full open	2nd I-F (C13) & (C12)
455 kc	.1 mf	Control Grid 1R5—Mixer Pin 6 See Note C	Turn Rotor to full open	1st I-F (C7) & (C6)
1620 kc	.1 mf	Control Grid 1R5—Mixer Pin 6	Turn Rotor to full open	Oscillator (C3C)
1400 kc	50 mmf	External Antenna Clip on Loop See Note A	Turn Rotor to Max. Output Set Indicator to 1400 KC See Note B	Antenna (C2)



GANG CONDENSER IN CLOSED POSITION

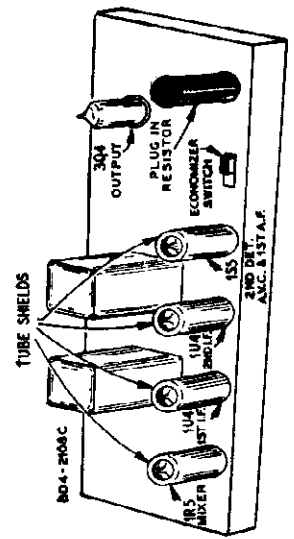
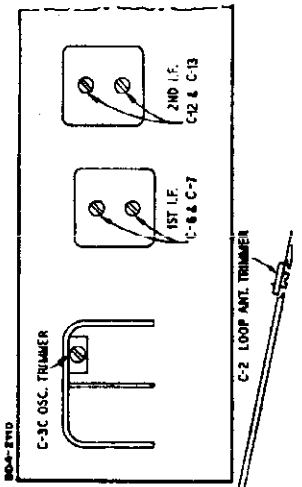
NOTE A—Re-assemble chassis in cabinet and close the cabinet back before making adjustment.

NOTE B—Tune in a 1400 KC signal. If pointer is not at the 1400 KC mark on the dial scale, move the pointer on the string to the 1400 KC mark.

NOTE C—Short out the oscillator section of the gang condenser for this adjustment only.

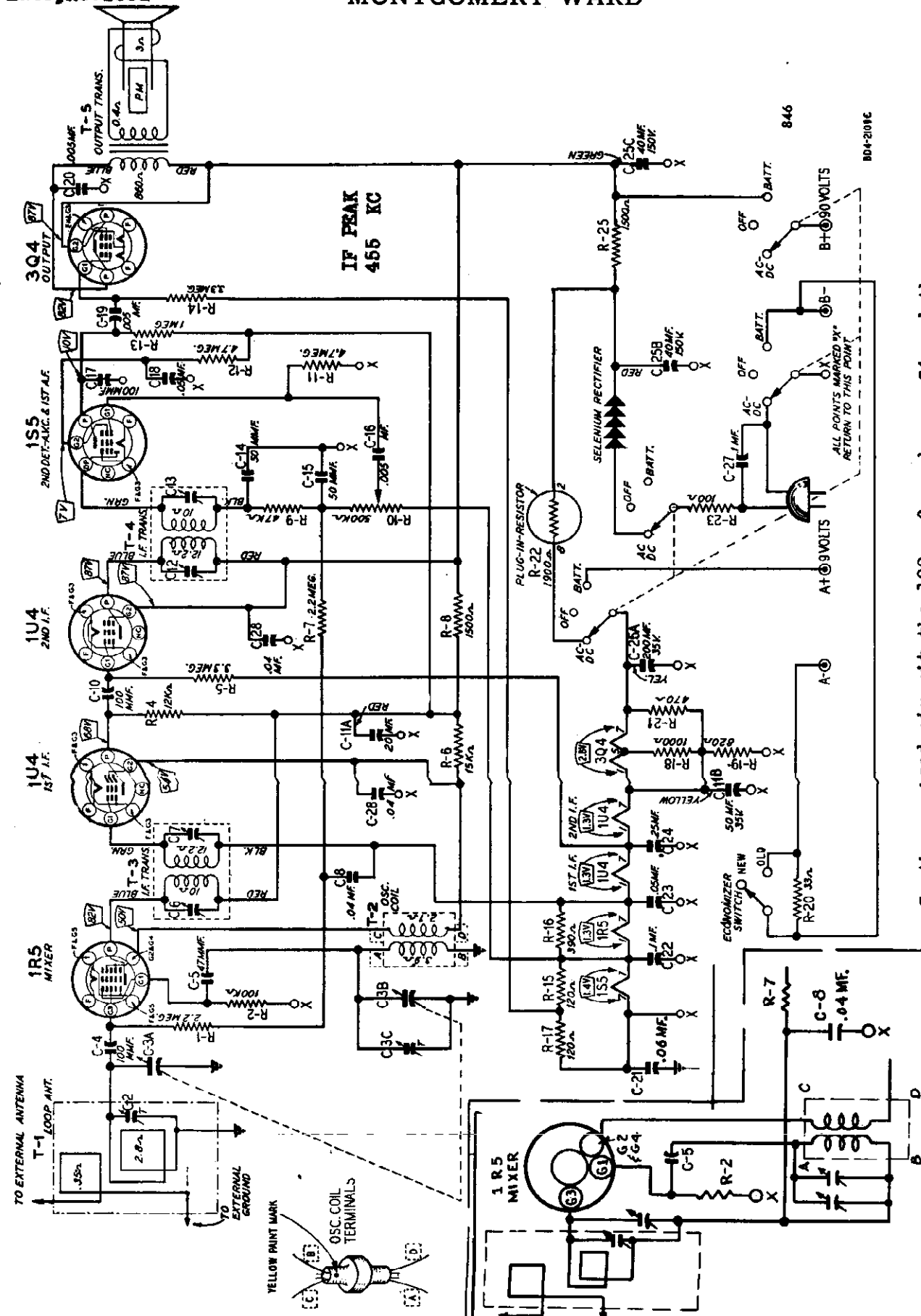
DRIVE CORD REPLACEMENT

Turn the gang condenser to the fully closed position. Use a new cord 23" long and tie one end to the tension spring. Fasten the other end of the tension spring to the hook on the drive pulley. Pass the cord through the slot in the drive pulley rim and continue around pulley rim 1/4 turn clockwise. Pass cord around pulleys A, B, and C as shown in the illustration. Wind three turns clockwise (viewed from rear of chassis) around tuning control shaft. The turns must progress toward rear of chassis. Pass cord around pulley D and continue 1/4 turn clockwise around large drive pulley. Pass cord through the slot in the pulley rim then stretch the tension spring and tie free end of cord to it. Cut off any excess string.



MODEL 64WG-1052A,
Late, Revised

MONTGOMERY WARD



In the revised circuit, the 100-mmf condenser C4 and the 2.2-meg resistor R1 are not used.

REVISED CIRCUIT

846

BD4-2101C

MONTGOMERY WARD

MODEL 64WG-1052A,
Early, Late, Revised
MODEL 54WG-2007A

RECEIVER STAGE SENSITIVITIES

MODEL 64 WG-1052A

The table below lists the sensitivity at the input of each stage. The receiver should be tuned to 1000 KC for all readings. All measurements are based on an output of 50 milliwatts. This may be measured by disconnecting the speaker voice coil and substituting a 3.2 ohm 5 watt resistor across the secondary winding of the output transformer. A reading of .4 volts AC across this resistor will be equivalent to a 50 milliwatt output with the speaker connected. The volume control must be set to maximum. The signal source must be an accurately calibrated signal generator capable of supplying both 1000 KC and 455 KC signals modulated 30% with a 400 cycle audio signal. Output variations of Plus or Minus 25% are usually permissible.

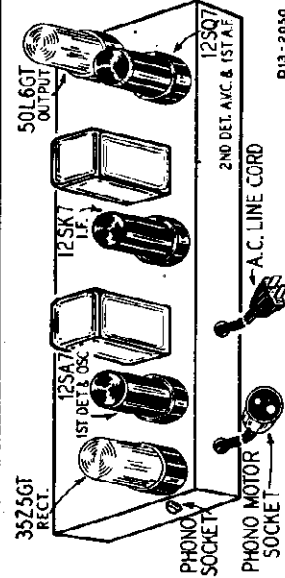
SIGNAL GENERATOR			Ground Connection	INPUT FOR 50 MILLIWATT OUTPUT
Frequency	Coupling Capacitor	Connection to Receiver		
1000 kc	200 mmf or RMA Dummy Antenna	Loop Antenna— External antenna clip	Chassis	20 microvolts
1000 kc	.05 mf.	1R5 Mixer—Pin 6	Point "X" (IS5 Pin 1)	30 microvolts
*455 kc	.05 mf.	1R5 Mixer—Pin 6	Same as above	15 microvolts
455 kc	.05 mf.	1U4 1st I-F—Pin 6	Same as above	440 microvolts
455 kc	.05 mf.	1U4 2nd I-F—Pin 6	Same as above	2200 microvolts
400 cycles	.05 mf.	1S5 1st A-F—Pin 6	Same as above	.022 volts
400 cycles	.05 mf.	3Q4 Output—Pin 3	Same as above	1.8 volt

*Short out the oscillator section of the gang condenser while making this measurement.

MODEL 54 WG-2007A

ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

- Power Supply.....105-125 volts AC—
60 cycles—30 watts
(42 watts Phono Operating)
- Frequency Range.....535 to 1620 KC
- Intermediate Frequency.....455 KC
- Selectivity.....5.5 KC broad at 1000
times signal, 1000 KC
- Sensitivity (for .05 watt output)
with external antenna.....25 microvolts average
- Power Output.....1.5 watts maximum,
.9 watt (10% distortion)
- Loud speaker.....5" PM dynamic
- Voice coil impedance.....3.2 ohms at 400 cycles

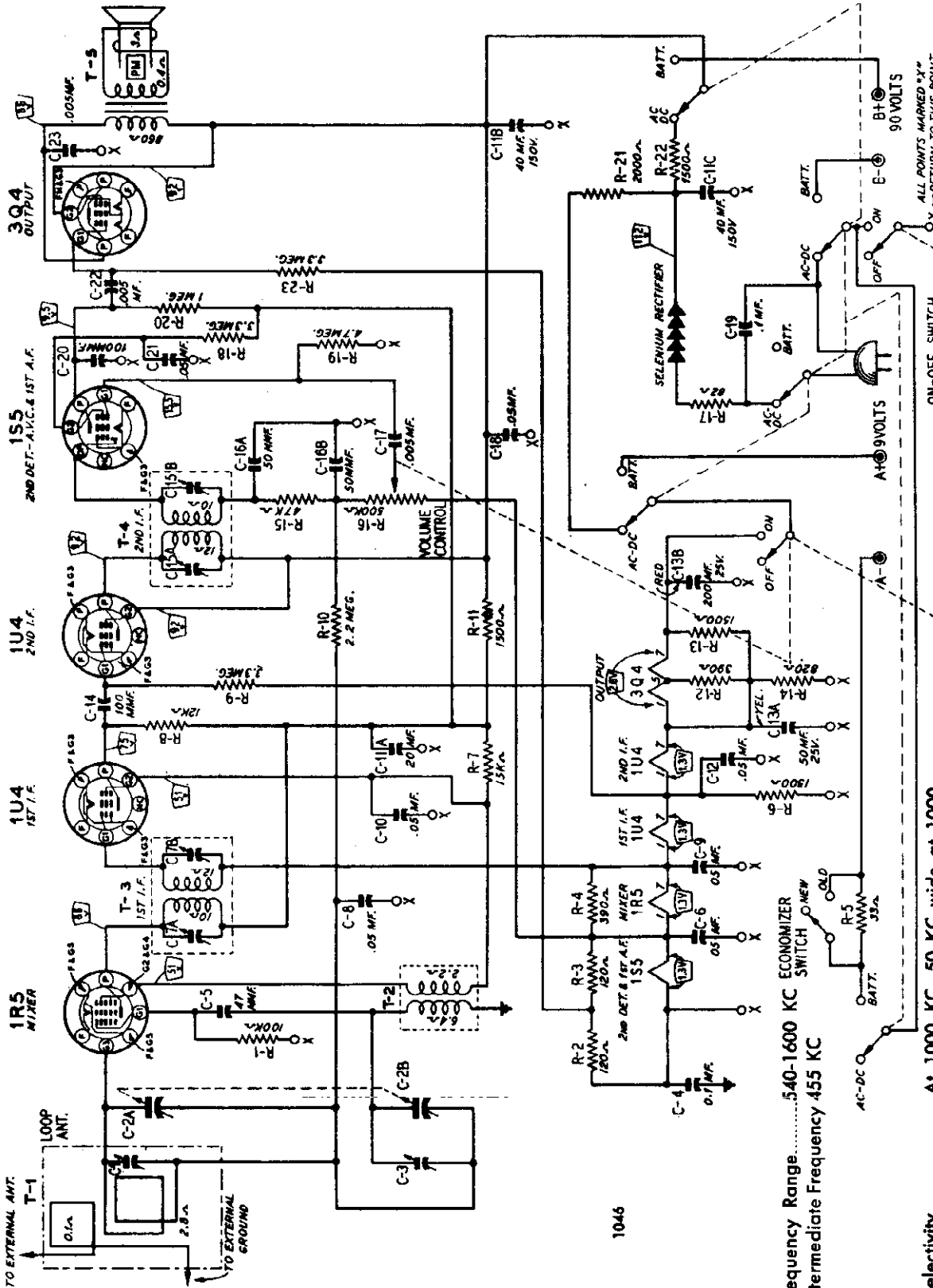


REMOVAL OF CHASSIS FROM CABINET

To remove the chassis from the cabinet it is necessary to pull the two control knobs and the dial pointer from their shafts. Remove the four screws in the bottom of the cabinet and the four snap pins that hold the cabinet back in place. Care must be taken when removing the dial pointer that it is not damaged in such a manner that reinstallation will

MODEL 647G-1054A

MONTGOMERY WARD



1046

Frequency Range.....540-1600 KC
 Intermediate Frequency 455 KC

Selectivity.....At 1000 KC, 50 KC wide at 1000 times signal
 Sensitivity.....(for .05 watt output with external antenna) 15 microvolts average
 Power Output.....0.3 watts maximum
 0.15 watt 10% distortion

Power Supply....."A" Battery Supply—9 Volts, 50 Ma.
 "B" Battery Supply—90 Volts, 12 Ma. or 105-125 volts AC, 50-60 cycles, 10 watts or 105-125 volts DC
 Battery Pack.....Ward's Battery Pack No. 62-33

Loud Speaker.....5" PM dynamic
 Voice Coil Impedance..3.2 ohms
 at 400 cycles

ALL POINTS MARKED "X" RETURN TO THIS POINT

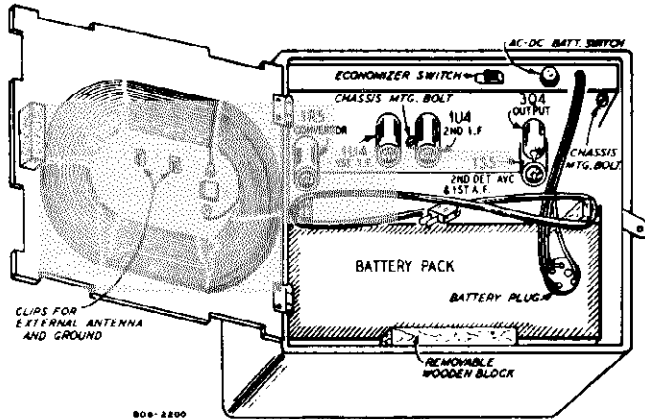
808-2193

MONTGOMERY WARD

REMOVAL OF CHASSIS FROM CABINET

To remove the chassis from the cabinet, it is necessary to pull off the 2 control knobs, disconnect the battery and then unscrew the 2 screws fastening the chassis to the cabinet. (The 2nd I-F Tube must be removed in order to

reach the mounting screw in the center of the chassis.) See the tube position illustration for the location of these screw. After these screws have been removed, carefully pull off the chassis taking care not to damage the connections to the loop antenna.



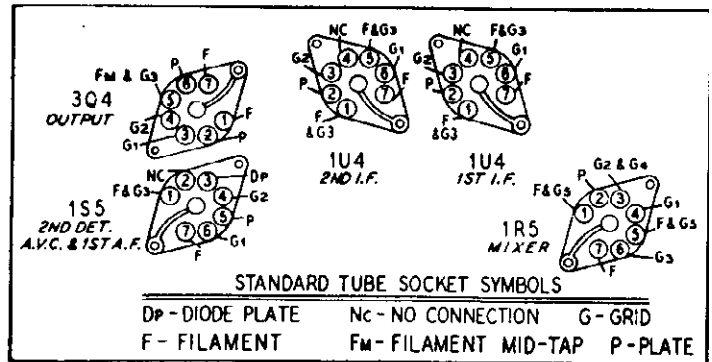
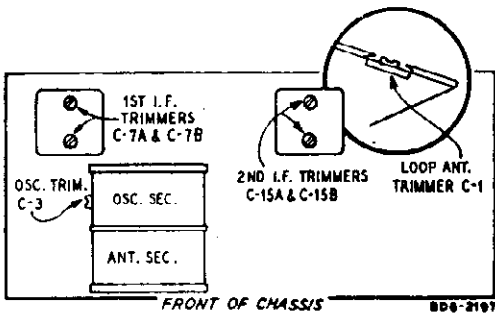
TUBE SOCKET VOLTAGES

Socket voltages are shown on the schematic diagram at the tube socket terminals. All voltages except those for the filaments are between the socket terminal and "X" point.

The readings were taken with a 1000 ohm-per-volt meter and all plate and screen voltages read on a 500 volt scale. Conditions of measurement are:

- Line voltage.....117 volts AC
- Volume control.....maximum
- Signal input.....none

A variation of $\pm 10\%$ is usually permissible.



SIGNAL GENERATOR				CONDENSER SETTING	ADJUST TRIMMER TO MAXIMUM See Trimmer Illustration
Frequency Setting	Coupling Capacitor	Connection to Radio	Ground Connection		
455 kc	.1 mf	Control Grid 1U4 1st I-F Pin 6	Point "X" At Electrolytic Capacitor Black Lead	Turn Rotor to full open	2nd I-F (C-15A) & (C-15B)
455 kc	.1 mf	Antenna Wire connecting to Stator of Antenna Section of Tuning Condenser	Same as above	Turn Rotor to full open	1st I-F (C-7A) & (C-7B)
1620 kc	.1 mf	External Antenna Clip on Loop See Note A	Same as above	Turn Rotor to full open	Oscillator (C-3)
1400 kc	50 mmf		External Ground connection on loop	Turn Rotor to Max. Output Set Indicator to 1400 KC See Note B	Antenna (C-1)

NOTE A—Re-assemble chassis in cabinet and close the cabinet back before making adjustment.

NOTE B—Tune in a 1400 KC signal. If pointer is not at the 1400 KC mark on the dial scale, pull pointer off shaft. Set pointer at the 1400 KC mark and push back on shaft.

MODEL 64WG-1054A

MONTGOMERY WARD

RECEIVER STAGE SENSITIVITIES

The table below lists the sensitivity at the input of each stage. The receiver should be tuned to 1000 KC for all readings. All measurements are based on an output of 50 milliwatts. This may be measured by disconnecting the speaker voice coil and substituting a 3.2 ohm 5 watt resistor across the secondary winding of the output transformer. A reading of .4 volts AC across this resistor will be equivalent to a 50 milliwatt

output. The volume control must be set to maximum.

The signal source must be an accurately calibrated signal generator capable of supplying both 1000 KC and 455 KC signals modulated 30% with a 400 cycle audio signal. Variations in sensitivity of Plus or minus 25% are usually permissible.

SIGNAL GENERATOR				INPUT FOR 50 MILLIWATT OUTPUT
Frequency	Coupling Capacitor	Connection to Receiver	Ground Connection	
1000 kc	200 mmf or RMA Dummy Antenna	Loop Antenna— External antenna clip	Chassis	15 microvolts
1000 kc	.05 mf.	1R5 Mixer—Pin 6	Point "X" (1S5 Pin 1)	30 microvolts
455 kc	.05 mf.	1R5 Mixer—Pin 6	Same as above	20 microvolts
455 kc	.05 mf.	1U4 1st I-F—Pin 6	Same as above	440 microvolts
455 kc	.05 mf.	1U4 2nd I-F—Pin 6	Same as above	2200 microvolts
400 cycles	.05 mf.	1S5 1st A-F—Pin 6	Same as above	.022 volts
400 cycles	.05 mf.	3Q4 Output—Pin 3	Same as above	2.2 volt

REPLACEMENT PARTS LIST

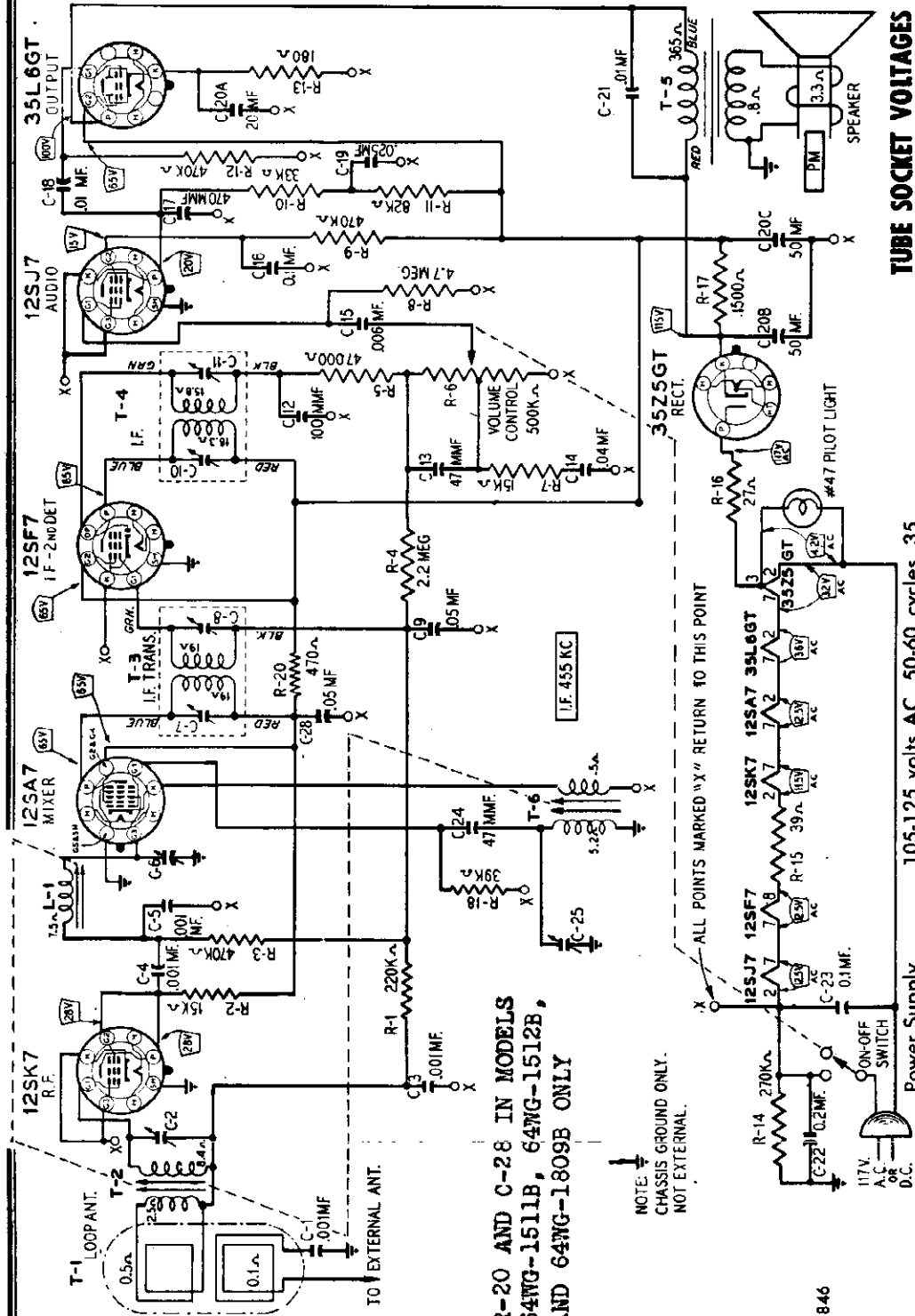
Use only genuine factory tested parts to insure service jobs you can depend on and to obtain original set performance

Ref. No.	Part No.	Description	Qty. Used
CAPACITORS			
C-1	17A123	1.0-12 mmf Trimmer	1
C-2	14A192	Gang Condenser	1
C-3	Part of C-2 Gang Condenser		
C-4	D67104	.10 mf 400 V Tubular	2
C-19	47X643	47mmf Molded	1
C-5			
C-6			
C-8			
C-9	866503	.05 mf 200 V Tubular	7
C-10			
C-12			
C-18			
C-21			
C-7A	Part of T-3 1st I-F Transformer		
C-7B			
C-11A		20 mf 150 V Dry	
C-11B	45X353	40 mf 150 V Electrolytic	1
C-11C		40 mf 150 V	
C-13A		50 mf 25 V Dry	
C-13B	45X354	200 mf 25 V Electrolytic	1
C-14			
C-20	47X476	100 mmf Molded	2
C-15A	Part of T-4 2nd I-F Transformer		
C-15B			
C-16A	47X112	50 mmf Dual Mica	1
C-16B			
C-17	866502	.005 mf 200 V Tubular	2
C-22			
C-23	D66502	.005 mf 400 V Tubular	1
RESISTORS			
		Ohms Watts Material	
R-1	884104	100k 0.5 Carbon	1
R-2	884121	120 0.5 Carbon	2
R-3			
R-4	884391	390 0.5 Carbon	2
R-12			
R-5	885330	33 0.5 Carbon	1
R-6			
R-11	884152	1500 0.5 Carbon	4
R-13			
R-22			
R-7	884153	15k 0.5 Carbon	1
R-8	884123	12k 0.5 Carbon	1

Ref. No.	Part No.	Description	Qty. Used
R-9			
R-18	885335	3.3 meg 0.5 Carbon	3
R-23			
R-10	885225	2.2 meg 0.5 Carbon	1
R-14	884821	820 0.5 Carbon	1
R-15	885473	47k 0.5 Carbon	1
R-16	36X310	500k Volume Control and Switch	1
R-17	884820	82 2.0 Carbon	1
R-19	885475	4.7 meg 0.5 Carbon	1
R-20	884105	1.0 meg 0.5 Carbon	1
R-21	43X220	2000 7.0 W.W.	1
TRANSFORMERS & COILS			
T-1	26A430	Loop Antenna Assembly	1
T-2	9A1893	Oscillator Coil Assembly	1
T-3	9A1889	1st I-F Transformer & Can Assembly	1
T-4	9A1890	2nd I-F Transformer & Can Assembly	1
T-5	51X130	Output Transformer	1
MISCELLANEOUS			
12A446		5" P.M. Speaker Cone and Voice Coil Assembly. (Specify part number and letters stamped on speaker)	1
25A1019		Selenium Rectifier and Housing Assembly	1
3A312		Miniature Tube Socket	5
32X221		Tube Shield	4
11X131		Shield, Volume Control	1
2A368		Change over Switch (AC-DC, Battery Switch)	1
2A175		On-Off Switch (Economizer)	1
13X328		Line Cord and Plug Assembly	1
30X132		Line Cord Clamp	1
13X550		Battery Cable & Plug Assembly	1
4X954		Escutcheon & Grille Assembly	1
10A598		Knob (Volume)	1
10A421		Knob (Change over Switch)	1
10A300		Knob (Tuning)	1
15X235		Pointer Disc	2
19X446		Cup Washers	2
6X52		Rubber Grommet / Mtg. Gang. Cond.	2

MONTGOMERY WARD

MODELS 64WG-1511A, -1511B,
64WG-1512A, -1512B,
64WG-1809A, -1809B



TUBE SOCKET VOLTAGES

Socket voltages are shown on the schematic diagram at the tube socket terminals. All voltages except those for the heater and dial lamp are between the socket terminal and "X" point.

The readings were taken with a 1000 ohm-per-volt meter and all plate and screen voltages read on a 500 volt scale.

Conditions of measurement are:

Line voltage.....	117 volts AC
Volume control.....	maximum
Signal input.....	none

* R-20 AND C-28 IN MODELS
64WG-1511B, 64WG-1512B,
AND 64WG-1809B ONLY

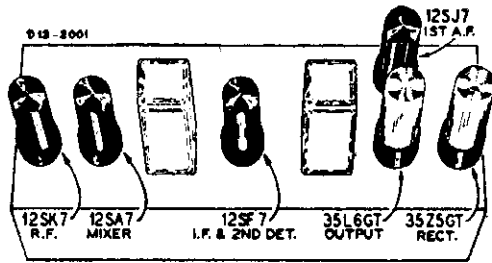
NOTE:
CHASSIS GROUND ONLY.
NOT EXTERNAL.

ALL POINTS MARKED "X" RETURN TO THIS POINT

- Power Supply..... 105-125 volts AC, 50-60 cycles, 35 watts or 105-125 volts DC
- Frequency Range..... 540-1600 KC
- Selectivity..... At 1000 KC, 50 KC wide at 1000 times signal
- Sensitivity..... (for .05 watt output with external antenna) 15 microvolts average
- Power Output..... 1.3 watts maximum
.75 watt 10% distortion
- Loud Speaker..... 4" x 6" PM dynamic
- Voice Coil Impedance..... 3.2 ohms at 400 cycles

MODELS 64WG-1511A,-1511B,
64WG-1512A,-1512B,
64WG-1809A,-1809B

MONTGOMERY WARD

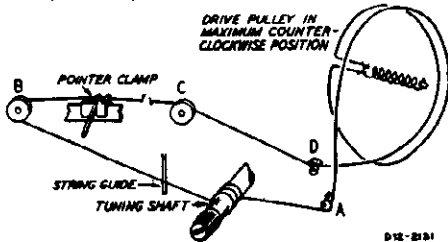


DRIVE CORD REPLACEMENT

Turn the large drive pulley counterclockwise to the stop position. Use a new drive cord 36" long and tie one end to the tension spring. Hook the other end of the tension spring over the tab on the drive pulley. Pass the cord through the slot on the drive pulley rim and continue around pulley 1 1/4 turns counterclockwise. Pass cord around stud A and wind three turns clockwise (from front of chassis) around the tuning shaft. Turns must progress away from chassis. Run the cord in front of the string guide, then pass cord around pulleys B and C and stud D. Pass cord under drive pulley and wind 3/4 turn counterclockwise around drive pulley. Stretch tension spring and tie free end of cord to spring. Cut off any excess string.

Note: On sets having a black vinylite sleeve on the tuning shaft wind only two turns clockwise around the tuning shaft.

Attach the dial pointer to the cord and position, as instructed in paragraph DIAL CALIBRATION.



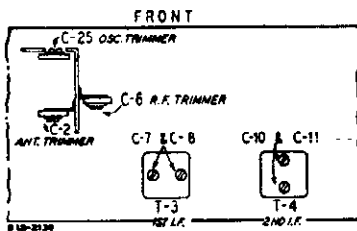
ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

Check dial pointer position, see Dial Calibration paragraph.

Volume Control—Maximum All Adjustments.

Allow Chassis and Signal Generator to "Heat Up" for several minutes.

The equipment in column at right is required for aligning:



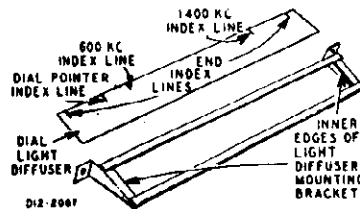
NOTE A:—Index line is on dial light diffuser strip. See DIAL CALIBRATION paragraph.

DIAL CALIBRATION

In order to align the receiver, the dial pointer must be positioned on the dial string correctly with reference to the dial. Index lines are provided on the dial light diffuser for this purpose.

Before aligning the receiver (or when replacing the dial light diffuser) check the position of the diffuser strip, making certain that the two end index lines are aligned with the inner edges of the diffuser mounting bracket opening. The bracket should be crimped at one point to prevent movement of the diffuser strip. To position the dial pointer, adjust the radio to the stop position at the low frequency end of the dial. The dial pointer should be directly over the dial pointer index line (see illustration). If not, move the pointer along the drive cord until it is directly over the index line.

The 1400 KC index line is for use when aligning the receiver.



TUNING ASSEMBLY SERVICE

Exact requirements in the tuning assembly make it impractical to replace the drive cord, coils and components in this assembly other than the trimmer condensers. Should the drive cord break, or components other than the trimmer condensers require service, the entire assembly must be ordered and replaced as a unit.

SIGNAL GENERATOR			Coupling Capacitor	DIAL SETTING	ADJUST TRIMMERS TO MAXIMUM OUTPUT IN ORDER SHOWN (See Trimmer Illustration)
Frequency Setting	Connection to Receiver	Ground Connection			
455 kc	Control Grid 12SF7—I-F (Prong No. 2)	Point "X" 12SK7—R-F (Prong No. 3)	.1 mf	1600 kc	2nd I-F (C10) & (C11)
455 kc	Control Grid 12SA7—1st Det. (Prong No. 8)	Same as above	.1 mf	1600 kc	1st I-F (C7) & (C8)
1400 kc	Control Grid 12SA7—1st Det. (Prong No. 8)	Same as above	.1 mf	1400 kc Index Line. See Note A	Oscillator (C25)
1400 kc	External Antenna Clip on Loop	Chassis	50 mmf	1400 kc Index Line. See Note A	R-F (C-6) Antenna (C-2)

MONTGOMERY WARD

MODELS 64WG-1511A,-1511B,
64WG-1512A,-1512B,
64WG-1809A,-1809B

RECEIVER STAGE SENSITIVITIES		SIGNAL GENERATOR		INPUT FOR 50 MILLIWATT OUTPUT
Frequency	Coupling Capacitor	Connection to Receiver	Ground Connection	
1000 kc	200 mmf or RMA Dummy Antenna	Loop Antenna— External antenna clip	Chassis	15 microvolts
1000 kc	.05 mf.	12SA7 Mixer—Pin 8	Point "X" (12SK7 Pin 3)	100 microvolts
455 kc	.05 mf.	12SA7 Mixer—Pin 8	Same as above	80 microvolts
455 kc	.05 mf.	12SF7 I-F—Pin 2	Same as above	3500 microvolts
400 cycles	.05 mf.	12SJ7 1st A-F—Pin 4	Same as above	.042 volts
400 cycles	.05 mf.	35L6GT Output—Pin 5	Same as above	1 volt

Ref. No.	Part No.	Description	Qty. Used in Set
CAPACITORS			
C-1	D67102	.001 mf 400 V Tubular	1
C-2	17A238	4-70 mmf Trimmer	1
C-3	B67102	.001 mf 200 V Tubular	3
C-4			
C-5			
C-6	17A243	4-70 mmf Trimmer	1
C-7		Part of T-3, 1st I-F Transformer	
C-8			
C-9	B66503	.05 mf 200 V Tubular	1
C-10		Part of T-4, 2nd I-F Transformer	
C-11			
C-12	47X476	100 mmf Molded	1
C-13	47X463	47 mmf Molded	1
C-14	B67403	.04 mf 200 V Tubular	1
C-15	B67602	.006 mf 200 V Tubular	1
C-16	B66104	0.1 mf 200 V Tubular	1
C-17	47X467	470 mmf Molded	1
C-18	B66103	.01 mf 200 V Tubular	2
C-21			
C-19	B67253	.025 mf 200 V Tubular	1
C-20A	45X344	20 mf 25 V Dry electrolytic	1
C-20B		50 mf 150 V capacitor	
C-20C		50 mf 150 V capacitor	
C-22	B67204	0.2 mf 200 V Tubular	1
C-23	D67104	0.1 mf 400 V Tubular	1
C-24	47X446	47 mmf Molded	1
C-25	17A239	40-370 mmf Trimmer	1
*C-28	B67503	.05 mf Tubular	1
RESISTORS			
OHMS WATTS			
R-1	B85224	220,000 0.5 Carbon	1
R-2	B84153	15,000 0.5 Carbon	2
R-7			
R-3	B85474	470,000 0.5 Carbon	2
R-12			
R-4	B85225	2.2 meg. 0.5 Carbon	1
R-5	B85473	47,000 0.5 Carbon	1
R-6	36X347	500,000 Volume control and switch	1
R-8	B85475	4.7 meg. 0.5 Carbon	1
R-9	B84474	470,000 0.5 Carbon	1
R-10	B84333	33,000 0.5 Carbon	1
R-11	B84823	82,000 0.5 Carbon	1
R-13	B83181	180 0.5 Carbon	1
R-14	B84274	270,000 0.5 Carbon	1
R-15	D84390	39 2.0 Carbon	1
R-16	B84270	27 0.5 Carbon	1
R-17	C84152	1500 1.0 Carbon	1
R-18	B84393	39,000 0.5 Carbon	1
*R-20	B85471	470 0.5 Carbon	1

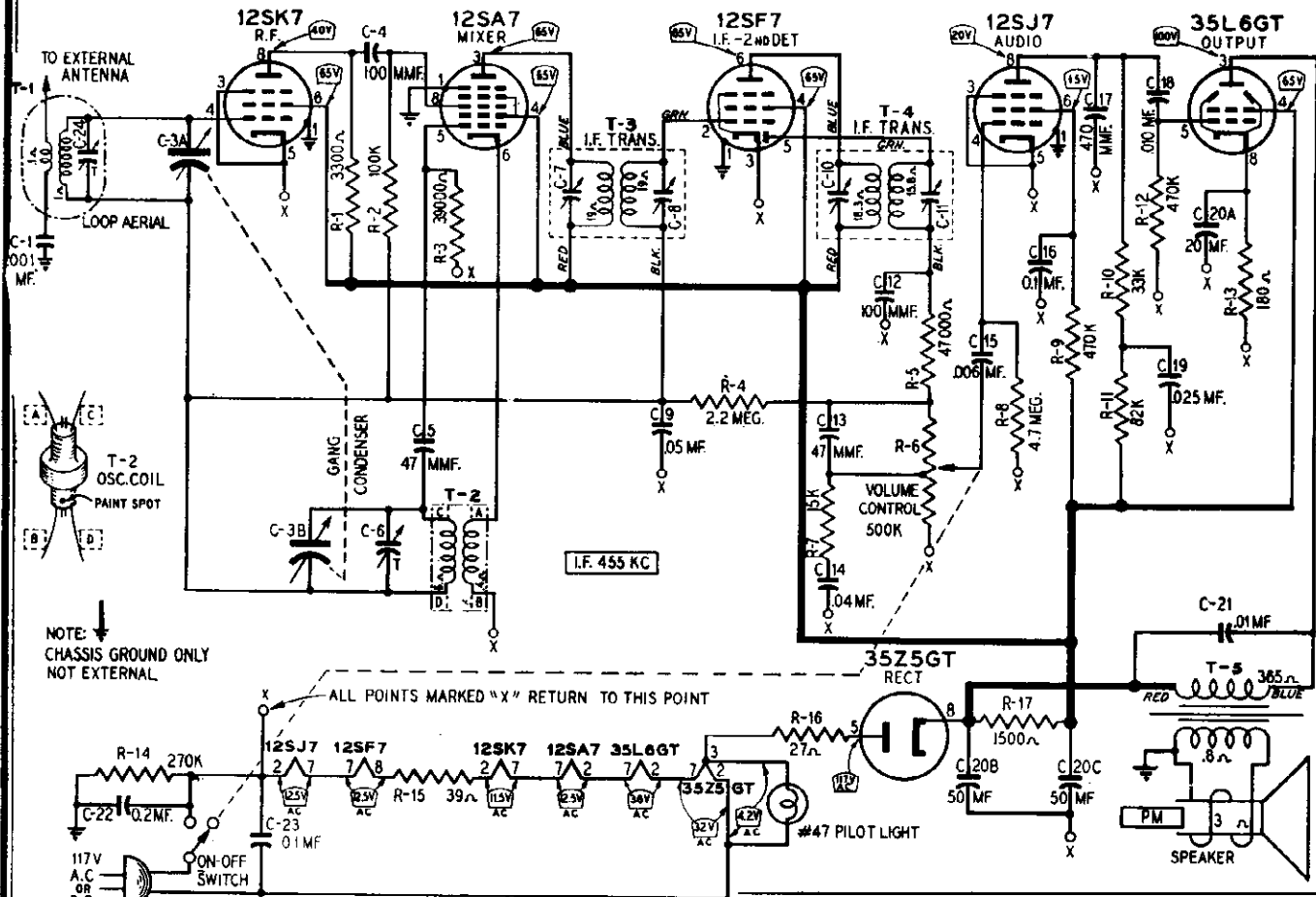
Ref. No.	Part No.	Description	Qty. Used in Set
TRANSFORMERS AND COILS			
L-1		Part of tuning assembly	
T-1	9A1803	"B" Range loop antenna (for ivory plastic cabinet)	1
T-1	9A1773	"B" Range loop antenna (for walnut plastic cabinet)	1
T-1	9A1863	"B" Range loop antenna (for walnut wood cabinet)	1
T-2		Part of tuning assembly	
T-3	9A1775	1st I-F Transformer and can assembly	1
T-4	9A1776	2nd I-F Transformer and can assembly	1
T-5	51X116	Output transformer	1
T-6		Part of tuning assembly	
DIAL AND DRIVE ASSEMBLY			
20A97		Tuning assembly complete with coils, trimmers, etc.	1
11X119		Fibre shield (tuner housing)	1
28X518		Trimount stud (mtg. fibre shield)	5
26X464		Drive shaft	1
28X512		Ground spring (drive shaft)	1
19X192		"C" washer	2
25X1384		Painter bracket	1
24X446		Idler pulley	2
41X78		Dial light diffuser	1
25X1385		Holder, light diffuser	1
15X217		Painter	1
25X1398		Pilot light bracket	1
		3 ft. drive cord (18 lb. test)	1
28X95		Drive cord tension spring	1
7A192		Pilot light socket assembly	1
		Pilot light No. 47	1
58X645		Dial (for ivory plastic cabinet)	1
58X646		Dial (for walnut plastic cabinet)	1
58X650		Dial (for walnut wood cabinet)	1
25X1461		Dial Bracket } for walnut	1
4X884		Escutcheon } wood cabinet	1
25X1460		Escutcheon Mtg. Bracket } only	2
MISCELLANEOUS			
12A431		4" x 6" speaker with mounting bracket Cone and voice coil assembly for speaker (specify part number and letters stamped on speaker)	1
3A303		Tube socket—octal (8 prong) molded	5
** 26A426		Tube socket and shield assembly	1
10A297		Knob, volume control and line switch; tuning (for walnut cabinets)	2
10A300		Knob, volume control and line switch; tuning (for ivory plastic cabinet)	2
28X292		Snop button (mtg. loop to cabinet) 6 x 1/2" slotted hex head P-K type "Z" screw (mtg. loop to chassis)	2
55X249		Cabinet (ivory plastic)	1
55X264		Cabinet (walnut plastic)	1
13X328		Line cord and plug assembly	1

* IN MODELS 64WG-1511B, 64WG-1512B, 64WG-1809B ONLY

** PART NO. 3A421 IN MODELS 64WG-1511A, 64WG-1512A, 64WG-1809A

MODEL 64WG-1804A

MONTGOMERY WARD



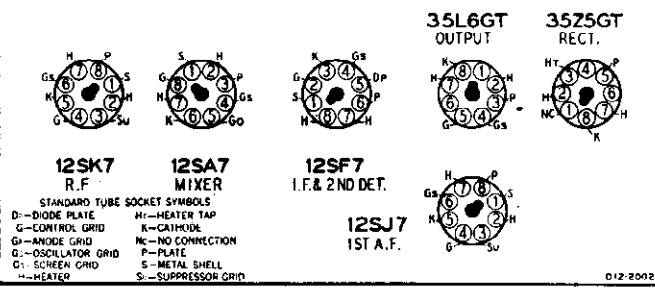
NOTE: CHASSIS GROUND ONLY NOT EXTERNAL

Socket voltages are shown on the schematic diagram at the tube socket terminals. All voltages except those for the heater and dial lamp are between the socket terminal and "X" point.

The readings were taken with a 1000 ohm-per-volt meter and all plate and screen voltages read on a 500 volt scale. Conditions of measurement are:

Line voltage.....117 volts AC
 Volume control.....maximum
 Signal input.....none

A variation of + 10% is usually permissible.



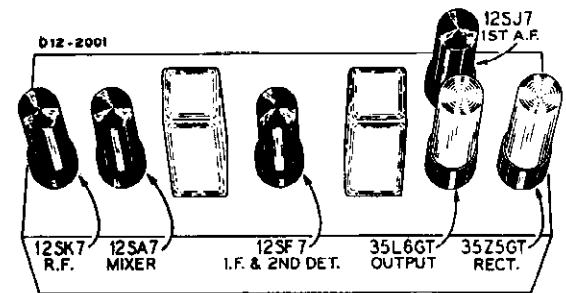
The table below lists the sensitivity at the input of each stage. The receiver should be tuned to 1000 KC for all readings. All measurements are based on an output of 50 milliwatts. This may be measured by disconnecting the speaker voice coil and substituting a 3.2 ohm 5 watt resistor across the secondary winding of the output transformer. A reading of .4 volts AC

across this resistor will be equivalent to a 50 milliwatt output with the speaker connected. The volume control must be set to maximum. The signal source must be an accurately calibrated signal generator capable of supplying both 1000 KC and 455 KC signals modulated 30% with a 400 cycle audio signal. Variations of Plus or Minus 25% are usually permissible.

SIGNAL GENERATOR				INPUT FOR 50 MILLIWATT OUTPUT
Frequency	Coupling Capacitor	Connection to Receiver	Ground Connection	
1000 kc	200 mmf or RMA Dummy Antenna	Loop Antenna— External antenna clip	Chassis	19.5 microvolts
1000 kc	.05 mf.	12SA7 Mixer—Pin 8	Point "X" (12SK7 Pin 3)	150 microvolts.
455 kc	.05 mf	12SA7 Mixer—Pin 8	Same as above	100 microvolts
455 kc	.05 mf	12SF7 I-F—Pin 2	Same as above	3500 microvolts
400 cycles	.05 mf	12SJ7 1st A-F—Pin 4	Same as above	.042 volts
400 cycles	.05 mf	35L6GT Output—Pin 5	Same as above	1 volt

MONTGOMERY WARD

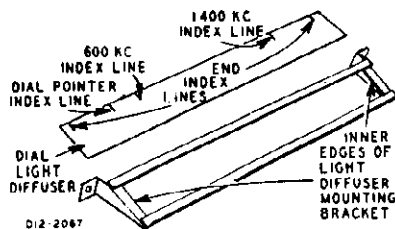
Power Supply.....105-125 volts AC, 50-60 cycles, 35 watts or 105-125 volts DC
 Frequency Range.....535-1620 KC
 Intermediate Frequency.455 KC
 Selectivity.....At 1000 KC, 50 KC wide at 1000 times signal
 Sensitivity.....(for .05 watt output with external antenna) 15 microvolts average
 Power Output.....1.3 watts maximum
 .75 watt 10% distortion
 Loud Speaker.....4"x 6" PM dynamic
 Voice Coil Impedance...3.2 ohms at 400 cycles



In order to align the receiver, the dial pointer must be positioned on the dial string correctly with reference to the dial. Index lines are provided on the dial light diffuser for this purpose.

Before aligning the receiver (or when replacing the dial light diffuser) check the position of the diffuser strip, making certain that the two end index lines are aligned with the inner edges of the diffuser mounting bracket opening. The bracket should be crimped at one point to prevent movement of the diffuser strip. To position the dial pointer, turn the gang condenser to the fully closed position. The dial pointer should be directly over the dial pointer index line. (See illustration)

The 1400 KC index line is for use when aligning the receiver.



Check dial pointer position, see Dial Calibration paragraph.

Volume Control—Maximum All Adjustments.

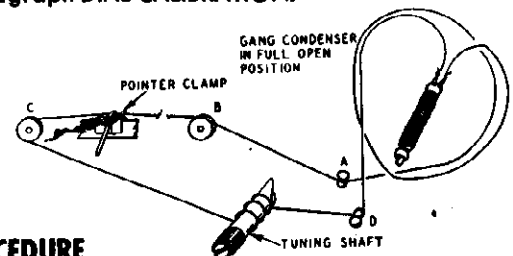
Allow Chassis and Signal Generator to "Heat Up" for several Minutes.

The equipment in column at right is required for aligning:

DRIVE CORD REPLACEMENT

Turn the gang condenser to the fully open position. Use new drive cord 36" long and tie one end to the tension spring. Hook the other end of the tension spring over the tab on the drive pulley. Pass the cord through the slot in the drive pulley rim and continue around pulley 1/2 turn counterclockwise. Pass cord around stud D and wind three turns clockwise (from front of chassis) around the tuning shaft. Turns must progress away from chassis. Pass cord around pulleys C and B and stud A. Pass cord under drive pulley and wind 1 1/2 turns counterclockwise around drive pulley. Stretch tension spring and tie free end of cord to spring. Cut off any excess string.

Attach the dial pointer to the cord and position as instructed in paragraph DIAL CALIBRATION.

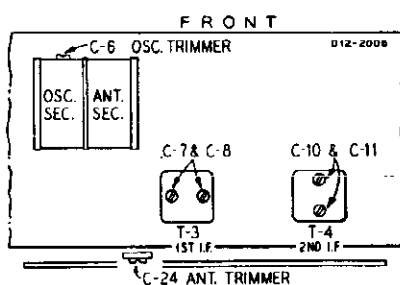


ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

Signal Generator which will provide an accurately calibrated signal at the test frequencies as listed.

Output Indicating Meter; Non-Metallic Screwdriver.

Dummy Antennas—.1 mf., 50 mmf.



NOTE A:—Index line is on dial light diffuser strip. See DIAL CALIBRATION paragraph.

SIGNAL GENERATOR			Coupling Capacitor	DIAL SETTING	ADJUST TRIMMERS MAXIMUM OUTPUT IN ORDER SHOWN (Trimmer Illustration)
Frequency Setting	Connection to Receiver	Ground Connection			
455 kc	Control Grid 12SF7—I-F (Prong No. 2)	Point "X" 12SK7—R-F (Prong No. 3)	.1 mf	Turn Rotor to full open	2nd I-F (C10) & (C11)
455 kc	Control Grid 12SA7—1st Det. (Prong No. 8)	Same as above	.1 mf	Turn Rotor to full open	1st I-F (C7) & (C8)
1400 kc	Control Grid 12SA7—1st Det. (Prong No. 8)	Same as above	.1 mf	Turn Rotor to 1400 kc Index Line. See Note A	Oscillator (C6)
1400 kc	External Antenna Clip on Loop	Chassis	50 mmf	Turn Rotor to 1400 kc Index Line. See Note A	Antenna (C24)

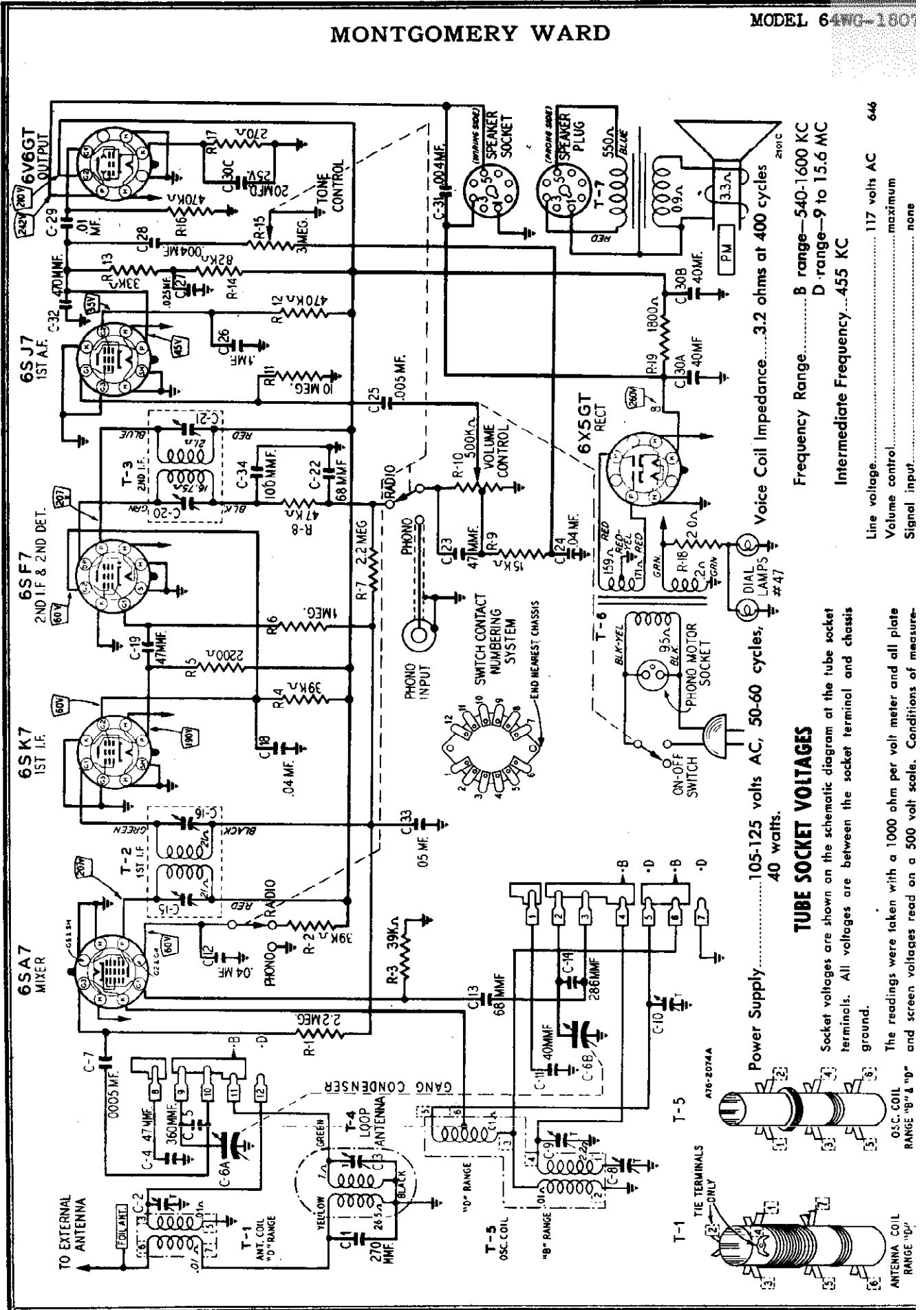
MODEL 64WG-1804A

MONTGOMERY WARD

Ref. No.	Part No.	Description	Qty. Used in Set
CAPACITORS			
C-1	D66102	.001 mf 400 V Tubular.....	1
C-2	14A179	Gang condenser with pulley.....	1
C-6				Part of C-3
C-3A C-3B	47X476	100 mmf Molded.....	2
C-4			
C-12	47X446	47 mmf Molded.....	1
C-5	B66503	.05 mf 200 V Tubular.....	1
C-7			
C-8			
C-9	47X463	47 mmf Molded.....	1
C-10			
C-11	B66403	.04 mf 200 V Tubular.....	1
C-13			
C-14	B66602	.006 mf 200 V Tubular.....	1
C-15	B66104	.1 mf 200 V Tubular.....	1
C-16	47X467	470 mmf Molded.....	1
C-17	B66103	.01 mf 200 V Tubular.....	2
C-18			
C-21	B64253	.025 mf 200 V Tubular.....	1
C-19			
C-20A	45X344	20 mf 25 V Dry electrolytic condenser	1
C-20B			
C-20C			
C-22	B66204	0.2 mf 200 V Tubular.....	1
C-23	D66104	.1 mf 400 V Tubular.....	1
C-24	17A116	2.5-23 mmf Trimmer.....	1
RESISTORS			
		Ohms Watts	
R-1	B84332	3300 0.5 Carbon.....	1
R-2	B85104	100,000 0.5 Carbon.....	1
R-3	B84393	39,000 0.5 Carbon.....	1
R-4	B85225	2.2 meg. 0.5 Carbon.....	1
R-5	B85473	47,000 0.5 Carbon.....	1
R-6	36X347	500,000 Volume control and switch	1
R-7	B84153	15,000 0.5 Carbon.....	1
R-8	B85475	4.7 meg. 0.5 Carbon.....	1
R-9	B84474	470,000 0.5 Carbon.....	1
R-10	B84333	33,000 0.5 Carbon.....	1
R-11	B84823	82,000 0.5 Carbon.....	1
R-12	B85474	470,000 0.5 Carbon.....	1
R-13	B83181	180 0.5 Carbon.....	1
R-14	B85274	270,000 0.5 Carbon.....	1
R-15	D84390	39 2.0 Carbon.....	1
R-16	B84270	27 0.5 Carbon.....	1
R-17	C84152	1500 1.0 Carbon.....	1

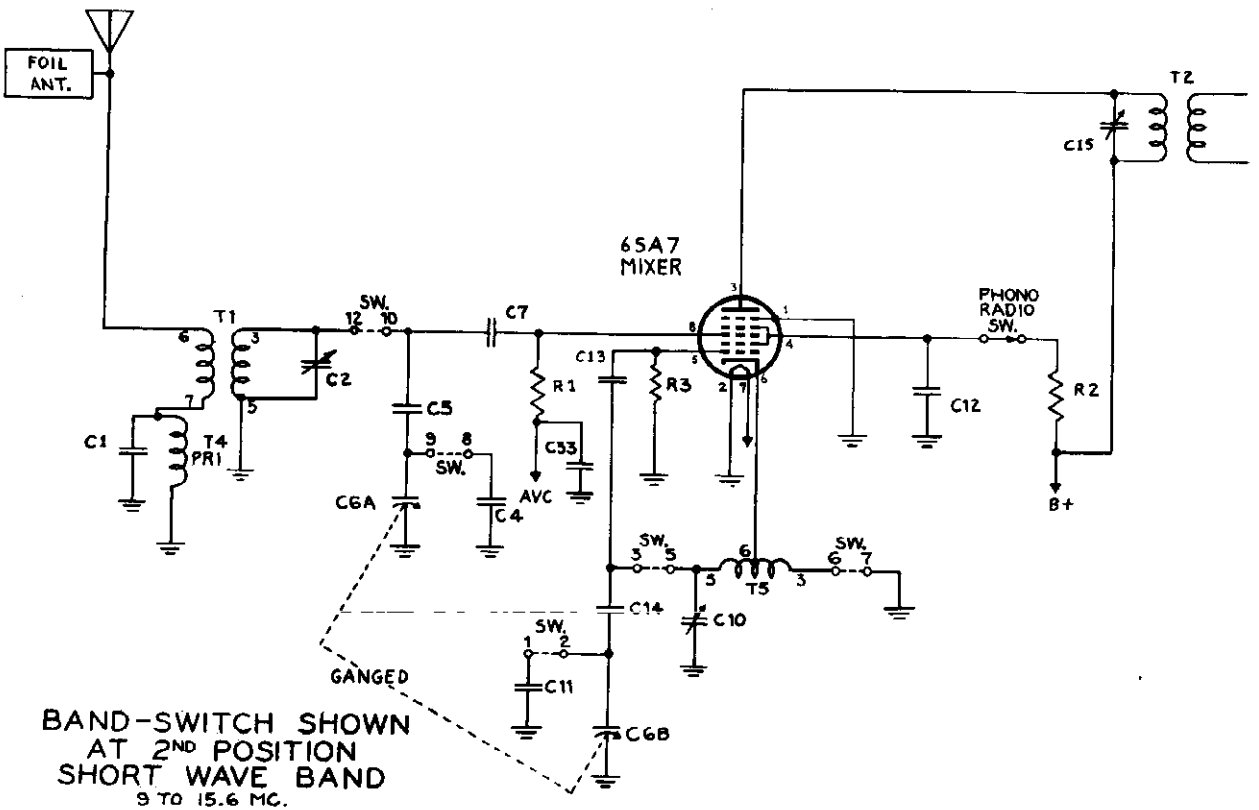
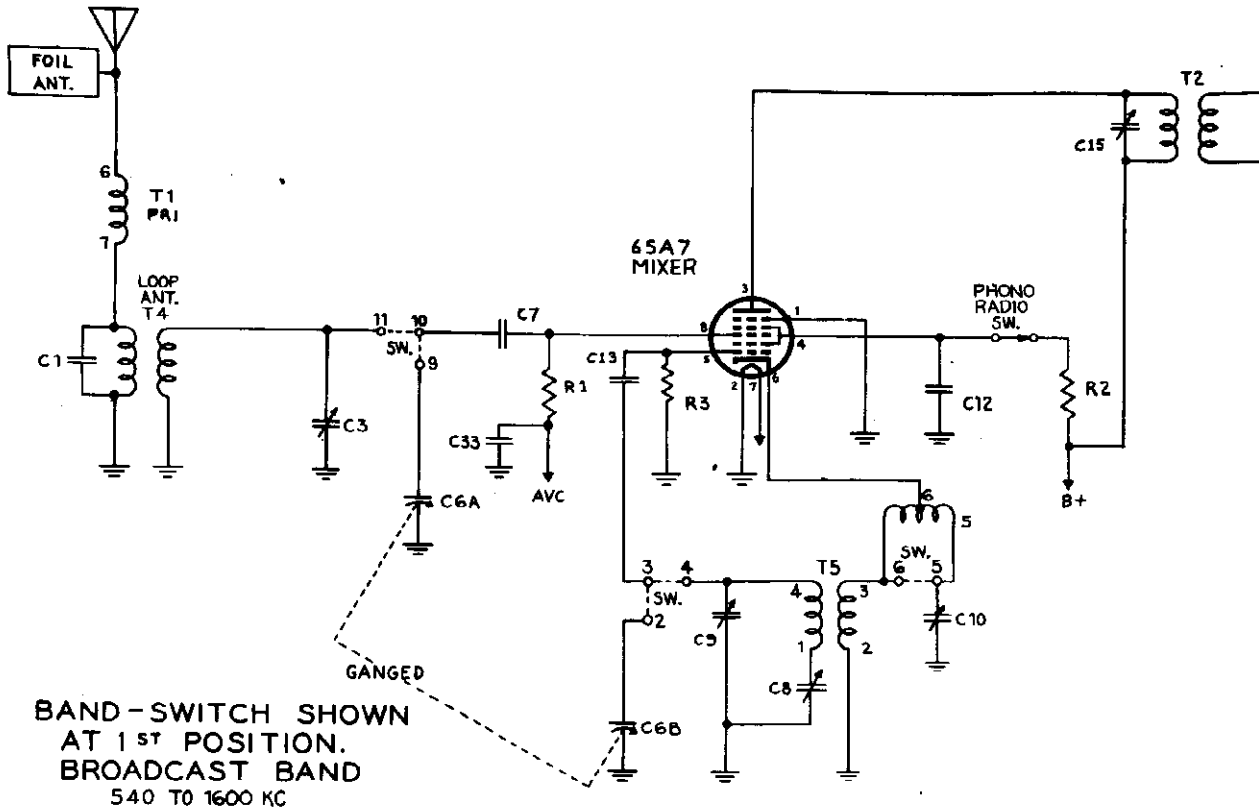
Ref. No.	Part No.	Description	Qty. Used in Set
TRANSFORMERS AND COILS			
T-1	9A1804	"B" Range loop antenna (wood mantel).....	1
T-2	9A1805	Oscillator coil assembly.....	1
T-3	9A1775	1st I-F Transformer and can assembly	1
T-4	9A1776	2nd I-F Transformer and can assembly	1
T-5	51X116	Output transformer.....	1
DIAL AND DRIVE ASSEMBLY			
	24X446	Idler pulley.....	2
	25X1382	Idler bracket.....	1
	6X21	Rubber grommets	3
	57X176	Mounting plate	
	20X329	Cond. cushion stud	3
	58X594	Dial (for wood mantel).....	1
	25X1461	Dial bracket (for dial 58X594).....	1
	25X1384	Pointer bracket.....	1
	15X217	Pointer.....	1
	25X1398	Pilot light bracket.....	1
	7A192	Pilot light socket assembly.....	1
		Pilot light No. 47.....	1
		3 ft. drive cord (18 lb. test).....	1
	28X44	Drive cord tension spring.....	1
	26X464	Drive shaft (tuning).....	1
	19X192	"C" washer for above drive shaft....	2
	41X69	Dial light diffuser.....	1
	25X1385	Holder, light diffuser.....	1
	4X884	Escutcheon (wood mantel only).....	1
	25X1460	Escutcheon mounting bracket.....	2
MISCELLANEOUS			
	12A431	4" x 6" speaker with mounting bracket	1
		Cone and voice coil assembly for the above speaker (specify part number and letters stamped on above speaker).....	1
	3A303	Tube socket—octal (8 prong) molded	5
	3A421	Tube socket—octal (8 prong) with shield.....	1
	10A297	Knob (walnut) on-off switch, volume control and tuning.....	2
	28X292	Snap button (mounting loop to cabinet)	2
		6 x 1/4" slotted hex head P-K type "Z" screw (mounting loop to chassis)...	2
	13X328	Line cord and plug assembly.....	1

MONTGOMERY WARD



MODEL 64WG-1807A

MONTGOMERY WARD

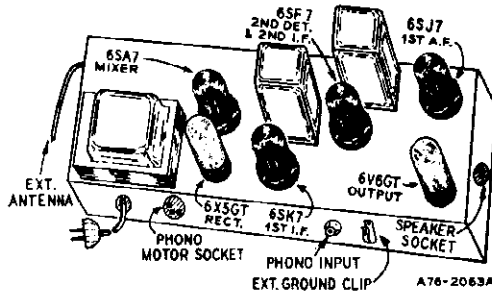


MONTGOMERY WARD

MODEL 64WG-1807A

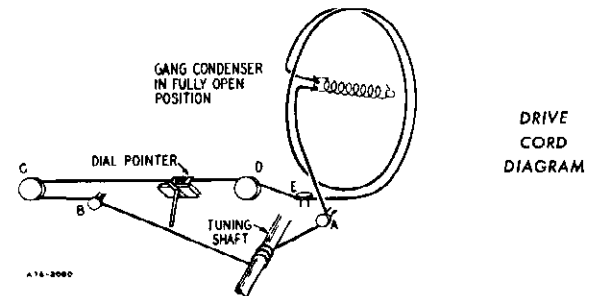
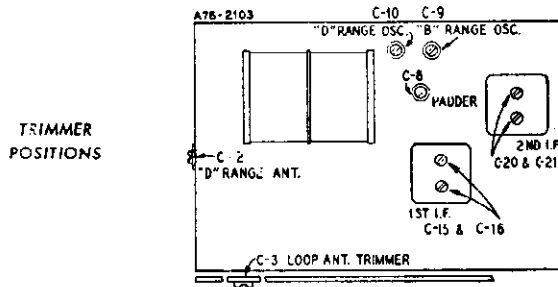
Selectivity.....40 KC broad at 1000 times signal,
1000 KC
Sensitivity.....(for .5 watt output) with external
antenna
B range—9 microvolts average
D range—20 microvolts average

Power Output.....4 watts maximum
2.3 watts, 10% distortion



DRIVE CORD REPLACEMENT

Turn the gang condenser to the fully open position. Use a new drive cord 46" long and tie one end to the tension spring. Hook the other end of the tension spring to the tab on the drive pulley. Pass the cord through the slot in the drive pulley rim and continue one half turn counterclockwise around the drive pulley. Then pass the cord around idler stud A and wind three turns clockwise around the tuning shaft (turns must progress away from chassis). Pass cord over idler stud B, around pulleys C and D and around idler stud E. Wrap cord counterclockwise around drive pulley, stretch the tension spring and tie free end of the cord to spring. Cut off any excess string.



ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

Volume Control—Maximum All Adjustments.
Connect Radio Chassis to Ground Post of Signal Generator with a Short Heavy Lead.
Allow Chassis and Signal Generator to "Heat Up" for several minutes.

The following equipment is required for aligning:
An All Wave Signal Generator which will provide an accurately calibrated signal at the test frequencies as listed.
Output Indicating Meter; Non-Metallic Screwdriver.
Dummy Antennas—.1 mf., 100 mmf., and 400 ohms.

	SIGNAL GENERATOR		Dummy Antenna	Band Switch Setting	CONDENSER SETTING	ADJUST TRIMMERS TO MAXIMUM
	Frequency Setting	Connection at Radio				
I-F	455 kc	6SA7, Pin 8	.1 mf	B Range	Turn Rotor to Full Open	2nd I-F (C-20) & (C-21) 1st I-F (C-15) & (C-16)
RANGE B	1620 kc	Antenna Lead	100 mmf	B Range	Turn Rotor to Full Open	Oscillator Range B (C-9)
	1400 kc	Antenna Lead	100 mmf	B Range	Tune Rotor to Max. Output Set Indicator to 1400 KC See Note A	Antenna Range B (C-3)
	600 kc	Antenna Lead	100 mmf	B Range	Tune Rotor to Max. Output	600 kc (C-8) Rock Rotor—See Note B
Repeat above oscillator adjustments at 1620 and 600 KC until readjusting the oscillator Range B Trimmer (C-9) causes no further improvement in output.						
RANGE D	15.6 mc	Antenna Lead	400 Ohm	D Range	Turn Rotor to Full Open	Oscillator Range D (C-10)
	14 mc	Antenna Lead	400 Ohm	D Range	Tune Rotor to Max. Output	Antenna Range D (C-2) Rock Rotor—See Note B
LOOP RANGE B	Reassemble chassis in cabinet. 1400 kc	Antenna Lead	100 mmf	B Range	Tune Rotor to Max. Output	Antenna Range B (C-3)

After each range is completed, repeat the procedure as a final check.

NOTE A—If the pointer is not at 1400 KC on the dial, re-set

pointer at the 1400 KC mark on the dial scale.

NOTE B—Turn the rotor back and forth and adjust the trimmer until the peak of greatest intensity is obtained.

MODEL 64WG-1607A
MODEL 64WG-2009A

MONTGOMERY WARD

MODEL 64 WG-2009A RECEIVER STAGE SENSITIVITIES

The table below lists the sensitivity of the input of each stage. The receiver should be tested to 1000 KC for all readings. All measurements are based on an output of 50 millivolts. This may be measured by disconnecting the speaker voice coil and substituting a 32 ohm 2 watt resistor across the secondary winding of the output transformer. A reading of 4 volts AC across this resistor will be equivalent to a 50 millivolt output.

Frequency	Coupling Capacitor	Connection to Receiver	Ground Connection	INPUT FOR 50 MILLIVOLT OUTPUT
1000 kc	200 mf or RMA Dummy Antenna	External antenna lead (white)	Chassis	15 microvolts
1000 kc	.05 mf	65A7 Mixer, Pin 8	Same as above	42 microvolts
455 kc	.05 mf	65A7 Mixer, Pin 8	Same as above	40 microvolts
455 kc	.05 mf	68K7 1st I.F., Pin 4	Same as above	1075 microvolts
400 cycles	.05 mf	68F7 2nd I.F., Pin 2	Same as above	3900 microvolts
400 cycles	.05 mf	65J7 1st A.F., Pin 4	Same as above	.08 volts
400 cycles	.05 mf	68G7 Output, Pin 5	Same as above	3.75 volts

MODEL 64 WG-1607A RECEIVER STAGE SENSITIVITIES

The table below lists the sensitivity of the input of each stage. The receiver should be tested to 1000 KC for all readings. All measurements are based on an output of 50 millivolts. This may be measured by disconnecting the speaker voice coil and substituting a 32 ohm 2 watt resistor across the secondary winding of the output transformer. A reading of 4 volts AC across this resistor will be equivalent to a 50 millivolt output.

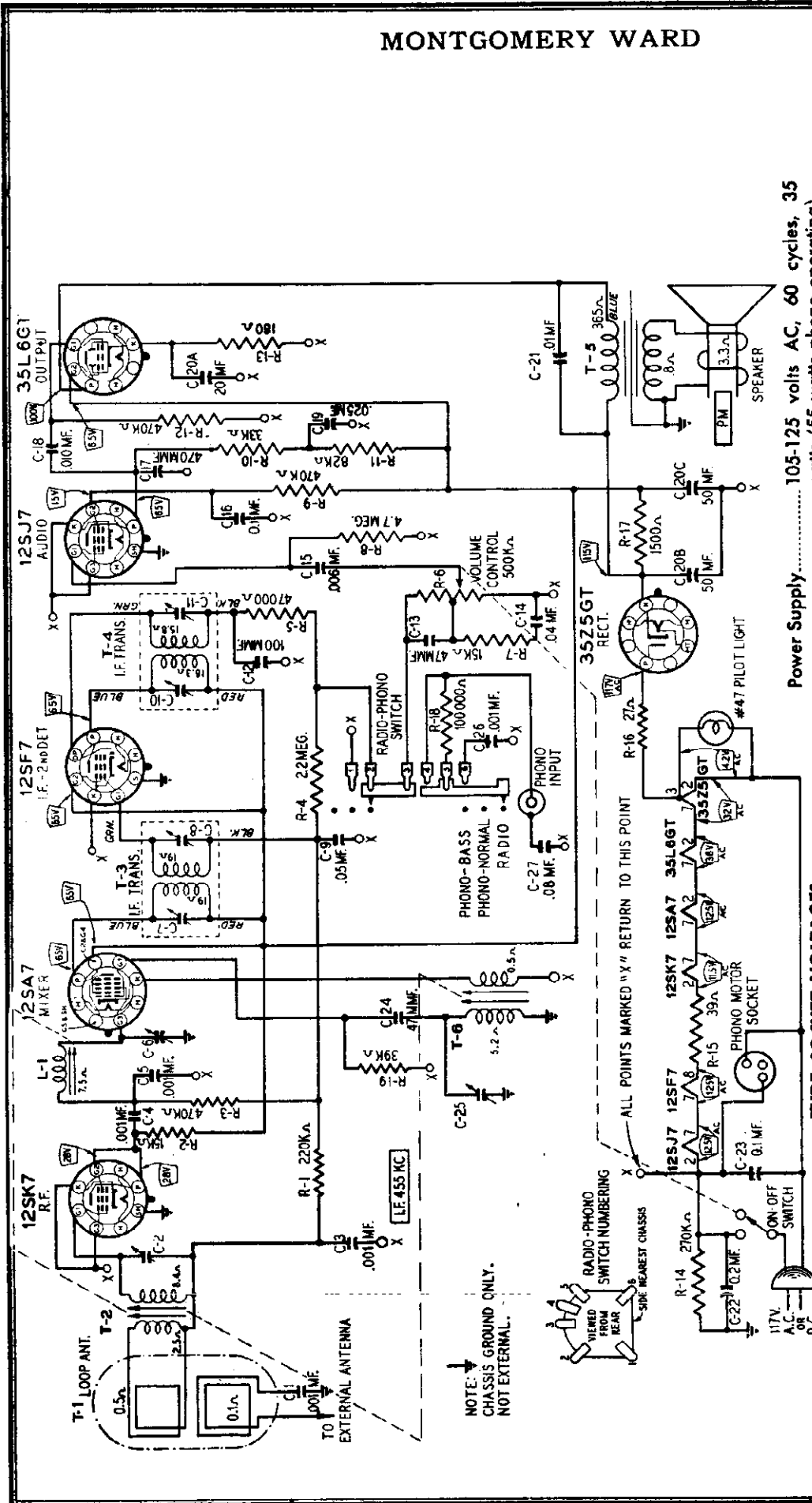
Frequency	Coupling Capacitor	Connection to Receiver	Ground Connection	INPUT FOR 50 MILLIVOLT OUTPUT
1000 kc	200 mf or RMA Dummy Antenna	External antenna lead (white)	Chassis	9 microvolts
1000 kc	.05 mf	65A7 Mixer, Pin 8	Same as above	42 microvolts
455 kc	.05 mf	65A7 Mixer, Pin 8	Same as above	40 microvolts
455 kc	.05 mf	68K7 1st I.F., Pin 4	Same as above	1075 microvolts
400 cycles	.05 mf	68F7 2nd I.F., Pin 2	Same as above	3900 microvolts
400 cycles	.05 mf	65J7 1st A.F., Pin 4	Same as above	.08 volts
400 cycles	.05 mf	68G7 Output, Pin 5	Same as above	3.75 volts

REPLACEMENT PARTS LIST

Use only genuine factory tested parts to insure receiver jobs you can depend on and to obtain original set performance.

Part No.	Description	Qty. Used In Set
CAPACITORS		
C1	500 mf 400 V Tubular	1
C2	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C3	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C4	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C5	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C6	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C7	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C8	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C9	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C10	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C11	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C12	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C13	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C14	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C15	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C16	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C17	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C18	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C19	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C20	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C21	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C22	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C23	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C24	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C25	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C26	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C27	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C28	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C29	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C30	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C31	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C32	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C33	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C34	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C35	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C36	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C37	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C38	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C39	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C40	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C41	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C42	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C43	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C44	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C45	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C46	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C47	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C48	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C49	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C50	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C51	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C52	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C53	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C54	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C55	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C56	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C57	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C58	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C59	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C60	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C61	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C62	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C63	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C64	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C65	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C66	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C67	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C68	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C69	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C70	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C71	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C72	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C73	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C74	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C75	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C76	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C77	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C78	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C79	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C80	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C81	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C82	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C83	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C84	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C85	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C86	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C87	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C88	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C89	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C90	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C91	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C92	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C93	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C94	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C95	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C96	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C97	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C98	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C99	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C100	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C101	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C102	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C103	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C104	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C105	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C106	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C107	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C108	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C109	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C110	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C111	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C112	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C113	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C114	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C115	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
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C117	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
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C119	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C120	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
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C124	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
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C131	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C132	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C133	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C134	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C135	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
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C137	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C138	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C139	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C140	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C141	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C142	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C143	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C144	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C145	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C146	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C147	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C148	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C149	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C150	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C151	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C152	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C153	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C154	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C155	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C156	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C157	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C158	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C159	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C160	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C161	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
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C163	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C164	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C165	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
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C169	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
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C185	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
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C189	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C190	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C191	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
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C193	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
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C207	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C208	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C209	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C210	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C211	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C212	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C213	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C214	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C215	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
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C217	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C218	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C219	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
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C221	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
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C223	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C224	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
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C226	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C227	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C228	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C229	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C230	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C231	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C232	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
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C255	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C256	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
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C259	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C260	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C261	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C262	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C263	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C264	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C265	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C266	470 mf 470 V Tubular	1
C2		

MONTGOMERY WARD



TUBE SOCKET VOLTAGES

Socket voltages are shown on the schematic diagram at the tube socket terminals. All voltages except those for the heater and dial lamp are between the socket terminal and "X" point.

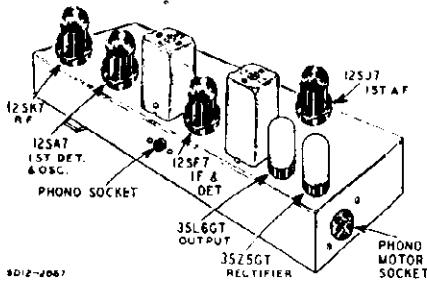
The readings were taken with a 1000 ohm-per-volt meter and all plate and screen voltages read on a 500 volt scale.

Conditions of measurement are:

Power Supply.....	105-125 volts AC, 60 cycles, 35 watts (55 watts phono operating)
Frequency Range.....	540-1600 KC
Intermediate Frequency.....	455 KC
Selectivity.....	At 1000 KC, 50 KC wide at 1000 times signal
Sensitivity.....	(for .05 watt output with external antenna) 15 microvolts average
Power Output.....	1.3 watts maximum
Loud Speaker.....	.75 watt 10% distortion
	4"x6" PM dynamic

MODEL 64WG-2009A

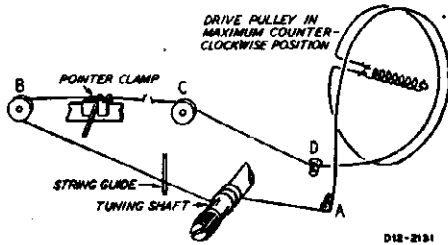
MONTGOMERY WARD



DRIVE CORD REPLACEMENT

The illustration below shows the method of stringing the drive cord. Use a new drive cord 40" long and tie one end to the tension spring. Hook the other end of the tension spring over the tab on the drive pulley. Pass the cord through the slot in the pulley rim and continue counter-clockwise around the pulley as shown. Three turns must be wound around the tuning shaft in a clockwise direction with the turns progressing away from the chassis. (On sets with a black vinylite sleeve on the tuning shaft, wind only two turns around the shaft).

Attach the dial pointer to the cord and position, as instructed in paragraph DIAL CALIBRATION.



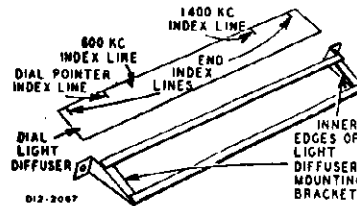
DIAL CALIBRATION

In order to align the receiver, the dial pointer must be positioned on the dial string correctly with reference to the dial. Index lines are provided on the dial light diffuser for this purpose.

Before aligning the receiver (or when replacing the dial light diffuser) check the position of the diffuser strip, making certain that the two end index lines are aligned with the inner edges of the diffuser mounting bracket opening. The bracket should be crimped to prevent movement of

the diffuser strip. To position the dial pointer, adjust the radio to the "stop" position at the low frequency end of the dial. The dial pointer should be directly over the dial pointer index line. (See illustration.) If not, move the pointer along the drive cord until it is directly over the index line.

The 1400 KC index line is for use when aligning the receiver.



TUNING ASSEMBLY SERVICE

Exact requirements in the tuning assembly make it impractical to replace the drive cord, coils and components in this assembly other than the trimmer condensers. Should the drive cord break, or components other than the trimmer condensers require service, the entire assembly must be ordered and replaced as a unit.

50 CYCLE OPERATION

If it is desired to use the radio and record player on a 50 cycle power supply, it will be necessary to install a new bushing on the motor shaft and to wire a 70 ohm, 20 watt resistor in series with the motor and the AC supply.

To install the new bushing, align the upper part of the center spindle with the lower part of the spindle and turn the record shelf to the 12" position. Lift the turntable off the record changer. On record players having a turned metal bushing fastened on with a set screw, loosen the set screw holding the old bushing to the motor shaft, remove the old pulley and install the new bushing No. G-25-72438. On record players having a spring bushing on the motor shaft, remove the old spring bushing and install a new spring bushing No. G-33-72435.

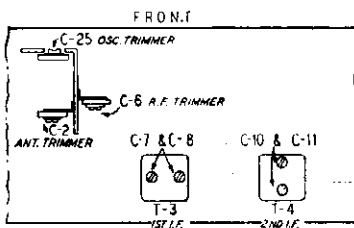
On record players having no bushing on the motor shaft, install a spring bushing No. G-33-72436.

When replacing the turntable on the record player, make certain that the turntable rim is placed over both of the rubber drive pulleys.

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

Check dial pointer position, see Dial Calibration paragraph.
Volume Control—Maximum All Adjustments.
Allow Chassis and Signal Generator to "Heat Up" for several Minutes.
The equipment in column at right is required for aligning:

Signal Generator which will provide an accurately calibrated signal at the test frequencies as listed.
Output Indicating Meter; Non-Metallic Screwdriver.
Dummy Antennas—.1 mf., 50 mmf.

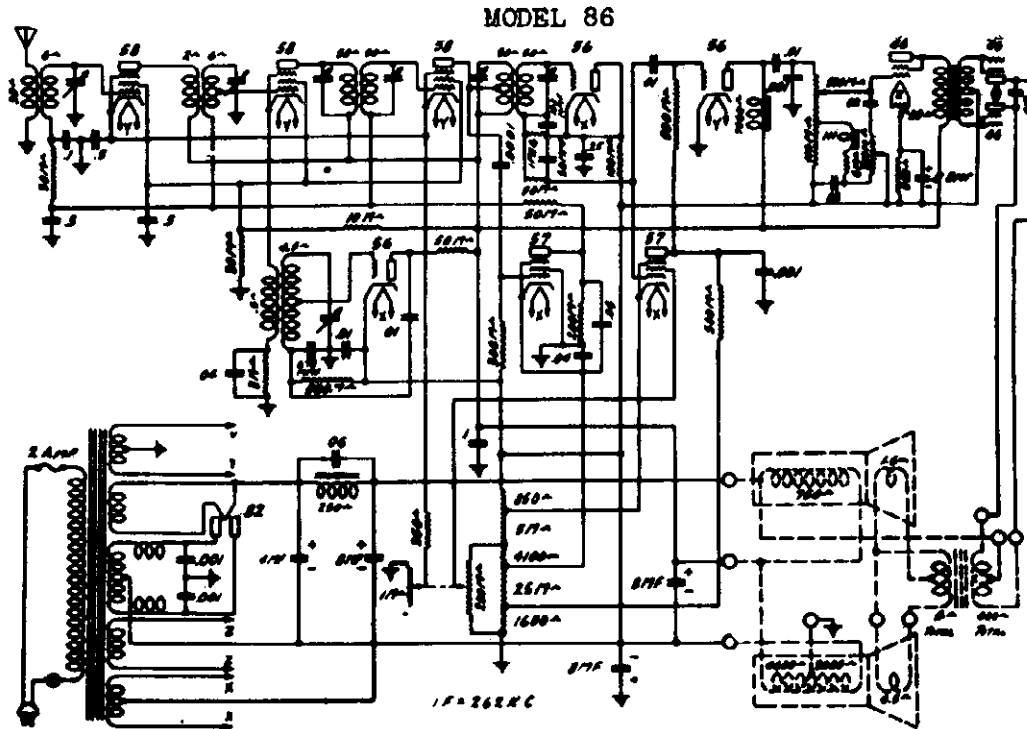


NOTE A:—Index line is on dial light diffuser strip. See DIAL CALIBRATION paragraph.

SIGNAL GENERATOR			Coupling Capacitor	DIAL SETTING	ADJUST TRIMMERS TO MAXIMUM OUTPUT IN ORDER SHOWN (See Trimmer Illustration)
Frequency Setting	Connection to Receiver	Ground Connection			
455 kc	Control Grid 12SF7—1-F (Prong No. 2)	Point "X" 12SK7—R-F (Prong No. 3)	.1 mf	1600 KC	2nd I-F (C10) & (C11)
455 kc	Control Grid 12SA7—1st Det. (Prong No. 8)	Same as above	.1 mf	1600 KC	1st I-F (C7) & (C8)
1400 kc	Control Grid 12SA7—1st Det. (Prong No. 8)	Same as above	.1 mf	1400 kc Index Line. See Note A	Oscillator (C25)
1400 kc	External Antenna Clip on Loop	Chassis	50 mmf	1400 kc Index Line. See Note A	R-F (C-6) Antenna (C2)

MONTGOMERY WARD

MODELS 86, 3035, 3037
3065, 3067



MODELS 3035, 3037, 3065, 3067

R.F. Coils

Four coils are used in the chassis, and although they appear to be the same, there are three types and they cannot be interchanged.

To remove any one of the coils, remove the condenser shield, unsolder the wire leading from the condenser statator to the coil lug, remove the bottom plate of the chassis and bend out the three clips which hold the coil shield. Unsolder the leads to the coil and bend the clips holding the coil so that it may be removed. Handle any radio frequency coils carefully so the inside primary coil is not

bent out of position. If this happens the receiver will oscillate. You will notice a white wire wound one-quarter turn around the grid end of the secondary having one end soldered to the plate side of the primary. This wire acts as an R.F. coupling condenser and is shown in the schematic diagram Fig. 1 as a condenser. Unless the chassis is damaged it is very rarely that an R.F. coil has to be replaced.

Part No.	Part Name	Selling Price	Your Cost	Part No.	Part Name	Selling Price	Your Cost
115	Pilot light bulb	\$ 0.25	\$ 0.02	1358	.04 mfd. condenser	.40	.10
1228	Knobs	.25	.07	861	Attachment cord	.60	.13
1227	Knobs	.25	.07	1816	Chassis harness	1.00	.27
1284	Bottom plate	1.00	.24	1817	R.F. harness	.20	.05
1838	Filter shield assembly	.35	.08	675	.1 condenser	.75	.14
1839	R.F. shield assembly	.90	.22	1612	.006 condenser	.40	.09
2027	Insulator	.05	.01	123	.001 mfd. condenser	.35	.08
701	Tube socket—280	.25	.06	175A	15,000-ohm resistor, green and white	.50	.09
703	Tube socket—227	.25	.06	1348	100,000-ohm resistor, red and white	.50	.09
685	Tube socket—245	.25	.06	1349	500,000-ohm resistor, blue and white	.50	.09
963	Tube socket—224	.25	.06	929	50,000-ohm resistor, white	.50	.09
1786	Speaker socket	.30	.07	1751	200,000-ohm resistor, red and green	.50	.09
964A	Bypass condensers	1.68	.43	1814	R.F. shield can, 2nd-3rd	.20	.05
1752	Shunt resistor	1.35	.34	725	R.F. shield can, 1st-4th	.20	.05
1257	Bypass condenser	2.00	.50	1882	Grid cap assembly	.05	.01
1753	250-ohm resistor, Candohm	.25	.07	562	Volume control washer	.05	.01
1754	50-ohm resistor, Candohm	.15	.04	563	Volume control insulating disc	.05	.01
1836	Pilot light bracket	.20	.05	564	Toggle switch hex nut	.05	.01
1314	Dial drum assembly, less chart	.35	.08	565	Volume control hex nut	.05	.01
1818	Dial chart	.20	.05	566	Volume control insulating bushing	.05	.01
982A	Tube shield—227	.20	.04	567	Toggle switch washer	.05	.01
951A	Tube shield—224	.20	.04	568	Toggle switch knurl nut	.05	.01
1571	Tone control rheostat	1.75	.42	726	Sheet metal screw	.05	.01
983	Ant. grid binding post	.50	.13	1762	Dynamic speaker	25.00	6.34
1810	Condenser assembly	15.00	3.25	1709	Esutcheon—Airline	.50	.10
1313	Drive drum assembly	.35	.08	1873	Esutcheon—Tone Control	.20	.05
1741	Drive shaft assembly	.25	.06				
1372	Push pull transf. assembly	3.30	.82				
1306	Filter choke assembly	2.30	.57				
1312	Insulated terminal assembly	.10	.01				
1809	Filter condenser assembly	10.00	2.37				
1749	Electrolytic condenser	2.75	.68				
1748	Power transformer	12.00	2.94				
1812	R.F. transformer assembly, 2nd and 3rd	1.25	.29				
1813	Ant. transformer assembly, 1st	1.25	.27				
1886	R.F. transformer assembly, 4th	1.25	.29				
1815	Volume control and switch assembly	1.75	.43				
1755	Volume control	1.25	.28				
1775	Toggle switch	.60	.15				
1371	R.F. plate choke assembly	.30	.07				

NOTE—The part numbers in the list above should be used when ordering 25-cycle parts with the exception of the power transformer and choke condenser. Part 1-1772 and 1-1375 shown below should be substituted.

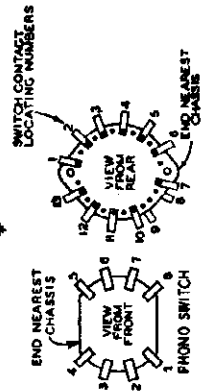
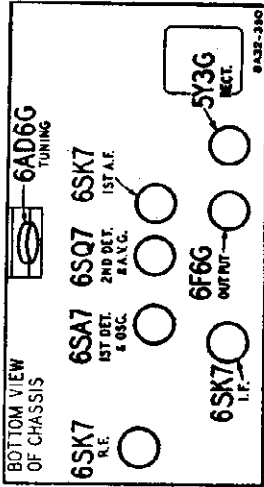
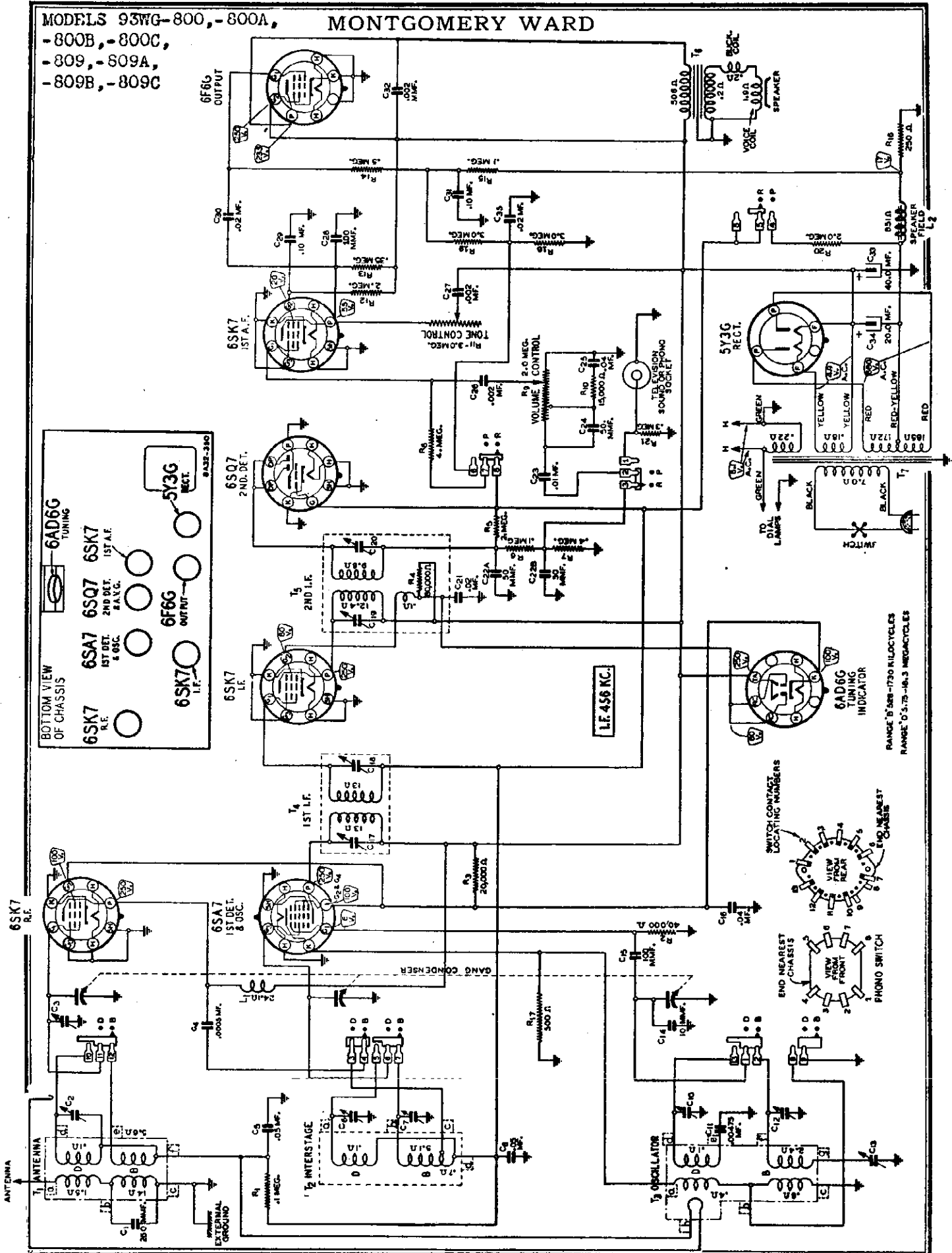
25-Cycle

Part No.	Part Name	Selling Price	Your Cost
1-1772	Power transformer, 110-volt, 25-cycle	\$15.00	\$ 3.94
1-1375	.45 condenser	.80	.20

Prices subject to change without notice.

MODELS 93WG-800,-800A, MONTGOMERY WARD

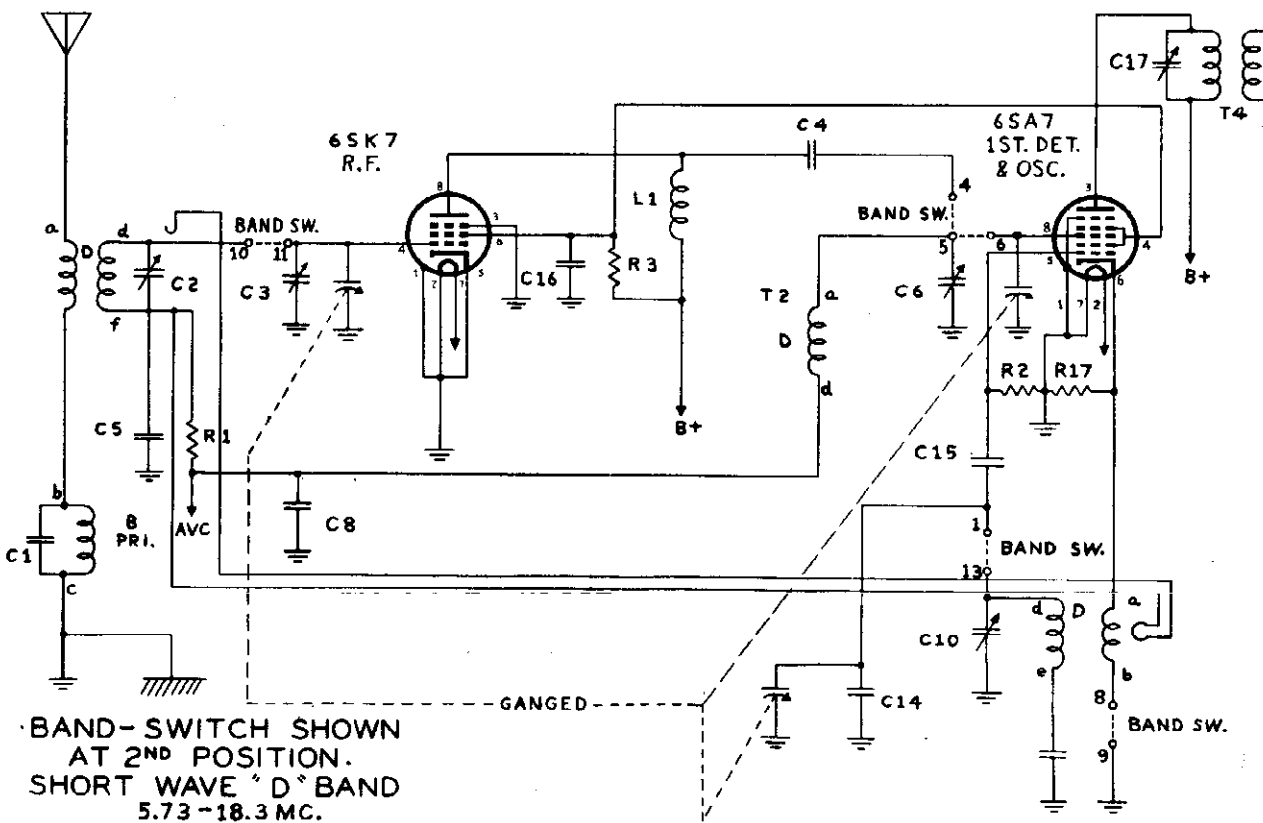
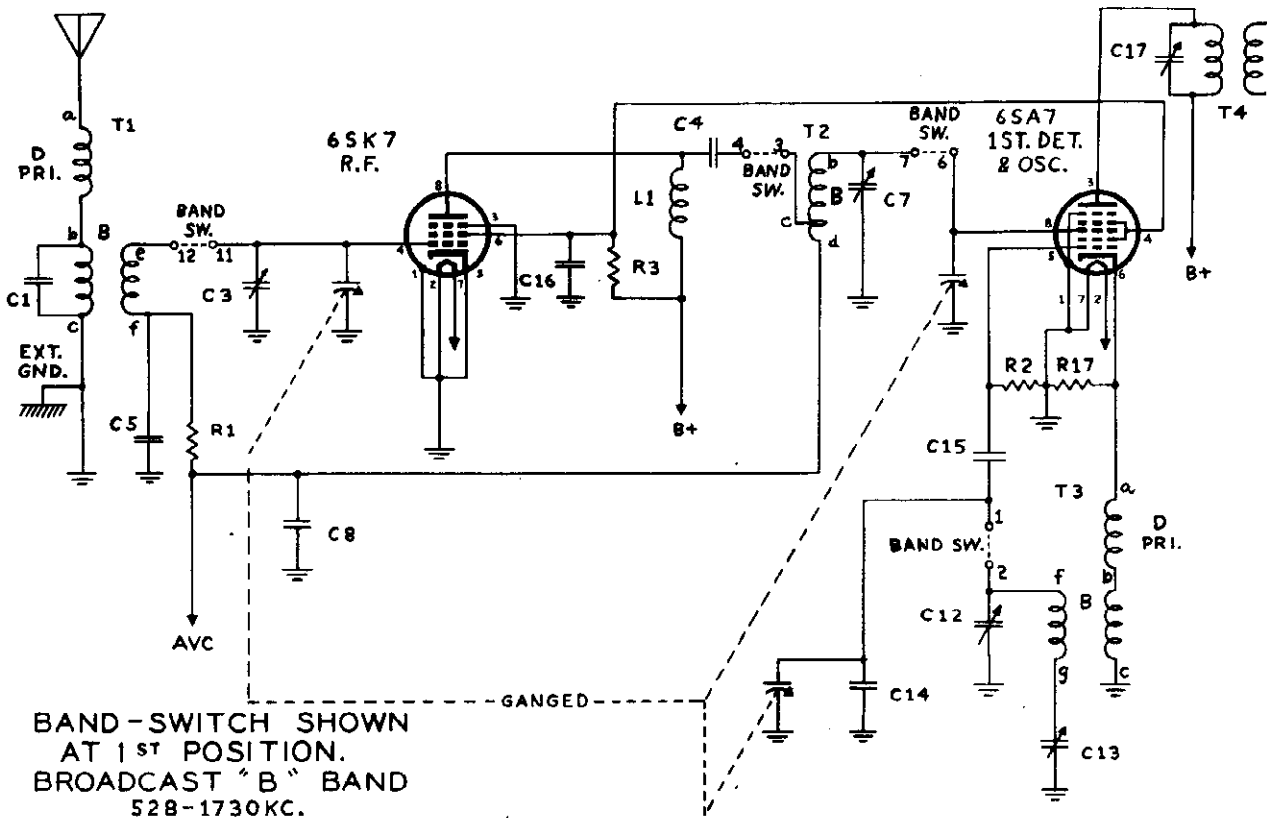
-800B,-800C,
-809,-809A,
-809B,-809C



RANGE 550-1730 KILOCYCLES
RANGE 0.3-75-14.3 MEGACYCLES

MONTGOMERY WARD

MODELS 93WG-800,-800A
-800B,-800C,-809,
-809A,-809B,-809C



MODELS 93WG-600, -800A,
-800B, -800C, -809, -809A,
-809B, -809C

MONTGOMERY WARD

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

Volume Control—Maximum All Adjustments. The following equipment is required for aligning:
Connect Radio Chassis to Ground Post of Signal Generator with a Short Heavy Lead. An All Wave Signal Generator which will provide an accurately calibrated signal at the test frequencies as listed.
Allow Chassis and Signal Generator to "Heat Up" for several minutes. Output Indicating Meter—Non-Metallic Screwdriver. Dummy Antennas—.1 mf., 200 mmf., and 400 ohms.

SIGNAL GENERATOR FREQUENCY SETTING	CONNECTION AT RADIO	DUMMY ANTENNA	BAND SWITCH SETTING	CONDENSER SETTING	ADJUST TRIMMERS TO MAXIMUM
I. F. 456 KC	Grid of 1st Def.	.1 mf.	B Range	Turn Rotor to Full Open	1st I.F. (C17) & (C18) 2nd I.F. (C19) & (C20)
RANGE B 1730 KC	Antenna Lead	200 mmf.	B Range	Turn Rotor to Full Open	Oscillator Range B (C12)
1500 KC	Antenna Lead	200 mmf.	B Range	Turn Rotor to Max. Output Set Indicator to 1500 KC— See Note A	Ant. Range B (C3) Int. Range B (C7)
600 KC	Antenna Lead	200 mmf.	B Range	Turn Rotor to Max. Output	600 KC (C13) Roct. Rotor—See Note B
RANGE D 18,300 KC	Antenna Lead	400 Ohm	D Range	Turn Rotor to Full Open	Oscillator Range D (C10)
18,300 KC	Antenna Lead	400 Ohm	D Range	Keep Rotor at Full Open Position	Ant. Range D (C2) Int. Range D (C6) Roct. Rotor—See Note B

Attenuate the signal from the signal generator to prevent the leveling-off action of the AVC.

After each range is completed, repeat the procedure as a final check.

NOTE A—If the indicator is not at 1500 KC, it will be necessary to re-calibrate. Loosen the set screw on the dial hub near the volume control drum. Hold the tuning control drum stationary and at the same time turn the dial drum the necessary amount in the required direction. Retighten the set screw.

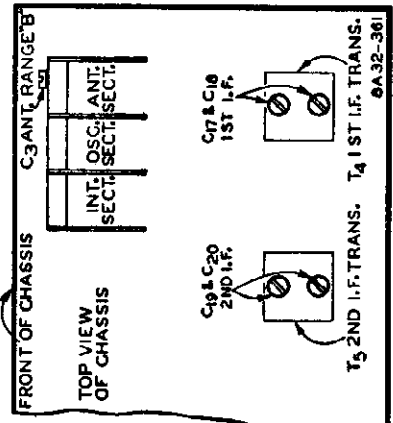
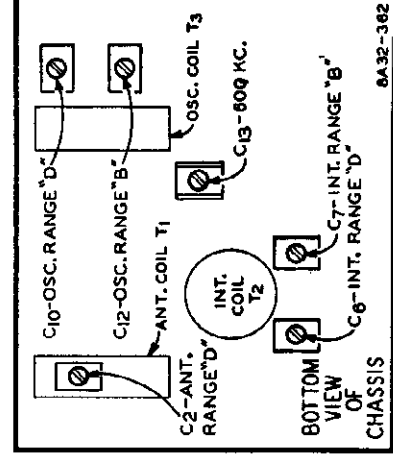
Tubes

The type and position of each tube are shown in the illustration.

To replace the tuning eye tube, **BE SURE THE RADIO IS TURNED OFF.** Pull out the escutcheon cap which partially covers this tube. First loosen the tuning eye tube in its socket by moving it up and down and from one side to the other. At the back of the cabinet will be seen a "U" shaped tube puller attached to a cord. Place the open ends of the tube puller over the tuning eye tube and push the puller in as far as it will go. Compress the puller until the hooked end grips under the base of the tube and then pull the tube out.

Power Supply

CAUTION— Unless otherwise marked, this radio must be operated on a 117 volt, 60-cycle AC supply only. Do not insert the plug of the power cord in the receptacle unless all tubes and the speaker plug are in their proper sockets. The power rating of this radio is shown on the tube arrangement label. Receivers of this model which are to be used on 25 cycle, 230 volt, or other service are so marked on this label. If there is any doubt regarding the voltage and frequency of the power supply, consult the local power company before inserting the plug.



MONTGOMERY WARD

Procedure for Setting the Station Buttons

MODELS 93WG-800,-800A,
-800B,-800C,-809,
-809A,-809B
-809C

Selecting the Stations to be Set

There are 6 buttons on the automatic tuning dial by means of which 6 stations may be set for quick tuning.

Make a list of your favorite stations, those which you tune in regularly. There may be any number up to and including 6 in this list.

It is better to list the station with the lowest kilocycle number first, the station with the next higher kilocycle number next, and so on.

Any button may be used for any station you can receive, although it will be more convenient to set the stations so that the kilocycle numbers increase from left to right.

Setting a Station Button

Turn the manual tuning control so that the dial moves toward 1700 KC until the stop is reached.

At the right side of the escutcheon (from the front) will be seen a cap which covers a hole in the escutcheon—See illustration. Pull off this cap.

At the end of the tube in back of the hole in the escutcheon is the locking screw. Using a small handle

screwdriver, unlock the mechanism by turning this screw in a counter-clockwise direction several turns.

TO SET STATIONS ACCURATELY, DO NOT JAR THE RADIO OR BUTTONS WHILE THE MECHANISM IS UNLOCKED.

Select the first station from the list you have prepared, and carefully tune in this station by means of the manual tuning control using the tuning eye as a guide.

With one hand, hold the manual tuning control to prevent it from turning and with the other hand, push one of the station buttons shown in the illustration all the way in. It is better to start with button No. 1.

Hold this button all the way in. With the other hand, see whether or not this station is still accurately tuned in by moving the tuning control a slight amount back and forth while observing the tuning eye. Be sure to hold the button all the way in.

Release the button slowly after the station is tuned in.

CAUTION—Do not touch this button again while the mechanism is unlocked as the setting may be altered.

Carefully tune in the second station on your list. Then hold the

tuning control and push the second button slowly and firmly all the way in. Check for accurate tuning.

Proceed in the same manner to set any additional stations on your list on the remaining station buttons.

After all the stations are set, it will be necessary to lock the mechanism so that the settings will not change. Turn the manual tuning control so that the dial moves toward 1700 KC until the stop is reached. Then, with a SMALL HANDLE screwdriver, turn the locking screw in a clockwise direction until it is tight. Tighten the locking screw firmly but not excessively to avoid stripping the threads. Replace the cap over the hole.

Remove the correct station call letter tabs from the sheets supplied by bending the sheet back and forth at the score mark until the tab can be broken off. Press the tab all the way to the bottom of the space provided in the button. Cover the call letter tab with a celluloid tab, pressing this in until it snaps into place.

If at any time you wish to change the setting of a button from one station to another, repeat the above procedure. Changing the setting of one button will not affect the setting of any of the other buttons.

SPECIFICATIONS

Power Consumption 71 Watts (At 117 volts 60 cycles)

Power Output - - - - - 3.0 Watts Undistorted
4.5 Watts Maximum

Selectivity - - 35 KC Broad at 1000 times Signal

Intermediate Frequency - - - - - 456 KC

Speaker - - - - - 8" Electro dynamic

Tuning Frequency Range

B Range..... 528 to 1730 KC
D Range.....5750 to 18300 KC

Sensitivity (For 0.5 watt output)

B Range.....2.0 Microvolts Average
D Range.....4.0 Microvolts Average

Voltages at Sockets

The voltages at sockets are shown on the schematic circuit diagram. Unless otherwise specified, the volt-

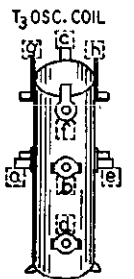
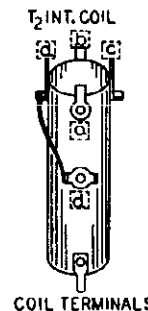
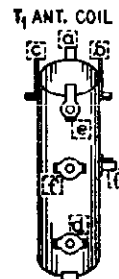
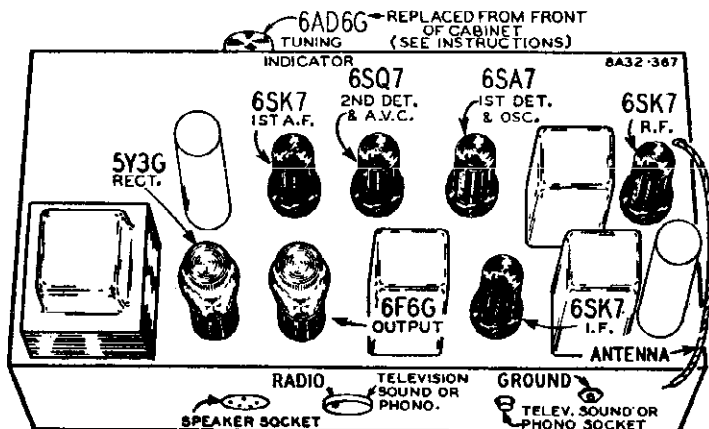
age indicated is between the socket terminal and ground.

These voltages are read under the following conditions:
Line Voltage—117.

Volume Control—Maximum.

Antenna Shorted to Ground.

Readings taken with 1000 ohm-per-volt meter. Plate and screen voltages are read on 500 volt scale.



COIL TERMINALS

8A32-374

MODELS 93WG-800,-800A,
-800B,-800C,-809,-809A; MONTGOMERY WARD
-809B,-809C

Replacement Parts List

MISCELLANEOUS

SOCKETS

Bin No.	Part No.	Description	Selling Price
	3A293	Tube Socket—Octal (8 prong)	\$0.08
	3A294	Speaker Socket (5 prong)	.06
	3A299	Single Pin Tip Socket (Phone Connection)	.04
	3A280	Tube Socket for Tuning Eye—Octal (8 prong—Water Type)	.06

SPEAKER

When ordering parts for speakers, specify part number of speaker and letters preceding part number stamped on the speaker.

12A394	6" Electro Dynamic Speaker	3.60
	Cone and Voice Coil Assembly for above Speaker	1.40
	Field Coil for above Speaker (L2)	1.50
	Output Transformer only (T6)	1.00

KNOBS AND BUTTONS

10A249	Band Switch Knob	.06
10A241	Tone Control Knob	.06
10A233	Station Buttons	Ea. .04
10A220	Phono-Radio Knob	.06

GENERAL

13X80	Line Cord and Plug	.20
4A92	Terminal Strip (3 insulated Lugs—1 Mounting Foot)	.04
4A123	Terminal Strip (5 Lugs—4 Lugs Insulated)	.04
4A84	Terminal Strip (2 insulated Lugs—1 Mounting Foot)	.04
4A84	Terminal Strip (1 insulated Lug—1 Mounting Foot)	.04
2X289	Felt Washers (Used behind Knobs)	Doz. .04
8X23	Rubber Cushions (Mounted under Chassis)	Ea. .04
8X26	Rubber Cushions (Mounted at rear of Chassis)	Ea. .04
25X655	Mounting Brackets for Rear Rubber Cushions	Ea. .02
2A151	Band Change Switch	.38
2A154	Phono-Radio Switch	.24
28X247	Tube Puller for Tuning Eye Tube	.04

TRANSFORMERS AND COILS

Bin No.	Part No.	Code	Description	Selling Price
	9A1128	T1	Antenna Transformer Assembly	\$0.60
	9A1129	T2	R.F. Interstage Transformer Assembly	.72
	9A1130	T3	Oscillator Coil Assembly	.58
	9A1131	T4	1st I.F. Transformer and Can Assembly	.64
	9A1132	T5	2nd I.F. Transformer and Can Assembly	.68
		T6	Output Transformer (See "Speaker")	
	53X201	T7	117 Volt, 60 Cycle, Standard Power Transformer	1.88
	53X202	T7	117 Volt, 25 Cycle, Standard Power Transformer	3.24
	53X203	T7	117-234 Volt, 40-60 Cycle, Universal Power Transformer	2.68
	9A1115	L1	R.F. Plate Reactor	1.18
		L2	Field Coil (See "Speaker")	

CONDENSERS

TUBULAR

Bin No.	Part No.	Code	Capacitance	Voltage	Selling Price
	46X282	C4	.0005 mf.	360	\$0.06
11106	46X253	C5,C8	.05 mf.	180	.06
	46X289	C11	.00475 mf.	Polystyrene Type—5% Tolerance	.14
10943	46X269	C16	.04 mf.	360	.06
	46X260	C21,C30	.02 mf.	360	.06
11254	46X249	C23	.01 mf.	180	.06
11539	46X250	C25	.04 mf.	180	.06
	46X248	C26	.002 mf.	180	.06
10934	46X268	C27,C32	.802 mf.	600	.06
	46X261	C29	.10 mf.	360	.08
10927	46X254	C31	.10 mf.	180	.06
	46X267	C35	.02 mf.	180	.06

MOLDED

10928	47X69	C1	250 mmf.	.08
10876	47X57	C15,C28	100 mmf.	.06
10625	47X56	C24	50 mmf.	.06

TRIMMER

17A115	C2	2.5-35 mmf.	Antenna Range D	.08
		Part of Gang	Condenser	
17A113	{ C5	1.4-12 mmf.	Interstage Range D	.12
	{ C7	1.4-12 mmf.	Interstage Range B	
17A113	{ C10	1.4-12 mmf.	Oscillator Range D	.12
	{ C12	1.4-12 mmf.	Oscillator Range B	
17A81	C13	300-600 mmf.	600 KC Padder	.14
17A57	{ C17	50-120 mmf.	1st I.F.	.18
	{ C18	50-120 mmf.		
17A80	{ C19	50-120 mmf.	2nd I.F.	.14
	{ C20	85-185 mmf.		

ELECTROLYTIC

9151	44X40	C33	40 mf.	300 Wet	.46
9150	44X39	C34	20 mf.	390 Wet	.46

MISCELLANEOUS

47X138	C14	13 mmf.	Ceramic	
47X112	{ C22A	50 mmf.	Dual Mica	.06
	{ C22B	50 mmf.		
14A107		3 Section	Gang Condenser	1.62

RESISTORS

CARBON

Bin No.	Part No.	Code	Resistance	Wattage	Selling Price
10968	A85104	R1,R4,R15	100,000 Ohm	0.2	\$0.06
	A85403	R2	40,000 Ohm	0.2	.06
	D94203	R3	20,000 Ohm	2.0	.16
11549	A84803	R4	80,000 Ohm	0.2	.06
11084	A85106	R5	1 Megohm	0.2	.06
11057	A84404	R7	400,000 Ohm	0.2	.08
11130	A85405	R8	4 Megohm	0.2	.06
11094	A84153	R10	15,000 Ohm	0.2	.08
11086	A84206	R12	2 Megohm	0.2	.08
	A84354	R13	350,000 Ohm	0.2	.08
11085	A85504	R14	500,000 Ohm	0.2	.06
	D94251	R16	250 Ohm	2.0	.16
	A85501	R17	500 Ohm	0.2	.06
	A84305	R18,R19	3 Megohm	0.2	.08
	A85206	R20	2 Megohm	0.2	.06
	A85304	R21	300,000 Ohm	0.2	.06

VARIABLE

10430	36X267	R9	2 Megohm	Volume Control	.38
39294	36X266				
9294	40X241	R11	3 Megohm	Tone Control	.26

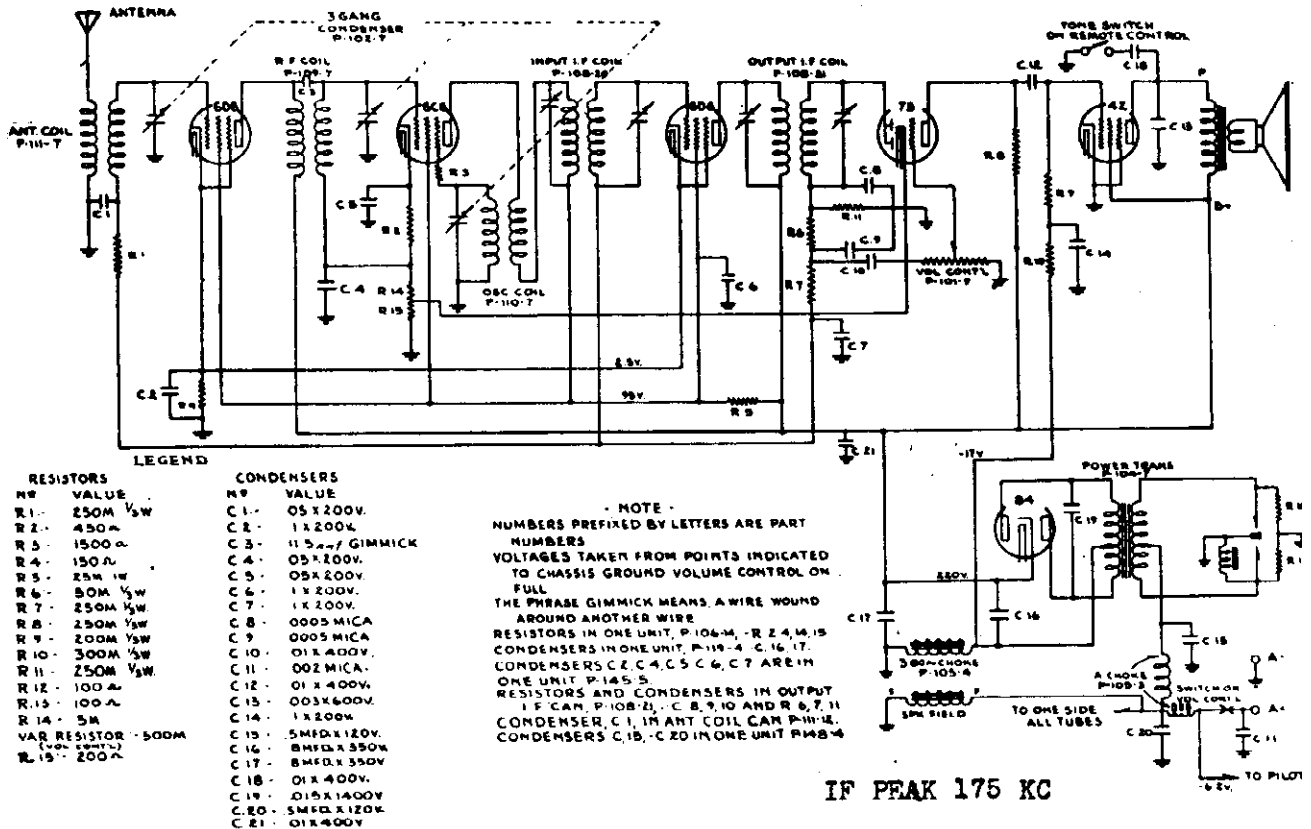
AUTOMATIC TUNING AND DIAL ASSEMBLY

Bin No.	Part No.	Description	Selling Price
	20A63	Automatic Tuning Assembly complete with Drive Gear Hub and Coupling Arm less Gang Condenser, On-Off Switch and Bracket, Locking Screw Guide, and Drive Gear	\$1.74
	24X395	Drive Gear on Tuner	.02
	25X627	Guide for Locking Screw	.04
	2A153	On-Off Switch	.16
	10A248	Extension for On-Off Switch Shaft	.04
	25X650	Mounting Bracket for On-Off Switch	.02
	25X653	Support Bracket for Dial Scale Assembly—Left	.06
	25X654	Support Bracket for Dial Scale Assembly—Right	.06
	37X170	Coupling Arm and Bushing for Gang Condenser	.12
	25X649	Mounting Bracket for Volume Control	.04
	10A247	Tuning Drum or Volume Control Drum	.10
	28X246	Spring Clamp to Hold Tuning Drum and Volume Control Drum to Shaft	Doz. .08
	58X406	Dial Scale Assembly complete with 2 Support Discs and Hub	.60
	26A174	Idler Gear and Mounting Bracket Assembly	.20
	26A172	Dial Scale Shaft and Gear Assembly	.12
	37X168	Link for Coupling Arms	.02
	28X248	Tension Spring for Coupling Arms	Doz. .10
	7A94	Dial Lamp Socket Assembly (2 Sockets with Wire)	.10
	41X34	Celluloid Light Diffuser	.02
		Dial Lamp—No. 51	Ea. .08
		Celluloid Crystal	.40
	4X321	Escutcheon for Dial Scale	.20
	4X327	Escutcheon for Tuning Eye	.20
	4X328	Cap for Tuning Eye	.12
	28X244	Plug Button for Locking Screw opening or On-Off Switch Extension	Ea. .04
	26A166	Call Letter Sheet and Celluloid Tabs	.06
	26A182	Blank Call Letter Sheet (Export) and Celluloid Tabs	.06
	58X393	Celluloid Tabs only	Doz. .06

Use only genuine factory tested parts to insure service jobs you can depend on and to obtain original set performance.

Prices Subject to Change Without Notice.

MONTGOMERY WARD



DIAL ADJUSTMENT:

Mount control head to steering column by means of bracket and strap or under dash by means of bracket or to instrument panel (see illustrations). Attach cables as above. Tune set to some station of a known frequency (between 800 and 1200 K.C.), hold selector knob, then with a screw driver adjust the slotted screw on back of the control head, and in that way adjust the dial pointer to the correct frequency setting.

Part No.	Description	List Price Each
150-24	Selector Shaft—24"	1.50
151-2	Remote Control Head, less flexible shafts, less tone control and pilot assemblies, but with knobs and mounting hardware	4.50
152-1	Antenna cable	.40
152-2	Battery cable	.35
131-5	Black bakelite remote control knobs	.15
146-8	Die Cast Remote Control Mounting Bracket	.30
146-12	Steering Column Strap	.15
168-1	Spark-plug type suppressor	.30
168-2	Distributor plug-type suppressor	.50
168-3	Cable type suppressor	.40
168-4	Special Ford spark-plug suppressor	.35
	Unless otherwise listed, all Carbon Resistors	.20
	Unless otherwise listed, all Single Section Tubular Paper By-Pass Condensers	.25
	Unless otherwise listed, all Dual Section Tubular Paper By-Pass Condensers	.50
	Unless otherwise listed, all Molded Mica Condensers	.25
	All Sockets	.20
167-1	Dynamic Speakers	5.00
	Plate antenna (clamps to frame of car)	2.50

Note: Part No. 145-5 consisting of five separate sections can be replaced with tubular single section condensers at 25c each. It will not be necessary to replace the entire unit should any section thereof fail.

Vibrators can be reconditioned at a cost of \$3.00 each, if the old unit is returned.

Part No.	Description	List Price Each
101-9	Volume Control with Switch	\$1.35
101-12	Tone Control Assembly, complete	.35
102-7	Three Gang Geared Variable Condenser	4.00
104-6	Vibrator Transformer	3.00
105-3	"A" Choke—40T—No. 16E—1/2" Dia.	.10
105-4	380 Ohm Filter Choke	.85
106-6	200 Ohm Center Tapped Resistor	.25
106-14	5800 Ohm Metal Clad Resistor	.50
108-20	Input I. F. Transformer completely assembled in can (175 K. C.)	1.50
108-21	Output I. F. Transformer complete with can, but less resistor and Condenser Assembly (175 K. C.)	1.50
	Resistor and Condenser Assembly for 108-21	1.50
109-7	R. F. Coil	.65
110-7	Osc. Coil & bracket	1.25
111-7	Antenna Coil	1.25
112-43	Volume Control Shaft complete with knob	.30
115-18	Special partition shield	.20
115-22	Tube shield	.15
116-5	6-8 Volt T-50 pilot lamp	.10
116-6	Pilot light assembly, complete, less bulb	.40
119-4	8-8 Mfd. x 350 Volt Electrolytic Filter Condenser	2.50
142-1	Plug-In Vibrator	5.00
145-5	.4 Mfd. By-Pass Block	1.00
146-14	Special bracket including battery antenna, pilot light and tone control cable fittings, but less antenna coil volume control	.50
148-4	Dual 5 Mfd. 120 Volt Condenser	.75
161-1	20 Ampere fuse	.05
147-1	Selector Control Coupling	.10
147-2	Bushing and bracket complete	.20
147-11	Volume control coupling	.10
135-5	3/8x3" carriage bolt	.05
140-3	Container complete with top and bottom	2.50
144-1	.5 Mfd. Generator Condenser	.50
148-3	.5 Mfd. Ammeter Condenser	.50
149-18	Volume Control Shaft—18"	1.25
149-24	Volume Control Shaft—24"	1.50
150-18	Selector Shaft—18"	1.25

Prices subject to change without notice.

MODEL 102

MONTGOMERY WARD

TUBE COMPLEMENT:

- 1—Type 6D6—remote cut-off pentode as an R. F. amplifier.
- 1—Type 6C6—pentode as an oscillator and first detector.
- 1—Type 6D6—remote cut-off pentode as an intermediate frequency amplifier (175 K.C.).
- 1—Type 75 —duplex diode triode second detector automatic volume control and first audio.
- 1—Type 42 —pentode output tube.
- 1—Type 84 —high vacuum full wave rectifier.

SERVICE NOTES:

Model 670 is a six tube superheterodyne receiver with an intermediate frequency of 175 kilocycles and a tuning range of from 530 to 1550 kilocycles.

This receiver has been carefully designed to facilitate servicing, the top and bottom covers are both removable, any part is replaceable without removing the chassis from the cabinet. All adjustments are made without removing the chassis from the cabinet.

Should it ever become necessary or desirable to realign this receiver, the proper method is as follows:

I. F. ALIGNMENT:

1. With variable condenser at its maximum capacity position and with volume control full on, connect in series with a .1 mfd. condenser, an oscillator set at 175 kilocycles to the grid cap of the 6C6 tube.

2. Adjust trimming condensers of both input and output I. F. transformers, parts number 108-20 and 108-21 (see top view of chassis) to resonance with an oscillator, as indicated on an output meter connected across the primary terminals of the speaker input transformer or between the plate and screen terminals of the type 42 output tube. The connection to the tube can be made by means of an adapter. Maximum deflection on the output meter indicates resonance.

Note: Each I. F. transformer has two adjustments, both of these adjustments on both transformers are accessible through holes located in the back of the case between the two mounting plates and directly under the louvers.

R. F. ALIGNMENT:

1. Attach oscillator connected in series with a 200 mmfd. condenser to the antenna lead and with the variable condenser at its minimum capacity position (extreme right of its rotation) and with an oscillator set at 1550 kilocycles, adjust condenser trimmer of oscillator section (Front shaft end) to resonance.

2. Reset oscillator to 1400 kilocycles, rotate variable condenser to pick up signal, adjust antenna (center section) and R. F. (rear section) trimmers to resonance.

3. Check alignment at 1500-1000-800-600-530 kilocycles by setting oscillator to these frequencies and picking up signal by rotating condenser.

4. Bend slotted plates of antenna and R. F. sections only if necessary. **UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES BEND PLATES OF OSCIL-LATOR SECTION.**

NOTES:

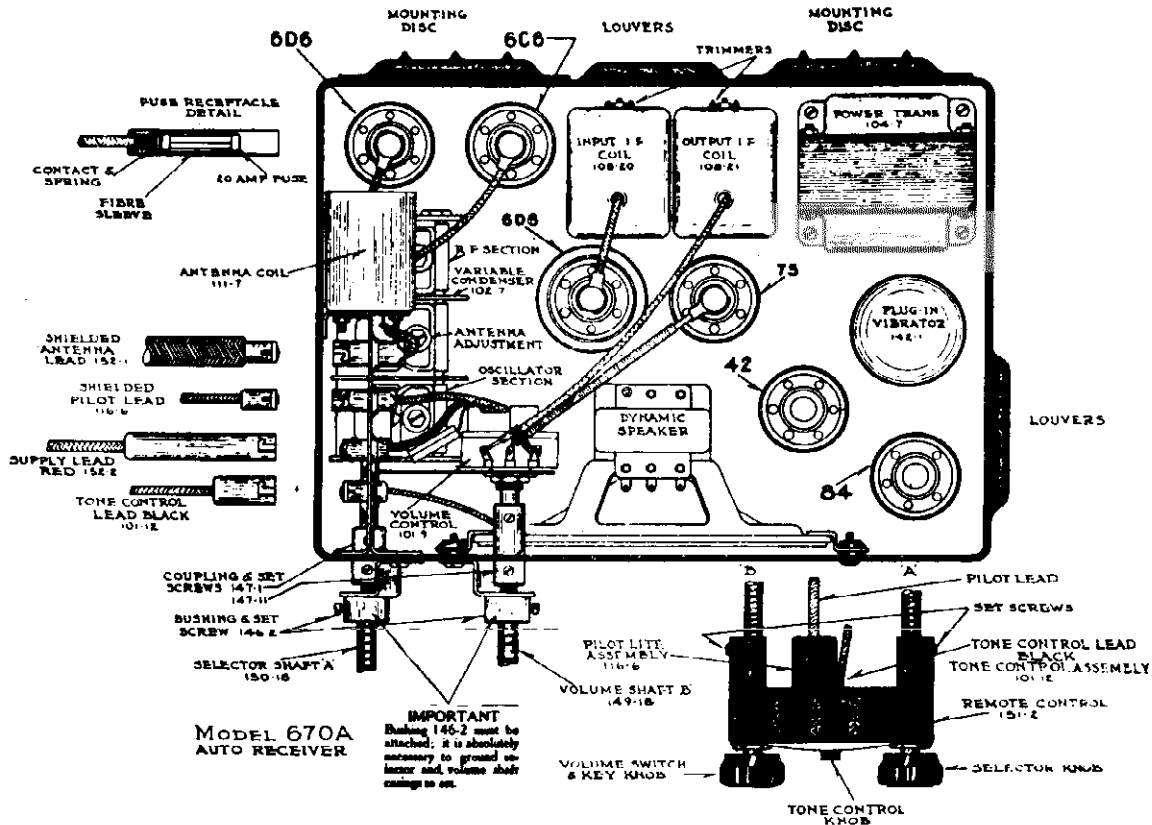
Voltagcs from chassis to different points are indicated on schematic circuit diagram, and should be measured with a voluneter having a resistance of 1000 ohms per volt.

Failure to operate, noisy or weak reception, may be due to defective tubes or poor contact between cap on top of tube and grid clip. Tubes may be checked by replacing with another tube which is known to be good.

If fuse blows out frequently, and insulating sleeve has been properly placed over fuse, the trouble probably is in the vibrator and vibrator should be replaced.

NEVER ATTEMPT TO ADJUST VIBRATOR POINTS.

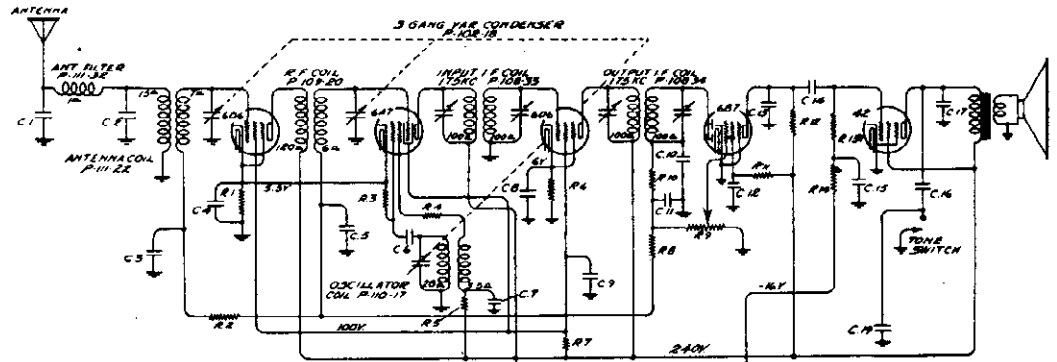
Case rattles may be due to one or more of the following:
Loose screws in top or bottom covers. Loose elements in tubes. Loose tube shield. Loose R. F. coil shield. Loose grill cloth.



MONTGOMERY WARD

RESISTORS

No.	Value
R.1	500 1/4 w
R.2	100M 1/2 w
R.3	50M 1/2 w
R.4	3500 1/2 w
R.5	20M 1/2 w
R.8	1500 1/2 w
R.7	25M 1 w
R.8	500M 1/2 w
R.9	1 meg vol. control P-101-21
R.10	100M 1/2 w
R.11	1 meg 1/2 w
R.12	250M 1/2 w
R.13	301M 1/2 w
R.14	301m 1/2 w
R.15	100
R.16	100



CONDENSERS

No.	Value
C.1	20 mmf mica
C.2	20 mmf mica
C.3	.01x400v
C.4	.1x200v
C.5	.05x200v
C.6	100 mmf mica
C.7	.1x200v
C.8	.1x200v
C.9	.1x200v
C.10	100 mmf mica
C.11	100 mmf mica
C.12	.1x200v
C.13	100 mmf mica
C.14	.01x400v
C.15	.25x100v
C.16	.025x400v
C.17	.006x600v
C.18	500 mmf mica
C.19	500 mmf mica
C.20	2000 mmf mica
C.21	1.0 mfdx120v
C.22	8 mfd x300v
C.23	.5 mfd x120v
C.24	.01x400v
C.25	8 mfd x300v
C.26	.01x400v

NOTE:

C.4 and C.9 are in one unit P-118-1
 C.7 and C.8 are in one unit P-118-1
 C.22 and C.23 are in one unit P-119-17
 R.16 and R.15 are in one unit P-106-6
 Numbers prefixed by letter "P" are part numbers.

Voltages taken from points indicated to chassis ground. Vol. control on full, no signal.

Serial No. 40001 up.

BROADCAST ALIGNMENT:

1. With variable condenser in its minimum capacity position, connect test oscillator set at 1550 K.C. and in series with broadcast dummy, to the antenna lead of receiver.
2. Adjust oscillator trimmer of variable condenser to resonance (this adjustment is on the end section of the three gang condenser—see top view).
3. Shift test oscillator to 1400 K.C. and pick up signal by rotating condenser and adjust R.F. (center) and antenna (front) trimmers to resonance, see top view.

- (a) Check for sensitivity at 1000, 800 and 600 K.C. by setting test oscillator to these frequencies and picking up the signal by rotating variable condenser. Under no circumstances bend plates of oscillator section, bend R.F. and antenna plates only if absolutely necessary.

DIAL ADJUSTMENT:

Tune set to some station of a known frequency (between 800 and 1200 K.C.) hold selector knob, then with a screw driver adjust the slotted screw on the back of the control head, and in that way adjust the dial pointer to the correct frequency setting.

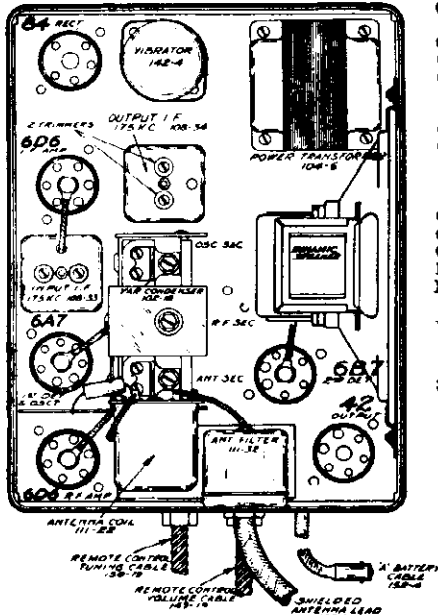
SERVICE NOTES:

Voltages taken from different points of circuit to chassis are measured with volume control full on, all tubes in their sockets and speaker connected, with a volt meter having a resistance of 1000 ohms per volt. These voltages are clearly indicated on the circuit diagram.

In order to prevent signal from acting upon A.V.C. and affecting accuracy of voltage measurements, aerial and ground leads should be short circuited while making measurements.

All voltages are to be measured with 6.3 volts input to receiver. Resistances of coils and transformer windings are indicated in ohms on schematic circuit diagram.

To check for open by-pass condensers, shunt each condenser with another condenser of the same capacity and voltage rating, which is known to be good, until the defective unit is located. Failure to operate, noisy or weak reception is usually due to defective tubes, the tubes making poor contact with sockets or grid clips making poor contact with the caps of the tubes. Tubes may be checked very easily by replacing with other tubes which are known to be good. If fuse blows out frequently and insulating sleeve has been properly placed over fuse, the trouble is probably in the vibrator, it should be replaced. Do not attempt to make any adjustments on the vibrators.



ALIGNING INSTRUCTIONS:

All of the adjustments have been very carefully set with signal generators at the factory and require no further adjustment, unless it becomes necessary to replace a coil or transformer or if the adjustments have been tampered with in the field. Under no circumstances attempt any adjustments without first making certain that adjustment is necessary and only after voltages, tubes and condensers have been checked and found to be normal. To properly re-align this receiver, a test oscillator, as well as an output meter, must be used.

DUMMY ANTENNAS:

The dummy antennas referred to in the following instructions are:
 "I.F. Dummy"—A .1 mfd. condenser connected in series with the test oscillator output lead.

"Broadcast Dummy"—A 200 mmfd. condenser connected in series with the output lead of the test oscillator.

RESONANCE INDICATOR:

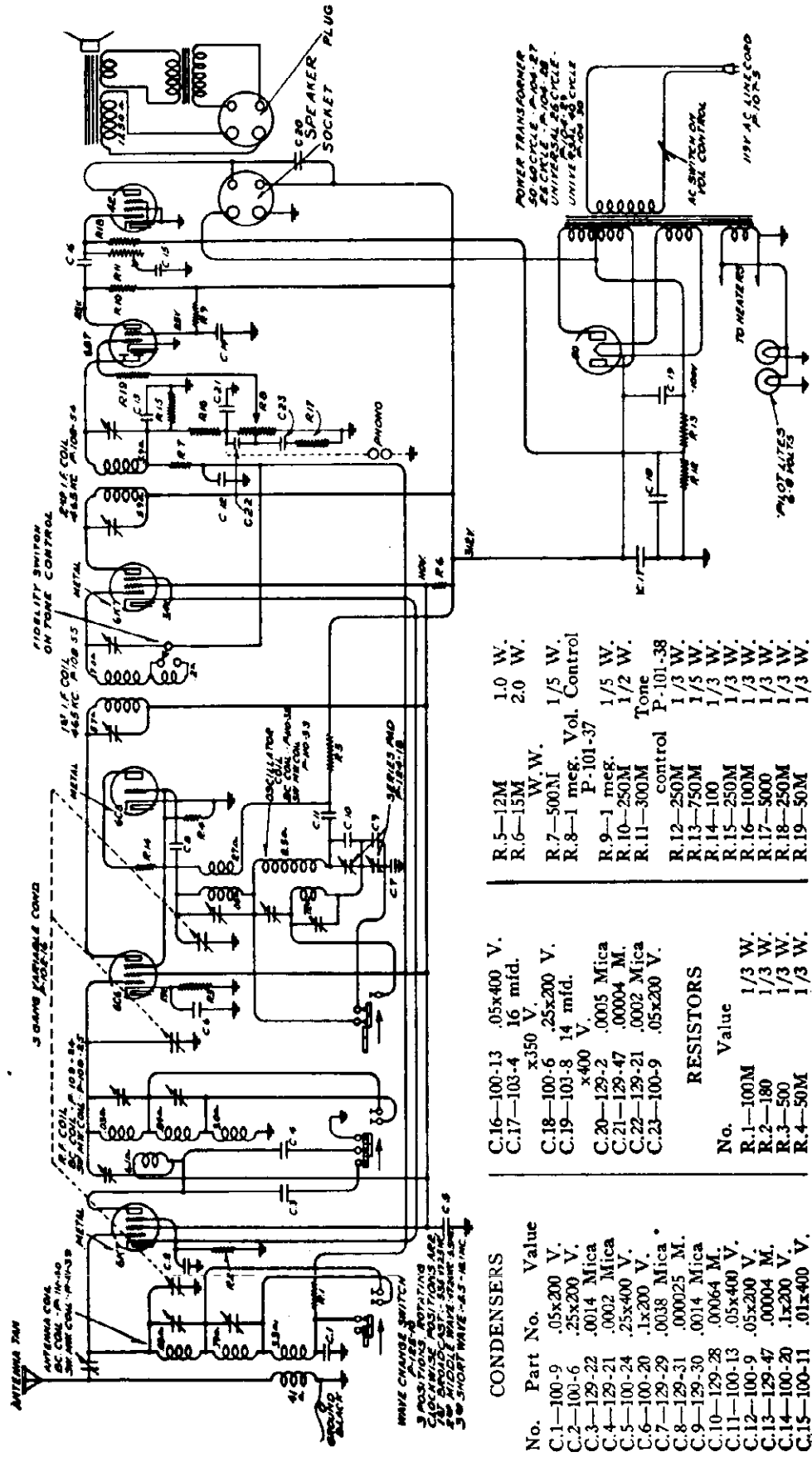
Use as a resonance indicator an output meter connected across the primary of the speaker input transformer, or by means of an adapter between the plate and the screen of the type 42 output tube. Maximum deflection of the meter indicates resonance. Use only enough signal to get a readily readable output. A low range output meter or the low scale of a multi-range meter should be used.

I.F. ALIGNMENT:

1. With variable condenser in its minimum capacity position (plates entirely out of mesh) and with volume control full on, connect test oscillator set at 175 K.C., in series with I.F. dummy antenna, to the grid cap of the type 6A7 tube.
2. Adjust trimmer condensers of both input (108-33) and output (108-34) I.F. transformers to resonance with oscillator. See top view for location of these transformers. There are two adjustments on each and they are accessible from the top of the transformer shield and should be adjusted with an insulated screw driver.

1935

MONTGOMERY WARD



- R. 5-12M 1.0 W.
- R. 6-15M 2.0 W.
- R. 7-500M 1/5 W.
- R. 8-1 meg. Vol. Control P-101-37 1/2 W.
- R. 9-1 meg. Tone 1/3 W.
- R. 10-250M 1/3 W.
- R. 11-300M control P-101-38 1/3 W.
- R. 12-250M 1/5 W.
- R. 13-750M 1/3 W.
- R. 14-100 1/3 W.
- R. 15-250M 1/3 W.
- R. 16-100M 1/3 W.
- R. 17-5000 1/3 W.
- R. 18-250M 1/3 W.
- R. 19-50M 1/3 W.

- C. 16-100-13 .05x400 V. x350 V. 16 mfd.
- C. 17-103-4 .25x200 V. x400 V.
- C. 18-100-6 .25x200 V. x400 V.
- C. 19-101-8 .0005 Mica
- C. 20-129-2 .0004 M.
- C. 21-129-47 .0002 Mica
- C. 22-129-21 .05x200 V.
- C. 23-100-9 .05x200 V.

CONDENSERS

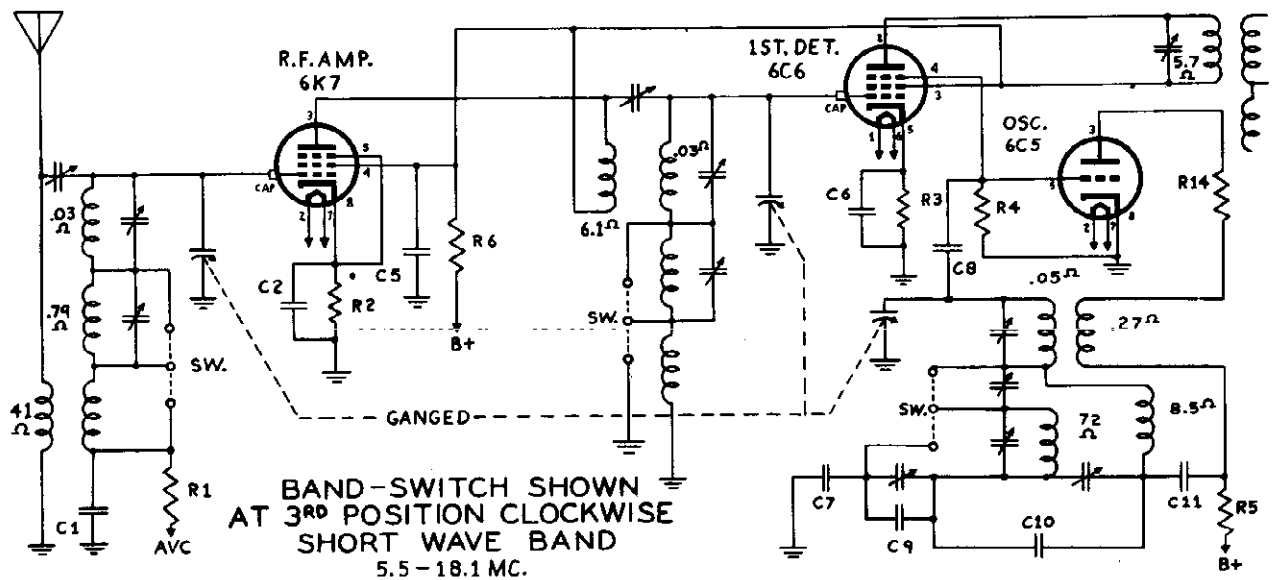
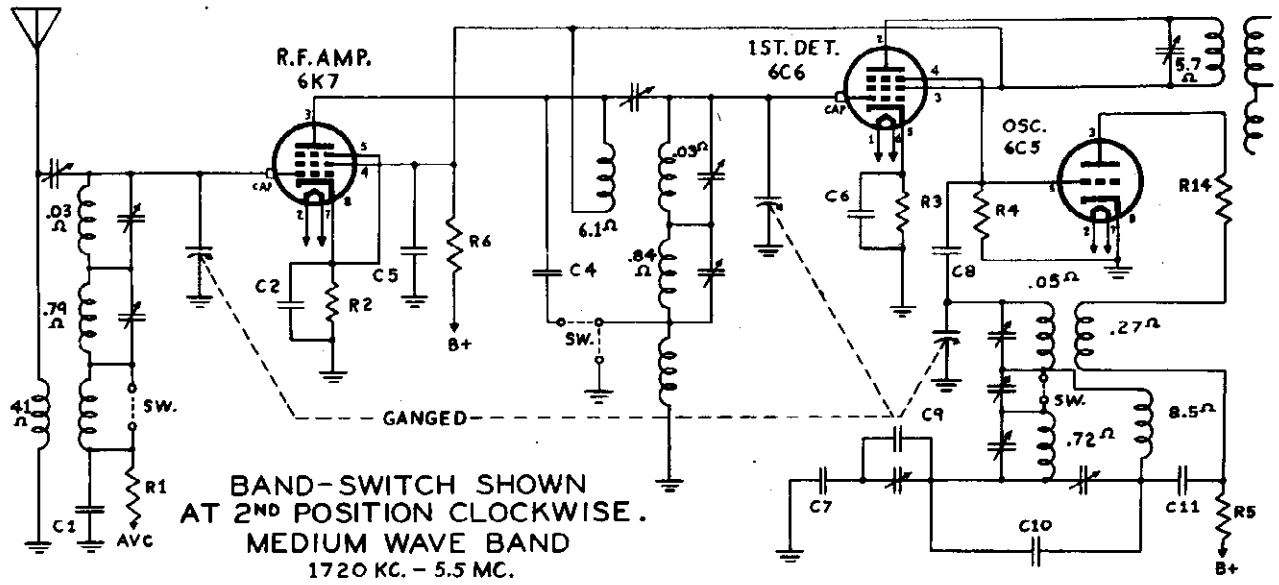
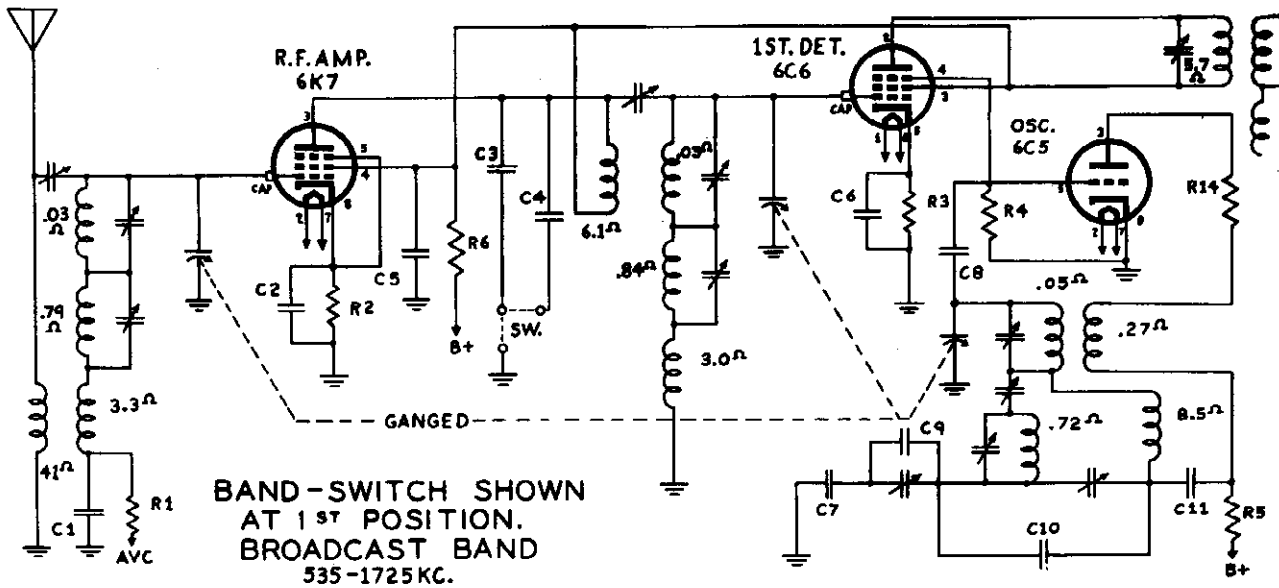
No.	Part No.	Value
C.1-100-9	.05x200 V.	
C.2-100-6	.25x200 V.	
C.3-129-22	.0014 Mica	
C.4-129-21	.0002 Mica	
C.5-100-24	.25x400 V.	
C.6-100-20	.1x200 V.	
C.7-129-29	.0038 Mica	
C.8-129-31	.00025 M.	
C.9-129-30	.0014 Mica	
C.10-129-28	.0064 M.	
C.11-100-13	.05x400 V.	
C.12-100-9	.05x200 V.	
C.13-129-47	.0004 M.	
C.14-100-20	.1x200 V.	
C.15-100-11	.01x400 V.	

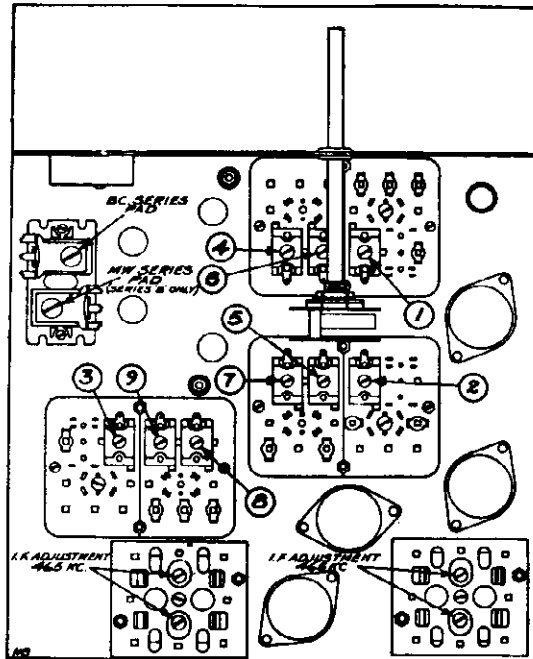
RESISTORS

No.	Value
R.1-100M	1/3 W.
R.2-180	1/3 W.
R.3-500	1/3 W.
R.4-50M	1/3 W.

MODEL 222

MONTGOMERY WARD





ALIGNING INSTRUCTIONS

Dummy Antennas

The following dummy antennas are used in aligning and are referred to in the following alignment instructions as "Dummy 1", "Dummy 2", and "Dummy 3"

- Dummy 1:** (I.F.)—Consists of a .1 mfd. condenser connected in series with the external oscillator.
- Dummy 2:** (Broadcast)—Consists of a 200 mmfd. condenser and a 20 ohm resistor connected in series with each other and in series with the external oscillator.
- Dummy 3:** (Intermediate and Short Wave)—Consists of a .1 mfd. condenser and a 400 ohm resistor connected in series with each other and in series with the external oscillator.

Resonance Indicator:

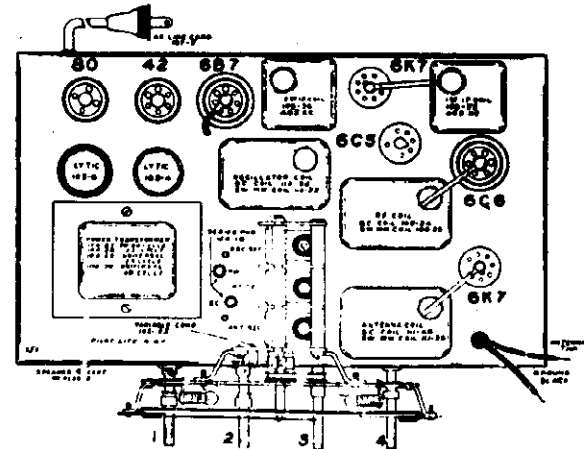
Use as a resonance indicator an output meter connected across the primary of the speaker input transformer or by means of an adapter between the plate and screen terminals of the type 42 output tube. Maximum deflection of the meter indicates resonance. Use only enough signal to get a readily readable output. A low range output meter or the low scale of a multi-range meter should be used.

ALIGNING I.F. TRANSFORMERS (465 K.C.)

Part No. 108-54 Output I.F. Transformer
Part No. 108-56 Input I.F. Transformer

These I.F. transformers have two adjustments, both of which are accessible from the underside of chassis (see bottom view).

- With volume control full on, (the extreme right of its rotation), the wave changing switch in the broadcast position, (extreme left of its rotation), the tone control on "Hi" part of the sharp position (as much right rotation as possible without operating the Hi Fidelity switch), and with the variable condenser set to approximately 1400 kilocycles, make the following adjustments:
 - Connect external oscillator set at 465 kilocycles, in series with "Dummy 1", to the control grid cap of the type 6K7 tube, located between the two I.F. transformers, and adjust the output I.F. transformer to resonance.
 - With "Dummy 1" still connected, move oscillator output clip from grid of 6K7 to grid cap to 6C6 and adjust input I.F. transformer to resonance.
 - With oscillator still connected to 6C6, re-adjust output I.F. transformer.



ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

The following adjustments to be made after the I.F.'s have been aligned as explained above.

BROADCAST BAND ALIGNMENT:

- With wave changing switch, in the broadcast position, extreme left of its rotation, and with external oscillator set at 600 kilocycles and connected in series with "Dummy 2" to the tan antenna and black ground lead, make the following adjustments:
 - Adjust broadcast series pad to resonance with oscillator. Keep set in tune with oscillator by slowly rocking to and fro the variable condenser until maximum output is obtained. Note: This adjustment is accessible from the top of the chassis and is located between the variable condenser and the electrolytic condenser. See top view.
 - Re-set external oscillator to 1400 K.C., move dial pointer to 1400 K.C. and adjust oscillator (adjustment number 3), R.F. (adjustment number 2) and antenna (adjustment number 1) to resonance. See bottom view for location of these adjustments.
 - Repeat adjustments "a" and "b" until sensitivity is at its maximum.

NOTE: IT IS EXTREMELY NECESSARY IN MAKING ALL OF THESE ADJUSTMENTS THAT THE FUNDAMENTAL OSCILLATOR SIGNAL BE TUNED IN AND NOT THE IMAGE FREQUENCY WHICH WILL FALL BELOW THE FUNDAMENTAL.

SHORT WAVE BAND ALIGNMENT:

- With wave changing switch in the short wave position, extreme right of its rotation, and with external oscillator set at 17 megacycles and connected in series with "Dummy 3" to the tan antenna and black ground lead, make the following adjustments:
 - Move dial pointer to 17 megacycles and adjust short wave oscillator (adjustment number 8), short wave R.F. (adjustment number 7) and short wave antenna (adjustment number 6) to resonance.
 - Re-set external oscillator to 6 megacycles and pick up signal by rotating variable condenser and check for sensitivity.

INTERMEDIATE BAND ALIGNMENT:

- With wave changing switch in the intermediate wave position, center of its rotation, and with external oscillator set at 1800 K.C. and connected in series with "Dummy 3" to the tan antenna and black ground lead, make the following adjustments:
 - Rotate variable condenser to approximately 1800 K.C., tune in oscillator signal and adjust M.W. series pad (see top view) to resonance. Slowly rock condenser to and fro while making this adjustment to be sure maximum output is obtained.
 - Set external oscillator at 5 M.C., rotate condenser, pick up signal and adjust intermediate wave R.F. (adjustment number 5), intermediate wave antenna (adjustment number 4) and intermediate wave oscillator (adjustment number 9) to resonance.
 - Re-check broadcast alignment and if it is found necessary to re-adjust either R.F. or antenna trimmers, repeat the 17 M.C. short wave and 5 M.C. intermediate wave adjustments.

MODEL 222

MONTGOMERY WARD

The tube complement of this chassis is as follows:

- 1—Type 6K7—remote cut-off pentode R.F. amplifier.
- 1—Type 6C8—pentode first detector.
- 1—Type 6C5—oscillator.
- 1—Type 6K7—remote cut-off pentode I.F. amplifier (465 K.C.)
- 1—Type 6B7 duplex diode pentode second detector, A.V.C. and audio.
- 1—Type 42—pentode output.
- 1—Type 80—high vacuum rectifier.

TUNING RANGE—
 Standard Broadcast Band
 535-1785 Kilocycles.

Intermediate Band
 1780-5500 Kilocycles
 Short Wave Band
 8.5-18.1 Megacycles.

Transformers are available and chassis are sometimes equipped with universal transformers for operation on 40 and 60 cycles and with primary taps for 108, 125, 150, 220 and 250 volts (see instructions) and also sometimes equipped with 25 cycle transformers with 105-115 volt or 220 volt primaries, not universals.

Serial No. 5J154150 and up

Part No.	DESCRIPTION	List Price Each
CONDENSERS		
100-8	.25 x 200 Volt Tubular Condenser—With Bracket	\$0.35
100-9	.05 x 200 Volt Tubular Condenser	.25
100-11	.01 x 400 Volt Tubular Condenser	.25
100-13	.05 x 400 Volt Tubular Condenser	.25
100-20	.1 x 200 Volt Tubular Condenser	.25
100-24	.25 x 400 Volt Tubular Condenser—With Bracket	.35
103-4	16 Mid. x 350 Volt Electrolytic	1.35
103-8	14 Mid. x 400 Volt Electrolytic	1.35
118-12	.1 .25 x 200 Volt Dual Tubular	.50
129-2	.0005 Mica - Type MT - 20%	.25
129-21	.0002 Mica - Type MT - 20%	.25
129-22	.0014 Mica - Type MW - 5%	.25
129-28	.0004 Mica - Type MT - 5%	.25
129-29	.0038 Mica - Type MW - 2 1/2%	.50
129-30	.0014 Mica - Type MW - 20%	.25
129-31	.00025 Mica - Type MT - 15%	.25
129-47	.0004 Mica - Type MT - 20%	.25
RESISTORS		
130-3	500M Ohm - 1/2 Watt - 20% - 100 Volts - Carbon	.20
130-11	250M Ohm - 1/2 Watt - 20% - 50 Volts - Carbon	.20
130-19	1 Meg Ohm - 1/2 Watt - 20% - 100 Volts - Carbon	.20
130-20	100M Ohm - 1/2 Watt - 20% - 50 Volts - Carbon	.20
130-22	5M Ohm - 1/2 Watt - 20% - 10 Volts - Carbon	.20
130-37	750M Ohm - 1/2 Watt - 20% - 50 Volts - Carbon	.20
130-49	12M Ohm - 1 Watt - 20% - 150 Volts - Carbon	.20
130-52	60M Ohm - 1/2 Watt - 20% - 10 Volts - Carbon	.20
130-53	180 Ohm - 1/2 Watt - 10% - 10 Volts - Carbon	.20
130-54	500 Ohm - 1/2 Watt - 20% - 10 Volts - Carbon	.20
130-60	100 Ohm - 1/2 Watt - 20% - 10 Volts - Carbon	.20
130-61	15M Ohm - 2 Watt - 20% - 180 Volts - Wire Wound	.40
130-62	250M Ohm - 1/2 Watt - 20% - 50 Volts - Carbon	.20
COILS		
108-54	Output I.F. Coil Assembly Complete - Less Can	1.50
108-55	Input I.F. Coil Assembly Complete - Less Can	2.50
109-24	Broadcast R.F. Coil Assembly Complete	.50
109-25	Mid-Wave & Short Wave R.F. Coil Assembly Complete—Less Can	1.50
110-32	Broadcast Oscillator Coil Assembly Complete—Less Can	.50
110-33	Mid-Wave & Short Wave Oscillator Coil Assembly Complete—Less Can	1.00
111-30	Mid-Wave & Short Wave Antenna Coil Assembly Complete—Less Can	1.00
111-40	Broadcast Antenna Coil Assembly Complete—Less Can	.75
TRANSFORMERS		
104-27	60/60 Cycle Power Transformer	4.50
104-28	25 Cycle Power Transformer	7.00
104-29	Universal - 25 Cycle Primary	7.50
104-30	Universal - 40 Cycle Primary	7.00

SOCKETS		
121-6	Six Prong Type "6C8" . . . . .	.10
121-6	Six Prong Type "42" . . . . .	.10
121-7	Seven Prong Type "6B7" . . . . .	.10
121-9	Four Prong Type "Spkr" . . . . .	.10
121-9	Four Prong Type "80" . . . . .	.10
121-12	Seven Prong Type "6K7" . . . . .	.10
121-17	Six Prong Type "6C5" . . . . .	.10
SPEAKERS		
114-27	Eight Inch Dynamic Speaker	5.50
114-30	Ten Inch Dynamic Speaker	9.00
MISCELLANEOUS		
101-37	Volume Control and Switch	1.25
101-38	Tone Control and Fidelity Switch	1.25
102-23	Three Gang Variable Condenser	5.00
107-5	Line Cord & Plug . . . . .	.50
115-22	Tube Shield . . . . .	.15
115-35	Antenna, Oscillator and R.F. Shield . . . . .	.15
115-36	I.F. Shield . . . . .	.15
124-18	J-5-4D Series Dual Pad . . . . .	.60
125-16	Wave Change Switch . . . . .	.20
125-16	Small Wood Knob with Spring . . . . .	.15
128-16	Large Wood Knob with Set Screw . . . . .	.20
128-17	Large Wood Knob with Spring . . . . .	.15

All resistors and mica condensers are RMA color coded—specify value and/or resistor or condenser (per schematic diagram) and model number.

Mica condensers are coded with an additional dot indicating tolerance:

Tolerance Percent	Color of Dot
2 1/2 %	White
5 %	Green
10 %	Blue
15 %	Yellow
20 %	Red
More than 20 %	None

When ordering condensers, specify part number, model and/or capacitor and/or resistor or condenser (per schematic diagram) and model number.

When ordering parts, always specify part and model number as well as serial number of chassis.

All prices quoted are list and are subject to the usual trade discounts. Prices subject to change without notice.

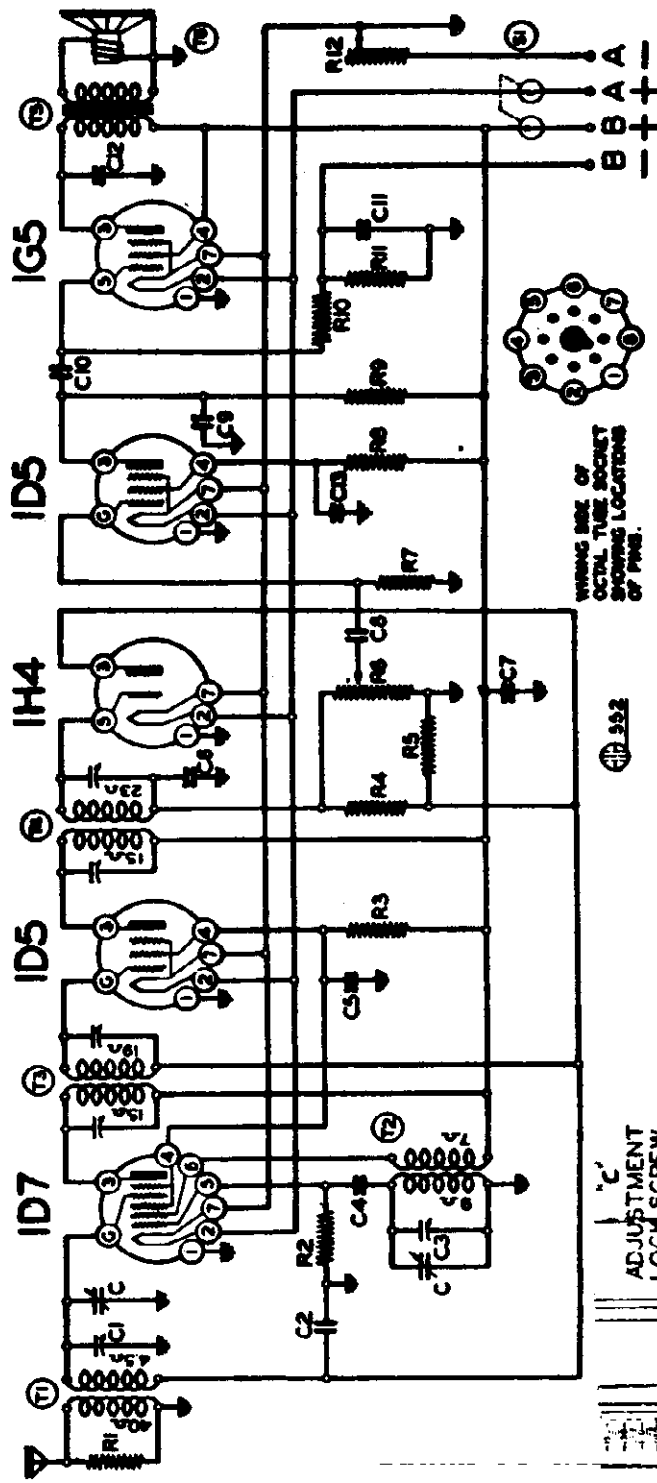
Shipments are F.O.B. our Factory. When remitting in advance, please include postage.

WE CANNOT SUPPLY SPEAKER PARTS, CONES, TRANSFORMERS OR FIELDS SEPARATELY. WE CAN REPLACE OR REPAIR A DAMAGED SPEAKER FOR \$2.50 NET, IF IT IS RETURNED TO OUR FACTORY, TRANSPORTATION CHARGES PREPAID.

Part No.	DESCRIPTION	List Price Each
ASSEMBLIES		
112-113	Belt Take-up Assembly—Including: 1—No. 117-18 Take-up Arm 1—No. 117-21 Take-up Pulley 1—No. 117-24 Stud for Above 1—No. 117-22 Stud	.25
112-134	Switch Assembly—Including: (Specify if Blue or Brown Desired) 2—No. 117-16 Band Indicator Arm 1—No. 117-26 Bushing 1—No. 117-14 Elbow 1—No. 117-13 Link 3—No. 117-23 Stud 3—No. 131-30 Spring Washer 1—No. 117-33 Threaded Stud 1—No. 117-22 Stud Red Cellulose	.65
112-135	Volume Indicator Assembly—Including: (Specify if Blue or Brown Desired) 1—No. 112-121 Pointer Disc 1—No. 117-26 Bushing 1—No. 120-5 Spring Clip 1—No. 120-7 Coil Spring Fish Line 1—No. 117-28 Pulley 1—No. 115-15 Set Screw R Red Cellulose	.75
112-136	Tone Indicator Assembly—Including: (Specify if Blue or Brown Desired) 1—No. 112-122 Pointer Disc 1—No. 117-26 Bushing 1—No. 120-5 Spring Clip 1—No. 120-7 Coil Spring Fish Line	.75

1—No. 117-22	Pulley	
1—No. 155-15	Set Screw	
	Red Cellulose	
112-117	Dial Plate Assembly—Including: 1—No. 117-17 Dial Plate 2—No. 117-11 Dial Bracket 4—No. 162-4 Rivets 2—No. 117-25 Volume & Tone Indicator Studs 1—No. 117-19 Bushing for Tuning Shaft	1.25
112-138	Switch Arm Assembly—Including: 1—No. 117-12 Switch Arm 1—No. 140-15 Bushing 1—No. 154-4 Set Screw	.25
DIAL PARTS ONLY		
112-117	Tuning Shaft	.05
112-118	Metal Oval Escutcheon Only	1.25
112-119	Dial Pointer with No. 132-8 Screw	.20
112-120	Band Spread Pointer Disc (Specify if Blue or Brown Desired)	.10
112-121	Oval Glass Crystal Only	.35
112-124	Glass Dial Scale	1.25
112-125	Drive Belt	.20
112-126	Pilot Light Socket	.10
112-127	Pilot Light Socket	.10
112-129	Oval Glass Retaining Ring	.20
116-5	6-8 Volt, T-50 Pilot Light	.10
117-20	Drive Belt Pulley and Set Screw	.10
117-29	Background Plate (Specify if Blue or Brown Desired)	.25
117-30	Reflector Plate	.25
120-4	Drive Belt Take-up Coil Spring	.05
131-33	Glass Retaining Clips	.025

MONTGOMERY WARD



Insert the call letter tabs in the rectangular openings in the escutcheon above each of the automatic tuner levers. One of the small celluloid tabs supplied should be snapped into place over each of the station call letter tabs.

Press DOWN ALL THE WAY any one of the automatic tuner levers. Holding it down FIRMLY, tune in by means of the tuning knob (No. 2) the station indicated on the station call letter tab above this lever. Turn the tuning knob very slowly back and forth (while still holding lever in downward position) until the signal is clearest. The station will then be accurately tuned in. Release the lever.

Press down another automatic tuner lever. Holding it down FIRMLY, carefully tune in the station indicated on the call letter tab above this lever. Release this lever.

Follow this procedure until you have selected all of your favorite stations.

Now hold tuning knob securely with left hand to prevent it from turning, or Rotate the tuning knob (No. 2) to the right (clockwise) as far as it will turn and with a coin (half dollar), tighten the special locking screw ("C") in the center of the tuning knob. (See Fig. 2).

It is VERY IMPORTANT that this locking screw is turned until it is ABSOLUTELY TIGHT.

This screw will lock in place all the stations you have selected on the automatic tuner levers. (Note: Locking screw "C" is loose when radio is shipped from factory).

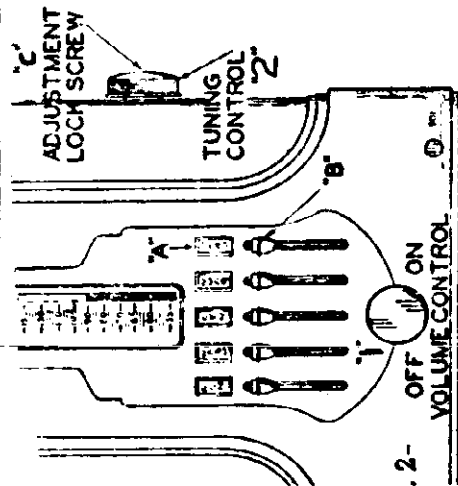


FIG. 2-

PROCEDURE FOR SETTING THE AUTOMATIC LEVERS:

There are five levers on the dial by means of which five stations may be selected. (See "B" Fig. 2).

Make a list of local stations you tune in regularly; any number up to and including five.

Punch out from the set of station call letter tabs supplied the call letters of the stations you have selected.

Above each automatic tuner lever an opening in the escutcheon is provided for inserting the call letter tabs (See "A" Fig. 2)

MODEL 559

MONTGOMERY WARD

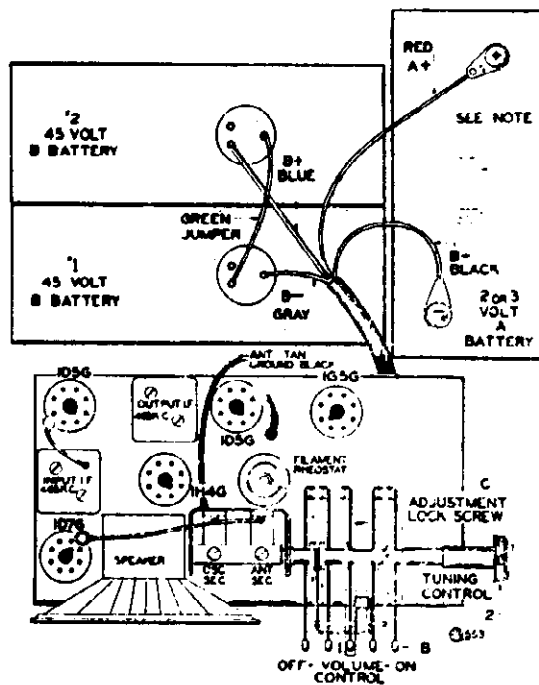


FIG. 1—TOP VIEW

DESCRIPTION:

TUBES:

The tube complement of this chassis consists of the following tubes:

- 1—Type 1D7G Pentagrid Mixer, First Detector-oscillator.
- 1—Type 1D5G Remote Cut-off Pentode, I.F. Amplifier (465 K.C.)
- 1—Type 1H4G Triode Second Detector, A.V.C.
- 1—Type 1D5G First Audio Amplifier.
- 1—Type 1G5G Pentode Output Amplifier.

SERVICE NOTES:

Voltages taken from different points of circuit to chassis are measured with volume control full on, all tubes in their sockets and speaker connected, with a volt meter having a resistance of 1000 ohms per volt.

All voltages as indicated on diagram are measured with a new set of batteries.

Resistances of coil windings are indicated in ohms on the schematic circuit diagram.

To check for open by-pass condensers, shunt each condenser with another condenser of the same capacity and voltage rating, which is known to be good, until the defective unit is located.

The approximate current consumption is as follows:

"A"—360 ma., "B"—15 ma.

Failure to operate, noisy or weak reception is usually due to defective tubes, the tubes making poor contact with sockets or grid clips making poor contact with the caps of the tubes. Tubes may be checked very easily by replacing with other tubes which are known to be good.

ALIGNING INSTRUCTIONS:

CAUTION:—No aligning adjustments should be attempted without first thoroughly checking over all other possible causes of trouble, such as poor installations, open or grounded antenna systems, low battery voltage, defective tubes, condensers and resistors. In order to properly align this chassis, an oscillator (generator) is absolutely necessary. No aligning adjustments should be attempted with the chassis in the cabinet.

(See part 5, for instructions on how to remove chassis from cabinet).

Connecting "A" Battery

First—Place the A Battery as shown in Fig. 1, (Either the 2 volt Storage A or the 3 Volt Dry A).

Next—Connect the Red wire marked A plus (+) to the A plus (+) Red post on battery.

Now—Connect the Black wire marked A minus (—) to the A minus (—) post on battery.

CAUTION: Before connecting a 3-volt dry A Battery, read the instructions which are attached to the bottom of the cabinet. **NOTE:** A special connector plug is supplied for connecting the "A" leads to a 3-volt dry "A" battery which has socket connections, (see dotted lines on "A" battery in Fig. 1).

Connecting "B" Batteries

First—Place both B Batteries exactly as shown.

NEXT—insert the special three-prong connector plugs into the sockets on the B batteries as shown in illustration.

NOTE:—The above procedure and illustration pertains to the new style B batteries which have socket-; however, the old style B batteries which have terminals can be used by connecting them as follows:

FIRST—Remove the special plugs by cutting the wires off at the plugs.

NEXT—Connect grey colored B minus (—) wire to minus (—) terminal of battery (marked Battery No. 1 in illustration).

NEXT—Connect one end of green connecting wire to plus (+45) terminal of Battery No. 1 and other end to the minus (—) terminal of Battery No. 2.

NOW—Connect blue B plus (+) wire to the plus (+45) terminal of Battery No. 2.

All adjustments should be made with a non-metallic screw driver.

RESONANCE INDICATOR:

Use as a resonance indicator an output meter connected across the primary of the speaker input transformer, or by means of an adapter between the plate and screen terminals of the type 1G5G output tube. Maximum deflection of the meter indicates resonance. Use only enough signal to get a readily readable output. A low range output meter or the low scale of a multi-range meter should be used.

ALIGNING I.F. TRANSFORMERS: (465 K.C.):

Part No. 108112. Output I.F. Transformer.

Part No. 108111. Input I.F. Transformer.

These I.F. transformers have two adjustments, both of which are accessible from the top of chassis (see Fig. 1).

1. With volume control full on (the extreme right of its rotation), and with the variable condenser set to approximately 1400 kilocycles, make the following adjustments:
 - (a) Connect external oscillator set at 465 kilocycles, in series with .1 mfd condenser, to the control grid cap of the type 1D5G I.F. tube, and adjust the output I.F. transformer (No. 108112) to resonance.
 - (b) Move oscillator output clip from grid of 1D5G to grid of 1D7G and adjust input I.F. transformer (No. 108111) to resonance.
 - (c) With oscillator still connected to 1D7G, readjust output I.F. transformer (108112) if necessary.

R. F. ALIGNMENT: (535-1720 K.C.)

1. With the gang condenser in its minimum capacity position, plates entirely out of mesh, connect an external oscillator in series with a 100 mmf. condenser to the antenna lead and chassis ground and make the following adjustments:
 - (a) With external oscillator set at 1720 kilocycles, adjust oscillator trimmer to resonance. This adjustment is on the top of rear section of variable gang condenser. (See Fig 1).
 - (b) Re-set external oscillator to 1400 kilocycles, rotate condenser, pick up oscillator signal and adjust antenna trimmer to resonance. (Top of front section of gang condenser).
 - (c) Check sensitivity at 600 and 1000 kilocycles.

MONTGOMERY WARD

VOLTAGES AT SOCKETS

Volume Control: Maximum
Readings taken with 1000 ohm-per-volt meter

Antenna Shorted to Ground

TUBE	FUNCTION	Voltage Between Socket Prong and Ground							
		Prong No. 1	Prong No. 2	Prong No. 3	Prong No. 4	Prong No. 5	Prong No. 6	Prong No. 7	Prong No. 8
1D7G	Converter	0	+2	+83.5	+60	-15	+83.5	0	0
1D5G	I. F. Amplifier	0	+2	+83.5	+60	0	0	0	+83.5
1H4G	2nd Detector, AVC	0	+2	0	0	0	0	0	0
1D5G	1st Audio	0	+2	+30	+11	0	0	0	+83.5
1G9G	Output	0	+2	+80	+83.5	-2.5	0	0	-6.5

LIST OF REPAIR PARTS (Serial No. 197000 and up)

Part No.	Circuit Diagram Reference	Description	List Price Each	Part No.	Circuit Diagram Reference	Description	List Price Each														
CONDENSERS																					
1009	C5, C13	.05 x 200 Volt Tubular Condenser	.25	128134BR		Walnut Bakelite Volume Knob	.10														
10011	C8, C10	.01 x 400 Volt Tubular Condenser	.25	138134W		Ivory Bakelite Volume Knob	.10														
10022	C2	.05 x 200 Volt Tubular Condenser	.25	128137E		Black Bakelite Tuning Knob	.10														
10048	C7	.25 x 200 Volt Tubular Condenser (with Bracket)	.35	128137BR		Walnut Bakelite Tuning Knob	.10														
10071	C12	.04 x 50 Volt Tubular Condenser	.25	128137W		Ivory Bakelite Tuning Knob	.15														
11952	C11	25MFD x 25W. Volt Electrolytic Condenser	.75	128142E		Black Bakelite Cabinet Complete Including Baffle, Grill Cloth and Carton	3.00														
1292	C3	.025 Mica Type Condenser—20%	.25	128142BR		Walnut Bakelite Cabinet Complete Including Baffle, Grill Cloth and Carton	3.00														
1295	C6	.0001 Mica Type Condenser—20%	.25	128142W		Ivory Bakelite Cabinet Complete Including Baffle, Grill Cloth and Carton	5.00														
12912	C4	.00025 Mica Type Condenser—20%	.25	128101		Baffle Board	.10														
RESISTORS																					
1309	R9	200M ohm - 1/3 Watt Resistor—20%	.20	128129		Grill Cloth Back and Front	.15														
13012	R2	50M ohm - 1/3 Watt Resistor—20%	.20	128102B		Grill Cloth, For Side	.05														
13017	R3	10M ohm - 1/3 Watt Resistor—20%	.20	13282		No. 6 x 32 x 1/2 Bottom Plate Mounting Screws, Doz.	.07														
13019	R7, R8, R10	1 megohm - 1/3 Watt Resistor—20%	.20	132144		No. 10 x 32 x 3/4" Fibre Screw (Four used to Hold Chassis to Bottom Plate)	.10														
13021	R1	20M ohm - 1/3 Watt Resistor—20%	.20	13448R		Rubber Grommet (For Bottom Plate)	.03														
13038	R4, R5	2 megohm - 1/3 Watt Resistor—20%	.20	13466E		Black Felt Shield for Lever Openings in Cabinet	.05														
13093	R11	450 ohm - 1/3 Watt Resistor—10%	.20	13466BR		Walnut Felt Shield for Lever Openings in Cabinet	.05														
				13466W		Ivory Felt Shield for Lever Openings in Cabinet	.05														
COILS																					
108111	T3	Input I. F. Coil Assembly Complete With Can	1.25	Tubes are coded and guaranteed by the tube manufacturer. Prompter service can be rendered on adjustments if defective tubes are returned direct to the tube manufacturer rather than through our factory. All resistors are RMA color coded—specify value and/or resistor number (per schematic diagram) and model number. When ordering condensers, specify part number, model number and/or capacitor (per schematic diagram) and model number. Mica condensers are coded with an additional dot indicating tolerance: <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <thead> <tr> <th>Tolerance percent</th> <th>Color of Dot</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>2 1/2%</td> <td>White</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5%</td> <td>Green</td> </tr> <tr> <td>10%</td> <td>Blue</td> </tr> <tr> <td>15%</td> <td>Yellow</td> </tr> <tr> <td>20%</td> <td>Red</td> </tr> <tr> <td>More Than 20%</td> <td>None</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>				Tolerance percent	Color of Dot	2 1/2%	White	5%	Green	10%	Blue	15%	Yellow	20%	Red	More Than 20%	None
Tolerance percent	Color of Dot																				
2 1/2%	White																				
5%	Green																				
10%	Blue																				
15%	Yellow																				
20%	Red																				
More Than 20%	None																				
108112	T4	Output I. F. Coil Assembly Complete with Can	1.25																		
11085	T2	Oscillator Coil Assembly Complete	.50																		
11192	T1	Antenna Coil Assembly Complete	.60																		
SOCKETS																					
12193		Eight Prong Octal Sockets	.15	All prices quoted are list and are subject to the usual trade discounts. Shipments are F.O.B. our Factory. When remitting in advance, please include postage. WE CANNOT SUPPLY SPEAKER CONES OR FIELDS SEPARATELY. WE CAN REPLACE OR REPAIR A DAMAGED SPEAKER FOR \$1.25 NET. IF IT IS RETURNED TO OUR FACTORY, TRANSPORTATION CHARGES PREPAID. PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE.																	
12194		Seven Prong Octal Sockets	.15																		
SPEAKER																					
114118	T6	Five Inch P. M. Dynamic Speaker	4.00																		
10657	T5	Output Transformer for Speaker	.90																		
MISCELLANEOUS																					
101116	R6, S1	Volume Control and Switch (1 Megohm)	1.00																		
101117	R12	Filament Rheostat Complete (4.75 ohms)	.50																		
10267	C	Two Gang Variable Condenser	3.00																		
10557	T5	Output Transformer for Speaker	.90																		
107168		Battery Connector Cable Complete	.75																		
11549		Goat Type Tube Shield Complete with 115-8 Clamp	.15																		
117133B		Brass Bushings for Mounting Bottom Plate	.02																		
11848C		Bottom Cover Plate for Chassis	.35																		
12135		Plug for "B" Battery	.10																		
12198		Plug for "A" Battery	.10																		
13195		Battery Connector Lug Marked A	.02																		
13196		Battery Connector Lug Marked A+	.02																		
128134E		Black Bakelite Volume Knob	.10																		
DIAL PARTS LIST																					
112336		Clear Pyralin Tabs for Station Call Letter Tabs, Doz.	.10	117257		Locking Screw for Tuning Knob	.10														
112348		Set of 4 Sheets Station Call Letter Tabs, Set	.15	117258		Tuner Cam	.05														
112370		Top and Bottom Wood Pulley Complete with 117-287 Shaft for Indicator Film	.05	117283		Locking Collar (For Right End of Cam Shaft)	.15														
112371		Drive Drum for Indicator Film	.10	117359		Spacers (Used on Cam Shaft to Mount Dial Housing Assembly)	.05														
112372		Indicator Film	.05	117285		Brass Spacer (Used on Cam Shaft Between Drive Drum and Tuner Cam to Left of Drive Drum)	.05														
112374		Center Wood Idler Pulley for Indicator Film	.03	117286		Brass Spacer (Used on Cam Shaft Between Drive Drum and Tuner Cam to Right of Drive Drum)	.05														
112376		Dial Scale (Calibrated)	.35	120156		Hair Pin Spring for Tuner Lever	.02														
112378		Support Bracket for Automatic Tuning Mechanism (Mounts to Variable Condenser)	.10	120163		Take-Up Spring for Indicator Film	.05														
115134		Support Bracket for Automatic Tuning Mechanism (Right End of Mechanism)	.10	128128		Moulded Button Keys for Automatic Tuner Levers	.10														
115136		Lever Complete with 117-290 Roller	.25	13143		Cinch Button (Used to Fasten Dial Scale to Dial Housing)	.03														
115144		Dial Bracket Housing (For Dial Scale)	.20	131141		Compression Spring Washer (Used Between Locking Collar and first Tuner Cam on Right End of Cam Shaft)	.02														
117256		Brass Spacer (Used on Cam Shaft Between Second and Third Tuner Cam on Left Side of Tuner Assembly)	.05	131157		Key Washers (Used on Each Side of Tuner Cams)	.02														

MODELS 3035, 3037,
3065, 3067

MONTGOMERY WARD

Gang Condenser

The gang condenser is of heavy construction and all trimming condensers are aligned at the factory and set. Very seldom do they need adjustment, however, if you are positive they are out of line they may be adjusted by means of a small modulated oscillator or signal as explained on page 3 of the 2955 service manual. The trimming condensers are located directly beneath the four holes of the condenser shield. Begin by adjusting the condenser next to the tuning dial and adjust each one carefully, always making sure that your main tuning knob is adjusted to exact resonance. Align trimming condensers with the tuning dial as near 1400 kilocycles as possible. No trimming condenser adjustment is necessary for the detector stage.

Neutralizing

The screen grid tube has such a small capacity between grid and plate that no neutralizing is necessary. There is usually as much capacity between the grid and plate prongs of the tube socket and the wiring in the chassis as there is in the tube itself.

Volume Control

The volume control is wire wound and has a resistance of 8000-ohms. It is so connected as to serve a dual purpose by varying the amount of energy to the antenna input transformer and also controlling the grid bias on the three screen grid tubes. The on, off switch is also operated from the projecting stud attached to the arm of the control.

Pilot Light

The pilot is a 3.2-volt bulb, and is shown in the schematic diagram connected to the filament line supplying the heater tubes and 245s. A flickering pilot light is caused by a defective bulb, a poor socket, a loose connection in one of the leads, or by a poorly soldered joint.

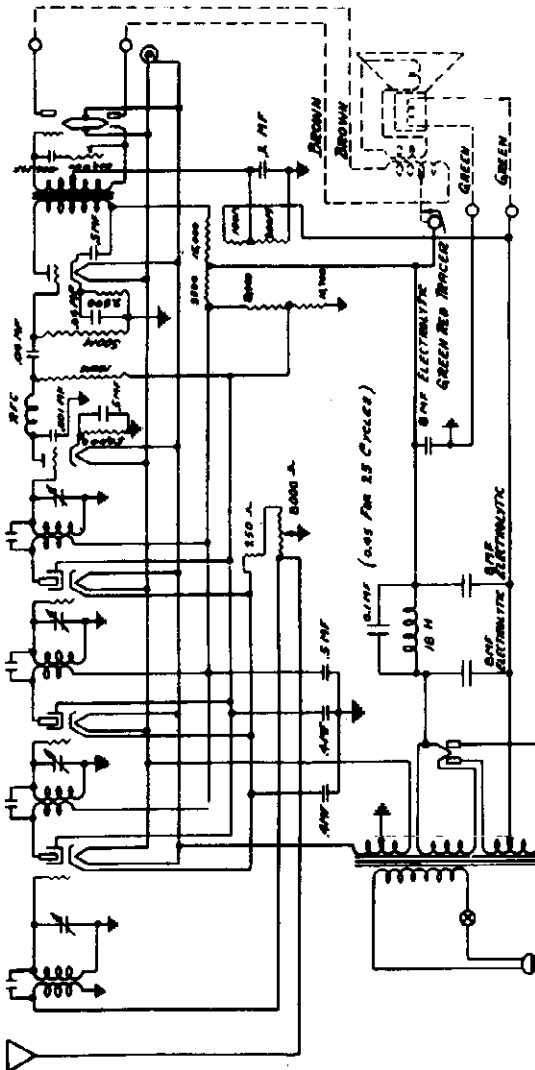
Operating Voltages

VOLTAGES AT SOCKETS—VOLUME CONTROL IS PLUG IN AT MAXIMUM—LINE VOLTAGE 115 PLUG IN AT SOCKET OF RECEIVER—TUBE IN TEST SET

Position of Tube	Type of Tube	Function	Volt. >	Grid Volt.	Grid Volt. Control	Screen Volt.	Control Volt.	Plate Volt.	Current MA	Cathode Volt.	Plate Volt.	Grid Volt.	MA
1	224	1st Radio	2.25	178	3.0	86	86	3.0	.42	3.0	3.4	3.8	3.8
2	224	2nd Radio	2.25	178	3.0	86	86	3.0	.45	3.0	3.4	3.8	3.8
3	224	3rd Radio	2.25	178	3.0	86	86	3.0	.45	3.0	3.4	3.8	3.8
4	227	Detector	2.25	60	9	86	86	9	.25	9	2.5	.3	.3
5	227	1st Audio	2.25	160	12	86	86	12	.45	12	4.5	5.5	5.5
6	245	2nd Audio	2.35	246	40	86	86	40	.25	25	30	30	30
7	245	2nd Audio	2.35	246	40	86	86	40	.25	25	30	30	30
8	280	Rectifier	4.9								Per plate		

25 Cycle Chassis No. 3067 and 3037

This chassis is the same as the 60 cycle with the exception of the power transformer and the filter choke condenser. A 0.45 M.F. condenser is connected across the choke in the 25 cycle chassis, instead of the 0.1 M.F. condenser as in the 60 cycle chassis. Service instructions are the same for both.



Loud Speaker

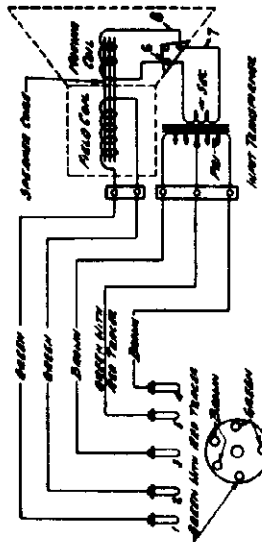


Figure 3

Fig. 3 shows the loud speaker connections and color code of wiring. The field has a resistance of 1000 ohms and is part of the filter circuit. It must therefore be connected at all times or the chassis will not operate. The speaker input transformer is mounted on the speaker chassis. The primary has a center tap connected to the positive high voltage side of the power pack and it is through this primary that the 245 tubes receive their plate supply. The secondary is a low impedance winding connecting to the voice coil of the speaker. The speaker and input transformer may be easily tested by temporarily connecting another speaker which is known to be good. Additional speakers may be used as explained on Page 7 of the instructions for the 2955 chassis, but this is not recommended.

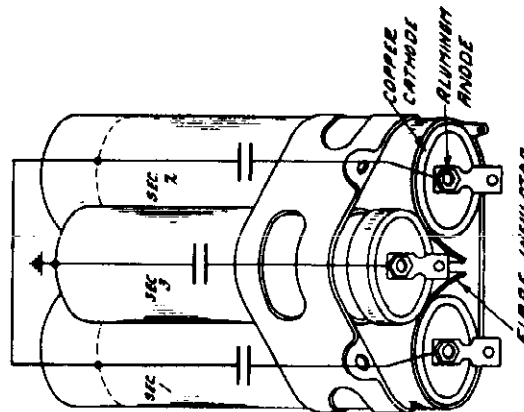
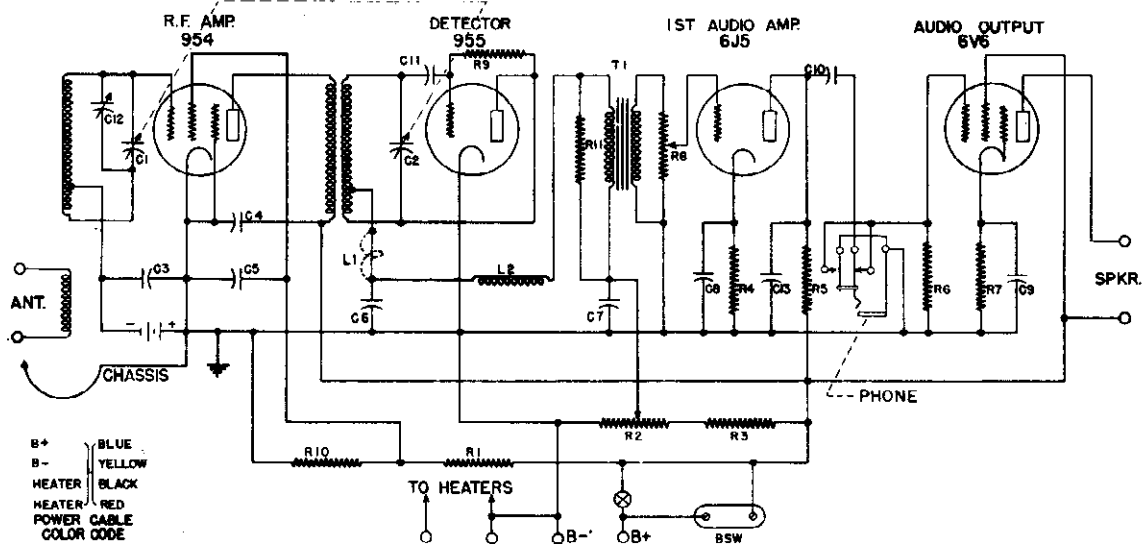


Figure 4

Condenser Block

This is of the electrolytic type having three sections of eight M.F.D. capacity respectively. Very little trouble should be experienced with this condenser as it is self healing in case it breaks down. The connections are shown in Fig. 4.

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DWG. NO. 1 SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM—TYPE I-10A RECEIVER

PARTS LIST

SYMBOL	FUNCTION	TYPE	RATING
C1	R.F. Tuning Capacitor.....	Air	15 mmf., max.
C2	Detector Tuning Capacitor.....	Air	15 mmf., max.
C3	R.F. Grid Return By-pass.....	Mica	0.003 mfd., 500 vdcw.
C4	R.F. Plate Return By-pass.....	Mica	0.003 mfd., 500 vdcw.
C5	Screen By-pass.....	Copper Plate	0.0005 mfd.
C6	Quench Frequency By-pass.....	Mica	0.003 mfd., 500 vdcw.
C7	Detector B+ By-pass.....	Elec.	8 mfd., 200 vdcw.
C8	1st Audio Cathode By-pass.....	Elec.	10 mfd., 50 vdcw.
C9	2nd Audio Cathode By-pass.....	Elec.	10 mfd., 50 vdcw.
C10	Audio Coupling Capacitor.....	Paper	0.1 mfd., 400 vdcw.
C11	Detector Grid Capacitor.....	Ceramic	50 mmf., 500 vdcw.
C12	R.F. Trimmer Capacitor.....	Air	5 mmf., max.
C13	Plate By-pass Capacitor.....	Mica	0.002 mfd., 500 vdcw.
R1	Screen Dropping Resistor.....	Fixed	33,000 ohms, 1/2 w.
R2	Regeneration Control.....	Variable	50,000 ohms
R3	Detector Plate Dropping.....	Fixed	22,000 ohms, 1 w.
R4	1st Audio Bias Resistor.....	Fixed	4,700 ohms, 1/2 w.
R5	1st Audio Plate Resistor.....	Fixed	0.1 megohm, 1/2 w.
R6	2nd Audio Grid Leak.....	Fixed	0.47 megohm, 1/2 w.
R7	2nd Audio Bias Resistor.....	Fixed	470 ohms, 1 w.
R8	Audio Gain Control.....	Comp. Var.	0.5 megohm
R9	Detector Grid Leak.....	Fixed	18 megohms, 1/2 w.
R10	Screen Bleeder.....	Fixed	47,000 ohms, 1/2 w.
R11	T1 Pri. Loading Resistor.....	Fixed	47,000 ohms, 1/2 w.
L1	Ultra-audion Choke.....	See Note #1	
L2	Quench Frequency Choke.....	Potted	250 millihenries
T1	Audio Transformer.....	Potted	4:1 ratio

Note #1: Used only on A, B and C Bands.

MODEL 1-10A

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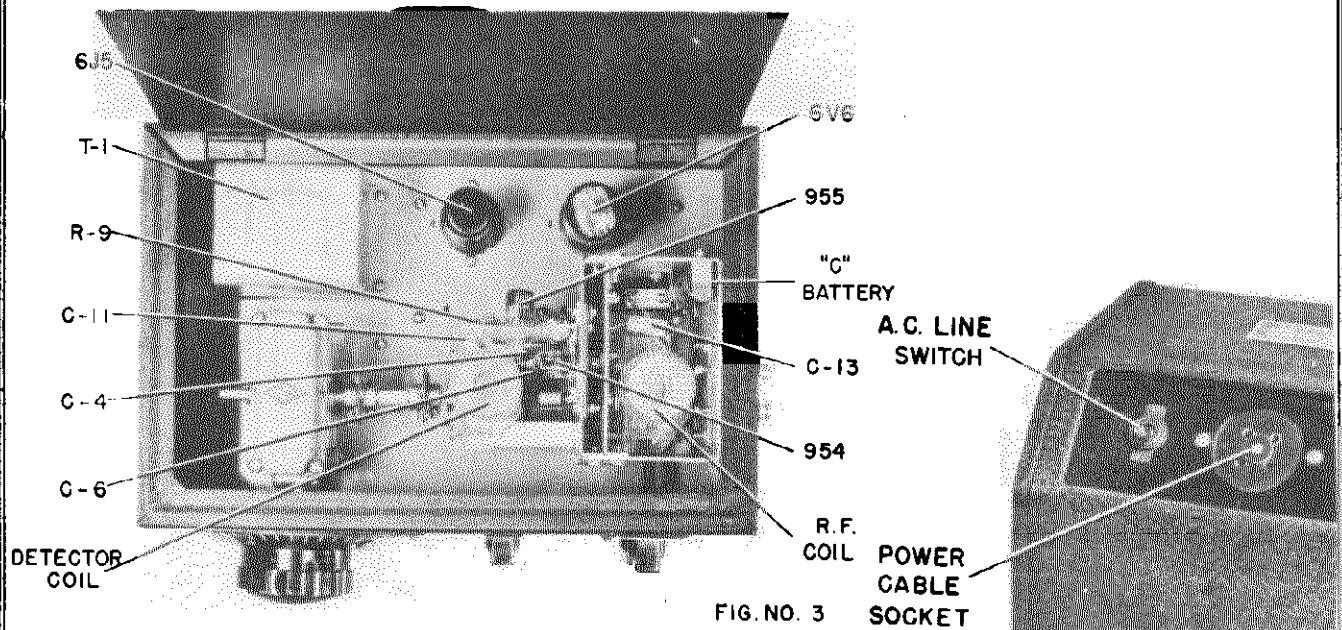


FIG. NO. 3

5886 POWER UNIT

FIG. NO. 4

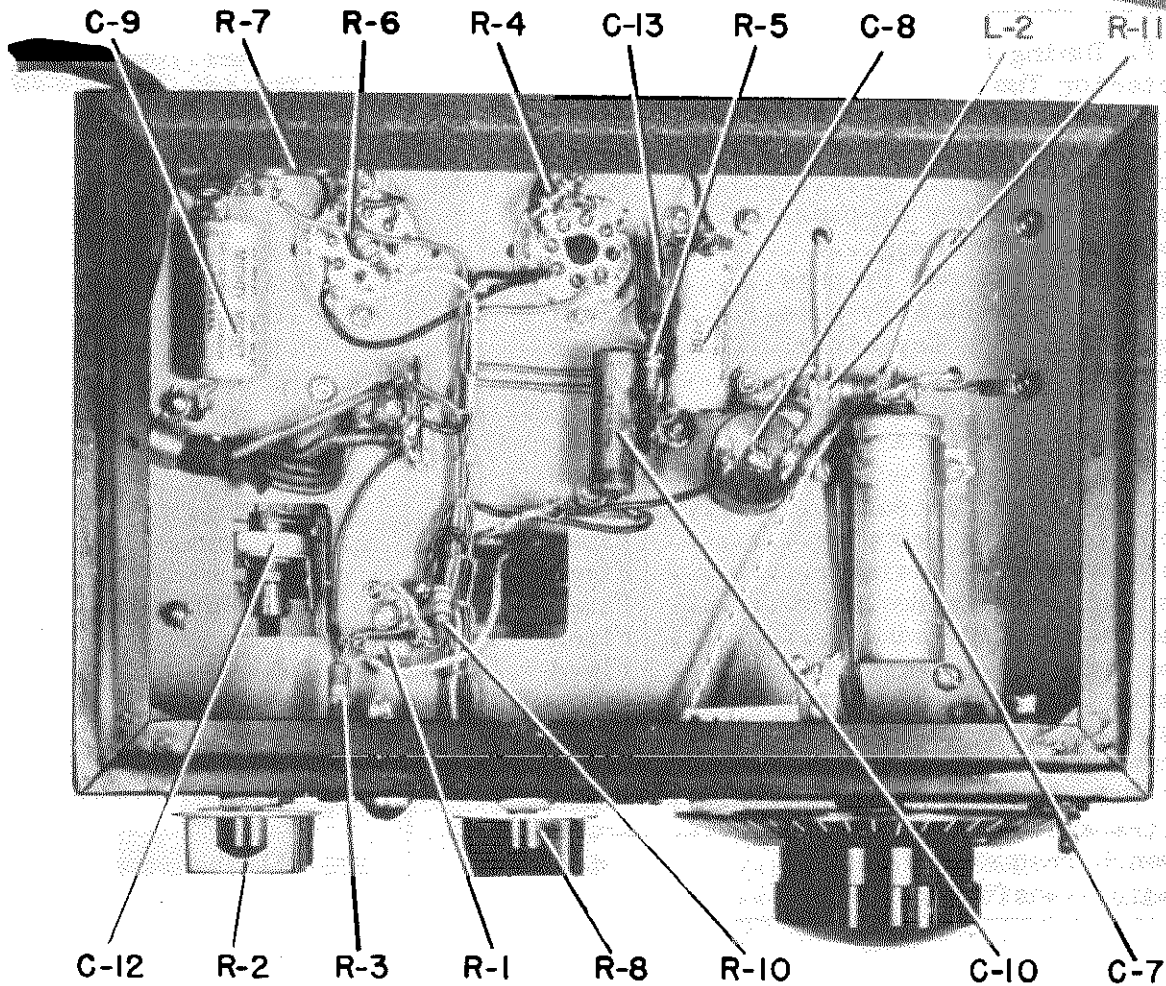


FIG. NO. 5

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BATTERY OPERATION

The 1-10A Receiver may be operated in portable or emergency service by connecting batteries to the pins of the 4 prong power plug. A 6 volt battery should be used to supply the heater circuits, (the two large prongs on the power plug), and the plate and screen circuit requirements from B batteries. To effect battery economy, the 6V6 may be removed from its socket and headphone operation used. Voltages in excess of 180 are not recommended and receiver performance will be unsatisfactory on the "A" range at voltages below 167. If lower voltages must be used, as in portable operation, resistors R1 and R3 may both be shorted out. This will allow the receiver to function normally with a maximum voltage of 90, but with reduced audio output.

In battery operation aging A and B batteries with a resultant decreasing voltage supply may render the receiver inoperative. This effect will first be noticed at the extreme ends of the "A" band. The B supply "On/Off" Switch functions to break the positive B supply lead and in the "Off" position is useful for temporarily rendering the receiver inoperative during periods of transmission, or when changing coils, while permitting the heater circuits to remain closed. When using B battery plate supply, the switch should be thrown to the "Off" position at all times when the receiver is not in use, in order to avoid parasitic drain.

The Regeneration control functions to adjust the level at which the detector circuits go into superregeneration. This condition is indicated by a loud rushing or hissing noise. The hiss will drop down to a very low level or disappear entirely when a signal is tuned in, the reduction depending somewhat upon signal strength. Sensitivity will depend upon the adjustment of the regeneration control, the maximum occurring just beyond the point where the hiss starts. The setting of the Regeneration control at which the detector goes into superregeneration will vary with different sets of coils and with the condition of the 955 detector tube. On the "A" range it may be necessary to advance the control to the full "On" position as the detector tube begins to wear out.

A BSW terminal panel is mounted at the rear of the receiver chassis. These terminals are connected in parallel with the B supply switch. If external (remote) stand-by control is desired, it can be accomplished by connecting a switch or relay to the terminals provided on the BSW terminal panel.

TUNING SYSTEM

The tuning capacitors C1 and C2 plus 6 pairs of plug-in type coils are used to tune the frequency range of the receiver in six tuning bands. The frequency coverage and calibration curve of each band is shown in Dwg. 2.

The various coils are stamped "A-1", "A-2", "B-1", "B-2" etc., definitely identifying each coil. These coils are used in pairs, the letter designating the band and the number indicates the circuit position. The coil sockets of the R.F. and detector stages are marked "1" and "2", respectively, to correspond with the coil designations. The location of these coils make them readily accessible for band changing. It should be borne in mind, however, that the high frequency coils, (particularly the "A-1"), must be pushed down in the socket as far as they will go. If they are not, the inductance of the primary and secondary circuits will be increased and the calibration of the circuit will be altered.

POWER SUPPLY

The 1-10A Receiver is designed for operation from National type 5686 power unit, all voltage dividers, etc., being built in so that but one B voltage lead is necessary. The 5686 power unit is designed for operation from a 105-120 volt, 50-60 cps A.C. supply source. This power supply furnishes six volts at 1.6 amperes to the heater circuit and 180 volts at 35 milliamperes to the plate and screen circuits. A 3 volt C battery is used to supply bias to the R.F. tube. This battery is mounted in the rear right-hand corner of the R.F. compartment, being held in place by a spring clip. Two Everready type 915 cells, or equivalent, are needed. They are mounted in a bakelite tube and the positive (center) terminal of the upper cell is grounded at the top by a retaining bracket.

The 1-10A Receiver may be operated from batteries permitting portable or emergency operation. The operator is cautioned that either the loud-speaker connection or a jumper across the output terminals be maintained at all times. Failure to do this breaks the B supply to the plate of the 6V6 tube and places excessive voltage on the screen of the tube. This may result in serious damage to the tube.

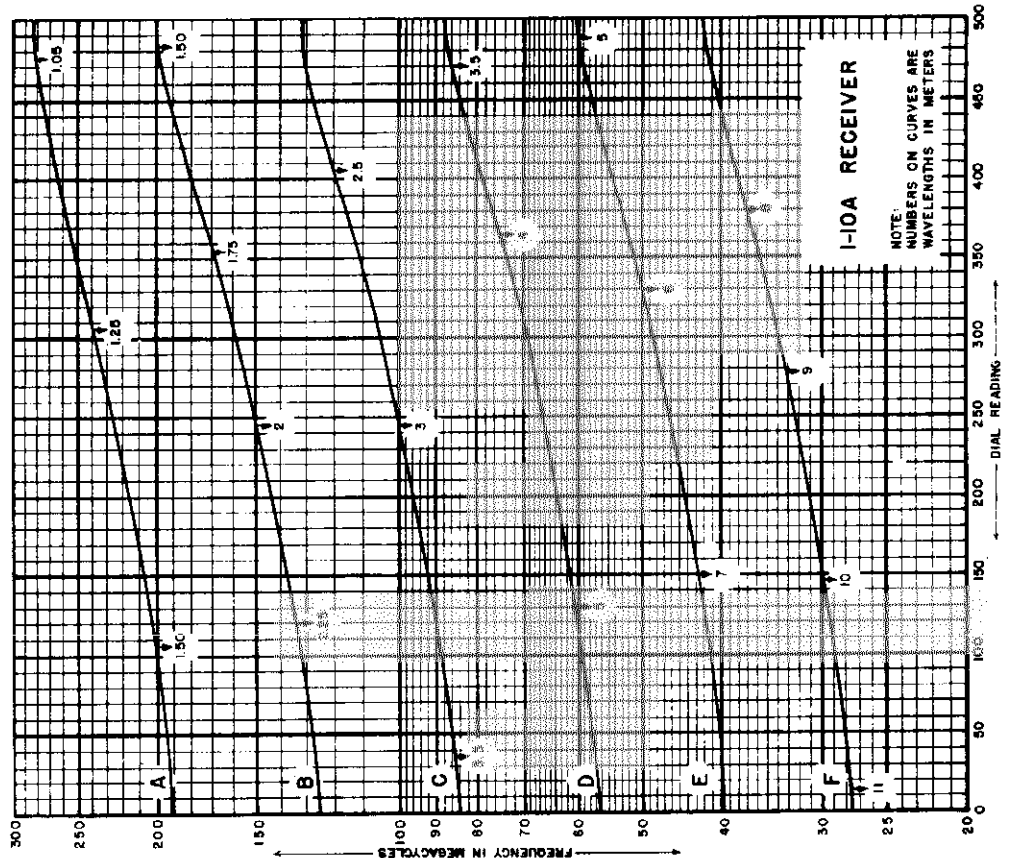
If remote stand-by control is desired make a connection from the terminal on the BSW terminal panel to an external switch or relay.

CIRCUIT

The 1-10A Receiver employs a 4-tube circuit, consisting of one stage of tuned R.F., a self-quenching superregenerative detector, transformer coupled to a first stage of audio which, in turn, is resistance coupled to a power output stage.

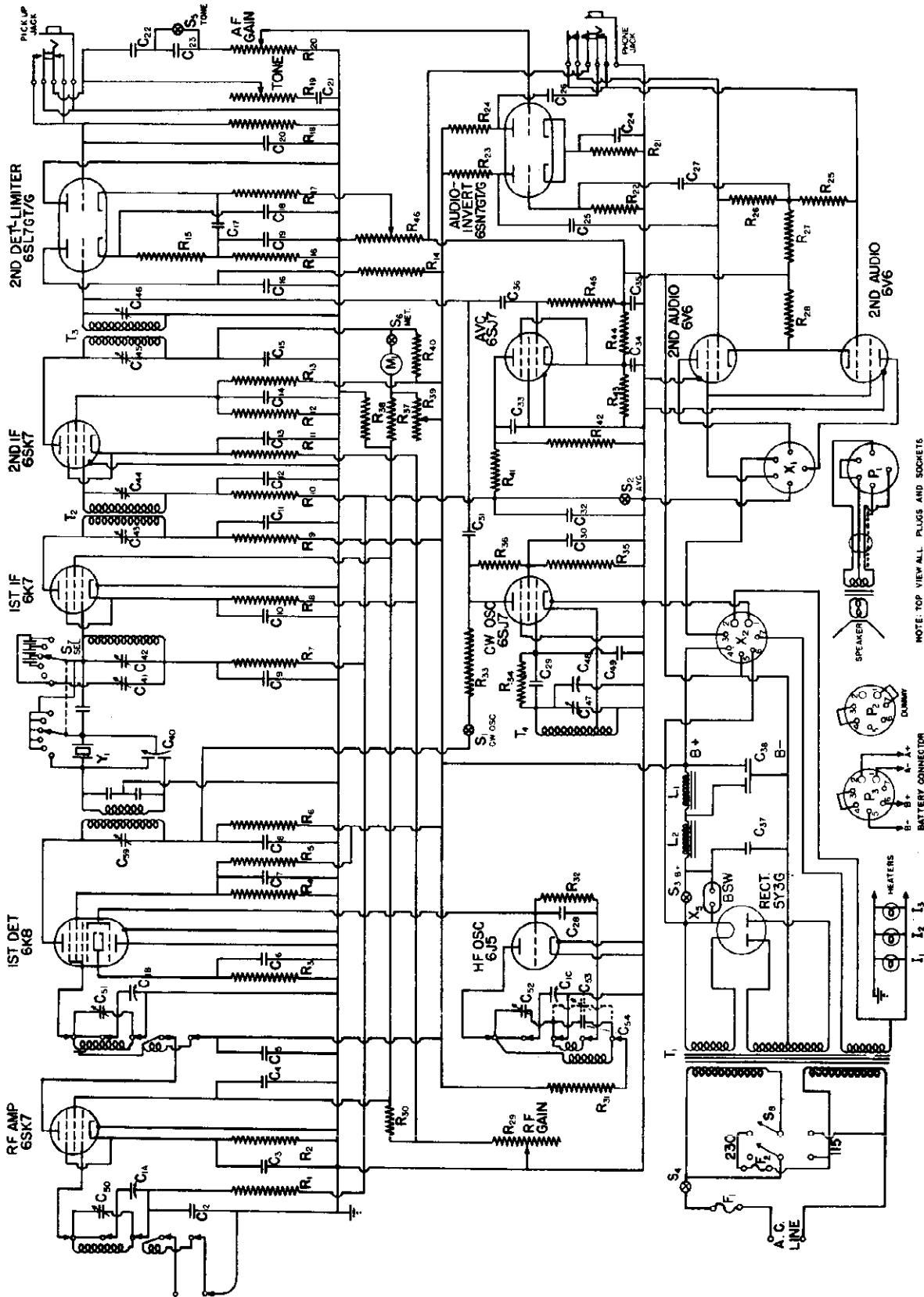
THE 1-10A RECEIVER

A complete National 1-10A communications equipment consists of the 1-10A Receiver, #5686 Power Supply, and a MCS 8" PM dynamic loud-speaker with matching transformer in matching cabinets for table mounting installation.



DWG. NO. 2 CALIBRATION CURVES

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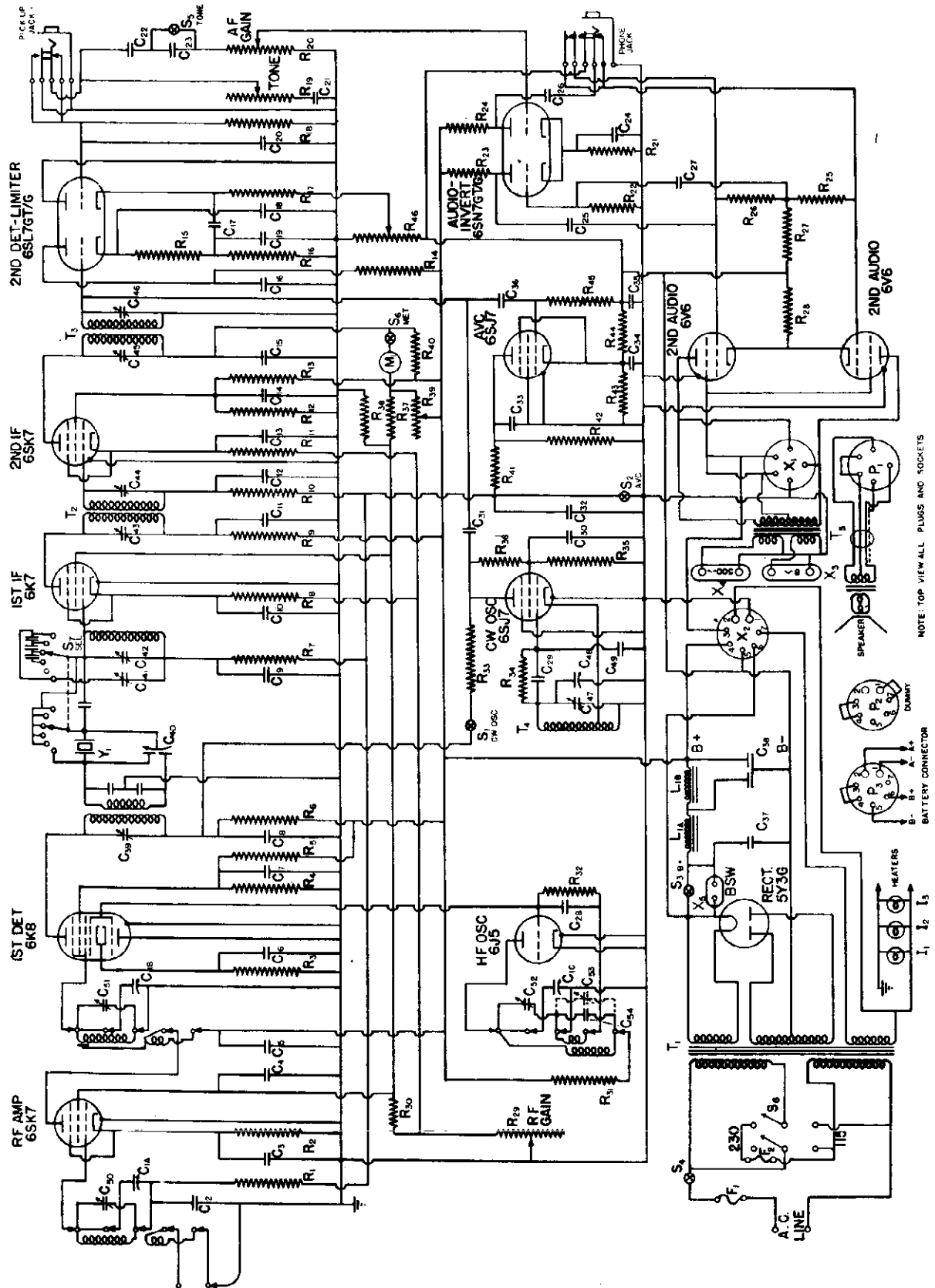


NOTE: TOP VIEW ALL PLUGS AND SOCKETS

NC-2-40C
DWG NO. 4 SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM

IF PEAK 455 KC

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NOTE: TOP VIEW ALL PLUGS AND SOCKETS

NC-2-40CS
DWG. NO. 5 SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM

IF PEAK 455 KC

MODELS NC-2-40C,
NC-2-40CS

NATIONAL CO. INC.

1-1. General

The NC-2-40C RADIO RECEIVER is a twelve tube superheterodyne covering a continuous frequency range of from 490 to 30,000 kilocycles. The NC-2-40CS RADIO RECEIVER is identical with the NC-2-40C except for the frequency range covered and output terminations. The NC-2-40CS has a frequency range of from 200 to 400 and from 1,000 to 30,000 kilocycles.

Each equipment consists of a receiver and speaker built for either relay rack or table mounting and an instruction manual.

Throughout the text of this instruction manual all references to the NC-2-40C shall also apply to the NC-2-40CS except where indicated.

1-2. Circuit

The circuit employed on all bands consists of one stage of radio frequency amplification, a separate first detector and stabilized high frequency oscillator, two intermediate frequency stages, an infinite impedance second detector, a self-balancing phase inverter and audio amplifier, and a push-pull audio output stage.

The second detector utilizes one set of elements of a dual triode; the other set of elements is utilized for a series valve noise limiter. Separate tubes are used in the automatic volume control and beat frequency oscillator circuits. The latter is coupled to the second detector for C.W. reception.

A crystal filter is connected between the first detector and first I.F. amplifier tubes.

1-3. Tube Complement

The NC-2-40C is supplied complete with tubes which are tested in the receiver at the time of alignment.

1-4. Tuning System

The master tuning capacitor C-1 and six sets of coils are used to tune the frequency range of the receiver in six tuning bands.

The frequency coverage of the six bands is as follows:

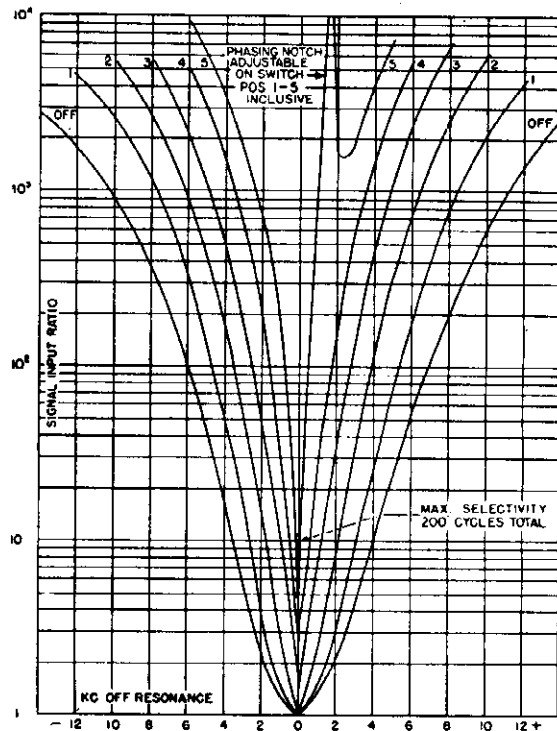
	NC-2-40C	NC-2-40CS
Band A	14.-30. MC	Band A 14.-30. MC
Band B	7.-14.4 MC	Band B 7.-14.4 MC
Band C	3.5-7.3 MC	Band C 3.5-7.3 MC
Band D	1.7-4. MC	Band D 1.7-4. MC
Band E	1.0-2.0 MC	Band E 1.0-2.0 MC
Band F	0.49-1. MC	Band F 200-400 KC

All transformer coils of the R.F. amplifier, first detector and H.F. oscillator stages with their associated padder and air-dielectric trimmer capacitors are mounted in a rigid aluminum casting which slides the length of the chassis, being

moved by the MAIN TUNING control. The various coil assemblies are fitted with heavy contact pins which engage spring contactors mounted immediately under the variable tuning capacitor. This system permits thorough shielding of each individual coil while, at the same time, the coils in use are moved to the best position in the chassis, giving shortest leads to the tubes and master tuning capacitor, and all other coils are completely disconnected from the circuit.

1-5. Crystal Filter

Undoubtedly, the most efficient, flexible crystal filter yet designed is used in the NC-2-40C Receiver. Six uniform steps of selectivity, as shown in Dwg. No. 1, and a variable phasing control allow the receiver to be adjusted to almost any operating condition, a highly desirable feature for both short wave communication and broadcast band reception. The curves show that any degree of selectivity between that of full single signal operation and wide band broadcast reception is available, the ratio between the two being almost forty to one.



Dwg. No. 1. Typical Selectivity Characteristics

1-6. Noise Limiter

The noise limiter of the NC-2-40C Receiver is of the series valve type developed in the national laboratories. Its effectiveness and superior performance as compared to the more common types of 'silencers' were proved in the NHU and modernized NC-100 receivers. A threshold control on the front panel permits adjustment of the level at which limiting action starts.

NATIONAL CO. INC.

1-7. Tone Control

The tone control is used to vary the frequency characteristic of the audio amplifier. The control is particularly helpful when receiving weak signals through interference, as explained in Section 3.

1-8. Signal Strength Meter

A 0 to 1 millimeter, serving as a signal strength meter, is front panel mounted. It is fitted with a scale in S-Units from 1 to 9 and in DB above S-9 from 0 to 40 DB. The bridge circuit, in which the meter is connected, makes possible accurate signal input readings from below 1 microvolt to 1,000 microvolts.

1-9. Antenna Input

Antenna input terminals are located at the rear of the receiver chassis near the center. The input circuit is suitable for use with a single wire antenna, a balanced feed-line or a low impedance concentric transmission line. Average input impedance is 500 ohms.

1-10. Audio Output

(1) A headphone jack is mounted on the front panel and is wired so as to silence the loud speaker when the phone plug is inserted. The correct load impedance for the headphone circuit is 20,000 ohms, this being the usual impedance of phones having a DC resistance of between 2,000 and 3,000 ohms. Maximum audio output available at the phone jack is 15 milliwatts.

(2) A five prong speaker socket (X-1) is provided at the rear of the receiver chassis. To this socket are brought the audio output leads. The proper load impedance (total) for the output circuit is 10,000 ohms. Maximum undistorted audio power output available is 8 watts.

(3) The NC-2-40CS is provided with an output transformer (T5) having a secondary with two windings which are connected to two terminal strips on the rear of the chassis. Both 8 ohm and 500 ohm terminations in addition to the speaker socket termination of 10,000 ohms are thus provided. The 8 and 500 ohm strips are the screw terminal type.

1-11. Power Supply

The standard NC-2-40C Receiver is designed for operation from a 110/120 volt, or 220/240 volt, 50/60 cycle power source. A toggle switch is provided in the dual primary circuit of the power transformer to permit operation from either voltage. Normal power consumption is approximately 100 volt-amps. The built-in power supply delivers all voltages required by the heater and B supply circuits—4.5 amperes at 6.3 volts and 100 milli-amperes at 250 volts, respectively. One side of the AC input line is connected through a 2 ampere and a 1 ampere fuse each housed in an extractor post marked 'FUSE' which are mounted at the rear

of the receiver chassis. The 2 ampere fuse is used in the circuit for 115 volt operation; both 2 and 1 ampere fuses are used for 230 volt operation.

All NC-2-40C Receivers are equipped with a seven prong plug and socket combination to permit portable or emergency operation from batteries; See Section 2-3.

1-12. Loud Speaker

The loud speaker supplied with the table model NC-2-40C receiver is of the permanent magnet field type having a nominal diameter of 10 inches. A coupling transformer, mounted on the loud speaker chassis, matches the voice coil to the output impedance of the receiver. A shielded three wire cable and plug is furnished for connection between the loud speaker and receiver.

1-13. Pick-up Jack

A pick-up jack mounted on the front panel of the receiver may be used to connect auxiliary apparatus, such as phonograph pick-up, to the audio system of the NC-2-40C Radio Receiver. This input circuit is high impedance and feeds into the 6F8G. Audio Amplifier-Phase Inverter tube. The TONE and AF GAIN controls are operative with this connection.

2-1. Antenna Recommendations

When using a single-wire antenna, the lead-in should be connected to one antenna input terminal and the short flexible lead, which is attached to the chassis, should be fastened to the other terminal. The dimensions of the single-wire antenna system are not critical, the recommended length, including lead-in, being from 75 to 100 feet, although any length between 25 and 200 feet may be used.

Feed-lines of doublet systems should be connected to the two input terminals. The flexible lead is not used.

The inner conductor of a concentric transmission line should be connected to one input terminal. The outer conductor and the flexible grounding lead should be connected to the other terminal.

An external ground connection to the chassis may or may not be necessary. It should be used unless it reduces signal strength.

2-2. AC Operation

Insert the dummy connector plug P-2 in the seven prong socket X-2.

Insert loud speaker plug P-1 in the five prong audio output socket X-1 of the Receiver.

Connect antenna feed line.

Set primary selector switch for line voltage to be used i.e. 115 or 230.

MODELS NC-2-40C
NC-2-40CS

NATIONAL CO. INC.

2-3. Battery Operation

The NC-2-40C may be operated in portable or emergency service by connecting batteries to the terminals of battery connector plug P-3 and inserting it in socket X-2, in place of plug P-2. See Fig. No. 1. For normal operation with somewhat reduced loud speaker output, a 6 volt heater supply (storage battery) should be connected to terminals 1 and 2 of plug P-3, and a 180 volt B supply should be connected to plug terminals 5 and 6. The jumper between terminals 3 and 4 (of P-3) completes the plate and screen supply circuits of the 6V6 output tubes. It may be omitted, with greater battery economy, when operation with head-

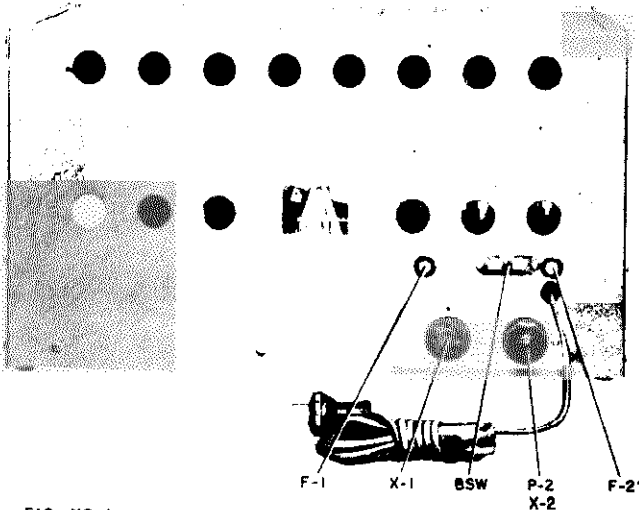


FIG NO. 1

phones only is desired. A suggested refinement is to connect a switch between terminals 3 and 4, thus permitting the 6V6 B supply to be opened at will. Alternatively, removal of speaker plug P-1 from socket X-1 will open the 6V6 B supply in the same manner, without harming the output tubes. A further economy of battery power may be effected by removing the 6V6 tubes from their sockets.

Do not attempt to use plug P-2 for battery connection, since the jumper between terminals 1 and 7 would be incorrect.

3-1. Controls

The MAIN TUNING control knob is located at the middle of the front panel and operates a three gang variable capacitor C-1 through approximately a 60 to 1 ratio reduction drive mechanism.

The accuracy of the calibration can be relied upon to be better than plus or minus 1%.

The tuning system of the NC-2-40C is truly single control; in fact, the MAIN TUNING control referred to above is used for band changing as well as tuning. To select any one of the six tuning bands, the MAIN TUNING control knob is pulled out about $\frac{1}{4}$ inch. When this is done, the dial and capacitor drive mechanism is disengaged and the knob is geared to the coil castings. As

the knob is turned, the coil carriage is moved across the chassis until the proper coil pin contacts engage the circuit contactors, as indicated by the scale markers. Approximately one full turn of the MAIN TUNING knob is required to change from one tuning band to an adjacent tuning band. After the desired band has been selected, the tuning knob is pushed in to its original position, disengaging the coil carriage rack.

The LIMITER control, at the left-hand side of the receiver panel, is used to adjust the DC potential applied to the elements of the series valve noise limiter tube. The limiter circuit is thus provided with an adjustable threshold at which limiting starts. Any audio voltages, or peaks, in excess of this threshold are prevented from reaching the audio amplifier. With the LIMITER control set at 0, the limiter circuits will pass all but the strongest audio peak voltages; when the control is set at 10, the threshold is lowered to a point where the audio signal will be distorted due to suppression of the positive peaks.

The R.F. GAIN knob is located below and to the right of the LIMITER knob. It is used to adjust the amplification of the R.F. amplifier and two I.F. amplifier tubes. Amplification increases as the control is turned clockwise towards 9. With the knob set at 10, the meter switch is closed, connecting the signal strength meter. See Section 3-4 regarding meter use.

A CONTROL SWITCH is mounted above the R.F. GAIN control knob. In the AVC position, the automatic volume control circuits are in operation; in the MVC position, automatic volume control is turned off; in the CWO position, the beat frequency oscillator is turned on and the automatic volume control is turned off.

The POWER SUPPLY control knob is directly above the CONTROL SWITCH. In the counterclockwise position, OFF, the receiver is turned off, the primary circuit being opened by the AC line switch; in the mid-position B+ OFF, the AC line switch is turned on but the B supply circuits are incomplete since the B+ switch is opened; in the clockwise position, B+ ON, the B+ switch is closed, completing the B supply circuit. The B+ OFF position may thus be used for rendering the receiver inoperative, as may be required during transmission periods.

The PRIMARY SELECTOR SWITCH of the power transformer is mounted on the receiver chassis to the right of the power transformer. This switch selects the proper circuit arrangement of the dual primary for operation from either 115 or 230 volt power source. There is a shield provided to prevent unintentional throwing of the switch.

The A.F. GAIN control knob is located to the right of the MAIN TUNING control. It is used to adjust the audio amplification of the receiver.

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Audio amplification increases as the control is turned towards 10 on the scale.

The PHASING and SELECTIVITY controls, located above the A.F. GAIN knob, are part of the crystal filter. When the SELECTIVITY control is set at OFF, the crystal is switched out of the circuit. With the crystal switched out, the phasing control has little influence on receiver performance. With the SELECTIVITY control knob set at any point between 1 and 5, inclusive, the crystal filter is in operation, selectivity increasing as the knob is advanced to 5.

The PHASING control is then used to balance the crystal bridge circuit and eliminate interfering signals or heterodynes. See Sections 3-2 and 3-3.

The C.W. OSC. control knob located to the right of the SELECTIVITY control is used for varying the frequency of the beat oscillator. At 0 on the C.W. OSC. scale, the beat oscillator is tuned to the intermediate frequency. See Section 3-3.

A TONE control knob is located above the C.W. OSC. knob and is used to vary the frequency characteristic of the audio amplifier as previously described.

A BSW terminal panel is mounted at the rear of the receiver chassis. The terminals are connected in parallel with the B+ switch. If external (remote) stand-by control is desired, it can be accomplished by connecting a switch or relay to these terminals.

3-2. Phone Reception

After the equipment is properly installed, in accordance with Section 2, it is placed in operation by turning the POWER SUPPLY switch to B+ ON. The LIMITER control should be set at 0. The CONTROL SWITCH should be set at AVC. The PHASING knob should be set at 0; the SELECTIVITY at OFF; the TONE control should be set to give the desired audio characteristic; the R.F. GAIN control should be advanced to some point between 8 and 10, depending upon receiving conditions; the A.F. GAIN control should be set at the point providing the desired audio volume. The receiver is now adjusted for the reception of phone signals and will tune to the frequency indicated by the MAIN TUNING dial. The C.W. OSC. knob has no influence on receiver performance under these conditions.

With the CONTROL SWITCH set in the AVC position, as recommended, the R.F. GAIN knob should be advanced as far as receiving conditions permit, or until background noise becomes objectionably loud. Audio output should be adjusted entirely by means of the A.F. GAIN knob. The operator must remember that automatic volume control action will be restricted unless the R.F. GAIN knob is fully advanced.

The CONTROL SWITCH may be set at MVC, in which case the operator must be careful not to advance the R.F. GAIN knob to a point where I.F. or audio amplifier overload occurs. Such overload is indicated by distortion. In general, the A.F. GAIN

control may be set at about half way on, i.e., a 5 and the audio output adjusted by means of the R.F. GAIN control.

If a signal is weak and partially obscured by background noise and static, best signal-to-noise ratio will be obtained by turning the TONE control toward the LOW position. The most effective setting must be determined by trial as too much attenuation of high audio frequencies will impair the intelligibility of speech.

When a signal is accompanied by static peak or noise pulses of high intensity and short duration, the best signal-to-noise ratio will be obtained by advancing the LIMITER control toward 10. The best setting must be determined by trial as too much limiter action will impair audio quality. If static peaks and noise pulses are extremely strong or if they are of fairly long duration, the effectiveness of the limiter will be best with the CONTROL SWITCH in the MVC position. In such cases both R.F. GAIN and LIMITER control must be carefully adjusted for optimum signal-to-noise ratio.

The selectivity of the receiver may be adjusted by means of the crystal filter. The normal setting of the SELECTIVITY control in phone reception is at one of the positions affording broad selectivity. Positions 1 or 2 are recommended. Selectivity may be progressively increased by turning the SELECTIVITY control to positions 3, and 5 although advancing the control too far will increase selectivity to a degree where phone signals become unintelligible.

The PHASING control is used to eliminate or attenuate heterodynes. The normal setting of the PHASING control in phone reception is at 0 on the scale. If, after a signal has been tuned in, a interfering signal causes a heterodyne or whistle the PHASING control should be adjusted until the interference is reduced to a minimum. The setting of the PHASING control which provides maximum attenuation of the heterodyne will depend upon the pitch of the heterodyne whistle. If the beat note is above 1,000 cycles, the optimum PHASING control setting will be near 0; if the beat note is 300 or 400 cycles, the optimum PHASING control setting will be near one end of the scale or the other depending upon whether the interfering signal has a higher or lower frequency than the desired signal.

It is recommended that the TONE control be set in the HIGH position when using the crystal filter in phone reception. The resulting attenuation of low audio frequencies tends to compensate for the side-band cutting action of the crystal filter.

3-3. C.W. Reception

The initial adjustment of the receiver for C.W. reception is as described in Section 3-2, except that the CONTROL SWITCH must be in the C.W.C position. The C.W. OSC. control should be set at mid-scale.

MODELS NC-2-40C,
NC-2-40CS

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The sensitivity of the receiver should be adjusted by means of the R.F. GAIN control, care being taken not to advance the control to the point where strong signals will cause I.F. or audio amplifier overload, as indicated by excessive thumping.

The action of the TONE and LIMITER controls will be similar to that described under Section 3-2. When receiving C.W. signals, it will be possible to advance both TONE and LIMITER controls considerably further than is possible in phone reception, since audio distortion is relatively unimportant.

Turning the C.W. OSC. control will change the characteristic pitch of the receiver background noise. The pitch will become higher as the beat frequency oscillator is detuned from the I.F. amplifier. With the C.W. OSC. control set at 2 or 3 (on either side of 0), the characteristic pitch of the receiver background noise will be in the neighborhood of 2,000 cycles. Under these conditions, the audio beat note of any C.W. signal will show a broad peak at approximately 2,000 cycles. This peak will appear on 'one side of the carrier' only and the other side, where the audio beat note is around 2,000 cycles, will be considerably weaker. This characteristic, known as 'semi-single signal', is helpful in receiving weak signals through interference.

As stated in Section 3-2, the selectivity of the receiver may be adjusted by means of the crystal filter, the action of the SELECTIVITY and PHASING controls in C.W. reception being similar to that described. It is possible, however, to utilize the full range of crystal filter selectivity in C.W. reception. Maximum selectivity is obtained with the SELECTIVITY control set at 5. With this setting the single-signal effect, outlined above, becomes very pronounced; in other words, the audio beat note is very sharply peaked at a definite audio frequency which is determined by the setting of the C.W. OSC. control. The operator may have difficulty in finding the audio-peak when first attempting to use the crystal filter. After a signal has been accurately tuned to give peak response, the R.F. GAIN control may need to be retarded in order to prevent I.F. or audio overloading. With the receiver tuned to 'crystal peak', an interfering signal may be attenuated by proper setting of the PHASING knob since this control does not appreciably affect the desired signal.

3-1. Measurement of Signal Strength

To make a measurement of signal strength by means of the S-meter, the R.F. GAIN control must be advanced to 10, and the CONTROL SWITCH set at the AVC position. The crystal filter should be turned OFF by means of the SELECTIVITY control; the PHASING knob set at 0. The TONE, LIMITER and A.F. GAIN controls do not affect the meter reading.

Tuning the receiver to a signal will cause the meter to read, indicating the signal input in S-units or in decibels above the S-9 level.

With no R.F. input to the receiver, or with the antenna disconnected, the S-meter should read 0, plus or minus 1 S-unit. If it does not, the S-meter circuit requires adjustment. See Section 5-5.

Measurement of the signal strength of C.W. signals cannot be made with the beat frequency oscillator in operation.

4-1. Tube Failures

Failure of a vacuum tube in the receiver may reduce the sensitivity, produce intermittent operation, or cause the equipment to be completely inoperative. In such cases, all tubes should be checked either in an analyzer or similar tube testing equipment, or by replacement with tubes of proven qualities. All tubes should be marked as they are removed from the receiver so that they may be returned to their original sockets thereby reducing the necessity for realignment.

Individual tubes of the same type will vary slightly in their characteristics and it is well to remember this fact when replacements become necessary. Even though the circuit is designed to reduce the effect of such variations to a minimum, the high frequency oscillator and I.F. tubes should be selected with some care. A replacement high frequency oscillator should be checked in the receiver to make sure that the inter-electrode capacities are the same as those of the tube originally employed. This is easily determined by noting any change in dial calibration.

Substitution of new tubes in the I.F. amplifier may possibly alter overall gain and selectivity characteristics. Instructions for realignment are given in detail in Section 5-2.

One other point should be checked when trying the new high frequency oscillator; a fairly strong steady signal should be tuned in, preferably on some frequency above 10 mc.; the beat frequency oscillator should be turned off; jarring the receiver, or lightly tapping the tube, should not show any evidence of noise in the output.

4-2. Circuit Failures

Even though all component parts of the receiver have an ample factor of safety, failure may occur in individual cases. Excluding tubes, the most common failure will probably be due to some defect in a capacitor or resistor. Measurement of voltage in accordance with Section 4-4 will no doubt show where failure has occurred.

4-3. Stage Gain Measurements

The sensitivity measurements listed below are made with the equipment set up as specified in Section 5-1. The CONTROL SWITCH should be set at MVC, the A.F. GAIN at 10, the SELECTIVITY at OFF

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and the PHASING at 0. The signal generator should be adjusted to deliver a test signal of 455 plus or minus 2 kc. either modulated or unmodulated. The high output lead should be attached to the grid of the tube specified in the table below and the ground lead connected to the receiver chassis.

With 1 milliwatt output at the phone jack, the test signal should be within the limits specified below.

Terminal	Test Signal
First Det. Grid...	50 ± 10 Microvolts
First I.F. Grid...	250 ± 50 Microvolts
Sec. I.F. Grid...	50,000 ± 10,000 Microvolts
Sec. Det. Grid...	Over 1 volt

4-1. Voltage Tabulation

All measurements of voltages should be made with the equipment connected for normal operation with AC supply of 115 volt, 50/60 cycle or 230 volt, 50/60 cycle. Except as noted, the R.F. GAIN knob is at 9, the LIMITER knob set at 0 and the CONTROL SWITCH knob set at MVC. A DC Voltmeter of 1,000 ohms per volt sensitivity should be used. The following table must not be considered as a list of the actual operating voltages since loading effects of the measuring instrument will disturb many of the circuits and alter normal voltage distribution. All voltages are measured between specified terminal and chassis.

Tube Terminal	DC Volts ±15%
R.F. Amp. Grid.....	0
R.F. Amp. Cathode.....	3 A
R.F. Amp. Cathode.....	25 A*
R.F. Amp. Screen.....	80 B
R.F. Amp. Plate.....	230 B
First Det. Grid.....	0
First Det. Cathode.....	1 A
First Det. Screen.....	80 B
First Det. Plate.....	225 B
H.F. Osc. Grid.....	C
H.F. Osc. Cathode.....	0
H.F. Osc. Plate.....	90 B
First I.F. Grid.....	0
First I.F. Cathode.....	3 A
First I.F. Cathode.....	25 A*
First I.F. Screen.....	80 B
First I.F. Plate.....	225 B
Sec. I.F. Grid.....	0
Sec. I.F. Cathode.....	5 A
Sec. I.F. Cathode.....	25 A*
Sec. I.F. Screen.....	95 B
Sec. I.F. Plate.....	225 B
Sec. Det. Grid.....	0
Sec. Det. Cathode.....	8 A
Sec. Det. Plate.....	225 B
Limiter Grid.....	-3 A
Limiter Cathode.....	4.5 A

Tube Terminal	DC Volts ±15%
Limiter Cathode.....	0 D
Limiter Plate.....	0
AVC Grid.....	-25 AE
AVC Cathode.....	-45 AE
AVC Screen.....	0 E
AVC Plate.....	0 E
B.F. Osc. Grid.....	C
B.F. Osc. Cathode.....	0 F
B.F. Osc. Screen.....	10 AF
B.F. Osc. Plate.....	25 AF
Amp.-Inv. Grids.....	0
Amp.-Inv. Cathode.....	4.5 A
Amp.-Inv. Plates.....	115 B
Audio Grids.....	-20 A
Audio Cathodes.....	-40 A
Audio Screens.....	230 B
Audio Plates.....	215 B
B+ Common.....	230 B
B- Common.....	-50 B

A--0 to 50 volt meter scale

B--0 to 250 volt meter scale

C--Accurate measurement cannot be made

D--LIMITER knob set at 10

E--CONTROL SWITCH knob set at AVC

F--CONTROL SWITCH knob set at CWO

*--R.F. GAIN knob set at 0

The Power Output Tubes used in the NC-2-40C Radio Receiver may be the metal type 6V6 or the glass type 6V6GT/G. It is necessary, however, to provide glass type 6V6GT/G output tubes with metal shields to avoid oscillation in the audio amplifier. The recommended shield is Goat type G1222K with type G1004 connector.

5-1. General

All circuits are carefully aligned, before shipment, using precision crystal oscillators which insure close conformability to the dial calibration. No readjustment will be required, therefore, unless the receiver is tampered with or damaged.

To determine the necessity for realignment, the receiver should first be carefully checked against its normal performance as described in Section 3. In no case should realignment be attempted unless tests indicate that such realignment is necessary.

The coil group which is plugged into the circuit at any time is the one directly underneath the three gang master tuning capacitor. The coil nearest the front panel of the receiver is in the H.F. oscillator circuit, the middle coil is in the first detector circuit and the coil nearest the antenna input terminal panel is in the R.F. amplifier circuit. See Fig. No. 5.

All coils have individual trimmer capacitors. The H.F. oscillator circuits of tuning bands E & F

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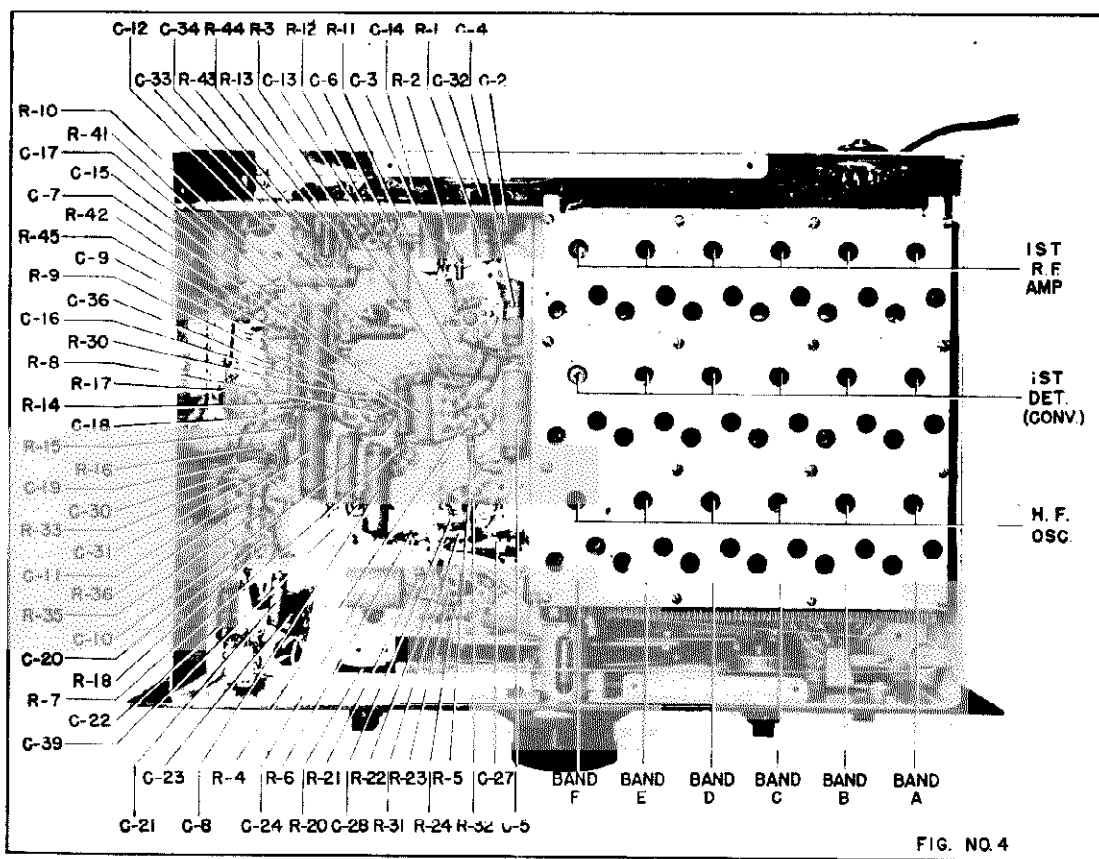


FIG. NO. 4

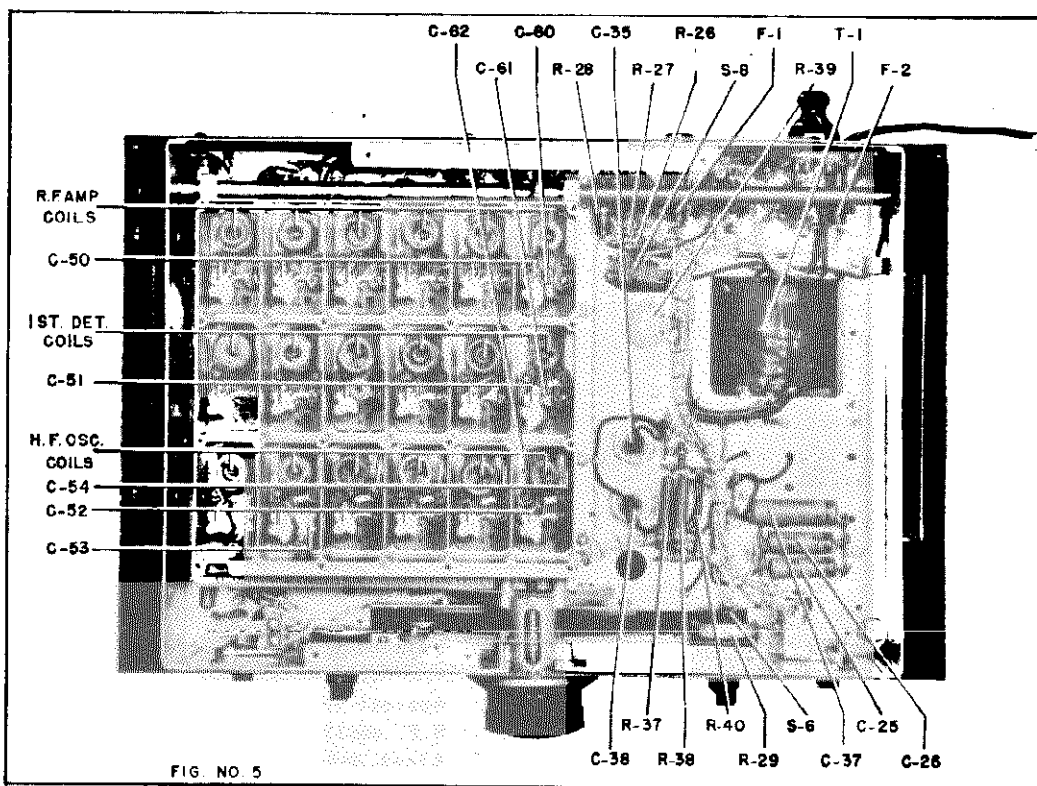


FIG. NO. 5

The two bottom views above show the NC-2-40C Receiver with the coil carriage at the extreme end of its travel. It will be noted that such construction makes all components readily accessible.

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have, also, variable series padding capacitors. These capacitors are identified in Fig. No. 5.

A screwdriver having a metal shaft may be used to make adjustments in the high frequency circuits but capacity effects will be noticeable, and the shaft should not touch any part of the aluminum casting.

Before proceeding with the alignment of any circuit of the receiver, the equipment must be set up as specified in Section 2, except that the antenna lead-in or transmission line must be disconnected. An output meter having a 20,000 ohm resistor load should be connected to the phone output jack. The POWER SUPPLY knob should be set at B, ON and the R.F. GAIN knob set at 9. The TONE control knob should be set at N and the LIMITER knob should be retarded to 0.

Alignment of the equipment may be divided into two major steps:

- (1) I.F. Amplifier Alignment
- (2) H.F. Circuits Alignment
 - (a) H.F. Oscillator
 - (b) First Detector and R.F. Amplifier
 - (c) Tracking of H.F. Circuits

The circuits MUST be tuned in the above order when complete alignment is necessary.

3-2. I.F. Amplifier Alignment

The intermediate frequency of the NC-2-40C Receiver is 455 kilocycles, plus or minus 2 kilocycles. The exact frequency is determined by the quartz crystal resonator Y-1.

Tuning capacitors are provided on the crystal filter and on each I.F. transformer. These capacitors are designated by symbol numbers C-39 and C-41 to C-46, inclusive on Fig. Nos. 3 and 4.

The high output lead of an accurately calibrated signal generator should be connected to the grid terminal of the first detector tube and the grounded lead to any convenient point on the

generator, the dummy antenna being omitted. The CONTROL SWITCH of the receiver should be in the CWO position and the modulation of the signal generator turned off to provide a steady C.W. test signal. The PHASING control of the receiver should be set at 0 and the SELECTIVITY control at 5. The A.F. GAIN control should be fully advanced.

Adjust the output attenuator of the signal generator to provide a signal of approximately 100 microvolts and vary the tuning control of the signal generator slowly between the frequencies of 453 and 457 kilocycles. At some frequency between these limits the I.F. amplifier of the receiver will show a very sharply peaked response, as indicated on the output meter. The output attenuator of the signal generator should be retarded after the signal generator has been tuned to the I.F. peak in order to avoid I.F. or audio overload; the C.W. OSC. control must be set to provide an audio beat note in the middle of the audio range (between 400 and 1,000 cycles).

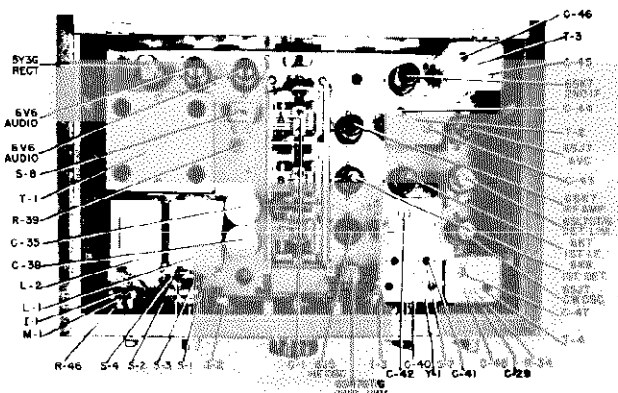
The I.F. tuning capacitors C-39 and C-43 to C-46, inclusive, should each be carefully adjusted to give a maximum reading on the output meter. The order in which the adjustments are made is not important. While making I.F. amplifier adjustments, it will be necessary to retard the attenuator of the signal generator if the readjustment increases I.F. amplifier gain to the point where overload occurs.

The crystal filter SELECTIVITY knob should then be set at 1 and the signal generator detuned between 3 and 4 kilocycles either side of the crystal frequency. Capacitor C-42 should be tuned for maximum output meter reading. After this adjustment is made, the SELECTIVITY knob should be set at OFF and the signal generator retuned to exact crystal frequency. Compensator capacitor C-41 should then be adjusted for maximum reading on the output meter.

The performance of the I.F. amplifier and audio circuits may be checked against the stage gain data in Section 4-3 after alignment has been completed. Selectivity may be checked against the curves of Dwg. No. 1.

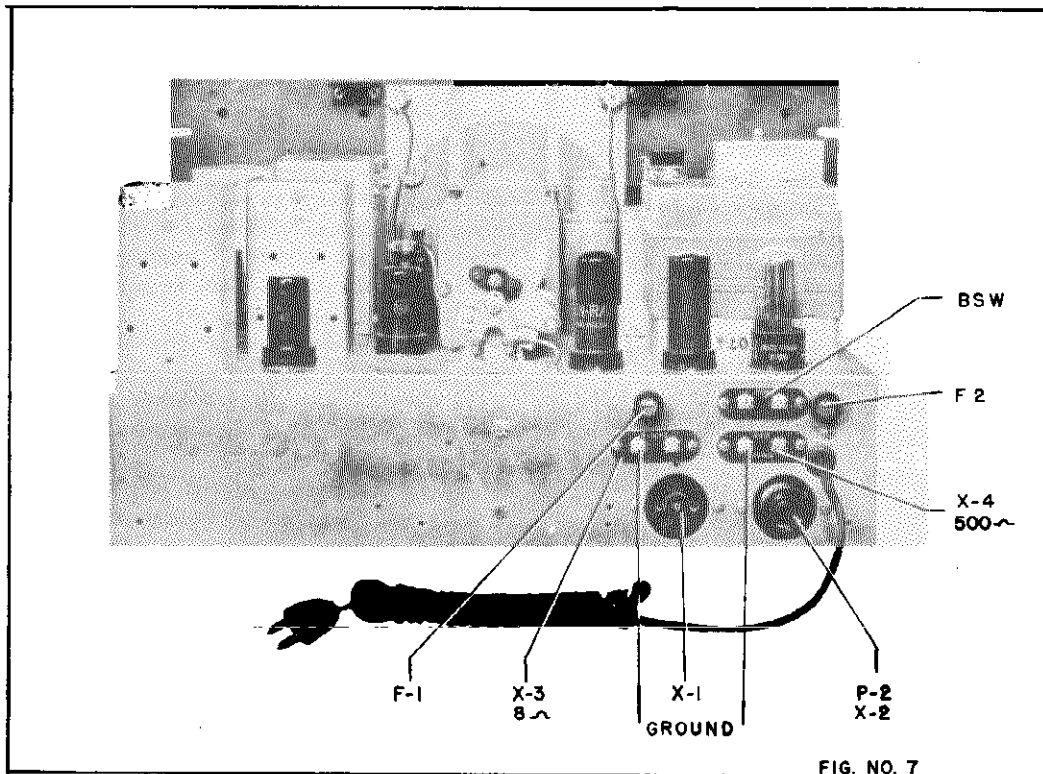
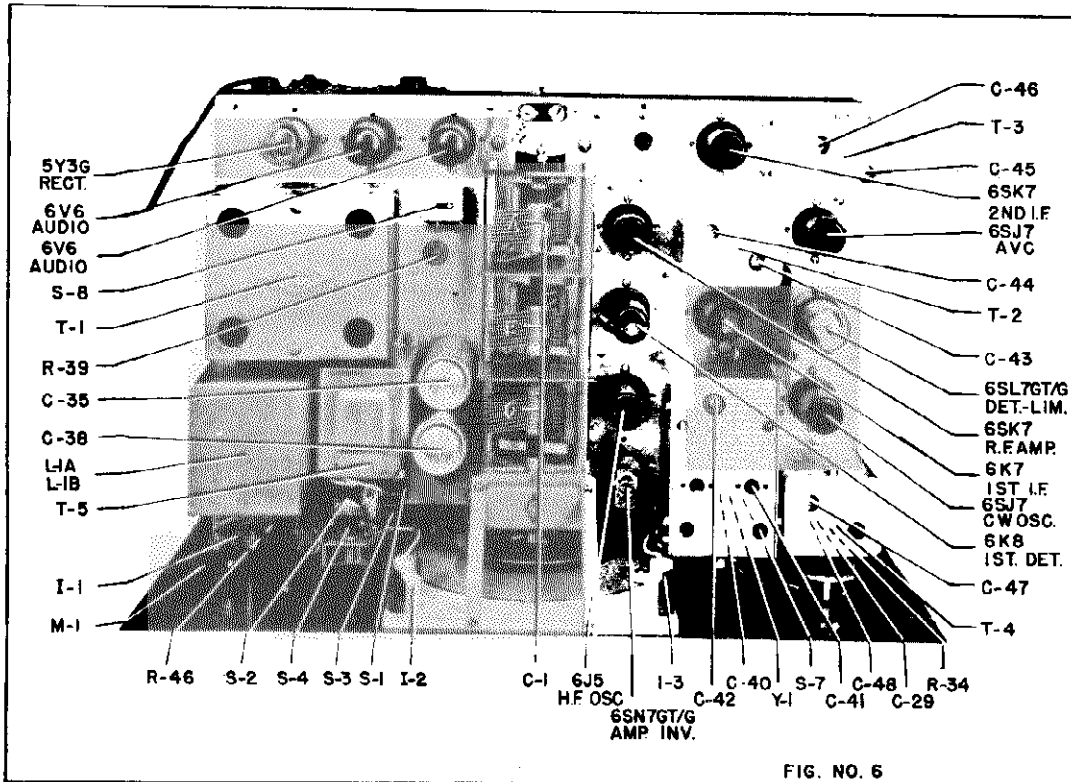
After alignment of the I.F. amplifier has been completed, the C.W. OSC. control should be set at 0 at which setting the C.W. oscillator should be at zero beat with the test signal. If zero beat does not occur at zero, readjust capacitor C-47 of transformer T-4, as shown in Fig. No. 3.

The quartz crystal resonator Y-1 may be checked at the conclusion of I.F. amplifier alignment as follows: the SELECTIVITY control should be set at 5 and the signal generator tuned to the crystal frequency. The output meter reading should be noted. When the SELECTIVITY knob is turned to OFF, the meter reading should decrease 1 to 2 db. provided the PHASING knob is at 0. An



chassis. The flexible lead need not be disconnected from the grid of the tube. Connection is made directly from the output jack of the signal

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Top and rear views of NC-2-40CS receiver

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increase in meter reading can, in most cases, be traced to an improper adjustment in the I.F. amplifier, since the crystal resonator is mounted in a sealed holder, and it is rather unlikely that trouble will be had from that source.

5-3. General Coverage Alignment

(a) H.F. oscillator

Alignment is effected as follows: with the coil range to be aligned connected in the circuit and with the receiver controls set as recommended in Section 5-1, the MAIN TUNING dial should be set near the high frequency end of the range. A signal generator should be connected to the antenna input terminal through a standard IRE dummy antenna and accurately tuned to deliver a signal of the same frequency as that indicated by the receiver dial setting. If, when this signal is tuned in, the dial reading is too high, the capacity of the H.F. oscillator trimmer C-52 should be decreased to make corrections. Conversely, low dial readings are corrected by increasing the capacity of trimmer C-52.

It is imperative that the high frequency oscillator circuits operate at a higher frequency than that of the first detector and R.F. amplifier circuits. This can be checked by tuning in the image signal, which should appear at a dial reading approximately 910 kilocycles below that of the real signal. The image signal should be considerably weaker if the R.F. amplifier is correctly aligned and a stronger test signal may be required before the image can be found. If the image does not appear at the lower frequency dial setting, the H.F. oscillator circuit is incorrectly adjusted and the capacity of the H.F. oscillator trimmer capacitor in question must be decreased until the real signal and image signal appear at the proper points on the dial.

(b) First Detector and R.F. Amplifier

With the signal generator adjusted to deliver a modulated signal near the high frequency limit of the band to be checked, the receiver should be tuned to give maximum output, as indicated by the output meter. The first detector and R.F. amplifier trimmer capacitors C-51 and C-50, respectively, should then be varied until the output meter reads maximum. On the highest frequency bands, adjustment of the first detector and R.F. amplifier trimmers may change the calibration of the high frequency oscillator, necessitating retuning of the MAIN TUNING dial. If these trimmers should require considerable realignment, it may be necessary to readjust the high frequency oscillator trimmer C-52 in order to maintain correct calibration.

A very simple and quick method of first detector and R.F. trimmer alignment may be used if a signal generator is not available. This method consists of setting the trimmers at the adjustment which provides maximum circuit or background

noise. It will be found that trimmer settings under this method are sufficiently sharp to provide good alignment, although the adjustment must be made with care to avoid alignment to the image frequency.

(c) Tracking of H.F. Circuits

After the H.F. oscillator, first detector and R.F. amplifier trimmers have been properly set at the high frequency limit of the band, the receiver should be tuned to a frequency toward the low frequency end. Tracking at any point up to the low frequency limit may be checked by adjusting the signal generator to the proper frequency and testing the settings of the first detector and R.F. amplifier trimmers for maximum gain. Calibration may be checked also at these points. After such a test, all trimmers checked should be reset at the high frequency end of the band since their settings are most critical at this point.

Errors in tracking near the low frequency limits of the band can be caused by defects in any of three circuit elements.

- (1) The tuning capacitor section.
- (2) The circuit inductance.
- (3) The H.F. oscillator series padding capacitor.

In order to determine if one or more section of the master tuning capacitor C-1 are the cause of any mistracking present, it is necessary to make the check described above on two or more different bands. If the same tracking error appears on all bands, the master tuning capacitor is definitely at fault. The error should be corrected by permanently bending the rotor or stator plates to provide the proper capacity.

If the tracking error appears only in the R.F. amplifier or first detector stage of only one band, the inductance of the tuned circuit of that stage is incorrect. Should the tracking check indicate that the H.F. oscillator circuit of a particular band is at fault, either the inductance of the circuit, the series padding capacitor or both may be responsible.

After any change or readjustment is made to any high frequency circuit inductance or series padding capacity, it will be necessary to religate the associated trimmer at the high frequency limit of the coil range. Tracking should then be rechecked.

5-4. S-Meter Adjustment

The S-meter balancing resistor R-39, shown in Fig. No. 3, is used to obtain zero meter reading in the absence of signal input to the receiver. The adjustment is as follows: Set the R.F. GAIN control at 10, CONTROL SWITCH at MVC, and disconnect the antenna leads; adjust R-39 until the S-meter reads zero.

MODELS NC-2-40C,
NC-2-40CS

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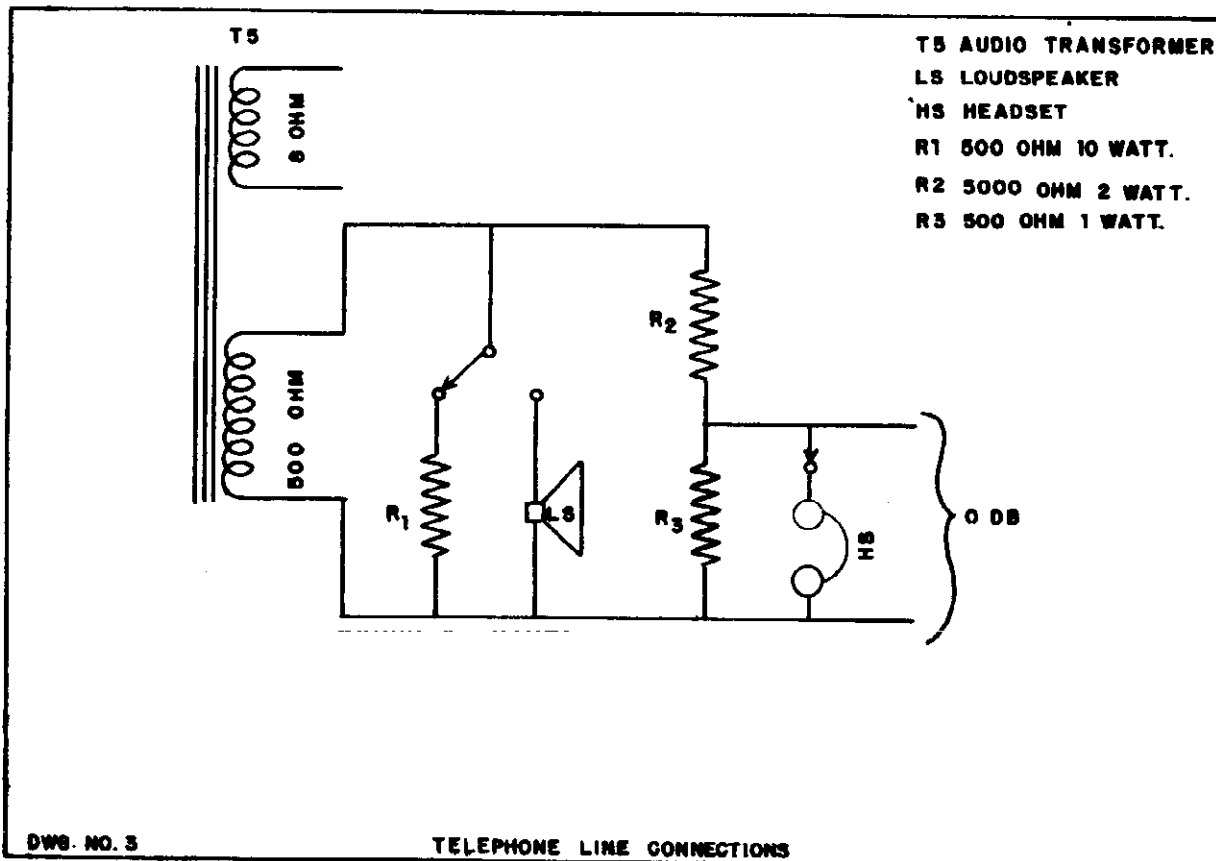
5-5. Band Indicator Adjustment

An adjustment for centering the band indicator markers in the horizontal slots of the dial face is located in back of the MAIN TUNING knob. It is recommended that the MAIN TUNING knob be pulled out to engage the band changing mechanism, and

turned clockwise to the last position before the stop. The red band marker should then indicate the 14-30mc. tuning band. To make the adjustment, simply remove the tuning knob and set the $\frac{1}{8}$ " hex-head screw as may be required. The screw is self-locking.

It is often found necessary in various communication services to provide a means for feeding the output of the receiver into a standard 500 ohm telephone transmission line at a 6 milliwatt or ODB level. Also means for monitoring the receiver and the telephone circuit may be required. The NC-2-40CS can be readily provided with a voltage divider and monitor circuit to fulfill these requirements. A suitable divider will consist of a 5000 ohm, 2 watt resistor connected in series with 500 ohm, 1 watt resistor across the 500 ohm termination of T5 (see X-4 in Fig. 7). In addition to the divider, the output circuit must be terminated at all times, either by use of a properly matched loud-speaker or a suitable load resistor. A loud-speaker or load resistor may be connected to any one of the three output circuits, but the voltage divider mentioned above must be connected to the 500 ohm output circuit.

Drawing number 3 shows a possible circuit arrangement using a 500 ohm loud-speaker or a 500 ohm, 10 watt load resistor as the receiver load. The switch functions merely to silence the loud-speaker when required. If either a 10,000 ohm loud-speaker or an 8 ohm speaker is used no additional 500 ohm load is required across the 500 ohm receiver output circuit. Headphone monitoring connections should be made to the 500 ohm telephone line as shown because plugging the headphones into the receiver phone jack disables the speaker output circuits. A high impedance headset is recommended for use across the 500 ohm telephone line. The total attenuation of the voltage divider is approximately 20 decibels. The power supplied to the 500 ohm telephone line corresponding to maximum receiver output is approximately 20 milliwatts.



DWB. NO. 3

TELEPHONE LINE CONNECTIONS

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PARTS LIST (Continued)

NC-2-40C AND NC-2-40CS RECEIVERS PARTS LIST

CAPACITORS		RESISTORS	
SYMBOL	FUNCTION	TYPE	RATING
C1A	R.F. Amplifier Tuning.....	Air	225 mfd., max.
C1B	First Detector Tuning.....	Air	225 mfd., max.
C1C	H.F. Oscillator Tuning.....	Air	225 mfd., max.
C2	R.F. Grid Filter.....	Mica	.005 mfd., 300 v.d.c.w.
C3	R.F. Cathode By-pass.....	Paper	.1 mfd., 400 v.d.c.w.
C4	R.F. Screen By-pass.....	Paper	.1 mfd., 400 v.d.c.w.
C5	R.F. B+ By-pass.....	Paper	.1 mfd., 600 v.d.c.w.
C6	First Det. Cathode By-pass.....	Paper	.1 mfd., 400 v.d.c.w.
C7	First Det. Screen By-pass.....	Paper	.1 mfd., 400 v.d.c.w.
C8	First Det. B+ By-pass.....	Paper	.1 mfd., 600 v.d.c.w.
C9	First I.F. Grid Filter.....	Paper	.01 mfd., 400 v.d.c.w.
C10	First I.F. Cathode By-pass.....	Paper	.1 mfd., 400 v.d.c.w.
C11	First I.F. B+ By-pass.....	Paper	.1 mfd., 600 v.d.c.w.
C12	Sec. I.F. Grid Filter.....	Paper	.01 mfd., 200 v.d.c.w.
C13	Sec. I.F. Cathode By-pass.....	Paper	.1 mfd., 400 v.d.c.w.
C14	Sec. I.F. Screen By-pass.....	Paper	.1 mfd., 400 v.d.c.w.
C15	Sec. I.F. B+ By-pass.....	Paper	.1 mfd., 600 v.d.c.w.
C16	Sec. Det. Plate By-pass.....	Paper	.01 mfd., 200 v.d.c.w.
C17	Sec. Det. to Limiter Audio Coupling.....	Paper	.1 mfd., 200 v.d.c.w.
C18	Sec. Det. Cathode By-pass.....	Ceramic	.00025 mfd., 500 v.d.c.w.
C19	Sec. Det. I.F. By-pass.....	Mica	.001 mfd., 500 v.d.c.w.
C20	Limiter Output By-pass.....	Paper	.00025 mfd., 500 v.d.c.w.
C21	Tone Control.....	Paper	.01 mfd., 600 v.d.c.w.
C22	Limiter to Inverter-Audio Coupling.....	Paper	.01 mfd., 600 v.d.c.w.
C23	Tone Control.....	Mica	.001 mfd., 500 v.d.c.w.
C24	Inverter-Audio Cathode By-pass.....	Elsec.	10 mfd., 50 v.d.c.w.
C25	Inverter-Audio to Output Coupling.....	Paper	.1 mfd., 400 v.d.c.w.
C26	Inverter-Audio to Output Coupling.....	Paper	.1 mfd., 400 v.d.c.w.
C27	Inverter Feedback Coupling.....	Paper	.1 mfd., 400 v.d.c.w.
C28	H.F. Oscillator Grid.....	Ceramic	.0001 mfd., 500 v.d.c.w.
C29	Beat Oscillator Grid.....	Mica	.001 mfd., 500 v.d.c.w.
C30	Beat Oscillator Screen By-pass.....	Paper	.1 mfd., 400 v.d.c.w.
C31	Beat Osc. to Sec. Det. Coupling.....	Ceramic	2 mfd., 500 v.d.c.w.
C32	AVC Output By-pass.....	Paper	.1 mfd., 400 v.d.c.w.
C33	AVC Plate By-pass.....	Paper	.1 mfd., 400 v.d.c.w.
C34	AVC Cathode By-pass.....	Paper	.1 mfd., 400 v.d.c.w.
C35	B Minus By-pass.....	Elsec.	40 mfd., 200 v.d.c.w.
C36	AVC to Sec. Det. Coupling.....	Ceramic	.00005 mfd., 500 v.d.c.w.
C37	Power Supply Filter.....	Paper	.1 mfd., 600 v.d.c.w.
C38	Power Supply Filter.....	Elsec.	8 and 8 mfd., 475 v.d.c.w.
C39	Crystal Filter Input Tuning.....	Air	5 and 5 mfd.
C40	Crystal Filter Phasing Control.....	Air	2 to 6 mfd.
C41	Crystal Filter Output Tuning.....	Air	6 to 85 mfd.
C42	Crystal Filter Output Tuning.....	Air	6 to 85 mfd.
C43	I-2 Primary Tuning.....	Air	6 to 85 mfd.
C44	I-2 Secondary Tuning.....	Air	6 to 85 mfd.
C45	I-3 Primary Tuning.....	Air	6 to 85 mfd.
C46	I-3 Secondary Tuning.....	Air	6 to 85 mfd.
C47	I-4 Tuning.....	Air	6 to 85 mfd.
C48	C.W. Osc. Control.....	Air	1 to 10 mfd.
C49	C.W. Osc. Compensating.....	Ceramic	10 mfd., 500 v.d.c.w.
C50	R.F. Amplifier Trimmer.....	Air	See Note No. 1
C51	1st Det. Trimmer.....	Air	See Note No. 1
C52	H.F. Osc. Trimmer.....	Air	See Note No. 1
C53	H.F. Osc. Padder.....	Mica	See Note No. 1
C54	H.F. Osc. Padder.....	Mica	See Note No. 1
C55	R.F. Amplifier Fixed Trimmer.....	Ceramic	20 mfd., 500 v.d.c.w.
C56	1st Detector Fixed Trimmer.....	Ceramic	20 mfd., 500 v.d.c.w.
C57	1st Detector Pri. to Sec. Coupling.....	Ceramic	2 mfd., *
C58	H.F. Osc. Padder.....	Ceramic	100 mfd., 500 v.d.c.w.
C59	H.F. Osc. Trimmer.....	Ceramic	25 mfd., 500 v.d.c.w.
C60	R.F. Amplifier Padder.....	Mica	900 mfd., 500 v.d.c.w.
C61	1st Detector Series Padder.....	Ceramic	16 mfd., 500 v.d.c.w.
C62	H.F. Osc. Padder.....	Ceramic	20 mfd., 500 v.d.c.w.
R1	R.F. Grid Filter.....	Fixed	500,000 Ohm, 1/2 w.
R2	R.F. Cathode Bias.....	Fixed	500 Ohm, 1/2 w.
R3	First Det. Cathode Bias.....	Fixed	250 Ohm, 1/2 w.
R4	First Det. Screen Bleeder.....	Fixed	100,000 Ohm, 1/2 w.
R5	First Det. Screen Dropping.....	Fixed	50,000 Ohm, 1/2 w.
R6	First Det. Plate Filter.....	Fixed	2,000 Ohm, 1/2 w.
R7	First I.F. Grid Filter.....	Fixed	20,000 Ohm, 1/2 w.
R8	First I.F. Cathode Bias.....	Fixed	2,000 Ohm, 1/2 w.
R9	First I.F. Plate Filter.....	Fixed	See Note No., 2, 1/2 w.
R10	Sec. I.F. Grid Filter.....	Fixed	500,000 Ohm, 1/2 w.
R11	Sec. I.F. Cathode Bias.....	Fixed	See Note No., 2, 1/2 w.
R12	Sec. I.F. Screen Bleeder.....	Fixed	100,000 Ohm, 1/2 w.
R13	Sec. I.F. Screen Dropping.....	Fixed	70,000 Ohm, 1/2 w.
R14	Sec. Det. Plate Filter.....	Fixed	2,000 Ohm, 1/2 w.
R15	Sec. Det. I.F. Filter.....	Fixed	5,000 Ohm, 1/2 w.
R16	Sec. Det. Load.....	Fixed	25,000 Ohm, 1/2 w.
R17	Limiter Input.....	Fixed	100,000 Ohm, 1/2 w.
R18	Limiter Output.....	Fixed	50,000 Ohm, 1/2 w.
R19	Tone Control.....	Comp. Var.	500,000 Ohm, 1 w.
R20	A.F. Gain Control.....	Comp. Var.	500,000 Ohm, 1 w.
R21	Inverter-Audio Cathode Bias.....	Fixed	1,000 Ohm, 1/2 w.
R22	Inverter Grid.....	Fixed	500,000 Ohm, 1/2 w.
R23	First Audio Plate.....	Fixed	50,000 Ohm, 1/2 w.
R24	First Audio Plate.....	Fixed	50,000 Ohm, 1/2 w.
R25	Output Grid.....	Fixed	250,000 Ohm, 1/2 w.
R26	Output Grid.....	Fixed	250,000 Ohm, 1/2 w.
R27	Inverter Feedback Coupling.....	Fixed	250,000 Ohm, 1/2 w.
R28	Output Cathode Bias.....	Fixed	200 Ohm, 2 w.
R29	R.F. Gain Control With Switch.....	N. W. Var.	10,000 Ohm, 2 1/2 w.
R30	R.F. Gain Bleeder.....	Fixed	50,000 Ohm, 1/2 w.
R31	H.F. Osc. B+ Dropping.....	Fixed	50,000 Ohm, 1 w.

* These resistors are used only in the 200-400 kc. band of the NC-2-40CS Receiver.
 ** These capacitors are used only in the A band.

PARTS LIST
(Continued)

MODELS NC-2-40C,
NC-2-40CS

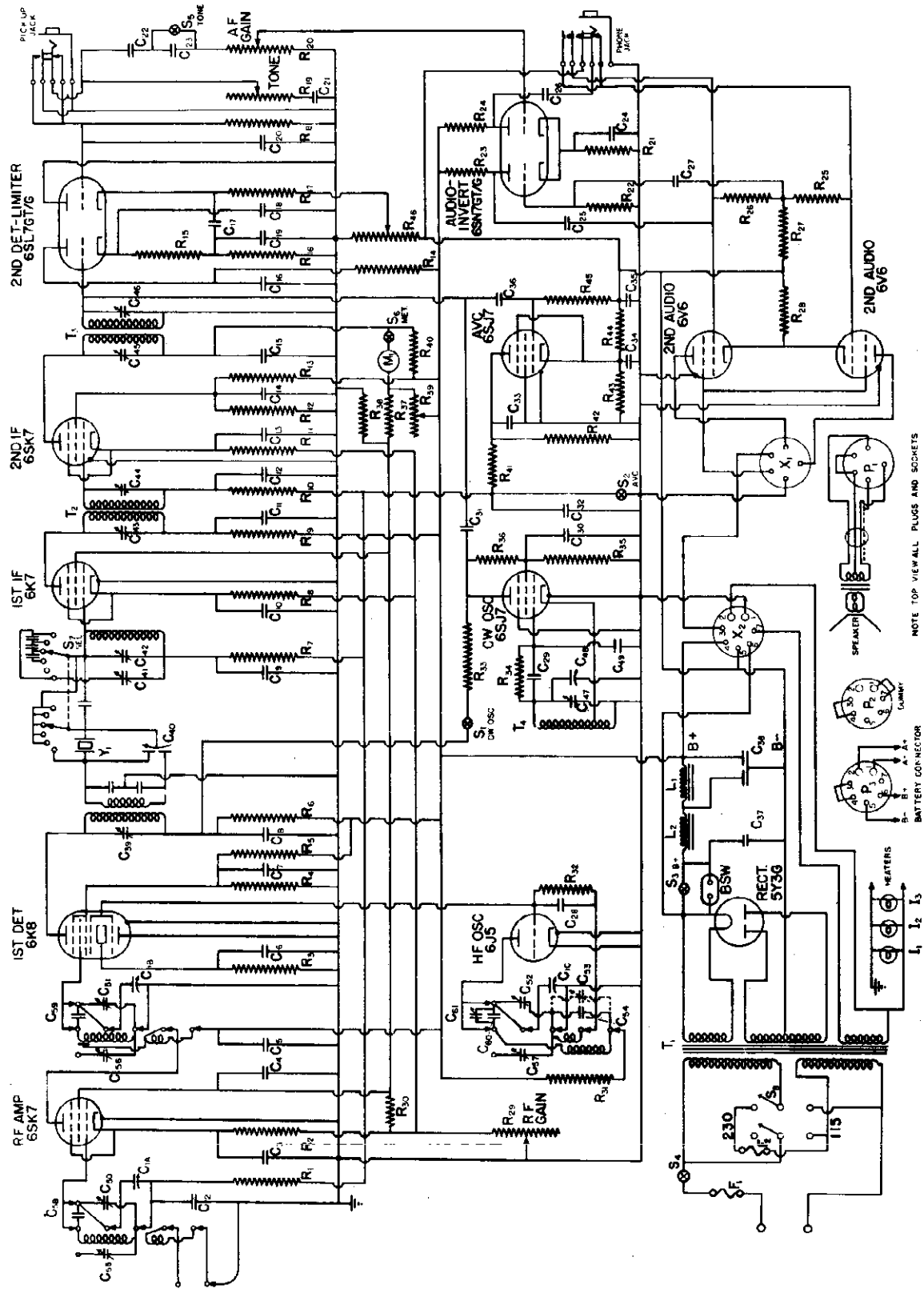
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SYMBOL	FUNCTION	TYPE	RATING
NC-2-40C AND NC-2-40CS RESISTORS (Continued)			
R32	H.F. Osc. Grid.....	Fixed	50,000 Ohm, ½ w.
R33	Beat Osc. Plate Filter.....	Fixed	250,000 Ohm, ½ w.
R34	Beat Osc. Grid.....	Fixed	50,000 Ohm, ½ w.
R35	Beat Osc. Screen Bleeder.....	Fixed	100,000 Ohm, ½ w.
R36	Beat Osc. Screen Dropping.....	Fixed	100,000 Ohm, ½ w.
R37	B+ Voltage Divider.....	Fixed	20,000 Ohm, 2 w.
R38	B+ Voltage Divider.....	Fixed	20,000 Ohm, 2 w.
R39	S-Meter Adjustment.....	W. W. Var.	1,000 Ohm, 1 w.
R40	S-Meter Bridge.....	Fixed	1,000 Ohm, ½ w.
R41	AVC Plate Filter.....	Fixed	500,000 Ohm, ½ w.
R42	AVC Plate.....	Fixed	500,000 Ohm, ½ w.
R43	AVC Voltage Divider.....	Fixed	1,500 Ohm, 2 w.
R44	AVC Cathode Bias.....	Fixed	500 Ohm, 2 w.
R45	AVC Grid.....	Fixed	5,000,000 Ohm, ½ w.
R46	Limiter Control.....	W. W. Var.	10,000 Ohm, 1½ w.
MISCELLANEOUS			
F1	AC Line Fuse.....	Glass Encl.	2 Amp.
F2	AC Line Fuse.....	Glass Encl.	1 Amp.
I1	S-Meter Lamp.....	No. 40	6 v., .15 amp.
I2	Dial Lamp.....	No. 47	6 v., .15 amp.
I3	Dial Lamp.....	No. 47	6 v., .15 amp.
L1	Power Supply Filter Choke.....	Potted	17 h., 100 ma. (NC-2-40C only)
L2	Power Supply Filter Choke.....	Potted	17 h., 100 ma. (NC-2-40C only)
L1A ^o	Power Supply Filter Choke.....	Potted	17 h., 100 ma. (NC-2-40CS only)
L1B ^o	Power Supply Filter Choke.....	Potted	17 h., 100 ma. (NC-2-40CS only)
M1	Signal Strength Meter.....	'S' Scale	0 to 1 ma.
P1	Loud Speaker Connector Plug.....	Molded	5 prong
P2	Dummy plug for AC Operation.....	Molded	7 prong
P3	Battery Connector Plug.....	Molded	7 prong
S1	Control Switch.....	Two Gang	SPST 250 v., 1 amp.
S2			
S3			
S4	Receiver Off-On Switch.....	Two Gang	SPST 250 v., 1 amp.
S5	Tone Control Switch.....	Part of R-19	SPST
S6	S-Meter Switch.....	Part of R-29	SPST
S7	Selectivity Control Switch.....	Rotary	2 section, ganged
S8	T1 Primary Selection Switch.....	Toggle	DPDT 250 v., 3 amp.
T1	Power Transformer.....	150 Watt	115 volt, 60 cycle and 230 volt, 60 cycle
T2	IF Transformer.....	Air Tuned	455 kc.
T3	IF Transformer.....	Air Tuned	455 kc.
T4	Beat Osc. Transformer.....	Air Tuned	455 kc.
T5 ^o	Audio Output Transformer.....	Shield Can	10 watts (NC-2-40CS only)
X1	Audio Output Socket.....	Bakelite	5 prong
X2	Battery Connector Socket.....	Bakelite	7 prong
X3 ^o	8 Ohm Termination Strip.....	Bakelite	2 connector
X4 ^o	500 ohm Termination.....	Bakelite	2 connector
X5	B Connector (BSW).....	Bakelite	2 Connector
Y1	Crystal Resonator.....	Quartz	455 kc.

Note No. 1. Capacitor rating is different in each coil range and is individually adjusted as circuit conditions may require. Definite rating cannot be listed. C53 used in E and F bands only. C54 used in A, B, C and D bands only.

Note No. 2. Resistors R8 and R11 may have values between 300 and 5,000 ohms since they are chosen to meet the circuit requirements of the particular receiver. The resistance values are determined after careful laboratory tests and cannot be changed without impairing performance.

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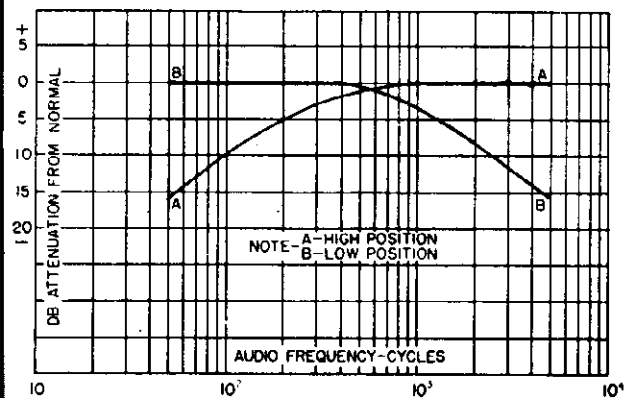
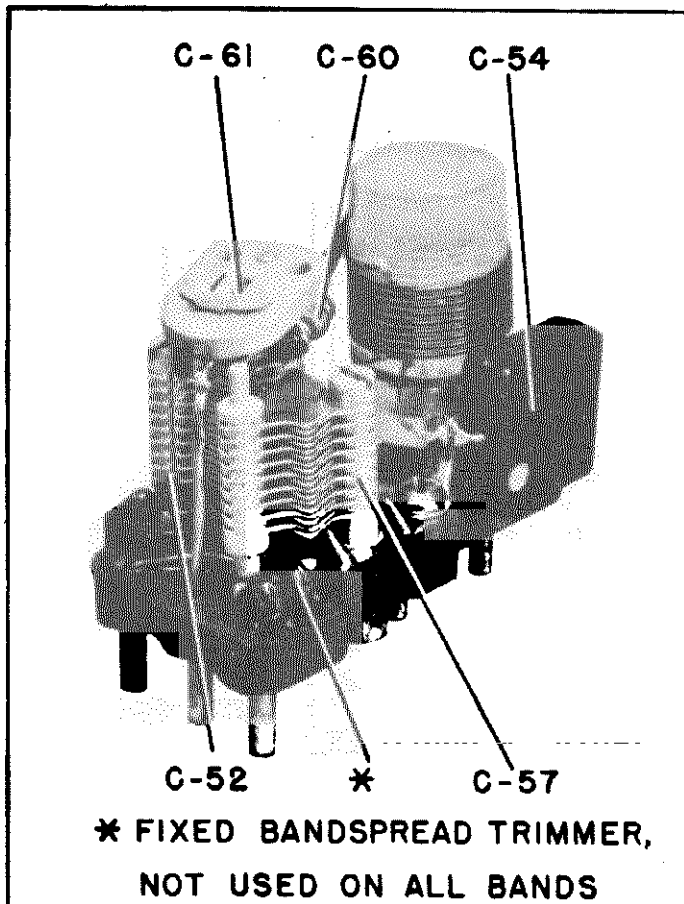
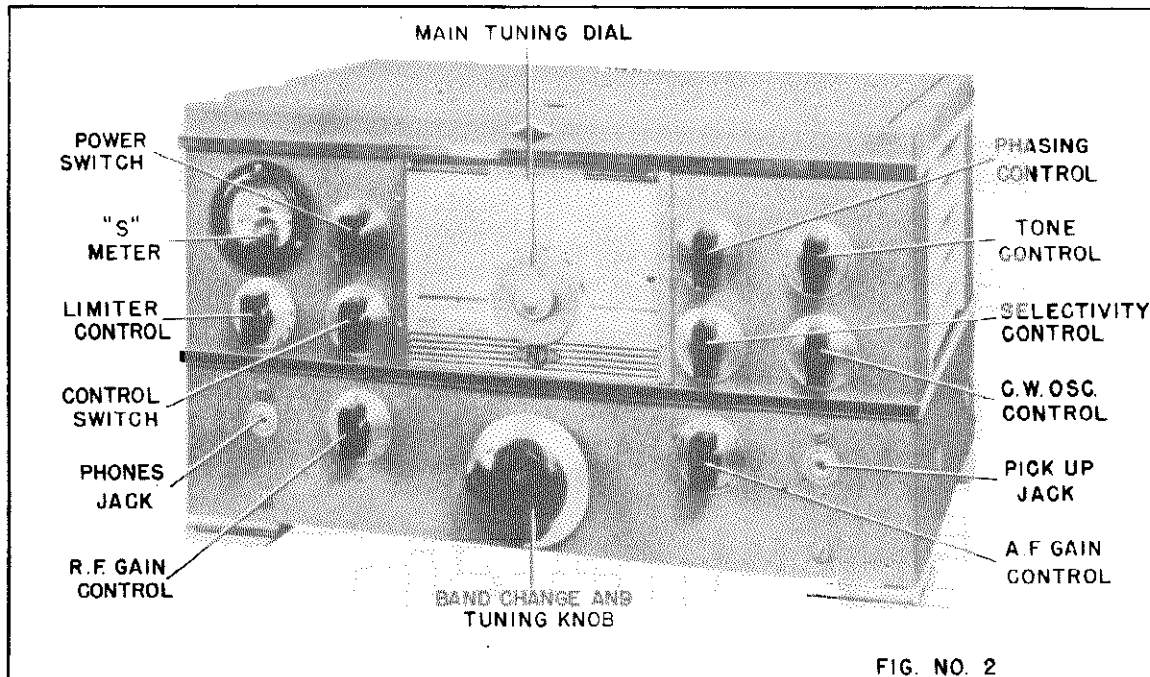


NOTE: TOP VIEW ALL PLUGS AND SOCKETS

NC-2-40
DWG. NO. 3 SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM

IF PEAK 455 KC

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Dwg. No. 2. Tone Control Action

Fig. No. 4. B-3 Coil--Typical H.F. Oscillator Bandspread Coil

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The circuit description, installation, operation, service and test data, and alignment data sections applying to Models NC-2-40C and NC-2-40CS (see page numbers below), also apply to Model NC-2-40D, with the exceptions of the following sections:

1-4. Tuning System

The master tuning capacitor C-1 and six sets of coils are used to tune the 490 to 30,000 kilocycle range of the receiver. By means of a highly developed band change mechanism, four of these same coil sets are made to spread the 10, 20, 40 and 80 meter amateur bands uniformly over the major portion of the tuning dial (HRO System). All ten ranges are calibrated

1-6. Noise Limiter

The noise limiter of the NC-2-40D Receiver is of the series valve type developed in the National Laboratories. Its effectiveness and superior performance as compared to the more common types of "silencers" were proved in the NHU and modernized NC-200 receivers. A threshold control on the front panel permits adjustment of the level at which limiting action starts.

1-7. Tone Control

The tone control is used to vary the frequency characteristic of the audio amplifier as shown in the accompanying curves, Dwg. No. 2. The control is particularly helpful when receiving weak signals through interference, as explained in Section 3.

1-13 Pick-up Jack

A pick-up jack mounted on the front panel of the receiver may be used to connect auxiliary apparatus, such as a phonograph pick-up, to the audio system of the NC-2-40D Radio Receiver. This input circuit is high impedance and feeds into the 6SN7GT/G Audio Amplifier-Phase Inverter tube. The TONE and A.F. GAIN controls are operative with this connection.

3-1. Controls

The tuning system of the NC-2-40D is truly single control; in fact, the MAIN TUNING control referred to above is used for band changing as well as tuning. To select either a general coverage or bandspread coil range, the MAIN TUNING control knob is pulled out about 1/4 inch. When this is done, the dial and capacitor drive mechanism is disengaged and the knob is geared to the coil casting. As the knob is turned, the coil carriage is moved across the chassis until the proper coil pin contacts engage the circuit contactors, as indicated

by the scale markers. Approximately one full turn of the MAIN TUNING knob is required to change from one general coverage range to an adjacent general coverage range. Approximately one-quarter turn of the knob is required to shift from a general coverage range to the associated band-spread range near the high frequency end. The knob does not turn smoothly between ranges, but only a few minutes is required to become familiar with its action. After the desired range has been selected, the tuning knob is pushed in to its original position, engaging the capacitor drive and disengaging the coil carriage rack.

5-1. General

All coils have individual general coverage trimmer capacitors. The H.F. oscillator circuits of broadcast ranges E & F have, also, general coverage variable series padding capacitors. All coils of ranges A, B, C and D have band-spread trimmer capacitors. Variable series padding capacitors are used in all H.F. oscillator band-spread circuits. These capacitors are identified on Fig. No. 6.

Adjustment of general coverage circuits affects the alignment of the band-spread circuits. On the other hand, band-spread circuit adjustments have little effect on general coverage circuit alignment. This fact must be kept in mind when any high frequency circuit is adjusted.

Alignment of the equipment may be divided into three major steps:

- (1) I.F. Amplifier Alignment
- (2) General Coverage Alignment
 - (a) H.F. Oscillator
 - (b) First Detector and R.F. Amplifier
 - (c) Tracking of H.F. Circuits
- (3) Band Spread Alignment
 - (a) H.F. Oscillator
 - (b) First Detector and R.F. Amplifier
 - (c) Tracking of H.F. Circuits

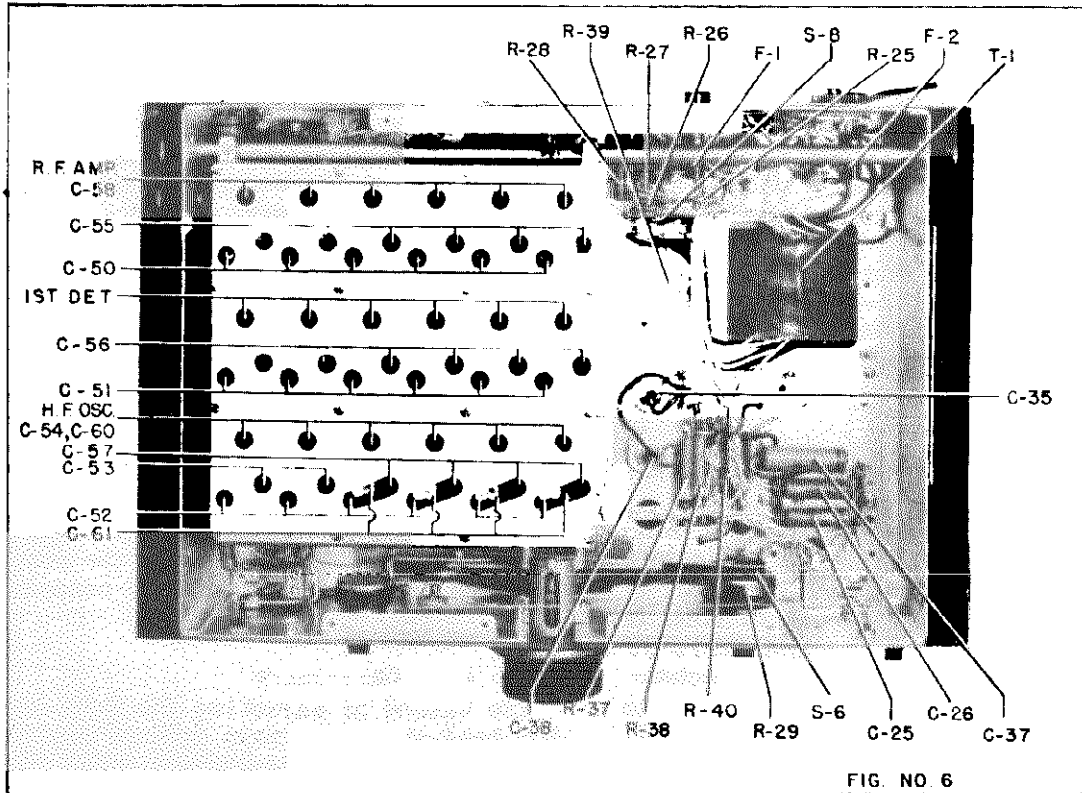
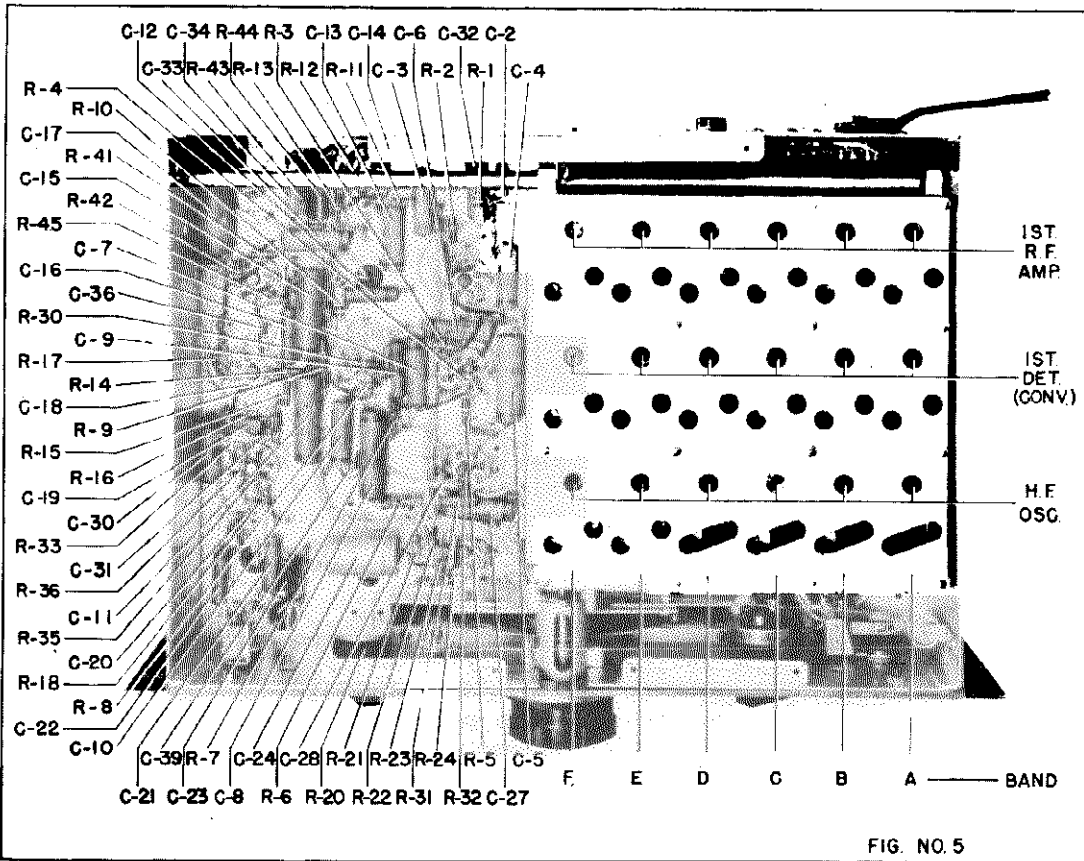
The circuits MUST be tuned in the above order when complete alignment is necessary.

5-4. Band-Spread Alignment

- (a) H.F. Oscillator

The method of adjusting the H.F. oscillator band-spread trimmer C-57 of any band is the same as that described under Section 5-3 (a) above. As stated previously (Section 5-1), the adjustment of the general

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Symbol	Function	Type	Rating
CAPACITORS			
C1A	R.F. Amplifier Tuning.....	Air	225 muf. max.
C1B	First Detector Tuning.....	Air	225 muf. max.
C1C	H.F. Oscillator Tuning.....	Air	225 muf. max.
C2	R.F. Grid Filter.....	Mica	.005 mfd., 300 v.d.c.w.
C3	R.F. Cathode By-pass.....	Paper	.1 mfd., 400 v.d.c.w.
C4	R.F. Screen By-pass.....	Paper	.1 mfd., 400 v.d.c.w.
C5	R.F. B+ By-pass.....	Paper	.1 mfd., 400 v.d.c.w.
C6	First Det. Cathode By-pass.....	Paper	.1 mfd., 400 v.d.c.w.
C7	First Det. Screen By-pass.....	Paper	.1 mfd., 400 v.d.c.w.
C8	First Det. B+ By-pass.....	Paper	.1 mfd., 400 v.d.c.w.
C9	First I.F. Grid Filter.....	Paper	.01 mfd., 600 v.d.c.w.
C10	First I.F. Cathode By-pass.....	Paper	.1 mfd., 400 v.d.c.w.
C11	First I.F. B+ By-pass.....	Paper	.1 mfd., 400 v.d.c.w.
C12	Sec. I.F. Grid Filter.....	Paper	.01 mfd., 600 v.d.c.w.
C13	Sec. I.F. Cathode By-pass.....	Paper	.1 mfd., 400 v.d.c.w.
C14	Sec. I.F. Screen By-pass.....	Paper	.1 mfd., 400 v.d.c.w.
C15	Sec. I.F. B+ By-pass.....	Paper	.1 mfd., 400 v.d.c.w.
C16	Sec. Det. Plate By-pass.....	Paper	.01 mfd., 600 v.d.c.w.
C17	Sec. Det. to Limiter Audio Coupling.....	Paper	.01 mfd., 600 v.d.c.w.
C18	Sec. Det. Cathode By-pass.....	Ceramic	1. mfd., 200 v.d.c.w.
C19	Sec. Det. I.F. By-pass.....	Mica	.00025 mfd., 500 v.d.c.w.
C20	Limiter Output By-pass.....	Ceramic	.00025 mfd., 500 v.d.c.w.
C21	Tone Control.....	Paper	.01 mfd., 600 v.d.c.w.
C22	Limiter to Inverter-Audio Coupling.....	Paper	.01 mfd., 600 v.d.c.w.
C23	Tone Control.....	Mica	.001 mfd., 500 v.d.c.w.
C24	Inverter-Audio Cathode By-pass.....	Elec.	10 mfd., 50 v.d.c.w.
C25	Inverter-Audio to Output Coupling.....	Paper	.1 mfd., 400 v.d.c.w.
C26	Inverter-Audio to Output Coupling.....	Paper	.1 mfd., 400 v.d.c.w.
C27	Inverter-Feedback Coupling.....	Paper	.1 mfd., 400 v.d.c.w.
C28	H.F. Oscillator Grid.....	Ceramic	.00025 mfd., 500 v.d.c.w.
C29	Beat Oscillator Grid.....	Mica	.001 mfd., 500 v.d.c.w.
C30	Beat Oscillator Screen By-pass.....	Paper	.1 mfd., 400 v.d.c.w.
C31	Beat Osc. to Sec. Det. Coupling.....	Ceramic	2 mfd., 500 v.d.c.w.
C32	AVC Output By-pass.....	Paper	.1 mfd., 400 v.d.c.w.
C33	AVC Plate By-pass.....	Paper	.1 mfd., 400 v.d.c.w.
C34	B Minus By-pass.....	Paper	.1 mfd., 400 v.d.c.w.
C35	AVC to Sec. Det. Coupling.....	Ceramic	.00005 mfd., 500 v.d.c.w.
C36	Power Supply Filter.....	Paper	.1 mfd., 400 v.d.c.w.
C37	Crystal Filter Input Timing.....	Elec.	8 and 8 mfd., 475 v.d.c.w.
C38	Power Supply Filter.....	Elec.	6 to 85 mfd.
C39	Crystal Filter Phasing Control.....	Air	5 and 5 mfd.
C40	Crystal Filter Compensating.....	Ceramic	2 to 6 mfd.
C41	Crystal Filter Output Timing.....	Air	6 to 85 mfd.
C42	T-2 Primary Tuning.....	Air	6 to 85 mfd.
C43	T-2 Secondary Tuning.....	Air	6 to 85 mfd.
C44	T-3 Primary Tuning.....	Air	6 to 85 mfd.
C45	T-3 Secondary Tuning.....	Air	6 to 85 mfd.
C46	T-4 Tuning.....	Air	6 to 85 mfd.
C47	C.W. Osc. Control.....	Air	1 to 10 mfd.

Band-spread Alignment (cont'd)
coverage trimmers must not be altered at this time.

(b) First Detector and R.F. Amplifier trimmers C-59 and C-58 of the band-spread and R.F. Amplifier circuits is the same as that described under Section 5-3 (b).

(c) Tracking of H.F. Circuits
After steps (a) and (b) have been completed, the MAIN TUNING control should be turned to the low frequency band limit, and the accuracy of the dial reading checked. If the dial reading is too low, the capacity of the series padding capacitor C-61 (See Fig. No. 6) should be increased until the dial reading is correct, and vice versa. The MAIN TUNING control should then be reset at the high frequency band limit, and step (a) repeated. Recheck the low frequency dial reading and repeat the whole procedure if necessary.

The detector and R.F. amplifier stages have fixed band-spread padding capacitors. These circuits will, therefore, track properly with the H.F. oscillator stage provided that the general coverage circuits are properly aligned and that the band-spread H.F. oscillator circuits are accurately tuned.

5-5. S-Meter Adjustment

The S-meter balancing resistor R-39, shown in Fig. No. 3, is used to obtain zero meter reading in the absence of signal input to the receiver. The adjustment is as follows: Set the R.F. GAIN control at 10, CONTROL SWITCH at MVC, and disconnect the antenna leads; adjust R-39 until the S-meter reads zero.

5-6. Band Indicator Adjustment

An adjustment for centering the band indicator markers in the horizontal slots of the dial face is located in back of the MAIN TUNING knob. It is recommended that the MAIN TUNING knob be pulled out to engage the band changing mechanism, and turned clockwise to the last position before the stop. The red band marker should then indicate 28 to 30 mc. (10 meter) band-spread. To make the adjustment, simply remove the tuning knob and set the 1/4" hex-head screw as may be required. The screw is self-locking.

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PARTS LIST (Continued)

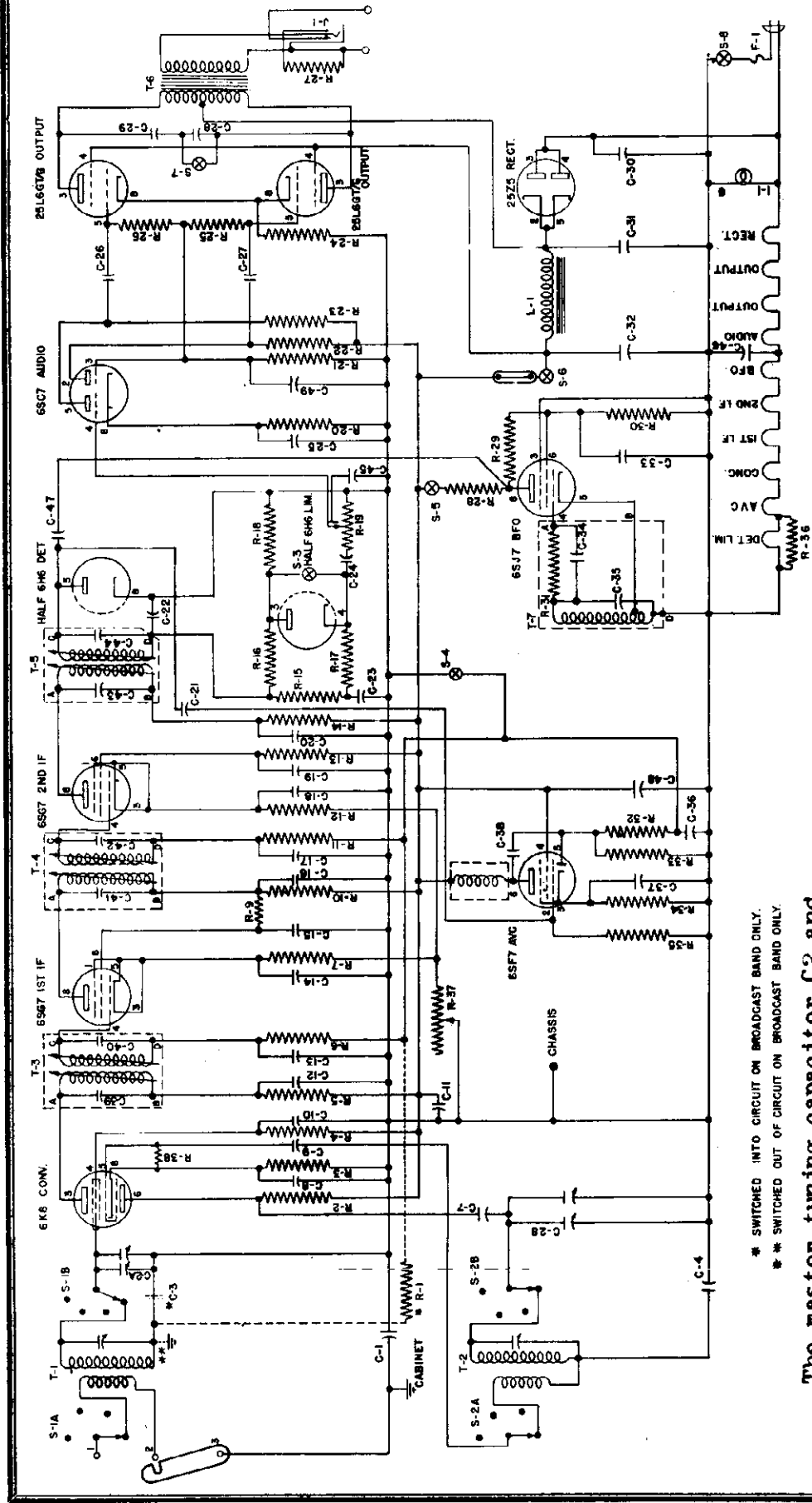
Symbol	Function	Type	Rating
CAPACITORS (Continued)			
C49	C.W. Osc. Compensating.....	Ceramic	10 muf., 500 v.d.c.w.
C50	Gen. Cov. R.F. Amplifier Trimmer.....	Air	See Note No. 1
C51	Gen. Cov. 1st Det. Trimmer.....	Air	See Note No. 1
C52	Gen. Cov. H.F. Osc. Trimmer.....	Air	See Note No. 1
C53	Gen. Cov. H.F. Osc. Padder.....	Air	See Note No. 1
C54	Gen. Cov. H.F. Osc. Padder.....	Mica	See Note No. 1
C55	Band-Spread R.F. Amplifier Trimmer.....	Air	See Note No. 1
C56	Band-Spread 1st Det. Trimmer.....	Air	See Note No. 1
C57	Band-Spread H.F. Osc. Trimmer.....	Air	See Note No. 1
C58	Band-Spread R.F. Amplifier Padder.....	Ceramic	See Note No. 1
C59	Band-Spread 1st Det. Padder.....	Ceramic	See Note No. 1
C60	Band-Spread H.F. Osc. Padder.....	Ceramic	See Note No. 1
C61	Band-Spread H.F. Osc. Padder.....	Mica	See Note No. 1
C62	Gen. Cov. R.F. Amplifier Padder.....	Mica	3 to 30 muf.
C63	Gen. Cov. 1st Det. Servis Padder.....	Ceramic	900 muf., 500 v.d.c.w.*
C64	Gen. Cov. H.F. Osc. Padder.....	Ceramic	16 muf., 500 v.d.c.w.*
			20 muf., 500 v.d.c.w.*
RESISTORS			
R1	R.F. Grid Filter.....	Fixed	500,000 Ohm, 1/2 w.
R2	R.F. Cathode Bias.....	Fixed	500 Ohm, 1/2 w.
R3	First Det. Cathode Bias.....	Fixed	250 Ohm, 1/2 w.
R4	First Det. Screen Bleeder.....	Fixed	100,000 Ohm, 1/2 w.
R5	First Det. Screen Dropping.....	Fixed	50,000 Ohm, 1/2 w.
R6	First Det. Plate Filter.....	Fixed	2,000 Ohm, 1/2 w.
R7	First I.F. Grid Filter.....	Fixed	2,000 Ohm, 1/2 w.
R8	First I.F. Cathode Bias.....	Fixed	See Note No. 2, 1/2 w.
R9	First I.F. Plate Filter.....	Fixed	2,000 Ohm, 1/2 w.
R10	Sec. I.F. Grid Filter.....	Fixed	500,000 Ohm, 1/2 w.
R11	Sec. I.F. Cathode Bias.....	Fixed	See Note No. 2, 1/2 w.
R12	Sec. I.F. Screen Bleeder.....	Fixed	100,000 Ohm, 1/2 w.
R13	Sec. I.F. Screen Dropping.....	Fixed	70,000 Ohm, 1/2 w.
R14	Sec. Det. Plate Filter.....	Fixed	2,000 Ohm, 1/2 w.
R15	Sec. Det. I.F. Filter.....	Fixed	5,000 Ohm, 1/2 w.
R16	Sec. Det. Load.....	Fixed	25,000 Ohm, 1/2 w.
R17	Limiter Input.....	Fixed	100,000 Ohm, 1/2 w.
R18	Limiter Output.....	Fixed	50,000 Ohm, 1/2 w.
R19	Tone Control.....	Comp. Var.	500,000 Ohm, 1 w.
R20	A.F. Gain Control.....	Comp. Var.	500,000 Ohm, 1 w.
R21	Inverter-Audio Cathode Bias.....	Fixed	1,000 Ohm, 1/2 w.
R22	Inverter Grid.....	Fixed	50,000 Ohm, 1/2 w.
R23	First Audio Plate.....	Fixed	50,000 Ohm, 1/2 w.
R24	First Audio Plate.....	Fixed	50,000 Ohm, 1/2 w.
R25	Output Grid.....	Fixed	250,000 Ohm, 1/2 w.
R26	Inverter Feedback Coupling.....	Fixed	250,000 Ohm, 1/2 w.
R27	Output Cathode Bias.....	Fixed	200 Ohm, 2 w.
R28	R.F. Gain Control.....	W.W. Var.	10,000 Ohm, 1 1/2 w.
R29	R.F. Gain Reeler.....	Fixed	50,000 Ohm, 1/2 w.
R30	I.F. Osc. B+ Dropping.....	Fixed	50,000 Ohm, 1 w.
R31		Fixed	
RESISTORS (Continued)			
R32	H.F. Osc. Grid.....	Fixed	50,000 Ohm, 1/2 w.
R33	Beat Osc. Plate Filter.....	Fixed	250,000 Ohm, 1/2 w.
R34	Beat Osc. Grid.....	Fixed	50,000 Ohm, 1/2 w.
R35	Beat Osc. Screen Bleeder.....	Fixed	100,000 Ohm, 1/2 w.
R36	Beat Osc. Screen Dropping.....	Fixed	100,000 Ohm, 1/2 w.
R37	B+ Voltage Divider.....	Fixed	20,000 Ohm, 2 w.
R38	B+ Voltage Divider.....	Fixed	20,000 Ohm, 2 w.
R39	S-Meter Adjustant.....	W.W. Var.	1,000 Ohm, 1 w.
R40	S-Meter Bridge.....	Fixed	1,000 Ohm, 1/2 w.
R41	AVC Plate Filter.....	Fixed	500,000 Ohm, 1/2 w.
R42	AVC Plate.....	Fixed	500,000 Ohm, 1/2 w.
R43	AVC Voltage Divider.....	Fixed	1,500 Ohm, 2 w.
R44	AVC Cathode Bias.....	Fixed	500 Ohm, 2 w.
R45	AVC Grid.....	Fixed	5,000,000 Ohm, 1/2 w.
R46	Limiter Control.....	W.W. Var.	10,000 Ohm, 1 1/2 w.
MISCELLANEOUS			
F1	AC Line Fuse.....	Glass Encl.	2 Amp.
F2	AC Line Fuse.....	Glass Encl.	1 Amp.
I1	S-Meter Lamp.....	No. 40	6 v., .15 a.
I2	Dial Lamp.....	No. 47	6 v., .15 a.
I3	Dial Lamp.....	No. 47	6 v., .15 a.
I4	Power Supply Filter Choke.....	Potted	17 h., 100 ma.
I5	Power Supply Filter Choke.....	Potted	17 h., 100 ma.
M1	Signal Strength Meter.....	*S* Scale	0 to 1 m.
P1	Load Speaker Connector Plug.....	Molded	5 Prong
P2	Dummy Plug for AC Operation.....	Molded	7 Prong
P3	Battery Connector Plug.....	Molded	7 Prong
S1	Control Switch.....	Two Gang	SIST 250 v., 1 a.
S2	Control Switch.....	Two Gang	SIST 250 v., 1 a.
S3	Power Supply Switch.....	Two Gang	SIST 250 v., 1 a.
S4	Tone Control Switch.....	Pt. of R-19	SIST
S5	S-Meter Switch.....	Pt. of R-29	SIST
S6	Selectivity Control Switch.....	Rotary	2 Section, Ganged
S7	T-1 Primary Selection Switch.....	Toggle	HDFT, 250 v., 3 a.
S8	Power Transformer.....	150 Watt	115 Volt, 60 Cycle
T1	I.F. Transformer.....	Air Tuned	230 Volt, 60 Cycle
T2	I.F. Transformer.....	Air Tuned	455 kc.
T3	I.F. Transformer.....	Air Tuned	455 kc.
T4	Beat Osc. Transformer.....	Air Tuned	455 kc.
X1	Audio Output Socket.....	Bakelite	5 Prong
X2	Battery Connector Socket.....	Bakelite	7 Prong
X5	B Connector (BSW).....	Bakelite	2 Connector
Y1	Crystal Resonator.....	Quartz	455 kc.

Note No. 1. Capacitor rating is different in each coil range and is individually adjusted as circuit conditions may require. In finite rating cannot be listed. C-53 used in E and F bands only. C-54 to C-61, inclusive, used in A, B, C, and D bands only.

Note No. 2. Resistors R8 and R11 may have values between 200 and 5000 Ohms since they are chosen to meet the circuit requirements of the circuit. The resistance values are determined after careful laboratory test and cannot be changed without impairing performance.

* These Connectors used on the A band only.

NATIONAL CO. INC.



IF PEAK 455 KC

NC-46 RECEIVER
DWG. NO. 1-SCHMATIC DIAGRAM

* SWITCHED INTO CIRCUIT ON BROADCAST BAND ONLY.
** SWITCHED OUT OF CIRCUIT ON BROADCAST BAND ONLY.

The master tuning capacitor C2 and four sets of associated coils are used to tune the frequency range of the receiver in four tuning bands for both general coverage and bandspread operation.

The following bands in the short wave ranges are tunable by the bandspread capacitor and are spread as follows:

3.5 - 4.0 MC	65 Divisions
7.0 - 7.3 MC	50 Divisions
14.0 - 14.4 MC	56 Divisions
28.0 - 30.0 MC	40 Divisions

The overall frequency coverage of the four bands is as follows:

Band A	11.5 -	30.0 MC
Band B	4.4 -	12.0 MC
Band C	1.55 -	4.6 MC
Band D	0.54 -	1.6 MC

Circuit

The circuit employed in the NC-46 consists of a converter stage, two intermediate frequency stages, diode detector, limiter, beat frequency oscillator, AVC amplifier, phase inverter, push-pull output and rectifier stages.

The second detector utilizes one set of elements of a dual diode; the other set of elements is used for a noise limiter. Separate tubes are used in the automatic volume control and beat frequency oscillator circuits. The latter is coupled to the second detector for C.W. reception.

All voltages required by the receiver circuits are supplied by a built-in power supply.

Audio Output

Two audio output circuits are provided:

(1) A headphone jack is mounted on the rear of the receiver and is so wired as to silence the loudspeaker when the phone plug is inserted. The load impedance for the headphone output is not critical and any good set of headphones may be used.

(2) Tip-jack terminals are provided at the rear of the receiver for speaker connection. The output load impedance of the receiver is 10 ohms. This allows the use of a permanent magnet speaker with a voice coil of 8 to 10 ohms. The use of a matching output transformer is not required. Maximum undistorted audio power output available is approximately 4 watts.

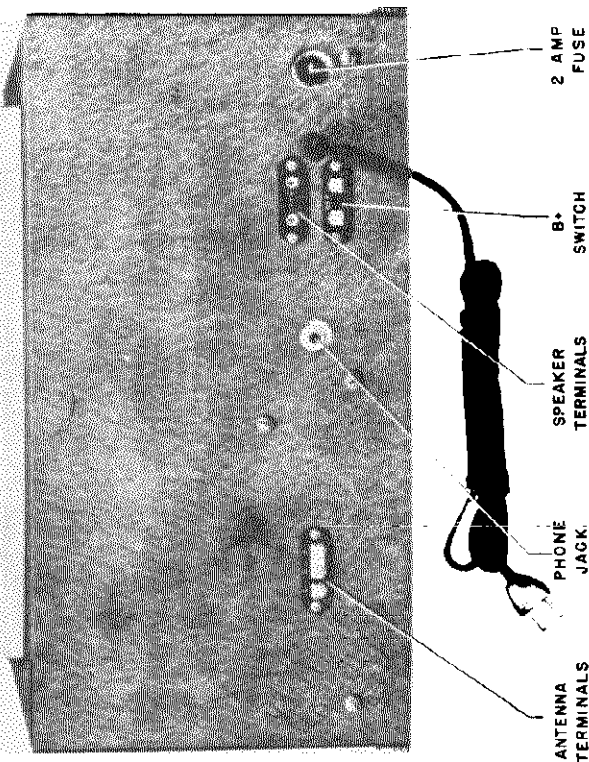


FIG. NO. 1

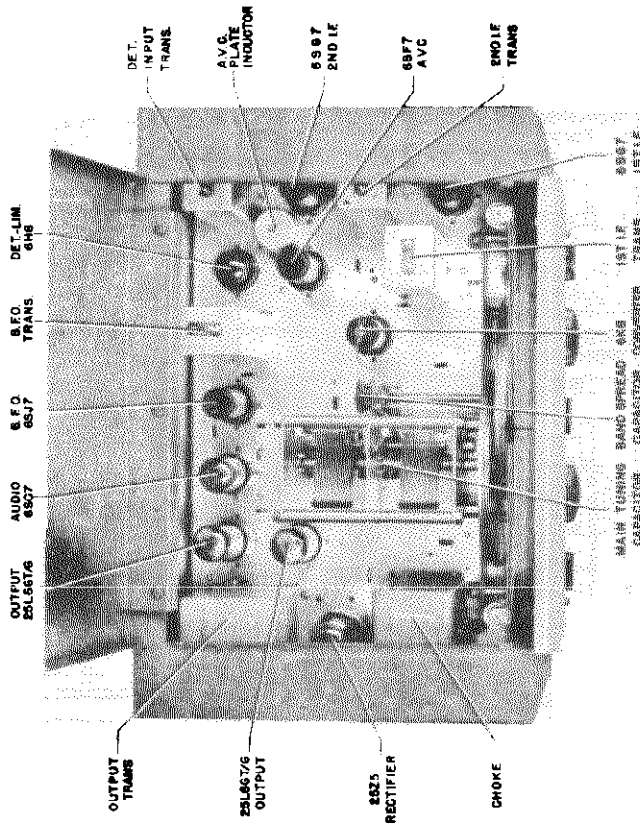


FIG. NO. 3

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Antenna Recommendations

There is an antenna terminal strip mounted at the rear of the receiver with three screw-type connections available marked #1, #2 and #3. Terminal #3 is the ground connection. The strip is furnished with a sliding link to short out terminals #2 and #3 for operation with a single wire antenna. Doublet antennae, directive arrays etc., having two wire feeder systems may be used connecting directly to terminals #1 and #2, terminal #3 and strap not being used. For general coverage a single wire antenna of approximately 50 to 100 feet will be found to give satisfactory results. To obtain peak performance on any particular desired channel the antenna length should be approximately an odd quarter-wave length of the band in use.

CONTROLS

The MAIN TUNING control knob is located to the left of the center of the front panel. This knob operates a two gang variable capacitor through a 50 to 1 ratio reduction drive mechanism.

The ELECTRICAL HANDSPREAD control knob is located to the right of the center of the front panel. This knob operates a separate two gang variable capacitor to provide bandsread tuning.

The BAND SELECTOR switch is located at the center of the front panel and functions to select the tuning-band desired. The band in use is indicated by the designating letters on this switch dial. The four tuning scales on the main tuning dial are marked at either end of the dial by these designating letters.

Tuning is accomplished by the following steps:

- (a) Select the band to be used by means of the BAND SELECTOR switch.
- (b) The frequency calibration of the main tuning dial will only be correct with the bandsread pointer set at 50. After this setting has been made the MAIN TUNING control knob is used to tune in the desired station. The bandsread pointer may then be used to give greater accuracy in logging.

The TUNE CONTROL switch is located at the upper left-hand side of the receiver and functions to select the frequency characteristic of the audio amplifier as desired, i.e. HIGH or LOW. The HIGH position will give the better fidelity and the LOW a better signal to noise ratio.

The C.W.O. CONTROL switch is located to the right of the TUNE CONTROL switch

functioning to switch on or off the beat frequency oscillator.

The VOLUME TUNING knob functioning to adjust the audio amplification of the receiver. Part of this control is a stand-by switch permitting the A.C. line switch to remain on but with B supply circuit open.

The LIMITER CONTROL switch is located at the upper right-hand side of the front panel functioning to switch "On" or "Off" the noise limiter. This control is normally in the "Off" position.

The A.V.C. CONTROL switch is located to the left of the LIMITER switch functioning to switch the automatic volume control circuits into or out of the receiver circuits.

The SENSITIVITY control is located to the right of the HANDSPREAD control knob and functions to adjust the amplification of the two I.F. amplifier tubes. Incorporated in this control is the power supply "On" "Off" switch; with this switch in the "Off" position the receiver is inoperative.

There is a B.S.W. terminal panel provided at the rear of the receiver to permit remote stand-by control. The terminals are connected in series with the B switch.

After the equipment is properly installed, it is placed in operation by turning the SENSITIVITY control to 10 and the VOLUME control to the point which provides the desired audio volume. The TUNE control should be "On"; the C.W.O. control should be "Off"; the A.V.C. control should be "On"; the LIMITER should be "Off". The receiver is now adjusted for the reception of phone signals and can be tuned to the desired frequency and band by means of the MAIN TUNING control and BAND SELECTOR switch.

Individual tubes of the same type are apt to vary slightly in their characteristics and it is well to remember this fact when replacements become necessary. The circuit of the receiver has been designed to reduce the effect of such variations to a minimum but care should be taken in replacing the converter and I.F. amplifier tubes. A replacement converter tube should be checked in the receiver to make sure that the inter-electrode capacitances are the same as those of the tube originally employed. This is readily checked by noting any change in the calibration at the high end of any tuning band. This change should not exceed two or three dial divisions.

Power Supply

The NC-16 Receiver is designed for operation from a 110/130 volt, A.C. or D.C. power source. Normal power consumption is approximately 65 watts. All voltages required for the heater and B supply circuits are delivered by a built-in power supply.

One side of the input power line is connected through a 2 ampere fuse to prevent any possible damage to the receiver due to a short-circuit or ground. This fuse is housed in an extractor post mounted at the rear of the receiver which permits ease in removal or inspection of the fuse.

Symbol	Type	Rating	Symbol	Type	Rating
CAPACITORS					
C1	Paper	0.1 mfd., 400 VDCW	C48	Paper	0.1 mfd., 400 VDCW
C2A	Air	365 mf., max.	C49	Ceramic	270 mf., 500 VDCW
C2B	Air	365 mf., max.	Note #1. Capacitor ratings differ for each coil range and definite ratings cannot be listed.		
C3	Paper	0.01 mfd., 400 VDCW	RESISTORS		
C4	Mica	See Note #1	R1	Fixed	470,000 Ohms, 1/2 W
C5	Air	See Note #1	R2	Fixed	10,000 Ohms, 1/2 W
C6	Air	See Note #1	R3	Fixed	220 Ohms, 1/2 W
C7	Mica	0.0087 mfd., 500 VDCW	R4	Fixed	1,000 Ohms, 1/2 W
C8	Paper	0.1 mfd., 400 VDCW	R5	Fixed	1,000 Ohms, 1/2 W
C9	Mica	100 mf., 500 VDCW	R6	Fixed	470,000 Ohms, 1/2 W
C10	Paper	0.1 mfd., 400 VDCW	R7	Fixed	560 Ohms, 1/2 W
C11	Paper	1 mfd., 200 VDCW	R8	Not Used	22,000 Ohms, 1/2 W
C12	Paper	0.1 mfd., 400 VDCW	R9	Fixed	2,200 Ohms, 1/2 W
C13	Paper	0.01 mfd., 400 VDCW	R10	Fixed	1,000,000 Ohms, 1/2 W
C14	Paper	0.1 mfd., 400 VDCW	R11	Fixed	1,000 Ohms, 1/2 W
C15	Paper	0.01 mfd., 400 VDCW	R12	Fixed	470,000 Ohms, 1/2 W
C16	Paper	0.1 mfd., 400 VDCW	R13	Fixed	560 Ohms, 1/2 W
C17	Paper	0.01 mfd., 400 VDCW	R14	Fixed	22,000 Ohms, 1/2 W
C18	Paper	0.1 mfd., 400 VDCW	R15	Fixed	2,200 Ohms, 1/2 W
C19	Paper	0.1 mfd., 400 VDCW	R16	Fixed	1,000,000 Ohms, 1/2 W
C20	Paper	0.01 mfd., 400 VDCW	R17	Fixed	470,000 Ohms, 1/2 W
C21	Paper	0.1 mfd., 400 VDCW	R18	Fixed	1,000,000 Ohms, 1/2 W
C22	Ceramic	50 mf., 500 VDCW	R19	Variable	470,000 Ohms, 1/2 W
C23	Paper	270 mf., 500 VDCW	R20	Fixed	500,000 Ohms, 1 W
C24	Paper	0.01 mfd., 400 VDCW	R21	Fixed	3,800 Ohms, 1/2 W
C25	Electrolytic	25 mfd., 50 VDCW	R22	Fixed	270,000 Ohms, 1/2 W
C26	Paper	0.01 mfd., 400 VDCW	R23	Fixed	270,000 Ohms, 1/2 W
C27	Paper	0.01 mfd., 400 VDCW	R24	Fixed	270,000 Ohms, 1/2 W
C28	Paper	0.02 mfd., 400 VDCW	R25	Fixed	270,000 Ohms, 1/2 W
C29	Paper	0.1 mfd., 400 VDCW	R26	Fixed	270,000 Ohms, 1/2 W
C30	Paper	0.1 mfd., 400 VDCW	R27	Fixed	5 Ohms, 5 W
C31	Electrolytic	40 mfd., 200 VDCW	R28	Fixed	100,000 Ohms, 1/2 W
C32	Electrolytic	40 mfd., 200 VDCW	R29	Fixed	100,000 Ohms, 1/2 W
C33	Paper	0.1 mfd., 400 VDCW	R30	Fixed	100,000 Ohms, 1/2 W
C34	Mica	270 mf., 500 VDCW	R31	Fixed	100,000 Ohms, 1/2 W
C35	Mica	270 mf., 500 VDCW	R32	Fixed	470,000 Ohms, 1/2 W
C36	Paper	0.1 mfd., 400 VDCW	R33	Fixed	470,000 Ohms, 1/2 W
C37	Paper	0.1 mfd., 400 VDCW	R34	Fixed	22,000 Ohms, 1/2 W
C38	Mica	0.001 mfd., 500 VDCW	R35	Fixed	22,000 Ohms, 1/2 W
C39	Mica	510 mf., 500 VDCW	R36	Fixed	100,000 Ohms, 1/2 W
C40	Mica	510 mf., 500 VDCW	R37	Variable	10,000 Ohms, 1 W
C41	Mica	510 mf., 500 VDCW	R38	Fixed	22,000 Ohms, 1/2 W
C42	Mica	510 mf., 500 VDCW	R39	Fixed	33,000 Ohms, 1/2 W
C43	Mica	510 mf., 500 VDCW			
C44	Mica	510 mf., 500 VDCW			
C45	Paper	0.01 mfd., 400 VDCW			
C46	Paper	0.1 mfd., 400 VDCW			
C47	Dialite	1 mfd., 400 VDCW			

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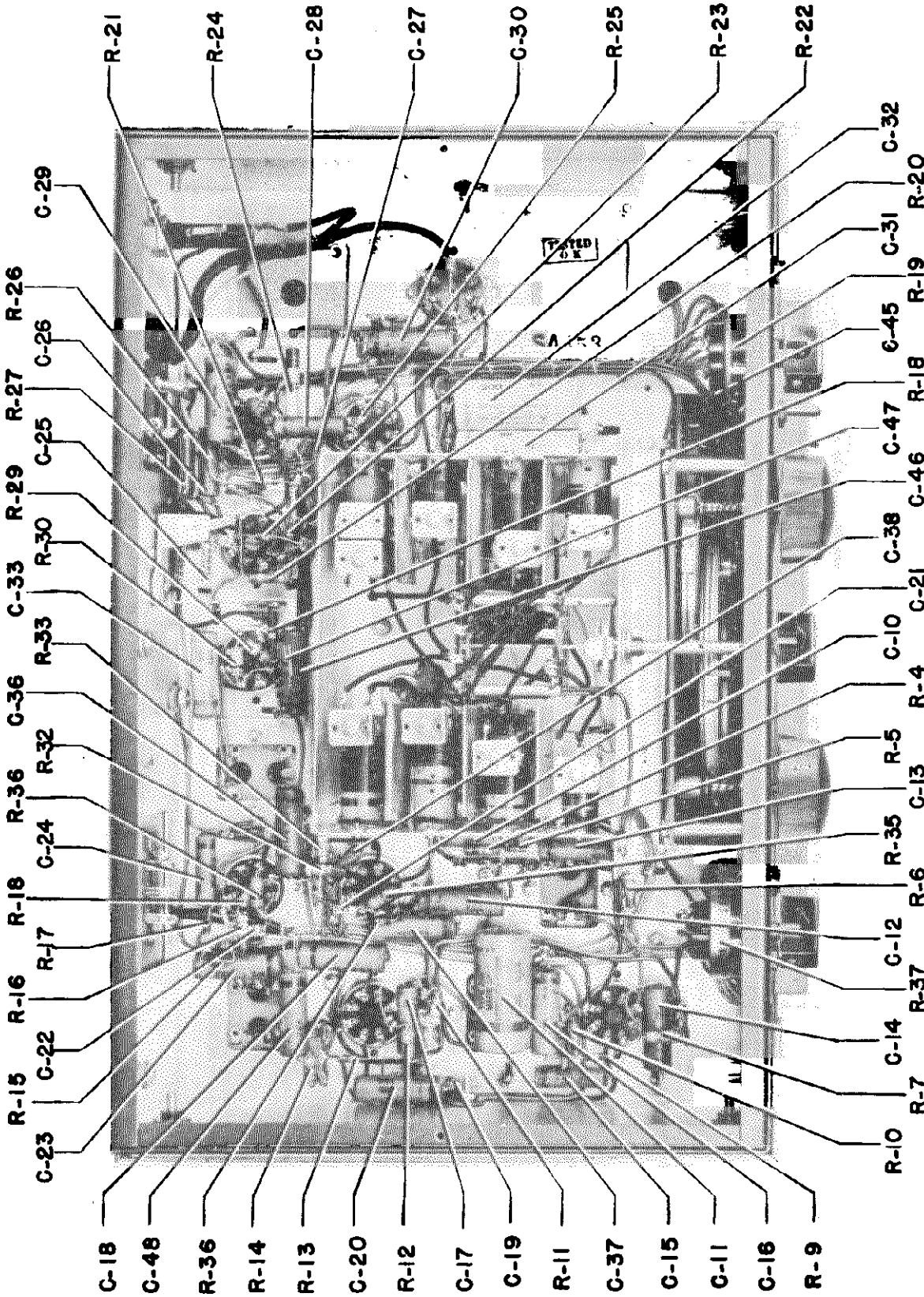


FIG. NO. 4

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The coil groups are mounted in a cadmium plated steel compartment which is directly below the main two gang variable capacitor. The oscillator coils are mounted nearest the left-hand side of the receiver with the first detector coils at the right. All coils have individual trimmer capacitors.

I.F. Amplifier Alignment

The intermediate frequency of the NC-46 Receiver is 455 kilocycles. The three I.F. transformers are of the permeability tuned iron-core type with primary and secondary adjustments.

The first I.F. transformer adjustments, the primary of the second I.F. transformer and the secondary of the third I.F. transformer adjustments are made from inside the cabinet; the secondary of the second I.F. transformer and the primary of the third I.F. transformer adjustments are made through holes in the top of the cabinet. These holes are concealed by means of sliding buttons.

To properly align the receiver the equipment should be set up as specified

except that the antenna be disconnected and the A.V.C. switch turned to "Off", the VOLUME control turned to 10 and the TONE control be switched "Off". An output meter having a 10 ohm resistive load should be connected to speaker output terminals. The high output lead of an accurately calibrated signal generator should be connected to the grid terminal of the converter tube and the grounded lead to any convenient point on the chassis. Adjust the output attenuator of the signal generator to provide a signal of approximately 100 microvolts and vary the tuning control of the signal generator slowly between the frequencies of 452 and 458 kilocycles. At some frequency between these points the I.F. amplifier of the receiver will show a sharply peaked response as indicated on the output meter. The I.F. tuned iron cores should be carefully adjusted to give a maximum reading on the output meter. The order in which these adjustments are made is not important.

Coil Alignment

Controls should be set as outlined
Alignment is effected as follows:

a. H.F. Oscillator alignment

(1) Set the MAIN TUNING dial to some frequency at the high end of the tuning band to be aligned.

(2) Connect a signal generator, accurately tuned to deliver a signal of the same frequency as that indicated by the receiver dial setting, to the antenna input terminals through a standard 500 ohm dummy antenna.

(3) By checking the calibration of the receiver against the signal delivered by the signal generator, the accuracy of the H.F. oscillator alignment can be observed. If the dial reading of the receiver is found to be high it can be corrected by decreasing the capacity of the H.F. oscillator trimmer capacitor; conversely, low dial readings can be corrected by increasing the capacity of the trimmer.

(4) Care should be taken to insure that the H.F. oscillator is tuned to the fundamental frequency and not the image. This can be checked by tuning to the image frequency which should appear 910 kilocycles below the fundamental frequency and should be considerably weaker. If the operator finds the receiver is tuned to the image signal the capacity of the H.F. oscillator trimmer capacitor should be decreased until the fundamental frequency appears at the proper dial setting.

b. 1st Detector alignment.

(1) With the signal generator adjusted to deliver a modulated signal near the high frequency limit of the tuning band to be checked, the receiver should be tuned to give maximum output, as indicated by the output meter. The 1st detector trimmer capacitor should then be adjusted to give a maximum reading on the output meter. If this trimmer requires considerable realignment it may necessitate the realignment of the H.F. oscillator trimmer to maintain correct calibration.

(2) An alternate method of aligning the 1st detector in the event a signal generator is not available is to set the trimmers at the setting giving the maximum background noise. It will be found that this method gives a sufficiently sharp indication to provide good alignment.

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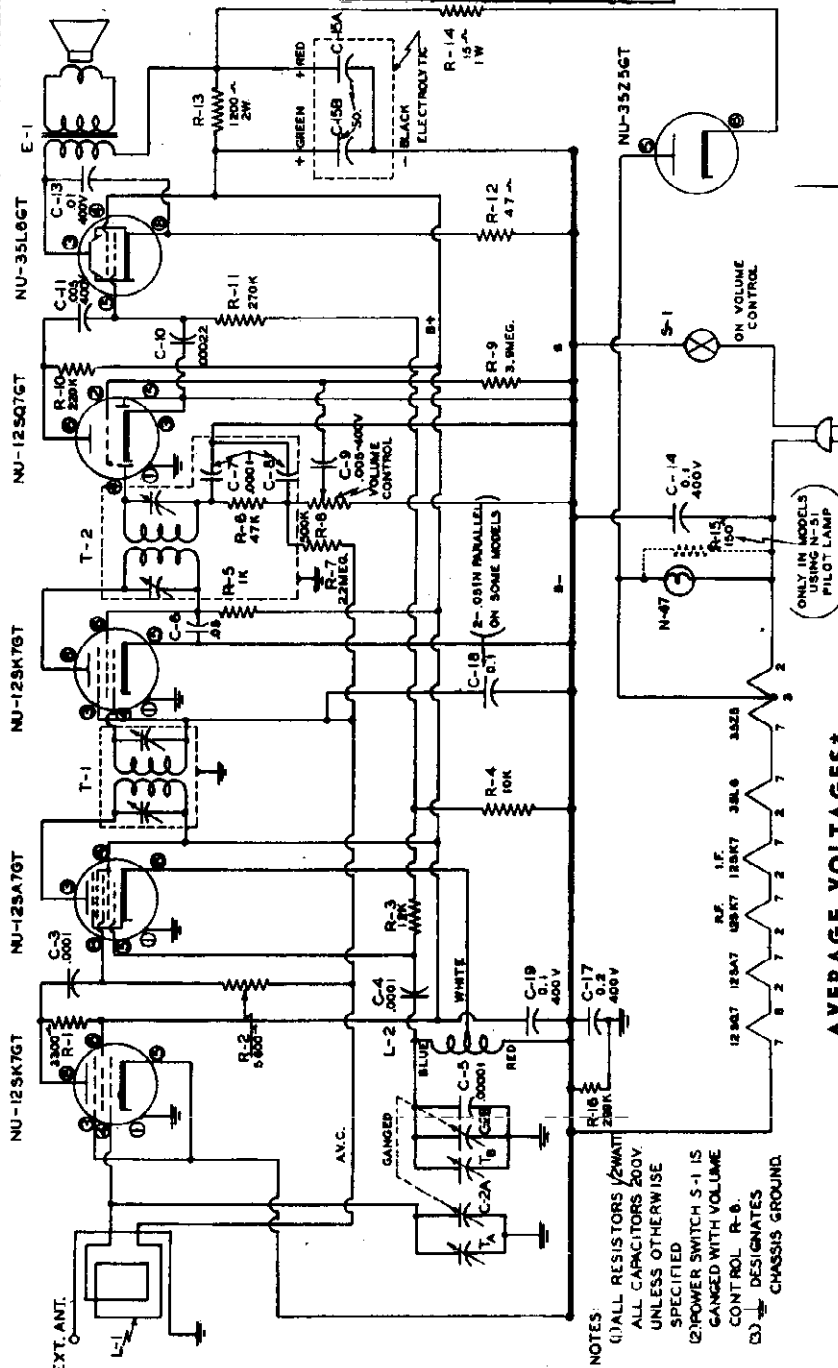
PARTS LIST

SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION	FACTORY PART NO.	NOTES
E-1	Complete Assembly (C.P. Trans. and P.M. Speaker)	EH-1	Replacement of complete assembly is advisable if either part fails
Loop	Loop Antenna	LL-11	
L-2	Oscillator Coil	LO-2	
T-1	1st I.F. Trans.	TM2-1	
T-2	2nd I.F. Trans.	TM2-3	
R-8	Vol. Control With Switch (S-1)	RPS-2	NU-500M-CB may be used as a replacement
C2-A C2-B	2 Gang Variable Capacitor	CY-4	
C15A C15B	Electrolytic Capacitor 80-40/150	CE-41	
	Dial Lamp 4-8V/20A in early models 4-8V/15A in later models		N-51 N-47
	Dial Scale (Glass)	ND-14-1	
	Dial Pointer	ND-1-2	
	Dial Lamp Socket	JS13-143	

*Because of the many variables that may enter into voltage measurements it is impractical to indicate ABSOLUTE values of voltage. Readings must necessarily be AVERAGE voltages and even these are subject to a ±10% variation.
D. C. measurements shown are at 20,000Q/volt.
A. C. measurements shown are at 1,000Q/volt.
Readings are taken from SOCKET PINS TO COMMON NEGATIVE while viewing socket from the BOTTOM.
Volume Control set at MINIMUM.

Tuning Condenser set at Full Mech. (M.f.v.)

I.F. 455 K.C.



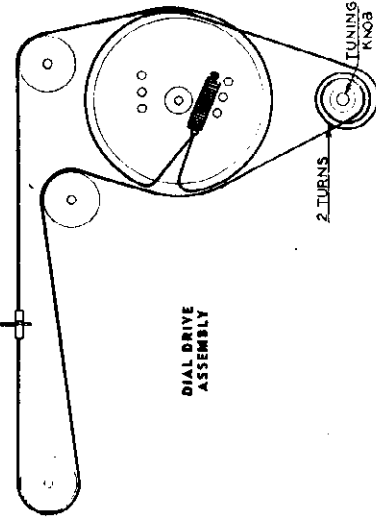
AVERAGE VOLTAGES *

PIN NO.	125K7GT		125A7GT		125K7GT		125A7GT		DEF. 125A7GT		RECT. 3514GT	
	A.C.	D.C.	A.C.	D.C.	A.C.	D.C.	A.C.	D.C.	A.C.	D.C.	A.C.	D.C.
1	Zero	Zero	Zero	Zero	Zero	Zero	Zero	Zero	Zero	Zero	Zero	Zero
2	26.0	71.0	37.0	-0.4	51.5	91.0	112.0	112.0	111.0	Zero	Zero	Zero
3	Zero	72.0	Zero	-0.5	Zero	72.0	Zero	Zero	Zero	Zero	Zero	Zero
4	Zero	72.0	Zero	-0.5	Zero	-0.4	111.0	Zero	Zero	Zero	Zero	Zero
5	Zero	72.0	Zero	-5.2	Zero	-2.1	Zero	Zero	Zero	Zero	Zero	Zero
6	72.0	Zero	Zero	64.0	51.5	85.5	85.5	85.5	85.5	85.5	85.5	85.5
7	37.0	26.0	26.0	64.0	64.0	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3
8	40.0	-0.5	-0.5	13.0	13.0	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3

SERVICE NOTES

HUM MODULATION:
On Early Production runs Condenser C-13 consisted of two .05 mfd. units. One ground terminal was connected to CHASSIS, the other to B-. Disconnect the CHASSIS terminal of the .05 Condenser now connected to Pin No. 1 of the NU-125A7GT tube and connect this lead to Pin No. 5 of either of the NU-125K7GTs or to any other convenient B- point. This effectively by-passes the A.C. Modulation hum to B- instead of to Chassis.

OSCILLATION:
Remove one side of Resistor R-2 (in grid circuit of 125A7GT) now connected to A.V.C. bus and reconnect to cathode (85 pin) of



TUNING Broadcast Band — 535 K.C. to 1620 K.C. — 2 Gang Variable Capacitor
POWER 105-125 Volts, 60 cycles A.C. — 105-125 Volts, Direct Current —
Annex 20 Waste Connection

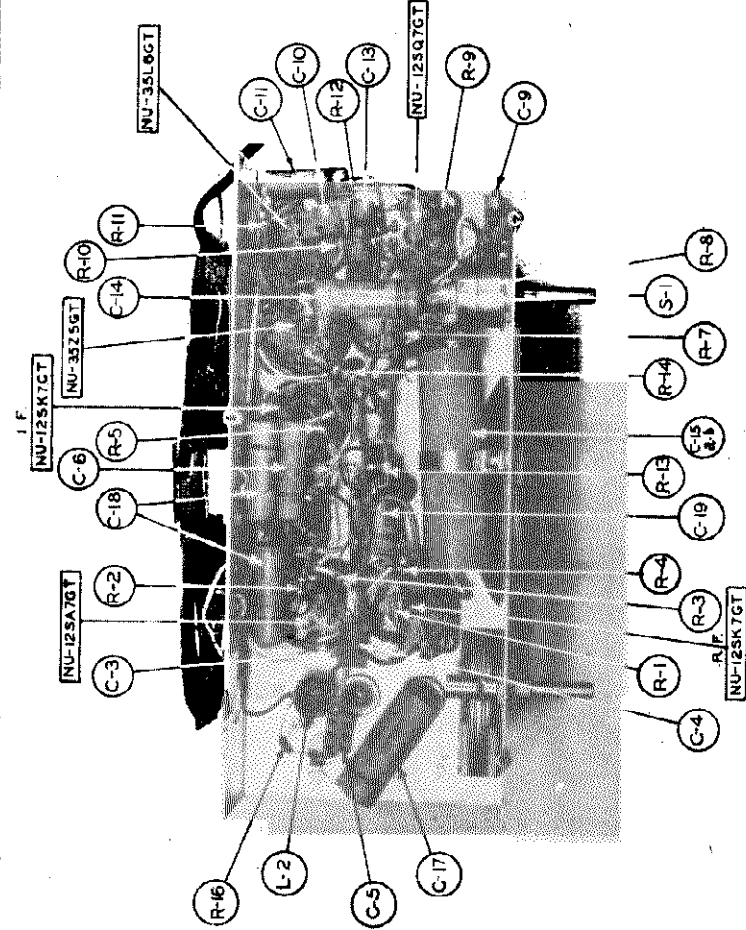


FIG. 1

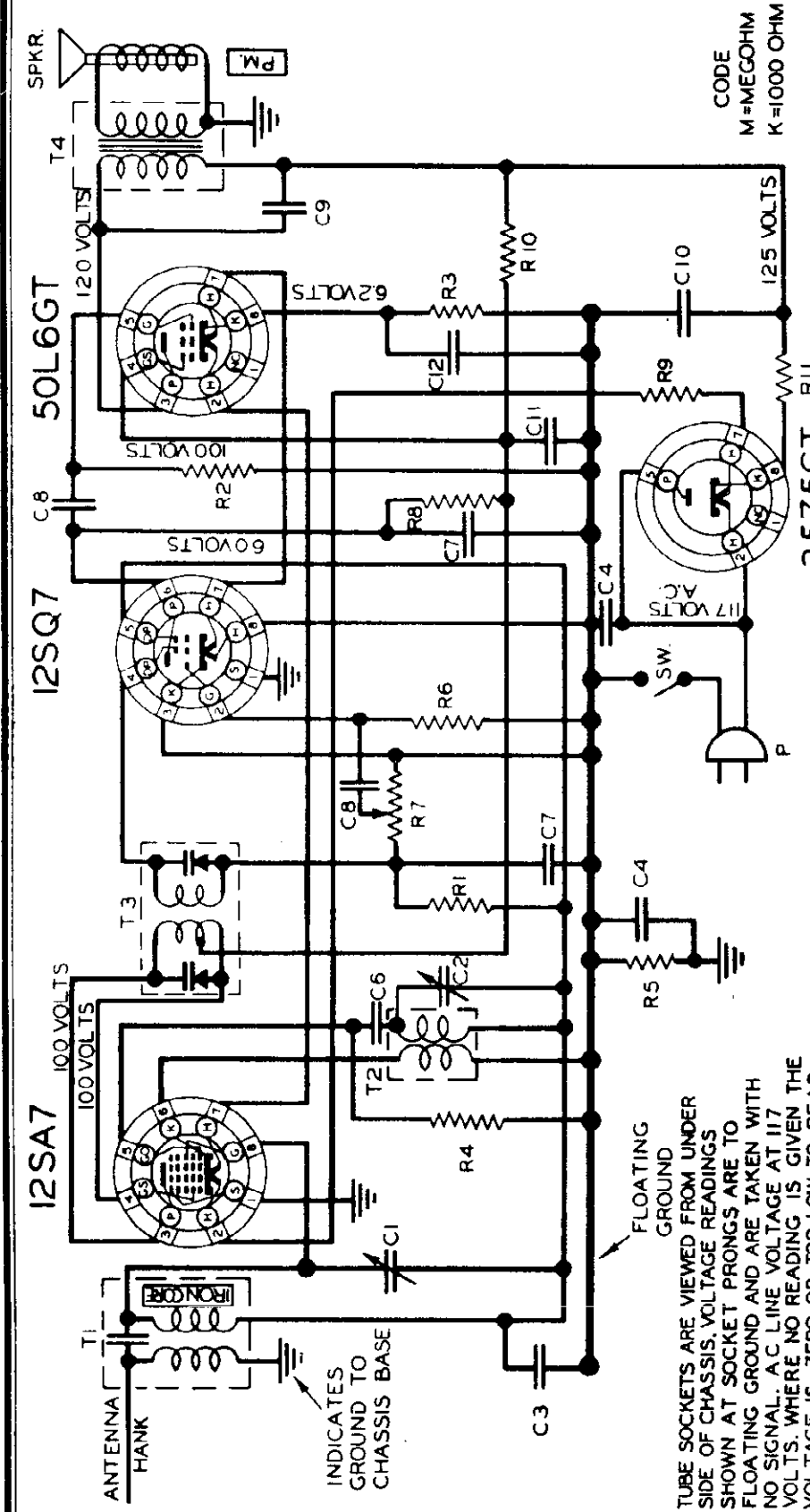
ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

PRELIMINARY.
 (a) Adjust the DIAL POINTER along the dial cord to the position opposite the first right-hand punch mark on the dial backing-plate, with the tuning condenser gang completely out of mesh (Minimum Capacity); (b) Set VOLUME CONTROL to the FULL ON position; (c) Maintain SIGNAL GENERATOR output at MINIMUM consistent with a readable Output Meter indication; (d) OUTPUT METER across voice coil; (e) Follow sequence indicated below.

SEQUENCE	DUMMY ANTENNA	DIAL SETTING	SIGNAL GENERATOR CONNECTIONS	SIGNAL GENERATOR SETTING	ADJUST TRIMMERS	NOTES
1 I.F.	.01 mid.	At HIGH frequency end of scale, (Min. Capacity)	High side to sta. for leg of C2-A (Fig. 1); Low side to B—	465 K.C.	T2a T2b T1a T1b (Fig. 1)	Adjust Trimmers for MAX. output reading
2 OSC.	3 turn coil of #18 or #20 insulated wire on 7" or 8" diameter L O S E L Y Coupled to loop Antenna in Receiver	Pointer at extreme RIGHT HAND END of dial scale (Min. Capacity) Pointer will be in line with FIRST punch mark at right	Across Dummy Antenna	1700 K.C.	Tb (Fig. 1)	Adjust Trimmer for MAX. output reading
3 R.F.	Same as in 2 above	Pointer in line with punch mark SECOND from right	Same as in 2 above	1520 K.C.	Tc (Fig. 1)	Adjust Trimmer for MAX. output reading

FIG. 2

SEQUENCE	DUMMY ANTENNA	DIAL SETTING	SIGNAL GENERATOR CONNECTIONS	SIGNAL GENERATOR SETTING	ADJUST TRIMMERS	NOTES
4	Same as in 2 above	At LOW frequency end of scale (Max. Capacity)	Same as in 2 above	530 K.C.	None	530 K.C. signal should be picked up at or near this dial setting. Check operation in Seq. 2 if signal is not picked up
5	REINSTALLING CHASSIS (AFTER ALIGNMENT):— (a) With chassis still on the bench, set dial pointer at the minimum capacity end of travel. (b) Slide chassis into cabinet and adjust its position so that the dial pointer is opposite and in line with the FIRST calibration mark at the right-hand end of the GLASS DIAL SCALE. (c) Tighten the chassis hold down screws. (d) Tuning should now track so that peak signal is attained at the proper frequency calibration on the glass dial scale.					



REFERENCE NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
R1	818587	Resistor, 4.7 Megohms 1/2 watt
R2		Resistor, 1 Megohm 1/2 watt
R3		Resistor, 150 ohms 1/2 watt
R4		Resistor, 22,000 ohms 1/2 watt
R5		Resistor, 330,000 ohms 1/2 watt
R6		Resistor, 15 Megohms 1/2 watt
R7		Resistor, 2 Megohms Vol. control & Sw.
R8		Resistor, 47 ohms 1 watt
R9		Resistor, 2,200 ohms 1 watt
R10		Resistor, 15 ohms 1/2 watt
R11		Resistor, 15 ohms 1/2 watt
C1, C4	817115	Condenser, variable
C2		Condenser, .05 mfd, 200 volt
C3		Condenser, .05 mfd, 400 volt
C5		Condenser, .00005 mfd, 500 volt
C6		Condenser, .0001 mfd, 500 volt
C7		Condenser, .002 mfd, 500 volt
C8		Condenser, .002 mfd, 500 volt
C9		Condenser, 40 mfd, 150 volt
C10		Condenser, 20 mfd, 150 volt
T1	AI9176	Coil, antenna
T2	AC18255-1	Coil, oscillator
T3	AC18157-1	Coil, i-f
T4	AC18258-1	Output transformer
Spk.	AI8263	Dial scale emblem
	EI8124-1	Cabinet, walnut
	EI8261-2	Cabinet, ivory
	AI8262-2	Knob, tuning, ivory
	817209	Knob, tuning, ivory
		Speaker
		Condenser, .005 mfd, 400 volt

TUBES AND FUNCTIONS
12SA7 Mixer-oscillator
12SQ7 Detector-AMC-AP.
50L6GT Output
35Z5GT Rectifier

POWER SUPPLY
105-125 Volts, AC-DC, 35 Watts

POWER OUTPUT
Type: Beam tube
Undistorted ..... .6 Watts
Maximum 2.5 Watts
Plate Load 2000 Ohms

LOUD SPEAKER
Type: Permanent magnet
Size: 4 inch
Voice coil impedance 3.2 ohms

FREQUENCY RANGE
Broadcast 540-1600 kc
IF 455 kc

CODE
M=MEGOHM
K=1000 OHM

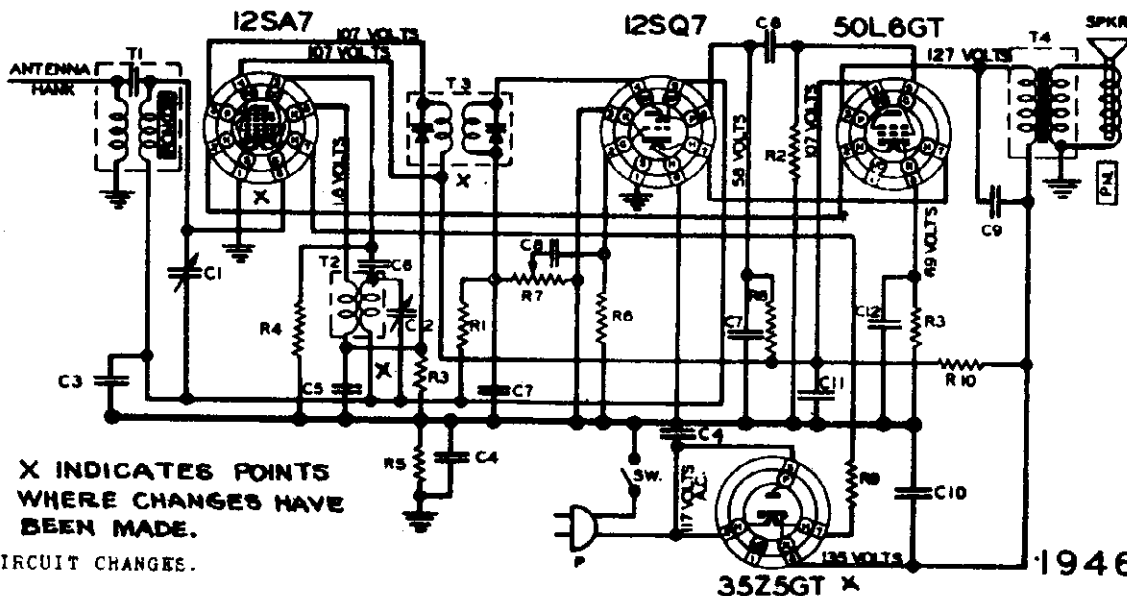
TUBE SOCKETS ARE VIEWED FROM UNDER SIDE OF CHASSIS. VOLTAGE READINGS SHOWN AT SOCKET PRONGS ARE TO FLOATING GROUND AND ARE TAKEN WITH NO SIGNAL. A.C. LINE VOLTAGE AT I17 VOLTAGE IS ZERO OR TOO LOW TO READ.

FLOATING GROUND

INDICATES GROUND TO CHASSIS BASE

MODELS 444, 444A
Chassis RE-200

NOBLITT-SPARKS INDUSTRIES INC.



1946

X INDICATES POINTS WHERE CHANGES HAVE BEEN MADE.

CIRCUIT CHANGES.

The following changes have been made in Chassis RE-200 since the start of production.

1. Connections to pins 2 & 7 have been interchanged on 12SA7 tube.
2. A 15 ohm resistor, R-11 has been added in E+ lead at Cathode of 35Z5GT tube.
3. .005 Condenser C-5 and 150 ohm Resistor R-3 have been deleted from oscillator circuit.
4. Tap has been added to Primary of IF transformer T-3 and trimmer connected directly across primary winding.

PRELIMINARY.

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

Output meter connection	Across loudspeaker voice coil
Output meter reading to indicate 200 milliwatts (standard output)	0.8 volts
Dummy antenna to be in series with signal generator output	See chart below
Connection of generator ground lead	Floating ground
Generator modulation	30% 400 cycles
Position of Volume Control	Fully clockwise
Position of pointer with variable fully closed	54 on dial

Position of Variable	Generator Frequency	Dummy Antenna	Generator Output Connection	Trimmers Adjusted	Trimmer Function	Approximate Sensitivity
Open	455 Kc	.05 uf	12SA7 Grid (Stator of C-1) Antenna lead	2 trimmers on top of T-3 **C-2	IF	3000 uv
1400 Kc	1400 Kc	.00005 uf			Oscillator	360 uv

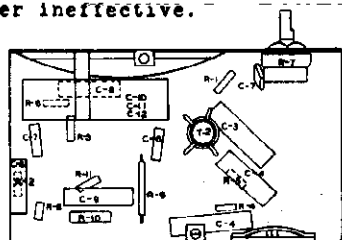
**Since the antenna section of the variable has no trimmer, the rotor of the variable should be rocked back and forth on both sides of 1400 Kc while adjusting the oscillator trimmer for maximum output. This is to obtain the combination of rotor and trimmer setting to give perfect tracking of the two sections of the variable condenser and consequently give maximum output.

Check sensitivity at 600 Kc. If weak, adjust antenna section plates for maximum output at 600 Kc. Tracking of the condenser at points other than 1400 Kc is accomplished by bending the outside plates on the variable condenser rotor, which are cut for this purpose. When bending plates to track the condenser at any given frequency, keep in mind the fact that this will effect the tracking at all frequencies below that point. A tuning wand is very helpful in checking the tracking of this condenser, to indicate whether more or less capacity is needed.

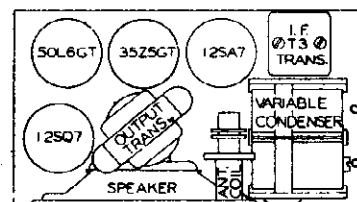
The alignment procedure should be repeated stage by stage in the original order for greatest accuracy.

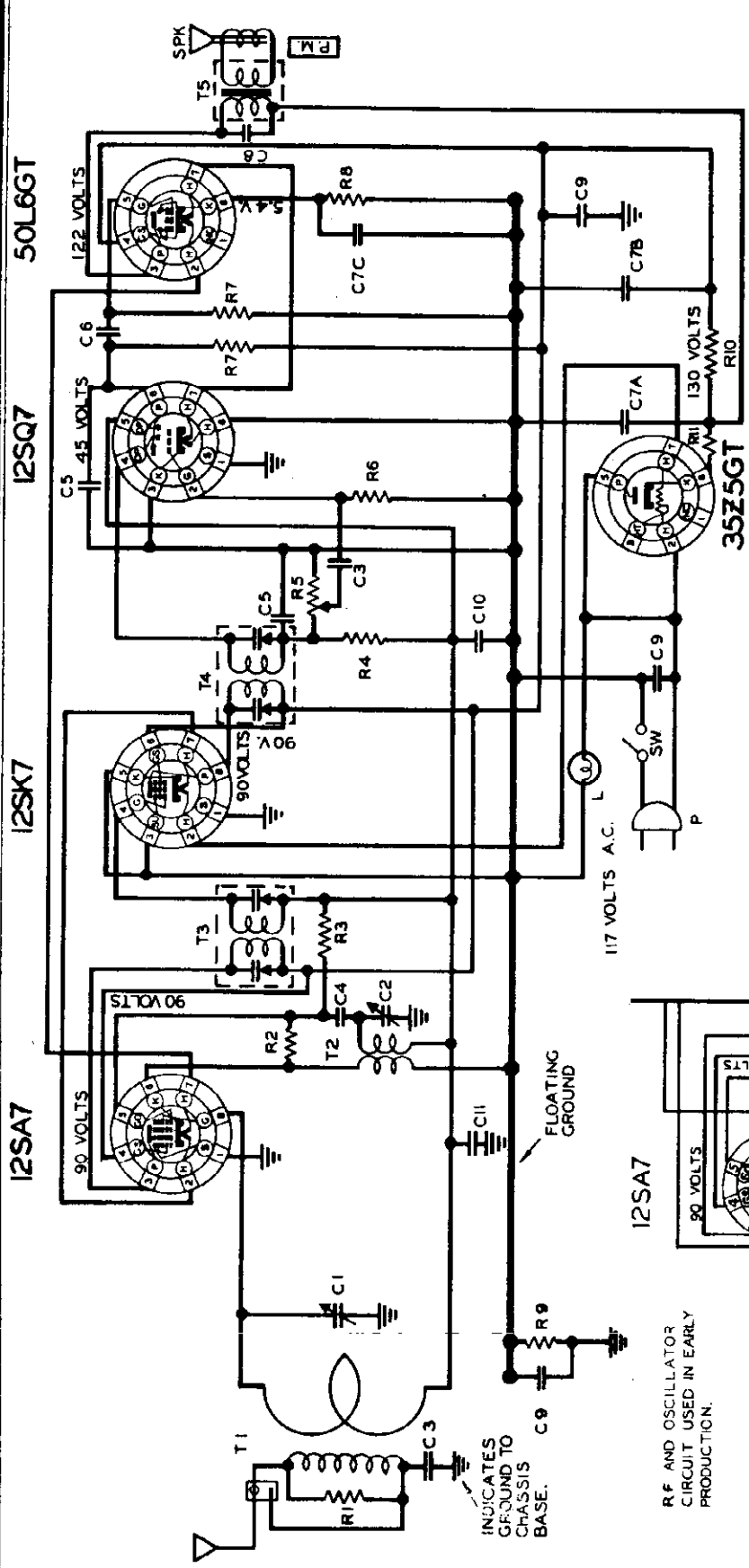
Always keep the output from the test oscillator at its lowest possible value to make the AVC action of the receiver ineffective.

LOCATION OF PARTS UNDER CHASSIS



TUBE LAYOUT





1946

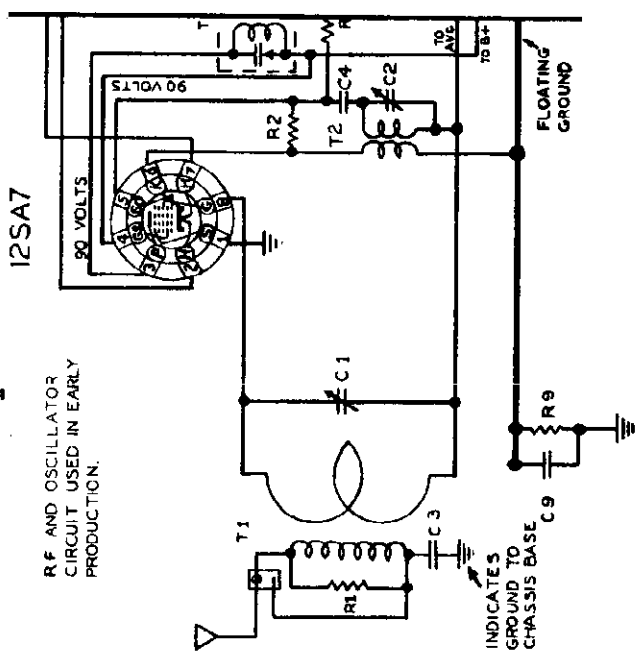
TUBE SOCKETS ARE VIEWED FROM UNDER SIDE OF CHASSIS. VOLTAGE READINGS SHOWN AT SOCKET PRONGS ARE TO FLOATING GROUND AND ARE TAKEN WITH NO SIGNAL. A.C. LINE VOLTAGE AT 117 VOLTS. WHERE NO READING IS GIVEN THE VOLTAGE IS ZERO OR TOO LOW TO READ.

SERVICE HINTS AND CIRCUIT CHANGES.

Sets made previously to March, 1946 had the Variable Condenser rotors connected to the AVC line instead of being grounded to chassis base, and did not have the .1 ufd condenser C-11 connected from the AVC line to chassis base. (In a few sets this is a .05 ufd condenser C-9)

On the early sets, if the dial pointer, shaft, or metal pulley on variable is allowed to touch the dial scale, or plate, the rotor of variable will be grounded, causing noise and distortion. The circuit was changed to eliminate this condition.

If distortion or a chopped output signal is encountered in this set, try replacing the 50L6 tube.



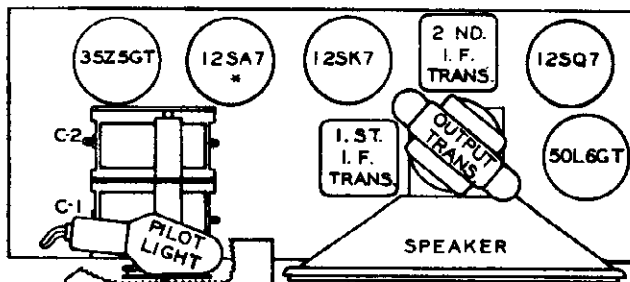
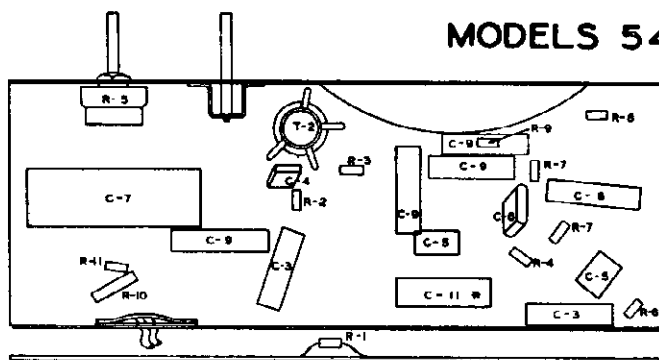
RF AND OSCILLATOR CIRCUIT USED IN EARLY PRODUCTION.

INDICATES GROUND TO CHASSIS BASE

MODELS 544, 544A,
Chassis RE-201

NOBLITT-SPARKS INDUSTRIES INC.

MODELS 544 & 544A



LOCATION OF PARTS UNDER CHASSIS

OUTLINE FOR TUBE LAYOUT

* ON SETS MADE PREVIOUS TO MAY 1946 THE 12SA7 TUBE WAS LOCATED BETWEEN THE VARIABLE CONDENSER AND 1ST I.F. TRANSFORMER

PRELIMINARY.

Output meter connection Across loudspeaker voice coil
 Output meter reading to indicate 200 milliwatts (standard output)..... .8 volts
 Dummy antenna value to be used in series with generator output See chart below
 Connection of generator output lead See chart below
 Connection of generator ground lead *Floating ground
 Generator modulation 30% 400 cycles
 Position of Volume Control Fully clockwise
 Position of dial pointer with variable fully closed Horizontal
 Place the set loop in the same position with respect to the rear of the chassis, and the same distance from the chassis, as it would be with the set mounted in the cabinet.

Position of Variable	Frequency of Generator	Dummy Antenna	Generator Output Connection	Trimmers adjusted in Order Shown for Max. Output	Function of Trimmer
Open	455	.01 mfd.	12SA7 Grid (Stator of front section of variable condenser)	Top of 2nd & 1st IF Trans.	IF
1400	1400	.00005 mfd.	Antenna Clip (With blue wire removed)	C2; C1, trimmers on Rear & Front sections of Variable Condenser	Osc. Ant.
600	600	.00005 mfd.	Antenna Clip (With blue wire removed)	**Adj. antenna section plates of variable cond. for Max. output.	Antenna

If a standard test loop is used with the signal generator for alignment of the receiver, the blue wire will be left in the antenna clip, and the approximate sensitivities should be 300 uv/m and 250 uv/m or less at 600 Kc and 1400 Kc respectively.

Approximate stage by stage sensitivities for 200 Milliwatt output.

IF - 455 Kc. -----	3350 uv	Antenna 1000 Kc -----	50 uv
Mixer 455 Kc. -----	75 uv	Antenna 1400 Kc -----	25 uv
Mixer 1000 Kc. -----	60 uv	Antenna 600 Kc -----	50 uv

The alignment procedure should be repeated in the original order for greatest accuracy. Always keep the output from the signal generator at its lowest possible value to make the AVC action of the receiver ineffective.

*A floating ground connection can be obtained on either of the lugs on the back of the AC switch or the black lead on the Volume Control.

**AS THE CONDENSERS ARE ALL TRACKED BEFORE LEAVING THE FACTORY IT IS NOT PROBABLE THAT THE PLATES WILL NEED TO BE ADJUSTED UNLESS WIDE VARIATIONS IN TUBES ARE ENCOUNTERED.

The outside plates on the antenna section of the variable condenser are cut, so they can be bent in or out to give more or less capacity at any given position of the rotor, after the trimmers on the variable have been adjusted at 1400 Kc. A disc type tuning wand affords a quick method of determining whether more or less capacity is needed in the antenna circuit. If the output increases when the Iron end of the wand is placed near the loop, the plates should be bent in to give more capacity. If the output increases when the brass or aluminum end of the wand is placed near the loop the plates should be spread out. If the wand indicates

cont'd on next page

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that the plates should go closer, but cannot go closer without shorting, the oscillator section plates can be spread, but the calibration should be checked after adjusting the oscillator section. Also the band coverage should be checked to see that 540 Kc can be received.

If the receiver is weak at 1000 Kc the same procedure can be followed at 1000 Kc as outlined above for 600 Kc but this will change the tracking at 600 Kc and may affect 1400 Kc so that all points should be rechecked in the original order.

The condenser should be checked for any possible shorting of the plates after the alignment is completed.

LOUD SPEAKER

Type: Permanent magnet
 Size: 5 inch
 Voice coil impedance 3.2 ohms

FREQUENCY RANGE

Broadcast 540-1600 kc
 IF 455 kc

POWER SUPPLY

105-125 Volts AC-DC, 35 Watts

TUBES & FUNCTIONS

12SA7 Mixer-oscillator
 12SK7 IF Amp.
 12SQ7GT DET-AVC-AP
 50L6GT Output
 35Z5GT Rectifier

POWER OUTPUT

Undistorted8 Watts
 Maximum 2.5 Watts
 Plate load 2000 ohms

Due to variations in tubes some sets which are equipped with 12SK7GT tubes may have a tendency to oscillate. This condition can usually be corrected by placing a shield on the 12SK7GT tube or replacing it with a 12SK7 metal tube. In some cases the IF transformers may need to be rechecked after changing this tube.

Several cases of weak sets have been caused by a defective 12SA7GT tube which will check good on the average tube tester. Alignment should be checked after changing this tube.

REP. NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	LIST PRICE	REF. NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	LIST PRICE
	E17232-1	Cabinet, Walnut	\$2.38	C9	C20068-503	Cond., .05 mfd - 400 V P.T.	.19
	E17232-2	Cabinet, Ivory	2.50	C10	C20067-503	Cond., .05 mfd - 200 V P.T.	.17
	A17304	Dial Crystal	.24	C11	C20068-104	Cond., .1 mfd - 400 V P.T.	.22
	A19474-1	Knobs	.11	R1	C20060-103	Resistor, 10,000 ohms $\frac{1}{2}$ W	.05
	A19125	Grille Cloth	.08	R2	C20060-223	Resistor, 22,000 ohm $\frac{1}{2}$ W	.05
	A17296	Tuning Shaft	.11	R3	C20060-156	Resistor, 15 meg. $\frac{1}{2}$ W	.05
	A18540-1	Dial Scale	.10	R4	C20060-225	Resistor, 2.2 meg. $\frac{1}{2}$ W	.05
	A19132	Dial Drive Cord	.02	R5	B17291	Volume Cont. & Sw., 1 meg.	.87
	A19133	Spring	.04	R6	C20060-475	Resistor, 4.7 meg. $\frac{1}{2}$ W	.05
	A19205-3	Cap. Mtg. Clip	.03	R7	C20060-474	Resistor, 470,000 ohm $\frac{1}{2}$ W	.05
	A19253-1	Socket	.12	R8	C20060-151	Resistor, 150 ohm $\frac{1}{2}$ W	.05
	A18254-1	Socket	.12	R9	C20060-334	Resistor, 330,000 ohm $\frac{1}{2}$ W	.05
	A19134-1	Dial Light Socket	.32	R10	C20070-152	Resistor, 1,500 ohm 1 W	.09
	A19135	Dial Light Bulb	.18	R11	C20060-150	Resistor, 15 ohm $\frac{1}{2}$ W	.05
	A16432	Tube Shield	.06	T1	AC18645-1	Antenna Loop Assy.	1.21
	B20064-1	Line Cord & Plug Assy.	.75	T2	AC18646-1	Oscillator Coil	1.40
C1	B18869	Variable Condenser	3.43	T3	AC18908-1	1st. I.F. Coil	1.04
C2				T4	AC18909-1	2d. I.F. Coil	1.05
C3	C20068-103	Cond., .01 mfd - 400 V P.T.	.17	T5	AC18847-1	Output Transformer	.81
C4	C20065-500	Cond., .00005 mfd - 500 V Mica	.20	Spk.	C19114	Speaker	3.25
C5	C20065-501	Cond., .0005 mfd - 500 V Mica	.26		A19473	Dial Pointer	.11
C6	C20069-202	Cond., .002 mfd - 500 V P.T.	.40		A19141	Term. Strip	.07
C7	A19136	Cond., Electrolytic	1.34		A19547	Two Conductor Shielded Leads	1.12
C8	C20068-303	Cond., .03 mfd - 400 V P.T.	.18		AC19193-1	Sp. & Trans. Assy.	3.58

MODELS 664 & 664 A

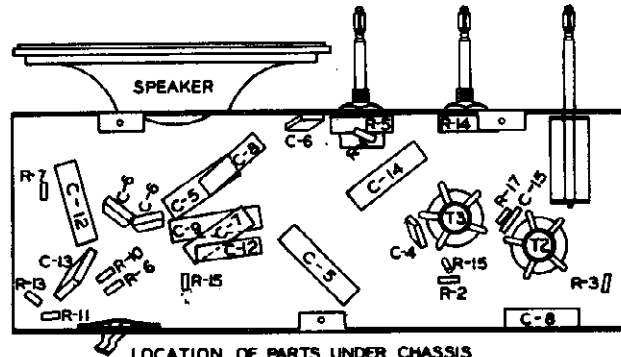
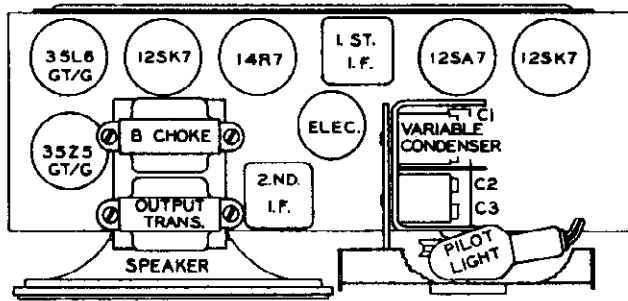
ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

PRELIMINARY.

Output meter connection Across loudspeaker voice coil
 Output meter reading to indicate 200 milliwatts (standard output)8 volts
 Dummy antenna value to be used in series with generator output..... See chart below
 Connection of generator output lead See chart below
 Connection of generator ground lead Floating ground
 Generator modulation 30% 400 cycles
 Position of Volume Control Fully clockwise
 Position of dial pointer with variable fully closed Vertical
 Place the set loop in the same position with respect to the rear of the chassis, and the same distance from the chassis, as it would be with the set mounted in the cabinet. This distance is 1 3/16" from the plate on back of chassis to back of the loop. If the position of the loop is not correct while adjustments are made on the antenna circuit, the antenna circuit will not track and the set will be weak, when placed in the cabinet.

MODELS 664,664A
Chassis RE-206

NOBLITT-SPARKS INDUSTRIES INC.



Position of Variable	Frequency of Generator	Dummy Antenna	Generator Output Connection	Trimmers adjusted in Order Shown for Max. Output	Function of Trimmer.
Open	455	.01 mfd.	12SA7 Grid or (Stator of center section of variable condenser)	Top of 2nd & 1st IF Trans.	IF
1400	1400	.00005 mfd.	Antenna Clip (With black wire removed)	*C3; C2; C1, trimmers on Variable Condenser	Osc. RF Ant.
600	600	.00005 mfd.	Antenna Clip (With black wire removed)	**Adj. plates of variable cond. for Max. output.	Osc. RF Ant.

If a standard test loop is used with the signal generator for alignment of the receiver, the black wire will be left in the antenna clip, and the approximate sensitivities should be 250 uv/m and 150 uv/m or less at 600 Kc and 1400 Kc respectively. Sets using glass 12SA7 tube may have slightly weaker sensitivities.

Approximate stage by stage sensitivities for 200 Milliwatt output.

IF - 455 Kc. -----	10,000 uv	Antenna 1000 Kc -----	15 uv
Mixer 455 Kc. -----	150 uv	Antenna 1400 Kc -----	15 uv
Mixer 1000 Kc. -----	170 uv	Antenna 600 Kc -----	25 uv

The alignment procedure should be repeated in the original order for greatest accuracy. Always keep the output from the signal generator at its lowest possible value to make the AVC action of the receiver ineffective.

*Trimmer C3 (oscillator) is located either on the top or bottom of the variable condenser, depending on the type variable used on any particular set.

**AS THE CONDENSERS ARE ALL TRACKED BEFORE LEAVING THE FACTORY IT IS NOT PROBABLE THAT THE PLATES WILL NEED TO BE ADJUSTED UNLESS WIDE VARIATIONS IN TUBES ARE ENCOUNTERED OR THE CONDENSER HAS BEEN DAMAGED. PLATE BENDING SHOULD NOT BE ATTEMPTED WITHOUT THE PROPER EQUIPMENT, OR BY ANYONE NOT EXPERIENCED AT TRACKING CONDENSERS.

The outside plates on the antenna & RF sections of the variable condenser are cut, so they can be bent in or out to give more or less capacity at any given position of the rotor, after the trimmers on the variable have been adjusted at 1400 Kc. A disc type tuning wand affords a quick method of determining whether more or less capacity is needed in the antenna circuit. If the output increases when the Iron end of the wand is placed near the loop, the plates should be bent in to give more capacity. If the output increases when the brass or aluminum end of the wand is placed near the loop the plates should be spread out. If the wand indicates that the plates should go closer, but cannot go closer without shorting, the oscillator section plates can be spread, or vice versa, but the calibration should be checked after adjusting the oscillator section. Also the band coverage should be checked to see that 540 Kc can be received.

Since the osc. section has much less capacity than the RF & antenna sections, plate bending will be much more effective in the osc. circuit, and a small change in or out in the plates of this section will have the same effect as a large change in the opposite direction in the other sections.

If the receiver is weak at 1000 Kc the same procedure can be followed at 1000 Kc as outlined above for 600 Kc but this will change the tracking at 600 Kc and may affect 1400 Kc so that all points should be rechecked in the original order.

The condenser should be checked for any possible shorting of the plates after the alignment is completed.

SERVICE HINTS AND CIRCUIT CHANGES.

If the dial pointer is allowed to touch the dial scale, the rotor of the variable condenser, which is connected to the AVC Line, will be grounded, causing noise & distortion.

If the set has a tendency to be microphonic, check the rubber grommets on the Variable Condenser mounting, if these are hard replace them with soft rubber grommets.

C15 (14 mmf. cond.) was added to RF Circuit and R17 was changed from 3300 ohms to 6800 ohms, after start of production

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CHASSIS-RE-204

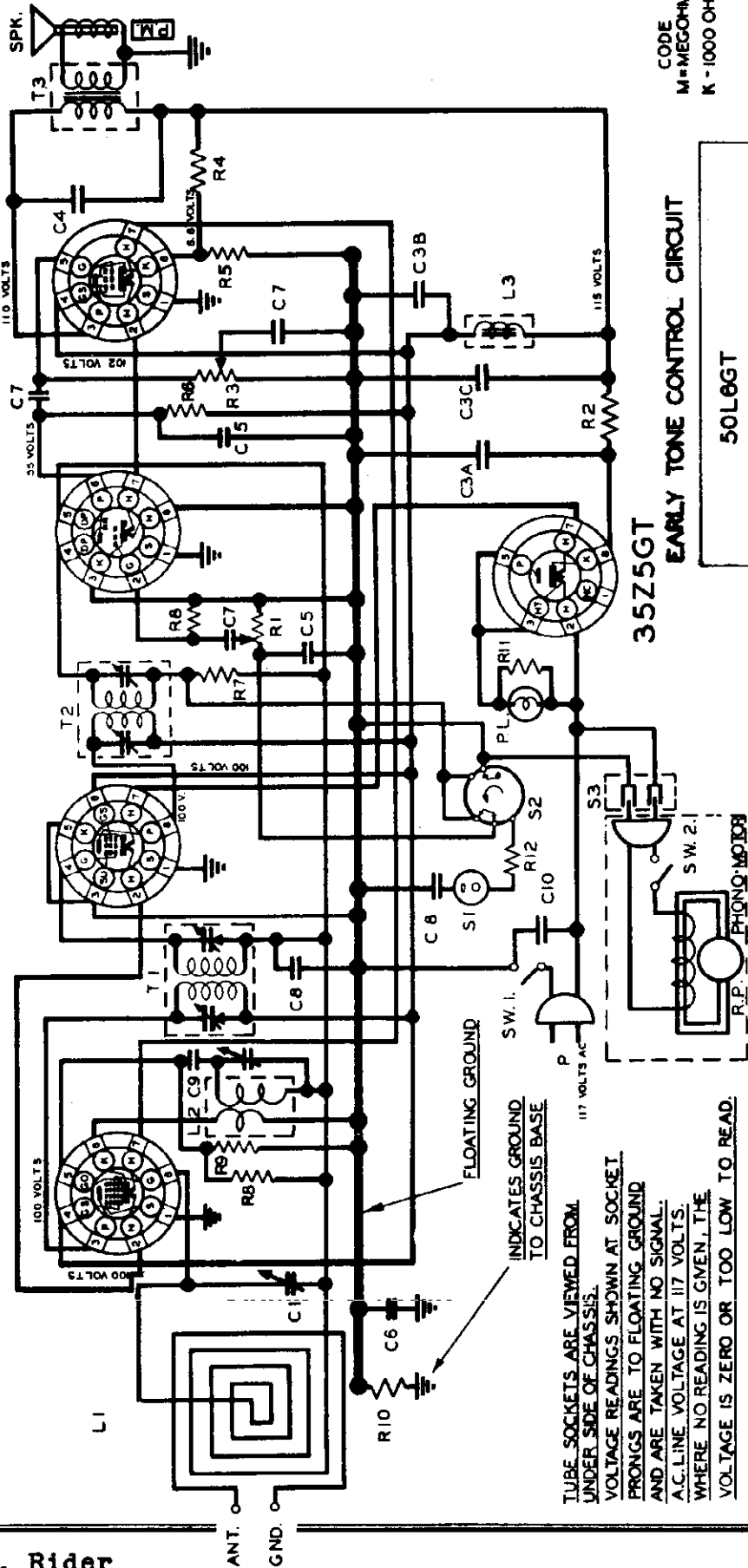
FREQUENCY RANGE
 Broadcast 540-1600 kc
 IP 455 kc

12SA7

12SK7

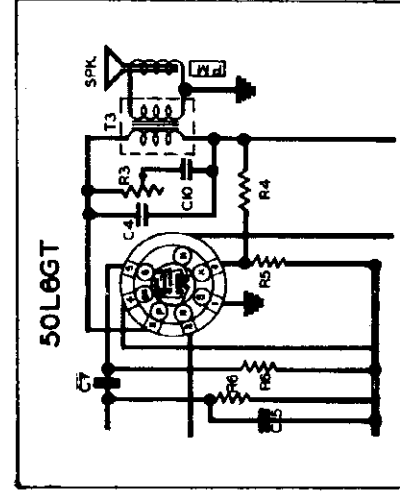
12SQ7

50L6GT



CODE
 M=MEG OHM
 K=1000 OHM

EARLY TONE CONTROL CIRCUIT



POWER OUTPUT

Undistorted	1 Watt
Maximum	1.9 Watts
Plate load	2000 ohms

105-125 Volts AC-DC, 50 Watts

Sets made previous to July, 1946 had the tone control in the plate circuit.
 See Drawing In these sets the tone control R3 was 50K ohms.

LOUD SPEAKER

Type: Permanent magnet
 Size: 5 inch

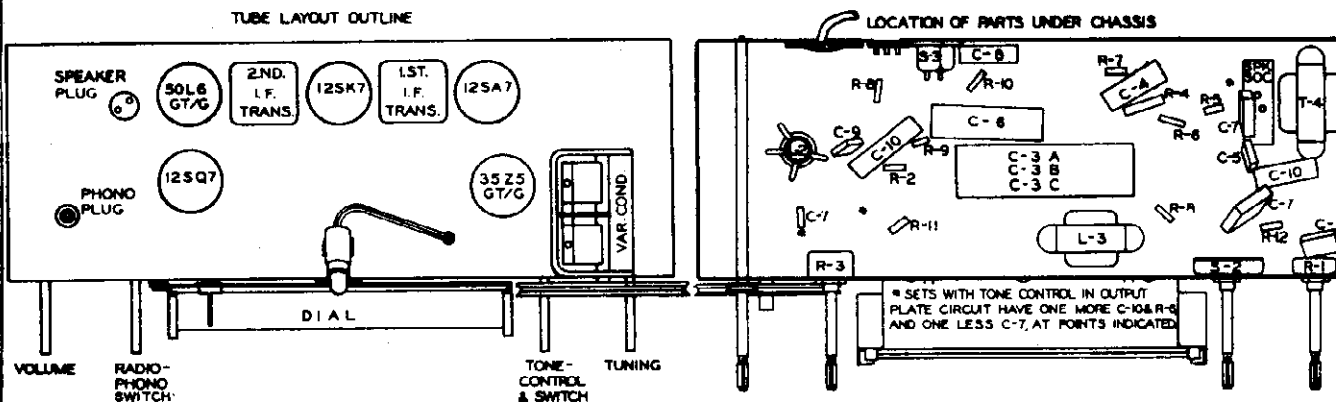
TUBE SOCKETS ARE VIEWED FROM UNDER SIDE OF CHASSIS. VOLTAGE READINGS SHOWN AT SOCKET PRONGS ARE TO FLOATING GROUND AND ARE TAKEN WITH NO SIGNAL. A.C. LINE VOLTAGE AT 117 VOLTS. WHERE NO READING IS GIVEN, THE VOLTAGE IS ZERO OR TOO LOW TO READ.

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If a set is found to be microphonic when playing records, check for the presence of 4 felt washers under the chassis and a wood block $3\frac{1}{2}'' \times 8'' \times \frac{1}{2}''$ mounted under the phono-motor board, in front of the center brace. If these are not present, installing them should correct the microphonic condition. The block should be glued to the under side of the motor board against the front side of the center brace, with two $\frac{1}{4}''$ wood screws driven from the top side of the motor board into the block, to draw it up tight. Place the screws so the heads will be under the turntable.

POSITION OF POWER CORD PLUG.

On AC, the power cord plug should be tried in both its possible positions in the receptacle and left in the position that gives least hum. Do not attempt to operate on DC.



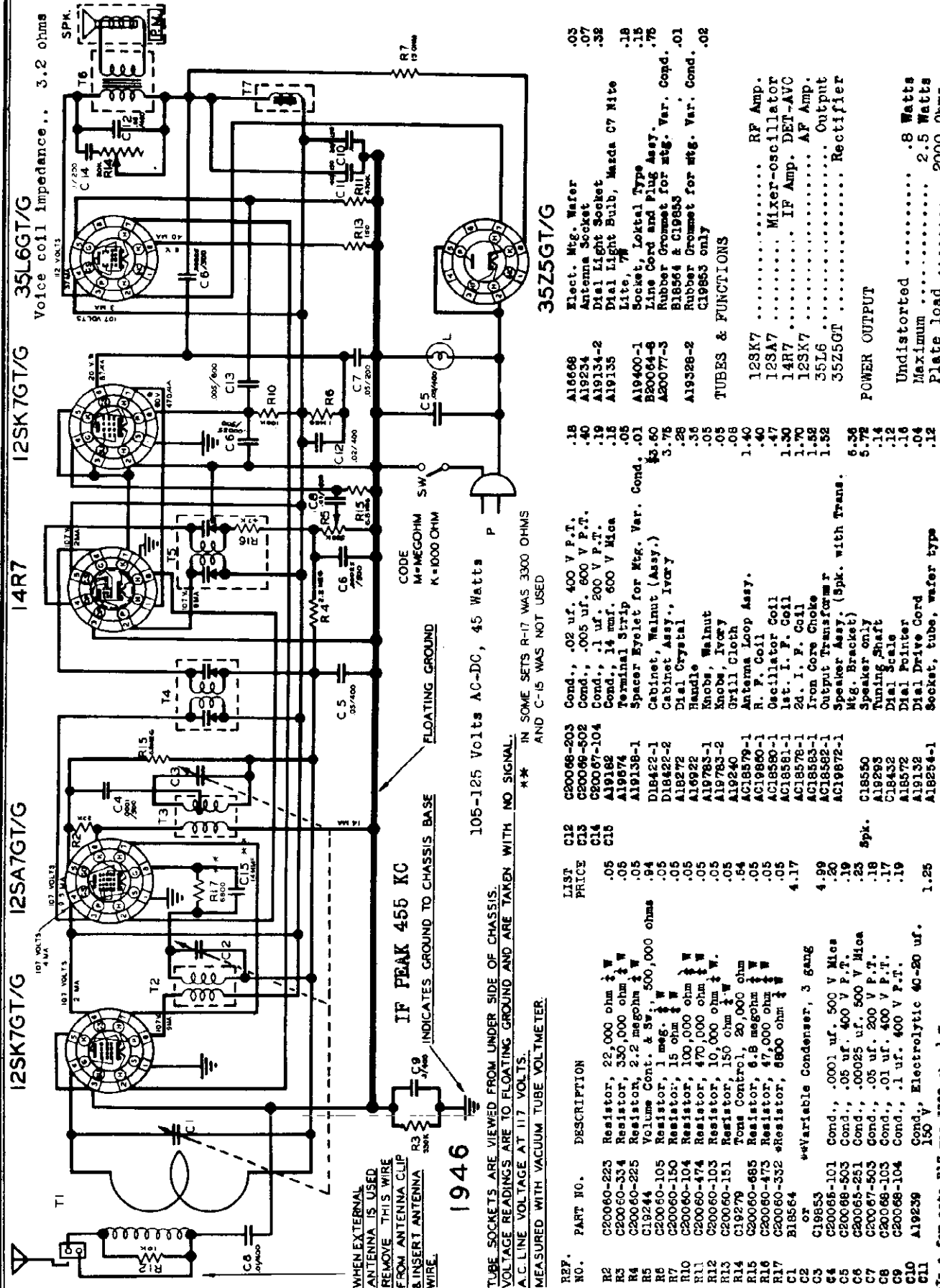
PARTS LIST

REF. NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	LIST PRICE	REF. NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	LIST PRICE
R1	C19753	Volume Control	.65	A19628	Socket, Dial Lamp	.26	
R2	C20060-150	Resistor, 15 ohms $\frac{1}{2}$ W	.05	A19135	Dial Lamp	.18	
R3	C19947	Tone Control 500 K ohms & ON-OFF Sw.	.87	C19754	Phono-Radio Switch	.83	
	*C19752	Tone Control 50 K ohms	.87	R19573	Cabinet	30.00	
R4	C20070-123	Resistor, 12 K ohms 1 W	.08	RP	E19475 Phono-Motor and Turntable	6.94	
R5	C20060-151	Resistor, 150 ohms $\frac{1}{2}$ W	.05	C19594	Pick-up Arm	5.55	
R6	C20060-474	Resistor, 470 K ohms $\frac{1}{2}$ W	.05	A19850	Needle, Semi-perm	.92	
R7	C20060-225	Resistor, 2.2 meg. $\frac{1}{2}$ W	.05	C19572	Escutcheon	1.38	
R8	C20060-156	Resistor, 15 meg. $\frac{1}{2}$ W	.05	A19595	Escutcheon, On-Off Switch	.03	
R9	C20060-223	Resistor, 22 K ohms $\frac{1}{2}$ W	.05	A19545	On-Off Switch - (Phono-Motor)	.15	
R10	C20060-334	Resistor, 330 K ohms $\frac{1}{2}$ W	.05	A19596	Rest, Pick-up arm	.14	
R11	C20060-681	Resistor, 680 ohms $\frac{1}{2}$ W	.04	AE19585-1	Antenna Loop Assy.	1.33	
R12	C20060-105	Resistor, 1 meg. $\frac{1}{2}$ W	.05	L2	AC19586-1 Oscillator Coil Assy.	1.37	
C1-C2	C19584	Variable Condenser - 2 gang	3.82	T1	AC19587-1 1st I.F. Coil Assy.	1.12	
C5A		Elect. Cond. 10 mfd. 150 V		T2	AC19588-1 2d. I.F. Coil Assy.	1.10	
C5B	A19780	Elect. Cond. 20 mfd. 150 V	1.17	L3	AC19589-1 Choke Assy.	.69	
C5C		Elect. Cond. 40 mfd. 150 V		T3	AC19591-1 Output Transformer	1.00	
C4	C20068-203	Condenser, .02 uf 400 V	.18	AA19593-2	Tuning Shaft & Pulley Assy.	.47	
C5	C20065-501	Condenser, .0005 uf 500 V	.26	AA19639-1	Dial Cord Guide Assy.	.03	
C6	A19765	Condenser, .2 uf 400 V	.29	A19578	Dial Pointer	.07	
C7	C20069	Condenser, .002 uf 600 V	.40	C19615	Dial Glass	.75	
C8	C20067-503	Condenser, .05 uf 200 V	.18	A19132	Cord, Dial Drive	.02	
C9	C20065-500	Condenser, .00005 uf 500 V	.20	A19295	Spring, Dial Cord	.04	
C10	C20068-503	Condenser, .05 uf 400 V	.19	B20064-10	Line Cord & Plug Assy.	.75	
	A19141	Double Terminal Strip	.04	C19597	Knob, Volume	.04	
	A19600	Triple Terminal Strip	.04	C19598	Knob, Tuning	.04	
	A18254-1	Tube Socket	.12	C19599	Knob, Phono-switch	.04	
	A19234	Socket, Antenna Loop	.07	C19800	Knob, Tone Control	.04	
	A19552	Socket, One Prong	.07	A19554	Plug, One Prong	.05	
S5	A19551	Socket, Phono-motor	.21	A19556	Plug, A.C.	.21	
	A19579	Socket, Speaker	.08	Spk. C19620	Speaker	4.86	

*On sets having Tone Control in Output Plate Circuit.

MODELS 664, 664A,
Chassis RE-206

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35L6GT/G
Voice coil impedance.. 3.2 ohms

12SK7GT/G

14R7

12SA7GT/G

35Z5GT/G

Elect. Mtg. Wafer .03
Antenna Socket .07
Dial Light Socket .32
Dial Light Bulb, Mazda C7 Nite .18
Lite, 7W .15
Socket, Loktal Type .75
Line Cord and Plug Assy. .01
Rubber Grommet for Mtg. Var. Cond. .01
B18564 & C19853
Rubber Grommet for Mtg. Var. Cond. .02
C19853 only

TUBES & FUNCTIONS

12SK7 RF Amp.
12SA7 Mixer-oscillator
14R7 IF Amp. DEF-AVC
12SK7 AF Amp.
35L6 Output
35Z5GT Rectifier

POWER OUTPUT

Undistorted8 Watts
Maximum 2.5 Watts
Plate load 2000 Ohms

LIST PRICE

C20068-203 Cond., .02 uf. 400 V P.T. .18
C20069-502 Cond., .005 uf. 600 V P.T. .40
C20067-104 Cond., .1 uf. 200 V P.T. .19
A19162 Cond., 14 mm. 600 V Mica .15
A19135 Terminal Strip .05
A19138-1 Spacer Eyelet for Mtg. Var. Cond. .01
D18422-1 Cabinet, Walnut (Assy.) \$5.60
D18422-2 Cabinet Assy., Ivory 3.75
A19272 Dial Crystal .28
A19273 Handle .34
A19783-1 Knobs, Walnut .05
A19783-2 Knobs, Ivory .05
A19240 Grill Cloth 1.40
AC18579-1 Antenna Loop Assy. 1.40
AC19880-1 R. P. Coil .40
AC18580-1 Oscillator Coil .47
AC18581-1 1st. I. P. Coil 1.30
AC18578-1 2d. I. P. Coil 1.70
AC18579-1 Iron Core Choke 1.52
AC18583-1 Output Transformer 6.36
AC19872-1 Speaker Assy. (Spk. with Trans. 5.78
C18550 Spk. Bracket) .14
A18293 Tuning Shaft .12
C18432 Dial Scale .16
A18572 Dial Pointer .04
A19132 Dial Drive Cord .12
A19254-1 Socket, tube, wafer type

REF. PART NO. DESCRIPTION

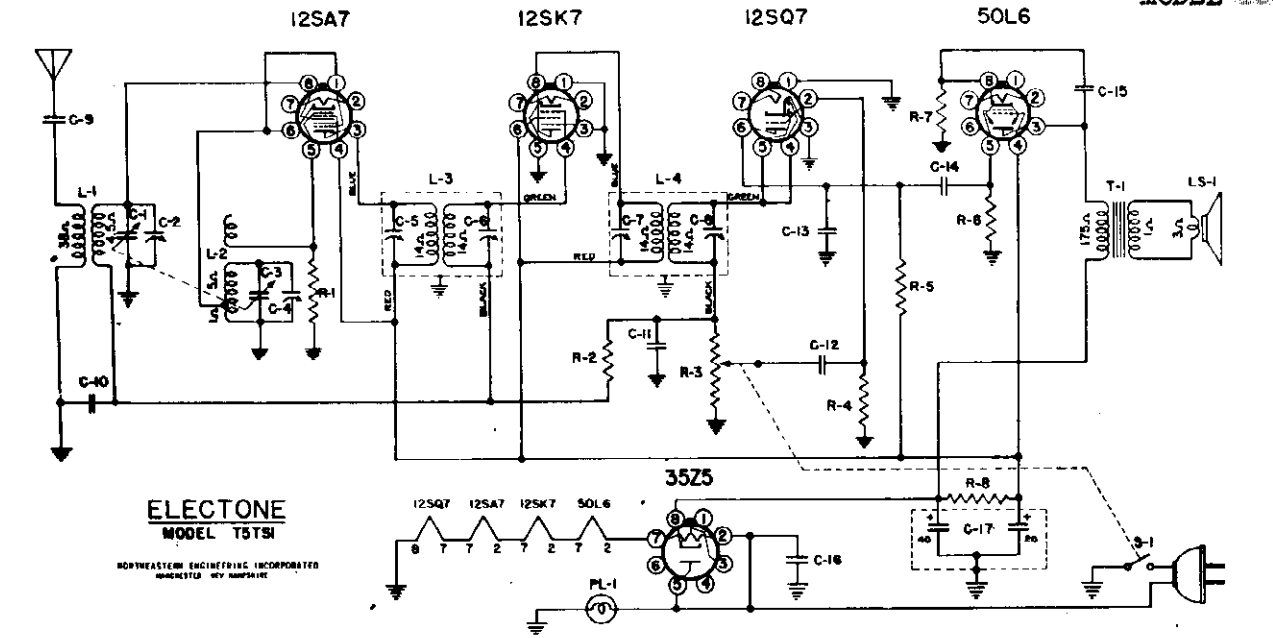
R2 C20060-223 Resistor, 22,000 ohm $\frac{1}{2}$ W .05
R3 C20060-334 Resistor, 330,000 ohm $\frac{1}{2}$ W .05
R4 C20060-225 Resistor, 2.2 megohm $\frac{1}{2}$ W .05
R5 19244 Volume Cont. & Sv. 500,000 ohms .94
R6 C20060-105 Resistor, 1 meg. $\frac{1}{2}$ W .05
R7 C20060-150 Resistor, 15 ohm $\frac{1}{2}$ W .05
R10 C20060-474 Resistor, 100,000 ohm $\frac{1}{2}$ W .05
R11 C20060-103 Resistor, 470,000 ohm $\frac{1}{2}$ W .05
R12 C20060-151 Resistor, 150 ohm $\frac{1}{2}$ W .05
R13 C20060-151 Resistor, 150 ohm $\frac{1}{2}$ W .05
R14 C19279 Tons Control, 20,000 ohm .64
R15 C20060-685 Resistor, 6.8 megohm $\frac{1}{2}$ W .05
R16 C20060-475 Resistor, 47,000 ohm $\frac{1}{2}$ W .05
R17 C20060-532 Resistor, 5800 ohm $\frac{1}{2}$ W .05
C1 B18564
C2 or
C3 C19853 **Variable Condenser, 3 gang 4.99
C4 C20065-101 Cond., .0001 uf. 500 V Mica .20
C5 C20068-503 Cond., .05 uf. 400 V P.T. .19
C6 C20065-251 Cond., .00025 uf. 500 V Mica .23
C7 C20067-503 Cond., .05 uf. 200 V P.T. .17
C8 C20068-103 Cond., .01 uf. 400 V P.T. .18
C9 C20068-104 Cond., .1 uf. 400 V P.T. .19
C10 A19239 Cond., Electrolytic 40-20 uf. 150 V, 3500 ohm $\frac{1}{2}$ W. 1.25
C11

in a few sets R17 was 3500 ohm $\frac{1}{2}$ W.
*When ordering a replacement Variable Condenser, be sure to use the part number which is stamped on the back of the original Condenser.

For alignment see pp. 15-5, 15-6

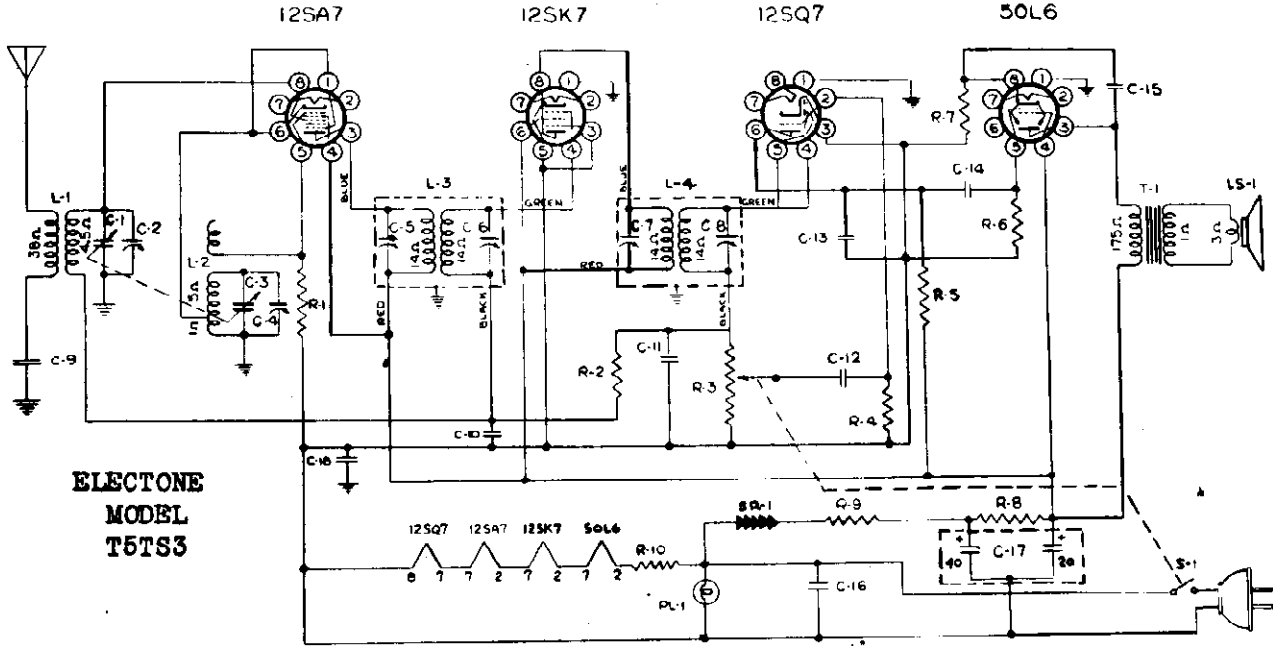
NORTHEASTERN ENGINEERING INC.

MODEL T5T3
MODEL T5T9



ELECTONE
MODEL T5T9

NORTHEASTERN ENGINEERING INCORPORATED
MANUFACTURED BY HAMPSHIRE



ELECTONE
MODEL
T5T3

Symbol	Description	Symbol	Description
C1	Ant. Tuning cap. inc.	C2	Osc. tuning cap. inc.
C3	1st i-f trimmer cap.	C4	2nd i-f trimmer cap.
C5, C6	1st i-f trimmer cap.	C7, C8	2nd i-f trimmer cap.
C9	Cap. 0.001 μfd, 500 v, mica	C10	Cap. 0.05 μfd, 200v, paper
C11	Cap. 0.00025 μfd, 300v, mica	C12	Cap. 0.0002 μfd, 600v, paper
C13	Cap. 0.00025 μfd, 500v, mica	C14	Cap. 0.02 μfd, 400v, paper
C15	Cap. 0.02 μfd, 400v, paper	C16	Cap. 0.05 μfd, 400v, paper
C17	Cap. 40/20 μfd, 150v, electro	C18	Cap. 0.05 μfd, 400v, paper
L1	Ant. coil	L2	Osc. coil
L3	1st i-f trans.	L4	2nd i-f trans.
LS1	Loudspeaker, 5" PM	PL1	Pilot light, 115v, 6 watts
R1	20,000 ohms, 1/2 watt	R2	3.0 megohms, 1/2 watt
R3	Pot. and switch (S1) 500,000 ohms	R4	15.0 megohms, 1/2 watt
R5	470,000 ohms, 1/2 watt	R6	470,000 ohms, 1/2 watt
R7	150,000 ohms, 1/2 watt	R8	1,000 ohms, 5 watts
R9	15 ohms, type ON	R10	200 ohms, 10 watts
S1	Power switch (part of K3)	SR1	Selenium rectifier, 100ma, 5 plates
T1	Output trans.		

MODEL T5TS1
MODEL T5TS3

NORTHEASTERN ENGINEERING INC.
Model T5TS1 Broadcast Receiver

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The Model T5TS1 ELECTONE is a five tube super-heterodyne broadcast entertainment receiver designed for operation from either a direct or alternating current power source. The circuit utilizes multi-unit tubes and incorporates automatic volume control. The chassis is enclosed in an all-metal cabinet of modern styling and having the following dimensions: Width 12"; Depth 7"; Height 7".

ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Power Supply.....105-125 volts, 50-60 cycles, AC or 105-125 volts DC
Power Consumption.....30 watts
Frequency Range.....500-1700 Kcs.
Intermediate Frequency.....456 Kcs.
Audio Output.....1.5 watts

TUBE COMPLEMENT

Converter and Oscillator.....12SA7
I.F. Amplifier.....12SK7
Detector-AVC-Audio.....12SQ7
Power Output.....50L6GT
Rectifier.....35Z5GT
Dial Lamp.....Mazda #6S6

LOUDSPEAKER

Permanent Magnet.....5" Diameter

INSTALLATION FACILITIES PROVIDED

Power.....1.5' cord and plug
Antenna.....10' indoor type
Ground.....None required

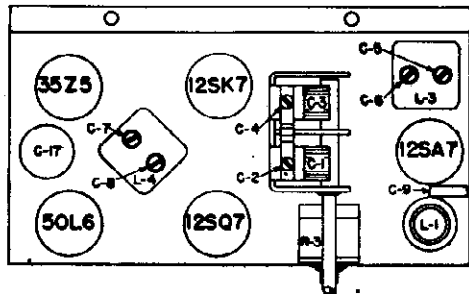


FIG. 1 - Tube and Trimmer Locations (Top View)

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

Alignment Frequencies:

I.F.456 Kcs.
R.F.1500 Kcs.

I. F. Alignment:

Connect output meter across the voice coil. Turn the receiver volume control to maximum. Connect high side of the alignment oscillator, through a .05 mfd. capacitor, to the converter grid.

Set alignment oscillator at 456 Kcs. and adjust output to give the lowest conveniently readable indication on the output meter. Adjust trimmers C-7 and C-8 in 2nd I.F. transformer to give maximum indication on output meter. Repeat this procedure for trimmers C-5 and C-6 in the 1st I.F. transformer. Repeat procedure to check accuracy.

R. F. Alignment:

Retain output meter connected as above and receiver volume control set at maximum. Connect alignment oscillator to antenna.

Set alignment oscillator at 1500 Kcs. and place in operation. Rotate receiver tuning capacitor (C-1 and C-3) to give maximum signal indication on output meter. Adjust output of alignment oscillator to give the lowest conveniently readable indication on the output meter. Adjust oscillator trimmer C-4 to peak the signal indication on output meter. Then, adjust antenna trimmer C-2 to further peak the signal. Repeat procedure to check accuracy.

Trimmer locations are shown in Figure 1.

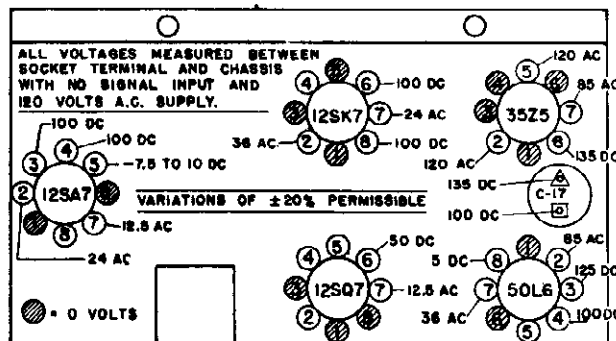


FIG. 2 - Socket Terminal Voltages (Bottom View)

NOTES:

An electronic voltmeter may be connected to the AVC bus and used for alignment indication in lieu of the output meter across the voice coil.

An electronic voltmeter or a voltmeter with a minimum resistance of 20,000 ohms per volt should be used for voltage measurements.

The polarity of the power connection must be correct when operating the receiver on direct current. If the receiver does not operate when the power plug is first inserted, remove and re-insert in opposite position. Reversal of plug position on alternating current supply may reduce hum in some cases.

CAUTION:

A direct ground connection should not be placed on the receiver at any time. Particular care should be exercised when removing and replacing chassis to insure that the insulators between chassis and cabinet are in position and that the insulation is complete and effective.

SB101-5-46-5M-W

LIST OF SYMBOLS

SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
C-1	ANT. TUNING CAPACITOR including trimmer C-2
C-3	OSC. TUNING CAPACITOR including trimmer C-4
C-5, 6	1st I.F. TRIMMER CAPACITORS
C-7, 8	2nd I.F. TRIMMER CAPACITORS
C-9	CAPACITOR - 0.001 mfd. - 500 volts - Mica
C-10	CAPACITOR - 0.05 mfd. - 200 volts - Paper
C-11	CAPACITOR - 0.0025 mfd. - 500 volts - Mica
C-12	CAPACITOR - 0.002 mfd. - 500 volts - Paper
C-13	CAPACITOR - 0.00025 mfd. - 500 volts - Mica
C-14	CAPACITOR - 0.02 mfd. - 400 volts - Paper
C-15	CAPACITOR - 0.02 mfd. - 400 volts - Paper
C-16	CAPACITOR - 0.05 mfd. - 400 volts - Paper
C-17	CAPACITOR - 40/20 mfd. - 100 volts - Electrolytic

L-1	ANTENNA COIL
L-2	OSCILLATOR COIL
L-3	1st I.F. TRANSFORMER
L-4	2nd I.F. TRANSFORMER
LS-1	LOUDSPEAKER - 6" PM
PL-1	PILOT LAMP - 110 volts - 5 watts
R-1	RESISTOR - 20,000 ohms - 1/2 watt
R-2	RESISTOR - 3.0 Megohms - 1/2 watt
R-3	POTENTIOMETER AND SPST SWITCH (S-1) - 500,000 ohms
R-4	RESISTOR - 18.0 Megohms - 1/2 watt
R-5	RESISTOR - 470,000 ohms - 1/2 watt
R-6	RESISTOR - 470,000 ohms - 1/2 watt
R-7	RESISTOR - 100 ohms - 1/2 watt
R-8	RESISTOR - 1,000 ohms - 5 watts
S-1	POWER SWITCH (part of R-3)
T-1	OUTPUT TRANSFORMER

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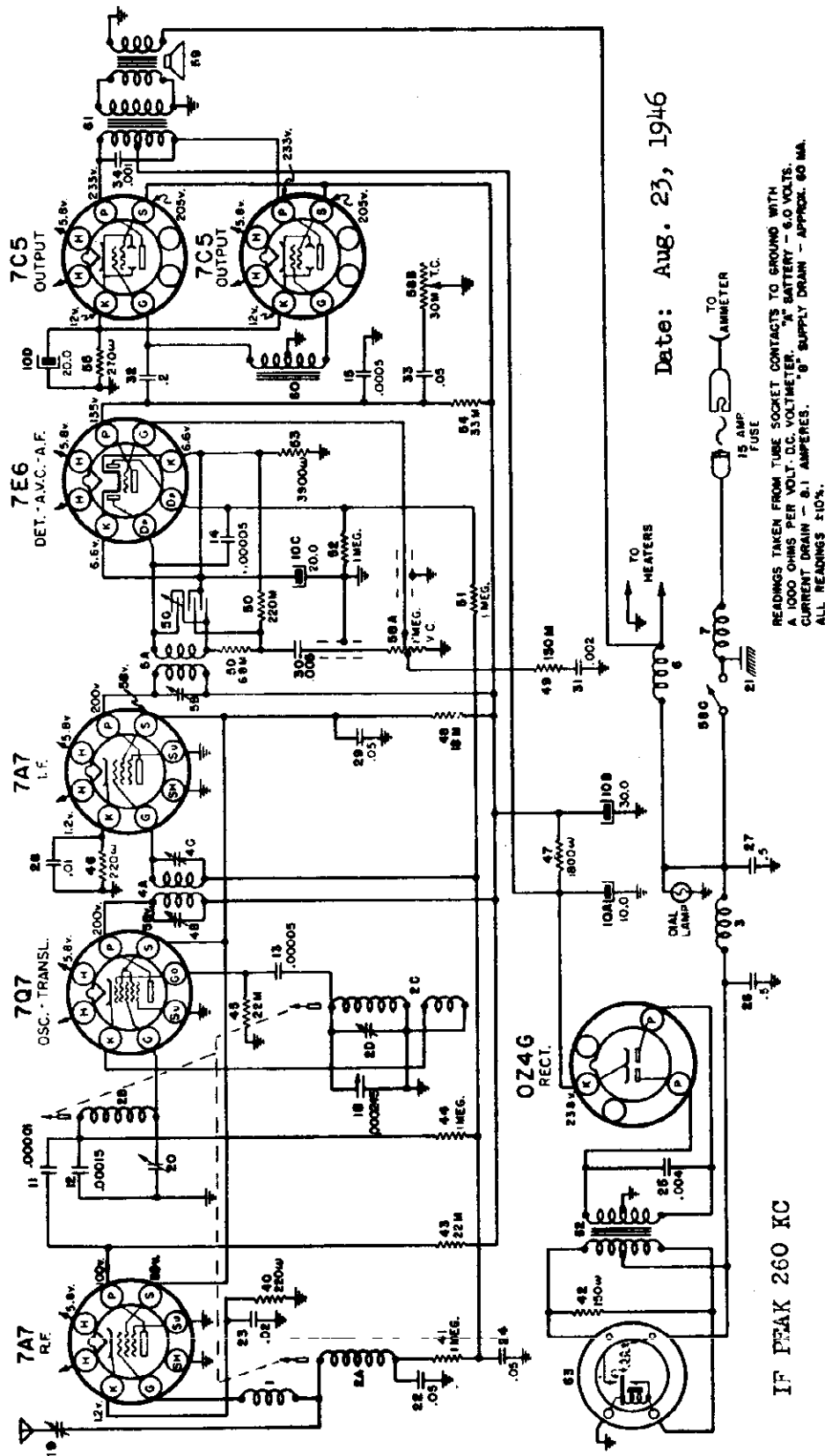


Fig. 3 - Circuit Diagram - 982375

The Oldsmobile model 982375 is a single unit Deluxe Receiver with Automatic Push Button Tuning, in addition to Manual Tuning, Volume and Tone Controls.

The receiver was designed specifically for the 1946 Oldsmobiles. The push Button Assembly, Controls, Receiver and Speaker are built into a housing

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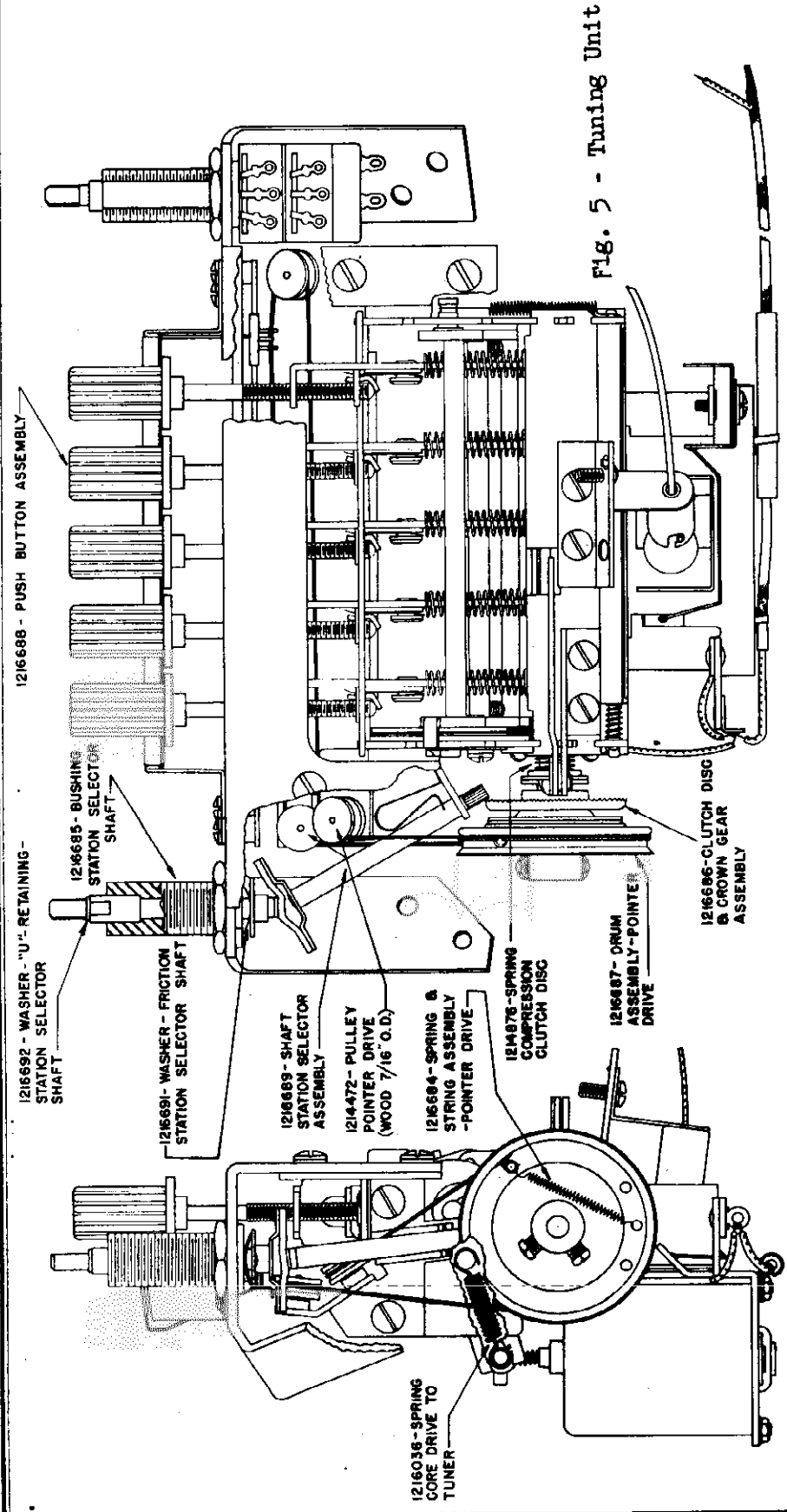


Fig. 5 - Tuning Unit

1216688 - PUSH BUTTON ASSEMBLY

1216692 - WASHER - "U" - RETAINING - STATION SELECTOR SHAFT

1216685 - BUSHING STATION SELECTOR SHAFT

1216691 - WASHER - FRICTION STATION SELECTOR SHAFT

1216689 - SHAFT STATION SELECTOR ASSEMBLY

1214472 - PULLEY POINTER DRIVE (WOOD 7/16" O.D.)

1216694 - SPRING & STRING ASSEMBLY - POINTER DRIVE

1216878 - SPRING COMPRESSION CLUTCH DISC

1216887 - DRUM ASSEMBLY - POINTER DRIVE

1216686 - CLUTCH DISC & CROWN GEAR ASSEMBLY

1216036 - SPRING CORE DRIVE TO TUNER

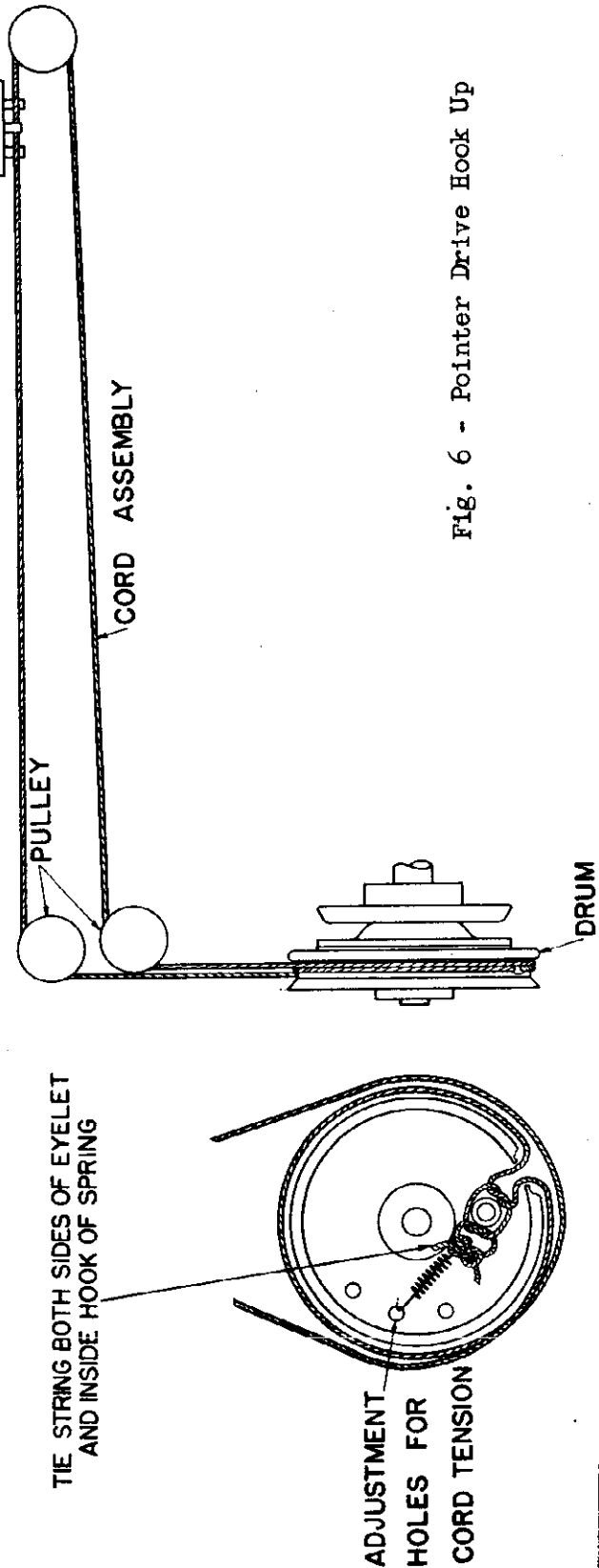
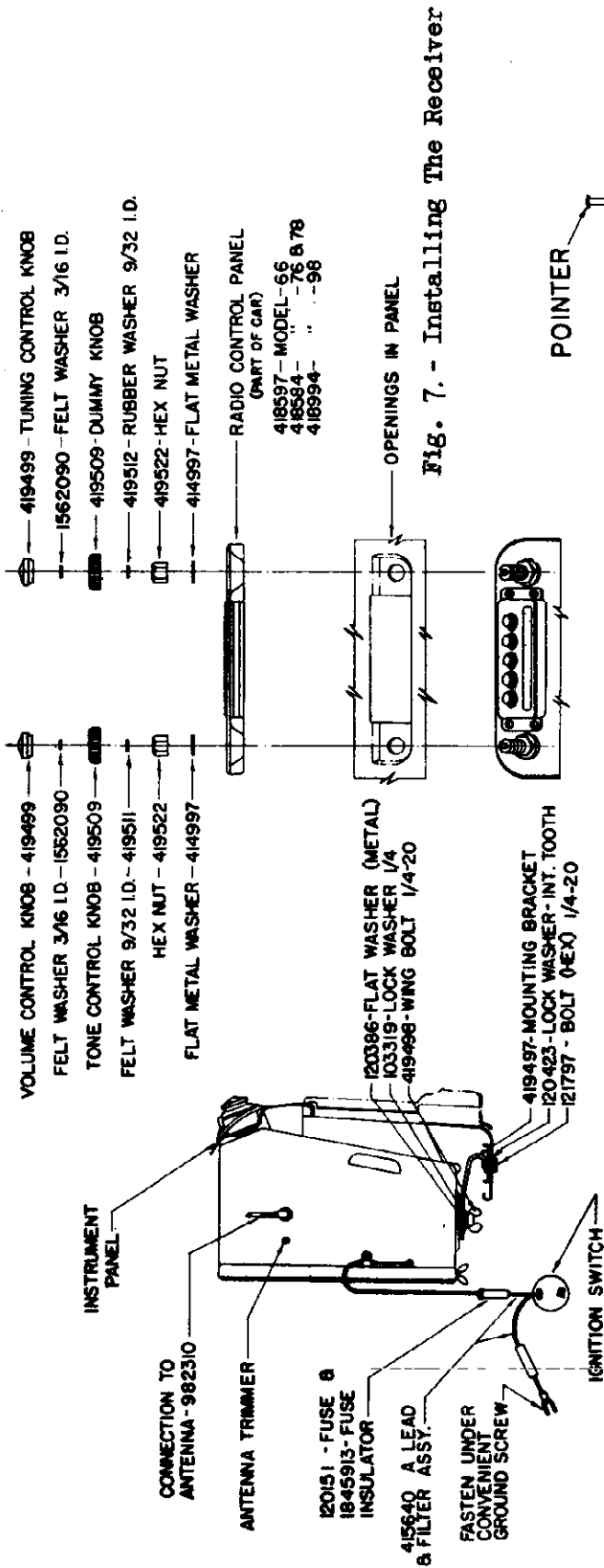
ANTENNA CIRCUIT

The Antenna Circuit is directly coupled to the antenna. A small adjustable condenser is provided for adjusting the antenna circuit to the antenna. This adjustment is made near the high frequency end of the band (1400 to 1600 KC.)

AUTOMATIC PUSH BUTTON TUNING

This is accomplished by a mechanical unit of rugged construction assuring accuracy. A special compensating condenser is employed in the oscillator circuit to minimize over-all receiver drift due to normal variation in car voltage and temperature ranges.

OLDSMOBILE DIV.-GENERAL MOTORS



OLDSMOBILE DIV.-GENERAL MOTORS

PART NO.	PART NAME	DESCRIPTION	ILLUS. NO.
1214982	Coil	Antenna Choke	1
1216665	Coil	Tuning Coil & Core Assembly	2
	Sec. A	Antenna Coil	
	Sec. B	R. F. Coil	
	Sec. C	Oscillator Coil	
	Sec. D	Oscillator Trimmer	
1213663	Coil	Earth Choke	3
1216666	Coil	1st. I. F. Assembly	4
	Sec. A	I. F. Coil Assembly	
	Sec. B	Primary Trimmer	
	Sec. C	Secondary Trimmer	
1216667	Coil	2nd. I. F. Assembly	5
	Sec. A	I. F. Coil Assembly	
	Sec. B	Primary Trimmer	
	Sec. C	Secondary Trimmer and Coupling Condenser	
	Sec. D	Ring Condenser	
1216668	Coil	Resistor, 68,000 ohm	6
1216669	Coil	Filament Choke	7
1214417	Condenser	Spark Choke Assembly	10
	Sec. A	10 mfd., 350 volt	
	Sec. B	50 mfd., 500 volt	
	Sec. C	20 mfd., 25 volt	
	Sec. D	20 mfd., 25 volt	
1215189	Condenser	.00001 mfd. moulded	11
1211227	Condenser	.00015 mfd. moulded	12
1207625	Condenser	.00005 mfd. moulded	13
1207626	Condenser	.00005 mfd. moulded	14
1207636	Condenser	.000245 mfd. Compensating Condenser	15
1216671	Condenser	Antenna Trimmer Condenser	18
1216672	Condenser	R. F. Trimmer Condenser	19
1212278	Condenser	Spark Condenser	20
7230592	Condenser	.05 mfd. 500 volt	21
1212099	Condenser	.02 mfd. 500 volt	22
7230592	Condenser	.05 mfd. 500 volt	23
1213824	Condenser	.004 mfd. 1500 volt	24
7240248	Condenser	.5 mfd. 100 volt	25
7240248	Condenser	.5 mfd. 100 volt	26
1206600	Condenser	.01 mfd. 500 volt	27
7230592	Condenser	.05 mfd. 500 volt	28
7230592	Condenser	.05 mfd. 500 volt	29
1209148	Condenser	.02 mfd. 200 volt	30
7234127	Condenser	.2 mfd. 200 volt	31
1212097	Condenser	.05 mfd. 500 volt	32
7237855	Resistor	200 ohm, 1/2 watt	33
1209889	Resistor	1 megohm 1/2 watt	34
1211005	Resistor	150 ohm, 1 watt	41
1214350	Resistor	22,000 ohm, 1/2 watt	42
1209885	Resistor	1 megohm, 1/2 watt	43
7237855	Resistor	220 ohm, 1/2 watt	44
7237855	Resistor	220 ohm, 1/2 watt	45
7239157	Resistor	1800 ohm, 2 watt	46
1211163	Resistor	18,000 ohm, 2 watt	47
1214572	Resistor	150,000 ohm, 1/2 watt	48
1214572	Resistor	220,000 ohm, 1/2 watt	49
1209889	Resistor	1 megohm, 1/2 watt	50
1209889	Resistor	1 megohm, 1/2 watt	51
1209889	Resistor	3900 ohm, 1/2 watt	52
1213846	Resistor	25,000 ohm, 1/2 watt	53
1213846	Resistor	270 ohm, 1 watt	54
1216673	Control	Control, Volume, Tone, "On-Off" Switch	58

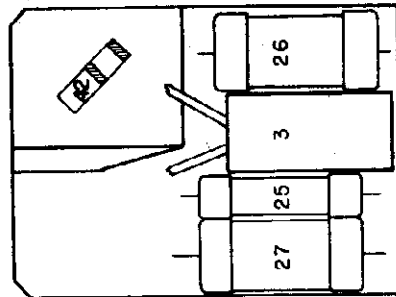
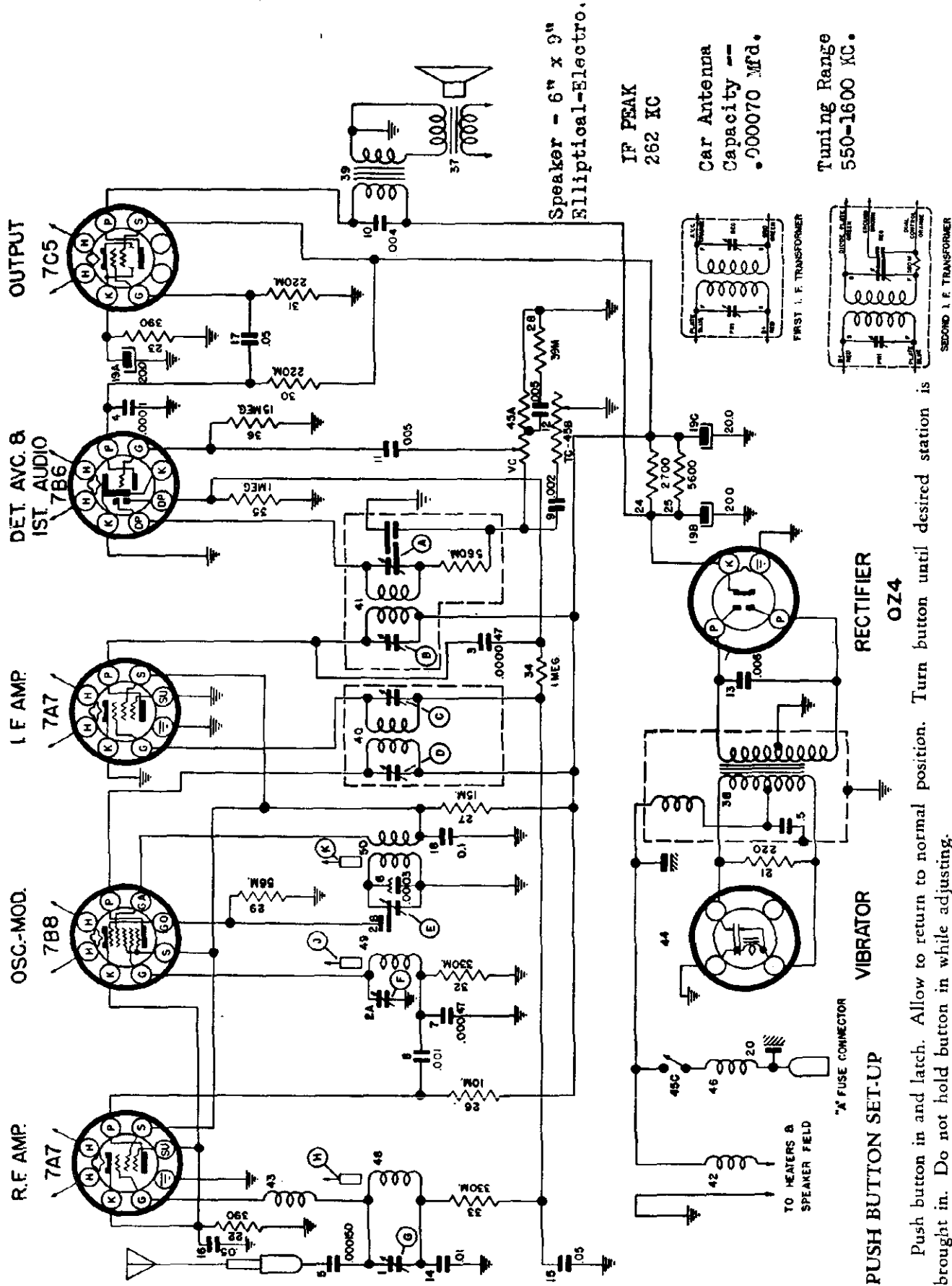


Fig. 2 - Bottom of Power Pack

PART NO.	PART NAME	DESCRIPTION	ILLUS. NO.
1216674	Speaker	Dial Retaining - L.E.	59
1214405	Transformer	Dial Retaining - R.E.	60
1216675	Transformer	Case Back	61
1214411	Transformer	Calibrated	62
1213671	Vibrator	Including Dial	63
1213585	7A7 Tube	Rubber, Speaker Seal	
1213585	7Q7 Tube	Pilot Light	
1213585	7A7 Tube	Dial	
1213582	I. F. Amplifier	Socket and Lead Assy. Pilot Light	
1213582	Detector A.V.C. - Audio Driver	Socket - Tube	
1213582	Audio Output	4-prong Cetal	
1213586	7C5 Tube	Socket - Vibrator	
1213586	7C5 Tube	String Ass.	
1213596	6Z4C Tube	Pointer Drive (includes Spring)	
	Rectifier		
	MISCELLANEOUS		
1216676	Clip	Station Selector Shaft	
1216677	Clip	Clutch Disc and Crown Gear Assy.	
1216678	Cover	Clutch Disc	
1216679	Dial Glass	Pointer Drive	
1216680	Escutcheon	Pointer Drive (wood 7/16" O.D.)	
1216681	Gasket	Push Button Assembly	
129588	Lamp #55 Mazda	Station Selector Assy. (includes Coupling and Pinion Gear)	
1216682	Pointer	Compression - Clutch Disc	
1216685	Socket and Lead Assy. Pilot Light	Core Drive to Tuner	
7238455	Socket - Tube	Pointer Drive	
1214420	Socket - Tube	Mechanical portion, Push Buttons included - less Manual Drive	
1213684	Socket - Vibrator	Friction - Station Selector Shaft	
1216684	String Ass.	"T" Retaining - Station Selector Shaft	
	TUNER PARTS		
1216685	Rushing	Station Selector Shaft	
1216686	Clutch Disc and Crown Gear Assy.	Clutch Disc	
1216687	Drum Assembly	Pointer Drive	
1214472	Pulley	Pointer Drive (wood 7/16" O.D.)	
1216688	Push Button Assembly	Station Selector Assy. (includes Coupling and Pinion Gear)	
1216689	Shaft	Compression - Clutch Disc	
1214876	Spring	Core Drive to Tuner	
1216036	Spring	Pointer Drive	
1216684	Spring and Shring Assy.	Mechanical portion, Push Buttons included - less Manual Drive	
1216690	Tuner Unit Assy.	Friction - Station Selector Shaft	
1216691	Washer	"T" Retaining - Station Selector Shaft	
1216692	Washer		
	PARTS MISCELLANEOUS		
414997	Washer	Flat 33/64 I.D.	
419522	Washer	#1/2-28 Hex.	
419512	Washer	Rubber - 9/32 I.D. (Anti-Rattle) Dummy Control	
419511	Washer	Felt - 9/32 I.D. (Anti-Rattle) Tone Control	
419509	Knob	Tone and Dummy	
1562090	Washer	Felt - 3/16 I.D. (Anti-Rattle) Tuning and Volume Control	
419499	Knob	(Tuning & Volume Control) Includes Set Screw	
419497	Bracket	Receiver Mounting	
121797	Bolt	#1/4-20 x 3/8 long - Hex Head	
419498	Bolt	#1/4-20 x 1/2 long - Wing Head	
120586	Washer	Flat - 17/64 I.D. 5/8 O.D.	
120423	Washer	Lock - (Internal Tooth)	
103319	Washer	Lock #1/4 - (Split)	
415640	"A" Lead Connector and Filter Condenser Assembly		
120151	Fuse	"A" Lead 15 Amp. 25V.	
1815213	Tube	Rune Insulator	
1806659	Condenser	Generator -.5 mfd.	
7239287	Distributor Suppressor	15,000 ohm.	
1856866	Distributor Suppressor	Adaptor	
415823	Static Collector	Front Wheel	

Sec. A
Sec. B
Sec. C

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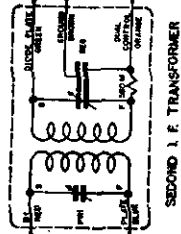
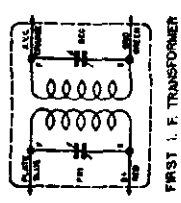


Speaker - 6" x 3"
Elliptical-Electro.

IF PEAK
262 KC

Car Antenna
Capacity --
.000070 Mfd.

Tuning Range
550-1600 KC.



RECTIFIER
OZ4

VIBRATOR

PUSH BUTTON SET-UP

Push button in and latch. Allow to return to normal position. Turn button until desired station is brought in. Do not hold button in while adjusting.

*X FUSE CONNECTOR

TO HEATERS &
SPEAKER FELD

OLDSMOBILE DIV.-GENERAL MOTORS

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

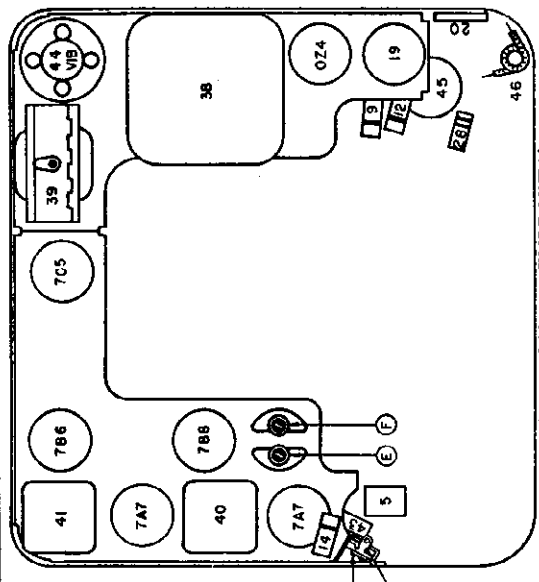
Volume Control Maximum — Tone Control on treble.
Signal Generator minimum for satisfactory output indication.

Series Condenser Or Dummy Antenna	Connect To	Signal Generator Frequency	Adjust Screws In Order
0.1 MFD	Grid side of Trimmer F	262 KC	A B C D
.000070 MFD	Antenna Terminal	1615 KC	E
.000070 MFD	Antenna Terminal	1430 KC	F G

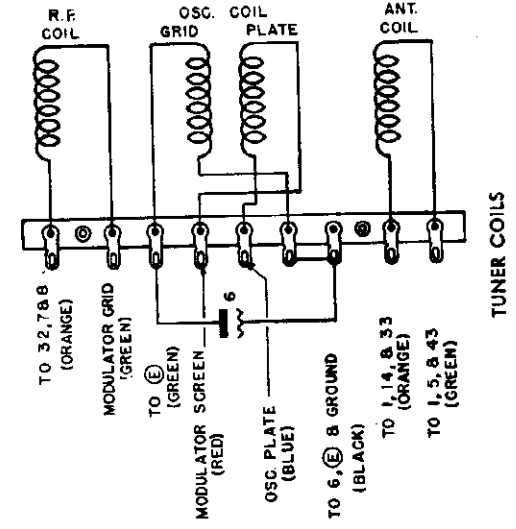
Adjust trimmer G to match car antenna (1430 KC) when radio is installed.

SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS

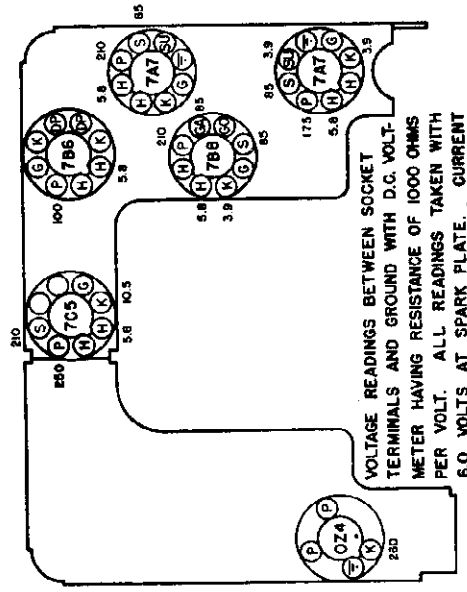
Mechanical alignment of iron cores. Tune to stop at H.F. end of dial. Adjust cores H, J, and K to extend $1\frac{1}{2}$ " from end of coil form. Adjust trimmers E, F, and G, (1615 KC). Adjust cores H and J for maximum output at 1430 KC. Repeat alignment of trimmers E, F, and G at 1615 KC. Repeat alignment of cores H and J at 1430 KC. Align trimmers F and G at 1430 KC.



PARTS LAYOUT — TUBE VIEW

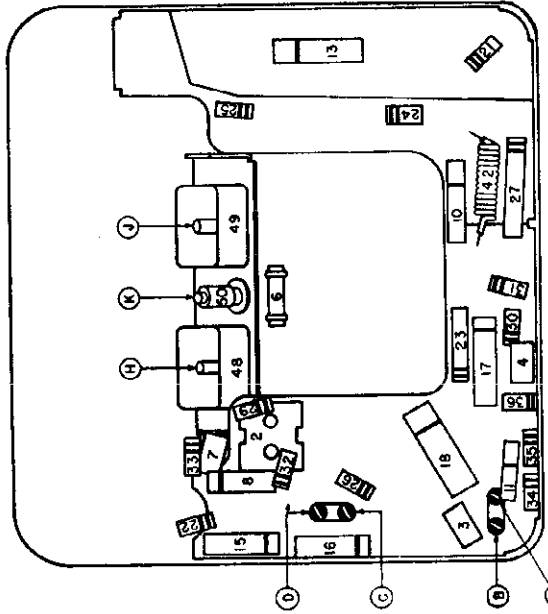


TUNER COILS



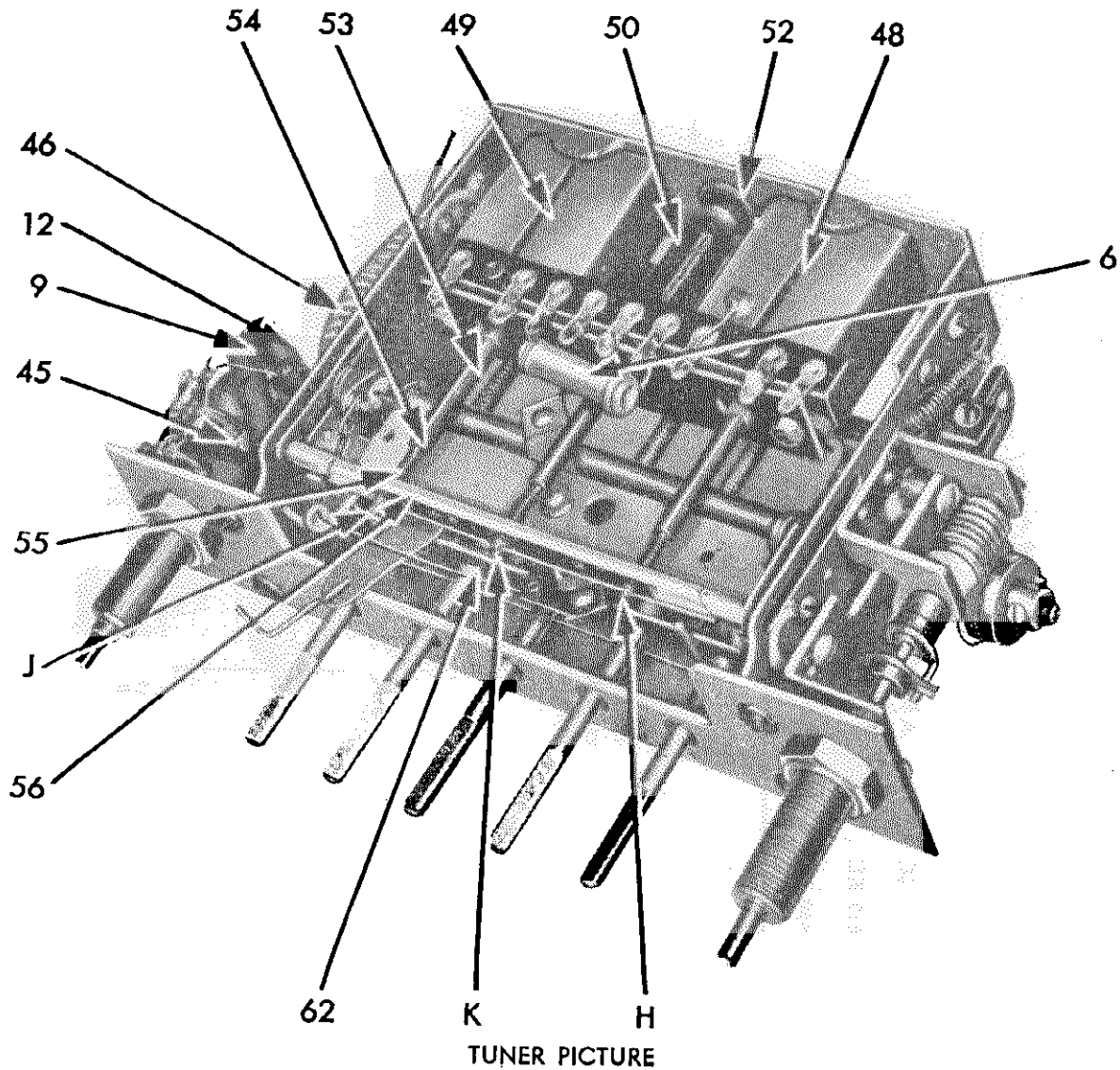
VOLTAGE READINGS BETWEEN SOCKET TERMINALS AND GROUND WITH D.C. VOLT-METER HAVING RESISTANCE OF 1000 OHMS PER VOLT. ALL READINGS TAKEN WITH 6.0 VOLTS AT SPARK PLATE. CURRENT DRAIN WITH SPEAKER AND DIAL LIGHT 71 AMPS. "B" SUPPLY DRAIN $\pm 10\%$ TOLERANCE ON VOLTAGES $\pm 10\%$.

TUBE SOCKET VOLTAGE CHART

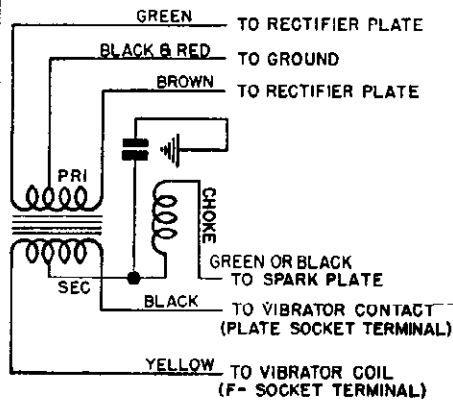


PARTS LAYOUT — CHASSIS VIEW

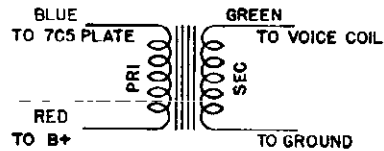
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TUNER PICTURE

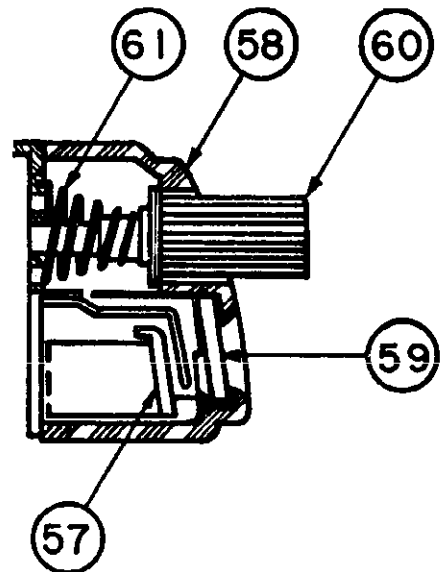


POWER TRANSFORMER



OUTPUT TRANSFORMER

TRANSFORMER CONNECTIONS



ESCUTCHEON CROSS SECTION

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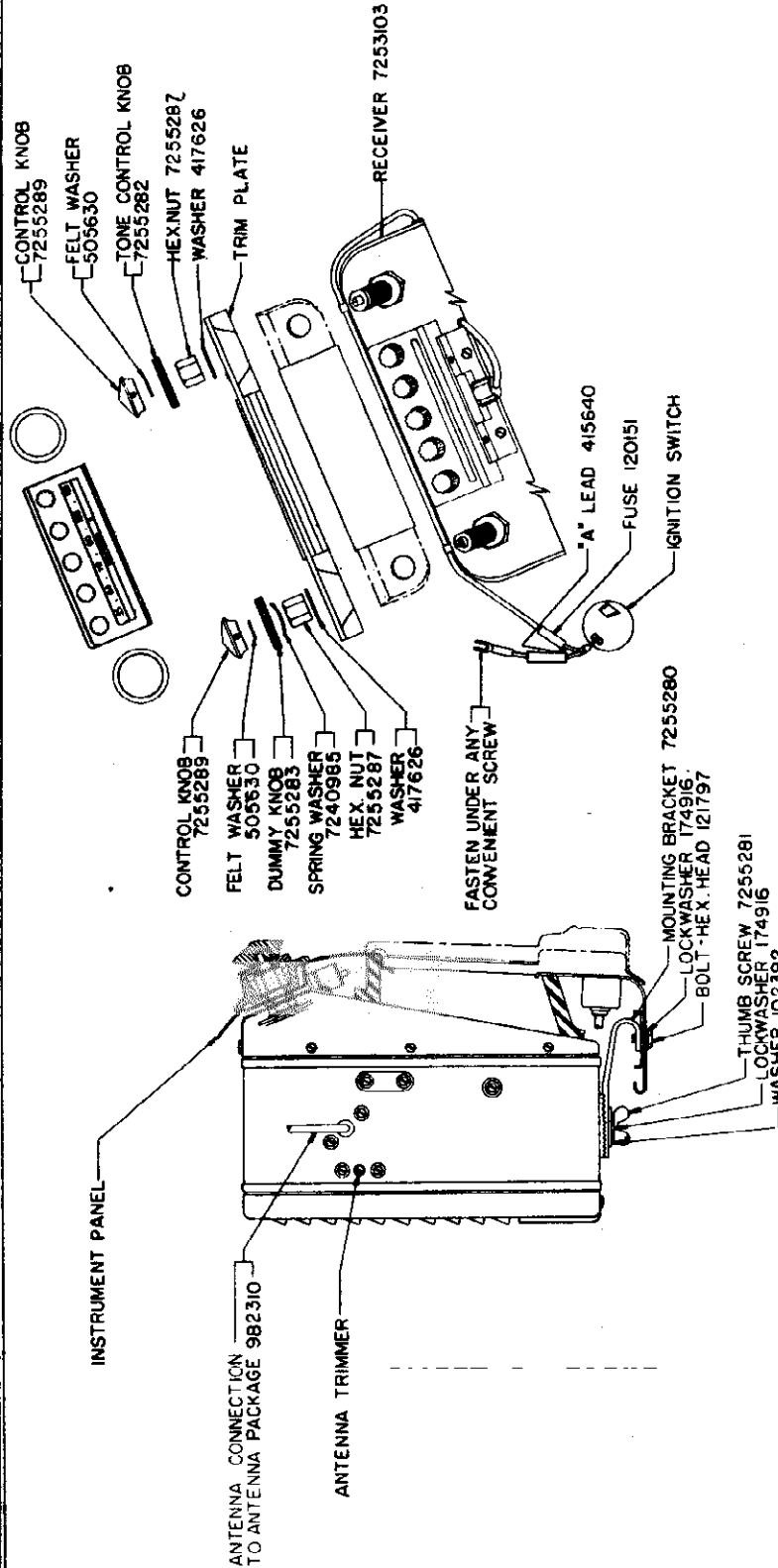


Fig. 7 - Installing The Receiver - 982376

AUTOMATIC PUSH BUTTON TUNER

The iron cored automatic tuner consists of three coils with iron cores actuated by a rugged mechanical device for varying the position of the cores in the coils. Changing the position of the cores changes the inductance of the antenna, R.F. and oscillator coils, and provides a means of tuning the radio over the entire broadcast band. A special compensating condenser is employed in the oscillator circuit to prevent the set from drifting off station due to normal variations in car and radio temperatures.

OLDSMOBILE DIV.-GENERAL MOTORS

Illus. No.	Service Part No.	Description	Part No.
		CONDENSERS	
1	7255662	Antenna Trimmer and Bracket Assembly	
2	7242322	Dual Trimmer	
3	7233313	.000047 Mfd. Molded	
4	1210275	.000100 Mfd. Molded	
5	7230893	.000150 Mfd. 500 V. Mica	
6	7255494	.000300 Mfd. Temp Compensating (Included in Tuner Assy. Part #7255487)	
7	7238879	.000470 Mfd. Molded	
8	1212097	.001 Mfd. 600 V. Tubular	48
9	1209148	.002 Mfd. 800 V. Tubular (Included in Tuner Assy. Part #7255487)	49
10	7233243	.004 Mfd. 800 V. Tubular	50
11	7230912	.005 Mfd. 600 V. Tubular	52
12	7230912	.005 Mfd. 600 V. Tubular (Included in Tuner Assy. Part #7255487)	
13	7240906	.006 Mfd. 1600 V. Tubular (Buffer)	
14	1208600	.01 Mfd. 600 V. Tubular	53
15	7230592	.05 Mfd. 600 V. Tubular	54
16	7230592	.05 Mfd. 600 V. Tubular	55
17	7230592	.05 Mfd. 600 V. Tubular	56
18	1207908	.01 Mfd. 400 V. Tubular	57
19	7240724	Electrolytic 3 Section 20.0 Mfd. 25 V. 20.0 Mfd. 400 V. 20.0 Mfd. 400 V.	58 59 60
19A		Spark Plate	61
19B			62
19C			62
20	7241259	Spark Plate	45
21	7237994	220 Ohms 1 W. Insulated	6
22	1213482	350 Ohms 1/2 W. Insulated	
23	1216149	350 Ohms 1 W. Insulated	
24	7242844	2700 Ohms 2 W. Insulated	
25	7240918	5600 Ohms 1 W. Insulated	
26	1211085	10,000 Ohms 1 W. Insulated	
27	7233653	15,000 Ohms 2 W. Insulated	
28	1213480	39,000 Ohms 1/2 W. Insulated (Included in Tuner Assy. Part #7255487)	9
29	1213267	56,000 Ohms 1/2 W. Insulated	12
30	1214555	220,000 Ohms 1/2 W. Insulated	28
31	1214555	220,000 Ohms 1/2 W. Insulated	46
32	1214557	330,000 Ohms 1/2 W. Insulated	
33	1214557	330,000 Ohms 1/2 W. Insulated	
34	1213282	1 Megohm 1/2 W. Insulated	
35	1213282	1 Megohm 1/2 W. Insulated	
36	1213289	15 Megohm 1/2 W. Insulated	
		MISCELLANEOUS ELECTRICAL PARTS	
37	7255327	Speaker — 6" x 9" Elliptical — Electro dynamic	
38	7255881	Power Transformer Assembly Complete	
39	7241056	Output Transformer Assembly	
40	7242079	First I. F. Transformer Assembly Complete	
41	7242918	Second I. F. Transformer Assembly Complete	
42	7241708	"A" Filter Choke	
43	7240251	Antenna Choke Coil	
44	8638	Vibrator — Non-Synchronous	
45	7255298	Volume, Tone Control, and Switch	
46	7241701	"A" Spark Choke	
		Volume Control Cable	
		(Included in Tuner Assy. #7255487)	
		MISCELLANEOUS CHASSIS PARTS	
	7255257	"A" Lead Assembly	
	7233944	Vibrator Socket	
	7236279	Octal Base Tube Socket	
	7241356	Loktal Base Tube Socket	
	7241273	Dial Light Assembly (Includes Bulb #187189)	
	187189	Dial Light Bulb	
		TUNER UNIT AND PARTS	
	7255487	Tuner and Dual Control Assembly Complete	
	7255408	Antenna Coil Assembly	
	7255408	R. F. Coil Assembly	
	7255297	Oscillator Coil Assembly Complete	
	7244021	Grommet (Ant. and R. F. Coil)	
	7244020	Grommet (Oscillator Coil)	
	7256097	Iron Core Parts Package	
		Iron Core and Stud Assembly	
		Spring	
		Washer	
		Speed Nut	
	7255398	Dial Backplate	
	7255277	Escucheon Assembly (Includes Dial Glass)	
	7255275	Dial Glass	
	7255402	Push Button	
	7255397	Spring-Return	
	7242368	Cord	
	7242426	Latching Button	
	7255298	Volume, Tone Control and Switch	
	7255494	Condenser — .0003 Mfd. Temp. Compensating	
	7241179	Volume Control Cable	
	1209148	Condenser — .002 Mfd. 800 V. Tubular	
	7250912	Condenser — .005 Mfd. 600 V. Tubular	
	1213480	Resistor — 39,000 Ohms 1/2 W. Insulated	
	7241701	"A" Spark Choke	
		MOUNTING AND INSTALLATION PARTS	
	7255290	Control Knob Kit	
		Tuning Knob Assy. (2)	
		Tone Control Knob	
		Dummy Knob	
		Hex Nut (1/2 x 28 Special) (2)	
		Washer — Felt (2)	
		Washer-Radio Control Shaft (2)	
		Control Washer — Metal Spring	
		"A" Lead and Condenser Assembly	
		(Includes Ammeter Cond. 1882784)	
		Fuse — 15 Amp.	
		Tube — Fuse Connector	
		Generator Condenser .5 Mfd.	
		Distributor Suppressor, 15,000 Ohms	
		Suppressor Adapter	
		Static Collector Assembly	
		Mounting Bracket — Receiver	
		Thumb Screw 1/4 x 3/8	
	415640		
	120151		
	1845913		
	1880659		
	7239327		
	1853686		
	7240138		
	7255280		
	7255281		

OLYMPIC RADIO & TELEV. INC.

Equipment Required:

Modulated R.F. signal generator; output meter; insulated screw-driver; two .1 mfd 400 volt and one 50 mmfd 400 volt condensers.

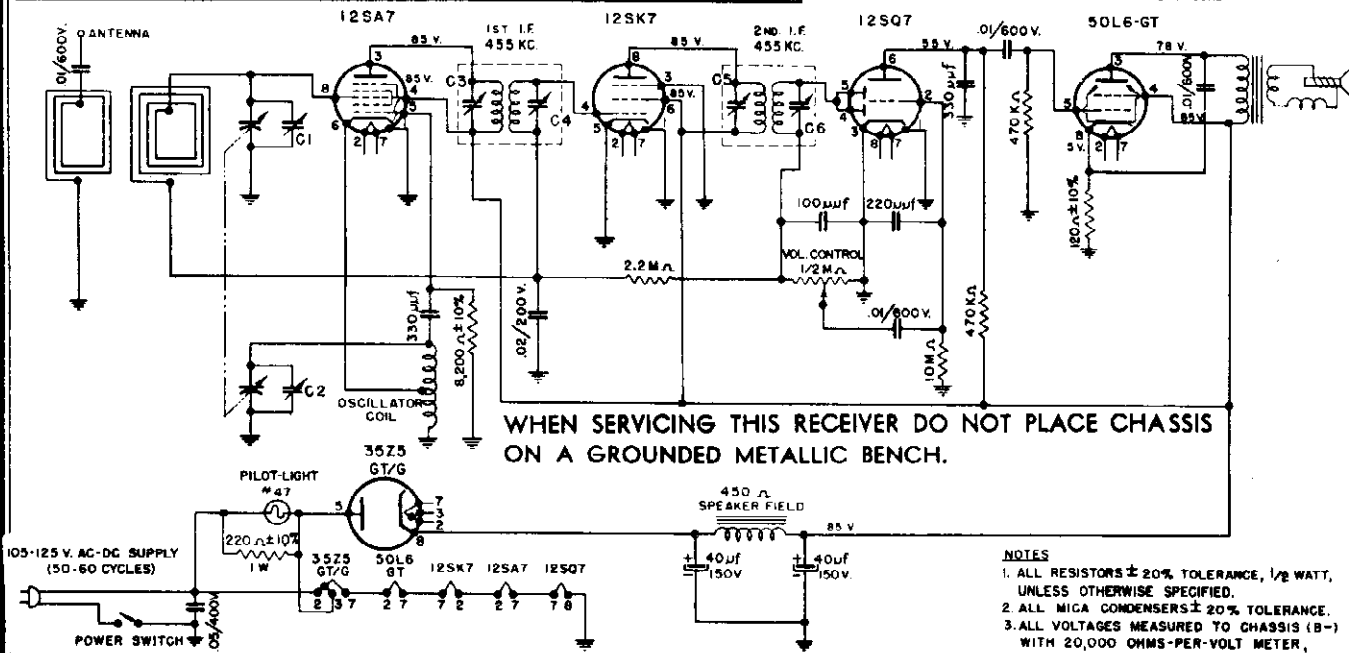
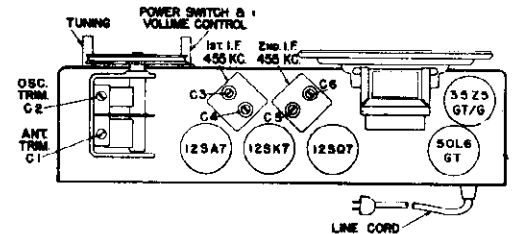
To align the receiver it is necessary to remove the chassis from the cabinet, check that the pointer is horizontal and coincides with the two horizontal reference lines on the dial. In this position the condenser should be completely closed. Connect the output meter and signal generator as follows:

Output meter — Connect across voice coil and turn volume control to maximum.

Signal generator — Connect the low side of the signal generator to the receiver chassis thru a .1 mfd condenser and keep the output as low as possible, then proceed in the sequence shown on the alignment chart.

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE CHART

STEP	CONNECT HIGH SIDE OF SIGNAL GENERATOR TO -	SET SIGNAL GENERATOR TO -	TURN RECEIVER DIAL TO -	ADJUST THE FOLLOWING FOR MAXIMUM OUTPUT (KEEP SIGNAL FROM SIGNAL GENERATOR AS LOW AS POSSIBLE.)
1	ANTENNA SECTION TUNING CONDENSER IN SERIES WITH .1MFD COND.	455 KC.	FULL CLOCKWISE POSITION (CONDENSER PLATES FULLY OPEN)	C6, C5, C4, C3 AND REPEAT IN SAME ORDER (1st AND 2nd I.F. TRANSFORMERS)
2	ANTENNA TERMINAL	1700 KC.	1700 KC. (170 ON DIAL)	C2 (OSCILLATOR)
3	OF ANTENNA LOOP IN SERIES WITH 50 MMFD. COND.	1400 KC.	MAXIMUM SIGNAL (APPROX. 140 ON DIAL)	C1 (ANTENNA)
4				REPEAT STEPS 2 AND 3



- NOTES
1. ALL RESISTORS ± 20% TOLERANCE, 1/2 WATT, UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.
 2. ALL MICA CONDENSERS ± 20% TOLERANCE.
 3. ALL VOLTAGES MEASURED TO CHASSIS (B-) WITH 20,000 OHMS-PER-VOLT METER, WITH VOLUME CONTROL FULL ON.

Part No.	Description	Part No.	Description
BU-187	Pilot light bulb 6.3V (#47 Mazda)	RCPI0W2203A	Capacitor—.02 mfd., 200 volts tubul
CA-167W	Cabinet—Walnut bakelite cabinet	RCPI0W4503A	Capacitor—.05 mfd., 400 volts tubul
CA-167Y	Cabinet—Ivory bakelite cabinet	RCPI0W6103A	Capacitor—.01 mfd., 600 volts tubul
CL-159	Coil—oscillator coil	REB106M	Resistor— 10 meg., ± 20% 1/2 watt
CO-107	Capacitor—Electrolytic 40+40/150WV	REB121K	Resistor—120 ohms ± 10% 1/2 watt
CR-169	Crystal—dial crystal	REB225M	Resistor—2.2 meg., ± 20% 1/2 watt
CV-501	Condenser—2 gang variable tuning condenser	REB474M	Resistor—470,000 ohms ± 20% 1/2 watt
KN-352	Knob—Walnut knob	REB822K	Resistor—8200 ohms ± 10% 1/2 watt
KN-353	Knob—Ivory knob	REC221K	Resistor—220 ohms ± 10% 1 watt
LP-163	Loop	SK-110	Speaker—5" Dynamic with output transformer
PO-259	Pointer—moulded pointer	SO-190	Socket—Dial light socket assembly
PT-102	Volume control and power switch	SP-191	Spring—Tuning drive lock spring
RCM20A101M	Capacitor—100 mmf ± 20% mica	TR-186	Transformer—1st or 2nd I.F. transformer
RCM20A221M	Capacitor—220 mmf ± 20% mica		
RCM20A331M	Capacitor—330 mmf ± 20% mica		

OLYMPIC RADIO & TELEV. INC.

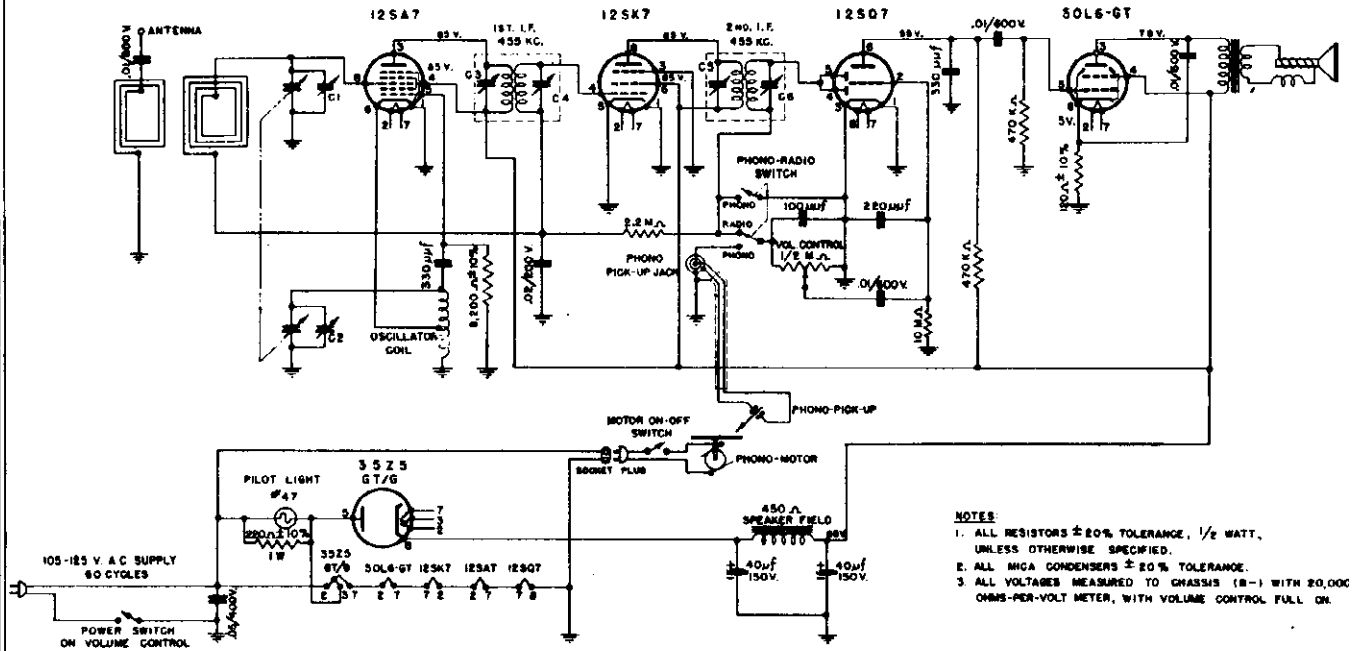
MODELS 6-504, 6-504L
MODELS 6-504-U, 6-504L-U

Frequency Range of Receiver 535 - 1700 kc.

Power Requirement 105 - 125 volts 60 cycles Alternating Current (a-c) only

Power Consumption: Receiver 30 watts — Record Player 35 watts

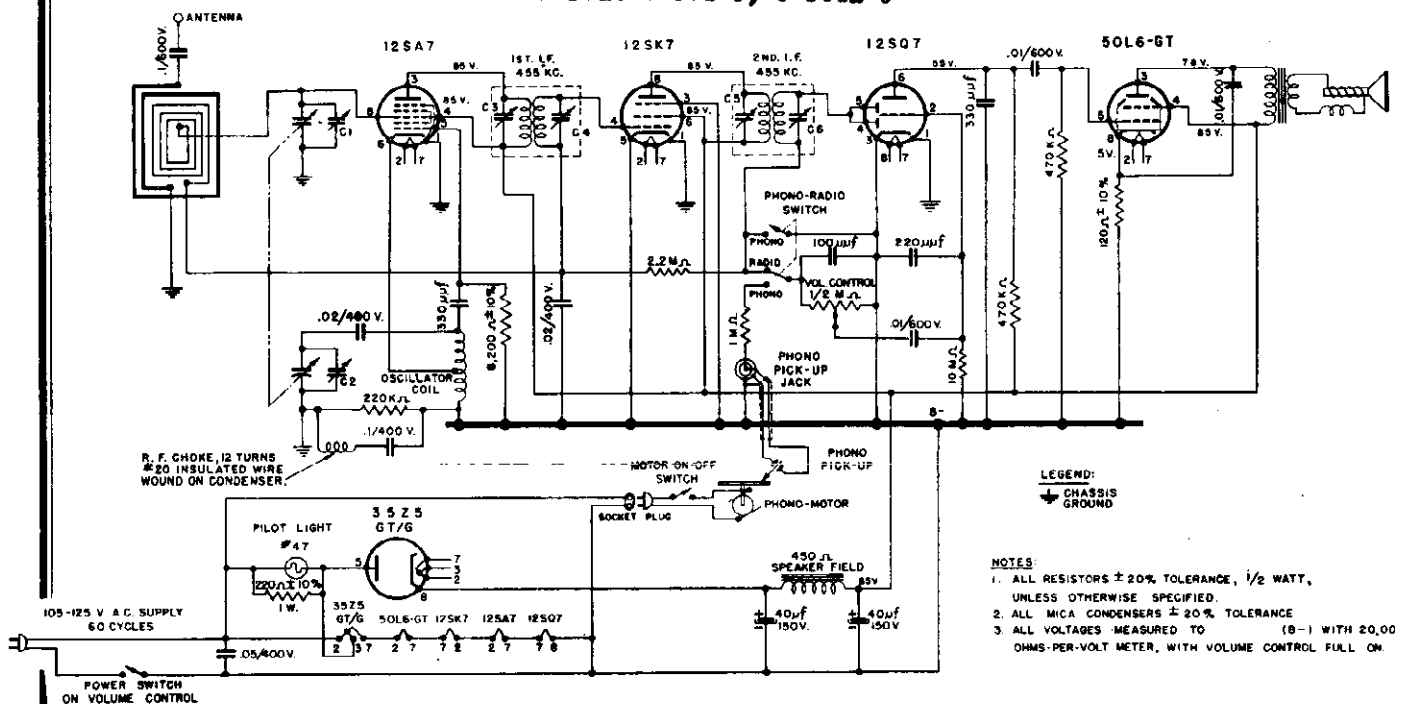
MODELS 6-504, 6-504L



- NOTES:
1. ALL RESISTORS $\pm 20\%$ TOLERANCE, $1/2$ WATT, UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.
 2. ALL MICA CONDENSERS $\pm 20\%$ TOLERANCE.
 3. ALL VOLTAGES MEASURED TO CHASSIS (B-) WITH 20,000 OHMS-PER-VOLT METER, WITH VOLUME CONTROL FULL ON.

WHEN SERVICING THIS RECEIVER DO NOT PLACE CHASSIS ON A GROUND METALLIC BENCH.

MODELS 6-504-U, 6-504L-U



- NOTES:
1. ALL RESISTORS $\pm 20\%$ TOLERANCE, $1/2$ WATT, UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.
 2. ALL MICA CONDENSERS $\pm 20\%$ TOLERANCE.
 3. ALL VOLTAGES MEASURED TO CHASSIS (B-) WITH 20,000 OHMS-PER-VOLT METER, WITH VOLUME CONTROL FULL ON.

MODELS 6-504, 6-504L

MODELS 6-504-U, 6-504L-U OLYMPIC RADIO & TELEV. INC.

Equipment Required:

Modulated r-f signal generator; output meter; insulated screw driver; two .1 mfd 400 volt and one 50 mfd 400 volt condensers.

The receiver should be aligned with chassis and loop mounted in the cabinet. With the condenser completely closed the pointer should be checked so that it coincides with the two horizontal reference lines on the dial. Connect the output meter and signal generator as follows:

Output meter — Connect across voice coil and turn volume control to maximum.

Signal generator — Connect the low side of the signal generator to the receiver chassis thru a .1 mfd condenser and keep the output as low as possible, then proceed in the sequence shown on the alignment chart.

ALIGNMENT INSTRUCTIONS

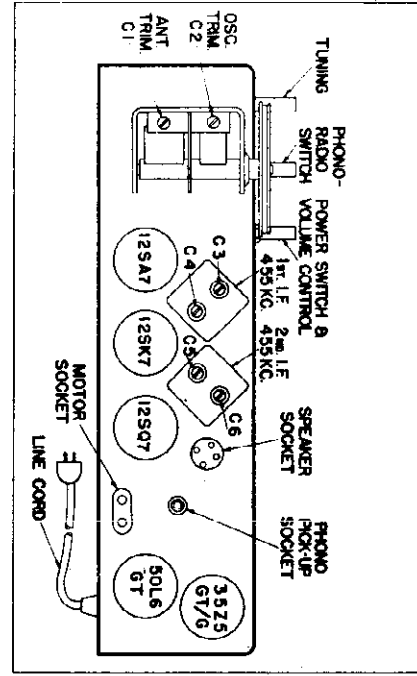
ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE CHART

STEP	CONNECT HIGH SIDE OF SIGNAL GENERATOR TO -	SET SIGNAL GENERATOR TO -	FULL CLOCKWISE POSITION (CONDENSER PLATES FULLY OPEN)	ADJUST THE FOLLOWING FOR MAXIMUM OUTPUT (KEEP SIGNAL FROM SIGNAL GENERATOR AS LOW AS POSSIBLE)
1	ANTENNA SECTION TUNING CONDENSER IN SERIES WITH 1MFD COND.	455 KC.	1700 KC. (170 ON DIAL.)	C6, C5, C4, C3 AND REPEAT IN SAME ORDER (1st. AND 2nd. LF TRANSFORMERS.)
2	ANTENNA TERMINAL OF ANTENNA LOOP IN SERIES WITH 50 MMFD. COND.	1700 KC.	MAXIMUM SIGNAL (APPROX. 140 ON DIAL.)	C2 (OSCILLATOR)
3		1400 KC.		C1 (ANTENNA)
4				REPEAT STEPS 2 AND 3

REPLACEMENT PARTS

Part No.	Description	Part No.	Description
BU-187	Pilot light bulb 6.3v (#47 Mazda)	RCPI0W2203A	Capacitor-.02 mfd., 200 volts tubular
CL-159	Coil-oscillator coil	RCPI0W4503A	Capacitor-.05 mfd., 400 volts tubular
CO-107	Capacitor-Electrolytic 40-40/150WV	RCPI0W6103A	Capacitor-.01 mfd., 600 volts tubular
CR-170	Crystal-dial crystal	REB106M	Resistor-10 meg., 20% 1/2 watt
CV-501	Condenser-2 gang variable tuning condenser	REB121K	Resistor-120 ohms = 10% 1/2 watt
KN-331	Knob-Walnut knob marked MOTOR OFF-ON	REB225M	Resistor-2.2 meg., 20% 1/2 watt
KN-339	Knob-Walnut knob marked TUNING	REB224M	Resistor-470,000 ohms = 20% 1/2 watt
KN-340	Knob-Walnut knob marked OFF-ON	REB221K	Resistor-220 ohms = 10% 1 watt
KN-341	Knob-Walnut knob marked RADIO-PHONO	REB221K	Resistor-220 ohms = 10% 1 watt
LP-355	Loop	RCM20A211M	Condenser-220 mfd = 20% mica
PO-259	Pointer-mounted pointer	RCM20A311M	Condenser-330 mfd = 20% mica
PT-102	Volume control and power switch	RCPI0W4104L	Condenser-1/400W.V. tubular
RCM20A101M	Capacitor-100 mfd = 20% mica	RCPI0W4203A	Condenser-.02/400W.V. tubular
RCM20A221M	Capacitor-220 mfd = 20% mica		
RCM20A331M	Capacitor-330 mfd = 20% mica		

Part No.	Description	Part No.	Description
KN-627	Capacitor-.02 mfd., 200 volts tubular	RCPI0W4104L	Condenser-1/400W.V. tubular
KN-628	Capacitor-.05 mfd., 400 volts tubular	RCPI0W4203A	Condenser-.02/400W.V. tubular
KN-626	Capacitor-.01 mfd., 600 volts tubular		
KN-625	Resistor-10 meg., 20% 1/2 watt		
KN-624	Resistor-120 ohms = 10% 1/2 watt		
KN-623	Resistor-2.2 meg., 20% 1/2 watt		
KN-622	Resistor-470,000 ohms = 20% 1/2 watt		
KN-621	Resistor-220 ohms = 10% 1 watt		
KN-620	Resistor-220 ohms = 10% 1 watt		
KN-619	Resistor-220 ohms = 10% 1 watt		
KN-618	Resistor-220 ohms = 10% 1 watt		
KN-617	Resistor-220 ohms = 10% 1 watt		
KN-616	Resistor-220 ohms = 10% 1 watt		
KN-615	Resistor-220 ohms = 10% 1 watt		
KN-614	Resistor-220 ohms = 10% 1 watt		
KN-613	Resistor-220 ohms = 10% 1 watt		
KN-612	Resistor-220 ohms = 10% 1 watt		
KN-611	Resistor-220 ohms = 10% 1 watt		
KN-610	Resistor-220 ohms = 10% 1 watt		
KN-609	Resistor-220 ohms = 10% 1 watt		
KN-608	Resistor-220 ohms = 10% 1 watt		
KN-607	Resistor-220 ohms = 10% 1 watt		
KN-606	Resistor-220 ohms = 10% 1 watt		
KN-605	Resistor-220 ohms = 10% 1 watt		
KN-604	Resistor-220 ohms = 10% 1 watt		
KN-603	Resistor-220 ohms = 10% 1 watt		
KN-602	Resistor-220 ohms = 10% 1 watt		
KN-601	Resistor-220 ohms = 10% 1 watt		



REPLACEMENT PARTS Models 6-504-U and 6-504L-U

Part No.	Description	Part No.	Description
BU-187	Pilot light bulb 6.3v (#47 Mazda)	RCPI0W4503A	Condenser-.05/400W.V. tubular
CL-159	Coil-oscillator coil	RCPI0W6103A	Condenser-.01/600W.V. tubular
CO-107	Capacitor-40-40/150WV electrolytic	REB105M	paper condenser
CR-170	Crystal-dial crystal	REB105M	Resistor-10 meg. = 20% 1/2 watt
CV-501	Condenser-2 gang variable tuning condenser	REB106M	Resistor-120 ohms = 10% 1/2 watt
KN-627	Capacitor-.02 mfd., 200 volts tubular	REB121K	Resistor-120 ohms = 10% 1/2 watt
KN-628	Capacitor-.05 mfd., 400 volts tubular	REB224M	Resistor-220,000 ohms = 20% 1/2 watt
KN-626	Capacitor-.01 mfd., 600 volts tubular	REB225M	Resistor-220,000 ohms = 20% 1/2 watt
KN-625	Resistor-10 meg., 20% 1/2 watt	REB225M	Resistor-220,000 ohms = 20% 1/2 watt
KN-624	Resistor-120 ohms = 10% 1/2 watt	REB225M	Resistor-220,000 ohms = 20% 1/2 watt
KN-623	Resistor-2.2 meg., 20% 1/2 watt	REB225M	Resistor-220,000 ohms = 20% 1/2 watt
KN-622	Resistor-470,000 ohms = 20% 1/2 watt	REB225M	Resistor-220,000 ohms = 20% 1/2 watt
KN-621	Resistor-220 ohms = 10% 1 watt	REB225M	Resistor-220,000 ohms = 20% 1/2 watt
KN-620	Resistor-220 ohms = 10% 1 watt	REB225M	Resistor-220,000 ohms = 20% 1/2 watt
KN-619	Resistor-220 ohms = 10% 1 watt	REB225M	Resistor-220,000 ohms = 20% 1/2 watt
KN-618	Resistor-220 ohms = 10% 1 watt	REB225M	Resistor-220,000 ohms = 20% 1/2 watt
KN-617	Resistor-220 ohms = 10% 1 watt	REB225M	Resistor-220,000 ohms = 20% 1/2 watt
KN-616	Resistor-220 ohms = 10% 1 watt	REB225M	Resistor-220,000 ohms = 20% 1/2 watt
KN-615	Resistor-220 ohms = 10% 1 watt	REB225M	Resistor-220,000 ohms = 20% 1/2 watt
KN-614	Resistor-220 ohms = 10% 1 watt	REB225M	Resistor-220,000 ohms = 20% 1/2 watt
KN-613	Resistor-220 ohms = 10% 1 watt	REB225M	Resistor-220,000 ohms = 20% 1/2 watt
KN-612	Resistor-220 ohms = 10% 1 watt	REB225M	Resistor-220,000 ohms = 20% 1/2 watt
KN-611	Resistor-220 ohms = 10% 1 watt	REB225M	Resistor-220,000 ohms = 20% 1/2 watt
KN-610	Resistor-220 ohms = 10% 1 watt	REB225M	Resistor-220,000 ohms = 20% 1/2 watt
KN-609	Resistor-220 ohms = 10% 1 watt	REB225M	Resistor-220,000 ohms = 20% 1/2 watt
KN-608	Resistor-220 ohms = 10% 1 watt	REB225M	Resistor-220,000 ohms = 20% 1/2 watt
KN-607	Resistor-220 ohms = 10% 1 watt	REB225M	Resistor-220,000 ohms = 20% 1/2 watt
KN-606	Resistor-220 ohms = 10% 1 watt	REB225M	Resistor-220,000 ohms = 20% 1/2 watt
KN-605	Resistor-220 ohms = 10% 1 watt	REB225M	Resistor-220,000 ohms = 20% 1/2 watt
KN-604	Resistor-220 ohms = 10% 1 watt	REB225M	Resistor-220,000 ohms = 20% 1/2 watt
KN-603	Resistor-220 ohms = 10% 1 watt	REB225M	Resistor-220,000 ohms = 20% 1/2 watt
KN-602	Resistor-220 ohms = 10% 1 watt	REB225M	Resistor-220,000 ohms = 20% 1/2 watt
KN-601	Resistor-220 ohms = 10% 1 watt	REB225M	Resistor-220,000 ohms = 20% 1/2 watt

MODELS 6-601W, 6-601V,
6-602

OLYMPIC RADIO & TELEV. INC.

MODELS 6-617, 6-617U

MODELS 6-601W, 6-601V, 6-602

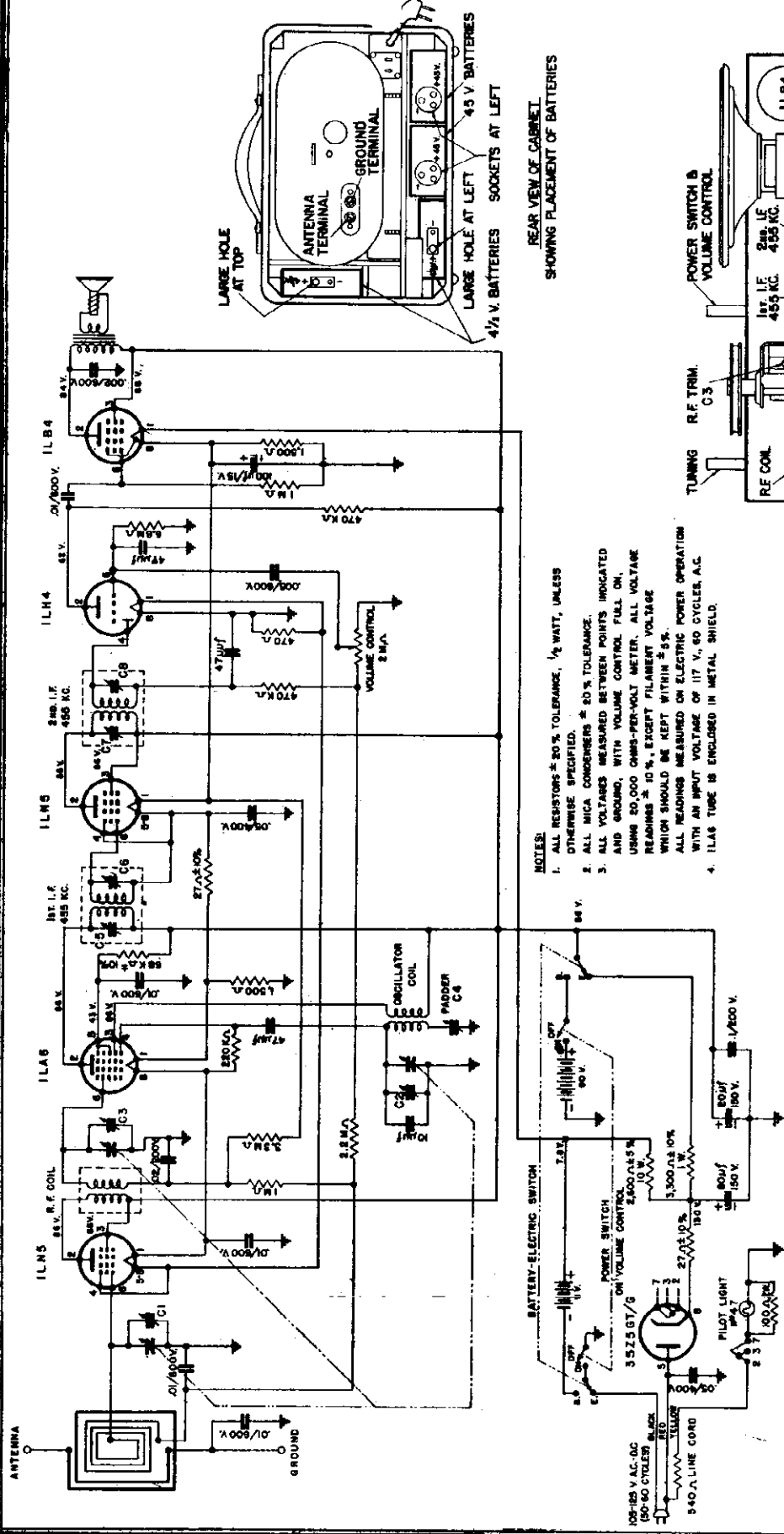
Part No.	Description
BU 187	Bulb—#47 Mazda 6.3V pilot light bulb
CA 143W	Cabinet—walnut bakelite cabinet
CA 143V	Cabinet—ivory bakelite cabinet
CA 152	Cabinet—wood (for 6-602 only)
CL 211	Coil—antenna loading coil
CL 212	Coil—oscillator coil, shielded
CL 224	Coil—R.F. coil, shielded (BC & SW)
CO 158	Condenser—20/10/5/450 W.V. & 50/25 W.V. electrolytic condenser
CO 311	Condenser—1.0 mmfd $\pm 20\%$ fixed condenser
CT 389	Condenser—3.35 mmfd dual trimmer condenser
CT 440	Condenser—350-780 mmfd padder condenser
CV 144	Condenser—3 gang variable condenser
DL 378	Dial—glass dial scale
KN 422	Knob—walnut knob marked "VOLUME" (for 6-601 W & 6-602)
KN 423	Knob—walnut knob marked "OFF-ON TONE" (for 6-601W & 6-602)
KN 425	Knob—walnut knob marked "TUNING" (for 6-601W & 6-602)
KN 430	Knob—walnut knob marked "SW-BC-PH" (for 6-601W & 6-602)
KN 426	Knob—ivory knob marked "VOLUME" (for 6-601V)
KN 427	Knob—ivory knob marked "OFF-ON TONE" (for 6-601V)
KN 429	Knob—ivory knob marked "TUNING" (for 6-601V)
KN 431	Knob—ivory knob marked "SW-BC-PH" (for 6-601V)
LP 213	Loop—Antenna
PO 334	Pointer
PT 239	Control—2 megohm volume control (for model 6-602)
PT 240	Control— $\frac{1}{2}$ megohm tone control (with S.P.S.T. switch) (for model 6-602)
PT 435	Control—2 megohm volume control (for models 6-601W & 6-601V)
PT 436	Control— $\frac{1}{2}$ megohm tone control (with S.P.S.T. switch) (for models 6-601W & 6-601V)
RCM20A101M	Condenser—100 mmfd $\pm 20\%$ mica condenser
RCM20A220M	Condenser—22 mmfd $\pm 20\%$ mica condenser
RCM20A221M	Condenser—220 mmfd $\pm 20\%$ mica condenser
RCM20A470M	Condenser—47 mmfd $\pm 20\%$ mica condenser
RCM30B272J	Condenser—2700 mmfd $\pm 5\%$ mica condenser
RCM40A331M	Condenser—330 mmfd $\pm 20\%$ 1000 W.V. mica condenser
RCPI0W2203A	Condenser—.02/200 W.V. tubular paper condenser
RCPI0W2503A	Condenser—.05/200 W.V. tubular paper condenser
RCPI0W4104L	Condenser—.1/400 W.V. tubular paper condenser
RCPI0W4503A	Condenser—.05/400 W.V. tubular paper condenser
RCPI0W6102A	Condenser—.001/600 W.V. tubular paper condenser
RCPI0W6103A	Condenser—.01/600 W.V. tubular paper condenser
RCPI0W6203A	Condenser—.02/600 W.V. tubular paper condenser
RCPI0W6502A	Condenser—.005/600 W.V. tubular paper condenser
RCPI0W6602K	Condenser—.006/600 W.V. tubular paper condenser
REB 101M	Resistor—100 ohms $\pm 20\%$ $\frac{1}{2}$ watt resistor
REB 102M	Resistor—1000 ohms $\pm 20\%$ $\frac{1}{2}$ watt resistor
REB 103M	Resistor—10,000 ohms $\pm 20\%$ $\frac{1}{2}$ watt resistor
REB 105M	Resistor—1 megohm $\pm 20\%$ $\frac{1}{2}$ watt resistor
REB 154M	Resistor—150,000 ohms $\pm 20\%$ $\frac{1}{2}$ watt resistor
REB 155K	Resistor—1.5 megohms $\pm 10\%$ $\frac{1}{2}$ watt resistor
REB 221K	Resistor—220 ohms $\pm 10\%$ $\frac{1}{2}$ watt resistor
REB 223M	Resistor—22,000 ohms $\pm 20\%$ $\frac{1}{2}$ watt resistor
REB 225M	Resistor—2.2 megohms $\pm 20\%$ $\frac{1}{2}$ watt resistor
REB 332M	Resistor—3300 ohms $\pm 20\%$ $\frac{1}{2}$ watt resistor
REB 472M	Resistor—4700 ohms $\pm 20\%$ $\frac{1}{2}$ watt resistor
REB 473M	Resistor—47,000 ohms $\pm 20\%$ $\frac{1}{2}$ watt resistor
REB 474M	Resistor—470,000 ohms $\pm 20\%$ $\frac{1}{2}$ watt resistor
REB 683K	Resistor—68,000 ohms $\pm 10\%$ $\frac{1}{2}$ watt resistor
REC 103M	Resistor—10,000 ohms $\pm 20\%$ 1 watt resistor
REC 331K	Resistor—330 ohms $\pm 10\%$ 1 watt resistor
RED 104M	Resistor—100,000 ohms $\pm 20\%$ 2 watt resistor
SK 325	Speaker—6"x9" oval dynamic, 580 ohms with 5000 ohm output transformer
SO 188	Socket—Pilot light "U" socket ass'y.
SP 191	Spring—dial drive lock spring
ST 367	Back—printed cardboard back (for models 6-601W & 6-601V)
ST 368	Back—printed cardboard back (for model 6-602)
ST 385	Light Diffuser
SW 387	Switch—SW-BC-Phono 3 position, 3 wafer switch (for model 6-602)
SW 646	Switch—SW-BC-Phono 3 position, 3 wafer switch (for models 6-601W & 6-601V)
TR 112	Transformer—power transformer
TR 118	Transformer—1st & 2nd I.F. transformer 455KC

Part No.

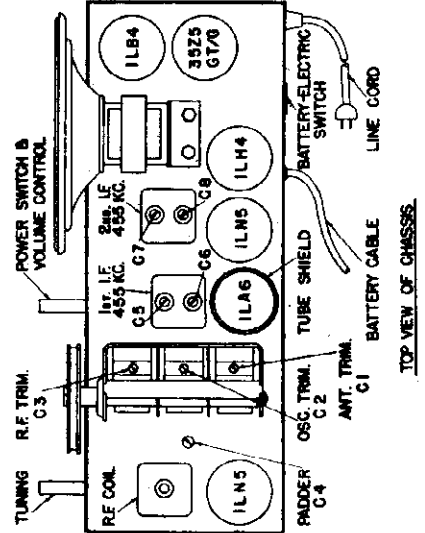
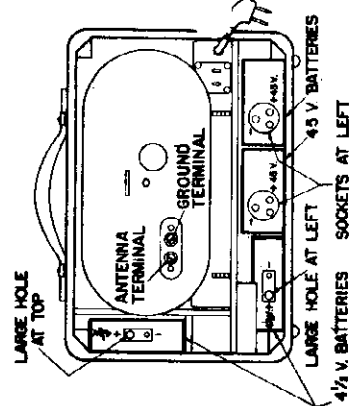
MODELS 6-617,
6-617U
Description

BU-187	#47 pilot light bulb 6.3V (#47 Mazda)
CL-210	Coil—oscillator coil
CL-608	Coil—r-f coil
CL-609	Coil—antenna loading coil
CO-158	Condenser—20/10/5/450 WV & 50/25WV electrolytic condenser
CV-145	Condenser—3-gang variable condenser
DL-366	Dial—glass dial scale
KN-418	Knob—Walnut knob marked "VOLUME"
KN-419	Knob—Walnut knob marked "OFF-ON-TONE"
KN-420	Knob—Walnut knob marked "PHONO-RADIO"
KN-421	Knob—Walnut knob marked "TUNING"
LP-179	Loop—antenna
PO-181	Pointer
PT-105	Control—2 megohm volume control
PT-106	Control— $\frac{1}{2}$ megohm tone control with power switch S.P.S.T.
RCM20A101M	Condenser—100 mmfd $\pm 20\%$ mica
RCM20A220M	Condenser—22 mmfd $\pm 20\%$ mica
RCM20A221M	Condenser—220 mmfd $\pm 20\%$ mica
RCM20A331M	Condenser—330 mmfd $\pm 20\%$ mica condenser, 1000 WV
RCM20A470M	Condenser—47 mmfd $\pm 20\%$ mica
RCPI0W2203A	Condenser—.02/200WV tubular paper
RCPI0W2503A	Condenser—.05/200WV tubular paper
RCPI0W4104L	Condenser—.1/400WV tubular paper
RCPI0W4503A	Condenser—.05/400WV tubular paper
RCPI0W6102A	Condenser—.001/600WV tubular paper
RCPI0W6103A	Condenser—.01/600WV tubular paper
RCPI0W6502A	Condenser—.005/600WV tubular paper
REB102M	Resistor—1000 ohms $\pm 20\%$ $\frac{1}{2}$ watt resistor
REB105M	Resistor—1 megohm $\pm 20\%$ $\frac{1}{2}$ watt resistor
REB154M	Resistor—150,000 ohms $\pm 20\%$ $\frac{1}{2}$ watt resistor
REB155K	Resistor—1.5 megohm $\pm 10\%$ $\frac{1}{2}$ watt resistor
REB221K	Resistor—220 ohms $\pm 10\%$ $\frac{1}{2}$ watt resistor
REB223M	Resistor—22,000 ohms $\pm 20\%$ $\frac{1}{2}$ watt resistor
REB224M	Resistor—220,000 ohms $\pm 20\%$ $\frac{1}{2}$ watt resistor
REB331M	Resistor—330 ohms $\pm 20\%$ $\frac{1}{2}$ watt resistor
REB332M	Resistor—3300 ohms $\pm 20\%$ $\frac{1}{2}$ watt resistor
REB334M	Resistor—330,000 ohms $\pm 20\%$ $\frac{1}{2}$ watt resistor
REB472M	Resistor—4700 ohms $\pm 20\%$ $\frac{1}{2}$ watt resistor
REB473M	Resistor—47,000 ohms $\pm 20\%$ $\frac{1}{2}$ watt resistor
REB474M	Resistor—470,000 ohms $\pm 20\%$ $\frac{1}{2}$ watt resistor
REB683K	Resistor—68,000 ohms $\pm 10\%$ $\frac{1}{2}$ watt resistor
REC103M	Resistor—10,000 ohms $\pm 20\%$ 1 watt resistor
REC331K	Resistor—330 ohms $\pm 10\%$ 1 watt resistor
RED473M	Resistor—47,000 ohms $\pm 20\%$ 2 watt resistor
SK-325	Speaker—6" x 9" oval dynamic speaker 580 ohms field coil with output transformer
SP-191	Spring—drive shaft retaining spring
SP-218	Spring— $\frac{7}{8}$ " lg. pointer drive spring
ST-369	Back—Masonite back.
SW-141	Switch—phono-radio switch D.P.D.T.
TR-112	Transformer—power transformer.
TR-118	Transformer—I.F. transformer, 1st & 2nd

OLYMPIC RADIO & TELEV. INC.



REAR VIEW OF CABINET
SHOWING PLACEMENT OF BATTERIES



NOTE: 1L A6 TUBE IS ENCLOSED IN METAL SHIELD

- NOTES:
1. ALL RESISTORS ± 20% TOLERANCE, 1/2 WATT, UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.
 2. ALL MICA CONDENSERS ± 20% TOLERANCE.
 3. ALL VOLTAGES MEASURED BETWEEN POINTS INDICATED AND GROUND, WITH VOLUME CONTROL FULL ON, USING 50,000 OHMS-PER-VOLT METER. ALL VOLTAGE READINGS ± 10%, EXCEPT FILAMENT VOLTAGE WHICH SHOULD BE KEPT WITHIN ± 5%.
 4. ALL READINGS MEASURED ON ELECTRIC POWER OPERATION WITH AN INPUT VOLTAGE OF 117 V., 60 CYCLES, A.C.

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE CHART

STEP	CONNECT HIGH SIDE OF SIGNAL GENERATOR TO -	SET SIGNAL GENERATOR TO -	SET POINTER TO -	ADJUST THE FOLLOWING FOR MAXIMUM OUTPUT. (KEEP SIGNAL FROM SIGNAL GENERATOR AS LOW AS POSSIBLE)
1	R.F. SECTION OF VARIABLE CONDENSER IN SERIES WITH .1 MFD. COND.	455 KC.	EXTREME RIGHT HAND POSITION (CONDENSER PLATES FULLY OPEN)	C 6, C 7, C 6, C 5 AND REPEAT IN SAME ORDER (1ST. AND 2ND. I.F. TRANSFORMERS)
2	ANTENNA TERMINAL	1500 KC.	1500 KC. (150 ON DIAL)	C 2, C 3, C 1
3	OF ANTENNA LOOP IN SERIES WITH 50 MMFD. COND.	600 KC.	600 KC. (APPROX. 60 ON DIAL)	C 4 PADDER
4				ROCK DIAL FOR MAXIMUM SIGNAL
REPEAT STEPS 2 AND 3				

Power Consumption on electric operation — 20 watts

MODEL 6-606

OLYMPIC RADIO & TELEV. INC.

SERVICE AND ALIGNMENT INSTRUCTIONS

WHEN SERVICING THIS RECEIVER DO NOT PLACE CHASSIS ON A GROUNDED METALLIC BENCH.

For tube replacement it is not necessary to remove the chassis from the cabinet. Access to the tubes may be made by removing the center screw on the loop holding same to the bracket, and then lifting loop carefully off the bracket so as to avoid breaking of wires connecting same.

For ALIGNMENT the chassis must be removed from case. Remove first batteries and then the three screws holding chassis to the bottom of the shelf.

ALIGNMENT

Equipment Required: Modulated r-f signal generator; output meter; insulated screw driver; two .1 mfd 400 volt and one 50 mmfd 400 volt condensers.

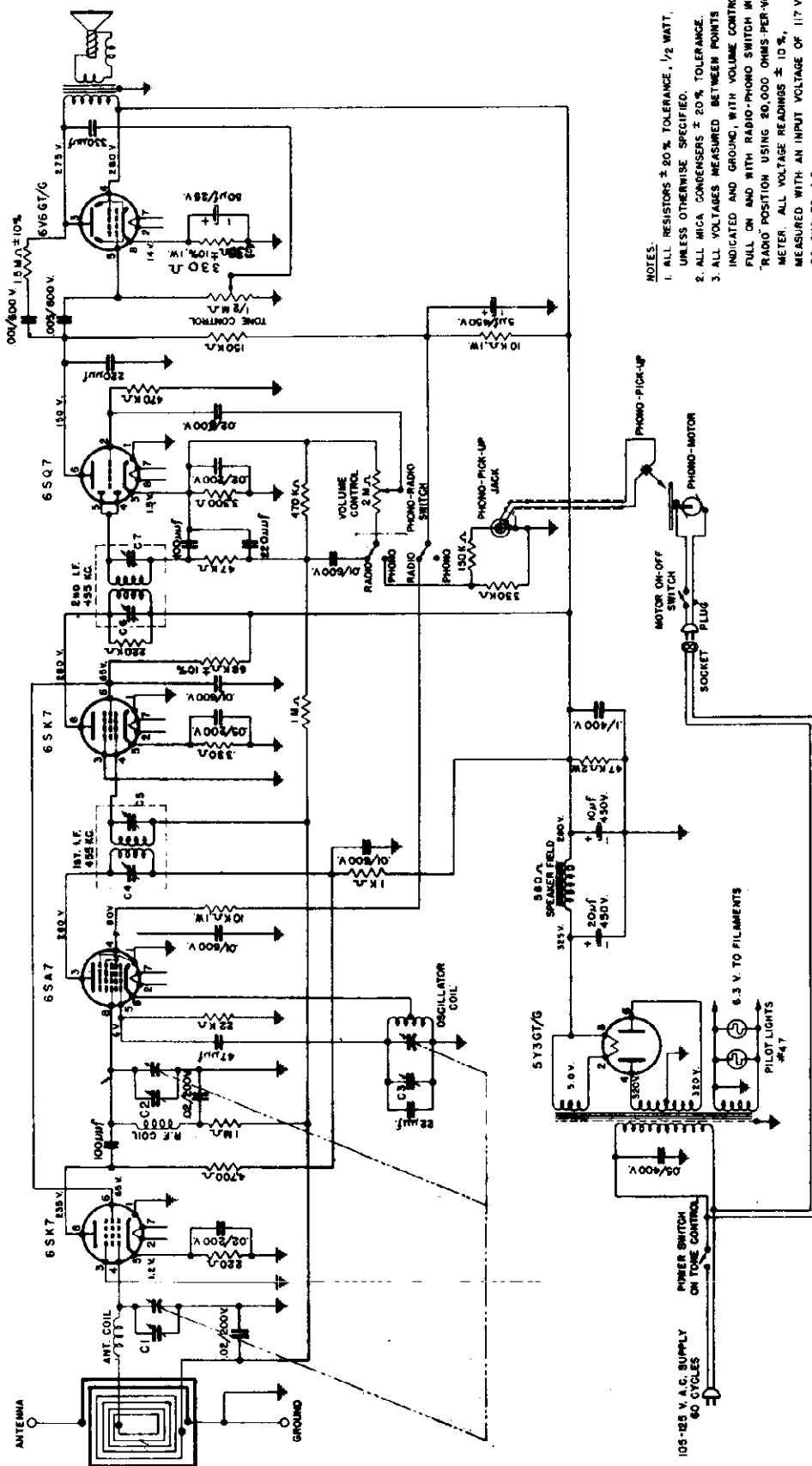
Turn variable condenser fully counterclockwise (plates fully closed) and check that pointer coincides with the first thin calibration mark on the dial. Connect the output meter and signal generator as follows:

Output meter: Connect across voice coil and turn volume control to maximum.

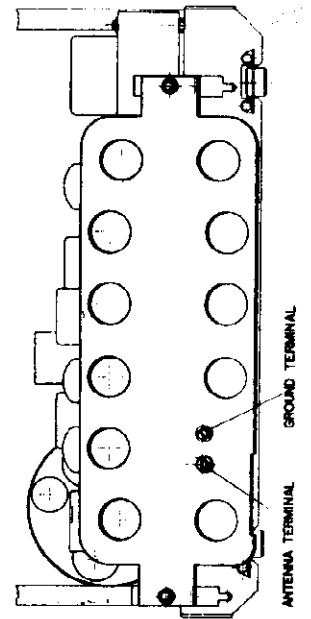
Signal generator: Connect the low side of the signal generator to the receiver chassis thru a .1 mfd condenser and keep output as low as possible, then proceed in the sequence shown on the alignment chart.

Part No.	Description	Part No.	Description
BK-405	Bracket-Resistor mounting bracket	RCPI0W6502A	Condenser-.005/600WV paper tubular condenser
BU-187	Bulb-pilot light bulb 6.3v (#47 Mazda)	RE-407	Resistor-2600 ohms $\pm 5\%$ 10 watt resistor
CA-229	Cabinet-portable cabinet	REB105M	Resistor-1 megohm $\pm 20\%$ 1/2 watt resistor
CB-335	Cable-battery cable	REB152M	Resistor-1500 ohms $\pm 20\%$ 1/2 watt resistor
CL-176	Coil-R.F. coil, shielded	REB224M	Resistor-220,000 ohms $\pm 20\%$ 1/2 watt resistor
CL-177	Coil-oscillator coil	REB225M	Resistor-2.2 megohms $\pm 20\%$ 1/2 watt resistor
CO-182	Condenser-80/20/150WV & 100/15WV electrolytic condenser	REB270K	Resistor-27 ohms $\pm 10\%$ 1/2 watt resistor
CR-299	Crystal-dial crystal	REB335M	Resistor-3.3 megohms $\pm 20\%$ 1/2 watt resistor
CT-388	Condenser-220-680 mmfd padder condenser	REB471M	Resistor-470 ohms $\pm 20\%$ 1/2 watt resistor
CV-146	Condenser-3 gang variable condenser (with pulley)	REB474M	Resistor-470,000 ohms $\pm 20\%$ 1/2 watt resistor
DL-391	Dial-metal dial scale	REB683K	Resistor-68,000 ohms $\pm 10\%$ 1/2 watt resistor
ES-274-1	Escutcheon-moulded escutcheon	REB685M	Resistor-6.8 megohms $\pm 20\%$ 1/2 watt resistor
KN-260	Knob-walnut knob	REC332K	Resistor-3 300 ohms $\pm 10\%$ 1 watt resistor
KN-261	Knob-walnut knob with dot	RED101M	Resistor-100 ohms $\pm 20\%$ 2 watt resistor
LC-315	Line Cord-540 ohms resistance line cord	SD-607	Shield-Tube Shield
LP-178	Loop-Antenna	SK-156	Speaker-5" P.M. Speaker with output transformer
PO-395	Pointer-dial pointer	SO-572	Socket-pilot light socket assembly
PT-383	Control-volume control 2 megohms with D.P.S.T. switch	SP-191	Spring-Drive shaft retaining spring
RCM20A100M	Condenser-10 mmfd $\pm 20\%$ mica condenser	SW-185	Switch-battery-electric D.P.D.T. slide switch
RCM20A470M	Condenser-47 mmfd $\pm 20\%$ mica condenser	TR-186	Transformer-I.F. 455 K.C. Transformer
RCPI0W2104A	Condenser-.1-200WV paper tubular condenser		
RCPI0W2203A	Condenser-.02/200WV paper tubular condenser		
RCPI0W4503A	Condenser-.05/400WV paper tubular condenser		
RCPI0W6103A	Condenser-.01/600WV paper tubular condenser		
RCPI0W6202M	Condenser-.002/600WV paper tubular condenser		

OLYMPIC RADIO & TELEV. INC.



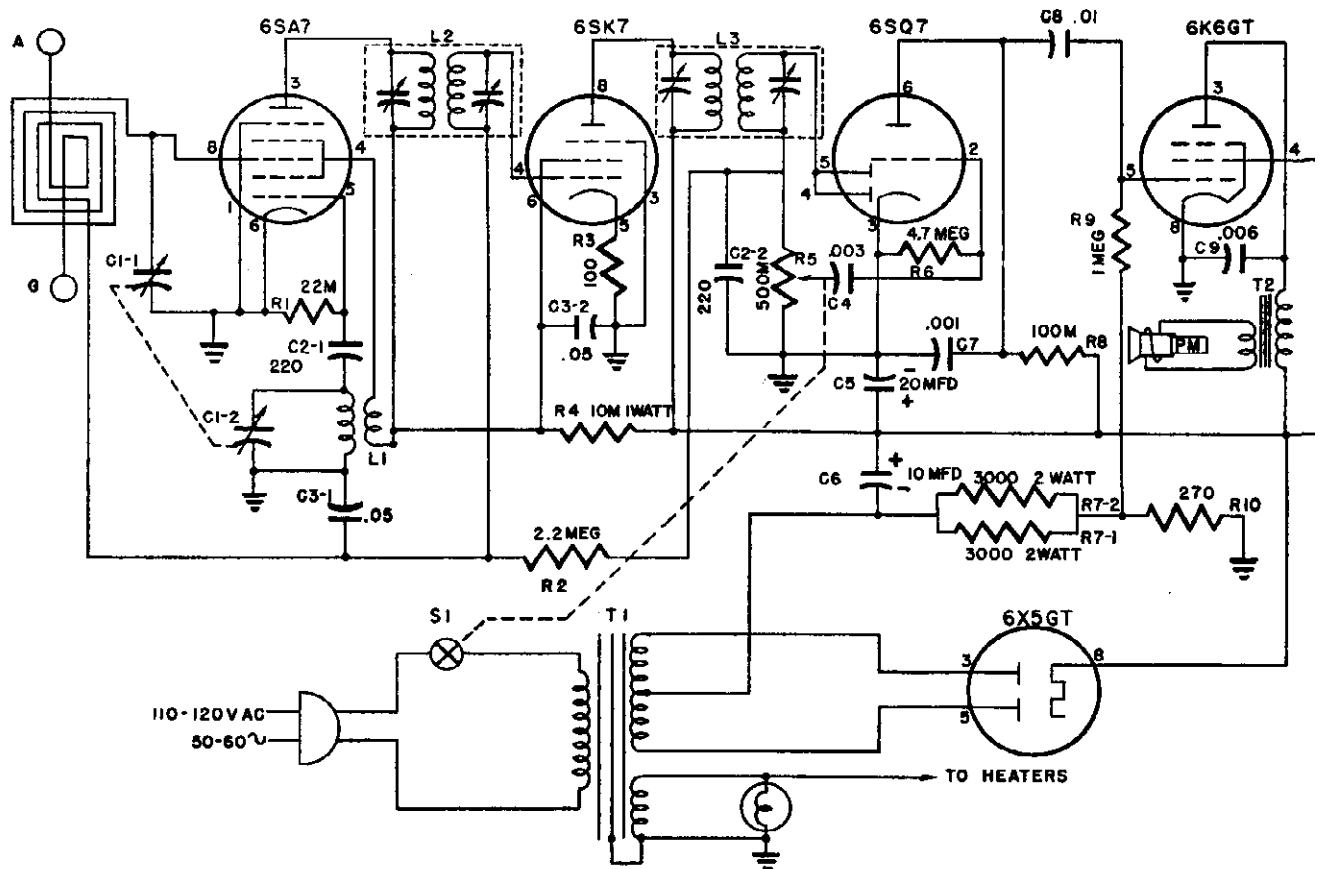
- NOTES:
1. ALL RESISTORS $\pm 20\%$ TOLERANCE, $1/2$ WATT, UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.
 2. ALL MICA CONDENSERS $\pm 20\%$ TOLERANCE.
 3. ALL VOLTAGES MEASURED BETWEEN POINTS INDICATED AND GROUND, WITH VOLUME CONTROL FULL ON AND WITH RADIO-PHONO SWITCH IN "RADIO" POSITION USING 80,000 OHMS PER-VOLT METER. ALL VOLTAGE READINGS $\pm 10\%$, MEASURED WITH AN INPUT VOLTAGE OF 117 V., 60 CYCLES, A.C.



Frequency Range: 530 — 1700 K.C.
Power Requirement: 105 — 125 volts a-c 60 cycles
Power Consumption: Receiver 70 Watts

Receiver with Record-Changer 85 Watts

PACKARD BELL CO.



ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

Alignment procedure consists of the four steps outlined in the Alignment Procedure Chart. Test oscillator leads should be connected to the mixer grid and ground in series with an .01 Mfd. capacitor (dummy load) for the I. F. alignment (Step No. 1).

The alignment procedure outlined in steps 2 to 4 utilizes a standard test loop.* The test oscillator leads should be connected across this loop. The loop should be placed about two feet from the receiver loop in a vertical position.

Upon completion of the I. F. Alignment the variable condenser should be "Rocked" to gain assurance that the I. F.'s have not been aligned to the image frequency.

*NOTE: Hazeltine Test Loop #1150

ALIGNMENT CHART

STEP	CONNECT TEST OSC. TO	TEST OSC. SETTING	POINTER SETTING	ADJUST FOR MAXIMUM OUTPUT
1	Mixer grid & Grd. .01 Mfd Dummy Load	435 KC	550 KC	Trimmers A, B, C & D
2	Standard* Test Loop	1750 KC	1750 KC	Trimmer F to 1750 KC
3	Standard Test Loop*	1330 KC	1330 KC	Trimmer E Set Pointer to 1330 KC
4	Standard Test Loop*	570 KC	570 KC	Loop

REMARKS: *Hazeltine Test Loop #1150

Electrical Rating

Line Voltage . . . 110-120 Volts 50-60 cycle A.C.
Power Consumption . . . 32 watts

Tuning Frequency Range

550 to 1740 kc

Intermediate Frequency

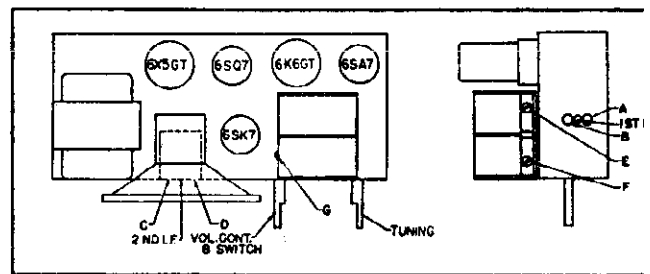
455 kc

Electrical Power Output

Maximum . . . 1.8 watts

Loudspeaker

Type . . . Permanent Magnet
Outside Cone Diameter . . . 4"
Voice Coil Impedance . . . 3.2 ohms at 400 cycles
Magnet Rating . . . 1.0 Oz. Alnico five



TRIMMER LOCATION

MODEL 5FP

PACKARD BELL CO.

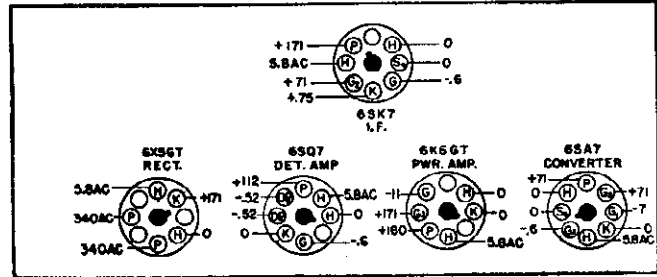
SPECIAL SERVICE INFORMATION

STAGE GAIN MEASUREMENTS

- Measurements taken with volume control fully advanced.
- Standard Output . . . 50 milliwatts Dummy Antenna . . . 220 mmf
- Converter gain . . . 80 X at 1000 KC
- Converter to 1st I. F. . . . 140 X at 455 KC
- 1st I. F. to 2nd Detector . . . 105 X at 455 KC
- Overall Audio Gain . . . 536 X at .5 watts at 400 cycles
- Oscillator Grid Voltage at 117 volts AC line voltage
- 1750 KC . . . 2.65 volts AC*
- 1330 KC . . . 2.1 volts AC*
- 750 KC . . . 1.84 volts AC*
- 550 KC . . . 1.72 volts AC*

*Measurements made with A.C. V.T.V.M.
Input loading above 10 megohms

All D.C. voltages measured with vacuum tube voltmeter from socket contacts to chassis. A.C. voltages measured with a 1000 ohm per volt A.C. meter. Volume control fully advanced, no signal, 117 volts A.C. line voltage. All voltages shown are positive D.C. unless otherwise noted.



SOCKET VOLTAGES

Tubes

Tube	Function
6X5-GT	Rectifier
6K6-GT	Power Amplifier
6SQ7	Detector Amplifier
6SK7	I. F. Amplifier
6SA7	Frequency Converter

D.C. RESISTANCE MEASUREMENTS

- 1st I. F. Coil
 - primary . . . 17.5 ohms
 - secondary . . . 17.5 ohms
- 2nd I. F. Coil
 - primary . . . 13 ohms
 - secondary . . . 14 ohms
- Oscillator Coil
 - primary . . . 1.2 ohms
 - secondary . . . 4.5 ohms

TABLE OF REPLACEABLE PARTS

PART NO.	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
21004		Cabinet, Plastic
23503	C1-1	Capacitor, Variable; 2 gang with pulley
23228	C2-1	Capacitor, Mica: 220 mmf
	C2-2	
23009	C3-1	Capacitor, Paper: .05 Mfd. 400 V
	C3-2	
23016	C4	Capacitor, Paper: .003 Mfd. 600 V
24003	C5	Capacitor, Electrolytic: 20 Mfd. 350 WV
24005	C6	Capacitor, Electrolytic: 10 Mfd. 350 WV
23001	C7	Capacitor, Paper: .001 Mfd. 600 V
23006	C8	Capacitor, Paper: .01 Mfd. 600 V
23015	C9	Capacitor, Paper: .006 Mfd. 600 V
29203	L1	Coil, oscillator
29002	L2	Coil, I.F.: 1st, 455 kc
29003	L3	Coil, I.F.: 2nd, 455 kc

PART NO.	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
25001	R5 & S1	Control, volume: 500,000 ohms, with A.C. switch
55003		Crystal, dial
52004		Knobs
29308		Loop, Assembly
54001		Pilot Light, bayonet base: T44
67005		Pointer, Plastic
73041	R1	Resistor, carbon: 22,000 ohms ± 10% ½ watt
73055	R2	Resistor, carbon: 2.2 megohms ± 20% ½ watt
73013	R3	Resistor, carbon: 100 ohms ± 10% ½ watt
73073	R4	Resistor, carbon: 10,000 ohms ± 10% 1 watt
73057	R6	Resistor, carbon: 4.7 megohms ± 20% ½ watt
73122	R7-1	Resistor, carbon: 3000 ohms ± 10% 2 watt
	R7-2	
73047	R8	Resistor, carbon: 100,000 ohms ± 20% ½ watt
73053	R9	Resistor, carbon: 1 megohm ± 20% ½ watt
73018	R10	Resistor, carbon: 270 ohms ± 10% ½ watt
38003		Scale, dial
79009		Socket, pilot light
79002		Socket, tube: 8 prong octal, wafer type
84002		Spring, dial
83003		Speaker, PM: 4"
89002	T1	Transformer, power
89402	T2	Transformer, output

PACKARD BELL CO.

TABLE OF REPLACEABLE PARTS

PART NO.	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
A21001E		Cabinet, wood: walnut
B21001E		Cabinet, wood: bleach
C21001E		Cabinet, wood: fabricoid covered
A21002D		Cabinet, plastic: ivory
B21002D		Cabinet, plastic: walnut
24003	C8	Capacitor, electrolytic: 20 Mfd. 350 WV
24004B	C7	Capacitor, electrolytic: 40 Mfd. 350 WV
23206	C4-1	Capacitor, mica: 220 Mmf
	C4-2	
23016	C9	Capacitor, paper: .003 Mfd. 600 volt
23004	C5-1	Capacitor, paper: .005 Mfd. 600 volt
	C5-2	
23007	C6	Capacitor, paper: .02 Mfd. 600 volt
23009	C3-1	Capacitor, paper: .05 Mfd. 600 volt
	C3-2	
23502G	C1-1	Capacitor, variable: two gang
	C1-2	
29004A	L2	Coil, 1st I.F.: 455 KC
29001A	L3	Coil 2nd I.F.: 455 KC
29301D		Coil, loop antenna
29202	L1	Coil, oscillator
25003A	R7 & S1	Control, volume: 500,000 ohms, with A.C. switch
53001		Crystal, dial: for wood cabinet
53002		Crystal, dial: for plastic cabinet
38005		Dial, scale: for wood cabinet
38009		Dial, scale: for plastic cabinet
A47002C		Grille, plastic: walnut
B47002C		Grille, plastic: ivory
A49001E		Handle, plastic: walnut
B49001E		Handle, plastic: ivory
C52015C		Knob, walnut
A52015C		Knob, Ivory
54002		Lamp, bayonet base: T-44
67004		Pointer, slide
67006		Pointer, wire
73009	R2	Resistor, carbon: 47 ohm ±10%, 1/2 watt
73077	R5	Resistor, carbon: 180 ohm ±10%, 1 watt
73071	R4	Resistor, carbon: 1000 ohm ±10%, 1 watt
73075	R6	Resistor, carbon: 4700 ohm ±10%, 1 watt
73041	R1	Resistor, carbon: 22,000 ohm ±10%, 1/2 watt
73047	R9	Resistor, carbon: 100,000 ohm ±20%, 1/2 watt
73053	R10	Resistor, carbon: 1 megohm ±20%, 1/2 watt
73055	R3	Resistor, carbon: 2.2 megohm ±20%, 1/2 watt
73057	R8	Resistor, carbon: 4.7 megohm ±20%, 1/2 watt
79009A		Socket, lamp
79002		Socket, tube
83203		Speaker, permanent magnet: 5"
89401B	T1	Transformer, output
89001A	T2	Transformer, power

All D.C. voltages measured with a vacuum tube voltmeter from socket contacts to chassis. A.C. voltages measured with a 1000 ohm per volt A.C. meter from socket contacts to chassis. Volume control fully advanced. No signal. 117 A.C. line voltage. All voltages shown are positive D.C. unless otherwise noted.

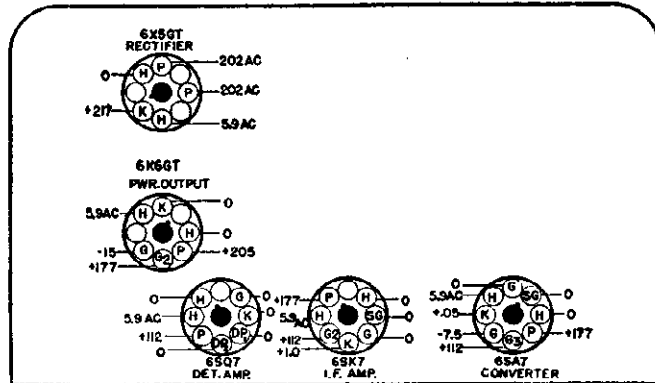


Fig. 2 — Socket Voltages

SPECIAL SERVICE INFORMATION

STAGE GAIN MEASUREMENTS

- Dummy Antenna . . . 200 mmf Standard Output . . . 50 mw
- Volume Control . . . Maximum
- Converter grid to 1st I.F. grid . . . 63 X at 1000 KC
- Converter grid to 1st I.F. grid . . . 72 X at 455 KC
- 1st I.F. grid to 2nd detector . . . 75 X at 455 KC
- Overall audio gain . . . 356 X at .5 watts 400 cycles

OSCILLATOR GRID VOLTAGES

At 117 volt A.C. line voltage.

- 1750 KC . . . 20.0 volts A.C.*
- 1330 KC . . . 19.0 volts A.C.*
- 750 KC . . . 17.5 volts A.C.*
- 550 KC . . . 17.0 volts A.C.*

*Measurements made with A.C. — V.T.V.M., input loading above 10 megohms.

D.C. RESISTANCE MEASUREMENTS

1st I.F. Coil

- primary . . . 14.5 ohms
- secondary . . . 14.5 ohms

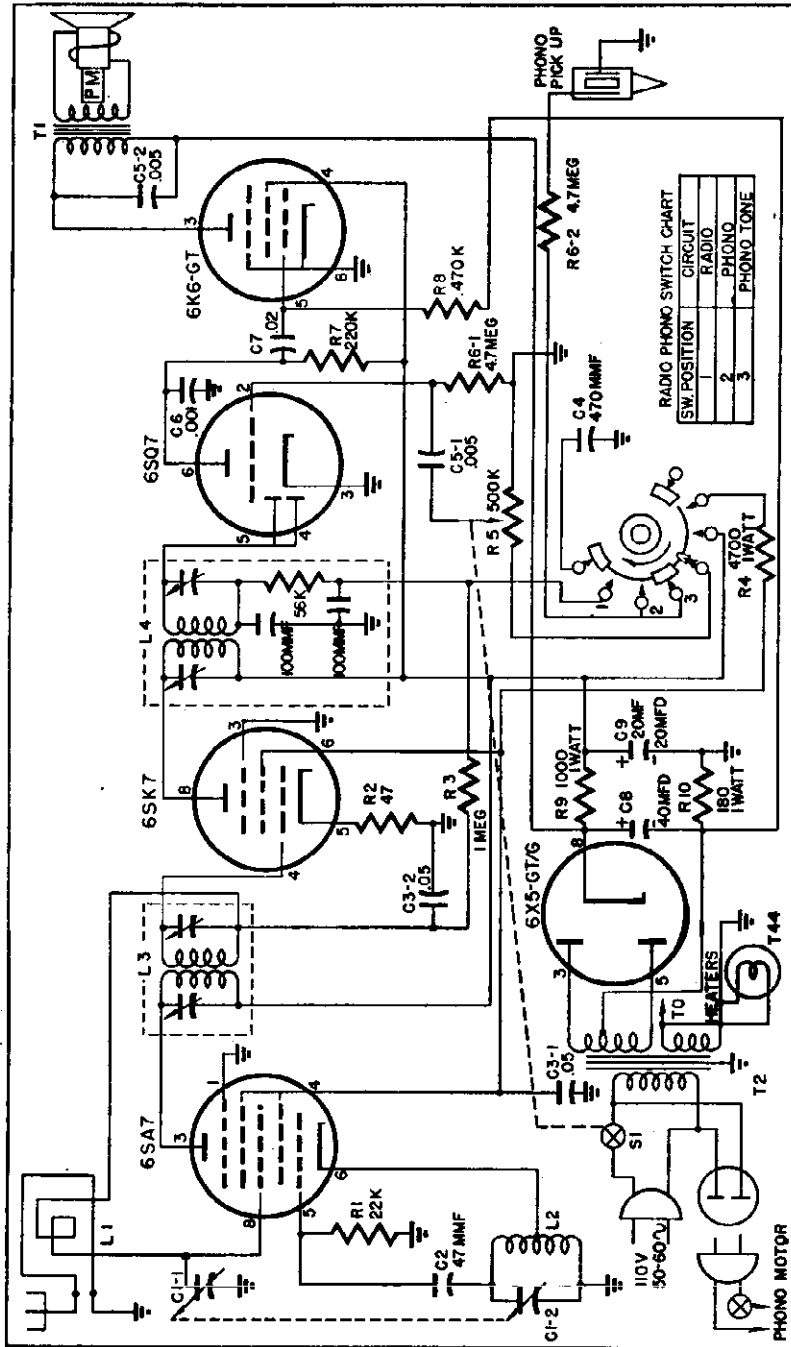
2nd I.F. Coil

- primary . . . 14.5 ohms
- secondary . . . 14.5 ohms

Oscillator Coil

- start to finish . . . 8 ohms
- start to tap . . . 7 ohms

PACKARD BELL CO.



GENERAL INFORMATION

Model 561 is a five tube superheterodyne receiver and phonograph combination. This model employs a permanent magnet speaker and a "HI-Q" loop antenna. It is enclosed in a fabricoid covered carrying case. The schematic diagram shows a tweet filter network in the 2nd I.F. This network is comprised of two 100 Mmf capacitors and a 55,000 ohm resistor. Also shown is a .005 Mfd. capacitor parallel with the primary of the output transformer. In a few of the earlier models a 220 Mfd. AVC by-pass was used in place of the tweet filter, and the .005 Mfd. capacitor is connected to the plate of the 6K6-GT and ground.

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

Alignment procedure consists of the four steps outlined in the Alignment Procedure Chart.
For step No. 1, I.F. Alignment, connect the test oscillator leads to the mixer grid and ground in series with a .01 Mfd. capacitor (dummy load). Upon completion of this step, "Rock" the variable condenser to assure that the I.F.'s have not been aligned to the image frequency.
Steps 2 to 4 employ a standard test loop.* Connect the test oscillator leads across this loop and place it in a vertical position about two feet from the receiver loop.

ALIGNMENT CHART

STEP	CONNECT TEST OSC. TO	TEST OSC. SETTING	POINTER SETTING	ADJUST FOR MAXIMUM OUTPUT
1	Mixer grid & Grd. .01 Mfd. Dummy load	485 KC	540 KC	Trimmers # A, B, C & D
2	Standard* Test Loop	1750 KC	1750 KC	Trimmer #E to 1750 KC
3	Standard* Test Loop	1300 KC	1300 KC	Trimmer #F
4	Standard* Test Loop	570 KC	570 KC	Loop

*REMARKS: Hazeltine Test Loop #1150

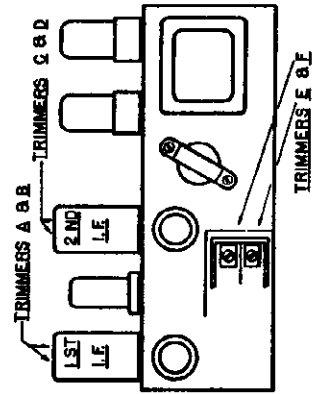


FIG. 2—TRIMMER LOCATION

MODEL 561

PACKARD BELL CO.

D.C. RESISTANCE MEASUREMENTS

1st I.F. Coil and 2nd I.F. Coil* Oscillator Coil
 Primary . . . 14.5 ohms Start to Finish . . . 8 ohms
 Secondary . . . 14.5 ohms Start to Tap . . . 7 ohms

*To obtain the true reading of the secondary of the 2nd I.F. coil, the coil must be removed from the can. This is true because of a 56,000 ohm resistor in series with the AVC lead.

All D.C. voltages measured with a vacuum tube voltmeter from socket contacts to chassis. A.C. voltages measured with a 1000 ohms per volt A.C. meter from socket contacts to chassis.

Volume control . . . maximum — No signal
 117 volts A.C. line voltage

Switch in radio position

All voltages shown are positive D.C. unless otherwise noted.

TABLE OF REPLACEABLE PARTS

PART NO.	REF. SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION	PART NO.	REF. SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
23508B	C1-1	Capacitor, variable: two gang with pulley	73075	R4	Resistor, carbon: 4700 ohms, 10%, 1 watt
	C1-2		25011	R5 & S1	Control, volume: 500K with AC switch
23225	C2	Capacitor, mica: 47 Mmf.	73057	R6-1	Resistor, carbon: 4.7 megohm, 20%, 1/2 watt
23009	C3-1	Capacitor, paper: .05 Mfd. .600 volt		R6-2	
	C3-2		73049	R7	Resistor, carbon: 220K, 20%, 1/2 watt
23229	C4	Capacitor, mica: 470 Mmf.	73051	R8	Resistor, carbon: 470K, 20%, 1/2 watt
23004	C5-1	Capacitor, paper: .005 Mfd. .600 volt	73071	R9	Resistor, carbon: 1000 ohms, 10%, 1 watt
	C5-2		73077	R10	Resistor, carbon: 180 ohms, 10%, 1 watt
23001	C6	Capacitor, paper: .001 Mfd. .600 volt	79002		Socket, tube: wafer type, octal
23007	C7	Capacitor, paper: .01 Mfd. .600 volt	79005		Socket, phono pick-up
24011	C8	Capacitor, electrolytic: 40 Mfd. .350 WV	79007		Socket, phono motor plug
24012	C9	Capacitor, electrolytic: 20 Mfd. .350 WV	79010B		Socket, dial lamp: bayonet base
21014E		Cabinet, wood: fabricoid covered	84001A		Spring, dial cord
29309A	L1	Loop, antenna	86005B	S2	Switch, rotary: wafer type, phono-radio
29202A	L2	Coil, oscillator	86701	S3	Switch, phono motor
29004D	L3	Coil, 1st I.F. .455 KC	89401B	T1	Transformer, output
29007	L4	Coil, 2nd I.F. .455 KC (2- 100 Mmf. mica capacitors & 56,000 ohm resistor are included in this assembly)	89001	T2	Transformer, power
32003B		Cord, AC	52014		Knob, plastic: round, for vol. control & dial tuning
40002		Cord, dial drive	52001A		Knob, plastic: bar, for phono-radio switch
38023A		Dial, scale	53037		Insulator, motor switch
54001		Lamp, dial: 250 MA, bayonet base	49006		Handle, plastic
65007B		Plate, dial	83202		Speaker, permanent magnet: 5"
67004		Pointer, slide	59003		Needle, phono: permanent
67007		Pointer, wire	58012		Motor, phono: with 9" turntable
69003		Pulley, dial drive	58007		Motor, alternate for above
77003		Shaft, dial	84024		Bushing, phono motor: for 50 cycle operation
73041	R1	Resistor, carbon: 22K, 10%, 1/2 watt	63001		Phono pick-up
73009	R2	Resistor, carbon: 47 ohms, 10%, 1/2 watt	63012		Crystal cartridge, Shure P-87
73053	R3	Resistor, carbon: 1 megohm, 20%, 1/2 watt	66004		Plug, phono pick-up
			28006		Clamp, turntable holding

Electrical Rating

Line Voltage . . . 110-120 volt 50-60 cycle A.C.
 Power Consumption . . . 48 watts

Tuning Frequency Range

540 to 1750 KC

Intermediate Frequency

455 KC

Electrical Power Output

Maximum . . . 2.3 watts

Loudspeaker

Type . . . Permanent Magnet
 Outside Cone Diameter . . . 5"
 Voice Coil Impedance . . . 3.2 ohms at 400 cycles
 Magnet Rating . . . 2.5 oz. Alnico #5

Tubes

6SA7 . . . Frequency Converter
 6SK7 . . . I.F. Amplifier
 6SQ7 . . . Detector Amplifier
 6K6-GT . . . Power Amplifier
 6X5-GT/G . . . Rectifier

STAGE GAIN MEASUREMENTS

Measurements taken with volume control maximum, and switch in RADIO position. AVC shorted out.
 Standard Output . . . 50 milliwatts
 Dummy Antenna . . . 200 Mmf.
 Antenna to Converter Grid . . . 4.65 X at 1000 KC
 Converter Grid to 1st I.F. Grid . . . 79 X at 1000 KC
 Converter Grid to 1st I.F. Grid . . . 95 X at 455 KC
 1st I.F. Grid to 2nd Detector . . . 62.3 X at 455 KC
 Overall Audio Gain . . . 700 X at .5 watts 400 cycles

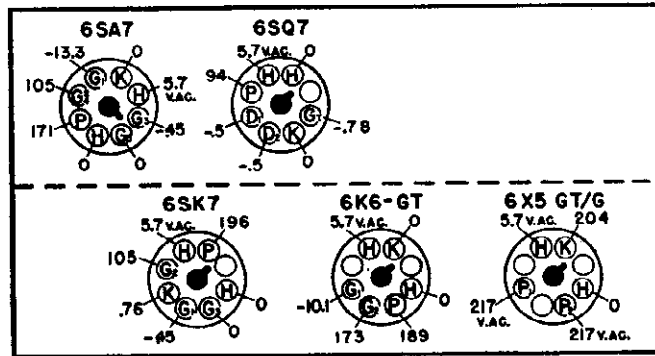


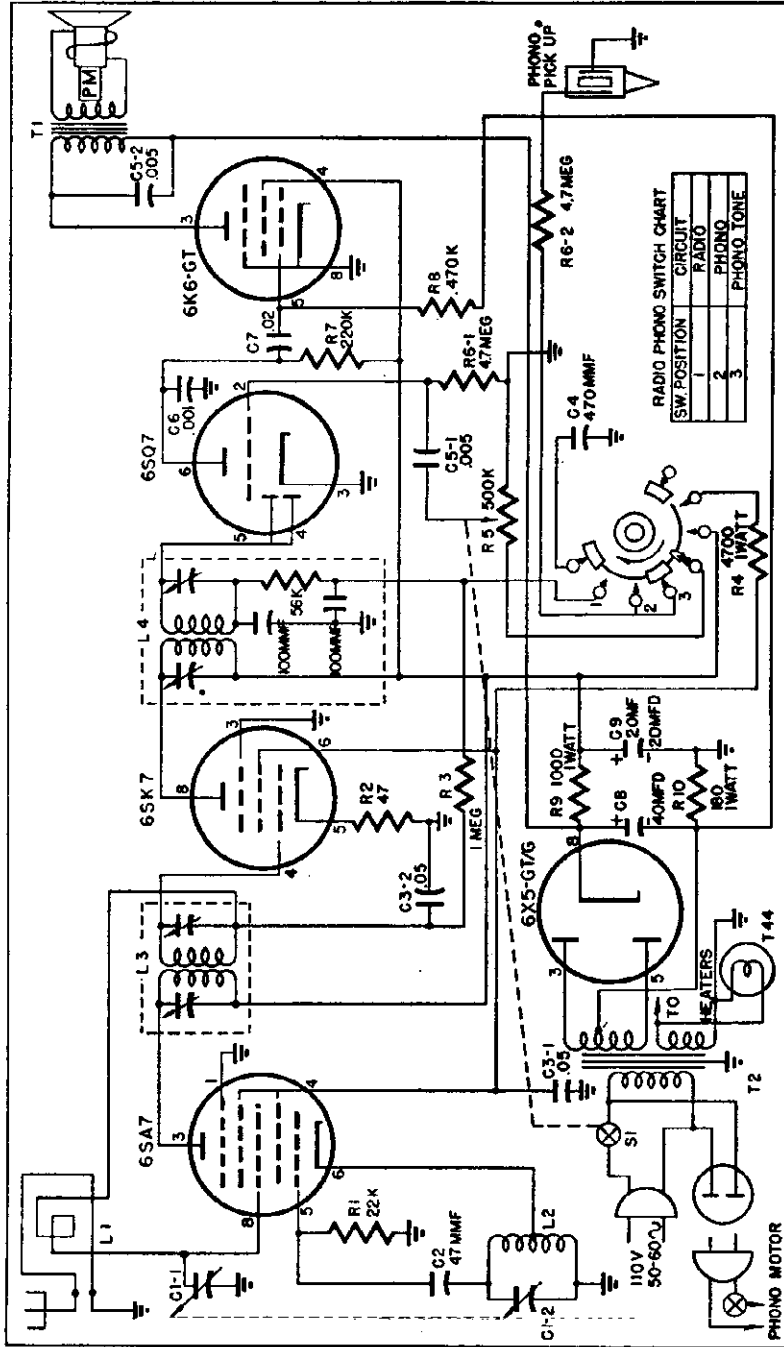
FIG. 1—SOCKET VOLTAGES

OSCILLATOR GRID VOLTAGES

Measured at Oscillator grid to ground, no signal, with A.C. V.T.V.M. input loading above 10 megohms. 117 volts A.C. line voltage. Switch in RADIO position.

1750 KC . . . 19.8 volts AC
 1300 KC . . . 19.8 volts AC
 750 KC . . . 18.3 volts AC
 570 KC . . . 17.2 volts AC

PACKARD BELL CO.



RADIO PHONO SWITCH CHART

SW POSITION	CIRCUIT
1	RADIO
2	PHONO
3	PHONE TONE

ALIGNMENT CHART

STEP	CONNECT TEST OSC. TO	TEST OSC. SETTING	POINTER SETTING	ADJUST FOR MAXIMUM OUTPUT
1	Mixer grid & Grd. .01 Mfd. Dummy load	455 KC	540 KC	Trimmers # A, B, C & D
2	Standard* Test Loop	1750 KC	1750 KC	Trimmer #E to 1750 KC
3	Standard* Test Loop	1500 KC	1500 KC	Trimmer #F
4	Standard* Test Loop	800 KC	600 KC	Loop

GENERAL INFORMATION

Model 563 is a combination superheterodyne receiver and phono-graph. This model employs a permanent magnet speaker and a specially designed "Hi Q" loop antenna. The model is capable of playing ten of twelve-inch records and is enclosed in a fabricoid covered carrying case.

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

Alignment procedure consists of the four steps outlined in the Alignment Procedure Chart.
 For step No. 1, I.F. Alignment, connect the test oscillator leads to the mixer grid and ground in series with a .01 Mfd. capacitor (dummy load). Upon completion of this step, "Rock" the variable condenser to assure that the I.F.s have not been aligned to the image frequency.
 Steps 2 to 4 employ a standard test loop.* Connect the test oscillator leads across this loop and place it in a vertical position about two feet from the receiver loop.

*NOTE: Hazeltine Test Loop #1150.

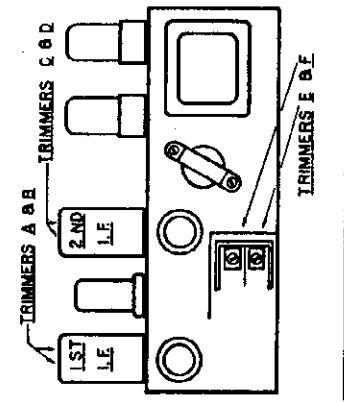


FIG. 2—TRIMMER LOCATION

MODEL 563

PACKARD BELL CO.

D.C. RESISTANCE MEASUREMENTS

1st I.F. Coil and 2nd I.F. Coil*
 Primary . . . 14.5 ohms
 Secondary . . . 14.5 ohms

Oscillator Coil
 Start to Finish . . . 8 ohms
 Start to Tap . . . 7 ohms

*To obtain the true reading of the secondary of the 2nd I.F. coil, the coil must be removed from the can. This is true because of a 56,000 ohm resistor in series with the AVC lead.

TABLE OF REPLACEABLE PARTS

PART NO.	REF. SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION	PART NO.	REF. SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
21035A		Cabinet, wood: fabricoid covered	73075	R4	Resistor, carbon: 4700 ohms, 10%, 1 watt
23508B	C1-1	Capacitor, variable: two gang with pulley	25011	R5 & S1	Control, volume: 500K with AC switch
	C1-2		73057	R6-1	Resistor, carbon: 4.7 megohm, 20%, 1/2 watt
23225	C2	Capacitor, mica: 47 Mmf.		R6-2	
23009	C3-1	Capacitor, paper: .05 Mfd. .600 volt	73049	R7	Resistor, carbon: 220K, 20%, 1/2 watt
	C3-2		73051	R8	Resistor, carbon: 470K, 20%, 1/2 watt
23229	C4	Capacitor, mica: 470 Mmf.	73071	R9	Resistor, carbon: 1000 ohms, 10%, 1 watt
23004	C5-1	Capacitor, paper: .005 Mfd. .500 volt	73077	R10	Resistor, carbon: 180 ohms, 10%, 1 watt
	C5-2		79002		Socket, tube: wafer type, octal
23001	C6	Capacitor, paper: 001 Mfd. .600 volt	79005		Socket, phono pick-up
23007	C7	Capacitor, paper: .01 Mfd. .600 volt	79007		Socket, phono motor plug
24011	C8	Capacitor, electrolytic: 40 Mfd. .350 WV	79010B		Socket, dial lamp: bayonet base
24012	C9	Capacitor, electrolytic: 20 Mfd. .350 WV	84001A		Spring, dial cord
29309A	L1	Loop, antenna	86005B	S2	Switch, rotary: wafer type, phono-radio
29202A	L2	Coil, oscillator	86701	S3	Switch, phono motor
29004D	L3	Coil, 1st I.F. .455 KC	89401B	T1	Transformer, output
29007	L4	Coil, 2nd I.F. .455 KC (2- 100 Mmf. mica capacitors & 56,000 ohm resistor are included in this assembly)	89001	T2	Transformer, power
32003B		Cord, AC	52014		Knob, plastic: round, for vol. control & dial tuning
40002		Cord, dial drive	52001A		Knob, plastic: bar, for phono-radio switch
38023A		Dial, scale	53037		Insulator, motor switch
54001		Lamp, dial: 250 MA, bayonet base	49006		Handle, plastic
65007B		Plate, dial	83202		Speaker, permanent magnet: 5"
67004		Pointer, slide	59003		Needle, phono: permanent
67007		Pointer, wire	58012		Motor, phono: with 9" turntable
69003		Pulley, dial drive	84024		Bushing, phono motor: for 50 cycle operation
77003		Shaft, dial	63001		Phono pick-up
73041	R1	Resistor, carbon: 22K, 10%, 1/2 watt	63012		Crystal cartridge, Shure P-93
73009	R2	Resistor, carbon: 47 ohms, 10%, 1/2 watt	66004		Plug, phono pick-up
73053	R3	Resistor, carbon: 1 megohm, 20%, 1/2 watt	28006		Clamp, turntable holding

STAGE GAIN MEASUREMENTS

Measurements taken with volume control maximum, and switch in RADIO position. AVC shorted out.
 Standard Output . . . 50 milliwatts
 Dummy Antenna . . . 200 Mmf.
 Antenna to Converter Grid . . . 4.65 X at 1000 KC
 Converter Grid to 1st I.F. Grid . . . 79 X at 1000 KC
 Converter Grid to 1st I.F. Grid . . . 95 X at 455 KC
 1st I.F. Grid to 2nd Detector . . . 62.3 X at 455 KC
 Overall Audio Gain . . . 700 X at .5 watts 400 cycles

OSCILLATOR GRID VOLTAGES

Measured at Oscillator grid to ground, no signal, with A.C. V.T.V.M. input loading above 10 megohms. 117 volts A.C. line voltage. Switch in RADIO position.

1750 KC . . . 19.8 volts AC
 1300 KC . . . 19.8 volts AC
 750 KC . . . 18.3 volts AC
 570 KC . . . 17.2 volts AC

Electrical Rating

Line Voltage . . . 110-120 volt 50-60 cycle A.C.
 Power Consumption . . . 48 watts

Tuning Frequency Range

540 to 1750 KC

Intermediate Frequency

455 KC

Electrical Power Output

Maximum . . . 2.3 watts

Loudspeaker

Type . . . Permanent Magnet
 Outside Cone Diameter . . . 5"
 Voice Coil Impedance . . . 3.2 ohms at 400 cycles
 Magnet Rating . . . 2.5 oz. Alnico #5

Tubes

6SA7 . . . Frequency Converter
 6SK7 . . . I.F. Amplifier
 6SQ7 . . . Detector Amplifier
 6K6-GT . . . Power Amplifier
 6X5-GT/G . . . Rectifier

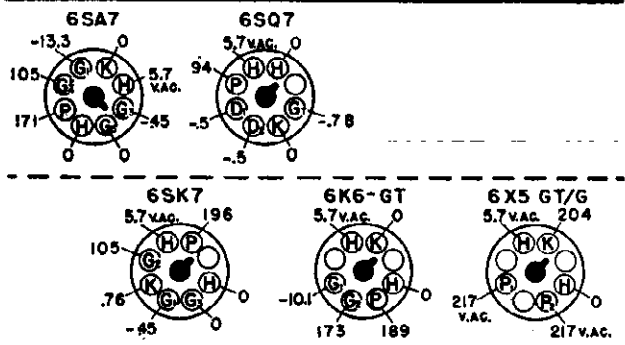


FIG. 1—SOCKET VOLTAGES

All D.C. voltages measured with a vacuum tube voltmeter from socket contacts to chassis. A.C. voltages measured with a 1000 ohms per volt A.C. meter from socket contacts to chassis.

Volume control . . . maximum — No signal

117 volts A.C. line voltage

Switch in radio position

All voltages shown are positive D.C. unless otherwise noted.

PACKARD BELL CO.

1st I.F. Coil

primary . . . 14.5 ohms
secondary . . . 14.5 ohms

2nd I.F. Coil

primary . . . 14.5 ohms
secondary . . . 14.5 ohms

Oscillator Coil

start to finish . . . 8 ohms
start to tap . . . 7 ohms

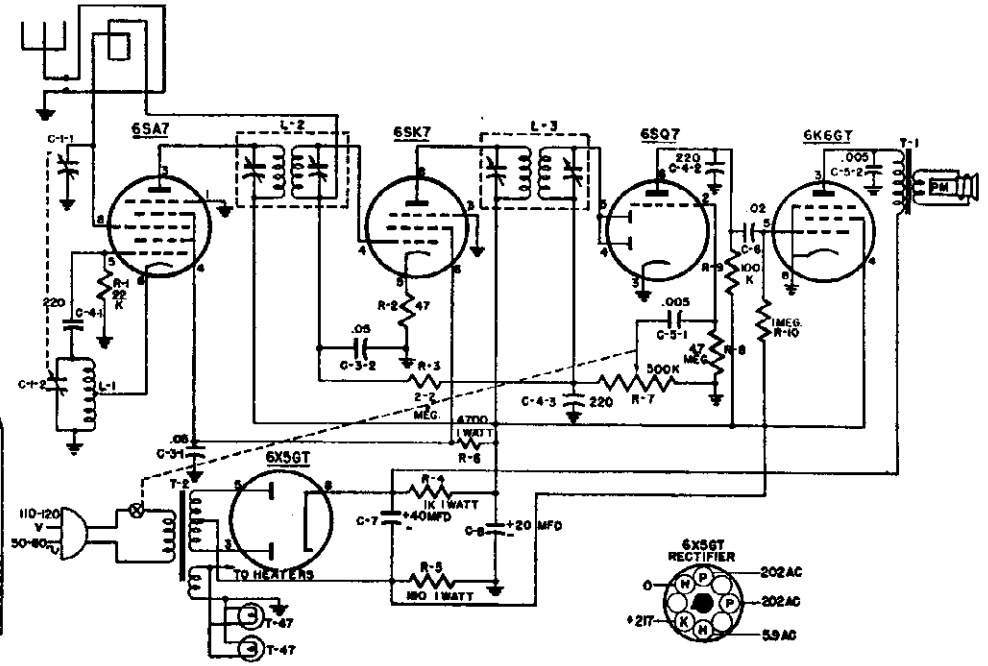
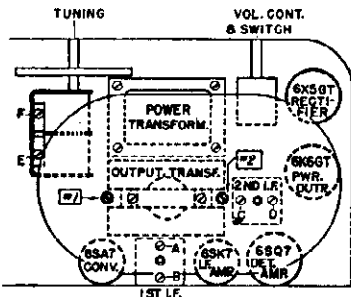


Fig. 1 — Trimmer Location

Alignment Procedure consists of the four steps outlined in the Alignment Procedure Chart.

Connect the test oscillator leads to the mixer grid and ground in series with a .01 Mfd. capacitor (dummy load) for step No. 1, I.F. Alignment. The receiver loop must be shifted in order to reach trimmers A, B, C, and D (see Fig. 1). Return the loop to its original position before proceeding with the balance of the alignment.

Upon completion of the I.F. Alignment, the variable condenser should be "Rocked" to assure that the I.F.s have not been aligned to the image frequency.

The procedure outlined in steps 2 to 4 utilizes a standard test loop*. Connect the test oscillator leads across this loop and place it in a vertical position about two feet from the receiver loop.

*NOTE: Hazeltine Test Loop No. 1150.

ALIGNMENT CHART

STEP	CONNECT TEST OSC. TO	TEST OSC. SETTING	POINTER SETTING	ADJUST FOR MAXIMUM OUTPUT
1	Mixer grid & Grd. .01 Mfd. Dummy Load	455 KC	550 KC	Trimmers A, B, C & D
2	Standard Test Loop*	1740 KC	1740 KC	Trimmer F to 1750 KC
3	Standard Test Loop*	1500 KC	1500 KC	Trimmer E
4	Standard Test Loop*	600 KC	600 KC	Loop

*REMARKS: Hazeltine Test Loop No. 1150.

All D.C. voltages measured with a vacuum tube voltmeter from socket contacts to chassis. A.C. voltages measured with a 1000 ohm per volt A.C. meter from socket contacts to chassis. Volume control fully advanced. No signal, 117 A.C. line voltage. All voltages shown are positive D.C. unless otherwise noted.

OSCILLATOR GRID VOLTAGES

At 117 volt A.C. line voltage.

- 1750 KC . . . 20.0 volts A.C.*
- 1330 KC . . . 19.0 volts A.C.*
- 750 KC . . . 17.5 volts A.C.*
- 550 KC . . . 17.0 volts A.C.*

*Measurements made with A.C. — V.T.V.M., input loading above 10 megohms.

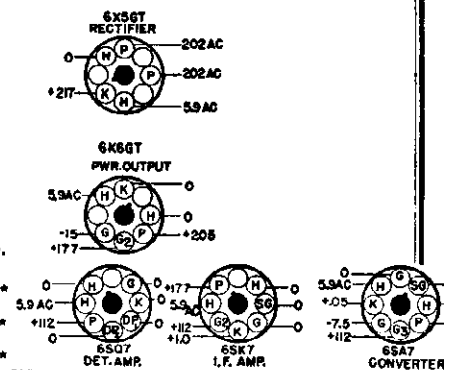


Fig. 2 — Socket Voltages

Electrical Rating

Line Voltage . . . 110-120 volts, 50-60 cycle A.C.
Power Consumption . . . 33 watts

Tuning Frequency Range

540 to 1740 kc

Intermediate Frequency

455 kc

Electrical Power Output

Maximum . . . 2.8 watts

Loudspeaker

Type . . . Permanent Magnet
Outside Cone Diameter . . . 5"
Voice Coil Impedance . . . 3.2 ohms at 400 cycles
Magnet Rating . . . 1.0 oz. Alnico No. 5

STAGE GAIN MEASUREMENTS

Dummy Antenna . . . 200 mmf Standard Output . . . 50 mw

Volume Control . . . Maximum

Converter grid to 1st I.F. grid . . . 63 X at 1000 KC

Converter grid to 1st I.F. grid . . . 72 X at 455 KC

1st I.F. grid to 2nd detector . . . 75 X at 455 KC

Overall audio gain . . . 356 X at .5 watts 400 cycles

MODEL 566
MODEL 661

PACKARD BELL CO.

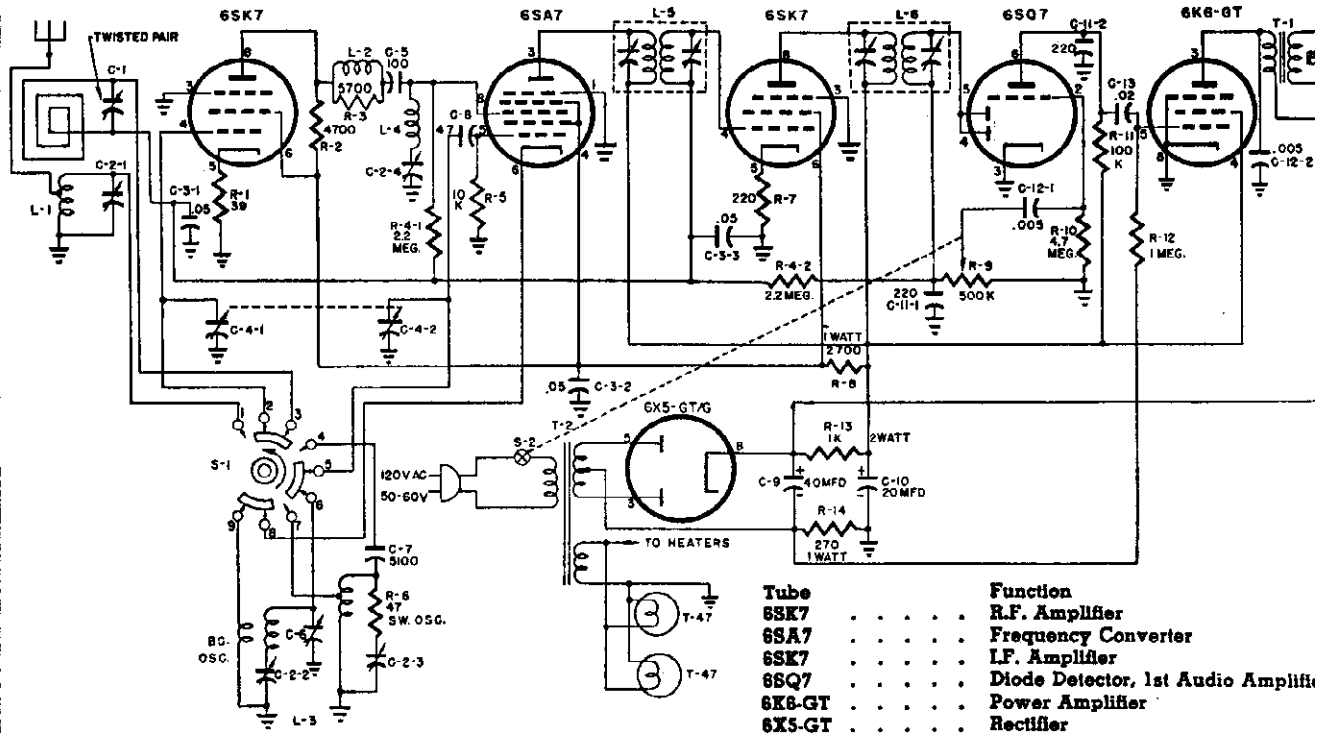
MODEL 661

PART NO.	REF. SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION	PART NO.	REF. SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
19010		Bushing, drive shaft	73055	R1-1	Resistor, carbon: 2.2 megohms, 20%, 1/2 watt
21009F		Cabinet		R1-2	
23400A	C1-1	Capacitor, trimmer: 3-30 Mmf.	73008	R2-1	Resistor, carbon: 39 ohms, 10%, 1/2 watt
23406	C1-2	Capacitor, trimmer: 3-30 Mmf.		R2-2	
23500C	C1-3	Capacitor, trimmer: 3-30 Mmf.	73041	R3	Resistor, carbon: 22,000 ohms, 10%, 1/2 watt
23225	C2-A, B & C	Capacitor, variable: three gang			
	C3-1	Capacitor, mica: 47 Mmf.	73020	R4	Resistor, carbon: 390 ohms, 10%, 1/2 watt
	C3-2				
23009	C4-1	Capacitor, paper: .05 Mfd. 400 volt	73053	R5	Resistor, carbon: 1 megohm, 20%, 1/2 watt
	C4-2				
	C4-3		25003B	R6 & S1	Control volume: 500,000 ohms, with A.C. switch
23402	C5	Capacitor, padder: 300-800 Mmf.	73057	R7	Resistor, carbon: 4.7 megohms, 20%, 1/2 watt
23004	C6-1	Capacitor, paper: .005 Mfd. 600 volt	73049	R8-1	Resistor, carbon: 230,000 ohms, 20%, 1/2 watt
	C6-2			R8-2	
23022	C7	Capacitor, paper: .01 Mfd. 400 volt	73051	R9	Resistor, carbon: 470,000 ohms, 20%, 1/2 watt
23007	C8	Capacitor, paper: .02 Mfd. 600 volt			
24001	C9	Capacitor, electrolytic: 20 Mfd. 450 volt	25005A	R10	Control, tone: 3 megohms
24003	C10	Capacitor, electrolytic: 20 Mfd., 350 volt	73021	R11	Resistor, carbon: 470 ohms, 10%, 1/2 watt
23228	C11-1	Capacitor, mica: 220 Mmf.	73125	R12	Resistor, carbon: 10,000 ohms, 10%, 2 watt
	C11-2		73214	R13	Resistor, carbon: 2,000 ohms, 10%, 1 watt
	C11-3				
	C11-4		73081	R14	Resistor, carbon: 150 ohms, 10%, 1 watt
	C12				
29305	L1	Capacitor, mica: 470 Mmf.	77002		Shaft, dial
29403	L2	Coil, loop antenna	79002		Socket, tube: 8 prong octal, wafer type
29102A	L3	Coil, antenna	79005		Socket, phone pick-up
29205	L4	Coil, R.F.	79007		Socket, A.C. phono motor
	L4	Coil, oscillator			
29004D	L5	Coil, 1st I.F.: 455 KC	79010B		Socket, dial lamp: bayonet base
29001D	L6	Coil, 2nd I.F.: 455 KC	83303A		Speaker, permanent magnet: 6 1/2"
32004A		Cord, A.C.: 6'	84001B		Spring, dial cord
38024		Dial scale	84002A		Spring, knob
40002		Dial drive cord	86008	S2	Switch, rotary: wafer type, Phono-Radio
52025		Knob, plastic			
54001		Lamp, dial: bayonet base, T-44	89409C	T1	Transformer, output
58008		Record changer	89010A	T2	Transformer, power
59003		Needle, phono: permanent			
62020A		Panel, dial			
66004		Plug, phono pick-up			
66008		Plug, phono motor			
67002		Pointer, slide			
67009		Pointer, wire			
69003A		Dial drive pulley			

MODEL 566

PART NO.	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
A21003D		Cabinet, wood: walnut
B21003D		Cabinet, wood: bleach
A49404E		Handle, plastic: walnut
B49404E		Handle, plastic: ivory
C52008D		Knob, plastic: walnut
A52008D		Knob, plastic: ivory
A47001E		Grille, plastic: walnut
B47001E		Grille, plastic: ivory
A55004		Crystal, dial
29313		Coil, loop antenna
29309		(Alternate for above)
38037		Dial scale, stationalized
54002		Lamp, bayonet base: T-44
67004		Pointer, slide
67006		Pointer, wire
79009A		Socket, lamp
79002		Socket, tube
83303		Speaker, permanent magnet: 6"
23502H		Capacitor, variable: two gang
23009	C1-1	Capacitor, paper: .05 Mfd. 400 volt
23206	C1-2	Capacitor, mica: 220 Mmf.
	C4-1	
	C4-2	
	C4-3	
23004	C5-1	Capacitor, paper: .005 Mfd. 600 volt
	C5-2	
23007	C6	Capacitor, paper: .02 Mfd. 600 volt
24004B	C7	Capacitor, electrolytic: 40 Mfd. 350 WV
24003	C8	Capacitor, electrolytic: 20 Mfd. 350 WV
23016	C9	Capacitor, paper: .003 Mfd. 600 volt
29202	L1	Coil, oscillator
29004A	L2	Coil, 1st I.F.: 455 KC
29001A	L3	Coil, 2nd I.F.: 455 KC
73041	R1	Resistor, carbon: 22,000 ohm \pm 10%, 1/2 watt
73009	R2	Resistor, carbon: 47 ohm \pm 10%, 1/2 watt
73055	R3	Resistor, carbon: 2.2 megohm \pm 20%, 1/2 watt
73071	R4	Resistor, carbon: 1000 ohm \pm 10%, 1 watt
73077	R5	Resistor, carbon: 180 ohm \pm 10%, 1 watt
73075	R6	Resistor, carbon: 4700 ohm \pm 10%, 1 watt
25003A	R7 & S1	Control, volume: 500,000 ohms, with A.C. switch
73057	R8	Resistor, carbon: 4.7 megohm \pm 20%, 1/2 watt
73047	R9	Resistor, carbon: 100,000 ohm \pm 20%, 1/2 watt
73053	R10	Resistor, carbon: 1 megohm \pm 20%, 1/2 watt
89401B	T1	Transformer, output
89001A	T2	Transformer, power

PACKARD BELL CO.



***STAGE GAIN MEASUREMENTS**

Dummy Antenna ... 200 mmf
Standard Output ... 50 mw
Volume Control ... maximum

Antenna to R.F. grid ... 8X at 1000 KC
R.F. grid to converter grid ... 4X at 1000 KC
Converter grid to 1st I.F. grid ... 45X at 455 KC
1st I.F. grid to 2nd detector ... 70X at 455 KC
Overall audio gain ... 600X at .5 watts 400 cps

***NOTE:** Measurements made with A.C. V.T.V.M. AVC shorted out.

OSCILLATOR GRID VOLTAGES

117 AC line voltage
1740 KC ... 2.5 volts AC*
1200 KC ... 2.6 volts AC*
750 KC ... 2.8 volts AC*
540 KC ... 2.7 volts AC*

***NOTE:** Measurements made with A.C. V.T.V.M. Input loading above 10 megohms.

D.C. RESISTANCE MEASUREMENTS

1st I.F. Coil
primary ... 14.5 ohms
secondary ... 14.5 ohms

2nd I.F. Coil
primary ... 14.5 ohms
secondary ... 15 ohms

Oscillator Coil: (Short Wave and Standard Broadcast wound on same form.)

Short Wave:
Start to finish ... 2 ohms
Start to tap ... 1 ohm

Broadcast:
Primary ... 2 ohms
Secondary ... 9 ohms

ELECTRICAL RATING

Line Voltage ... 110-120 volt 50-60 cycle AC
Power Consumption ... 30 watts

TUNING FREQUENCY RANGE

Standard Broadcast ... 540 to 1740 KC
Short Wave ... 5.7 to 18.2 MC

INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY
455 KC

ELECTRICAL POWER OUTPUT
Maximum ... 2.5 watts

LOUDSPEAKER

Type ... Permanent Magnet
Outside Cone Diameter ... 5"
Voice Coil Impedance ... 3.2 ohms at 400 cycles
Magnet Rating ... 1 Oz. Alnico 5

All voltages measured from socket contacts to chassis. D. voltages measured with a vacuum tube voltmeter. A.C. voltages measured with a 1000 ohms per volt A.C. meter.

Volume control maximum.

No signal.

117 volts A.C. line voltage.

All voltages shown are positive D.C. unless otherwise note

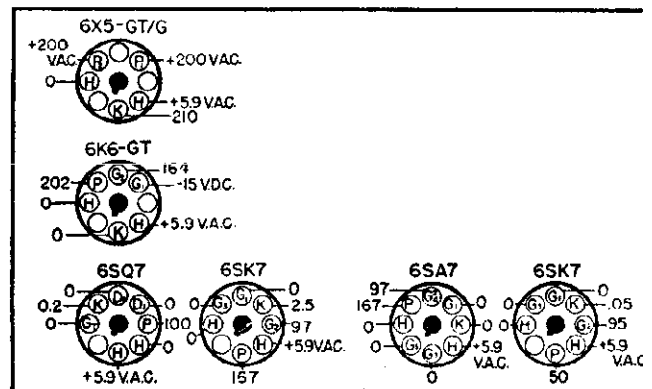
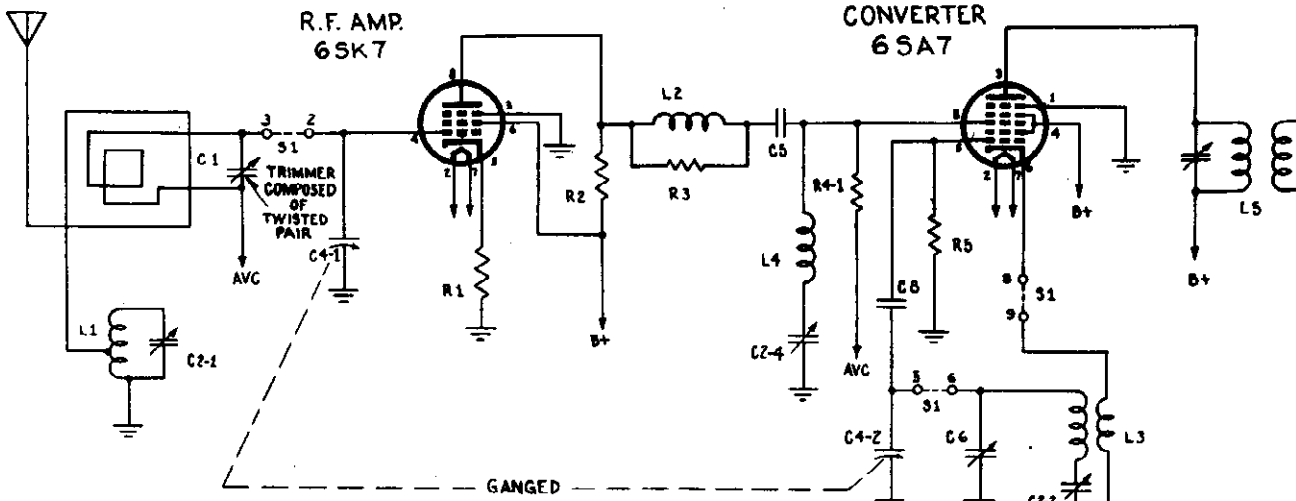
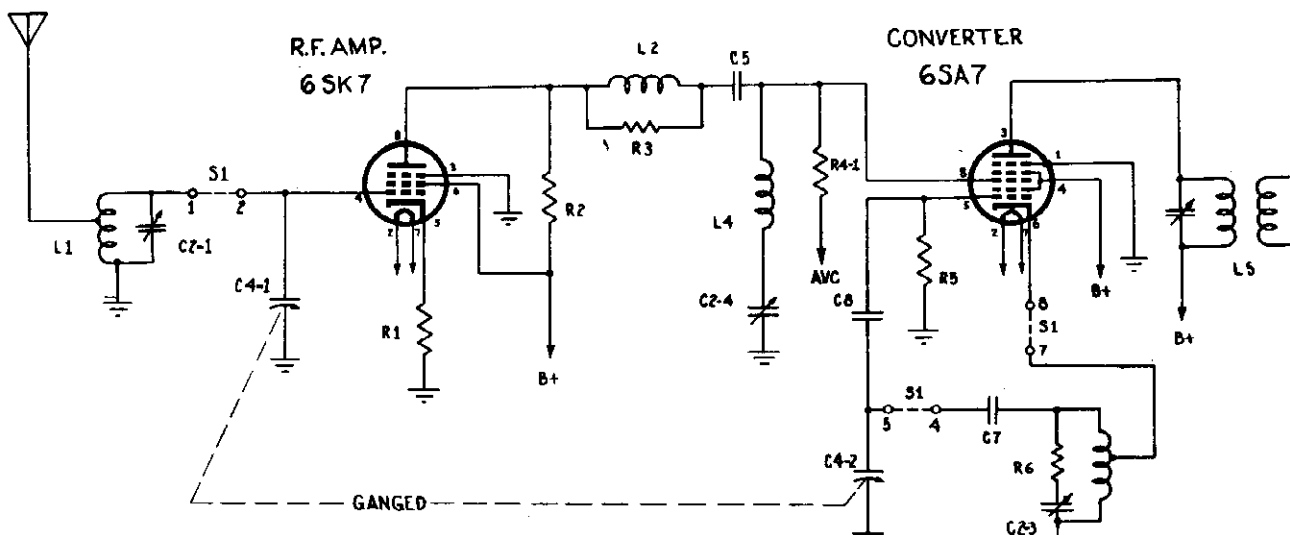


FIG. 2 — VOLTAGE CHART

PACKARD BELL CO.



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN AT 1ST POSITION. BROADCAST BAND 540 TO 1740KC



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN AT 2ND POSITION COUNTERCLOCKWISE SHORT WAVE BAND 5.7 TO 18.2 Mc.

PACKARD BELL CO.

PART NO. SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
73037	Resistor, carbon: 10,000 ohms 10%, 1/2 watt
73038	Resistor, carbon: 47 ohms 10%, 1/2 watt
73041	Resistor, carbon: 22,000 ohms 10%, 1/2 watt
73078	Resistor, carbon: 2700 ohms 10%, 1 watt
25002A	Control, volume: 500K, with AC switch
73057	Resistor, carbon: 4.7 megohm 20%, 1/2 watt
73047	Resistor, carbon: 100,000 ohms 20%, 1/2 watt
73053	Resistor, carbon: 1 megohm 20%, 1/2 watt
73126	Resistor, carbon: 1000 ohms 10%, 2 watt
73074	Resistor, carbon: 270 ohms 10%, 1 watt
83022C	Switch, band: wiper type
83401B	Transformer, output
83001A	Transformer, power
11001A	Arm, switch extension: for short wave switch
11002	Arm, switch extension: for short wave switch
13001C	Bushing, short wave switch
A31003D	Cabinet, walnut wood
B11003D	Cabinet, bleached wood
32004A	Cord, AC
32013	Cord, AC (alternate for 32004A)
34002D	Cover, volume control
36025A	Dial scale, standardized
36007	Dial scale, export
46002	Dial cord
A47001E	Grille, plastic: walnut
B47001E	Grille, plastic: ivory
A48404E	Handle, plastic: walnut
B48404E	Handle, plastic: bleach
C53008D	Knob, plastic: walnut
A52008D	Knob, plastic: bleach
54062	Lamp, dial: bayonet base, 150 MA
23802C	Loop, antenna
A55004	Crystal, dial
67004	Slide, pointer
67008	Pointer, wire
83003A	Pulley, idler
78006	Shield, tube
78002	Socket, tube: wiper type, octal
78008B	Socket, knaps: bayonet base
83001	Speaker, permanent magnet, 5"
84001B	Spring, dial

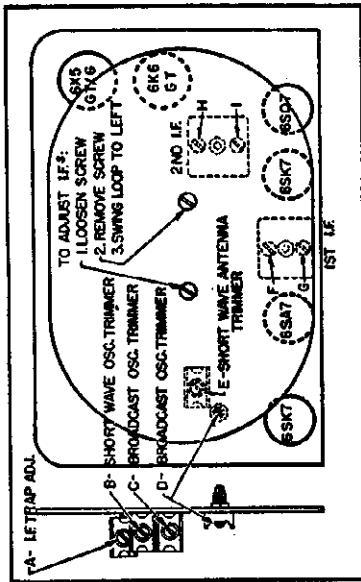


FIG. 1 - TRIMMER LOCATIONS

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE
 The alignment procedure consists of the eight steps outlined in the alignment procedure chart.

Connect the test oscillator leads to the mixer grid and ground in series with a .01 mfd. capacitor (dummy load) for steps 1 and 2, I.F. alignment. The receiver loop must be shifted in order to reach trimmers A, B, C, and D (see Fig. No. 1). Return the loop to its original position before proceeding with the balance of the alignment.

Upon completion of the I.F. alignment the variable condenser should be "Rocked" to assure that the I.F.s have not been aligned to the image frequency.

The procedure outlined in steps 3 to 5 utilizes a standard test loop. Connect the test oscillator leads across this loop and place it about two feet from the receiver loop in a vertical position.

Steps 6 and 7 cover the short wave alignment. Connect the test oscillator leads to the short wave antenna and ground in series with a 400 ohm resistor.

STEP	CONNECT TEST OSC. TO	TEST OSC. SETTING	POINTER SETTING	ALIGNMENT CHART	
				ADJUST FOR MAXIMUM OUTPUT	
1	Mixer grid & Grd. .01 Mfd. Dummy Load	455 KC	550 KC	Trimmers No. F, G, H & I	
2	Mixer grid & Grd. .01 Mfd. Dummy Load	455 KC	550 KC	Trimmer No. A Minimum Output	
3	Standard Test Loop*	1750 KC	1750 KC	Trimmer No. C to 1750 KC	
4	Standard Test Loop*	800 KC	800 KC	Trimmer No. D to 800 KC	
5	Standard Test Loop*	Repeat Steps 3 and 4			
6	S.W. Antenna thru 400 ohms	18.2 MC	18.2 MC	Trimmer No. B to 18.2 MC	
7	S.W. Antenna thru 400 ohms	15.0 MC	15.0 MC	Trimmer No. E	

* REMARKS: Hareline Test Loop No. 1150.

PART NO. SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
23483A	C2-1 Capacitor, trimmer: 3 to 50 Mfd.
C2-2	
C2-3	
C2-4	
33009	C3-1 Capacitor, paper: .05 Mfd. 600 volt
C3-2	
C3-3	
23504D	C4-1 Capacitor, variable: two gmsy
C4-2	
23510	C4-1 Capacitor, variable: two gmsy (alternate for 23504D)
23227	C4-2 Capacitor, mica: 100 Mfd.
23230	C7 Capacitor, mica: 5100 Mfd.
23404A	C8 Capacitor, paper: 300 to 850 Mfd.
23225	C8 Capacitor, mica: 47 Mfd.
24004B	C9 Capacitor, electrolytic: 40 Mfd. 350 WV
24003	C10 Capacitor, electrolytic: 20 Mfd. 350 WV
23206	C11-1 Capacitor, mica: 220 Mfd.
C11-2	
23004	C12-1 Capacitor, paper: .005 Mfd. 800 volt
C12-2	
23007	C13 Capacitor, paper: .02 Mfd. 800 volt
23422	L1 Coil, antenna: short wave
23006	L2 & R3 Coil, peaking
23204A	L3 Coil, oscillator: BC & BW
23006	L4 Coil, I.F. trap
23004D	L5 Coil int. I.F.: 455 KC
23001D	L6 Coil 2nd I.F.: 455 KC
73008	R1 Resistor, carbon: 39 ohms 10%, 1/2 watt
73038	R2 Resistor, carbon: 4700 ohms 10%, 1/2 watt
73055	R4-1 Resistor, carbon: 2.2 megohm 20%, 1/2 watt
R4-2	

MODEL 661

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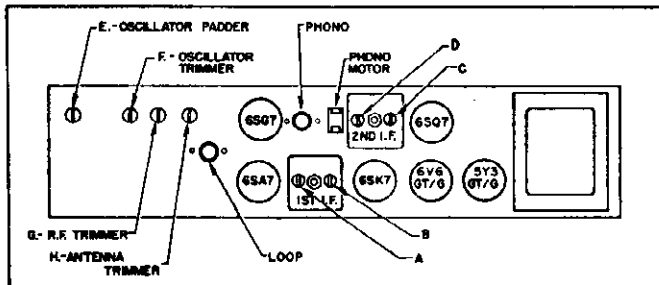
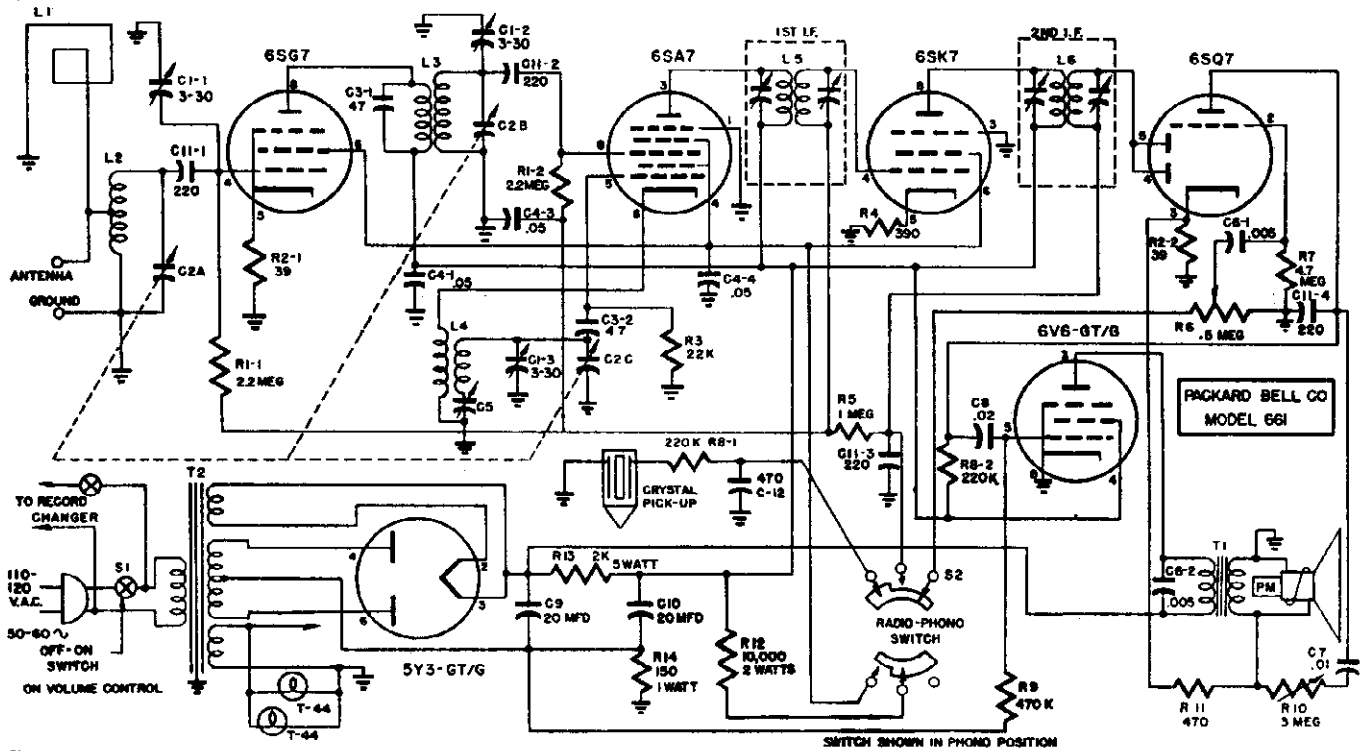


FIG. 2 TRIMMER LOCATION

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

Alignment procedure consists of the 5 steps outlined in the Alignment Procedure Chart.

Connect the test oscillator leads to the mixer grid and ground in series with an .01 Mfd. capacitor (dummy load) for step No. 1. I.F. Alignment. Upon completing this step "Rock" the variable condenser to assure that the I.F.s have not been aligned to the image frequency.

Use the Hazeltine Standard Test Loop No. 1150, or a reasonable substitute, for the balance of the alignment. Place the test loop about two feet from the receiver-loop in a vertical position.

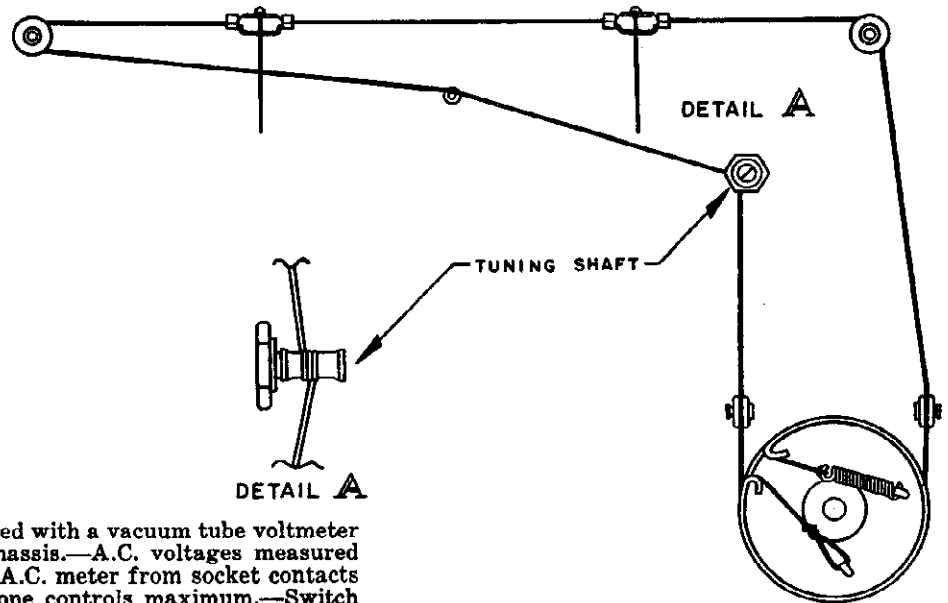
It will be noted that all alignment trimmers are accessible without removing the chassis from the cabinet. (See Fig. 2, Trimmer location.)

ALIGNMENT CHART

CONNECT TEST STEP	OSC. TO	TEST OSC. SETTING	POINTER SETTING	ADJUSTMENT FOR MAX. OUTPUT
1	Mixer Grid & Grd. .01 Mfd. Capacitor	455 KC	540 KC	Trimmers A, B, C & D
2	Standard* Test Loop	1740 KC	1740 KC	Trimmer F to 1740 KC
3	Standard* Test Loop	600 KC	600 KC	Trimmer E to 600 KC
4	Standard* Test Loop	1500 KC	1500 KC	Trimmers G & H
5	REPEAT	STEPS	2, 3 & 4	

*NOTE: Hazeltine Test Loop No. 1150

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All D.C. voltages measured with a vacuum tube voltmeter from socket contacts to chassis.—A.C. voltages measured with a 1000 ohms per volt A.C. meter from socket contacts to chassis.—Volume and tone controls maximum.—Switch in Radio position.—No signal.—All voltages shown are positive D.C. unless otherwise noted.

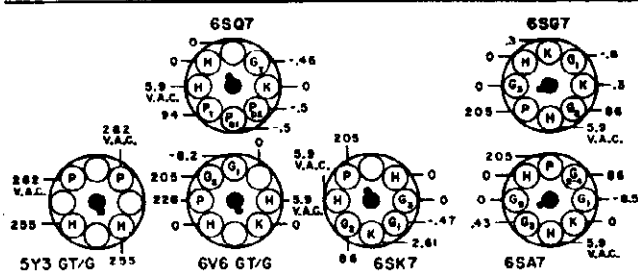


FIG. 1 SOCKET VOLTAGES

STAGE GAIN MEASUREMENTS:

Measurements taken with volume and tone controls maximum.

Switch in RADIO position.

AVC shorted out.

Standard Output . . . 50 milliwatts

Dummy Antenna . . . 200 Mmf.

Antenna to R.F. Grid . . . 4X at 1000 KC

R.F. Grid to Converter Grid . . . 21X at 1000 KC

Converter Grid to 1st I.F. Grid . . . 32X at 1000 KC

1st I.F. Grid to 2nd Detector . . . 48X at 455 KC

Overall Audio Gain . . . 253X at .5 watts 400 cycles

OSCILLATOR CATHODE VOLTAGES:

Measured at 120 volts AC line voltage with AC vacuum tube voltmeter input loading above 10 megohms.

1500 KC . . . 2.75 volts AC

1000 KC . . . 2.5 volts AC

800 KC . . . 2.62 volts AC

600 KC . . . 2.9 volts AC

D.C. RESISTANCE MEASUREMENTS:

1st & 2nd I.F. Coils

Primary . . . 14.5 ohms

Secondary . . . 14.5 ohms

Oscillator Coil

Primary . . . 1 ohm

Secondary . . . 6 ohms

Antenna Coil

Start to Tap . . . 1.5 ohms

Start to Finish . . . 2 ohms

R.F. Coil

Primary . . . 58 ohms

Secondary . . . 4.2 ohms

NOTE: Due to the variation of winding methods, the D.C. resistance on all coils is subject to a 20% tolerance.

The permanent magnet speaker contained in this model is equipped with the ADJUST-A-CONE feature. This feature provides the radio service technician with a quick and simple means of centering an "Off Center" or "Dragging" voice coil.

Centering the voice coil is accomplished by simply adjusting the two screws on the spider support until the voice coil moves freely in the air gap. This adjustment is very critical, consequently the use of an audio oscillator is recommended. Set the audio oscillator at cone resonance, which should be approximately 120 cycles, when making this adjustment.

In most cases, a very slight turn of either adjustment screw will correct an "Off Center" voice coil.

In the first run of sets a 39 ohm resistor was used in the cathode circuit of the 6SG7. This resistor has been replaced by a 220 ohm resistor. This change was made to stabilize the R.F., thereby eliminating critical dressing of leads surrounding the 6SG7.

Electrical Rating:

Line Voltage . . . 110-120 volts, 50-60 cycle A.C.

Power Consumption . . . 68 watts

Tuning Frequency Range:

540 to 1740 KC

Intermediate Frequency:

455 KC

Electrical Output:

Maximum . . . 4 watts

Loudspeaker:

Type . . . Permanent Magnet

Outside Cone Diameter . . . 6 1/2"

Voice Coil Impedance . . . 3.5 ohms at 400 cycles

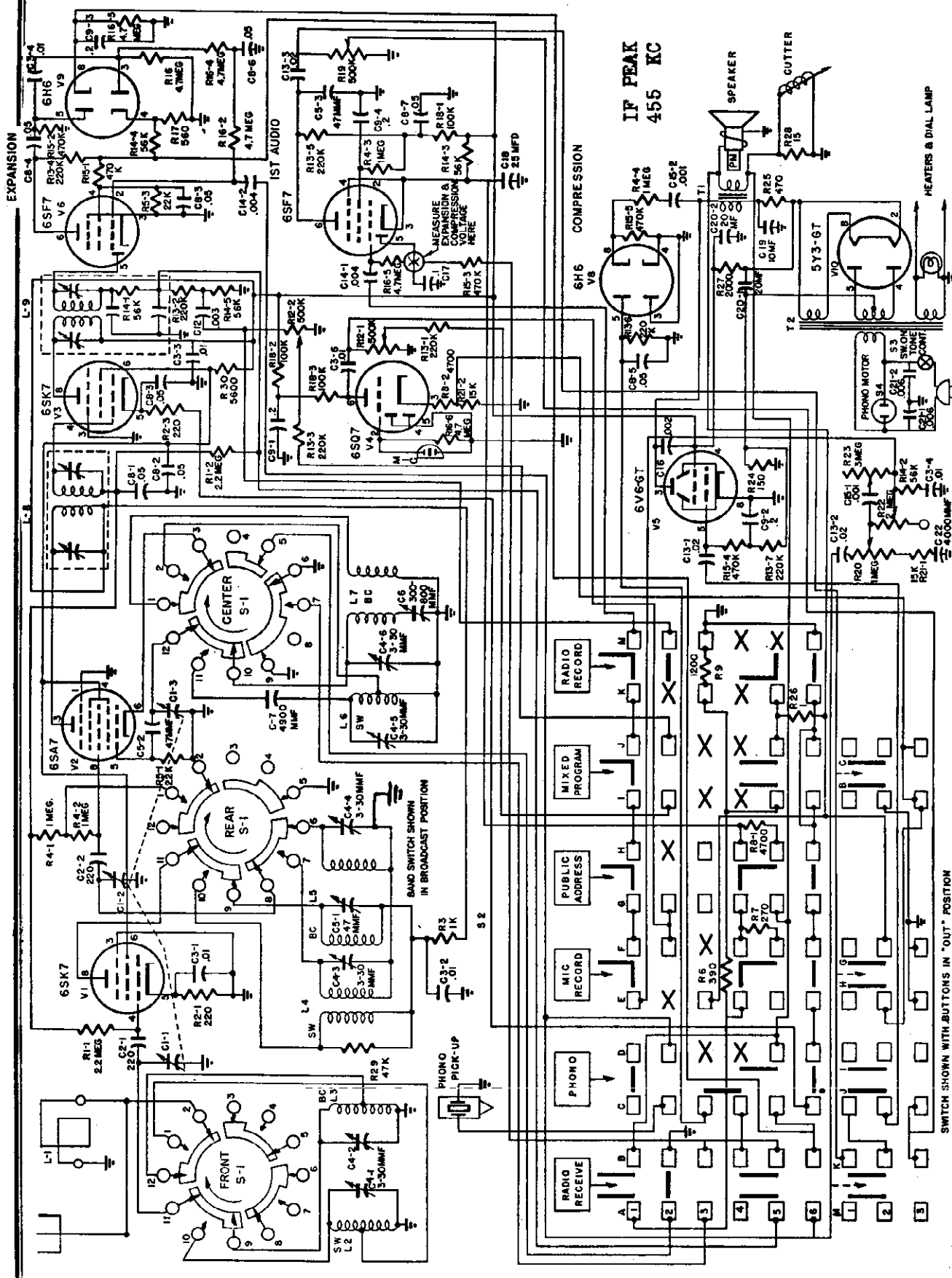
Magnet Rating . . . 2.15 Oz. Alnico 5

Tubes:

Tube	Function
6SG7	R.F. Amplifier
6SA7	Frequency Converter
6SK7	I.F. Amplifier
6SQ7	Detector Amplifier
6V6-GT/G	Power Amplifier
5Y3-GT/G	Rectifier

MODEL 1052

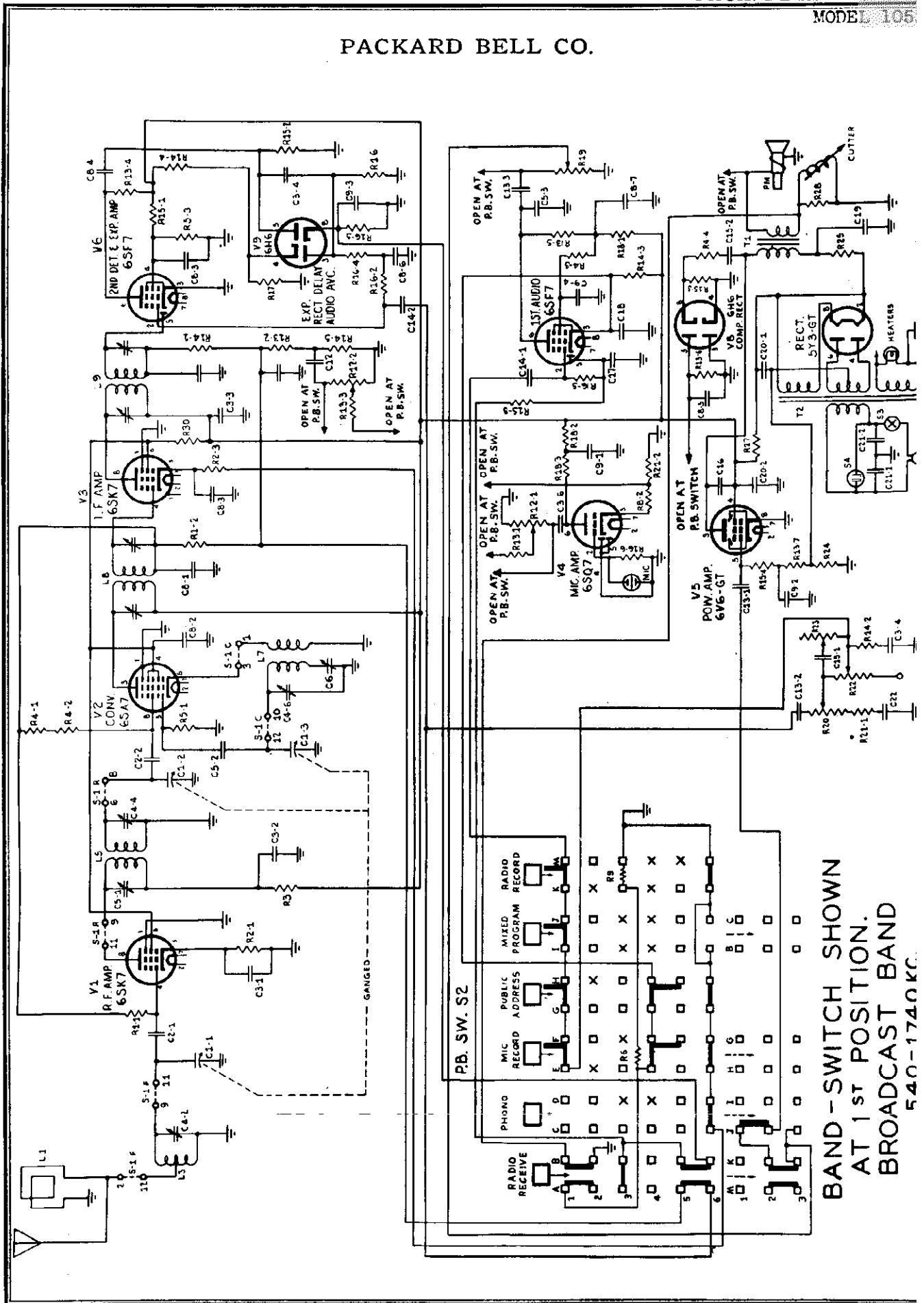
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Restorers 16-6 (4.7 Meg.), R8-2 (4700), and R21-2 (15K), shown on this diagram, are used when the American microphone (Packard-Bell part No. 57001B) is in use. When the Shure microphone (Packard-Bell part No. 57004) is used; R16-6 becomes a 1 Meg., R8-2 becomes a 2700 ohm and R21-2 becomes a 10,000 ohm

SWITCH SHOWN WITH BUTTONS IN "OUT" POSITION

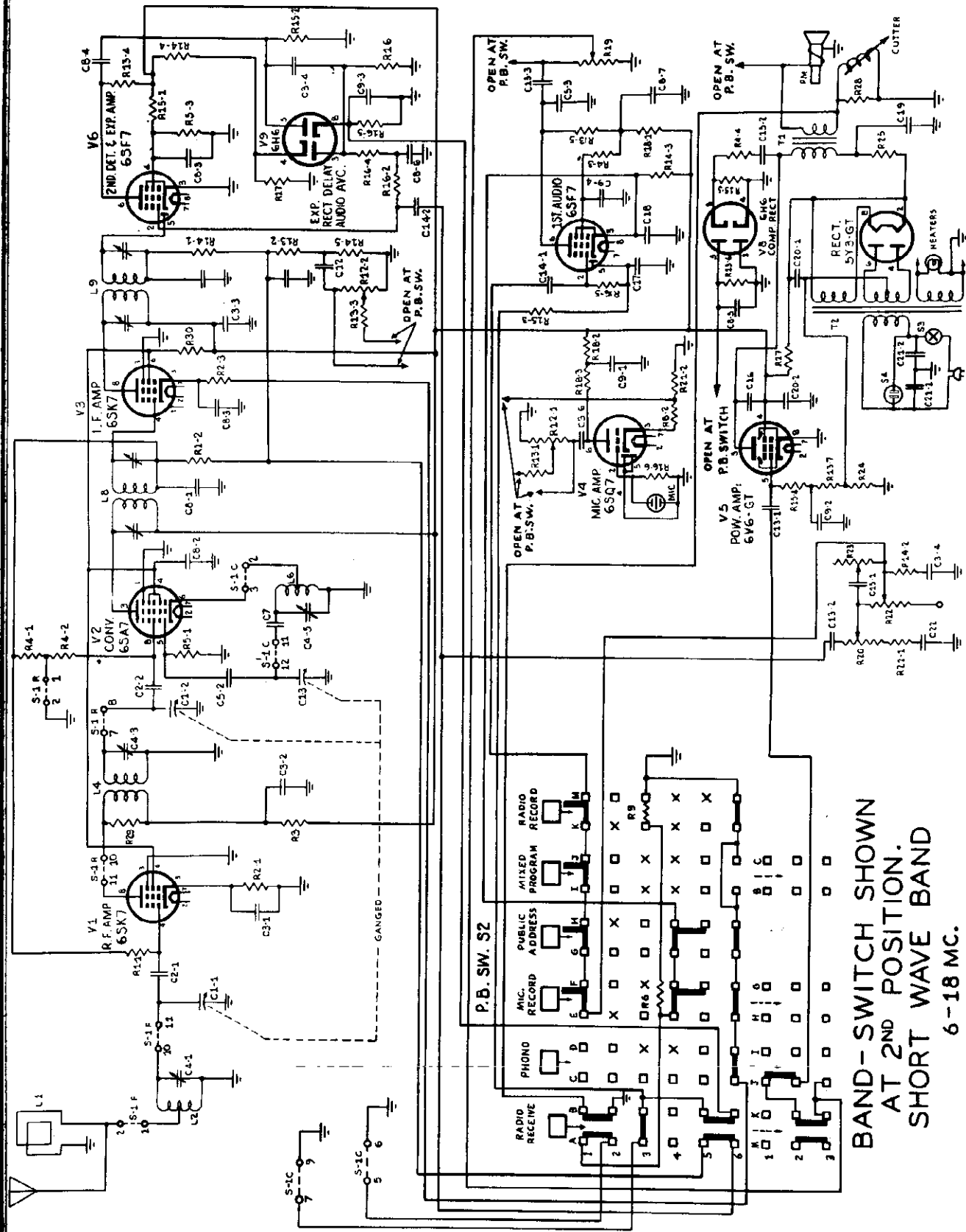
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**BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
AT 1ST POSITION.
BROADCAST BAND
540-1740 KC.**

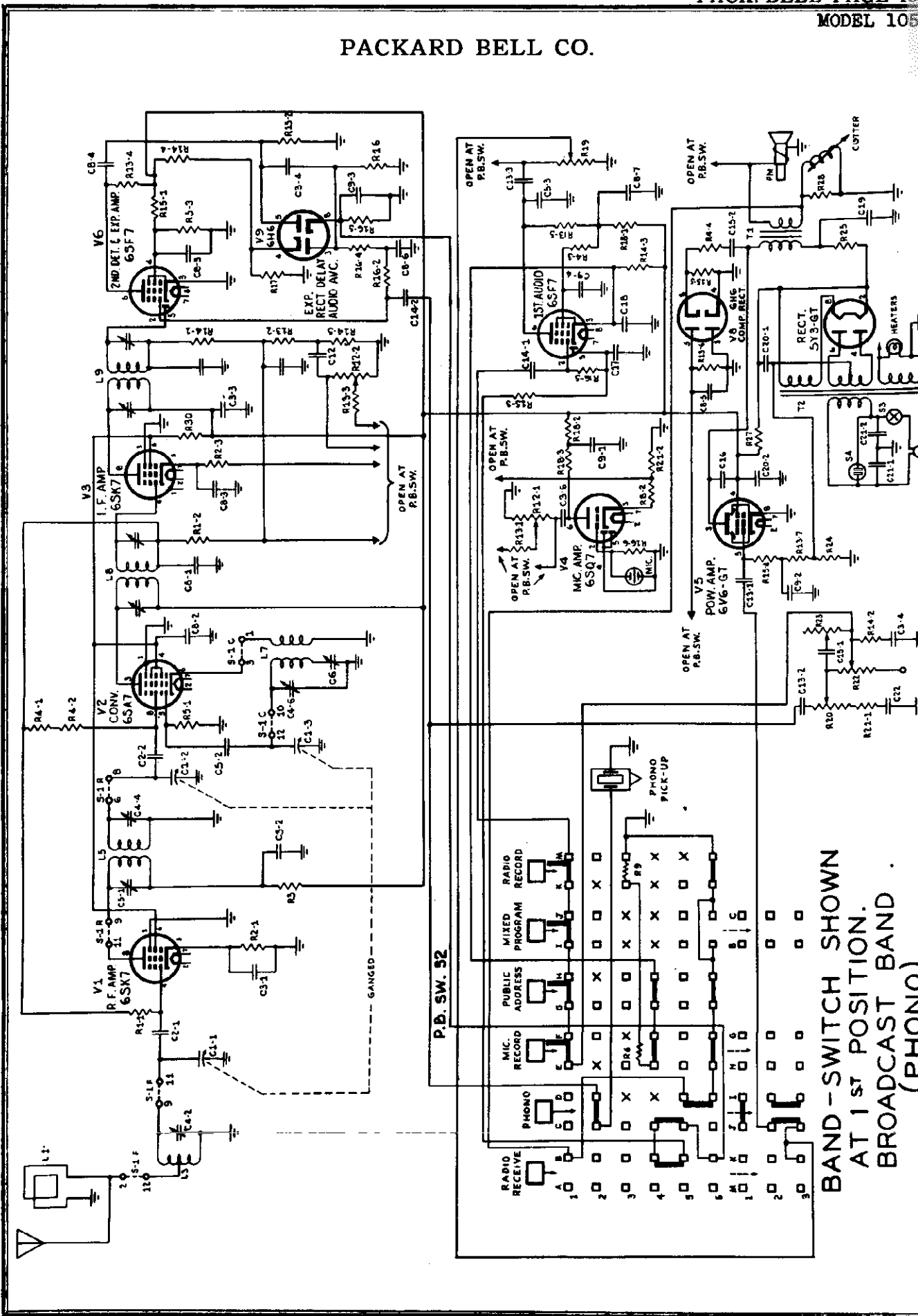
MODEL 1052

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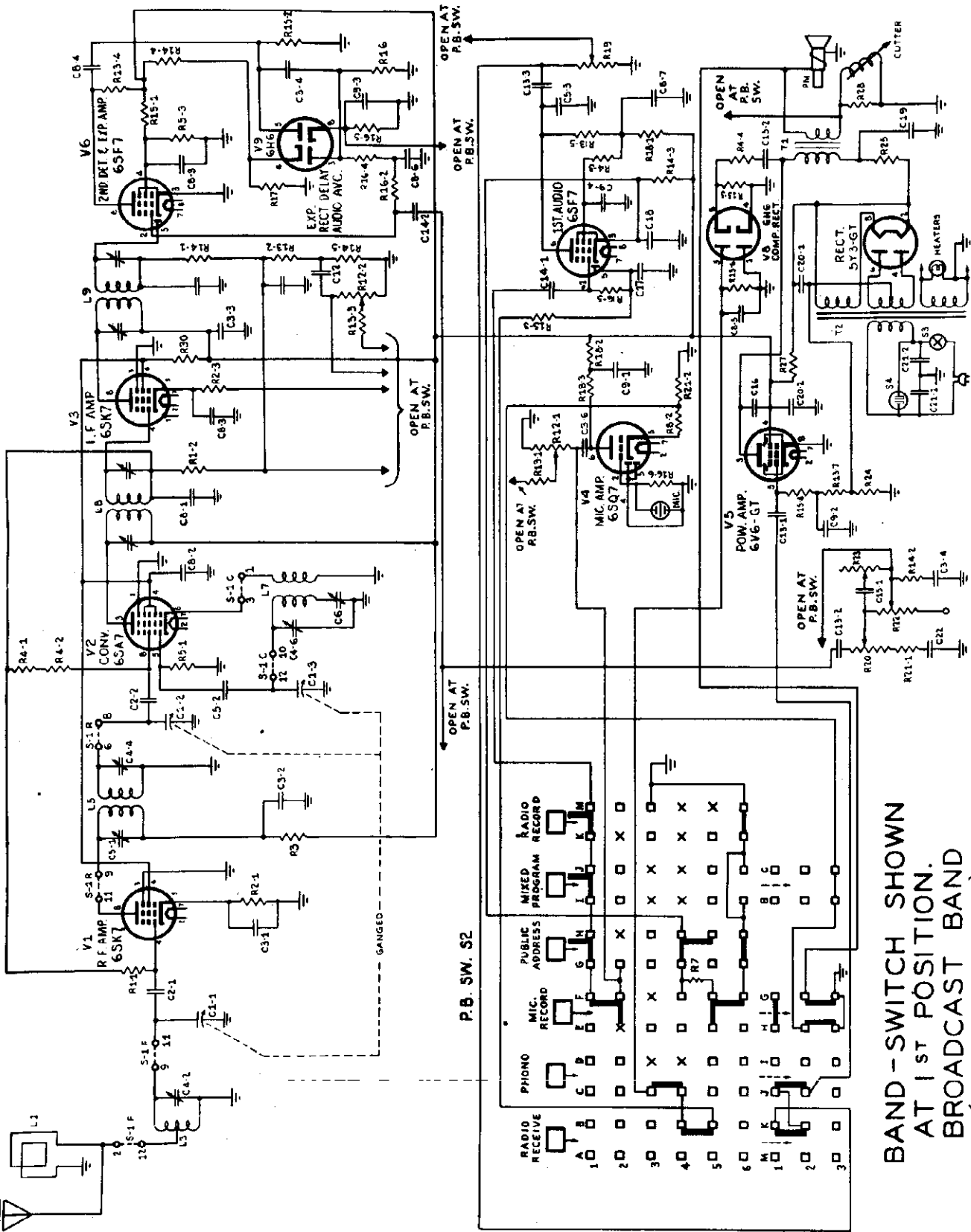


BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
 AT 2ND POSITION.
 SHORT WAVE BAND
 6-18 MC.
 (RADIO RECEIVE)

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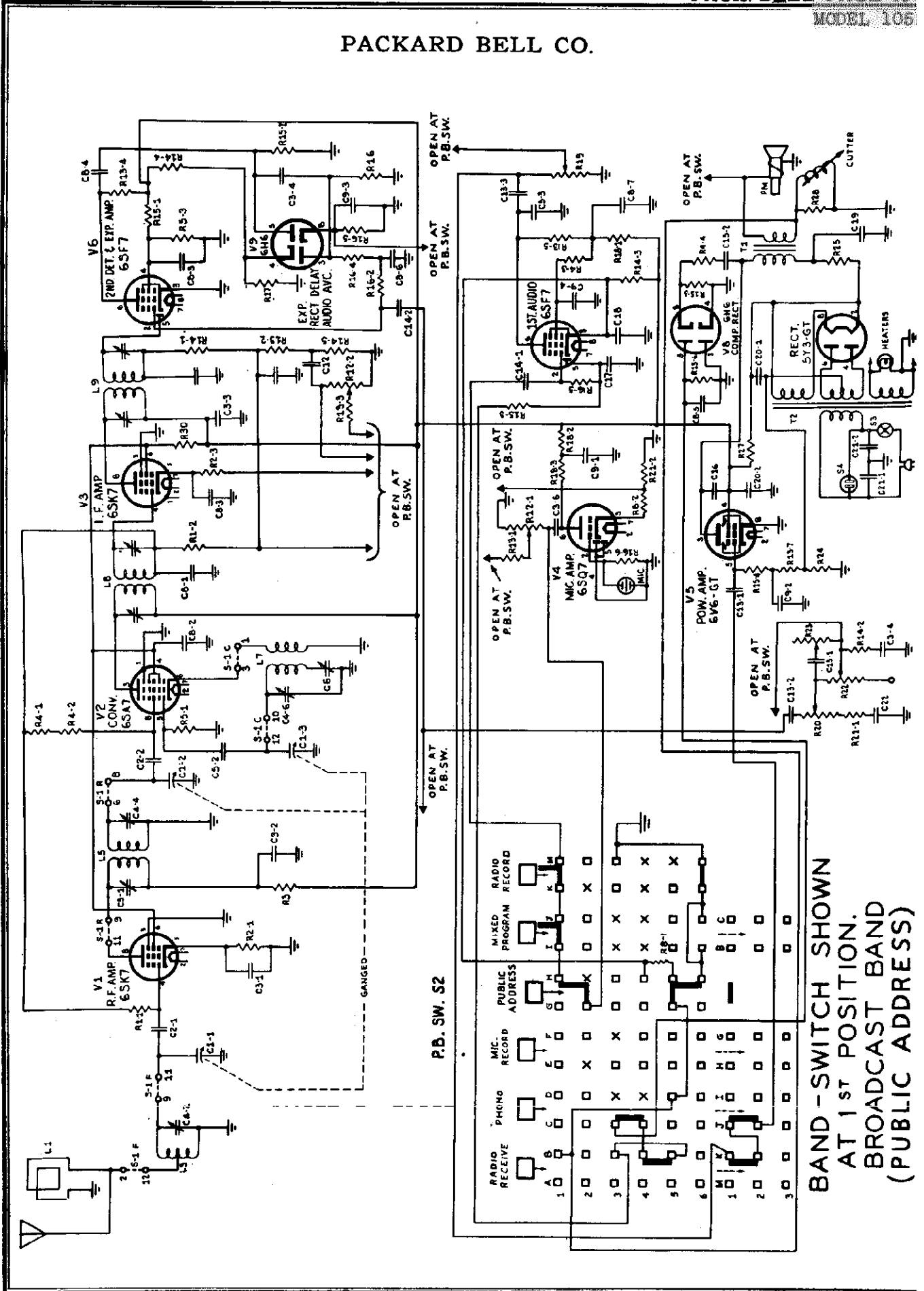


BAND-SWITCH SHOWN AT 1ST POSITION. BROADCAST BAND (PHONO)



BAND - SWITCH SHOWN
AT 1ST POSITION.
BROADCAST BAND
(MIC. RECORD)

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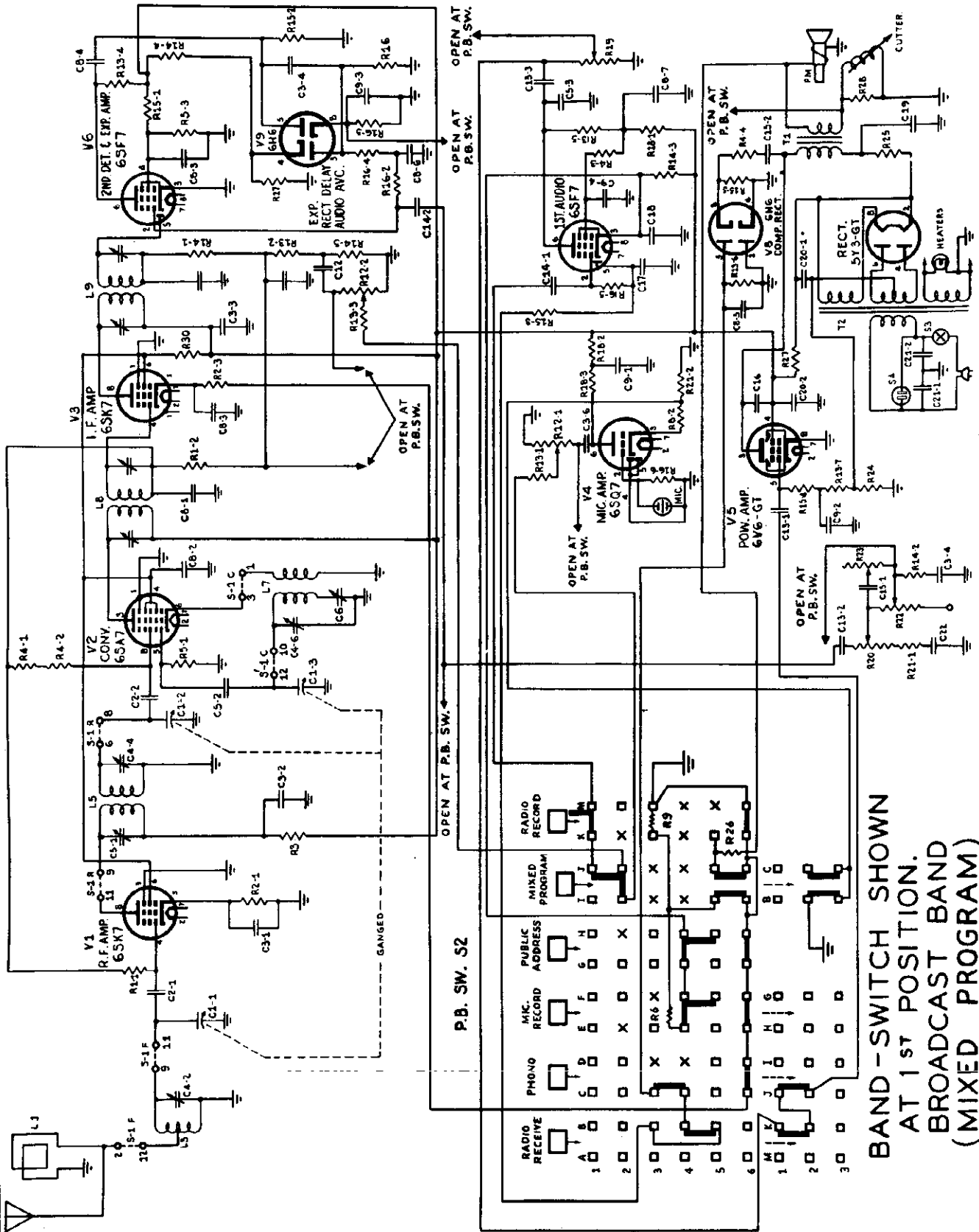


BAND - SWITCH SHOWN
AT 1ST POSITION.
BROADCAST BAND
(PUBLIC ADDRESS)

"clarified schematics"

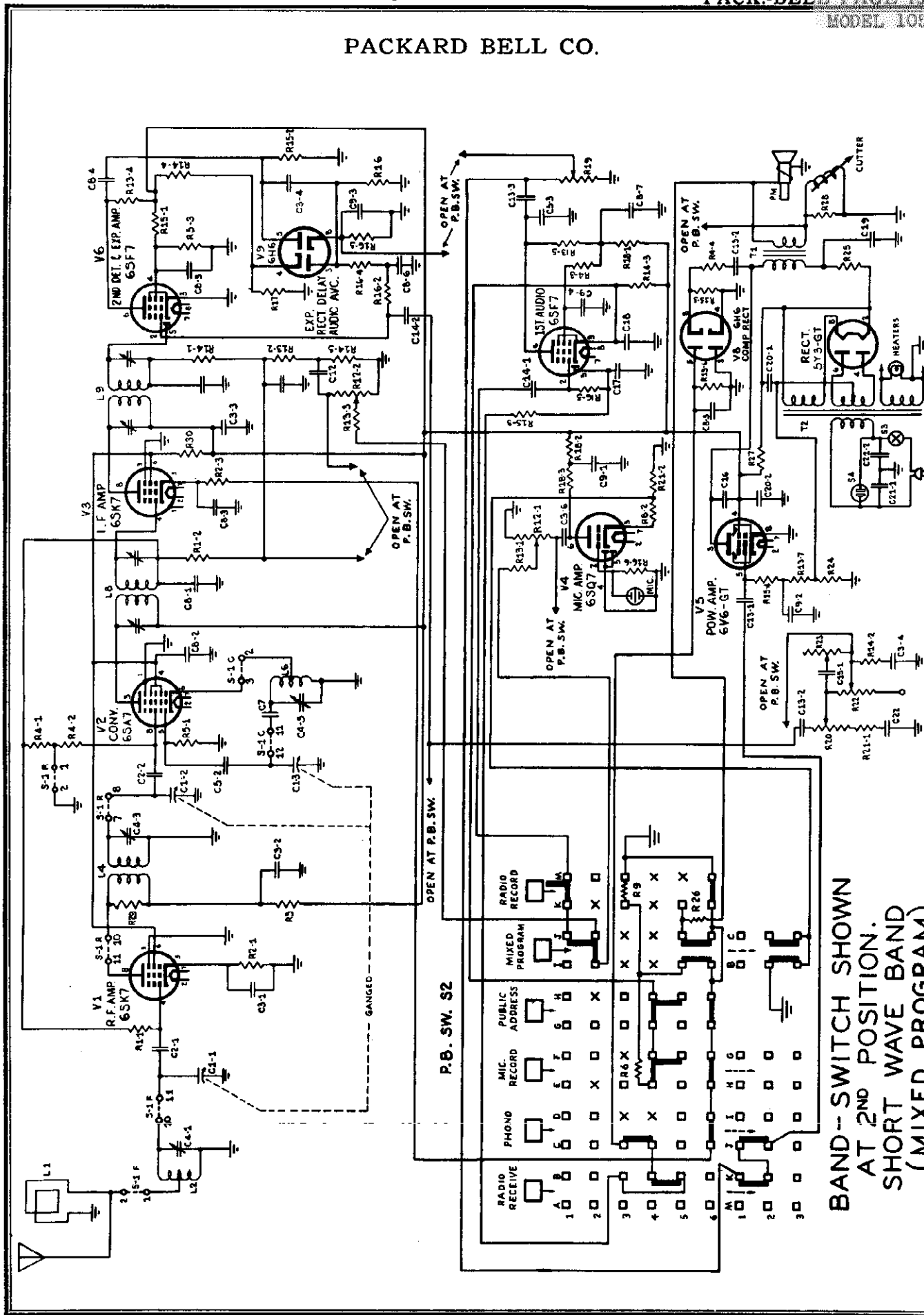
MODEL 1052

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BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
AT 1ST POSITION.
BROADCAST BAND
(MIXED PROGRAM)

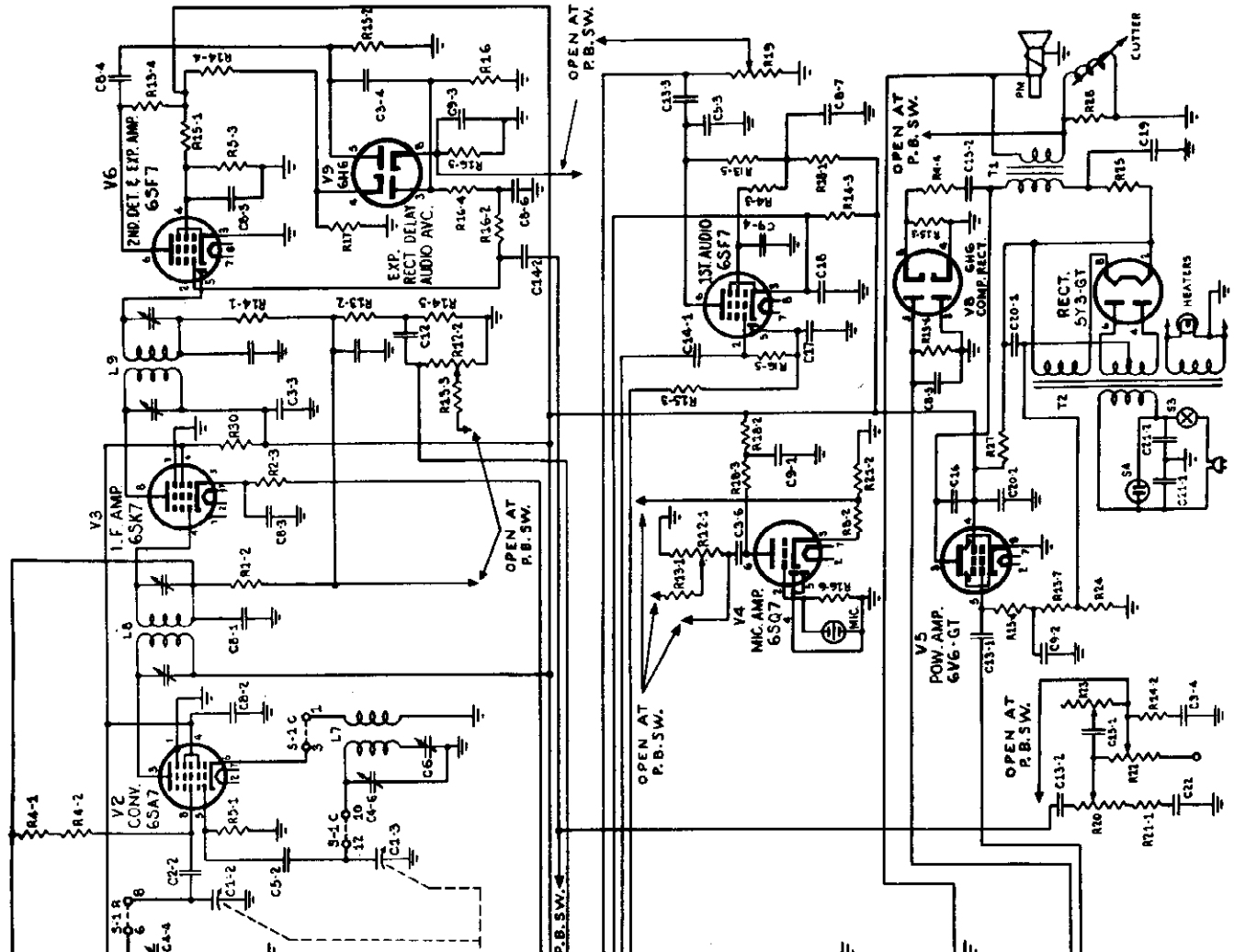
PACKARD BELL CO.



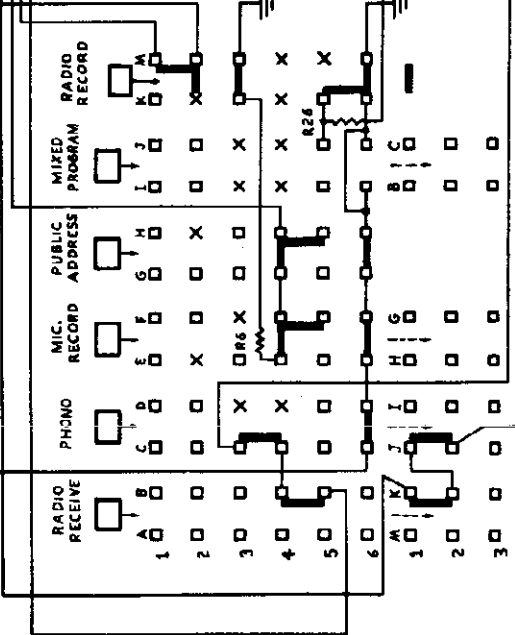
BAND - SWITCH SHOWN
AT 2ND POSITION.
SHORT WAVE BAND
(MIXED PROGRAM)

"clarified schematics"

PACKARD BELL CO.

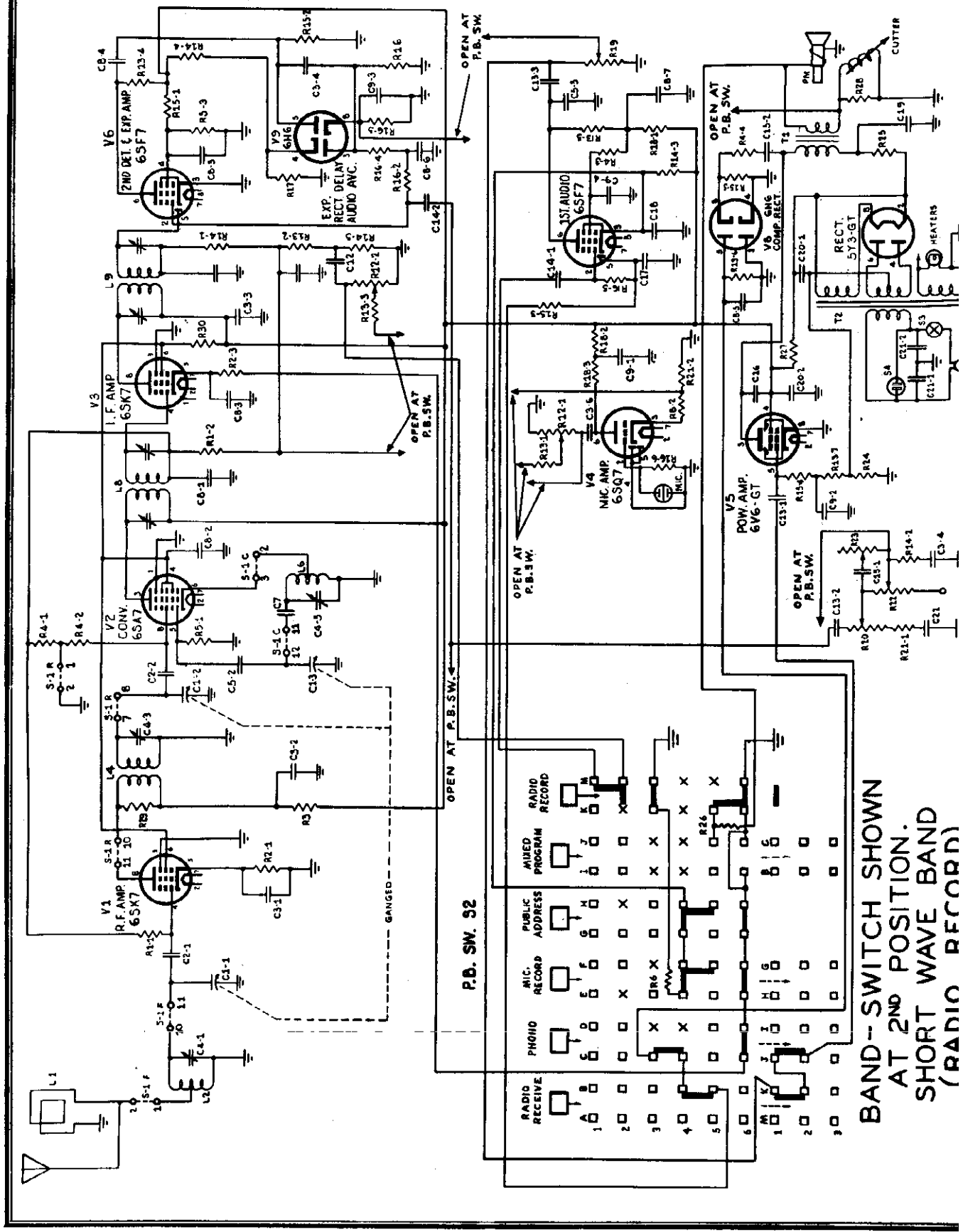


P.B. SW. S2



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
AT 1ST POSITION.
BROADCAST BAND
(RADIO RECORD)

PACKARD BELL CO.



**BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
AT 2ND POSITION.
SHORT WAVE BAND
(RADIO RECORD)**

MODEL 1052

PACKARD BELL CO.

Expansion is switched into grid of 1st audio, (6SF7) when "RADIO RECEIVE" button is depressed by connecting switch contacts B-5 and B-6.

Expansion is switched into grid of 1st audio, (6SF7) when "PHONO" button is depressed by connecting switch contacts C-4 and C-5.

Expansion is in the circuit ONLY when the "RADIO RECEIVE" and "PHONO" buttons are depressed.

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

Alignment procedure consists of the 7 steps outlined in the Alignment Procedure Chart.

Connect the test oscillator leads to the mixer grid and ground in series with an .01 Mfd. capacitor (dummy load) for step No. 1, I.F. alignment. Upon completing this step, "Rock" the variable condenser to assure that the I.F.s have not been aligned to the image frequency.

Use the Hazeltine Standard Test Loop #1150 for the balance of the alignment. Place the test loop about two feet from the receiver loop in a vertical position.

Step	Connect Test Osc. To	Test Osc. Setting	Pointer Setting	Adjustment For Maximum Output
1	Mixer Grid & Grd. .01 Mfd. Capacitor	455 KC	540 KC	Trimmers ABC & D
2	Standard Test Loop*	1750 KC	1750 KC	Trimmer F to 1750 KC
3	Standard Test Loop*	600 KC	600 KC	Trimmer G to 600 KC
4	Standard Test Loop*	1500 KC	1500 KC	Trimmers I & J
5	Repeat Steps 2, 3 & 4			
6	Standard Test Loop*	18 MC	18 MC	Trimmer E to 18 MC
7	Standard Test Loop*	15 MC	15 MC	Trimmers K & H

*REMARKS: Hazeltine Test Loop No. 1150.

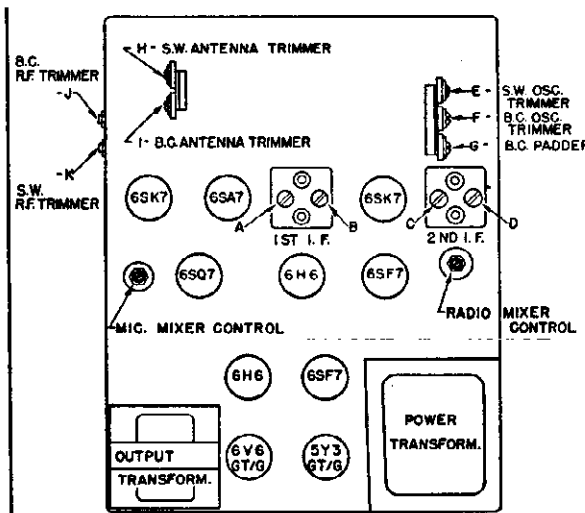


FIG. 1 TRIMMER LOCATION

Compression switched out of Radio Receive by breaking contact from B-4 to B-5.

Compression switched out of Phonograph by breaking contact from C-3 to C-4.

Compression is in circuit on ALL RECORD POSITIONS and PUBLIC ADDRESS.

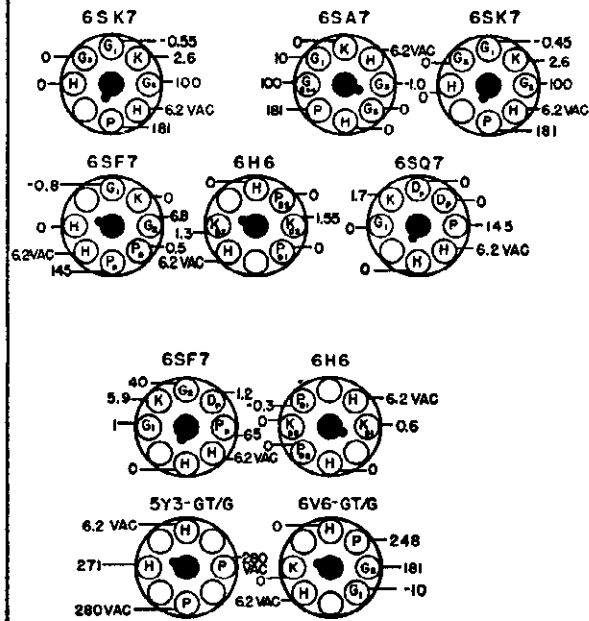


FIG. 2 VOLTAGE CHART

All D.C. voltages measured with a vacuum tube voltmeter from socket contacts to chassis. A.C. voltages measured with a 1000 ohms per volt A.C. meter from socket contacts to chassis. Volume control maximum. No signal. 117 volts A.C. line voltage. All voltages shown are positive D.C. unless otherwise noted.

Recording Head Pressure

The proper recording head pressure may be identified by the small red dot painted on the indicator on the cutter arm. This pressure is 1/4 Oz.

Brief Description of Expansion and Compression Circuits

V6, 6SF7 and V9, 6H6 embrace the expansion circuit. Referring to Figure 3, Schematic Diagram, it will be noted that expansion is present in the circuit at all times on Phono and Radio Receive. V6, 6SF7 serves as the 2nd Detector and expansion amplifier, while V9, 6H6 functions as the expansion rectifier in one diode section and furnishes delayed audio AVC in the other diode section. V8, 6H6 functions as the compressor.

How to Check Expansion Voltage

The following method is suggested for checking expansion voltage.

Feed a 1 volt (RMS) 400 cycle signal into the phono input plug. Make certain the phono button is depressed. Connect the leads of a vacuum tube voltmeter* to the location indicated on Figure 3, Schematic Diagram and ground. The voltage at this point should be between 3 and 4 volts positive DC. As a cross check measure the cathode voltage of V7, 6SF7 which should read about 5 volts DC. The expansion voltage should be approximately 1 volt less.

How to Check Compression Voltage

Depress the Radio Record button. Feed a 1 volt (RMS) 400 cycle signal into the diode return of the 2nd I.F. (brown lead). In the same manner outlined in the preceding paragraph measure the compression voltage, which should be approximately a minus 2 to 3 volts DC.

*NOTE: VTVM input loading above 10 megohms.

PACKARD BELL CO.

Part No.	Ref. Symbol	Description	Part No.	Ref. Symbol	Description
23500C	C1-1	Capacitor, variable: 3 gang	12002A		Baffle, speaker
	C1-2		14004A		Base, phono pick-up
	C1-3		21003D		Cabinet, wood: fabricoid covered
23206	C2-1	Capacitor, mica: 220 Mmf., 20%	21019C		Cabinet, power cord holder
	C2-2		21020C		Cabinet, mike cord holder
23006	C3-1	Capacitor, paper: .01 Mfd., 600 volt	22001		Cable, loop antenna
	C3-2		22004A		Cable, speaker
	C3-3		22005		Cable, phono pick-up
	C3-4		73055	R1-1	Resistor, carbon: 2.2 megohm, 20%, 1/2 watt
	C3-5			R1-2	
	C3-6		73017	R2-1	Resistor, carbon: 220 ohms, 10%, 1/2 watt
23400A	C4-1	Capacitor, trimmer: dual 3-30 Mmf.		R2-2	
	C4-2		73025	R3	Resistor, carbon: 1000 ohms, 10%, 1/2 watt
	C4-3		73053	R4-1	Resistor, carbon: 1 megohm, 20%, 1/2 watt
	C4-4			R4-2	
23401	C4-5	Capacitor, trimmer: dual 3-30 Mmf.		R4-3	
	C4-6		73041	R5-1	Resistor, carbon: 22,000 ohms, 10%, 1/2 watt
23225	C5-1	Capacitor, mica: 47 Mmf., 20%		R5-2	
	C5-2		73020	R6	Resistor, carbon: 390 ohms, 10%, 1/2 watt
	C5-3		73018	R7	Resistor, carbon: 270 ohms, 10%, 1/2 watt
23402	C6	Capacitor, padder: 300 to 800 Mmf.	73033	R8-1	Resistor, carbon: 4700 ohms, 10%, 1/2 watt
23207A	C7	Capacitor, mica: 4900 Mmf., 5%		R8-2	
23010	C8-1	Capacitor, paper: .05 Mfd., 600 Volt	73026	R9	Resistor, carbon: 1200 ohms, 10%, 1/2 watt
	C8-2		25800	R12-1	Control, mixer: 500,000 ohms
	C8-3			R12-2	
	C8-4		73049	R13-1	Resistor, carbon: 220,000 ohms, 20%, 1/2 watt
23017	C8-5	Capacitor, paper: .05 Mfd., 200 volt		R13-2	
	C8-6			R13-3	
	C8-7			R13-4	
	C8-8			R13-5	
23018	C9-1	Capacitor, paper: .2 Mfd., 200 volt		R13-6	
	C9-2			R13-7	
	C9-3		73060	R14-1	Resistor, carbon: 56,000 ohms, 10%, 1/2 watt
	C9-4			R14-2	
23016	C12	Capacitor, paper: .003 Mfd., 600 volt		R14-3	
23007	C13-1	Capacitor, paper: .02 Mfd., 600 volt		R14-4	
	C13-2			R14-5	
	C13-3		73051	R15-1	Resistor, carbon: 470,000 ohms, 20%, 1/2 watt
23003	C14-1	Capacitor, paper: .004 Mfd., 600 volt		R15-2	
	C14-2			R15-3	
23001	C15-1	Capacitor, paper: .001 Mfd., 600 volt		R15-4	
	C15-2			R15-5	
23002	C16	Capacitor, paper: .002 Mfd., 600 volt	73057	R16-1	Resistor, carbon: 4.7 megohms, 20%, 1/2 watt
23019	C17	Capacitor, paper: .1 Mfd., 200 volt		R16-2	
24006	C18	Capacitor, electrolytic: 25 Mfd., 25 WV		R16-3	
24002	C19	Capacitor, electrolytic: 10 Mfd., 450 WV		R16-4	
24001	C20-1	Capacitor, electrolytic: 20 Mfd., 450 WV		R16-5	
	C20-2			R16-6	
23901	C21-1	Capacitor, paper: 2X .006 Mfd., 600 volt (enclosed in metal case)	73022	R17	Resistor, carbon: 560 ohms, 10%, 1/2 watt
23901	C21-2		73047	R18-1	Resistor, carbon: 100,000 ohms, 20%, 1/2 watt
28004A		Clip, turntable holding		R18-2	
29303A	L1	Loop Ass'y, antenna		R18-3	
29401	L2	Coil, antenna: short wave	25500A	R19	Control, volume: 3 section; front 1 megohm (R20) center 2 megohm (R22) rear 500,000 ohms (R19)
29400	L3	Coil, antenna: standard broadcast		R20	
29201	L4	Coil, oscillator: short wave		R22	
29205	L5	Coil, oscillator: standard broadcast	73039	R21-1	Resistor, carbon: 15,000 ohms, 10%, 1/2 watt
32003B		Cord, A.C.		R21-2	
32501		Cord, waxed linen	25002A	R23 & S3	Control, tone: 3 megohm, with AC switch
36019		Recording head, (cutting head)	73081	R24	Resistor, carbon: 150 ohms, 10%, 1 watt
36021		Cartridge, recording head	73078	R25	Resistor, carbon: 470 ohms, 10%, 1 watt
38002B		Dial scale	73905	R26	Resistor, wire wound: 1 ohm, 10%, 1 watt
40002		Dial cord	73902	R27	Resistor, wire wound: 2000 ohms, 10%, 5 watt
40100A		Dial drive, vernier	73903	R28	Resistor, wire wound: 15 ohms, 10%, 1 watt
41002		Escutcheon, motor switch	73045	R29	Resistor, carbon: 47,000 ohms, 10%, 1/2 watt
47004		Grille, front panel	73127	R30	Resistor, carbon: 5600 ohms, 10%, 2 watt
52001A		Knob, round: controls	78008		Shield, microphone plug
52014		Knob, bar: controls	78019		Shield, AC switch
52023		Knob, push buttons	79002		Socket, tube: 8 prong octal, wafer type
54001		Lamp, dial: T-44	79004		Socket, microphone plug
57001B		Microphone with cable	79005		Socket, speaker & recording head plugs
57002		Handle, microphone	79007		Socket, AC phono motor plug
57003		Base, microphone	79010B		Socket, dial lamp: bayonet base
58001A		Motor, A.C.: recorder & phono	79023		Socket, loop antenna plug
58006		Turntable, recorder & phono	83306		Speaker, permanent magnet: 1/2"
59003		Needle, permanent: phono (alternate for above)	84012		Spring, microphone holding
59001			84013		Spring, recording head holding
59002		Stylus (recording needle)	84001B		Spring, dial cord
62004D		Panel, front	84003		Spring, round & bar knobs
62003D		Panel, motorboard	84011		Spring, push button knobs
63002A		Pick-up, phono: ass'y	86001A		Switch, rotary: wafer type, band switch
63003A		Cartridge, phono pick-up	86301		Switch, push button section
66005		Plug, microphone	86701A		Switch, slide: AC motor, SPST
66008		Plug, AC motor	89400A	T1	Transformer, output
67001A		Pointer ass'y, dial scale	89003A	T2	Transformer, power
68038		Decal, bandswitch	63017		Phono pick-up rest
69001		Pulley, dial	10507		Automatic cutter arm lift, ass'y
69004		Pulley, idler			
69005		Pulley, drive			

MODEL 1052
MODEL 1054

PACKARD BELL CO.

MODEL 1052

MODEL 1054

ELECTRICAL RATING

Line Voltage . . . 110-120 volts 50-60 cycle AC
Power Consumption . . . 90 watts

TUNING FREQUENCY RANGE

Standard Broadcast . . . 540 to 1740 KC
Short Wave . . . 6 to 18 MC

INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY

455 KC

ELECTRICAL POWER OUTPUT

Undistorted . . . 2 watts
Maximum . . . 4.5 watts

LOUDSPEAKER

Type . . . Permanent Magnet
Outside Cone Diameter . . . 6 1/2"
Voice Coil Impedance . . . 3.2 ohms at 400 cycles
Magnet Rating . . . 2.5 Oz. Alnico 5

TUBES

Tube	Function
6SK7	R.F. Amplifier
6SA7	Frequency Converter
6SK7	I.F. Amplifier
6SF7	2nd Detector & Expansion Amplifier
6H6	Expansion Rectifier & Delayed Audio AVC
6SQ7	Microphone Amplifier
6SF7	1st Audio
6H6	Compression Rectifier
6V6-GT	Power Amplifier
5Y3-GT	Rectifier

STAGE GAIN MEASUREMENTS

Measurements taken with volume and tone control maximum.
Switch in RADIO position. AVC shorted out.
Standard Output . . . 50 milliwatts
Dummy Antenna . . . 200 Mmf.

Antenna Grid to R.F. Grid . . . 5X at 1000 KC
R.F. Grid to Converter Grid . . . 9X at 1000 KC
Converter Grid to 1st I.F. Grid . . . 64X at 455 KC
1st I.F. Grid to 2nd Detector . . . 150X at 455 KC
Overall Audio Gain . . . 565X at 1 watt 400 cycles

OSCILLATOR CATHODE VOLTAGES

Measured at 117 volts AC line voltage with A.C. V.T.V.M. input loading above 10 megohms.

1750 KC . . . 3.15 volts AC
1300 KC . . . 3.10 volts AC
750 KC . . . 3.00 volts AC
550 KC . . . 3.4 volts AC

D.C. RESISTANCE MEASUREMENTS

I.F. Coils

1st I.F.		2nd I.F.	
Primary . . . 17 ohms	Secondary . . . 17 ohms	Primary . . . 17 ohms	Secondary . . . 17 ohms*

*NOTE: The true reading of the secondary of the 2nd I.F. can only be obtained by removing the coil from the can. This is so because of the 56K resistor in series with the AVC lead inside the can.

Oscillator Coils

Broadcast		Short Wave	
Primary . . . 1 ohm	Secondary . . . 6 ohms	Start to Finish . . . 4 ohms	Start to Tap . . . 2 ohms

Antenna Coils

Broadcast		Short Wave	
Start to Finish . . . 12.2 ohms	Start to Tap . . . 10.5 ohms	Start to Finish25 ohms	Start to Tap20 ohms

R.F. Coils

Broadcast		Short Wave	
Primary . . . 75 ohms	Secondary . . . 6.5 ohms	Primary . . . 5.5 ohms	Secondary . . . 0.2 ohms

NOTE: Due to the variation of winding methods, the D.C. Resistance of all coils is subject to a 20% tolerance.

Electrical Rating

Line Voltage . . . 110-120 volt 50-60 cycle AC
Power Consumption . . . 106 watts

Tuning Frequency Range

Standard Broadcast . . . 540 to 1740 KC
Short Wave . . . 6 to 18 MC

Intermediate Frequency

455 KC

Electrical Power Output

Undistorted . . . 3.5 watts
Maximum . . . 6 watts

Loudspeaker

Type . . . Permanent Magnet
Outside Cone Diameter . . . 10"
Voice Coil Impedance . . . 3.2 ohms at 400 cycles
Magnet Rating . . . 6.8 Oz. Alnico 5

Tubes

Tube	Function
6SK7	R.F. Amplifier
6SA7	Frequency Converter
6SK7	I.F. Amplifier
6SF7	2nd Detector & Expansion Amplifier
6H6	Expansion Rectifier & Delayed Audio AVC
6SQ7	Microphone Amplifier
6SF7	1st Audio Amplifier
6H6	Compression Rectifier
6V6-GT/G	Power Amplifier
5Y3-GT/G	Rectifier

STAGE GAIN MEASUREMENTS

Measurements taken with volume and tone controls maximum.

Band switch in standard broadcast position. AVC shorted out.

Standard Output . . . 50 milliwatts
Dummy Antenna . . . 200 Mmf.
Antenna Grid to R.F. Grid . . . 6X at 1000 KC
R.F. Grid to Converter Grid . . . 12.5X at 1000 KC
Converter Grid to 1st I.F. Grid . . . 61X at 455 KC
1st I.F. Grid to 2nd Detector . . . 120X at 455 KC
Overall Audio Gain . . . 620X at 1 watt 400 cycles

OSCILLATOR CATHODE VOLTAGES

Measured at 117 volts A.C. line voltage with A.C. V.T.V.M. input loading above 10 megohms.

1750 KC . . . 3.4 volts AC
1300 KC . . . 3.2 volts AC
750 KC . . . 3.2 volts AC
550 KC . . . 3.7 volts AC

D.C. RESISTANCE MEASUREMENTS

I.F. COILS

1st I.F.		2nd I.F.	
Primary . . . 17 ohms	Secondary . . . 17 ohms	Primary . . . 17 ohms	Secondary . . . 17 ohms*

*NOTE: To obtain the true reading of the secondary of the 2nd I.F. it must be removed from the can. This is so because of the 56,000 ohm resistor in series with the AVC lead inside the can.

OSCILLATOR COILS

Broadcast		Short Wave	
Primary . . . 1 ohm	Secondary . . . 6 ohms	Start to Finish . . . 4 ohms	Start to Tap . . . 2 ohms

ANTENNA COILS

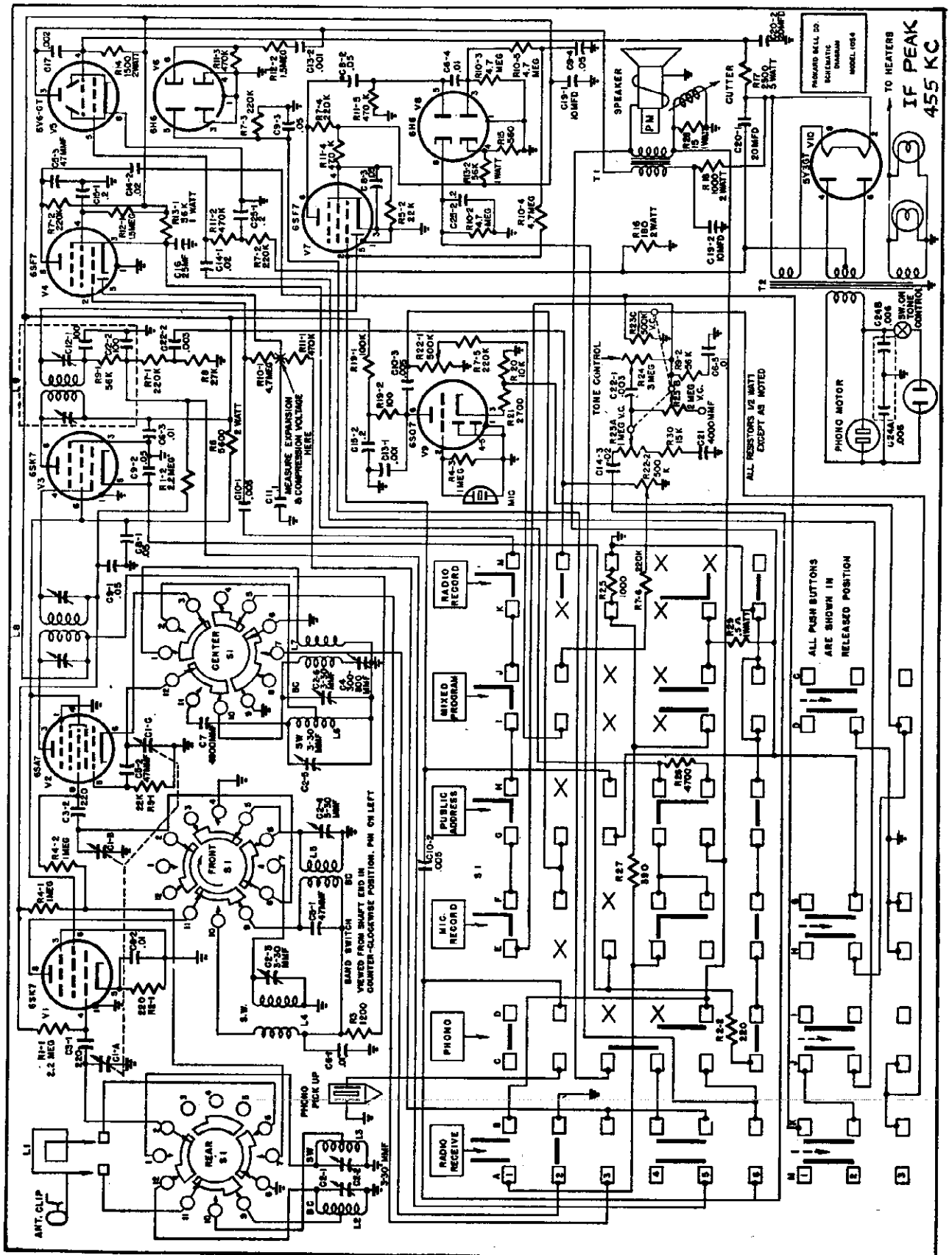
Broadcast		Short Wave	
Start to Finish . . 12.2 ohms	Start to Tap . . . 10.5 ohms	Start to Finish . . .25 ohms	Start to Tap20 ohms

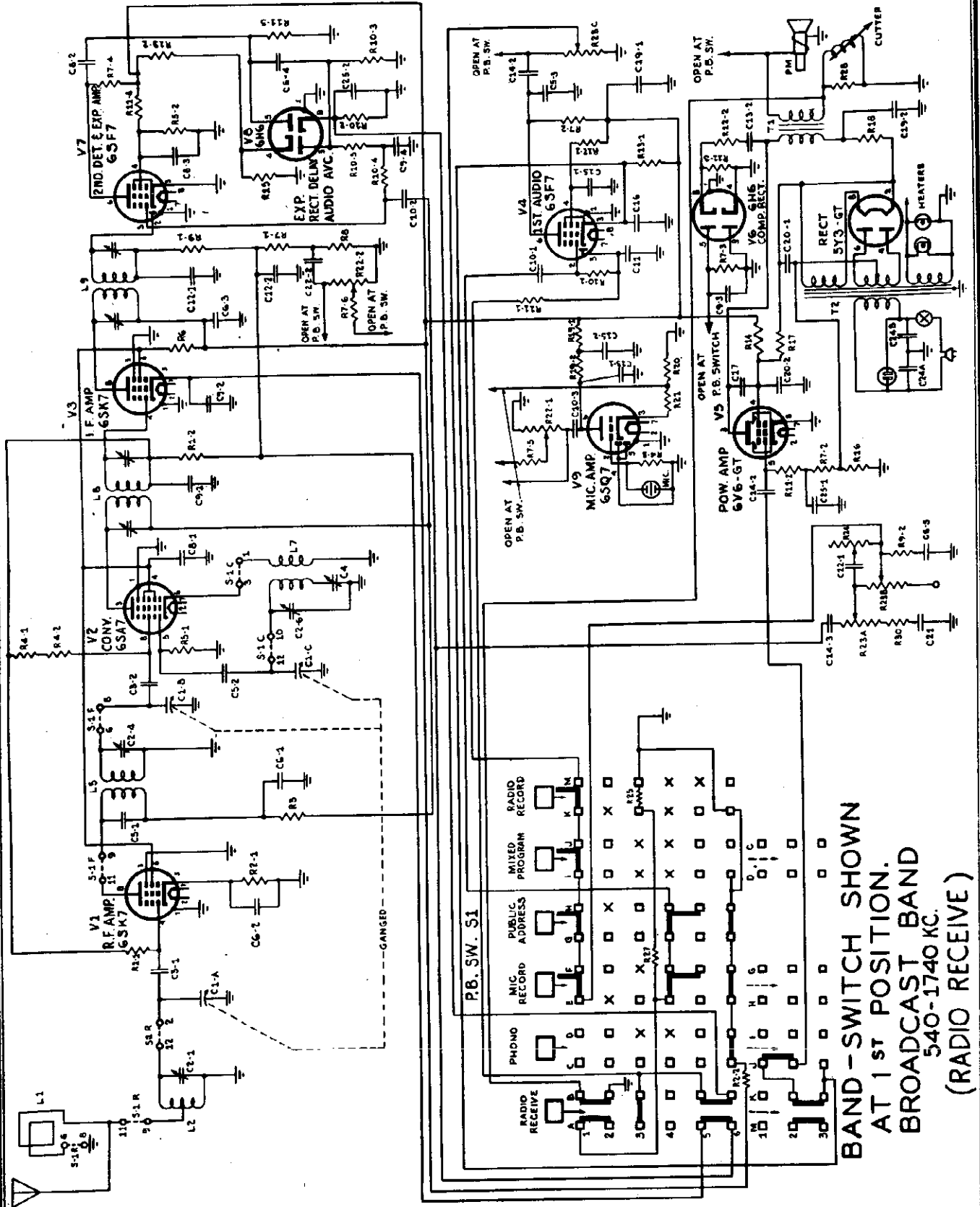
R.F. COILS

Broadcast		Short Wave	
Primary . . . 75 ohms	Secondary . . . 6.5 ohms	Primary . . . 5.5 ohms	Secondary . . . 0.2 ohms

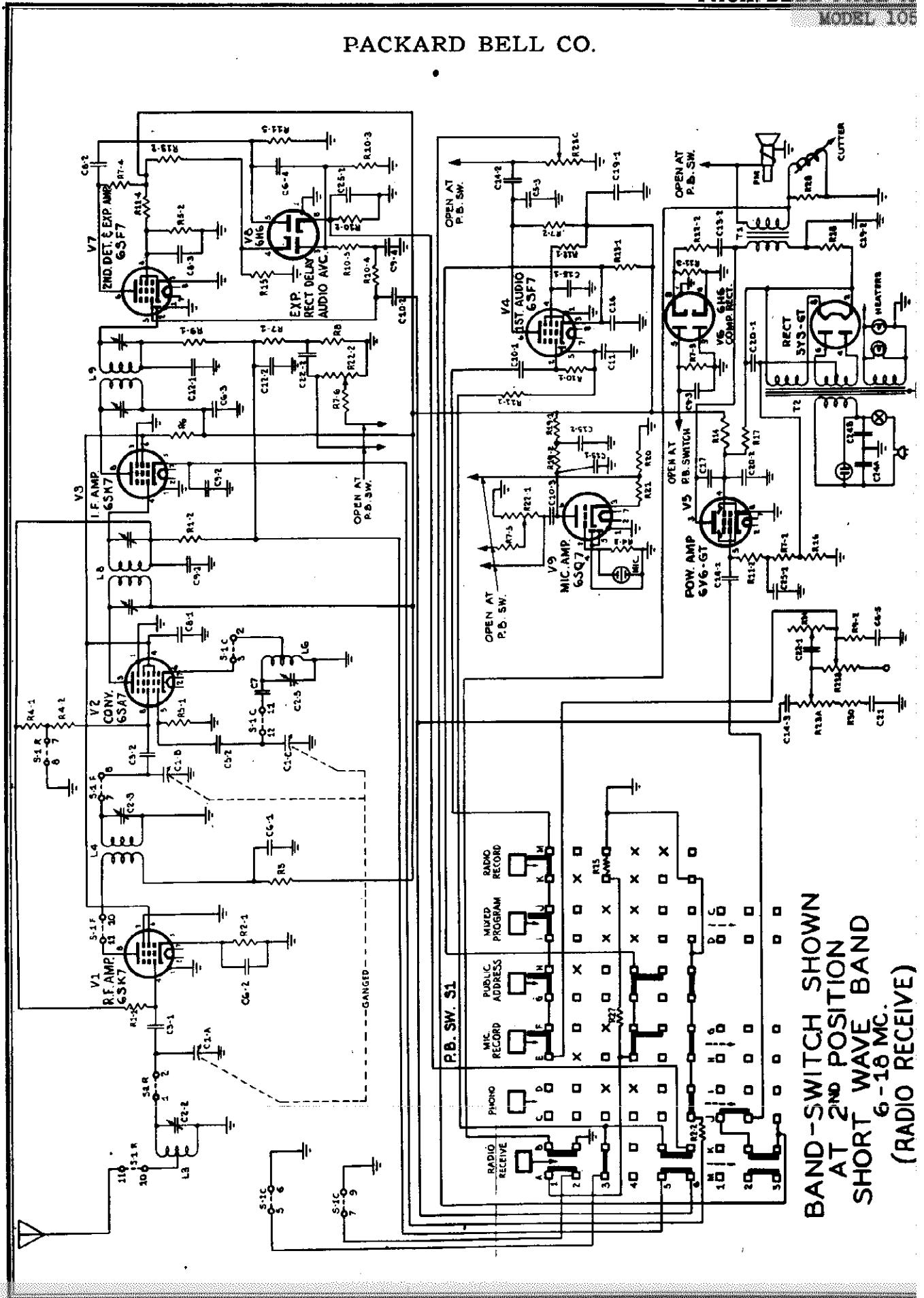
NOTE: Due to the variation of winding methods, the D.C. resistance on all coils is subject to a 20% tolerance.

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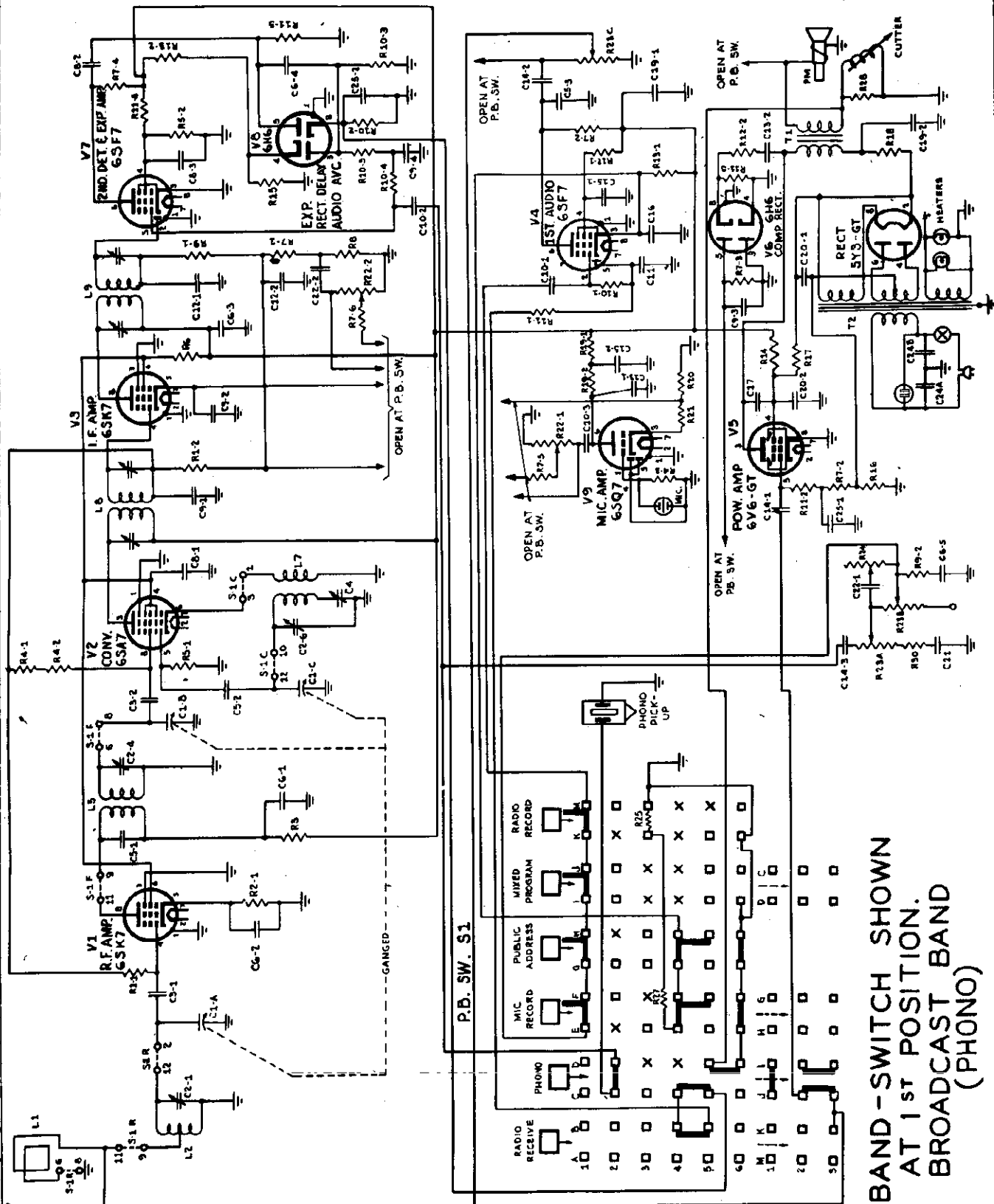


**BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
AT 2ND POSITION
SHORT WAVE BAND
(RADIO RECEIVE)**

"clarified schematics"

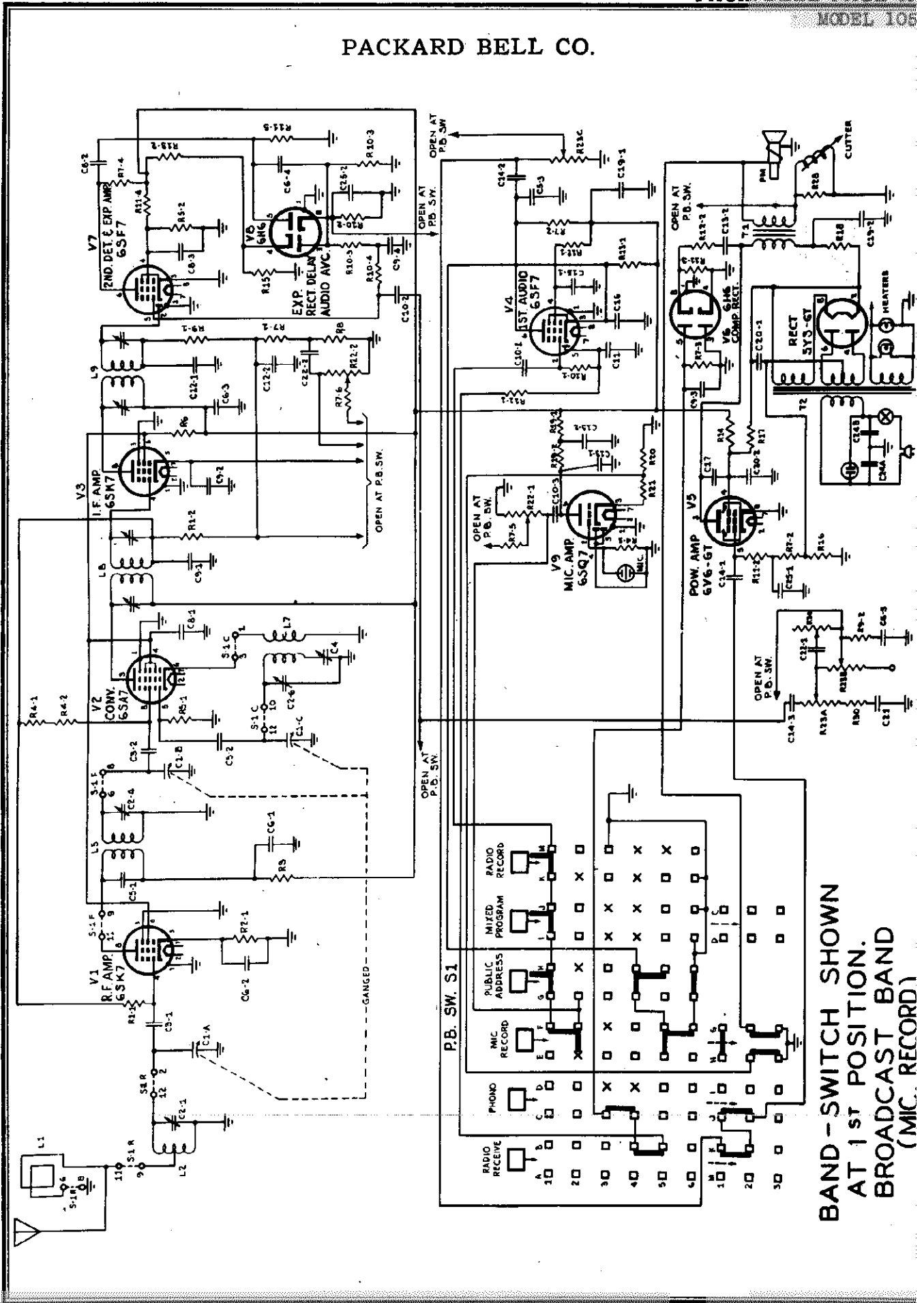
MODEL 1054

PACKARD BELL CO.

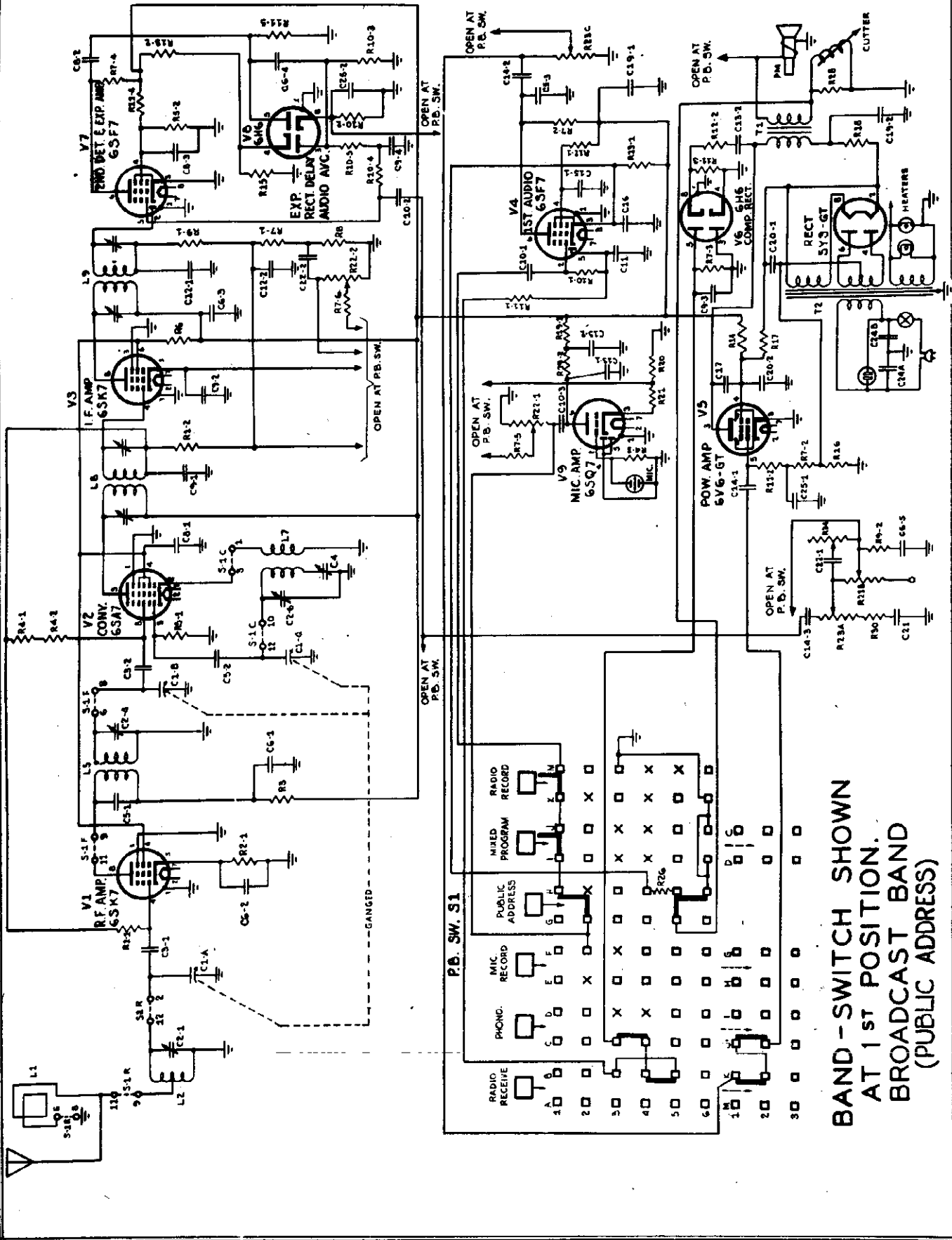


**BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
AT 1ST POSITION.
BROADCAST BAND
(PHONO)**

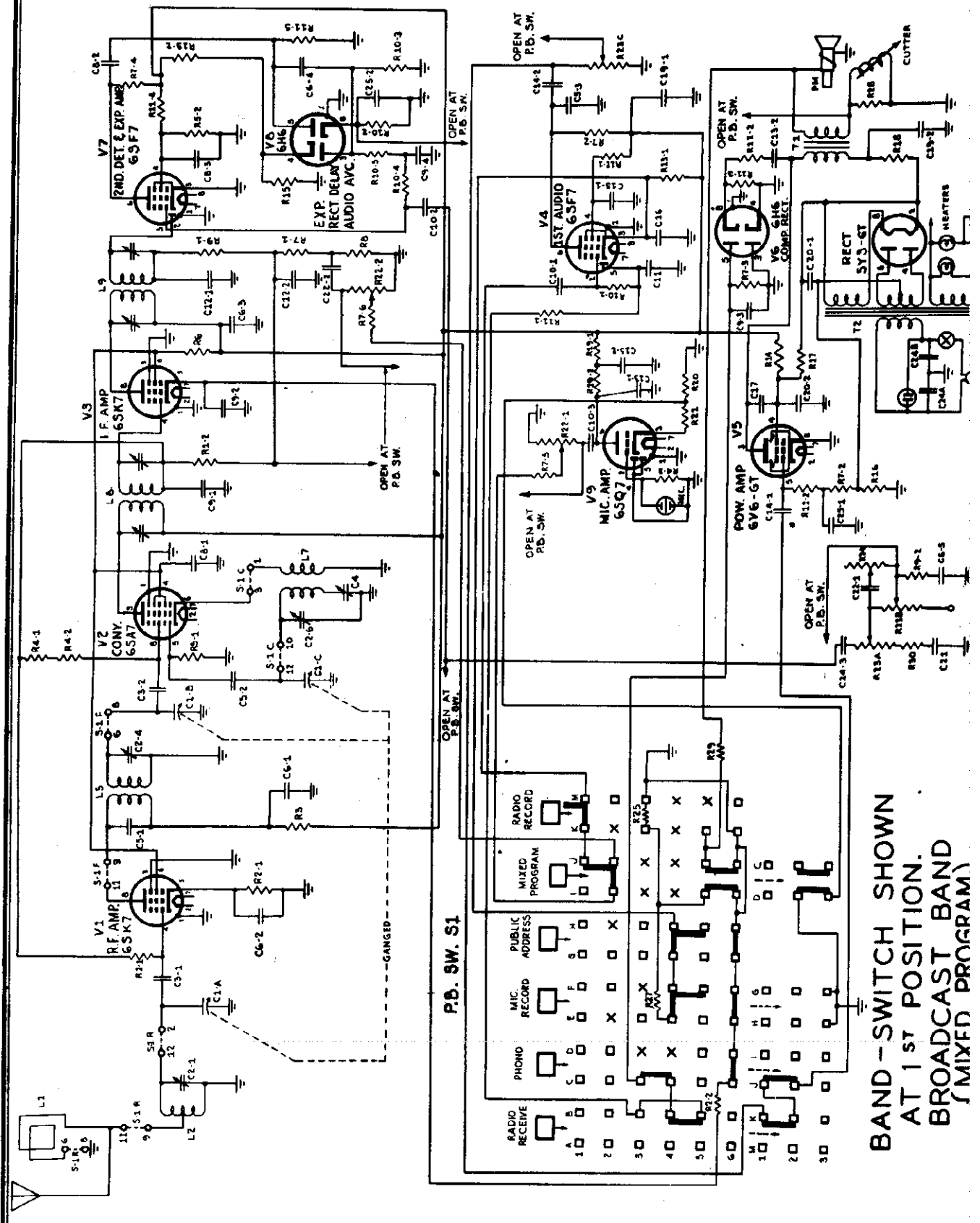
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BAND-SWITCH SHOWN AT 1ST POSITION. BROADCAST BAND (MIC. RECORD)

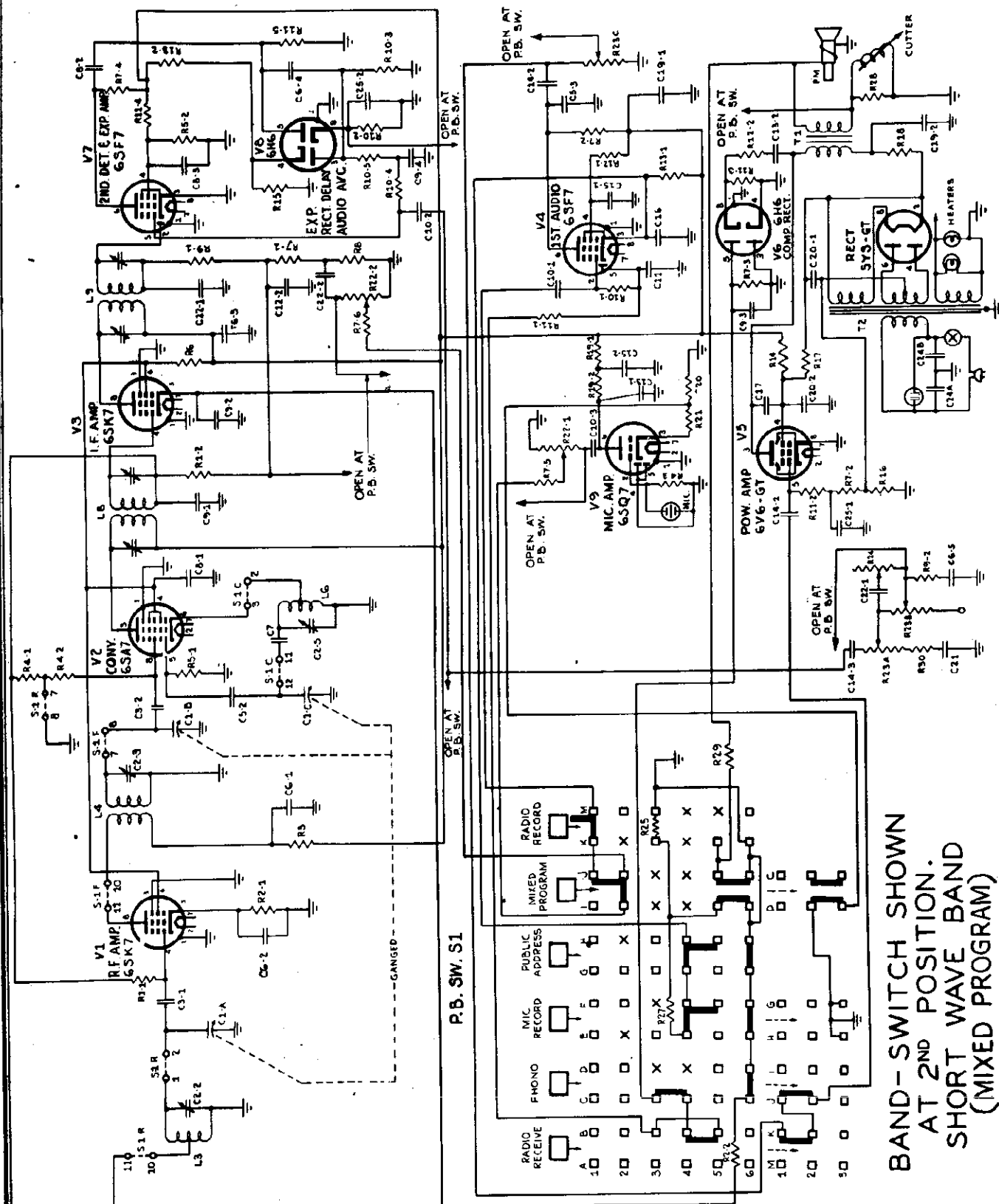


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**BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
AT 1ST POSITION.
BROADCAST BAND
(MIXED PROGRAM)**

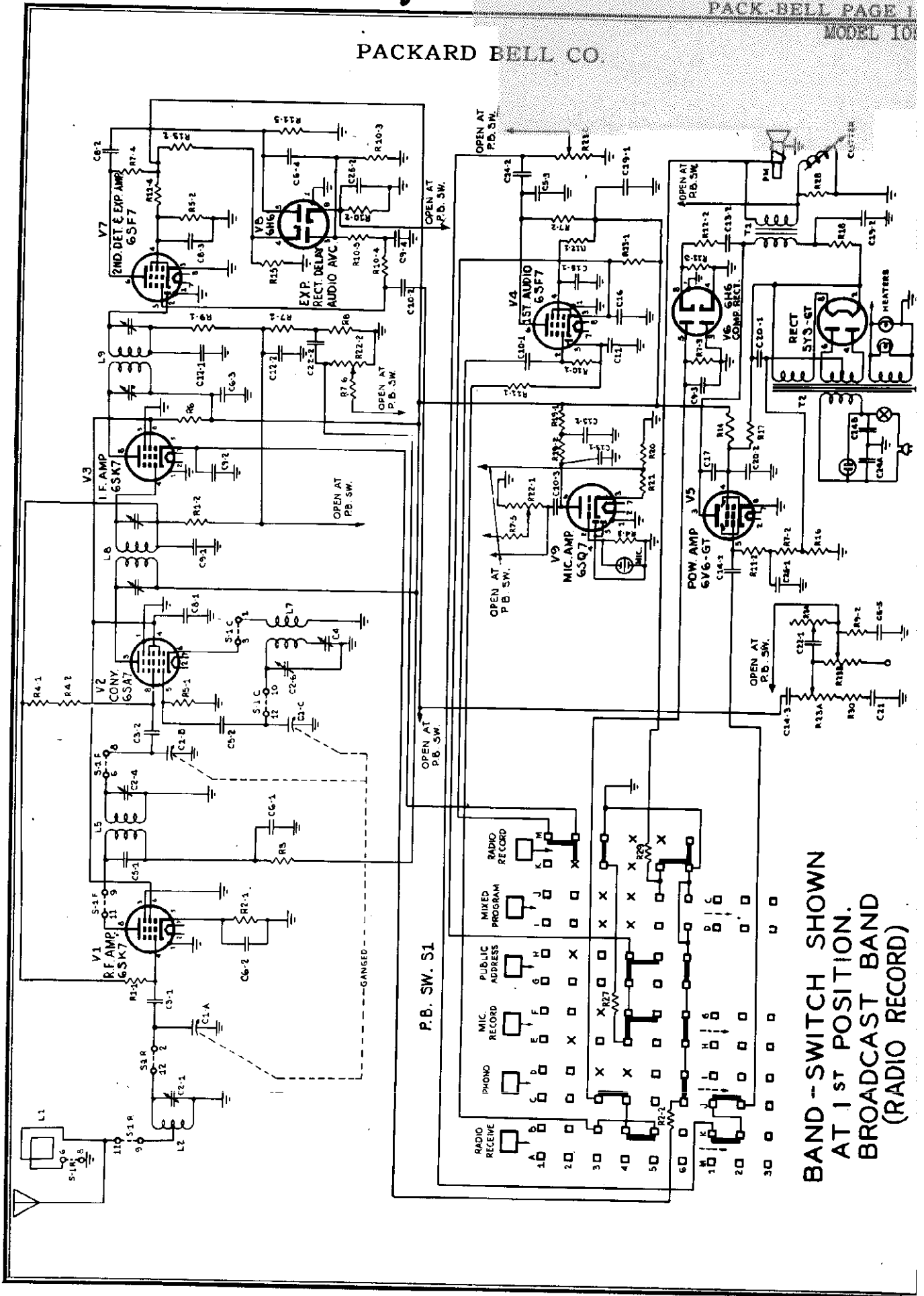
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BAND - SWITCH SHOWN
 AT 2ND POSITION.
 SHORT WAVE BAND
 (MIXED PROGRAM)

"clarified schematics"

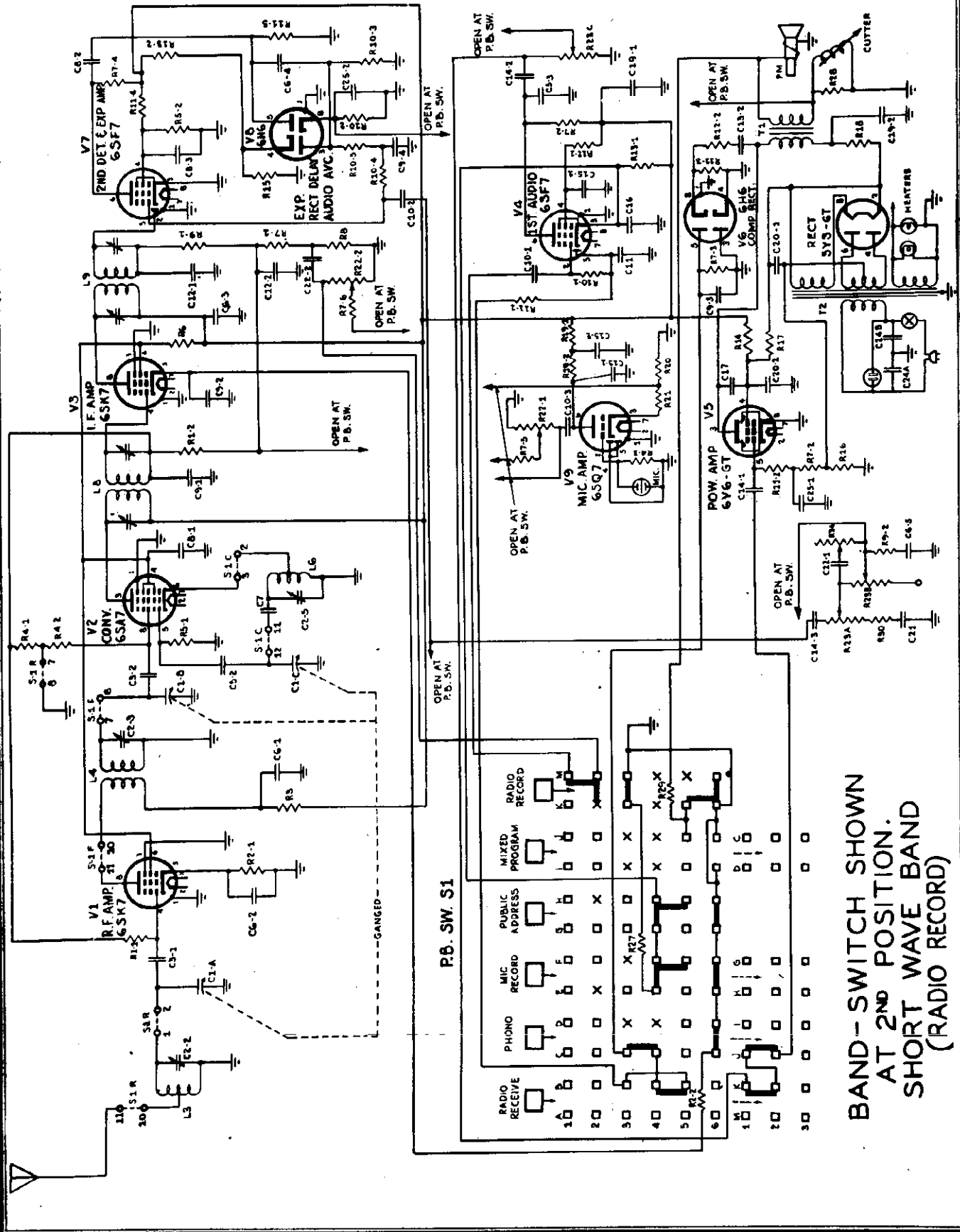
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BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
AT 1ST POSITION.
BROADCAST BAND
(RADIO RECORD)

"clarified schematics"

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ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE
 Alignment procedure consists of the 7 steps outlined in the Alignment Procedure Chart.
 Connect the test oscillator leads to the mixer grid and ground in series with an .01 Mfd. capacitor (dummy load) for step No. 1, I.F. Alignment. Upon completing this step, "Rock" the variable condenser to assure that the I.F.s have not been aligned to the image frequency.
 Use the Hazeltine Standard Test Loop #1150 for the balance of the alignment. Place the test loop about two feet from the receiver loop in a vertical position.

CONNECT TEST OSC. STEP TO	TEST OSC. SETTING	POINTER FOR MAX. OUTPUT	ADJUST FOR MAX. OUTPUT
1 Mixer Grid & Grd. .01 Mfd. Cap.	455 KC	540 KC	Trimmers A, B, C & D
2 Standard Test Loop*	1750 KC	1750 KC	Trimmer H to 1750 KC
3 Standard Test Loop*	600 KC	600 KC	Trimmer G to 600 KC
4 Standard Test Loop*	1500 KC	1500 KC	Trimmers F & J
5 Repeat Steps 2, 3, & 4			
6 Standard Test Loop*	18 MC	18 MC	Trimmer I to 18 MC
7 Standard Test Loop*	15 MC	15 MC	Trimmers E & K

*NOTE: Hazeltine Test Loop #1150.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF EXPANDER AND COMPRESSOR CIRCUITS

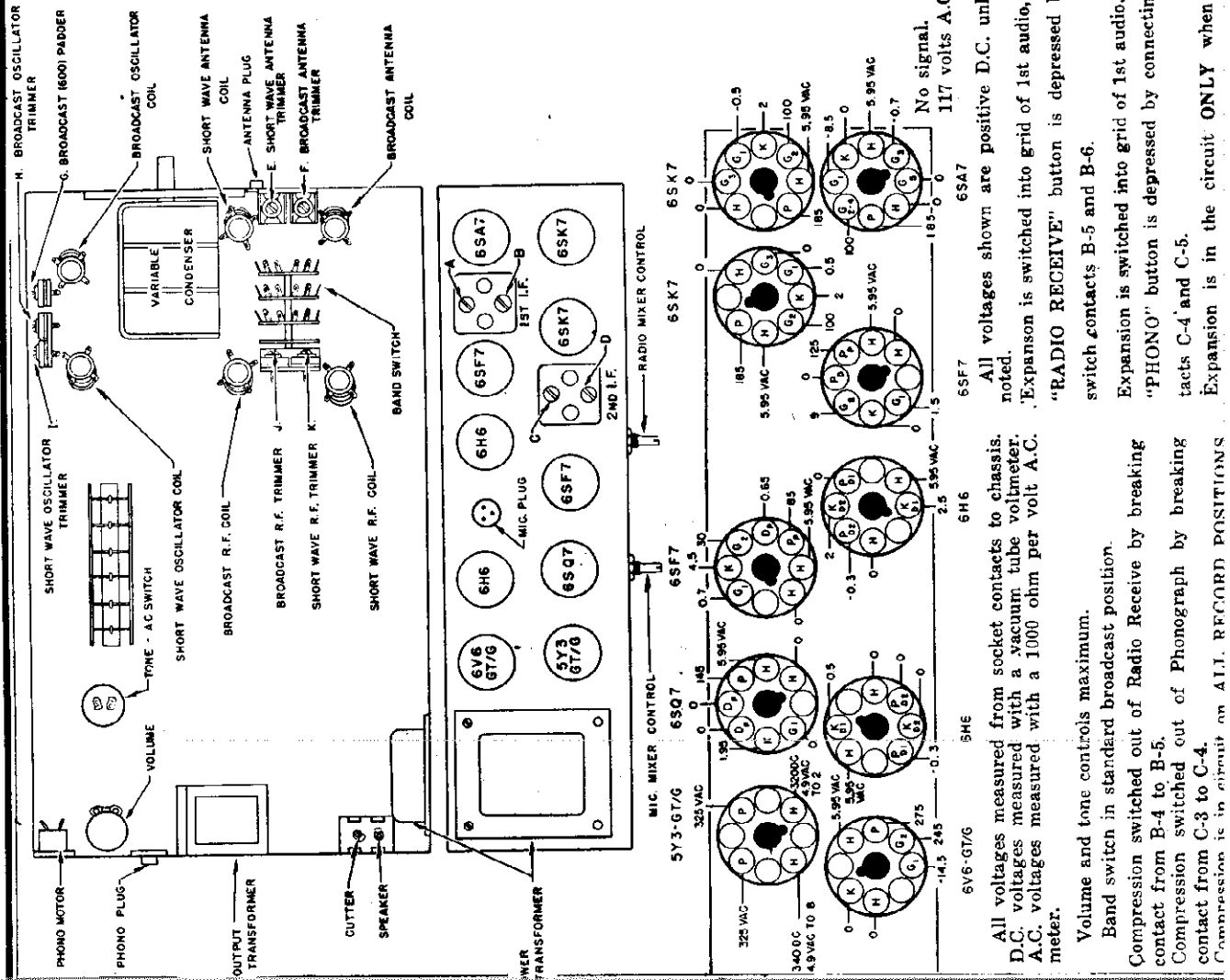
V7 6SF7 and V6 6H6 embrace the expansion circuit. Referring to Figure 3, Schematic Diagram, it will be noted that volume expansion is in the circuit at all times when the Phono or Radio receive buttons are depressed. V7, 6SF7 serves as the 2nd detector and expansion amplifier. V6, 6H6 functions as the expansion rectifier in one diode section and furnishes delayed audio AVC in the other diode section. V8, 6H6 functions as the compressor rectifier.

HOW TO CHECK EXPANSION VOLTAGE

Feed a 1 volt (RMS) 400 cycle signal into the Phono input plug. Make certain the Phono button is depressed. Connect the leads of a vacuum tube voltmeter* to the location indicated on Figure 3, Schematic Diagram and ground. The voltage at this point should be between 3 and 4 volts positive D.C. As a cross check measure the cathode voltage of V4, 6SF7, which should read about 5 volts D.C. The expansion voltage should be about 1 volt less.

HOW TO CHECK COMPRESSION VOLTAGE

Depress the Radio Record button. Feed a 1 volt (RMS) 400 cycle signal into the diode return of the 2nd I.F. (above lead). In the same manner outlined in the preceding paragraph, measure the compression voltage, which should be approximately a minus 2 to 3 volts.

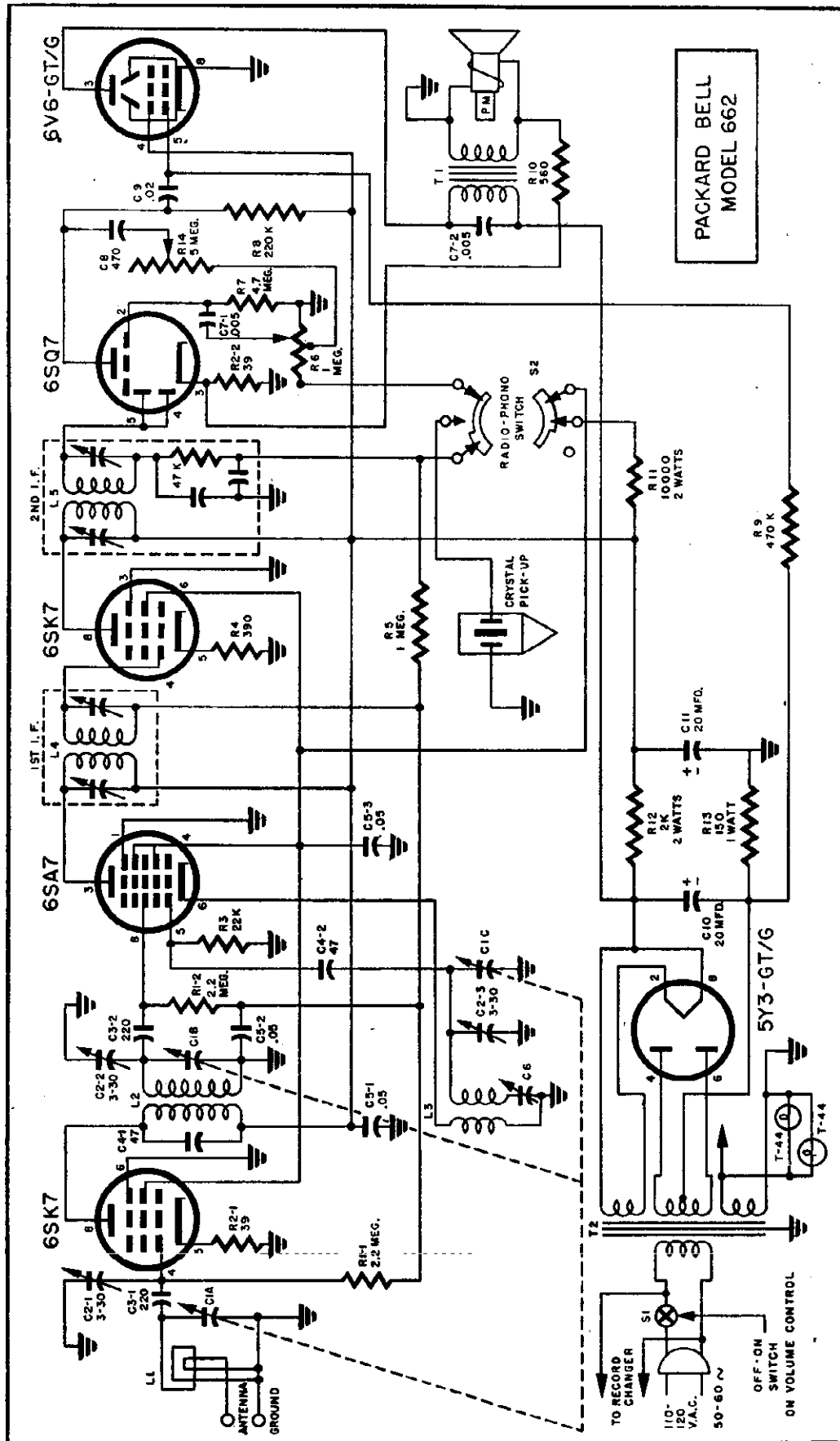


MODEL 1054

PACKARD BELL CO.

PART NO.	REF. SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION	PART NO.	REF. SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
10505		Assembly, switch arm	68048		Decal, band switch
10506		Assembly, pointer	69003A		Pulley, dial
11007A		Arm, band switch drive coupling	69007		Pulley, drive: 50 cycle operation
18037C		Bracket, variable capacitor Mtg.	69001		Pulley, dial
18038B		Bracket, band switch Mtg.	73055	R1-1	Resistor, carbon: 2.2 megohms, 20%, 1/2 watt
18039A		Bracket, planetary		R1-2	
18043A		Bracket, dial	73017	R2-1	Resistor, carbon: 220 ohms, 10%, 1/2 watt
18057		Bracket, record changer shipping		R2-2	
21018C		Cabinet, radio	73026	R3	Resistor, carbon: 1200 ohms, 10%, 1/2 watt
21026		Cabinet, record album	73053	R4-1	Resistor, carbon: 1 megohm, 20%, 1/2 watt
23500C	C1-A, B & C	Capacitor, variable: 3 gang with pulley		R4-2	
23400A	C2-1	Capacitor, trimmer: dual 30 Mmf.		R4-3	
	C2-2		73041	R5-1	Resistor, carbon: 22,000 ohms, 10%, 1/2 watt
	C2-3			R5-2	
	C2-4		73127	R6	Resistor, carbon: 5600 ohms, 10%, 2 watt
	C2-5		73049	R7-1	Resistor, carbon: 220,000 ohms, 20%, 1/2 watt
	C2-6			R7-2	
23228	C3-1	Capacitor, mica: 220 Mmf. 20%		R7-3	
	C3-2			R7-4	
23402	C4	Capacitor, padder: 300 to 800 Mmf.		R7-5	
23225	C5-1	Capacitor, mica: 47 Mmf. 20%		R7-6	
	C5-2			R7-7	
	C5-3		73060	R9-1	Resistor, carbon: 56,000 ohms, 10%, 1/2 watt
23006	C6-1	Capacitor, paper: .05 Mfd. 200 volt		R9-2	
	C6-2		73042	R8	Resistor, carbon: 27,000 ohms, 10%, 1/2 watt
	C6-3		73057	R10-1	Resistor, carbon: 4.7 megohms, 20%, 1/2 watt
	C6-4			R10-2	
	C6-5			R10-3	
23207A	C7	Capacitor, mica: 4900 Mmf. 5%		R10-4	
23010	C8-1	Capacitor, paper: .05 Mfd. 600 volt		R10-5	
	C8-2		73051	R11-1	Resistor, carbon: 470,000 ohms, 20%, 1/2 watt
	C8-3			R11-2	
23017	C9-1	Capacitor, paper: .05 Mfd. 200 volt		R11-3	
	C9-2			R11-4	
	C9-3			R11-5	
	C9-4		73054	R12-1	Resistor, carbon: 1.5 megohms, 20%, 1/2 watt
23004	C10-1	Capacitor, paper: .005 Mfd. 600 volt		R12-2	
	C10-2		73076	R13-1	Resistor, carbon: 56,000 ohms, 10%, 1 watt
	C10-3			R13-2	
23019	C11	Capacitor, paper: .1 Mfd. 200 volt	73126	R14	Resistor, carbon: 1500 ohms, 10%, 2 watt
23001	C13-1	Capacitor, paper: .001 Mfd. 600 volt	73022	R15	Resistor, carbon: 560 ohms, 10%, 1/2 watt
	C13-2		73077	R16	Resistor, carbon: 180 ohms, 10%, 2 watt
23007	C14-1	Capacitor, paper: .02 Mfd. 600 volt	73907	R17	Resistor, wire wound: 2500 ohms, 10%, 5 watt
	C14-2		73120	R18	Resistor, carbon: 1000 ohms, 10%, 2 watt
	C14-3		73047	R19-1	Resistor, carbon: 100,000 ohms, 20%, 1/2 watt
23020	C15-1	Capacitor, paper: .2 Mfd. 400 volt		R19-2	
	C15-2		73037	R20	Resistor, carbon: 10,000 ohms, 10%, 1/2 watt
24006	C16	Capacitor, electrolytic: 25 Mfd. 25 WV	73030	R21	Resistor, carbon: 2700 ohms, 10%, 1/2 watt
23002	C17	Capacitor, paper: .002 Mfd. 600 volt	25800	R22-1	Control, mixer: 500,000 ohms
24002	C19-1	Capacitor, electrolytic: 10 Mfd. 450 WV		R22-2	
	C19-2		25500A	R23A, B & C	Control, volume: 3 section; section A 1 megohm, section B 2 megohms, section C 500,000 ohms
24001	C20-1	Capacitor, electrolytic: 20 Mfd. 450 WV	25002A	R24	Control, tone: 3 megohms, with AC switch
	C20-2		73025	R25	Resistor, carbon: 1000 ohms, 10%, 1/2 watt
23208	C21	Capacitor, mica: 4000 Mmf. 10%	73033	R26	Resistor, carbon: 4700 ohms, 10%, 1/2 watt
23016	C22-1	Capacitor, paper: .003 Mfd. 600 volt	73020	R27	Resistor, carbon: 390 ohms, 10%, 1/2 watt
	C22-2		73903	R28	Resistor, wire wound: 15 ohms, 10%, 1 watt
23901	C24A & B	Capacitor, paper: 2 X .006 Mfd. 600 volt (metal case)	73910	R29	Resistor, wire wound: .5 ohm, 10%, 1 watt
23018	C25-1	Capacitor, paper: .2 Mfd. 200 volt	73039	R30	Resistor, carbon: 15,000 ohms, 10%, 1/2 watt
	C25-2		78008		Shield, microphone plug
28005A		Clip, antenna	79002		Socket, tube: 8 prong octal; wafer type
29306	L1	Loop, antenna	79004		Socket, microphone
29400A	L2	Coil, antenna: Std. broadcast	79005		Socket, antenna & phono
29401A	L3	Coil, antenna: short wave	79007		Socket, phono motor
29101A	L4	Coil, R.F.: short wave	79009		Socket, dial lamp: bayonet base
29102A	L5	Coil, R.F.: Std. broadcast	79018		Socket, speaker & cutter
29201A	L6	Coil, oscillator: short wave	79021		Socket, tube: 8 prong octal; black bakelite
29205A	L7	Coil, oscillator: Std. broadcast	83701		Speaker, permanent magnet: 10"
29004D	L8	Coil, 1st I.F.: 455 KC	84001B		Spring, dial
29007	L9	Coil, 2nd I.F.: 455 KC	84011		Spring, push button knob
32003C		Cord, AC: 8'	86001A	S1	Switch, rotary: 3 gang; wafer type; band switch
32015		Cord, AC: 2 1/2'	86301	S2	Switch, push button
35002		Conductor, variable capacitor ground	86802		Switch, micro: part of automatic cut- ter stop
36020		Cutter cartridge	89409B	T1	Transformer, output
38021A		Dial scale	89006C	T2	Transformer, power
40101B		Drive, planetary			
40111B		Drive, band switch			
41005		Escutcheon, dial			
50038		Insulator, antenna connector			
52019A		Knob, control: bleach (set screw)			
52020A		Knob, control: bleach (slip on)			
52021A		Knob, control: walnut (set screw)			
52022A		Knob, control: walnut (slip on)			
52023		Knob, push button: walnut			
52024A		Knob, push button: bleach			
54001		Lamp, dial: T-44; bayonet base			
57001B		Microphone with cable			
57002		Microphone handle			
57003		Microphone base			
58004B		Record changer			
59001		Needle, permanent: phono			
59002		Needle, cutter: (stylus)			
62013A		Panel, cabinet back			
63008		Pick-up, crystal: cartridge (phono)			
66005		Plug, microphone			
68029		Operating instructions			
68042		Decal, volume control			
68043		Decal, tone control			
68044		Decal, push buttons			
68045		Decal, tuning			

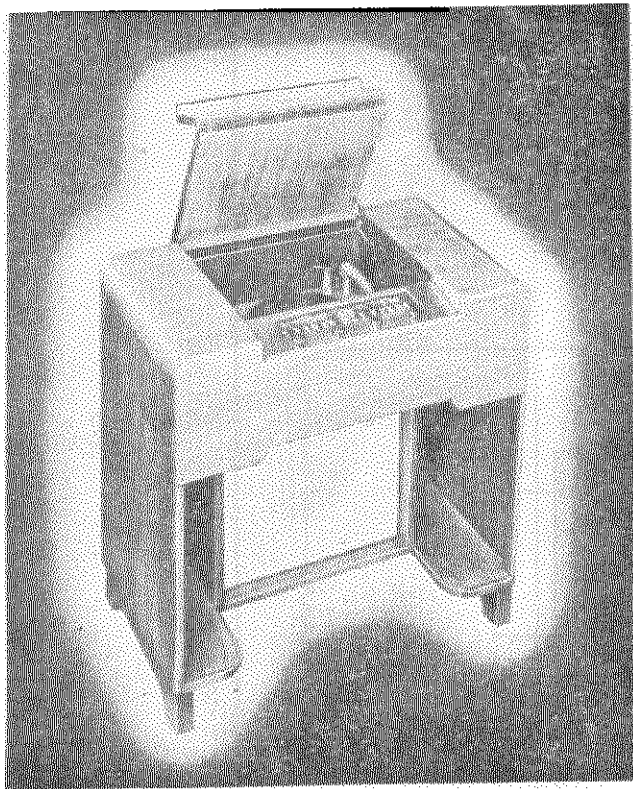
PACKARD BELL CO.



PACKARD BELL
MODEL 662

MODEL 662

PACKARD BELL CO.



SPECIFICATIONS

Overall Dimensions:
 Height 26 3/8" Depth 18 1/2"
 Width 29 3/8" Weight 70 Lbs.

Electrical Rating:
 Line Voltage . . . 110-120 volts, 50-60 cycle A.C.
 Power Consumption . . . 67 watts

Tuning Frequency Range:
 540 to 1740 KC

Intermediate Frequency:
 465 KC

Electrical Output:
 5 watts maximum

Loudspeaker:
 Type . . . Permanent Magnet
 Outside Cone Diameter . . . 10"
 Voice Coil Impedance . . . 3.5 ohms at 400 cycles
 Magnet Rating . . . 4.64 Oz. Alnico 5

Tube	Function
6SK7	R.F. Amplifier
6SA7	Frequency Converter
6SK7	I.F. Amplifier
6SQ7	Detector-Amplifier
6V6-GT/G	Power Amplifier
5Y3-GT/G	Rectifier

GENERAL INFORMATION

Model 662 is a console, radio-phonograph combination with an automatic record changer. This model employs a specially designed high impedance loop antenna and a permanent magnet speaker. It is housed in a wood cabinet of bleached or walnut design.

For service information concerning the record changer, refer to the Model 550 Automatic Record Changer Manual. This record changer is also used on Packard-Bell Model 661.

Chassis mounting procedure will be found on the tube layout-license label.

To Service tubes, remove plate in record changer compartment.

Referring to Figure 4, Record Changer Motor Diagram, a 50 ohm, 10 watt resistor will be noted in series with the motor. This resistor was added after an early run to avoid motor heating on 50 cycle current. The resistor is enclosed in a small metal shield. The addition of this resistor does not, in any manner, detract from the efficiency of the motor on 50 or 60 cycle operation.

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

Alignment Procedure consists of the 5 steps outlined in the Alignment Procedure Chart.

Connect the test oscillator leads to the mixer grid and ground in series with an .01 Mfd. capacitor (dummy load) for step No. 1, I.F. Alignment. Upon completion of this step "Rock" the variable condenser to assure that the I.F.s have been aligned to the correct frequency. Output should remain constant for any setting of variable capacitor.

Use the Hazeltine Standard Test Loop No. 1150, or a reasonable substitute, for the balance of the alignment. Place the test loop about two feet from the receiver loop in a vertical position.

It will be noted that all alignment trimmers are accessible without removing the chassis from the cabinet.

IMPORTANT NOTICE: Make certain that each alignment is done with a minimum input signal.

ALIGNMENT CHART

STEP	CONNECT TEST OSC.	TEST OSC. SETTING	POINTER SETTING	ADJUST FOR MAX. OUTPUT
1	Mixer Grid & Grd. (.01 Mfd. Cap.)	455 KC	540 KC	Trimmers A, B, C & D
2	Standard Test Loop*	1740 KC	1740 KC	Trimmer G to 1740 KC
3	Standard Test Loop*	600 KC	Rock Variable	Padder E
4	Standard Test Loop*	1500 KC	1500 KC	Trimmers F & H
5	Repeat Steps 2, 3, & 4			

NOTE: Hazeltine Test Loop No. 1150 (or a reasonable substitute)

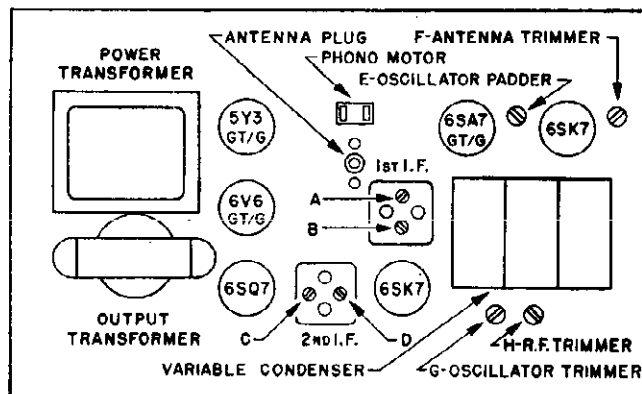


FIGURE 2 TRIMMER LOCATION

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SPECIAL SERVICE INFORMATION

D.C. Resistance Measurements:

1st & 2nd I.F. Coils

Primary . . . 17 ohms	*NOTE: To obtain the true reading of the secondary of the 2nd I.F. Coil, it must be removed from the can. This is so because of the 47K resistor inside the can.
Secondary . . . 17 ohms	
Oscillator Coil	
Primary 1 ohm	
Secondary 6 ohms	
R.F. Coil	
Primary 58 ohms	
Secondary 4.2 ohms	

NOTICE: The D.C. Resistance measurements on all coils are subject to a 20% tolerance due to the variation of winding methods.

STAGE GAIN MEASUREMENTS:

Measurements taken with volume and tone controls maximum.

Switch in RADIO position.

AVC shorted out.

Standard Output . . . 50 milliwatts

Dummy Antenna . . . 200 Mmf.

Antenna to R.F. Grid . . . 6X at 1000 KC

R.F. Grid to Converter Grid . . . 7X at 1000 KC

Converter Grid to 1st I.F. Grid . . . 46X at 455 KC

1st I.F. Grid to 2nd Detector . . . 62X at 455 KC

Overall Audio Gain . . . 320X at .5 watts 400 cycles

OSCILLATOR CATHODE VOLTAGES:

Measured at 120 volts AC line voltage with AC vacuum tube voltmeter input loading above 10 megohms.

1500 KC . . .	2.25 volts AC
1000 KC . . .	2.15 volts AC
800 KC . . .	2.3 volts AC
600 KC . . .	2.5 volts AC

All D.C. voltages measured with a vacuum tube voltmeter from socket contacts to chassis. — A.C. voltages measured with a 1000 ohms per volt A.C. meter from socket contacts to chassis. — Volume and tone controls maximum. — Switch in Radio position. — No signal. — All voltages shown are positive D.C. unless otherwise noted.

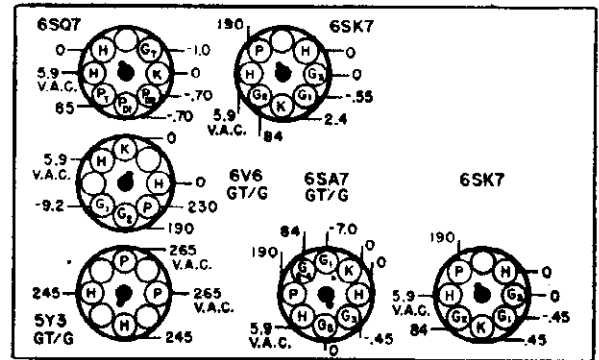


FIGURE 1 SOCKET VOLTAGES

TABLE OF REPLACEABLE PARTS

PART NO.	REF. SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION	PART NO.	REF. SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
19010		Bushing, drive	78008	R2-1	Resistor, carbon: 89 ohms, 10%, 1/2 watt
21036G		Cabinet	78008	R2-2	Resistor, carbon: 89 ohms, 10%, 1/2 watt
23500C	C1A, B & C	Capacitor, variable: 3 gang	73041	R3	Resistor, carbon: 22,000 ohms, 10%, 1/2 watt
23401	C2-1	Capacitor, trimmer: 3-30 Mmf.	78020	R4	Resistor, carbon: 390 ohms, 10%, 1/2 watt
	C2-2		78053	R5	Resistor, carbon: 1 megohm, 20%, 1/2 watt
23406	C2-3	Capacitor, trimmer: 3-30 Mmf.	25010B	R6 & S1	Control, volume: 1 megohm, tapped at 200,000 ohms; with A.C. switch
23228	C3-1	Capacitor, mica: 220 Mmf. 20%	78057	R7	Resistor, carbon: 4.7 megohms, 20%, 1/2 watt
	C3-2		73049	R8	Resistor, carbon: 220,000 ohms, 20%, 1/2 watt
23225	C4-1	Capacitor, mica: 47 Mmf. 20%	78051	R9	Resistor, carbon: 470,000 ohms, 20%, 1/2 watt
	C4-2		78022	R10	Resistor, carbon: 560 ohms, 10%, 1/2 watt
23009	C5-1	Capacitor, paper: .05 Mfd. 400 volt	73125	R11	Resistor, carbon: 10,000 ohms, 10%, 2 watt
	C5-2		73214	R12	Resistor, carbon: 2000 ohms, 10%, 2 watt
	C5-3		78081	R13	Resistor, carbon: 150 ohms, 10%, 1 watt
23402	C6	Capacitor, padder: 300-800 Mmf.	25506B	R14	Control, tone: 5 megohms
23004	C7-1	Capacitor, paper: .005 Mfd. 600 volt	78911	R15	Resistor, wire wound: 50 ohms, 10 watt
	C7-2		77014E		Shaft, dial
23229	C8	Capacitor, mica: 470 Mmf. 20%	78028		Shield, light
23007	C9	Capacitor, paper: .02 Mfd. 600 volt	79002		Socket, tube: 8 prong octal, wafer type
24001-3	C10	Capacitor, electrolytic: 20 Mfd. 450 volt	79004		Socket, antenna
			79005		Socket, phono
24003	C11	Capacitor, electrolytic: 20 Mfd. 350 volt	79007		Socket, A.C.
29310A	L1	Loop antenna, high impedance	79010B		Socket, dial lamp: bayonet base
29102A	L2	Coil, R.F.	83703		Speaker, permanent magnet: 10"
29205A	L3	Coil, oscillator	84001B		Spring, dial cord
29004D	L4	Coil, 1st I.F.: 455 KC	84003A		Spring, knob
29007	L5	Coil, 2nd I.F.: 455 KC	84015		Spring, conical: changer mounting
32008C		Cord, A.C.: 8'	86008	S2	Switch, rotary: wafer type, single section, phono-radio
34002D		Cover, volume control	89409C	T1	Transformer, output
38034A		Dial scale	89010A	T2	Transformer, power
40002		Dial drive cord			
52001A		Knob, plastic			
54001		Dial lamp, bayonet base: 250 M A			
58008		Record changer			
59001		Needle, phono: permanent			
65032		Plate, front			
66004		Plug, speaker & phono			
66005		Plug, antenna			
66008		Plug, A.C.			
67004		Pointer slide			
67014		Pointer, wire			
78055	R1-1	Resistor, carbon: 2.2 megohms, 20%, 1/2 watt			
	R1-2				

MODEL 662

PACKARD BELL CO.

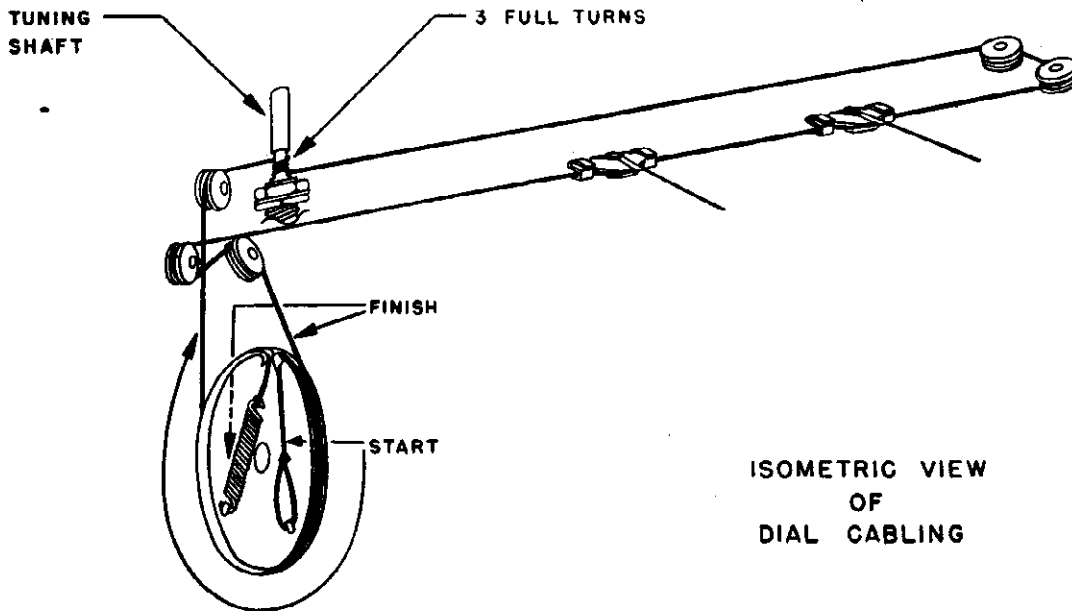


FIGURE 3

Dial Cord Diagram

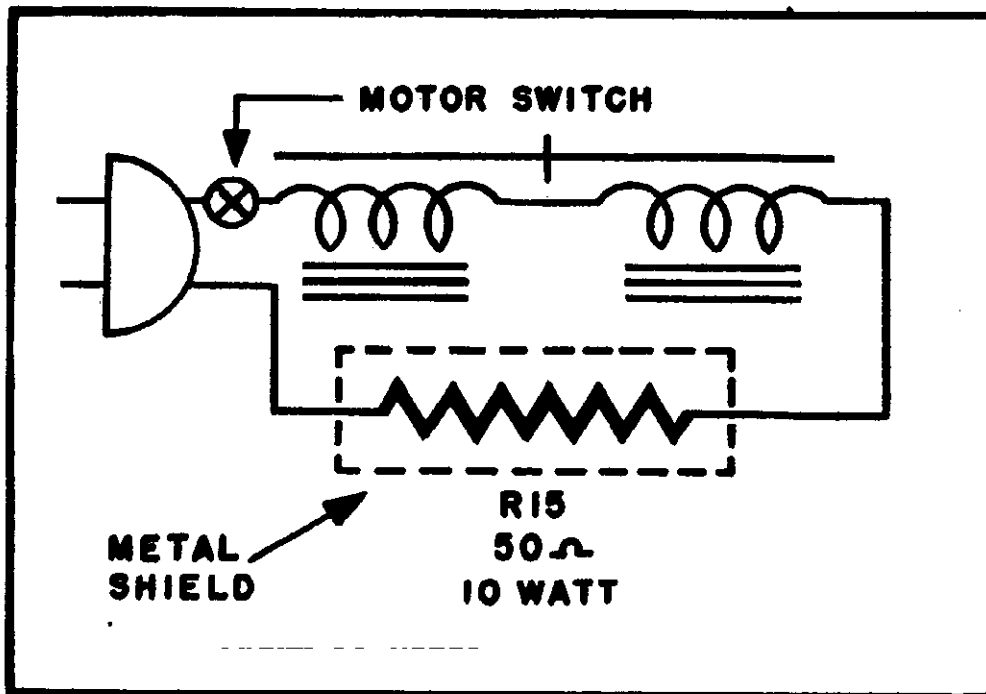
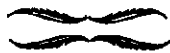


FIGURE 4

Record Changer Motor Diagram

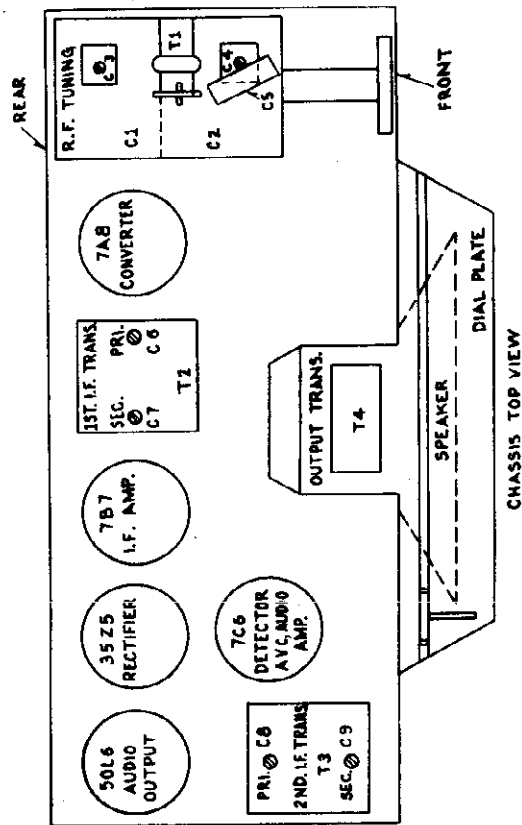
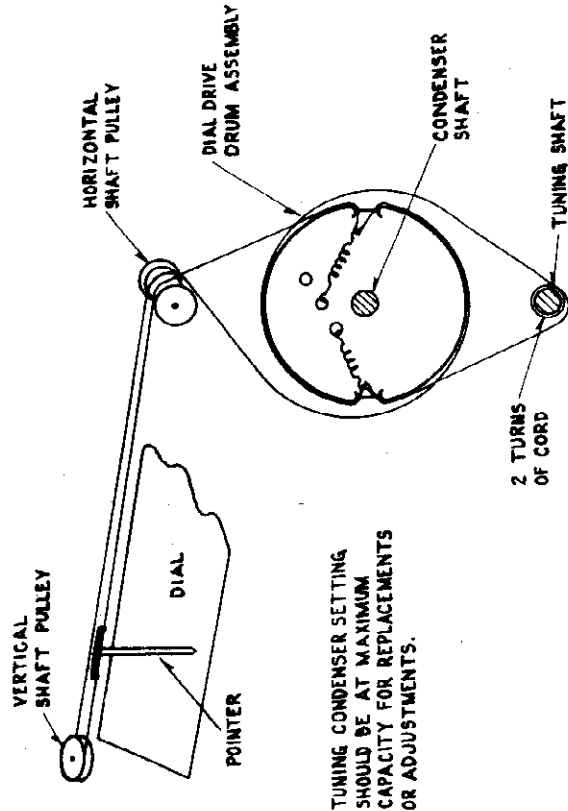
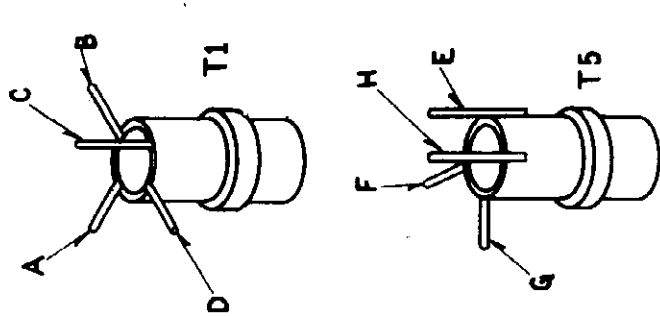
MODELS 46-250,
46-250-I, 46-251
Code 121

PHILCO RADIO & TELEV. CORP.

ALIGNMENT

PHILCO 46-250

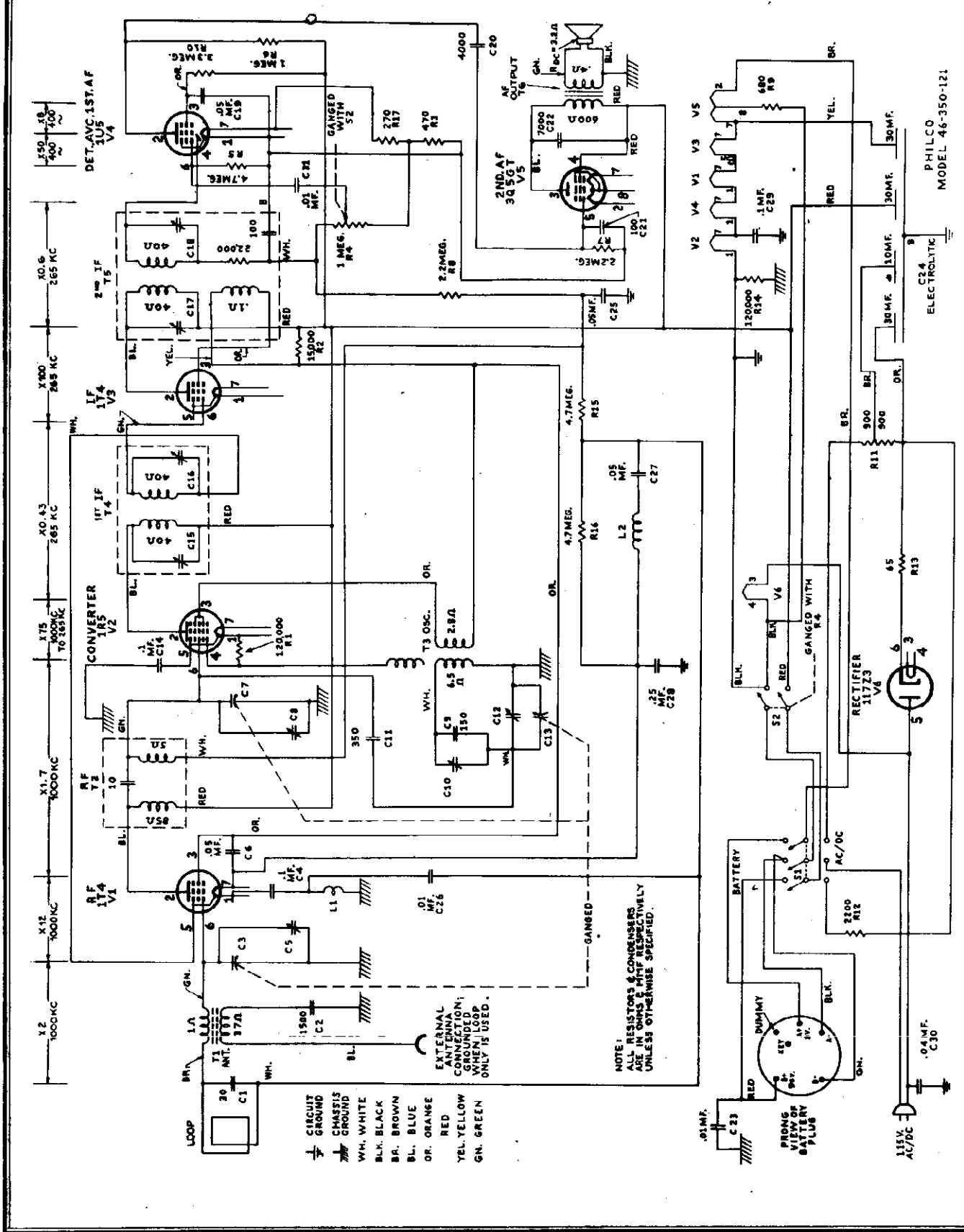
Alignment may be accomplished with the chassis in the cabinet if a small alignment screwdriver is used. Connect the output meter between the left hand terminal (high) and center terminal (low) of the chassis antenna terminal strip. Connect the signal generator to the standard Hazeltine loop Model 1150 and couple it loosely to the receiver loop. The volume control should be set at maximum. The tuning condenser plates should be fully meshed when the dial pointer is at the index mark at the low frequency end of the dial. The generator output should always be just sufficient to obtain a minimum indication on the output meter. Set the signal generator in the following sequence: C9, C8, C7, C6. Set the generator and receiver to 1600 kc. and adjust the oscillator trimmer C4 for maximum output. Set the generator and receiver to 1500 kc. and adjust the r-f trimmer C1 for maximum output.



PHILCO RADIO & TELEV. CORP.

TUBE	PIN	VTVM	20,000 OHMS VTVM	1,000 OHMS VTVM	RESISTANCE TO CIRCUIT GROUND
7A8	1	0	0	0	20
	2	98	96	96	10,000,000
	3	98	96	96	10,000,000
	4	-10	-9.5	-4	115,000
	5	44	44	44	10,000,000
	6	-1	-0.5	-0.5	INFINITE
	7	0	0	0	0
	8	0	0	0	20
7B7	1	44	42	42	30
	2	-1	-0.5	-0.5	10,000,000
	3	0	0	0	10,000,000
	4	-1	-0.5	-0.5	2,800,000
	5	0	0	0	0
	6	0	0	0	2,800,000
	7	0	0	0	0
	8	96	96	96	26
7C6	1	0	0	0	20
	2	54	50	50	10,000,000
	3	-0.8	-0.4	-0.4	3,500,000
	4	0	0	0	0
	5	-1	-0.2	-0.2	525,000
	6	-1	-0.5	-0.4	3,000,000
	7	0	0	0	0
	8	0	0	0	0
50L6GT	1	0	0	0	INFINITE
	2	0	0	0	30
	3	100	96	96	10,000,000
	4	96	96	96	10,000,000
	5	0	0	0	500,000
	6	0	0	0	0
	7	-0.6	-0.6	-0.6	65
	8	6	6	6	130
35Z5GT/G	1	0	0	0	INFINITE
	2	0	0	0	170
	3	-0.5	-1	-1	168
	4	96	96	96	10,000,000
	5	-0.5	-1	-1	165
	6	96	96	96	10,000,000
	7	-0.5	-1	-1	140
	8	118	118	118	10,000,000

PHILCO RADIO & TELEV. CORP.



- ⚡ CIRCUIT GROUND
- ⚡ CHASSIS GROUND
- WH. WHITE
- BLK. BLACK
- BR. BROWN
- BL. BLUE
- OR. ORANGE
- RED
- YEL. YELLOW
- GN. GREEN

NOTE: ALL RESISTORS & CAPACITORS ARE IN OHMS & MUF RESPECTIVELY UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.

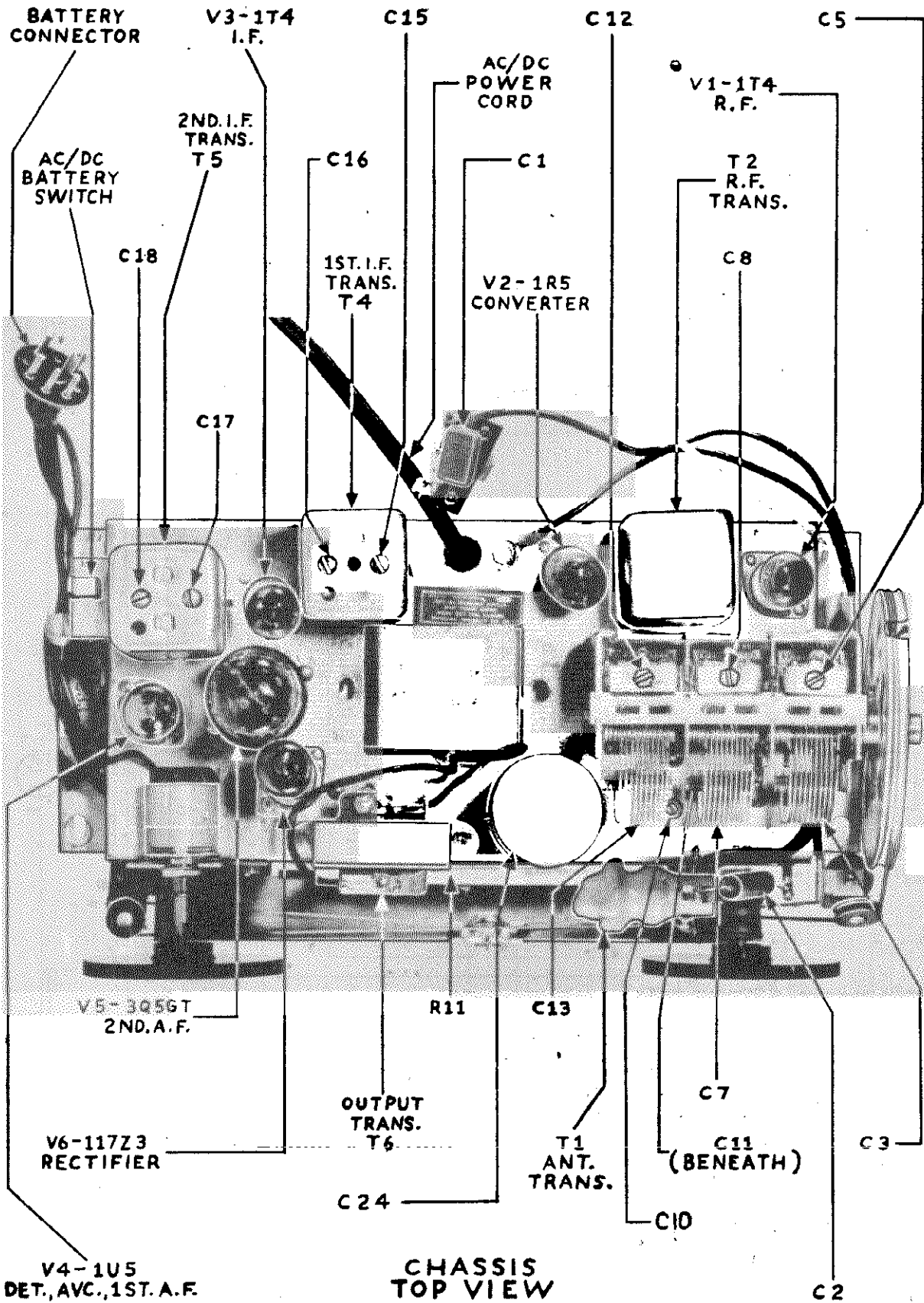
EXTERNAL ANTENNA COIL MUST BE GROUND TO LOOP WHEN LOOP ONLY IS USED.

PHILCO MODEL 46-350-121

MODEL 46-350

Code 121

PHILCO RADIO & TELEV. CORP.

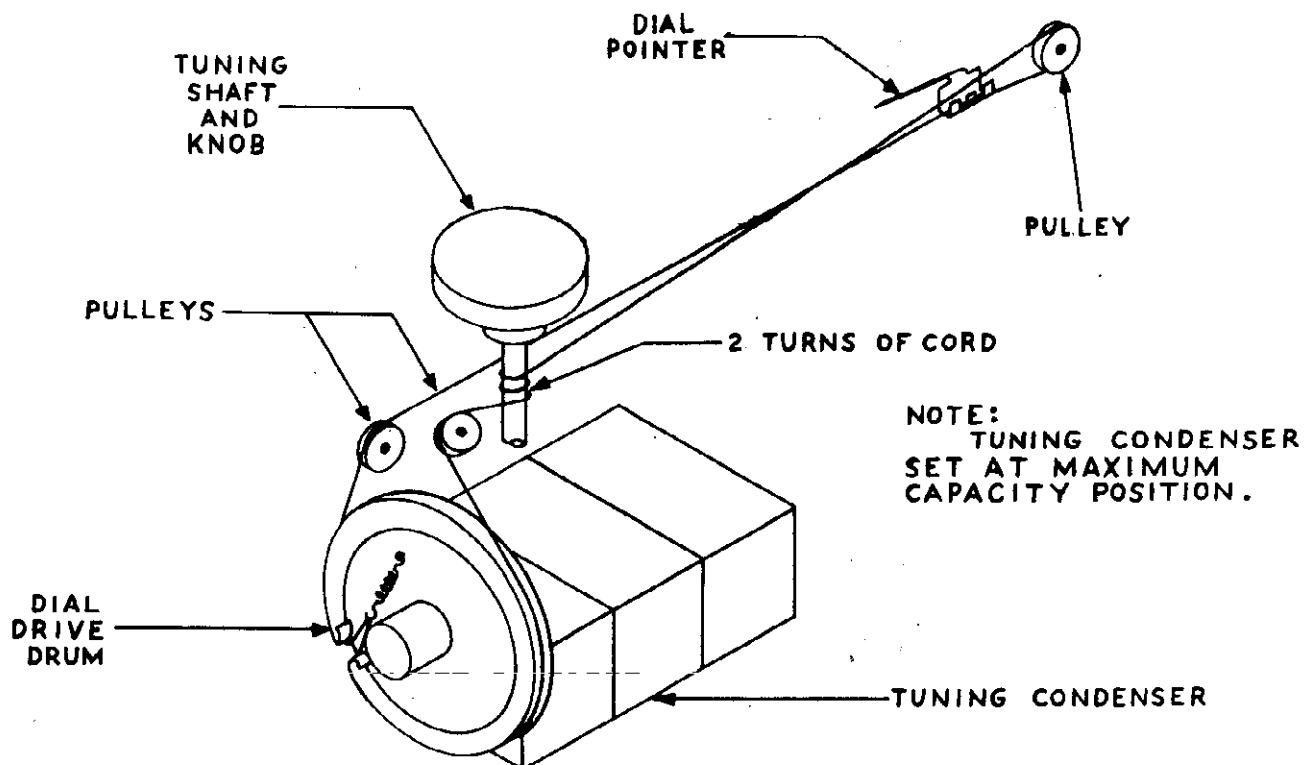


PHILCO RADIO & TELEV. CORP.

ALIGNMENT

PHILCO 46-350

The receiver should be aligned with the chassis installed in the cabinet. Connect the output meter from the voice coil lug (green wire) on the speaker to ground. Disconnect the blue external antenna lead from ground. Connect the signal generator through a .01 mf condenser to the external antenna lead. Set the receiver volume control at maximum. The tuning condenser should be fully meshed when the dial pointer is at the index mark at the low frequency end of the dial. The signal generator output should at all times be just sufficient to obtain a minimum deflection on the output meter. Set the signal generator to 265 kc. and adjust the intermediate frequency amplifier transformer trimmers for maximum meter deflection in the following sequence: C18, C17, C16, C15. Set the generator and receiver to 1600 kc. and adjust the oscillator shunt trimmer C12 for maximum output. Set the generator and receiver to 580 kc. and adjust the oscillator series padder C10 for maximum output. Proper low frequency adjustment of the oscillator requires rocking the receiver dial slightly while adjusting this trimmer for maximum output. Repeat the adjustment of the oscillator shunt trimmer C12 at 1600 kc. Set the generator and receiver to 1500 kc. and adjust the mixer trimmer C8 and the r-f trimmer C5 for maximum output.



DIAL DRIVE ASSEMBLY
TOP VIEW

PHILCO RADIO & TELEV. CORP.

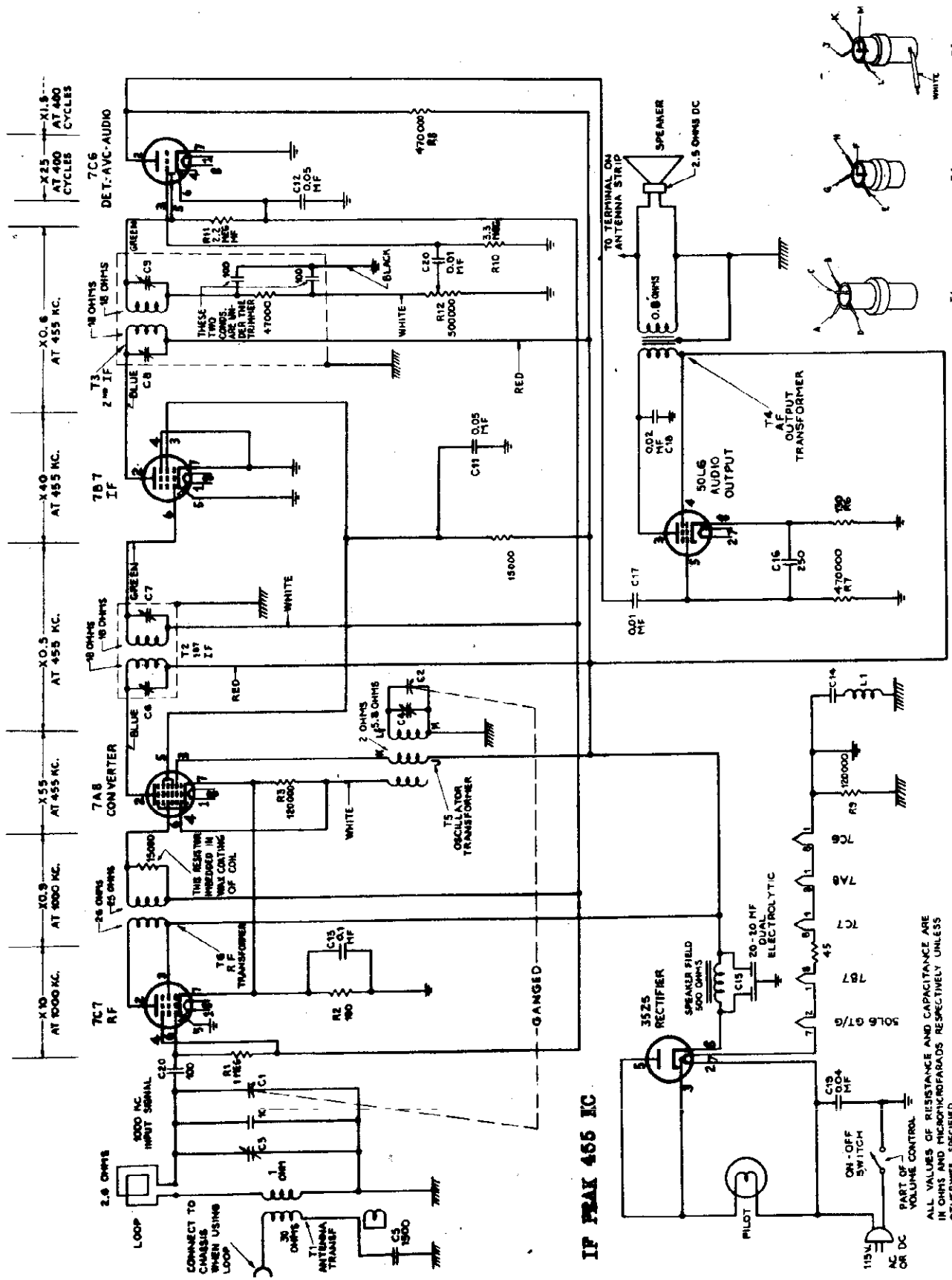
TUBE	PIN	VTVM	20,000 OHMS PER VOLT	1,000 OHMS PER VOLT	RESISTANCE
RF Amp. 1T4	1	2.5	2.5	2.5	50
	2	80	80	80	4,000
	3	44	44	44	20,000
	4	0	0	0	INFINITE
	5	3	2.8	2.8	50
	6	2.5	0.1	0	2,750,000
	7	4.2	4	4.2	65
Conv. 1R5	1	0	0	0	0
	2	80	80	80	4,000
	3	44	44	44	20,000
	4	-3.8	1.4	0	120,000
	5	0	0	0	0
	6	1	0.1	0	2,200,000
	7	1.2	1.2	1.2	30
IF Amp. 1T4	1	4	4	4	65
	2	80	80	80	4,000
	3	44	44	44	20,000
	4	13	11	4	1,100,000
	5	4	4	4	65
	6	2.8	2.6	2.6	80
	7	5.4	5.4	5.4	80
Det. AVC Audio 1U5	1	1.3	1.3	1.3	30
	2	13	12	4	1,100,000
	3	20	18	3.5	3,000,000
	4	1.4	0.4	0	850,000
	5	0	0	0	INFINITE
	6	1	0	0	5,000,000
	7	2.8	2.8	2.8	50
3Q5GT	1	1.4	1.4	1.4	30
	2	8	8	8	100
	3	78	78	78	4,600
	4	80	80	80	4,000
	5	1.3	0.2	0	2,200,000
	6	105	105	105	1,800
	7	5.4	5.4	5.4	80
	8	6.6	6.4	6.4	90
117Z3	1	0	0	0	500
	2	0	0	0	INFINITE
	3	0	0	0	500
	4	0	0	0	0
	5	0	0	0	500
	6	105	105	105	1,800
	7	0	0	0	INFINITE

MODELS 46-420,

46-420-I

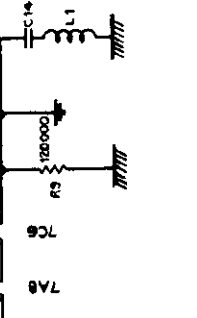
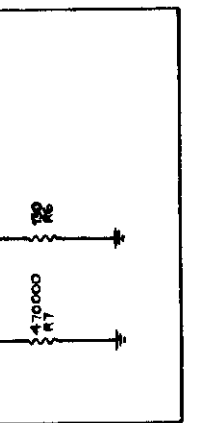
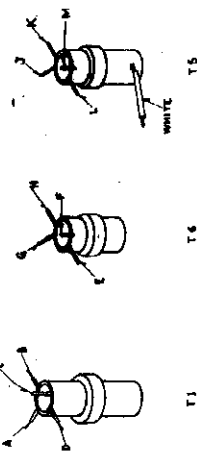
Code 121

PHILCO RADIO & TELEV. CORP.



IF FRAK 455 IC

ALL VALUES OF RESISTANCE AND CAPACITANCE ARE IN OHMS AND MICROHMFARADS RESPECTIVELY UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.



PHILCO RADIO & TELEV. CORP.

RESISTANCE VALUES		RES. TO CIRCUIT GND.		RES. TO CIRCUIT GND.		RES. TO CIRCUIT GND.		RES. TO CIRCUIT GND.	
3825GT	TERMINAL	VTVM	20,000 ^a	PER VOLT	1,000 ^a	PER VOLT	50LSGT	TERMINAL	RES. TO CIRCUIT GND.
	1	88	88		80			1	3,500,000
	2	0	0		0			2	150
	3	0	0		0			3	145
	4	88	88		80			4	3,500,000
	5	-0.6	-1.0		-1.0			5	145
	6	0	0		0			6	INFINITE
	7	-0.6	-1.0		-1.0			7	120
	8	118	110		110			8	INFINITE
50LSGT	TERMINAL	VTVM	20,000 ^a	PER VOLT	1,000 ^a	PER VOLT	50LS	TERMINAL	RES. TO CIRCUIT GND.
	1	0	0		0			1	INFINITE
	2	0	0		0			2	75
	3	78	78		78			3	3,500,000
	4	88	88		82			4	3,500,000
	5	0	0		0			5	500,000
	6	0	0		0			6	0
	7	-0.6	-1.0		-1.0			7	120
	8	5.5	5.4		5.6			8	126
706	TERMINAL	VTVM	20,000 ^a	PER VOLT	1,000 ^a	PER VOLT	706	TERMINAL	RES. TO CIRCUIT GND.
	1	0	0		0			1	0
	2	50	48		40			2	3,500,000
	3	-0.6	-0.3		-0.3			3	3,500,000
	4	0	0		0			4	0
	5	-0.6	-0.4		-0.3			5	525,000
	6	-1.0	-0.4		-0.3			6	2,800,000
	7	0	0		0			7	0
	8	0	0		0			8	20
787	TERMINAL	VTVM	20,000 ^a	PER VOLT	1,000 ^a	PER VOLT	787	TERMINAL	RES. TO CIRCUIT GND.
	1	0	0		0			1	75
	2	88	88		82			2	3,500,000
	3	50	50		50			3	3,500,000
	4	0	0		0			4	0
	5	0	0		0			5	0
	6	-1.0	-0.4		-0.3			6	2,600,000
	7	0	0		0			7	0
	8	0	0		0			8	70
788	TERMINAL	VTVM	20,000 ^a	PER VOLT	1,000 ^a	PER VOLT	788	TERMINAL	RES. TO CIRCUIT GND.
	1	0	0		0			1	20
	2	88	88		82			2	3,500,000
	3	88	88		85			3	3,500,000
	4	-1.2	-0.6		-0.6			4	120,000
	5	50	50		48			5	3,500,000
	6	-1.0	-0.4		-0.4			6	2,600,000
	7	1.2	1.2		1.2			7	180
	8	0	0		0			8	28
789	TERMINAL	VTVM	20,000 ^a	PER VOLT	1,000 ^a	PER VOLT	789	TERMINAL	RES. TO CIRCUIT GND.
	1	0	0		0			1	28
	2	88	88		84			2	3,500,000
	3	88	88		84			3	3,500,000
	4	-1.0	-0.4		-0.3			4	2,600,000
	5	0	0		0			5	0
	6	-1.0	-0.4		0			6	3,500,000
	7	1.2	1.2		1.2			7	180
	8	0	0		0			8	30

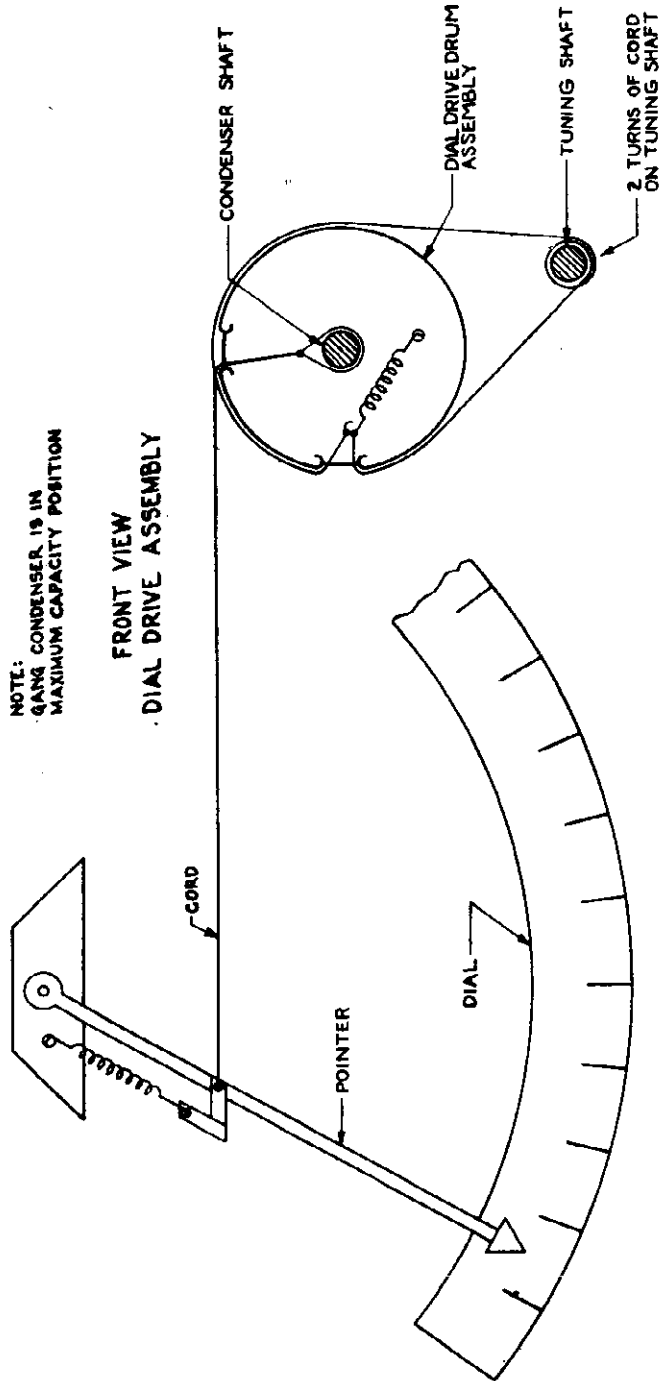
PLATE AND SCREEN VOLTAGES TAKEN WITH 1000 OHMS PER VOLT METER WERE TAKEN WITH THE 1000-VOLT RANGE. ALL CATHODE VOLTAGES WERE READ USING THE 10-VOLT SCALE OF THE 1000 OHMS PER VOLT METER.

ALL VOLTAGE READINGS ARE POSITIVE EXCEPT THOSE MARKED NEGATIVE.

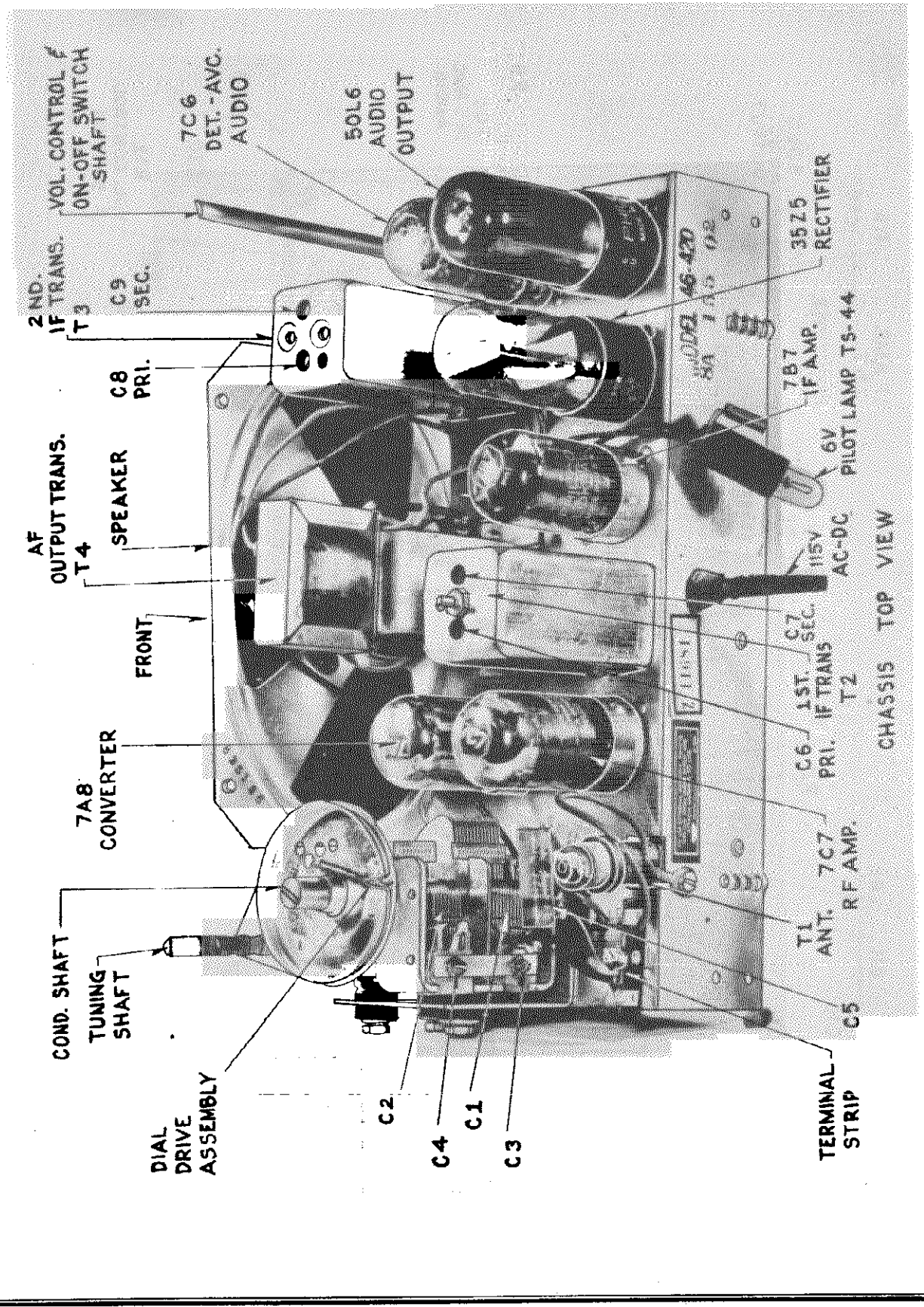
ALIGNMENT

PHILCO 46-420

Alignment may be accomplished with the chassis in the cabinet if a small alignment screwdriver is used. Connect the output meter between the left hand terminal (high) and center terminal (low) of the chassis antenna terminal strip. Connect the signal generator to the standard Hazeltine loop Model 1150 and couple it loosely to the receiver loop. The volume control should be set at maximum. The tuning condenser plates should be fully meshed when the dial pointer is at the index mark at the low frequency end of the dial. The generator output should always be just sufficient to obtain a minimum deflection on the output meter. Set the signal generator to 455 kc. and adjust the i-f trimmers for maximum meter deflection in the following sequence: C9, C8, C7, C6. Set the generator and receiver to 1600 kc. and adjust the oscillator trimmer C4 for maximum output. Set the generator and receiver to 1500 kc. and adjust the r-f trimmer C3 for maximum output.



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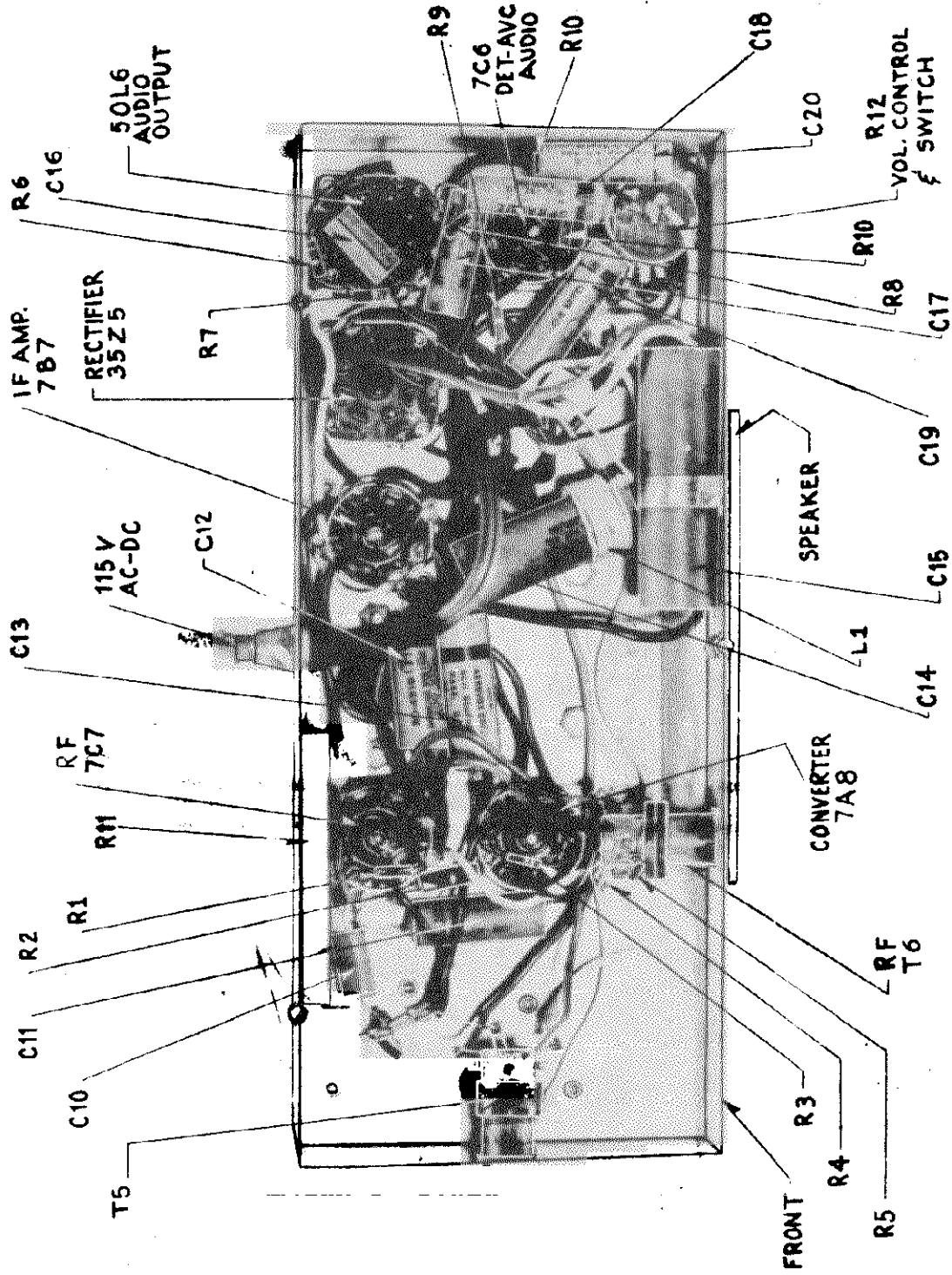
CHASSIS TOP VIEW

MODELS 46-420

46-420-I

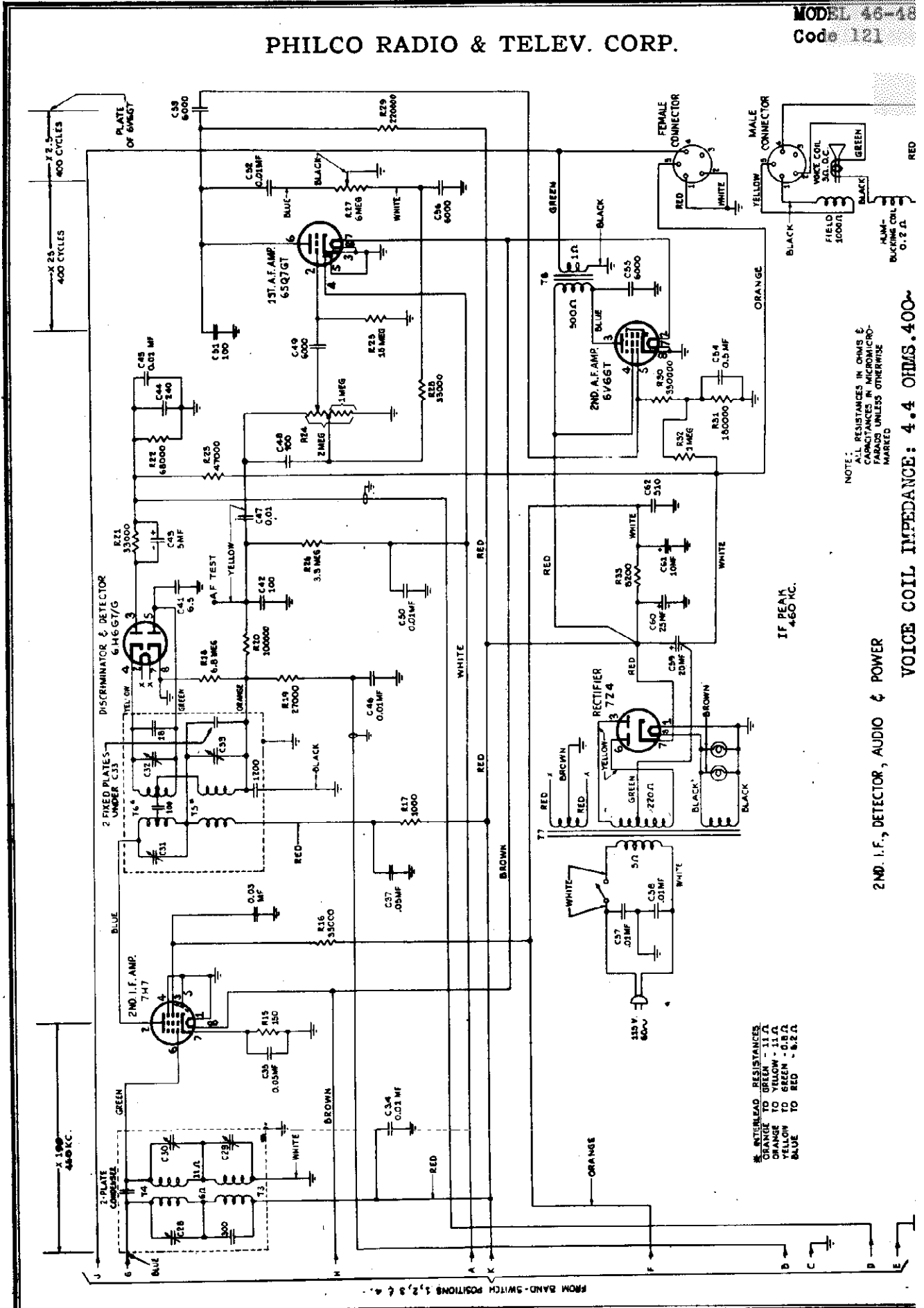
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PHILCO RADIO & TELEV. CORP.



CHASSIS BOTTOM VIEW

PHILCO RADIO & TELEV. CORP.



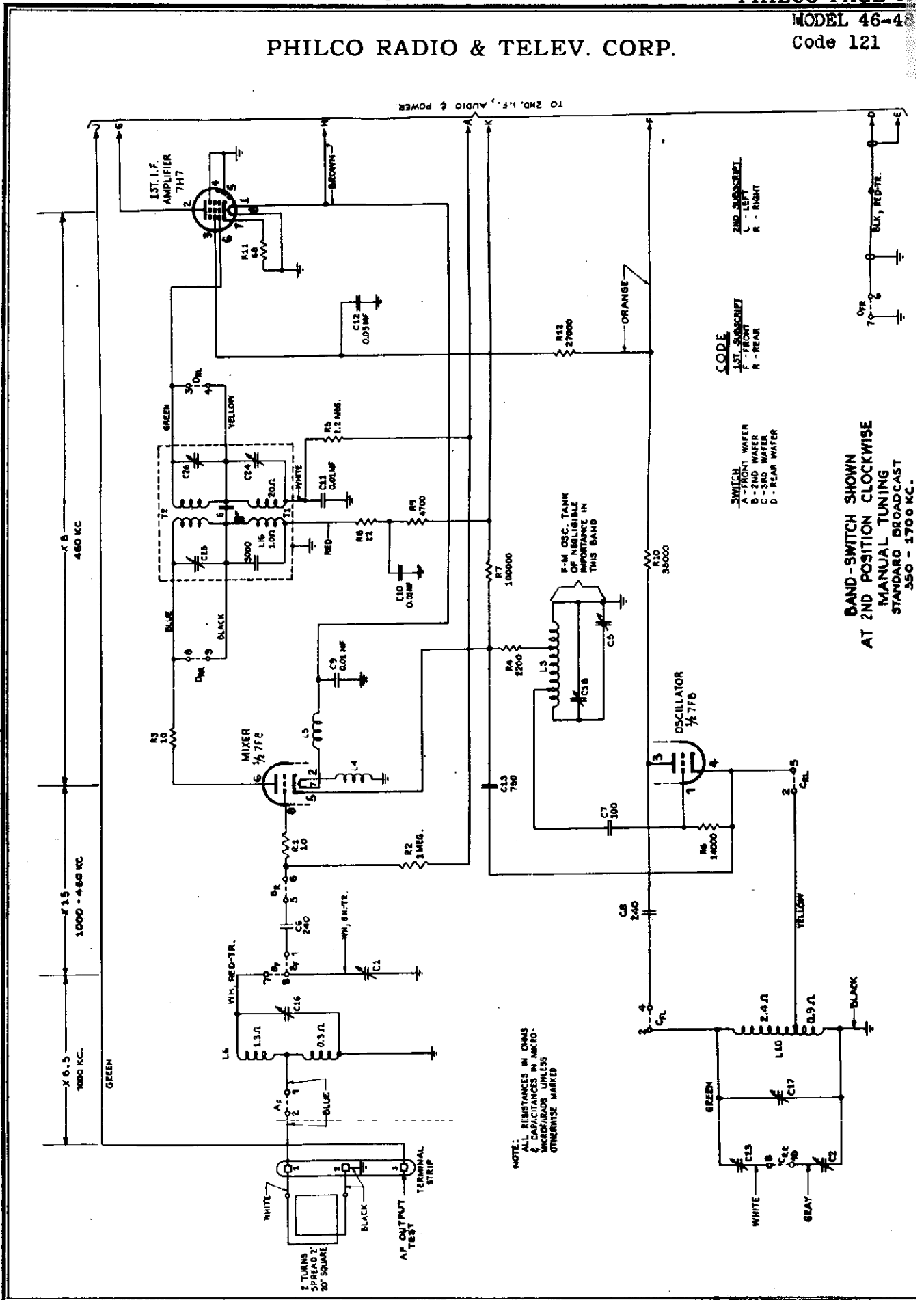
NOTE: ALL RESISTANCES IN OHMS & CAPACITANCES IN MICROMICROFARADS UNLESS OTHERWISE MARKED

IF PEAK 460 KC.

VOICE COIL IMPEDANCE: 4.4 OHMS. 400~

* INTERLEAD RESISTANCES
 ORANGE TO GREEN - 11Ω
 ORANGE TO YELLOW - 11Ω
 YELLOW TO GREEN - 0.8Ω
 BLUE TO RED - 8.2Ω

PHILCO RADIO & TELEV. CORP.



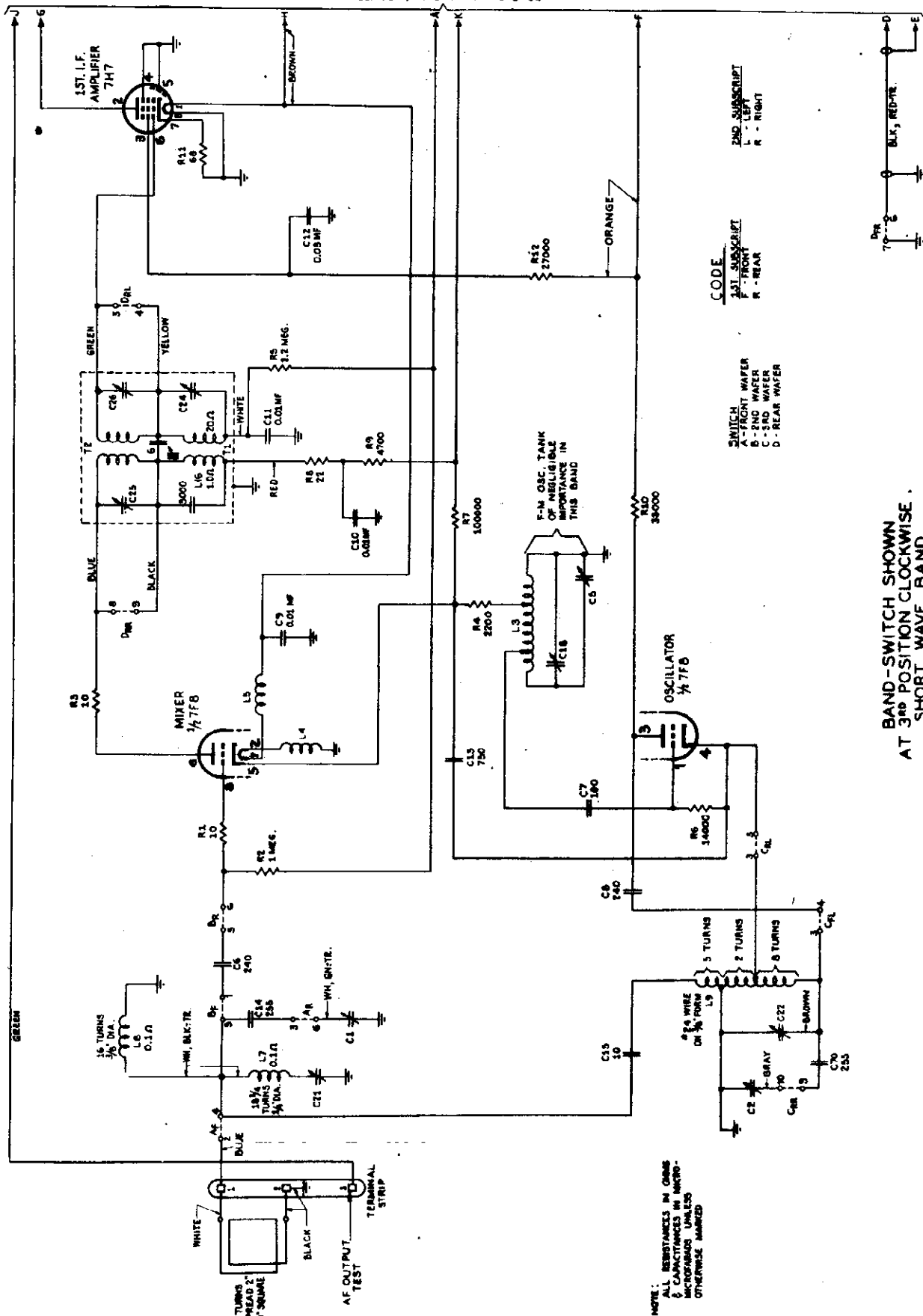
"clarified schematics"

MODEL 46-480

Code 121

PHILCO RADIO & TELEV. CORP.

TO 2ND. I.F., AUDIO & POWER



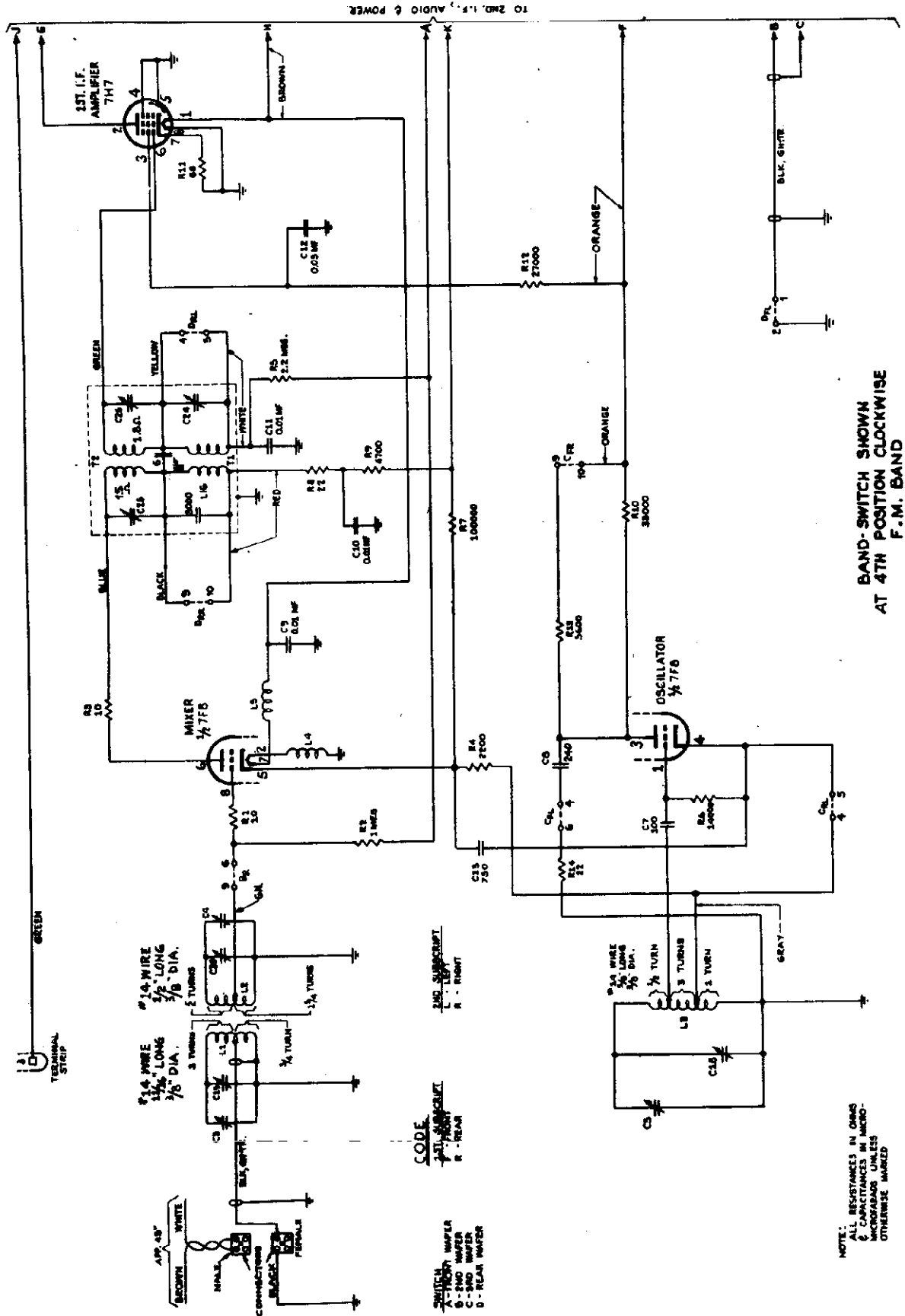
NOTE: ALL RESISTANCES IN OHMS & CAPACITANCES IN MICRO-MICROFARADS UNLESS OTHERWISE MARKED

CODE
1st SUBSCRIPT
F - FRONT
R - REAR

SWITCH WAFER
A - FRONT WAFER
B - END WAFER
C - 2nd WAFER
D - REAR WAFER

BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
AT 3rd POSITION CLOCKWISE
AT SHORT WAVE BAND
9.3 - 15.5 MC.

PHILCO RADIO & TELEV. CORP.



BAND SWITCH SHOWN
AT 4TH POSITION CLOCKWISE
F.M. BAND
88 - 108 MC.

NOTE:
ALL RESISTANCES IN OHMS
& CAPACITANCES IN MICRO-
MICROFARADS UNLESS
OTHERWISE MARKED

CODE
A - FRONT
R - REAR

SWITCH MAPLE
2ND MAPLE
3RD MAPLE
4TH MAPLE
5TH MAPLE
6TH MAPLE
7TH MAPLE
8TH MAPLE

PHILCO RADIO & TELEV. CORP.

F-M Alignment

Connect a d-c vacuum tube voltmeter across the 5-mf condenser C43 in the ratio detector circuit. The alignment should be carried through without modulation of the generator output. The receiver band switch should be in the F-M position.

This chassis must be removed from the cabinet for aligning. Power should not be turned on in this receiver unless the speaker is connected. A-M alignment should be completed before F-M alignment. Alignment of the A-M circuits may not disturb the alignment of the F-M circuits. Calibrate the receiver dial backplate as shown in Figure 1. The receiver dial pointer should coincide with the index mark at the low frequency end of the dial when the gang condenser is fully in mesh.

A-M ALIGNMENT

Connect the output meter between terminals 3 (high) and 2 (ground) of the antenna terminal strip. The receiver loop should be connected between terminals 1 (high) and 2 (ground) of the antenna terminal strip. The signal generator should be connected to the standard Hazeltine loop Model L150 and should be loosely coupled to the receiver loop. The volume control should be set at maximum and the tone control at maximum high. The generator output should always be just sufficient to obtain a minimum deflection on the output meter.

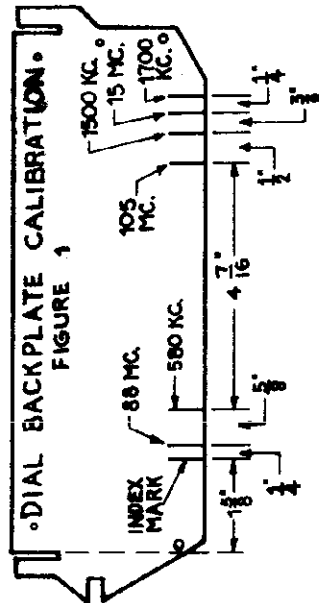
Signal Generator Frequency	Receiver Band Switch Position	Receiver Dial Position	Index Mark (condenser plates fully meshed)	Adjust for Maximum
1. 455 kc.	Broadcast	Broadcast	Plates fully meshed	C33 C29 C24 L16 C17 C16
2. 1700 kc.	Broadcast	Broadcast	1700 kc.	Adjust C23 for peak while rocking tuning control.
3. 1500 kc.	Broadcast	Broadcast	1500 kc.	Readjust C17
4. 580 kc.	Broadcast	Broadcast	580 kc.	Starting with trimmer C22 screw loosened, slowly tighten for peak on first signal heard. Image should be obtained with receiver tuned to 15.9 mc.
5. 1700 kc.	Short Wave	Short Wave	1700 kc.	
6. 15 mc.	Short Wave	Short Wave	15 mc.	
7. 15 mc.	Short Wave	Short Wave	15 mc.	C21

1. High side connected to projecting brass screw of L16 coil slug (first 1-1/2 transformer T1) through a .01 mf condenser. 9.1 mc. Index mark (condenser plates fully meshed) approximately 88 mc.
2. Same. 9.1 mc. Index Mark
3. Same. 9.1 mc. Index mark

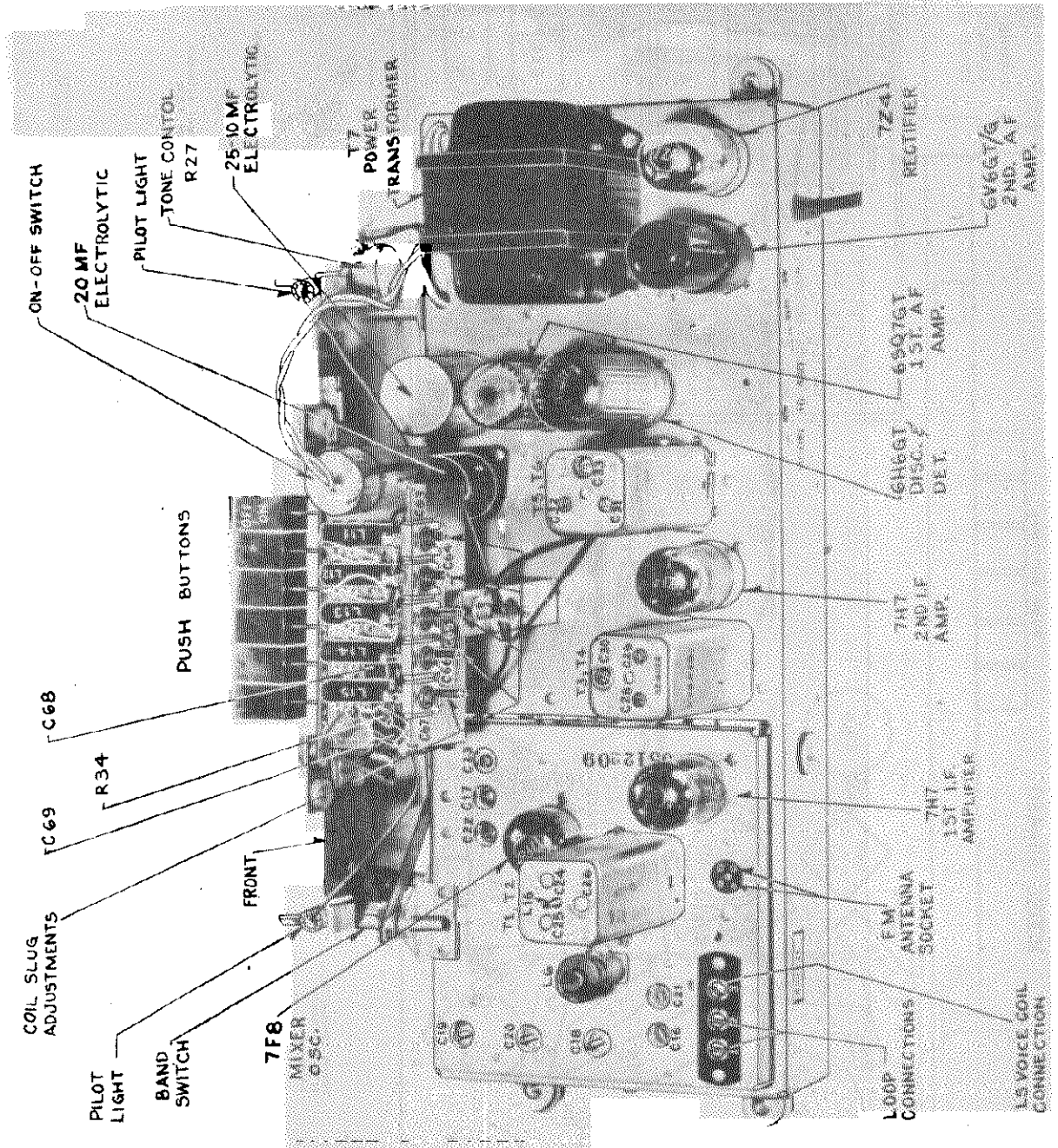
Input should be adjusted for approximately 25 volts on dc meter. Loosen C32 slowly, recording the minimum and maximum readings. Set trimmer so that average of these voltage readings is obtained. Another method to obtain correct setting of C32 is to adjust this condenser so that the voltage across the 1200 mf condenser in the T5 can (obtainable between the R18-R19 junction and chassis) is one-half the voltage obtained across the 5-mf condenser C43. Adjust for maximum C18, C19, C20

4. Through a .01 mf condenser to the left rear terminal of the chassis PW female socket. 105 mc. 105 mc.

If a maximum voltage indication can not be obtained because either C18, C20, or C19 are completely screwed tight, it may be necessary to slightly compress manually the corresponding coils L3, L2, or L1. Similarly if maximum voltage indication is not obtained because C18, C20 or C19 are almost entirely screwed out, it will be necessary to slightly pull the turns apart of coils L3, L2 or L1. Then realign C18, C20 and C19 at 105 mc.



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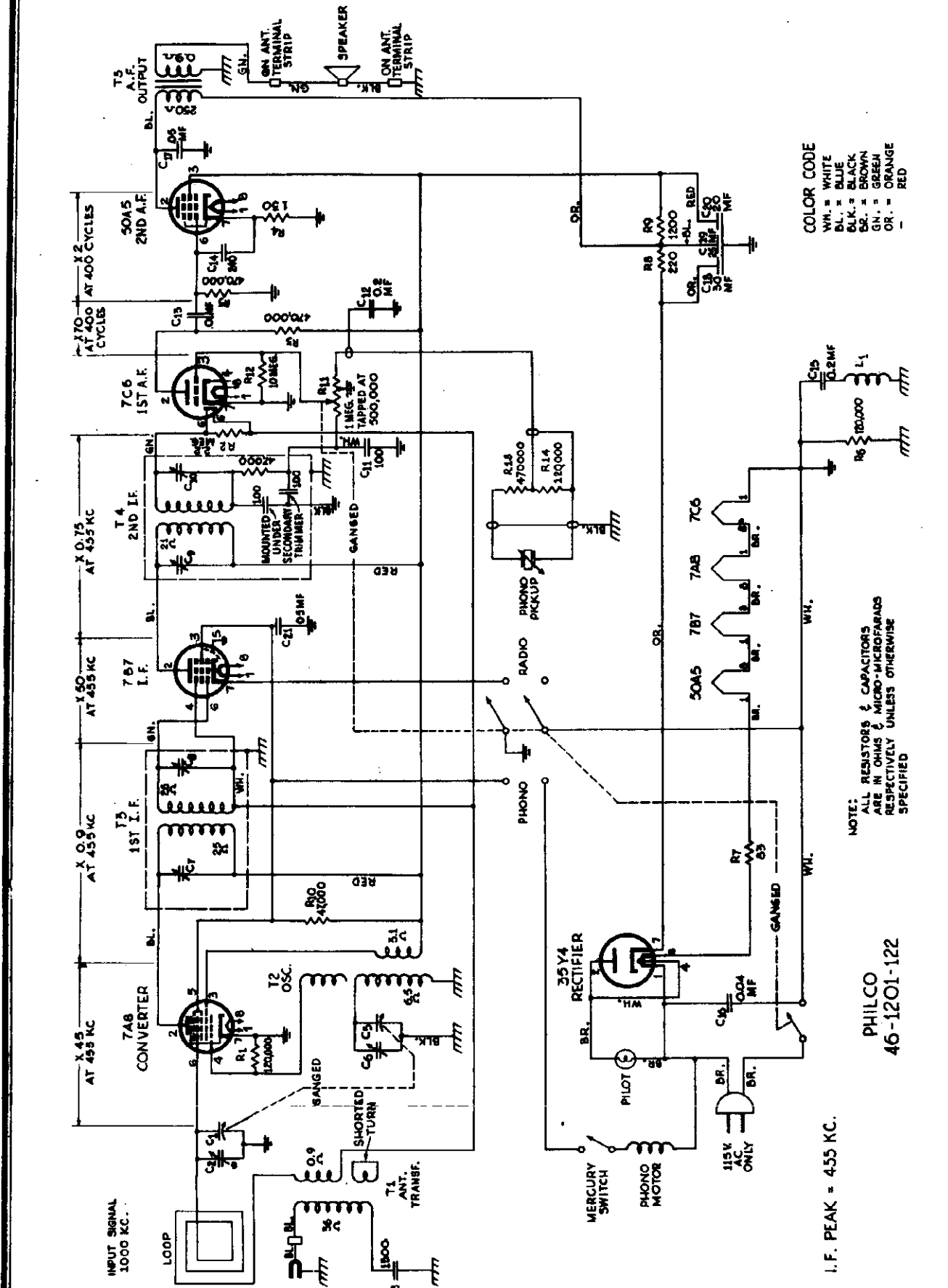


PHILCO RADIO & TELEV. CORP.

Code 121

BROADCAST (MANUAL TUNING)											
TUBE 7F8	PIN	VTVM	VOLTAGE		RESISTANCE	TUBE 7F8	PIN	VTVM	VOLTAGE		RESISTANCE
			20,000 OHMS PER VOLT	1000 OHMS PER VOLT					20,000 OHMS PER VOLT	1000 OHMS PER VOLT	
7H7 (1ST IF)	1	0	0	0	24,000	7H7 (1ST IF)	1	0	0	0	24,000
	2	0	0	0	0		2	0	0	0	0
	3	75	72	64	160,000		3	75	78	66	160,000
	4	30	28	24	10,000		4	0	0	0	0
	5	9	7.8	7.6	2,500		5	10	9.2	9	2500
	6	225	220	220	110,000		6	225	210	210	110,000
	7	0	0	0	0		7	0	0	0	0
	8	1	0.02	0	3.8 meg		8	1	0	0	3.8 meg
	1	0	0	0	0.1		1	0	0	0	0.1
	2	235	225	225	110,000		2	235	225	225	110,000
	3	97	97	85	145,000		3	97	97	85	145,000
	4	0	0	0	0		4	0	0	0	0
	5	0	0	0	0		5	0	0	0	0
	6	-0.5	-0.02	0	5 meg		6	-0.5	-0.02	0	5 meg
	7	0.7	0.7	0.65	60		7	0.7	0.7	0.65	60
	8	0	0	0	0		8	0	0	0	0
7H7 (2ND IF)	1	0	0	0	0	7H7 (2ND IF)	1	0	0	0	0
	2	230	220	220	110,000		2	230	220	220	110,000
	3	110	100	84	160,000		3	110	100	84	160,000
	4	0	0	0	0		4	0	0	0	0
	5	0	0	0	0		5	0	0	0	0
	6	0	0	0	10		6	0	0	0	10
	7	1.4	1.2	1.2	170		7	1.4	1.2	1.2	170
	8	0	0	0	0.1		8	0	0	0	0.1
6H6GT	1	0	0	0	0	6H6GT	1	0	0	0	0
	2	0	0	0	0.6		2	0	0	0	0.6
	3	-44	-41	-28	60,000		3	-44	-41	-28	60,000
	4	-0.25	-0.2	-0.06	27,500		4	-0.4	-0.2	-0.06	27,500
	5	-0.25	-0.2	-0.06	27,500		5	-0.35	-0.2	-0.05	27,500
	6	-0.25	-0.04	0	125,000		6	-0.4	-0.05	0	125,000
	7	0	0	0	0.8		7	0	0	0	0.8
	8	0	0	0	0		8	0	0	0	0
6SQ7GT	1	0	0	0	0	6SQ7GT	1	0	0	0	0
	2	-0.8	-0.3	-0.06	17 meg		2	-0.8	-0.3	-0.06	17 meg
	3	0	0	0	0		3	0	0	0	0
	4	-0.5	-0.20	-0.02	3 meg		4	-0.5	-0.2	-0.02	3 meg
	5	0	0	0	0		5	0	0	0	0
	6	105	100	62	350,000		6	105	100	62	350,000
	7	0	0	0	0.1		7	0	0	0	0.1
	8	0	0	0	0		8	0	0	0	0
6V6GT	1	0	0	0	0	6V6GT	1	0	0	0	0
	2	0	0	0	0.1		2	0	0	0	0.1
	3	225	215	215	110,000		3	225	215	215	110,000
	4	220	220	220	110,000		4	235	220	220	110,000
	5	-12	-4.3	0.3	470,000		5	-12	-4.3	0.3	470,000
	6	-12	-7.4	1	16,000		6	-12	-7.4	1.0	16,000
	7	0	0	0	0		7	0	0	0	0
	8	0	0	0	0		8	0	0	0	0
72A	1	0	0	0	0	72A	1	0	0	0	0
	2	0	0	0	0		2	0	0	0	0
	3	-77	-76	-75	INFINITE		3	-77	-76	-75	INFINITE
	4	0	0	0	1100		4	0	0	0	1100
	5	0	0	0	1.0		5	-0.5	0	0	INFINITE
	6	-76	-76	-76	INFINITE		6	-76	-76	-76	INFINITE
	7	235	230	230	110,000		7	235	230	230	110,000
	8	0	0	0	0.1		8	0	0	0	0.1

PHILCO RADIO & TELEV. CORP.

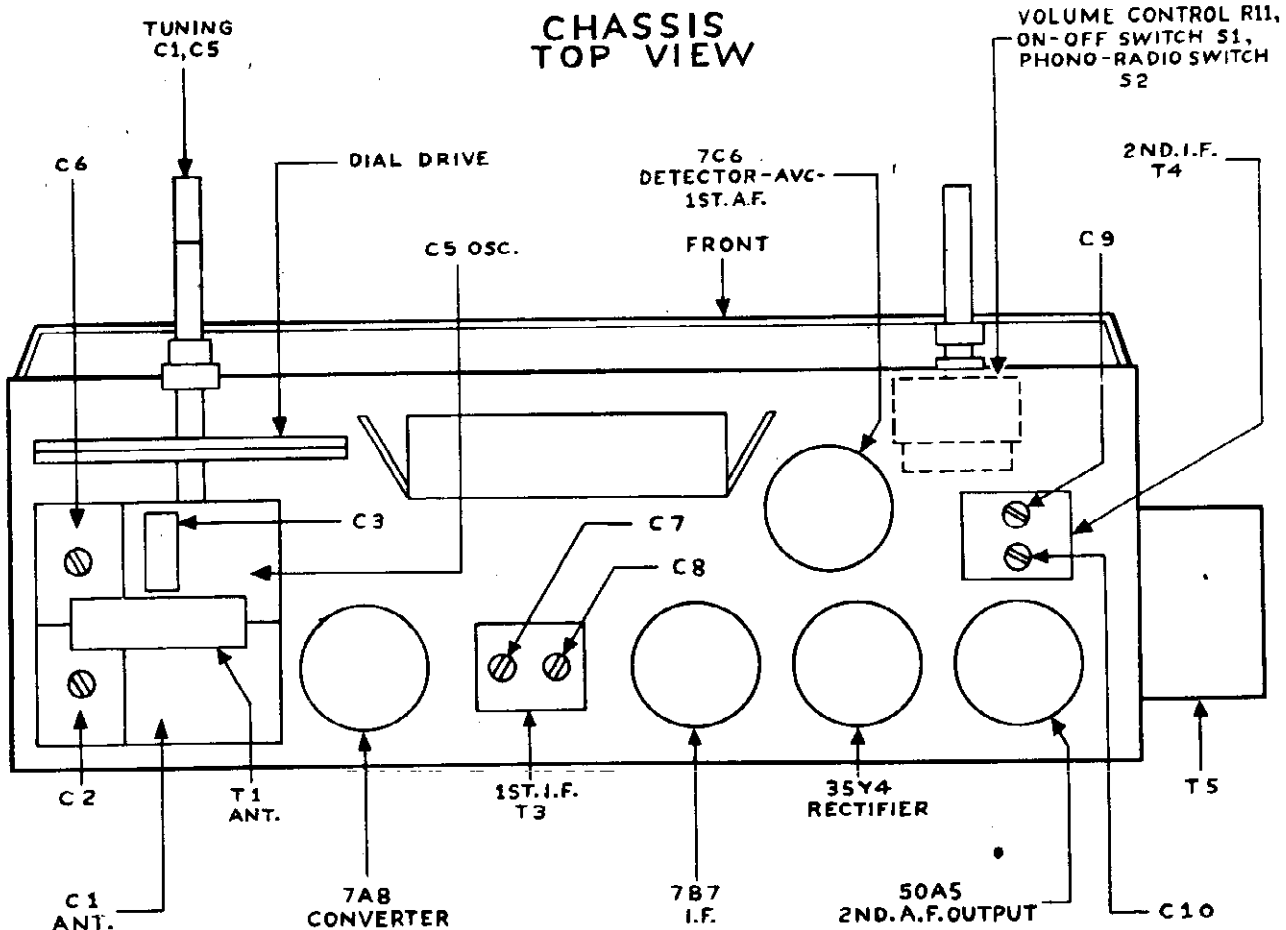


PHILCO RADIO & TELEV. CORP.

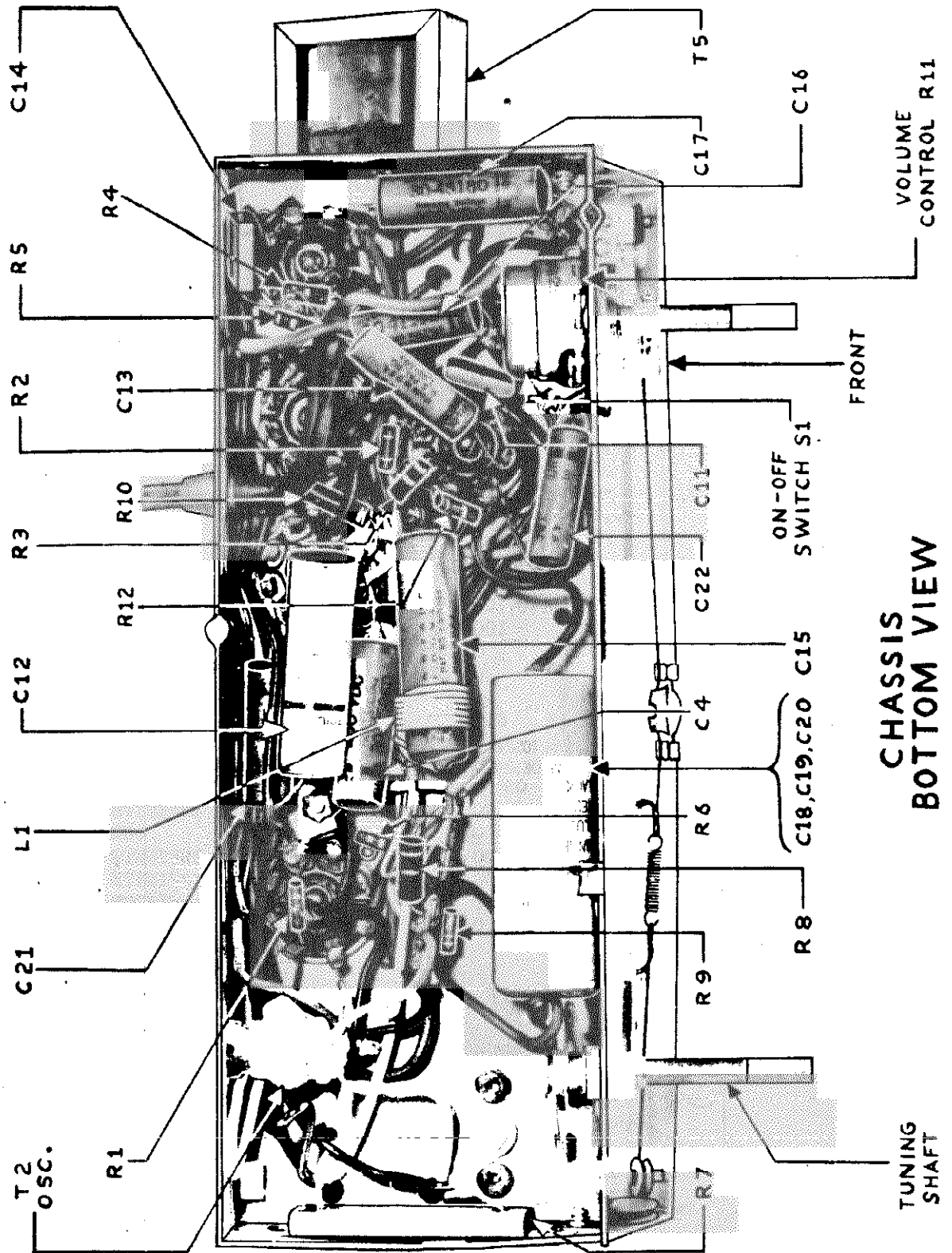
ALIGNMENT

PHILCO 46-1201

The receiver should be aligned with the chassis installed in the cabinet. Connect the output meter from the voice coil lug (green wire) on the speaker to ground. Disconnect the blue external antenna lead from ground. Connect the signal generator through a .01 mf condenser to the external antenna lead. Set the receiver volume control at maximum. The tuning condenser should be fully meshed when the dial pointer is at the index mark at the low frequency end of the dial. The signal generator output should at all times be just sufficient to obtain a minimum deflection on the output meter. Set the signal generator to 455 kc. and adjust the intermediate frequency amplifier transformer trimmers for maximum meter deflection in the following sequence: C10, C9, C8, C7. Set the generator and receiver to 1600 kc. and adjust the oscillator shunt trimmer C6 for maximum output. Set the generator and receiver to 1500 kc. and adjust the r-f trimmer C2 for maximum output.



PHILCO RADIO & TELEV. CORP.



CHASSIS
BOTTOM VIEW

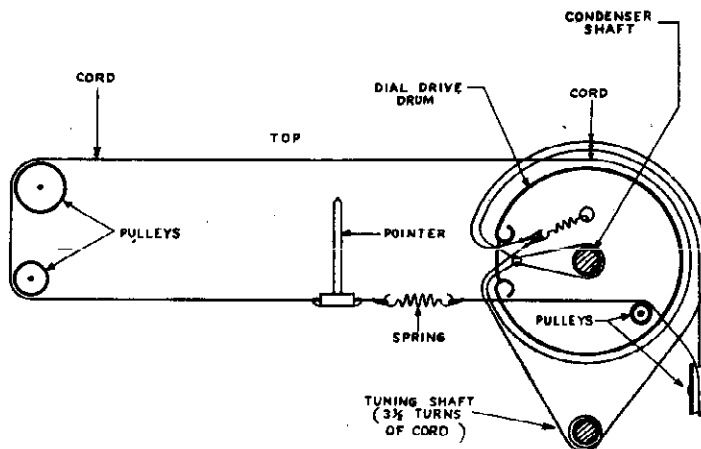
MODEL 46-1201

Code 122

PHILCO RADIO & TELEV. CORP.

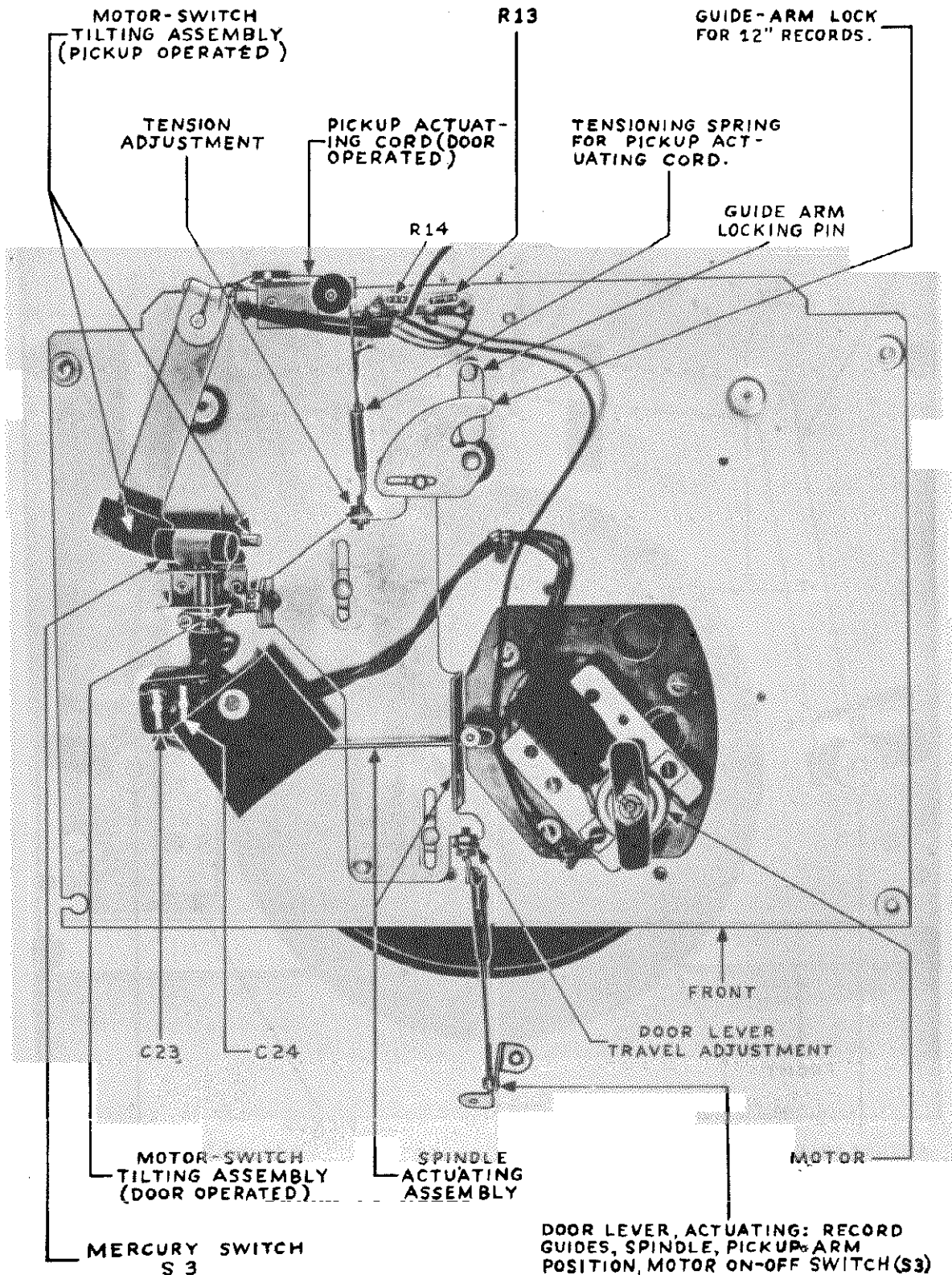
SWITCH IN RADIO POSITION
VOLUME CONTROL ON FULL

TUBE	PIN	VTVM	VOLTAGE		RESISTANCE TO CIRCUIT GROUND
			20,000 OHMS PER VOLT	1000 OHMS PER VOLT	
7A8	1	0	0	0	11
	2	100	100	100	100 meg
	3	100	100	100	100 meg
	4	-12.5	-6.6	-3.4	130,000
	5	38	36	32	100 meg
	6	0		0	INFINITE
	7	0		0	0
	8	0		0	20
7B7	1	0	0	0	20
	2	100	100	100	100 meg
	3	38	36	34	100 meg
	4	-1	-0.4	-0.3	2.7 meg
	5	0	0	0	0
	6	-1	-0.4	-0.3	2.7 meg
	7	0	0	0	0
	8	0	0	0	13
7C6	1	0	0	0	0
	2	62	56	50	100 meg
	3	-0.9	-0.36	-0.3	10 meg
	4	0	0	0	0
	5	-1	-0.6	-0.3	2.5 meg
	6	-0.6	-0.4	-0.2	500,000
	7	0	0	0	0
	8	0	0	0	7
50A5	1	0	0	0	75
	2	100	100	100	100 meg
	3	100	100	100	100 meg
	4	0	0	0	INFINITE
	5	0	0	0	0
	6	0	0	0	400,000
	7	5.6	5.2	5.4	130
	8	0	0	0	20
35Y4	1	0	0	0	185
	2	0	0	0	180
	3	0	0	0	INFINITE
	4	0	0	0	180
	5	100	100	100	INFINITE
	6	100	100	100	INFINITE
	7	120	120	120	INFINITE
	8	0	0	0	1



FRONT VIEW
DIAL DRIVE ASSEMBLY
(TUNING CONDENSER IN MAX. CAPACITY POSITION.)

PHILCO RADIO & TELEV. CORP.

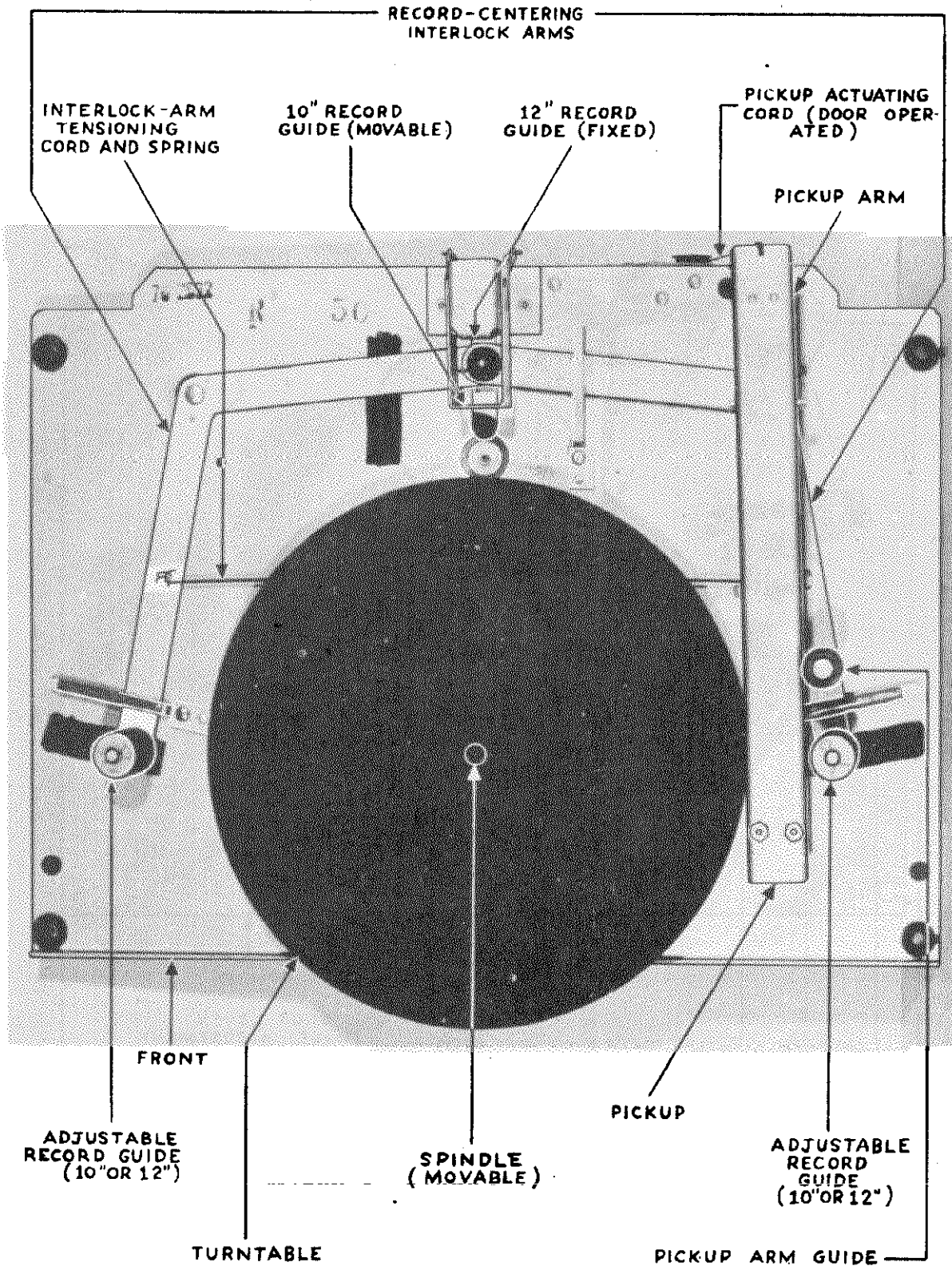


**BOTTOM VIEW
RECORD PLAYER**

MODEL 46-1201

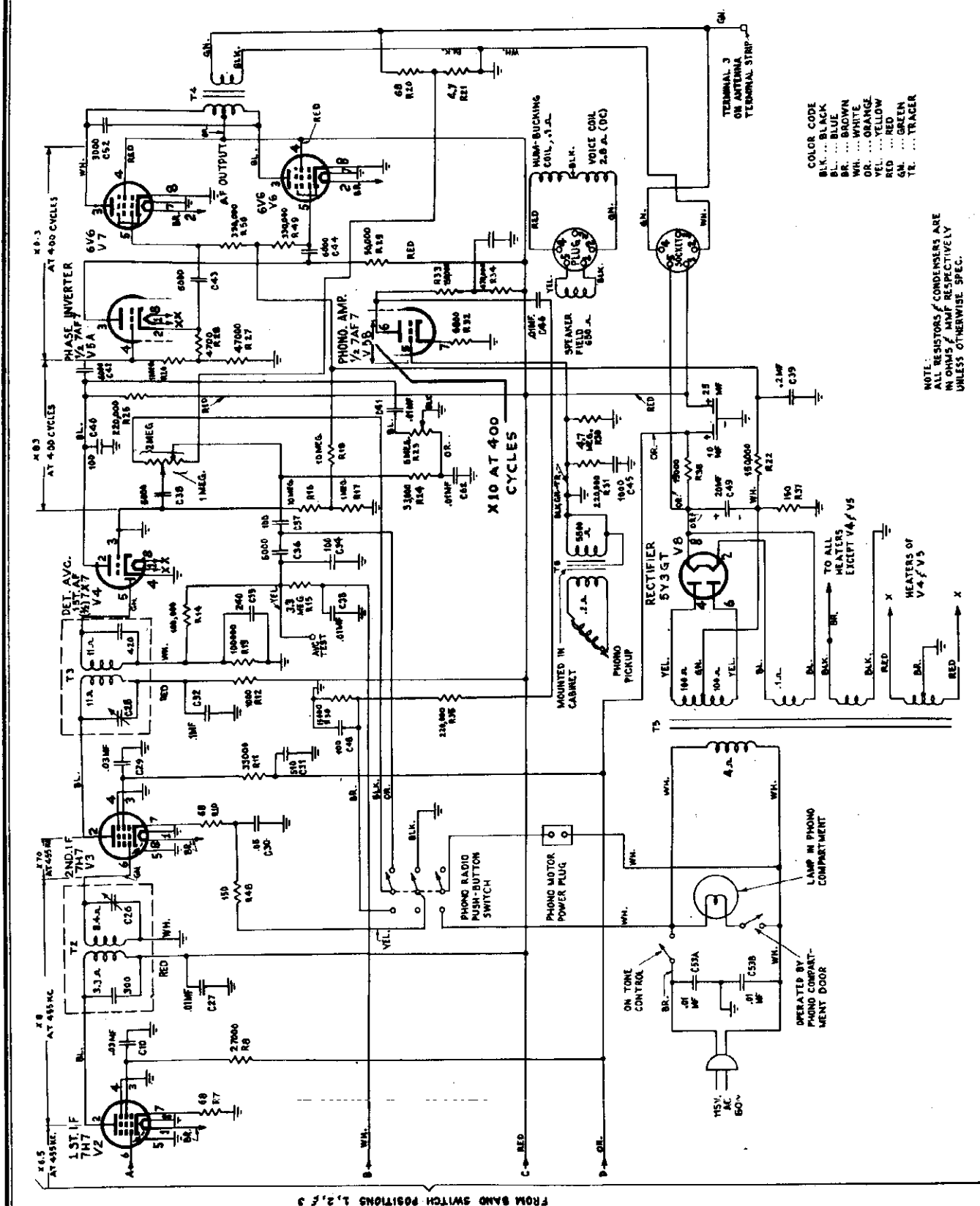
Code 122

PHILCO RADIO & TELEV. CORP.



• TOP VIEW
RECORD PLAYER

PHILCO RADIO & TELEV. CORP.



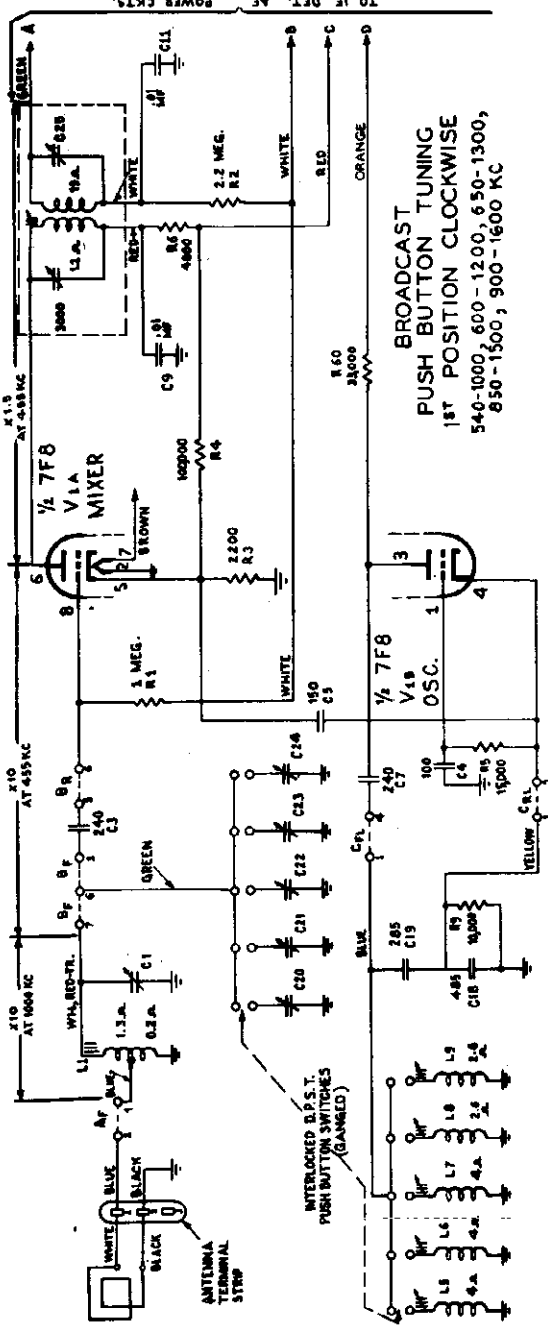
COLOR CODE
 BLK...BLACK
 BL...BLUE
 BR...BROWN
 WH...WHITE
 OR...ORANGE
 YEL...YELLOW
 RED...RED
 GN...GREEN
 TL...TRACER

NOTE:
 ALL RESISTORS / CONDENSERS ARE
 IN OHMS / MMF RESPECTIVELY
 UNLESS OTHERWISE SPEC.

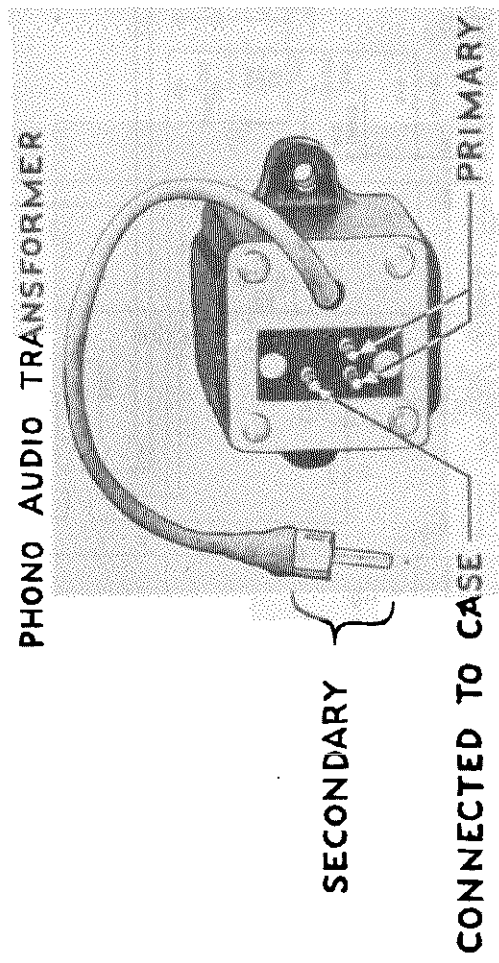
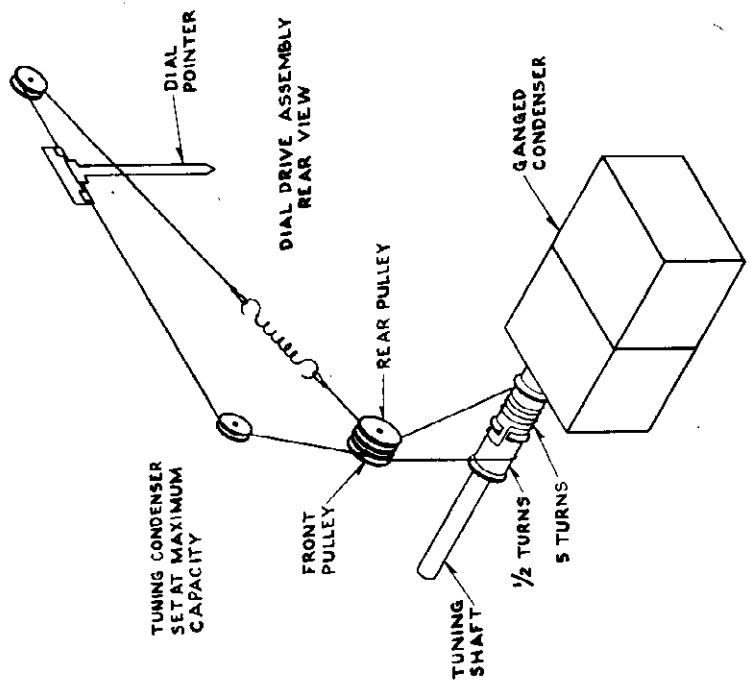
SWITCH CODE

- UPPER LETTER
- A ... FRONT WATER
- B ... FRONT WATER
- C ... FRONT WATER
- D ... FRONT WATER
- 1 ST. SUBSCRIPT
- F ... FRONT
- R ... REAR
- 2 ND. SUBSCRIPT
- L ... LEFT VIEWED FROM
- R ... RIGHT VIEWED FROM

TERMINAL NUMBER
 TERMINALS ARE NUMBERED
 CLOCKWISE FROM THE
 FRONT OF THE CHASSIS
 COUNTERS ARE HANDLED TO
 LEFT OF BOTTOM SWITCH BOLT,
 VIEW FROM TOP OF CHASSIS.



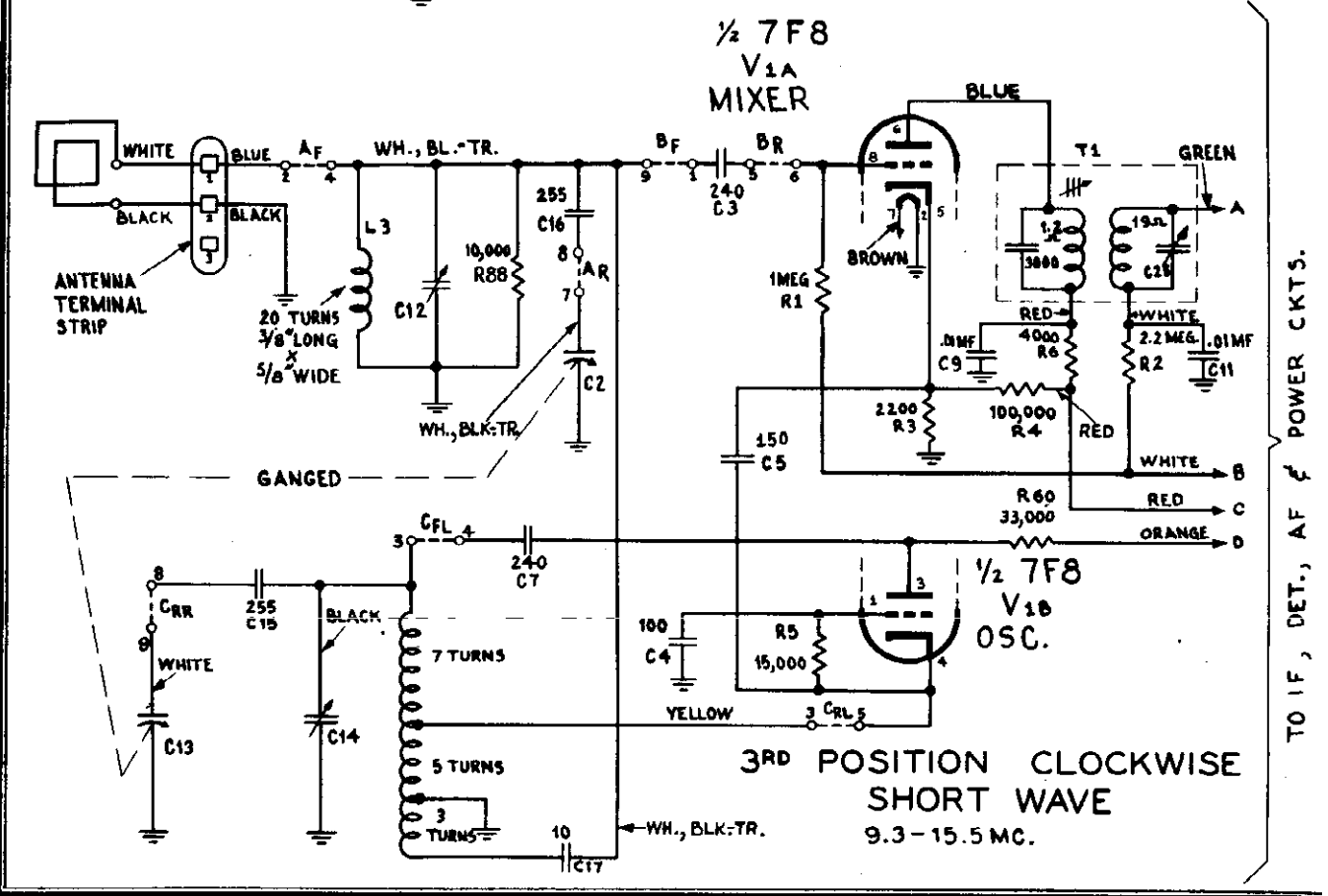
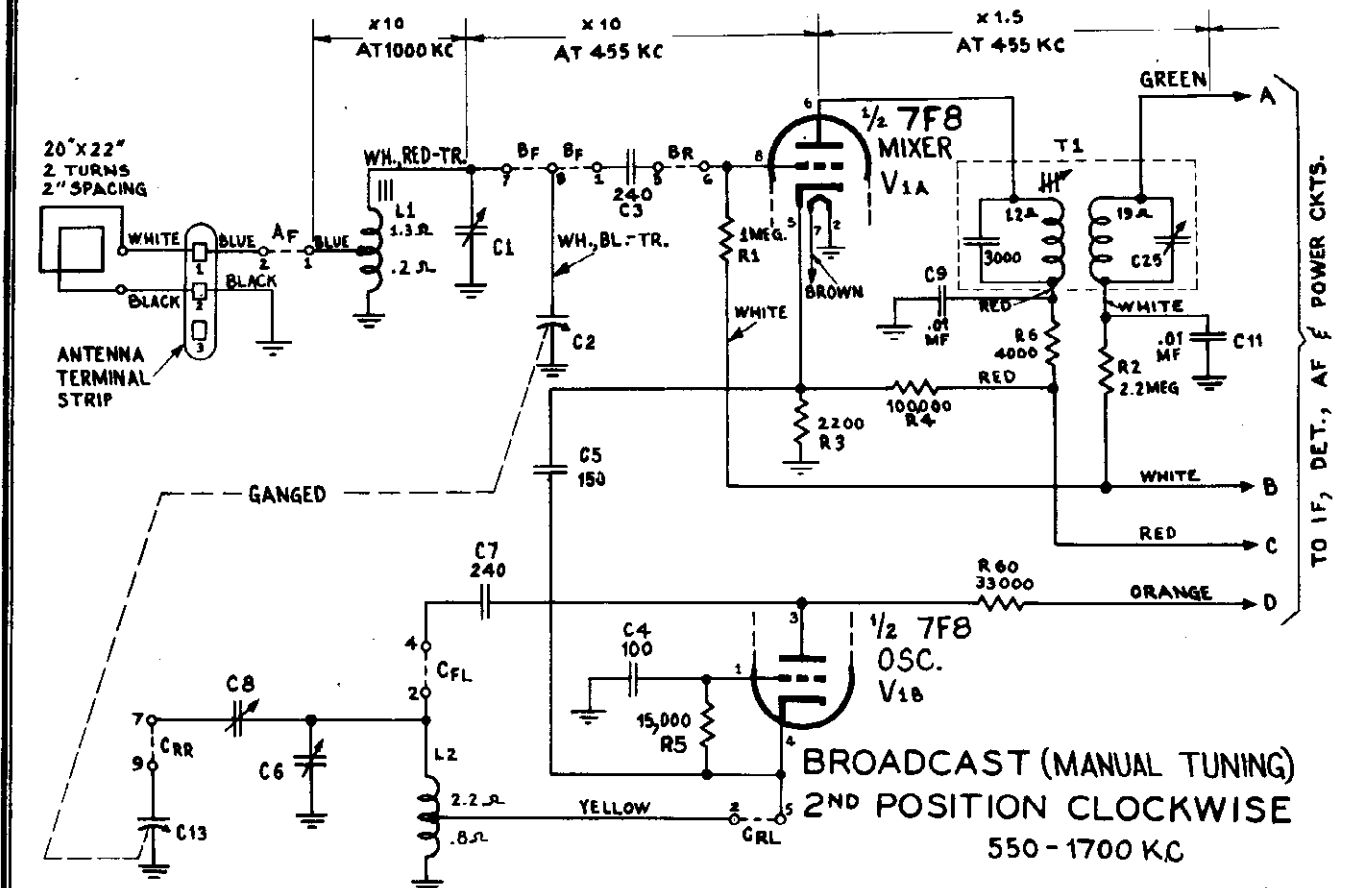
BROADCAST
 PUSH BUTTON TUNING
 1ST POSITION CLOCKWISE
 540-1000, 600-1200, 650-1300,
 850-1500, 900-1600 KC



"clarified schematics"

PHILCO RADIO & TELEV. CORP.

Code 121



TO IF, DET., AF & POWER CKTS.

TO IF, DET., AF & POWER CKTS.

MODEL 46-480
MODEL 46-1209PHILCO RADIO & TELEV. CORP.
ALIGNMENT

PHILCO 46-1209

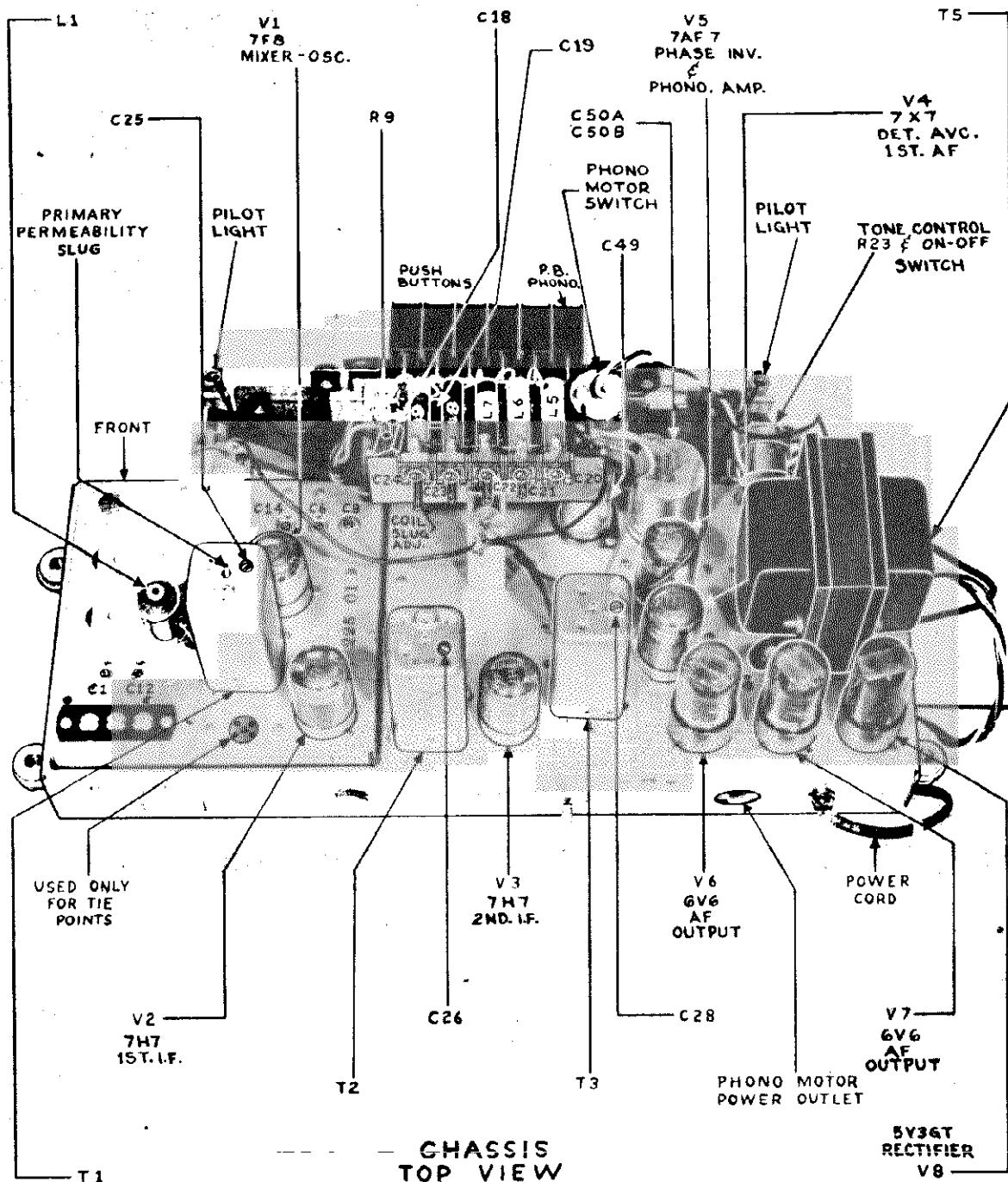
Power should not be turned on in this receiver unless the speaker is connected. The chassis must be removed from the cabinet for alignment. Calibrate the receiver dial backplate as shown in Fig. 1, Page 15-36. The receiver loop should be connected to terminals 1 (high) and 2 (low) of the antenna terminal strip. The output meter should be connected to terminals 3 (high) and 2 (low) of the antenna terminal strip.

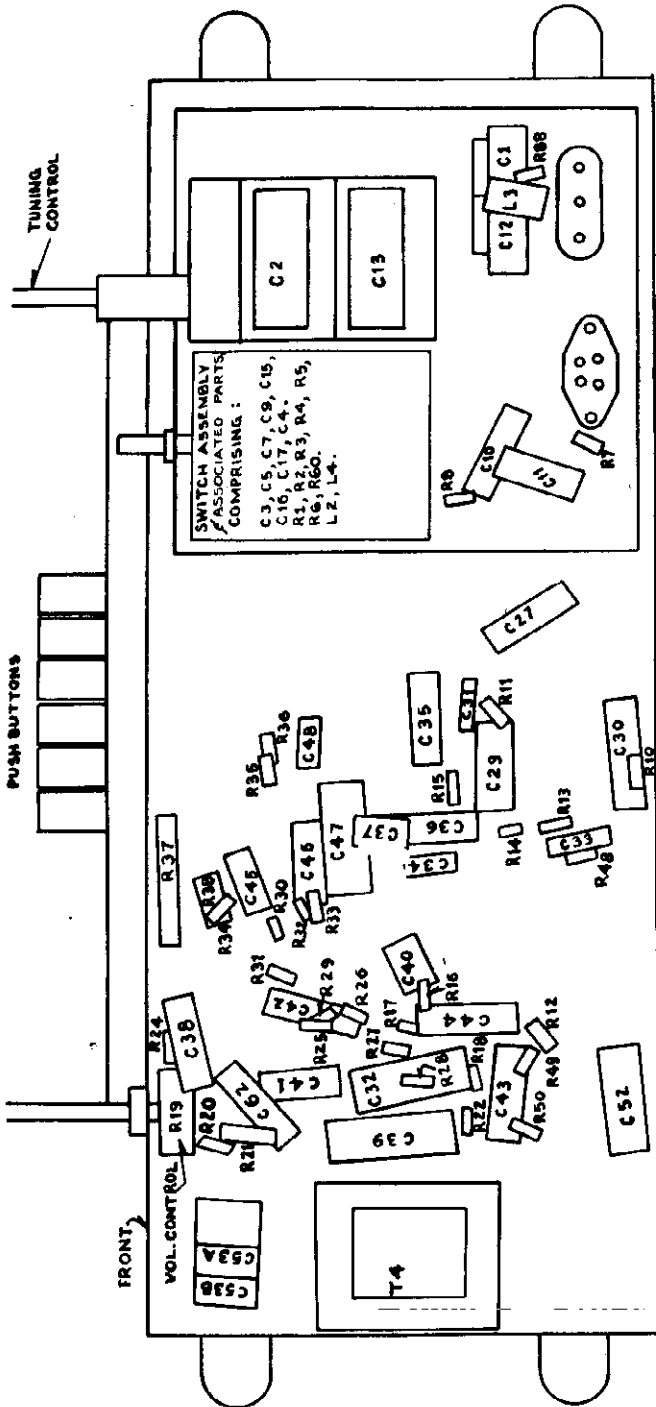
Signal Generator Frequency	Receiver Band Switch Position	Receiver Dial Position	Adjust for Maximum
1. 455 kc.	Broadcast	Index mark (condenser plates fully meshed)	C28 C26 C25 Coil slug of T1
2. 1700 kc.	Broadcast	1700 kc.	C6
3. 1500 kc.	Broadcast	1500 kc.	C1
4. 580 kc.	Broadcast	580 kc.	Adjust C8 for peak while rocking tuning control.
5. 1700 kc.	Broadcast	1700 kc.	Readjust C6
6. 15 mc.	Short Wave	15 mc.	Starting with trimmer C14 screw loosened, slowly tighten for peak on first signal heard. Image should be obtained with receiver tuned to 15.9 mc.
7. 15 mc.	Short Wave	15 mc.	C12
46-480	PUSH BUTTON ADJUSTMENT		46-1209

Note: Good reception of stations by use of push buttons depends on the accuracy of the manual tuning during the setting-up operation.

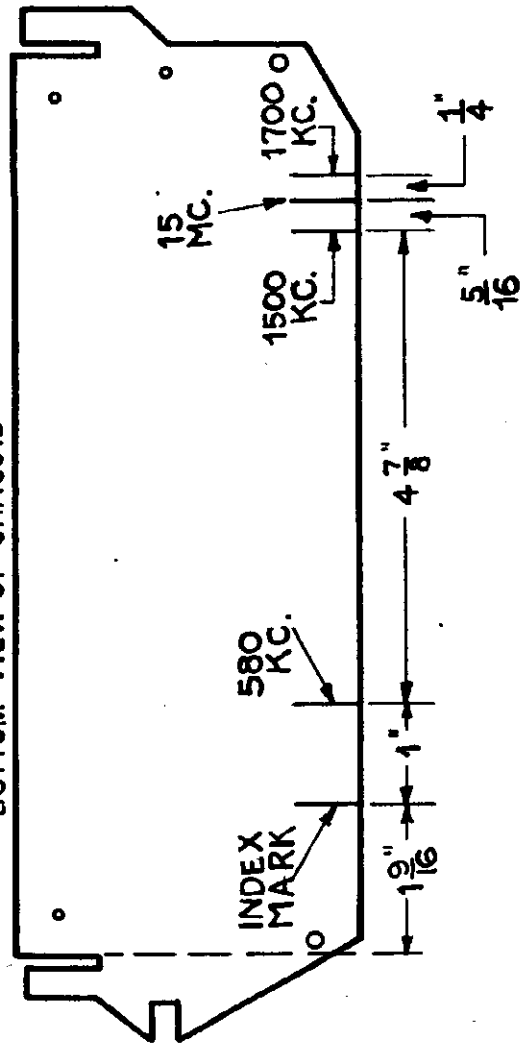
1. Allow the receiver to warm up for at least 20 minutes before setting up any stations.
2. The band switch must be in the push-button position.
3. Choose the most powerful local stations, those which are free from excess fading. Setting up weak or distant stations is not recommended.
4. List the desired stations, in order, from the low to the high frequencies. The station on your list that comes in nearest the left-hand end of the dial should be called station No. 1 and should be set up on button No. 1. Do not skip buttons but set up stations in numerical order.
5. Insert the proper station call tabs into the recesses of the respective buttons.
6. Manually tune in the desired station accurately.
7. Set the bandswitch to the push button position.
8. Push in the button to be set up to its depressed position.
9. Adjust its corresponding oscillator trimmer for the station signal which you tuned in manually above. Peak the adjustment for clearest reception.
10. Adjust its corresponding antenna trimmer for clearest reception.
11. Repeat the above procedure from step 6 to 10 for each button to be set up.

PHILCO RADIO & TELEV. CORP.



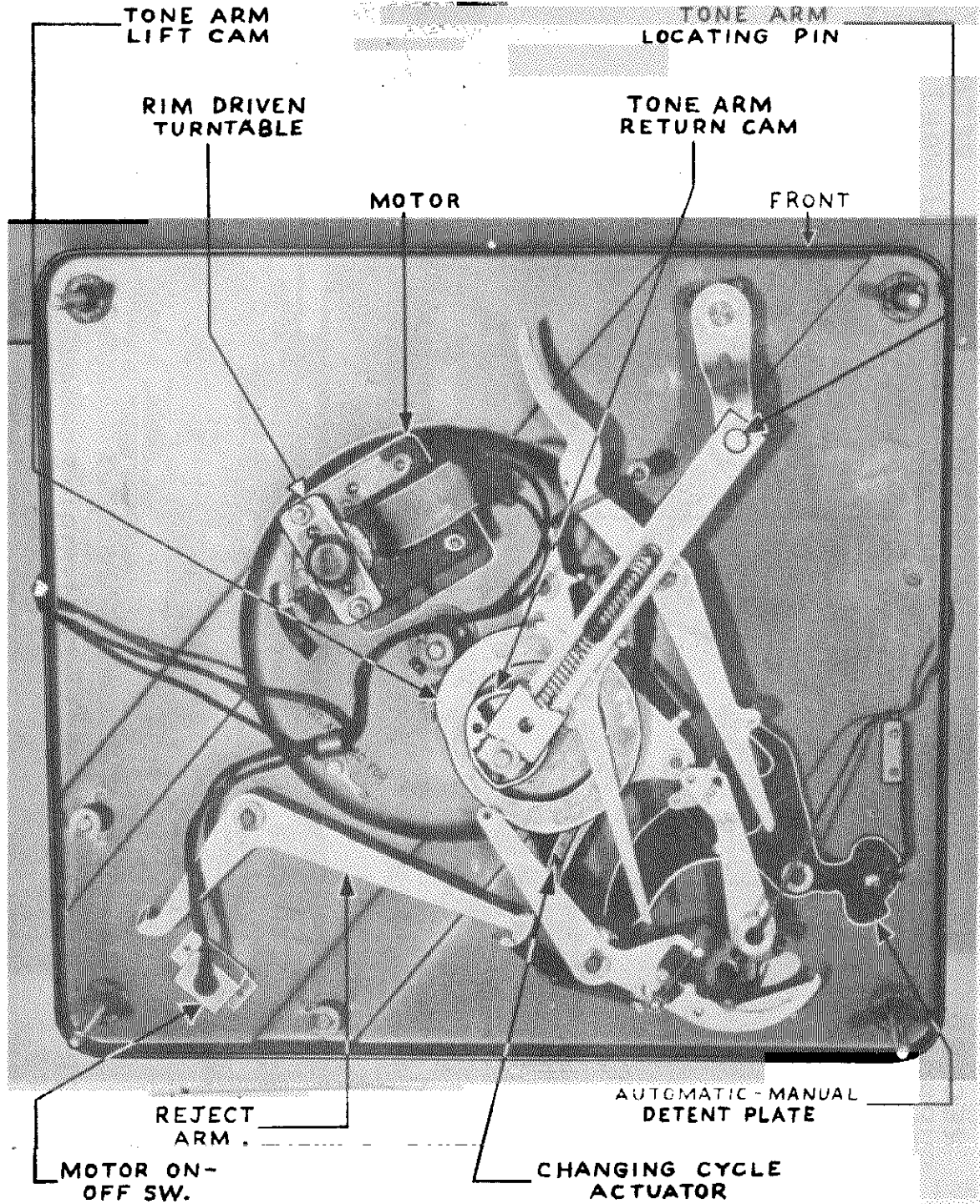


BOTTOM VIEW OF CHASSIS

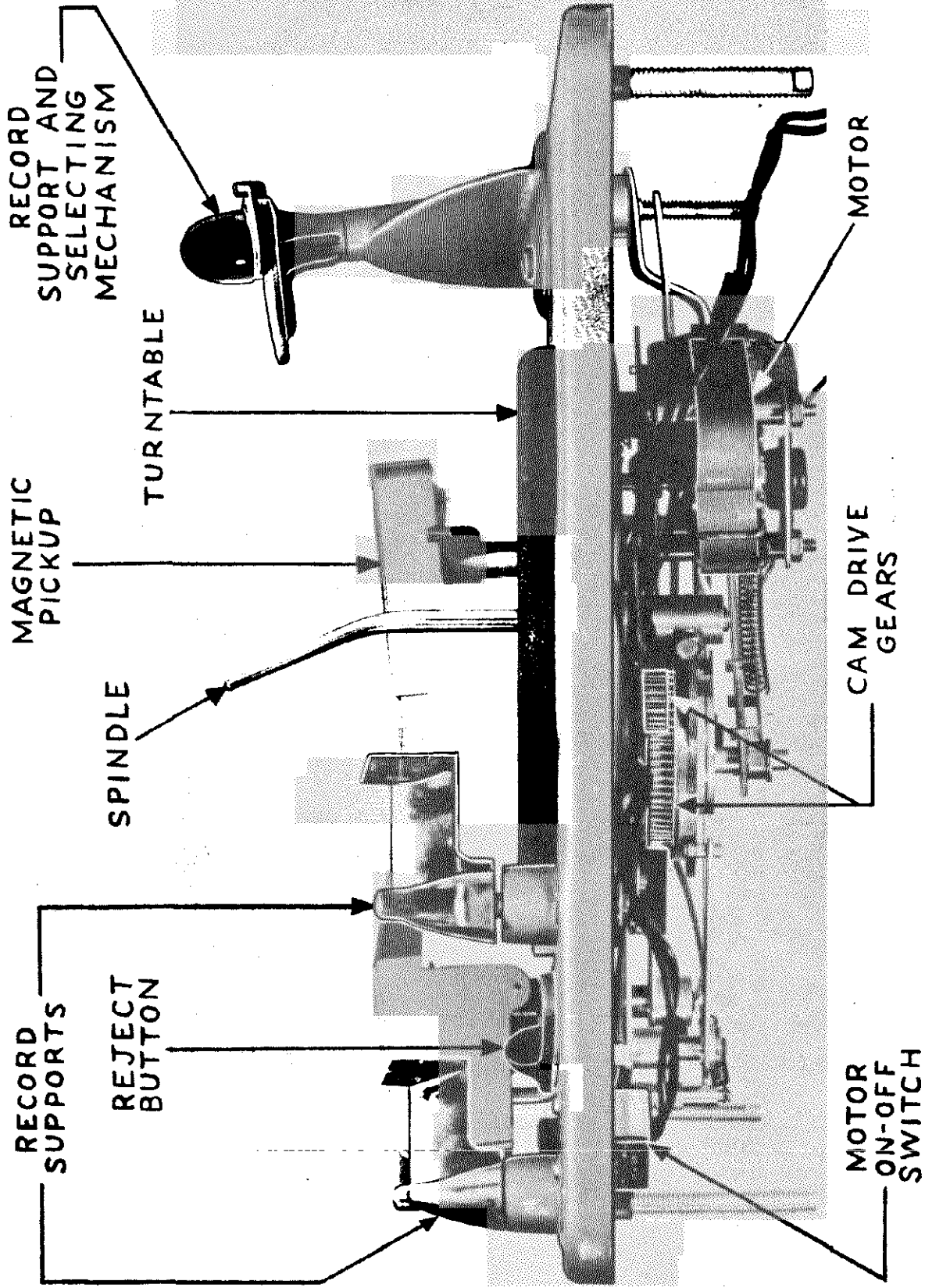


DIAL BACKPLATE CALIBRATION
FIGURE 1

PHILCO RADIO & TELEV. CORP.



PHILCO RADIO & TELEV. CORP.



PHILCO RADIO & TELEV. CORP.

PHILCO MODEL 46-1209 Code 121

TUBE	PIN	VTVM	20,000 OHMS PER VOLT	1,000 OHMS PER VOLT	RESISTANCE
7F8	1	-4.7	-4.7	-4.2	16,500
	2	0	0	0	0
	3	110	100	100	150,000
	4	0	0	0	1
	5	8.8	8.8	8	21,000
	6	245	230	240	110,000
	7	0	0	0	0.2
	8	0	0	0	4,400,000
7H7 1st IF	1	0	0	0	0.2
	2	250	240	245	110,000
	3	105	100	105	150,000
	4	0	0	0	0
	5	0	0	0	0
	6	0	0	0	5,400,000
	7	0.7	0.7	0.7	60
	8	0	0	0	0
7H7 2nd IF	1	0	0	0	0
	2	245	240	240	110,000
	3	125	120	120	150,000
	4	0	0	0	0
	5	0	0	0	0
	6	0	0	0	8
	7	2.5	2.1	2.2	250
	8	0	0	0	0.2
7K7 Det AVC Audio	1	0	0	0	0.4
	2	145	140	130	350,000
	3	-1.0	-0.8	-0.5	10,000,000
	4	0	0	0	0
	5	-0.6	-0.6	-0.4	100,000
	6	0	0	0	INFINITE
	7	0	0	0	INFINITE
	8	0	0	0	0.4
7AF7	1	0	0	0	0.4
	2	58	58	58	55,000
	3	180	170	175	180,000
	4	48	18	0.2	1,000,000
	5	0	0	0	5,000,000
	6	56	32	18	700,000
	7	2.2	2	1.4	6,200
	8	0	0	0	0.4
6V6GT	1	0	0	0	INFINITE
	2	0	0	0	0.2
	3	240	230	240	110,000
	4	250	240	250	110,000
	5	-15	-12	-0.6	500,000
	6	240	230	240	110,000
	7	0	0	0	0
	8	0	0	0	0
6V6GT	1	0	0	0	INFINITE
	2	0	0	0	0.2
	3	240	230	240	110,000
	4	250	240	250	110,000
	5	-15	-12	-1.0	500,000
	6	0	0	0	INFINITE
	7	0	0	0	0
	8	0	0	0	0
5Y3GT	1	0	0	0	INFINITE
	2	320	310	320	110,000
	3	0	0	0	INFINITE
	4	0	0	0	230
	5	0	0	0	INFINITE
	6	0	0	0	240
	7	0	0	0	INFINITE
	8	320	310	320	110,000

PHILCO MODEL 46-1226 CODE 121

TUBE	PIN	VTVM	20,000 OHMS PER VOLT	1,000 OHMS PER VOLT	RESISTANCE
7F8 Conv.	1	-5.5	-5.5	-5.2	15,000
	2	0	0	0	0
	3	88	88	78	180,000
	4	0	0	0	0
	5	8.4	8.2	7.6	2,100
	6	230	230	230	110,000
	7	0	0	0	0
	8	0	0	0	0
7H7 1st IF Amp.	1	0	0	0	0
	2	230	230	230	110,000
	3	94	94	94	155,000
	4	0	0	0	0
	5	0	0	0	0
	6	0	0	0	8,000,000
	7	0.7	0.7	0.7	82
	8	0	0	0	0
7H7 2nd IF Amp.	1	0	0	0	0
	2	230	230	230	110,000
	3	105	105	105	150,000
	4	0	0	0	0
	5	0	0	0	0
	6	0	0	0	9
	7	1.5	1.5	1.5	1550
	8	0	0	0	0
7C6 Det.AVC 1st Audio	1	0	0	0	0
	2	150	150	150	325,000
	3	-0.7	-0.4	-0.2	9,000,000
	4	0	0	0	0
	5	0	0	0	350,000
	6	0	0	0	350,000
	7	0	0	0	0
	8	0	0	0	0
6J5 Phase Inv.	1	0	0	0	INFINITE
	2	0	0	0	0
	3	175	175	175	180,000
	4	0	0	0	INFINITE
	5	40	14	5	1,000,000
	6	0	0	0	1,100,000
	7	0	0	0	0
	8	58	56	50	55,000
6V6 Audio Output	1	0	0	0	INFINITE
	2	0	0	0	0
	3	230	230	230	105,000
	4	240	240	240	105,000
	5	-16	-6	-4	420,000
	6	0	0	0	INFINITE
	7	0	0	0	0
	8	0	0	0	0
6V6 Audio Output	1	0	0	0	INFINITE
	2	0	0	0	0
	3	230	230	230	105,000
	4	240	240	240	105,000
	5	-16	-6	-4	420,000
	6	0	0	0	INFINITE
	7	0	0	0	0
	8	0	0	0	0
5Y3GT Rect.	1	0	0	0	INFINITE
	2	300	300	300	105,000
	3	0	0	0	INFINITE
	4	-22	-22	-22	260
	5	0	0	0	0
	6	-22	-22	-22	250
	7	0	0	0	INFINITE
	8	300	300	300	105,000

MODEL 46-1226

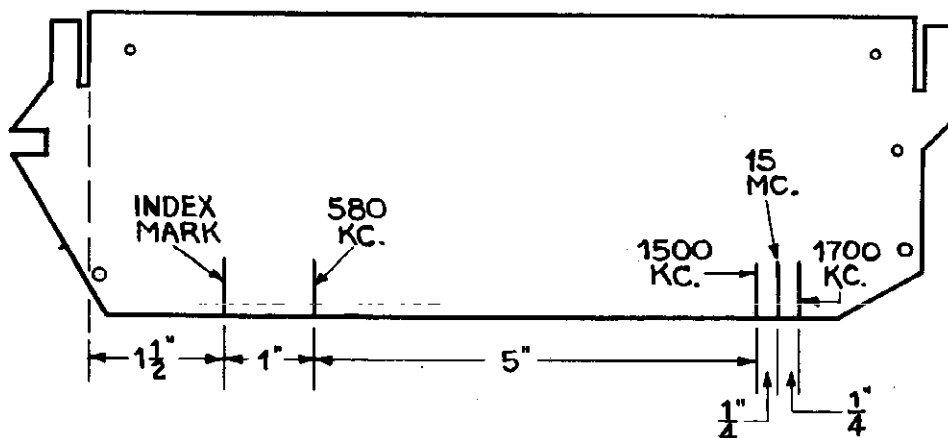
Code 121

ALIGNMENT

PHILCO 46-1226

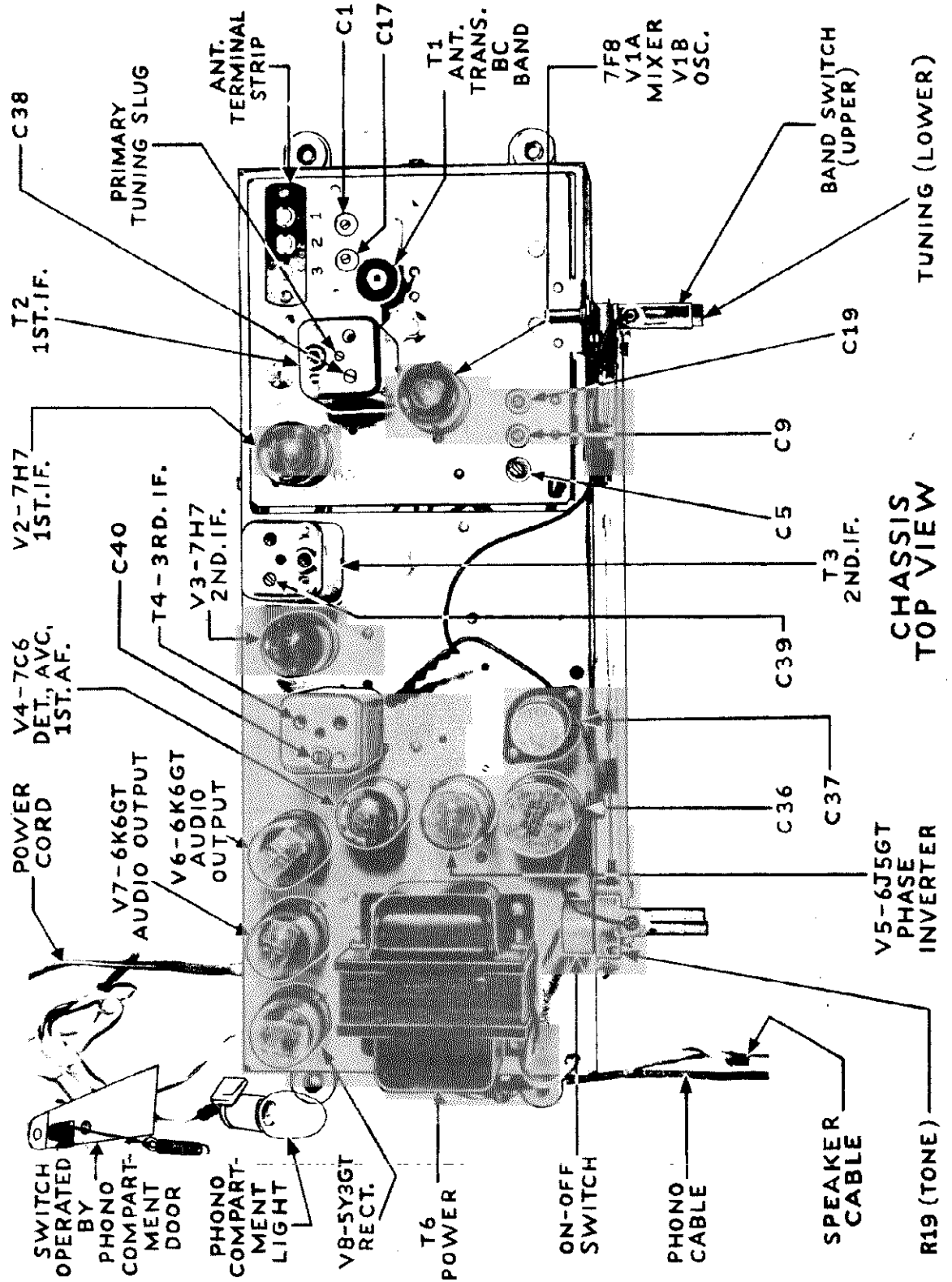
Power should not be turned on in this receiver unless the speaker is connected. The chassis should be removed from the cabinet and the dial backplate calibrated as shown in Figure 1. The receiver loop should be connected between terminals 1 (high) and 2 (low) of the antenna terminal strip. The signal generator is connected to the Hazeltine standard loop Model 1150 which is loosely coupled to the receiver loop. The output meter should be connected between terminal 1 (high) and 2 (low) of the antenna terminal strip. The tone control should be in the maximum high position. The volume control should be at maximum. The generator output should at all times be just sufficient to obtain a minimum deflection on the output meter.

Signal Generator Frequency	Receiver Band Switch Position	Receiver Dial Position	Adjust for Maximum
1. 455 kc.	Broadcast	Index Mark (condenser plates fully meshed)	C40 C39 C38 Primary tuning slug of T2.
2. 1700 kc.	Broadcast	1700 kc.	C9
3. 1500 kc.	Broadcast	1500 kc.	C1
4. 580 kc.	Broadcast	580 kc.	Adjust C5 for peak while rocking tuning control.
5. 1700 kc.	Broadcast	1700 kc.	Readjust C9
6. 15 mc.	Short Wave	15 mc.	Starting with trimmer C19 screw loosened, slowly tighten for peak on first signal heard. Image should be obtained with receiver tuned to 15.9 mc.
7. 15 mc.	Short Wave	15 mc.	C17



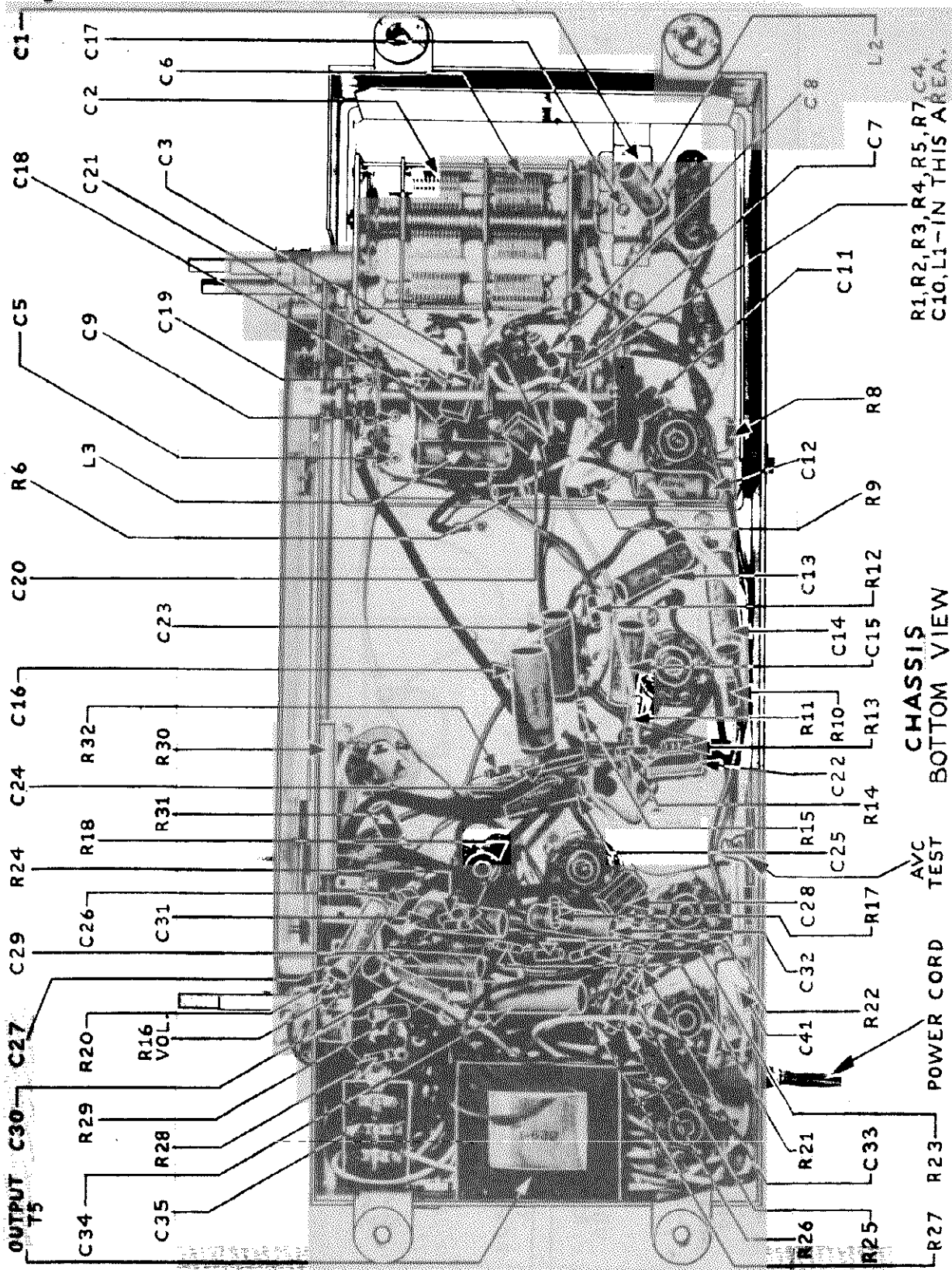
DIAL BACKPLATE CALIBRATION
FIGURE 1

PHILCO RADIO & TELEV. CORP.



CHASSIS TOP VIEW

PHILCO RADIO & TELEV. CORP.



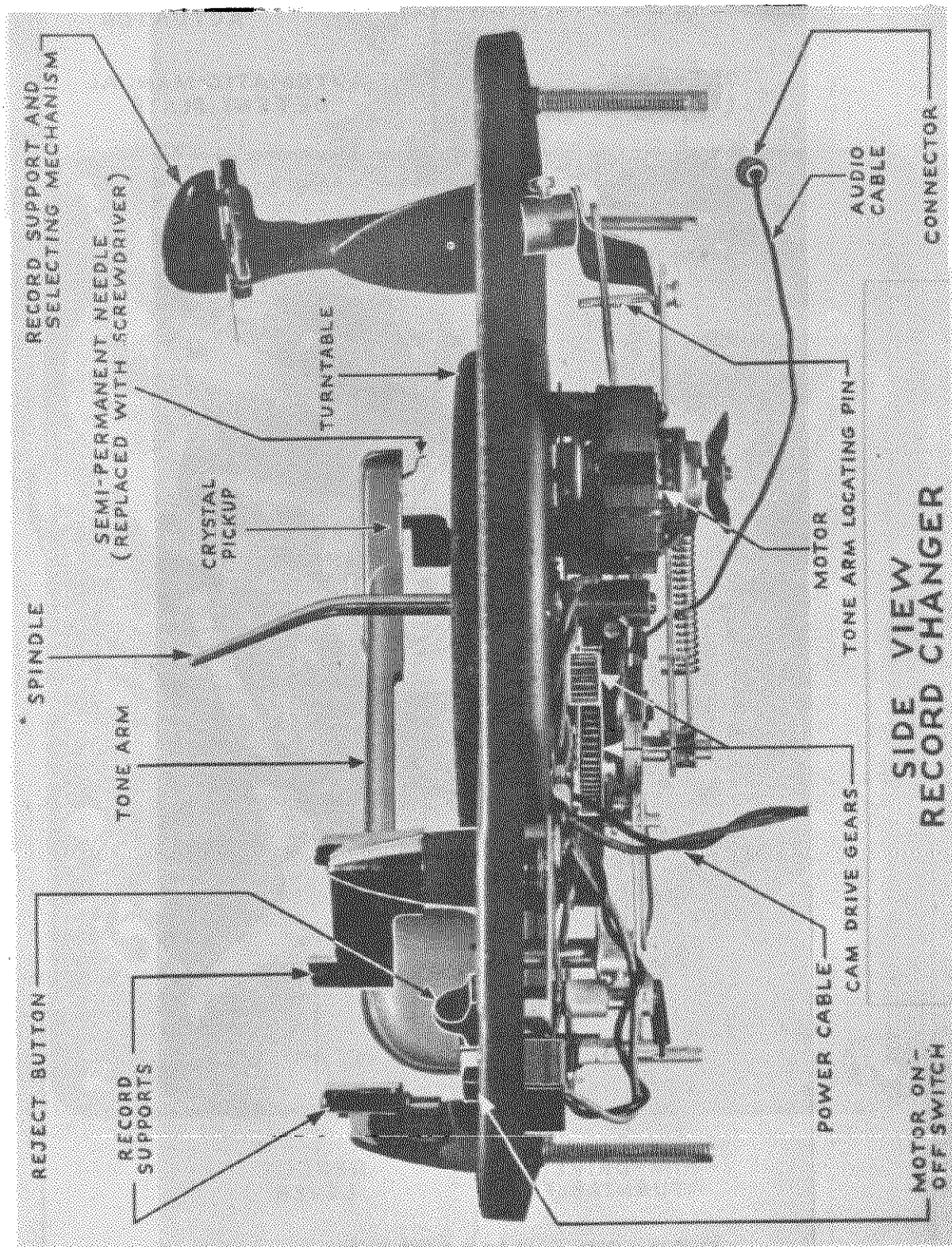
R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R7, R4,
C10, L1 - IN THIS AREA.

CHASSIS
BOTTOM VIEW

AVC
TEST

POWER CORD

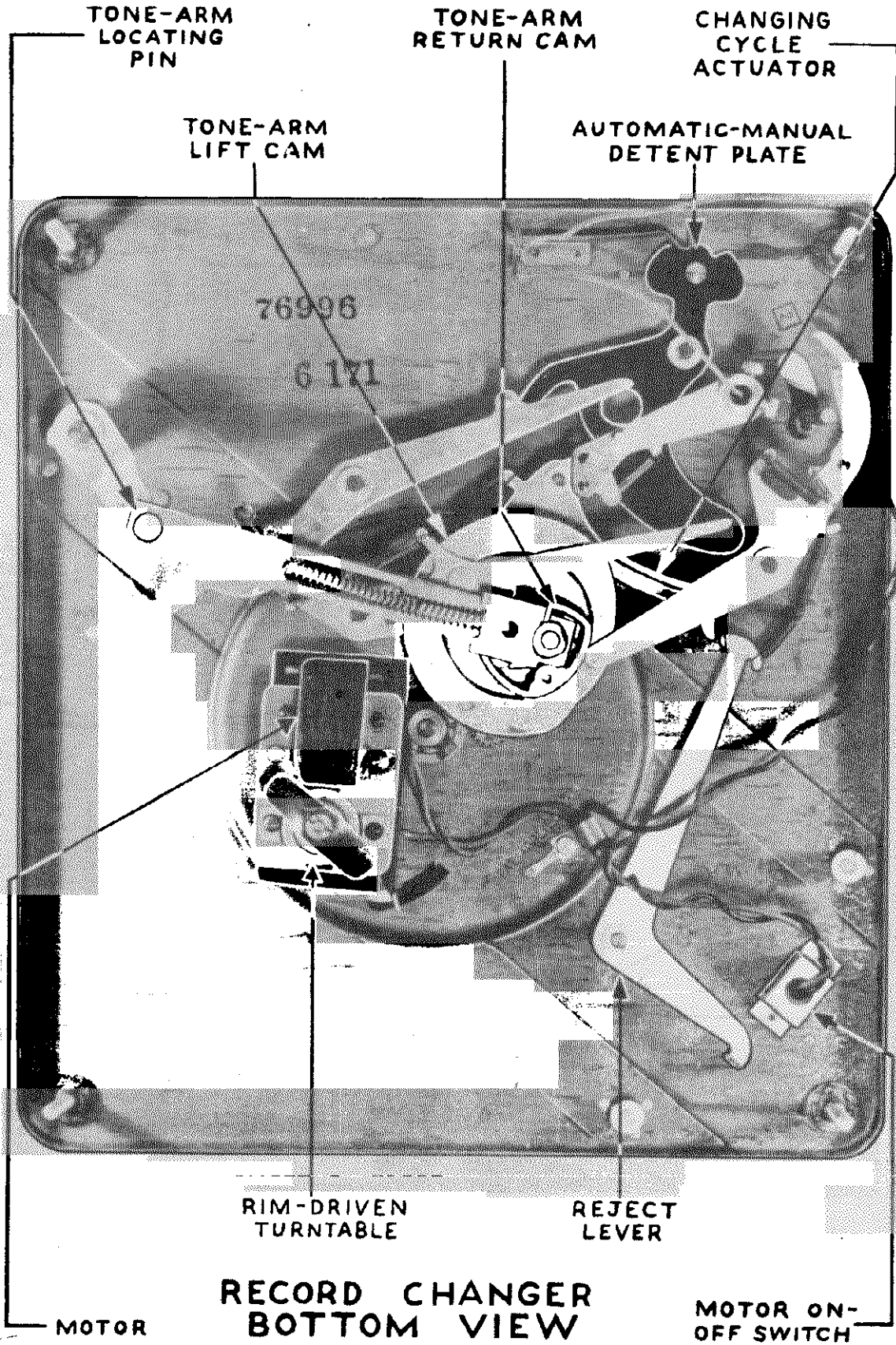
PHILCO RADIO & TELEV. CORP.



MODEL 46-1226

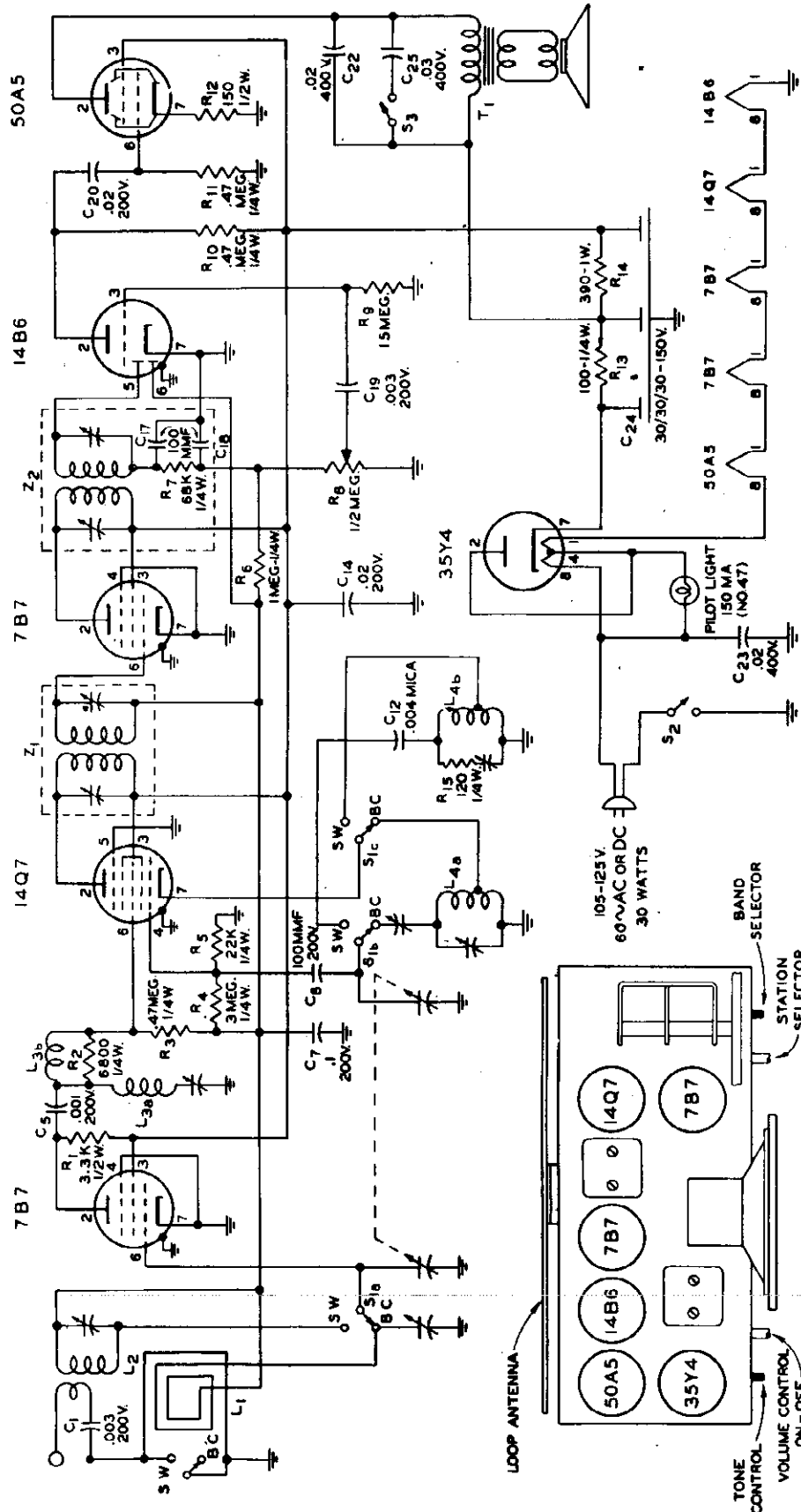
Code 121

PHILCO RADIO & TELEV. CORP.



RECORD CHANGER
BOTTOM VIEW

PHILHARMONIC RADIO CORP.



IF PEAK 456 KC

MODEL NO RR-13L

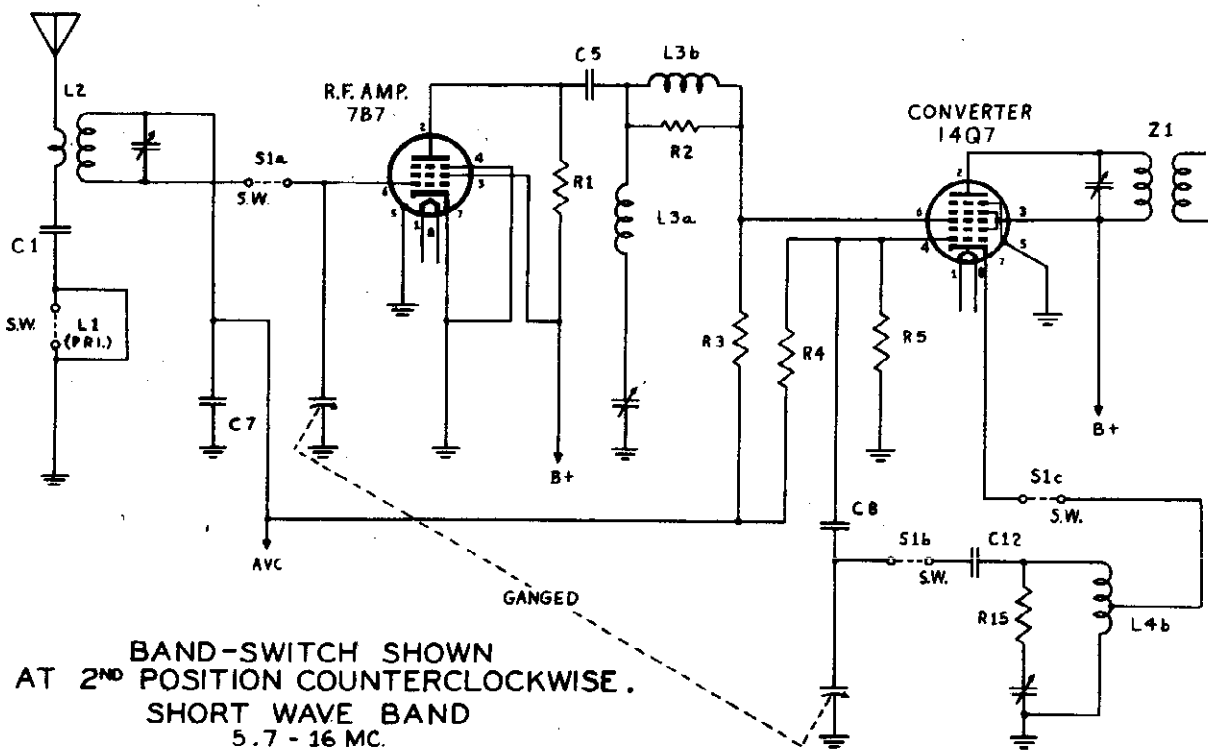
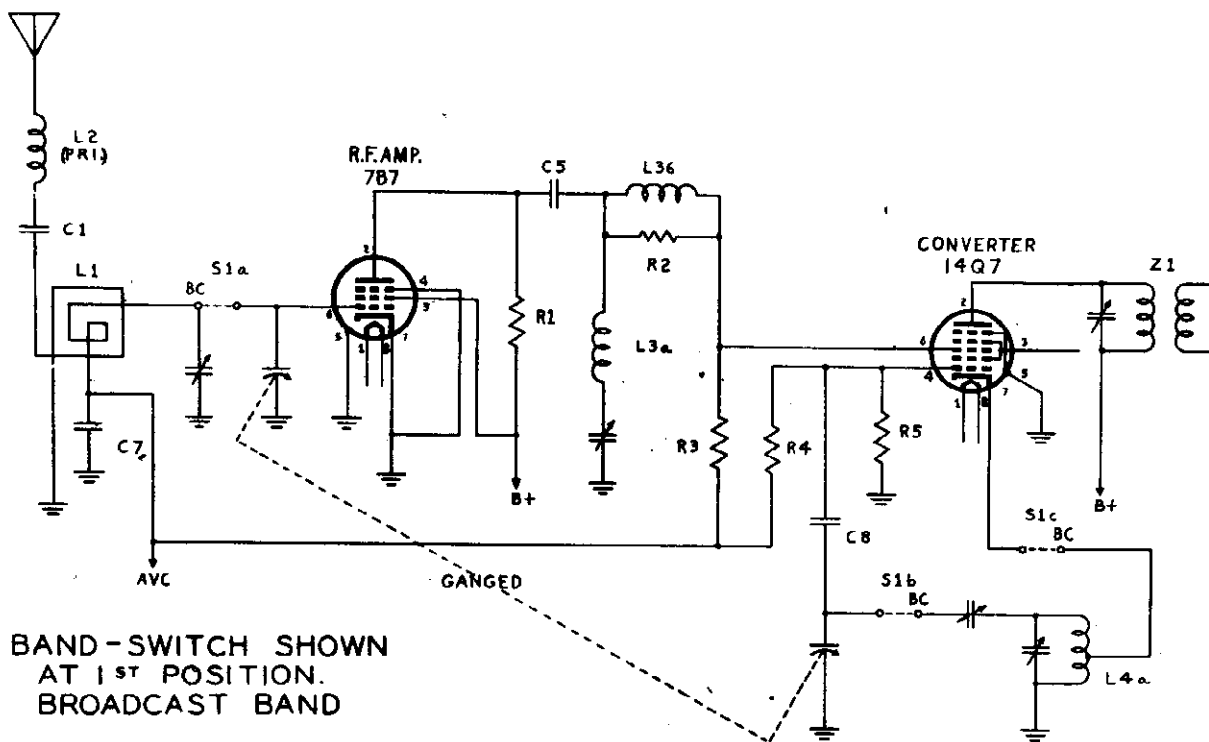
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THIS APPARATUS USES INVENTIONS OF UNITED STATES PATENTS LICENSED BY RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA PATENT NUMBERS SUPPLIED UPON REQUEST.

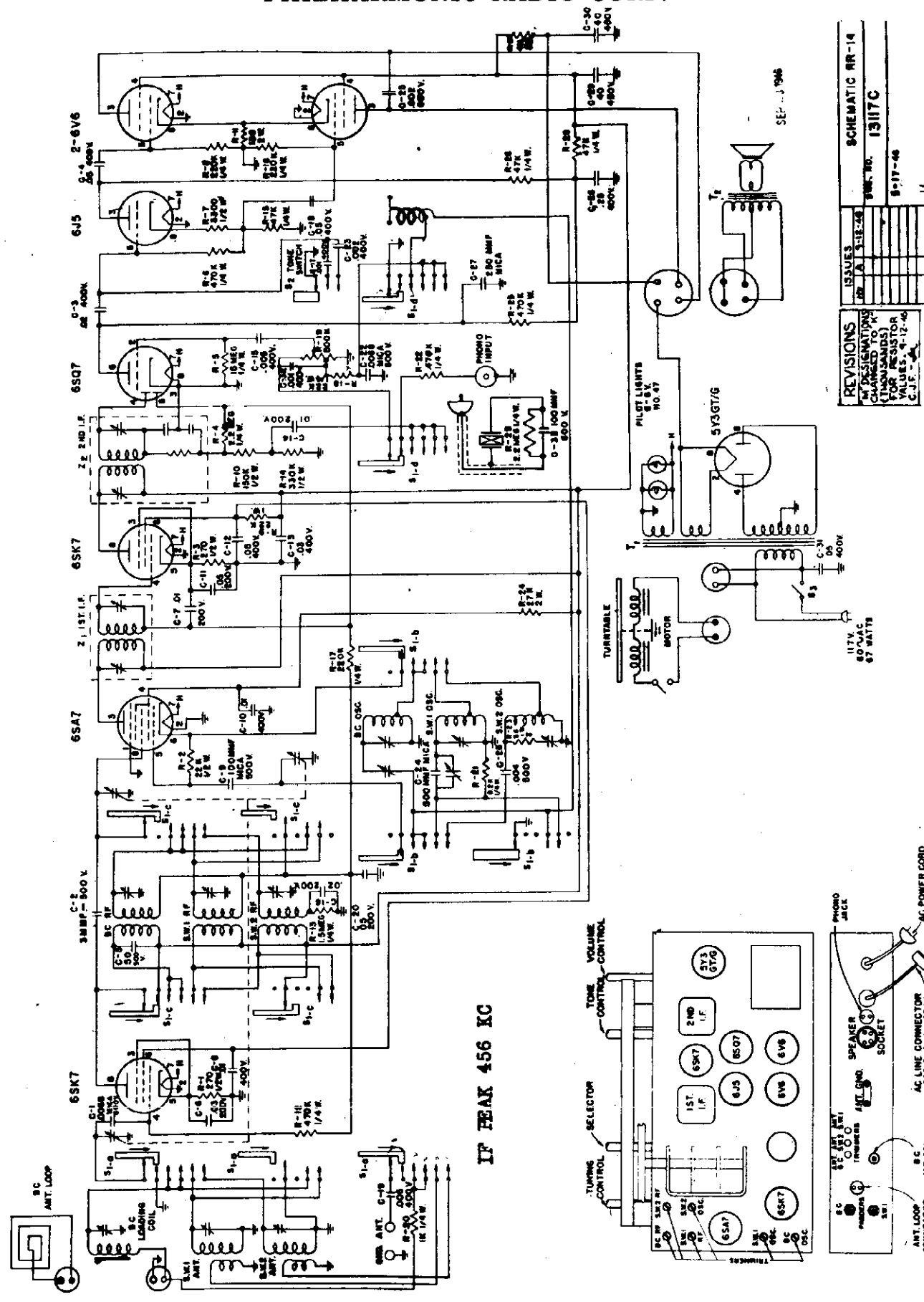
NOTICE: IF SET IS INOPERATIVE ON DC REVERSE LINE PLUG

CAUTION: TO REPLACE TUBES, REMOVE SCREW & WASHER AT CENTER OF LOOP ANTENNA, AFTER FIRST REMOVING PLUG FROM CURRENT OUTLET

PHILHARMONIC RADIO CORP.



PHILHARMONIC RADIO CORP.



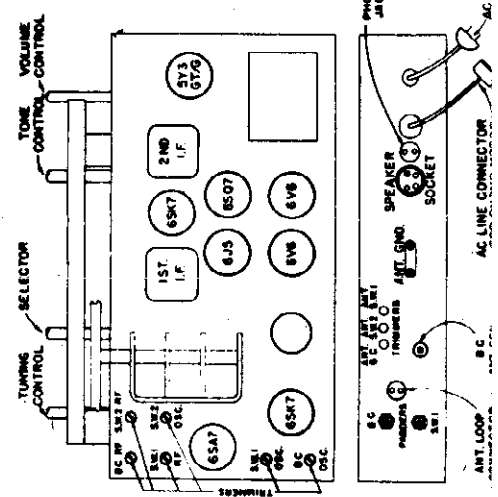
IF PEAK 456 KC

SEP-1946

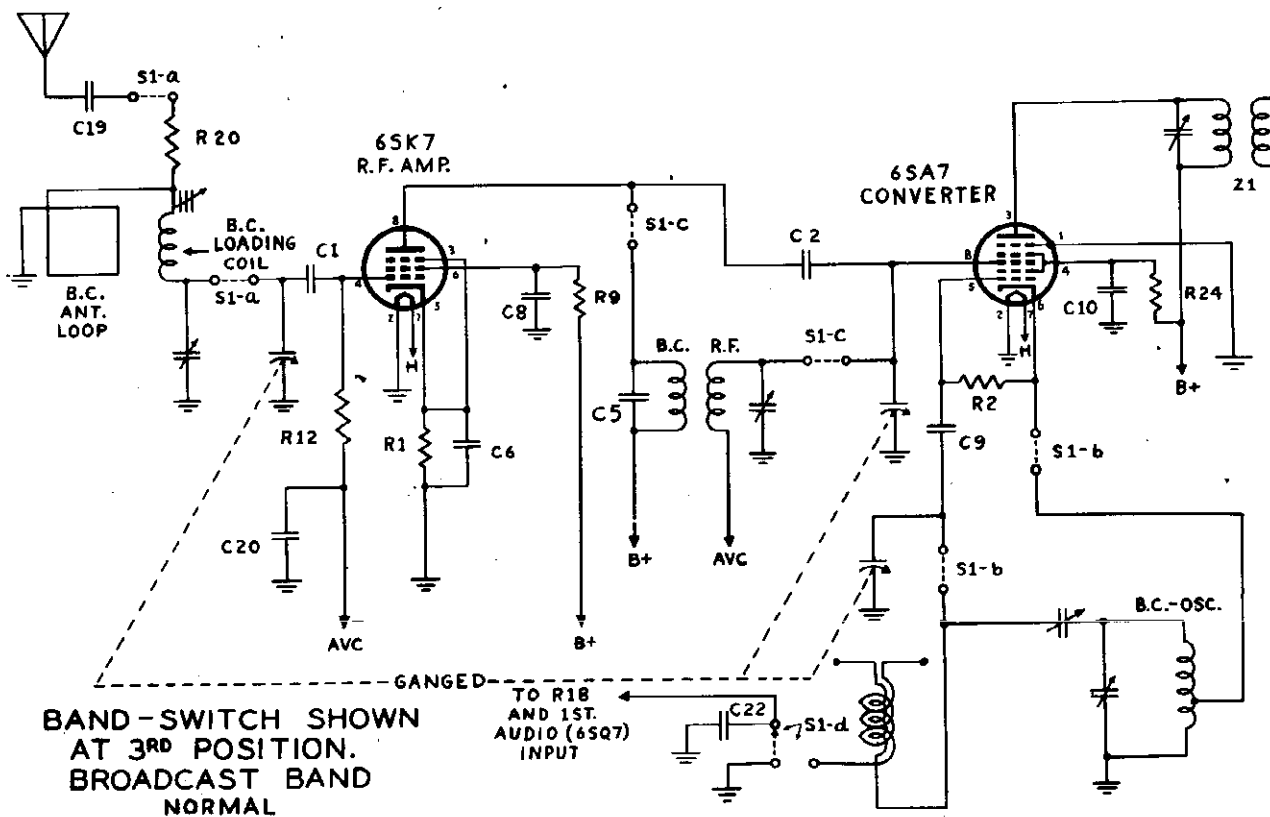
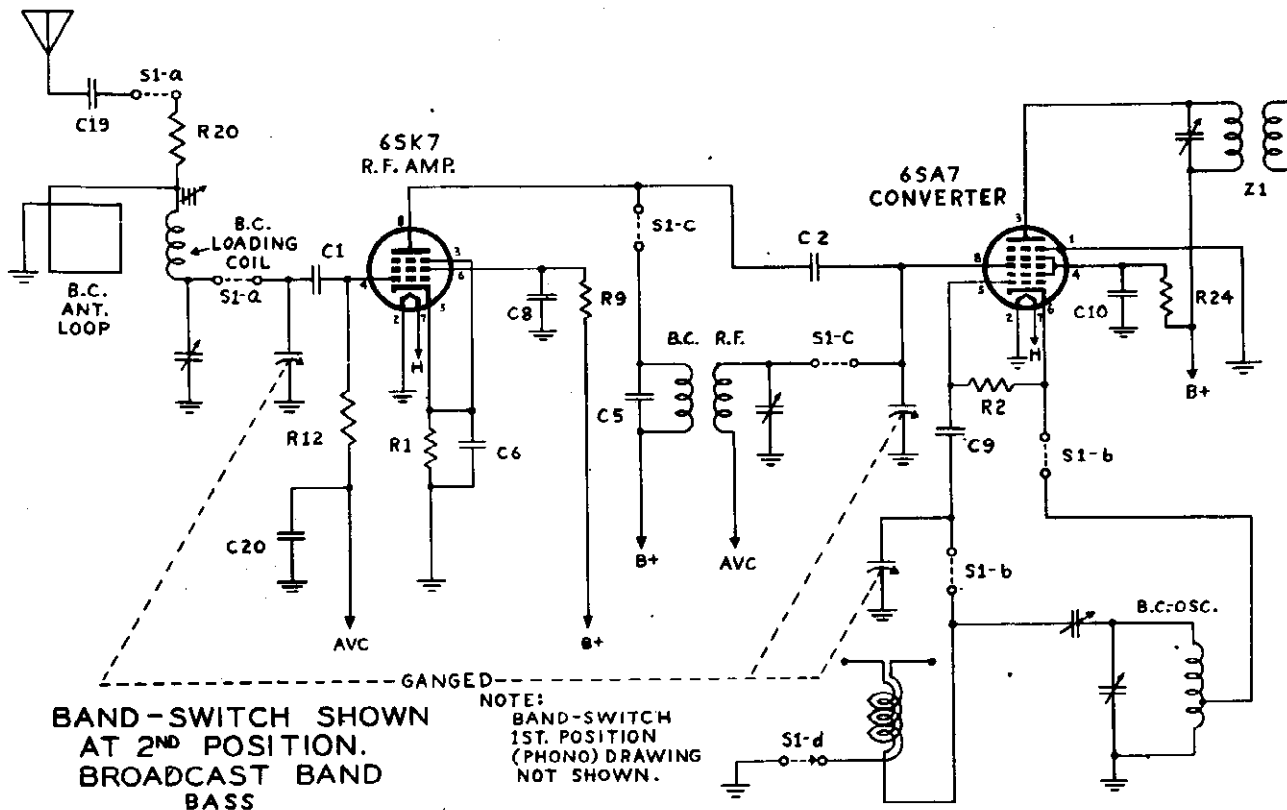
REVISIONS	
NO.	DESCRIPTIONS (THOUSANDS) FOR RESISTOR VALUES 4-12-46
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ISSUES
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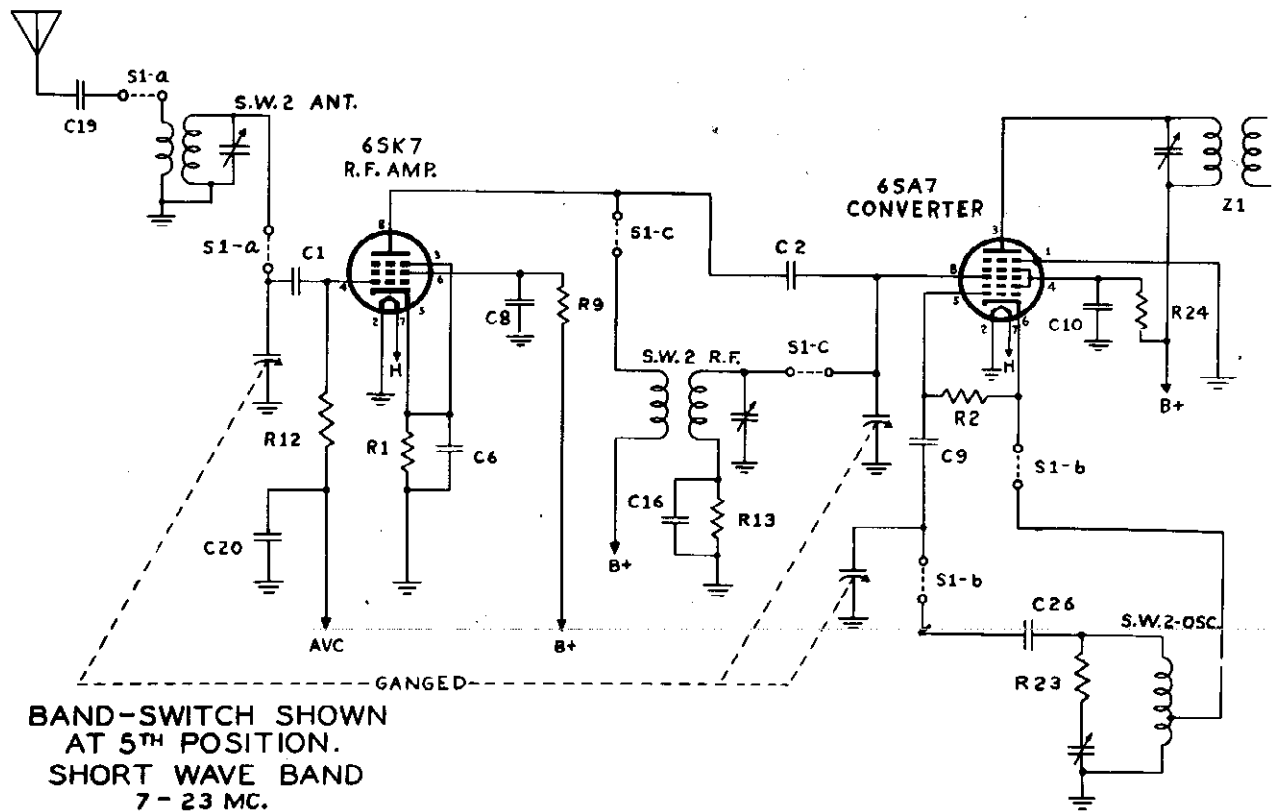
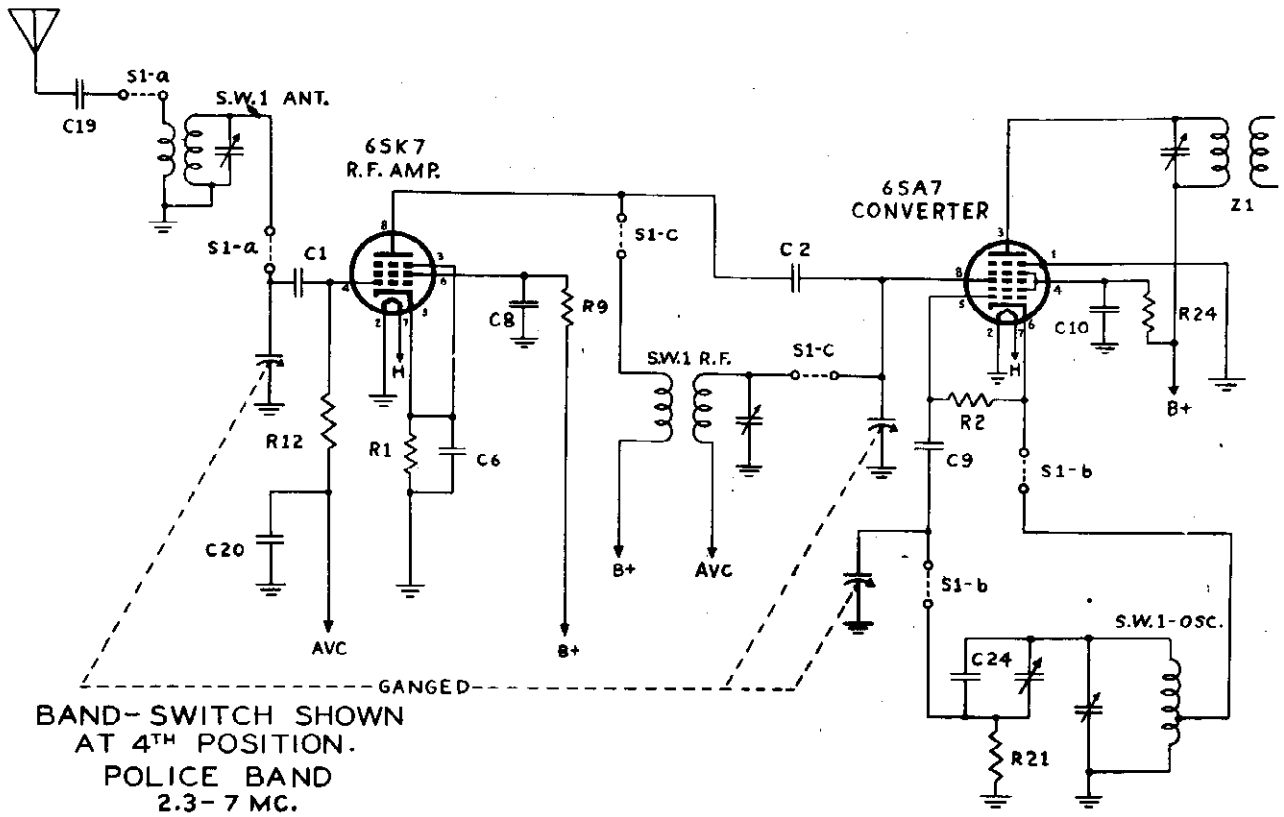
SCHEMATIC RR-14
 ENG. NO. 13117C
 9-17-46



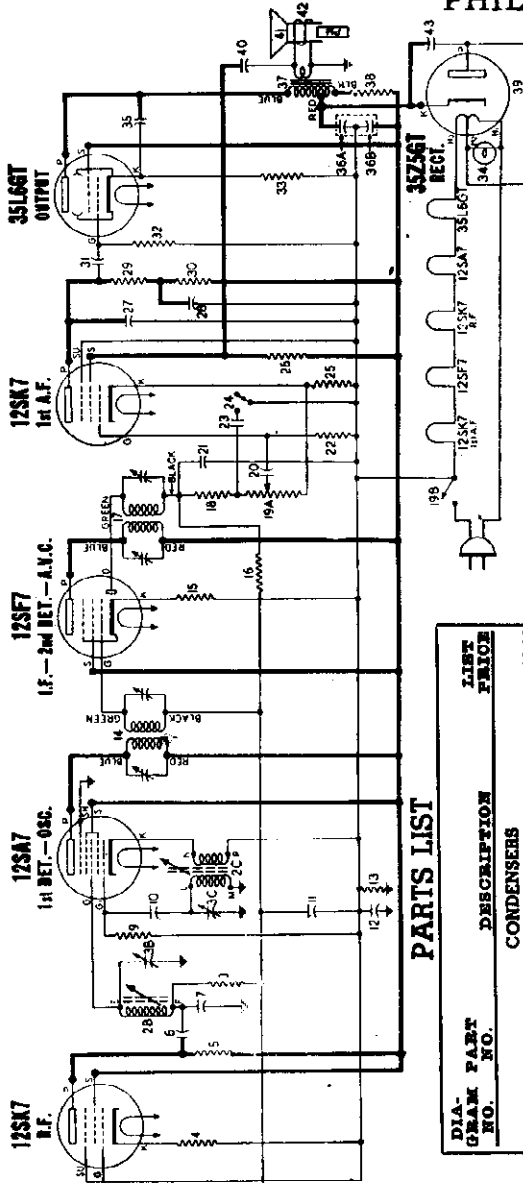
PHILHARMONIC RADIO CORP.



PHILHARMONIC RADIO CORP.

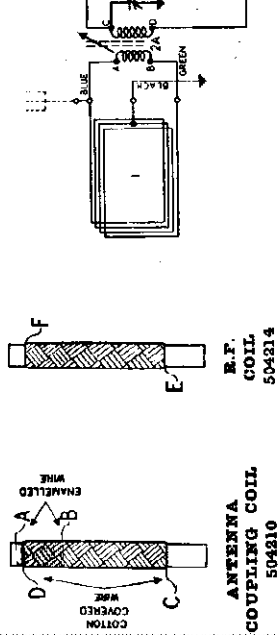


PHILLIPS PETROLEUM CO.



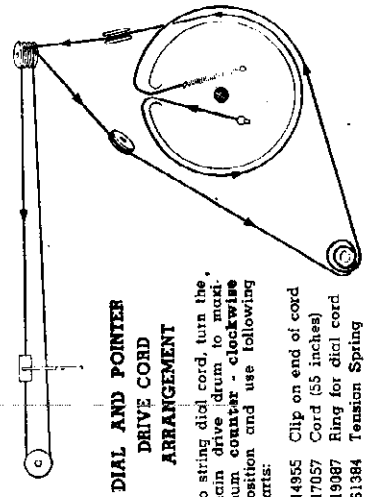
PARTS LIST

DIA-GRAM NO.	DESCRIPTION	LIST PRICE
3-A, B, C 504086	Condenser-trimmer assembly	\$1.10
A	20 to 270 Mmfd.	
B	40 to 370 Mmfd.	
C	40 to 370 Mmfd.	
5	502271 Condenser-mica 263 Mmfd. 500 volt.	.30
7	502165 Condenser-mica 1,000 Mmfd. 500 volt.	.45
10	502159 Condenser-mica 50 Mmfd. 500 volt.	.24
11	502158 Condenser-1 Meg. 200 volt.	.30
12	502158 Condenser-2 Meg. 400 volt.	.36
20	502453 Condenser-.002 Mid. 400 volt.	.20
21	502160 Condenser-mica 110 Mmfd. 500 volt.	.24
23	502470 Condenser-.0003 Mid. 400 volt.	.20
27	502160 Condenser-mica 110 Mmfd. 500 volt.	.24
28	502153 Condenser-.004 Mid. 400 volt.	.20
31	502156 Condenser-.004 Mid. 400 volt.	.20
35	502151 Condenser-.01 Mid. 400 volt.	.41
36-A, B, 500256	Condenser-electrolytic	1.50
A	40 Mid. 150 volt.	
B	20 Mid. 150 volt.	
40	502152 Condenser-.02 Mid. 400 volt.	.24
43	502157 Condenser-.05 Mid. 400 volt.	.24
RESISTORS		
4	502140 Resistor-carbon 390 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12
5	502251 Resistor-carbon 4700 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12
B	502130 Resistor-carbon 470,000 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12
13	502130 Resistor-carbon 22,000 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12
13	502130 Resistor-carbon 220,000 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12
13	502264 Resistor-carbon 47 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12
13	502269 Resistor-carbon 3.3 Meg. 1/4 watt.	.12
18	502131 Resistor-carbon 47,000 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12
19-A, B	502145 Volume control 500,000 ohms (with switch)	1.25
22	502128 Resistor-carbon 10 Meg. 1/4 watt.	.12
25	502128 Resistor-carbon 2200 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12
26	502155 Resistor-carbon 2.2 Meg. 1/4 watt.	.12
29	502133 Resistor-carbon 220,000 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12
30	502134 Resistor-carbon 470,000 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12
32	502138 Resistor-carbon 130 ohms 1 watt.	.12
33	502469 Resistor-carbon 1500 ohms 1 watt.	.16
38	502574 Resistor-carbon 33 ohms 1/2 watt.	.12
COILS & TRANSFORMERS		
1	502246 Loop antenna	2.90
A, B, C 504096	Tuning unit: complete assembly	10.80
2-A	504210 Coil-antenna (less slug)	1.29
2-B	504214 Coil-R.F. (less slug)	.93
2-C	504211 Coil-oscillator (less slug)	1.05
43	504211 Slug core for Ant. coil (yellow end)	.45
43	504213 Slug core for Osc. coil (white end)	.45
43	504215 Slug core for R.F. coil (purple end)	.45
OTHER ELECTRICAL PARTS		
500546	Switch-tone control	.84
502473	Lamp-dial (Mazda 47) 6.8 V. 150 Mr.	.22
502214	Cone & voice coil for A-502998 spkr.	2.00
502303	Cone & voice coil for W-502998 spkr.	2.00
504245	Cone & voice coil for W-502998 spkr.	2.00
502398	Speaker-P.M. dynamic (5 inch)	6.80
MISCELLANEOUS PARTS		
502502	Back for cabinet	.30
116467	Cabinet-ivory (Model 3-A)	.04
502477	Cabinet-mahogany (Model 3-2A)	.04
502306	Clamp-dial scale only	.02
504997	Clip-recorder for capacitor bank	.01
114955	Clip-recorder on end of dial cord	.01
114955	Conductor-antenna leads	.05
114955	Cord-dial drive (55 in. required) per ft.	.05
504924	Cord-secular board, for elect. cond.	.04
504146	Dial scale-plates	1.40
501186	Grounding plate (under I.F. trans. can)	.10
502583	Knob-ivory (Model 3-A)	.08
502367	Knob-mahogany (Model 3-2A)	.16
114145	Retaining ring for tuning shaft	.01
119097	Ring for dial cord	.01
505078	Rubber grommet: Ant. & R.F. coil mtg.	.03
504945	Rubber grommet: Osc. coil mtg.	.04
170653	Screw-No. 6 x 1/2 chassis mtg.	.01
1146238	Screw-No. 8 x 1/2 chassis mtg.	.01
502173	Shaft-tuning control	.15
116590	Socket-rectal base	.12
160392	Socket-rectal (rectifier)	.16
500498	Socket-dial lamp (with leads)	.44
504312	Spring for tuning slug drive cord	.05
161384	Spring-dial cord tension	.06
111456	Washer-spring washer for tuning shaft	.005



I.F. 455 KC.

Lettered terminals in illustrations correspond to similarly lettered terminals on the circuit diagram.



DIAL AND POINTER DRIVE ARRANGEMENT

To string dial cord, turn the main drive drum to maximum counter-clockwise position and use following parts:

- 114955 Clip on end of cord
- 117057 Cord (55 inches)
- 119097 Ring for dial cord
- 161384 Tension Spring

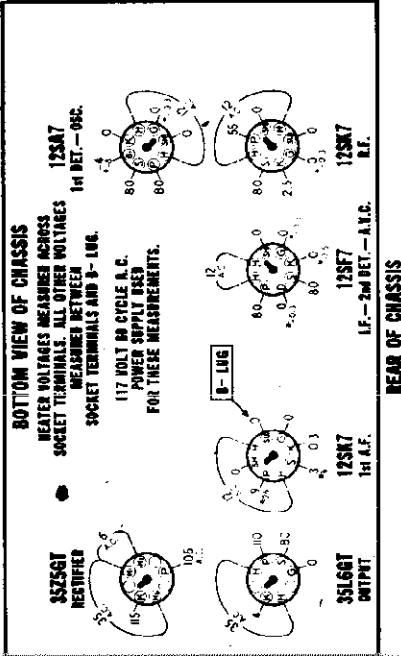
OSCILLATOR COIL 504212

SLUG CORES FOR COILS ANT.-504211 R.F.-504215 OSC.-504213

SOCKET VOLTAGES

Measured with voltmeter having sensitivity of 1,000 ohms per volt except where indicated by (*).

VOLUME ON FULL WITH NO SIGNAL DIAL TUNED TO 540 KC.



MODELS 3-1A, 3-2A

PHILLIPS PETROLEUM CO.

Remove chassis and loop from cabinet. Solder approximately 8" of insulated wire to any B- connection (see voltage chart on opposite side for convenient B- location). Then reinstall chassis and loop in cabinet. The B- lead should extend from under the chassis at the back.

Connect ground lead of signal generator to B- lead.

Connect output meter across the speaker voice coil (terminals at back of speaker.)

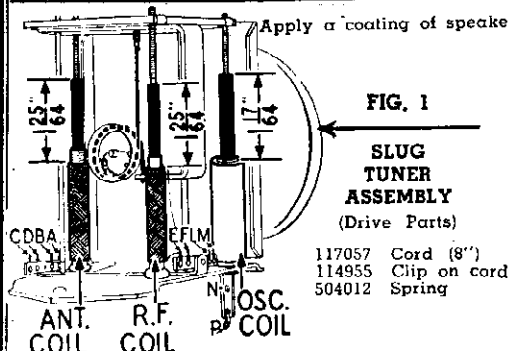
Turn the tuning control knob clockwise as far as it will go (tuner mechanism is now in maximum open position with tuning slugs almost completely withdrawn from coils). Dial pointer should then point to 1600 Kc mark on scale. If it is set incorrectly, release pointer clip on dial cord and reposition pointer.

Set volume control at maximum volume position and use a weak signal from the signal generator.

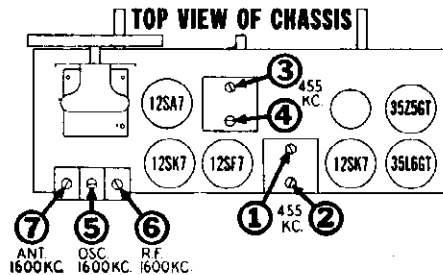
DUMMY ANT. IN SERIES WITH SIGNAL GENERATOR	CONNECT HIGH SIDE OF GENERATOR TO	SIGNAL GENERATOR FREQUENCY	RECEIVER DIAL SETTING	TRIMMER NUMBER	TRIMMER DESCRIPTION	TYPE OF ADJUSTMENT
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Set tuner mechanism to maximum open position by turning the tuning control knob clockwise as far as it will go (Dial pointer at 1600 Kc). Then check whether the positions of the tuning slugs correspond to the positions shown in Fig. 1 below. If settings are incorrect, rotate the individual core and threaded stem until desired position is reached. Note that threaded stem is prevented from moving by a dab of speaker cement at top.

.1 MFD. Condenser	Ungrounded terminal of trimmer No. 6 (see Fig. 2 below for location of trimmer.)	455 KC	Any point where it does not affect the signal.	1-2	2nd I.F.	Adjust for maximum output. Then repeat adjustment.
				3-4	1st I.F.	
300 MMFD. Mica Condenser	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	1600 KC	1600 KC	5	Broadcast Oscillator (Shunt)	Adjust for maximum output.
300 MMFD. Mica Condenser	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	1600 KC	Tune to 1600-KC generator signal	6	Broadcast R.F.	Adjust for maximum output.
				7	Broadcast Antenna	Adjust for maximum output.
300 MMFD. Mica Condenser	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	1400 KC	Tune to 1400 KC generator signal	Ant. coil tuning slug		Adjust position of slug for maximum output.
				R.F. coil tuning slug		Adjust position of slug for maximum output.
300 MMFD. Mica Condenser	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	1600 KC	Tune to 1600 KC generator signal	6	Broadcast R.F.	Recheck adjustment for maximum output.
				7	Broadcast Antenna	Recheck adjustment for maximum output.



- 117057 Cord (8")
- 114955 Clip on cord
- 504012 Spring



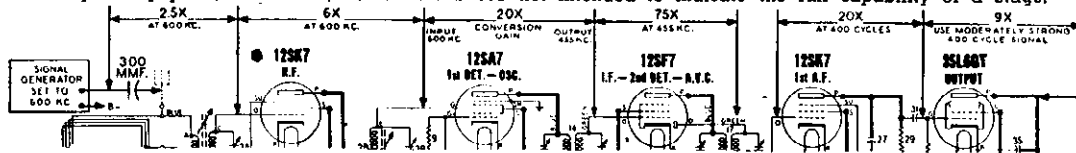
AUDIO OSCILLATION

The audio system of this receiver utilizes a two stage type of inverse feed-back arrangement and, should it ever be necessary to replace the speaker or output transformer, it is important to maintain a definite phase relationship in the feed-back circuit. If the connections to the output transformer are reversed or if the feed-back connection is made to the wrong side of the output transformer secondary, the system will become regenerative instead of degenerative. Under those conditions audio oscillation may result. If that occurs, oscillation may be prevented by reversing the connections to the secondary of the output transformer.

Be sure R.F. and I.F. stages are accurately aligned before measuring gain. R.F. gains can be measured with a "channel" type instrument containing a tuned and calibrated R.F. amplifier. A vacuum tube voltmeter may be used for audio gain measurements. Observe following precautions:

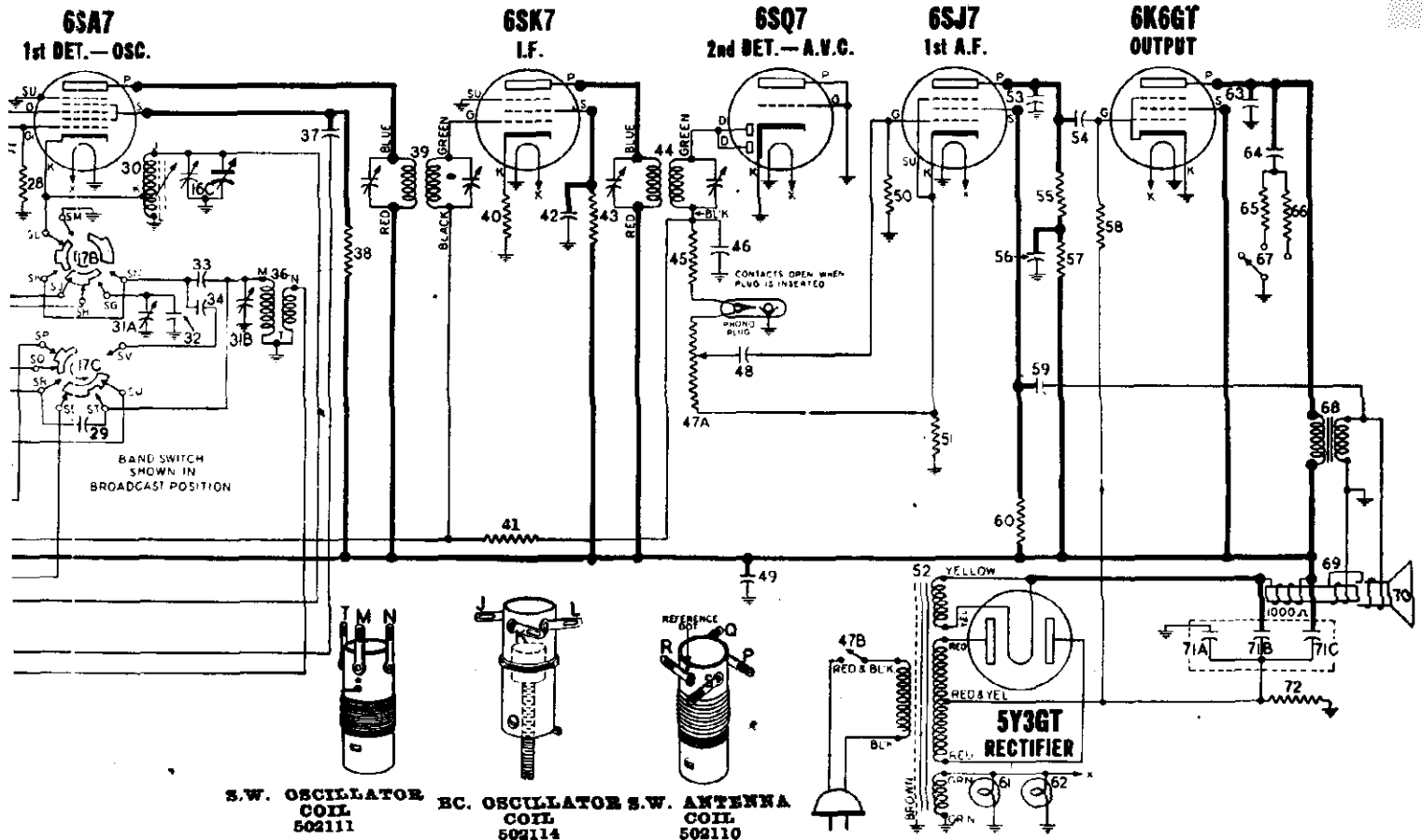
- For all gain measurements connect signal generator as shown. Use 600 KC. signal with 400 cycle modulation (use nearby frequency if local station interferes.)
- For R.F. and I.F. measurements connect negative terminal of a 3 volt battery (two 1½ volt cells in series) to A.V.C. lead and positive terminal to B-. This provides a definite operating point. **IMPORTANT:** Disconnect battery when measuring audio stage gains.
- Be sure radio is carefully tuned to generator signal (use weak signal for sharp tuning.)
- When using a "channel" type instrument carefully tune it for maximum output at desired frequency before making measurements.

The R.F. and I.F. stage gains shown below are less than under normal operating conditions due to the use of 3 volts fixed bias in order to establish a definite operating point. Therefore, these values are not intended to indicate the full capability of a stage.



Differences in tube characteristics, tolerance of parts, adjustment of tuned circuits, and variations of line voltage will influence stage gain. Accuracy of measurements is dependent upon careful tuning of receiver to generator signal and experience in using your test equipment. These factors may create considerable variation in gain measurements.

PHILLIPS PETROLEUM CO.



S.W. OSCILLATOR COIL 502111

I.F. OSCILLATOR COIL 502114

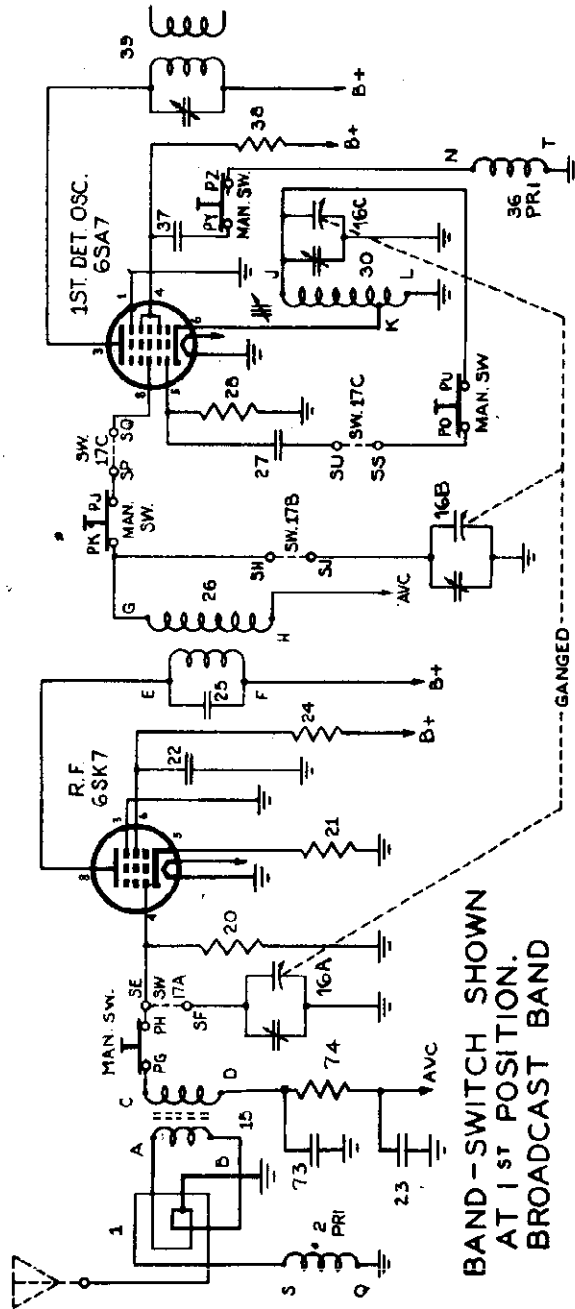
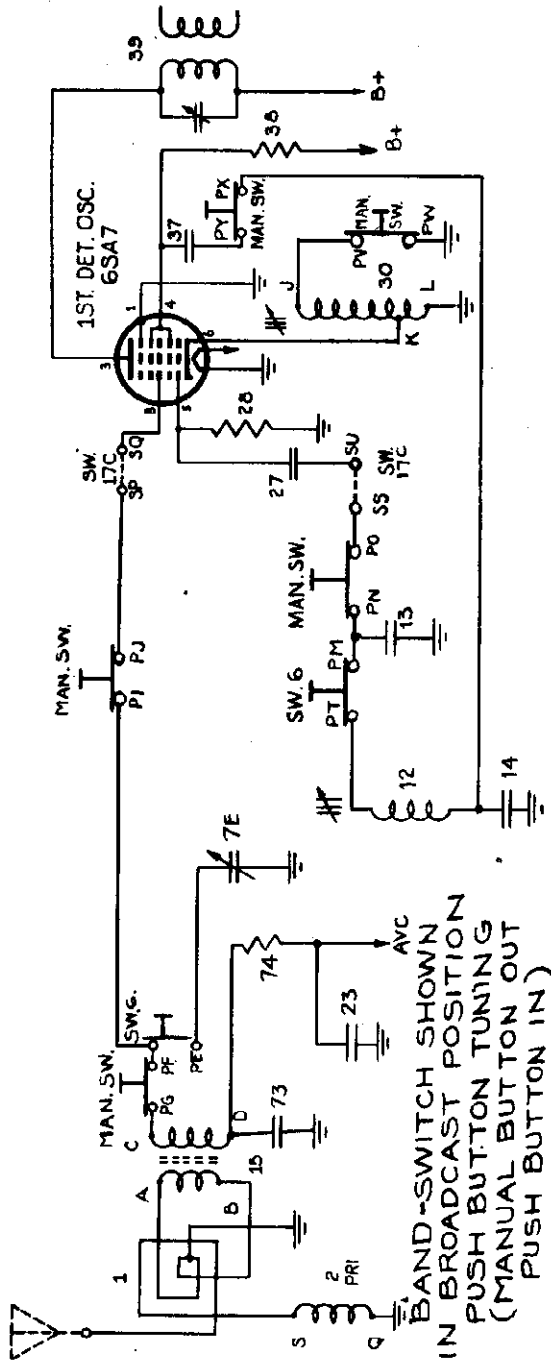
S.W. ANTENNA COIL 502110

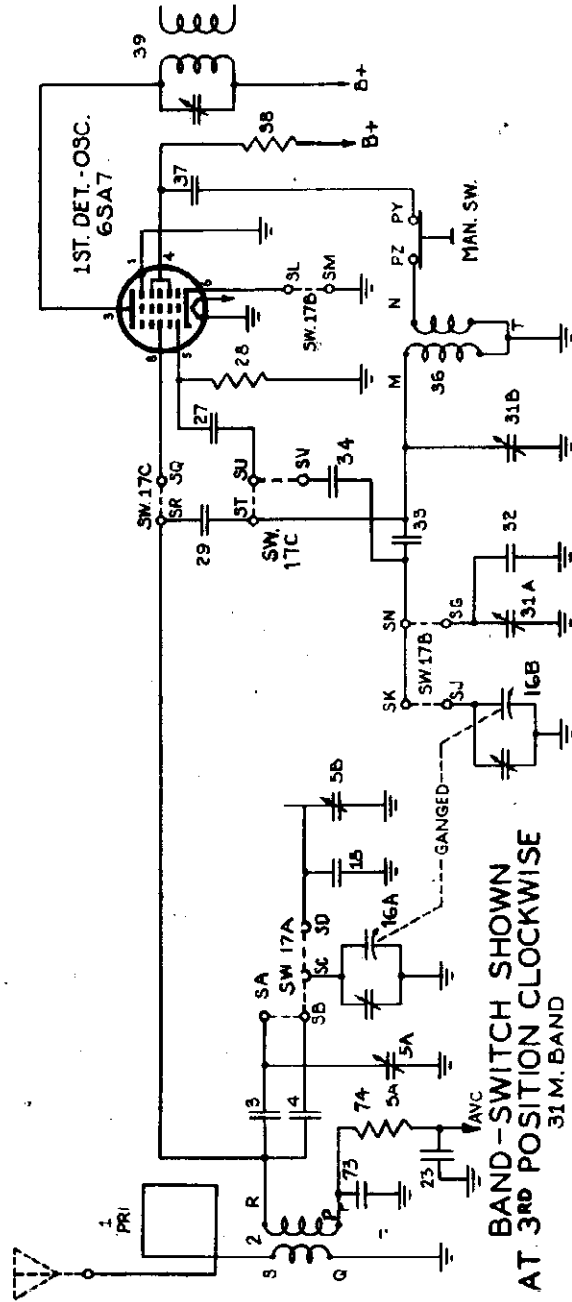
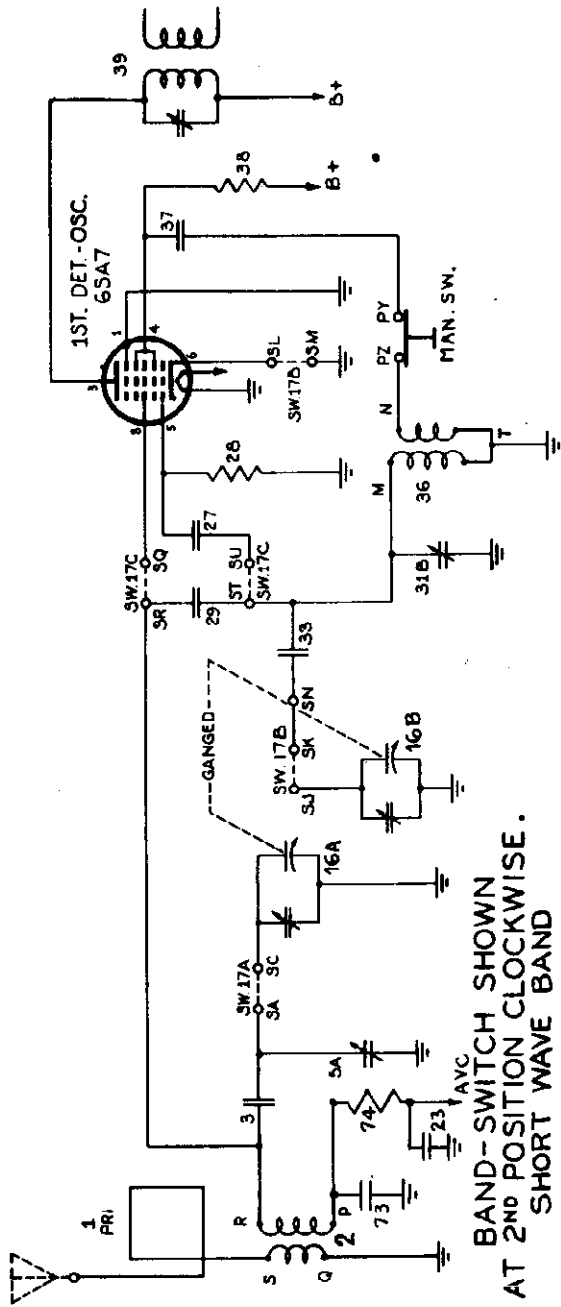
5Y3GT RECTIFIER

DESCRIPTION	LIST PRICE	DIA-GRAM PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	LIST PRICE	DIA-GRAM PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	LIST PRICE
ERS							
dc 82 Mmfd. 500 volt.	\$.30	40	Resistor—carbon 220 Ohms 1/4 watt.	\$.12		MISCELLANEOUS PARTS	
670 Mmfd. 500 volt.	.70	41	Resistor—carbon 2.2 Meg. 1/4 watt.	.12	502560	Background for dial.	\$.16
er assembly		43	Resistor—carbon 68,000 Ohms 1/2 watt.	.12	116467	Base for mtg. electrolytic condenser.	.04
to 15 Mmfd.	.65	45	Resistor—carbon 47,000 Ohms 1/4 watt.	.12	502046	Back for cabinet.	.70
to 40 Mmfd.		47A, B	Volume control 500,000 ohms (with switch)	1.25	117315	Call letter tabs for push-button.	.55
er assem. for P-B tuner	3.00	50	Resistor—carbon 4.7 Meg. 1/4 watt.	.12	500420	Clamp—for dial glass.	.15
270 Mmfd. 500 volt.	.45	51	Resistor—carbon 2200 Ohms 1/4 watt.	.12	112745	Clip—coil mtg.	.01
1,000 Mmfd. 500 volt.	.45	55	Resistor—carbon 220,000 Ohms 1/4 watt.	.12	114955	Clip—retainer on end of dial cord.	.01
ble gang	6.60	57	Resistor—carbon 100,000 Ohms 1/4 watt.	.12	501151	Clip—for mtg. push button coils.	.08
ic 39 Mmfd. 500 volt.	.40	58	Resistor—carbon 470,000 Ohms 1/4 watt.	.12	116563	Connector—for antenna leads.	.01
fd. 400 volt.	.24	60	Resistor—carbon 2.2 Meg. 1/4 watt.	.12	117057	Cord—dial drive (102 in. required), per ft.	.05
fd. 200 volt.	.30	65	Resistor—carbon 4700 Ohms 1/4 watt.	.12	502561	Dial scale—glass	3.85
ic 10 Mmfd. 500 volt.	.30	66	Resistor—carbon 560 Ohms 1/4 watt.	.12	113402	Drum—for dial drive.	.70
50 Mmfd. 500 volt.	.24	72	Resistor—wire wound 330 Ohms 2 watt.	.25	502699	Escutcheon for push-buttons.	1.70
fd. 50 volt.	.10	74	Resistor—carbon 470,000 Ohms 1/4 watt.	.12	501449	Knob—volume or tuning.	.15
er assem.	.75				501458	Knob—tone or band switch.	.16
o 15 Mmfd.			COILS & TRANSFORMERS		160620	Pointer	.22
ic 39 Mmfd. 500 volt.	.40	1	Loop antenna	3.15	501495	Push-button	.15
ic 68 Mmfd. 500 volt.	.40	2	Coil—S.W. antenna	1.10	81145	Retaining ring for tuning shaft.	.01
430 Mmfd. 500 volt.	.60		Complete coil—trimmer assem. for P-B tuner	8.80	119087	Ring for dial cord.	.01
fd. 400 volt.	.20	8	Coil less slug (540-1000 Kc.)	1.50	116584	Rubber spacer for mtg. dial scale.	.02
fd. 400 volt.	.20	9, 10	Coil less slug (650-1300 Kc.)	1.50	502702	Rubber spacer on frame behind escutcheon	.04
fd. 400 volt.	.24	11, 12	Coil less slug (875-1600 Kc.)	1.50			
260 Mmfd. 500 volt.	.30		Slug for coils 502907, 502908, 502909.	.25	83552	Screw—No. 10x7/8"; for mtg. chassis.	.03
ffd. 600 volt.	.20	15	Clip—for mtg. push button coils.	.08	85927	Screw—No. 8-32 for dial drum.	.02
ffd. 400 volt.	.24	26	Coil—BC. antenna	1.70	501777	Screw—No. 4x1/2"; for mtg. loop & back.	.02
110 Mmfd. 500 volt.	.24	30	Coil—BC. R.F.	1.85	502116	Shaft—tuning control	.10
fd. 400 volt.	.24	36	Coil—BC. oscillator	1.45	114876	Socket—octal base (rectifier).	.15
fd. 400 volt.	.30	39	Coil—S.W. oscillator	1.10	119791	Socket—octal base	.12
fd. 400 volt.	.36	44	Transformer—1st I.F.	2.38	500459	Socket—dial lamp (with mtg. bracket).	.15
ffd. 600 volt.	.20	52	Transformer—2nd I.F.	2.30	502960	Spacer for leads to push-button switch.	.10
ffd. 600 volt.	.24		Transformer—power	7.50	113177	Spring—dial cord tension.	.06
			Transformer—output for M-504205 speaker	2.00	119911	Terminal strip—phono	.16
			Transformer—output for R-504205 speaker	2.00	111456	Washer—spring washer for tuning shaft	.005
			Transformer—output for D-504205 speaker	2.00	500487	Washer—felt; for knobs.	.01
			OTHER ELECTRICAL PARTS				
		6	Switch—push-button	4.00			
		17A, B, C	Switch—band	2.80			
		61, 62	Lamp—dial (Masuda 44) 6.3 V. 250 Ma.	.15			
		67	Switch—tone control	.70			
		69	Speaker—Electro-dynamic (6 inch).	9.00			
			Cone & Voice coil for R-504205 speaker.	3.00			
			Cone & Voice coil for M-504205 speaker.	3.00			
			Cone & Voice coil for D-504205 speaker.	3.00			

PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE

PHILLIPS PETROLEUM CO.





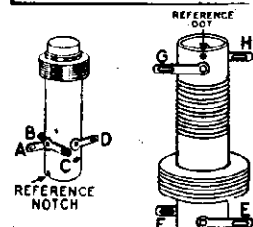
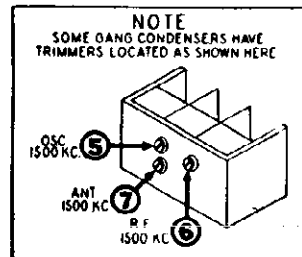
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ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

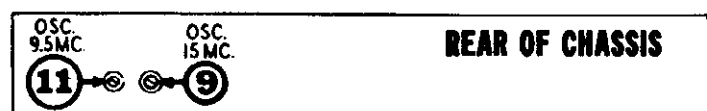
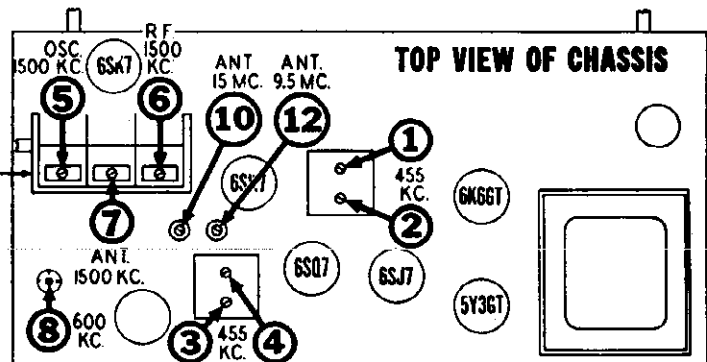
1. The chassis and loop antenna should remain in their normal position in the cabinet throughout the following procedure.
2. Check arrangement of leads to push-button switch as shown in illustration on following page.
3. With the gang condenser fully meshed, dial pointer should be in the position indicated by the last division below 55 on the dial. If it is set incorrectly, release pointer clip on dial cord and reposition pointer.
4. Connect output meter across speaker voice coil.
5. Connect the ground lead of the signal generator to the receiver chassis.
6. Set volume control at maximum volume position and use a weak signal from the signal generator.
7. Push in the manual button and leave it in that position throughout the alignment procedure.

IMPORTANT:—Align this receiver in exactly the order shown below. Broadcast band must be aligned before short wave bands.

DUMMY ANT. IN SERIES WITH SIGNAL GENERATOR	CONNECT HIGH SIDE OF SIGNAL GENERATOR TO	SIGNAL GENERATOR FREQUENCY	BAND SWITCH POSITION	RECEIVER DIAL SETTING	TRIMMER NUMBER	TRIMMER DESCRIPTION	TYPE OF ADJUSTMENT	
.1 MFD. Condenser	Trimmer on rear section of gang	455 KC	Broadcast (counter-clockwise)	Any point where it does not affect the signal.	1-2	2nd I.F.	Adjust for maximum output. Then repeat adjustment.	
					3-4	1st I.F.		
.003 MFD. Condenser	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	1500 KC	Broadcast (counter-clockwise)	1500 KC	5	Broadcast Oscillator (Shunt)	Adjust for maximum output.	
.003 MFD. Condenser	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	1500 KC	Broadcast (counter-clockwise)	Tune to 1500 KC Generator Signal	6	Broadcast R.F.	Adjust for maximum output.	
.003 MFD. Condenser	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	1500 KC	Broadcast (counter-clockwise)	Tune to 1500 KC Generator Signal	7	Broadcast Antenna	Adjust for maximum output.	
.003 MFD. Condenser	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	600 KC	Broadcast (counter-clockwise)	Tune to 600 KC Generator Signal	8	Adjustable core of Broadcast Oscillator Coil.	Adjust for maximum output. Try to increase output by rotating core in and out and retuning receiver dial until maximum output is obtained.	
.003 MFD. Condenser	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	Repeat adjustments of trimmers 5, 6 and 7 at 1500 Kc. Then re-check adjustment of trimmer 8 at 600 Kc.						
400 OHM Carbon Resistor	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	15 MC	Short wave	15 MC	9	S.W. Oscillator	Adjust for maximum output. Check to see if proper peak was obtained by tuning in image at approx. 14.1 MC. If image does not appear, realign at 15 MC. with trimmer screw farther out. Recheck image.	
400 OHM Carbon Resistor	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	15 MC	Short wave	Tune to 15 MC Generator Signal	10	S.W. Antenna	Adjust for maximum output. Try to increase output by detuning trimmer and retuning receiver dial until maximum output is obtained.	
400 OHM Carbon Resistor	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	9.5 MC	31 M (Clockwise)	9.5 MC	11	31 M Oscillator	Adjust for maximum output. Check to see if proper peak was obtained by tuning in image at approx. 8.6 MC. If image does not appear, realign at 9.5 MC. with trimmer screw farther out. Recheck image.	
400 OHM Carbon Resistor	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	9.5 MC	31 M (Clockwise)	Tune to 9.5 MC Generator Signal	12	31 M Antenna	Adjust for maximum output. Try to increase output by detuning trimmer and retuning receiver dial until maximum output is obtained.	



30. ANTENNA COUPLING COIL 500112 R.F. COIL 500112



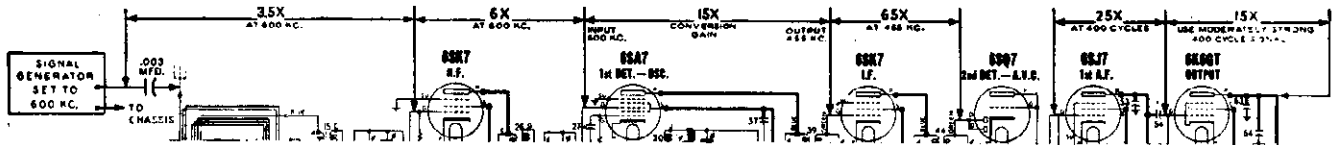
MODEL 3-3A

PHILLIPS PETROLEUM CO.
APPROXIMATE STAGE GAIN DATA

Be sure R.F. and I.F. stages are accurately aligned before measuring gain. R.F. gains can be measured with a "channel" type instrument containing a tuned and calibrated R.F. amplifier. A vacuum tube voltmeter may be used for audio gain measurements. Observe following precautions:

1. For all gain measurements connect signal generator as shown. Use 600 KC. signal with 400 cycle modulation (use nearby frequency if local station interferes.)
2. For R.F. and I.F. measurements connect negative terminal of a 3 volt battery (two 1½ volt cells in series) to A.V.C. lead and positive terminal to chassis. This provides a definite operating point. **IMPORTANT:** Disconnect battery when measuring audio stage gains.
3. Be sure radio is carefully tuned to generator signal (use weak signal for sharp tuning.)
4. When using a "channel" type instrument carefully tune it for maximum output at desired frequency before making measurements.

The R.F. and I.F. stage gains shown below are less than under normal operating conditions due to the use of 3 volts fixed bias in order to establish a definite operating point. Therefore, these values are not intended to indicate the full capability of a stage.

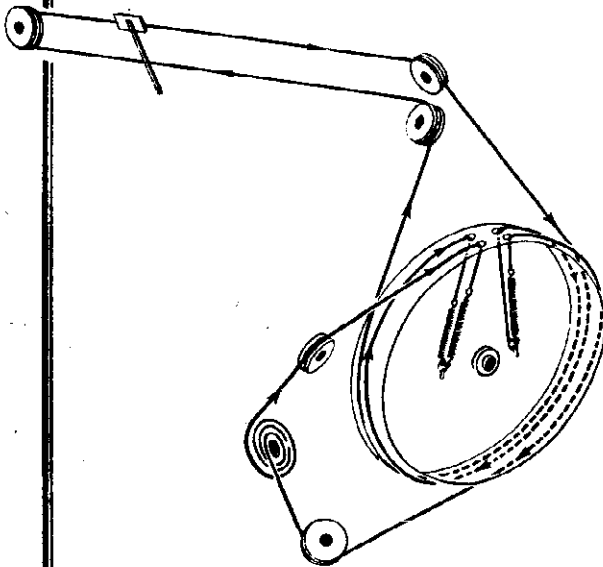


Differences in tube characteristics, tolerance of parts, adjustment of tuned circuits, and variations of line voltage will influence stage gain. Accuracy of measurements is dependent upon careful tuning of receiver to generator signal and experience in using your test equipment. These factors may create considerable variation in gain measurements.

DIAL AND POINTER
DRIVE CORD
ARRANGEMENT

To string dial cord, set gang condenser to fully meshed position and use following parts:

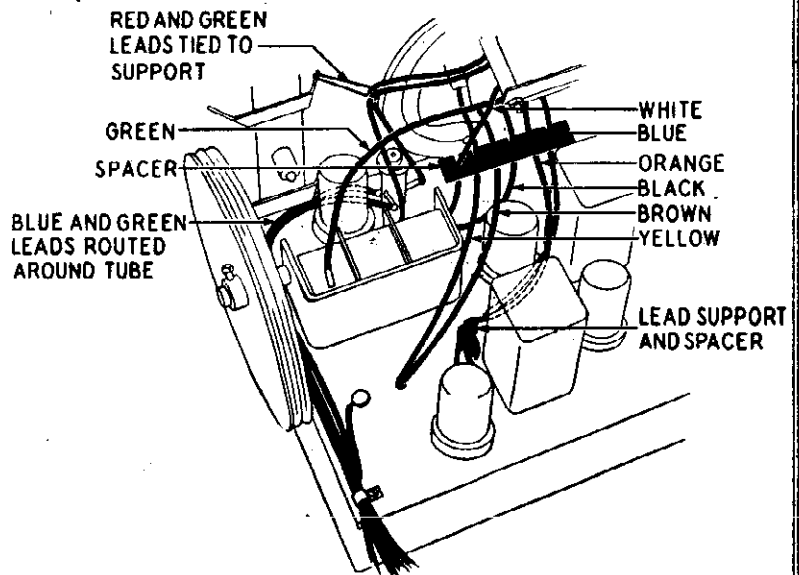
- 113177 Tension Spring
- 114955 Clip on end of cord
- 119087 Ring for dial cord
- 117057 Cord (102 inches)
Pointer drive 72 inches
Gang drive 30 inches



IMPORTANCE OF MAINTAINING FIXED
POSITIONS FOR LEADS AT TOP OF CHASSIS

The wires shown in the above illustration are associated with tuned circuits which carry radio frequency currents. Therefore, care must be exercised to insure that they are properly routed and spaced. Anchoring and fixing spacing of wires minimizes freedom of movement and is utilized to maintain a stable arrangement.

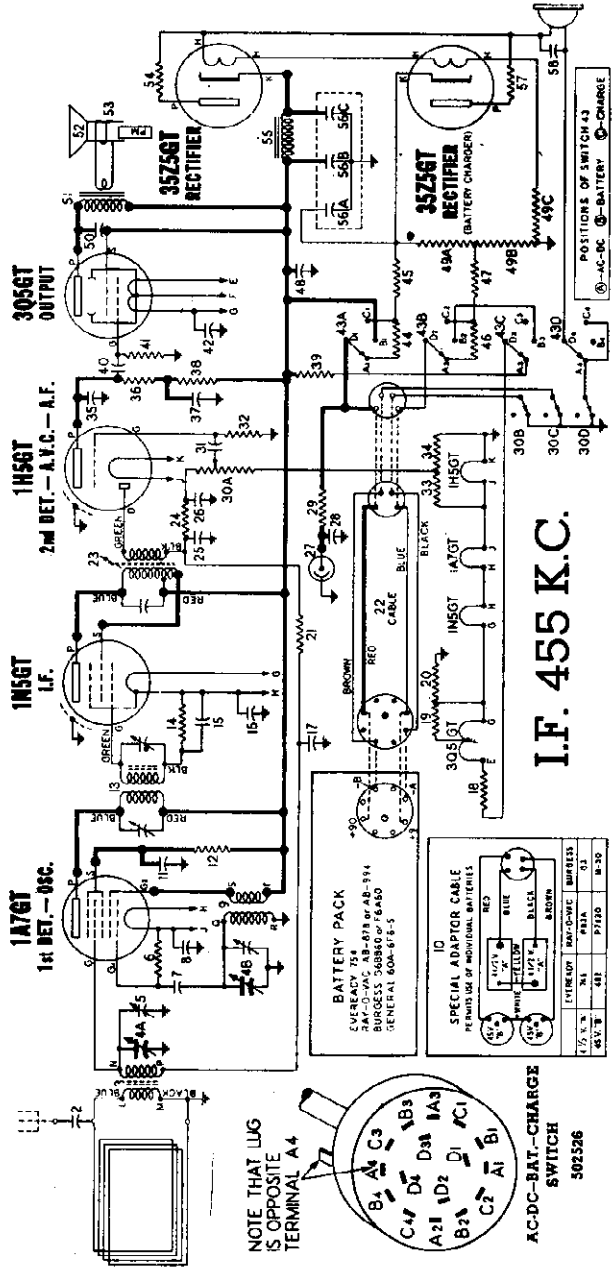
Since the relative positions of these wires may affect tuned circuits it is important to avoid any change in arrangement after the receiver has been aligned. If the position of the wires has been disturbed, it is advisable to re-check alignment.



AUDIO OSCILLATION

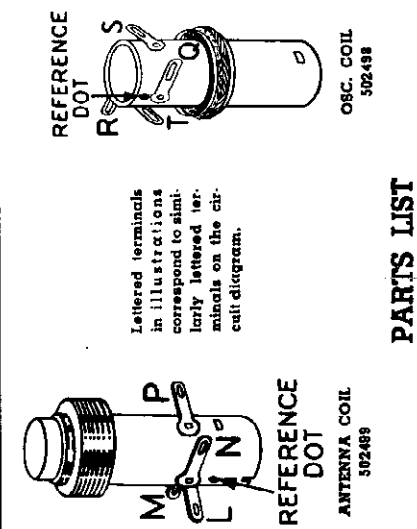
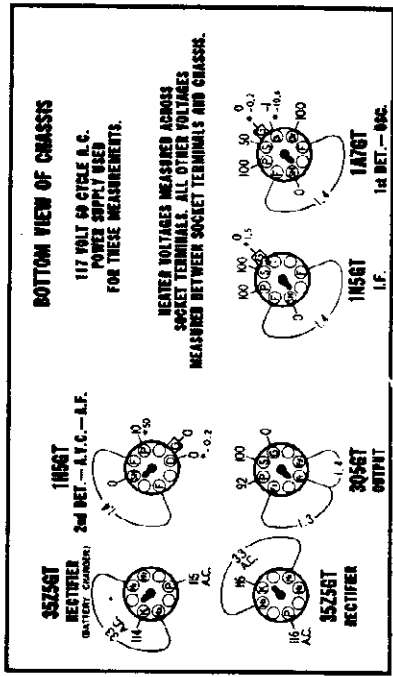
The audio system of this receiver utilizes a two stage type of inverse feed-back arrangement and should it ever be necessary to replace the speaker or output transformer it is important to maintain a definite phase relationship in the feedback circuit. If the connections to the output transformer are reversed or if the feed-back connection is made to the wrong side of the output transformer secondary, the system will become regenerative instead of degenerative. Under those conditions audio oscillation may result. If that occurs, oscillation may be prevented by reversing the connections to the primary of the output transformer.

PHILLIPS PETROLEUM CO.



I.F. 455 K.C.

SOCKET VOLTAGES
 Measured with voltmeter having sensitivity of 1000 ohms per volt except where indicated by (*).
VOLUME ON FULL WITH NO SIGNAL **DIAL TUNED TO 540 KC.**
"AC-DC-BAT.-CHARGE" SWITCH IN "AC-DC" POSITION



PARTS LIST

DIA. GRAM NO.	DESCRIPTION	LIST PRICE
2	Condensers—004 Mid. 600 volt.	\$0.20
3	Condensers—variable gang	4.80
4	Condensers—trimmer 2 to 15 Mmic.	.36
5	Condensers—mica 50 Mmic. 500 volt.	.24
6	Condensers—.05 Mid. 200 volt.	.24
7	Condensers—.05 Mid. 150 volt.	.24
8	Condensers—.1 Mid. 200 volt.	.30
9	Condensers—.1 Mid. 200 volt.	.30
10	Condensers—.1 Mid. 200 volt.	.30
11	Condensers—.1 Mid. 200 volt.	.30
12	Condensers—.1 Mid. 200 volt.	.30
13	Condensers—.1 Mid. 200 volt.	.30
14	Condensers—.1 Mid. 200 volt.	.30
15	Condensers—.1 Mid. 200 volt.	.30
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18	Condensers—.1 Mid. 200 volt.	.30
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86	Condensers—.1 Mid. 200 volt.	.30
87	Condensers—.1 Mid. 200 volt.	.30
88	Condensers—.1 Mid. 200 volt.	.30
89	Condensers—.1 Mid. 200 volt.	.30
90	Condensers—.1 Mid. 200 volt.	.30
91	Condensers—.1 Mid. 200 volt.	.30
92	Condensers—.1 Mid. 200 volt.	.30
93	Condensers—.1 Mid. 200 volt.	.30
94	Condensers—.1 Mid. 200 volt.	.30
95	Condensers—.1 Mid. 200 volt.	.30
96	Condensers—.1 Mid. 200 volt.	.30
97	Condensers—.1 Mid. 200 volt.	.30
98	Condensers—.1 Mid. 200 volt.	.30
99	Condensers—.1 Mid. 200 volt.	.30
100	Condensers—.1 Mid. 200 volt.	.30

PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE

MODEL 3-4A

PHILLIPS PETROLEUM CO.

Slide chassis partially out of cabinet by removing staples at each side of wood shelf and pulling entire shelf back about 2 inches. Do not disturb connections to loop antenna.

Connect an output meter across the voice coil of the speaker or between the plate of the 3Q5GT output tube and chassis, through a .1 mfd. condenser.

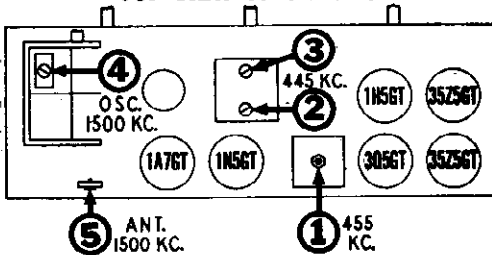
Connect the ground lead of the signal generator to chassis through a .25 mfd. condenser.

Set the volume control in the maximum position and use a weak signal from the generator.

Set "AC-DC-BAT.-CHARGE" Switch in "AC-DC" position.

DUMMY ANT. IN SERIES WITH SIGNAL GENERATOR	CONNECT HIGH SIDE OF SIG. GENERATOR TO	SIGNAL GENERATOR FREQUENCY	RECEIVER DIAL SETTING	TRIMMER NUMBER	TRIMMER DESCRIPTION	TYPE OF ADJUSTMENT
300 MMFD. Condenser	Grid Cap of 1A7GT Tube	455 KC.	Any Point Where It Does Not Affect Signal	1	2nd I.F.	Loosen lock nut, Adjust screw for maximum output.
				2-3	1st I.F.	Adjust for maximum output. Re-check 1, 2 and 3 for maximum output and tighten lock nut on 1.
300 MMFD. Condenser	Center Terminal on Antenna Terminal Strip at bottom of cabinet.	1500 KC.	1500 KC. (Slide set into cabinet and replace pointer to set dial.)	4	Broadcast Oscillator (Shunt)	Adjust trimmer for maximum output.
300 MMFD. Condenser	Center Terminal on Antenna Terminal Strip at bottom of cabinet.	1500 KC.	Tune to 1500 KC. Generator Signal	5	Broadcast Antenna	Adjust for maximum output. Slide chassis all the way into cabinet when making this adjustment.

TOP VIEW OF CHASSIS



INDICATOR LAMP

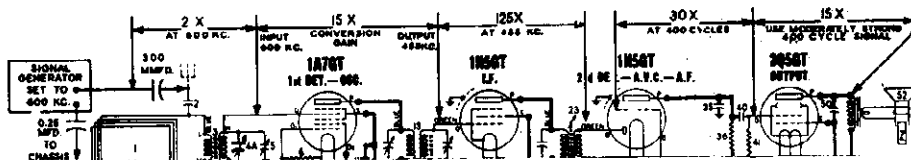
The flashing neon lamp on the dial face indicates condition of batteries. This lamp is included in an oscillating (R-C) circuit which is designed to oscillate at approximately 3 pulses per second when batteries are in a fully charged condition. As the battery voltage decreases with use, number of pulses per second decreases.

This lamp will only show the true condition of the batteries when the Selector Switch is in the "Battery" position. Lamp flashes more rapidly during charging or "AC-DC" operation.

Be sure R.F. and I.F. stages are accurately aligned before measuring gain. R.F. gains can be measured with a "channel" type instrument containing a tuned and calibrated R.F. amplifier. A vacuum tube voltmeter may be used for audio gain measurements.

- For all gain measurements connect signal generator as shown. Use 600 KC. signal with 400 cycle modulation (use nearby frequency if local station interferes).
- For R.F. and I.F. measurements connect negative terminal of a 1 1/2-volt battery to A.V.C. lead and positive terminal to chassis. This provides a definite operating point.
- Be sure radio is carefully tuned to generator signal (use weak signal for sharp tuning).
- When using a "channel" type instrument carefully tune it for maximum output at desired frequency before making measurements.

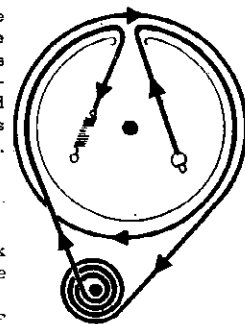
The R.F. and I.F. stage gains shown below are less than under normal operating conditions due to the use of 1 1/2 volts fixed bias in order to establish a definite operating point. Therefore, these values are not intended to indicate the full capability of a stage.



Differences in tube characteristics, tolerance of parts, adjustment of tuned circuits, and variations of line voltage will influence stage gain. Accuracy of measurements is dependent upon careful tuning of receiver to generator signal and experience in using your test equipment. These factors may create considerable variation in gain measurements.

When battery voltage is low (approximately 72 volts) the lamp flashes more slowly (about once per second). The set should not be operated from battery power after this point is reached and batteries should be recharged immediately. Charge for at least twice the time they were used and as soon as possible after they are run down. As batteries age it is necessary to charge for a longer period. For longest battery life, charge immediately after using.

- IMPORTANT:**
- Completely dead batteries cannot be recharged.
 - When set is connected to a DC line, check for correct polarity by operating it before attempting to charge the batteries.
 - Batteries will be discharged if ON-OFF switch is left ON when power cord is not connected to wall outlet.



DIAL DRIVE CORD ARRANGEMENT

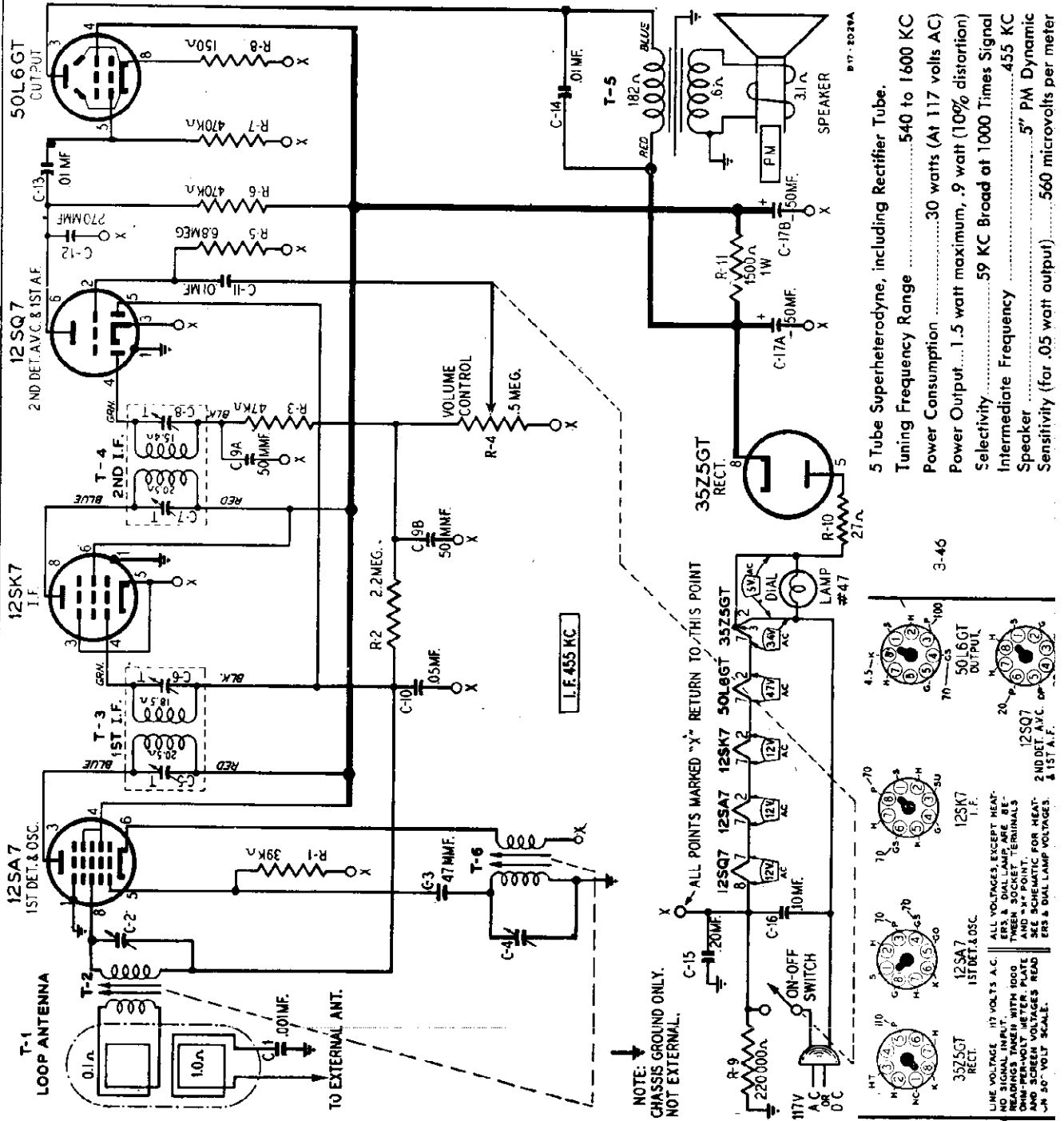
To string dial cord, set gang condenser to fully meshed position and use following parts:

- 114955 Clip on end of cord
- 117057 Cord (28 inches)
- 119387 Ring for dial cord
- 161384 Tension Spring

CHARGING CIRCUIT

The battery charging circuit consists of a 35Z5GT rectifier and a suitable resistor voltage dividing network. This circuit provides a very low charging current when the receiver is operated on AC-DC and is just enough to maintain the batteries but will not charge them. A separate charging position is provided for the regular charging operation. A charging rate of approximately 1/3 the discharge rate is used to give best results.

R.F. gains can be measured with a "channel" type instrument containing a tuned and calibrated R.F. amplifier. A vacuum tube voltmeter may be used for audio gain measurements.

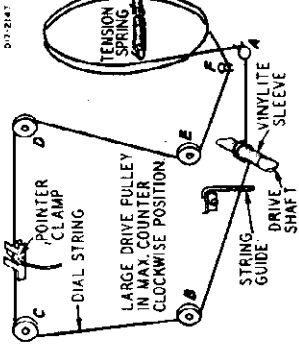


MODELS 3-9A, 3-10A,

Early MODELS 3-9AX, 3-10AX

TUNING ASSEMBLY SERVICE

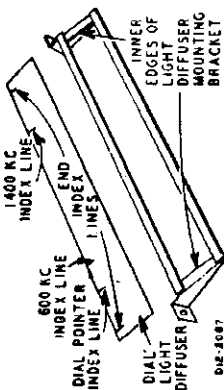
Exact requirements in the tuning assembly make it impractical to replace the drive cord, coils and components in this assembly other than the trimmer condensers. Should the drive cord break, or components other than the trimmer condensers require service, the entire assembly must be ordered and replaced as a unit.



DRIVE CORD REPLACEMENT

Turn the large drive pulley to the maximum counterclockwise position. Use a new 53 inch drive cord, tie one end to the tension spring and fasten the other end of the spring to the drive pulley. Install the cord as shown in the illustration. Wind two turns clockwise around the tuning shaft with the turns progressing away from the chassis. After string is installed, stretch the tension spring and tie free end of cord to spring. Cut off excess string.

DIAL CALIBRATION



In order to align the receiver, the dial pointer must be positioned on the dial string correctly with reference to the dial. Index lines are provided on the dial light diffuser for this purpose.

Before aligning the receiver (or when replacing the dial light diffuser) check the position of the diffuser strip, making certain that the two extreme index lines are aligned with the inner edges of the diffuser mounting bracket opening. The bracket should be crimped at one point to prevent movement of the diffuser strip. To position the dial pointer, turn the large drive pulley to the maximum clockwise position. The dial pointer should be directly over the dial pointer index line. (See illustration).

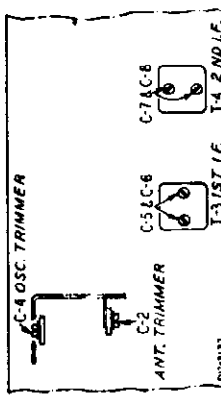
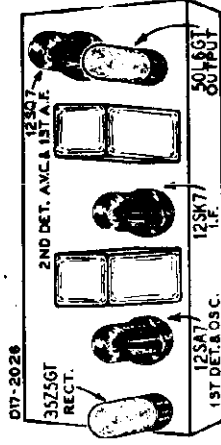
Part No.	Part Name	Quantity
36352	R-4 500,000 ohm volume control and line switch	1
88585	R 5 6.8 meg ohms	0.5 watt
88574	R 6 470,000 ohms	0.5 watt
88571	R 7 470,000 ohms	0.5 watt
88570	R 8 150 ohms	0.5 watt
88524	R 9 220,000 ohms	0.5 watt
88470	R 10 27 ohms	0.5 watt
88152	R 11 1500 ohms	1.0 watt

Part No.	Part Name	Quantity
20465	DIAL AND DRIVE ASSEMBLY	1
13X119	Tuning Assembly, complete with coils, trimmers, etc.	1
28X518	Fibre shield (Tuner housing)	1
28X446	Time-out Stud (Mfg. fibre shield)	1
25X1469	Pointer bracket	1
15X223	Pointer	1
25X170	Holder, light dr. user	1
28X482	Paint (light, tan)	1
28X483	C-1 washer (for drive shaft)	1
19X192	53" Drive cord (18 lb. test)	1
28X113	Drive cord tension spring	1
7A194	Pilot light socket assembly	1
88X639	No 47 Pilot light	1
88X641	Dial for w.c. (each unit)	1
30X508	Dial clamp (upper)	1
30X509	Dial clamp (lower)	1

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

Signal Generator which will provide an accurately calibrated signal at the test frequencies as listed.
Output Indicating Meter: Non-Metallic Screw-driver.
Dummy Antennas—.1mf., 50 mmf.

FREQUENCY SETTING	SIGNAL GENERATOR ANTENNA CONNECTION	DUMMY ANTENNA CONNECTION	TUNER SETTING	ADJUST TRIMMERS TO MAXIMUM (See Trimmer Illustration)
455 KC	Control Grid 12SK7—I.F.	Point "5" (12SK7—I.F. Prong No. 3)	Turn Drive Pulley to Counter-clockwise Position	2nd I.F. (C7) & (C8)
455 KC	Control Grid 12SA7—1st Det.	Same As Above	Turn Drive Pulley to Counter-clockwise Position	1st I.F. (C5) & (C6)
1610 KC	Control Grid 12SA7—1st Det.	Same As Above	Turn Drive Pulley to Maximum Counter-clockwise Position	Oscillator (C4)
1610 KC	External Antenna Clip On Loop	Chassis	Turn Drive Pulley to Maximum Counter-clockwise Position	Antenna (C-2)



NOTICE: There is a power rating label on the chassis. This label specifies the power supply on which the radio may be used, and identifies the radio as to chassis, dial and issue letter. When ordering parts or writing, give ALL information appearing on this label.

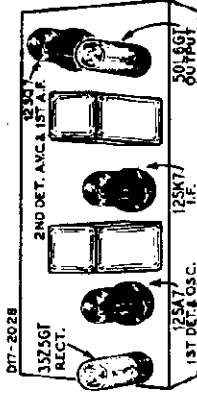
Part No.	Part Name	Quantity
12A432	5" P.M. speaker	1
3A303	5" P.M. speaker	1
10A300	5" P.M. speaker	1
55X255	5" P.M. speaker	1
55X256	5" P.M. speaker	1
28X252	5" P.M. speaker	1
14X335	5" P.M. speaker	1
13X328	5" P.M. speaker	1

Part No.	Part Name	Quantity
9A1834	1" 1/2" raise loop antenna (for walnut cabinet)	1
9A1835	1" 1/2" raise loop antenna (for ivory cabinet)	1
9A1808	1" 1/2" raise loop antenna (for ivory cabinet)	1
9A1809	1" 1/2" raise loop antenna (for ivory cabinet)	1
51X122	Output transformer	1
	Part of Tuning Assembly	

Part No.	Part Name	Quantity
D66102	1.001 MF 400V Tubular	1
17A238	C-2 4.70 mmf	1
17A239	C-3 47 mmf	1
17A239	C-4 40-270 mmf	1
C-5, C-6	Part of T-3, 1st I-F Transformer	1
C-7, C-8	Part of T-4, 2nd I-F Transformer	1
67X112	C-9A, C-9B 50 mmf Dual mica capacitor	1
66X103	C-10 .05 mf 200V Tubular	1
67X408	C-11, C-13, C-14 .01 mf 200V Tubular	1
66X104	C-12 220 mmf Tubular	1
66X104	C-15 .10 mf 400V Tubular	1
45X341	C-17A 50 mf 150V C-17B 50 mf 150V dry electrolytic capacitor	1

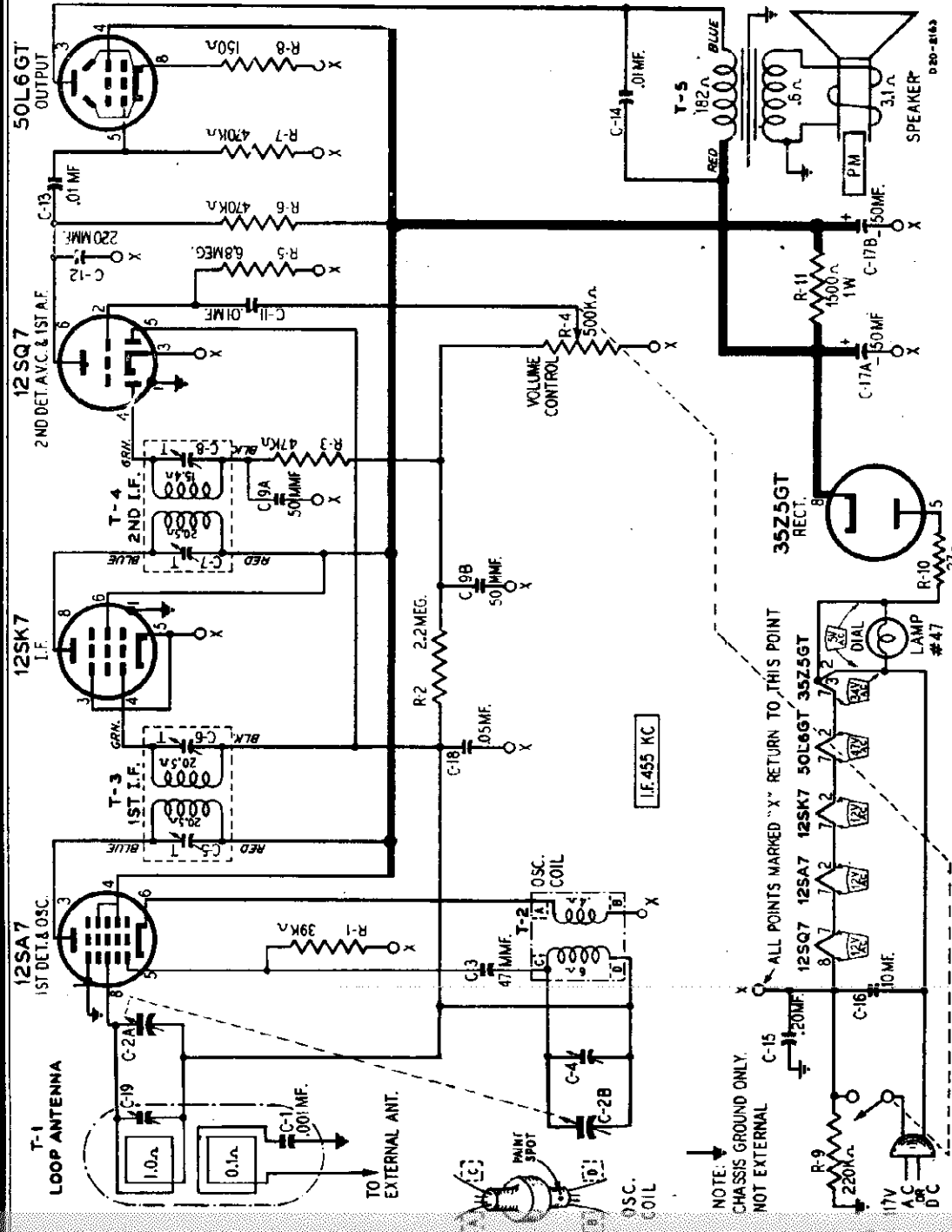
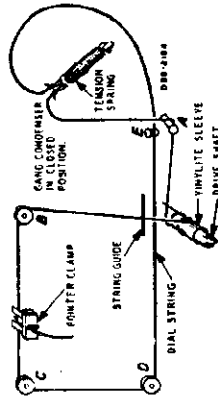
Part No.	Part Name	Quantity
88X439	R-1 35,000 ohms	0.5 watt
88X439	R-2 35,000 ohms	0.5 watt
88X439	R-3 47,000 ohms	0.5 watt

PHILLIPS PETROLEUM CO.



DRIVE CORD REPLACEMENT

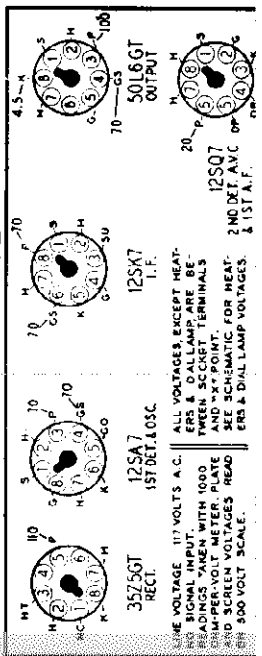
Turn the large drive pulley to the maximum counterclockwise position. Use a new 53 inch drive cord, tie one end to the tension spring and fasten the other end of the spring to the drive pulley. Install the cord as shown in the illustration. Wind 2 1/2 turns counterclockwise around the tuning shaft with the turns progressing away from the chassis. After string is installed, stretch the tension spring and tie free end of cord to spring. Cut off excess string.



- Tuning Frequency Range.....540 to 1600 KC
- Power Consumption.....30 watts (At 117 volts AC)
- Power Output...1.5 watt maximum, .9 watt (10% harmonics)
- Selectivity.....55 KC Broad at 1000 Times Signal
- Intermediate Frequency.....455 KC
- Speaker.....5" PM Dynamic
- Sensitivity (for .05 watt output).....25 microvolts average

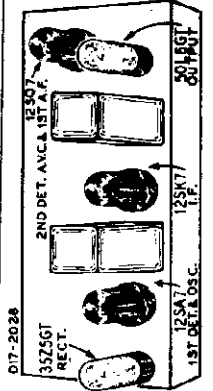
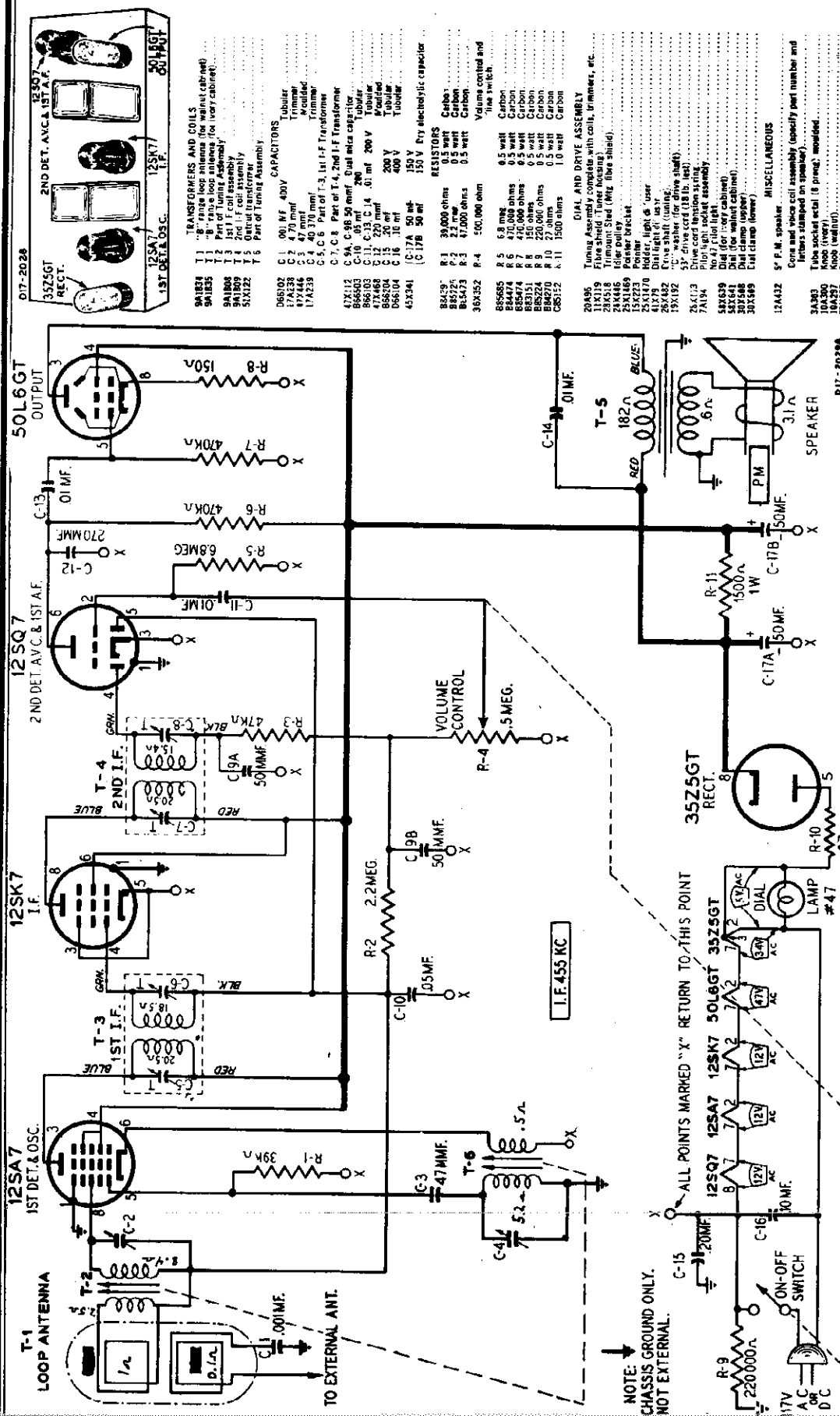
NOTE:
CHASSIS GROUND ONLY.
NOT EXTERNAL

ALL POINTS MARKED "X" RETURN TO THIS POINT



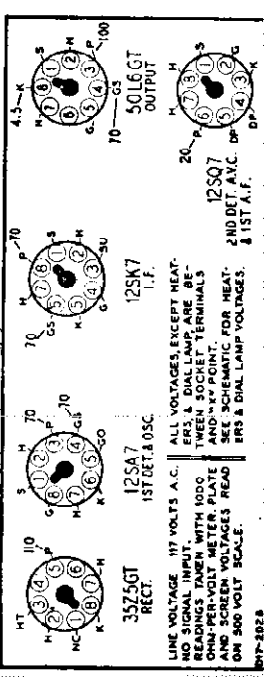
ALL VOLTAGES 117 VOLTS A.C.
HEAT SHIELD VOLTAGES ARE IN
GREEN SCHEMATIC TERMINALS
DIAL PER-VOLT METER, PLATE
AND SCREEN VOLTAGES READ
OFF 500 VOLT SCALE.

PHILLIPS PETROLEUM CO.



- TRANSFORMERS AND COILS**
- 9A1834 "B" phase loop antenna (for ivory cabinet)
 - 9A1835 "B" phase loop antenna (for ivory cabinet)
 - 9A1808 Part of Tuning Assembly
 - 9A1809 Part of Tuning Assembly
 - 51X122 Part of Tuning Assembly
- CAPACITORS**
- C-1 .001 MF 400V Tubular
 - C-2 .470 mfd 50V Mica
 - C-3 .01 MF 50V Mica
 - C-4 40 370 mfd 50V Electrolytic
 - C-5, C-6 Part of T-3, 1st I-F Transformer
 - C-7, C-8 Part of T-4, 2nd I-F Transformer
 - C-9A, C-9B 50 mfd. Dual mica capacitor
 - C-10 .05 mfd 250 Tubular
 - C-11, C-13 C 14 .01 mf 200 V Tubular
 - C-12 200 V Tubular
 - C-15 .20 mf 200 V Tubular
 - C-16 .10 mf 400 V Tubular
 - C-17A 50 mf 150 V Ery electrolytic capacitor
 - C-17B 50 mf 150 V Ery electrolytic capacitor
- RESISTORS**
- R-1 35,000 ohms Carbon
 - R-2 2.2 MEG. Carbon
 - R-3 47,000 ohms Carbon
 - R-4 50,000 ohm Volume control and tone switch
 - R-5 6.8 MEG. Carbon
 - R-6 470,000 ohms 0.5 watt Carbon
 - R-7 470,000 ohms 0.5 watt Carbon
 - R-8 150 ohms 0.5 watt Carbon
 - R-9 350,000 ohms 0.5 watt Carbon
 - R-10 27 ohms 1.0 watt Carbon
 - R-11 1500 ohms 1.0 watt Carbon
- DIAL AND DRIVE ASSEMBLY**
- 20A95 Tuning Assembly with coil, trimmer, etc.
 - 11X119 Fiberglass Tuning Assembly
 - 28A518 Trimount Shed (Wiz. fibre shield)
 - 24A446 Idle pulley
 - 24A448 Idle pulley
 - 15A7239 Paper bracket
 - 25X1470 Holder, light & user
 - 41X79 Dial light & user
 - 38A482 Drive shaft (including shaft)
 - 19X192 53" Drive cord (18 lb. test)
 - 25A113 Drive cord tension spring
 - 7A134 Pilot-light socket assembly
 - 50A639 Dial (for ivory cabinet)
 - 52A641 Dial (for walnut cabinet)
 - 30A588 Dial frame (top)
 - 30A589 Dial frame (bottom)
- MISCELLANEOUS**
- 12A432 5" P.M. speaker
 - 10A383 Core and voice coil assembly (specify part number and letters stamped on speaker)
 - 10A390 Knob (ivory)
 - 10A257 Knob (walnut)
 - 55A255 Cabinet (ivory)
 - 55A257 Cabinet (walnut)
 - 21A252 Snap button (mounting top to chassis)
 - No. 5, 3/4" dia. head P.K. Type "Z" screw
 - 14A335 Gille metal loop to cabinet
 - Gille, cloth No. 425 Eas Sheel (for ivory cabinet)
 - Gille, cloth No. 412 Brown (for walnut cabinet)
 - 133A284 Line cord and size assembly

Tuning Frequency Range 540 to 1600 KC.
Power Consumption 30 watts (At 117 volts AC)
Power Output 1.5 watt maximum, .9 watt (10% distortion)
Selectivity59 KC Broad at 1000 Times Signal
Intermediate Frequency 455 KC
Speaker 5" PM Dynamic
Sensitivity (for .05 watt output) 560 microvolts per meter average



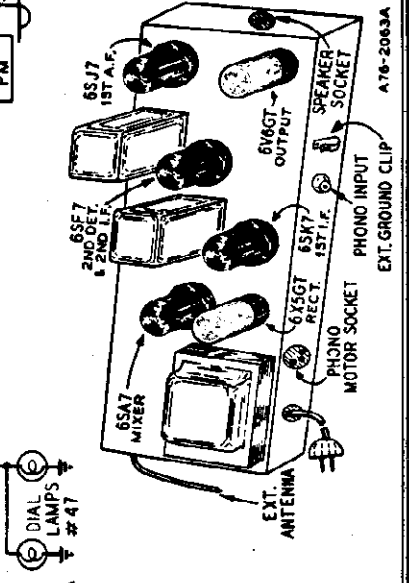
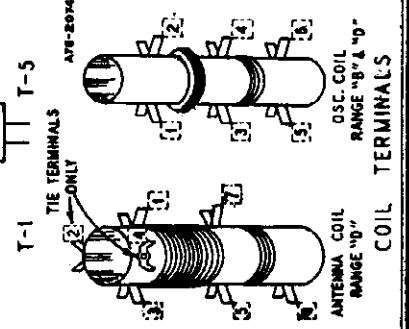
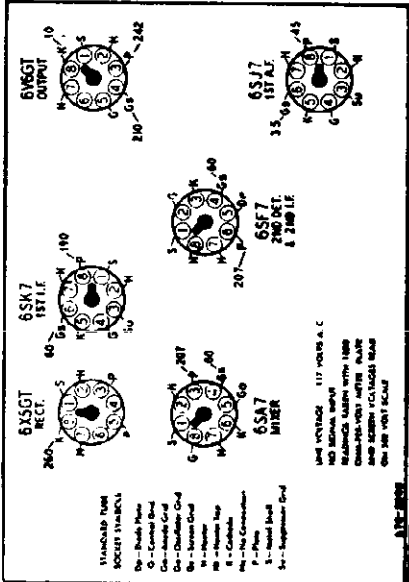
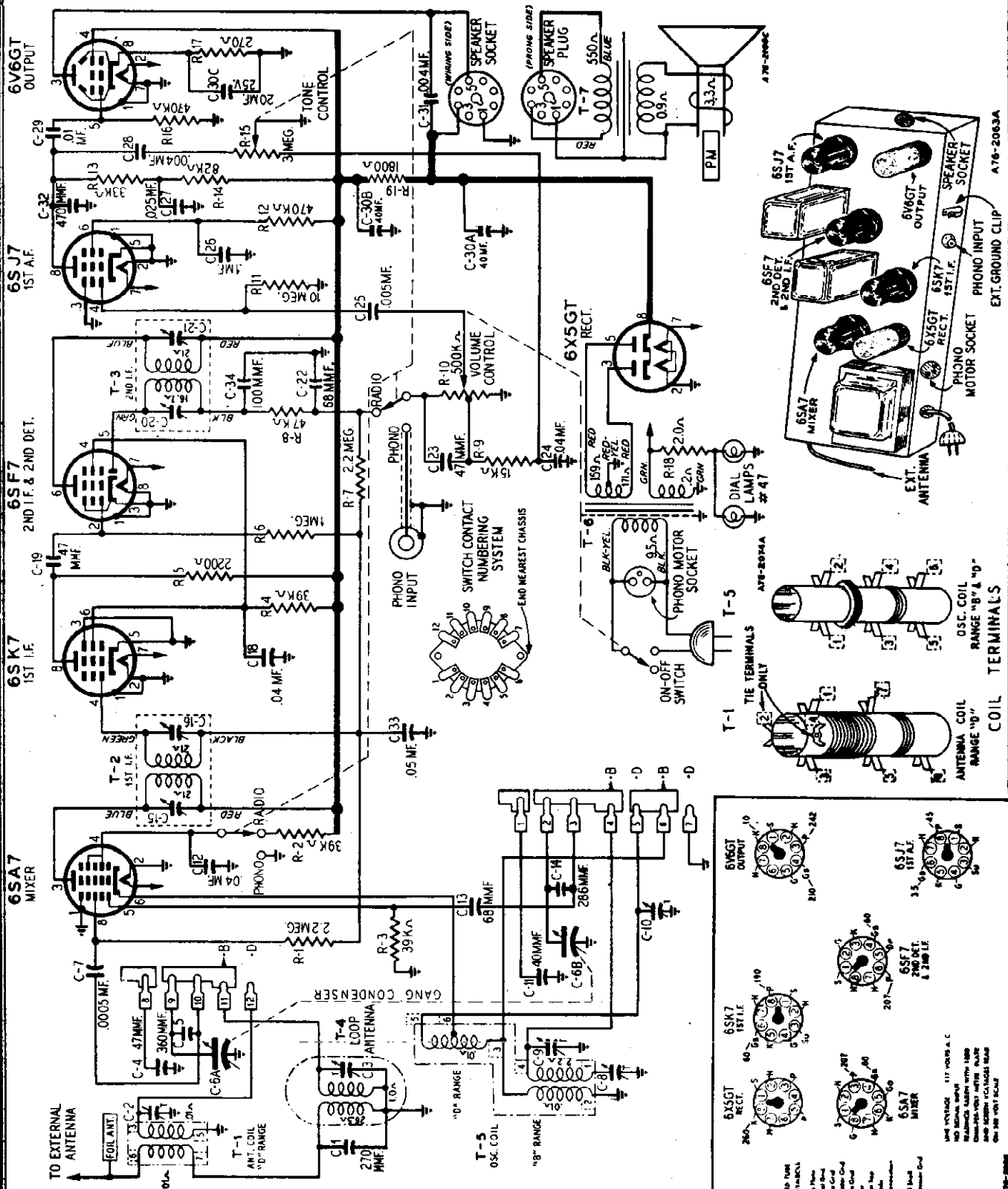
NOTE: CHASSIS GROUND ONLY. NOT EXTERNAL.

ALL POINTS MARKED "X" RETURN TO THIS POINT

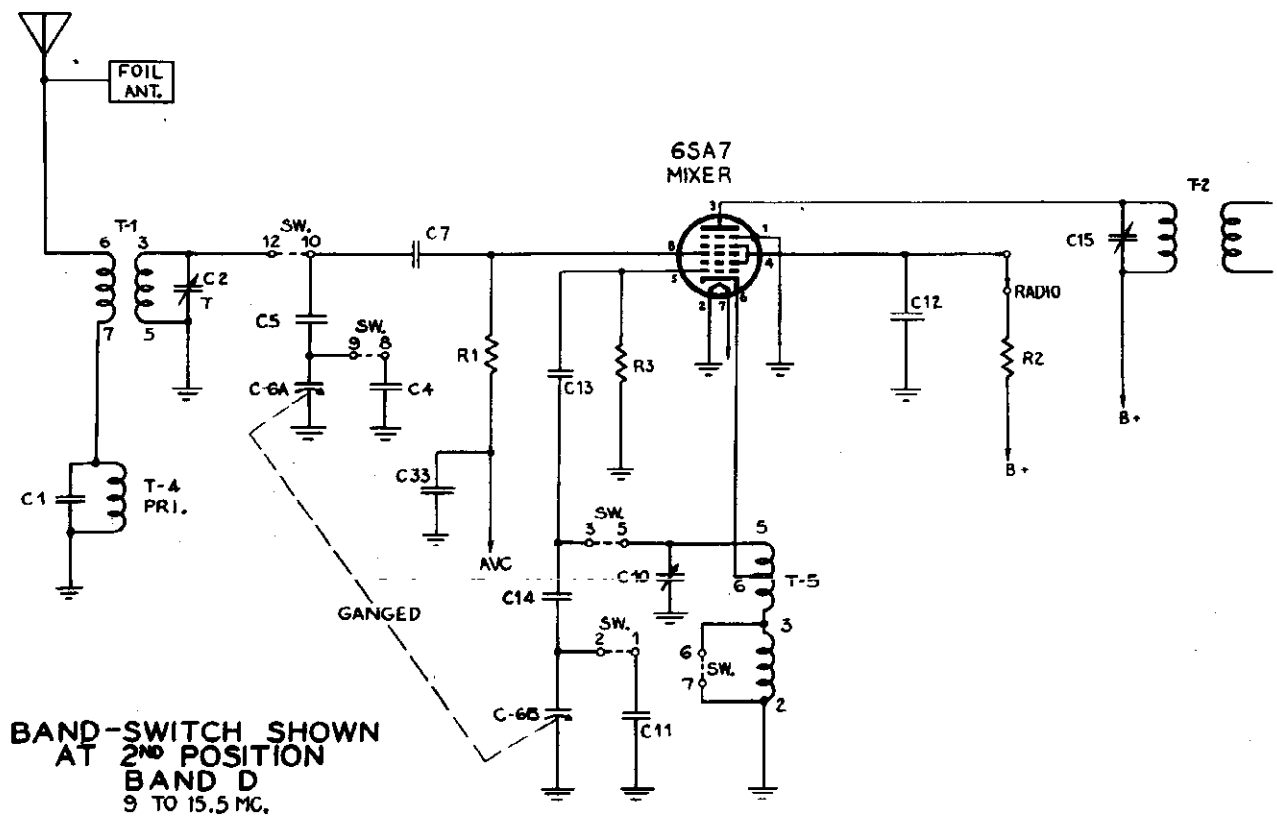
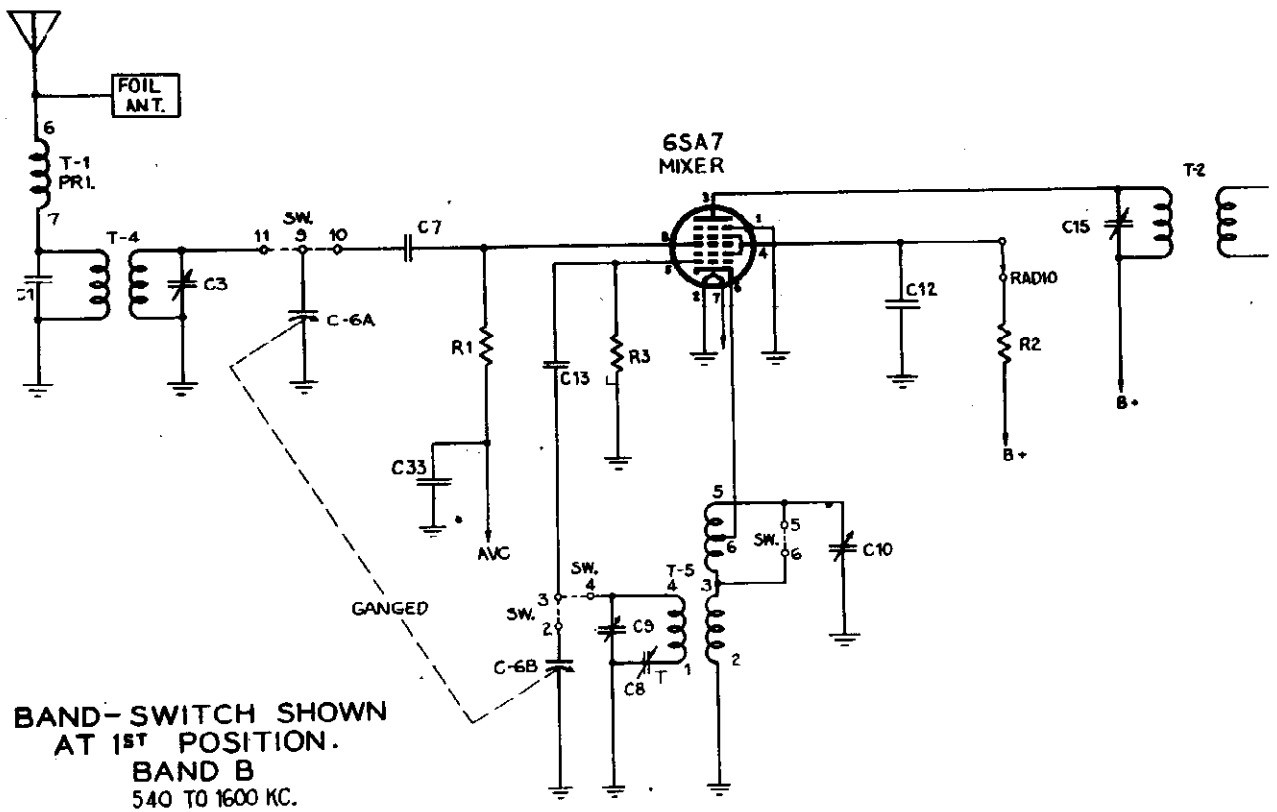
LINE VOLTAGE 117 VOLTS A.C.
 NO SIGNAL INPUT WITH 1000 OHM PER-VOLT METER PLATE AND "47" POINT.
 SEE SCHEMATIC FOR HEAT-SENSITIVE VOLTAGES. READ ON 500 VOLTS SCALE.

NOTICE: There is a power rating label on the chassis. This label specifies the power supply on which the radio may be used and identifies the radio as to chassis, dial and issue letter. When ordering parts or writing, give ALL information concerning the radio.

PHILLIPS PETROLEUM CO.



PHILLIPS PETROLEUM CO.



MODEL 3-11A

PHILLIPS PETROLEUM CO.

47X403	C-19	C-23	47 mmf	Moulded
47X471	C-20	C-21	Part of T-3	(2nd I-F Coil As-sembly)
D64303	C-24	C-24	94 mf	Moulded Tubular
D66502	C-25	C-25	400 V	Tubular
D67104	C-26	C-26	400 V	Tubular
D68433	C-27	C-27	400 V	Tubular
D68402	C-28	C-28	400 V	Tubular
D66103	C-29	C-31	.004 mf	Tubular
48X346	C-30	C-30	400 V	3 Section Moulded Tubular
47X505	C-32	C-32	470 mf	Electretic Tubular
B66503	C-33	C-33	25 V	Moulded Tubular
47X476	C-34	C-34	100 mf	Moulded

RESISTORS

R-1	R-2	R-3	R-4	R-5	R-6	R-7	R-8	R-9	R-10	R-11	R-12	R-13	R-14	R-15	R-16	R-17	R-18	
0.5 Carbon	0.5 Carbon	0.5 Carbon	0.5 Carbon	0.5 Carbon	0.5 Carbon	0.5 Carbon	0.5 Carbon	0.5 Carbon	0.5 Carbon	0.5 Carbon	0.5 Carbon	0.5 Carbon	0.5 Carbon	0.5 Carbon	0.5 Carbon	0.5 Carbon	0.5 Carbon	
2.2 meg.	39 K	2200	1 meg.	47 K	15 K	500 K	10 meg	R-16	470 K	R-12	R-13	33 K	R-14	82 K	R-15	3.0 meg	R-17	270
<p>Watts 1.0 Carbon 0.5 Carbon 0.5 Carbon 0.5 Carbon 0.5 Carbon 0.5 Carbon 0.5 Carbon 0.5 Carbon 0.5 Carbon 0.5 Carbon 0.5 Carbon 0.5 Carbon 0.5 Carbon 0.5 Carbon 0.5 Carbon 0.5 Carbon 0.5 Carbon 0.5 Carbon 0.5 Carbon</p> <p>Volume Control and I-F Switch Tone control and Radio Phone Switch 1.0 Carbon 2.0 Carbon</p>																		

DIAL AND DRIVE ASSEMBLY

26A411	Dial, Background and Spacers
6X21	Rubber Grommet
20X329	Conc. Cushion Stud
28X470	Drive Shaft
15X230	Pointed Washer (For Drive Shaft)
15X230	58" Drive Cord (18 lb test)
28X113	Drive Cord Tension Spring
7A203	Pilot Light Socket Assembly

SUBSTITUTE REPLACEMENT PARTS

These are used on some receivers only. Check part number on part before ordering and order part originally used in receiver.

- *40X280 Tone Control (substitute for 40X275)
- *7A181 Radio-Phone Switch Lever (when 40X280 is used)
- *7A181 D.P. Switch (when 40X280 is used)
- *12A40.9 6" P.M. Socket Capable with 0.1" Pilot Transformer (substitute for 12A442)

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

The following equipment is required for alignment:

An All Wave Signal Generator which will provide an accurately calibrated signal at the test frequencies as listed.
Output indicating Meter—Non Metallic Screw-driver.
Dummy Antennas—1 mf., 100 mmf., and 400 ohms.

SIGNAL GENERATOR FREQUENCY CONNECTION AT RADIO SETTING	DUMMY ANTENNA SETTING	BAND SWITCH SETTING	CONDENSER TO MAXIMUM SETTING	ADJUST TRIMMERS TO MAXIMUM
455 KC	6SA7 Pin 8	B	Turn Rotor to Full Open	2nd I-F. (C20) & (C21) Int. I-F. (C15) & (C11)
1620 KC	Antenna Lead	B	Turn Rotor to Full Open	Oscillator Range B (C9)
1400 KC	Antenna Lead	B	Turn Rotor to Max. Output	Ant. Range B (C3)
600 KC	Antenna Lead	B	Turn Rotor to Max. Output	Oscillator (C8) Rock Rotor—See Note B
Repeat above steps at 1620 and 600 KC until readjusting the oscillator Range B				
15,600 KC	Antenna Lead	D	Turn Rotor to Full Open	Oscillator Range D (C19)
14,000 KC	Antenna Lead	D	Turn Rotor to Max. Output	Ant. Range D (C2)
Reassemble chassis in cabinet.				
1400 KC	Antenna Lead	B	Turn Rotor to Max. Output	Ant. Range B (C3)

NOTE A—Set pointer at the 1400 KC mark on the dial scale. Attach pointer to drive cord. NOTE B—Turn Rotor back and forth and adjust the trimmer until the peak of greatest intensity is obtained.

REPLACEMENT PARTS LIST

TRANSFORMERS AND COILS

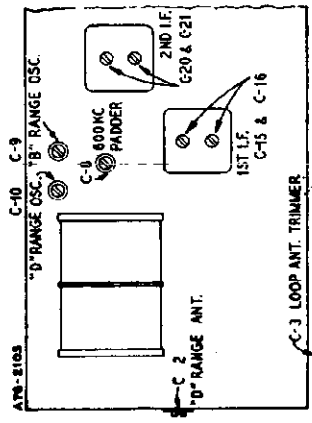
9A1812	T-1	"D" Range Antenna Coil Assembly
9A1812	T-2	1st I-F. Coil Assembly
2A1817	T-3	"B" Range and "D" Range Assembly
9A1813	T-4	"B" Range and "D" Range Oscilla. for Coil Assembly
53X282	T-5	117 Volt. 60 Cycle, Standard Power Transformer
53X283	T-6	117 Volt. 25 Cycle, Standard Power Transformer
53X284	T-7	117-234 Volt. 40-60 Cycle, Universal Power Transformer (See Miscellaneous)

CAPACITORS

47X445	C-1	270 mmf	Moulded Trimmer	
17A164	C-2	5.30 mmf	Trimmer	
17X429	C-3	9-12 mmf	Silvered Mica	
47X473	C-4	360 mmf	Silvered Mica	
14A184	C-5A	C-6B	Gang Capacitor with Drive Pulley	
B66501	C-7	.0005 mf	200 V Tubular	
17A185	C-8	350-430 mmf	Dual Trimmer	
17A109	C-9	C-10	2.5-35 mmf Silvered Mica	
066403	C-11	C-12	C-18	94 mf Moulded
47X456	C-13	68 mmf	Silvered Mica	
47X481	C-14	286 mmf	Silvered Mica	
C-15. C-16 Part of T-2 (1st I-F Coil As-sembly)				

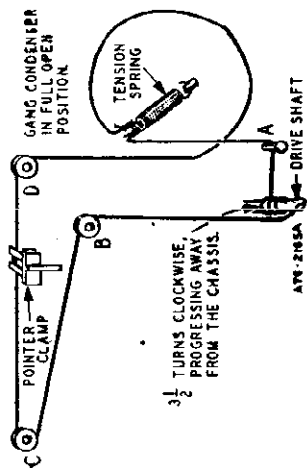
SPECIFICATIONS

- Speaker.....6" PM Dynamic
- Intermediate Frequency.....455 KC
- Selectivity.....40 KC Broad at 1000 Times Signal
- Sensitivity (For 0.5 Watt Output, with External Antenna)
 - B Range.....9 Microvolts Av.
 - D Range.....20 Microvolts Av.
- Power Consumption (at 117 Volts AC).....40 Watts (normal)
- Power Output.....4 Watts Maximum
- 2.3 Watts, 10% Harmonics
- Tuning Frequency Range.....540-1600 Kilocycles
- B Range.....9-15.5 Megacycles
- D Range.....9-15.5 Megacycles



DRIVE CORD REPLACEMENT

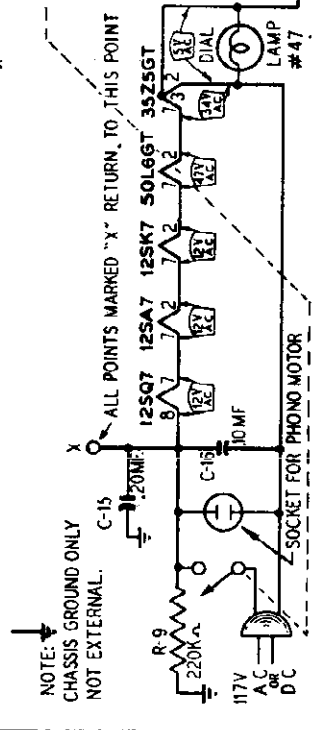
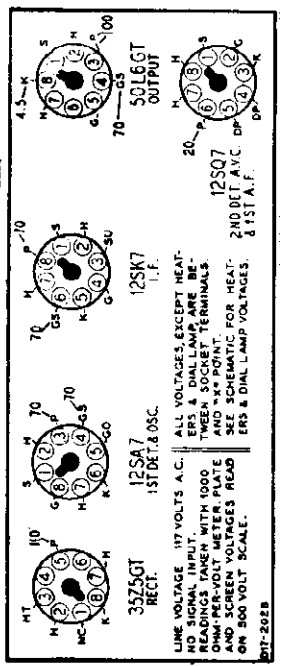
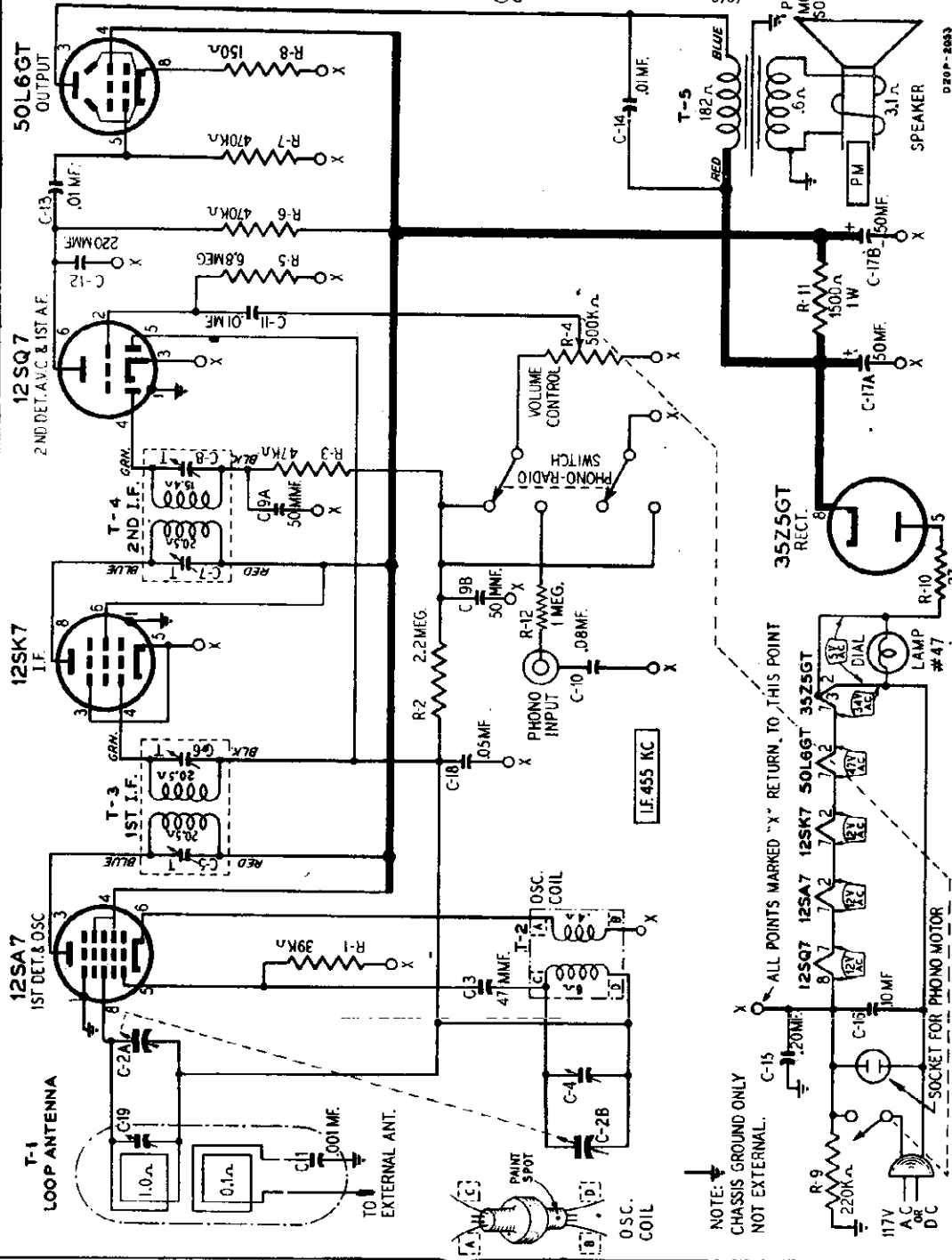
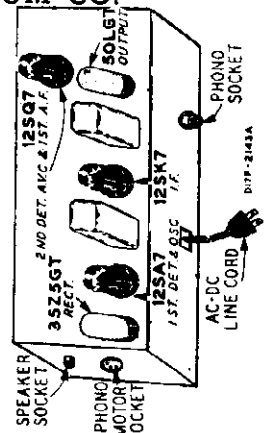
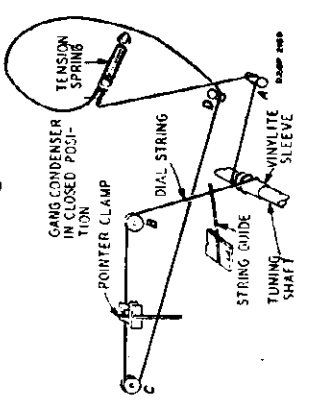
The drive cord may be replaced as shown in the accompanying illustration. For this purpose use a 58" piece of cord. After installing the cord, stretch the tension spring before fastening the free end of the string.



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DRIVE CORD REPLACEMENT

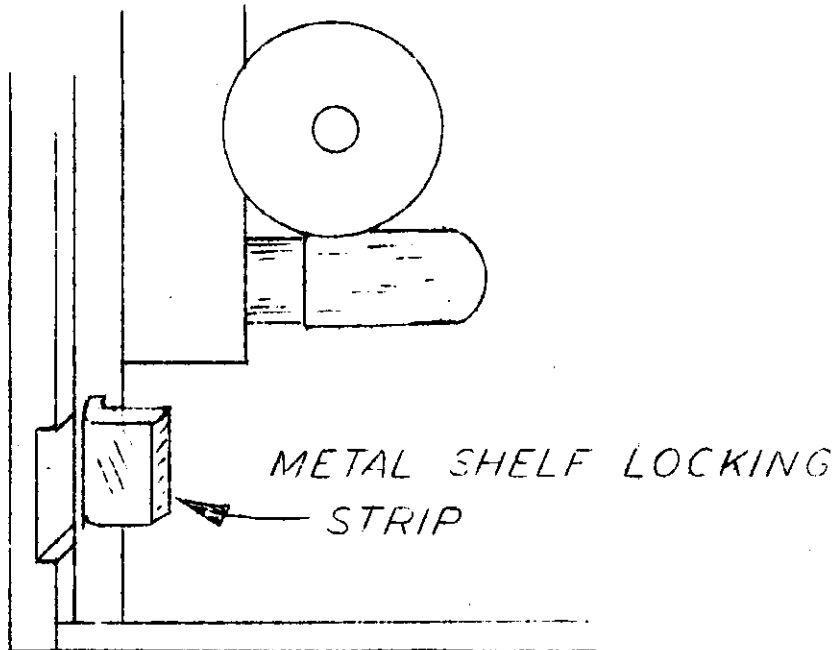
Turn the large drive pulley to the maximum counterclockwise position. Use a new 57 inch drive cord, tie one end to the tension spring and fasten the other end of the spring to the drive pulley. Install the cord as shown in the illustration. Wind 2 1/4 turns counterclockwise around the tuning shaft with the turns progressing away from the chassis. After string is installed, stretch the tension spring and tie free end of cord to spring. Cut off excess string.



- Tuning Frequency Range.....540 to 1600 KC
- Power Consumption.....30 watts (At 117 volts AC)
- Power Output...1.5 watt maximum, .9 watt (10% harmonics)
- Selectivity.....55 KC Broad at 1000 Times Signal
- Intermediate Frequency.....455 KC
- Speaker.....5" PM Dynamic
- Sensitivity (for .05 watt output).....25 microvolts average

REMOVAL OF RADIO CHASSIS

To remove the radio chassis for servicing, pull off the three control knobs, disconnect the cables and wires leading to the loud speaker, built-in antenna, etc., then withdraw the metal shelf locking strip from near the lower corner of the chassis. Swing the bottom of the chassis and the mounting shelf out from the cabinet until the top of the shelf is disengaged. The unit may then be withdrawn from the cabinet.



ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

Volume Control--Maximum All Adjustments.

Allow Chassis and Signal Generator to "Heat Up" for several Minutes.

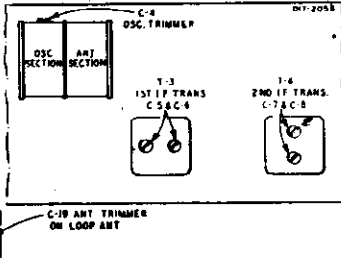
The equipment in column at right is required for aligning:

Signal Generator which will provide an accurately calibrated signal at the test frequencies as listed.

Output Indicating Meter: Non-Metallic Screw-driver.

Dummy Antennas—.1 mf., 50 mmf.

FREQUENCY SETTING	SIGNAL GENERATOR ANTENNA CONNECTION	GROUND CONNECTION	DUMMY ANTENNA	GANG CONDENSER SETTING	ADJUST TRIMMERS TO MAXIMUM (See Trimmer Illustration)
455 KC	Control Grid (25K7--I.F.)	Faint "X" (28K7--I.F., Prong No. 3)	.1 mf.	Turn Rotor to Full Open	2nd I.F. (C7) & (C8)
455 KC	Control Grid (25A7--1st Det.)	Same As Above	.1 mf.	Turn Rotor to Full Open	1st I.F. (C5) & (C6)
1620 KC	Control Grid (25A7--1st Det.)	Same As Above	.1 mf.	Turn Rotor to Full Open	Oscillator (C4)
1400 KC	External Antenna Clip on Loop	Chassis	50 mmf.	Turn Dial to 1400 KC	Antenna (C-19)



REPLACEMENT PARTS LIST

NOTICE: There is a power rating label on the chassis. This label specifies the power supply on which the radio may be used, and identifies the radio as to chassis, dial and issue letter. When ordering parts or writing, give ALL information appearing on this label.

MISCELLANEOUS

- 12A438 5" P.M. Speaker
- Cone and voice coil assembly (specify part number and letters stamped on speaker)
- 3A303 Tube socket octal (8 prong) moulded
- 3A305 Phono socket
- 3A304 Phono motor socket
- 10A297 Knob (volume control, tuning)
- 10A584 Knob (Radio-Phono)
- 2A358 Radio-Phono switch
- 13X328 Line cord and plug assembly

TRANSFORMERS AND COILS

- 26A413 T-1 "B" Range Loop Antenna Assembly
- 9A1805 T-2 Oscillator Coil Assembly
- 9A1808 T-3 1st I-F Transformer and Can Assembly
- 9A1809 T-4 2nd I-F Transformer and Can Assembly
- 51X422 T-5 Output Transformer

CAPACITORS

- D66102 C-1 .001 mf 400 V Tubular
- 26A402 C-2A, C-2B Gang Capacitor assembly

- 47X416 C-3 47 mmf Moulded
- C-4 Part of C-2 (Gang Capacitor)
- C-5, C-6 Part of T-3 (1st I-F Transformer)
- C-7, C-8 Part of T-4 (2nd I-F Transformer)
- 47X112 C-9A, C-9B 50 mmf Dual Mica
- B66805 C-10 .05 mf 200 V Tubular
- B66103 C-11, C-13, C-14 .01 mf 200 V Tubular
- 47X468 C-12 220 mmf Moulded
- B67204 C-15 .20 mf 200 V Tubular
- D66104 C-16 .10 mf 400 V Tubular
- 45X341 C-17A 50 mf 150 V Dry Electrolytic
- B66503 C-17B 50 mf 150 V
- 17A123 C-18 .05 mf 200 V Tubular
- C-19 1.0-12 mmf Trimmer

RESISTORS

- B64302 R-1 30K 0.5 Carbon
- B66225 R-2 2.2 meg 0.5 Carbon
- B65473 R-3 47K 0.5 Carbon
- B6X382 R-4 500K Volume control and switch
- B65685 R-5 6.8 meg 0.5 Carbon
- B64474 R-6 470K 0.5 Carbon
- B65474 R-7 470K 0.5 Carbon
- B63151 R-8 150 0.3 Carbon
- B65224 R-9 220K 0.5 Carbon
- B64270 R-10 27 0.5 Carbon
- C65182 R-11 1500 1.0 Carbon

DIAL AND DRIVE ASSEMBLY

- 26A389 Dial Bracket Assembly Complete with Dial Background, Diffuser, Dial Clamps, Idler Pulleys and Spacers
- 6X21 Rubber Grommet Mounting gang
- 20X329 Cond. Cushion Stud / capacitor

- 58X610 Dial
- 26X482 Drive Shaft
- 19X192 "O" Washer (For Drive Shaft)
- 19X62 Flat Washer (For Drive Shaft)
- 7A187 Pilot Light Socket Assembly No. 47 Pilot Light
- 57" Drive Cord (18 lb. test)
- 15X150 Printer
- 28X95 Drive Cord Tension spring

TYPE G-26A115 AUTOMATIC RECORD CHANGER PARTS

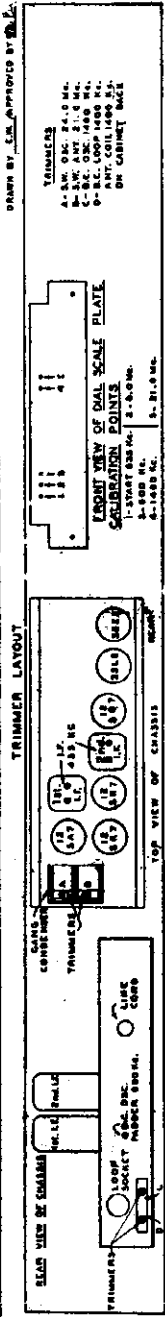
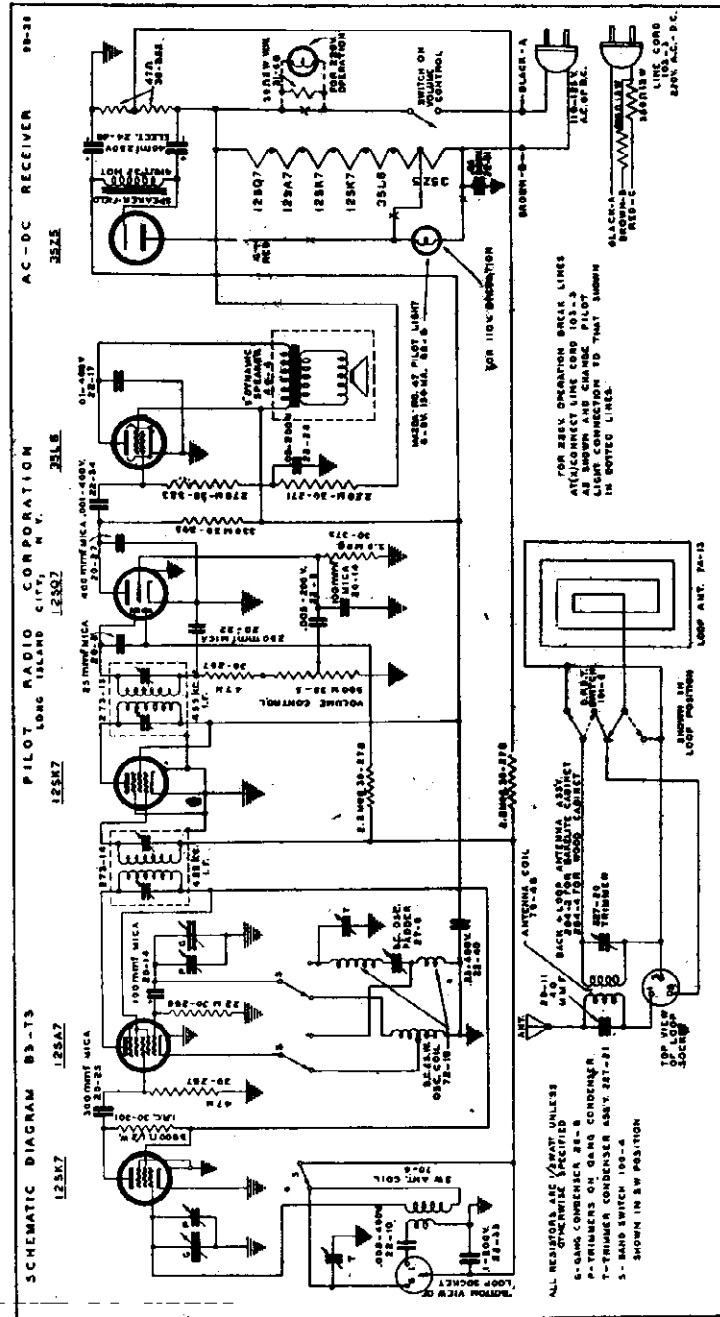
- G-30A71506 Bearing Assembly
- G-19A71535 Spindle Assembly
- G-58-71435 Single Button Control Switch
- G-26-70545 Drive Wheel
- G-23-A71196 Flexible Coupling Spring Assembly
- G-85-70566 Feed Cam Roller
- G-12-71406 Lift Pin
- G-33-71405 Counter Balance Spring
- G-33-71388 Finger Spring
- R-33-70582 Mounting Spring
- G-33-71316 Stop Lever Spring
- G-33-71173 Trip Lever Spring
- G-33-71205 Pul-in Spring
- G-33-71438 Trip Bar Spring
- G-33-71341 Record Feed Spring
- G-33-71342 Carrier Lever Spring
- G-59-71494 Index Spring
- G-66A71507 Turntable
- G-56-72092 Motor
- Pickup Arm Assembly (G.I. Model 205)
- Astatic L-75 Pickup Cartridge
- G-55-72021 Record Stabilizer Finger Needle, Permo No. 100

PILOT RADIO CORP.

The screws for adjusting both the R.F. and I.F. amplifiers of this receiver, together with the frequencies at which they should be adjusted, are pictured in the diagram. Before aligning the I.F. amplifier, the generator must be connected to the grid of the 12SK7 R.F. tube through a .1 mfd. condenser. Before aligning the short wave band, connect the signal generator to the "OUTSIDE ANTENNA" post through a 400 ohm resistor.

To align the "LOOP" antenna the receiver should be in the cabinet with the back in place and the Antenna Selector Switch set for "LOOP". Through the slot in the lower left-hand side of the cabinet back adjust the trimmer on the extreme left for maximum signal strength at about 1400 kc. Then set the Antenna Selector Switch for "OUTSIDE ANTENNA" and adjust the trimmer located next to the switch for maximum signal strength at 1400 kc.

Broadcast Band—535 to 1720 kc.
Short Wave Band—5.6 to 24.0 mc.

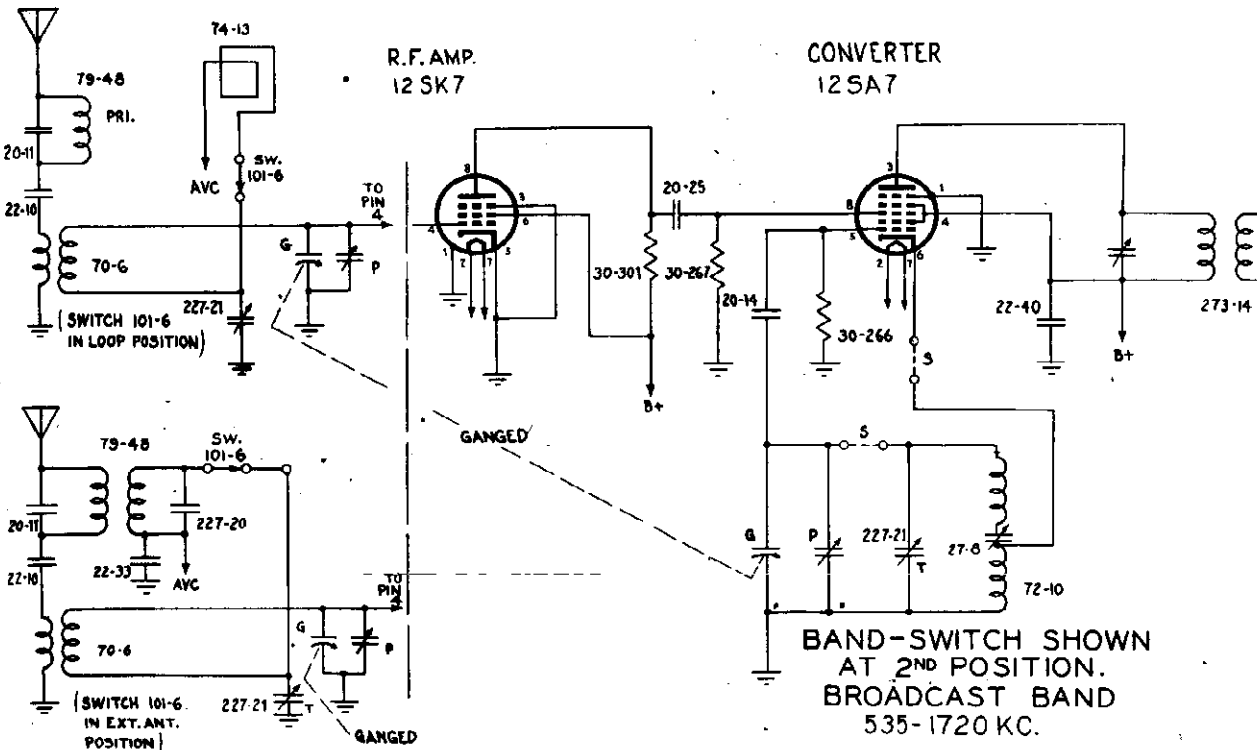
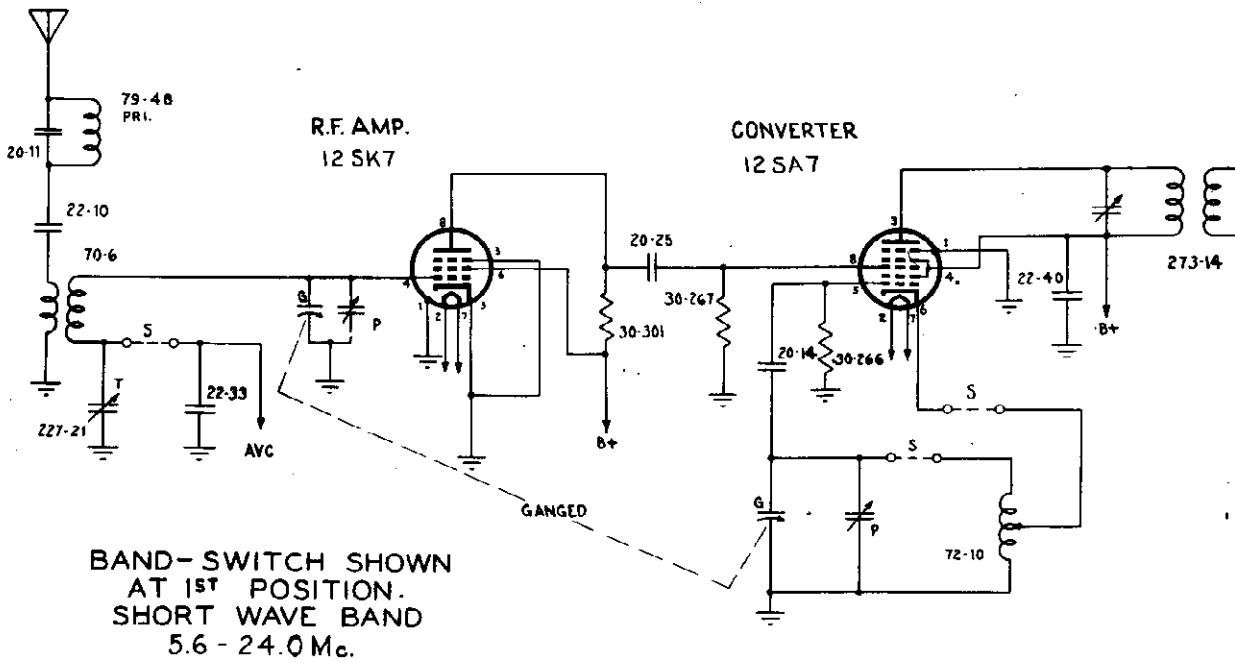


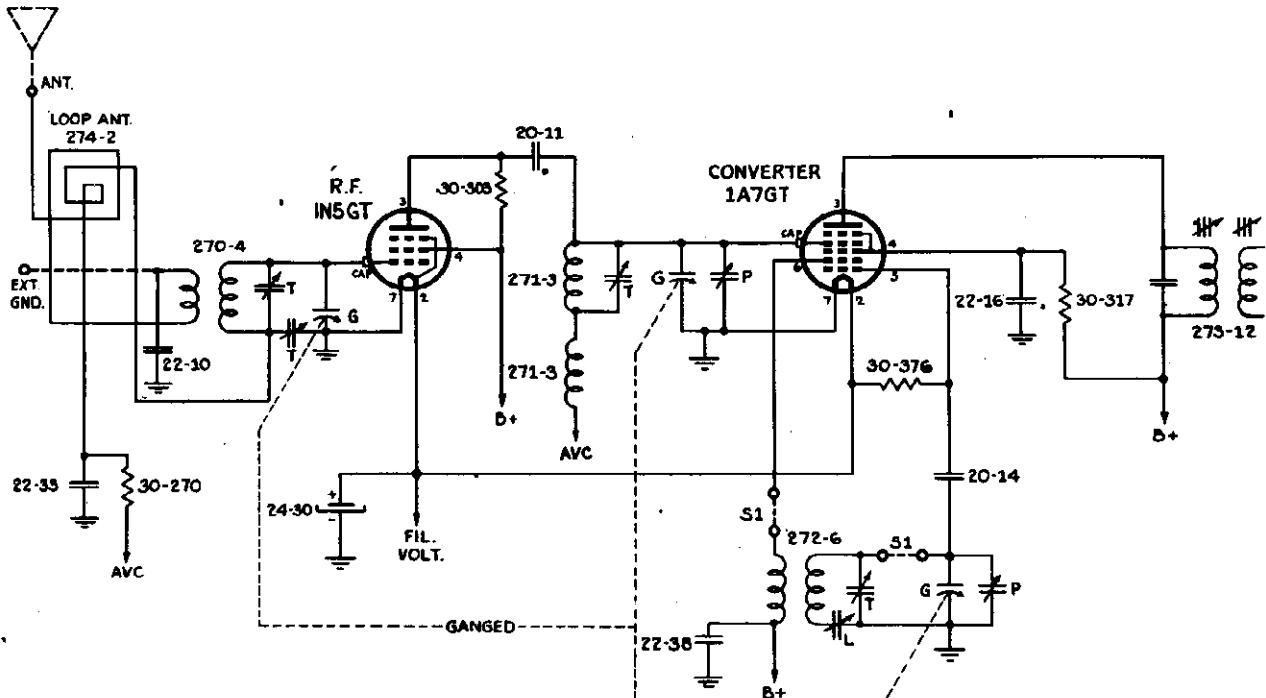
"clarified schematics"

PAGE 15-2 PILOT

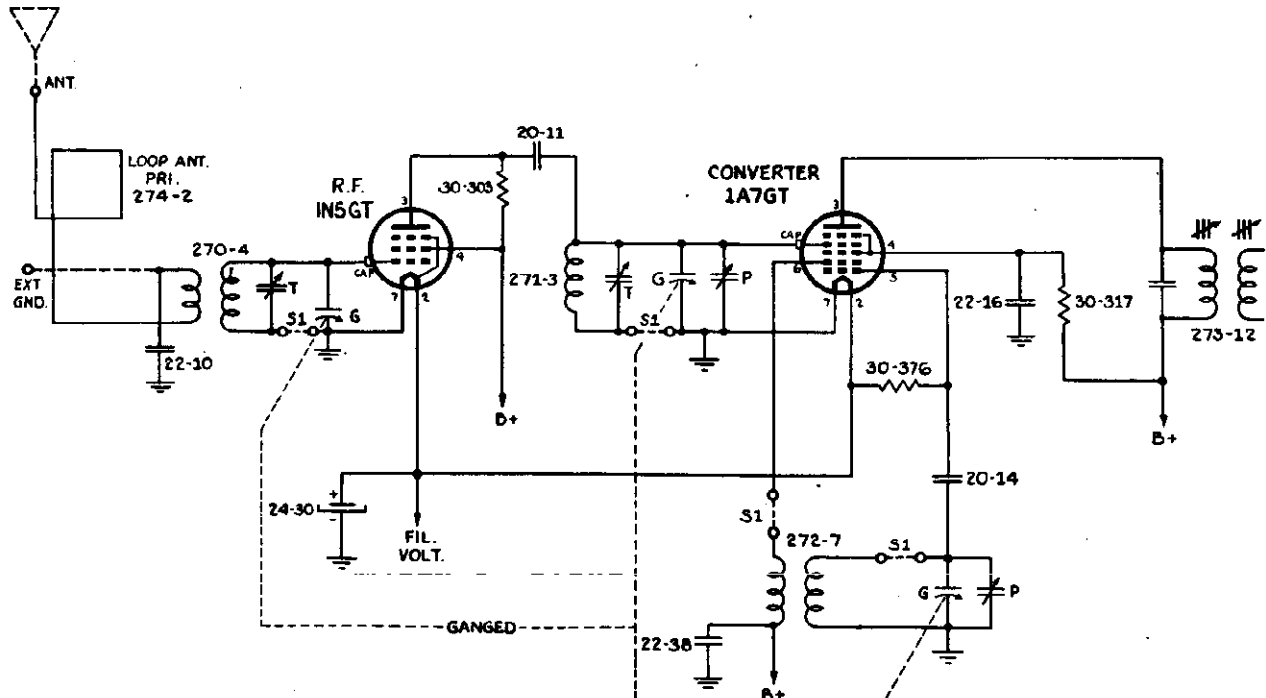
MODELS B-3, T-3, X-3

PILOT RADIO CORP.





BAND-SWITCH SHOWN AT 1ST POSITION.
BROADCAST BAND
535 - 1605 KC.



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN AT 2ND POSITION
SHORT WAVE BAND
5.63 - 16.56 MC.

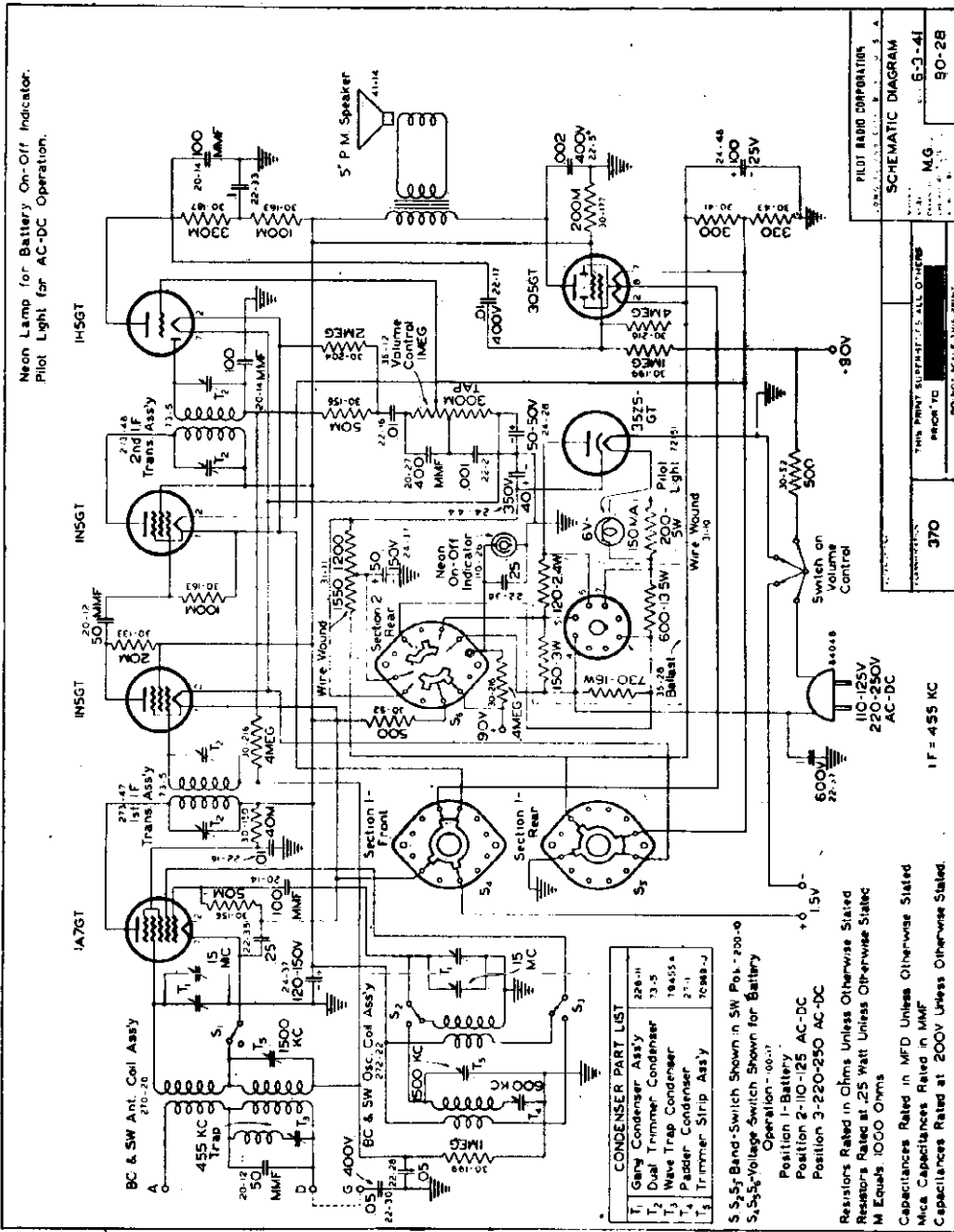
PILOT RADIO CORP.

In case battery packs, as listed below, are unavailable, separate batteries may be used by cutting off the plug and connecting the leads as follows:

- White 1.5 volts +
- Black 1.5 volts -
- Red 90 volts +
- Green 90 volts -

Battery packs that may be used:

- Eveready #748
- Ray-O-Vac #AB-82
- Burgess #17GD60
- Bond #0528



Broadcast Band 535 to 1720 Kc
Short Wave Band 5.7 to 18.7 Mc

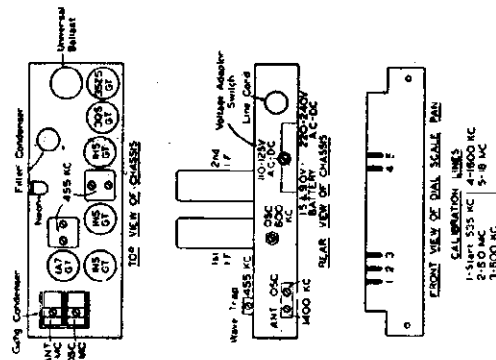
A battery beacon is provided to serve as a combination "ON" "OFF" and battery life indicator.

The battery beacon will flicker approximately once each second when the batteries are new. With the aging of the batteries, the rate of flickering and the brilliancy will be reduced.

End of useful battery life will occur when the battery beacon ceases to operate. Short period operation may be secured if the batteries are permitted lower voltage of rest after the end of the useful life.

The location of all adjustments used in re-aligning this receiver, and the frequencies at which these adjustments should be made are shown in the accompanying diagram.

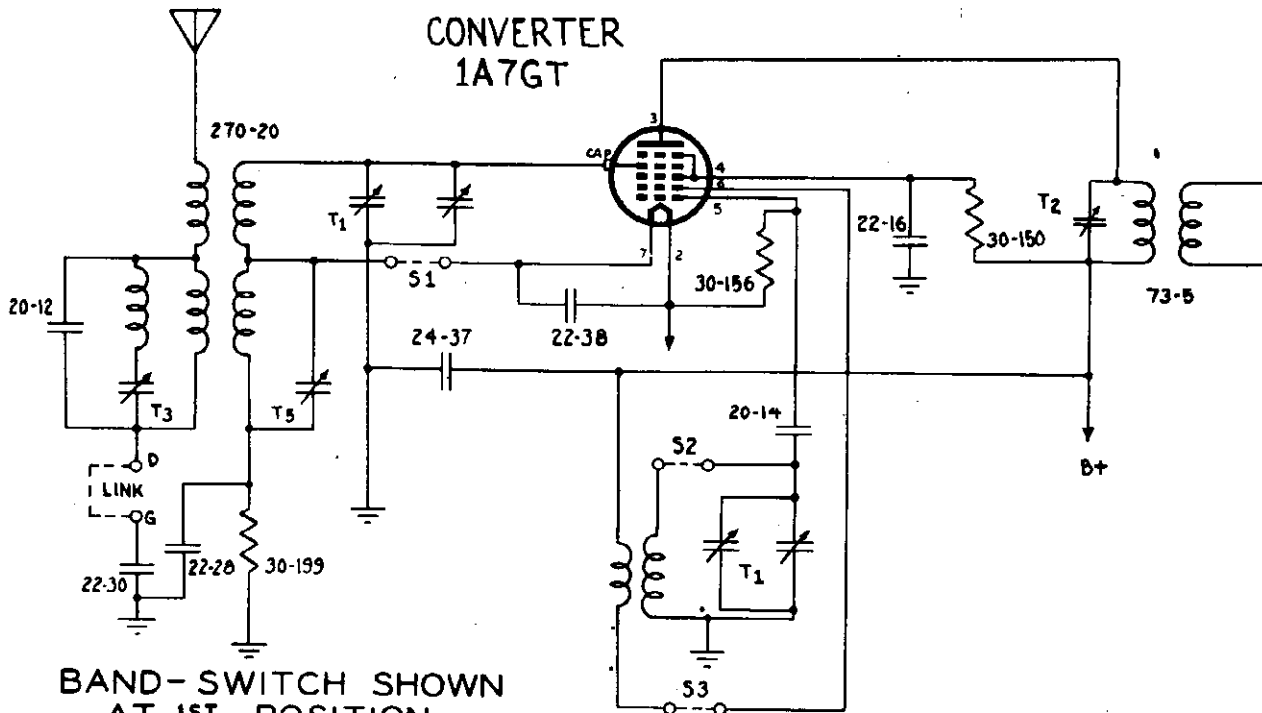
When aligning the I. F. amplifier, the generator must be connected to the grid of the 1A7GT tube through a .1 mfd condenser. When aligning the receiver on the Broadcast Band, connect the generator to the Antenna wire through a .0002 mfd condenser, and on the short wave band through



"clarified schematics"

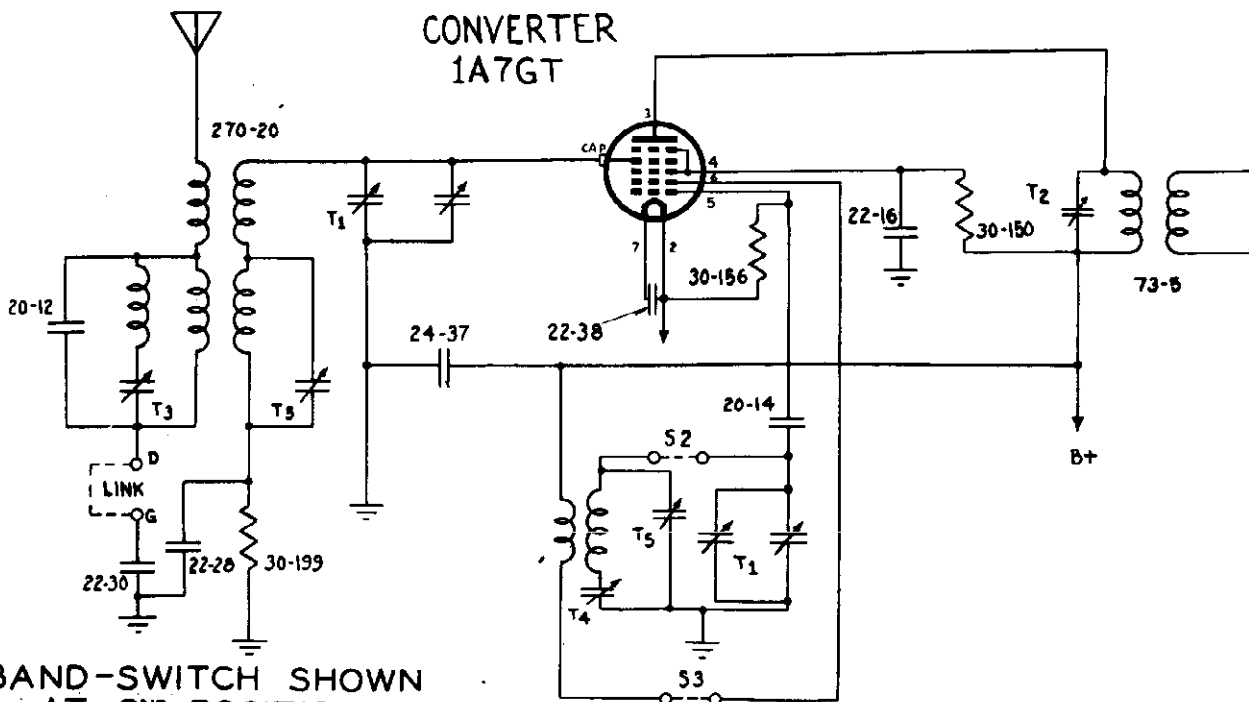
PILOT RADIO CORP.

CONVERTER
1A7GT



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
AT 1ST POSITION.
SHORT WAVE BAND
5.7 - 18.7 MC.

CONVERTER
1A7GT



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
AT 2ND POSITION
BROADCAST BAND
535 - 1720 KC.

PILOT RADIO CORP.

Broadcast Band—535 to 1720 kc
Short Wave Band—5.6 to 24.0 mc

ALIGNMENT CHART

Steps	Circuit Aligned	RECEIVER		SIGNAL GENERATOR		Dummy Antenna	Trimmer to be adjusted
		Band Switch	Dial Pointer	Frequency	Connection		
1	IF	BC	low end of dial	455 kc	grid of 12SA7	0.1 mfd	#1, 2, 3, 4
2	SW	SW	18 mc	18 mc	antenna clip	400 ohm carbon resistor	first osc. #5; then, ant. #6
3	BC	BC	1500 kc	1500 kc	antenna clip	200 mmfd mica condenser	osc. #7
4	BC	BC	600 kc	600 kc	antenna clip	200 mmfd mica condenser	rock-in for max. reading with padder #8
5	Repeat Step No. 3						

Alignment should be attempted only if a low range A.C. meter, a signal generator, and insulated alignment tools are at your disposal. The A.C. meter is used as an output meter. The signal generator must cover a frequency range from 450 kc to 24 mc.

It is essential that the signal generator be connected to the points indicated in the alignment chart through the proper dummy antenna.

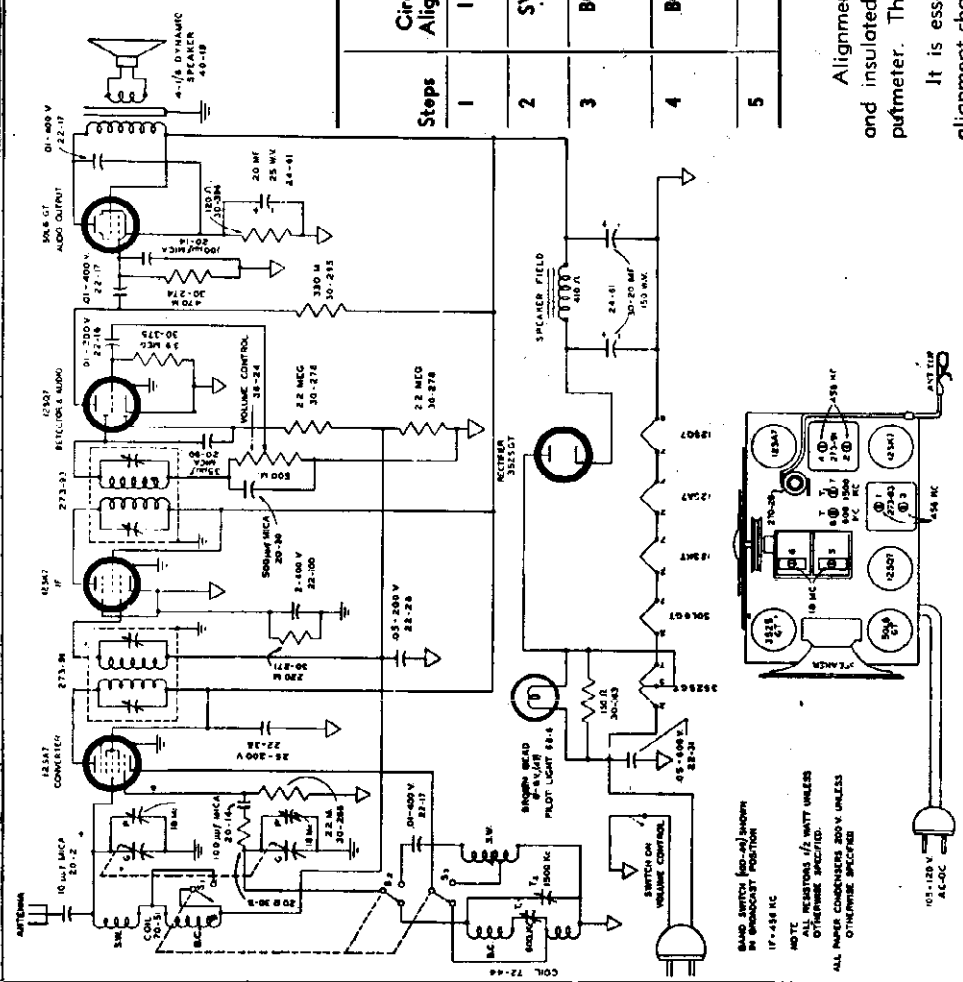
A good ground connection, secured between the groundpost of the signal generator and the chassis, is necessary.

The output of the signal generator must always be kept at its lowest possible value. This is to prevent the automatic volume control of the receiver from interfering with accurate alignment.

During alignment, the line voltage feeding the receiver power supply should be kept at approximately 117 volts.

The locations of adjustment screws are indicated clearly on the schematic diagram. Alignment adjustments should be made only in the sequence given in the chart.

For all alignments, connect the outputmeter across the voice coil. With the volume control turned fully clockwise, tune for a maximum reading.

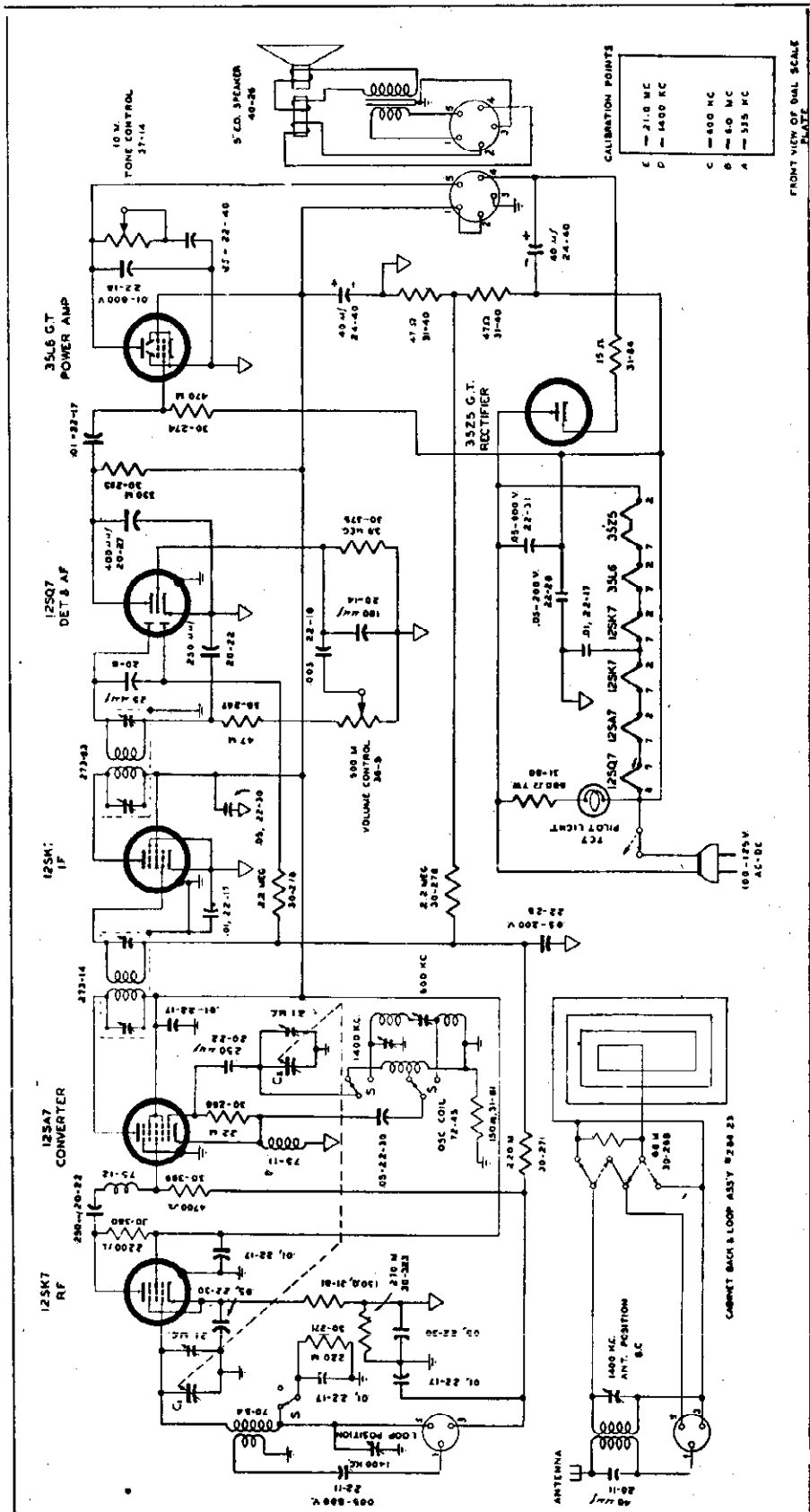


PART NO.	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
12SA7	1	500 MA. CONSOLE
12SK7	2	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X4	3	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X5	4	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X6	5	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X7	6	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X8	7	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X9	8	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X10	9	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X11	10	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X12	11	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X13	12	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X14	13	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X15	14	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X16	15	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X17	16	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X18	17	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X19	18	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X20	19	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X21	20	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X22	21	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X23	22	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X24	23	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X25	24	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X26	25	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X27	26	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X28	27	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X29	28	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X30	29	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X31	30	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X32	31	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X33	32	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X34	33	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X35	34	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X36	35	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X37	36	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X38	37	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X39	38	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X40	39	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X41	40	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X42	41	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X43	42	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X44	43	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X45	44	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X46	45	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X47	46	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X48	47	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X49	48	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X50	49	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X51	50	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X52	51	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X53	52	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X54	53	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X55	54	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X56	55	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X57	56	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X58	57	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X59	58	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X60	59	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X61	60	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X62	61	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X63	62	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X64	63	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X65	64	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X66	65	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X67	66	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X68	67	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X69	68	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X70	69	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X71	70	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X72	71	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X73	72	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X74	73	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X75	74	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X76	75	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X77	76	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X78	77	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X79	78	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X80	79	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X81	80	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X82	81	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X83	82	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X84	83	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X85	84	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X86	85	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X87	86	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X88	87	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X89	88	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X90	89	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X91	90	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X92	91	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X93	92	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X94	93	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X95	94	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X96	95	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X97	96	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X98	97	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X99	98	500 MA. CONSOLE
6X100	99	500 MA. CONSOLE

SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
⊕	CHASSIS
⊖	GROUND
⊕	AC-DC
⊖	DC-AC

PILOT RADIO CORPORATION LONG ISLAND CITY, N. Y., U.S.A.	SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM MODEL T-500
DRAWN BY: RL	CHECKED BY: RL
DATE: 1-24-45	DATE: 1-24-45
APPROVED BY: RL	DATE: 1-24-45

PILOT RADIO CORP.



FRONT VIEW OF DIAL SCALE
PLATE

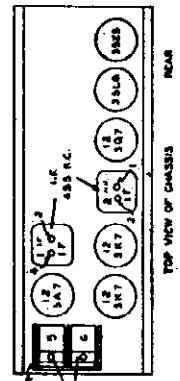
TRIMMER LAYOUT

C - C, VARIABLE CONDENSER # 26-29
BAND SWITCH 'S' SHOWN IN SHORTWAVE POSITION.

ALL RESISTORS 1/2 WATT AND ALL CONDENSERS 400 V UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED

∇ - INDICATES B -

⊥ - INDICATES CHASSIS



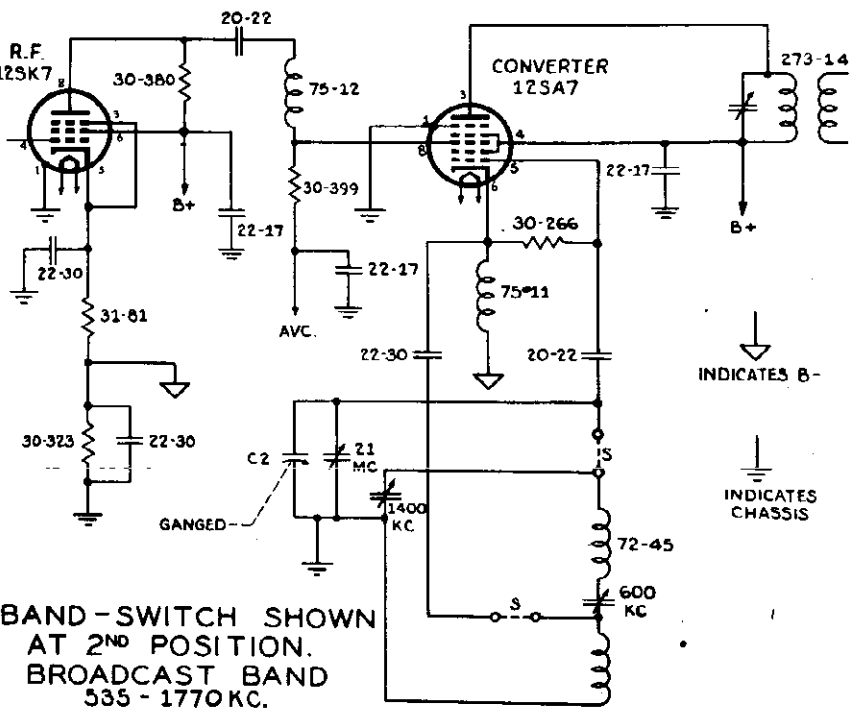
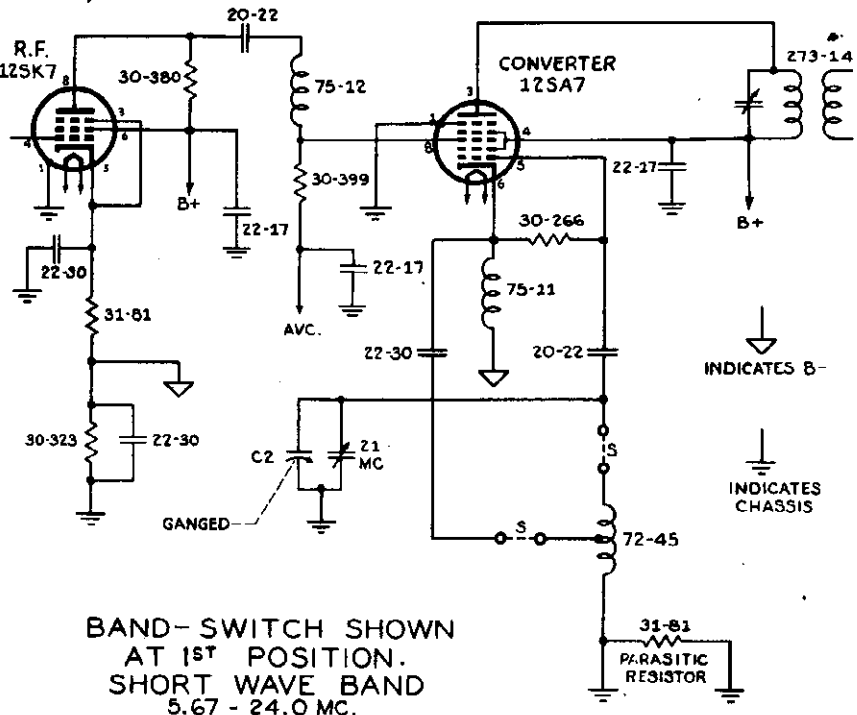
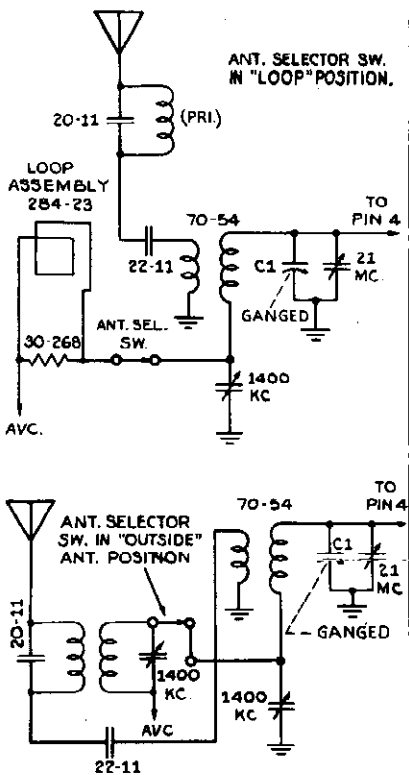
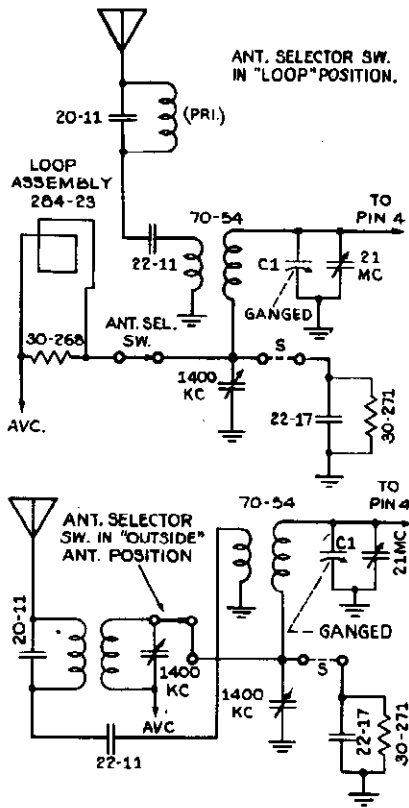
TOP VIEW OF CHASSIS
NEAR

PILOT RADIO CORPORATION LONG ISLAND CITY, N.Y. U.S.A.	
SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM T-510	
DRAWN BY - LL	DATE - 8-10-48
APPROVED BY - EVAL	DRAWING NO. 89-43

"clarified schematics"

MODEL T-511

PILOT RADIO CORP.



PILOT RADIO CORP.

The output of the signal generator must always be kept at its lowest possible value. This is to prevent the automatic volume control of the receiver from interfering with accurate alignment.

During alignment, the line voltage feeding the receiver power supply should be kept at approximately 117 volts.

The locations of adjustment screws are indicated clearly on the schematic diagram. Alignment adjustments should be made only in the sequence given in the chart.

For all alignments, connect the outputmeter across the voice coil. With the volume control turned fully clockwise, tune for a maximum reading.

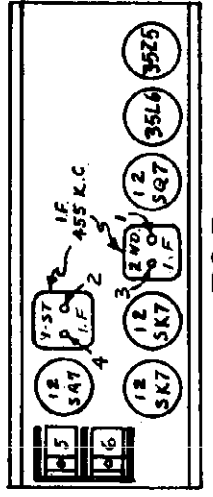
Alignment should be attempted only if a low range A.C. meter, a signal generator, and insulated alignment tools are at your disposal. The A.C. meter is used as an outputmeter. The signal generator must cover a frequency range from 450 kc to 24 mc.

It is essential that the signal generator be connected to the points indicated in the alignment chart through the proper dummy antenna.

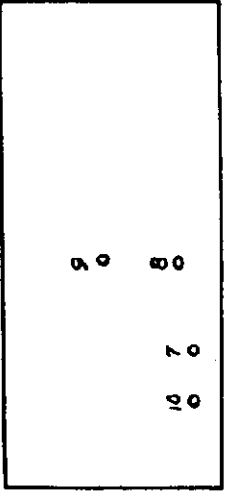
A good ground connection, secured between the groundpost of the signal generator and the chassis, is necessary.

ALIGNMENT CHART

STEP	RECEIVER			SIGNAL GENERATOR		DUMMY ANTENNA	ADJUSTMENTS (All maximum output)	
	CIRCUIT ALIGNED	BAND SWITCH	DIAL POINTER	FREQUENCY	CONNECTION			
1	IF	BC	Low end of dial	455 KC	Grid of J2SK7 RF	0.1 mfd.	#1, 2, 3, 4	
2	SW	SW	E	21 MC	Antenna Post	400 ohm carbon resistor	First #5 Then #6	
3	BC	BC	D	1400 KC	Antenna Post	200 mmfd. mica capacitor	#7	
4	BC	BC	C	600 KC	Antenna Post	200 mmfd. mica capacitor	#8	
5	Repeat steps 3 and 4							
6	BC	BC	Set for broadcast station near 1400 KC			—	#9 and #10	



- E — 21.0 MC
- D — 1400 KC
- C — 600 KC
- B — 6.0 MC
- A — 535 KC

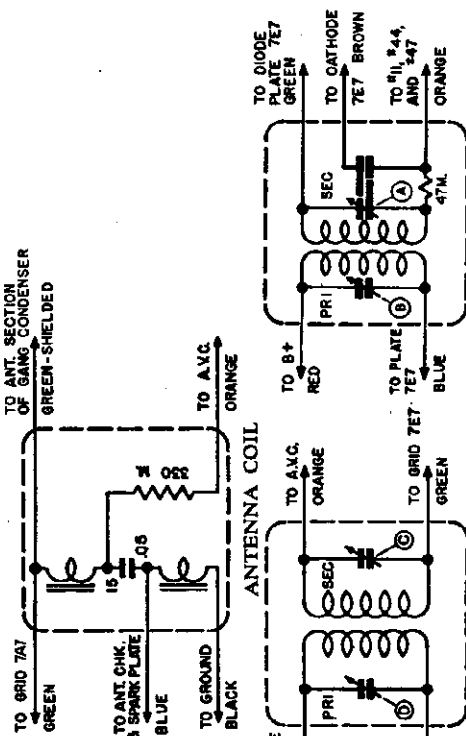


TOP

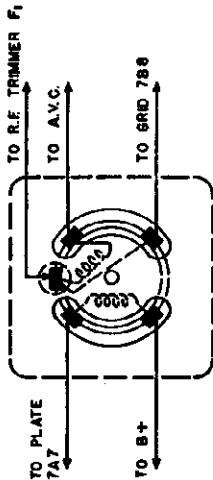
BACK

MODEL 984171

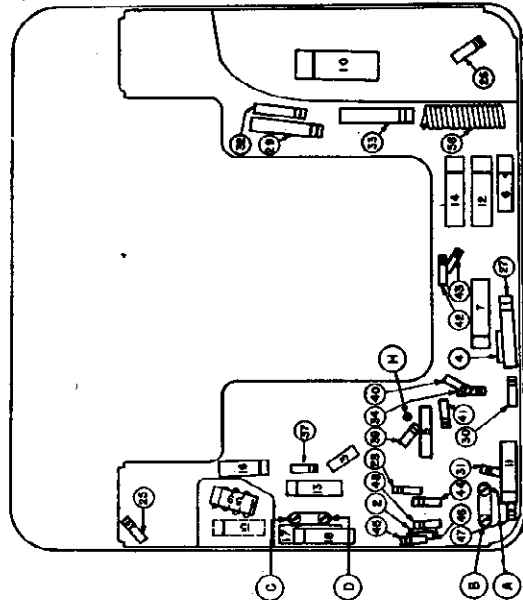
PONTIAC DIV.-GENERAL MOTORS



FIRST I. F. TRANSFORMER SECOND I. F. TRANSFORMER



R. F. COIL



PARTS LAYOUT — CHASSIS VIEW

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

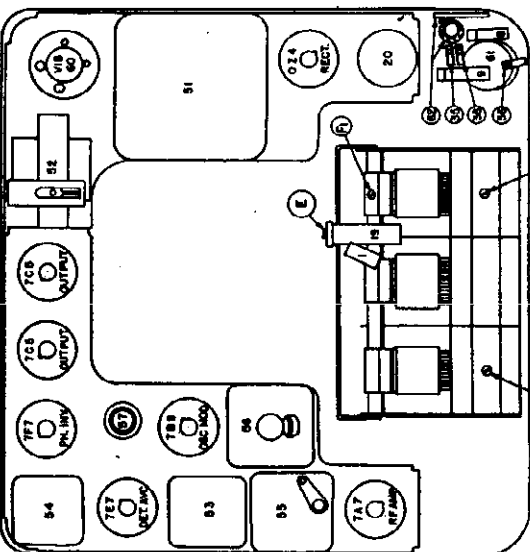
Volume Control Maximum; Tone Control on Treble.
Signal generator output minimum for satisfactory output indication.

Series Condenser Or Dummy-Antenna	Connect To	Signal Generator Frequency	Adjust Screws In Order
0.1 Mfd.	Grid Side of R. F. Trimmer F1	262 K. C.	A B C D
.000070 Mfd.	Antenna Connector	1615 K. C.	E
.000070 Mfd.	Antenna Connector	1430 K. C.	F G
.000070 Mfd.	Antenna Connector	600 K. C.	H
.000070 Mfd.	Antenna Connector	1615 K. C.	E
.000070 Mfd.	Antenna Connector	1430 K. C.	F G

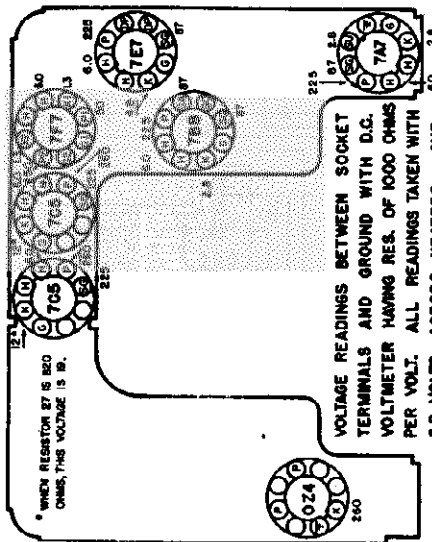
Adjust trimmer G to match car antenna (1430 K. C.) when radio is installed.

SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS

Rock gang condenser back and forth through signal during 600 K. C. adjustment of screw H.



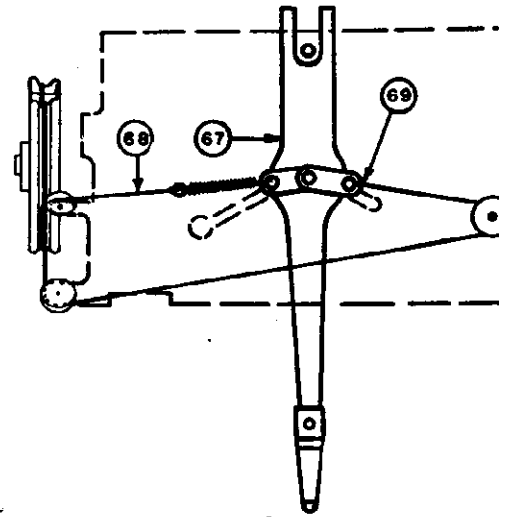
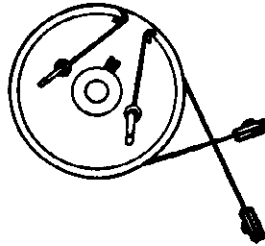
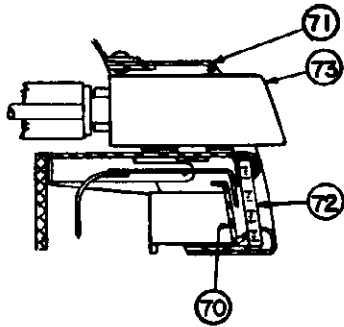
PARTS LAYOUT — TUBE VIEW



VOLTAGE READINGS BETWEEN SOCKET TERMINALS AND GROUND WITH D.C. VOLTMETER HAVING RES. OF 1000 OHMS PER VOLT. ALL READINGS TAKEN WITH 5.0 VOLTS ACROSS HEATERS. CURRENT DRAIN WITH SPEAKER AND DIAL LIGHT 71 AMPERES. "B" SUPPLY DRAIN 85 M.A. TOLERANCE ON VOLTAGES ± 10%.

TUBE SOCKET VOLTAGE CHART

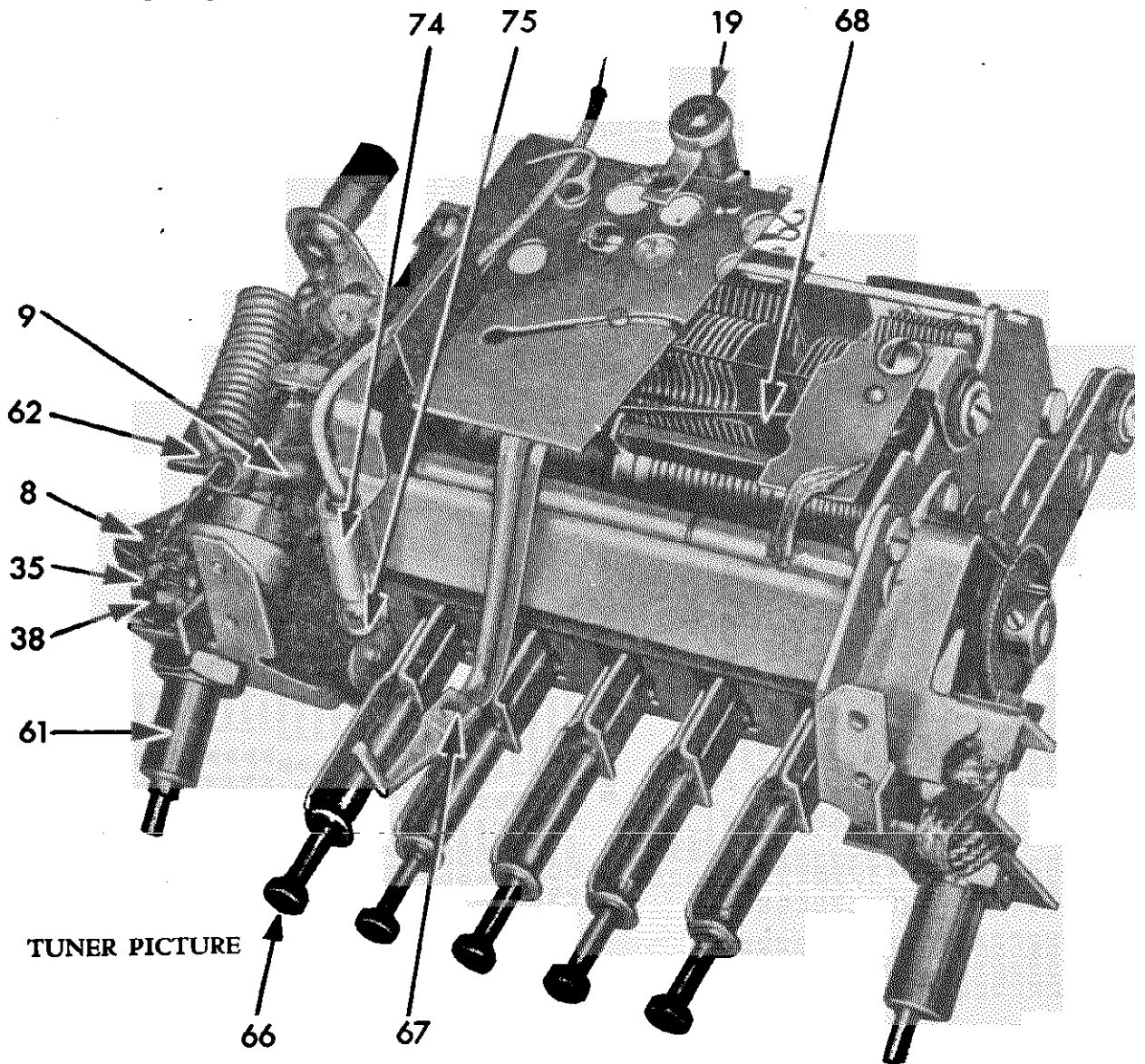
PONTIAC DIV.-GENERAL MOTORS



**ESCUTCHEON CROSS SECTION
PUSH BUTTON SET-UP**

Release holding spring in bottom of button, pull button off. Loosen reset screw, and tune in desired station while holding reset screw in tight. Release and tighten reset screw. Replace push button.

POINTER CORD ASSEMBLY



TUNER PICTURE

MODEL 984171

PONTIAC DIV.-GENERAL MOTORS

Illus. No.	Service Part No.	Description	Illus. No.	Service Part No.	Description
MISCELLANEOUS ELECTRICAL PARTS					
1	7242450	.000012 Mfd.—Compensating (Included in Tuner Assy. Part #7253169)	50	7241120	8" PM Speaker
2	7238891	.000015 Mfd.—Molded	50A	7242532	Power Transformer Assembly Complete
3	7236178	.000024 Mfd.—Compensating (Included in Osc. Coil Assy. #7242527)	51	7255881	Output Transformer Assembly
4	1207636	.0005 Mfd.—Molded	52	7240453	First I. F. Transformer Assembly Complete
5	7236156	.000600 Mfd.—Silver Mica (Included in Osc. Coil Assy. #7242527)	53	7242079	Second I. F. Transformer Assembly Complete
6	7240738	.000750 Mfd.—400 V. Tubular	54	7242533	Antenna Coil Assembly Complete (Includes Illus. #15)
7	7240905	.001 Mfd. 600 V. Tubular	55	7242504	R. F. Coil Assembly Complete
8	7230912	.005 Mfd. 600 V. Tubular (Included in Tuner Assy. Part #7253169)	56	7242506	Oscillator Coil Assembly Complete (Includes Illus. #3 and 5)
9	7230912	.005 Mfd. 600 V. Tubular (Included in Tuner Assy. Part #7253169)	57	7242527	"A" Filter Choke
10	7240906	.006 Mfd. 1600 V. Tubular	58	7241708	Antenna Series Choke Assembly
11	1208600	.01 Mfd. 600 V. Tubular	59	7255738	Vibrator—Non-Synchronous
12	1208600	.01 Mfd. 600 V. Tubular	60	8638	*Volume, Tone Control & Switch
13	1212099	.02 Mfd. 600 V. Tubular	61	7242017	*Spark Plate & "A" Connector Assembly
14	1212099	.02 Mfd. 600 V. Tubular	62	7240797	*Volume Control Cable
15	7236350	.05 Mfd. 200 V. Tubular (Included in Ant. Coil Assy. Part #7242504)	62	7241179	Antenna Connector Socket
16	7230592	.05 Mfd. 600 V. Tubular	7239475	Loktal Base Tube Socket	
17	7230592	.05 Mfd. 600 V. Tubular	7241356	Octal Base Tube Socket	
18	7230592	.05 Mfd. 600 V. Tubular	7236279	Vibrator Socket	
19	7242317	Oscillator Air Trimmer (Included in Tuner Assy. Part #7253169)	7233944		
20	7238830	Electrolytic—3 Section			
20A		20 Mfd. 25 V.			
20B		10 Mfd. 400 V.			
20C		15 Mfd. 400 V.			
CONDENSERS					
25	1213217	100 Ohms 1/2 W. Insulated	66	7253169	Tuner & Dual Control Assembly Complete
25A	7237835	220 Ohms 1/2 W. Insulated (Used on Later Sets)	7240368	Reset Screw Assembly	
26	7237994	220 Ohms 1 W. Insulated	7242090	Pointer, Tip & Guide Pin Assembly	
27	7233773	330 Ohms 1 W. Insulated (Utilized in Receivers Using PM Speakers)	7244082	Cord & Spring Assembly	
27A	7254127	820 Ohms 2 W. Insulated (Utilized in Receivers Using Electro-Magnetic Speakers)	7244083	Cord & Rivet Assembly	
28	1213236	1,200 Ohms 1/2 W. Insulated	7253147	Backplate Assembly	
29	7242844	2,700 Ohms 2 W. Insulated	7253151	Escutcheon Assembly Complete (Includes Dial Glass)	
30	1214546	3,900 Ohms 1/2 W. Insulated	7253135	Calibrated Dial	
31	1214546	3,900 Ohms 1/2 W. Insulated	7242136	Pushbutton with Spring	
32	7240918	5,600 Ohms 1 W. Insulated	7241216	Dial Light Assembly (Includes Bulb)	
33	7233653	15,000 Ohms 2 W. Insulated	115273	Dial Light Bulb	
34	1214551	27,000 Ohms 1/2 W. Insulated (Used on Sets Up To Ser. #7119719)	7242017	Volume, Tone Control & Switch	
34A	1213270	100,000 Ohms 1/2 W. Insulated (Used on Sets After Ser. #7119719)	7240797	Spark Plate & "A" Connector	
35	1213480	39,000 Ohms 1/2 W. Insulated (Included in Tuner Assy. Part #7253169)	1214554	Resistor 82,000 Ohms 1/2 W. Insulated	
36	1214553	47,000 Ohms 1/2 W. Insulated (Included in Tuner Assy. Part #7253169)	1214553	Resistor 47,000 Ohms 1/2 W. Insulated	
37	1213267	56,000 Ohms 1/2 W. Insulated	1213480	Resistor 39,000 Ohms 1/2 W. Insulated	
38	1214554	82,000 Ohms 1/2 W. Insulated (Included in Tuner Assy. Part #7253169)	7242317	Oscillator Air Trimmer	
39	1213270	100,000 Ohms 1/2 W. Insulated	7230912	Condenser .005 Mfd. 600 V. Tubular	
40	1214555	220,000 Ohms 1/2 W. Insulated	7230912	Condenser .005 Mfd. 600 V. Tubular	
41	1214555	220,000 Ohms 1/2 W. Insulated	7242450	Condenser .000012 Mfd. Compensating	
42	1214555	220,000 Ohms 1/2 W. Insulated	7241179	Volume Control Cable	
43	1214555	220,000 Ohms 1/2 W. Insulated			
44	1214555	220,000 Ohms 1/2 W. Insulated			
45	1213282	1 Megohm 1/2 W. Insulated			
46	1213282	1 Megohm 1/2 W. Insulated			
47	1213282	1 Megohm 1/2 W. Insulated			
48	7241614	2.7 Megohm 1/2 W. Insulated			
TUBE COMPLEMENT					
7A7	1213562	R. F. Amplifier	1879777	Generator Condenser	
7B8	1213567	Oscillator - Modulator	1207821	Distributor Suppressor	
7E7	1213802	Detector, A. V. C. and I. F. Amplifier	1853686	Suppressor Adapter	
7F5	1213979	Phase Inverter	147685	Fuse	
7C5	1213568	Push-Pull Output Rectifier	1882758	Ammeter Condenser	
0Z4	1211924	Rectifier	5273906	"A" Lead Assembly	
RESISTORS					
66	7240368	Reset Screw Assembly	507505	Plate - Radio Control	
67	7242090	Pointer, Tip & Guide Pin Assembly	507511	Knob - Tuning Control	
68	7244082	Cord & Spring Assembly	507510	Knob - Tone Control	
69	7244083	Cord & Rivet Assembly			
70	7253147	Backplate Assembly			
71	7253151	Escutcheon Assembly Complete (Includes Dial Glass)			
72	7253135	Calibrated Dial			
73	7242136	Pushbutton with Spring			
74	7241216	Dial Light Assembly (Includes Bulb)			
75	115273	Dial Light Bulb			
61	7242017	Volume, Tone Control & Switch			
62	7240797	Spark Plate & "A" Connector			
38	1214554	Resistor 82,000 Ohms 1/2 W. Insulated			
36	1214553	Resistor 47,000 Ohms 1/2 W. Insulated			
35	1213480	Resistor 39,000 Ohms 1/2 W. Insulated			
19	7242317	Oscillator Air Trimmer			
9	7230912	Condenser .005 Mfd. 600 V. Tubular			
8	7230912	Condenser .005 Mfd. 600 V. Tubular			
1	7242450	Condenser .000012 Mfd. Compensating			
MOUNTING AND INSTALLATION PARTS					
1879777	Generator Condenser				
1207821	Distributor Suppressor				
1853686	Suppressor Adapter				
147685	Fuse				
1882758	Ammeter Condenser				
5273906	"A" Lead Assembly				
507505	Plate - Radio Control				
507511	Knob - Tuning Control				
507510	Knob - Tone Control				
*Included in Tuner Part #7253169)					

MODELS PA-510, Ch. 9008-A,
PB-520, Ch. 9008-B

PORTO-SERVER INC.

Remove chassis and loop from cabinet. Reconnect both leads to loop and space it approximately same distance from chassis as when installed in cabinet.

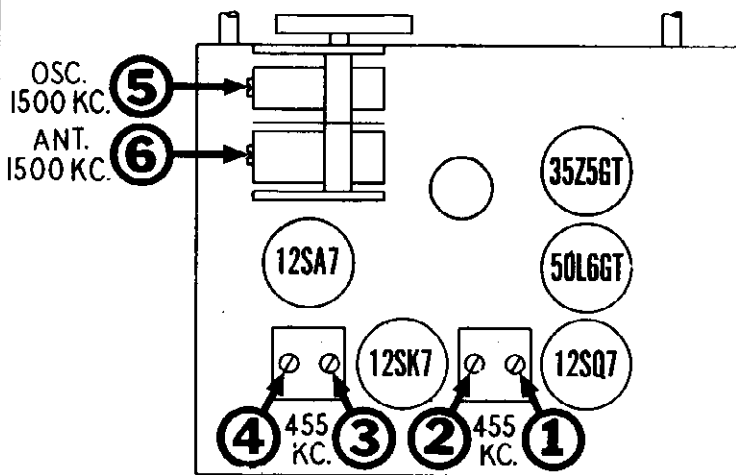
With the gang condenser fully meshed, dial pointer should be in the position indicated by the last division below 55 on the dial. If it is set incorrectly, release pointer clip on dial cord and reposition pointer.

Connect an output meter across the speaker voice coil or from the plate of the 50L6GT tube to chassis through a .1 Mfd. condenser.

Connect the ground lead of the signal generator to the receiver chassis through a .25 Mfd. condenser.

Set volume control at maximum volume position and use a weak signal from the signal generator.

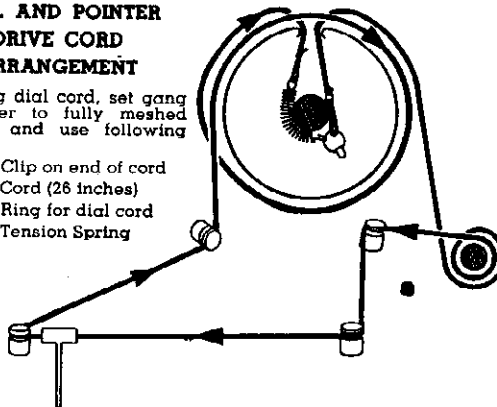
DUMMY ANT. IN SERIES WITH SIGNAL GENERATOR	CONNECT HIGH SIDE OF GENERATOR TO	SIGNAL GENERATOR FREQUENCY	RECEIVER DIAL SETTING	TRIMMER NUMBER	TRIMMER DESCRIPTION	TYPE OF ADJUSTMENT
200 MMFD. Mica Condenser	Lug on trimmer No. 6 on rear section of gang (see figure below for location of trimmer.)	455 KC	Any point where it does not affect the signal.	1-2	2nd I.F.	Adjust for maximum output. Then repeat adjustment.
				3-4	1st I.F.	
200 MMFD. Mica Condenser	External antenna lead on loop.	1500 KC	1500 KC	5	Broadcast Oscillator	Adjust for maximum output.
200 MMFD. Mica Condenser	External antenna lead on loop.	1500 KC	Tune to 1500 KC generator signal.	6	Broadcast Antenna	Adjust for maximum output.



DIAL AND POINTER DRIVE CORD ARRANGEMENT

To string dial cord, set gang condenser to fully meshed position and use following parts:

- 114955 Clip on end of cord
- 117057 Cord (26 inches)
- 119087 Ring for dial cord
- 161384 Tension Spring

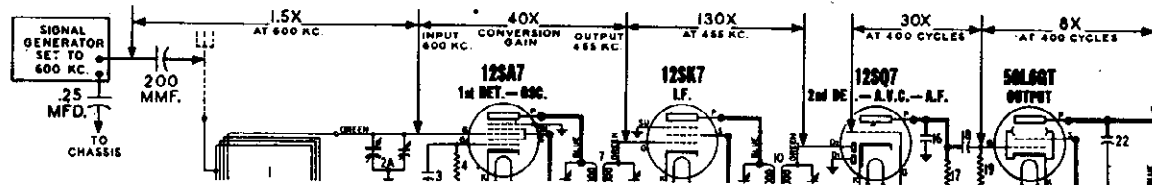


APPROXIMATE STAGE GAIN DATA

Be sure R.F. and I.F. stages are accurately aligned before measuring gain. R.F. gains can be measured with a "channel" type instrument containing a tuned and calibrated R.F. amplifier. A vacuum tube voltmeter may be used for audio gain measurements. Observe following precautions:

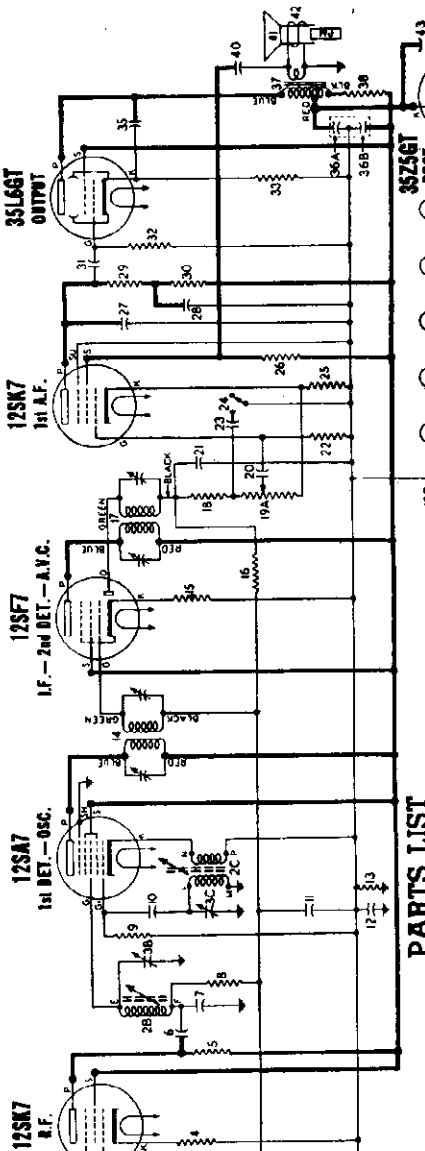
1. For all gain measurements connect signal generator as shown. Use 600 KC signal with 400 cycles modulation (use nearby frequency if local station interferes.)
2. For R.F. and I.F. measurements connect negative terminal of a 3-volt battery (two 1½ volt cells in series) to A.V.C. lead and positive terminal to chassis. This provides a definite operating point.
3. Be sure radio is carefully tuned to generator signal (use weak signal for sharp tuning.)
4. When using a "channel" type instrument carefully tune it for maximum output at desired frequency before making measurements.

The R.F. and I.F. stage gains shown below are less than under normal operating conditions due to the use of 3 volts fixed bias in order to establish a definite operating point. Therefore, these values are not intended to indicate the full capability of a stage.



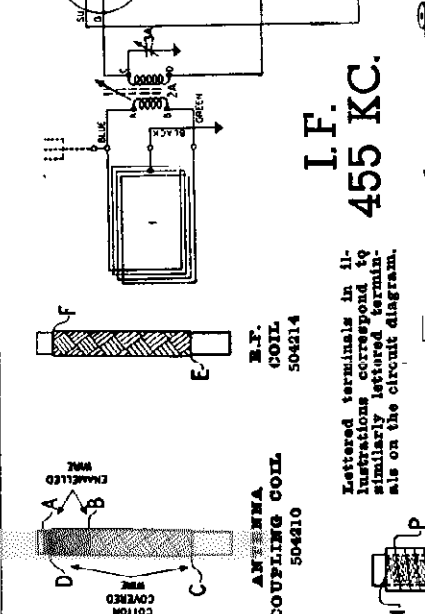
Differences in tube characteristics, tolerance of parts, adjustment of tuned circuits, and variations of line voltage will influence stage gain. Accuracy of measurements is dependent upon careful tuning of receiver to generator signal and experience in using your test equipment. These factors may create considerable variation in gain measurements.

PORTO-SERVER INC.



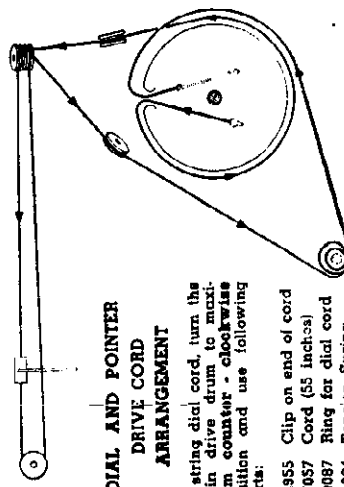
PARTS LIST

DIA-GRAM NO.	DESCRIPTION	LIST PRICE
3-A, B, C 504086	Condensers—trimmer assembly	\$1.10
6	A—20 to 270 Mmfd.	.30
7	B—40 to 370 Mmfd.	.45
10	C—40 to 370 Mmfd.	.45
10	Condenser—mica 280 Mmfd. 500 volt.	.30
11	Condenser—mica 1,000 Mmfd. 500 volt.	.2414
12	Condenser—mica 50 Mmfd. 500 volt.	.2917
12	Condenser—1 Mid. 200 volt.	.36
20	Condenser—2 Mid. 400 volt.	.2037
21	Condenser—.002 Mid. 400 volt.	.24
21	Condenser—mica 110 Mmfd. 500 volt.	.24
23	Condenser—.0008 Mid. 400 volt.	.24
27	Condenser—mica 110 Mmfd. 500 volt.	.24
28	Condenser—.05 Mid. 200 volt.	.2034
31	Condenser—.01 Mid. 400 volt.	.20
35	Condenser—.01 Mid. 400 volt.	1.50
36-A, B 500256	Condenser—electrolytic	.41
40	A—40 Mid. 150 volt	.24
43	B—20 Mid. 400 volt	.24
43	Condenser—.05 Mid. 400 volt.	.24
4	Resistor—carbon 390 ohms 1/4 watt	.12
5	Resistor—carbon 4700 ohms 1/4 watt	.12
8	Resistor—carbon 4700 ohms 1/4 watt	.12
9	Resistor—carbon 22,000 ohms 1/4 watt	.12
13	Resistor—carbon 22,000 ohms 1/4 watt	.12
14	Resistor—carbon 270,000 ohms 1/4 watt	.12
15	Resistor—carbon 470 ohms 1/4 watt	.12
16	Resistor—carbon 3.3 Meg. 1/4 watt.	.12
19	Resistor—carbon 47,000 ohms (with switch) 1.25	.125
19-A, B 502131	Volume control 500,000 ohms	1.25
22	Resistor—carbon 10 Meg. 1/4 watt.	.12
25	Resistor—carbon 22,000 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12
26	Resistor—carbon 2.2 Meg. 1/4 watt.	.12
29	Resistor—carbon 220,000 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12
32	Resistor—carbon 470,000 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12
33	Resistor—carbon 130 ohms 1/4 watt	.16
38	Resistor—carbon 1500 ohms 1/4 watt	.16
39	Resistor—carbon 33 ohms 1/4 watt	.12
1	Loop antenna	2.90
2-A, B, C 504096	Tuning unit, complete assembly	10.90
2-A	Coil—antenna (less slug)	1.20
2-B	Coil—R.F. (less slug)	.95
2-C	Coil—oscillator (less slug)	1.05
504211	Slug core for Ant. coil (yellow end)	.45
504213	Slug core for Osc. coil (white end)	.45
504215	Slug core for R.F. coil (purple end)	.45
502185	Back for cabinet.	.30
116467	Base for mig. electrolytic condenser	.04
502232	Cabinet ivory (Model PF-611)	5.00
502234	Cabinet mahogany (Model PE-610)	4.85
500261	Clamp—dial scale mtg.	.02
500487	Clip retainer for cabinet back	.02
114955	Clip retainer on end of dial cord	.01
116563	Connector for antenna leads	.01
117057	Cord dial drive (55 in. required) per ft.	.05
500324	Cover—cardboard, for elect. cond.	.04
504143	Dial scale—glass	1.40
501186	Grounding plate (under I.F. trans can)	.10
502553	Knob ivory (Model PF-611)	.10
502551	Knob mahogany (Model PE-610)	.10
502357	Painter	.16
81145	Retaining ring for tuning shaft	.01
119087	Ring for dial cord	.01
85078	Rubber grommet; Ant. & R.F. coil mtg.	.03
504045	Rubber grommet; Osc. coil mtg.	.04
17064	Screw—No. 8 x 7/32	.02
114928	Shaft tuning control	.01
502173	Socket—octal base	.15
160352	Socket—octal (rectifier)	.12
500499	Socket—dial lamp (with leads)	.16
504012	Spring for tuning slug drive cord	.08
161384	Spring—dial cord tension.	.06
114456	Washer—spring washer for tuning shaft	.005



I.F. COIL
455 KC.

Isolated terminals in I.F. coil correspond to similarly lettered terminals on the circuit diagram.



DIAL AND POINTER
DRIVE CORD
ARRANGEMENT

To string dial cord, turn the main drive drum to maxi. position and use following parts.

- 114955 Clip on end of cord
- 117057 Ring for dial cord
- 161384 Tension Spring

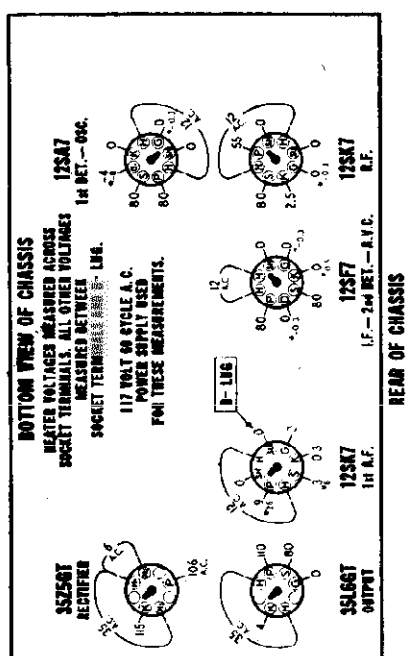
OSCILLATOR
COIL
504212

- SLUG CORES FOR COILS
- ANT.—504211
- R.F.—504215
- OSC.—504213

SOCKET VOLTAGES

Measured with voltmeter having sensitivity of 1000 ohms per volt except where indicated by (*).

VOLUME ON FULL WITH NO SIGNAL. DIAL TUNED TO 540 KC.



BOTTOM VIEW OF CHASSIS

MEASURE VOLTAGES MEASURED ACROSS SOCKET TERMINALS. ALL OTHER VOLTAGES MEASURED BETWEEN SOCKET TERMINALS.

117 VOLT 60 CYCLE A.C. POWER SUPPLY USED FOR THESE MEASUREMENTS.

REAR OF CHASSIS

MODELS PE-610, Ch. 9022-E,
PF-611, Ch. 9022-F

PORTO-SERVER INC.

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

1. Remove chassis and loop from cabinet. Solder approximately 8" of insulated wire to any B— connection (see voltage chart on opposite side for convenient B— location). Then reinstall chassis and loop in cabinet. The B— lead should extend from under the chassis at the back.
2. Connect ground lead of signal generator to B— lead.
3. Connect output meter across the speaker voice coil (terminals at back of speaker.)
4. Turn the tuning control knob clockwise as far as it will go (tuner mechanism is now in maximum open position with tuning slugs almost completely withdrawn from coils). Dial pointer should then point to 1600 Kc mark on scale. If it is set incorrectly, release pointer clip on dial cord and reposition pointer.
5. Set volume control at maximum volume position and use a weak signal from the signal generator.

DUMMY ANT. IN SERIES WITH SIGNAL GENERATOR	CONNECT HIGH SIDE OF GENERATOR TO	SIGNAL GENERATOR FREQUENCY	RECEIVER DIAL SETTING	TRIMMER NUMBER	TRIMMER DESCRIPTION	TYPE OF ADJUSTMENT
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Set tuner mechanism to maximum open position by turning the tuning control knob clockwise as far as it will go (Dial pointer at 1600 Kc). Then check whether the positions of the tuning slugs correspond to the positions shown in Fig. 1 below. If settings are incorrect, rotate the individual core and threaded stem until desired position is reached. Note that threaded stem is prevented from moving by a dab of speaker cement at top.

.1 MFD. Condenser	Ungrounded terminal of trimmer No. 6 (see Fig. 2 below for location of trimmer.)	455 KC	Any point where it does not affect the signal.	1-2	2nd I.F.	Adjust for maximum output. Then repeat adjustment.
				3-4	1st I.F.	
300 MMFD Mica Condenser	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	1600 KC	1600 KC	5	Broadcast Oscillator (Shunt)	Adjust for maximum output.
300 MMFD Mica Condenser	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	1600 KC	Tune to 1600 KC generator signal	6	Broadcast R.F.	Adjust for maximum output.
				7	Broadcast Antenna	Adjust for maximum output.
300 MMFD Mica Condenser	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	1400 KC	Tune to 1400 KC generator signal	Ant. coil tuning slug		Adjust position of slug for maximum output.
				R.F. coil tuning slug		Adjust position of slug for maximum output.
300 MMFD Mica Condenser	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	1600 KC	Tune to 1600 KC generator signal	6	Broadcast R.F.	Recheck adjustment for maximum output.
				7	Broadcast Antenna	Recheck adjustment for maximum output.

Apply a coating of speaker cement at top of each tuning core stem to prevent movement.

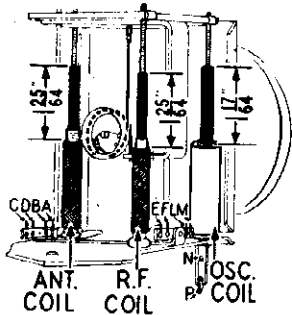


FIG. 1
SLUG TUNER ASSEMBLY (Drive Parts)
117057 Cord (8")
114955 Clip on cord
504012 Spring

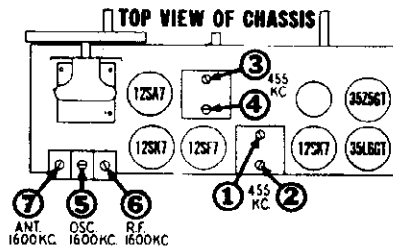


FIG. 2

AUDIO OSCILLATION

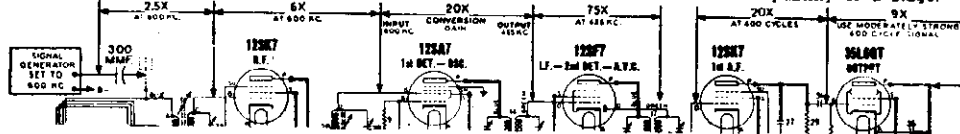
The audio system of this receiver utilizes a two stage type of inverse feed-back arrangement and, should it ever be necessary to replace the speaker or output transformer, it is important to maintain a definite phase relationship in the feed-back circuit. If the connections to the output transformer are reversed or if the feed-back connection is made to the wrong side of the output transformer secondary, the system will become regenerative instead of degenerative. Under those conditions audio oscillation may result. If that occurs, oscillation may be prevented by reversing the connections to the secondary of the output transformer.

APPROXIMATE STAGE GAIN DATA

Be sure R.F. and I.F. stages are accurately aligned before measuring gain. R.F. gains can be measured with a "channel" type instrument containing a tuned and calibrated R.F. amplifier. A vacuum tube voltmeter may be used for audio gain measurements. Observe following precautions:

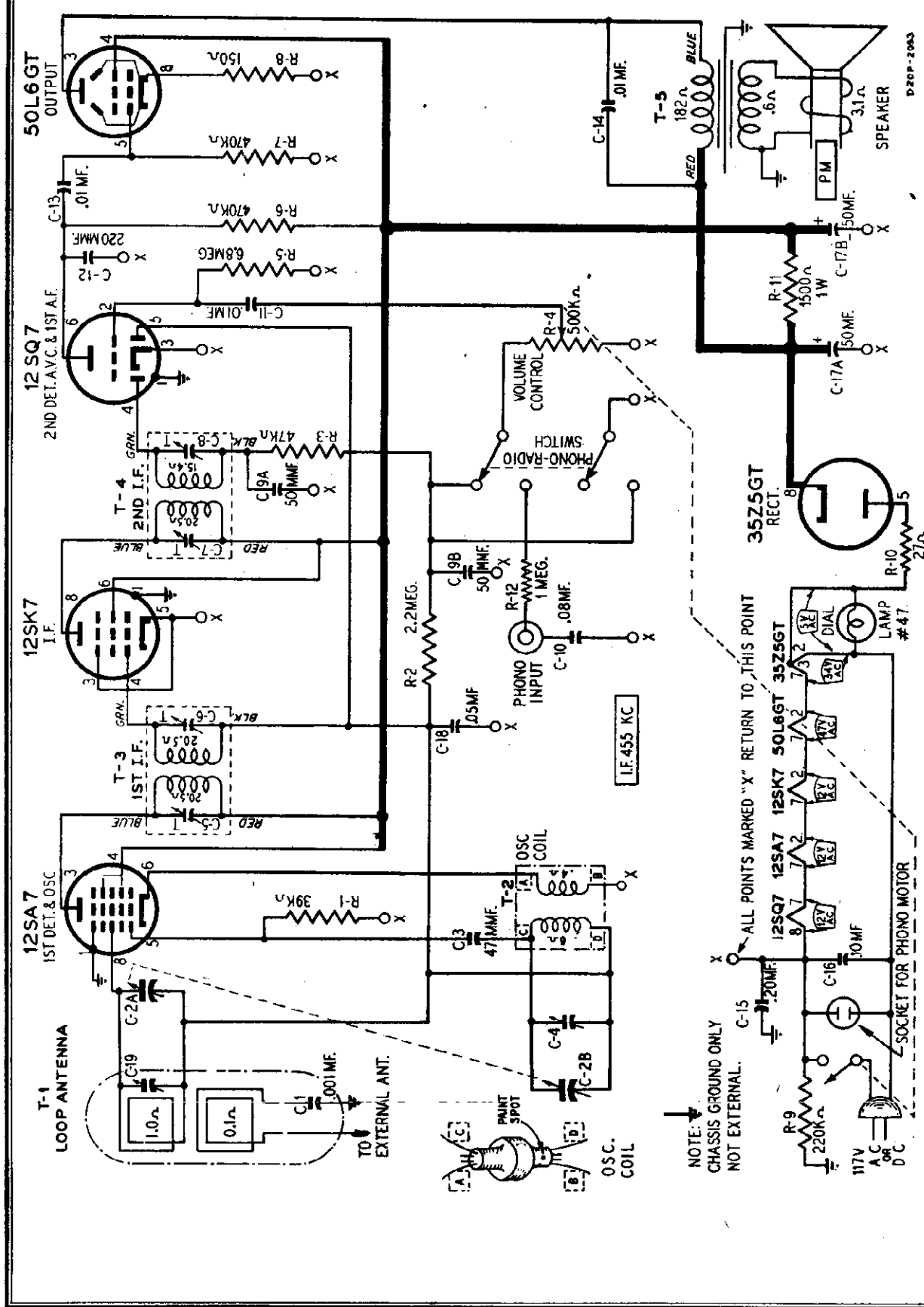
1. For all gain measurements connect signal generator as shown. Use 600 KC. signal with 400 cycle modulation (use nearby frequency if local station interferes.)
2. For R.F. and I.F. measurements connect negative terminal of a 3 volt battery (two 1 1/2 volt cells in series) to A.V.C. lead and positive terminal to B—. This provides a definite operating point. IMPORTANT: Disconnect battery when measuring audio stage gains.
3. Be sure radio is carefully tuned to generator signal (use weak signal for sharp tuning.)
4. When using a "channel" type instrument carefully tune it for maximum output at desired frequency before making measurements.

The R.F. and I.F. stage gains shown below are less than under normal operating conditions due to the use of 3 volts fixed bias in order to establish a definite operating point. Therefore, these values are not intended to indicate the full capability of a stage.



Differences in tube characteristics, tolerance of parts, adjustment of tuned circuits, and variations of line voltage will influence stage gain. Accuracy of measurements is dependent upon careful tuning of receiver to generator signal and experience in using your test equipment. These factors may create considerable variation in gain measurements.

PURE OIL CORP.



Tuning Frequency Range.....540 to 1600 KC
 Power Consumption.....30 watts (At 117 volts AC)
 50 watts Phono Operating
 Power Output...1.5 watt maximum...9 watt (10% harmonics)

Selectivity.....55 KC Broad at 1000 Times Signal
 Speaker.....5" PM Dynamic
 Sensitivity (for .05 watt output).....25 microvolts

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

Volume Control—Maximum All Adjustments.

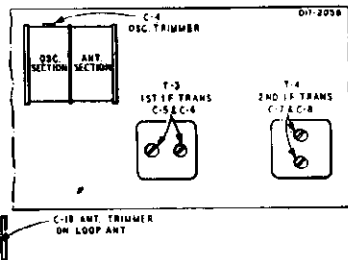
Allow Chassis and Signal Generator to "Heat Up" for several Minutes.

The equipment in column at right is required for aligning:

Signal Generator which will provide an accurately calibrated signal at the test frequencies as listed.

Output Indicating Meter: Non-Metallic Screw-driver.

Dummy Antennas—.1 mf., 50 mmf.

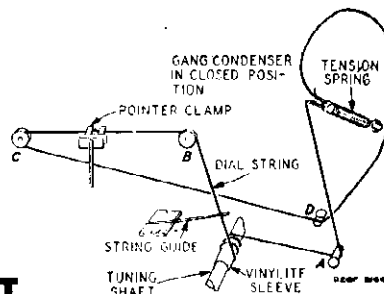


SIGNAL GENERATOR				GANG CONDENSER SETTING	ADJUST TRIMMERS TO MAXIMUM (See Trimmer Illustration)
FREQUENCY SETTING	ANTENNA CONNECTION	GROUND CONNECTION	DUMMY ANTENNA		
455 KC	Control Grid - 12SK7—1.F.	Point "X" 12SK7—1.F. Prong No. 3	.1 mf.	Turn Rotor to Full Open	2nd I.F. (C7) & (C8)
455 KC	Control Grid 12SA7—1st Det.	Same As Above	.1 mf.	Turn Rotor to Full Open	1st I.F. (C5) & (C6)
1620 KC	Control Grid 12SA7—1st Det.	Same As Above	.1 mf.	Turn Rotor to Full Open	Oscillator (C4)
1400 KC	External Antenna Clip on Loop	Chassis	50 mmf.	Turn Dial to 1400 KC	Antenna (C-19)

DRIVE CORD REPLACEMENT

Turn the large drive pulley to the maximum counterclockwise position. Use a new 57 inch drive cord, tie one end to the tension spring and fasten the other end of the spring to the drive pulley. Install the cord as shown

in the illustration. Wind 2 3/4 turns counterclockwise around the tuning shaft with the turns progressing away from the chassis. After string is installed, stretch the tension spring and tie free end of cord to spring. Cut off excess string.



REPLACEMENT PARTS LIST

NOTICE: There is a power rating label on the chassis. This label specifies the power supply on which the radio may be used, and identifies the radio as to chassis, dial and issue letter. When ordering parts or writing, give ALL information appearing on this label.

MISCELLANEOUS

- 12A436 5" P.M. Speaker
- Cone and voice coil assembly (specify part number and letters stamped on speaker)
- 3A303 Tube socket octal (8 Prong) moulded
- 3A304 Phono socket
- 3A304 Phono motor socket
- 10A297 Knob (Radio-Phono)
- 10A384 Knob (Radio-Phono)
- 2A358 Radio-Phono switch
- 13X328 Line cord and plug assembly

TRANSFORMERS AND COILS

- 25A413 T-1 "B" Range Loop Antenna Assembly
- 9A1805 T-2 Oscillator Coil Assembly
- 9A1808 T-3 1st I-F Transformer and Can Assembly
- 9A1809 T-4 2nd I-F Transformer and Can Assembly
- 51X123 T-5 Output Transformer

CAPACITORS

- D67102 C-1 .001 mf 400 V Tubular
- 26A402 C-2A, C-2B Gang Capacitor assembly

- 47X446 C-3 .47 mmf Moulded
- C-4 Part of C-2 (Gang Capacitor)
- C-5, C-6 Part of T-3 (1st I-F Transformer)
- D-7, C-8 Part of T-4 (2nd I-F Transformer)
- 47X112 C-9A, C-9B 50 mmf Dual Mica
- B66903 C-10 .08 mf 200 V Tubular
- B66103 C-11, C-13, C-14 .01 mf 200 V Tubular
- 47X486 C-12 220 mmf Moulded
- B67204 C-15 .20 mf 200 V Tubular
- D67104 C-16 .10 mf 400 V Tubular
- 45X341 C-17A 50 mf 150 V Dry Electrolytic
- B66503 C-17B 50 mf 150 V Dry Electrolytic
- C-18 .05 mf 200 V Tubular
- 17A123 C-19 1.0-12 mmf Trimmer

RESISTORS

- B84393 R-1 39K 0.5 Carbon
- B85223 R-2 2.2 meg 0.5 Carbon
- B85473 R-3 37K 0.5 Carbon
- 36X352 R-4 500K Volume control and switch
- B85685 R-5 6.8 meg 0.5 Carbon
- B84474 R-6 470K 0.5 Carbon
- B85474 R-7 470K 0.5 Carbon
- B83151 R-8 150 0.5 Carbon
- B85224 R-9 220K 0.5 Carbon
- B84270 R-10 27 0.5 Carbon
- C85152 R-11 1500 1.0 Carbon
- B85105 R-12 1 meg 0.5 Carbon

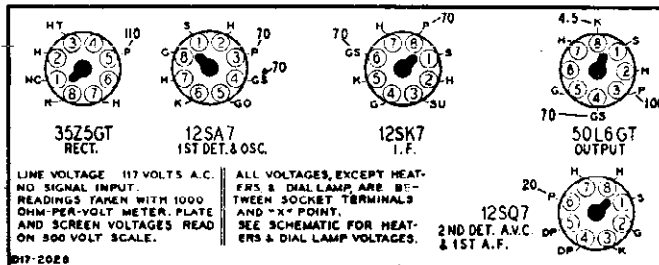
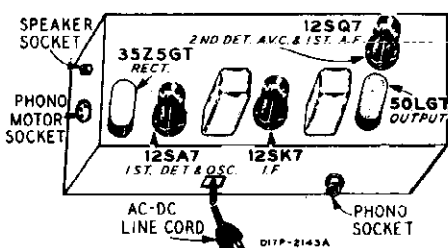
DIAL AND DRIVE ASSEMBLY

- 26A399 Dial Bracket Assembly Complete with Dial Background, Diffuser, Dial Clamps, Idler Pulleys and Spacers
- 5X21 Rubber Grommet Mounting gang
- 20X329 Cond. Cushion Stud capacitor

- 58X609 Dial
- 26X482 Drive Shaft
- 19X192 "C" Washer (For Drive Shaft)
- 19X62 Flat Washer (For Drive Shaft)
- 7A197 Pilot Light Socket Assembly No. 47 Pilot Light 57" Drive Cord (18 lb. test)
- 15X150 Pointer
- 28X95 Drive Cord Tension spring

TYPE G-28A115 AUTOMATIC RECORD CHANGER PARTS

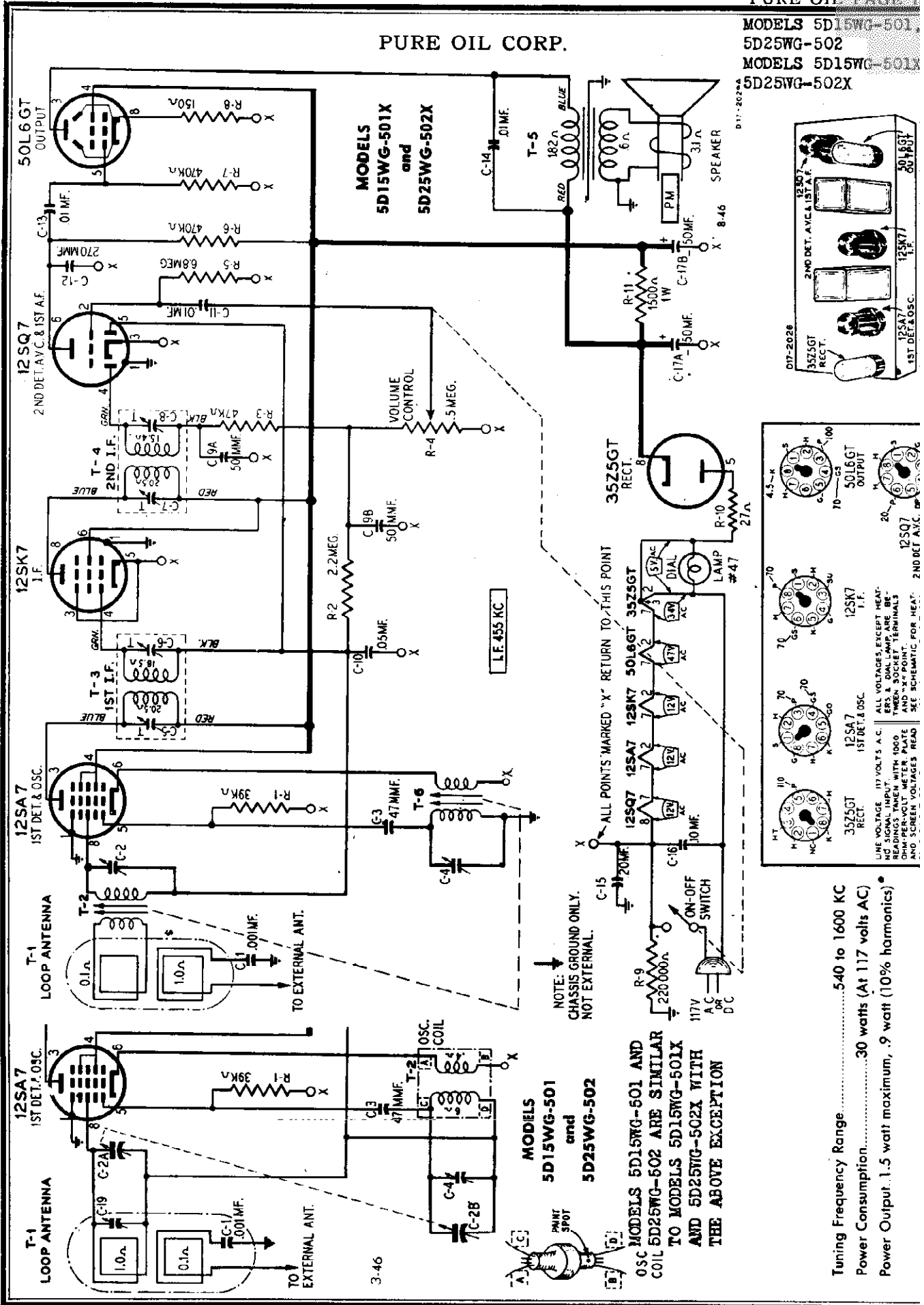
- G-30A71506 Bearing Assembly
- G-19A71535 Spindle Assembly
- G-58-71435 Single Button Control Switch
- G-26-70545 Drive Wheel
- G-33-A71196 Flexible Coupling Spring Assembly
- G-65-70566 Feed Cam Roller
- G-12-71406 Lift Pin
- G-33-71405 Counter Balance Spring
- G-33-71388 Finger Spring
- G-33-70582 Mounting Spring
- G-33-71316 Stop Lever Spring
- G-33-71173 Trip Lever Spring
- G-33-71205 Pull-in Spring
- G-33-71438 Trip Bar Spring
- G-33-71341 Record Feed Spring
- G-33-71342 Carrier Lever Spring
- G-59-71494 Index Spring
- G-66A71507 Turntable
- G-56-72092 Motor
- Pickup Arm Assembly (G.I. Model 205)
- Astatic L-75 Pickup Cartridge
- G-55-72021 Record Stabilizer Finger Needle, Permo No. 100



LINE VOLTAGE 117 VOLTS A.C. NO SIGNAL INPUT. READINGS TAKEN WITH 1000 OHM PER-VOLT METER. PLATE AND SCREEN VOLTAGES READ ON 500 VOLT SCALE. ALL VOLTAGES, EXCEPT HEATERS & DIAL LAMP, ARE BETWEEN SOCKET TERMINALS AND "X" POINT. SEE SCHEMATIC FOR HEATERS & DIAL LAMP VOLTAGES.

PURE OIL CORP.

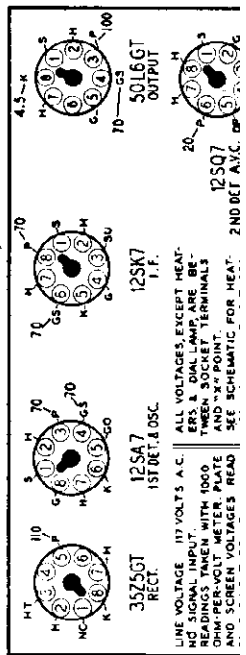
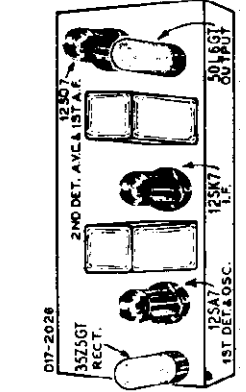
MODELS 5D15WG-501,
5D25WG-502
MODELS 5D15WG-501X
5D25WG-502X



MODELS
5D15WG-501X
and
5D25WG-502X

MODELS
5D15WG-501
and
5D25WG-502

OSC COIL 50L6GT
TO MODELS 5D15WG-501
AND 5D25WG-502 WITH
THE ABOVE EXCEPTION



NOTE: CHASSIS GROUND ONLY.
NOT EXTERNAL.

- Tuning Frequency Range.....540 to 1600 KC
- Power Consumption.....30 watts (At 117 volts AC)
- Power Output...1.5 watt maximum, .9 watt (10% harmonics)*

MODELS 5D15WG-501,
5D25WG-502

PURE OIL CORP.

PARTS LIST

26A404	T-1	"B" Range Loop Antenna Assembly (for walnut cabinet)
9A1805	T-2	Oscillator Coil Assembly
9A1808	T-3	1st I-F Call Assembly
9A1809	T-4	2nd I-F Call Assembly
51X123	T-5	Output Transformer

CAPACITORS		
D67102	C-1	.001 mf 400 V Tubular
26A402	C-2A	Gang Capacitor Assembly with Drive Pulley
47X446	C-3	47 mmf Moulded
C-4	C-4	Part of C-2 (Gang Capacitor)
C-5	C-5	Part of T-3 (1st I-F Transformer)
C-6	C-6	Part of T-4 (2nd I-F Transformer)
C-7	C-7	500 pf 500 V Moulded
C-8	C-8	500 pf 500 V Moulded
C-9A	C-9A	.015 mf 200 V Tubular
C-9B	C-9B	.015 mf 200 V Tubular
47X112	C-10	470,000 ohms 0.5 watt Carbon
B66103	C-11	680,000 ohms 0.5 watt Carbon
47X468	C-12	470,000 ohms 0.5 watt Carbon
B67204	C-13	220,000 ohms 0.5 watt Carbon
D67104	C-14	220,000 ohms 0.5 watt Carbon
C-15	C-15	200 V Tubular
C-16	C-16	400 V Tubular
C-17A	C-17A	150 V Dry Electrolytic
C-17B	C-17B	50 mf 150 V Tubular
B66503	C-18	.05 mf 200 V Trimmer
17A123	C-19	1.0-12 mmf Trimmer

RESISTORS		
B84393	R-1	39,000 ohms 0.5 watt Carbon
B85225	R-2	2.2 meg. 0.5 watt Carbon
B85473	R-3	47,000 ohms 0.5 watt Carbon
36X352	R-4	500,000 ohms Volume control and antenna
B85685	R-5	6.8 meg. 0.5 watt Carbon
B84474	R-6	470,000 ohms 0.5 watt Carbon
B83474	R-7	470,000 ohms 0.5 watt Carbon
B83151	R-8	150 ohms 0.5 watt Carbon
B85224	R-9	150 ohms 0.5 watt Carbon
B84720	R-10	27,000 ohms 0.5 watt Carbon
C8512	R-11	1500 ohms 1.0 watt Carbon

DIAL AND DRIVE ASSEMBLY

26A401	Pointer Bracket Assembly complete with light diffuser holder, string guide and lidler pulleys
41X74	Dial light diffuser
16X223	Pointer
6X21	Rubber Grommet
26X326	Conc. Cushion Stud
26X462	Drive shaft (1.8 in. dia)
16X162	Drive cord (1.8 in. dia)
26X35	Drive cord spring
7A194	Pilot light socket assembly
48X640	Mt. 47 Pilot light
30X508	Dial
30X508	Dial clamp (upper)
30X508	Dial clamp (lower)

MISCELLANEOUS

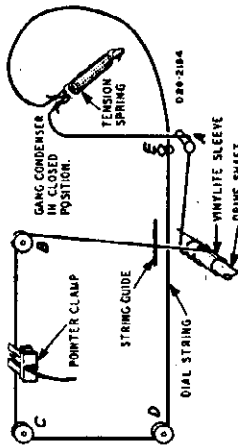
12A432	5" P.M. speaker
3A303	Conc. wedge cell assembly (specify part number as used on speaker)
10A300	Tube socket octal (8 prong) moulded
6A287	Knob (ivory)
52X255	Knob (walnut)
52X257	Cabinet (ivory)
26X232	Cabinet (walnut)
14X335	Snaps buttons (mounting loop to chassis)
14X335	6 "x 6" knobs (mounting loop to cabinet)
14X335	Grille metal (stotted hex head P.K. Type)
14X335	Grille cloth No. 428 Egg Shell (for ivory cab)
14X335	Grille cloth No. 418 Brown (for walnut cab)
19X328	Line cord and plug assembly
26A403	T-1 "B" Range Loop Antenna Assembly (for ivory cabinet)

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

Check dial pointer position, see DIAL CALIBRATION paragraph.
Signal Generator which will provide an accurately calibrated signal at the test frequencies as listed.
Volume Control—Maximum All Adjustments.
Output Indicating Meter: Non-Metallic Screw-driver.
The equipment in column at right is required for aligning:

FREQUENCY SETTING	SIGNAL GENERATOR ANTENNA CONNECTION	GROUND CONNECTION	DUMMY ANTENNA	GANG CONDENSER SETTING	ADJUST TRIMMERS TO MAXIMUM
455 KC	Control Grid 12SK7-I.F. Prong No. 4	Point "X" 12SK7-I.F. Prong No. 3	Turn Rotor to full open	2nd I.F. (C7) & (C8)	(See Trimmer Illustration)
455 KC	Control Grid 12SA7-1st Det. Prong No. 8	Same As Above	Turn Rotor to full open	1st I.F. (C5) & (C6)	
1620 KC	Control Grid 12SA7-2nd Det. Prong No. 8	Same As Above	Turn Rotor to full open	Oscillator (C4)	
1400 KC	External Antenna Clip On Loop	Chassis	Turn Rotor to maximum output See Note A	Antenna (C-10)	

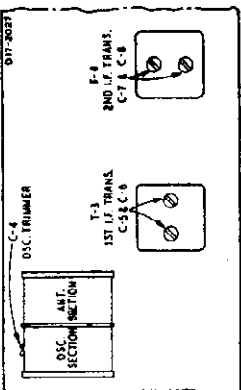
stalled, stretch the tension spring and tie free end of cord to spring. Cut off excess string.



DRIVE CORD REPLACEMENT

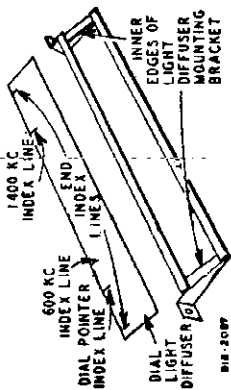
Turn the large drive pulley to the maximum counterclockwise position. Use a new 53 inch drive cord, tie one end to the tension spring and fasten the other end of the spring to the drive pulley. Install the cord as shown in the illustration. Wind 2 1/2 turns counterclockwise around the tuning shaft with the turns progressing away from the chassis. After string is in-

NOTICE: There is a power rating label on the chassis. This label specifies the power supply on which the radio may be used, and identifies the ordering parts or writing, give ALL information appearing on this label.



Note A—Set dial pointer to 1400 KC Index line on dial light diffuser.

DIAL CALIBRATION



In order to align the receiver, the dial pointer must be positioned on the dial string correctly with reference to the dial. Index lines are provided on the dial light diffuser for this purpose.

Before aligning the receiver (or when replacing the dial light diffuser) check the position of the diffuser strip, making certain that the two extreme index lines are aligned with the inner edges of the diffuser mounting bracket opening. The bracket should be crimped to prevent movement of the diffuser strip. To position

- Selectivity..... 55 KC Broad at 1000 Times Signal
- Intermediate Frequency..... 455 KC
- Speaker..... 5" PM Dynamic
- Sensitivity (for .05 watt output)..... 25 microvolts average

PURE OIL CORP.

PARTS LIST

Table listing various parts including transformers, coils, capacitors, resistors, and miscellaneous components with their respective part numbers and descriptions.

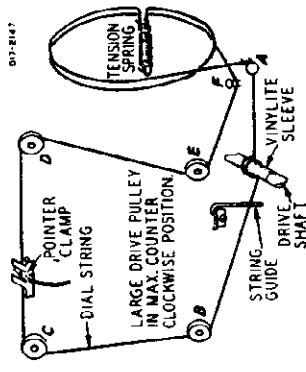
ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

Check dial pointer position, see DIAL CALIBRATION paragraph. Signal Generator which will provide an accurately calibrated signal at the test frequencies as listed.

Table detailing alignment steps for different frequencies (455 KC, 1610 KC, 1810 KC) and antenna connections, including dummy antenna settings and trimmer adjustments.

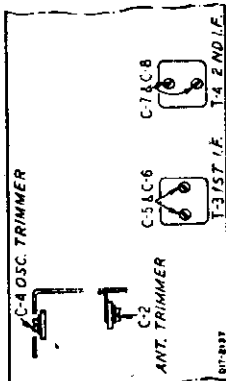
TUNING ASSEMBLY SERVICE

Exact requirements in the tuning assembly make it impractical to replace the drive cord, coils and components in this assembly other than the trimmer condensers.

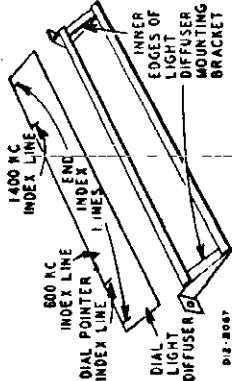


DRIVE CORD REPLACEMENT

Turn the large drive pulley to the maximum counterclockwise position. Use a new 53 inch drive cord, tie one end to the tension spring and fasten the other end of the spring to the drive pulley.



DIAL CALIBRATION



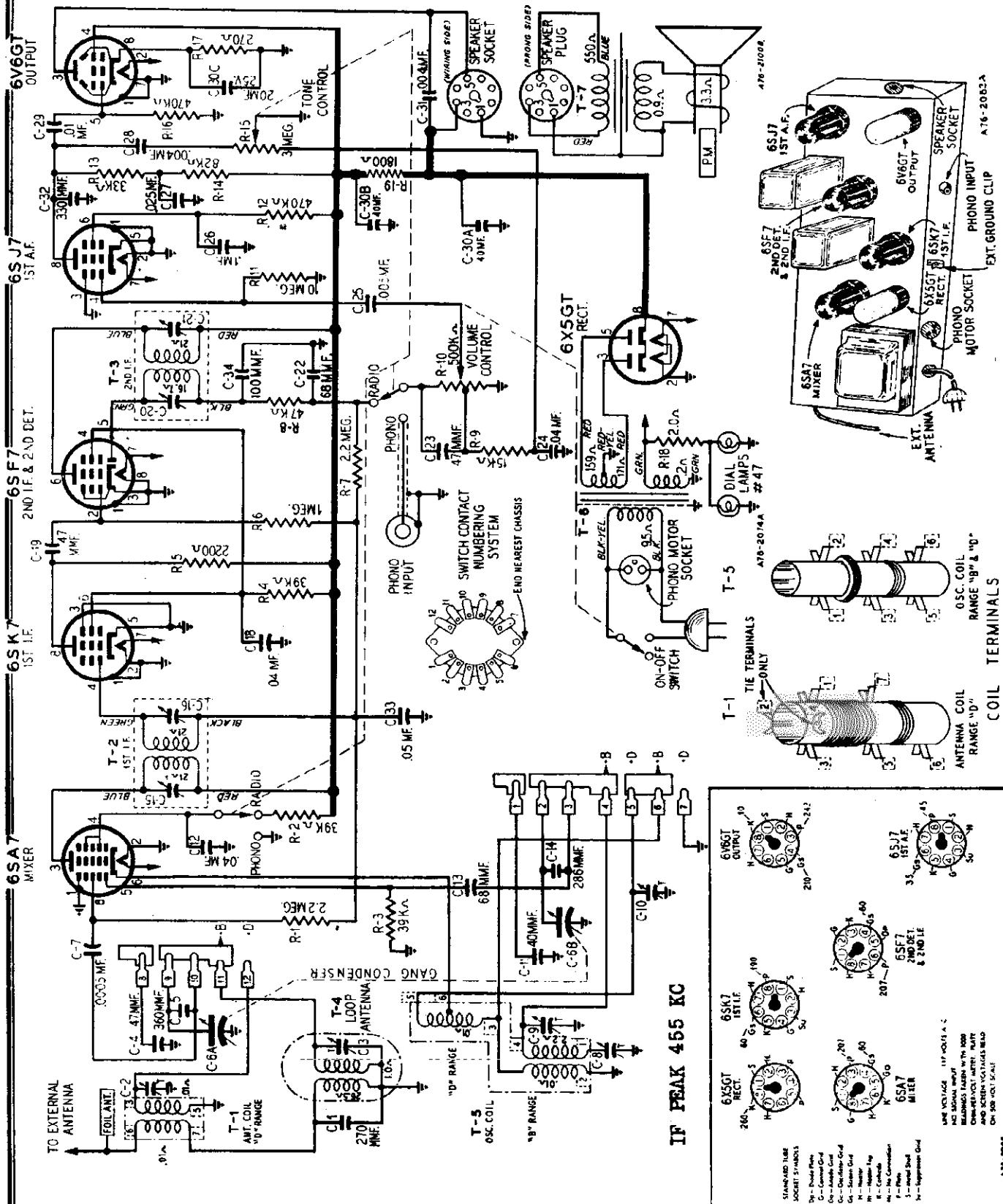
In order to align the receiver, the dial pointer must be positioned on the dial string correctly with reference to the dial. Index lines are provided on the dial light diffuser for this purpose.

Before aligning the receiver (or when replacing the dial light diffuser) check the position of the diffuser strip, making certain that the two extreme index lines are aligned with the inner edges of the diffuser mounting bracket opening.

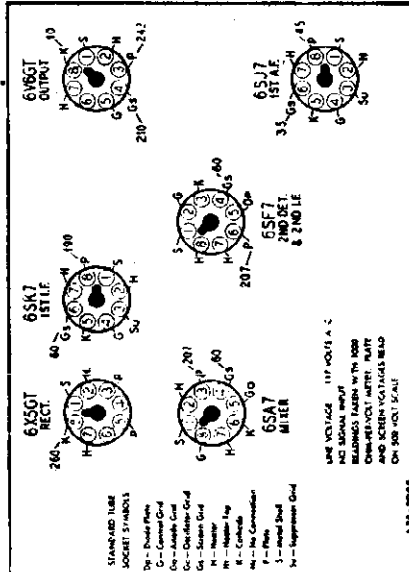
- Selectivity.....59 KC Broad at 1000 Times Signal
Intermediate Frequency.....455 KC
Speaker.....5" PM Dynamic
Sensitivity (for .05 watt output)......560 microvolts per meter average

NOTICE: There is a power rating label on the chassis. This label specifies the power supply on which the radio may be used, and identifies the radio as to chassis, dial and issue letter. When ordering parts or writing, give ALL information connection on this label.

PURE OIL CORP.



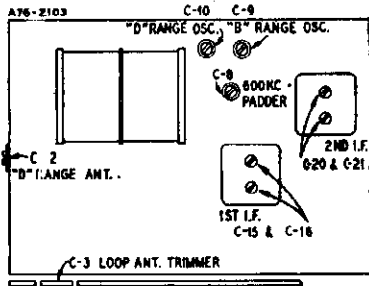
IF PEAK 455 KC



A76-2082A

SPECIFICATIONS

Speaker.....6" PM Dynamic
 Intermediate Frequency.....455 KC
 Selectivity.....40 KC Broad at 1000 Times Signal
 Sensitivity (For 0.5 Watt Output, with External Antenna)
 B Range.....9 Microvolts Av.
 D Range.....20 Microvolts Av.
 Power Consumption (at 117 Volts AC).....40 Watts (normal)
 Power Output.....4 Watts Maximum
 2.3 Watts, 10% Harmonics
 Tuning Frequency Range
 B Range.....540-1600 Kilocycles
 D Range.....9-15.5 Megacycles



DRIVE CORD REPLACEMENT

The drive cord may be replaced as shown in the accompanying illustration.

For this purpose use a 58" piece of cord. After installing the cord, stretch the tension spring before fastening the free end of the string.

REPLACEMENT PARTS LIST

NOTICE: There is a power rating label on the chassis. This label specifies the power supply on which the radio may be used, and identifies the radio as to chassis, dial and issue letter. When ordering parts or writing, give ALL information appearing on this label.

MISCELLANEOUS

- 12A442 6" P.M. Speaker Complete with Output Transformer
- Cone and Voice Coil Assembly (Specify part number and letters stamped on speaker)
- Output Transformer (Specify part number and letters stamped on speaker)
- 3A303 Tube Socket—Octal (8 prong) Moulded
- 3A304 Phone Motor Socket
- 3A305 Phone Socket—Single Pin Tip
- 2A346 Band Change Switch
- 13X328 Line Cord and Plug Assembly
- 28X292 Snap Button (Mtg. top to cabinet)
- 10A574 Knob (Tuning)
- 10A579 Knob (Volume)
- 10A581 Knob (Tone-R.P.)
- 10A580 Knob (SW-BC)
- 9A1832 Counterpoise Antenna

TRANSFORMERS AND COILS

- 9A1812 T-1 "D" Range Antenna Coil Assembly, M
- 9A1814 T-2 1st I-F. Coil Assembly
- 9A1815 T-3 2nd I-F. Coil Assembly
- 9A1821 T-4 "B" Range Loop Antenna
- 9A1813 T-5 "B" Range and "D" Range Oscillator Coil Assembly
- 53X282 T-6 117 Volt, 60 Cycle, Standard Power Transformer
- 53X283 T-6 117 Volt, 25 Cycle, Standard Power Transformer

- 53X284 T-8 117-234 Volt, 40-60 Cycle, Universal Power Transformer
- T-7 Output Transformer (See Miscellaneous)

CAPACITORS

- 47X445 C-1 270 mmf Moulded
- 17A184 C-2 5-90 mmf Trimmer
- 17A123 C-3 1.0-12 mmf Trimmer
- 47X473 C-3 47 mmf Silvered Mica
- 47X474 C-3 360 mmf Silvered Mica
- 14A184 C-5A, C-5B Gang Capacitor with Drive Pulley
- B66501 C-7 .0005 mf 200 V Tubular
- 17A185 C-8 350-430 mmf Trimmer
- 17A108 C-9, C-10 2.5-33 mmf Dual Trimmer
- 47X472 C-11 40 mmf Silvered Mica
- D66403 C-12, C-13 .04 mf 400 V Tubular
- 47X466 C-13 68 mmf Moulded
- 47X481 C-14 286 mmf Silvered Mica
- 47X483 C-15, C-16 Part of T-2 (1st I-F. Coil Assembly)
- 47X483 C-18, C-23 47 mmf Moulded
- C-20, C-21 Part of T-3 (2nd I-F. Coil Assembly)
- 47X471 C-22 68 mmf Moulded
- D64403 C-24 .04 mf 400 V Tubular
- D66902 C-25 .005 mf 400 V Tubular
- D66104 C-26 .10 mf 400 V Tubular
- D64253 C-27 .025 mf 400 V Tubular
- D66402 C-28, C-31 .004 mf 400 V Tubular
- D66103 C-29 .01 mf 400 V Tubular
- 45X348 C-30A 40 mf 450 V (3 Section Electrolytic)
- C-30B 40 mf 450 V
- C-30C 20 mf 25 V
- 47X470 C-32 330 mmf Moulded
- D66603 C-33 .05 mf 200 V Tubular
- 47X476 C-34 100 mmf Moulded

RESISTORS

- R66225 R-1, R-7 2.2 meg. 0.5 Carbon
- C64283 R-2, R-4 39 K 1.0 Carbon
- B64983 R-3 39 K 0.5 Carbon
- B64222 R-5 2200 0.5 Carbon

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

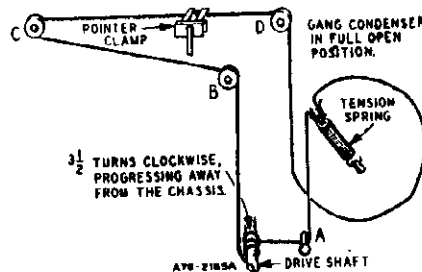
Volume Control—Maximum All Adjustments.
 Connect Radio Chassis to Ground Post of Signal Generator with a Short Heavy Lead.
 Allow Chassis and Signal Generator to "Heat Up" for several minutes.

The following equipment is required for aligning:
 An All Wave Signal Generator which will provide an accurately calibrated signal at the test frequencies as listed.
 Output indicating Meter—Non Metallic Screw-driver.
 Dummy Antennas—.1 mf., 100 mmf., and 400 ohms.

	SIGNAL GENERATOR FREQUENCY SETTING	CONNECTION AT RADIO	DUMMY ANTENNA	RANGE SWITCH SETTING	CONDENSER SETTING	ADJUST TRIMMERS TO MAXIMUM
	455 KC	Grid of 6SA7 Pin 8	.1 mf.	B Range	Turn Rotor to Full Open	2nd I.F. (C20) & (C21) 1st I.F. (C15) & (C16)
RANGE B	1020 KC	Antenna Lead	100 mmf.	B Range	Turn Rotor to Full Open	Oscillator Range B (C8)
	1400 KC	Antenna Lead	100 mmf.	B Range	Turn Rotor to Max. Output	Ant. Range B (C3)
	600 KC	Antenna Lead	100 mmf.	B Range	Turn Rotor to Max. Output	Oscillator (C4) Rotor Rotor—See Note E
Repeat above steps at 1620 and 600 KC until readjusting the oscillator Range B Trimmer (C8) e-uses no further improvement of output.						
RANGE D	18,600 KC	Antenna Lead	400 Ohm	D Range	Turn Rotor to Full Open	Oscillator Range D (C18)
	14,000 KC	Antenna Lead	400 Ohm	D Range	Turn Rotor to Max. Output	Ant. Range D (C2) Rotor Rotor—See Note B
LOOP RANGE B	1400 KC	Antenna Lead	100 mmf.	B Range	Turn Rotor to Max. Output	Ant. Range B (C3)

NOTE A—Set pointer at the 1400 KC mark on the dial scale. Attach pointer to drive cord.

NOTE B—Turn Rotor back and forth and adjust the trimmer until the peak of greatest intensity is obtained.



1/2 TURNS CLOCKWISE, PROGRESSING AWAY FROM THE CHASSIS.

- C35105 R-6 1 meg. 0.5 Carbon
- B63423 R-8 47 K 0.5 Carbon
- B64153 R-9 15 K 0.5 Carbon
- 36X354 R-10 500 K Volume Control and line switch
- 825106 R-11 10 meg. 0.5 Carbon
- B6474 R-12, R-16 470 K 0.5 Carbon
- B61333 R-13 33 K 0.5 Carbon
- B64823 R-14 82 K 0.5 Carbon
- *40X275 R-15 3.0 meg. Tone control and Radio Phono Switch
- G64271 R-17 270 1.0 Carbon
- 43X213 R-18 2.0 0.5 Wire Wound
- D64182 R-19 1000 2.0 Carbon

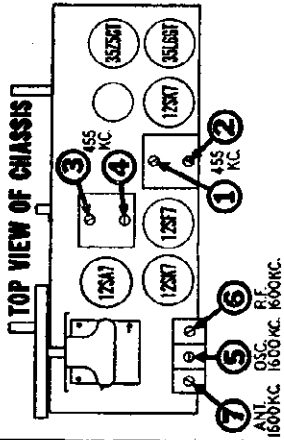
DIAL AND DRIVE ASSEMBLY

- 26A410 Dial Bracket Assembly Complete with Dial, Background and Spacers
- 6X21 Rubber Grommet
- 26X329 Case Cushion Stud
- 26X470 Drive Shaft
- 19X192 "C" Washer (For Drive Shaft)
- 15X230 Pointer
- 38" Drive Cord (18 lb. test)
- 28X113 Drive Cord Tension Spring
- 7A203 Hot Light Socket Assembly No. 47 Pilot Light

SUBSTITUTE REPLACEMENT PARTS

These are used on some receivers only. Check part number on part before ordering.
 *40X280 Tone Control (substitute for 40X275)
 *25X1830 Radio-Phone Switch Lever (when 40X280 is used)
 *2A161 D.P.D.T. Switch (when 40X280 is used)
 †12A440 6" P.M. Speaker Complete with Output Transformer

PURE OIL CORP.



AUDIO OSCILLATION

The audio system of this receiver utilizes a two stage type of inverse feedback arrangement and, should it ever be necessary to replace the speaker or output transformer, it is important to maintain a definite phase relationship in the feedback circuit. If the connections to the output transformer are reversed or if the feedback connection is made to the wrong side of the output transformer secondary, the system will become regenerative instead of degenerative. Under these conditions audio oscillation may result. If that occurs, oscillation may be prevented by reversing the connections to the secondary of the output transformer.

DUMMY ANT. IN SERIES WITH SIGNAL GENERATOR	CONNECT HIGH SIDE OF GENERATOR TO	SIGNAL GENERATOR FREQUENCY	RECEIVER DIAL SETTING	TRIMMER NUMBER	TRIMMER DESCRIPTION	TYPE OF ADJUSTMENT
.1 MFD. Condenser	Ungrounded terminal of trimmer No. 6 (see Fig. 2 below for location of trimmer.)	455 KC	Any point where it does not affect the signal.	1-2 3-4	2nd I.F. 1st I.F.	Adjust for maximum output. Then repeat adjustment.
300 MMFD. Mica Condenser	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	1600 KC	1600 KC	5	Broadcast Oscillator (Shunt)	Adjust for maximum output.
300 MMFD. Mica Condenser	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	1600 KC	Tune to 1600 KC generator signal	6	Broadcast R.F.	Adjust for maximum output.
300 MMFD. Mica Condenser	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	1400 KC	Tune to 1400 KC generator signal	7	Broadcast Antenna	Adjust for maximum output.
300 MMFD. Mica Condenser	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	1600 KC	Tune to 1600 KC generator signal	Ant. coil tuning slug R.F. coil tuning slug		Adjust position of slug for maximum output. Adjust position of slug for maximum output.
				6	Broadcast R.F.	Recheck adjustment for maximum output.
				7	Broadcast Antenna	Recheck adjustment for maximum output.

Apply a coating of speaker cement at top of each tuning core stem to prevent movement.

1. Remove chassis and loop from cabinet. Solder approximately 8" of insulated wire to any B-connection (see voltage chart on opposite side of convenient B-connection). Then reinstall chassis and loop in cabinet. The B-lead should extend from under the chassis at the back.
2. Connect ground lead of signal generator to B-lead.
3. Connect output meter across the speaker voice coil (terminals at back of speaker.)
4. Turn the tuning control knob clockwise as far as it will go (tuner mechanism is now in maximum open position with tuning slugs almost completely withdrawn from coils). Dial pointer should then point to 1600 Kc mark on scale. If it is set incorrectly, release pointer clip on dial cord and reposition pointer.
5. Set volume control at maximum volume position and use a weak signal from the signal generator.

PURE OIL CORP.

PARTS LIST

DIA-GRAM NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	LIST PRICE	DIA-GRAM NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	LIST PRICE
CONDENSERS							
3-A, B, C	504086	Condenser—trimmer assembly	\$1.10	14	502102	Transformer—1st I.F.	\$2.30
		A—20 to 270 Mmfd.		17	502103	Transformer—2nd I.F.	2.30
		B—40 to 370 Mmfd.			502213	Transformer—output (for R-502998 spkr.)	2.50
		C—40 to 370 Mmfd.		37	502804	Transformer—output (for A-502998 spkr.)	2.50
6	502271	Condenser—mica 260 Mmfd. 500 volt.	.30		504244	Transformer—output (for W-502998 spkr.)	2.50
7	502185	Condenser—mica 1,000 Mmfd. 500 volt.	.45	OTHER ELECTRICAL PARTS			
10	502159	Condenser—mica 50 Mmfd. 500 volt.	.24	24	500548	Switch—tone control	.84
11	502155	Condenser—.1 Mfd. 200 volt.	.30	34	502473	Lamp—dial (Mazda 47) 8-8V. 150 Ma.	.22
12	502158	Condenser—.2 Mfd. 400 volt.	.36		502214	Cone & voice coil for R-502998 spkr.	2.00
20	502453	Condenser—.002 Mfd. 400 volt.	.20	41	502903	Cone & voice coil for A-502998 spkr.	2.00
21	502160	Condenser—mica 110 Mmfd. 500 volt.	.24		504245	Cone & voice coil for W-502998 spkr.	2.00
23	502470	Condenser—.0008 Mfd. 400 volt.	.20	42	502998	Speaker—P.M. dynamic (5 inch)	5.60
27	502160	Condenser—mica 110 Mmfd. 500 volt.	.24	MISCELLANEOUS PARTS			
28	502153	Condenser—.05 Mfd. 200 volt.	.24	502502	Back for cabinet	.30	
31	502158	Condenser—.004 Mfd. 400 volt.	.20	116467	Base for mtg. electrolytic condenser	.04	
35	502151	Condenser—.01 Mfd. 400 volt.	.20	502478	Cabinet—ivory (Model 506)	5.00	
36-A, B, C	500258	Condenser—electrolytic	1.50	502477	Cabinet—mahogany (Model 507)	4.60	
		A—40 Mfd. 150 volt		502506	Clamp—dial scale mtg.	.04	
		B—20 Mfd. 150 volt		500497	Clip—retainer for cabinet back	.02	
40	502152	Condenser—.02 Mfd. 400 volt.	.24	114955	Clip—retainer on end of dial cord	.01	
43	502157	Condenser—.05 Mfd. 400 volt.	.24	116563	Connector—for antenna leads	.01	
RESISTORS							
4	502140	Resistor—carbon 390 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12	117037	Cord—dial drive (55 in. required), per ft.	.05	
5	502281	Resistor—carbon 4700 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12	500324	Cover—cardboard, for elect. cond.	.04	
9	502134	Resistor—carbon 470,000 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12	504147	Dial scale—glass	1.40	
9	502130	Resistor—carbon 22,000 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12	501186	Grounding plate (under I.F. trans. can)	.10	
13	502133	Resistor—carbon 220,000 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12	502564	Knob—ivory (Model 506)	.08	
15	502264	Resistor—carbon 47 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12	502583	Knob—mahogany (Model 507)	.08	
16	502269	Resistor—carbon 3.3 Meg. 1/4 watt.	.12	502367	Pointer	.16	
18	502131	Resistor—carbon 47,000 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12	91145	Retaining ring for tuning shaft	.01	
19-A, B, C	502145	Volume control 500,000 ohms (with switch)	1.25	119087	Ring for dial cord	.01	
22	502138	Resistor—carbon 10 Meg. 1/4 watt.	.12	85078	Rubber grommet; Ant. & R.F. coil mtg.	.03	
25	502128	Resistor—carbon 2200 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12	504045	Rubber grommet; Osc. coil mtg.	.04	
26	502135	Resistor—carbon 2.2 Meg. 1/4 watt.	.12	17063	Screw—No. 6 x 1/4	.01	
29, 30	502133	Resistor—carbon 220,000 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12	114628	Screw—No. 8 x 1/2 chassis mtg.	.01	
32	502134	Resistor—carbon 470,000 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12	502173	Shaft—tuning control	.15	
33	502138	Resistor—carbon 130 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12	116690	Socket—octal base	.12	
38	502489	Resistor—carbon 1500 ohms 1 watt.	.16	180392	Socket—octal (rectifier)	.16	
39	502574	Resistor—carbon 33 ohms 1/2 watt.	.12	500499	Socket—dial lamp (with leads)	.44	
COILS & TRANSFORMERS							
1	502248	Loop antenna	2.90	504012	Spring for tuning slug drive cord	.05	
2-A, B, C	504096	Tuning unit; complete assembly	10.80	181384	Spring—dial cord tension	.06	
2-A	504210	Coil—antenna (less slug)	1.20	111458	Washer—spring washer for tuning shaft	.005	
2-B	504214	Coil—R.F. (less slug)	.85				
2-C	504212	Coil—oscillator (less slug)	1.05				
	504211	Slug core for Ant. coil (yellow end)	.45				
	504213	Slug core for Osc. coil (white end)	.45				
	504215	Slug core for R.F. coil (purple end)	.45				

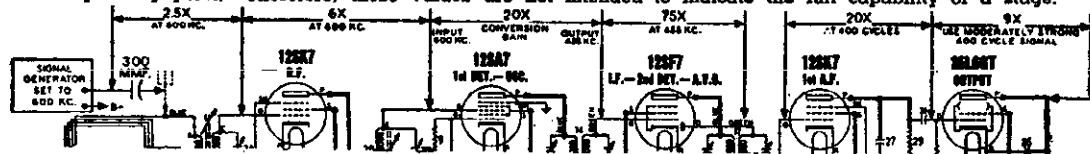
PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE

APPROXIMATE STAGE GAIN DATA

Be sure R.F. and I.F. stages are accurately aligned before measuring gain. R.F. gains can be measured with a "channel" type instrument or a tuned and calibrated R.F. amplifier. A vacuum tube voltmeter may be used for audio gain measurements. Observe following precautions:

- For all gain measurements connect signal generator as shown. Use 600 KC. signal with 400 cycle modulation (use nearby frequency if local station interferes.)
- For R.F. and I.F. measurements connect negative terminal of a 3 volt battery (two 1 1/2 volt cells in series) to A.V.C. lead and positive terminal to B—. This provides a definite operating point. **IMPORTANT:** Disconnect battery when measuring audio stage gains.
- Be sure radio is carefully tuned to generator signal (use weak signal for sharp tuning.)
- When using a "channel" type instrument carefully tune it to maximum output desired frequency before making measurements.

The R.F. and I.F. stage gains shown below are less than under normal operating conditions due to the use of 3 volts fixed bias in order to establish a definite operating point. Therefore, these values are not intended to indicate the full capability of a stage.



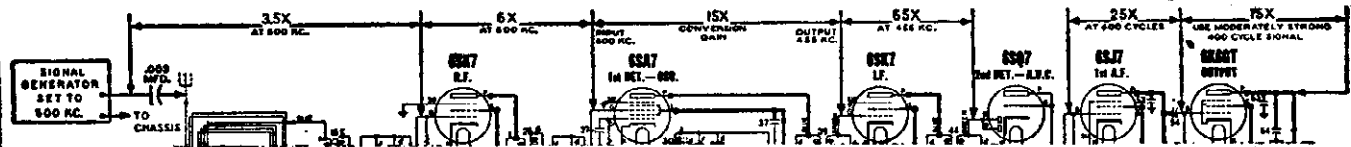
Differences in tube characteristics, tolerance of parts, adjustment of tuned circuits, and variations of line voltage will influence stage gain. Accuracy of measurements is dependent upon careful tuning of receiver to generator signal and experience in using your test equipment. These factors may create considerable variation in gain measurements.

PURE OIL CORP.

Be sure R.F. and I.F. stages are accurately aligned before measuring gain. R.F. gains can be measured with a "channel" type instrument containing a tuned and calibrated R.F. amplifier. A vacuum tube voltmeter may be used for audio gain measurements. Observe following precautions:

1. For all gain measurements connect signal generator as shown. Use 600 KC. signal with 400 cycle modulation (use nearby frequency if local station interferes.)
2. For R.F. and I.F. measurements connect negative terminal of a 3 volt battery (two 1½ volt cells in series) to A.V.C. lead and positive terminal to chassis. This provides a definite operating point. **IMPORTANT:** Disconnect battery when measuring audio stage gains.
3. Be sure radio is carefully tuned to generator signal (use weak signal for sharp tuning.)
4. When using a "channel" type instrument carefully tune it for maximum output at desired frequency before making measurements.

The R.F. and I.F. stage gains shown below are less than under normal operating conditions due to the use of 3 volts fixed bias in order to establish a definite operating point. Therefore, these values are not intended to indicate the full capability of a stage.

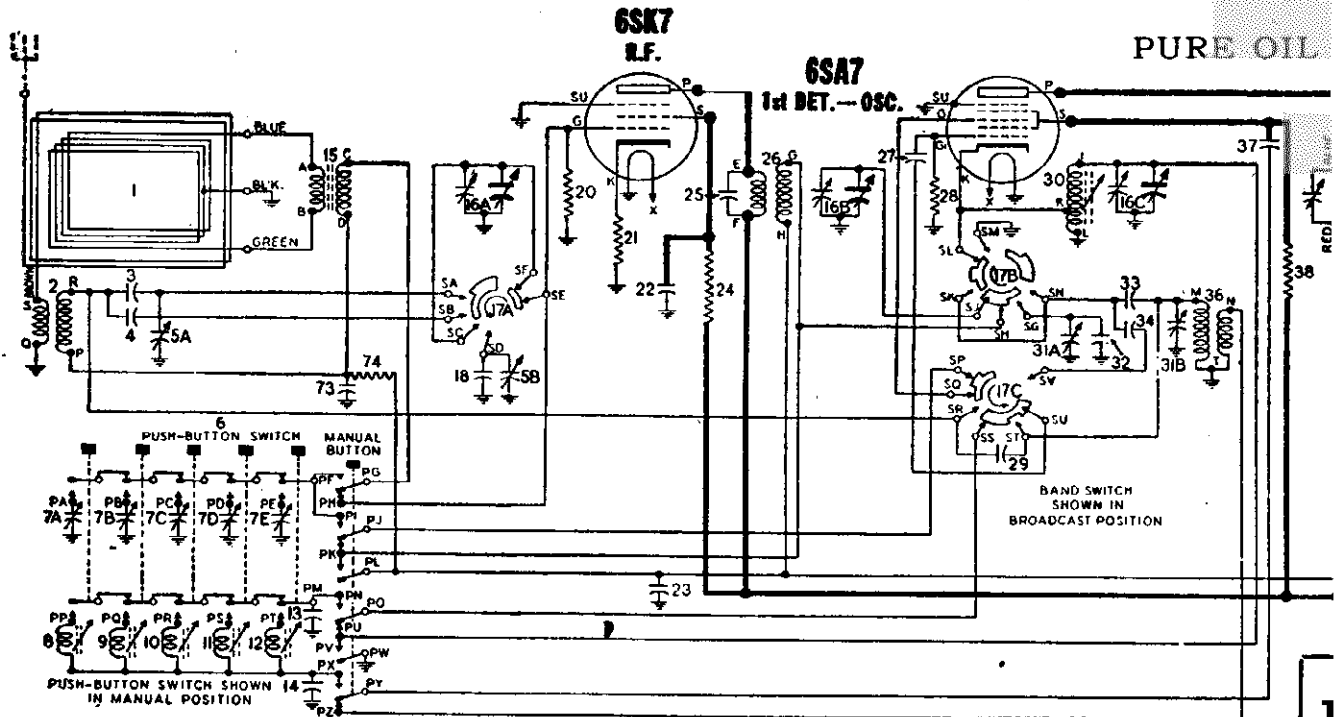


Differences in tube characteristics, tolerance of parts, adjustment of tuned circuits, and variations of line voltage will influence stage gain. Accuracy of measurements is dependent upon careful tuning of receiver to generator signal and experience in using your test equipment. These factors may create considerable variation in gain measurements.

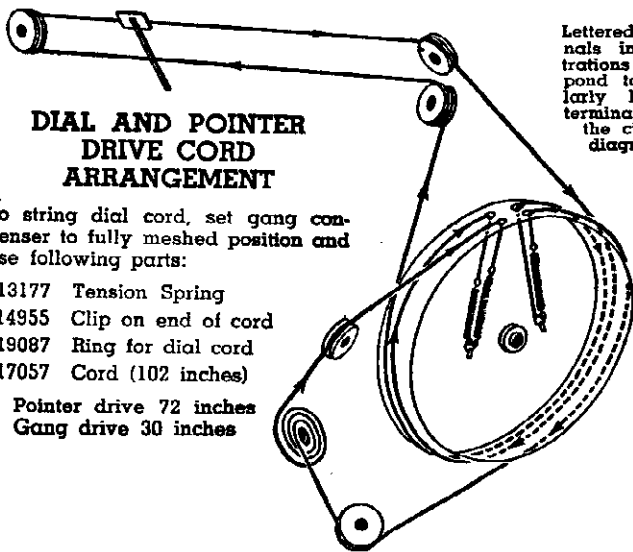
AUDIO OSCILLATION

The audio system of this receiver utilizes a two stage type of inverse feed-back arrangement and should it ever be necessary to replace the speaker or output transformer it is important to maintain a definite phase relationship in the feedback circuit. If the connections to the output transformer are reversed or if the feed-back connection is made to the wrong side of the output transformer secondary, the system will become regenerative instead of degenerative. Under those conditions audio oscillation may result. If that occurs, oscillation may be prevented by reversing the connections to the primary of the output transformer.

DIA-GRAM NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	LIST PRICE	DIA-GRAM NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	LIST PRICE
CONDENSERS							
3	502166	Condenser—ceramic 82 Mmfd. 500 volt.	\$.30	40	502125	Resistor—carbon 220 Ohms 1/4 watt.	\$.012
4	502184	Condenser—mica 670 Mmfd. 500 volt.	.70	41	502135	Resistor—carbon 2.2 Meg. 1/4 watt.	.12
5A, B	502109	Condenser—trimmer assembly Section A 2 to 15 Mmfd. Section B 10 to 40 Mmfd.	.65	43	502467	Resistor—carbon 68,000 Ohms 1/2 watt.	.12
7A to E	502910	Condenser—trimmer assem. for P-B tuner	3.00	45	502131	Resistor—carbon 47,000 Ohms 1/4 watt.	.12
13	502161	Condenser—mica 270 Mmfd. 500 volt.	.45	47A, B	502117	Volume control 500,000 ohms (with switch)	1.25
14	502165	Condenser—mica 1,000 Mmfd. 500 volt.	.45	50	502468	Resistor—carbon 4.7 Meg. 1/4 watt.	.12
16A, B, C	502122	Condenser—variable gang	6.60	51	502128	Resistor—carbon 2200 Ohms 1/4 watt.	.12
18	502182	Condenser—ceramic 39 Mmfd. 500 volt.	.40	55	502133	Resistor—carbon 220,000 Ohms 1/4 watt.	.12
22	502157	Condenser—.05 Mfd. 400 volt.	.24	57	502132	Resistor—carbon 100,000 Ohms 1/4 watt.	.12
23	502155	Condenser—.1 Mfd. 200 volt.	.30	58	502134	Resistor—carbon 470,000 Ohms 1/4 watt.	.12
25	502295	Condenser—ceramic 10 Mmfd. 500 volt.	.30	60	502135	Resistor—carbon 2.2 Meg. 1/4 watt.	.12
27	502159	Condenser—mica 50 Mmfd. 500 volt.	.24	65	502291	Resistor—carbon 4700 Ohms 1/4 watt.	.12
29	502411	Condenser—2 Mmfd. 500 volt.	.10	66	502127	Resistor—carbon 560 Ohms 1/4 watt.	.12
31A, B	502108	Condenser—trimmer assem. Section A 2 to 15 Mmfd. Section B 2 to 15 Mmfd.	.75	72	502137	Resistor—wire wound 330 Ohms 2 watt.	.25
32	502182	Condenser—ceramic 39 Mmfd. 500 volt.	.40	74	502134	Resistor—carbon 470,000 Ohms 1/4 watt.	.12
33	502167	Condenser—ceramic 68 Mmfd. 500 volt.	.40	COILS & TRANSFORMERS			
34	502183	Condenser—mica 430 Mmfd. 500 volt.	.60	1	502186	Loop antenna	3.15
37	502151	Condenser—.01 Mfd. 400 volt.	.20	2	502110	Coil—S.W. antenna	1.10
42	502157	Condenser—.05 Mfd. 400 volt.	.24	502025	Complete coil—trimmer assem. for P-B tuner	8.80	
46	502271	Condenser—mica 280 Mmfd. 500 volt.	.30	8	502907	Coil less slug (540-1000 Kc.)	1.50
48	502150	Condenser—.004 Mfd. 600 volt.	.20	9, 10	502908	Coil less slug (650-1300 Kc.)	1.50
49	502157	Condenser—.05 Mfd. 400 volt.	.24	11, 12	502909	Coil less slug (975-1600 Kc.)	1.50
53	502160	Condenser—mica 110 Mmfd. 500 volt.	.24	15	502911	Slug for coils 502907, 502908, 502909.	.25
54	502152	Condenser—.02 Mfd. 400 volt.	.24	15	501151	Clip—for mtg. push button coils.	.09
56	502410	Condenser—.1 Mfd. 400 volt.	.30	26	502112	Coil—BC. antenna	1.70
59	502405	Condenser—.25 Mfd. 400 volt.	.36	26	502113	Coil—BC. R.F.	1.85
63	502150	Condenser—.004 Mfd. 600 volt.	.20	30	502114	Coil—BC. oscillator	1.45
64	502154	Condenser—.05 Mfd. 600 volt.	.24	36	502111	Coil—S.W. oscillator	1.10
71A, B, C	502207	Condenser—Electrolytic A—20 Mfd. 25 volt B—20 Mfd. 400 volt C—10 Mfd. 400 volt	2.20	39	502102	Transformer—1st I.F.	2.30
73	502153	Condenser—.05 Mfd. 200 volt.	.24	44	502103	Transformer—2nd I.F.	2.30
RESISTORS							
20	502468	Resistor—carbon 4.7 Meg. 1/4 watt.	.12	52	502174	Transformer—power	7.50
21	502127	Resistor—carbon 560 Ohms 1/4 watt.	.12	504206	Transformer—output for M-504205 speaker	2.00	
24	502132	Resistor—carbon 100,000 Ohms 1/4 watt.	.12	504208	Transformer—output for R-504205 speaker	2.00	
28	502130	Resistor—carbon 22,000 Ohms 1/4 watt.	.12	504124	Transformer—output for D-504205 speaker	2.00	
38	502466	Resistor—carbon 33,000 Ohms 1 watt.	.16	OTHER ELECTRICAL PARTS			
MISCELLANEOUS PARTS							
502560	Background for dial.	\$.018	6	502120	Switch—push-button	4.00	
116467	Base for mtg. electrolytic condenser.	.04	17A, B, C	502119	Switch—band	2.80	
502046	Back for cabinet.	.70	51, 52	110529	Lamp—dial (Mazda 44) 6.3 V. 250 Ma.	.15	
117915	Call letter tabs for push-button.	.55	67	502118	Switch—tone control	.70	
500420	Clamp—for dial glass.	.15	69	504205	Speaker—Electro-dynamic (6 inch).	9.00	
				504209	Cone & Voice coil for R-504205 speaker.	3.00	
				504207	Cone & Voice coil for M-504205 speaker.	3.00	
				504125	Cone & Voice coil for D-504205 speaker.	3.00	
				117057	Cord—dial drive (102 in. required), per ft.	.05	
				502562	Dial scale—glass	3.85	
				113402	Drum—for dial drive.	.70	
				502899	Escutcheon for push-buttons.	1.70	
				501449	Knob—volume or tuning.	.15	
				501458	Knob—tone or band switch.	.16	



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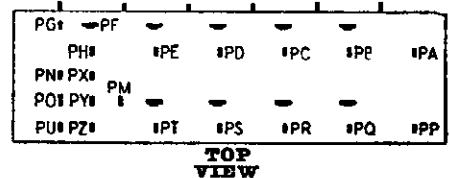
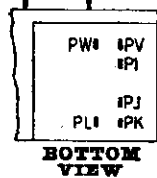
DIAL AND POINTER DRIVE CORD ARRANGEMENT

To string dial cord, set gang condenser to fully meshed position and use following parts:

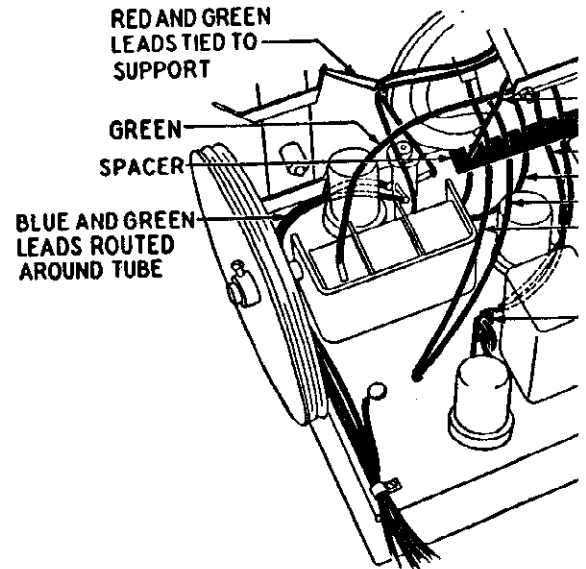
- 113177 Tension Spring
- 114955 Clip on end of cord
- 119087 Ring for dial cord
- 117057 Cord (102 inches)

Pointer drive 72 inches
Gang drive 30 inches

Lettered terminals in illustrations correspond to similarly lettered terminals on the circuit diagram.



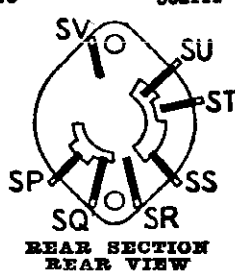
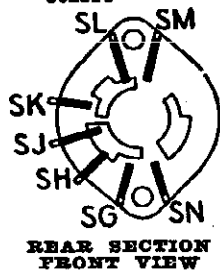
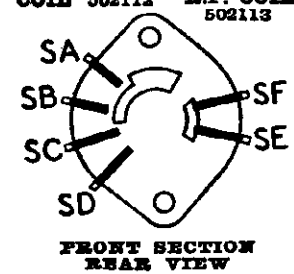
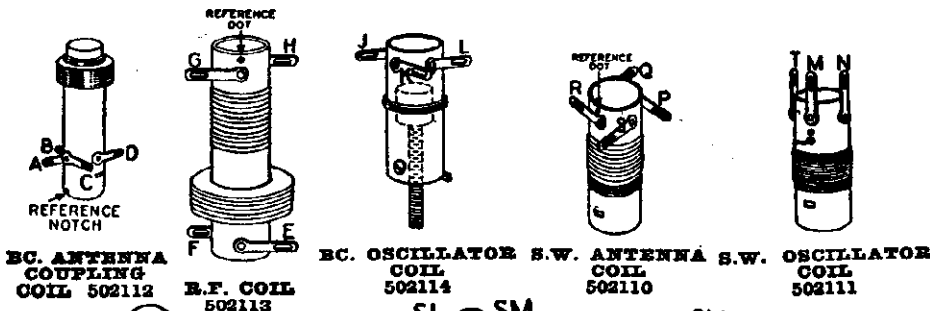
PUSH-BUTTON SWITCH 502120



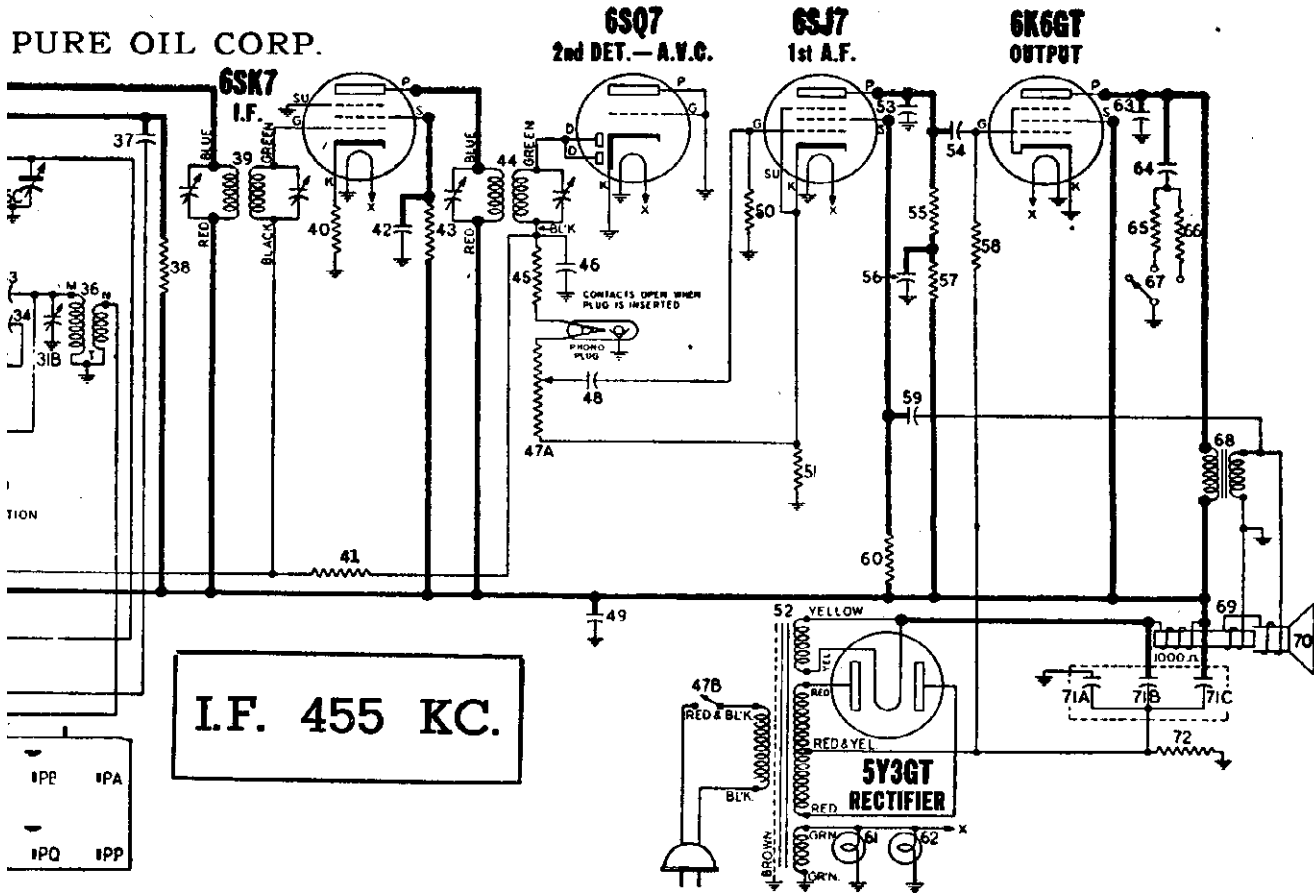
IMPORTANCE OF MAINTAINING POSITIONS FOR LEADS AT TUBES

The wires shown in the above illustration are exercised to insure that they are properly routing and fixing spacing of wires minimizes free utilized to maintain a stable arrangement.

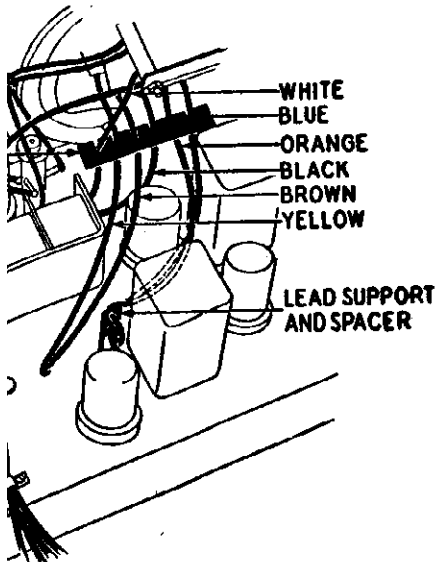
Since the relative positions of these wires may important to avoid any change in arrangement been aligned. If the position of the wires has visible to re-check alignment (see previous page



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2120



OF MAINTAINING FIXED LEADS AT TOP OF CHASSIS

Above illustration are associated with tuned frequency currents. Therefore, care must be taken that they are properly routed and spaced. Anchoring wires minimizes freedom of movement and is an important arrangement.

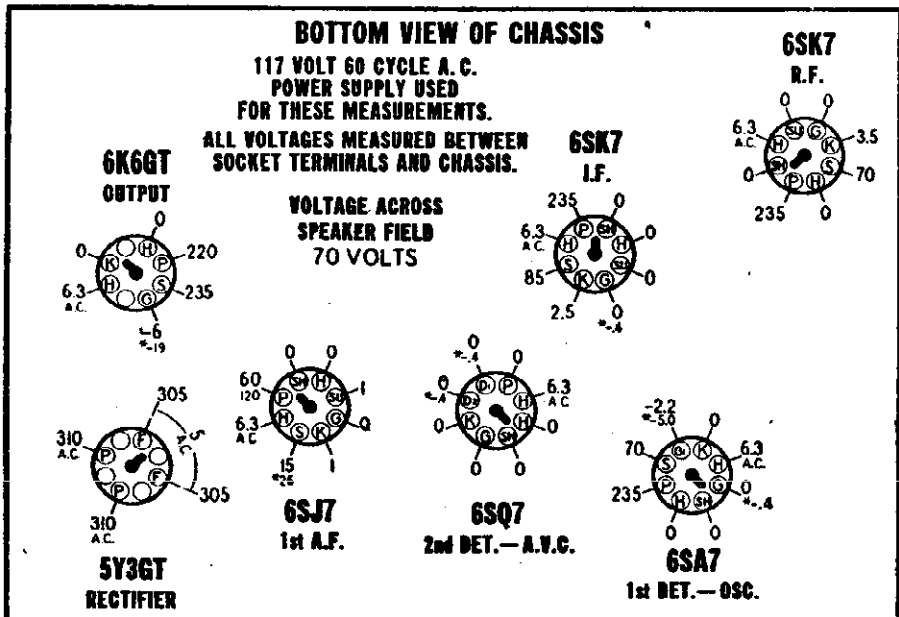
If these wires may affect tuned circuits it is important that the arrangement after the receiver has been on of the wires has been disturbed, it is adjusted (see previous page for alignment procedure).

SOCKET VOLTAGES

Measured with voltmeter having sensitivity of 1000 ohms per volt except where indicated by (*).

VOLUME ON FULL WITH NO SIGNAL
RANGE SWITCH IN BROADCAST POSITION

DIAL TUNED TO 540 KC.
MANUAL BUTTON PUSHED IN

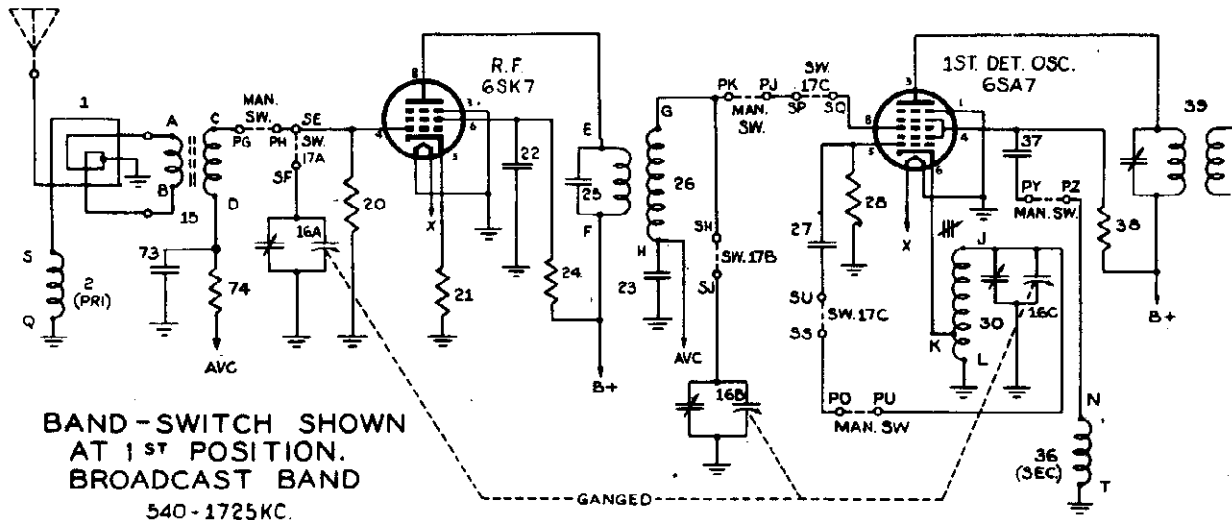


REAR OF CHASSIS

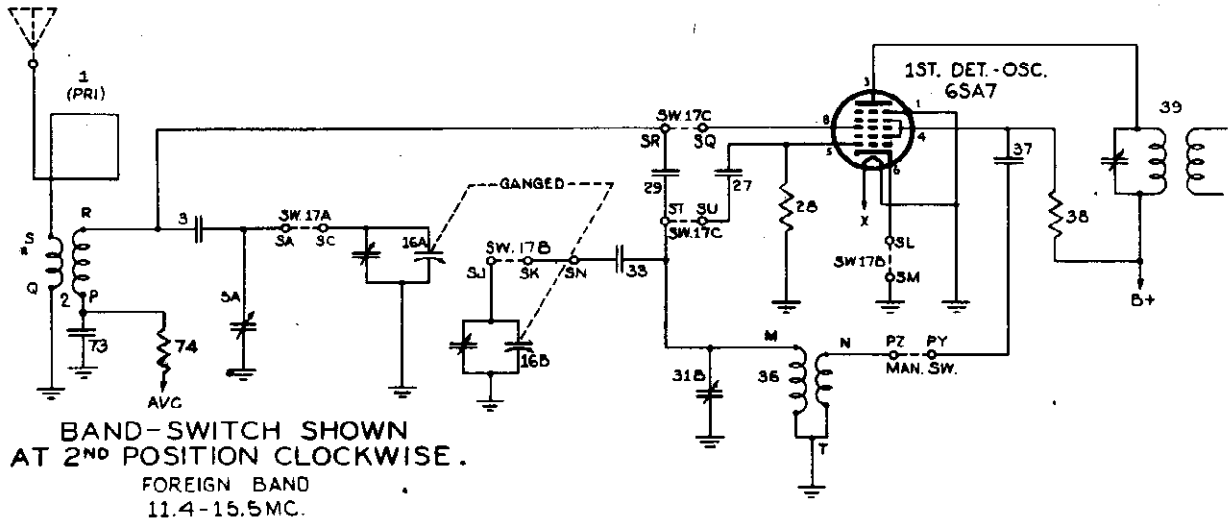
*—Measured with vacuum tube voltmeter.

NOTE:—The 6K6GT grid bias of -19 volts can be measured across resistor No. 72.

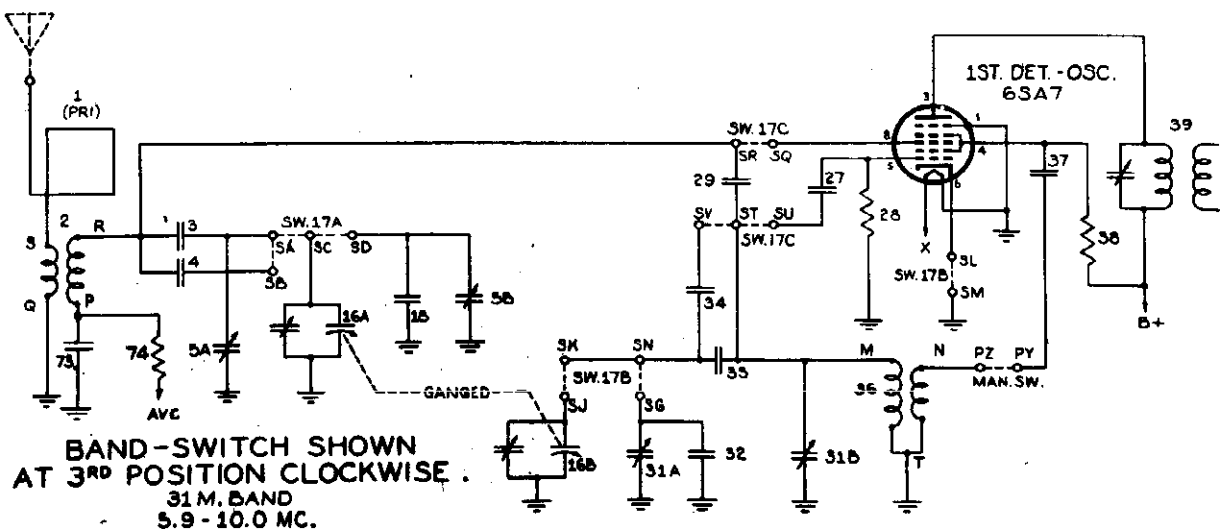
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BAND-SWITCH SHOWN AT 1ST POSITION. BROADCAST BAND 540-1725 KC.



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN AT 2ND POSITION CLOCKWISE. FOREIGN BAND 11.4-15.5 MC.



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN AT 3RD POSITION CLOCKWISE. 31 M. BAND 5.9-10.0 MC.

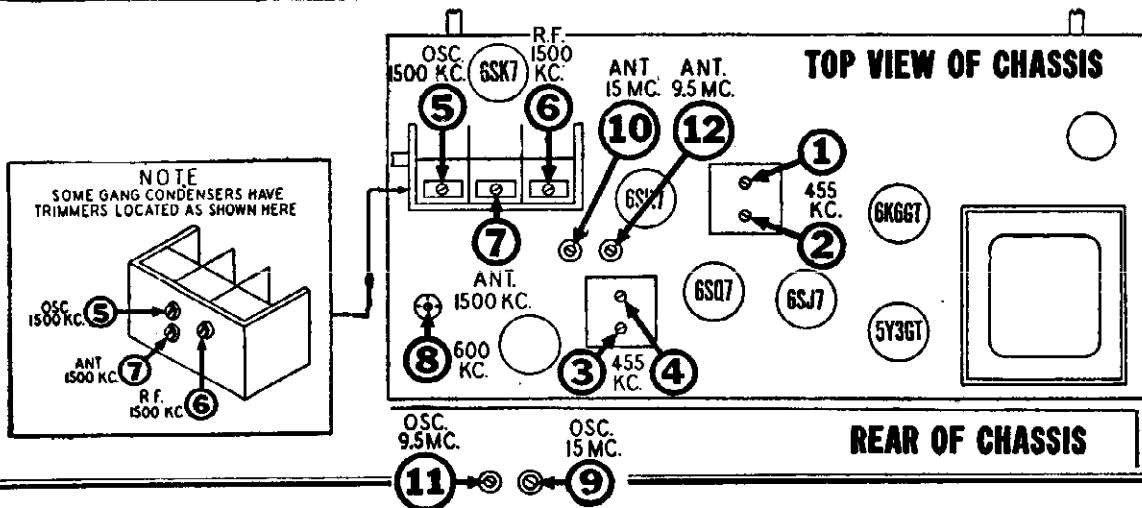
MODEL 508

PURE OIL CORP.

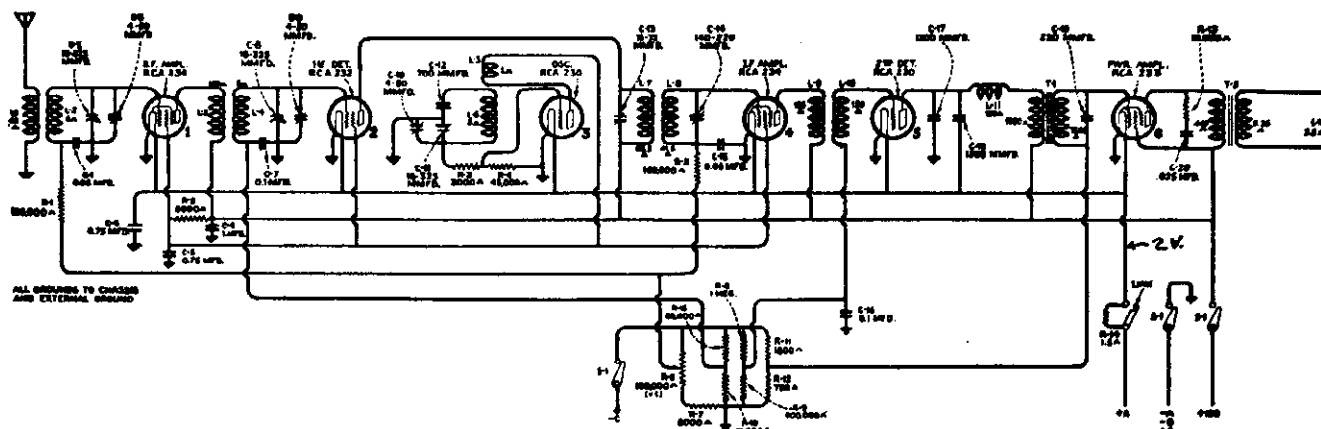
1. The chassis and loop antenna should remain in their normal position in the cabinet throughout the following procedure.
2. Check arrangement of leads to push-button switch as shown in illustration on following page.
3. With the gang condenser fully meshed, dial pointer should be in the position indicated by the last division below 55 on the dial. If it is set incorrectly, release pointer clip on dial cord and reposition pointer.
4. Connect output meter across speaker voice coil.
5. Connect the ground lead of the signal generator to the receiver chassis.
6. Set volume control at maximum volume position and use a weak signal from the signal generator.
7. Push in the manual button and leave it in that position throughout the alignment procedure.

IMPORTANT.—Align this receiver in exactly the order shown below. Broadcast band must be aligned before short wave bands.

DUMMY ANT. IN SERIES WITH SIGNAL GENERATOR	CONNECT HIGH SIDE OF SIGNAL GENERATOR TO	SIGNAL GENERATOR FREQUENCY	BAND SWITCH POSITION	RECEIVER DIAL SETTING	TRIMMER NUMBER	TRIMMER DESCRIPTION	TYPE OF ADJUSTMENT
.1 MFD. Condenser	Trimmer on rear section of gang	455 KC	Broadcast (counter-clockwise)	Any point where it does not affect the signal.	1-2	2nd I.F.	Adjust for maximum output. Then repeat adjustment.
					3-4	1st I.F.	
.003 MFD. Condenser	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	1500 KC	Broadcast (counter-clockwise)	1500 KC	5	Broadcast Oscillator (Shunt)	Adjust for maximum output.
.003 MFD. Condenser	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	1500 KC	Broadcast (counter-clockwise)	Tune to 1500 KC Generator Signal	6	Broadcast R.F.	Adjust for maximum output.
.003 MFD. Condenser	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	1500 KC	Broadcast (counter-clockwise)	Tune to 1500 KC Generator Signal	7	Broadcast Antenna	Adjust for maximum output.
.003 MFD. Condenser	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	600 KC	Broadcast (counter-clockwise)	Tune to 600 KC Generator Signal	8	Adjustable core of Broadcast Oscillator Coil.	Adjust for maximum output. Try to increase output by rotating core in and out and retuning receiver dial until maximum output is obtained.
.003 MFD. Condenser	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	Repeat adjustments of trimmers 5, 6 and 7 at 1500 Kc. Then re-check adjustment of trimmer 8 at 600 Kc.					
400 OHM Carbon Resistor	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	15 MC	Short wave	15 MC	9	S.W. Oscillator	Adjust for maximum output. Check to see if proper peak was obtained by tuning in image at approx. 14.1 MC. If image does not appear, realign at 15 MC, with trimmer screw farther out. Recheck image.
400 OHM Carbon Resistor	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	15 MC	Short wave	Tune to 15 MC Generator Signal	10	S.W. Antenna	Adjust for maximum output. Try to increase output by detuning trimmer and retuning receiver dial until maximum output is obtained.
400 OHM Carbon Resistor	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	9.5 MC	31 M (Clockwise)	9.5 MC	11	31 M Oscillator	Adjust for maximum output. Check to see if proper peak was obtained by tuning in image at approx. 8.6 MC. If image does not appear, realign at 9.5 MC, with trimmer screw farther out. Recheck image.
400 OHM Carbon Resistor	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	9.5 MC	31 M (Clockwise)	Tune to 9.5 MC Generator Signal	12	31 M Antenna	Adjust for maximum output. Try to increase output by detuning trimmer and retuning receiver dial until maximum output is obtained.



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Electrical Specifications

Figure A—Schematic Circuit Diagram

- "A" Battery Current.....0.55 Ampere
- "B" Battery Current (Max. Volume Control)..0.032 Ampere
- Type and Number of Radiotrons.....2 RCA-234,
1 RCA-232, 2 RCA-230, 1 RCA-233—Total, 6.
- Undistorted Output.....0.4 Watt

Important—When using 3-volt "A" supply as shown in Figure 2 (b), be sure to open the link connecting terminals 1 and 2 on the rear of the chassis. For 2-volt "A" supply as in Figure 2 (a), the link should be closed. The proper link position is shown by the inset in each diagram.



REPLACEMENT PARTS

Stock No.	DESCRIPTION
RECEIVER ASSEMBLIES	
2012	Capacitor - 1,200 mmfd - (C-17)
2532	Capacitor - 230 mmfd - (C-19)
2747	Cap - Contact cap
2963	Resistor - 8,000 ohms - Carbon, 1 watt (R-2).
2994	Coil (L-11)
3076	Resistor - 1 megohm - Carbon - 1/2 watt (R-8)
3078	Resistor - 10,000 ohms - Carbon - 1/2 watt - (R-13, R-10).
3079	Resistor - 40,000 ohms - Carbon - 1/2 watt - (R-4)
3118	Resistor - 100,000 ohms - Carbon - 1/4 watt - (R-1)
3252	Resistor - 100,000 ohms - Carbon - 1/2 watt - (R-5)
3297	Resistor - 80,000 ohms - Carbon - 1/2 watt - (R-15).
3358	Resistor - 3,000 ohms - Carbon - 1/2 watt - (R-3)
3368	Socket - UX type Radiotron socket
3382	Resistor - 750 ohms - Carbon - 1/2 watt (R-12)
3456	Capacitor - 0.05 mfd (C-1, C-15)
3460	Capacitor - 1,200 mmfd - (C-17)
3471	Capacitor - 0.025 mfd - (C-20)
3509	Socket - Five contact Radiotron socket.
3510	Shaft - Tuning condenser drive shaft.
3511	Scale - Dial scale and drum
3512	Switch - Operating switch (S-1)
3513	Capacitor - 700 mmfd - (C-12)

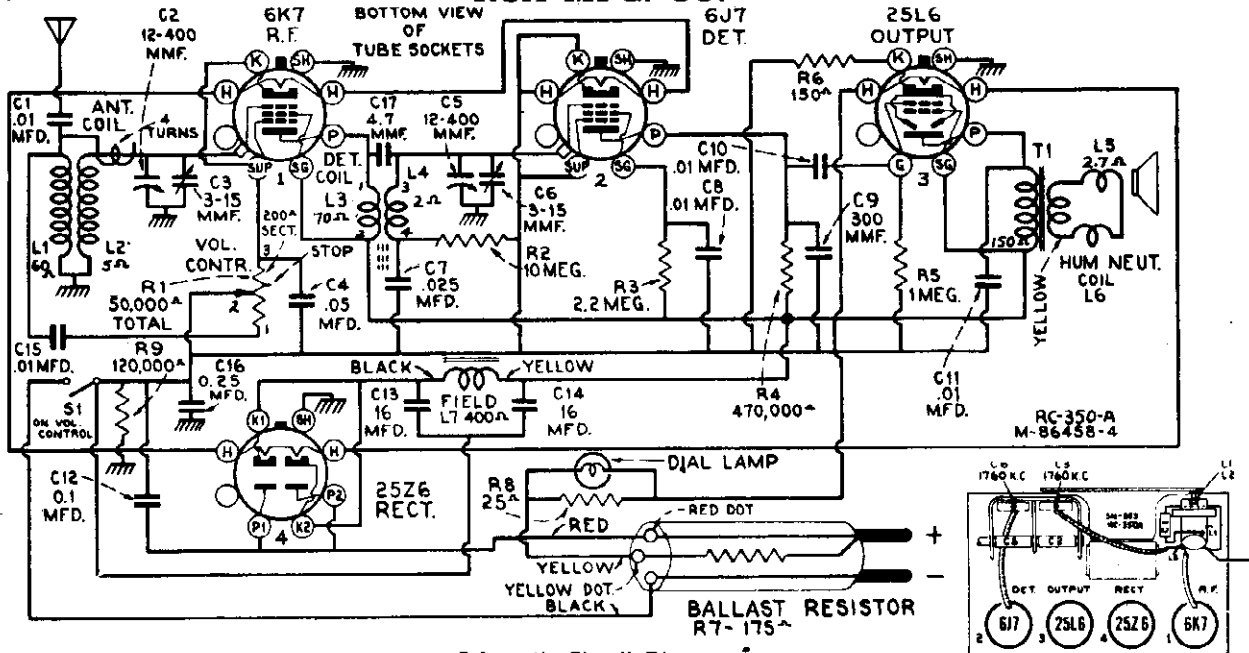
Stock No.	DESCRIPTION
RECEIVER ASSEMBLIES (Continued)	
3515	Resistor - 1,800 ohms - Carbon - 1/2 watt - (R-11)
6142	Resistor - 8,000 ohms - Carbon - 1/2 watt - (R-7)
6228	Resistor - 200,000 ohms - Carbon - 1/2 watt
6249	Resistor - 1.5 ohms - Flexible type (R-14).
6280	Resistor - 400,000 ohms - Carbon - 1/2 watt - (R-9)
6315	Resistor - 45,000 ohms - Carbon - 1/2 watt - (R-4)
6333	Cable - Battery cable
6414	Capacitor pack - Comprising one 1.0 mfd., two 0.75 mfd. and two 0.1 mfd. (C-5, C-6, C-7).
6415	Transformer assembly - Comprising interstage and output transformer (T-1, T-2)
6416	Transformer - First I-F transformer
6417	Transformer - Second I-F transformer.
6418	Coil - Detector oscillator coil
6419	Coil - R.F. coil
6463	Volume control, - 100,000 ohms (R-6)
7241	Condenser - 3 gang variable tuning.

LOUDSPEAKER ASSEMBLY

6166	Board - Terminal board, two terminals
8983	Magnet assembly - Comprising cone bracket core and magnet.
8984	Cone - Speaker paper cone

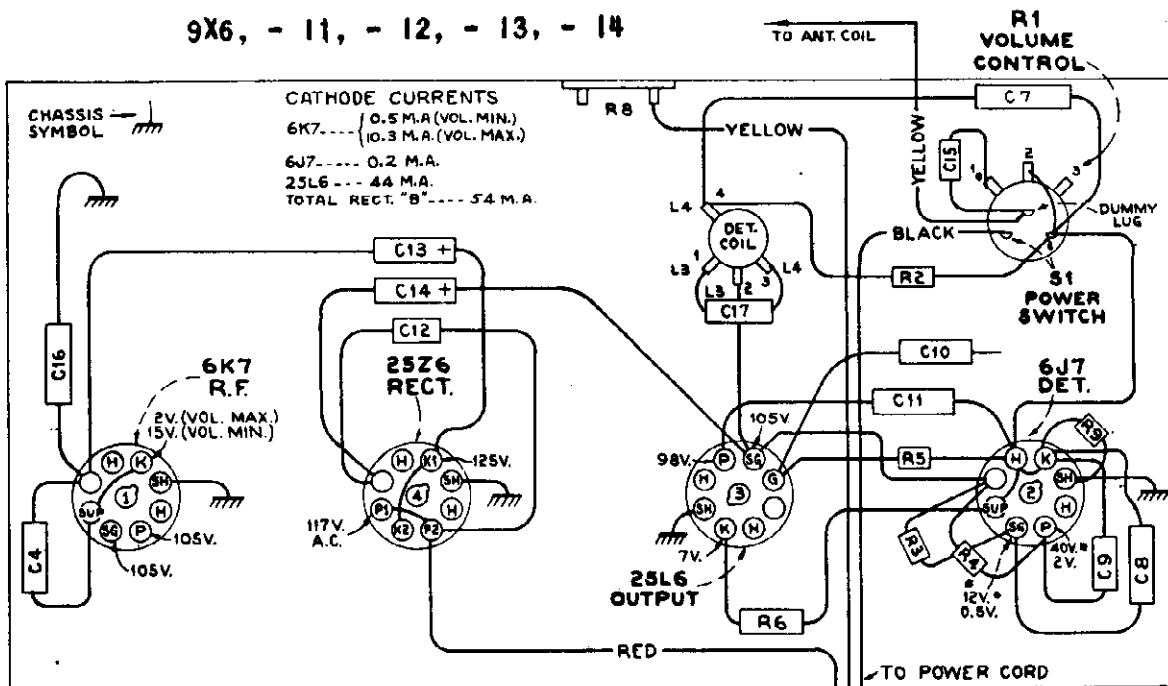
MODELS 9X6, 9X11, 9X12, 9X13, 9X14

RCA MFG. CO.



Schematic Circuit Diagram

9X6, - 11, - 12, - 13, - 14



BOTTOM VIEW - REAR OF CHASSIS

R-F Wiring Diagram and Socket Voltages

* Note: Values with (*) are operating voltages. Values not starred are actual measured voltages.

Measurements made to common negative line, unless otherwise specified.

Measurements made with set tuned to quiet point, volume control at minimum, using 1,000-ohm-per-volt meter, having ranges of 10,

Precautionary Lead Dress

1. Dress green lead from antenna coil to gang up from speaker chassis.
2. Green lead from gang to grid of 6J7 must be dressed down and away from top of bracket, and centered in gang section.
3. Green lead from detector coil to gang must be dressed under pilot lamp bracket: Any excess wire should be pulled through to under side of chassis.
4. Pilot lamp leads must be dressed clear of gang rotor.
5. Magnetite core in detector coil must not be in contact with base or mounting screw.

50, and 250 volts. (Use nearest range above the specified measure voltage.)

Values should hold within approximately $\pm 20\%$ for 117-volt 60-cycle a-c supply. On d-c, voltages are approximately 10% lower, except heaters, which remain the same.

Power-Supply Polarity.—For operation on d-c, the power plug must be inserted in the outlet for correct polarity. If the set does not function, reverse the plug. On a-c, reversal of the plug may reduce hum.

Antenna.—The set is equipped with a 25-foot antenna. Do not connect the antenna to ground. If an outdoor antenna is used, it should not be longer than 100 feet, including lead-in. If it is longer, connect a 100 to 200 mmfd. capacitor in series with the lead-in.

25-Cycle Operation

For 25-cycle operation, connect a 16 mfd., 150-volt dry electrolytic capacitor (Stock No. 31323) in parallel to C13.

RCA MFG. CO.

MODELS 9X6, 9X11, 9X13, 9X14
MODEL X-55

MODELS 9X6, - 11, - 12, - 13, - 14
(RC-350A) Replacement Parts

STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION
RECEIVER ASSEMBLIES	
14392	Capacitor—4.7 mmfd. (C17)
30888	Capacitor—300 mmfd. (C9)
14393	Capacitor—.01 mfd. (C15)
4870	Capacitor—.025 mfd. (C7)
30882	Capacitor—.05 mfd. (C4)
30899	Capacitor—0.1 mfd. (C12)
12484	Capacitor—0.25 mfd. (C16)
31323	Capacitor—16 mfd. (C13, C14)
30875	Coil—Antenna coil (L1, L2)
32027	Coil—R-f coil (L3, L4)
31321	Condenser—2-gang variable tuning condenser (C2, C3, C5, C6)
32030	Cord—Resistance power cord (R7)
31314	Dial—Station selector dial scale
31315	Drum—Station selector dial scale drum—less scale
4340	Lamp—Dial lamp
31193	Lead—Antenna lead—approximately 25 ft. long
32028	Resistor—25 ohms, 3 watts, wire wound (R8)
13428	Resistor—150 ohms, 1/2 watt (R6)
13734	Resistor—120,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R9)
12285	Resistor—470,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R4)
13730	Resistor—1 meg., 1/2 watt (R5)
12679	Resistor—2.2 meg., 1/2 watt (R3)
13601	Resistor—10 meg., 1/2 watt (R2)
4387	Screw—No. 6-32 headless set screw for drum, Stock No. 31315
31318	Socket—Dial lamp socket
31319	Socket—Tube socket
32029	Transformer—Output transformer (T1)
32026	Volume control and power switch (R1, S1)

Dial Lamp..... Mazda No. 40, 6.3 volts, .15 amp.

POWER SUPPLY RATINGS

A-C Rating..... 105-125 volts, 50-60 cycles, 50 watts
D-C Rating..... 105-125 volts, 50 watts

POWER OUTPUT (125-volt, 60-cycle supply)

Undistorted..... 1.0 watt
Maximum..... 1.5 watts

LOUDSPEAKER

Type..... 8-inch Electrodynamic
Voice-Coil Impedance..... 3 ohms at 400 cycles

Alignment Procedure

Reel up the antenna wire, and keep it away from chassis during alignment. Connect the high side of test-oscillator through an 80 mmfd. capacitor to the antenna terminal. Connect low side of oscillator to receiver chassis through a 0.1 mfd. capacitor. Turn gang condenser to minimum (full out), tune oscillator to 1,760 kc, connect an output meter across the voice coil, and turn volume control to maximum.

Adjust the two trimmers (C3 and C6) on side of gang condenser for maximum output, using lowest possible output from test-oscillator.

Pre-setting Dial.—With gang condenser rotor plates turned full in for maximum capacity, loosen dial-drum set-screw, and turn drum so that the top edge of dial (low-frequency end) is approximately 1/16-in. below level of gang frame, and tighten set-screw.

SPEAKER ASSEMBLIES
(88309-2)

31325 Cone—Speaker cone and voice coil (L5)
32025 Speaker complete

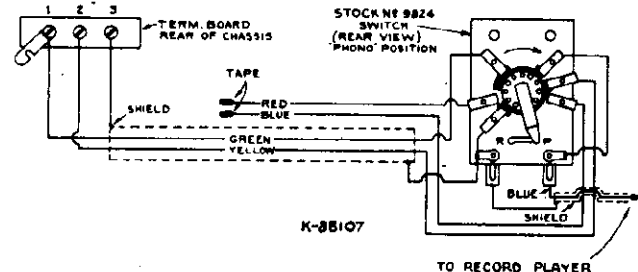
MISCELLANEOUS ASSEMBLIES

31328 Escutcheon—Station selector dial escutcheon—Model 9X6
31915 Escutcheon—Station selector dial escutcheon—Models 9X11, 9X12, 9X13 and 9X14 only
31914 Knob—Station selector or volume control knob—Models 9X12 and 9X13 only
31204 Knob—Station selector or volume control knob—Models 9X6, 9X11 and 9X14 only
30900 Spring—Retaining spring for knobs

Adjustments for Push-Button Tuning MODEL X-55

The push-buttons should be adjusted for six favorite stations after the receiver has been operating for a brief warm-up period. Each button may be set up to any standard broadcast station. The preferable arrangement is to adjust for stations in the order of frequency, from low to high. Proceed as follows:

1. Pull off the push-buttons and loosen the push-button rods with a small screwdriver.
2. Turn the accessory switch to "Radio" position and accurately tune in the station for which the first button is to be set.
3. Press in push-button rod No. 1 (left) with the screwdriver, as far as it will go without undue pressure, hold in, retune station with manual control if necessary for best reception, and then carefully tighten up the rod. Do not tighten more than 1/2 turn after the rod begins to grip or damage to the mechanism may result.
4. Replace the push-button on its shaft.
5. Proceed in a similar manner for the remainder of the push-buttons.

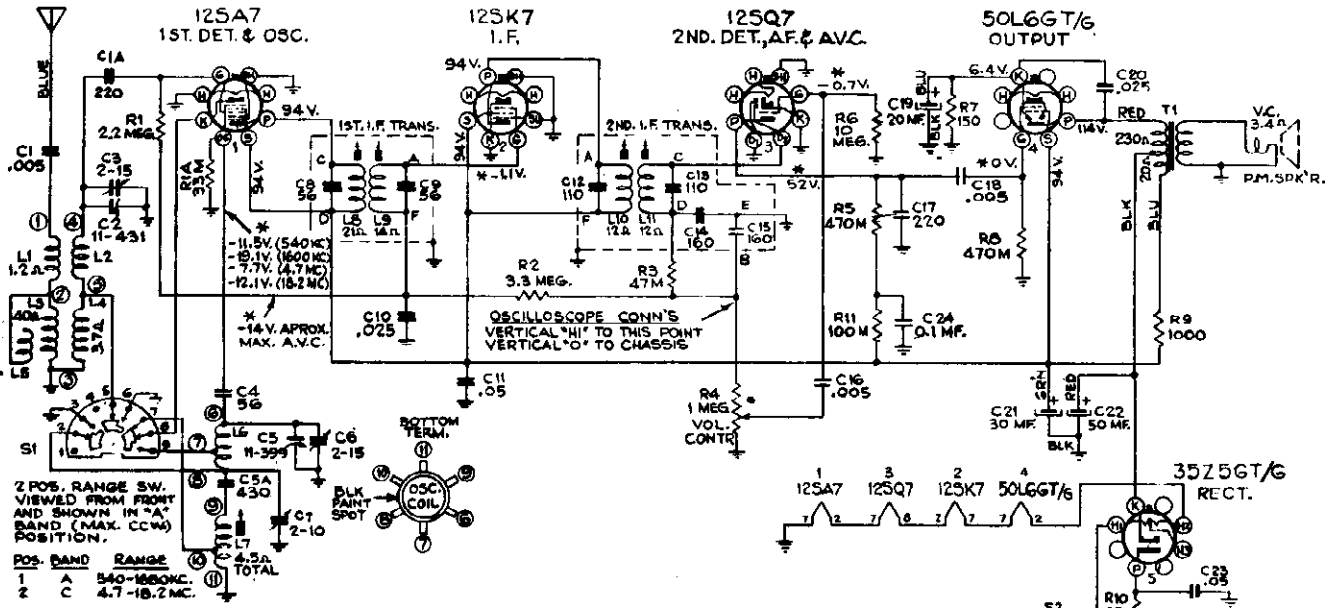


Record Player Connections, Using a No. 9824 Switch

STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION	STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION
CHASSIS ASSEMBLY (RC-473A)			
33719	Belt—Push button arm adjustment belt and rivets	12285	Resistor—470,000 ohms, 1/2 W
34024	Board—"Antenna-Ground" board	30271	Resistor—4.7 megohm, 1/2 W
34025	Board—"Radio-Phono" board	13801	Resistor—10 megohm, 1/2 W
33731	Button—Push button	33735	Screw—Push arm lock screw
12720	Capacitor—100 mmfd., moulded mica	33725	Shaft—Tuning condenser drive shaft and retainer
12725	Capacitor—150 mmfd., moulded mica	31365	Socket—Lamp socket
34213	Capacitor—430 mmfd., mica	31319	Socket—Tube socket
30433	Capacitor—470 mmfd., moulded mica	33720	Spring—Push button arm return spring
14393	Capacitor—.01 mfd., 300 volt.	31418	Spring—Tuning condenser drive cord spring
11315	Capacitor—.015 mfd., 400 volt.	33722	Transformer—1st i.f. transformer
32787	Capacitor—.05 mfd., 400 volt.	34026	Transformer—2nd i.f. transformer
4839	Capacitor—0.1 mfd., 400 volt.	33726	Washer—"C" washer for drive shaft
34505	Capacitor—0.2 mfd., 300 volt.	SPEAKER ASSEMBLIES (RL 85-2)	
34212	Capacitor—Electrolytic comprising 2 sections of 50 mfd. each, 150 volts	32907	Cap—Cone center dust cap
33724	Coil—Oscillator coil (L1)	34554	Cone—Speaker cone and voice coil
33728	Condenser—Tuning condenser and drum assembly	34802	Speaker—5-inch permanent magnet—less transformer
33631	Control—Volume control and power switch (S1)	34803	Transformer—Output transformer
32834	Cord—Tuning condenser drive cord	MISCELLANEOUS ASSEMBLIES	
33633	Indicator—Station selector pointer	31456	Cover—8 protective covers for push-button markers
11785	Lamp—Pilot lamp—Mazda No. 51	33729	Dial—Glass dial scale
33721	Loop—Antenna loop	33637	Escutcheon—Dial and button escutcheon
33727	Plate—Dial plate frame	30863	Knob—Tuning, volume control, or power switch knob
30880	Resistor—150 ohm, 1/2 W	30900	Spring—Retaining spring for knob or button
30152	Resistor—1,000 ohms, 1 W	33973	Marker—1 set push-button marker
12454	Resistor—33,000 ohms, 1/2 W		
12412	Resistor—47,000 ohm, 1/2 W		
12264	Resistor—220,000 ohms, 1/2 W		

MODELS Q10, Q10A,
Ch. RC-594C, Early

RCA MFG. CO.



2 POS. RANGE SW. VIEWED FROM FRONT AND SHOWN IN "A" BAND (MAX. CCW) POSITION.

POS.	BAND	RANGE
1	A	540-1680 KC.
2	C	4.7-18.2 MC.

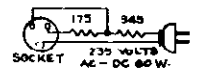
OSC. COIL TOTAL

M=1000
BOTTOM VIEW OF TUBE SOCKETS.
COIL RESISTANCE VALUES LESS THAN ONE OHM ARE NOT SHOWN.
VOLTAGES SHOULD HOLD WITHIN ± 20% WITH RATED SUPPLY.
* MEASURED WITH CHANNELYST OR VOLTOHMYST.

NOTE: ON SOME UNITS -
1) C21 AND C22 VALUES ARE INTERCHANGED; R5 IS 220 M AND R10, R11, C24 OMITTED.
2) ON ANTENNA COIL A 56 MMF. CAPACITOR IS CONNECTED FROM TERMINAL (B) TO GROUND. (THIS IS NOT NECESSARY ON REPLACEMENT COILS).

CATHODE CURRENTS
(1) 125A7 - - - - - 11.0 MA.
(2) 125K7 - - - - - 20.0 MA.
(3) 125Q7 - - - - - 0.2 MA.
(4) 50L6GT/G - - - - - 41.5 MA.
(5) TOTAL RECT. - - - - - 77.7 MA.

P-9230B2-5
Q10-RC 594A



NOTE:—The power cord of Model Q10A should be uncoiled and kept free of surrounding objects for ventilation; sharp bends and kinks should also be avoided.

. IF PEAK 455 KC

Replacement Parts

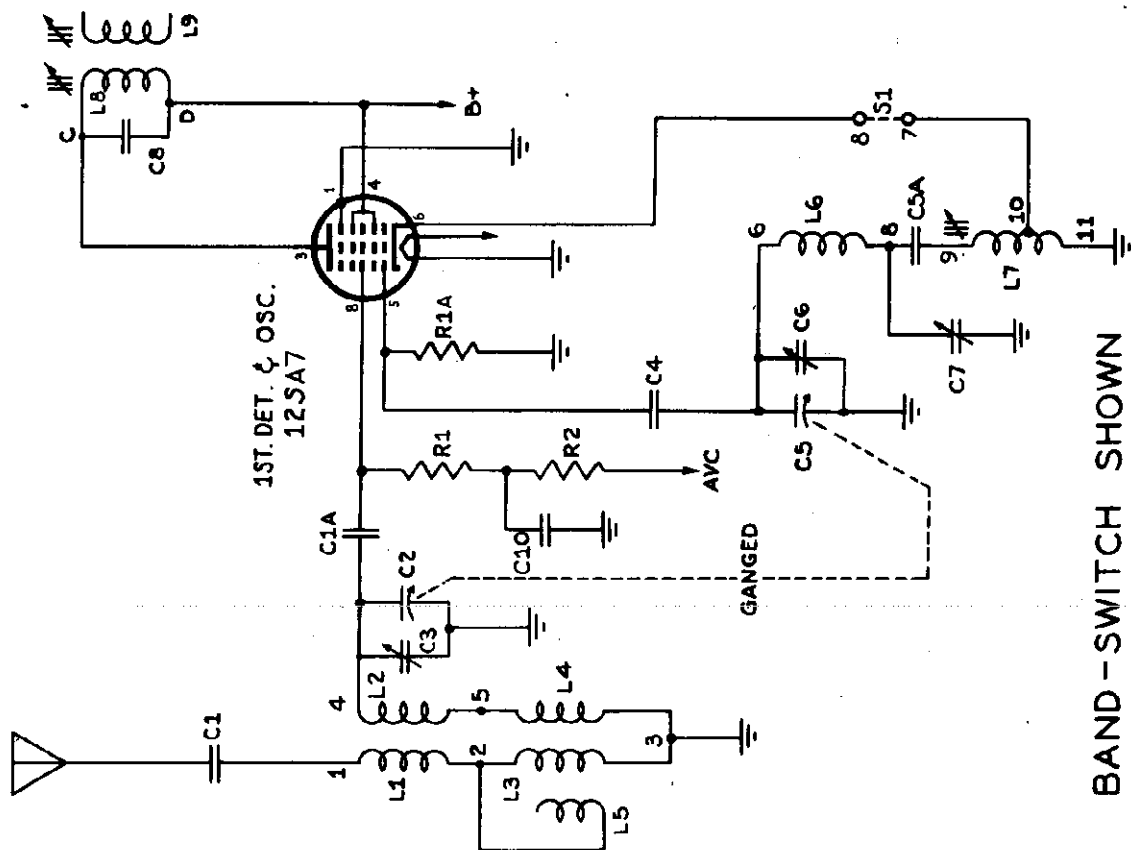
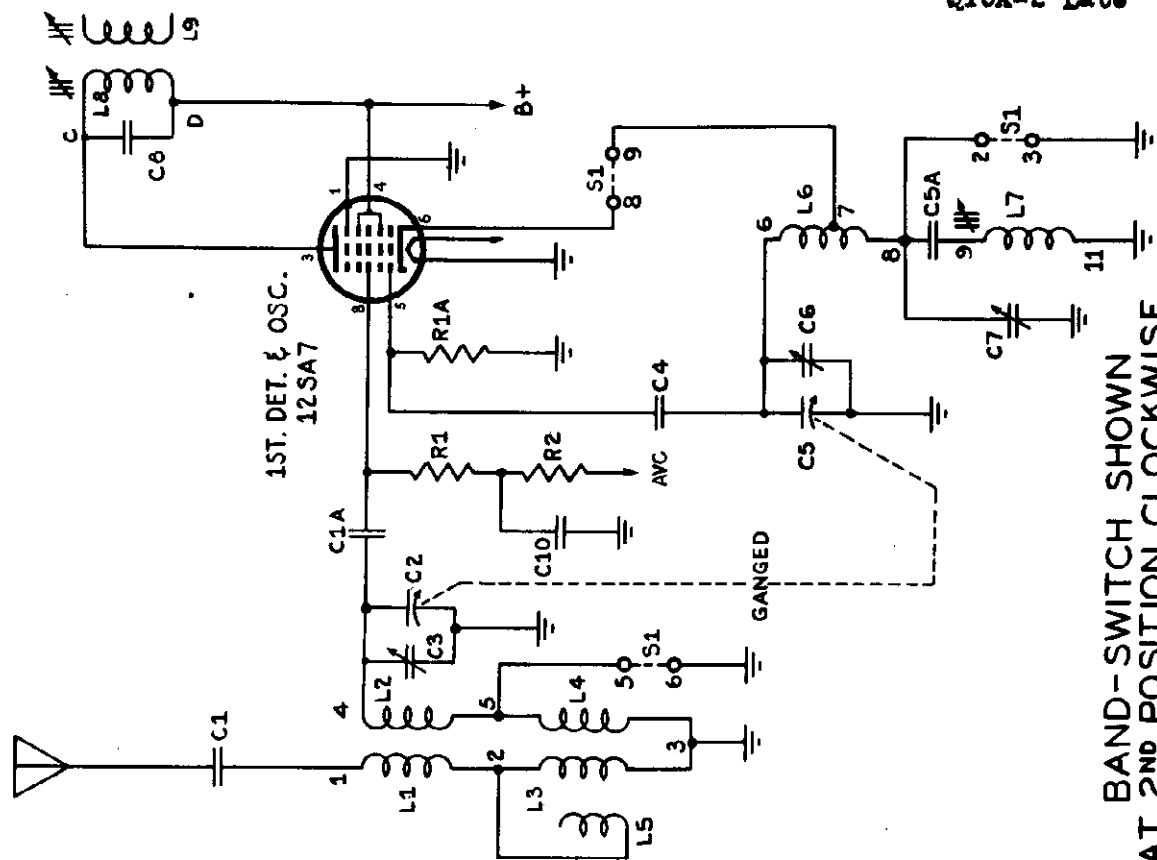
STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION	STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION
CHASSIS ASSEMBLIES RC-594C			
70367	Capacitor—Mica trimmer, 2-10 mmf. (C7)	70369	Shaft—Tuning knob shaft
39622	Capacitor—Mica, 56 mmf. (C4)	70363	Socket—3 pin socket for power cable located on rear apron
39626	Capacitor—Mica, 220 mmf. (C1A, C17)	37605	Socket—Tube socket, moulded
39643	Capacitor—Mica, 430 mmf. (C5A)	31418	Spring—Tension spring for drive cord
70627	Capacitor—Tubular, .005 mid., 800 volts (C1, C16, C18)	70358	Switch—Range switch (S1)
70612	Capacitor—Tubular, .025 mid., 400 volts (C10, C20)	70361	Transformer—First I.F. transformer (L8, L9, C8, C9)
70615	Capacitor—Tubular, .05 mid., 400 volts (C11, C23)	70362	Transformer—Second I.F. transformer (L10, L11, C12, C13, C14, C15)
70617	Capacitor—Tubular, 0.1 mid., 400 volts (C24)	70370	Transformer—Output transformer (T1)
70371	Capacitor—Electrolytic, comprising 1 section of 50 mid., 150 volts; 1 section of 30 mid., 150 volts; and 1 section of 20 mid., 20 volts (C22, C21, C19)	33726	Washer—Retaining washer for tuning shaft
70360	Coil—Antenna coil (L1, L2, L3, L4, L5)	SPEAKER ASSEMBLY 92510-2	
70359	Coil—Oscillator coil (L6, L7)	70372	Speaker—5-inch FM speaker complete NOTE: If stamping on speaker in instrument does not agree with above speaker number, order replacement parts by referring to model number of instrument, number stamped on speaker and full description of part required.
70366	Condenser—Variable tuning condenser (C2, C3, C5, C6)	MISCELLANEOUS ASSEMBLIES	
38406	Control—Volume control and power switch (R4, S2)	37362	Clamp—Dial clamp (1 set)
32634	Cord—Drive cord (approx. 37 inches long)	70374	Cord—Power cord for 110 v. operation
70365	Cord—Adjustable core and stud for oscillator coil	70375	Cord—Power cord (resistance) for 220 v. operation
37068	Indicator—Station selector indicator	70373	Cover—Back cover less power cord
70364	Nut—Speed nut to mount oscillator coil	71023	Decal—Trade mark decalcomania
70368	Plate—Dial back plate complete with pulleys less dial	70378	Dial—Dial scale
36230	Pulley—Drive cord pulley	37831	Fastener—Push fastener for back cover (1 set)
71290	Resistor—33 ohms, 1 watt (R10)	35121	Knob—Range switch knob
30680	Resistor—150 ohms, 1/2 watt (R7)	38722	Knob—Volume control or tuning knob
30152	Resistor—1000 ohms, 1 watt (R8)	35126	Spring—Retaining spring for range switch knob
30685	Resistor—33,000 ohms, 1/4 watt (R1A)	30990	Spring—Retaining spring for volume control or tuning knob
30787	Resistor—47,000 ohms, 1/4 watt (R3)		
3252	Resistor—100,000 ohms, 1/4 watt (R11)		
30648	Resistor—470,000 ohms, 1/4 watt (R5, R8)		
30649	Resistor—2.2 megohms, 1/4 watt (R1)		
12928	Resistor—3.3 megohms, 1/4 watt (R2)		
30692	Resistor—10 megohms, 1/4 watt (R6)		

"clarified schematics"

RCA PAGE

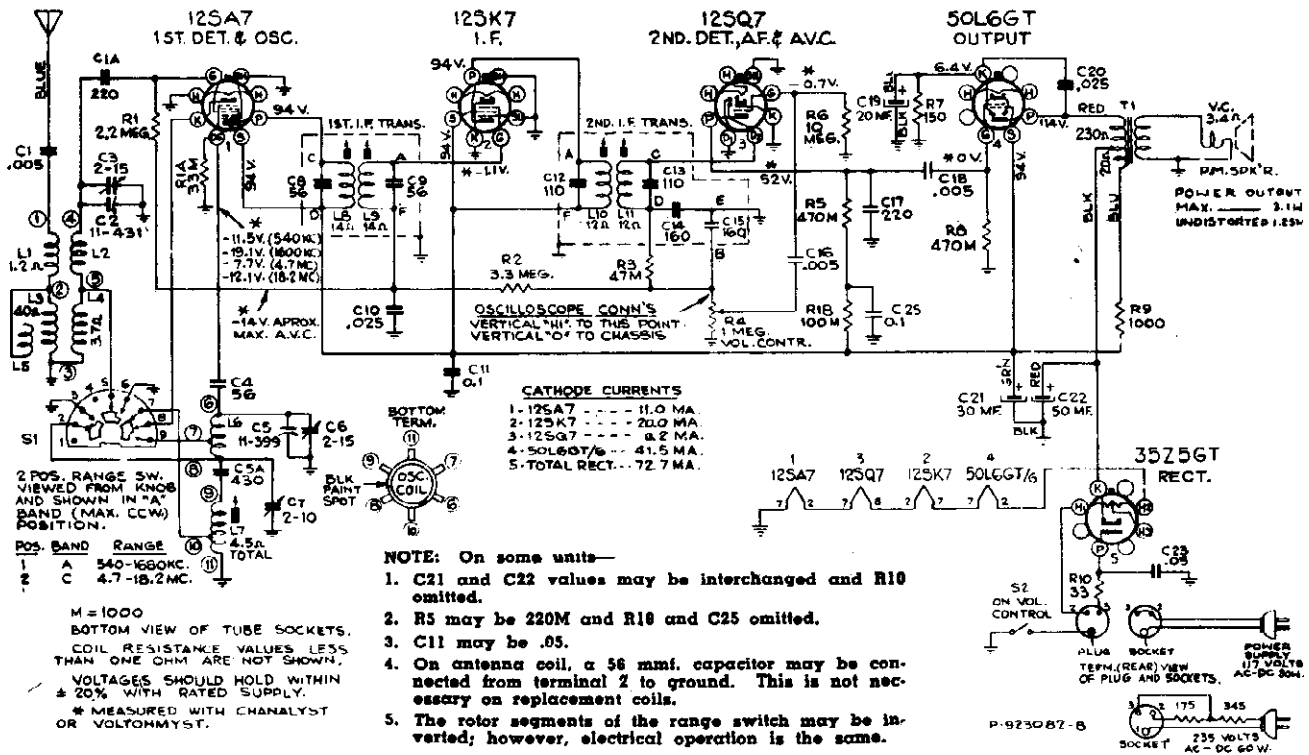
MODELS Q10, Q10A Bar
MODELS Q10, Q10-2,
Q10A-2 Late

RCA MFG. CO.



MODELS Q10, Q10A, Q10-2
Q10A-2, Ch. RC-594C Late

RCA MFG. CO.



Schematic Diagram

IF PEAK 455 KC

Replacement Parts

STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION	STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION
CHASSIS ASSEMBLIES RC-594C			
70367	Capacitor—Mica trimmer, 2-10 mmf. (C7)	70369	Shaft—Tuning knob shaft
39822	Capacitor, 56 mmf. (C4)	70363	Socket—3 pin socket for power cable located on rear apron
39836	Capacitor—Mica, 220 mmf. (C1A, C17)	37605	Socket—Tube socket, moulded
39843	Capacitor—Mica, 430 mmf. (C5A)	31418	Spring—Tension spring for drive cord
70627	Capacitor—Tubular, .005 mfd., 600 volts (C1, C16, C18)	70358	Switch—Range switch (S1)
70612	Capacitor—Tubular, .025 mfd., 400 volts (C10, C20)	70361	Transformer—First I-F transformer (L8, L9, C8, C9)
70615	Capacitor—Tubular, .05 mfd., 400 volts (C23)	70362	Transformer—Second I-F transformer (L10, L11, C12, C13, C14, C15)
70617	Capacitor—Tubular, 0.1 mfd., 400 volts (C11, C24)	70370	Transformer—Output transformer (T1)
70371	Capacitor—Electrolytic, comprising 1 section of 50 mfd., 150 volts; 1 section of 30 mfd., 150 volts; and 1 section of 20 mfd., 20 volts (C22, C21, C19)	33726	Washer—Retaining washer for tuning shaft
70360	Coil—Antenna coil (L1, L2, L3, L4, L5)	SPEAKER ASSEMBLY 92510-2	
70359	Coil—Oscillator coil (L6, L7)	70372	Speaker—3-inch PM speaker complete
70366	Condenser—Variable tuning condenser (C2, C3, C5, C6)	NOTE: If stamping on speaker in instrument does not agree with above speaker number, order replacement parts by referring to model number of instrument, number stamped on speaker and full description of part required.	
39406	Control—Volume control and power switch (R4, S2)	MISCELLANEOUS ASSEMBLIES	
32634	Cord—Drive cord (approx. 37 inches long)	37362	Clamp—Dial clamp (1 set)
70365	Core—Adjustable core and stud for oscillator coil	70374	Cord—Power cord for 110 v. operation—Q10, Q10-2
16058	Grommet—Rubber grommet for mounting speaker, 3 required (used only on some units)	70375	Cord—Power cord (resistance) for 220 v. operation—Q10A, Q10A-2
37088	Indicator—Station selector indicator	70373	Cover—Back cover less power cord
70364	Nut—Speed nut to mount oscillator coil	71023	Decal—Trade mark decalcomania
70388	Plate—Dial back plate complete with pulleys less dial	70376	Dial—Dial scale
36230	Pulley—Drive cord pulley	37831	Fastener—Push fastener for back cover (1 set)
71290	Resistor—33 ohms, 1 watt (R10)	35121	Knob—Range switch knob—Q10, Q10A
30880	Resistor—150 ohms, 1/2 watt (R7)	35123	Knob—Range switch knob—Q10-2, Q10A-2
30152	Resistor—1000 ohms, 1 watt (R9)	36722	Knob—Volume control or tuning knob—Q10
30885	Resistor—33,000 ohms, 1/4 watt (R1A)	70414	Knob—Volume control or tuning knob—Q10-2
30787	Resistor—47,000 ohms, 1/4 watt (R3)	35126	Spring—Retaining spring for range switch knob
3252	Resistor—100,000 ohms, 1/4 watt (R11)	30990	Spring—Retaining spring for volume control or tuning knob
30648	Resistor—470,000 ohms, 1/4 watt (R5, R8)		
30649	Resistor—2.2 megohms, 1/4 watt (R1)		
12928	Resistor—3.3 megohms, 1/4 watt (R2)		
30992	Resistor—10 megohms, 1/4 watt (R6)		

RCA MFG. CO. MODELS Q10, Q10A, Ch. RC-594C, Late
 MODELS Q10, Q10A, Q10-2, Q10A-2,
 Ch. RC-594C, Late

Cathode-Ray Alignment is the preferable method. Connections for the oscilloscope are shown in the schematic drawing.

Output Meter Alignment.—If this method is used, connect the meter across the voice coil, and turn the receiver volume control to maximum.

Test-Oscillator.—For all alignment operations, connect the low side of the test-oscillator to the receiver chassis, and keep the oscillator output as low as possible to avoid a-v-c action.

FOR EARLY MODELS

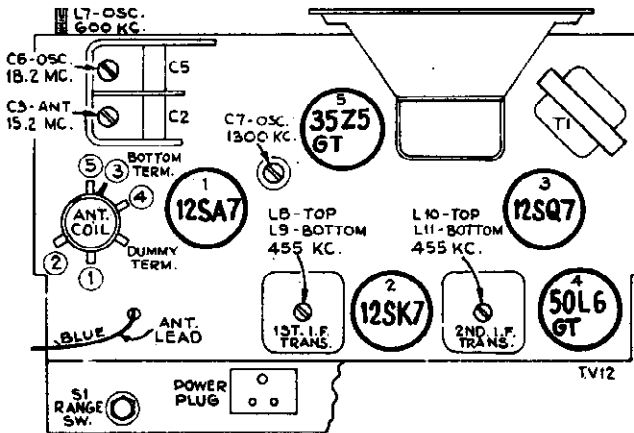
Test-Oscillator.—For all alignment operations, connect the low side of the test-oscillator through a .01 mfd. capacitor to the receiver chassis, and keep the oscillator output low to avoid a-v-c action.

FOR LATE MODELS

Calibration Scale.—The glass tuning dial may be easily removed from the cabinet and mounted above the pointer for reference during alignment. The extreme left hand mark of the Standard Broadcast scale must be in line with the left hand mark on the dial backing plate.

Dial Backing Plate.—In the event that only the chassis is returned for service, the marks on the dial backing plate may be used during alignment; refer to the Dial Indicator and Drive Mechanism drawing for corresponding frequencies.

Dial Pointer.—With the gang condenser in full mesh the dial pointer should be set to the left hand reference mark on the dial backing plate.



Tube and Trimmer Locations

Frequency Ranges

Standard Broadcast ("A" Band) 540-1,680 kc (555-178 m)
 Short Wave ("C" Band) 4.7-19.2 mc (63.8-16.5 m)
 Intermediate Frequency 455 kc

RCA Tube Complement

- (1) RCA-12SA7 1st Detector-Oscillator
- (2) RCA-12SK7 I-F Amplifier
- (3) RCA-12SQ7 2nd Detector, A.V.C., and A-F Amplifier
- (4) RCA-50L6GT/G Power Output
- (5) RCA-35Z5GT/G Rectifier

Power Supply Ratings (D-C or 40 to 100 cycles A-C)

Q10 105-125 volts 30 watts
 Q10A 210-250 volts 60 watts
 Q10, Q10-2 105-125 volts 30 watts
 Q10A, Q10A-2 210-250 volts 60 watts

Power Output Rating

Undistorted 1.25 watts
 Maximum 3.1 watts

Loudspeaker (92510-2)

Type 5-inch Round Permanent-Magnet Dynamic
 Voice Coil Impedance 4 ohms at 400 cycles

Tuning Drive Ratio 18 to 1

Steps	Connect high side of test osc. to—	Tune test osc. to—	Turn radio dial to—	Adjust following for max. output—
1	12SK7 I-F grid through 0.1 mfd. capacitor	455 kc	B. C.; 1800 kc quiet point	L11-L10 (2nd I-F Trans.)
2	Stator of gang cond. C2 through 0.1 mfd.			L9-L8* (1st I-F Trans.)
3	Antenna lead through 300 ohm resistor	18.2 mc	S. W.; gang condenser open	C6 (osc.)**
4		15.2 mc	S. W.; maximum signal rock gang	C3 (ant.)***
5	Antenna lead through 200 mmf. capacitor	800 kc	B. C.; 800 kc (2nd mark from left)	L7 (osc.)
6		1300 kc	B. C.; rock gang at 1300 kc†	C7 (osc.)
7		800 kc	B. C.; rock gang at 800 kc	L7 (osc.)
8	Repeat steps 6 and 7			

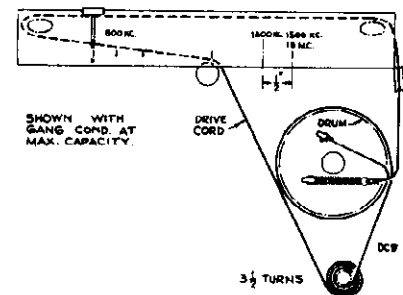
† 1300 kc corresponds to a point 1/2 inch to the left of the right hand mark on the dial backing plate.

* Do not readjust L10 or L11 when test oscillator is connected to C2.

** Use minimum capacity peak if two peaks can be obtained.

*** Image signal of lesser amplitude should occur at 14.3 mc.

NOTE.—Oscillator tracks above signals on both bands.



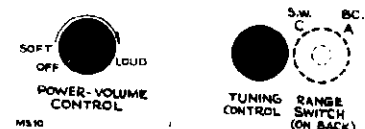
Dial Indicator and Drive Mechanism

PRECAUTIONARY LEAD DRESS

1. Dress output plate capacitor and output transformer leads down next to chassis.
2. Dress 12SQ7 grid resistor down next to chassis, and away from power ground wire to switch.
3. Dress lead from 2nd I-F transformer to volume control down to chassis and away from adjacent parts.
4. Keep grid end of R1 as short as possible.
5. Keep body of C1A slightly away from chassis.

POWER SUPPLY POLARITY.—For operation on d-c, the power plug must be inserted in the outlet for correct polarity. If the set does not function, reverse the plug. On a-c, reversal of the plug may reduce hum.

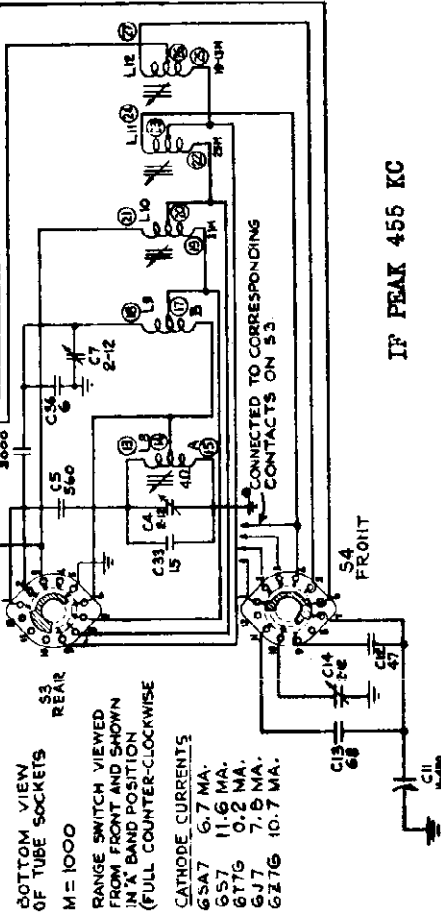
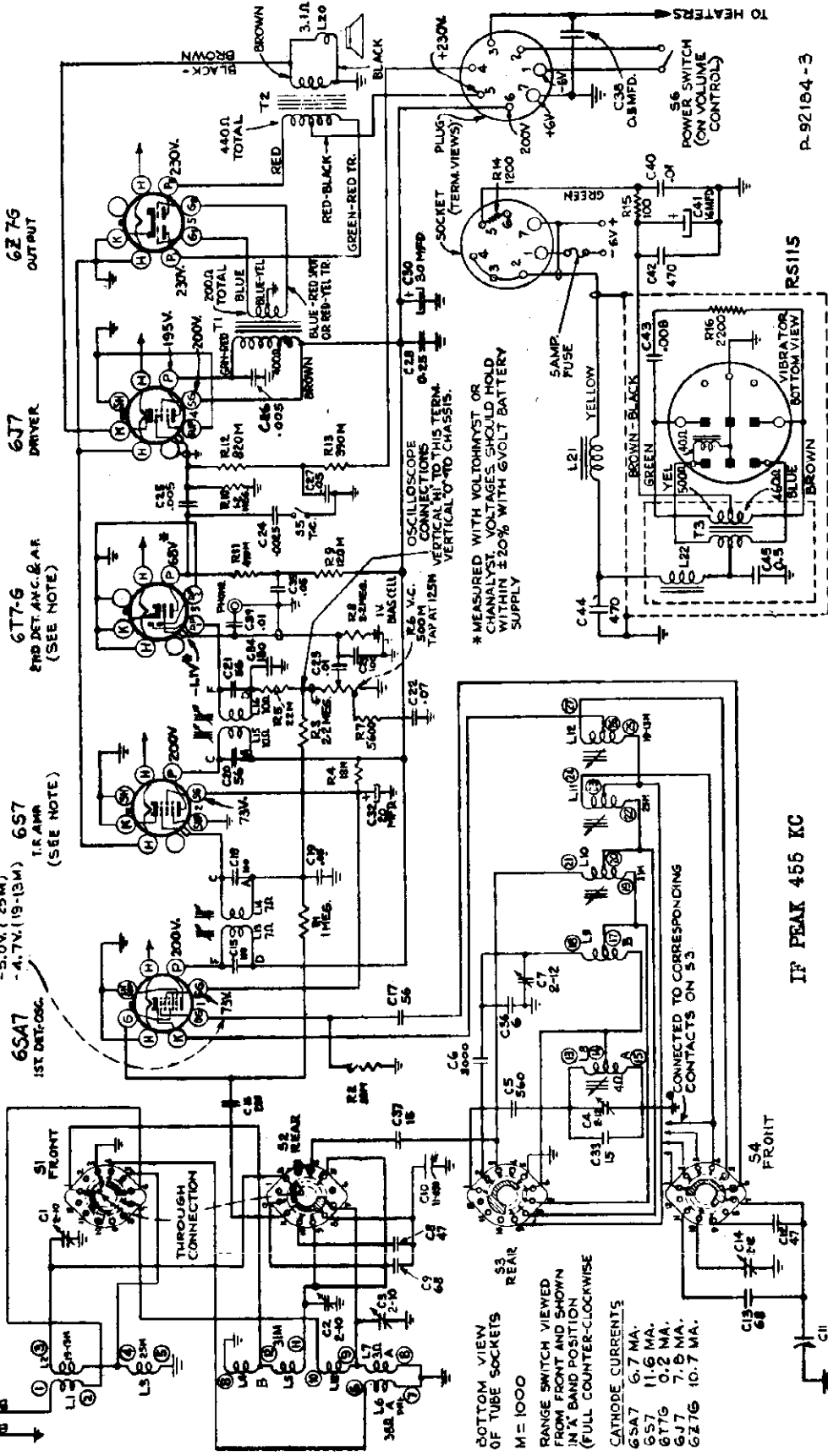
CAUTION.—Repair of the power cord furnished with Model Q10A should not be attempted; apply to your RCA Distributor for a replacement.



Location of Controls

NOTE In some units, a 6K7 may be substituted for the 6S7 and a 6Q7 in place of the 6T7G.

- * 5.5V. (600 KC)
- 7.0V. (1500 KC)
- 3.5V. (2.9 MC)
- 5.5V. (5.5 MC)
- 5.2V. (51M)
- 5.0V. (25M)
- 4.7V. (19.13M)



Victrola Attachment:

- A jack is provided on the rear of chassis for connecting a Victrola attachment to the audio amplifying circuit.
- Power Supply Rating: With vibrator power supply unit (RS-115): 6.3 Volts, total current drain..... 3.35 amperes
- If both tube substitutions are made, the total current consumption will be increased to 3.65 Amperes.

Loanspeaker (92519-1)

- Type..... 6 1/2 inch, permanent-magnet dynamic
- Voice-coil Impedance at 400 cycles..... 3.4 ohms

FREQUENCY RANGES

- Standard Broadcast ("A" Band)..... 540-1,770 kc (555-174 m)
- Medium Wave ("B" Band)..... 2.9-5 mc (103-31.6 m)
- "11" Meter Spread Band..... 9.5-12 mc (31.6-25 m)
- "25" Meter Spread Band..... 11.7-15 mc (25.6-20 m)
- "19-13" Meter Spread Band..... 15.1-22 mc (19.9-13.6 m)

INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY..... 455 kc

POWER OUTPUT

- Undistorted..... 3.1 watts
- Maximum..... 4.5 watts

FUSE

- 3AG..... 5 Amp.

P-92184-3

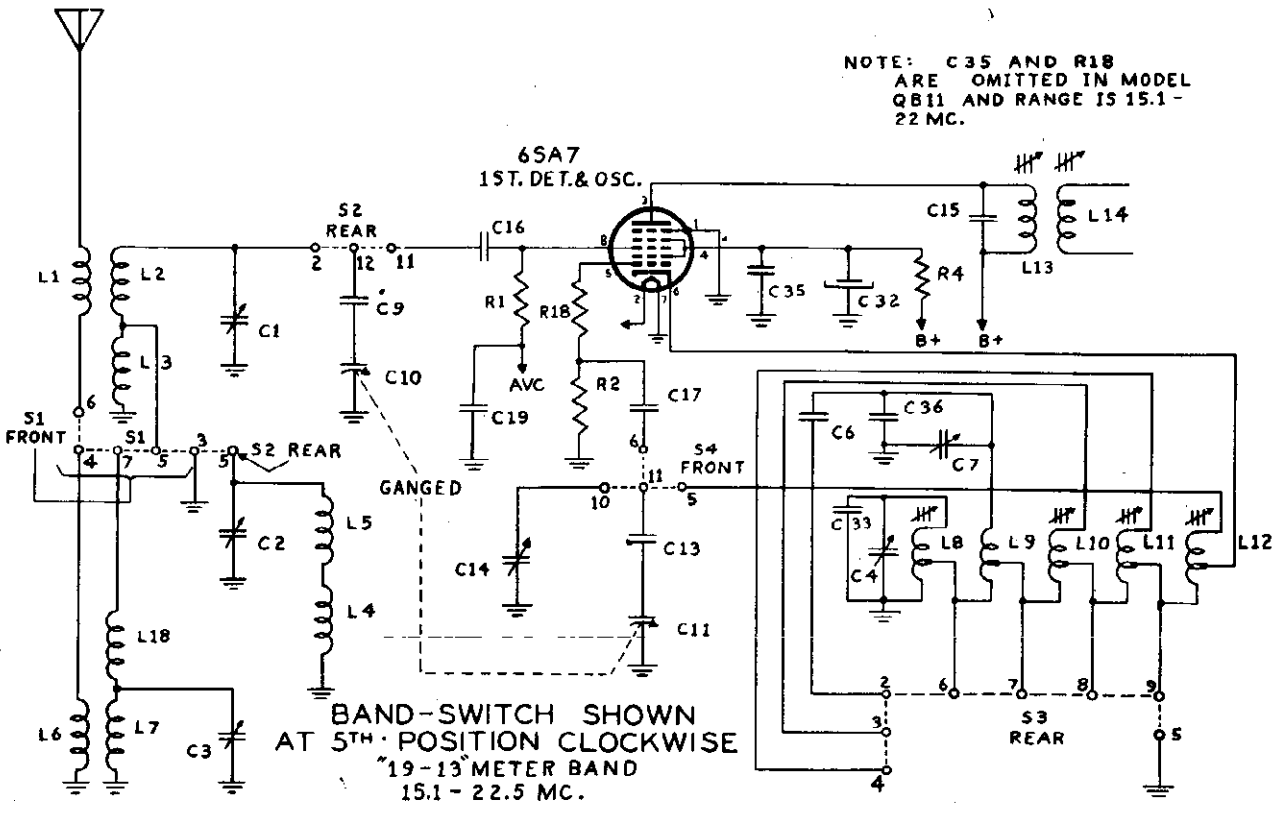
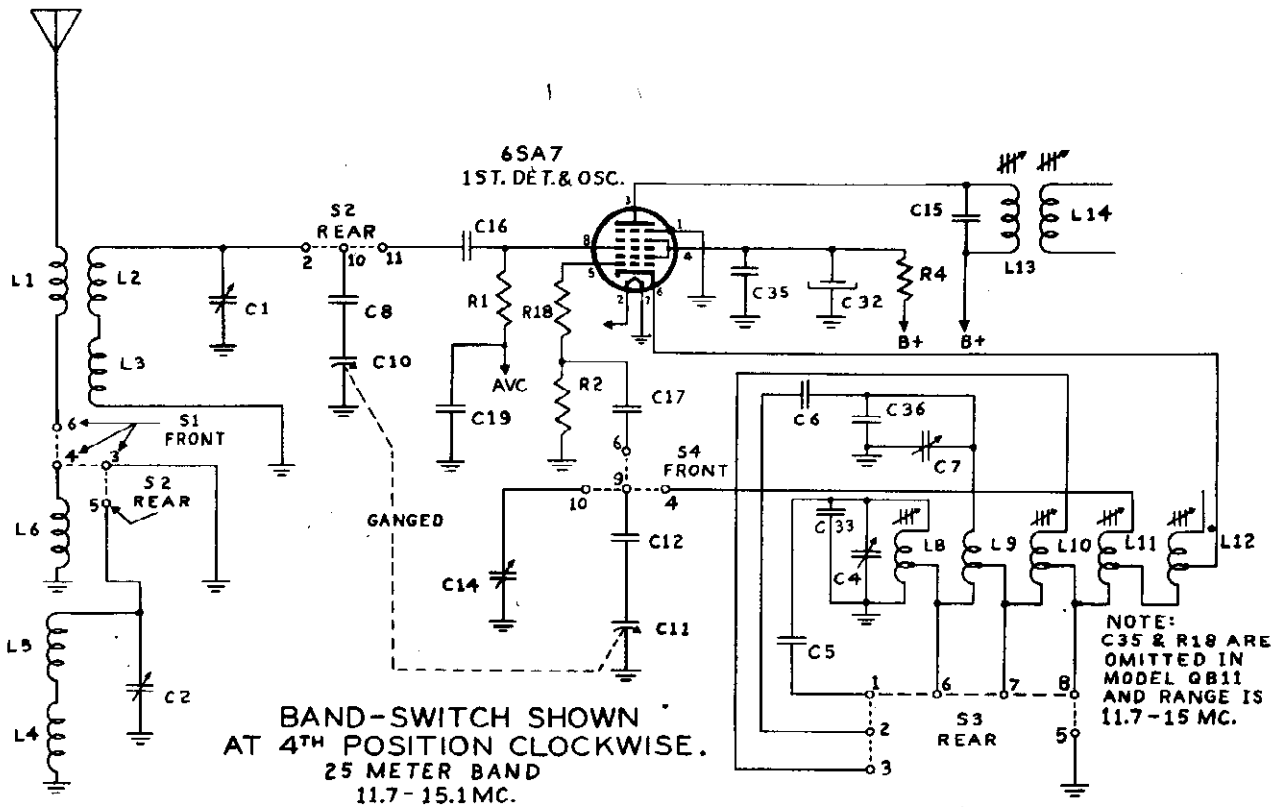
IF PEAK 455 KC

TO HEATERS

"clarified schematics"

MODEL QB11
MODELS Q22A, Q32

RCA MFG. CO.



RCA MFG. CO.

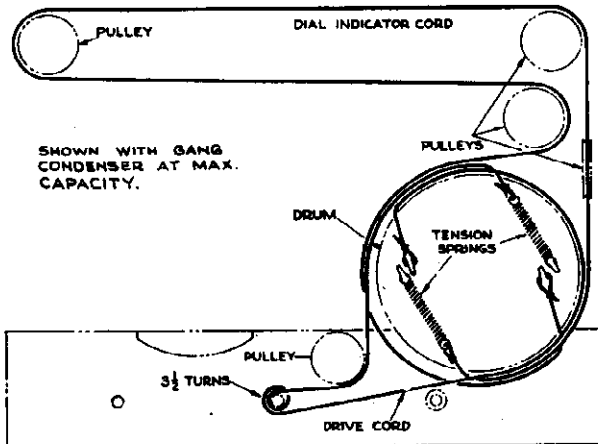
Cathode-Ray Alignment is the preferable method. Connections for the oscilloscope are shown in the diagram.

Output Meter Alignment.—If this method is used, connect the meter across the voice coil, and turn the receiver volume control to maximum.

Test-Oscillator.—For all alignment operations, connect the low side of the test-oscillator to the receiver chassis, and keep the oscillator output as low as possible to avoid a-v-c action.

Calibration Scale on Indicator-Drive-Cord Drum.—The tuning dial is fastened in the cabinet and cannot be used for reference during alignment, therefore a calibration scale is attached to the indicator-drive-cord drum which is mounted on the shaft of the gang condenser. The setting of the gang condenser is read on this scale, which is calibrated in degrees.

As the first step in r-f alignment, check the position of the drum. The "180°" mark on the drum scale must be vertical and directly over the center of the gang-condenser shaft when the plates are fully meshed. The drum is held to the shaft by means of two set screws, which must be tightened securely when the drum is in the correct position.



Victrola Attachment.

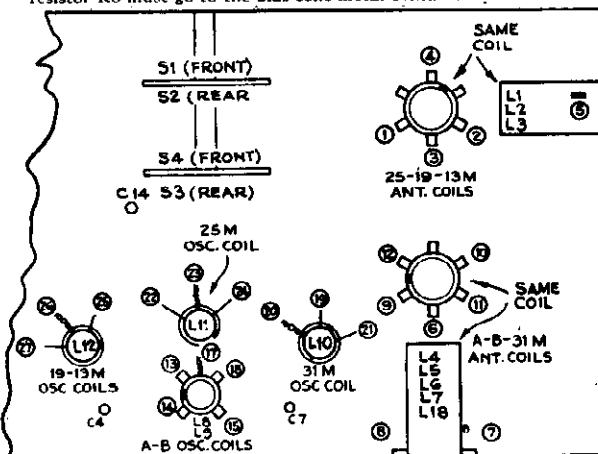
The cable from the Victrola attachment should be terminated with a Stock No. 31048 plug.

When Victrola attachment is in use, the volume control on the radio should be at minimum, and, if necessary, tune set off frequency from any very strong station.

When Victrola attachment is not in use its plug should be disconnected.

Precautionary Lead Dress.

1. Twist yellow lead from terminal 14 of L8 to terminal 6 of S3 with the lead from terminal 27 of L12 to terminal 5 of S4.
2. All other oscillator coil leads must be kept apart from each other as well as from other leads and parts. No two leads may be less than 1/4 inch apart.
3. The lead from the tap on 19-13 oscillator coil to pin number 6 of 6SA7 socket should be dressed up and away from all parts as far as possible.
4. Condensers C8, C9 and C16 must be as far away from all metal parts as possible.
5. All leads from the antenna coil to the range switch should be dressed together.
6. The green lead from pin 4 of 6SA7 socket to pin 4 of the 6S7 socket should be dressed down against the chassis and away from the I. F. terminals.
7. AVC by-pass condenser C19 and the lead from pin number 7 of the 6T7G socket must clear the tuning flywheel by at least 1/4 inch.
8. The leads to the power switch should be twisted and dressed up and away from the bias cell.
9. The bias cell must be installed in the correct polarity. The lead from resistor R8 must go to the bias cells metal container.



Coil and Band Switch Locations (Bottom Chassis View)

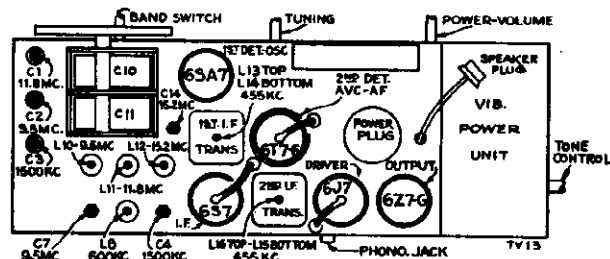
Steps	Connect the high side of the test-osc. to—	Tune test-osc. to—	Range switch	Turn radio dial to—	Adjust the fol lowing for max. peak output
1	I-F grid cap. in series with .01 mfd.	455 kc	A	Quiet point near 180°	L16—L15 2nd I-F transformer
2	1st Det. grid, in series with .01 mfd.				L14—L13 1st I-F transformer
3		11.8 mc	25M	138.5°	L11 (osc.)* C1 (ant.)
4		15.2 mc			17°	C14 (osc.)***
5		Repeat steps 3 and 4.			
6	Ant. lead in series with 300 ohms	15.2 mc	10-13M	156°	L12 (osc)*
7		9.5 mc	31M	156°	L10 (osc.)* C2 (ant.)
8		9.5 mc	B	11.5°	C7 (osc.)**
9	Ant. lead in series with 200 mmf.	1,500 kc	A	26°	C4 (osc.)** C3 (ant.)
10		600 kc		150°	L8 (osc.)* (Rock gang.)
11	Repeat steps 9 and 10.				

*If two peaks can be obtained, use the one obtained when the core set is farthest out (counter-clockwise).

**Use minimum capacity peak if two can be obtained.

***Use minimum capacity peak if two can be obtained. Check image determine that C14 has been adjusted to the correct peak by tuning receive to approximately 14.29 mc (29°) where a weaker signal should be received.

NOTE: Oscillator tracks above signal on all bands.



Tube and Trimmer Locations (Top Chassis View)

Pointer for Calibration Scale.—Improvise a pointer for the calibration scale by fastening a piece of wire to the gang-condenser frame, and bend the wire so that it points to the "180°" mark on the calibration scale when the plates are fully meshed. The correct setting of the gang in degrees, for each alignment frequency, is given in the alignment table.

Receiver Dial with Calibration Scale.—To determine the corresponding frequency for any setting of the calibration scales, refer to the dial with calibration scale drawing.

Dial-Indicator Adjustment.—After fastening the chassis in the cabinet attach the dial indicator to the drive cable with indicator at the 540 kc mark, and gang condenser fully meshed. The indicator has a clip for attachment to the cable.

Spread-Band Alignment.—The most satisfactory method of aligning or checking the spread-band ranges is on actual reception of short-wave stations of known frequency, by adjusting the oscillator coil magnetite-core for each band so that these stations come in at the correct points on the dial.

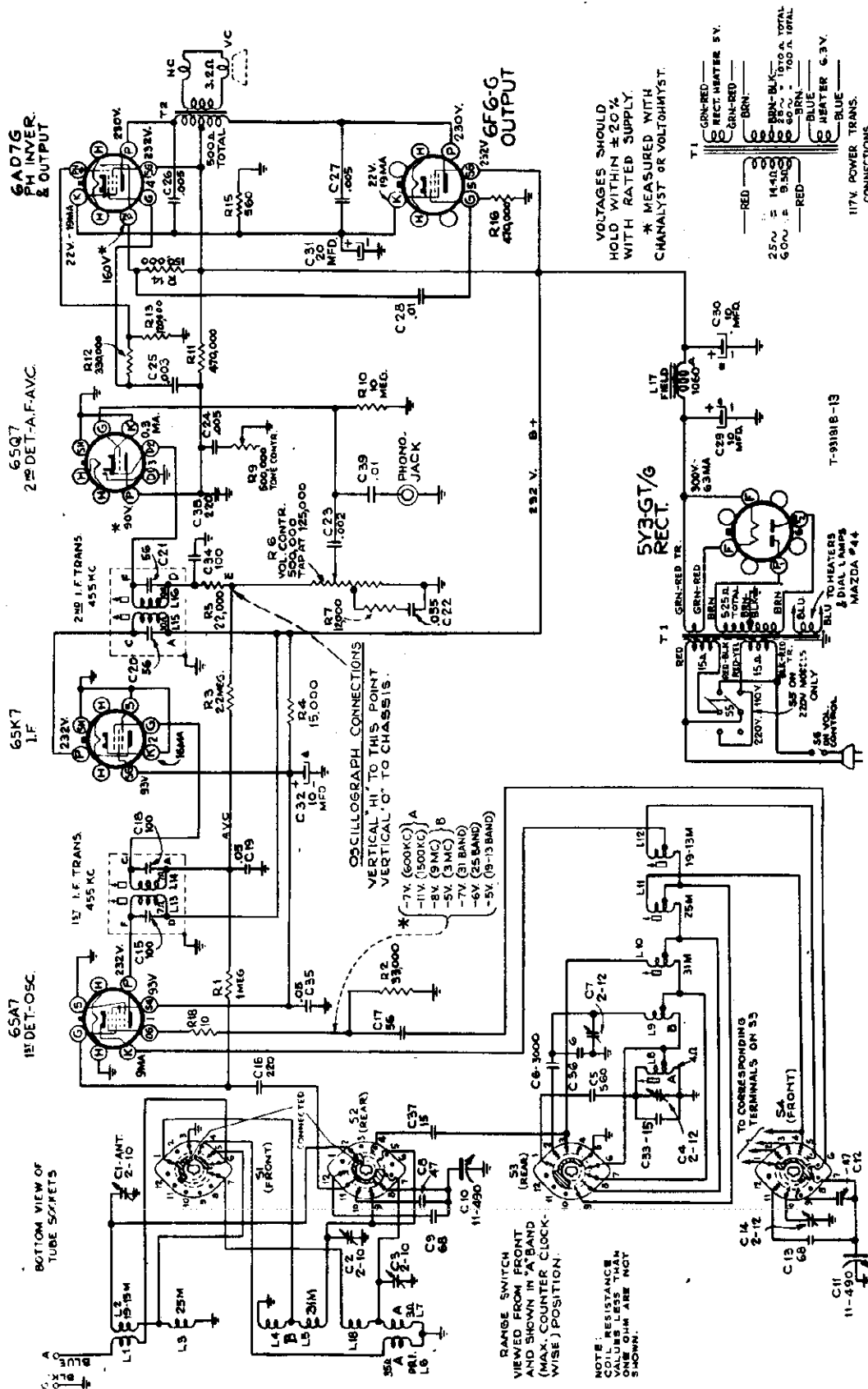
In exceptional cases, when the set is being serviced in a location where the noise level is high enough to prevent reception of short-wave stations, a test-oscillator may be used for alignment, but an extremely high degree of accuracy is required in the frequency settings of the test-oscillator, as a slight error will produce considerable inaccuracy on the spread-band dials. The frequency settings of the test-oscillator may be checked by one or both of the following methods:

1. Determine the exact dial settings of the test-oscillator (for frequencies at or close to the specified alignment frequencies) by zero-beating the test-oscillator against short-wave stations of known frequency.
2. Use harmonics of the standard-broadcast range of the test-oscillator, first checking the frequency settings on this range by means of a crystal calibrator, or by zero-beating against standard broadcast stations.

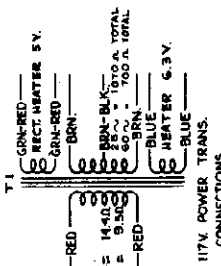
When a test oscillator is employed for spread-band alignment, a final check should be made on actual reception of short-wave stations of known frequency, and the oscillator coil magnetite-core for each band should be re-touched so that the stations come in at the correct points on the dial.

STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION	STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION
CHASSIS ASSEMBLIES RC 529A			
35640	Bracket—Support bracket complete with one (1) drive cord pulley	35633	Shaft—Range indicator shaft
35639	Bracket—Support bracket complete with three (3) drive cord pulleys	35637	Shaft—Tuning knob shaft
35622	Bracket—Support bracket for tuning knob shaft	35787	Socket—Phono-input socket
37976	Bracket—Support bracket for tone control	31251	Socket—Tube socket
35642	Calibrator—Drive drum calibrator	31418	Spring—Indicator cord spring or drive cord spring
12714	Capacitor—Air trimmer, 2-12 mmf. (C-4, C-7, C-14)	12007	Spring—Retaining spring for I.F. transformers' core and stud assemblies
34654	Capacitor—Mica trimmer, triple, 2.5-10 mmf. (C-1, C-2, C-3)	31261	Spring—Retaining spring for oscillator coils core and stud assemblies
35646	Capacitor—Ceramic, 6 mmf. (C-36)	35621	Switch—Range switch (S-1, S-2, S-3, S-4)
36012	Capacitor—Ceramic, 15 mmf. (C-37)	33397	Switch—Tone control switch (S-5)
45465	Capacitor—Ceramic, 15 mmf. (C-33)	37898	Transformer—Driver transformer (T-1)
70582	Capacitor—Ceramic, 47 mmf. (C-8)	35636	Transformer—First I.F. transformer (L-13, L-14, C-15, C-18)
35644	Capacitor—Ceramic, 47 mmf. (C-12)	35628	Transformer—Second I.F. transformer (L-15, L-16, C-20, C-21)
39622	Capacitor—Mica, 56 mmf. (C-17)	37924	Transformer—Output transformer (T-2)
39632	Capacitor—Mica, 56 mmf. (C-20, C-21)	33726	Washer—"C" washer for idler pulley
35645	Capacitor—Ceramic, 68 mmf. (C-13)	2917	Washer—"C" washer for tuning knob shaft
70586	Capacitor—Mica, 68 mmf. (C-9)	VIBRATOR POWER SUPPLY	
39628	Capacitor—Mica, 100 mmf. (C-15, C-18, C-29)	4289	Body—Fuse connector body
39634	Capacitor—Mica, 180 mmf. (C-34)	4288	Cap—Fuse connector cap
39636	Capacitor—Mica, 220 mmf. (C-16)	39644	Capacitor—Mica, 470 mmf. (C-42, C-44)
70667	Capacitor—Mica, 560 mmf. (C-5)	71008	Capacitor—Paper, .008 mfd., 1200 volts (C-43)
70687	Capacitor—Mica, 3000 mmf. (C-6)	70652	Capacitor—Tubular, .01 mfd., 1000 volts (C-40)
70644	Capacitor—Tubular, .0025 mfd., 1400 volts (C-24)	37877	Capacitor—Electrolytic, 16 mfd., 350 volts (C-41)
70627	Capacitor—Tubular, .005 mfd., 500 volts (C-25, C-26)	37834	Case—Power supply case less cover
70652	Capacitor—Tubular, .01 mfd., 1000 volts (C-23, C-39)	14289	Clip—Battery clips (1 set)
70615	Capacitor—Tubular, .05 mfd., 400 volts (C-19, C-27, C-35)	37925	Coil—Choke coil (L-21)
71010	Capacitor—Tubular, .07 mfd., 400 volts (C-22)	37836	Cover—Power supply case cover
70619	Capacitor—Tubular, 0.5 mfd., 150 volts (C-38)	4286	Ferrule—Fuse connector ferrule and bushing
70618	Capacitor—Tubular, 0.25 mfd., 300 volts (C-28)	5140	Fuse—5 ampere
37250	Capacitor—Electrolytic, 20 mfd., 250 volts (C-32)	4290	Insulator—Fuse connector insulator
37867	Capacitor—Electrolytic, 30 mfd., 250 volts (C-30)	14409	Plug—7 contact female plug for power supply cable
31581	Cell—Bias cell	34765	Resistor—100 ohms, ¼ watt (R-15)
35632	Coil—Antenna coil, "A", "B" and 31 meter bands (L-4, L-5, L-6, L-7, L-18)	6134	Resistor—1200 ohms, 1 watt (R-14)
35631	Coil—Antenna coil, 25 meter and 19-13 meter bands (L-1, L-2, L-3)	90382	Resistor—2200 ohms, 1 watt (R-16)
35624	Coil—Oscillator coil, 19-13 meter band (L-12)	12241	Socket—Vibrator socket
35625	Coil—Oscillator coil, 25 meter band (L-11)	4284	Spring—Fuse connector spring
35626	Coil—Oscillator coil, 31 meter band (L-10)	35544	Transformer—Vibrator transformer (T-3, C-45, L-22)
35623	Coil—Oscillator coil, "A" and "B" bands (L-8, L-9)	35543	Vibrator—Plug-in vibrator
35619	Condenser—Variable tuning condenser (C-10, C-11)	4285	Washer—Fuse connector insulating washer
37833	Control—Volume control and power switch (R-6, S-6)	SPEAKER ASSEMBLIES 92510-1	
32634	Cord—Drive cord (approx. 28" overall length)	70578	Cone—Cone and voice coil assembly
34662	Cord—Indicator cord (approx. 53" overall length)	5118	Plug—3 prong male plug for speaker cable
35788	Core—Adjustable core and stud for "A" and "B" band oscillator coil	70577	Speaker—6½" P.M. speaker complete with cone and voice coil less plug
31259	Core—Adjustable core and stud for 19-13 meter, 25 meter and 31 meter bands oscillator coils	NOTE: If stamping on speaker in instrument does not agree with above speaker number, order replacement parts by referring to model number of instrument, number stamped on speaker and full description of part required.	
12006	Core—Adjustable core and stud for I.F. transformers	MISCELLANEOUS ASSEMBLIES	
35627	Drum—Drive drum less calibrator	70579	Decal—Trademark decal
35638	Flywheel—Tuning knob shaft flywheel	35654	Dial—Glass dial scale
31580	Holder—Bias cell holder	36658	Extension—Tone control shaft extension
5119	Plug—3 contact female plug for speaker cable	37838	Frame—Dial frame assembly less indicator and dial
14404	Plug—7 prong plug for power input cable	X1611	Grille—Cabinet grille cloth for Model QB11
35641	Pulley—Drive cord pulley	70580	Indicator—Station selector indicator
35630	Pulley—Idler pulley, located between tuning knob and range switch shafts	35652	Knob—Range indicator knob
30734	Resistor—5600 ohms, ¼ watt (R-7)	35651	Knob—Range switch knob
30151	Resistor—18,000 ohms, 1 watt (R-4)	35650	Knob—Tone control knob
30492	Resistor—22,000 ohms, ¼ watt (R-5)	34489	Knob—Tuning or volume control knob
30685	Resistor—33,000 ohms, ¼ watt (R-2)	4982	Spring—Retaining spring for range indicator knob
30180	Resistor—120,000 ohms, ¼ watt (R-9)	14270	Spring—Retaining spring for tone control knob, tuning or volume control knob, and for range switch knob
11988	Resistor—390,000 ohms, ¼ watt (R-13)		
30648	Resistor—470,000 ohms, ¼ watt (R-11)		
30161	Resistor—820,000 ohms, ¼ watt (R-12)		
30652	Resistor—1 megohm, ¼ watt (R-1)		
30162	Resistor—1.2 megohm, ¼ watt (R-10)		
30649	Resistor—2.2 megohm, ¼ watt (R-3, R-8)		
14350	Screw—# 8-32 square head set screw for drive drum		

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VOLTAGES SHOULD HOLD WITHIN $\pm 20\%$ WITH RATED SUPPLY. * MEASURED WITH CHANALYST OR VOLTOHMYST.

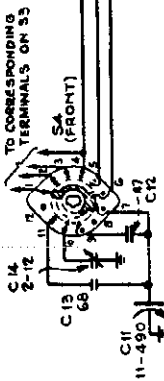


Loudspeaker.—
To center the loudspeaker voice coil, first remove the dust cover. Then loosen the center suspension by thoroughly soaking the outer edge of this suspension with repeated applications of acetone.
(Caution: Keep acetone from flowing to other parts of the loudspeaker.)
Keep the outer edge of the suspension soaked, and lift the cone, near the voice coil, up and down until the suspension is pulled away from the cone housing.
Insert 3 feelers, equally spaced, between the voice coil and the pole piece, and allow the center suspension to re-cement itself. Additional cement should be applied if necessary. Remove feelers

Precautinary Lead Dress.—
1. All leads between antenna coils and switch must be as short as possible and kept away from oscillator coil, leads and switches.
2. All oscillator coil leads must be kept apart from each other and other leads and parts.
3. Blue plate lead of 2nd 1-F transformer should be dressed under other leads and against chassis.
NOTE.—On some sets C23 may be .0015 ml., C25 may be .0025 ml.

BOTTOM VIEW OF TUBE SOCKETS

RANGE SWITCH VIEWED FROM FRONT AND SHOWN IN "A" BAND (MAX. COUNTER CLOCK-WISE) POSITION.
NOTE: COLL. RESISTANCE COILS IN THIS CIRCUIT ARE NOT SHOWN.



OSCILLOGRAPH CONNECTIONS VERTICAL 'HI' TO THIS POINT VERTICAL 'O' TO CHASSIS.
* -7V (600K) A
-1V (1500K) B
-5V (300K) C
-7V (31 BAND) D
-5V (15-13 BAND) E

Cathode-Ray Alignment is the preferable method. Connections for the oscillograph are shown on the Schematic Circuit Diagram.

Output Meter Alignment—If this method is used, connect the meter across the voice coil, and turn the receiver volume control to maximum.

Test-Oscillator—For all alignment operations, connect the low side of the test-oscillator to the receiver chassis, and keep the oscillator output as low as possible to avoid a-v-c action.

Calibration Scale on Indicator-Drive-Cord Drum—The tuning dial is fastened in the cabinet and cannot be used for reference during alignment, therefore a calibration scale is attached to the indicator-drive-cord drum which is mounted on the shaft of the gang condenser. The setting of the gang condenser is read on this scale, which is calibrated in degrees. The correct setting of the gang in degrees, for each alignment frequency, is given in the alignment table.

As the first step in r-f alignment, check the position of the drum. The "180°" mark on the drum scale must be vertical, and directly over the center of the gang-condenser shaft when the plates are fully meshed. The drum is held to the shaft by means of two set screws, which must be tightened securely when the drum is in the correct position.

To determine the corresponding frequency for any setting of the calibration scales, refer to the calibration scale drawing which shows the dial with 0-180° calibration scales drawn at top and bottom.

Pointer for Calibration Scale—Improvise a pointer for the calibration scale by fastening a piece of wire to the gang-condenser frame, and bend the wire so that it points to the "180°" mark on the calibration scale when the plates are fully meshed.

Dial-Indicator Adjustment—After fastening the chassis in the cabinet, attach the dial indicator to the drive cable with indicator at the 540 kc mark (the first mark on "A" band to the left of "550"), and gang condenser fully meshed. The indicator has a spring clip for attachment to the cable.

Spread-Band Alignment—The most satisfactory method of aligning or checking the spread-band ranges is on actual reception of short-wave stations of known frequency, by adjusting the magnetite-core oscillator coil for each spread-band so that these stations come in at the correct points on the dial.

In exceptional cases, when the set is being serviced in a location where the noise level is high enough to prevent reception of short-wave stations, a test-oscillator may be used for alignment, but an extremely high degree of accuracy is required in the frequency settings of the test-oscillator, as a slight error will produce considerable inaccuracy on the spread-band dials. The frequency settings of the test-oscillator may be checked by one or both of the following methods:

1. Determine the exact dial settings of the test-oscillator (for frequencies at or close to the specified alignment frequencies) by zero-beating the test-oscillator against short-wave stations of known frequency.
2. Use harmonics of the standard-broadcast range of a test-oscillator, first checking the frequency settings on this range by means of a crystal-controlled oscillator, or by zero-beating against standard broadcast stations.

When a test oscillator is employed for spread-band alignment, a final check should be made on actual reception of short-wave stations of known frequency, and the magnetite-core oscillator coil for each band should be retouched so that the stations come in at the correct points on the dial.

Frequency Ranges

Standard Broadcast ("A" Band)	540-1.720 kc (556-174 m)
Medium Wave ("B" Band)	3.0-9.5 mc (100-31.6 m)
"31" Meter Spread Band	9.5-11.7 mc (31.6-25.6 m)
"25" Meter Spread Band	11.7-15.1 mc (25.6-19.9 m)
"19-13" Meter Spread Band	15.1-22.5 mc (19.9-13.3 m)

Intermediate Frequency 455 kc

Tuning Drive Ratio 25 to 1

Power Supply Ratings

Symbol	Voltages	Frequency (cycles)	Watts
Rating A	105-125	50-60	65
Rating B	105-125	25-60	65
Rating C	105-125, 200-250	50-60	65

(Shipped in 225-250 volt position)

Victrola Attachment—A jack is provided on the rear of chassis for connection to a Victrola Attachment. The cable from the attachment should be terminated in a Stock No. 31048 plug.

When Victrola is not in use its plug should be removed. When Victrola is in use the volume control on the radio should be at minimum and, if necessary, tune set off frequency from any very strong station.

Power Output Rating

Undistorted	3 watts
Maximum	3.5 watts

Loudspeaker

Model	92517-1
Type (Electrodynamic)	6½ inches
V-C Impedance at 400 c.p.s.	3.4 ohms

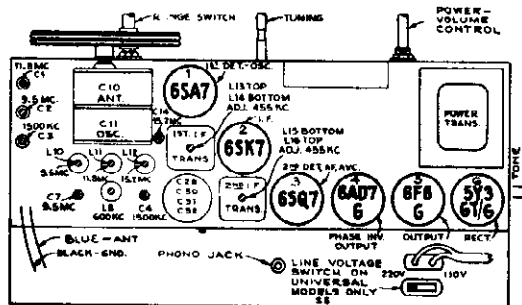
Steps	Connect the high side of the test-osc. to—	Tune test-osc. to—	Range switch	Turn radio dial to—	Adjust the following for max. peak output
1	6SK7 I-F grid in series with .01 mfd.			Quiet Point near 180°	L15 and L16 2nd I-F Trans.
2	6SA7 1st Det. grid in series with .01 mfd.	455 kc	A		L13 and L14 1st I-F Trans.
3	Ant. lead in series with 300 ohms	11.8 mc	25 M	138.5°	L11 (osc.)** C1 (ant.)
4		15.2 mc		17°	C14 (osc.)*
5		Repeat steps 3 and 4			
6		15.2 mc	19-13 M	156°	L12 (osc.)**
7	Ant. lead in series with 200 mmf.	9.5 mc	31 M	156°	L10 (osc.)** C2 (ant.)
8		9.5 mc		B	11.5°	C7 (osc.)***
9		1.500 kc	A	28°	C4 (osc.) C3 (ant.)
10	600 kc	150°		L8 (osc.) (Rock gang)	
11	Repeat steps 9 and 10				

* Use minimum capacity peak if two can be obtained. Check image to determine that C14 has been adjusted to the correct peak by tuning receiver to approximately 14.29 mc (29') where a weaker signal should be received.

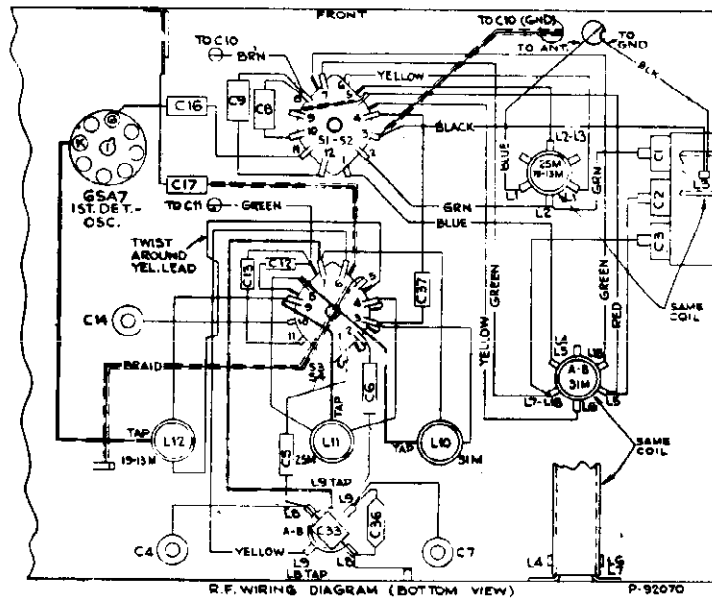
** If two peaks can be obtained use the one obtained when the core screw is farthest out (counter-clockwise).

*** Peak at minimum capacity if two peaks can be obtained.

NOTE: Oscillator tracks above signal on all bands.



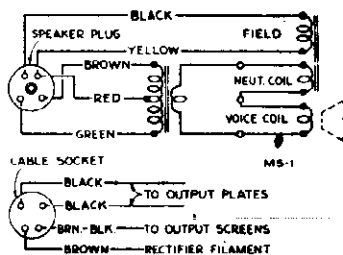
Tube and Trimmer Locations



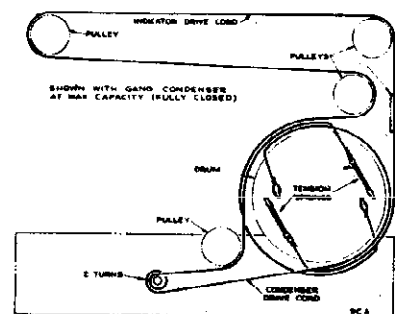
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Replacement Parts

STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION	STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION
CHASSIS ASSEMBLIES			
RC-507			
35640	Bracket—Drive cord pulley bracket complete with one (1) pulley	30436	Resistor—12,000 ohms, 1/4 watt (R7)
35639	Bracket—Drive cord pulley bracket complete with three (3) pulleys	35595	Resistor—15,000 ohms, 3/4 watt (R4)
35622	Bracket—Flywheel support bracket	30492	Resistor—22,000 ohms, 1/4 watt (R5)
37976	Bracket—Tone control support bracket	30685	Resistor—33,000 ohms, 1/4 watt (R2)
35642	Calibrator—Drive drum calibrator	30180	Resistor—120,000 ohms, 1/4 watt (R13)
12714	Capacitor—Air trimmer (2-12 mmf.) (C4, C7, C14)	30493	Resistor—150,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R14)
33014	Capacitor—Electrolytic, consisting of three (3) sections of 10 mfd., 450 volts, and one (1) section of 20 mfd., 25 volts (C28, C30, C31, C32)	14983	Resistor—330,000 ohms, 1/4 watt (R12)
34654	Capacitor—Mica trimmer, triple, 2.5-10 mmf. (C1, C2, C3)	30648	Resistor—470,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R11, R16)
35646	Capacitor—Ceramic, 6 mmf. (C36)	30652	Resistor—1 megohm, 1/4 watt (R1)
36012	Capacitor—Ceramic, 15 mmf. (C37)	30649	Resistor—2.2 megohms, 1/4 watt (R3)
45465	Capacitor—Ceramic, 15 mmf. (C33)	30992	Resistor—10 megohms, 1/4 watt (R10)
70592	Capacitor—Ceramic, 47 mmf. (C8)	14350	Screw—#3-32 square head set screw for drive drum
35644	Capacitor—Ceramic, 47 mmf. (C12)	35639	Shaft—Range switch indicator knob shaft
39622	Capacitor—Mica, 56 mmf. (C17)	35637	Shaft—Tuning knob shaft
39632	Capacitor—Mica, 56 mmf. (C20, C21)	31364	Socket—Lamp socket
70566	Capacitor—Mica, 68 mmf. (C9)	14278	Socket—Phono input socket
35645	Capacitor—Ceramic, 68 mmf. (C13)	31251	Socket—Tube socket
39628	Capacitor—Mica, 100 mmf. (C15, C18, C34)	31416	Spring—Drive cord or indicator cord spring.
39636	Capacitor—Mica, 220 mmf. (C16, C38)	12007	Spring—Retaining spring for I-F transformers' core and stud assemblies
70667	Capacitor—Mica, 560 mmf. (C5)	31261	Spring—Retaining spring for oscillator coils' core and stud assemblies
70687	Capacitor—Mica, 3000 mmf. (C6)	35621	Switch—Range switch (S1, S2, S3, S4)
70601	Capacitor—Tubular, .002 mfd., 200 volts (C23)	32827	Switch—Voltage switch (S5)
70624	Capacitor—Tubular, .003 mfd., 600 volts (C25)	35636	Transformer—First I-F transformer (L13, L14, C15, C18)
70627	Capacitor—Tubular, .005 mfd., 600 volts (C24)	35628	Transformer—Second I-F transformer (L15, L16, C20, C21)
70648	Capacitor—Tubular, .005 mfd., 1000 volts (C26, C27)	32852	Transformer—Power transformer, 105-125 volts, 50/60 cycle or 105-125/200-250 volts, 50/60 cycle (T1)
70610	Capacitor—Tubular, .01 mfd., 200 volts (C39)	35588	Transformer—Power transformer, 105-125 volts, 25/60 cycle (T1)
70631	Capacitor—Tubular, .01 mfd., 500 volts (C28)	33726	Washer—"C" washer for idler pulley
70814	Capacitor—Tubular, .035 mfd., 200 volts (C22)	2917	Washer—"C" washer for tuning knob shaft
70615	Capacitor—Tubular, .05 mfd., 200 volts (C18)	SPEAKER ASSEMBLY	
70638	Capacitor—Tubular, .05 mfd., 600 volts (C35)	STAMPED 92517-1J	
35631	Coil—Antenna coil, 19-13 meter and 25 meter bands (L1, L2, L3)	70578	Cone—Cone and voice coil assembly
35632	Coil—Antenna coil, "A," "B" and 31 meter bands (L4, L5, L6, L7, L18)	5118	Plug—4-prong male plug for speaker
35623	Coil—Oscillator coil, "A" and "B" bands (L8, L9)	70583	Speaker—6 1/2-inch E.M. speaker complete with cone and voice coil less plug and output transformer
35624	Coil—Oscillator coil, 19-13 meter band (L12)	70584	Transformer—Output transformer (T2)
35625	Coil—Oscillator coil, 25 meter band (L11)	Note: If stamping on speaker in instrument does not agree with above speaker number, order replacement parts by referring to model number of instrument, number stamped on speaker and full description of part required.	
35628	Coil—Oscillator coil, 31 meter band (L10)	MISCELLANEOUS ASSEMBLIES	
35619	Condenser—Variable tuning condenser (C10, C11)	35649	Back—Cabinet back for Q22A
35620	Control—Tone control (R9)	71038	Back—Cabinet back for Q32
35629	Control—Volume control and power switch (R6, S6)	70579	Decal—Trade mark decal
32634	Cord—Drive cord (approx. 28 inches overall length)	35654	Dial—Glass dial scale
34662	Cord—Indicator cord (approx. 53 inches overall length)	36658	Extension—Tone control shaft extension for Q32
12006	Core—Adjustable core and stud assemblies for I-F transformers	35647	Frame—Dial frame complete less indicator
35788	Core—Adjustable core and stud for "A" and "B" band oscillator coil	70581	Grille—Grille cloth for Q22A
31259	Core—Adjustable core and stud for 19-13 meter, 25 meter and 31 meter oscillator coil	X1611	Grille—Grille cloth for Q32
35627	Drum—Drive drum less calibrator	70580	Indicator—Station selector indicator
35638	Flywheel—Tuning knob shaft flywheel	35652	Knob—Range indicator knob
5040	Plug—4 contact female plug for speaker cable	35651	Knob—Range switch knob
35641	Pulley—Drive cord pulley	35650	Knob—Tone control knob
35630	Pulley—Idler pulley located between the range switch and tuning knob shafts	34489	Knob—Tuning or volume control knob
34761	Resistor—10 ohms, 1/4 watt (R18)	11891	Lamp—Dial lamp (Maxda No. 44)
30735	Resistor—560 ohms, 1 watt (R15)	14270	Spring—Retaining spring for tone control, volume control, range switch and tuning knobs
		4982	Spring—Retaining spring for range indicator knob



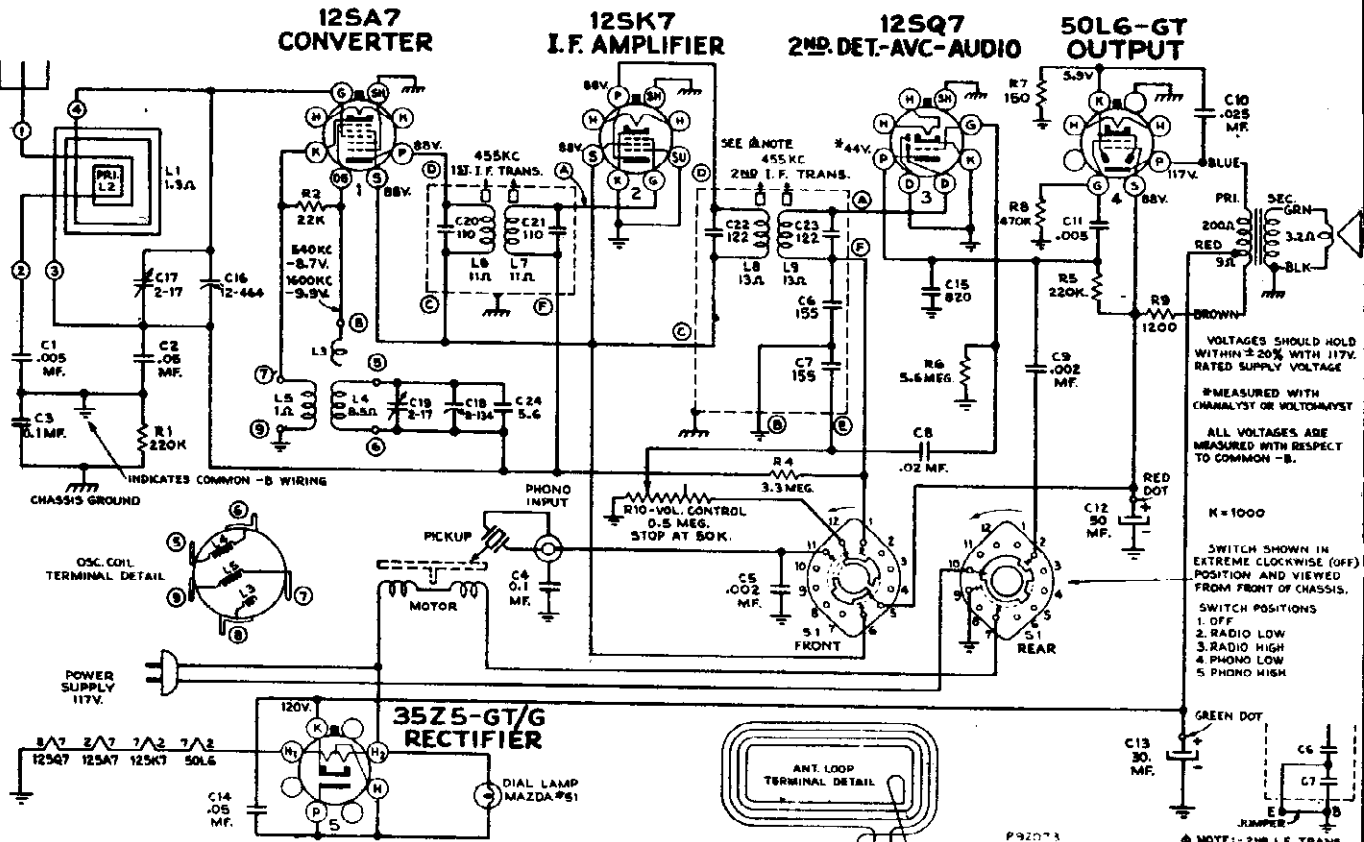
Connections and Colors of Loudspeaker and Cable



Dial-Indicator and Drive Mechanism

MODELS 55U, 55AU,
Ch. RC-1017

RCA MFG. CO.

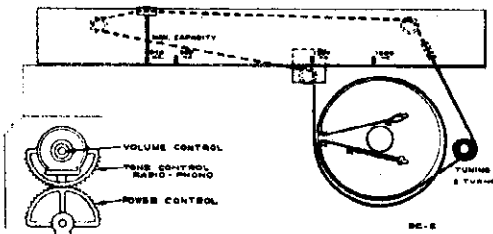


CAUTION.—CLOSE TUNING CONDENSER PLATES COMPLETELY (C-C-W) BEFORE REMOVING CHASSIS FROM CABINET.

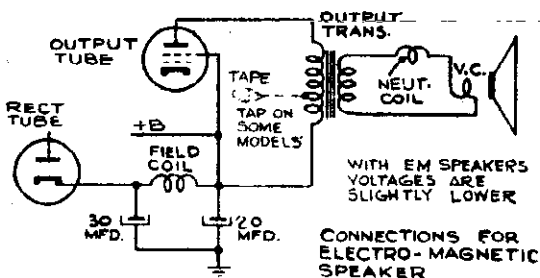
Take off both wooden strips on bottom of cabinet by removing wood screws before loosening chassis bolts.

CRITICAL LEAD DRESS.—

1. All filament wires should be dressed close to chassis.
2. Dress lead from switch to phono jack close to chassis and away from power cord.
3. Dress capacitor between 12SQ7 grid and terminal board away from chassis and away from other parts.
4. Dress all exposed leads away from each other and away from chassis to prevent short circuits.
5. In instrument assembly the lead from the rear section of gang to loop shall be dressed away from chassis and other wires to loop.



Dial Pointer Adjustment.— Rotate tuning condenser fully counter-clockwise plates (fully meshed). Adjust indicator pointer to left (max. cap.) mark on dial back plate.

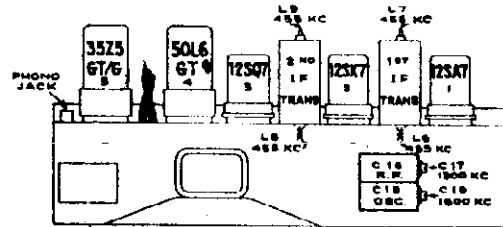


Test Oscillator.— Connect high side of test oscillator as shown in chart. Connect low side through a .01 mf capacitor to common "B". Keep the output signal as low as possible to avoid a.v.c. action.

Output Meter.— Connect meter across speaker voice coil. Turn volume control clockwise to radio maximum high position (3) for alignment.

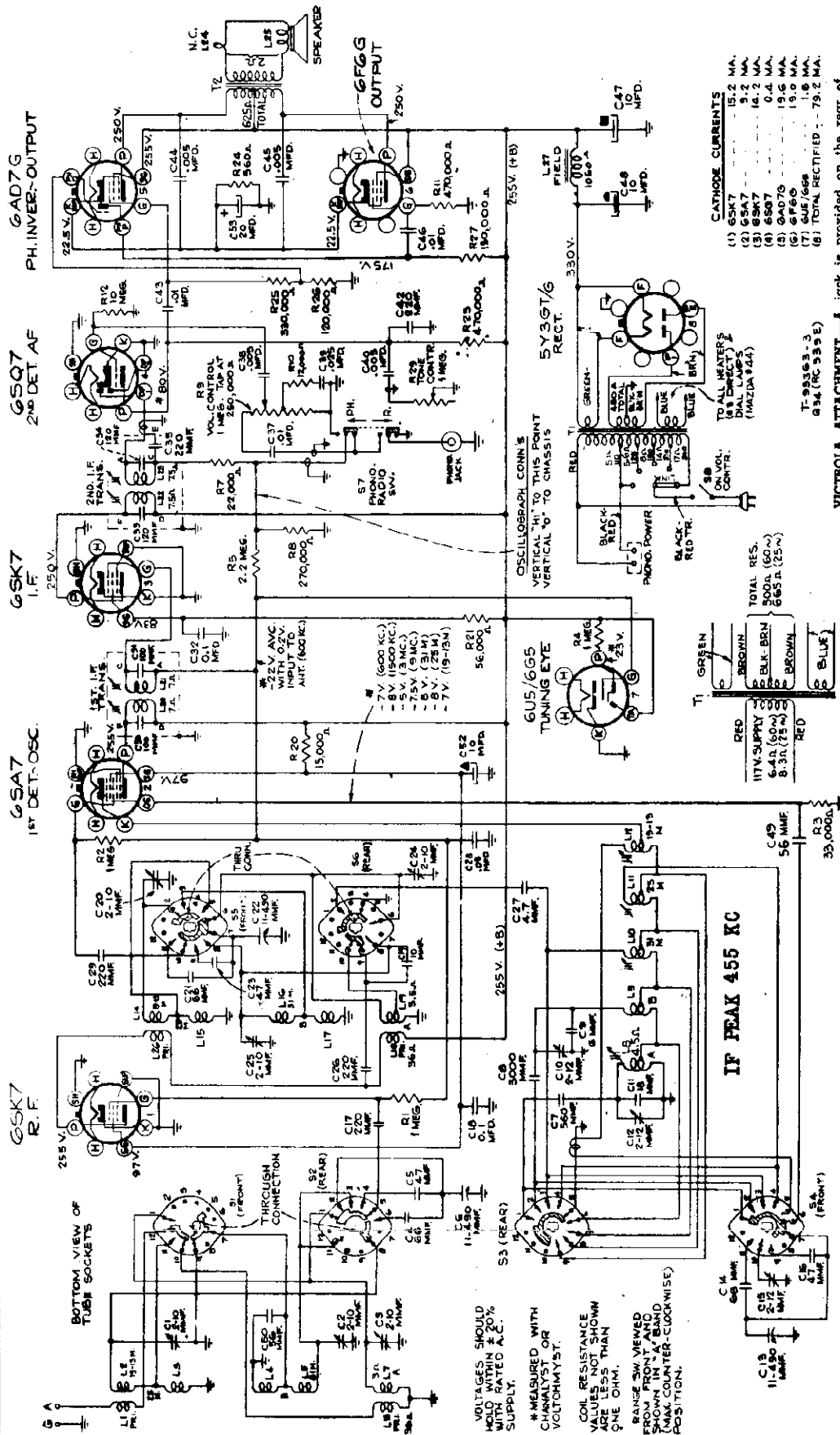
Steps	Connect the high side of test-oscillator to—	Tune test-osc. to—	Turn radio dial to—	Adjust the following for max. peak output
1	I.F. grid, in series with .01 mfd.	455 kc	Quiet point 1,600 kc end of dial	L8 and L9 2nd I.F. transformer
2	1st Det. grid in series with .01 mfd.			L6 and L7 1st I.F. transformer
3	Antenna terminal in series with 220 mmfd.	1600 kc	Gang at minimum	C19 (osc.)
4	Radiated signal 1300 kc		Signal Frequency	C17 (ant.)
5	Repeat steps 3 and 4.			

NOTE.—ANTENNA LOOP MUST BE IN CABINET



FREQUENCY RANGE..... 540-1,600 kc
 INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY..... 455 kc
 POWER SUPPLY RATING
 105-125 volts, AC, 60 cycles..... 60 watts
IMPORTANT.— Do not plug chassis into a d.c. power supply.

RCA MFG. CO.



CATHODE CURRENTS

(1) 6SK7	15.2 MA.
(2) 6SA7	9.2 MA.
(3) 6SK7	14.2 MA.
(4) 6G57	0.4 MA.
(5) 6AD7G	19.6 MA.
(6) 6F6	19.0 MA.
(7) 6U5/6G5	1.6 MA.
(8) TOTAL RECTIFIED	79.2 MA.

VICTROLA ATTACHMENT—A jack is provided on the rear of chassis for connecting a Victrola Attachment to the audio amplifying circuit. The cable from the attachment should be terminated in a Stock No. 31048 plug. A 110-volt outlet for Victrola motor is available on back of the chassis.

For Radio reception, the Radio-Phono switch (S7) should be placed in the Radio position.

When Victrola is in use, the volume control on the radio should be at minimum and, if necessary, tune set off frequency from any very strong station.

Power Supply Ratings

105-125 volts	50-60 cycles	80 watts
105-125 volts	25-60 cycles	80 watts
100-130, 140-160, 200-250 volts	50-60 cycles	80 watts

(Shipped in 225-250 volt position)

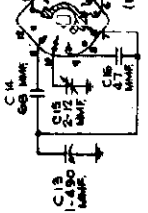
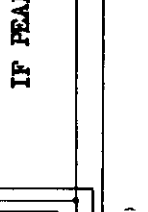
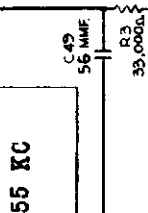
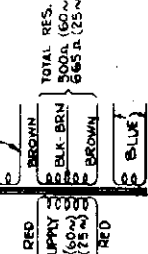
- PRECAUTIONARY LEAD DRESS**
1. Dress green leads from antenna and R.F. sections of the gang condenser away from all metal including chassis shield plates. The spaghetti-covered braid in the antenna section should be at least 1/4 inch away from the gang.
 2. Black and brown twisted filament leads between 6SA7 (1st det.-osc.) and 6SK7 (R.F.) must run along front side of shield plate.
 3. Dress mica capacitors and switch leads away from shield plates. Turn flat sides of capacitors away from shield plates. Closely twist the leads from terminals E and A of the second I-F transformer, and dress them close to the chassis.
 4. Dress volume control-arm lead and capacitor (C39) close to front apron and away from output tube bypass capacitors (C44 and C45).
 5. Dress 6SA7 10 megohm grid resistor (R12) should have minimum lead length on the grid side.
 6. Dress the capacitor (C37) on the high side of the volume control as far as possible from a-c switch.
 7. Leads to 6SA7 socket must not impede flexible mounting. The 1 megohm grid resistor (R2) must have its body as close to the grid terminal as possible.
 8. Dress 6SA7 control grid capacitor (C49) away from the coil form (L12), away from any other part.
 9. Dress 6SA7 10 megohm grid resistor (R2) must have its body as close to the grid terminal as possible.
 10. Dress 6SA7 control grid capacitor (C49) away from the coil form (L12), away from any other part.
 11. 6AD7G plate to cathode capacitor (C44) must be flat against chassis.

VOLTAGES SHOULD BE MEASURED WITH RATED A.C. SUPPLY.

*MEASURED WITH CHALYSTAT OR VOLTCALYSTAT.

COIL RESISTANCE SHOULD BE LESS THAN ONE OHM.

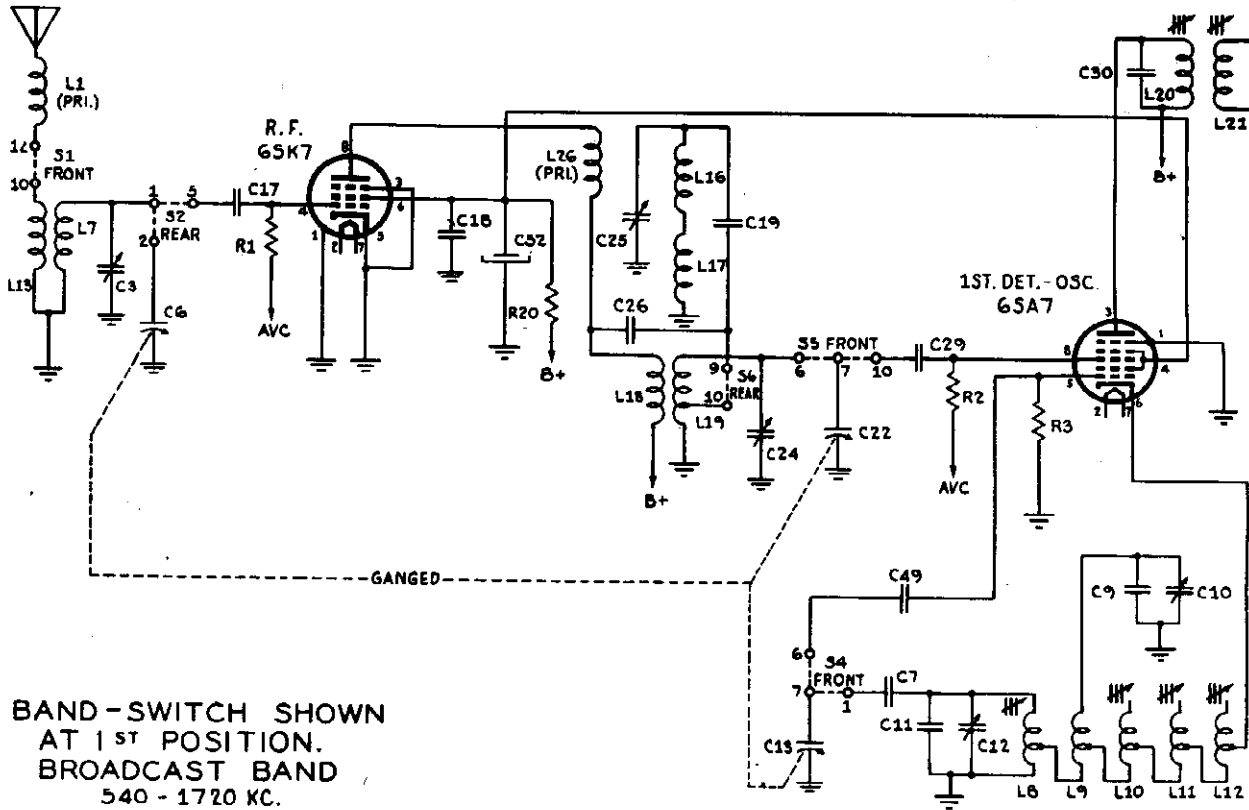
RANGE SW. VIEWED SHOWN IN "A" POSITION (MAX. COUNTER-CLOCKWISE POSITION).



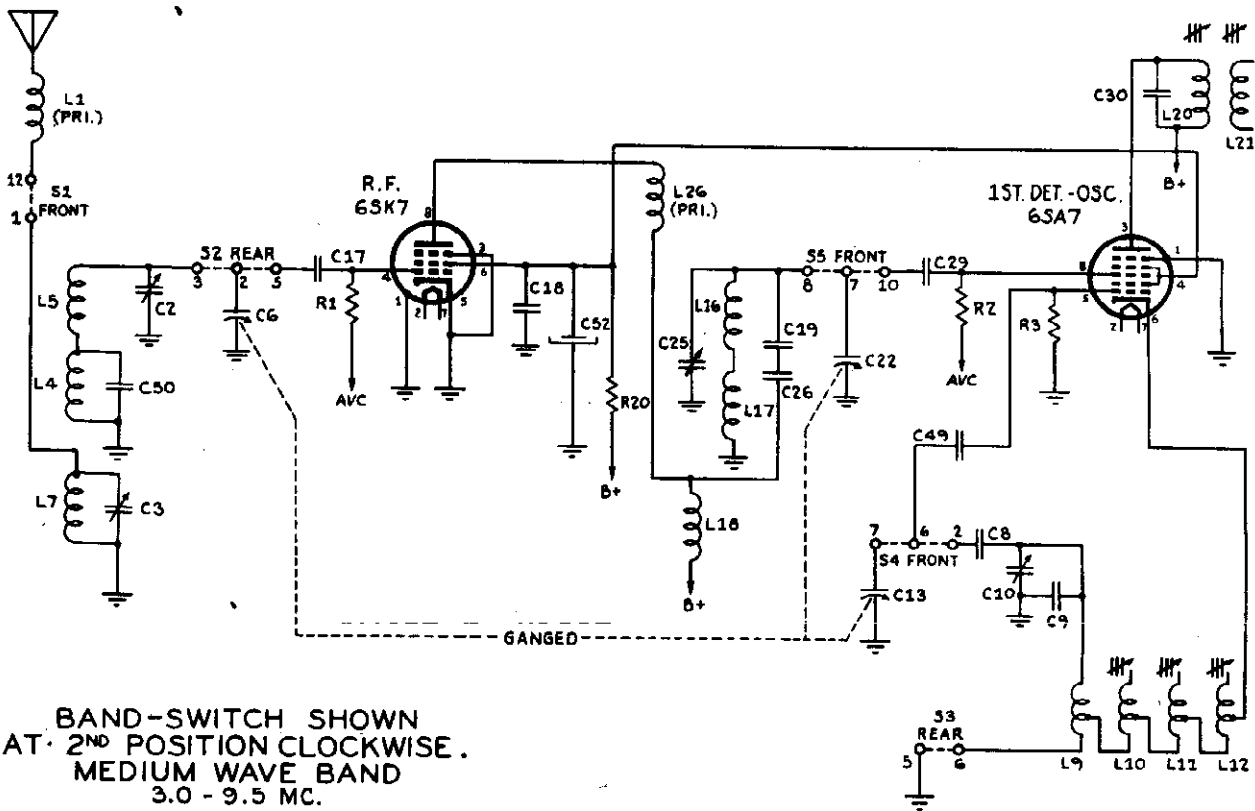
"clarified schematics"

MODEL Q34

RCA MFG. CO.

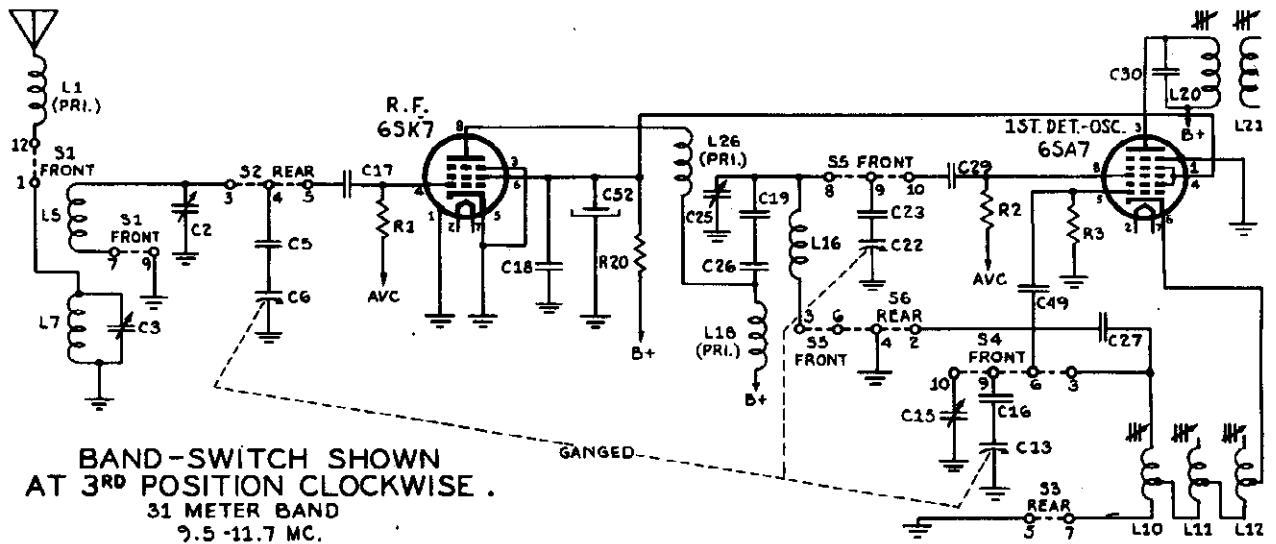


BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
AT 1ST POSITION.
BROADCAST BAND
540 - 1720 KC.

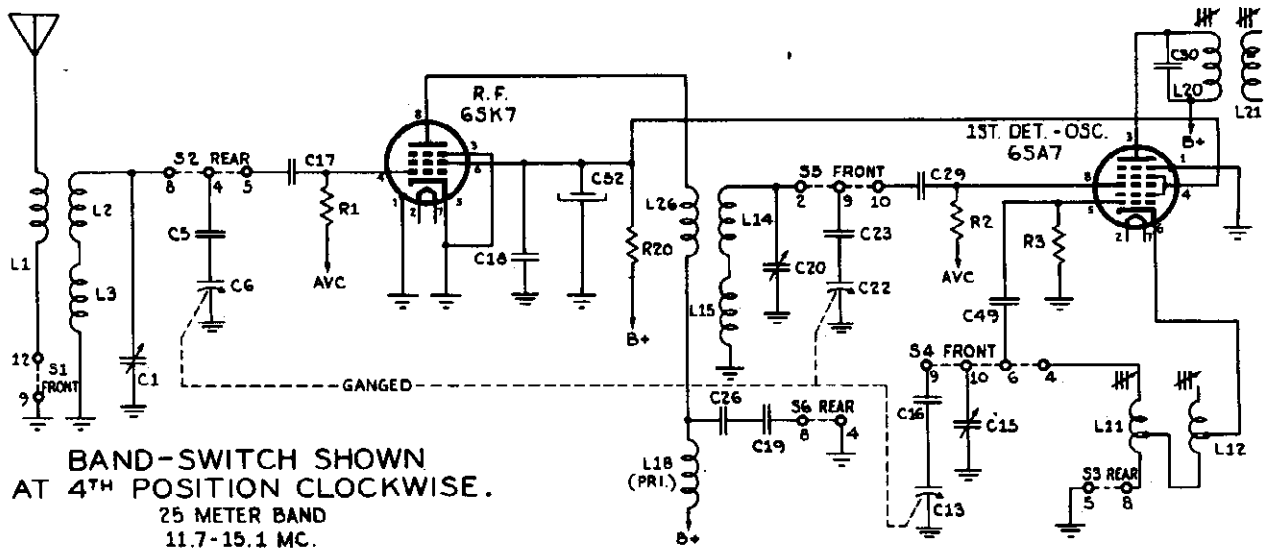


BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
AT 2ND POSITION CLOCKWISE.
MEDIUM WAVE BAND
3.0 - 9.5 MC.

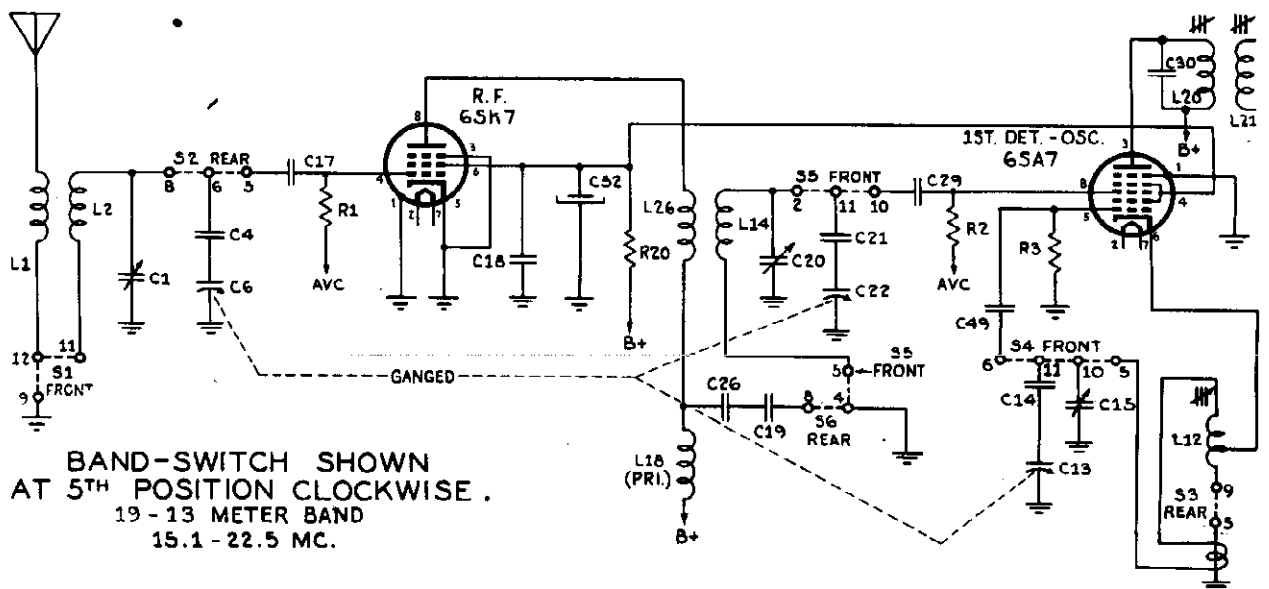
RCA MFG. CO.



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
AT 3RD POSITION CLOCKWISE.
31 METER BAND
9.5-11.7 MC.



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
AT 4TH POSITION CLOCKWISE.
25 METER BAND
11.7-15.1 MC.



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
AT 5TH POSITION CLOCKWISE.
19-13 METER BAND
15.1-22.5 MC.

RCA MFG. CO.

Cathode-Ray Alignment is the preferable method. Connections for the oscillograph are shown in the chassis drawing.
 Output Meter Alignment.—If this method is used, connect the meter across the voice coil, and turn the receiver volume control to maximum.

Steps	Connect the high side of the test-osc. to—	Tune test-osc. to—	Range Switch	Turn Radio Dial to—	Adjust the following for max. peak output
1	6SK7 I-F grid in series with .01 mfd.	455 kc	"A" band	Quiet point 600 kc end of dial	L23-L22 2nd I-F transformer
2	6SA7 1st det. grid in series with .01 mfd.				L21-L20 1st I-F transformer
3	Antenna terminal in series with 300 ohms	11.8 mc	25 meter band	11.8 mc (41.5°)	L11 (osc.) C1 (ant.) C20 (det.)
4		15.2 mc		15.2 mc (161.7°)	C15 (osc.)† Rock in
5	Repeat steps 3 and 4 until aligned.				
6		15.2 mc	19-13 meter band	15.2 mc (24°)	L12 (osc.)**
7	Antenna terminal in series with 300 ohms	9.5 mc	31 meter band	9.5 mc (23.8°)	L10 (osc.)** C2 (ant.) C25 (det.)***
8		9.5 mc	"B" band	9.5 mc (169.5°)	C10 (osc.)*
9	Antenna terminal in series with 200 mmfd.	1,500 kc	"A" band	1,500 kc (153°)	C12 (osc.) C3 (ant.) C24 (det.)
10		600 kc		600 kc (30.5°)	L8 (osc.) Rock in
11	Repeat steps 9 and 10.				

* Use minimum capacity peak if two can be obtained.
 ** If two peaks can be obtained, use the one obtained when the core screw is farthest out (counter-clockwise).
 *** Use maximum capacity peak if two peaks can be obtained.
 † Check image to determine that C15 has been adjusted to correct peak by tuning receiver to approximately 14.29 mc (147°) where a weaker signal should be received.

NOTE: Oscillator tracks above signals on all bands.

Test-Oscillator.—For all alignment operations, connect the low side of the test-oscillator to the receiver chassis, and keep the oscillator output as low as possible to avoid a-v-c action.

Calibration Scale on Indicator-Drive-Cord Drum.—The tuning dial is fastened in the cabinet and cannot be used for reference during alignment, therefore a calibration scale is attached to the rear of the indicator-drive-cord drum which is mounted on the front shaft of the gang condenser.

As the first step in r-f alignment, check the position of the drum, it should correspond to that shown in the Dial Indicator and Drive Mechanism drawing when the gang condenser plates are fully meshed. The drum is held to the shaft by means of two set screws, which must be tightened securely when the drum is in the correct position.

Pointer for Calibration Scale.—Improvise a pointer for the calibration scale by fastening a piece of wire to the gang condenser frame, and bend the wire so that it points to the "0" mark on the calibration scale when the plates are fully meshed.

The setting of the gang condenser is read on this scale, which is calibrated in degrees. The correct setting of the gang in degrees, for each alignment frequency, is given in the alignment table.

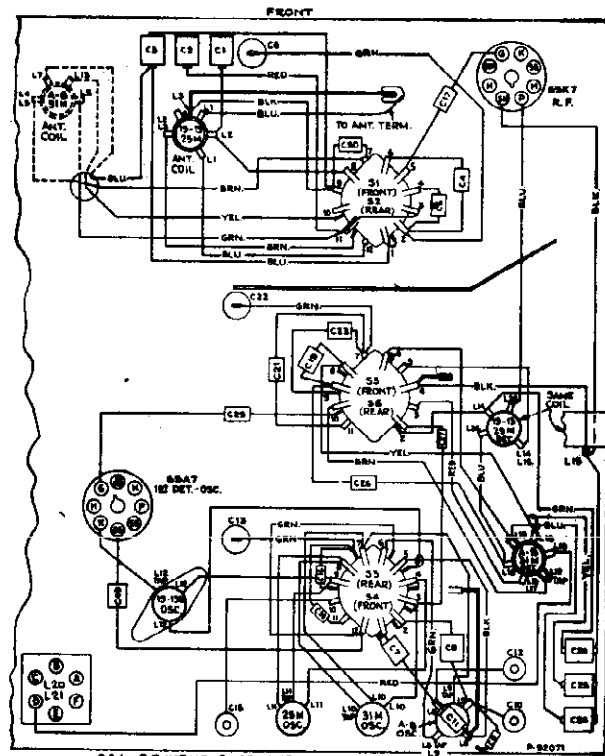
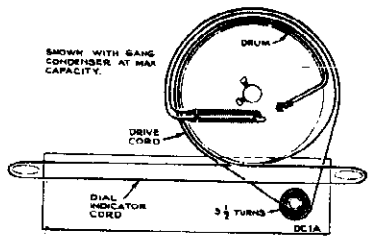
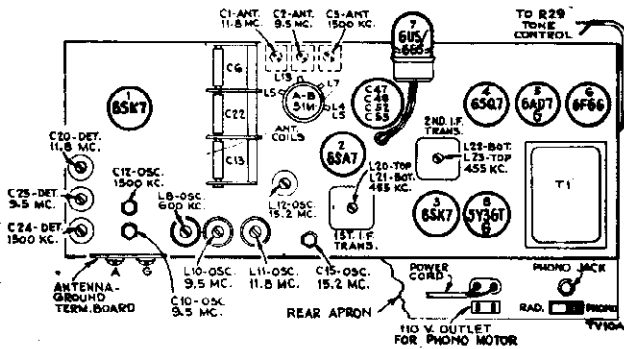
Receiver Dial with Calibration Scale.—To determine the corresponding frequency for any setting of the calibration scales, refer to the drawing.

Spread-Band Alignment.—The most satisfactory method of aligning or checking the spread-band ranges is an actual reception of short-wave stations of known frequency, by adjusting the magnetic-core oscillator coil for each band so that these stations come in at the correct points on the dial.

In exceptional cases, when the set is being serviced in a location where the noise level is high enough to prevent reception of short-wave stations, a test-oscillator may be used for alignment, but an extremely high degree of accuracy is required in the frequency settings of the test-oscillator, as a slight error will produce considerable inaccuracy on the spread-band dials. The frequency settings of the test-oscillator may be checked by one or both of the following methods:

1. Determine the exact dial settings of the test-oscillator (for frequencies at or close to the specified alignment frequencies) by zero-beating the test-oscillator against short-wave stations of known frequency.
2. Use harmonics of the standard-broadcast range of a test-oscillator, first checking the frequency settings on this range by means of a crystal calibrator, or by zero-beating against standard broadcast stations.

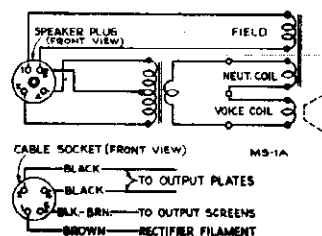
When a test oscillator is employed for spread-band alignment, a final check should be made on actual reception of short-wave stations of known frequency, and the magnetic-core oscillator coil for each band should be retouched so that the stations come in at the correct points on the dial.



Q34 R.F. WIRING DIAGRAM (BOTTOM VIEW)

RCA MFG. CO.

STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION	STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION
CHASSIS ASSEMBLIES (RC 539E)			
34502	Arm—Range switch actuating arm	30631	Resistor—270,000 ohms, ¼ watt (R8)
37053	Board—"Antenna Ground" board	14983	Resistor—330,000 ohms, ¼ watt (R25)
39857	Bracket—L.H. bracket complete with drive cord pulley	30646	Resistor—470,000 ohms, ¼ watt (R11, R23)
39858	Bracket—R.H. bracket complete with drive cord pulley	30652	Resistor—1 megohm, ¼ watt (R1, R2, R4)
37092	Calibrator—Drive drum calibrator	30649	Resistor—2.2 megohms, ¼ watt (R5)
33014	Capacitor—Electrolytic, comprising three (3) sections of 18 mid., 450 volts, and 1 section of 20 mid., 25 volts (C47, C48, C52, C53)	30992	Resistor—10 megohms, ¼ watt (R12)
37059	Capacitor—Mica trimmer, triple 2.5-10 mmf. (C1, C2, C3, C20, C24, C25)	14350	Screw—28-32 square head set screw for Arm 34502 and link 37084
33097	Capacitor—Ceramic, 4.7 mmf. (C27)	4669	Screw—28-32 square head set screw for drive drum
12714	Capacitor—Air trimmer, 2-12 mmf. (C10, C12, C15)	37096	Shaft—Range indicator knob shaft
35646	Capacitor—Ceramic, 6 mmf. (C9)	37095	Shaft—Range switch actuating shaft
36604	Capacitor—Mica, 10 mmf. (C19)	37091	Shaft—Tuning knob shaft and flywheel
39041	Capacitor—Ceramic, 18 mmf. (C11)	31384	Socket—Dial lamp socket
35644	Capacitor—Ceramic, 47 mmf. (C16)	35787	Socket—Phone input socket
70582	Capacitor—Ceramic, 47 mmf. (C5, C23)	31251	Socket—Tube socket
39822	Capacitor—Mica, 56 mmf. (C49, C50)	34864	Socket—Tuning indicator tube socket
36072	Capacitor—Mica, 66 mmf. (C4, C21)	70576	Spring—Drive cord spring
35645	Capacitor—Ceramic, 68 mmf. (C14)	31418	Spring—Indicator cord spring
39628	Capacitor—Mica, 100 mmf. (C30, C31)	12007	Spring—Retaining spring for I-F transformers' core and stud assemblies
39630	Capacitor—Mica, 120 mmf. (C33, C34)	31261	Spring—Retaining spring for 19-13 meter band and oscillator coil core and stud assemblies
39636	Capacitor—Mica, 220 mmf. (C17, C26, C29, C35, C42)	33491	Switch—Radio-phonograph switch (S7)
39626	Capacitor—Mica, 560 mmf. (C7)	37050	Switch—Range switch (S1, S2, S3, S4, S5, S6)
70687	Capacitor—Mica, 8000 mmf. (C6)	35636	Transformer—First I-F transformer (L20, L21, C30, C31)
70648	Capacitor—Tubular, .005 mid., 1000 volts (C44, C45)	36615	Transformer—Second I-F transformer (L22, L23, C33, C34, C35)
70608	Capacitor—Tubular, .005 mid., 200 volts (C38)	31733	Transformer—Power transformer, 105-125 volts, 50/60 cycle (T1)
70627	Capacitor—Tubular, .005 mid., 600 volts (C40)	31734	Transformer—Power transformer, 105-125 volts, 25/60 cycle (T1)
70610	Capacitor—Tubular, .01 mid., 200 volts (C37)	31735	Transformer—Power transformer, 105/130, 140/160, 200/250 volts, 50/60 cycle (T1)
70631	Capacitor—Tubular, .01 mid., 800 volts (C43, C46)	34373	Washer—"C" washer for range switch actuating arm
70612	Capacitor—Tubular, .025 mid., 200 volts (C39)	2917	Washer—"C" washer for tuning knob shaft
70615	Capacitor—Tubular, .05 mid., 200 volts (C38)	SPEAKER ASSEMBLY Stamped 92562-1J	
70638	Capacitor—Tubular, .1 mid., 800 volts (C18, C32)	70972	Cone—Cone and voice coil assembly
37055	Coil—Antenna coil, A, B and 31 meter band (L4, L5, L7, L13)	3039	Plug—4 prong male plug for speaker cable
37058	Coil—Antenna coil, 19-13 meter and 25 meter bands (L1, L2, L3)	70971	Speaker—7" x 9" EM speaker complete with cone and voice coil less output transformer and plug
37057	Coil—R-F coil, A, B and 31 meter bands (L16, L17, L18, L19)	70973	Transformer—Output transformer (T2)
37056	Coil—R-F coil, 19-13 meter and 25 meter bands (L14, L15, L26)	NOTE: If stamping on speaker in instrument does not agree with above speaker number, order replacement parts by referring to model number of instrument, number stamped on speaker and full description of part required.	
35624	Coil—Oscillator coil, 19-13 meter (L12)	MISCELLANEOUS ASSEMBLIES	
35623	Coil—Oscillator coil, 25 meter band (L11)	70589	Back—Cabinet back
35626	Coil—Oscillator coil, 31 meter band (L10)	70591	Board—Baffle board and grille cloth
37093	Coil—Oscillator coil, A & B band (L9, L9)	70580	Bracket—Lamp bracket
37151	Condenser—Variable tuning condenser (C6, C13, C22)	30716	Clip—Tuning tube clip
36109	Control—Tone control (R29)	39967	Crystal—Protective crystal for tuning tube
37087	Control—Volume control and power switch (R9, S6)	70579	Decal—Trade mark decal
32634	Cord—Drive cord (approx. 41 inches overall length)	39916	Dial—Glass dial scale
32634	Cord—Indicator cord (approx. 42 inches overall length)	37922	Indicator—Station selector indicator
35788	Core—Adjustable core and stud for A & B band oscillator coil	35652	Knob—Range indicator knob
12006	Core—Adjustable core and stud for I-F transformers	35651	Knob—Range switch knob
31253	Core—Adjustable core and stud for 19-13 meter, 25 meter and 31 meter band oscillator coils	35650	Knob—Tone control knob
37090	Drum—Drive drum	34489	Knob—Volume control or tuning knob
37094	Link—Link, arm and bushing assembly	11891	Lamp—Dial lamp
5040	Plug—5 contact female plug for speaker cable	39859	Rail—Pointer rail
35641	Pulley—Drive cord pulley	36641	Retainer—Retainer for tuning tube crystal
36637	Receptacle—A-C power receptacle	39438	Screw—Thumb screw for tube clip
30735	Resistor—560 ohms, 1 watt (R24)	14270	Spring—Retaining spring for tone control knob, volume control or tuning knob and for range switch knob
30436	Resistor—12,000 ohms, ¼ watt (R10)	4982	Spring—Retaining spring for range indicator knob
35585	Resistor—15,000 ohms, 3 watt (R20)		
30492	Resistor—22,000 ohms, ¼ watt (R7)		
30685	Resistor—33,000 ohms, ¼ watt (R3)		
30650	Resistor—56,000 ohms, ½ watt (R21)		
13734	Resistor—120,000 ohms, ¼ watt (R26)		
30483	Resistor—150,000 ohms, ½ watt (R27)		



Loudspeaker Connections

Frequency Ranges

Standard Broadcast ("A" Band)	540-1,720 kc (556-174 m)
Medium Wave ("B" Band)	3.0-9.5 mc (100-31.6 m)
31 Meter Spread Band	9.5-11.7 mc (31.8-25.6 m)
25 Meter Spread Band	11.7-15.1 mc (25.6-19.9 m)
19-13 Meter Spread Band	15.1-22.5 mc (19.9-13.3 m)

Intermediate Frequency 455 kc

Power Output

Undistorted	3.25 watts
Maximum	4.5 watts

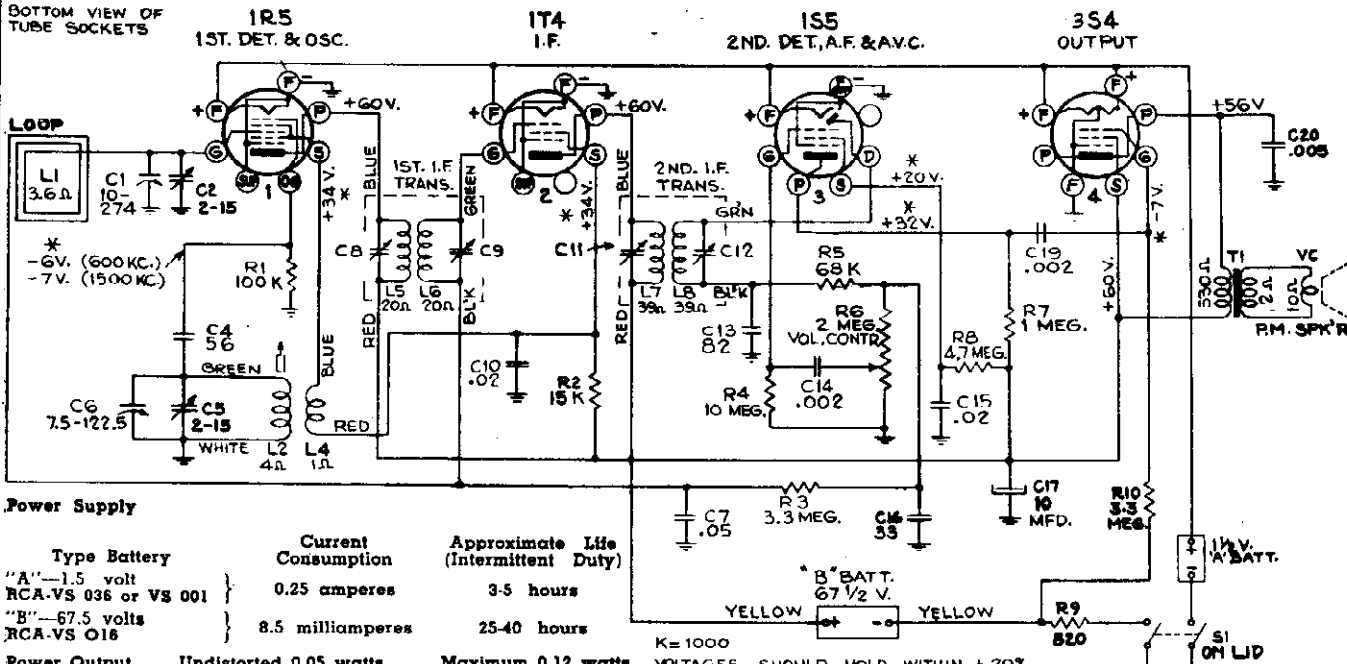
Loudspeaker

Type	7" x 9" electrodynamic
V.C. Impedance	2.2 ohms at 400 cycles
Identification Number	92562-1J

MODELS 54B1, 54B1-N,
54B2, 54B3, Ch. RC-589

RCA MFG. CO.

BOTTOM VIEW OF
TUBE SOCKETS



Power Supply

Type Battery	Current Consumption	Approximate Life (Intermittent Duty)
"A"—1.5 volt RCA-VS 036 or VS 001	0.25 amperes	3-5 hours
"B"—67.5 volts RCA-VS 016	8.5 milliamperes	25-40 hours

Power Output..... Undistorted 0.05 watts Maximum 0.12 watts
Loudspeaker
Type Permanent-Magnet Dynamic Elliptical 2 x 3 in.
Voice Coil Impedance 113/4 ohms at 500 cycles

Cabinet Dimensions (inches)..... 3-3/16 x 6 1/2 x 4-3/16
Weight..... 3 1/4 lbs. (net) Tuning Drive Ratio 1 to 1

Frequency Range 550-1,600 kc
Intermediate Frequency 455 kc

K=1000
VOLTAGES SHOULD HOLD WITHIN ± 20% WITH RATED BATTERY VOLTAGE.
* MEASURED WITH CHANALYST OR VOLTOHMYST.
ALL VOLTAGES ARE MEASURED WITH RESPECT TO CHASSIS GROUND.

P-92241 -1

Test Oscillator.—Connect test oscillator as indicated in chart keeping the output as low as possible to avoid A V C action.

Output Meter.—Connect meter from top lug of TB1 (plate of 354) to ground. Turn volume control to maximum position.

Fig. 1 shows the modifications necessary to convert the center strip portion of a case into a convenient shield to be used as a substitute for the regular case center strip in the RF, Osc. alignment.

Steps	Connect the high side of test osc. to—	Tune test-osc. to—	Turn radio dial to—	Adjust the following for max. peak output—
1	Connection lug of C2, located on rear of gang in series with .01 mf.	455 kc	Quiet point near 1,600 kc	C11, C12 2nd I-F trans.
2		455 kc	Quiet point near 1,500 kc	C8, C9 1st I-F trans.
3		1,600 kc	1,600 kc	C5 (osc.)
4	*Antenna coupling loop thru 200 mmf. capacitor	1,500 kc	1,500 kc	C2 (ant.)
5		600 kc	800 kc	L2 (osc.)
6	Repeat steps 4 and 5 for final adjustments.			

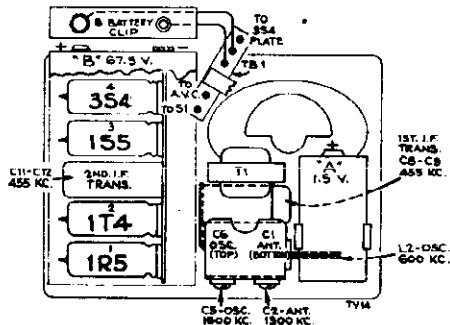
* Steps 3, 4 and 5 require a coupling loop from the signal generator to feed a signal into the receiver loop located in the lid. This loop should be approximately one turn of 5 x 3/2 inches coupled to the signal generator through a 200 mmf. capacitor, and loosely coupled to the receiver loop antenna at about 13/4 inches distance, so as not to disturb the receiver loop inductance. Ground test oscillator through .1 mf. capacitor to receiver chassis.

Tools required:

1. One Phillips No. 1 screwdriver.
2. One small neutralizing alignment tool.

CRITICAL LEAD DRESS

1. Dress blue, green and black leads of second I-F transformer as direct as possible. If excess lead exists, dress down side of socket and flat against chassis to transformer opening.
2. Cross the green and the black leads inside the first I-F transformer can, keeping the green lead to the outside. Keep the blue and the green leads separated as far as possible throughout their length.
3. Dress audio coupling capacitor (C14; .002 mf.) and the lead to the volume control up and underneath the shelf supporting the output transformer.
4. Dress the three capacitors pyramided behind the speaker, parallel to the complete assembly and with enough room behind the battery holder to allow the holder to move when a battery is installed or removed.
5. Dress the "B" battery leads behind the gang frame and over the top of the output transformer.
6. Observe the outside foil connections on all paper capacitors, also the polarity of the electrolytic capacitor (C17).
7. Keep blue and red leads of output transformer above the mounting shelf.



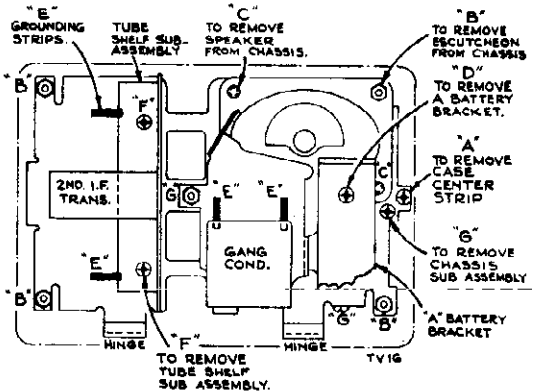
Note: DO NOT install "A" battery without cardboard cover. A rubber band should be placed around each tube for cushioning.

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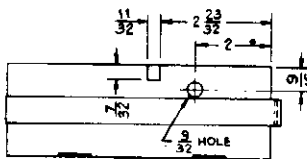
Replacement of Component Parts

- I. To remove back cover:
 - a. Depress locking spring clip through hole in top of case.
 - b. With spring clip depressed, pull cover carefully out and up off the locking lug in the bottom of the case.
- II. To replace batteries:
 - a. Remove back cover.
 - b. Remove, either or both, the "A" and "B" battery as the case may warrant. The "B" battery snap fasteners can best be removed by inserting a screwdriver under the snap fastener strip and prying upward.
- III. To remove the case center strip:
 - a. Remove one screw on the inside near the back cover.
 - b. Tilt case center strip and lift.
- IV. To replace tubes:
 - a. Remove back cover.
 - b. Remove "B" battery.
 - c. Remove case center strip.
 - d. Remove and replace tubes as required.
- V. To remove the escutcheon plate (top cover):
 - a. Remove the main dial knob, just pull.
 - b. Remove the four corner nuts (B), rear.
 - c. The plate may either be removed from the stay arm or folded into the lid.
- VI. To remove speaker:
 - a. Remove escutcheon plate (see item V above).
 - b. Remove two Phillips screws, (C) on chassis front of panel assembly holding speaker.
 - c. Unsolder voice coil leads.
 - d. Slide forward away from hinge side.
- VII. To remove output transformer:
 - a. Remove speaker (see item VI).
 - b. Remove rivet (when replacing use small brass bolt).
 - c. Unsolder mounting lug and leads.
 - d. Pull out transformer.
- VIII. To remove volume control:
 - a. Remove speaker (item VI).
 - b. Unsolder (disconnect) lead to positive terminal of "A" battery holder.
 - c. Lift up the "A" battery holder by removing the one screw in its base. This holder has a hinge action and must be lifted up and back to remove.
 - d. Remove front plate (panel) as follows:
 1. Unsolder two copper strips (E) (from end of tube shelf to front plate) located under tubes 1R5 3S4.
 2. Remove two screws (F) holding tube shelf to front plate. These screws are located between tubes 1R5 and 1T4, also 3S4 and 1S5. Rubber shock mounts may stick on studs, pry loose.
 3. Remove nut (G) beneath tube shelf below second I-F transformer.
 4. Remove screw (G) beneath the negative terminal of "A" battery holder, near cover hinge and also screw (G) adjacent to volume control below "A" battery holder near release catch.
- IX. To remove oscillator coil:
 - a. Same procedure and steps as covered in item VIII for removal of volume control plus the following.
 - b. Unsolder oscillator coil leads.
 - c. Remove coil by unsnapping spring mounting clips from angle bracket.
- X. To remove 1st I-F transformer:
 - a. Remove speaker.
 - b. Unsolder four leads from 1st I-F transformer.
 1. Blue to plate (screen used as plate) of 1R5 tube.
 2. Green to grid of 1T4 tube.
 3. Red to B+ terminal of 5 lug terminal board adjacent output transformer.
 4. Black to AVC terminal of same strip as above.
 - c. Remove connections as required from two lug terminal board adjacent to 1st I-F transformer to permit this terminal board to be moved to a position free of the 1st I-F transformer.
 - d. Unsolder and bend mounting lugs straight on the I-F transformer can. These lugs are immediately below the 2nd I-F transformer on tube shelf.
 - e. Slip 1st I-F transformer forward toward volume control and out.

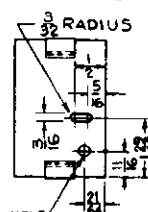
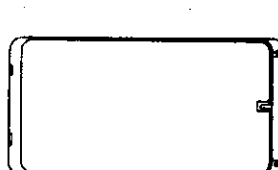
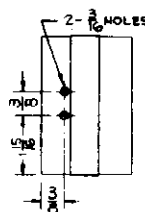
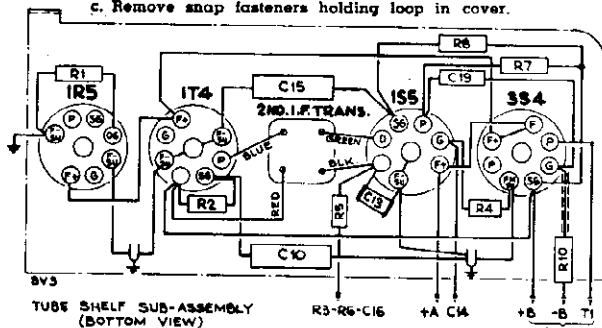
Note: It is possible to fold the 1st I-F transformer out the front of the chassis if the front plate is removed. This will eliminate the unsoldering of leads from the two lug terminal board.
- XI. To remove 2nd I-F transformer:
 - a. Carefully remove the two 0.02 uf C10, C15 capacitors.
 - b. Carefully depress the two leads (B+ and A+) near the I-F transformer case mounting lugs and unsolder these lugs from the tube mounting shelf and bend out.
 - c. Unsolder the blue (plate of 1T4), green (grid of 1S5), red (B+ on terminal board), and black leads.
 - d. Remove 2nd I-F transformer.
- XII. To remove condenser tuning gang:
 - a. Loosen oscillator coil.
 - b. Unsolder leads to tuning gang.
 - c. Unsolder grounding straps.
 - d. Remove three screws holding gang assembly to chassis.
 - e. Remove gang from rear of chassis.
- XIII. To remove loop assembly:
 - a. Unsolder loop leads in chassis.
 - b. Remove screw holding fish paper insulating envelope to chassis switch.
 - c. Remove snap fasteners holding loop in cover.



DIMENSIONS IN INCHES.



ALIGNMENT SHIELD.



MODELS 54B1, 54B1-N,
54B2, 54B3, Ch. RC-589
MODELS 55U, 55AU, Ch. RC-1017

RCA MFG. CO.

MODELS 54B1, 54B1-N, 54B2, 54B3

STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION	STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION
CHASSIS ASSEMBLIES RC 589 54B1 BLACK RC 589A 54B2 BROWN		70983	Plate—Backing plate for mounting hinge on lid—Model 54B2—Brown (2 required)
70444	Board—Speaker terminal board (5 contact)	14076	Resistor—820 ohms, 1/4 watt (R9)
70445	Board—Terminal board (1 contact)	36714	Resistor—15,000 ohms, 1/4 watt (R2)
33111	Capacitor—Ceramic, 33 mmf. (C16)	14138	Resistor—68,000 ohms, 1/4 watt (R5)
60954	Capacitor—Ceramic, 56 mmf. (C4)	3252	Resistor—100,000 ohms, 1/4 watt (R1)
65405	Capacitor—Ceramic, 82 mmf. (C13)	30652	Resistor—1 megohm, 1/4 watt (R7)
70454	Capacitor—Tubular, .002 mfd., 150 volts (C14, C18)	12928	Resistor—3.3 megohms, 1/4 watt (R3, R10)
70627	Capacitor—Tubular, .005 mfd., 500 volts (C20)	30931	Resistor—4.7 megohms, 1/4 watt (R8)
70453	Capacitor—Tubular, .02 mfd., 100 volts (C10, C15)	30992	Resistor—10 megohms, 1/4 watt (R4)
71013	Capacitor—Tubular, .05 mfd., 400 volts (C7)	70421	Screw—Case cover mounting screw (1 set)—Model 54B1
36718	Capacitor—Electrolytic, 10 mfd., 50 volts (C17)	71150	Screw—Case cover mounting screw—Model 54B2
70443	Coil—Oscillator coil (L2, L4)	70446	Screw—26-32 x 1/4" long self-tapping screw to mount battery holder
70498	Condenser—Variable tuning condenser (C1, C2, C5, C6)	70438	Socket—Tube socket
70452	Connector—Loop connector (1 set)	70423	Spacer—Rubber shock spacer
70439	Control—Volume control (R6)	70428	Speaker—2" x 3" elliptical P.M. speaker
70449	Fastener—Push fastener to hold loop—(2 required)	70425	Spring—Tuning knob spring clip
70429	Grommet—Rubber grommet for tube support (2 required), and to mount variable condenser (3 required)	70426	Stud—Lid support stud
70434	Hinge—Lid hinge—Model 54B1—Black (2 required)	70451	Support—Lid support
70984	Hinge—Lid hinge—Model 54B2—Brown (2 required)	70435	Support—Tube support less tube sockets and transformer
70441	Holder—Battery holder	70430	Switch—Power switch (S1)
70424	Knob—Tuning knob	70442	Transformer—First I-F transformer (L5, L6, C8, C9)
70432	Knob—Volume control knob	70440	Transformer—Output transformer (T1)
70708	Lead—Battery lead complete	70437	Transformer—Second I-F transformer (L7, L8, C11, C12)
70450	Lid—Case lid complete with lid support less loop—Model 54B1—Black	70433	Washer—Spring washer for volume control knob
70986	Lid—Case lid complete with lid support less loop—Model 54B2—Brown	MISCELLANEOUS ASSEMBLIES	
70447	Loop—Antenna loop complete with connectors less lid — Model 54B1—Black	70456	Bottom—Case bottom—54B1—Black
70985	Loop—Antenna loop complete with connectors less lid — Model 54B2—Brown	70988	Bottom—Case bottom—54B2—Brown
70449	Nameplate—"RCA" nameplate	70457	Catch—Spring catch assembly
70427	Nut—Retaining nut for lid support stud	70455	Center—Case center—Model 54B1—Black
70420	Panel—Chrome panel	70987	Center—Case center—Model 54B2—Brown
70422	Plate—Backing plate for mounting hinge on lid—Model 54B1—Black (2 required)	70459	Handle—Carrying handle—Model 54B1—Black
		70989	Handle—Carrying handle—Model 54B2—Brown
		70461	Link—Handle link—Model 54B1—Black (2 required)
		70990	Link—Handle link—Model 54B2—Brown (2 required)
		70450	Nameplate—"His Master's Voice" nameplate
		70460	Screw—24-40 x 1/8" fillister head screw for case center strip

MODELS 55U, 55AU

STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION	STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION
CHASSIS ASSEMBLY (RC 1017)		70388	Shaft—Tuning knob shaft
70389	Bearing—Tuning knob shaft bearing	34449	Socket—Lamp socket
70407	Button—Plug button (2 required)	35787	Socket—Phono input socket
70997	Capacitor—Ceramic, 5.6 mmf. (C24)	37605	Socket—Tube socket—moulded
39650	Capacitor—Mica, 820 mmf. (C15)	70390	Spring—Drive cord tension spring
70601	Capacitor—Tubular, .002 mfd., 400 volts (C5, C9)	70396	Spring—Volume control gear tension spring
70606	Capacitor—Tubular, .005 mfd., 400 volts (C1, C11)	70304	Switch—Power or radio phono switch (S1)
70611	Capacitor—Tubular, .02 mfd., 400 volts (C8)	70386	Transformer—First I.F. transformer (L6, L7; C20, C21)
70612	Capacitor—Tubular, .025 mfd., 400 volts (C10)	70387	Transformer—Second I.F. transformer (L8, L9; C22, C23; C6, C7)
70615	Capacitor—Tubular, .05 mfd., 400 volts (C2, C14)	70385	Transformer—Output transformer
70617	Capacitor—Tubular, 0.1 mfd., 400 volts (C3, C4)	33726	Washer—"C" washer for tuning knob shaft
70408	Capacitor—Electrolytic comprising 1 section of 30 mfd., 150 volts and 1 section of 50 mfd., 150 volts (C12, C13)	70406	Washer—Spring washer for volume control
70403	Coil—Oscillator coil	SPEAKER ASSEMBLY 922279-1	
70383	Condenser—Variable tuning condenser complete with drum (C18, C16)	70405	Speaker—4" x 6" P.M. speaker complete
70322	Control—Volume control, 0.5 megohms (R10)	NOTE: If stamping on speaker in instrument does not agree with above speaker number, order replacement parts by referring to model number of instrument, number stamped on speaker and full description of part required.	
32634	Cord—Drive cord (approx. 48" overall length)	MISCELLANEOUS ASSEMBLIES	
70392	Cord—Power cord	X1695	Board—Baffle board and grille
70384	Drum—Drive drum	70398	Clamp—Dial clamp (1 set)
70397	Gear—Drive gear	35392	Decal—Trademark decal (RCA Victor)
70395	Gear—Power or radio-phono switch gear	70375	Decal—Trademark decal (Dog)
70404	Gear—Volume control gear and spring assembly	70402	Dial—Dial scale
70391	Indicator—Station selector indicator	70707	Hinge—Cabinet lid hinge (2 required)
11765	Insulator—Bakelite insulator for phono input socket	70401	Knob—Power or radio-phono switch knob
70393	Lamp—Dial lamp	70400	Knob—Tuning knob
70393	Loop—Antenna Loop (L1, L2)	70399	Knob—Volume control knob
70382	Plate—Dial back plate complete with pulleys less dial	14270	Spring—Retaining spring for tuning knob and volume control knob
30868	Plug—2 contact female plug for AC cable	39545	Support—Lid support
36230	Pulley—Drive cord pulley		
30880	Resistor—150 ohms, 1/4 watt (R7)		
6134	Resistor—1200 ohms, 1 watt (R0)		
30492	Resistor—22,000 ohms, 1/4 watt (R2)		
14583	Resistor—220,000 ohms, 1/4 watt (R1, R5)		
30648	Resistor—470,000 ohms, 1/4 watt (R8)		
12928	Resistor—3.3 megohm, 1/4 watt (R4)		
31455	Resistor—5.6 megohm, 1/4 watt (R6)		
14974	Screw—28-32 x 3/16" long set screw for lower gear		

POWER OUTPUT

Undistorted..... 1.5 watts
Maximum..... 2.4 watts

LOUDSPEAKER (M922279-1) "PM"

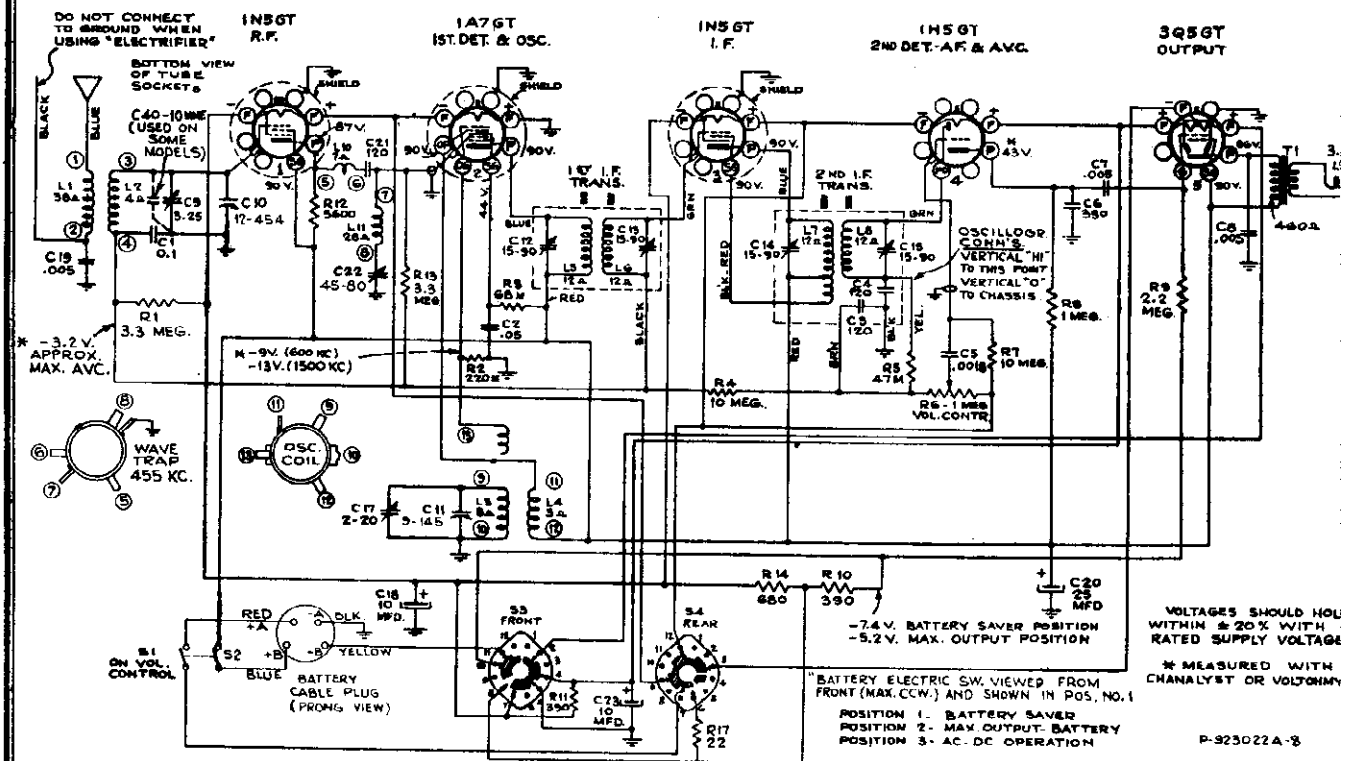
Size..... 4 x 6 inch elliptical
V.C. Impedance..... 3.4 ohms at 400 cycles
Some models may have..... 5 inch PM

PHONOGRAPH

Type..... Automatic (T960015)
Record Capacity..... Twelve 10-in., Ten 12-in.
Turntable Speed..... 78 r.p.m.
Type Pickup..... Crystal
Motor Power Consumption..... 25 watts

RCA MFG. CO.

MODEL 55F, CV-4
Electrifier
Ch. RC-1004E



Cathode Ray Alignment is the preferable method. Connections for the oscillograph are shown in the diagram.

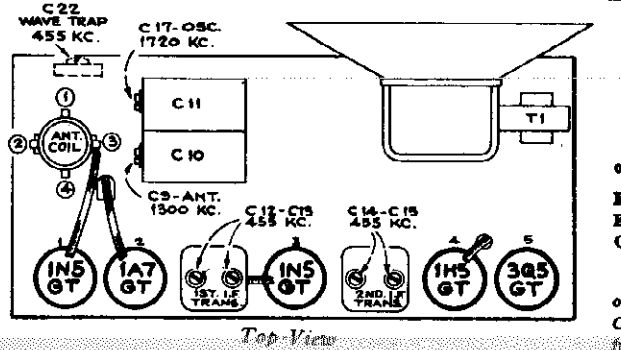
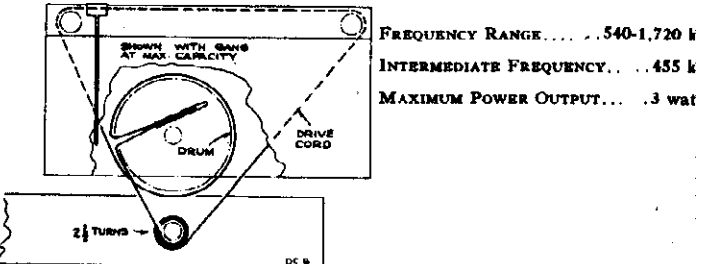
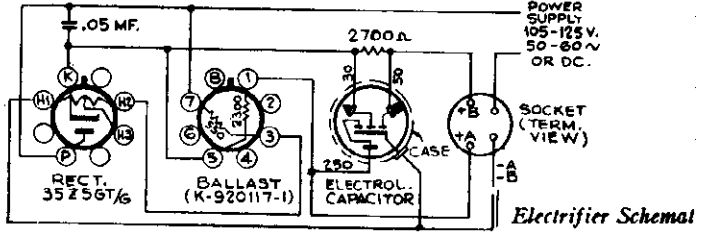
Output Meter Alignment.—If this method is used, connect the meter across the voice coil and turn the receiver volume control to maximum.

Test Oscillator.—For all alignment operations, connect the low side of the test oscillator to the receiver chassis, and keep the output as low as possible to avoid AVC action.

Pre-Setting Dial.—With gang condenser in full mesh, the pointer should be set at the left-hand end dial calibration mark.

- Precautionary Lead Dress.**—
1. The lead from the 3Q5 plate to output transformer should be dress under clip and away from audio input leads.
 2. All filament wires should be dressed close to chassis.
 3. Keep AVC lead connecting C1, (0.1 mfd. filter) to antenna coil waf from the 1A7GT plate.
 4. Keep blue plate leads coming from I.F. transformers short and close to chassis.
 5. Keep yellow leads connecting to oscillator coil away from trap coil
 6. Keep green lead of 1N5GT RF tube away from 1A7GT grid.
 7. Keep green lead from second I.F. transformer short and close to ground

Step	Connect high side of the test oscillator to—	Tune test osc. to—	Turn radio dial to—	Adjust the following for maximum peak output
1	I-F grid in series with .01 mfd.	455 kc	Quiet point between 550 and 750 kc	C14, C15. (2nd I-F Trans.)
2	1A7GT grid in series with .01 mfd.			C12, C13 (1st I-F Trans.)
3	Antenna terminal in series with 200 mmfd.	1,720 kc	Tuning condenser rotor plates all out	C17 (osc.)
4		1,300 kc	1,300 kc signal	C9 (ant.)
5		455 kc	Quiet point between 550 and 750 kc	Adjust C22 for minimum output on strong 455 kc signal



IMPORTANT

Remove any external ground connections when using the Electrifier. **CAUTION:** Turn power switch off (counter-clockwise) when installing or replacing tubes or batteries.

RECEIVER IS SHIPPED READY FOR BATTERY OPERATION. FOR ELECTRIFIER OPERATION, REMOVE TAPE FROM LUG AT REAR OF CHASSIS AND CONNECT LUG TO CHASSIS.

On a DC power supply, if no reception is obtained, reverse the plug in the outlet and return. On an AC supply, reversal of the plug may reduce hum. **CAUTION!** Do not touch Radio Chassis unless power plug is removed from socket.

MODEL 55F, CV-42
Ch. RC-1004E

RCA MFG. CO.

MODELS 56X, 56X2,
56X3, Ch. RC-1011

Model 55F and CV-42 Electrifier

STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION	STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION
CHASSIS ASSEMBLIES RC 1004E		SPEAKER ASSEMBLIES Stamped 92515-1K	
38675	Arm—"On-Off" indicator arm	70381	Speaker—5" P.M. speaker less output transformer
39604	Capacitor—Mica, 10 mmf. (C40)	70991	Transformer—Output transformer
38672	Capacitor—Mica trimmer, 1 section 120 mmf. 1 section 45-80 mmf. (C21, C22)	SPEAKER ASSEMBLIES Stamped 92515-1P	
39640	Capacitor—Mica, 330 mmf. (C6)	70381	Speaker—5" P.M. speaker less output transformer
70627	Capacitor—Paper, .005 mfd., 1200 volts (C7, C8, C19)	70992	Transformer—Output transformer
70712	Capacitor—Paper, .0018 mfd., 700 volts (C5)	SPEAKER ASSEMBLIES Stamped 92515-1F	
70615	Capacitor—Paper, .05 mfd., 200 volts (C2)	70381	Speaker—5" P.M. speaker less output transformer
70617	Capacitor—Paper, 0.1 mfd., 400 volts (C1)	70993	Transformer—Output transformer
36718	Capacitor—Electrolytic, 10 mfd., 10 volts (C18, C23)	NOTE: If stamping on speaker in instrument does not agree with above speaker number, order replacement parts by referring to model number of instrument, number stamped on speaker and full description of part required.	
38705	Capacitor—Electrolytic, 25 mfd., 90 volts (C20)	MISCELLANEOUS ASSEMBLIES	
38344	Coil—Antenna coil (L1, L2)	X1606	Board—Baffle board and grille cloth
38345	Coil—Oscillator coil (L3, L4)	36462	Clamp—Dial clamp
70378	Coil—Wave trap (L10, L11)	35915	Escutcheon—Dial escutcheon less dial
38599	Condenser—Variable tuning condenser (C9, C10, C11, C17)	36886	Knob—Power switch knob
36080	Control—Volume control and power switch (R6, S1, S2)	36722	Knob—Tuning knob
34662	Cord—Drive cord (approx. 59" overall length)	71281	Knob—Volume control knob
38821	Dial—Dial scale	30900	Spring—Retaining spring for knob
35069	Fastener—Push fastener for dial plate	38679	Window—Glass window for dial scale
36090	Indicator—Station selector indicator	CV-42 ELECTRIFIER	
38350	Lever—Indicator arm actuating lever	38702	Ballast—Plug-in ballast tube resistor
38673	Plate—Dial back plate complete with drive cord pulleys and indicator arm	38701	Capacitor—Electrolytic, comprising 1 section of 50 mfd., 150 volts, 1 section of 30 mfd., 150 volts, and 1 section of 250 mfd., 10 volts
30550	Plug—4 prong male plug for battery cable	30847	Capacitor—.05 mfd., 400 volts
32289	Pulley—Drive cord pulley	28451	Cover—Insulating cover for electrolytic capacitor
39930	Resistor—22 ohms, 1 watt (R17)	35069	Fastener—Push fastener for bottom cover
30498	Resistor—390 ohms, 1/2 watt (R10, R11)	28452	Plate—Bakelite mounting plate for electrolytic capacitor
12202	Resistor—680 ohms, 1/2 watt (R14)	38702	Resistor—Ballast tube resistor
30734	Resistor—5600 ohms, 1/2 watt (R12)	30730	Resistor—2,700 ohms, 1/2 watt
30787	Resistor—47,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R5)	31027	Socket—Power output socket
14138	Resistor—68,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R3)	31251	Socket—Tube or ballast resistor socket
14583	Resistor—220,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R2)	38702	Tube—Ballast tube resistor
30652	Resistor—1 megohm, 1/2 watt (R8)		
30649	Resistor—2.2 megohm, 1/2 watt (R9)		
12928	Resistor—3.3 megohm, 1/2 watt (R1, R13)		
30992	Resistor—10 megohm, 1/2 watt (R4, R7)		
36897	Shaft—Tuning knob shaft		
70377	Shield—Tube shield for 1N5GT/G and 1H3GT/G tubes		
31251	Socket—Tube socket		
31418	Spring—Drive cord tension spring		
38349	Spring—Indicator arm return spring		
38670	Switch—"Battery-Electric" power switch (S3, S4)		
70379	Transformer—First I.F. transformer (L5, L6, C12, C13)		
70380	Transformer—Second I.F. transformer (L7, L8, C3, C4, C14, C15)		
33726	Washer—"C" for tuning knob shaft		

CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION.—Superheterodyne with one stage of radio frequency amplification, automatic volume control and class "A" beam power output. Battery operation, with optional AC-DC socket power attachment available. Model 55F can be operated on 105-125 volts AC, 50-60 cycles, or 105-125 DC, by means of an RCA CV-42 Electrifier.

LOUDSPEAKER (5 inch) 92515-1
Voice coil impedance at 400 cycles.....3.4 ohms

POWER SUPPLY

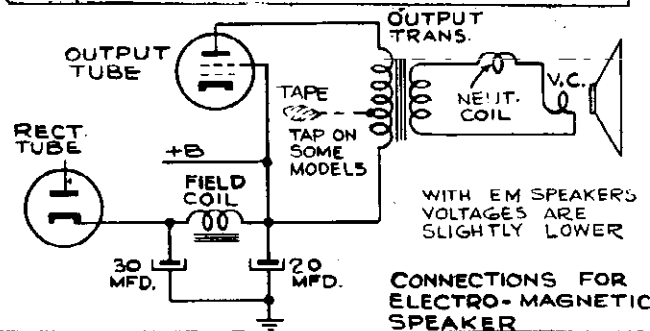
Battery.....RCA VS022 or equivalent
Battery Drain
"A" 1 1/2 volt section.....3 ampere
"B" 90 volt section.....10 m.a. (Switch in "Battery Saver Position")
14 m.a. (Maximum Output Position)

POWER CONSUMPTION

With CV-42 Electrifier Unit (switch in "Electric" position).....22.5 watts
Cabinet Dimensions (inches).....18 x 9 1/4 x 10 1/4

Models 56X, 56X2, 56X3

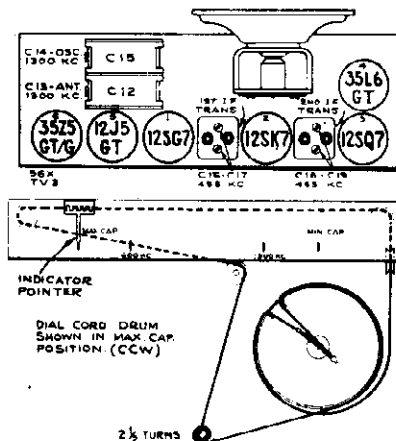
Steps	Connect the high side of test-oscillator to—	Tune test-osc. to—	Turn radio dial to—	Adjust the following for max. peak output
1	Stator of C-12 in series with .01 mfd.	455 kc	Quiet-point 1,600 kc end of dial	C18 and C19 2nd I-F transformer
2				C16 and C17 1st I-F transformer
3	Ant. lead in series with 200 mmfd.	1,300 kc	1,300 kc	C14 (osc.) C13 (ant.)
4	Repeat step 3.			



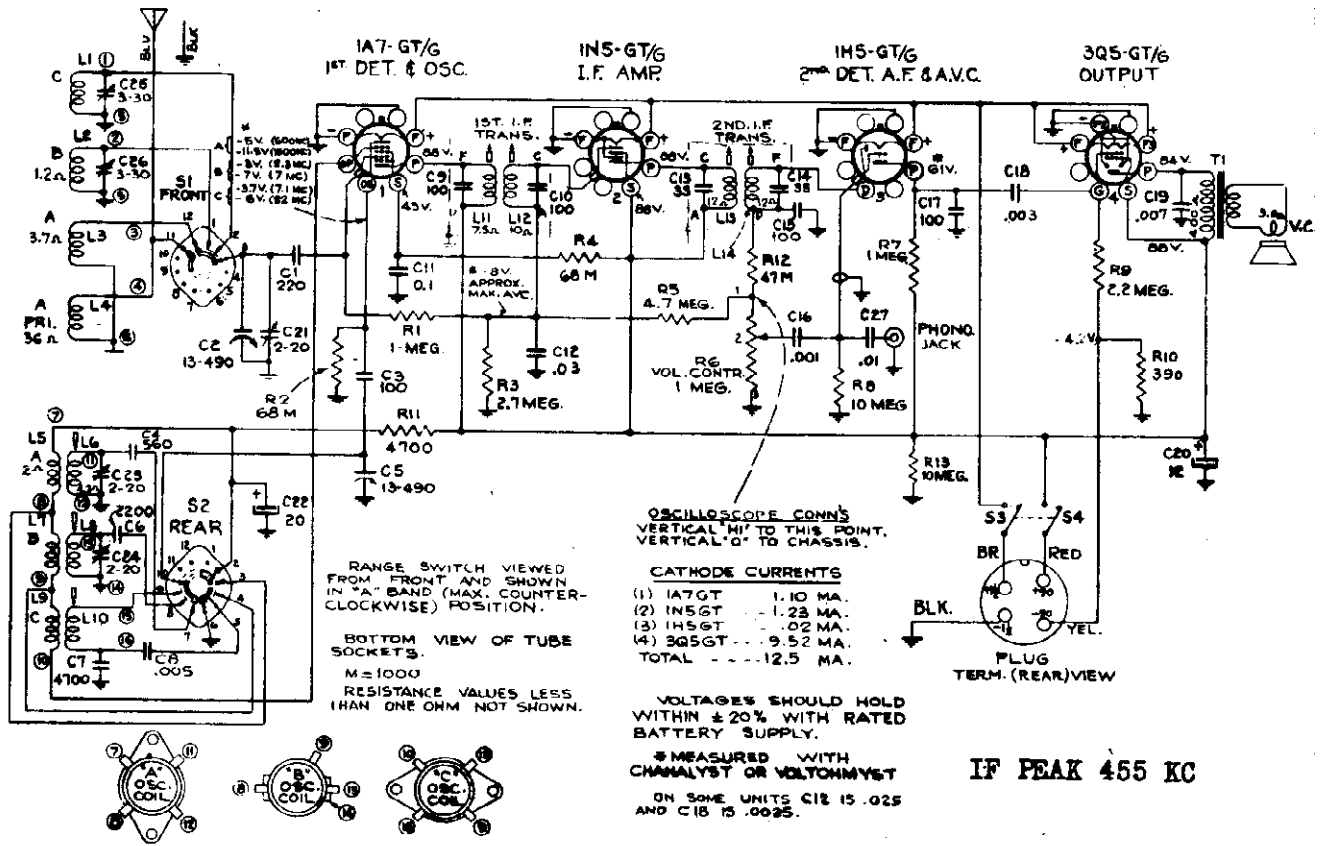
Test Oscillator.—Connect high side of test oscillator as shown in chart. Connect low side through a .01 mf capacitor to common "B." Keep the output signal as low as possible to avoid AVC action.

Output Meter.—Connect leads between speaker voice coil and chassis. Turn volume control to maximum clockwise, tone control to maximum highs (clockwise).

Dial Pointer Adjustment.—Rotate tuning condenser fully counter-clockwise (plates closed). Adjust indicator pointer to left (max. Cap.) mark on dial back plate.



RCA MFG. CO.

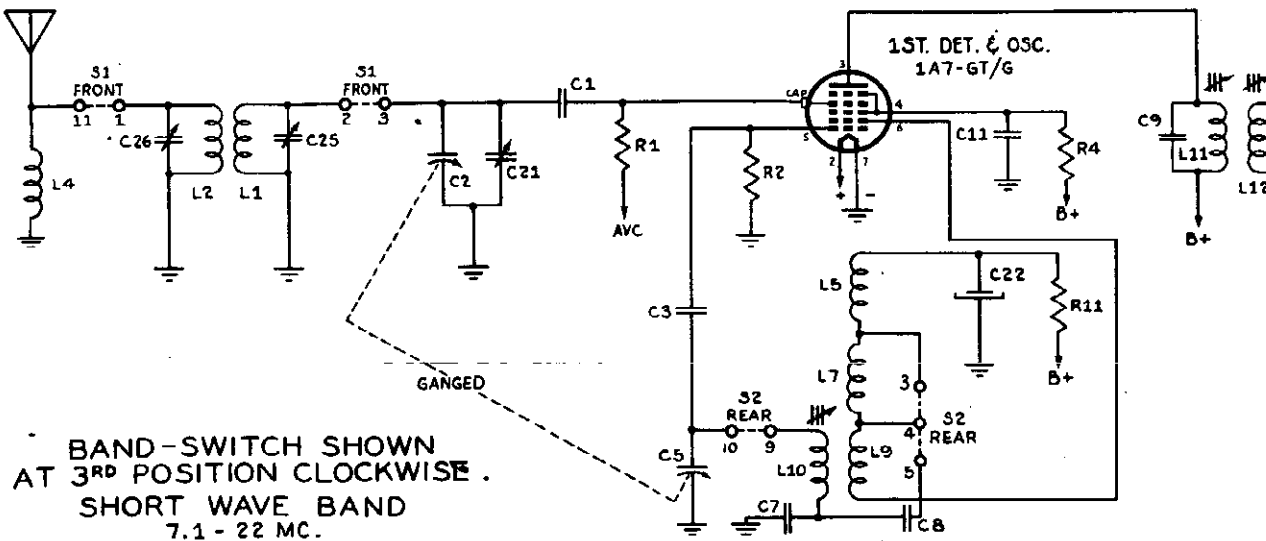
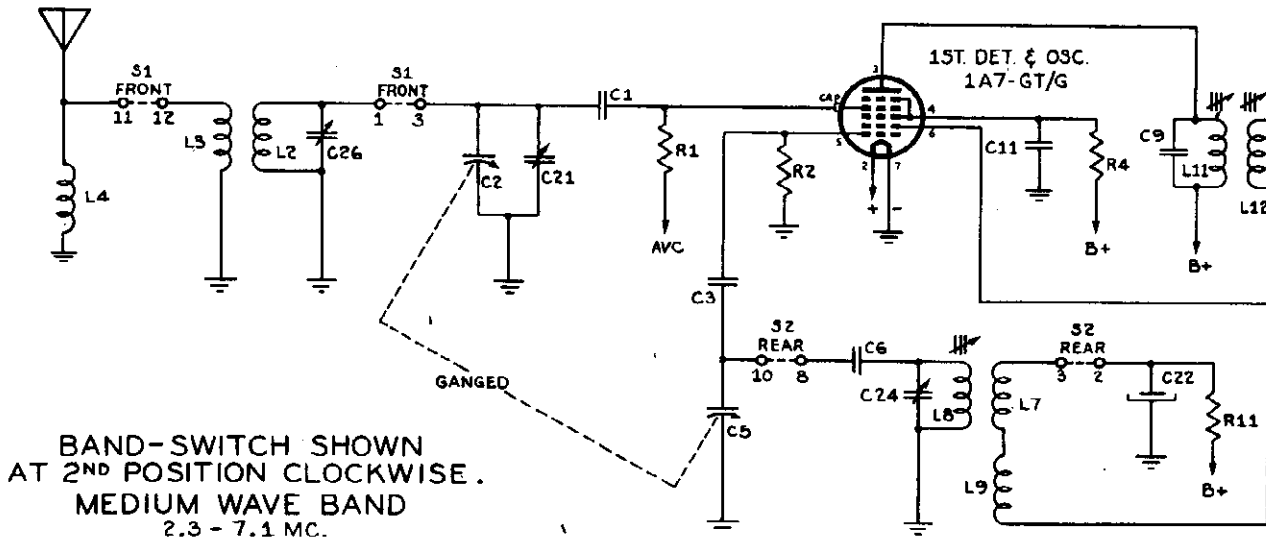
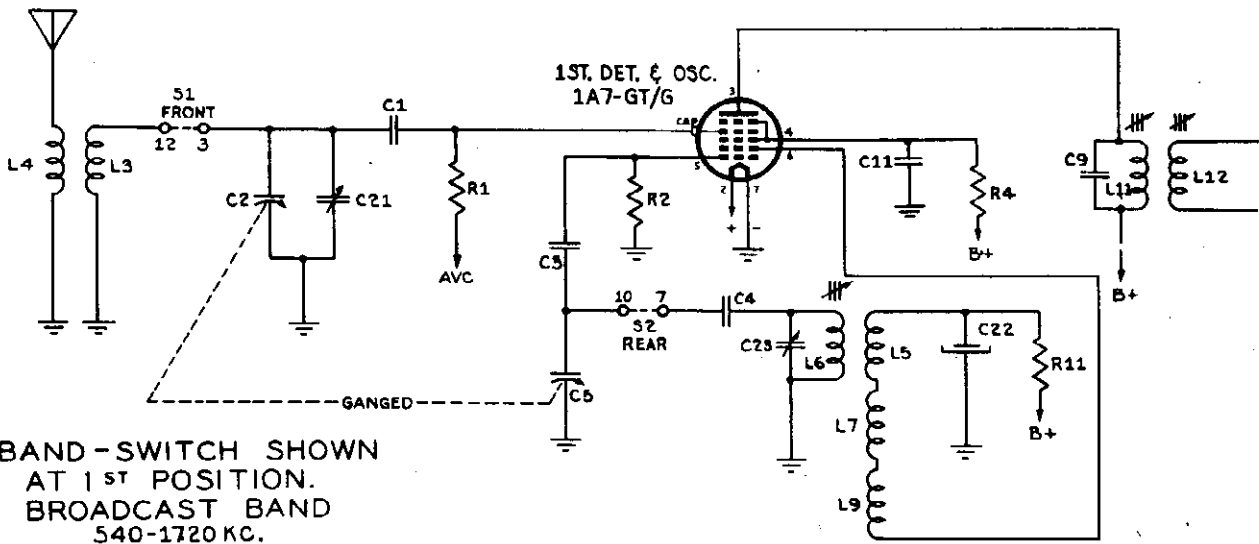


STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION	STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION
CHASSIS ASSEMBLIES (RC-563A)			
32548	Capacitor—Electrolytic, comprising 1 section of 12 mfd., 150 volts, and 1 section of 20 mfd., 150 volts (C20, C22)	30649	Resistor—2.2 megohms, 1/4 watt (R9)
32830	Capacitor—Mica trimmer, dual, 2-20 mmf. (C25, C24)	30931	Resistor—4.7 megohms, 1/4 watt (R5)
31292	Capacitor—Mica trimmer, dual, 3-30 mmf. (C25, C26)	30992	Resistor—10 megohms, 1/4 watt (R8, R13)
39616	Capacitor—Mica, 33 mmf. (C13, C14)	30498	Resistor—390 ohms, 1/4 watt (R10)
39628	Capacitor—Mica, 100 mmf. (C3, C9, C10, C15, C17)	30494	Resistor—4700 ohms, 1/4 watt (R11)
39636	Capacitor—Mica, 220 mmf. (C1)	30787	Resistor—47,000 ohms, 1/4 watt (R12)
70667	Capacitor—Mica, 580 mmf. (C4)	14138	Resistor—68,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R2, R4)
39660	Capacitor—Mica, 2200 mmf. (C6)	38897	Shaft—Tuning knob shaft
39668	Capacitor—Mica, 4700 mmf. (C7)	70377	Shield—Tube shield for 1N5GT tube
70600	Capacitor—Tubular, .001 mfd., 200 volts (C16)	33742	Socket—Phono input socket
70603	Capacitor—Tubular, .003 mfd., 200 volts (C16)	31319	Socket—Tube socket, moulded
70606	Capacitor—Tubular, .005 mfd., 200 volts (C8)	31251	Socket—Tube socket, wafar
70608	Capacitor—Tubular, .007 mfd., 400 volts (C19)	31418	Spring—Drive cord spring
70610	Capacitor—Tubular, .01 mfd., 200 volts (C27)	31261	Spring—Retaining spring for "A" and "C" band oscillator coil core and stud
70613	Capacitor—Tubular, .03 mfd., 200 volts (C12)	12007	Spring—Retaining spring for "B" band oscillator coil core and stud and retaining spring for I-F transformers' core and stud assemblies
70617	Capacitor—Tubular 0.1 mfd., 200 volts (C11)	38297	Switch—Range switch (S1, S2)
32821	Coil—Antenna coil, "A," "B" and "C" bands (L1, L2, L3, L4)	35636	Transformer—First I-F transformer (L11, L12, C9, C10)
32148	Coil—Oscillator coil, "A" band (L5, L6)	36122	Transformer—Second I-F transformer (L13, L14, C13, C14)
33784	Coil—Oscillator coil, "B" band (L7, L8)	38300	Transformer—Output transformer (T1)
38295	Coil—Oscillator coil, "C" band (L9, L10)	33726	Washer—"C" washer for tuning knob shaft
38287	Condenser—Variable tuning condenser (C2, C5, C21)	SPEAKER ASSEMBLIES (92510-1)	
36080	Control—Volume control and power switch (R6, S3, S4)	70413	Speaker—5-inch P.M. speaker complete
32634	Cord—Drive cord (approx. 49 inches overall length)	Note: If stamping on speaker in instrument does not agree with above speaker number, order replacement parts by referring to model number of instrument, number stamped on speaker and full description of part required.	
36093	Core—Adjustable core and stud for "A" band oscillator coil	MISCELLANEOUS ASSEMBLIES	
35788	Core—Adjustable core and stud for "B" band oscillator coil	36890	Clamp—Dial clamp, left hand
38296	Core—Adjustable core and stud for "C" band oscillator coil	36891	Clamp—Dial clamp, right hand
12006	Core—Adjustable core and stud for I-F transformers	35480	Decal—Range switch decal
38237	Drum—Drive drum	36103	Decal—Volume control and power switch decal
37068	Indicator—Station selector indicator	38328	Dial—Glass dial scale
38288	Plate—Dial back plate complete with drive cord pulleys	38886	Knob—Range dial switch or volume control knob
30588	Plug—4 prong male plug for battery cable	36722	Knob—Tuning knob
36230	Pulley—Drive cord pulley	30900	Spring—Retaining spring for control knob
30652	Resistor—1 megohm, 1/4 watt (R1, R7)		
14752	Resistor—2.7 megohms, 1/4 watt (R3)		

"clarified schematics"

MODEL QB55,
Ch. RC-563A

RCA MFG. CO.



RCA MFG. CO.

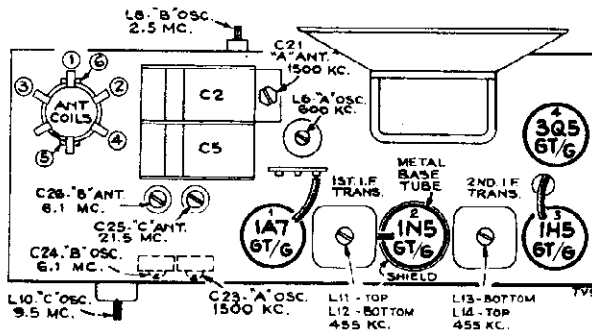
Cathode Ray Alignment is the preferable method. Connections for the oscilloscope are shown on the schematic diagram.

Output Meter Alignment.—If this method is used, connect the meter across the voice coil and turn the receiver volume control to maximum.

Test Oscillator.—For all alignment operations, connect the low side of the test oscillator to the receiver chassis and keep the oscillator output as low as possible to avoid AVC action.

Calibration Scale.—The dial backing plate has 6 marks which correspond to the frequencies indicated on the "Dial Indicator and Drive Mechanism" drawing. These marks are used during alignment.

Before alignment, set the dial pointer so that, with the tuning condenser gang in full mesh, the pointer is 1/16 inch to the left of the left hand mark on the dial backing plate.



PRECAUTIONARY LEAD DRESS

1. The 220 mmf. condenser (C1) from the gang to the wiring panel on top of chassis to be dressed away from the chassis.
2. All oscillator plate leads to coils and switch to be as short and direct as possible.
3. The green lead from r-f section of the tuning condenser gang to terminal No. 3 on switch S1 to be dressed as near as possible to terminal No. 10 on switch S2 and to the green lead from oscillator section of the tuning condenser gang.
4. The black lead from terminal No. 9 on switch S2 to be dressed below and touching the black lead from terminal No. 2 on switch S1 to the C-band antenna trimmer (C25).
5. The red lead from the B-band oscillator trimmer (C24) to the B-band oscillator coil (L8) to be dressed above and touching the yellow lead from terminal No. 1 on switch S1 to the B-band antenna trimmer (C26).
6. The 100 mmf. mica capacitor (C3) from oscillator section of the condenser gang to terminal 5 of IA7GT/G socket dressed away from the chassis.

Frequency Ranges

Standard Broadcast ("A" Band).....540-1,720 kc (555-174m)
 Medium Wave ("B" Band).....2.3-7.1 mc (130-42.2 m)
 Short Wave ("C" Band).....7.1-22 mc (42.2-13.6 m)

Intermediate Frequency455 kc

Batteries Required

1—RCA-VSO22 Battery Pack or equivalent
 Or: 1—1½ Volt "A" Battery and 2—45 Volt "B" Batteries

Battery Drain

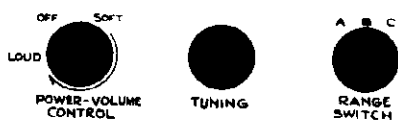
"A" 0.25 amp.
 "B" 12.5 ma.

Power Output

Undistorted 0.20 watt
 Maximum 0.26 watt

Loudspeaker (92510-1)

Type5-inch permanent-magnet dynamic
 Voice-coil impedance.....4 ohms at 400 cycles



Dial Controls

Steps	Connect high side of test osc. to—	Tune test osc. to—	Turn radio dial to—	Adjust following for max. peak output—
1	IN5GT/G IF grid cap in series with .01 mfd.	455 kc	"A" Band Quiet Point at High Freq. End	L14 and L13 (2nd I-F Trans.)
2	IA7GT/G 1st det. grid cap in series with .01 mfd.			L12 and L11† (1st I-F Trans.)
3	Antenna Lead in series with 200 mmf.	1,500 kc	1,500 kc mark	Peak C23 (osc.) and C21 (ant.)
4		600 kc	600 kc mark	L8 (osc.)**
5	Repeat steps 3 and 4.			
6	Antenna Lead in series with 300 ohms	6.1 mc	6.1 mc mark	Peak C24 (osc.)† and C26 (ant.)
7		2.5 mc	2.5 mc mark	L8 (osc.)**
8	Repeat steps 6 and 7.			
9		9.5 mc	9.5 mc mark	L10 (osc.)**
10		21.5 mc	21.5 mc mark	C25 (ant.)**

* Use minimum capacity peak if two peaks can be obtained.

** Rock gang slightly for peak output.

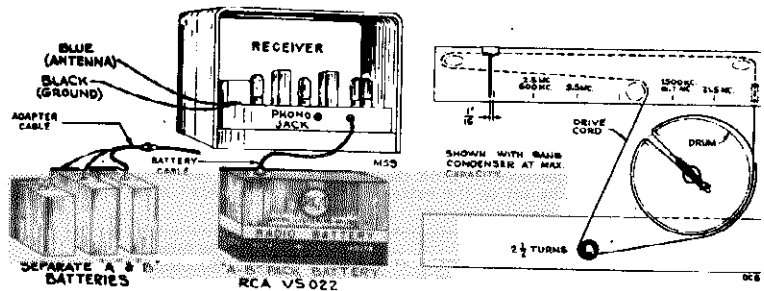
† Do not readjust L14 or L13 when test oscillator is applied to IA7-GT/G grid.

VICTROLA ATTACHMENT

A jack is provided on the rear of chassis for connecting a Victrola Attachment to the audio amplifying circuit. The cable from the attachment should be terminated in a Stock No. 31048 plug.

When Victrola is not in use its plug should be disconnected.

When Victrola is in use, the volume control on the radio should be at minimum, and, if necessary, tune set off frequency from any very strong station.



Power Connections

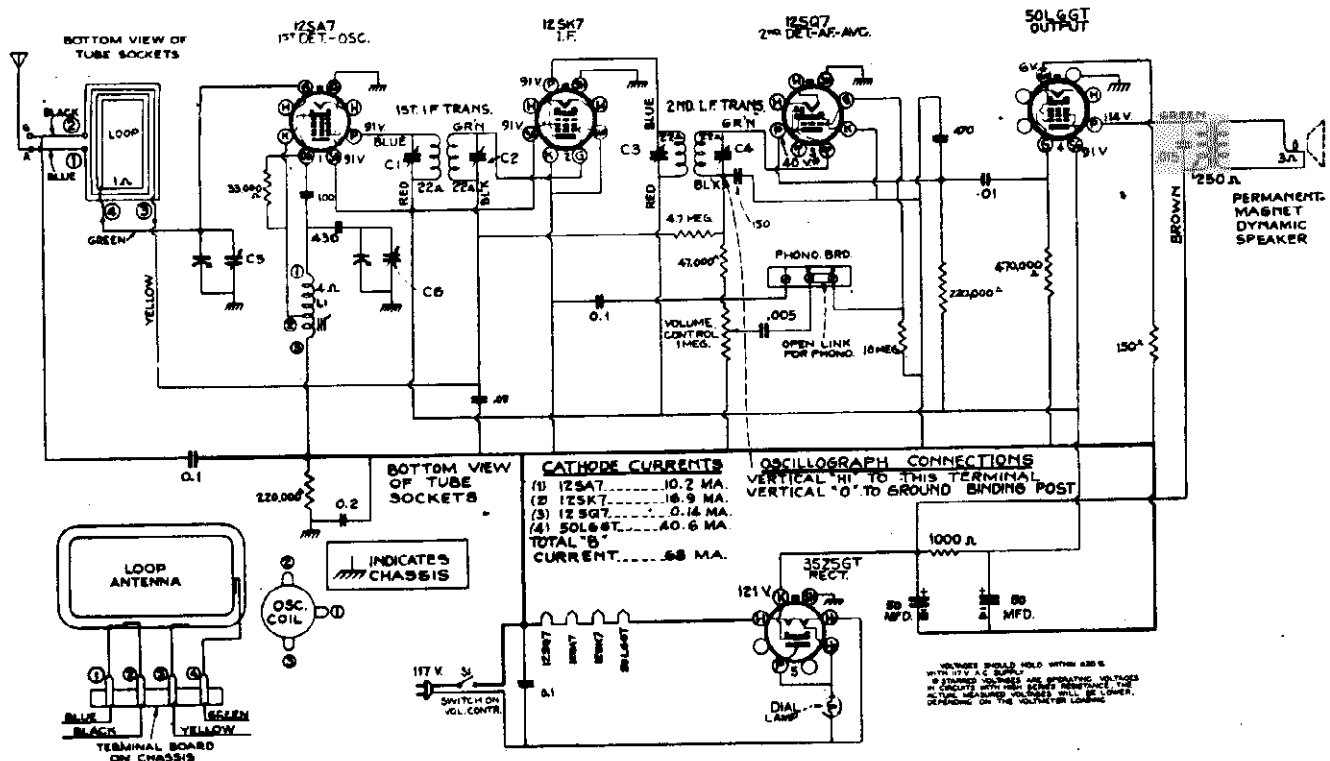
Dial Indicator and Drive Mechanism

NOTES:

1. A four wire cable with plug is provided for making connection to the RCA-VSO22 battery pack or equivalent.
2. When separate batteries are used, an adapter extension cable is necessary.
3. A good ground connection is essential for best results.

Cabinet Dimensions (inches)

Height 7 7/8 inches
 Width 12 1/8 inches
 Depth 6 3/4 inches



Schematic Circuit Diagram

FREQUENCY RANGE..... 540-1,720 kc
 INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY..... 455 kc
 Number of Push Buttons..... Six
 DIAL LAMP (1)..... Mazda No. 51, 7.5 volt, 0.2 amp.
 POWER OUTPUT (125 volts, 60 cycle supply)
 Undistorted..... 0.8 watts
 Maximum..... 1.4 watts

POWER SUPPLY RATINGS
 A-C Rating..... 105-125 volts, 50-60 cycles, 85 watts
 D-C Rating..... 105-125 volts, direct current, 35 watts

LOUDSPEAKER (RL 85-2)
 Type..... 5-inch permanent magnet dynamic
 Voice Coil Impedance..... 4.5 ohms at 400 cycles

Alignment Procedure

Cathode-Ray Alignment is the preferable method. Connections for the oscillograph are shown on the schematic drawing.

Output Meter Alignment.—If this method is used, connect the output meter across the voice coil, and turn the receiver volume control to maximum.

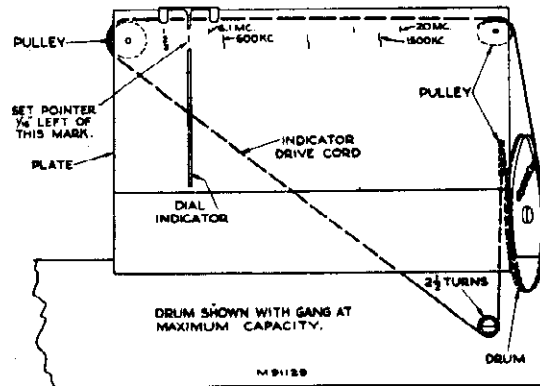
Test Oscillator.—For all alignment operations, connect the low side of the test oscillator to the receiver ground binding post, and keep the oscillator output as low as possible to avoid a-v-c action.

Calibration Marks.—The tuning dial is fastened in the cabinet and can not be used for reference during alignment. Therefore calibration marks have been stamped in the plate on the front of the chassis as shown in the accompanying drawing. These marks are used for reference during alignment.

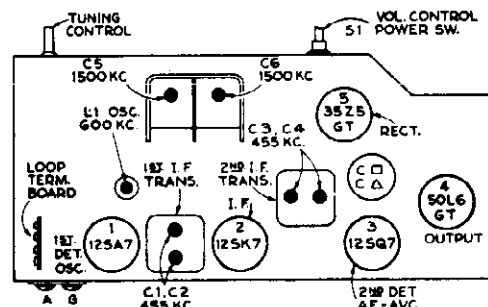
Dial Indicator Adjustment.—With the gang condenser in full mesh, the indicator should be set to the extreme left (low frequency) mark on the dial scale.

Steps	Connect the high side of the test-osc. to—	Tune test osc. to—	Turn radio dial to	Adjust the following for maximum peak output
1	Ant. terminal	455 kc	Quiet Point between 1,720-1,500 kc	C3 and C4 (2nd I-F trans.)
2	Ant. terminal	455 kc	1,500 kc calibration mark	C1 and C2 (1st I-F trans.)
3	Ant. terminal in series with 200 mmfd.	1,500 kc	800 kc calibration mark	C6 (osc.) C5 (ant.)
4	Ant. terminal in series with 200 mmfd.	800 kc	800 kc calibration mark	L1 (osc.) (Rock in)
5	Repeat step 3.			

After mounting chassis in cabinet, check the dial calibration on stations of known frequency. If calibration is not correct, move pointer to agree with dial calibration. Note.—Oscillator tracks above signal.

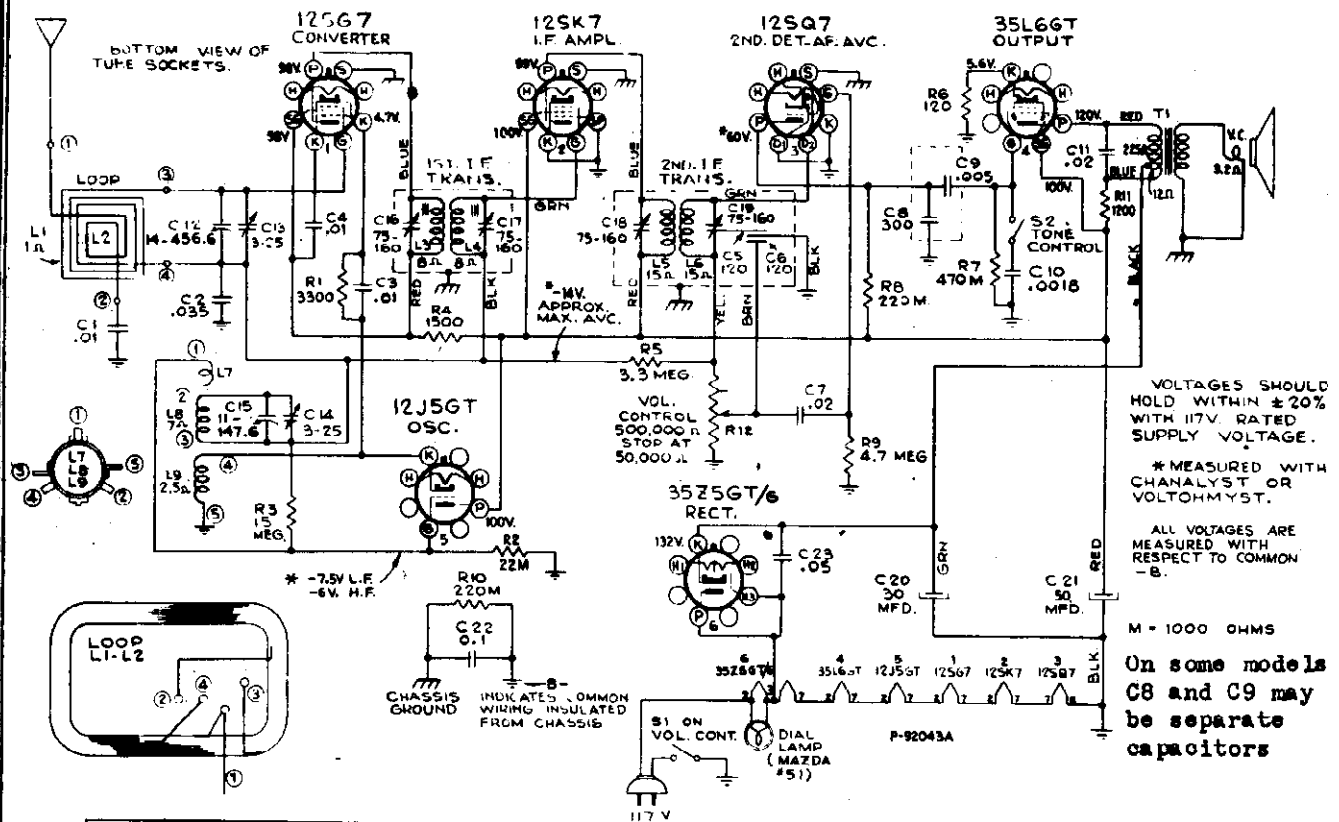


Dial-Indicator and Drive Mechanism



Tube and Trimmer Locations

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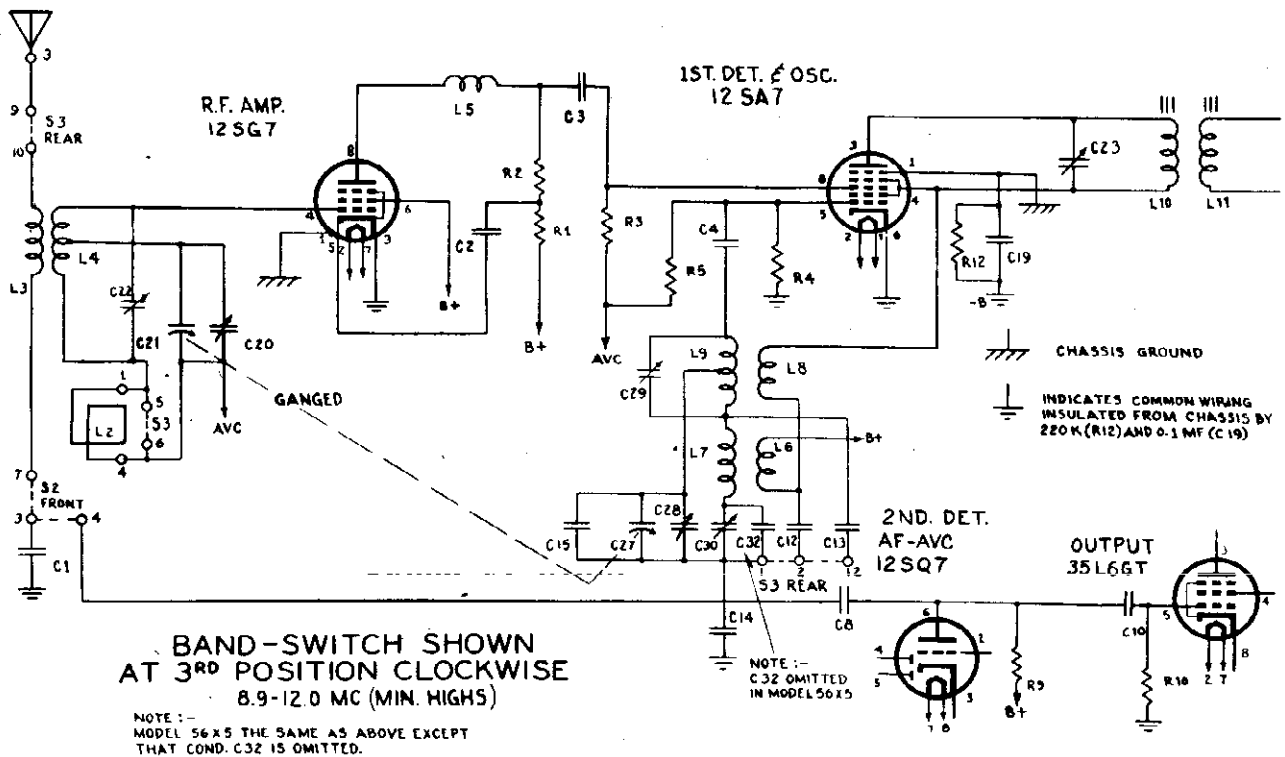
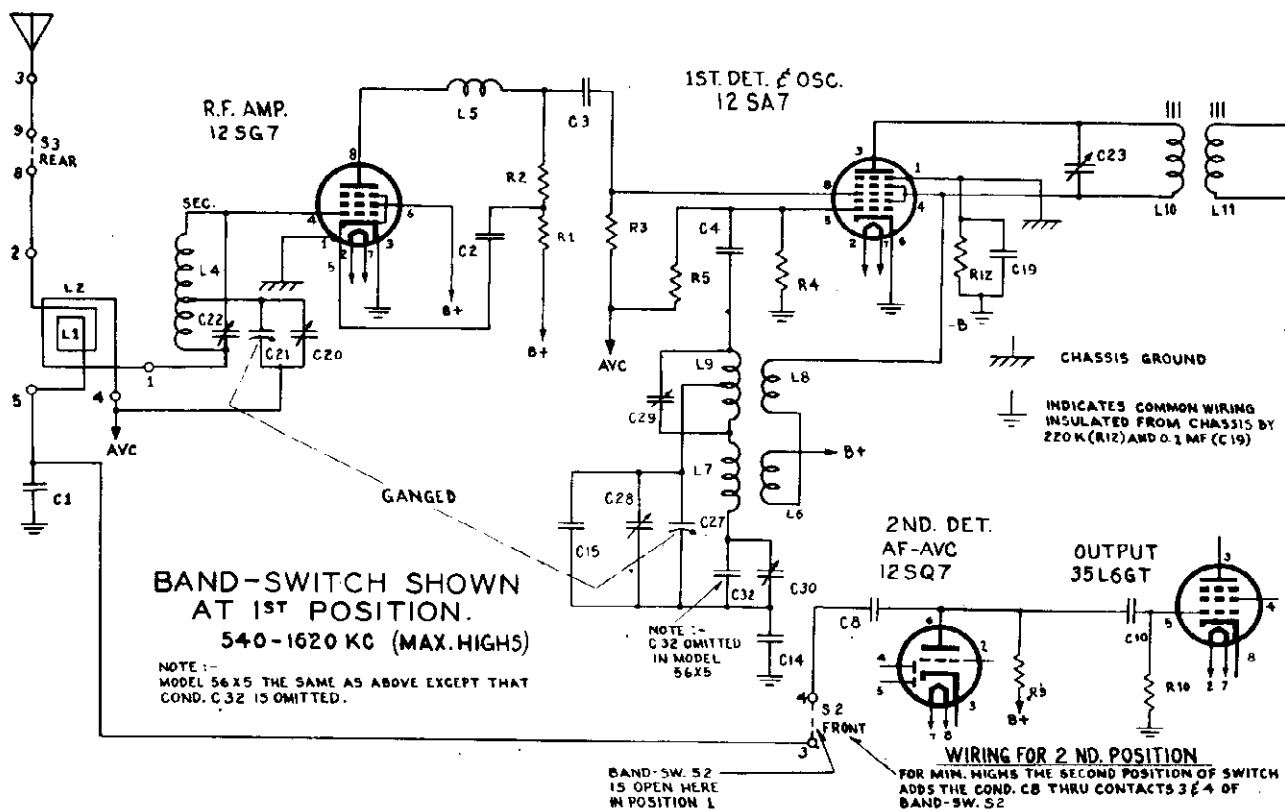


STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION	STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION
CHASSIS ASSEMBLIES			
RC 1011			
37359	Capacitor—Comprising 1 section of .0003 mfd. and 1 section of .005 mfd. (C-8, C-9)	34449	Socket—Lamp socket
70712	Capacitor—Paper .0018 mfd., 500 volts (C-10)	37605	Socket—Tube socket, moulded
70652	Capacitor—Paper .01 mfd., 500 volts (C-1, C-3, C-4)	31418	Spring—Drive cord tension spring
70711	Capacitor—Paper .02 mfd., 700 volts (C-1, C-3, C-4)	36228	Switch—Tone switch (S-2)
70825	Capacitor—Paper .035 mfd., 500 volts (C-2)	70411	Transformer—First I.F. transformer (L-3, L-4, C-16, C-17)
70615	Capacitor—Paper .05 mfd., 400 volts (C-23)	70412	Transformer—Second I.F. transformer (L-5, L-6, C-5, C-6, C-18, C-19)
70617	Capacitor—Paper .01 mfd., 400 volts (C-22)	38800	Transformer—Output transformer (T-1)
39152	Capacitor—Electrolytic, comprising 1 section of 30 mfd., 150 volts, and 1 section of 50 mfd., 150 volts (C-20, C-21)	33726	Washer—"C" washer for tuning knob shaft
39824	Coil—Oscillator coil (L-7, L-8, L-9)	SPEAKER ASSEMBLY	
36226	Condenser—Variable tuning condenser (C-12, C-13, C-14, C-15)	92510-1	
36242	Control—Volume control and power switch (R-12, S-1)	70410	Speaker—5-inch PM speaker, complete
32834	Cord—Drive cord (approx. 49" long)	NOTE: If stamping on speaker in instrument does not agree with above speaker number, order replacement parts by referring to model number of instrument, number stamped on speaker and full description of part required.	
70392	Cord—Power cord	MISCELLANEOUS ASSEMBLIES	
36237	Drum—Drive drum	39853	Back—Cabinet back for 56X
36236	Indicator—Station selector indicator for 56X and 56X2	70409	Back—Cabinet back for 56X2
37088	Indicator—Station selector indicator for 56X3	78415	Back—Cabinet back for 56X3
39821	Loop—Antenna loop (L-1)	X1804	Board—Baffle board and grille cloth
11785	Lamp—Dial lamp	36890	Clamp—Dial clamp, left hand, for 56X and 56X2
38229	Plate—Dial back plate complete with pulleys less dial	36891	Clamp—Dial clamp, right hand, for 56X and 56X2
38230	Pulley—Drive cord pulley	39954	Dial—Glass dial scale for 56X and 56X2
30189	Resistor—120 ohms, 1/4 watt (R-6)	70410	Dial—Glass dial scale for 56X3
6134	Resistor—1200 ohms, 1/4 watt (R-11)	37831	Fastener—Push fastener (1 set) for cabinet backs on 56X and 56X2
30654	Resistor—1500 ohms, 1/4 watt (R-4)	33006	Feet—Rubber feet for cabinet (4 required)
30730	Resistor—3300 ohms, 1/4 watt (R-1)	70414	Knob—Control knob (Ivory) for 56X2
30482	Resistor—22,000 ohms, 1/4 watt (R-2)	36722	Knob—Control knob (walnut) for 56X and 56X3
14583	Resistor—220,000 ohms, 1/4 watt (R-9, R-10)	30800	Spring—Retaining spring for knob
30848	Resistor—470,000 ohms, 1/4 watt (R-7)		
38785	Resistor—15 megohms, 1/4 watt (R-3)		
12828	Resistor—3.3 megohms, 1/4 watt (R-5)		
30931	Resistor—4.7 megohms, 1/4 watt (R-8)		
36897	Shaft—Tuning knob shaft		

- Critical Lead Dress**
- Dress output plate bypass capacitor (C-11 .02 mf) against chassis.
 - Dress 35L6GT plate lead (red) against chassis and away from volume control, leads and terminals.
 - Dress audio coupling capacitor (C-7 .02 mf) away from 35L6GT heater leads.
 - Dress tone control lead against front apron.
 - Dress 2nd I.F. yellow and brown leads away from output plate bypass capacitor (C-11 .02 mf.) and away from all heater leads.
 - Dress lead to speaker voice coil away from tuning shaft "C" washer.
 - Dress tone control, capacitor (C-10 .0018 mf.) away from oscillator coil.
 - Dress all uninsulated leads away from each other and away from chassis to prevent short circuits.
 - Dress blue and green leads of both IF transformers back in shields leaving exposed lengths as short as possible.

Frequency Range	540-1600 kc
Intermediate Frequency	455 kc
Power Output	
Undistorted	1.0 watt
Maximum	1.5 watts
Power Supply Rating	
105-125 volts, AC, 50 or 60 cycles, or DC	30 watts
Pilot Lamp	Mazda No. 51, 6-8 volts, 0.2 amp.
Tuning Drive Ratio	20:1
Loudspeaker (92510-1)	
Type	5-inch PM
V. C. Impedance	3.4 ohms at 400 cycles

RCA MFG. CO.



MODEL 56X5, Ch. RC-1023

MODEL 56X10, Ch. RC-1023B

RCA MFG. CO.

Critical Lead Dress

Models 56X5 and 56X10

1. Dress blue and green leads of both I-F transformers back in shield cans, leaving them as short as possible
2. Dress R-F plate filter capacitor (C2, 0.1 mf.) back against rear chassis apron.
3. Dress yellow and brown leads from 2nd I-F away from all other leads.
4. Dress all heater leads next to chassis.
5. Dress capacitor (C13, .01 mf.) parallel to osc. coil and approximately 3/16 inch from coil.
6. Dress tone control lead and speaker field leads next to chassis and front apron.
7. Dress pilot lamp leads away from ant. coil.
8. Dress leads from loop ant. coil around rectifier tube towards end of chassis.
9. Dress output plate lead against chassis.

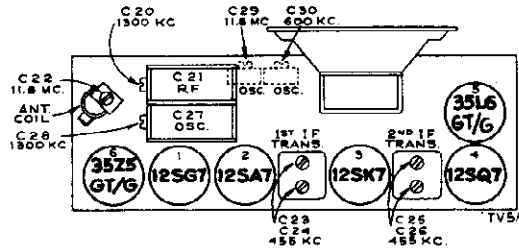
Test Oscillator.—Connect high side of test oscillator as shown in chart. Connect low side through a .01 mf. capacitor to common "B." Keep the output signal as low as possible to avoid A.V.C. action.

Output Meter.—Connect meter across speaker voice coil. Turn volume control to maximum clockwise position, station selector switch to broadcast maximum high position (pos. 1), for broadcast alignment and to position 3 for high frequency band.

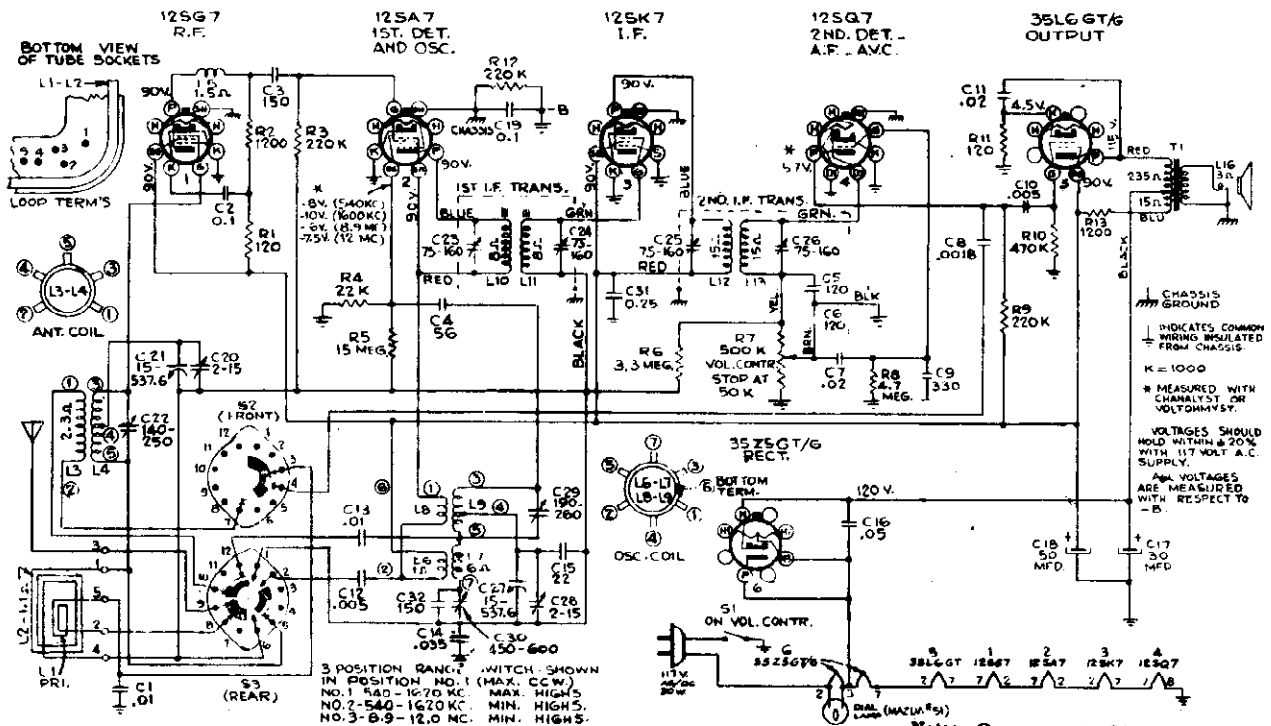
Dial Pointer Adjustment.—Rotate tuning condenser fully counter-clockwise (plates fully meshed). Adjust indicator pointer to left (max. cap.) mark on dial back plate.

Calibration Scale.—The glass tuning dial may be easily removed from the cabinet and temporarily attached to the dial backing plate.

Power Supply Polarity.—For operation on d-c, the power plug must be inserted in the outlet for correct polarity. If the set does not function, reverse the plug. On a-c, reversal of the plug may reduce hum.



RCA MFG. CO.



STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION	IF PEAK 455 KC	DESCRIPTION	
CHASSIS ASSEMBLIES				
RC 1023B				
39812	Capacitor—Mica, 22 mmf. (C15)		30492 Resistor—22,000 ohms, 1/4 watt (R4)	
39822	Capacitor—Mica, 56 mmf. (C4)		14583 Resistor—220,000 ohms, 1/4 watt (R3, R8, R12)	
39832	Capacitor—Mica, 150 mmf. (C3, C32)		30648 Resistor—470,000 ohms, 1/4 watt (R10)	
70417	Capacitor—Mica trimmer, 140-250 mmf., mounted on antenna coil (C22)		12928 Resistor—3.3 megohms, 1/4 watt (R6)	
39839	Capacitor—Adjustable mica, comprising 1 section of 190-260 mmf. and 1 section of 450-600 mmf. (C29, C30)		30931 Resistor—4.7 megohms, 1/4 watt (R8)	
39640	Capacitor—Mica, 330 mmf. (C9)		38785 Resistor—15 megohms, 1/4 watt (R5)	
70712	Capacitor—Tubular, .0018 mfd. 800 volts (C8)		36897 Shaft—Tuning knob shaft	
70627	Capacitor—Tubular, .005 mfd. 600 volts (C10, C12)		34449 Socket—Lamp socket	
70652	Capacitor—Tubular, .01 mfd. 1000 volts (C1, C13)		37605 Socket—Tube socket, moulded	
70711	Capacitor—Tubular, .02 mfd. 700 volts (C7, C11)		31251 Socket—Tube socket, water	
70635	Capacitor—Tubular, .035 mfd. 600 volts (C14)		31418 Spring—Drive cord tension spring	
70615	Capacitor—Tubular, .05 mfd. 400 volts (C16)		39837 Switch—Range switch (S2, S3)	
70617	Capacitor—Tubular, 0.1 mfd., 400 volts (C2, C18)		36800 Transformer—Output transformer (T1)	
70619	Capacitor—Tubular, 0.25 mfd. 400 volts (C31)		70411 Transformer—First I-F transformer (L10, L11, C23, C24)	
39152	Capacitor—Electrolytic, comprising 1 section of 30 mfd., 150 volts, and 1 section of 50 mfd., 150 volts (C17, C19)		70412 Transformer—Second I-F transformer (L12, L13, C5, C6, C25, C26)	
70418	Coil—Antenna coil (L3, L4, C22)		33726 Washer—"C" washer for tuning knob shaft	
39892	Coil—Oscillator coil (L6, L7, L8, L9)		SPEAKER ASSEMBLY	
70418	Coil—Peaking coil (L5)		92510-1	
70700	Condenser—Variable tuning condenser (C20, C21, C27, C28)		70413 Speaker—5-inch P.M. speaker complete with cone and voice coil	
36242	Control—Volume control and power switch (R7, S1)		NOTE: If stamping on speaker in instrument does not agree with above speaker number, order replacement parts by referring to model number of instrument, number stamped on speaker and full description of part required.	
32634	Cord—Drive cord (approx. 49 inches overall length)		MISCELLANEOUS ASSEMBLIES	
70392	Cord—Power cord		39853 Back—Cabinet back	
36237	Drum—Drive drum		36890 Clamp—Dial clamp—left hand	
37068	Indicator—Station selector indicator		36891 Clamp—Dial clamp—right hand	
11765	Lamp—Dial lamp (Mazda 51)		71323 Decal—Trade mark decal	
70980	Lead—Antenna lead		71310 Dial—Glass dial scale	
39841	Loop—Antenna loop (L1, L2)		37631 Fastener—Push fastener for cabinet back (1 set)	
36229	Plate—Dial back plate complete with drive cord pulleys less dial		36896 Knob—Range switch knob	
36230	Pulley—Drive cord pulley		36722 Knob—Tuning knob	
30189	Resistor—120 ohms, 1/4 watt (R1, R11)		71281 Knob—Volume control knob	
30731	Resistor—1200 ohms, 1/4 watt (R2)		30900 Spring—Retaining spring for knobs	
6134	Resistor—1200 ohms, 1 watt (R13)			

Frequency Range
 Broadcast 540-1600 kc
 Short Wave 8.9-12 mc
 Intermediate Frequency 455 kc

Loudspeaker (92510-1) "PM"
 Size 5-inch
 V.C. Impedance 3.4 ohms at 400 cycles

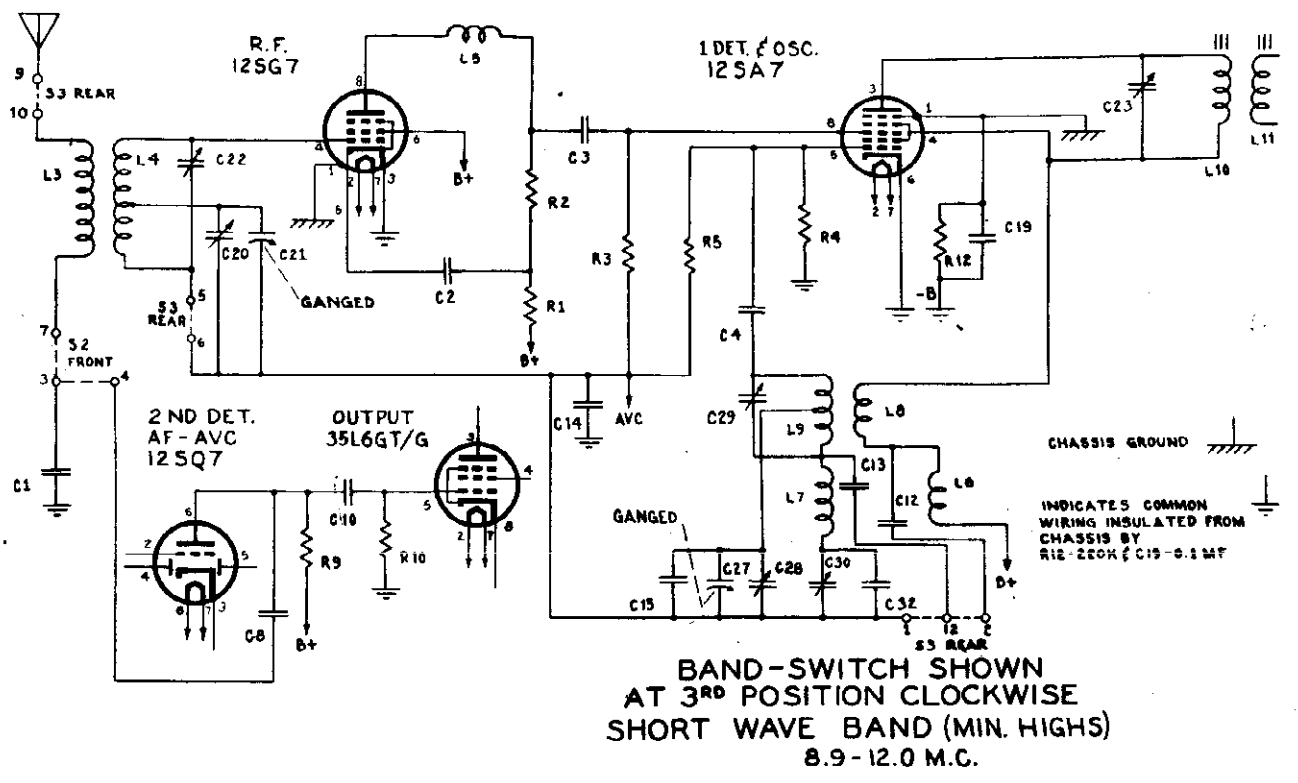
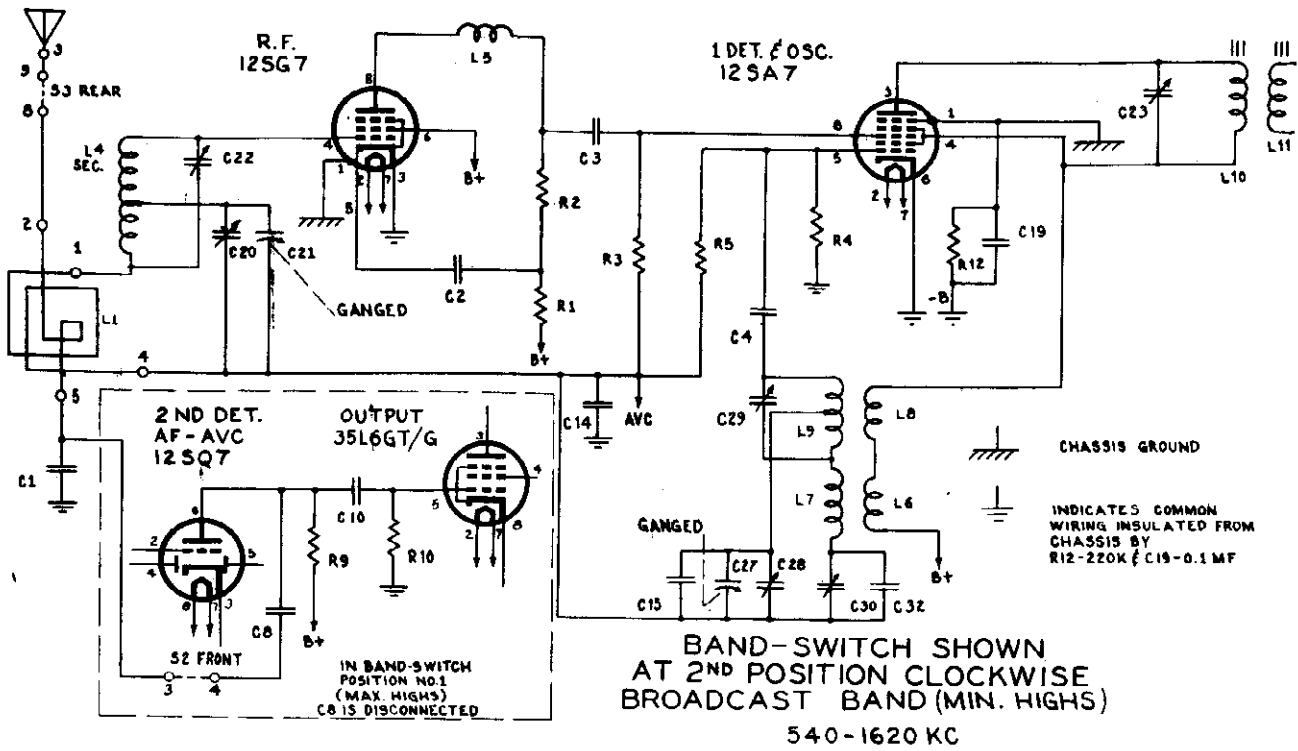
Power Output
 Undistorted 1.0 watts
 Maximum 1.5 watts

Power Supply Rating
 105-125 volts, AC, 50 or 60 cycles, or DC 30 watts

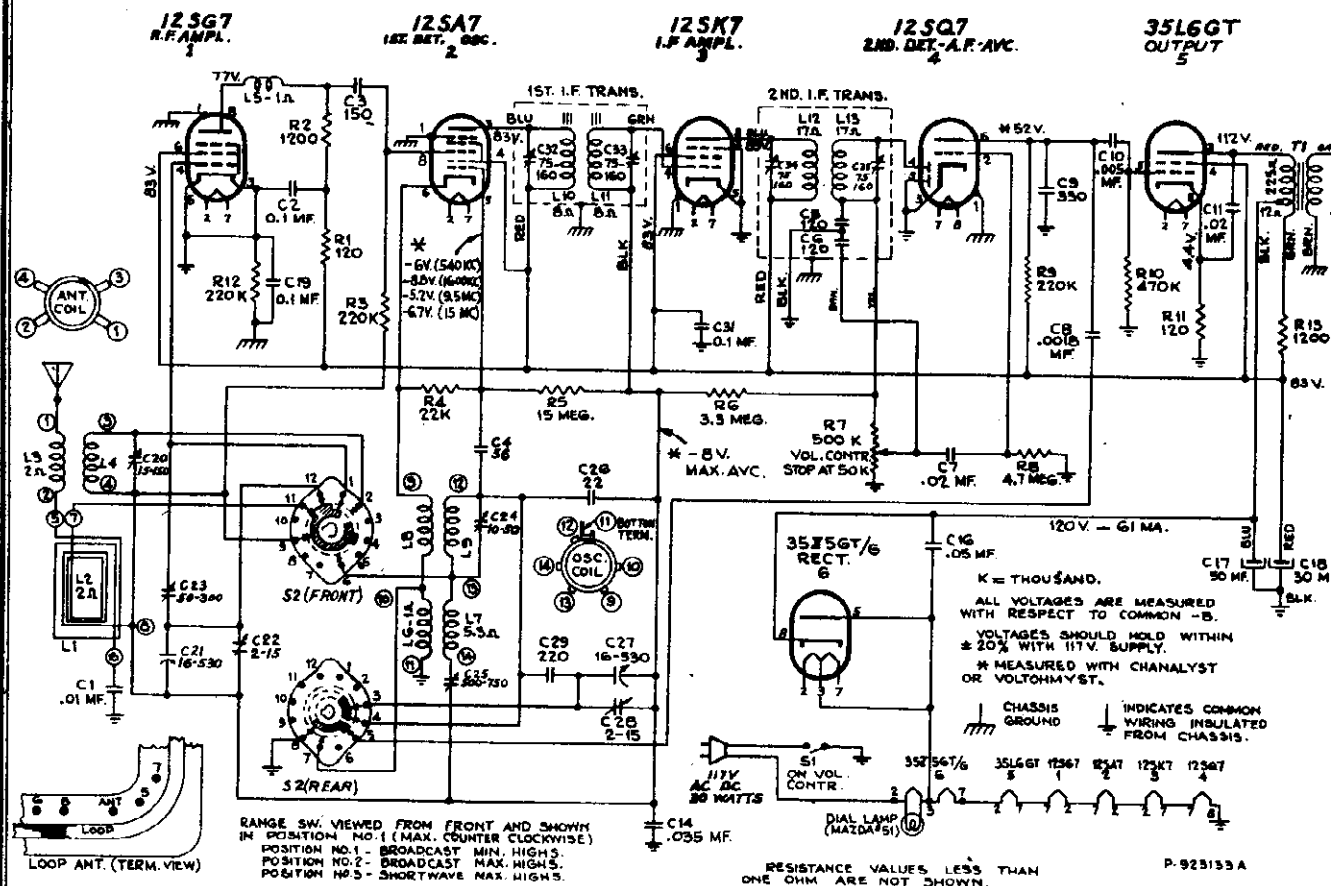
"clarified schematics"

MODEL 56X10
Ch. RC-1023B

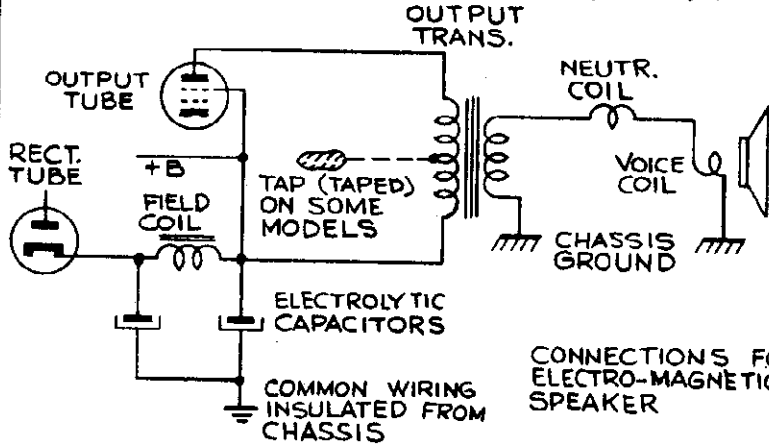
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Note: On some models, electrolytic capacitor (C17, C18) may be 20 Mfd./30 Mfd. The AVC bypass capacitor, (C14) may be .030 Mfd.



FREQUENCY RANGE

Broadcast	540-1,600
Short Wave	9.4-15.5
Intermediate Frequency	455

TUBE COMPLEMENT

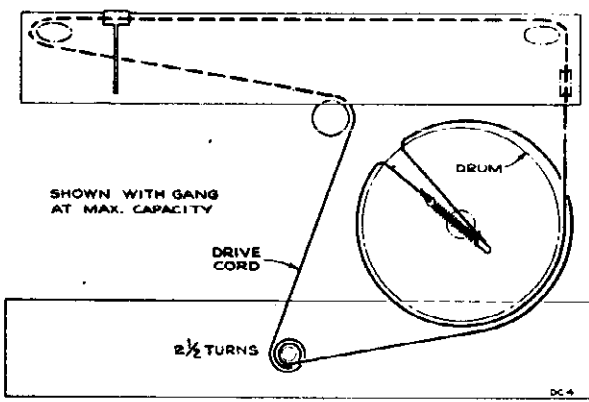
(1) RCA-12SG7	R-F Amplif
(2) RCA-12SA7	1st Det.—O
(3) RCA-12SK7	I-F Amplif
(4) RCA-12SQ7	2nd Det., A.V.C., and A-F Amplif
(5) RCA-35L6-GT	Power Outp
(6) RCA-35Z5-GT	Rectif

PILOT LAMP Mazda No. 51, 6-8 volts, 0.2 am

POWER OUTPUT

Undistorted	1.0 wat
Maximum	1.5 wat

IF PEAK 455 KC



LOUDSPEAKER 92510-1

Size 5-inch P.M
 V.C. Impedance 3.4 ohms at 400 cycles

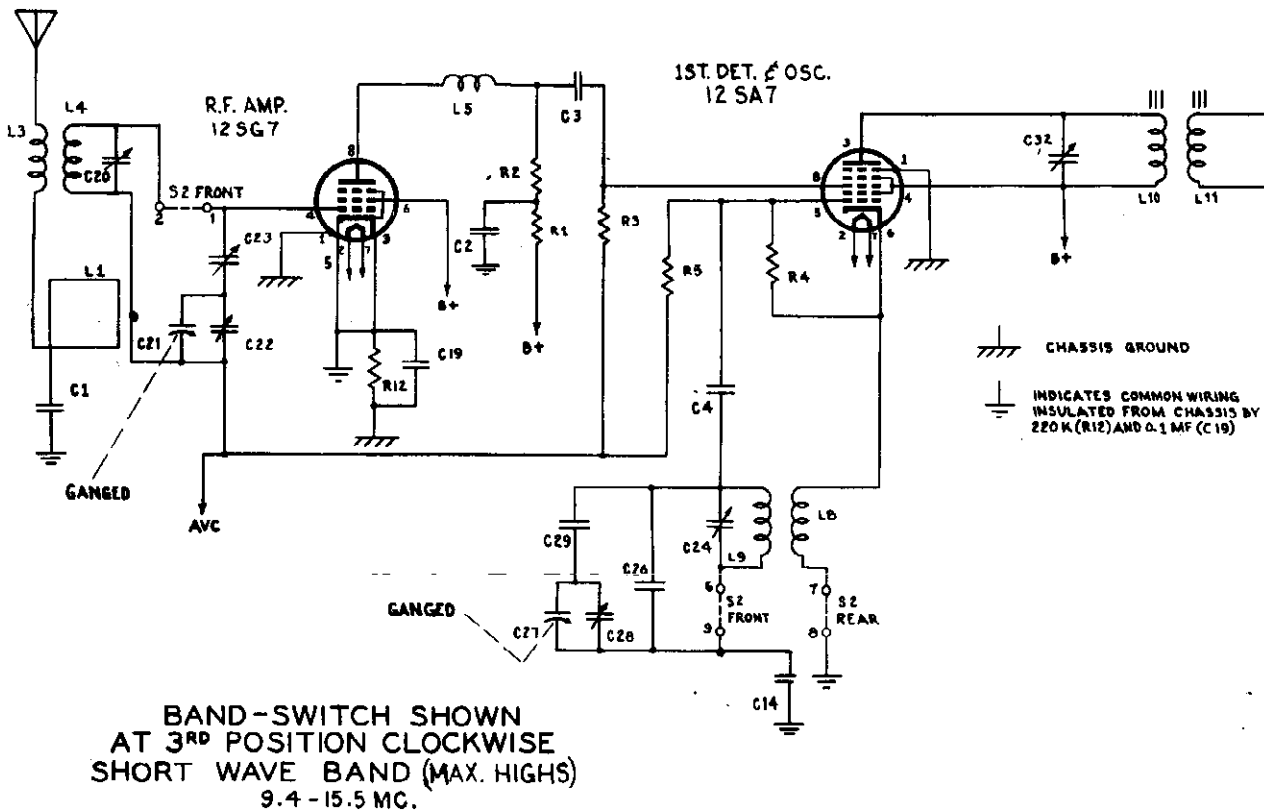
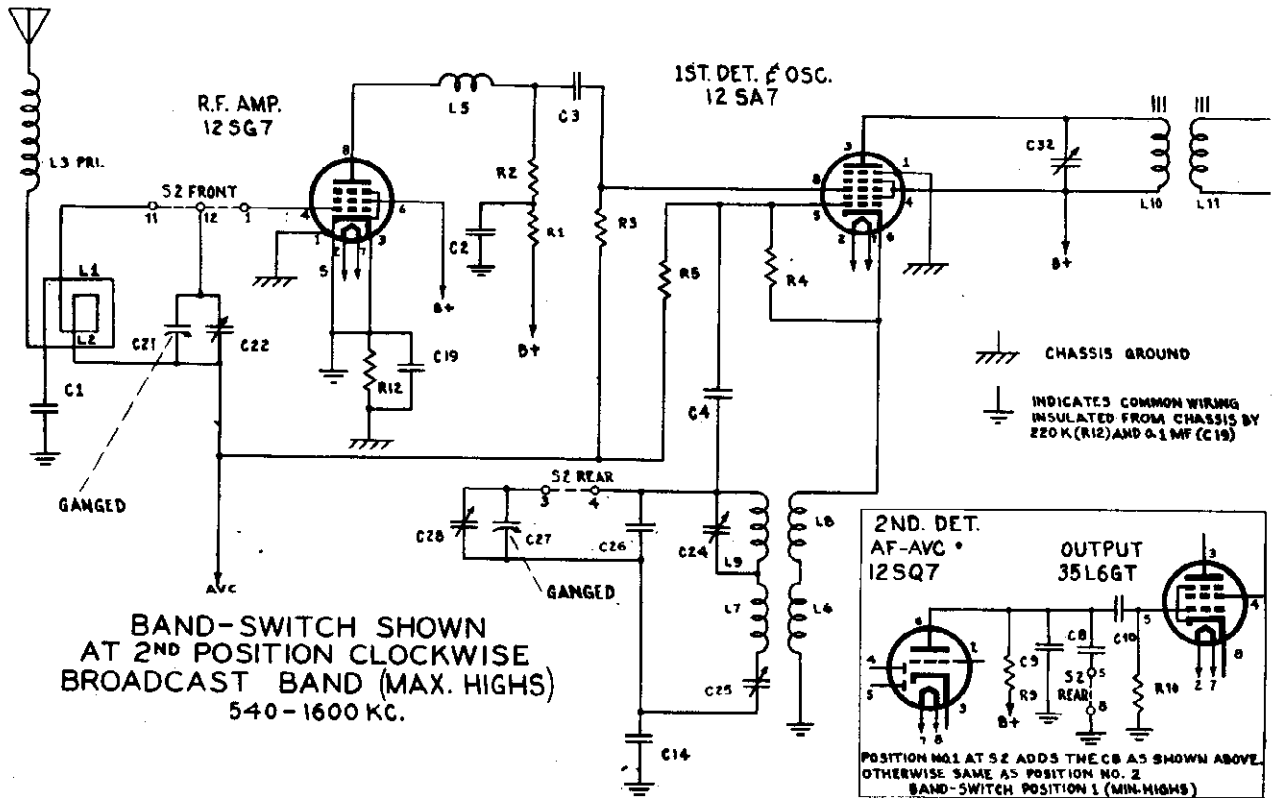
POWER SUPPLY RATING
 105-125 volts, AC, 50 or 60 cycles, or DC 30 watts

CABINET DIMENSIONS
 Width 12 3/4" Height 7 3/4" Depth 7 1/4"

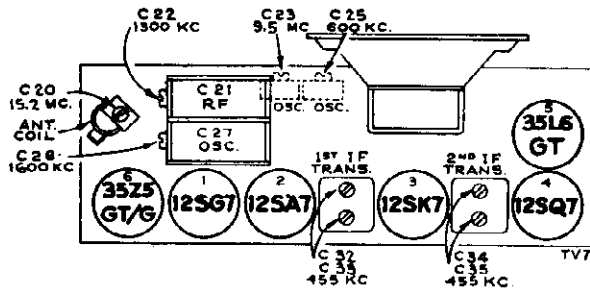
"clarified schematics"

MODEL 56X11
Ch. RC-1023A

RCA MFG. CO.



RCA MFG. CO.



Alignment Procedure

Test Oscillator.—For all alignment operations, keep the output as low as possible to avoid a.v.c. action.

Output Meter Alignment.—If this method is used, connect the meter across the voice coil, and turn the receiver volume control to maximum.

Calibration Scale.—The glass tuning dial may be easily removed from the cabinet and temporarily attached to the dial backing plate for quick reference during alignment.

Power Supply Polarity.—For operation on d-c, the power plug must be inserted in the outlet for correct polarity. If the set does not function, reverse the plug. On a-c, reversal of the plug may reduce hum.

Critical Lead Dress

1. Dress all heater leads down to chassis.
2. Dress excess leads from I.F. transformers back into cans, also blue and green leads should be dressed near to chassis.
3. Lead from band switch, terminal four, to C-24, should be dressed toward front apron and just clear of oscillator coil.
4. C-29, on band switch, connected from terminal three to terminal four, should be dressed toward rear of switch assembly.
5. Excess dial lamp leads should be dressed on top of chassis.
6. C-11, output tone control condenser, should be dressed close to chassis to clear when entering cabinet.
7. Power cord should be dressed free, and not under any other leads.
8. C-4 should be dressed clear of any other components or wiring and away from chassis.
9. Lead from tone control condenser, C-8, to band switch-terminal five, should be dressed over oscillator coil and oscillator padders C-24, C-25.
10. Lead from short-wave antenna coil to loop antenna should be to the right (outside) of 35Z5GT/G.
11. Leads to loop antenna should be dressed between I.F. transformer and 12SA7.
12. Yellow and brown leads from second I.F. transformer to volume control should be dressed up and away from chassis.

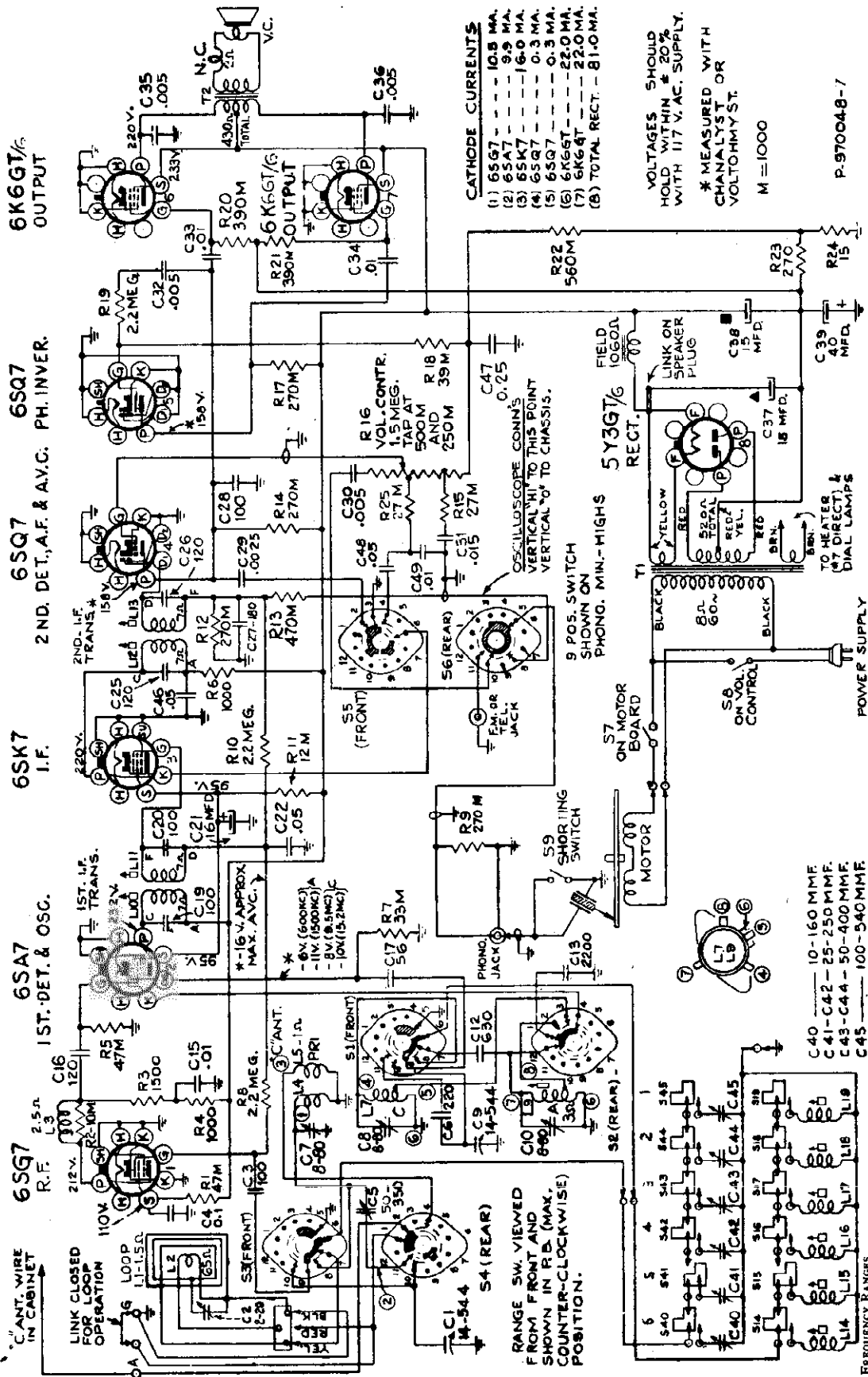
Steps	Connect high side of the test oscillator to—	Tune test osc. to—	Turn radio dial to—	Adjust the following for maximum peak output
1	I.F. grid in series with .01 mfd.	455 kc	'A' Band Quiet point at 1600 kc end of dial	C34, C35 2nd I-F trans.
2	12SA7 grid in series with .01 mfd.			C32, C33 1st I-F trans.
3		600 kc	'A' Band rock gang near 600 kc	C25 (BC trimmer)
4	Antenna terminal on loop in series with 220 mmf.	1600 kc	1600 kc	C28 (Osc.)
5		600 kc	Rock gang near 600 kc	Recheck C25
6		1300 kc	1300 kc	C22 (r.f.)
7		15.2 mc.	'C' Band rock gang near 15.2 mc.	C20 (ant.) on top of S.W. ant. coil
8	Antenna terminal on loop in series with 22 mmf.	9.5 mc.	15.2 mc. center of "M"—"19M"	C24 (Osc.)*
9		9.5 mc.	9.5 mc.	C23 (r.f.)
10		15.2 mc.	15.2 mc.	Recheck C20

*Use minimum capacity peak, if two peaks can be obtained.
Note.—Oscillator tracks 455 kc above signal on both bands.

STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION	STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION
CHASSIS ASSEMBLIES RC 1023A			
32979	Capacitor—Mica trimmer, 15-150 mmf. (C20)	30492	Resistor—22,000 ohms, 1/4 watt (R4)
37388	Capacitor—Mica trimmer, 50-300 mmf. (C23)	14583	Resistor—220,000 ohms, 1/4 watt (R3, R9)
70701	Capacitor—Mica trimmer, 1 section 500-750 mmf. and 1 section 10-50 mmf. (C24, C25)	30648	Resistor—470,000 ohms, 1/4 watt (R10)
39612	Capacitor—Mica, 22 mmf. (C26)	12928	Resistor—3.3 megohms, 1/4 watt (R6)
39622	Capacitor—Mica, 56 mmf. (C4)	30271	Resistor—4.7 megohms, 1/4 watt (R8)
39632	Capacitor—Mica, 150 mmf. (C3)	38785	Resistor—15 megohms, 1/4 watt (R5)
39640	Capacitor—Mica, 330 mmf. (C9)	36897	Shaft—Tuning knob shaft
71014	Capacitor—Silver mica, 220 mmf. (C29)	34449	Socket—Dial lamp socket
70712	Capacitor—Tubular, .0018 mfd., 800 volts (C8)	37605	Socket—Tube socket—moulded
70627	Capacitor—Tubular, .005 mfd., 600 volts (C10)	31418	Spring—Drive cord spring
70652	Capacitor—Tubular, .01 mfd., 800 volts (C1)	70696	Switch—Range switch (S2)
70711	Capacitor—Tubular, .02 mfd., 700 volts (C7, C11)	70697	Transformer—Audio transformer (T1)
70635	Capacitor—Tubular, .035 mfd., 500 volts (C14)	70698	Transformer—First I.F. transformer (L10, L11, C32, C33)
70615	Capacitor—Tubular, .05 mfd., 400 volts (C16)	70699	Transformer—Second I.F. transformer (C34, C35, L12, L13)
70617	Capacitor—Tubular, 0.1 mfd., 400 volts (C2, C19, C31)	33726	Washer—"C" washer for tuning knob shaft
36301	Capacitor—Electrolytic comprising 1 section of 30 mfd., 150 volts and 1 section of 50 mfd., 150 volts (C17, C18)	SPEAKER ASSEMBLIES	
70842	Coil—Antenna coil (L3, L4)	92510-1T	
70843	Coil—Oscillator coil (L6, L7, L8, L9)	92510-1L	
39894	Coil—Peaking coil (L5)	92510-1P	
70700	Condenser—Variable tuning condenser (C21, C22, C27, C28)	92510-1M	
36242	Control—Volume control and power switch (R7, S1)	70413	Speaker—5" P.M. speaker complete with cone and voice coil
70392	Cord—Power cord	NOTE: If stamping on speaker in instrument does not agree with above speaker number, order replacement parts by referring to model number of instrument, number stamped on speaker and full description of part required.	
32634	Cord—Drive cord (approx. 49" overall length)	MISCELLANEOUS ASSEMBLIES	
36237	Drum—Drive drum	39053	Back—Cabinet back
37068	Indicator—Station selector indicator	70702	Dial—Glass dial scale
11765	Lamp—Dial lamp	36890	Clamp—Dial clamp—left hand
31193	Lead—Antenna lead	36891	Clamp—Dial clamp—right hand
70841	Loop—Antenna loop (L1, L2)	37831	Fastener—Push fastener for cabinet back
36229	Plate—Dial back plate complete with pulleys	36722	Knob—Control knob
36230	Pulley—Drive cord pulley	30000	Spring—Retaining spring for knobs
30189	Resistor—120 ohms, 1/4 watt (R1, R11)		
12267	Resistor—1200 ohms, 1/4 watt (R2)		
6134	Resistor—1200 ohms, 1 watt (R13)		

MODELS 58V, 58AV
Ch. RC-604

RCA MFG. CO.



CATHODE CURRENTS

(1) 6S6GT	10.8 MA.
(2) 6SA7	9.5 MA.
(3) 6SK7	16.0 MA.
(4) 6SQ7	0.3 MA.
(5) 6K6GT	0.3 MA.
(6) 6K6GT	22.0 MA.
(B) TOTAL RECT.	81.0 MA.

VOLTAGES SHOULD HOLD WITHIN ± 20% WITH 117 V. AC. SUPPLY.
* MEASURED WITH CHANALYST OR VOLTOHM Y ST.
M = 10000

P-970048-7

POWER OUTPUT RATING

Undistorted	5 watts
Maximum	5.5 watts

PHONOGRAPH

Type	Automatic 960001-1
Record Capacity	Fourteen 10-in., Twelve 12-in. Turntable
Type Pickup	78 P.m. type Crystal
Motor Power consumption (125 v.-60 cycles)	30 watts

* This mechanism can be converted to operate on 50 cycles.

CAPACITANCE VALUES

C40	10-160 MME
C41-C42	25-250 MME
C43-C44	50-400 MME
C45	100-540 MME

FREQUENCY RANGES

Standard Broadcast "A"	540-1,600 kc
Short Wave "C"	9.4-15.4 mc

INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY 455 kc

POWER SUPPLY RATING

105-125 volts, 60 cycles	115 watts
(2) Mazda No. 51, 6-8 volts, 0.2 amps.	

PILOT LAMPS (1) Mazda No. 55, 6-8 volts, 0.4 amps.

COMPARTMENT LAMP (1) Mazda No. 55, 6-8 volts, 0.4 amps.

LOUDSPEAKER 92512-1

Electrodynamic 12-inch

V.C. impedance at 400 cycles 2.2 ohms

RANGE SW. VIEWED FROM FRONT AND SHOWN IN R.D. (MAX. COUNTER-CLOCKWISE) POSITION.

OSCILLOSCOPE CONN'S VERTICAL "H" TO THIS POINT VERTICAL "O" TO CHASSIS.

9 POS. SWITCH SHOWN ON PHONO. MIN.-HIGHS

LINK ON SPEAKER PLUG

TO HEATER (7 DIRECT) & DIAL LAMPS

ON VOL. CONTROL

ON MOTOR BOARD

SHORING SWITCH

PHONO. JACK OR TEL. JACK

PHONO. JACK

FIELD

560-1,600 kc

9.4-15.4 mc

455 kc

115 watts

0.2 amps.

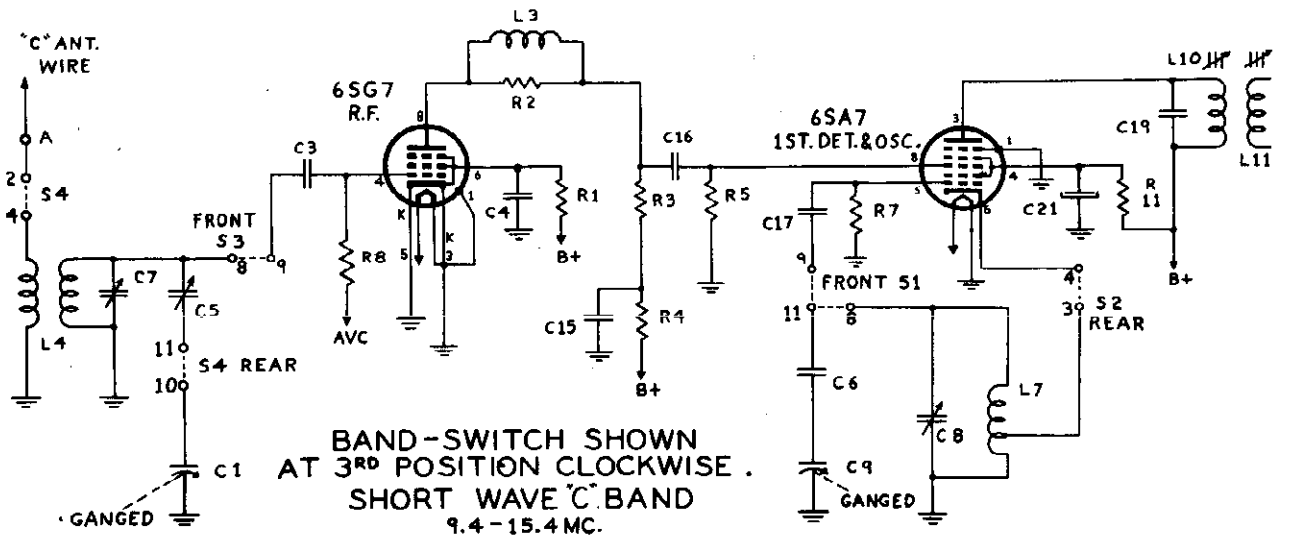
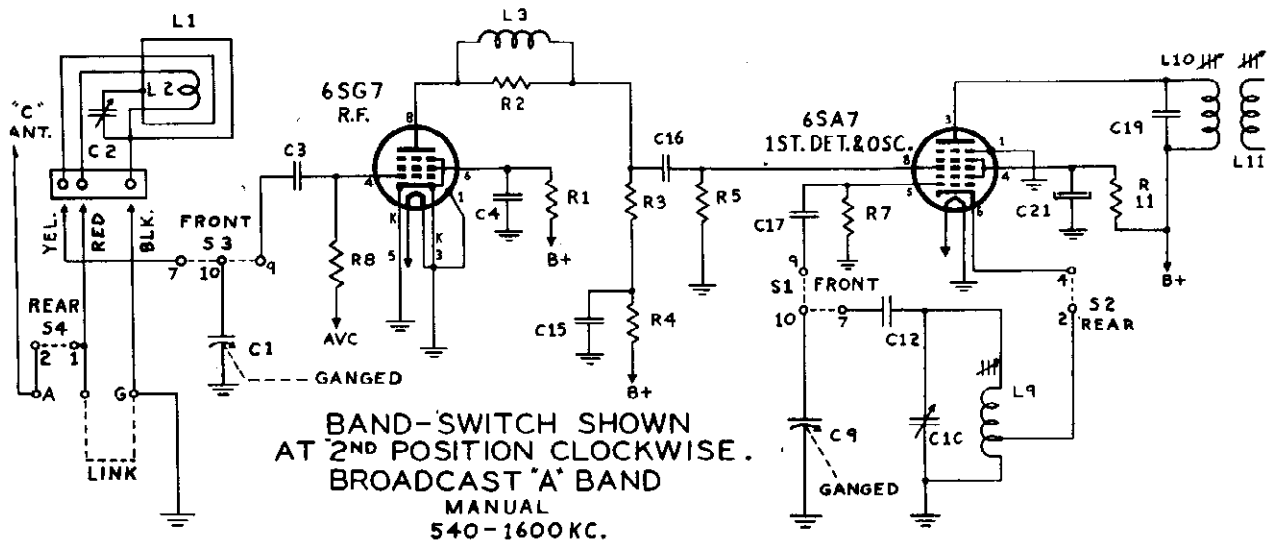
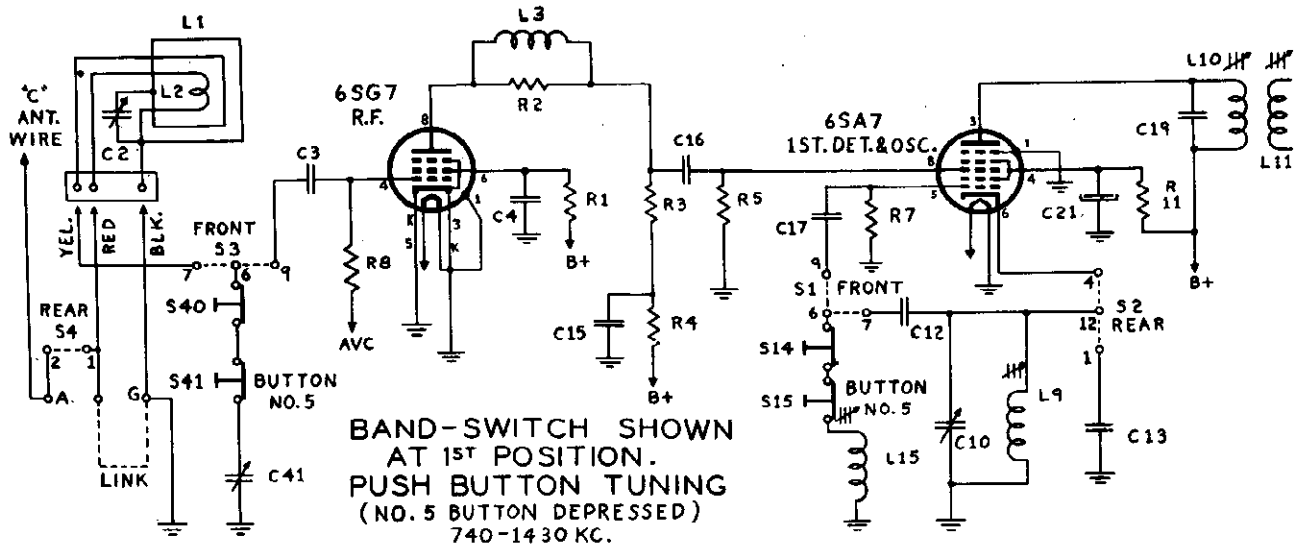
0.4 amps.

12-inch

2.2 ohms

"clarified schematics"

RCA MFG. CO.



RCA MFG. CO.

Cathode-Ray Alignment—is the preferable method. Connections for the oscilloscope are shown in the schematic diagram.

Output Meter Alignment—If this method is used, connect the meter across the voice coil, and turn the receiver volume control to maximum.

Test-Oscillator—For all alignment operations, connect the low side of the test-oscillator to the receiver chassis, and keep the oscillator output as low as possible to avoid a-v-c action.

Calibration Scale—The glass tuning dial may be easily removed from the cabinet and temporarily attached to the chassis for quick reference during alignment. In the event that only the chassis is returned for service, and the cabinet with its tuning dial is left in the customer's home, the full size scale printed in this service note can be used for reference.

Using Tuning Dial—

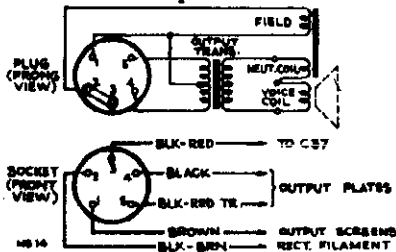
1. Remove glass dial from the cabinet.
2. With gang in full mesh, the dial pointer should be set to a point 1/4 inch to left of reference mark at left hand end of the dial backing plate.
3. Support the glass dial over the pointer with spacers so that the extreme left scale graduation coincides with the pointer. Use scotch tape to hold the glass dial in place.

"C" Band Reception—For best reception on "C" band with an outside antenna, adjust the trimmer screw of C5 on the antenna coil. Turn screw carefully with an insulated screwdriver (RCA Stock No. 31031) while the receiver is tuned to a station in the 31-meter band. If returning to internal antenna at any time, close the link on the center terminal and readjust "C" band antenna trimmer (C5) for best reception on 31-meter band.

For additional information, refer to booklet "RCA Victor Receiver Alignment."

Steps	Connect test-osc. output to—	Tune test osc. to—	Turn radio dial to—	Adjust the following for maximum peak output—
1	I-F grid in series with .01 mfd.	455 kc	"A" band 540 kc	L13-L12 (2nd I-F trans.)
2	1st Det. grid in series with .01 mfd.	455 kc	"A" band 540 kc	L11-L10 (1st I-F trans.)
3	A-Terminal in series with 47 mmfd. (link closed)	15.2 mc	"C" band 15.2 mc	C8 (osc.)* C7 (ant.)
4		9.5 mc	"C" band 9.5 mc	C5 (ant.) (Rock gang)
5	Repeat steps 3 and 4			
6	Yellow loop lead in series with 200 mmfd. (link closed)	1,500 kc	"A" band 1,500 kc	C10 (osc.)
7		600 kc	"A" band 600 kc	L9 (osc.)
8	Repeat steps 6 and 7			
9	Install and connect chassis in cabinet with antenna link closed. Tune in a radiated oscillator signal at 1,500 kc, and peak the "A" band trimmer C2 (on loop). Rock in L9 for peak output at 600 kc.			

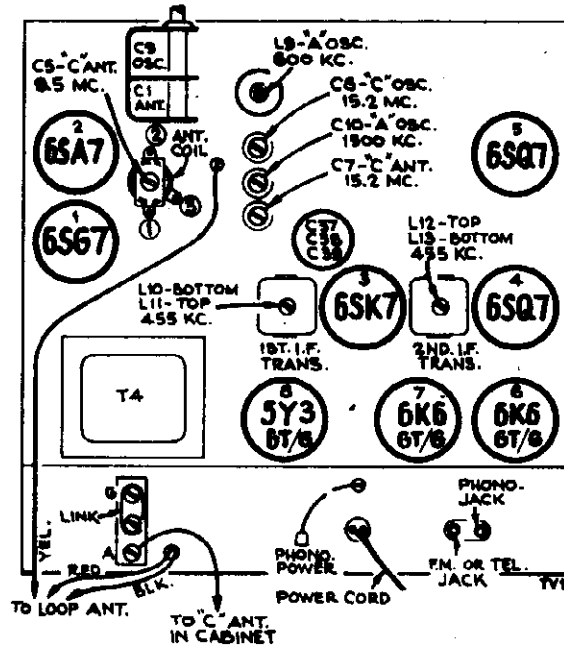
*Use minimum capacity peak if two peaks can be obtained. Oscillator tracks 455 kc. above signal on all bands.



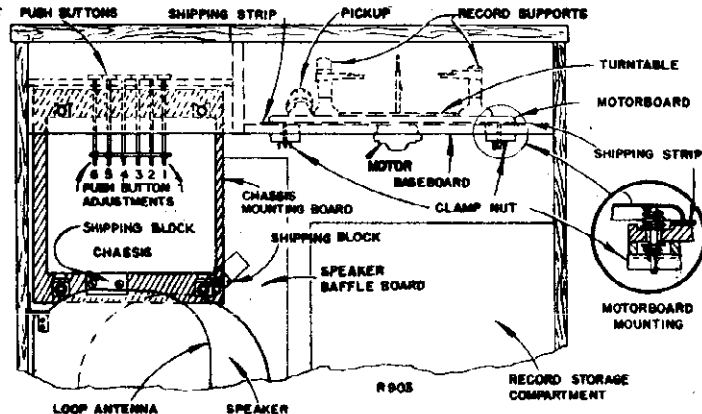
SPEAKER CONNECTIONS

Critical Lead Dress:

1. Bus from "C" oscillator coil to range switch must be held to length and dressed close to coil.
2. C30 (audio coupling capacitor to volume control) should be dressed close to front apron.
3. A.C. cord and motor leads must be dressed away from phono and F.M. jack.
4. Excess trans. leads to be dressed between trans. and rectifier socket.
5. Keep R5, C16 bus (in grid circuit of 6SA7 tube) as short as possible.
6. Dress C28 (in plate circuit of 1st A.F.) close to socket.
7. Keep R21 (grid resistor) and C34 (coupling capacitor of output tube) close to socket.
8. Keep R25, C48 (in tone compensating circuit) close to front apron.
9. Dress green lead from osc. coil to trimmer close to oscillator coil.
10. Dress red A.C. leads away from I.F. trans. and 6SQ7 socket.
11. RF choke in plate of 6SG7 must be dressed toward back apron.



TUBE AND TRIMMER LOCATIONS



BACK VIEW

RCA MFG. CO.

PUSH BUTTON ADJUSTMENT.—

The push buttons connect to separate magnetite-core oscillator coils and separate ant. circuit trimmers which must be adjusted for the desired stations. Use an insulated screwdriver or alignment tool such as RCA Stock No. 31031. Allow about five minutes warm-up period before making adjustments.

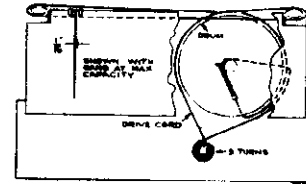
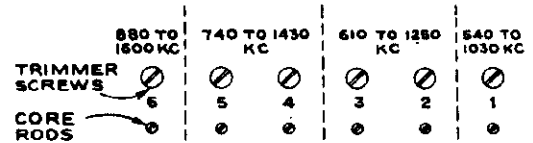
The procedure is as follows:

1. Make a list of the desired stations, arranged in order from low to high frequencies.
2. Turn the range switch to the broadcast position and manually tune in the first station on the list.
3. Turn range switch to push-button position and press in the left-hand button.
4. Adjust No. 1 oscillator core to receive the first station. To secure the best adjustment, rotate the antenna for least pickup, and adjust core for peak output.
5. Adjust No. 1 antenna trimmer capacitor for peak output on the first station.
6. Proceed in the same manner to adjust for the remaining stations.

On the 880 to 1,600 kc push-button, the higher frequency stations may be received with osc. core either in or out (oscillator frequency either 455 kc below or 455 kc above the station frequency). The adjustment with this core in its out position (oscillator frequency 455 kc above the station frequency) is the correct one.

NOTE: Clockwise adjustment of cores and trimmers tunes the circuits to lower frequencies.

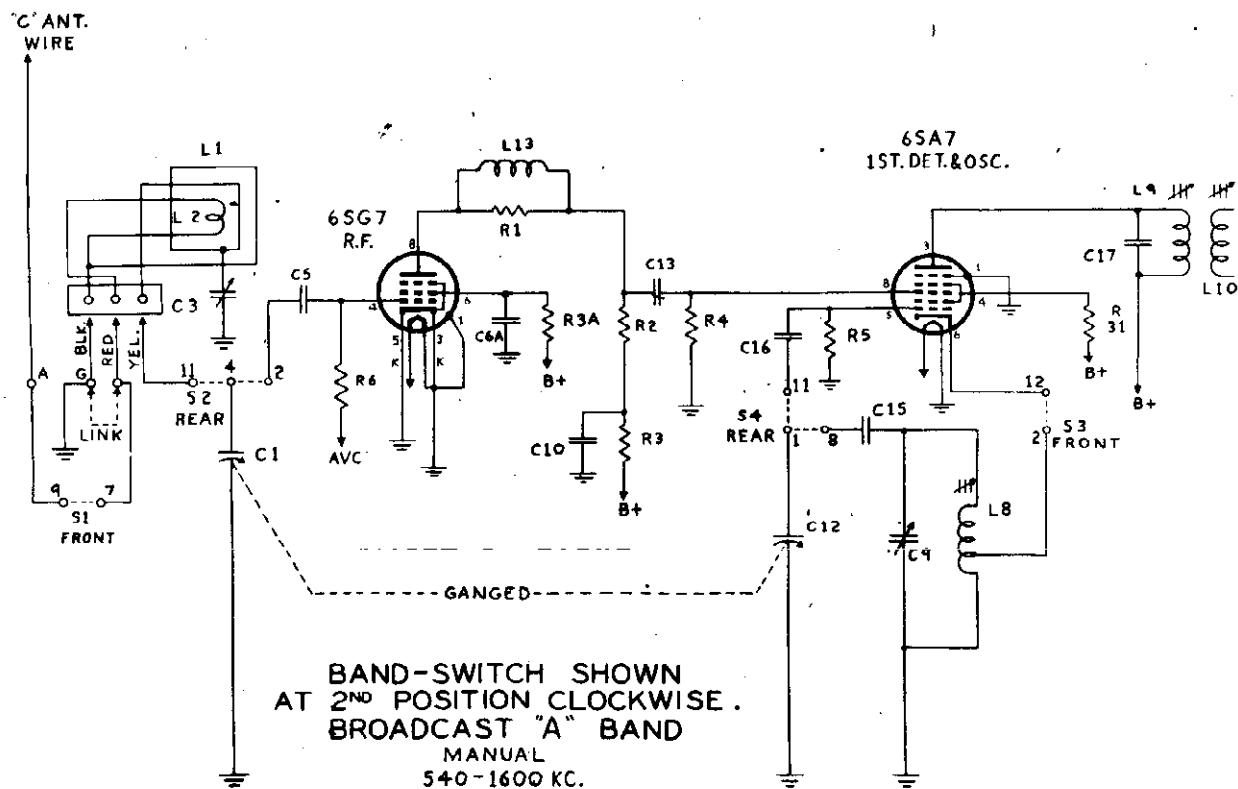
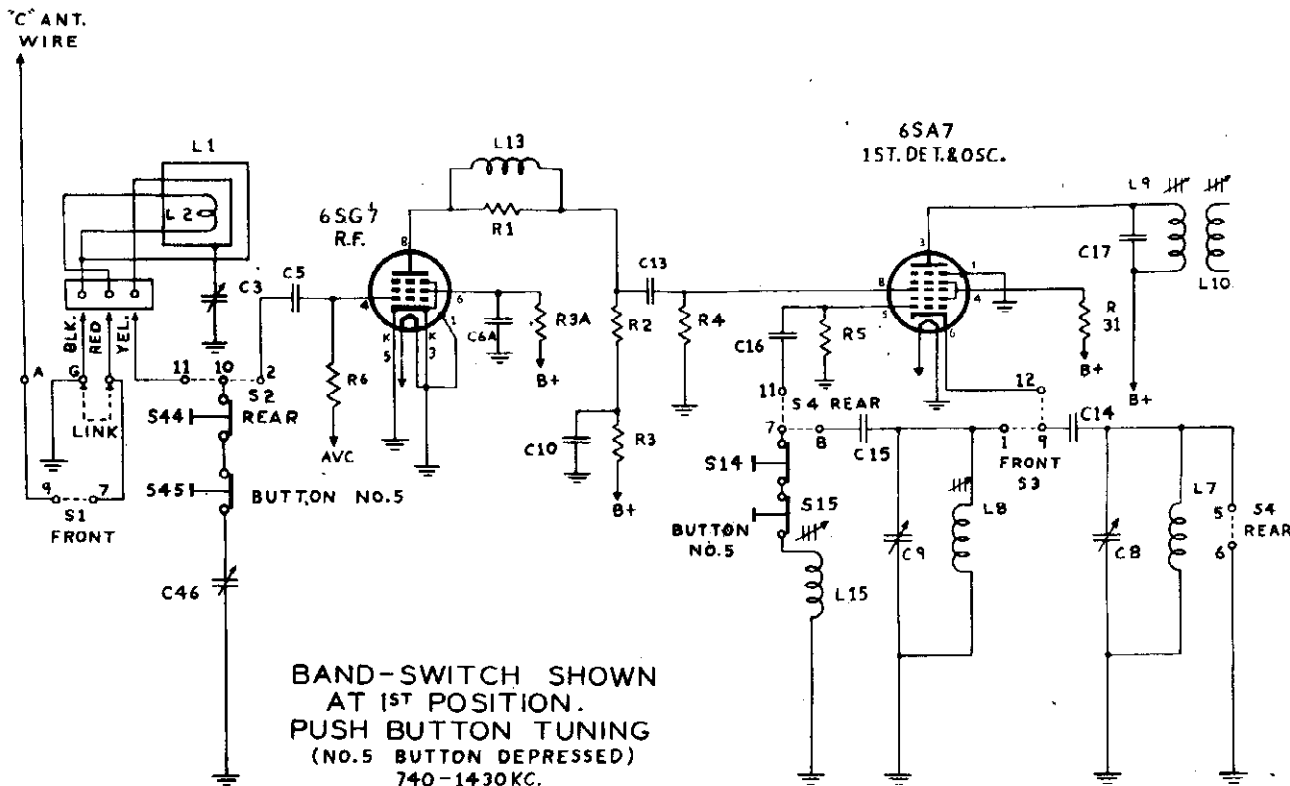
SERVICE HINT:—If unable to reach 550-540 KC on No. 1 push button —Connect a Stock No. 33111 Capacitor-Ceramic-33 mmf across L19 (between switch contact which connects to high side of L19, and switch frame).



STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION	STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION
CHASSIS ASSEMBLIES RC-604			
36342	Board—"Antenna-Ground" board	31380	Transformer—Power transformer—105-125 volts, 50/60 cycle (T1)
38368	Capacitor—Adjustable, 50-350 mmfd. (C5)	35636	Transformer—First I.F. transformer (L10, L11, C19, C20)
60954	Capacitor—Ceramic, 56 mmfd. (C17)	35790	Transformer—Second I.F. transformer (L12, L13, C25, C26)
38801	Capacitor—Mica trimmer, comprising 3 sections of 8-80 mmfd. (C7, C8, C10)	35969	Washer—"C" washer for tuning knob shaft
39628	Capacitor—Mica, 100 mmfd. (C3, C19, C20, C28)	SPEAKER ASSEMBLIES Stamped 92512-1K	
39630	Capacitor—Mica, 120 mmfd. (C16, C25, C26)	70574	Cone—Cone and voice coil assembly
39634	Capacitor—Mica, 180 mmfd. (C27)	31539	Plug—3 prong male plug for speaker cable
38858	Capacitor—Silver mica, 220 mmfd. (C6)	70573	Speaker—12" E.M. speaker complete with cone and voice coil less plug and output transformer
38831	Capacitor—Silver mica, 630 mmfd. (C12)	37899	Transformer—Output transformer (T2)
39660	Capacitor—Mica, 2200 mmfd. (C13)	NOTE: If stamping on speaker in instruments does not agree with above speaker number, order replacement parts by referring to Model number of instrument, number stamped on speaker and full description of part required.	
70623	Capacitor—Tubular, .0025 mfd., 600 volts (C29)	MISCELLANEOUS ASSEMBLIES	
70627	Capacitor—Tubular, .005 mfd., 600 volts (C30, C32)	36461	Button—Plug button
70648	Capacitor—Tubular, .005 mfd., 1000 volts (C35, C36)	38375	Button—Push button
70631	Capacitor—Tubular, .01 mfd., 600 volts (C15, C33, C34, C49)	38684	Capacitor—Trimmer, 2-20 mmfd. (C2)
70572	Capacitor—Tubular, .015 mfd., 400 volts (C31)	36424	Capacitor—Mica trimmer comprising 1 section of 10-160 mmfd., 2 sections of 25-250 mmfd., 2 sections of 50-400 mmfd., and 1 section of 100-540 mmfd. (C40, C41, C42, C43, C44, C45)
70615	Capacitor—Tubular, .05 mfd., 400 volts (C22, C48)	36462	Clamp—Dial clamp
70636	Capacitor—Tubular, .05 mfd., 600 volts (C-46)	X1609	Cloth—Grille cloth for Mahogany cabinet
70618	Capacitor—Tubular, 0.1 mfd., 400 volts (C4)	X1610	Cloth—Grille cloth for Walnut cabinet
37888	Capacitor—Tubular, 0.25 mfd., 200 volts (C47)	38579	Coil—Loop primary coil (L2)
37877	Capacitor—Electrolytic comprising 2 sections of 20 mfd., 450 volts and 1 section of 20 mfd., 25 volts replacement for (C37, C38, C39)	38315	Coil—P.B. oscillator coil—high frequency side (L14, L15, L16)
38788	Capacitor—Electrolytic, 16 mfd., 450 volts (C21)	37638	Coil—P.B. oscillator coil—low frequency side (L17, L18, L19)
38807	Coil—Antenna coil, "C" band (L4, L5)	35871	Core—Adjustable core and stud for P.B. oscillator coil
38808	Coil—Oscillator coil (L7, L9)	70547	Cover—Compartment lamp lead cover
38809	Condenser—Variable tuning condenser (C1, C9)	39013	Decal—Control panel decal
70342	Control—Volume control and power switch (R16, S8)	35392	Decal—Trade mark decal (RCA Victor)
32634	Cord—Drive cord (approx. 43" overall length)	70575	Decal—Trade mark decal (Dog)
12006	Core—Adjustable core and stud assembly for I.F. transformer	39011	Dial—Glass dial scale
35788	Core—Adjustable core and stud for oscillator coil	36327	Escutcheon—Dial escutcheon—less dial
38359	Cup—Oscillator coil mounting cup	38376	Escutcheon—Push button escutcheon—less buttons
38790	Drum—Drive drum	71003	Grille—Metal grille
35870	Indicator—Station selector pointer	39352	Hinge—Cabinet door hinge
28452	Plate—Bakelite mounting plate for electrolytic capacitor	30698	Hinge—Cabinet lid hinge
36333	Plate—Dial back plate complete with pulleys	13103	Jewel—Pilot lamp cap
38832	Plug—Pin plug for loop lead	71002	Knob—Cabinet door knob
30868	Plug—2 contact female plug for motor cable	35814	Knob—Tone control, range switch, volume control, or tuning knob
12493	Plug—3 contact female plug for speaker cable	5117	Lamp—Compartment lamp
32641	Plug—3 prong male plug for selector switch cable	11765	Lamp—Dial lamp
32289	Pulley—Drive cord pulley	70544	Loop—Antenna loop complete (L1, L2, C2)
11565	Resistor—15 ohms, 1/2 watt (R24)	34317	Marker—Station marker
70542	Resistor—270 ohms, 4 watt (R23)	70546	Mounting—One (1) set of hardware for mounting record changer consisting of four (4) upper and four (4) lower springs and four (4) clamp nuts
34706	Resistor—1000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R4, R6)	37800	Shade—Lamp shade
30654	Resistor—1500 ohms, 1/2 watt (R3)	36422	Socket—3 contact female for selector switch cable and loop leads
38820	Resistor—Resistor and coil assembly, 10,000 ohms (R2, L3)	30900	Spring—Retaining spring for control knobs
70541	Resistor—12,000 ohms, 4 watt (R11)	34053	Spring—Retaining spring for push button
30409	Resistor—27,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R15, R25)	71001	Spring—Spring for L.H. cabinet lid support
30685	Resistor—33,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R7)	70999	Spring—Spring for R.H. cabinet lid support
30147	Resistor—39,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R18)	71000	Support—Cabinet lid support—L.H.
30787	Resistor—47,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R1, R5)	70998	Support—Cabinet lid support—R.H.
30651	Resistor—270,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R9, R12, R14, R17)	70545	Support—Loop support complete with mounting brackets and spring
11988	Resistor—390,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R20, R21)	38575	Switch—Selector switch (S14, S15, S16, S17, S18, S19, S40, S41, S42, S43, S44, S45)
30648	Resistor—470,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R13)		
30653	Resistor—560,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R22)		
30649	Resistor—2.2 megohm, 1/2 watt (R8, R10, R19)		
38803	Shaft—Tuning knob shaft		
31304	Socket—Lamp socket		
33514	Socket—Phono input socket		
31251	Socket—Tube socket		
31418	Spring—Drive cord tension spring		
12007	Spring—Retaining spring for adjustable core and studs		
38802	Switch—Radio-phonograph and tone control switch (S3, S6)		
38805	Switch—Range switch (S1, S2, S3, S4)		

"clarified schematics"

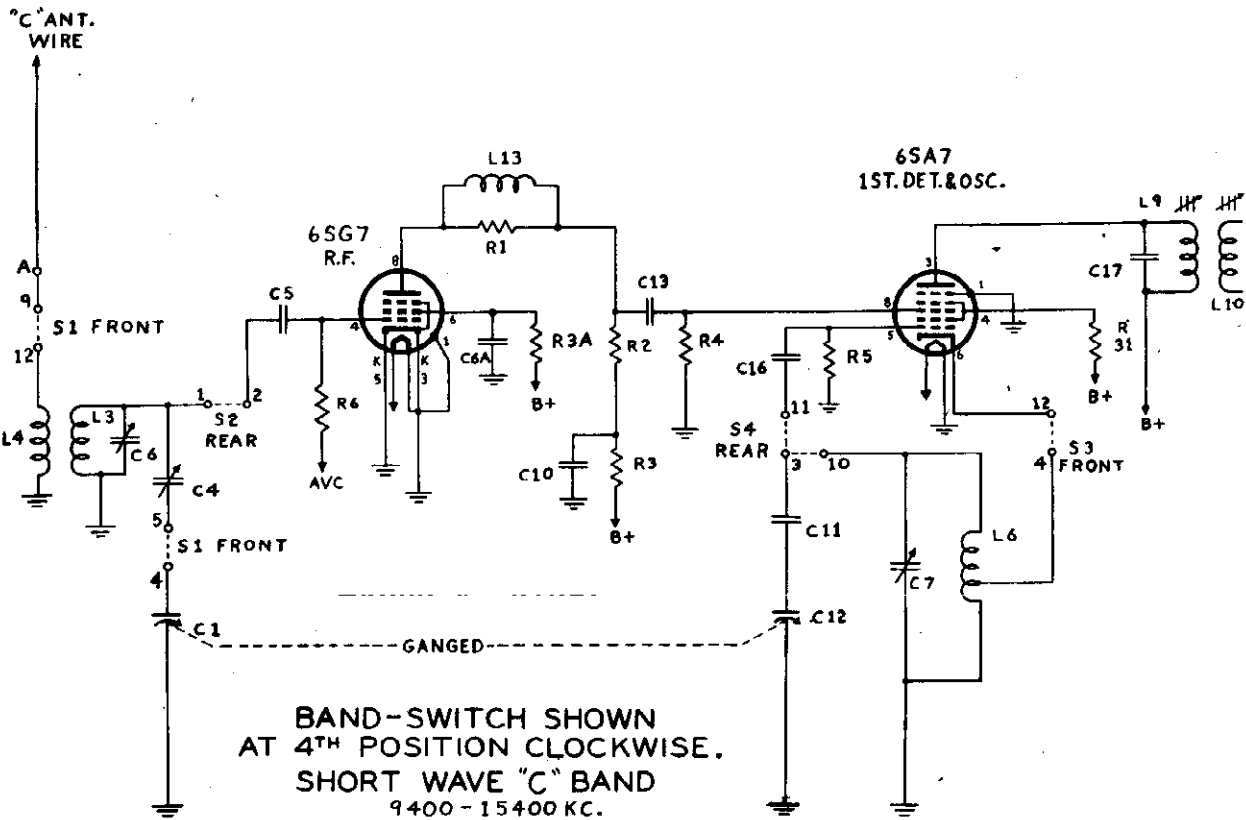
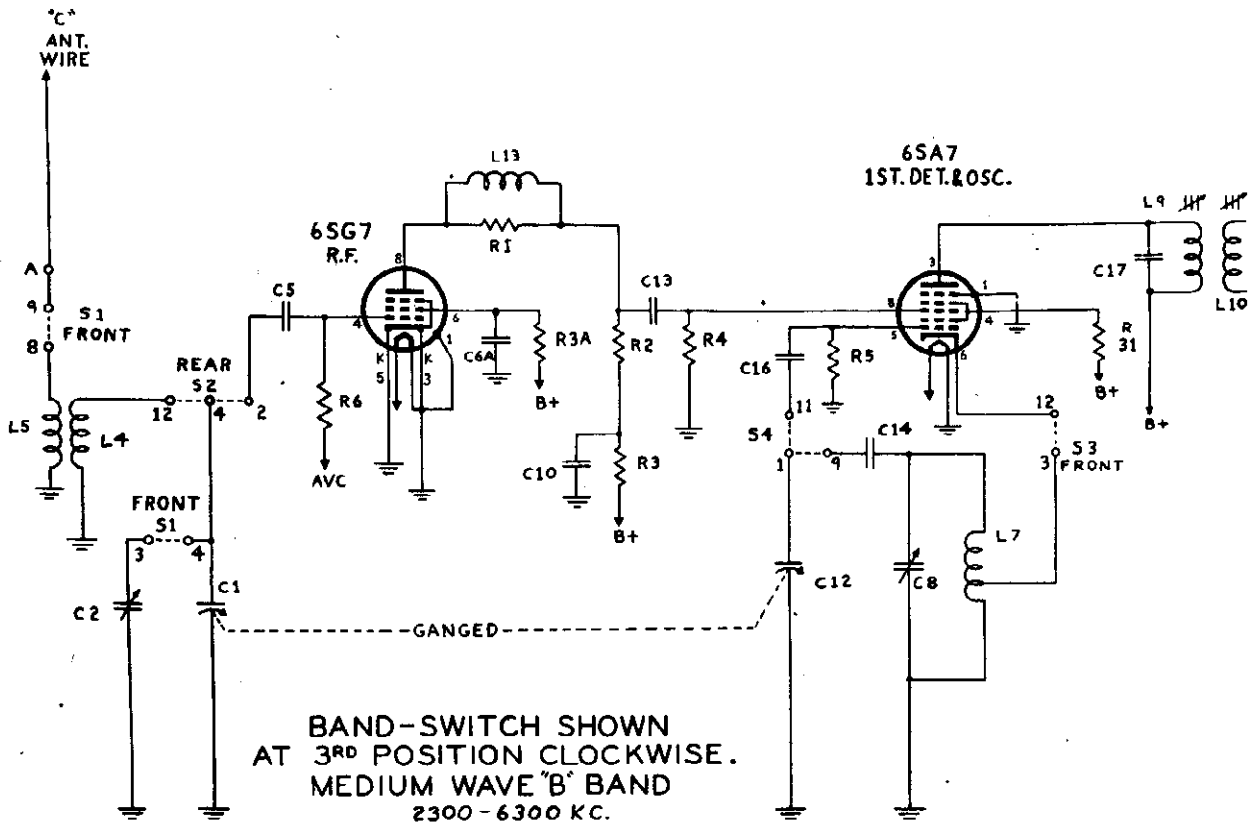
RCA MFG. CO.



"clarified schematics"

MODELS 59V1, 59AV1
Ch. RC-605

RCA MFG. CO.



RCA MFG. CO.

Cathode-Ray Alignment is the preferable method. Connections for the oscillograph are shown in the schematic diagram.

Output Meter Alignment.—If this method is used, connect the meter across the voice coil, and turn the receiver volume control to maximum.

Test-Oscillator.—For all alignment operations, connect the low side of the test-oscillator to the receiver chassis, and keep the oscillator output as low as possible to avoid a-v-c action.

Calibration Scale.—The glass tuning dial may be easily removed from the cabinet and temporarily attached to the chassis for quick reference during alignment. In the event that only the chassis is returned for service, and the cabinet with its tuning dial is left in the customer's home, the full size calibration scale printed in this service note can be used for reference.

Using Tuning Dial.—

1. Remove the dial glass from the cabinet.
2. With gang at full mesh the pointer should be set to a point (1/16) inch to the left of the reference mark at the left hand end of the dial backing plate.
3. Place the glass dial under the pointer so that the extreme left scale graduations coincide with the pointer. Use scotch tape to hold the glass dial in place.

Using Dial Scale Printed In This Service Note.—

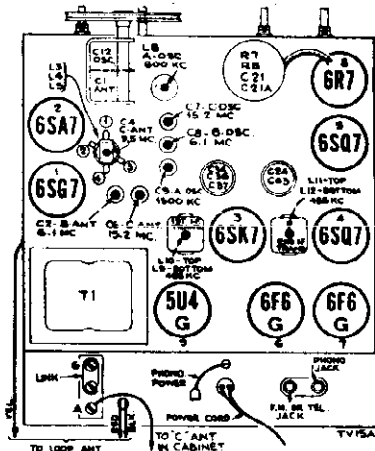
Follow the procedure above, substituting the dial scale printed in this service note for the glass dial in the cabinet.

"C" Band Reception.—For best reception on "C" band with an outside antenna, adjust the trimmer screw of C4 on the antenna coil. Turn screw carefully with an insulated screwdriver (RCA Stock No. 31031) while the receiver is tuned to a station in the 31-meter band. If returning to internal antenna at any time, close the link on the center terminal and readjust "C" band antenna trimmer (C4) for best reception on 31-meter band.

For additional information, refer to booklet, "RCA Victor Receiver Alignment."

Steps	Connect high side of test osc. to—	Tune test osc. to—	Turn radio dial to—	Adjust the following for maximum peak output—
1	I-F grid in series with .01 mfd.	455 kc	"A" Band 540 kc	L12, L11 (2nd I-F Trans.)
2	1st Det. grid in series with .01 mfd.			L10, L9 (1st I-F Trans.)
3	Yellow loop lead in series with 200 mmf. (link closed)	1,500 kc	"A" Band 1,500 kc	C9 (osc.)
4		600 kc	"A" Band 600 kc	L8 (osc.)
5	Repeat steps 3 and 4			
6	Ant. terminal in series with 47 mmf. (link closed)	6.1 mc	"B" Band 6.1 mc	C8 (osc.)* C2 (ant.)
7		15.2 mc	"C" Band 15.2 mc	C7 (osc.)* C6 (ant.)
8		9.5 mc	"C" Band 9.5 mc	C4 (ant.)
9	Repeat steps 7 and 8			
10	Install and connect chassis in cabinet, with link closed. Tune in a radiated oscillator signal at 1,500 kc and peak the "A" band ant. trimmer C3 (on loop). Rock in L8 for peak output at 600 kc.			

*Use minimum capacity peak if two peaks can be obtained. Oscillator tracks 455 kc above signal on all bands.

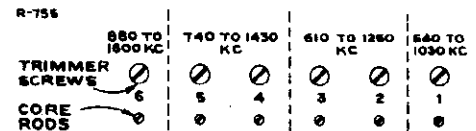


Top View Chassis

Critical Lead Dress

1. Push button, R.F. and oscillator leads should be separated as much as possible to reduce degeneration on push button reception.
2. R.F. choke in plate circuit of 6SG7 should be dressed towards the back apron.
3. Dress green push button lead under clamp and away from "C" band series capacitor.
4. Dress heater leads away from grids and diodes.
5. Dress phono. cables up and away from all wiring.
6. Dress all excess leads from transformer back towards transformer.
7. Keep output plate leads short and dressed close to chassis.
8. Dress green lead from 6SA7 screen to electrolytic down close to chassis.
9. Dress "C" band coil lead from oscillator coil to range switch down toward green lead.
10. Keep yellow loop lead clear of all wiring.
11. Dress ground bus of large electrolytic away from mounting lug.
12. Remove all excess slack from pilot light assembly and dress it close to chassis base away from volume control.
13. Dress oscillator grid capacitor (56 mmfd.) up and away from the screen and plate of 6SA7 socket.
14. A-C leads to "off-on" switch should be kept away from tone control cable to reduce hum.
15. Peaking coil should be dressed away from R-F grid resistor to reduce degeneration in R-F stage.
16. Dress oscillator push button lead in weld clamp on front apron away from 220 mmf. series condenser.
17. Keep all leads away from Phono-FM jack to prevent audio oscillator and hum. Dress underneath the shield provided.

Push Button Adjustment



The push buttons connect to separate magnetite-core oscillator coils and separate loop circuit trimmers which must be adjusted for the desired stations. Use an insulated screwdriver or alignment tool such as RCA Stock No. 31031. Allow about five minutes warm-up period before making adjustments.

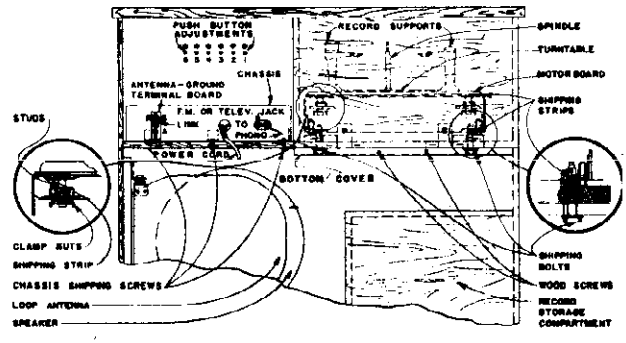
The procedure is as follows:

1. Make a list of the desired stations, arranged in order from low to high frequencies.
2. Turn the range switch to the broadcast position and manually tune in the first station on the list.
3. Turn range switch to push-button position and press in the left-hand button.
4. Adjust core rod No. 1 to receive the first station. To secure the best adjustment, rotate the loop for least pickup, and adjust core rod No. 1 for peak output.
5. Adjust trimmer screw No. 1 for peak output on the first station.
6. Proceed in the same manner to adjust for the remaining stations.
7. Repeat adjustments for best results.

On the 880 to 1,600 kc push-button, the higher frequency stations may be received with core rod No. 6 either in or out (oscillator frequency either 455 kc below or 455 kc above the station frequency). The adjustment with this core in its out position (oscillator frequency 455 kc above the station frequency) is the correct one.

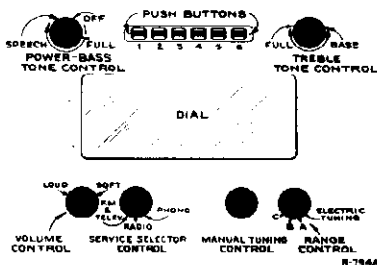
NOTE: Clockwise adjustment of cores and trimmers tunes the circuits to lower frequencies.

SERVICE HINT:—If unable to reach 550-540 KC on No. 1 push button—Connect a Stock No. 33111 Capacitor-Ceramic-33 mmf across L19 (between switch contact which connects to high side of L19, and switch frame).

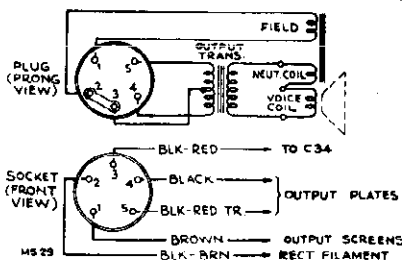


Back View

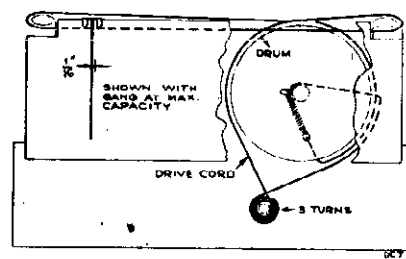
STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION	STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION
CHASSIS ASSEMBLIES RC 605			
36342	Board—"Antenna-Ground" board	35636	Transformer—First I.F. transformer (L9, L10, C17, C18)
60954	Capacitor—Ceramic, 56 mmf. (C16)	35790	Transformer—Second I.F. transformer (L11, L12, C25, C28)
38852	Capacitor—Mica trimmer comprising two (2) sections of 8-80 mmf. (C2, C6)	34539	Transformer—Power transformer 105-115 volts 50-60 cycles (T1)
38801	Capacitor—Mica trimmer comprising three (3) sections of 8-80 mmf. (C7, C8, C9)	33726	Washer—"C" washer for tuning knob shaft
39628	Capacitor—Mica, 100 mmf. (C17, C18, C33)	SPEAKER ASSEMBLIES 92513-1K	
39630	Capacitor—Mica, 120 mmf. (C5, C13, C25, C28)	70574	Cone—Cone and voice coil assembly
39634	Capacitor—Mica, 180 mmf. (C27)	31539	Plug—Five (5) prong male plug for speaker
38830	Capacitor—Silver mica, 226 mmf. (C11)	70548	Speaker—12" EM speaker complete with cone and voice coil less output transformer and plugs
38638	Capacitor—Mica trimmer, 50-350 mmf. (C4)	37899	Transformer—Output transformer (T2)
39046	Capacitor—Mica, 560 mmf. (C39)	NOTE: If stamping on speaker in instrument does not agree with above speaker number, order replacement parts by referring to model number of instrument, number stamped on speaker and full description of part required.	
38831	Capacitor—Mica, 630 mmf. (C15)	MISCELLANEOUS ASSEMBLIES	
30660	Capacitor—Mica, 2200 mmf. (C14)	36327	Bezel—Dial bezel less dial scale
71394	Capacitor—Paper, .0015 mfd., 600 volts (C21A)	38376	Bezel—P.B. bezel less push buttons
70623	Capacitor—Paper, .0025 mfd., 600 volts (C30, C29A)	36639	Bracket—Pilot lamp bracket
70646	Capacitor—Paper, .0035 mfd. (C41, C42)	38375	Button—Push button
70606	Capacitor—Paper, .005 mfd., 400 volts (C21, C38)	70556	Bumper—Rubber bumper for record changer tray (2 req'd)
70627	Capacitor—Paper, .005 mfd., 600 volts (C23, C29)	38684	Capacitor—Trimmer, 2-20 mmf. (C3)
70610	Capacitor—Paper, .01 mfd., 400 volts (C50)	36424	Capacitor—Mica trimmer, comprising one (1) section of 10-160 mmf.; two (2) sections of 25-250 mmf.; two (2) sections of 50-400 mmf.; and one (1) section of 100-540 mmf. (C44, C45, C46, C47, C48, C49)
70631	Capacitor—Paper, .01 mfd., 600 volts (C10, C35, C40, C25A, C27A)	36462	Clamp—Dial clamp
70611	Capacitor—Paper, .02 mfd., 400 volts (C31)	31382	Clip—Mounting clip for P.B. coils
70615	Capacitor—Paper, .05 mfd., 400 volts (C20)	38579	Coil—Loop primary coil (L2)
70617	Capacitor—Paper, 0.1 mfd., 400 volts (C22, C6A)	38315	Coil—P.B. oscillator coil—high frequency (L14, L15, L16)
70618	Capacitor—Paper, 0.25 mfd., 200 volts (C26, C32)	37638	Coil—P.B. oscillator coil—low frequency (L17, L18, L19)
34889	Capacitor—Electrolytic, comprising two (2) sections of 15 mfd., 450 volts (C24, C43)	38405	Control—H.F. tone control (R16)
34533	Capacitor—Electrolytic, comprising one (1) section of 20 mfd., 450 volts; one (1) section of 15 mfd., 350 volts; and one (1) section of 40 mfd., 25 volts (C34, C36, C37)	38402	Control—L.F. tone control and power switch (R22, S-8)
38367	Coil—Antenna coil, "B" and "C" band (L3, L4, L5)	35871	Core—Adjustable core and stud for P.B. oscillator coils
38358	Coil—Oscillator coil (L6, L7, L8)	70550	Cushion—Shock absorbing cushion
38800	Condenser—Variable tuning condenser (C1, C12)	39015	Decal—Control panel decal
36447	Control—Volume control (R19)	37147	Decal—H.F. tone control decal
32634	Cord—Drive cord	37148	Decal—L.F. tone control decal
12006	Core—Adjustable core and stud for first and second I.F. transformers	35392	Decal—Trade mark decal (RCA Victor)
35788	Core—Adjustable core and stud for oscillator coil	70575	Decal—Trade mark decal (Dog)
38359	Cup—Mounting cup for oscillator coil	39014	Dial—Glass dial scale
38790	Drum—Drive drum	X1607	Grille—Grille cloth for Mahogany cabinet
35870	Indicator—Station selector indicator	70906	Grille—Metal grille
28452	Plate—Bakelite mounting plate for capacitor /34533	X1608	Grille—Grille cloth for Walnut cabinet
36333	Plate—Dial back plate complete with pulleys less dial	39368	Guide—Carrriage guide—L.H.
30868	Plug—Two (2) contact female plug for motor cable	39367	Guide—Carrriage guide—R.H.
31572	Plug—Three (3) contact female plug for power cable	39352	Hinge—Cabinet door hinge
12493	Plug—Five (5) contact female plug speaker cable	13103	Jewel—Pilot lamp cap
38832	Plug—Pin plug for loop lead	70905	Knob—Record storage compartment door knob
32641	Plug—Three (3) prong male plug for selector cable	35814	Knob—Tone control, radio-phono switch, range switch, tuning knob, or volume control
39153	Plug—Four (4) prong male plug for tone control cable	11765	Lamp—Dial lamp
32289	Pulley—Drive cord pulley	70544	Loop—Antenna loop (L1, L2, C3)
34766	Resistor—1000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R3, R10A)	34317	Marker—Station marker
30654	Resistor—1500 ohms, 1/2 watt (R2)	70546	Mounting—One set of hardware to mount record changer consisting of four (4) upper and four (4) lower springs and four (4) clamp nuts
38808	Resistor—Voltage divider comprising one (1) section of 3000 ohms, 9 watt; one (1) section of 2500 ohms, 4.2 watt; one (1) section of 10 ohms, 0.2 watt; one (1) section of 25 ohms, 0.5 watt; and one (1) section of 145 ohms, 3 watt (R26, R27, R28, R31, R32)	30868	Plug—Two (2) contact female plug for motor cable extension
35876	Resistor—Resistor and coil assembly, 10,000 ohms (R1, L13)	30870	Plug—Two (2) prong male plug for motor cable extension
36714	Resistor—15,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R12, R18)	36422	Plug—Three (3) contact female plug for selector cable and loop leads
30492	Resistor—22,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R7)	31572	Plug—Three (3) contact female plug for power switch cable
30409	Resistor—27,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R18A)	38853	Plug—Four (4) contact female plug for tone control cable
30147	Resistor—39,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R21, R3A)	70994	Pull—Record changer compartment door pull
30787	Resistor—47,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R4)	70551	Retainer—Tray roller retaining strip—L.H.
30650	Resistor—56,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R5, R11)	70552	Retainer—Tray roller retaining strip—R.H.
14138	Resistor—68,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R9)	70554	Roller—Record changer tray roller
3252	Resistor—100,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R8)	30900	Spring—Retaining spring for control knob
30651	Resistor—270,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R13, R14, R15, R20)	34053	Spring—Retaining spring for push button
11988	Resistor—390,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R24, R25)	70549	Stop—Mechanism tray stop
30653	Resistor—560,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R30)	38575	Switch—Selector switch (S14, S15, S16, S17, S18, S19, S44, S45, S46, S47, S48, S49)
30652	Resistor—1 megohm, 1/2 watt (R17, R29)	39360	Support—Door support for record changer compartment
30649	Resistor—2.2 megohm, 1/2 watt (R6, R10, R23)	70545	Support—Loop support complete with mounting brackets and spring
38803	Shaft—Tuning knob shaft	70555	Tire—Rubber tire for tray roller
31364	Socket—Lamp socket	70553	Tray—Record changer carrying tray less rollers
33514	Socket—Phone input socket	2917	Washer—Spring washer to hold roller
31251	Socket—Tube socket		
31418	Spring—Drive cord tension spring		
12007	Spring—Retaining spring for first I.F. and second I.F. transformers' core and stud and for oscillator's core, coil, and stud		
38809	Switch—Radio-phono switch (S5, S6)		
38807	Switch—Range switch (S1, S2, S3, S4)		



Front Panel Controls

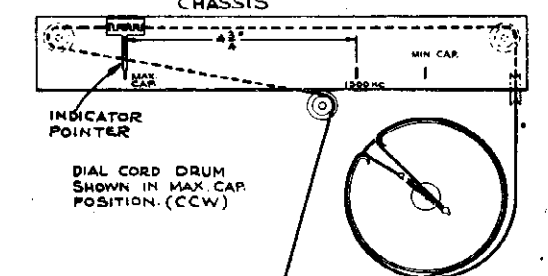
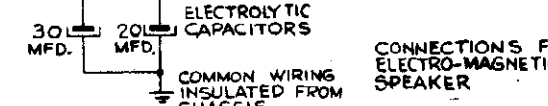
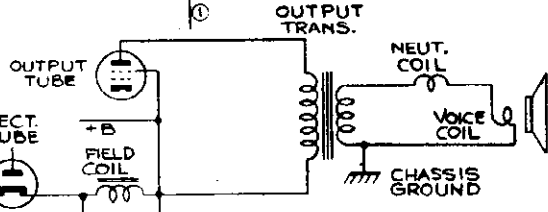
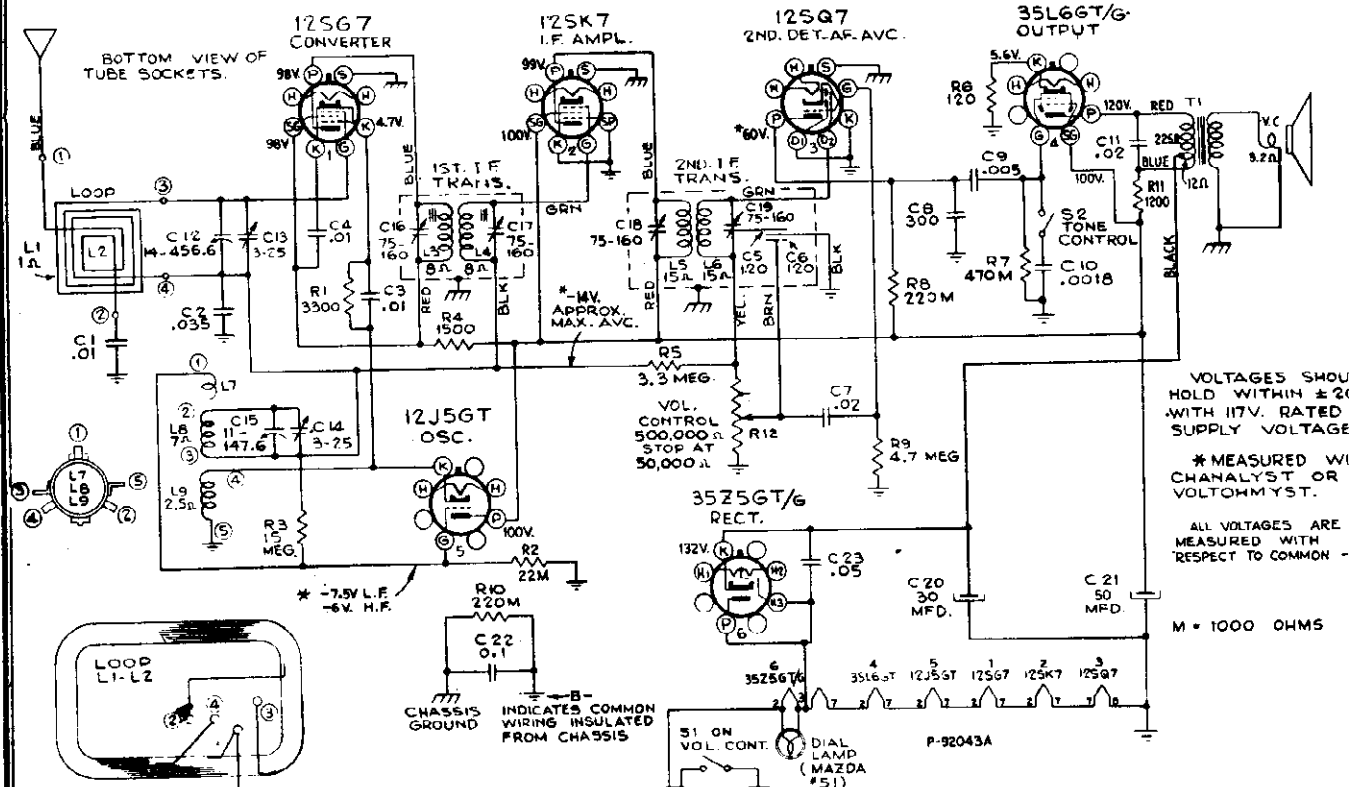


Speaker Connections



Dial Cord Drive

RCA MFG. CO.



Critical Lead Dress

1. Dress output plate bypass capacitor (C-11 .02 mfd.) against chassis.
2. Dress 35L6GT/G plate lead (red) against chassis and away from volume control, leads and terminals.
3. Dress audio coupling capacitor (C-7 .02 mfd.) away from 35L6GT/G heater leads.
4. Dress tone control lead against front apron.
5. Dress 2nd I.F. yellow and brown leads away from output plate bypass capacitor (C-11, .02 mfd.) and away from all heater leads.
6. Dress lead to speaker voice coil away from tuning shaft "C" washer.
7. Dress tone control capacitor (C-10, .0018 mfd.) away from oscillator coil.
8. Dress all uninsulated leads away from each other and away from chassis to prevent short circuits.
9. Dress blue and green leads of both IF transformers back in shields leaving exposed lengths as short as possible.

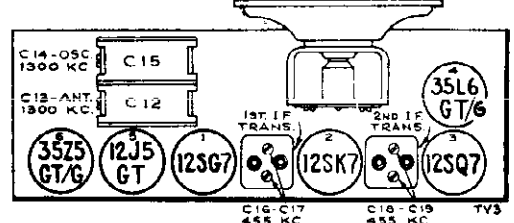
Test Oscillator.—Connect high side of test oscillator as shown in chart. Connect low side through a .01 mfd. capacitor to common "B." Keep the oscillator output signal as low as possible to avoid AVC action.

Output Meter.—Connect leads across speaker voice coil. Turn volume control to maximum clockwise, tone control to maximum highs (clockwise).

Dial Pointer Adjustment.—Rotate tuning condenser fully counter clockwise (plates closed). Adjust indicator pointer to left (max. cap.) mark on dial backing plate.

Steps	Connect the high side of test-oscillator to—	Tune test-osc. to—	Turn radio dial to—	Adjust the following for max. peak output
1	Stator of C-12 in series with .01 mfd.	455 kc	Quiet-point	C18 and C19 2nd I-F transformer
2			1,600 kc end of dial	* C16 and C17 1st I-F transformer
3	Ant. lead in series with 200 mmfd.	1,300 kc	1,300 kc	C14 (osc.) C13 (ant.)
4	Repeat step 3.			

* Do not readjust C18 or C19.



Frequency Range	540-1600 I
Intermediate Frequency	455 I
Power Output	
Undistorted	1.0 wat
Maximum	1.5 wat

MODELS 61-1, 61-2, 61-3

MODEL QU61

RCA MFG. CO.

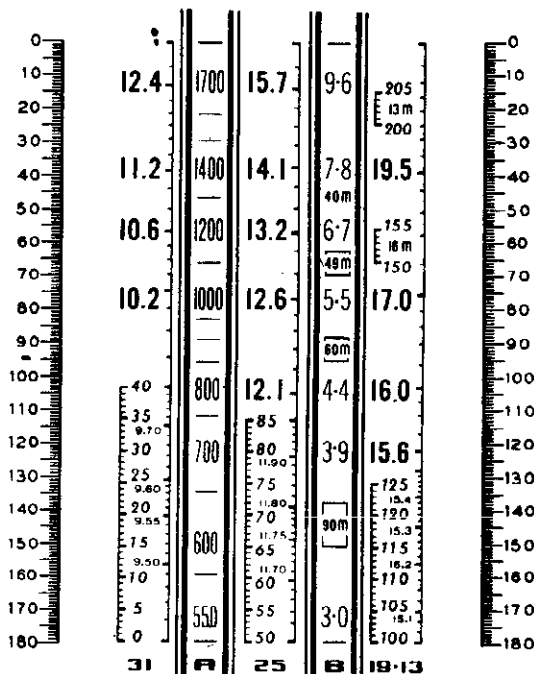
Models 61-1, 61-2, 61-3

STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION	STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION
CHASSIS ASSEMBLIES			
RC 1011			
39640	Capacitor—Mica, 330 mfd. (C-8)	34449	Socket—Lamp socket
70712	Capacitor—Tubular, .0016 mfd., 800 volts (C-10)	37605	Socket—Tube socket, moulded
70627	Capacitor—Tubular, .005 mfd. (C-9)	31418	Spring—Drive cord tension spring
70652	Capacitor—Tubular, .01 mfd., 800 volts (C-1, C-3, C-4)	36228	Switch—Tone switch (S-2)
70711	Capacitor—Tubular, .02 mfd., 700 volts (C-7, C-11)	70411	Transformer—First I.F. transformer (L-3, L-4, C-16, C-17)
70635	Capacitor—Tubular, .035 mfd., 500 volts (C-2)	70412	Transformer—Second I.F. transformer (L-5, L-6, C-5, C-8, C-18, C-19)
70615	Capacitor—Tubular, .05 mfd., 400 volts (C-23)	86800	Transformer—Output transformer (T-1)
70617	Capacitor—Tubular, 0.1 mfd., 400 volts (C-22)	33726	Washer—"C" washer for tuning knob shaft
39152	Capacitor—Electrolytic, comprising 1 section of 30 mfd., 150 volts, and 1 section of 50 mfd., 150 volts (C-20, C-21)	SPEAKER ASSEMBLY	
39824	Coil—Oscillator coil (L-7, L-8, L-9)	92510-1	
36228	Condenser—Variable tuning condenser (C-12, C-13, C-14, C-15)	70413	Speaker—5-inch PM speaker, complete
36242	Control—Volume control and power switch (R-12, S-1)	NOTE: If stamping on speaker in instrument does not agree with above speaker number, order replacement parts by referring to model number of instrument, number stamped on speaker and full description of part required.	
32894	Cord—Drive cord (approx. 48" long)	MISCELLANEOUS ASSEMBLIES	
70392	Cord—Power cord	39953	Back—Cabinet back for Radiola 61-1
36237	Drum—Drive drum	70408	Back—Cabinet back for Radiola 61-2
36236	Indicator—Station selector indicator for 61-1 and 61-2	70415	Back—Cabinet back for Radiola 61-3
37068	Indicator—Station selector indicator for 61-3	36890	Clamp—Dial clamp, left hand, for Radiola 61-1 and 61-2
11765	Lamp—Dial lamp	36891	Clamp—Dial clamp, right hand, for Radiola 61-1 and 61-2
39821	Loop—Antenna loop (L-1, L-2)	X1602	Cloth—Grille cloth for Radiola 61-3
36229	Plate—Dial back plate complete with pulleys less dial	71017	Decal—Control panel decal for Radiola 61-3
36230	Pulley—Drive cord pulley	70704	Dial—Glass dial scale for Radiola 61-1 and 61-2
30169	Resistor—120 ohms, 1/4 watt (R-8)	70705	Dial—Glass dial scale for Radiola 61-3
6134	Resistor—1200 ohms, 1/4 watt (R-11)	37631	Fastener—Push fastener (1 set) for cabinet backs on Radiola 61-1 and 61-2
30654	Resistor—1500 ohms, 1/4 watt (R-4)	33006	Feet—Rubber feet for cabinet (4 required)
30793	Resistor—3300 ohms, 1/4 watt (R-1)	71018	Knob—Control knob (walnut) for Radiola 61-1
30482	Resistor—22,000 ohms, 1/4 watt (R-2)	70414	Knob—Control knob (ivory) for Radiola 61-2
14593	Resistor—220,000 ohms, 1/4 watt (R-8, R-10)	36722	Knob—Control knob (walnut) for Radiola 61-3
30848	Resistor—470,000 ohms, 1/4 watt (R-7)	30800	Spring—Retaining spring for knob
12928	Resistor—3.3 megohms, 1/4 watt (R-5)		
30931	Resistor—4.7 megohms, 1/4 watt (R-9)		
39785	Resistor—15 megohms, 1/4 watt (R-3)		
36897	Shaft—Tuning knob shaft		

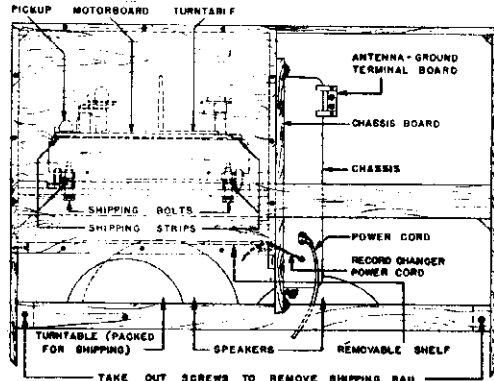
Power Supply Rating
 105-125 volts, AC, 50 or 60 cycles, or DC 30 watts
 Pilot Lamp Mazda No. 51, 6-8 volts, 0.2 amp.

Tuning Drive Ratio 20:1
 Loudspeaker (92510-1)
 Type 5-inch PM
 V. C. Impedance 3.4 ohms at 400 cycles

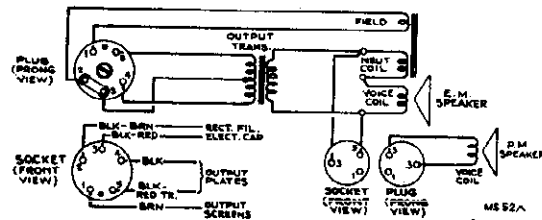
Model QU61



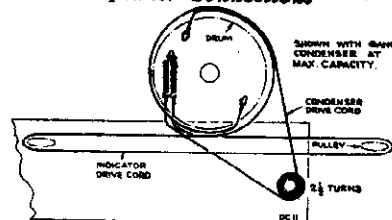
Receiver Dial with Calibration Scale



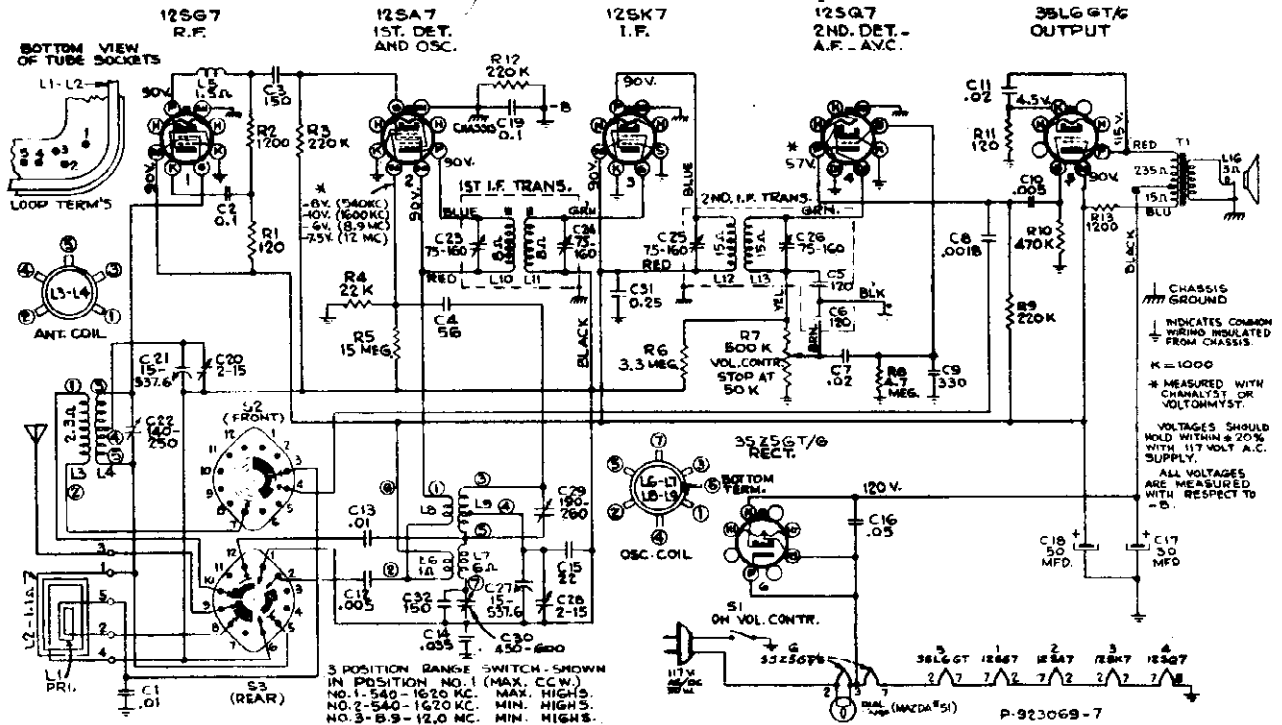
Cabinet Rear View



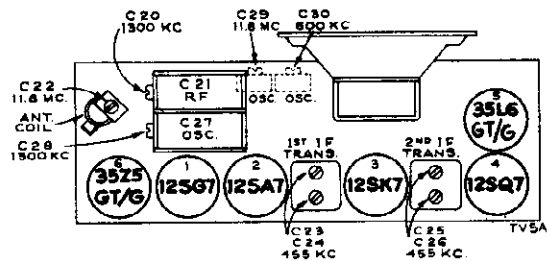
Loudspeaker Connections



RCA MFG. CO.

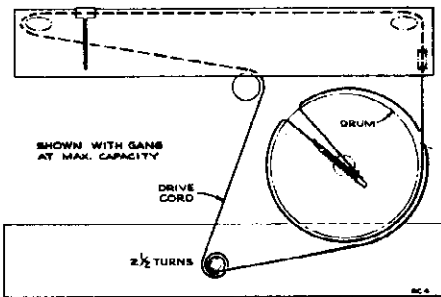


Note: On some sets C31 may be 0.1 mfd. or 0.2 mfd.



Dial Pointer Adjustment.—Rotate tuning condenser fully counter-clockwise (plates fully meshed). Adjust indicator pointer to left (max. cap.) mark on dial backing plate.

Calibration Scale.—The glass tuning dial may be removed from the cabinet and temporarily attached to the dial backing plate.



Critical Lead Dress

1. Dress blue and green leads of both I-F transformers back in shield cans, leaving them as short as possible.
2. Dress R-F plate filter capacitor (C2, 0.1 mfd.) back against rear chassis apron.
3. Dress yellow and brown leads from 2nd I-F away from all other leads.
4. Dress all heater leads next to chassis.
5. Dress capacitor (C13, .01 mfd.) parallel to osc. coil and approximately 3/16 inch from coil.
6. Dress tone control lead and speaker field leads next to chassis and front apron.
7. Dress pilot lamp leads away from ant. coil.
8. Dress leads from loop to ant. coil around rectifier tube towards end of chassis.
9. Dress output plate lead against chassis.

Test Oscillator.—Connect high side of test oscillator as shown in chart. Connect low side through a .01 mfd. capacitor to common "B." Keep the oscillator output signal as low as possible to avoid A.V.C. action.

Output Meter.—Connect meter across speaker voice coil. Turn volume control to maximum clockwise position, station selector switch to broadcast maximum high position (pos. 1), for broadcast alignment and to position 3 for high frequency band.

Steps	Connect high side of the test oscillator to—	Tune test osc. to—	Turn radio dial to—	Adjust the following for maximum peak output
1	Pin #8 of 12SA7 in series with 0.1 mfd.	455 kc	Quiet Point at 1.600 kc end of dial	C25, C26 2nd I-F trans.
2				*C23, C24 1st I-F trans.
3		800 kc	"A" Band	C30 (osc.) Rock gang
4	Ant. terminal in series with 220 mfd	1300 kc	"A" Band	C28 (osc.) C20 R-F
5		Repeat 3 Rocking gang		
6		Repeat 3, 4 and 5 for exact cal.		
7	Ant. terminal in series with 0.1 mfd.	11.8 mc	11.8 mc	C29 (osc.)† Rock gang
8	Ant. terminal in series with 47 mfd.	11.8 mc	11.8 mc	C22 (R-F) Rock gang
9	Repeat steps 7 and 8			

† Use minimum capacity peak if two can be obtained. Check for selection of correct peak by tuning receiver to approximately 10.9 mc where a weaker signal should be received.

* Do not readjust C25 or C26.

Frequency Range

Broadcast	540-1600 kc
Short Wave	8.9-12 mc
Intermediate Frequency	455 kc

Power Output

Undistorted	1.0 watts
Maximum	1.5 watts

Loudspeaker (92510-1) "PM"

Size	5-inch
V.C. Impedance	3.4 ohms at 400 cycles
Power Supply Rating	
105-125 volts, AC, 50 or 60 cycles, or DC	30 watts

MODELS 61-5,61-10
MODELS 61-6,61-7

RCA MFG. CO.

MODELS 61-6,61-7			
STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION	STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION
CHASSIS ASSEMBLIES RC-594D		12928	Resistor—3.3 megohms, 1/4 watt (R2)
71387	Capacitor—Adjustable, 1.6-18 mmf. (C37)	30992	Resistor—10 megohms, 1/4 watt (R5)
70367	Capacitor—Mica trimmer, 2.10 mmf. (C7)	70369	Shaft—Tuning knob shaft
39622	Capacitor—Mica, 56 mmf. (C4)	37605	Socket—Tube socket, moulded
39636	Capacitor—Mica, 220 mmf. (C1A, C17)	31418	Spring—Tension spring for drive cord
71392	Capacitor—Mica, 450 mmf. (C5B)	71384	Switch—Range switch (S1)
70627	Capacitor—Tubular, .005 mid., 600 volts (C1, C16, C18)	70361	Transformer—First I-F transformer (L8, L9, C8, C9)
70612	Capacitor—Tubular, .025 mid., 400 volts (C10, C20)	70362	Transformer—Second I-F transformer (L10, L11, C12, C13, C14, C15)
70615	Capacitor—Tubular, .05 mid., 400 volts (C23)	71398	Transformer—Output transformer (T1)
70617	Capacitor—Tubular, 0.1 mid., 400 volts (C11)	33726	Washer—Retaining washer for tuning shaft
39152	Capacitor—Electrolytic, comprising 1 section of 50 mid., 150 volts and 1 section of 30 mid., 150 volts (C30, C30A)	SPEAKER ASSEMBLY 92510-2	
71396	Coil—Antenna coil (L1, L2)	70372	Speaker—5-inch PM speaker complete
37862	Coil—Antenna loop coupling coil (L3, L5, R20)	NOTE: If stamping on speaker in instrument does not agree with above speaker number, order replacement parts by referring to model number of instrument, number stamped on speaker and full description of part required.	
70359	Coil—Oscillator coil (L6, L7)	MISCELLANEOUS ASSEMBLIES	
70366	Condenser—Variable tuning condenser (C2, C3, C5, C6)	37362	Clamp—Dial clamp (1 set)
39406	Control—Volume control and power switch (R4, S2)	71324	Decal—Trade mark decalcomania
32634	Cord—Drive cord (approx. 37 inches long)	71389	Dial—Dial scale
70392	Cord—Power cord	37831	Fastener—Push fastener for back cover (1 set)
70365	Core—Adjustable core and stud for oscillator coil	35121	Knob—Range switch knob for Radiola 61-6
16058	Grommet—Rubber grommet for mounting speaker—3 required	35123	Knob—Range switch knob for Radiola 61-7
37068	Indicator—Station selector indicator	36722	Knob—Volume control or tuning knob for Radiola 61-6
71397	Loop—Antenna loop (L4)	70414	Knob—Tuning or volume control knob for Radiola 61-7
70364	Nut—Speed nut to mount oscillator coil	35126	Spring—Retaining spring for range switch knob
70368	Plate—Dial back plate complete with pulleys less dial	30900	Spring—Retaining spring for volume control or tuning knob
36230	Pulley—Drive cord pulley		
30880	Resistor—150 ohms, 1/2 watt (R7)		
30152	Resistor—1000 ohms, 1 watt (R9)		
30685	Resistor—33,000 ohms, 1/4 watt (R1A)		
30787	Resistor—47,000 ohms, 1/4 watt (R3)		
14583	Resistor—220,000 ohms, 1/4 watt (R19)		
30648	Resistor—470,000 ohms, 1/4 watt (R8)		
30649	Resistor—2.2 megohms, 1/4 watt (R1)		

PRECAUTIONARY LEAD DRESS

1. Dress output plate capacitor and output transformer leads down next to chassis.
2. Dress 12SQ7 grid resistor down next to chassis, and away from power ground wire to switch.
3. Dress lead from 2nd I-F transformer to volume control down to chassis and away from adjacent parts.
4. Keep grid end of R1 as short as possible.
5. Keep body of C1A slightly away from chassis.

POWER SUPPLY POLARITY.—For operation on d-c, the power plug must be inserted in the outlet for correct polarity. If the set does not function, reverse the plug. On a-c, reversal of the plug may reduce hum.

Tuning Drive Ratio 18 to 1

Power Supply Rating

105-125 volts D.C. or 50-60 cycles A.C. 30 watts

Power Output Rating

Undistorted 1 watt
Maximum 1.5 watts

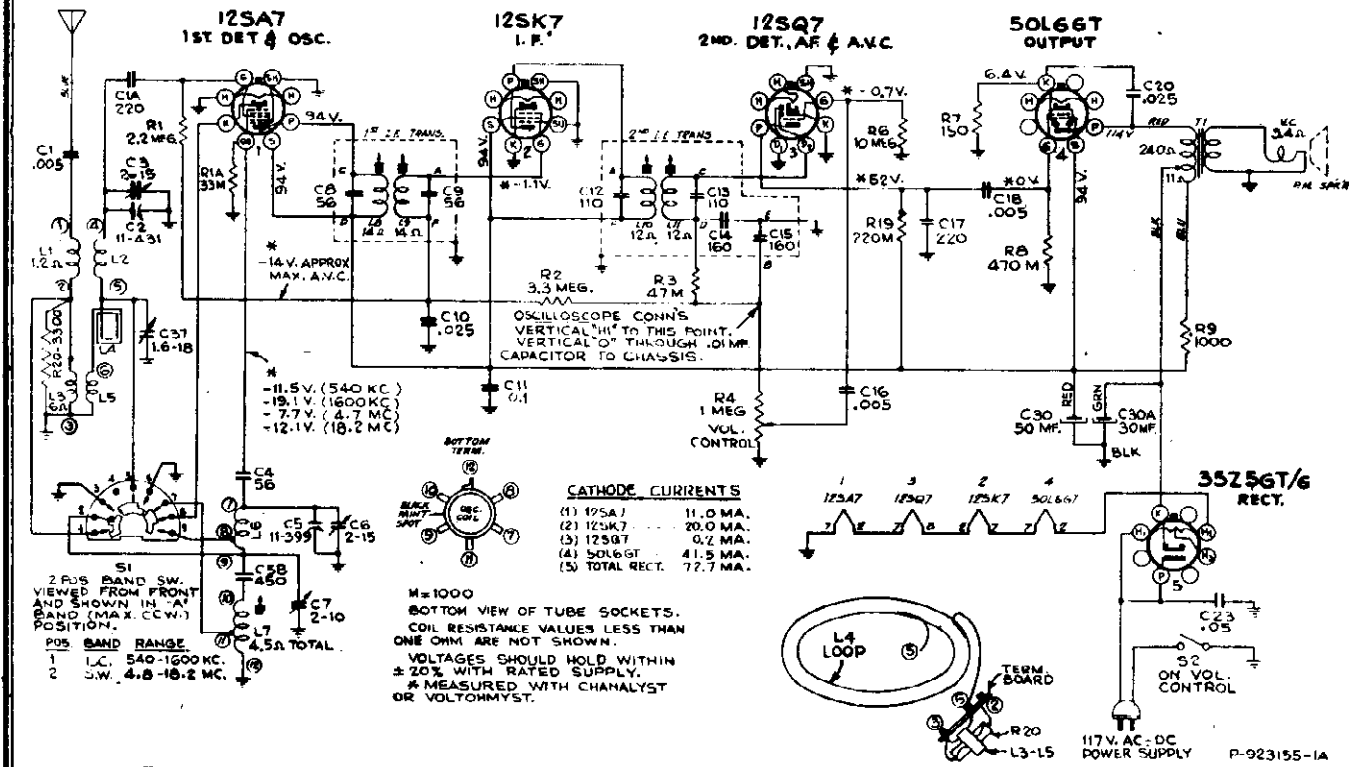
Loudspeaker (92510-2)

Type 5-inch Round Permanent-Magnet Dynamic
Voice Coil Impedance 4 ohms at 400 cycles
Frequency Ranges
Standard Broadcast ("A" Band) 540-1,680 kc (555-178 m)
Short Wave ("C" Band) 4.7-18.2 mc (63.6-16.5 m)
Intermediate Frequency 455 kc

MODELS 61-5,61-10

STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION	STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION
CHASSIS ASSEMBLIES RC-1023 and RC-1023B		12928	Resistor—3.3 megohms, 1/4 watt (R6)
39612	Capacitor—Mica, 22 mmf. (C15)	30931	Resistor—4.7 megohms, 1/4 watt (R8)
39622	Capacitor—Mica, 56 mmf. (C4)	38785	Resistor—15 megohms, 1/4 watt (R5)
39632	Capacitor—Mica, 150 mmf. (C3, C32)	36997	Shaft—Tuning knob shaft
70417	Capacitor—Mica trimmer, 140-250 mmf., mounted on antenna coil (C22)	34449	Socket—Lamp socket
39839	Capacitor—Adjustable mica, comprising 1 section of 180-280 mmf. and 1 section of 450-800 mmf. (C28, C30)	37605	Socket—Tube socket, moulded
39640	Capacitor—Mica, 330 mmf. (C9)	31251	Socket—Tube socket, wafer
70712	Capacitor—Tubular, .0018 mid., 600 volts (C8)	31418	Spring—Drive cord tension spring
70827	Capacitor—Tubular, .005 mid., 800 volts (C10, C12)	39837	Switch—Range switch (S2, S3)
70652	Capacitor—Tubular, .01 mid., 1000 volts (C1, C13)	36800	Transformer—Output transformer (T1)
70711	Capacitor—Tubular, .02 mid., 700 volts (C7, C11)	79411	Transformer—First I-F transformer (L10, L11, C23, C24)
70635	Capacitor—Tubular, .035 mid., 500 volts (C14)	70412	Transformer—Second I-F transformer (L12, L13, C5, C6, C25, C26)
70813	Capacitor—Tubular, .05 mid., 400 volts (C16)	33726	Washer—"C" washer for tuning knob shaft
70617	Capacitor—Tubular, 0.1 mid., 400 volts (C2, C19)	SPEAKER ASSEMBLY 92510-1	
70618	Capacitor—Tubular, 0.25 mid., 400 volts (C31)	70413	Speaker—5-inch P.M. speaker complete with cone and voice coil
39152	Capacitor—Electrolytic, comprising 1 section of 30 mid., 150 volts, and 1 section of 50 mid., 150 volts (C17, C18)	NOTE: If stamping on speaker in instrument does not agree with above speaker number, order replacement parts by referring to model number of instrument, number stamped on speaker and full description of part required.	
70416	Coil—Antenna coil (L3, L4, C22)	MISCELLANEOUS ASSEMBLIES RC-1023 (61-5)	
39892	Coil—Oscillator coil (L6, L7, L8, L9)	39777	Back—Cabinet back
70418	Coil—Peeking coil (L5)	X1603	Cloth—Grille cloth
70700	Condenser—Variable tuning condenser (C26, C21, C27, C28)	70706	Dial—Glass dial scale
36242	Control—Volume control and power switch (R7, S1)	33006	Feet—Rubber feet for cabinet (4 required)
32634	Cord—Drive cord (approx. 49 inches overall length)	36886	Knob—Range switch knob
70392	Cord—Power cord	36722	Knob—Tuning or volume control knob
36237	Drum—Drive drum	30900	Spring—Retaining spring for knobs
37068	Indicator—Station selector indicator	MISCELLANEOUS ASSEMBLIES RC-1023B (61-10)	
11765	Lamp—Dial lamp (Maxda 51)	39953	Back—Cabinet back
70980	Lead—Antenna lead	36890	Clamp—Dial clamp—left hand
39841	Loop—Antenna loop (L1, L2)	36991	Clamp—Dial clamp—right hand
36229	Plate—Dial back plate complete with drive cord pulleys less dial	71324	Dial—Glass dial scale
36230	Pulley—Drive cord pulley	37831	Fastener—Push fastener (1 set) for cabinet back
30189	Resistor—120 ohms, 1/4 watt (R1, R11)	71016	Knob—Control knob
30731	Resistor—1200 ohms, 1/4 watt (R2)	30900	Spring—Retaining spring for knobs
6134	Resistor—1200 ohms, 1 watt (R13)		
30492	Resistor—22,000 ohms, 1/4 watt (R4)		
14583	Resistor—220,000 ohms, 1/4 watt (R3, R9, R12)		
30648	Resistor—470,000 ohms, 1/4 watt (R10)		

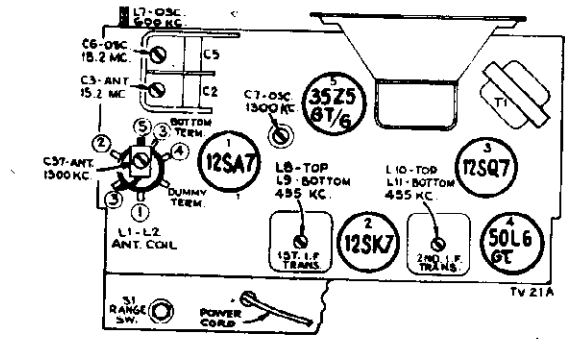
RCA MFG. CO.



2 P.S. BAND SW. VIEWED FROM FRONT AND SHOWN IN "A" BAND (MAX. CCW.) POSITION.

POS.	BAND	RANGE
1	L.C.	540-1600 KC.
2	S.W.	4.8-18.2 MC.

M=1000
 BOTTOM VIEW OF TUBE SOCKETS.
 COIL RESISTANCE VALUES LESS THAN ONE OHM ARE NOT SHOWN.
 VOLTAGES SHOULD HOLD WITHIN ± 20% WITH RATED SUPPLY.
 * MEASURED WITH CHALYST OR VOLTOHMYST.

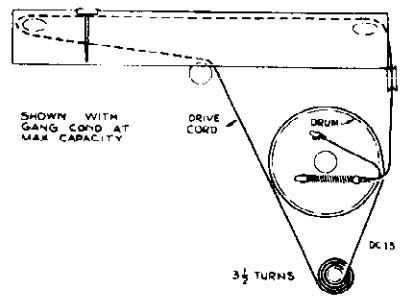


Cathode-Ray Alignment is the preferable method. Connections for the oscilloscope are shown in the schematic drawing.

Output Meter Alignment.—If this method is used, connect the meter across the voice coil, and turn the receiver volume control to maximum.

Calibration Scale.—The glass tuning dial may be removed from the cabinet and mounted above the pointer for easy reference during alignment. The extreme left hand mark of the Standard Broadcast scale must be in line with the left hand mark on the dial backing plate.

Dial Pointer.—With the gang condenser in full mesh the dial pointer should be set to the left hand mark of the Standard Broadcast scale.



Dial Indicator and Drive Mechanism

Test Oscillator.—For all alignment operations, connect the low side of the test-oscillator through a .01 mfd. capacitor to the receiver chassis, and keep the oscillator output as low as possible to avoid a-v-c action.

Steps	Connect high side of test osc. to—	Tune test osc. to—	Turn radio dial to—	Adjust following for max. output—
1	12SK7 I-F grid through 0.1 mfd. capacitor			L11-L10 (2nd I-F Trans.)
2	Stator of gang cond. C2 (rear) through 0.1 mfd.	455 kc	B. C.; 1800 kc quiet point	L8-L8* (1st I-F Trans.)
3	Antenna lead through 300 ohm resistor	18.2 mc	S. W.; gang condenser open	C6 (osc.)**
4		15.2 mc	S. W.; maximum signal rock gang	C3 (ant.)***
5		600 kc	B. C.; 800 kc	L7 (osc.)
6	Antenna lead through 200 mfd. capacitor	1300 kc	B. C.; rock gang at 1300 kc	C37 (ant.) C7 (osc.)
7		800 kc	B. C.; rock gang at 800 kc	L7 (osc.)
8	Repeat steps 8 and 7			

* Do not readjust L10 or L11 when test oscillator is connected to C2.

** Use minimum capacity peak if two peaks can be obtained.

*** Image signal of lesser amplitude should occur at 14.3 mc.

NOTE.—Oscillator tracks above signals on both bands.

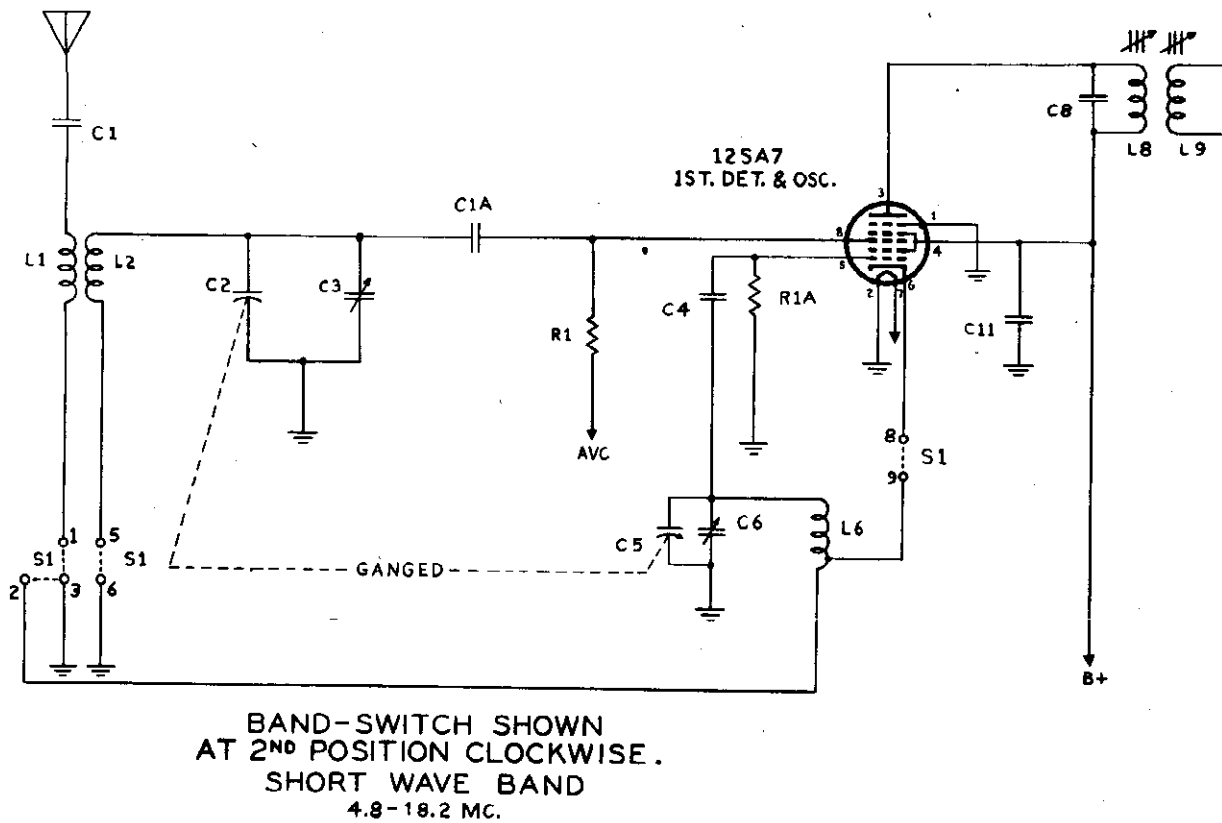
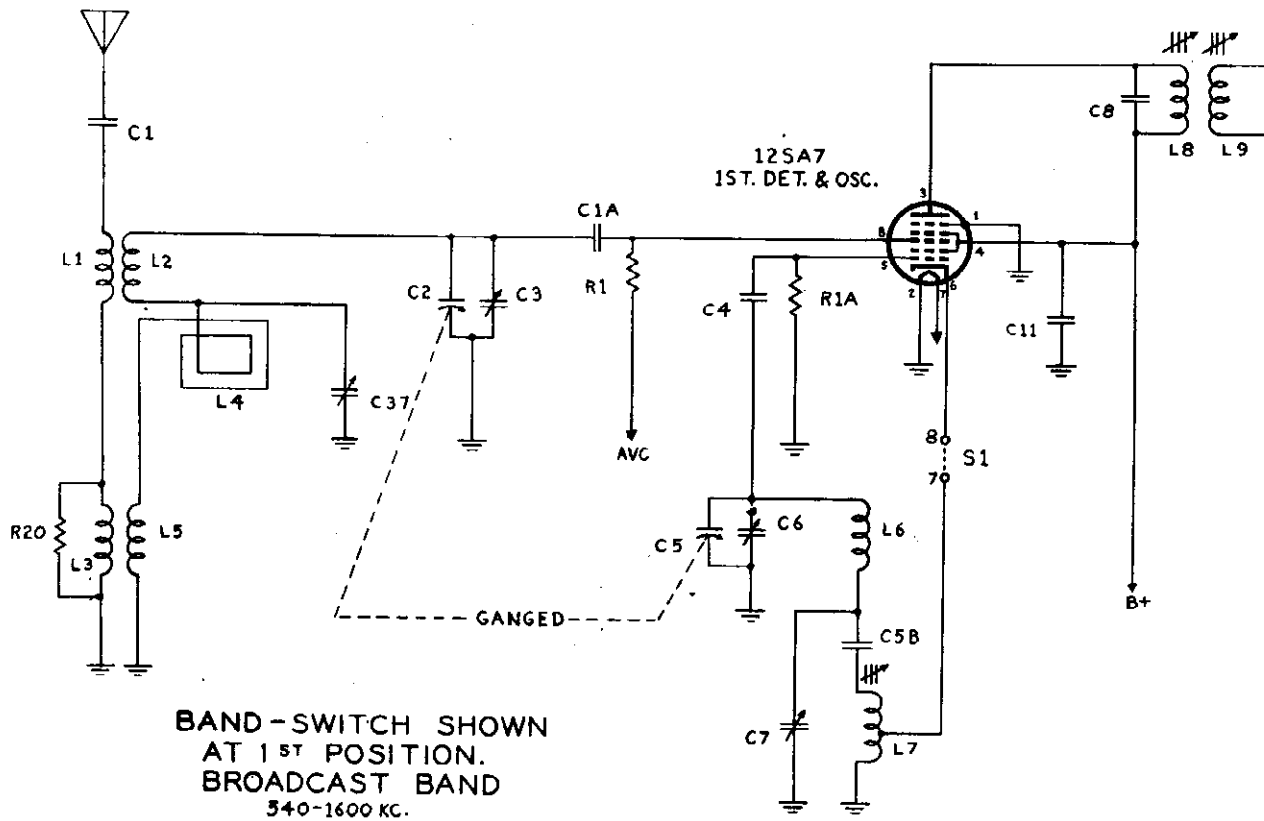
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PAGE 15-54 RCA

MODELS 61-6, 61-7

Ch. RC-594D

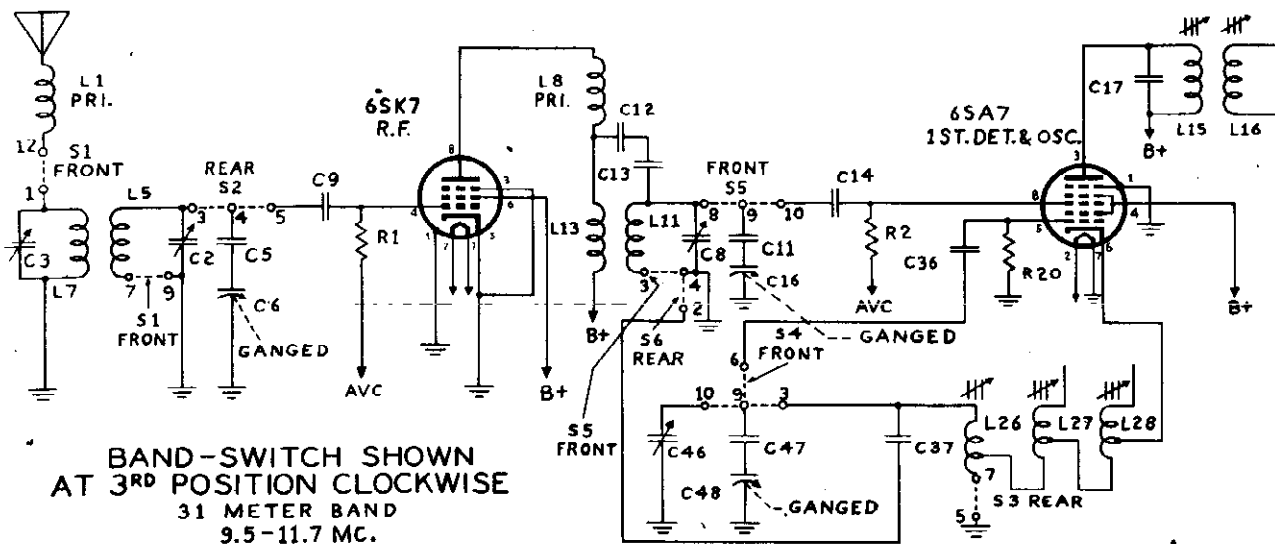
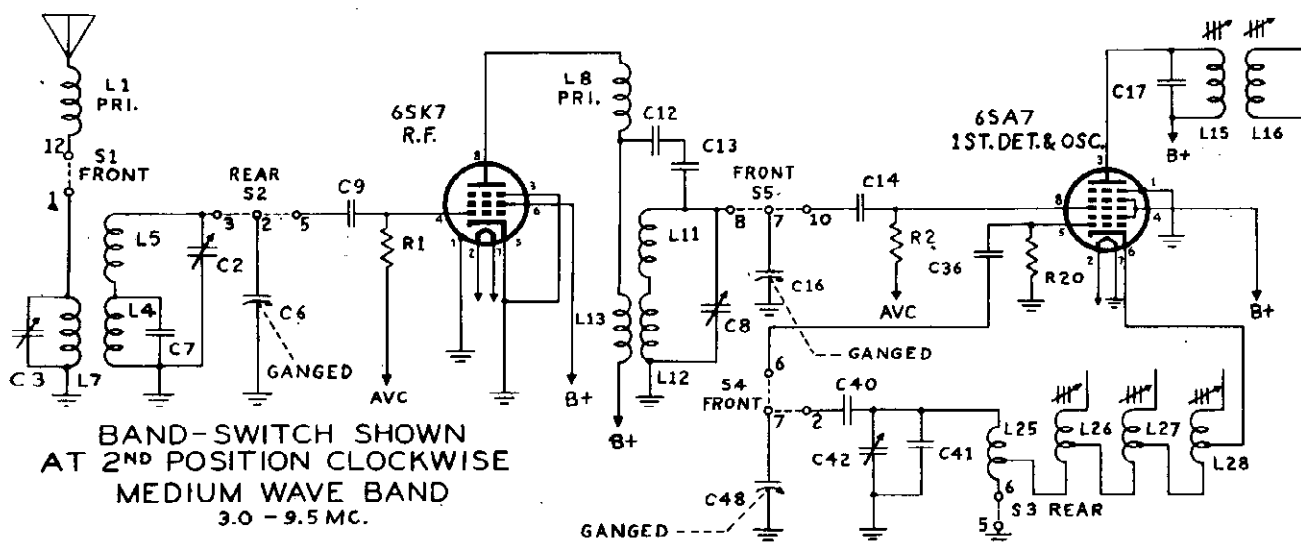
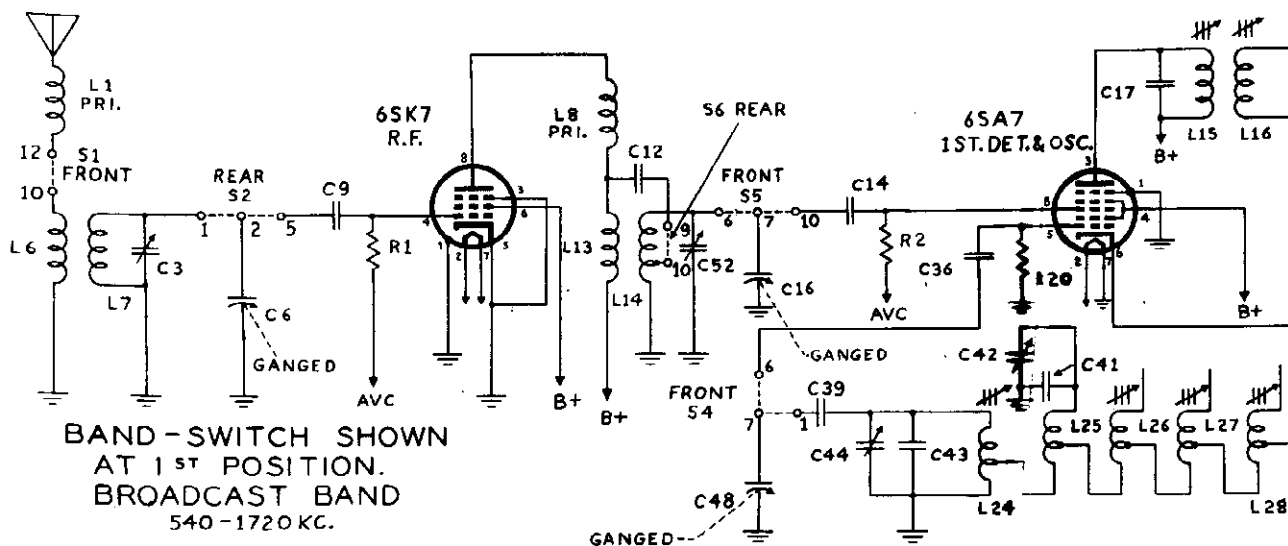
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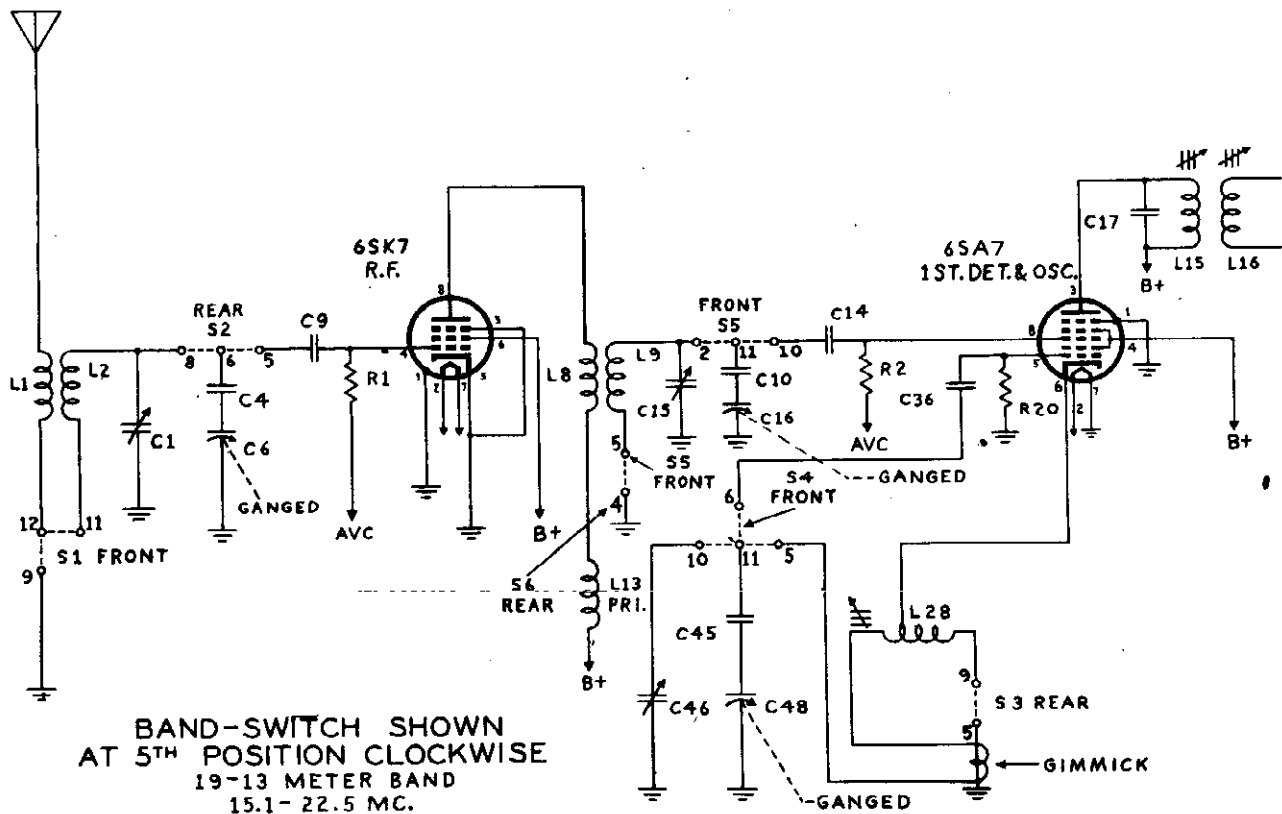
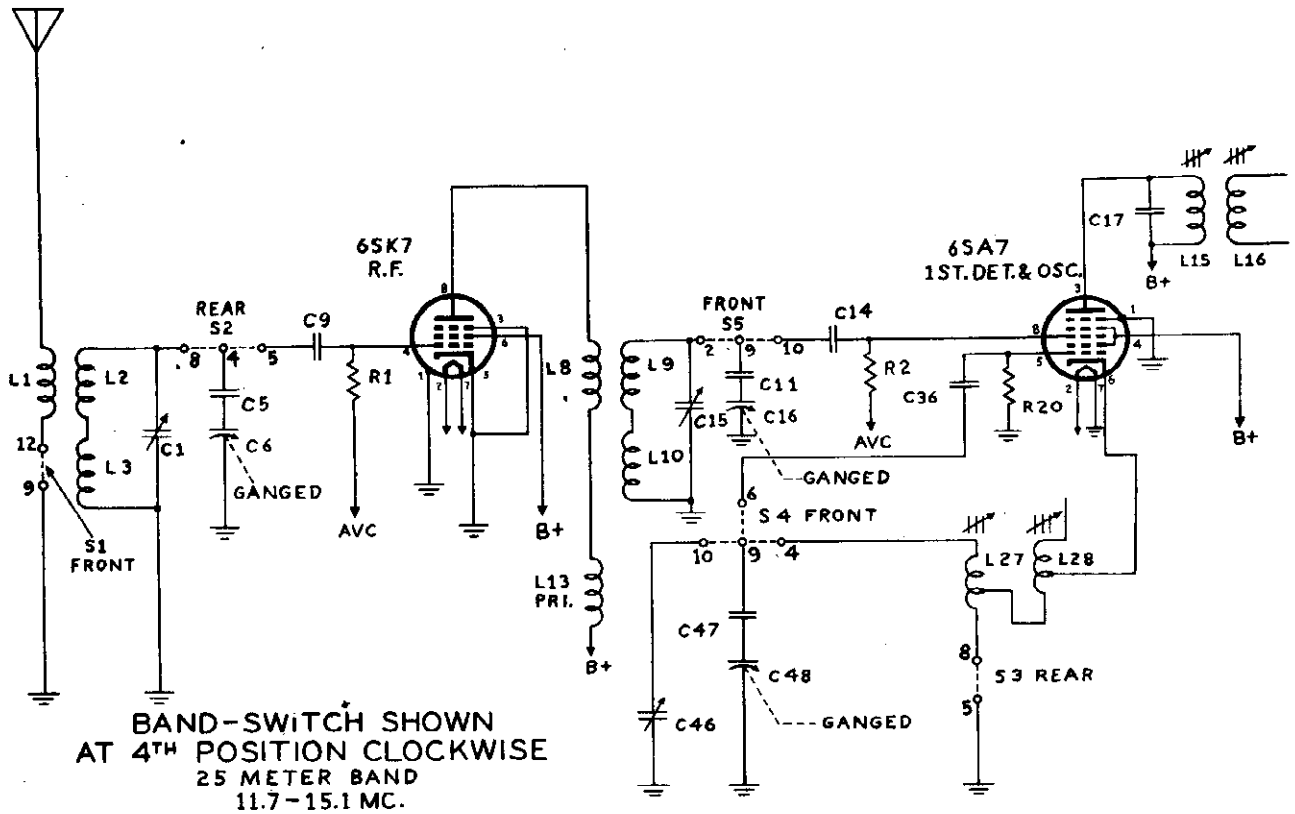
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MODEL QU61

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RCA MFG. CO.



MODEL QU61

Ch. RC-568B

RCA MFG. CO.

Cathode-Ray Alignment is the preferable method. Connections for the oscilloscope are shown on the schematic circuit diagram.

Output Meter Alignment.—If this method is used, connect the meter across either voice coil, and turn the receiver volume control to maximum.

Test-Oscillator.—For all alignment operations, connect the low side of the test-oscillator to the receiver chassis, and keep the oscillator output as low as possible to avoid a-v-c action.

Calibration Scale on Indicator-Drive-Cord Drum.—The tuning dial is fastened in the cabinet and cannot be used for reference during alignment, therefore a calibration scale is attached to the rear of the indicator-drive-cord drum which is mounted on the front shaft of the gang condenser.

As the first step in r-f alignment, check the position of the drum, it should correspond to that shown in the Dial Indicator and Drive Mechanism drawing when the gang condenser plates are fully meshed. The drum is held to the shaft by means of two set screws, which must be tightened securely when the drum is in the correct position.

Pointer for Calibration Scale.—Improvise a pointer for the calibration scale by fastening a piece of wire to the gang condenser frame, and bend the wire so that it points to the "180" mark on the calibration scale when the plates are fully meshed.

The setting of the gang condenser is read on this scale, which is calibrated in degrees. The correct setting of the gang in degrees, for each alignment frequency, is given in the alignment table.

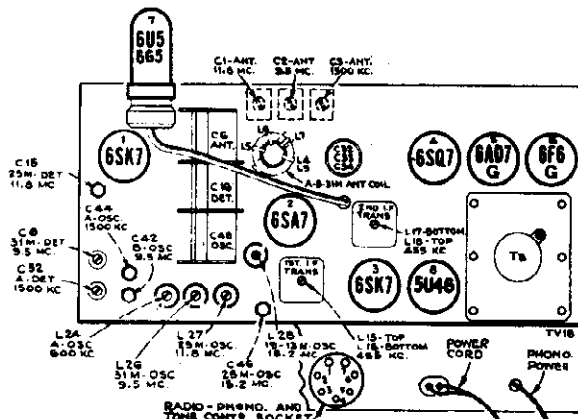
Receiver Dial with Calibration Scale.—To determine the corresponding frequency for any setting of the calibration scale, refer to the drawing.

Spread-Band Alignment.—The most satisfactory method of aligning or checking the spread-band ranges is on actual reception of short-wave stations of known frequency, by retouching the magnetite-core oscillator coil for each band so that these stations come in at the correct points on the dial:

In exceptional cases, when the set is being serviced in a location where the noise level is high enough to prevent reception of short-wave stations, a test-oscillator may be used for alignment, but an extremely high degree of accuracy is required in the frequency settings of the test-oscillator, as a slight error will produce considerable inaccuracy on the spread-band dials. The frequency settings of the test-oscillator may be checked by one or both of the following methods:

1. Determine the exact dial settings of the test-oscillator (for frequencies at or close to the specified alignment frequencies) by zero-beating the test-oscillator against short-wave stations of known frequency.
2. Use harmonics of the standard-broadcast range of a test-oscillator, first checking the frequency settings on this range by means of a crystal calibrator, or by zero-beating against standard broadcast stations.

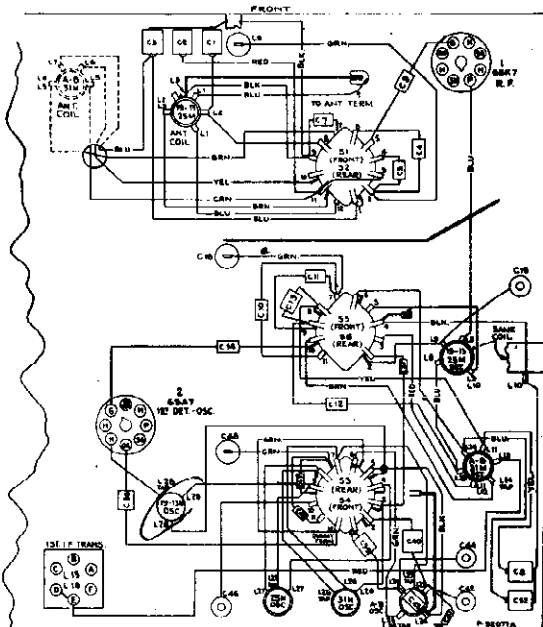
When a test oscillator is employed for spread-band alignment, a final check should be made on actual reception of short-wave stations of known frequency, and the magnetite-core oscillator coil for each band should be retouched so that the stations come in at the correct points on the dial.



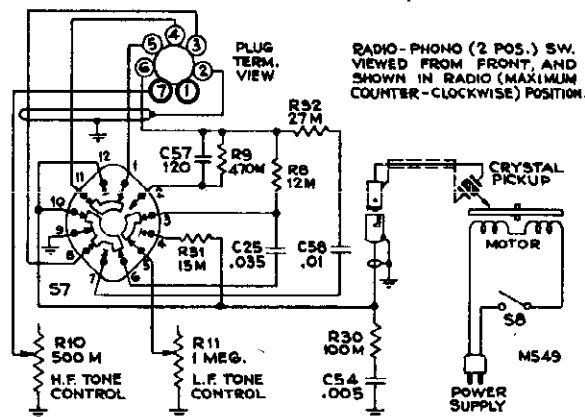
Steps	Connect the high side of the test-osc. to—	Tune test-osc. to—	Range Switch	Turn Radio Dial to—	Adjust the following for max. peak output
1	6SK7 I-F grid in series with .01 mfd.	455 kc	"A" band	Quiet point 600 kc end of dial	L18-L17 2nd I-F transformer
2	6SA7 1st det. grid in series with .01 mfd.				L16-L15 1st I-F transformer
3	Antenna terminal in series with 300 ohms	11.8 mc	25 meter band	11.8 mc (138.5°)	L27 (osc.)** C1 (ant.)***
4		15.2 mc		15.2 mc (18.5°)	C46 (osc.)†† Rock in
5	Repeat steps 3 and 4 until aligned.				
6	Antenna terminal in series with 300 ohms	15.2 mc	18-13 meter band	15.2 mc (156°)	L28 (osc.)**
7		9.5 mc	31 meter band	9.5 mc (156°)	L26 (osc.)** C2 (ant.)*** C8 (det.)***
8		9.5 mc	"B" band	9.5 mc (11.5°)	C42 (osc.)*
9	Antenna terminal in series with 200 mmfd.	1,500 kc	"A" band	1,500 kc (27°)	C44 (osc.) C3 (ant.) C52 (det.)
10		600 kc		600 kc (149.5°)	L24 (osc.) Rock in
11	Repeat steps 9 and 10.				

* Use minimum capacity peak if two can be obtained.
 ** If two peaks can be obtained, use the one obtained when the core screw is farthest out (counter-clockwise).
 *** Use maximum capacity peak if two peaks can be obtained.
 † Check image to determine that C46 has been adjusted to correct peak by tuning receiver to approximately 14.29 mc (29°) where a weaker signal should be received.

NOTE: Oscillator tracks above signals on all bands.



R. F. Wiring Diagram (Bottom View)



Radio-Phono. Switch and Tone Control Strip

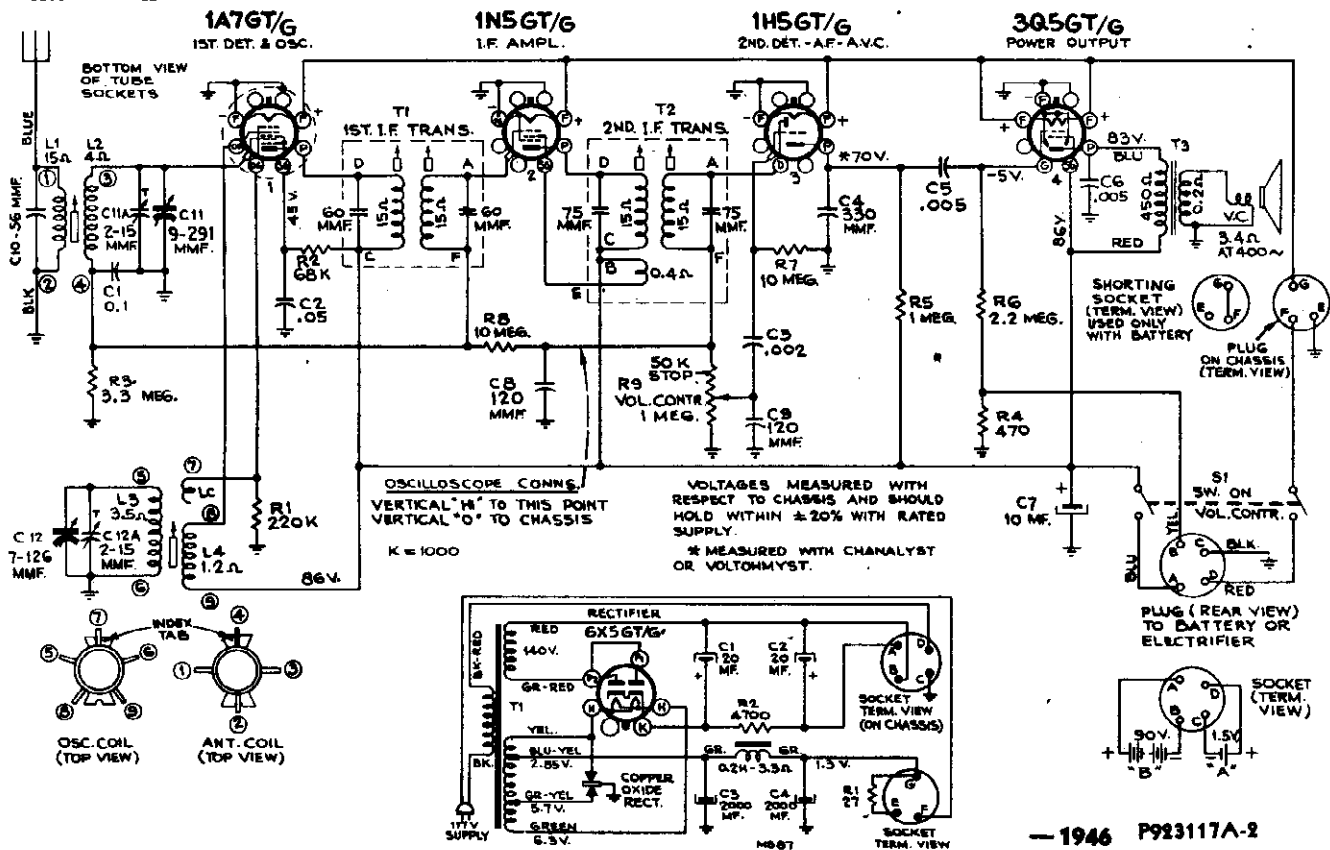
RCA MFG. CO.

STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION	STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION
	CHASSIS ASSEMBLIES RC-568B		
37053	Board—"Antenna-Ground" board	37993	Switch—Range switch (S1, S2, S3, S4, S5, S6)
37994	Bracket—Bracket (long) complete with drive cord pulley	35636	Transformer—First I-F transformer (L15, L16, C17, C18)
37995	Bracket—Bracket (short) complete with drive cord pulley	36615	Transformer—Second I-F transformer (L17, L18, C19, C20, C51)
35642	Calibrator—Drive drum calibrator	34183	Transformer—Power transformer, 110/125/150/210/240 volts, 50-60 cycle (T3) (For Specification Ratings A and C)
37996	Capacitor—Mica trimmer, dual, 2.5-10 mmf. (C8, C52)	39786	Transformer—Power transformer, 105/120 volts, 25-60 cycle (T3) (For Specification Rating B)
37058	Capacitor—Mica trimmer, triple, 2.5-10 mmf. (C1, C2, C3)	2917	Washer—"C" washer for tuning knob shaft
12714	Capacitor—Air trimmer, 2-12 mmf. (C13, C42, C44, C46)		SPEAKER ASSEMBLIES 92520-1K
33097	Capacitor—Ceramic, 4.7 mmf. (C37)	70574	Cone—Cone and voice coil assembly
35646	Capacitor—Ceramic, 6 mmf. (C41)	5118	Plug—3 prong male plug for speaker
39604	Capacitor—Mica, 10 mmf. (C13)	70686	Speaker—12" PM speaker complete with cone and voice coil less plug
39041	Capacitor—Ceramic, 18 mmf. (C43)		NOTE: If stamping on speaker in instrument does not agree with above speaker number, order replacement parts by referring to model number of instrument, number stamped on speaker and full description of part required.
70582	Capacitor—Ceramic, 47 mmf. (C5, C11)		SPEAKER ASSEMBLIES 92516-2K
39620	Capacitor—Mica, 47 mmf. (C53)	70574	Cone—Cone and voice coil assembly
35644	Capacitor—Ceramic, 47 mmf. (C47)	5119	Plug—3 contact female plug for speaker
39622	Capacitor—Mica, 56 mmf. (C7, C36)	31539	Plug—5 prong male plug for speaker
71291	Capacitor—Mica, 66 mmf. (C4, C10)	70573	Speaker—12" E.M. speaker complete with cone and voice coil less output transformer and plugs
35645	Capacitor—Ceramic, 68 mmf. (C45)	70688	Transformer—Output transformer (T1)
39628	Capacitor—Mica, 100 mmf. (C17, C18)		NOTE: If stamping on speaker in instrument does not agree with above speaker number, order replacement parts by referring to model number of instrument, number stamped on speaker and full description of part required.
39630	Capacitor—Mica, 120 mmf. (C19, C20, C21)		MISCELLANEOUS ASSEMBLIES
39636	Capacitor—Mica, 220 mmf. (C9, C12, C14, C51)	X1801	Baffle—Baffle board and grille cloth
70667	Capacitor—Mica, 360 mmf. (C39)	4287	Body—Phono-input cable connector body
39846	Capacitor—Mica, 560 mmf. (C55)	36639	Bracket—Lamp bracket
70687	Capacitor—Mica, 3,000 mmf. (C40)	70556	Bumper—Rubber bumper for tray
71007	Capacitor—Tubular, .005 mfd., 1,600 volts (C29, C30)	39630	Capacitor—Mica, 120 mmf. (C57)
70606	Capacitor—Tubular, .005 mfd., 200 volts (C23)	70606	Capacitor—Tubular, .005 mfd., 200 volts (C54)
70629	Capacitor—Tubular, .007 mfd., 600 volts (C22)	70610	Capacitor—Tubular, .01 mfd., 200 volts (C58)
70610	Capacitor—Tubular, .01 mfd., 200 volts (C24)	70614	Capacitor—Tubular, .035 mfd., 200 volts (C25)
70631	Capacitor—Tubular, .01 mfd., 600 volts (C28, C31)	30718	Clip—Tuning tube clip
70615	Capacitor—Tubular, .05 mfd., 200 volts (C38)	36109	Control—L.F. tone control (R11)
70638	Capacitor—Tubular, 0.1 mfd., 600 volts (C49)	35629	Control—H.F. tone control (R10)
70639	Capacitor—Tubular, 0.25 mfd., 600 volts (C35)	70694	Cushion—Rubber cushion
32187	Capacitor—Electrolytic, 8 mfd., 150 volts (C50)	36156	Decal—HF, tone control decal
37888	Capacitor—Electrolytic, comprising 1 section of 20 mfd., 450 volts; 1 section of 15 mfd., 450 volts; and 1 section of 20 mfd., 25 volts (C33, C32, C34) (See Note)	36155	Decal—L.F. tone control decal
37055	Coil—Antenna coil, "A", "B" and 31 meter bands (L4, L5, L6, L7)	36074	Decal—Radio-phonograph switch decal
37056	Coil—Antenna coil, 25 meter and 19-13 meter bands (L1, L2, L3)	37839	Decal—Range switch decal
37093	Coil—Oscillator coil, "A", "B" bands (L24, L25)	70669	Decal—Trade mark decal
35624	Coil—Oscillator coil, 19-13 meter band (L28)	35387	Decal—Volume control and power switch decal
35625	Coil—Oscillator coil, 25 meter band (L27)	39923	Dial—Glass dial scale
35626	Coil—Oscillator coil, 31 meter band (L26)	4286	Ferrule—Phono-input cable ferrule and bushing
37058	Coil—R-F coil, 25 meter and 19-13 meter bands (L8, L9, L10)	37998	Frame—Dial frame assembly less tube clip, indicator and dial
37057	Coil—R-F coil, "A", "B" and 31 meter bands (L11, L12, L13, L14)	70691	Guide—Guide rail—L.H.
37992	Control—Volume control and power switch (R7, S10)	70692	Guide—Guide rail—R.H.
37151	Condenser—Variable tuning condenser (C6, C16, C48)	70690	Hinge—L.H. cabinet door hinge
32634	Cord—Drive cord (approx. 24" overall length)	70693	Hinge—R.H. cabinet door hinge
12006	Core—Adjustable core and stud for I-F transformers	36593	Indicator—Station selector indicator
32634	Cord—Indicator cord (approx. 41" overall length)	13103	Jewel—Pilot lamp cap
31259	Core—Adjustable core and stud for 25 meter and 31 meter band oscillator coils and for 19-13 meter band osc. coil	36038	Knob—Radio-phonograph or range switch knob
35788	Core—Adjustable core and stud for ABC band oscillator coil	35814	Knob—Volume control, tone control or tuning knob
35768	Drum—Drive drum less calibrator	11891	Lamp—Dial lamp
28452	Plate—Bakelite mounting plate for capacitor #37888	70546	Mounting—One set of record changer mounting hardware consisting of four (4) upper and four (4) lower springs and four (4) clamp nuts.
30868	Plug—2 contact female plug for motor cable	30868	Plug—2 contact female plug for motor cable extension
12493	Plug—5 contact female plug for speaker cable	30870	Plug—2 prong male plug for motor cable extension
39858	Pulley—Drive cord pulley	36395	Plug—7 prong male plug for radio-phonograph cable
34189	Resistor—Voltage divider, consisting of 1 section of 5,000 ohms, 6 watt; 1 section of 5,000 ohms, 2.5 watt; and 1 section of 195 ohms, 3 watt (R17, R18, R19)	30436	Resistor—12,000 ohms, 1/4 watt (R8)
30492	Resistor—22,000 ohms, 1/4 watt (R4)	36714	Resistor—15,000 ohms, 1/4 watt (R31)
30685	Resistor—33,000 ohms, 1/4 watt (R20)	30409	Resistor—27,000 ohms, 1/4 watt (R32)
30650	Resistor—56,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R21)	3252	Resistor—100,000 ohms, 1/4 watt (R30)
3252	Resistor—100,000 ohms, 1/4 watt (R13)	30648	Resistor—470,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R6, R16)
14583	Resistor—220,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R12)	30652	Resistor—1 megohm, 1/4 watt (R1, R2, R22)
30651	Resistor—270,000 ohms, 1/4 watt (R5)	30649	Resistor—2.2 megohms, 1/4 watt (R3)
14983	Resistor—330,000 ohms, 1/4 watt (R14)	30992	Resistor—10 megohms, 1/4 watt (R15)
30648	Resistor—470,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R6, R16)	14350	Screw—#8-32 square head set screw for drive drum
30652	Resistor—1 megohm, 1/4 watt (R1, R2, R22)	38842	Shaft—Tuning knob shaft and flywheel
30649	Resistor—2.2 megohms, 1/4 watt (R3)	36107	Socket—7 contact socket located on rear apron of chassis
30992	Resistor—10 megohms, 1/4 watt (R15)	31364	Socket—Dial lamp socket
30649	Resistor—2.2 megohms, 1/4 watt (R3)	31251	Socket—Tube socket
30992	Resistor—10 megohms, 1/4 watt (R15)	34884	Socket—Tuning tube socket
14350	Screw—#8-32 square head set screw for drive drum	31261	Spring—Retaining spring for 19-13 meter band oscillator coil core and stud and for oscillator coils' core and stud assemblies
38842	Shaft—Tuning knob shaft and flywheel	31418	Spring—Drive or indicator cord spring
36107	Socket—7 contact socket located on rear apron of chassis	12007	Spring—Retaining spring for I-F transformers' core and stud assemblies
31364	Socket—Dial lamp socket		
31251	Socket—Tube socket		
34884	Socket—Tuning tube socket		
31261	Spring—Retaining spring for 19-13 meter band oscillator coil core and stud and for oscillator coils' core and stud assemblies		
31418	Spring—Drive or indicator cord spring		
12007	Spring—Retaining spring for I-F transformers' core and stud assemblies		
		37998	Switch—Radio-phonograph switch (S7)
		70555	Tire—Rubber tire for tray roller
		70553	Tray—Record changer carrying tray less rollers
		4285	Washer—Phono-input cable insulating washer
		2917	Washer—Retaining washer for tray roller
		NOTE:	#37888 rating is 20-20-20 mfd., 450-450-25 volts.

MODELS 64F1, 64F2,
Ch.RC-1037; 64F3,
Ch.RC-1037A

RCA MFG. CO.

CV45, Ch.RS-1001



Frequency Range..... 540 KC.—1600 KC.
Intermediate Frequency..... 455 KC.

Tube Complement

- (1) RCA—1A7 GT/G.....1st Det. Oscillator
- (2) RCA—1N5 GT/G.....1F Amplifier
- (3) RCA—1H5 GT/G...2nd Det., A.V.C., and A-F Amplifier
- (4) RCA—3Q5 GT/G.....Power Output

Power Output Rating

Undistorted.....160 MW.
Maximum.....270 MW.

Loudspeaker (922258-2)

Size.....4 x 6 inch PM
V.C. impedance at 400 cycles.....3.4 ohms

Power Supply Rating

- (1) RCA Farm Battery Pack—VS022 or equivalent.
"A" Battery 1½ volts, Drain—0.24 amperes, "B" Battery
90 volts, Drain—10.5 MA.
- (2) Electrifier—(CV-45)
105 to 125 volts AC, 50-60 cycles only.

STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION	STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION
	CHASSIS ASSEMBLIES RC 1037—64F1, 64F2 RC 1037A 64F3		SPEAKER ASSEMBLY 922258-2
71924	Capacitor—Ceramic, 56 mmf. (C10)	71058	Speaker—4" x 6" elliptical P.M. speaker complete with cone and voice coil
39640	Capacitor—Mica, 330 mmf. (C4)		NOTE: If stamping on speaker in instrument does not agree with above speaker number, order replacement parts by referring to model number of instrument, number stamped on speaker and full description of part required.
39630	Capacitor—Mica, 120 mmf. (C8, C9)		MISCELLANEOUS
70622	Capacitor—Tubular, .002 mfd., 600 volts (C3)	70471	Back—Cabinet back for 64F1
70606	Capacitor—Tubular, .005 mfd., 400 volts (C5, C6)	70472	Back—Cabinet back for 64F2
70611	Capacitor—Tubular, .05 mfd., 400 volts (C2)	70475	Clamp—Dial clamps (1 set) for 64F1 and 64F2
70617	Capacitor—Tubular, 0.1 mfd., 200 volts (C1)	70398	Clamp—Dial clamp for 64F3 (2 required)
38593	Capacitor—Electrolytic, 10 mfd., 90 volts (C7)	70476	Dial—Glass dial scale for 64F1 and 64F2
*71404	Coil—Antenna coil (L1, L2)	70477	Dial—Glass dial scale for 64F3
*71401	Coil—Oscillator coil (L3, L4)	37831	Fastener—Push fastener for cabinet back (1 set)
*71160	Condenser—Variable tuning condenser (C11, C11a, C12, C12a)	70474	Knob—Tuning control knob—ivory—for 64F2
*71168	Control—Volume control and power switch (R9, S1)	70473	Knob—Tuning knob—mottled walnut—for 64F1 and 64F3
32634	Cord—Drive cord (approx. 41" long for 64F1 and 64F2 and approx. 43" long for 64F3) (R9, S1)	*71165	Knob—Volume control knob ivory for 64F2
70464	Drum—Drive drum	*71164	Knob—Volume control knob—mottled walnut—for 64F1 and 64F3
70469	Indicator—Station selector indicator	30900	Spring—Retaining spring for knobs
*71161	Plate—Dial back plate complete with four pulleys less dial for 64F3		POWER SUPPLY RS 1001
70462	Plate—Dial back plate complete with four pulleys less dial for 64F1 and 64F2	*71840	Capacitor—Electrolytic, 2000 mmf., 6 volts (C3, C4)
30550	Plug—4 prong male plug for battery cable	*71844	Capacitor—Electrolytic dual, 20 mfd., 150 volts (C1, C2)
*71162	Plug—Battery shorting plug—3 pronged male	35069	Fastener—Push fastener for bottom cover
36230	Pulley—Drive cord pulley	*71838	Reactor—Filter Reactor
30490	Resistor—470 ohms, ¼ watt (R4)	*71839	Rectifier—Rectifier complete with mounting bracket
14138	Resistor—68,000 ohms, ¼ watt (R2)	12453	Resistor—27 ohms, ¼ watt (R1)
14583	Resistor—220,000 ohms, ¼ watt (R1)	30798	Resistor—4700 ohms, 1 watt (R2)
30652	Resistor—1 megohm, ¼ watt (R5)	*71841	Socket—3 contact female socket
30649	Resistor—2.2 megohms, ¼ watt (R6)	31027	Socket—4 contact female socket for battery cable
31417	Resistor—3.3 megohms, ¼ watt (R3)	37635	Socket—Tube socket
30592	Resistor—10 megohms, ¼ watt (R7, R8)	*71837	Transformer—Power transformer, 117 volt, 60 cycle (T1)
70467	Shaft—Tuning knob shaft		
70377	Shield—Shield for 1A7GT/G tube		
*71163	Socket—Battery shorting socket—3 contact female		
37605	Socket—Tube socket		
70390	Spring—Drive cord spring		
*71403	Transformer—First I.F. transformer (T1)		
*71400	Transformer—Second I.F. transformer (T2)		
*71159	Transformer—Output transformer (T3)		
33726	Washer—"C" washer for tuning knob shaft		

*This is the first time this Stock No. has appeared in Service Data.

RCA MFG. CO.

MODELS 64F1, 64F2,
Ch. RC-1037, 64F3,
Ch. RC-1037A
MODELS 65X1, 65X2
Ch. RC-1034

64F1, 64F2, 64F3

Alignment Procedure

Cathode Ray Alignment is the preferable method. Connections for the oscillograph are shown in the diagram.

Output Meter Alignment.—If this method is used, connect the meter across the voice coil and turn the receiver volume control to maximum.

Test Oscillator.—For all alignment operations, connect the low side of the test oscillator to the receiver chassis, and keep the output as low as possible to avoid AVC action.

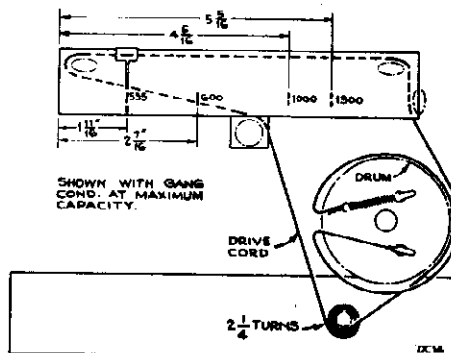
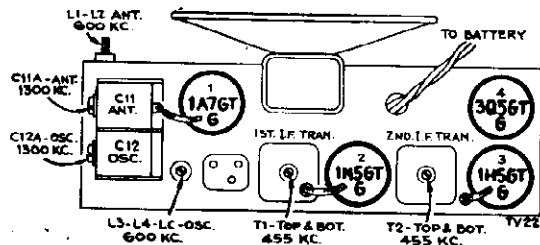
Pre-Setting Dial.—With gang condenser in full mesh, the pointer should be set at the left-hand end dial calibration mark.

Critical Lead Dress

1. Keep output plate capacitor dressed close to the chassis.
2. Keep lead from lug A of second IF transformer down and dressed close around the 1H5 tube socket.
3. Dress 1N5 plate lead close to chassis.
4. Dress C1 down and away from the antenna coil.
5. Dress C3 and C5 away from each other.
6. Dress the lead from 2nd IF transformer to the volume control in the open.

Steps	Connect high side of the test oscillator to—	Tune test osc. to—	Turn radio dial to—	Adjust following for maximum peak output
1	L.F. (1N5) grid in series with .1 mfd.	455 kc	Quiet point at the low freq. end of the dial	2nd I.F. trans.*
2	1A7 grid in series with .1 mfd.			1st I.F. trans.
3	Antenna lead (blue) in series with 200 mmf.	1300 kc	1300 kc	C12A (osc.) C11A (ant.)
4		600 kc	600 kc	(Osc.) and (ant.) slugs
5	Repeat steps 3 and 4 for exact alignment.			

*Do not repeat step 1.



NOTE:—

When using the electrifier, remove the shorting plug on the chassis adjacent to the 1A7GT/G tube and replace it with a similar plug, attached to the electrifier. Also connect the remaining plug attached to the electrifier, in place of the normal battery plug. The receiver will operate in the normal manner, using the same control for turning the set on and off.

NOTE:—

Do not plug electrifier into a DC outlet.

65X1, 65X2

Output Meter Alignment.—If this method is used, connect the meter across the voice coil, and turn the receiver volume control to maximum.

Test-Oscillator.—For all alignment operations, connect the low side of the test-oscillator to the receiver chassis, and keep the oscillator output as low as possible to avoid a-v-c action.

Calibration Scale.—The glass tuning dial may be removed from the cabinet and mounted above the pointer for reference during alignment. The extreme left hand mark of the Standard Broadcast scale must be in line with the left hand mark on the dial backing plate.

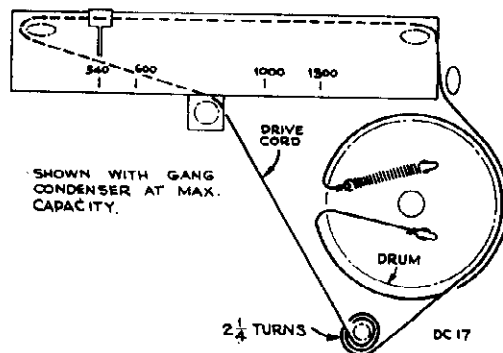
Dial Backing Plate.—In the event that only the chassis is returned for service, the marks on the dial backing plate may be used during alignment; refer to the Dial Indicator and Drive Mechanism drawing for corresponding frequencies.

Dial Pointer.—With the gang condenser in full mesh the dial pointer should be set to the left hand reference mark on the dial backing plate.

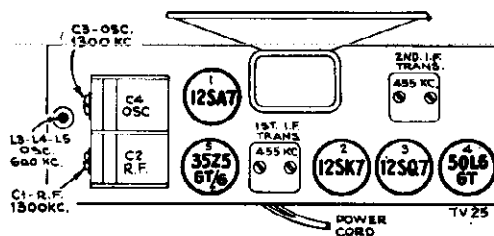
For additional information refer to booklet "RCA Victor Receiver Alignment."

Steps	Connect the high side of test-oscillator to—	Tune test-osc. to—	Turn radio dial to—	Adjust the following for max. peak output
1	12SK7 I-F grid through 0.1 mfd. capacitor	455 kc	Quiet-point 1,600 kc end of dial	C8 and C9 2nd I-F transformer
2	Stator of C2 through 0.1 mfd.			*C6 and C7 1st I-F transformer
3	Ant. lead in series with 200 mmf.	1,300 kc	1,300 kc	C3 (osc.) C1 (ant.)
4		600 kc	600 kc	L5 (osc.) Rock gang
5	Repeat steps 3 and 4			

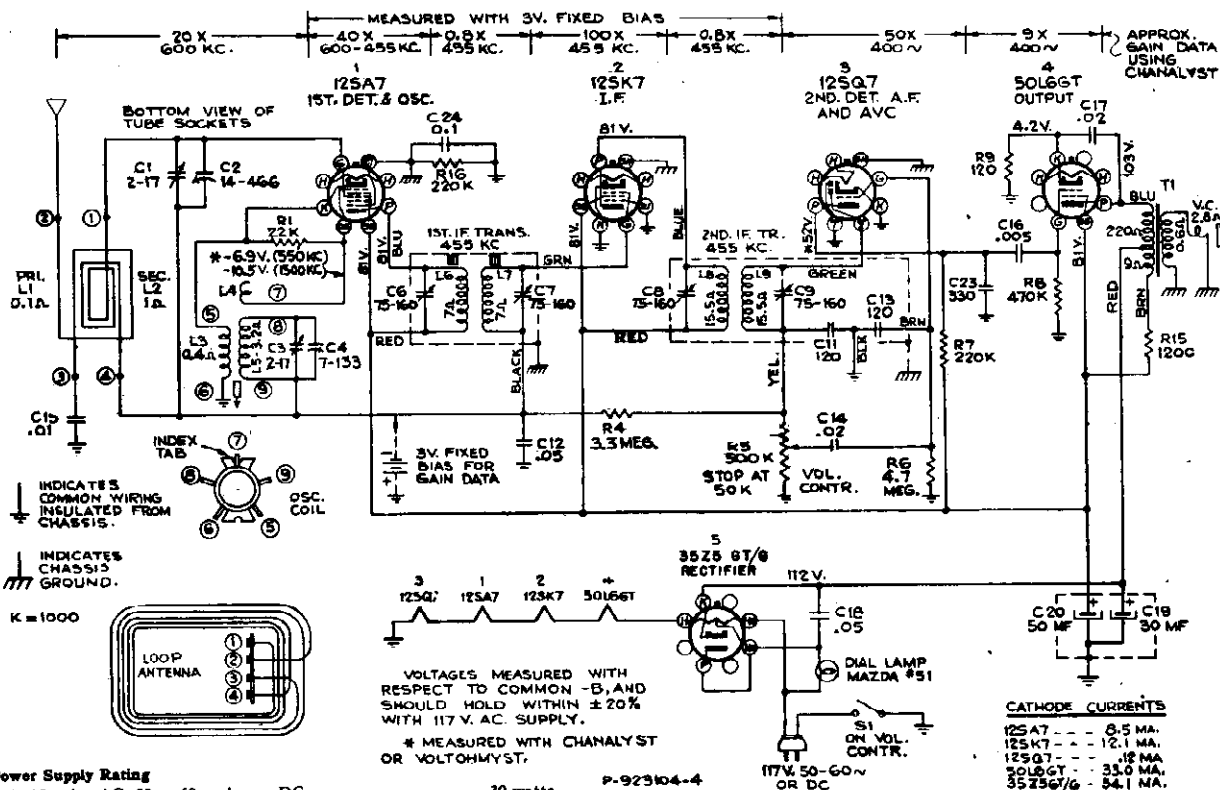
* Do not readjust C8 or C9 when test oscillator is connected to C2.



Dial-Indicator and Drive Mechanism



Tube and Trimmer Locations



Power Supply Rating

105-125 volts, AC, 50 or 60 cycles, or DC..... 30 watts

POWER SUPPLY POLARITY.—For operation on d-c, the power plug must be inserted in the outlet for correct polarity. If the set does not function, reverse the plug. On a-c, reversal of the plug may reduce hum.

Critical Lead Dress

1. Dress blue and green leads of both I-F transformers back in shield cans, leaving them as short as possible.
2. Dress all heater leads next to chassis.
3. Dress power cord toward output transformer away from volume control and audio circuits.
4. Dress capacitor (C14) toward switch and parallel to chassis length.
5. Dress capacitor (C16) back against rear chassis apron.
6. Dress capacitor (C17) over and towards 50L6 socket perpendicular to capacitor (C14) and (C16).
7. Dress pilot lamp leads over second I-F transformer and away from tubes.

P-923104-4

Frequency Range 540-1600 kc
Intermediate Frequency 455 kc
Power Output
 Undistorted 1.0 watt
 Maximum 1.5 watts
Tube Complement
 (1) RCA-12SA7 Converter
 (2) RCA-12SK7 I.F. Amplifier
 (3) RCA-12SQ7 2nd Det., A.V.C., and A.F. Amplifier
 (4) RCA-50L6GT Power Output
 (5) RCA-35Z5GT Rectifier
Pilot Lamp Mazda, No. 51, 6-8 volts, 0.2 amp.
Loudspeaker (922258-1)
 Type 4" x 6" PM
 V. C. Impedance 3.4 ohms at 400 cycles

CATHODE CURRENTS

12SA7	8.5 MA.
12SK7	12.1 MA.
12SQ7	12 MA.
50L6GT	33.0 MA.
35Z5GT/6	54.1 MA.

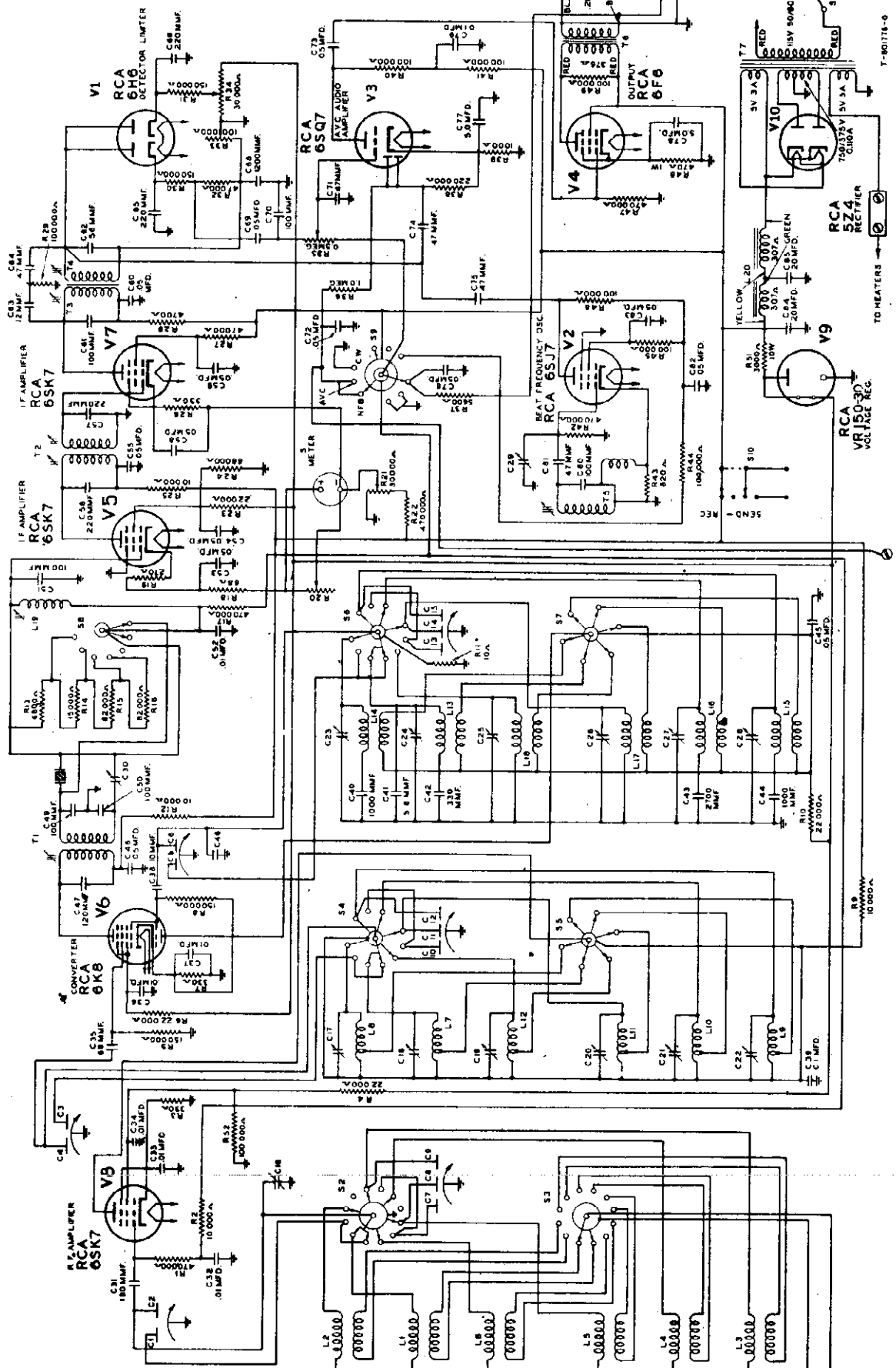
STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION	STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION
CHASSIS ASSEMBLIES RC 1034			
70389	Bearing—Tuning knob shaft bearing	*70467	Shaft—Tuning knob shaft
39640	Capacitor—Mica, 330 mmf. (C23)	34449	Socket—Lamp socket
70606	Capacitor—Tubular, .005 mfd., 400 volts (C16)	37605	Socket—Tube socket—moulded
70610	Capacitor—Tubular, .01 mfd., 200 volts (C15)	70390	Spring—Drive cord tension spring
70611	Capacitor—Tubular, .02 mfd., 400 volts (C14, C17)	*70465	Transformer—First I.F. transformer (L6, L7, C6, C7)
70615	Capacitor—Tubular, .05 mfd., 400 volts (C12, C18)	*70466	Transformer—Second I.F. transformer (L8, L9, C8, C9, C11, C13)
70617	Capacitor—Tubular, 0.1 mfd., 400 volts (C24)	70385	Transformer—Output transformer (T1)
70408	Capacitor—Electrolytic, comprising 1 section of 30 mfd., 150 volts and 1 section of 50 mfd., 150 volts (C19, C20)	33726	Washer—"C" washer for tuning knob shaft
*70477	Coil—Oscillator coil (L3, L4, L5)	SPEAKER ASSEMBLY 922258-1	
*70463	Condenser—Variable tuning condenser complete with drum (C1, C2, C3, C4)	*70470	Speaker— NOTE: If stamping on speaker in instrument does not agree with above speaker number, order replacement parts by referring to model number of instrument, number stamped on speaker and full description of part required.
70322	Control—Volume control and power switch (R5, S1)	MISCELLANEOUS ASSEMBLIES	
32634	Cord—Drive cord (approximately 38")	*70471	Back—Cabinet back for 65X1
*70464	Drum—Drive drum	*70472	Back—Cabinet back for 65X2
*70469	Indicator—Station selector indicator	*70475	Clamp—Dial clamps (1 set)
11765	Lamp—Dial lamp—Mazda 51	*70476	Dial—Glass dial scale
*70468	Loop—Antenna loop (L1, L2)	37831	Fastener—Push fastener (1 set) for cabinet back
*70462	Plate—Dial back plate complete with drive cord pulleys less dial	*70474	Knob—Control knob—ivory—for 65X2
36230	Pulley—Drive cord pulley	*70473	Knob—Control knob—mottled walnut—for 65X1
30189	Resistor—120 ohms, 1/4 watt (R9)	*71821	Knob—Control knob—maroon—for 65X1
6134	Resistor—1200 ohms, 1 watt (R15)	30900	Spring—Retaining spring for knob
30492	Resistor—22,000 ohms, 1/4 watt (R1)		
14583	Resistor—220,000 ohms, 1/4 watt (R7, R16)		
30648	Resistor—470,000 ohms, 1/4 watt (R8)		
31417	Resistor—3.3 megohms, 1/4 watt (R4)		
30931	Resistor—4.7 megohms, 1/4 watt (R6)		

*THIS IS THE FIRST TIME THIS STOCK NUMBER HAS APPEARED IN PRINT.

1946

Early

RCA MFG. CO.



IF PEAK 455 KC

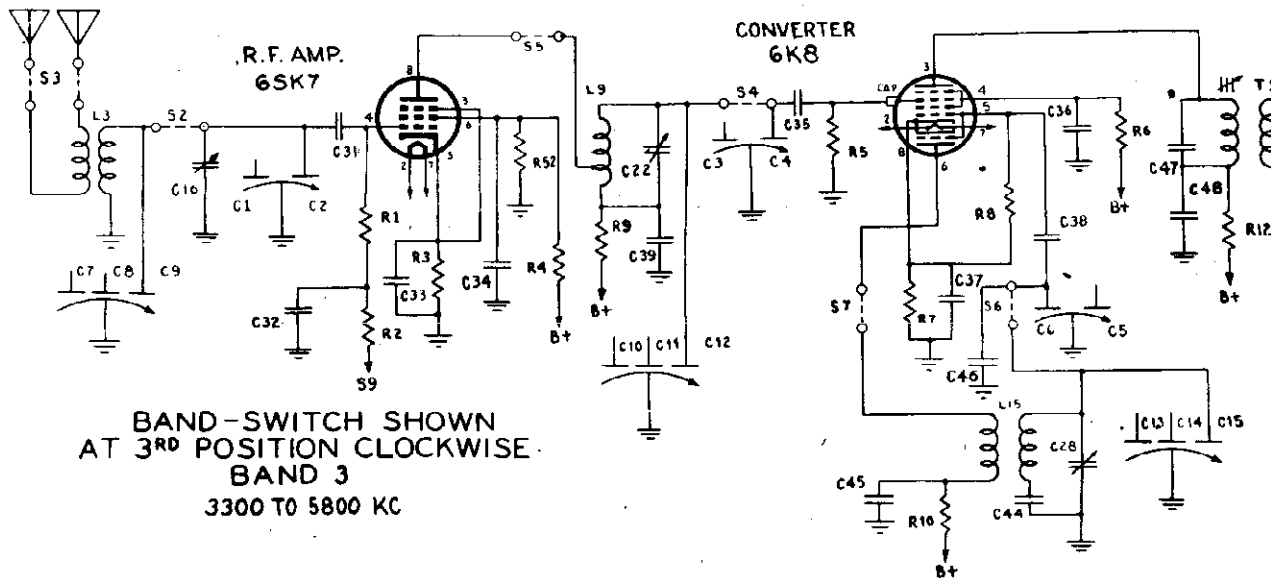
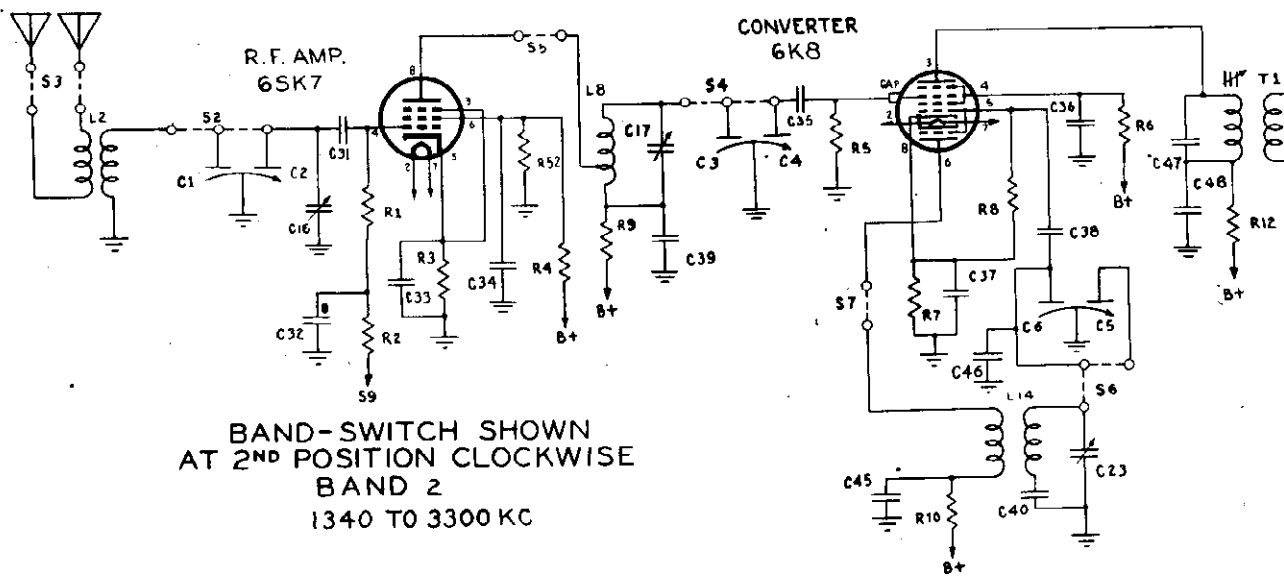
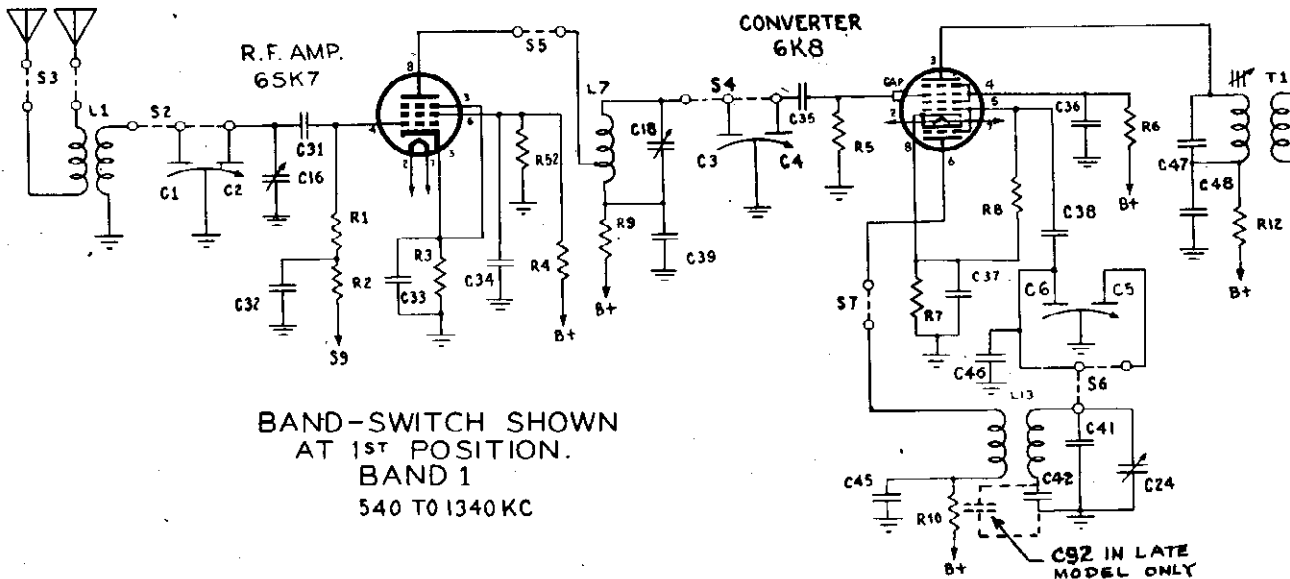
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PAGE 15-64 RCA

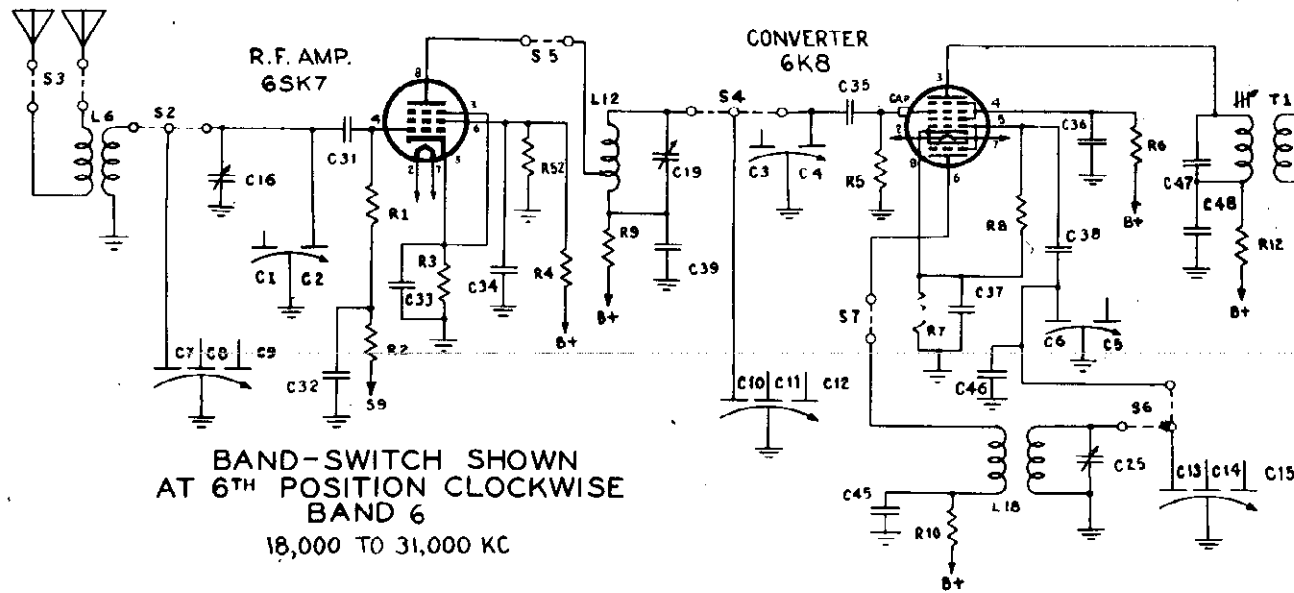
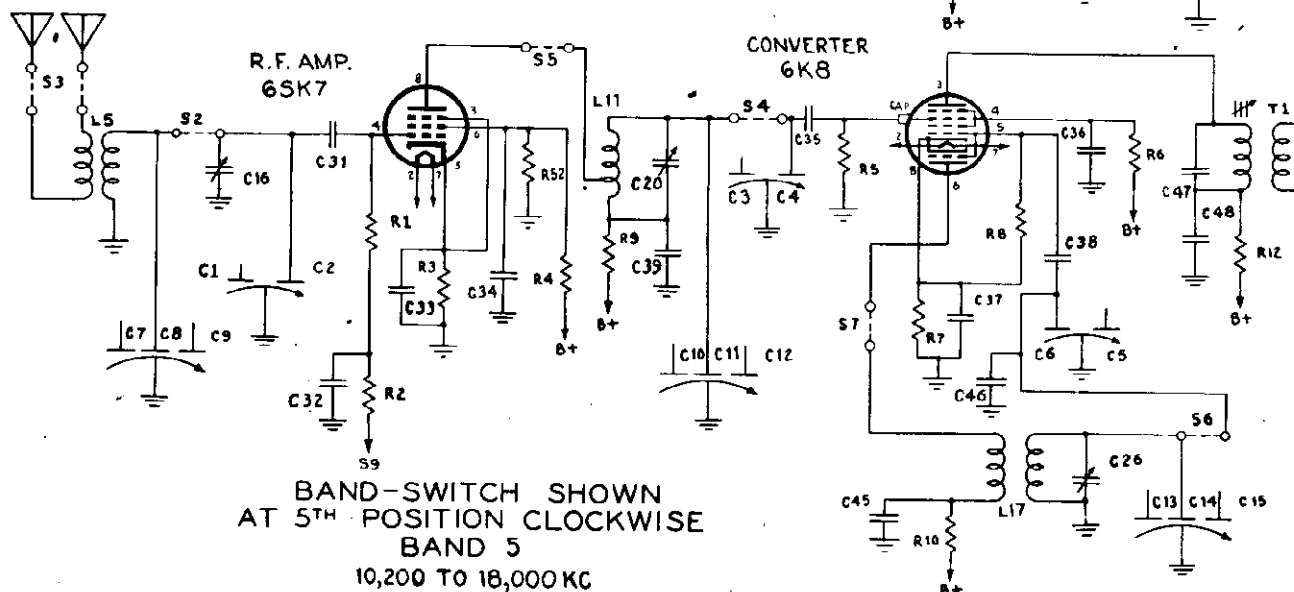
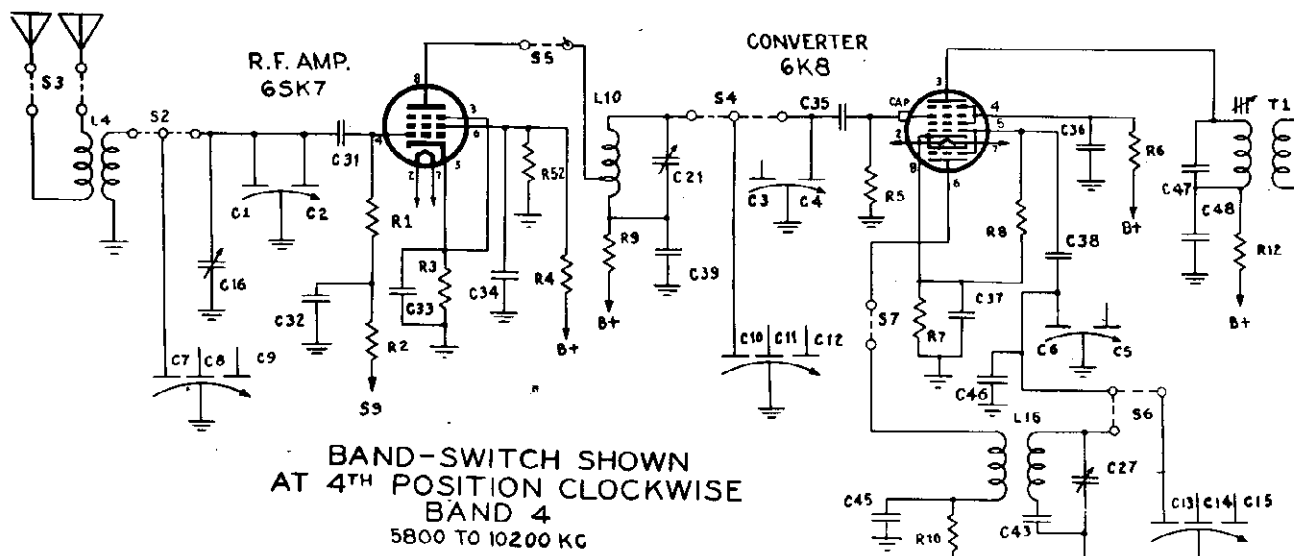
MODELS AR-77, AR-77E,
Early, Late, Revised

RCA MFG. CO.



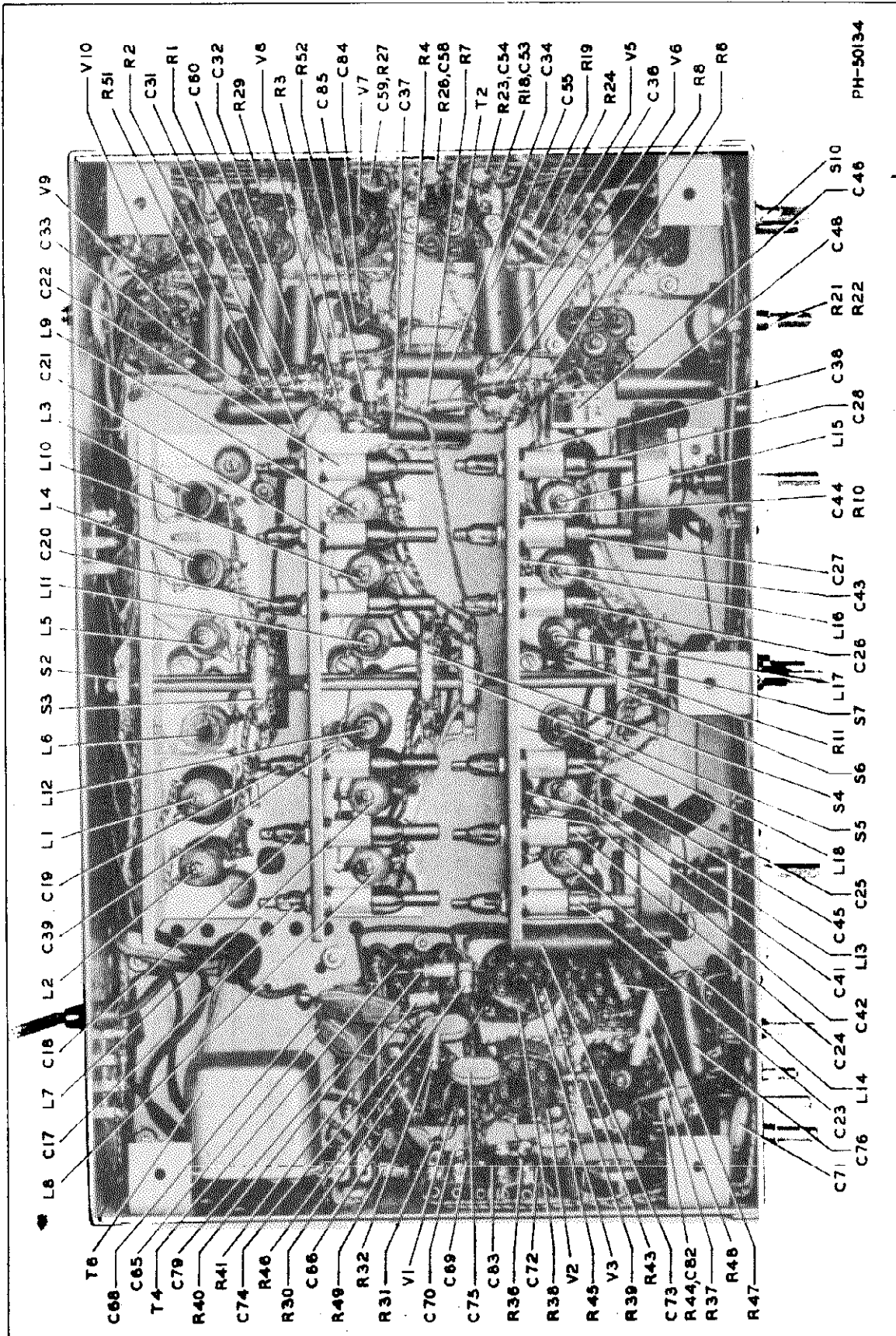
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RCA MFG. CO.



MODELS AR-77, AR-77E,
Early

RCA MFG. CO.



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MODELS AR-77, AR-77E
Early

TUBE SOCKET VOLTAGES

Tube	Cathode to Ground	Screen Grid to Ground	Plate to Ground	Suppressor Grid to Ground	Oscillator Plate to Ground	Heater (A.C.) Pin No. 2 to Pin No. 7
V8 RCA-6SK7 (R-F Amplifier)	3.0 (Pin No. 5)	90 (Pin No. 6)	180 (Pin No. 8)	3.0 (Pin No. 3)		6.1
V6 RCA-6KB (Det. Osc.)	2.6 (Pin No. 8)	75 (Pin No. 4)	240 (Pin No. 3)		60 (Pin No. 6)	6.1
V5 RCA-6SK7 (1st I-F Amp.)	3.0 (Pin No. 5)	82 (Pin No. 6)	200 (Pin No. 8)	0 (Pin No. 3)		6.1
V7 RCA-6SK7 (2nd I-F Amp.)	4.5 (Pin No. 5)	115 (Pin No. 6)	220 (Pin No. 8)	4.5 (Pin No. 3)		6.1
V1 RCA-6H6 (2nd Det.)						6.1
V3 RCA-6SQ7 (A-F Amp. A.V.C.)	0.7 (Pin No. 3)		85 (Pin No. 6)			6.1 (Pin No. 7 to Pin No. 8)
V4 RCA-6F6 (Output)	16.0 (Pin No. 8)	260 (Pin No. 4)	250 (Pin No. 3)			6.1
V9 RCA-VR-150 (Voltage Regulator)			150 (Pin No. 5)			
V2 RCA-6Sj7	0 (Pin No. 5)	50 (Pin No. 6)	15 (Pin No. 8)			6.1
V10 RCA-5Z4	300.0 (Pin No. 8)		375 a.c. (Pin No. 4 & 6)			5.0 (CAUTION - 300 v d.c., voltage to ground)

EQUIPMENT

- Model AR-77: Domestic Model in Cabinet (see "Line Rating") MI-8302
- Model AR-77E: Export Model in Cabinet (see "Line Rating") MI-8302A
- Model AR-77E: Export Model on Rack Panel (105-125 V, 50/60 cycles) MI-8302B
- Model AR-77E: Export Model on Rack Panel (105-250 V, 50/60 cycles) MI-8302C
- Optional Equipment:
- Loudspeaker in Cabinet MI-8303
- *Loudspeaker on Rack Panel MI-8303A
- Panel Kit for Rack Mounting of Model AR-77 MI-8304
- Panel Kit for Rack Mounting of Loudspeaker MI-8305
- Power Pack for Model AR-77E (117 volts d-c) MI-8307-2
- Power Pack for Model AR-77E (234 volts d-c) MI-8307-3
- Phone Plug MI-6216
- Headphones MI-5803
- A-F Coupling Transformer for 500-ohm line MI-4904
- * Export sale only.

Signal-to-Noise and Image Ratios:

Band	Frequency KC	Microvolts Input for 2:1 Signal-to-Noise Ratio	Image Ratio
1	540	1.6	50,000
	1,340	2.8	3,900
2	1,340	2.0	5,000
	3,300	2.3	910
3	3,300	1.9	1,000
	5,800	1.7	320
4	5,800	2.0	550
	10,200	1.8	400
5	10,200	2.3	380
	18,000	2.5	88
6	18,000	2.2	60
	31,000	1.5	25

MODELS AR-77, AR-77E,
Early

RCA MFG. CO.

PARTS LIST (Continued)

Item	DESCRIPTION	Stock No.	Item	DESCRIPTION	Stock No.
R-43	Resistor—820 ohms, 1/2 watt	30158			
R-44	Resistor—Same as R-43				
R-45	Resistor—Same as R-43				
R-46	Resistor—Same as R-43				
R-47	Resistor—Same as R-43				
R-48	Resistor—Same as R-43				
R-49	Resistor—Same as R-43				
R-50	Resistor—Same as R-43				
R-51	Resistor—Same as R-43				
R-52	Resistor—Same as R-43				
S-1	Power Switch—Combined with section 5		X-1		
S-2	Switch—Range switch water	34915			
S-3	Switch—Range switch water	34916			
S-4	Switch—Range switch water				
S-5	Switch—Range switch water				
S-6	Switch—Range switch water				
S-7	Switch—Range switch water				
S-8	Switch—Range switch water				
S-9	Switch—Range switch water				
S-10	Switch—Range switch water				
T-1	Transformer—First detector plate I-F transformer complete—includes C-47, R-12	34912			
T-2	Transformer—I-F link transformer complete—includes C-57, R-25	34911			
T-3	Transformer—I-F link transformer complete—includes C-61, C-63, R-28	34913			
T-4	Transformer—Diode I-F transformer complete—includes C-47, R-12	34885			
T-5	Transformer—Diode I-F transformer complete—includes C-47, R-12	34887			
T-6	Transformer—Output transformer	34884			
T-7 (Export)	Transformer—105-130, 140-160, 200-250 volts, 50/60-cycle power transformer (for AR-77E only)	34888			
T-7 (Domestic)	Transformer—105-125 volts, 50/60-cycle power transformer (for AR-77 only)	34886			
	MISCELLANEOUS	9551			
	Bracket—Flywheel mounting	34903			
	Bracket—Flywheel mounting	34903			
	Board—3-contact terminal	12716			
	Board—5-contact terminal	34896			
	Cord—Dial drive or range shutter control cord	32634			
	Coupling—Range switch coupling with set screws	34937			
	Detent—Range switch detent plate assembly	34936			
	Dial—Translucent band spread dial complete with hub and set screws	34900			
	Dial—Translucent band spread dial complete with hub and set screws	34901			
	Drum—Large dial drive drum complete	34908			
	Crystal—455-ke crystal filter and case	MI-7953			
	Flywheel—Tuning flywheel with set screws	34902			
	Gear—Brass pinion gear and mesh assembly	34882			
	Gear—Split main or band spread condenser drive gear	34881			
	Guide, Band indicator shutter guide rods and strap assembly	34899			
	Lamp—6.3 volt dial lamp, Mazda No. 44	11891			
	Pulley—Band indicator idler pulley and bracket	34907			
	Pulley—Small dial drive pulley and hub with set screws	31271			
	Scale—Calibrated stationary scale	34905			
	Screws—Various support screws	4559			
	Shaft—Dial drive flywheel shaft	34904			
	Shaft—10 1/2 inches long	34935			
	Shutter—Finished band indicator shutter plate with indicating wire and pilot lamp bracket	34897			
	Socket—8-contact phenolic socket	18007			
	Socket—8-contact water socket	18467			
	Spring—Band indicator shutter lift spring	34898			
	Spring—Dial drive cord tension spring	32481			
	Sprite—Triple loop spring used on rear end of band switch shaft	34944			
	Support—Vernier scale support and hub assembly	34906			
	Knob—Antenna adjuster control knob	34949			
	Knob—Bar type control knob (8 used)	34950			
	Knob—Main tuning or band spread control knob	34947			
	Knob—Range switch control knob	34948			
	Mask—Metal window mask plate	34953			
	Meter—Carrier level meter complete	34946			
	Socket—Pilot lamp socket and clip	34951			
	Socket—Pilot lamp socket and clip	34909			
	Window—Clear dial window sheet	34952			

SPEAKER PARTS, MI-8303 and MI-8303-A (RL-73-1)

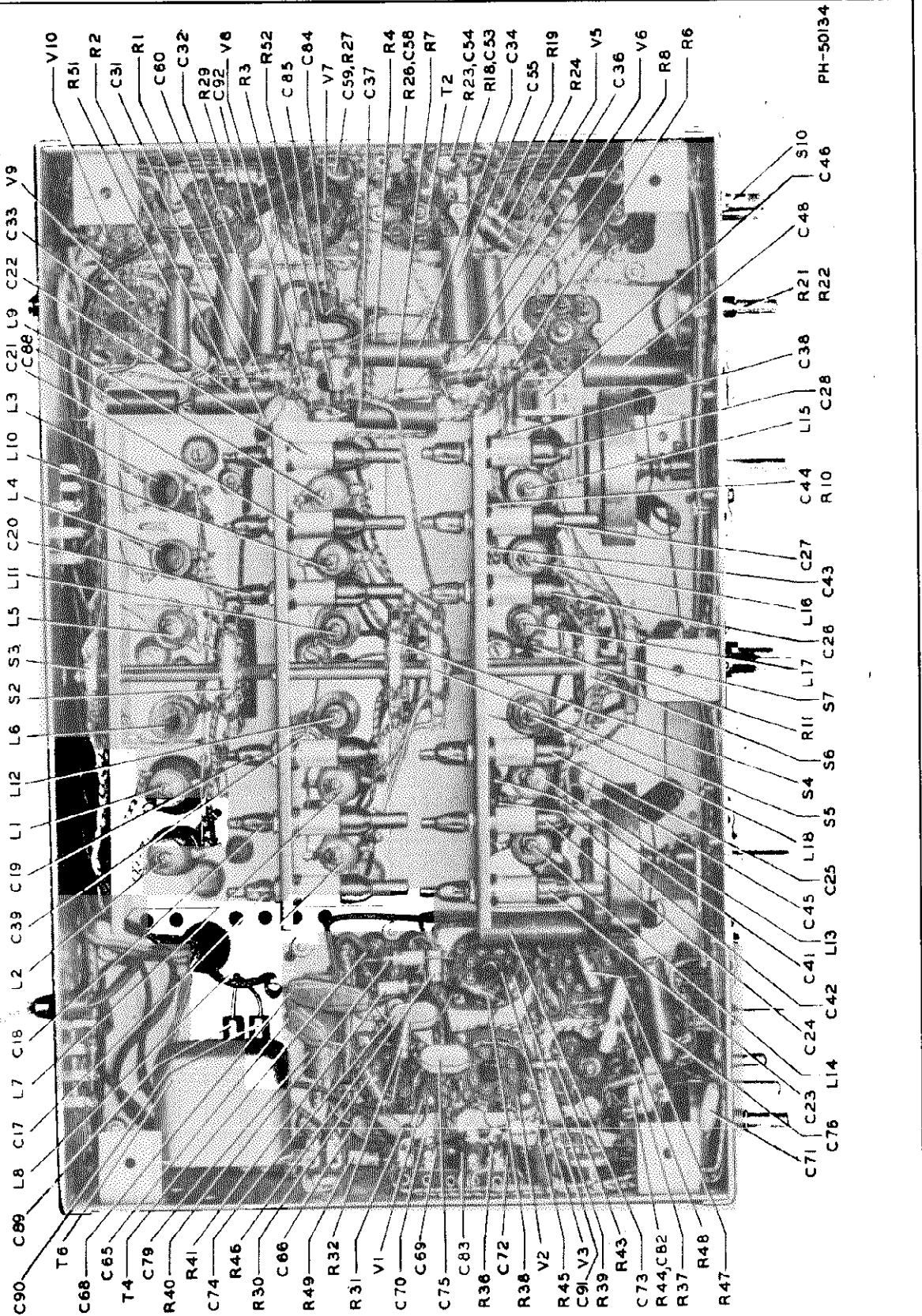
Item	DESCRIPTION	Stock No.	Item	DESCRIPTION	Stock No.
	Cone—Speaker cone and voice coil	31310		Socket—3-contact female socket for speaker cable	5119
	Excitube—"RCA" excitube	13059		Speaker—Speaker unit only less panel	9712
	Plug—3-contact male plug for speaker	5118			

PARTS LIST, Type AR-77 Receiver MI-8302

Item	DESCRIPTION	Stock No.	Item	DESCRIPTION	Stock No.
C-1, C-2, C-3, C-4, C-5	Condenser—3-gang, 6-section main tuning—less split gear, brass pinion, gear, and bearing assembly	34889	C-84, C-85	Capacitor—20-20 mfd., 450 volts	34889
C-7, C-8, C-9, C-10, C-11, C-12, C-13, C-14, C-15, C-16	Capacitor—2-gang, 6-section brass pinion gear, and bearing assembly	34890	J-1	Jack—Headphone jack	7983
C-17, C-18, C-19, C-20, C-21, C-22, C-23, C-24, C-25, C-26, C-27, C-28	Condenser—3 to 35 mmfd., 10-pole antenna adjuster (medium)	12714	J-2, J-3	Jack—Phone up jack, trans-connections	33891
C-29	Condenser—Air trimmer (small)	12807	L-1	Coil—Antenna 540-1340 kc	34929
C-30	Condenser—2.5 to 12 mmfd., 3-plate crystal phase adjusting condenser	34893	L-2	Coil—Antenna 1340-3300 kc	34930
C-31, C-32, C-33, C-34	Capacitor—0.01 mfd., 400 volts	34894	L-3	Coil—Antenna 3.3-5.8 mc	34931
C-35, C-36, C-37	Capacitor—0.01 mfd., 400 volts	13057	L-4	Coil—Antenna 5.8-10.2 mc	34932
C-38, C-39	Capacitor—0.1 mfd., 400 volts	13000	L-5	Coil—Antenna 10.2-18.0 mc	34933
C-40	Capacitor—100 mmfd., 400 volts	4859	L-6	Coil—Detector 540-1340 kc	34934
C-41	Capacitor—5.6 mmfd., 400 volts	12613	L-7	Coil—Detector 1340-3300 kc	34935
C-42	Capacitor—330 mmfd., 400 volts	12614	L-8	Coil—Detector 3.3-5.8 mc	34936
C-43	Capacitor—2700 mmfd., 400 volts	12615	L-9	Coil—Detector 5.8-10.2 mc	34937
C-44	Capacitor—Same as C-40	30057	L-10	Coil—Detector 10.2-18.0 mc	34938
C-45	Capacitor—Same as C-40	4886	L-11	Coil—Detector 18.0-31.0 mc	34939
C-46	Condenser—Stabilizing condenser	34895	L-12	Coil—Oscillator 540-1340 kc	34917
C-47	Capacitor—120 mmfd., 400 volts	12724	L-13	Coil—Oscillator 1340-3300 kc	34918
C-48, C-49, C-50, C-51	Capacitor—Same as C-45	12720	L-14	Coil—Oscillator 3.3-5.8 mc	34919
C-52, C-53, C-54, C-55, C-56, C-57	Capacitor—Same as C-45	12694	L-15	Coil—Oscillator 5.8-10.2 mc	34920
C-58, C-59, C-60	Capacitor—Same as C-45	12694	L-16	Coil—Oscillator 10.2-18.0 mc	34921
C-61	Capacitor—Same as C-49	12723	L-17	Coil—Oscillator 18.0-31.0 mc	34922
C-62	Capacitor—56 mmfd., 400 volts	13002	L-18	Crystal Filter Assembly—Coil core, capacitor and form—less shield can—includes C-51	34891
C-63	Capacitor—12 mmfd., 400 volts	13002	L-19	Reactor—Filter reactor	33277
C-64	Capacitor—47 mmfd., 400 volts	13141	L-20	Resistor—70,000 ohms, 1/2 watt	30646
C-65	Capacitor—Same as C-56	13141	R-1	Resistor—10,000 ohms, 1/2 watt	30646
C-66	Capacitor—1200 mmfd., 400 volts	13054	R-2	Resistor—330 ohms, 1/2 watt	3045
C-67	Capacitor—Same as C-45		R-3	Resistor—22,000 ohms, 1/2 watt	30492
C-68	Capacitor—Same as C-45		R-4	Resistor—56,000 ohms, 1/2 watt	30493
C-69	Capacitor—Same as C-45		R-5	Resistor—Same as R-3	
C-70	Capacitor—Same as C-45		R-6	Resistor—Same as R-3	
C-71	Capacitor—Same as C-45		R-7	Resistor—Same as R-3	
C-72, C-73, C-74, C-75	Capacitor—Same as C-45		R-8	Resistor—Same as R-4	
C-76	Capacitor—Same as C-45		R-9	Resistor—Same as R-4	
C-77, C-78	Capacitor—5.5-5 mfd., 350 volts	34890	R-10	Resistor—10 ohms, 1/2 watt	32184
C-79	Capacitor—Same as C-39		R-11	Resistor—Same as R-2	14659
C-80	Capacitor—Same as C-49 (contained in T-5)		R-12	Resistor—5800 ohms, 1/2 watt	12759
C-81	Capacitor—Same as C-54 (contained in T-5)		R-13	Resistor—82,000 ohms, 1/2 watt	8084
C-82, C-83	Capacitor—Same as C-45		R-14	Resistor—Same as R-1	30929
			R-15, R-16	Control—50-ohm tuning meter	34910
			R-17	Control—30,000-ohm sensitivity control	34920
			R-18	Resistor—Same as R-1	
			R-19	Resistor—Same as R-4	14138
			R-20	Resistor—68,000 ohms, 1/2 watt	
			R-21	Resistor—Same as R-2	
			R-22	Resistor—Same as R-2	
			R-23	Resistor—Same as R-2	
			R-24	Resistor—Same as R-2	
			R-25	Resistor—Same as R-3	
			R-26	Resistor—70,000 ohms, 1/2 watt	30787
			R-27	Resistor—4700 ohms, 1/2 watt	30494
			R-28	Resistor—100,000 ohms, 1/2 watt	3232
			R-29	Resistor—Same as R-3	
			R-30, R-31	Resistor—Same as R-27	34941
			R-32	Control—100,000-ohm noise balancer	34938
			R-33	Control—30,000-ohm volume control	
			R-34	Control—500,000-ohm volume control and power switch (S-1)	34939
			R-35	Resistor—1 megohm, 1/2 watt	30652
			R-36	Resistor—5600 ohms, 1/2 watt	30734
			R-37	Resistor—220,000 ohms, 1/2 watt	14583
			R-38	Resistor—1000 ohms, 1/2 watt	4687
			R-39	Resistor—Same as R-29	
			R-40	Resistor—Same as R-29	
			R-41	Resistor—Same as R-1	
			R-42	Resistor—Same as R-1	

MODELS AR-77, AR-77E,
Late

RCA MFG. CO.



RCA MFG. CO.

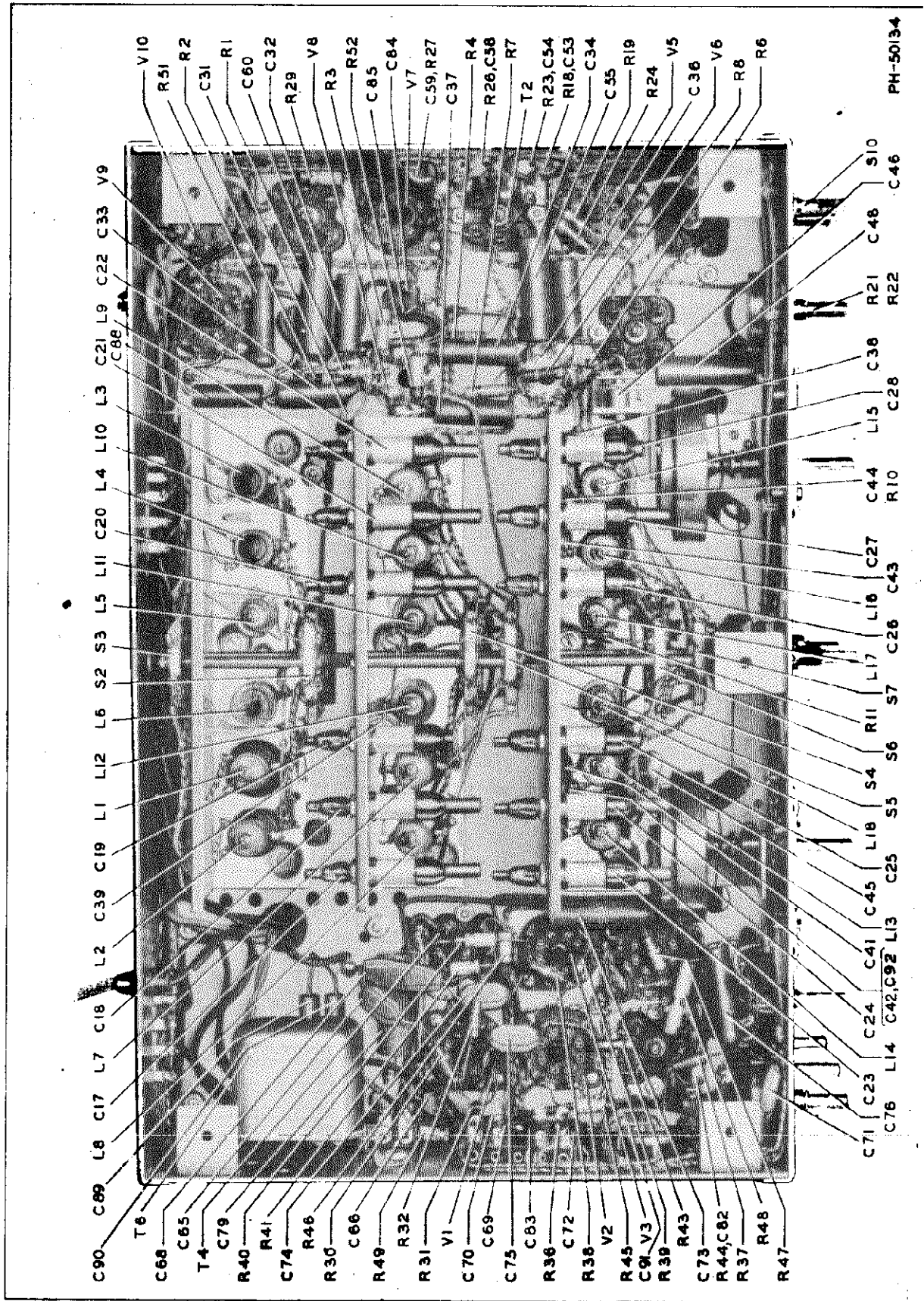


Figure 4—General Purpose Communication Receiver
(Chassis Bottom View)

PH-50134

RCA MFG. CO.

IF PEAK 455 KC

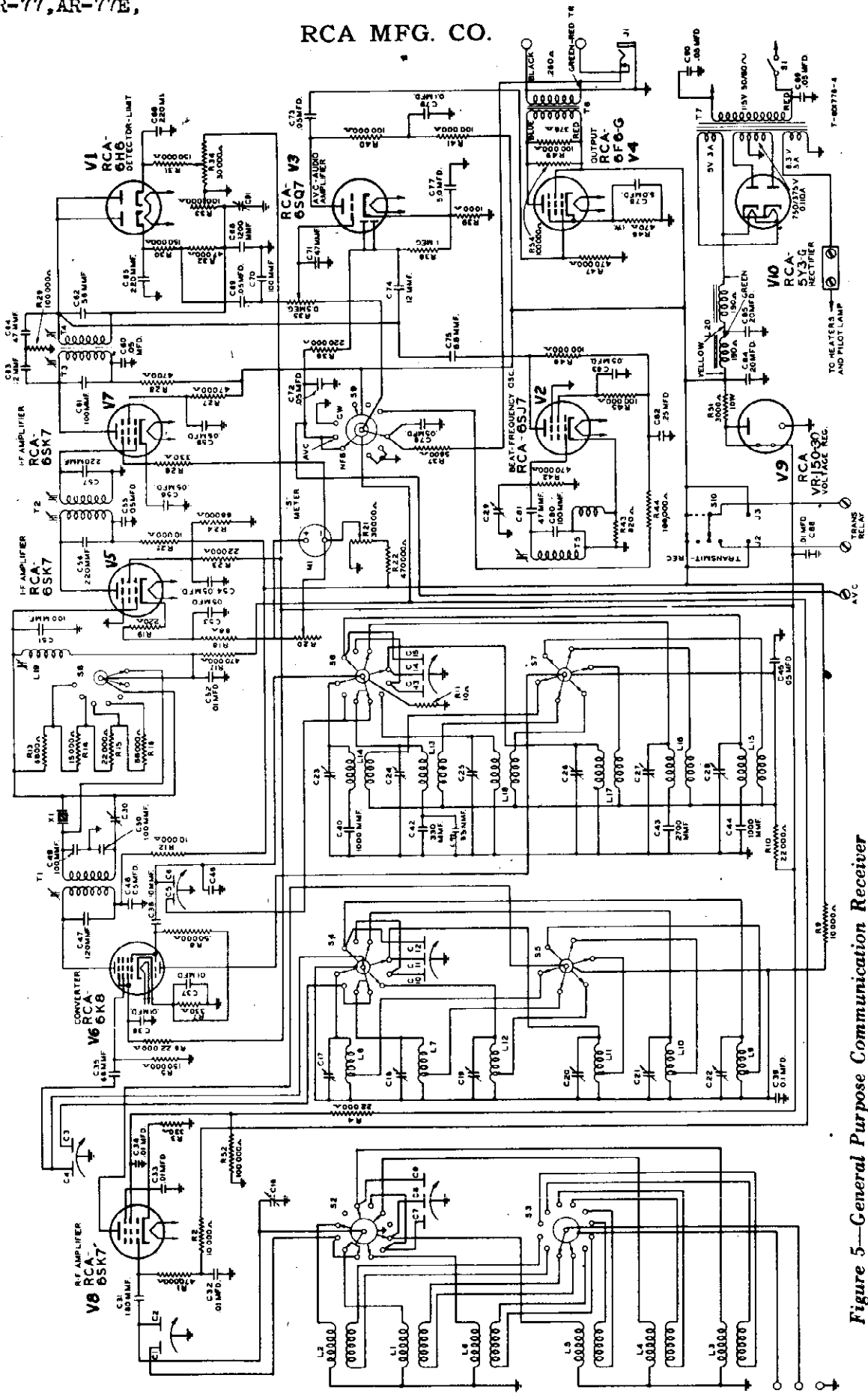
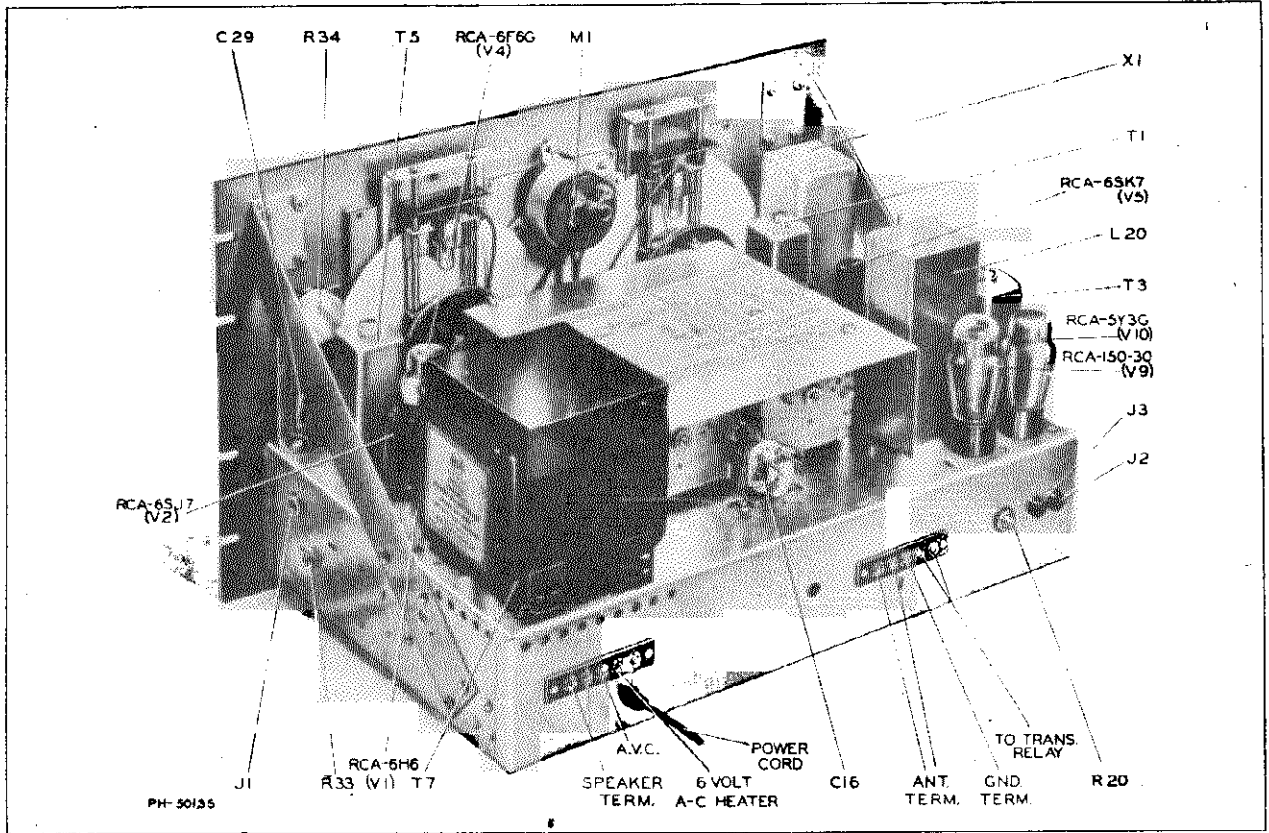


Figure 5—General Purpose Communication Receiver
(Schematic T-601776)

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A. Rack-Type Chassis

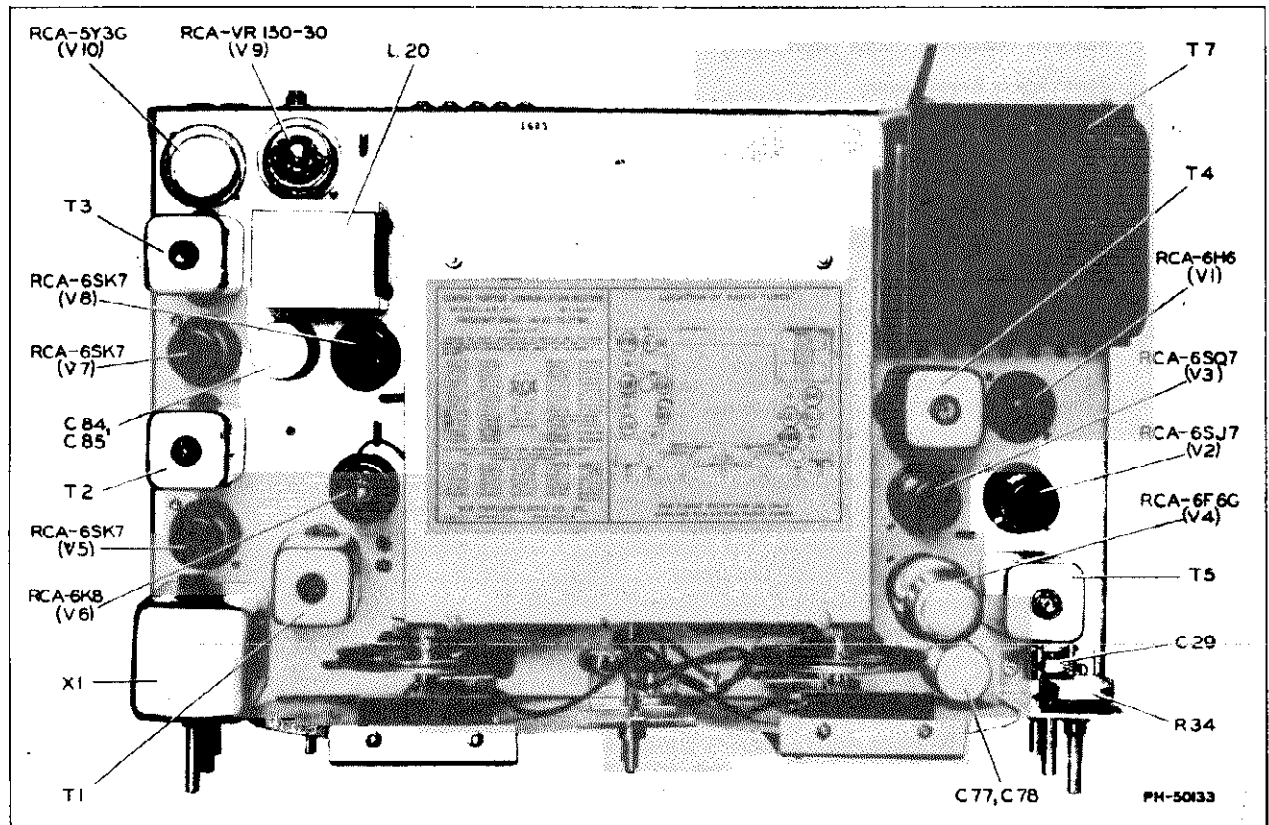


Figure 3—General Purpose Communication Receiver
(Chassis Top Views)

B. Cabinet-Type Chassis

MODELS AR-77, AR-77E,
Late, Revised

RCA MFG. CO.

TECHNICAL SUMMARY

All performance data were obtained on an average receiver. Slight variations above or below these values may be encountered due to practical manufacturing tolerances. A 300-ohm dummy antenna was used in series with the receiver input in making all measurements.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—

Frequency Range (total, 6 bands)	540 to 31,000 kc
Band 1	540 to 1,340 kc
Band 2	1,340 to 3,300 kc
Band 3	3,300 to 5,800 kc
Band 4	5,800 to 10,200 kc
Band 5	10,200 to 18,000 kc
Band 6	18,000 to 31,000 kc

Frequency Stability:

Warm-up Shift, 1 minute to 1 hour, 68° F. Ambient (Average Humidity Conditions)

Shift with Line Voltage Variation, 105 to 125 volts

Shift is proportionally less at lower frequencies

Sensitivity: Input (30% mod.) required for 0.05 watt output

Signal-to-Noise and Image Ratios:

Band	Frequency KC	Microvolts Input for 2:1 Signal-to- Noise Ratio	Image Ratio
1	540	0.9	50,000
	1,340	1.7	3,900
2	1,340	1.7	5,000
	3,300	1.9	910
3	3,300	1.4	1,000
	5,800	1.2	320
4	5,800	1.4	550
	10,200	1.2	100
5	10,200	1.8	380
	18,000	1.6	88
6	18,000	1.7	60
	31,000	1.0	25

Maximum Undistorted Output (approximate)

Power Supply Requirements:

Line Rating—

Model AR-77

Model AR-77E*

* See "EQUIPMENT" list below for special rack models and optional power packs available.

Power Consumption

MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS—

Dimensions

Weight (net)

EQUIPMENT

Model AR-77: Domestic Model in Cabinet (see "Line Rating")	MI-8302D
Model AR-77E: Export Model in Cabinet (see "Line Rating")	MI-8302E
Model AR-77: Domestic Model in Cabinet (105-125 v., 25 cycles)	MI-8302F
Model AR-77E: Domestic Model on Standard 10-15/32-inch Panel (see "Line Rating")	MI-8302G
Model AR-77E: Export Model on Standard 10-15/32-inch Panel (see "Line Rating")	MI-8302H

Optional Equipment:

Loudspeaker in Styled Cabinet to match Receiver	MI-8303
Loudspeaker on Standard 10-15/32-inch Panel	MI-8303A
Extended Range Loudspeaker in Console Cabinet	MI-8314
Extended Range Loudspeaker in Wall Type Cabinet	MI-8314A
Panel Kit for Rack Mounting of Model AR-77 (12-7/32-inch Panel)	MI-8304
Panel Kit for Rack Mounting of Loudspeaker (10-15/32-inch Panel)	MI-8305
Power Pack for Model AR-77 or AR-77E (105-125 volts d-c)	MI-8307-2
Power Pack for Model AR-77 or AR-77E (210-250 volts d-c)	MI-8307-3
Power Pack for Model AR-77 or AR-77E (6-volt battery)	MI-8308
Phone Plug	MI-6216
Headphones	MI-5803
A-F Coupling Transformer for 500-ohm line	MI-4904

MODELS AR-77, AR-77E, Early, Late, Revised

RCA MFG. CO.

OPERATION

Before attempting to operate the receiver, this entire section should be carefully studied so that the operator may obtain a general understanding of the various controls and their functions and adjustment. The symbols on the panel used to designate the various controls should be learned with respect to function as shown on Figure 1.

TUNING—In tuning this receiver, the various controls should be approximately set for the class of signal it is desired to receive. Select the frequency band desired by rotating control knob "R" until the proper scale appears in the slot at the upper left of the panel. Before proceeding, adjust the antenna trimmer to maximum for this band (see next paragraph—"Antenna Trimmer"). The frequency calibrations on the main dial scales are correct for tuning, when the bandspread dial is turned to its maximum frequency position only.

The bandspread dial is calibrated for the amateur bands of 10, 20, 40 and 80 meters only. To use the bandspread on these bands, set the main tuning dial at the highest frequency on that band, then turn with the bandspread dial. On the 160-meter band, the calibrations on the main dial are spread sufficiently so that it is not necessary to use the bandspread tuning. For an extremely accurate calibration, set the bandspread dial for a signal of known frequency, and then adjust the main dial until the station is tuned in. When this position has been obtained, note the setting of the arbitrary scale with its vernier index, on the main dial. For commercial operation, or bands other than Amateur, the arbitrary scales should be used on the main tuning and bandspread dial. If the bandspread is not used, it should be left at the high frequency end of its range and then the main dial calibration is correct.

Curves may be plotted, giving arbitrary scale readings versus frequencies, on any band, by observing the readings on the arbitrary scales for a number of stations of known frequency on the same band, and working them on a suitable graph or chart.

ANTENNA TRIMMER—Before tuning on any frequency range, the antenna trimmer should be adjusted for maximum performance on that band. This control may be adjusted by tuning for maximum background noise. Occasionally it is desired to test a signal that seems out of place, to see whether or not it is a fundamental signal or an "image."

When adjusting the antenna trimmer, if the maximum signal point coincides with the point of maximum background noise, the signal is a fundamental. If the control does not affect the signal strength, or if it is maximum at some other point, the signal heard is an "image."

CRYSTAL SELECTIVITY SWITCH—For general operation while tuning, it is recommended that the crystal switch be in the "OFF" position. After the main tuning dial has been set at the desired point, the crystal may be placed in the circuit while tuning

over the bandspread range. Crystal selectivity positions 1 and 2 should be used for phone or modulated signal reception and 3, 4 and 5 for CW telegraph reception.

It will be noticed that when tuning in a modulated signal with the crystal in, the speaker volume is greater on either side of the point which gives the maximum tuning meter indication. The reason for this is that the carrier voltage controls the gain of the receiver by means of the A.V.C. circuit, and if the carrier frequency is detuned slightly from resonance, the gain of the receiver increases to that part of the side band frequencies are amplified very much more than they are when the carrier is tuned to exact resonance. This is characteristic and normal for receivers with this degree of selectivity and provided with A.V.C. Care should be taken to tune the receiver for a maximum meter indication. Very much better results will be obtained. The background noise and adjacent channel interference will be materially reduced.

This receiver has been designed to have a selectivity characteristic which is slightly flat at resonance when the crystal is out, so that better fidelity of reception may be enjoyed when interference conditions permit. It is therefore likely that when the crystal is placed in the circuit, slight retuning may be necessary. This is due to the fact that exact tuning is much more necessary when using a sharp I-F circuit than when using a broad circuit.

CRYSTAL PHASING CONTROL—There is a normal or "neutral" position for this control, in which position it should be set for all normal reception. To locate this position, set the Crystal Selectivity Switch on position 3 or 4, and, using high gain with no incoming signal, adjust the phasing control for minimum noise. This control should be changed from this position only when a strong signal is producing a heterodyne action with the desired signal. In this case, the control should be adjusted for a minimum heterodyne effect.

VOLUME AND SENSITIVITY CONTROLS—Per phone reception the sensitivity control should be set at maximum and the audio volume control used to obtain the desired volume. For CW telegraph reception the audio volume control should be set at three-fourths to maximum position and the desired volume obtained by adjustment of the sensitivity control.

NFB-AVC-BFO SWITCH—These letters stand for "NEGATIVE FEED-BACK," "AUTOMATIC VOLUME CONTROL," "BEAT FREQUENCY OSCILLATOR." The "NFB" position places the compensated negative feedback in the audio circuit, resulting in an increase in fidelity. This is useful for tests in voice transmissions and for entertainment use such as on broadcast reception. When using this position the volume control must be advanced slightly. This position is not recommended for other forms of reception.

The A.V.C. is in operation on both the "NFB" and "AVC" positions of this switch.

The A.V.C. is "OFF" when the switch is in the "BFO" position. This position connects the beat-frequency oscillator.

BFO FREQUENCY CONTROL—This control is provided to secure any desired audio beat frequency, for the reception of CW code signals. It should be set slightly off the central position, in normal use. The exact position may be found by experiment. With the crystal switch "OFF," the desired beat note may be obtained by tuning the receiver. However, in conditions of interference, when the crystal filter is used, the receiver must first be tuned to the desired signal, regardless of the beat frequency produced. If the beat note is not satisfactory, it may be changed with the BFO control. In other words, first tune for maximum signal strength, then adjust for the desired audio pitch.

When tuning in the same direction (that is, going from the high frequency to the low frequency end of the band, or vice versa), ALL signals will be changing in pitch in the same direction when resonance is reached. That is, the pitch will either be increasing or decreasing, depending on whether the BFO control is on one side or the other side of I-F resonance. It does not matter on which side the BFO control is placed, the CHANGE OF PITCH should be noted when tuning. If the change of pitch is opposite to that known to exist when passing through resonance, the signal is an audio image. Never try to receive an audio image. The signal can be made much stronger by tuning to the other side of zero beat.

NOISE LIMITER LEVEL CONTROL—When starting to tune the receiver, this control should be set in the "OUT" position, or advanced about one-quarter to three-quarters of the way in the counter-clockwise direction. Should external noise conditions interfere with reception, this control may be advanced as necessary, avoiding distortion of the signal. This control may be found especially helpful for reducing certain types of interference encountered on the 10-meter band. For CW reception with the noise-limiter, the sensitivity control should be advanced, and the volume control reduced until limiting action occurs.

TRANSMIT-RECEIVE SWITCH—This switch opens the plate circuits of the receiver on the transmit position and shorts the two terminals on the antenna terminal strip (shown in photograph Figure 3A), which may be connected to a relay for operation of the transmitter.

In addition, terminals J₂ and J₃ are provided so that, if desired, the plate circuit of the receiver may be opened by a transmitter switch. Note that these terminals are at plate potential.

TUNING OR "S" METER ADJUSTMENT—The "S" meter should normally give a low scale reading when no signal is being received. To adjust this meter, tune the receiver to a point free of signals, turn the sensitivity control to maximum, switch in A.V.C.

switch crystal "OUT," have antenna trimmer turned off resonance, and then adjust the potentiometer R20 at the back of the receiver as shown in Figure 3A until the meter pointer just coincides with the mark at the low end of the scale. The meter will usually rise slightly when the antenna trimmer is tuned to resonance.

The calibration of this meter is arbitrary, since no standard has been set for conversion of the "S" units to microvolts. However, in this receiver, "S1" is equivalent to approximately 0.5 microvolt input to the receiver. Each unit above this is 6 db up to "S9". Thus, "S2" is equivalent to 1 microvolt, "S3" to 2 microvolts. Above "S9," the meter is calibrated to 40 db, which would be equivalent to 12,800 microvolts.

For CW telegraph reception, the "S" meter provides a visual indication of the position of the sensitivity control.

BREAK-IN OPERATION—Break-in operation may be obtained on CW telegraph operation by connecting a separate antenna to the receiver. A single wire antenna or a doublet tuned to a different band than that on which the transmitter is working is recommended. If a doublet antenna tuned to the transmitter frequency is used, sufficient voltage may be induced in the receiving antenna to damage the receiver.

DIVERSITY RECEPTION—Two or three of these receivers may be connected together for diversity reception of modulated signals, with no additional equipment necessary. Each receiver must be provided with a separate antenna in the usual manner. The A.V.C. terminal on the back of the receiver, shown in Figure 3, is connected inside the receiver to the A.V.C. circuits. This terminal must be connected to the corresponding terminals of the No. 2 and No. 3 receivers. The receiver outputs should all be connected in parallel. Note that one of the output terminals of this receiver is at ground potential.

FOR CONNECTION TO A TELEPHONE LINE—It is recommended that a transformer such as RCA type MI-4904 be used. The connections to the type MI-4904 transformer should be made as follows:

1. Connect the output terminals of one or more Model AR-77 receivers in parallel to terminals No. 4 and No. 41 of the transformer.
2. Connect the 500-ohm line to transformer terminals 1A and 3B.
3. Connect a jumper between transformer terminals 1B and 3A.
4. Connect a 500 to 600 ohm, 1/2 to 1-watt resistor across the 500-ohm line, or across terminals 1A and 3B.

Connecting a pair of headphones in the jack on each receiver will disconnect it from the combined output so that the tuning or other adjustments may be checked. Obviously, the audio volume control on each receiver should be set to approximately the same level. For CW telegraph diversity reception, it is recommended that a combining and tone-keyer unit be used.

RCA MFG. CO.

ALIGNMENT OF R-F AND OSCILLATOR CIRCUITS—Under usual conditions the oscillator frequency will not shift far enough to throw the frequency calibration off, therefore, unless it is found that the frequency calibration is incorrect, the oscillator adjustments should not be changed. In any case, the oscillator circuit should not be changed unless a frequency calibrated test oscillator is available. The following procedure is for the r-f alignment of band No. 1 (340 to 1,300 kc). Tune in a signal near the high-frequency end of the band. (Do not use too strong a signal.) Reduce the sensitivity control to Figure 6, adjust C-18 and the antenna trimmer control on the front panel for maximum output. Next, tune in a signal near the low frequency end of the band. Adjust L-1 and L-7 for a maximum signal output. The same procedure may be followed for all bands. Make sure that the bandspread tuning is at the high-frequency end of the scale. The bottom cover should be held over the oscillator trimmer capacitors while adjusting the high frequency end of each band, so that when the cover is replaced, the frequency will not shift. The adjustments for each particular band are shown in the table herewith.

Band	R-F Ind.	Det. Ind.	Osc. Cap.	Osc. L-15	Osc. C-24
540-1,340	L-1	L-7	C-18	L-15	C-24
1,340-3,300	L-2	L-8	C-17	L-14	C-23
3,300-5,800	L-3	L-9	C-22	L-13	C-28
5,800-10,200	L-4	L-10	C-21	L-16	C-27
10,200-18,000	L-5	L-11	C-20	L-17	C-26
18,000-31,000	L-6	L-12	C-19	L-18	C-25

DIAL SHUTTER ADJUSTMENT—If the dial shutters do not line up with the dial calibration, they may be adjusted by means of an idler pulley bracket which adjusts the tension of the cord. By loosening the two screws which clamp the idler pulley bracket to the chassis the bracket may be shifted until the shutter opening lines up with the dial scale.

Another adjustment may be made by loosening the two nuts on adjusting screw fastened to back of shutter. To raise or lower the shutter, adjust the nuts accordingly.

DIAL ADJUSTMENT—Should it become necessary to replace or to tighten the main dial, the reference line at the high-frequency end should be disregarded. The dial should be set so that a reading of 54 is obtained on the arbitrary scale. This should be read through the dial shutter opening, with the range switch on the highest frequency position and the tuning capacitor set at the low frequency end.

NOISE BALANCE ADJUSTMENT—This adjustment is the potentiometer mounted on the right flange of the chassis (R-33). The correct adjustment has been carefully made at the factory and should ordinarily require no further attention. However, in servicing the receiver, in the event that the adjustment is accidentally moved, it may be reset as follows:

First tune in a strong broadcast signal such as a broadcast station. Next turn the noise control on the front panel at the very maximum. Now adjust the potentiometer for a maximum signal output. This point will be found to be very sharp. When properly

tivity of the receiver. If the receiver will operate on all bands, but with low sensitivity, the tubes should be removed and checked. The tube locations are shown on the label on the large metal shield on top of the chassis.

BAND CHANGE SWITCH—After a long period without being operated, the band change switch may become noisy or inoperative because of dust or oxide film on contacting surfaces. In some cases, normal operation may be restored by rotating the switch a number of times. If it is found impossible to clean the switch sufficiently by rotation, the defective switch section must be located and replaced. The receiver should be removed from the cabinet and operated in a position such that the switch sections are accessible. With the switch in the defective position, a slight movement of each section with an insulated screw driver will usually determine the defective section.

To remove a switch section it will first be necessary to remove the switch shaft. The antenna trimmer control shaft must also be removed in order to unsolder the leads on the tuning capacitor. After all leads are disconnected the entire coil and switch assembly may be removed by taking out the three screws holding the assembly to the chassis.

TEST OF CIRCUIT ALIGNMENT—Under normal operating conditions the r-f amplifier and oscillator circuits should remain in line. If, however, it is found desirable to check the alignment of these circuits, the following test should first be made. Disconnect the antenna or transmission line and connect a 50- to 300-ohm carbon resistor across the two antenna terminal posts. Connect an output voltmeter to the output of the receiver and connect a 20-ohm resistor across the meter. Turn the sensitivity and volume controls to maximum. The A.V.C. switch should be on the A.V.C. position. The output noise voltage should be at least 0.1 volt, with the antenna trimmer tuned to resonance. The maximum noise voltage is a direct measurement of the sensitivity of the receiver. If the test shows that this voltage is less than 0.1 volt, the circuits should be realigned. First be sure that the decreased sensitivity is not caused by poor tubes. It probably will not be necessary to align all bands; however, the correct procedure for all bands is given below.

ALIGNMENT OF IF CIRCUITS—Remove the bottom cover plate of the receiver cabinet, tune in a steady outside signal on one of the lower frequency bands with the A.V.C. switch on the BFO position, and the crystal filter switch in position 2 or 3. The signal should be tuned for a peak response at the crystal frequency. Do not use too strong a signal. The sensitivity control should be adjusted for approximately 1 volt output. Referring to Figure 5 adjust T-1, L-19, T-2, T-3 and T-4 for a maximum output voltage. The signal should now be detuned approximately 1,000 cycles and adjustments T-1, L-19 and T-2 returned for a maximum output.

The T-2 adjustment on top of the chassis is sealed with polyethylene cement. Applying a soldering iron to the adjusting screw for a few seconds will soften the cement. The intermediate frequency is 455 kc.

MAINTENANCE

tions of selectivity. A crystal phasing control of the usual type is also provided on the front panel. The intermediate frequency is 455 kc.

BEAT-FREQUENCY OSCILLATOR—The BFO second heterodyne oscillator used for CW reception is a separate pentode. The coupling to the second detector is just sufficient to provide suitable heterodyne action. A panel control is provided for changing the frequency a small amount so that any desired audio beat-frequency may be obtained.

AUTOMATIC VOLUME CONTROL AND "S" METER—The A.V.C. circuit is a simple diode rectifier. Referring to the schematic diagram, Figure 5, the received signal carrier produces a voltage across R-33 which is filtered by R-36 and C-72 and applied to the control grids of the r-f and i-f amplifiers. The "S" meter is connected in the cathode circuit of the first i-f tube and thus records changes in plate current caused by changes of A.V.C. voltage applied to the grid. This type of "S" meter circuit provides the desired wide range and the greater portion of the scale is approximately linear with respect to db input.

NOISE LIMITER—A noise limiter is provided in the second detector circuit. The limiter is manually adjusted. This provides best limiter action since noise voltages cannot increase the limiter bias.

It has been found that noise such as that produced by the ignition systems of automobiles may have an effective value in excess of that of a weak signal. This is particularly true on the 10-meter band. In order to be effective, the limiter must have a bias or "gate opening" of not more than twice the signal carrier amplitude. If this "gate opening" is provided by the signal such as is done in present automatic noise circuits, the noise voltage, if it has a higher effective value than the signal, will open the "gate" to such a high value that the limiter circuit is ineffective. The action of the noise circuit in this receiver is such as to make signals readable which are below the effective noise voltage.

Referring to the schematic diagram, Figure 5, the signal and noise voltages appear across R-32 and the noise peaks alone appear across R-33, since the bias applied to R-31 by the potentiometer R-34 prevents this diode from operating with the signal voltage. The sum of these voltages (across R-32 and R-33) are applied to the audio amplifier. It is apparent that the noise peak voltage across R-32 is out of phase or opposed to that across R-33. The "balance" of this circuit is adjusted by potentiometer R-33. The potentiometer R-34 is the front panel bias control.

SERVICE—This receiver has been carefully adjusted and aligned by the manufacturer before shipment, and should maintain its adjustments over a considerable period of time. It is recommended that any major adjustments or repairs be made by a competent service man.

TUBES—In a receiver which is used quite extensively, the first trouble which is likely to occur is that of deficient vacuum tubes. Usually the symptom of deficient tubes is a noticeable decrease in the sensitivity of the receiver.

CIRCUIT DETAILS AND FEATURES—In reading the following discussion of the electrical circuit, reference should be made to the schematic diagram, Figure 5.

INPUT COUPLING—The antenna coupling system is designed to provide optimum coupling from transmission lines of 50 to 500 ohms, or from conventional antennas and ground systems. The coupling coils are balanced to ground and may be connected directly to a balanced transmission line. An antenna trimmer capacitor adjustment is provided on the front panel to insure first circuit resonance with any antenna system.

RADIO-FREQUENCY AMPLIFIER—The r-f amplifier is designed to provide as much selectivity as possible ahead of the first detector. The amplification is adjusted to provide optimum signal to noise ratio by making noise contributions of circuits following the first tube negligible in comparison with the noise contributed by the first r-f grid circuit. A uniform amplification is obtained over all frequency ranges. On the two highest frequency ranges the oscillator frequency is placed below the signal frequency. This gives better freedom from image signals in the higher frequency amateur bands.

BAND SPREAD—Band spreading is accomplished by means of a capacitor gang having sections of capacity suitable for each amateur band. The sections of this capacitor are connected by the band switch so that on each amateur band, proper size of capacitor is used to spread the band over the entire tuning dial. The dials are directly calibrated in frequency.

R-F HETERODYNE OSCILLATOR—The r-f oscillator circuit is of the tuned-grid type with plate circuit feedback. A voltage regulator is used to stabilize the plate voltage. Temperature changes are compensated for by a special capacitor. This capacitor is composed of a small bimetal plate, which is adjusted to have a temperature coefficient which will compensate for all other circuit changes. This type of temperature compensation was found to be quite satisfactory since the circuit minimum and maximum capacitances are the same on the higher frequency ranges. That is, the temperature coefficient of this compensating capacitor is adjusted at the factory for best results on the high frequency end of the highest frequency range. The compensation is then near optimum on the high frequency end of each band. As the receiver is tuned from the high frequency end to the low frequency end of each band more tuning capacity is added and less compensation is needed. Since the capacity of the compensating capacitor is small compared to the tuning capacitor, less compensation results. Thus, a fairly uniform temperature characteristic is obtained over a very wide frequency range.

INTERMEDIATE-FREQUENCY AMPLIFIER—As may be seen from the schematic diagram, two stages of i-f amplification are used. A crystal filter is placed between the first detector and the first intermediate amplifier. This filter is adjustable by means of a control on the front panel and provides five pos-

PARTS LIST (Continued)

Item	DESCRIPTION	Stock No.	Item	DESCRIPTION	Stock No.
C-42	Capacitor—330 mmfd., 400 volts	39640	M-1	Meter—Carrier level meter complete	34946
C-43	Capacitor—2700 mmfd., 400 volts	30057	R-1	Resistor—470,000 ohms, 1/2 watt	34574
C-44	Capacitor—Same as C-40	37328	R-2	Resistor—10,000 ohms, 1/2 watt	37137
C-45	Capacitor—0.05 mfd., 400 volts	34895	R-3	Resistor—330 ohms, 1/2 watt	18039
C-46	Condenser—Stabilizing condenser	12724	R-4	Resistor—220,000 ohms, 1/2 watt	37136
C-47	Capacitor—120 mmfd., 400 volts	12720	R-5	Resistor—Same as R-4	37271
C-48	Capacitor—Same as C-45	12594	R-6	Resistor—Same as R-3	18471
C-49, C-50, C-51	Capacitor—100 mmfd., 400 volts	12723	R-7	Resistor—Same as R-2	37273
C-52	Capacitor—Same as C-32	13002	R-8	Resistor—Same as R-4	12759
C-53, C-54	Capacitor—Same as C-45	13141	R-9	Resistor—10 ohms, 1/2 watt	37274
C-55, C-57	Capacitor—220 mmfd., 400 volts	14079	R-10	Resistor—3300 ohms, 1/2 watt	37275
C-56, C-58	Capacitor—Same as C-45	34890	R-11	Resistor—10,000 ohms, 1/2 watt	37276
C-59	Capacitor—Same as C-49 (continued in T-5)	13054	R-12	Resistor—68,000 ohms, 1/2 watt	34910
C-60	Capacitor—Same as C-45		R-13	Resistor—Same as R-1	34940
C-61	Capacitor—Same as C-49		R-14	Resistor—Same as R-4	
C-62	Capacitor—56 mmfd., 400 volts		R-15	Resistor—Same as R-16	
C-63	Capacitor—12 mmfd., 400 volts		R-16	Resistor—Same as R-2	
C-64	Capacitor—47 mmfd., 400 volts		R-17	Resistor—Same as R-3	
C-65, C-66	Capacitor—Same as C-56		R-18	Resistor—Same as R-3	
C-67	Capacitor—Same as C-56		R-19	Resistor—68 ohms, 1/2 watt	
C-68	Capacitor—1200 mmfd., 400 volts		R-20	Resistor—220 ohms, 1/2 watt	
C-69	Capacitor—Same as C-45		R-21	Control—80-ohm tuning meter zero adjustment	
C-70	Capacitor—Same as C-49		R-22	Control—30,000-ohm sensitivity control	
C-71	Capacitor—Same as C-45		R-23	Resistor—Same as R-1	
C-72, C-73	Capacitor—Same as C-64		R-24	Resistor—Same as R-4	
C-74	Capacitor—Same as C-45		R-25	Resistor—Same as R-2	
C-75	Capacitor—Same as C-63		R-26	Resistor—Same as R-3	
C-76	Capacitor—Same as C-45		R-27	Resistor—10,000 ohms, 1/2 watt	
C-77, C-78	Capacitor—5.5 mfd., 350 volts		R-28	Resistor—100,000 ohms, 1/2 watt	
C-79	Capacitor—Same as C-39		R-29	Resistor—Same as R-5	
C-80	Capacitor—Same as C-49 (continued in T-5)		R-30	Resistor—Same as R-27	
C-81	Capacitor—Same as C-64 (continued in T-5)		R-31	Control—100,000-ohm noise balance adjustment	
C-82, C-83	Capacitor—Same as C-45		R-32	Control—30,000-ohm limiter control	
C-84, C-85	Capacitor—20-20 mfd., 450 volts		R-33	Control—500,000-ohm volume control and power switch (S-1)	
C-88	Capacitor—Same as C-32		R-36	Resistor—220,000 ohms, 1/2 watt	
C-89, C-90	Capacitor—Same as C-45		R-37	Resistor—5000 ohms, 1/2 watt	
C-91	Capacitor—4 to 100 mmfd., 450 volts		R-38	Resistor—1 megohm, 1/2 watt	
C-92	Capacitor—100 mmfd., 450 volts		R-39	Resistor—1000 ohms, 1/2 watt	
J-1	Capacitor—100 mmfd., 450 volts		R-40	Resistor—Same as R-29	
J-2, J-3	Capacitor—100 mmfd., 450 volts		R-41	Resistor—Same as R-29	
L-1	Coil—Headphone jack		R-42	Resistor—Same as R-29	
L-2	Coil—Antenna 540-1340 kc		R-43	Resistor—820 ohms, 1/2 watt	
L-3	Coil—Antenna 1340-3200 kc		R-44, R-45, R-46	Resistor—Same as R-29	
L-4	Coil—Antenna 3.3-5.8 mc		R-47	Resistor—Same as R-1	
L-5	Coil—Antenna 5.8-10.2 mc		R-48	Resistor—470 ohms, 1 watt	
L-6	Coil—Antenna 10.2-18.0 mc		R-49	Resistor—Same as R-29	
L-7	Coil—Antenna 18.0-31.0 mc		R-51	Resistor—3000 ohms, 10 watts	
L-8	Coil—Detector 540-1340 kc		R-52, R-54	Resistor—Same as R-29	
L-9	Coil—Detector 1340-3300 kc		S-1	Power Switch—Combined with R-35	
L-10	Coil—Detector 3.3-5.8 mc		S-2	Switch—Range switch wafers	
L-11	Coil—Detector 5.8-10.2 mc		S-3	Switch—Range switch wafers	
L-12	Coil—Detector 10.2-18.0 mc		S-4	Switch—Range switch wafers	
L-13	Coil—Detector 18.0-31.0 mc		S-5	Switch—Range switch wafers	
L-14	Coil—Oscillator 1340-3300 kc		S-6	Switch—Range switch wafers	
L-15	Coil—Oscillator 3.3-5.8 mc		S-7	Switch—Range switch wafers	
L-16	Coil—Oscillator 5.8-10.2 mc		S-8	Switch—Range switch wafers	
L-17	Coil—Oscillator 10.2-18.0 mc		S-9	Switch—Crystal selectivity switch	
L-18	Coil—Oscillator 18.0-31.0 mc		S-10	Switch—A.V.C. switch	
L-19	Crystal Filter Assembly—Coil core, capacitor and form—less shield can—includes C-51			Switch—Transmitter receive switch	
L-20	Reactor—Filter reactor				

adjusted, the signal output will be quite low until the noise control on the front panel is turned back counter-clockwise.

TUBE SOCKET VOLTAGES—If the receiver is found to be completely inoperative, it is likely that a resistor is open-circuited or a capacitor is short-circuited. The bottom cover plate of the receiver cabinet should be removed. The tube socket terminal voltages should be measured and should be approximately the values given in the table below. The tubes should remain in the sockets for this test. A voltmeter having a resistance of at least 50,000 ohms should be used. Place switch on BFO and turn sensitivity Control to maximum.

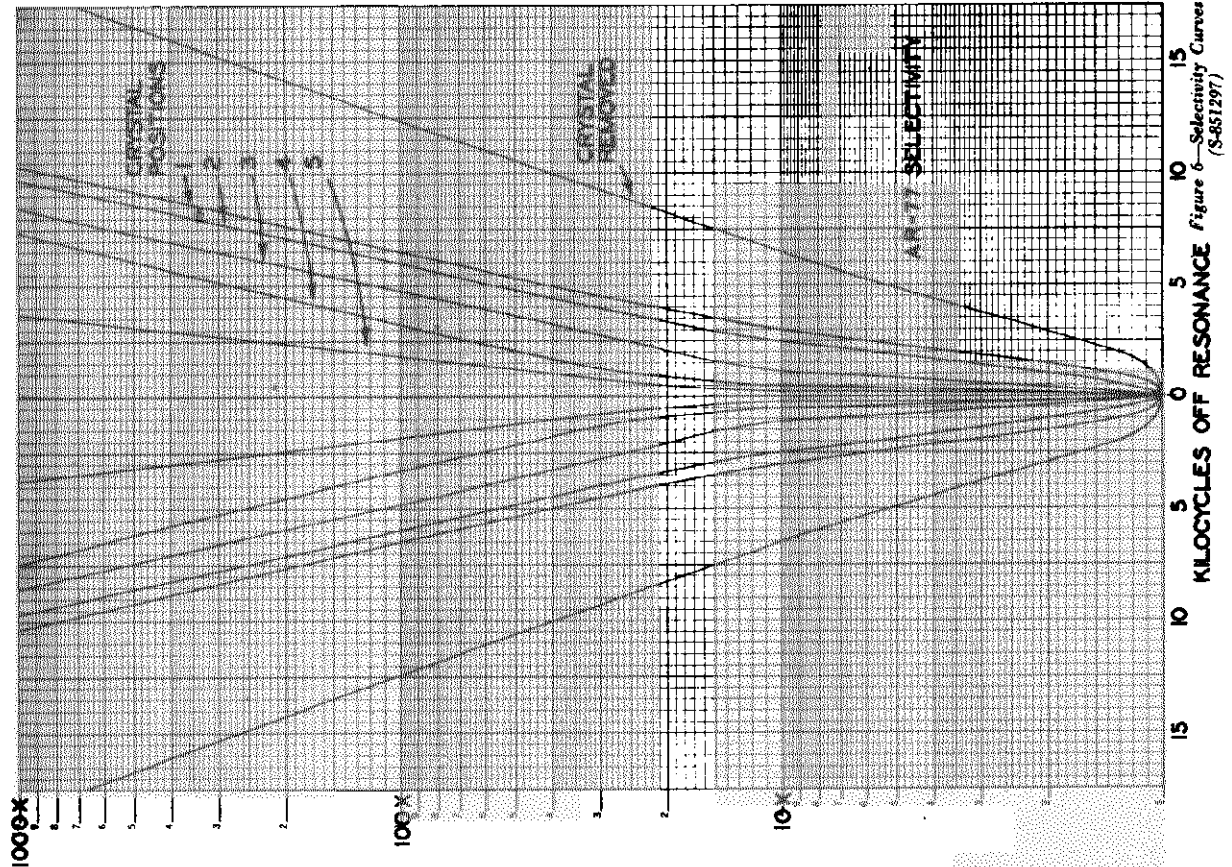
TUBE SOCKET VOLTAGES

Tube	Symbol	Cathode to Ground	Screen Grid to Ground	Plate to Ground	Suppressor Grid to Ground	Oscillator Plate to Ground	Heater (A-C) Pin No. 2 to Pin No. 7
RCA-6SK7 (R-F Amplifier)	V8	3.0 (Pin No. 5)	90 (Pin No. 6)	180 (Pin No. 8)	3.0 (Pin No. 3)	—	6.1
RCA-6X8 (Det. Osc.)	V6	2.6 (Pin No. 8)	75 (Pin No. 4)	240 (Pin No. 3)	—	60 (Pin No. 6)	6.1
RCA-6K7 (1st I.F. Amp.)	V5	3.0 (Pin No. 5)	82 (Pin No. 6)	200 (Pin No. 8)	0 (Pin No. 3)	—	6.1
RCA-6S17 (Beat. Freq. Osc.)	V2	0 (Pin No. 5)	50 (Pin No. 6)	15 (Pin No. 8)	—	—	6.1
RCA-6SK7 (2nd I.F. Amp.)	V7	4.5 (Pin No. 5)	115 (Pin No. 6)	220 (Pin No. 8)	4.5 (Pin No. 3)	—	6.1
RCA-6F6 (2nd Det.)	V1	—	—	—	—	—	6.1
RCA-6SQ7 (A-F Amp. A.V.C.)	V3	0.7 (Pin No. 3)	—	85 (Pin No. 6)	—	—	6.1 (Pin No. 7 to Pin No. 8)
RCA-6F6G (Output)	V4	16 (Pin No. 8)	260 (Pin No. 4)	250 (Pin No. 3)	—	—	6.1
RCA-5Y3G (Rectifier)	V10	300.0 (Pin No. 8)	—	375 a.c. (Pins Nos. 4 & 6)	—	—	5.1 (Pin No. 2 to Pin No. 8) (Caution—300 v. d.c., voltage to ground)
RCA-VR-150 (Voltage Regulator)	V9	—	—	150 (Pin No. 5)	—	—	—

PARTS LIST RECEIVER PARTS

Item	DESCRIPTION	Stock No.	Item	DESCRIPTION	Stock No.
C-1, C-2, C-3, C-4, C-5, C-6	Condenser—3-gang, 5-section main tuning—teasplit gear, and bearing assembly	34879	C-29	Condenser—3 to 25 mmfd., 7-plate beat-frequency oscillator	34893
C-7, C-8, C-9, C-10, C-11, C-12, C-13, C-14, C-15	Capacitor—1-gang, 9-section bandspread—teasplit gear, brass pinion gear, and bearing assembly	34880	C-30	Condenser—2.5 to 17.9 mmfd., 5-plate crystal phase adjusting condenser	37238
C-16	Condenser—36 to 35 mmfd., 10-plate antenna adjuster	34892	C-31	Capacitor—180 mmfd., 400 volts	13003
C-17, C-18, C-19, C-20, C-21, C-22	Condenser—Air trimmer	12714	C-32, C-33, C-34	Capacitor—0.01 mfd., 1000 volts	43764
C-23, C-24, C-25, C-26, C-27, C-28	Condenser—Same as C-21	12807	C-35	Capacitor—68 mmfd., 400 volts	13057
			C-36, C-37	Capacitor—10 mmfd., 400 volts	13200
			C-38	Capacitor—10 mfd., 400 volts	37327
			C-39	Capacitor—1000 mmfd., 400 volts	12855
			C-40	Capacitor—5.6 mmfd., 400 volts	12814
			C-41	Capacitor—5.6 mmfd., 400 volts	12814

RCA MFG. CO.



PARTS LIST (Continued)

Item	DESCRIPTION	Stock No.	Item	DESCRIPTION	Stock No.
T-1	Transformer—First detector plate includes C-47, R-12	34885		Gear—Split main or band spread condenser drive gear	34881
T-2	Transformer—I.P.F. transformer complete—includes C-35, C-37, R-25	34887		Guide, Band indicator shutter assembly—includes strap assembly	34899
T-3	Transformer—I.F. link transformer complete—includes C-61, C-63, R-28	34884		Lamp—6.3 volt dial lamp, Mazda No. 44	11891
T-4	Transformer—Diode I-F transformer complete—includes C-62, C-64	34888		Pulley—Left-hand band indicator idler pulley and bracket	37241
T-5	Transformer—CW oscillator transformer complete—includes C-80, C-81, R-42	34886		Pulley—Right-hand band indicator idler pulley and bracket	37242
T-6	Transformer—Output transformer—105-115 volts, 25-watt power transformer (Used in MI-8302P only)	14355		Pulley—Small dial drive pulley and hub with set screws	31271
T-7	Transformer—110-125-150-210-240 volts, 50/50 cycle power transformer (Used in MI-8302E only)	34893		Scale—Calibrated stationary vernier scale—less support	34905
T-7	Transformer—105-125 volts, 50/60 cycle power transformer (Used in MI-8302D only)	37243		Screw—No. 8-32 set screw for dial drive flywheel shaft	14350
X-1	Crystal—455 kc crystal filter and case	9551		Shaft—Dial drive flywheel shaft	34904
	MISCELLANEOUS	MI-7953		Shaft—Range switch shaft—10 1/2 inches long	34935
	Bracket—Flywheel mounting bracket	34903		Shutter—Left-hand band indicator shutter and pilot lamp bracket assembly	37239
	Board—3-contact terminal board	12716		Shutter—Right-hand band indicator shutter and pilot lamp bracket assembly	37240
	Board—5-contact terminal board	34896		Socket—3-contact phenolic socket	18007
	Card—Dial drive or range shutter control cord	32634		Socket—6-contact water socket	33084
	Coupling—Range switch coupling with set screws	34937		Spring—Band indicator shutter lift spring	34898
	Detent—Range switch detent plate assembly	34906		Spring—Dial drive cord tension spring	32481
	Dial—Translucent band spread dial complete with hub and set screws	34900		Spring—Triple loop spring used on rear end of band switch shaft	34944
	Dial—Translucent main tuning dial complete with hub and set screws	34901		Support—Vernier scale support and hub assembly	34906
	Drum—Large dial drive drum complete	34908		Knob—Antenna adjuster control knob	34949
	Flywheel—Tuning flywheel with set screws	34902		Knob—Bar type control knob (8 used)	34950
	Gear—Brass pinion gear and bearing assembly	34882		Knob—Main tuning or band spread control knob	34947
				Knob—Range switch control knob	34948
				Mask—Metal window mask plate	34953
				Nut—Clamping nut for air trimmer	14028
				Socket—Pilot lamp socket and clip	34951
				Window—Clear dial window sheet	34909
					34952

SPEAKER PARTS

Item	DESCRIPTION	Stock No.	Item	DESCRIPTION	Stock No.
	Conc—Speaker cone and voice coil	31310		Socket—3-contact female socket for speaker cable	5119
	Resistor—"RCA" resistor	13059		Speaker—Speaker unit only less panel	9712
	Plug—3-contact male plug for speaker	5118			

Figure 6—Selectivity Curves (S-651297)

MODELS AR-77, AR-77E,
Early, Late, Revised

RCA MFG. CO.

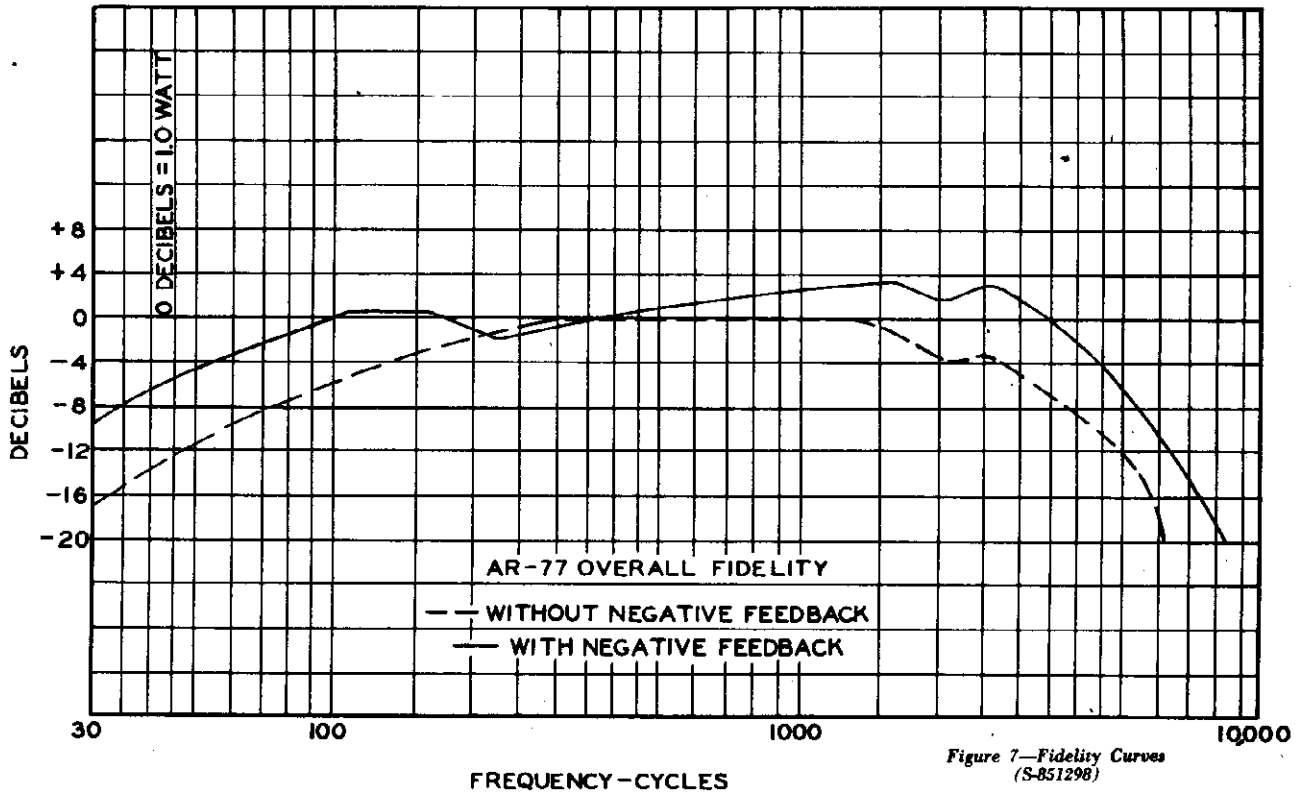
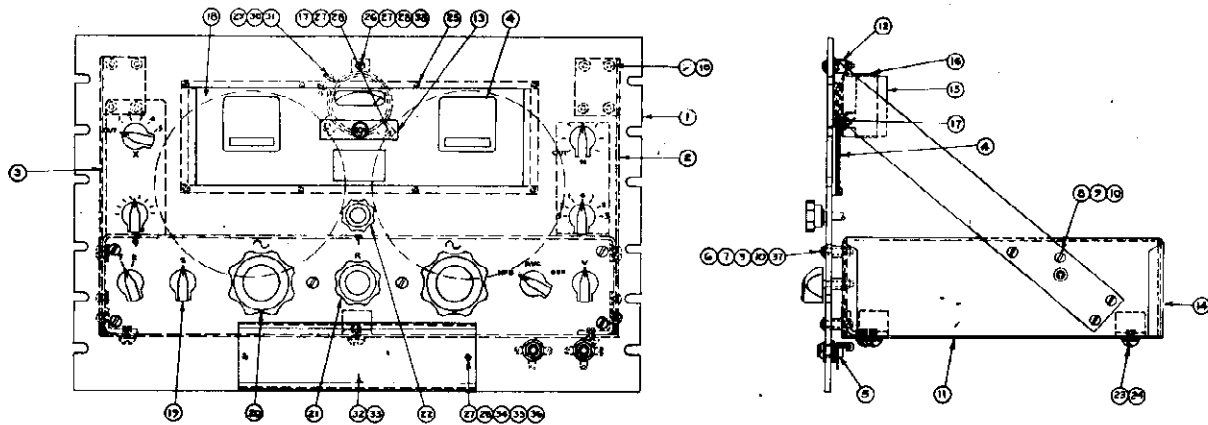


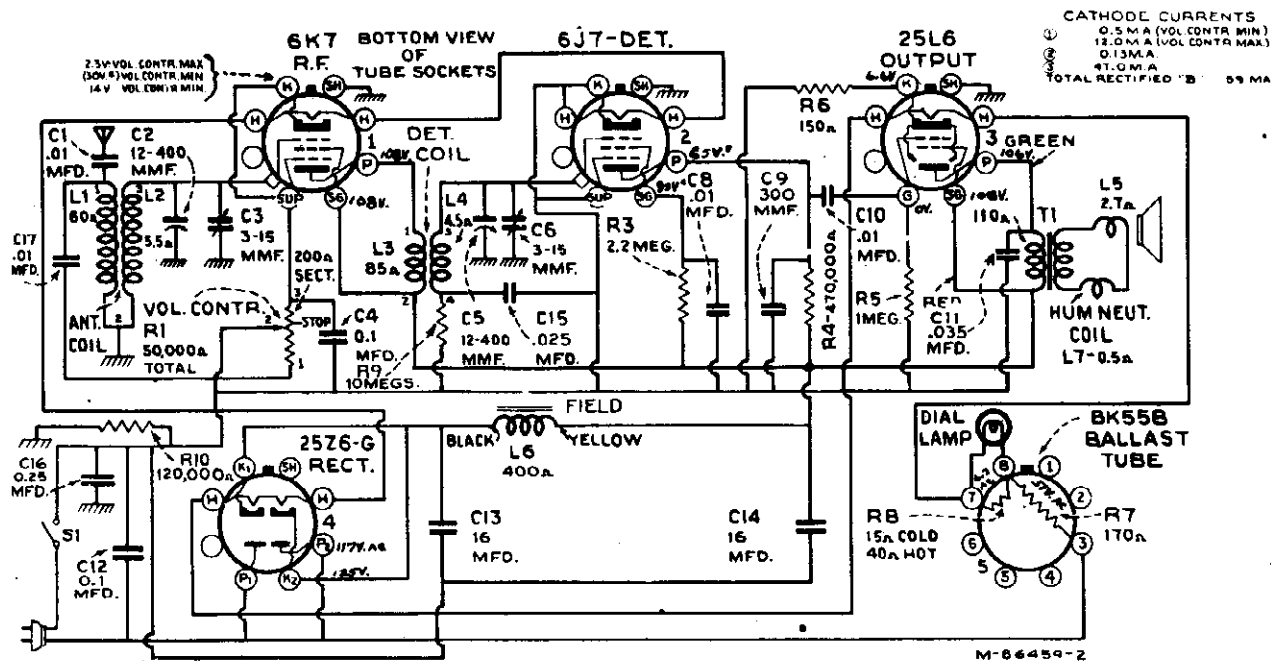
Figure 7—Fidelity Curves
(S-851298)



ITEM	DESCRIPTION	ITEM	DESCRIPTION
1	PANEL ASSEMBLY	20	KNOB
2	STRAP ASSEMBLY	21	KNOB
3	STRAP ASSEMBLY	22	KNOB
4	WINDOW MASK	23	MACH. SCR. R.H. $\frac{1}{4}$ -20 x $\frac{3}{16}$ LG.
5	JACK	24	LOCKWASHER $\frac{1}{4}$
6	SPACER	25	MACH. SCR. $\frac{1}{4}$ -40 x $\frac{1}{4}$ LG.
7	MACH. SCR. $\frac{1}{4}$ -32 x $\frac{1}{4}$ LG.	26	MACH. SCR. $\frac{1}{4}$ -40 x $\frac{3}{16}$ LG.
8	MACH. SCR. $\frac{1}{4}$ -32 x $\frac{1}{4}$ LG.	27	LOCKWASHER $\frac{1}{4}$
9	NUT HEX. #8-32	28	NUT HEX. #4-40
10	LOCKWASHER #8	29	MACH. SCR. R.H. #6-32 x $\frac{3}{8}$ LG.
11	BOTTOM PLATE	30	LOCKWASHER #C
12	SPACER	31	NUT HEX. #6-32
13	MONOGRAM PLATE	32	CARD HOLDER
14	CHASSIS ASSEMBLY	33	WINDOW
15	METER	34	SCREW $\frac{1}{4}$ -40 x $\frac{3}{16}$ LG.
16	CLAMP	35	NUT HEX. #4-40
17	SPACER	36	LOCKWASHER #4
18	WINDOW	37	WASHER
19	KNOB	38	WASHER

NOTE:— REMOVE ITEM 12 TO SHIP INCL. COMPRISING THE FOLLOWING:—
1 SPACER ITEM 12, 1 MONOGRAM PLATE ITEM 13, 1 CHASSIS ASSEMBLY ITEM 14,
1 METER ITEM 15, 1 CLAMP ITEM 16, 2 SPACERS ITEM 17, 1 WINDOW ITEM 18,
8 KNOBS ITEM 19, 2 KNOBS ITEM 20, 1 KNOB ITEM 21, 1 KNOB ITEM 22, 5 MACH.
SCREWS ITEM 23, 5 LOCKWASHERS ITEM 24, 6 MACH. SCREWS ITEM 25, 1 MACH.
SCREW ITEM 26, 3 LOCKWASHERS ITEM 27, 3 NUTS ITEM 28, 1 MACH. SCREW ITEM 29,
1 LOCKWASHER ITEM 30, 1 NUT ITEM 31, FROM CABINET & REPLACE ON PANEL AS
SHOWN. ITEM 18, 16, 23, 30, 31 TO BE REMOVED AS A UNIT AND REPLACED ON
PANEL AS SHOWN.

RCA MFG. CO.



Frequency Range..... 540-1,760 kc
 Alignment Frequency..... 1,760 kc (ant., det.)

POWER SUPPLY RATINGS

A-C Rating..... 105-125 volts, 50-60 cycles, 50 watts
 D-C Rating..... 105-125 volts, 50 watts

POWER OUTPUT (125-volt, 60-cycle supply)

Undistorted..... 1.0 watt
 Maximum..... 1.5 watts

LOUDSPEAKER

Type..... 5-inch Electrodynamic
 Voice-Coil Impedance..... 3 ohms at 400 cycles

Alignment Procedure

Reel up the antenna wire, and connect the high side of test-oscillator through an 80 mmfd. capacitor to the antenna terminal on the antenna transformer. Connect low side of oscillator to receiver chassis through a 0.1 mfd. capacitor. Turn gang condenser to minimum (full out), tune oscillator to 1,760 kc, connect an output meter across the voice coil, and turn volume control to maximum.

Keep antenna roll and lead clear of chassis during alignment.

Adjust the two trimmers (C3 and C6) on side of gang condenser for maximum output, using lowest possible output from test-oscillator.

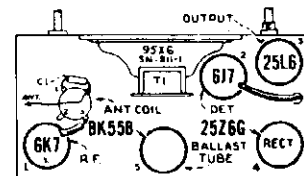
Turn pointer, while holding tuning knob, so that the pointer is horizontal and pointing to low-frequency end when the gang condenser is at maximum. Check pointer adjustment on a station.

25-Cycle Operation

For 25-cycle operation, connect a 16 mfd., 150-volt dry electrolytic capacitor (Stock No. 31323) in parallel to C18.

Antenna.—The set is equipped with a 25-foot antenna. Do not connect the antenna to ground. If an outdoor antenna is used, it should not be longer than 100 feet, including lead-in. If it is longer, connect a 100 to 200 mmfd. capacitor in series with the lead-in.

Power-Supply Polarity.—For operation on d-c, the power plug must be inserted in the outlet for correct polarity. If the set does not function, reverse the plug. On a-c, reversal of the plug may reduce hum.



RECEIVER ASSEMBLIES

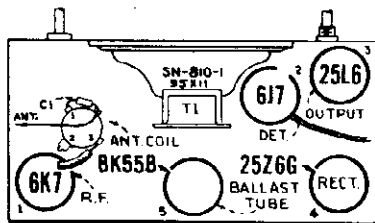
- 31198 Ballast—Ballast resistor tube type BK55B (R7, R8)
- 30883 Capacitor—300 mmf. (C9)
- 14393 Capacitor—.01 mfd. (C1, C8, C10)
- 4858 Capacitor—.01 mfd. (C17)
- 30938 Capacitor—.025 mfd. (C15)
- 5196 Capacitor—.035 mfd. (C11)
- 30899 Capacitor—.01 mfd. (C4)
- 4839 Capacitor—.01 mfd. (C12)
- 12484 Capacitor—.025 mfd. (C16)
- 31323 Capacitor—16 mfd. (C13, C14)
- 30875 Coil—Antenna coil (L1, L2)
- 30876 Coil—Det. coil (L3, L4)
- 31195 Condenser—2-gang variable tuning condenser—(C2, C3, C5, C6)
- 30877 Cord—Indicator drive cord
- 31200 Dial—Station selector dial scale and plate assembly
- 31198 Indicator—Station selector indicator pointer
- 4340 Lamp—Dial lamp
- 31193 Lead—Antenna lead—approximately 25 ft. long
- 31198 Resistor—Ballast resistor tube type BK55B (R7, R8)
- 30880 Resistor—150 ohms, 1/2 watt (R8)
- 13734 Resistor—120,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R10)
- 12285 Resistor—470,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R4)
- 13730 Resistor—1 meg., 1/2 watt (R5)
- 12879 Resistor—2.2 meg., 1/2 watt (R3)
- 13801 Resistor—10 meg., 1/2 watt (R9)
- 31197 Shaft—Indicator pointer shaft and pulley
- 31199 Shield—Dial lamp shield
- 14171 Socket—Dial lamp socket
- 31251 Socket—Tube and ballast resistor socket
- 30831 Spring—Indicator drive cord tension spring
- 31198 Tube—Ballast resistor tube type BK55B (R7, R8)
- 31966 Volume control and power switch (R1, S1)

SPEAKER ASSEMBLIES (84202-4)

- 31202 Cone—Speake cone and voice coil (L5)
- 31201 Speaker—Complete
- 31203 Transformer—Output transformer (T1)

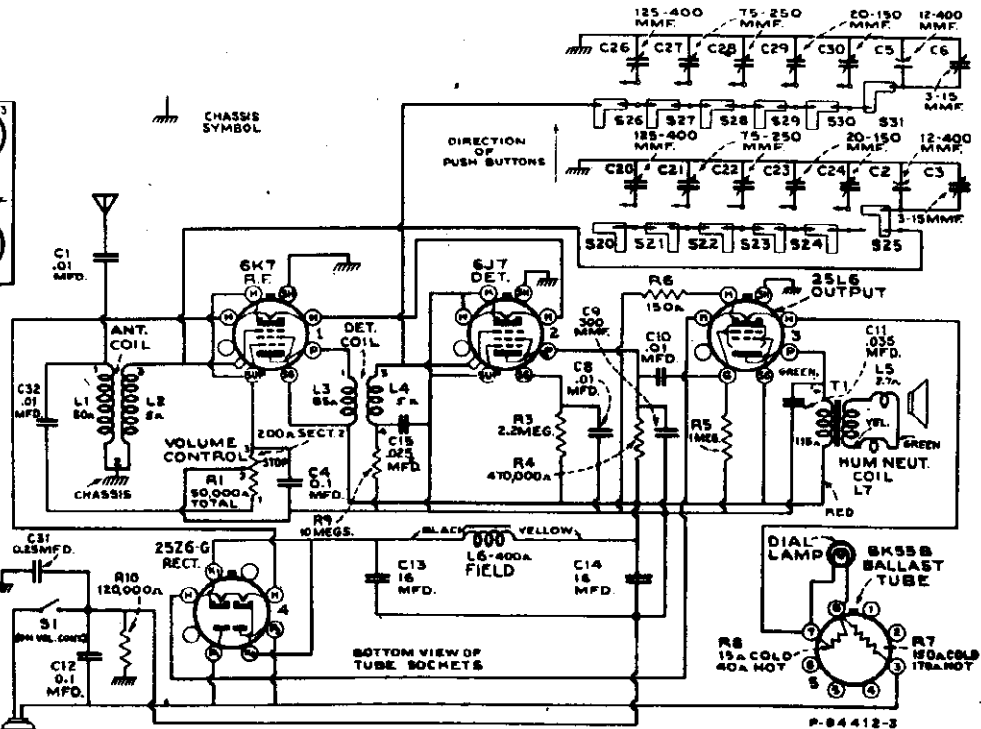
MISCELLANEOUS ASSEMBLIES

- 31205 Crystal—Station selector dial crystal
- 30863 Knob—Tuning or volume control knob
- 31079 Screw—Chassis mounting screws and washers
- 30900 Spring—Retaining spring for knob



Alignment Procedure

Remove chassis from cabinet. Reel up the antenna wire, and connect the high side of test-oscillator through an 80-mmf. capacitor to the antenna terminal on the antenna transformer. Connect low side of oscillator to receiver chassis through an .01 mfd. capacitor. Turn gang condenser to minimum (full out), push in the manual-tuning (right-hand) button, tune oscillator to 1,560 kc, connect an output meter across the voice coil, and turn volume control to maximum. Keep antenna roll and lead clear of chassis during all adjustments. Adjust the two trimmers (C3 and C6) on side of gang condenser for maximum output, using lowest possible output from test-oscillator. Turn pointer, so that it is horizontal and pointing to low-frequency end when the gang condenser is at maximum. Check pointer adjustment on a station.



Adjustment of Tuning Capacitors

The preferable and quickest method of adjusting the tuning capacitors for five different stations, is to employ a test-oscillator, as described below:

1. Make a list of the desired five stations, arranged in order from low to high frequencies.
2. Determine the correct settings of the test-oscillator for these five frequencies. This is accomplished as follows: Tune in each of the five stations on any standard receiver; zero-beat the test-oscillator against each station, and note the exact setting of the oscillator in each case.
3. Reel up the antenna wire. Connect the high side of test-oscillator through an 80-mmf. fixed capacitor to the end of the antenna wire. Clip the low side of the oscillator through a 0.1-mfd. capacitor to one of the chassis-mounting screws on the bottom of the cabinet. Tune the oscillator to the previously-determined point for the lowest-frequency station, and adjust for a strong output.

4. Turn the volume control of the push-button receiver full clockwise, and push in the left-hand end button. Using an insulated screw-driver, peak capacitors C20 and C26, at the same time reducing the output of the oscillator in order to secure a sharp peak. (Clockwise adjustment of the capacitors tunes the circuits to lower frequencies, and counter-clockwise adjustment tunes the circuits to higher frequencies. The range of each trimmer is three full counter-clockwise turns from the tight position. Do not unscrew more than three turns.)
5. Push in the second button from left, and adjust C21 and C27 for peak output with the oscillator tuned to the frequency of the second station.
6. Proceed in this manner to adjust each pair of capacitors for the desired frequencies.
7. Final adjustment may be made in actual reception of the stations.

Precautionary Lead Dress

1. Dress Power cord away from detector coil, heater leads close to base, leads from electrolytic close to base and free of grid leads.
2. Dress blue lead from r-f plate to detector coil along front edge of push-button shaft holes. Dress all leads to prevent rubbing against push button shafts.

25-Cycle Operation

For 25-cycle operation, connect a 16 mfd., 150-volt dry electrolytic capacitor (Stock No. 81823) from the cathode of the rectifier tube to chassis. (Positive to contact K1 of 25Z6-G, and negative to shell contact of 6K7 r-f socket.)

STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION
RECEIVER ASSEMBLIES	
31198	Ballast—Ballast resistor-tube type BK55B (R7, R8)
31208	Capacitor—Antenna tuning capacitor bank (C20, C21, C22, C23, C24)
31209	Capacitor—Detector tuning capacitor bank (C28, C27, C28, C29, C30)
30883	Capacitor—300 mmf. (C9)
14393	Capacitor—.01 mfd. (C1, C8, C10)
4858	Capacitor—.01 mfd. (C32)
30938	Capacitor—.025 mfd. (C15)
5196	Capacitor—.035 mfd. (C11)
30899	Capacitor—.01 mfd. (C4)
4839	Capacitor—.01 mfd. (C12)
12484	Capacitor—.025 mfd. (C31)
31323	Capacitor—16 mfd. (C13, C14)
30875	Coil—Antenna coil (L1, L2)
30876	Coil—Det. coil (L3, L4)
31195	Condenser—2-gang variable tuning condenser (C2, C3, C5, C6)
32634	Cord—Indicator drive cord
31206	Dial—Station selector dial and dial plate assembly
31196	Indicator—Station selector indicator pointer
4340	Lamp—Dial lamp
31193	Lead—Antenna lead—approximately 25 ft. long.
31198	Resistor—Ballast resistor tube type BK55B (R7, R8)
30880	Resistor—150 ohms, 1/2 watt (R6)
13734	Resistor—120,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R10)
12285	Resistor—470,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R4)

STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION
13730	Resistor—1 meg., 1/2 watt (R5)
12679	Resistor—2.2 meg., 1/2 watt (R3)
13601	Resistor—10 meg., 1/2 watt (R9)
31197	Shaft—Indicator pointer shaft and pulley
31199	Shield—Dial lamp shield
14171	Socket—Dial lamp socket
31251	Socket—Tube and ballast resistor socket
30631	Spring—Indicator drive cord tension spring
31207	Switch—Station selector switch (S20, S21, S22, S23, S24, S25, S26, S27, S28, S29, S30, S31)
31198	Tube—Ballast resistor tube type BK55B (R7, R8)
31986	Volume control and power switch (R1, S1)
SPEAKER ASSEMBLIES (Speaker 84202-4)	
31202	Cone—Speaker cone and voice coil (L5)
31201	Speaker—Complete
31203	Transformer—Output transformer (T1)
MISCELLANEOUS ASSEMBLIES	
31210	Button—Station selector push button
31205	Crystal—Station selector dial crystal
31095	Disc—10 celluloid protector discs for call letter markers
30863	Knob—Tuning or volume control knob
30991	Markers—Station selector button call letter markers
31079	Screw—Chassis mounting screws and washers
30900	Spring—Retaining spring for knob

RCA MFG. CO.

MODELS VA-22, VA-
MODELS UY-122E,
UY-124

Specifications MODEL VA-22

Record Capacity..... Eight 10-inch or Seven 12-inch
MOTOR..... Constant-speed, self-starting
PICKUP..... Crystal
Pickup Impedance..... 0.1 meg., at 1,000 cycles
Average Output..... 1 1/2 volts across 0.5 meg.

2nd Production:

The 2nd production of Model VA-22 uses mechanism similar to RP-139A and RP-145.* For replacement parts, refer to the Service Data on RP-139A and RP-145 as specified below:

POWER SUPPLY RATINGS

A6..... 105-125 volts, 60 cycles, 25 watts
A5..... 105-125 volts, 50 cycles, 25 watts
B2..... 105-125 volts, 25 cycles, 25 watts

Replacement Parts Model VA-22

STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION
For Automatic Record Changer Parts, See Service Notes on RP 145*	
MISCELLANEOUS ASSEMBLIES	
33595	Cable—Shielded output cable with male plug..
4870	Capacitor—.025 mfd. (C1).....
30698	Hinge—Cabinet lid hinge.....
31564	Holder—Needle card holder.....
12673	Knob—Volume control knob.....
14559	Resistor—10,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R2).....
12284	Resistor—220,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R3).....
4119	Screw—Headless set screw for knob, No. 12673
31470	Springs—Motorboard mounting springs, screw, and washers (4 req'd).....
33594	Support—Cabinet lid support.....
31108	Volume control (R1).....

Stock No.

PICKUP AND ARM ASSEMBLIES

Same as RP-145, except add:
33905 Crystal—Pickup crystal cartridge and needle screw for 25-cycle only....

OPERATING MECHANISM, MOTOR ASSEMBLIES, MOTORBOARD ASSEMBLIES

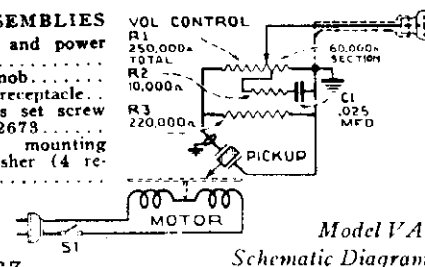
For 110-volt, 60-cycles, same as RP-145.
For 110-volt, 25-cycles, same as RP-139A.

MISCELLANEOUS ASSEMBLIES

- 31108 Control—Volume control and power switch
- 12673 Knob—Volume control knob.
- 31564 Receptacle—Needle card receptacle.
- 4119 Screw—No. 8-32 headless set screw for knob, Stock No. 12673.
- 31470 Springs—Motorboard mounting springs, screw and washer (4 required)

*See Rider's "Automatic Record Changers" P.463

MODEL VA-24 IS A COMBINATION OF MODEL VA-22 AND OSC.22 WIRELESS OSCILLATOR, DATA FOR WHICH WILL BE FOUND ON RCA P.11-61 IN RIDER'S VOL.XI



General Description

The circuit of Models UY-122E and UY-124 is the same as Model 97Y, except for the phonograph circuit which is shown at right. For other circuit details, refer to Service Data for Model 97Y, RCA P.9-109, RIDER'S VOL. IX

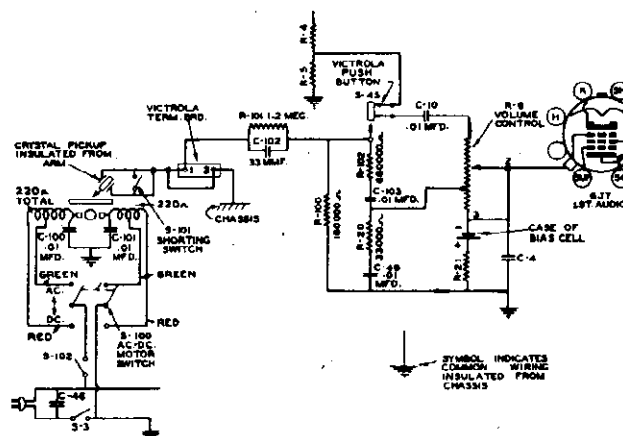
Alignment procedure, adjustments for electric tuning, voltages, and general service data, are the same as for Model 97Y.

Replacement parts for Models UY-122E and UY-124 are listed on the following page.

The phonograph motor has a switch to permit operation on 105-125 volts d.c., or 105-125 volts, 50-60 cycles a.c. The speed regulator screw should be adjusted for 78 r.p.m.

Lubrication should be maintained every six months, applying a few drops of light oil in each oil hole and at the spindle bearing.

The turntable switch should trip to the "off" position when the needle is 1 3/4 inches from the centerline of the turntable spindle.



Phonograph Circuit, Models UY-122E, UY-124.

STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION	STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION
RECEIVER ASSEMBLIES			
30284	Ballast—Ballast resistor tube (R22, R23).....	31381	Capacitor—620 mmfd. (C24).....
31767	Board—Antenna-ground terminal board.....	31436	Capacitor—750 mmfd. (C26).....
31679	Board—Phonograph terminal board.....	4881	Capacitor—3,300 mmfd. (C22).....
14338	Bushing—Variable condenser mounting bushing and screws	12897	Capacitor—4,700 mmfd. (C47).....
31400	Capacitor—Adjustable trimmer capacitor, two sections 2-10 mmfd. and one section 3-30 mmfd. (C21, C23, C25).....	31405	Capacitor—5,000 mmfd. (C27).....
14079	Capacitor—6.8 mmfd. (C1).....	4838	Capacitor—.005 mfd. (C14, C43).....
31387	Capacitor—Antenna coil trimmer capacitor bank—20-470 mmfd. (C31, C32, C33, C34, C35, C36).....	14393	Capacitor—.01 mfd. (C10, C48, C103).....
12948	Capacitor—33 mmfd. (C3, C102).....	11315	Capacitor—.015 mfd. (C12, C17).....
12725	Capacitor—150 mmfd. (C49).....	4856	Capacitor—.05 mfd. (C13, C20, C44).....
13093	Capacitor—180 mmfd. (C37).....	4839	Capacitor—.01 mfd. (C38, C46).....
30433	Capacitor—470 mmfd. (C2).....	12484	Capacitor—.025 mfd. (C4, C45).....
		31576	Capacitor—Comprising one 32 mfd., one 20 mfd., and one 18 mfd. section (C15, C16, C19).....
		31584	Capacitor—40 mfd. (C18).....
		30904	Capacitor—100 mfd. (C5, C6, C7, C8).....
		31581	Cell—Bias cell.....
		31382	Clip—Mounting clip for coils and cores on oscillator bank.....
		31402	Coil—Antenna coil (L1, L2, L3).....

Cont'd on next page

MODELS 65U, 65AU,
Chassis RC-1017A,
RC-1017B

RCA MFG. CO.

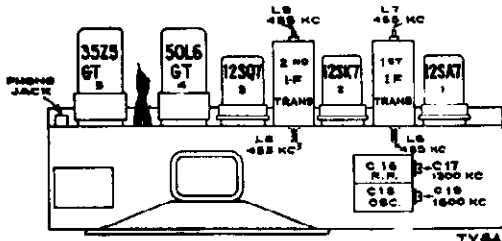
Alignment Procedure

CAUTION.—CLOSE TUNING CONDENSER PLATES COMPLETELY (C-C-W) BEFORE REMOVING CHASSIS FROM CABINET.

Take off both wooden strips on bottom of cabinet by removing wood-screws before loosening chassis bolts.

CRITICAL LEAD DRESS.—

1. All filament wires should be dressed close to chassis.
2. Dress lead from switch to phono jack close to chassis and away from power cord.
3. Dress capacitor between 12SQ7 grid and terminal board away from chassis and away from other parts.
4. Dress all exposed leads away from each other and away from chassis to prevent short circuits.
5. In instrument assembly the lead from the rear section of gang to loop shall be dressed away from chassis and other wires to loop.



Power Supply.—Although this model employs an ac-dc chassis, it is not suitable for use on d-c. as this would damage the motor.
Reversal of plug in outlet receptacle may reduce hum.

Test Oscillator.—Connect high side of test oscillator as shown in chart. Connect low side through a .01 mf capacitor to common "B". Keep the output signal as low as possible to avoid a-v-c action.

Output Meter.—Connect meter across speaker voice coil. Turn volume control clockwise to radio maximum high position (3) for alignment.

Steps	Connect the high side of test-oscillator to—	Tune test-osc. to—	Turn radio dial to—	Adjust the following for max. peak output
1	L.F. grid, in series with .01 mfd.	455 kc	Quiet point 1,630 kc end of dial	L8 and L9 2nd I.F. transformer
2	1st Det. grid in series with .01 mfd.			L6 and L7 1st I.F. transformer *
NOTE.—ANTENNA LOOP AND RECORD CHANGER MUST BE IN CABINET				
3	Antenna terminal in series with 220 mmfd.	1600 kc	Gang at minimum	C19 (osc.)
4	Radiated signal 1300 kc		Signal Frequency	C17 (ant.)
5	Repeat steps 3 and 4.			

*Do not readjust L8 or L9 when test oscillator is connected to 1st Det.

Replacement Parts

STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION	STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION
	CHASSIS ASSEMBLIES RC 1017A RC 1017B	70390	Spring—Drive cord tension spring
70389	Bearing—Tuning knob shaft bearing	70396	Spring—Volume control gear tension spring
70407	Button—Plug button (2 required)	70394	Switch—Power or radio phono switch
70997	Capacitor—Mica, 5.6 mmf. (C24)	70386	Transformer—First I.F. transformer
39650	Capacitor—Mica, 820 mmf. (C15)	70387	Transformer—Second I.F. transformer
70601	Capacitor—Tubular, .002 mfd., 400 volts (C5, C9)	70385	Transformer—Output transformer
70606	Capacitor—Tubular, .005 mfd., 400 volts (C1, C11)	33726	Washer—"C" washer for tuning knob shaft
70611	Capacitor—Tubular, .02 mfd., 400 volts (C8)	70406	Washer—Spring washer for volume control
70612	Capacitor—Tubular, .025 mfd., 400 volts (C10)		SPEAKER ASSEMBLY 922279-1
70615	Capacitor—Tubular, .05 mfd., 400 volts (C2, C14)	70405	Speaker—4" x 6" P.M. speaker complete
70617	Capacitor—Tubular, 0.1 mfd., 400 volts (C3, C4)		SPEAKER ASSEMBLY 922258-2
*72312	Capacitor—Electrolytic, comprising 1 section of 30 mfd., 150 volts and 1 section of 80 mfd., 150 volts (C25, C26)	71058	Speaker—4" x 6" P.M. speaker complete
70403	Coil—Oscillator coil		SPEAKER ASSEMBLY 922258-1
70383	Condenser—Variable tuning condenser complete with drum	70470	Speaker—4" x 6" P.M. elliptical speaker complete
70322	Control—Volume control		NOTE: If stamping on speaker in instrument does not agree with above speaker number, order replacement parts by referring to model number of instrument, number stamped on speaker and full description of part required.
32634	Cord—Drive cord (approx. 48" overall length)		MISCELLANEOUS
70392	Cord—Power cord	70398	Clamp—Dial clamps (1 set)
70384	Drum—Drive drum	71084	Decal—Trade mark decal (RCA Victor)
70397	Gear—Power or radio-phono switch gear	71066	Decal—Trade mark decal (Victrola)
70395	Gear—Volume control gear and spring assembly	70402	Dial—Glass dial
70404	Indicator—Station selector indicator	71595	Feet—Rubber feet (4 required)
70391	Insulator—Bakelite insulator for phono input socket	X1630	Grille—Baffle board and grille cloth
11765	Lamp—Dial lamp	70707	Hinge—Lid hinge (2 required)
*72311	Loop—Antenna loop	70401	Knob—Power switch and radio-phono switch knob
70382	Plate—Dial back plate complete with pulleys less dial	70400	Knob—Tuning knob
30868	Plug—2 contact female plug for "AC" cable	70399	Knob—Volume control knob
39230	Pulley—Drive cord pulley	71815	Mounting—One set of hardware consisting of four springs, two spring washers and two rubber washers to mount record changer.
*72313	Resistor—33 ohms, 1 watt (R11)		Spring—Retaining spring for knobs
30880	Resistor—150 ohms, 1/2 watt (R7)	14270	Stud—Stud and screw to mount lid hinge (1 set)
6134	Resistor—1200 ohms, 1 watt (R9)	71824	Support—Lid support
30492	Resistor—22,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R2)	39543	Cabinet—Cabinet for Model 65U
14583	Resistor—220,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R1, R5)	X1386	
30648	Resistor—470,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R3)		
12928	Resistor—3.3 megohms, 1/2 watt (R4)		
31455	Resistor—3.6 megohms, 1/2 watt (R6)		
14974	Screw—#8-32 x 1/4" long set screw for lower gear		
70388	Shaft—Tuning knob shaft		
34449	Socket—Lamp socket		
35787	Socket—Phono input socket		
37605	Socket—Tube socket—moulded		

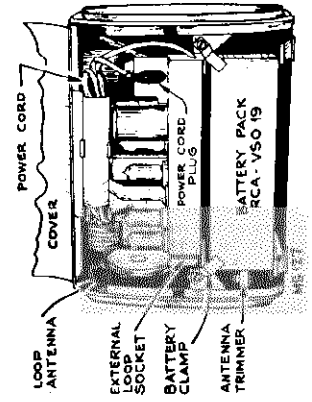
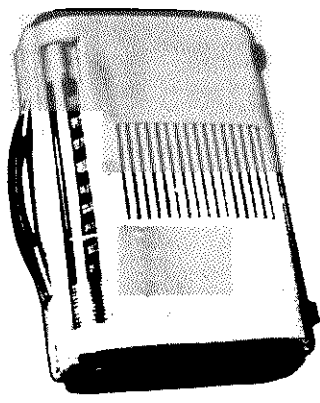
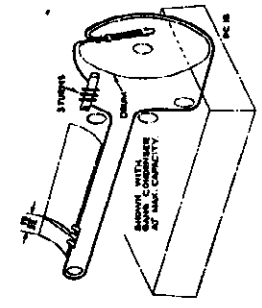
*THIS IS THE FIRST TIME THIS STOCK NUMBER HAS APPEARED IN PRINT.

APPLY TO YOUR RCA DISTRIBUTOR FOR PRICES OF REPLACEMENT PARTS

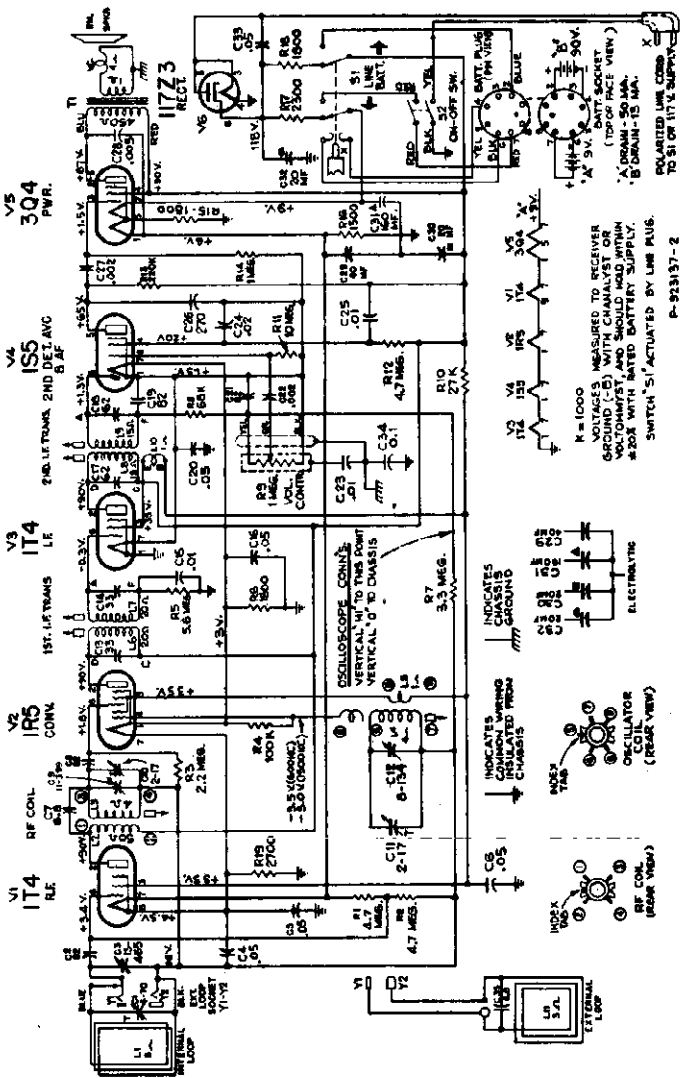
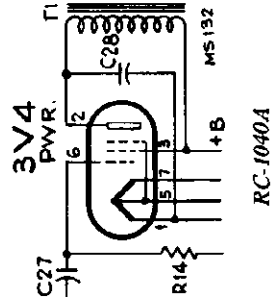
RCA MFG. CO.

MODEL 66BX
Chassis RC-104A
RC-1040A

CAUTION —
1. Do not remove any tubes from the chassis with the set operating and the plug connected to the power line. Damage to tubes may result.
2. When cleaning the aluminum portion of the case use soap and water or cleaning fluid. Do not use abrasive cleansers.



—1946



NOTE—The Chassis marked RC-1040A have R-3 and C-8 omitted and have the power tube socket connected for a 3V4 tube.

Current Consumption	Battery Operation	.....	"A" 50 milliamperes, "B" 13 milliamperes
Total Rect. Current (117 volt, 60 cycle)	.....		61 mills.
Power Output	.....	
Maximum	.....		.23 watt
Loudspeaker	.....		4 x 6 in. elliptical P.M. 3.4 ohms at 400 cycles

CRITICAL LEAD DRESS .

1. Dress all filament leads next to chassis.
2. Keep the leads short on the ends of the three components which connect to the grid terminal (f6) of the r.f. socket. (R-1, R-2, C-2).
3. Separate leads to front and center sections of gang as far as possible and away from tubes.
4. Dress loop leads away from tuning drum and battery.
5. Dress output transformer leads away from rear section of gang.
6. Dress r.f. plate lead away from r.f. grid circuit.
7. Dress components and wiring near external loop socket to clear external loop pins.
8. Dress avc lead away from 2nd IF transformer and associated components.
9. Dress converter plate lead away from chassis and away from output twisted leads.
10. Dress volume control leads up and away from other wiring.
11. Dress volume control cable, switch cable, and line receptacle leads away from rectifier tube and resistor case.
12. Dress 1st audio plate lead up and away from other wiring.

Frequency Range	.....	540-1,600 kc
Intermediate Frequency	.....	455 kc
110 to 125 volts, AC 50 or 60 cycles, or DC	.....	14 watts
Batteries required	.....	One RCA Battery Pack VS019 or equivalent
Tube Complement	.....
(1) RCA-1T4	.....	R.F. Converter
(2) RCA-1R5	.....	I.F. Amplifier
(3) RCA-1T4	.....	2nd Det. AVC. & A.F. Amplifier
(4) RCA-1S5	.....	Power Output
(5) RCA-304	.....	Power Output
(6) RCA-117Z3	.....	Rectifier

Using External Loop.—
A loop antenna is housed inside the cabinet. Under normal conditions this will give satisfactory reception. If however the receiver is used in a location remote from broadcasting stations where signals are weak, or where interference is excessive, or in a shielded compartment such as an automobile, airplane or railroad train, an RCA external loop can be used. This loop antenna has a strap connector cord with identical two prong plugs on either end, this makes it convenient in connecting it to the circuit through the receptacle located in the left hand side of the chassis. Open the case, plug the antenna cord into the socket (it will only go in one way), bring the strap out through the slot in the case and attach the Loop Antenna by means of the suction cup to any convenient vertical surface. This loop antenna can be stored in the cabinet, in the compartment below the battery pack, and the cord in the small compartment in the

MODEL 66BX

Chassis RC-1040,
RC-1040A

RCA MFG. CO.

Alignment Procedure

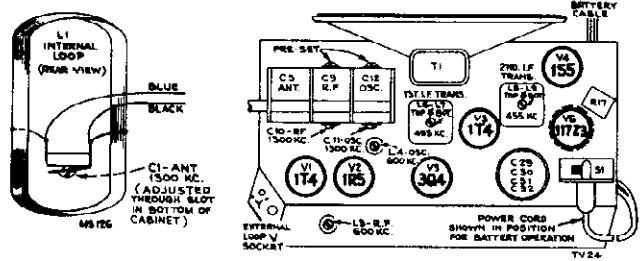
Cathode Ray Alignment is the preferable method. Connections for the oscilloscope are shown on the schematic diagram.

Output Meter Alignment.—If this method is used, connect the meter across the voice coil and turn the receiver volume control to maximum.

Test Oscillator.—For all alignment operations, connect the low side of the test oscillator to the receiver chassis and keep the oscillator output as low as possible to avoid AVC action.

Calibration Scale.—The calibrated dial scale is permanently connected to chassis. It can therefore be used directly as a reference for alignment.

With the gang at full mesh set the dial pointer so that the left hand edge of the pointer is $\frac{1}{4}$ inches to the right of the point indicated in the dial cord drawing.



Steps	Connect the high side of test-oscillator to—	Tune test-osc. to—	Turn radio dial to—	Adjust the following for max. peak output
1	High side of loop (Blue lead) in series with 0.1 mfd.	455 kc	Gang at max. cap.	L8, L9 (2nd I.F. Trans.)* L6, L7 (1st I.F. Trans.)
2	High side of loop (Blue lead) in series with 0.1 mfd.	1300 kc	1300 kc	C11—(osc.) C10—(R.F.)
3	(Bottom shield cover in place and chassis out of cabinet)	600 kc	600 kc	L4 (osc.) L3 (R.F.)
** 4	220 mmf. in series with a single turn loop 4x8 in., approx. 3 in. from receiver loop. (Chassis in cabinet C-1 connected and rear lid of cabinet closed)	1300 kc	1300 kc	C1 (loop)

*If two peaks are found with top slugs use the one with stud in the outer position.
**Adjust C-1 loop cap with back cover of case closed. Access to trimmer is made through small slot in case provided for cable of external loop.

AC-DC Operation.—

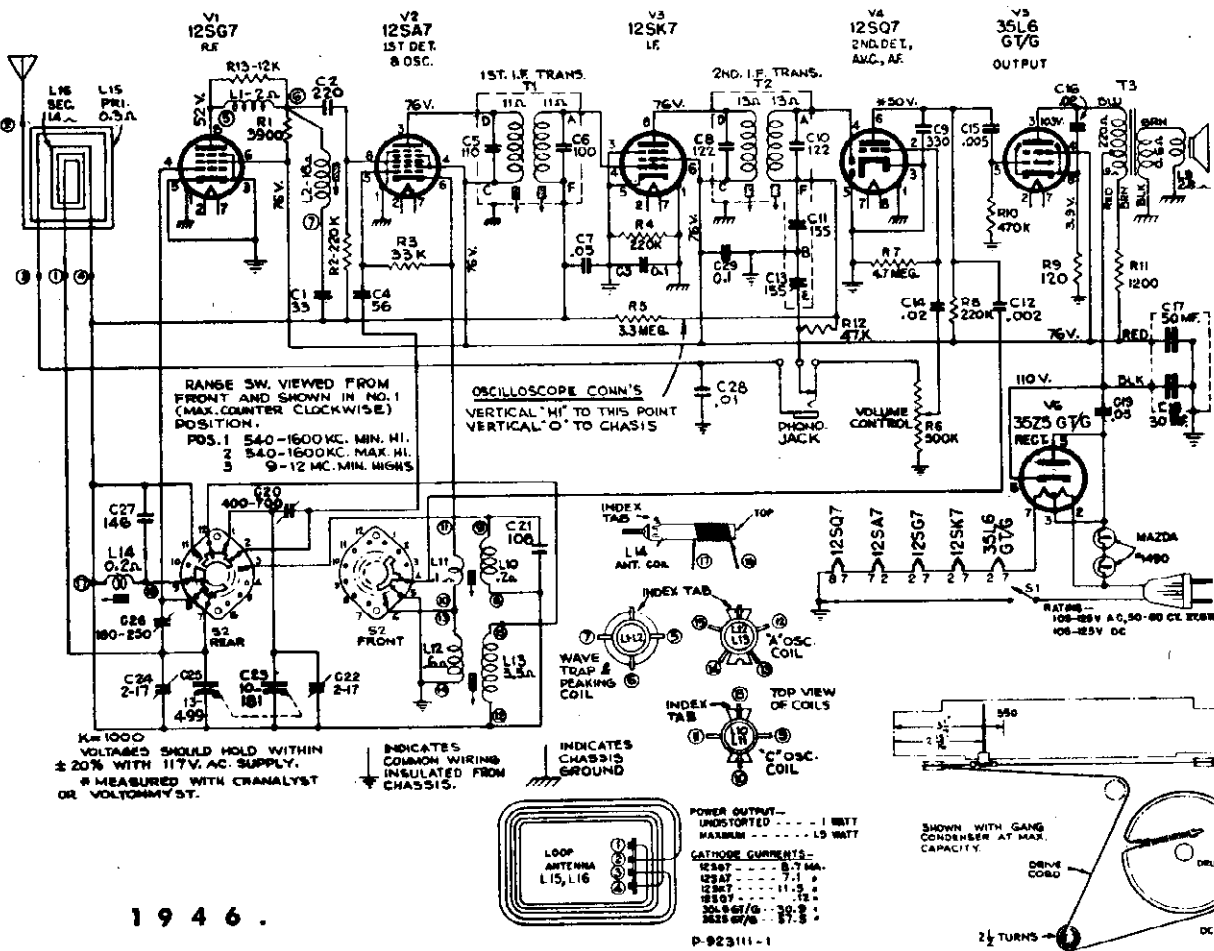
This receiver will operate on 105 to 125 volts, AC 50 or 60 cycles, or DC. A power cord is stored in the fiber tube which is clamped above the chassis inside the cabinet. To open the cabinet, slide the two plastic feet in the rear of the cabinet toward each other, and raise the back cover upward on its hinges. Then pull the power cord plug out of the socket on the top of the chassis as shown, and take out and unroll the power cord. A slot in the bottom of the cabinet allows the closing of the cabinet with the power cord passing through. Close the cabinet with the cord extending through the slot and insert the plug into a convenient electrical outlet.

When returning to battery operation, be sure to replace the power plug in its socket inside the case with the cord stored in the fiber tube.

NOTE.—If reception is not obtained on DC, reverse plug in outlet receptacle. This may also reduce hum on AC operation.

STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION	STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION
CHASSIS ASSEMBLIES RC 1040			
*71056	Bracket—Drive cord pulley bracket complete with one (1) pulley	*71040	Socket—2 contact female socket for external loop
*71054	Bracket—Drive cord pulley bracket complete with two (2) pulleys	*71037	Socket—Tube socket—miniature—7 prong—floating
*71044	Bracket—Power switch bracket complete with actuating lever less power switch	*71827	Socket—Tube socket—miniature—7 prong—bottom mounted
*71042	Button—Plug button	*70390	Spring—Drive cord spring
31709	Capacitor—Ceramic, 6.8 mmf. (C7)	*71053	Spring—Retaining spring for knob
*71514	Capacitor—Ceramic, 82 mmf. (C2, C8, C19, C21)	*71039	Switch—Line—battery change switch (S1)
*71540	Capacitor—Ceramic, 270 mmf. (C26)	*71045	Switch—Power switch (S2)
*71552	Capacitor—Tubular, .002 mfd., 400 volts (C22, C27)	*71299	Transformer—First I.F. transformer (L6, L7, C13, C14)
*71553	Capacitor—Tubular, .005 mfd., 400 volts (C28)	*71400	Transformer—Second I.F. transformer (L8, L9, L10, C17, C18)
70610	Capacitor—Tubular, .01 mfd., 400 volts (C15, C23, C25)	*71047	Transformer—Output transformer (T1)
70611	Capacitor—Tubular, .02 mfd., 400 volts (C24)	*71081	Washer—"C" washer for tuning knob shaft
70615	Capacitor—Tubular, .05 mfd., 400 volts (C4, C6, C33)	*71033	Washer—Insulating washer, extruded, for mounting dial support to chassis base (4 req'd.) and to mount base holder bracket
71551	Capacitor—Tubular, .05 mfd., 200 volts (C5, C16, C20)	*71034	Washer—Insulating washer—flat, to mount base holder bracket
70617	Capacitor—Tubular, 0.1 mfd., 400 volts (C34)	*71049	Window—Dial window
*71043	Capacitor—Electrolytic comprising 2 sections of 20 mfd., 150 volts, 1 section of 160 mfd., 25 volts and 1 section of 40 mfd., 25 volts (C29, C30, C31, C32)	SPEAKER ASSEMBLY 922258-2	
*71053	Clip—Spring clip for knob	*71059	Gasket—Speaker gasket (black tubing)
*71401	Coil—Oscillator coil (L4, L5)	71058	Speaker—4" x 6" P.M. speaker complete with cone and voice coil
*71402	Coil—R.F. Coil (L2, L3)	NOTE: If stamping on speaker in instrument does not agree with above speaker number, order replacement parts by referring to model number of instrument, number stamped on speaker and full description of part required.	
*71035	Condenser—Variable tuning condenser (C3, C9, C10, C11, C12)	MISCELLANEOUS	
*71057	Control—Volume control (R9)	*71074	Arm—Shutter arm lever
32634	Cord—Drive cord (approx. 37" overall length)	*71617	Cable—Connecting cable for external loop
70392	Cord—Power cord	*71069	Capacitor—Adjustable trimmer, 3-35 mmf. (C1)
*71048	Dial—Dial scale and window assembly	*71080	Clip—Case side spring clip and screw (2 req'd.)
*71036	Drum—Drive drum	*71619	Cup—Suction cup for mounting external loop
*71031	Holder—Power cord holder	*71060	Back—Case back complete with center strip
*71030	Indicator—Station selector indicator	*71061	Foot—Case foot (moulded) (2 req'd.)
*71032	Insulator—Rectangular bakelite insulator—between chassis base and dial support bracket (2 required)	*71068	Foot—Case foot (wood) (2 req'd.)
*71052	Knob—Tuning knob and volume control knob	*71067	Front—Case front complete less shutter
18469	Plate—Electrolytic capacitor mounting plate	*71618	Gasket—Gasket seal to hold loop together
*71041	Plug—4 prong male plug for battery cable	*71063	Handle—Carrying handle
36230	Pulley—Drive cord pulley	*71062	Latch—Case latch (2 req'd.)
30654	Resistor—1500 ohms, $\frac{1}{4}$ watt (R16)	*71065	Link—Carrying handle link (2 req'd.)
12194	Resistor—1800 ohms, $\frac{1}{4}$ watt (R6, R15)	*71616	Loop—External antenna loop (L11, C35)
38875	Resistor—1800 ohms, 1 watt (R18)	*71079	Loop—Antenna loop—internal (L1)
*71038	Resistor—Ballast resistor, 2300 ohms, 6 watt (R17)	*71064	Retainer—Battery retainer spring bracket (2 required)
30730	Resistor—2700 ohms, $\frac{1}{4}$ watt (R19)	*71066	Screw—#8-32 x $\frac{1}{2}$ " long screw to fasten case together (2 required) for battery holders (2 required)
30409	Resistor—27,000 ohms, $\frac{1}{4}$ watt (R10)	*71077	Screw—Screw complete with washer and nut to secure one side to case front or case latch
14138	Resistor—68,000 ohms, $\frac{1}{4}$ watt (R8)	*71071	Shutter—Case shutter
3252	Resistor—100,000 ohms, $\frac{1}{4}$ watt (R4)	*71076	Side—Case side—L.H.
14583	Resistor—220,000 ohms, $\frac{1}{4}$ watt (R13)	*71075	Side—Case side—R.H. (loop side)—less capacitor assembly
30652	Resistor—1 megohm, $\frac{1}{4}$ watt (R14)	*71072	Spring—Case shutter compression spring
30649	Resistor—2.2 megohms, $\frac{1}{4}$ watt (R3)	31608	Washer—"C" washer for case shutter's shafts
31417	Resistor—3.3 megohms, $\frac{1}{4}$ watt (R7)	*71078	Washer—Dampening washer for shutter shafts
30931	Resistor—4.7 megohms, $\frac{1}{4}$ watt (R1, R2, R12)		
31455	Resistor—5.6 megohms, $\frac{1}{4}$ watt (R5)		
30992	Resistor—10 megohms, $\frac{1}{4}$ watt (R11)		
*71055	Shaft—Tuning knob shaft		
*71050	Shield—L.H. end shield for dial		
*71051	Shield—R.H. end shield for dial		

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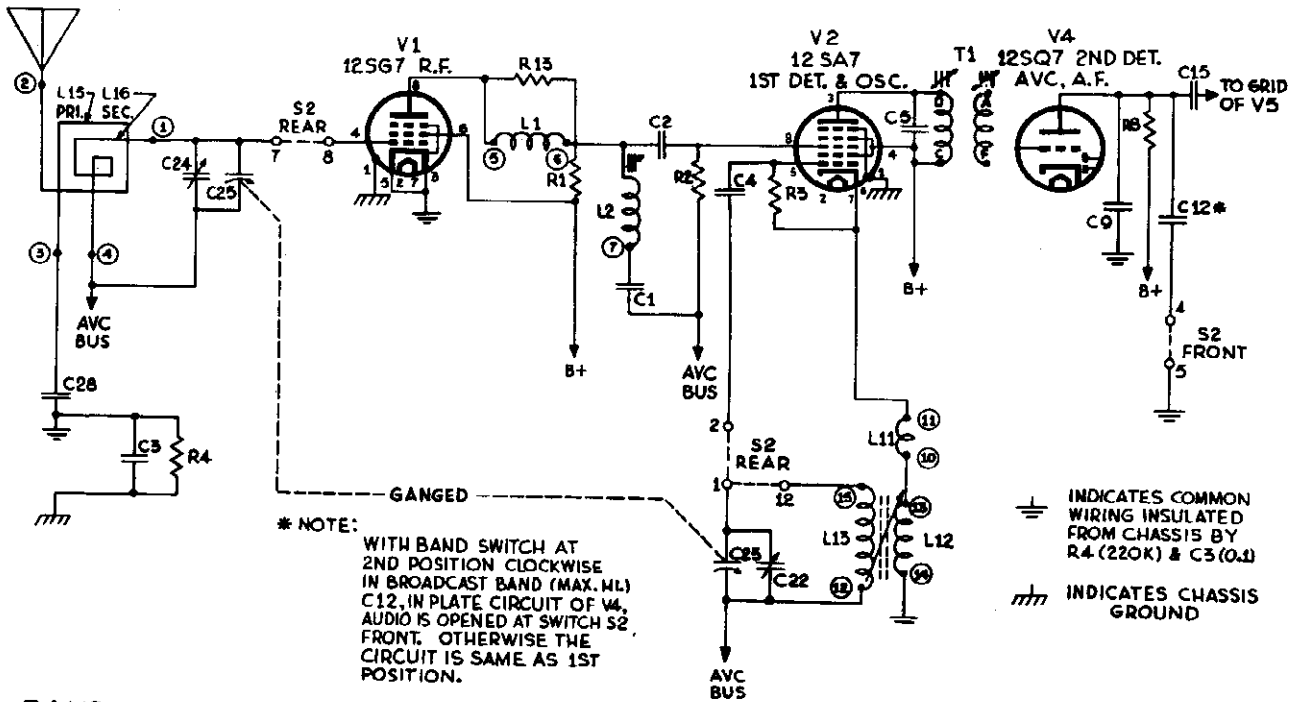
STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION	STOCK No.	DESCRIPTION
CHASSIS ASSEMBLIES RC 1038			
30616	Capacitor—Mica, 33 mmf. (C1)	30931	Resistor—4.7 megohms, 1/4 watt (R7)
30622	Capacitor—Mica, 56 mmf. (C4)	*70467	Shaft—Tuning knob shaft
*71156	Capacitor—Ceramic, 108 mmf. (C21)	*71118	Shell—Protecting shell for loop spacing spring (2 required)
*71157	Capacitor—Ceramic, 146 mmf. (C27)	*71115	Socket—Lamp socket
*71121	Capacitor—Mica trimmer, 180-250 mmf. (C26)	37605	Socket—Tube socket
39636	Capacitor—Mica, 220 mmf. (C2)	*71120	Spacer—Tubular spacer to mount antenna loop (2 required)
30640	Capacitor—Mica, 330 mmf. (C9)	70390	Spring—Drive cord spring
*71113	Capacitor—Mica trimmer, 400-700 mmf. (C20)	*71119	Spring—Loop assembly spacing spring (2 required)
70601	Capacitor—Tubular, .002 mfd., 400 volts (C12)	*71112	Switch—Range and tone switch (S2)
70606	Capacitor—Tubular, .005 mfd., 400 volts (C15)	*71111	Transformer—Output transformer (L7, L8)
70610	Capacitor—Tubular, .01 mfd., 400 volts (C28)	71558	Transformer—First I.F. transformer (L3, L4, C5, C6)
70611	Capacitor—Tubular, .02 mfd., 400 volts (C14, C16)	70387	Transformer—Second I.F. transformer (L5, L6, C8, C10, C11, C13)
70615	Capacitor—Tubular, .05 mfd., 400 volts (C7, C19)	33726	Washer—"C" washer for tuning knob shaft
70617	Capacitor—Tubular, 0.1 mfd., 400 volts (C3, C29)		
70408	Capacitor—Electrolytic, comprising 1 section of 50 mfd., 150 volts and 1 section of 30 mfd., 150 volts (C17, C18)		
*71405	Coil—Antenna coil (L14)		
*71406	Coil—Oscillator coil—"A" band (L12, L13)		
*71408	Coil—Oscillator coil—"C" band (L10, L11)	71058	Speaker—4" x 6" elliptical P.M. speaker complete with cone and voice coil
*71407	Coil—Wave trap (L1, L2)		NOTE: If stamping on speaker in instrument does not agree with above speaker number, order replacement parts by referring to model number of instrument, number stamped on speaker and full description of part required
*71110	Condenser—Variable tuning condenser (C22, C23, C24, C25).		
38410	Control—Volume control and power switch (R6, S1)		
34662	Cord—Drive cord (approx. 51" overall length)		
70384	Drum—Drive drum		
70391	Insulator—Insulator for phono jack		
*71114	Indicator—Station selector indicator		
*71116	Lamp—Dial lamp—Mazda 1490		
*71117	Loop—Antenna loop (L15, L16)		
*71108	Plate—Dial back plate complete with four (4) pulleys less dial		
36230	Pulley—Drive cord pulley		
30189	Resistor—120 ohms, 1/2 watt (R9)		
30731	Resistor—1200 ohms, 1/2 watt (R11)		
30694	Resistor—3900 ohms, 1/2 watt (R1)		
30430	Resistor—12,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R13)		
30685	Resistor—33,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R3)		
30787	Resistor—47,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R12)		
14583	Resistor—220,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R2, R4, R8)		
30648	Resistor—470,000 ohms, 1/2 watt (R10)		
31417	Resistor—3.3 megohms, 1/2 watt (R5)		
			SPEAKER ASSEMBLY 922258-2
			MISCELLANEOUS
		*71835	Back—Cabinet back for Model 66X3
		*71122	Baffle—Speaker baffle assembly for 66X1 and 66X2
		*71124	Clamp—Dial clamp for 66X1 and 66X2 (2 required)
		*71131	Clamp—Dial clamp for 66X3 and 66X4
		*71132	Dial—Glass dial scale
		*71127	Foot—Cabinet foot—walnut—for 66X1 (4 required)
		*71128	Foot—Cabinet foot—ivory—for 66X2 (4 required)
		70473	Knob—Control knob (mottled walnut) for 66X1, 66X3, 66X4
		70474	Knob—Control knob (ivory) for 66X2
		*71126	Nut—Speed nut to fasten screen (4 required)
		*71125	Screen—Protective screen for hand grip for 66X1 and 66X2
		30900	Spring—Retaining spring for control knobs
		*71130	Spring—Retaining spring for front strip for 66X1 and 66X2
		*71129	Strip—Finished strip for cabinet front for 66X1 and 66X2

*This is the first time this stock No. has appeared in service data.

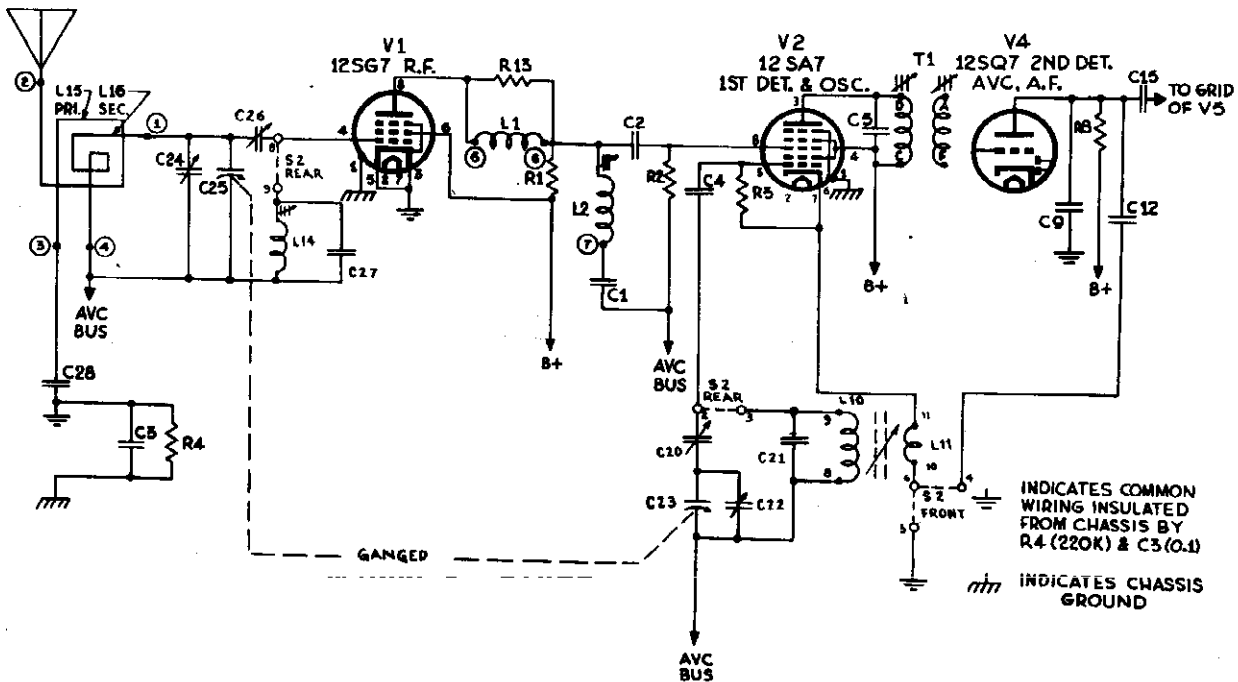
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MODELS 66X1, 66X2, 66X3, 66X4,
66X9, Chassis RC-1038

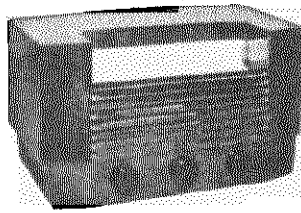
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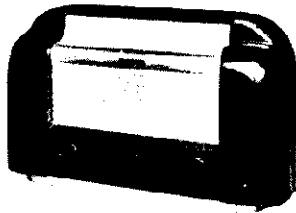
BAND-SWITCH SHOWN AT 1ST POSITION.
BROADCAST BAND (MIN. HL)
540 - 1600 KC.



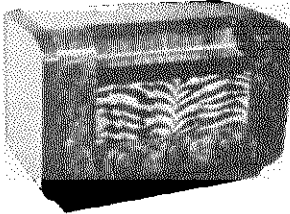
BAND-SWITCH SHOWN AT 3RD POSITION CLOCKWISE
SHORT WAVE BAND (MIN. HL)
9 - 12 MC.



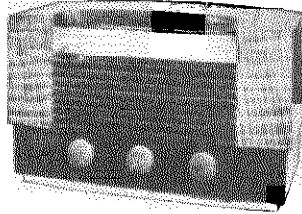
66X9—(Plastic)



66X1—(Brown Plastic)
66X2—(Ivory Plastic)



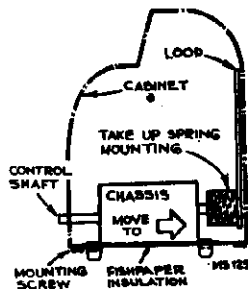
66X3—(Wood)



66X4—(Wood)

Specifications

Frequency Range	
Broadcast.....	540-1600 kc
Short Wave.....	9-12 mc
Intermediate Frequency.....	455 kc
Tube Complement	
(1) RCA-12SG7.....	R-F Amplifier
(2) RCA-12SA7.....	1st Det.—Osc.
(3) RCA-12SK7.....	I-F Amplifier
(4) RCA-12SQ7.....	2nd Det., A.V.C., and A-F Amplifier
(5) RCA-35L6-GT/G.....	Power Output
(6) RCA-35Z5-GT/G.....	Rectifier
Pilot Lamps.....	Mazda No. 1490, 3.2 volts
Power Output	
Undistorted.....	1.0 watts
Maximum.....	1.5 watts
Loudspeaker (922258-2)	
Size.....	4 x 6" elliptical P.M.
V.C. Impedance.....	3.4 ohms at 400 cycles
Power Supply Rating	
105-125 volts, AC, 50 or 60 cycles, or DC.....	27.6 watts



The construction of the cabinets for Models 66X1 and 2 makes it necessary to remove the chassis for replacing tubes. To do this, proceed as follows:

1. Remove the power plug from the service receptacle.
2. Remove control knobs.
3. Remove the six slotted screws around the edge of the metal base plate. (Do not remove the four fast from the base plate as this will separate the base plate from the chassis.)
4. Tilt the cabinet forward so that the bottom rear edge of the cabinet raises above base plate.
5. Hold the chassis with one hand while pushing the cabinet forward and upward to clear the control shafts.

Lead Dress

1. Dress all filament and power leads down to chassis and as far as possible from all audio grid and plate wiring.
2. Dress power cord back and away from C-14 (1st audio coupling condenser).
3. Dress C-14 toward 12SQ7 socket and away from the switch.
4. Dress C-16 (output by-pass condenser) down to chassis.
5. Dress blue lead from phono jack to volume control in air and away from output transformer.
7. Dress all leads and parts away from oscillator coils.
8. Dress C-2 (R.F. coupling condenser) back to chassis.
9. Avoid excessive lead lengths in C-27 (short wave fixed inductor) and short wave antenna coil.
10. Dress pilot light leads (above chassis) toward dial support and away from the 35Z5 tube.

Alignment Procedure

Test Oscillator.—Connect high side of test oscillator as shown in chart. Connect low side through a 0.1 mf. capacitor to common "—B." Keep the output signal as low as possible to avoid A.V.C. action.

Output Meter.—Connect meter across speaker voice coil. Turn volume control to maximum clockwise position, station selector switch to broadcast maximum high position (pos. 2), for broadcast alignment and to position for high frequency band.

Dial Pointer Adjustment.—Rotate tuning condenser fully counterclockwise (plates fully meshed). Adjust indicator to 2 1/4 in. from end of backplate as indicated in drawing.

On models 66X1 and 2 the dial indicator is accessible for adjustment by removing the metal strip below the dial glass. (Lift and swing the top forward).

Calibration Scale.—The glass tuning dial may be easily removed from the cabinet and temporarily attached to the dial back plate.

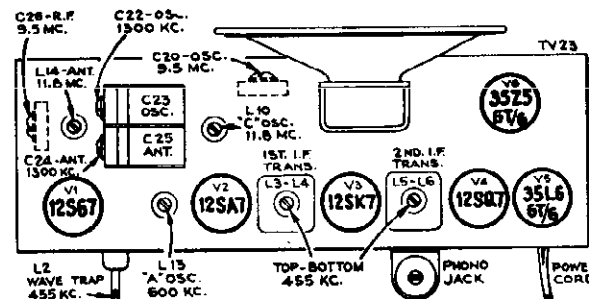
Power Supply Polarity.—For operation on d-c, the power plug must be inserted in the outlet for correct polarity. If the set does not function reverse the plug. On a-c, reversal of the plug may reduce hum.

Steps	Connect high side of the test oscillator to—	Tune test osc. to—	Turn radio dial to—	Adjust the following for maximum peak output
1	Pin #4 (signal grid) 12SK7 I-F tube in series with 0.1 mfd.			T2† 2nd I-F trans.
2	Pin #8 (signal grid) 12SA7 1st det. in series with 0.1 mfd.	455 kc	Quiet point at 1600 kc end of the dial	T1 1st I-F trans.
3	Antenna in series with 200 mmf.			L2 for minimum output (Wave trap)
4		1300 kc	1300 kc	C22 (osc.) C24 (ant.)
5		600 kc	600 kc	L13 While rocking gang
6	Repeat steps 4 and 5.			
7	Antenna in series with 50 mmf.	9.5 mc.	9.5 mc.	C20 (Osc.)*
8		9.5 mc.	9.5 mc.	C26 Ant. while rocking gang
9				L10 (Osc.)**
10		11.8 mc.	11.8 mc.	L14 while rocking gang
11	Repeat steps 9 and 10.			

*If two peaks are obtained use minimum cap peak.

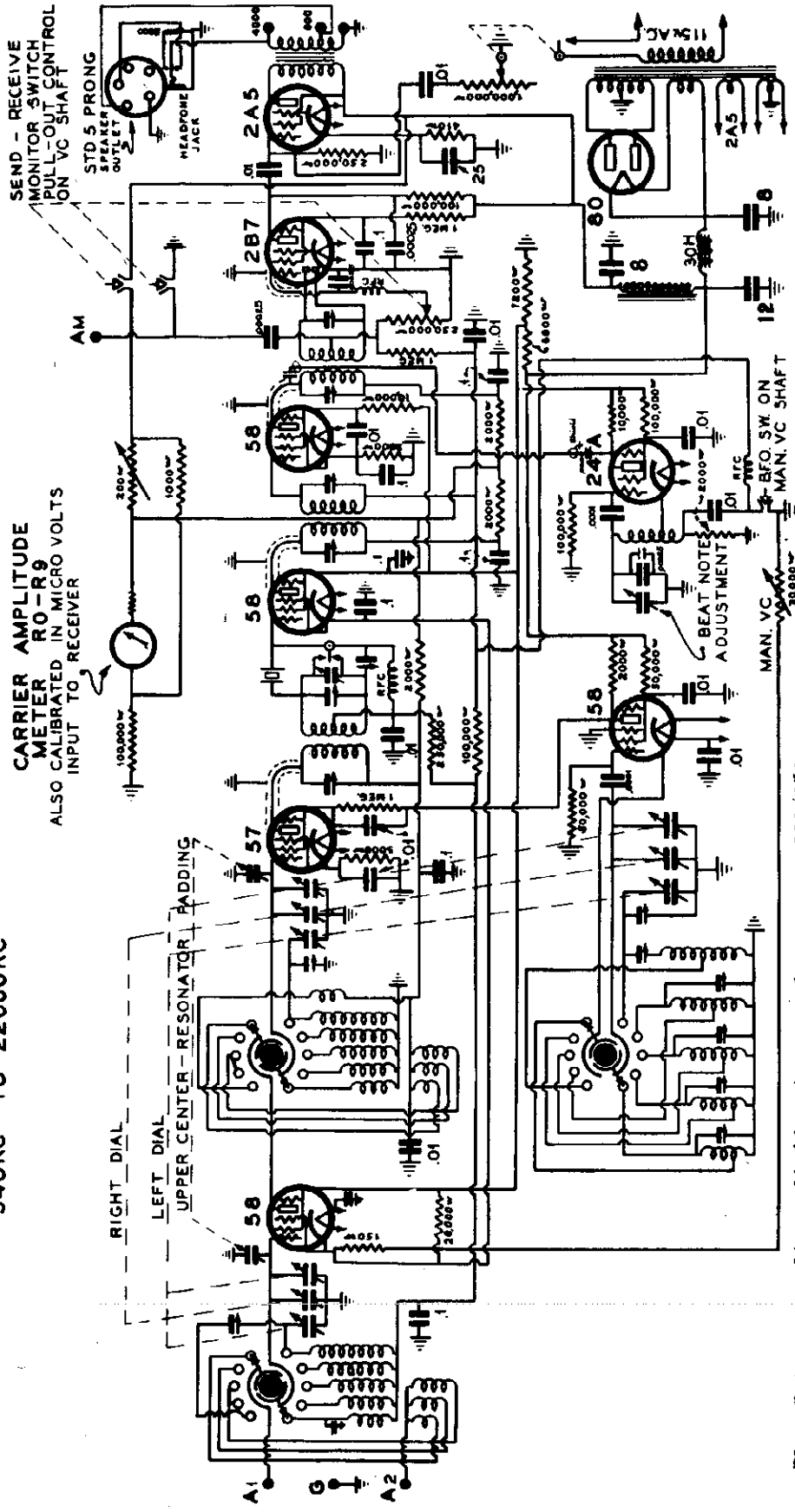
**If two peaks are obtained use minimum inductance peak.

†Do not repeat step No. 1.



RADIO MFG. ENG. INC.

MODEL RME - 9D SINGLE SIGNAL
540KC TO 22000KC



CARRIER AMPLITUDE
METER RO-R9
ALSO CALIBRATED IN MICRO VOLTS
INPUT TO RECEIVER

SEND - RECEIVE
MONITOR SWITCH
PULL-OUT CONTROL
ON VC SHAFT

RIGHT DIAL
LEFT DIAL
UPPER CENTER - RESONATOR TAPPING

Range of Each Position of Band
Selector Knob

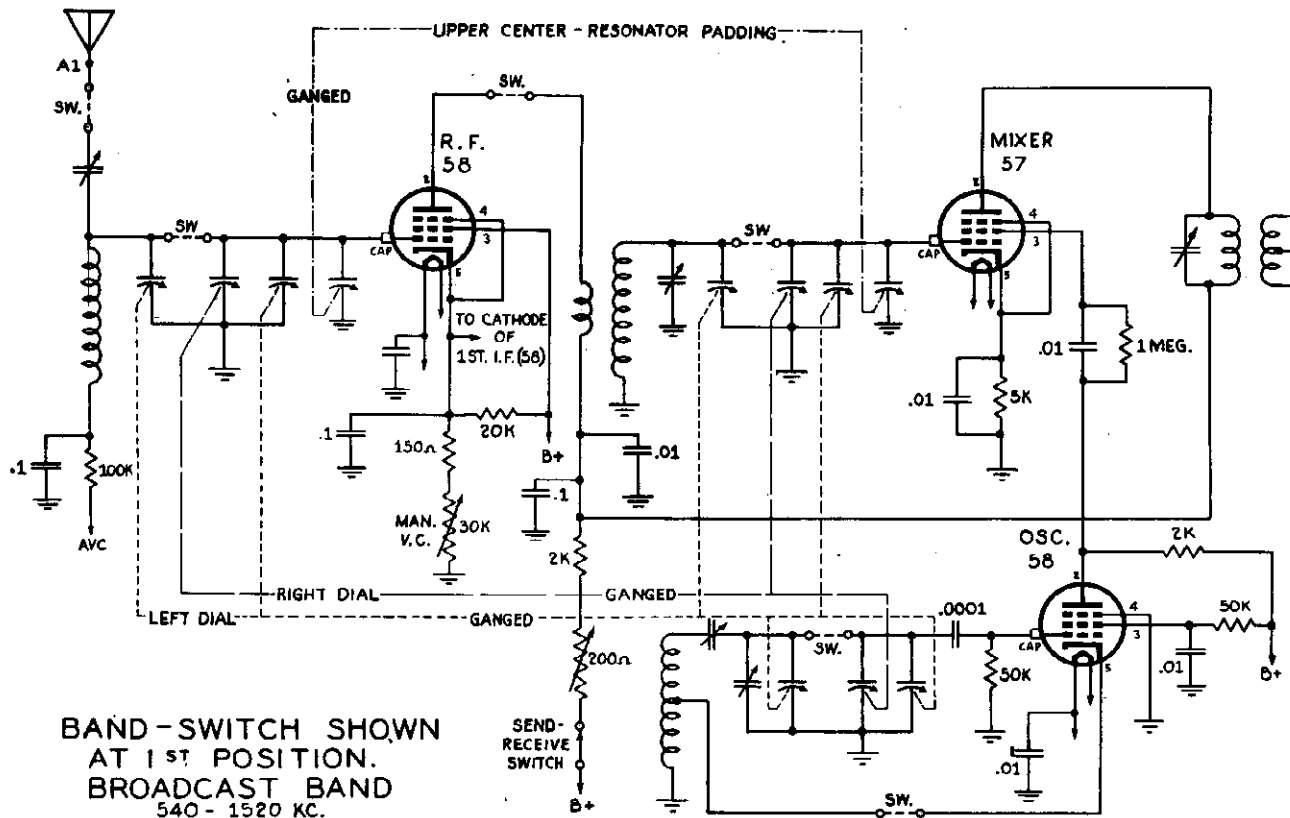
Position 1	540 KC	to	1520 KC
2	1500 KC	to	3200 KC
3	3100 KC	to	6500 KC
4	6300 KC	to	13000 KC
5	12000 KC	to	22000 KC

- Plus B tap on voltage divider.....230-250
- Plates of 58s and 57 to ground.....210-250
- Voltage divider tap to ground.....90-110
- Plate of 2A5 to ground.....220-250
- Cathode of 2A5 to ground.....17-19
- Cathode of 2B7 and IF amplifiers to ground.....2.5-3
- Screens of 2B7 and IF amplifiers to ground.....90-110
- Screens of 57 first detector to ground.....90-110
- Screen of 2A5 to ground.....70-120
- Plate of 2A5 to ground.....230-250
- Plate of 2B7 to ground.....80-110

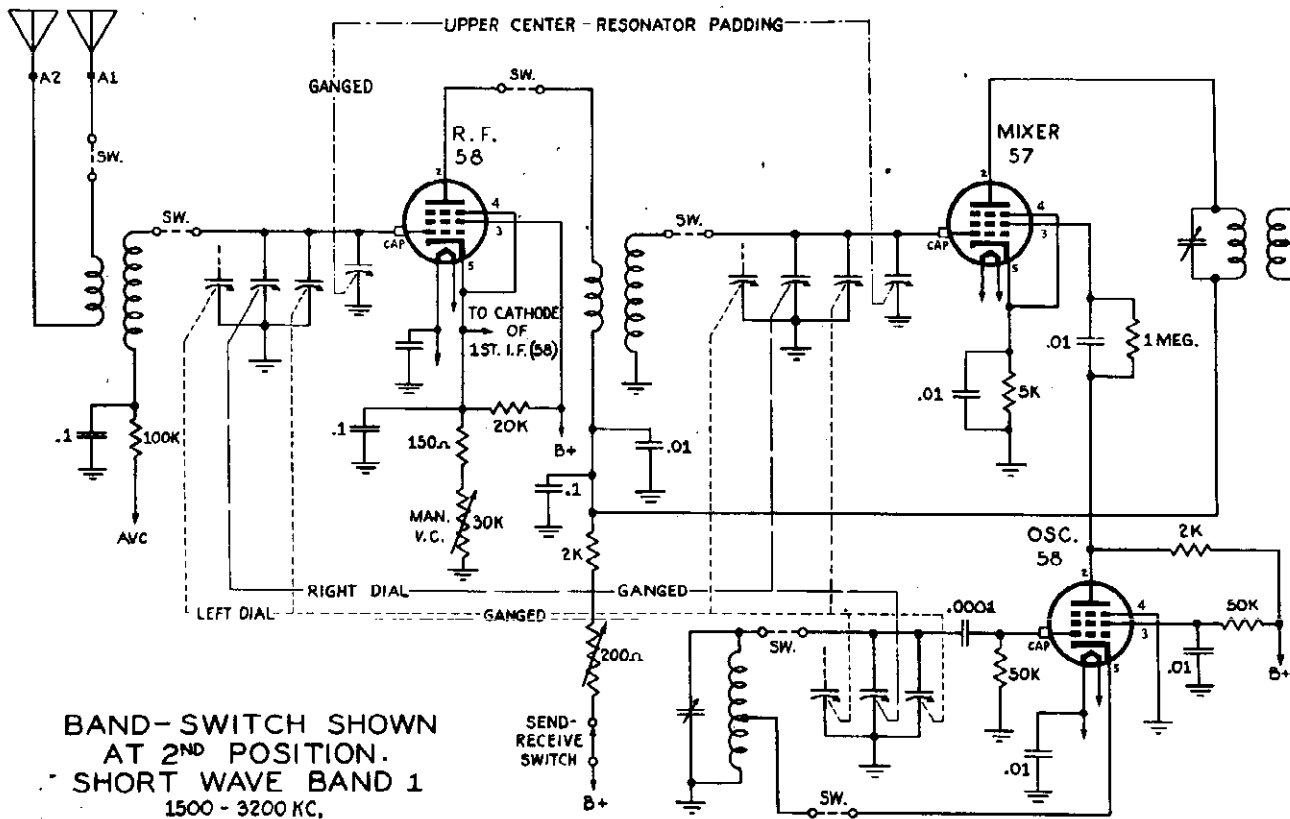
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MODEL 9D

RADIO MFG. ENG. INC.



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN AT 1ST POSITION.
BROADCAST BAND
540 - 1520 KC.



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN AT 2ND POSITION.
SHORT WAVE BAND 1
1500 - 3200 KC.

MODEL 9D

RADIO MFG. ENG. INC.

OPERATION OF THE CRYSTAL FILTER

To operate the crystal filter for single signal reception, the white dot on the knob "D" should be set to the position corresponding to "S" and the knob "C" adjusted slightly to a position where background response is a minimum. When tuning for CW signals using the crystal filter the tuning should be done with dial number 2, and rotation should be slow due to the sharp resonance characteristic of the filter. In case comparative elimination of noises does not occur when the selectivity control "C" is adjusted from side to side, it is possible that the balancing condenser has become misaligned. In order to adjust this alignment to the null point, use an insulated trimmer screw driver and adjust the pressure screw on the small mica trimmer condenser located just behind and below the crystal filter compartment. This is accessible by raising the receiver cabinet cover and removing the shield box cover of the crystal filter compartment. With the receiver more or less on the air or turned to station reception, this balance can be made by slightly turning the screw either way until minimum receiver response is obtained.

When phone stations are to be received the carrier may be tuned in and the selectivity control "C" adjusted to broaden the crystal response. Although the result will be mostly a low frequency audio output, sufficient articulation frequencies are passed to make phone reception intelligible. Of course, when the crystal is used for phone reception the apparent strength of the speaker output is reduced due to the fact that the crystal has eliminated most of the side bands of the modulated carrier and since these eliminated higher side band frequencies contain some of the sound energy going to the speaker, the net effect is a reduction in sound output. However, with CW reception, when the carrier to be received, is exactly tuned there is no reduction in the signal beat when the crystal is being used.

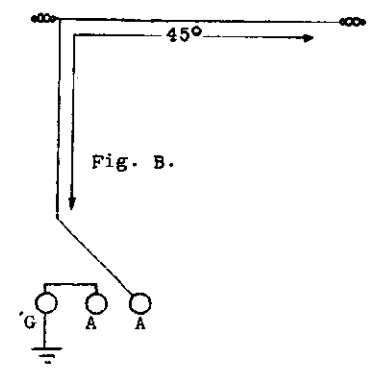
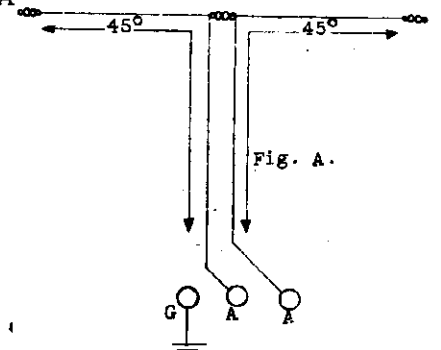
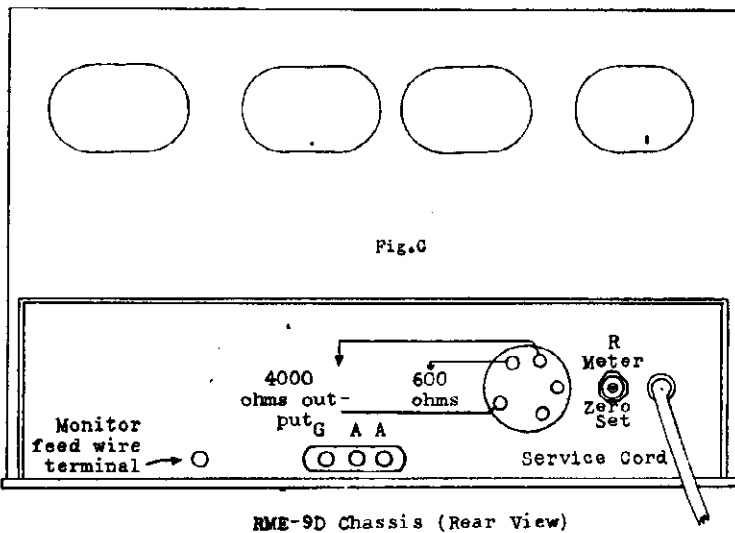
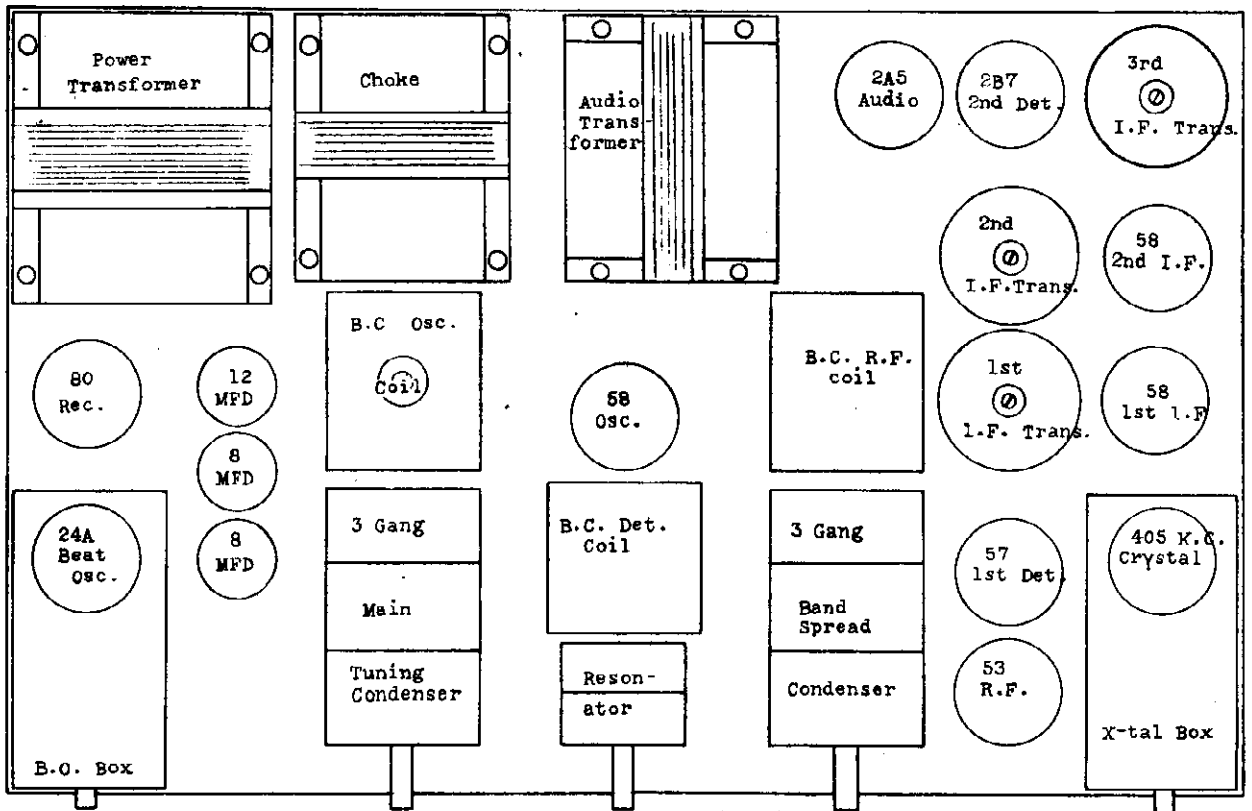
When the crystal is placed parallel in the filter circuit (knob "D" set to position B, diagram 40A) it tends to short circuit (series resonance) at its resonant frequency. This function is valuable for eliminating interfering heterodynes and its effect may be sharpened and broadened slightly in exactly the same way as the series operation of the filter. Its use in this manner is many times of invaluable service in connection with radio telephone reception.

THE MONITOR FOR MODULATION

On the rear of the chassis (Figure C) is a terminal marked "monitor feed wire terminal", which is used to connect a pick-up wire to the monitor circuit. By pulling out the knob "B" the monitor circuit is connected and the radio amplifier circuits disconnected. The monitor is intended for the checking of modulation quality of a transmitter in the proximity of the receiver. For this purpose 10 feet or so, of wire lying on the floor, may be connected to the monitor terminal post. If more or less is needed that fact can be determined by noting the magnitude of the audio output. When using the monitor it is recommended that listening be done with headphones to prevent audio feed-back, especially when the transmitter modulation originates at a nearby microphone. If transcription equipment is used the receiver loud speaker may be used. Volume may be controlled by the rotation of knob "B" in the same manner as the radio volume of the receiver is controlled.

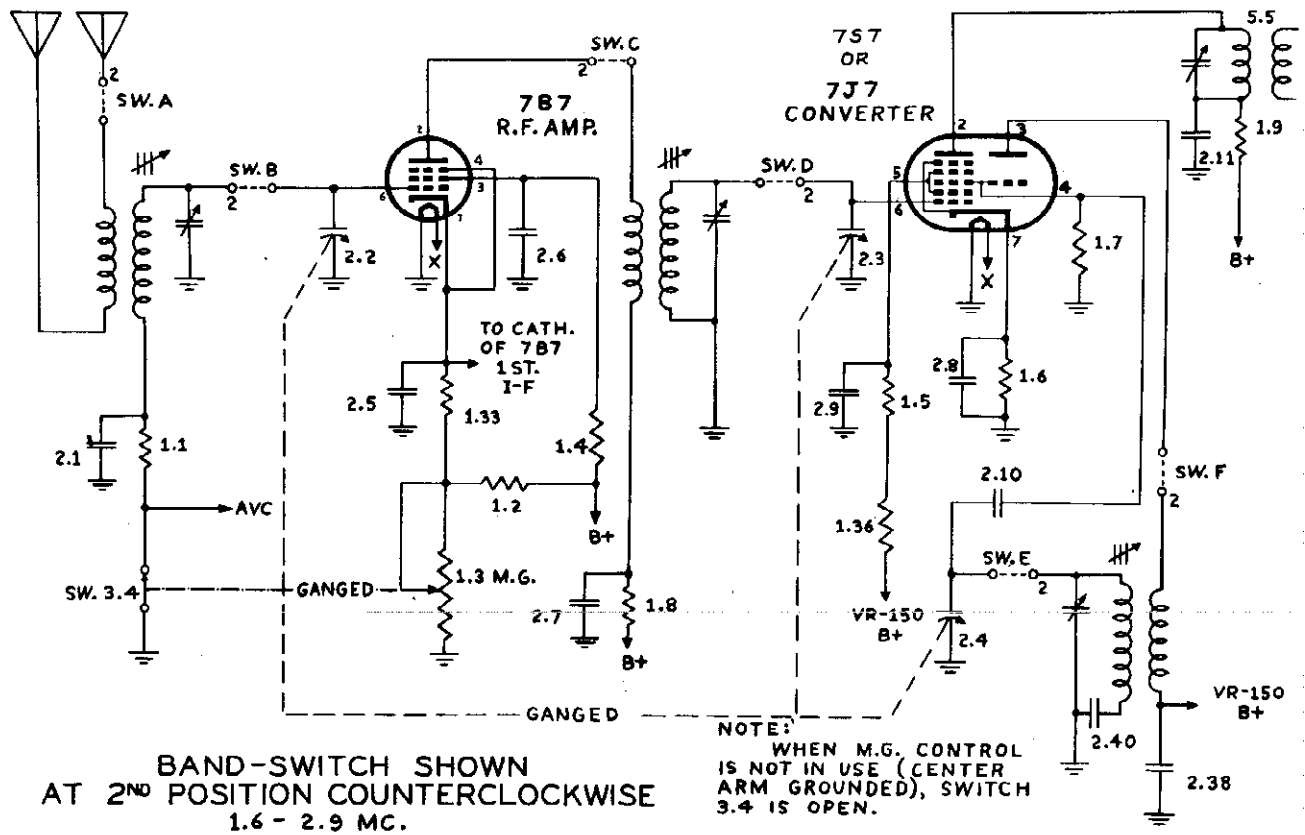
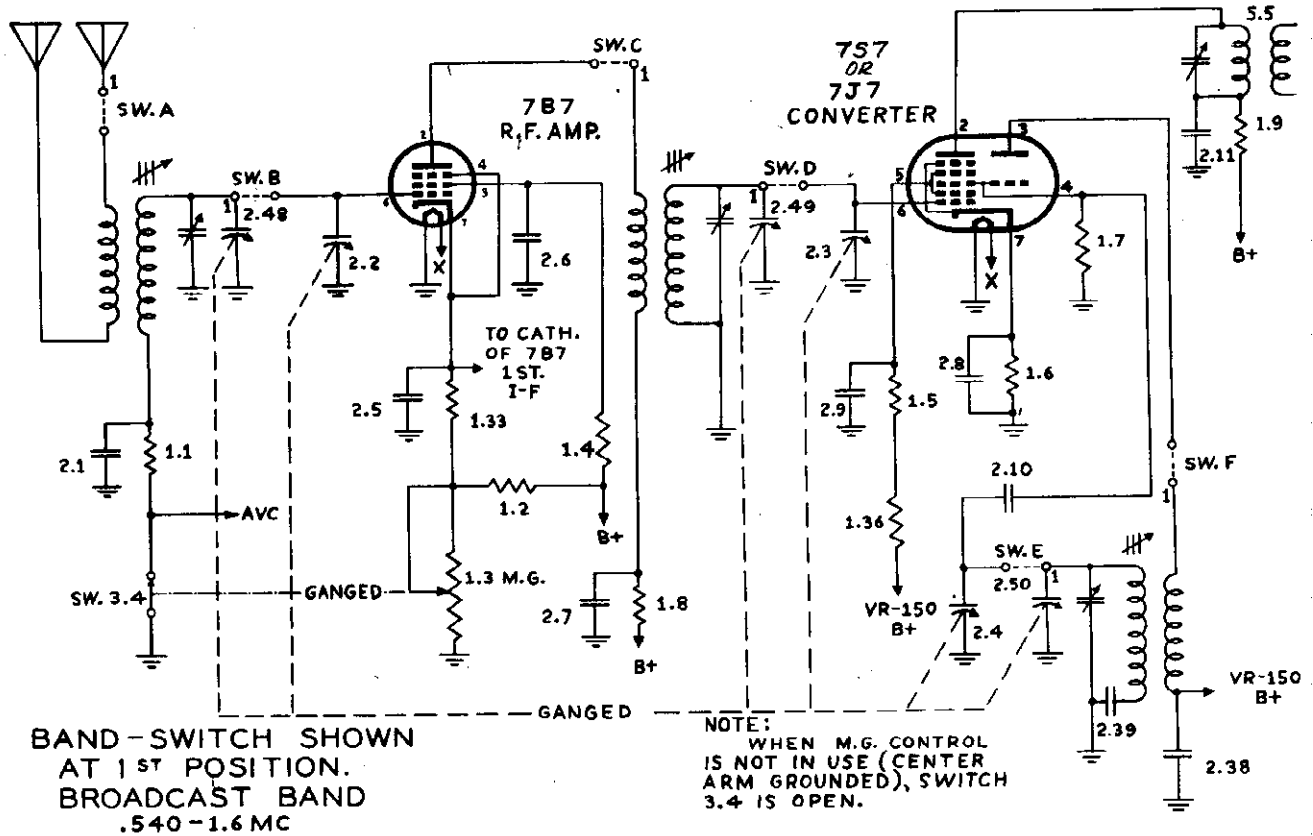
The monitor switch is operated by pulling on the knob "B" and thus also becomes the SEND-RECEIVE switch, since it opens the plate supply to the radio and IF amplifiers. The monitoring of CW signals can be accomplished by leaving the knob "B" pushed in toward the panel in the regular radio receiving position and the manual volume control and beat oscillator knob "F" turned considerably toward the maximum clockwise position. The frequency of the transmitter must then be tuned to by the regular tuning controls and the beat note will be heard in the same manner as that of any received signal. It may be necessary in this connection to remove the regular antenna and substitute a shorter length in case the received signal is too strong. However, the manual volume control knob "F", when in the maximum clockwise position, reduces the receiver's sensitivity to a point which will accommodate most amateur transmitters.

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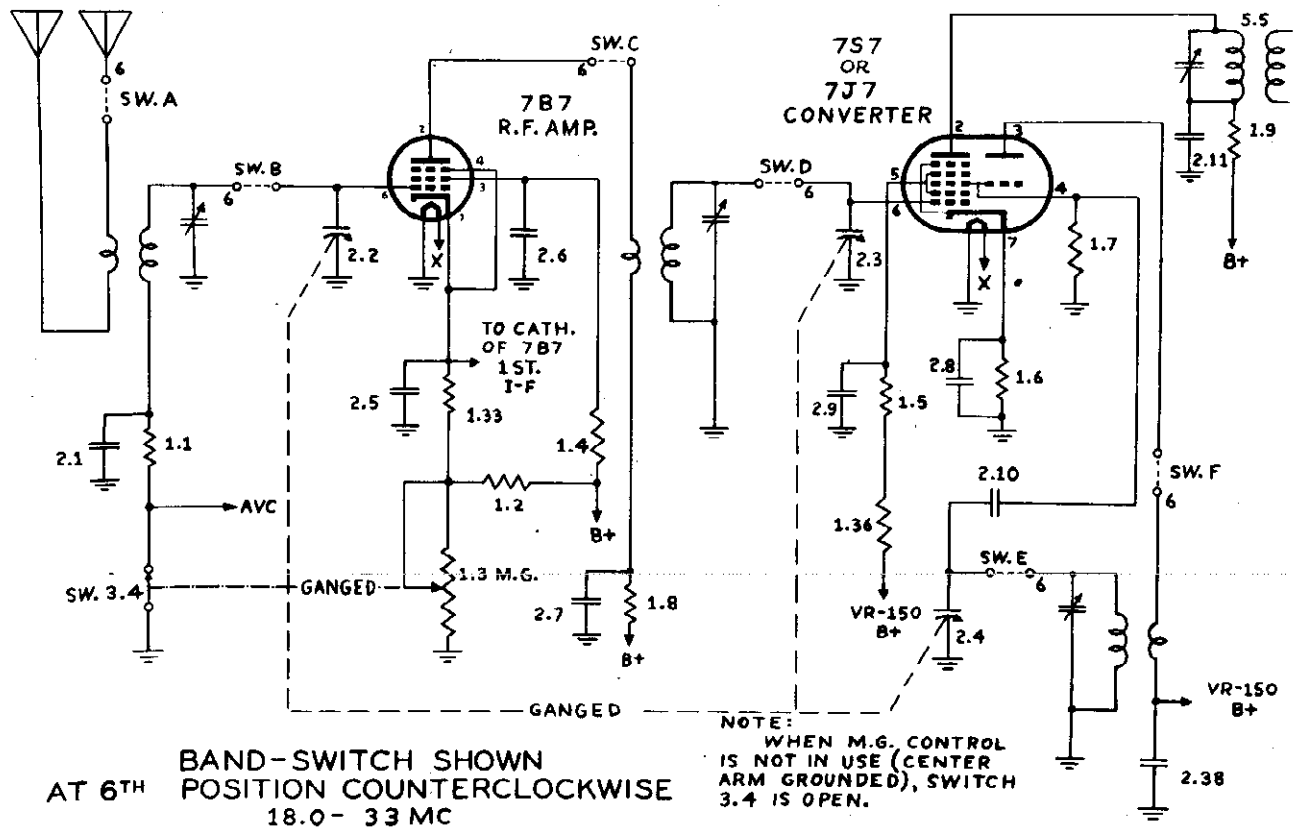
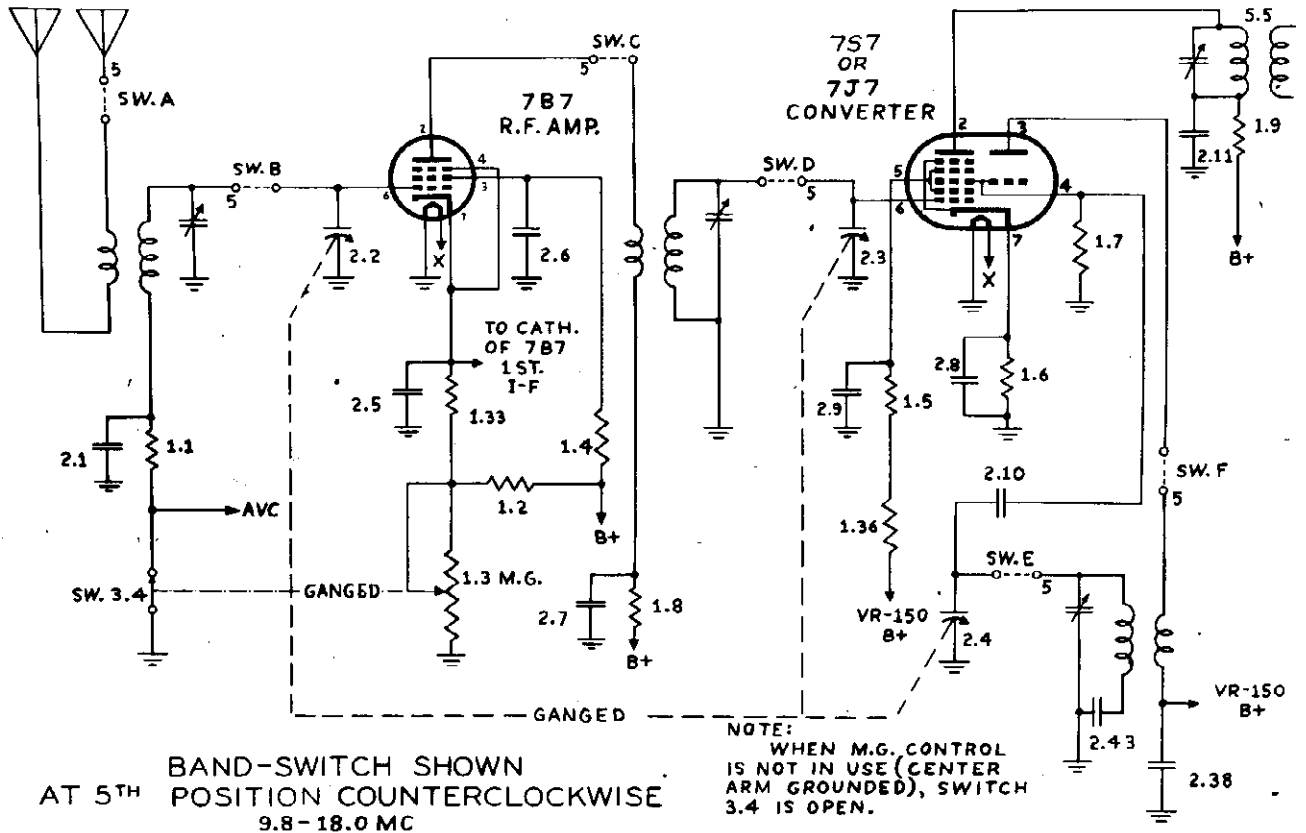
RADIO MFG. ENG. INC.



"clarified schematics"

RADIO MFG. ENG. INC.

MODEL 45 Early,
Late, Revised, 45



MODEL 45 Early,
Late, Revised

RADIO MFG. ENG. INC.

the scale indicates its frequency it may be brought in by adjusting the oscillator coil core. This may be done with a small screw driver through the small hole marked "BAND I OSC" on Fig. 3. Another station or signal is now selected near the high frequency end of the range (for example 1400 KC). If this signal is not heard when the dial is accurately set to its frequency it may be brought in by adjusting the padder under the large hole marked "BAND I OSC" by means of an insulated trimmer tool. When this signal is accurately brought in as indicated by a maximum reading on the carrier meter one should go back to the low frequency test point and readjust it if it has changed. It may be necessary to go back and forth several times until both frequencies are accurately calibrated.

The procedure in calibrating and aligning Band II is the same for Band I. On this band two frequencies, such as 1800 and 2800 KC may be used.

The four high frequency bands are calibrated and aligned by removing the bottom plate from the receiver. The screws holding the four rubber feet and the four small screws between them are removed. This allows the bottom plate to be removed. It will be found that an aluminum plate covers the coils. This plate has holes over the 12 padders and all adjustments should be made with this plate in position.

Since the inductance of the coils are accurately adjusted and set at the factory it is necessary only to calibrate one frequency on each band. The same applies to the alignment of the RF and detector padders. Suggested calibration points for each band are as follows:

Band III	5 MC.
Band IV	9 MC.
Band V	16 MC.
Band VI	30 MC.

From the bottom sketch on Fig. 3 the location of each of the 3 padders for each band may be readily located. Note in particular the location of Band V and VI padders. Adjustments should be made with insulated screw driver type of trimmer tool.

High frequency beat is used on all bands. That is to say, that the oscillator is 455 KC higher in frequency than the signal received.

If sufficient input is used each signal can be received at two points, differing by 910 kilocycles. The other signal is the image or "low beat" signal. The higher frequency signal received, according to the receiver dial, is the proper one and the circuits should be aligned to it.

When using a signal generator or test oscillator to align the set a resistor of about 300 ohms should be inserted between the signal generator and the antenna connection. This will prevent misaligning of the RF stage caused by the connection of the low impedance of the signal generators output circuit across the receiver input.

In order that the full capabilities of the crystal filter in the Model 45 be realized the following procedure in tuning it is recommended:

On the top of the crystal filter box is a trimmer (Fig. 1). The easiest way to adjust this trimmer is to tune in a station in the broadcast band that is broadcasting music, preferably an orchestra. The XTAL SELECTIVITY switch should be turned to Position 5 and the signal tuned in accurately on the crystal. The XTAL PHASING control should be adjusted to give minimum background noise. The SELECTIVITY control is then turned to Position 1. The trimmer should then be carefully adjusted. As the trimmer is turned it will be found that the character of the music changes. The trimmer should be set to a point that rounds the most natural. If the adjustment is made carefully there will be a regular sharpening of the receiver as the SELECTIVITY switch is turned from "Off" to Position 5.

SERVICE NOTES FOR THE RME-45 RECEIVER

If the owner has available an accurate signal generator he may, by following the steps outlined in succeeding paragraphs, realign and recalibrate the receiver. If a signal generator is not available he may take the receiver to a reputable service man to have the work done. In addition to the signal generator an insulated screw driver will be required.

NOTE: The "R" meter makes an excellent resonance indicating device. All adjustments are made with the AVC SB.

I. I. ALIGNMENT

The I.F. frequency of the RME-45 is 455 KC. The bandswitch should be turned to Band I. The tuning dial should be turned to the low frequency end (.55Mc). The hot lead from the signal generator is clipped to the lug on the detector section (middle) of the tuning condenser. With the signal generator set to 455 KC., each padder on the 1st, 2nd and 3rd I.F. transformers (see Fig. 1) are carefully adjusted for maximum response as indicated on the meter.

NOTE: The frequency of the signal generator must be set accurately to that of the crystal. This is done in the following manner:

Turn the crystal selectivity switch to Position 5. Carefully adjust the signal generator frequency until the carrier meter rises sharply. The signal generator is now accurately on the crystal frequency. The crystal selectivity switch is turned to "Off" and the three I.F. transformers are aligned as before.

HEAT OSCILLATOR ADJUSTMENT

With the signal generator connected as for aligning I.F. circuits, turn "B.O. SWITCH" on and set "B.O. PITCH" control pointer vertical. With an insulated screw driver adjust B.O. padder (See Fig. 1) until zero beat is obtained.

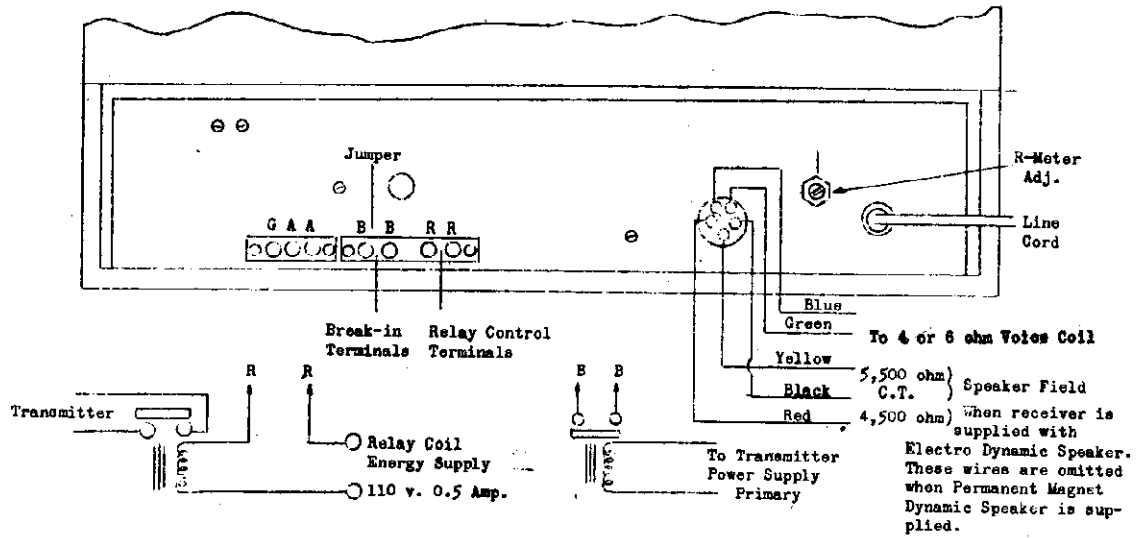
ALIGNMENT OF THE RADIO FREQUENCY SECTION

Alignment of the radio frequency section of the receiver will affect, principally, the calibration of the receiver. Within certain limits this, of course, will also affect the sensitivity. Small variations in frequency (up to 2%) will not materially reduce the sensitivity of the receiver, although they will, of course, show up as variations in the calibration as indicated by the setting of the MAIN TUNING DIAL. Correction of any variation of calibration can be made by following the suggestions outlined in the following paragraphs.

Band I includes frequencies between 540 and 1600 KC. For Band I there are two frequency adjustments for adjusting the dial to the proper calibration. The adjustments are made on the top of the chassis through the dust cover over the Band I and II coils. The proper holes for making the adjustments are indicated on the top sketch on Fig. 3. There are 6 sets of large and small holes each. The two sets toward the rear of the chassis are the oscillator adjustments. The set toward the front are the RF stage adjustments; and the center set are for the detector. Under the large hole is a padder for adjusting the high frequency coil and adjusts the low frequency end.

The next step is to choose a station or a signal of accurately known frequency on the low frequency end of the range (for example 600KC.) and set the main tuning scale to read this frequency. If the station is not tuned in which

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Relay to Control transmitter typical circuit diagram for connecting of relay control. Connect to terminal pair marked "R" on receiver. Relay closes when Stand-by Switch is turned to "Trans".

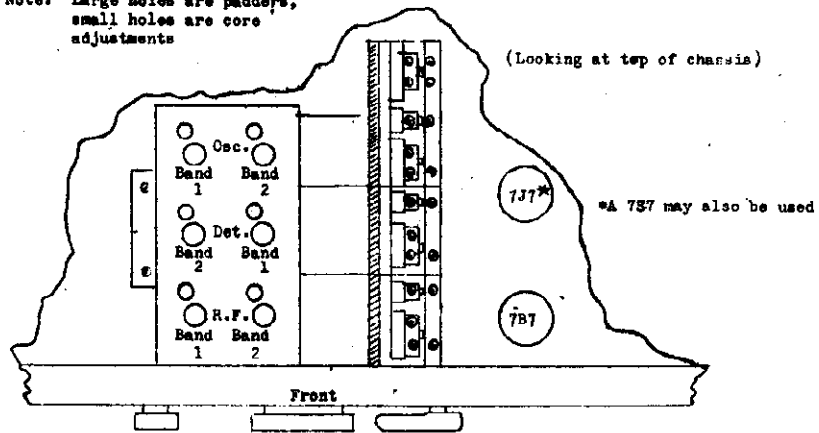
Typical circuit for remote break-in control of receiver. Terminal pair marked "B" on receiver connect to "B - B". Circuit between "B" pair is closed when relay or remote switch is closed during transmitter stand-by periods. Break-in terminals must be shorted if above circuit is not used.

FIGURE 2

ALIGNING ADJUSTMENTS

Low Frequency (Bands 1 & 2)

Note: Large holes are padders, small holes are core adjustments



High Frequency (Bands 3, 4, 5 & 6)

(Looking at bottom of set with cabinet bottom removed)

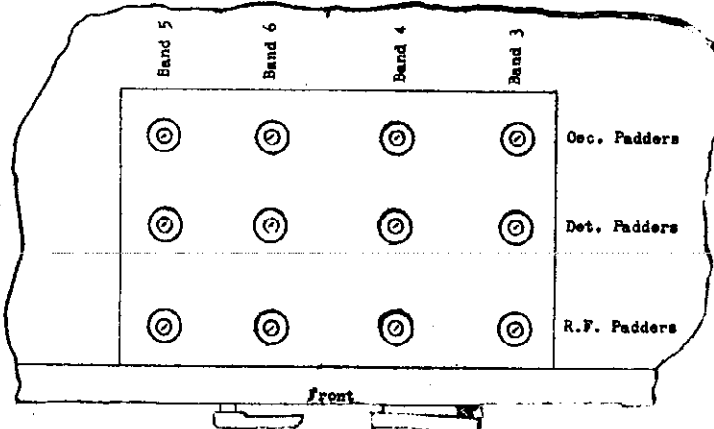


FIGURE 3

MODEL 45 Early,
Late, Revised

RADIO MFG. ENG. INC.

TEST VOLTAGES OBTAINED AT VARIOUS POINTS IN RECEIVER CIRCUIT

Measurements made with a voltmeter having internal resistance of 1000 ohms per volt. Instruments with lower internal resistance may give entirely different readings.
NOTE: Line voltage should be 115 volts, Stand-by switch on.

<u>PLACE TEST PRODS BETWEEN</u>	<u>CORRECT VOLTAGE</u>
Radio frequency amplifier plate and ground	290 volts
Radio frequency amplifier screen and ground	107.5 volts
Radio frequency amplifier cathode and ground	3 volts
Converter plate (pentode section) and ground	310 volts
Converter screen (pentode section) and ground	107.5 volts
Oscillator supply and ground	150 volts *(168V)
First I.F. amplifier plate and ground	290 volts
First I.F. amplifier screen and ground	107.5 volts
First I.F. amplifier cathode and ground	3 volts
(The same voltages apply to the 2nd I.F. stage)	
7C7 plate and ground	43 volts
7C7 screen and ground	112.5 volts
7C7 cathode and ground	3.1 volts
7C5 plate and ground	290 volts
7C5 screen and ground	305 volts
7C5 cathode and ground	13.5 volts
VR-150 plate to ground	150 volts
80 rectifier filament and ground	325 volts
B.O. plate supply and ground	125 volts
(B.O. turned on)	

These voltages are subject to a fluctuation of $\pm 15\%$ without indication of material difficulties.

CONTINUITY CHECKS

Receiver turned off. No jumper between "A" and "G" on antenna terminal strip.

<u>PLACE TEST PRODS BETWEEN</u>	<u>RESISTANCE</u>
A-1 and ground	Infinite
A-2 and ground	Infinite
"G" and ground	Short
RF amp. grid and ground	1.6 meg. $\pm 20\%$ *(1.1 meg)
Converter grid and ground	Band 1 3.5 ohms
	Band 2 1.5 ohms
	Band 3 .3 ohm
	Band 4 .2 ohm
	Band 5 .1 ohm
	Band 6 .1 ohm
First I.F. Grid and ground	1.6 meg. $\pm 20\%$ *(1.5 meg)
Second I.F. Grid and ground	1.6 meg. $\pm 20\%$ *(1.5 meg)
Oscillator grid and ground	50,000 ohms $\pm 20\%$
B.O. Grid and ground	100,000 ohms $\pm 20\%$
7C7 Grid and ground	250,000 ohms to 0 ohm as audio gain control is rotated.
7C5 Grid and ground	250,000 ohms $\pm 20\%$
Oscillator section of tuning condenser and ground	Bands 1,2,3,4,5 Infinite Band 6 .1 ohm

I.F. Frequency: 455 Kilocycles

Power Consumption at 115 volts, 90 watts

Audio Output: 3 watts

Audio Frequency Response: 100 to 5,000 cycles per second ± 2.5 db.

Voice Coil Impedance: 4 ohms. *(6 ohms)

When supplied with an Electro Dynamic Speaker Field Coil Resistance: 10,000 ohms
Tapped at: 4,500 ohms

*In Early model

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RME-45 PARTS LIST

RESISTORS

1.1	100,000 ohms, 1/2 watt
1.2	50,000 ohms, 1 watt
1.3	30,000 ohms, Variable
1.4	2,000 ohms, 1/2 watt
1.5	2,000 ohms, 1/2 watt
1.6	300 ohms, 1/2 watt
1.7	50,000 ohms, 1/2 watt
1.8	2,000 ohms, 1/2 watt
1.9	2,000 ohms, 1/2 watt
1.10	100,000 ohms, 1/2 watt
1.11	100,000 ohms, 1/2 watt
1.12	2,000 ohms, 1/2 watt
1.13	2,000 ohms, 1/2 watt
1.14	100,000 ohms, 1/2 watt
1.15	300 ohms, 1/2 watt
1.16	2,000 ohms, 1/2 watt
1.17	100,000 ohms, 1/2 watt
1.18	50,000 ohms, 1/2 watt
1.19	50,000 ohms, 1/2 watt
1.20	50,000 ohms, 1/2 watt
1.21	250,000 ohms, Variable
1.22	250,000 ohms, 1/2 watt
1.23	1,000 ohms, 1/2 watt
1.24	1 Megohm, 1/2 watt
1.25	100,000 ohms, 1/2 watt
1.26	1 Megohm, Variable
1.27	250,000 ohms, 1/2 watt
1.28	240 ohms, 1 watt
1.29	35 ohms, 1/2 watt
1.30	20,000 ohms, 1/2 watt
1.31	1 Megohm, 1/2 watt
1.32	250,000 ohms, 1/2 watt
1.33	150 ohms, 1/2 watt
1.34	200 ohms, Variable
1.35	1,500 ohms, 1/2 watt
1.36	10,000 ohms, 1 watt
1.37	250,000 ohms, 1/2 watt
1.38	100,000 ohms, 1/2 watt
1.39	50,000 ohms, 1/2 watt
1.40	5,000 ohms, 1/2 watt
1.41	2,000 ohms, 1/2 watt
1.42	680,000 ohms, 1/2 watt 20%
1.43	6,800 ohms, 2 watt 10%

INDUCTANCES

4.1	Filter Choke
4.2	B.O. Coil
4.3	Xtal Filter Coil

TRANSFORMERS

5.1	Power Trans.
5.2	Output Trans.
5.3	#3 I.F. Trans.
5.4	#2 I.F. Trans.
5.5	#1 I.F. Trans.

NOTE: In Early models all resistors are 1/3 watt. Resistor 1.36 is 2000 ohms; condenser 2.25 is 1.0 μ fd. In Late and Revised models, resistor 1.44 is 5500 ohms, 10 watts

CONDENSERS

2.1	.1 μ fd. 400 volt paper
2.2	R.F. Section Tuning Condenser
2.3	Det. Section Tuning Condenser
2.4	Osc. Section Tuning Condenser
2.5	.01 μ fd. 400 volt paper
2.6	.01 μ fd. 400 volt paper
2.7	.01 μ fd. 400 volt paper
2.8	.01 μ fd. 400 volt paper
2.9	.01 μ fd. 400 volt paper
2.10	100 μ fd. Mica
2.11	.01 μ fd. 400 volt paper
2.12	50 μ fd. Mica
2.13	50 μ fd. Mica
2.14	.01 μ fd. 400 volt paper
2.15	.01 μ fd. 400 volt paper
2.16	.01 μ fd. 400 volt paper
2.17	.01 μ fd. 400 volt paper
2.18	.01 μ fd. 400 volt paper
2.19	.01 μ fd. 400 volt paper
2.20	.01 μ fd. 400 volt paper
2.21	250 μ fd. Mica
2.22	20 μ fd. 25 v. electrolytic
2.23	20 μ fd. 25 v. electrolytic
2.24	.1 μ fd. 400 volt paper
2.25	.01 μ fd. 200 volt paper
2.26	.1 μ fd. 400 volt paper
2.27	.01 μ fd. 400 volt paper
2.28	100 μ fd. Mica
2.29	100 μ fd. Mica
2.30	50 μ fd. Variable
2.31	100 μ fd. Mica Padder
2.32	100 μ fd. Mica Padder
2.33	.01 μ fd. 400 volt Paper
2.34	10 μ fd.)
2.35	15 μ fd.) 3 Section Filter Condenser
2.36	15 μ fd.)
2.37	.01 μ fd. 400 volt Paper
2.38	.01 μ fd. 400 volt Paper
2.39	550 μ fd. Mica
2.40	600 μ fd. Mica
2.41	1300 μ fd. Mica
2.42	1700 μ fd. Mica
2.43	3900 μ fd. Mica
2.44	100 μ fd. Mica Padder
2.45	10 μ fd. Variable
2.46	.1 μ fd. 400 volt Paper
2.47	100 μ fd. Mica - 500 V.V.
2.48)	
2.49)	L.F. Sections of Tuning Condenser
2.50)	
2.51	1 μ fd. 400 volt Paper

SWITCHES

3.1	3 Position, 2 Pole, Start-by Switch
3.2	S.P.S.T. Line Switch on Tone Control
3.3	S.P.S.T. Beat Oscillator Switch
3.4	S.P.S.T. AVC Switch on Manual Gain Control
3.5	5 Position, 1 Pole Xtal Switch

MODEL 45 Early,
Late, Revised, 45B

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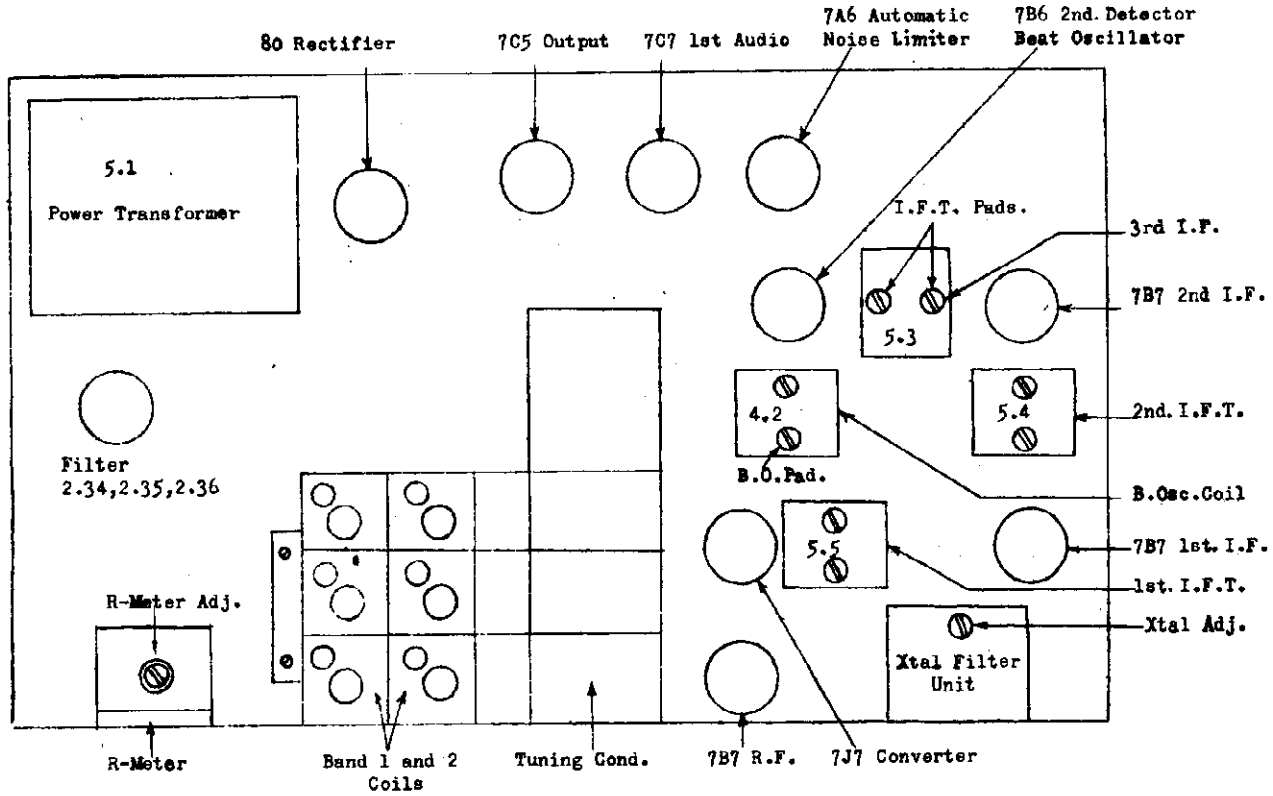
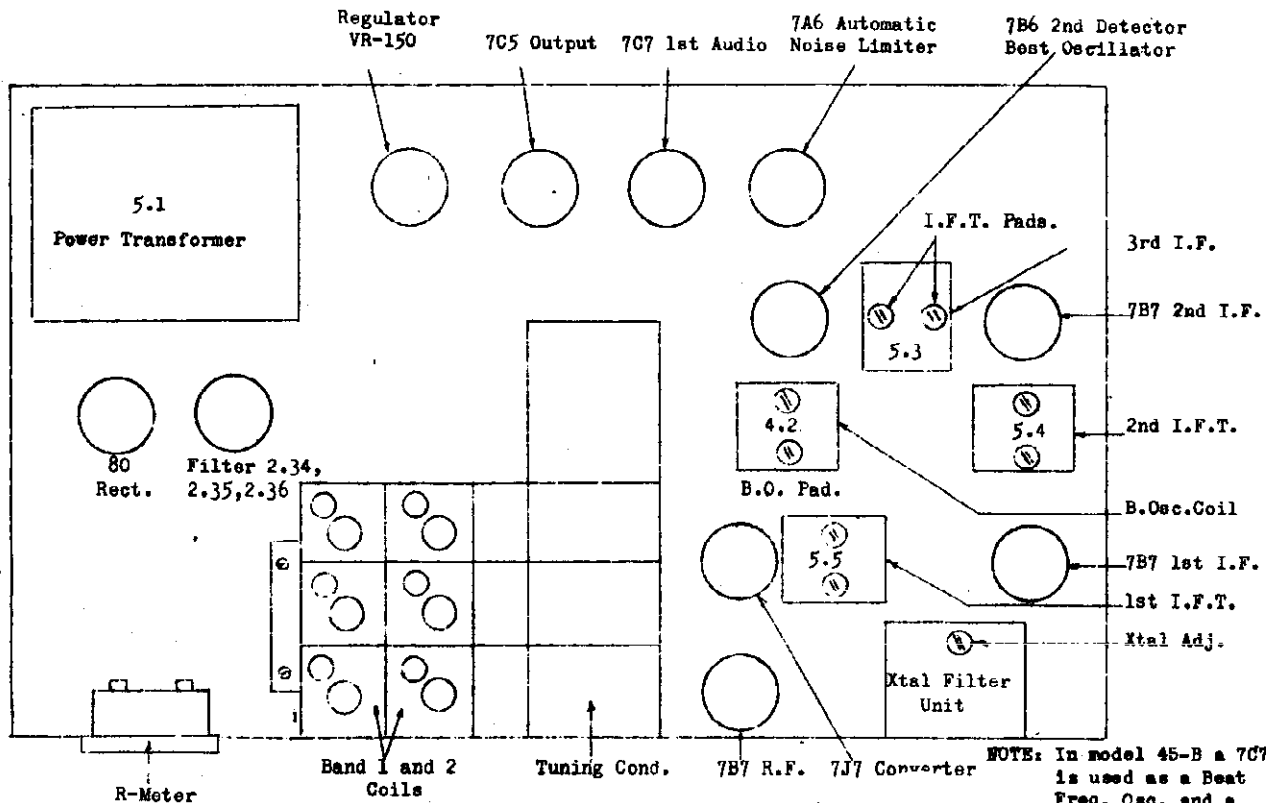


FIGURE I

RME-45 EARLY

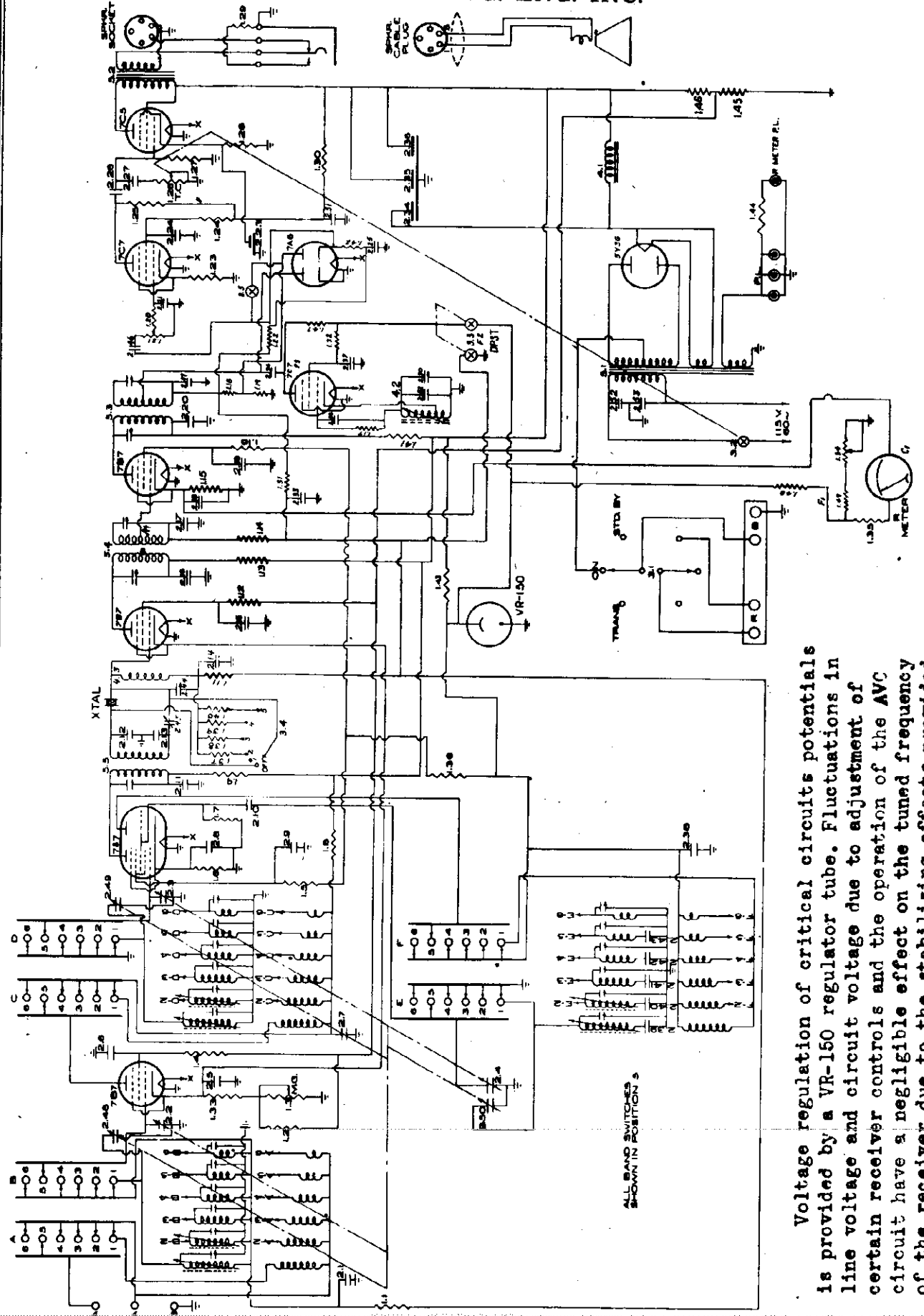


RME-45 LATE, REVISED, and 45-B

FIGURE I

NOTE: In model 45-B a 7C7 is used as a Beat Freq. Osc. and a 5Y3G is used as the rectifier tube.

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Voltage regulation of critical circuits potentials is provided by a VR-150 regulator tube. Fluctuations in line voltage and circuit voltage due to adjustment of certain receiver controls and the operation of the AVC circuit have a negligible effect on the tuned frequency of the receiver due to the stabilizing effects provided by this regulator.

**MODEL 45 Early,
Late, Revised. 45B**
RADIO MFG. ENG. INC.

to the right to "Standby" it will be dead. The third position labeled "Trans" also makes the receiver inoperative and, in addition, closes the relay circuit as mentioned previously.

The AUDIO GAIN Control to the left of the stand-by switch is used to adjust the audio volume to the desired level.

Below the control panel is a toggle switch labeled B.O. SWITCH turning on the beat oscillator. The beat oscillator is indispensable in the reception of CW signals and is an aid in locating weak phone carriers.

The pitch of the beat frequency may be varied by means of the control labeled B.O. Pitch.

The beat oscillator may be used either with or without the automatic volume control (AVC). It is usually more satisfactory to receive CW signals with the AVC less effective. This may be accomplished by turning the control labeled R.F. GAIN slightly counter clockwise. Continued counter clockwise rotation of this control reduces the gain of the receiver manually. Automatic control of the receiver gain is fully effective only when the R.F. GAIN control knob is rotated to and set at its maximum clockwise position (position approximately marked AVC). The position of this control is also intimately related to the proper operation of the CARRIER LEVEL or "R" meter. (See paragraph on CARRIER LEVEL meter).

Below the control panel on the left is a jack marked "PHONES". Any pair of good headphones may be plugged into this jack for headphone reception. When the phones are plugged in the speaker is automatically cut out.

The CARRIER LEVEL meter is supplied with the Model 45. This meter indicates the average value of the carrier being received. The meter is calibrated in db as well as in conventional numbers. As in previous RME models a signal difference of 1-R is equivalent to 6 db, and R-9 is equivalent to 100 microvolts input to the receiver. A signal should always be tuned so as to give a maximum reading on the meter. The meter should be adjusted to zero with the antenna disconnected by means of the screw on the rear of the chassis (See Fig. 2). It should be noted here that the accurate functioning of the CARRIER LEVEL meter depends on the setting of the R.F. GAIN control. The R.F. GAIN control should always be rotated to the MAXIMUM clockwise position and left there when it is desired to use the CARRIER LEVEL meter (this position is marked approximately by the designation AVC).

The CRYSTAL FILTER has two controls. The top control marked "XTAL SELECTIVITY" makes it possible to select the desired amount of selectivity for best results. Turning the control to "OFF" removes the crystal from the circuit. Rotating the control to the right changes the selectivity from a broad crystal characteristic at "1" suitable for phone reception to a razor-sharp characteristic at "5" for CW reception.

The CRYSTAL PHASING control should be adjusted to give minimum background noise. This setting will depend somewhat on particular conditions. This control may also be used to wipe out an interfering signal. Expert manipulation of the crystal filter usually comes only after a certain amount of practice.

An AUTOMATIC NOISE LIMITER is incorporated in the receiver circuit. No adjustment is required. The circuit is of a type that automatically adjusts itself to maximum effectiveness.

The action of the noise limiter is such that a slight amount of distortion is introduced on the signal. Therefore when it is desired to do so the noise limiter may be switched out of the circuit. This is accomplished by pulling "OFF" on the audio gain control. The shaft of this control flats and can be moved in and out with respect to the panel. When the knob is IN toward the panel the noise limiter is IN the circuit; when it is OUT from the panel the noise limiter is OUT of the circuit.

OPERATION

Each control on the RME-45 receiver has a definite function and the operator should familiarize himself with their purpose and operation in order to obtain the best results.

The Cal-O-Matic two speed tuning system is one of the important features of the RME-45.

The tuning mechanism uses a preloaded gear train which is entirely free from backlash. The smaller tuning knob rotates approximately five times while the larger one is turning once. This two speed tuning control enables the operator to cover a frequency band at the correct rate with the larger knob and to tune in a weak signal or one partially covered by other signals with the smaller one.

Elimination of the bandspread condenser lowers the losses in the RF circuit and therefore gives great gain and greater stability.

Five Amateur bands are directly calibrated on the bandspread dial, but the Cal-O-Matic tuning system also includes an easy and accurate method of logging any frequency between 550 kc and 33,000 kc.

The inner half circle on the megacycle scale is divided into five sections, 0 through 4, and the inner circumference of the bandspread dial is marked off in 100 equal divisions. While the red pointer is covering one of the megacycle scale sections the bandspread dial makes one complete revolution. After a station has been heard it can be logged accurately by using the two sets of figures.

For example, if a station is heard on band 5 with the pointer in section 3 of the megacycle scale and with the bandspread dial at 28, that station is definitely logged at 328 because it will always be found at 328 on band 5. Or, if a station is logged at 173 on band 3, it is always tuned in on band 3 by turning the knob until the red pointer is in section 1 of the megacycle scale and until 73 comes up on the bandspread dial.

This method of logging enables the operator to return to a station very quickly and since there is no other dial to pre-set the station is always found at the same place.

In order to receive a frequency in one of the Amateur bands it is necessary only to set the band-change switch on the proper band and to tune the receiver until the red pointer is opposite the approximate frequency on the megacycle scale. The Amateur frequency may then be read directly from the calibrated bandspread dial.

The BAND SELECTOR SWITCH selects the frequency range desired. The range of the receiver is divided into 6 bands. The range covered by each band is as follows:

Band I	.540	to	1.6 MC	American Broadcast
Band II	1.6	to	2.9 MC	
Band III	2.9	to	5.4 MC	
Band IV	5.4	to	9.8 MC	
Band V	9.8	to	18.0 MC	
Band VI	18.0	to	33.0 MC	

Actually these figures do not represent the full range of each band since there is considerable overlap between the end of one band and the start of the next.

The LINE TONE control turns the receiver on and off. As the control is turned clockwise the line switch will close. Continued turning of the knob controls the audio response.

The STAND-BY SWITCH on the extreme right end of the control panel is used to make the receiver inoperative without turning off the line switch. When the control is in the center at "on" the receiver will operate, when it is turned

RADIO MFG. ENG. INC.

TEST VOLTAGES OBTAINED AT VARIOUS POINTS IN RECEIVED CIRCUIT

Measurements made with a voltmeter having internal resistance of 1000 ohms per volt. Instruments with lower internal resistance may give entirely different readings. NOTE: Line voltage should be 115 volts. Stand-by switch on.

PLACE TEST PRODS. BETWEEN

TEST POINT	VOLTAGE
Radio frequency amplifier plate and ground	240 volts
Radio frequency amplifier screen and ground	107.5 volts
Radio frequency amplifier cathode and ground	3 volts
Converter plate (pentode section) and ground	310 volts
Converter screen (pentode section) and ground	107.5 volts
Oscillator supply and ground	290 volts
First I.F. amplifier plate and ground	107.5 volts
First I.F. amplifier screen and ground	3 volts
First I.F. amplifier cathode and ground	43 volts
(Use same voltages apply to the 2nd I.F. stage)	
7C7 plate and ground	112.5 volts
7C7 screen and ground	3-1 volts
7C7 cathode and ground	290 volts
7C5 plate and ground	305 volts
7C5 screen and ground	13.5 volts
7C5 cathode and ground	150 volts
Va-150 plate to ground	185 volts
533C rectifier filament and ground	185 volts

(Note: These voltages are subject to a fluctuation of 1% without indication of material difficulties)

PROXIMITY CHECKS

Receiver turned off. No jumper between "A" and "G" on antenna terminal strip.

PLACE TEST PRODS. BETWEEN

TEST POINT	VOLTAGE
A-1 and ground	Infinite
A-2 and ground	Infinite
"G" and ground	Short
RF amp. grid and ground	1 meg. $\pm 20\%$
Converter grid and ground	Band 1 1.5 ohms
	Band 2 1.5 ohms
	Band 3 3 ohms
	Band 4 2 ohms
	Band 5 1 ohm
	Band 6 1 ohm
First I.F. grid and ground	1 meg. $\pm 20\%$
Second I.F. grid and ground	1 meg. $\pm 20\%$
Oscillator grid and ground	50,000 ohms $\pm 20\%$
B.O. grid and ground	100,000 ohms $\pm 20\%$
7C7 grid and ground	250,000 ohms to 0 ohm as audio main control is rotated.
7C5 grid and ground	250,000 ohms $\pm 20\%$
Oscillator section of tuning condenser and ground	Bands 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 Infinite
	Band 6 1 ohm

TUBES:	USE
1*	A.F. Amplifier
2*	Converter
3*	1st I.F. amplifier
4*	2nd I.F. amplifier
5*	Beat Frequency Oscillator
6*	2nd Detector & Automatic Noise Limiter
7*	1st A.F. amplifier
8*	Output amplifier
9*	Rectifier
10*	Regulator

R&E-45 PARTS LIST

Eng. C-196
Rev. 090846 - B

RESISTORS (CONTINUED)

1.25	100,000 ohms, 1/2 watt
1.26	1 megohm, Variable
1.27	250,000 ohms, 1/2 watt
1.28	240 ohms, 1 watt
1.29	35 ohms, 1/2 watt
1.30	20,000 ohms, 1/2 watt
1.31	1 megohm, 1/2 watt
1.32	100,000 ohms, 1/2 watt
1.33	150 ohm, 1/2 watt
1.34	200 ohm, Variable
1.35	1,500 ohms, 1/2 watt
1.36	10,000 ohms, 1/2 watt
1.37	250,000 ohms, 1/2 watt
1.38	100,000 ohms, 1/2 watt
1.39	50,000 ohms, 1/2 watt
1.40	2,000 ohms, 1/2 watt
1.41	2,000 ohms, 1/2 watt
1.42	680,000 ohms, 1/2 watt 20
1.43	5,000 ohms, 5 watt 10%
1.44	20 ohms, 1/2 watt
1.45	4,500 ohms, 10 watt Bleeder
1.46	5,500 ohms, 10 watt Bleeder
1.47	10,000 ohms, 1/2 watt
1.48	50,000 ohms, 1 watt
1.49	500 ohms, 1/2 watt

CONDENSERS (CONTINUED)

2.29	5 μ fd. Mica
2.30	25 μ fd. Variable
2.31	200 μ fd. Mica Padder
2.32	.01 μ fd. 400 volt Paper
2.33	.01 μ fd. 400 volt Paper
2.34	10 μ fd.
2.35	15 μ fd.
2.36	15 μ fd. 3 Section Filter Condenser
2.37	.01 μ fd. 400 volt Paper
2.38	.01 μ fd. 400 volt Paper
2.39	550 μ fd. Mica
2.40	600 μ fd. Mica
2.41	1300 μ fd. Mica
2.42	1700 μ fd. Mica
2.43	3900 μ fd. Mica
2.44	100 μ fd. Mica Padder
2.45	2-6 μ fd. Variable
2.46	1 μ fd. 400 volt Paper
2.47	100 μ fd. Mica - 500 V.V.
2.48	1.7. Sections of Tuning Condenser
2.50	1 μ fd. 400 volt Paper
2.51	.002 μ fd. Mica
2.52	.002 μ fd. Mica
2.53	.002 μ fd. Mica

TRANSFORMERS

3.1	3 Position, 2 Pole, Stand-by Switch
3.2	B.F.S.T. Line Switch on Tone Control
3.3	B.F.S.T. Beat Oscillator and AVC Shorting Switch
3.4	5 Position, 1 Pole Xtal Switch
3.5	B.F.S.T. Noise Limiter Switch on Volume Control Knob

ACCESSORIES

4.1	Filter Choke
4.2	B.O. Coil
4.3	Xtal Filter Coil

MODEL BJ-6836

RADIO & TELEVISION, INC.

CAUTION: When making these adjustments, the voltage output of the Signal Generator should be reduced to the point where the AVC voltage generated does not exceed 5 or 6 volts. Using larger AVC voltages may result in inaccurate alignment due to saturation and consequent broad tuning.

Service Notes: If replacement of components becomes necessary, lead dress may be disturbed and oscillation may result. The following lead dress should be observed:

1. Green wire on second IF transformer. Dress any slack toward chassis side away from oscillator coil and as close to chassis as possible.
2. 50 mmf. in oscillator grid circuit. Dress away from shield partition as far as possible.

In case of failure of input electrolytic condensers in filter, equalizing resistors (1 meg.) should be checked for value and replaced if more than 20% from coded value. Faulty resistors will result in improper voltage distribution across the condensers.

Powered iron core in antenna coil is preset at laboratory for proper inductance and should not be readjusted. This core may not be present in all production runs.

The following is a table of operating voltages taken with 1000 and 20,000 ohms per volt meters. The receiver should be tuned between stations so no signal is being received during measurement.

Tube	Pin #	1000 ohm volt	20,000 ohm volt
6SE7	6(S)	70.0	80
	8(P)	220	225
	5(K)	2.0	2.5
	4(S)	70	75
6SA7	5(P)	205	215
	4(S)	70	75
	6(P)	200	200
	3(P)	100	110
6BF7	6(K)	4.0	4.5
	2(P)	70	80
	3(K)	1.9	2.5
	5(P)	80	90
6V5	6(K)	3.4	4.0
	4(S)	210	215
	3(P)	190	200
	8(K)	14	14
6V6	4(S)	210	215
	3(P)	200	210
	8(K)	13.8	14.0
	2(F)	300	305
2Y3	8(F)	300	305
	4(S)	305 AC	305
	6(P)	305 AC	
	4(F)	200	205
6D5	4(F)	0.25	0.6
	3(G)		

To remove speaker (only after radio chassis and phonograph have been removed):

1. Remove phono motor board.
2. Unscrew rear panel of speaker compartment.
3. Remove four speaker nuts.

POWER SUPPLY: 110 to 115 volts, 60 cycle A.C. only.

POWER CURRENT: 14 watts.

POWER CONSUMPTION: 105-140 watts.

Amplifier output: 10 watts undistorted, 14 watts peak.

Amplifier gain: 72 db from phono input jack.

Frequency range: 550 KC to 1750 KC (566 to 171.4 meters).

Amplifier frequency range: 50 to 11,000 cycles.

Bass and treble controls are provided in the inverse feedback network.

A Webster Type 56-8 automatic record changer using a crystal pickup is built into the cabinet.

Alignment: The intermediate frequency used in this receiver is 455 kilocycles. Connect Vacuum Tube Voltmeter capable of reading 20 volts negative DC to the AVC bus. This connection may be made at the black lead coming from the input IF transformer (#14075). The ground side of the meter will connect to the chassis. Connect output of Signal Generator to grid of converter tube (Pin #0). Adjust Signal Generator to 455 kilocycles. Increase output of generator until some deflection is noted on the Vacuum Tube Voltmeter. Carefully adjust IF transformer tuning slug (screws in sides of cans) starting at output transformer for maximum reading on voltmeter. Repeat this process for best alignment. Remove Signal Generator allowing Vacuum Tube Voltmeter to remain connected. Connect output of Signal Generator to receiver loop in the following manner: Connect ground side of Signal Generator to receiver chassis. Connect live side of generator output to the loop lead which is knotted through a condenser of 100 to 500mmf.

Set receiver dial and Signal Generator to 600 kilocycles. Adjust oscillator padder for maximum reading on the Vacuum Tube Voltmeter. The oscillator padder is situated on the side of the RF tuner chassis beneath the amplifier chassis and is reached with a screwdriver having a shank at least 9" long. Care should be used in making this adjustment not to short circuit amplifier wiring beneath the chassis.

Turn the receiver dial to 1500 kilocycles and reset the Signal Generator to the same frequency. Adjust the oscillator trimmer (mounted on the rear section of the variable condenser) for maximum AVC voltage as read on the Vacuum Tube Voltmeter.

Proceed without readjusting receiver tuning or Signal Generator frequency to trim the RF coil and antenna coil by adjusting trimmers mounted on front two sections of the variable condenser. Adjust these trimmers for maximum AVC voltage.

Instructions for Removing Radio Chassis, Record Changer and Speaker

To remove radio set from cabinet proceed as follows:

1. Unscrew and remove back of radio compartment.
2. Pull out speaker plug from back of chassis.
3. Pull out Phono pickup lead at rear of chassis.
4. Remove the four screws from underneath bottom of radio compartment.
5. Disconnect Phono motor plug located underneath chassis compartment.
6. Disconnect serial from loop.
7. Remove all knobs in front of chassis.

To remove record changer (only after chassis has been removed), unscrew the three bolts holding changer on motor board, lift out and pull gently the motor and pick up lead lines through rear cut out in Phono compartment.

RADIO WIRE TELEVISION

REPLACEMENT PARTS AND PRICE LIST

PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	LIST PRICE EACH
AX500	Speaker	\$2.50
AV501	Variable Condenser	1.50
AL502	Antenna Coil	.36
AL503	Composite I.F. and Osc Coil	.90
AL504	Output I.F.	.85
AV505	Vibrator Transformer	2.50
AV506	Vibrator R.F. Choke	.15
AS507	Volume Control and Switch	.65
AL508	A Choke	.15
AL510	B Choke	.70
AC511	Electrolytic Condenser	1.45
AC512	Condenser .5 mfd. 200V	.20
AC513	" .1 " 200V	.12
AC514	" .05 " 200V	.12
AC515	" .02 " 200V	.12
AC516	" .005 " 600V	.15
AC517	" .02 " 1000V	.25
AG518	Condenser .0001 Mica	.10
AG519	" .0005 "	.12
AG520	" .002 "	.14
AR521	Resistors 1,000,000 Ω watt	.07
AR522	" 500,000 " "	.07
AR523	" 250,000 " "	.07
AR524	" 100,000 " "	.07
AR525	" 50,000 " "	.07
AR526	" 30,000 " "	.07
AR527	" 600 " "	.07
AR528	" 400 " "	.07
AR529	" 150 " "	.07
AX530	Shielded Antenna Lead	.15
AX531	"A" Battery Shielded Lead	.15
AX532	Dial Assembly	1.35
AX533	Pilot Light	.12
AX534	Pilot Socket	.12

FOR MODEL JA-2 ONLY

6E5 Visual Tuning Indicator Tube # Assembly 1.25

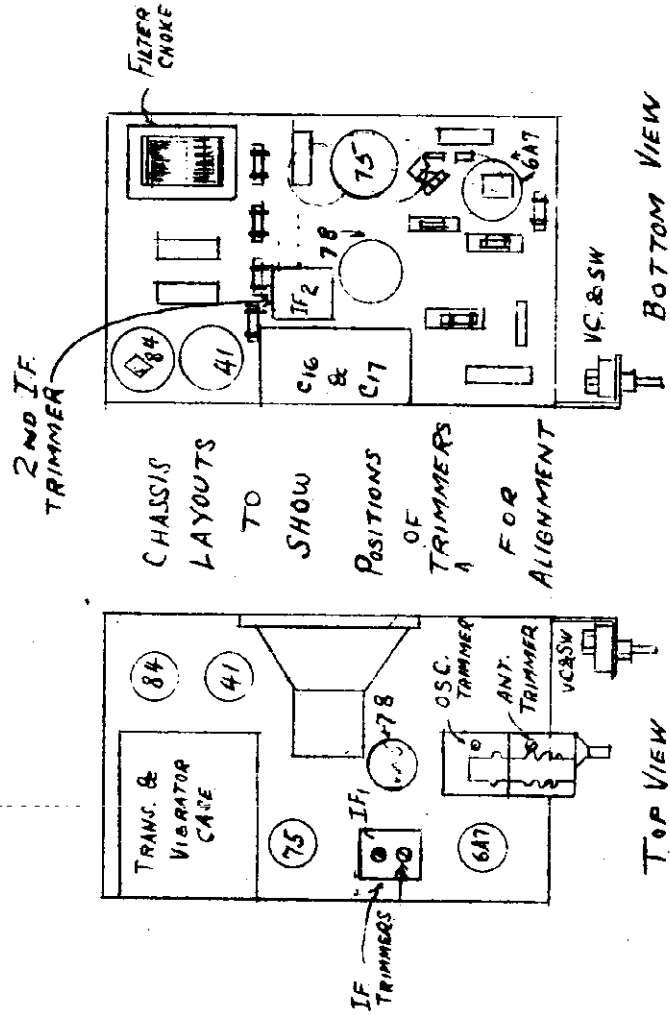
PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE.

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

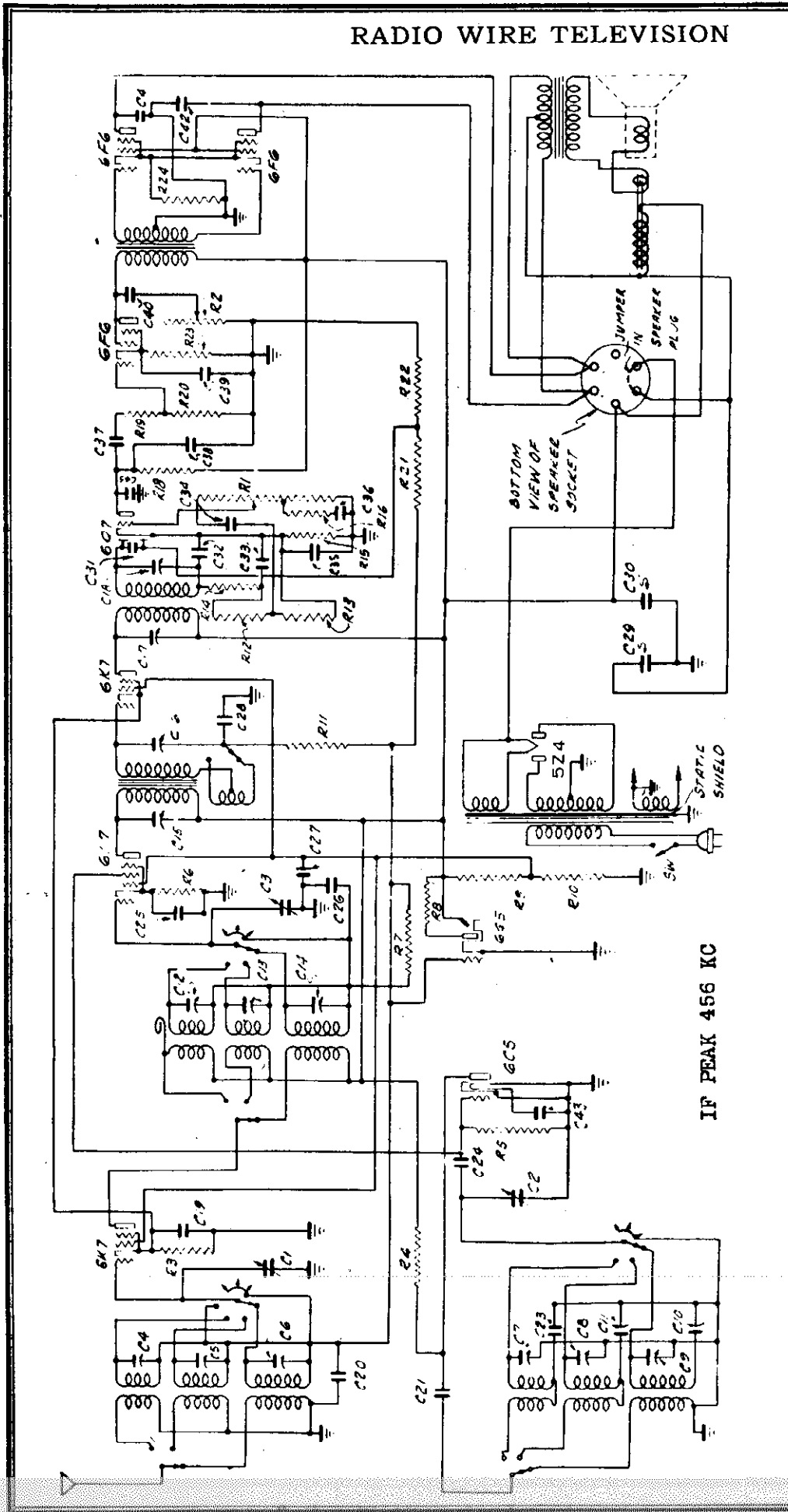
I.F. Alignment: Connect a signal generator to the 6A7 input, and connect an output meter to the speaker output. Using a weak 480 Kc. signal tune the two I.F. condensers on the composite coil and the single I.F. condenser on the output I.F. coil for maximum response.

Antenna and Oscillator Alignment: Connect the signal generator set at 1400 Kc. to the antenna lead using a dummy antenna of 150 mmfd. Tune the set by means of the dial to 1400 Kc. position. Adjust oscillator trimmer for this frequency. Then trim antenna stage for maximum response. Repeat the alignment to insure accuracy and increased sensitivity.

LOCATION OF TRIMMERS



RADIO WIRE TELEVISION



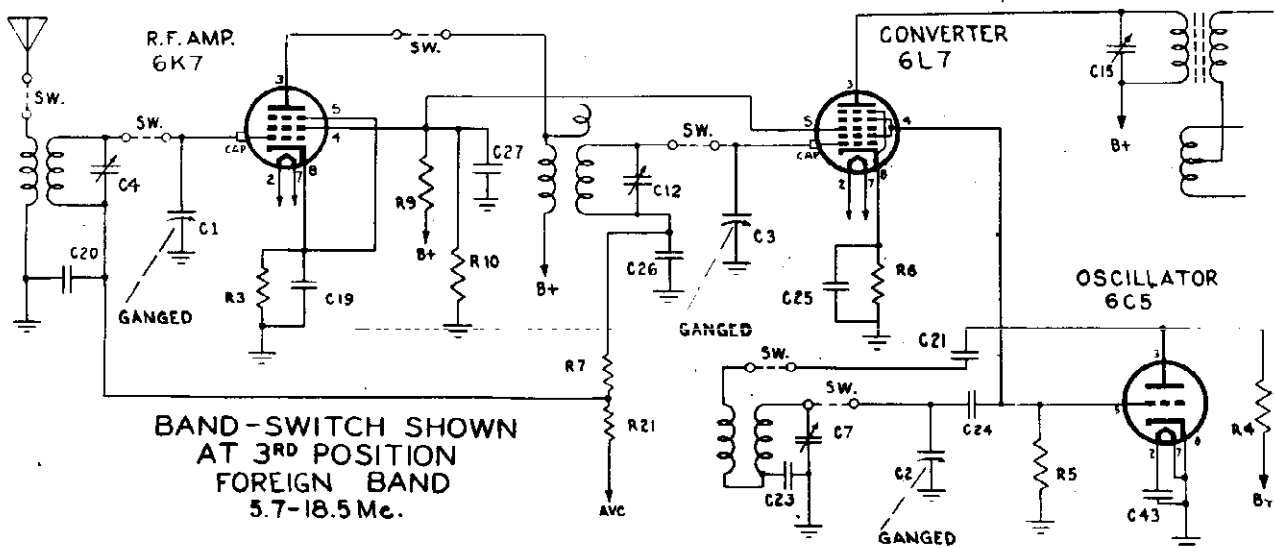
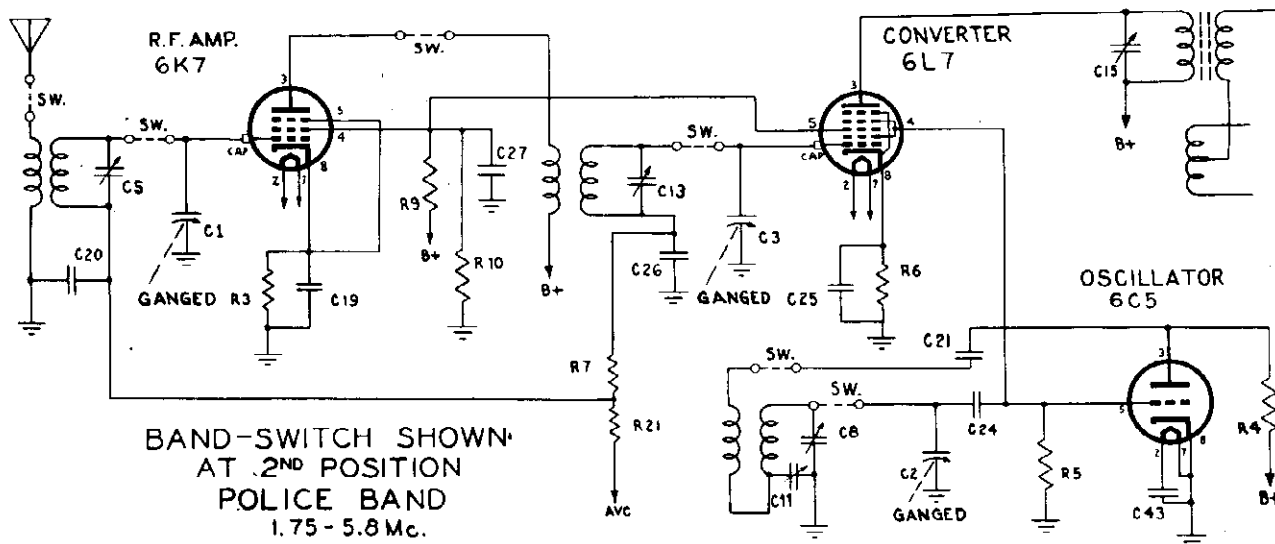
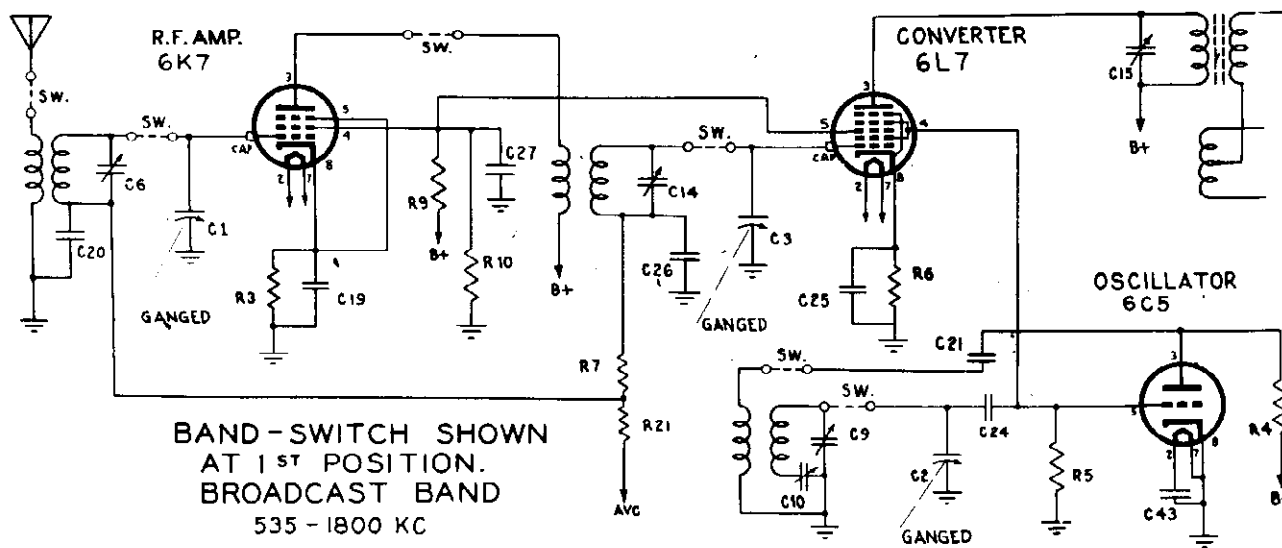
VOLTAGE CHART

Position	Tube	Ef	Ek	Eg Screen	Ep Suppressor	Ep Triode	Ep Pentode
R. F. Amplifier Converter Oscillator	6 K7	6.3	4	90.0	Connected to Cathode Connected to Cathode		235 235
I. F. Amplifier Detector A.V.C. Driver	6 F6	6.3	4	90.0	Connected to Cathode	110	235
Power Output	6 F6	6.3	1.1	connected to plate 235	Connected to Cathode in tube Connected to Cathode in tube	105 212	335 335
Rectifier	5 Z4	5.0	340	235			

"clarified schematics"

MODELS MB5, MB5A

RADIO WIRE TELEVISION



RADIO WIRE TELEVISION

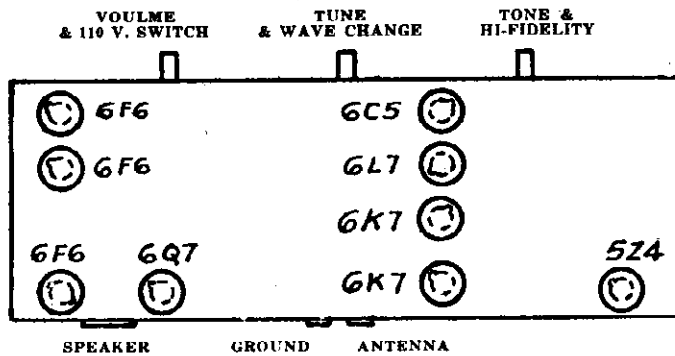


Fig. 1 Tuning Controls and Tube Position

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

Correct alignment is of extreme importance in all-wave receivers. The receivers are properly aligned at the factory with precision equipment and realignment should not be attempted by the service technician until all other causes of faulty operation are corrected.

In order to properly realign the receiver the following equipment is necessary:

1. A signal generator which will provide an accurately calibrated signal at any frequency from 456 kilocycles to 18 megacycles. The generator should have adjustable signal output.
2. An output audio voltmeter of the low voltage type to be connected across the moving coil of the speaker. This should be capable of providing a readable deflection for relatively low output levels to avoid the effects of overload.
3. An insulated or non-metallic screw driver for the adjustment of trimmers.

I F ALIGNMENT 456 KC

1. Connect the output meter (low scale) across the loud speaker voice coil. Turn the wave band switch to broadcast position. Turn the volume control to its maximum position.
2. Connect the test oscillator ground to chassis and the "hot" lead from the test oscillator to the grid of the 6L7 converter tube through a series .1 Mfd. condenser. Set test oscillator to 456 KC.
3. Turn selectivity control (second from the left) to its high selectivity position. This is the left hand or counter-clockwise position.
4. Adjust I. F. alignment screws C17 and C18 of the output transformer to maximum output reducing output of test oscillator to keep meter reading on scale as alignment proceeds.
5. Adjust alignment screws, C15 and C16, of input transformer to maximum output as described above.
6. Readjust all four alignment screws to insure accurate alignment. Always use the lowest possible output from the test oscillator to preclude the possibility of automatic volume control action confusing proper adjustment.

R. F. ALIGNMENT BROADCAST BAND

1. With test oscillator connected to the antenna post through .00025 Mfd. set signal generator to 1600 KC.

2. Set travelite indicator to end of scale (beyond 550 KC calibration) with gang condenser fully meshed at maximum capacitance.
3. Set dial to 1600 KC. Adjust broadcast oscillator trimming condenser, C9, for maximum output meter reading.
4. Adjust detector input trimmer, C14, to a maximum.
5. Adjust antenna stage trimmer, C6, to a maximum.
6. Set test oscillator to 600 KC and tune in the signal, then adjust broadcast oscillator padder, C10, for maximum output. Rock the main tuning adjustment back and forth a degree or two in order to obtain proper maximum.
7. Repeat adjustments described under 3, 4, and 5 for greater accuracy.

POLICE OR SECOND BAND

1. Turn the wave switch to second or police band. Leave oscillator connected as above but with the output set to 5000 KC and the .00025 Mfd. condenser replaced by a 400 ohm resistor. Set dial scale to 5 MC on the second band. Adjust oscillator trimming condenser C8 for maximum output, observing as before that the proper point occurs at the minimum or counter-clockwise position of the screw as two points are found.
2. Adjust detector input trimming condenser, C13, to maximum, while rocking the tuning condenser slightly for maximum response.
3. Adjust antenna stage trimmer, C5, for maximum output.
4. Set test oscillator to 2000 KC and tune in the signal. Adjust oscillator padding condenser, C11, for maximum output, while rocking the tuning condenser as described above.
5. Repeat operations 1, 2 and 3 to assure precise alignment.

FOREIGN OR THIRD BAND

1. With the test oscillator connected the same as above and set to 16000 KC (16MC) set the dial to 16MC on the third band.
2. Adjust oscillator trimming condenser, C7, for maximum response. Use lower capacity or counter-clockwise response point.
3. Adjust detector input trimmer, C12, to maximum, rocking tuning adjustment.
4. Adjust antenna trimmer, C4, for maximum response.

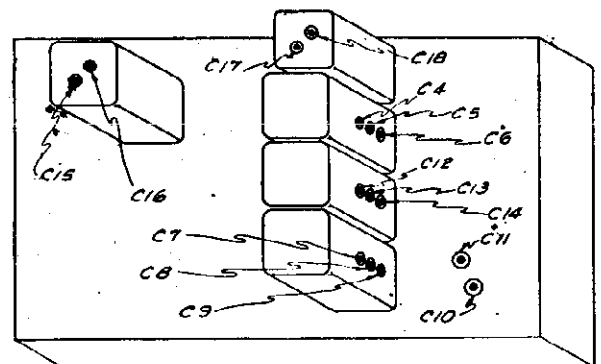


Fig. 2 Location of Trimmers

MODELS MB5, MB5A

RADIO WIRE TELEVISION

Model MB5 is designed to operate on 105 to 125 volts, 50-60 cycles a. c. supply only.

Model MB5-A is designed to operate on 115, 220 or 250 volts, 40-60 cycles a. c. supply.

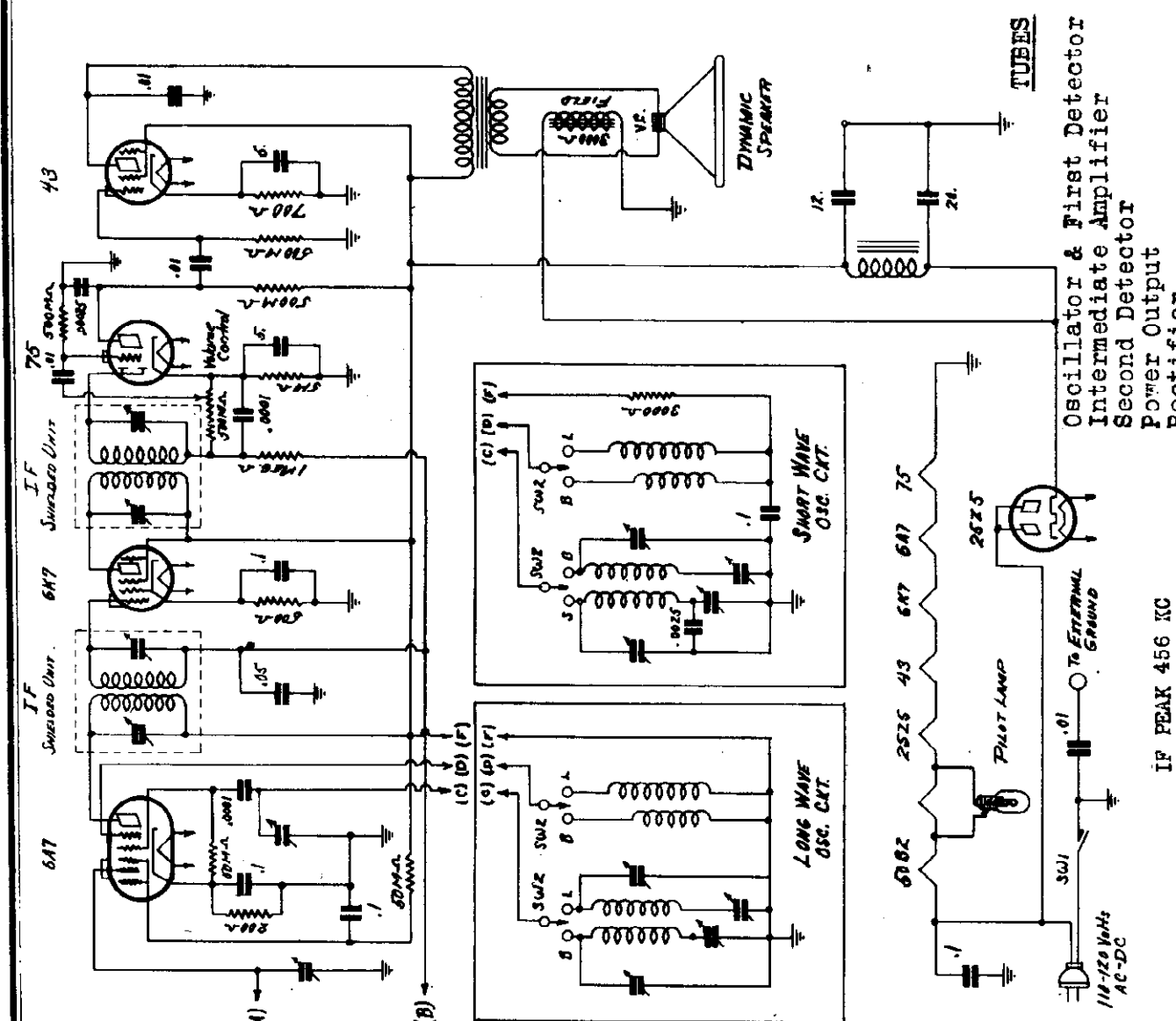
Prices subject to change without notice.

REPLACEMENT PARTS MODELS MB5-MB5A

SCHEMATIC LOCATION	PART No.	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
	15089	Bulb Pilot Light (edgelight)	\$.13
	B-15045	Bezel	.94
	A-16718	Condenser Variable Gang	2.55
C1 C2 C3	A-16552	Condenser Trimmer 3-30 MMF. triple strip	.23
C4 C5 C6	A-16552	Condenser Trimmer 3-30 MMF. triple strip	.23
C7 C8 C9	A-16552	Condenser Trimmer 3-30 MMF. triple strip	.23
C12 C13 C14	A-16552	Condenser Trimmer 3-30 MMF. triple strip	.23
C15 C16	B-16559-4	Condenser Trimmer 1st I. F. (part of I. F. assembly)	
C17 C18	B-16560-4	Condenser Trimmer 2nd I. F. (part of I. F. assembly)	
C10 C11	B-16550	Condenser Dual Padding	.55
C29	B-16554-2	Condenser Wet Electrolytic 30 MFD. 450 volts	.97
C30	B-15427	Condenser Wet Electrolytic 16 MFD. 350 volts	.61
C35 C39	B-16551-3	Condenser Dry Electrolytic Dual 12-12 MFD. 18-25 volts	.65
C23	15936	Condenser Mica 3000 MMF. 5%	.20
C24 C31	15929	Condenser Mica 50 MMF. 20%	.09
C32 C33 C43 C45	15918	Condenser Mica 100 MMF. 20%	.07
C19	15770	Condenser Tubular .2 MFD. 200 volts	.11
C20	15761	Condenser Tubular .1 MFD. 200 volts	.10
C21 C41 C42	15753	Condenser Tubular .002 MFD. 600 volts	.08
C25 C26 C28	15752	Condenser Tubular .05 MFD. 200 volts	.09
C27	15757	Condenser Tubular .1 MFD. 400 volts	.11
C34	15763	Condenser Tubular .01 MFD. 200 volts	.07
C40	15756	Condenser Tubular .05 MFD. 400 volts	.09
R2	B-16539-2	Control Tone with High Fidelity Switch	.70
R1	B-16843	Control Volume with switch	.70
	16914	Coil Antenna and shield	2.25
	16915	Coil Detector and shield	2.25
	16916	Coil Oscillator and shield	2.00
	16919	Dial and Paper Strip	1.55
	B-15044	Glass Convex	.25
	A-15037	Knob (tune)	.14
	A-15039	Knob (volume and tone)	.15
	A-15098	Knob (band switch)	.13
	B-16813	Paper Dial Backing	.05
	A-15023	Pointer (minute)	.04
	A-15024	Pointer (tuning)	.04
R9 R10	A-16615	Resistor Candohm wire wound 6500 ohms and 5300 ohms	.47
R3	15609	Resistor Carbon 300 +-10% 1/4 watt	.05
R4	15513	Resistor Carbon 20,000 +-20% 1/2 watt	.05
R5	15552	Resistor Carbon 30,000 +-20% 1/4 watt	.05
R6	15610	Resistor Carbon 900 +-10% 1/4 watt	.05
R7 R11	15515	Resistor Carbon 100,000 +-20% 1/4 watt	.05
R8 R21 R22	15517	Resistor Carbon 1 meg. +-20% 1/4 watt	.05
R12 R13	15512	Resistor Carbon 250,000 +-20% 1/4 watt	.05
R14	15510	Resistor Carbon 20,000 +-20% 1/4 watt	.05
R15	15611	Resistor Carbon 3,000 +-10% 1/4 watt	.05
R16	15511	Resistor Carbon 50,000 +-20% 1/4 watt	.05
R18	15523	Resistor Carbon 200,000 +-20% 1/4 watt	.05
R19	15549	Resistor Carbon 300,000 +-20% 1/4 watt	.05
R20	15520	Resistor Carbon 500,000 +-20% 1/4 watt	.05
R23	15563	Resistor Carbon 500 +-10% 1/2 watt	.16
R24	15562	Resistor Carbon 325 +-10% 2 watt	.16
	B-15041	Retaining Spring for Bezel	.18
	B-15043	Retaining Ring for Glass	.16
	A-16828	Socket Speaker	.10
	15066	Socket 6 K7	.11
	15083	Socket 6 C5	.11
	16842	Socket 5 Z4	.07
	16469	Socket 6 Q7	.11
	15084	Socket 6 F6	.11
	15087	Socket 6 L7	.11
	B-16637	Socket 6 G5 with leads	.45
	A-15054	Socket Pilot light R. H.	.11
	A-15053	Socket Pilot light L. H.	.11
	C-16582	Speaker 12"	6.65
	A-16820	Transformer 1st I. F.	1.70
	A-16821	Transformer 2nd I. F.	1.55
	C-16573-5	Transformer Power	3.50
	C-16807	Transformer Universal Tap	6.60
	B-16555-2	Transformer Audio Driver	1.26
	A-1950	Washer Felt	.01

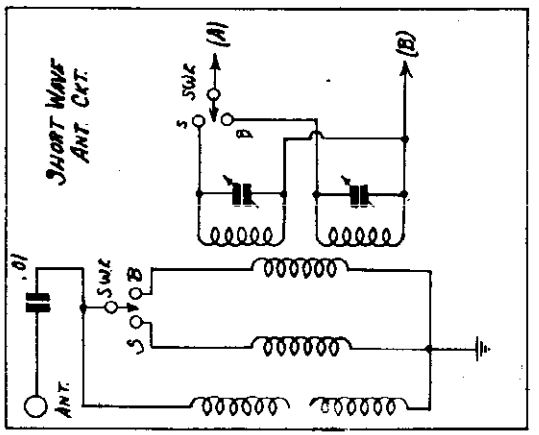
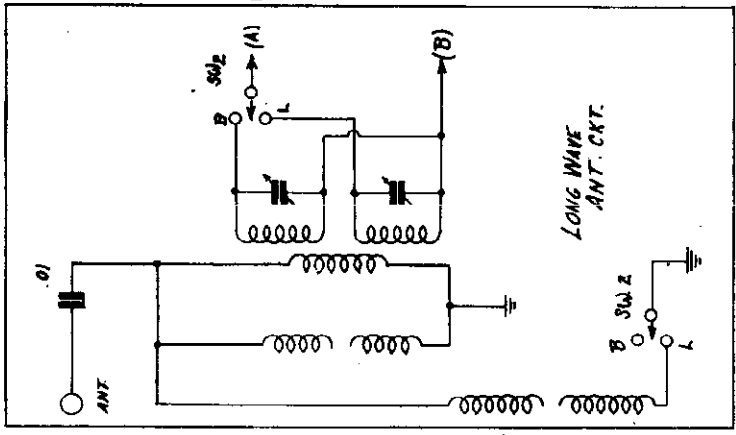
RADIO WIRE TELEVISION

6A7	1
6K7	1
75	1
43	1

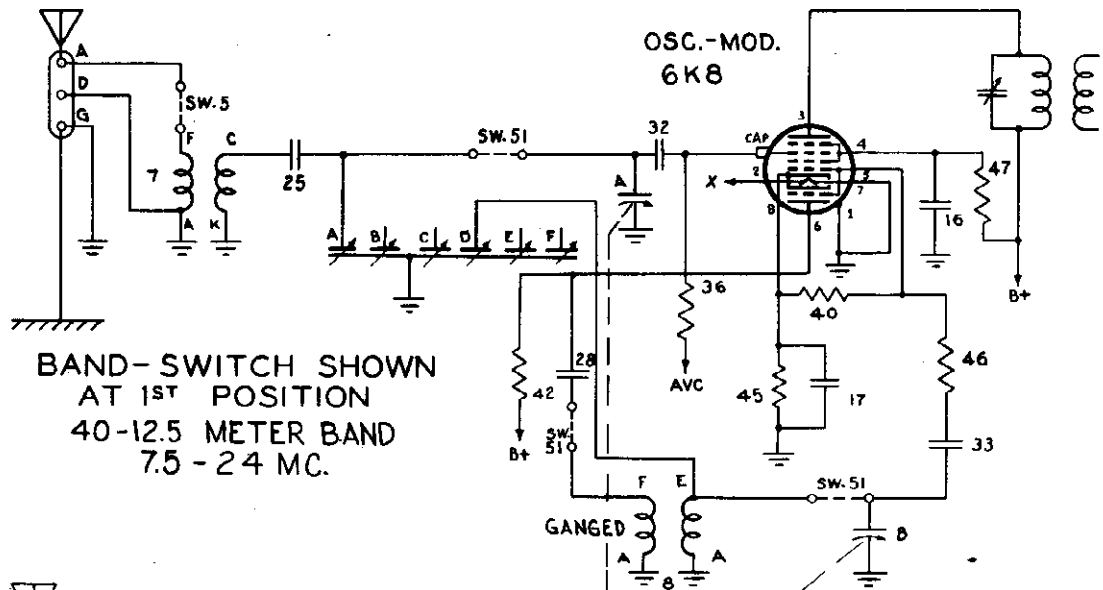


TUBES
 Oscillator & First Detector
 Intermediate Amplifier
 Second Detector
 Power Output
 Rectification

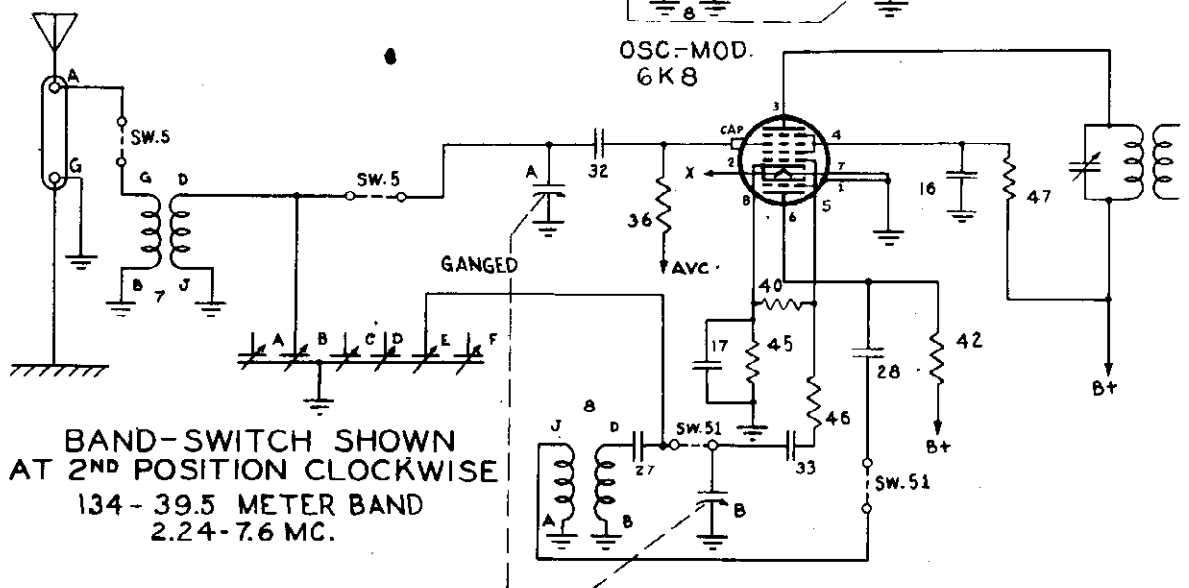
IF PEAK 456 KC



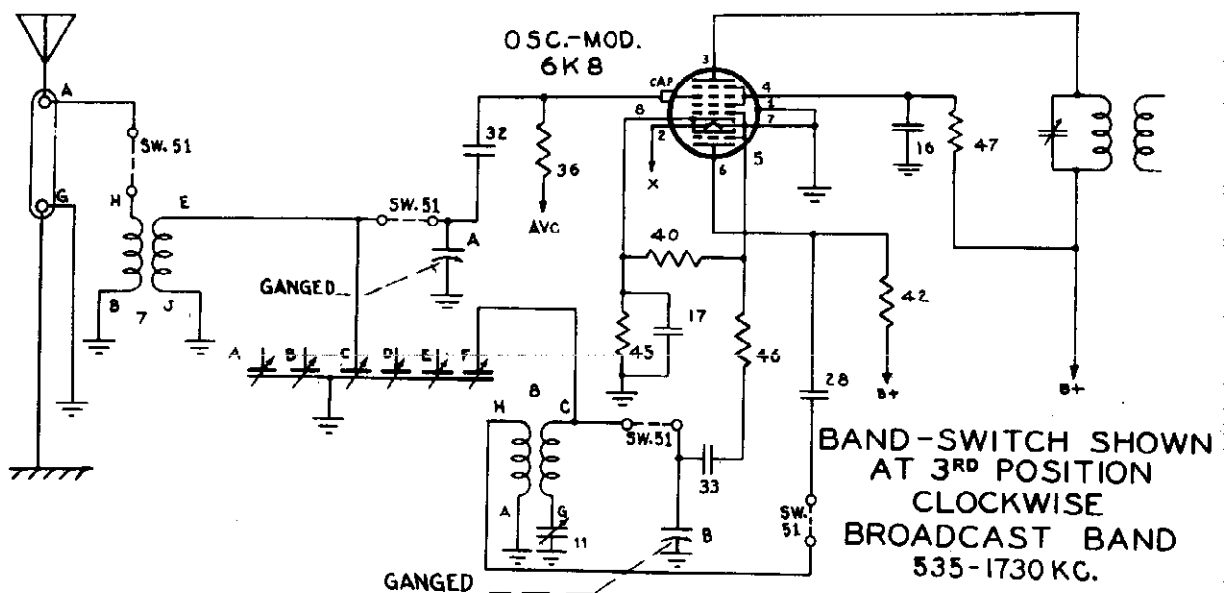
RADIO WIRE TELEVISION



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN AT 1ST POSITION
40-12.5 METER BAND
7.5 - 24 MC.



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN AT 2ND POSITION CLOCKWISE
134 - 39.5 METER BAND
2.24 - 7.6 MC.



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN AT 3RD POSITION
CLOCKWISE
BROADCAST BAND
535-1730 KC.

MODEL E190

RADIO WIRE TELEVISION

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

Be sure to follow procedure carefully and in the order given—otherwise the receiver will be insensitive and the dial calibration incorrect. For alignment procedure read tabulations from left to right. If more than one adjustment is required on any one band, make the adjustment marked (1) first, (2) next, (3) third.

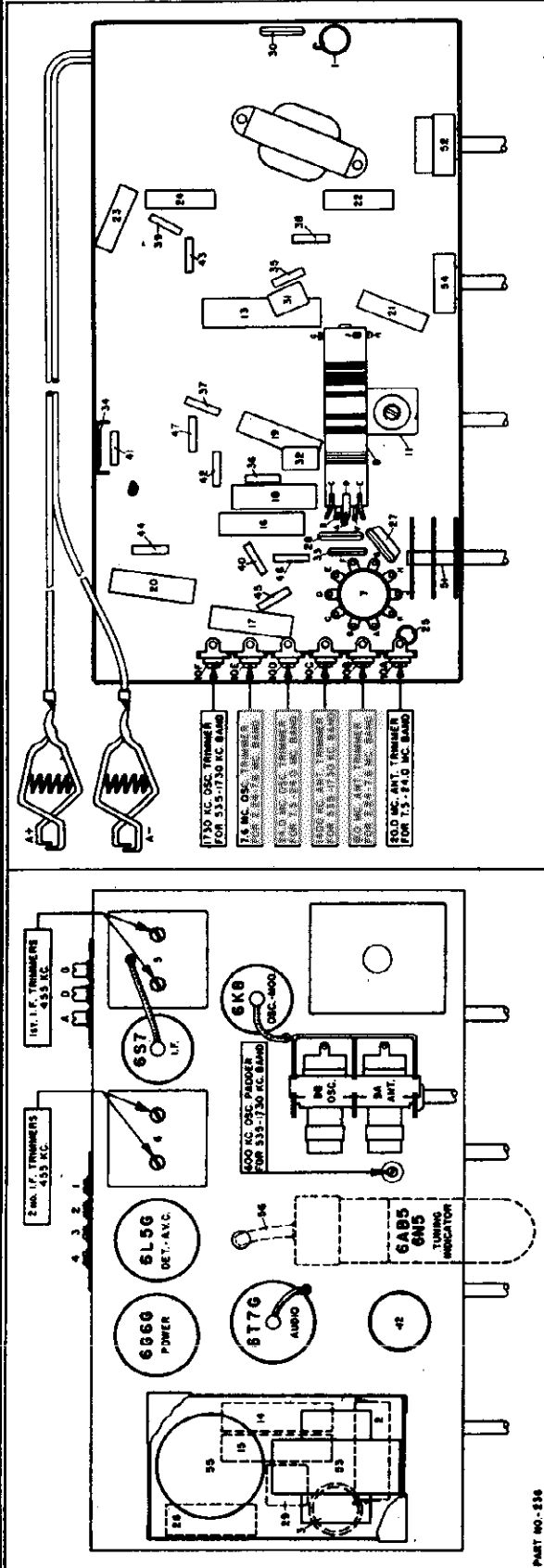
Before starting alignment:

(a) Check tuning dial adjustment by turning gang condenser until plates touch maximum capacity stop (completely in mesh) at which point the dial needle must be exactly even with the last line at the low frequency end of the dial calibration. If dial needle does not point exactly to last line move needle to correct position.

(b) Use an accurately calibrated test oscillator with some type of output measuring device.

(c) Have ground lead of test oscillator attached to chassis.

Place head switch for operation on:	Set receiver dial to:	Adjust test oscillator frequency to:	Use dummy antenna in series with output of test oscillator, consisting of:	Attach output of test oscillator to:	Refer to parts layout diagram for location of trimmers mentioned below:
I.F. alignment use any band position.	Any point where no interference signal is received.	Exactly 455 K.C.	02 MFD. condenser	High side to grid cap of 6X5 tube. Do not remove cap.	Adjust each of the second I.F. transformer trimmers for maximum output—then adjust each of the first I.F. transformer trimmers for maximum output.
1770 to 640 K.C. Band	1 Exactly 1730 K.C. 2 Approx. 1400 K.C. 3 Approx. 600 K.C.	Exactly 1730 K.C. Approx. 1400 K.C. Approx. 600 K.C.	.00025 Mfd. condenser .00025 Mfd. condenser .00025 Mfd. condenser	Receiver antenna "A" post Receiver antenna "A" post Receiver antenna "A" post	Adjust 1730 K.C. oscillator trimmer for maximum output. While rocking gang condenser adjust 1400 K.C. antenna trimmer for maximum output. While rocking gang condenser adjust 600 K.C. oscillator padler for maximum output.
224 to 7.6 M.C. Band	1 Exactly 7.6 M.C. 2 Approx. 6 M.C.	Exactly 7.6 M.C. Exactly 6 M.C.	400 Ohm carbon resistor 400 Ohm carbon resistor	Receiver antenna "A" post Receiver antenna "A" post	Adjust 7.6 M.C. oscillator trimmer for maximum output. While rocking gang condenser adjust 6 M.C. antenna trimmer for maximum output.
7.5 to 21 M.C. Band	1 Exactly 21 M.C. 2 Approx. 20 M.C.	Exactly 21 M.C. Approx. 20 M.C.	400 Ohm carbon resistor 400 Ohm carbon resistor	Receiver antenna "A" post Receiver antenna "A" post	Adjust 21 M.C. oscillator trimmer for maximum output—be sure to use proper I.F. transformer trimmer. (add capacity until the second peak—which is the proper one to use is tuned in.) While rocking gang condenser adjust 20 M.C. antenna trimmer for maximum output.



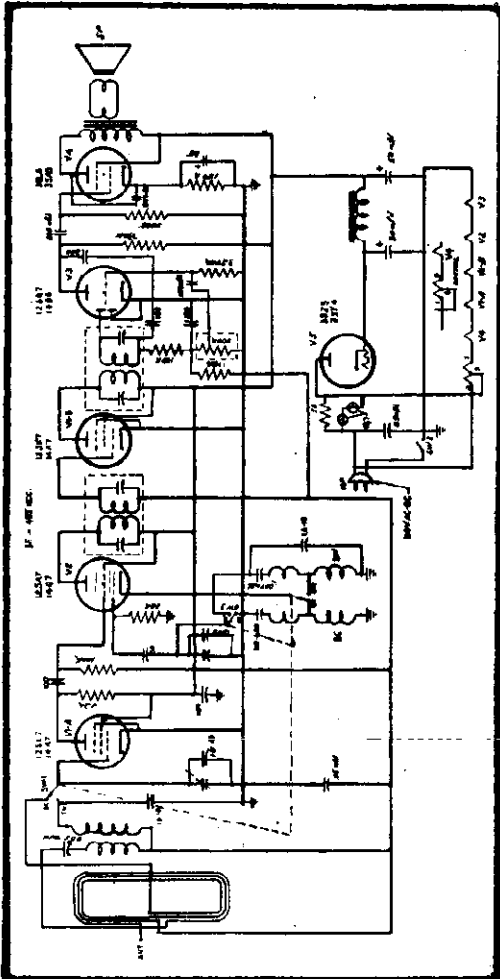
RADIO WIRE TELEVISION

Part No.	Part Name	Description	List Price
1	4840	Choke	.18
2	4840	Choke	.18
3	4198	Choke	.48
4	4198	Choke	.48
5	1007	Coil	.95
6	12452	Coil	1.25
7	12452	Coil	.95
8	12454	Condenser	.70
9	12454	Condenser	.75
10	12453	Condenser	.65
11	3287	Condenser	.45
12	11150	Condenser	1.00
13	1693	Condenser	.75
14	10092	Condenser	.25
15	10092	Condenser	.25
16	10076	Condenser	.19
17	10076	Condenser	.19
18	10076	Condenser	.19
19	10076	Condenser	.19
20	10077	Condenser	.19
21	10084	Condenser	.17
22	10080	Condenser	.18
23	10088	Condenser	.17
24	10088	Condenser	.19
25	10078	Condenser	.18
26	10094	Condenser	.22
27	1029	Condenser	.21
28	1441	Condenser	.21
29	1441	Condenser	.21
30	1441	Condenser	.21
31	9458	Condenser	.21
32	7954	Condenser	.21
33	7954	Condenser	.21
34	10217	Condenser	.21
35	4884	Resistor	.19
36	2705	Resistor	.19
37	2705	Resistor	.19
38	5894	Resistor	.19
39	6879	Resistor	.19
40	6879	Resistor	.19
41	6879	Resistor	.19
42	6786	Resistor	.19
43	9089	Resistor	.19
44	1152	Resistor	.19
45	5875	Resistor	.19
46	2431	Resistor	.19
47	12711	Resistor	.19
48	12711	Resistor	.19
49	10249	Speaker	5.00
50	10249	Speaker	7.00
51	12463	Switch	1.00
52	12461	Transformer	.85
53	3285	V. Control	2.25
54	3285	V. Control	2.80
55	3285	V. Control	3.50
56	12488	Socket Assm.	.60

MISCELLANEOUS PARTS

4167	Bulb	6-8 Volt, 200 Amp. Dial Light Type 3-1/2 No. 51	.10
12471	Back	Cabinet Back for Laydown Table	.40
12472	Back	Cabinet Back for Upright Cabinet	.40
12473	Back	Cabinet Back for Console Cabinet	.15
12455	Dial Shaft	Dial Drive Shaft	.20
1814	Dial Cord	37" of 18 Lb. Drive Cord.	.04
11693	Dial Spring	Dial Cord Tension Spring	.20
12489	Dial Pointer	Calibrated Glass Scale	.60
12474	Escutcheon	For Dial	1.25
12154	Knob	Marked "Volume"	.15
12155	Knob	Marked "Off-On-Tone"	.15
12486	Knob	Marked 1, 2, 3	.15

When ordering parts be sure to mention part number. PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE.



This 6-tube superheterodyne is designed to operate on 115 volts, 60 to 60 cycles, alternating current (AC) or 115 volts direct current (DC).

The tuning ranges, 533 to 1660 kilocycles (KC) and 5.3 to 18.3 megacycles (MC), cover all major Domestic and foreign Short Wave Broadcast, Police, Aircraft and Amateur Bands.

For portable use, or where it is desirable to move the receiver from place to place frequently, the Built-in Loop Antenna furnishes excellent noise-free reception. This applies to the Broadcast Band Only. Where a permanent installation is made and it is desired to take full advantage of the performance capabilities built into this receiver, with particular reference to Short Wave reception, the use of a separate, outside Antenna is recommended. An antenna connection for this purpose is at the rear of the receiver.

The two control knobs are: Left, Volume Control and ON-Off Switch—Right, Vernier Tuning for both bands. The short wave band switch is located on the back of the receiver.

DIRECTIONS: Turn the receiver on and wait for tubes to reach operating heat. Adjust wave-band switch at the rear of the receiver to desired band. The upper half of the dial scale covers the Broadcast-Band—the Short Wave Band is on the lower half. Turn the vernier tuning knob until the desired station (see dial pointer) is heard. Adjust volume to a satisfactory level, first making sure that the station is tuned in correctly. Tuning on the Short Wave is critical; use greater care or many worthwhile programs might be passed over unnoticed.

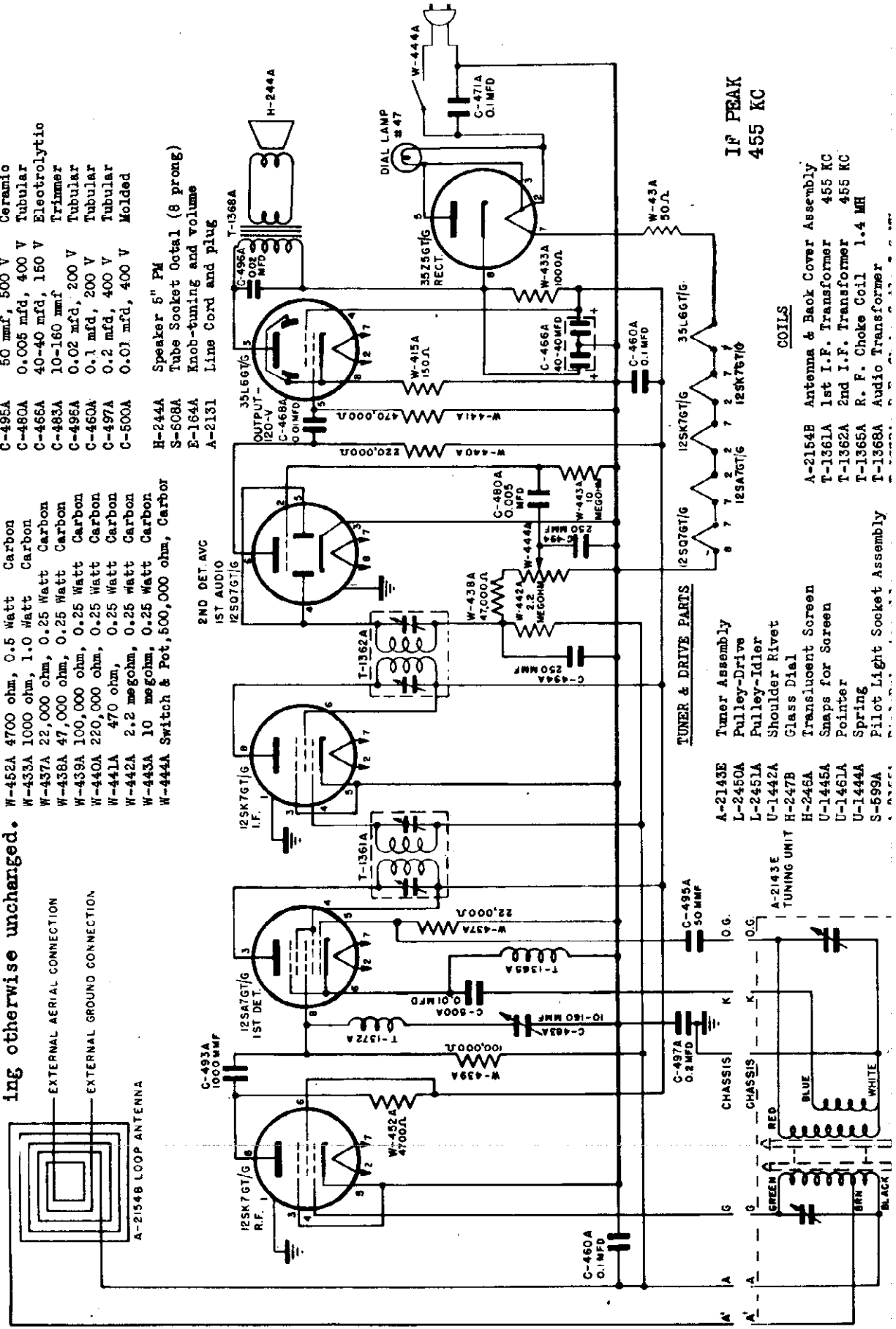
If the receiver fails to operate on DC current, reverse the power cord plug. On AC a hum may be heard in the background of the program. This may, in some cases, be eliminated or reduced by reversing the power cord plug.

One 6-8 volt 150 MA lamp is used to illuminate the dial. A similar lamp should be used for replacement or damage may result.

MODEL U-88

RADIONIC EQUIPMENT CO.

When a 50L6 output tube is used in place of a 35L6, the 50-ohm resistor is not used. Wiring otherwise unchanged.



CAPACITORS

- C-471A 0.1 mfd, 400 V Tubular
- C-493A 1000 mmf, 350 V Ceramic
- C-494A 250 mmf, 350 V Ceramic
- C-495A 50 mmf, 500 V Ceramic
- C-480A 0.005 mfd, 400 V Tubular
- C-483A 40-40 mfd, 160 V Electrolytic
- C-484A 10-160 mmf Trimmer
- C-485A 0.02 mfd, 200 V Tubular
- C-496A 0.1 mfd, 200 V Tubular
- C-460A 0.2 mfd, 400 V Tubular
- C-497A 0.03 mfd, 400 V Molded

RESISTORS

- W-43A 50 ohm, 10 Watt wire wound
- W-415A 150 ohm, 0.5 watt Carbon
- W-452A 4700 ohm, 0.5 watt Carbon
- W-433A 1000 ohm, 1.0 watt Carbon
- W-437A 22,000 ohm, 0.25 Watt Carbon
- W-438A 47,000 ohm, 0.25 Watt Carbon
- W-439A 100,000 ohm, 0.25 Watt Carbon
- W-440A 220,000 ohm, 0.25 Watt Carbon
- W-441A 470 ohm, 0.25 Watt Carbon
- W-442A 2.2 megohm, 0.25 Watt Carbon
- W-443A 10 megohm, 0.25 Watt Carbon
- W-444A Switch & Pot, 500,000 ohm, Carbon

COILS

- A-2154B Antenna & Back Cover Assembly
- T-1361A 1st I.F. Transformer 455 KC
- T-1362A 2nd I.F. Transformer 455 KC
- T-1365A R. F. Choke Coil 1.4 MH
- T-1368A Audio Transformer

TUNER & DRIVE PARTS

- A-2143E Tuner Assembly
- L-2450A Pulley-Drive
- L-2451A Pulley-Idler
- U-1442A Shoulder Rivet
- H-247B Glass Dial
- H-246A Translucent Screen
- U-1445A Snaps for Screen
- U-1461A Pointer
- U-1444A Spring
- S-599A Pilot Light Socket Assembly

EXTERNAL AERIAL CONNECTION

EXTERNAL GROUND CONNECTION

CHASSIS

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MODEL 6W

RADIONIC EQUIPMENT CO.

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

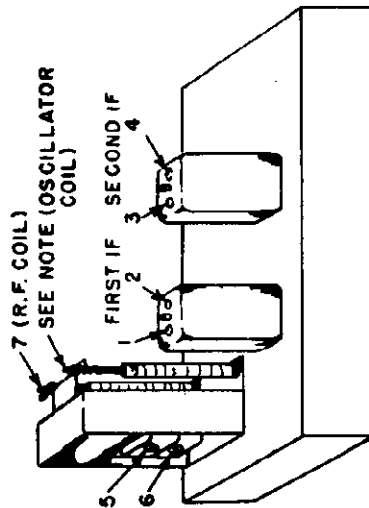
Volume Control-Maximum All Adjustments.
 Allow Chassis and Signal Generator to "Heat Up" for several minutes.
 The equipment in column at right is required for Aligning:

Signal Generator which will provide an accurately calibrated signal at test frequencies as listed.
 Output Indicating Meter; Non-Metallic Screwdriver.
 Dummy Antennas-.01 mf., and 400 ohms.

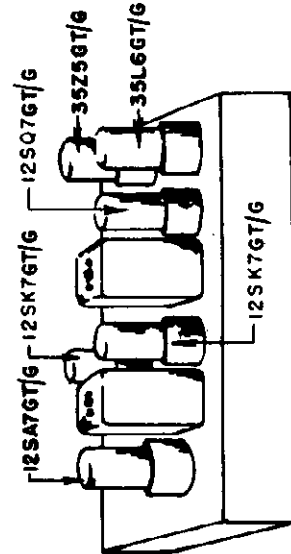
FREQUENCY SETTING	SIGNAL GENERATOR CONNECTION	DUMMY ANTENNA	TUNER SETTING	TRIMMER ADJUSTMENT (SEE DIAGRAM)	NOTES
I.F. 455 KC	Grid of RF tube 12SK7 to chassis	0.01 mfd	Out	Adjust for Max. 1, 2, 3 and 4	No signal will be heard unless trimmer condenser under chassis is unscrewed and reduced from original setting
I.F. 455 KC	Grid of RF tube 12SK7 to chassis	0.01 mfd	Out	Trim condenser under chassis for Min. output.	If it is found that regeneration prevails when the loop antenna is put in its normal position close to the tubes, then the under chassis trimmer is incorrectly set, and should be adjusted to prevent the regenerative condition.
1620 KC	Inductive Coupling to Loop	400 ohms in series with Antenna & Gnd. leads	Out	Adjust Oso. #5 per Max. signal	
1400 KC	Inductive Coupling to Loop	400 ohms in series with Antenna & Gnd. leads	Dial set for 1400KC	Adjust RF trimmer #6 per Max. Signal.	
700 KC	Inductive Coupling to Loop	400 ohms in series with Antenna & Gnd. leads	Dial set for 700KC	Adjust RF tuning core #7 for Max. (care should be taken not to disturb carriage position of tuner)	If more than one turn is required, the trimming 1400 KC should be repeated and the 700 KC padding of the tuning core also repeated until correct alignment has been reached

SPECIFICATIONS

Power consumption..... 35 Watts
 (At 117 volts AC Supply)
 Power Output- 1.1 Watts 10% Distortion
 Selectivity----49 KC Broad at 1000 times Signal
 Intermediate Frequency..... 455 KC
 Speaker..... 5" PM Dynamic
 Tuning Frequency Range...540 to 1620 KC
 Sensitivity (For .05 Watt output-external Antenna) 20 microvolts average



CAUTION - If a dial lamp burns out, it should be replaced at once.
 Use ONLY a No. 47 dial lamp. Replace through bottom of cabinet.



RADIONIC EQUIPMENT CO.

ALIGNMENT NOTES

A. MECHANICAL ALIGNMENT:— The following mechanical adjustments should be made before alignment:

1. Rotate shaft of tuning unit until carriage is against top stop position.
2. Space oscillator coil slug 1-5/32" out from top of oscillator coil form.
3. Space R.F. coil slug 1-29/64" out from top end of R.F. coil winding. (Note:—The distance 1 and 2 should be measured from mounted end of the slug)
4. Adjust screw on trimmer of wave trap towards open position so that condenser plates are open at least 1/32".

B. I.F. ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

1. Feed I.F. frequency from the signal generator through a 0.01 mfd condenser to the control grid of the R. F. tube.
2. No signal will be heard unless trimmer condenser under chassis is unscrewed and reduced from original setting.
3. Turn volume control full on.
4. Make preliminary I.F. adjustment with signal level approximately 50 Mv.

5. Tune I.F. trimmers for maximum signal, reducing I.F. signal input to coupling loop to keep output voltage less than 0.5 V.
6. When maximum output has been secured, adjust trimmer condenser in the I.F. trap (under chassis) by turning clockwise to the minimum signal.

C. R.F. ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

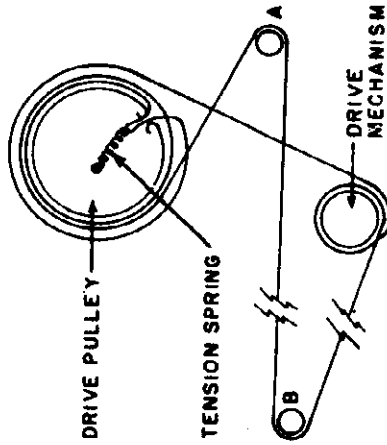
1. Volume control full on.
2. Adjust tuning unit to top stop position.
3. Feed 1620 kc signal into external loop. Hold audio output below 0.5 V. Adjust the oscillator trimmer condenser to maximum output.
4. Move slugs in by means of tuning dial so that pointer is approximately 1" from the stop end, and a signal received from the external loop on a frequency of 1400 kc. Adjust lower trimmer (R.F. trimmer) to maximum output. Reduce R.F. input to keep signal output voltages below 0.5 V.
5. Rotate tuning shaft until pointer is approximately 1" from the other end of the scale. Feed to the external loop a test signal at 700 kc. Adjust the R. F. coil slug by rotation to maximum output.

NOTE: If more than one complete turn of the slug is required to obtain maximum output.

imum signal, return tuner to 1400 kc. position and repeat steps 4 and 5.

If less than one turn is required to obtain the maximum 700 kc. audio output, the R.F. alignment may be considered complete.

CAUTION: Extreme care should be taken in the 700 kc. position to make sure that the tuner carriage is not moved by the adjusting tools or hand pressure on the slug screw. Carriage should not be held against the frame, but should be allowed to assume its normal position when adjusting the R.F. coil slug.



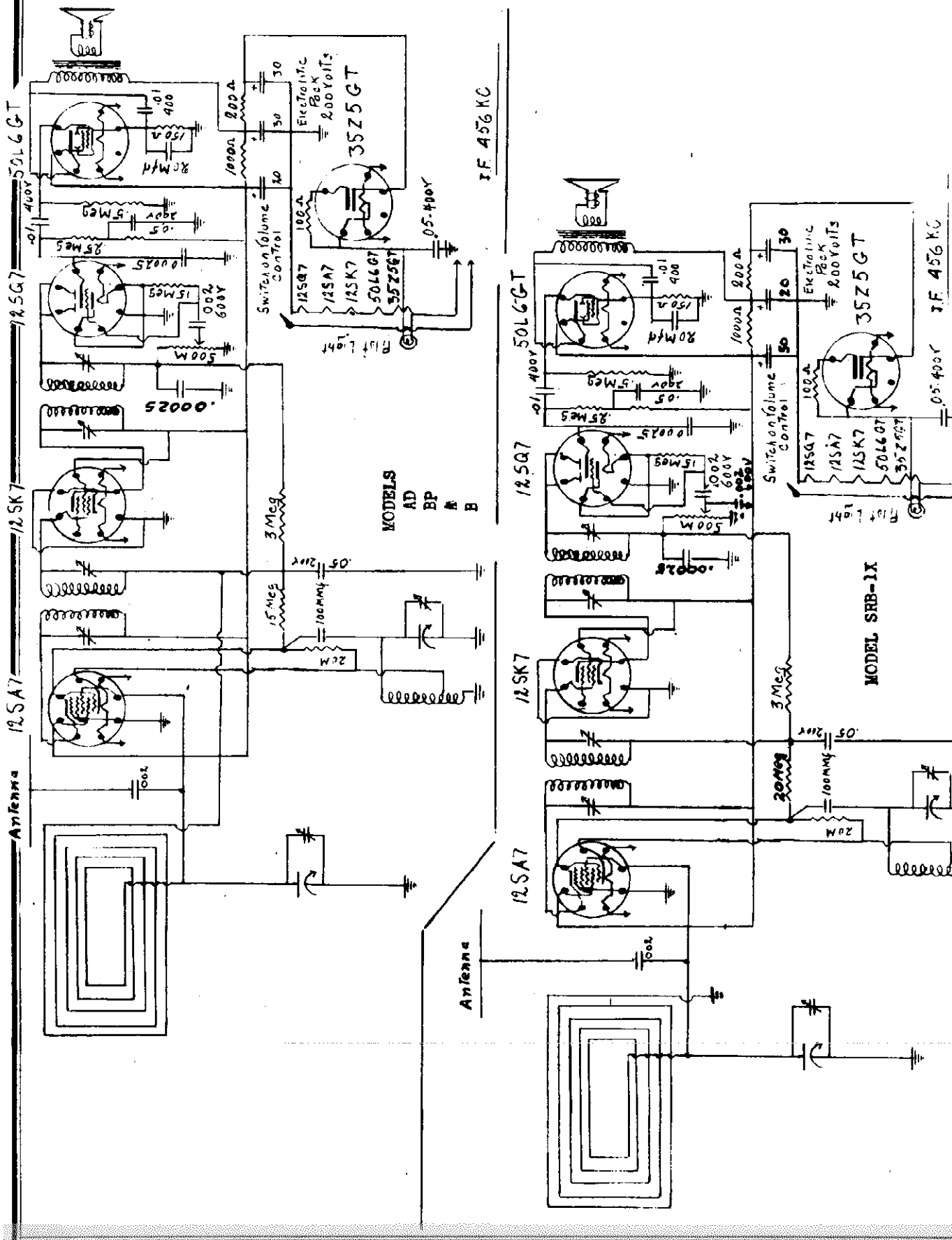
DRIVE CORD REPLACEMENT

Turn the tuner to the fully open position. Use a new cord 50" long and tie one end to the tension spring. Fasten the other end of the tension spring to the drive pulley. Pass cord through slot in pulley ring; add spring tension and continue one and one-half turns counterclockwise over top of pulley. Then pass cord around idler pulley A, starting over top and going around clockwise. Pass cord over idler pulley B, starting over top and going around counterclockwise. Wind one full turn counterclockwise around drive mechanism. Then wind one full turn counterclockwise around drive pulley, pass through slot in pulley and tie string to tension spring. Cut off excess string.

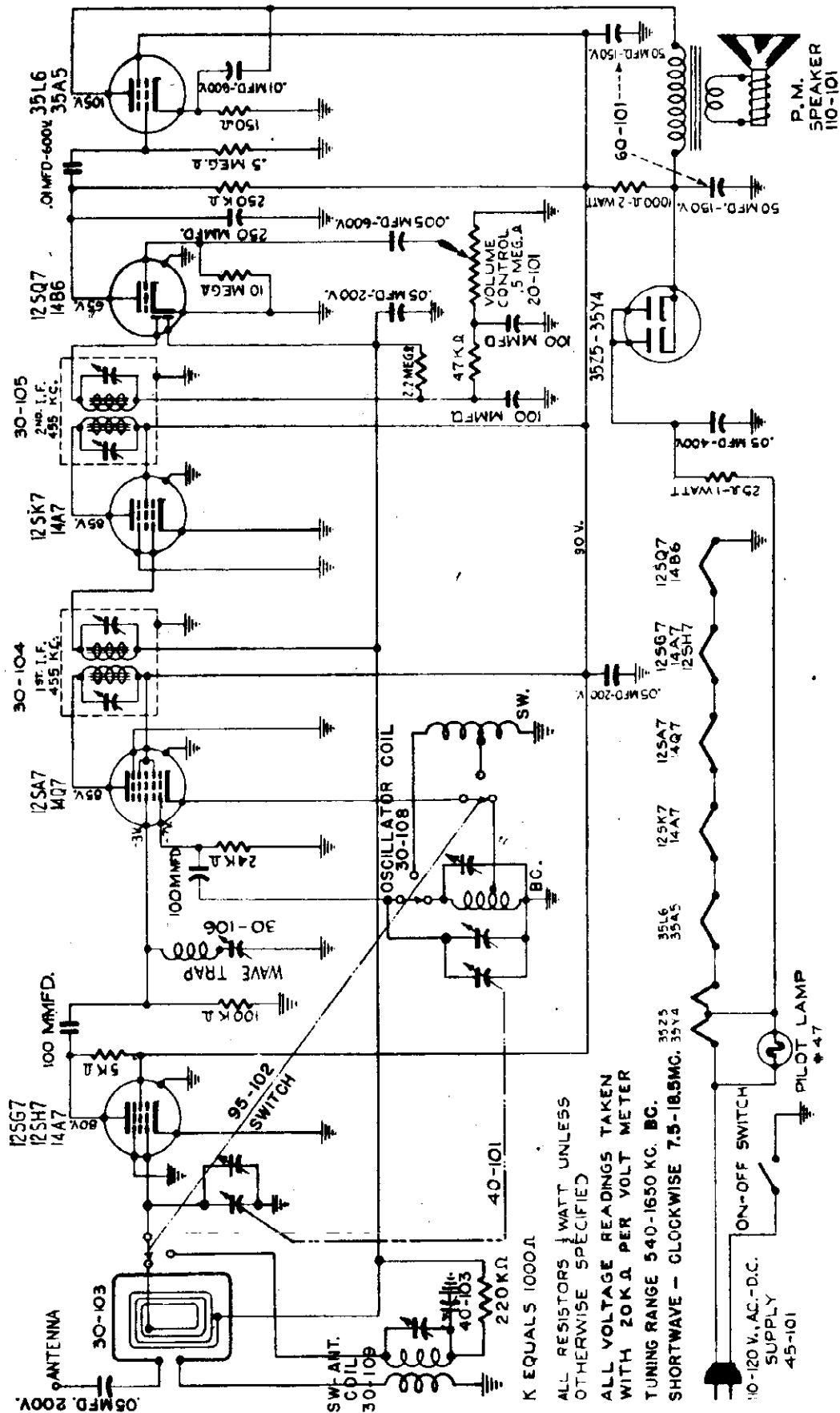
<p>12 SA7GT/G 1ST DET & OSCILLATOR P 90 VDC SH 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 G₁ G₂ K G₃ G₄</p>	<p>12 SK7GT/G I.F. G₁ 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 H SH K G₂ G₃ G₄</p>	<p>12 SQ7GT/G 2ND DET AVC & AUDIO H 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 D₁ D₂ K SH</p>	<p>35L6GT/G OUTPUT H 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 K H₁ 5.5VDC H G₁ G₂ G₃ G₄ P 28 VDC</p>	<p>35Z5GT/G 130 VDC RECT K NC H 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 H₁ H₂ H₃ H₄ H₅ H₆ H₇ H₈ H₉ H₁₀ H₁₁ H₁₂ H₁₃ H₁₄ H₁₅ H₁₆ H₁₇ H₁₈ H₁₉ H₂₀ H₂₁ H₂₂ H₂₃ H₂₄ H₂₅ H₂₆ H₂₇ H₂₈ H₂₉ H₃₀ H₃₁ H₃₂ H₃₃ H₃₄ H₃₅ H₃₆ H₃₇ H₃₈ H₃₉ H₄₀ H₄₁ H₄₂ H₄₃ H₄₄ H₄₅ H₄₆ H₄₇ H₄₈ H₄₉ H₅₀ H₅₁ H₅₂ H₅₃ H₅₄ H₅₅ H₅₆ H₅₇ H₅₈ H₅₉ H₆₀ H₆₁ H₆₂ H₆₃ H₆₄ H₆₅ H₆₆ H₆₇ H₆₈ H₆₉ H₇₀ H₇₁ H₇₂ H₇₃ H₇₄ H₇₅ H₇₆ H₇₇ H₇₈ H₇₉ H₈₀ H₈₁ H₈₂ H₈₃ H₈₄ H₈₅ H₈₆ H₈₇ H₈₈ H₈₉ H₉₀ H₉₁ H₉₂ H₉₃ H₉₄ H₉₅ H₉₆ H₉₇ H₉₈ H₉₉ H₁₀₀ H₁₀₁ H₁₀₂ H₁₀₃ H₁₀₄ H₁₀₅ H₁₀₆ H₁₀₇ H₁₀₈ H₁₀₉ H₁₁₀ H₁₁₁ H₁₁₂ H₁₁₃ H₁₁₄ H₁₁₅ H₁₁₆ H₁₁₇ H₁₁₈ H₁₁₉ H₁₂₀ H₁₂₁ H₁₂₂ H₁₂₃ H₁₂₄ H₁₂₅ H₁₂₆ H₁₂₇ H₁₂₈ H₁₂₉ H₁₃₀ H₁₃₁ H₁₃₂ H₁₃₃ H₁₃₄ H₁₃₅ H₁₃₆ H₁₃₇ H₁₃₈ H₁₃₉ H₁₄₀ H₁₄₁ H₁₄₂ H₁₄₃ H₁₄₄ H₁₄₅ H₁₄₆ H₁₄₇ H₁₄₈ H₁₄₉ H₁₅₀ H₁₅₁ H₁₅₂ H₁₅₃ H₁₅₄ H₁₅₅ H₁₅₆ H₁₅₇ H₁₅₈ H₁₅₉ H₁₆₀ H₁₆₁ H₁₆₂ H₁₆₃ H₁₆₄ H₁₆₅ H₁₆₆ H₁₆₇ H₁₆₈ H₁₆₉ H₁₇₀ H₁₇₁ H₁₇₂ H₁₇₃ H₁₇₄ H₁₇₅ 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RAY-ENERGY RADIO & TELEV
CORP. OF AMERICA

MODELS A, AD, B, B
MODEL SRB-1X

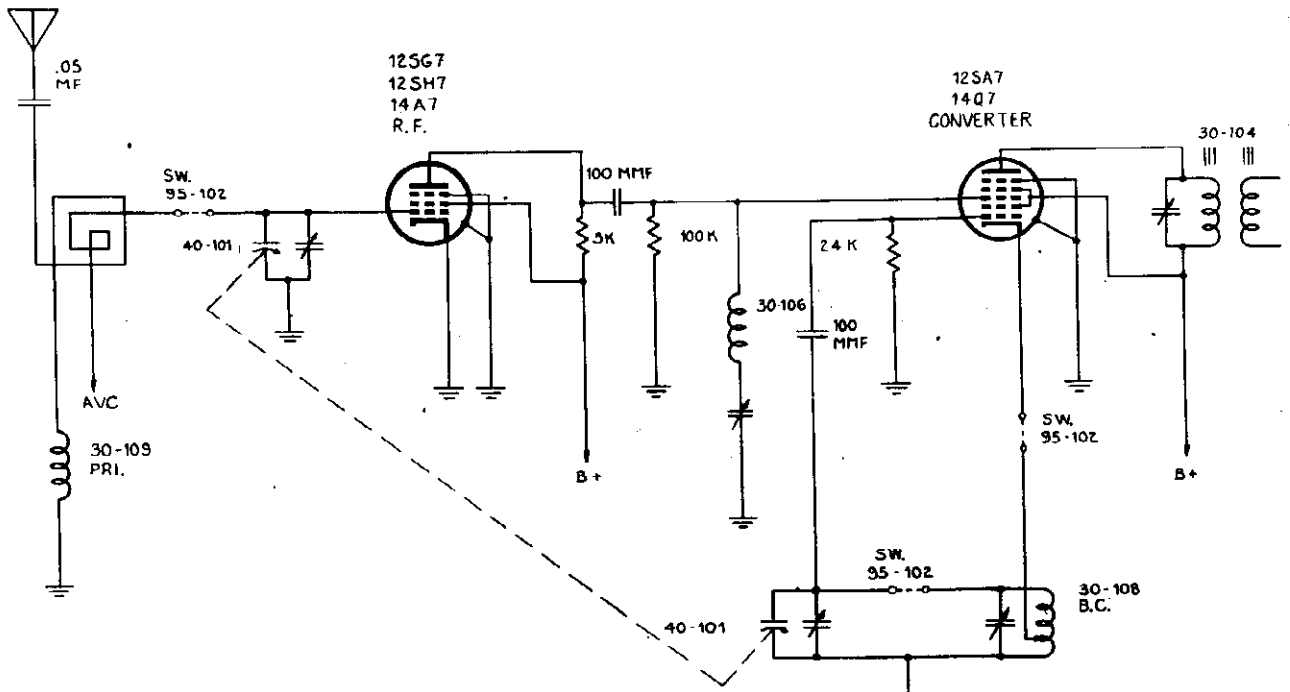


REGAL ELECTRONICS CORP.



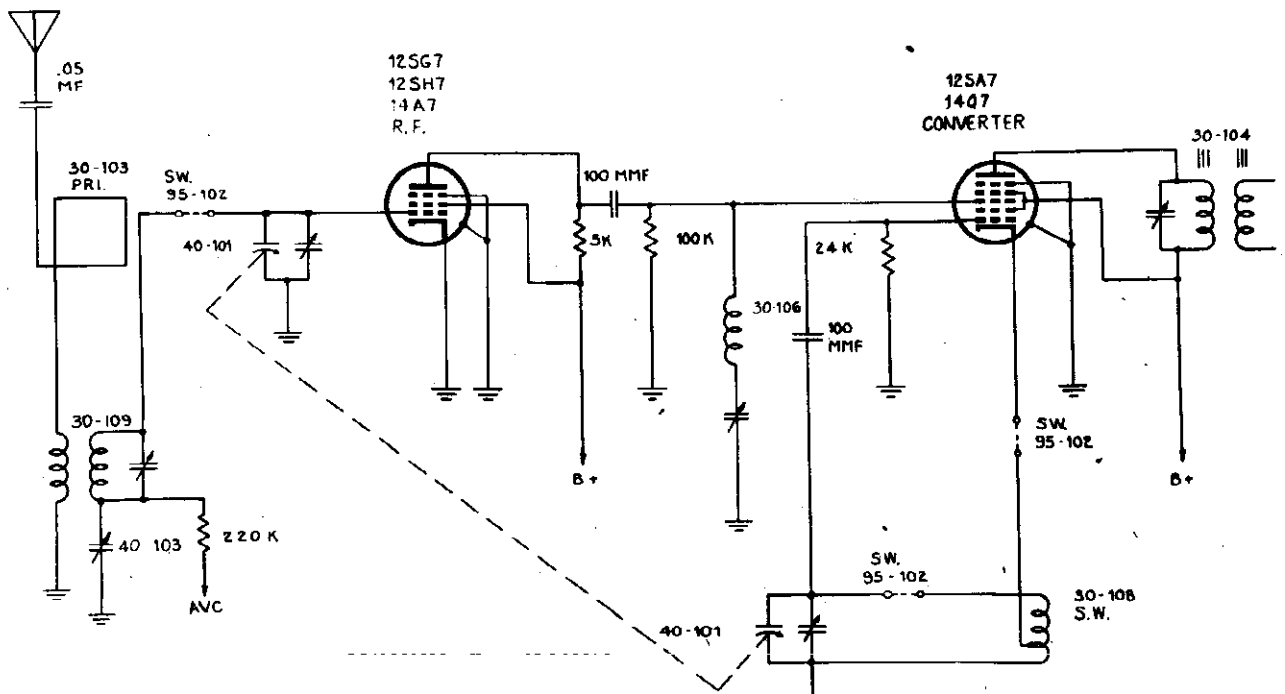
K EQUALS 1000Ω
 ALL RESISTORS 1/2 WATT UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED
 ALL VOLTAGE READINGS TAKEN WITH 20KΩ PER VOLT METER
 TUNING RANGE 540-1650 KC. BC.
 SHORTWAVE - CLOCKWISE 7.5-18.5MC.

REGAL ELECTRONICS CORP.



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
AT 1ST POSITION.
BROADCAST BAND
540 TO 1650 KC.

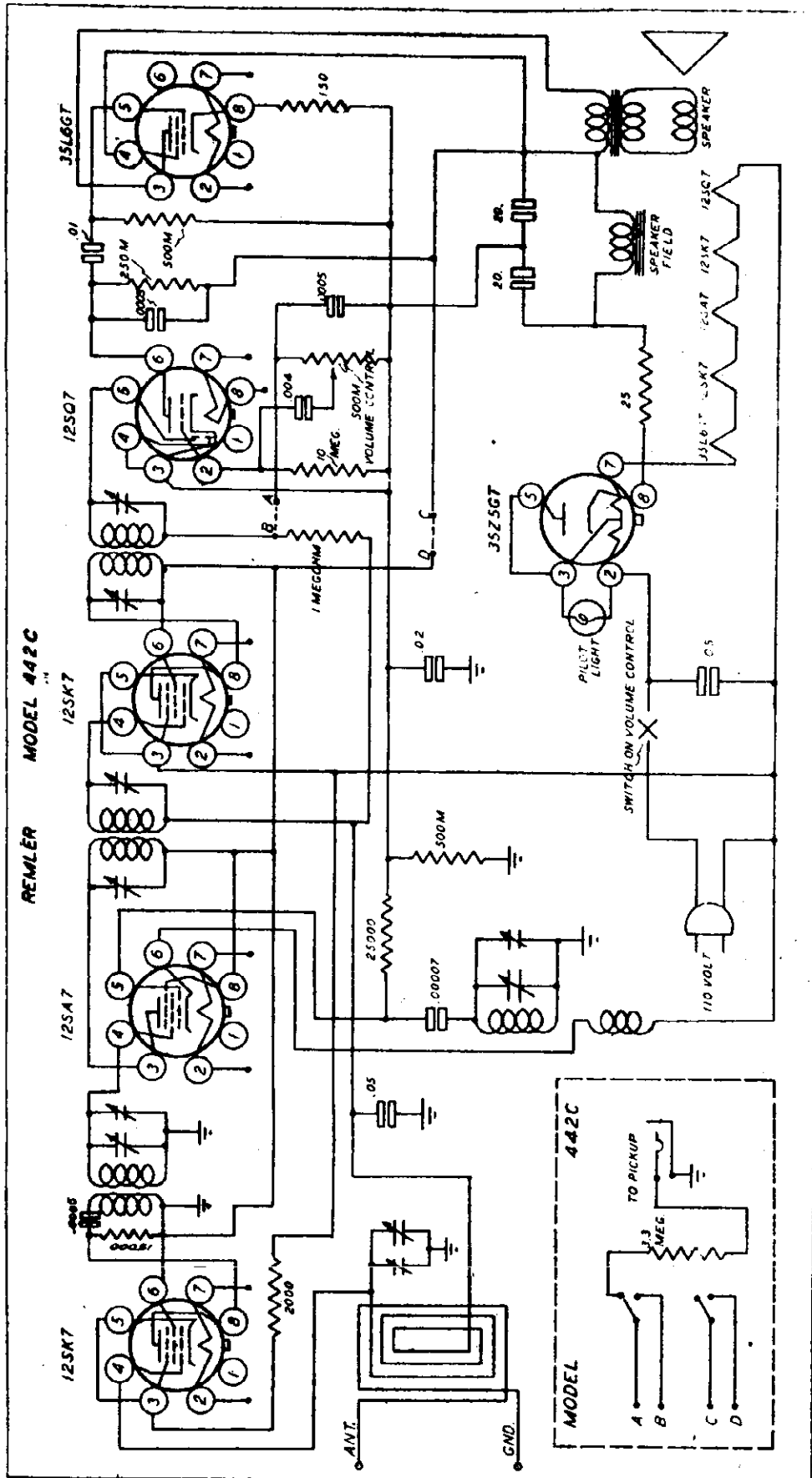
NOTE:
PIN NUMBERS ARE NOT SHOWN
BECAUSE EITHER OCTAL OR
LOCTAL TUBES MIGHT BE USED.



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
AT 2ND POSITION CLOCKWISE.
SHORT WAVE BAND
7.5 TO 18.5 MC.

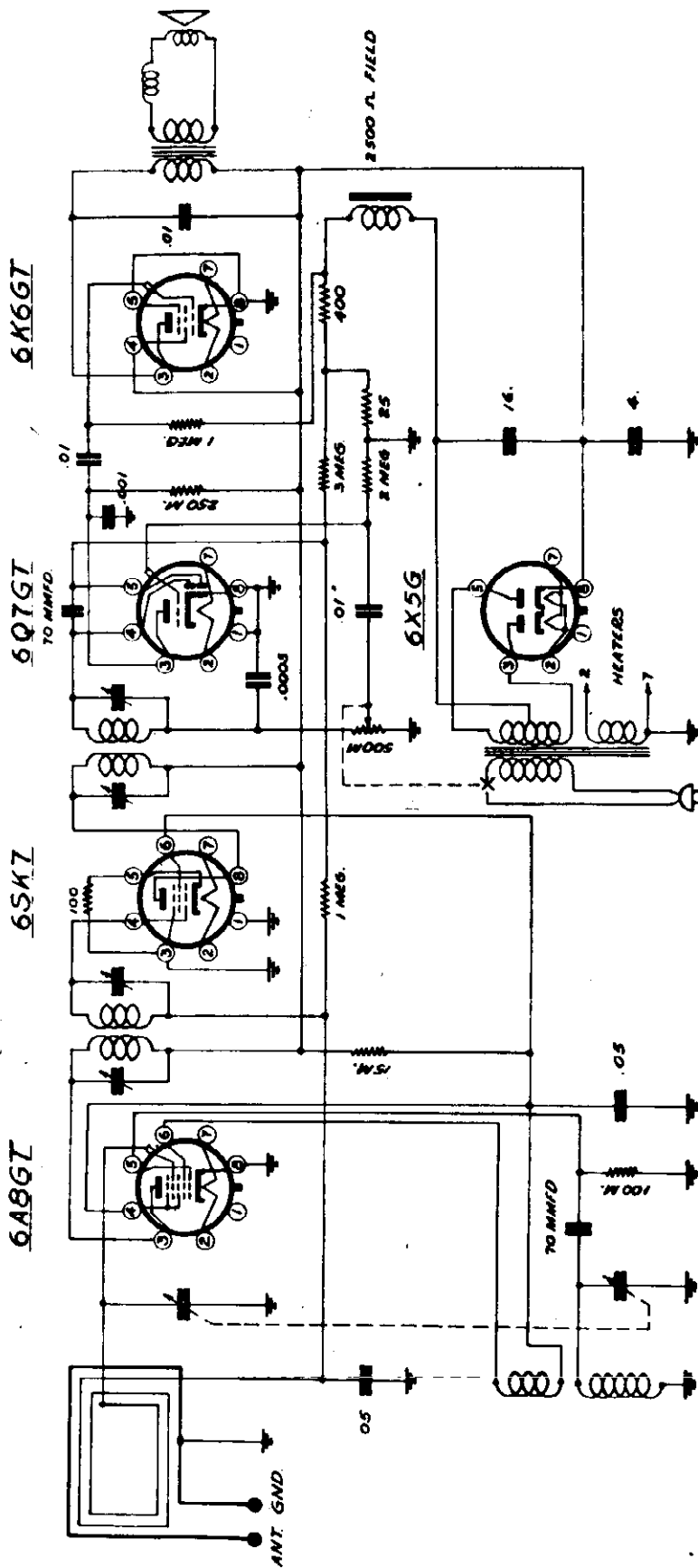
NOTE:
PIN NUMBERS ARE NOT SHOWN
BECAUSE EITHER OCTAL OR
LOCTAL TUBES MIGHT BE USED.

REMLER CO. LTD.



IF PEAK 455 KC

REMLER CO. LTD.

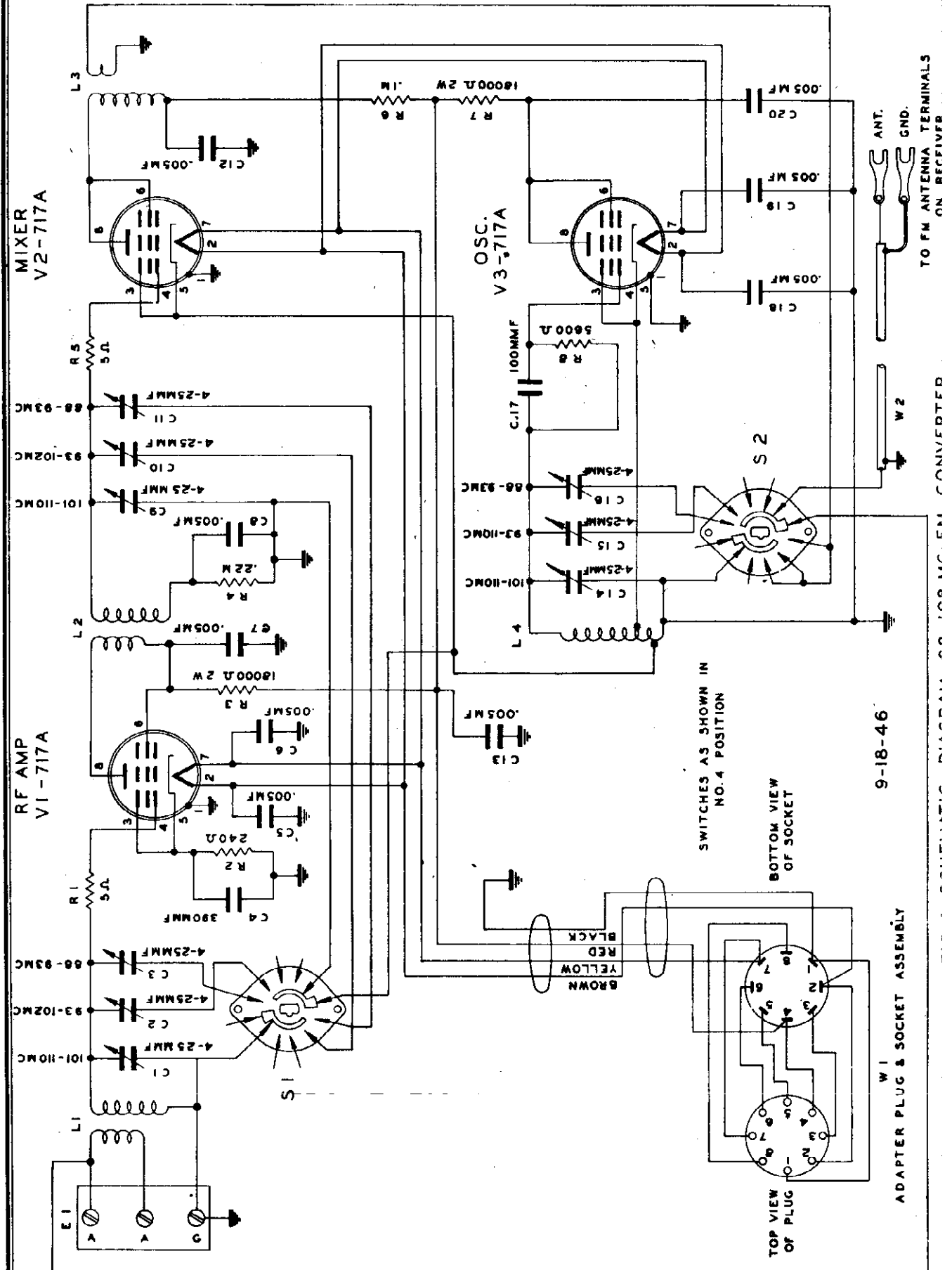


REMLER CO. LTD.	
CIRCUIT DIAGRAM MODEL	
462 RADIO	
DATE	APRIL 1935
DESIGNED BY	W. J. BROWN
CHECKED BY	W. J. BROWN
APPROVED BY	W. J. BROWN
DATE	APRIL 1935
Mod. No.	462
Dwg. No.	

Beginning Sr. No. 120278

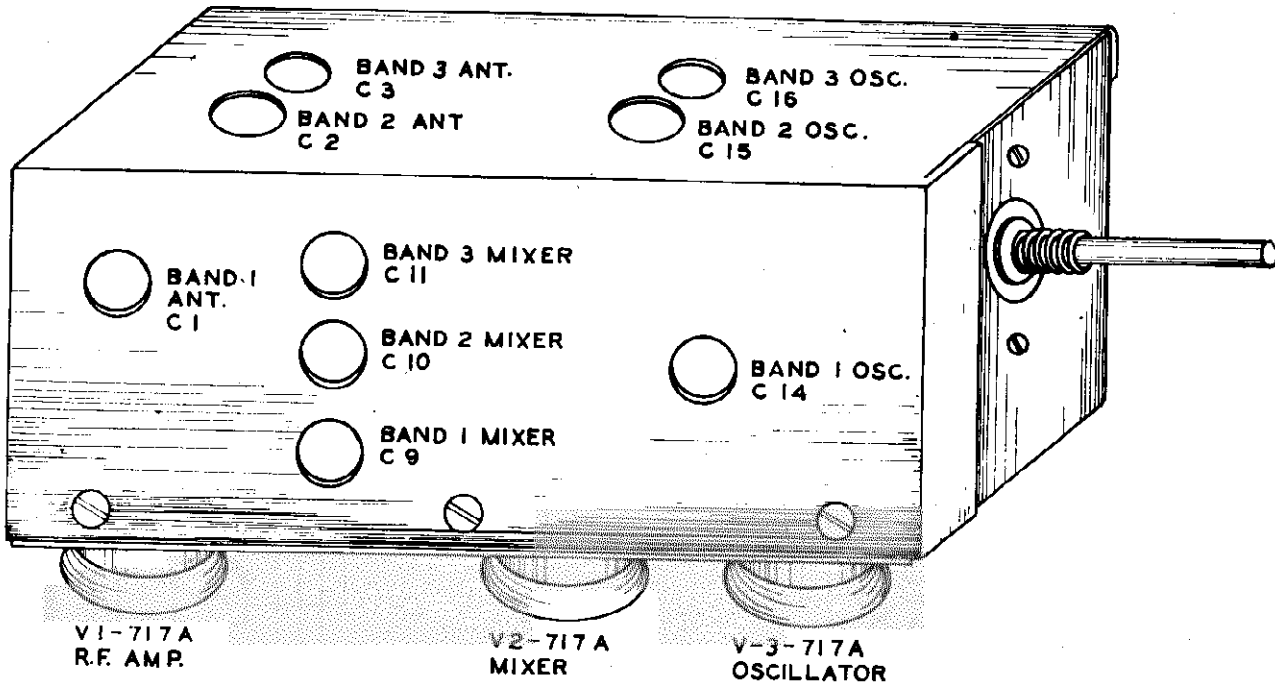
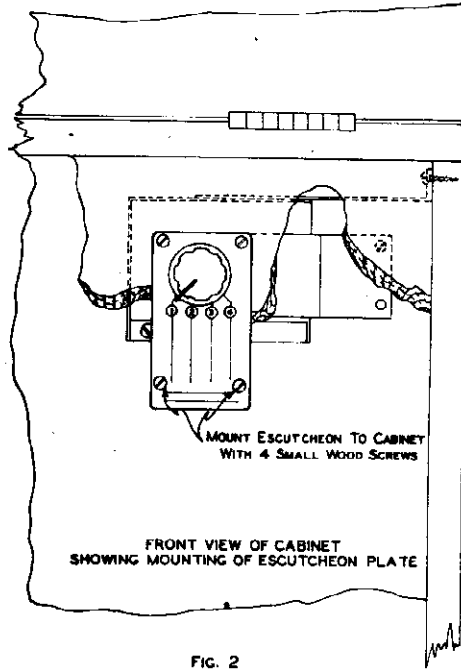
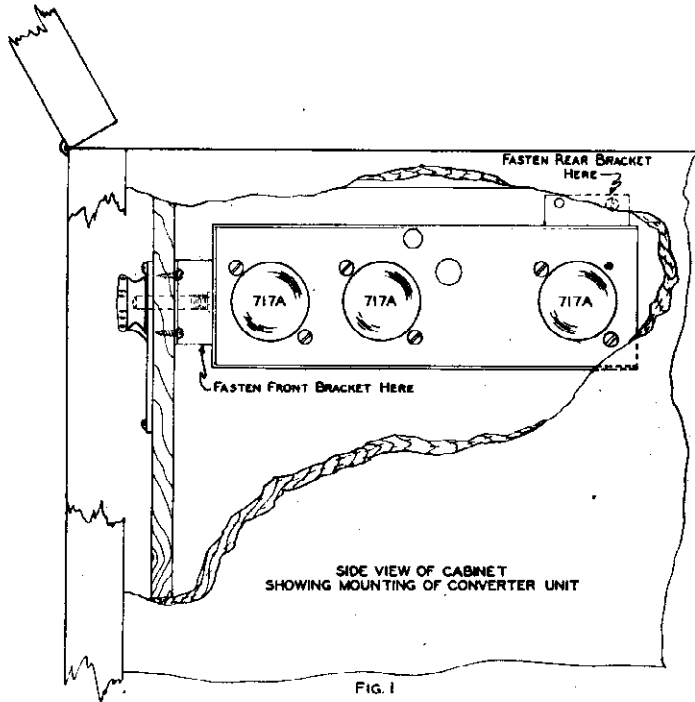
IF PEAK 455 KC

SCOTT RADIO LABS. INC.



MODEL F-M Converter

SCOTT RADIO LABS. INC.



TRIMMER LOCATIONS. F M CONVERTER

FIG. 3

SCOTT FM CONVERTER

Description

The Scott FM Converter is provided to enable the listener, with an FM Receiver having the old FM band of 41-50 megacycles, to tune in stations on the new FM band of 88-108 megacycles. The FM Converter is provided with a single control consisting of a four position switch which should be located on the front of the cabinet as outlined under INSTALLATION. The first three positions of this control are used for tuning in FM stations on the 88-108 megacycle band while the fourth position is used for tuning on the 41-50 megacycle band.

The FM Converter utilizes three type 717A high frequency pentode vacuum tubes in a circuit which consists of a tuned RF amplifier, mixer and H.F. oscillator.

An adapter plug is provided with the converter in order that power for the tubes can be obtained without having to make connections inside the receiver. One of the power output tubes of the receiver is removed and the adapter plugged into this socket, the tube is then inserted into the adapter.

Terminals are provided on the FM Converter for connection of an antenna, and a shielded high frequency cable is provided for connection of the converter to the FM antenna terminals of the receiver.

The FM Converter unit is 7 3/4 inches long with a 1/4 inch diameter shaft extending 2 inches at the front end. The unit is 4 3/4 inches wide and 2 3/4 inches deep. The power adapter cable extends approximately 4 1/2 feet from the unit while the antenna cable extends 3 feet from the unit.

Installation

The FM Converter Kit contains all the items necessary for complete installation of the converter in the cabinet housing the radio receiver. The installation should be made as follows:

1. Select the location in which the converter is to be mounted, in most cabinets the upper right hand corner will be found most convenient, but any location which is accessible will do. Any number of mounting arrangements can be worked out with the two brackets furnished using the two sets of mounting holes and the switch shaft bushing. The arrangement shown in Figures 1 & 2 can be used in most installations. Screws are furnished, in the kit, for fastening the brackets to the converter and wood screws are furnished to fasten the brackets to the cabinet.
2. After selecting the position in which the converter is to be mounted, mark the location of the hole for the switch shaft and carefully drill a 1/2 inch clearance hole. Then fasten the brackets to the cabinet letting the switch shaft extend approximately 1/2 inch out of the front of the cabinet.
3. Fasten the escutcheon plate to the front of the cabinet using the four small block screws provided and fasten the knob on the switch shaft so that the pointer is set at No. 4 position when the switch is set in the extreme counter-clockwise position.

4. Remove one of the power output tubes (6V6G or 6L6C) and insert this tube into the converter adapter socket. Then insert the adapter plug into the socket of the receiver from which this tube was removed.

5. Remove the antenna lead-in from the FM antenna terminal strip of the receiver, connect the center terminal of this strip to the ground terminal with a short piece of wire and then connect the insulated center wire of the converter antenna cable to the open antenna terminal and the shield braid of this cable to the ground terminal of the receiver FM antenna strip.

Antenna Installation

In order to obtain the best results when using this converter on the 88-108 megacycle band, a dipole antenna cut to the proper length with a 300 ohm low-loss lead-in should be used. This antenna may be one of several designs as follows:

a. When the receiver is located 30 or more miles from the transmitter it is recommended that a dipole antenna with reflector be installed outside and as high as possible. The Scott Type 1B887 FM Dipole Antenna Kit will fulfill all requirements for such an installation. It is supplied with antenna and reflector elements cut to the proper length for the 88-108 megacycle band, a molded bakelite block for mounting these elements, a steel support mast with universal mounting bracket and 75 feet of 300 ohm high frequency lead-in cable. This antenna should be installed with the elements broadside to the transmitter with the reflector element in back of the dipole elements.

b. For installations within a 30 mile radius of the transmitter a straight dipole antenna without the reflector can be used, however if an outside dipole antenna is to be used the dipole antenna with reflector will give best reception.

c. For installations where an outside antenna cannot be installed a very simple antenna, that will give good results when the receiver is located within a 30 mile radius of the transmitter, can be constructed from 500 ohm twin-lead. This antenna can be mounted on the rafters of the attic or fastened around the back of the receiver cabinet. This antenna is constructed as follows:

1. Cut a piece of 300 ohm twin-lead 59 inches long, skin back the wires at both ends approximately 3/8 inch and solder the two wires together at each end. You will then have a flat piece of cable approximately 58 1/2 inches long shorted at both ends.
2. Measure off the exact center of the cable and cut through one of the wires only. Skin back the two wires approximately 1/4 inch, then solder on a length of 300 ohm twin-lead long enough to reach from the antenna to the receiver. This lead-in may be any length depending upon where the antenna proper is to be installed.

MODEL F-M Converter

SCOTT RADIO LABS. INC.

- After the antenna has been installed the two wires of the lead-in should be connected to the two terminals of the strip at the rear of the converter marked "ANT.". The ground terminal need not be used.

Operation

Since power will be applied to the converter at all times when the receiver is turned on, all that is necessary to put the converter in operation is to set the receiver controls for FM reception. With the converter control set at Position 4 the receiver will tune in FM stations between 41-50 megacycles as it normally would. To tune in any FM station on the 88-108 megacycle band, set the converter control to the position under which the frequency of the station is listed and then tune the dial of the receiver to the frequencies listed under column 4. For example: If it is desired to tune in a station at 96.9 megacycles the converter control should be set at position 3 since this frequency lies between 95 and 99 megacycles, the receiver dial should then be tuned between 46 and 47 megacycles as indicated in column 4. If the station desired operates on 108.5 megacycles the converter control should be set at position 1 and the receiver dial tuned between 42 and 43 megacycles as indicated in column 4. It will be found very helpful if a chart is made listing the reading on the dial logging scale for each FM station in the location where the converter is being operated.

Maintenance and Repairs

Since there are no moving parts in the FM Converter outside of the switch control, it will require little maintenance. Tube replacement is minimized by using the same type of tube in all three positions.

The schematic circuit diagram, Figure 4 and the list of replaceable parts, Table 1 will help in making any repairs necessary.

Alignment

The following alignment instructions are provided in order that the FM Converter may be correctly realigned in case it is necessary to replace any part that will affect alignment.

Before realigning the FM Converter the calibration of the 41-50 megacycle band on the receiver must be checked since the accuracy of this calibration will affect the calibration of the FM Converter as listed on the converter control escutcheon.

Align the FM Converter as follows:

Connect a signal generator, capable of covering the 88-108 megacycle band, to the antenna and ground terminals of the FM Converter using a 50 ohm composition resistor in series with the high potential lead of the signal generator and connect an output meter across the voice coil of the speaker to be used as an indicator.

CAUTION: The trimmer adjustments must be aligned in the sequence outlined below as trimmer capacitors C1, C9 and C14 are used as part of the capacity required for alignment on positions 2 and 3.

- Set the controls on the receiver for FM reception with the tuning dial set at 47 megacycles.
- With the signal generator adjusted to 107 megacycles, set the switch control of the FM Converter to position No. 1 and adjust trimmer capacitor C14 until the signal is tuned to resonance, then adjust trimmer capacitor C9 and C1 for maximum indication on the output meter.
- Set the signal generator to 99 megacycles and the converter control to position No. 2. Adjust trimmer capacitor C15 for resonance; then adjust trimmer capacitors C10 and C3 for maximum indication on the output meter.
- Set the signal generator to 90 megacycles and the converter control to position No. 3. Adjust trimmer capacitor C16 for resonance; then adjust trimmer capacitors C11 and C5 for maximum indication on the output meter.

NOTE: When making the above adjustments the receiver dial must be set at 47 megacycles at all times.

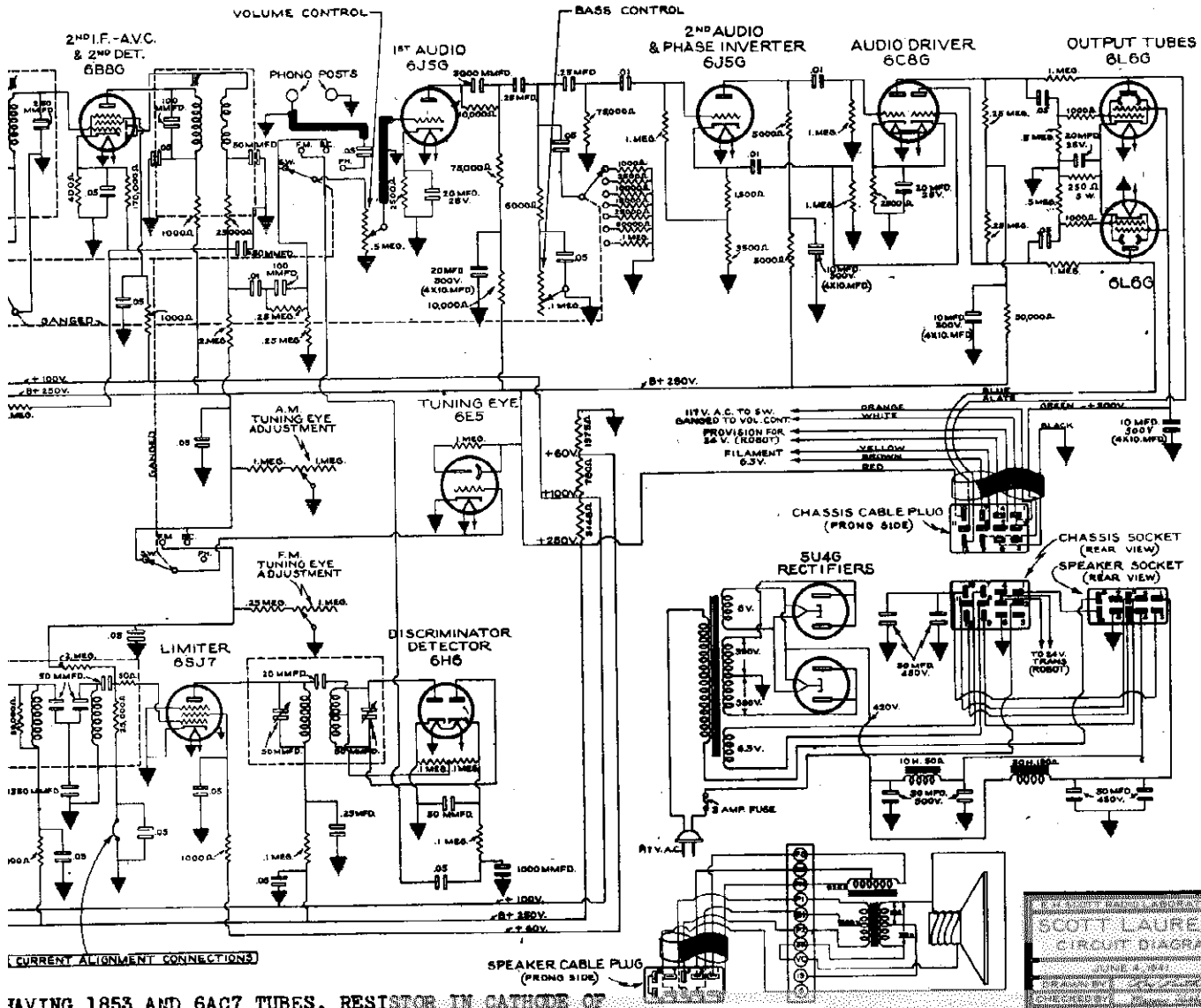
Do not readjust trimmer capacitors C1, C9 and C14 after positions No. 2 and 3 have been aligned as the initial setting of these trimmers will affect the alignment of these two positions.

Table 1
Parts List by Symbol Designation

Symbol Desig.	Function	Description	Part Number
C1	Band 1 Antenna trimmer 101-110 Mc.	Capacitor, silver ceramic, 4-25 MMF, core-driver adj.	15421
C2	Band 2 Antenna trimmer 93-102 Mc.	Same as C1	
C3	Band 3 Antenna trimmer 88-93 Mc.	Same as C1	
C4	V1-RF amp. cathode bypass	Capacitor, mica, 300 MMF, 10% 500 V DC Wkg., CMO case	158799
C5	V1 heater bypass #2 contact	Capacitor, mica, 5000 MMF, 10%, 500 V DC Wkg., CMO case	1321263
C6	V1 heater bypass #7 contact	Same as C5	
C7	V1 plate and screen bypass	Same as C5	
C8	V2 mixer grid return	Same as C5	
C9	Band 1 mixer trimmer	Same as C1	
C10	Band 2 mixer trimmer	Same as C1	
C11	Band 3 mixer trimmer	Same as C1	
C12	V2 mixer plate bypass	Same as C5	
C13	A3 bypass	Same as C5	
C14	Band 1 oscillator trimmer	Same as C1	
C15	Band 2 oscillator trimmer	Same as C1	
C16	Band 3 oscillator trimmer	Same as C1	
C17	V3 oscillator grid coupling	Capacitor, silver mica, 100 MMF, 5%, 500 V DC Wkg., CMO case	154438
C18	V3 heater bypass contact #2	Same as C5	
C19	V3 heater bypass contact #7	Same as C5	
C20	V3 oscillator plate bypass	Same as C5	
E1	Antenna terminal strip	Terminal strip, 3 terminals mounted on 3/4" W x 8" L bakelite strip marked ANT-3RD.	89K1411
L1	FM converter antenna coil	RF coil, Pri: 5T, 3 strands #28 DCC wire interwound with secondary Sec: 3T #16 E wire spacewound Form: 3/8" dia. x 2 1/8" long	20Y2220
L2	FM converter mixer coil	RF coil, Pri: 5T #28 DCC wire interwound with secondary Sec: 3T #16 E wire spacewound Form: 3/8" dia. x 2 1/8" long	20Y2221
L3	FM converter output coil	RF coil, Pri: 15T #24 E wire closewound Sec1: 2T #28 DCC wire Form: 3/8" dia. x 2 1/8" long	20Y2225

Table 1 (Continued)
Parts List by Symbol Designation

Symbol Desig.	Function	Description	Part Number
I4	FM converter oscillator coil	RF coil, 7T #24 E wire spacewound tapped at 1/2" and 3/4" from bottom Form: 3/8" dia. x 2 1/8" long	20Y2228
R1	V1 grid series resistor	Resistor, composition, 5 ohms 10%, 1/2 watt, wire leads	70B860
R2	V1 cathode bias	Resistor, composition, 240 ohms, 5%, 1/2 watt, wire leads	70A45
R3	V1 screen filter	Resistor, composition, 18000 ohms, 10%, 1/2 watt, wire leads	70A66
R4	V2 grid leak	Resistor, composition, .22 mega, 10%, 1/2 watt, wire leads	70A59
R5	V2 grid series	Same as R1	
R6	V2 plate filter	Resistor, composition, 0.1 meg, 10%, 1/2 watt, wire leads	70A65
R7	V3 plate load	Same as R5	
R8	V3 grid leak	Resistor, composition, 5000 ohms, 10%, 1/2 watt, wire leads	70A50
S1	Antenna and mixer band selector switch section	Switch section, 2 pole, 4 position, rotary type, wafer section	89K1498-1
S2	Oscillator and output selector switch section	Same as S1	
V1	RF amplifier tube	Vacuum tube, 12PA, high frequency pentode, octal base. Heater: 6.3 V 0 .15 amp.	89K1480
V2	Mixer tube	Same as V1	
V3	Oscillator tube	Same as V1	
W1	Adapter plug and cable assembly	Cable, 4 wire, 5 ft. long, attached to octal socket and octal plug adapter	96Y2206
W2	Antenna output cable	Cable, single conductor, shielded, type RG28/U - 5 feet long	96Y2207
X1	Socket for V1	Socket, 8 contact octal, ceramic, tapped mounting plate, key 45° left of mounting centers	89K1721
X2	Socket for V2	Same as X1	
X3	Socket for V3	Socket, 8 contact octal, ceramic, tapped mounting plate, key 90° off mounting center	89K1708



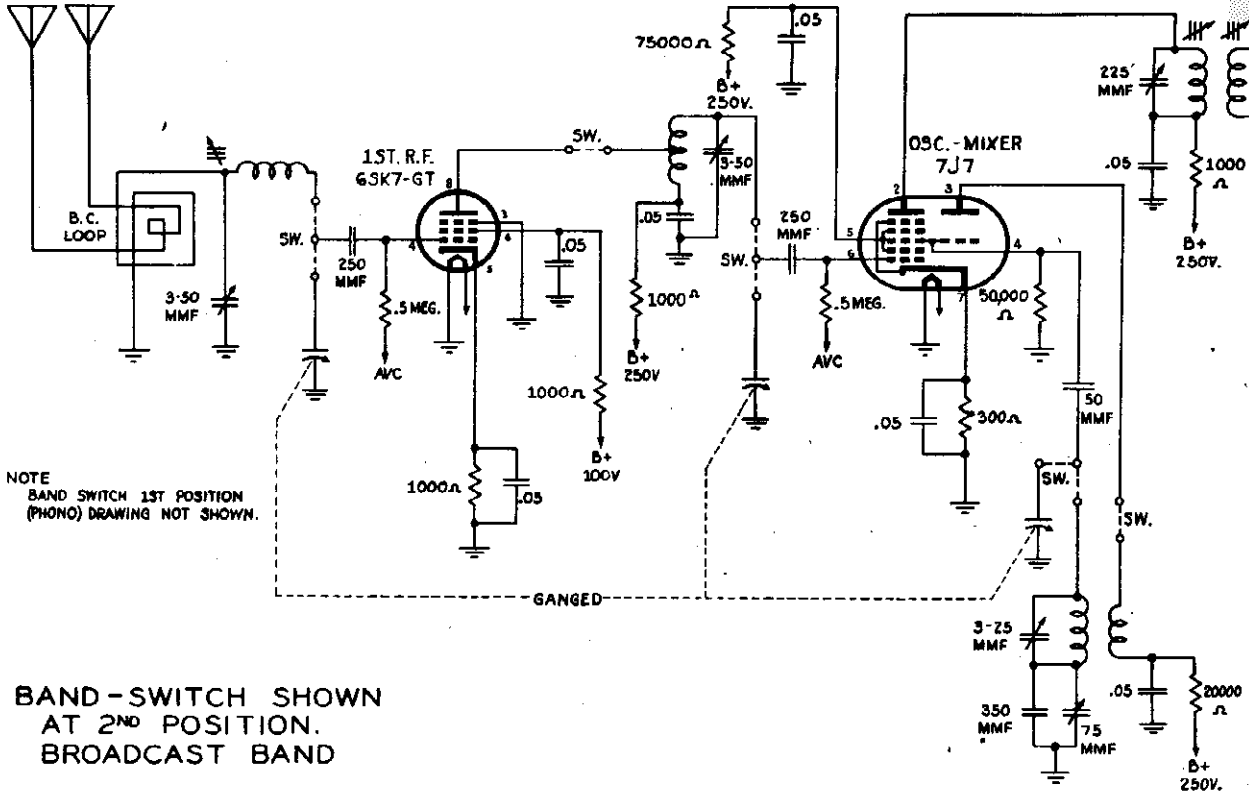
HAVING 1853 AND 6AC7 TUBES, RESISTOR IN CATHODE OF IS CHANGED FROM 150 TO 500 OHMS.

SCOTT LAUREATE
CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

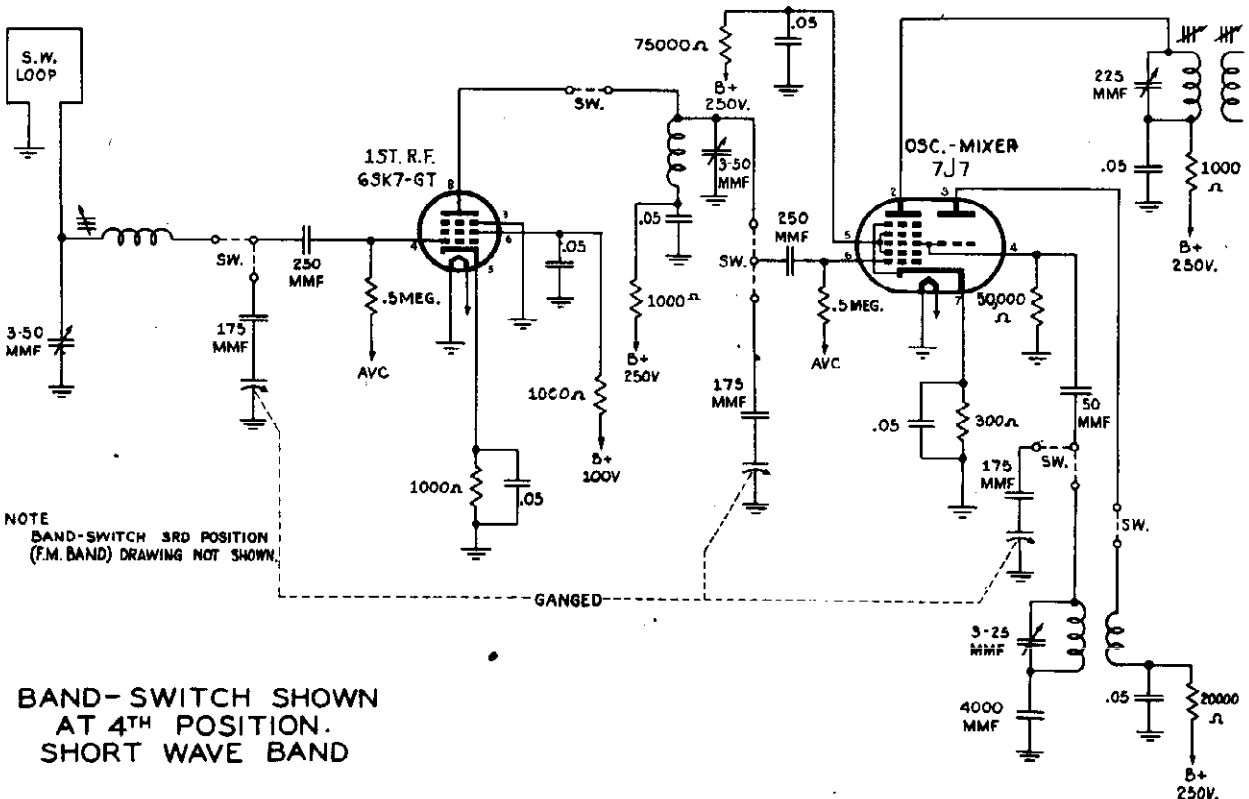
"clarified schematics"

SCOTT RADIO LABS. INC.

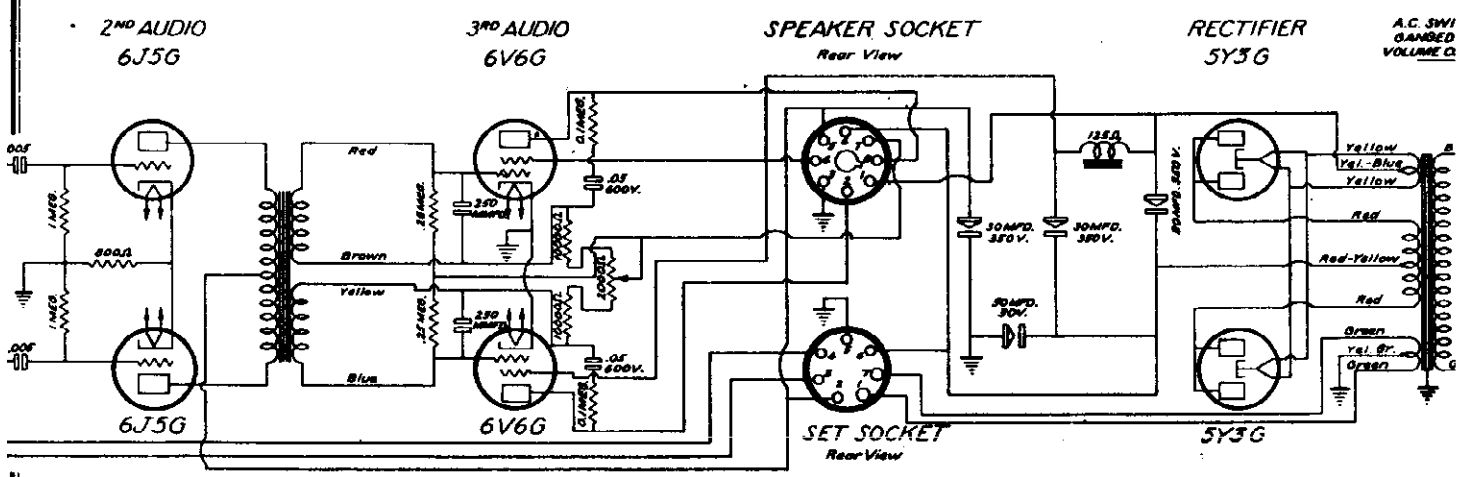
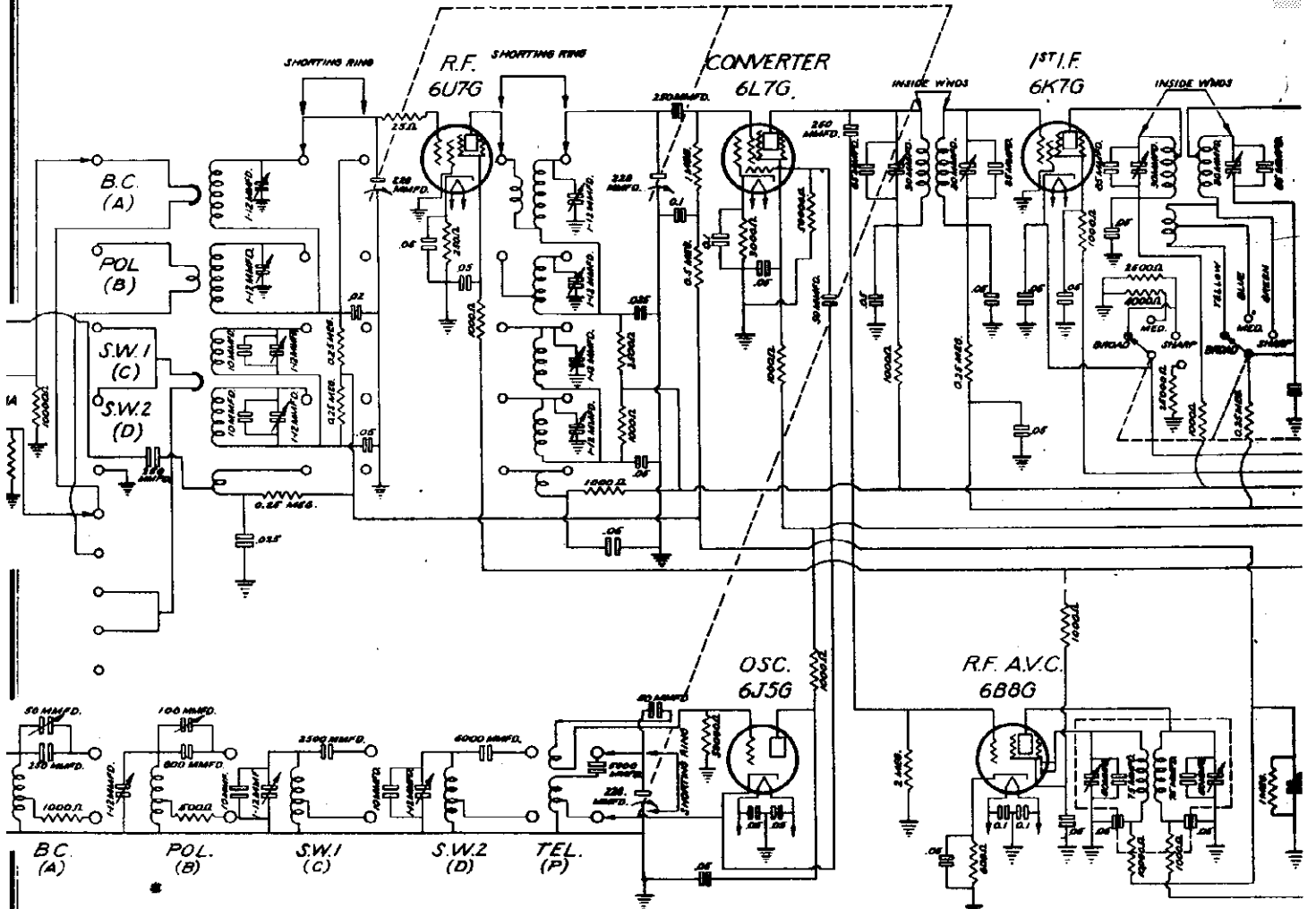
MODEL Laureate
Revised



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
AT 2ND POSITION.
BROADCAST BAND

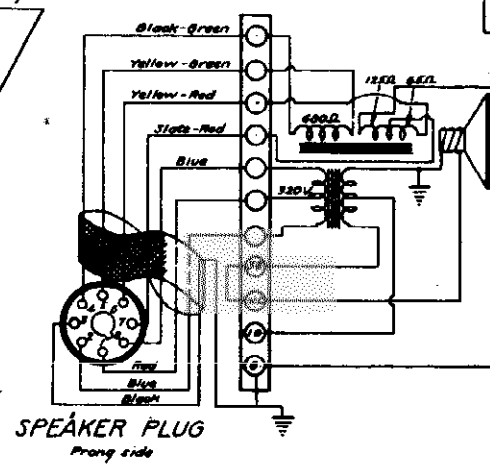
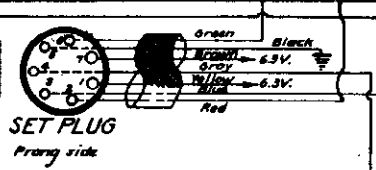
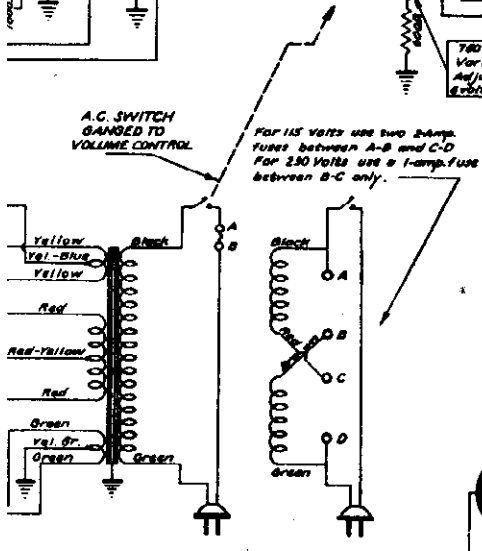
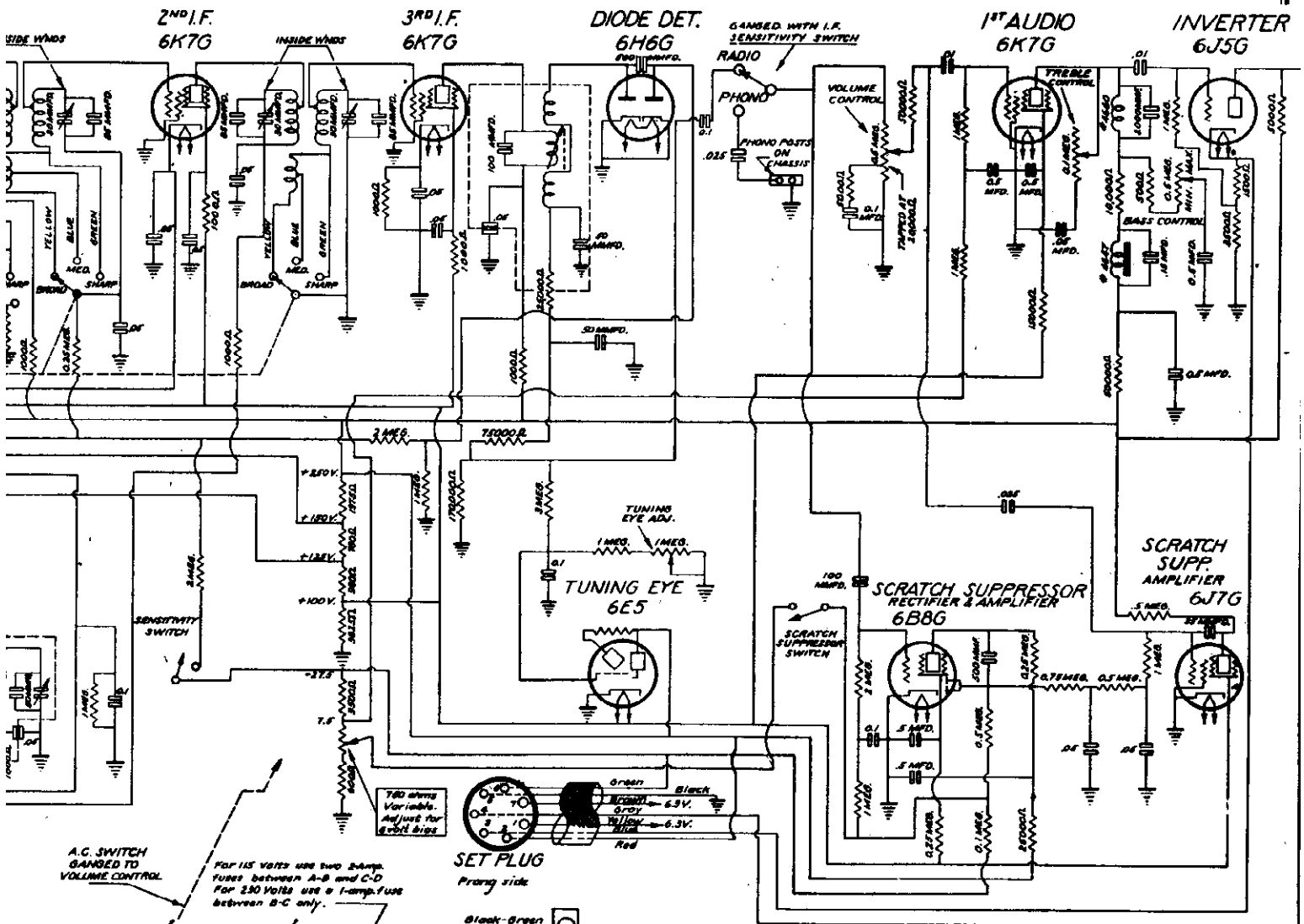


BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
AT 4TH POSITION.
SHORT WAVE BAND



RADIO LABS. INC.

MODEL Phantom
Revised

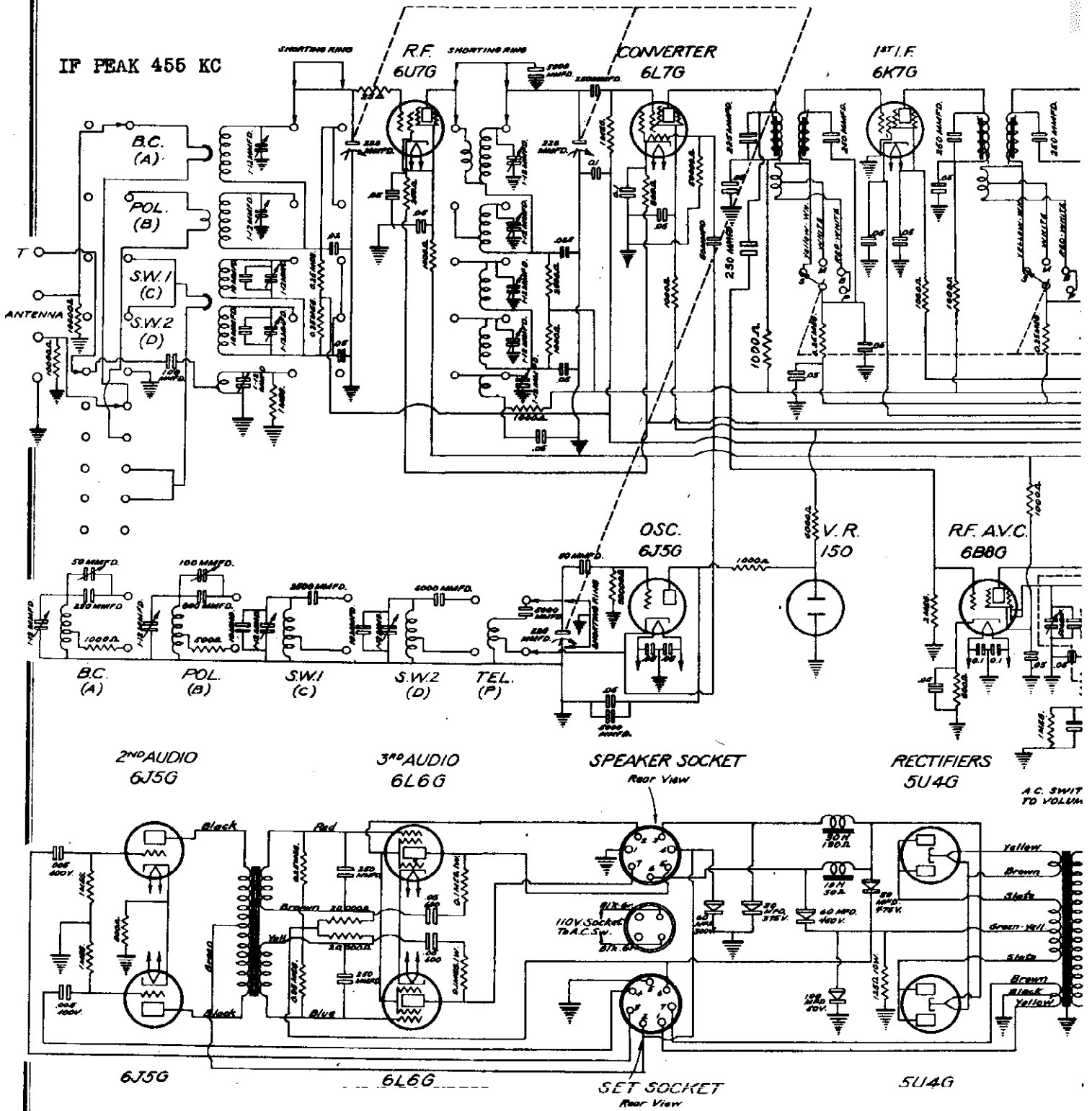


NOTE:—
1. The symbol Ω signifies ohms.

REVISED 3-1-39

E.H. SCOTT RADIO LABORATORIES, INC.
**SCOTT PHANTOM
 CIRCUIT DIAGRAM**
 October 21, 1938
 Drawn by R.G. Parthia
 Checked by [Signature]
 Approved by [Signature]

SCOTT RADIO 1

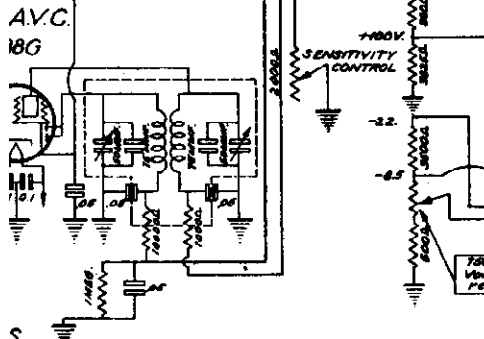
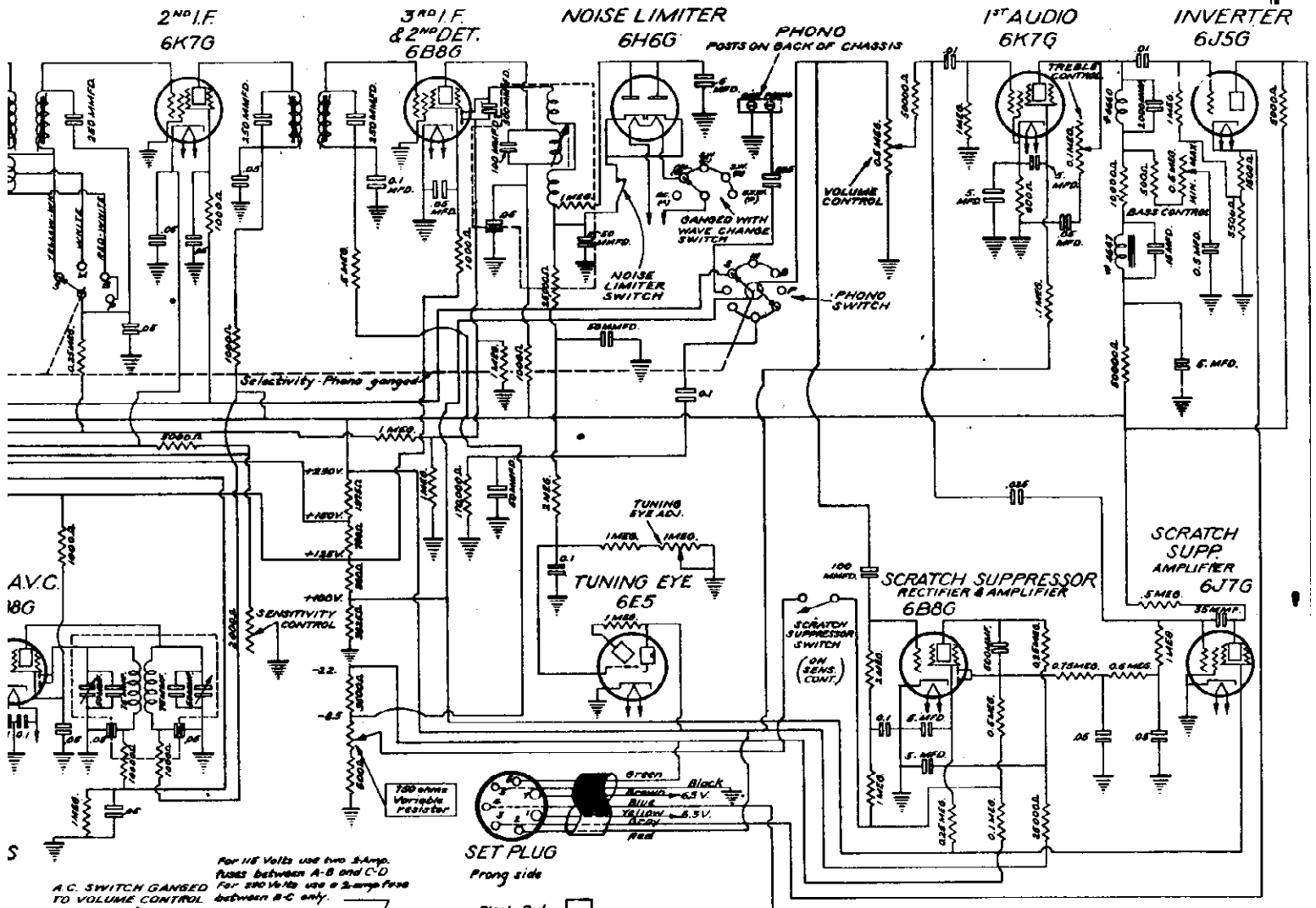


Voltage Rating 117 volts
 Frequency Rating 60 cycles

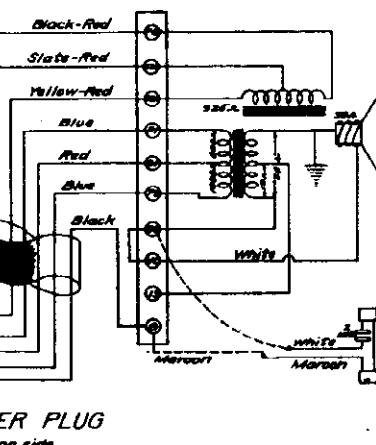
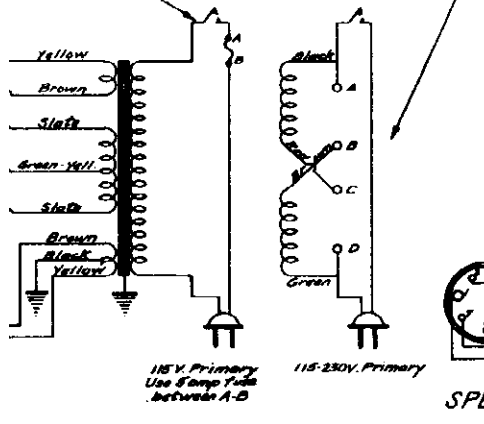
NOTE: Power transformers can be furnished for any special frequency or voltage range.

Power consumption 200 watts

RADIO LABS. INC.



For 115 Volts use two 5 amp fuses between A-B and C-D
For 230 Volts use a 5 amp fuse between B-C only.



NOTE :-
1. The symbol Ω signifies ohms.

E.H. SCOTT RADIO LABORATORIES INC.	
SCOTT PHANTOM DELUXE CIRCUIT DIAGRAM	
October 16, 1939	
Drawn by	R.G. Parthie
Checked by	J.F. J.B.
Approved by	C.R. Con

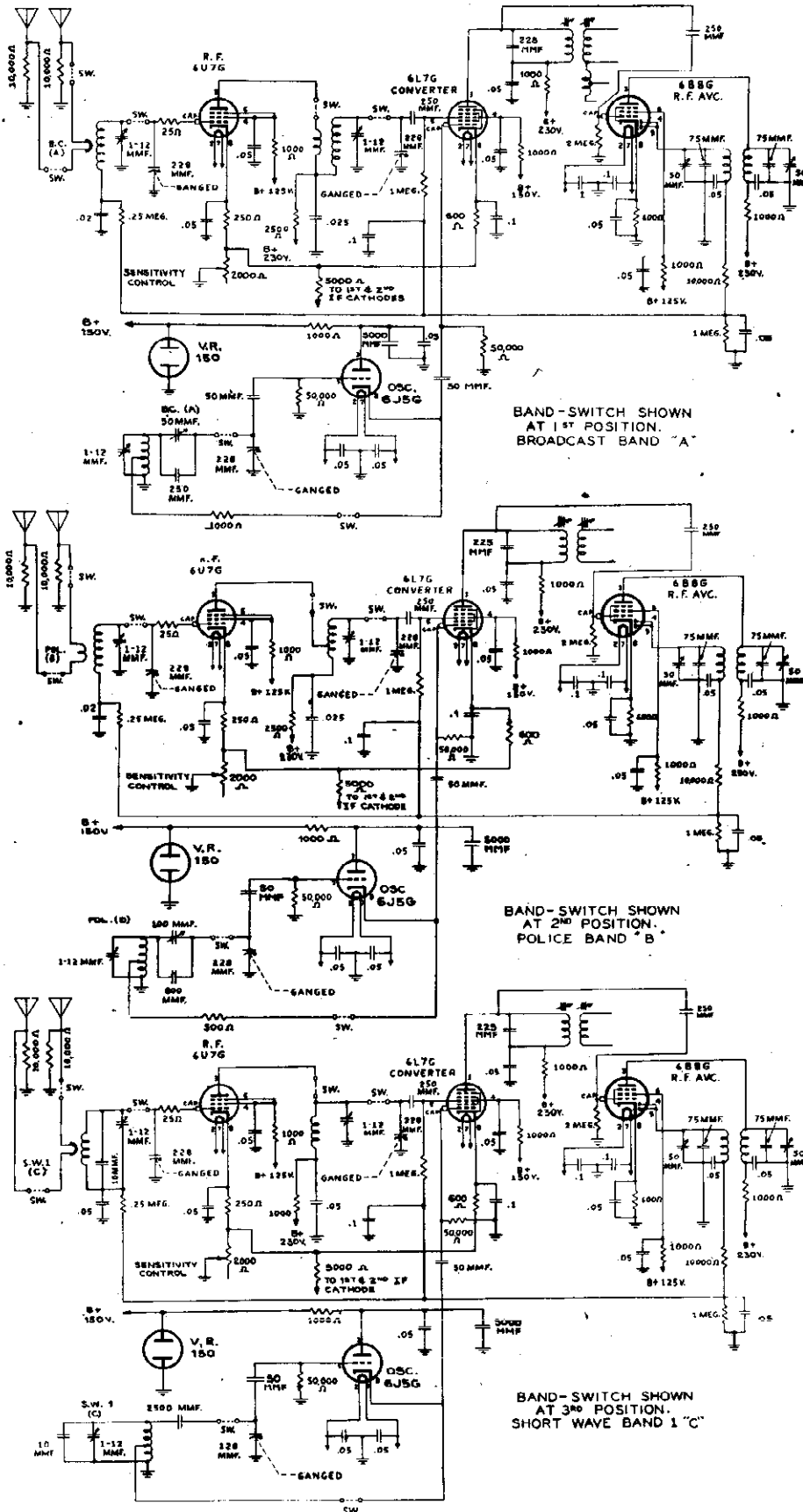
115 volts cycles	Audio Power Output	35 watts undistorted
115 volts cycles	Audio Power Output	40 watts peak
Frequency range.	Audio Frequency Range	30 - 8,500 cycles
Power	Radio Frequency Coverage	550 Kc. to 60 megacycles

"clarified schematics"

SCOTT PAGE 15-15

MODEL Phantom
Deluxe Revised

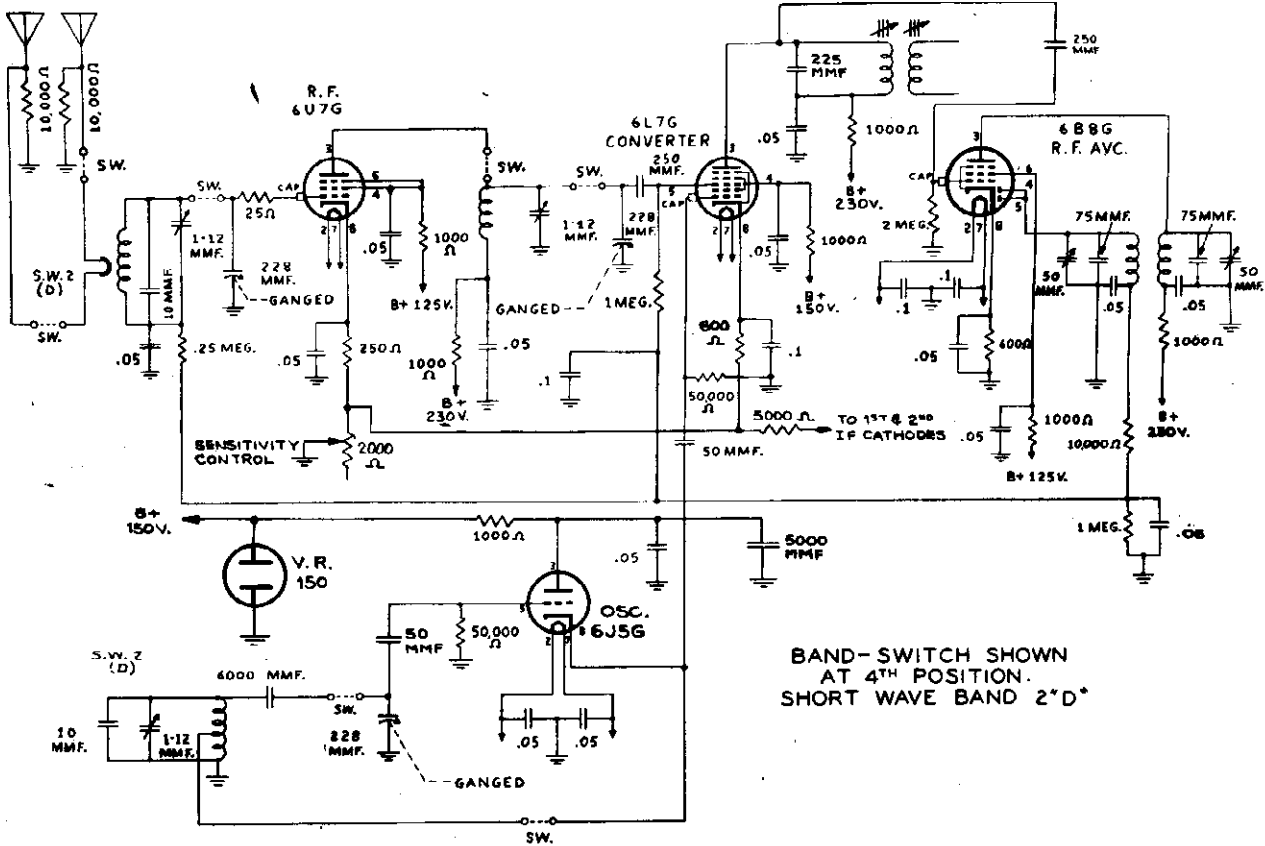
SCOTT RADIO LABS. INC.



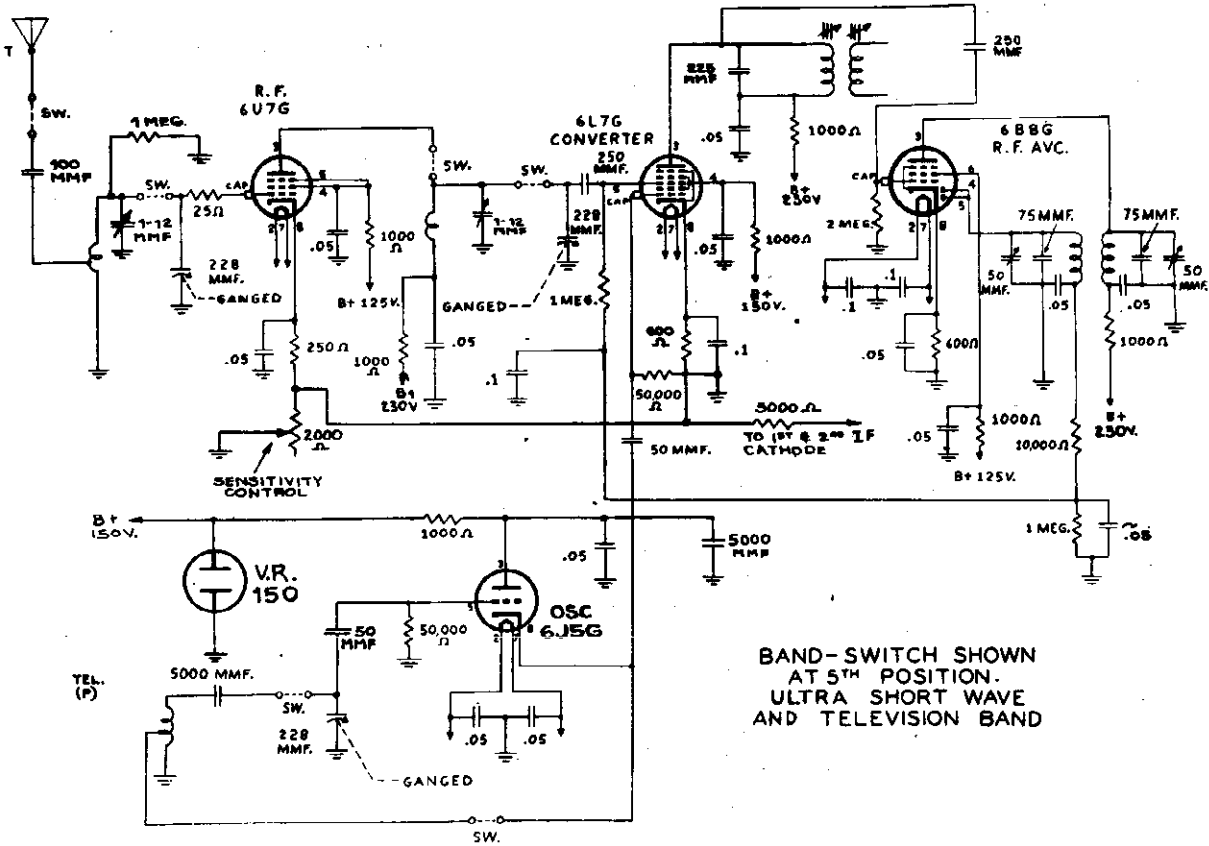
"clarified schematics"

MODEL Phantom
Deluxe Revised

SCOTT RADIO LABS. INC.



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN AT 4TH POSITION. SHORT WAVE BAND 2'D*



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN AT 5TH POSITION. ULTRA SHORT WAVE AND TELEVISION BAND

SCOTT RADIO LABS. INC.

RECORD SCRATCH SUPPRESSION

The Scott Phantom Deluxe employs the feature of automatic scratch suppression using a 688G and a 6J7G in a special circuit which attenuates the higher audio frequencies (corresponding to record scratch) when they are very weak, but passes unattenuated the stronger high frequencies (corresponding to useful high fidelity reproduction).

The 688G tube operates as an amplifier and diode to supply rectified bias voltage proportional to input signal amplitude for frequencies above 1,500 cycles to the control grid of a 6J7G tube. The circuit is arranged so that the effective capacity of a 35 mmfd. condenser, amplified to a maximum of approximately 5,000 mmfd. by the gain of the 6J7G tube, is in shunt with the first A.F. 6K7G tube grid at audio frequencies.

When the higher audio frequencies are weak no rectified bias is developed by the 688G tube allowing the 6J7G tube to operate at maximum gain, shunting a high capacity from the grid of the first AF tube to ground, thus practically eliminating record scratch. However, when the higher audio frequencies are strong, considerable rectified bias is developed in the 688G tube and applied to greatly reduce the gain of the 6J7G tube, thus reducing the effective capacity, shunting the input to the first A.F. tube and allowing all frequencies to pass unattenuated.

AUDIO AMPLIFIER

When the selectivity switch is set to position "P" the input to the three stage audio system is automatically connected to the phonograph input terminals on the rear of the chassis. The volume control regulates the input to the 6K7G first audio tube and in the plate circuit of this tube the variable bass and treble control circuits are connected. The bass circuit utilizes a high "Q" resonator choke system and provides a boost of about 15 db. at 75 cycles in the maximum position.

The first audio tube is followed by the 6J5G phase inverter tube. This circuit is self balancing and couples into the grids of the 6J5G pushpull 2nd audio tubes which operate into the balanced primary of a special driver transformer, the secondary of which in turn apply the signal to the 6L6G beam power output stage.

The power output stage incorporates inverse feedback which helps to flatten loudspeaker response and improves reproduction.

NOISE LIMITER CIRCUIT

A 6F6G tube is utilized as a noise limiter device so that peaks of local electrical interference may be "chopped" off resulting in reduction of peak noises of continuous amplitude. You will find this especially effective when the receiver is tuned to a weak signal on shortwaves.

POWER SUPPLY

The power supply used is of the heavy duty type employing two of the new 5U4G rectifier tubes. The primary of the power transformer is arranged for standard 117 volts on the domestic model. On the foreign model it is designed to accommodate either 117 volts or 230 volts AC by proper placement of the fuses. This is clearly shown on the schematic diagram. The rectified plate voltages are filtered by the use of three high capacity electrolytics, a choke and the speaker field employed as another choke. In addition, the bias voltage is further filtered by the use of a 100 mfd. condenser at 50 volts.

LOUD SPEAKER

The loud speaker employed is arranged to provide connections for an external speaker. It is necessary to disconnect the jumper wire between terminals V.C. and 3B, and connect it between V.C. and 19 instead. Now connect a 30 ohm speaker to the terminals marked 19 and G. "T" pads may be added by reference to the diagram showing these connections.

ELECTRICAL DESCRIPTION OF THE CIRCUIT

R. F. SECTION

The antenna input circuit is arranged so that when operating on the two shortwave bands and broadcast band, the signal picked up on the flat top portion of the doublet antenna is transferred to the R.F. tube grid by means of the special shielded ring coupling system, achieving a high degree of noise reduction. Noise reduction is also achieved on all bands due to the use of a special filter at the antenna. On the police band the signal is fed directly into the primary coil to minimize circuit loss. The first tuned circuit resonates and amplifies the desired signal. On shortwave and police the second tuned circuit operates directly from the plate of the R.F. tube and feeds directly into the converter grid reducing losses to a minimum. A 5U7G tube, having high mutual conductance is used in the R.F. stage which gives high sensitivity on all bands.

CONVERTER SECTION

The amplified signal from the R.F. amplifier is applied to the 6I7G converter control grid and the oscillator output is coupled to grid No. 3. These two input signals now both modulate the converter cathode emission and the result will be a difference in frequency component in the plate circuit of the converter which represents the I.F. frequency.

OSCILLATOR SECTION

The proper combination of series padders, shunt trimmers, and coils in the oscillator circuit provide a signal frequency 455 Kc. higher than that to which the R.F. section is tuned. (In special cases individual I.F. frequencies are used.) The efficient 6J5G type oscillator tube is used in an electron coupled circuit. Oscillator potentials are carefully by-passed and filtered, and the circuit is made extremely stable by the use of Silver Cap condensers and a special metalized resistor.

I. F. SECTION

The I.F. amplifier consists of three stages employing two 6K7G tubes and one 688G tube. The I.F. transformers are wound in single pi sections in both primary and secondary coils, and are permanently tuned by a combination Silver cap fixed condenser and an iron core giving a micrometer adjustment. In addition, each stage is arranged with resonance capacity filters for each circuit. The I.F. system is arranged for three degrees of selectivity by means of a small tapped coil connected to the grid return of the I.F. secondary and closely coupled to the primary in the 2nd and 3rd stage. The degree of coupling is then controlled by varying the sensitivity switch. The signal developed in the converter plate circuit is highly amplified in the I.F. amplifier at 455 Kc. and is passed to the second detector.

R. F. and I. F. AVC SYSTEMS

The Scott Phantom Deluxe employs two separate AVC systems. In the R.F. AVC circuit the control grid of the 688G tube is capacitively coupled to the plate of the 6I7G converter tube. I.F. and signal frequency are amplified and rectified by this tube and applied as control on the 1st R.F. grid and converter tube. This prevents overload in the R.F. stage and helps to reduce the effects of noise and distortion when tuned to powerful locals and also protects the first tube from these effects when the set is tuned to a weak distant station that is near in frequency to a powerful local. This AVC action operates only when the input signals exceeds about 1,000 microvolts.

In the I.F. AVC circuit the 688G tube acts as I.F. amplifier and diode detector and supplies AVC voltage for control on the 1st and 2nd I.F. tube grids and prevents overload and distortion in this part of the circuit.

Just below the Selectivity Control is the sensitivity Control which will decrease the maximum sensitivity of the receiver, when to extreme left, by increasing the minimum bias of the I.F. tubes. This provides silent tuning between stations but in no way affects the normal AVC action on the stations which are well above the noise level.

DETECTOR

As mentioned above, the 688G tube acts as a second detector in addition to its other functions, and handles high percentage modulation signals with a minimum of distortion.

MODEL Phantom Deluxe Revised

SCOTT RADIO LABS. INC.

treble control full on, and scratch suppressor switch off, apply 0.2 volt at 3,500 cycles to the phono posts. The scratch suppressor switch is ganged with the sensitivity control. Set the volume control so that 1 volt is obtained on the output meter across the voice coil. Turn on (to right) the suppressor switch and the 1 volt reading should just start to drop (say to .9v.). Now turn the suppressor switch off and reduce the audio oscillator input to 0.05 volts, reset the volume control to obtain a 1 volt reading again on the voice coil output meter and now turn on the suppressor switch. The 1 volt reading should now drop to a level of 0.3 of a volt or slightly under. This gives a reduction ratio of 5 to 1 and this is the proper ratio to maintain. If this 5 to 1 reduction is not obtained the 6 volt bias should be reduced slightly by varying the small slider arm in the C divider network. If too much control is obtained, the 6 volt bias may be raised by adjusting the slider arm.

The 6B8G tube determines the level at which the circuit starts to cut high frequencies and the 6J7G tube determines the amount of this cut.

ALIGNMENT OF I.F. SECTION

Connect a good signal generator to the input of the I.F. system. Turn the wave band switch to the broadcast band; have sensitivity control to maximum position (to right); turn tuning dial pointer to hi-freq. end of dial. Ground the I.F. AVC line by connecting a jumper wire from it to Gnd. Now set the selectivity switch in the sharp position (all the way to the left).

Connect the negative terminal of a 20,000 ohm per volt DC voltmeter using the 25 volt scale, (or a sensitive microammeter with a 0.5 meg. resistor connected in series with its negative terminal) to the "I.F. Diode Output Point", and connect the positive terminal to the chassis.

Apply an unmodulated 455 Kc. signal of sufficient strength to produce a diode output voltage reading of approximately 10 v. (or 20 microamperes for the microammeter) and very carefully adjust the 1st, 2nd, 3rd, I.F. transformer and I.F. diode trimmers for maximum meter reading, reducing the input, if necessary, to avoid exceeding the above figures.

Adjust the R.F. diode transformer for maximum output after the I.F. stages are aligned. Remove the 1 meg. resistor from ground that is connected to the R.F. diode output point (10,000 Ohm) and put the high resistance DC meter in series with the 1 meg resistor to ground, the positive side of the meter going to ground. If there is sufficient signal from the generator it will be OK to merely connect the negative terminal of the microammeter to the R.F. diode output point. Put in a strong signal until a variation is noticed and adjust the R.F. diode for maximum output. Adjust the diode trimmers very carefully. Also shut out the coil you are not adjusting, with a 10,000 ohm resistor while trimming the other circuit; namely, put 10,000 ohms from B. to the 6B8G plate then trim the secondary. Shift the resistor to diode plates and 10,000 ohm diode output point and trim the primaries.

ALIGNMENT OF R.F. SECTIONS

Before starting on this portion of the set, it is important to understand how the tuning wand works. One end of this device has a core of material such as polystyrene while the other end is brass. When the inductance of a coil is high, insertion of the brass end will decrease it to the proper resonant value; whereas, insertion of the other end will increase the effective inductance.

This gives a very convenient means of determining whether or not it is necessary to add or remove turns from the coil. In the following instructions only a slight adjustment of trimmers and padders should be necessary where original coils are used. Full instructions however, are given to cover the case where new coils are to be used.

BROADCAST BAND ALIGNMENT

First turn the dial pointer completely to the low frequency dial stop and see that the pointer reaches 1/16" beyond the lowest frequency mark. Turn the wave band switch to the broadcast "A" position, set the bass control to minimum, treble control to maximum and sensitivity control to minimum and connect an output meter across the voice

TESTING THE SCOTT PHANTOM DELUXE

In order to properly align and service the Scott Phantom Deluxe receiver, the serviceman must have the following equipment.

- Signal Generator (90 Kc. to 6C Megacycles)
- Output Meter (such as Weston or Triplett)
- Voltmeter and Ohmmeter (Sensitivity 1,000 ohms per volt or better.)
- Microammeter (Weston model 500)
- Tuning Wand (Alledin)
- Audio Oscillator (30 to 10,000 cycles)

HUM TESTS ON RECEIVER

Make certain that there are no soldering irons near the chassis and that the power transformer end of the amplifier is as far away as possible. Connect a good output meter, having a resistance of 3,000 ohms or more to the 6L6 plates (No. 3 prong) and have a 1 to 2 mfd. condenser in series with one lead to another.

With bass full on, treble full, and volume off, the hum should not exceed .1 of a volt. To make overall tests, remove the 2nd audio 6J5G tubes. The hum should now drop to less than 0.1 volt. If it does not, the amount of hum read on the meter is the hum in the amplifier itself. Leave the tubes just removed out and change the 6L6 tubes in the amplifier, at the same time adjusting the hum control on the amplifier until the hum is reduced to a minimum. There may be a filament short also. Check the circuit and connections to get the hum out of the amplifier before proceeding with the rest of the test.

NOTE: It is highly important, in minimizing hum to use the Spiral Heater type 6K7G and 6U5C tubes in the audio system since while considerable bass boost is available, tubes are the sole source of hum, there being no hum pickup whatsoever in chokes, transformers, etc.

After the amplifier is found to be OK replace the 2nd audio tubes and remove the inverter and 1st audio, substituting a new tube for the 2nd audio tube to heat up properly. Next try the inverter tube in the same manner and follow with the 1st audio 6K7G; also, the dial light circuit may be shorted against the dial frame. All these points should be checked along with the trying of new tubes.

AUDIO GAIN TESTS

With an audio input signal of 0.5 volt at 400 cycles an output reading of between 22-24 volts should be obtained on the output meter which is connected across the voice coil. Make this test with volume full, bass control full, selectivity in phono position. If this gain is low it may be due to defective tubes, wrong voltages, shorts or open circuits, either in the set or power amplifier. Both should be checked.

AUDIO FIDELITY TESTS

For correct high fidelity reproduction it is important that the electrical frequency response of the audio system, from the phono posts to a 38 or 40 ohm dummy voice coil resistor approximate 2.4 volts at 75 cycles and a 3-3.5 volts at 6,250 cycles with the bass and fidelity controls on full, after the output has been carefully adjusted, by means of the volume control, to 1 volt at 400 cycles with an input of 1 volt at each frequency. Failure of the system to approximate this response (if you are certain that your meters are accurate and that no series meter condenser which would "cut" low frequencies, is being used) should lead to analysis of the low or high frequency circuit involved to determine and eliminate the trouble.

HOW TO ADJUST THE AUTOMATIC RECORD SCRATCH

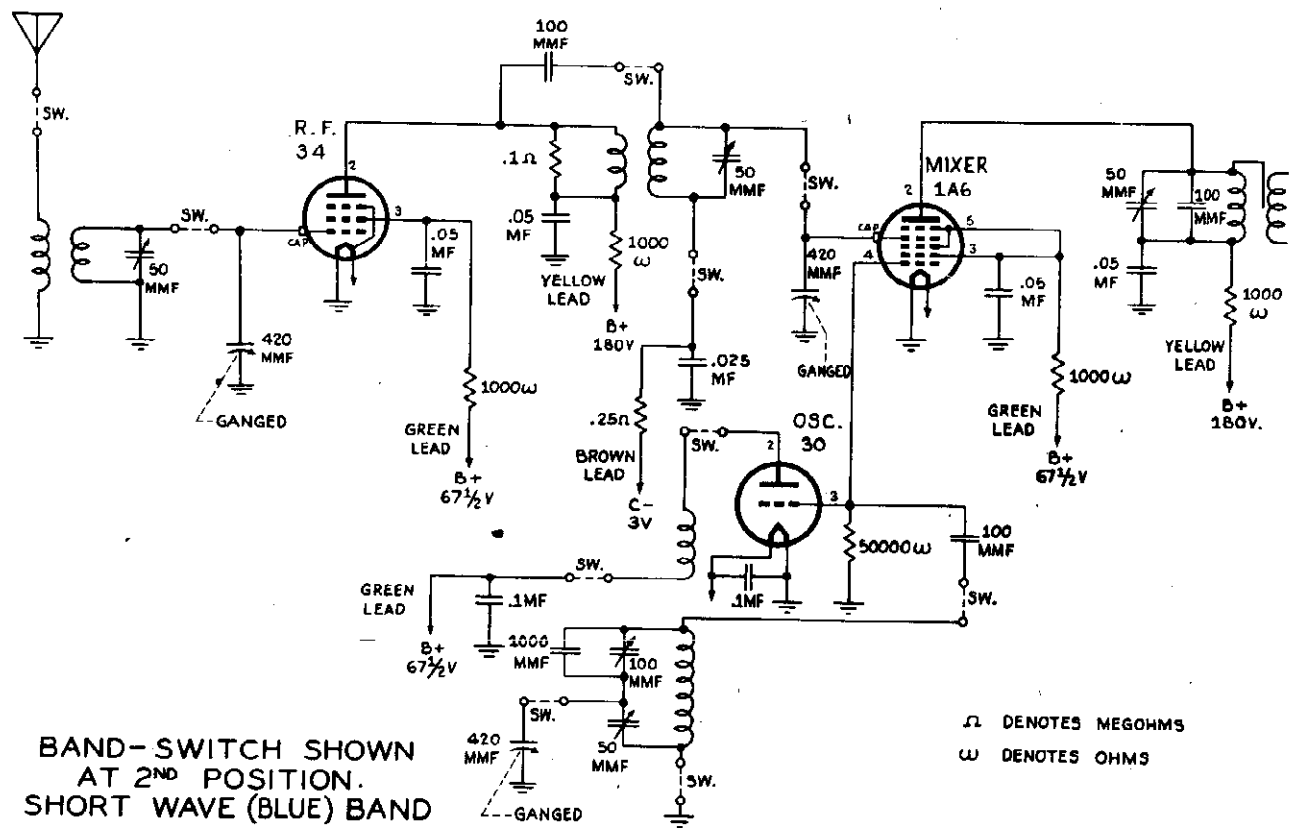
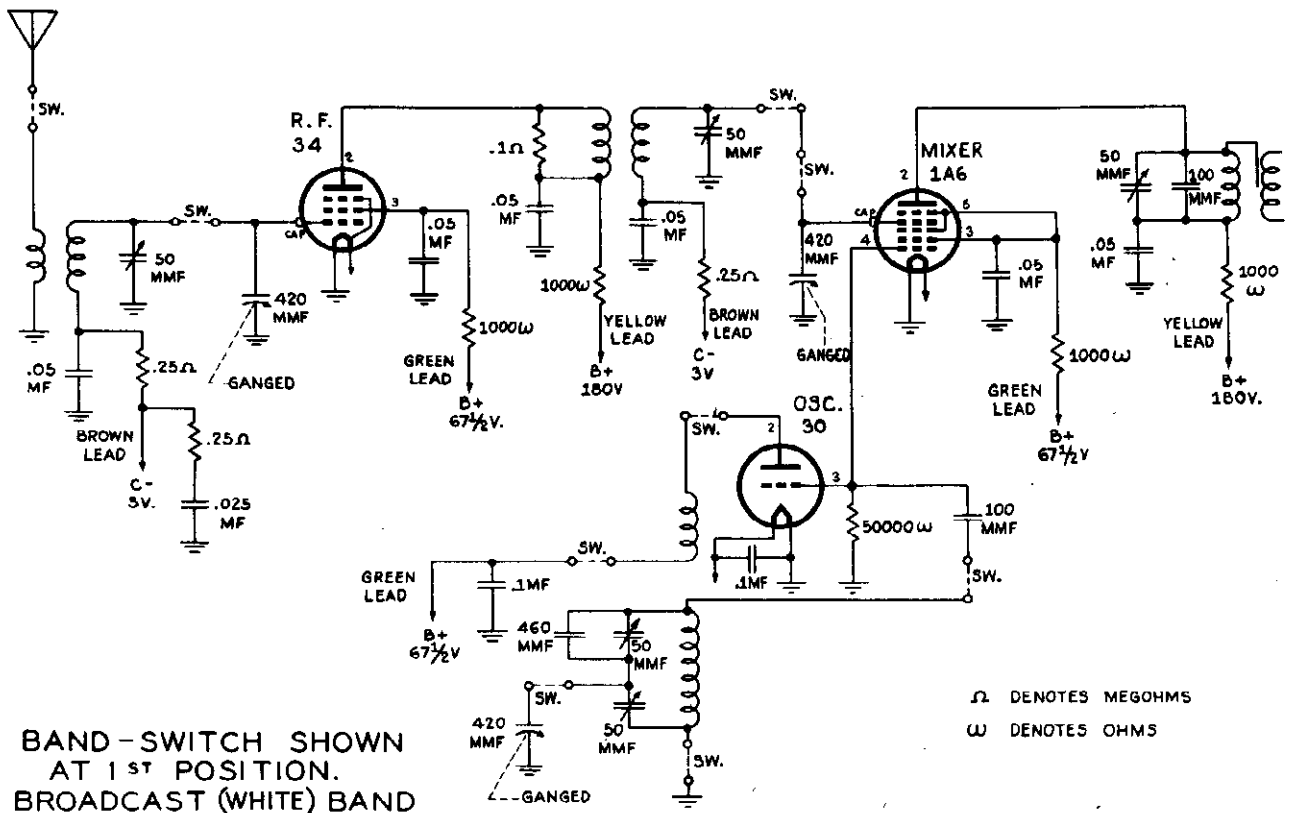
SUPPRESSION CIRCUIT ON THE SCOTT PHANTOM DELUXE

Connect an output meter across the voice coil circuit (V.C. to G.) Connect an audio oscillator and a sensitive output meter to the phono posts, and turn the selectivity to position "P" (all way to right). With the bass control set to minimum

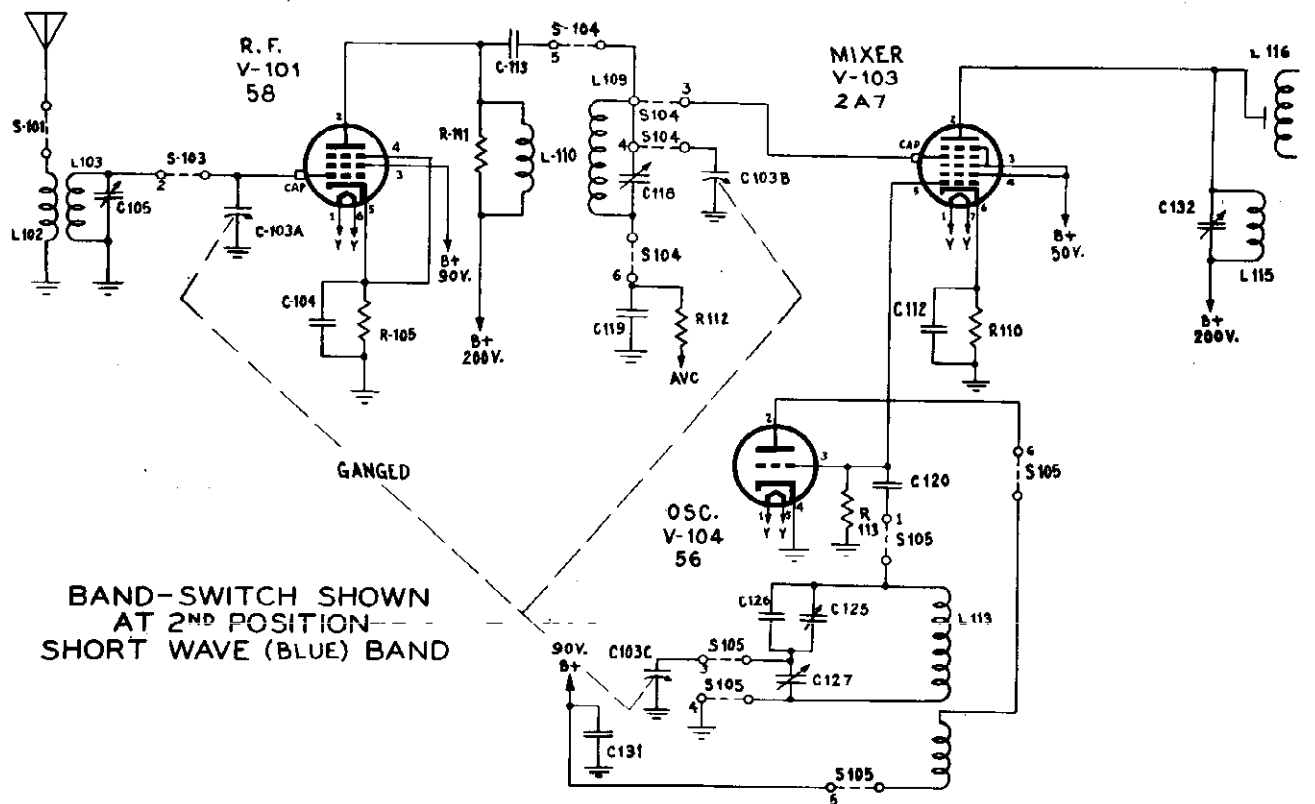
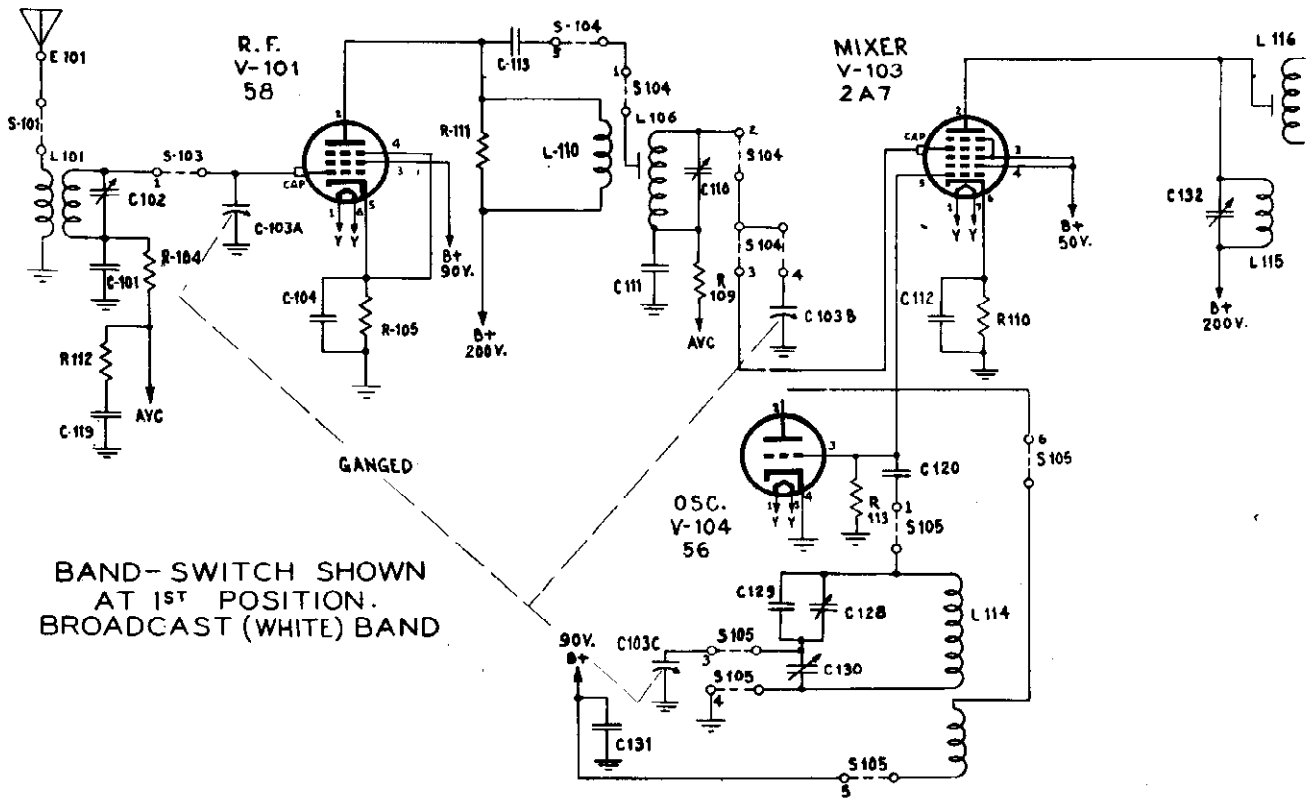
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SCOTT RADIO LABS. INC.

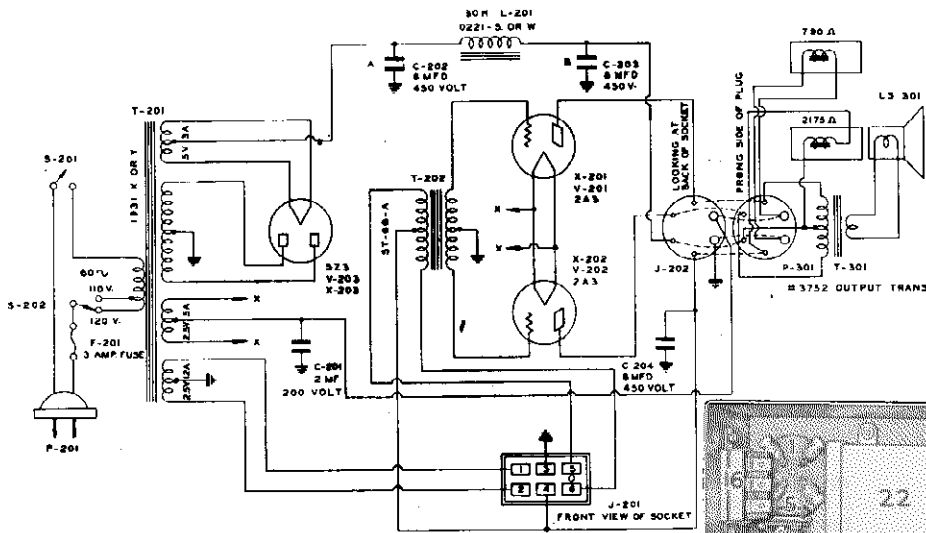
MODEL All-Wave
2-Volt Battery



SCOTT RADIO LABS. INC.



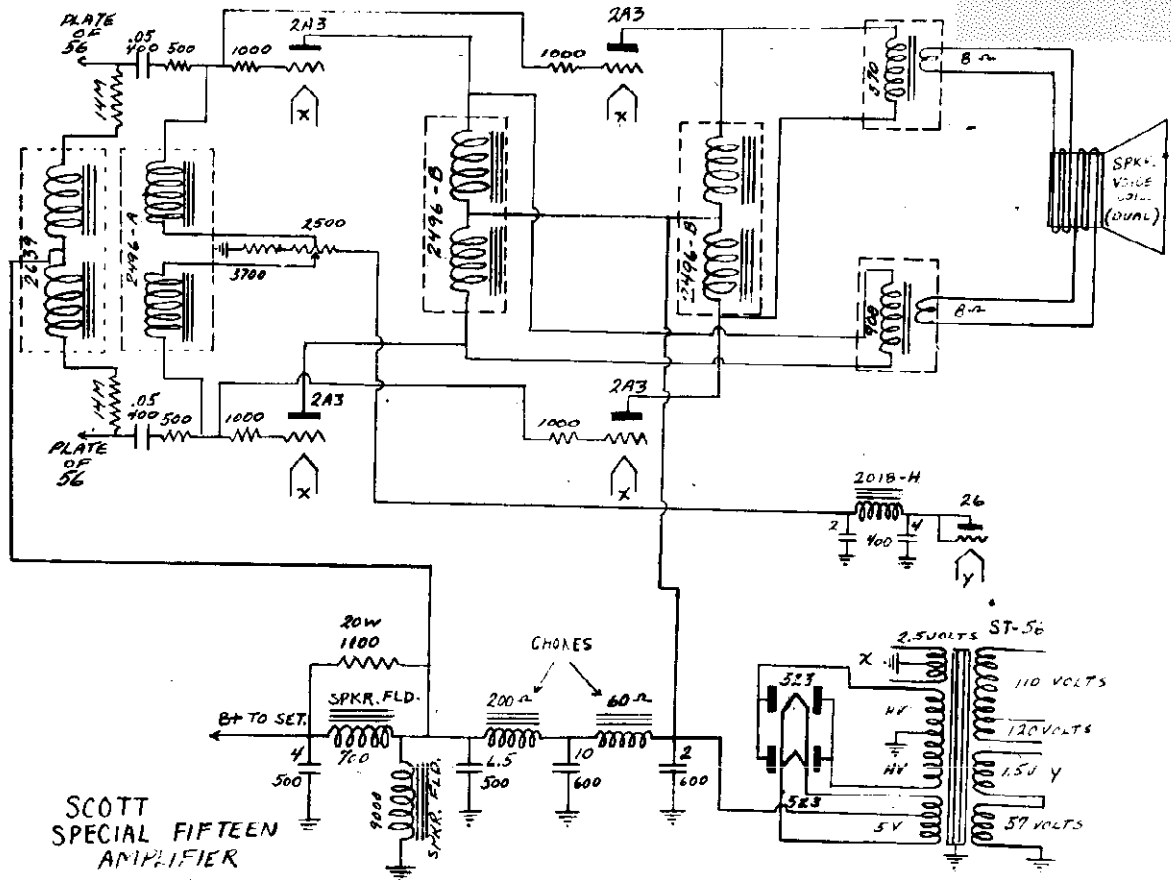
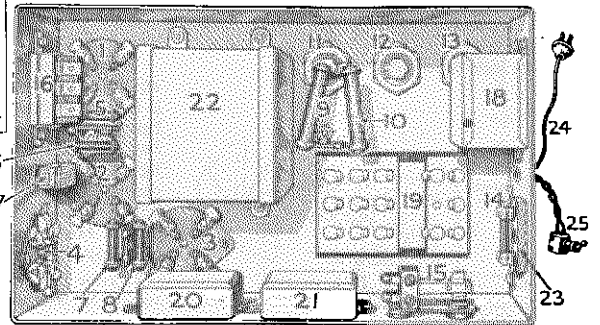
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1. 2A3 Socket
2. 2A3 Socket
3. 5Y3 Socket
4. Speaker Socket
5. 1000 Ohm Resistor 1/2 Watt
6. 500 Ohm Resistor 1/2 Watt
7. 1000 Ohm Resistor 1/2 Watt
8. 500 Ohm Resistor 1/2 Watt
9. 28,000 Ohm Resistor 2 Watt
10. 28,000 Ohm Resistor 2 Watt
11. 8 Mfd. Electrolytic Condenser
12. 3 Amp Fuse
13. Phone Jack
14. Cable Plug Receptacle
15. Hi-Lo Switch
16. 2 Mfd. Condenser
17. Power Transformer
18. 5 Mfd. Condenser
19. 5 Mfd. Condenser
20. No. 2496 Audio Choke
21. Fuse Retainer
22. A.C. Cord
23. Off and On Switch
24. Filter Choke No. 022LS located on top of the amplifier base directly above No. 22

SCOTT ALLWAVE FIFTEEN AMPLIFIER

4-3-46
M.L.C.



MODEL All-Wave 15
Early, Late

SCOTT RADIO LABS. INC.

Adjustment of Beat Frequency Oscillator

You will find on the back of the chassis at the right hand end looking at it from the rear, a small hole thru which can be seen a hexagon shaped nut. See Fig. 22. This can be adjusted either with a screw driver or a No. 6 spintine wrench.

To adjust, tune in a short wave station, then press in the small black button on the front of the panel just below the Wave Change Switch, and hold it in this position. Now adjust the small nut in the rear of the chassis by turning to the right or left until a whistle is heard with the station to which you have the receiver tuned. After you hear the whistle turn the nut slightly first one way then the other until the pitch of the note suits your ear.

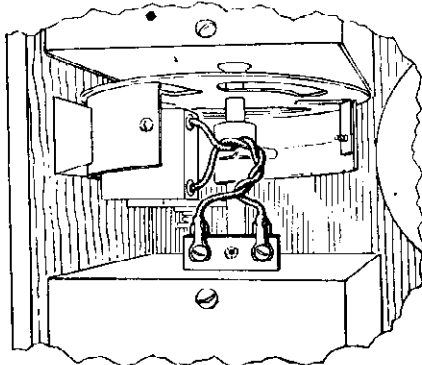


Fig. 19

How to Change Visual Tuning Meter

If the visual tuning meter stops indicating on the face of dial, lightly tap the top of meter noting if the needle releases and comes into view. If it does not, or if needle simply stays in one position on dial and does not move when tuning in stations, follow instructions given on Page 14, under heading "Tuning Meter Sticks Or Indicator Fails To Show On Dial." If these instructions have been followed with no result, the tuning meter is possibly defective.

Figure 19 shows tuning meter connected to terminal block on end of small shield can. Disconnect meter wires by loosening the two screws holding the lugs on the wires leading to meter. Now connect a short piece of wire between the two screws, as shown in Fig. 19. This will remove the visual tuner from the circuit and receiver can now be operated. *Leave tuning meter in place* and advise us at once, and a new tuning meter will be sent to replace the defective one. To remove the old meter, loosen screw holding tuning meter bracket to base of chassis, then it can be lifted out.

To install new meter, first fasten tuning meter bracket to base, making sure that it is centrally located in front of the dial strip, then replace dial light,

The connecting wire should now be removed

and the two lugs on wires from tuning meter should be fastened to the terminal strip, making sure that red wire is connected to the red wire leading up from chassis, and black wire to the black wire.

Switch on receiver and with no signal tuned in, the shadow from the needle should just appear on white side of dial. If needle does not show, slide tuning meter bracket over until needle shows. Be careful not to push it over so far that it hits dial.

Final adjustment can be made by moving dial light to left or right in rubber socket.

How to Change Fuse in Power Amplifier

Your receiver is protected from serious damage by a 4 amp. automobile type fuse which is located under the base of the amplifier. This fuse should last indefinitely. However, if the fuse should burn out and the tubes refuse to light, the trouble will probably be due to a defective 5Z3 tube. In this case, of course, it will be necessary to put a new 5Z3 tube and a new fuse in your receiver and it will then be ready to operate again.

If your fuse should burn out from any other reason it will undoubtedly be due to one of

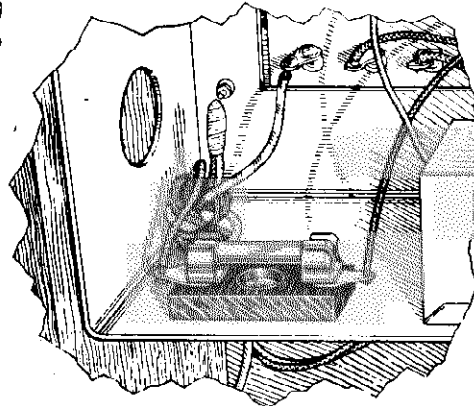


Fig. 20. Fuse Block Located Under Amplifier.

the other tubes being defective or short circuited, a defective filter or bypass condenser or a broken wire or short circuit in some part of the set. In a case like this the condensers should all be checked for short circuits. After this any other trouble will be found by inspecting the wiring of the receiver.

Do not, on any account, replace this fuse with a solid connection such as a piece of tin foil or the various expedients tried by amateur electricians to get things going again, for if you do, serious damage will be caused and if repairs are necessary you will be charged for them under these circumstances. If you do not have a spare fuse exactly like the one supplied, then you can temporarily use one of 3 amps. but we will be glad if you will write us immediately, to send you some additional fuses, free of charge.

How to Change Dial Light

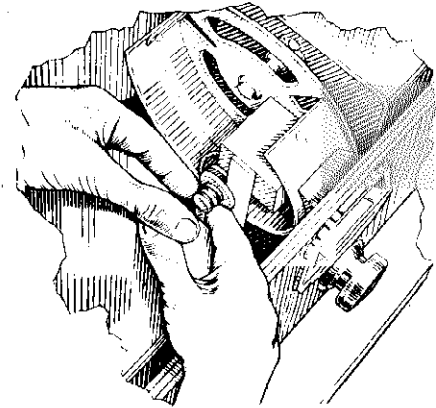


Fig. 21. Changing Dial Light.

When changing the dial light, first turn the tuning dial to meg-kil, slip dial light socket and rubber bushing out of notch in tuning meter bracket. See Fig. 21.

NOTE: When removing the dial light you first slip down the spring clip that holds it in place. The clip is used principally to keep dial light in place during shipment, and need not be replaced, as rubber socket has sufficient grip.

Bring the dial light socket under the shaft of the tuning condenser and up in back of the shaft. The dial light bulb can then be easily screwed out of the socket and another replaced. The entire socket assembly can then be placed back under the tuning condenser shaft and slipped back into place.

After changing the dial light the pointer of the visual tuning meter may be too far to the right so that it cannot be seen unless a station is tuned in. In this case, the dial light socket should be slipped back and forth in the rubber bushing until the shadow of the tuning meter just shows on the right hand side of the dial when no station is tuned in.

Phonograph Pick-Up

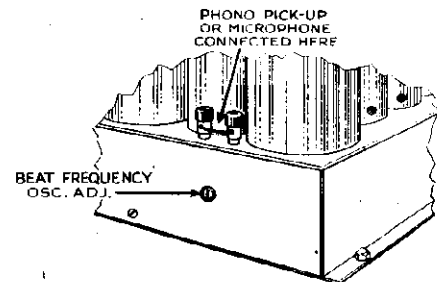
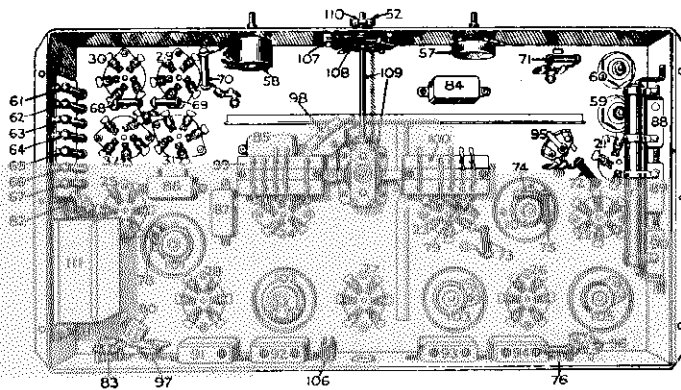


Fig. 22

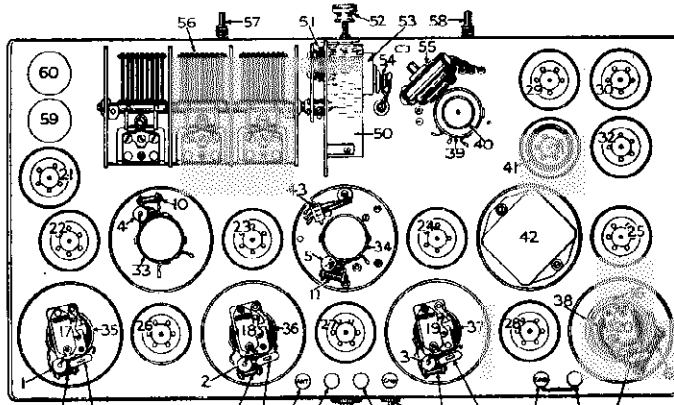
The SCOTT ALLWAVE FIFTEEN RECEIVER is equipped with two binding posts on the rear of the chassis located on the right end, looking at the chassis from the rear. See Fig. 22. When shipped these two posts are connected together with a short piece of wire. When it is desired to hook up the receiver to a phonograph, remove this wire and connect the two wires from the phonograph pick-up

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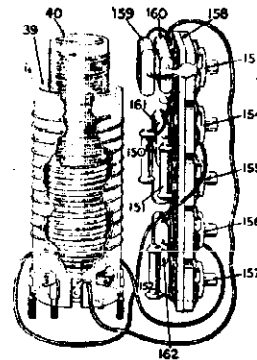
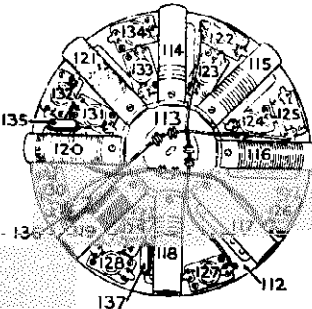
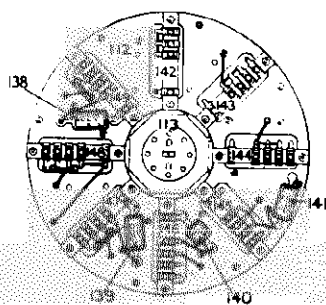


SCOTT ALLWAVE FIFTEEN

IF NECESSARY TO WRITE FOR REPLACEMENT OF ANY PART, GIVE SERIAL NUMBER _____ TOGETHER WITH THE NO. SHOWN ON PART.



TOP VIEW OF CHASSIS WITH SHIELD CANS REMOVED



PARTS LIST

SCOTT ALLWAVE FIFTEEN

1. .025 Mfd. Condenser
2. .025 Mfd. Condenser
3. .025 Mfd. Condenser
4. .025 Mfd. Condenser
5. .025 Mfd. Condenser
6. 250,000 Ohm Resistor
7. 500,000 Ohm Resistor
8. 500,000 Ohm Resistor
9. 500,000 Ohm Resistor
10. 500,000 Ohm Resistor
11. 500,000 Ohm Resistor
12. 300 Mmfd. Condenser
13. 300 Mmfd. Condenser
14. 300 Mmfd. Condenser
15. 300 Mmfd. Condenser
16. Last I.F. Transformer Primary Coil
17. 50 Mmfd. Balancing Condenser
18. 50 Mmfd. Balancing Condenser
19. 50 Mmfd. Balancing Condenser
20. 50 Mmfd. Balancing Condenser
21. 56 Tube Socket
22. 58 Tube Socket
23. 58 Tube Socket
24. 56 Tube Socket
25. Wunderlich Socket
26. 58 Tube Socket
27. 58 Tube Socket
28. 58 Tube Socket
29. 56 Tube Socket
30. 56 Tube Socket
31. 56 Tube Socket
32. 56 Tube Socket
33. Broadcast Mixer Coil
34. Broadcast Antenna Coil
35. I.F. Coils
36. I.F. Coils
37. I.F. Coils
38. I.F. Coils
39. S.W. Antenna Primary Coil
40. S.W. Preselector Coil
41. Beat Oscillator Coil
42. Audio Transformer No. 2497
43. B.C.-S.W. Antenna Changing Switch
44. Antenna Binding Post (Black)
45. S.W. Doublet Binding Post (Red)
46. S.W. Doublet Binding Post (Red)
47. Antenna Toggle Switch Mounting Nut
48. GND Binding Posts (Black)
49. Plain Binding Post (Black)
50. Dial Strip
51. Dial Assembly
52. Dial Knob
53. Tuning Meter
54. Dial Light Socket
55. S.W. Preselector Pad Assembly
56. 3 Gang Condenser
57. Static Control
58. Volume Control
59. 375 Mfd. Condenser
60. 1/2 Mfd. Condenser
61. 2000 Ohm Resistor
62. 50,000 Ohm Resistor
63. 400 Ohm Resistor
64. 2500 Ohm Resistor
65. 75,000 Ohm Resistor
66. 250 Ohm Resistor
67. 1 Megohm Resistor
68. 1000 Ohm Resistor
69. 1000 Ohm Resistor
70. 50,000 Ohm Resistor
71. 1000 Ohm Resistor
72. 1000 Ohm Resistor
73. 750 Ohm Resistor
74. 100,000 Ohm Resistor
75. 500 Ohm Resistor
76. 500 Ohm Resistor
77. 5500 Ohm Voltage Divider
78. 500 Mmfd. Condenser
79. 100 Mmfd. Condenser
80. 2000 Mmfd. Condenser
81. 350 Mmfd. Condenser
82. 10 Mmfd. Condenser
83. 50 Mmfd. Balancing Condenser
84. .05 Mfd. Condenser
85. 1 Mfd. Condenser
86. 1/4 Mfd. Condenser
87. 1 Mfd. Condenser
88. 1 Mfd. Condenser
89. 1 Mfd. Condenser
90. 1 Mfd. Condenser
91. 1/2 Mfd. Condenser
92. Choke and Condenser Assembly
93. Choke and Condenser Assembly
94. Choke and Condenser Assembly
95. 600 Ohm Adjustable Resistor
96. 600 Ohm Adjustable Resistor
97. 4 1/2 M.H. R.F. Filter Choke
98. Coil Switch Grounding Contact
99. Oscillator Switch Contact Assembly
100. Mixer Switch Contact Assembly
101. 4 1/2 M.H. Choke
102. 13 M.H. Choke
103. 1st I.F. Stage Tuned 1 1/2 M.H. Choke
104. 2 1/2 M.H. Choke
105. Mixer Stage Tuned 1 1/2 M.H. Choke
106. Antenna Toggle Switch
107. Beat Oscillator Switch
108. 4 Pole S.W. Preselector Coil
109. Wave Change Switch Gear Assembly
110. Push Button
111. Double 2 Mfd. Condenser
112. Bakelite Vanes
113. Coil Mounting Spitzer
114. Green Band Mixer Coil
115. Red Band Mixer Coil
116. Blue Band Mixer Coil
117. Blank Coil Form
118. Green Band Oscillator Coil
119. Red Band Oscillator Coil
120. Blue Band Oscillator Coil
121. White Band Oscillator Coil
122. 350 Mmfd. Balancing Condenser
123. 50 Mmfd. Balancing Condenser
124. 50 Mmfd. Balancing Condenser
125. 50 Mmfd. Balancing Condenser
126. 50 Mmfd. Balancing Condenser
127. 50 Mmfd. Balancing Condenser
128. 50 Mmfd. Balancing Condenser
129. 350 Mmfd. Balancing Condenser
130. 50 Mmfd. Balancing Condenser
131. 350 Mmfd. Balancing Condenser
132. 50 Mmfd. Balancing Condenser
133. 50 Mmfd. Balancing Condenser
134. 50 Mmfd. Balancing Condenser
135. 2000 Mmfd. Condenser
136. 2000 Mmfd. Condenser
137. 2000 Mmfd. Condenser
138. 1200 Mmfd. Condenser
139. 1000 Mmfd. Condenser
140. 460 Mmfd. Condenser
141. 800 Mmfd. Condenser
142. Coil Contact Assembly
143. Coil Contact Assembly
144. Coil Contact Assembly
145. Coil Contact Assembly
146. Coil Contact Assembly
147. Coil Contact Assembly
148. Coil Contact Assembly
149. Coil Contact Assembly
150. 1 Megohm Resistor
151. 1 Megohm Resistor
152. 1 Megohm Resistor
153. 350 Mmfd. Balancing Condenser
154. 350 Mmfd. Balancing Condenser
155. 50 Mmfd. Balancing Condenser
156. 100 Mmfd. Balancing Condenser
157. 50 Mmfd. Balancing Condenser
158. Preselector Pad Assembly Panel
159. 4000 Mmfd. Total (May Be Single Condenser)
160. 4000 Mmfd. Total (May Be Single Condenser)
161. 1800 Mmfd. Condenser
162. 600 Mmfd. Condenser

Section IV CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

4.1 General

The schematic diagram of the receiver chassis is shown in Figures 25 and 26 and the schematic diagram of the power supply chassis is shown in Figures 27 and 28. For purposes of illustration it will be assumed that the circuits are set up for reception on the Broadcast (BC) Band for AM reception.

4.2 AM-RF and Mixer Circuits

Signal input to the receiver through AM antenna connector strip E1 is connected to the primary winding of BC band antenna primary coil L1 through switch SW2A. An electrostatic shield, at ground potential, separates the secondary winding from the primary. The secondary coil L2, together with variable air capacitor C5A1 constitutes the first tuned circuit. Transfer of RF signal at the resonant frequency of this tuned circuit, from the antenna to the control grid of RF amplifier tube V1, is accomplished by inductive coupling through the antenna transformer L1, L2. Variable capacitor C5 is a three unit capacitor, each unit being split into two sections. The larger sections C5A1, C5B1 and C5C1 being used for tuning the AM-RF and oscillator circuits and the small sections C5A2, C5B2 and C5C2 being used for tuning the FM-RF and oscillator circuits. The secondary winding L2 is provided with an adjustable powdered iron core E3 for inductance trimming and a shunt connected variable capacity trimmer C1. These trimmers allow accurate alignment of the tuned circuit at both ends of the frequency band and are accessible for adjustment at the bottom of the receiver as shown in Figure 14. The high potential end of the tuned circuit is connected to the control grid of RF amplifier tube V1 through switch SW2A, switch SW1 and through coupling capacitor C3. The low potential end of the circuit is returned to chassis ground. The DC bias return from the control grid of RF amplifier tube V1 to the AVC line is closed through resistor R1. Switch SW1 located at the rear of the receiver chassis is provided so that a loop antenna, connected through loop receptacle J7, may be used in place of an outside antenna as outlined under Antenna Requirements, Paragraph 1.5.

Plate potential from the high voltage DC line is applied to the plate of RF amplifier tube V1 through filter resistor R11, bypassed to ground by capacitor C18A. One section of switch SW3A is used to cut off DC voltage from the plate and screen of RF amplifier tube V1 and the screen of mixer tube V3 when the Selectivity control is set at PHONO or TELEVISION positions in order to keep any RF signal from leaking through when using the audio amplifier of the receiver for record player reproduction or television sound broadcasts.

Screen potential is applied to RF amplifier tube V1 through filter resistor R4 bypassed to ground by capacitor C4B. Resistor R3 is connected from screen to ground to provide more stable screen potential with fluctuations in AVC voltage, this providing better AVC characteristics on strong signals. The suppressor of V1 is connected to ground. Initial grid bias is obtained by means of cathode resistor R2 bypassed by capacitor C4A. Grid bias on V1 can be increased when

full sensitivity is not required, by means of Sensitivity control R5 which also controls the bias on first IF amplifier tube V4. One side of the heater circuit of V1 is grounded at the socket.

The amplified signal from the plate of RF amplifier tube V1, is transferred to the signal grid of mixer tube V3 through RF transformer L7. The primary of L7 is untuned. The secondary winding together with variable capacitor C5C1 constitutes the second and final tuned circuit operating at signal frequency. The high potential end of the tuned circuit is connected to the signal grid of mixer tube V3 by switch SW2C, through coupling capacitor C17. The low potential end of the tuned circuit connects to ground. Adjustable iron core E7 and parallel connected trimmer capacitor C15 are provided for circuit alignment. The DC bias return from the control grid of mixer tube V3 to the AVC line is closed through resistor R8. Screen potential from the high voltage DC line is applied through resistor R12 bypassed to ground by capacitor C18B. The suppressor is internally connected to the shell of the tube. Initial bias is obtained by cathode resistor R10 bypassed by C18C.

4.3 AM-Oscillator Circuit

The AM-oscillator circuit is of the electron coupled type. The tuned circuit consists of tapped inductor L5 shunted with variable trimmer capacitor C6 and is tuned by variable capacitor C5B1 which is shunted by fixed capacitor C13 provided to increase the fixed minimum capacity of the circuit. The inductor L5 is provided with a variable iron core for inductance adjustment. Fixed capacitor C7 shunted by variable padder capacitor C8 is provided to modify the tuning of the oscillator circuit so that it will maintain a fixed frequency difference of 455 kilocycles with respect to the signal frequency circuits when the main tuning capacitor C5A1, C5B1 and C5C1 are varied from minimum to maximum capacity. On both the BC and SW-AM bands the oscillator frequency is maintained 455 kilocycles higher in frequency than the signal frequency.

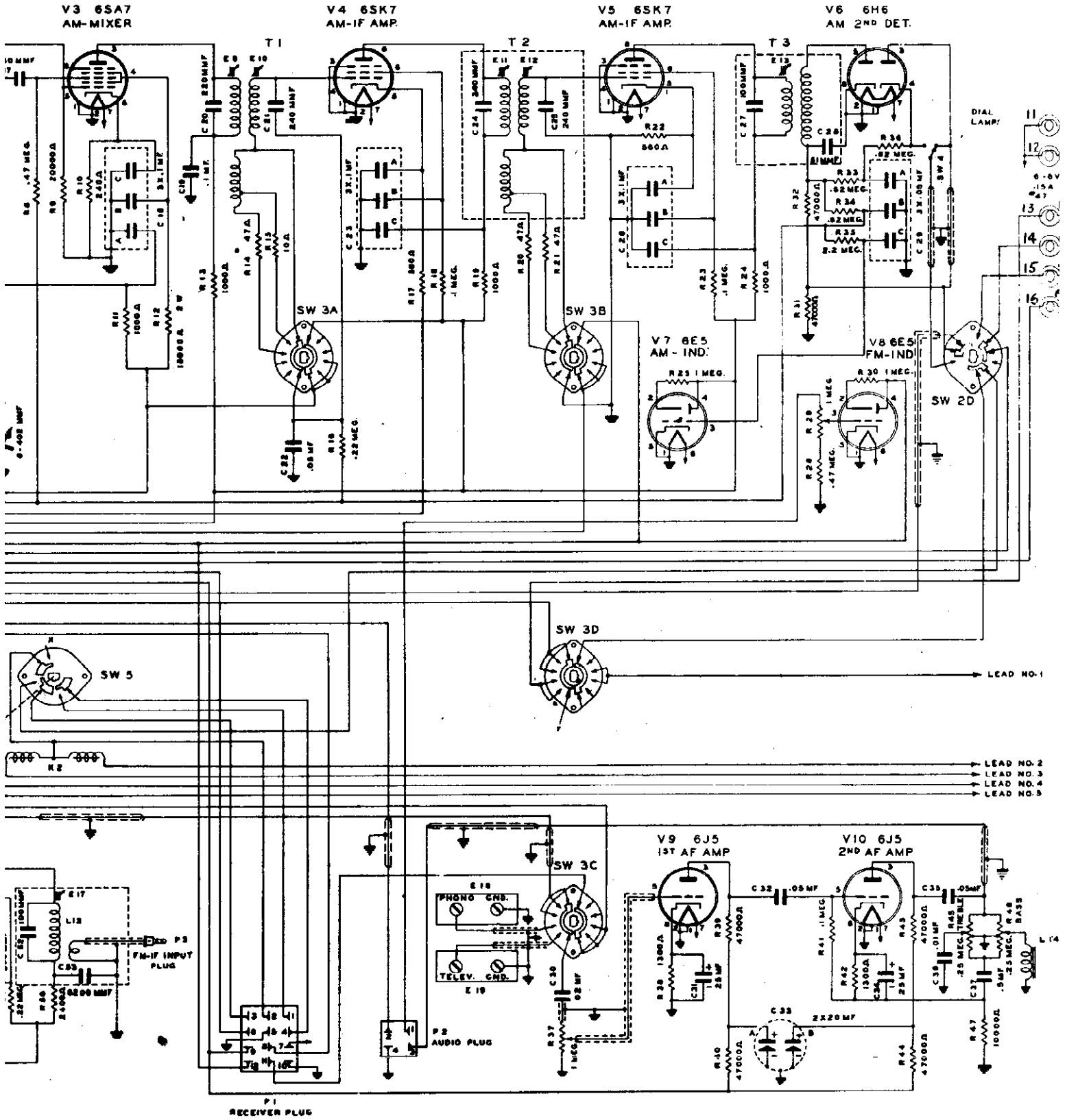
The high potential end of the tuned circuit is connected to the control grid of AM oscillator tube V2, through switch SW2B mounted on the FM-AM relay K1, and through switch SW2E and fixed capacity C11. The low potential end of the coil returns to ground. The grid of V2 is returned to ground through resistor R6. The cathode of V2 is connected to the tap on inductor L5 through switch SW2B and through capacitor C14 to oscillator injector grid (Pin #5) of mixer tube V3. This grid is returned to ground through resistor R9. The plate of the oscillator tube V2 is connected to the 150 volt regulated high voltage DC line through resistor R7, bypassed by capacitor C12, and through switch SW3A on the FM-AM relay K1. This switch removes voltage from the plate of oscillator tube V2 when the receiver is adjusted for FM reception. One side of the heater of V2 is grounded at the socket.

4.4 AM-IF Amplifier Circuits - 455 Kilocycles

The signal frequency arriving at the control grid of mixer tube V3 and the oscillator frequency fed to the injector grid of this tube or mixed (or heterodyned) and the resultant difference frequency (455 kilocycles) is fed to the input of the IF amplifier.

OTT RADIO LABS. INC.

MODEL 800-B Early
Below Serial No.20



MODEL 800 B RECEIVER CHASSIS
FEBRUARY 1, 1946

SCOTT RADIO LABORATORIES INC.
CHICAGO 40 ILLINOIS

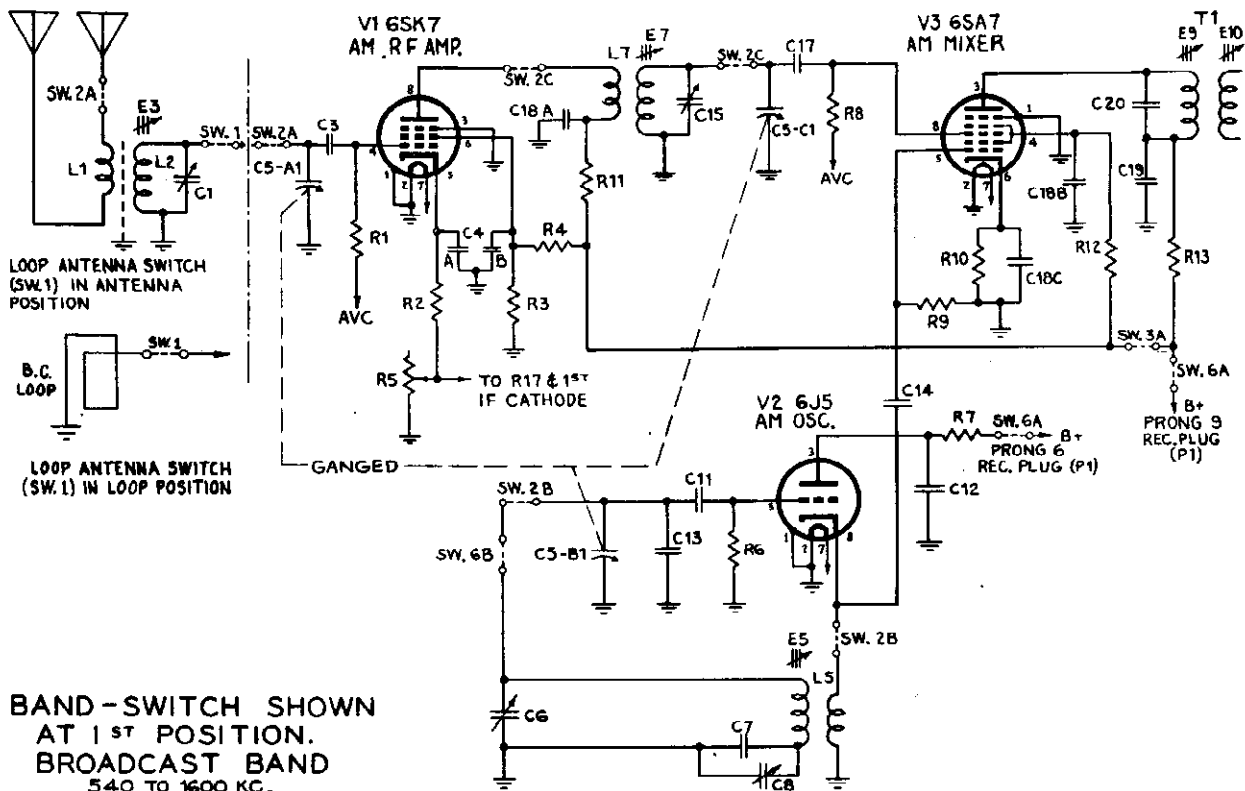
Figure 25 Schematic Diagram Model 800-B Receiver Chassis

Record Changers: Garrard Model RC60; Thorens Model C

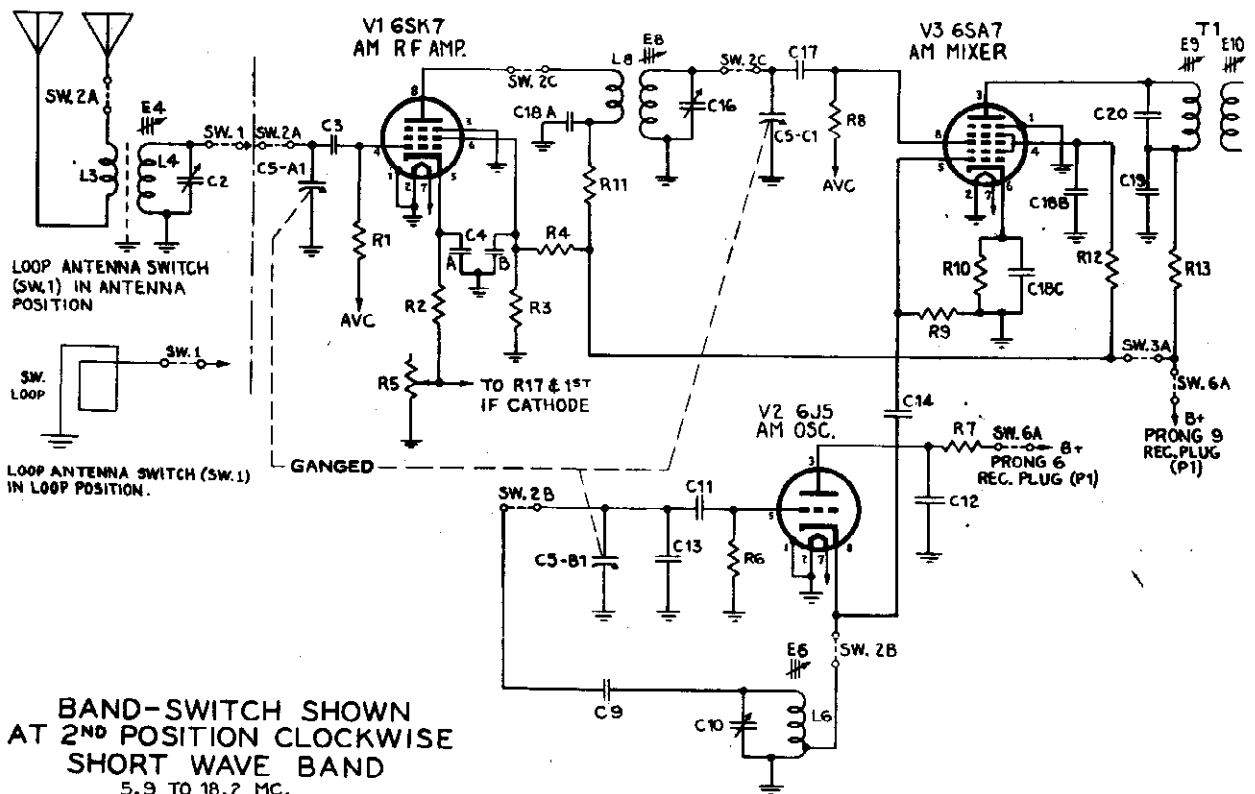
"clarified schematics"

SCOTT RADIO LABS. INC.

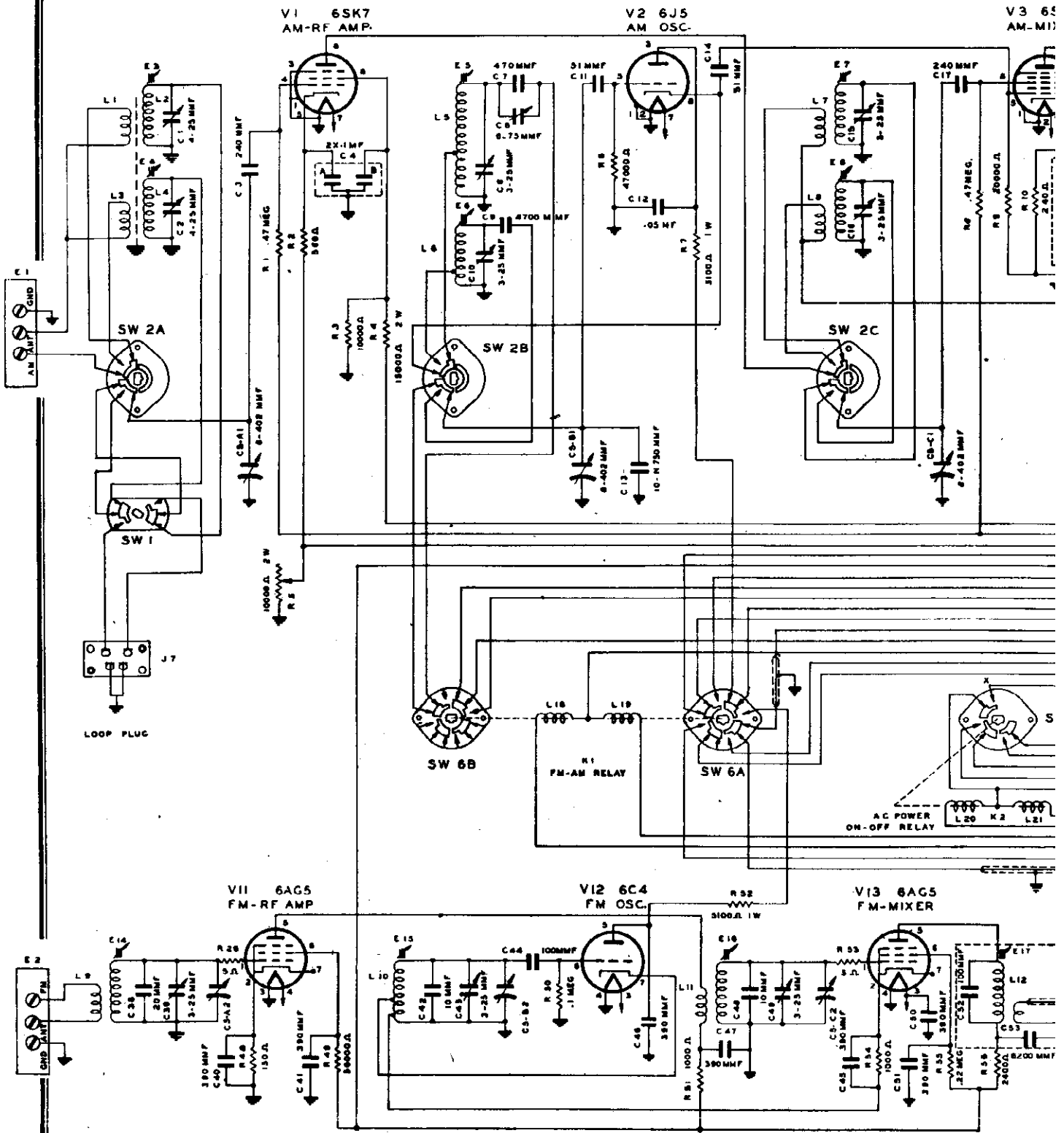
MODEL 800-B Early



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN AT 1ST POSITION. BROADCAST BAND 540 TO 1600 KC.

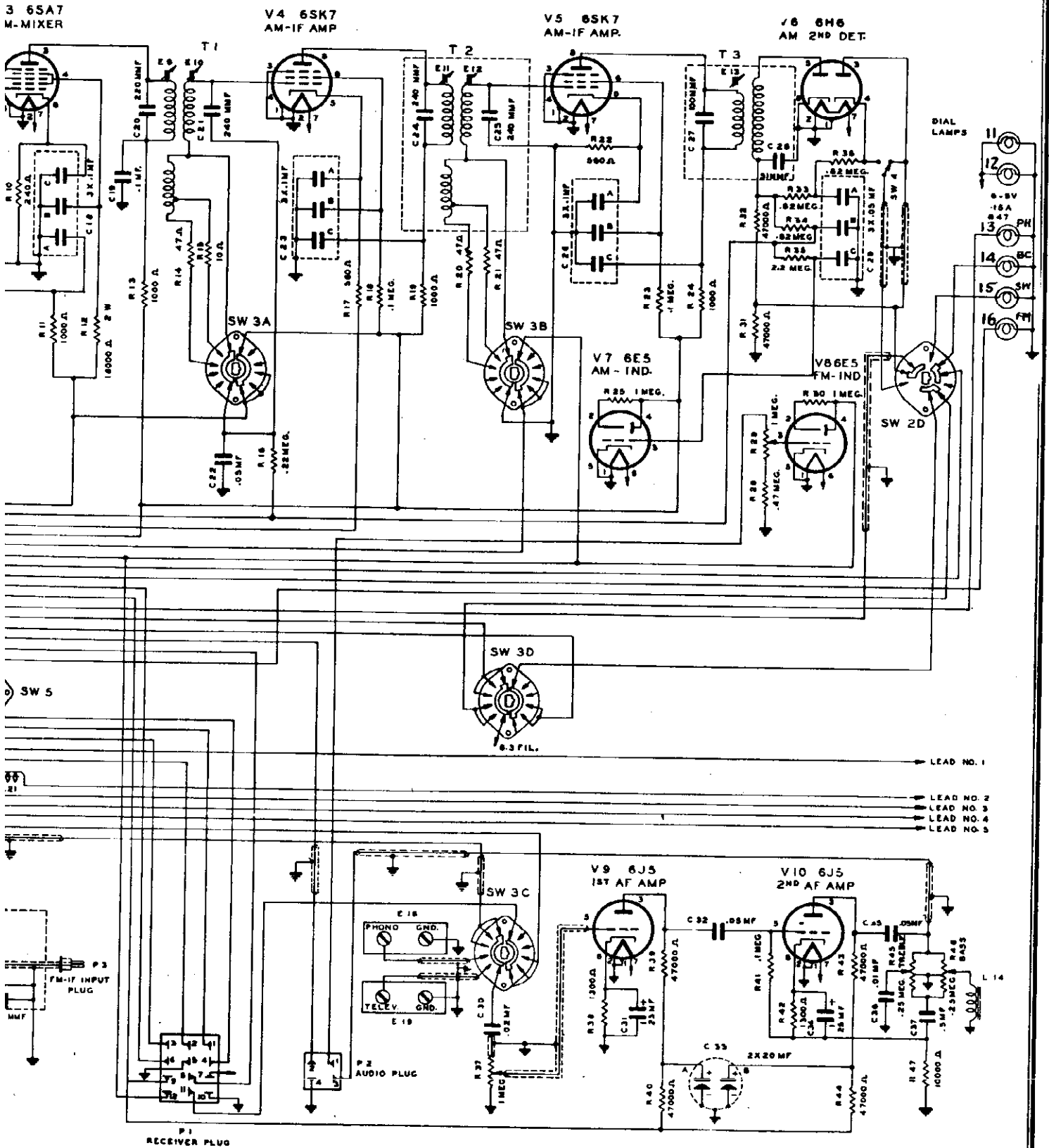


BAND-SWITCH SHOWN AT 2ND POSITION CLOCKWISE SHORT WAVE BAND 5.9 TO 18.2 MC.



RADIO LABS. INC.

MODEL 800-B Revised
Above Serial No. 2000



REVISED MODEL 800-B RECEIVER CHASSIS
JUNE 25, 1948
SCOTT RADIO LABORATORIES INC.
CHICAGO 40 ILLINOIS

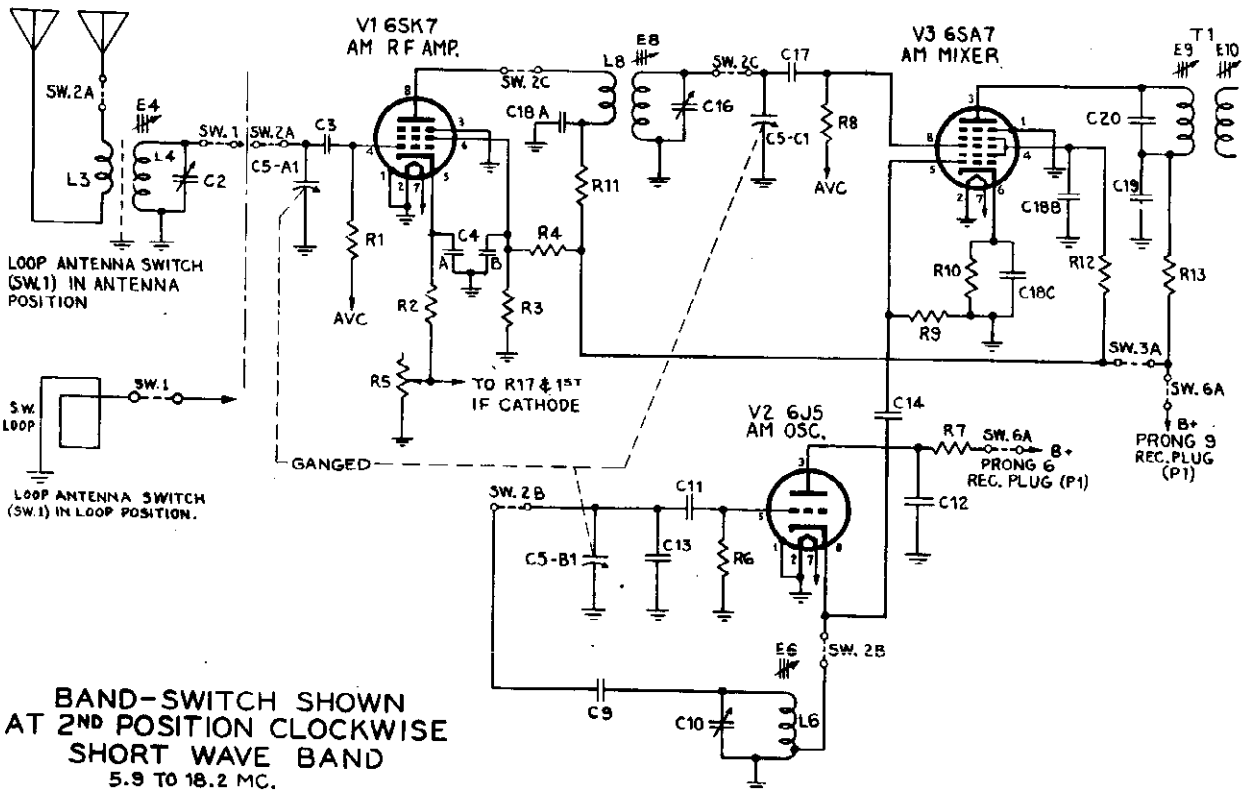
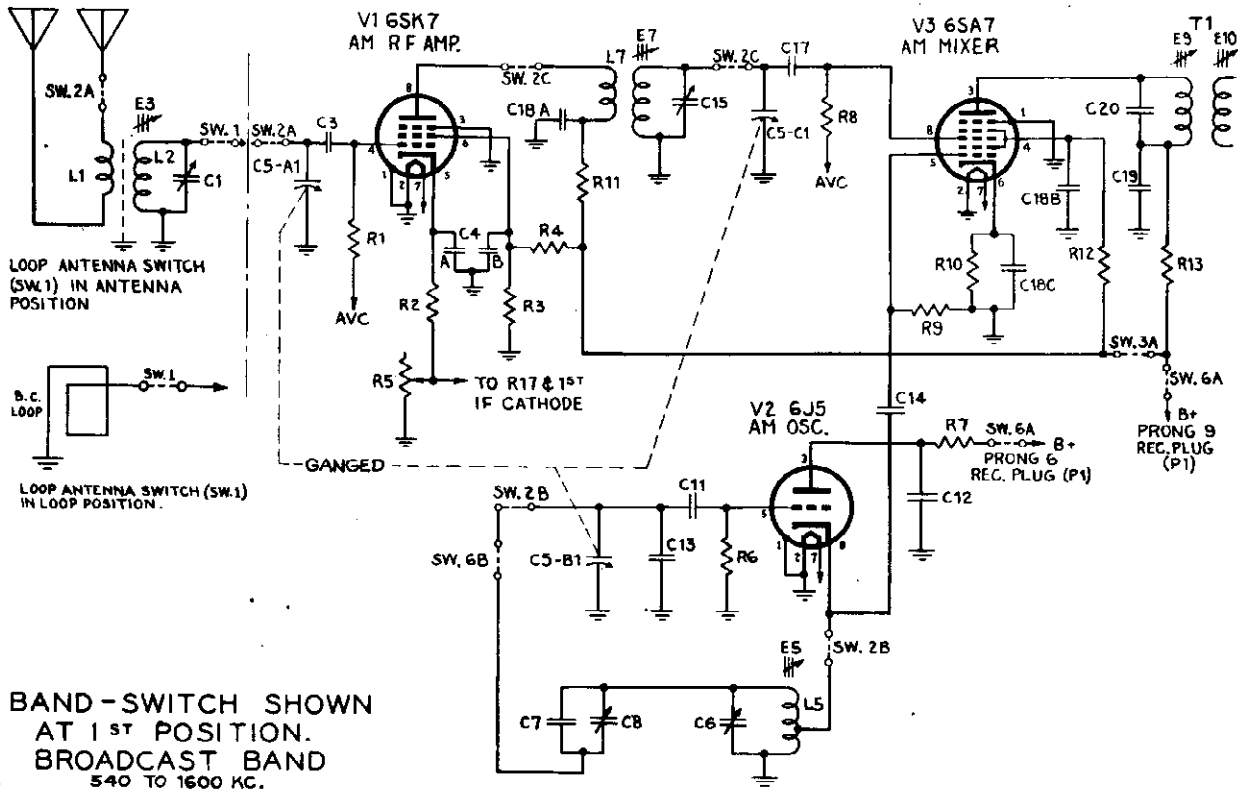
Figure 26 Revised Schematic Diagram Model 800-B Receiver Chassis

Record Changers: Garrard Model RC60; Thorens Model CD40

"clarified schematics"

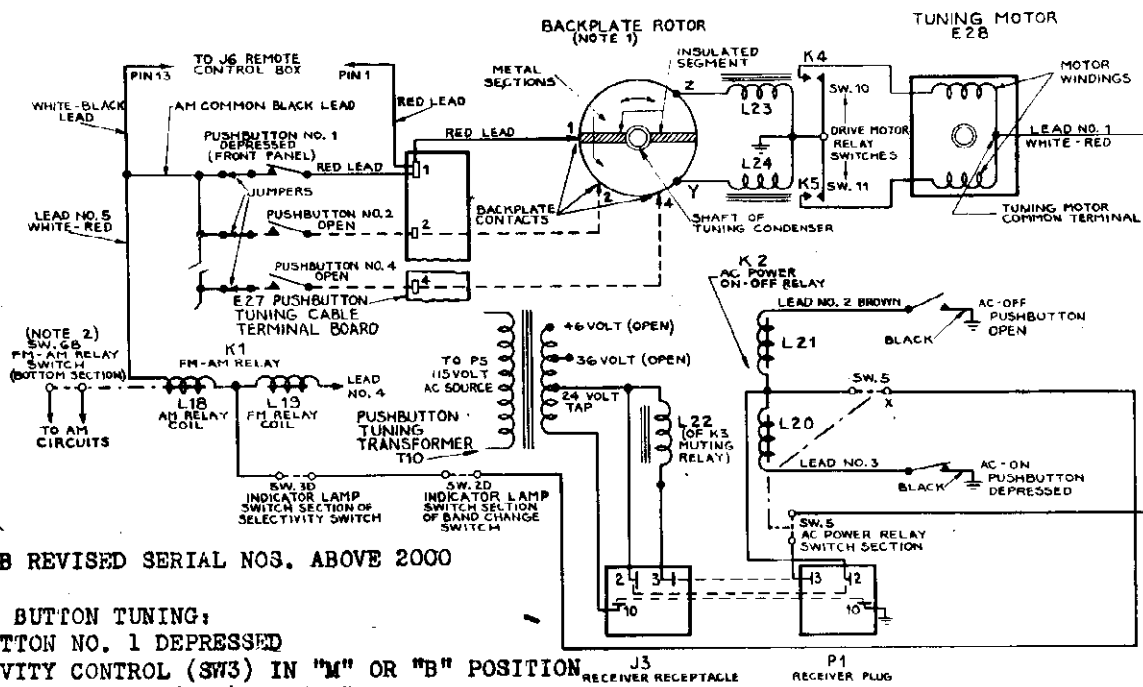
SCOTT RADIO LABS. INC.

MODEL 800-B Revised



MODEL 800-B Revised

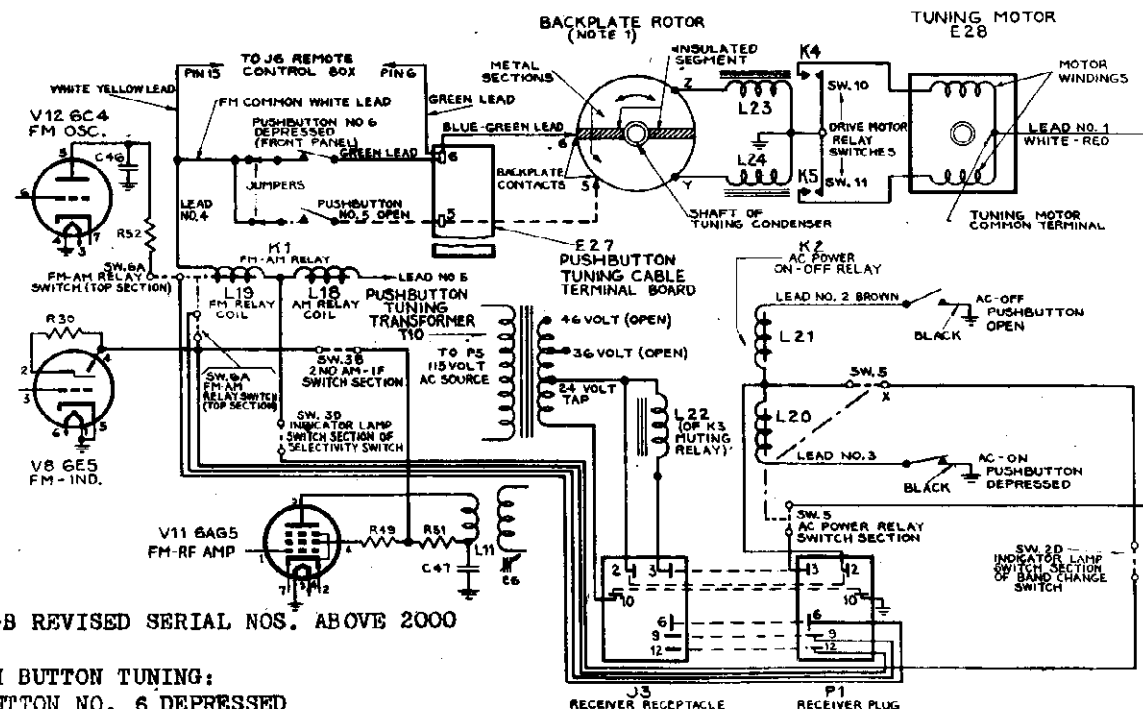
SCOTT RADIO LABS. INC.



MODEL 800-B REVISED SERIAL NOS. ABOVE 2000

A. M. PUSH BUTTON TUNING:

1. PUSH BUTTON NO. 1 DEPRESSED
2. SELECTIVITY CONTROL (SW3) IN "M" OR "B" POSITION
3. A. M. BAND CONTROL (SW2) IN "BC" POSITION



MODEL 800-B REVISED SERIAL NOS. ABOVE 2000

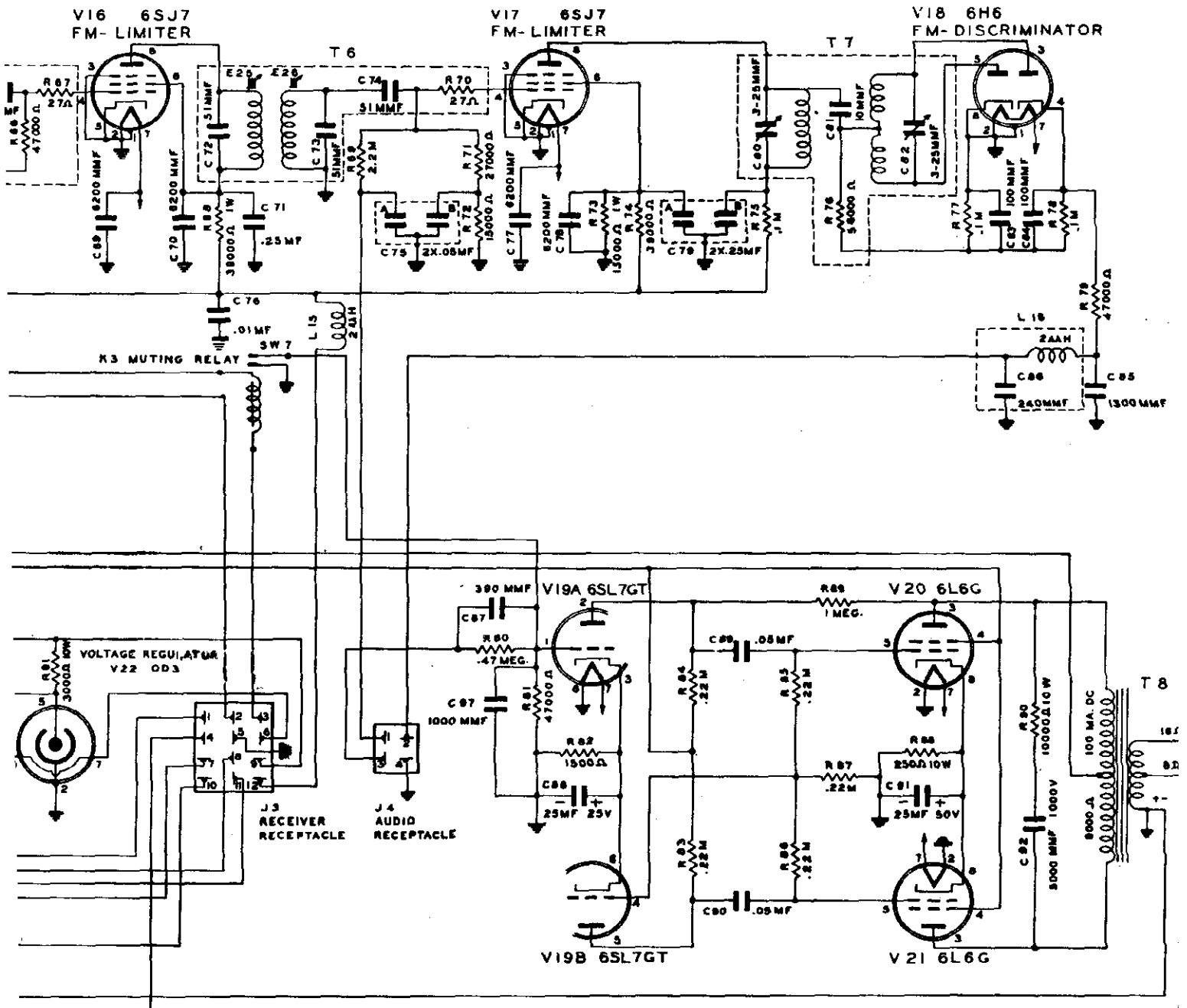
F. M. PUSH BUTTON TUNING:

1. PUSH BUTTON NO. 6 DEPRESSED
2. SELECTIVITY CONTROL (SW3) IN "M" OR "B" POSITION
3. A. M. BAND CONTROL (SW2) IN "BC" POSITION

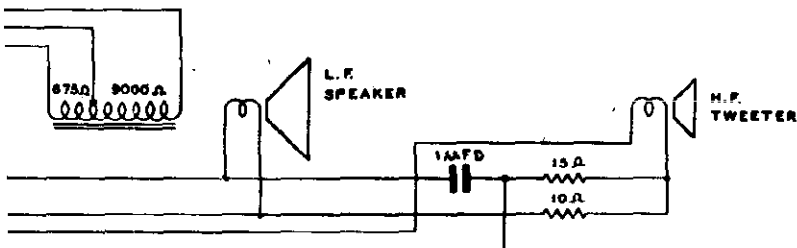
Note 1. When a station push button is depressed, current flows through the circuit to the common terminal of the tuning motor. The current will then flow through that winding of the motor which connects that half of the back plate rotor to which the depressed push button makes contact. The current flowing through the motor winding causes the motor to rotate, activating the dial mechanism and turning the back plate rotor, until the insulated segment rides under the active contact, opening the circuit and stopping the motor. The tuning condenser is thus automatically rotated to the desired point previously set up by the depressed push button.

Note 2. SW.6B shown in oscillator circuit on simplified drawing (P.15-37) is driven by K1 to close A. M. circuits.

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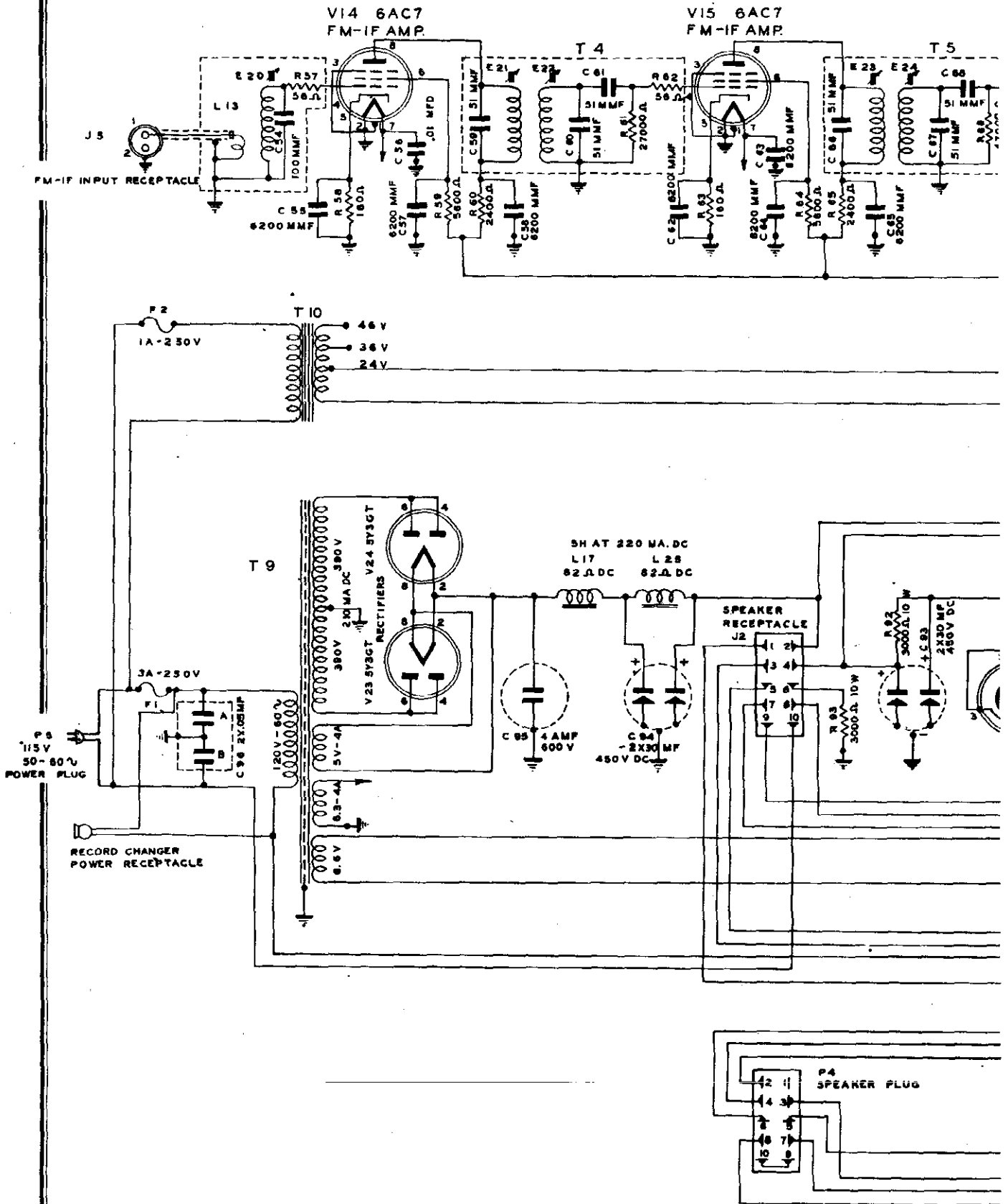


MODEL 800B POWER SUPPLY
FEBRUARY 1, 1948

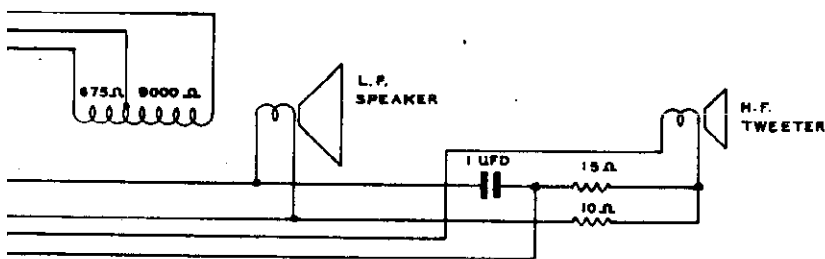
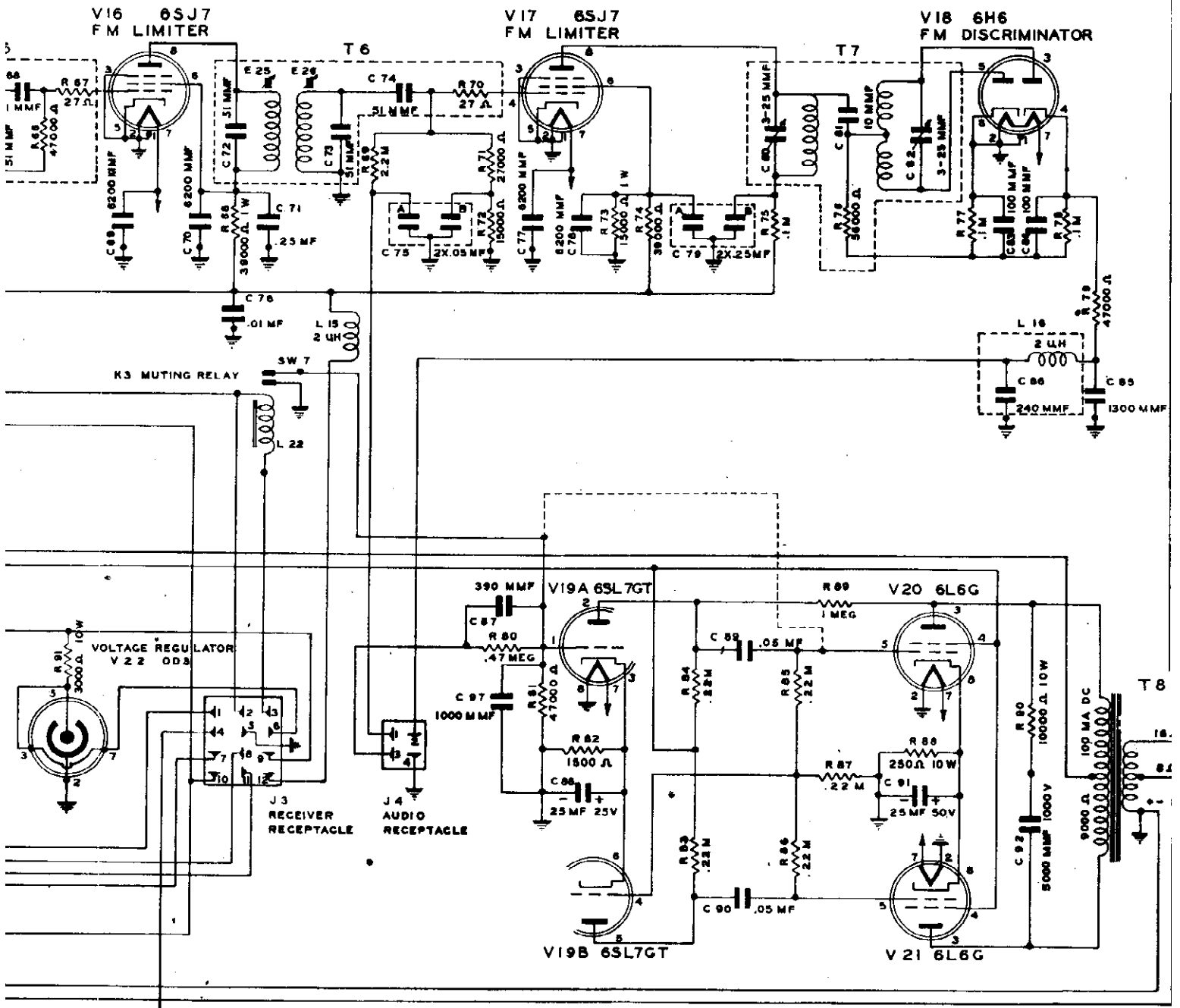


SCOTT RADIO LABORATORIES INC.
CHICAGO 40 ILLINOIS

Figure 27 Schematic Diagram Model 800-B Power Supply



T RADIO LABS. INC.



REVISED MODEL 800 B POWER SUPPLY
JUNE 25, 1946

SCOTT RADIO LABORATORIES INC.
CHICAGO 40 ILLINOIS

Figure 28 Revised Schematic Diagram Model 800-B Power Supply

The second section of the twin diode tube V6 is utilized as a peak noise limiter which is effective only on the AM shortwave band where interference from ignition or similar peak noise may be encountered. The audio voltage appearing at the junction of R31 and R32 as a result of the demodulating action of the second detector diode, is normally coupled to the input of the audio amplifier. When the Sensitivity control is advanced to maximum rotation, switch SW4 connects the audio input to the cathode of V6 and the noise limiter circuit is in operation.

DC potential from the AVC line is further filtered by resistor R35 and capacitor C29C and applied to the control grid of tuning eye tube V7-6E5. This DC voltage regulates the shadow angle of the tube to indicate when the receiver is tuned to resonance with the received signal.

4.6 Audio Amplifier Circuits

The 1st and 2nd audio amplifier circuits are located on the receiver chassis while the phase inverter and output amplifier are on the power supply chassis. The audio voltage developed across the diode load resistors R31 and R32 is applied to the control grid of first AF amplifier tube V9-6J5, through capacitor C30 and volume control R37.

Switch section SW6A on the FM-AM relay actuates to connect the output of either the AM detector or the FM discriminator to the audio input switch section SW3C. This switch connects the input circuit of 1st audio amplifier V9-6J5 to radio input, Phono input or television sound input, depending on the setting of the Selectivity control.

Initial bias for 1st audio amplifier V9-6J5 is obtained through resistor R38 bypassed by C31. Plate potential is applied through filter resistor R40, bypassed by 1 section of dual capacitor C33, and through load resistor R39.

Audio signal from the plate of V9 is fed through capacitor C32 to the grid of 2nd audio amplifier tube V10-6J5. The grid of V10 is returned to ground through resistor R41 and R47. Initial bias is obtained through resistor R42 bypassed by C34. Plate potential is applied through filter resistor R44, bypassed by the second section of C33; and through load resistor R43.

Signal from the plate of V10 is coupled to the grid of 3rd audio amplifier tube V19-6SL7GT, located on the power supply chassis, through capacitor C35, to terminal #3 of audio plug P2, through terminal 3 of audio receptacle J4 and through audio compensating network R50, C87.

The tone control circuit consisting of treble control R45 and associated capacitor C36; bass control R46 and associated audio choke L14, and capacitor C37. Both R45 and R46 are center-tapped controls and when the controls are both set at the position of the tap the audio response curve is flat. By tuning the treble control clockwise the high frequency response is boosted and when turned counterclockwise the high frequency response is cut. When the bass control is turned clockwise the low frequency response is boosted and when turned counterclockwise it is cut; thus the frequency response of the audio amplifier can be controlled over a wide range.

Transfer of IF signal from the plate of the mixer tube V3 to second detector tube V9 is accomplished by inductive coupling through IF transformers T1, T2 and T3 and amplified by tube V4 and V5. The first IF transformer T1 consists of two tuned circuits, primary and secondary with the secondary circuit operating in conjunction with switch SW3A and a tapped tertiary winding to provide three degrees of selectivity by changing the coefficient of coupling with the primary circuit. The primary and secondary windings are each tuned to 455 kilocycles by fixed capacitors C20 and C21 and adjustable iron cores E9 and E10. These iron cores are accessible for adjustment through the top of the shield can for E10 and at the bottom of the receiver for E9. The high potential end of the primary tuned circuit connects to the plate of mixer tube V3 through a shielded conductor while the low potential end connects to the high voltage DC line through resistor R13 bypassed to ground by C19. The high potential end of the secondary tuned circuit is connected to the grid of first IF amplifier tube V4 while the low potential end is connected to the AVC line through switch SW3A and resistor R16, bypassed to ground by C22. DC potential from the high voltage DC line is applied to the screen of V4 through resistor R18 bypassed to ground by C23B. Initial potential is applied through the primary tuned circuit of second IF transformer T2 and through resistor R19 bypassed to ground by C23C. Initial grid bias is obtained through resistor R17, bypassed to ground by capacitor C23A. Resistor R17 is returned to ground through sensitivity control R5 so that the bias on V4 may be increased when maximum sensitivity is not desired.

Second IF transformer T2 is similar to first IF transformer T1 in respect to design, construction and operating characteristics. Therefore except for differences in symbol designations the circuit description of first IF transformer T1 is applicable to this transformer. The low potential end of the secondary tuned circuit of T1 is returned to ground through switch SW3B. Grid bias for second IF amplifier tube V5 is obtained through resistor R22, bypassed to ground by C26A. Screen potential is applied through resistor R23, bypassed by C26B. Plate potential is applied through the primary winding of third IF transformer T3 and resistor R24, bypassed to ground by C26C.

Third IF transformer T3 consists of a tuned primary circuit and an untuned secondary. The primary circuit consists of the primary winding shunted by fixed capacitor C27 and adjustable iron core E13 which is accessible for adjustment at the bottom of the receiver. The high potential end of the secondary winding feeds the second detector diode, while the low potential end returns to ground through diode load resistors R31 and R32.

4.5 AM Second Detector Circuits

The second detector tube V6 is a twin diode tube, one section being used as a second detector diode the plate of which is connected to the high potential end of the secondary winding of T3. The cathode is connected to ground, thus the tube acts as a half wave rectifier. The voltage developed across diode load resistors R31 and R32 is filtered by resistor R34 and capacitor C29E to remove all audio components, and the resultant direct current AVC voltage is used to control the gain of amplifier tube V1, V3 and V4; the degree of control being dependent on the strength of the incoming signal.

The grid of 3rd audio amplifier V19A which is one section of a dual triode tube 6SL7GT, is returned to ground through R81. Capacitor C97 is used in conjunction with audio compensating network R80, C87 which is provided to compensate for loss of high frequency response in the long connecting lead from the plate of V10 to the grid of V19A. Initial bias for both sections of V19 is obtained through resistor R82 bypassed by capacitor C88. Plate potential is applied to V19A through R84 and to V19B through R83.

Audio signal from the plate of V19A is fed to the grid of audio output amplifier V20, through capacitor C89; this grid is returned to ground through R85 and R87.

Audio signal from the plate of V19B is fed to the grid of audio output amplifier V21 through capacitor C90; this grid is returned to ground through R86 and R87.

Audio voltage appearing at the junction of resistors R85, R86 and R87 is fed to the grid of V19B. Since this voltage is 180 degrees out of phase with that appearing at the grid of V19A the audio voltages appearing at the plates of V19A and V19B will be 180 degrees out of phase, thus providing push pull amplification.

Initial grid bias for V20 and V21 is obtained through resistor R88 bypassed by C91. Screen potential for V20 and V21 is applied direct from the power supply. Plate potential is applied through the center-tapped primary of output transformer T8. Capacitor C92 and resistor R90 are connected in series across the plates of V20 and V21 to prevent parasitic oscillation in the output amplifier circuit.

4.7 FM-IF Oscillator and Mixer Circuits

The FM-IF amplifier, mixer and oscillator circuits are located on the receiver chassis, the FM-IF amplifier and discriminator circuits are located on the power supply chassis. Input signal from the antenna is fed through FM-antenna terminal strip E2, located at the rear of the receiver, through antenna coil L9 to the grid of FM-IF amplifier V11-6AG5 which is a miniature type tube. The secondary of antenna coil L9 is connected to the grid of V11 through a parasitic suppressor R26, the low potential end of the coil being grounded. It is tuned by variable air capacitor C5-A2. Variable trimmer capacitor C39 and adjustable iron core E14 are provided as trimmer adjustments. Shunt connected capacitor C38 is provided to increase the minimum capacity of the tuned circuit. Initial grid bias is obtained through R48 bypassed by C40. Screen potential is applied through resistor R49 bypassed by C41. Plate potential is applied through the primary of mixer coil L11 and resistor R51 which is bypassed by C47.

Signal from the plate of V11 is fed to the grid of FM-mixer tube V13-6AG5, through mixer coil L11 and parasitic suppressor R53. The secondary tuned circuit of L11 is tuned by variable air capacitor C5 and C2. Air trimmer C49 and adjustable iron core E16 are provided as trimmer adjustments while fixed capacitor C48 is provided to increase the minimum capacity of the tuned circuit. Initial bias for V13 is obtained through R54 bypassed by C45. This circuit is returned to ground through a small portion of the secondary winding of FM oscillator coil L10. This impressing a voltage on the cathode of V13

at the frequency to which the oscillator circuit is tuned. This signal which is always 10.7 megacycles lower in frequency than the signal frequency, is heterodyned or mixed with the signal frequency appearing on the grid of mixer tube V13 and the resultant frequency 10.7 megacycles appears at the plate of FM mixer tube V13.

Screen potential is applied to V13 through R55 bypassed by C51. Plate potential is applied through IF primary coil L12 and resistor R56 bypassed by C53. One side of the heater of V13 is bypassed to ground by C50.

FM oscillator tube V12-6C4 is a miniature type triode. The tuned circuit consists of FM oscillator coil L10 and variable air capacitor C52; variable trimmer capacitor C43 and adjustable iron core E15 are provided as trimmer adjustments. Fixed capacitor C42 is provided to increase the minimum capacity of the tuned circuit. The high potential end of L10 connects to the grid of V12 through coupling capacitor C44. The grid is returned to ground through R50. The cathode of V12 is connected to a tap on coil L10. Plate potential is applied through R52 bypassed by C46.

4.8 FM-IF Circuits

The IF signal appearing at the plate of FM mixer tube V12 is fed to the primary of 1st FM-IF transformer L12. This coil is tuned to 10.7 megacycles by capacitor C52 and adjustable iron core E17. The primary winding is then linked coupled to the secondary winding, located on the power supply chassis, through FM-IF input plug P3 and jack J5 and through another small winding coupled to the secondary coil L13. The 1st FM-IF secondary coil L13 is tuned to 10.7 megacycles by capacitor C54 and adjustable iron core E20 and is connected to the grid of 1st FM-IF amplifier V14-6AC7 through parasitic suppressor R57.

Bias is obtained through R58, bypassed by C55. Screen potential is applied through R59 bypassed by C57. Plate potential is applied through the primary winding of 2nd FM-IF transformer T4 and resistor R60 bypassed by C58. One side of the heater of V14 is bypassed to ground by C56.

The primary of T4 is tuned to 10.7 megacycles by capacitor C59 and adjustable iron core E21. The primary is inductively coupled to the secondary which is tuned by capacitor C60 and iron core E22. The high potential end of the secondary connects to grid of 2nd FM-IF amplifier V15-6AC7 through capacitor C61 and parasitic suppressor R62. The low potential end returns to ground. The grid of V15 returns to ground through R61. Through the use of coupling capacitor C61 and grid leak R61 second FM-IF amplifier tube V15 will act as a limiter on extremely strong signals.

Second FM-IF amplifier V15-6AC7 is identical to first FM-IF amplifier tube; therefore except for symbol designations the circuit description is the same.

Third and fourth FM-IF transformer T5 and T6 are similar to second FM-IF transformer T4 and except for symbol designations the circuit description is the same.

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MODEL 800-1

10 of the speaker plug completes the AC circuit to terminal 1 of the receiver receptacle J3 through the switch on relay K2 then back through terminal 4 of receiver receptacle J3 to the power transformer. The AC power circuit is fed through the speaker receptacle J2 so that if the speaker plug is removed when the power is on, the primary circuit is automatically broken and no damage can be done to the high voltage rectifiers. Capacitor C96 is provided to filter out any noise entering through the primary circuit of the power transformer. Receptacle J1 is provided for connection of the AC plug on the record changer. This receptacle is connected across the primary circuit of the power transformer and is active only when the receiver is turned ON.

One secondary of the power transformer furnishes high voltage for the full wave rectifier plates. Another winding furnishes filament voltage for the rectifier tubes V23 and V24. A third winding furnishes heater voltage for all tubes in the power supply chassis except the rectifiers. A fourth winding furnishes heater voltage for all tubes on the receiver chassis.

The rectified voltage from the rectifier tubes V23 and V24 is filtered by a two section filter and fed to the plate of the power output tubes V20 and V21 through the primary of output transformer T8. This voltage is also fed through terminal 2 of speaker receptacle J2 and plug P4 to the 675 ohm field of the loudspeaker; from the field it feeds back through the speaker plug and receptacle terminal 4 and fed to the plates of V19A and V19B and the screens of V20 and V21. From this point a dropping resistor R92 reduces the voltage to the proper potential for all other tubes in the receiver.

The voltage regulator tube V22-OD3 (VR-150) is included in the power supply circuit to provide stabilized voltage for the AM and FM oscillator tubes so that variations in line voltage will not affect the frequency setting of the oscillator circuits.

4.11 Loudspeaker Circuits

The loudspeaker used with the Model 800-B Radio-Phonograph may be either a coaxial type or an extended range single speaker. Both speakers have the same field characteristics. A 675 ohm series field connected to terminals 2 and 4 of speaker plug P4 and a 9000 ohm shunt field connected to terminals 4 and 6. The coaxial speaker consists of a 15 inch low frequency speaker with a 5 inch FM tweeter mounted in the center. A network is used with the high frequency tweeter so that it will reproduce only the higher frequencies. The voice coil impedance of the coaxial speaker is 8 ohms and is connected to terminals 5 and 5 of speaker plug P4. One side of the tweeter circuit is connected to terminals 7 and 8 of the speaker plug which feed through the speaker receptacle J2 to terminals 8 and 11 of the receiver power receptacle J3; then through the cable to switch SW6A on the FM-AM relay. When the switch is thrown to FM position this circuit is closed and the tweeter is effective but when the relay is thrown to AM position the tweeter circuit is open and only the 15 inch low frequency is effective. Since the low frequency speaker will reproduce all frequencies desired for AM broadcasts or record reproduction the tweeter is not used to prevent reproduction of undesirable background noise. The 15 inch extended range single speaker has a voice coil impedance of 16 ohms and is connected to terminals 1 and 5 of speaker plug P4, since no tweeter is used, terminals 7 and 8 are open.

The third and fourth FM-IF tubes are used as limiter amplifiers. By employing the proper plate and screen voltages and correct values of grid leak and coupling capacitors these tubes will reach full limiting action with approximately 10 microvolts input signal, effectively shunting any amplitude signals such as ignition noise or impulse interference signals. The values of grid leak and coupling capacitor used were chosen to insure fast limiting action on noises possessing a steep wave front.

4.9 FM Discriminator Circuit

The fifth FM-IF transformer or discriminator transformer is provided to couple the second limiter tube V17 to the discriminator diode V18. A phase bridge type of discriminator circuit is used with both primary and secondary circuits being tuned by air dielectric trimmers C80 and C82. The primary and secondary windings are inductively coupled so that the peaks of the discriminator are approximately 300 kilocycles apart. The discriminator is linear up to plus or minus 100 kilocycles from the IF frequency of 10.7 megacycles, in order that over-modulation beyond plus or minus 75 KC at the transmitter will not cause distortion in the receiver.

The balanced detector action of the discriminator tube diode acts to cancel any amplitude modulation present on weak signals. Signal voltage appearing across the primary of T7 is induced into the secondary of this transformer which reacts with the voltage coupled from the primary through capacitor C81 to produce frequency discriminating action. When the frequency of the signal flowing through T7 is exactly 10.7 megacycles the voltage across resistors R77 and R78 are equal and opposite. A change in the frequency in one direction produces a positive difference between the voltages across R77 and R78; a frequency change in the opposite direction produces a negative voltage difference. In this way frequency modulation of the carrier signal produces a similar audio frequency voltage across resistors R77 and R78. This audio voltage is fed to the audio amplifier input through a de-emphasis network consisting of resistor R7 and capacitor C85. RF choke L16 and capacitor C86 are provided to filter out any RF components which may be picked up in the audio input lead.

4.10 Rectifier Power Supply Circuits

The rectifier power supply of the Model 800-B Radio-Phonograph is designed to operate from a 115-120 volt 50-60 cycle AC source. The power supply chassis is provided with a 6 foot two conductor cord with plug for connection to the AC source.

One side of the primary circuit of power transformer T9 is fused with a 3 amp fuse and one side of the primary circuit of the pushbutton tuning transformer T10 is fused with a 1 amp fuse. The primary of T10 is connected across the AC line at all times so that voltage is always available to operate the AC-ON-OFF relay.

The primary circuit of the power transformer T9 is closed when the Power ON-OFF relay K2 is thrown to the ON position by pushing the ON button at the front panel. One side of this primary circuit connects to terminal 10 of speaker receptacle J2. When the speaker plug P4 is inserted into the receptacle, the jumper wire between terminals 9 and

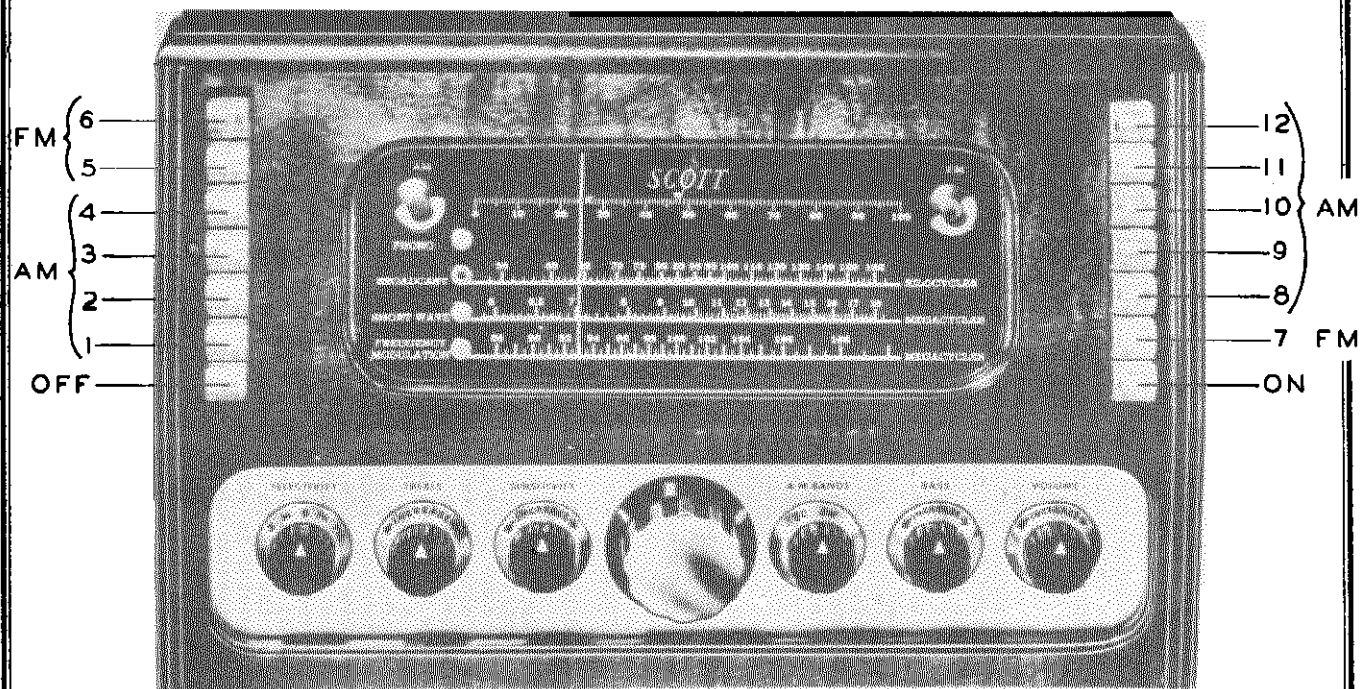


Figure 9 Front View 800-B Receiver Showing Pushbutton Sequence

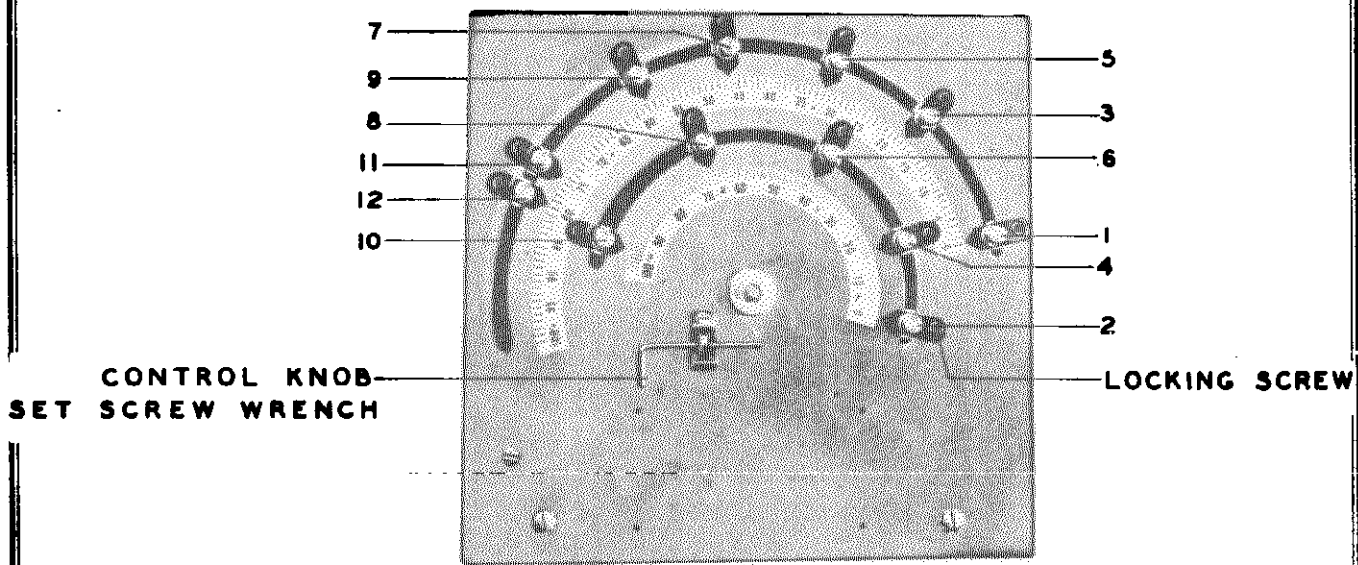


Figure 10 Back View of Pushbutton Tuning System Backplate

Figure 30 depicts the pushbutton tuning system used in the later model 800-B Receivers. The pushbutton switches are provided with two rows of dummy lugs, one row connected to the AM common lead, the other row connected to the FM common lead, and all that is necessary to use any pushbutton for FM or AM is to connect that switch to the corresponding common lead. It will be observed that the numbers opposite the pushbuttons have been rearranged so that they are in sequence - 1 to 12. Pushbuttons 5, 6 and 7 are still wired for FM when the receivers leave the factory as most of the FM stations are located in the center of the tuning scale but in locations where a frequency at some other part of the dial has been allocated, another pushbutton may be used by disconnecting the jumper wire of that particular switch from the AM common lead and connecting it to the FM common lead. The next item to be observed is the addition of two relays in series with the backplate rotor disk. When either of these relays are energized by voltage applied through the rotor disk, switches SW10 or SW11 are closed completing the motor circuit and turning the dial mechanism. By means of this arrangement very little current is required to pass through the backplate movable contacts thus prolonging their life. It will be noted also that the 36 volt tap of the pushbutton tuning transformer T10 is no longer required, all necessary potential being supplied from the 24 volt tap.

The pushbutton system drive motor is a 24 volt reversible type motor geared directly to the dial drive mechanism.

The power ON-OFF relay is a double solenoid relay with 1 rotary type switch section. When one of the solenoid coils is energized by pushing the ON pushbutton the relay actuates the switch to close the AC primary circuit of the power transformer and also closes the 24 volt circuit to the drive motor. When the other solenoid coil is energized by closing the OFF pushbutton, both of the above circuits are opened. Both solenoid coils operate at 24 volts AC.

The FM-AM relay is a double solenoid relay with 2 rotary type switch sections that operate 6 circuits. When one coil is energized by closing any AM pushbutton switch all circuits close to operate for AM reception, when the other solenoid coil is energized by closing any FM pushbutton switch, the circuits close to operate for FM reception. Both solenoid coils operate at 10 volts AC on the early model receivers and on all late model receivers with the relays in the drive motor circuit. The solenoid coils of the FM-AM relay operate at 22 volts AC.

The muting relay used in the 800-B Receiver is actuated by the voltage used to run the drive motor. The switch is a S.P.S.T. with contacts normally open. The coil operates on 2.4 volts AC.

The drive motor relays are identical in electrical characteristics to the muting relay although in some receivers the mechanical construction will be different.

The remote keyboard receptacle J5 is a 21 contact receptacle provided for the connection of a remote keyboard when it is desired to tune the receiver from a remote position. By means of this remote keyboard it is possible to tune in up to 12 stations, control the volume and turn the receiver ON and OFF. When the remote keyboard is to be used, a motorized volume control with the necessary connections is installed in the 800-B Receiver.

4.12 Pushbutton Tuning System Circuits

The pushbutton tuning system in the Model 800-B Radio-Phonograph utilizes 14 pushbuttons, 12 of which are used for station selection and 2 being used to turn the receiver ON and OFF. Figures 29 and 30 depict the circuit diagrams of the systems used in the early models and the present models. The switches used are all single pole single throw, momentary contact pushbutton type. Seven switches are used in each gang located at the right and left side of the panel. Details on setting up and adjusting the pushbutton system are explained in Section V - Adjustments.

Each of the twelve pushbutton switches is connected by a color-coded lead to a terminal board E27 mounted on the under side of the receiver chassis. This terminal board is used as a common tie-point for wires leading to the switches, the backplate contacts and the remote box receptacle.

The backplate is the nerve center of the pushbutton tuning system. It consists of two semi-circular disks insulated from each other by a bakelite strip which has a narrow protrusion rising above the contact surfaces of the disks. The two disks are connected to the two windings of a reversible type motor which is coupled directly to the tuning shaft of the dial. The two disks which form the backplate rotor are coupled directly to the shaft of the main tuning capacitor. On the stator of the backplate are mounted twelve contact fingers with numbered, adjustable knobs. Each of these contacts are connected to a switch on the front panel as shown in Figure 9. On the early Model 800-B Receiver the backplate operates as follows, taking contact No. 1 as an example. When pushbutton No. 1 is pushed the switch contacts close and potential from the 36 volt tap of pushbutton tuning transformer T10 is fed through the coil of muting relay K3 to terminal 5 of receiver power receptacle J3, then through receiver plug P1, terminal 3 to switch SW5 on the power ON-OFF relay, then to switch section SW2D of the band change control, to switch section SW3D of the selectivity control, then through lead No. 1 to the common terminal of the tuning motor. The voltage could then flow through either winding of the motor but since contact No. 1 is on the left side of the backplate rotor the voltage will be applied only to that side of the rotor through contact No. 1 to switch No. 1 then through lead No. 5 and through coil L18 of the FM-AM relay to chassis ground. It is then returned to the other side of the 36 volt winding of the transformer through chassis ground. When the circuit is energized by closing a pushbutton switch as above the voltage across the coil L22 of muting relay K3 will energize the relay, closing the contacts and muting the audio circuit so that signals are not audible as the dial tunes across them. The voltage flowing through the motor winding causes it to rotate, actuating the dial mechanism and turning the backplate rotor, until the insulated segment rides under the active contact, at this instant the voltage in the circuit is interrupted and the motor stops running releasing the contacts on the muting relay. Since pushbutton No. 1 is connected to the AM common lead, the AM coil of the FM-AM relay would be energized when the circuit was closed thereby switching the AM circuits ON and making the FM circuits ineffective. If pushbutton switches 5, 6 or 7 or any switch which may be connected to the FM common lead were energized, the relay would automatically switch over as the FM coil of the relay would then be energized.

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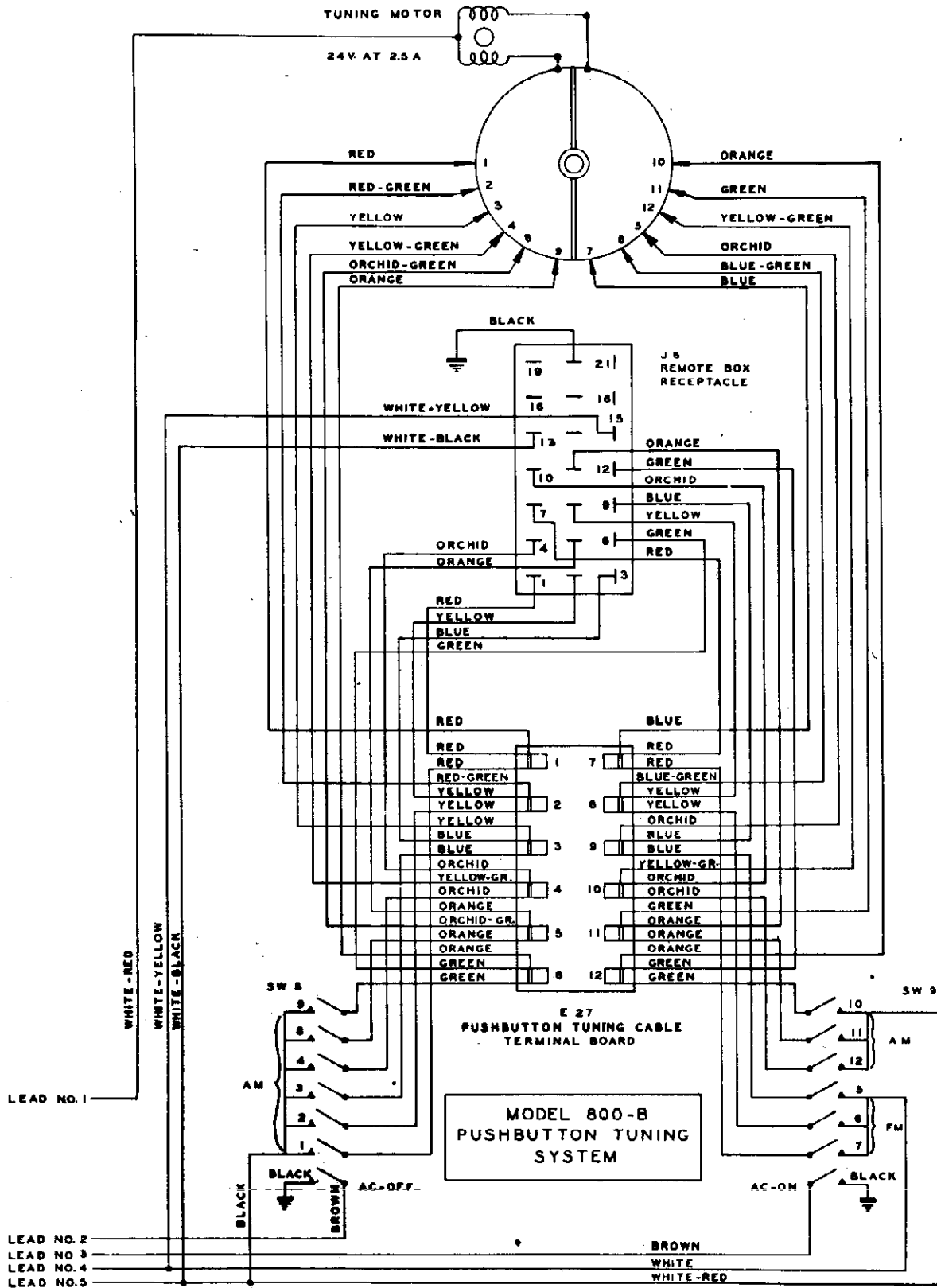


Figure 29 Schematic Diagram Pushbutton Tuning System

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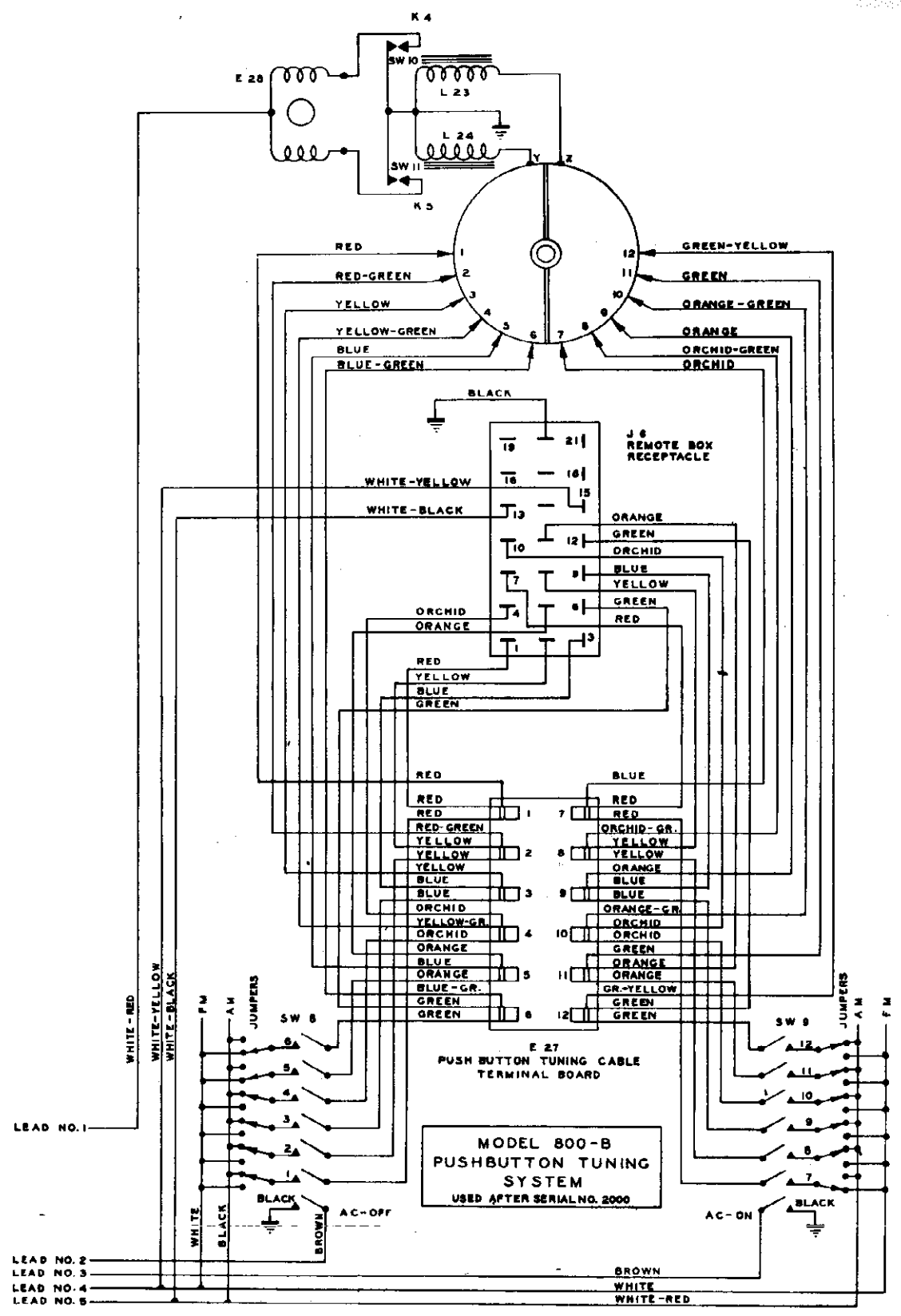


Figure 30 Revised Schematic Diagram Pushbutton Tuning System

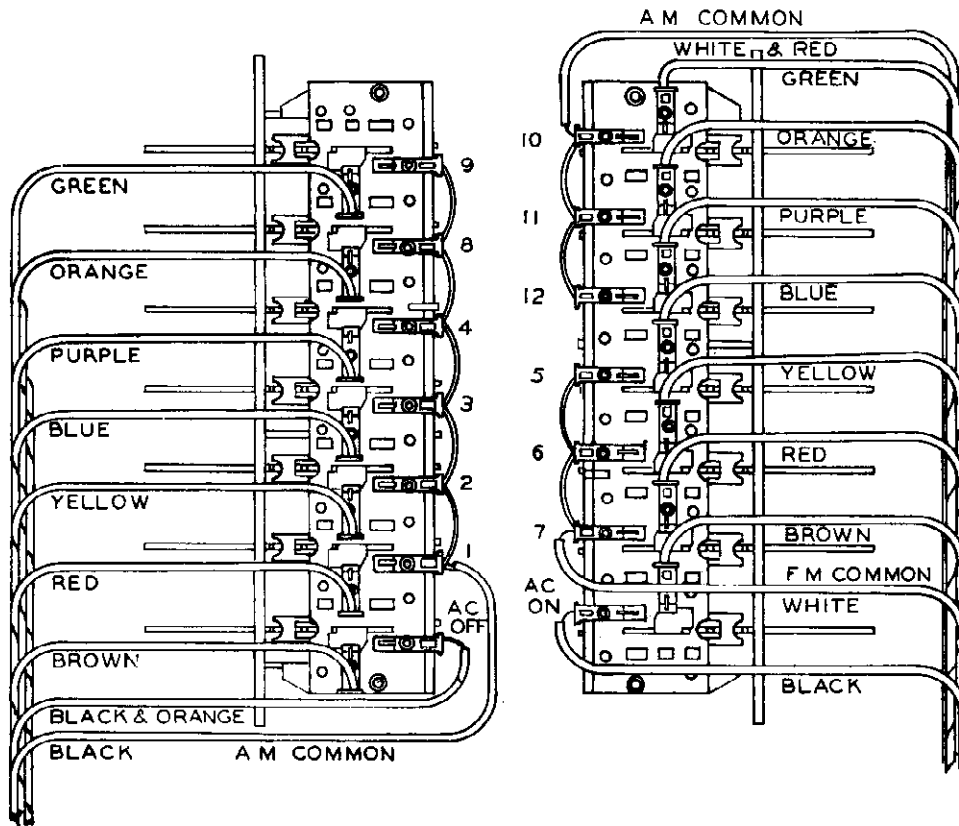


Figure 11 Pushbutton Switch Detail

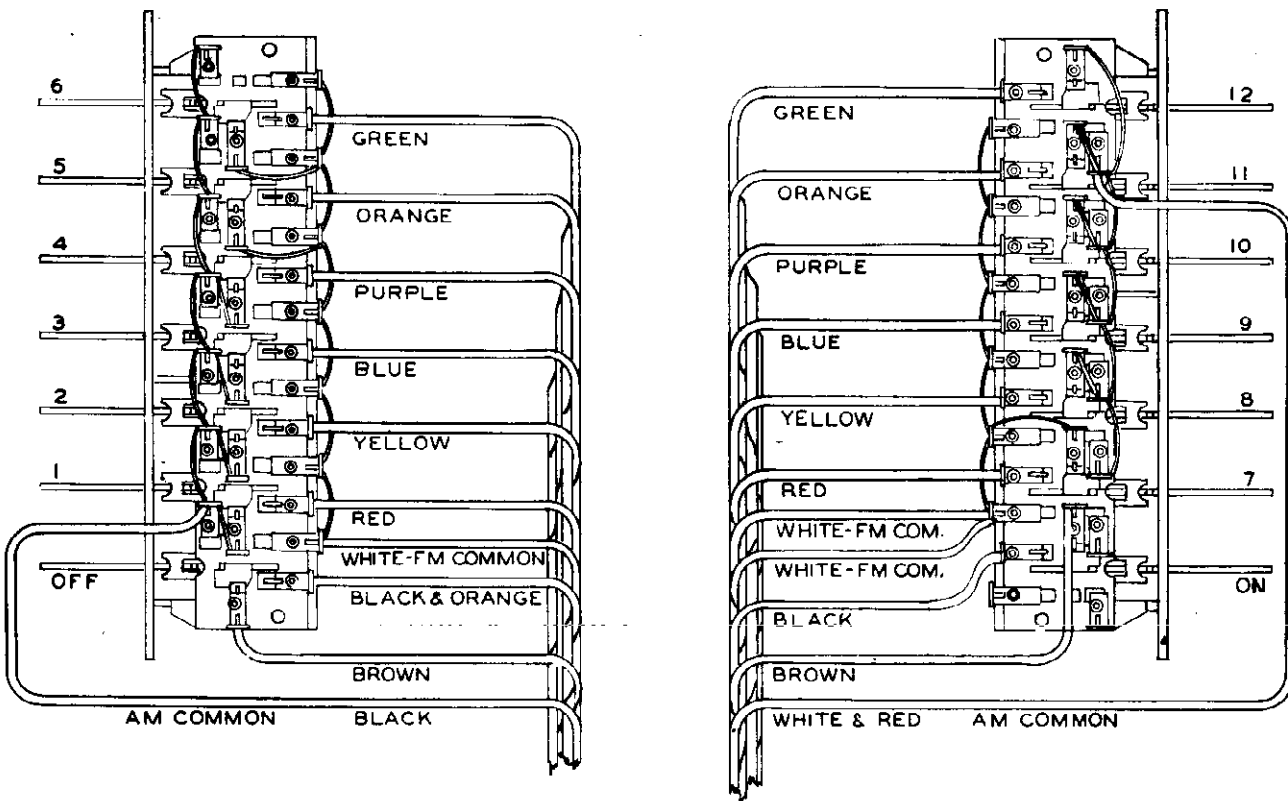


Figure 12 Pushbutton Switch Detail Modified

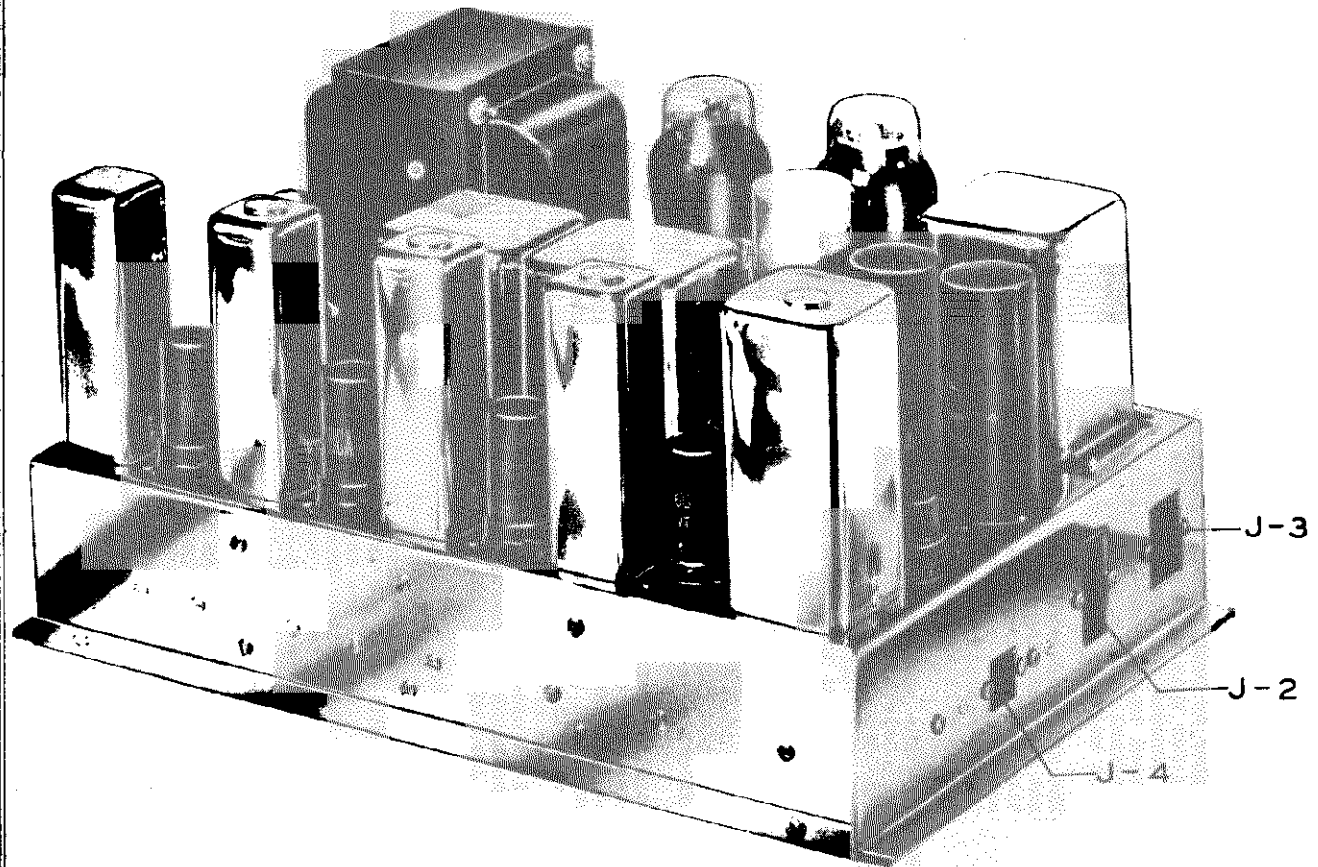


Figure 20 End View Model 800-B Power Supply Chassis

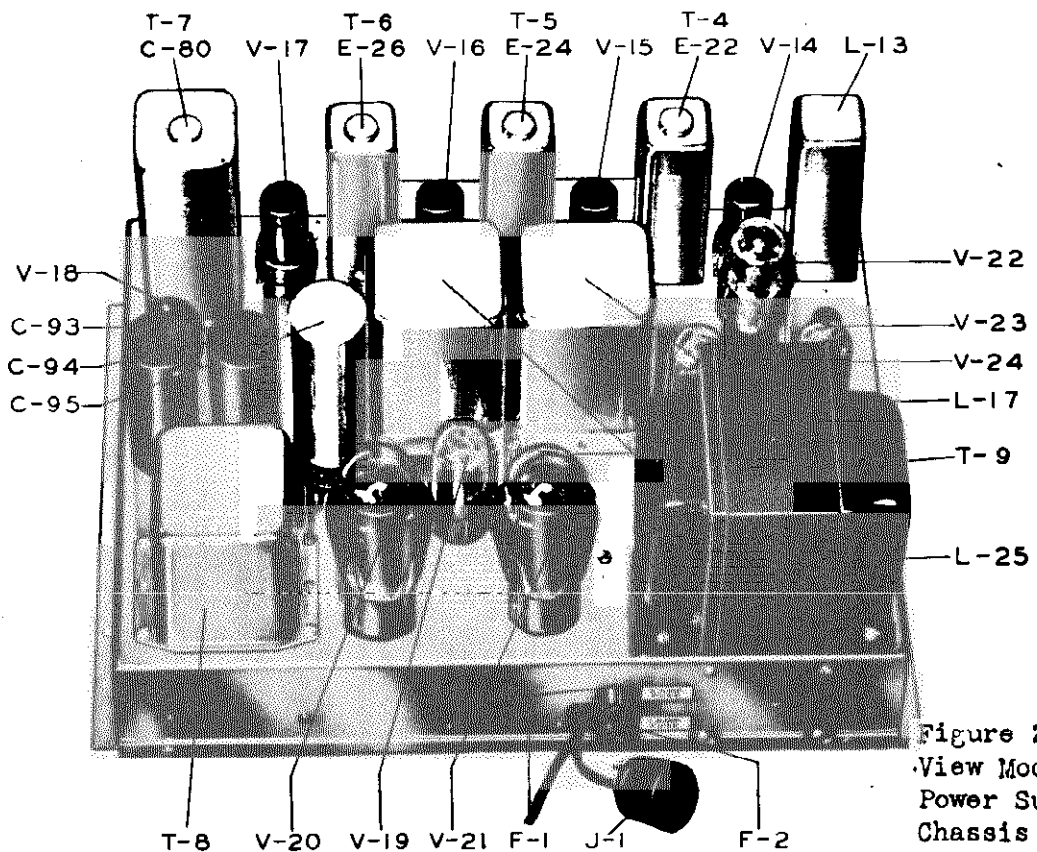


Figure 21. Top View Model 800-B Power Supply Chassis

Section V ADJUSTMENTS

5.1 Setting up Pushbutton Tuning System

The pushbutton tuning system in the 800-B Receiver has been designed to provide maximum flexibility in order to permit setting up for 6 or more AM stations and 1 to 6 FM stations, the only limitations being the spacing of the stations on the tuning dial or the setting for an AM station falling on the same spot as that for an FM station. At the factory the receivers are wired so that 4 buttons on the left side of the panel and the 5 top buttons on the right side are wired for AM stations and the lower button on the right side with the two top buttons on the left side are wired for FM stations as shown in Figure 9. No attempt should be made to set up the pushbutton tuning system for weak distant stations as poor results will be obtained because of background noise.

The switch over from AM to FM reception is done automatically in the receiver, that is, with the receiver adjusted for pushbutton tuning, when any AM button is pushed the receiver is automatically set for AM reception and when any FM button is pushed the receiver is automatically switched for FM reception.

The pushbutton tuning drive unit is located at the rear of the receiver chassis. This unit has 12 adjustable knobs which are numbered 1 to 12. These knobs are set to the desired position by turning them clockwise or counter-clockwise with a rotary motion. They are locked in position by means of a small screw, adjacent to the knob. These small lock screws should never be tightened more than one turn past the point where the screw touches the backplate. If tightened more the setting of the knob will be changed. Two calibrated scales located below the two rows of knobs, are provided to enable setting the knobs in conjunction with the logging scale at the top of the front dial scale. Each of the pushbuttons on the front panel is wired to the corresponding knob on the backplate in the sequence shown in Figure 9. The following procedure should be followed in setting up the pushbutton tuning system.

1. Set the Selectivity control to "M" position and the AM-Band control to "BC" position.
2. Select the lowest frequency AM station to be set up and insert the tab for this station in pushbutton No. 1.
3. Tune in the desired station manually and note the setting of the dial pointer on the logging scale at the top of the dial.
4. Set knob No. 1 on the backplate to the corresponding number noted on the logging scale, and lock the knob in place by means of the small screw directly above it. CAUTION: Never tighten the small locking screw more than one turn past the point where it touches the backplate; if tightened more the setting of the knob will be changed.
5. As a check to ascertain that the knob is set correctly, manually set the dial pointer to a higher frequency, then push button No. 1 until the pointer stops and check this setting against the original reading on the log scale. Repeat this operation after

setting the dial to a lower frequency. If the both readings are higher or both readings lower than the original log scale reading for this station then the No. 1 knob must be moved slightly to correct for the error in reading. If the two readings are spaced equally one-half a division or less on both sides of the original station setting, as read on the log scale, the adjustment has been correctly made.

6. The above operation should be repeated for each pushbutton to be set up, starting with button No. 1 for the lowest frequency station and working up consecutively to button No. 12 for the highest frequency station. Pushbuttons 5, 6 and 7 can be used only for FM reception and when any of these buttons are pushed the receiver will automatically switch over to FM reception.

NOTE: The pushbutton tuning system will work only when the Selectivity control is set at "M" or "B" positions and the AM-Band control is set at "BC" position. If the pushbutton system does not work when the controls are set as above, replace the 1 amp fuse in the power supply. Refer to Figure 21 for location.

5.2 Connecting Pushbutton Switches for AM or FM Operation

When more than 3 FM stations or more than 9 AM stations are desired, by connecting the pushbutton switches as outlined below, any of the 12 pushbuttons may be set up for either an AM or FM station.

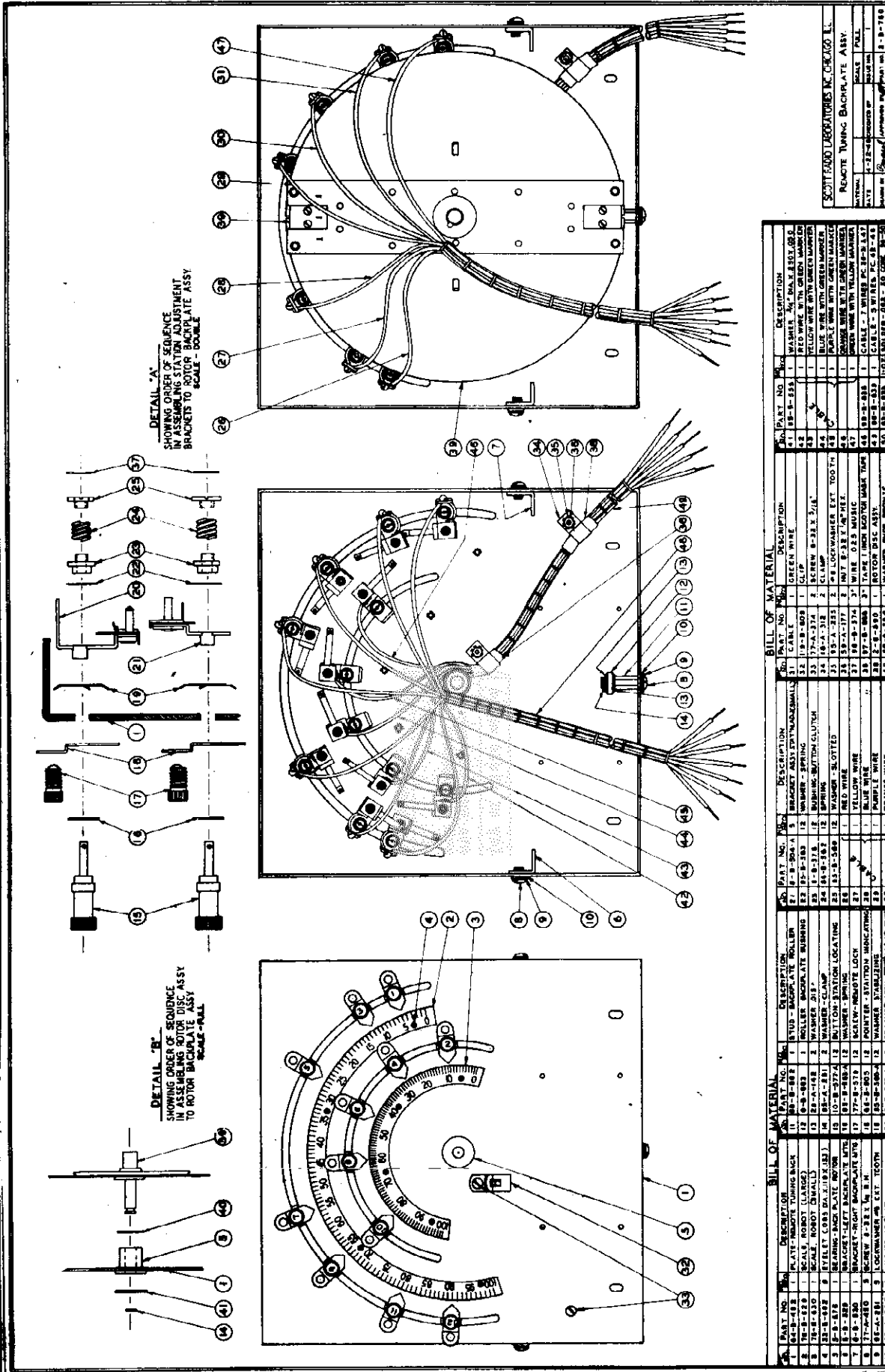
On the first Model 800-B Radio-Phonograph produced, the pushbutton switches were connected as shown in Figure 11. It will be noted that on the left hand switch gang, one side of switches 1-2-3-4-8-9 are all connected to the black AM common lead, therefore, all these switches will operate on AM stations. If it is desired to connect one or more of the switches on the left hand side for FM stations, it will be necessary to disconnect the switch or switches required from the black AM common lead and connect them over to the white FM common lead on the right hand switch.

On the right hand switch gang, one side of switches 5-6-7 are connected to the white FM common lead, therefore, these three switches are used to set up FM stations. One side of switches 10-11-12 are connected to the white-red dot AM common lead and are used to set up AM stations. In order to use any one of these switches for an FM station, disconnect that switch from the AM common lead and connect it to the FM common lead. In this manner any one of the twelve pushbutton switches may be connected for operation on either AM or FM.

On the later Model 800-B Radio-Phonograph, the switch gangs have been provided with 2 dummy lugs on each section; one row of dummy lugs are connected to the AM common lead, the other row of dummy lugs are connected to the FM common lead and all that is necessary to connect any pushbutton for operation on AM, is to connect that switch to the AM common lug and for FM operation connect it to the FM lug. It will be noted by observing Figure 12 that the pushbuttons are now numbered in sequence 1 to 12 starting at the bottom pushbutton on the left side of the panel.

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Table 1 Trouble Location Chart		Table 1 Trouble Location Chart (Continued)			
Symptom	Cause	Symptom	Remedy		
Set fails to switch ON or OFF	Blown 1 amp or 3 amp fuse	Noisy reception	Defective tube		
	Defective switch contacts on ON-OFF relay		Defective component		
	AC ON-OFF relay inoperative		Defective antenna		
Set operates but pushbutton system fails to operate	Blown 1 amp fuse	Oscillation	Defective tube		
	Defective switch contacts on ON-OFF relay		Open bypass capacitor		
	Blown 3 amp fuse		Defective tube		
Set weak or dead on all bands	Defective tube in audio amplifier or rectifier	Hum	Defective tube		
	Defective speaker		Defective electrolytic filter capacitor		
	Socket voltages wrong		Defective bypass capacitor		
			Check continuity of voice coil	Transformer lamination buzz	
			Check continuity of field coils		
			Check components and connections of network on coaxial speakers		
			Check associated bypass capacitors		
	Defective switch contact		Check associated resistors		
			Check continuity of associated wiring		
	No signal		Clean and adjust defective switch or replace switch section		
Check all coils on specific band					
Check switch contacts on specific band					
Check all tubes used for specific band					
Set weak or dead on one band only	Check FM-AM relay		Mount power supply on rubber or felt		



BILL OF MATERIAL

NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	64-B-488	PLATE-REMOTE TUNING BACK	31	18-B-555	WASHER - 3/16" DIA. X 1/16" THK.
2	78-B-429	SCALE-ROTOR (LARGE)	32	18-B-555	WASHER - 3/16" DIA. X 1/16" THK.
3	78-B-430	SCALE-ROTOR (SMALL)	33	18-B-555	WASHER - 3/16" DIA. X 1/16" THK.
4	78-B-431	SCALE-ROTOR (MEDIUM)	34	18-B-555	WASHER - 3/16" DIA. X 1/16" THK.
5	78-B-432	SCALE-ROTOR (SMALL)	35	18-B-555	WASHER - 3/16" DIA. X 1/16" THK.
6	78-B-433	SCALE-ROTOR (SMALL)	36	18-B-555	WASHER - 3/16" DIA. X 1/16" THK.
7	78-B-434	SCALE-ROTOR (SMALL)	37	18-B-555	WASHER - 3/16" DIA. X 1/16" THK.
8	78-B-435	SCALE-ROTOR (SMALL)	38	18-B-555	WASHER - 3/16" DIA. X 1/16" THK.
9	78-B-436	SCALE-ROTOR (SMALL)	39	18-B-555	WASHER - 3/16" DIA. X 1/16" THK.
10	78-B-437	SCALE-ROTOR (SMALL)	40	18-B-555	WASHER - 3/16" DIA. X 1/16" THK.
11	78-B-438	SCALE-ROTOR (SMALL)	41	18-B-555	WASHER - 3/16" DIA. X 1/16" THK.
12	78-B-439	SCALE-ROTOR (SMALL)	42	18-B-555	WASHER - 3/16" DIA. X 1/16" THK.
13	78-B-440	SCALE-ROTOR (SMALL)	43	18-B-555	WASHER - 3/16" DIA. X 1/16" THK.
14	78-B-441	SCALE-ROTOR (SMALL)	44	18-B-555	WASHER - 3/16" DIA. X 1/16" THK.
15	78-B-442	SCALE-ROTOR (SMALL)	45	18-B-555	WASHER - 3/16" DIA. X 1/16" THK.
16	78-B-443	SCALE-ROTOR (SMALL)	46	18-B-555	WASHER - 3/16" DIA. X 1/16" THK.
17	78-B-444	SCALE-ROTOR (SMALL)	47	18-B-555	WASHER - 3/16" DIA. X 1/16" THK.
18	78-B-445	SCALE-ROTOR (SMALL)	48	18-B-555	WASHER - 3/16" DIA. X 1/16" THK.
19	78-B-446	SCALE-ROTOR (SMALL)	49	18-B-555	WASHER - 3/16" DIA. X 1/16" THK.
20	78-B-447	SCALE-ROTOR (SMALL)	50	18-B-555	WASHER - 3/16" DIA. X 1/16" THK.
21	78-B-448	SCALE-ROTOR (SMALL)			
22	78-B-449	SCALE-ROTOR (SMALL)			
23	78-B-450	SCALE-ROTOR (SMALL)			
24	78-B-451	SCALE-ROTOR (SMALL)			
25	78-B-452	SCALE-ROTOR (SMALL)			
26	78-B-453	SCALE-ROTOR (SMALL)			
27	78-B-454	SCALE-ROTOR (SMALL)			
28	78-B-455	SCALE-ROTOR (SMALL)			
29	78-B-456	SCALE-ROTOR (SMALL)			
30	78-B-457	SCALE-ROTOR (SMALL)			
31	78-B-458	SCALE-ROTOR (SMALL)			
32	78-B-459	SCALE-ROTOR (SMALL)			
33	78-B-460	SCALE-ROTOR (SMALL)			
34	78-B-461	SCALE-ROTOR (SMALL)			
35	78-B-462	SCALE-ROTOR (SMALL)			
36	78-B-463	SCALE-ROTOR (SMALL)			
37	78-B-464	SCALE-ROTOR (SMALL)			
38	78-B-465	SCALE-ROTOR (SMALL)			
39	78-B-466	SCALE-ROTOR (SMALL)			
40	78-B-467	SCALE-ROTOR (SMALL)			
41	78-B-468	SCALE-ROTOR (SMALL)			
42	78-B-469	SCALE-ROTOR (SMALL)			
43	78-B-470	SCALE-ROTOR (SMALL)			
44	78-B-471	SCALE-ROTOR (SMALL)			
45	78-B-472	SCALE-ROTOR (SMALL)			
46	78-B-473	SCALE-ROTOR (SMALL)			
47	78-B-474	SCALE-ROTOR (SMALL)			
48	78-B-475	SCALE-ROTOR (SMALL)			
49	78-B-476	SCALE-ROTOR (SMALL)			
50	78-B-477	SCALE-ROTOR (SMALL)			

Figure 24 Pushbutton Tuning Backplate Detail Drawing

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Section VI MAINTENANCE AND REPAIRS

Lubrication

There are very few moving parts on the Model 800-B Radio-Phonograph that will require lubrication more often than once a year with the possible exception of the record changer and this will depend on the amount of use the record changer receives. The manufacturers recommendations on lubrication as outlined in the instruction book packed with each record changer should be followed. A drop or two of #10 oil on the receiver slide rails and record changer compartment once a year will keep these parts working smoothly. In addition a drop of #10 oil should be applied to the dial tuning shaft bearing and the FM-AM relay and power ON-OFF relay bearings.

6.4 Pushbutton Tuning System Maintenance

Although there are very few moving parts in the pushbutton tuning system which will require frequent adjustment or maintenance the following information is outlined to assist in keeping the system in good working condition.

1. Pushbutton switches

A little carbon-tetrachloride, applied with a clean cloth or a small brush while the switch is worked back and forth, will keep the contacts clean.

2. Drive motor and remote volume motor

The clutch release spring on the back of these motors at the end of the rotor shaft may need adjusting to keep the clutch from chattering. A pair of long nose pliers should be used for this adjustment. If the clutch chatters when the motor is driving the dial, apply more pressure by bending the spring in toward the motor frame. If the clutch fails to release soon enough when the backplate insulator segment reaches the contact, the disk may override the contact and start to reverse. To remedy this fault pressure on the clutch release spring should be loosened by bending the spring out slightly. These same adjustments apply to the remote volume control motor on receivers which have this motor installed.

3. FM-AM relay and power ON-OFF relay

The switch contacts on these relays should be cleaned by applying carbon-tetrachloride with a clean cloth or small brush. The contacts may need slight adjustment at times for if they are too loose, poor contact will result and some of the circuits will not work or if they are too tight the relay may stick and refuse to throw to the proper position. Caution should be exercised when adjusting these contacts in order to maintain proper contact.

4. Mating relay and motor control relays

Since these relays are of very simple construction no adjustment should ever be necessary on them, however the switch contacts may need cleaning at times and the best method of doing this is to use a narrow strip of clean cloth with a little carbon-tetrachloride, burnishing the contacts with a back and forth motion.

5. Backplate contacts and rotor disk

The backplate contacts and rotor disk will be subjected to more wear than any other part of the tuning system. Maintenance will

consist essentially in keeping the contacts and rotor disk surfaces clean and maintaining proper contact between the rotor disk and the movable contacts.

In order to clean or adjust the backplate contacts it is necessary to remove the backplate and the rotor disk from the receiver as follows:

1. Remove the horseshoe clamp washer from the end of the rotor disk shaft.
2. Remove the two screws holding the bottom of the backplate to the chassis and the two screws holding the brackets of the backplate to the top of the chassis base.
3. Loosen the two set screws which hold the rotor disk to the flexible coupling.
4. Pull the backplates away from the receiver chassis and remove the rotor disk.

5. The contacts and rotor disk can be cleaned by wiping them with a clean cloth using carbon-tetrachloride. The contacts should then be adjusted so that the tip of the contact is 11/16" from the inside surface of the backplate.

If the insulating segment is badly worn it can be easily replaced by removing the segment at the end of the insulating strip marked with the Figure 1 and replacing with a new segment.

6. The rotor disk can now be reinserted into the backplate bearing and the flexible coupling, and the backplate fastened back onto the receiver chassis. Then insert the clamp washer back onto the rotor shaft.

7. In order to properly position the rotor disk so that the original setting of the contact knobs will still be the same, proceed as follows:

1. Set the No. 1 contact knob at the extreme end of the top slot in the backplate.
2. Set the dial at approximately 600 kilocycles or 20 on the logging scale.
3. Set the rotor disk so that the end with the insulated segment marked 1 is slightly above center and tighten down one of the set screws in the flexible coupling.
4. With the receiver turned ON, press pushbutton No. 1 and run until the backplate rotor disk stops.
5. Loosen up the set screw in the coupling being careful not to change the position of the rotor disk, then while holding the rotor disk firmly so that it will not move, turn the dial tuning knob until the dial pointer is at the extreme left side of the scale.
6. Tighten down both set screws in the flexible coupling. The backplate will now be in the original position as set at the factory and if the contacts have not been moved all the previous contact knob settings should remain the same.

Table 2 Tube Socket Voltages (Continued)

Terminal	Pin	Variable		Voltage DC Volts
		Symbol	Setting	
V5 Grid Cathode Screen Plate	4 5 6 8	SW6A SW6A	AM Position AM Position	3.5 75 240
V6 Cathode #1 Plate #1 Cathode #2 Plate #2	8 5 4 3			0 0 0 0
V7 Grid Cathode Target Plate	3 5 4 2	SW6A SW6A	AM Position AM Position	0 0 240 20 *
V8 Grid Cathode Target Plate	3 5 4 2	SW6A SW6A	FM Position FM Position	0 0 240 10 *
V9 Grid Cathode Plate	5 8 8 3			0 2.5 58
V10 Grid Cathode Plate	5 8 3			0 18 64
V11 Grid Cathode Screen Plate	1 2-7 6 5	SW6A SW6A	FM Position FM Position	0 1.5 125 235
V12 Grid Cathode Plate	6 7 5	SW6A	FM Position	0 0 120
V13 Grid Cathode Screen Plate	1 2-7 6 5	SW6A SW6A	FM Position FM Position	0 0 2.5 90 235
V14 Grid Cathode Screen Plate	4 5 6 8	SW6A SW6A	FM Position FM Position	0 1.5 110 220
V15 Grid Cathode Screen Plate	4 5 6 8	SW6A SW6A	FM Position FM Position	0 1.5 120 220
V16 Grid Cathode Screen Plate	4 5 6 8	SW6A SW6A	FM Position FM Position	0 0 55 60

* Measured on 500 volt scale

6.5 Record Changer Maintenance

For information on adjustments and lubrication the instruction manual furnished with the record changer should be consulted.

On most of the pickup cartridges furnished with the record changers, the needle is held in place by means of a set screw. If this set screw becomes loose the needle may turn sideways in the cartridge and will not seat properly in the needle groove or will sound distorted. The needle furnished is of the precious metal, long life type and if it is found necessary to replace it or if it becomes loose in the cartridge, remove the two screws holding the cartridge in the pickup arm and drop the cartridge out of the arm. The set screw can be loosened and the needle either replaced or set at the proper position again. The bent shank portion of the needle should face straight out from the pickup cartridge. Caution should be used in replacing the needle not to apply too much pressure on the set screw as this may cut through the plastic shank of the needle and ruin the reproduction.

6.6 Voltage and resistance tests

Table 2 lists the tube socket voltages for various settings of the controls. All voltages are measured between the chassis and socket terminals. Voltage measurements listed are made with a DC voltmeter of 1000 ohms per volt using the highest range scale that can be easily read. The receiver should be connected for normal operation and the controls adjusted as listed in table 2. Line voltage should be 115 volts 50-60 cycles. Resistance measurements are listed in Table 3. All resistance measurements are made between chassis and terminals listed. The most suitable scale for the measurement being taken should be used. The receiver should be disconnected from the power source with controls adjusted as follows: Selectivity - sharp, Treble - max., Sensitivity - as listed, AM Band-as listed, Bass - max., Volume - as listed.

Table 2 Tube Socket Voltages

Terminal	Pin	Variable		Voltage DC Volts
		Symbol	Setting	
V1 Grid Cathode Screen Plate	4 5 6 8	R5 R5 SW6A SW6A	Max. Min. AM Position AM Position	0 3 21 85 240
V2 Grid Cathode Plate	5 8 3	SW6A	AM Position	0 0 130
V3 Grid #1 Cathode Grid #3 Grid 2 & 4 Plate	5 6 8 4 3	SW6A SW6A	AM Position AM Position	0 2.5 100 240
V4 Grid Cathode Screen Plate	4 5 6 8	R5 R5 SW6A SW6A	Max. Min. AM Position AM Position	0 3.5 21 80 240

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Table 2 Tube Socket Voltages (Continued)

Terminal	Pin	Variable		Voltage DC Volts
		Symbol	Setting	
V17 Grid Cathode Screen Plate	4 5 6 8	SW6A SW6A	FM Position FM Position	0 0 52 45
V18 Cathode #1 Plate #1 Cathode #2 Plate #2	9 5 4 3			0 0 0 0
V19A Grid Cathode Plate	1 2 3			0 2 130
V19B Grid Cathode Plate	4 5 6			0 2 105
V20 Grid Cathode Screen Plate	5 6 4 5			0 20 270 340
V21 Grid Cathode Screen Plate	5 8 4 3			0 20 370 340
V22 Cathode Anode	2 5			0 150
V25 Filament Plate	2-8 4-6			370 370 AC
V24 Filament Plate	2-8 4-6			370 370 AC

Table 3 Point to Point Resistance Terminating to Chassis (Continued)

Terminal	Pin	Variable		Resistance Ohms Plus or Minus 10%
		Symbol	Setting	
V3 Grid #1 Cathode Grid #3 Grid 2 & 4 Plate	5 6 8 4 4 3	SW6A SW6A SW6A SW6A	AM Position FM Position AM Position FM Position	20,000 ohms 240 ohms 1.39 megohms 26,250 ohms 45,000 ohms 9,250 ohms 26,000 ohms
V4 Grid Cathode Suppressor Screen Plate	4 5 3 6 8 8	R5 R5 SW6A SW6A SW6A	Min. Max. AM Position FM Position AM Position FM Position	1.134 megohms 10,560 ohms 560 ohms 0.0 ohms 108,250 ohms 125,000 ohms 9,250 ohms 26,000 ohms
V5 Grid Cathode Suppressor Screen Plate	4 5 3 6 8 8	SW3B SW3B SW3B SW3B	Sharp (S) Medium (M) Broad (B) PH or Tel.	0.0 ohms 47 ohms 47 ohms Infinite 560 ohms 0.0 ohms
V6 Cathode #1 Plate #1 Cathode #2 Plate #2	8 5 6 3	SW6A SW6A SW6A	AM Position FM Position AM Position FM Position	108,250 ohms 125,000 ohms 9,250 ohms 26,000 ohms
V7 Grid Cathode Target Plate	3 5 4 4 2 2	SW6A SW6A SW6A SW6A	AM Position FM Position AM Position FM Position	3.114 megohms 0.0 ohms 8,250 ohms 26,000 ohms 1 megohm 1 megohm
V8 Grid Cathode Target Plate	3 3 5 4 4 2	R29 R29 SW6A SW6A SW6A	Min. Max. AM Position FM Position AM Position FM Position	.47 megohms .88 megohms 0.0 ohms 54,000 ohms 10,000 ohms 1.054 megohms 1.010 megohms
V9 Grid Cathode Plate	5 5 8 3 3	R37 R37 SW6A SW6A	Min. Max. AM Position FM Position	0.0 ohms 1 megohm 1,500 ohms 102,250 ohms 104,000 ohms
V10 Grid Cathode Plate	5 8 3 3	SW6A SW6A	AM Position FM Position	110,000 ohms 11,500 ohms 108,250 ohms 104,000 ohms

Table 3 Point to Point Resistance Terminating to Chassis

Terminal	Pin	Variable		Resistance Ohms Plus or Minus 10%
		Symbol	Setting	
V1 Grid Cathode Suppressor Screen Plate	4 5 3 6 8 8	R5 R5 SW6A SW6A SW6A SW6A	Min. Max. AM Position FM Position AM Position PH or Tel.	1.39 megohms 10,560 ohms 560 ohms 0.0 ohms 7,500 ohms 10,000 ohms 9,250 ohms 26,000 ohms
V2 Grid Cathode Plate	5 8 3 3	SW2B SW2B SW6A SW6A	BC Band SW Band AM Position FM Position	47,000 ohms 1 ohm .4 ohm 17,400 ohms Infinite

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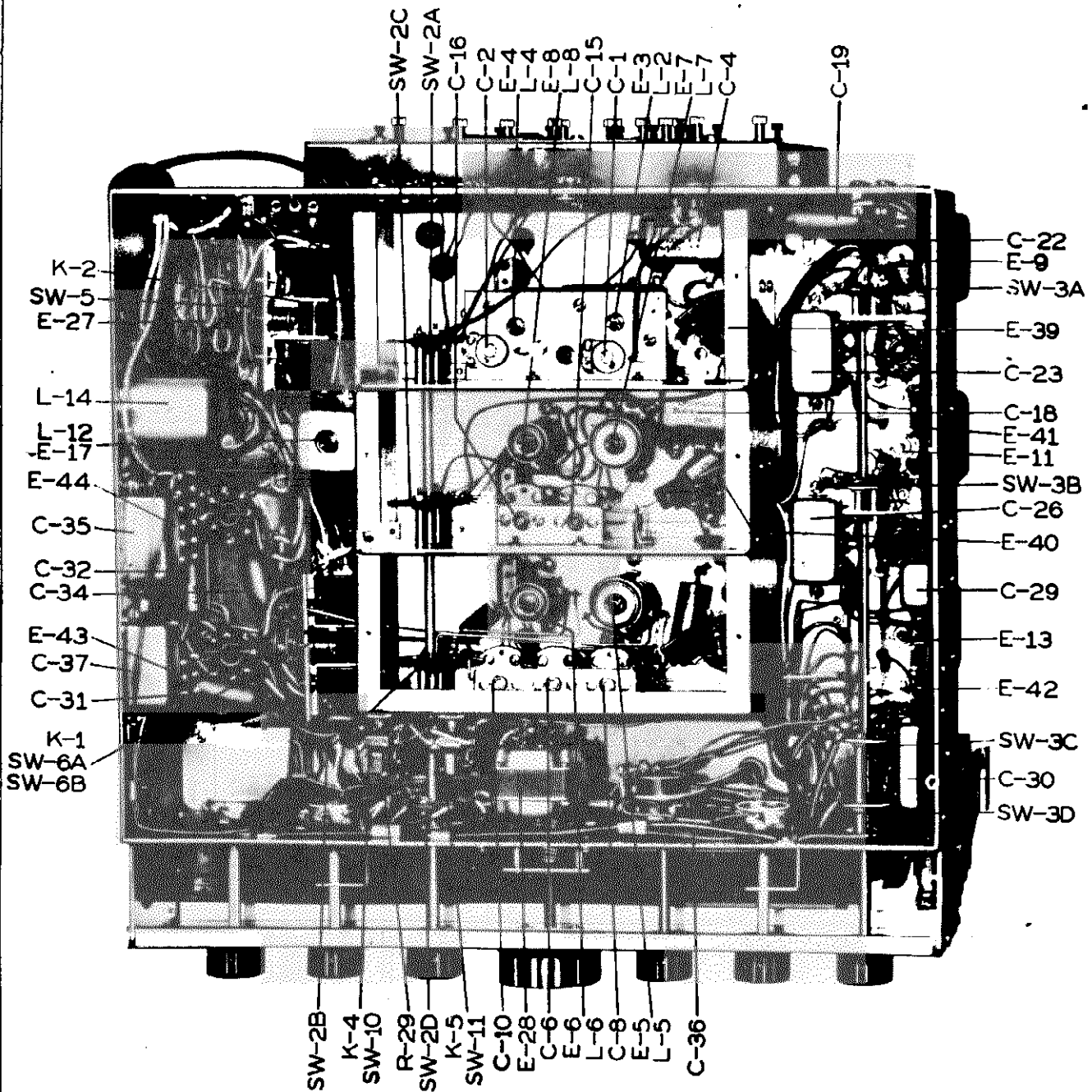


Figure 19 Bottom View Model 800-B Receiver Chassis

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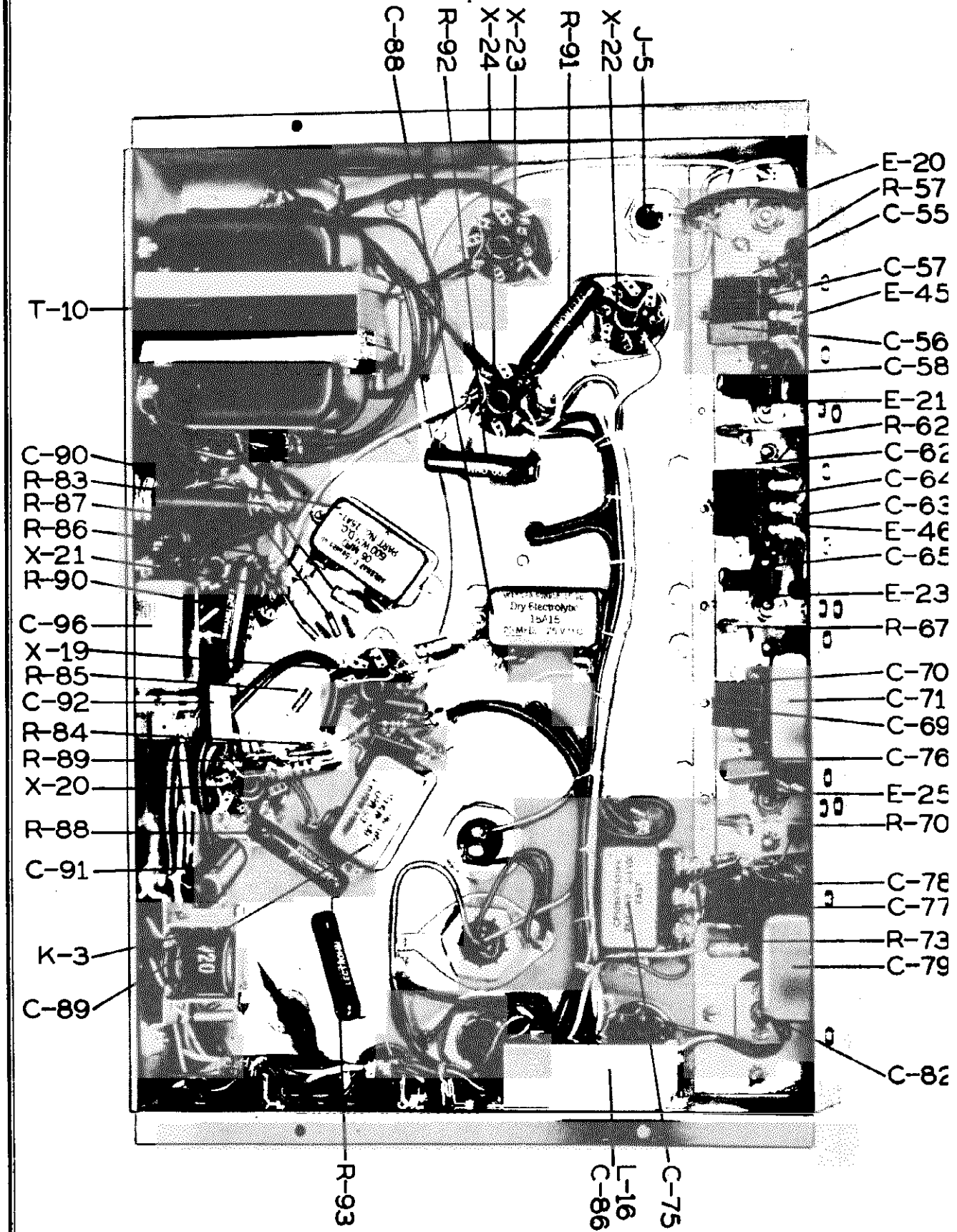


Figure 22 Bottom View Model 800-B Power Supply Chassis

Table 3 Point to Point Resistance (Continued)
Terminal to Chassis

Terminal	Pin	Variable		Resistance Ohms Plus or Minus 10%
		Symbol	Setting	
V19B Grid Cathode Plate	4			.22 megohms
	6			1,800 ohms
	8			.232 megohms
V20 Grid Cathode Screen Plate	5			.44 megohms
	8			250 ohms
	4			12,000 ohms
	3			12,680 ohms
V21 Grid Cathode Screen Plate	5			.44 megohms
	8			250 ohms
	4			12,000 ohms
	3			12,680 ohms
V22 Cathode Anode	2			0.0 ohms
	5			15,300 ohms
V23 Filament Plates	2-8			12,800 ohms
	4-6			32 ohms
V24 Filament Plates	2-8			12,800 ohms
	4-6			35 ohms

Table 3 Point to Point Resistance (Continued)
Terminal to Chassis

Terminal	Pin	Variable		Resistance Ohms Plus or Minus 10%
		Symbol	Setting	
V11 Grid Cathode Screen Plate	1			5 ohms
	2-7	SWG6	AM Position	150 ohms
	6	SWG6	FM Position	110,000 ohms
	5	SWG6	AM Position	66,000 ohms
V12 Grid Cathode Plate	5	SWG6	FM Position	55,000 ohms
	8			11,000 ohms
	7			.1 megohm
	5			0.0 ohms
V13 Grid Cathode Screen Plate	5	SWG6	AM Position	Infinite
	5	SWG6	FM Position	20,400 ohms
	1			5 ohms
	2-7	SWG6	AM Position	1,000 ohms
V14 Grid Cathode Suppressor Screen Plate	6	SWG6	FM Position	274,000 ohms
	5	SWG6	AM Position	230,000 ohms
	5	SWG6	AM Position	56,400 ohms
	8	SWG6	FM Position	12,400 ohms
V15 Grid Cathode Suppressor Screen Plate	4			56 ohms
	5			160 ohms
	3	SWG6	AM Position	0.0 ohms
	6	SWG6	FM Position	110,000 ohms
V16 Grid Cathode Suppressor Screen Plate	6	SWG6	AM Position	66,000 ohms
	8	SWG6	AM Position	56,400 ohms
	8	SWG6	FM Position	12,400 ohms
	4			56 ohms
V17 Grid Cathode Suppressor Screen Plate	4			160 ohms
	5			0.0 ohms
	3	SWG6	AM Position	0.0 ohms
	6	SWG6	FM Position	93,000 ohms
V18 Cathode #1 Cathode #2 Plate #2	6	SWG6	AM Position	49,000 ohms
	8	SWG6	AM Position	93,000 ohms
	8	SWG6	FM Position	49,000 ohms
	4			42,027 ohms
V19A Grid Cathode Plate	4			0.0 ohms
	5			0.0 ohms
	3	SWG6	AM Position	0.0 ohms
	6	SWG6	FM Position	15,000 ohms
V18 Cathode #1 Cathode #2 Plate #2	6	SWG6	AM Position	11,500 ohms
	8	SWG6	AM Position	154,000 ohms
	8	SWG6	FM Position	115,000 ohms
	8			0.0 ohms
V18 Cathode #1 Cathode #2 Plate #2	8			.156 megohms
	5			.2 megohms
	3			.156 megohms
V19A Grid Cathode Plate	1			44,000 ohms
	3			1,500 ohms
	2			.232 megohms

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MODEL 800

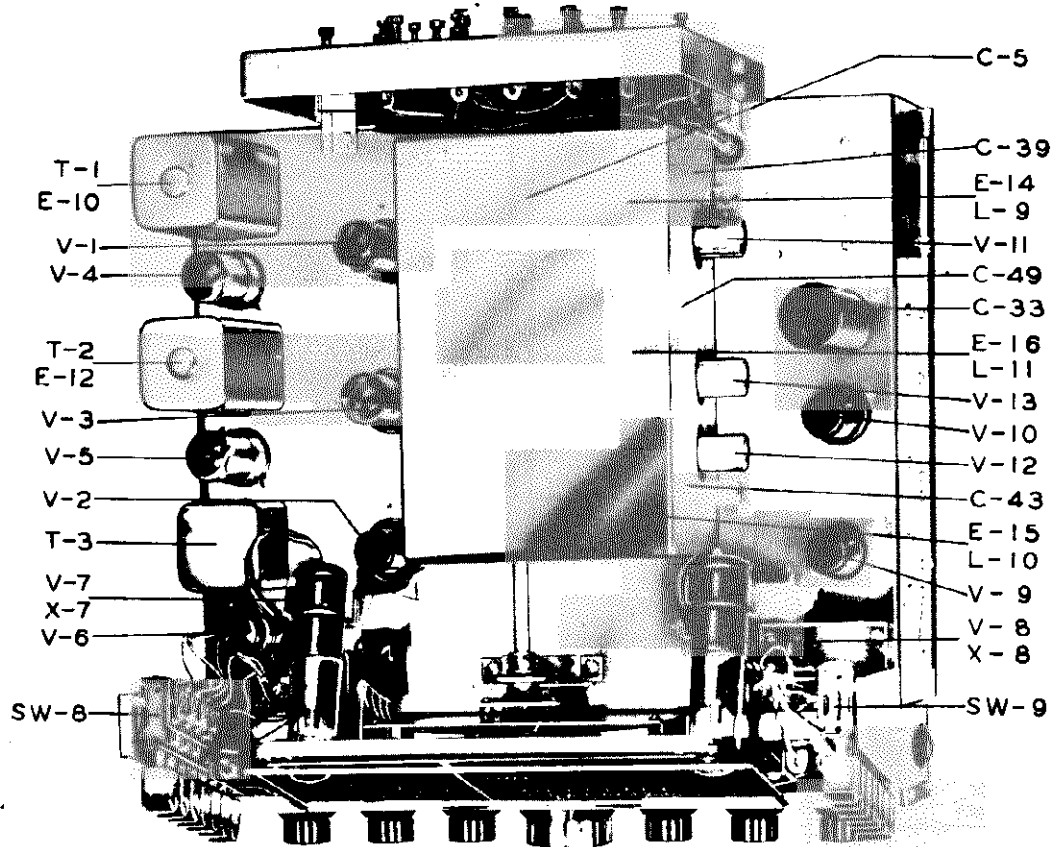


Figure 17 Top View Model 800-B Receiver Chassis

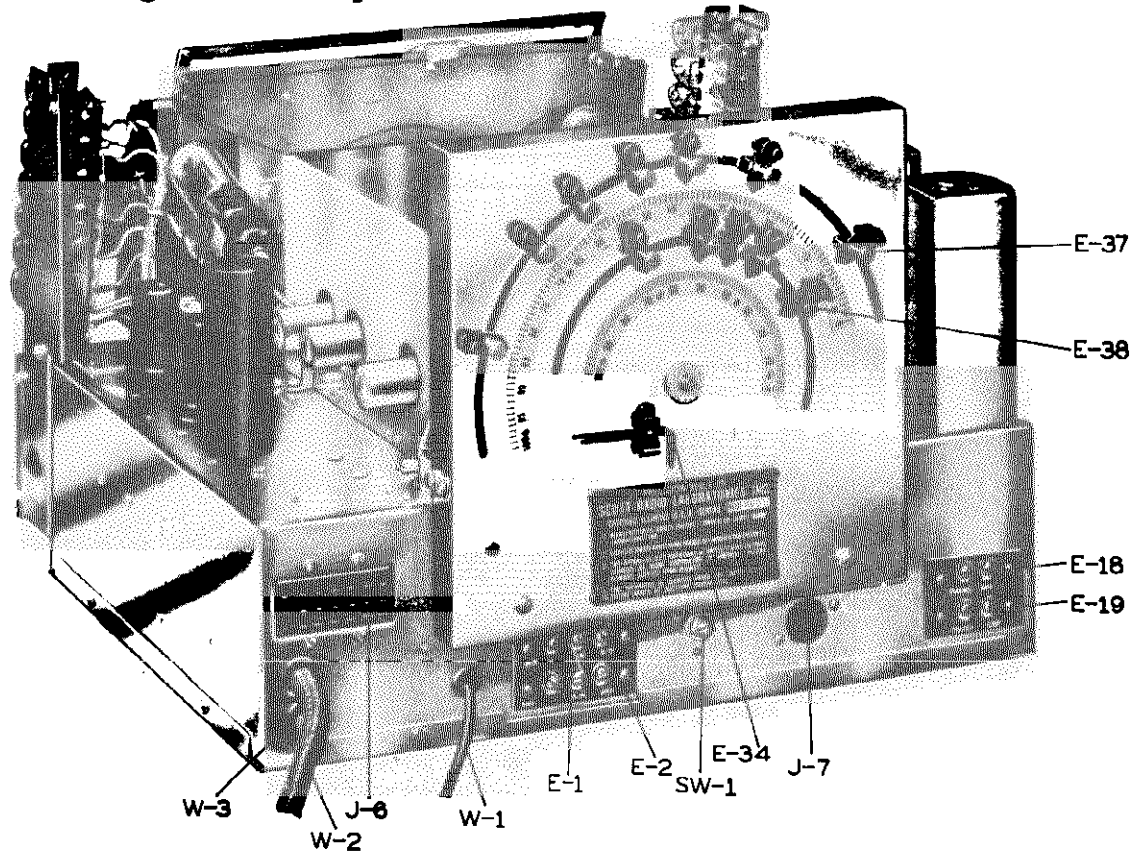
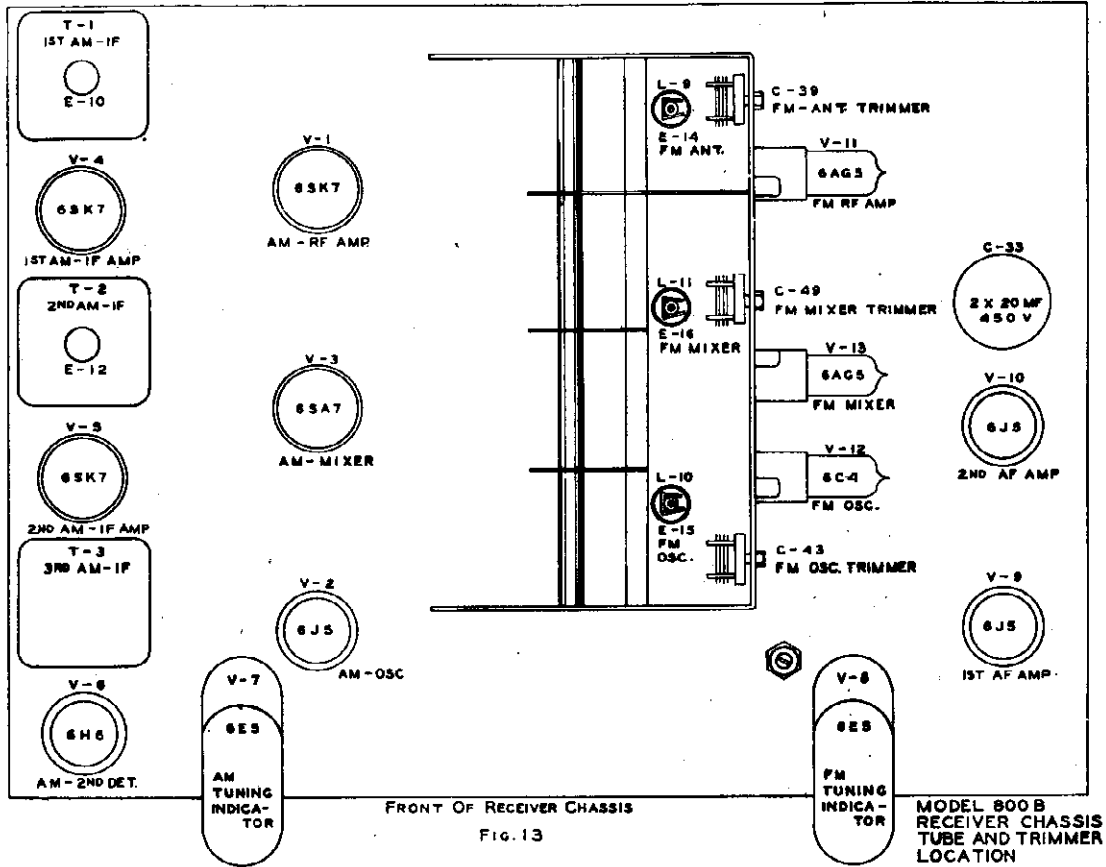
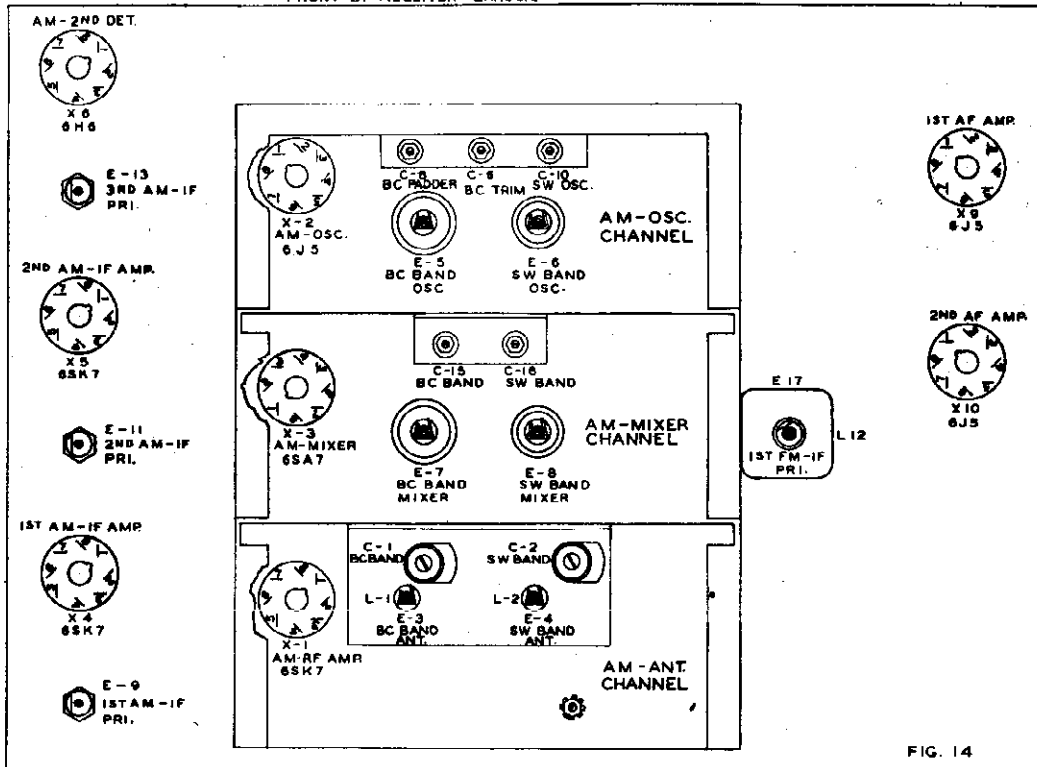


Figure 18 Rear View Model 800-B Receiver Chassis

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FRONT OF RECEIVER CHASSIS



BOTTOM VIEW OF RECEIVER CHASSIS

MODEL 800-B
SOCKET & TRIMMER
LOCATION
RECEIVER CHASSIS

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An output meter must be connected across the voice coil leads of the speaker on terminals 3 and 5 of the speaker receptacle in the power supply chassis when the 15 inch Jensen coaxial speaker is used or across terminals 1 and 5 when the 15 inch Tru-sonic single speaker is used. This connection is changed for different speakers because of the difference in voice coil impedance which is 8 ohms for the Jensen coaxial speaker and 16 ohms for the Tru-sonic speaker.

The high potential lead of the signal generator should be connected to the control grid (terminal #6) of the AM mixer, tube V3-6SA7 through a .005 to .05 mfd capacitor and the ground lead of the signal generator connected to any metal part of the chassis. The volume control should be advanced to a point where the noise level of the receiver starts to indicate on the output meter.

The frequency of the signal generator should be carefully adjusted to 455 kilocycles, modulated 30% at 400 or 1000 cycles and the signal input to the mixer tube adjusted to provide a reading on the output meter. The signal input should be kept at a low level so as not to overload the second detector or audio circuits and to keep the AVC voltage as low as possible. If a high signal level is used the AVC voltage developed by the second detector may become so high as to cause the trimmer adjustments on the IF transformer to appear very broad in tuning and a false indication of true resonance will result.

Starting with the 3rd IF transformer the adjustments should be set for maximum output in the following order E13, E12, E11, E10 and E9.

The sensitivity of the IF amplifier can be checked against the following figures to ascertain that each stage is in proper working order.

Input Terminal	Signal Input Microvolts	Output Mod. On	Output Mod. Off
2nd IF V5 Grid	6000	1 volt	.1 volt or less
1st IF V4 Grid	200	1 volt	.1 volt or less
Mixer V3 Grid	35	1 volt	.1 volt or less

The above measurements are made at a 10 db signal to noise ratio with the output voltage shown measured across an 8 ohm voice coil. If the speaker has a 16 ohm voice coil the voltage with Mod. ON will be 1.4 volts and with Mod. OFF .14 volts.

The selectivity control should be set at "S" (Sharp) position. Sensitivity control at maximum with noise limiter switch off and Volume control at maximum. The oscillator tube V2-6J5 should be removed.

Section VII ALIGNMENT DATA

7.1 General

Should realignment of the receiver become necessary the following data should be carefully studied before making any circuit adjustments so that correct alignment may be made quickly and accurately.

The complete alignment of the radio receiver may be divided into the following steps. The circuits should be checked in the order listed.

Amplitude Modulation Channel

1. AM-IF amplifier alignment
2. AM oscillator alignment
3. AM-EP amplifier alignment

Frequency Modulation Channel

1. FM-IF amplifier alignment
2. FM discriminator alignment
3. FM oscillator alignment
4. FM-EP amplifier alignment

The receiver must be removed from the cabinet and connected as for normal operation on the power source specified for the receiver. The bottom plates must be removed from the receiver and power supply chassis and for realignment of the FM-IF circuits, the cover over the main tuning capacitor must be removed.

7.2 AM Circuit Alignment

For alignment of the AM circuits the controls should be adjusted as follows:

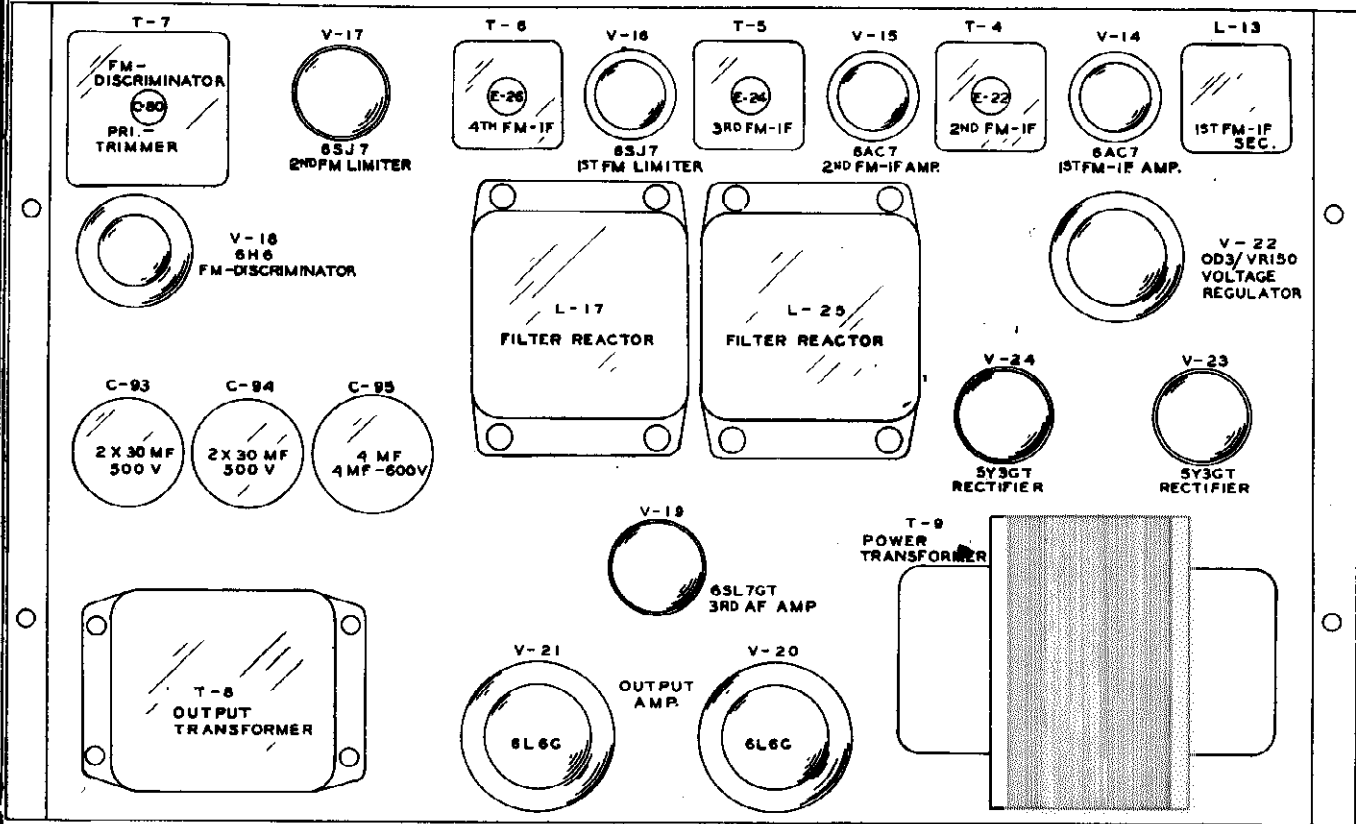
1. Selectivity control set at "S" Sharp position.
2. Sensitivity control advanced to maximum point just before the noise limiter switch throws.
3. Band change control set to "BC" or "SW" band as noted.
4. Bass and treble controls set at maximum position.
5. Volume control set as noted.

7.21 AM-IF Amplifier Alignment

The intermediate frequency of the AM-IF channel is 455 kilocycles. Tuning adjustments are provided in each transformer. These adjustments consist of adjustable powdered iron cores and are designated on the circuit diagram by symbols E9 to E13 inclusive. All adjustments for the AM-IF channel are on the receiver chassis.

MODEL 800-B

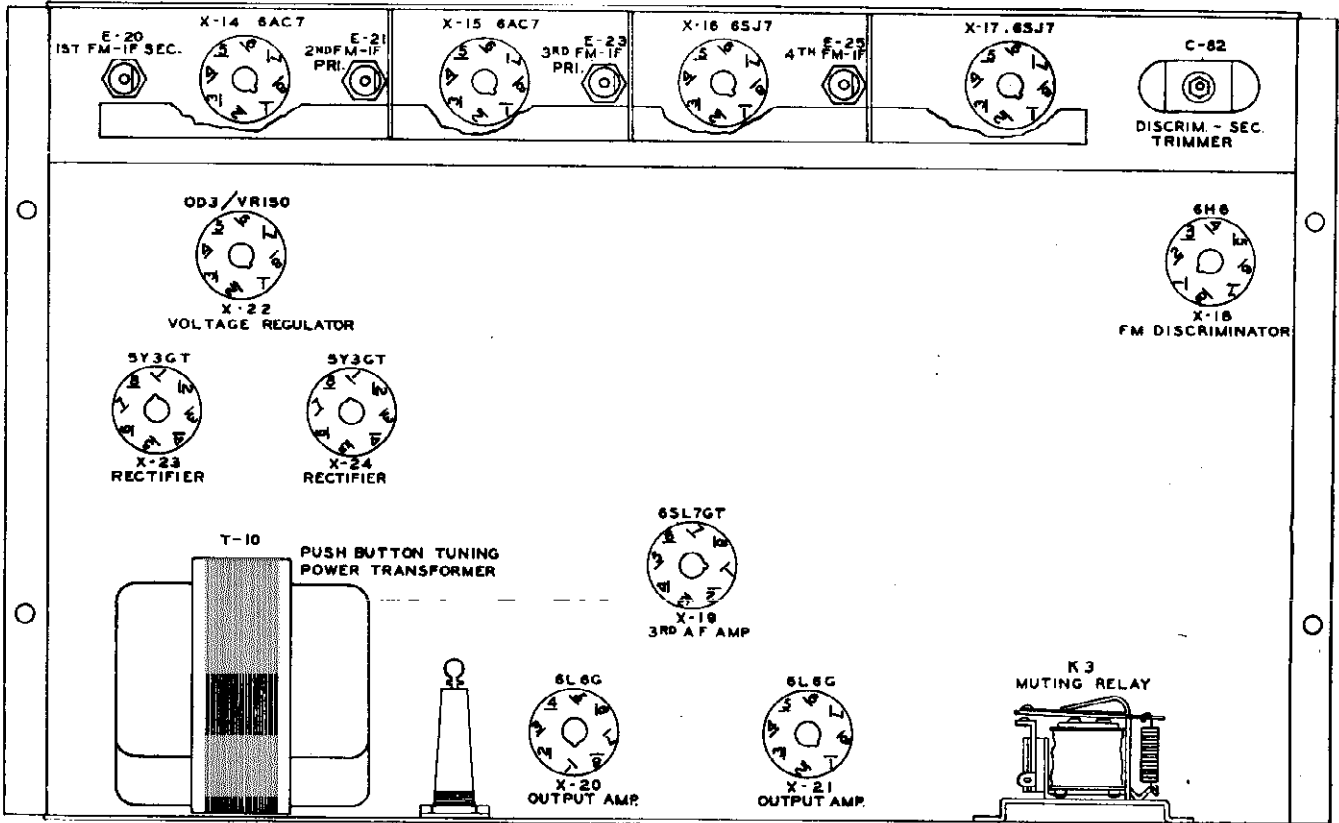
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TOP VIEW POWER SUPPLY CHASSIS

FIG. 15

MODEL 800 B - POWER SUPPLY TUBE AND TRIMMER LOCATION



BOTTOM VIEW POWER SUPPLY CHASSIS

FIG. 16

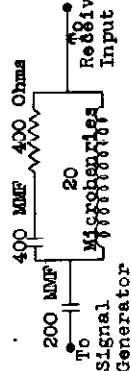
MODEL 800 B - POWER SUPPLY SOCKET & TRIMMER LOCATION

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7.22 AM-IF and Oscillator Alignment

Caution: Readjustment of the oscillator circuit trimmers should not be attempted until after the need for such readjustment has been positively established. The following table gives the alignment frequency, trimmer adjustments and nominal sensitivity for the "BC" and "SW" bands. Sensitivity measurements are for a 6 db signal to noise ratio.

Band	Freq.	Adjustment		Signal Input	Output Mod.ON	Output Mod. OFF
		Osc.	Mixer Ant.			
BC	1500 KC	C6	C15	5 uv	1 Volt	.5 V or less
	1000 KC	E5	E7	5 uv	1 Volt	.5 V or less
	600 KC	C8	E3	5 uv	1 Volt	.5 V or less
SW	16 MC	C10	C16	8 uv	1 Volt	.5 V or less
	6.5 MC	E6	E8	8 uv	1 Volt	.5 V or less



The signal generator should be connected through a standard RMA dummy antenna to the AM antenna input terminal E1. The center terminal of E1 should be connected to the ground terminal with a short jumper wire. The controls should be set as follows:

1. Selectivity control set to "S" (Sharp) position.
2. Sensitivity control set at maximum position with noise limiter switch off.
3. Bass and treble controls set at maximum.
4. AM Band control set to band desired.
5. Volume control set as noted.

It is important that the oscillator circuits operate on the high frequency side of the signal circuits, particularly on the SW Band where the trimmer will allow the oscillator circuit to be resonated on either the high or low side of the signal circuits. When properly aligned the image will appear 910 KC lower in frequency than the signal being received and it will be considerably weaker than the signal, therefore, it will be necessary to increase the output of the signal generator in order to check the image.

The following general procedure should be employed in the alignment of the AM oscillator and RF amplifier circuits.

1. Turn dial to extreme left side of scale and make certain that the pointer lines up with the zero designation on the top logging scale

2. Set the signal generator to the high frequency alignment point of the desired band.

3. Set the dial pointer of the receiver to the high frequency alignment point of the desired band.

4. Adjust the oscillator trimmer capacitor until the signal is tuned in to resonance, then adjust the mixer and antenna circuit trimmer capacitors for maximum reading on the output meter.

5. Set the signal generator and receiver dial pointer to the low frequency alignment point.

6. Set the low frequency oscillator trimmer adjustments outlined in chart on page 48 until the signal is tuned to resonance, then adjust the mixer and antenna adjustments for maximum output.

7. Repeat this entire alignment procedure as a final adjustment.

On the BC band an adjustment E5 is provided for alignment of the oscillator circuit at 1000 KC. This adjustment should not be altered unless the calibration of the BC Band is still off frequency after the trimmer adjustments for the high and low frequency ends of the band have been adjusted.

7.3 Frequency Modulation Circuit Alignment

7.31 FM-IF Circuit Alignment

For alignment of the FM circuits the controls should be adjusted as follows:

1. Turn receiver on and push one of the FM pushbuttons to switch the receiver over to FM reception.
2. Set bass and treble controls at maximum position.
3. Adjust volume control as noted.

7.32 FM-IF Amplifier Alignment

The intermediate frequency of the FM channel is 10.7 megacycles. Tuning adjustments are provided in each IF transformer. These adjustments consist of powdered iron cores in the IF transformer and variable air capacitors in the discriminator transformer. These adjustments are designated by symbols E17 to E26 inclusive for the IF transformers and C80 and C82 for the discriminator transformer. The last FM-IF transformer primary adjustment E17 is located on the receiver chassis. The other adjustments are located on the power supply chassis.

The high potential lead of the signal generator should be connected to the control grid (Pin #4) of FM mixer tube V13-6A05 through a .01 mfd capacitor, and the ground lead connected to the chassis frame. A high resistance DC voltmeter such as the RCA Volt-ohmyst should be connected across the second limiter filter resistor R72.

Set the signal generator to 10.7 megacycles and feed in a signal with modulation OFF until the meter reads 1.5 volts.

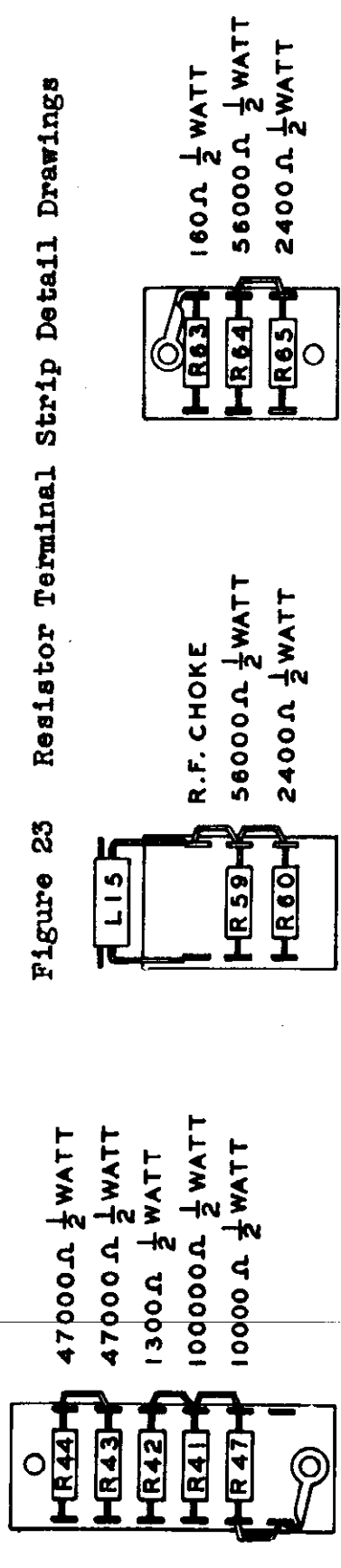
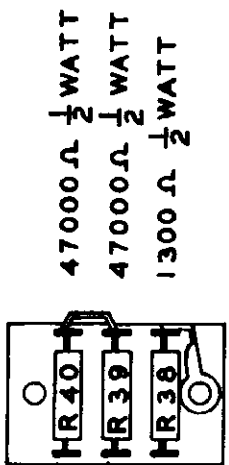
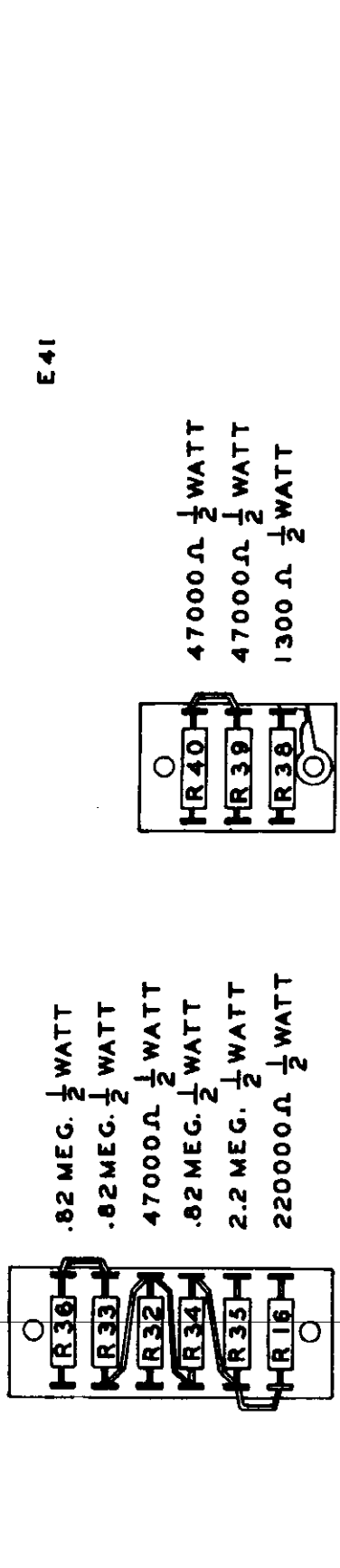
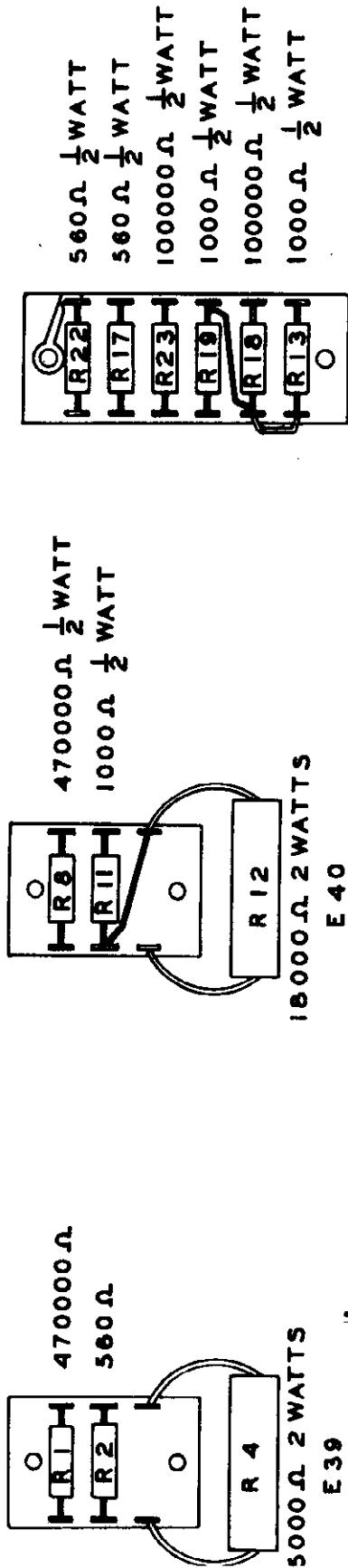


Figure 23 Resistor Terminal Strip Detail Drawings

E44
E45
E46

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Starting with the 4th IF transformer T6, adjust the trimmers in the following order: E26, E25, E24, E23, E22, E21, E20 and E17. Each trimmer should be adjusted for maximum meter reading, keeping the input from the signal generator at a point where not more than 1.5 volts output is obtained on the meter. It is important to keep the signal input down so that meter does not read more than 1.5 volts as above this the limiters start to level off and the IF adjustments will act very broad and cannot be set to the true resonant position.

7.33 FM Discriminator Circuit Alignment

Set the signal generator at 10.7 megacycles and connect to the grid (Pin #4) of mixer tube V13-6AG5 through a .01 mfd capacitor. Connect the Volt-ohmyst or equivalent meter to the discriminator diode output at the junction of R78 and C84 to ground. If a volt-ohmyst or equivalent meter with polarity reversing switch is not available a zero center 50-0-50 microammeter can be used.

If the discriminator is correctly aligned the meter will read zero when the signal generator is set to 10.7 megacycles. If the meter reads either plus or minus realignment is necessary. The secondary trimmer C82 at the bottom of the discriminator transformer should be detuned so that the meter reads either plus or minus. The primary trimmer C80 at the top of the transformer should then be realigned for maximum output. The secondary trimmer C82 should now be carefully adjusted for zero reading on the meter.

Next adjust the signal generator 75 KC higher in frequency or 10.775 MC and record the reading of the meter. Then set the signal generator 75 KC lower in frequency or 10.625 MC and record this reading of the meter. These two readings should be identical, if they are not a slight readjustment of the primary trimmer C80 should be made to coincide these readings at plus and minus 75 KC from 10.7 megacycles. The zero voltage setting of the secondary trimmer C82 should then be rechecked for if this adjustment is not correctly made distortion on FM signals will result.

7.34 FM-RF and Oscillator Circuit Alignment

All the trimmer adjustments for the FM-RF and oscillator circuits are located on the top of the receiver chassis and it is necessary to remove the cover over the main tuning capacitor for access to these trimmer adjustments.

The signal generator should be connected to the FM antenna terminal E2 with a 50 ohm carbon resistor in series with the high potential lead of the generator and the center antenna terminal of E2 shorted to the ground terminal.

The FM oscillator circuit operates on the low side of the signal circuits and no trouble with aligning the oscillator circuit on the image should be encountered since it will be twice the IF frequency or 21.4 megacycles away from the signal frequency and the trimmer capacitor will not allow this much variation. The following chart lists the trimmer adjustments.

The high resistance DC voltmeter should be connected across the second limiter grid filter resistor R72. The sensitivity measurement given in the chart below is for 1.8 volts output as read on the high resistance DC voltmeter.

Band	Freq. MC	Adjustment			Sensitivity
		Osc.	Mixer	Ant.	
FM	106	C43	C49	C39	15 microvolts for 1.8 volts
	90	E15	E16	E14	Across limiter resistor R72

Table 4 Coil Data

Table 4 Coil Data (Continued)

Symbol Desig.	Diagram	Description	DC Resis. Ohms	Symbol Desig.	Diagram	Description	DC Resis. Ohms
L1 L2		AM Broadcast band antenna primary coil. Part No. 20B604	14.5	T1		1st AM-IF transformer, 455 KC, adjustable iron core on primary and secondary. Part No. 20B615	Pri. 5 Sec. 4.8 Ter. .3
L3 L4		AM Broadcast band antenna secondary coil. Part No. 20B605 Electrostatic shield is separate unit.	7.6	T2		2nd AM-IF transformer, 455 KC, adjustable iron core on primary and secondary. Part No. 20B616	Pri. 5.2 Sec. 4.8 Ter. .3
L5 L6		AM Shortwave band antenna primary coil. Part No. 20B608	.45	T3		3rd AM-IF transformer, 455 KC, diode coupling transformer, adjustable iron core for primary. Part No. 20B617	Pri. 11.5 Sec. 18.5
L7		AM Shortwave band antenna secondary coil. Part No. 20B609 Electrostatic shield is separate unit.	.07	T4		2nd FM-IF transformer, 10.7 MC, adjustable iron core primary and secondary. Part No. 20B620	Pri. .26 Sec. .26
L8		AM Broadcast band oscillator coil Part No. 20B607	Start to tap .6 Total 3	T5		3rd FM-IF transformer, 10.7 MC adjustable iron core primary and secondary. Part No. 20B621	Pri. .26 Sec. .26
L9		AM Shortwave band oscillator coil Part No. 20B611	Start to tap .05 Total .07	T6		4th FM-IF transformer, 10.7 MC adjustable iron core primary and secondary. Part No. 20B622	Pri. .26 Sec. .26
L10		AM Broadcast band mixer coil Part No. 20B606	Pri. 2.5 Sec. 7.5	T7		FM discriminator transformer, 10.7 MC adjustable air trimmers primary and secondary. Part No. 20B623	Pri. .7 Sec. 1.3
L11		AM Shortwave band mixer coil Part No. 20B610	Pri. .1 Sec. .07	T8		2nd FM-IF transformer, 10.7 MC adjustable iron core primary and secondary. Part No. 20B620	Pri. 300 Sec. Total .85 Sec. Tap .5
L12		FM Antenna coil Part No. 20B618	Pri. .04 Sec. .015	T9		Power transformer, primary - 120 V, 50-60 CPS, white and black Sec.1 - 5 V @ 4 A, blue and blue Sec.2 - 390-390 V @ 210 MA, red-red yellow-red Sec.3 - 6.3 V @ 4 A, yellow and yellow Sec.4 - 6.6 V @ 4.6 A, green and green Electrostatic shield between primary and secondaries. Part No. 91B429	Pri. 1.0 Sec.1 .7 Sec.2 .68 Sec.3 .8 Sec.4 .8
L13		FM Oscillator coil Part No. 20B614	Total .017	T10		Pushbutton tuning system transformer Primary - 117 V 50-60 CPS, for intermittent duty Secondary - 46 V @ 2 A tapped at 36 V and 24 V Part No. 91B694	Pri. 8.2 Sec. Total 2.5 36 V Tap 2.1 24 V Tap 1.25
L14		FM Mixer coil Part No. 20B615	Pri. .07 Sec. .015				
L15		1st FM-IF primary coil Part No. 20B618	Pri. .15 Sec. .06				
L16		1st FM-IF secondary coil Part No. 20B619	Pri. .06 Sec. .18				
L17		Bass boost choke 11 H @ 1000 CPS no DC. Laminated iron core - potted Part No. 17B591	230				
L18		RF choke, 2 uH @ 1000 CPS, no DC Part No. 17B761	.16				
L19		Filter reactor, 5 H @ 10 V 60 CPS with 250 MA DC, laminated iron core, potted. Part No. 17B492	82				
L20		FM-AM relay coil - operates on 10 V 60 CPS, used on all receivers to Serial 2000. Part No. 20B707	2				
L21		FM-AM relay coil - operates on 24 V 60 CPS, used on receivers after Serial 2000. Part No. 20B982	14				
L22		AC power ON-OFF relay, operates on 24 V 60 CPS, used on receivers to Serial 2000. Part No. 20B719	16				
L23		AC power ON-OFF relay, operates on 25 V 60 CPS, used on receivers after Serial 2000. Part No. 20B977	25				
L24		Muting relay coil, operates on 2.4 V 60 CPS. Relay assembly Part No. 69B668					

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INSTALLATION AND SERVICE DATA ON REMOTE CONTROL
KEYBOARD FOR USE WITH MODEL 800-BR RADIO-PHONOGRAPH

Remote Keyboard

The remote control keyboard is provided in order that the Model 800-BR Radio-Phonograph may be controlled from remote points in the same room or in other rooms of the house. It is provided with 16 pushbuttons, 12 of which are used to tune in stations exactly the same as the pushbuttons on the front panel of the receiver. Two buttons are used to turn the receiver ON and OFF and the two remaining pushbuttons are used to raise and lower the volume of the receiver as shown in Figure 1.

The remote keyboard was designed for use with the Model 800-BR Receiver which is the same as the Model 800-B with the addition of a motor driven volume control. The keyboard will however, work with the standard Model 800-B Receiver chassis without any changes having to be made in wiring. However, the volume cannot be controlled from a remote point. The receiver cannot be turned ON or OFF from the keyboard and the indicator lamp in the keyboard will not light.

The keyboard is provided with 20 feet of flat cable and a 21 contact plug which inserts into the 21 contact receptacle at the rear of the receiver. Any length of cable can be furnished upon request.

For installations where the keyboard is to be located in one or more positions remote from the room where the radio-phonograph is placed, an outlet box with a 21 contact receptacle should be mounted in the wall behind the radio-phonograph. This receptacle can then be connected to one or more receptacles located in different parts of the house by means of a round multi-conductor cable, all receptacles being wired in parallel. If more than one remote outlet box is used, a junction box should be used to terminate the cables from all outlets to facilitate wiring and servicing. A short piece of flat cable with 21 contact plugs on both ends is then inserted between the receptacle on the chassis and the receptacle in the wall at the rear of the radio-phonograph. A keyboard may then be inserted in any of these receptacles and the receiver operated from any point.

The pictorial diagram of the keyboard is shown in Figure 2 which shows the contact layout with the connections numbered to correspond with the numbers of the connections on the 21 contact plug. The schematic diagram of the keyboard is shown in Figure 3.

The keyboards are wired at the factory so that buttons 5, 6 and 7 are used to select FM stations while buttons 1, 2, 3, 4, 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12 are used to select AM stations. Any of the buttons now wired for FM may be used for AM station selection by disconnecting the jumper wire for that particular button from the FM common lead No. 15 and connecting the jumper wire to the AM common lead No. 13 and by reversing this procedure any of the buttons now used for AM can be used for FM. If the pushbuttons on the receiver have been changed so that more AM or FM stations can be tuned in, after the set has been received from the factory, it will be necessary to make the same changes on the keyboard pushbuttons as the receiver will not operate properly, for example:

If button No. 5 has been changed to tune in an AM station on the receiver push-button switch gang, when the keyboard is plugged in and button No. 5 is pushed the set will switch over to FM reception and if no FM station happens to be located at the point on the dial scale where button No. 5 contact is set nothing will be heard but background noise, therefore, it is necessary to change the wiring of No. 5 switch in the keyboard from the FM common lead over to the AM common lead, then button No. 5 on the keyboard will tune in exactly the same station as button No. 5 on the receiver chassis.

The two buttons marked ON and OFF are provided to control the volume of the receiver without having to go all the way back to where the receiver is located. The two buttons on either side of the lamp bezel are used to turn the receiver ON and OFF. The button on the right side turns the set ON while the button on the left side turns it OFF. When the receiver is turned ON, the indicator in the keyboard will glow.

The lamp used for the indicator is a standard 30 volt switchboard lamp which has a very long life. It can easily be replaced when necessary by removing the four screws on the bottom of the keyboard, removing the bottom plate then sliding out the old lamp and inserting the new one.

REMOTE VOLUME CONTROL MOTOR

The remote volume control motor consists of a reversible type motor operating on 24 volts 60 cycle AC. This motor drives the volume control through a gear train and a clutch. The shaft of the intermediate gear is extended in order that the volume control may be manually operated at the front of the receiver. The clutch is provided in order that damage will not be incurred if the motor is kept running momentarily after the volume control has reached the end of its travel.

The schematic diagram shown in Figure 4 and the pictorial diagram shown in Figure 5 depict the changes in wiring necessary when the remote volume control motor is added to the standard 800-B Radio Receiver chassis.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR INSTALLING REMOTE VOLUME CONTROL
MOTOR IN 800-B RADIO RECEIVER CHASSIS

By utilizing the following instructions and the pictorial diagram of Figure 5 the remote volume control may be easily installed in a standard Model 800-B Receiver chassis. It is necessary to remove the panel and knob escutcheon plate before proceeding with the installation.

1. Remove the angle cover plate over the cutout used for mounting the volume control motor.
2. Disconnect the three leads from the volume control and remove it from the chassis.
3. Fasten the volume control bearing plate on the inside of the chassis using two 6-32 x 5/16 screws and two nuts. Center the 1/4 inch hole in the bearing plate in the 3/8 inch hole used to mount the old volume control.
4. Remove the screws fastening capacitor C37 and resistor strip R43 to the side of the chassis and push these two items toward the rear of the chassis as far as the connecting leads will allow.

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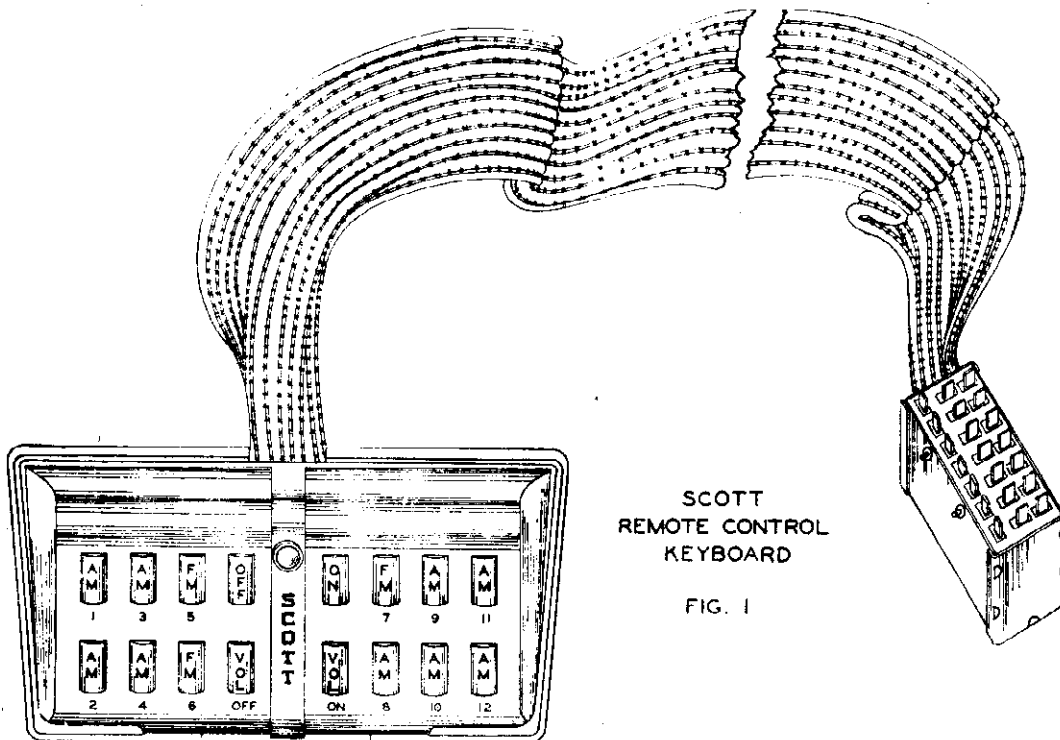


FIG. 1

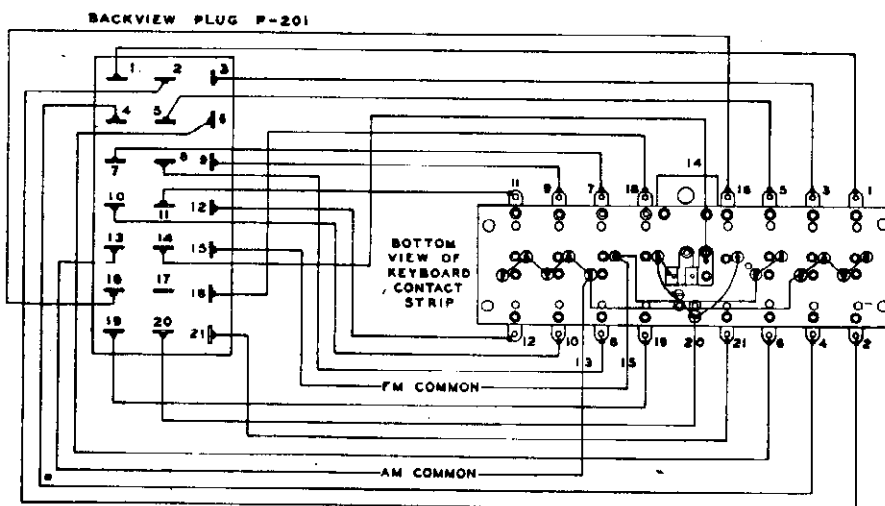


FIG. 2 PICTORIAL DIAGRAM OF KEYBOARD WIRING

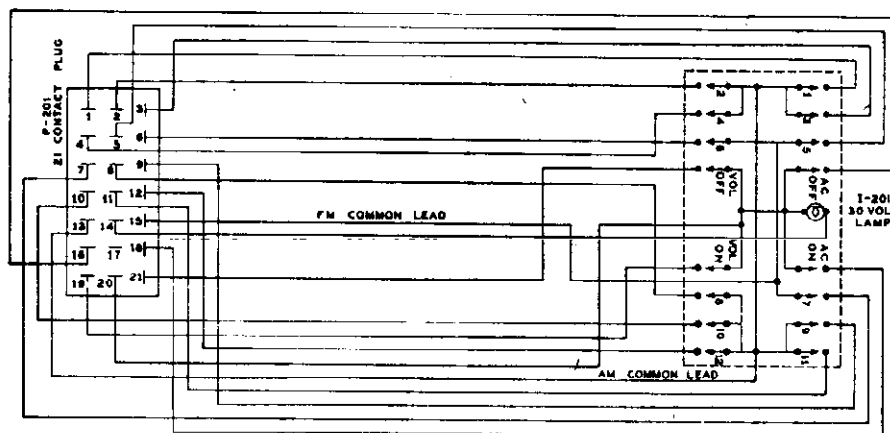


FIG. 3

SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM KEYBOARD ASSEMBLY 2B945

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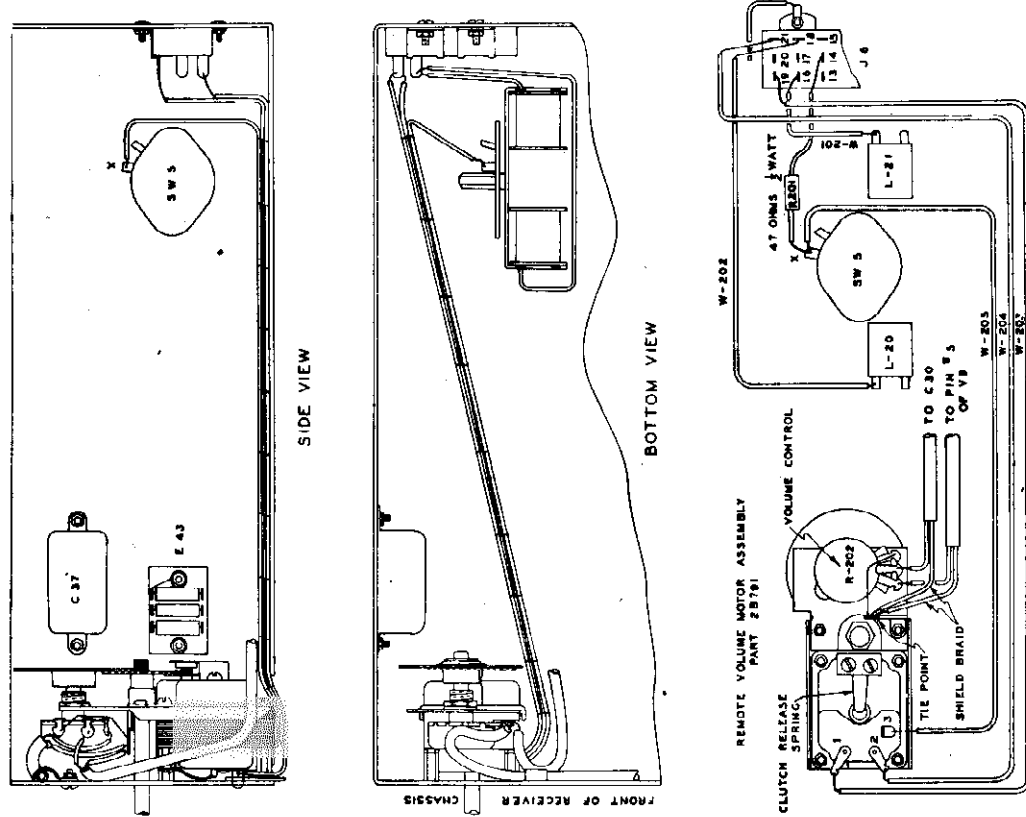


FIG. 5 PICTORIAL DIAGRAM OF CHANGES NECESSARY TO ADD REMOTE VOLUME CONTROL IN STANDARD 800B RECEIVER CHASSIS

5. Insert the tuning motor assembly in place and fasten down with two 5-40 x 1/4 BH screws and two 6-32 x 1/4 BH screws as shown in Figure 5. The two 5-40 x 1/4 BH screws are used to mount the motor assembly spacers to the chassis while the two 6-32 x 1/4 BH screws are used to mount the motor assembly bracket to the chassis. Make certain that the manual drive shaft rotates freely in the bearing plate. If not, loosen the bearing plate mounting screws and center it properly over the shaft, then tighten down again.
6. Reconnect the volume control leads as shown in Figure 5 using the tie point mounted on the motor frame for connecting the shield braids of the two shielded leads. The off terminal of the volume control should then be connected to this tie point by a short piece of wire.
7. Connect wire W201 as shown in Figure 5 from contact No. 16 of the 21 contact receptacle J6 to one terminal of the AC relay coil L21.
8. Connect wire W202 from contact No. 18 of receptacle J6 to one terminal of AC relay coil L20.
9. Connect wire W203 from contact No. 19 of receptacle J6 to terminal No. 1 of the volume control motor as shown in Figure 5.
10. Connect wire W204 from contact No. 21 of receptacle J6 to terminal No. 2 of the volume control motor.
11. Connect wire W205 from terminal X of AC relay switch SW5 to terminal No. 3 of volume control motor as shown in Figure 5.
12. Connect resistor R201 between contact No. 14 of receptacle J6 and contact X of AC relay switch SW5 as shown in Figure 5.
13. Check the wiring of the common terminal of the pushbutton system transformer in the power supply. In the older sets this terminal was grounded to a soldering lug fastened under one of the transformer mounting screws. It will be necessary to remove this short lead and run a wire from the common terminal of the transformer over to No. 10 contact of the 12 contact receptacle J5. This change is necessary in order to eliminate hum when operating the volume control motor.
14. When connecting in the wires outlined above, they should be run in under the present cables in order to hold them in place and present a neater appearance. After the wiring has been completed, connect the set for normal operation, plug in the keyboard and with the controls on the receiver set the same as for pushbutton tuning operation, operate all the buttons on the keyboard to make sure the installation has been correctly made. Then reassemble the knob escutcheon plate and panel. It will be noted that when the volume control is now operated manually that seven complete revolutions will be necessary to turn it from minimum to maximum. If the motor clutch chatters while running or if the clutch does not release immediately when either of the volume control pushbuttons are released, it will be necessary to adjust the clutch release spring on the back of the motor. If the clutch chatters, release pressure on the spring and if the clutch fails to release immediately apply more pressure on the spring.

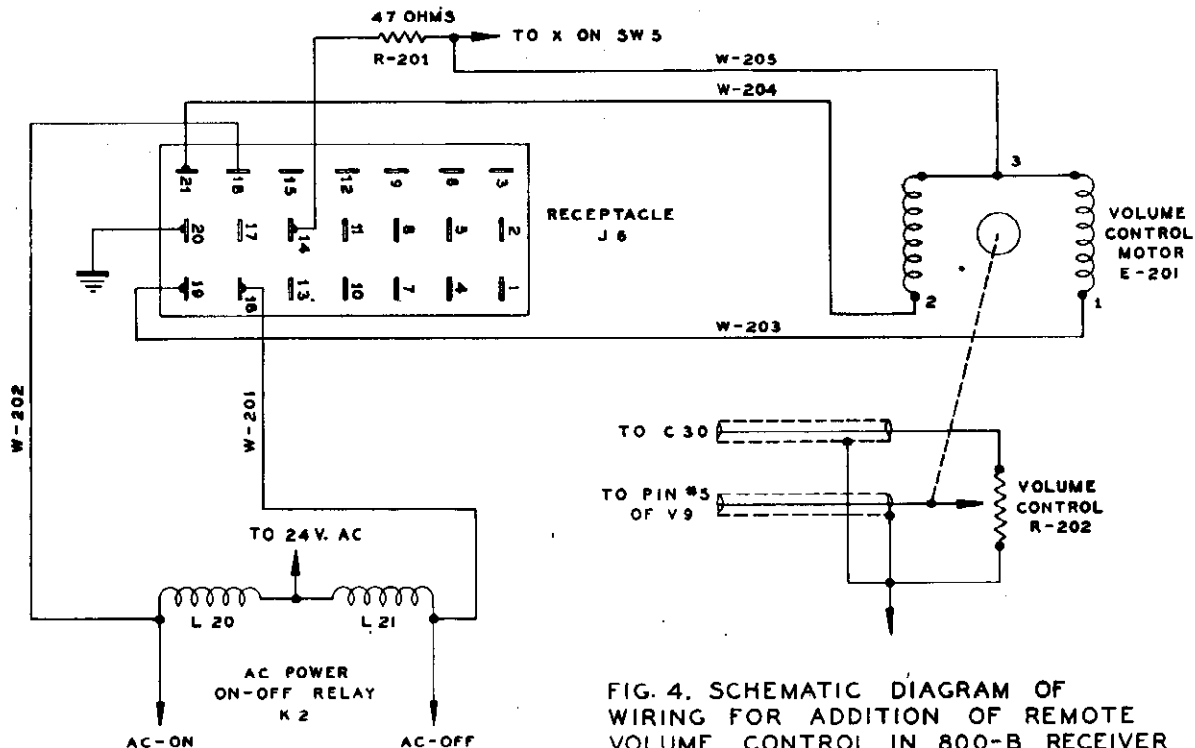


FIG. 4. SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM OF WIRING FOR ADDITION OF REMOTE VOLUME CONTROL IN 800-B RECEIVER

Parts List by Symbol Designation For Model 800-BR Remote Volume Control Kit

Symbol Desig.	Function	Description	Part Number
Miscellaneous Electrical Parts			
E-201	Remote volume motor assembly	Motor assembly with gears, drive shaft clutch and volume control	2B791
E-202	Volume control drive motor	Motor, shaded pole reversible type operates on 24 volts 60 cycles, Part of E-201 assembly	58B446
E-203	Clutch assembly	Clutch for remote volume control drive complete with gear, bushing and set screw. Part of E-201 assembly	2B2332
E-204	Drive shaft assembly	Manual drive shaft for volume control motor consists of shaft with gears attached. Part of E-201 assembly	2B2333
Resistors			
R-201	Pilot lamp current limiting resistor	Resistor, composition, 47 ohms 10% 1/2 watt, wire leads	70A420
R-202	Remote volume control	Potentiometer, composition, 1 meg 20% .4 watt clockwise audio taper, shaft: 1/4" dia. x 1" long	70B571
Wire			
W-201	Relay coil L-21 to Pin 16 of J6 connecting lead	Wire- #20 stranded, tinned copper, cotton braid covered, yellow tracer 9 1/4" long, stripped 3/8" each end	96B743
W-202	Relay coil L-20 to Pin 18 of J6 connecting lead	Wire- #20 stranded, tinned copper, cotton braid covered, orange tracer 6" long, stripped 3/8" each end	96B741
W-203	Drive motor to Pin 19 of J6 connecting lead	Wire- #20 stranded, tinned copper, cotton braid covered, brown tracer 18" long, stripped 3/8" each end	96B740
W-204	Drive motor to Pin 21 of J6 connecting lead	Wire- #20 stranded, tinned copper, cotton braid covered, brown tracer, 17 3/4" long, stripped 3/8" each end	96B740
W-205	Common of drive motor to SW5 connecting lead	Wire- #20 stranded, tinned copper, cotton braid covered, blue tracer, 14" long, stripped 3/8" each end	96B578

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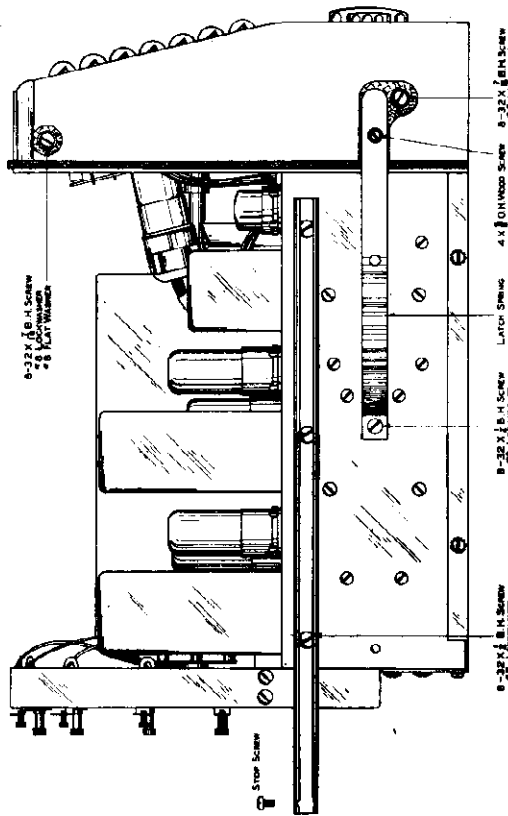


Figure 1 800-B Radio Receiver - Side View

- Mount the slide rails on the sides of the receiver chassis as shown in Figure 1 using the hardware provided for this purpose. Remove the stop screws from the ends of the rails as shown.
- Open the door of the cabinet and slide it back inside as far as it will go.

- Fasten the slide rail hanger brackets, which are packed with the receiver, onto the support brackets which are mounted in the cabinet using the rubber grommets, screws and flat washers furnished with the receiver, as shown in detail drawing Figure 2.

Use fibre grommet furnished as noted. Screw and flat washer will mount flush against top of hanger bracket.

- Insert the rails on the receiver into the slides which are mounted in the cabinet and slide the receiver back into the cabinet.
- Insert the stop screws in the ends of the slide rails.
- Open the cable hole clamp at the back of the cabinet and lay the cables in the slot provided. The cables may then be inserted in their respective receptacles in the power supply. **DO NOT** force the plugs as they are polarized and will enter the receptacle in only one position.

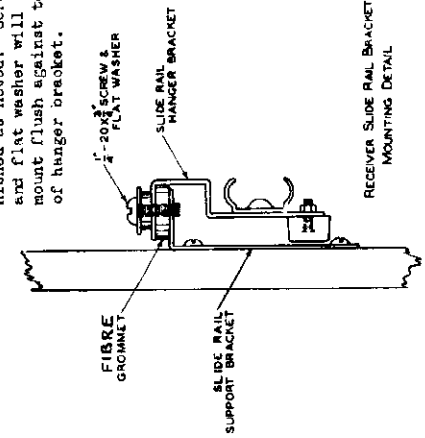


FIGURE 2

Technical Data

Power Requirements	117 volts AC 60 Cycles 197 Watts Normal-310 Watts Maximum
Audio Power Output *	25 watts undistorted 40 watts maximum
Audio Frequency Range	35 to 20,000 cycles
Overall Frequency Range - AM	35 to 8,500 cycles
Overall Frequency Range - FM	35 to 15,000 cycles
Tuning Range - AM	540 KC to 1600 KC 5.9 MC to 18.2 MC
Tuning Range - FM	88 to 108 MC

Installing Loudspeaker

The loudspeaker baffle is provided with four small holes provided as pilot holes for the wood screws used to fasten the speaker to the baffle. The loudspeaker may easily be located over the baffle opening by first centering the speaker over the opening with connecting cable at the bottom. The speaker should then be fastened down with the wood screws provided. The speaker should be fastened down firmly but **DO NOT** tighten the screws so as to warp or pull the edge of the speaker frame as this will throw the voice coil out of alignment and cause the speaker to distort.

Installing Power Supply Chassis

The power supply chassis should be fastened to the lower shelf of the cabinet by means of four wood screws provided. It should be fastened down in a position where the fuse receptacles and connecting cable receptacles are readily accessible.

Installing Receiver Chassis

The receiver chassis has been designed so that it can be rolled in or out of the front of the cabinet with a spring latch arrangement which holds the receiver at a position where the front of the panel extrudes out approximately 2 inches for ease in tuning. By releasing the spring latches on both sides of the panel the receiver may be rolled out approximately 10 inches for inspection of the receiver or tube replacement.

The receiver should be installed in the cabinet using the following procedure:

- The front panel is mounted on the chassis as shown in Figure 1 using the hardware furnished.
- Next mount the latch springs on the sides of the receiver chassis as shown in Figure 1. The retaining screw which is used to center the latch spring in the slot on the side of the panel should be screwed in far enough to bring the latch spring flush with the outside of the panel. It may be necessary to adjust the screw on the latch spring further in to make the latch catch smoothly when the set is pulled out. However, **DO NOT** leave the latch adjustment screws sticking out beyond the sides of the panel as they may catch in the latch spring plate when the set is pushed into the cabinet.

9. Insert the screw eye furnished, under the top at the rear of the cabinet in the center of the receiver compartment and tie the connecting cables to the screw eye leaving enough slack so that the receiver will pull all the way out without pulling the cables tight. This will allow the cables to loop when the receiver is run in and out of the cabinet.

Installing the Record Changer

The record changer furnished with the receiver is designed for floating spring mounting. Although it is not necessary to remove the drawer to install the changer, it will be much more convenient to do so. The back of the compartment should be removed; then remove the slide rail stop screws, the drawer can then be removed from the cabinet.

Remove the spindle and turntable. Then mount the changer with the hardware provided, following the method shown in Figure 3.

CAUTION: DO NOT LIFT THE RECORD CHANGER BY THE PICKUP ARM OR THE OVER-ARM AS UNDUE STRAIN ON THESE PARTS WILL PUT THE CHANGER OUT OF WORKING ORDER.

The drawer can now be reinserted in the cabinet, feeding the record changer power cord and pickup leads through the hole in the center of the shelf. Put the stop screws back in the slide rails and fasten the back of the cabinet on.

The power cord for the record changer should be inserted in the power receptacle which is fastened to the power chassis by a short cord, and the pickup cord connected to the PHONO-GND terminals at the rear of the receiver; connect the shield braid to the GND terminal, and the insulated conductor to the PHONO terminal as shown in Figure 4.

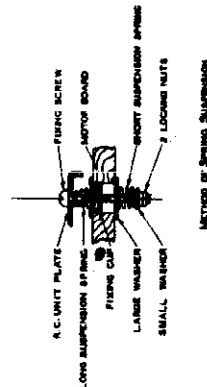


Figure 3

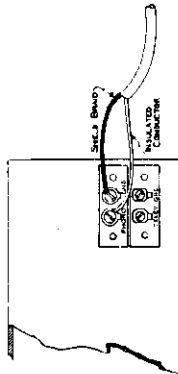


Figure 4

Antenna Connections

The Model 800-B Radio Receiver is designed to be used with either a straight antenna with single conductor lead-in or a doublet type antenna with 2 conductor lead-in. Separate connections are provided for antenna on AM and FM bands and for best reception a doublet type antenna should be used on the AM bands with a separate dipole antenna for the FM band as shown in Figure 5.

A doublet antenna with pretuned matching transformer such as the SCOTT Doublet Antenna system will give maximum transfer of signal energy with greatest noise reduction on both broadcast and shortwave bands and a horizontal dipole with the flat top legs cut to the correct length for operation in the 88-108 megacycle band used with a two conductor lead-in with low-loss properties will give maximum results on the FM band.

In installations where it is not possible to install a doublet antenna system, a single wire antenna with the flat top 60 to 75 ft long and the lead-in as short and direct as possible, should be used. For FM reception a small mica capacitor of 51 MMF may be connected between the AM antenna connection and the FM antenna connection as shown in Figure 7.

A four contact receptacle is provided, at the rear of the receiver chassis for using a loop antenna on the "BC" and "SW" bands in metropolitan areas where a number of powerful stations may be located. It is not recommended that a loop antenna be used for receiving distant stations. Directions for installing the loop antenna are furnished with each antenna.

A two position switch with a screwdriver slot located at the left of the loop receptacle is provided so that the input circuits of the receiver may be connected to the loop antenna or an outside antenna. This switch should be set in the counter-clockwise position for use with an outside antenna and set to the clockwise position for use with the loop antenna.

TUNING THE RECEIVER

After the receiver has been installed in the cabinet and the antenna connections, record changer connections and power line connections are made, the receiver is ready for operation. Push the "ON" button to turn the receiver on, then for initial operation set the controls as follows:

Pushbutton Operation

1. Set SELECTIVITY control to "M" or "B" position.
2. Set AM-BAND control to "BC" position.
3. The SENSITIVITY control should be set at approximately vertical position or half rotation but it can be adjusted to suit receiving conditions, however, it is effective only on the "BC" and "SW" bands.
4. Press the button which is marked with the desired station call letters, holding the button down until the dial mechanism stops.
5. Adjust the VOLUME control to the desired level and the BASS and TREBLE controls for the tone quality desired.

In order to change from AM reception to FM reception the SELECTIVITY control must be set at "M" or "B" position and the AM BAND control set at "BC" position then by pushing any AM button the set automatically switches to AM reception and if any FM button is pushed the receiver automatically switches to FM reception. The indicator lamps behind the colored dots at the end of the frequency scale are also automatically switched with the above procedure.

Manual Operation in the AM-Broadcast Band

1. Set receiver for AM reception as outlined above.
2. Set SELECTIVITY control to "S" (sharp) position.
3. Set TREBLE control to approximately vertical position.
4. Set SENSITIVITY control to approximately vertical position.

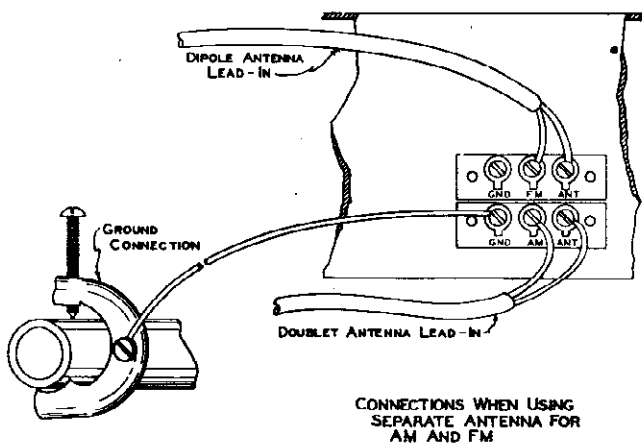


Figure 5

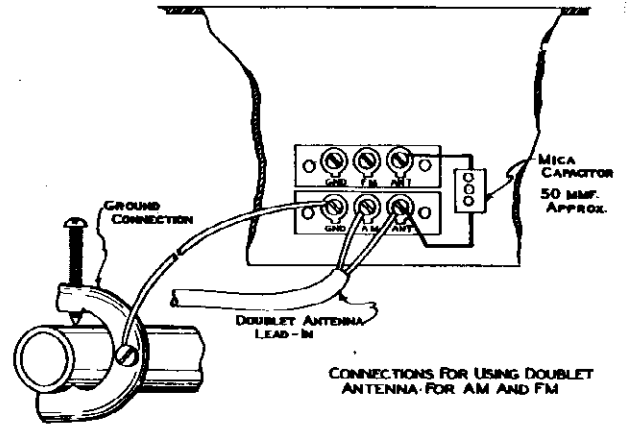


Figure 6

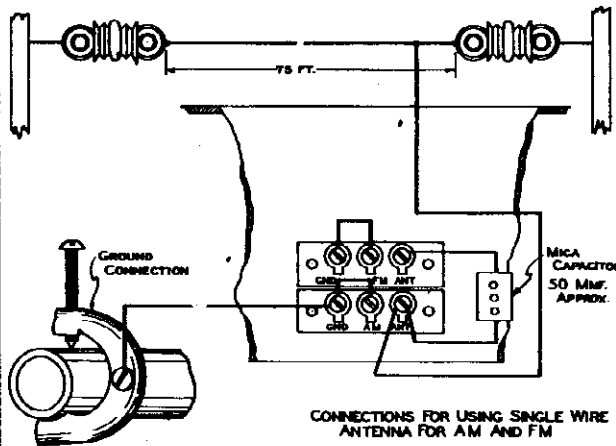


Figure 7

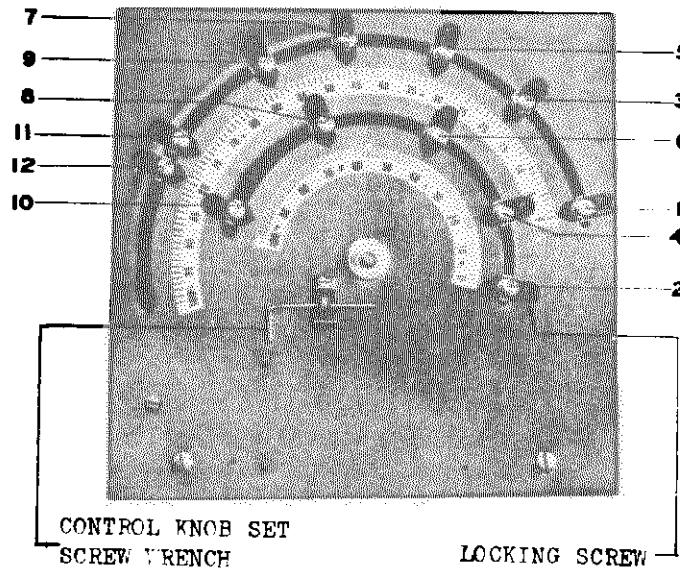


Figure 9 Pushbutton Tuning Backplate

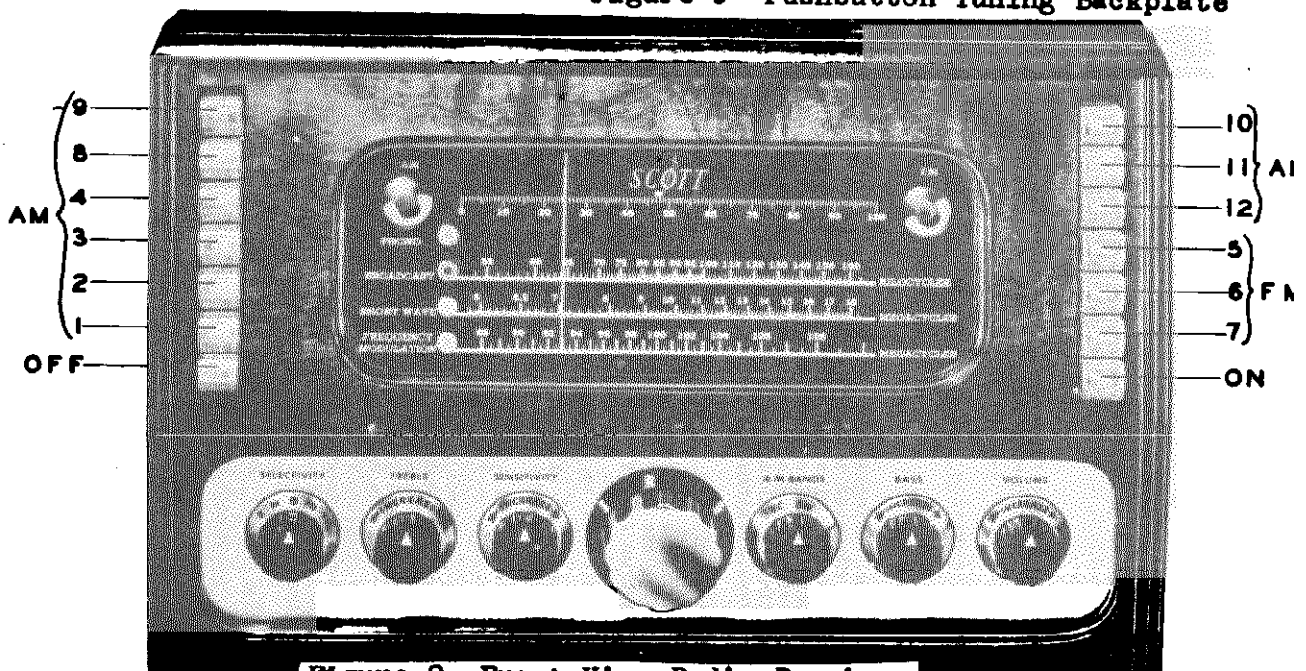


Figure 8 Front View Radio Receiver

When the **SELECTIVITY** control is set at "PH" position it connects the record changer pickup into the audio circuit of the receiver and provides for record reproduction.

With the **SELECTIVITY** control set at "TEL" position, the audio amplifier of the receiver is connected to the television input terminals at the rear of the receiver. These terminals are provided so that a television tuner may be connected to the 800-B Receiver and the audio amplifier of the receiver used for reproduction of television sound broadcasts, while the picture will be reproduced at the television tuner.

2. TREBLE Control

The **TREBLE** control is located at the right of the selectivity control and is provided in order that the high frequency response of the audio amplifier in the receiver may be changed to suit operating conditions and program material. Maximum high frequency response is obtained with this control set at maximum clockwise position.

3. SENSITIVITY Control

The **SENSITIVITY** control is located at the right of the treble control. This control is effective only on the AM broadcast and shortwave bands and is provided to vary the sensitivity of the receiver. When manually tuning the receiver the control should be set to the position where the AM tuning eye shadow just closes or on weak stations to the point where maximum closure of the tuning eye is obtained. For maximum sensitivity when tuning in weak distant stations the control should be advanced to the point where the switch incorporated on this control just starts to throw. The switch mentioned above which is incorporated in the **SENSITIVITY** control is provided to switch the Noise Limiter Circuit on and off. When the control is advanced to maximum clockwise rotation, the switch will throw on. The Noise Limiter Circuit with which this switch is associated, is effective on noises which have definite peaks, such as automobile ignition, it will have very little effect on noise which is of constant amplitude. Although the switch may be turned on or off when the set is tuned to any frequency band, it is effective only on the AM shortwave band.

4. MAIN TUNING Control

The **MAIN TUNING** control is the large knob in the center of the panel. This control is provided for tuning the receiver to the station frequency desired.

5. AM-BAND SELECTOR Control

The AM-Band switch is located at the right of the main tuning control. This control is provided in order that either the broadcast or shortwave bands may be selected for AM reception. This control is effective only for AM reception.

6. BASS Control

The **BASS** control is located at the right of the AM-Band control. This control is provided to enable the listener to raise or lower the bass response of the receiver to suit operating conditions and program material. Maximum bass response is obtained when this control is rotated to maximum clockwise position. Turning the control counter-clockwise will reduce the bass response.

5. Set **AM BAND** control to "BC" position.
6. Set **BASS** control to approximately vertical position.

7. Tune in a station with the **MAIN TUNING** control using the AM tuning eye to indicate when the set is properly tuned, then adjust the **VOLUME** control for desired volume level.

8. Advance **SELECTIVITY** control to "M" or "B" position for desired fidelity, then adjust the **TREBLE** and **BASS** controls for desired tone.

9. When tuning for weak distant stations, advance the **SENSITIVITY** control and when tuning strong local stations turn back the control to eliminate noise between stations.

Manual Operation in the AM-Shortwave Band

1. Set controls as above except the **AM-BAND** control set to "SW" position.

2. When tuning on the Shortwave Band the **SENSITIVITY** control should be advanced to near maximum position. If automobile ignition noise or other noise with decided peaks is encountered, the **SENSITIVITY** control should be advanced to maximum until the switch mounted on this control clicks. This will put the noise limiter circuit into operation and will reduce the noise so that weak stations can be heard.

Manual Operation on the FM Band

1. With the **SELECTIVITY** control set at "M" position and **AM-BAND** control set at "BC" position, push any of the pushbuttons which are set up for FM reception. The set will automatically switch to FM reception and the lamp behind the colored dot marking the FM Band will be illuminated.

2. Tune in an FM station noting carefully that the dial is tuned to the point where maximum closure is obtained on the FM tuning eye.

OPERATION OF CONTROLS

All operating positions of the controls of the Model 800-B Radio Receiver, with the exception of the Main Tuning Control, are marked, and indicator markings on the knobs are provided so that adjustment of the controls for various operating conditions is easily accomplished.

Six variable controls plus the main tuning control are provided so that maximum efficiency may be obtained at any operating condition. The functions and settings of the operating controls are listed below.

1. SELECTIVITY Control

The **SELECTIVITY** control located at the left side of the panel has five positions marked S-M-B-PH-Tel. The S-M-B positions are effective only for AM (amplitude modulation) reception on the "BC" and "SW" Bands. They designate the "Sharp", "Medium" and "Broad" condition of the AM-IF amplifier. The "S" position should be used at all times when manually tuning in stations as the IF amplifier is so broad in the "M" and "B" positions that a true resonant point cannot be obtained with the tuning eye. After the station has been tuned in properly in the "S" position the control may be advanced to the "M" or "B" position to obtain better fidelity.

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7. VOLUME CONTROL

The VOLUME control is located at the right side of the panel. This control is provided to regulate the audio output or "volume" of the receiver. Maximum volume is obtained when this control is rotated to maximum clockwise position; zero output is obtained when the control is rotated to maximum counter-clockwise rotation. On standard 800-B Receivers this control will operate from minimum to maximum through an arc of 270 degrees. On receivers where remote volume control has been incorporated, the control will rotate seven complete revolutions from minimum to maximum since this control is driven by a motor controlled from the remote position, therefore when manually tuning the set it will be necessary to turn the control considerably more than is the case on the standard receiver.

8. PUSHBUTTON OPERATION

Fourteen pushbuttons are provided on the panel of the receiver. The bottom button on the right side is provided to turn the receiver "ON" when this button is pushed in. The bottom button on the left side shuts the receiver "OFF" when pushed in. The other twelve buttons are provided for selecting stations. These twelve station selector buttons are effective only when the SELECTIVITY control is set at "M" or "W" positions and the AM band controls set at "B" position. A set of insert tabs listing all North American stations is included with each receiver. The sequence in which the inserts should be placed and the method of setting up the tuning system for pushbutton control is described above.

After the pushbutton tuning system has been set up for operation, when any pushbutton which has been set for an AM station is pushed the receiver will automatically switch over for reception of AM broadcast stations. When any pushbutton which has been set up for an FM station is pushed, the receiver will automatically switch over for reception of FM stations. When manually tuning the receiver, in order to switch from AM to FM or vice-versa, it is only necessary to push any AM or FM button momentarily and the circuits will be switched automatically.

9. TUNING INDICATORS

In the upper right and left hand corners of the dial scale are located two tuning indicators which are provided to enable the operator to properly tune the receiver to resonance with the station when manually tuning. The indicator in the left hand corner is marked AM and is used only when tuning in stations on the broadcast or short-wave bands. The indicator in the right hand corner is marked FM and is used only when tuning in stations on the FM band. A control, with a screwdriver adjustment slot, located on the top of the chassis directly under the FM tuning eye, is provided so that the tuning eye shadow may be made to close on the strongest FM signal for the particular location. This adjustment will then enable the listener to accurately tune the receiver to all FM stations by watching for maximum closure of the FM tuning eye.

10. TUNING DIAL

The three frequency bands are individually calibrated on the edge lighted glass scale. The BF band is calibrated in kilocycles with the last zero omitted on the numeral markings because of space limitations.

The SW band is calibrated in megacycles and the important bands are marked off for ease in tuning.

The FM band is calibrated in megacycles and divided in one-half megacycle divisions for help in tuning.

A scale marked off in 100 divisions located at the top of the dial face, is provided to enable the listener to log stations which may be tuned in on any of the three frequency bands and also permits setting up the pushbutton system.

At the left side of the dial face are located four colored dots which are provided to indicate which frequency band the receiver is operating on and when the receiver is adjusted for record player reproduction. Each dot is illuminated by a small lamp located at the back of the dial mechanism and are automatically turned on with the setting of the controls for changing frequency bands.

TUBE REPLACEMENT

The tube complement of the Model 800-B Radio Receiver is as follows:

Symbol	Type	Application	Model	Application	
V1	6SK7	AM-RF Amplifier	V13	6AG5	FM Mixer
V2	6J5	AM Oscillator	V14	6AC7	FM-1st IF Amplifier
V3	6SA7	AM Mixer	V15	6AC7	FM-2nd IF Amplifier
V4	6SK7	AM-1st IF Amplifier	V16	6SJ7	FM-1st Limiter
V5	6H6	AM-2nd Detector	V17	6SJ7	FM-2nd Limiter
V7	6E5	AM-Indicator	V18	6H6	FM-Discriminator
V8	6E5	FM-Indicator	V19	6SL70T	3rd Audio Amplifier
V9	6J5	1st Audio Amplifier	V20	6L6G	Audio Power Output
V10	6J5	2nd Audio Amplifier	V21	6L6G	Audio Power Output
V11	6AG5	FM-RF Amplifier	V22	OD3	Voltage Regulator
V12	6C4	FM Oscillator	V23	5Y3GT	Rectifier
			V24	5Y3GT	Rectifier

When it is found necessary to replace any tube, by referring to Figures 10 and 11 the location and tube type can very easily be identified.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR INSTALLING LOOP ANTENNA
SYSTEM IN MODEL 800-B RADIO-PHONOGRAPH

The loop antenna system is provided for installations in locations where it is found impossible to erect an outside antenna for AM and FM reception. It consists of separate loops for the broadcast and shortwave bands for AM reception, these two loops being coupled to the antenna input circuit of the receiver through a matching transformer which has adjustments for each band in order to insure maximum signal input. A separate folded dipole antenna is provided for FM reception, this antenna being connected directly to the FM antenna terminals.

Figure 1 depicts the manner in which the loop antennas are fastened in the radio-phonograph cabinet, and by using the following instructions, step by step, the installation and adjustment of the antennas may be easily made and maximum results obtained.

1. First install the FM antenna which is a two wire flat cable which has been cut to the proper length and terminals attached. This antenna should be installed around the inside of the receiver compartment of the cabinet, at the rear, as follows:

- a. Place the junction of the antenna proper and the lead-in approximately 2 inches to the left of center and at the extreme outer edge of the back of the compartment with the lead-in facing toward the receiver chassis. Tack the antenna down with the staples furnished, following the contour of the cabinet, inserting a staple at each bend, the ends of the antenna will terminate approximately 8 inches apart at the top inside of the cabinet.

2. The broadcast band loop is installed around the bottom of the cabinet shelf on the Chippendale and Modern style cabinets as shown in Figure 1. On the Regency cabinet it is necessary to install it around the left side of the speaker compartment and under the shelf of the receiver compartment as shown in Figure 2. Although this loop can be installed in other ways, it is best to install it as shown in order to prevent the loop from being too directional. This loop consists of a 5 wire flat cable cut to the correct length, with a two wire flat lead-in attached. To install the BC band loop in the Chippendale and Modern Cabinets, place the junction of the loop and the lead-in under the shelf approximately $\frac{1}{2}$ inch in from the back and 2 inches to the right of the center of the radio compartment, with the lead-in cable facing out from the cabinet. Tack the loop down at this point with the staples furnished and follow around the inside of the cabinet with the rest of the loop fastening it to the bottom side of the shelf. When going around the corner of the cabinet it will be necessary to fold over the loop in order to keep the corners flat as shown in Figure 1. Loop the lead-in up over the edge of the shelf and fasten down at one point to relieve any strain on the junction point of the loop and lead-in. To install the BC band loop in the Regency cabinet, start by fastening the junction of the loop and lead-in the same as in the Chippendale or Modern cabinets but since the Regency cabinets have a record storage compartment it is necessary to fasten the loop around the left side of the cabinet and under the shelf of the radio compartment only, with a small section in back of the record

storage compartment as shown in Figure 2. This will apply to any cabinet with a record storage compartment.

3. The shortwave loop consists of a formed copper tubing fastened to the loop coupler coil shield can. This unit is assembled at the factory ready to mount to the chassis. This assembly is mounted under the two screws used to hold the backplate to the chassis as shown in Figure 1. The procedure is as follows:

- a. Remove the screw on the right side of the backplate and loosen the screw on the left side sufficient to allow the long mounting bracket of the loop coupler to slide under. Then reinsert the screw on the right side through the short bracket of the coupler and tighten down both screws.
- b. Insert the loop coupler plug P-301 into the loop receptacle at the rear of the chassis. This plug is polarized and can be inserted only one way.
- c. Connect the broadcast band loop lead-in as shown in the detail in Figure 1.
4. Connect the FM loop antenna to the two terminals marked ANT on the FM antenna terminal strip as shown in the detail of Figure 1.

5. Turn the loop selector switch SW1, which is located directly under the loop coupler on the rear of the receiver chassis, to the clockwise position. The slot will then be in the position shown in Figure 1.

6. After the loop has been installed and connected the receiver should be put in operation and the loop coupler adjusted for maximum signal on the broadcast and shortwave bands. The FM band loop requires no adjustment.

If a fairly strong signal can be tuned in so that the tuning eye will show deflection at approximately 1500 K C and 600 KC on the broadcast band or 16 MC and 6.5 MC on the shortwave band, the adjustments on the coupler can be made using these signals with the tuning eye as an indicator as follows:

- a. Remove the AM tuning eye from the bracket and face the front of the tube toward the rear of the set so that it can be easily seen when adjusting the loop coupler.
- b. Set the receiver for operation in the AM band and with the selectivity control in the "sharp" position, make the adjustments outlined below, setting each adjustment for maximum closure of the tuning eye. Figure 3 shows the location of the four adjustments on the loop coupler.

Band	Freq.	Adj.
BC	1500 KC	C-301
BC	600 KC	K-301
SW	16 MC	C-302
SW	6.5 MC	K-302

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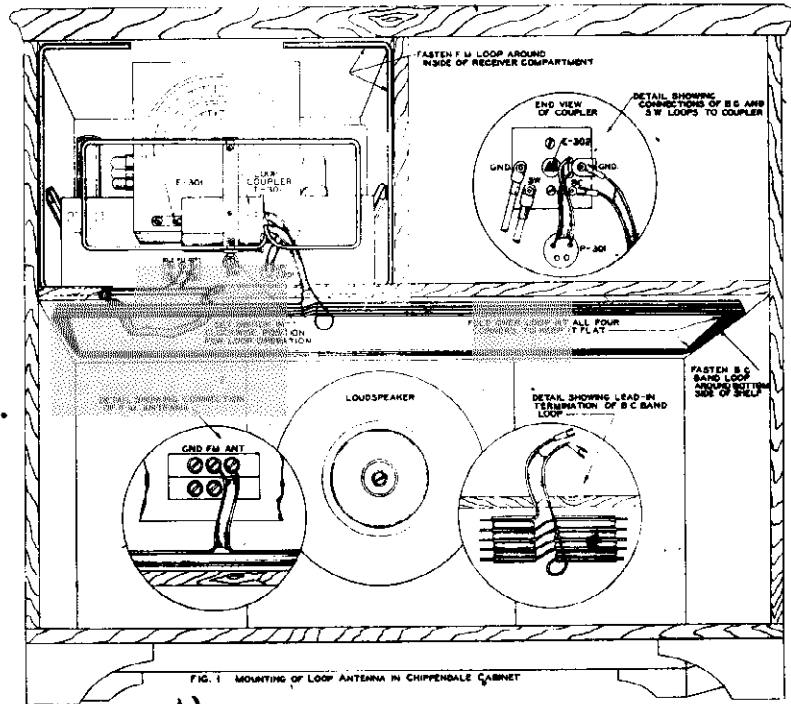


FIG. 1 MOUNTING OF LOOP ANTENNA IN CHIPPEDALE CABINET

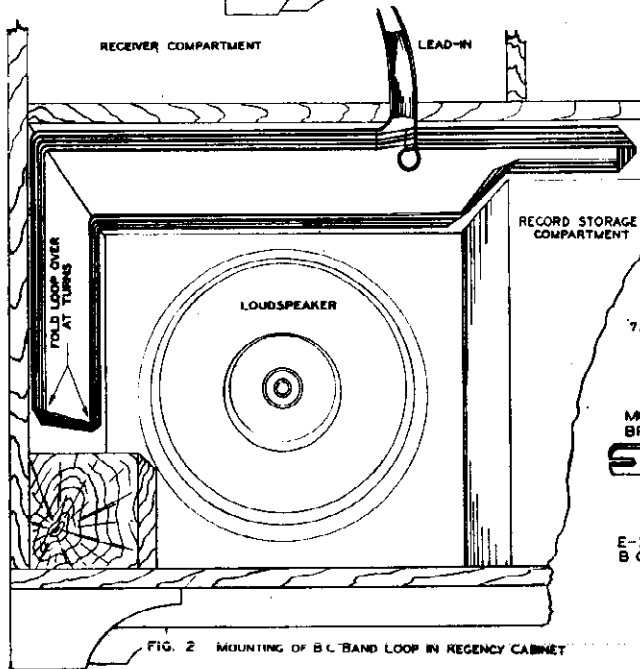


FIG. 2 MOUNTING OF B C BAND LOOP IN REGENCY CABINET

If a strong steady signal is not available for setting the adjustments on the coupler a signal generator must be used with either the tuning eye or an output meter as a signal indicator. The signal generator output terminals are connected to a single turn loop of wire placed adjacent to the loop in the set, the adjustments are made as in the table above keeping the output of the signal generator as low as possible and still maintain a clear signal. In noisy locations it may be necessary to set up a screened booth to do this alignment although this is seldom necessary as the adjustments on the coupler are not critical and with a signal generator a sufficiently strong signal to override the noise level can be obtained so that the adjustments can be made to obtain maximum signal input to the receiver.

- 7. In the Regency cabinet caution should be taken to mount the power supply chassis as far away from the BC band loop as possible to prevent detuning the loop.

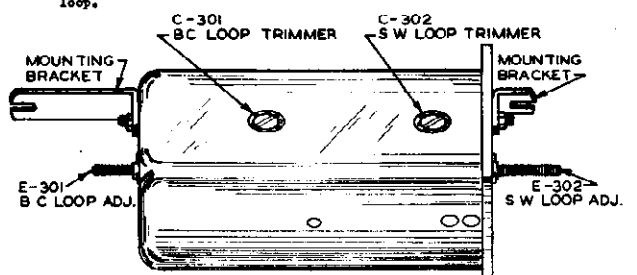


FIG. 3 COUPLER SHOWING TRIMMER LOCATION

MODEL 800-B

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In a high fidelity instrument such as the Model 800-B a very wide range of audio frequencies are reproduced and the hum problem is of special significance. Any hum voltages which reach the loudspeaker will be reproduced to a considerably greater degree than in the case of ordinary receivers having only a limited bass response. Thus, it becomes quite important that every effort be made to keep this hum at an absolute minimum. The several possibilities for hum pickup are treated in these notes. When customer complaints of an excessive hum level are experienced the following corrective measures are suggested. If the service man does not have an adequate stock of parts to make the changes which may be required, the additional parts may be procured from the Service Department, Scott Radio Laboratories, Inc., 4541 N. Ravenswood Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

Before taking any corrective measures check the wiring of the power supply, particularly the receiver receptacle J-3, to make sure that it conforms fully with the circuit diagram.

CONDITIONS FOR ELECTRICAL HUM AND SUGGESTED MEASURES

- A. Hum present when receiver is switched on but Volume Control is adjusted for minimum output.

Elimination of Defective Components

The first step in locating the cause of hum under these conditions is to remove the 3rd audio amplifier tube V-19 (6SL7GT, located in the power supply chassis). If the hum disappears or is greatly reduced, the indicated fault lies in or ahead of this tube. If ahead of this tube it is, undoubtedly, caused by the 1st or 2nd audio amplifier tubes, V-9 (6J5) or V-10 (6J5), or their associated circuits located on the receiver chassis. If this source of hum is indicated, replace these tubes one at a time with a tube of known good quality, preferably one with a reversed coil heater which has the lowest hum pickup. If these tube replacements do not reduce the hum the 6L6 output tubes should also be replaced. If none of these tube replacements affect the hum the electrolytic capacitor C-33 which is used as a filter for the plate supply of the 1st and 2nd audio stages should be checked. It may be checked in a simple manner by bridging it temporarily with an other 20 mfd. 300 to 450 volt rated capacitor, making certain that the correct polarity is observed.

If the hum is still present when the 3rd audio amplifier tube, V-19 (6SL7GT), is removed the fault may lie in a defective electrolytic filter capacitor in the high voltage supply, that is, C-93 or C-94. By shunting each capacitor with another unit of the same capacity and voltage rating, the defective unit can be easily located.

Also check the d. c. potential on each audio grid to determine whether it is excessive. A high d. c. voltage at any grid point indicates a leaky coupling condenser.

IMPROVEMENT OF FILTERING ACTION IN POWER SUPPLY

If the occasion arises where the above measures fail to improve the hum situation sufficiently to satisfy the customer, the only alternative is to provide additional filtering in the power supply. Such filtering may be essential in those localities where the A. C. power supply has a bad waveform. If the 60 cycle supply is distorted, the higher harmonics will appear particularly objectionable and may demand a greater degree of filtering. The circuit is arranged so that the additional choke serves to filter the entire supply and therefore, reduces hum from the output tubes as well as the other points of the audio amplifier. In the new arrangement two chokes part no. 17B492 are used instead of one as used in earlier layout. This additional filtering may be installed by relocating L-17 on the power supply chassis and mounting the second choke adjacent to it. The suggested arrangement and wiring diagram are shown on an attached sheet.

The following additional components are required for making this installation:

- 1 - Insulated wire - 4 1/4" long
- 1 - Single lug terminal - Part No. 90B711
- 1 - Filter choke - Part No. 17B492
- 4 - Screws - 8/32 x 3/8" long - Part No. 77A382
- 4 - Lockwashers - #8 - Part No. 95A251
- 4 - Nuts - #8 - Part No. 59A178
- 1 - Screw - 6/32 x 1/8" long - Part No. 77A202

The following steps may be taken for ease of installation: (Refer to Diagrams on Wiring and Schematic for Installation of Additional Filter Reactor - Model 800-B).

1. Remove 6/32 mounting screws of C-88 and R-82.
2. Remount terminal strip holding C-87 and R-80 under mounting foot of C-89.
3. Unsolder leads of L-17 and remove choke.
4. Remove one of the red leads of C-94 from #2 terminal point and connect this lead to the new single terminal point #3.
5. Drill 11 holes.
 - 8 - Clearance holes. #22 drill, for choke mtg.
 - 1 - Tapped hole for 6/32 screw.
 - 2 - 3/8" clearance holes for choke leads.
6. Mount chokes (L-17 and additional one).
7. Mount C-88 using 1/8" 6/32 screw and one of the old 6/32 screws, securing the ground lug under the unit.

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8. Wire new yellow cathode lead from point #4, (the positive terminal) on C-88 to #6 pin on 6SL7 tube socket.
 9. Wire short lead from 1st choke to #2 pin on 6Y3 socket. Wire long lead on 1st choke to #3 lug - also short lead from 2nd choke to #3 lug
 10. Wire long lead from 2nd choke to #2 terminal lug.
- B. Excessive hum with Volume Control in an advanced position and receiver switched into "Phono" or "Television" position.

A considerable improvement in the higher pitched hum level will be realized by rearranging the wiring of the "phono" and "television" input circuits and the high-level audio lead running to the volume control. These leads are placed in cables in the wiring of earlier receivers, and have to be routed separately and generally isolated from other circuits to achieve the desired result. However, to avoid excessive dismantling of the receiver in the field the leads now running in the cables should be cut off and may be left in the cable while additional isolated leads are connected between the points concerned.

The following additional components are required for making this installation:

3 - Cable Clamps	- Part No.	18A312
3 - Shielded leads	- Part No.	96B962
1 - Screw - 6/32 x 1/8" long	- Part No.	77A202
3 - Lockwashers - #6	- Part No.	95A255
2 - Screws - 6/32 x 5/16" long	- Part No.	77A374
2 - Spacers - 1 1/8"	- Part No.	84A211
2 - Screws - 5/40 x 1 3/4" long	- Part No.	77B957
1 - Single lug terminal	- Part No.	90B711
2 - Nuts - 6/32	- Part No.	59A177

The following steps should be taken:

1. Disconnect ground braids and wires leading to the "phono" and "television" terminals.
2. Disconnect the other ends of these two shielded leads from switch C-8.
3. Disconnect shielded lead from C-80 coupling condenser.
4. Disconnect shielded lead from the high potential terminal of the volume control.
5. Remove short spacers from switch C-3 and substitute long spacers and screws. Reassemble using all washers and lockwashers which were used previously.
6. Add terminal #1 to chassis, mounting it under one foot of condenser C-30, or if possible drill #22 hole under C-80 as this will make wiring simpler as per diagram.
7. Add shielded lead to connect from volume control to C-30, connecting shields together at the volume control. Route lead across chassis toward the bottom edge which adjoins the bottom plates. Fasten lead under new cables clamps instead of the ones used previously. Insert one cable clamp with a short mounting screw on the left side of the chassis near the treble control.
8. Do not ground shield braid at terminal of C-80. Connect it to the added ground terminal mounted under one foot of C-30. Use this point also for connecting shields of leads coming from "phono" and "television" terminals.
9. Add new shielded leads from "phono" and "television" terminals. Connect shield braids of these leads to the "ground" terminals at these points, but do not make a connection between either of the "ground" terminals and the chassis. Route leads along the lower edge of the chassis to switch C-8 using a cable clamp, fastened under one foot of the bathtub condenser C-29 to secure the cable.

C. Hum present only when a station carrier is tuned in and volume advanced.

Hum present under these conditions is generally caused by a defective tube. The most common fault being found in the second detector V-6 (6H6) when AM signals are being received or the discriminator V-18 (6H6) when FM signals are being received. The fault can be easily corrected by replacing these tubes with tubes of known good quality preferably of the metal type.

In some cases hum may be induced into the receiver from the power line. This form of pickup can usually be eliminated by employing a good ground connection between the receiver chassis and a cold water pipe or a pipe driven into the ground. Do not attempt to use the house wiring conduit or BX as a ground connection. Such an arrangement usually results in increased noise or hum pickup.

CONDITIONS FOR VIBRATIONAL OR MECHANICAL HUM AND SUGGESTED REMEDIES

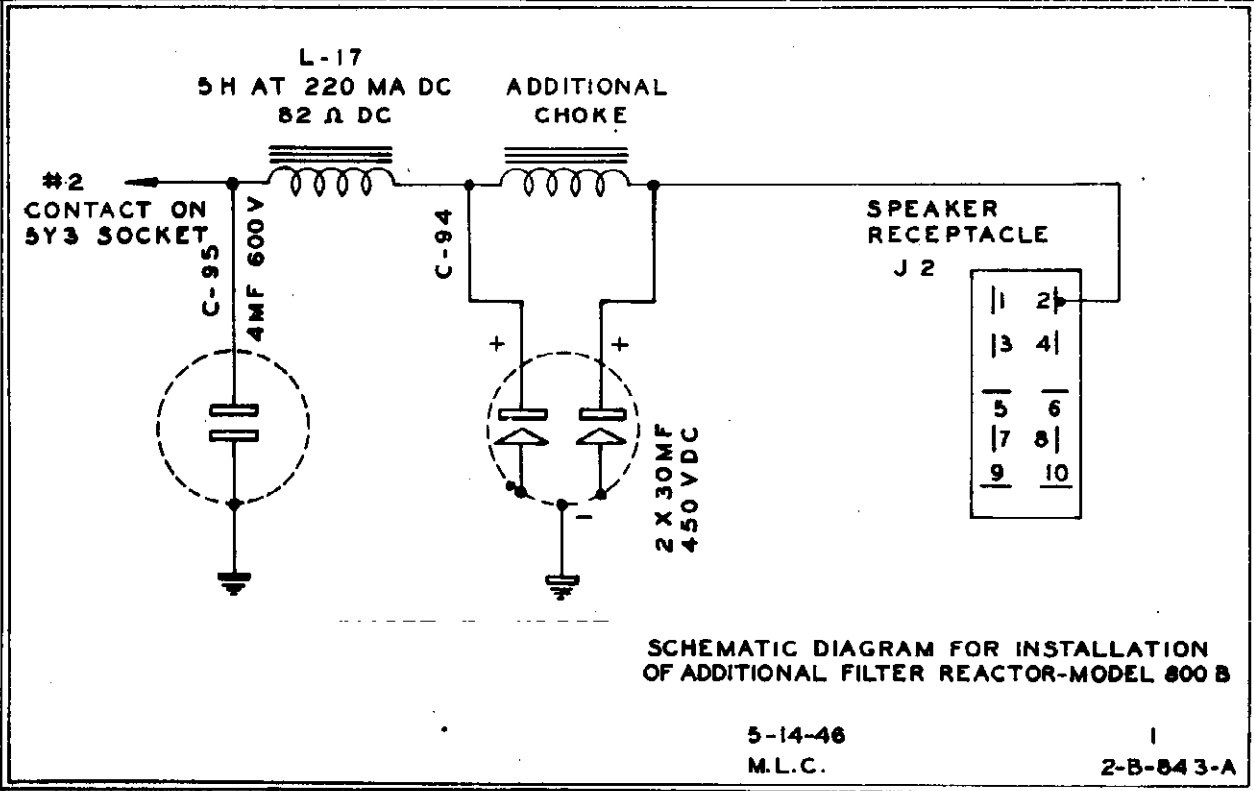
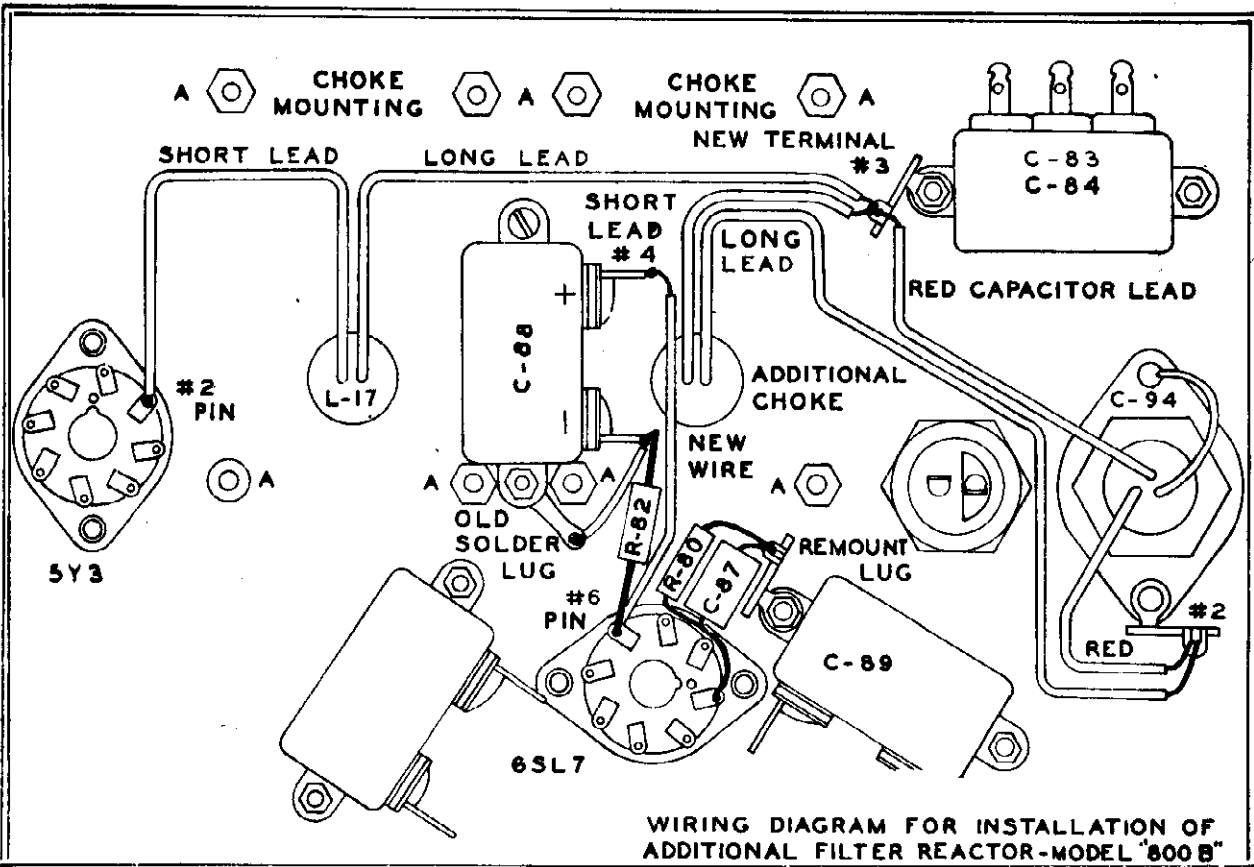
A. Receiver hums when power is switched off.

In the 800-B, push-button tuning is accomplished by means of a motor driven mechanism. The transformer supplying the power for the drive motor, FM-AM changeover relay and the "power on-off" relay, is connected to the power circuit at all times. Therefore, a mechanical vibration may be heard even though the receiver is switched off. This form of hum is caused by transformer laminations vibrating against the bottom cover plate of the power amplifier.

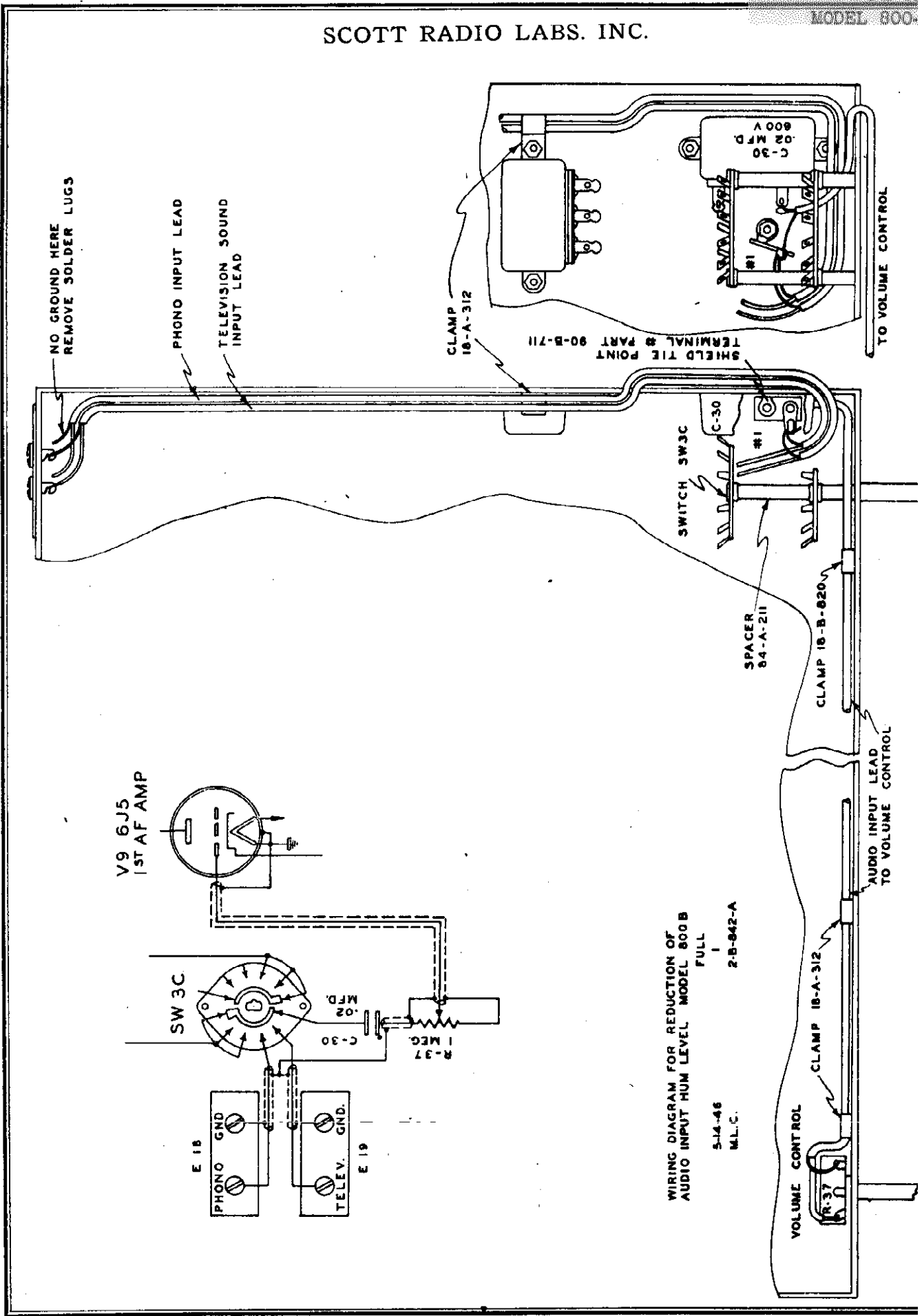
To remedy this condition, remove the bottom plate of the power supply and apply strips of masking or adhesive tape along the bottom edge of the transformer so that the bottom plate cannot make metal to metal contact with the transformer case. In some extreme cases it may be necessary to mount the power supply on sp rubber strips or felt bumpers in order to entirely eliminate this trouble.

May 18, 1946

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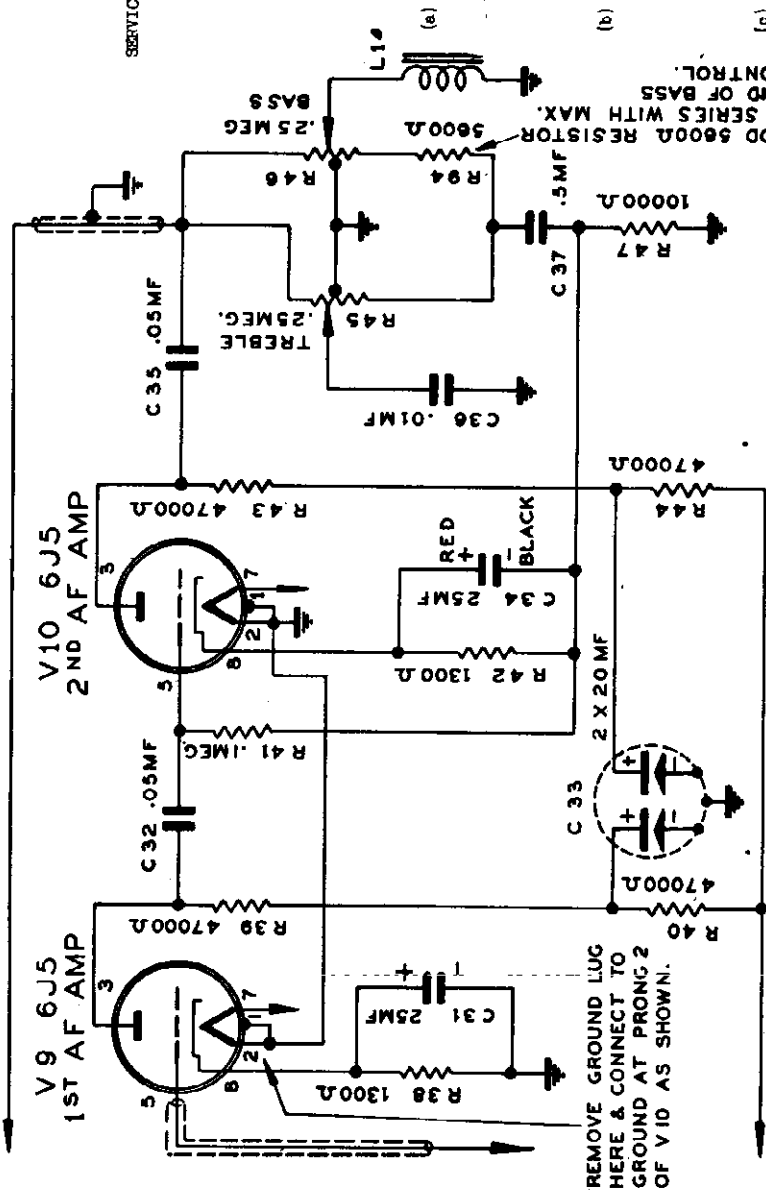
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WIRING DIAGRAM FOR REDUCTION OF
AUDIO INPUT HUM LEVEL MODEL 800B
FULL
1
2-B-842-A

SERVICE NOTES FOR MODEL 800-B

CONTINUED NOTES OF REDUCTION OF HUM OUTPUT AND AUDIO NOISES



MODEL 800B RADIO-PHONOGRAPH
CIRCUIT REVISION OF CHANGES OUTLINED IN SERVICE NOTES
DATED AUGUST 9 1946

Further investigations of hum problems have revealed that additional steps can be taken if satisfactory hum level is not accomplished by changes recommended in previous Service Notes.

We wish to repeat that tubes are often the cause of hum. Here at the Laboratory individual tubes have developed excessive hum output after the sets passed all our tests. Therefore, be sure to select tubes having the lowest hum level by trying several 6J5 and 6SL7 tubes. Carry spare tubes with you when installing the set as some may go bad from jolting received during delivery. If the receiver has incorporated the changes covered in previous Service Notes the following additional steps may be taken:

- (1) Check to determine whether the lead from muting relay K3 is connected to the 6SL7 grid pin No. 1 or the 6L6-V20 grid. If it is connected to the 6SL7 input grid, move it to the 6L6-V20 input grid. This change prevents hum in the relay lead from being amplified by the 6SL7 tube.
- (2) To reduce hum to the lowest possible level the following steps may be taken:

- (a) Add a 5000 ohm resistor (our Part No. 70A50, or equivalent) to the base control circuit between the yellow leads and their terminal of the control R46. This resistor may be supported by a single lug terminal strip (our Part No. 90E711 or equivalent.) which can be mounted by a screw and nut already available near the base control. The new resistor will be designated by the symbol R44.
- (b) Remove the direct ground lug connection from contact #2 of the 1st audio socket X9 and add a 64" insulated wire between the common connection of pins #1 and #2 on the 1st audio socket and the same points on the 2nd audio socket X10. This change simply grounds the 1st audio shield and filament at the 2nd audio socket instead of at the 1st audio socket.
- (c) The 1st audio shielded grid lead may be shortened from 10 1/2" to 7" and run directly across the sockets to the volume control, instead of routing it around the chassis.
- (d) Dress R80 and C87 as far as possible from heater pin #7 of the 6SL7 socket to prevent hum pickup in these components.

- (3) Check the wiring of capacitor (C34), 25 mfd 25 volt electrolytic condenser, to determine whether it is connected correctly. The positive end of this capacitor should be connected to the cathode of the 6J5 and the negative end to the junction of R42 and R47. Some sets may have gone through our inspection with this capacitor wired backwards. An incorrect connection will not show initially on electrical tests, but some hum and noise may develop from it after a period of a few weeks operation.

Items Nos. 1 and 2 will be incorporated in sets numbering Serial 3,000 up to eliminate possible trouble from these sources.

AUGUST 9, 1946

SCOTT RADIO LABS. INC.

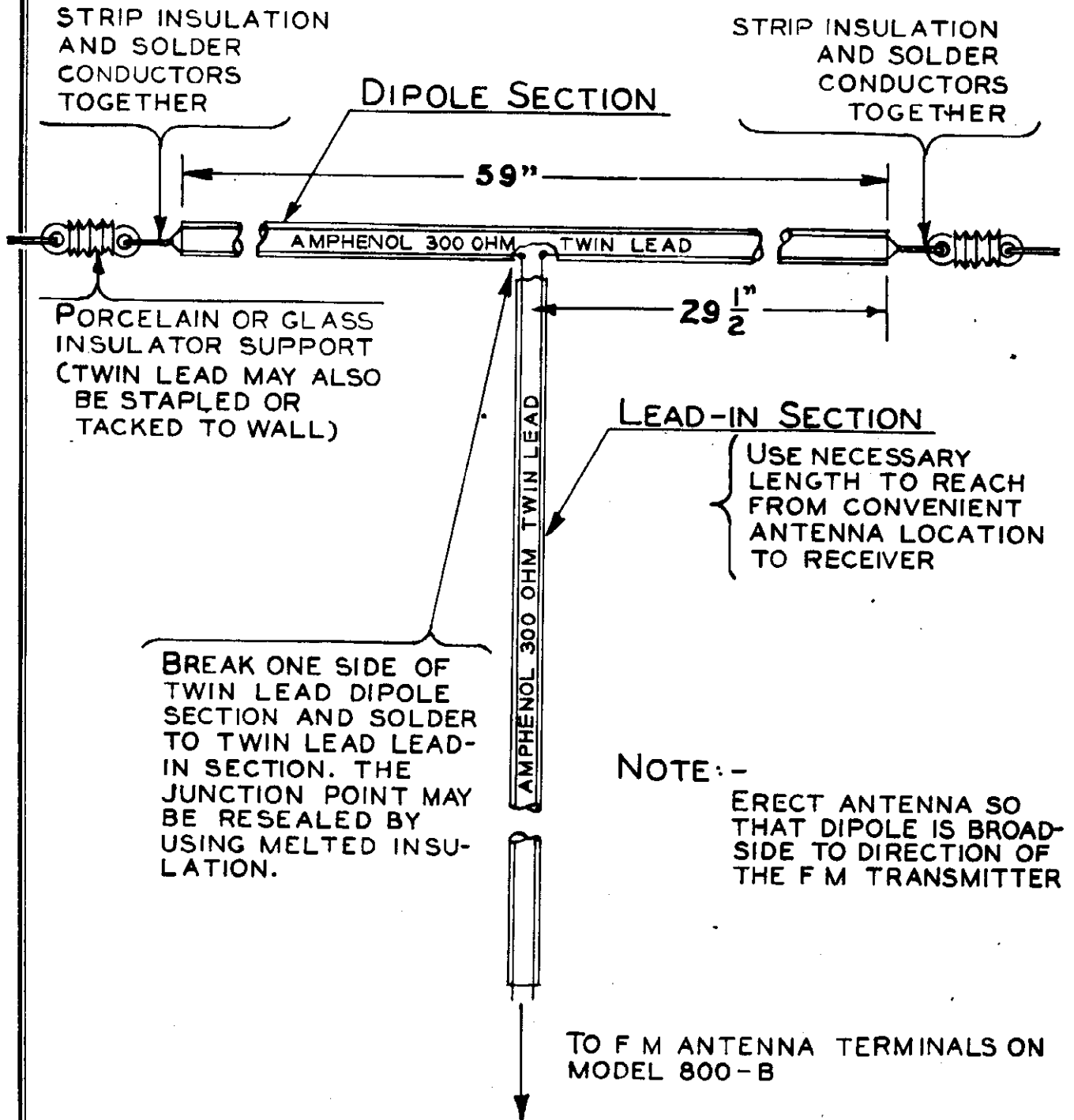


DIAGRAM 1. INSTALLATION OF 300 OHM FOLDED F M DIPOLE INDOOR OR OUTDOOR ANTENNA.

SCOTT RADIO LABS. INC.

Table 5 Parts List By Symbol Designation				Table 5 Parts List By Symbol Designation			
Symbol Desig.	Function	Description	Part Number	Symbol Desig.	Function	Description	Part Number
CAPACITORS				CAPACITORS (Continued)			
C1	BC Band ant. sec. trimmer	Capacitor, ceramic trimmer, 4-25 MUF, screwdriver adj.	15A21	C33	V9 plate filter	Capacitor, electrolytic, 20/20 MFD, 450 V DC wkg., bakelite case 1 3/8" dia. x 3 1/2" long, 3 wire leads, black common, mounts by 3/4-16 threaded bushing	15B745
C2	SW Band ant. sec. trimmer	Same as C1		C33A	V9 plate filter	Same as C33	
C3	V1, AM-RF amp. grid coupling	Capacitor, mica, 240 MUF, 10%, 500 V DC wkg., CM20 case, wire leads	15A31	C33B	V10 plate filter	Same as C33	
C4	V1, AM-RF amp. cathode bypass	Capacitor, paper, .1/.1 MFD 20%, 600 V DC wkg., bathtub can, 2 lugs, can common	15B796	C34	V10 cathode bypass	Same as C31	
C4A	V1, AM-RF amp. screen bypass	Capacitor, variable air, 3 gang in 4 gang frame, 2 sections per gang. Section 1: 21 plates, min. cap. 8.5 MUF, max. cap. 410.5 MUF. Section 2: 5 plates, min. cap. 8 MUF, max. cap. 26.4 MUF. Shaft: 3/8" dia. x 2 5/8" L at front - 3/8" dia. x 9/16" at rear	15B475	C35	V10 plate coupling	Capacitor, paper, .05 MFD 20%, 600 V DC wkg., bathtub can, 2 lugs	15A13
C5	Main tuning capacitor	Capacitor, variable air, 3 gang in 4 gang frame, 2 sections per gang. Section 1: 21 plates, min. cap. 8.5 MUF, max. cap. 410.5 MUF. Section 2: 5 plates, min. cap. 8 MUF, max. cap. 26.4 MUF. Shaft: 3/8" dia. x 2 5/8" L at front - 3/8" dia. x 9/16" at rear	15B475	C36	Treble control series	Capacitor, mica, .01 MFD 20%, 500 V DC wkg., CM35 case, wire leads	15A41
C5A1	AM-RF amp. tuning	Same as C5		C37	Tone control circuit series	Capacitor, paper, .5 MF 20%, 600 V DC wkg., bathtub can, 2 lugs	15B636
C5A2	FM-RF amp. tuning	Same as C5		C38	L9 - FM ant. secondary shunt	Capacitor, silver ceramic, 20 MUF 10%, 500 V DC wkg., insulated, wire leads	15B864
C5B1	AM-osc. tuning	Same as C5		C39	L9 - FM ant. secondary trimmer	Same as C6	
C5B2	FM-osc. tuning	Same as C5		C40	V11 - FM-RF amp. cathode bypass	Capacitor, mica, 390 MUF 10%, 500 V DC wkg., CM20 case, wire leads	15B799
C5C1	AM-mixer tuning	Same as C5		C41	V11 - FM-RF amp. screen bypass	Same as C40	
C5C2	FM-mixer tuning	Same as C5		C42	L10 - FM osc. coil shunt	Capacitor, silver ceramic, 10 MUF plus or minus 1 MUF 500 V DC wkg., insulated, wire leads	15A22
C6	BC Band osc. trimmer	Capacitor, variable air trimmer, 5-25 MUF 7 plates, 1/4" hex shaft 1/8" L with screwdriver adj. slot	15A18	C43	L10 - FM osc. coil trimmer	Same as C27	
C7	BC Band osc. fixed padder	Capacitor, silver mica, 390 MUF 5%, 500 V DC wkg., CM20 case, wire leads	15B961	C44	V12 - FM osc. grid	Same as C27	
C8	BC Band osc. variable padder	Capacitor, variable air trimmer, 5-25 MUF, 12 plates, 1/4" hex shaft 1/8" L with screwdriver adj. slot	15A20	C45	V13 - FM mixer cathode bypass	Same as C40	
C9	SW Band osc. fixed padder	Capacitor, silver mica, 4700 MUF 5%, 500 V DC wkg., CM 35 case, wire leads	15B798	C46	V12 - FM osc. plate bypass	Same as C40	
C10	SW Band osc. trimmer	Same as C6		C47	V11 - FM-RF amp. plate filter	Same as C40	
C11	V2, AM osc. grid coupling	Capacitor, silver mica, 51 MUF 5%, 600 V DC wkg., CM20 case, wire leads	15A28	C48	L11 - FM mixer coil shunt	Same as C42	
C12	V2, AM osc. plate bypass	Capacitor, paper, .05 MFD +30-10%, 600 V DC wkg., insulated wire leads	15B639	C49	L11 - FM mixer coil trimmer	Same as C5	
C13	AM-osc. temp. compensating	Capacitor, silver ceramic, 10 MUF plus or minus 1 MUF 500 V DC wkg., temp. coeff N-750	15B904	C50	V13 heater bypass	Same as C40	
C14	V2 cathode to V3 osc. input grid	Same as C11		C51	V13 screen bypass	Same as C40	
C15	BC Band mixer trimmer	Same as C6		C52	L12 - 1st FM-IF primary tuning	Same as C27	
C16	SW Band mixer trimmer	Same as C6		C53	V13 plate filter	Capacitor, mica, 6200 MUF 20%, 500 V DC wkg., CM35 case, wire leads	15A40
C17	V3 grid coupling	Same as C3		C54	L13 - 1st FM-IF secondary tuning	Same as C53	
C18	V1 plate filter	Capacitor, paper, .1/.1 MFD 20%, 600 V DC wkg., bathtub can, 3 lugs, can common	15A10	C55	V14 cathode bypass	Same as C53	
C18A	V3 screen filter	Capacitor, paper, .1 MFD +30-10%, 600 V DC wkg., metal tubular case, mtg. strap, insulated wire leads both ends	15A409	C56	V14 heater bypass	Same as C53	
C18B	V3 cathode bypass	Same as C18		C57	V14 screen bypass	Same as C53	
C19	V3 plate bypass	Capacitor, paper, .1 MFD +30-10%, 600 V DC wkg., metal tubular case, mtg. strap, insulated wire leads both ends		C58	V14 plate filter	Same as C53	
C20	T1 - 1st AM-IF primary tuning	Capacitor, silver mica, 290 MUF 5%, 500 V DC wkg., CM20 case, wire leads	15A30	C59	T4 - 2nd FM-IF primary tuning	Same as C11	
C21	T1 - 1st AM-IF secondary tuning	Capacitor, silver mica, 240 MUF 5%, 500 V DC wkg., CM20 case, wire leads	15B602	C60	T4 - 2nd FM-IF secondary tuning	Same as C11	
C22	V4 grid return filter	Same as C18		C61	V15 grid coupling	Same as C11	
C23	V4 cathode bypass	Same as C18		C62	V15 cathode bypass	Same as C53	
C23A	V4 screen bypass	Same as C18		C63	V15 heater bypass	Same as C53	
C23B	V4 plate filter	Same as C18		C64	V15 screen bypass	Same as C53	
C23C	V4 plate filter	Same as C18		C65	V15 plate filter	Same as C53	
C24	T2 - 2nd AM-IF primary tuning	Same as C21		C66	T5 - 3rd FM-IF primary tuning	Same as C11	
C25	T2 - 2nd AM-IF secondary tuning	Same as C21		C67	T5 - 3rd FM-IF secondary tuning	Same as C11	
C26	V5 cathode bypass	Same as C18		C68	V16 grid coupling	Same as C11	
C26A	V5 screen bypass	Same as C18		C69	V16 heater bypass	Same as C53	
C26B	V5 plate filter	Same as C18		C70	V16 screen bypass	Same as C53	
C27	T3 - 3rd AM-IF primary tuning	Capacitor, silver mica, 100 MUF 5%, 500 V DC wkg., CM20 case, wire leads	15A428	C71	V16 plate filter	Capacitor, paper, .25 MFD 20%, 600 V DC wkg., bathtub can, 2 lugs	15A14
C28	V6 diode return bypass	Capacitor, mica, 51 MUF 20% 800 V DC wkg., CM20 case, wire leads	15A27	C72	T6 - 4th FM-IF primary tuning	Same as C11	
C29	V6 - N.L. cathode filter	Capacitor, paper, .05/.05/.05 MFD 20%, 600 V DC wkg., bathtub can, 3 lugs, can common	15B599	C73	T6 - 4th FM-IF secondary tuning	Same as C11	
C29A	AVC bypass	Same as C29		C74	V17 grid coupling	Same as C11	
C29B	AM tuning eye bypass	Same as C29		C75	FM tuning eye bypass	Capacitor, paper, .05/.05 MFD 20%, 600 V DC wkg., bathtub can, 3 lugs	15A11
C29C	Volume control input coupling	Same as C29		C75A	V17 grid return bypass	Same as C35	
C30	V6 - N.L. cathode filter	Capacitor, paper, .02 MFD 20%, 600 V DC wkg., bathtub can, 2 lugs	15A12	C75B	V17 grid return bypass	Same as C35	
C31	V9 - 1st AF amp. cathode bypass	Capacitor, electrolytic, 25 MFD, 25 V DC wkg., paper tubular case, wire leads	15B795	C76	B + bypass at V16 plate return	Same as C55	
C32	V9 plate to V10 grid coupling	Same as C12		C77	V17 heater bypass	Same as C53	
				C78	V17 screen bypass	Same as C53	
				C79	V17 screen bypass	Capacitor, paper, .25/.25 MFD, 20% 600 V DC wkg., bathtub can, 2 lugs, can common	15A425
				C79A	V17 screen bypass	Same as C6	
				C79B	V17 plate filter	Same as C42	
				C80	T7 primary trimmer		
				C81	T7 primary to secondary coupling		

* 470 MUF Part 15A32 after Serial 1500

SCOTT RADIO LABS. INC.

Table 5
Parts List By Symbol Designation

Symbol Desig.	Function	Description	Part Number
CAPACITORS (Continued)			
C82	T7 secondary trimmer	Same as C8	
C83	Discriminator diode filter	Same as C27	
C84	Discriminator diode filter	Same as C27	
C85	Discriminator output de-emphasis network	Capacitor, silver mica, 1300 MFP 5%, 500 V DC wkg., CMSO case, wire leads	15A415
C86	Audio input bypass at power supply	Same as C3	
C87	Audio compensating network at V19A grid	Same as C40	
C88	V19 cathode bypass	Capacitor, electrolytic, 25 MFD, 25 V DC wkg., bathtub can, 2 lugs, black negative	15A15
C89	V19A plate to V20 grid coupling	Same as C35	
C90	V19B plate to V21 grid coupling	Same as C35	
C91	V20, V21 cathode bypass	Capacitor, electrolytic, 25 MFD, 50 V DC wkg., paper tubular case, wire leads	15B358
C92	Audio output shunt	Capacitor, mica, 5000 MFP 20%, 1000 V DC wkg., bakelite case, tab terminals	15B763
C93	High voltage output filter	Capacitor, electrolytic, 30/30 MFD 450 V DC wkg., bakelite case 1 3/8" dia. x 3 1/2" long, 3 wire leads, black common, mounts by 3/4-16 threaded bushing	15B744
C94	Filter reactor output bypass	Same as C93	
C95	Filter reactor input bypass	Capacitor, paper, 4 MFD, 800 V DC wkg., metal can 1 1/2" dia. x 4 1/2" long, mounts by 3/4-16 threaded bushing, 2 lugs	15B491
C96	AC power input bypass	Same as C75	
C97	V19A input compensating	Capacitor, mica, 1000 MFP 10%, 500 V DC wkg., CMSO case, wire leads	15A35

MISCELLANEOUS ELECTRICAL PARTS

E1	AM-antenna terminal strip	Terminal strip, 3 terminals mounted on 3/4" W x 2" L bakelite strip, marked AM-ANT-GND	87B544
E2	FM-antenna terminal strip	Terminal strip, 3 terminals mounted on 3/4" W x 2" L bakelite strip, marked FM-ANT-GND	87B545
E3	BC Band ant. sec., L2 inductance adj.	Powdered iron core 5/16" dia. x 1/2" L, adj. screw 6-32 x 1" L slotted at end	24A99
E4	SW Band ant. sec., L4 inductance adj.	Powdered iron core 3/16" dia. x 1/2" L, adj. screw 6-32 x 1 1/2" L, slotted at end	24A98
E5	BC Band oscillator, L5 inductance adj.	Same as E3	
E6	SW Band oscillator, L6 inductance adj.	Same as E3	
E7	BC Band mixer, L7 inductance adj.	Same as E3	
E8	SW Band mixer, L8 inductance adj.	Same as E3	
E9	1st AM-IF primary inductance adj.	Same as E4	
E10	1st AM-IF secondary inductance adj.	Same as E4	
E11	2nd AM-IF primary inductance adj.	Same as E4	
E12	2nd AM-IF secondary inductance adj.	Same as E4	
E13	3rd AM-IF primary inductance adj.	Same as E4	
E14	FM antenna secondary inductance adj.	Powdered iron core .274" dia. x 9/16" L, adj. screw 6-32 x 1 1/2" L slotted at end, iron core insulated from screw	24B756
E15	FM oscillator inductance adj.	Same as E14	
E16	FM mixer secondary inductance adj.	Same as E14	
E17	1st FM-IF primary inductance adj.	Same as E3	
E18	Phone-input terminal strip	Terminal strip, 2 terminals mounted on 3/4" W x 1 1/8" L bakelite strip, marked PHONO-GND	87A290
E19	Television input terminal strip	Terminal strip, 2 terminals mounted on 3/4" W x 1 1/8" L bakelite strip, marked TELEV-GND	87B548
E20	1st FM-IF secondary inductance adj.	Same as E3	

Table 5
Parts List By Symbol Designation

Symbol Desig.	Function	Description	Part Number
MISCELLANEOUS ELECTRICAL PARTS (Continued)			
E21	2nd FM-IF primary inductance adj.	Same as E4	
E22	2nd FM-IF secondary inductance adj.	Same as E4	
E23	3rd FM-IF primary inductance adj.	Same as E4	
E24	3rd FM-IF secondary inductance adj.	Same as E4	
E25	4th FM-IF primary inductance adj.	Same as E4	
E26	4th FM-IF secondary inductance adj.	Same as E4	
E27	Pushbutton switch cable terminal board	Terminal strip with 12 solder lugs, 1" W x 2 17/32" long bakelite strip	87B546A
E28	Dial drive motor	Motor, reversible type shaded pole, operates on 24 volts 50-60 CPS	88B447
E29	Dial pointer assembly	Dial indicator pointer with scale	89B749
E30	Dial calibration scale	Calibration scale on glass plate 4 1/2" x 1 1/2"	29B637
E31	Control knob	Plastic knob 1 1/8" dia. black with red arrow 1/4" bushing, 8-32 set screw	47B669
E32	Main tuning knob	Plastic knob 2" dia. Polished chrome finish 1/4" bushing - 8-32 set screw	47B660
E33	Pushbutton	Clear plastic pushbutton 1 1/16" sq. with slot for station indicator tab, fits .050 x .312 flat shaft	10B755
E34	Knob set screw wrench	Wrench for #8 hollow head set screws 5/64" hex x 1 7/8" long	94B910
E35	Backplate rotor disk insulator strip	Strip, bakelite 27/32" x 9/16" x 3/16" with .040 W x .058 H, rib in center	87B560
E36	Backplate rotor disk assembly	Rotor disk assembly for pushbutton tuning system backplate	2B390
E37	Backplate contact assembly (long bracket)	Contact assembly for pushbutton tuning system backplate - long bracket	8B505A
E38	Backplate contact assembly (short bracket)	Contact assembly for pushbutton tuning system backplate - short bracket	8B504A
E39	AM-IF resistor strip assembly	Strip, bakelite 6 lugs with resistors R1, R2 and R4	87B547B
E40	Converter channel resistor strip assembly	Strip, bakelite 6 lugs with resistors R9, R11 and R12	87B547C
E41	AM-IF resistor strip assembly	Strip, bakelite 12 lugs with resistors R22, R17, R55, R12, R13 and R13	87B546C
E42	AM diode resistor strip assembly	Strip, bakelite 12 lugs with resistors R36, R33, R32, R34, R35 and R33	87B546B
E43	1st audio amp. resistor strip assembly	Strip, bakelite 6 lugs with resistors R40, R39 and R38	87B547D
E44	2nd audio amp. resistor strip assembly	Strip, bakelite 12 lugs with resistors R44, R43, R42, R41 and R47	87B546D
E45	1st FM-IF resistor strip assembly	Strip, bakelite 6 lugs with resistors R50, R6 and R F choke L15	87B547E
E46	2nd FM-IF resistor strip assembly	Strip, bakelite 6 lugs with resistors R63, R64 and R65	87B547F

FUSES

F1	Power transformer primary fuse	Fuse, miniature cartridge, 3A, 250 V, 1/4" dia. x 1 1/2" L	37A162
F2	Pushbutton tuning transformer primary fuse	Fuse, miniature cartridge, 1A, 250 V, 1/4" dia. x 1 1/2" L	37B255

DIAL LAMPS

I1	Dial lighting lamp	Lamp, miniature bayonet base, 6-3 V @ .150 amp. #47, brown bead	49A169
I2	Dial lighting lamp	Same as I1	
I3	Phone indicator lamp	Same as I1	
I4	BC Band indicator lamp	Same as I1	
I5	SW Band indicator lamp	Same as I1	
I6	FM Band indicator lamp	Same as I1	

JACKS & RECEPTACLES

J1	Record changer power receptacle	2 contact female plug with metal shield cap and cable clamp	65B840
J2	Speaker receptacle	10 contact female receptacle, 11/16" W x 1 9/16" L, H.B. Jones type 8-310-AB	87B549
J3	Receiver power receptacle	12 contact female receptacle, 15/16" W x 1 1/2" L, H.B. Jones type 8-313-AB	87B541

SCOTT RADIO LABS. INC.

Table 5
Parts List By Symbol Designation

Symbol Desig.	Function	Description	Part Number
JACKS & RECEPTACLES (Continued)			
J4	Audio input receptacle	4 contact female receptacle 1 1/16" W x 3/4" L, H. B. Jones type S-304-AB	67B543
J5	FM-IF input receptacle	Single contact female receptacle, mounts in 5/8" dia. hole, Amphenol type 80C	67B634
J6	FM-IF input receptacle	Used on early model sets Receptacle, 2 contact female mounts in 5/8" dia. hole, type PC2F. Used on late model sets	67B960
J8	Remote keyboard receptacle	21 contact female receptacle 1" W x 2 1/4" L, H.B. Jones type S-321-AB	67B786
J7	Loop antenna receptacle	4 contact female receptacle 13/16" W x 1 1/4" L	67B645
RELAYS			
K1	FM-AM changeover relay	Relay, 2 position with 2 rotary type wafer switches SW6A and SW6B, 2 coils L18 and L19, operates on 10 V AC. Used before Serial 2000	69B733
K1	FM-AM changeover relay	Relay, 2 position with 2 rotary type wafer switches SW6A and SW6B, 2 coils L18 and L19, operates on 24 V AC. Used after Serial 2000	69B983
K2	AC power ON-OFF relay	Relay, 2 position with 1 rotary switch section SW5, 2 coils L20 and L21, operates on 24 V AC. Used before Serial 2000	69B734
K2	AC power ON-OFF relay	Relay, 2 position with 1 rotary switch section SW5, 2 coils L20 and L21, operates on 22 V AC. Used after Serial 2000	69B984
K3	Audio muting relay	Relay, S.P.S.T. contacts normally open operates on 2.4 V AC	69B507
K4	Relay for dial drive motor	Same as K3. Added after Serial 2000	
K5	Relay for dial drive motor	Same as K3. Added after Serial 2000	
INDUCTORS & CHOKES			
L1	BC Band antenna primary coil	RF inductor, universal wound on 1" dia. x 7/8" L form	20B604
L2	BC Band antenna secondary coil	RF inductor, universal progressive wound on 1" dia. x 1 1/8" L form, adjustable iron core	20B605
L3	SW Band antenna primary coil	RF inductor, solenoid wound on 3/4" dia. x 7/8" L form	20B608
L4	SW Band antenna secondary coil	RF inductor, solenoid wound on 3/4" dia. x 1 1/8" L form, adjustable iron core	20B609
L5	BC Band oscillator coil	RF inductor, solenoid wound on 1" dia. x 2 1/4" L form, adjustable iron core	20B607
L6	SW Band oscillator coil	RF inductor, solenoid wound on 3/4" dia. x 2 1/4" L form, adjustable iron core	20B611
L7	BC Band mixer coil	RF transformer, primary universal wound, secondary progressive universal wound on 1" dia. x 2 1/4" L form, adjustable iron core	20B606
L8	SW Band mixer coil	RF transformer, primary and secondary solenoid wound on 3/4" dia. x 2 1/4" L form, adjustable iron core	20B610
L9	FM antenna coil	RF transformer, primary and secondary solenoid wound on 1/2" dia. x 2 1/8" L form, adjustable iron core	20B612
L10	FM oscillator coil	RF inductor, solenoid wound on 1/2" dia. x 2 1/8" L form, adjustable iron core	20B614
L11	FM mixer coil	RF transformer, primary and secondary solenoid wound on 1/2" dia. x 2 1/8" L form, adjustable iron core	20B613
L12	1st FM-IF primary coil	RF inductor, solenoid wound on 1/2" dia. x 2 1/8" L form, adjustable iron core	20B618
L13	1st FM-IF secondary coil	RF inductor, solenoid wound on 7/16" dia. x 1 3/8" L form, adjustable iron core	20B619
L14	Bass boost choke	Audio reactor, 11 H @ 1000 CPS, no DC, laminated iron core, potted	17B591
L15	V14 plate filter choke	RF choke, 40 T #26 SSE wire on 9/32" dia. x 7/8" L form wire leads	17B761

Table 5
Parts List By Symbol Designation

Symbol Desig.	Function	Description	Part Number
INDUCTORS AND CHOKES (Continued)			
L16	FM discriminator audio filter	Same as L15	
L17	High voltage filter choke	Filter reactor, 5 H @ 200 MA DC, laminated iron core, potted in chrome plated case	17B492
L18	FM-AM relay coil	Relay coil, wound on insulated copper sleeve, two terminals, 425 T #24 E wire DC resistance 2 ohm or 350 T #22 E wire, DC resistance 1 ohm, operates on 10 volts 60 CPS. Used on receivers before Serial 2000	20B707
L19	FM-AM relay coil	Same as L18	20B707
L18	FM-AM relay coil	Relay coil, wound on insulated copper sleeve, two terminals, 800 T #30 E wire DC resistance 13 ohms, operates on 24 volts 60 CPS Used on receivers after Serial 2000	20B982
L19	FM-AM relay coil	Same as L18	20B982
L20	AC power ON-OFF relay coil	Relay coil wound on insulated copper sleeve, two terminals, 1200 T #28 E wire, DC resistance 20 ohms or 1100 T #29 E wire, DC resistance 16 ohms, operates on 24 volts 60 CPS. Used on receivers before Serial 2000	20B719
L21	AC power ON-OFF relay coil	Same as L20	20B719
L20	AC power ON-OFF relay coil	Relay coil wound on insulated copper sleeve, two terminals, 900 T #32 E wire, DC resistance 23 ohms operates on 24 volts, 60 CPS. Used on receivers after Serial 2000	20B977
L21	AC power ON-OFF relay coil	Same as L20	20B977
L22	Muting relay coil	Audio muting relay coil, part of K3 assembly, operates on 2.4 volts 60 CPS	
L23	Drive motor relay coil	Same as L22. See relay K4	
L24	Drive motor relay coil	Same as L22. See relay K5	
L25	High voltage filter choke	Same as L17	
LOUDSPEAKERS			
L51	Loudspeaker for 800-B	Loudspeaker, coaxial type, 15 inch low frequency with 5 inch FM tweeter mounted axially, complete with crossover network and cable with 10 contact plug P-310-CCT. Field for 15 inch speaker 675 ohms series and 9000 ohms shunt. Input impedance 8 ohms	85B490
L52	Loudspeaker for 800-B	Loudspeaker, 15" dynamic extended range. Field 675 ohm series and 9000 ohms shunt. Input impedance 16 ohms	85B909
PLUGS			
P1	Receiver chassis power plug	Plug, 12 contact, male, metal cover with cable clamp, Type P-312-CCT	65A184
P2	Receiver chassis audio plug	Plug, 4 contact, male, metal cover with cable clamp, Type P-304-CCT complete with 4 wire cable	65B677
P3	FM-IF input plug	Plug, single contact, male, Type 80M. Used on early model sets	65B666
P3	FM-IF input plug	Plug, 2 contact, male, Type M22M. Used on later model sets	65B959
P4	Loudspeaker plug	Plug, 10 contact, male, metal cover with cable clamp, Type P-310-CCT	65A186
P5	AC power input plug	Plug, 2 contact, male, plastic shell	65B679
RESISTORS			
R1	V1 - AM-RF grid return	Resistor, composition, .47 meg 10%, 1/2 watt, wire leads	70A61
R2	V1 - cathode bias	Resistor, composition, 560 ohms 10%, 1/2 watt, wire leads	70A46
R3	V1 - screen bleeder	Resistor, composition, 10,000 ohms 10%, 1/2 watt, wire leads	70A419

* These coils used on FM-AM and AC relays after Serial 2000.

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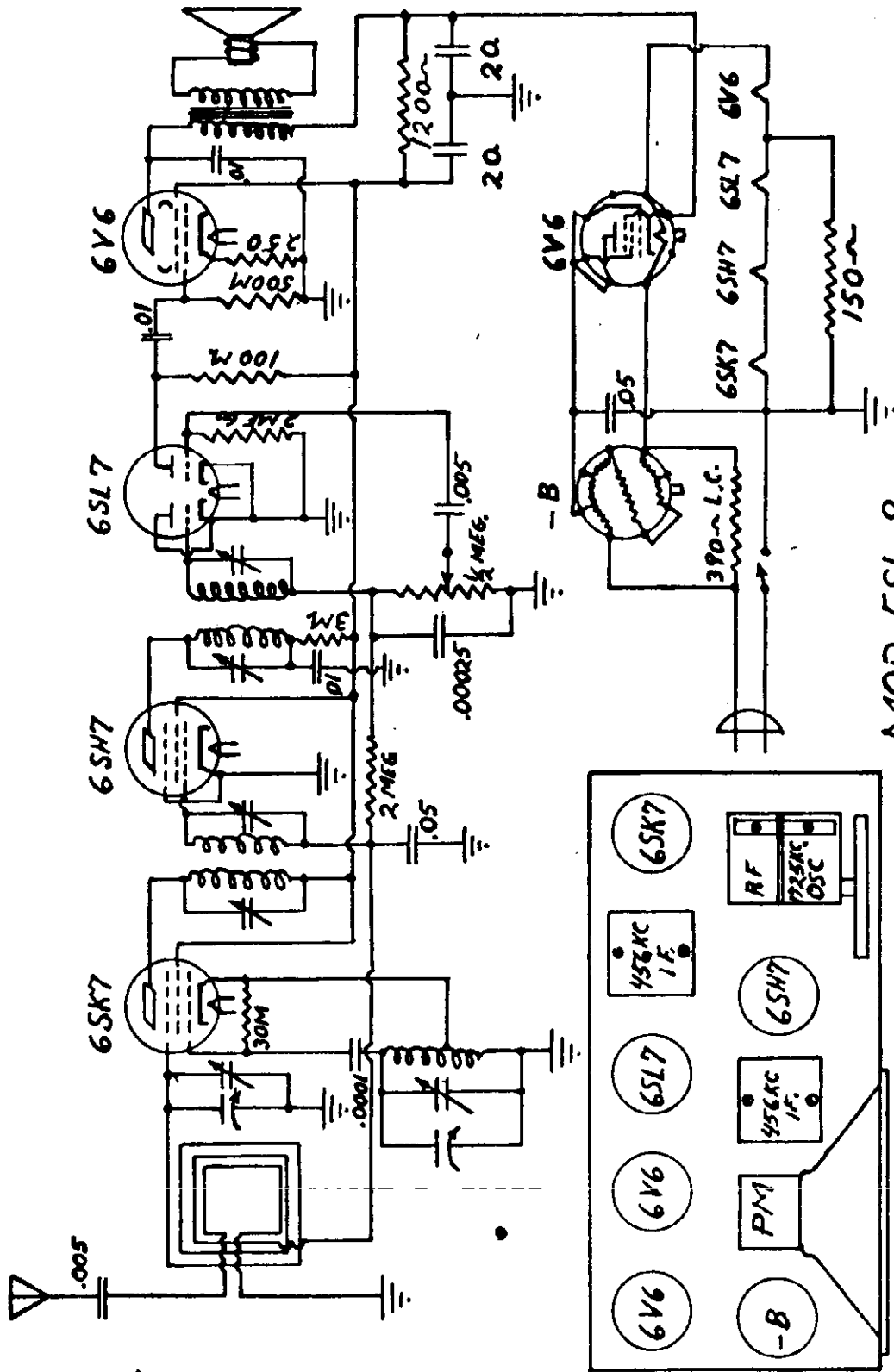
Table 5 Parts List By Symbol Designation			
Symbol Desig.	Function	Description	Part Number
RESISTORS (Continued)			
R4	V1 - Screen filter	Resistor, composition, 15,000 ohms 10%, 2 watt, wire leads	70B818
R5	Sensitivity control	Potentiometer, wire wound, 10,000 ohms 10%, 2 watt, linear taper, shaft: 1/8" dia. x 3" L, complete with SPDT switch SW4 for N.L. circuit	70B869
R6	V2 - AM osc. grid leak	Resistor, composition, 47,000 ohms 10%, 1/2 watt, wire leads	70A54
R7	V2 plate filter	Resistor, composition, 5100 ohms 10%, 1 watt, wire leads	70B648
R8	V3 - AM mixer grid return	Same as R1	
R9	V3 - injector grid return	Resistor, composition, 20,000 ohms 5%, 1/2 watt, wire leads	70A52
R10	V3 cathode bias	Resistor, composition, 240 ohms 5%, 1/2 watt, wire leads	70A45
R11	V1 - RF amp. plate filter	Resistor, composition, 1000 ohms 10%, 1/2 watt, wire leads	70A47
R12	V3 screen filter	Resistor, composition, 15,000 ohms 10%, 2 watt, wire leads	70A69
R13	V3 plate filter	Same as R11	
R14	1st AM-IF secondary series	Resistor, composition, 47 ohms 10%, 1/2 watt, wire leads	70A420
R15	1st AM-IF secondary series	Resistor, composition, 10 ohms 10%, 1/2 watt, wire leads	70A42
R16	V4 - 1st AM-IF amp. grid return	Resistor, composition, .22 meg 10%, 1/2 watt, wire leads	70A59
R17	V4 cathode bias	Same as R2	
R18	V4 screen filter	Resistor, composition, .1 meg 10%, 1/2 watt, wire leads	70A58
R19	V4 plate filter	Same as R11	
R20	2nd AM-IF secondary series	Same as R14	
R21	2nd AM-IF secondary series	Same as R2	
R22	V5 - 2nd AM-IF amp. cathode bias	Same as R18	
R23	V5 screen filter	Same as R11	
R24	V5 plate filter	Same as R11	
R25	AM tuning eye target series	Resistor, composition, 1 meg 20%, 1/2 watt, wire leads	70A53
R26	V11 - FM-RF amp. grid series	Resistor, composition, 5 ohms 10%, 1/2 watt, wire leads	70B960
R27	Not used		
R28	V8 FM tuning eye grid return	Same as R1	
R29	V8 FM tuning eye adj.	Potentiometer, composition, 1 meg 20%, .4 watt, shaft: 1/8" dia. x 1 1/32" L, screw-driver slot adj. linear taper	70B868
R30	V8 FM tuning eye target series	Same as R25	
R31	AM diode load	Same as R5	
R32	AM diode filter	Same as R5	
R33	V6 noise limiter cathode filter	Resistor, composition, .82 meg 10%, 1/2 watt, wire leads	70B649
R34	AVC line filter	Same as R33	
R35	V7 AM tuning eye filter	Resistor, composition, 2.2 meg 20%, 1/2 watt, wire leads	70A64
R36	V6 noise limiter cathode bias	Same as R33	
R37	Volume control	Potentiometer, composition, 1 meg 20%, .4 watt, clock-wise audio taper, shaft: 1/8" dia. x 3" long	70B870
R38	V9 1st AF amp. cathode bias	Resistor, composition, 1300 ohms 5%, 1/2 watt, wire leads	70B650
R39	V9 plate load	Same as R6	
R40	V9 plate filter	Same as R6	
R41	V10 2nd AF amp. grid return	Same as R18	
R42	V10 cathode bias	Same as R38	
R43	V10 plate load	Same as R6	
R44	V10 plate filter	Same as R6	
R45	Treble control	Potentiometer, composition, .25 meg 20%, .4 watt, clock-wise audio taper, tapped at .125 meg 20%, shaft: 1/8" dia. x 3" L	70B540
R46	Bass control	Same as R45	
R47	Tone control circuit return	Same as R3	
R48	V11 FM-RF amp. cathode bias	Resistor, composition, 150 ohms 10%, 1/2 watt, wire leads	70A44
R49	V11 screen filter	Resistor, composition, 56,000 ohms 10%, 1/2 watt, wire leads	70A55
R50	V12 FM oscillator grid return	Same as R18	
R51	V11 plate filter	Same as R11	
R52	V12 plate filter	Same as R7	

Table 5 Parts List By Symbol Designation			
Symbol Desig.	Function	Description	Part Number
RESISTORS (Continued)			
R53	V13 FM mixer grid series	Same as R26	
R54	V13 cathode bias	Same as R11	
R55	V13 screen filter	Same as R16	
R56	V13 plate filter	Resistor, composition, 2400 ohms 5%, 1/2 watt, wire leads	70A49
R57	V14 1st FM-IF amp. grid series	Resistor, composition, 56 ohms 10%, 1/2 watt, wire leads	70A43
R58	V14 cathode bias	Resistor, composition, 160 ohms 5%, 1/2 watt, wire leads	70B654
R59	V14 screen filter	Same as R49	
R60	V14 plate filter	Same as R56	
R61	T4 secondary shunt	Resistor, composition, 27,000 ohms 10%, 1/2 watt, wire leads	70A418
R62	V15 2nd FM-IF amp. grid series	Same as R57	
R63	V15 cathode bias	Same as R58	
R64	V15 screen filter	Same as R49	
R65	V15 plate filter	Same as R56	
R66	T5 secondary shunt	Same as R6	
R67	V16 1st FM limiter grid series	Resistor, composition, 27 ohms 10%, 1/2 watt, wire leads	70B666
R68	V16 plate and screen filter	Resistor, composition, 39,000 ohms 10%, 1 watt, wire leads	70B653
R69	V8 FM tuning eye grid filter	Same as R35	
R70	V17 2nd FM limiter grid series	Same as R67	
R71	V17 grid leak	Same as R61	
R72	V17 grid return filter	Resistor, composition, 15,000 ohms 10%, 1/2 watt, wire leads	70A51
R73	V17 screen bleeder	Resistor, composition, 15,000 ohms 10%, 1 watt, wire leads	70B683
R74	V17 screen filter	Same as R58	
R75	V17 plate filter	Same as R18	
R76	V18 FM discriminator filter	Same as R49	
R77	V18 diode load	Same as R18	
R78	V18 diode load	Same as R18	
R79	FM de-emphasis network	Same as R6	
R80	V19A grid series	Same as R1	
R81	V19A grid return	Same as R5	
R82	V19A, V19B cathode bias	Resistor, composition, 1500 ohms 10%, 1/2 watt, wire leads	70A48
R83	V19B plate load	Same as R16	
R84	V19A plate load	Same as R16	
R85	V20 grid return	Same as R16	
R86	V21 grid return	Same as R16	
R87	V19B grid return	Same as R16	
R88	V20, V21 cathode bias	Resistor, wirewound, 250 ohms 5%, 10 watt vitreous enamel, wire leads	70A70
R89	V20 plate to V19A plate feedback	Same as R25	
R90	Audio output filter	Resistor, wirewound, 10,000 ohms 10%, 10 watt, vitreous enamel, wire leads	70B760
R91	V22 anode, dropping resistor	Resistor, wirewound, 3000 ohms 10%, 10 watt, vitreous enamel, wire leads	70B681
R92	Receiver high voltage dropping resistor	Resistor, wirewound, 500 ohms 10%, 10 watt, vitreous enamel, wire leads	70B682
R93	Speaker series field dropping resistor	Same as R91	
SWITCHES			
SW1	Loop antenna switch	Switch, rotary, D.P.D.T., shaft: 1/8" dia. x 1 1/32" long screwdriver slot	89B528
SW2	AM Band change switch	Switch, 4 section rotary, 2 position indent, front shaft 1/8" x 2 15/16" long, shaft at rear 10 1/4" long, 1/4" dia. flat on 2 sides	89B508
SW2A	Antenna channel switch section	Switch section, 2 pole, 2 position, bakelite wafer, rotary type	89B508-2
SW2B	Oscillator channel switch section	Same as SW2A	
SW2C	Mixer channel switch section	Same as SW2A	
SW2D	Indicator lamp switch section	Switch section, 3 pole, 2 position, bakelite wafer, rotary type	89B508-1
SW3	Selectivity switch	Switch, 4 section rotary, 5 position indent, front shaft 1/8" dia. x 2 15/16" long, shaft at rear 1 1/4" long, 1/4" dia. flat on two sides	89B509
SW3A	1st AM-IF Switch section	Switch section, 2 pole, 5 position, rotary type, bakelite wafer	89B509-1
SW3B	2nd AM-IF switch section	Same as SW3A	

Table 5 Parts List By Symbol Designation			
Symbol Desig.	Function	Description	Part Number
SWITCHES (Continued)			
SW3C	Phono-Radio switch section	Same as SW3A	
SW3D	Indicator lamp switch section	Same as SW3A	
SW4	Noise limiter switch	Switch, S.P.D.T. mounted on rear of sensitivity control R5, throws at maximum rotation of control	
SW5	AC power relay switch section	Switch section, 3 pole, 2 position, rotary type, bakelite wafer	99B626-1
SW6A	FM-AM relay switch top section	Switch section, 4 pole, 2 position, rotary type, bakelite wafer	99B625-1
SW6B	FM-AM relay switch bottom section	Switch section, 2 pole, 2 position, rotary type, bakelite wafer	99B625-2
SW7	Muting relay switch	Switch, S.P.S.T. mounted on relay K3	
SW8	Pushbutton switch gang	Switch, gang consisting of 7, S.P.S.T. momentary contact switches actuated by push levers	99B478
SW9	Pushbutton switch gang	Same as SW8	
SW10	Drive motor relay switch	Same as SW7. See relay K4	
SW11	Drive motor relay switch	Same as SW7. See relay K5	
TRANSFORMERS, RF, AUDIO, POWER			
T1	1st AM-IF transformer	IF transformer, 455 KC, adjustable iron cores on primary and secondary	20B615
T2	2nd AM-IF transformer	IF transformer, 455 KC, adjustable iron cores on primary and secondary	20B616
T3	3rd AM-IF transformer	IF transformer, 455 KC, adjustable iron core on primary, secondary untuned	20B617
T4	2nd FM-IF transformer	IF transformer, 10.7 MC adjustable iron cores on primary and secondary	20B620
T5	3rd FM-IF transformer	IF transformer, 10.7 MC adjustable iron cores on primary and secondary	20B621
T6	4th FM-IF transformer	IF transformer, 10.7 MC adjustable iron cores on primary and secondary	20B622
T7	FM discriminator transformer	IF transformer, 10.7 MC, primary and secondary tuned by variable air trimmers	20B623
T8	Audio output transformer	Output transformer, primary 9000 ohms @ 1000 CPS, 100 MA DC, secondary 16 ohms tapped at 8 ohms, 25 watts	91B664
T9	Power transformer	Transformer, primary 120 V 50-60 CPS. Sec. 1-5 V @ 4A. Sec. 2-390-390 V @ 210 MA. Sec. 3-6.3 V @ 4 A. Sec. 4 6.6 V @ 4.6 A. Electrostatic shield between primary and secondaries	91B429
T10	Pushbutton tuning system transformer	Transformer, primary 117 volts 50-60 CPS. Sec. 46 V @ 2.5 A, tapped at 36 V and 24 V, primary designed for intermittent duty	91B694
VACUUM TUBES			
V1	AM-RF amplifier	Vacuum tube, 6SK7, octal base, remote cutoff pentode Heater: 6.3 V @ .3 amp	92A226
V2	AM oscillator	Vacuum tube, 6J5, octal base triode, Heater: 6.3 V @ .3 amp	92A228
V3	AM mixer	Vacuum tube, 6SA7, octal base, pentagrid converter, Heater: 6.3 V @ .3 amp	92A227
V4	1st AM-IF amp.	Same as V1	
V5	2nd AM-IF amp.	Same as V1	
V6	AM 2nd detector AVC, noise limiter	Vacuum tube, 6BE6, octal base, twin diode, Heater: 6.3 V @ .3 amp.	92A229
V7	AM tuning indicator	Vacuum tube, 6BE6, 6 prong base, cathode ray indicator, Heater: 6.3 V @ .3 amp	92B479
V8	FM tuning indicator	Same as V7	
V9	1st audio amp.	Same as V2	
V10	2nd audio amp.	Same as V2	
V11	FM-RF amp.	Vacuum tube, 6A05, miniature type, RF amplifier pentode, Heater: 6.3 V @ .3 amp	92B598
V12	FM oscillator	Vacuum tube, 6C4, miniature type, H.F. triode, Heater: 6.3 V @ .15 amp	92B597
V13	FM mixer	Same as V11	

Table 5 Parts List By Symbol Designation			
Symbol Desig.	Function	Description	Part Number
VACUUM TUBES (Continued)			
V14	1st FM-IF amp.	Vacuum tube, 6AC7, octal base, amplifier pentode, Heater: 6.3 V @ .45 amp	92A235
V15	2nd FM-IF amp.	Same as V14	
V16	1st FM-IF limiter	Vacuum tube, 6SJ7, octal base, sharp cutoff pentode, Heater: 6.3 V @ .3 amp	92A236
V17	2nd FM-IF limiter	Same as V16	
V18	FM discriminator	Same as V6	
V19	3rd audio amp. Phase inverter	Vacuum tube, 6SL7GT, octal base, twin triode, Heater: 6.3 V @ .3 amp	92B669
V20	Power output audio amp.	Vacuum tube, 6L60, octal base, beam power amp., Heater: 6.3 V @ .9 amp	92A233
V21	Power output audio amp.	Same as V20	
V22	Voltage regulator	Vacuum tube, 0D3-VRL50/30, octal base, glow discharge voltage regulator	92A237
V23	High voltage rectifier	Vacuum tube, 5Y3GT, octal base, full wave high vacuum rectifier, filament 5 V @ 2 amp	92B490
V24	High voltage rectifier	Same as V23	
WIRES AND CABLES			
W1	FM-IF lead	Shielded lead consisting of 7 ft RG98/U concentric line with single contact plug P3 type 60M attached. Used on early model sets.	65B656A
W1	FM-IF lead	Same as W1 above except plug is 2 contact type MC2M	65B659A
W2	Receiver power cable	Cable, 12 conductor, 2 shielded, with 12 contact plug P-312-CCT attached	96B676
W3	Audio connecting cable	Cable, 4 conductor, 2 shielded, with 4 contact P-304-CCT plug attached	96B677
SOCKETS			
X1	Socket for V1	Socket, 8 contact octal, black bakelite type MIP-8, marked 6SK7	82B431
X2	Socket for V2	Socket, 8 contact octal, black bakelite type MIP-8, marked 6J5	82B433
X3	Socket for V3	Socket, 8 contact octal, black bakelite type MIP-8, marked 6SA7	82B432
X4	Socket for V4	Same as X1	
X5	Socket for V5	Same as X1	
X6	Socket for V6	Socket, 8 contact octal, black bakelite type MIP-8, marked 6BE6	82B434
X7	Socket for V7	Socket, 6 contact, black bakelite PF-6 with metal cap	82B708
X8	Socket for V8	Same as X7	
X9	Socket for V9	Same as X2	
X10	Socket for V10	Same as X2	
X11	Socket for V11	Socket, 7 contact, miniature type with tube shield	82B663
X12	Socket for V12	Same as X11	
X13	Socket for V13	Same as X11	
X14	Socket for V14	Socket, 8 contact octal, black bakelite type MIP-8, marked 6AC7	82B438
X15	Socket for V15	Same as X14	
X16	Socket for V16	Socket, 8 contact octal, black bakelite type MIP-8, marked 6SJ7	82B439
X17	Socket for V17	Same as X16	
X18	Socket for V18	Same as X16	
X19	Socket for V19	Socket, 8 contact octal, black bakelite type MIP-8, marked 6SL7GT	82B687
X20	Socket for V20	Socket, 8 contact octal, black bakelite type MIP-8, marked 6L60	82B436
X21	Socket for V21	Same as X2	
X22	Socket for V22	Socket, 8 contact octal, black bakelite type MIP-8, marked VR-150	82B440
X23	Socket for V23	Socket, 8 contact octal, black bakelite type MIP-8 marked 5Y3-GT	82B437
X24	Socket for V24	Same as X23	

SEARLE AERO INDUSTRIES INC.



SEARLE AERO INDUSTRIES INC.	
RADIO MOD. 5SI-8	
DATE	PREPARED BY
10-22-45	L.H.C.
PART NO-36	CHECKED BY
SCHEMATIC	L.H.C.

MOD. 5SI-8
CLIPPER

This apparatus uses inventions of United States patents licensed by Radio Corporation of America. Patent numbers supplied upon request.

This apparatus is licensed under the patent rights of Hazeltine Corporation.

MODEL 5S1-8

SEARLE AERO INDUSTRIES INC.

LIST OF MOST COMMON TROUBLES

- SEARLE MOD. 5S1-8
CLIPPER

A - SET DEAD

1. Tubes don't light up right.

IF nothing lights up - 6V6 Line Cord or Switch is open.

IF 150 OHM Resistor is too hot - 6SK7, 6SH7 or 6SL7 is open.

IF Tubes glow dull Red inside cathodes - Ballast is open or line cord resistor
is open.

IF Tubes light too bright - Ballast or Line Cord is low.

2. If Tubes light up properly.

IF Voltage at V5 #8 is below 90 and Voltage is over 15 volt lower DN V4 #4 Circuit
is shorted probably if trans or filter condenser.IF Voltage is below 90 at V5 #8 and Voltage at V4 #4 is nearly same 6V6
rectifier is bad.

IF Voltage is low with hum Filter condenser is bad.

IF Voltages to above points are OK Check to V1 #6 and #8 V2 #6 and #8 -
Low V on #6 pins - bad solder, Low V on #8 pins - bad IF Trans.

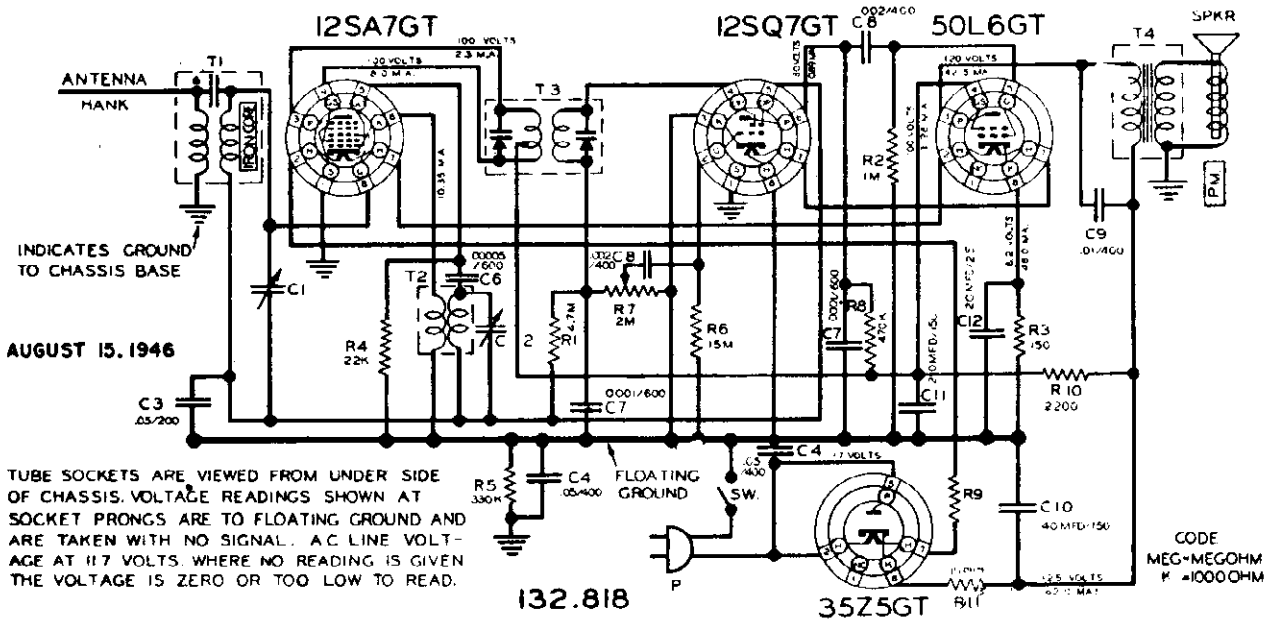
IF Set hums when finger is touched to hot side of pot Audio is OK.

IF Set is still dead, try new 6SL7 and 6SH7 then K7.

IF 456 KC comes through with tuning cond. open but not when closed - condenser
is shorted.

IF A.V.C. is shorted to ground 1st IF trans. is shorted.

IF Set plays good, test OKs but hums little try new 6SL7.



PRELIMINARY:

Output meter connection Across loud speaker voice coil
 Output meter reading to indicate 200 milliwatts8 volts
 Connection of generator ground lead Floating ground
 Generator Modulation 30%, 400 cycles
 Position of Volume Control Fully clockwise
 Position of Dial Pointer with Variable fully closed 54 on dial

POSITION OF VARIABLE	FREQUENCY GENERATOR	DUMMY ANTENNA	GENERATOR CONNECTION (high)	TRIMMERS ADJUSTED (In order shown)	TRIMMER FUNCTION
Open	455 kc.	.05 mfd.	12SA7GT grid	Top of T3	IF
1400 kc.	1400 kc.	.00005 mfd.	**Ant.	*C2	Osc.
600 kc.	600 kc.	.00005 mfd.	**Ant.	Check point	----

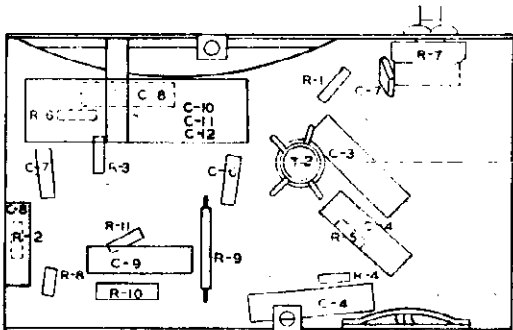
IMPORTANT ALIGNMENT NOTES

*Since the antenna stator section of the variable has no trimmer, the rotor is rocked back and forth while adjusting oscillator trimmer, to obtain maximum output.

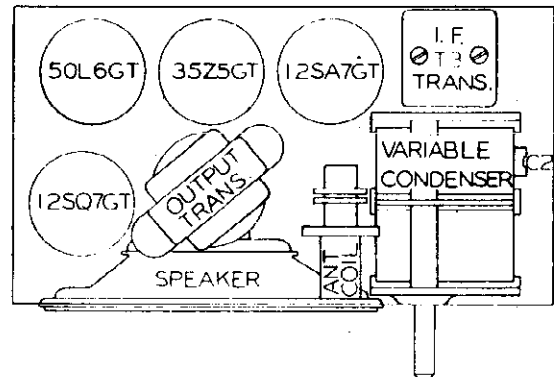
Check the sensitivity at 600 kc, if weak adjust antenna section plates for maximum output at 600 kc, tracking is accomplished by adjusting plates of rotor.

**Unsolder 20' antenna lead from lug on antenna coil, and connect signal generator lead to lug through .00005 uuf Dummy Antenna.

Approximate stage by stage sensitivities are: Mixer - 455 kc - 2600 uv;
 Mixer 1000 kc - 2600 uv; Antenna - 1000 kc - 180 uv.



LOCATION OF PARTS UNDER CHASSIS



MODEL 6002

MODEL 6100

MODEL 6100

Ch. 101.660-1A

SCHEMATIC LOCATION	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
	R13961	Button-Snap, Dial Mounting
	R17915	Cell-Bias
	R46116	Clip-Dial Light Socket
L1	R45439	Coil-Antenna Loading
L2	R45453	Coil-Oscillator
C11, C13, C14	R45421	Capacitor-Elect. 10 mfd. 25 V. 16 mfd. 300 V. 16 mfd. 375 V.
VC, C1, C4	R45409	Capacitor-Variable
C7		Capacitor-.05 mfd. 200V.
C5, C6		Capacitor-.1 mfd. 400V.
C3		Capacitor-.1 mfd. 200V.
C10, C12		Capacitor-.01 mfd. 400V.
C16		Capacitor-.01 mfd. 600V.
C15		Capacitor-.008 mfd. 600V.
C8		Capacitor-.00023 mfd. mica
C9		Capacitor-.0001 mfd. mica
C17		Capacitor-.00005 mfd. mica
R7	R45414	Control-On-Off & Vol.
	R18395	Cord-Line
	R57175	Dial-Station
	R57164	Escutcheon-Dial
	R49936	Knob-On-Off & Vol.
	R49935	Knob-Phono-Radio
	R49937	Knob-Tone
	R49938	Knob-Tuning
		Lamp-Pilot-Muscle*44
	R59036	Leaflet-Instruction
	R18112	Mounting-Bias Cell
	R57176	Pointer-Dial
R9		Resistor-10 meg. 1/3 W.
R3, R6		Resistor-2.2 meg. 1/3 W.
R8, R10		Resistor-470M ohms 1/3 W.
R1		Resistor-22M ohms 1/3 W.
R2		Resistor-15M ohms 2 W.
R11		Resistor-390 ohms 1 W.
R12		Resistor- 68 ohms 1/3 W.
	R45598	Shaft-Drive
	R44897	Socket-Phono
	R17982	Socket-Speaker
	R17987	Socket-Tube
		WHEN ORDERING SPEAKER PARTS, ALWAYS GIVE THE PART NUMBER APPEARING ON THE SPEAKER.
	R57103	Speaker-8" Dynamic
	R45475	Cone & Voice Coil
T3	R45476	Output Transf.
	R45477	Field Coil
	R19735	Spring-Drive String Tension
	R40241	String-Drive
	R57286	Switch-Phono-Radio
	R45438	Switch-Tone
T1	R57276	Transformer-#1 I.F.
T2	R57277	Transformer-#2 I.F.
T4	R45417	Transformer-Power 60 and 50 cycle

SEARS ROEBUCK & CO.

MODEL 6200

Ch. 101.800

SCHEMATIC LOCATION	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
	R57145	Antenna-Stratobeam Receptor Kit Complete
	R57037	Board-Antenna
	R13961	Button-Snap
	R57149	Cabinet
	R57045	Cable-Battery
C6, C12, C16		Capacitor-.01 mfd. 400 V.
C3		Capacitor-.05 mfd. 200 V.
C15, C10		Capacitor-.001 mfd. 600 V.
C17		Capacitor-.005 mfd. 400 V.
C9, C18		Capacitor-Mica-50 mmfd.
C1		Capacitor-Mica-150 mmfd.
C19		Capacitor-Mica-250 mmfd.
C2	R46799	Capacitor-Silver Mica 250 mmfd. 500 V.
C20	R57054	Capacitor-Dry. Elect. 10 mfd. 150 V.
C4, C8	R57096	Capacitor-Trimmer-2 Gang
	R57010	Clip-Drive Cord Anchor
	R57035	Cloth-Grille
	R45255	Coil-Choke-Antenna
L1	R57072	Control-On-Off & Volume
R10	R57132	Cover-Dial
	R57084	Dial-Station
	R57168	Knob-On-Off & Volume
	R57169	Knob-Tuning
	R59015	Leaflet-Instruction
	R57155	Pointer-Dial
	R57017	Pulley-Drive Shaft
	R43416	Pulley-Wood
		Resistor-1200 ohm 1/3 W.
R14		Resistor-4700 ohm 1/3 W.
R15		Resistor-22000 ohm 1/3 W.
R4		Resistor-47000 ohm 1/3 W.
R2		Resistor-180000 ohm 1/3 W.
R5		Resistor-220000 ohm 1/3 W.
R7		Resistor- 1 megohm 1/3 W.
R1, R12		Resistor-2.2 megohm 1/3 W.
R13		Resistor-3.3 megohm 1/3 W.
R3		Resistor-6.8 megohm 1/3 W.
R11		Resistor-1400 ohm 1/3 W.
R9		Resistor-15 megohm 1/3 W.
	R57008	Shaft-Drive
	R57049	Socket-Tube-8 Prong Lock-in
	R57034	Speaker-5-1/4" P.M.
	R57118	Spring-Extension
	R40241	String-Drive
T1	R57094	Transformer-I.F. #1
T2	R57116	Transformer-I.F. #2
T3	R57076	Transformer-Output
L2, L3	R57087	Tuner-Permeability Coil Unit

MODEL 6200

MODEL 6220

MODEL 6220

Ch. 101.801

SCHEMATIC LOCATION	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
	R57145	Antenna-Stratobeam Receptor Kit Complete
	R57037	Board-Antenna
	R13961	Button-Snap
	R57045	Cable-Battery
C22, C17		Capacitor-.001 mfd. 600 V.
C20		Capacitor-.005 mfd. 400 V.
C4, C5, C8		Capacitor-.01 mfd. 200 V.
C12, C18		Capacitor-.05 mfd. 200 V.
C10, C14		Capacitor-Mica-100 mmfd.
C19, C11		Capacitor-Mica-50 mmfd.
C7		Capacitor-Mica-100 mmfd.
C1		Capacitor-Mica-150 mmfd.
C21		Capacitor-Mica-250 mmfd.
C3	R46799	Capacitor-Silver Mica 250 mmfd. 500 V.
C13, C23	R57128	Capacitor-Dry. Elect.
C2, C6, C9	R57081	Capacitor-Trim. 3 Gang
	R57010	Clip-Drive Cord Anchor
L4	R45255	Coil-Choke-Antenna
R12	R57071	Control-On-Off Vol. & Tone
	R45218	Cover-Dial
	R57085	Dial-Station
	R57150	Knob-On-Off Int. & Vol.
	R57151	Knob-Tuning
	R57153	Knob-Tone Control
	R59019	Leaflet-Instructions
	R57156	Pointer Dial
	R18245	Pulley-Wood
	R43416	Pulley-Wood
	R57017	Pulley-Drive Shaft
R20		Resistor-680 ohms 1/3 W.
R17	R45254	Resistor-Flexchp 0.72 ohm 1.2 W.
R1, R2, R15		Resistor-1 meg. 1/3 W.
R16, R10		Resistor-2.2 meg. 1/3 W.
R3		Resistor-3.3 meg. 1/3 W.
R14		Resistor-6.8 meg. 1/3 W.
R13		Resistor-15 meg. 1/3 W.
R7		Resistor-680 ohm 1/3 W.
R19		Resistor-820 ohm 1/3 W.
R18		Resistor-1400 ohm 1/3 W.
R6		Resistor-33000 ohm 1/3 W.
R4		Resistor-68000 ohm 1/3 W.
R8		Resistor-68000 ohm 1/3 W.
R5		Resistor-180000 ohm 1/3 W.
	R57032	Shaft-Drive
	R57049	Socket-Tube-8 Prong Lock-in
	R57061	Speaker-5-1/4" P.M.
	R57118	Spring-Extension
	R40241	String-Drive
	R57038	Switch Slide-D.P.S.T.
T3	R57075	Transformer-Output
T2	R57095	Transformer-I.F. #2
T1	R57120	Transformer-I.F. #1
L1, L2, L3	R57102	Unit-Perm. Tuning Coil

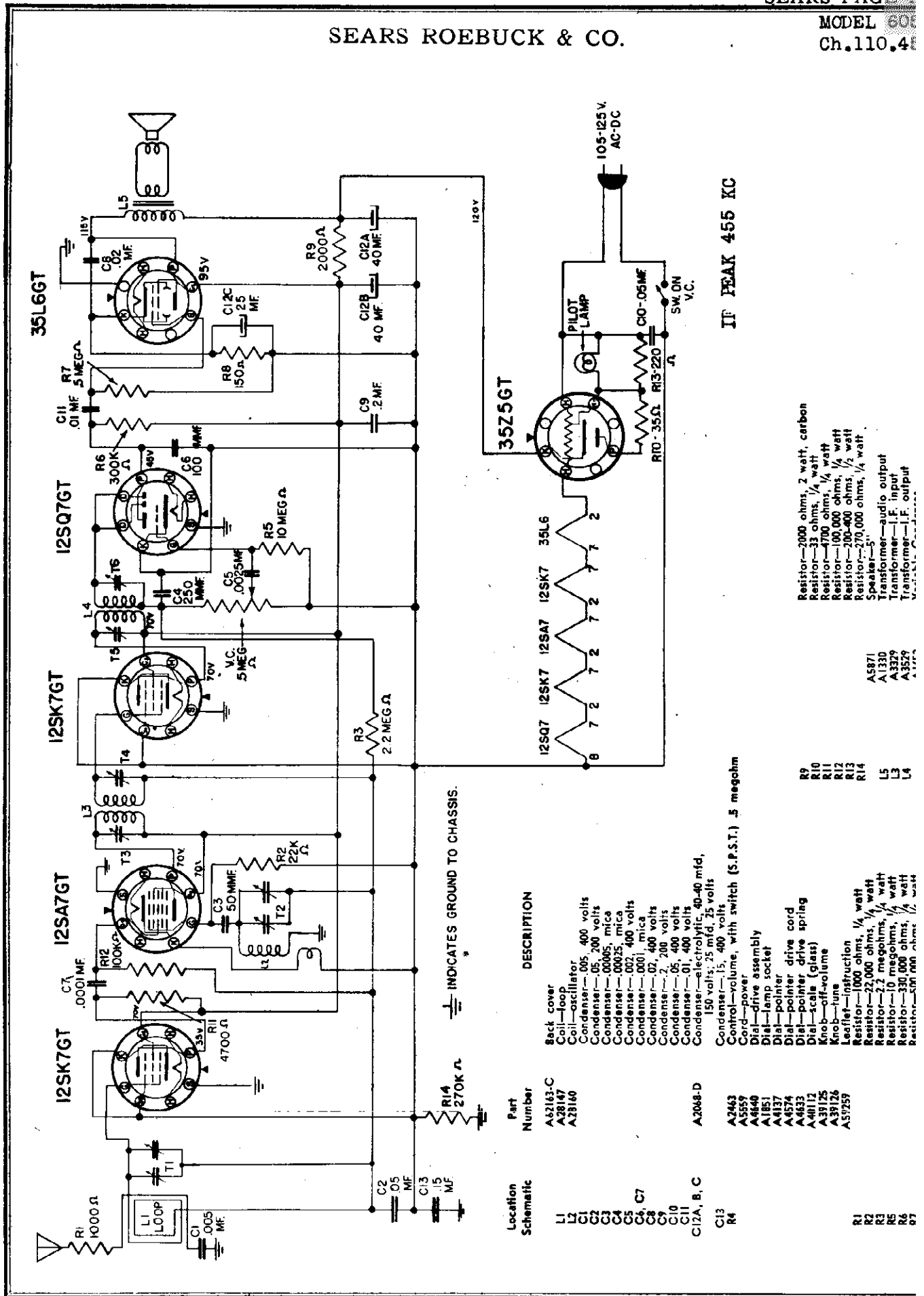
MODEL 6002, Chassis 132.818

SCH. LOC.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	SCH. LOC.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
R1		Resistor, 4.7 Megohms, 1/2 watt	C10		Condenser, 40 mfd., 150 volts
R2		Resistor, 1 Megohm, 1/2 watt	C11	N19176	Condenser, 20 mfd., 150 volts
R3		Resistor, 150 ohms, 1/2 watt	C12		Condenser, 20 mfd., 25 volts
R4		Resistor, 22,000 ohms, 1/2 watt		N19212	Cabinet rear cover assembly
R5		Resistor, 330,000 ohms, 1/2 watt	T1	N18255	Coil, antenna
R6		Resistor, 15 Megohms, 1/2 watt	T2	N18256	Coil, oscillator
R7	N18587	Resistor, 2 Megohm Volume Control & Switch	T3	N19649	Transformer, I.F.
			Spk.	N17209	Speaker less output transformer
R8		Resistor, 470,000 ohms, 1/2 watt	T4	N18258	Transformer output
R9	N19177	Resistor, 47 ohms, 1 watt		N19937	Speaker & output transformer ass'y.
R10		Resistor, 2,200 ohms, 1 watt		N19122	Dial scale emblem
R11		Resistor, 15 ohms, 1/2 watt		N19936	Cabinet, ivory
V1, C2	N17115	Condenser, Variable 2-gang		N19120	Knob, tuning, ivory
C5		Condenser, .05 mfd., 200 volts		N18673	Knob, volume, ivory
C4		Condenser, .05 mfd., 400 volts		N20064	Line Cord
C6		Condenser, .00005 mfd., 500 volts		N20040	Washer - White Felt
C7		Condenser, .0001 mfd., 500 volts		N18254	Socket - Tube
C8		Condenser, .002 mfd., 500 volts		N19292	Antenna Wire
C9		Condenser, .01 mfd., 400 volts		N19215	Instruction Sheet
				N19119	Wood Insulator, Rear Cover

Power Supply -- 105-125 Volts AC-DC, 35 Watts Tuning Range Broadcast Band 540-1600 Kc
 Power Output Speaker Voice Coil Impedance 3.2 Ohms
 Undistorted .8 Watts, Maximum - 2.5 Watts

GENERAL INFORMATION & SERVICE HINTS

Due to a wide variation in characteristics of 12SA7 tubes the set may have a tendency to oscillate when tube replacements are made. A 1 megohm resistor placed across the I F coil from B- to plate will usually correct this condition. Some sets already have this resistor installed.



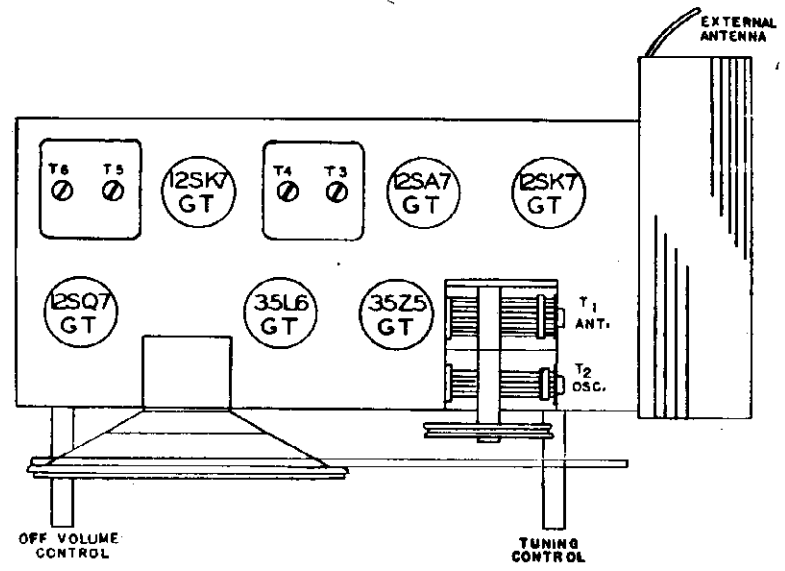
IF PEAK 455 KC

Location Schematic	Part Number	DESCRIPTION
L1	A2163-C	Back cover
L2	A28147	Coil—oscillator
C1	A28160	Condense—005, 400 volts
C2		Condense—05, 200 volts
C3		Condense—00005, mica
C4		Condense—00025, mica
C5		Condense—002, 400 volts
C6		Condense—0001, mica
C7		Condense—02, 400 volts
C8		Condense—2, 200 volts
C9		Condense—05, 400 volts
C10		Condense—01, 400 volts
C11		Condense—electrolytic, 40-40 mfd, 150 volts; 25 mfd, 25 volts
C12/A, B, C	A2068-D	Condense—15, 400 volts
C13	A2463	Control—volume, with switch (S.P.S.T.) .5 megohm
R4	A3557	Cord—power
	A4640	Dial—drive assembly
	A1851	Dial—lamp socket
	A4137	Dial—pointer
	A4574	Dial—pointer drive cord
	A4633	Dial—pointer drive spring
	A4812	Dial—scale (glass)
	A39125	Knob—off-volume
	A51259	Knob—tune
		Leaflet—instruction
R1		Resistor—1000 ohms, 1/4 watt
R2		Resistor—22,000 ohms, 1/4 watt
R3		Resistor—2.2 megohms, 1/4 watt
R4		Resistor—10 megohms, 1/4 watt
R5		Resistor—330,000 ohms, 1/4 watt
R6		Resistor—500,000 ohms, 1/4 watt
R7		Resistor—500,000 ohms, 1/4 watt
R8		Resistor—2000 ohms, 2 watt, carbon
R9		Resistor—33 ohms, 1/4 watt
R10		Resistor—4700 ohms, 1/4 watt
R11		Resistor—100,000 ohms, 1/4 watt
R12		Resistor—200-400 ohms, 1/4 watt
R13		Resistor—270,000 ohms, 1/4 watt
R14		Speaker—5"
L5	A5871	Transformer—audio, output
L3	A1320	Transformer—I.F. input
L4	A3329	Transformer—I.F. output
L4	A3329	Transformer—I.F. output

INDICATES GROUND TO CHASSIS.

MODEL 6052
Ch. 110.452

SEARS ROEBUCK & CO.



Output meter connections..... Across primary output transformer
 Connection of generator ground..... Floating Ground
 Generator modulation..... App. 30% @ 400 cycles
 Position of volume control..... Fully Clockwise

POSITION OF DIAL POINTER	GENERATOR FREQUENCY	GENERATOR CONNECTION	TRIMMERS ADJUSTED	TRIMMER FUNCTION
540 kc	455 kc	12SA7GT	T3, T4, T5, T6	I. F.
1500 kc	1500 kc	* * *	T2, T1	Osc., R. F.

See Note Below

IMPORTANT ALIGNMENT NOTES

It is advisable to repeat the entire alignment procedure in the original order to insure greater accuracy.

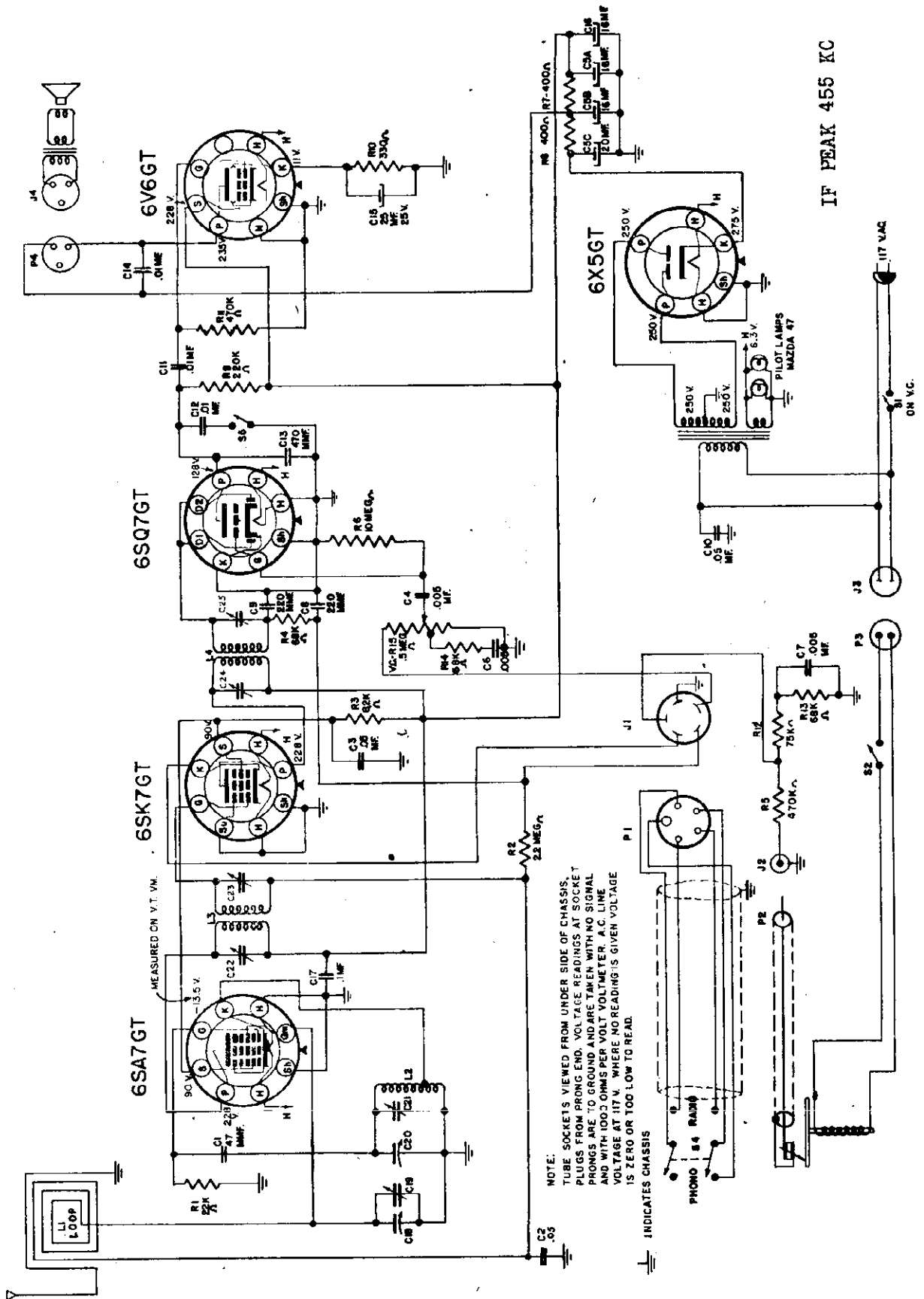
Always keep the output from the test oscillator at its lowest possible value. As the sensitivity is increased by alignment, the generator output should be reduced correspondingly.

***Run a wire from the output terminal of the generator near the receiver. However, no connection is made between the signal generator and the receiver.

DIAL LAMP:

A six volt bayonet dial lamp No. 47 is used in this receiver. The dial lamp may be removed for replacement by gently squeezing the dial lamp socket mounting bracket and withdrawing from the dial assembly. Replace the lamp with another of the same type. DISCONNECT THE RECEIVER FROM THE ELECTRICAL OUTLET BEFORE REPLACING THE LAMP.

SEARS ROEBUCK & CO.



NOTE:
 TUBE SOCKETS VIEWED FROM UNDER SIDE OF CHASSIS.
 PLUGS FROM PRONG END. VOLTAGE READINGS AT SOCKET
 PRONGS ARE TO GROUND AND ARE TAKEN WITH NO SIGNAL
 AND WITH 100Ω OHMS PER VOLT VOLTMETER. A.C. LINE
 VOLTAGE AT IT V. WHERE NO READING IS GIVEN VOLTAGE
 IS ZERO OR TOO LOW TO READ.

INDICATES CHASSIS

IF PEAK 455 KC

ON V.C.

MODEL 5072
Ch.110.454

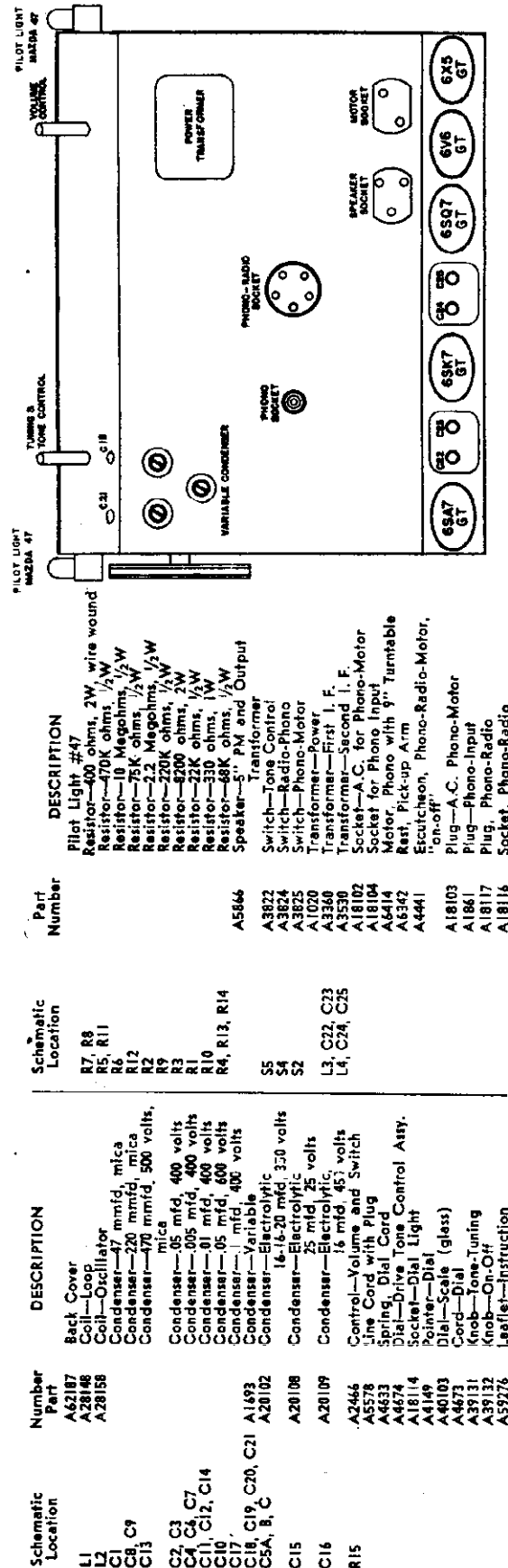
SEARS ROEBUCK & CO.

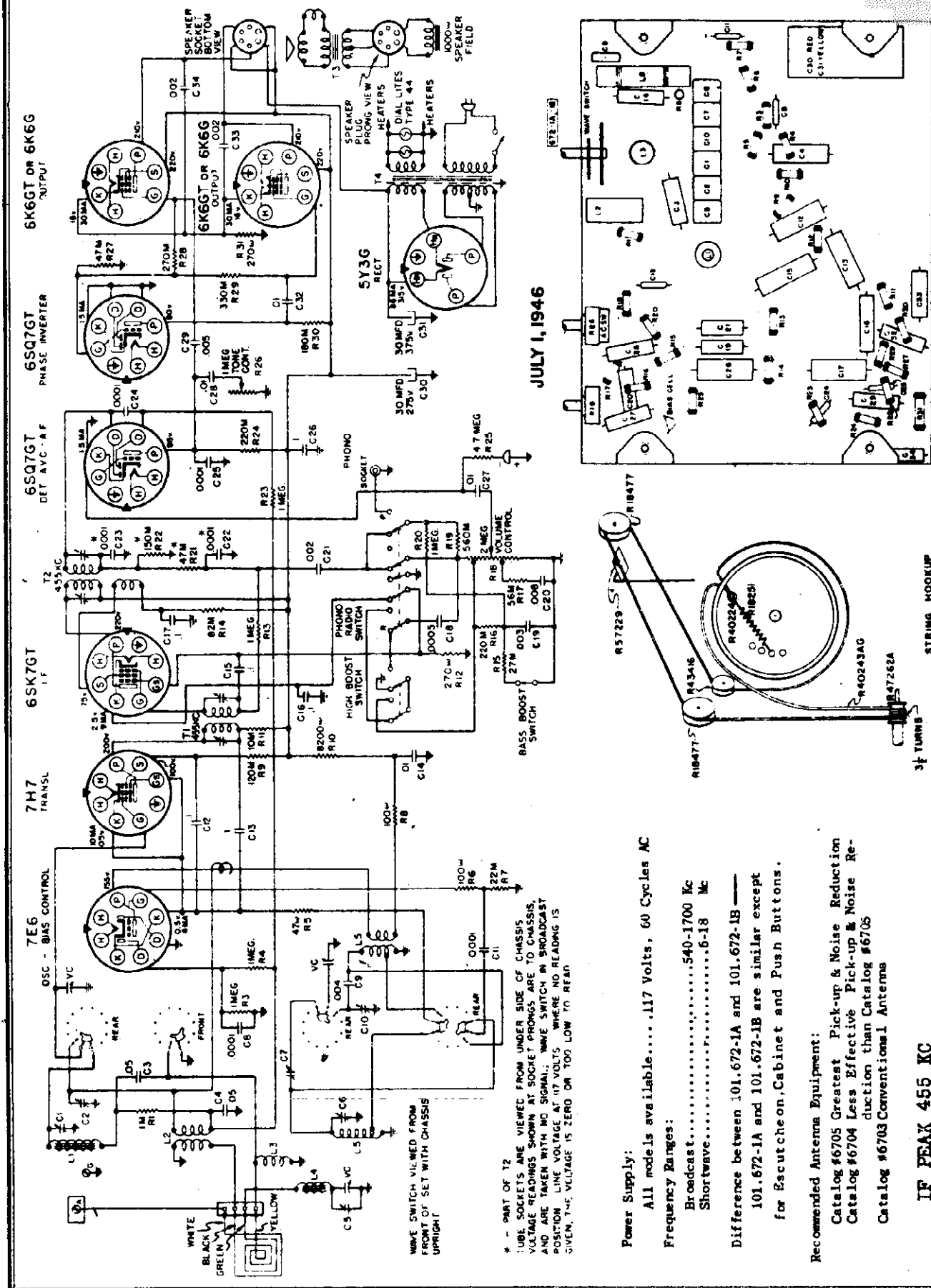
ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

Output meter connections.....Across voice coil (3.2 ohms)
 Output meter reading for 1/2 watt output.....1.25 volts
 Connection of generator ground.....to chassis
 Generator modulation.....Approx. 30% at 400 cycles
 Position of volume control.....Full clockwise
 Position of tone control.....High (In)
 Position of dial pointer with variable cond. fully closed.....First mark to left of "55" on dial scale

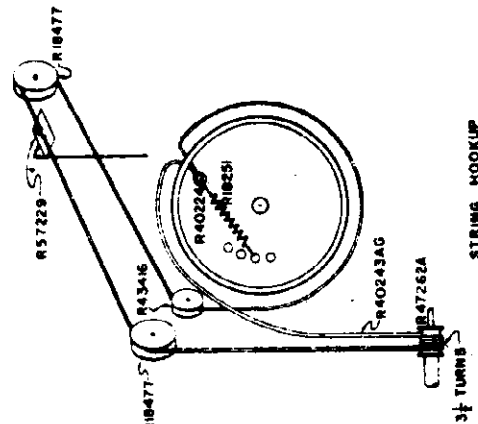
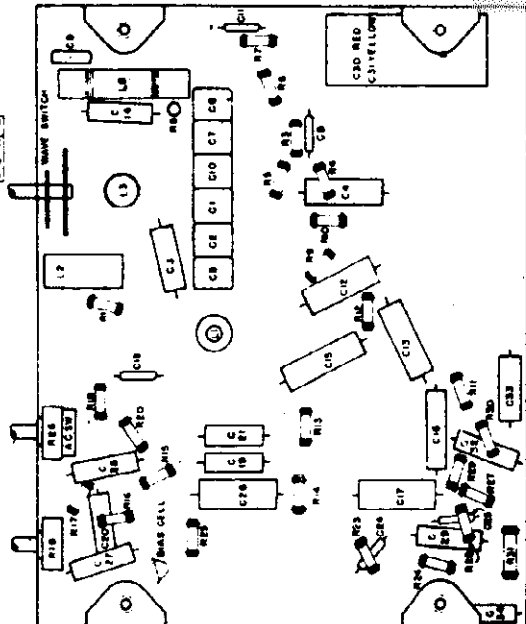
POSITION OF DIAL POINTER	GENERATOR FREQUENCY	DUMMY ANTENNA	ADJUSTED IN ORDER SHOWN	TRIMMER FUNCTION
540 kc	455 kc	.1 µfd	C25, C24, C23, C22	I.F.
High end of scale	1720 kc	Radiated Signal	C21	Osc.
1500 kc	1500 kc	Radiated Signal	C19	Ant.

The alignment procedure should be repeated stage by stage to obtain greatest accuracy. Always keep the output from the test oscillator at its lowest possible value. As the sensitivity is increased by alignment, the generator output should be reduced correspondingly so as to minimize the effect of the automatic volume control.





JULY 1, 1946



* - PART OF T2
TUBE SOCKETS ARE VIEWED FROM UNDER SIDE OF CHASSIS
VOLTAGE READINGS SHOWN AT SOCKET PRONGS ARE TO CHASSIS,
AND ARE TAKEN WITH NO SIGNAL. WAVE SWITCH IN BROADCAST
POSITION. LINE VOLTAGE AT 117 VOLTS WHERE NO READING IS
GIVEN, THE VOLTAGE IS ZERO OR TOO LOW TO READ

Power Supply:
All models available.....117 Volts, 60 Cycles AC

Frequency Ranges:
Broadcast.....540-1700 Kc
Shortwave.....6-18 Mc

Difference between 101.672-1A and 101.672-1B —
101.672-1A and 101.672-1B are similar except
for Escutcheon, Cabinet and Push Buttons.

Recommended Antenna Equipment:
Catalog #6705 Greatest Pick-up & Noise Reduction
Catalog #6704 Less Effective Pick-up & Noise Re-
duction than Catalog #6705
Catalog #6703 Conventional Antenna

IF PEAK 455 KC

"clarified schematics"

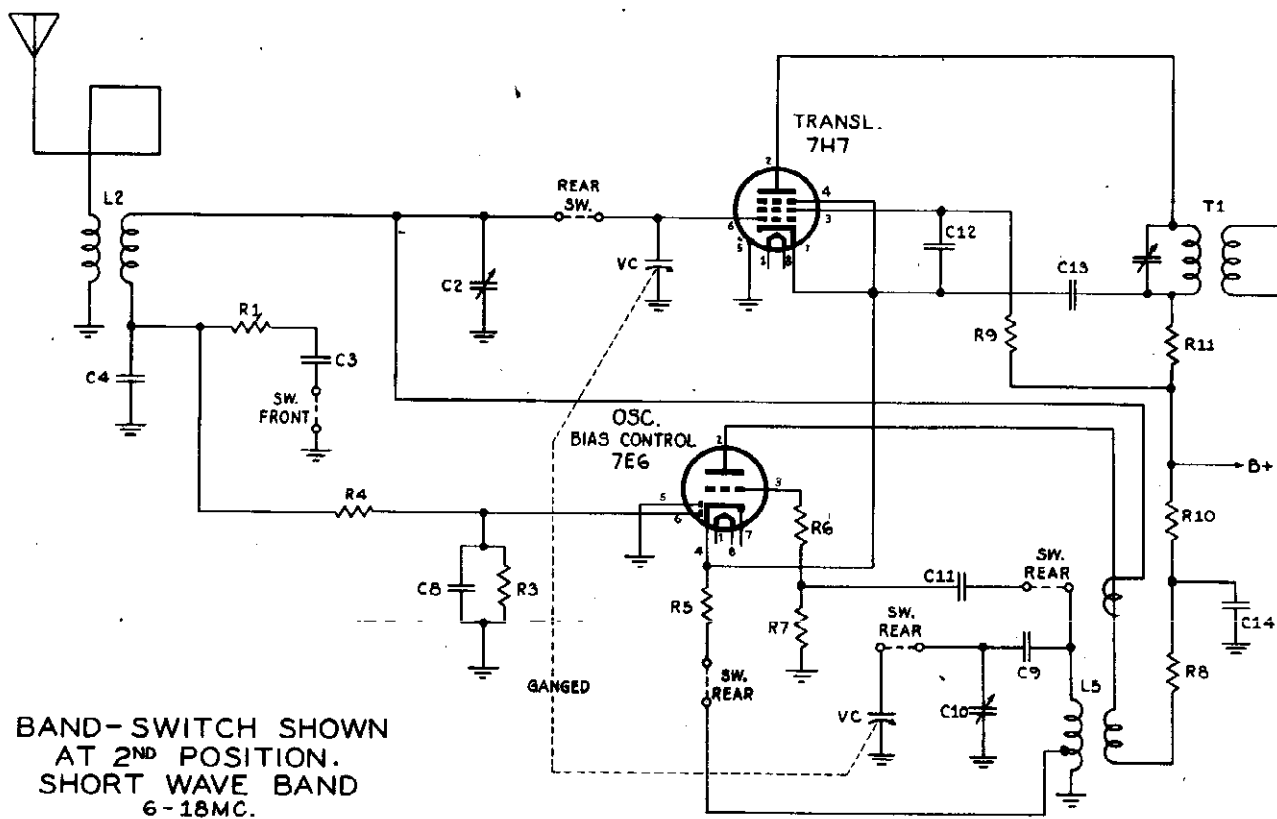
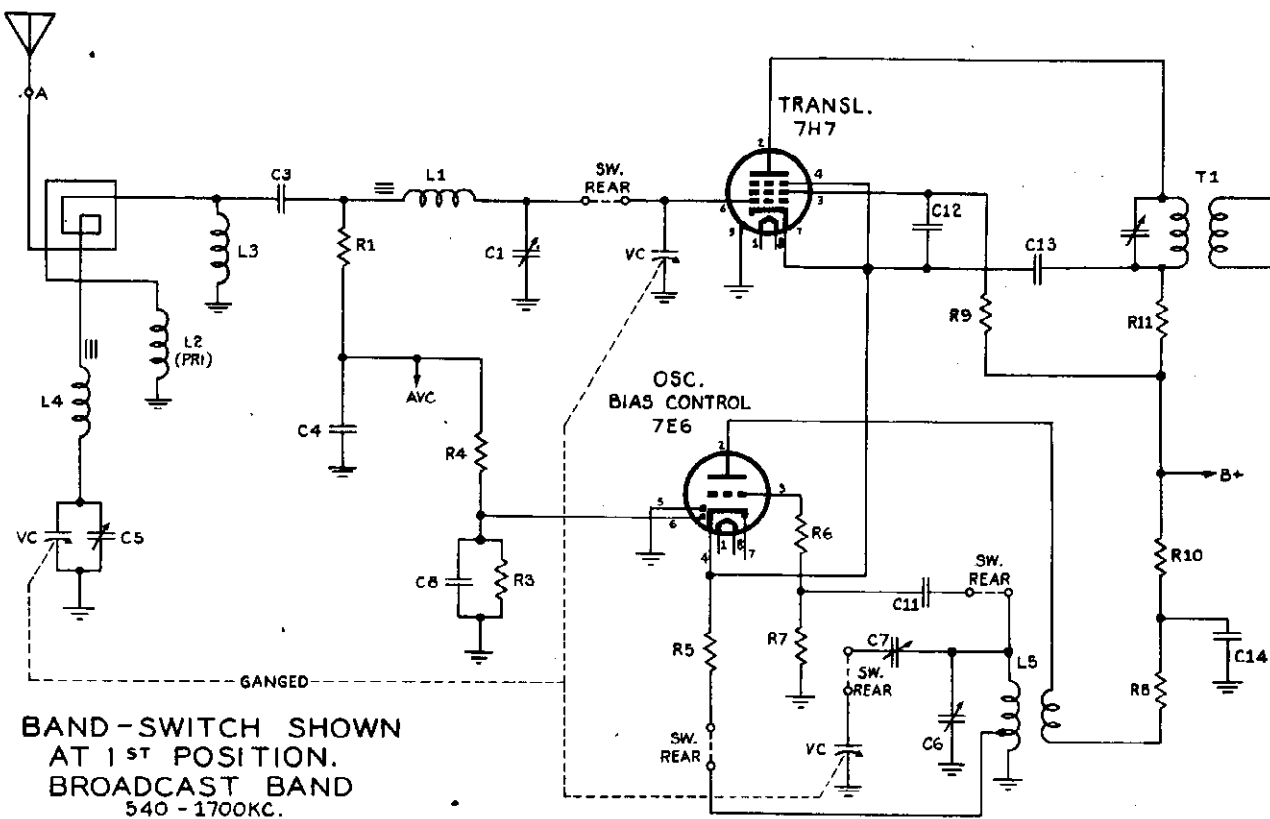
PAGE 15-8 SEARS

MODELS 6092, 6093

MODELS 6104A, -B,

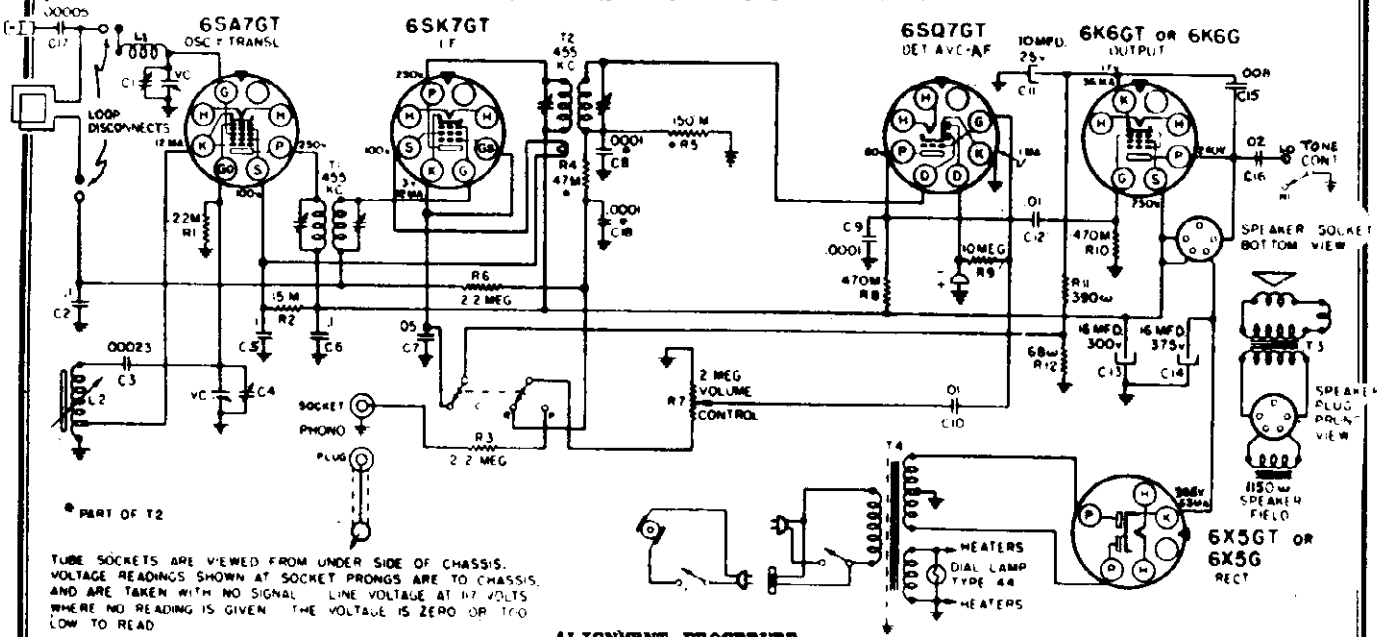
6105A, -B

SEARS ROEBUCK & CO.



MODEL 6100, Ch. 101, 660-1A

SEARS ROEBUCK & CO.



TUBE SOCKETS ARE VIEWED FROM UNDER SIDE OF CHASSIS. VOLTAGE READINGS SHOWN AT SOCKET PRONGS ARE TO CHASSIS AND ARE TAKEN WITH NO SIGNAL. LINE VOLTAGE AT 117 VOLTS. WHERE NO READING IS GIVEN, THE VOLTAGE IS ZERO OR TOO LOW TO READ.

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

PRELIMINARY:

- Output meter connection.....Across loudspeaker voice coil
- Output meter reading to indicate 500 milliwatts.....1.25 volts
- Dummy antenna value to be in series with generator output.....See chart below
- Connection of generator output lead.....See chart below
- Connection of generator ground lead.....Receiver chassis
- Generator modulation.....30%, 400 cycles
- Position of Volume Control.....Fully clockwise
- Position of Tone Control.....Counterclockwise (HI)
- Position of Dial Pointer with variable fully closed.....On mark below 540 Kc Calibration mark

POSITION OF VARIABLE	GENERATOR FREQUENCY	DUMMY ANTENNA	GENERATOR CONNECTION	ADJUSTMENTS (IN ORDER SHOWN)	FUNCTION
Closed	455 Kc	.1 mfd.	6SA7 Grid	T2, T1	I.F.
Fully open	1620 Kc	.00005 mfd.	Ant. Clip	C4	Oscillator
1410 Kc	1410 Kc	.00005 mfd.	Ant. Clip	C1	Transistor
600 Kc (rock)	600 Kc	.00005 mfd.	Ant. Clip	L2	Padder
Fully open	1620 Kc	.00005 mfd.	Ant. Clip	C4	Oscillator

IMPORTANT ALIGNMENT NOTES

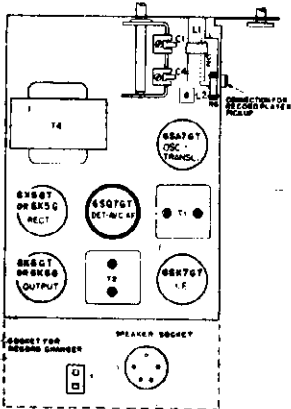
Where indicated by the word "Rock", the variable should be rocked back and forth a degree or two while making the adjustment.

The alignment procedure should be repeated stage by stage, in the original order for greatest accuracy. Always keep the output from the test oscillator at its lowest possible value to make the AVC action of the receiver ineffective.

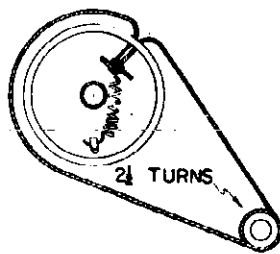
POWER OUTPUT

Undistorted.....2.5 watts

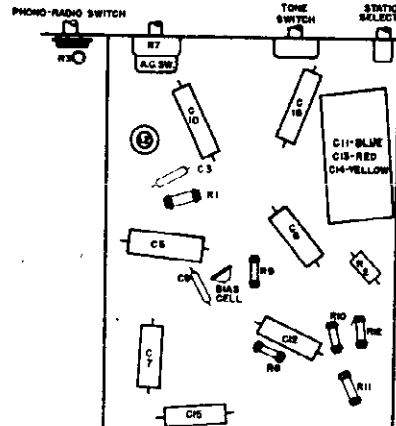
Maximum.....6 watts



LOCATIONS OF PARTS ON TOP OF CHASSIS 101-660-1A



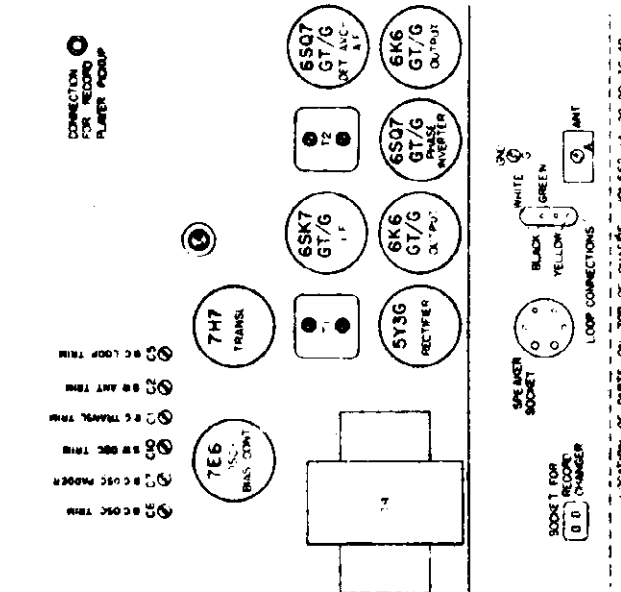
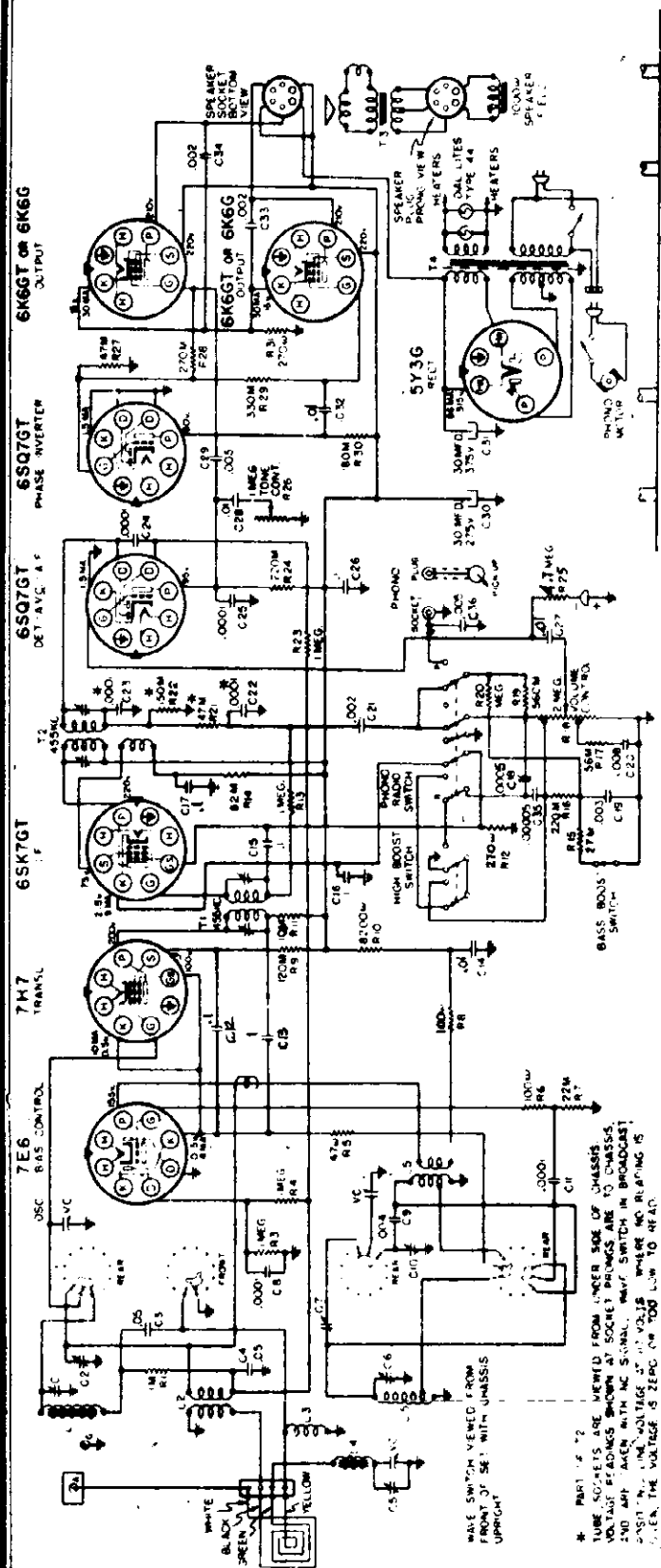
CONDENSER DRIVE HOOKUP



LOCATIONS OF PARTS UNDER CHASSIS 101-660-1A

SEARS ROEBUCK & CO.

MODELS 6104A, 6104B,
Ch. 101.662-2D; 6105A
6105B, Ch. 101.662-2B



PRELIMINARY:
Output Meter Connection.....Across loud speaker voice coil
Generator ground lead connection.....1.2 Volts
Dummy Antenna value to be in series with generator output.....Receiver chassis
Connection of generator output lead.....See chart below
Generator Modulation.....30%, 400 cycles
Position of Volume Control.....Fully on
Position of Tone Control.....Treble
Position of pointer with tuner fully closed.....Last line below 540 calibration mark

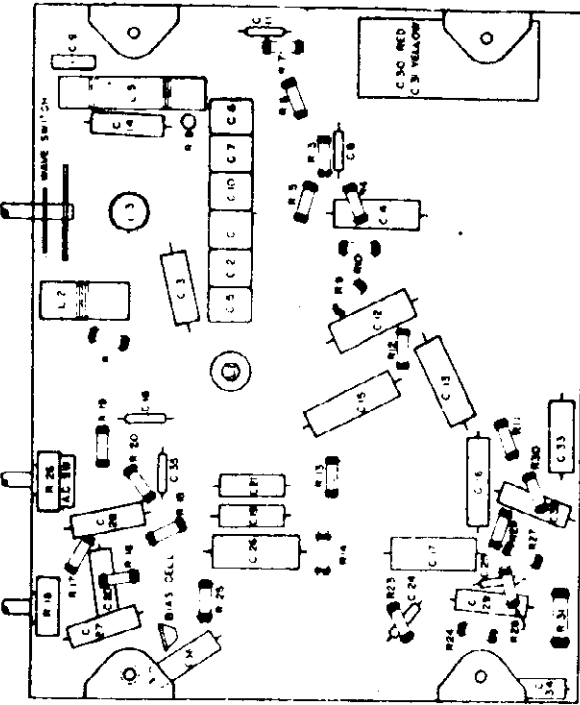
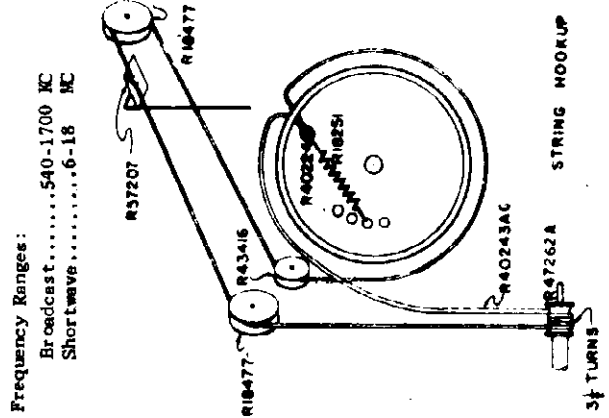
WAVE BAND SWITCH POSITION	POSITION OF TUNER	GENERATOR FREQUENCY	DUMMY ANTENNA	GENERATOR CONNECTION	ADJUSTMENTS (IN ORDER SHOWN)	FUNCTION
BC	Closed	455 KC	.1 mfd.	7H7 Transl. grid	T2, T1	IF
BC	Open	1759 KC	.0002 mfd.	Ant. Terminal	C6	Oscillator
BC	1410	1410 KC	.0002 mfd.	Ant. Terminal	C5, C1	Ant., Transl.
BC	600 (rock)	600 KC	.0002 mfd.	Ant. Terminal	C7	Padder
SW	Open	18.3 MC	400 ohms	Ant. Terminal	C10	Oscillator
SW	15 (rock)	15 MC	400 ohms	Ant. Terminal	C2	Transl.

IMPORTANT ALIGNMENT NOTES
The Alignment must be done in the order given.
The Antenna Alignment Procedure should be repeated step by step in the original order for greatest accuracy.
Always keep the output power from the generator at its lowest possible value to prevent the AVC of the receiver from interfering with accurate alignment.
During alignment of the 'BC' Band Padder and the 'SW' Band Translator Trimmers, the Tuner should be rocked through resonance to assure alignment.

MODELS 6104A, 6104B,
6105A, 6105B

SEARS ROEBUCK & CO.

SCHEMATIC LOCATION	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
	R57216	Loop-Complete
	R18112	Mounting-Bias Cx11
	R57192	Needle-Phono
	R16039	Pin-Loop Lead
	R57207	Pointer-Dial
	R18477	Pulley-Wood, large
	R43416	Pulley-Wood, small
		Resistor - .1 megohm, 1/3 W.
		Resistor - 4.7 megohm, 1/3 W.
		Resistor - 1M ohm, 1/3 W.
		Resistor - 10M ohm, 1/3 W.
		Resistor - 22M ohm, 1/3 W.
		Resistor - 27k ohm, 1/3 W.
		Resistor - 47M ohm, 1/3 W.
		Resistor - 56M ohm, 1/3 W.
		Resistor - 82M ohm, 1/3 W.
		Resistor - 120M ohm, 1/3 W.
		Resistor - 180M ohm, 1/3 W.
		Resistor - 220M ohm, 1/3 W.
		Resistor - 270M ohm, 1/3 W.
		Resistor - 330M ohm, 1/3 W.
		Resistor - 560M ohm, 1/3 W.
		Resistor - 47 ohm, 1/3 W.
		Resistor - 100 ohm, 1/3 W.
		Resistor - 270 ohm, 1/3 W.
		Resistor - 270 ohm, 2 W.
		Resistor - 4200 ohm, 1 W.
	R47262A	Shaft-Drive Assy.
	R44897	Socket-Phono-Tel.-Freq. Mod.
	R16958	Socket-Rectifier
	R17983	Socket-Speaker
	R17987	Socket-Tube



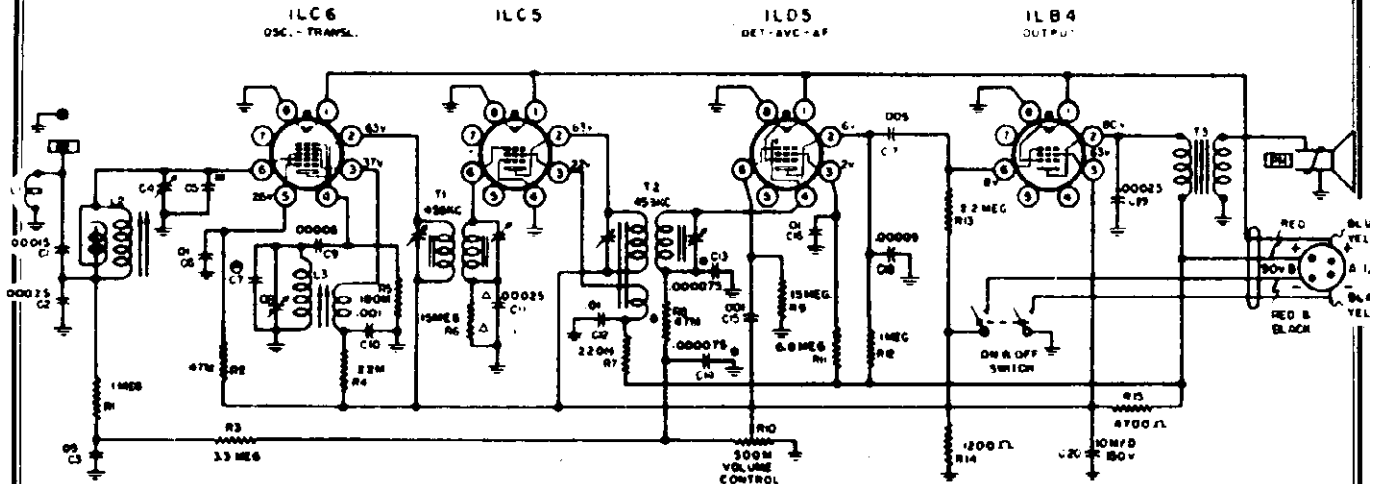
SCHEMATIC LOCATION	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
	R17998	Board-Antenna
	R45512	Board-Termin 1-Loop
	R57285	Button-Push (High Boost, Bass Boost, Phono, Tel.-Freq. Mod.)(Cat. #6104A & B)
	R57205	Button-Push (High Boost, Bass Boost, Phono-Tel.-Freq. Mod.)(Cat. #6105A & B)
	R57284	Button-Push Stations (Cat. #6104A & B)
	R57204	Button-Push Stations (Cat. #6105A & B)
	R45829	Capacitor-Elect. 30 mfd. 275 V.
		30 mfd. 375 V.
	R47199	Capacitor-Trimmer-6 Gang
		.1 mfd. 200 V.
		Capacitor-
		.1 mfd. 400 V.
		.01 mfd. 400 V.
		.01 mfd. 600 V.
		.05 mfd. 200 V.
		.002 mfd. 600 V.
		.003 mfd. 400 V.
		.005 mfd. 400 V.
		.008 mfd. 400 V.
		.004 mfd. Mica
		.0001 mfd. Mica
		.0005 mfd. Mica
		.00005 mfd. Mica
		Cell-Bias
		Clip-Pilot Light
		Coil-Ant. Loop Loading
		Coil-EC. & S.W. Oscillator
		Coil-EC. Transformer
		Coil-Preselector Coupling
		Coil-S.W. Antenna
		Control-On-Off & Tone - 1 mfg.
		Control-Voluum
		2 mfg.
		Cord-Line (Phono)
		Cord-Line (Power)
		Cover-Push Button Tabs
		Dial-Station
		Knob-Tuning
		Knob-Voluum
		Knob-Wave Sw.
		Lamp-Pilot-Meada #44
		Speaker-10" Dynamic
		Cone & Voice Coil
		Field Coil
		Output Transformer
		Spring-Drive Tension
		Sw.-Tone & Phono-Tel.-Freq. Mod.
		Switch-Wave
		Tab-Bass Boost
		Tab-High Boost
		Tab-Phono-Tel.-Freq. Mod.
		Tube-Call Letter
		Transformer - P1 I.F.
		Transformer - P2 I.F.
		Transformer - Power - 60 c/w
		-Tuner-Push Button with Var. Capacitor

SCHEMATIC LOCATION	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
C30, C31		
C1, C2, C5		
C6, C7, C10		
C15, C16		
C12, C13		
C17, C26		
C14, C28		
C27, C32		
C3, C4		
C21, C33, C34		
C19		
C29		
C20		
C9		
C8, C11, C24		
C25		
C18		
C35		
L4		
L5		
L1		
L3		
L2		
R26		
R18		
T3		
T1		
T2		
T4		
WT		

Frequency Ranges:
Broadcast.....540-1700 KC
Shortwave.....6-18 MC

LOCATION OF PARTS UNDER CHASSIS O1 662 28 2D 3C 4B

SEARS ROEBUCK & CO.



Δ PART OF T1 Ⓢ PART OF C4
 Ⓜ PART OF T2 Ⓞ PART OF C8

TUBE SOCKETS ARE VIEWED FROM UNDER SIDE OF CHASSIS.
 VOLTAGE READINGS SHOWN AT SOCKET PROMS ARE TO CHASSIS AND ARE TAKEN WITH NO SIGNAL WHERE NO READING IS GIVEN THE VOLTAGE IS ZERO OR TO LOW TO READ

Frequency Ranges:

Broadcast

550-1700 Kc

PRELIMINARY:

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

- Output meter connection Across loud speaker voice coil
- Output meter reading to indicate 50 Milliwatts (Standard Output) 0.4 Volts
- Generator ground lead connection Receiver chassis
- Dummy antenna value to be in series with generator output. See chart below
- Connection of generator output lead See chart below
- Generator Modulation 30%, 400 cycles
- Position of Volume Control Fully on
- Position of pointer with tuner fully closed Last mark to the left of 540 Kc calibration mark

POSITION OF TUNER	GENERATOR FREQUENCY	DUMMY ANTENNA	GENERATOR CONNECTION	ADJUSTMENTS (IN ORDER SHOWN)	FUNCTION
Closed	455 Kc.	.1 mfd.	ILC6 Trans I. grid	T2, T1	I.F.
1725	1725 Kc.	.000075 mfd	Ant. Terminal	C8	Oscillator
1725	1725 Kc.	.000075 mfd.	Ant. Terminal	C4	Antenna
1500	1500 Kc.	.000075 mfd.	Ant. Terminal	L3	Oscillator Core
1500	1500 Kc.	.000075 mfd.	Ant. Terminal	L2	Antenna Core
1725	1725 Kc.	.000075 mfd.	Ant. Terminal	C8, C4	Osc. & Ant. Recheck

IMPORTANT ALIGNMENT NOTES

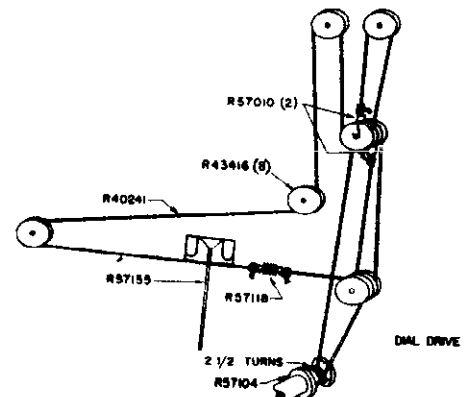
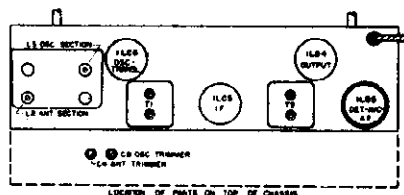
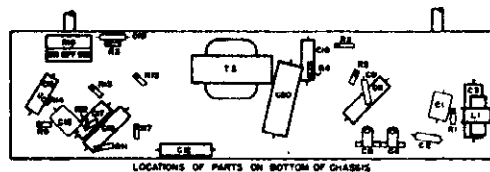
The alignment must be done in the order given.

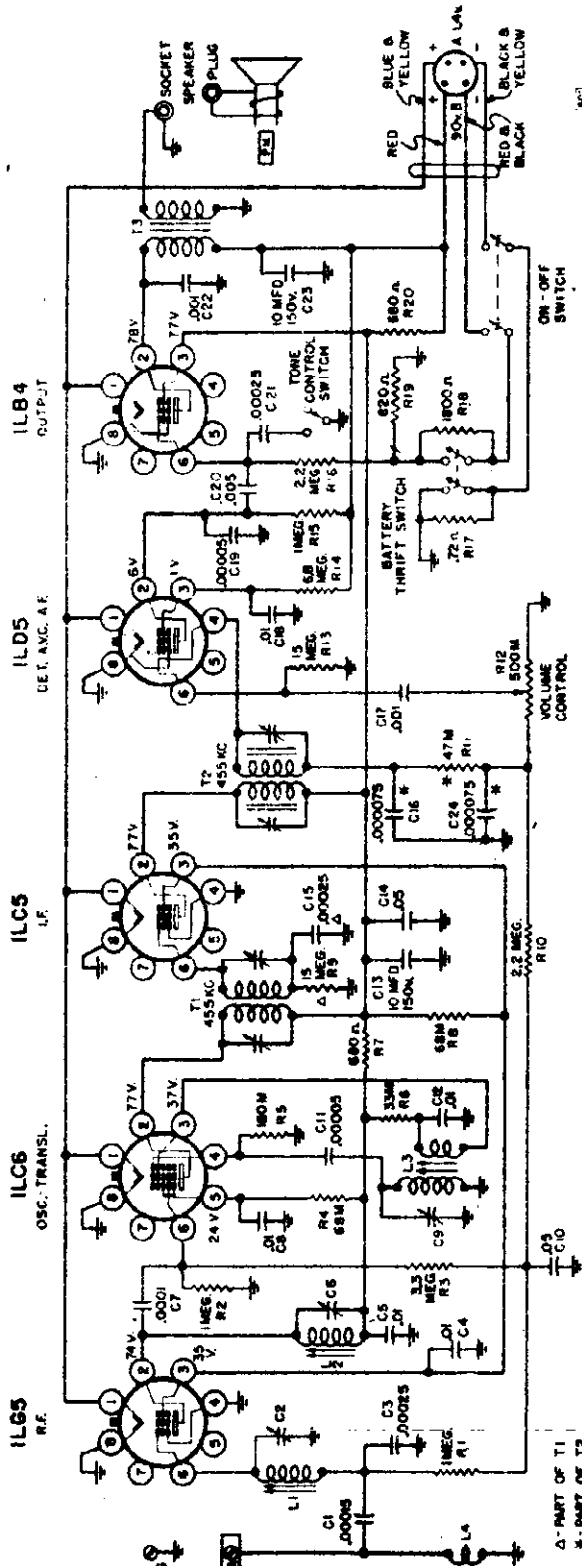
Always keep the output power from the generator at its lowest possible value to prevent the AVC of the receiver from interfering with accurate alignment.

Power Output

Undistorted 0.080 Watts

Maximum 0.150 Watts





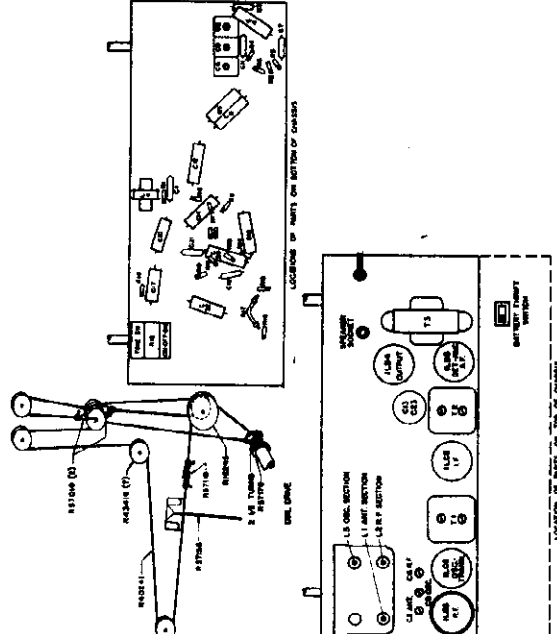
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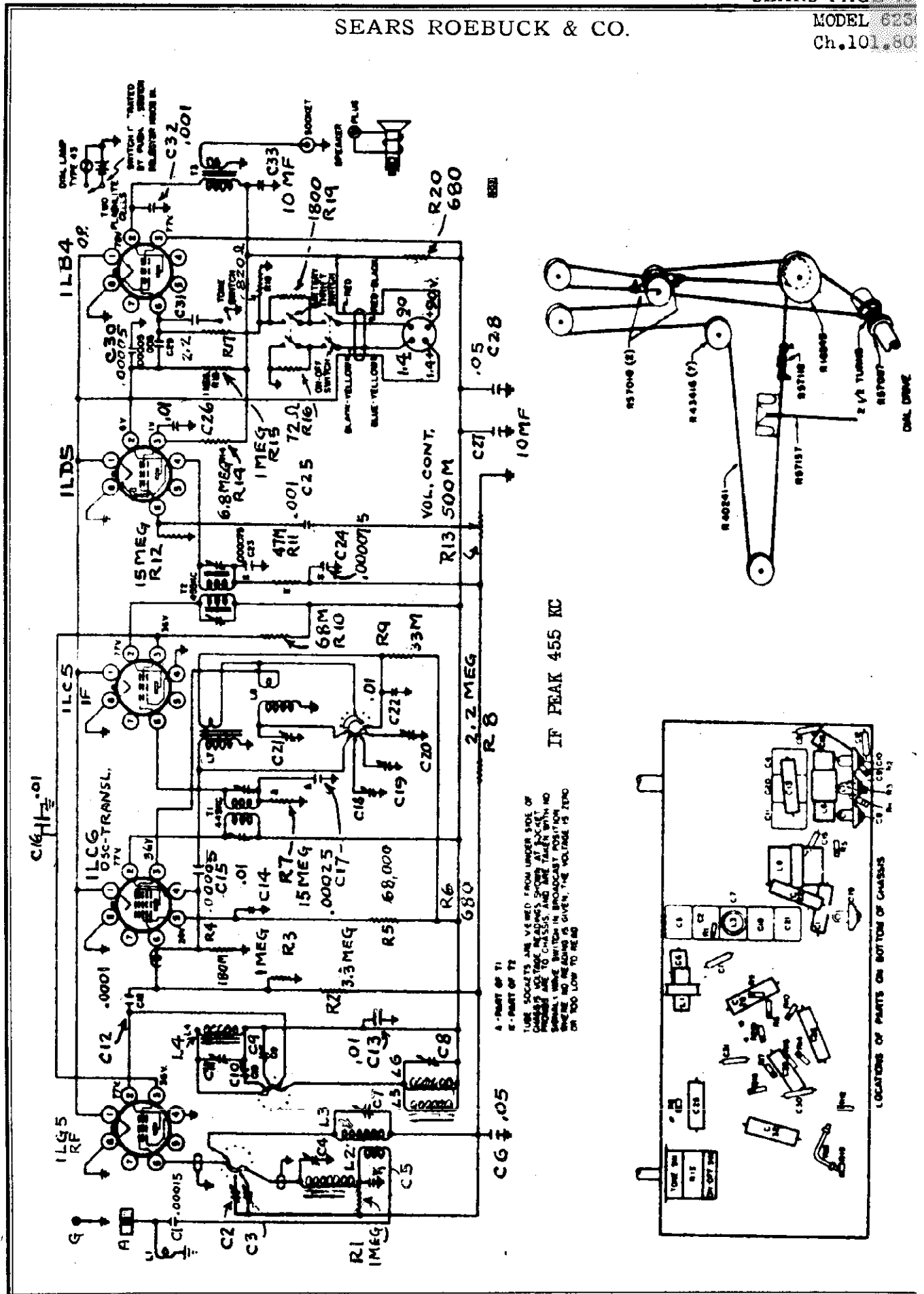
Δ - PART OF T1
 ✱ - PART OF T2

TUBE SOCKETS ARE VIEWED FROM UNDER SIDE OF CHASSIS. VOLTAGE READINGS SHOWN AT SOCKET PRONGS ARE TO CHASSIS, AND ARE TAKEN WITH NO SIGNAL. WHERE NO READING IS GIVEN, THE VOLTAGE IS ZERO OR TOO LOW TO READ.

Output meter connections Across loud speaker voice coil
 Output meter reading to indicate 50 milliwatts (Standard Output). 0.4 volts
 Generator ground lead connection Receiver chassis
 Dummy antenna value to be in series with generator output See chart below
 Connection of generator output lead See chart below
 Generator modulation 30%, 400 cycles
 Position of Volume Control Fully on HI
 Position of Tone Control Last mark to the left of 540 Kc calibration mark.
 Position of pointer with tuner fully closed.

POSITION OF TUNER	GENERATOR FREQUENCY	DUMMY ANTENNA	GENERATOR CONNECTION	ADJUSTMENTS (IN ORDER SHOWN)	FUNCTION
Closed	455 Kc.	.1 mfd.	1L66 Transl. Grid	T2, T1	I.F.
1725	1725 Kc.	.000075 mfd.	Ant. Terminal	C9	Oscillator
1725	1725 Kc.	.000075 mfd.	Ant. Terminal	C2, C6	Ant., Transl.
1500	1500 Kc.	.000075 mfd.	Ant. Terminal	L3	Oscillator Core
1500	1500 Kc.	.000075 mfd.	Ant. Terminal	L1, L2	Ant., Transl. Cores
1725	1725 Kc.	.000075 mfd.	Ant. Terminal	C9, C2, C6	Oscillator, Ant., & Transl. Recheck





IF PEAK 455 KC

A - PART OF T1
 B - PART OF T1
 USE SOCKETS AS VIEWED FROM UPPER SIDE OF CHASSIS AND TO CONNECTIONS FROM ALL SOCKETS, NO SIGNALS ARE SWITCHED IN BROADCAST POSITION. WHEN NO READING IS GIVEN, THE VOLTAGE IS ZERO OR TOO LOW TO READ

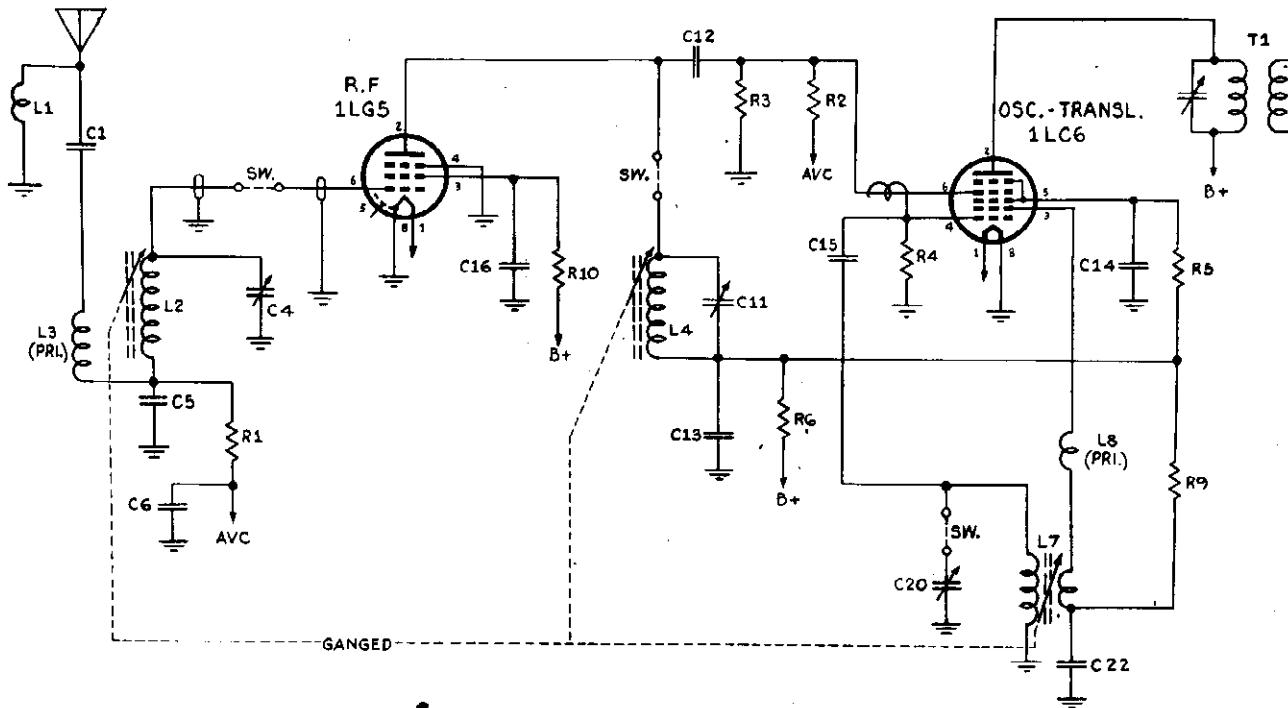
LOCATIONS OF PARTS ON BOTTOM OF CHASSIS

"clarified schematics"

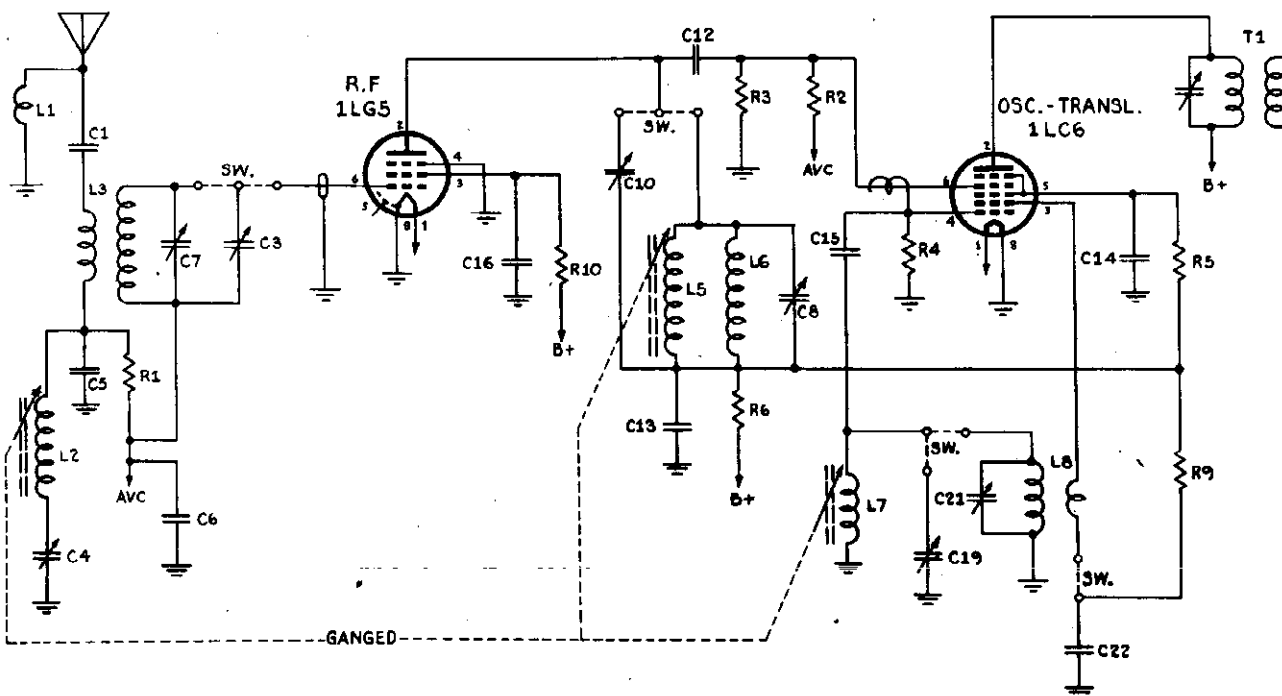
PAGE 15-16 SEARS

MODEL 6230

SEARS ROEBUCK & CO.

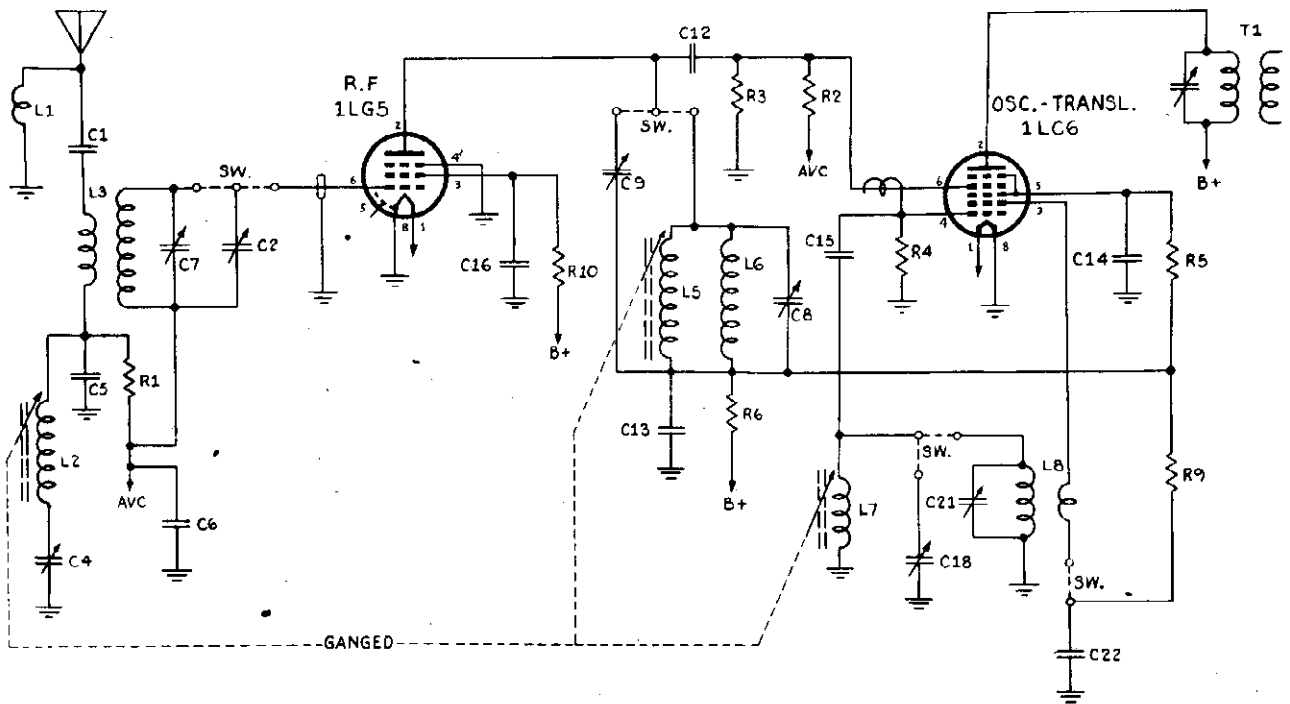


BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
AT 1ST POSITION.
BROADCAST BAND
540 - 1700 KC.

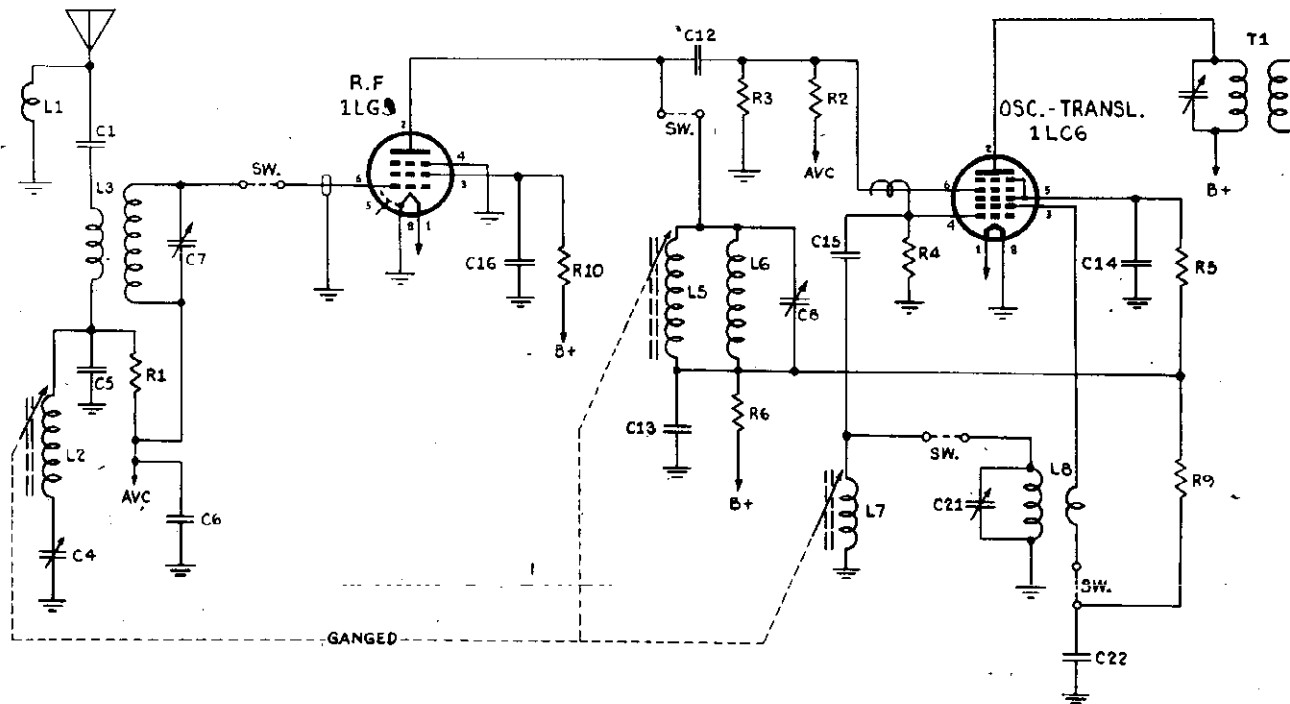


BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
AT 2ND POSITION.
9 MC. SPREAD BAND
9.4 - 9.7 MC.

SEARS ROEBUCK & CO.



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
AT 3RD POSITION
11 MC. SPREAD BAND
11.6 - 12.0 MC.



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
AT 4TH POSITION
15 MC. SPREAD BAND
15.0 - 15.5 MC.

MODEL 6230
Ch.101.802

SEARS ROEBUCK & CO.

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

PRELIMINARY:

Output meter connection.....Across loud speaker voice coil
Output meter reading to indicate 50 milliwatts (standard output).....0.4 Volts
Generator ground lead connection.....Receiver chassis
Dummy antenna value to be in series with generator output.....See chart below
Connection of generator output lead.....See chart below
Generator Modulation.....30%, 400 cycles
Position of Volume Control.....Fully on (Clockwise)
Position of Tone Control.....Hi (Counter-clockwise)
Position of dial pointer with tuner fully closed.....Last line to the left of the
540 Kc. calibration mark

Last line to the right of the 1700 Kc. calibration mark shall be considered 1725 Kc.

BAND SWITCH POSITION	POSITION OF TUNER	GENERATOR FREQUENCY	DUMMY ANTENNA	GENERATOR CONNECTION	ADJUSTMENTS (IN ORDER SHOWN)	FUNCTION
BC	Closed	455 Kc	0.1 mfd.	11C6 Transl. Grid	T2, T1	IF
BC	1725	1725 Kc	.000075 mfd.	Ant. Terminal	C20	Oscillator
BC	1725	1725 Kc	.000075 mfd.	Ant. Terminal	C4, C11	Ant., RF
BC	1500	1500 Kc	.000075 mfd.	Ant. Terminal	L7	Oscillator Core
BC	1500	1500 Kc	.000075 mfd.	Ant. Terminal	L2, L4	Ant., RF Cores
15 Mc	15.2	15.2 Mc	400 ohms	Ant. Terminal	C21	Oscillator
15 Mc	15.2	15.2 Mc	400 ohms	Ant. Terminal	C7, C8	Ant., RF
11 Mc	11.8	11.8 Mc	400 ohms	Ant. Terminal	C18	Oscillator
11 Mc	11.8	11.8 Mc	400 ohms	Ant. Terminal	C2, C9	Ant., RF
9 Mc	9.6	9.6 Mc	400 ohms	Ant. Terminal	C19	Oscillator
9 Mc	9.6	9.6 Mc	400 ohms	Ant. Terminal	C3, C10	Ant., RF

IMPORTANT ALIGNMENT NOTES

Before attempting short-wave alignment the L5 core should be adjusted to a dimension of approximately 1-21/32" from the top core to the top turn of the winding. This should be done with the tuner in the 1725 Kc. position.

During alignment of the Antenna and RF trimmers on the shortwave spread bands the tuner should be rocked through resonance to assure alignment.

The alignment must be done in the order given. Adjust all trimmers and cores for maximum output.

The antenna alignment procedure should be repeated step by step in the original order for greatest accuracy.

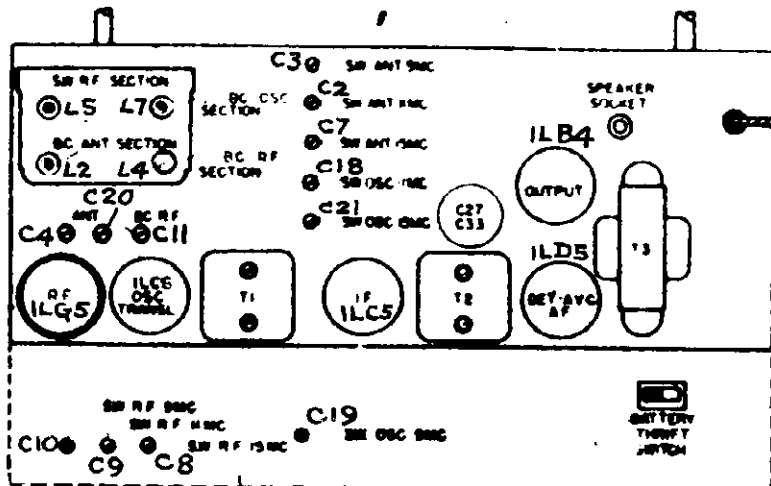
Always keep the output power from the generator at its lowest possible value to prevent the AVC action of the receiver from interfering with accurate alignment.

Power Output

Undistorted 0.125 Watts

Maximum 0.250 Watts

SCHEMATIC LOCATION	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
	R57145	Antenna-Stratobeam Recep- tor Kit Complete
	R57037	Board-Antenna
	R13961	Button-Snap
	R57045	Cable-Battery
C13, C14, C16		Capacitor-.01 mfd. 200 V.
C22, C26		Capacitor-.05 mfd. 200 V.
C6, C28		Capacitor-.001 mfd. 600 V.
C25, C32		Capacitor-.005 mfd. 400 V.
C29		Capacitor-Mica-50 mfd.
C15, C31		Capacitor-Mica-100 mfd.
C12		Capacitor-Mica-150 mfd.
C1		Capacitor-Mica-250 mfd.
C31		Capacitor-Silver Mica
C5		250 mfd.-500 V.
C27, C33	R57126	Capacitor-Dry, Elect. 10X10 mfd. 150 V.
C19	R57080	Capacitor-Trim-Single
C8, C9		
C10	R57020	Capacitor-Trim-.3 Gang
C4, C11		
C20	R57081	Capacitor-Trim-.3 Gang
C2, C3, C7	R57082	Capacitor-Trim-.5 Gang
C18, C21		
L3	R57010	Clip-Drive Cord Anchor
L1	R45074	Coil-Antenna-S.W. Shunt
L2	R45255	Coil-Choke-Antenna
L8	R57078	Coil-Osc.-S.W. Shunt
L6	R45077	Coil-R.F.-S.W. Shunt
R13	R57071	Control-On-Off-Vol. & Tone
	R45818	Cover-Dial
	R57086	Dial-Station
	R57150	Knob-On-Off Incl. & Vol.
	R57153	Knob-Tone Control
	R57026	Shaft-Pointer Drive
	R57049	Socket-Tube-8 Prong Leek-in
	R57083	Speaker-5-1/4" P.M.
	R57116	Spring-Extension
	R40241	String-Drive
	R57038	Switch-Slide Type D.P.S.T.
	R57064	Switch-Wave
T1	R57120	Transformer - I.F. #1
T2	R57095	Transformer - I.F. #2
T3	R57075	Transformer - Output
L2, L4	R57089	Tuner-Permeability Coil
L5, L7		Unit



LOCATION OF PARTS ON TOP OF CHASSIS

R20	Resistor 680 ohms 1/3 W.
R6	Resistor 680 ohms 1/3 W.
R18	Resistor 820 ohms 1/3 W.
R19	Resistor 1800 ohms 1/3 W.
R9	Resistor 3300 ohms 1/3 W.
R5	Resistor 6800 ohms 1/3 W.
R10	Resistor 6800 ohms 1/3 W.
R4	Resistor 18000 ohms 1/3 W.
R1, R1, R15	Resistor 1.0 meg. 1/3 W.
R8, R17	Resistor 3.2 meg. 1/3 W.
R2	Resistor 3.3 meg. 1/3 W.
R14	Resistor 6.8 meg. 1/3 W.
R12	Resistor 15 meg. 1/3 W.
R16	Resistor-Flexchoke- 0.72 ohm 1/2 W.

SEARS ROEBUCK & CO.

Power Shifter

"A" SUPPLY

The "A" supply is obtained from a full wave copper sulphide rectifier filtered by a condenser input filter consisting of three condensers and two low resistance chokes. A tap on the power transformer allows the voltage on the rectifier to be changed giving two "A" load voltages. Terminal voltages for various loads are indicated on the wiring diagram.

"B" SUPPLY

The "B" supply employs a 6J5GT tube operated as a half wave rectifier operating into a condenser input filter of one choke followed by another condenser.

The "A" and "B" circuits are not common to each other or to the chassis. Different tube biasing methods make this necessary.

POWER DRAIN

When the "A" voltage is excessively low the rectifier, condensers or transformer may be defective. To check the transformer remove one lead of transformer winding from the rectifier and measure for A.C. voltage indicated on the wiring diagram. To check the rectifier remove the plus lead from the choke L2 and condenser C2. Also disconnect one side of jumper wire and measure D.C. voltage across the rectifier. This should be 1.4 to 1.5 volts with the tap changer tie block in the 4-5 tube position.

"B" SUPPLY FAILS

The 6J5GT tube should be tested with a standard tube tester. The transformer may be tested by measuring the A.C. voltage across the secondary plate winding with the tube removed.

EXCESSIVE HUM

When excessive hum is noticed in the radio it may be due to the "A" supply or the "B" supply. The hum will be very loud when the input condenser C2 opens in service and this open condenser will cause the output voltage to drop to 1.35 volts without load (4-5 tube position). The hum will be somewhat less in volume if the second section or output condenser has opened and this will not change the output voltage.

When the hum is caused by the "B" supply, the condensers of this filter circuit have probably opened. If the input condenser has opened the output voltage will drop to approximately 110 volts without load. Less hum is caused

when the output condenser opens and the output voltage is not changed.

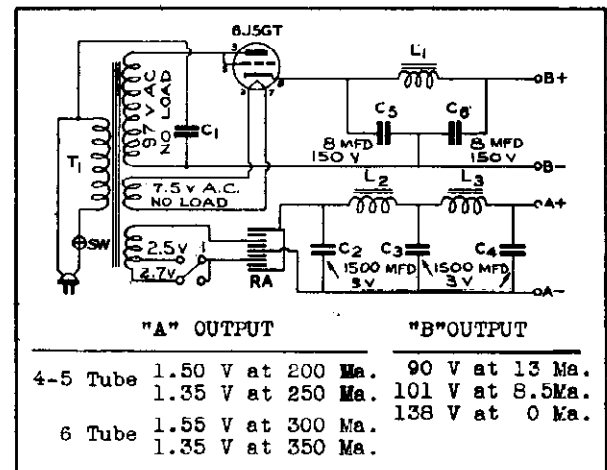
To determine whether the hum is introduced by the "A" supply or the "B" supply, batteries may be substituted for each separate supply while one circuit is being tested.

IMPORTANT - READ CAREFULLY

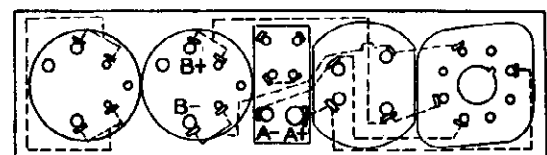
The "A" supply of this power unit is supplied through a dry disc rectifier. If the radio ceases to operate or drops off in performance, it may be due to a chemical change in this rectifier. This may cause the "A" voltage to drop low enough to affect the performance of the receiver.

To reactivate the rectifier it is only necessary to short (connect together) the "A" plus and "A" minus of plug or terminals of socket for a period of 4 minutes. The high temperature developed in the rectifier during this period has the tendency to restore the discs to their normal rectifying capacity. The unit will not be harmed by this process.

This deactivated condition is more likely to occur in the rectifier when the power unit has been out of service for some length of time (4 months or more).



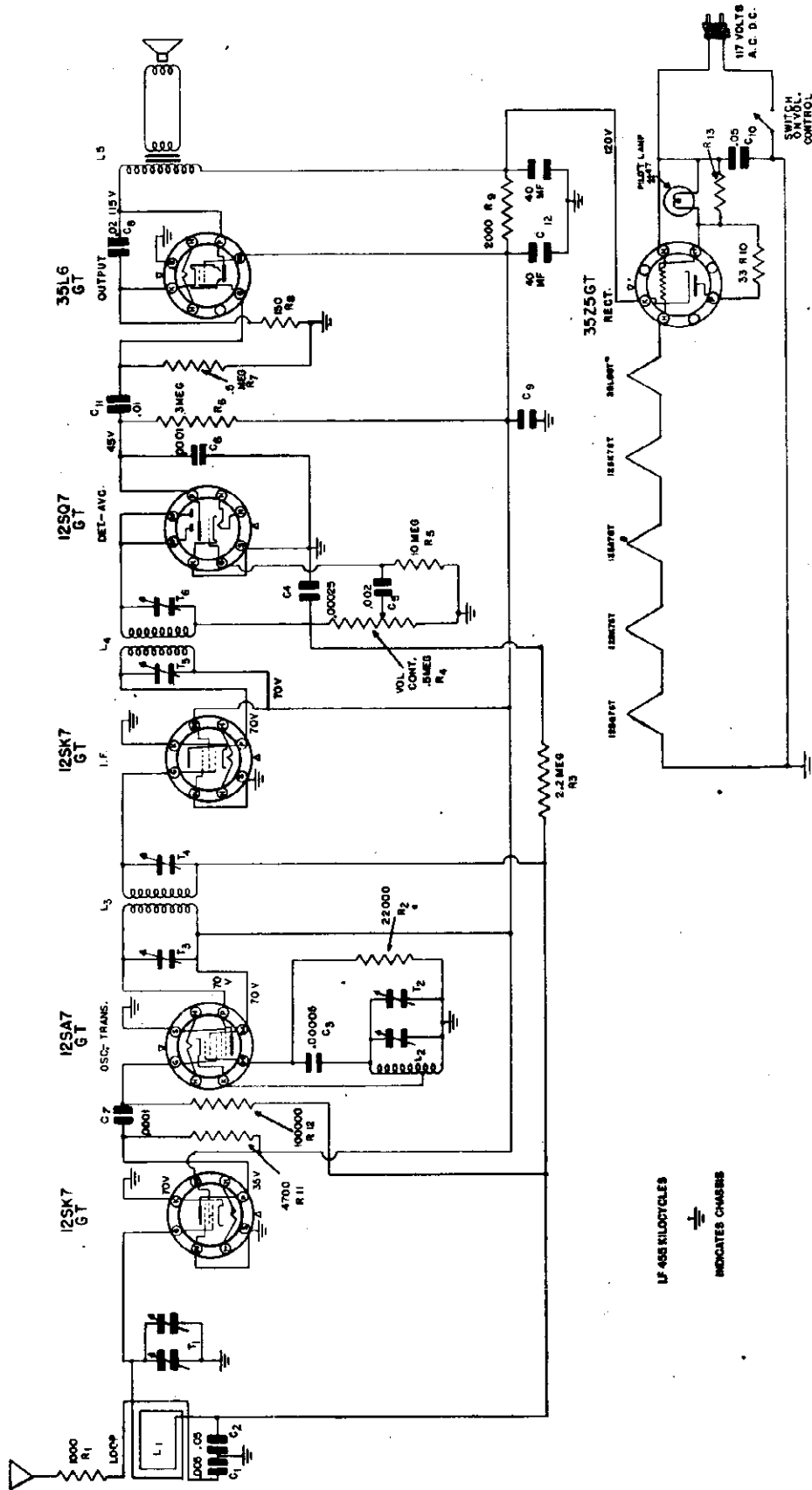
CIRCUIT DIAGRAM



WIRING DIAGRAM OF SOCKET ASSEMBLY (Back)

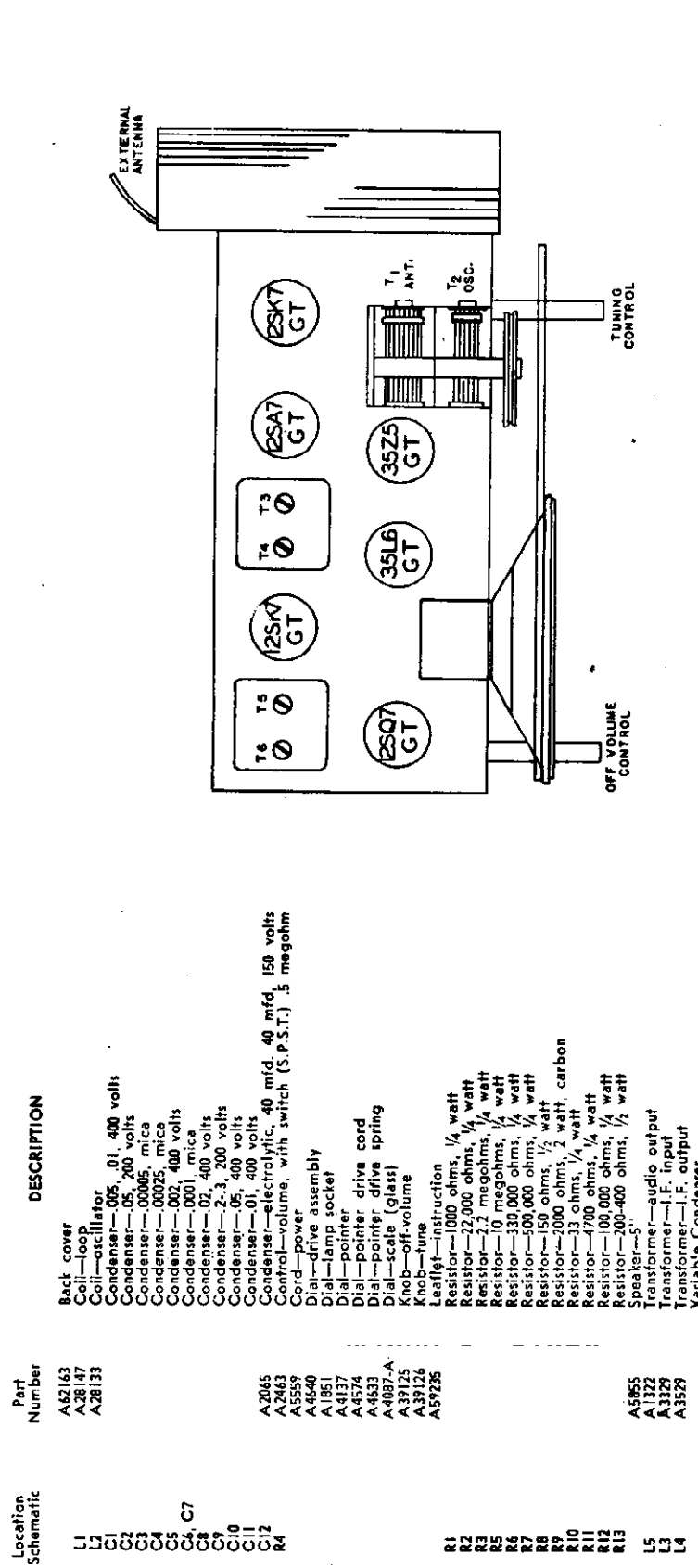
Schematic Location	Part No.	Description
C1	J 1060	Line Condenser .01 mfd 400 volt
C2 C3 C4	J 2036	"A" Filter Condenser 1500 mfd 3 Volt
C5 C6	J 2037	"B" Filter Condenser 8 X 8 mfd 150 volt
L1	J 1061	"B" Choke
L2 L3	J 1435	"A" Choke
RA	J 2933	Rectifier
SW	J 5538	Line Cord, Switch and Plug
T1	J 1059	Power Transformer
-	J 1841	Combination Panel Socket
-	J 1062	Tube Socket
-	J 5442	Tap Changer Plug

JUNE 17, 1946.



DIAL LAMP:

A six volt bayonet dial lamp No. 47 is used in this receiver. The dial lamp may be removed for replacement by gently squeezing the dial lamp socket mounting bracket and withdrawing from the dial assembly. Replace the lamp with another of the same type. DISCONNECT THE RECEIVER FROM THE ELECTRICAL OUTLET BEFORE REPLACING THE LAMP.



Output meter connections Across primary output transformer
 Connection of generator ground Chassis
 Generator modulation App. 30% @ 400 cycles
 Position of volume control Fully Clockwise

POSITION OF DIAL POINTER	GENERATOR FREQUENCY	GENERATOR CONNECTION	TRIMMERS ADJUSTED	TRIMMER FUNCTION
540 kc	455 kc	12SA7GT	T3, T4, T5, T6	I. F.
1500 kc	1500 kc	* * *	T2, T1	Osc., R. F.

It is advisable to repeat the entire alignment procedure in the original order to insure greater accuracy.

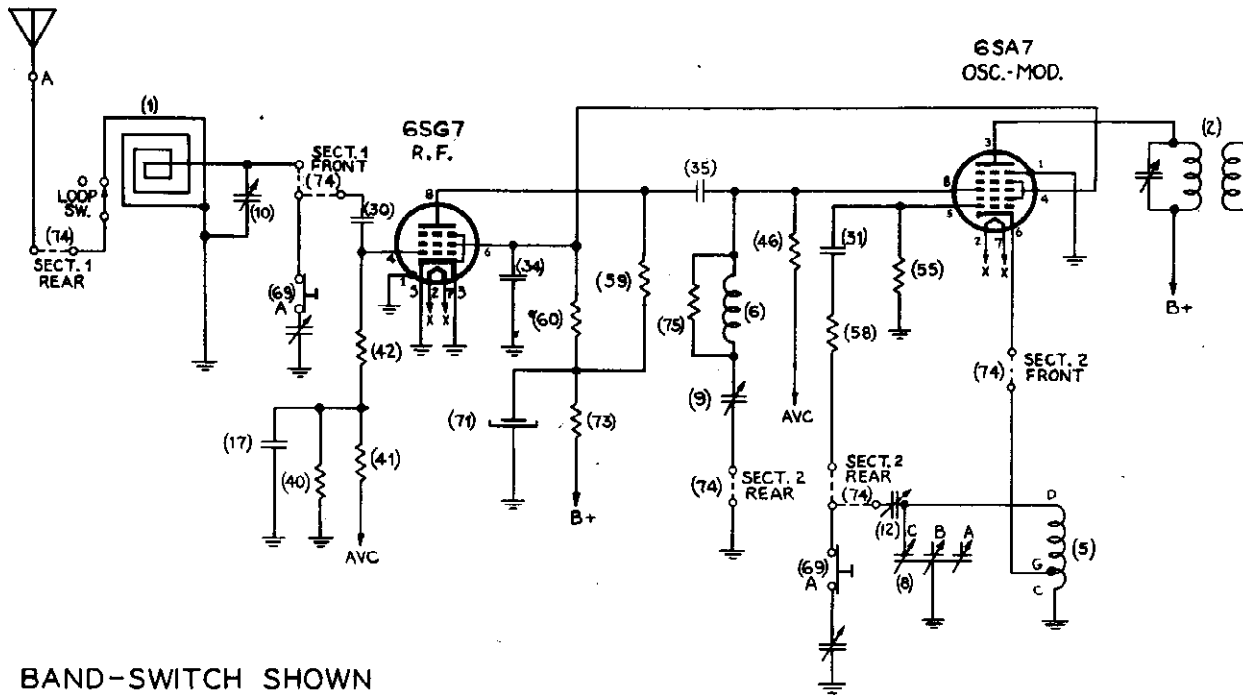
Always keep the output from the test oscillator at its lowest possible value. As the sensitivity is increased by alignment, the generator output should be reduced correspondingly.

***Run a wire from the output terminal of the generator near the receiver. However, no connection is made between the signal generator and the receiver.

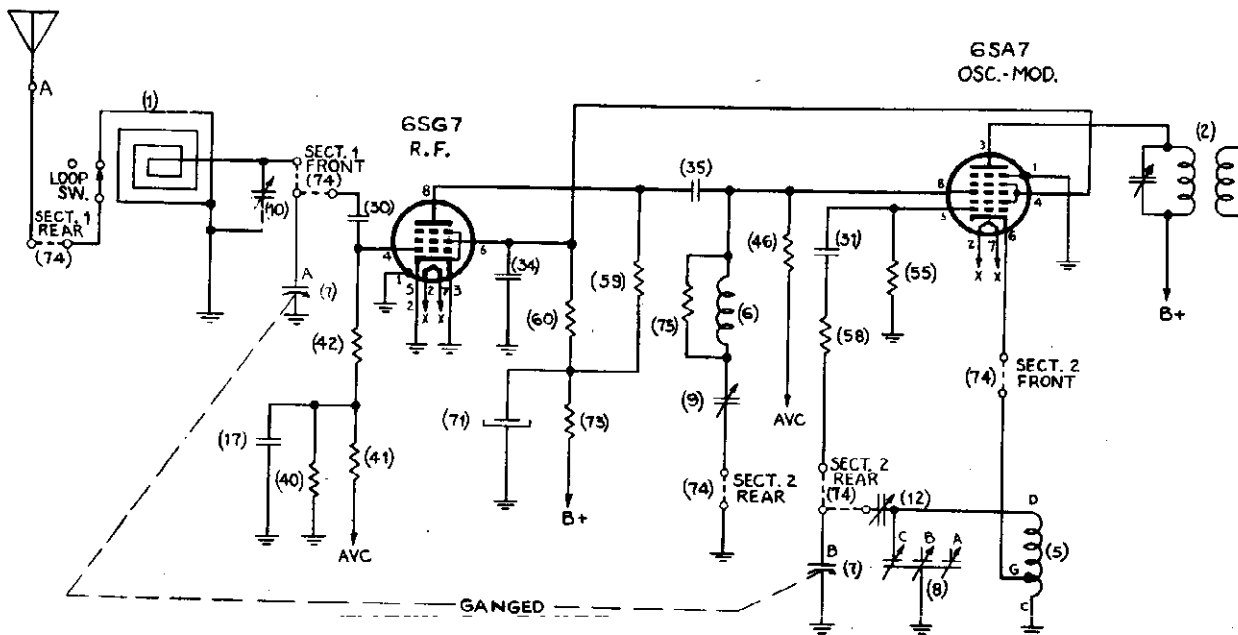
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MODELS 269T, 269C,
269F

SENTINEL RADIO CORP.

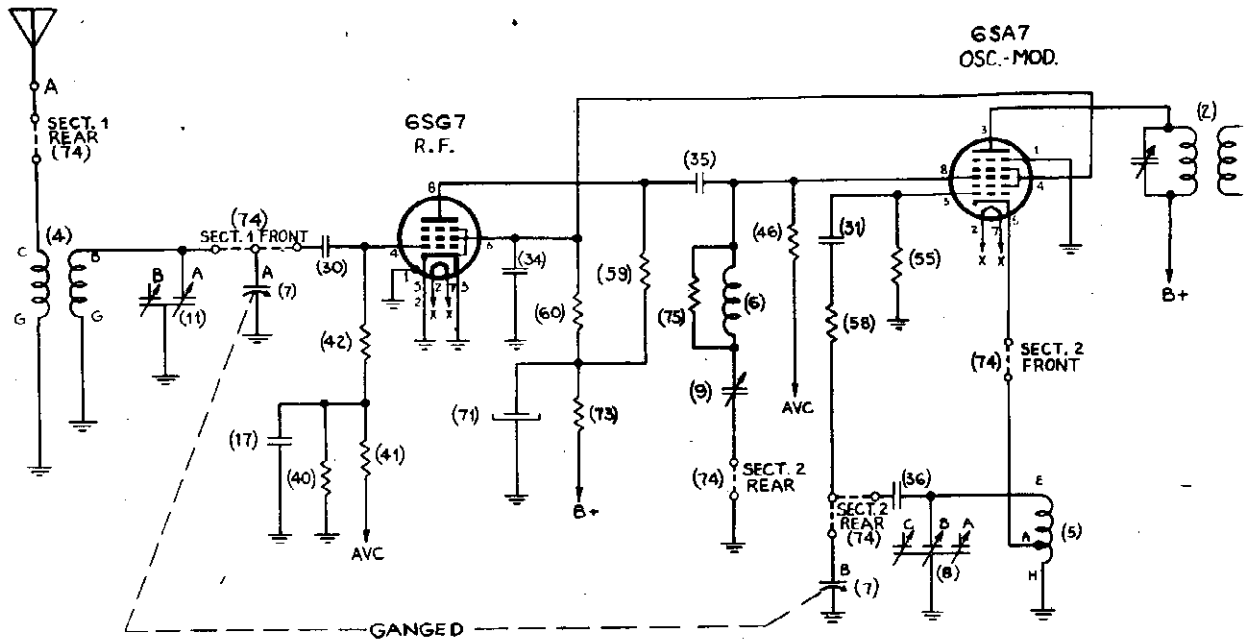


BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
AT 1ST POSITION.
PUSH BUTTON TUNING
BUTTON 'A' DEPRESSED
1000 -1500KC

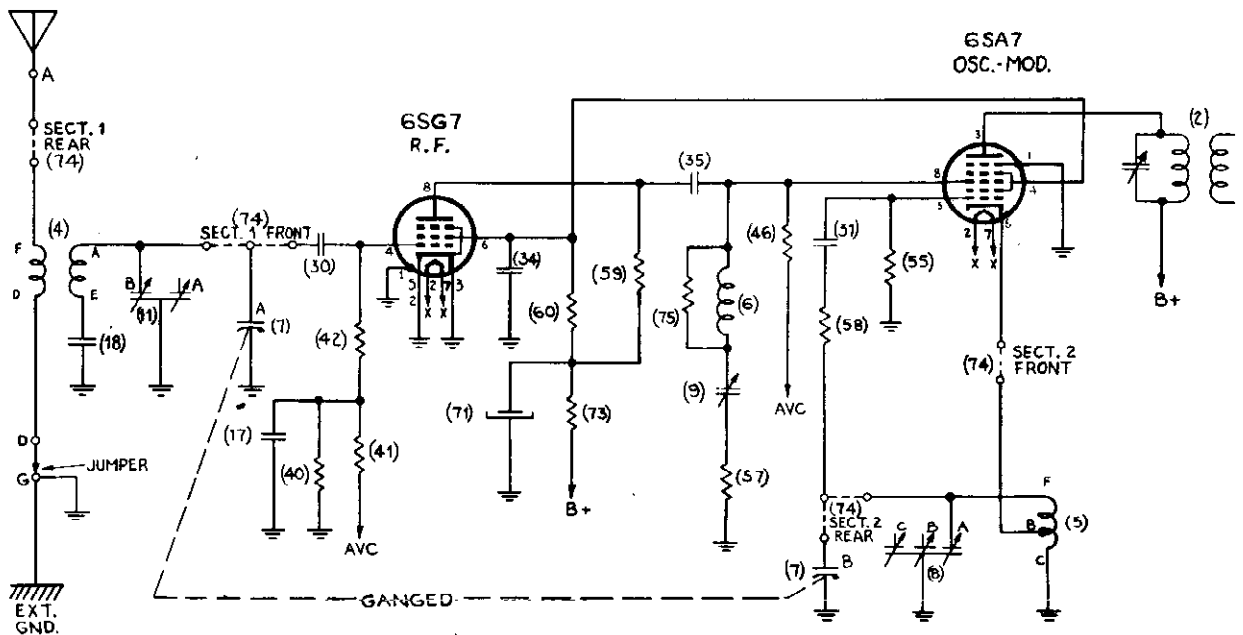


BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
AT 2ND POSITION COUNTERCLOCKWISE
BROADCAST BAND
540 - 1600 KC.

SENTINEL RADIO CORP.



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
AT 3RD POSITION COUNTERCLOCKWISE
SHORT WAVE BAND
2.2 - 7.5 MC.



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
AT 4TH POSITION COUNTERCLOCKWISE
SHORT WAVE BAND
7.5 - 24 MC.

MODELS 269T, 269C
269F

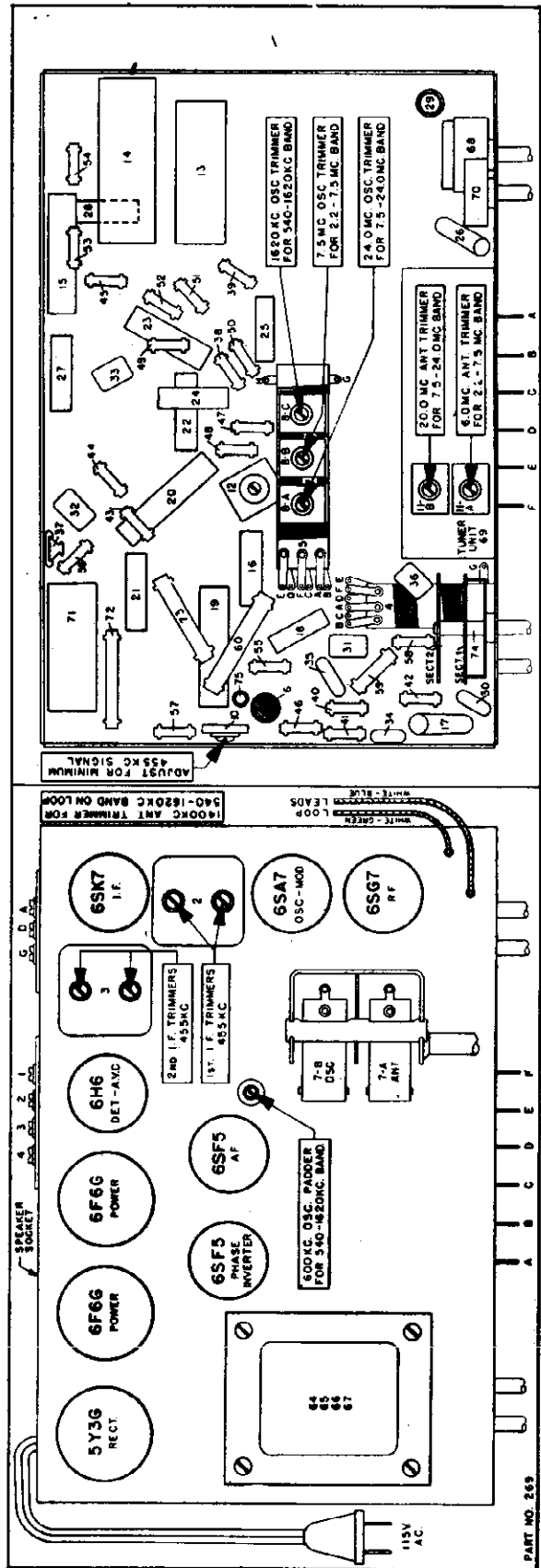
SENTINEL RADIO CORP.

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

For alignment procedure read tabulations from left to right. If more than one adjustment is required on any one band, make the adjustment marked (1) first, (2) next, (3) third. **IMPORTANT: BEFORE ALIGNING, PLACE LOOP ANTENNA IN THE SAME POSITION IT WILL BE IN WHEN THE SET IS IN THE CABINET.**

When adjusting 1620 kilocycle oscillator trimmer 600 K.C. paddler, 455 K.C. E.F. trimmer and 1400 kilocycle antenna trimmer, do not connect test oscillator to loop. Couple test oscillator to receiver loop by: (a) Make a loop consisting of five to ten turns of No. 20 to 30 size wire wound on a three inch form and attach across output of test oscillator. (b) Place test oscillator loop near set loop—BE SURE THAT NEITHER MOVES WHILE ALIGNING.

Place hand switch for operation on:	Set receiver dial to:	Adjust test oscillator frequency to:	Use dummy antenna in series with output of test oscillator consisting of:	Attach output of test oscillator to:	Refer to parts layout diagram for location of trimmers mentioned below:
I. F. alignment on any band position.	Any point where no interfering signal is received.	Exactly 455 K.C.	0.5 Mfd. condenser	High side to grid of 6SA7 tube. Low side to frame of gang condenser.	Adjust each of the second I.F. transformer trimmers for maximum output. Then adjust each of the first I.F. transformer trimmers for maximum output.
1600 to 240 K.C. Band	1 Rotate gang condenser to Maximum Capacity	Exactly 455 K.C.	None	Use Small Loop to couple test oscillator to receiver loop. Low side to frame of condenser.	Adjust R.F. coil for minimum 455 K.C. signal.
	2 Exactly 1620 K.C.	Exactly 1620 K.C.	None	Use Small Loop to couple test oscillator to receiver loop. Low side to frame of condenser.	Adjust 1620 K. C. oscillator trimmer for maximum output.
	3 Approx. 1400 K.C.	Approx. 1400 K.C.	None	Use Small Loop to couple test oscillator to receiver loop. Low side to frame of condenser.	While rocking gang condenser adjust 1400 K. C. loop trimmer for maximum output.
	4 Approx. 600 K.C.	Approx. 600 K.C.	None	Use Small Loop to couple test oscillator to receiver loop. Low side to frame of condenser.	While rocking gang condenser adjust 600 K. C. oscillator paddler for maximum output.
2.2 to 7.5 M.C. Band	1 Exactly 7.5 M.C.	Exactly 7.5 M.C.	400 Ohm carbon resistor	Receiver antenna "A" post	Adjust 7.5 M. C. oscillator trimmer for maximum output.
	2 Approx. 6 M.C.	Approx. 6 M.C.	400 Ohm carbon resistor	Receiver antenna "A" post	While rocking gang condenser adjust 6 M. C. antenna trimmer for maximum output.
7.5 to 24 M.C. Band	1 Exactly 24 M.C.	Exactly 24 M.C.	400 Ohm carbon resistor	Receiver antenna "A" post	Adjust 24 M. C. oscillator trimmer for maximum output.
	2 Approx. 20 M.C.	Approx. 20 M.C.	400 Ohm carbon resistor	Receiver antenna "A" post	While rocking gang condenser adjust 20 M. C. antenna trimmer for maximum output.



PART NO. 269

Obtain the transmitter frequency—number of kilocycles—and call letters of the stations you wish to Push Button Tune. FOR BEST RESULTS SET PUSH BUTTONS FOR LOCAL OR STRONG NEAR-BY STATIONS ONLY.

Remove push button escutcheon from front of cabinet by unscrewing small wood screws that hold this in place.

Rotate band switch to the next to the maximum right hand position. Using manual tuning knob, carefully tune in to the point of clearest tone, one of the selected stations whose transmitter frequency is somewhere between 540 and 900 kilocycles.

Rotate band switch knob to the maximum right hand position.

Press in either one of the two push buttons indicated on label adjacent to trimmers marked 540 to 900 K.C. Note: Station signal will disappear, or may be distorted and in some instances another station may be heard.

Using a screwdriver ADJUST THE LARGE 540 TO 900 KILOCYCLE ADJUSTING SCREW, LOCATED ABOVE THE PUSH BUTTON THAT IS PUSHED IN—until the 540 to 900 kilocycle station that had been previously tuned in with the manual tuning knob is heard with maximum volume and clearest tone. AFTER ADJUSTING THE LARGE SCREW CAREFULLY ADJUST THE SMALL SCREW DIRECTLY BELOW THE LARGE ONE FOR CLEAREST TONE AND MAXIMUM VOLUME.

Remove the printed tab, having the call letters of the station tuned in, from the paper call letter sheet. Press this into the depression in the push button escutcheon that will be adjacent to the push button just adjusted when the escutcheon is remounted in place on the cabinet.

Set other trimmers for selected stations operating between the frequency range of the trimmers, as indicated on the label.

IMPORTANT: THE WAVE SWITCH KNOB MUST BE IN THE MAXIMUM RIGHT HAND POSITION FOR PUSH BUTTON TUNING.

In some instances it may be necessary, after the set is operated for a period of time, to reset the trimmers as they may drift due to heat, humidity, etc.

The loop aerial cannot be used for short wave reception. WHEN TUNING FOR SHORT WAVE 2.2-7.5 AND 7.5-24 M.C. BAND STATIONS, CONNECT A 25-50 FOOT OUTDOOR AERIAL TO THE RADIO.

THERE ARE THREE AERIAL & GROUND POSTS MARKED "A," "D," AND "G" on the rear of the chassis. When the receiver is shipped from the factory a flexible wire is connected to post "D" and "G." When a straight aerial is used this wire should be left in this position and the aerial lead-in connected to the post marked "A."

When a doublet type antenna is used, remove the small piece of wire connecting "G" and "D" posts together and attach one of the doublet antenna lead-ins to "A" post and the other to "D" post.

The metal arm on loop need not be moved to "Ant" position as arm is inoperative when band selector switch is in 2.2-7.5 and 7.5-24 M.C. bands position.

REGARDLESS OF THE TYPE OF AERIAL USED ALWAYS HAVE A GOOD GROUND ATTACHED TO THE POST MARKED "G" ON REAR OF CHASSIS. A cold water pipe, steam radiator or an iron rod driven 3 or 4 feet into moist ground will provide a suitable ground.

PUSH BUTTON TUNING

SIX STATIONS OPERATING IN THE 1620-540 K.C. BAND MAY BE "AUTOMATIC PUSH BUTTON" TUNED BY PROPERLY SETTING THE 6 SETS OF TRIMMER SCREWS LOCATED UNDERNEATH THE PUSH BUTTON ESCUTCHEON ON FRONT OF CABINET.

As the push buttons are not preset at the factory for any definite stations, be sure to set them by:

- (a) It is important to have the aerial, if an outdoor antenna is to be used, attached to the radio when adjusting the trimmers.
- (b) BE SURE TO OPERATE THE RADIO AT LEAST ONE-HALF HOUR BEFORE ADJUSTING TRIMMERS. If set is not thoroughly warmed up when trimmers are adjusted, the trimmers may shift position after they do become warm, resulting in poor tone, weak signals and excessive background noise.

THE FOLLOWING PARTS LIST, WIRING DIAGRAM AND ALIGNMENT CHARTS ARE INTENDED FOR USE BY PROFESSIONAL SERVICE MEN

If your radio should ever require attention, show this data to your service man . . . it will help him to make a faster and better adjustment.

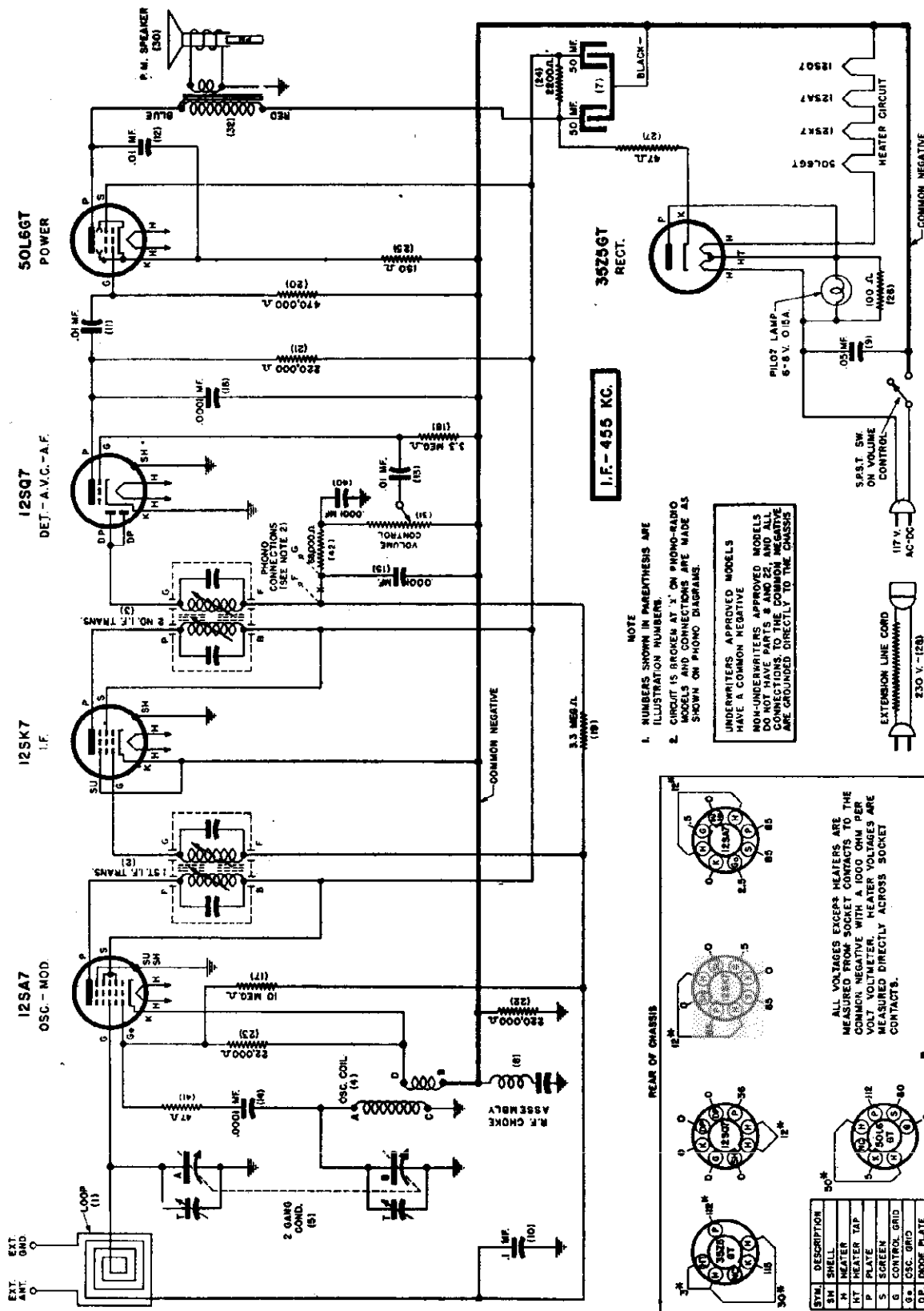
PARTS LIST

Illus. No.	Part Name	Description	List Price	Illus. No.	Part Name	Description	List Price
1	13505 Antenna	Leop used with Table Model Cabinet \$1.25	.25	62	13489 Speaker	E. D. 18" used with Console Model 6.75	6.75
2	4404 Coil	Loop used with Console Model Cabinet 2.50	.30	63	13078 Speaker	E. D. 12" used with Console Combination Model	3.50
3	4404 Coil	Second I. F. Transformer 1.00	.10	64	11436 Transformer	Power 115 Volt 50/60 Cycle	3.50
4	15111 Coil	Antenna for 2.2-7.5 & 7.5-24 MC Band	.90	65	11437 Transformer	Power 220 Volt 50 Cycle	4.25
5	13513 Coil	Oscillator	.80	66	11438 Transformer	Power 110-250 Volt 25 Cycle	8.75
6	13370 Coil	R.F. Choke	2.80	67	12550 Lens Control	Valving Unit S.P.S.T. Switch	4.50
7	12322 Condenser	Tuning Two Gang with Pulley	.47	68	12137 Condenser	Contrib. 6X Buttons Trimmer Assembly	4.85
8	3782 Condenser	Trimmer 3-35 MF Working Range	.20	69	12137 Condenser	Contrib. 6X Buttons Trimmer Assembly	4.85
9	11839 Condenser	Trimmer 3-35 MF Working Range	.40	70	13487 Resistor	Carbon 50,000 Ohm 1/3 Watt	.22
10	11837 Condenser	Trimmer 1-10 MF Working Range	.20	71	13531 Resistor	Carbon 5,000 Ohm 1/3 Watt	.18
11	11836 Condenser	Trimmer 1-10 MF Working Range	.20	72	13532 Resistor	Carbon 75,000 Ohm 1/3 Watt	.18
12	13506 Condenser	Padding 340-650 Working Range	.44	73	13524 Resistor	Carbon 75,000 Ohm 1/3 Watt	.18
13	13433 Condenser	Tubular Dry Elec. 20 Mfd. 450 Volt	.80	10922	Bulb	Dial Light 6.8 Volt 250 Amp. No. 44 80-10	44.80
14	13434 Condenser	Tubular Dry Elec. 10 Mfd. 450 Volt	.40	10923	Bulb	32" of 18 lb. Drive Cord	35
15	16533 Condenser	Tubular Dry Elec. 10 Mfd. 25 Volt	.20	10924	Bulb	Drive Shaft Assembly with Bearing	.04
16	16078 Condenser	Tubular .05 Mfd. 200 Volt	.19	10925	Bulb	Card Tension Spring	.75
17	16077 Condenser	Tubular .05 Mfd. 200 Volt	.19	10926	Bulb	Slide Rule for Dial	.15
18	16076 Condenser	Tubular .05 Mfd. 200 Volt	.19	10927	Bulb	Less Clear Glass for Dial	1.25
19	16075 Condenser	Tubular .05 Mfd. 200 Volt	.19	10928	Bulb	For Pushbuttons	.50
20	16074 Condenser	Tubular .05 Mfd. 200 Volt	.19	10929	Bulb	Clear Glass for Dial Escutcheon	.15
21	16073 Condenser	Tubular .05 Mfd. 200 Volt	.19	10930	Bulb	Marked "Tuning Switch"	.15
22	16072 Condenser	Tubular .05 Mfd. 200 Volt	.19	10931	Bulb	Marked "On-Tone"	.15
23	16071 Condenser	Tubular .05 Mfd. 200 Volt	.19	10932	Bulb	Marked "Volume"	.15
24	16070 Condenser	Tubular .05 Mfd. 200 Volt	.19	10933	Bulb	Pushbutton	.06
25	16069 Condenser	Tubular .05 Mfd. 200 Volt	.19	10934	Bulb		
26	16068 Condenser	Tubular .05 Mfd. 200 Volt	.19	10935	Bulb		
27	16067 Condenser	Tubular .05 Mfd. 200 Volt	.19	10936	Bulb		
28	4395 Condenser	Mica .00025 Mfd	.21	10937	Bulb		
29	9435 Condenser	Mica .00025 Mfd	.21	10938	Bulb		
30	9436 Condenser	Mica .00025 Mfd	.21	10939	Bulb		
31	9437 Condenser	Mica .00025 Mfd	.21	10940	Bulb		
32	9438 Condenser	Mica .00025 Mfd	.21	10941	Bulb		
33	9439 Condenser	Mica .00025 Mfd	.21	10942	Bulb		
34	9440 Condenser	Mica .00025 Mfd	.21	10943	Bulb		
35	9441 Condenser	Mica .00025 Mfd	.21	10944	Bulb		
36	9442 Condenser	Mica .00025 Mfd	.21	10945	Bulb		
37	9443 Condenser	Mica .00025 Mfd	.21	10946	Bulb		
38	9444 Condenser	Mica .00025 Mfd	.21	10947	Bulb		
39	9445 Condenser	Mica .00025 Mfd	.21	10948	Bulb		
40	9446 Condenser	Mica .00025 Mfd	.21	10949	Bulb		
41	9447 Condenser	Mica .00025 Mfd	.21	10950	Bulb		
42	9448 Condenser	Mica .00025 Mfd	.21	10951	Bulb		
43	9449 Condenser	Mica .00025 Mfd	.21	10952	Bulb		
44	9450 Condenser	Mica .00025 Mfd	.21	10953	Bulb		
45	9451 Condenser	Mica .00025 Mfd	.21	10954	Bulb		
46	9452 Condenser	Mica .00025 Mfd	.21	10955	Bulb		
47	9453 Condenser	Mica .00025 Mfd	.21	10956	Bulb		
48	9454 Condenser	Mica .00025 Mfd	.21	10957	Bulb		
49	9455 Condenser	Mica .00025 Mfd	.21	10958	Bulb		
50	9456 Condenser	Mica .00025 Mfd	.21	10959	Bulb		
51	9457 Condenser	Mica .00025 Mfd	.21	10960	Bulb		
52	9458 Condenser	Mica .00025 Mfd	.21	10961	Bulb		
53	9459 Condenser	Mica .00025 Mfd	.21	10962	Bulb		
54	9460 Condenser	Mica .00025 Mfd	.21	10963	Bulb		
55	9461 Condenser	Mica .00025 Mfd	.21	10964	Bulb		
56	9462 Condenser	Mica .00025 Mfd	.21	10965	Bulb		
57	9463 Condenser	Mica .00025 Mfd	.21	10966	Bulb		
58	9464 Condenser	Mica .00025 Mfd	.21	10967	Bulb		
59	9465 Condenser	Mica .00025 Mfd	.21	10968	Bulb		
60	9466 Condenser	Mica .00025 Mfd	.21	10969	Bulb		
61	9467 Condenser	Mica .00025 Mfd	.21	10970	Bulb		
62	9468 Condenser	Mica .00025 Mfd	.21	10971	Bulb		
63	9469 Condenser	Mica .00025 Mfd	.21	10972	Bulb		
64	9470 Condenser	Mica .00025 Mfd	.21	10973	Bulb		
65	9471 Condenser	Mica .00025 Mfd	.21	10974	Bulb		
66	9472 Condenser	Mica .00025 Mfd	.21	10975	Bulb		
67	9473 Condenser	Mica .00025 Mfd	.21	10976	Bulb		
68	9474 Condenser	Mica .00025 Mfd	.21	10977	Bulb		
69	9475 Condenser	Mica .00025 Mfd	.21	10978	Bulb		
70	9476 Condenser	Mica .00025 Mfd	.21	10979	Bulb		
71	9477 Condenser	Mica .00025 Mfd	.21	10980	Bulb		
72	9478 Condenser	Mica .00025 Mfd	.21	10981	Bulb		
73	9479 Condenser	Mica .00025 Mfd	.21	10982	Bulb		
74	9480 Condenser	Mica .00025 Mfd	.21	10983	Bulb		
75	9481 Condenser	Mica .00025 Mfd	.21	10984	Bulb		
76	9482 Condenser	Mica .00025 Mfd	.21	10985	Bulb		
77	9483 Condenser	Mica .00025 Mfd	.21	10986	Bulb		
78	9484 Condenser	Mica .00025 Mfd	.21	10987	Bulb		
79	9485 Condenser	Mica .00025 Mfd	.21	10988	Bulb		
80	9486 Condenser	Mica .00025 Mfd	.21	10989	Bulb		
81	9487 Condenser	Mica .00025 Mfd	.21	10990	Bulb		
82	9488 Condenser	Mica .00025 Mfd	.21	10991	Bulb		
83	9489 Condenser	Mica .00025 Mfd	.21	10992	Bulb		
84	9490 Condenser	Mica .00025 Mfd	.21	10993	Bulb		
85	9491 Condenser	Mica .00025 Mfd	.21	10994	Bulb		
86	9492 Condenser	Mica .00025 Mfd	.21	10995	Bulb		
87	9493 Condenser	Mica .00025 Mfd	.21	10996	Bulb		
88	9494 Condenser	Mica .00025 Mfd	.21	10997	Bulb		
89	9495 Condenser	Mica .00025 Mfd	.21	10998	Bulb		
90	9496 Condenser	Mica .00025 Mfd	.21	10999	Bulb		
91	9497 Condenser	Mica .00025 Mfd	.21	11000	Bulb		
92	9498 Condenser	Mica .00025 Mfd	.21	11001	Bulb		
93	9499 Condenser	Mica .00025 Mfd	.21	11002	Bulb		
94	9500 Condenser	Mica .00025 Mfd	.21	11003	Bulb		
95	9501 Condenser	Mica .00025 Mfd	.21	11004	Bulb		
96	9502 Condenser	Mica .00025 Mfd	.21	11005	Bulb		
97	9503 Condenser	Mica .00025 Mfd	.21	11006	Bulb		
98	9504 Condenser	Mica .00025 Mfd	.21	11007	Bulb		
99	9505 Condenser	Mica .00025 Mfd	.21	11008	Bulb		
100	9506 Condenser	Mica .00025 Mfd	.21	11009	Bulb		

PRICES ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE

When ordering parts be sure to mention part number.

MODELS 284W, 284I, 284NI, 284NA,
 1U-284W, 1U-284I, 1U-284NI, SENTINEL RADIO CORP.
 1U-284NA



I.F. - 455 KC.

NOTE
 1. NUMBERS SHOWN IN PARENTHESES ARE ILLUSTRATION NUMBERS.
 2. CIRCUIT IS SHOWN AT 'X' ON PHONO-RADIO MODELS AND CONNECTIONS ARE MADE AS SHOWN ON PHONO DIAGRAMS.

UNDERWRITERS APPROVED MODELS
 NON-UNDERWRITERS APPROVED MODELS
 DO NOT HAVE PARTS 8 AND 22, AND ALL CONNECTIONS TO THE COMMON NEGATIVE ARE GROUNDED DIRECTLY TO THE CHASSIS.

REAR OF CHASSIS

SYM.	DESCRIPTION
SH	SHELL
H	HEATER
HT	HEATER TAP
P	PLATE
S	SCREEN
G	CONTROL GRID
SG	OSC. GRID
DR	DIODE PLATE
SU	SUPPRESSOR
K	CATHODE
INC	NO CONNECTION

ALL VOLTAGES EXCEPT HEATERS ARE MEASURED FROM SOCKET CONTACTS TO THE COMMON NEGATIVE WITH A 1000 OHM PER VOLT VOLTMETER. HEATER VOLTAGES ARE MEASURED DIRECTLY ACROSS SOCKET CONTACTS.

* A.C. EXCEPT WHEN SET IS USED ON DC

VOLTAGE TABLE
 (BOTTOM VIEW OF CHASSIS)

SENTINEL RADIO CORP.

For alignment procedure read tabulations from left to right, and make the adjustment marked (1) first, (2) next, (3) third.

Before starting alignment:

- (a) Check tuning dial adjustment by tuning gang condenser until plates touch maximum capacity stop (completely in mesh) at which point the dial needle must be exactly even with the last line at the low frequency end of the dial calibration. If dial needle does not point exactly to last line move to correct position.
- (b) Use an accurately calibrated test oscillator with some type of output measuring device.
- (c) PLACE LOOP ANTENNA IN THE SAME POSITION IT WILL BE IN WHEN THE SET IS IN THE CABINET.

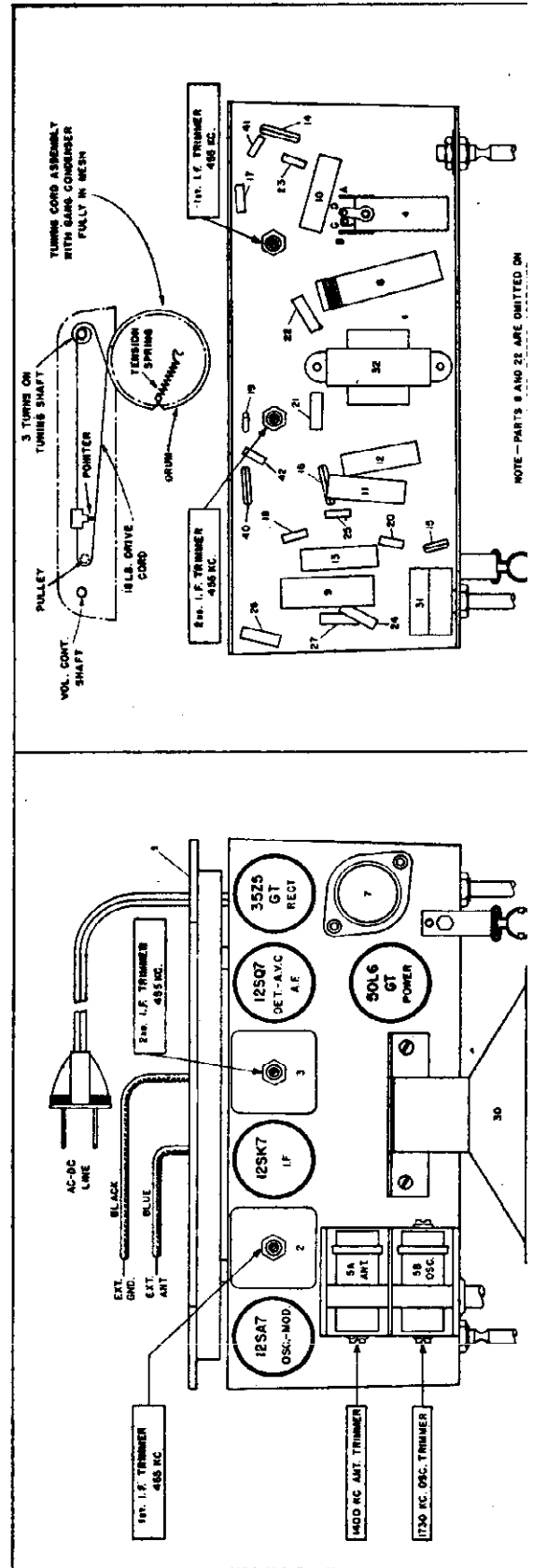
TEST OSCILLATOR			
Set receiver dial to:	Adjust test oscillator frequency to:	Use dummy antenna in series with output of test oscillator consisting of:	Attach output of test oscillator to:
1 Any point where no interfering signal is received.	455 K. C.	.02 MFD. condenser	High side to rear stator plates of tuning condenser. Low side to frame of condenser through a .02 MFD. blocking condenser.
2 Exactly 1750 K. C.	Exactly 1750 K. C.	.00025 MFD. condenser	Receiver blue antenna lead Receiver black ground lead
3 Approx. 1400 K. C.	Exactly 1400 K. C.	.00025 MFD. condenser	Receiver blue antenna lead Receiver black ground lead

Refer to parts layout diagram for location of trimmers mentioned below:

Adjust each of the second L. F. transformer trimmers for maximum output—then adjust each of the first I. F. trimmers for maximum output.

Adjust 1750 K. C. oscillator trimmer for maximum output.

While rocking gang condenser adjust 1400 K. C. antenna trimmer for maximum output.



NOTE—PARTS 8 AND 22 ARE OMITTED ON

MODELS 284W, 284I, 284NI, SENTINEL RADIO CORP.
 284NA, 1U-284W, 1U-284I,
 1U-284NI, 1U-284NA
 MODEL 289T

MODELS 284W, 284I, 284NI, 284NA,
 1U-284W, 1U-284I, 1U-284NI, 1U-284NA,

PARTS LIST

Ill. No.	Part No.	Part Name	Description	Ill. No.	Part No.	Part Name	Description
1	20E24	Antenne	Loop	20	27E474	Resistor	Carbon, 470,000 Ohm 1/3 Watt
2	20E21	Coil	1st I.F. Transformer	21	27E224	Resistor	Carbon, 220,000 Ohm 1/3 Watt
3	20E22	Coil	2nd I.F. Transformer	22	27E224	Resistor	Carbon, 220,000 Ohm 1/3 Watt (Und. Appd. Only)
*4	20E13	Coil	Oscillator See *Note	*23	27E223	Resistor	Carbon, 22,000 Ohm 1/3 Watt See *Note
*4	20E162	Coil	Oscillator See *Note	or			
5	24E2	Condenser	Tuning, 2 Gang (3 Hole Mtg.)	*23	27E473	Resistor	Carbon, 47,000 Ohm See *Note
5	24E18	Condenser	Tuning, 2 Gang (2 Hole Mtg.)	24	27E222-2	Resistor	Carbon, 2,200 Ohm 1 Watt
7	25E1	Condenser	Dry Electrolytic, 50-50 Mfd, 150 V.	25	27E151	Resistor	Carbon, 150 Ohm 1/3 Watt
8	20E75	Choke	R.F. Choke Assembly (Und. Appd. Only)	26	27E101	Resistor	Carbon, 100 Ohm 1/3 Watt
9	23E416	Condenser	Tubular, .05 Mfd, 400 Volts	27	27E470-2	Resistor	Carbon, 47 Ohm 1/2 Watt
10	23E218	Condenser	Tubular, .1 Mfd, 200 Volts	28		Resistor	230 Volt Extension Line Cord
11	23E211	Condenser	Tubular, .01 Mfd, 200 Volts				Used in models not Underwriters Apprd.
12	23E211	Condenser	Tubular, .01 Mfd, 200 Volts	29		Resistor	125 Volt Extension Line Cord
13	23E211	Condenser	Tubular, .01 Mfd, 200 Volts				Used in models not Underwriters Apprd.
14	23E39	Condenser	Mica, .0001 Mfd.	30	1E9	Speaker	5" PM
15	23E39	Condenser	Mica, .0001 Mfd.	31	28E1	Volume Control	With S.P.S.T. Switch
16	23E39	Condenser	Mica, .0001 Mfd.	32	22E2	Transformer	Output for Speaker
17	27E106	Resistor	Carbon, 10 Megohm 1/3 Watt	40	23E39	Condenser	Mica, .001 Mfd.
18	27E335	Resistor	Carbon, 3.3 Megohm 1/3 Watt	*41	27E470	Resistor	Carbon, 47 Ohm 1/3 W. See *Note
19	27E335	Resistor	Carbon, 3.3 Megohm 1/3 Watt	42	27E683	Resistor	Carbon, 68,000 Ohm, 1/3 W.

MISCELLANEOUS PARTS

Part No.	Part Name	Description	Part No.	Part Name	Description
7E31-1	Cabinet	Walnut Plastic	68E1	Dial Shaft	Drive Shaft
7E31-2	Cabinet	Ivory Plastic	19E3	Dial Shaft	Bearing For Drive Shaft
7E1-1	Cabinet	Catalin Plastic		Bearing	
7E70	Cabinet Back	For Catalin Cabinet	35E8	Dial Pointer	Dial Indicator
7E32	Cabinet Back	For Walnut & Ivory Plastic Cabinets	65E2	Dial Spring	Tension Spring For Drive Cord
4E1	Cord	6 Ft. Rubber Line Cord	37E17-1	Knob	For Walnut Cabinet
20E12	Dial Plate	Dial Back Plate Assem. Less Scale	37E17-3	Knob	For Ivory Cabinet
	Assem.		37E29-1	Knob	For Catalin Cabinet
4E1	Dial Cord	30' of 18 Lb. Dial Drive Cord	20E43	Pilot Lamp	Pilot Lamp Socket Assembly
9E2	Dial Crystal	Acetate Dial Crystal		Socket	
36E10	Dial Scale	Calibrated Scale	40E1	Pilot Lamp	6-8 Volt .150 Amp. Type 47 Lamp

*NOTE: First production run of this model used Oscillator Coil Part Number 20E13, Illus. No. 4, with the 47 Ohm Resistor, Illus. No. 41, and the value of the 12SA7 grid leak Resistor, Illus. No. 23, was 47,000 Ohms. In later production, Part Number 20E13, Oscillator Coil, was replaced with Part Number 20E162; also the 47 Ohm Resistor, Illus. No. 41, was eliminated and the value of Resistor, Illus. No. 23, was changed to 22,000 Ohms. BECAUSE PERFORMANCE OF THE SET WILL BE SOMEWHAT IMPROVED BY USING OSCILLATOR COIL Part Number 20E162, WE RECOMMEND THAT WHENEVER IT IS NECESSARY TO REPLACE THE OSCILLATOR COIL, THAT ONLY Part Number 20E162 BE USED FOR THIS PURPOSE.

MODEL 289-T

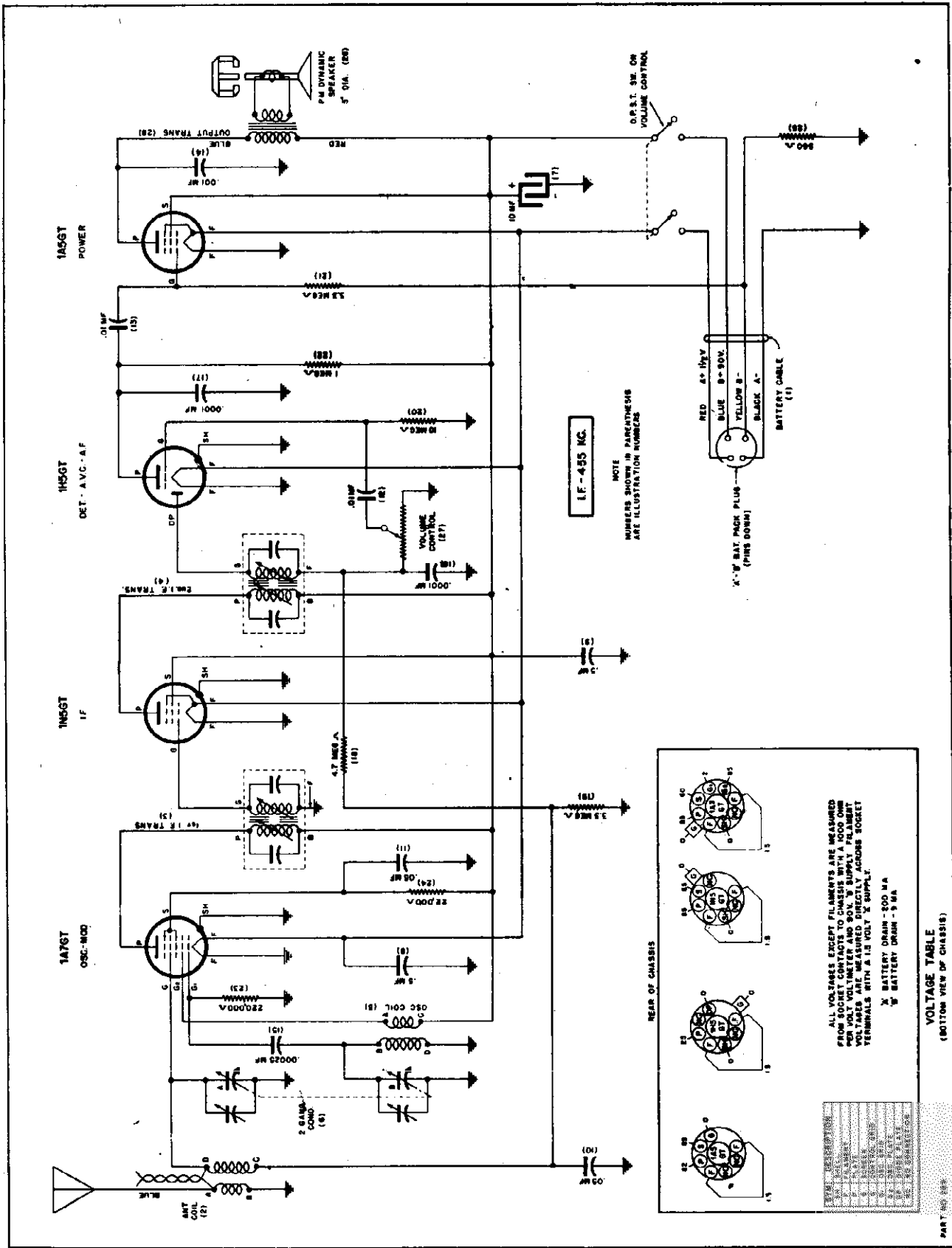
PARTS LIST

Illus. No.	Part No.	Part Name	Description	Illus. No.	Part No.	Part Name	Description
1	20E58	Cable	Battery with 4 Prong Plug	15	23E42	Condenser	Mica, .00025
2	20E32	Coil	Antenna	16	23E3	Condenser	Fixed Ceramic .0001 Mfd.
3	20E21	Coil	1st I.F. Transformer	17	23E3	Condenser	Fixed Ceramic .0001 Mfd.
4	20E35	Coil	2nd I.F. Transformer	18	27E475	Resistor	Carbon, 4.7 Megohm, 1/3 W.
5	20E77	Coil	Oscillator	19	27E335	Resistor	Carbon, 3.3 Megohm, 1/3 W.
6	24E4	Condenser	Tuning 2 Gang, 3-hole mounting	20	27E106	Resistor	Carbon, 10 Megohm, 1/3 W.
6	24E19	Condenser	Tuning 2 Gang, 2-hole mounting	21	27E335	Resistor	Carbon, 3.3 Megohm, 1/3 W.
7	25E9	Condenser	Tubular Dry Elect. 10 Mfd, 100 V.	22	27E105	Resistor	Carbon, 1 Megohm, 1/3 W.
8	23E224	Condenser	Tubular .5 Mfd, 200 Volt	23	27E224	Resistor	Carbon, 220,000 Ohm, 1/3 W.
9	23E224	Condenser	Tubular .5 Mfd, 200 Volt	24	27E223	Resistor	Carbon, 22,000 Ohm, 1/3 W.
10	23E216	Condenser	Tubular .05 Mfd, 200 Volt	25	27E561	Resistor	Carbon, 560 Ohm, 1/3 W.
11	23E216	Condenser	Tubular .05 Mfd, 200 Volt	26	1E15	Speaker	6" PM
12	23E151	Condenser	Tubular .01 Mfd, 120 Volt	27	28E2	Volume Control	With D.P.S.T. Switch
13	23E151	Condenser	Tubular .01 Mfd, 120 Volt	28	22E4	Transformer	Output
14	23E204	Condenser	Tubular .001 Mfd, 200 Volt				

MISCELLANEOUS PARTS

Part No.	Part Name	Description	Part No.	Part Name	Description
7E50	Cabinet	Wood Table Model	19E3	Dial Shaft Bearing	Bearing for Drive Shaft
4E1	Dial Cord	18 Lb. Drive Cord	65E3	Dial Indicator	
65E2	Dial Cord Spring	Dial Cord Tension Spring		Spring	Tension Spring for "On-Off" Indicator
68E2	Dial Shaft	Drive Shaft	12E103-P10	Dial Shaft Washer	"C" Retainer Washer for Drive Shaft
36E11	Dial Scale	Calibrated Scale	37E25-1	Knob	
35E9	Dial Pointer	Dial Needle	17E3-4	Plug	4-Prong Battery Plug
36E14	Dial Indicator	"On-Off" Indicator	46E1-1	Throw Arm	Operates On-Off Indicator

SENTINEL RADIO CORP.



REAR OF CHASSIS

ALL VOLTAGES EXCEPT FILAMENTS ARE MEASURED FROM COMMON POINT TO POINT OF MEASUREMENT PER VOLT METER AND SOX 'M' SUPPLY FILAMENT VOLTAGES ARE MEASURED DIRECTLY ACROSS SOCKET TERMINALS WITH A 1.5 VOLT 'X' SUPPLY.

- X BATTERY DRAIN - 500 MA
- Y BATTERY DRAIN - 5 MA

VOLTAGE TABLE
(BOTTOM VIEW OF CHASSIS)

Socket	Pin	Color	Voltage
1A	1	RED	300V
	2	BLUE	300V
1B	1	YELLOW	300V
	2	BLACK	0V
1C	1	RED	300V
	2	BLUE	300V

PART NO. 889

MODEL 289T

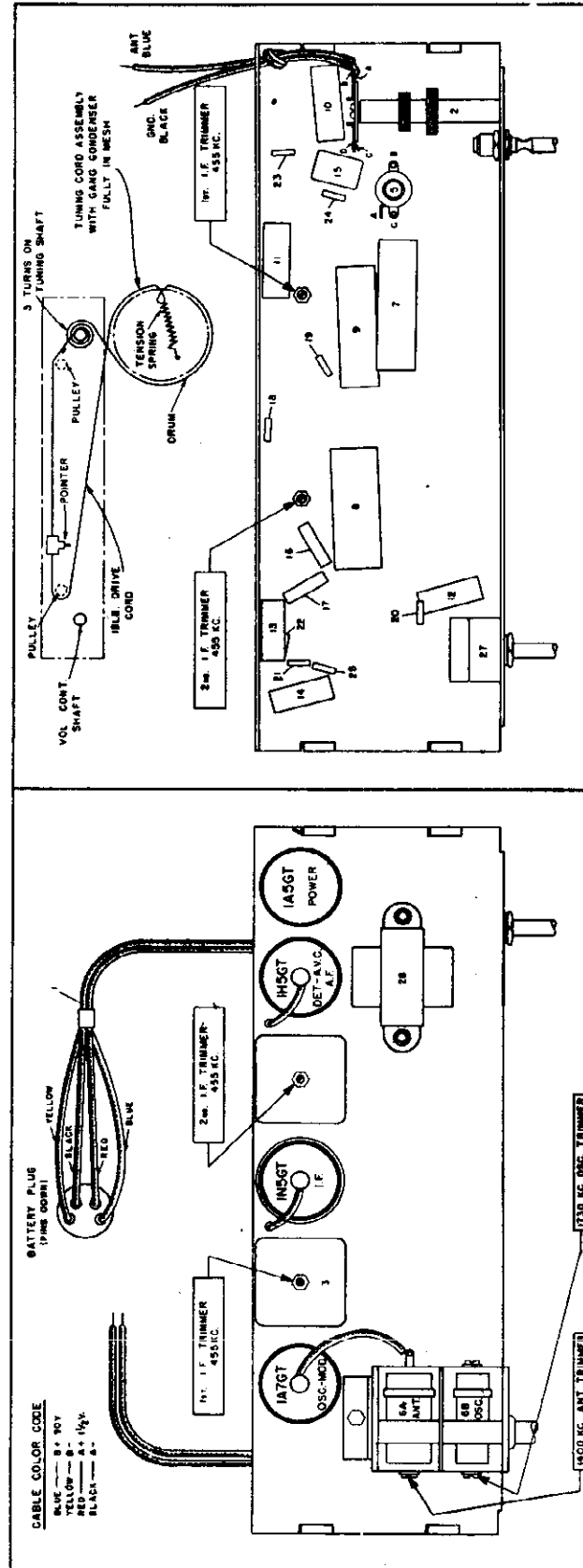
SENTINEL RADIO CORP.

Be sure to follow procedure carefully and in the order given—otherwise the receiver will be insensitive and the dial calibration incorrect. For alignment procedure read tabulations from left to right. If more than one adjustment is required on any one band, make the adjustment marked (1) first, (2) next, etc.

Before starting alignment:

- (a) Check tuning dial adjustment by tuning gang condenser until plates touch maximum capacity stop (completely in mesh) at which point the dial needle must be exactly even with the last line at the low frequency end of the dial calibration. If dial needle does not point exactly to last line move to correct position.
- (b) Use an accurately calibrated test oscillator with some type of output measuring device.

Steps	Set receiver dial to:	TEST OSCILLATOR		Refer to parts layout diagram for location of trimmers mentioned below:
		Adjust test oscillator frequency to:	Use dummy antenna in series with output of test oscillator consisting of:		Attach output of test oscillator to:
1	I.F. Any point where no interfering signal is received	455 K. C.	.02 MFD. condenser	Adjust each of the second I. F. transformer trimmers for maximum output—then adjust each of the first I. F. trimmers for maximum output.
2	Exactly 1730 K. C.	Exactly 1730 K. C.	.00025 MFD. condenser	Adjust 1730 K. C. oscillator trimmer for maximum output.
3	Exactly 1400 K. C.	Exactly 1400 K. C.	.00025 MFD. condenser	While rocking gang condenser adjust 1400 K. C. antenna trimmer for maximum output.



SENTINEL RADIO CORP.

MODELS 293W, 293I, 293T.
1U-293W, 1U-293I, 1U-293T.
MODELS 294N, 294I, 294T.
1U-294W, 1U-294I, 1U-294T.

MODELS 293W, 293I, 293T 1U-293W, 1U-293I, 1U-293T
PARTS LIST

Item No.	Part No.	Part Name	Description	List Price	Item No.	Part No.	Part Name	Description	List Price
1	44E3	Antenna	Loop		22	27E101-2	Resistor	Carbon, 100 Ohm, 1/2 W.	
2	20E21	Coil	1st I. F. Transformer		23	27E106	Resistor	Carbon, 10 Megohm, 1/3 W.	
3	20E22	Coil	2nd I. F. Transformer		24	27E335	Resistor	Carbon, 3.3 Megohm, 1/3 W.	
4	20E64	Coil	Oscillator		25	27E474	Resistor	Carbon, 470,000 Ohm, 1/3 W.	
5	2E19	Coil	R. F. Choke		26	27E474	Resistor	Carbon, 470,000 Ohm, 1/3 W.	
6	24E8	Condenser	Tuning, 2 Gang		27	27E224	Resistor	Carbon, 220,000 Ohm, 1/3 W.	
7	24E3	Condenser	Trimmer (3-35 MMF Working)		28	27E224	Resistor	Carbon, 220,000 Ohm, 1/3 W.	
8	2E56	Condenser	Tubular, Dry Elect. 50-50 Mfd.—150 V.		29	27E473	Resistor	Carbon, 47,000 Ohm, 1/3 W.	
9	23E216	Condenser	Tubular, .05 Mfd.—200 V.		30	27E223	Resistor	Carbon, 22,000 Ohm, 1/3 W.	
10	23E211	Condenser	Tubular, .01 Mfd.—200 V.		31	27E822	Resistor	Carbon, 8,200 Ohm, 1/3 W.	
11	23E416	Condenser	Tubular, .05 Mfd.—400 V.		32	27E151	Resistor	Carbon, 150 Ohm, 1/3 W.	
12	23E411	Condenser	Tubular, .01 Mfd.—400 V.		33	27E102-3	Resistor	Carbon, 1,000 Ohm, 1 W.	
13	23E408	Condenser	Tubular, .005 Mfd.—400 V.		34	Resistor Line Cord	230 Volt Extension Line Cord—Used in Models not having Common Ground		
14	23E406	Condenser	Tubular, .005 Mfd.—400 V.		35	Resistor Line Cord	125 Volt Extension Line Cord—Used in Models not having Common Ground		
15	23E421	Condenser	Tubular, 2 Mfd.—400 V.		36	1E1	Speaker	4" x 6" Elliptical P.M., less Transformer	
16	23E405	Condenser	Tubular, .002 Mfd.—400 V.		37	22E8	Transformer	Output for Speaker	
17	23E37	Condenser	Mica, .00005 Mfd.		38	28E8	Tone Control		
18	23E39	Condenser	Mica, .0001 Mfd.		39	28E7	Volume Control	With S. P. S. T. Switch	
19	23E39	Condenser	Mica, .0001 Mfd.		40	27E470-2	Resistor	Carbon, 47 Ohm, 1/3 W.	
20	23E42	Condenser	Mica, .00025 Mfd.						
21	23E42	Condenser	Mica, .00025 Mfd.						

MISCELLANEOUS PARTS

Part No.	Part Name	Description	List Price	Part No.	Part Name	Description	List Price
40E1	Bulb	6-8 Volt, 150 Amp. Dial Light Mazda No. 47, Bayonet Base		19E3	Dial Shaft Bearing	Drive Shaft Bearing	
7E48	Cabinet Back	For Walnut and Ivory Plastic Cabinets		12E103F10	Dial Shaft Washer	"C" Retainer Washer for Drive Shaft	
7E33	Cabinet Back	For Wood Cabinet		20E65	Dial Back Plate	Backplate Assembly less Calibrated Scale	
7E46-1	Cabinet	Walnut Plastic		36E16	Dial Scale	Calibrated Glass Scale	
7E46-2	Cabinet	Ivory Plastic		35E13	Dial Pointer	Dial Indicator	
7E3	Cabinet	Wood Table Model		37E27-11	Knob	Walnut, for Walnut Plastic Cabinet	
6E2	Dial Cord Spring	Tension Spring		37E27-15	Knob	Ivory, for Ivory Plastic Cabinet	
4E1	Dial Cord	36" of 18 lb. Drive Cord		37E21-7	Knob	For Wood Cabinet	
6E1	Dial Shaft	Drive Shaft					

MODELS 294N, 294I, 294T, 1U-294W, 1U-294I, 1U-294T.

PARTS LIST

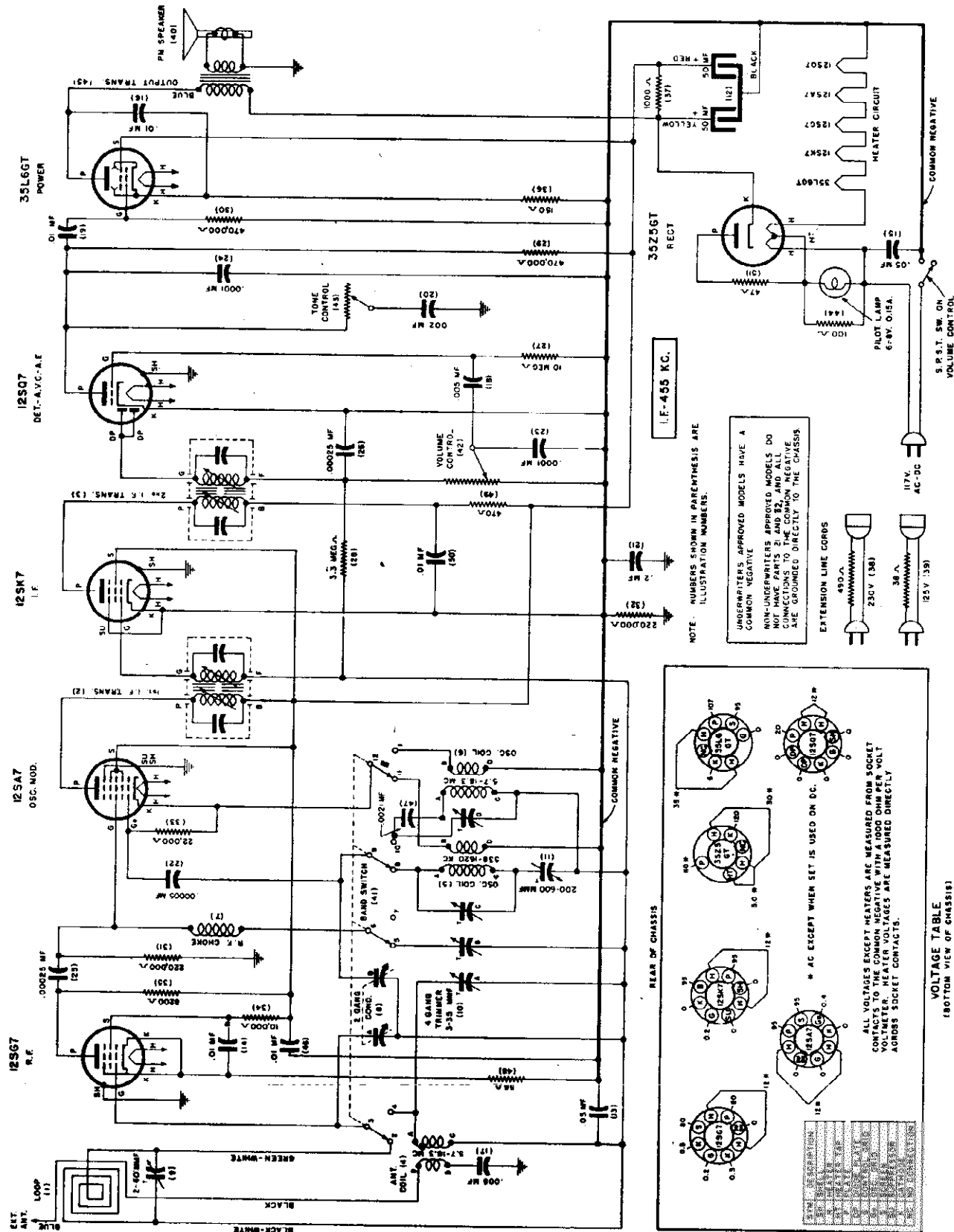
Item No.	Part No.	Part Name	Description	List Price	Item No.	Part No.	Part Name	Description	List Price
1	44E3	Coil	Antenna Loop		27	27E106	Resistor	Carbon, 10 Megohm, 1/3 Watt	
2	20E21	Coil	1st I. F. Transformer		28	27E335	Resistor	Carbon, 3.3 Megohm, 1/3 Watt	
3	20E22	Coil	2nd I. F. Transformer		29	27E474	Resistor	Carbon, 470,000 Ohm, 1/3 Watt	
4	20E72	Coil	Antenna		30	27E474	Resistor	Carbon, 470,000 Ohm, 1/3 Watt	
5	20E102	Coil	Oscillator, Broadcast Band		31	27E224	Resistor	Carbon, 220,000 Ohm, 1/3 Watt	
6	20E103	Coil	Oscillator, Short Wave Band		32	27E224	Resistor	Carbon, 220,000 Ohm, 1/3 Watt (Und. App'd Only)	
7	2E19	Coil	R. F. Choke		33	27E223	Resistor	Carbon, 22,000 Ohm, 1/3 Watt	
8	24E9	Condenser	Tuning, 2 gang with pulley		34	27E103	Resistor	Carbon, 10,000 Ohm, 1/3 Watt	
9	24E3	Condenser	Trimmer, 2-40 MMF (On Loop)		35	27E822	Resistor	Carbon, 8,200 Ohm, 1/3 Watt	
10	24E15	Capacitor	Trimmer, 4 Gang Strip		36	27E151	Resistor	Carbon, 150 Ohm, 1/3 Watt	
11	24E16	Capacitor	Padder, 200-600 MMF		37	27E102-3	Resistor	Carbon, 1,000 Ohm, 1 Watt	
12	25E6	Capacitor	50-50 Mfd. 150 Volt Dry Electrolytic		38	Resistor	230 Volt Extension Line Cord Used Only in Models Not Having Common Ground		
13	23E216	Capacitor	Tubular, .05 Mfd.—200 Volt		39	Resistor	125 Volt Extension Line Cord Used Only in Models Not Having Common Ground		
14	23E211	Capacitor	Tubular, .01 Mfd.—200 Volt		40	1E1	Speaker	Elliptical Shape 4" x 6"	
15	23E416	Capacitor	Tubular, .05 Mfd.—400 Volt		41	29E8	Switch	Band	
16	23E411	Capacitor	Tubular, .01 Mfd.—400 Volt		42	28E7	Resistor	Volume Control with S.P.S.T. Switch	
17	23E408	Capacitor	Tubular, .005 Mfd.—400 Volt		43	28E8	Resistor	Tone Control	
18	23E208	Capacitor	Tubular, .005 Mfd.—200 Volt		44	27E101-2	Resistor	Carbon, 100 Ohm, 1/2 Watt	
19	23E411	Capacitor	Tubular, .01 Mfd.—400 Volt		45	22E8	Transformer	Output, Speaker	
20	23E205	Capacitor	Tubular, .002 Mfd.—200 Volt		46	23E211	Capacitor	Tubular, .01 Mfd., 200 Volt	
21	23E421	Capacitor	Tubular, 2 Mfd. 400 Volt (Und. App'd Only)		47	23E200	Capacitor	Mica, .0021 Mfd.	
22	23E37	Capacitor	Mica, .00005 Mfd.		48	27E560	Resistor	Carbon, 56 Ohm, 1/3 Watt	
23	23E39	Capacitor	Mica, .0001 Mfd.		49	27E471	Resistor	Carbon, 470 Ohm 1/3 Watt	
24	23E39	Capacitor	Mica, .0001 Mfd.		50	23E211	Capacitor	Tubular, .01 Mfd. 200 Volt	
25	23E42	Capacitor	Mica, .00025 Mfd.		51	27E470-2	Resistor	Carbon 47 Ohm, 1/2 Watt	
26	23E42	Capacitor	Mica, .00025 Mfd.						

MISCELLANEOUS PARTS

Part No.	Part Name	Description	List Price	Part No.	Part Name	Description	List Price
40E1	Bulb	6-8 Volt, 150 Amp. Dial light, No. 47		9E5	Dial Crystal		
7E52-1	Cabinet	Walnut Plastic		37E27-2	Knob	Marked "ON-OFF-VOLUME" for Walnut Cabt.	
7E52-2	Cabinet	Ivory Plastic		37E27-3	Knob	Marked "TONE" for Walnut Cabt.	
7E50	Cabinet	Wood Table Model		37E27-4	Knob	Marked "TUNING" for Walnut Cabt.	
7E54-1	Cabinet Back	For Walnut and Ivory Plastic Cabinet		37E27-5	Knob	Marked "SW-BC" for Walnut Cabt.	
7E61	Cabinet Back	For Wood Table Model		37E27-7	Knob	Marked "OFF-OFF-VOLUME" for Ivory Cabt.	
6E2	Dial Cord Spring	Tension Spring		37E27-8	Knob	Marked "TONE" for Ivory Cabt.	
4E1	Dial Cord	36" of 18 lb. Drive Cord		37E27-9	Knob	Marked "TUNING" for Ivory Cabt.	
6E1	Dial Shaft	Drive Shaft		37E27-10	Knob	Marked "SW-BC" for Ivory Cabt.	
19E3	Dial Shaft Bearing	Bearing for Drive Shaft		37E21-10	Knob	Marked "OFF-OFF-VOLUME" for Wood Table Cabt.	
12E103-F10	Dial Shaft Washer	"C" Retainer Washer for Drive Shaft		37E21-11	Knob	Marked "TONE" for Wood Table Cabt.	
20E65	Dial Back Plate	Back Plate Assem. less Calibrated Scale		37E21-12	Knob	Marked "TUNING" for Wood Table Cabt.	
36E19	Dial Scale	Calibrated Glass Scale		37E21-13	Knob	Marked "SW-BC" for Wood Table Cabt.	
32E4	Dial Scale Clip	For Mounting Dial Scale					
35E13	Dial Pointer	Dial Indicator					

MODELS 294N, 294I, 294T,
1U-294W, 1U-294I, 1U-294T

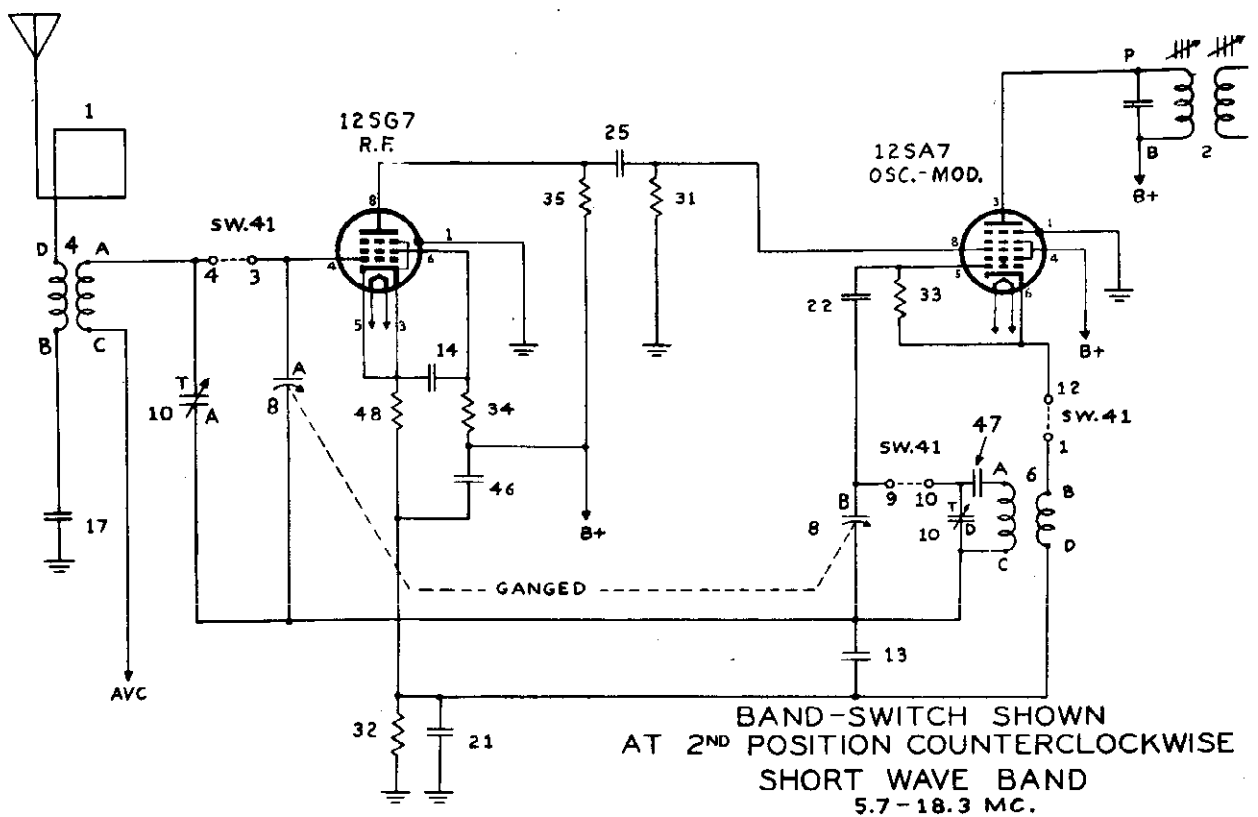
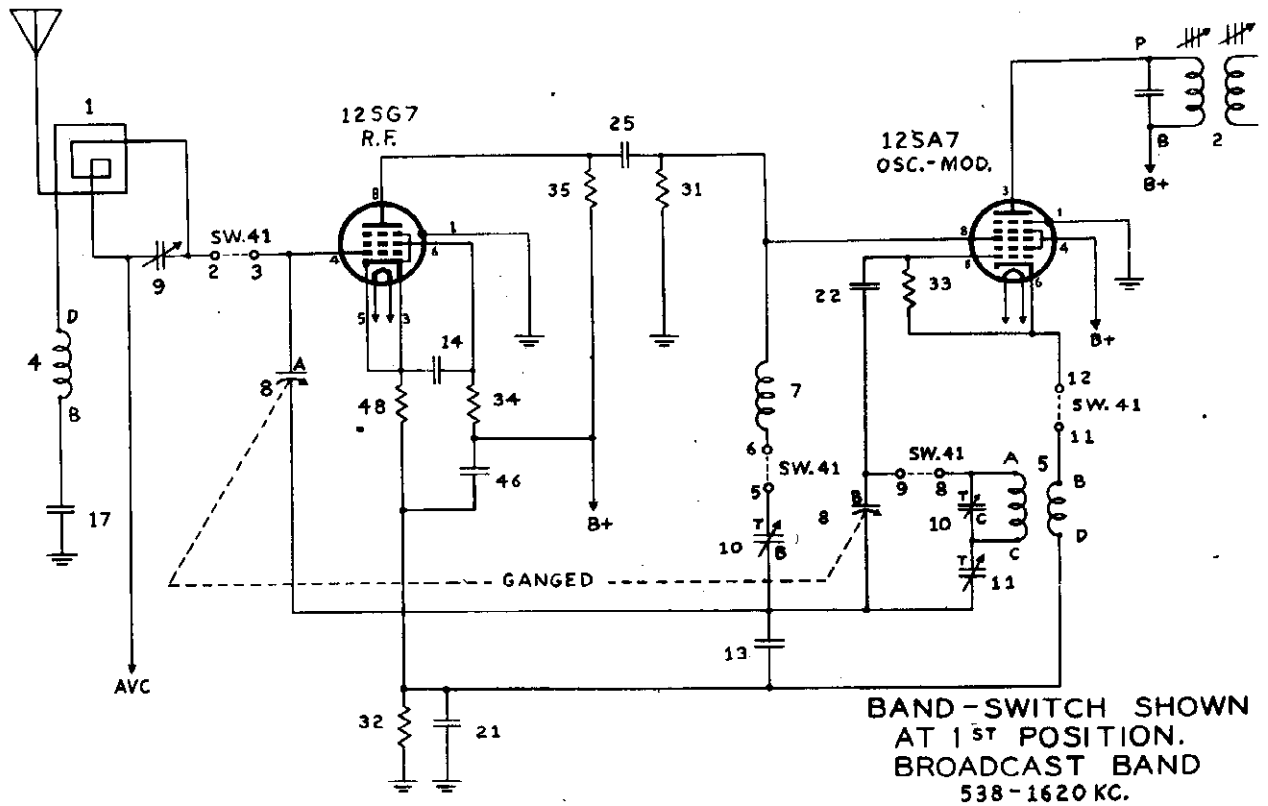
SENTINEL RADIO CORP.



"clarified schematics"

SENTINEL RADIO CORP.

MODELS 294N, 294I, 294T,
1U-294W, 1U-294I, 1U-294



ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

For Alignment procedure read tabulations from left to right, and make the adjustment marked (1) first, (2) next, (3) third. **IMPORTANT: BEFORE ALIGNING, HAVE LOOP ANTENNA IN THE SAME POSITION IT WILL BE IN WHEN THE SET IS IN THE CABINET. BE SURE THAT IT DOES NOT MOVE WHILE ALIGNING.**

When adjusting 1650 kilocycle oscillator trimmer, 455 K.C. R.F. trimmer and 1400 kilocycle antenna trimmer, connect test oscillator to loop external antenna and ground connections with a .0002 Mfd. capacitor in series with antenna lead.

TEST OSCILLATOR			
Set receiver dial to:	Adjust test oscillator frequency to:	Use dummy antenna in series with output of test oscillator consisting of:	Attach output of test oscillator to:
Any point where no interfering signal is received	Exactly 455 K. C.	0.5 Mfd. Condenser	High side to grid of 6SA7 Tube. Low side to chassis.
1 Rotate gang condenser to maximum capacity	Exactly 455 K. C.	.0002 Mfd. Condenser	To loop external antenna and ground connections
2 Rotate gang condenser to minimum capacity	Exactly 1650 K. C.	.0002 Mfd. Condenser	To loop external antenna and ground connections
3 Approximately 1400 K. C.	Approx. 1400 K. C.	.0002 Mfd. Condenser	To loop external antenna and ground connections

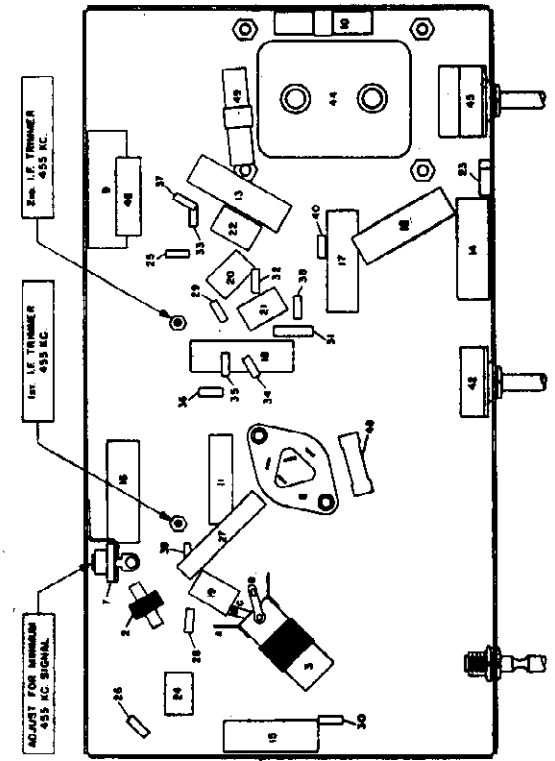
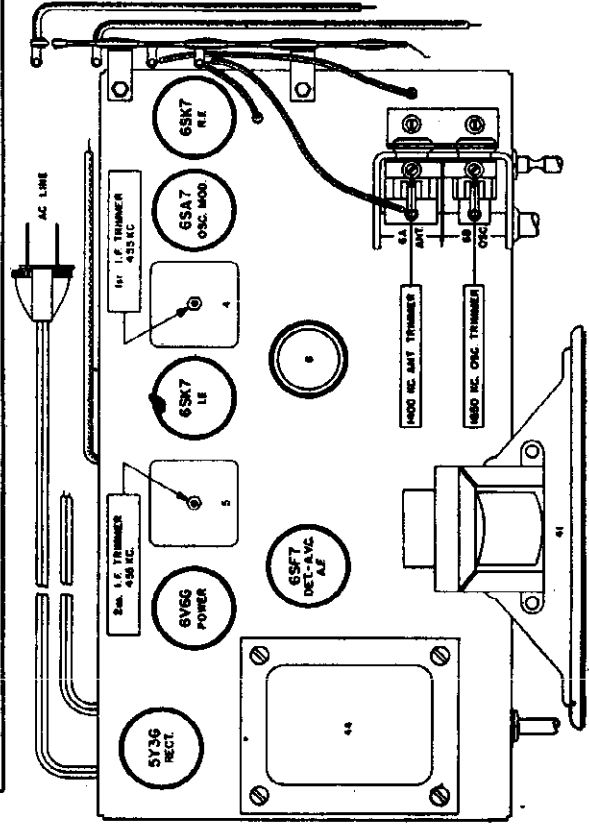
Refer to parts layout diagram for location of trimmers mentioned below:

Adjust each of the 2nd I.F. transformer trimmer adjustment screws for maximum output, then adjust each of the 1st I.F. transformer trimmer adjustment screws for maximum output.

Adjust R.F. coil trimmer for minimum 455 K. C. signal.

Adjust 1650 K. C. oscillator trimmer for maximum output.

Adjust 1400 K. C. antenna trimmer for maximum output.



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PARTS LIST

Illus. No.	Part No.	Description	Part Name	Description
1	20E21	Loop	Resistor	Carbon 270 Ohm, 1/2 W.
2	20E19	Oscillator	Resistor	Carbon 470 Ohm, 1/2 W.
3	20E20	2nd I. F. Transformer	Resistor	Carbon 10,000 Ohm, 1/2 W.
4	20E21	2nd I. F. Transformer	Resistor	Carbon 22,000 Ohm, 1/2 W.
5	20E22	3rd I. F. Transformer	Resistor	Carbon 27,000 Ohm, 1/2 W.
6	20E23	Trimmer 3-30 MWF	Resistor	Carbon 27,000 Ohm, 1/2 W.
7	24E30	Dry Electrolytic 20-20 MFD, 450 V.	Resistor	Carbon 47,000 Ohm, 1/2 W.
8	25E2	Dry Electrolytic 20 MFD, 25 V.	Resistor	Carbon 1 Megohm, 1/2 W.
9	25E3	Dry Electrolytic 20 MFD, 25 V.	Resistor	Carbon 2.2 Megohm, 1/2 W.
10	23E250	1/1 MFD, 220 V. in Metal Can	Resistor	Carbon 2.2 Megohm, 1/2 W.
11	23E216	Tubeular .05 MFD, 400 V.	Resistor	Carbon 2.2 Megohm, 1/2 W.
12	23E217	Tubeular .05 MFD, 400 V.	Resistor	Carbon 2.2 Megohm, 1/2 W.
13	23E218	Tubeular .05 MFD, 400 V.	Resistor	Carbon 2.2 Megohm, 1/2 W.
14	23E219	Tubeular .05 MFD, 400 V.	Resistor	Carbon 2.2 Megohm, 1/2 W.
15	23E218	Tubeular .05 MFD, 400 V.	Resistor	Carbon 2.2 Megohm, 1/2 W.
16	23E218	Tubeular .05 MFD, 400 V.	Resistor	Carbon 2.2 Megohm, 1/2 W.
17	23E218	Tubeular .05 MFD, 400 V.	Resistor	Carbon 2.2 Megohm, 1/2 W.
18	23E218	Tubeular .05 MFD, 400 V.	Resistor	Carbon 2.2 Megohm, 1/2 W.
19	23E218	Tubeular .05 MFD, 400 V.	Resistor	Carbon 2.2 Megohm, 1/2 W.
20	23E218	Tubeular .05 MFD, 400 V.	Resistor	Carbon 2.2 Megohm, 1/2 W.
21	23E218	Tubeular .05 MFD, 400 V.	Resistor	Carbon 2.2 Megohm, 1/2 W.
22	23E218	Tubeular .05 MFD, 400 V.	Resistor	Carbon 2.2 Megohm, 1/2 W.
23	23E218	Tubeular .05 MFD, 400 V.	Resistor	Carbon 2.2 Megohm, 1/2 W.
24	23E218	Tubeular .05 MFD, 400 V.	Resistor	Carbon 2.2 Megohm, 1/2 W.
		25E18	Speaker	500,000 Ohm Dynanite
		25E19	Transformer	Power 15 Volt, 50-60 Cycles
		25E20	Volume Control	500,000 Ohm with S.P.S.T. Switch
		25E21	Condenser	Tubeular .003 Mfd, 500 Volt
		25E22	Switch Assembly	D.P.D.T. (Radio-Phone)
		27E1004	Resistor	Wire Wound 225 Ohm 5 Watt

MISCELLANEOUS PARTS

Part No.	Description	Part Name	Description
45E2	Complete Cabinet and LM	Part Name	
6E23	Back for Cabinet	Dial Series	Tension Springs for Dial Cord
8E23-5	Set-m for Cabinet	Dial Shaft	Drum Shaft Assembly
4E2	Calibrated Glass Scale	*Knob	Walnut
1E L.A.	Drive Card	Pilot Lamp	8-8 Volt, 250 Amp. Type No. 47
Dial Indicator		Plug	2 Press for Meter
		Plug	4 Press for Phone

VOLTAGE RATING
 THIS RADIO IS DESIGNED FOR USE ON 110-120 VOLT 60 CYCLE ALTERNATING CURRENT (AC).

OUTSIDE AERIAL

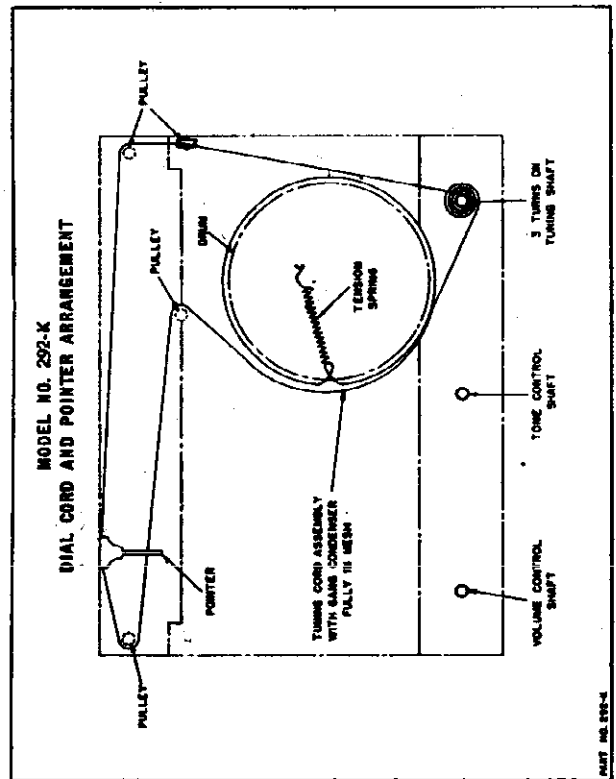
If the radio is used in shielded areas or located a great distance from broadcast stations, the volume of some or all stations may not be ample, in which case it would be necessary to ATTACH a 25-50 ft. OUTDOOR AERIAL TO THE BLUE LEAD COMING OUT OF THE REAR OF THE CHASSIS.

GROUND

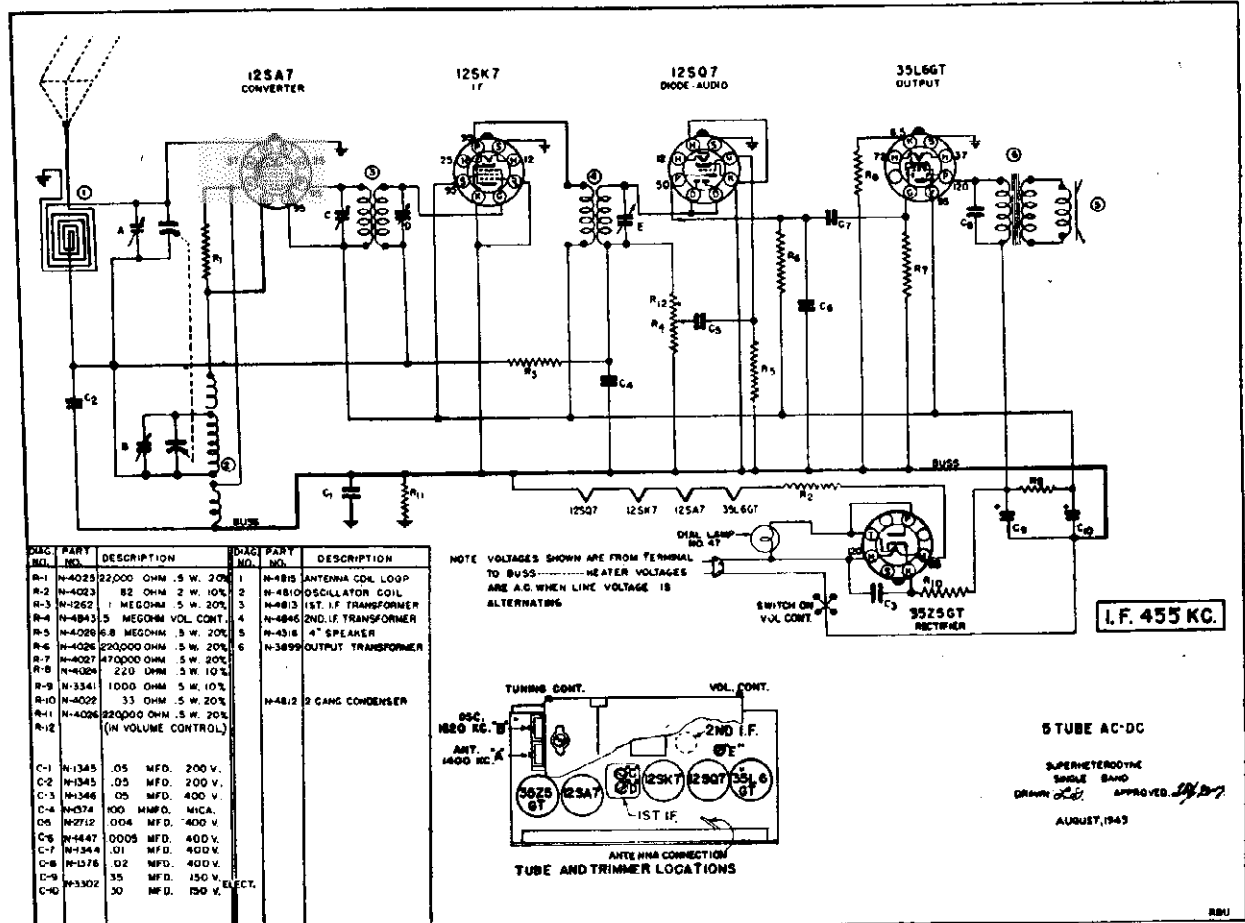
When a regular aerial is used, best results will be obtained with a ground attached to the black lead coming out of the rear of the chassis.

FUNCTION OF CONTROLS ON RADIO

- THE LEFT HAND KNOB controls the volume control and Off-On switch.
- THE CENTER KNOB is the tone control.
- THE RIGHT HAND KNOB is the station selector.



SONORA RADIO & TELEV. CORP.



ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

GENERAL DATA. The alignment of this receiver requires the use of a test oscillator that will cover the frequencies of 455, 600, 1400 and 1620 KC and an output meter to be connected across the primary or secondary of the output transformer. If possible, all alignments should be made with the volume control on maximum and the test oscillator output as low as possible to prevent the AVC from operating and giving false readings.

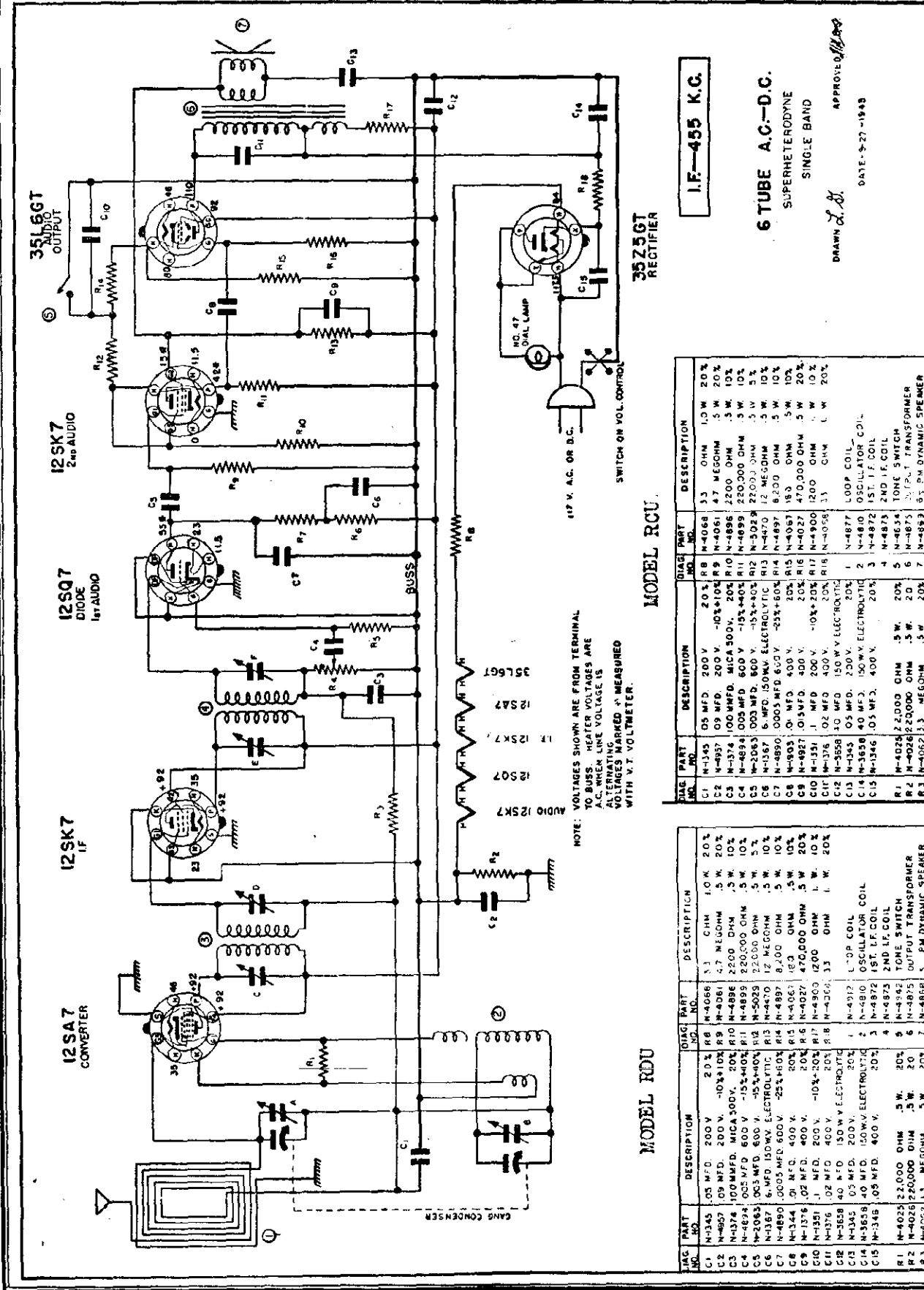
CORRECT ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE. The intermediate frequency (I.F.) stages should be aligned properly as the first step. After the I.F. transformers have been properly adjusted and peaked, the broadcast band should be adjusted.

I. F. ALIGNMENT. Remove the chassis and loop antenna from the cabinet and set them up on the bench so that they occupy exactly the same respective position on the bench as they did in the cabinet. Care should be taken to have no iron or other metal near the loop. Do not make this set-up on a metal bench. With the gang condenser set at minimum, adjust the test oscillator to 455 KC and connect the output to the grid of the first detector tube (12SA7) through a .05 or .1 mfd. condenser. The ground on the test oscillator should be connected to the ground buss, indicated on the circuit diagram. Align all three I.F. trimmers to peak or maximum reading on the output meter.

BROADCAST BAND ALIGNMENT. Connect the test oscillator to the antenna of the set through a 100 mmfd. (.0001) condenser. With the gang condenser set at minimum capacity, set the test oscillator at 1620 KC, and adjust the oscillator (or 1620 KC trimmer) on the gang condenser. Next—set the test oscillator at 1400 KC, and tune in the signal on the gang condenser. Adjust the antenna trimmer (or 1400 KC trimmer) for maximum signal. Next set the test oscillator at 600 KC, and tune in signal on condenser to check alignment of coils.

MODEL RCU
MODEL RDU

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NOTE: VOLTAGES SHOWN ARE FROM TERMINAL TO BUSS. HEATER VOLTAGES ARE A.C. WHEN LINE VOLTAGE IS ALTERNATING. VOLTAGES MARKED * MEASURED WITH V.T. VOLTMETER.

MODEL RCU

MODEL RDU

I.F.—455 K.C.

6 TUBE A.C.—D.C.
SUPERHETERODYNE
SINGLE BAND

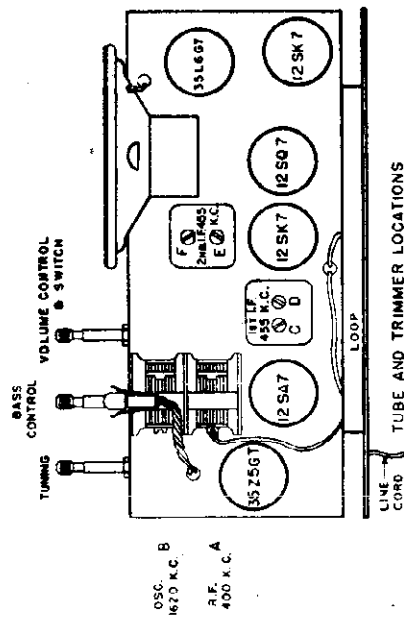
APPROVED: *[Signature]*
DATE: 5-27-1948

DIAG. PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	DIAG. PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
C1	05 MFD. 200 V.	R8	1.0 K OHM 20%
C2	09 MFD. 200 V.	R9	4.7 MEG OHM 5% W 20%
C3	100 MFD. MICA 500V.	R10	2200 OHM 5% W 10%
C4	005 MFD. 600 V.	R11	220,000 OHM 5% W 10%
C5	003 MFD. 600 V.	R12	2200 OHM 5% W 5%
C6	6 MFD. 150 M.V. ELECTROLYTIC	R13	12 MEG OHM 5% W 10%
C7	0005 MFD. 600 V.	R14	8,200 OHM 5% W 10%
C8	01 MFD. 400 V.	R15	180 OHM 5% W 10%
C9	015 MFD. 400 V.	R16	470,000 OHM 5% W 20%
C10	1 MFD. 200 V.	R17	470,000 OHM 5% W 10%
C11	02 MFD. 400 V.	R18	33 OHM 1% W 20%
C12	02 MFD. 150 V. ELECTROLYTIC		
C13	05 MFD. 200 V.		
C14	40 MFD. 150 V. ELECTROLYTIC		
C15	05 MFD. 400 V.		
R1	22,000 OHM 5% W 20%		
R2	220,000 OHM 5% W 20%		
R3	0.5 MEG OHM 5% W 20%		
R4	0.5 MEG OHM 5% W 20%		
R5	1 MEG OHM 5% W 20%		
R6	100,000 OHM 5% W 20%		
R7	10,000 OHM 5% W 10%		

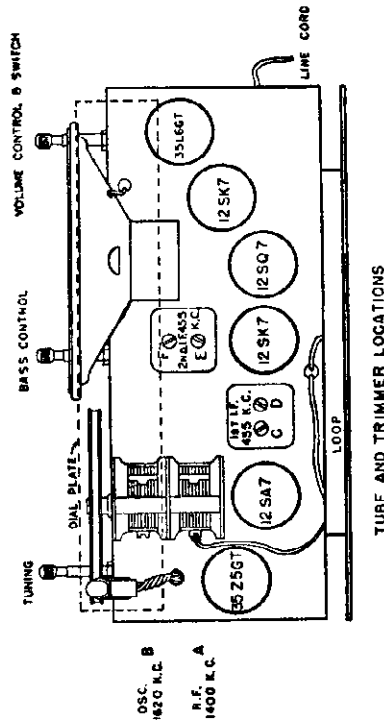
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C5	003 MFD. 600 V.	R12	2200 OHM 5% W 5%
C6	6 MFD. 150 M.V. ELECTROLYTIC	R13	12 MEG OHM 5% W 10%
C7	0005 MFD. 600 V.	R14	8,200 OHM 5% W 10%
C8	01 MFD. 400 V.	R15	180 OHM 5% W 10%
C9	015 MFD. 400 V.	R16	470,000 OHM 5% W 20%
C10	1 MFD. 200 V.	R17	470,000 OHM 5% W 10%
C11	02 MFD. 400 V.	R18	33 OHM 1% W 20%
C12	02 MFD. 150 V. ELECTROLYTIC		
C13	05 MFD. 200 V.		
C14	40 MFD. 150 V. ELECTROLYTIC		
C15	05 MFD. 400 V.		
R1	22,000 OHM 5% W 20%		
R2	220,000 OHM 5% W 20%		
R3	0.5 MEG OHM 5% W 20%		
R4	0.5 MEG OHM 5% W 20%		
R5	1 MEG OHM 5% W 20%		
R6	100,000 OHM 5% W 20%		
R7	10,000 OHM 5% W 10%		

SONORA RADIO & TELEV. CORP.

MODEL RCU



MODEL RDU



MODELS RCU AND RDU

Lack of sensitivity and poor tone quality may be due to any one or a combination of causes such as weak or defective tubes or speaker, open or grounded bias resistor, bypass condenser, etc. Never attempt to realign set until all other possible sources of trouble have been first thoroughly investigated and definitely proved not to be the cause.

NOTE: IT IS ABSOLUTELY NECESSARY THAT AN ACCURATELY CALIBRATED TEST OSCILLATOR WITH SOME TYPE OF OUTPUT MEASURING DEVICE BE USED WHEN ALIGNING THE RECEIVER AND THAT THE PROCEDURE BE CAREFULLY FOLLOWED. OTHERWISE THE RECEIVER WILL BE INSENSITIVE AND THE DIAL CALIBRATION WILL BE INCORRECT. THE TRIMMERS WILL BE REFERRED TO BY THEIR FUNCTION AS INDICATED ON THE PARTS DIAGRAM.

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

GENERAL DATA. The alignment of this receiver requires the use of a test oscillator that will cover the frequencies of 455, 600, 1400 and 1620 KC and an output meter to be connected across the primary or secondary of the output transformer. If possible, all alignments should be made with the volume control on maximum and the test oscillator output as low as possible to prevent the AVC from operating and giving false readings.

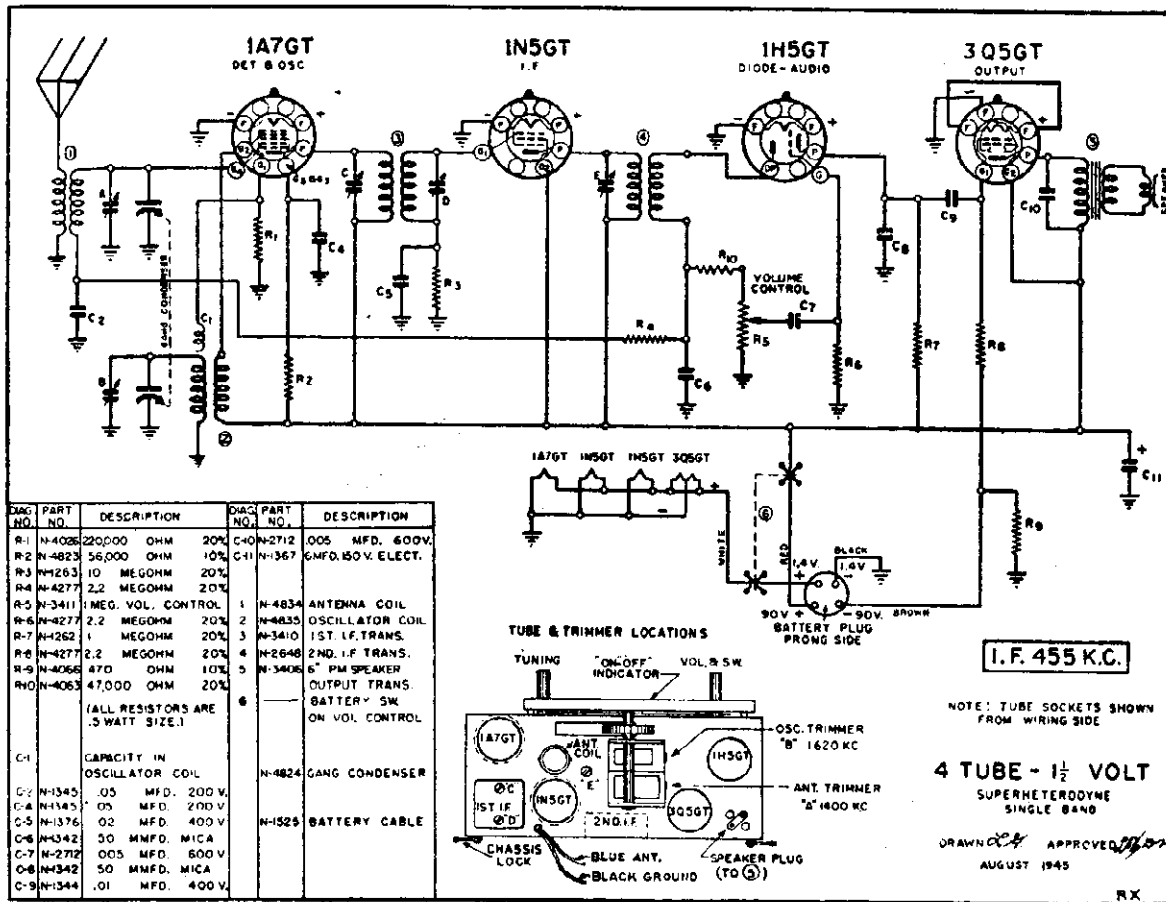
CORRECT ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE. The intermediate frequency (I.F.) stages should be aligned properly as the first step. After the I.F. transformers have been properly adjusted and peaked, the broadcast band should be adjusted.

I. F. ALIGNMENT. Remove the chassis and loop antenna from the cabinet and set them up on the bench so that they occupy exactly the same respective positions on the bench as they did in the cabinet. Care should be taken to have no iron or other metal near the loop. Do not make this set-up on a metal bench. With the

gang condenser set at minimum, adjust the test oscillator to 455 KC and connect the output to the grid of the first detector tube (12SA7) through a .05 or .1 mid. condenser. The ground on the test oscillator should be connected to the ground buss, indicated on the circuit diagram. Align all four I.F. trimmers to peak or maximum reading on the output meter.

BROADCAST BAND ALIGNMENT. Connect the test oscillator to the antenna of the set through a 100 mufd. (.0001) condenser. With the gang condenser set at minimum capacity, set the test oscillator at 1620 KC, and adjust the oscillator (or 1620 KC trimmer) on gang condenser. Next—set the test oscillator at 1400 KC, and tune in the signal on the gang condenser. Adjust the antenna trimmer (or 1400 KC trimmer) for maximum signal. Next set the test oscillator at 600 KC, and tune in signal on condenser to check alignment of coils.

SONORA RADIO & TELEV. CORP.



ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

GENERAL DATA. The alignment of this receiver requires the use of a test oscillator that will cover the frequencies of 455, 600, 1400 and 1620 KC and an output meter to be connected across the primary or secondary of the output transformer. If possible, all alignments should be made with the volume control on maximum and the test oscillator output as low as possible to prevent the AVC from operating and giving false readings.

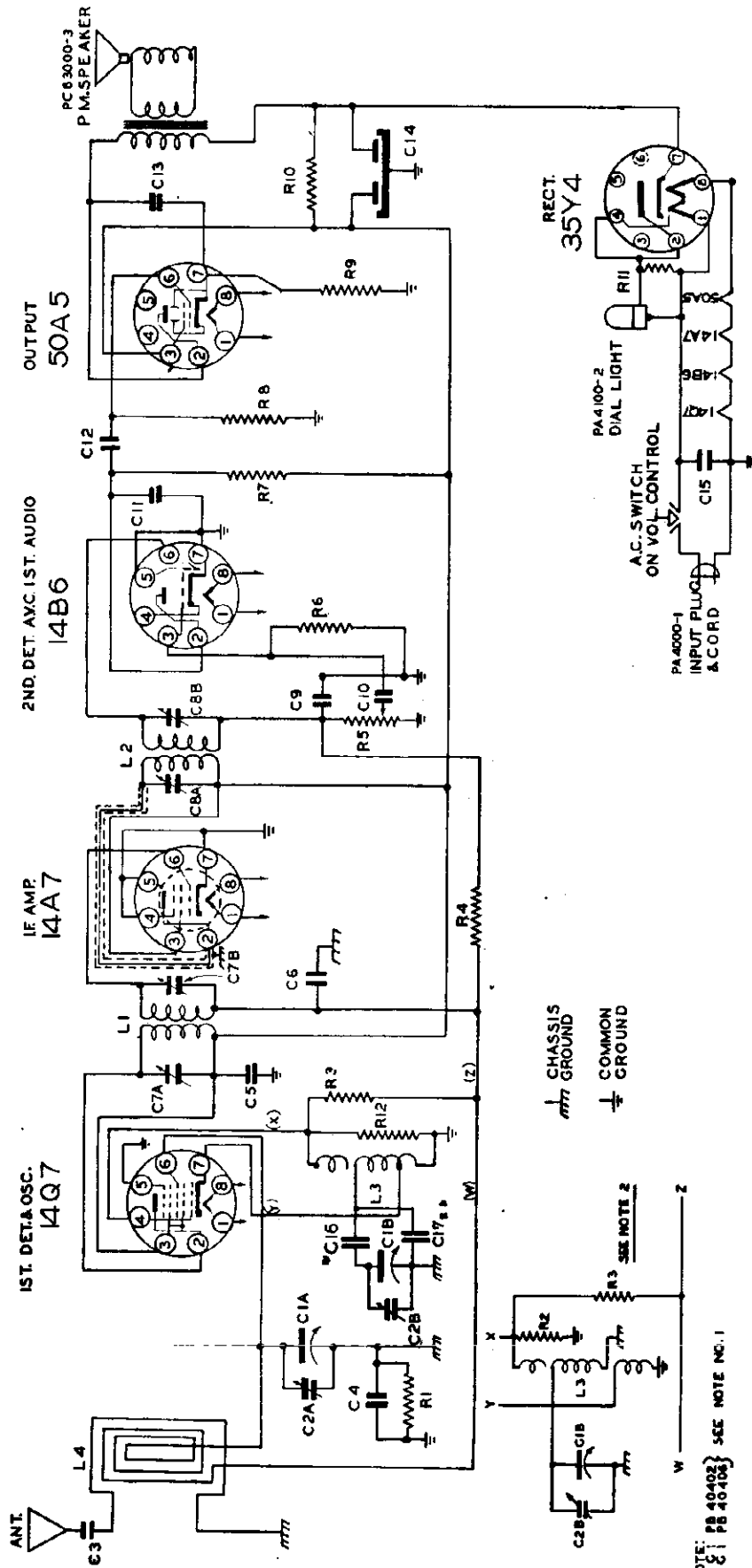
CORRECT ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE. The intermediate frequency (I.F.) stages should be aligned properly as the first step. After the I.F. transformers have been properly adjusted and peaked, the broadcast band should be adjusted.

I. F. ALIGNMENT. Remove the chassis and speaker from the cabinet and connect output meter across primary or secondary of output transformer. With the gang condenser set at minimum, adjust the test oscillator to 455 KC, connect its output to the grid of the first detector tube (1A7GT) through a .05 or .1 mfd. condenser. The ground on the test oscillator should be connected to the chassis ground. Align all three I.F. trimmers to peak or maximum reading on the output meter.

BROADCAST BAND ALIGNMENT. Connect the test oscillator to the antenna lead through a 200 mmfd. (.0002) condenser. With the gang condenser set at minimum capacity, set the test oscillator at 1620 KC, and adjust the oscillator (or 1620 KC trimmer) on gang condenser. Next—set the test oscillator at 1400 KC, and tune in the signal on the gang condenser. Adjust the antenna trimmer (or 1400 KC trimmer) for maximum signal. Next set the test oscillator at 600 KC, and tune in signal on condenser to check alignment of coils.

THE SPARKS WITHINGTON CO.

**SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM
SPARTON SUPERHETERODYNE MODEL 5-06
INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY 4.56K.C.
BOTTOM VIEWS OF ALL SOCKET CONNECTIONS**



NOTE: C1 PB 40402 } SEE NOTE NO. 1
C2 PB 40406 }

- C1A B VARIABLE CONDENSER (SEE NOTE)
- C2A B TRIMMERS ON VARIABLE
- C3 .001 MFD. 400V. PC 40GL-102
- C4 .15 MFD. 400V. PC 40GL-154
- C5 .05 MFD. 200V. PC 40GL-503
- C6 .05 MFD. 200V. PC 40GL-503
- C7A B NO. 1 I.F. TRIMMERS AB 43300-1
- C8A B NO. 2 I.F. TRIMMERS AB 43300-2

- C9 270 MFD. MICA
- C10 20 MFD. 400V. MICA
- C11 510 MFD. MICA
- C12 .002 MFD. 400V. MICA
- C13 .01 MFD. 400V. MICA
- C14 ELECT. CONDENSER PA 4301
- C15 .05 MFD. 400V. YELLOW 40MFD.
- C16 .05 MFD. 200V. MICA
- C17 .15 MFD. MICA

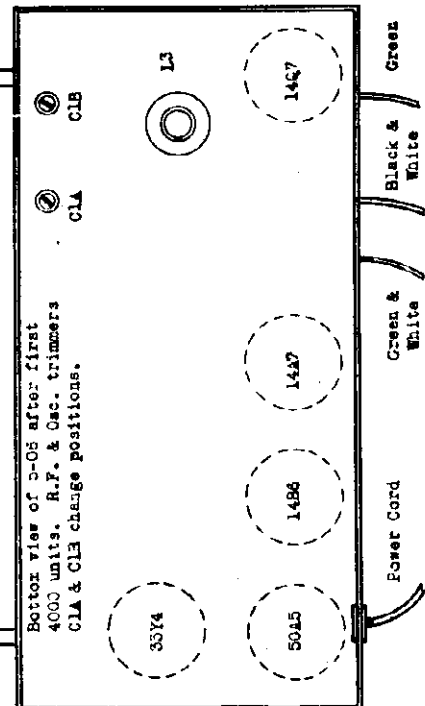
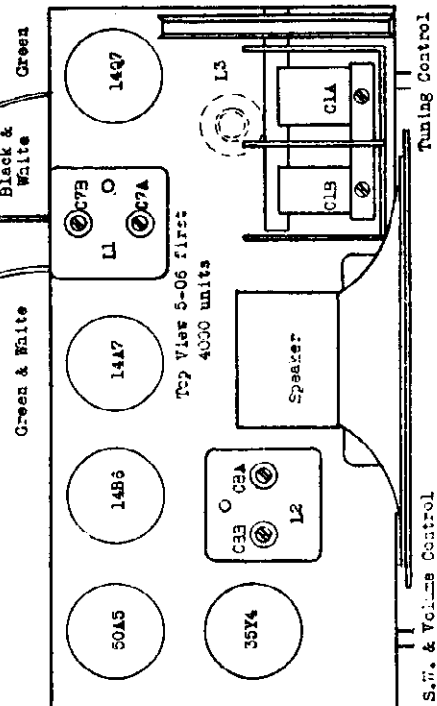
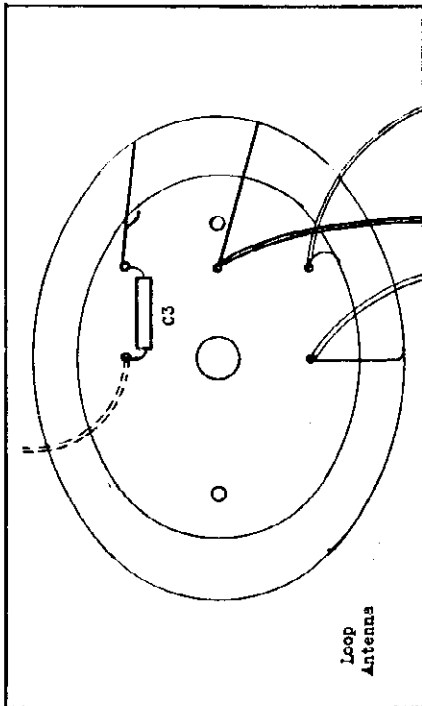
- R1 150,000 Ω
- R2 22,000 Ω
- R3 15 MEGOHM .5W
- R4 2.2 MEGOHM .5W
- R5 .5 MEG. VOL. CONT. & S.W. PA 4400-2
- R6 5.6 MEGOHM .5W
- R7 250,000 Ω
- R8 470,000 Ω
- R9 150 Ω
- R10 1200 Ω
- R11 82 Ω
- R12 5W
- R13 47,000 Ω

- SW BR12N-154
- SW BR12S-223
- SW BR12S-156
- SW BR12N-225
- SW BR12S-365
- SW BR12N-224
- SW BR12N-474
- SW BR12S-151
- 1W BR12S-122
- SW BR12S-820
- SW BR12S-473

- L1 NO. 1 I.F. COIL ASSEMBLY AA 8600-1
- L2 NO. 2 I.F. COIL ASSEMBLY AA 8600-2
- L3 BC SGL LATOR COIL ASSEMBLY AB 42200-1 (SEE NOTE NO. 2)
- L4 LOOP ASSEMBLY AB 4305-1 (SEE NOTE NO. 1)

NOTE NO. 1: THE FIRST 4,000 UNITS WILL BE ASSEMBLED USING C1A AS PB 40402 AND L4 AS AB 4301. AFTER FIRST 4,000, C1A WILL BE PB 40404 MOUNTED ON SPECIAL BRACKET PB 41913 AND USING L4 AS AB 4302-1. ELIMINATING USE OF C7 (15 MFD CONDENSER) NOTE NO. 2: AFTER 15,000 UNITS USE L3 AS AA 6752-3 AND HOOK UP AS SHOWN IN SECTIONAL DRAWING ELIMINATING C16 CONDENSER.

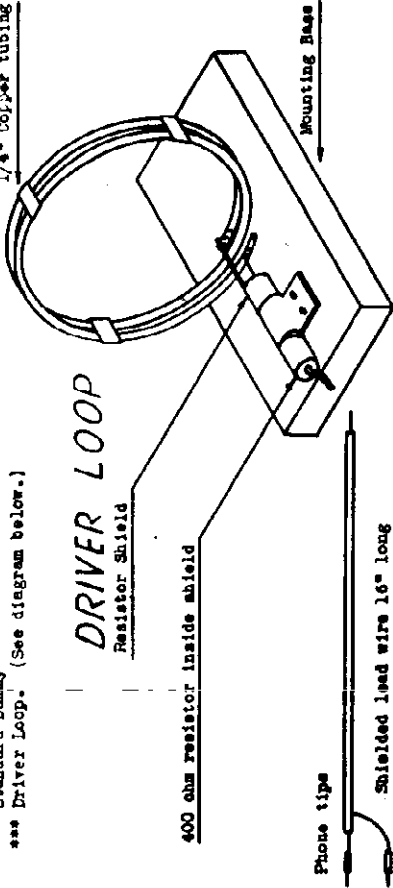
THE SPARKS WITHINGTON CO.



ALIGNMENT DATA

OPERATION	ALIGNMENT OF	GENERATOR CONNECTED TO	DUMMY ANTENNA	GENERATOR FREQUENCY	TUNING COND. SETTING	TRIMMER	REMARKS
1					Set dial pointer with left hand stop line and with condenser closed.		
2	I.F.	*	**	456 KC	Open	C8A/B C7A/B	Peak accurately Peak accurately
3	B.C.	***	Dummy Loop	1500 KC	1500 KC	C2B Osc Trim C2A RF Trim	Peak accurately Peak accurately
4	(Repeat operation 2 and 3)						
5	(Check calibrations at 600 KC, 1000 KC and 1500 KC)						
6	(Check operations 1 to 5 inclusive.)						

* Pin No. 6 on 1447 tube
 ** Standard Dummy
 *** Driver Loop. (See diagram below.)



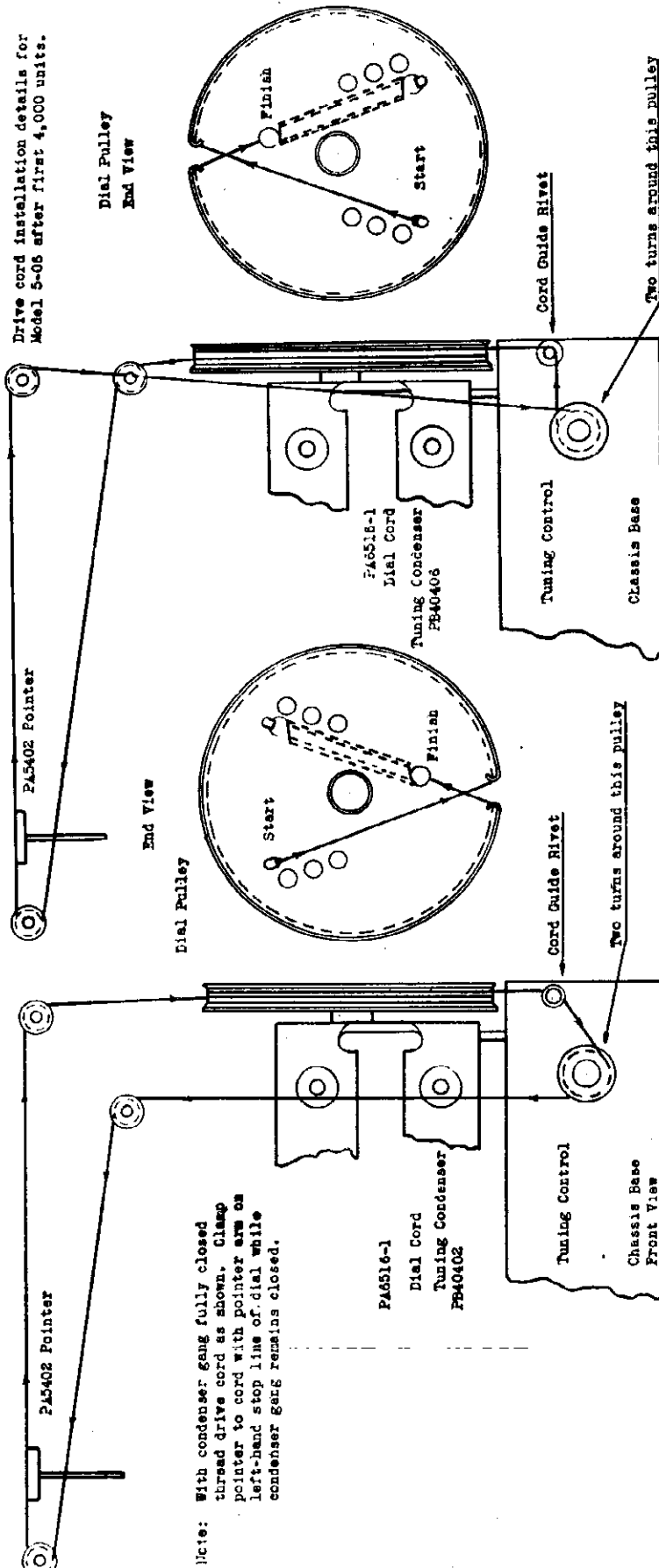
SPECIFICATIONS

The loops of 1/4" copper tubing 8" in diameter spaced 1/4" apart with 400 ohms resistor in series. Connecting cable and resistor must be shielded. The loop should be spaced twice the diameter of the loop from the receiver being aligned to prevent an over modulated signal and poor alignment of the receiver.

Special Note: The first 4,000 units will be assembled using C1 as PB4042 and L4 as AB4015-1. After first 4,000 units C1 will be PB40406 mounted on a special bracket PB41913 and using L4 as AB43024-1. On part NO. PB40402 trimmers C1A and C1B are located on top of the tuning condenser, while on PB40406 condenser C1A and C1B are on the bottom of the condenser and must be adjusted from chassis bottom side.

THE SPARKS WITHINGTON CO.

DRIVE CORD INSTALLATION DETAILS FOR MODEL 5-06
FIRST 4,000 UNITS



VOLTAGE CHART

Line Voltage: 117 Volts A.C. Position of Volume Control: Full with set tuned to quiet channel.

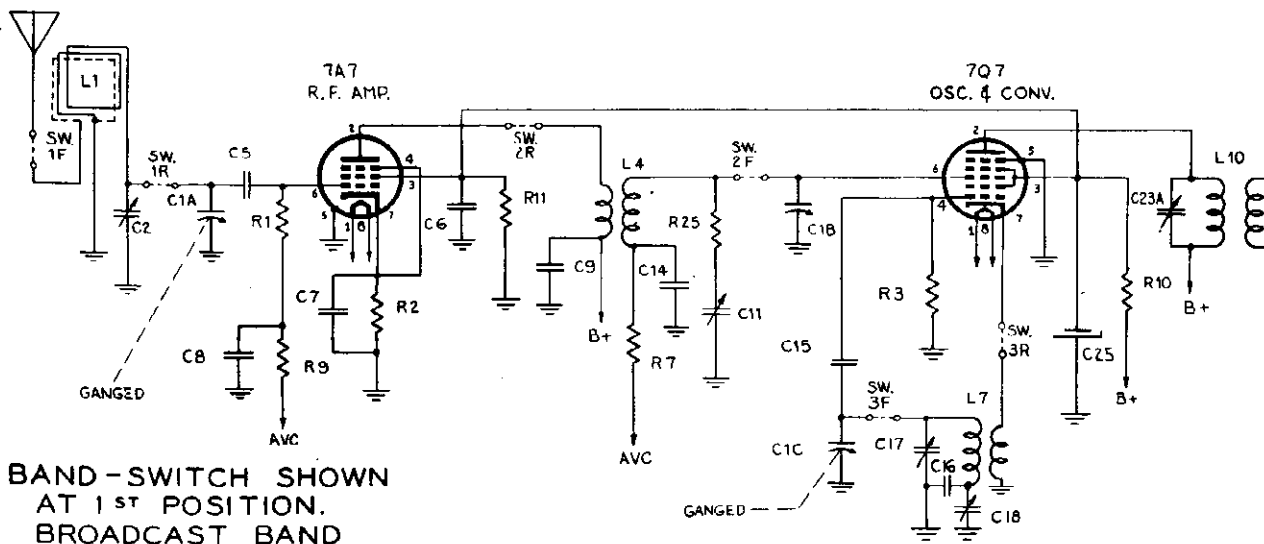
TUBE	FUNCTION	Voltage of Socket Prong to Gnd. (See Prong Nos. on Schematic Dia.)							
		No. 1	No. 2	No. 3	No. 4	No. 5	No. 6	No. 7	No. 8
14Q7	1st Det. & Osc.	12*	80	80	**	0	**	**	0
14A7	I.F. Amp.	24*	80	80	0	0	**	0	58*
14B6	2nd Det. A.V.C. & 1st audio	24*	55	-35	0	0	-55	0	12*
50A5	Power Output	85*	110	85	0	0	**	**	5.4
35Y4	Rectifier	117*	110*	0	110*	0	0	115	85*

Notes: Voltage readings are for schematic diagram on back of sheet. Allow 15% ± or - on all measurements. Always use meter scale which will give greatest deflection within scale limits. All DC measurements made with 20,000 ohms per volt voltmeter. All AC voltages made with rectifier type voltmeter. Unless designated otherwise, voltages in table are ± DC voltages.
*AC volts.
**Cannot be measured with 20,000 ohms per volt voltmeter.

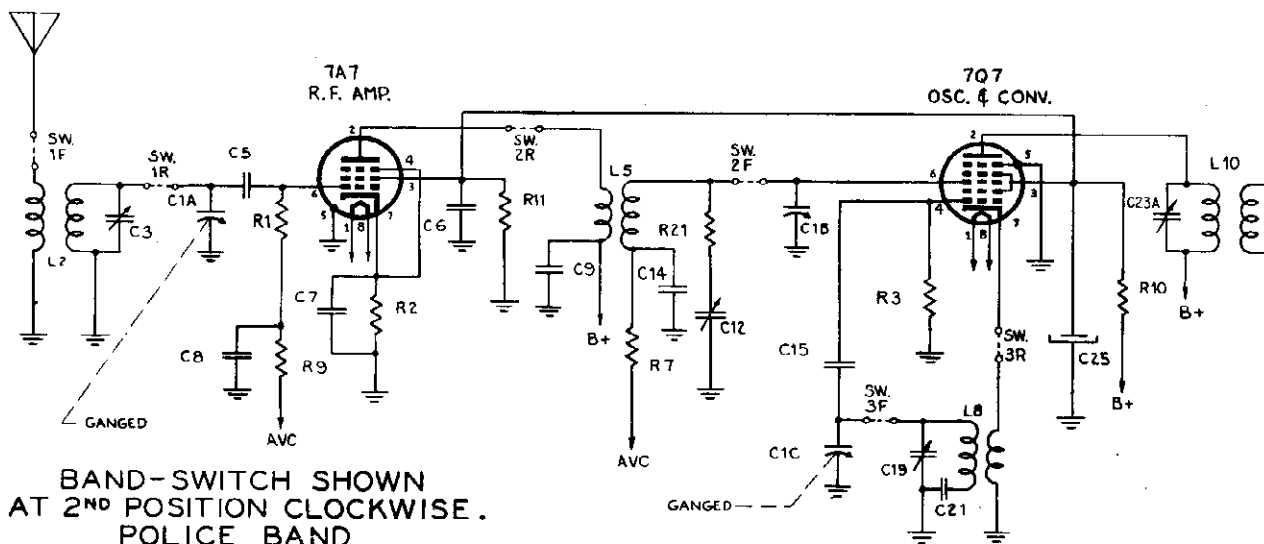
"clarified schematics"

MODEL 7-46, 7-46-PA,
846, 846-PA

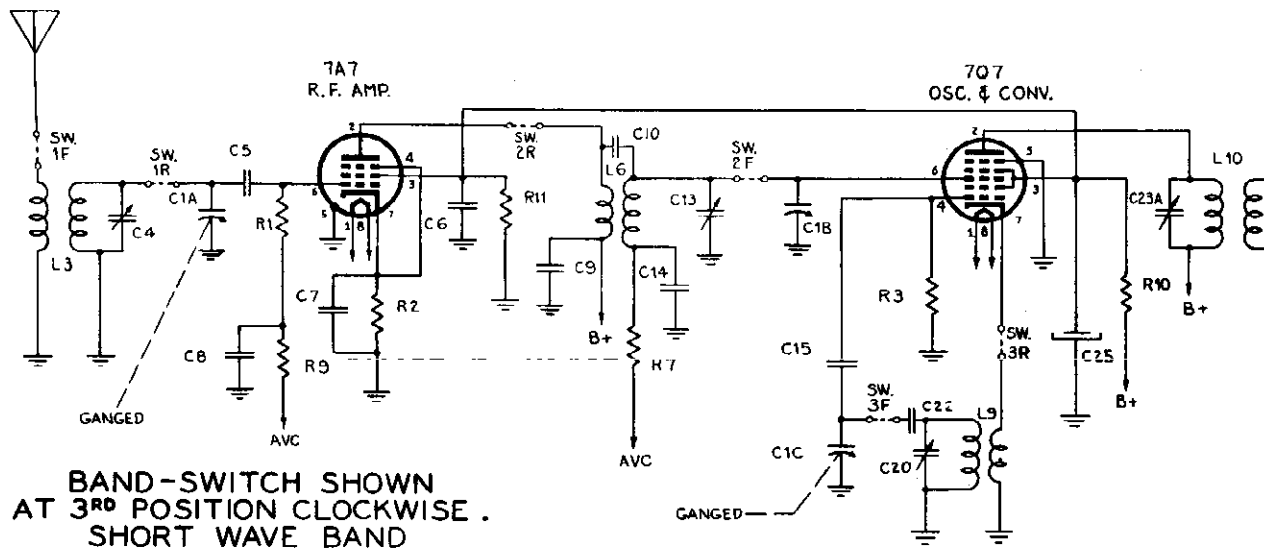
THE SPARKS WITHINGTON CO.



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
AT 1ST POSITION.
BROADCAST BAND



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
AT 2ND POSITION CLOCKWISE.
POLICE BAND

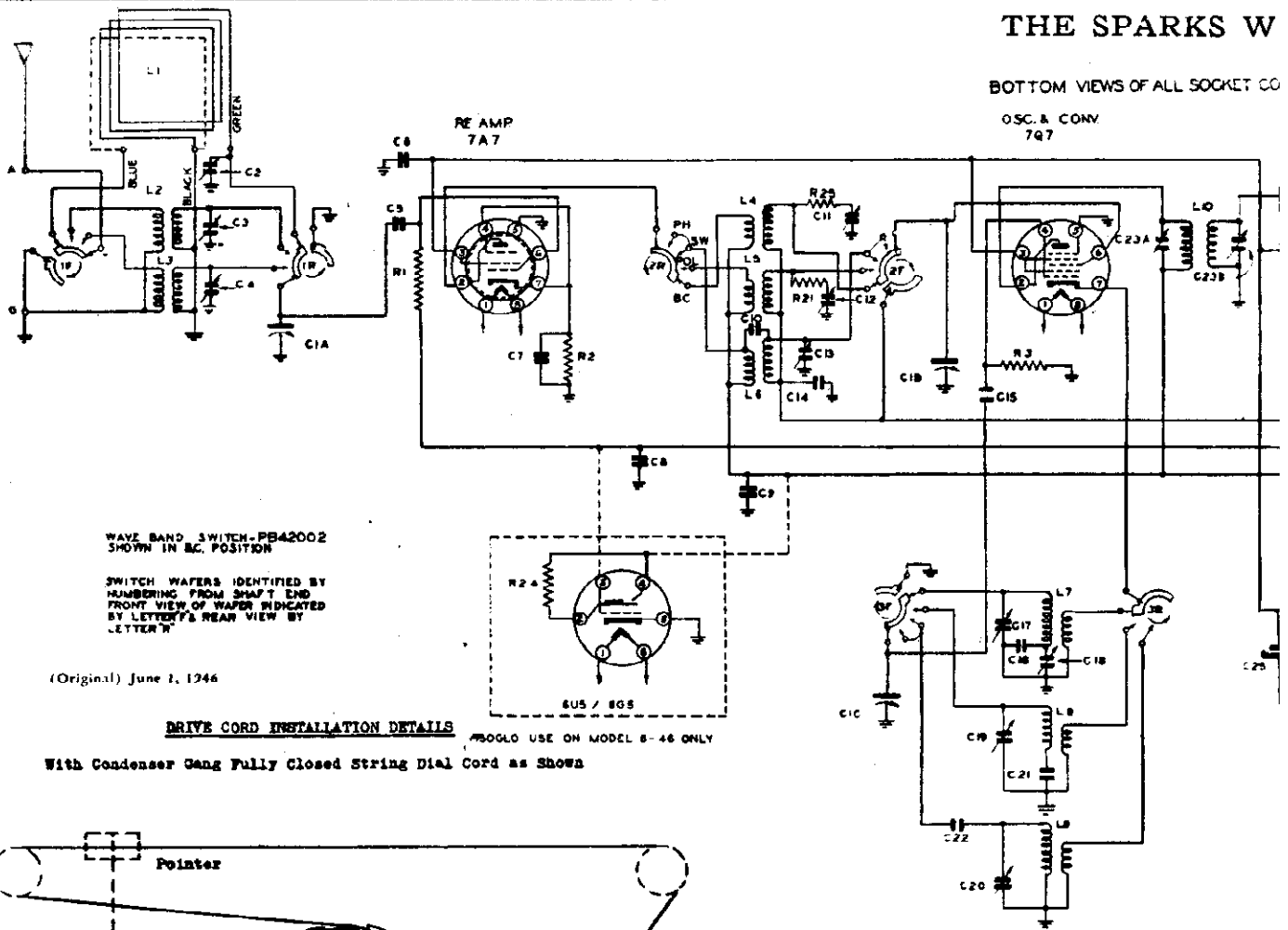


BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
AT 3RD POSITION CLOCKWISE.
SHORT WAVE BAND

THE SPARKS W

BOTTOM VIEWS OF ALL SOCKET CO

OSC. & CONV
7A7



WAVE BAND SWITCH-PB42002
SHOWN IN BC POSITION

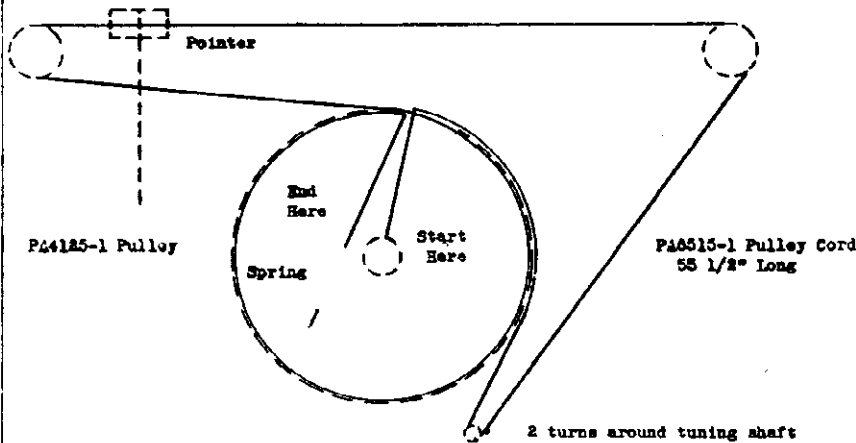
SWITCH WAFERS IDENTIFIED BY
NUMBERING FROM SHAFT END
FRONT VIEW OF WAFER INDICATED
BY LETTER 'A' REAR VIEW BY
LETTER 'B'

(Original) June 1, 1944

DRIVE CORD INSTALLATION DETAILS

ALSO USE ON MODEL S-46 ONLY

With Condenser Gang Fully Closed String Dial Cord as Shown



VOLTAGE CHART

Line Voltage: 117 Volts A.C.

Position of Volume Control: Full with dial tuned to

Quiet Channel

Position of Band Switch: Broadcast

TUBE	FUNCTION	Voltage of socket prongs to Gnd, See prong on schematic dia.							
		No. 1	No. 2	No. 3	No. 4	No. 5	No. 6	No. 7	No. 8
7A7	R. F. Amp.	0	230	63	2.8	0	**	2.8	6*
7A7	Osc-Conv.	0	230	63	-6	0	-0.6	"	6*
7A7	I. F. Amp.	0	230	63	2.3	0	**	2.3	6*
7B6	Det-AVC-1st Audio	0	100	**	0	**	0	0	8*
6F6	Push Pull Output	0	0	247	220	**	**	6*	14
6F6	Push Pull Output	0	0	247	227	**	0	6*	14
5Y3	Rectifier	0	325	0	320*	0	320*	0	325

NOTES: Voltage readings are for schematic diagram in this bulletin. Allow 15% + or - on all measurements. Always use meter scale which will give greatest deflection within scale limits. All DC measurements made with 20,000 ohms per volt voltmeter. All AC voltages made with rectifier type voltmeter.

* AC Volts.

** Cannot be measured with 20,000 Ohms per volt voltmeter.

Descrip

- Coil - Ant. (Pol)
- Coil - Ant. (S.V)
- Coil - Det. (B.C)
- Coil - Det. (Pol)
- Coil - Det. (S.V)
- Coil - Osc. (B.C)
- Coil - Osc. (Pol)
- Coil - Osc. (S.V)
- Coil - No. 1 I.F. trimmer, less:
- Coil - No. 2 I.F. trimmer, less:
- Condenser - Elec
- Condenser - Padd
- Condenser - Padd
- Condenser - Trim (Osc)
- Condenser - Vari
- Control - Tone &
- Control - Volume
- Dial Chart - Hor
- Rea
- Dial Chart - Ver
- Rea

PHILIPSON CO.

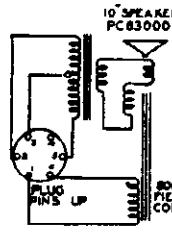
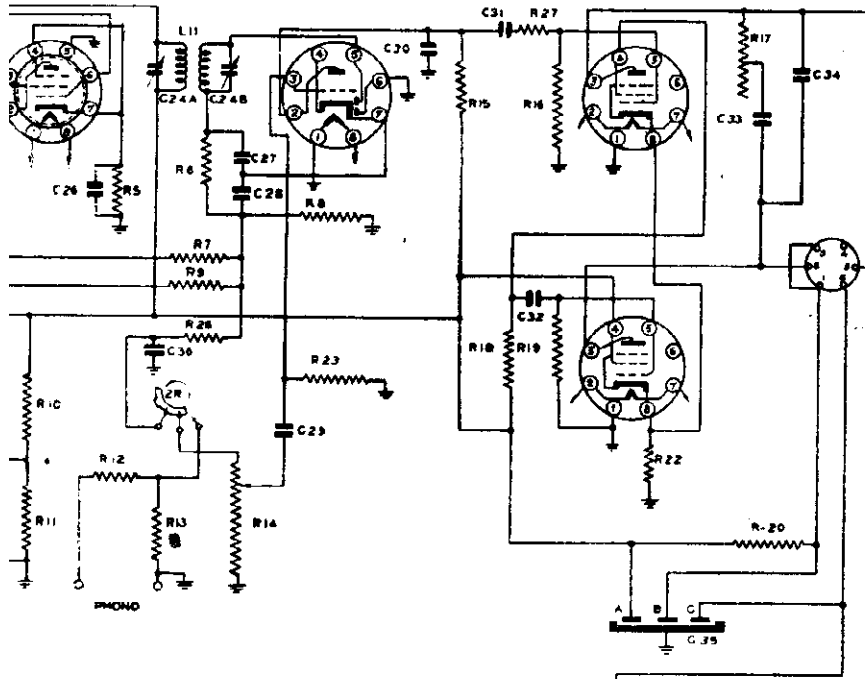
MODELS 7-46, 7-46-PA,
846, 846-PA

SECTION 5

F. AMP
7A7

DET. AVC & 1ST AUDIO
7B6

PUSH PULL OUTPUT
TWO 6F6G/GT



L1	LOOP ANTENNA	AB4300-1
L2	POL. ANT. COIL	AA6754-1
L3	SW. ANT. COIL	AA6758-1
L4	9C. DET. COIL	AA6756-1
L5	POL. DET. COIL	AA6757-1
L6	SW. DET. COIL	AA6760-1
L7	9C. OSC. COIL	AA6759-1
L8	POL. OSC. COIL	AA6755-1
L9	SW. OSC. COIL	AA6753-2
L10	1F. COIL	AA6800-5
L11	NO. 1 F. COIL	AA6800-6

C1	500 P. COND.	PC6000-1
C2	500 P. COND.	PC6000-1
C3	500 P. COND.	PC6000-1
C4	500 P. COND.	PC6000-1
C5	500 P. COND.	PC6000-1
C6	500 P. COND.	PC6000-1
C7	500 P. COND.	PC6000-1
C8	500 P. COND.	PC6000-1
C9	500 P. COND.	PC6000-1
C10	500 P. COND.	PC6000-1
C11	500 P. COND.	PC6000-1
C12	500 P. COND.	PC6000-1
C13	500 P. COND.	PC6000-1
C14	500 P. COND.	PC6000-1
C15	500 P. COND.	PC6000-1
C16	500 P. COND.	PC6000-1
C17	500 P. COND.	PC6000-1
C18	500 P. COND.	PC6000-1
C19	500 P. COND.	PC6000-1
C20	500 P. COND.	PC6000-1
C21	500 P. COND.	PC6000-1
C22	500 P. COND.	PC6000-1
C23	500 P. COND.	PC6000-1
C24	500 P. COND.	PC6000-1
C25	500 P. COND.	PC6000-1
C26	500 P. COND.	PC6000-1
C27	500 P. COND.	PC6000-1
C28	500 P. COND.	PC6000-1
C29	500 P. COND.	PC6000-1
C30	500 P. COND.	PC6000-1
C31	500 P. COND.	PC6000-1
C32	500 P. COND.	PC6000-1
C33	500 P. COND.	PC6000-1
C34	500 P. COND.	PC6000-1
C35	500 P. COND.	PC6000-1

PEAK 456 KC

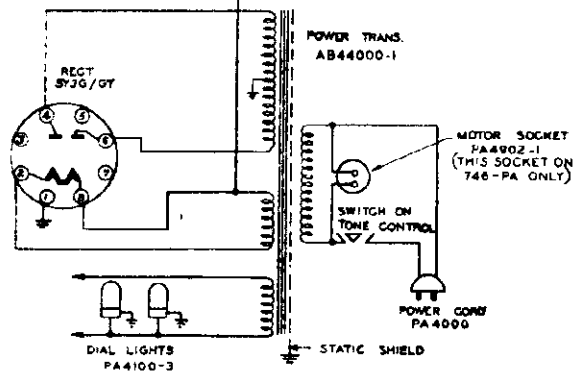
on

- AA6754-1
- AA6758-1
- AA6756-1
- AA6757-1
- AA6760-1
- AA6759-1
- AA6755-1
- AA6753-2

- (with eld) AB43501-5
- (with eld) AB43501-6
- olytic PA4300-1
- 3330 MMF PA4354-1
- 1660 MMF PA4354-2

- r Padder - B.C.) AB43503-36
- le PB40400-1
- C. Sw. PA4404-1
- PA4401-2

- ontal PC60001
- ng PC60006
- cal
- ng



R1	1 MEGOHM	5W	BR125-105
R2	620 Ω	5W	BR125-821
R3	20000 Ω	5W	BR125-203
R4	DE-LEE		
R5	500 Ω	5W	BR125-561
R6	10000 Ω	5W	BR125-183
R7	3.3MEG OHM	5W	BR125-335
R8	100000 Ω	5W	BR125-184
R9	3.3MEG OHM	5W	BR125-335
R10	10000 Ω	5W	BR125-183
R11	22000 Ω	5W	BR125-223
R12	270000 Ω	5W	BR125-274
R13	270000 Ω	5W	BR125-274
R14	2 MEG OHM VOL. CONT.		FA4401-2
R15	270000 Ω	5W	BR125-274
R16	470000 Ω	5W	BR125-474
R17	25MEG TONE CONT. & SW		PA4404-1
R18	2000 Ω	5W	BR125-202
R19	470000 Ω	5W	BR125-474
R20	1000 Ω	5W	BR125-102
R21	100 Ω	5W	BR125-101
R22	240 Ω	2W	DR125-241
R23	10 MEG OHM	5W	BR125-108
R24	330 Ω	5W	BR125-331
R25	10000 Ω	5W	BR125-102
R26	1000 Ω	5W	BR125-102
R27	FOR 8-44 ADD		
R28	1 MEG OHM	5W	BR125-105

Description	Part Number
Model "K" Automatic Record Changer	PD93100
Dial Glass - Cabinet	PB41909
Fly Wheel & Shaft Assy.	
Tuning	AA6735-1
Knob - Control (3) Walnut	PA5602-1
Knob - Control (3) Mahog.	PA5602-2
Knob - Wave Band Sw. (1) Walnut	PA5603-1
Knob - Wave Band Sw. (1) Mahogany	PA5603-2
Loop - Ant.	AB43011-1
Pointer & Slide Assy.	AA6700-1
Speaker - Complete (10")	PC63000-1
Switch - Wave Band	PB42002
Transformer - Power (60 cy.)	AB44000-1
Transformer - Speaker	PC63000-1-3

* Complete speakers may be returned to factory Service Dept for repair or replacement.

SPIEGEL

MODEL F Compact
 MODEL P Compact
 Battery Eliminator

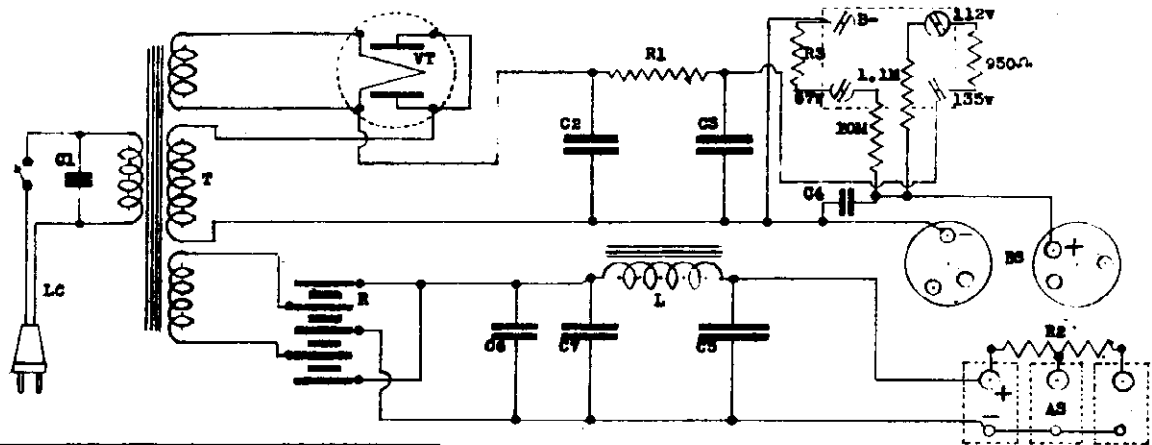


DIAGRAM	DESCRIPTION	PART NO.
LC	Line cord and switch	1601
C1	Condenser .05 mfd 400v	1602
C2, C3, C4	Condenser 20-10-10- 150v	1605
C5	Condenser 1000 mfd 2v	1605
C6	Condenser .25 mfd 150v	1612
C7	Condenser 1000 mfd 3v	1604
R1	Resistor 1600 ohms 1w	1608
R2	Resistor 1.5 ohms tapped	1616
R3	Resistor, voltage divider	1613
R	Rectifier	1608
T	Transformer	1609
VT	Tube 5Y3 OT	1610
L	Filter choke	1611
AS	"A" socket	1614
BH	Battery plug harness	1615
BS	"B" socket	1618
S	Tube socket	1617

MODEL "F" COMPACT

Operates any 2 Volt—4, 5, 6 or 7 tube battery radio from 115 v. 60 cy. source.

For use in receivers employing 1A4, 1C7, 1D5, 1E5 1F5, 1F7, 1H4G, etc., tubes to change radio into an all-electric set giving maximum performance at all times. Inexpensive to operate. Excellent to use when AC current is available and save batteries for occasions when used as portable.

TECHNICAL DATA

Primary
 115 Volts A.C. @ '60 cycles.

Specifications
 6 foot cord and plug—switch in cord.
 Size: 2 3/8" x 4 1/2" x 8 1/4".
 Weight packed—5 1/2 pounds.

"A" Supply Output
 7 tubes 2V. @ 480ma
 6 tubes 2V. @ 420ma
 4-5 tubes (average) 2V. @ 325ma

"B" Supply Output
 67, 90, 112, 135 Volts D.C. @ 18ma.

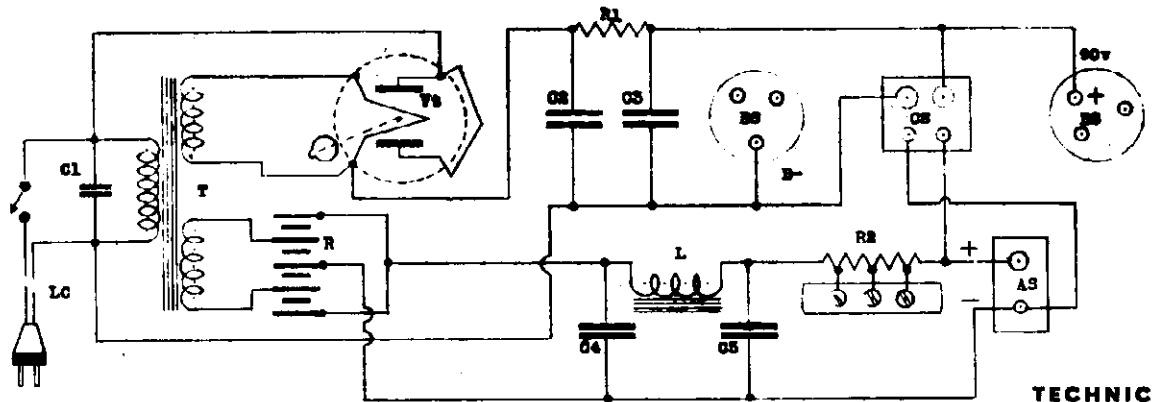


DIAGRAM	DESCRIPTION	PART NO.
LC	Line cord and switch	1601
C1	Condenser .05 mfd 400v	1602
C2, C3	Condenser 20-10 mfd 150v	1616
C4, C5	Condenser 2x1000 mfd 6-3v	1504
R1	Resistor 2500 ohms 1w	1505
R2	Resistor 3.8 ohms tapped	1617
T	Transformer	1606
R	Rectifier	1507
VT	Tube 5Y3 OT	1509
L	Filter choke	1510
AS	"A" socket	1511
BH	Battery plug harness	1612
BS	"B" socket	1613
S	Tube socket	1514
CS	"AB" socket	1515

MODEL "P" COMPACT

Operates any 1.4 volt—4, 5 or 6 tube battery radio from 115 v. 60 cy. source.

Designed for sets using 1A7, 1E4, 1N5G, 1Q5G, etc., tubes to convert battery radio to an efficient AC receiver with low operating cost. Fits in battery compartment of most radios. Ideal for use in home, hotel, camp or any place where normal AC is available.

"A" Supply Output
 5-6 tubes (average) . . 1.4V. @ 275m
 4 tubes 1.4V. @ 250m
 4 tubes 1.4V. @ 200m

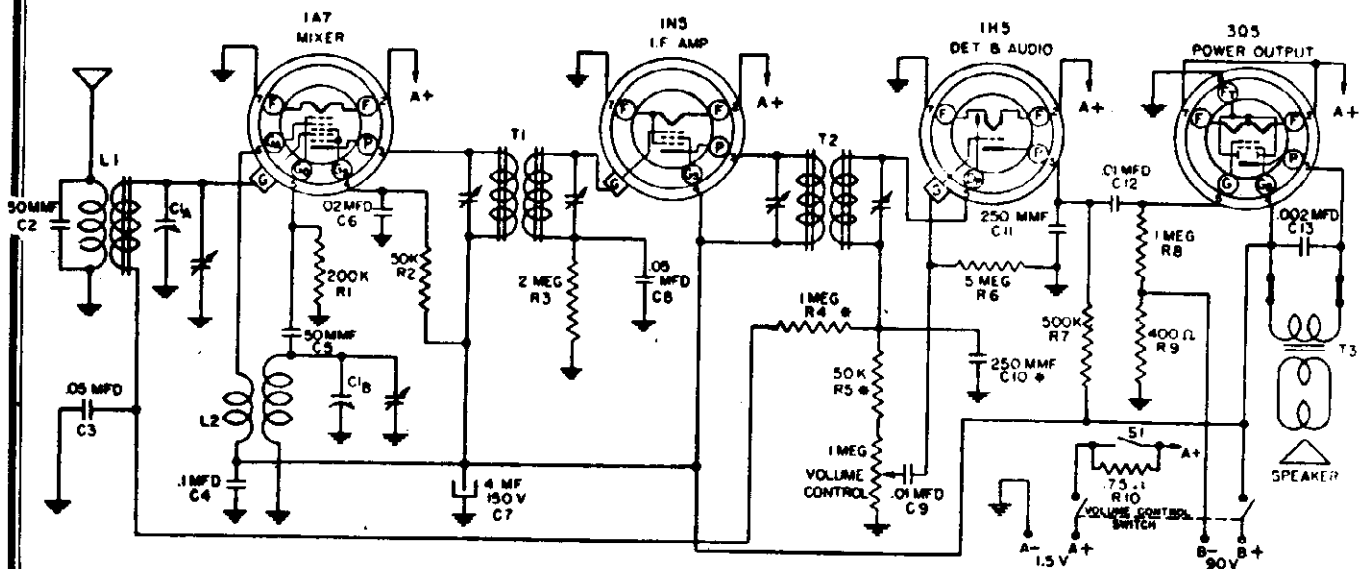
"B" Supply Output
 .90 Volts D.C. @ 12 ma. max.

Primary
 115 Volts A.C. @ 60 cycles.

Specifications:
 Six foot cord and plug—switch in cord
 Size: 2 3/8" x 3 1/2" x 4 3/4".
 Weight packed—3 1/2 pounds.

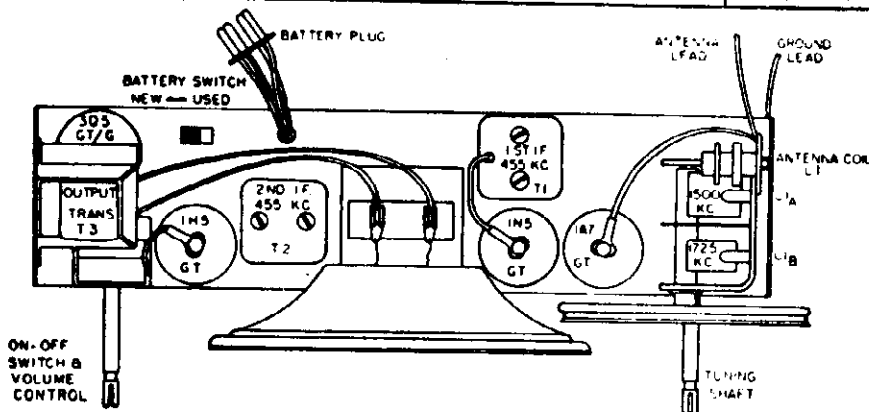
MODEL FX

SPIEGEL



PARTS LIST

Code	Part No.	DESCRIPTION	Code	Part No.	DESCRIPTION	Code	Part No.	DESCRIPTION
C1A C1B	B19-185	Variable Condenser	R1		200 K Ohm 1/3 Watt Carbon Resistor	L1	A10-414	Antenna Coil
C2		50 MMFD Mica Condenser (Part of L-1)	R2		50 K Ohm 1/3 Watt Carbon Resistor	L2	A10-415	Oscillator Coil
C3 C8		05 MFD 200 V Tubular Condenser	R3		2 Megohm 1/3 Watt Carbon Resistor	T1	B10-416	1st I.F. Transformer
C4		1 MFD 200 V Tubular Condenser	R4		1 Megohm 1/3 Watt Carbon Resistor (Part of T-2)	T2	910-417	2nd I.F. Transformer
C5		50 MMFD Mica Condenser	R5		50 K Ohm 1/3 Watt Carbon Resistor (Part of T-2)	T3	A80-218	Speaker Output Transformer
C6		82 MFD 400 V Tubular Condenser	R6		5 Megohm 1/3 Watt Carbon Resistor	S1	A88-184	Power Switch
C7	A18-273	4 MFD 150 V Electrolytic Condenser	R7		500 K Ohm 1/3 Watt Carbon Resistor		A24-165	Volume Control and Switch
C9 C12		01 MFD 400 V Tubular Condenser	R8		1 Megohm 1/3 Watt Carbon Resistor		B79-335	Speaker
C10		250 MMFD Mica Condenser (Part of T-2)	R9		400 Ohm 1/3 Watt Carbon Resistor			
C11		250 MMFD Mica Condenser	R10	A80-691	75 Ohm 1 Watt Resistor			
C13		302 MFD 800 V Tubular Condenser						



ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

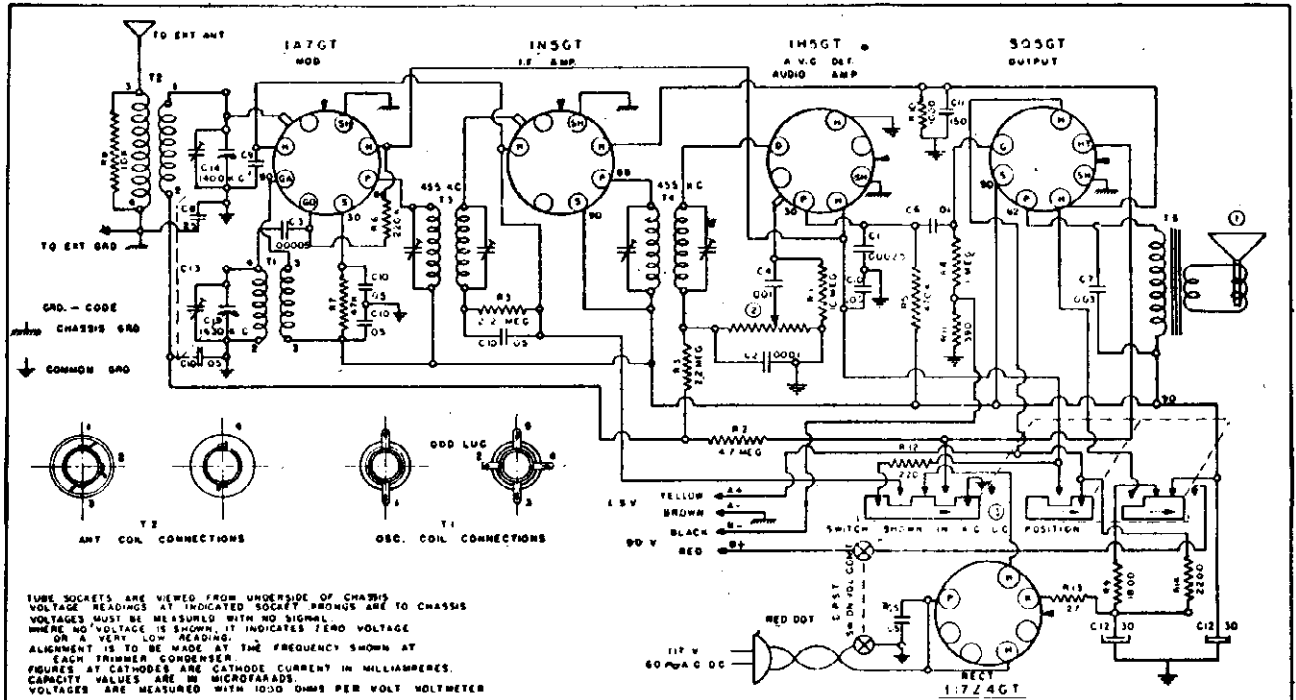
With an output meter connected across the voice coil of the speaker, the output meter reading for 50 milliwatts is .4 volts using a signal which is modulated 30% at 400 c.p.s. Follow through the procedure as outlined below for proper alignment.

Connect the signal generator to the grid cap of the 1A7 GT Tube through a .1 MFD. Condenser. Connect the ground lead of the generator to the chassis. Adjust the signal generator to 455 K.C. and set the variable condenser of the receiver to minimum capacity (fully opened). With the volume control full on and minimum output from the signal generator adjust the two trimmers on top of the first and second I.F. transformers for maximum output.

Now connect the signal generator to the antenna connection of the receiver through a .00025 condenser. Adjust the signal generator frequency to 1725 K. C. and set the variable condenser to minimum capacity (fully opened), and adjust the oscillator trimmer (C1B) for maximum output. Set signal generator to 1500 K. C. and tune receiver to signal. Adjust the antenna trimmer (C1A) on the variable condenser for maximum output.

SPIEGEL

MODELS 2-560 to 2-569 inclusive

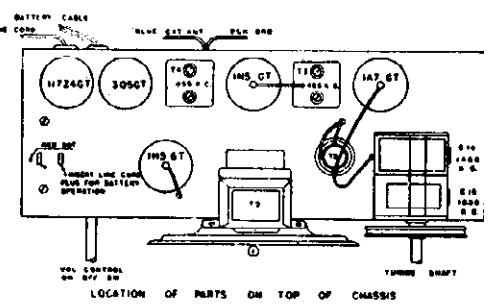


CODE	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	CODE	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	CODE	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	2-56
R1	60-193	10 MEGOHM 1/4 WATT RESISTOR	C1	1504	00025 MFD MICA CONDENSER	T1	10-395	OSCILLATOR COIL	
R2	60-269	4.7	C2	1501	0001	T2	10-196	ANTENNA COIL	
R3	60-178	2.2	C3	1503	00005	T3	10-342	1ST I.F. TRANSFORMER	
R4	60-193	1	C4	16-108	0.01 MFD 600V. TUBULAR CONDENSER	T4	10-405	2ND I.F. TRANSFORMER	
R5	60-178	470K OHM	C5	1507	0.5	T5		OUTPUT TRANSFORMER 1 OHM SPKR 1	
R6	60-180	220K	C6	16-115	0.1				
R7	60-177	47K	C7	16-139	0.03				
R8	60-215	10K	C8	16-80	28				
R9	60-197	150K	C9	16-115	1				
R10	60-381	1000	C10	1622	0.05				
R11	60-221	330	C11	18-271	150				
R12	60-190	220	C12	18-268	30 X 30				
R13	60-651	27	C13	10-178	2 BAND VARIABLE CONDENSER (ALSO C14 & C15)				
R14	60-652	2200 OHM 1/2 WATT RESISTOR							

PARTS PRICE LIST

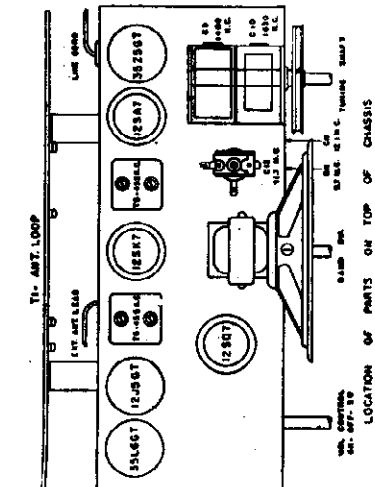
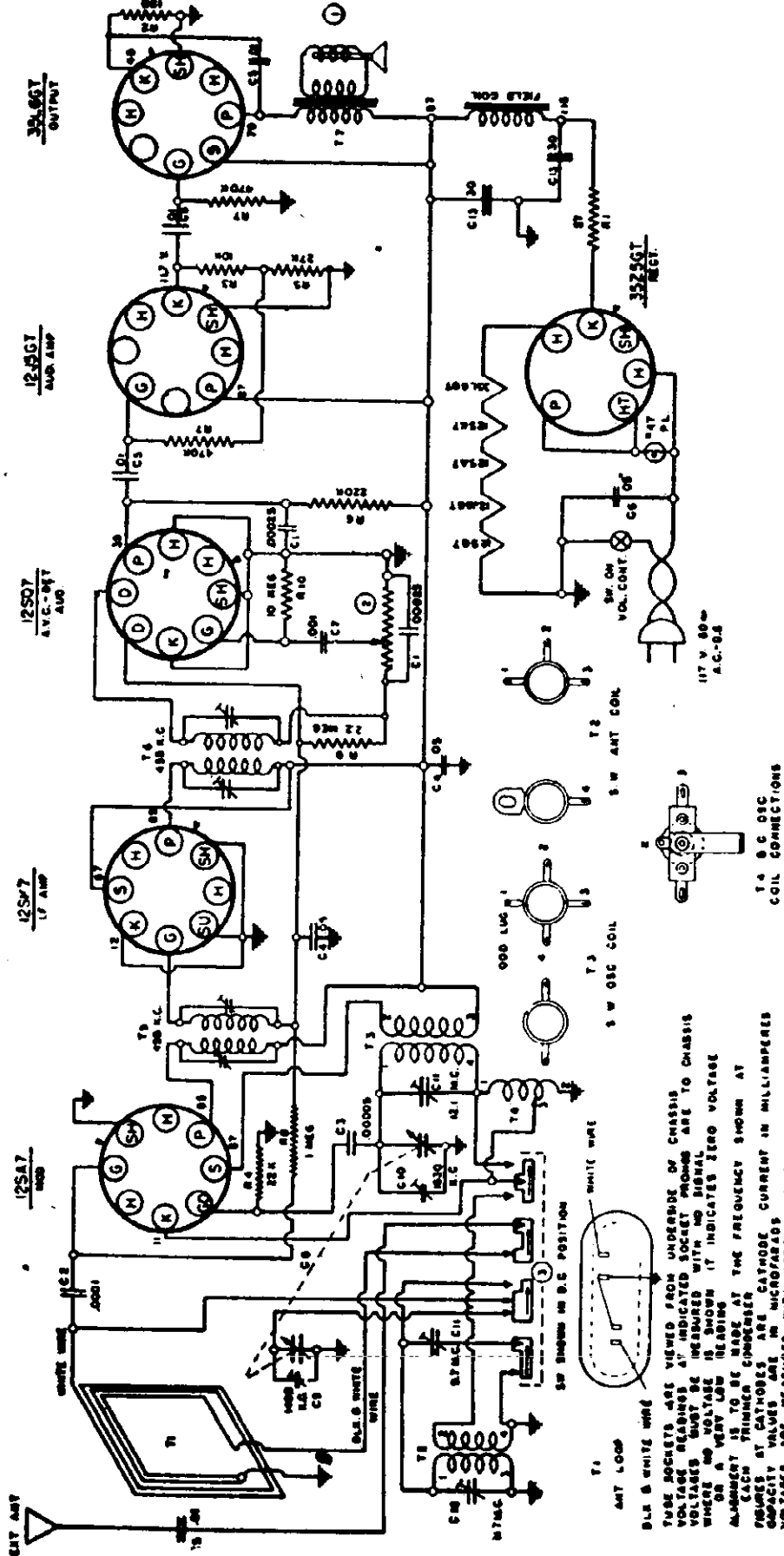
Part No.	Description	Price
18-266	30 & 30 mfd. 150 w.v. Elec.	\$1.50
18-271	150 mfd. 25 w.v. Elec.	1.25
24-162	Volume Control	.88
69-158	A.C.-D.C. Battery Switch	1.25
10-395	Osc. Coll.	.75
10-396	Ant. Coll.	.75
10-342	1st I.F. Transformer	1.25
10-405	2nd I.F. Transformer	1.25
79-326	5" P.M. Speaker	4.00
19-178	Variable Condenser	3.00

Prices subject to change without notice.



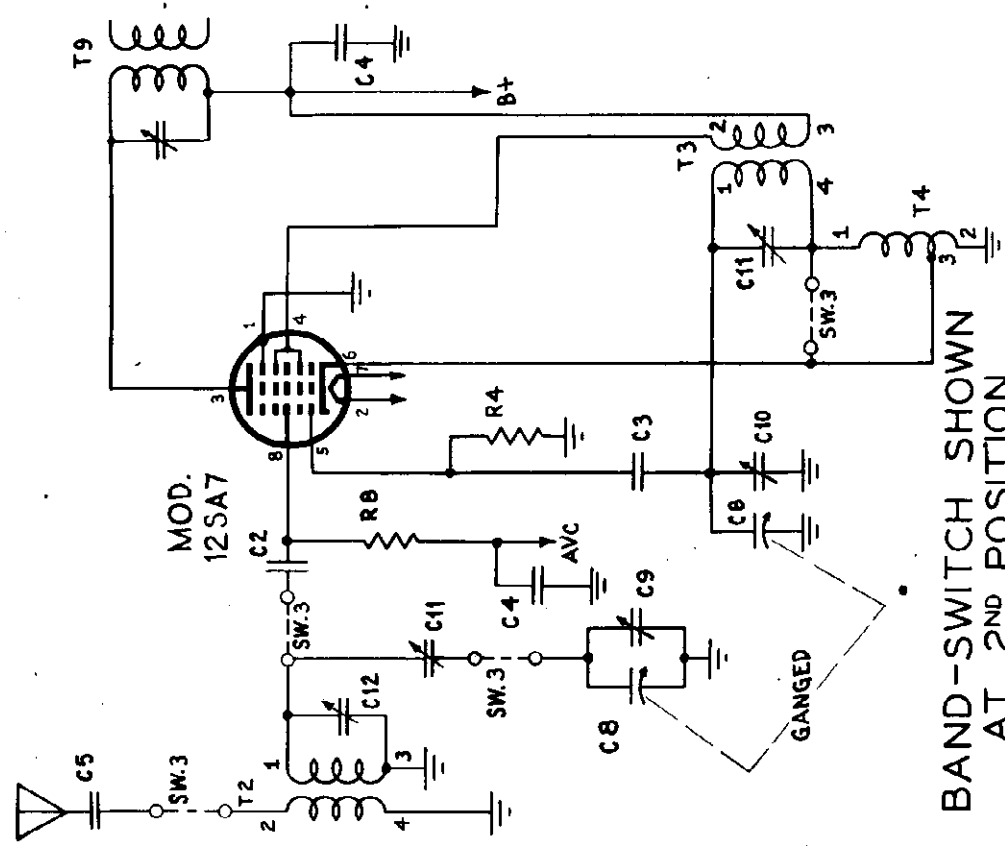
MODELS 2-610 to
2-619 inclusive

SPIEGEL

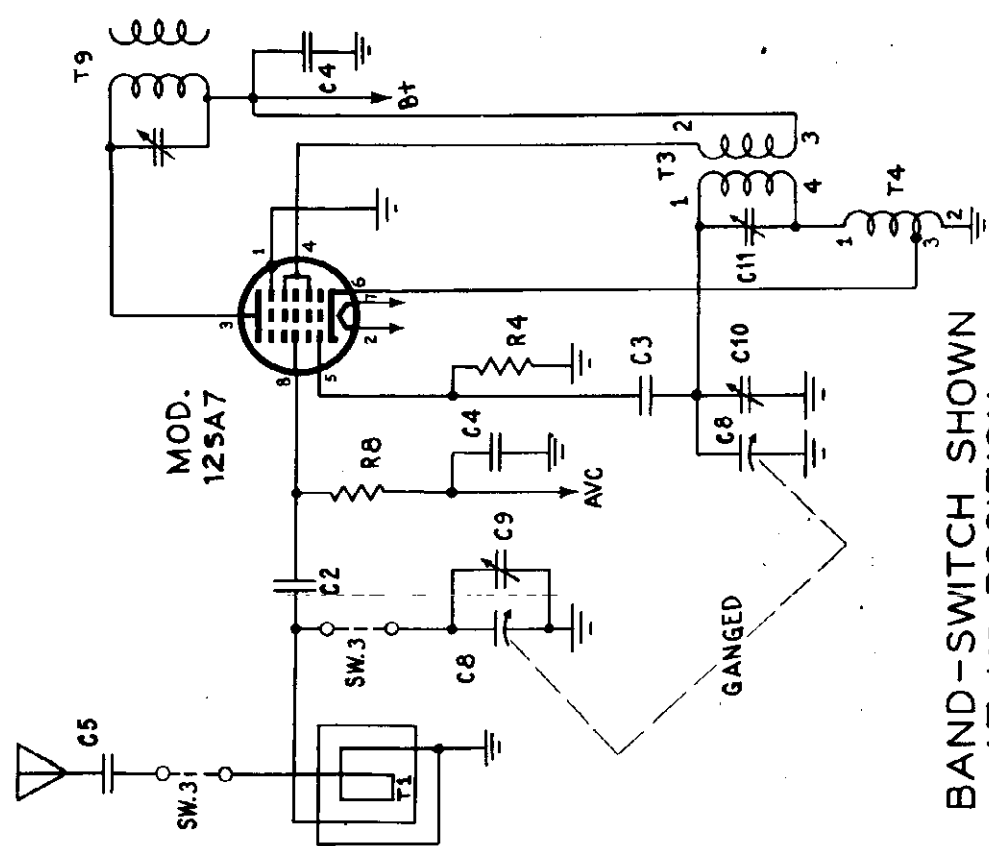


CODE	PART NO	DESCRIPTION	CODE	PART NO	DESCRIPTION
1	60-84	27 OHM	C 1	1524	00025 MFD MICA CONDENSER
2	60-184	150 OHM	C 2	1504	00005 "
3	60-209	40 K	C 3	1503	01 MFD 150 V
4	60-159	23 K	C 4	1522	01 " 450 V
5	60-154	220 K	C 5	15-19	05 " 450 V
6	60-160	220 K	C 6	15-07	001 " 600 V
7	60-178	470 K	C 7	18-106	VARIABLE CONDENSER (A-30 CB & CO)
8	60-178	470 K	C 8	18-178	VARIABLE CONDENSER (DOUBLE)
9	60-178	470 K	C 9	20-131	TRIMMER
10	60-178	470 K	C 10	20-131	TRIMMER
11	60-178	470 K	C 11	20-131	TRIMMER
12	60-178	470 K	C 12	20-131	TRIMMER
13	60-178	470 K	C 13	20-131	TRIMMER
14	60-178	470 K	C 14	20-131	TRIMMER
15	60-178	470 K	C 15	20-131	TRIMMER
16	60-178	470 K	C 16	20-131	TRIMMER
17	60-178	470 K	C 17	20-131	TRIMMER
18	60-178	470 K	C 18	20-131	TRIMMER
19	60-178	470 K	C 19	20-131	TRIMMER
20	60-178	470 K	C 20	20-131	TRIMMER
21	60-178	470 K	C 21	20-131	TRIMMER
22	60-178	470 K	C 22	20-131	TRIMMER
23	60-178	470 K	C 23	20-131	TRIMMER
24	60-178	470 K	C 24	20-131	TRIMMER
25	60-178	470 K	C 25	20-131	TRIMMER
26	60-178	470 K	C 26	20-131	TRIMMER
27	60-178	470 K	C 27	20-131	TRIMMER
28	60-178	470 K	C 28	20-131	TRIMMER
29	60-178	470 K	C 29	20-131	TRIMMER
30	60-178	470 K	C 30	20-131	TRIMMER
31	60-178	470 K	C 31	20-131	TRIMMER
32	60-178	470 K	C 32	20-131	TRIMMER
33	60-178	470 K	C 33	20-131	TRIMMER
34	60-178	470 K	C 34	20-131	TRIMMER
35	60-178	470 K	C 35	20-131	TRIMMER
36	60-178	470 K	C 36	20-131	TRIMMER
37	60-178	470 K	C 37	20-131	TRIMMER
38	60-178	470 K	C 38	20-131	TRIMMER
39	60-178	470 K	C 39	20-131	TRIMMER
40	60-178	470 K	C 40	20-131	TRIMMER
41	60-178	470 K	C 41	20-131	TRIMMER
42	60-178	470 K	C 42	20-131	TRIMMER
43	60-178	470 K	C 43	20-131	TRIMMER
44	60-178	470 K	C 44	20-131	TRIMMER
45	60-178	470 K	C 45	20-131	TRIMMER
46	60-178	470 K	C 46	20-131	TRIMMER
47	60-178	470 K	C 47	20-131	TRIMMER
48	60-178	470 K	C 48	20-131	TRIMMER
49	60-178	470 K	C 49	20-131	TRIMMER
50	60-178	470 K	C 50	20-131	TRIMMER
51	60-178	470 K	C 51	20-131	TRIMMER
52	60-178	470 K	C 52	20-131	TRIMMER
53	60-178	470 K	C 53	20-131	TRIMMER
54	60-178	470 K	C 54	20-131	TRIMMER
55	60-178	470 K	C 55	20-131	TRIMMER
56	60-178	470 K	C 56	20-131	TRIMMER
57	60-178	470 K	C 57	20-131	TRIMMER
58	60-178	470 K	C 58	20-131	TRIMMER
59	60-178	470 K	C 59	20-131	TRIMMER
60	60-178	470 K	C 60	20-131	TRIMMER
61	60-178	470 K	C 61	20-131	TRIMMER
62	60-178	470 K	C 62	20-131	TRIMMER
63	60-178	470 K	C 63	20-131	TRIMMER
64	60-178	470 K	C 64	20-131	TRIMMER
65	60-178	470 K	C 65	20-131	TRIMMER
66	60-178	470 K	C 66	20-131	TRIMMER
67	60-178	470 K	C 67	20-131	TRIMMER
68	60-178	470 K	C 68	20-131	TRIMMER
69	60-178	470 K	C 69	20-131	TRIMMER
70	60-178	470 K	C 70	20-131	TRIMMER
71	60-178	470 K	C 71	20-131	TRIMMER
72	60-178	470 K	C 72	20-131	TRIMMER
73	60-178	470 K	C 73	20-131	TRIMMER
74	60-178	470 K	C 74	20-131	TRIMMER
75	60-178	470 K	C 75	20-131	TRIMMER
76	60-178	470 K	C 76	20-131	TRIMMER
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81	60-178	470 K	C 81	20-131	TRIMMER
82	60-178	470 K	C 82	20-131	TRIMMER
83	60-178	470 K	C 83	20-131	TRIMMER
84	60-178	470 K	C 84	20-131	TRIMMER
85	60-178	470 K	C 85	20-131	TRIMMER
86	60-178	470 K	C 86	20-131	TRIMMER
87	60-178	470 K	C 87	20-131	TRIMMER
88	60-178	470 K	C 88	20-131	TRIMMER
89	60-178	470 K	C 89	20-131	TRIMMER
90	60-178	470 K	C 90	20-131	TRIMMER
91	60-178	470 K	C 91	20-131	TRIMMER
92	60-178	470 K	C 92	20-131	TRIMMER
93	60-178	470 K	C 93	20-131	TRIMMER
94	60-178	470 K	C 94	20-131	TRIMMER
95	60-178	470 K	C 95	20-131	TRIMMER
96	60-178	470 K	C 96	20-131	TRIMMER
97	60-178	470 K	C 97	20-131	TRIMMER
98	60-178	470 K	C 98	20-131	TRIMMER
99	60-178	470 K	C 99	20-131	TRIMMER
100	60-178	470 K	C 100	20-131	TRIMMER

SPIEGEL



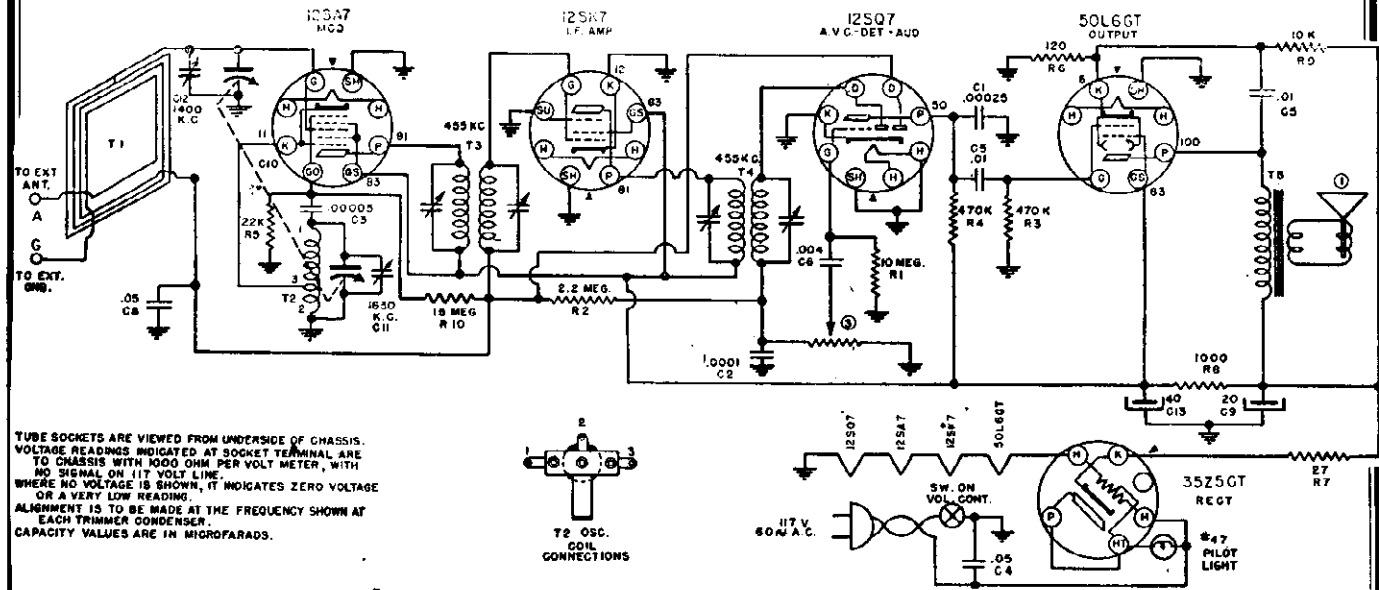
BAND-SWITCH SHOWN AT 2ND POSITION COUNTERCLOCKWISE SHORT WAVE BAND 8.9 TO 12.1 MC.



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN AT 1ST POSITION. BROADCAST BAND 540 TO 1630 KC

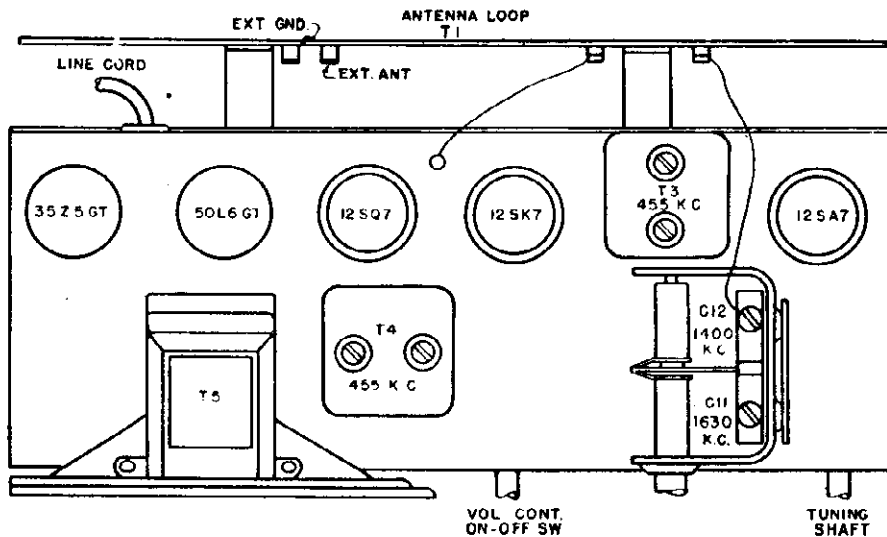
MODEL 106B

SPIEGEL



C75-18

CODE	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	CODE	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	CODE	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
R1	10 MEG OHM	1/4 WATT RESISTOR	C1	.00025 MFD.	MICA CONDENSER	T1	82-30	LOOP ANTENNA
R2	2.2	"	C2	.0001	"	T2	10-394	OSCILLATOR COIL
R3	470K	"	C3	.00005	"	T3	10-369	1ST. I.F. TRANSFORMER
R4	470K	"	C4	.05 MFD.	400V. TUBULAR CONDENSER	T4	10-370	2ND I.F. TRANSFORMER
R5	22 K	"	C5	.01	"	T5	00-212	OUTPUT TRANSFORMER-USED WITH 79-307A SPR.
R6	120	"	C6	.004	"	①	879-339	5" P.M. SPEAKER
R7	27	"	C7	.05	200 V.	②	79-307A	5" P.M. SPEAKER
R8	1000	1/2 WATT	C8	20	MFD. 150 W.V. ELECTROLYTIC			
R9	10 K	1 WATT	C9	18-272	"			
R10	18 MEG	1/3 WATT	C10	19-177	2 GANG VARIABLE CONDENSER (ALSO C11 & C12)			
			C13	18-280	30 MFD. 150 W.V. ELECTROLYTIC			



873-19

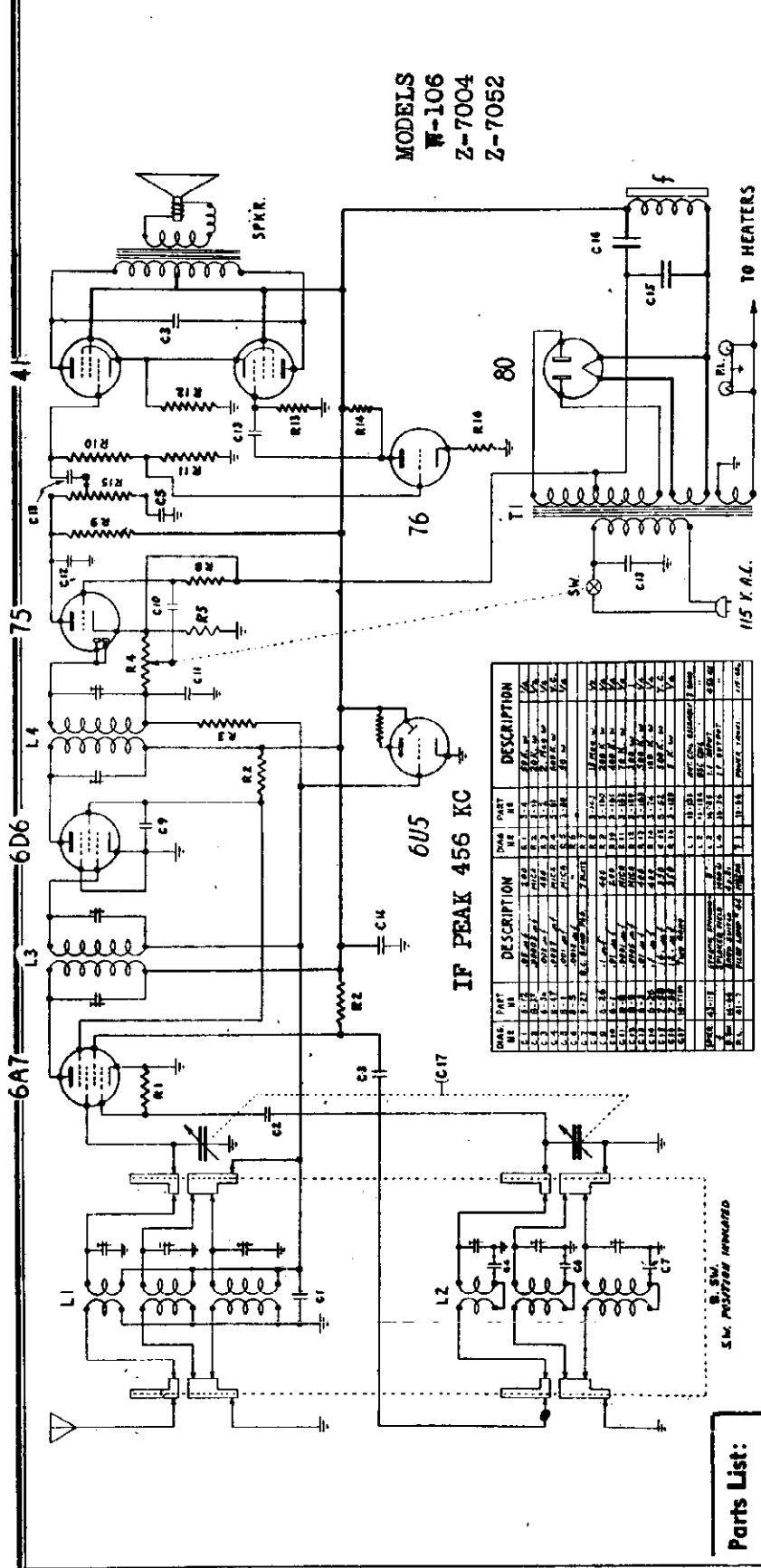
ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

CAUTION: This is an A.C./D. C. receiver and when aligning the set it is necessary to isolate the Signal Generator or the receiver from the line by use of a transformer, or place a .2 MFD. condenser in both test leads of the Signal Generator.

Connect the Signal Generator through a .1 MFD. condenser to the variable condenser side of the loop. Connect the ground side of the Signal Generator to the chassis. Adjust the Signal Generator to 455 Kilocycles and set the variable condenser of the receiver to minimum capacity (fully opened). With volume control full on and minimum output from the Signal Generator adjust the two trimmers on top of the 1st and 2nd I.F. transformers (T3-T4) for maximum output. Now connect the Signal Generator through a .00025 condenser to the external antenna connection on the back of the loop. Connect ground side of Signal Generator to terminal marked "G" on back of loop. Adjust frequency to 1630 K. C., set variable condenser at minimum capacity (fully opened) and adjust the oscillator trimmer (C11) for maximum output. Set Signal Generator to 1400 K.C., tune receiver to signal and adjust the Antenna trimmer (C12) on top of the variable condenser for maximum output.

SPIEGEL

MODELS W-106, Z7004, Z-7052
 MODELS 651, 6514, 6541, 6547
 6547(Chassis FJ-97)



MODELS
 W-106
 Z-7004
 Z-7052

MODELS 651, 6514, 6541, 6547
 CHASSIS FJ-97

C-2.191-1
 C-2.191-2
 B-2.192
 B-5.006
 B-11.037

Parts List:

- C —Two gang variable cond. with trimmers. C-6.032
- C 1—0.002 Mfd., 200V paper
- C 2—.02 Mfd., 400V paper
- C 3—.02 Mfd., 400V paper
- C 4—.00025 Mfd., mica
- C 5—.005 Mfd., 600V paper
- C 6—.005 Mfd., 400V (or 600V) paper
- C 7—.00025 Mfd., mica
- C 8—.25 Mfd. (or .20 Mfd.), 200V paper
- C 9—.05 Mfd., 400V, molded bakelite
- C10, 11—Dual 40 Mfd., 150V
- R 1—22K, 1/4W, 20%
- R 2—10 meg, 1/4W, 20%
- R 3—3.3 meg, 1/4W, 20%
- R 4—500K variable, audio taper, with SPST A-9.066
- R 5—470K, 1/4W, 20%
- R 6—470K, 1/4W, 20%
- R 7—150 ohms, 1/2W, 10%
- R 8—10 meg, 1/4W, 20%
- R 9—220K, 1/4W, 20%
- R10—1000 ohms, 2W (or 1W), 20%
- *R11—2.2 meg, 1/4W, 20%
- A-25.019
- L 1—Transformer, IF input, 455KC
- L 2—Transformer, IF output, 455KC
- L 3—Coil, oscillator
- Antenna, loop
- Loudspeaker, PM, 5", Transformer to match 50A5
- Pilot light, Mazda No. 47, 150 Ma.

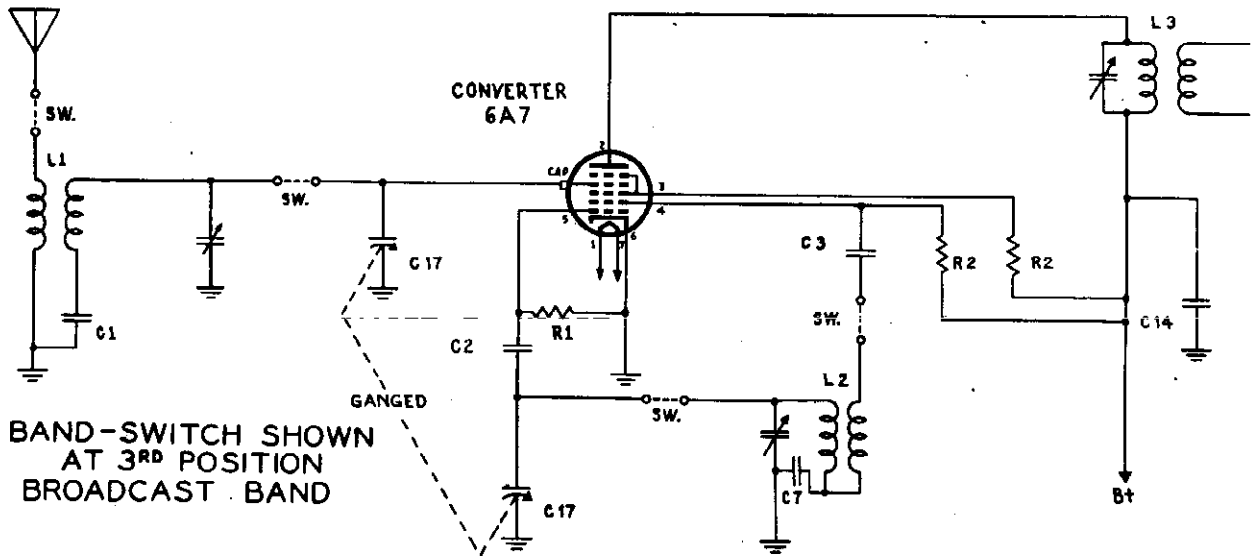
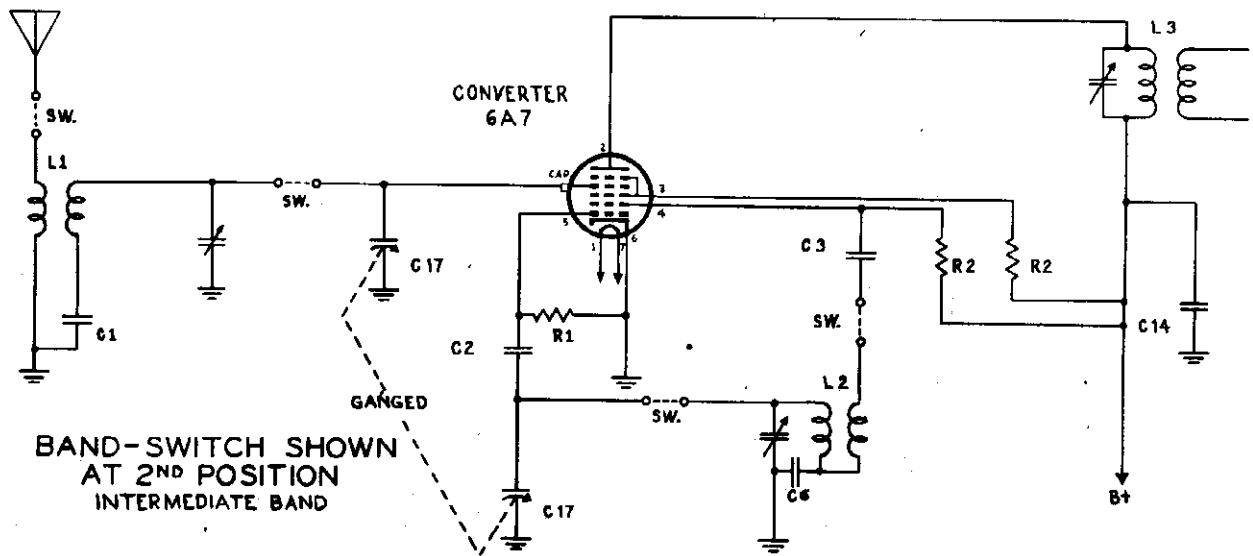
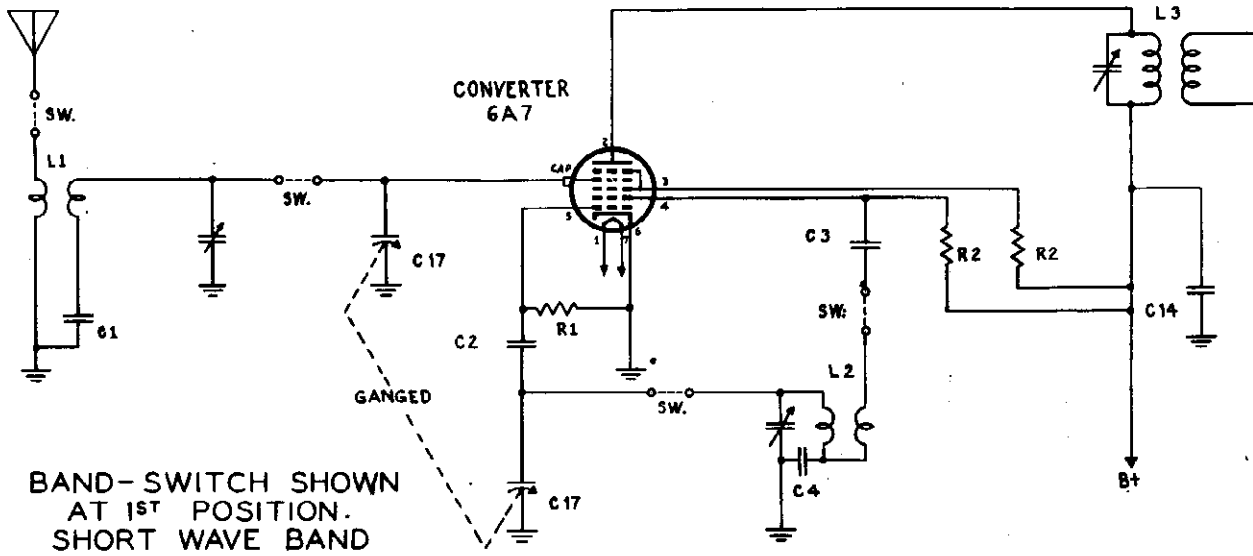
DATE	PART	DESCRIPTION	QTY	DESCRIPTION	QTY
1-1-52	6A7	6A7	1	6A7	1
1-1-52	6D6	6D6	1	6D6	1
1-1-52	76	76	1	76	1
1-1-52	80	80	1	80	1
1-1-52	6U5	6U5	1	6U5	1
1-1-52	6X4	6X4	1	6X4	1
1-1-52	6U6	6U6	1	6U6	1
1-1-52	SPKR	SPKR	1	SPKR	1
1-1-52	T1	T1	1	T1	1
1-1-52	L1	L1	1	L1	1
1-1-52	L2	L2	1	L2	1
1-1-52	L3	L3	1	L3	1
1-1-52	L4	L4	1	L4	1
1-1-52	R1	R1	1	R1	1
1-1-52	R2	R2	1	R2	1
1-1-52	R3	R3	1	R3	1
1-1-52	R4	R4	1	R4	1
1-1-52	R5	R5	1	R5	1
1-1-52	R6	R6	1	R6	1
1-1-52	R7	R7	1	R7	1
1-1-52	R8	R8	1	R8	1
1-1-52	R9	R9	1	R9	1
1-1-52	R10	R10	1	R10	1
1-1-52	R11	R11	1	R11	1
1-1-52	C1	C1	1	C1	1
1-1-52	C2	C2	1	C2	1
1-1-52	C3	C3	1	C3	1
1-1-52	C4	C4	1	C4	1
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1-1-52	C6	C6	1	C6	1
1-1-52	C7	C7	1	C7	1
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1-1-52	C14	C14	1	C14	1
1-1-52	C15	C15	1	C15	1
1-1-52	C16	C16	1	C16	1
1-1-52	C17	C17	1	C17	1
1-1-52	R12	R12	1	R12	1
1-1-52	R13	R13	1	R13	1
1-1-52	R14	R14	1	R14	1
1-1-52	R15	R15	1	R15	1
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1-1-52	L9	L9	1	L9	1
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1-1-52	L14	L14	1	L14	1
1-1-52	L15	L15	1	L15	1
1-1-52	L16	L16	1	L16	1
1-1-52	L17	L17	1	L17	1
1-1-52	L18	L18	1	L18	1
1-1-52	L19	L19	1	L19	1
1-1-52	L20	L20	1	L20	1
1-1-52	L21	L21	1	L21	1
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1-1-52	L23	L23	1	L23	1
1-1-52	L24	L24	1	L24	1
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1-1-52	L48	L48	1	L48	1
1-1-52	L49	L49	1	L49	1
1-1-52	L50	L50	1	L50	1

S.M. POSITION MARKERS

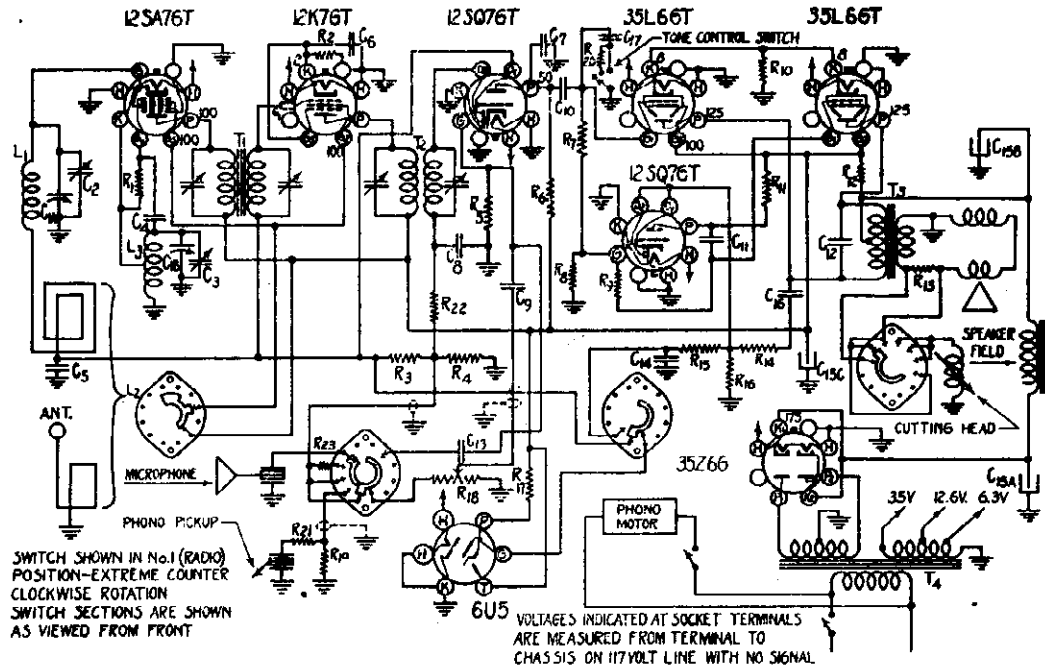
"clarified schematics"

MODELS W-106, Z7004,
Z-7052

SPIEGEL



SPIEGEL



IF PEAK 455 KC

Schematic Location	Part Number	Description	Schematic Location	Part Number	Description
		CHASSIS PARTS	R3,4,14,16		Resistor, 1 Meg. 1/3 Watt
	4417	Button, Snap (Dial Mounting)	R5		Resistor, 10 Meg. 1/3 Watt
	8931	Cable, Tuning Tube	R6,7,8,9,11		Resistor, 200M. 1/3 Watt
	2163	Cable, drive	R10		Resistor, 120 Ohm, 1/2 Watt
	3227	Cap, Grid	R12		Resistor, 1000 Ohm, 1 Watt
R18	8910	Control, Volume and Switch	R13		Resistor, 35 Ohm, 1/2 Watt
	1732	Cord, Line	R15		Resistor, 2 Meg. 1/3 Watt
	6424	Clamp, Linecord	R17		Resistor, 1 Meg (in Tuning Tube Socket)
	4314	Clamp, Tapped—For Tuning Tube	R19,20,21,22		Resistor, 50M, 1/3 Watt
	4315	Clamp, Plain—For Tuning Tube	R23		Resistor, 4 Meg. 1/3 Watt
L3	8422	Coil, Oscillator	8440		Socket, Dual Dial Lamp
L1	8423	Coil, Tracking	8648		Spring, Drive Cable
C1a,b	8911	Condenser, Variable (with Pulley)	8427		Shaft, Drive
C2,3	8504	Condenser, Dual Trimmer	8428		Switch, Tone Control
C15a,b,c	8425	Condenser, Electrolytic (20-250)—(20-150)—(20-150)	8932		Switch, Master Control
C4		Condenser, 100 Mmf. Mica	8919		Speaker, 6 1/2" Dynamic
C5,14		Condenser, 1 Mfd. 200 v.	8918		Transformer, Power, 60 cycle
C6		Condenser, .05 Mfd. 200 v.	8933		Transformer, Power, 50 cycle
C7		Condenser, 250 Mmf. Mica	89191		Transformer, Output
C8		Condenser, 100 Mmf. Mica	T1		8434 Transformer, 1st IF
C9		Condenser, .002 Mfd. 600 v.	T2		8435 Transformer, 2nd IF
C10,16		Condenser, .01 Mfd. 400 v.			CABINET ASSEMBLY PARTS
C11		Condenser, .05 Mfd. 400 v.			Back for Cabinet
C12,13		Condenser, .001 Mfd. 600 v.			Book, Instruction
C17		Condenser, .005 Mfd. 600 v.			8462 Bushing, Rubber (Recorder Unit Mtg.)
	7209	Grommet, Tuner Assembly Mtg.			9205 Carton, Shipping
	9121	Dial Chart			9210 Cabinet
	8941	Microphone Socket Assembly			9206 Escutcheon
	6244	Pulley, Idler			2750 Knob, Motor Switch
	5026	Pointer			8487 Knob, Tuning
	6158	Pilot Lite			8488 Knob, Tone
	1207	Retainer, "C" Washer (Holds Tuning Shaft)			8489 Knob, Volume
R1		Resistor, 20M, 1/3 Watt			8925 Knob, Master Control Switch
R2		Resistor, 200 Ohm, 1/3 Watt			8491 Loop Antenna Assembly

cont'd

MODEL 390

SPIEGEL

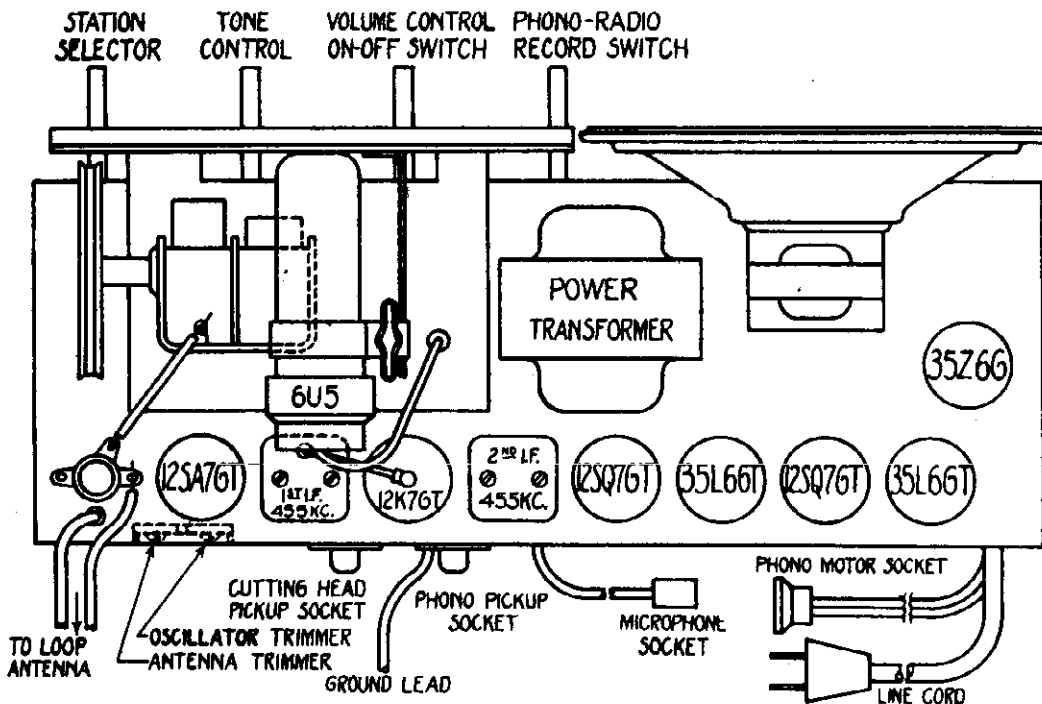
Schematic Location	Part Number	Description	Schematic Location	Part Number	Description
	9208	Plate, Instruction		9484	Magnetic Cutter Head with Leads
	8477	Plate, Motor-on-off		9434	Recorder Arm Complete
	8287	Plug, 1 Prong (for Cutter Leads)		9438	Pivot Post Return Spring
	3288	Plug, 1 Prong (for Phono Pickup Leads)		9450	10" One-piece Turntable
	8493	Plug, 2 Prong (for Motor Leads)		9456	Turntable Drive Disc Stud Clip
	8454	Switch, Motor		9458	Lead Screw and Pinion Assembly
	2997	Washer, Rubber (for Recorder Mtg.)		9463	Turntable Drive Disc Tension Spring
				9464	Turntable Shaft
				9466	Turntable Drive Disc
				9467	Turntable Drive Disc Mounting Bracket Assembly
	RECORDER UNIT PARTS			The following parts are for models with ONE-PIECE	
	6943	Hex Nut for Pivot Post		TURNTABLE ONLY	
	6947	Motor Mounting Screw		9469	Retractable Pin Spring
	6948	Adjusting Screw (Follower Arm)		9470	Retractable Pin
	9413	Turntable Shaft Locking Screw		9472	Rotor Shaft Pulley
	9417	Recorder Arm Rest		9474	Rotor Shaft Pulley Set-Screw
	9418	Follower Arm Complete		9481	Motor 60 Cycle
	9424	Pickup Cartridge		9482	Motor 50 Cycle
	9426	Pickup Arm Complete			
	9428	Cutter Head Tension Spring			

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

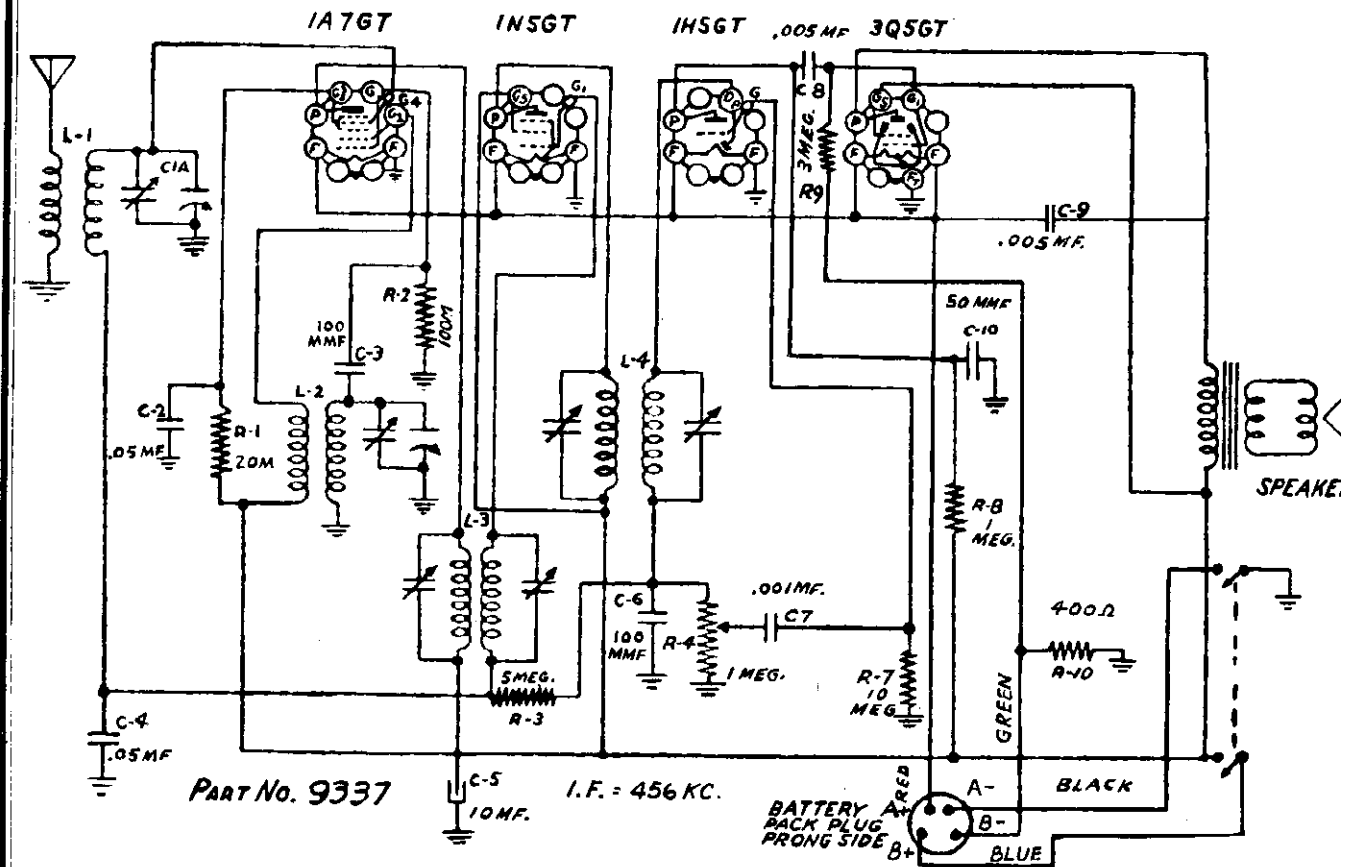
Output meter connection	Across speaker voice coil
Connection of generator ground lead	To Chassis
Connection of generator output lead	See chart below
Dummy antenna value to be used in series with generator	See chart
Position of volume control	Full on (Clockwise)

POSITION OF VARIABLE	GENERATOR FREQUENCY	DUMMY ANTENNA	GENERATOR CONNECTION	TRIMMERS ADJUSTED (IN ORDER SHOWN)
Open (Min. capacity)	455 kc.	.1 mfd.	Ant. section of variable	T2, T1.
Min. capacity	1720 kc.	50 mmf.	Ant. Terminal	Oscillator Trimmer
Tune in signal from generator	1400 kc.	50 mmf.	Ant. Terminal	Antenna Trimmer

ALL ALIGNMENT OPERATIONS MUST BE DONE WITH THE MASTER CONTROL SWITCH IN THE NO. 1 (RADIO) POSITION.



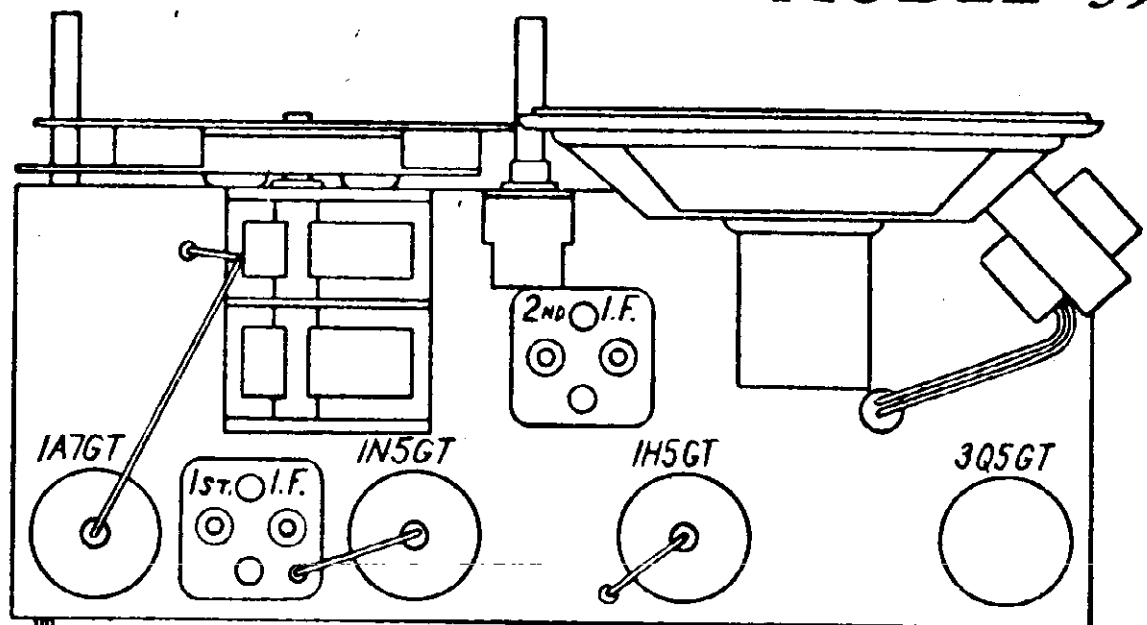
SPIEGEL



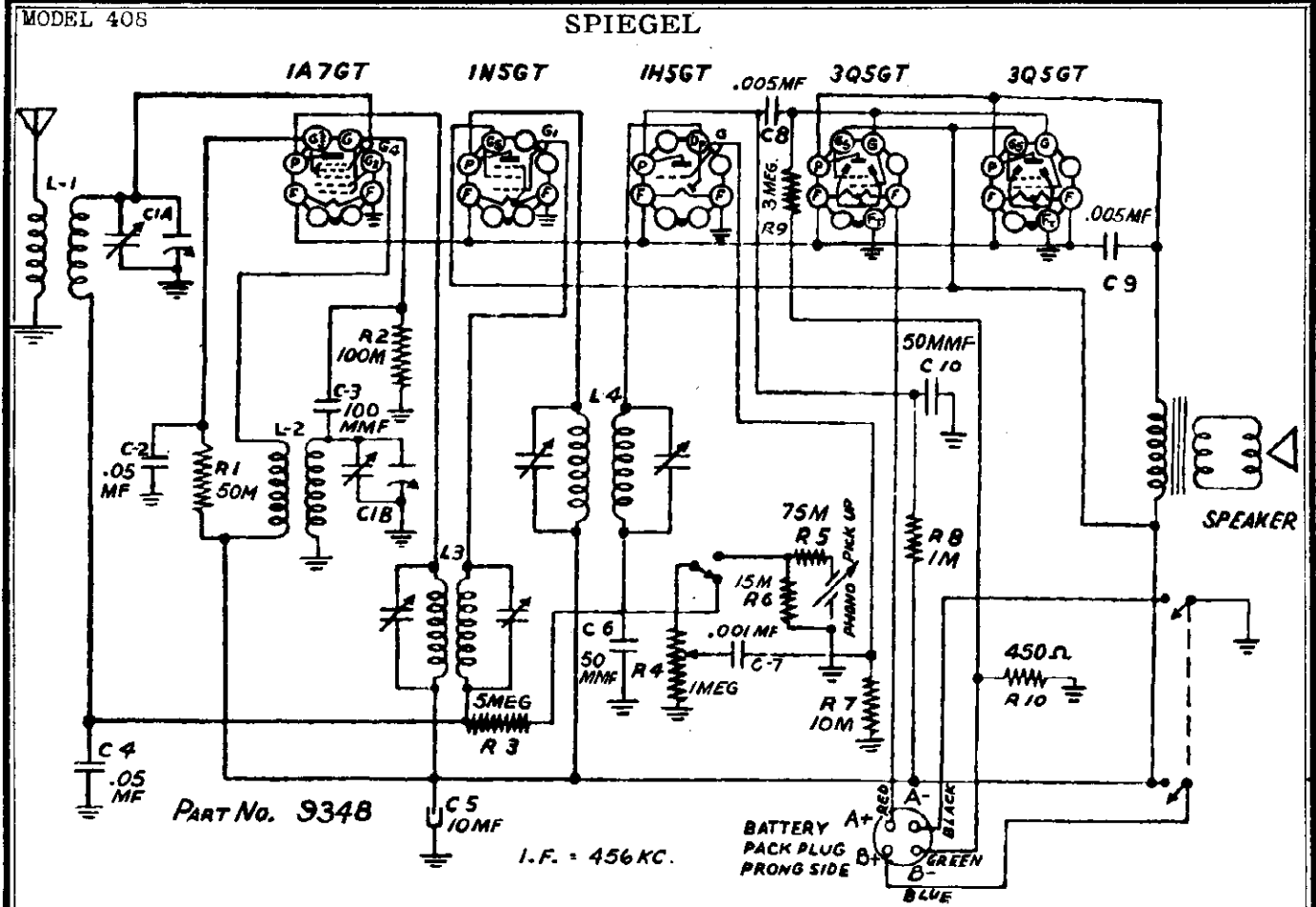
STATION
SELECTOR

VOLUME CONTROL
& ON OFF SWITCH

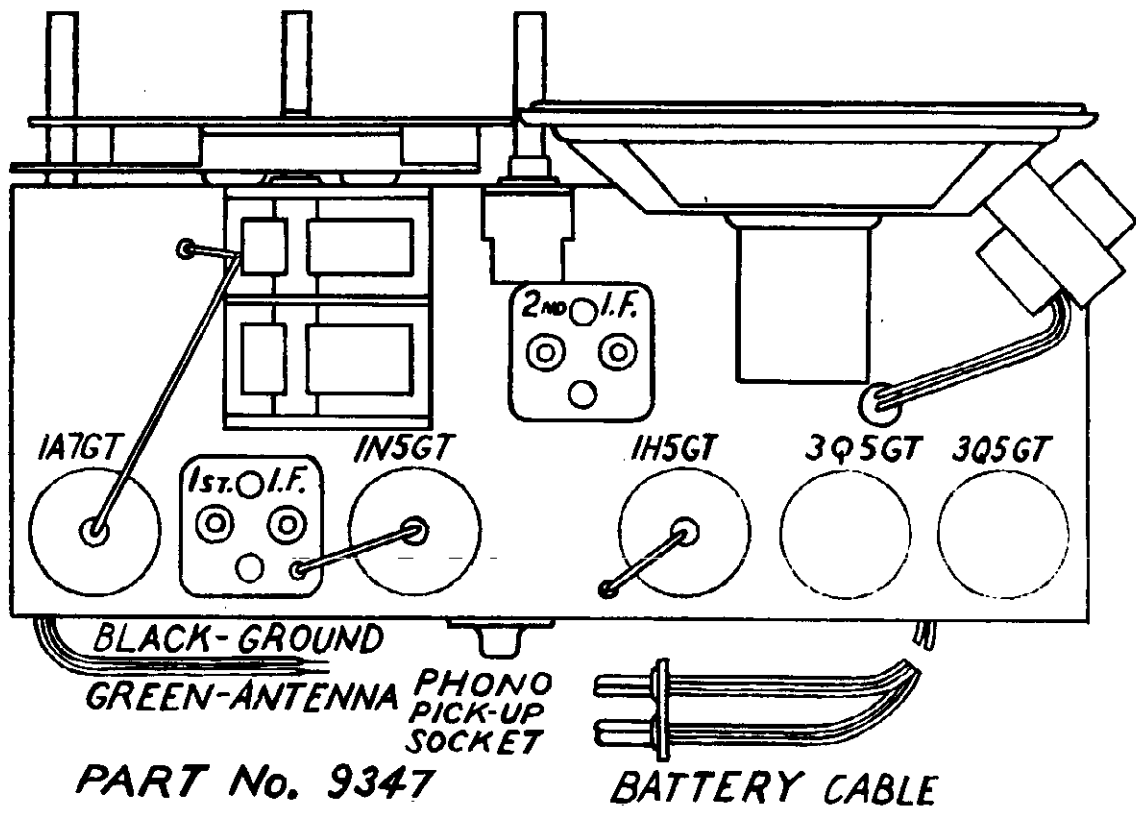
MODEL 397



PART No. 9336



STATION SELECTOR SWITCH & ON-OFF SWITCH
PHONO-RADIO PICK-UP SOCKET
VOLUME CONTROL
MODEL 408

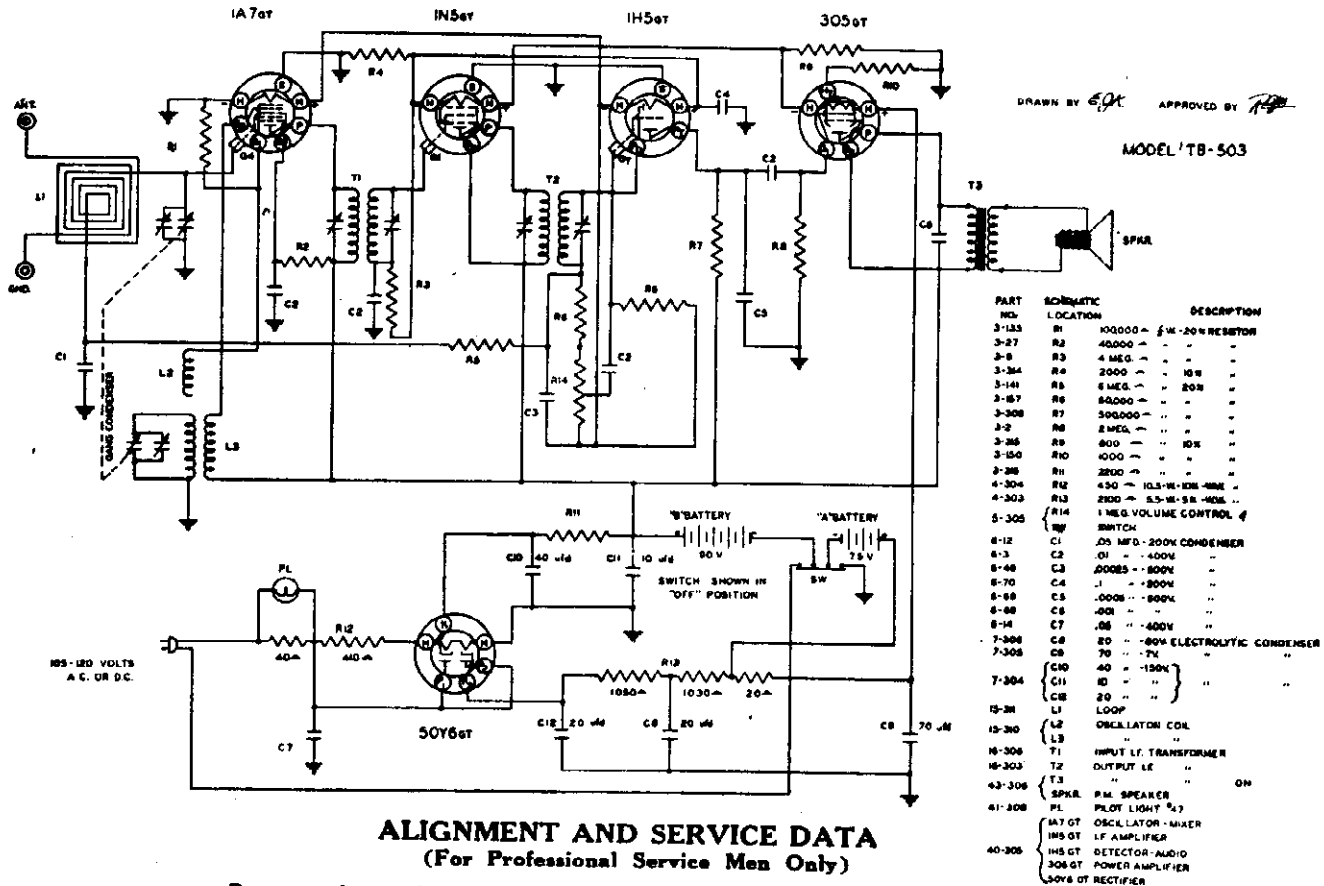


MODEL TB-503

SPIEGEL

DRAWN BY *E.M.* APPROVED BY *[Signature]*

MODEL TB-503



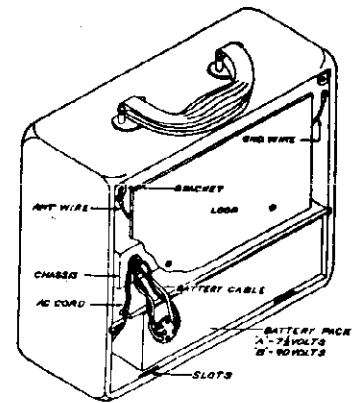
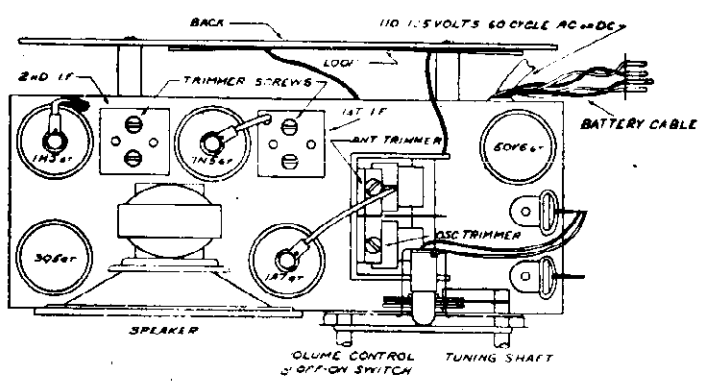
PART NO.	SCHEMATIC LOCATION	DESCRIPTION
3-123	R1	100000 - 1/4W-20% RESISTOR
3-27	R2	400000 - " - " - " - "
3-8	R3	4 MEG. - " - " - " - "
3-364	R4	20000 - " - " - " - "
3-141	R5	2 MEG. - " - " - " - "
3-157	R6	500000 - " - " - " - "
3-308	R7	500000 - " - " - " - "
3-2	R8	2 MEG. - " - " - " - "
3-26	R9	600 - " - " - " - "
3-150	R10	1000 - " - " - " - "
3-28	R11	2200 - " - " - " - "
4-304	R12	450 - 10.5W-10% 4MM
4-303	R13	2200 - 5.5W-5% 4MM
	R14	1 MEG. VOLUME CONTROL
5-305	SW	SWITCH
6-12	C1	.05 MFD. 200V CONDENSER
6-3	C2	.01 - " - 400V - " - "
6-48	C3	.0005 - " - 800V - " - "
6-70	C4	.1 - " - 800V - " - "
6-88	C5	.0005 - " - 800V - " - "
6-98	C6	.001 - " - " - " - "
6-14	C7	.05 - " - 400V - " - "
7-308	C8	20 - " - 80% ELECTROLYTIC CONDENSER
7-308	C9	70 - " - 7% - " - "
7-304	C10	40 - " - 150V - " - "
	C11	10 - " - " - " - "
	C12	20 - " - " - " - "
15-38	L1	LOOP
15-30	L2	OSCILLATION COIL
	L3	" - " - " - " - "
16-308	T1	INPUT LF. TRANSFORMER
16-303	T2	OUTPUT LF. " - " - "
43-308	T3	" - " - " - " - " ON
61-308	PL	P.M. SPEAKER
	PL	PILOT LIGHT
	1A7 GT	OSCILLATOR - MIXER
	1N5 GT	IF AMPLIFIER
	1H5 GT	DETECTOR - AUDIO
	305 GT	POWER AMPLIFIER
	50Y6 GT	RECTIFIER

ALIGNMENT AND SERVICE DATA
(For Professional Service Men Only)

Remove chassis from cabinet for alignment.
A signal generator is required having the following frequencies: 456KC, 1400KC, 1720KC.

First Step: Connect the generator lead through a .1 mfd. condenser to the terminal lug next to the Antenna trimmer on top of the tuning condenser. The ground lead from the generator may be connected to any convenient spot on the metal chassis. Adjust generator to 456KC and adjust IF trimmer screws until a maximum reading is noted on the output meter which has been connected across the speaker. The tuning condenser should be turned out to complete minimum capacity when aligning the IF. With generator lead still connected to antenna trimmer terminal, adjust generator frequency to 1720KC, and with tuning condenser still at minimum, adjust oscillator trimmer till the 1720KC signal is tuned in. Next, remove generator leads from set and connect both to a transmitting loop. This loop can be made with 2 turns of wire about 6 inches in diameter and placed about one foot away from the loop antenna of the receiver. Adjust generator frequency to 1400KC. Turn tuning condenser until the signal is tuned in and adjust antenna trimmer until a maximum reading is noted. No further adjustment should be necessary, unless the set has been damaged, as the coils and condenser in this receiver have been specially handled at the factory so as to insure proper alignment at the lower frequency end of the dial.

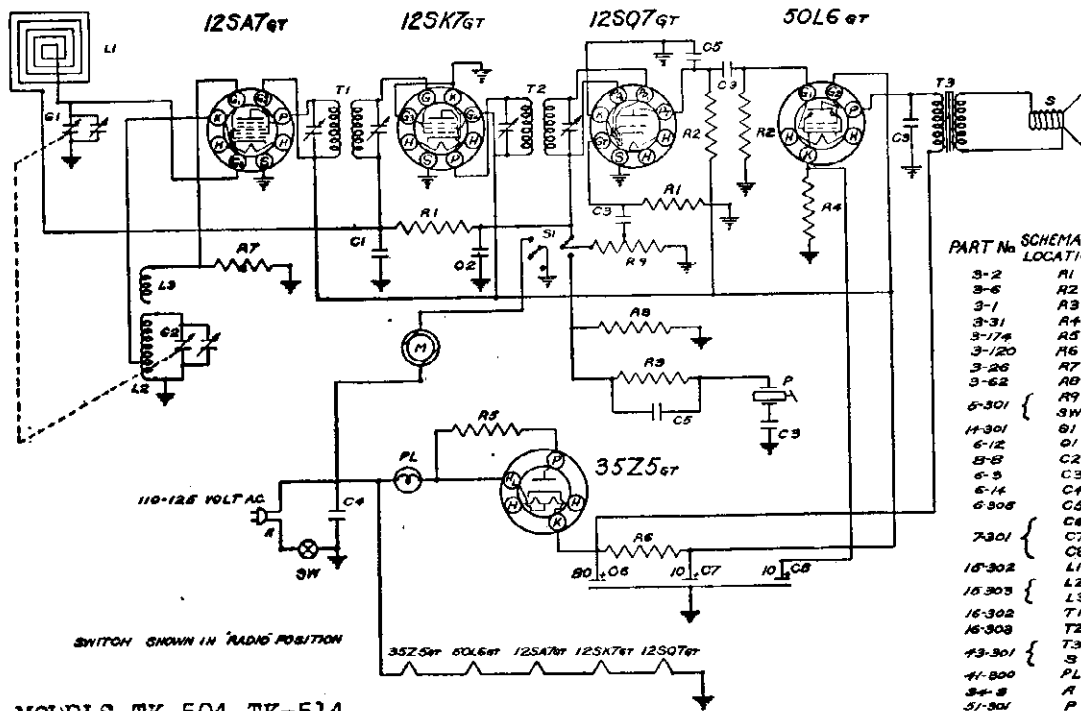
TUBE AND TRIMMER LOCATION



SPIEGEL

MODEL 433

MODELS TK-504, TK-514



PART No.	SCHEMATIC LOCATION	DESCRIPTION
3-2	R1	2 MEG - 1/2 W 20% RESISTOR
3-6	R2	1 MEG - " " "
3-1	R3	5 MEG - " " "
3-31	R4	100 - " " "
3-17A	R5	50 - " " "
3-120	R6	2500 - " " "
3-26	R7	50000 - " " "
3-62	R8	200000 - " " "
5-301	R9	1 MEG OHM VOL CONTROL
11-301	S1	3W SWITCH
11-301	S2	CHANGEOVER SWITCH
6-12	C1	.05 MFD. 200V CONDENSER
6-8	C2	.001 MFD MICA "
6-5	C3	.01 MFD. 400V. "
6-14	C4	.05 MFD 400V "
6-30B	C5	.0005 MFD 400V "
	C6	80 MFD 180V "
7-301	C7	10 MFD 150V ELECTROLYTIC
	C8	10 MFD 25V "
16-302	L1	1000P
16-303	L2	OSCILLATOR COIL
16-302	T1	GRID COUPLING COIL
16-302	T2	INPUT I.F. TRANSFORMER
16-302	T3	OUTPUT I.F. "
13-301	S	5" PM SPEAKER
41-300	PL	PILOT LIGHT #47
34-B	A	POWER CORD
51-301	P	CRYSTAL PICKUP L25A
10-301	G1	5MFD CONDENSER
45-300	H	PHONO MOTOR
12SA7GT		OSCILLATOR-MIXER
12SK7GT		I.F. AMPLIFIER
12SQ7GT		DETECTOR-AUDIO
50L6GT		AUDIO AMPLIFIER
35Z5GT		RECTIFIER

MODELS TK-504, TK-514

IF PEAK 456 KC

3-11-41 DRAWN BY [Signature] APPROVED BY [Signature]

MODEL 433

Part No.	Description	Part No.	Description
9811	Book—Instruction.....	8477	Plate—Motor on-off.....
8462	Bushing—Stem—Motor Mounting.....	8287	Plug—1 Prong Large (Play).....
9813	Cabinet.....	8288	Plug—1 Prong Small (Cut).....
2163	Cable—Drive.....	8493	Plug—Phono Motor.....
9724	Capacity Plate.....	9547	Pointer.....
8031	Coil—Oscillator.....	9209	Records—Blank.....
9221	Control—Volume and Switch.....	8929	Recorder Unit—Complete.....
8036	Cord—AC Line.....	7326	Resistor—150 ohm 1/2 W.....
5562	Condenser—Antenna Trimmer.....	3807	Resistor—35 ohm 1/2 W Flexohm.....
8525	Condenser—Electrolytic 40-20-150 V.....	9093	Resistor—1500 ohm 1 W.....
3352	Condenser—Paper .2-400 V.....	9225	Resistor—2 M 1/3 W.....
563	Condenser—Paper .05-400 V.....	8580	Resistor—50 M 1/3 W.....
576	Condenser—Paper .02-400 V.....	7122	Resistor—100 M 1/3 W.....
3137	Condenser—Paper .001-400 V.....	6722	Resistor—500 M 1/3 W.....
884	Condenser—Paper .002-600 V.....	6721	Resistor—200 M 1/3 W.....
572	Condenser—Paper .1-200 V.....	8970	Resistor—2 Meg 1/3 W.....
580	Condenser—Paper .05-200 V.....	8062	Resistor—3 Meg. 1/3 W.....
1286	Condenser—Mica 250 mmd.....	8039	Resistor—15 Meg. 1/3 W.....
7799	Connector—Microphone—with bracket and lead.....	7121	Resistor—20 M 1/3 W.....
7084	Crystal—Dial.....	9228	Shaft—Drive.....
9548	Indicator.....	9230	Speaker—5" P.M.....
9545	Indicator—Back Plate.....	2908	Spring—Pointer Drive.....
9247	Knob—Master Control.....	8430	Socket—Phono Motor.....
2750	Knob—Motor Switch.....	6267	Socket—1 Prong—Large (Playing).....
9246	Knob—Tuning.....	8266	Socket—1 Prong—Small (Cutting).....
9248	Knob—Volume.....	7573	Socket—Dial Lamp.....
6158	Lamp—Pilot No. 47 Mazda.....	9226	Switch—Master Control.....
8285	Microphone No. X-20.....	8454	Switch—Motor.....
9211	Needles—Cutting.....	8042	Transformer—1st I.F.....
9207	Needles—Playing.....	8043	Transformer—2nd I.F.....
9439	Plate—Instruction.....	9581	Tuner—Permeability.....

MODELS TK-504, TK-514
MODEL T-2625

SPIEGEL

Remove the chassis from the cabinet for alignment.

A signal generator is required having the following frequencies: 456KC, 1400KC, 1720KC, 6MC, 16MC, 18.3MC. An output meter should be connected across the speaker.

I. F. Alignment: Connect the generator lead through a .1MFD condenser to the terminal lug on the "Antenna" section of the gang condenser. The ground lead from the generator should be connected to the chassis base. Set the generator at 456KC. Adjust the trimmer screws in the 1st and 2nd I. F. cans (see Fig. No. 1) until a maximum reading is noted on the output meter.

The receiver volume control should be turned to maximum during the I. F. and all subsequent alignments, to keep the AVC from working and giving false readings. Keep the generator output as low as possible to prevent overloading.

BC or Broadcast Alignment: With the generator leads still connected as in I. F. Alignment, rotate the tuning condenser to complete minimum capacity. Set the generator to 1720KC. Adjust the BC oscillator trimmer until the signal is tuned in. Next, remove the generator leads and connect them to the antenna lead of the loop antenna, through a 100 MMFDC condenser. Set the generator to 1400KC and rotate the tuning condenser until the signal is tuned in. Adjust the BC antenna trimmer until a maximum reading is noted on the output meter. Set the generator to 600KC and turn the tuning condenser until the signal is tuned in. Rock the tuning control back and forth slowly until a maximum reading is noted on the output meter. It is advisable to return to the 1720KC adjustment and recheck that setting to make sure it has not changed while padding at 600KC.

SW or Short Wave Alignment: Set the generator at 18.3MC. Turn the receiver band switch to short wave position. Turn the tuning condenser to complete minimum capacity. The generator leads should be connected to the antenna lead of the loop through a 400 Ohm resistor. Adjust the S. W. oscillator trimmer slowly until the 18.3MC signal is tuned in. At this point, it will be well to make sure that the fundamental signal is tuned in. Turn up the generator output and tune the receiver to approximately 17.3MC. At this point, the 18.3MC signal will be heard again but much weaker. This is the image frequency. If the image is not heard, then turn the tuning condenser back to complete minimum and readjust the IF frequency in KC) lower in frequency than the fundamental signal. After the oscillator has been properly set, tune the signal generator to 16MC and rotate the tuning control until the signal is tuned in. Adjust the SW antenna trimmer until a maximum reading is noted on the output meter. It is advisable to rock the gang slowly while adjusting the antenna trimmer. Set the generator to 6MC and tune the signal in on the receiver. Check the alignment at this frequency. No adjustment should be necessary, as the coils have been carefully checked before leaving the factory. A fixed oscillator padding condenser is used at 6MC.

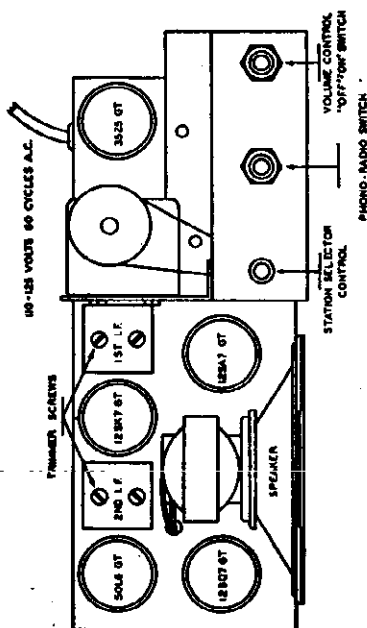
ALIGNMENT AND SERVICE DATA

(For Professional Service Men Only)

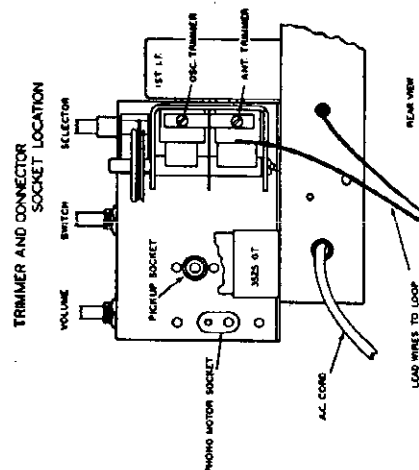
Remove chassis from cabinet for alignment.
A signal generator is required having the following frequencies: 456KC, 1400KC, 1720KC.

First Step: Connect the generator lead through a .1 mfd. condenser to the terminal lug next to the Antenna trimmer on top of the tuning condenser. The ground lead from the generator may be connected to any convenient spot on the metal chassis. Adjust generator to 456KC and adjust IF trimmer screws until a maximum reading is noted on the output meter which has been connected across the speaker. The tuning condenser should be turned out to complete minimum capacity when aligning the IF. With generator lead still connected to antenna trimmer terminal, adjust generator frequency to 1720KC, and with tuning condenser still at minimum, adjust oscillator trimmer until the 1720KC signal is tuned in. Next, remove generator leads from set and connect both to a transmitting loop. This loop can be made with 2 turns of wire about 6 inches in diameter. Adjust generator frequency to 1400KC. Turn tuning condenser until the signal is tuned in and adjust antenna trimmer until a maximum reading is noted. No further adjustment should be necessary, unless the set has been damaged, as the coils and condenser in this receiver have been specially handled at the factory so as to insure proper alignment at the lower frequency end of the dial.

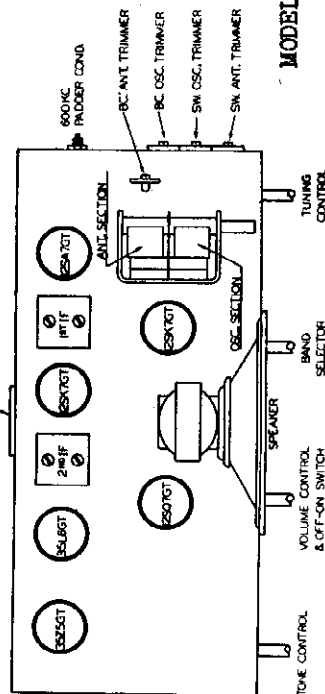
TUBE AND TRIMMER LOCATION



MODELS TK-504, TK-514

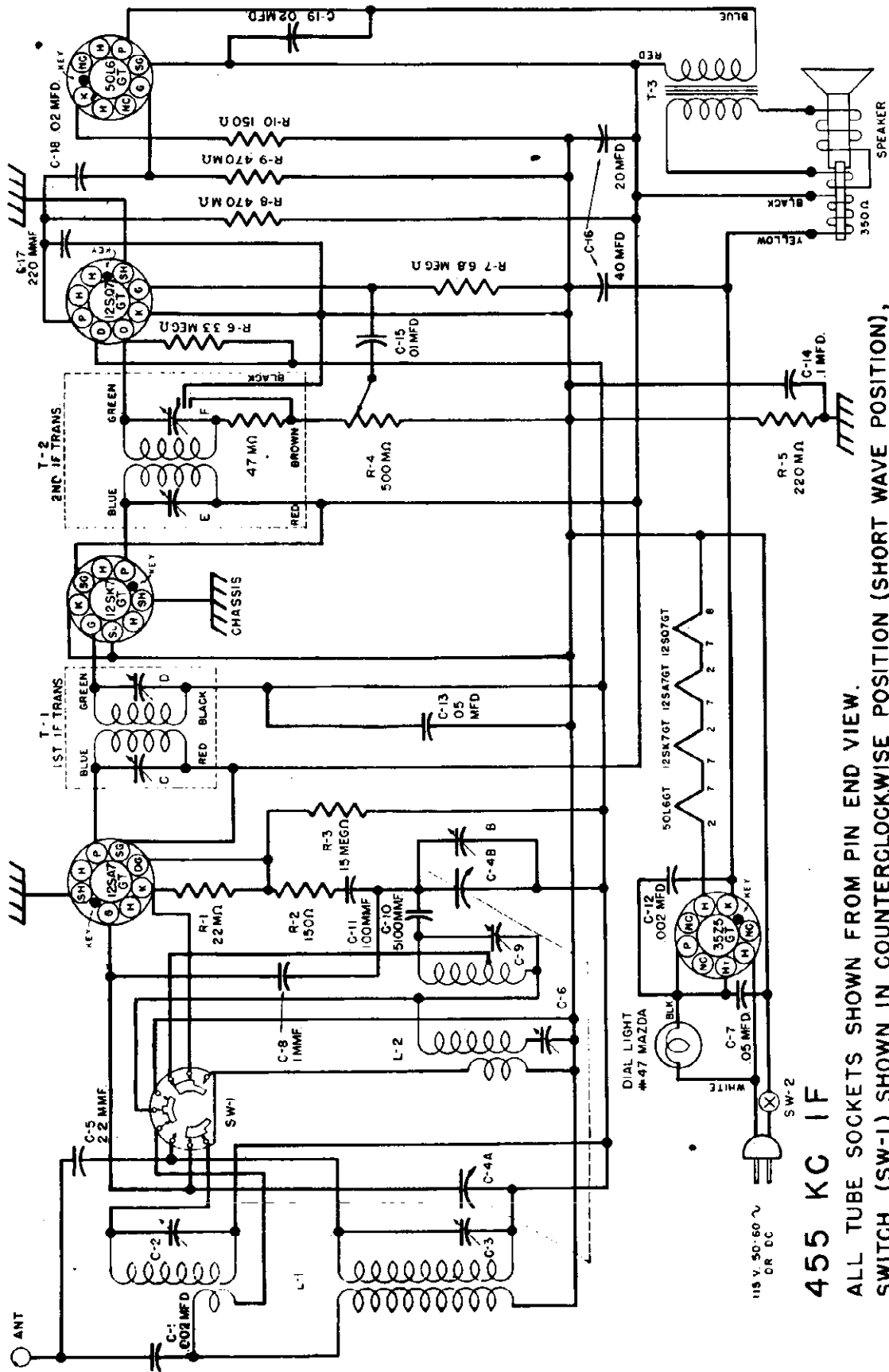


TUBE AND TRIMMER LOCATION
10-125 VOLTS 60 CYCLE AC OR DC



MODEL T-2625

SPIEGEL



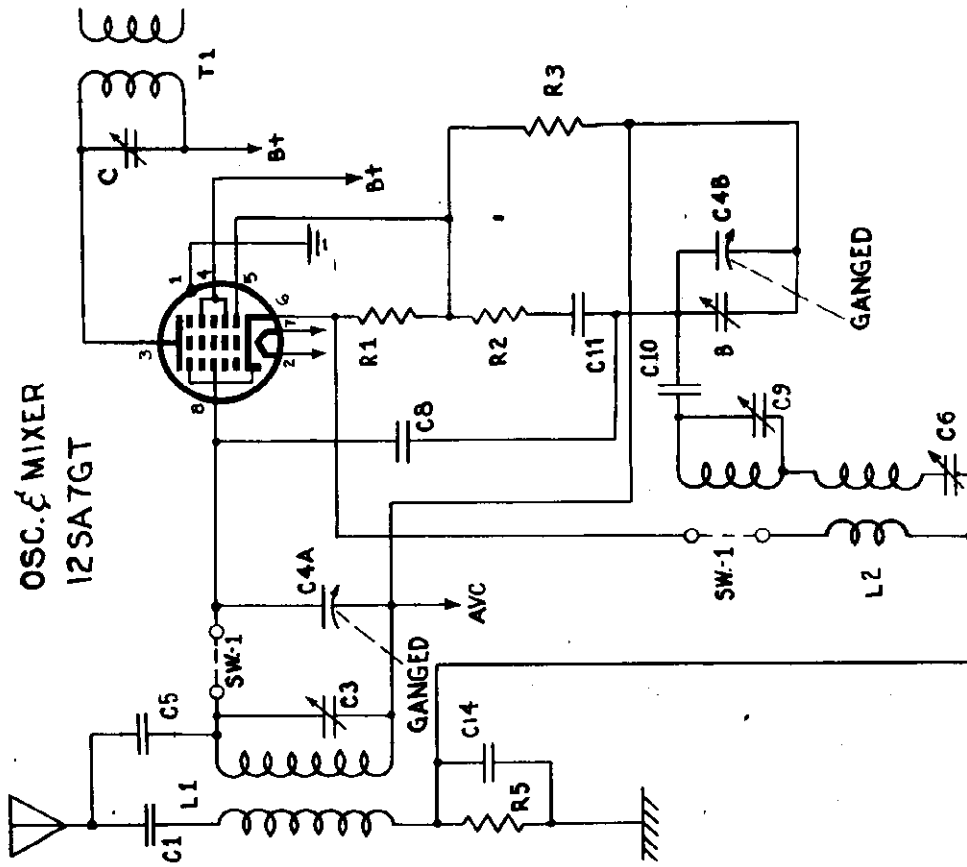
455 KC IF

ALL TUBE SOCKETS SHOWN FROM PIN END VIEW.

SWITCH (SW-1) SHOWN IN COUNTERCLOCKWISE POSITION (SHORT WAVE POSITION),
SHAFT END VIEW.

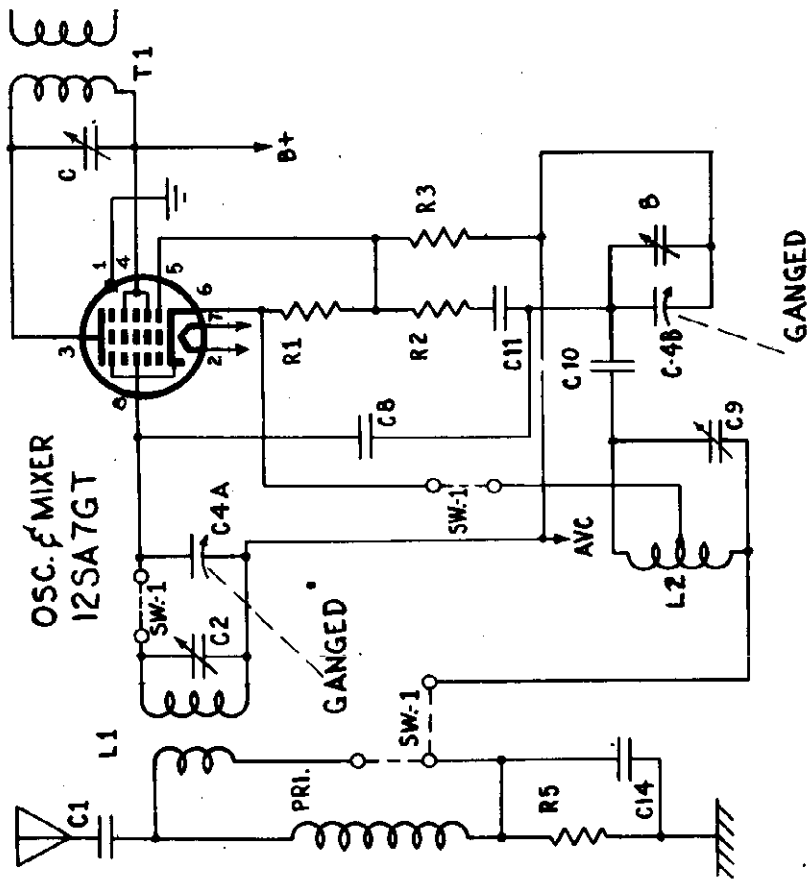
"clarified schematics"

SPIEGEL



OSC. & MIXER
12SA7GT

BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
AT 2ND POSITION CLOCKWISE
BROADCAST BAND
540 - 1600 KC



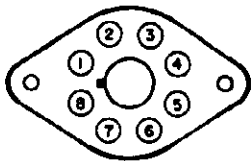
OSC. & MIXER
12SA7GT

BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
AT 1ST POSITION.
SHORT WAVE BAND
6-18 MC

MODEL 568

SPIEGEL SOCKET VOLTAGES

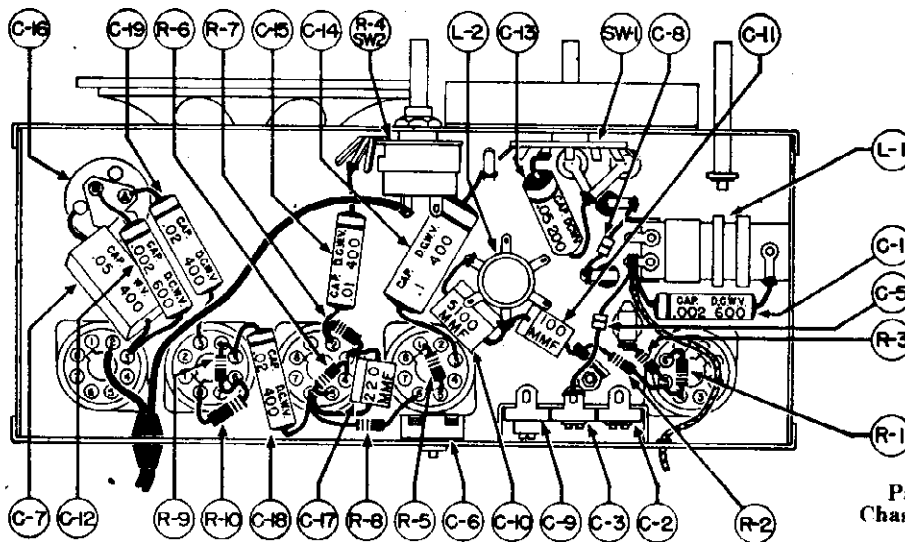
TUBE	POSITION	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
12SA7GT	Oscillator and Mixer	0	37.5 AC	99	99	-4.2	0	24.5 AC	0
12SK7GT	IF Amplifier	0	24.5 AC	0	0	0	99	12.5 AC	99
12SQ7GT	2nd Det.—1st Audio	0	0	0	0	0	16	12.5 AC	0
50L6GT	Power Output	0	85 AC	91.5	99	0	0	37.5 AC	5.9
35Z5GT	Rectifier	0	117 AC	112 AC	0	112 AC	0	85 AC	112



NOTE: All DC voltages measured with a 1000 ohm-per-volt meter from ON-OFF switch (—B) to socket contact indicated. All voltages are positive DC unless otherwise marked.

Volume control full on. No signal.

Line Voltage 117 volts AC.



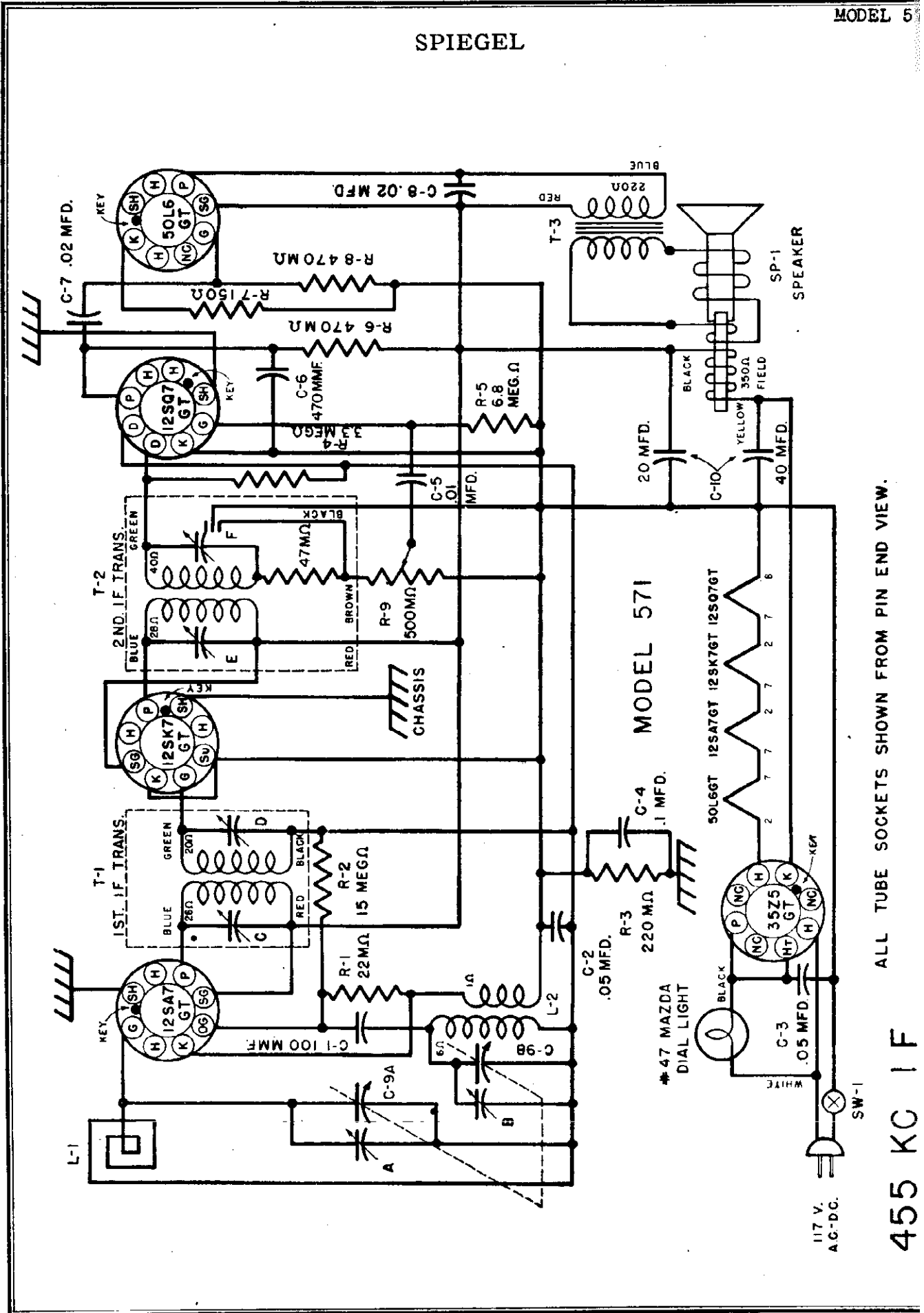
**Parts Layout
Chassis Model 568**

SERVICE PARTS LIST

Symbol	Part No.	Description	Symbol	Part No.	Description
C-7	BC81B503	Cap., Molded Paper, .05 mfd.	C-16	A-8948	Cap., Electrolytic, 40-20 mfd.
C-13	BD210503	Cap., Paper, .05 mfd., 200 v.	R-4	R-9051-5	Control, Vol & Sw. 500,000 ohm
C-15	BD410103	Cap., Paper, .01 mfd., 400 v.	T-1	B-51010-1	Transformer Assembly, 1st IF
C-14	BD410104	Cap., Paper, .1 mfd., 400 v.	T-2	B-51011-1	Transformer Assembly, 2nd IF
C-18, 19	BD410203	Cap., Paper, .02 mfd., 400 v.	C-51014		Speaker, 5-inch Dynamic
C-1, 12	BD610202	Cap., Paper, .002 mfd., 600 v.	A-51160-1		Cord, Power, 6 ft.
C-10	BM58D512	Cap., Mica, 5100 mmf.	A-51163		Clip, Spring
C-11	BM78A101	Cap., Mica, 100 mmf.	C-6	B-51428-5	Capacitor, Padder
C-17	BM78A221	Cap., Mica, 220 mmf.	B-51591		Spring, Dial Bracket
R-10	BR16C151	Resistor, 150 ohm, 1/2 w.	SW-1	B-51764-1	Switch, Band
R-2	BR17B151	Resistor, 150 ohm, 1/2 w.	A-51787		Spring, Cable, Music Wire
R-3	BR17B156	Resistor, 15 meg., 1/2 w.	B-51828		Coil Assembly, BC & SW Ant.
R-1	BR17B223	Resistor, 22,000 ohm, 1/2 w.	C-2, 3, 9	A-51834	Capacitor, Trimmer, 3-section
R-5	BR17B224	Resistor, 220,000 ohm, 1/2 w.	L-2	B-51836	Coil Assembly, Osc.
R-6	BR17B335	Resistor, 3.3 meg., 1/2 w.	C-4	C-51837-1	Capacitor, Variable
R-8, 9	BR17B474	Resistor, 470,000 ohm, 1/2 w.	C-8	B-51839-2	Capacitor, 1 mmf.
R-7	BR17B685	Resistor, 6.8 meg., 1/2 w.	C-5	B-51839-4	Capacitor, 2.2 mmf.
	A-2163	Cable, Drive		A-51869	Antenna Reel Assembly
	A-6158	Lamp, Pilot, No. 47, Mazda, 6.3 v.			

Order parts not listed by specifying (1) Part Name and (2) Model Number (include number following dash)

SPIEGEL



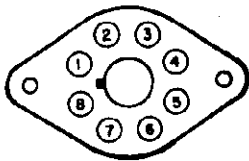
ALL TUBE SOCKETS SHOWN FROM PIN END VIEW.

455 KC 1 F

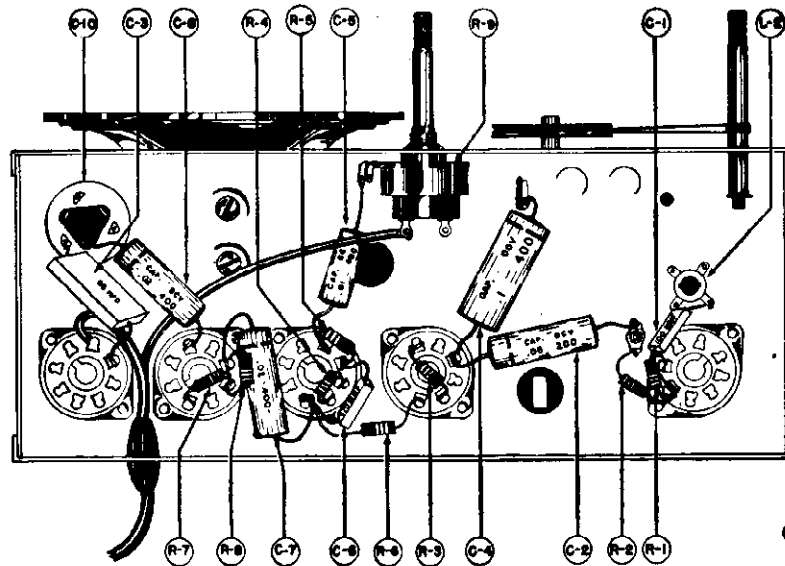
SPIEGEL

SOCKET VOLTAGES

TUBE	POSITION	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
12SA7GT	Osc. and Mixer	0	37.5 AC	99	99	-4.2	0	24.5 AC	
12SK7GT	IF Amplifier	0	24.5 AC	0	0	0	99	12.5 AC	9
12SQ7GT	2nd Det.—1st Audio	0	0	0	0	0	16	12.5 AC	
50L6GT	Power Output	0	85 AC	91.5	99	0	0	37.5 AC	5.
35Z5GT	Rectifier	0	117 AC	112 AC	0	112 AC	0	85 AC	11



NOTE: All DC voltages measured with a 1000 ohm per volt meter from ON-OFF switch (-B) to socket contact indicated. All AC voltages are measured from ON-OFF switch (-B) to socket contact indicated. All voltages are positive DC unless otherwise marked. Volume control full on. Line voltage 117 volts AC.



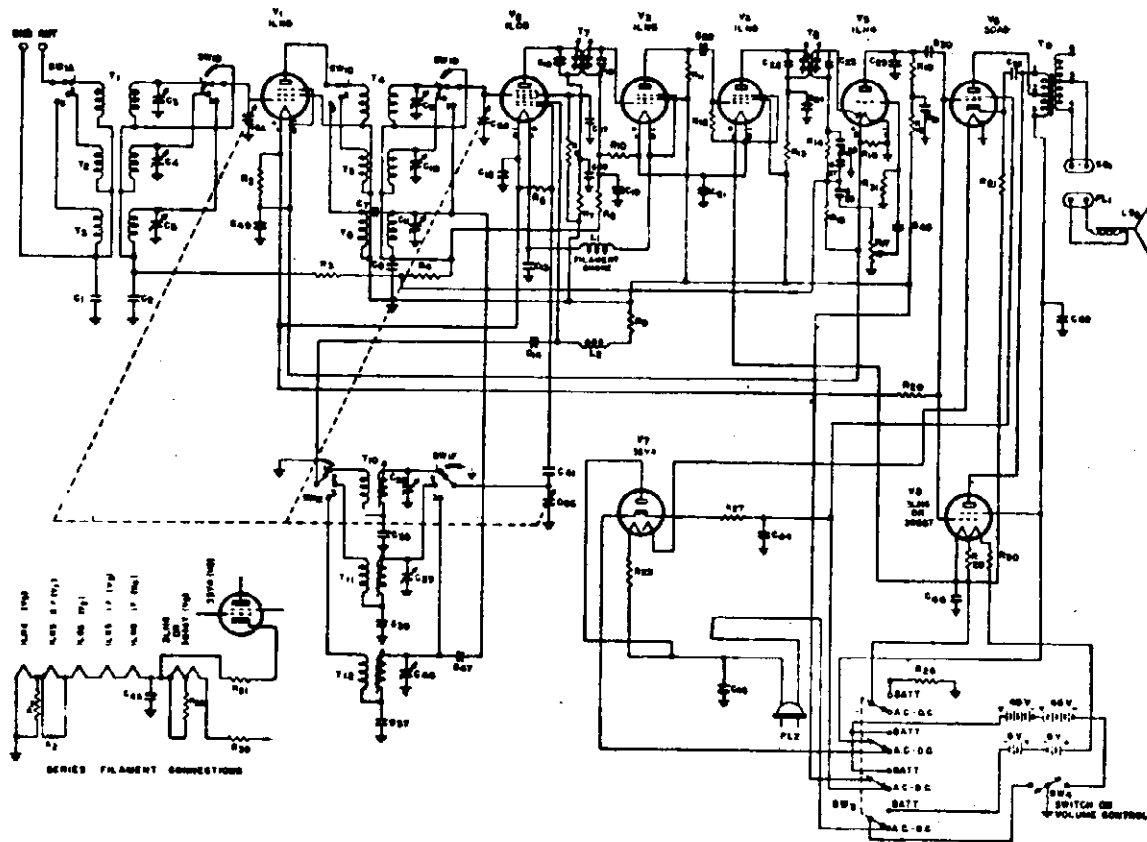
Parts Layout Chassis Model 571

SERVICE PARTS LIST

Symbol	Part No.	Description	Symbol	Part No.	Description
C-1	BM78A101	Cap., Mica, 100 mmf.	R-7	BR16C151	Resistor, 150 ohm. 1/2 w.
C-2	BD210503	Cap., Paper, .05 mfd., 200 v.	R-9	B-9051-1	Control, Vol. & Sw. 500M ohm
C-3	BC31B503	Cap., Mold., Paper, .05 mfd.	T-1	B-51010-1	Trans., Assembly, 1st IF
C-4	BD410104	Cap., Paper, .1 mfd., 400 v.	T-2	B-51011-1	Trans., Assembly, 2nd IF
C-5	BD410103	Cap., Paper, .01 mfd., 400 v.	SP-1	C-51014	Speaker, 5" Dynamic, 350 ohm
C-6	BM78A471	Cap., Mica, 470 mmf.	A-2163	A-2163	Cable, Drive
C-7, 8	BD410203	Cap., Paper, .02 mfd., 400 v.	A-6158	A-6158	Lamp, Pilot No. 47 Mazda 6.3
C-9	C-51155-1	Cap., Variable, 2 Section	A-51160-1	A-51160-1	Cord, AC-DC Line, 6 ft.
C-10	A-8948	Cap., Electro., 40-20 mfd., 150 v.	B-51162-1	B-51162-1	Shaft, Drive
L-2	B-51159	Coil, Osc. Assembly	A-51163	A-51163	Clip, Spring
R-1	BR17B223	Resistor, 22M ohm 1/3 w.	B-51177	B-51177	Brkt. Assy., Dial (571A-571B)
R-2	BR17B156	Resistor, 15 meg. 1/3 w.	A-51202	A-51202	Link, Insulating
R-3	BR17B224	Resistor, 220M ohm 1/3 w.	A-51206	A-51206	Arm, Dial Drive
R-4	BR17B335	Resistor, 3.3 meg. 1/3 w.	B-51330-1	B-51330-1	Channel, Rubber (571 only)
R-5	BR17B685	Resistor, 6.8 meg. 1/3 w.	A-51331	A-51331	Spring, Dial Bracket
R-6, 8	BR17B474	Resistor, 470M ohm 1/3 w.	C-51335	C-51335	Bracket, Dial (571 only)
			A-51787	A-51787	Spring, Cable

Order parts not listed by specifying (1) Part Name and (2) Model Number (include number following dash)

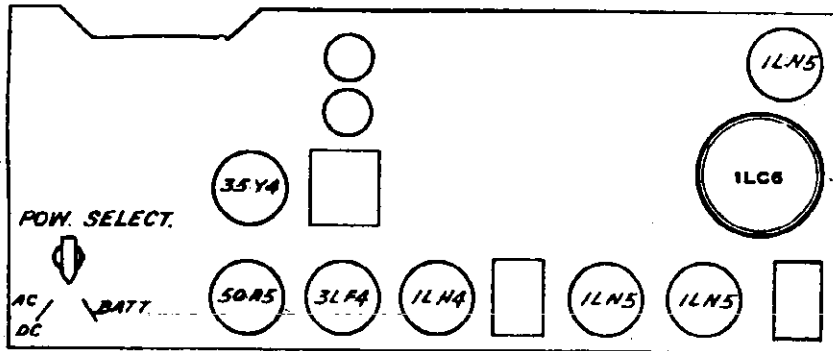
SPIEGEL



Batteries:

Two six (6) volt "A" batteries and two forty five (45) volt batteries are required for self-contained operation. These batteries are located under the chassis and may be inserted or replaced by removing the machine screw on either side of the cabinet holding the battery plate in place. The "A" batteries will provide approximately 30 hours of normal operation allowing the batteries to recuperate after several hours use. The "B" batteries will normally outlast two sets of "A" batteries. Batteries should be removed if radio set is to be stored for more than sixty (60) days.

Tube Location:



Batteries:

Suitable batteries for use with this Receiver are:
 "A" Batteries: 6 Volt; Length, 3¹⁵/₁₆"; Width, 2³/₄"; Height, 5¹/₂";
 such as: Ever-Ready #718 or equivalent.
 "B" Batteries: 45 Volt; Length, 4³/₁₆"; Width, 2¹⁹/₃₂"; Height, 5⁹/₈";
 such as: Ever-Ready #762-S, Burgess #5308, or equivalent.

MODEL 581

SPIEGEL

Location of Parts:

- C1—006 mfd., ±20%, 600v., paper
- C2—01 mfd., +20—10%, 200v., paper
- C3—Ceramic trimmer (7-35-mm.f.)
- C4—Ceramic trimmer (35-55-mm.f.)
- C5—Ceramic trimmer (35-55-mm.f.)
- C6A—Variable 3 gang
- C6B—Variable 3 gang
- C6C—Variable 3 gang
- C7—15 mmf., 20%, 500v., ceramic
- C8—.05 mfd., +20—10%, 200v., paper
- C9—Ceramic trimmer (7-35-mm.f.)
- C10—Ceramic trimmer (7-35-mm.f.)
- C11—Ceramic trimmer (35-55 mm.f.)
- C12—.1 mfd., +40—10%, 400v., paper
- C13—.1 mfd., +40—10%, 400v., paper
- C14—.0022 mfd., 10%, 500v., mica
- C15—150 mmf., 5%, 500v., mica
- C16—82 mmf., 5%, 500v., mica
- C17—.02 mfd., +40—10%, 200v., paper
- C18—.05 mfd., ±20%, 500v., paper
- C19—.02 mfd., +40—10%, 200v., paper
- C20—220 mmf., 20%, 500v., mica
- C21—.1 mfd., +40—10%, 400v., paper
- C22—.51 mmf., 5%, 500v., mica
- C23—82 mmf., 5%, 500v., mica
- C24—.05 mfd., +40—10%, 600v., paper
- C26—100 mmf., 20%, 500v., mica
- C27—100 mmf., 20%, 500v., mica
- C28—.006 mfd., ±20%, 600v., paper
- C29—100 mmf., 20%, 400v., mica
- C30—.006 mfd., ±20%, 600v., paper
- C31—.1 mfd., +40—10%, 400v., paper
- C33—.01 mfd., +40—10%, 600v., paper
- C35—430 mmf., 2%, 500v., mica
- C36—2,200 mmf., 5%, 500v., mica
- C37—4,300 mmf., 5%, 500v., mica
- C38—Ceramic trimmer (7-35-mm.f.)
- C39—Ceramic trimmer (7-35-mm.f.)
- C40—Ceramic trimmer (7-35-mm.f.)
- C41—100 mmf., 20%, 500v., mica
- C42 & C44—40 mfd., 230v. (dual electrolytic)
- C45—.05 mfd., ±20%, 600v., paper
- C46—1000 mfd., 15w. (electrolytic)
- C47—2 mmf., ±15%, 500v., bakelite
- C48—.006 mfd., ±20%, 600v., paper
- C49—.1 mfd., +40—10%, 400v., paper

- R2—270 ohms, 10%, 1/4w.
- R3—3.3 megohms, 10%, 1/4w.
- R4—3.9 megohms, 10%, 1/4w.
- R5—220,000 ohms, 20%, 1/4w.
- R6—68,000 ohms, 10%, 1/4w.
- R7—1,000 ohms, 20%, 1/4w.
- R8—3.3 megohms, 10%, 1/4w.
- R9—22,000 ohms, 10%, 1/4w.
- R10—3.3 megohms, 10%, 1/4w.
- R11—22,000 ohms, 10%, 1/4w.
- R12—470,000 ohms, 20%, 1/4w.
- R13—1,000 ohms, 20%, 1/4w.
- R14—47,000 ohms, 20%, 1/4w.
- R15—470,000 ohms, 20%, 1/4w.
- R16—330 ohms, 10%, 1/4w.
- R17—1 megohm, 20%—volume control
- R18—470,000 ohms, 20%, 1/4w.
- R19—100,000 ohms, 20%, 1/4w.
- R20—470,000 ohms, 10%, 1/4w.
- R21—50 ohms, 5%, 1/2w.
- R22—220 ohms, 5%, 30w.
- R27—500 ohms, 10%, 1w.
- R28—820 ohms, 10%, 1/4w.
- R29—330 ohms, 10%, 1/4w.
- R30—27 ohms, 10%, 1/4w.
- R31—12 megohms, 10%, 1/4w.
- SO1—Receptacle speaker
- SW1A & B—C & D—Switch wafers
- SW1E & F—Switch wafers
- SW3—Switch AC/DC battery
- SW4—Switch D.P.S.T.
- T1—Transformer, band 1 Ant.
- T2—Transformer, band 2 Ant.
- T3—Transformer, band 3 Ant.
- T4—Transformer, band 1 R.F.
- T5—Transformer, band 2 R.F.
- T6—Transformer, band 3 R.F.
- T7—Transformer, 1st I.F.
- T8—Transformer, 2nd I.F.
- T9—Transformer, speaker output
- T10—Transformer, band 1 osc.
- T11—Transformer, band 2 osc.
- T12—Transformer, band 3 osc.
- V1, 3 & 4—R.F., 1st & 2nd I.F.
- V2—Converter
- V5—2nd Detector—1st audio
- V6—Output (power line)
- V7—Rectifier
- V8—Output (batt.) 3LH4 or 3Q5GT
- L1—Choke coil, line filter
- L2—Choke, R.F.
- LS3—Speaker, 6" P. M. dynamic
- PL1—Plug, speaker
- PL2—Plug, line cord

Operate on:

- (a) 105-125 Volts A.C., 60 cycle.
- (b) 105-125 Volts D.C.
- (c) Self contained batteries.

The instrument provides for commercial broadcast and short wave reception in the following frequency ranges:

- (a) .54-1.7 M.C.
- (b) 3.5-8.5 M.C.
- (c) 8.5-19.5 M.C.

Electric Operation:

Set the power selector switch mounted on the rear left hand side of the chassis to "A.C.-D.C." for electric operation.

Battery Operation:

For battery operation, the power selector switch is set to the position marked "Batt". This switch is easily accessible through a door in the rear of the cabinet.

Unwind the hank antenna, connect to Antenna Binding Post and extend to full length along floor or window ledge.

Rotate control marked "ON-OFF-VOLUME in a clockwise position. This control turns the set on and permits the operator to adjust the output to the desired volume.

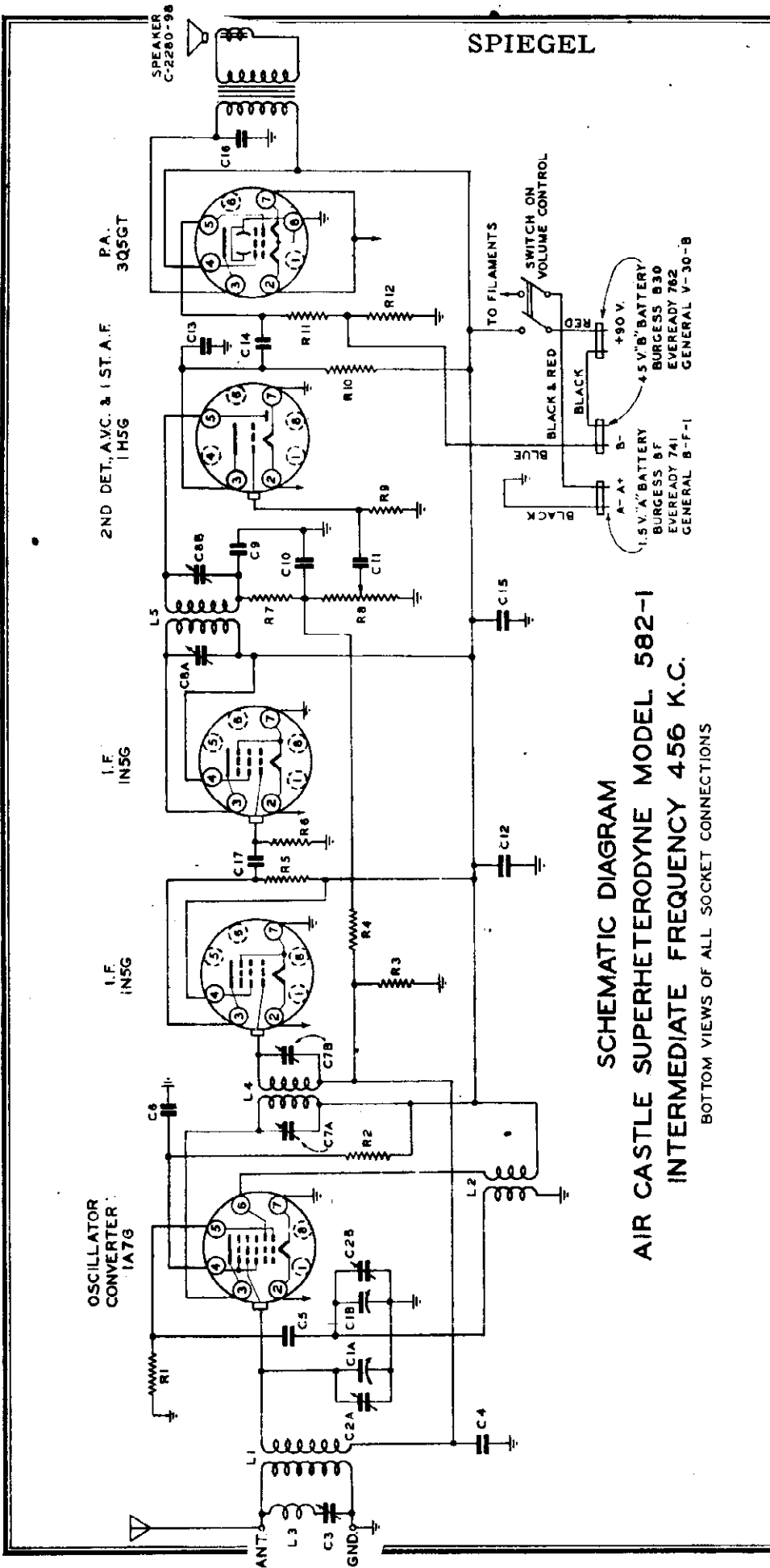
Select the desired frequency range by means of the control marked "Band Switch". Tuning is accomplished by rotating the control marked "Station Selector".

In locations where weak signals prevail, reception may be improved by connecting an additional outside antenna to the binding post marked "Ant". Where a ground is used, it must be connected to the binding post marked "Gnd" and NOT to the chassis directly.

Failure of the Radio Receiver to operate may be due to:

1. Incorrect setting of power selector switch.
2. Weak batteries or no current at power outlet.
3. With D.C. power — reverse position of power plug in power outlet.
4. Tubes not firmly locked in socket.
5. Defective tubes.
6. Weak reception in particular location (use longer aerial).

SPIEGEL



SCHMATIC DIAGRAM
 AIR CASTLE SUPERHETERODYNE MODEL 582-1
 INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY 456 K.C.

BOTTOM VIEWS OF ALL SOCKET CONNECTIONS

C1A&B	VARIABLE CONDENSER	B-6204-1	R1	183,000 Ω	.25W.	C-2795-388B	L1	B.C. ANT. COIL	A-14974-8
C2A&B	TRIMMERS ON VAR. COND.	A-14088-2	R2	68,000 Ω	.25W.	C-2795-84B	L2	B.C. OSC. COIL	A-15232-8
C3	I.F. REJECTOR TRIMMER	C-3202-140C	R3	2.2 MEGOHMS	.25W.	C-2795-102B	L3	I.F. REJECTOR COIL	A-14718-1
C4	.05 MFD. 200 V	C-720-325	R4	3.3 MEGOHMS	.25W.	C-2795-104B	L4	NO. 1 I.F. COIL	A-12084-40
C5	100 MWF MICA	C-3202-25C	R5	22,000 Ω	.25W.	C-2795-191B	L5	NO. 2 I.F. COIL	A-12084-40
C6	.05 MFD. 200 V	B-7200-GG	R6	3.3 MEGOHMS	.25W.	C-2795-104B			
C7A&B	NO. 1 I.F. TRIMMER	B-7200-GG	R7	58,000 Ω	.25W.	C-2795-83B			
C8	100 MWF	A-15897-1	R8	500,000 Ω	.25W.	C-15132-2			
C9	100 MWF	C-3202-132C	R9	10 MEGOHM	.25W.	C-2795-110B			
C10	.01 MFD. 200 V	C-3202-140C	R10	1 MEGOHM	.25W.	C-2795-98B			
C11	.01 MFD. 200 V	C-720-325	R11	2.2 MEGOHMS	.25W.	C-2795-102B			
C12	.05 MFD. 200 V	C-3204-132C	R12	470 Ω	.25W.	C-2795-151B			
C13	100 MWF MICA	A-14956							
C14	.01 MFD. 400 V	C-3210-114C							
C15	8 MFD. 150 V. ELECT.	A-14956							
C16	.001 MFD. 1000 V.	C-3210-114C							
C17	250 MWF MICA	C-720-324							

MODEL 582-1

SPIEGEL

Superheterodyne Model 582-1

VOLTAGE CHART

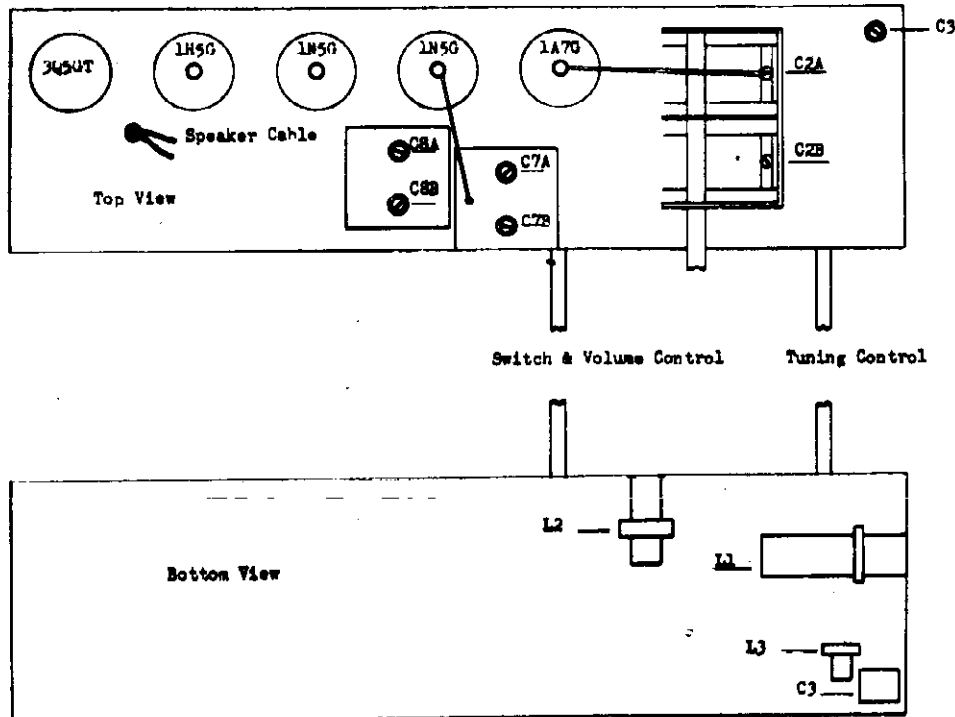
"A" Battery Voltage 1 1/2 Volts		Position of Volume Control: Full with antenna disconnected							
"B" Battery Voltage 90 Volts									
TUBE	FUNCTION	Voltage of Socket Prongs to Gnd. See Nos. on Schematic Diagram							
		No. 1	No. 2	No. 3	No. 4	No. 5	No. 6	No. 7	No. 8
1A7G	Osc - Converter	0	1.5	83	42	-5	82	0	0
1N5G	I-F Amplifier	0	1.5	62	82	0	0	0	0
1N5G	I-F Amplifier	0	1.5	82	82	0	0	0	0
1H5G	Det - AVC - AF	0	1.5	57	82	0	0	0	0
305GT	Power Amplifier	0	1.5	82	83	-4	-6	1.5	0

Notes: Voltage readings are for schematic diagram on back of sheet. Allow 15% + or - on all measurements. Always use meter scale which will give greatest deflection within scale limits. All DC measurements made with 20,000 ohms per volt voltmeter.

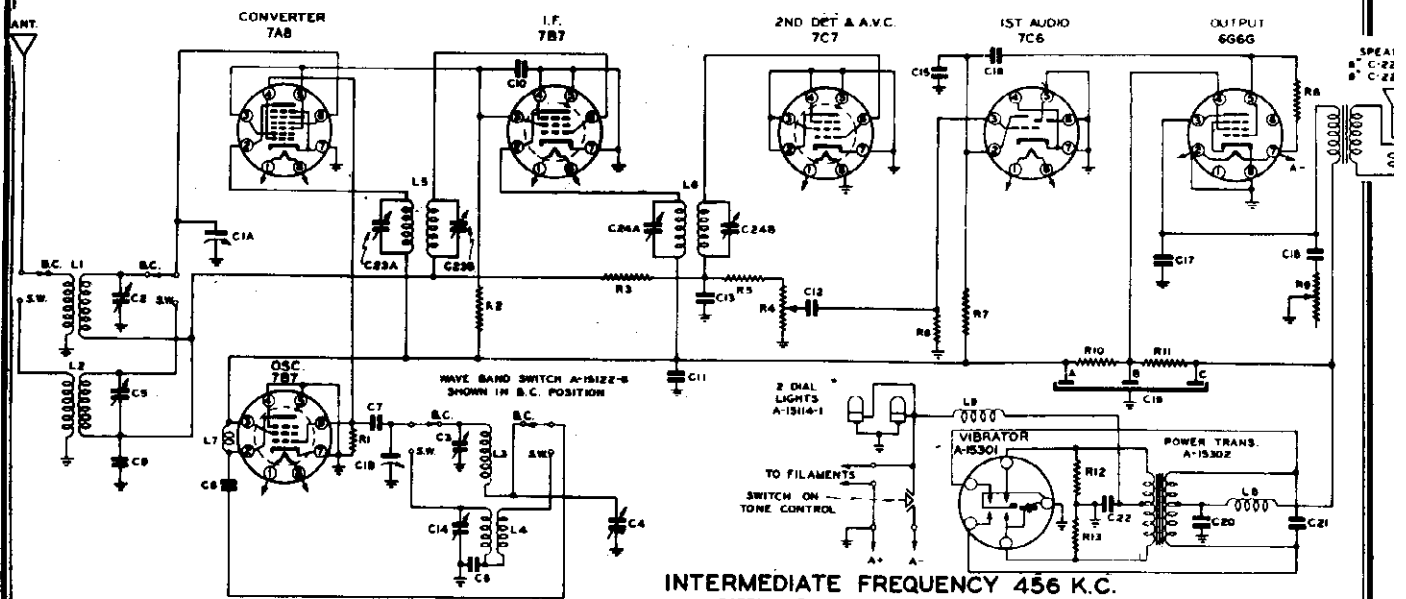
ALIGNMENT CHART

OPERATION	ALIGNMENT OF	GENERATOR CONNECTED TO	DUMMY ANTENNA	GENERATOR FREQUENCY	TUNING COND. SETTING	TRIMMER	REMARKS
1							Set dial pointer even with last calibration mark when condenser gang is fully meshed.
2	I.F.	1A7G Grid.	.1 mf. Cond.	456 KC	Open	C8 A&B C7 A&B	Peak accurately Peak accurately
3	I.F. Rej.	Ant.	200 mf.	456 KC	Closed	C3	Adjust to minimum
4	Broad cast	Ant.	200 mf.	1500 KC	1500 KC	C2B Osc. Trim C2A Ant. "	Peak accurately Peak accurately
5	Repeat operation 4.						
6	Check operations 1 to 4 inclusive.						

CHASSIS DIAGRAM



SPIEGEL



INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY 456 K.C.

BOTTOM VIEWS OF ALL SOCKET CONNECTIONS

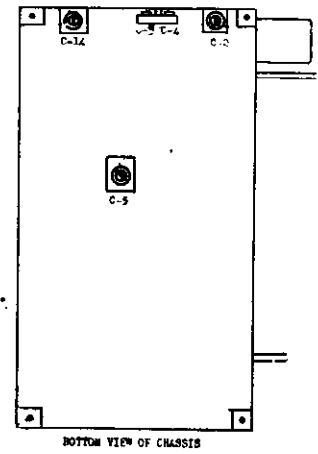
- | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|------------|---------------------------------------|-------------|----------------------------------|------------|----------------------|------------|
| C1A8 VARIABLE CONDENSER | 6-7229 | C13 250 MMF. MICA | C-720-324 | R1 56,000 Ω .25W | C-2795-638 | L1 B.L. ANT. COIL | A-15349-1 |
| C2 B.C. ANT. TRIMMER | A-14088-B | C14 5W OSC. TRIMMER | A-14088-B | R2 18,000 Ω .5W | C-2796-77C | L2 5W ANT. COIL | A-14682-5 |
| C3 B.C. OSC. TRIMMER | B-7189-EY | C15 250 MMF. MICA | C-720-324 | R3 1 MEGOHM .25W | C-2795-98B | L3 B.C. OSC. COIL | A-15352-1 |
| C4 B.C. OSC. PADDER | A-15481 | C16 .01 MFD. 400V | C-3202-29C | R4 500,000 Ω VOLUME CONT. | A-15130-3 | L4 5W OSC. COIL | A-15233-5 |
| C5 3W ANT. TRIMMER | A-14088-B | C17 .01 MFD. 400V | C-3204-38C | R5 27,000 Ω .25W | C-2798-25B | L5 NO. 1 I.F. COIL | A-13044-29 |
| C6 2700 MMF. MICA | A-15481 | C18 .02 MFD. 400V | C-3204-78C | R6 4.7 MEGOHM .25W | C-2795-35B | L6 NO. 2 I.F. COIL | A-12064-17 |
| C7 50 MMF. MICA | C-720-315 | C19A, B, C 20-20-20 MFD. 150V. ELECT. | A-14884-B | R7 220,000 Ω .25W | C-2795-27B | L7 B+ PLATE CHOKE | A-14681-1 |
| C8 250 MMF. MICA | C-720-324 | C20 1000 MMF. MICA | C-720-287 | R8 1 MEGOHM .25W | C-2795-98B | L8 B+ BIAS CHOKE | A-14718-2 |
| C9 .05 MFD. 200V | C-3202-48C | C21 01 MFD. 400V | C-3206-132C | R9 TONE CONTROL 1 SWITCH | A-15128-2 | L9 A LEAD WASH CHOKE | A-14644 |
| C10 .1 MFD. 200V | C-3202-38C | C22 3 MFD. 120V | C-3203-46B | R10 330 Ω .5W | C-2796-10C | | |
| C11 .1 MFD. 200V | C-3202-38C | C23 NO. 1 I.F. TRIMMER | B-7200-GH | R11 68 Ω .5W | C-2796-9C | | |
| C12 .02 MFD. 200V | C-3202-22C | C24 NO. 2 I.F. TRIMMER | B-7200-GH | R12 68 Ω .5W | C-2796-9C | | |
| | | | | R13 68 Ω .5W | C-2796-9C | | |

VOLTAGE CHART

Condition of Storage Battery Good (6 Volts) Position of Volume Control: Full with Antenna Disconnected
Band Switch - Broadcast

Tube	Function	Voltage of Socket Prongs to Gnd. (See Nos. on Schematic Diagram)							
		No. 1	No. 2	No. 3	No. 4	No. 5	No. 6	No. 7	No. 8
7A8	Converter	6	110	45	-20	45	0	0	0
7B7	Oscillator	6	110	110	0	0	-20	0	0
7B7	I. F. AMP.	6	110	45	0	0	0	0	0
7C7	2 Det. AVC	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7C6	1st Aud. Amp.	6	45	0	0	0	0	0	0
666G	Power Amp.	0	0	110	115	0	0	6	0

Notes: Voltage readings are for schematic diagram on back of sheet. Allow 15% + or - on all measurements. Always use meter scale which will give greatest deflection within scale limits. All DC measurements made with 1000 ohms per volt voltmeter.

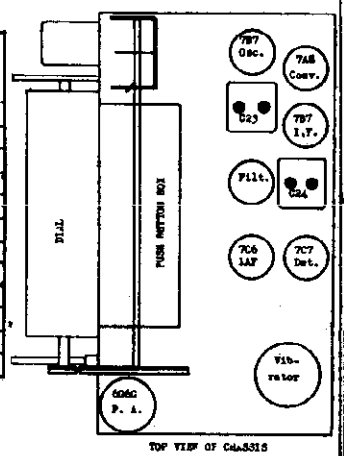


BOTTOM VIEW OF CHASSIS

ALIGNMENT CHART

OPERATION	ALIGNMENT OF	GENERATOR CONNECTED TO	DUMMY ANTENNA	GENERATOR FREQUENCY	BAND SWITCH SETTING	TUNING COND. SETTING	TRIMMER	REMARKS
1	(Set dial drum so that indicator points to last dial mark when gang is fully closed.)							
2	I.F.	Ant.	.1 mf.	456 KC	BC	Open	C24 A&B C23 A&B	2nd I-F 1st I-F
3	Broad-cast Band	Ant.	200 mf.	1500 KC	BC	1500 KC	C3 (Osc.)	Peak accurately
4				600 KC	BC	600 KC	C2 (Ant.) C4 (Pad.)	Peak accurately Peak accurately
5	(Repeat operation 3)							
6	(Check calibration and sensitivity at 600 KC, 900 KC and 1500 KC)							
7	SW Band	Ant.	*	18 MC.	SW	18 MC	C14 (Osc.) C5 (Ant.)	** **
8	(Check calibration and sensitivity at 6 MC and 18 MC)							
9	(Check operations 1 to 8 inclusive.)							

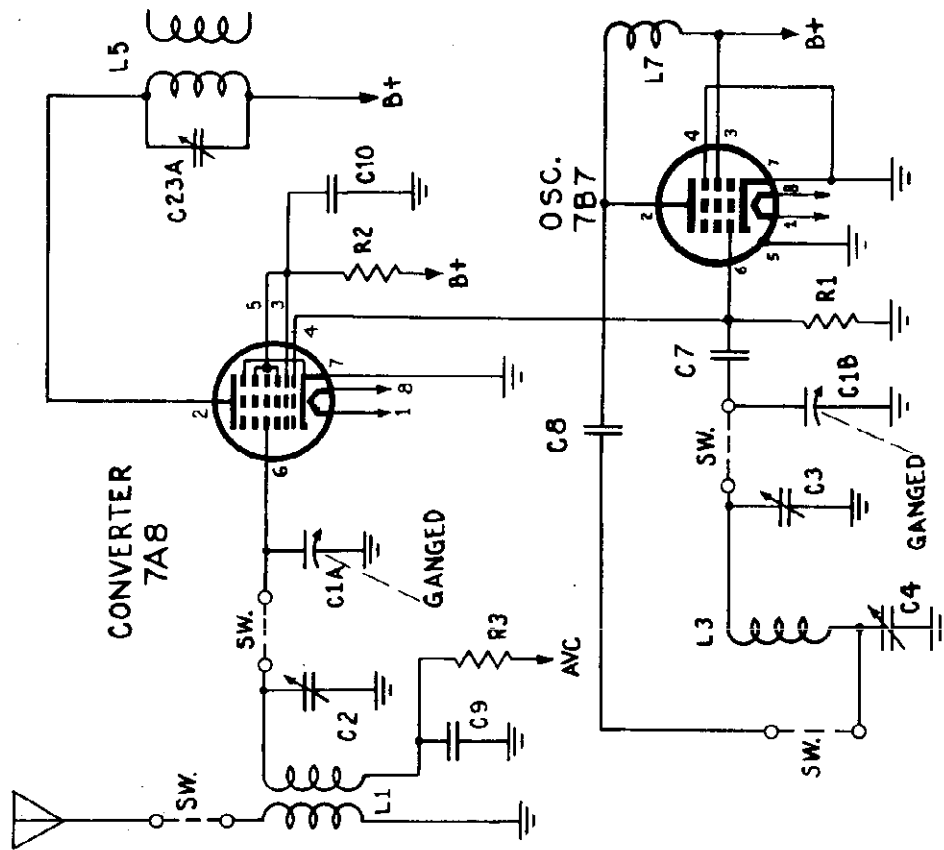
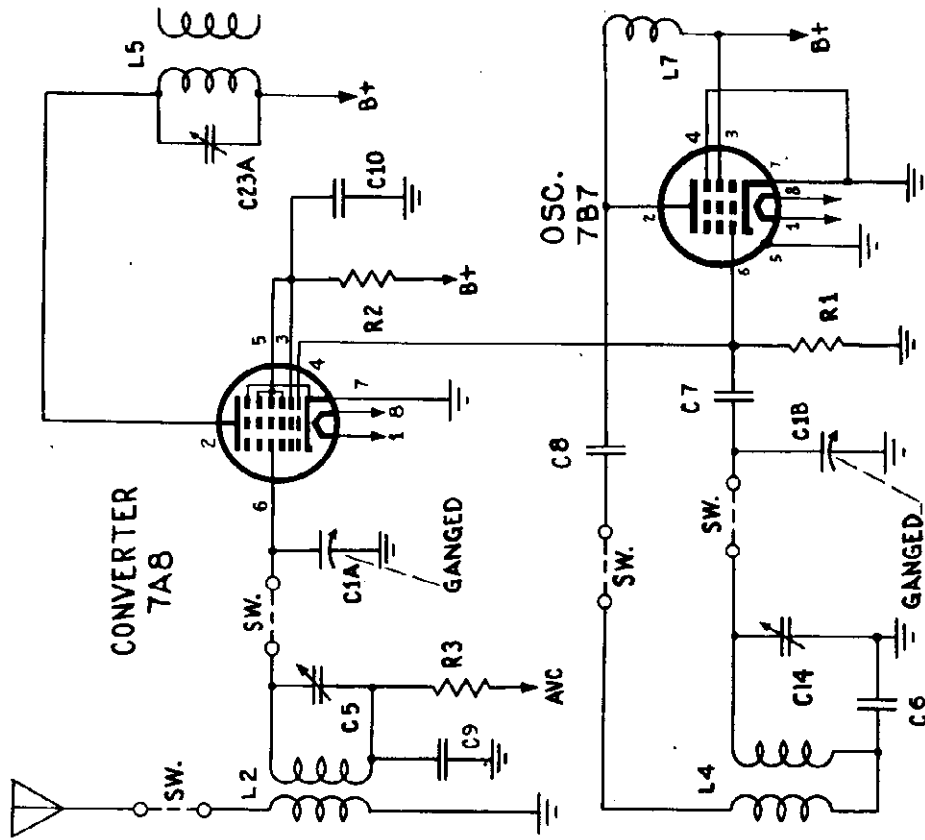
*100 ohms non-inductive resistor and 200 mf. condenser in series.
**Rock dial while making this adjustment. Make certain that adjustment is made on fundamental signal and not on image. Peak accurately.



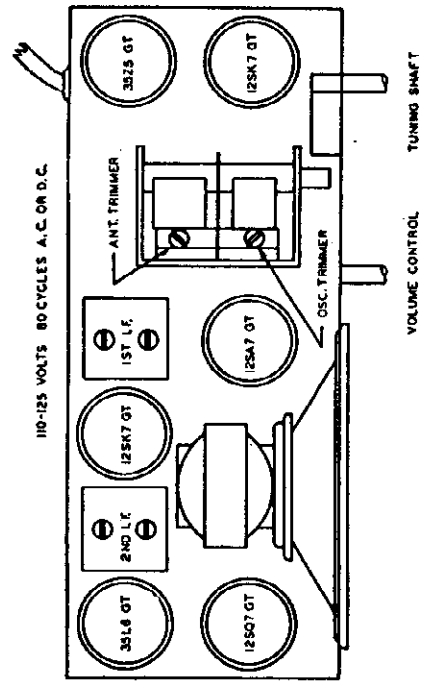
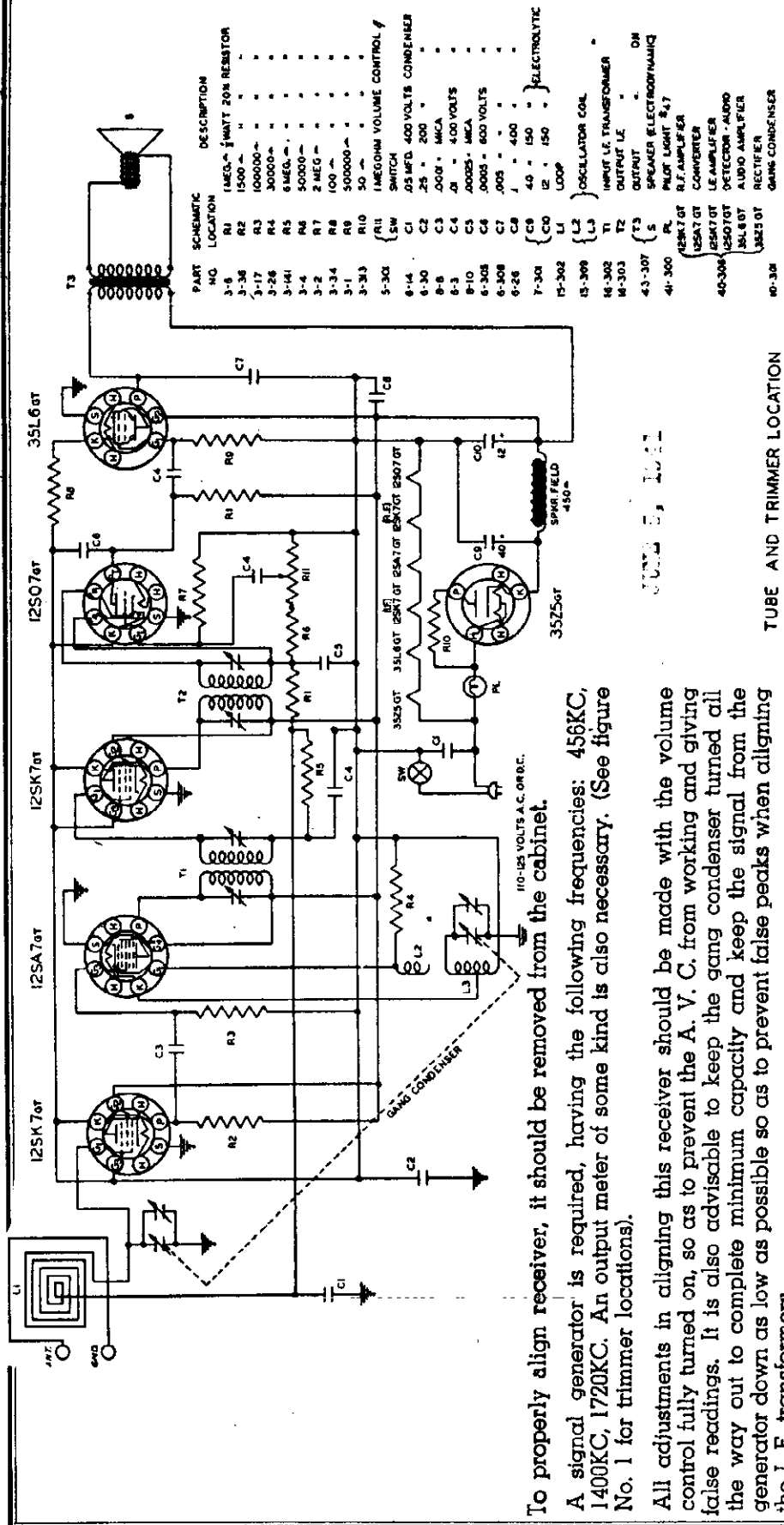
TOP VIEW OF CHASSIS

"clarified schematics"

SPIEGEL



SPIEGEL



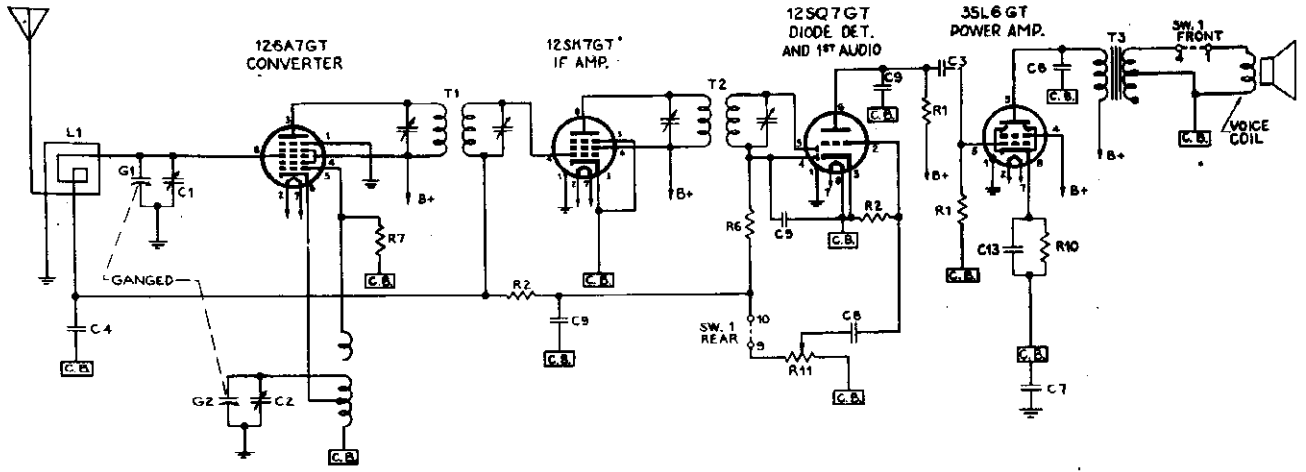
To properly align receiver, it should be removed from the cabinet. A signal generator is required, having the following frequencies: 456KC, 1400KC, 1720KC. An output meter of some kind is also necessary. (See figure No. 1 for trimmer locations).

All adjustments in aligning this receiver should be made with the volume control fully turned on, so as to prevent the A. V. C. from working and giving false readings. It is also advisable to keep the gang condenser turned all the way out to complete minimum capacity and keep the signal from the generator down as low as possible so as to prevent false peaks when aligning the I. F. transformers.

FIRST STEP: Connect the generator lead through a .1 condenser to the No. 8 pin at the 12SA7GT socket base (this is the control grid) and connect the generator ground lead to some point on the floating ground, above the .25 MFD floating ground condenser. Adjust the signal generator to 456KC and adjust the I. F. trimmer screws till a maximum reading is noted on the output meter which has been connected across the speaker leads. With the generator leads still connected to the 12SA7GT grid, adjust the generator frequency to 1720KC and adjust the oscillator trimmer till the signal is tuned in, with the gang condenser still at complete minimum.

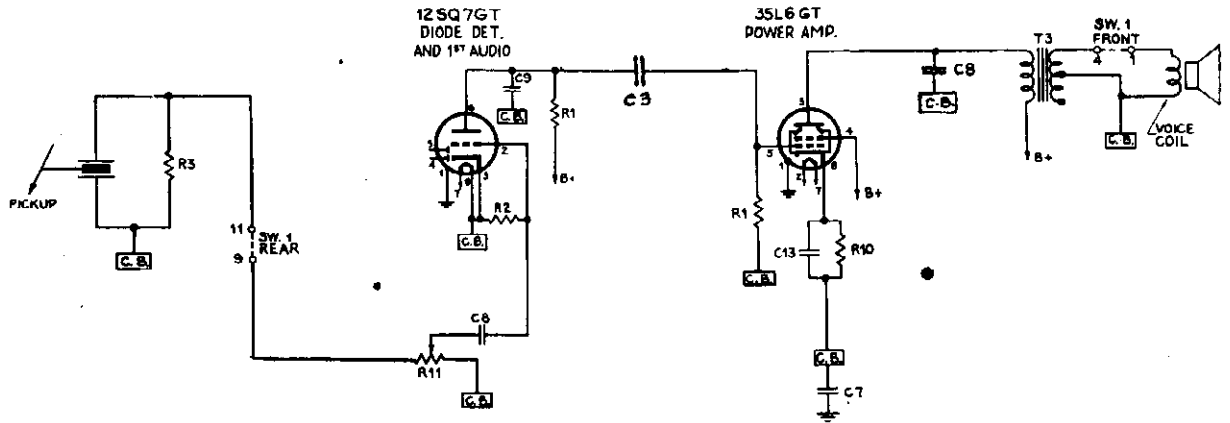
SECOND STEP: Disconnect the generator leads from the receiver and connect both to a transmitting loop which may be made with two turns of wire about six inches in diameter and placed about one foot from the receiver loop. Adjust the generator frequency to 1400KC and turn the tuning condenser till this signal is tuned in. Adjust the antenna trimmer on the gang till a maximum

SPIEGEL



SELECTOR SWITCH SHOWN AT 1ST POSITION. RADIO

- DENOTES COMMON BUS, FLOATING GROUND

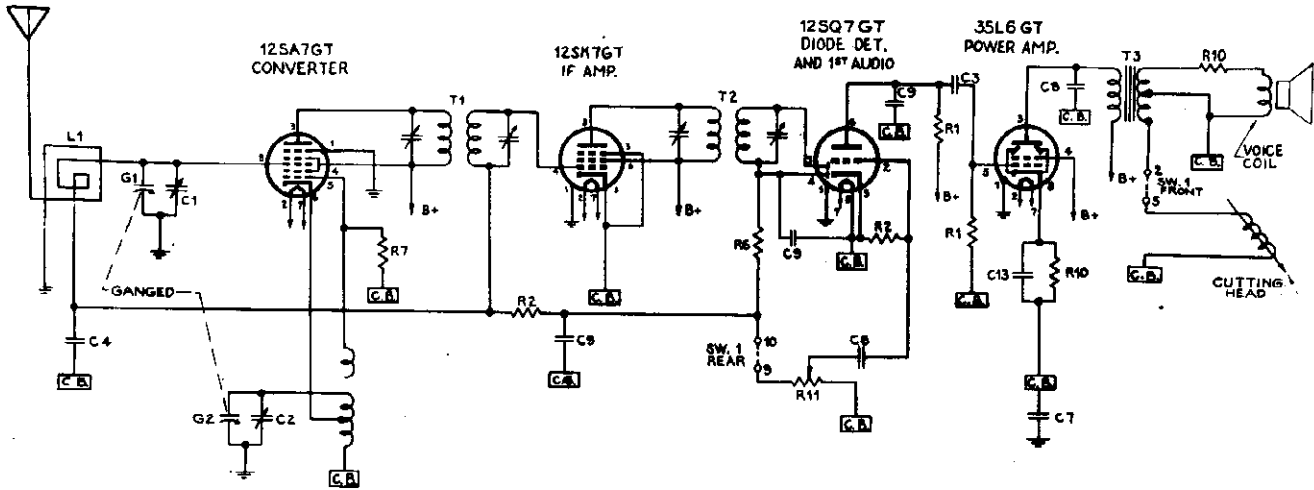


SELECTOR SWITCH SHOWN AT 2ND POSITION PHONO

- DENOTES COMMON BUS, FLOATING GROUND

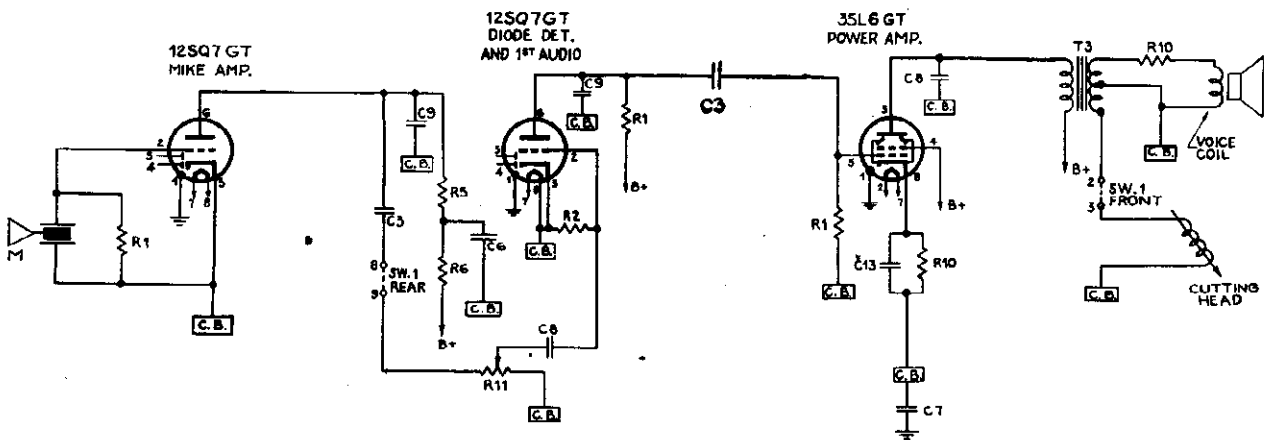
MODEL TR-640

SPIEGEL



SELECTOR SWITCH SHOWN
AT 3RD POSITION
RADIO RECORDING

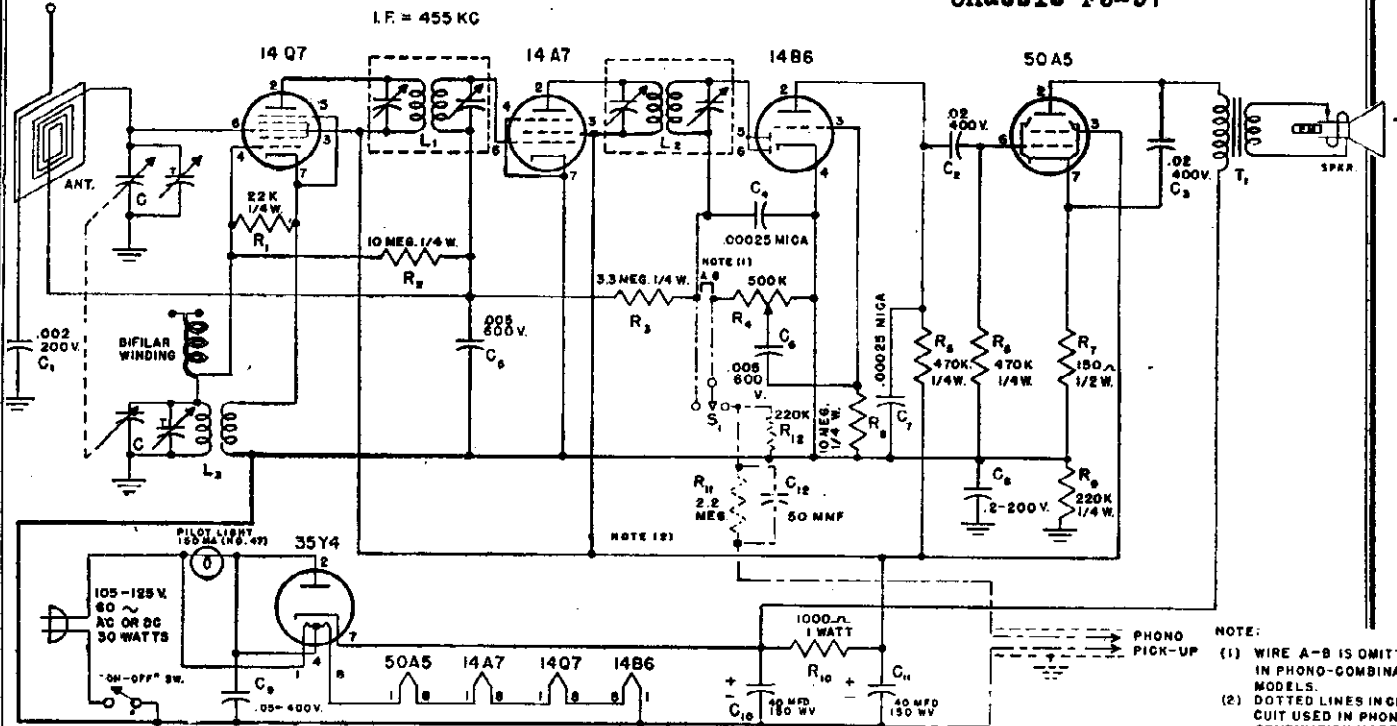
C.B. DENOTES COMMON
BUS, FLOATING
GROUND.



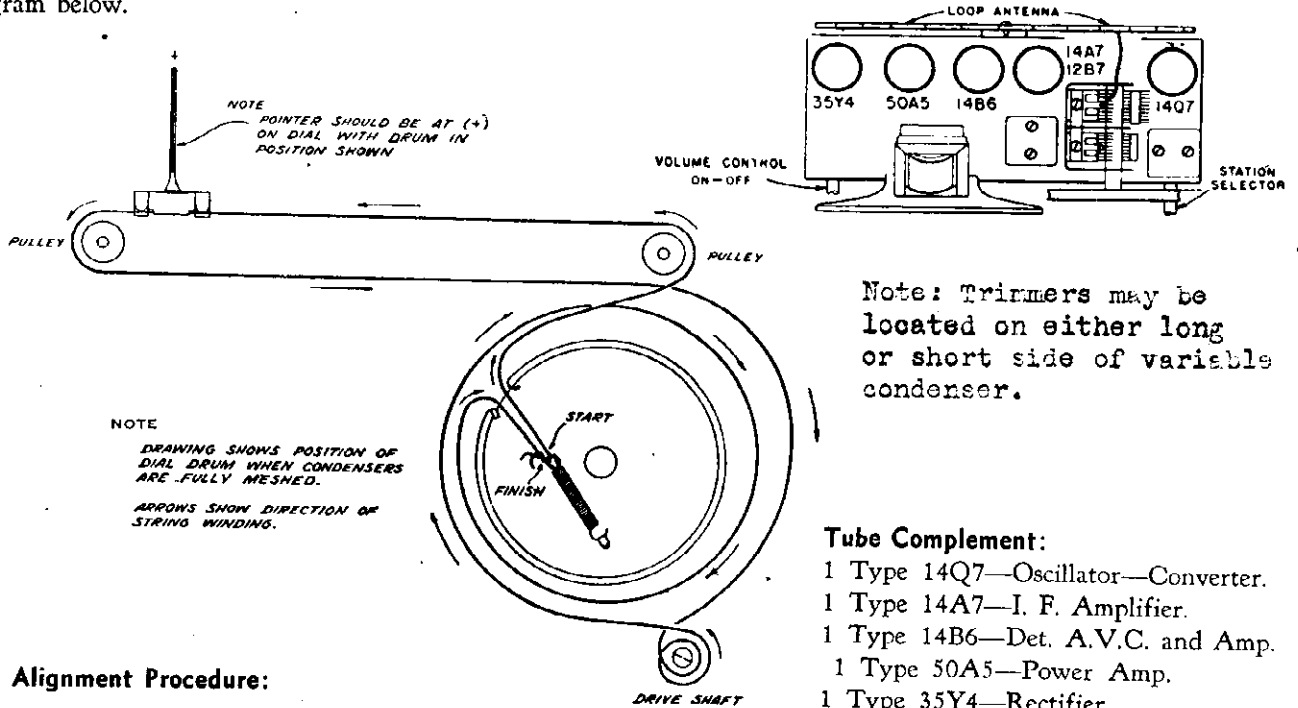
SELECTOR SWITCH SHOWN
AT 4TH POSITION
MIKE RECORDING

C.B. - DENOTES COMMON
BUS, FLOATING
GROUND

SPIEGEL
MODELS 651, 6514, 6541, 6547
Chassis FJ-97



Nylon cord of the tuning and dial system may be replaced by following the diagram below.



Note: Trimmers may be located on either long or short side of variable condenser.

Tube Complement:

- 1 Type 14Q7—Oscillator—Converter.
- 1 Type 14A7—I. F. Amplifier.
- 1 Type 14B6—Det. A.V.C. and Amp.
- 1 Type 50A5—Power Amp.
- 1 Type 35Y4—Rectifier.

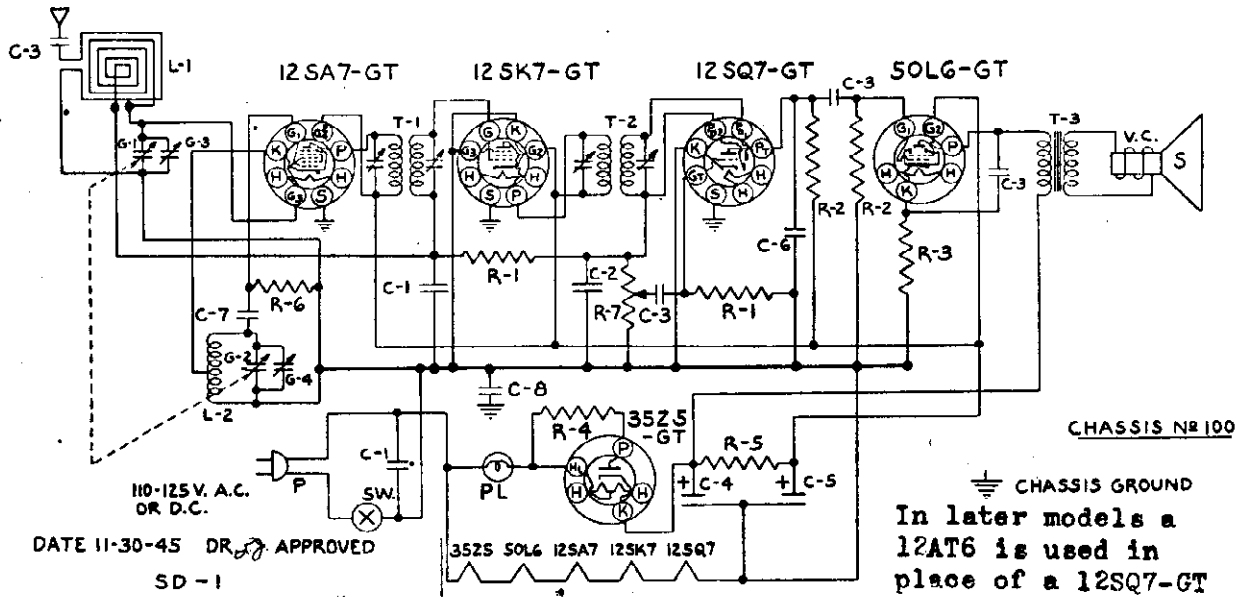
Alignment Procedure:

Steps	Connect output of oscillator to	Tune osc. to	Tune radio dial to	Adjust the following for max. peak output
1.	Tuning condenser stator (ant.) in series with .01 mfd.	455	Quiet point at high frequency end of dial.	1st and 2nd I. F. Transformers
2.	Antenna term. of Ant. loop in series with 100 mmf.	1720	Full clockwise (out of mesh)	Osc. trimmer
3.	Antenna term. of Ant. loop in series with 100 mmf.	1500	1500	Ant. trimmer

Output meter is connected across voice coil. Receiver volume is turned to maximum.

MODEL 5001

SPIEGEL

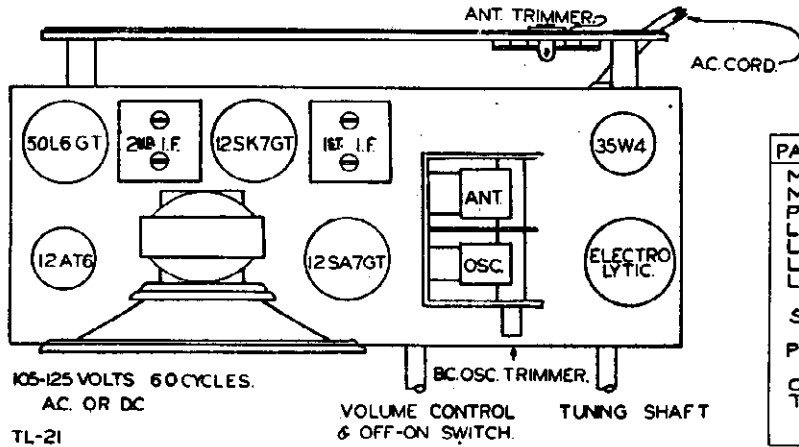


CHASSIS No 100

CHASSIS GROUND
In later models a 12AT6 is used in place of a 12SQ7-GT

DATE 11-30-45 DR. APPROVED
SD-1

TUBE AND TRIMMER LOCATION



PART NO	DESCRIPTION
MC-5	C-6 .0005 MFD. COND. 20%
MC-4	C-7 .000056 MFD. MICA 20%
PC-9	C-8 .1 MFD COND. 400V.
LL-1	L-1 LOOP ANTENNA
LO-2	L-2 OSC. COIL
LI-1	T-1 INPUT I.F. TRANSFORMER
LI-2	T-2 OUTPUT I.F. TRANSFORMER
SPK-4	T-3 OUTPUT SPK. TRANSFORMER
PB-1	V.C. VOICE COIL
CO-1	S P.M. SPEAKER
TU-3	PL #47 PILOT BULB
	SW A.C. SWITCH ON VOL. CONTROL
	P LINE CORD
	12SA7 GT 12SK7 GT 12SQ7 GT
	50L6 GT 35Z5 GT

Remove chassis from cabinet for alignment.

A Signal Generator is required having the following frequencies: 455 KC, 1400 KC, 1720 KC. An output meter should be connected across the speaker.

The receiver volume control should be turned to maximum during the I.F. and all subsequent alignments to keep the AVC from working and giving false readings. Keep the generator output as low as possible to prevent overloading.

FIRST STEP: Connect the hot lead from the generator to the ANT. section of the gang condenser, through a .1 MFD condenser. The ground lead from the generator must be connected to the metal frame of the gang condenser. Turn the gang condenser to complete minimum capacity. Adjust the generator to 455 KC and adjust the trimmers of the 1st and 2nd I.F. transformers until a maximum reading is noted on the output meter.

SECOND STEP: With the leads from the generator still connected in the same manner, adjust the Signal Generator to 1720 KC. The OSC. trimmer is located on the front of the chassis between the volume and tuning controls. Adjust this trimmer until the 1720 KC signal is tuned in.

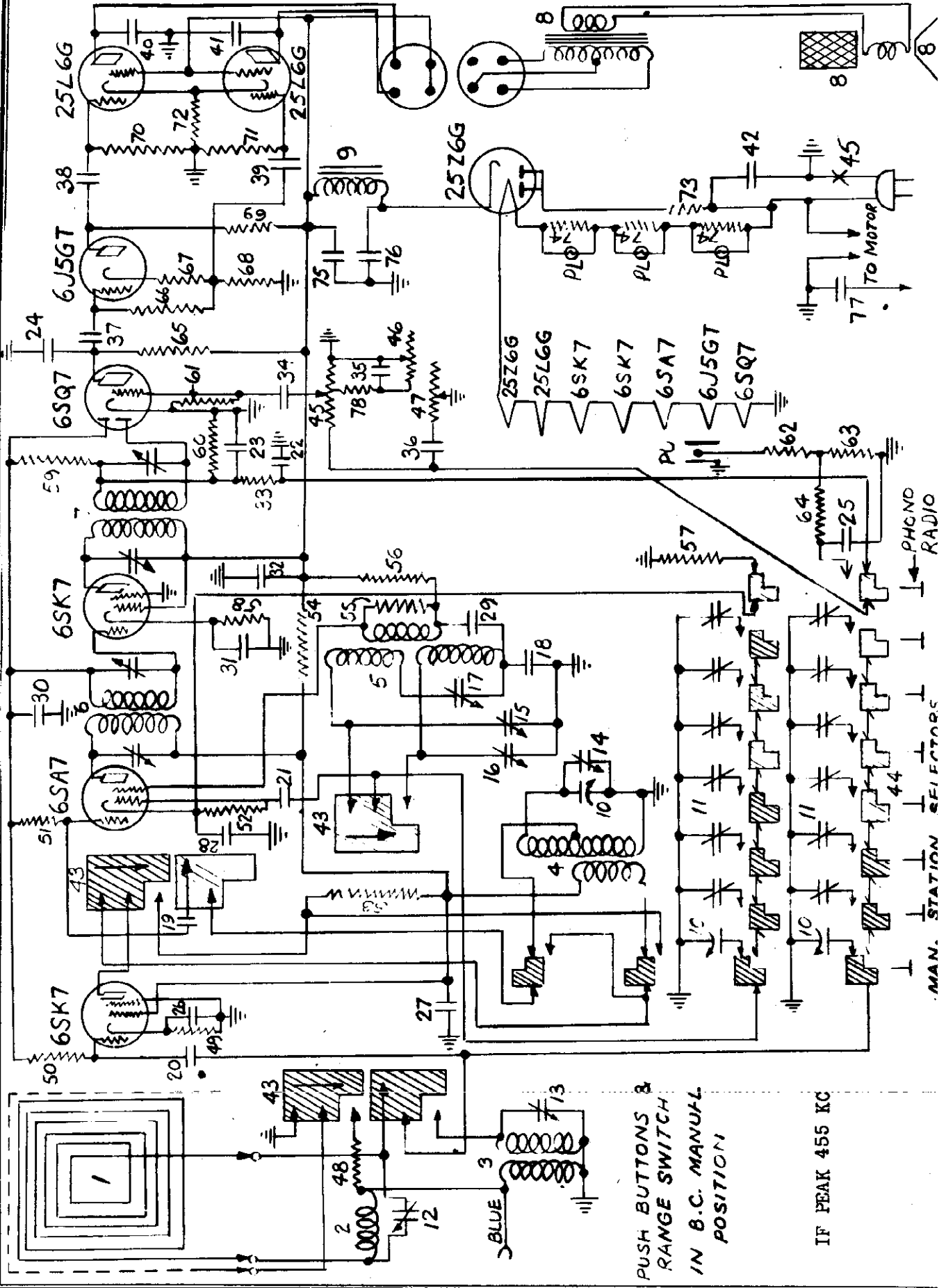
THIRD STEP: Remove the hot lead of the generator from the ANT. section of the gang condenser. Connect this lead to the antenna lead wire that projects from the back of the loop antenna through a 200 MMFD condenser. Adjust the Signal Generator to 1400 KC. Rotate the tuning control until this signal is tuned in. The ANT. trimmer is located on the back of the loop antenna. Adjust this trimmer until a maximum reading is noted on the output meter. No further adjustment should be necessary, unless the set has been damaged, as the coils and condenser in this receiver have been specially handled at the factory to insure proper alignment at the lower frequencies.

PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
IR-13	R-1 2 MEG. RESISTOR 1/2W 20%
IR-11	R-2 470MΩ " " "
IR-14	R-3 150Ω " " "
IR-4	R-4 47Ω " " "
IR-15	R-5 2200Ω " " "
IR-16	R-6 33000Ω " " "
VC-3	R-7 1 MEG. VOLUME CONTROL
GC-2	G-1 GANG COND.
	G-2 " " "
TC-7	G-3 ANT. TRIMMER COND.
TC-6	G-4 OSC. TRIMMER COND.
PC-5	C-1 .05 MFD. COND. 400 V.
MC-2	C-2 .0001 MFD. MICA 20%
PC-7	C-3 .01 MFD. COND. 400 V.
EC-3	C-4 40 MFD. 150 V.
	C-5 20 MFD. ELECTROLYTIC

17-8E12, 17-8E9Z

STEWART WARNER CORP.

MODELS 17-8E1, 17-8E9



PUSH BUTTONS &
 RANGE SWITCH
 IN B.C. MANUAL
 POSITION

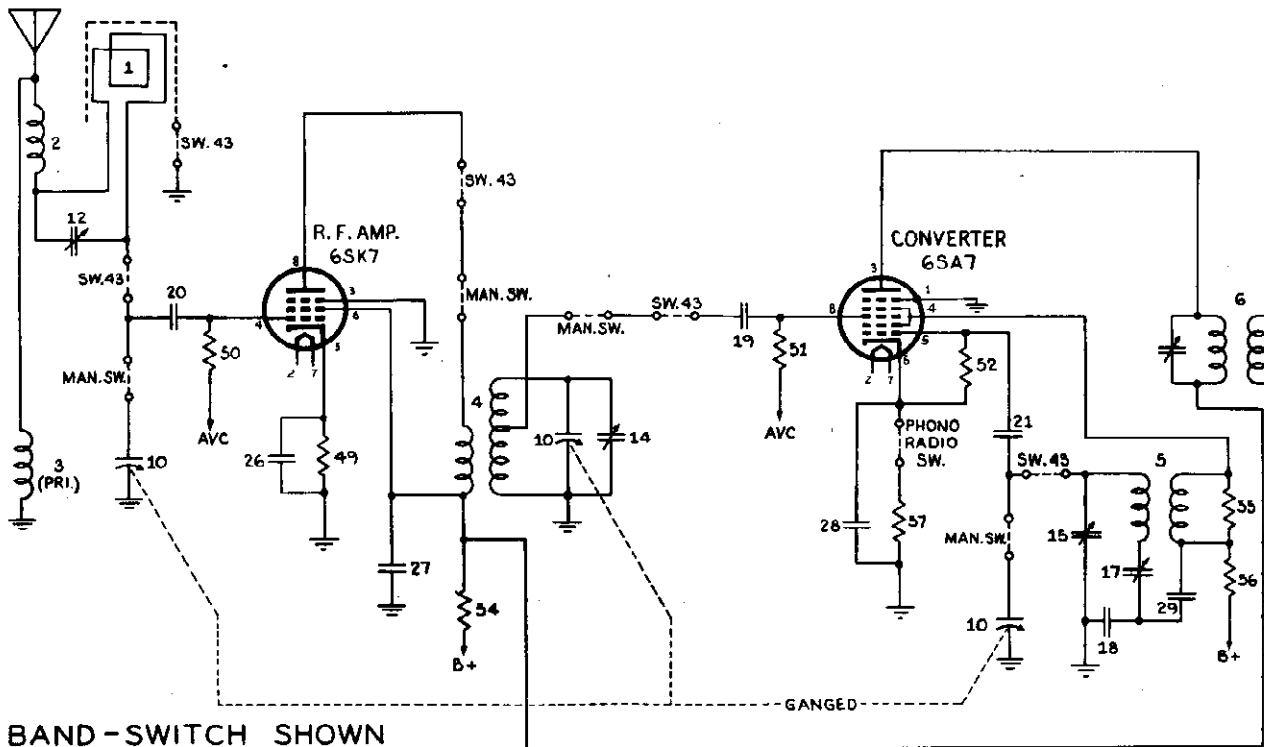
IF PEAK 455 KC

MAN. STATION SELECTORS
 PHONO RADIO

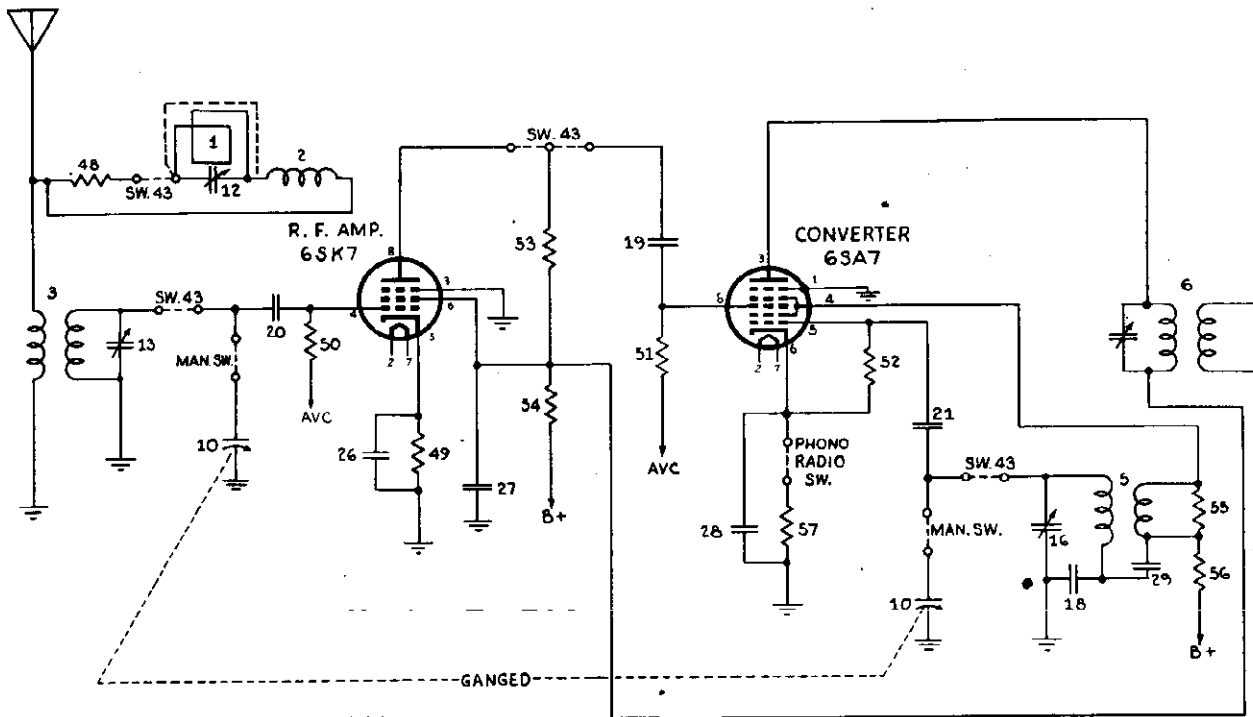
"clarified schematics"

MODELS 17-8E1, 17-8E9,
17-8E12, 17-8E9Z

STEWART WARNER CORP.

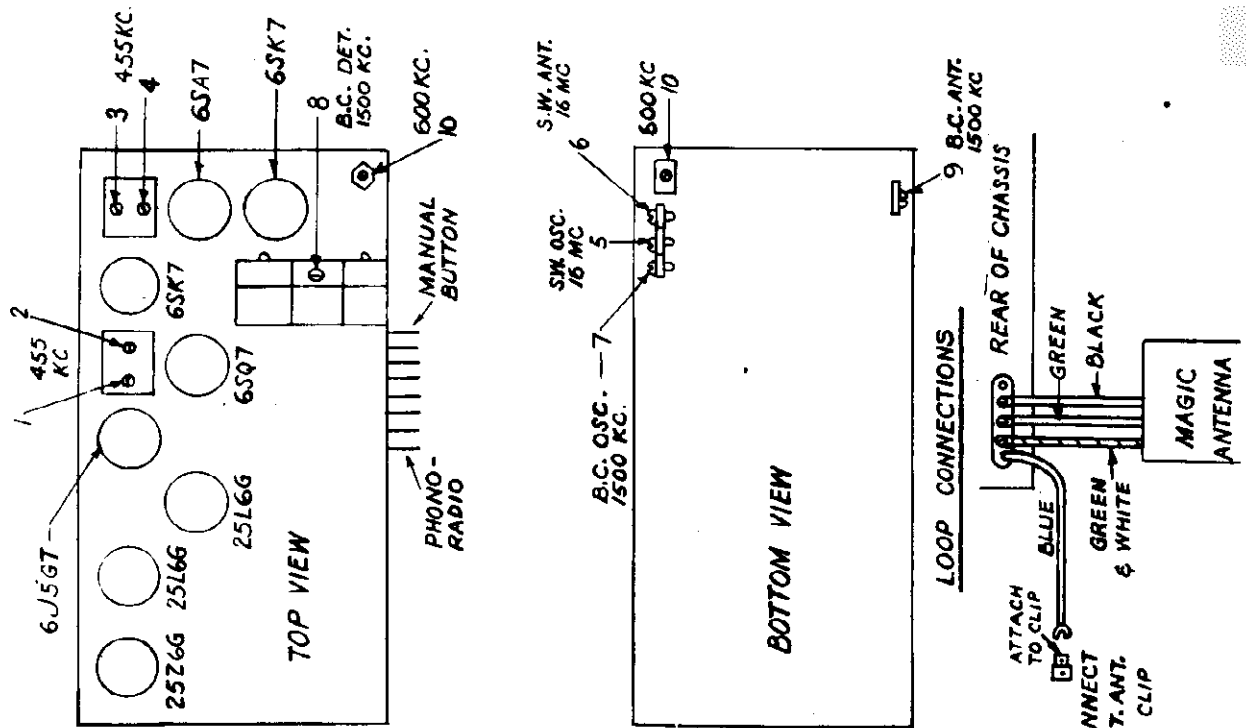


BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
AT 1ST POSITION.
BROADCAST BAND



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
AT 2ND POSITION.
SHORT WAVE BAND

STEWART WARNER CORP.



ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE FOR 17-8E & 17-8E-Z CHASSIS

1. Connect the output meter in the conventional manner.
2. Connect the ground lead of the signal generator to the receiver chassis through a .25 mfd. condenser.
3. Turn the volume control to maximum volume position and turn both tone controls to the position giving highest tone.
4. PUSH THE MANUAL BUTTON IN AND KEEP IT PUSHED IN. Turn the BAND SWITCH to the BROADCAST position.
5. Connect the loop as shown under "LOOP CONNECTIONS". Try to keep the loop in the same relative position to the chassis as when in the cabinet.
6. Connect the signal generator antenna lead to the lug on the middle section of the gang condenser, using a .1 mfd. condenser in series with the lead.
7. Set the signal generator to 455 KC. and adjust trimmers 1, 2, 3 and 4 for maximum output.
8. Connect the signal generator antenna lead through a 400 ohm carbon resistor to the blue wire coming from the chassis, and turn the BAND SWITCH to the SHORT WAVE position.
9. With the signal generator and receiver dial set to 16 MC. adjust trimmer 5 to bring in signal. Check to see if image appears at 15.1 MC. on receiver dial, if it does not, realign at 16 MC with trimmer screw farther out. Recheck image.
10. Adjust trimmer 6 for maximum output at 16 MC. Try to increase output by detuning trimmer and retuning receiver dial until maximum output is obtained.
11. Place the signal generator antenna lead near the loop and turn the BAND SWITCH to the BROADCAST position.
12. With signal generator and receiver dial set at 1500 KC. adjust trimmer 7 for maximum output.
13. Now install the chassis in the cabinet.
14. Adjust trimmers 8 and 9 for maximum output at 1500 KC. as before.
15. Set signal generator to 600 KC and tune receiver dial to 600 KC signal. Adjust trimmer 10 for maximum output. Try to increase output by detuning the trimmer and retuning the receiver dial until maximum output is obtained.

MODELS 17-8E1, 17-8E9,
17-8E12, 17-8E9Z

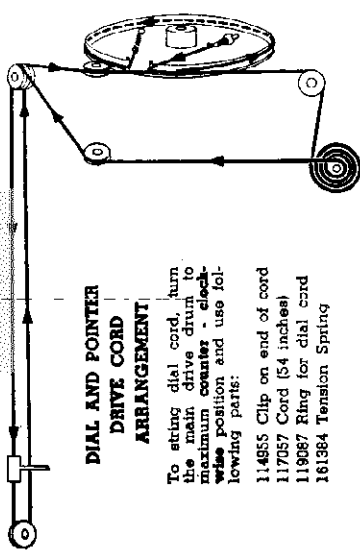
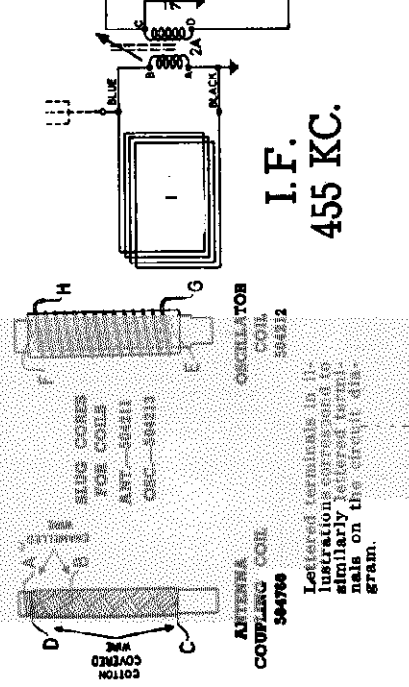
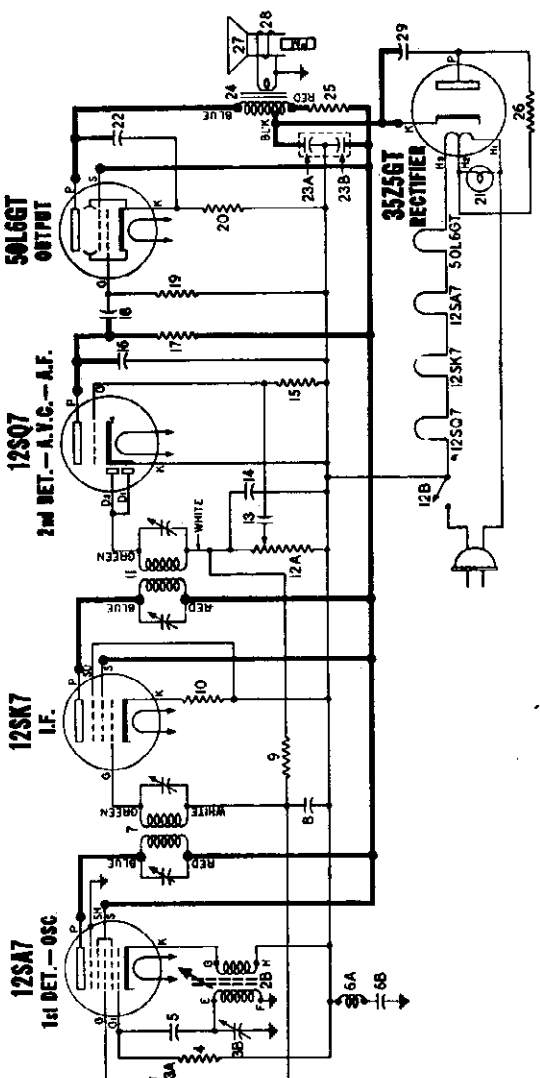
STEWART WARNER CORP.

DIA. NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	LIST PRICE	DIA. NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	LIST PRICE
1	160572	Loop antenna complete	3.60	45	160412	Vol. Cont.-2 meg. & switch	1.40
2	161228	Coil-loop compensating	.25	46	160414	Tone Control(1 meg.)(bass)	.95
3	160444	Coil-short wave antenna	.54	47	160413	Tone Control(5 meg.)(treble)	.85
4	160478	Coil - R. F.	.60	48	118804	Res.-carb. 400 ohms 1/4 watt	.10
5	160128	Coil - oscillator	.70	49	110556	Res.-carb. 330 ohms 1/4 watt	.12
6	119042	Transformer-1st I.F.	1.10	50	110554	Res.-carb. 1 meg. 1/4 watt	.12
7	119024	Transformer-2nd I.F.	1.15	51	110578	Res.-carb. 68000 ohm 1/4 watt	.12
8	U115125	Speaker-P.M. (12") with transformer	13.50	52	110552	Res.-carb. 47000 ohm 1/4 watt	.12
8	U161361	Transformer-output for U115125 speaker	.95	53	110557	Res.-carb. 4700 ohm 1/4 watt	.12
8	U161362	Cone & Voice coil for U115125 speaker	1.60	54	118824	Res.-carb. 1500 ohm 1/4 watt	.12
9	161266	Filter choke	.90	55	116068	Res.-carb. 680 ohms 1/4 watt	.10
10	160373	Condenser-var. tuning	3.20	56	118824	Res.-carb. 1500 ohms 1/4 watt	.12
11	119662	Condenser-push button trimmers(low freq.)	.24	57	110560	Res.-carb. 100 ohms 1/4 watt	.12
11	119663	Condenser-push button trimmers(med. freq.)	.24	58	112963	Res.-ins. 330 ohm 1/4 watt	.15
11	119664	Condenser-push button trimmers(high freq.)	.24	59	110570	Res.-carb. 2.2 meg. 1/4 watt	.15
12	160449	Condenser-trimmer	.18	60	110584	Res.-carb. 330000 ohm 1/4 watt	.12
13-15	160415	Condenser-trim(3 sec.)	.48	61	112975	Res.-carb. 10 meg. 1/4 watt	.12
16	119934	Condenser-padder	.36	62	110554	Res.-carb. 1 meg. 1/4 watt	.12
17	88587	Condenser-mica .0042 mfd.	.35	63-64	110553	Res.-carb. 220000 ohm 1/4 watt	.12
18	83783	Condenser-mica 110 mmfd.	.20	65	110559	Res.-carb. 470000 ohm 1/4 watt	.12
19	83539	Condenser-mica 260 mmfd.	.20	66	110586	Res.-carb. 2200 ohm 1/4 watt	.12
20	85061	Condenser-mica 51mmfd.	.15	67	110565	Res.-carb. 22000 ohm 1/4 watt	.12
21	83783	Condenser-mica 10mmfd.	.20	68-69	110559	Res.-carb. 470000 ohm 1/4 watt	.12
22	83539	Condenser-mica 260 mmfd.	.20	70-71	111514	Res.-W.W. 170 ohm 2 watts	.15
23	116819	Condenser-.05 mfd. 600 volt	.20	72	88465	Res.-W.W. 25 ohms 1/2 watt	.15
24-25	119417	Condenser-.006 mfd. 600 volt	.15	73	161313	Res.-bleeder 30-30-30 ohms	.75
26-27	116819	Condenser-.05 mfd. 600 volt	.20	74	160095	Condenser-40 mfd. 300 volts	.90
28	116819	Condenser-.05 mfd. 600 volt	.20	75	116470	Condenser-elect. 20-20 mfd. 150 volt	.95
29	116819	Condenser-.05 mfd. 600 volt	.20	76	116819	Condenser-.05 mfd. 600 volt	.20
30-31	116625	Condenser-.1 mfd. 600V	.25	77	110566	Res.-carb. 33000 ohm 1/4 watt	.12
32	110552	Resistor-carbon 47000 ohms 1/4 watt	.12	78	112636	Lamp-dial-Mazda #44(frosted)	.25
33	119875	Conden.-.002 mfd. 600V	.15		110629	Record changer lamp-Mazda #44 (unfrosted)	.15
34	119193	Conden.-.01 mfd. 600 V	.15				
35	119875	Conden.-.002 mfd. 600V	.15				
36	119193	Conden.-.01 mfd. 600 V	.15				
37-38	119415	Conden.-.015 mfd. 600V	.15				
39	116819	Conden.-.05 mfd. 600V.	.20				
40-41	160371	Switch-band	1.00				
42	160369	Switch-push button	3.00				
43							
44							

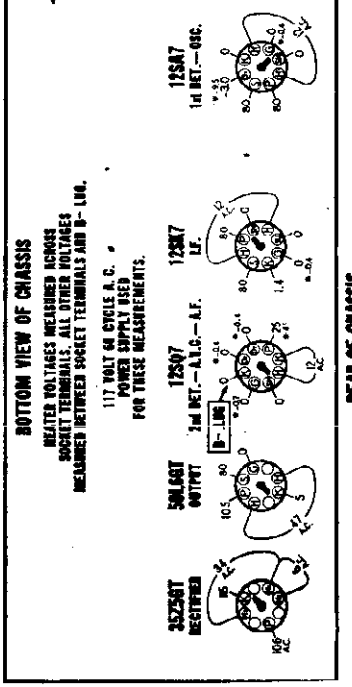
ALL PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE
WITHOUT NOTICE

MISCELLANEOUS PARTS		
PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	LIST PRICE
117117	Cable-motor	.38
161304	Call Tabs & Instructions	.50
114955	Clamp-for dial cord	.01
117057	Cord-drive (3 ft. lengths)	.16
160480	Dial scale	.35
113402	Drum-dial cord drive	.56
160182	Escutcheon-dial	2.10
160184	Escutcheon-push button	.50
160186	Push button assembly	1.15
160219	Knob	.08
160560	Loop drive shaft & cable	.54
160033	Needle cup	.08
160520	Pointer	.16
160185	Push button	.06
119791	Socket-8 prong (7 used)	.12
114876	Socket-octal (1 used)	.15
500035	Crystal Cartridge for pickup	

STEWART WARNER CORP.



SOCKET VOLTAGES
Measured with voltmeter having sensitivity of 1000 ohms per volt except where indicated by (*).
VOLUME ON FULL WITH NO SIGNAL DIAL TUNED TO 540 KC.



DIA. GRAM. PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	LIST PRICE	DIA. GRAM. PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	LIST PRICE
3A, B	Condenser—trimmer assembly	\$1.10	21	118921 Lamp—dial (Mazda 47) 6-8V. 150 Ma.	\$0.15
5	A-20 to 270 Mmfd.	.24	27	502818 Cone and voice coil for C-502818 speaker.	.20
6B	B-40 to 370 Mmfd.	.24	28	504584 Cone and voice coil for W-502818 speaker.	7.00
8	Condenser—2 Mfd. 400 volt.	.24			
9	Condenser—.05 Mfd. 200 volt.	.20			
13	Condenser—.004 Mfd. 400 volt.	.20			
14	Condenser—.220 Mfd. 500 volt.	.40			
16	Condenser—.0008 Mfd. 400 volt.	.20			
18	Condenser—.004 Mfd. 400 volt.	.20			
22	Condenser—.02 Mfd. 400 volt.	.24			
23-A, B	Condenser—electrolytic A-40 Mfd. 150 volt B-20 Mfd. 150 volt	1.50			
29	Condenser—.06 Mfd. 400 volt.	.24			
4	Resistor—carbon 22,000 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12			
9	Resistor—carbon 2.2 Meg 1/4 watt.	.12			
10	Resistor—carbon 470 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12			
12A, B	Volume control—10 Mfd. 1/4 watt.	1.25			
17	Resistor—carbon 10 Mfd. 1/4 watt.	.12			
19	Resistor—carbon 470,000 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12			
20	Resistor—carbon 470,000 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12			
25	Resistor—carbon 1,500 ohms 1 watt.	.16			
26	Resistor—carbon 33 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12			
1	COILS AND TRANSFORMERS				
1A	Loop antenna	2.50			
2A, B	Tuning unit; complete assembly.	8.70			
2A	Coil—antenna (less slug)	.12			
2B	Coil—Ant. coil (yellow end)	1.05			
5A	Slug for Ant. coil (white end)	.45			
6A	Slugs for Osc. coil (white end)	.45			
7	Slugs for Osc. coil (white end)	.45			
11	Choke: three turns of #22 insulated wire closely wound on condenser 6B.	2.30			
11	Transformer—1st I.F.	2.00			
11	Transformer—2nd I.F.	2.00			
24	Transformer—output for C-502818 speaker.	2.00			
24	Transformer—output for W-502818 speaker.	2.00			
	CONDENSERS				
	Condenser—trimmer assembly	\$1.10			
	A-20 to 270 Mmfd.	.24			
	B-40 to 370 Mmfd.	.24			
	Condenser—2 Mfd. 400 volt.	.24			
	Condenser—.05 Mfd. 200 volt.	.20			
	Condenser—.004 Mfd. 400 volt.	.20			
	Condenser—.220 Mfd. 500 volt.	.40			
	Condenser—.0008 Mfd. 400 volt.	.20			
	Condenser—.004 Mfd. 400 volt.	.20			
	Condenser—.02 Mfd. 400 volt.	.24			
	Condenser—electrolytic A-40 Mfd. 150 volt B-20 Mfd. 150 volt	1.50			
	Condenser—.06 Mfd. 400 volt.	.24			
	RESISTORS				
	Resistor—carbon 22,000 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12			
	Resistor—carbon 2.2 Meg 1/4 watt.	.12			
	Resistor—carbon 470 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12			
	Volume control—10 Mfd. 1/4 watt.	1.25			
	Resistor—carbon 10 Mfd. 1/4 watt.	.12			
	Resistor—carbon 470,000 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12			
	Resistor—carbon 470,000 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12			
	Resistor—carbon 1,500 ohms 1 watt.	.16			
	Resistor—carbon 33 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12			
	COILS AND TRANSFORMERS				
	Loop antenna	2.50			
	Tuning unit; complete assembly.	8.70			
	Coil—antenna (less slug)	.12			
	Coil—Ant. coil (yellow end)	1.05			
	Slug for Ant. coil (white end)	.45			
	Slugs for Osc. coil (white end)	.45			
	Choke: three turns of #22 insulated wire closely wound on condenser 6B.	2.30			
	Transformer—1st I.F.	2.00			
	Transformer—2nd I.F.	2.00			
	Transformer—output for C-502818 speaker.	2.00			
	Transformer—output for W-502818 speaker.	2.00			
	OTHER ELECTRICAL PARTS				
	Lamp—dial (Mazda 47) 6-8V. 150 Ma.	\$0.15			
	Cone and voice coil for C-502818 speaker.	.20			
	Cone and voice coil for W-502818 speaker.	7.00			
	MISCELLANEOUS PARTS				
	Back for cabinet (Model 51746)	.20			
	Back for cabinet (Model 51756)	.01			
	Base for mfg. electrolytic condenser	.04			
	Cabinet—Ivory (Model 51746)	5.10			
	Cabinet—Ivory (Model 51756)	.08			
	Pointer	.16			
	Retaining ring for tuning shaft	.01			
	Ring for dial cord	.01			
	Rubber grommet; Ant. coil mfg.	.03			
	Rubber grommet; Choc. coil mfg.	.04			
	Screw No. 4 x 7/32	.02			
	Screw No. 8 x 3/8	.02			
	Screw No. 8 x 1/2; chassis mfg.	.02			
	Screw No. 8 x 1/2; for mfg. cabinet back	.02			
	Shaft—tuning control	.15			
	Socket—octal base	.12			
	Socket—octal (rectifier)	.16			
	Socket—dial lamp (with leads)	.44			
	Spring for tuning lag drive cord	.05			
	Washer—spring, for tuning shaft	.003			

PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE

*—Measured with vacuum tube voltmeter

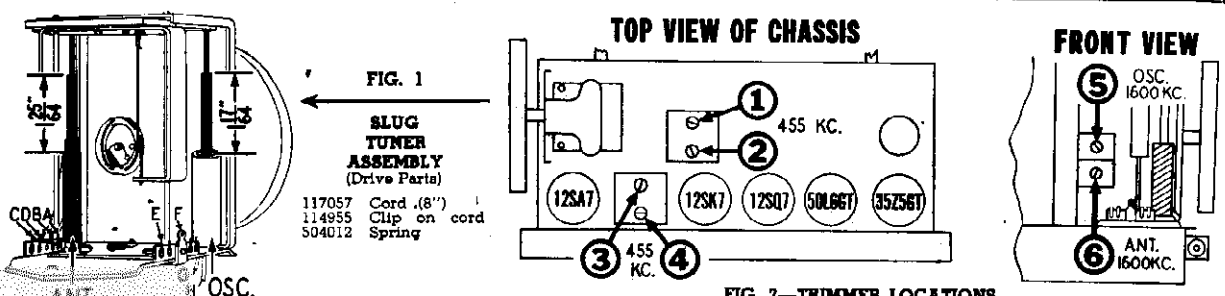
STEWART WARNER CORP. ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

1. Turn the tuning control knob clockwise as far as it will go (tuner mechanism is now in maximum open position with tuning slugs almost completely withdrawn from coils). Dial pointer should then point to 1600 Kc mark on scale. If it is set incorrectly, release pointer clip on dial cord and reposition pointer.
2. Remove chassis and loop from cabinet by taking out two screws which hold chassis to bottom of cabinet. Solder approximately 8" of insulated wire to any B— connection (see voltage chart on opposite side for convenient B— location).
3. During the alignment of this receiver it will be necessary to set the dial pointer to the following frequencies: 1500 Kc., 1400 Kc. In order to avoid replacing the chassis in the cabinet each time a dial setting is required, it will be found more convenient to mark the required frequency points on the white dial background plate before starting the alignment.
4. Connect ground lead of signal generator to B— lead through a 0.25Mfd. condenser.
5. Connect output meter across the speaker voice coil (terminals at back of speaker) or from plate of 50L6GT tube to B— through a 0.1 Mfd. condenser.
6. Set volume control at maximum volume position and use a weak signal from the signal generator.

DUMMY ANT. IN SERIES WITH SIGNAL GENERATOR	CONNECT HIGH SIDE OF GENERATOR TO	SIGNAL GENERATOR FREQUENCY	RECEIVER DIAL SETTING	TRIMMER NUMBER	TRIMMER DESCRIPTION	TYPE OF ADJUSTMENT
200 MMFD. Mica Condenser	Control Grid of 12SA7	455 KC	Any point where it does not affect the signal.	1-2	2nd I.F.	Adjust for maximum output. Then repeat adjustment.
				3-4	1st I.F.	
200 MMFD. Mica Condenser	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	1600 KC	1600 KC	5	Broadcast Oscillator (Shunt)	Adjust for maximum output.
			Tune to 1600 KC generator signal	6	Broadcast Antenna	Adjust for maximum output.
200 MMFD. Mica Condenser	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	1400 KC	Set pointer to 1400 KC mark on dial scale. Do not attempt to tune to generator signal.	Osc. coil tuning slug		Adjust position of slug for maximum output.
				Ant. coil tuning slug		Adjust position of slug for maximum output.
200 MMFD. Mica Condenser	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	1600 KC	Set pointer to 1600 KC mark on dial scale. Do not attempt to tune to generator signal.	5	Broadcast Oscillator (Shunt)	Adjust for maximum output.
				Tune to 1600 KC generator signal	6	Broadcast Antenna	Adjust for maximum output.
200 MMFD. Mica Condenser	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	1400 KC	Tune to 1400 KC generator signal	Ant. coil tuning slug		Adjust position of slug for maximum output.

Set tuner mechanism to maximum open position by turning the tuning control knob clockwise as far as it will go. Then check whether the positions of the tuning slugs correspond to the positions shown in Fig. 1 below. If settings are incorrect, rotate the individual core and threaded stem until desired position is reached. Note that threaded stem is prevented from moving by a dab of speaker cement at top and that this seal must be removed before stem can be rotated.

Apply a coating of speaker cement at top of each tuning core stem to prevent movement.

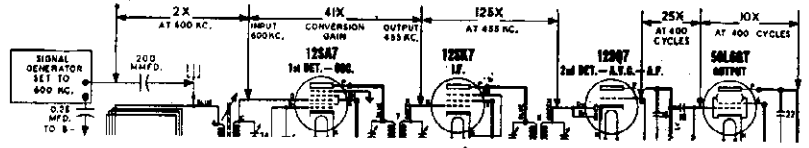


APPROXIMATE STAGE GAIN DATA

Be sure R.F. and I.F. stages are accurately aligned before measuring gain. R.F. gains can be measured with a "channel" type instrument containing a tuned and calibrated R.F. amplifier. A vacuum tube voltmeter may be used for audio gain measurements. Observe following precautions:

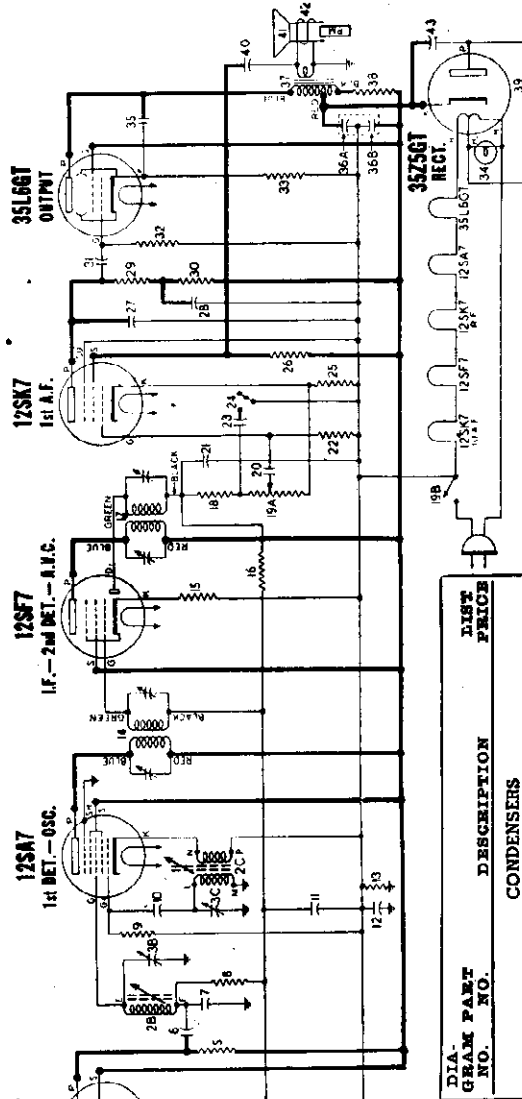
1. For all gain measurements connect signal generator as shown. Use 600 KC. signal with 400 cycle modulation (use nearby frequency if local station interferes.)
2. For R.F. and I.F. measurements connect negative terminal of a 3 volt battery (two 1½ volt cells in series) to A.V.C. lead at terminal "D" of antenna coil; then connect positive battery lead to B—. This provides a definite operating point.
3. Be sure radio is carefully tuned to generator signal (use weak signal for sharp tuning.)
4. When using a "channel" type instrument carefully tune it for maximum output at desired frequency before making measurements.

The R.F. and I.F. stage gains shown below are less than under normal operating conditions due to the use of 3 volts fixed bias in order to establish a definite operating point. Therefore, these values are not intended to indicate the full capability of a stage.



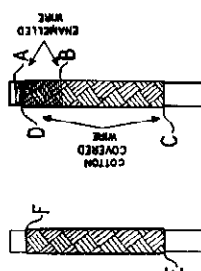
Differences in tube characteristics, tolerance of parts, adjustment of tuned circuits, and variations of line voltage will influence stage gain. Accuracy of measurements is dependent upon careful tuning of receiver to generator signal and experience in using your test equipment. These factors may create considerable variation in gain measurements.

STEWART WARNER CORP.



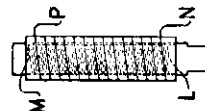
I.F. 455 KC.

R.F. COIL
504214



ANTENNA COUPLING COIL
504210

Lettered terminals in illustrations correspond to similarly lettered terminals on the circuit diagram.

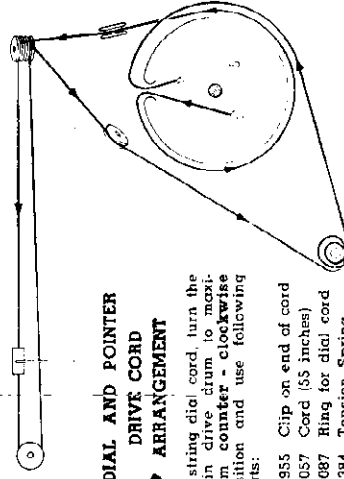


OSCILLATOR COIL
504212

To strain dial cord turn the main drive drum to maximum counter-clockwise position and use following parts:

SLUG CORES FOR COILS
ANT.—504211
R.F.—504215
OSC.—504213

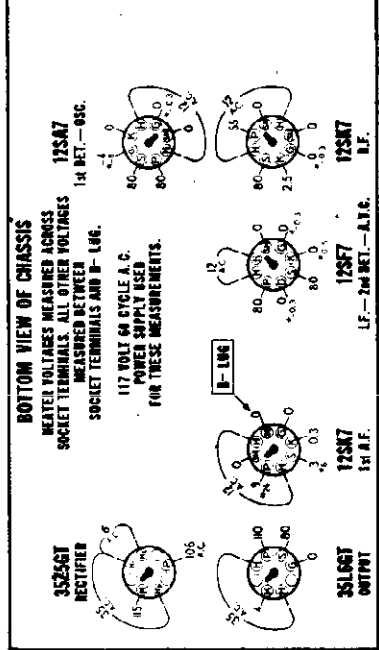
DIAL AND POINTER DRIVE CORD ARRANGEMENT



SOCKET VOLTAGES

Measured with voltmeter having sensitivity of 1000 ohms per volt (except where indicated by (C)).

VOLUME ON FULL WITH NO SIGNAL **DIAL TUNED TO 540 KC.**



BOTTOM VIEW OF CHASSIS

MEASURED VOLTAGES MEASURED ACROSS SOCKET TERMINALS. ALL OTHER VOLTAGES MEASURED BETWEEN SOCKET TERMINALS AND B-LEG.

117 VOLTS 60 CYCLE A.C. POWER SUPPLY USED FOR THESE MEASUREMENTS.

REAR OF CHASSIS

DIA. GRAM PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	LIST PRICE
3-A, E, C 504086	Condenser for chassis assembly	\$1.10
6	A—20 to 270 Mmfd.	30
7	B—40 to 370 Mmfd.	45
10	C—40 to 370 Mmfd.	24
11	Condenser mica 260 Mmfd. 500 volt.	30
12	Condenser mica 50 Mmfd. 500 volt.	24
13	Condenser .1 Mfd. 200 volt.	30
14	Condenser .2 Mfd. 400 volt.	36
15	Condenser .002 Mfd. 400 volt.	20
16	Condenser mica 110 Mmfd. 500 volt.	24
17	Condenser .0038 Mfd. 400 volt.	20
18	Condenser .05 Mfd. 200 volt.	24
19	Condenser .004 Mfd. 400 volt.	20
20	Condenser .01 Mfd. 400 volt.	20
21	Condenser electrolytic	1.50
22	A—40 Mid. 150 volt	42
23	B—20 Mid. 150 volt	24
24	Condenser—.02 Mfd. 400 volt.	24
25	Condenser—.05 Mfd. 400 volt.	24
4	Resistor—carbon 390 ohms 1/4 watt	12
5	Resistor—carbon 470 ohms 1/4 watt	12
6	Resistor—carbon 470,000 ohms 1/4 watt	12
7	Resistor—carbon 220,000 ohms 1/4 watt	12
8	Resistor—carbon 220,000 ohms 1/4 watt	12
9	Resistor—carbon 220,000 ohms 1/4 watt	12
10	Resistor—carbon 47 ohms 1/4 watt	12
11	Resistor—carbon 3.3 Meg. 1/4 watt	12
12	Resistor—carbon 47,000 ohms 1/4 watt	12
13	Resistor—carbon 10 Meg. 1/4 watt	12
14	Resistor—carbon 220 ohms 1/4 watt	12
15	Resistor—carbon 2.2 Meg. 1/4 watt	12
16	Resistor—carbon 220,000 ohms 1/4 watt	12
17	Resistor—carbon 470,000 ohms 1/4 watt	12
18	Resistor—carbon 130 ohms 1/4 watt	12
19	Resistor—carbon 33 ohms 1/2 watt	12
19-A, B, C	Volume control 500,000 ohms (with switch)	1.25
20	Resistor—carbon 10 Meg. 1/4 watt	12
21	Resistor—carbon 220 ohms 1/4 watt	12
22	Resistor—carbon 2.2 Meg. 1/4 watt	12
23	Resistor—carbon 220,000 ohms 1/4 watt	12
24	Resistor—carbon 470,000 ohms 1/4 watt	12
25	Resistor—carbon 130 ohms 1/4 watt	12
26	Resistor—carbon 33 ohms 1/2 watt	12
27	Resistor—carbon 33 ohms 1/2 watt	12
28	Resistor—carbon 33 ohms 1/2 watt	12
29	Resistor—carbon 33 ohms 1/2 watt	12
30	Resistor—carbon 33 ohms 1/2 watt	12
31	Resistor—carbon 33 ohms 1/2 watt	12
32	Resistor—carbon 33 ohms 1/2 watt	12
33	Resistor—carbon 33 ohms 1/2 watt	12
34	Resistor—carbon 33 ohms 1/2 watt	12
35	Resistor—carbon 33 ohms 1/2 watt	12
36	Resistor—carbon 33 ohms 1/2 watt	12
37	Resistor—carbon 33 ohms 1/2 watt	12
38	Resistor—carbon 33 ohms 1/2 watt	12
39	Resistor—carbon 33 ohms 1/2 watt	12
1	Loop antenna	2.95
2	Tuning unit, complete assembly	10.00
3	Coil—R.F. (less slug)	1.00
4	Coil—R.F. (less slug)	1.00
5	Coil—oscillator (less slug)	1.05
6	Slug core for Ant. coil (yellow end)	45
7	Slug core for Osc. coil (white end)	45
8	Slug core for R.F. coil (purple end)	45
9	Slug core for R.F. coil (purple end)	45
10	Loop antenna	2.95
11	Tuning unit, complete assembly	10.00
12	Coil—R.F. (less slug)	1.00
13	Coil—R.F. (less slug)	1.00
14	Coil—oscillator (less slug)	1.05
15	Slug core for Ant. coil (yellow end)	45
16	Slug core for Osc. coil (white end)	45
17	Slug core for R.F. coil (purple end)	45
18	Slug core for R.F. coil (purple end)	45
19	Loop antenna	2.95
20	Tuning unit, complete assembly	10.00
21	Coil—R.F. (less slug)	1.00
22	Coil—R.F. (less slug)	1.00
23	Coil—oscillator (less slug)	1.05
24	Slug core for Ant. coil (yellow end)	45
25	Slug core for Osc. coil (white end)	45
26	Slug core for R.F. coil (purple end)	45
27	Slug core for R.F. coil (purple end)	45

DIA. GRAM PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	LIST PRICE
502102	Transformer—1st I.F.	\$2.30
502103	Transformer—2nd I.F.	2.30
502113	Transformer output for R-502998 spkr.	2.50
502904	Transformer output for A-502998 spkr.	2.50
504244	Transformer output for W-502998 spkr.) 2.50	2.50
OTHER ELECTRICAL PARTS		
500546	Switch tone control	.84
502473	Wamp dial (Mazda 47) 6-8 V. 150 Mg.	.22
502214	Cone & voice coil for R-502998 spkr.	2.00
502903	Cone & voice coil for A-502998 spkr.	2.00
504245	Cone & voice coil for W-502998 spkr.	2.00
502998	Speaker P.M. dynamic (5 inch)	6.80
MISCELLANEOUS PARTS		
502185	Back for Cabinet	.30
116467	Base for mfg. electrolytic condenser	.04
500384	Cabinet ivory (Model 61172)	5.00
502244	Cabinet mahogany (Model 61116)	4.30
504084	Clamp dial scale mfg.	.02
504097	Clip—holds tuning slugs to frame	.02
114855	Clip—retainer for cabinet back	.01
117057	Clip—retainer on end of dial cord	.01
500324	Connector— for antenna leads	.05
504142	Card—dial drive (55 in. required) per ft.	.04
501186	Cover cardboard, for elect. cond.	.80
502552	Dial scale—glass	1.0
501186	Grounding plate (under I.F. trans. can)	1.0
502551	Knob macaroni (Model 61172)	1.0
502367	Knob mahogany (Model 61116)	1.6
81145	Painter	.01
119097	Retaining ring for tuning shaft	.01
85078	Ring for dial cord	.01
504045	Rubber grommet; Ant. & R.F. coil mfg.	.03
17063	Rubber grommet; Osc. coil mfg.	.04
17064	Screw No. 4 x 7/32	.01
17065	Screw No. 6 x 7/32	.02
17066	Screw No. 8 x 1/2 chassis mfg.	.01
116590	Socket coil	.12
180392	Socket coil (rectifier)	.12
504099	Socket—dial lamp (with leads)	.45
504012	Spring for tuning slug drive cord	.05
161384	Spring—dial cord tension	.06
111456	Washer—spring washer for tuning shaft	.005

MODELS 61T16, 61T26

STEWART WARNER CORP.

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

1. Remove chassis and loop from cabinet. Solder approximately 8" of insulated wire to any B- connection (see voltage chart on opposite side for convenient B- location). Then reinstall chassis and loop in cabinet. The B- lead should extend from under the chassis at the back.
2. Connect ground lead of signal generator to B- lead.
3. Connect output meter across the speaker voice coil (terminals at back of speaker.)
4. Turn the tuning control knob clockwise as far as it will go (tuner mechanism is now in maximum open position with tuning slugs almost completely withdrawn from coils). Dial pointer should then point to 1600 Kc mark on scale. If it is set incorrectly, release pointer clip on dial card and reposition pointer.
5. Set volume control at maximum volume position and use a weak signal from the signal generator.

DUMMY ANT. IN SERIES WITH SIGNAL GENERATOR	CONNECT HIGH SIDE OF GENERATOR TO	SIGNAL GENERATOR FREQUENCY	RECEIVER DIAL SETTING	TRIMMER NUMBER	TRIMMER DESCRIPTION	TYPE OF ADJUSTMENT
.1 MFD. Condenser	Ungrounded terminal of trimmer No. 6 (see Fig. 2 below for location of trimmer.)	455 KC	Any point where it does not affect the signal.	1-2	2nd I.F.	Adjust for maximum output. Then repeat adjustment.
				3-4	1st I.F.	
300 MMFD. Mica Condenser	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	1600 KC	1600 KC	5	Broadcast Oscillator (Shunt)	Adjust for maximum output.
300 MMFD. Mica Condenser	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	1600 KC	Tune to 1600 KC generator signal	6	Broadcast R.F.	Adjust for maximum output.
				7	Broadcast Antenna	Adjust for maximum output.
300 MMFD. Mica Condenser	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	1400 KC	Tune to 1400 KC generator signal	Ant. coil tuning slug		Adjust position of slug for maximum output.
				R.F. coil tuning slug		Adjust position of slug for maximum output.
300 MMFD. Mica Condenser	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	1600 KC	Tune to 1600 KC generator signal	6	Broadcast R.F.	Recheck adjustment for maximum output.
				7	Broadcast Antenna	Recheck adjustment for maximum output.

Apply a coating of speaker cement at top of each tuning core stem to prevent movement.

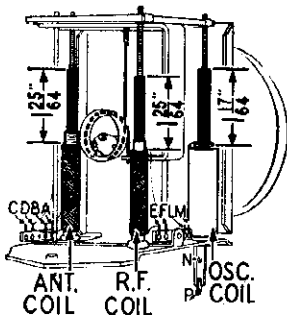


FIG. 1
SLUG TUNER ASSEMBLY (Drive Parts)
117057 Cord (8")
114955 Clip on cord
504012 Spring

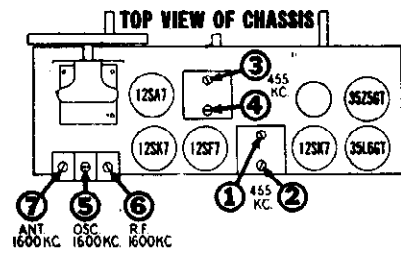


FIG. 2

AUDIO OSCILLATION

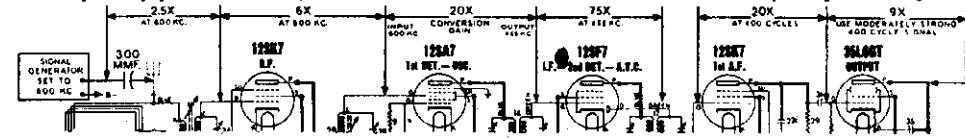
The audio system of this receiver utilizes a two stage type of inverse feed-back arrangement and, should it ever be necessary to replace the speaker or output transformer, it is important to maintain a definite phase relationship in the feed-back circuit. If the connections to the output transformer are reversed or if the feed-back connection is made to the wrong side of the output transformer secondary, the system will become regenerative instead of degenerative. Under those conditions audio oscillation may result. If that occurs, oscillation can be prevented by reversing the connections to the secondary of the output transformer.

APPROXIMATE STAGE GAIN DATA

Be sure R.F. and I.F. stages are accurately aligned before measuring gain. R.F. gains can be measured with a "channel" type instrument containing a tuned and calibrated R.F. amplifier. A vacuum tube voltmeter may be used for audio gain measurements. Observe following precautions:

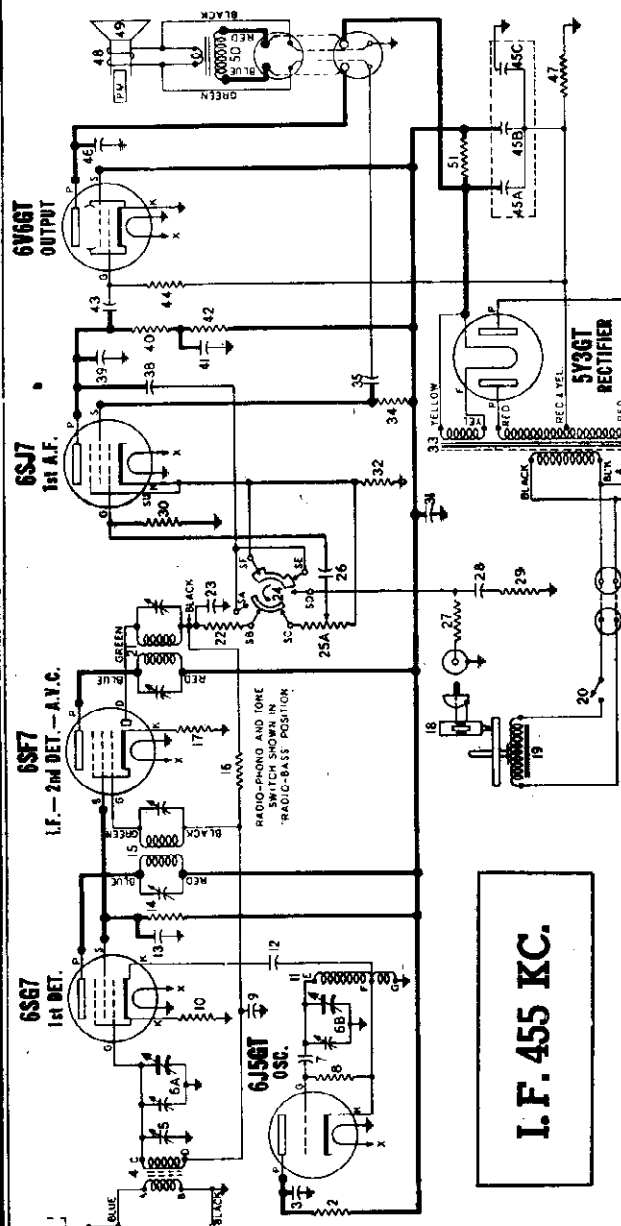
1. For all gain measurements connect signal generator as shown. Use 600 KC. signal with 400 cycle modulation (use nearby frequency if local station interferes.)
2. For R.F. and I.F. measurements connect negative terminal of a 3 volt battery (two 1½ volt cells in series) to A.V.C. lead and positive terminal to B-. This provides a definite operating point. **IMPORTANT:** Disconnect battery when measuring audio stage gains.
3. Be sure radio is carefully tuned to generator signal (use weak signal for sharp tuning.)
4. When using a "channel" type instrument carefully tune it for maximum output at desired frequency before making measurements.

The R.F. and I.F. stage gains shown below are less than under normal operating conditions due to the use of 3 volts fixed bias in order to establish a definite operating point. Therefore, these values are not intended to indicate the full capability of a stage.

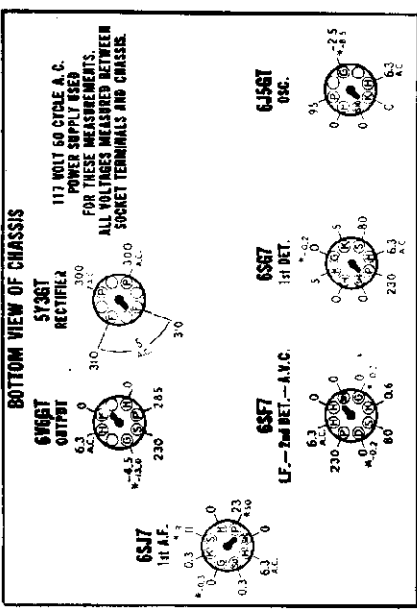


Differences in tube characteristics, tolerance of parts, adjustment of tuned circuits, and variations of line voltage will influence stage gain. Accuracy of measurements is dependent upon careful tuning of receiver to generator signal and experience in using your test equipment. These factors may create considerable variation in gain measurements.

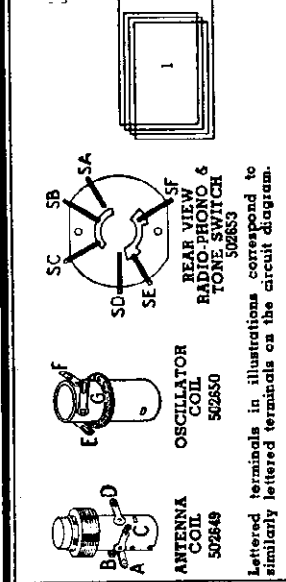
STEWART WARNER CORP.



SOCKET VOLTAGES
 Measured with voltmeter having sensitivity of 1000 ohms per volt except where indicated by (*).
RADIO-PHONO-TONE SWITCH IN "RADIO-BASS" POSITION
VOLUME ON FULL WITH NO SIGNAL DIAL TUNED TO 540 KC.



—Measured with vacuum tube voltmeter.
 NOTE:—The 6V66GT grid bias of—13 volts can be measured across resistor No. 47.



PARTS LIST
 ORDER PARTS FROM YOUR
 STEWART-WARNER DISTRIBUTOR ONLY

DIA. GRAM NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	LIST PRICE
3	502151	Condenser—61 Mid. 400 volt	\$0.20
5	502651	Condenser—trimmer 12 to 18 Mmid.	.22
6A, B	502652	Condenser—variable gang and drum	4.80
7	502153	Condenser—mica—110 Mmid. 500 volt	.24
9	502153	Condenser—05 Mid. 200 volt	.20
12	502151	Condenser—01 Mid. 400 volt	.24
13	502157	Condenser—.85 Mid. 400 volt	.24
13	502150	Condenser—mica 110 Mmid. 500 volt	.24
26	502156	Condenser—.004 Mid. 400 volt	.20
28	502479	Condenser—.005 Mid. 500 volt	.24
31	502157	Condenser—.85 Mid. 400 volt	.24
31	502155	Condenser—.004 Mid. 500 volt	.20
33	502155	Condenser—.004 Mid. 500 volt	.20
38	502271	Condenser—mica 250 Mmid. 500 volt	.30
41	502410	Condenser—.1 Mid. 400 volt	.30
43	502152	Condenser—.02 Mid. 400 volt	.24
43A, B, C	502207	Condenser—electrolytic	
		A—20 Mid. 400 volt	2.20
		B—10 Mid. 400 volt	2.20
		C—20 Mid. 25 volt	.20
46	502156	Resistor—.004 Mid. 400 volt	.20
2	502466	Resistor—carbon—33,000 ohms 1 watt	.16
8	502131	Resistor—carbon—47,000 ohms 1/4 watt	.12
10	502514	Resistor—carbon—3,300 ohms 1/4 watt	.12
14	502288	Resistor—carbon—47,000 ohms 1/4 watt	.12
16	502269	Resistor—carbon—3.3 Meg. 1/4 watt	.12
17	502264	Resistor—carbon—47 ohms 1/4 watt	.12
17	502131	Resistor—carbon—47 ohms 1/4 watt	.12
25A, B	502654	Volume control—with switch; 1 Meg.	1.25
27	502133	Resistor—carbon—220,000 ohms 1/4 watt	.12
29	502408	Resistor—carbon—68,000 ohms 1/4 watt	.12
30	502468	Resistor—carbon—4.7 Meg. 1/4 watt	.12
32	502135	Resistor—carbon—2.2 Meg. 1/4 watt	.12
34	502133	Resistor—carbon—220,000 ohms 1/4 watt	.12
40	502133	Resistor—carbon—220,000 ohms 1/4 watt	.12
42	502133	Resistor—carbon—220,000 ohms 1/4 watt	.12
44	502133	Resistor—carbon—220,000 ohms 1/4 watt	.12
47	502283	Resistor—carbon—47,000 ohms 1/4 watt	.12
47	502283	Resistor—carbon—47,000 ohms 1/4 watt	.12
51	504771	Resistor—carbon—3,300 ohms 2 watt	.25

DIA. GRAM NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	LIST PRICE
20	502379	Switch—on-off; type "G.I." 502584 record changer	.48
24	502653	Switch—Radio-Phono and Tone	1.30
36, 37	110629	Lamp—.025 Amps	9.50
48	504744	Speaker—F.M. dynamic (6 inch)	.15
49	504893	Cone and voice coil for X-504744 spkr.	2.50

DIA. GRAM NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	LIST PRICE
115467		Base for any electrolytic condenser	.04
104768		Backstop—clip for dial	.20
119559		Clamp—dial glass	.08
112745		Clip—coil mtg.	.01
114955		Clip—retainer on end of dial cord	.05
504765		Dial scale—glass	.80
502364		Knob—Ivory, volume or tuning (Model 61TR46)	.08
502698		Knob—Volume or tuning (Model 61TR36)	.08
502701		Knob—Phono-Radio (Model 61TR36)	.10
504698		Knob—Phono-Radio (Model 61TR46)	.12
502460		Needle—phonograph	1.50
500866		Plug—phono, pick-up cable	.15
501031		Plug—phono, motor cable	.15
504108		Plug—speaker	.25
502644		Pointer	.16
118145		Retaining ring for tuning shaft	.01
119027		Ring for dial cord	.03
116383		Rubber pad for mtg. chassis	.01
112974		Rubber spacers for tuning dial scale	.02
501777		Screw—No. 4 x 1/2 for mtg. chassis	.02
502173		Shaft—tuning control	.15
110501		Socket—speaker	.16
160039		Socket—catal base	.12
502392		Socket—phono, plug	.08
501182		Socket—optical rectifier	.15
502662		Socket—phono, motor cable	.45
501684		Socket—dial lamp	.06
119885		Spring dial cord tension	.16
		Washer—left; for mtg. rec. changer	.01

DIA. GRAM NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	LIST PRICE
1	502867	Loop antenna and cabinet back	3.25
11	502649	Coil—oscillator	1.45
11	502850	Transformer—1st I.F.	1.00
11	502856	Transformer—2nd I.F.	2.30
33	502174	Transformer—power	7.50
50	504662	Transformer—output for X-504744 spkr.	2.50

DIA. GRAM NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	LIST PRICE
18	502461	Crystal cartridge (Asacut L-71)	6.10
19	502846	Motor—type "G.I." 502584 record changer	12.00
	502647	Motor—type "G.I." 502584 record changer	10.00

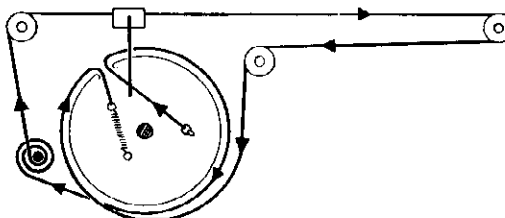
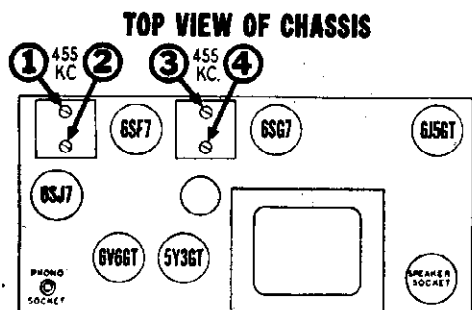
MODELS 61TR36, 61TR46

STEWART WARNER CORP.

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

1. Remove chassis and loop antenna (cabinet back) from cabinet. Reconnect loop to chassis and space it approximately same distance from chassis as when installed in cabinet.
2. With the gang condenser fully meshed, the dial pointer should be in the position indicated by the last mark below 55 on the dial. If it is set incorrectly, release the pointer clip on the dial cord and reposition pointer.
3. Connect an output meter across the speaker voice coil or from the plate of the 6V6GT tube to chassis through a .1 Mfd. condenser.
4. Connect the ground lead of signal generator to the receiver chassis.
5. Set volume control at maximum volume position and use a weak signal from the signal generator.

DUMMY ANT. IN SERIES WITH SIGNAL GENERATOR	CONNECT HIGH SIDE OF SIG. GENERATOR TO	SIGNAL GENERATOR FREQUENCY	RECEIVER DIAL SETTING	TRIMMER NUMBER	TRIMMER DESCRIPTION	TYPE OF ADJUSTMENT
.1 MFD. Condenser	Trimmer on top section of gang.	455 KC	Any point where it does not affect the signal	1-2	2nd I.F.	Adjust for maximum output. Then repeat adjustment.
				3-4	1st I.F.	
200 MMFD. Mica Condenser	External Antenna Clip on Loop Antenna.	1500 KC	1500 KC	5	Broadcast Oscillator	Adjust for maximum output.
200 MMFD Mica Condenser	External Antenna Clip on Loop Antenna	1500 KC	Tune to 1500 KC generator signal	6	Broadcast Antenna	Adjust for maximum output.



DIAL AND POINTER DRIVE CORD ARRANGEMENT

Top view
Dial plate removed

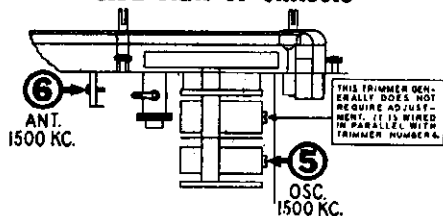
To string dial cord, set gang condenser to fully meshed position and use following parts:

- 114955 Clip on end of cord
- 117057 Cord (4 feet)
- 119087 Ring for dial cord
- 161384 Tension Spring

IMPORTANCE OF MAINTAINING FIXED POSITIONS FOR LEADS AT TOP OF CHASSIS

The shielded leads which are routed to the "Radio-Phono" switch and volume control should be tied to the upright bracket which supports the dial assembly. Grounded shields on these leads must not be allowed to contact electrolytic condenser case. If case of condenser is grounded it will short out bias voltage for 6V6GT tube.

SIDE VIEW OF CHASSIS



AUDIO OSCILLATION

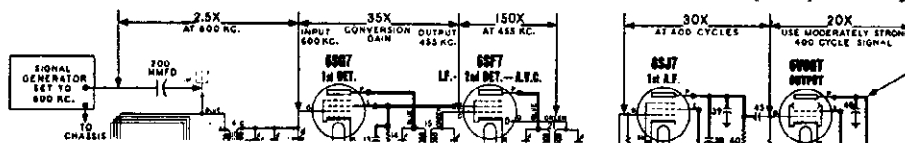
The audio system of this receiver utilizes a two stage type of inverse feed-back arrangement and should it ever be necessary to replace the speaker or output transformer it is important to maintain a definite phase relationship in the feed-back circuit. If the connections to the output transformer are reversed or if the feed-back connection is made to the wrong side of the output transformer secondary, the system will become regenerative instead of degenerative. Under those conditions audio oscillation may result. If that occurs, oscillation may be prevented by reversing the connections to the primary of the output transformer.

APPROXIMATE STAGE GAIN DATA

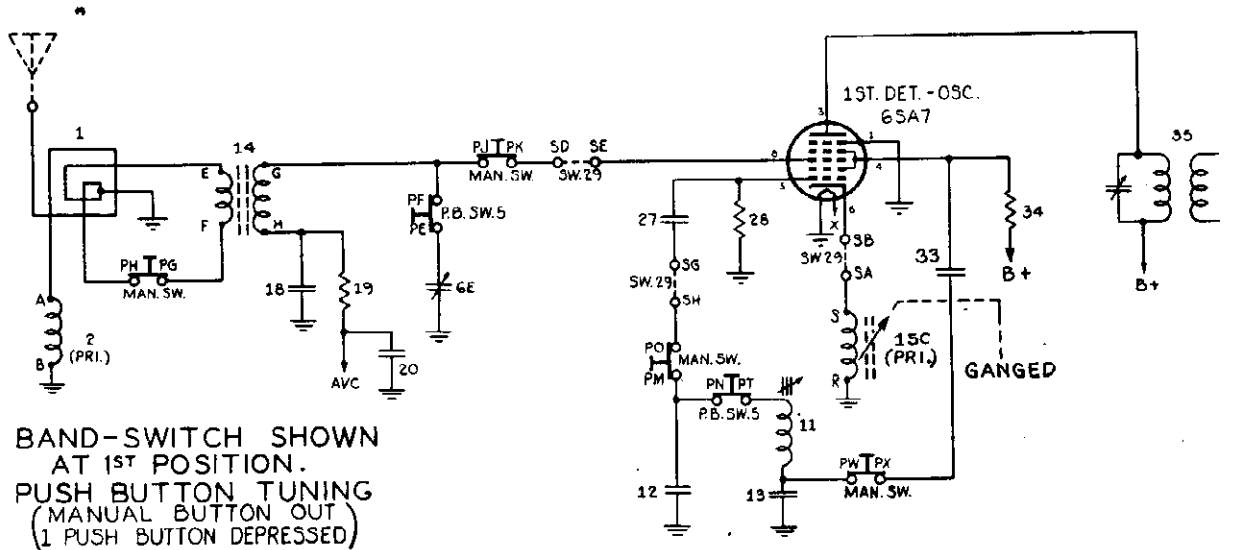
Be sure R.F. and I.F. stages are accurately aligned before measuring gain. R.F. gains can be measured with a "channel" type instrument containing a tuned and calibrated R.F. amplifier. A vacuum tube voltmeter may be used for audio gain measurements. Observe following precautions:

1. For all gain measurements connect signal generator as shown. Use 600 K.C. signal with 400 cycle modulation (use nearby frequency if local station interferes.)
2. For R.F. and I.F. measurements connect negative terminal of a 3 volt battery (two 1 1/2 volt cells in series) to A.V.C. lead at terminal "D" of antenna coil; then connect positive battery lead to chassis. This provides a definite operating point. IMPORTANT: Disconnect battery when measuring audio stage gains.
3. Be sure radio is carefully tuned to generator signal (use weak signal for sharp tuning.)
4. When using a "channel" type instrument carefully tune it for maximum output at desired frequency before making measurements.

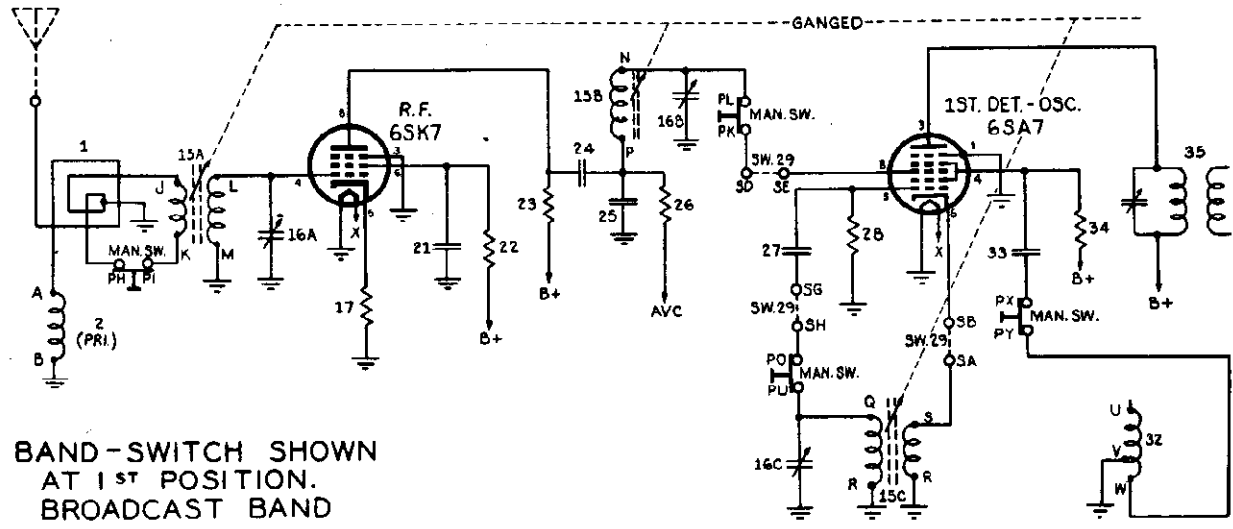
The R.F. and I.F. stage gains shown below are less than under normal operating conditions due to the use of 3 volts fixed bias in order to establish a definite operating point. Therefore, these values are not intended to indicate the full capability of a stage.



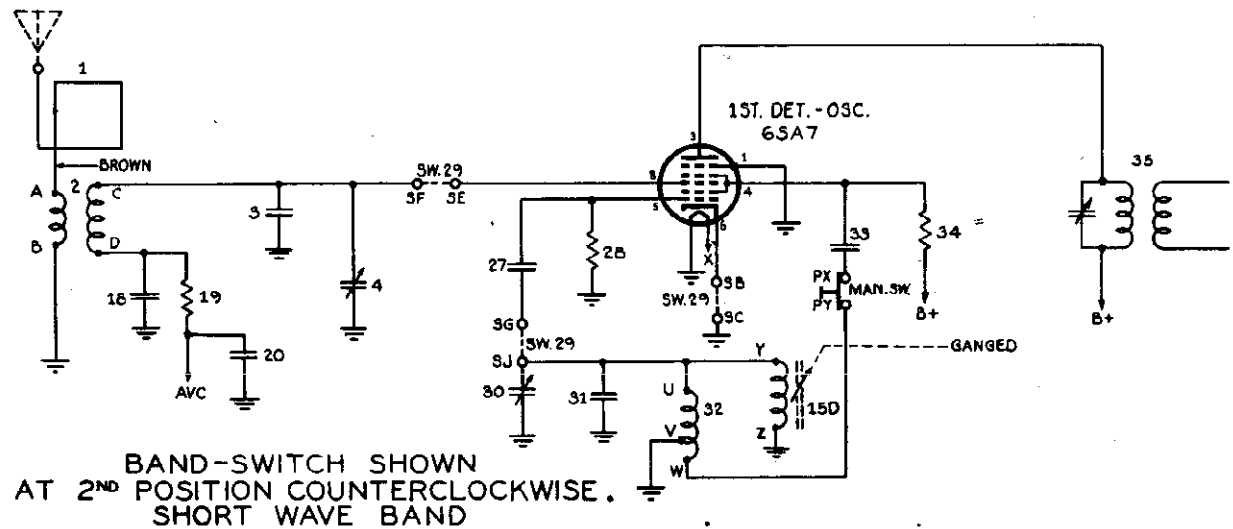
Differences in tube characteristics, tolerance of parts, adjustment of tuned circuits, and variations of line voltage will influence stage gain. Accuracy of measurements is dependent upon careful tuning of receiver to generator signal and experience in using your test equipment. These factors may create considerable variation in gain measurements.



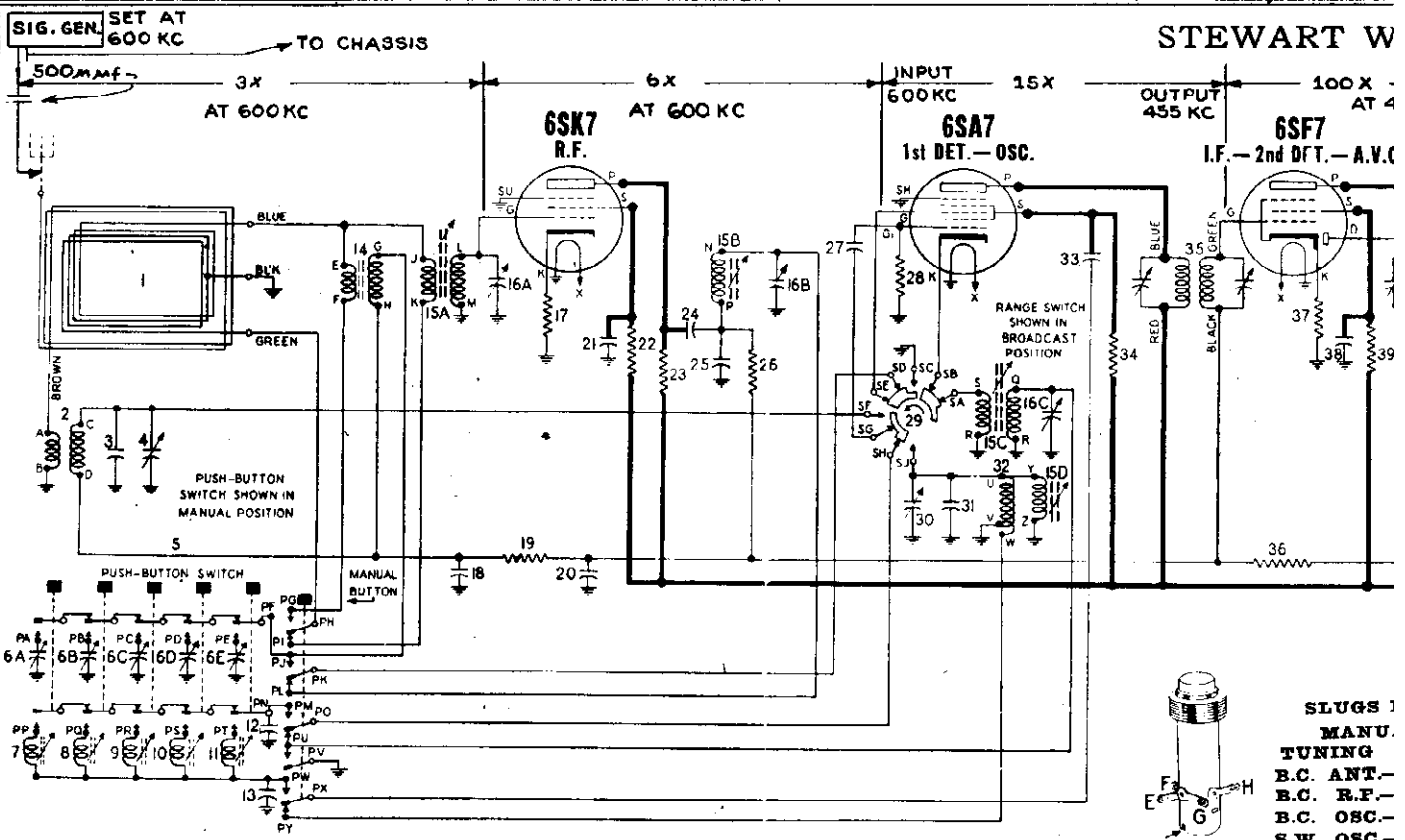
BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
AT 1ST POSITION.
PUSH BUTTON TUNING
(MANUAL BUTTON OUT)
(1 PUSH BUTTON DEPRESSED)



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
AT 1ST POSITION.
BROADCAST BAND



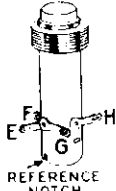
BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
AT 2ND POSITION COUNTERCLOCKWISE.
SHORT WAVE BAND



LETTERED TERMINALS IN ILLUSTRATIONS CORRESPOND TO SIMILARLY LETTERED TERMINALS ON THE CIRCUIT DIAGRAM.

I.F. 455 KC.

B.C. ANT. COUPLING COIL (PUSH-BUTTON) 502112



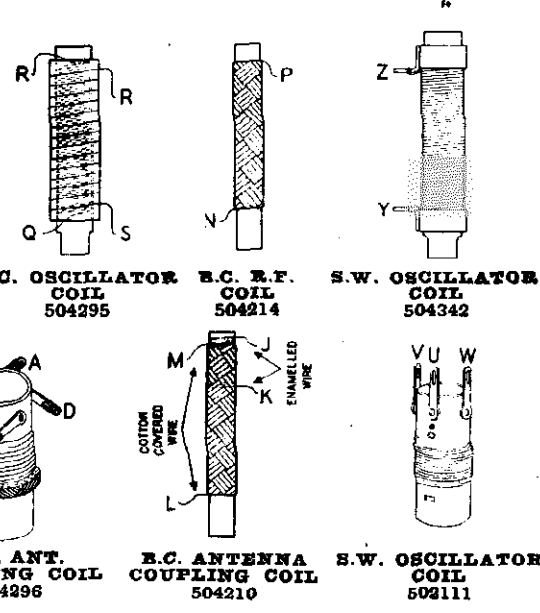
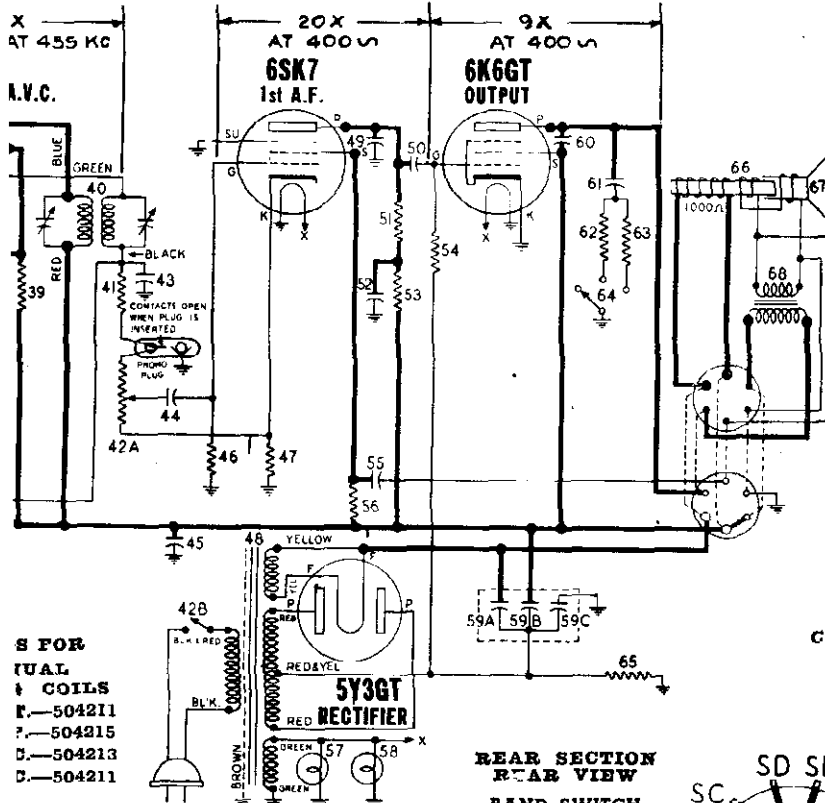
SLUGS :
MANU. TUNING
B.C. ANT.-
B.C. R.F.-
B.C. OSC.-
S.W. OSC.-

DIA-GRAM PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	LIST PRICE	DIA-GRAM PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	LIST PRICE	DIA-GRAM PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	LIST PRICE	
CONDENSERS									
3	502884 Condenser—mica 120 Mmfd. 500 volt.	\$0.24	51	502133 Resistor—carbon 220,000 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12				
4	502171 Condenser—trimmer; 5 to 35 Mmfd.	.24	53	502132 Resistor—carbon 100,000 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12			502437	
6A to E	502910 Condenser—trimmer assem. for P-B tuner	3.00	54	502134 Resistor—carbon 470,000 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12			502438	
12	502161 Condenser—mica 270 Mmfd. 500 volt.	.45	56	502135 Resistor—carbon 2.2 Meg. 1/4 watt.	.12			502439	
13	502165 Condenser—mica 1,000 Mmfd. 500 volt.	.45	62	502291 Resistor—carbon 4700 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12			502471	
16A, B, C	504086 Condenser—trimmer assembly A—20 to 270 Mmfd. B—40 to 370 Mmfd. C—40 to 370 Mmfd.	1.10	63	502127 Resistor—carbon 560 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12			119694	
18	502153 Condenser—.05 Mfd. 200 volt.	.24	65	502137 Resistor—wire wound 330 ohms 2 watt.	.25			116467	
20	502155 Condenser—.1 Mfd. 200 volt.	.30	COILS & TRANSFORMERS						
21	502157 Condenser—.05 Mfd. 400 volt.	.24	1	502436 Loop antenna (Models 62TC16, 26, 36).	\$3.00			119739	
24	502271 Condenser—mica 260 Mmfd. 500 volt.	.30		502247 Loop antenna (Model 62T16).	4.15			119559	
25	502165 Condenser—mica 1,000 Mmfd. 500 volt.	.45	2	504296 Coil—S.W. antenna	1.35			112745	
27	502159 Condenser—mica 50 Mmfd. 500 volt.	.24		502025 Complete coil and trimmer assembly for push-button tuner	8.80			114955	
30	502172 Condenser—trimmer; 25 to 100 Mmfd.	.36	7	502907 Coil less slug (540-1000 Kc.)	1.50			116563	
31	502159 Condenser—mica 50 Mmfd. 500 volt.	.24	8, 9	502908 Coil less slug (650-1300 Kc.)	1.50			117057	
33	502151 Condenser—.01 Mfd. 400 volt.	.20	10, 11	502909 Coil less slug (975-1600 Kc.)	1.50			504293	
38	502157 Condenser—.05 Mfd. 400 volt.	.24		502911 Slugs for coils 502907, 502908, 502909.	.25			502550	
43	502271 Condenser—mica 260 Mmfd. 500 volt.	.30		501151 Clip—for mtg. push-button coils	.08			502819	
44	502150 Condenser—.004 Mfd. 600 volt.	.20	14	502112 Coil B.C. antenna (for push-button)	1.70			501449	
45	502157 Condenser—.05 Mfd. 400 volt.	.24	15	504294 Tuning unit; complete assembly	10.60			501458	
49	502160 Condenser—mica 110 Mmfd. 500 volt.	.24	A, B, C, D	504210 Coil—B.C. antenna coupling (less slug)	1.20			501499	
50	502152 Condenser—.02 Mfd. 400 volt.	.24	15A	504210 Coil—B.C. R.F. (less slug)	.85			504097	
52	502410 Condenser—.1 Mfd. 400 volt.	.30	15B	504214 Coil—B.C. oscillator (less slug)	1.00			502601	
55	502405 Condenser—.25 Mfd. 400 volt.	.36	15C	504295 Coil—S.W. oscillator (less slug)	.75			501497	
59A, B, C	502207 Condenser—electrolytic A—20 Mfd. 400 volt. B—10 Mfd. 400 volt. C—20 Mfd. 25 volt.	2.20	15D	504342 Tuning slug for B.C. antenna and S.W. osc. coils (yellow end)	.45			501651	
60	502150 Condenser—.004 Mfd. 600 volt.	.20		504213 Tuning slug for B.C. oscillator coil (white end)	.45			81145	
61	502154 Condenser—.05 Mfd. 600 volt.	.24		504215 Tuning slug for B.C. R.F. coil (purple end)	.45			119087	
RESISTORS									
17	502127 Resistor—carbon 560 ohms 1/4 watt.	\$0.12	32	502111 Coil—S.W. oscillator	1.10			85078	
19	502134 Resistor—carbon 470,000 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12	35	502102 Transformer—1st I.F.	2.30			116584	
22	502132 Resistor—carbon 100,000 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12	40	502103 Transformer—2nd I.F.	2.30			504045	
23	502291 Resistor—carbon 4700 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12	48	502174 Transformer—power	7.50			118606	
26	502134 Resistor—carbon 470,000 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12		502170 Transformer—output for R-502168 spkr.	2.00			112818	
28	502130 Resistor—carbon 22,000 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12	68	504061 Transformer—output for M-502168 spkr.	2.00			116890	
34	502466 Resistor—carbon 33,000 ohms 1 watt.	1.16		504122 Transformer—output for D-502168 spkr.	2.00			160392	
36	502135 Resistor—carbon 2.2 Meg. 1/4 watt.	.12	5	502177 Switch—push button	\$4.10			502210	
37	502264 Resistor—carbon 47 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12	29	502147 Switch—band	2.00			118606	
39	502467 Resistor—carbon 68,000 ohms 1/2 watt.	.12	57, 58	110629 Lamp—dial (Mazda No. 44) 6.3 V 0.25 Amps.	.15			161384	
41	502131 Resistor—carbon 47,000 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12	64	502146 Switch—tone control	.70			504012	
42A, B	502148 Volume control 500,000 ohms (with switch)	1.25	66	502168 Speaker—Electro-Dynamic (6 inch)	9.50			119911	
46	502468 Resistor—carbon 4.7 Meg. 1/4 watt.	.12		502169 Cone & voice coil for R-502168 spkr.	2.75			111456	
47	502128 Resistor—carbon 2200 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12	67	504062 Cone & voice coil for M-502168 spkr.	2.75			500487	
				504123 Cone & voice coil for D-502168 spkr.	2.75				

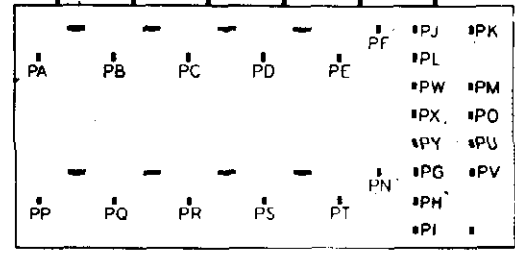
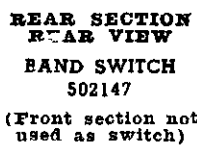
PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE

WARNER CORP.

**MODELS 62T16 (9023-C), 62TC16 (9023-D)
62TC26 (9023-E), 62TC36 (9023-F)**



- S FOR**
(UAL
COILS
F.—504211
P.—504215
D.—504213
C.—504211



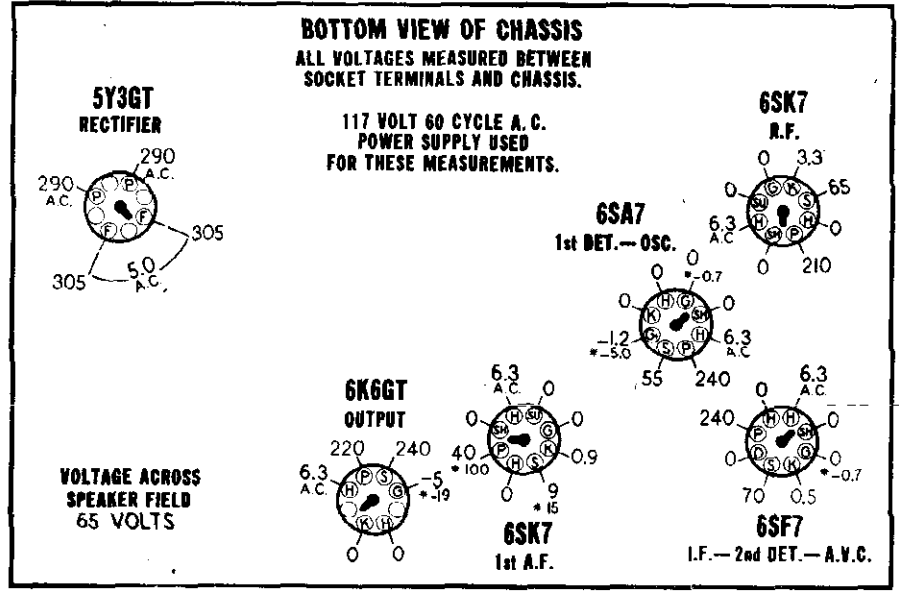
T	DESCRIPTION	LIST PRICE
MISCELLANEOUS PARTS		
17	Back for cabinet (Model 62TC16)	\$0.70
18	Back for cabinet (Model 62TC26)	.45
19	Back for cabinet (Model 62TC36)	.60
21	Back for cabinet (Model 62T16)	.85
14	Background for dial	.06
17	Base for mtg. electrolytic condenser	.04
19	Call letter tabs for push-buttons	.48
19	Clamp—dial glass	.08
5	Clip—coil mtg.	.01
5	Clip—retainer on end of dial cord	.01
3	Connector—antenna leads	.01
7	Cord—dial drive (40 in. required) per ft.	.05
13	Dial scale—glass	1.00
0	Escutcheon—(Model 62T16)	2.40
9	Escutcheon (Models 62TC16, 26, 36)	2.40
9	Knob—volume or tuning (Model 62T16)	.15
8	Knob—tone or band switch (Model 62T16)	.16
8	Knob—volume or tuning (Models 62TC16, 62TC26, 62TC36)	.20
9	Knob—tone or band switch (Models 62TC16, 62TC26, 62TC36)	.18
7	Plug—speaker	.25
1	Pointer	.18
7	Push-button (Model 62T16)	.15
1	Push-button (Models 62TC16, 26, 36)	.15
5	Retaining ring for tuning shaft	.01
7	Ring for dial cord	.01
8	Rubber grommet for mtg. B.C. Ant. and B.C. R.F. coils	.03
4	Rubber spacer for mtg. dial scale	.02
5	Rubber grommet for mtg. S.W. osc. and B.C. osc. coils	.04
2	Screw—No. 10x7/8"; for mtg. chassis	.03
1	Screw—No. 2x3/8"; for mtg. escutcheon	.02
7	Screw—No. 4x1/2"; for mtg. loop & back	.02
3	Shaft—tuning control	.18
3	Socket—dial lamp with lead	.10
3	Socket—octal base	.12
3	Socket—octal (rectifier)	.16
3	Socket—speaker	.25
1	Spring—dial cord tension	.06
2	Spring tuning slug drive cord	.05
1	Terminal strip—phono	.16
7	Washer—spring washer for tuning shaft	.005
7	Washer—felt; for knobs	.01

SOCKET VOLTAGES

Measured with voltmeter having sensitivity of 1000 ohms per volt except where indicated by (*).

**VOLUME ON FULL WITH NO SIGNAL
BAND SWITCH IN BROADCAST POSITION**

**DIAL TUNED TO 540 KO.
MANUAL BUTTON PUSHED IN**



REAR OF CHASSIS
*—Measured with vacuum tube voltmeter.
NOTE:—The 6K6GT grid bias of -19 volts can be measured across resistor No. 65.

MODELS 62T16, 62TC16,
62TC26, 62TC36

STEWART WARNER CORP.

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

1. Remove chassis and loop antenna from cabinet (do not remove loop of wire stapled to cabinet). After chassis has been removed, replace loop antenna in cabinet. Stand the chassis on one end and space it approximately same distance from loop as when installed in cabinet. Then reconnect all leads to loop antenna and to loop of wire stapled on cabinet.
2. Turn the tuning control knob clockwise as far as it will go (tuner mechanism is now in maximum open position with tuning slugs almost completely withdrawn from coils). Dial pointer should then point to 1600 KC mark on scale. If it is set incorrectly, release pointer clip on dial cord and reposition pointer.
3. Connect output meter across speaker voice coil or from 6K6GT plate to chassis through a .1 Mfd. condenser.
4. Connect the ground lead of the signal generator to the receiver chassis.
5. Set volume control at maximum volume position and use a weak signal from the signal generator.
6. Push in the manual button and leave it in that position throughout the alignment procedure.

IMPORTANT:—Align this receiver in exactly the order shown below.

DUMMY ANT. IN SERIES WITH SIGNAL GENERATOR	CONNECT HIGH SIDE OF SIGNAL GENERATOR TO	SIGNAL GENERATOR FREQUENCY	BAND SWITCH POSITION	RECEIVER DIAL SETTING	TRIMMER NUMBER	TRIMMER DESCRIPTION	TYPE OF ADJUSTMENT
.1 MFD. Condenser	Terminal "N" on Tuner Unit (See Fig. 2).	455 KC	Broadcast (Clockwise)	Any point where it does not affect the signal.	1-2	2nd I.F.	Adjust for maximum output. Then repeat adjustment.
					3-4	1st I.F.	
500 MMFD. Mica Condenser	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	1600 KC	Broadcast (Clockwise)	1600 Kc. Tune to 1600 Kc. generator signal.	5	Broadcast Oscillator	Adjust for maximum output.
					6	Broadcast R.F.	Adjust for maximum output.
500 MMFD. Mica Condenser	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	1400 KC	Broadcast (Clockwise)	Set pointer to 1400 Kc. mark on dial scale. Do not attempt to tune to generator signal.	7	Broadcast Ant.	Adjust for maximum output.
					BC. Osc. coil tuning slug		Adjust position of slug for maximum output.
500 MMFD. Mica Condenser	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	1600 KC	Broadcast (Clockwise)	Set pointer to 1600 Kc. mark on dial scale. Do not attempt to tune to generator signal.	BC. R.F. coil tuning slug		Adjust position of slug for maximum output.
					BC. Ant. coil tuning slug		Adjust position of slug for maximum output.
500 MMFD. Mica Condenser	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	1400 KC	Broadcast (Clockwise)	Tune to 1400 Kc. generator signal.	BC. R.F. coil tuning slug		Adjust position of slug for maximum output.
					BC. Ant. coil tuning slug		Adjust position of slug for maximum output.
400 OHM Carbon Resistor	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	9.6 MC	Short wave (Counter-Clockwise)	9.6 Mc.	8	S.W. Oscillator	Adjust for maximum output. Check to see if proper peak was obtained by setting the signal generator to 10.5 Mc. and then tune radio in vicinity of 9.6 Mc. If image signal is not heard, readjust at 9.6 Mc. with trimmer screw farther out. Recheck image.
					9	S.W. Antenna	Adjust for maximum output. Try to increase output by detuning trimmer and retuning receiver dial until maximum output is obtained.

Apply a coating of speaker cement at top of each tuning core stem to prevent movement.

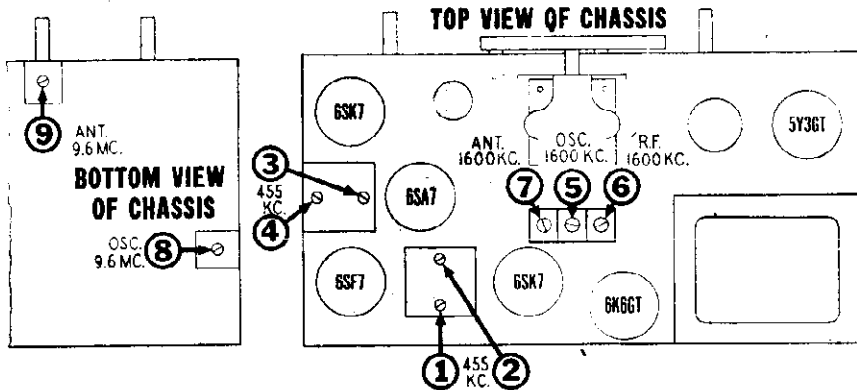


FIG. 1 TRIMMER LOCATIONS

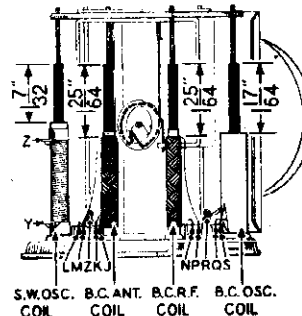


FIG. 2 SLUG TUNER ASSEMBLY (rear view)

Drive Parts
117057 Cord (8")
114955 Clip on cord
504012 Spring

STEWART WARNER CORP.

MODELS 62T16, 62TC16
62TC26, 62TC36
MODELS 9001-C, -D, -E
9001-F

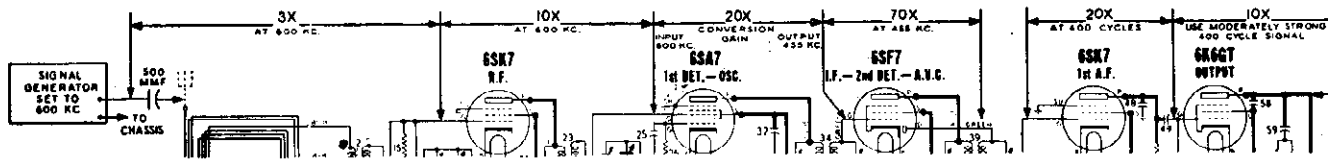
(MODELS 9001-C, D, E, F)

APPROXIMATE STAGE GAIN DATA

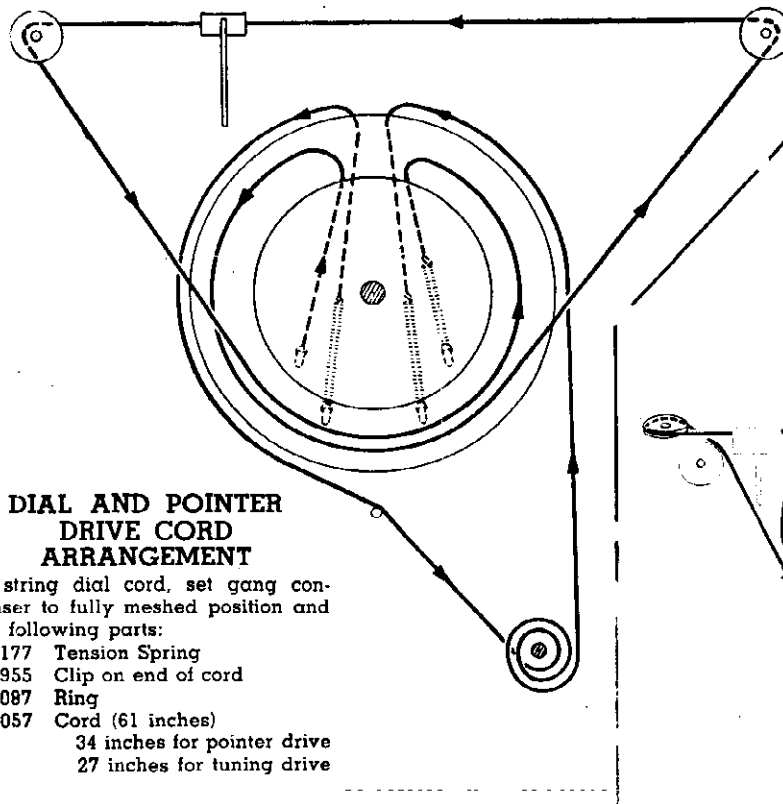
A vacuum tube voltmeter may be used for audio gain measurements. R.F. gains can be measured with a "channel" type instrument containing a tuned and calibrated R.F. amplifier. Observe following precautions:

1. For all gain measurements connect signal generator as shown. Use 600 KC. signal with 400 cycle modulation (use nearby frequency if local station interferes.)
2. For R.F. and I.F. measurements connect negative terminal of a 3 volt battery (two 1½ volt cells in series) to A.V.C. lead and positive terminal to chassis. This provides a definite operating point. IMPORTANT: Disconnect battery when measuring audio stage gains.
3. Be sure radio is carefully tuned to generator signal (use weak signal for sharp tuning.)
4. When using "channel" type instrument careful tune it for maximum output at desired frequency before making measurements.

The R.F. and I.F. stage gains shown below are less than under normal operating conditions due to the use of 3 volts fixed bias order to establish a definite operating point. Therefore, these values are not intended to indicate the full capability of a stage.



Differences in tube characteristics, tolerance of parts, adjustment of tuned circuits, and variations of line voltage will influence stage gain. Accuracy of measurements is dependent upon careful tuning of receiver to generator signal and experience in using your test equipment. These factors may create considerable variation in gain measurements.



DIAL AND POINTER DRIVE CORD ARRANGEMENT

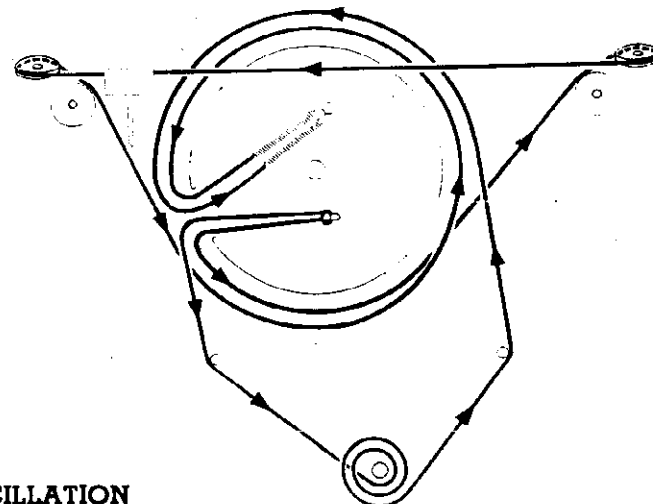
To string dial cord, set gang condenser to fully meshed position and use following parts:

- 113177 Tension Spring
- 114955 Clip on end of cord
- 119087 Ring
- 117057 Cord (61 inches)
34 inches for pointer drive
27 inches for tuning drive

(MODELS 62T16, 62TC16, 62TC26, 62TC36)
DIAL AND POINTER DRIVE CORD ARRANGEMENT

To string dial cord, turn the main drive drum to maximum counter-clockwise position and use following parts:

- 114955 Clip on end of cord
- 117057 Cord (40 inches)
- 119087 Ring for dial cord
- 161384 Tension Spring



AUDIO OSCILLATION

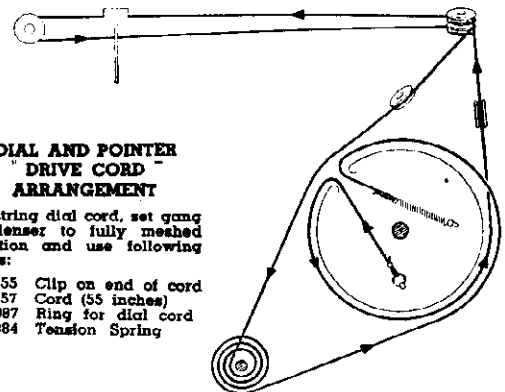
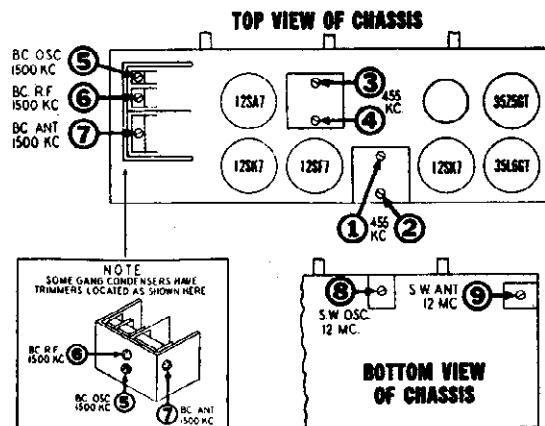
The audio system of this receiver utilizes a two stage type of inverse feed-back arrangement and should it ever be necessary to replace the speaker or output transformer it is important to maintain a definite phase relationship in the feedback circuit. If the connections to the output transformer are reversed or if the feed-back connection is made to the wrong side of the output transformer secondary, the system will become regenerative instead of degenerative. Under those conditions audio oscillation may result. If that occurs, oscillation may be prevented by reversing the connections to the primary of the output transformer.

STEWART WARNER CORP.

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

1. Remove chassis and loop antenna from cabinet. Reconnect loop to chassis and space it approximately same distance from chassis as when installed in cabinet.
 2. Note that there are four calibrating lines stamped into the metal dial frame. When gang condenser is fully meshed, dial pointer should be in the position indicated by first line at the left. If it is set incorrectly, release pointer clip on dial cord and reposition pointer.
 3. Connect an output meter across the speaker voice coil or from plate of 35L6GT tube to B— through a .1 Mfd. condenser (see voltage chart for convenient B— connection).
 4. Connect ground lead from signal generator to B— through a .25 Mfd. condenser.
 5. Set volume control at maximum volume position and use a weak signal from the signal generator.
- IMPORTANT:**—Align this receiver in exactly the order shown below. Broadcast band must be aligned before short wave band.

DUMMY ANT. IN SERIES WITH SIGNAL GENERATOR	CONNECT HIGH SIDE OF GENERATOR TO	SIGNAL GENERATOR FREQUENCY	BAND SWITCH POSITION	RECEIVER DIAL SETTING	TRIMMER NUMBER	TRIMMER DESCRIPTION	TYPE OF ADJUSTMENT
200 MMFD. Mica Condenser	Control Grid of 12SA7	455 KC	Broadcast	Any point where it does not affect the signal	1-2	2nd I.F.	Adjust for maximum output. Then repeat adjustment.
					3-4	1st I.F.	
200 MMFD. Mica Condenser	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	1500 KC	Broadcast	Set pointer to 1500 KC reference line stamped into metal dial plate (first line at the right)	5	Broadcast Oscillator (Shunt)	Adjust for maximum output.
200 MMFD. Mica Condenser	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	1500 KC	Broadcast	Tune to 1500 KC generator signal	6	Broadcast R.F.	Adjust for maximum output.
200 MMFD. Mica Condenser	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	1500 KC	Broadcast	Tune to 1500 KC generator signal	7	Broadcast Antenna	Adjust for maximum output.
400 OHM Resistor	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	12 MC	Short Wave	Set pointer to 12 MC. Reference line stamped into metal dial plate (second line from the right)	8	Short Wave Oscillator	Adjust to bring in signal. Check to see if proper peak was obtained by tuning in image at approx. 11.1 MC. If image does not appear, realign at 12 MC. with trimmer screw farther out. Recheck image.
400 OHM Resistor	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	12 MC	Short Wave	Tune to 12 MC generator signal	9	Short Wave Antenna	Adjust for maximum output. Try to increase output by detuning trimmer and retuning receiver dial until maximum output is obtained.

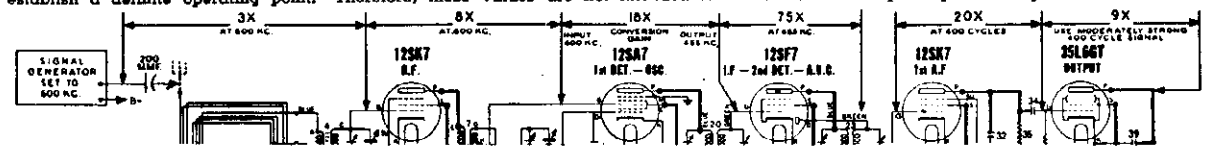


APPROXIMATE STAGE GAIN DATA

Be sure R.F. and I.F. stages are accurately aligned before measuring gain. R.F. gains can be measured with a "channel" type instrument containing a tuned and calibrated R.F. amplifier. A vacuum tube voltmeter may be used for audio gain measurements. Observe following precautions:

1. For all gain measurements connect signal generator as shown. Use 600 KC. signal with 400 cycle modulation (use nearby frequency if local station interferes.)
2. For R.F. and I.F. measurements connect negative terminal of a 3 volt battery (two 1½ volt cells in series) to A.V.C. lead and positive terminal to B—. This provides a definite operating point. **IMPORTANT:** Disconnect battery when measuring audio stage gains.
3. Be sure radio is carefully tuned to generator signal (use weak signal for sharp tuning)
4. When using a "channel" type instrument carefully tune it for maximum output at desired frequency before making measurements.

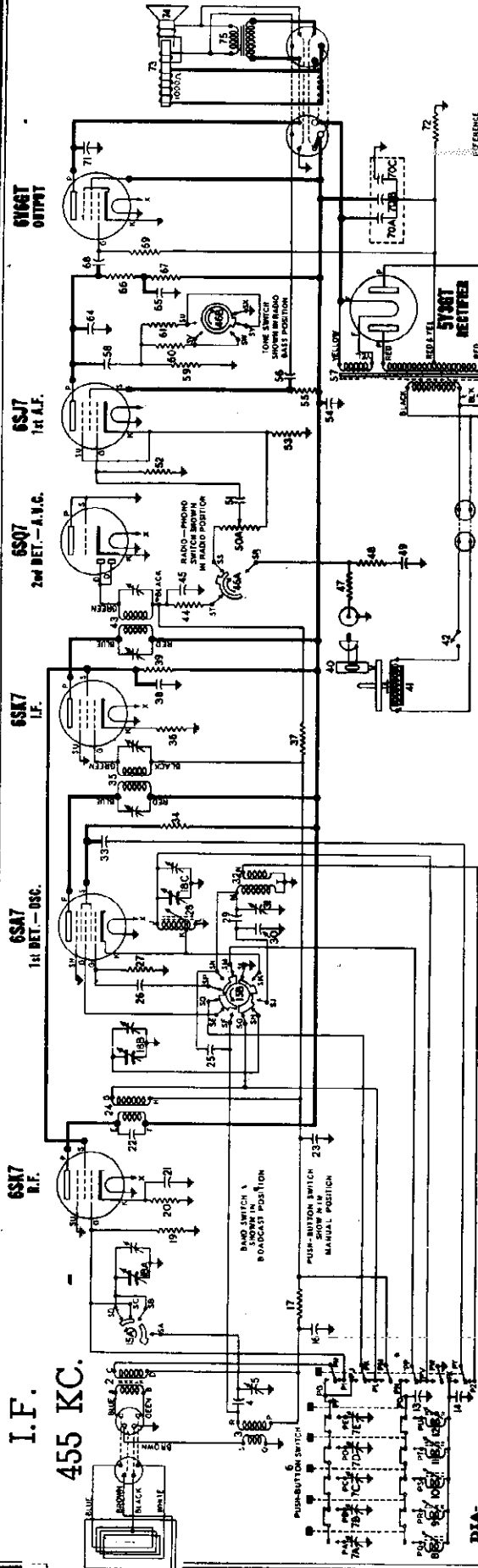
The R.F. and I.F. stage gains shown below are less than under normal operating conditions due to the use of 3 volts fixed bias in order to establish a definite operating point. Therefore, these values are not intended to indicate the full capability of a stage.



Differences in tube characteristics, tolerance of parts, adjustment of tuned circuits, and variations of line voltage will influence stage gain. Accuracy of measurements is dependent upon careful tuning of receiver to generator signal and experience in using your test equipment. These factors may create considerable variation in gain measurements.

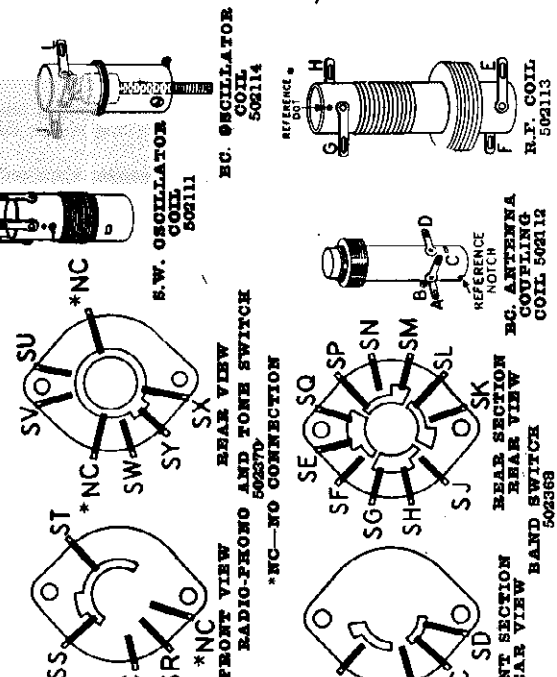
MODELS 72CR16, 72CR26

STEWART WARNER CORP.



CRACK NO.	DESCRIPTION	LIST PRICE
4	Condenser-ceramic 150 Mmfd. 500 volt \$0.50	502202
5	Condenser-trimmer 25 to 100 Mmfd. .36	502172
7 A to E	Condenser-trimmer assembly for P.B. tuner	502919
13	Condenser-mica 270 Mmfd. 500 volt	502181
14	Condenser-mica 1,000 Mmfd. 500 volt	502165
16	Condenser-variable gang	502153
18-A, B, C	Condenser-1 Mfd. 200 volt	502122
21	Condenser-ceramic 10 Mmfd. 500 volt	502135
22	Condenser-.05 Mfd. 200 volt	502295
23	Condenser-2 Mmfd. 500 volt	502173
24	Condenser-mica 30 Mmfd. 500 volt	502159
25	Condenser-ceramic 150 Mmfd. 500 volt	502201
30	Condenser-ceramic 38 Mmfd. 500 volt	502182
31	Condenser-trimmer 5 to 35 Mmfd.	502171
33	Condenser-.02 Mfd. 400 volt	502152
38	Condenser-.05 Mfd. 600 volt	502154
45	Condenser-mica 110 Mmfd. 500 volt	502160
49	Condenser-.01 Mfd. 400 volt	502151
51	Condenser-.004 Mfd. 600 volt	502150
54	Condenser-.05 Mfd. 600 volt	502154
56	Condenser-.25 Mfd. 400 volt	502405
58	Condenser-.01 Mfd. 400 volt	502151
64	Condenser-mica 280 Mmfd. 500 volt	502271
68	Condenser-.05 Mfd. 400 volt	502157
69	Condenser-.02 Mfd. 400 volt	502152
70-A, B, C	Condenser-electrolytic R-20 Mfd. 400 volt	502207
71	C-20 Mfd. 500 volt	502479
17	Resistor-carbon 47 M. 1/2 watt \$0.12	502134
19	Resistor-carbon 1,000 Ohms 1/2 watt	502468
20	Resistor-carbon 22,000 Ohms 1/2 watt	502130
27	Resistor-carbon 33,000 Ohms 1/2 watt	502136
34	Resistor-carbon 330,000 Ohms 1/2 watt	502466
36	Resistor-carbon 330 Ohms 1/2 watt	502457
37	Resistor-carbon 2.2 Meg. 1/2 watt	502135
39	Resistor-carbon 68,000 Ohms 1/2 watt	502292
44	Resistor-carbon 47,000 Ohms 1/2 watt	502131
47	Resistor-carbon 100,000 Ohms 1/2 watt	502132
48	Resistor-carbon 47,000 Ohms 1/2 watt	502131
50-A, B	Volume control—with switch; 500,000 Ohms	502148
52	Resistor-carbon 4.7 Meg. 1/4 watt	502468
53	Resistor-carbon 500 Ohms 1/4 watt	502495
55	Resistor-carbon 2.2 Meg. 1/4 watt	502135
58	Resistor-carbon 4.7 Meg. 1/4 watt	502468
60	Resistor-carbon 68,000 Ohms 1/4 watt	502408
61	Resistor-carbon 4,700 Ohms 1/4 watt	502291
65	Resistor-carbon 220,000 Ohms 1/4 watt	502133
66	Resistor-carbon 470,000 Ohms 1/4 watt	502134
72	Resistor-wire wound 200 Ohms 2 watt	502293
73	Speaker-electro-dynamic (10 inch) 14.00	502302
74	Cone and voice coil for R-502302 speaker	502304
	Cone and voice coil for M-502302 speaker	502395

Lettered terminals in illustrations correspond to similar terminals on the circuit diagram.



CRACK NO.	DESCRIPTION	LIST PRICE
502282	Loop antenna	\$5.00
502112	Coil-B.C. antenna	1.70
502119	Coil-S.W. antenna	1.10
502023	Complete coil-trimmer assembly for 880	8.80
502507	Coil (tuning) 540-1000 Kc.	1.50
502508	Coil less slug (650-1300 Kc.)	1.50
502511	Clip for coils 502307, 502308, 502309	.25
501151	Sing for coils 502307, 502308, 502309	.08
502113	Coil-BC, R.F.	1.85
502114	Coil-BC, oscillator	1.45
502111	Coil-S.W. oscillator	1.10
502102	Transformer-1st I.F.	2.30
502103	Transformer-2nd I.F.	2.30
502174	Transformer-power	7.50
502303	Transformer-output for R-502302 speaker	3.60
502394	Transformer-output for M-502302 speaker	3.60

CRACK NO.	DESCRIPTION	LIST PRICE
502369	Switch-push-button	\$4.10
502388	Switch-band	2.50
502461	Crystal cartridge (Astatic I-71)	6.10
502846	Motor-for type GI-502444 record changer; 115 volt 30 cycle	12.00
502847	Motor-for type GI-502444 record changer; 115 volt 60 cycle	10.00
504201	Motor-for type W-50428 record changer; 115 volt 60 cycle	8.30
504883	Switch-on-off; for type GI-502444 record changer	2.25
504203	Switch-on-off; for type W-504138 record changer	.80
502370	Switch-tone and radio-phonograph	1.30
110623	Lamp-dial (Marzda No. 44) 6.3 V. 0.25 Amps.	.15

OTHER ELECTRICAL PARTS

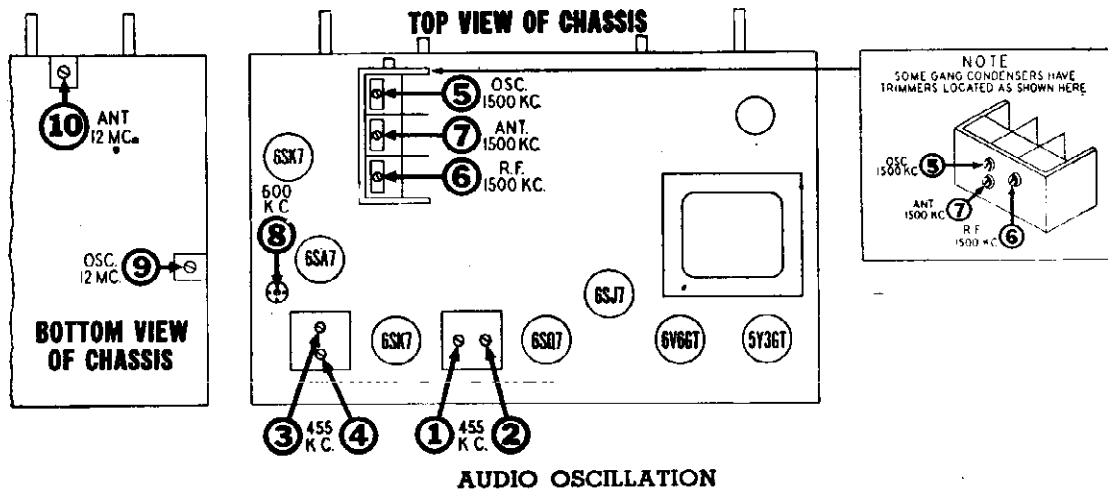
STEWART WARNER CORP

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

1. Remove chassis and loop antenna from cabinet (do not remove loop of wire stapled to cabinet). Wind one turn of insulated wire around frame of antenna so as to provide a means of coupling it to the signal generator. Stand chassis on one end and space it approximately same distance from loop as when installed in cabinet. Connect plug on loop antenna cable to socket at rear of chassis. Brown lead in antenna cable (which was connected to loop of wire stapled to cabinet) should now be connected to one end of new coupling turn on frame of loop.
2. Connect the ground lead of the signal generator to the receiver chassis.
3. With the gang condenser fully meshed, dial pointer should be in the position indicated by the last division below 55 on the dial. If it is set incorrectly, release pointer clip on dial cord and reposition pointer.
4. Connect output meter across speaker voice coil or from plate of 6V6GT to chassis through a .1 Mfd. condenser.
5. Set volume control at maximum volume position and use a weak signal from the signal generator.
6. Push in the manual button and leave it in that position throughout the alignment procedure.

IMPORTANT:--Align this receiver in exactly the order shown below. Broadcast band must be aligned before short wave band.

DUMMY ANT. IN SERIES WITH SIGNAL GENERATOR	CONNECT HIGH SIDE OF SIGNAL GENERATOR TO	SIGNAL GENERATOR FREQUENCY	BAND SWITCH POSITION	RECEIVER DIAL SETTING	TRIMMER NUMBER	TRIMMER DESCRIPTION	TYPE OF ADJUSTMENT	
.1 MFD. Condenser	Trimmer on rear section of gang	455 KC	Broadcast (counter-clockwise)	Any point where it does not affect the signal.	1-2	2nd I.F.	Adjust for maximum output. Then repeat adjustment.	
					3-4	1st I.F.		
500 MMFD. Mica Condenser	Coupling turn on Loop Frame	1500 KC	Broadcast (counter-clockwise)	1500 KC	5	Broadcast Oscillator (Shunt)	Adjust for maximum output.	
500 MMFD. Mica Condenser	Coupling turn on Loop Frame	1500 KC	Broadcast (counter-clockwise)	Tune to 1500 Kc. generator signal.	6	Broadcast R.F.	Adjust for maximum output.	
500 MMFD. Mica Condenser	Coupling turn on Loop Frame	1500 KC	Broadcast (counter-clockwise)	Tune to 1500 Kc. generator signal.	7	Broadcast Antenna	Adjust for maximum output.	
500 MMFD. Mica Condenser	Coupling turn on Loop Frame	600 KC	Broadcast (counter-clockwise)	Tune to 600 Kc. generator signal.	8	Adjustable core of Broadcast Oscillator Coil	Adjust for maximum output. Try to increase output by rotating core in and out and returning receiver dial until maximum output is obtained.	
500 MFD. Mica Condenser	Coupling turn on Loop Frame	Repeat adjustment of trimmers 5, 6 and 7 at 1500 Kc. Then recheck adjustment of trimmer 8 at 600 Kc.						
400 OHM Carbon Resistor	Coupling turn on Loop Frame	12 MC	Short wave (Clockwise)	12 MC	9	S.W. Oscillator	Adjust for maximum output. Check to see if proper peak was obtained by tuning in image at approx. 11.1 MC. If image does not appear, realign at 12 MC, with trimmer screw farther out. Recheck image.	
400 OHM Carbon Resistor	Coupling turn on Loop Frame	12 MC	Short wave (Clockwise)	Tune to 12 MC. generator signal.	10	S.W. Antenna	Adjust for maximum output. Try to increase output by detuning trimmer and returning receiver dial until maximum output is obtained.	



The audio system of this receiver utilizes a two stage type of inverse feed-back arrangement and should it ever be necessary to replace the speaker or output transformer it is important to maintain a definite phase relationship in the feed-back circuit. If the connections to the output transformer are reversed or if the feed-back connection is made to the wrong side of the output transformer secondary, the system will become regenerative instead of degenerative. Under those conditions audio oscillation may result. If that occurs, oscillation may be prevented by reversing the connections to the primary of the output transformer.

MODELS 72CR16, 72CR26

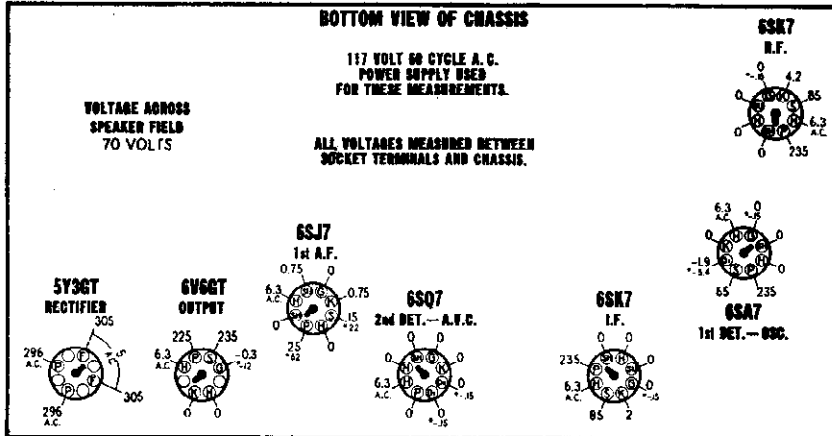
STEWART WARNER CORP.

Measured with voltmeter having sensitivity of 1000 ohms per volt except where indicated by (*).

RANGE SWITCH IN BROADCAST POSITION
VOLUME ON FULL WITH NO SIGNAL

DIAL TUNED TO 540 KC.
MANUAL BUTTON PUSHED IN

RADIO-PHONO-TONE SWITCH IN "RADIO-SPEECH" POSITION



BOTTOM VIEW OF CHASSIS

117 VOLT 60 CYCLE A.C. POWER SUPPLY USED FOR THESE MEASUREMENTS.

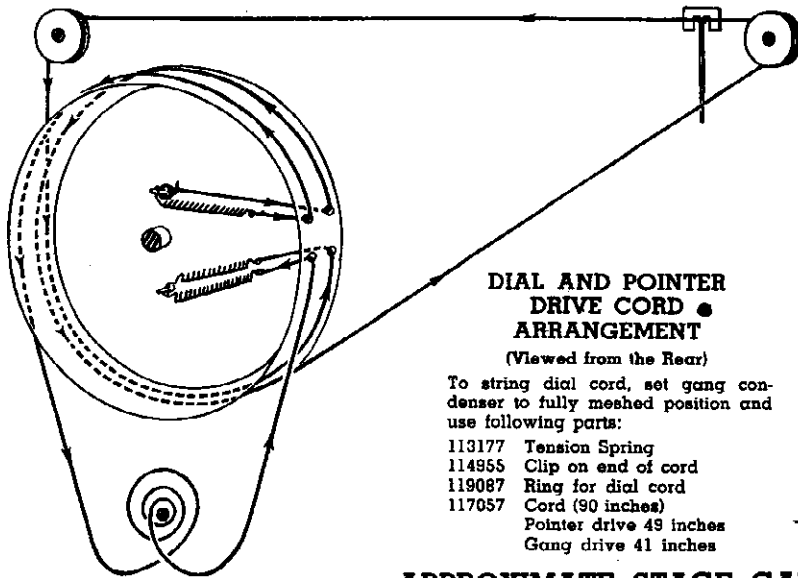
VOLTAGE ACROSS SPEAKER FIELD 70 VOLTS

ALL VOLTAGES MEASURED BETWEEN SOCKET TERMINALS AND CHASSIS.

REAR OF CHASSIS

*—Measured with vacuum tube voltmeter.

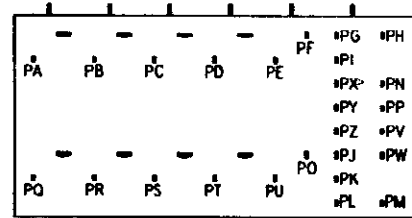
NOTE:—The 6V6GT grid bias of -12 volts can be measured across resistor No. 72.



DIAL AND POINTER DRIVE CORD ARRANGEMENT
(Viewed from the Rear)

To string dial cord, set gang condenser to fully meshed position and use following parts:

- 113177 Tension Spring
- 114955 Clip on end of cord
- 119087 Ring for dial cord
- 117057 Cord (90 inches)
- Pointer drive 49 inches
- Gang drive 41 inches



PUSH-BUTTON SWITCH
502369

MISCELLANEOUS PARTS

119993	Background for dial.....	\$0.22
116467	Base for mtg. electrolytic condenser.....	.04
117315	Coil letter tabs for push-button.....	.55
119989	Clamp for dial glass.....	.10
112745	Clip—coil mtg. ....	.01
114955	Clip—retainer on end of dial cord.....	.01
501151	Clip—for mtg. push button coils.....	.09
117057	Cord—dial drive (90" required) per ft. ....	.05
502227	Dial scale—glass.....	1.50
113402	Drum—for dial drive.....	.70
502428	Escutcheon for push-button (Model 72CR16).....	1.00
502429	Escutcheon for push-button (Model 72CR26).....	1.00
501449	Knob—volume or tuning (Model 72CR16).....	.15
501458	Knob—tone or band switch (Model 72CR16).....	.16
501498	Knob—volume or tuning (Model 72CR26).....	.20
501499	Knob—tone or band switch (Model 72CR26).....	.18
502460	Needle—phonograph.....	1.50
500366	Plug—phonograph pick-up cable.....	.10
501031	Plug—phonograph motor cable.....	.15
502281	Plug—loop antenna cable.....	.36
504097	Plug—speaker.....	.25
502496	Pointer.....	.16
501495	Push-Button (Model 72CR16).....	.15
502452	Push-Button (Model 72CR26).....	.15
81145	Retaining ring for tuning shaft.....	.01
119087	Ring for dial cord.....	.01
113463	Rubber pad—chassis mtg. ....	.03
118584	Rubber spacer for mtg. dial scale.....	.02
112874	Screw—No. 10 x 1 1/8", for mtg. chassis	.03
114914	Screw—No. 2 x 3/8", for mtg. escutcheon.....	.02
502399	Shaft—tuning control.....	.15
114876	Socket—octal base (rectifier).....	.15
119791	Socket—octal base.....	.12
118617	Socket—dial lamp.....	.15
160039	Socket—phonograph plug.....	.08
500051	Socket—loop antenna plug.....	.15
501182	Socket—phonograph motor cable.....	.45
502210	Socket—speaker.....	.25
113177	Spring—dial cord tension.....	.09
111456	Washer—spring washer for tuning shaft.....	.005
500487	Washer—felt for knobs.....	.01

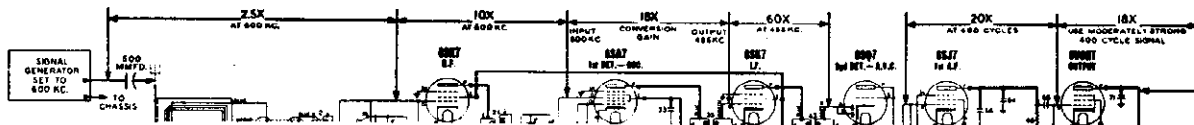
PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE

APPROXIMATE STAGE GAIN DATA

Be sure R.F. and I.F. stages are accurately aligned before measuring gain. R.F. gains can be measured with a "channel" type instrument containing a tuned and calibrated R.F. amplifier. A vacuum tube voltmeter may be used for audio gain measurements. Observe following precautions:

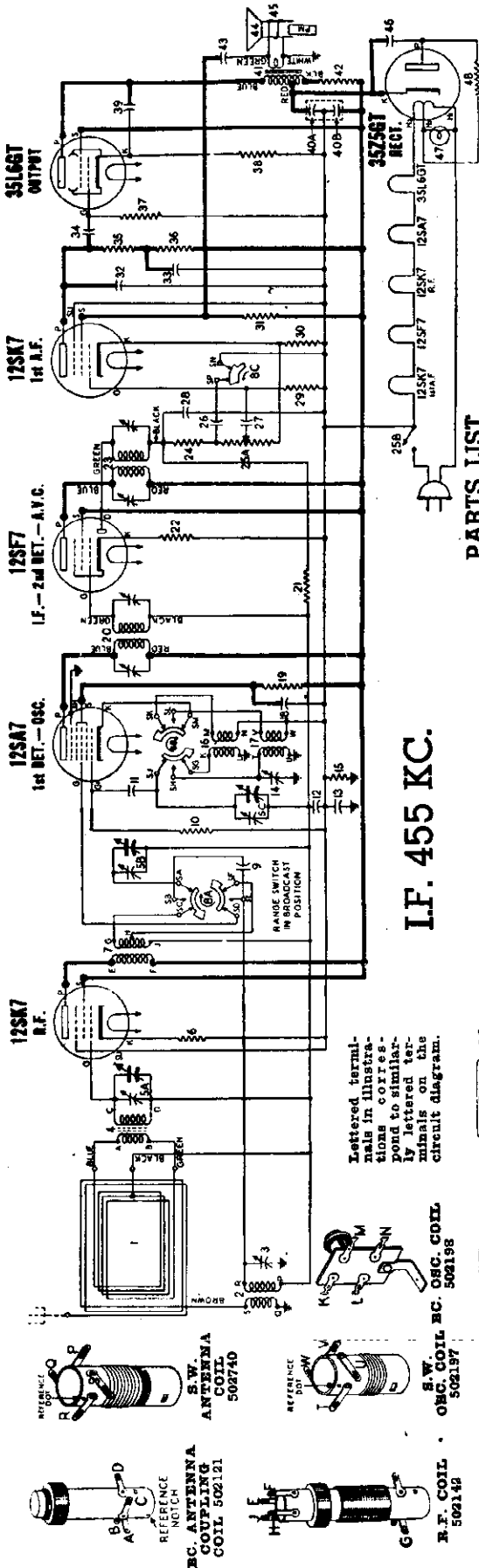
1. For all gain measurements connect signal generator as shown. Use 500 KC. signal with 400 cycle modulation (use nearby frequency if local station interferes.)
2. For R.F. and I.F. measurements connect negative terminal of a 3 volt battery (two 1 1/2 volt cells in series) to A.V.C. lead at terminal "D" of antenna coil; then connect positive battery lead to chassis. This provides a definite operating point.
IMPORTANT: Disconnect battery when measuring audio stage gains.
3. Be sure radio is carefully tuned to generator signal (use weak signal for sharp tuning.)
4. When using a "channel" type instrument carefully tune it for maximum output at desired frequency before making measurements.

The R.F. and I.F. stage gains shown below are less than under normal operating conditions due to the use of 3 volts fixed bias in order to establish a definite operating point. Therefore, these values are not intended to indicate the full capability of a stage.



Differences in tube characteristics, tolerance of parts, adjustment of tuned circuits, and variations of line voltage will influence stage gain. Accuracy of measurements is dependent upon careful tuning of receiver to generator signal and experience in using your test equipment. These factors may create considerable variation in gain measurements.

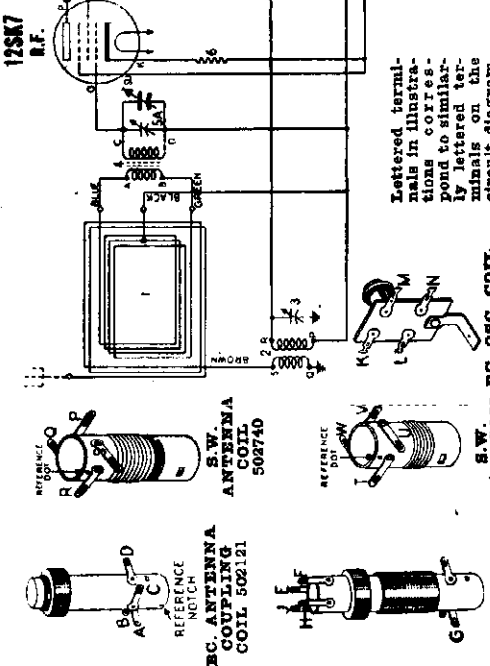
STEWART WARNER CORP.



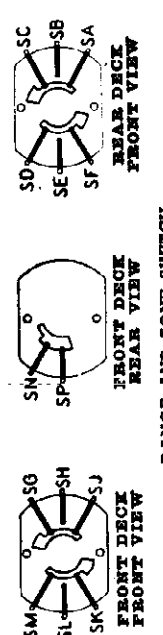
IF. 455 KC.

PARTS LIST

DIA. GRAM PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	LIST PRICE	DIA. GRAM PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	LIST PRICE
2	502172	Condenser-trimmer, 25 to 100 Mmfd.	4	502121	Coil-antenna coupling
3	5A-5B-5C	Condenser-variable gang (with drum)	7	502142	Coil-BC, R.F.
4	502162	Condenser-315 Mmfd, 500 volt	16	502198	Coil-BC, oscillator
5	502159	Condenser-mica-50 Mmfd, 500 volt	17	502187	Coil-S-W, oscillator
6	502158	Condenser-1 Mfd, 200 volt	20	502102	Transformer-1st I.F.
7	502156	Condenser-2 Mfd, 400 volt	23	500617	Transformer-2nd I.F.
8	502172	Condenser-trimmer, 25 to 100 Mmfd.	25	500617	Transformer-output for R-500616 spkr.
9	502470	Condenser-.25 Mfd, 200 volt	41	502906	Transformer-output for A-500616 spkr.
10	502130	Resistor-carbon 390 ohms 1/4 watt	42	502473	Switch-tone & range
11	502133	Resistor-carbon 22,000 ohms 1/4 watt	43	500587	Coils and voice coil for R-500615 spkr.
12	502281	Resistor-carbon 220,000 ohms 1/4 watt	44	502905	Cone and voice coil for A-500616 spkr.
13	502269	Resistor-carbon 4700 ohms 1/4 watt	45	500616	Speaker-P.M. dynamic (5 inch)
14	502264	Resistor-carbon 3.3 Meg. 1/4 watt	46	502473	Lamp-dial (Mazda 47) 6-S.V. 150 Ma.
15	502181	Resistor-carbon 47,000 ohms 1/4 watt	47		MISCELLANEOUS PARTS
16	502136	Resistor-carbon 10 Meg. 1/4 watt	116487	Base for mig. electrolytic condenser	.04
17	502135	Resistor-carbon 220 ohms 1/4 watt	502431	Back for cabinet	.05
18	502134	Resistor-carbon 220,000 ohms 1/4 watt	501732	Clamp-dial scale mtg.	.01
19	502133	Resistor-carbon 220,000 ohms 1/4 watt	112745	Clip-coil mtg.	.01
20	502133	Resistor-carbon 220,000 ohms 1/4 watt	114955	Clip-retainer on end of dial cord	.01
21	502133	Resistor-carbon 220,000 ohms 1/4 watt	116563	Connector-for antenna leads	.05
22	502133	Resistor-carbon 220,000 ohms 1/4 watt	117057	Coil-dial drive (57 in. required) per ft.	.04
23	502133	Resistor-carbon 220,000 ohms 1/4 watt	500324	Cover-cardboard, for elect. cond.	1.00
24	502133	Resistor-carbon 220,000 ohms 1/4 watt	502221	Dial scale-glass	1.00
25	502133	Resistor-carbon 220,000 ohms 1/4 watt	502700	Grille-metal, for cabinet	3.40
26	502133	Resistor-carbon 220,000 ohms 1/4 watt	501186	Grounding plate (under I.F. trans. can)	.10
27	502133	Resistor-carbon 220,000 ohms 1/4 watt	501178	Knob-volume or tuning	.12
28	502133	Resistor-carbon 220,000 ohms 1/4 watt	501779	Knob-tone & band switch	.14
29	502133	Resistor-carbon 220,000 ohms 1/4 watt	502357	Pointer	.16
30	502133	Resistor-carbon 220,000 ohms 1/4 watt	81145	Retaining ring for tuning shaft	.01
31	502133	Resistor-carbon 220,000 ohms 1/4 watt	14771	Screw-No. 6x3/8; holds frame to cab.	.02
32	502133	Resistor-carbon 220,000 ohms 1/4 watt	83047	Screw-No. 8x3/8; chassis mtg.	.02
33	502133	Resistor-carbon 220,000 ohms 1/4 watt	500734	Screw-No. 4x5/16; holds clamps to cab.	.02
34	502133	Resistor-carbon 220,000 ohms 1/4 watt	501777	Shelf-tuning control	.02
35	502133	Resistor-carbon 220,000 ohms 1/4 watt	502173	Shelf-tuning control	.15
36	502133	Resistor-carbon 220,000 ohms 1/4 watt	116830	Socket-antenna base	.12
37	502133	Resistor-carbon 220,000 ohms 1/4 watt	160392	Socket-100 ohm (with leads)	.44
38	502133	Resistor-carbon 130 ohms 1/4 watt	500499	Socket-dial lamp (with lens)	.08
39	502133	Resistor-carbon 130 ohms 1/4 watt	111456	Spring-dial cord tension	.05
40	502133	Resistor-carbon 130 ohms 1/4 watt	114384	Washer-spring for knobs	.06
41	502133	Resistor-carbon 130 ohms 1/4 watt	500467	Washer-felt; for knobs	.01
42	502133	Resistor-carbon 130 ohms 1/4 watt			
43	502152	Condenser-.02 Mfd, 400 volt			
44	502157	Condenser-.05 Mfd, 400 volt			
45	502157	Condenser-.05 Mfd, 400 volt			
46	502157	Condenser-.05 Mfd, 400 volt			
47	502157	Condenser-.05 Mfd, 400 volt			
48	502157	Condenser-.05 Mfd, 400 volt			
49	502157	Condenser-.05 Mfd, 400 volt			
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58	502157	Condenser-.05 Mfd, 400 volt			
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63	502157	Condenser-.05 Mfd, 400 volt			
64	502157	Condenser-.05 Mfd, 400 volt			
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69	502157	Condenser-.05 Mfd, 400 volt			
70	502157	Condenser-.05 Mfd, 400 volt			
71	502157	Condenser-.05 Mfd, 400 volt			
72	502157	Condenser-.05 Mfd, 400 volt			
73	502157	Condenser-.05 Mfd, 400 volt			
74	502157	Condenser-.05 Mfd, 400 volt			
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76	502157	Condenser-.05 Mfd, 400 volt			
77	502157	Condenser-.05 Mfd, 400 volt			
78	502157	Condenser-.05 Mfd, 400 volt			
79	502157	Condenser-.05 Mfd, 400 volt			
80	502157	Condenser-.05 Mfd, 400 volt			
81	502157	Condenser-.05 Mfd, 400 volt			
82	502157	Condenser-.05 Mfd, 400 volt			
83	502157	Condenser-.05 Mfd, 400 volt			
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87	502157	Condenser-.05 Mfd, 400 volt			
88	502157	Condenser-.05 Mfd, 400 volt			
89	502157	Condenser-.05 Mfd, 400 volt			
90	502157	Condenser-.05 Mfd, 400 volt			
91	502157	Condenser-.05 Mfd, 400 volt			
92	502157	Condenser-.05 Mfd, 400 volt			
93	502157	Condenser-.05 Mfd, 400 volt			
94	502157	Condenser-.05 Mfd, 400 volt			
95	502157	Condenser-.05 Mfd, 400 volt			
96	502157	Condenser-.05 Mfd, 400 volt			
97	502157	Condenser-.05 Mfd, 400 volt			
98	502157	Condenser-.05 Mfd, 400 volt			
99	502157	Condenser-.05 Mfd, 400 volt			
100	502157	Condenser-.05 Mfd, 400 volt			

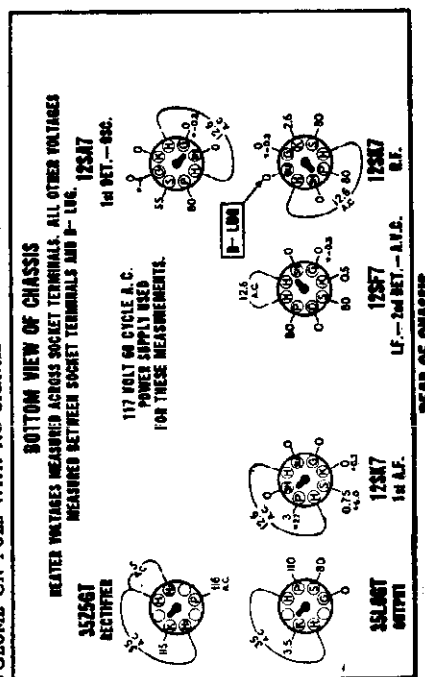


Lettered terminals in illustrations correspond to similar lettered terminals on the circuit diagram.



SOCKET VOLTAGES

Measured with voltmeter having sensitivity of 1000 ohms per volt except where indicated by (*)



MODEL 9000-B

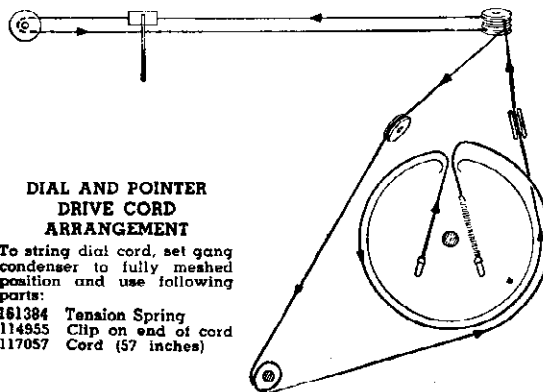
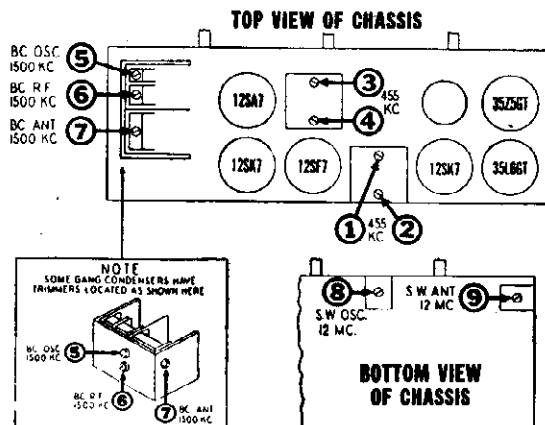
STEWART WARNER CORP.

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

1. Remove chassis and loop antenna from cabinet (do not remove loop of wire stapled to cabinet). After chassis has been removed, replace loop antenna in cabinet. Stand the chassis on one end and space it approximately same distance from loop as when installed in cabinet. Then reconnect all leads to loop antenna and to loop of wire stapled on cabinet.
2. Note that there are four calibrating lines stamped into the metal dial frame. When gang condenser is fully meshed, dial pointer should be in the position indicated by first line at the left. If it is set incorrectly, release pointer clip on dial cord and reposition pointer.
3. Connect an output meter across the speaker voice coil or from plate of 35L6GT tube to B— through a .1 Mfd. condenser (see voltage chart for convenient B— connection).
4. Connect ground lead from signal generator to B— through a .25 Mfd. condenser.
5. Set volume control at maximum volume position and use a weak signal from the signal generator.

IMPORTANT:—Align this receiver in exactly the order shown below. Broadcast band must be aligned before short wave band.

DUMMY ANT. IN SERIES WITH SIGNAL GENERATOR	CONNECT HIGH SIDE OF GENERATOR TO	SIGNAL GENERATOR FREQUENCY	BAND SWITCH POSITION	RECEIVER DIAL SETTING	TRIMMER NUMBER	TRIMMER DESCRIPTION	TYPE OF ADJUSTMENT
200 MMFD. Mica Condenser	Control Grid of 12SA7	455 KC	Broadcast	Any point where it does not affect the signal	1-2 3-4	2nd I.F. 1st I.F.	Adjust for maximum output. Then repeat adjustment.
200 MMFD. Mica Condenser	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	1500 KC	Broadcast	Set pointer to 1500 KC reference line stamped into metal dial plate (first line at the right)	5	Broadcast Oscillator (Shunt)	Adjust for maximum output.
200 MMFD. Mica Condenser	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	1500 KC	Broadcast	Tune to 1500 KC generator signal	6	Broadcast R.F.	Adjust for maximum output.
200 MMFD. Mica Condenser	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	1500 KC	Broadcast	Tune to 1500 KC generator signal	7	Broadcast Antenna	Adjust for maximum output.
400 OHM Resistor	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	12 MC	Short Wave	Set pointer to 12 MC. Reference line stamped into metal dial plate (second line from the right)	8	Short Wave Oscillator	Adjust to bring in signal. Check to see if proper peak was obtained by tuning in image at approx. 11.1 MC. If image does not appear, realign at 12 MC. with trimmer screw farther out. Recheck image.
400 OHM Resistor	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	12 MC	Short Wave	Tune to 12 MC generator signal	9	Short Wave Antenna	Adjust for maximum output. Try to increase output by detuning trimmer and retuning receiver dial until maximum output is obtained.

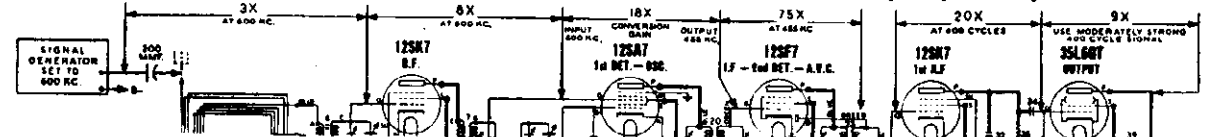


APPROXIMATE STAGE GAIN DATA

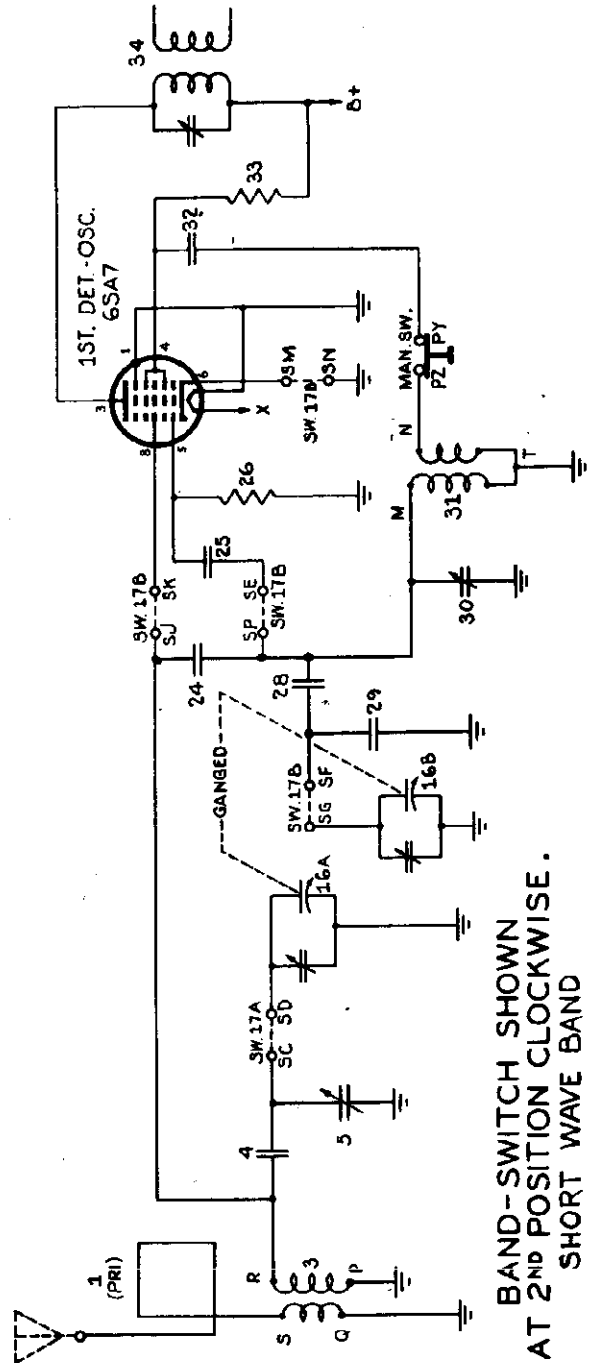
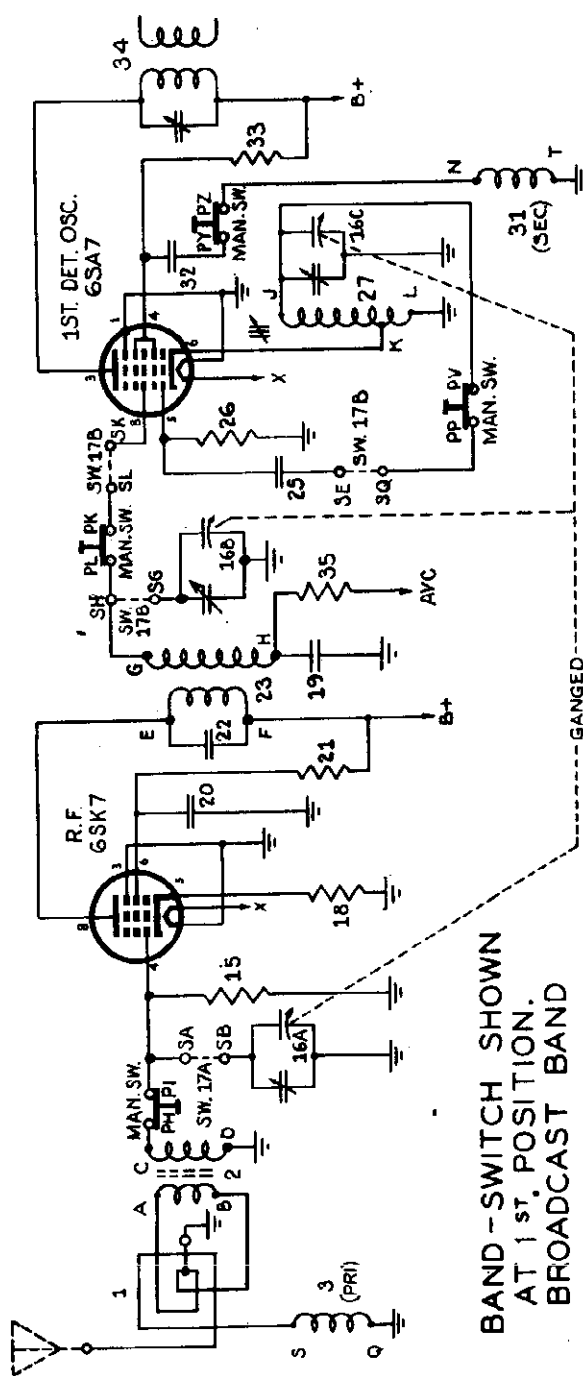
Be sure R.F. and I.F. stages are accurately aligned before measuring gain. R.F. gains can be measured with a "channel" type instrument containing a tuned and calibrated R.F. amplifier. A vacuum tube voltmeter may be used for audio gain measurements. Observe following precautions:

1. For all gain measurements connect signal generator as shown. Use 600 KC. signal with 400 cycle modulation (use nearby frequency if local station interferes.)
2. For R.F. and I.F. measurements connect negative terminal of a 3 volt battery (two 1 1/2 volt cells in series) to A.V.C. lead and positive terminal to B—. This provides a definite operating point. **IMPORTANT:** Disconnect battery when measuring audio stage gains.
3. Be sure radio is carefully tuned to generator signal (use weak signal for sharp tuning.)
4. When using a "channel" type instrument carefully tune it for maximum output at desired frequency before making measurements.

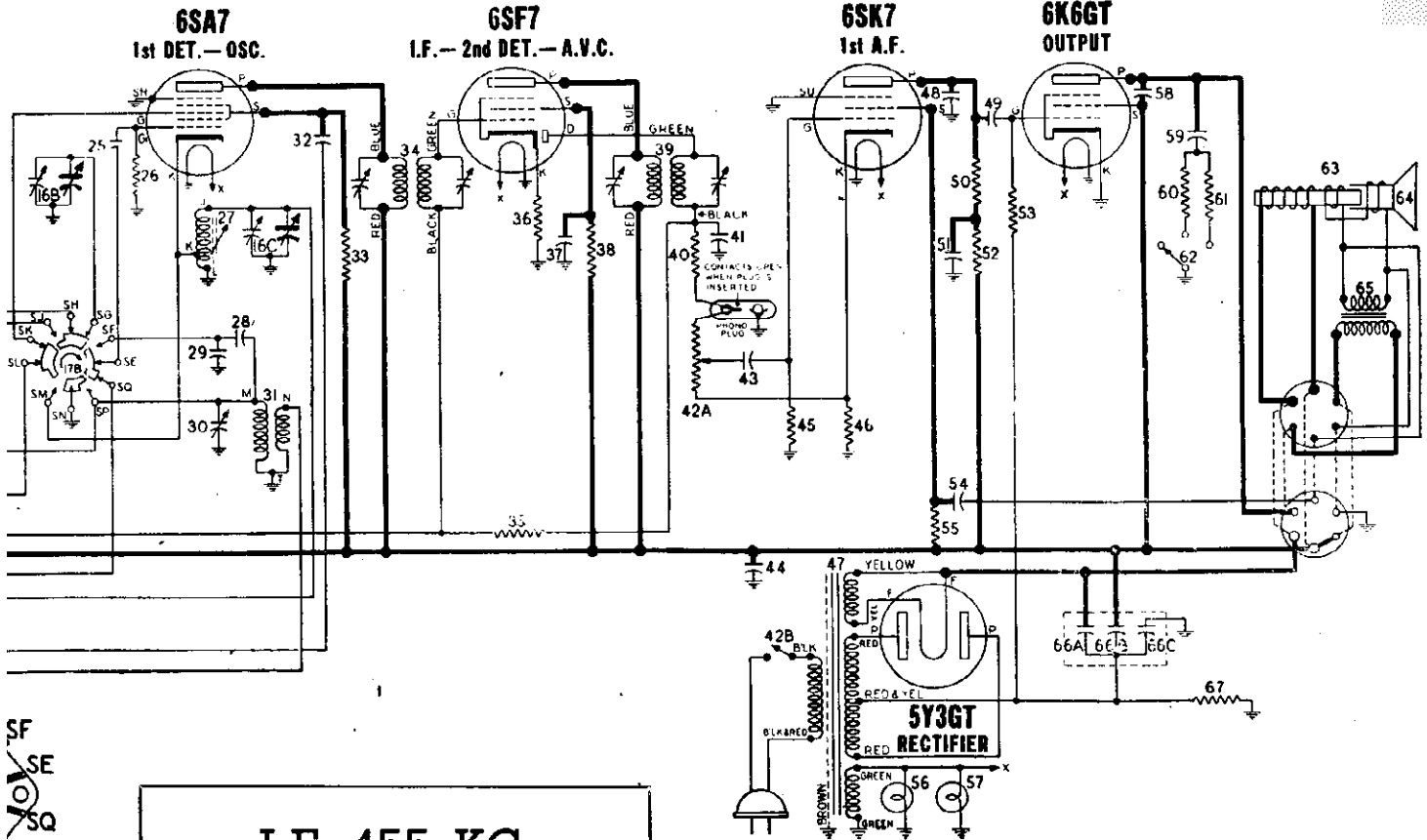
The R.F. and I.F. stage gains shown below are less than under normal operating conditions due to the use of 3 volts fixed bias in order to establish a definite operating point. Therefore, these values are not intended to indicate the full capability of a stage.



Differences in tube characteristics, tolerance of parts, adjustment of tuned circuits, and variations of line voltage will influence stage gain. Accuracy of measurements is dependent upon careful tuning of receiver to generator signal and experience in using your test equipment. These factors may create considerable variation in gain measurements.



WARNER CORP.



I.F. 455 KC.

PARTS LIST

IN	LIST PRICE	DIA-GRAM NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	LIST PRICE	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	LIST PRICE
Mmfd. 500 volt \$		42A, B.	502148	Volume control 500,000 ohms (with switch)	\$	116467	Base for mtg. Electrolytic Condenser...	\$
to 100 Mmfd.		45	502468	Resistor—carbon 4.7 Meg. 1/4 watt		502437	Back for cabinet (Model 9001-D)	
sm. for P-B tuner		46	502128	Resistor—carbon 2200 ohms 1/4 watt		502438	Back for cabinet (Model 9001-E)	
mfd. 500 volt		50	502133	Resistor—carbon 220,000 ohms 1/4 watt		502439	Back for cabinet (Model 9001-F)	
Mmfd. 500 volt		52	502132	Resistor—carbon 100,000 ohms 1/4 watt		502471	Back for cabinet (Model 9001-C)	
ng		53	502134	Resistor—carbon 470,000 ohms 1/4 watt		119694	Background for dial	
1 volt		55	502135	Resistor—carbon 2.2 Meg. 1/4 watt		119559	Clamp—for dial glass	
1 volt		60	502291	Resistor—carbon 4700 ohms 1/4 watt		112745	Clip—coil mtg.	
Mmfd. 500 volt		61	502127	Resistor—carbon 560 ohms 1/4 watt		114955	Clip—retainer on end of dial cord	
1 volt		67	502137	Resistor—wire wound 330 ohms 2 watt		501151	Clip—for mtg. push-button coils	
dd. 500 volt				COILS & TRANSFORMERS		118563	Connector for antenna lead	
Mmfd. 500 volt		1	502247	Loop antenna (Model 9001-C)		117057	Cord—dial (61 in. required)	
Mmfd. 500 volt		2	502436	Loop antenna (Models 9001-D, E, F)		502219	Dial scale—glass	
to 35 Mmfd.		2	502112	Coil—B.C. antenna		117029	Drum—for dial drive	
1 volt		3	502110	Coil—S.W. antenna		502550	Escutcheon (Model 9001-C)	
1 volt			502025	Complete coil and trimmer assembly for push-button tuner		502819	Escutcheon (Models 9001-D, E, F)	
mfd. 500 volt		8	502907	Coil less slug (540-1000 Kc.)		501449	Knob—volume or tuning (Model 9001-C)	
00 volt		9, 10	502908	Coil less slug (850-1300 Kc.)		501458	Knob—tone or band switch (Model 9001-C)	
1 volt		11, 12	502909	Coil less slug (975-1600 Kc.)		501498	Knob—volume or tuning (9001-D, E, F)	
mfd. 500 volt			502911	Tuning slug for coils, 502907, 502908, 502909		501499	Knob—tone or band switch (9001-D, E, F)	
1 volt			501151	Clip—for mtg. push-button coils		504097	Plug for speaker	
1 volt		23	502113	Coil—B.C. R.F.		502801	Pointer	
00 volt		27	502114	Coil—B.C. oscillator		501497	Push button (Model 9001-C)	
1 volt		31	502111	Coil—S.W. oscillator		501651	Push button (Models 9001-D, E, F)	
1 volt		34	502102	Transformer—1st I.F.		81145	Retaining ring for tuning shaft	
1 volt		39	502103	Transformer—2nd I.F.		119087	Ring for dial cord	
1 volt		47	502174	Transformer—power		116584	Rubber spacer for mtg. dial scale	
1 volt		65	502170	Transformer—output for R-502168 spkr.		85832	Screw—No. 8-32 for dial drum	
1 volt			504061	Transformer—output for M-502168 spkr.		83552	Screw—No. 10x7/8" for mtg. chassis	
1 volt				OTHER ELECTRICAL PARTS		114914	Screw—No. 2x3/8" for mtg. escutcheon	
1 volt		6	502177	Switch—push-button		501777	Screw—No. 4x1/2" for mtg. loop & back	
1 volt		17A, B	502147	Switch—band		118606	Shaft—tuning control	
1 volt		56, 57	110629	Lamp—(Mazda No. 44) 6.3 V. 0.25 Amps.		112818	Socket—dial lamp with lead	
1 volt		62	502146	Switch—tone control		116690	Socket—octal base	
1 volt		63	502168	Speaker—Electro-Dynamic (6 inch); field resistance 1000 ohms		160392	Socket—octal (rectifier)	
1 volt						502210	Socket for speaker	
1 volt		64	502169	Cone & voice coil for R-502168 spkr.		113177	Spring—dial cord tension	
1 volt			504062	Cone & voice coil for M-502168 spkr.		119911	Terminal strip—phono	
						111456	Washer—spring washer for tuning shaft	
						500487	Washer—felt; for knobs	

MODELS 9001-C, 9001-D,
9001-E, 9001-F

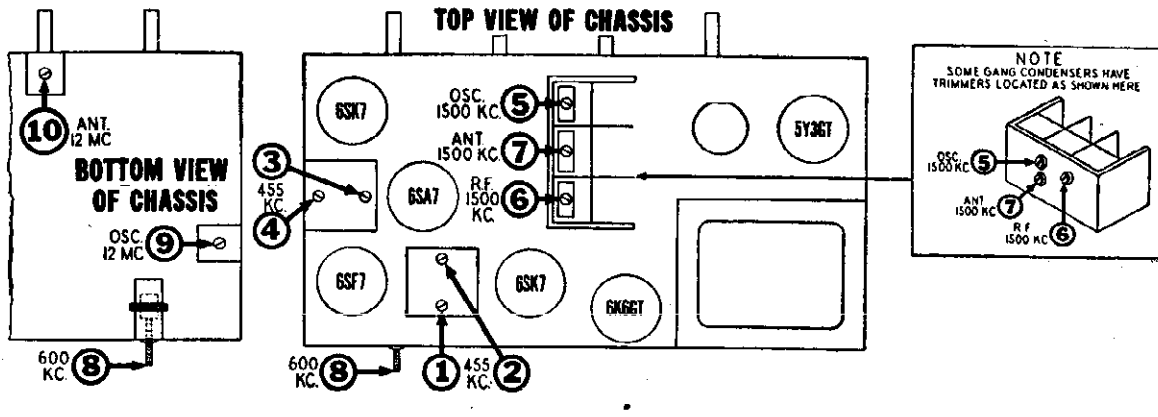
STEWART WARNER CORP.

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

1. Remove chassis and loop antenna from cabinet (do not remove loop of wire stapled to cabinet). After chassis has been removed, replace loop antenna in cabinet. Stand the chassis on one end and space it approximately same distance from loop as when installed in cabinet. Then reconnect all leads to loop antenna and to loop of wire stapled on cabinet.
2. With the gang Condenser fully meshed, dial pointer should be in the position indicated by the last division below 55 on the dial. If it is set incorrectly, release pointer clip on dial cord and reposition pointer.
3. Connect output meter across speaker voice coil or from plate to chassis through a .1 Mfd. condenser.
4. Connect the ground lead of the signal generator to the receiver chassis.
5. Set volume control at maximum volume position and use a weak signal from the signal generator.
6. Push in the manual button and leave it in that position throughout the alignment procedure.

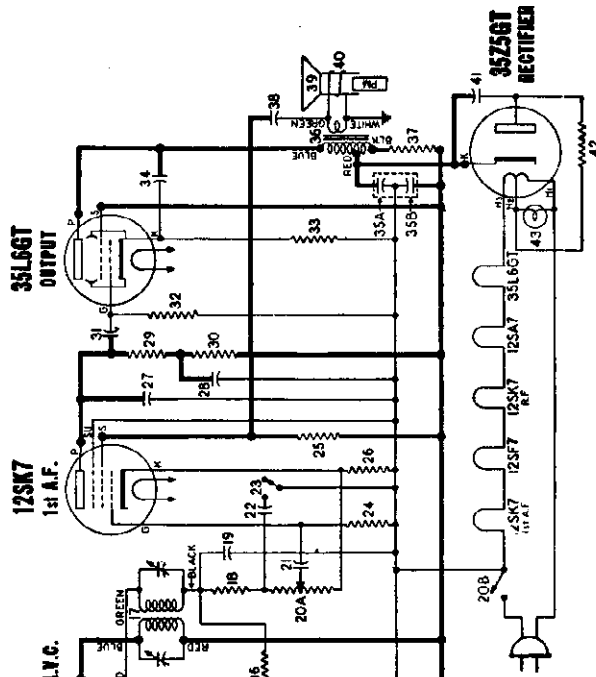
IMPORTANT—Align this receiver in exactly the order shown below. Broadcast band must be aligned before short wave band.

DUMMY ANT. IN SERIES WITH SIGNAL GENERATOR	CONNECT HIGH SIDE OF SIGNAL GENERATOR TO	SIGNAL GENERATOR FREQUENCY	BAND SWITCH POSITION	RECEIVER DIAL SETTING	TRIMMER NUMBER	TRIMMER DESCRIPTION	TYPE OF ADJUSTMENT	
.1 MFD. Condenser	Trimmer on rear section of gang	455 KC	Broadcast (Clockwise)	Any point where it does not affect the signal.	1-2	2nd I.F.	Adjust for maximum output. Then repeat adjustment.	
					3-4	1st I.F.		
500 MMFD. Mica Condenser	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	1500 KC	Broadcast (Clockwise)	1500 KC	5	Broadcast Oscillator (Shunt)	Adjust for maximum output.	
500 MMFD. Mica Condenser	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	1500 KC	Broadcast (Clockwise)	Tune to 1500 Kc. generator signal.	6	Broadcast R.F.	Adjust for maximum output.	
500 MMFD. Mica Condenser	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	1500 KC	Broadcast (Clockwise)	Tune to 1500 Kc. generator signal.	7	Broadcast Antenna	Adjust for maximum output.	
500 MMFD. Mica Condenser	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	600 KC	Broadcast (Clockwise)	Tune to 600 Kc. generator signal.	8	Adjustable core of Broadcast Oscillator Coil.	Adjust for maximum output. Try to increase output by rotating core in and out until maximum output is obtained.	
500 MFD. Mica Condenser	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	Repeat adjustment of trimmers 5, 6 and 7 at 1500 Kc. Then re-check adjustment of trimmer 8 at 600 Kc.						
400 OHM Carbon Resistor	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	12 MC	Short wave (Counter-Clockwise)	12 MC	9	S.W. Oscillator	Adjust for maximum output. Check to see if proper peak was obtained by tuning in image at approx. 11.1 MC. If image does not appear, realign at 12 MC. with trimmer screw farther out. Recheck image.	
400 OHM Carbon Resistor	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	12 MC	Short wave (Counter-Clockwise)	Tune to 12 MC. generator signal.	10	S.W. Antenna	Adjust for maximum output. Try to increase output by detuning trimmer and returning receiver dial until maximum output is obtained.	

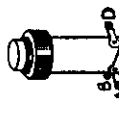


STEWART WARNER CORP.

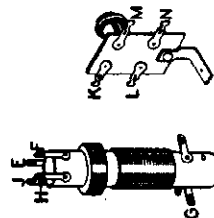
MODELS 9002-A, 9002-B
9002-P, 9002-R



I.F. 455 KC.



ANT. COUPLING NOTCH COIL 502131

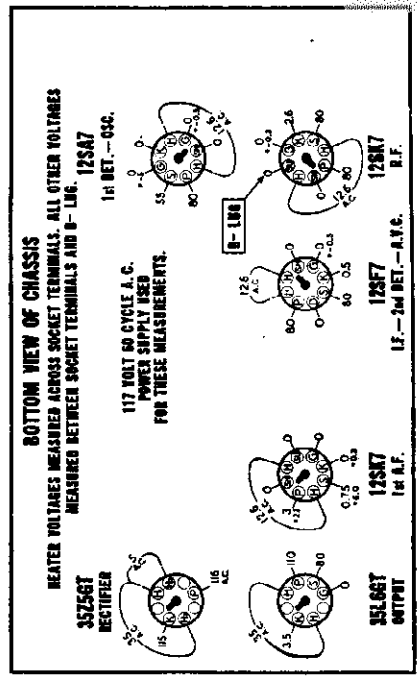


O.S. COIL 502142

SOCKET VOLTAGES

Measured with voltmeter having sensitivity of 1000 ohms per volt except where indicated by (*).

VOLUME ON FULL WITH NO SIGNAL DIAL TUNED TO 540 KC.



DIA. GRAM NO.	DESCRIPTION	LIST PRICE
23	500546 Switch-tone control	
39	502214 Cone & voice coil for R-502208 spkr.	
40	502208 Cone & voice coil for A-502208 spkr.	
43	R-502208 Speaker, P.M. Dynamic (5" dia.)	
	118921 Lamp-dial (Mazda 47) 6-V, 150 Ma.	
MISCELLANEOUS PARTS		
17063	Screw-No. 6 x 1/4	
17064	Screw-No. 4 x 7/32	
114628	Screw-No. 8 x 1/2 chassis mtg.	
81145	Retaining ring for tuning shaft	
111456	Washer-spring washer for tuning shaft	
112745	Clip-coil mtg.	
114955	Clip-retainer on end of dial cord	
503497	Clip-retainer for cabinet back	
118467	Base for mtg. electrolytic condenser	
118583	Connector-for antenna leads	
118580	Socket-osc. base	
180362	Socket-rectifier (with leads)	
117657	Socket-dial lamp (with leads)	
161354	Cord-dial drive (5" req'd)	
500261	Clamp-dial scale mtg. (Models 9002-A, B)	
502506	Clamp-dial scale mtg. (Models 9002-P, R)	
500924	Cover-carbon, for elect. cond.	
501186	Grounding plate (under I.F. transformer)	
502173	Shaft-tuning control	
502185	Back for cabinet (Models 9002-A, B)	
502668	Back for cabinet (Model 3002-A)	
502223	Dial scale-glass (Model 9002-A)	
502224	Dial scale-glass (Model 9002-B)	
502691	Dial scale-glass (Model 9002-P, R)	
500364	Cabinet-ivory (Model 9002-B)	
507244	Cabinet-marogany (Model 9002-A)	
502665	Cabinet-ivory (Model 9002-R)	
502666	Cabinet-marogany (Model 9002-P)	
502367	Pointer (Models 9002-A, B)	
502890	Pointer (Models 9002-P, R)	
502551	Knob-maroon (Model 9002-A)	
502552	Knob-maroon (Model 9002-B)	
502563	Knob-marogany (Model 9002-P)	
502564	Knob-marogany (Model 9002-R)	
CONDENSERS		
3A-3B-3C	502123 Condenser-variable (with drum)	\$
7	502159 Condenser-mica-50 Mmld. 500 Vdm.	
10	502155 Condenser-1 Mic. 200 Volt.	
9	502158 Condenser-2 Mid. 200 Volt.	
12	502262 Condenser-25 Mid. 200 Volt.	
18	502160 Condenser-mica-10 Mmld. 500 Volt.	
21	502453 Condenser-500 Mid. 400 Volt.	
22	502470 Condenser-300 Mid. 400 Volt.	
27	502190 Condenser-0.01 Mid. 500 Volt.	
46	502194 Condenser-0.04 Mid. 400 Volt.	
50	502198 Condenser-0.01 Mid. 400 Volt.	
51	502151 Condenser-electrolytic	
35A-35B	500256 A-40 Mid. 150 Volt	
	B-20 Mid. 150 Volt	
38	502153 Condenser-.02 Mid. 400 Volt.	
41	502137 Condenser-.05 Mid. 400 Volt.	
RESISTORS		
4	502140 Resistor-carbon 350 Ohms 1/4 Watt	
6	502130 Resistor-carbon 22,000 Ohms 1/4 Watt	
11	502133 Resistor-carbon 220,000 Ohms 1/4 Watt	
13	502291 Resistor-carbon 4700 Ohms 1/4 Watt	
15	502264 Resistor-carbon 47 Ohms 1/4 Watt	
16	502269 Resistor-carbon 3.3 Meg. 1/4 Watt	
18	502131 Resistor-carbon 47,000 Ohms 1/4 Watt	
20	502131 Volume control 500,000 Ohms (with switch)	
24	502136 Resistor-carbon 10 Meg. 1/4 Watt	
25	502135 Resistor-carbon 2.2 Meg. 1/4 Watt	
26	502128 Resistor-carbon 2200 Ohms 1/4 Watt	
29-30	502134 Resistor-carbon 220,000 Ohms 1/4 Watt	
32	502134 Resistor-carbon 470,000 Ohms 1/4 Watt	
33	502138 Resistor-carbon 130 Ohms 1/4 Watt	
37	502469 Resistor-carbon 1500 Ohms 1/4 Watt	
42	502574 Resistor-carbon 33 Ohms 1/2 Watt	
COILS & TRANSFORMERS		
1	502246 Loop Antenna	
2	502121 Coil-antenna coupling	
5	502142 Coil-R.F.	
8	502196 Coil-oscillator	
14	502102 Transformer 1st I.F.	
17	502103 Transformer 2nd I.F.	
	502213 Transformer-Output for R-502208 spkr.	

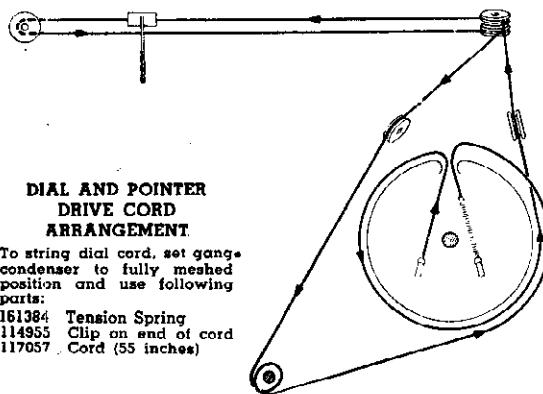
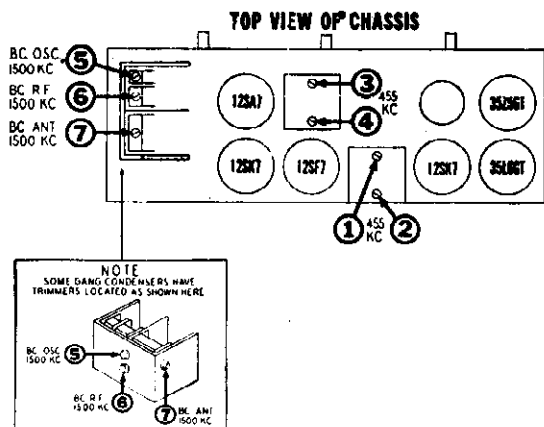
MODELS 9002-A, 9002-B,
9002-P, 9002-R

STEWART WARNER CORP.

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

1. Remove chassis and loop antenna from cabinet. Reconnect loop to chassis and space it approximately same distance from chassis as when installed in cabinet.
2. Note that there are four calibrating lines stamped into the metal dial frame. When gang condenser is fully meshed, dial pointer should be in the position indicated by first line at the left. If it is set incorrectly, release pointer clip on dial cord and reposition pointer.
3. Connect an output meter across the speaker voice coil or from plate of 35L6GT tube to B— through a .1 Mfd. condenser (see voltage chart for convenient B— connection).
4. Connect ground lead from signal generator to B— through a .25 Mfd. condenser.
5. Set volume control at maximum volume position and use a weak signal from the signal generator.

DUMMY ANT. IN SERIES WITH SIGNAL GENERATOR	CONNECTION OF SIG. GENERATOR OUTPUT TO RECEIVER	SIGNAL GENERATOR FREQUENCY	RECEIVER DIAL SETTING	TRIMMER NUMBER	TRIMMER DESCRIPTION	TYPE OF ADJUSTMENT
200 MMFD. Mica Condenser	Control Grid of 12SA7	455 KC	Any point where it does not affect the signal	1-2	2nd I.F.	Adjust for maximum output. Then repeat adjustment.
				3-4	1st I.F.	
200 MMFD. Mica Condenser	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	1500 KC	Set pointer to 1500 KC reference line stamped into metal dial plate (first line at the right)	5	Broadcast Oscillator (Shunt)	Adjust for maximum output.
200 MMFD. Mica Condenser	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	1500 KC	Tune to 1500 KC generator signal	6	Broadcast R.F.	Adjust for maximum output.
200 MMFD. Mica Condenser	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	1500 KC	Tune to 1500 KC generator signal	7	Broadcast Antenna	Adjust for maximum output.

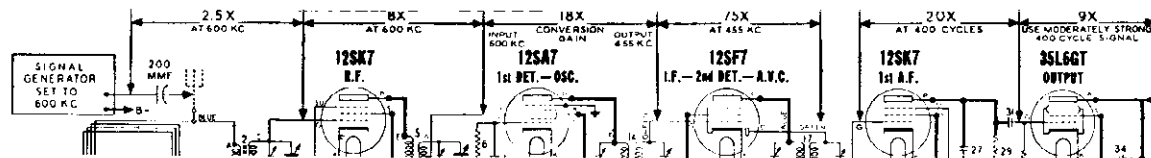


APPROXIMATE STAGE GAIN DATA

A vacuum tube voltmeter may be used for audio gain measurements. R.F. gains can be measured with a "channel" type instrument containing a tuned and calibrated R.F. amplifier. Observe following precautions:

1. For all gain measurements connect signal generator as shown. Use 600 KC. signal with 400 cycle modulation (use nearby frequency if local station interferes.)
2. For R.F. and I.F. measurements connect negative terminal of a 3 volt battery (two 1½ volt cells in series) to A.V.C. lead and positive terminal to B—. This provides a definite operating point. **IMPORTANT:** Disconnect battery when measuring audio stage gains.
3. Be sure radio is carefully tuned to generator signal (use weak signal for sharp tuning.)
4. When using a "channel" type instrument carefully tune it for maximum output at desired frequency before making measurements.

The R.F. and I.F. stage gains shown below are less than under normal operating conditions due to the use of 3 volts fixed bias in order to establish a definite operating point. Therefore, these values are not intended to indicate the full capability of a stage.



Differences in tube characteristics, tolerance of parts, adjustment of tuned circuits, and variations of line voltage will influence stage gain. Accuracy of measurements is dependent upon careful tuning of receiver to generator signal and experience in using your test equipment. These factors may create considerable variation in gain measurements.

NOTE:—The circuit shown below applies to chassis which have "S" designation will have the following circuit differences.
 1. Terminal "D" of BC. Antenna Coil No. 15 and terminal "C" of BC. Oscillator Coil No. 15 are omitted.
 2. Condenser No. 73 and resistor No. 74 are omitted.
 Improved sensitivity on Push Button tuning and short wave opera in the circuit on this page and adding parts No. 73 and No. 74.

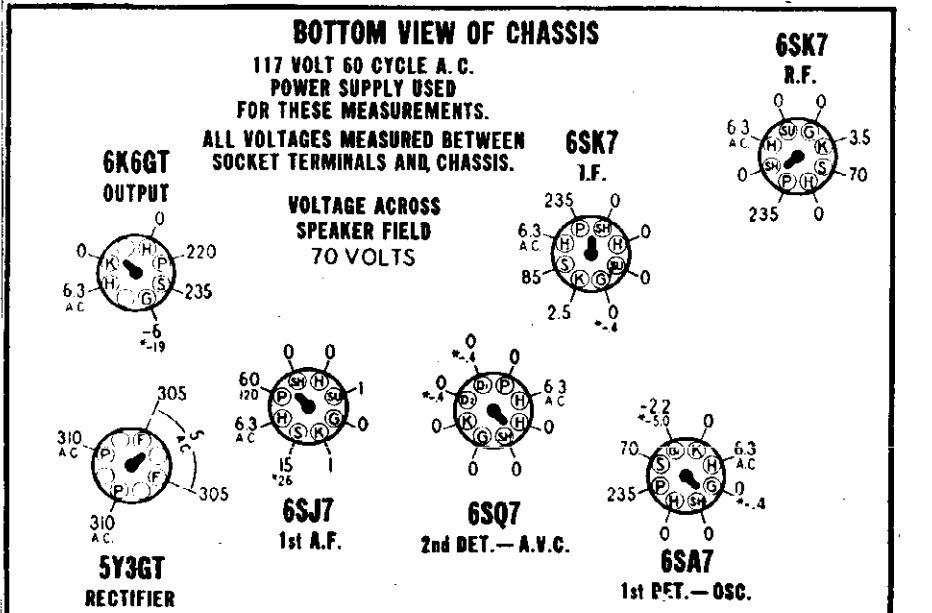
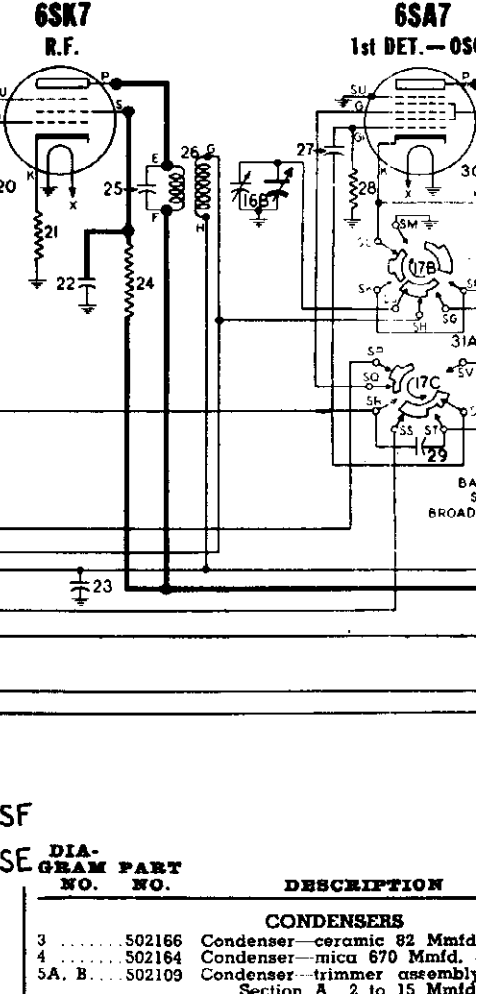
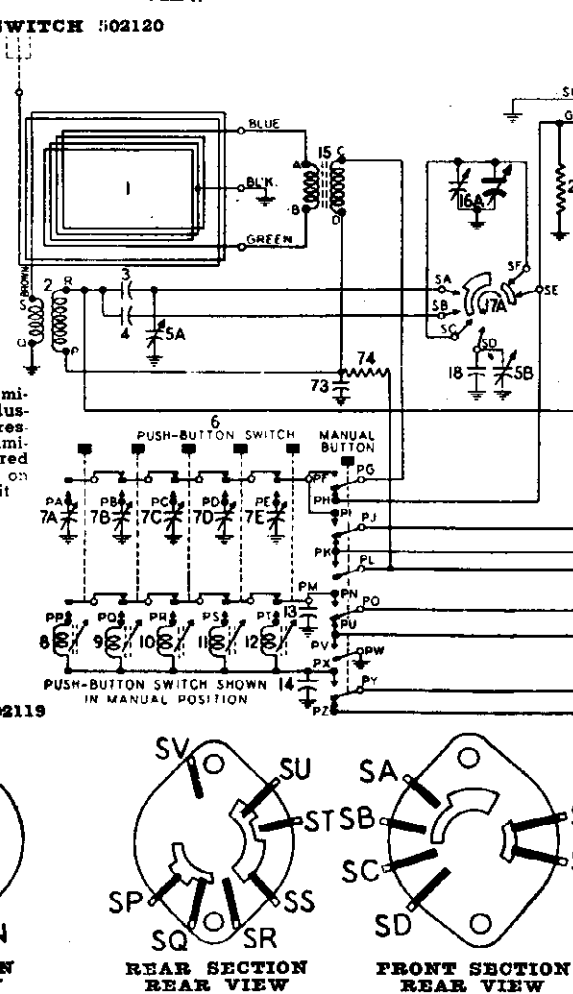
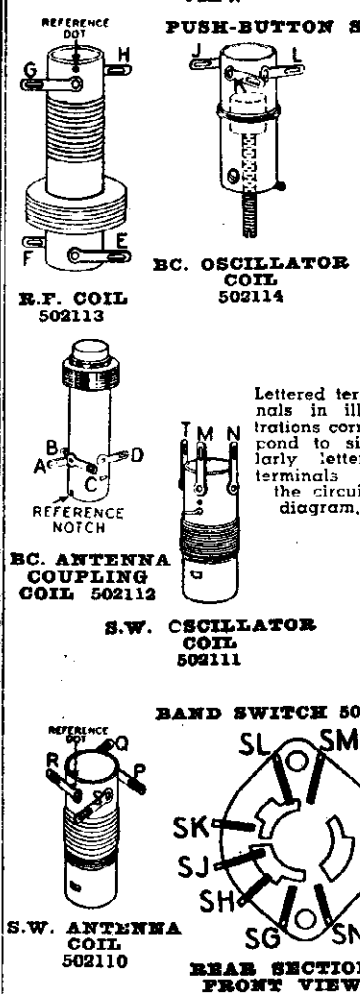
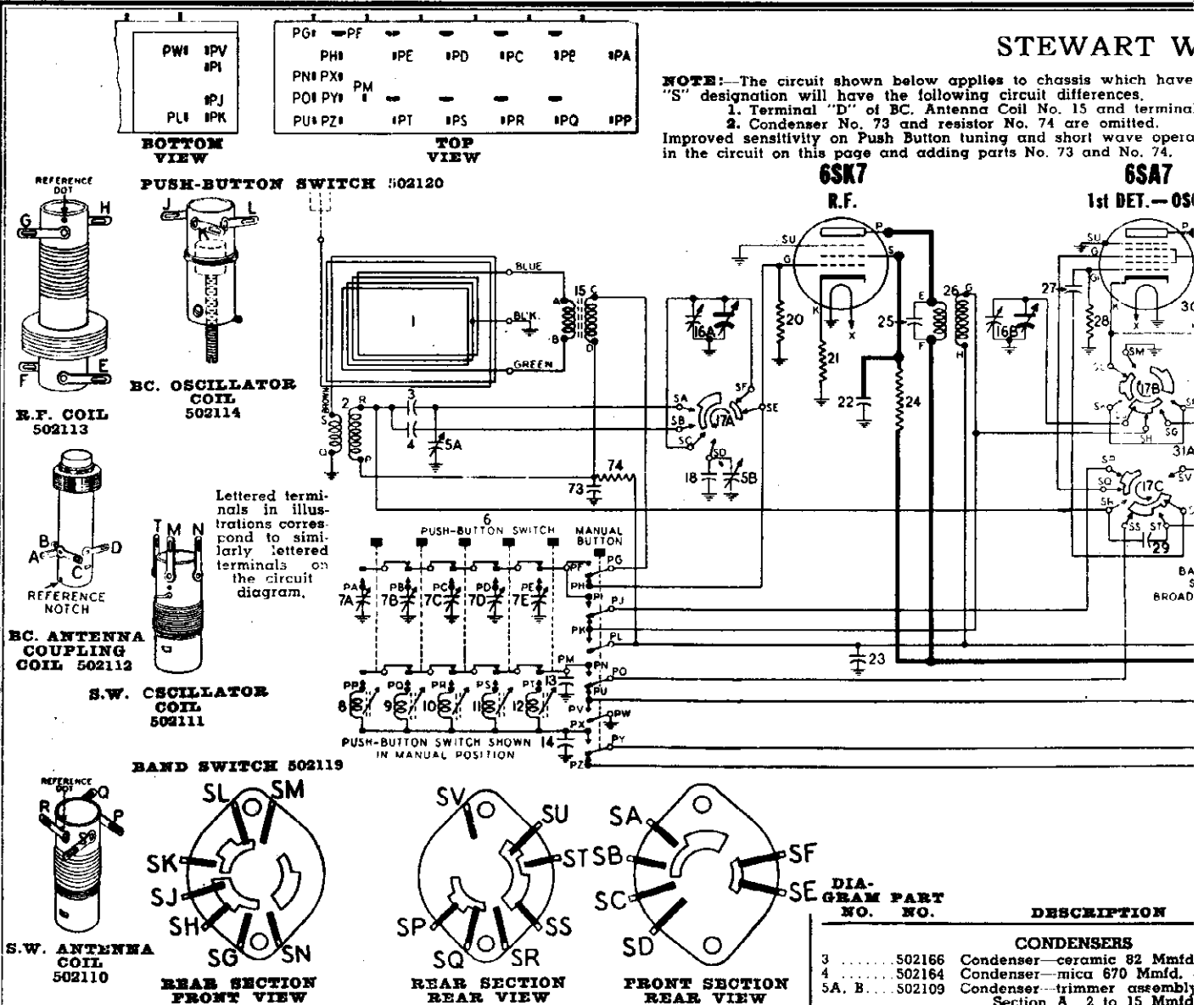


DIAGRAM PART NO.	NO.	DESCRIPTION
CONDENSERS		
3	502166	Condenser—ceramic 82 Mmfd.
4	502164	Condenser—mica 670 Mmfd.
5A, B, C	502109	Condenser—trimmer assembly Section A 2 to 15 Mmfd Section B 10 to 40 Mmfd Section C 2 to 15 Mmfd.
7A to E	502910	Condenser—trimmer assem. k
13	502161	Condenser—mica 270 Mmfd.
14	502165	Condenser—mica 1,000 Mmfd.
16A, B, C	502122	Condenser—variable gang
18	502182	Condenser—ceramic 39 Mmfd.
22	502157	Condenser—.05 Mfd. 400 volt
23	502155	Condenser—.1 Mfd. 200 volt
25	502295	Condenser—ceramic 10 Mmfd.
27	502159	Condenser—mica 50 Mmfd.
29	502411	Condenser—2 Mmfd. 500 volt
31A, B, C	502108	Condenser—trimmer assem. Section A 2 to 15 Mmfd. Section B 2 to 15 Mmfd.
32	502182	Condenser—ceramic 39 Mmfd.
33	502167	Condenser—ceramic 68 Mmfd.
34	502163	Condenser—mica 430 Mmfd.
37	502151	Condenser—.01 Mfd. 430 vc
42	502157	Condenser—.05 Mfd. 400 vc
46	502271	Condenser—mica 260 Mmfd.
48	502150	Condenser—.004 Mfd. 600 vc
49	502157	Condenser—.05 Mfd. 400 vc
53	502160	Condenser—mica 110 Mmfd.
54	502152	Condenser—.02 Mfd. 400 vc
56	502410	Condenser—.1 Mfd. 400 vc
59	502405	Condenser—.25 Mfd. 400 vc
63	502150	Condenser—.004 Mfd. 600 vc
64	502154	Condenser—.05 Mfd. 600 volt
71A, B, C	502207	Condenser—Electrolytic A—20 Mfd. 25 volt B—20 Mfd. 400 volt C—10 Mfd. 400 volt
73	502153	Condenser—.05 Mfd. 200 volt
RESISTORS		
20	502468	Resistor—carbon 4.7 Meg. 1/2
21	502127	Resistor—carbon 560 Ohms 1/2
24	502132	Resistor—carbon 100,000 Ohm
28	502130	Resistor—carbon 22,000 Ohm
38	502466	Resistor—carbon 33,000 Ohm

DIAL TUNED TO 540 KC. REAR VOLUME ON FULL WITH NO SIGNAL
 MANUAL BUTTON PUSHED IN RANGE SWITCH IN BROADCAST POSITION
 *—Measured with vacuum tube voltmeter.
 NOTE:—The 6K6GT grid bias of —19 volts can be measured across resistor No. 72.

MODEL 9003-B

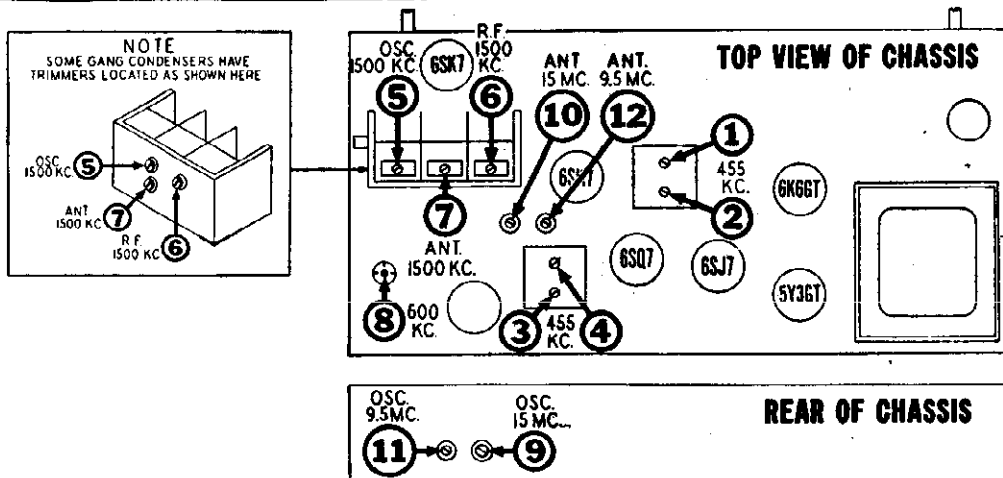
STEWART WARNER CORP.

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

1. The chassis and loop antenna should remain in their normal position in the cabinet throughout the following procedure.
2. Check arrangement of leads to push-button switch as shown in illustration on following page.
3. With the gang condenser fully meshed, dial pointer should be in the position indicated by the last division below 55 on the dial. If it is set incorrectly, release pointer clip on dial cord and reposition pointer.
4. Connect output meter across speaker voice coil.
5. Connect the ground lead of the signal generator to the receiver chassis.
6. Set volume control at maximum volume position and use a weak signal from the signal generator.
7. Push in the manual button and leave it in that position throughout the alignment procedure.

IMPORTANT:—Align this receiver in exactly the order shown below. Broadcast band must be aligned before short wave bands.

DUMMY ANT. IN SERIES WITH SIGNAL GENERATOR	CONNECT HIGH SIDE OF SIGNAL GENERATOR TO	SIGNAL GENERATOR FREQUENCY	BAND SWITCH POSITION	RECEIVER DIAL SETTING	TRIMMER NUMBER	TRIMMER DESCRIPTION	TYPE OF ADJUSTMENT	
.1 MFD. Condenser	Trimmer on rear section of gang	455 KC	Broadcast (counterclockwise)	Any point where it does not affect the signal.	1-2 3-4	2nd I.F. 1st I.F.	Adjust for maximum output. Then repeat adjustment.	
.003 MFD. Condenser	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	1500 KC	Broadcast (counterclockwise)	1500 KC	5	Broadcast Oscillator (Shunt)	Adjust for maximum output.	
.003 MFD. Condenser	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	1500 KC	Broadcast (counterclockwise)	Tune to 1500 KC Generator Signal	6	Broadcast R.F.	Adjust for maximum output.	
.003 MFD. Condenser	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	1500 KC	Broadcast (counterclockwise)	Tune to 1500 KC Generator Signal	7	Broadcast Antenna	Adjust for maximum output.	
.003 MFD. Condenser	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	600 KC	Broadcast (counterclockwise)	Tune to 600 KC Generator Signal	8	Adjustable core of Broadcast Oscillator Coil.	Adjust for maximum output. Try to increase output by rotating core in and out and retuning receiver dial until maximum output is obtained.	
.003 MFD. Condenser	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	Repeat adjustments of trimmers 5, 6 and 7 at 1500 Kc. Then re-check adjustment of trimmer 8 at 600 Kc.						
400 OHM Carbon Resistor	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	15 MC	Short wave	15 MC	9	S.W. Oscillator	Adjust for maximum output. Check to see if proper peak was obtained by tuning in image at approx. 14.1 MC. If image does not appear, realign at 15 MC. with trimmer screw farther out. Recheck image.	
400 OHM Carbon Resistor	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	15 MC	Short wave	Tune to 15 MC Generator Signal	10	S.W. Antenna	Adjust for maximum output. Try to increase output by detuning trimmer and retuning receiver dial until maximum output is obtained.	
400 OHM Carbon Resistor	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	9.5 MC	31 M (Clockwise)	9.5 MC	11	31 M Oscillator	Adjust for maximum output. Check to see if proper peak was obtained by tuning in image at approx. 8.6 MC. If image does not appear, realign at 9.5 MC. with trimmer screw farther out. Recheck image.	
400 OHM Carbon Resistor	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	9.5 MC	31 M (Clockwise)	Tune to 9.5 MC Generator Signal	12	31 M Antenna	Adjust for maximum output. Try to increase output by detuning trimmer and retuning receiver dial until maximum output is obtained.	



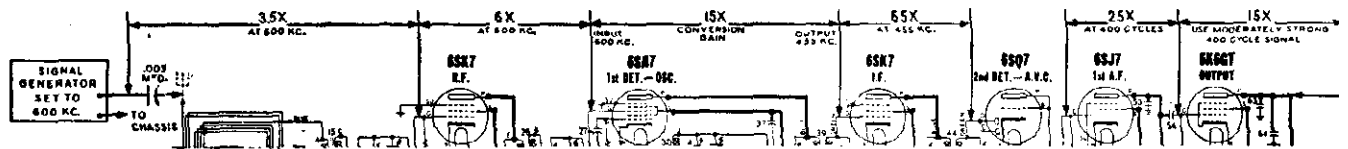
STEWART WARNER CORP.

APPROXIMATE STAGE GAIN DATA

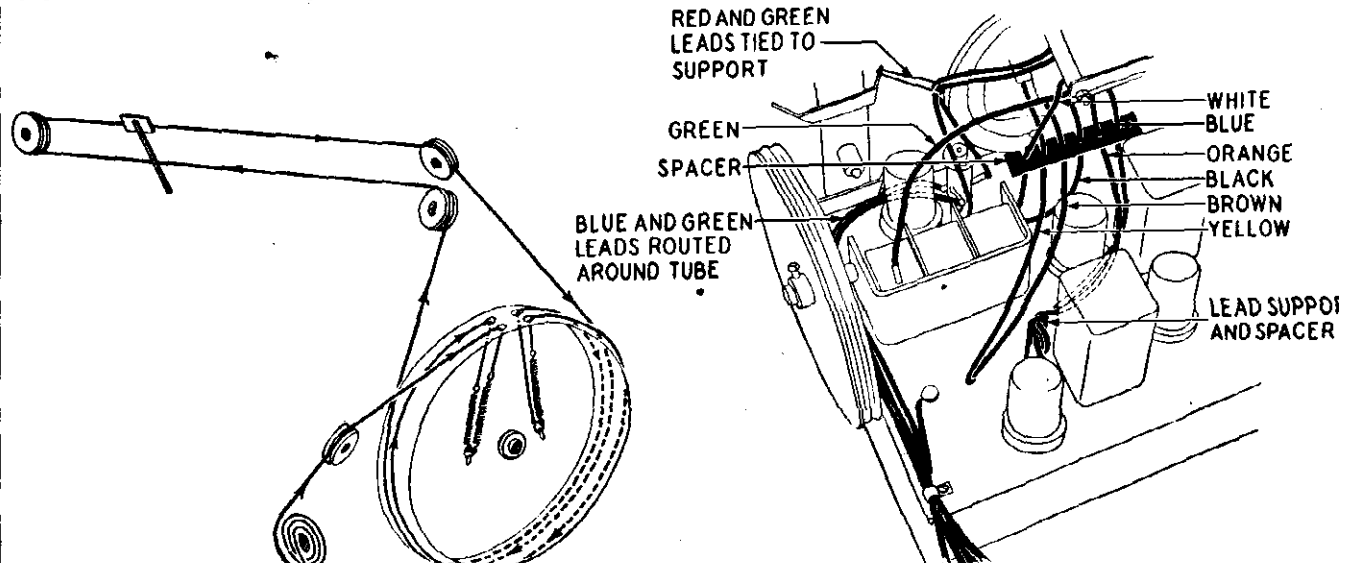
Be sure R.F. and I.F. stages are accurately aligned before measuring gain. R.F. gains can be measured with a "channel" type instrument containing a tuned and calibrated R.F. amplifier. A vacuum tube voltmeter may be used for audio gain measurement. Observe following precautions:

1. For all gain measurements connect signal generator as shown. Use 600 KC. signal with 400 cycle modulation (use nearby frequency if local station interferes.)
2. For R.F. and I.F. measurements connect negative terminal of a 3 volt battery (two 1½ volt cells in series) to A.V.C. lead and positive terminal to chassis. This provides a definite operating point. **IMPORTANT:** Disconnect battery when measuring audio stage gains.
3. Be sure radio is carefully tuned to generator signal (use weak signal for sharp tuning.)
4. When using "channel" type instrument carefully tune it for maximum output at desired frequency before making measurements.

The R.F. and I.F. stage gains shown below are less than under normal operating conditions due to the use of 3 volts fixed bias in order to establish a definite operating point. Therefore, these values are not intended to indicate the full capability of a stage.



Differences in tube characteristics, tolerance of parts, adjustment of tuned circuits, and variations of line voltage will influence stage gain. Accuracy of measurements is dependent upon careful tuning of receiver to generator signal and experience in using your test equipment. These factors may create considerable variation in gain measurements.



IMPORTANCE OF MAINTAINING FIXED POSITIONS FOR LEADS AT TOP OF CHASSIS

The wires shown in the above illustration are associated with tuned circuits which carry radio frequency currents. Therefore, care must be exercised to insure that they are properly routed and spaced. Anchoring and fixing spacing of wires minimizes freedom of movement and is utilized to maintain a stable arrangement.

Since the relative positions of these wires may affect tuned circuits it is important to avoid any change in arrangement after the receiver has been aligned. If the position of the wires has been disturbed, it is advisable to re-check alignment (see previous page for alignment procedure)

DIAL AND POINTER DRIVE CORD ARRANGEMENT

To string dial cord, set gang condenser to fully meshed position and use following parts:

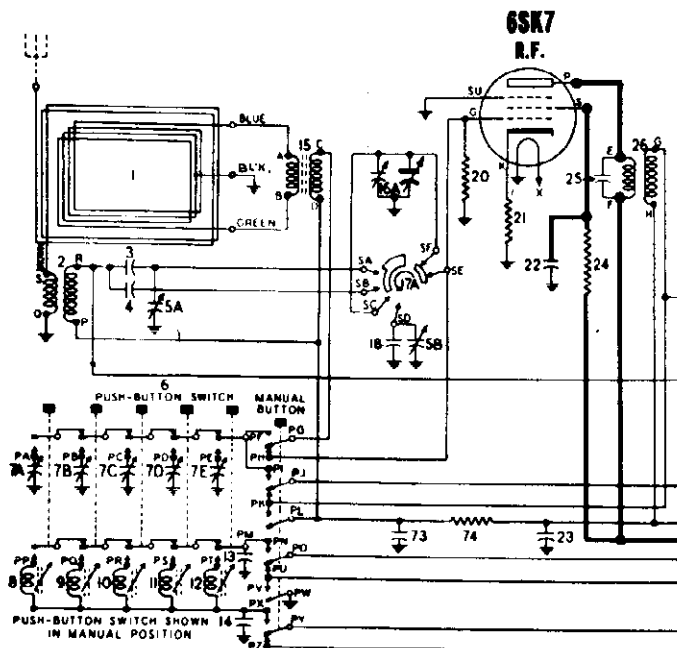
- 113177 Tension Spring
- 114955 Clip on end of cord
- 119087 Ring for dial cord
- 117057 Cord (102 inches)
Pointer drive 72 inches
Gang drive 30 inches

AUDIO OSCILLATION

The audio system of this receiver utilizes a two stage type of inverse feedback arrangement and should it ever be necessary to replace the speaker or output transformer it is important to maintain a definite phase relationship in the feedback circuit. If the connections to the output transformer are reversed or if the feedback connection is made to the wrong side of the output transformer secondary, the system will become regenerative instead of degenerative. Under those conditions audio oscillation may result. If that occurs, oscillation may be prevented by reversing the connections to the primary of the output transformer.

MODEL 9003-B
2nd Revision

STEWART WARNER CORP.



When the model 9003-B is operated on push-button tuning it is possible for a "wide tolerance" 6SA7 tube to cause considerable reduction in sensitivity which may be particularly noticeable when comparison is made to the sensitivity obtained for "manual" tuning. This loss of sensitivity has been traced to a wide variation in one of the characteristics of the 6SA7 tube which permits the flow of a larger than normal grid current. Loss of sensitivity results from the loading effect of grid current flowing through the associated tuned circuit.

Correction of this condition may be accomplished by utilizing one or both of the following remedies.

REMEDY #1: Try replacing the 6SA7 tube; use several different tubes, preferably of different brands, and check the performance of the set with each tube. In event a replacement tube is not available or if changing the tube does not make any improvement, apply remedy #2.

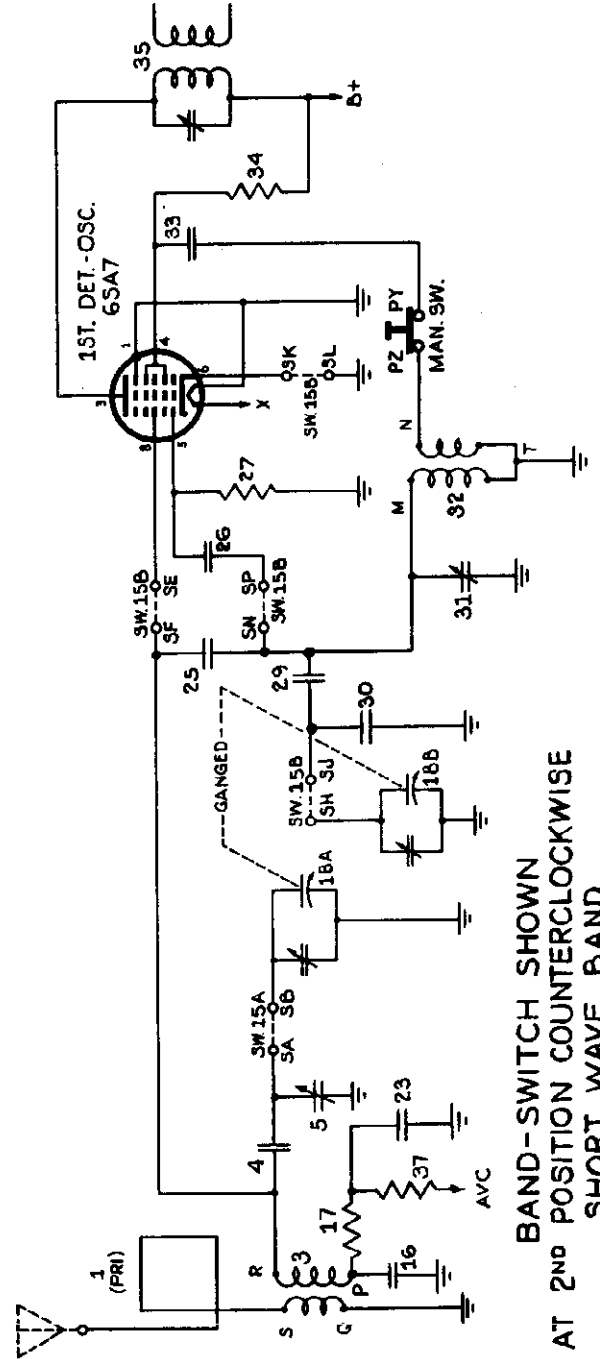
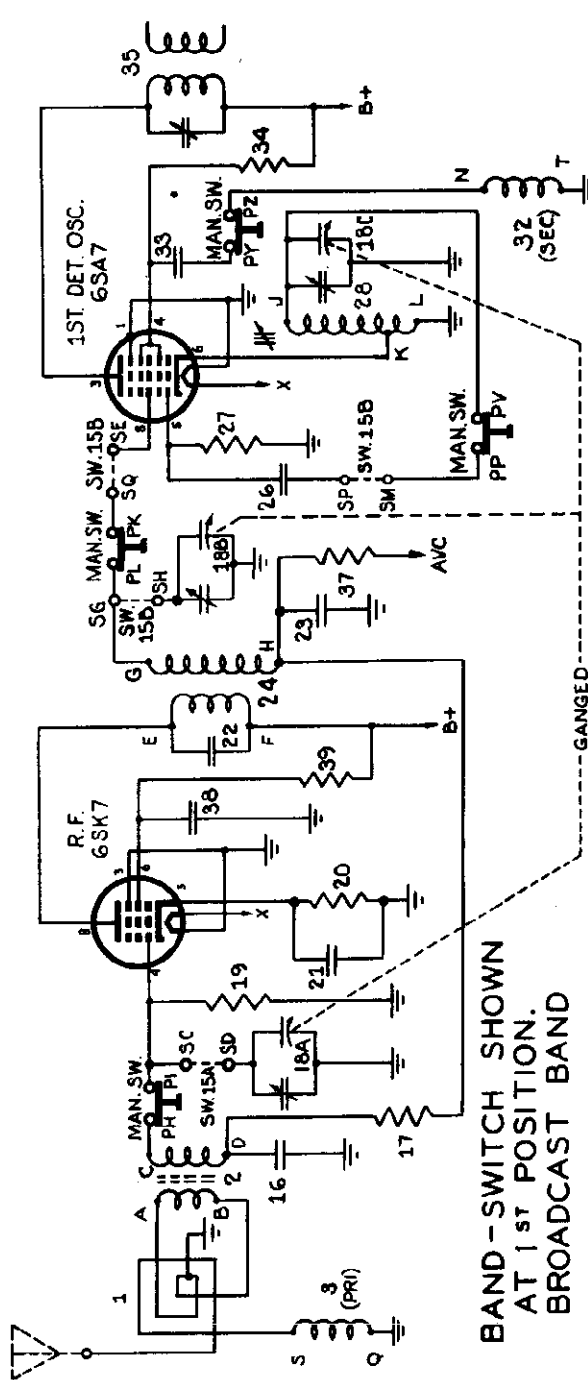
REMEDY #2: The application of this remedy requires that the chassis be removed from the cabinet. After this has been done, you can then make the following changes. These changes make it possible to use the same 6SA7 tube that was supplied with the set and still obtain a considerable improvement in sensitivity when using push-button tuning.

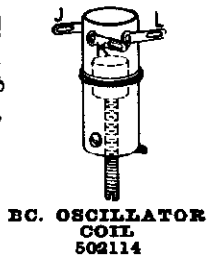
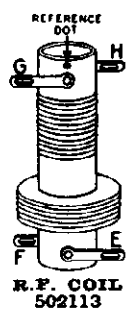
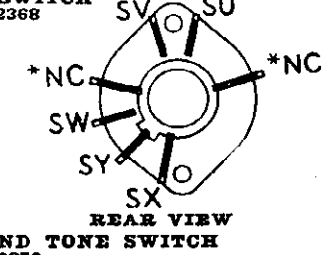
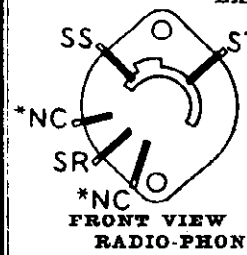
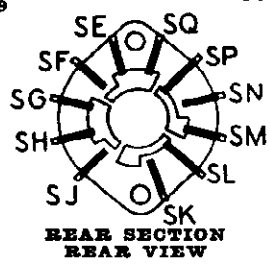
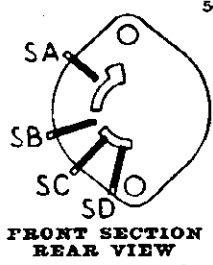
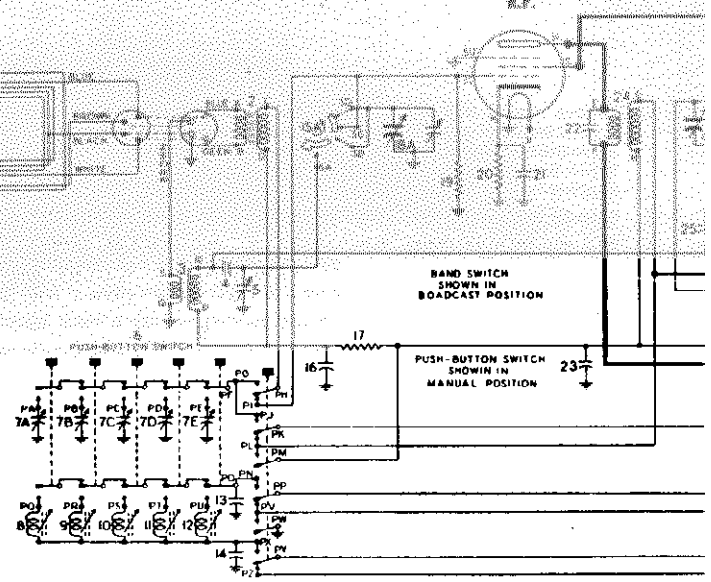
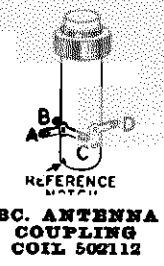
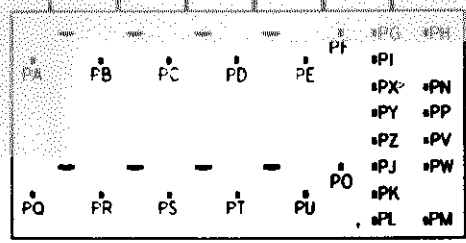
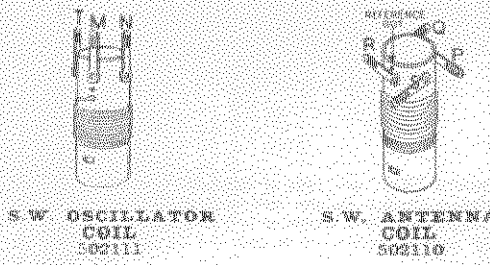
CIRCUIT CHANGES

1. Remove ground connection at terminal "D" of Broadcast Antenna Coil and terminal "P" of Short Wave Antenna Coil and reconnect both coil terminals to the A.V.C. system as indicated in the diagram on next page.
2. Add resistor #74 (470,000 ohms 1/2 watt) and condenser #73 (.05 mfd. 200 volt) by connecting them into the circuit as shown.
3. Check alignment of receiver by adjusting antenna circuit trimmers for maximum output. Broadcast band trimmer (16A) must be adjusted before attempting to peak Short Wave band trimmer (5A).

STEWART WARNER CORP.

MODELS 72CR16, 72CR26
MODELS 9004-B, 9004-F,
9004-G





I.F. 455 K

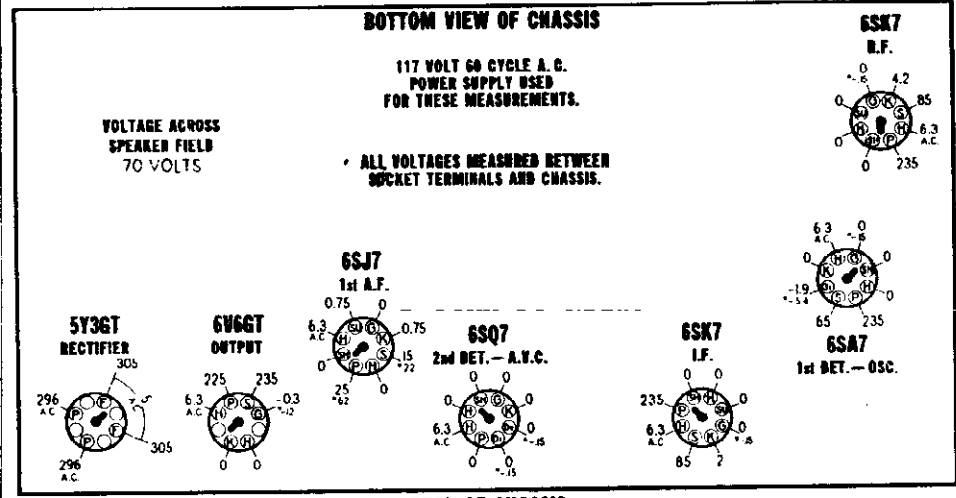
SOCKET VOLTAGES

Measured with voltmeter having sensitivity of 1000 ohms per volt except where indicated by (*)

RANGE SWITCH IN BROADCAST POSITION VOLUME ON FULL WITH NO SIGNAL

DIAL TUNED TO 540 KC. MANUAL BUTTON PUSHED IN

RADIO-PHONO-TONE SWITCH IN "RADIO-SPEECH" POSITION

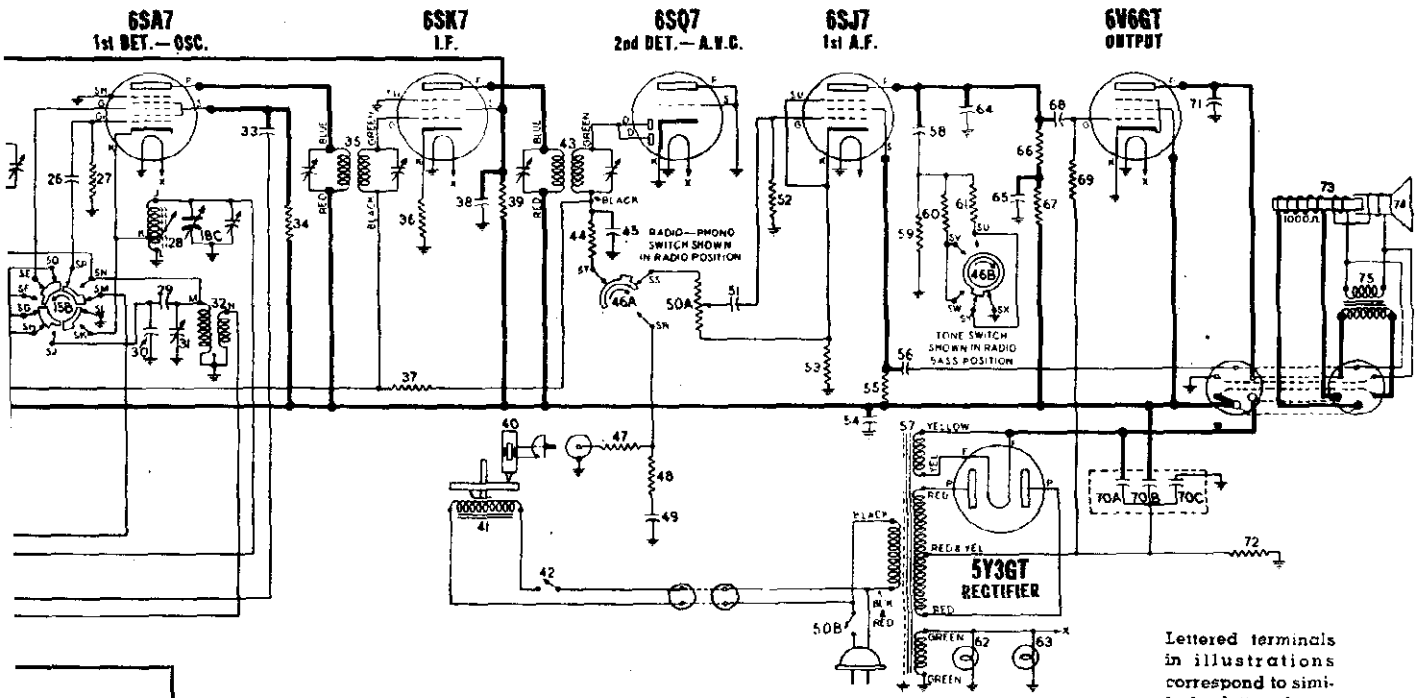


DIA-GRAM NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
CONDENSERS		
4	502202	Condenser—ceramic 150
5	502172	Condenser—trimmer 25
7 A to E	502910	Condenser—trimmer as tuner
13	502161	Condenser—mica 270 M
14	502165	Condenser—mica 1,000
16	502153	Condenser—.05 Mfd. 200
18-A, B, C	502122	Condenser—variable gc
21	502155	Condenser—.1 Mfd. 200
22	502295	Condenser—ceramic 10
23	502153	Condenser—.05 Mfd. 20
25	502411	Condenser—2 Mfd. 50
26	502159	Condenser—mica 50 M
29	502201	Condenser—ceramic 13 volt
30	502182	Condenser—ceramic 39
31	502171	Condenser—trimmer 5
33	502152	Condenser—.02 Mfd. 40
38	502154	Condenser—.05 Mfd. 60
45	502160	Condenser—mica 110 M
49	502151	Condenser—.01 Mfd. 40
51	502150	Condenser—.004 Mfd. 40
54	502154	Condenser—.05 Mfd. 60
56	502405	Condenser—.25 Mfd. 40
58	502151	Condenser—.01 Mfd. 40
64	502271	Condenser—mica 250 M
65	502157	Condenser—.05 Mfd. 40
68	502152	Condenser—.02 Mfd. 40
70 A, B, C	502207	Condenser—electrolytic A—20 Mfd. 400 volt B—10 Mfd. 400 volt C—20 Mfd. 25 volt
71	502479	Condenser—.006 Mfd. 6
RESISTORS		
17	502134	Resistor—carbon 470.00
19	502468	Resistor—carbon 4.7 M
20	502478	Resistor—carbon 1,000
27	502130	Resistor—carbon 22,000
34	502466	Resistor—carbon 33,000
36	502457	Resistor—carbon 330 O
37	502135	Resistor—carbon 2.2 M
39	502292	Resistor—carbon 68,000
44	502131	Resistor—carbon 47,000
47	502132	Resistor—carbon 100,00
48	502131	Resistor—carbon 47,000
50 A, B	502148	Volume control—with Ohms
52	502468	Resistor—carbon 4.7 M
53	502406	Resistor—carbon 1,500
55	502135	Resistor—carbon 2.2 M

* Measured with vacuum tube voltmeter.
NOTE: The 6V6GT grid bias of 12 volts can be measured across resistor No. 72.

ARNER CORP.

MODELS 9004-B, 9004-F, 9004-G



Lettered terminals in illustrations correspond to similarly lettered terminals on the circuit diagram.

LIST PRICE	DIA-GRAM NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	LIST PRICE	DIA-GRAM NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	LIST PRICE
fd. 500 volt. 00 Mmfd. ply for P-B		59	Resistor carbon 4.7 Meg. 1/4 watt	\$		502304	Cone and voice coil for R-502302 speaker	\$
. 500 volt. d. 500 volt lt.		60	Resistor carbon 68,000 Ohms 1/4 watt			502395	Cone and voice coil for M-502302 speaker	
lt.		61	Resistor carbon 4,700 Ohms 1/4 watt		MISCELLANEOUS PARTS			
d. 500 volt olt.		66, 67	Resistor carbon 220,000 Ohms 1/4 watt		119993	Background for dial		
olt.		69	Resistor carbon 470,000 Ohms 1/4 watt		116467	Base for mtg. electrolytic condenser		
500 volt. mid. 500		72	Resistor wire wound 200 Ohms 2 watt		119989	Clamp for dial glass		
d. 500 volt 5 Mmfd. olt.		COILS AND TRANSFORMERS			112745	Clip-coil mtg.		
olt.		1	502282 Loop antenna (Models 9004-F, G)		114955	Clip-retainer on end of dial cord		
500 volt. mid. 500		2	502605 Loop antenna (Model 9004-B)		501151	Clip-for mtg. push button coils		
d. 500 volt 5 Mmfd. olt.		3	502112 Coil-BC antenna		117057	Cord-dial drive (90 in. required)		
olt.		8	502110 Coil-S.W. antenna		502227	Dial scale-glass		
500 volt. mid. 500		9, 10	502025 Complete coil-trimmer assembly for P-B tuner		113402	Drum-for dial drive		
d. 500 volt 5 Mmfd. olt.		11, 12	502907 Coil less slug (540-1000 Kc.)		502428	Escutcheon for push-button (Models 9004-B, F)		
olt.		24	502908 Coil less slug (650-1300 Kc.)		502429	Escutcheon for push-button (Model 9004-G)		
500 volt. t.		28	502909 Coil less slug (875-1600 Kc.)		501449	Knob-volume or tuning (Models 9004-B, F)		
volt.		32	502911 Slug for coils 502907, 502908, 502909		501458	Knob-tone or band switch (Models 9004-B, F)		
volt.		35	501151 Clip for mtg. push button coils		501498	Knob-volume or tuning (Model 9004-G)		
500 volt. t.		43	502113 Coil-BC R.F.		501499	Knob-tone or band switch (Model 9004-G)		
t.		47	502114 Coil-BC oscillator		502460	Needle phonograph (Fidelitone Master No. 150)		
500 volt. t.		57	502111 Coil-S.W. oscillator		500966	Plug-phonograph pick-up cable		
t.		75	502102 Transformer 1st I.F.		501031	Plug-phonograph motor cable		
500 volt. t.			502103 Transformer 2nd I.F.		502281	Plug-loop antenna cable		
t.			502174 Transformer power		504097	Plug-speaker		
500 volt. t.			502303 Transformer output for R-502302 speaker		502496	Pointer		
t.			502994 Transformer output for M-502302 speaker		501495	Push-Button (Models 9004-B, F)		
lt.			OTHER ELECTRICAL PARTS			502452	Push-Button (Model 9004-G)	
ns 1/4 watt 4 watt 1/4 watt 1/4 watt 1 watt 1/4 watt 4 watt 1 watt 1/4 watt ns 1/4 watt 1/4 watt 1, 500,000 watt 1/2 watt 1 watt		6	502369 Switch-push-button		81145	Retaining ring for tuning shaft		
		15-A, B	502368 Switch-band		119087	Ring for dial cord		
		40	502461 Crystal cartridge (Astatic L-71)		112463	Rubber pad-chassis mtg.		
			502846 Motor-"G.I." Chgr.; (9004-F, G); 115 V. 50 cye.		116584	Rubber spacer for mtg. dial scale		
			502847 Motor-"G.I." Chgr.; (9004-F, G); 115 V. 60 cye.		112874	Screw-No. 10 x 1 1/8" for mtg. chassis		
			502990 Motor-"A" Chgr.; (9004-B); 115 V. 60 cye.		114914	Screw-No. 2 x 3/8" for mtg. escutcheon		
			504201 Motor-"W" Chgr.; (9004-F, G); 115 V. 60 cye.		502399	Shaft-tuning control		
			502977 Switch-on-off; "A" Rec. Chgr. (9004-B)		114876	Socket-octal base (rectifier)		
			502978 Switch-on-off; "G.I." Rec. Chgr. (9004-F, G)		119791	Socket-octal base		
			504203 Switch-on-off; "W" Rec. Chgr. (9004-F, G)		118617	Socket-dial lamp		
		46-A, B	502370 Switch-tone and radio-phon		160039	Socket-phonograph plug		
		62, 63	110629 Lamp-dial (Mazda No. 44) 6.3 V. 0.25 Amps.		500051	Socket-loop antenna plug		
		73	502302 Speaker-electro-dynamic (10 inch)		501182	Socket-phonograph motor cable		
					502210	Socket-speaker		
					113177	Spring-dial cord tension		
					111456	Washer-spring washer for tuning shaft		
					500487	Washer-felt for knobs		

PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE

MODELS 9004-B, 9004-F,
9004-G

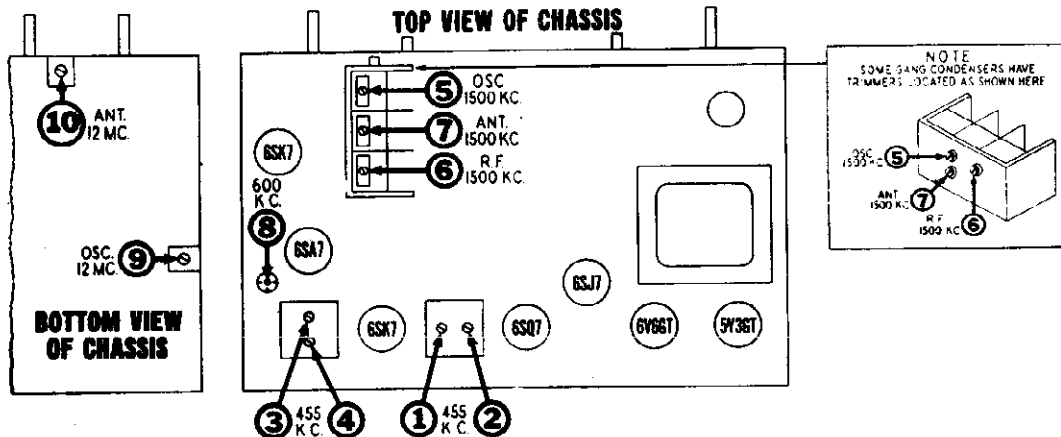
STEWART WARNER CORP.

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

1. Remove chassis and loop antenna from cabinet (do not remove loop of wire stapled to cabinet). Wind one turn of insulated wire around frame of antenna so as to provide a means of coupling it to the signal generator. Stand chassis on one end and space it approximately same distance from loop as when installed in cabinet. Connect plug on loop antenna cable to socket at rear of chassis. Brown lead in antenna cable (which was connected to loop of wire stapled to cabinet) should now be connected to one end of new coupling turn on frame of loop.
2. Connect the ground lead of the signal generator to the receiver chassis.
3. With the gang condenser fully meshed, dial pointer should be in the position indicated by the last division below 55 on the dial. If it is set incorrectly, release pointer clip on dial cord and reposition pointer.
4. Connect output meter across speaker voice coil or from plate of 6V6GT to chassis through a .1 Mfd. condenser.
5. Set volume control at maximum volume position and use a weak signal from the signal generator.
6. Push in the manual button and leave it in that position throughout the alignment procedure.

IMPORTANT:—Align this receiver in exactly the order shown below. Broadcast band must be aligned before short wave band.

DUMMY ANT. IN SERIES WITH SIGNAL GENERATOR	CONNECT HIGH SIDE OF SIGNAL GENERATOR TO	SIGNAL GENERATOR FREQUENCY	BAND SWITCH POSITION	RECEIVER DIAL SETTING	TRIMMER NUMBER	TRIMMER DESCRIPTION	TYPE OF ADJUSTMENT	
.1 MFD. Condenser	Trimmer on rear section of gang	455 KC	Broadcast (counter-clockwise)	Any point where it does not affect the signal.	1-2	2nd I.F.	Adjust for maximum output. Then repeat adjustment.	
					3-4	1st I.F.		
500 MMFD. Mica Condenser	Coupling turn on Loop Frame	1500 KC	Broadcast (counter-clockwise)	1500 KC	5	Broadcast Oscillator (Shunt)	Adjust for maximum output.	
500 MMFD. Mica Condenser	Coupling turn on Loop Frame	1500 KC	Broadcast (counter-clockwise)	Tune to 1500 Kc. generator signal.	6	Broadcast R.F.	Adjust for maximum output.	
500 MMFD. Mica Condenser	Coupling turn on Loop Frame	1500 KC	Broadcast (counter-clockwise)	Tune to 1500 Kc. generator signal.	7	Broadcast Antenna	Adjust for maximum output.	
500 MMFD. Mica Condenser	Coupling turn on Loop Frame	600 KC	Broadcast (counter-clockwise)	Tune to 600 Kc. generator signal.	8	Adjustable core of Broadcast Oscillator Coil	Adjust for maximum output. Try to increase output by rotating core in and out and retuning receiver dial until maximum output is obtained.	
500 MFD. Mica Condenser	Coupling turn on Loop Frame	Repeat adjustment of trimmers 5, 6 and 7 at 1500 Kc. Then re-check adjustment of trimmer 8 at 600 Kc.						
400 OHM Carbon Resistor	Coupling turn on Loop Frame	12 MC	Short wave (Clockwise)	12 MC	9	S.W. Oscillator	Adjust for maximum output. Check to see if proper peak was obtained by tuning in image at approx. 11.1 MC. If image does not appear, realign at 12 MC. with trimmer screw further out. Recheck image.	
400 OHM Carbon Resistor	Coupling turn on Loop Frame	12 MC	Short wave (Clockwise)	Tune to 12 MC. generator signal.	10	S.W. Antenna	Adjust for maximum output. Try to increase output by detuning trimmer and retuning receiver dial until maximum output is obtained.	



STEWART WARNER CORP.

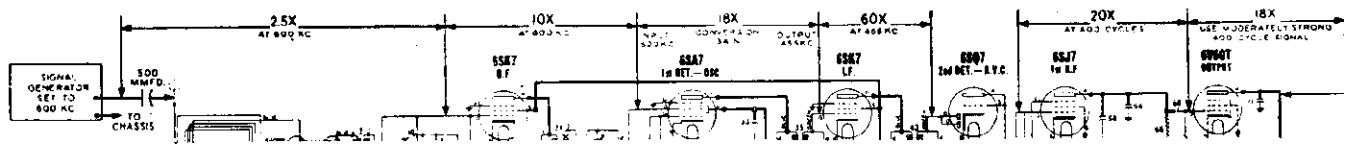
MODELS 9004-B, 9004-F,
9004-G

APPROXIMATE STAGE GAIN DATA

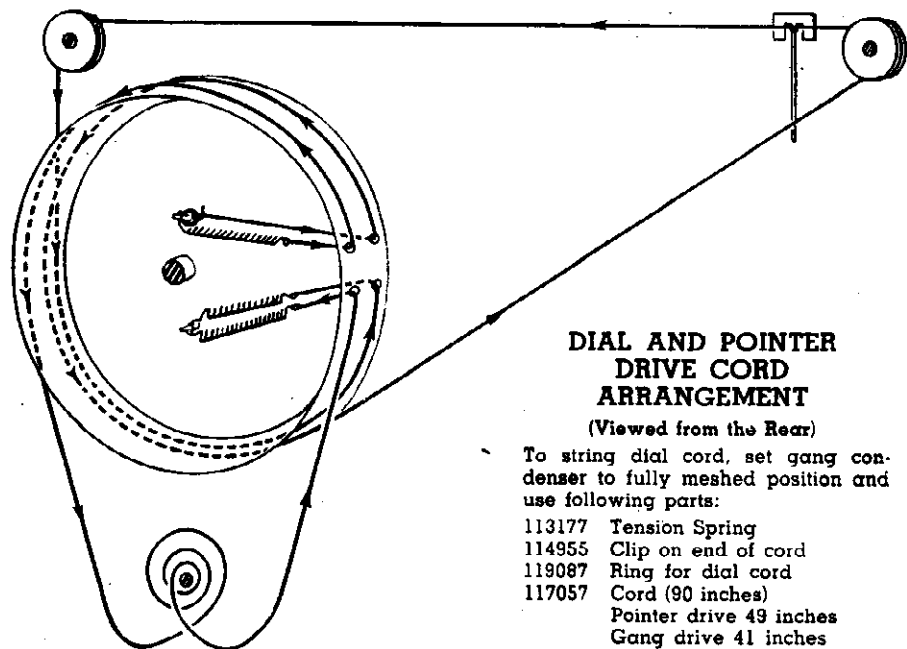
Be sure R.F. and I.F. stages are accurately aligned before measuring gain. R.F. gains can be measured with a "channel" type instrument containing a tuned and calibrated R.F. amplifier. A vacuum tube voltmeter may be used for audio gain measurements. Observe following precautions:

1. For all gain measurements connect signal generator as shown. Use 600 KC. signal with 400 cycle modulation (use nearby frequency if local station interferes.)
2. For R.F. and I.F. measurements connect negative terminal of a 3 volt battery (two 1½ volt cells in series) to A.V.C. lead and positive terminal to chassis. This provides a definite operating point. **IMPORTANT:** Disconnect battery when measuring audio stage gains.
3. Be sure radio is carefully tuned to generator signal (use weak signal for sharp tuning.)
4. When using "channel" type instrument carefully tune it for maximum output at desired frequency before making measurements.

The R.F. and I.F. stage gains shown below are less than under normal operating conditions due to the use of 3 volts fixed bias in order to establish a definite operating point. Therefore, these values are not intended to indicate the full capability of a stage.



Differences in tube characteristics, tolerance of parts, adjustment of tuned circuits, and variations of line voltage will influence stage gain. Accuracy of measurements is dependent upon careful tuning of receiver to generator signal and experience in using your test equipment. These factors may create considerable variation in gain measurements.



**DIAL AND POINTER
DRIVE CORD
ARRANGEMENT**
(Viewed from the Rear)

- To string dial cord, set gang condenser to fully meshed position and use following parts:
- 113177 Tension Spring
 - 114955 Clip on end of cord
 - 119087 Ring for dial cord
 - 117057 Cord (90 inches)
 - Pointer drive 49 inches
 - Gang drive 41 inches

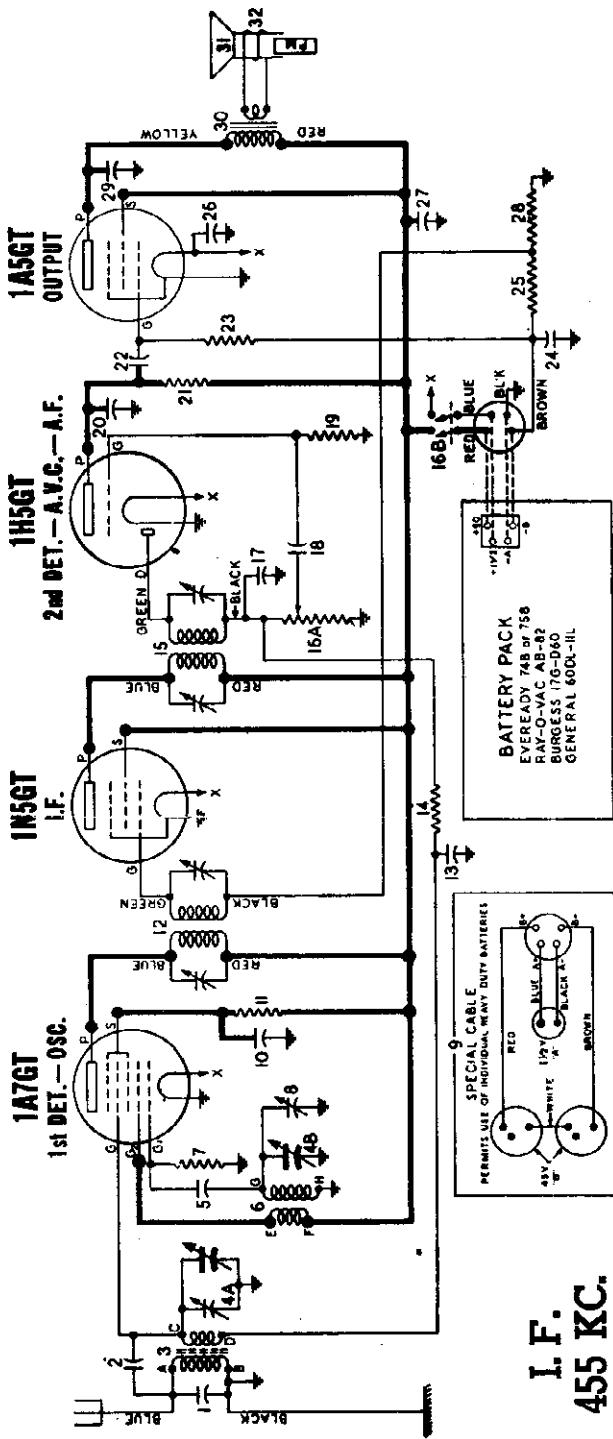
AUDIO OSCILLATION

The audio system of this receiver utilizes a two stage type of inverse feed-back arrangement and should it ever be necessary to replace the speaker or output transformer it is important to maintain a definite phase relationship in the feed-back circuit. If the connections to the output transformer are reversed or if the feed-back connection is made to the wrong side of the output transformer secondary, the system will become regenerative instead of degenerative. Under those conditions audio oscillation may result. If that occurs, oscillation may be prevented by reversing the connections to the primary of the output transformer.

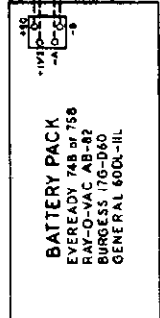
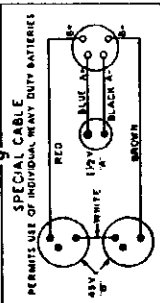
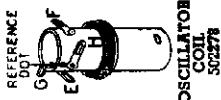
MODELS 9005-A, 9005-B

STEWART WARNER CORP.

SERVICE DATA FOR STEWART-WARNER MODELS 9005-A, B.



I.F.
455 KC.

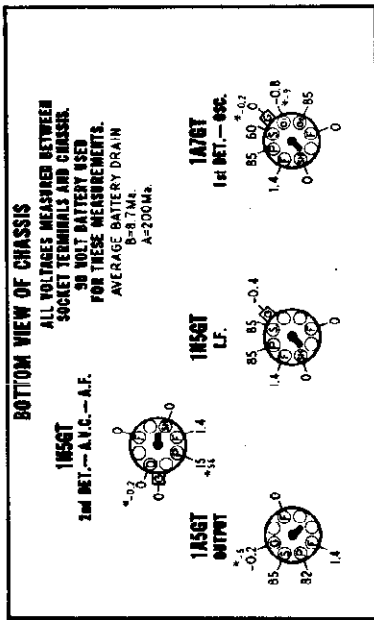


Lettered terminals in illustrations correspond to similarly lettered terminals on the circuit diagram.

SOCKET VOLTAGES

Measured with voltmeter having sensitivity of 1000 ohms per volt except where indicated by (*).

VOLUME ON FULL WITH NO SIGNAL DIAL TUNED TO 540 KC.



REAR OF CHASSIS

*—Measured with vacuum tube voltmeter

PARTS LIST

DIA. NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	LIST PRICE
1	50119	Condenser—mica 50 Mmfd. 500 volt.....	\$0.24
2	50241	Condenser—variable 500 volt.....	.10
4	A, B	Condenser—variable coupling.....	4.45
8	502159	Condenser—mica 50 Mmfd. 500 volt.....	.36
10	119719	Condenser—trimmer 5 to 50 Mmfd.....	.24
16	502157	Condenser—.05 Mfd. 400 volt.....	.24
17	502160	Condenser—.05 Mfd. 400 volt.....	.24
18	502151	Condenser—.01 Mfd. 400 volt.....	.20
20	502271	Condenser—mica 260 Mmfd. 500 volt.....	.30
22	502286	Condenser—electrolytic 10 Mfd. 25 volt.....	.30
24	502263	Condenser—.25 Mfd. 100 volt.....	.36
27	502262	Condenser—.002 Mfd. 600 volt.....	.16
28	502260	Condenser—.002 Mfd. 600 volt.....	.16
7	502193	Resistor—carbon 220,000 ohms 1/4 watt.....	.12
11	502266	Resistor—carbon—15,000 ohms 1/4 watt.....	.12
14	502269	Resistor—carbon—3.3 Meg. 1/4 watt.....	.12
16A, B	161325	Volume control (with switch) 500,000 ohms.....	1.50
19	502269	Resistor—carbon—3.3 Meg. 1/4 watt.....	.12
21	502267	Resistor—carbon—60,000 ohms 1/4 watt.....	.12
23	502268	Resistor—carbon—1 Meg. 1/4 watt.....	.12
25	502274	Resistor—carbon 500 ohms 1/4 watt.....	.12
25	502294	Resistor—carbon—47 ohms 1/4 watt.....	.12
COILS & TRANSFORMERS			
3	502277	Coil—antenna coupling.....	1.80
6	502278	Coil—oscillator.....	1.05
12	502279	Transformer—1st I.F.....	2.30
15	502280	Transformer—2nd I.F.....	2.30
30	119749	Transformer—output for M-115095 Spkr.....	3.40
OTHER ELECTRICAL PARTS			
9	118556	Battery cable for use with indiv. batt.....	\$1.60
31	118748	Coupling voice coil for M-115095 spkr.....	2.85
32	1115093	Specter P.M. dynamic (6 inch).....	10.90
MISCELLANEOUS PARTS			
502575		Background (fill) around indicator hole.....	.05
112745		Clip—coil mg.....	.01
114853		Clamp—dial drive (3/8 in. required), per ft.....	.05
502276		Dial scale.....	.15
501449		Knob.....	.15
111372		Lever for OFF-ON indicator.....	.34
119518		OFF-ON indicator plate (less foil tab).....	.10
502576		OFF-ON indicator tab (with foil dot).....	.42
502281		Plug for battery cable.....	.35
502602		Pointer.....	.08
81145		Retaining ring for tuning shaft.....	.01
119057		Ring—dial card.....	.01
83047		Screw—No. 8 x 7/8, chassis mg.....	.02
163927		Screw—No. 8-32 for indicator lever.....	.02
119169		Spring—OFF-ON indicator.....	.12
119169		Spring—dial card tension.....	.05
116690		Socket—octal base.....	.12
111456		Washer—spring washer for tuning shaft.....	.005
500487		Washer—felt for knobs.....	.01
502397		Window—dial, celluloid.....	.30
502398		Window—OFF-ON indicator, celluloid.....	.07

PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE

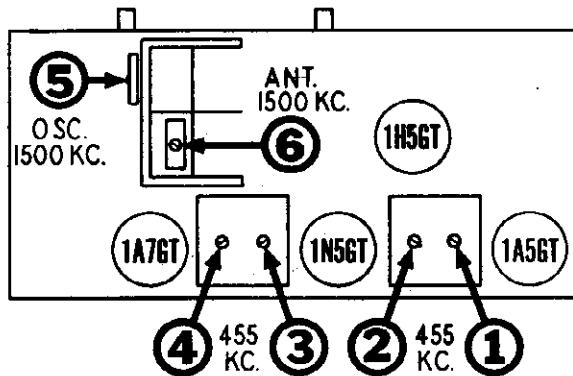
STEWART WARNER CORP.

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

1. When gang condenser is fully meshed, dial pointer should be in the position indicated by the 54 mark on the dial. If it is set incorrectly, release the pointer clip on the dial cord and reposition pointer.
2. Connect an output meter across speaker voice coil or from the plate of the 1A5GT tube to chassis through a 0.1 Mfd. condenser.
3. Connect the ground lead of the signal generator to the receiver ground lead (black) or to the chassis.
4. Set volume control to maximum volume position and use a weak signal from the signal generator.

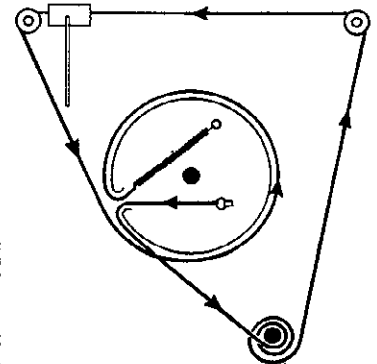
DUMMY ANT. IN SERIES WITH SIGNAL GENERATOR	CONNECT HIGH SIDE OF SIG. GENERATOR TO	SIGNAL GENERATOR FREQUENCY	RECEIVER DIAL SETTING	TRIMMER NUMBER	TRIMMER DESCRIPTION	TYPE OF ADJUSTMENT
.1 MFD. Condenser	Grid cap on 1A7GT tube	455 KC	Any point where it does not affect the signal	1-2	2nd I.F.	Adjust for maximum output. Then repeat adjustment.
				3-4	1st I.F.	
200 MMFD. Mica Condenser	External antenna lead (blue)	1500 KC	1500 KC	5	Broadcast Oscillator	Adjust for maximum output.
200 MMFD. Mica Condenser	External antenna lead (blue)	1500 KC	Tune to 1500 KC generator signal	6	Broadcast Antenna	Adjust for maximum output.

TOP VIEW OF CHASSIS



DIAL AND POINTER DRIVE CORD ARRANGEMENT

To string dial cord, set gang condenser to fully meshed position and use following parts:
 114955 Clip on end of cord
 117057 Cord (36 inches)
 119087 Ring for dial cord
 114968 Tension Spring



POWER LINE OPERATION

The following power pack may be used to operate this set on 110 volt 50-60 cycle A.C. power lines.

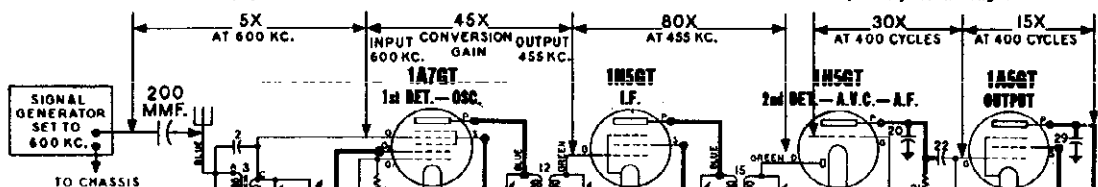
Porta-Power Model "H"
 This unit is manufactured by the General Transformer Corp., 1250 W. Van Buren St., Chicago, Ill.

APPROXIMATE STAGE GAIN DATA

Be sure R.F. and I.F. stages are accurately aligned before measuring gain. R.F. gains can be measured with a "channel" type instrument containing a tuned and calibrated R.F. amplifier. A vacuum tube voltmeter may be used for audio gain measurements. Observe following precautions.

1. For all gain measurements connect signal generator as shown. Use 600 KC signal with 400 cycles modulation (use nearby frequency if local station interferes.)
2. For R.F. and I.F. measurements connect negative terminal of a 1 1/2 volt battery to A.V.C. lead and positive terminal to chassis. This provides a definite operating point.
3. Be sure radio is carefully tuned to generator signal (use weak signal for sharp tuning.)
4. When using a "channel" type instrument carefully tune it for maximum output at desired frequency before making measurements.

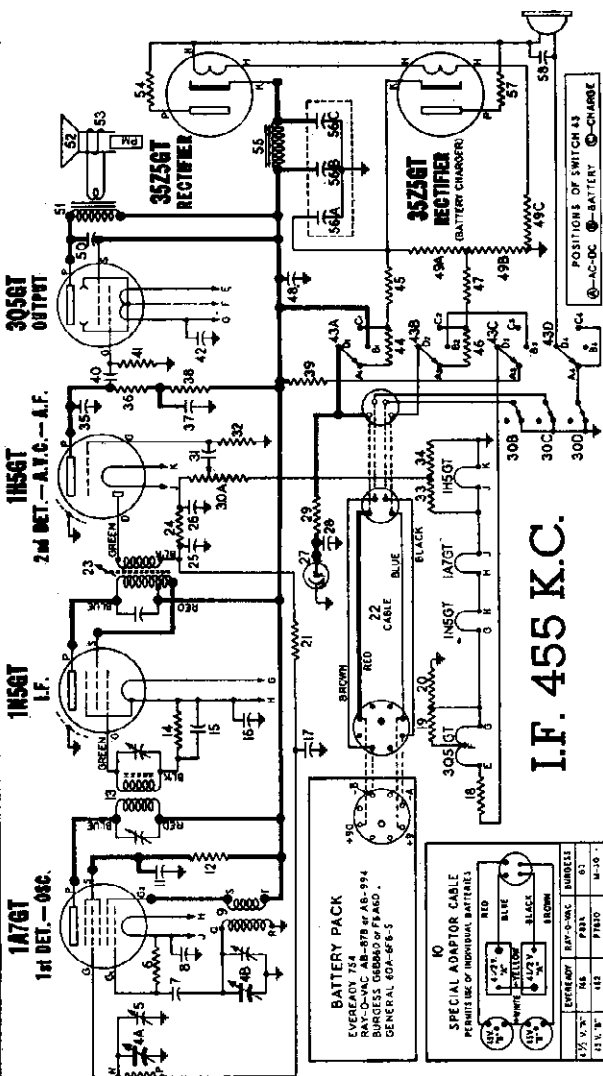
The R.F. and I.F. stage gains shown below are less than under normal operating conditions due to the use of 1 1/2 volts fixed bias in order to establish a definite operating point. Therefore, these values are not intended to indicate the full capability of a stage.



Differences in tube characteristics, tolerance of parts, adjustment of tuned circuits, and variations of line voltage will influence stage gain. Accuracy of measurements is dependent upon careful tuning of receiver to generator signal and experience in using your test equipment. These factors may create considerable variation in gain measurements.

MODELS 9007-A, 9007-F, 9007-G

STEWART WARNER CORP.



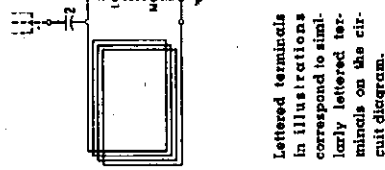
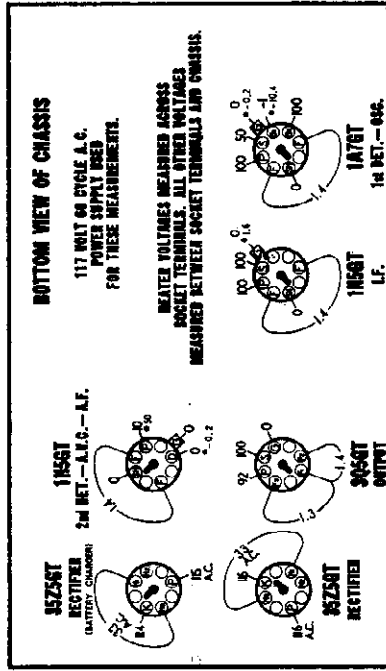
I.F. 455 K.C.

SOCKET VOLTAGES

Measured with voltmeter having sensitivity of 1000 ohms per volt except where indicated by (*).

VOLUME ON FULL WITH NO SIGNAL DIAL TUNED TO 540 KC.

"AC-DC—BAT.—CHARGE" SWITCH IN "AC-DC" POSITION



Lettered terminals in illustrations correspond to similarly lettered terminals on the circuit diagram.

PARTS LIST

DIA. GRAM NO.	DESCRIPTION	LIST PRICE
2.	Condenser—.004 Mid. 600 volt.....	\$0.20
3.	Condenser—variable mica 500 volt.....	4.80
4.	Condenser—variable mica 2 to 15 Mmfd. 500 volt.....	.36
5.	Condenser—mica 50 Mmfd. 500 volt.....	.24
6.	Condenser—.05 Mid. 200 volt.....	.24
7.	Condenser—.05 Mid. 200 volt.....	.24
8.	Condenser—electrolytic 4 Mid. 150 volt.....	.75
9.	Condenser—.05 Mid. 200 volt.....	.30
10.	Condenser—.05 Mid. 200 volt.....	.24
11.	Condenser—mica 50 Mmfd. 500 volt.....	.24
12.	Condenser—.05 Mid. 200 volt.....	.24
13.	Condenser—.05 Mid. 200 volt.....	.24
14.	Condenser—.05 Mid. 200 volt.....	.24
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100.	Condenser—.05 Mid. 200 volt.....	.24

PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE

DIA. GRAM NO.	DESCRIPTION	LIST PRICE
3.	502488 Coil—antenna coupling.....	\$1.70
9.	502489 Transformer—1st I.F.....	1.05
13.	502495 Transformer—2nd I.F.....	2.30
23.	502496 Trans.—output for A-502491 speaker.....	2.50
51.	502497 Trans.—output for R-502491 speaker.....	2.50
55.	502528 Filter choke.....	2.35
10.	500746 Cable—for use with individ. batteries.....	1.60
22.	502526 Cable—for use with battery pack.....	.85
27.	500713 Neon indicator lamp.....	.75
43.	502526 Switch—"AC-DC—BAT.—CHARGE".....	1.30
52.	502501 Cone & voice coil for A-502491 speaker.....	2.00
53.	502491 Speaker—7" Mt. dynamic (5 inch).....	7.70
160026	Bases for mix electrolytic condenser.....	.04
112745	Clip—coil mix.....	.01
114955	Clip—retainer on end of dial cord.....	.01
117057	Knob—dial drive (28" required) per ft.....	2.40
502535	Eucutcheon plate.....	.10
502544	Knob—volume or tuning.....	.12
502545	Knob—"AC-DC—BAT.—CHARGE".....	.10
500747	Plug for battery cable (fits chassis).....	.16
502537	Plug for battery cable (fits Batt. pack).....	.16
502546	Pointer.....	.18
81145	Retaining ring for tuning shaft.....	.01
11987	Ring for dial cord.....	.01
79894	Screw—No. 8x3/4" for mix. chassis.....	.07
502554	Shield—tuning control.....	.10
116640	Shield—tube base.....	.10
500581	Socket—for battery cable.....	.10
161364	Spring—dial cord tension.....	.06
502553	Terminal strip for antenna.....	.20
111456	Washer—spring washer for tuning shaft.....	.005
502534	Washer—felt; for knobs.....	.01

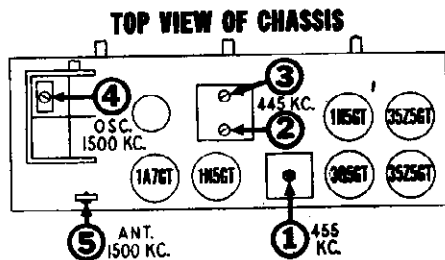
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100.	Condenser—.05 Mid. 200 volt.....	.24

STEWART WARNER CORP.

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

- Slide chassis partially out of cabinet by removing staples at each side of wood shelf and pulling entire shelf back about 2 inches. Do not disturb connections to loop antenna.
- Connect an output meter across the voice coil of the speaker or between the plate of the 3Q5GT output tube and chassis through a .1 mfd. condenser.
- Connect the ground lead of the signal generator to chassis through a .25 mfd. condenser.
- Set the volume control in the maximum position and use a weak signal from the generator.
- Set "AC-DC-BAT.-CHARGE" Switch in "AC-DC" position.

DUMMY ANT. IN SERIES WITH SIGNAL GENERATOR	CONNECT HIGH SIDE OF SIG. GENERATOR TO	SIGNAL GENERATOR FREQUENCY	RECEIVER DIAL SETTING	TRIMMER NUMBER	TRIMMER DESCRIPTION	TYPE OF ADJUSTMENT
300 MMFD. Condenser	Grid Cap of 1A7GT Tube	455 KC.	Any Point Where It Does Not Affect Signal	1	2nd I.F.	Loosen lock nut. Adjust screw for maximum output.
				2-3	1st I.F.	Adjust for maximum output. Re-check 1, 2 and 3 for maximum output and tighten lock nut on 1.
300 MMFD. Condenser	Center Terminal on Antenna Terminal Strip at bottom of cabinet.	1500 KC.	1500 KC. (Slide set into cabinet and replace pointer to set dial.)	4	Broadcast Oscillator (Shunt)	Adjust trimmer for maximum output.
300 MMFD. Condenser	Center Terminal on Antenna Terminal Strip at bottom of cabinet.	1500 KC.	Tune to 1500 KC. Generator Signal	5	Broadcast Antenna	Adjust for maximum output. Slide chassis all the way into cabinet when making this adjustment.



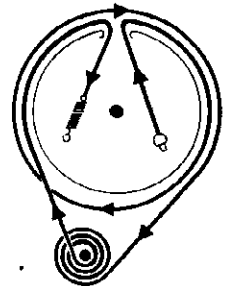
INDICATOR LAMP

The flashing neon lamp on the dial face indicates condition of batteries. This lamp is included in an oscillating (R-C) circuit which is designed to oscillate at approximately 3 pulses per second when batteries are in a fully charged condition. As the battery voltage decreases with use, number of pulses per second decreases.

This lamp will only show the true condition of the batteries when the Selector switch is in the "Battery" position. Lamp flashes more rapidly during charging or "AC-DC" operation.

When battery voltage is low (approximately 72 volts) the lamp flashes more slowly (about once per second). The set should not be operated from battery power after this point is reached and batteries should be recharged immediately. Charge for at least twice the time they were used and as soon as possible after they are run down. As batteries age it is necessary to charge for a longer period. For longest battery life, charge immediately after using.

- IMPORTANT:**
- Completely dead batteries cannot be recharged.
 - When set is connected to a DC line, check for correct polarity by operating it before attempting to charge the batteries.
 - Batteries will be discharged if ON-OFF switch is left ON when power cord is not connected to wall outlet.



DIAL DRIVE CORD ARRANGEMENT

To string dial cord, set gang condenser to fully meshed position and use following parts:

- 114955 Clip on end of cord
- 117057 Cord (28 inches)
- 119087 Ring for dial cord
- 161384 Tension Spring

CHARGING CIRCUIT

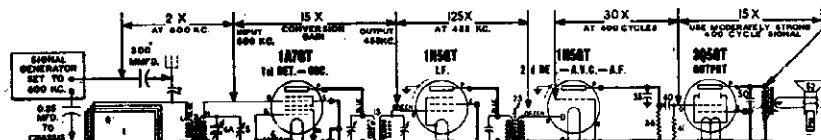
The battery charging circuit consists of a 35Z5GT rectifier and a suitable resistor voltage dividing network. This circuit provides a very low charging current when the receiver is operated on AC-DC and is just enough to maintain the batteries but will not charge them. A separate charging position is provided for the regular charging operation. A charging rate of approximately 1/3 the discharge rate is used to give best results.

APPROXIMATE STAGE GAIN DATA

Be sure R.F. and I.F. stages are accurately aligned before measuring gain. R.F. gains can be measured with a "channel" type instrument containing a tuned and calibrated R.F. amplifier. A vacuum tube voltmeter may be used for audio gain measurements.

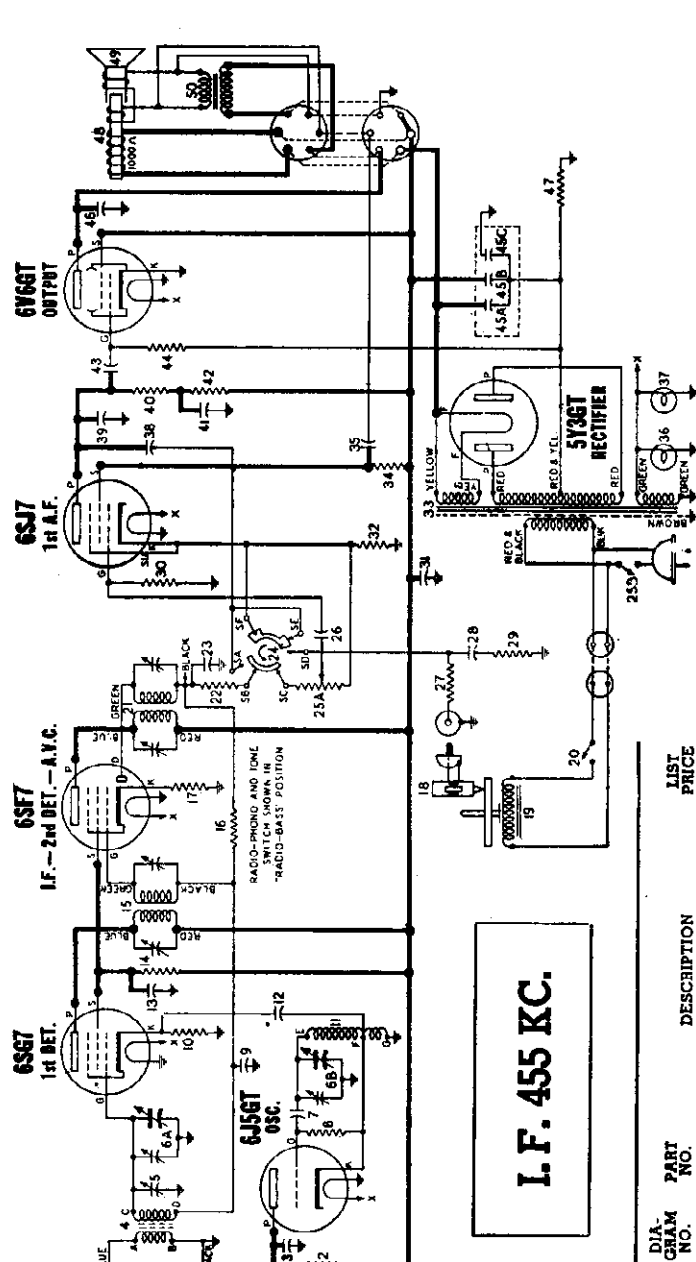
- For all gain measurements connect signal generator as shown. Use 600 KC. signal with 400 cycle modulation (use nearby frequency if local station interferes).
- For R.F. and I.F. measurements connect negative terminal of a 1 1/2 volt battery to A.V.C. lead and positive terminal to chassis. This provides a definite operating point.
- Be sure radio is carefully tuned to generator signal (use weak signal for sharp tuning).
- When using a "channel" type instrument carefully tune it for maximum output at desired frequency before making measurements.

The R.F. and I.F. stage gains shown below are less than under normal operating conditions due to the use of 1 1/2 volts fixed bias in order to establish a definite operating point. Therefore, these values are not intended to indicate the full capability of a stage.



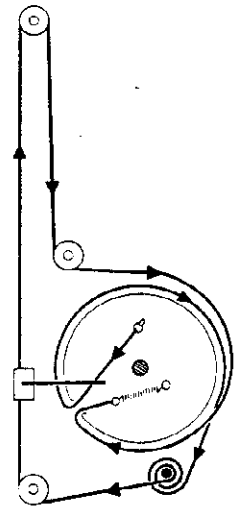
Differences in tube characteristics, tolerance of parts, adjustment of tuned circuits, and variations of line voltage will influence stage gain. Accuracy of measurements is dependent upon careful tuning of receiver to generator signal and experience in using your test equipment. These factors may create considerable variation in gain measurements.

STEWART WARNER CORP.



DIAL AND POINTER DRIVE ARRANGEMENT

Top view
Dial plate removed
To string dial cord, set gang condenser to fully meshed position and use following parts:
114955 Clip on end of cord
117057 Cord (40 inches)
161987 Ring for dial cord
161384 Tension Spring



IMPORTANCE OF MAINTAINING FIXED POSITIONS FOR LEADS AT TOP OF CHASSIS

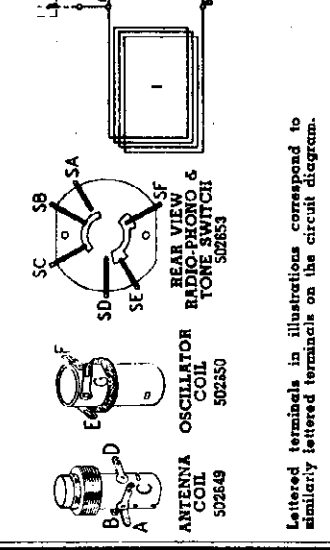
The shielded leads which are routed to the "Radio-Phono" switch and volume control should be tied to the upright bracket which supports the dial assembly. Grounded shields on these leads must not be allowed to contact electrolytic condenser case. If case of condenser is grounded it will short out bias voltage for 6V6GT tube.

AUDIO OSCILLATION

The audio system of this receiver utilizes a two stage type of inverse feed-back arrangement and should it ever be necessary to replace the output transformer it is important to maintain a definite phase relationship in the feed-back circuit. If the connections to the output transformer are reversed or if the feed-back connection is made to the wrong side of the output transformer secondary, the system will become regenerative instead of degenerative. Under those conditions audio oscillation may result. If that occurs, oscillation may be prevented by reversing the connections to the primary of the output transformer.

L.F. 455 KC.

DIA. GRAM NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	LIST PRICE
24	502653	Switch—Radio-Phono and Tone	1.30
36, 37	110629	Lamp—dial (Miracle No. 44) 6.3 V.	15
48	502168	Speed—electro-magnetic (1 inch)	9.50
49	502169	Cone & Voice coil for R-502168 spkr.	2.75
	504052	Cone & Voice coil for M-502168 spkr.	2.75
	504123	Cone & Voice coil for D-502168 spkr.	2.75
MISCELLANEOUS PARTS			
116467		Base for mtg. electrolytic condenser.	.04
119539		Clamp—dial glass	.08
112745		Clip—retainer on end of dial cord.	.01
117057		Cord—dial drive (40 in. required) per ft.	.05
502574		Dial—dial glass	.09
502584		Knob—volumes or tuning (Model 9009-B)	.08
502701		Knob—"Phono-Radio" (Model 9009-B)	.10
504638		Knob—"Phono-Radio" (Model 9009-H)	.12
502460		Needle—phonograph	1.50
500966		Plug—phono, pick-up cable	.10
501031		Plug—phono, motor cable	.15
504097		Plug—speaker	.25
502864		Pointer	.16
81145		Retaining ring for tuning shaft	.01
119287		Ring for dial cord	.01
113163		Rubber pad—chassis mtg.	.03
116584		Rubber spacer for mtg. dial scale.	.02
501774		Screw—No. 10 x 1/8" chassis mtg.	.03
501774		Screw—No. 4 x 3/8" for mtg. loop & back	.02
501273		Socket—octal control	.15
116690		Socket—octal base	.15
160039		Socket—phono, pick-up plug	.06
501182		Socket—phono, motor cable	.45
502210		Socket—speaker	.25
161384		Spring—dial cord tension	.06
111458		Washer—spring washer for tuning shaft.	.005
500487		Washer—felt for knobs	.01
119895		Washer—felt for phono. mtg.	.01



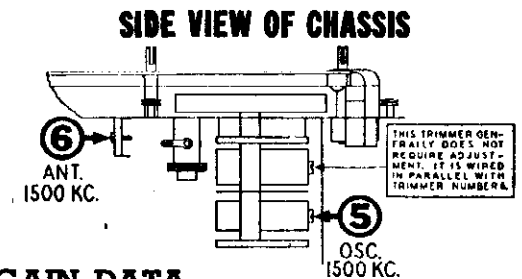
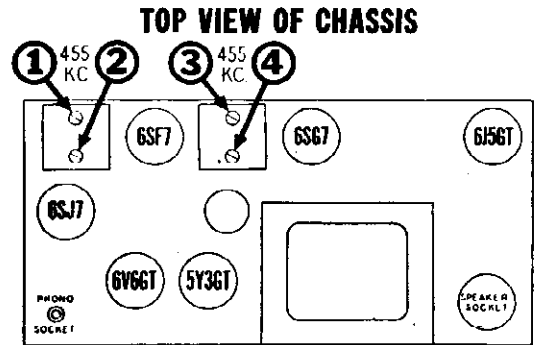
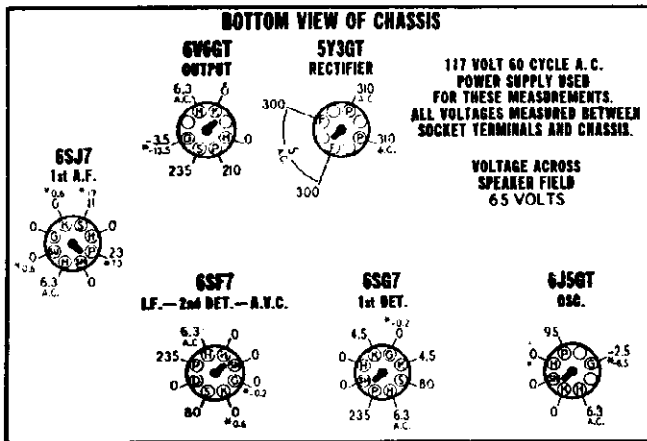
DIA. GRAM NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	LIST PRICE
3	502151	Condenser—.01 Mfd. 400 volt.	\$.20
5	502651	Condenser—trimmer 12 to 18 Mmfd.	.22
6A, B	502652	Condenser—variable gang and drum	4.80
7	502160	Condenser—110 Mmfd. 500 volt.	.24
9	502153	Condenser—.05 Mfd. 200 volt.	.24
12	502151	Condenser—.01 Mfd. 400 volt.	.24
13	502159	Condenser—.05 Mfd. 400 volt.	.24
23	502180	Condenser—mtr 110 Mmfd. 500 volt.	.24
26	502156	Condenser—.004 Mfd. 400 volt.	.20
28	502479	Condenser—.008 Mfd. 600 volt.	.24
31	502479	Condenser—.02 Mfd. 400 volt.	.24
32	502155	Condenser—.02 Mfd. 600 volt.	.20
38	502271	Condenser—.024 Mfd. 500 volt.	.30
41	502410	Condenser—.02 Mfd. 400 volt.	.30
43	502152	Condenser—electrolytic	.24
45A, B, C	502207	Condenser—electrolytic A — 20 Mfd. 400 volt. B — 10 Mfd. 400 volt. C — 20 Mfd. 25 volt.	2.20
46	502155	Condenser—.004 Mfd. 400 volt.	.20
RESISTORS			
8	502468	Resistor—carbon—43,000 ohms 1/2 watt.	15
9	502131	Resistor—carbon—47,000 ohms 1/2 watt.	19
10	502514	Resistor—carbon—3,300 ohms 1/2 watt.	12
14	502288	Resistor—carbon—47,000 ohms 1/2 watt.	16
16	502269	Resistor—carbon—3.3 Meg. 1/2 watt.	12
17	502264	Resistor—carbon—47,000 ohms 1/2 watt.	12
22	502131	Volume control—with switch; 1 Meg.	1.25
25A, B	502654	Resistor—carbon—220,000 ohms 1/2 watt.	12
27	502133	Resistor—carbon—58,000 ohms 1/2 watt.	12
29	502408	Resistor—carbon—47,000 ohms 1/2 watt.	12
30	502468	Resistor—carbon—47 Meg. 1/2 watt.	12
32	502408	Resistor—carbon—1,500 ohms 1/2 watt.	12
34	502135	Resistor—carbon—20,000 ohms 1/2 watt.	12
35	502133	Resistor—carbon—20,000 ohms 1/2 watt.	12
42	502133	Resistor—carbon—470,000 ohms 1/2 watt.	12
44	502134	Resistor—carbon—470,000 ohms 1/2 watt.	12
47	502283	Resistor—wire wound—200 ohms 1/2 watt.	.25
COILS & TRANSFORMERS			
1	502697	Loop antenna and cabinet back	3.25
4	502849	Coil—oscillator	1.45
11	502850	Transformer—1st I.F.	1.00
15	502856	Transformer—2nd I.F.	2.30
31	502170	Transformer—output for R-502168 spkr.	2.30
33	502170	Transformer—output for M-502168 spkr.	2.00
50	504061	Transformer—output for D-502168 spkr.	2.00
	504122	Transformer—output for M-502168 spkr.	2.00
OTHER ELECTRICAL PARTS			
18	502461	Crystal cartridge (Astac 1-7)	6.10
19	502846	Motor—type "G"—502584 record changer	12.00
	502847	Motor—type "G1"—502584 record changer	10.00
20	502379	Switch—on-off type "G1"—502584 record changer	.48

Lettered terminals in illustrations correspond to similarly lettered terminals on the circuit diagram.

PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE

STEWART WARNER CORP.

Measured with voltmeter having sensitivity of 1000 ohms per volt except where indicated by (*).
RADIO-PHONO-TONE SWITCH IN "RADIO-BASS" POSITION
VOLUME ON FULL WITH NO SIGNAL DIAL TUNED TO 540 KC.



REAR OF CHASSIS

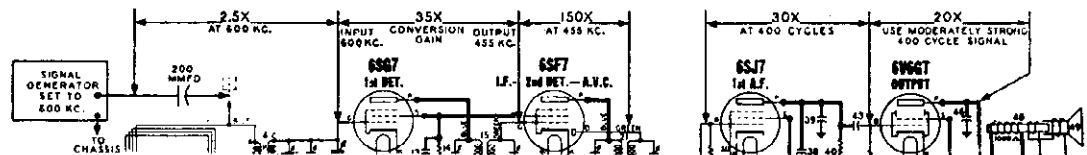
* - Measured with vacuum tube voltmeter.
 NOTE:—The 6V6GT grid bias of $-13\frac{1}{2}$ volts can be measured across resistor No. 47.

APPROXIMATE STAGE GAIN DATA

Be sure R.F. and I.F. stages are accurately aligned before measuring gain. R.F. gains can be measured with a "channel" type instrument containing a tuned and calibrated R.F. amplifier. A vacuum tube voltmeter may be used for audio gain measurements. Observe following precautions:

- For all gain measurements connect signal generator as shown. Use 600 K.C. signal with 400 cycle modulation (use nearby frequency if local station interferes.)
- For R.F. and I.F. measurements connect negative terminal of a 3 volt battery (two 1½ volt cells in series) to A.V.C. lead at terminal "D" of antenna coil; then connect positive battery lead to chassis. This provides a definite operating point. **IMPORTANT: Disconnect battery when measuring audio stage gains.**
- Be sure radio is carefully tuned to generator signal (use weak signal for sharp tuning.)
- When using a "channel" type instrument carefully tune it for maximum output at desired frequency before making measurements.

The R.F. and I.F. stage gains shown below are less than under normal operating conditions due to the use of 3 volts fixed bias in order to establish a definite operating point. Therefore, these values are not intended to indicate the full capability of a stage.



Differences in tube characteristics, tolerance of parts, adjustment of tuned circuits, and variations of line voltage will influence stage gain. Accuracy of measurements is dependent upon careful tuning of receiver to generator signal and experience in using your test equipment. These factors may create considerable variation in gain measurements.

Remove chassis and loop antenna (cabinet back) from cabinet. Reconnect loop to chassis and space it approximately same distance from chassis as when installed in cabinet.

With the gang condenser fully meshed, the dial pointer should be in the position indicated by the last mark below 55 on the dial. If it is set incorrectly, release the pointer clip on the dial cord and reposition pointer.

Connect an output meter across the speaker voice coil or from the plate of the 6V6GT tube to chassis through a .1 Mfd. condenser.

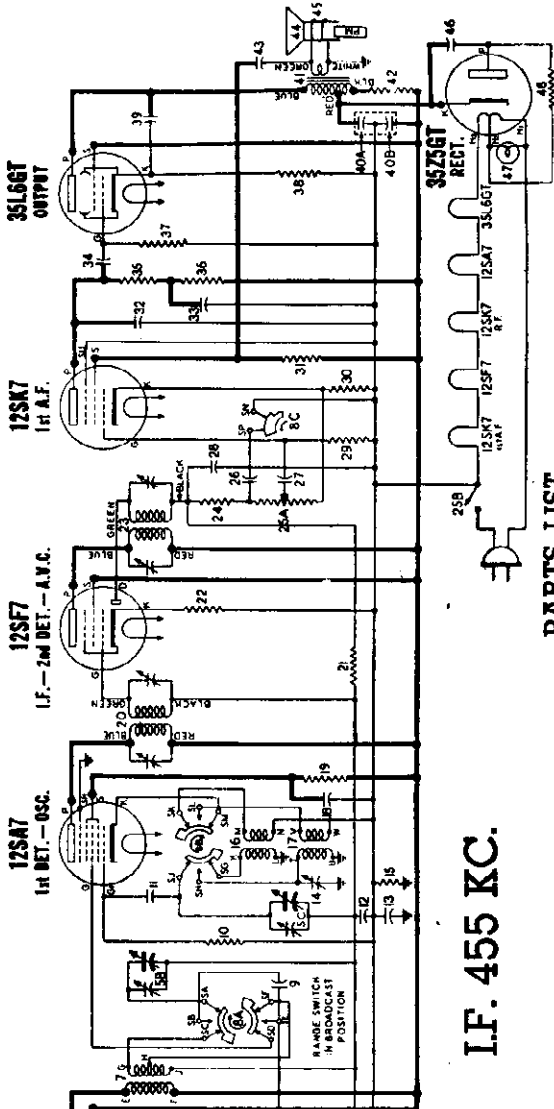
Connect the ground lead of signal generator to the receiver chassis.

Set volume control at maximum volume position and use a weak signal from the signal generator.

DUMMY ANT. IN SERIES WITH SIGNAL GENERATOR	CONNECT HIGH SIDE OF SIG. GENERATOR TO	SIGNAL GENERATOR FREQUENCY	RECEIVER DIAL SETTING	TRIMMER NUMBER	TRIMMER DESCRIPTION	TYPE OF ADJUSTMENT
.1 MFD. Condenser	Trimmer on top section of gang.	455 KC	Any point where it does not affect the signal	1-2	2nd I.F.	Adjust for maximum output. Then repeat adjustment.
				3-4	1st I.F.	
200 MMFD. Mica Condenser	External Antenna Clip on Loop Antenna	1500 KC	1500 KC	5	Broadcast Oscillator	Adjust for maximum output
200 MMFD. Mica Condenser	External Antenna Clip on Loop Antenna	1500 KC	Tune to 1500 KC generator signal	6	Broadcast Antenna	Adjust for maximum output

MODEL 9014-E

STEWART WARNER CORP.

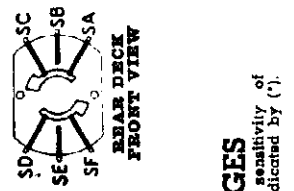


I.F. 455 KC.

PARTS LIST

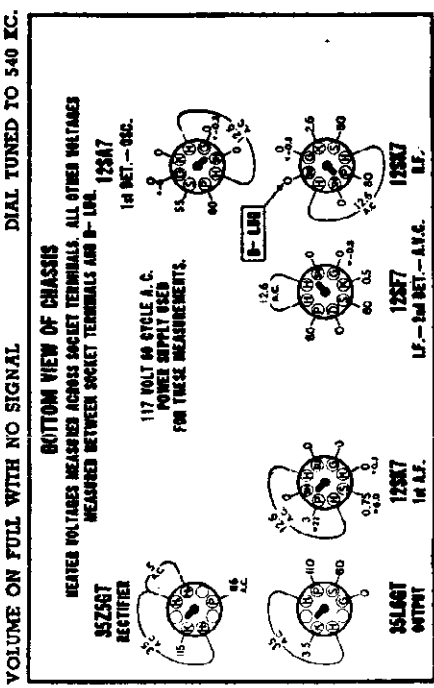
DIA. GRAM PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	LIST PRICE	DIA. GRAM PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	LIST PRICE
3	502172 Condenser-trimmer; 25 to 100 Mmfd.	\$0.96	4	502121 Coil—antenna coupling	\$1.64
4	502173 Condenser-trimmer; variable gang (with drum)	4.60	5	502142 Coil—BC rect.	1.26
5	502174 Condenser—315 Mmfd 500 volt.	.43	6	502198 Coil—BC oscillator	1.26
6	502175 Condenser—micr.—50 Mmfd. 500 volt.	.24	7	502197 Coil—S.W. oscillator	1.32
7	502176 Condenser—1 Mfd. 400 volt.	.36	8	502102 Transformer—1st I.F.	2.30
8	502177 Condenser—1 Mfd. 400 volt.	.36	9	502103 Transformer—2nd I.F.	2.30
9	502178 Condenser—.25 Mfd. 200 volt.	.20	10	502213 Transformer—output for R-502998 sprk.	2.50
10	502179 Condenser—.008 Mfd. 400 volt.	.20	11	502204 Transformer—output for W-502998 sprk.	2.50
11	502180 Condenser—.002 Mfd. 400 volt.	.20	12	504244	
12	502181 Condenser—.05 Mfd. 500 volt.	.24	OTHER ELECTRICAL PARTS		
13	502182 Condenser—.05 Mfd. 500 volt.	.24	8A-8B-8C	502198 Switch—tone & band	2.00
14	502183 Condenser—.05 Mfd. 200 volt.	.24		502214 Cone and voice coil for R-502998 sprk.	2.00
15	502184 Condenser—.04 Mfd. 400 volt.	.20		502303 Cone and voice coil for A-502998 sprk.	2.00
16	502185 Condenser—.01 Mfd. 400 volt.	.20		504445 Speaker—3" M. dynamic (5 inch)	6.60
17	502186 Condenser—electrolytic	1.50		502356 Lamp—dial (Mazda 7) 6.8V. 150 Ma.	.22
18	A-40 Mid. 150 volt		MISCELLANEOUS PARTS		
19	B-20 Mid. 150 volt		502501 Back for cabinet.	.20	
20	Condenser—.02 Mfd. 400 volt.	.24	116467 Base for mtg. electrolytic condenser.	.04	
21	Condenser—.05 Mfd. 400 volt.	.24	502500 Cabinet	19.00	
22	Resistor—carbon 390 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12	502506 Clamp—dial scale mtg.	.04	
23	Resistor—carbon 22,000 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12	112745 Clip—coil mtg.	.01	
24	Resistor—carbon 220,000 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12	114955 Clip—retainer on end of dial cord.	.01	
25	Resistor—carbon 4700 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12	504497 Clip—retainer for cabinet back.	.02	
26	Resistor—carbon 4700 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12	116588 Connector—for antenna leads.	.01	
27	Resistor—carbon 4700 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12	117057 Cord—dial drive (55 in. required), per ft.	.05	
28	Resistor—carbon 4700 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12	504324 Cover—cardboard, for elect. cond.	.04	
29	Resistor—carbon 47,000 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12	502305 Dial scale—glass	1.60	
30	Volume control 500,000 ohms (with switch)	1.25	501186 Grounding plate (under I.F. trans. can.)	.35	
31	Resistor—carbon 10 Meg. 1/4 watt.	.12	502531 Knob—volume or tuning	.44	
32	Resistor—carbon 2200 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12	502532 Knob—tone & range sw.	.16	
33	Resistor—carbon 2.2 Meg. 1/4 watt.	.12	502567 Pointer	.01	
34	Resistor—carbon 220,000 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12	119087 Ring for dial cord.	.01	
35	Resistor—carbon 470,000 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12	114957 Screw—No. 8x1/4; holds clamps to cab.	.01	
36	Resistor—carbon 470,000 ohms 1/4 watt.	.12	117058 Screw—No. 8x1/2; chassis mtg.	.01	
37	Resistor—carbon 1500 ohms 1/4 watt.	.16	502523 Shaft—tuning control	.15	
38	Resistor—carbon 1500 ohms 1/4 watt.	.16	116590 Socket—coil (base)	.12	
39	Resistor—carbon 33 ohms 1/2 watt.	.12	160890 Socket—dial lamp (with leads)	.15	
40	Resistor—carbon 33 ohms 1/2 watt.	.12	504498 Spring—dial core tension	.06	
41	Resistor—carbon 33 ohms 1/2 watt.	.12	181389 Washer—spring washer for tuning shaft	.06	
42	Resistor—carbon 33 ohms 1/2 watt.	.12	111456 Washer—spring washer for tuning shaft	.06	
43	502503 Loop antenna	3.00			
44	502740 Coil—S. W. transformer	1.12			

PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE



SOCKET VOLTAGES

Measured with voltmeter having sensitivity of 1000 ohms per volt except where indicated by (*).

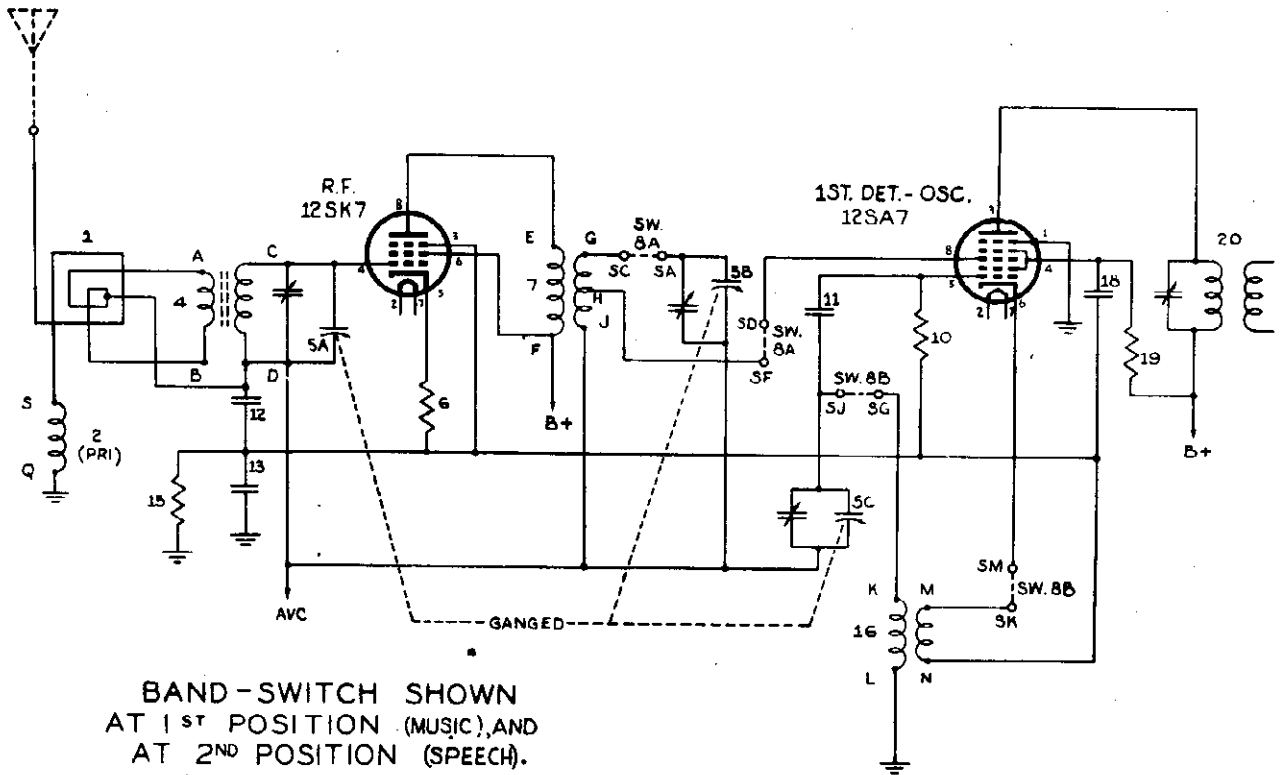


REAR OF CHASSIS

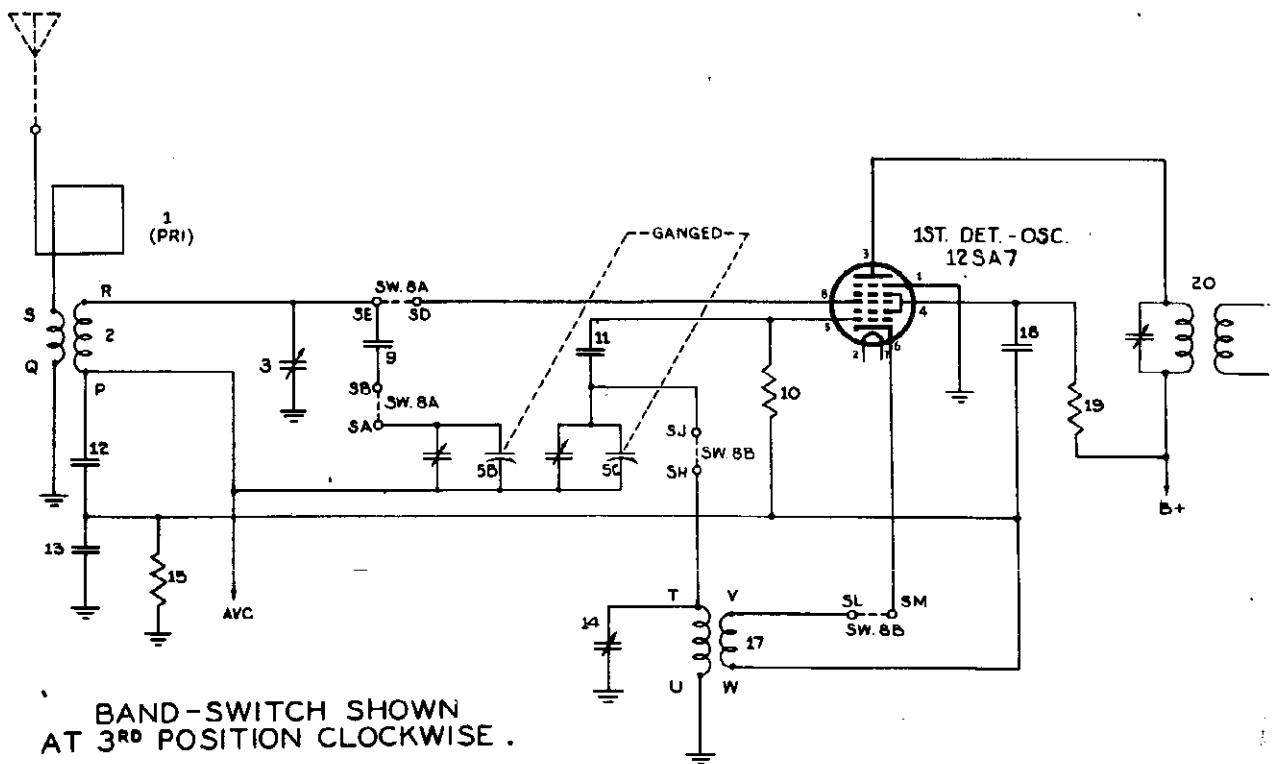
*—Measured with vacuum tube voltmeter

STEWART WARNER CORP.

MODEL 62T36
MODEL 9000-F
MODEL 9014-F



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
AT 1ST POSITION (MUSIC), AND
AT 2ND POSITION (SPEECH).
BROADCAST BAND
540-1650KC.



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
AT 3RD POSITION CLOCKWISE.
SHORT WAVE BAND
9-12 MC

MODEL 9014-E

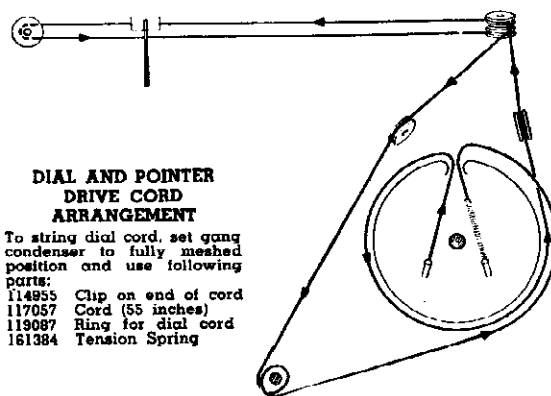
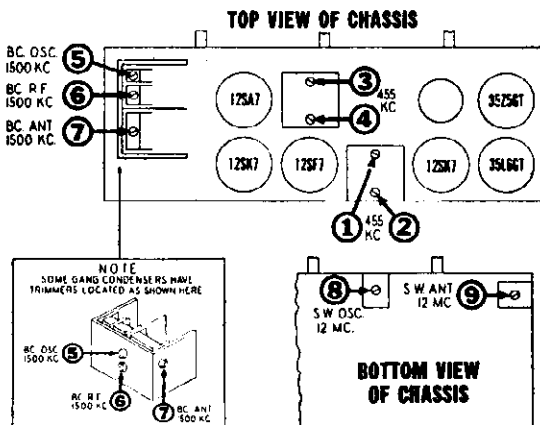
STEWART WARNER CORP.

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

1. Remove chassis and loop antenna from cabinet. Reconnect loop to chassis and space it approximately same distance from chassis as when installed in cabinet.
2. Note that there are four calibrating lines stamped into the metal dial frame. When gang condenser is fully meshed, dial pointer should be in the position indicated by first line at the left. If it is set incorrectly, release pointer clip on dial cord and reposition pointer.
3. Connect an output meter across the speaker voice coil or from plate of 35L6GT tube to B— through a .1 Mfd. condenser (see voltage chart for convenient B— connection).
4. Connect ground lead from signal generator to B— through a .25 Mfd. condenser.
5. Set volume control at maximum volume position and use a weak signal from the signal generator.

IMPORTANT:—Align this receiver in exactly the order shown below. Broadcast band must be aligned before short wave band.

DUMMY ANT. IN SERIES WITH SIGNAL GENERATOR	CONNECT HIGH SIDE OF GENERATOR TO	SIGNAL GENERATOR FREQUENCY	BAND SWITCH POSITION	RECEIVER DIAL SETTING	TRIMMER NUMBER	TRIMMER DESCRIPTION	TYPE OF ADJUSTMENT
200 MMFD. Mica Condenser	Control Grid of 12SA7	455 KC	Broadcast	Any point where it does not affect the signal	1-2	2nd I.F.	Adjust for maximum output. Then repeat adjustment.
					3-4	1st I.F.	
200 MMFD. Mica Condenser	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	1500 KC	Broadcast	Set pointer to 1500 KC reference line stamped into metal dial plate (first line at the right)	5	Broadcast Oscillator (Shunt)	Adjust for maximum output.
200 MMFD. Mica Condenser	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	1500 KC	Broadcast	Tune to 1500 KC generator signal	6	Broadcast R.F.	Adjust for maximum output.
200 MMFD. Mica Condenser	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	1500 KC	Broadcast	Tune to 1500 KC generator signal	7	Broadcast Antenna	Adjust for maximum output.
400 OHM Resistor	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	12 MC	Short Wave	Set pointer to 12 MC. Reference line stamped into metal dial plate (second line from the right)	8	Short Wave Oscillator	Adjust to bring in signal. Check to see if proper peak was obtained by tuning in image at approx. 11.1 MC. If image does not appear, realign at 12 MC. with trimmer screw farther out. Recheck image.
400 OHM Resistor	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	12 MC	Short Wave	Tune to 12 MC generator signal	9	Short Wave Antenna	Adjust for maximum output. Try to increase output by detuning trimmer and retuning receiver dial until maximum output is obtained.

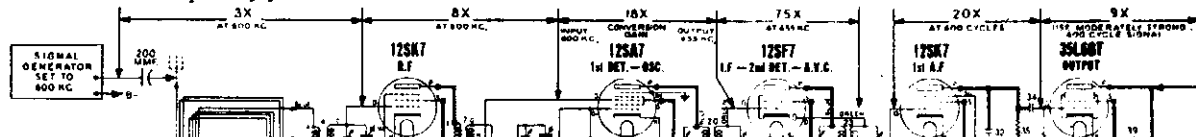


APPROXIMATE STAGE GAIN DATA

Be sure R.F. and I.F. stages are accurately aligned before measuring gain. R.F. gains can be measured with a "channel" type instrument containing a tuned and calibrated R.F. amplifier. A vacuum tube voltmeter may be used for audio gain measurements. Observe following precautions:

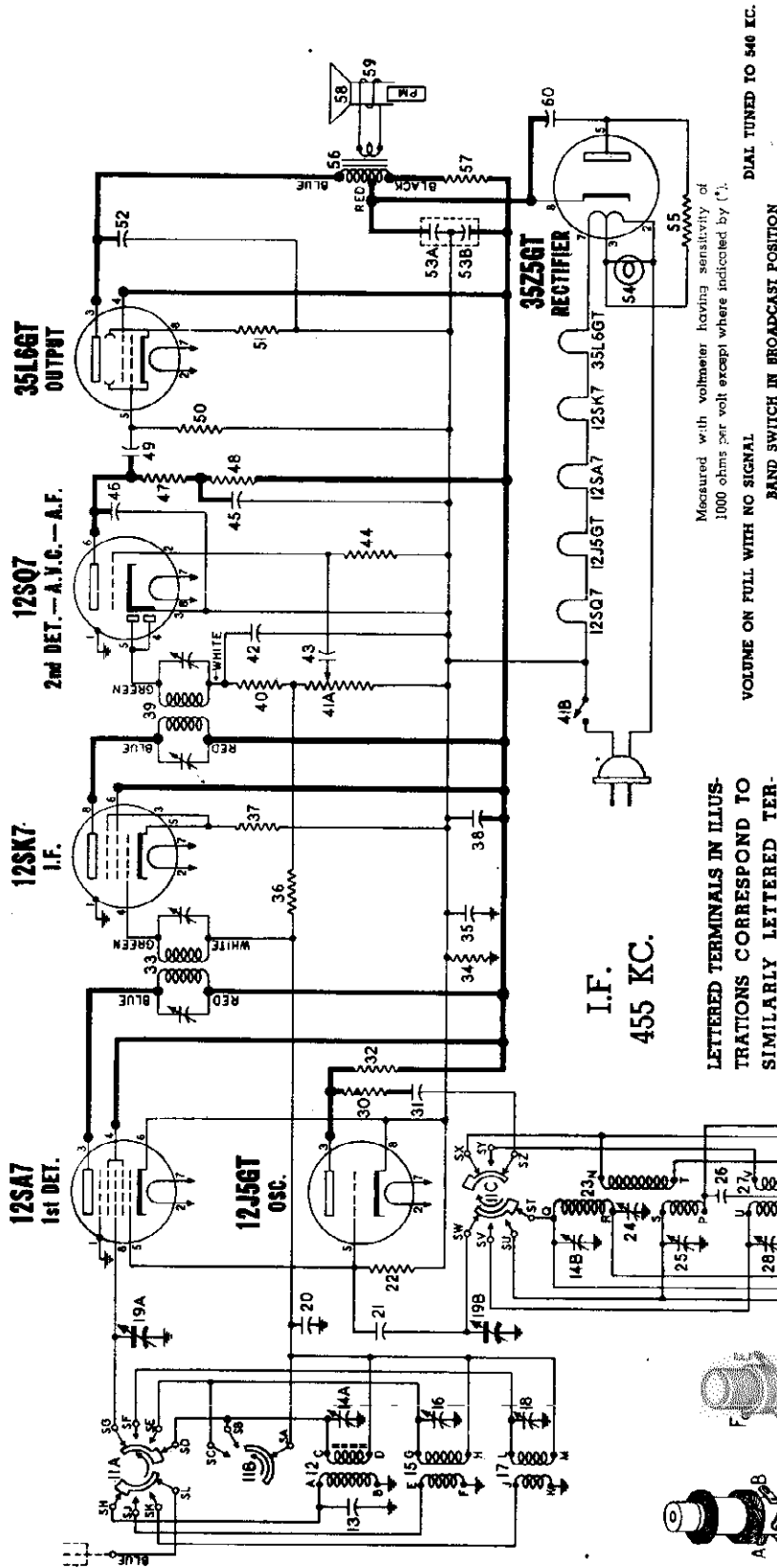
1. For all gain measurements connect signal generator as shown. Use 600 KC. signal with 400 cycle modulation (use nearby frequency if local station interferes.)
2. For R.F. and I.F. measurements connect negative terminal of a 3 volt battery (two 1½ volt cells in series) to A.V.C. lead and positive terminal to B—. This provides a definite operating point. **IMPORTANT:** Disconnect battery when measuring audio stage gains.
3. Be sure radio is carefully tuned to generator signal (use weak signal for sharp tuning.)
4. When using a "channel" type instrument carefully tune it for maximum output at desired frequency before making measurements.

The R.F. and I.F. stage gains shown below are less than under normal operating conditions due to the use of 3 volts fixed bias in order to establish a definite operating point. Therefore, these values are not intended to indicate the full capability of a stage.



Differences in tube characteristics, tolerance of parts, adjustment of tuned circuits, and variations of line voltage will influence stage gain. Accuracy of measurements is dependent upon careful tuning of receiver to generator signal and experience in using your test equipment. These factors may create considerable variation in gain measurements.

STEWART WARNER CORP.



Measured with voltmeter having sensitivity of 1000 ohms per volt except where indicated by (*).

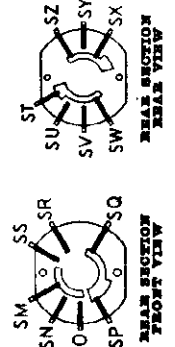
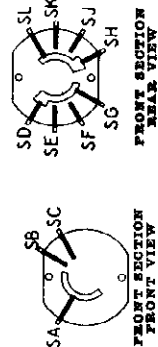
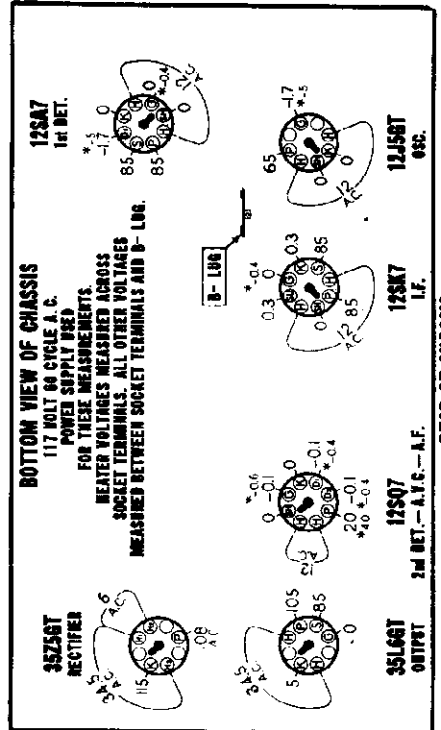
DIAL TUNED TO 540 KC.

VOLUME ON FULL WITH NO SIGNAL

BAND SWITCH IN BROADCAST POSITION

I.F.
455 KC.

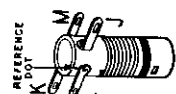
LETTERED TERMINALS IN ILLUSTRATIONS CORRESPOND TO SIMILARLY LETTERED TERMINALS ON THE CIRCUIT DIAGRAM.



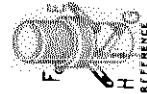
BAND SWITCH 504089



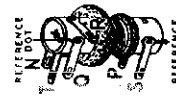
I.W.T. AMPLIFYING COIL 504103



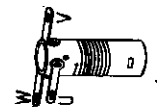
B.W. AMPLIFYING COIL 504107



I.W.T. AMPLIFYING COIL 504104



B.C. & INT. OSCILLATOR COIL 504105



B.W. OSCILLATOR COIL 504106

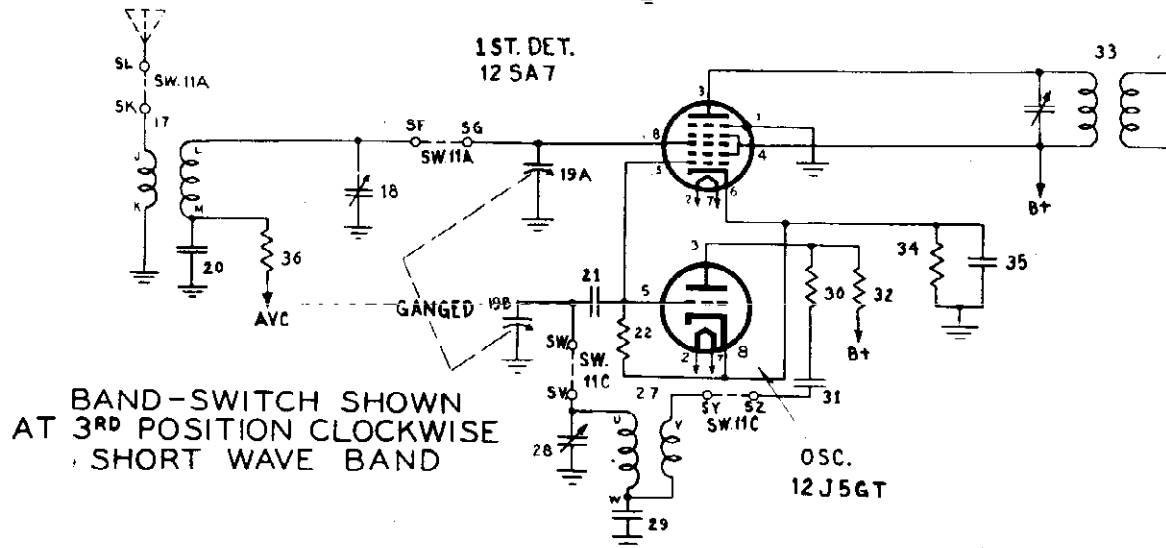
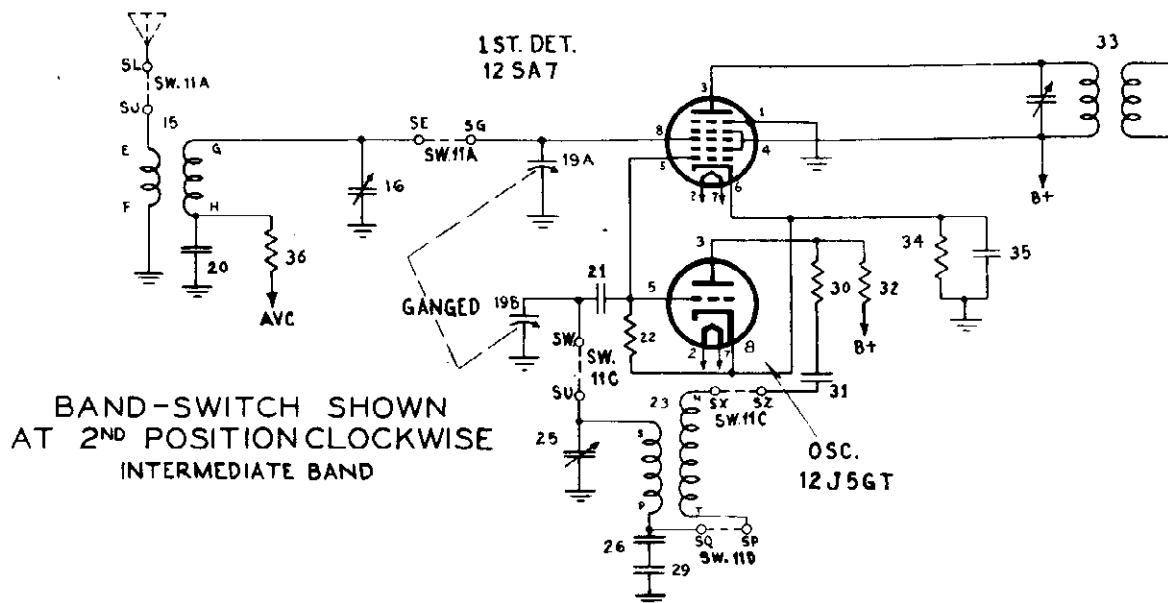
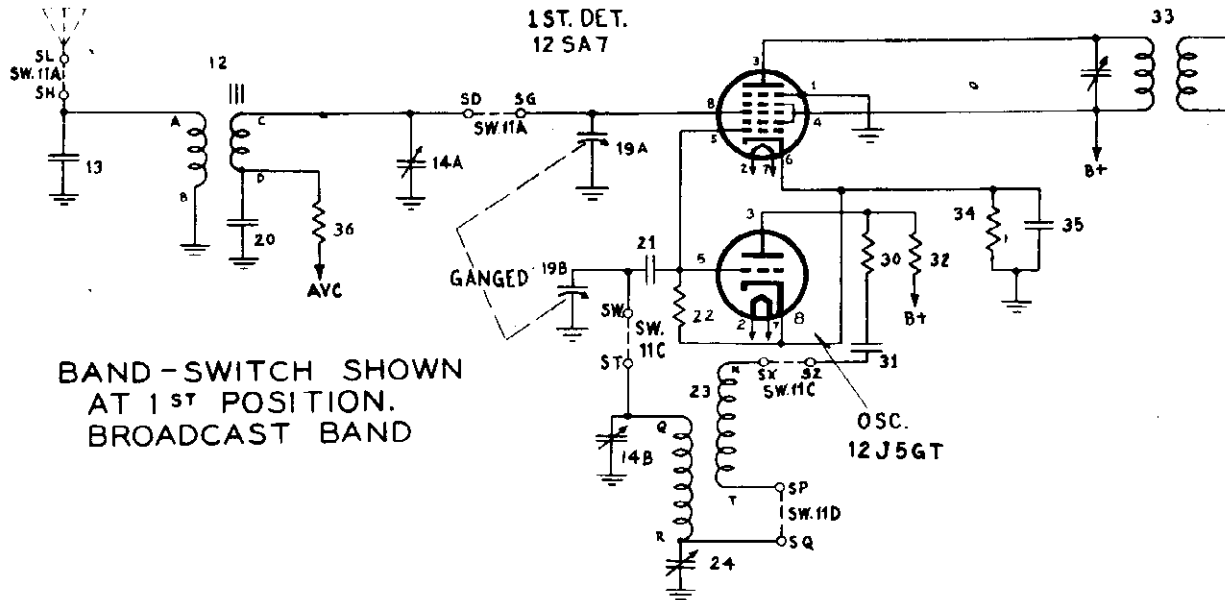
*--Measured with vacuum tube voltmeter.

REAR OF CHASSIS

"clarified schematics"

MODEL 9017-A

STEWART WARNER CORP.



STEWART WARNER CORP.

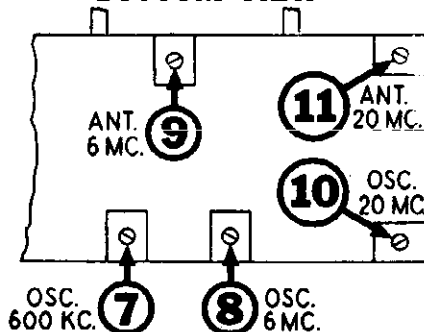
ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

1. With the gang condenser fully meshed, the dial pointer should be in the position indicated by the last mark below 55 on the dial. If it is set incorrectly, release the pointer clip on the dial cord and reposition pointer.
2. During the alignment of this receiver it will be necessary to set the dial pointer to the following frequencies: 1500 Kc., 600 Kc., 6 Mc., 5.1 Mc., 20 Mc., and 19.1 Mc. In order to avoid replacing the chassis in the cabinet each time a dial setting is required, it will be found more convenient to mark the required frequency points on the white dial background plate before starting the alignment.
3. Connect an output meter across the speaker voice coil or from plate of 35L6GT tube to B—lug through a .1 Mfd. condenser (see voltage chart for convenient B— connection).
4. Connect ground lead of signal generator to B—lug.
CAUTION: If your test oscillator is designed with an AC-DC power supply, connect ground lead of signal generator to B—lug through a .25 mfd. condenser.
5. Set volume control at maximum volume position and use a weak signal from the signal generator.

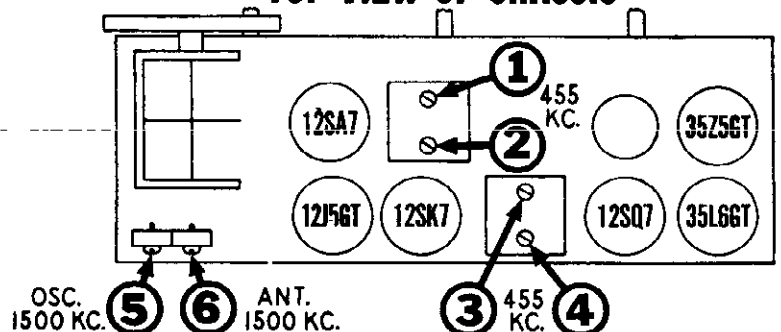
IMPORTANT: Align this receiver in exactly the order shown below. Broadcast band should be aligned before short wave bands.

DUMMY ANT. IN SERIES WITH SIGNAL GENERATOR	CONNECT HIGH SIDE OF SIGNAL GENERATOR TO	SIGNAL GENERATOR FREQUENCY	BAND SWITCH POSITION	RECEIVER DIAL SETTING	TRIMMER NUMBER	TRIMMER DESCRIPTION	TYPE OF ADJUSTMENT
200 MMFD. Mica Condenser	Lug on front section of gang.	455 KC	Broadcast (counter-clockwise)	Any point where it does not affect the signal.	1-2	2nd I.F.	Adjust for maximum output. Then repeat adjustment.
					3-4	1st I.F.	
200 MMFD. Mica Condenser	External antenna lead (blue)	1500 KC	Broadcast (counter-clockwise)	1500 KC	5	Broadcast Oscillator (Shunt)	Adjust for maximum output.
200 MMFD. Mica Condenser	External antenna lead (blue)	1500 KC	Broadcast (counter-clockwise)	Tune to 1500 KC Generator Signal	6	Broadcast Antenna	Adjust for maximum output.
200 MMFD. Mica Condenser	External antenna lead (blue)	600 KC	Broadcast (counter-clockwise)	Tune to 600 KC Generator Signal	7	Broadcast Oscillator (Series Pad)	Adjust for maximum output. Try to increase output by detuning trimmer and retuning receiver dial until maximum output is obtained.
200 MMFD. Mica Condenser	External antenna lead (blue)	Repeat adjustment of trimmers 5 and 6 at 1500 Kc. Then re-check adjustment of trimmer 7 at 600 Kc.					
400 OHM Carbon Resistor	External antenna lead (blue)	6 MC	Intermediate (middle)	6 MC	8	Intermediate Oscillator	Adjust for maximum output. Check to see if proper peak was obtained by tuning in image at approx. 3.1 MC. If image does not appear, realign at 6 MC. with trimmer screw farther out. Recheck image.
400 OHM Carbon Resistor	External antenna lead (blue)	6 MC	Intermediate (middle)	Tune to 6 MC Generator Signal	9	Intermediate Antenna	Adjust for maximum output. Try to increase output by detuning trimmer and retuning receiver dial until maximum output is obtained.
400 OHM Carbon Resistor	External antenna lead (blue)	20 MC	Short wave (Clockwise)	20 MC	10	S.W. Oscillator	Adjust for maximum output. Check to see if proper peak was obtained by tuning in image at approx. 19.1 MC. If image does not appear, realign at 20 MC. with trimmer screw farther out. Recheck image.
400 OHM Carbon Resistor	External antenna lead (blue)	20 MC	Short wave (Clockwise)	Tune to 20 MC Generator Signal	11	S.W. Antenna	Adjust for maximum output. Try to increase output by detuning trimmer and retuning receiver dial until maximum output is obtained.

BOTTOM VIEW



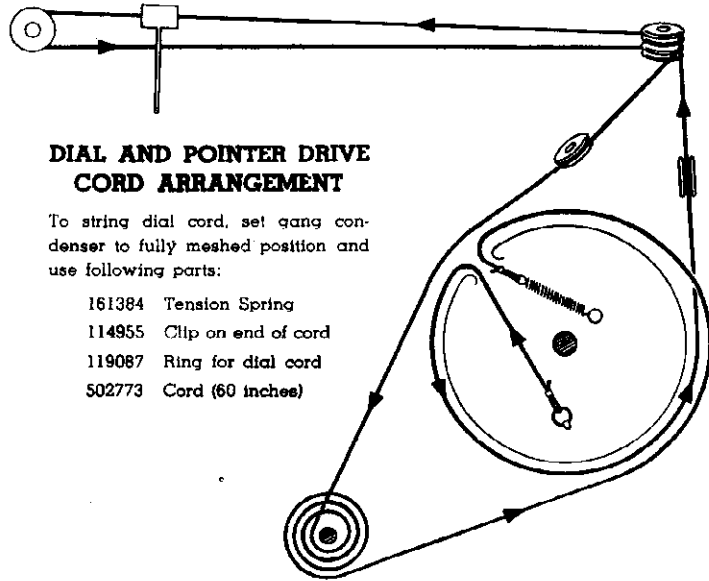
TOP VIEW OF CHASSIS



MODEL 9017-A

STEWART WARNER CORP.

DIA-GRAM NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	LIST PRICE
CONDENSERS			
13.....	502931	Condenser—Mica 100 mmfd. 500 volt.	\$.24
14-A, B	504067	Condenser—trimmer assembly A-1.6 to 18 Mmfd. B-3 to 35 Mmfd.	.65
16.....	504069	Condenser—trimmer; 3 to 35 Mmfd.	.25
18.....	504069	Condenser—trimmer; 3 to 35 Mmfd.	.25
19-A, B	504064	Condenser—variable gang with drum	4.80
20.....	502806	Condenser—.05 Mfd. 200 volt.	.36
21.....	502929	Condenser—mica 47 Mmfd. 500 volt.	.24
24.....	504068	Condenser—trimmer; 300 to 600 Mmfd.	.50
25.....	502758	Condenser—trimmer; 1.6 to 18 Mmfd.	.35
26.....	504049	Condenser—mica 4,300 Mmfd. 500 volt	1.30
28.....	502758	Condenser—trimmer; 1.6 to 18 Mmfd.	.35
29.....	504049	Condenser—mica 4,300 Mmfd. 500 volt.	1.30
31.....	502804	Condenser—.01 Mfd. 400 volt.	.30
35.....	502809	Condenser—.25 Mfd. 400 volt.	.36
38.....	502807	Condenser—.05 Mfd. 400 volt.	.37
42.....	502931	Condenser—mica 100 Mmfd. 500 volt.	.24
43.....	504051	Condenser—.004 Mfd. 400 volt.	.24
45.....	502807	Condenser—.05 Mfd. 400 volt.	.37
46.....	502931	Condenser—mica 100 Mmfd. 500 volt.	.24
49.....	504051	Condenser—.004 Mfd. 400 volt.	.24
52.....	502804	Condenser—.04 Mfd. 400 volt.	.30
53-A, B	500256	Condenser—electrolytic A-40 Mfd. 150 Volt B-20 Mfd. 150 volt	1.50
60.....	502807	Condenser—.05 Mfd. 400 volt.	.37
RESISTORS			
22.....	502130	Resistor—carbon 22,000 Ohms ¼ watt.	.18
30.....	504111	Resistor—carbon 56 Ohms ¼ watt.	.12
34.....	504114	Resistor—carbon 6,800 Ohms ¼ watt.	.12
39.....	502133	Resistor—carbon 220,000 Ohms ¼ watt.	.12
36.....	502135	Resistor—carbon 2.2 Meg. ¼ watt.	.12
37.....	504109	Resistor—carbon 27 Ohms ¼ watt.	.12
40.....	502131	Resistor—carbon 47,000 Ohms ¼ watt.	.12
41-A, B	502145	Volume control—500,000 Ohms (with switch)	1.25
44.....	502269	Resistor—carbon 3.3 Meg. ¼ watt.	.12
47, 48	502133	Resistor—carbon 220,000 Ohms ¼ watt.	.12
50.....	502134	Resistor—carbon 470,000 Ohms ¼ watt.	.12
51.....	504112	Resistor—carbon 130 Ohms ½ watt.	.12
55.....	504110	Resistor—carbon 33 Ohms ½ watt.	.12
57.....	504113	Resistor—carbon 1,000 Ohms 1 watt.	.16
COILS AND TRANSFORMERS			
12.....	504103	Coil—B.C. antenna	2.00
15.....	504104	Coil—Int. Band antenna	1.50
17.....	504107	Coil—S.W. antenna	1.25
23.....	504105	Coil—B.C. and Int. Band oscillator.	2.10
27.....	504106	Coil—S.W. oscillator	1.20
33.....	504065	Transformer—1st I.F.	2.50
38.....	504066	Transformer—2nd I.F.	2.50
56.....	504101	Transformer—output for R-504100 speaker	2.75
	504102	Transformer—output for A-504100 speaker	2.75
OTHER ELECTRICAL PARTS			
11 {A,B,C,D}	504098	Switch—band	3.00
54.....	118921	Lamp—dial (Mazda 47) 6-8 V. 150 Ma.	.15
58.....	502214	Cone & voice coil for R-504100 spkr.	2.00
	502903	Cone & voice coil for A-504100 spkr.	2.00
59.....	504100	Speaker—P.M. dynamic (5 inch)	7.50



DIAL AND POINTER DRIVE CORD ARRANGEMENT

To string dial cord, set gang condenser to fully meshed position and use following parts:

- 161384 Tension Spring
- 114955 Clip on end of cord
- 119087 Ring for dial cord
- 502773 Cord (60 inches)

MISCELLANEOUS PARTS

504118	Back for cabinet	.45
504034	Base for mtg. electrolytic condenser	.04
502666	Cabinet—mahogany	5.40
502773	Cord—dial drive (60 in. required) per ft.	.05
500324	Cover—cardboard for elect. cond.	.04
502506	Clamp—dial scale mtg.	.04
112745	Clip—coil mtg.	.01
114955	Clip—retainer on end of dial cord	.01
500497	Clip—retainer for cabinet back	.02
504134	Dial scale—glass	3.00
502563	Knob—volume or tuning	.08
504117	Knob—band switch	.08
502690	Pointer	.16
81145	Retaining ring for tuning shaft	.01
119087	Ring for dial cord	.01
17063	Screw—# 6 x ¼ holds dial clamp	.01
114628	Screw—# 8 x ½ chassis mtg.	.01
502173	Shaft—tuning control	.15
160392	Socket—octal	.16
504099	Socket—dial lamp with leads	.44
161384	Spring—dial cord tension	.06
111456	Washer—spring washer for tuning shaft	.005

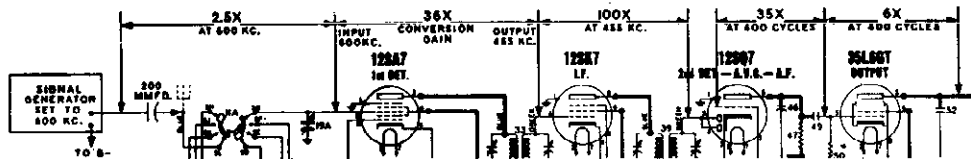
PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE

APPROXIMATE STAGE GAIN DATA

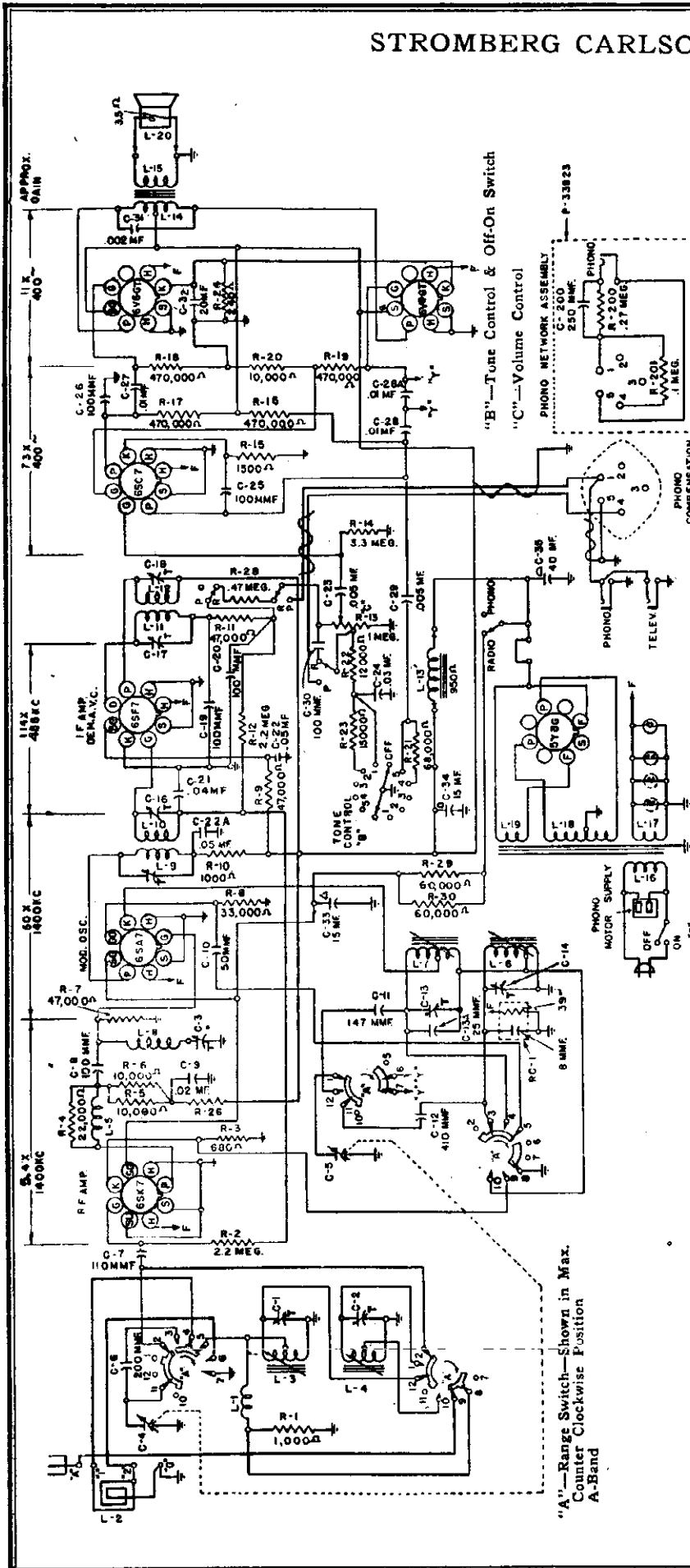
Be sure R.F. and I.F. stages are accurately aligned before measuring gain. R.F. gains can be measured with a "channel" type instrument containing a tuned and calibrated R.F. amplifier. A vacuum tube voltmeter may be used for audio gain measurements. Observe following precautions:

1. For all gain measurements connect signal generator as shown. Use 600 KC. signal with 400 cycle modulation (use nearby frequency if local station interferes.)
2. For R.F. and I.F. measurements connect negative terminal of a 3 volt battery (two 1½ volt cells in series) to A.V.C. lead at terminal "H" of Intermediate band antenna coil (15); then connect positive battery lead to chassis. This provides a definite operating point.
3. Be sure radio is carefully tuned to generator signal (use weak signal for sharp tuning.)
4. When using a "channel" type instrument carefully tune it for maximum output at desired frequency before making measurements.

The R.F. and I.F. stage gains shown below are less than under normal operating conditions due to the use of 3 volts fixed bias in order to establish a definite operating point. Therefore, these values are not intended to indicate the full capability of a stage.



Differences in tube characteristics, tolerance of parts, adjustment of tuned circuits, and variations of line voltage will influence stage gain. Accuracy of measurements is dependent upon careful tuning of receiver to generator signal and experience in using your test equipment. These factors may create considerable variation in gain measurements.



SPECIFICATIONS

Voltage Rating A.C. 105 to 130 Volts
 Type of Circuit Superheterodyne with Push Button Tuning
 Tuning Ranges A—840 to 1600 Kc., C—8.8 to 12 Mc.
 Number and Type of Tubes—7

- 1—6SK7 R. F. Amplifier
- 1—6SA7 Modulator and Oscillator
- 1—6SF7 I. F. Amplifier, Demodulator and A. V. C.
- 1—6SC7 Audio Amplifier and Inverter
- 2—6V6GT Output
- 1—5Y3G Rectifier

Input Power Rating 96-115 Watts
 Intermediate Frequency 455 Kilocycles
 Speaker Voice Coil Impedance at 400 Cycles Approximately 3.5 Ohms
 Speaker Field Coil Resistance 950 Ohms
 Power Output 10 Watts 10% Distortion, 12 Watts Maximum

NORMAL VOLTAGE READINGS

Take all readings with chassis operating and tuned to 1000 kc.—No signal.
 Use a line voltage of 117 ±5 volts or make allowance for the variations.
 Voltages on location chart are taken with a 1000 ohm per voltmeter.
 Voltages on table listed below are taken with an electronic voltmeter.
 Read from indicated terminals to chassis base.

VOLTAGE TABLE FOR ELECTRONIC VOLTMETER

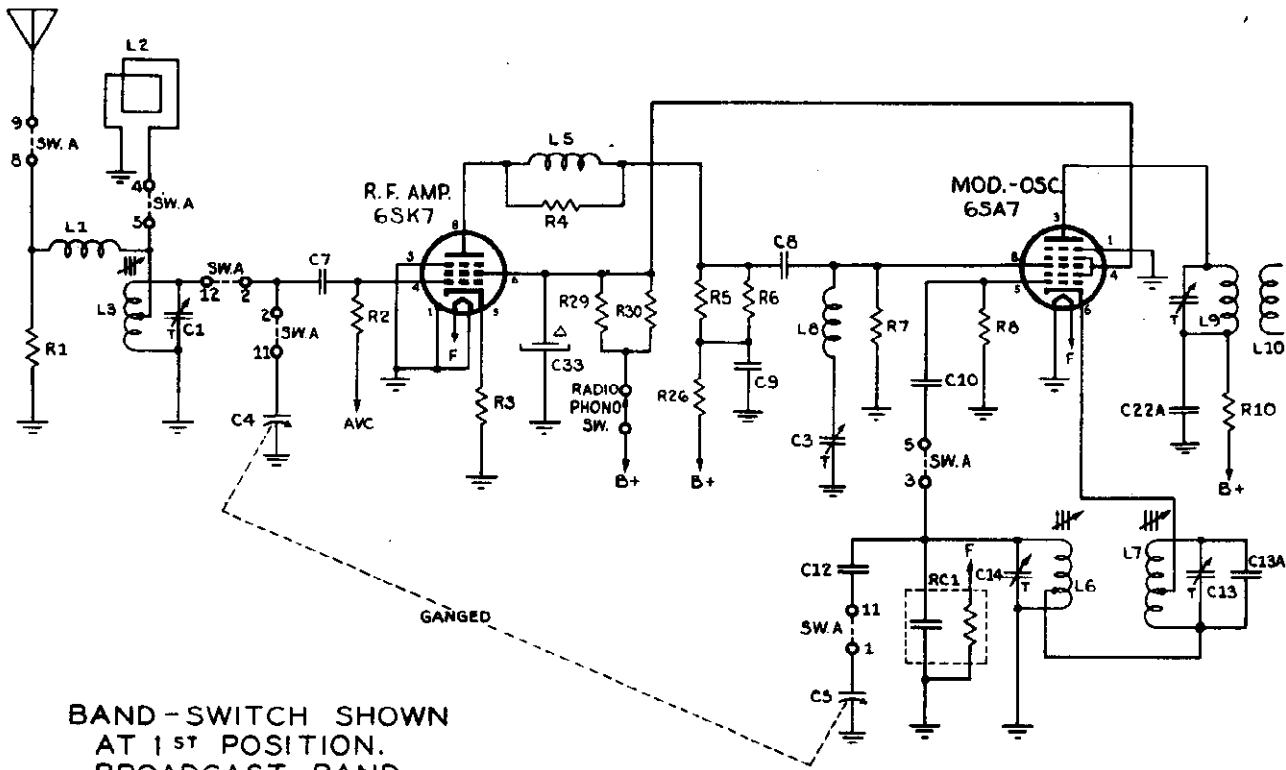
Tube	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
6V6 Output	0	6.3AC	245	251	0	0	0	16
6V6 Output	0	0	245	251	0	0	0	6.3AC 16.
6SC7 1st A.F. Conv.	0	93	0	0	93	1.1	0	6.3AC
6SA7 Mod. Osc.	0	0	246	80	7.5	0	6.3AC	0
6V6 Rect.	0	360	0	340AC	0	340AC	0	360
6SF7 I.F. Det. A.V.C.	0	.6	0	92	0	250	0	6.3AC

"clarified schematics"

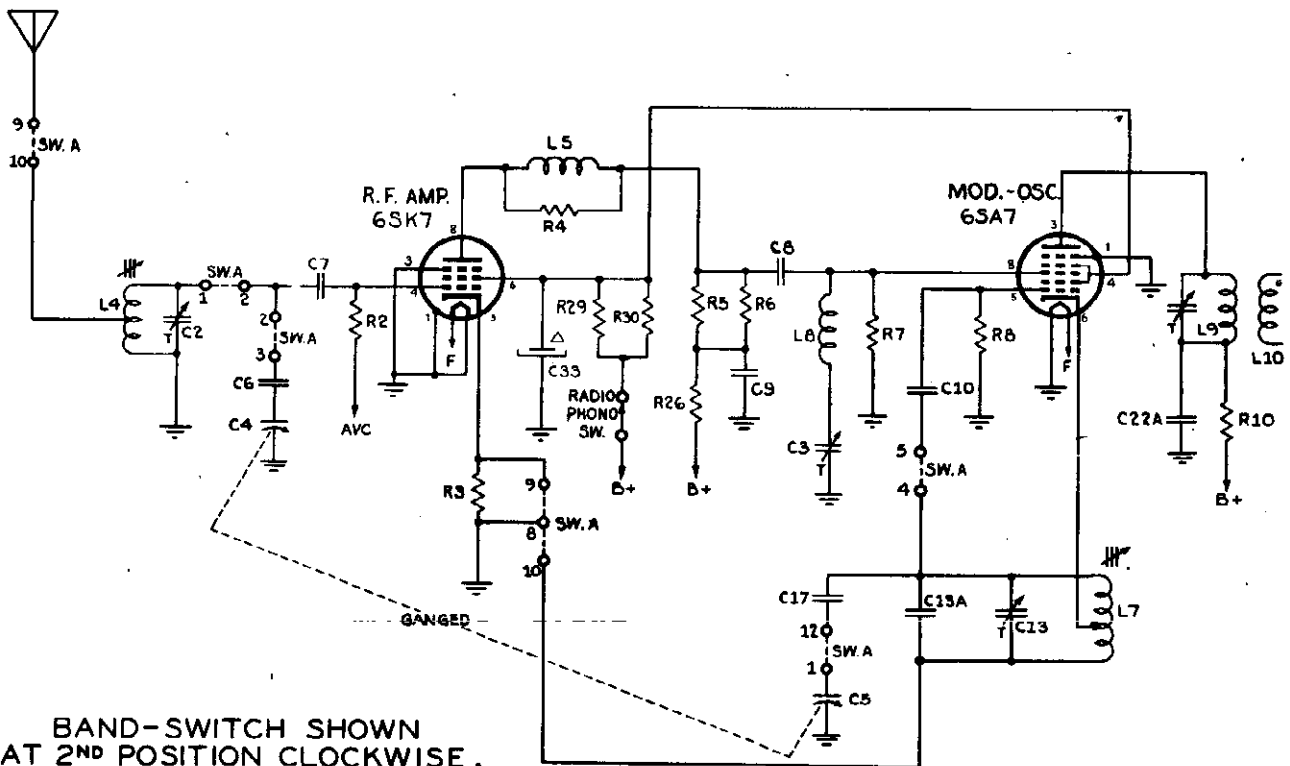
PAGE 15-2 STROMBERG

MODELS 1020PL, 1020PLM,
1120PLW, 1120PLM, 1120LW,
1120PL, 1120PM

STROMBERG CARLSON CO.



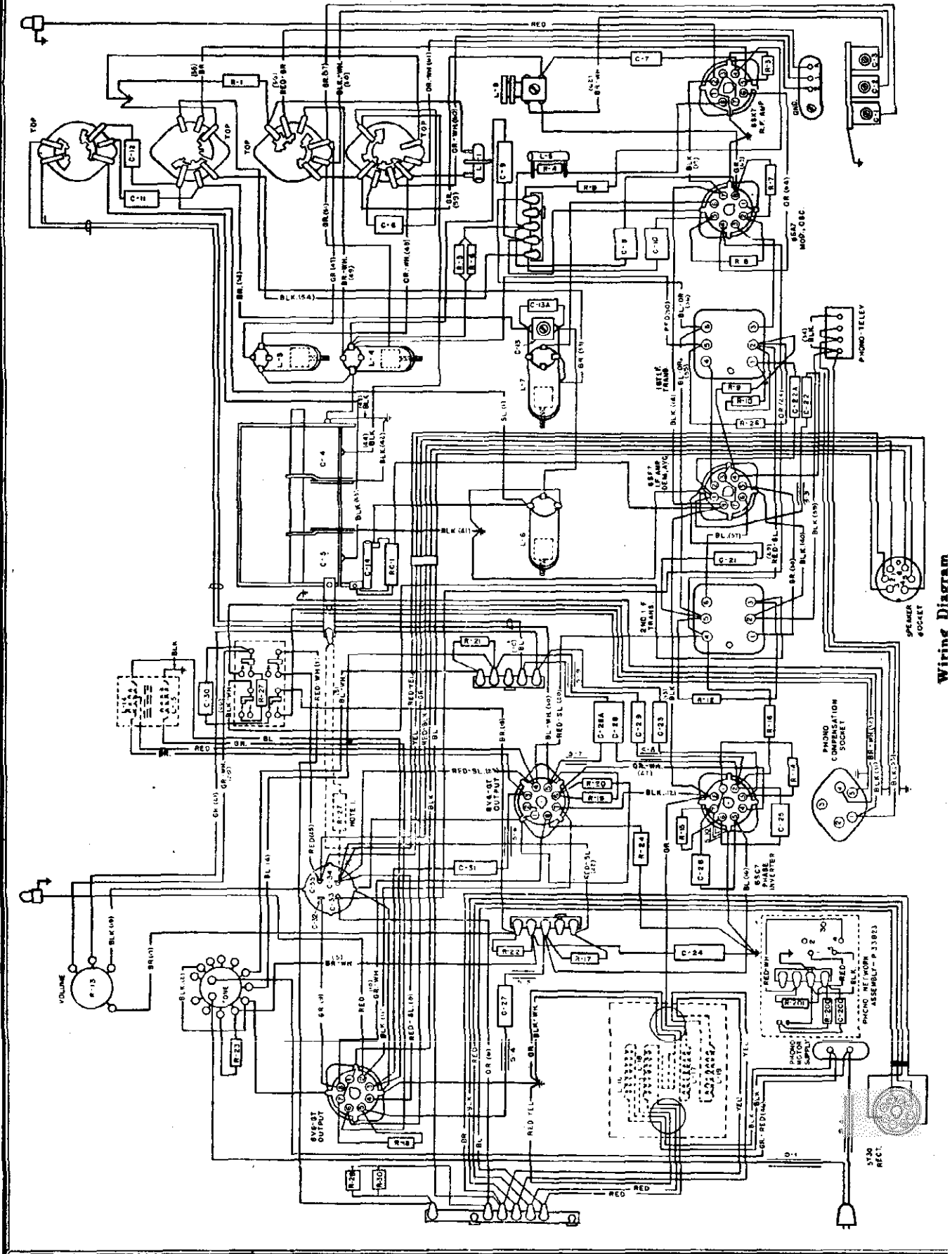
BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
AT 1ST POSITION.
BROADCAST BAND
540 - 1600KC.



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
AT 2ND POSITION CLOCKWISE.
SHORT WAVE BAND
8.8 - 12 MC.

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MODELS 1020PL, 1020PLM, 1120LW, 1120PLW, 1120PLM, 1120PL, 1120FM

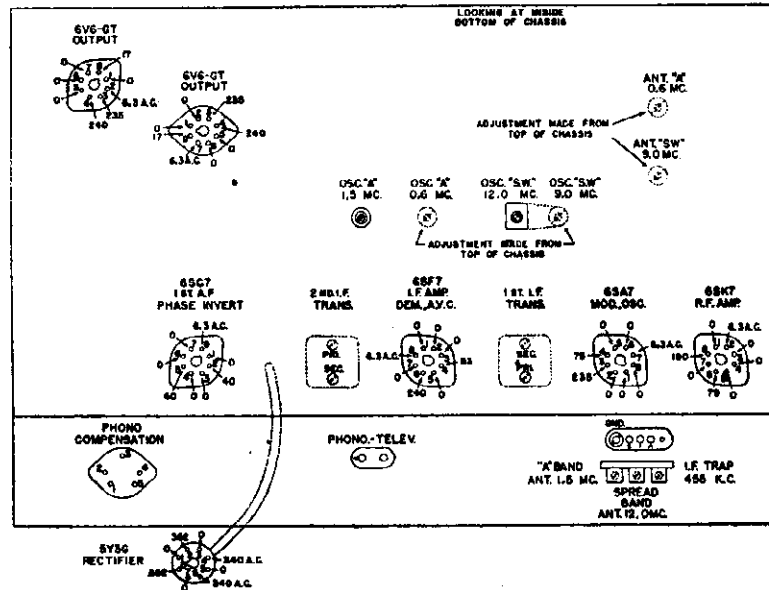


Wiring Diagram

MODELS 1020PL, 1020PLM,
1120LW, 1120PLW, 1120PLM,
1120PL, 1120PFM

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LOCATION CHART



ALIGNING INFORMATION

Never re-align unless absolutely necessary.

Use a good modulated signal generator (test oscillator with variable output voltage and a sensitive output meter across the voice coil of the speaker).

Always align using the smallest possible input from the signal generator. A strong signal makes adjustments inaccurate.

Always have the volume control "full on".

ALIGNING PROCEDURE (follow this order exactly).

I. Intermediate Frequency Adjustments.

1. Set range switch to Standard Broadcast position (loop).
2. Turn the tuning control to extreme low frequency end of dial.
3. Connect the ground terminal of the signal generator to the ground terminal of the chassis.
4. Introduce a modulated signal of 455 kilocycles to the grid of the 6SA7 Modulator and Oscillator tube (terminal No. 8) using a 0.1 microfarad capacitor in series with the output lead of the signal generator.
5. Adjust the I. F. aligners for maximum output in the following order:
 - A. Secondary of second I. F. Transformer.
 - B. Primary of second I. F. Transformer.
 - C. Secondary of first I. F. Transformer.
 - D. Primary of first I. F. Transformer.

II. Dial Pointer Adjustment.

With the plates of the gang tuning capacitor fully engaged, check to be sure that the dial pointer is in a vertical position directly on the calibration marks located at the low frequency end of the dial scale. Adjust the dial pointer if necessary.

III. Radio Frequency Adjustments.

Short Wave Range

1. Remove the output lead of the signal generator and the 0.1 microfarad capacitor from the grid of the 6SA7 tube.
2. Disconnect the output lead from the signal

generator and replace with a few turns of wire connected to the signal generator output terminals.

3. Place the signal generator two or three feet from the receiver's loop.
4. Set the range switch to the short-wave range position.
5. Set the signal generator frequency and the receiver tuning dial to 9 megacycles.
6. Adjust the 9 megacycle oscillator and loop aligners (iron cores) for maximum signal.
7. Set the signal generator frequency and the receiver tuning dial to 12 megacycles.
8. Adjust the 12 megacycle oscillator aligning capacitors for maximum signal. Then rock the tuning gang capacitor slowly through resonance and adjust the 12 megacycle antennae aligning capacitor for maximum signal.
9. Repeat operations 5 and 6.
10. Repeat operations 7 and 8.

Standard Broadcast Range

1. Set the range switch to the "Loop" position.
2. Set the signal generator frequency and the receiver tuning dial to 600 kilocycles.
3. Adjust the 600 K. C. oscillator and antennae aligner (iron cores) for maximum signal.
4. Set the signal generator frequency and the receiver tuning dial to 1400 kilocycles.
5. Adjust the 1400 K. C. oscillator and antennae aligning capacitors for maximum signal.
6. Repeat operations 2 and 3.
7. Repeat operations 4 and 5.

IV. Wave Trap Adjustment.

1. Tune the receiver to 1000 kc.
2. Set the signal generator frequency to 455 kc. Increase signal generator output until audible in speaker.
3. Adjust the wave trap aligning capacitor for minimum signal.

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MODELS 1020PL, 1020PLM,
1120LW, 1120PLW, 1120PLM
1120PL, 1120PM
MODELS 1100M, 1100M1

Model	Input Power Frequency	Chassis	Cabinet	Speaker
1100-H	25-60 Cycles AC (or DC)	35982	35982	34505
1100-HI	25-60 Cycles AC (or DC)	35982	37269	34505

Capacitors

Part No.	Model	Input Power Frequency	Chassis	Cabinet	Speaker
34506	C-1, C-2	Electrolytic Capacitor, 2-40 mfd.			
27921	C-28	Aligning Capacitor			
24166	C-17	25 mmf.			
27101	C-3	200 mmf.			
29371	C-5	500 mmf. Capacitor			
24560	C-7, C-24	50 mmf. Capacitor			
27760	C-23, 29	.005 mfd. Capacitor			
27782	C-24	.03 mfd.			
29891	C-22, 22A	.05 mfd.			
31480	C-28, 28A	.01 mfd.			
32056	C-13A	25 mmf.			
27305	C-10	50 mmf.			
24559	C-7, 8, 19, 20, 25, 26, 30	100 mmf.			
33907	C-11	.147 mmf.			
33909	C-6	200 mmf.			
33904	C-12	410 mmf.			
33894	C-32, 33, 34				
27061	C-13	Electrolytic—20-15-15-40			
33867	C-14	Aligning Capacitor			
33885	C-1, 2, 3	Aligning Capacitor			
33755	C-4, 5	Variable Capacitor			
33906	RC-1	Compensator			

Phonograph Equipment

Model	Input Power Frequency	Chassis	Cabinet	Speaker
41650	50-60 Cycles	33435	35924	33435
41650	50-60 Cycles	33435	37057	33435
41650	50-60 Cycles	33435	35987	33435

Resistors

Part No.	Model	Input Power Frequency	Chassis	Cabinet	Speaker
26329	R-26	470 Ohms			
26331	R-3	680 Ohms			
26333	R-10, R-1	1,000 Ohms			
26355	R-15	1,500 Ohms			
26345	R-20	10,000 Ohms			
26346	R-22	12,000 Ohms			
26347	R-23	15,000 Ohms			
26349	R-4	22,000 Ohms			
26351	R-8	33,000 Ohms			
26353	R-7, 9, 11	47,000 Ohms			
26355	R-21	68,000 Ohms			
26365	R-16, 17, 18, 19, 28	470,000 Ohms			
26373	R-2, 12	2.2 Megohms			
26375	R-14	3.3 Megohms			
30417	R-5, 6	10,000 Ohms			
33913	R-24	240 Ohms			
1499093	R-29-30	50,000 Ohms			

Cabinet Parts—Hardware

Part No.	Model	Input Power Frequency	Chassis	Cabinet	Speaker
38427	1020PL-1120PL				
37084	1120L				
37143	37147				
37145					
38382					
37156					
37157					
41102					
41103					
38442					
37155					

Miscellaneous

Part No.	Model	Input Power Frequency	Chassis	Cabinet	Speaker
22973					
30151					
33248					
32048					
28694					
28652					
33056					
33824					
32078					
35728					
33891					
37070					
22956					
32128					
80000					
30224					
33444					

Capacitors

Part No.	Model	Input Power Frequency	Chassis	Cabinet	Speaker
24405	C-21	.04 mf.			
25150	C-9	.02 mf.			
25481	C-31	.002 mf.			
25485	C-27	.01 mf.			
27760	C-23, 29	.005 mf.			
27782	C-24	.03 mf.			
29891	C-22, 22A	.05 mf.			
31480	C-28, 28A	.01 mf.			
32056	C-13A	25 mmf.			
27305	C-10	50 mmf.			
24559	C-7, 8, 19, 20, 25, 26, 30	100 mmf.			
33907	C-11	.147 mmf.			
33909	C-6	200 mmf.			
33904	C-12	410 mmf.			
33894	C-32, 33, 34				
27061	C-13	Electrolytic—20-15-15-40			
33867	C-14	Aligning Capacitor			
33885	C-1, 2, 3	Aligning Capacitor			
33755	C-4, 5	Variable Capacitor			
33906	RC-1	Compensator			

Controls—Switches—Knobs

Part No.	Model	Input Power Frequency	Chassis	Cabinet	Speaker
29560	R-13	Volume Control—1 Meg.			
32063		Off-On Tone Switch			
32064		Phono-Radio Switch			
33893		Range Switch			
35725		Knob—Off-On, Range			
32224		Knob—Volume, Tone			
37023		Knob Selector			
32156		Push Buttons			
35996		Push Buttons—Phono			
35997		Push Button—Radio			

Coils—Transformers

Part No.	Model	Input Power Frequency	Chassis	Cabinet	Speaker
33876	L-3	Antenna Coil, "A" Band			
33877	L-6	Oscillator Coil, "A" Band			
33878	L-4	Antenna Coil, "SW" Band			
33879	L-7	Oscillator Coil, "SW" Band			
33880	L-9, 10; C-15, C-16	1st I. F. Transformer			
33882	L-11, 12; C-17, C-18	2nd I. F. Transformer			
33886	L-5	RF Choke Assembly			
33908	L-8	Wave Trap			
33910	L-1	Antenna Coupling Coil			
33900	L-16, 17, 18, 19	Power Transformer			
33853	L-14, 15	Output Transformer			
37114	L-2	Loop (1020PL)			
33845	L-2	Loop (1120L)			
33435		Speaker			

Resistors

Part No.	Model	Input Power Frequency	Chassis	Cabinet	Speaker
26322	R-15	120 Ohm Resistor			
26323	R-21, R-3	150 Ohm Resistor			
26341	R-14	4700 Ohm Resistor			
26349	R-10	22,000 Ohm Resistor			
26353	R-8	47,000 Ohm Resistor			
26362	R-11, R-5	270,000 Ohm Resistor			
26365	R-4	470,000 Ohm Resistor			
26369	R-13, R-7	1 Megohm Resistor			
26373	R-9	2.2 Megohm Resistor			
26381	R-6	10 Megohm Resistor			
41580	R-22	22 Ohm Resistor			

Coils, Transformers and Speakers

Part No.	Model	Input Power Frequency	Chassis	Cabinet	Speaker
33205	L-10, 11	Loop			
33206	L-8, 9	Oscillator Coil			
33249	L-12	Wave Trap			
31686	L-6, 7; C-14, 15	1st I. F. Transformer			
33208	L-4, 5; C-9, 10, 11, 12	2nd I. F. Transformer			
34505		Speaker Assembly			

Controls and Knobs

Part No.	Model	Input Power Frequency	Chassis	Cabinet	Speaker
31694	R-7	Off-On Switch and Volume Control			
42495		Switch			
31260		Knob (3)			

Miscellaneous Parts

Part No.	Model	Input Power Frequency	Chassis	Cabinet	Speaker
33599		Back Panel			
34590		Tube Socket			
37125		Dial			
33531		Dial Glass			
33533		Grill Cloth			
31693		Bottom Cover			
33211		Pointer			
31824		Dial Cord Assembly			
30947		Socket (Pilot Lamp)			
30933		Pilot Light			

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VOLTAGE CHART FOR ELECTRONIC VOLTMETER

Tube	Circuit	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
14B6	Dem. A.V.C. Audio Amp.	—B	81	14	26.5	23.5	18	27	12AC
14A7	I. F. Amp.	11.5AC	105	105	36.5	26	18.4	27.6	24AC
14A7	R. F. Amp.	47AC	69	105	26.7	26	18.4	26.7	35AC
35A5	Output	82.5AC	100	105	26.5	0	25	32	49AC
14Q7	Mod. Osc.	27.5AC	105	105	18	26	17.2	26.5	36AC
35Y4	Rect.	105AC	117AC	0	117AC	0	25.8	105	85AC

NORMAL VOLTAGE READINGS

Use a good voltmeter having a resistance of at least 1000 ohms per volt. See chart below if electronic voltmeter is used.

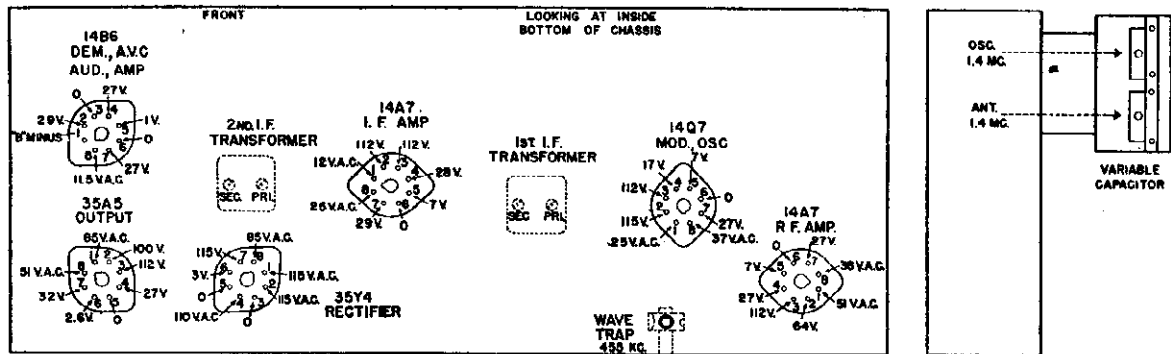
Take all readings with chassis operating and tuned to approximately 1000 Kc.—no input signal.

Use a line voltage of 117 volts or make allowance for the variation.

Read from indicated socket terminals to B minus. A convenient point is terminal No. 1 of the 14B6 Dem. A.V.C. Socket.

See Location Chart for position of terminals.

A. C. Voltages are indicated as A. C.; when the receiver is operated from a D. C. power supply, D. C. voltages will be obtained in place of A. C. voltages shown.



ALIGNING INFORMATION

Never realign unless absolutely necessary.

Use a good modulated signal generator (test oscillator) with variable output voltage and a sensitive output meter across the voice coil of the speaker.

Always align using the smallest possible input from the signal generator. A strong signal makes adjustments inaccurate.

Always have the volume control "full on".

Important: Be sure the metal plate is fastened in place on the bottom of the chassis before alignment is attempted.

ALIGNING PROCEDURE (follow this order exactly).

I. Intermediate Frequency Adjustments.

- Turn the tuning control to the extreme-low frequency position. (Variable capacitor plates all the way in.)
- Connect the ground terminal of the signal generator to the chassis base.
- Introduce a modulated signal of 455 kilocycles using a .01 mfd. capacitor in series with the lead from the signal generator to the antenna connection located at rear of the pickup loop.
- Adjust the I. F. aligners for maximum output in the following order:
 - Secondary of second I. F. Transformer.
 - Primary of second I. F. Transformer.
 - Secondary of first I. F. Transformer.
 - Primary of first I. F. Transformer.

II. Dial Pointer Adjustment.

With the plates of the gang tuning capacitor fully engaged set the dial pointer in a horizontal position directly on the upper edge of the calibration mark located at 550 Kc. on the dial scale.

III. Radio Frequency Adjustments.

- Replace the .01 mfd. capacitor in series with the output lead of the signal generator with a 200 mmf. capacitor and connect to the antenna terminal located on the back of the loop assembly.
- Set the signal generator's frequency and the receiver's tuning dial to 1.4 megacycles.
- Adjust the oscillator and antenna aligning capacitors for maximum signal.
- Set both the signal generator's frequency and the receiver's tuning dial to 0.6 megacycles and check calibration.
 NOTE: If the calibration is too far off at 0.6 megacycles, operations 2 and 3 may be repeated until the best results are obtained.

Wave Trap Adjustment.

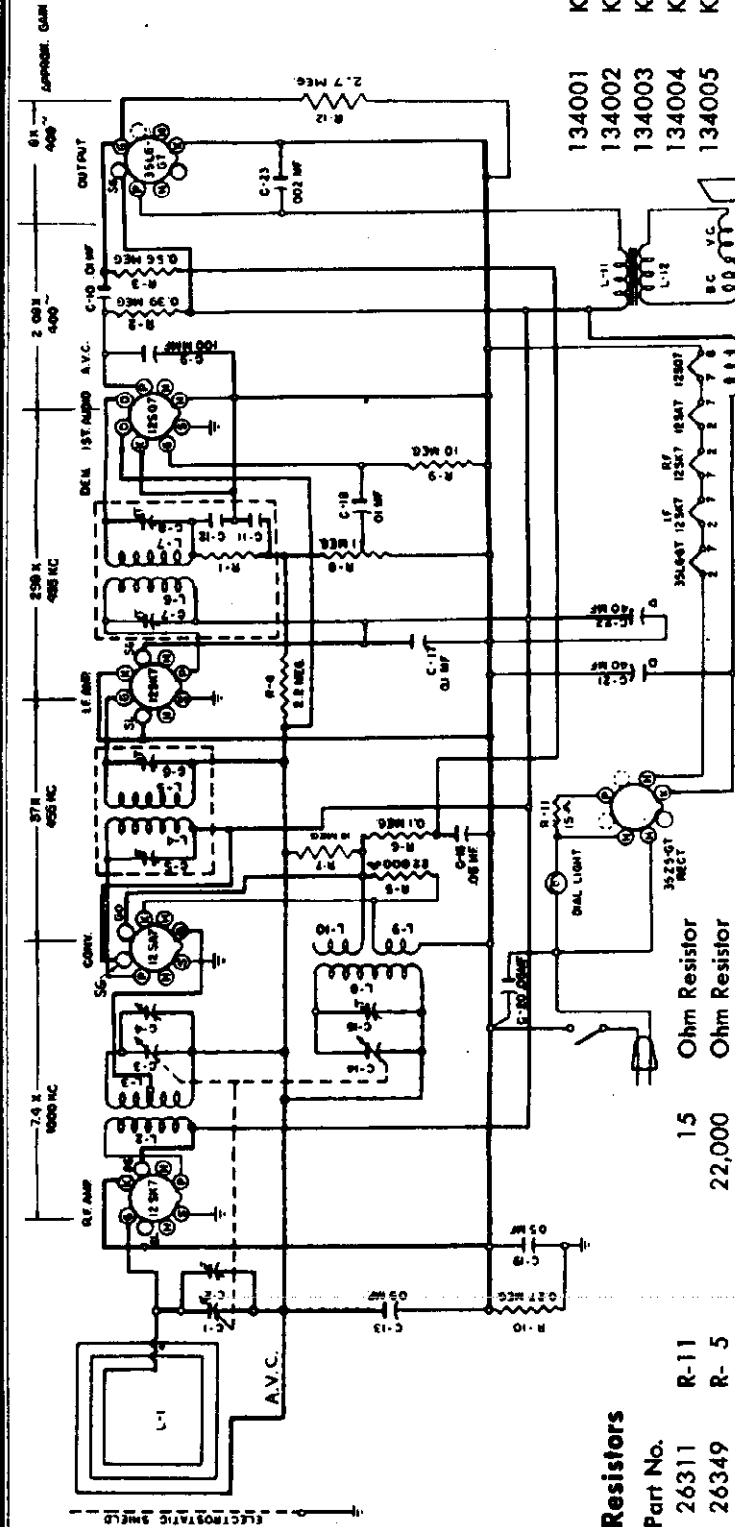
(Leave the receiver connected in the same manner as when making the Radio Frequency Adjustments.)

- Tune set to 1000 K. C.
- Set the signal generator frequency to 455 K. C. and introduce a fairly strong modulated signal to the receiver.
- Adjust the wave trap aligner for minimum signal.

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MODELS 1101-HB, -HI

-HM, -HW, -HY



Resistors

Part No.	Value
26311	15 Ohm Resistor
26349	22,000 Ohm Resistor
26357	100,000 Ohm Resistor
26362	270,000 Ohm Resistor
26364	390,000 Ohm Resistor
26366	560,000 Ohm Resistor
26373	2.2 Meg. Resistor
26381	10 Meg. Resistor
28196	2.7 Meg. Resistor
145001	Volume Control-off-on-switch

Capacitors

Part No.	Value
24559	100 mfd. Capacitor
25485	.01 mfd. Capacitor
40632	.05 mfd. Capacitor
111001	Electrolytic Capacitor
23483	0.1 mfd. Capacitor
27646	.002 mf. Capacitor
110001	2-40 mfd.

Miscellaneous

Part No.	Description
30151	Socket—8 Pt.
152001	Socket, Pilot Light
138008	Dial Lens HB-HI
105048	Bracket, Right Dial
105049	Bracket, Left Dial
122011	Dial HW, HB, HI, HY
122003	Dial—HM
144001	Pointer—1101-HB, HI, HW, HY
144002	Pointer—1101-HM
124001	Drive Cord Assembly
32075	Pulley
40546	Clip
30933	Pilot Light
33218	Power Supply Cord

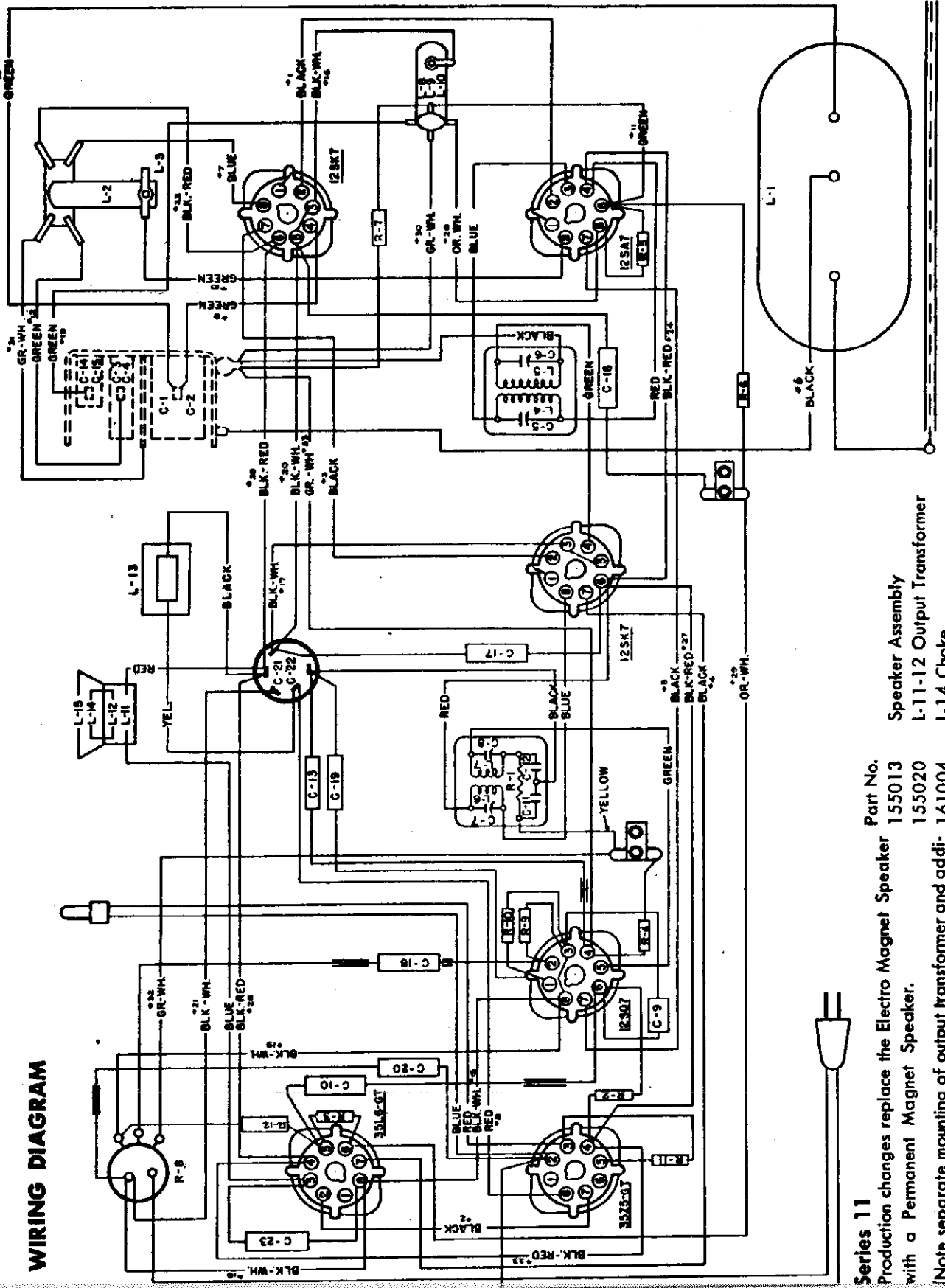
Coils—Transformers

Part No.	Description
114001	L- 2, 3 RF Coil Assembly
114002	L- 4, 5 Osc. Coil Assembly
114301	L- 8, 9, 10, C-14, 15
114302	L- 6, 7, C-7, 8, 11, 12, R-1
139005	L- 1 1st I.F. Transformer
151013	Electro Static Shield and Back Loop Assembly HB-HI
151014	Electro Static Shield & Back Loop Assembly HM, HW, HY
155001	L-11, 12, 13, 14, 15 Speaker Assembly

- 134001 Knob (1101-HW) (2)
- 134002 Knob (1101-HY) (2)
- 134003 Knob (1101-HM) (2)
- 134004 Knob (1101-HB) (2)
- 134005 Knob (1101-HI) (2)

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WIRING DIAGRAM



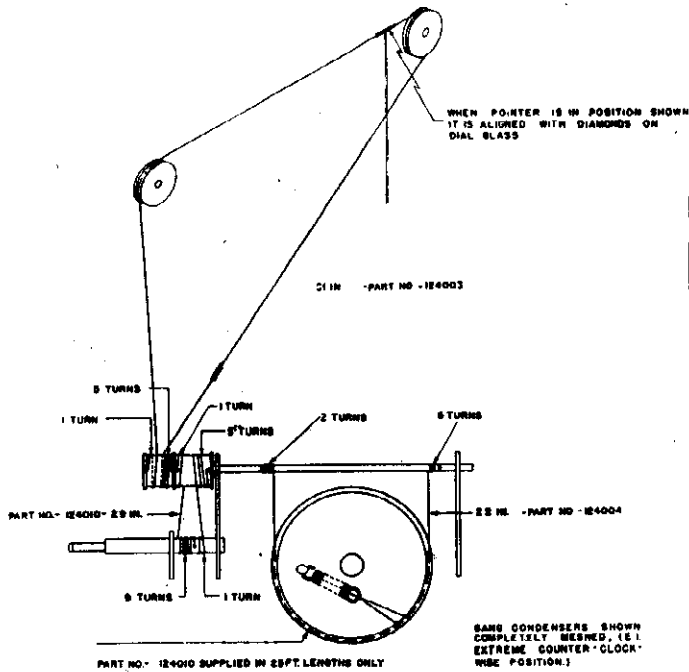
Series 11
 Production changes replace the Electro Magnet Speaker with a Permanent Magnet Speaker.
 (Note separate mounting of output transformer and addi-

Part No.
 155013
 155020
 161004

Speaker Assembly
 L-11-12 Output Transformer
 L-14 Choke

MODELS 1121-PFM, -PFW, -PGM,
 -PGW, -PLW, -PLM, -M1-O, -PSM, STROMBERG CARLSON CO.
 -M2-Y, -M2-W, -LW, -HW

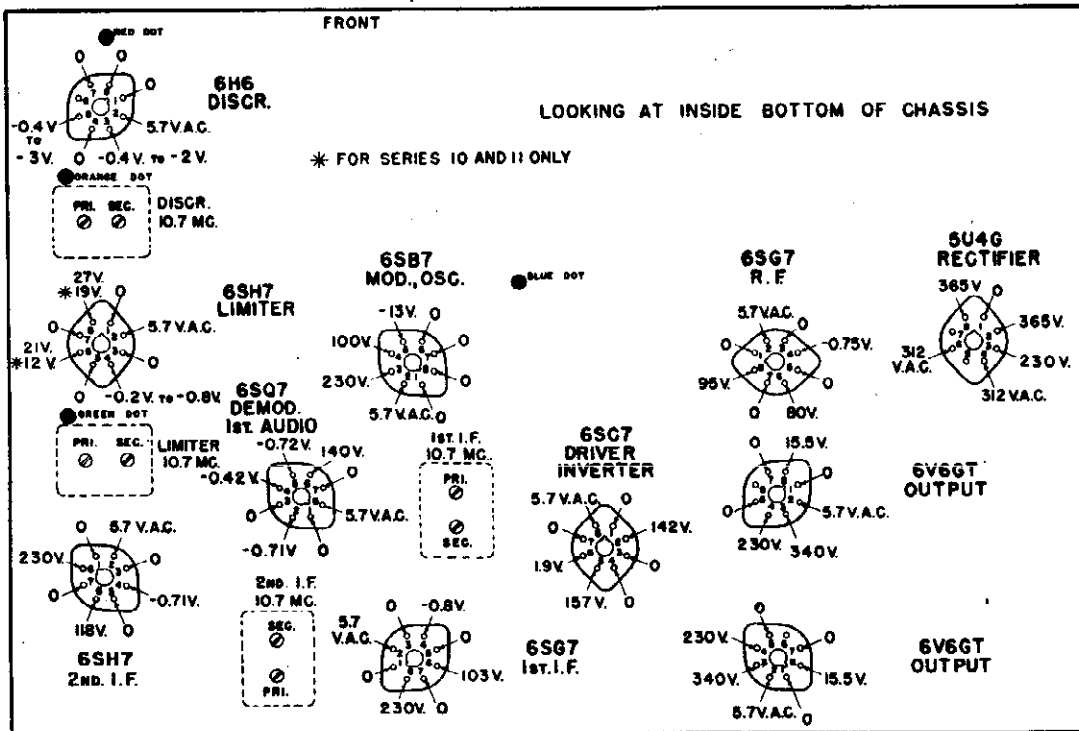
STRINGING CHART



IDENTIFICATION TABLE

Model	Chassis	Cabinet	Speaker	Phonograph Equipment
PFM	112004	41654	33435	148001
PFW	112004	41653	33435	148001
PGM	112004	35777	33435	41612
PGW	112004	35985	33435	41612
PLW	112004	108015	33435	148001
PLM	112004	108014	33435	148001
M1-O	112004	39213	33435	41612
PSM	112004	108028	33435	41612
M2-Y	112004	108019	33435	41612
M2-W	112004	45207	33435	41612
LW	112004	47908	33435	---
HW	112004	108020	155012	---

Measurements are made at the 117 volt line, using electronic voltmeter. Except where otherwise indicated, voltages are D. C. and are positive with respect to the reference point which is the chassis.

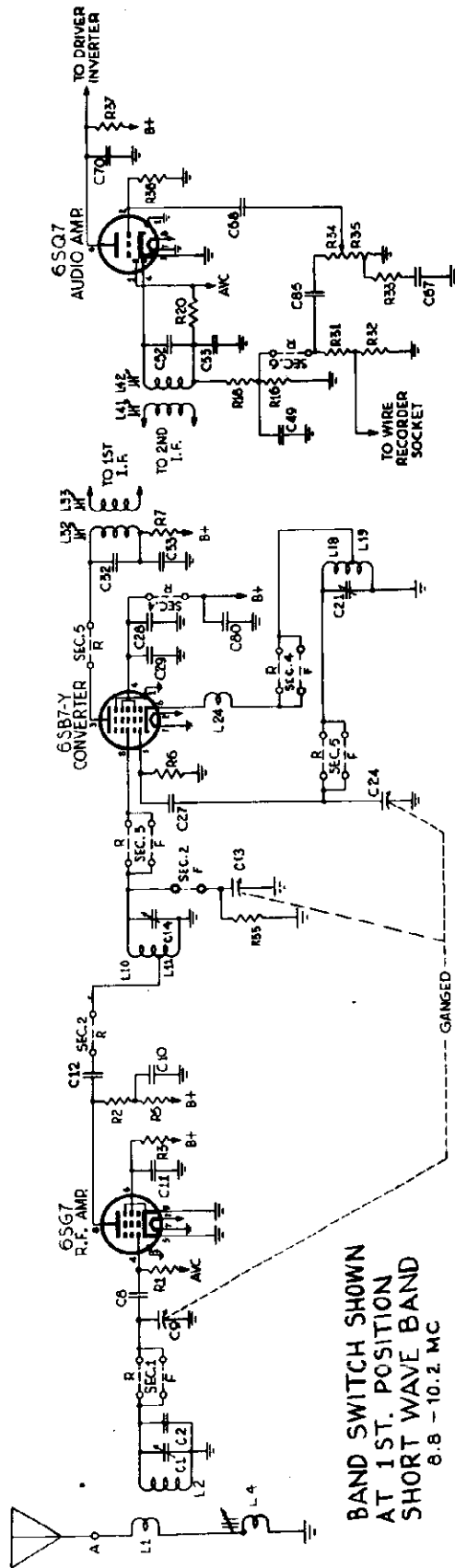


"clarified schematics"

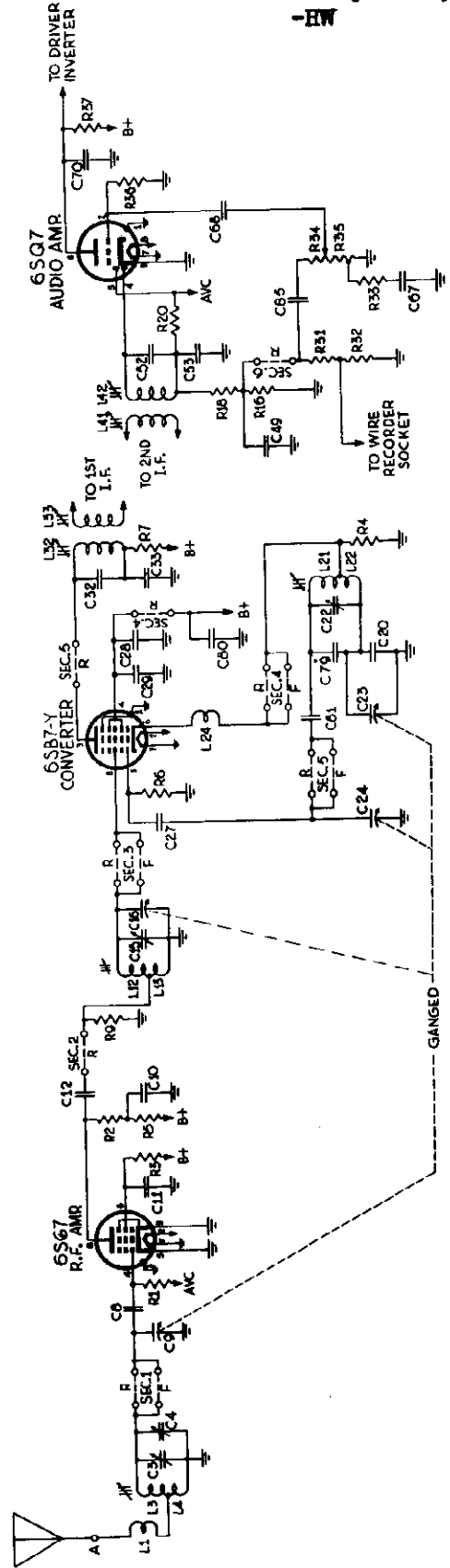
STROMBERG PAGE 1

STROMBERG CARLSON CO.

MODELS 1121-PFM,-PF
 -PGM,-PLW,-PLM,-M1-
 -PSM,-M2-Y,-M2-W,-L
 -HW

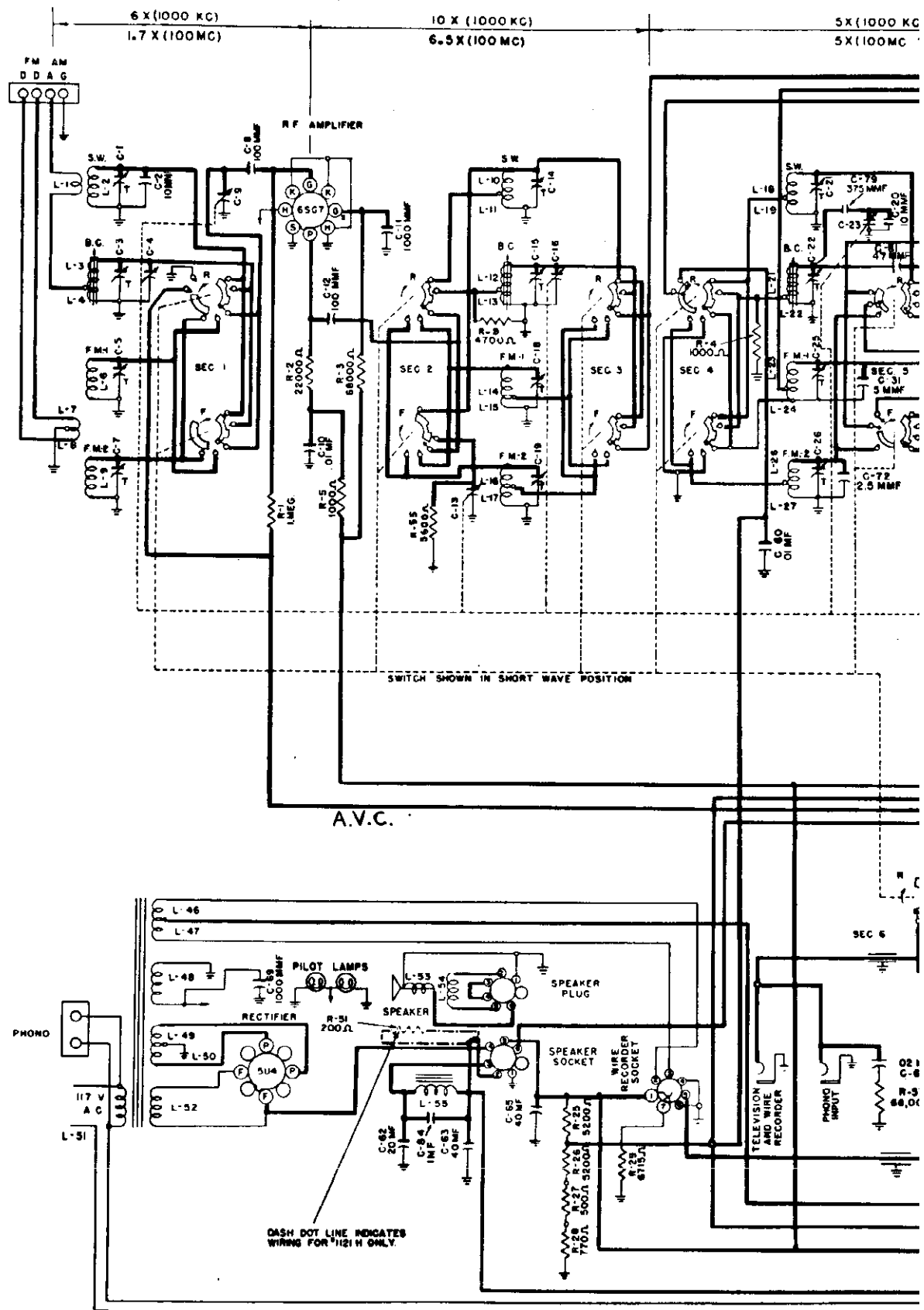


BAND SWITCH SHOWN
 AT 1ST. POSITION
 AT SHORT WAVE BAND
 8.8 - 10.2 MC



BAND - SWITCH SHOWN
 AT 2ND POSITION CLOCKWISE.
 BROADCAST BAND
 540 - 1620 KC

STROMBERG



DASH DOT LINE INDICATES WIRING FOR 115V ONLY.

ERG CARLSON CO.

MODELS 1121-FTM, 1121-PFW,
1121-PGM, 1121-PGW, 1121-PLW,
1121-PLM, 1121-M1-O, 1121-PSM,
1121-M2-Y, 1121-M2-W, 1121-LW,
1121-HW

30 KG TO 455 KC)
>3 MC TO 10.7 MC)

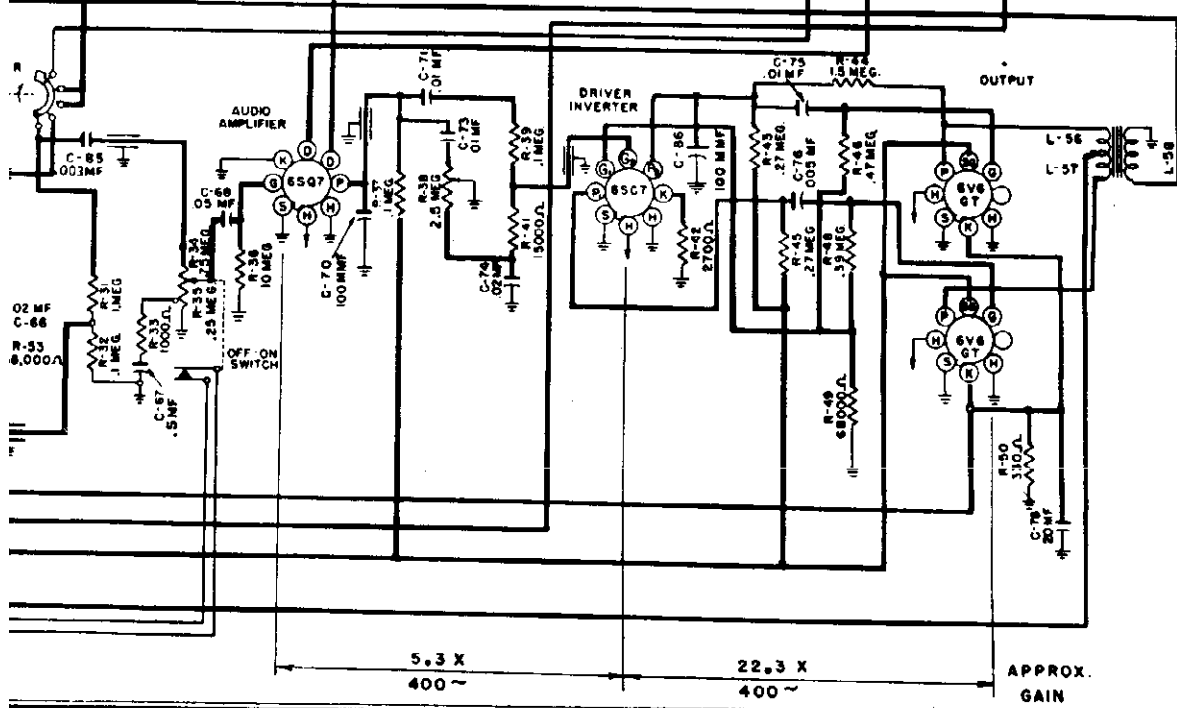
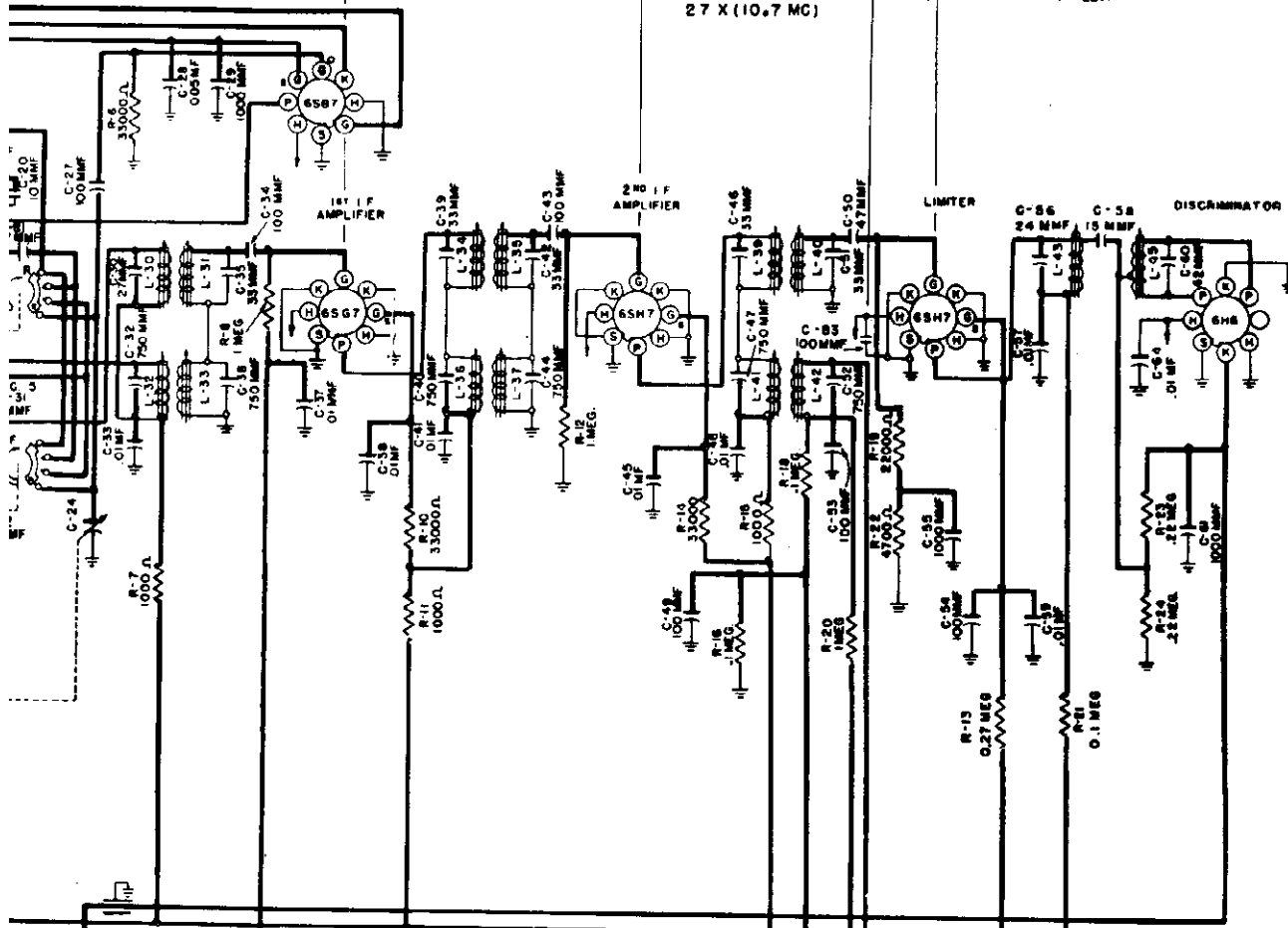
CONVERTER

15 X (455 KC)
37 X (10.7 MC)

43 X (455 KC)

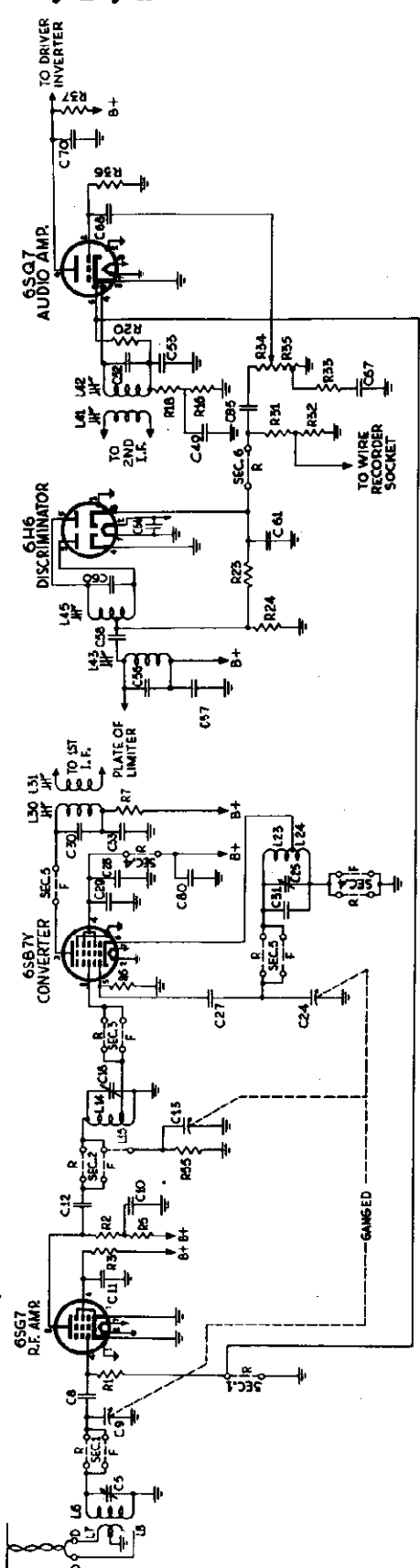
27 X (10.7 MC)

APPROX GAIN

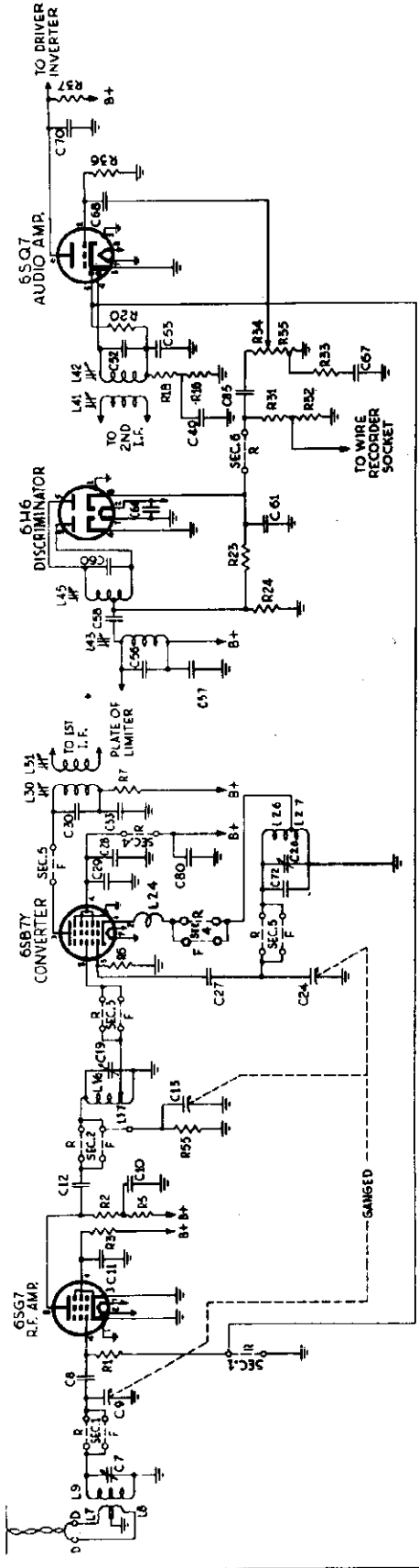


MODELS 1121-PFM, -PFW,
 -PGM, -PGW, -PLW, -PLM,
 -M1-O, -PSM, -L2-Y,
 -M2-W, -LW, -HW

STROMBERG CARLSON CO.



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
 AT 3RD POSITION CLOCKWISE.
 F M1 BAND
 86-108 MC

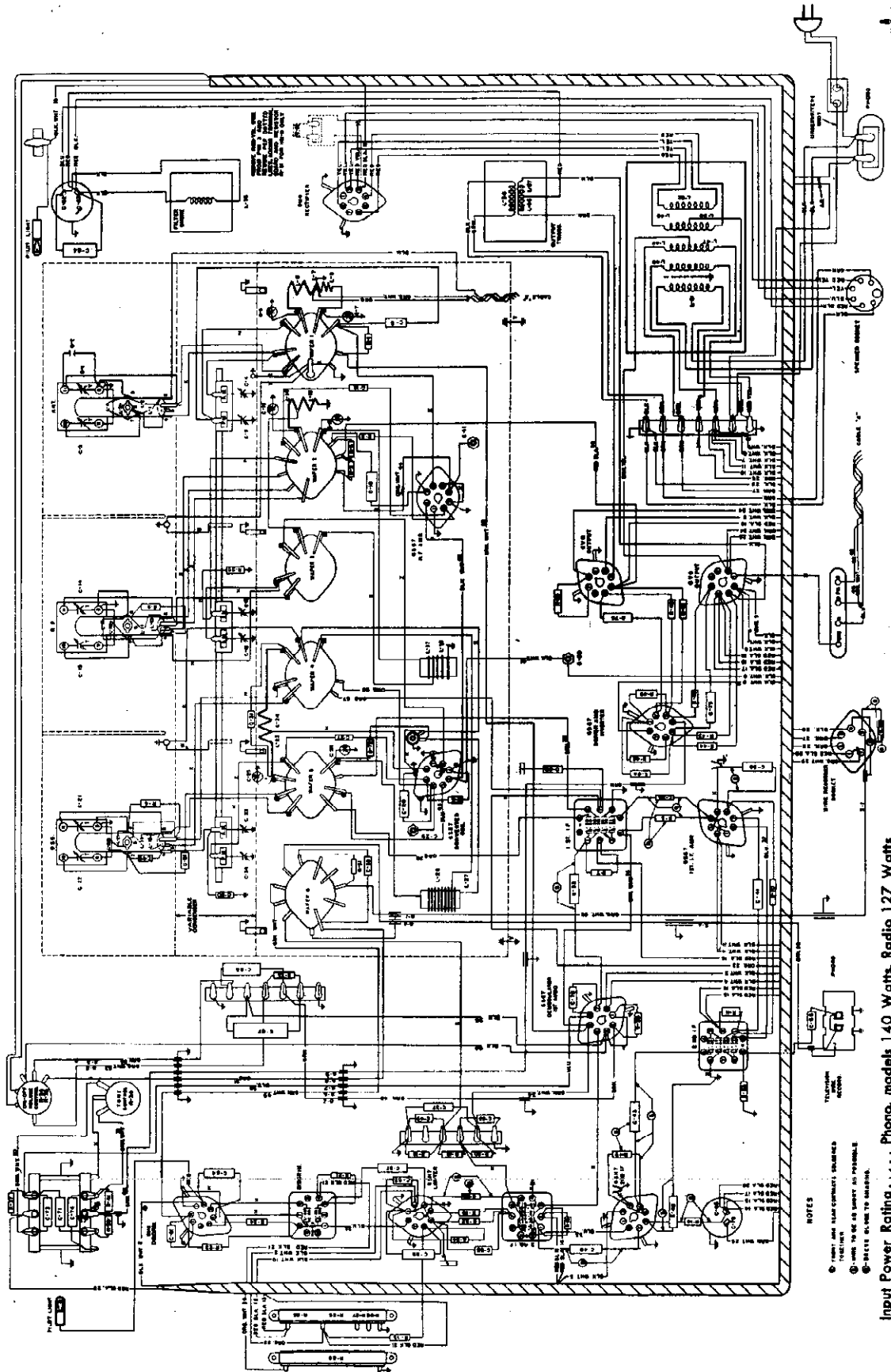


BAND SWITCH SHOWN
 AT 4TH POSITION CLOCKWISE
 F M 2 BAND
 42-50 MC

STROMBERG CARLSON CO.

MODELS 1121-PPM, -PPV
 -PGM, -PGW, -PLW, -PLM,
 -M1-O, -PSM, -M2-Y,
 -M2-T,
 -LW, -HW

WIRING DIAGRAM



NOTES
 ① - WAVE AND LEAD CONNECTIONS SHOWN IN PARENTHESIS
 ② - WAVE TO BE AS SHOWN IN PARENTHESIS
 ③ - WAVE TO BE AS SHOWN TO WAVE

Input Power Rating Phono. models 140 Watts, Radio 127 Watts
 Intermediate Frequency A.M. 455 KC, F.M. 10.7 MC.
 Speaker Voice Coil Impedance at 400 cycles 3.5 Ohms
 Speaker Field Resistance 950 ohms, Model HW 800 ohms

Voltage Rating 105-125 Volts
 Type of Circuit Superheterodyne
 Tuning Range: Broadcast—540—1620 KC SW 8.8—10.2 MC
 FM 42-50 MC RR-10.8 MC

STROMBERG CARLSON CO.

ALIGNING

Never realign unless absolutely necessary.

Refer to "Location Chart" for alignment adjusters. Allow set to warm up 10 to 15 minutes before attempting to align.

Always align using the smallest possible input from the signal generator. A strong signal makes adjustments approximate.

Always have volume full on.

The alignment of this receiver does not require special equipment or information; however, it is well to adhere to the standard procedure as outlined.

The required equipment is: 1 Electronic Voltmeter, 1 Output Meter, 1 Standard Signal Generator, 1 High Frequency Signal Generator, 1 No. 80777 Aligning Tool.

Aligning Procedure (follow this order exactly)

**Intermediate Frequency Adjustments
Amplitude Modulation**

The I.F. aligners that are used to adjust the amplitude modulation (AM) channel are found on the top side of the chassis. They consist of 6 adjustable iron cores used to tune the inductance of the 1st, 2nd & 3rd I.F. transformers (161202, 161200, 161201). These cores are found inside the plastic tubes protruding from the top of the I.F. transformers and are equipped with small screwdriver slots.

Caution: These cores are made of high quality R.F. iron and are fragile; therefore care must be used in adjusting them.

1. Connect the signal generator to the modulator grid, terminal number 8 of the 6SB7 converter tube which is connected to the wave band switch, and is identified by a blue dot.
2. Connect the output meter across the voice coil of the speaker (green and black wires from cable).
3. Adjust the signal generator to 455 KC. Use 30% modulation at 400 cycles.
4. Adjust volume control full on.
5. Adjust tone control to maximum high (counter clockwise).
6. Adjust range switch to standard broadcast band, (second position clockwise.)
7. Adjust the tuning selector to approximately 600 KC.
8. Adjust I.F. cores for maximum output with a reduced signal input.

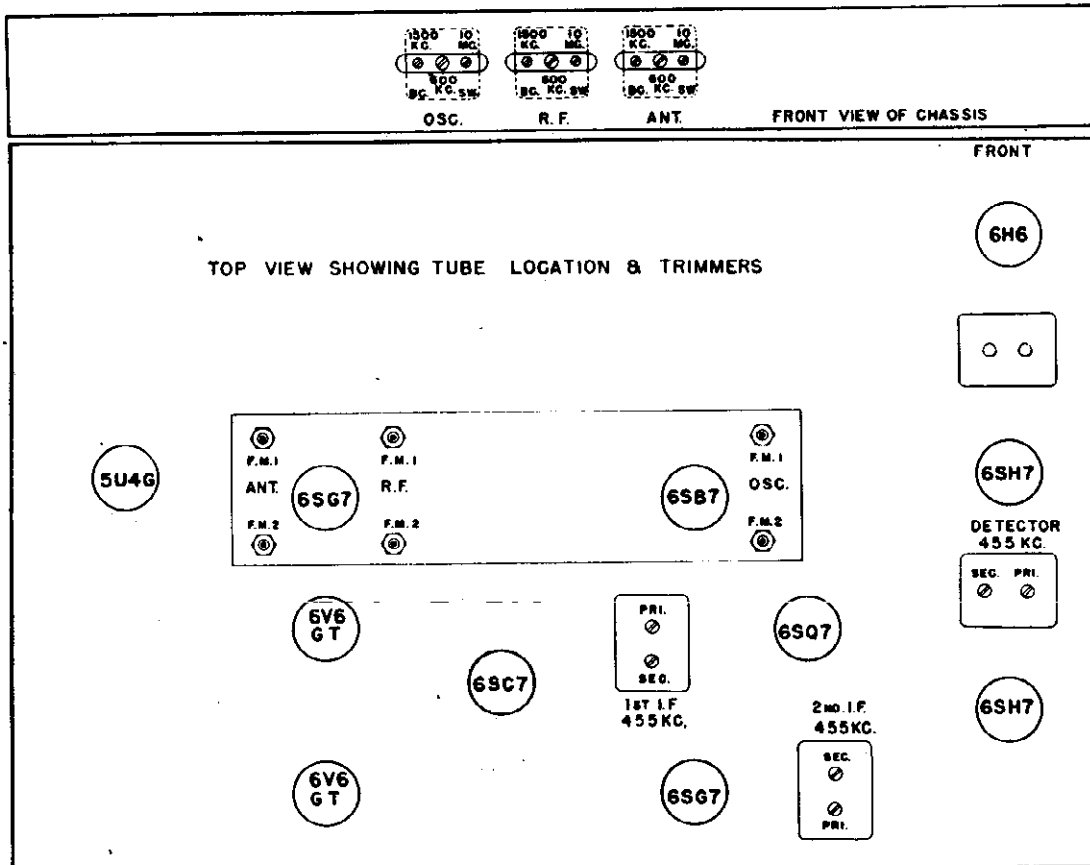
Frequency Modulation

The I.F. Aligners may be found from the underside of the chassis. The adjusters are 6 Iron cores used to tune the inductance of the high frequency coils.

1. Connect the signal generator to the modulator grid, terminal number 8 of the 6SB7 converter tube, which is connected to the wave band switch, and is identified by a blue dot.

LOCATION CHARTS

TUBES, TRIMMERS AND VOLTAGE



STROMBERG CARLSON CO.

2. Connect the electronic voltmeter to the junction of the 22,000 and the 4,700 ohm resistors in the limiter grid circuit, identified by a green dot.
3. Adjust the voltmeter to the lowest negative voltage scale.
4. Turn the range switch to the 2nd F.M. band (fourth position clockwise).
5. Adjust the tuning selector to approximately 21 on this band.
6. Adjust the signal generator to 10.7 megacycles. No modulation is required.
7. Adjust the cores for maximum output of the voltmeter. Reduce the input signal and readjust until the maximum output is secured for minimum input.

Discriminator Alignment (FM)

1. Connect the signal generator to the grid of the second I.F. tube, terminal No. 4 of the 6SH7.
2. Connect the electronic voltmeter to the center of the diode load resistors at the point indicated by the orange dot.
3. Adjust the primary for maximum output with the signal generator set at 10.7 megacycles.
4. Switch the electronic voltmeter to the high side of the diode load resistors, identified by a red dot.
5. Adjust the secondary for zero output.
6. Swing generator to 75 KC higher and 75 KC lower in frequency and note the plus and minus voltage. If these voltage values are not approximately equal, repeat operations 3, 4 and 5.

Dial Pointer Adjustment

Check dial pointer to see that it is aligned through the center of the 2 in the number 201 of FM Band (1) when the variable capacitor plates are completely engaged.

R.F. Adjustment — Amplitude Modulation

The Broadcast band should be adjusted first.

The built-in loop should remain connected to the antenna and ground terminals.

1. Connect the signal generator to the antenna terminal, using a 200 mmf. capacitor. Use 30% modulation at 400 cycles.
2. Adjust the signal generator to 1500 KC.
3. Adjust station selector to 1500 KC.
4. Adjust range switch to AM Broadcast. (Second position clockwise.)
5. Adjust the oscillator, R.F. and antenna trimmer for maximum output.
6. Reduce the input signal and readjust the trimmers until the maximum output is secured for minimum input.
7. Adjust station selector to 600 KC.
8. Set signal generator to 600 KC.
9. Adjust iron cores in oscillator, R.F. and antenna coils for maximum output.
10. Repeat 1500 KC and 600 KC alignments until no further change is required.

R.F. Adjustment — Short Wave

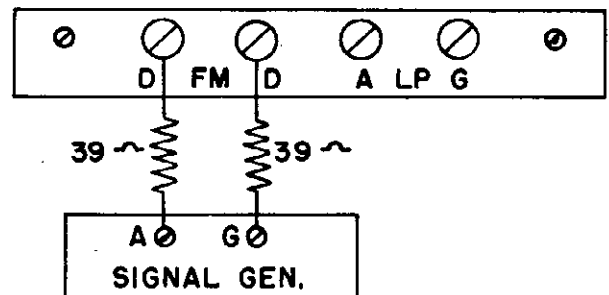
The built-in loop should remain connected to the antenna and ground terminals.

1. Connect the signal generator to the antenna and ground terminals of the receiver using a 400 ohm resistor.
2. Set the dial pointer to 9.5 megacycles.
3. Adjust signal generator to 9.5 megacycles.
4. Adjust range switch to Short Wave (first position clockwise).
5. Adjust oscillator, R.F., and antenna trimmer for maximum output. (No further alignment is required on this band.)

R.F. Adjustments — Frequency Modulation

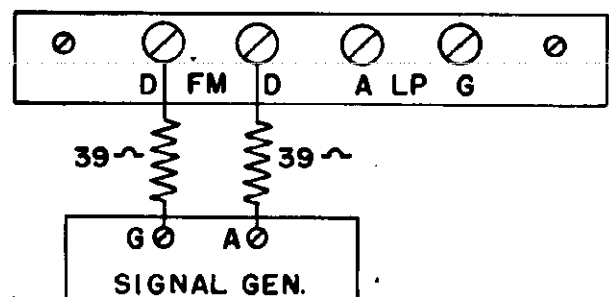
Align the FM (2) Band first.

1. Set the dial pointer to 61.
2. Connect the signal generator to FM dipole terminals using 39 ohm resistors as indicated. (Disconnect dipole antenna.) Connect Signal Generator ground to chassis ground.
3. Set signal generator to 46.1 megacycles.
4. Adjust range switch to FM (2) (fourth position clockwise).
5. Connect the electronic voltmeter to the junction of the 22,000 and 4,700 ohm resistors in the limiter grid circuit. (Identified by green dot.)
6. Adjust oscillator R.F. and antenna trimmers for maximum output on electronic voltmeter.



FM (1) Band

Adjust the same as the FM (2) band using 100.1 megacycles, setting the dial pointer to 261. Connect the generator to the dipole input using 39 ohm resistors as indicated. Connect Signal Generator ground to chassis ground. Note reversed Signal Generator connection.



STROMBERG CARLSON CO.

REPLACEMENT PARTS

Resistors

Part No.	Value
28006	R-14, 18, 21, 32, 37, 39
28158	R-4, 5, 7, 11, 15, 33
28163	R-42
28167	R-55
28172	R-41
28175	R-10-14
28179	R-3-49-53
28183	R-23-24
28184	R-13-43-45
28186	R-48
28187	R-46
28191	R-20-31
28193	R-44
28203	R-36
49882	R-50
149001	R-29
149002	R-25, 26, 27, 28
149004	R-9-22
149005	R-2-19
149006	R-6
149007	R-1-8-12
149008	R-51

Controls—Switches

Part No.	Description
145002	R-34-35
145003	R-38

Coils—Transformers—Speakers

Part No.	Description
33435	Speaker Assembly
33437	Speaker Field Coil
33438	Speaker Cone
33518	Model H Speaker Cone
153001	Model H Field Coil Speaker
155012	Model H Speaker Assembly
114003	R.F. Coil Broadband & S.W.
114004	O.C. Coil Broadband & S.W.
114005	Ant. Coil Broadband & S.W.
161200	2nd I.F. Transformer
161201	3rd I.F. Transformer
161202	1st I.F. Transformer
161203	Choke, Filter
161204	Power Transformer 60 Cy.
161205	Discriminator Transformer
161401	L-56-57-58
*112003	R.F. Chassis Assembly

*Band Switch, Sockets, variable cap., R.F. coils, all bands. This is a complete R.F. assembly. Sold as a unit only.

Capacitors

Part No.	Value
24559	C-49-53-70-86
25484	C-66-74
25485	C-10-33-37-38-41-45
	C-48-57-59-64-71-73-75-80
25487	C-53-61
27760	C-28-76
40632	C-68
110005	C-5-18-19-25-26
110007	C-7
110201	C-32-36-40-44-47-52
110202	C-2

Part No.	Description
110903	C-79
110401	C-8-12-27-34-43-54-83
110402	C-50-81
110403	C-58
110405	C-56
110406	C-60
110407	C-35-39-42-46-51
110408	C-11-29
110410	C-30
110411	C-20
110412	C-72
110413	C-31
110414	C-67
110422	C-84
110430	C-85
111002	C-62-63
111003	C-65-78

Miscellaneous

Part No.	Description
28494	Socket, Pilot Lamp, Pilot
29956	Corner Mfg. Dial Scale
30269	Pulley, Dial Cord
32076	Clip, Pulley
40546	Cable Assembly, Speaker
109001	Ground Chp. Tube
113002	Drive Shaft, Pulley
150004	Drive Shaft, Dial
124010	Drive Cord, 75 Ft.
124004	Card Assembly, Pulley
122006	Dial Scale
124003	Pointer
144003	Card Assembly, Pointer
151033	Shield, Pilot Lamp
152002	Socket, 8 Point Wafer
152004	Socket, 7 Point
33444	Speaker Plug
33218	A.C. Cord
118001	Iron Core (I.F.)
80484	Photo. Cartridge
31539	Call Letter Kit
32048	Photo & Tele. Jack
159002	Socket A.C., Outlet
80777	Ant. Grid. Dipole Terminal Strip
	Aligning Tool

Knobs

Part No.	Description
32224	Off-On-Val., Tone Range
37093	Tuning
32156	Push Button
134006	On-Off-Val., Tone M1, M2, HW
134008	Range M1, M2, HW
80768	Tuning M1, M2, HW
80769	On-Off-Val., Tone M1, M2, HW
80770	Range M1, M2, HW
80771	Tuning M1, M2, HW

Escutcheons

Part No.	Description
35792	Dial
125002	Dial M1, M2
125009	Dial HW

Decals

Part No.	Description
34126	(Off-On-Val.) Designation Plate
32242	Stations
121002	Tone
121003	Range
121002	Tone
121004	Range

Series 10 has matching Photo. Network for (D72) 80670 Pickup Cartridge.

Series 11 has matching Photo. Network for (176) 80484 Pickup Cartridge.

Series 12 R-21 changed from 1000 ohms to 1 Meg. R-13—27 Meg. Resistor added.

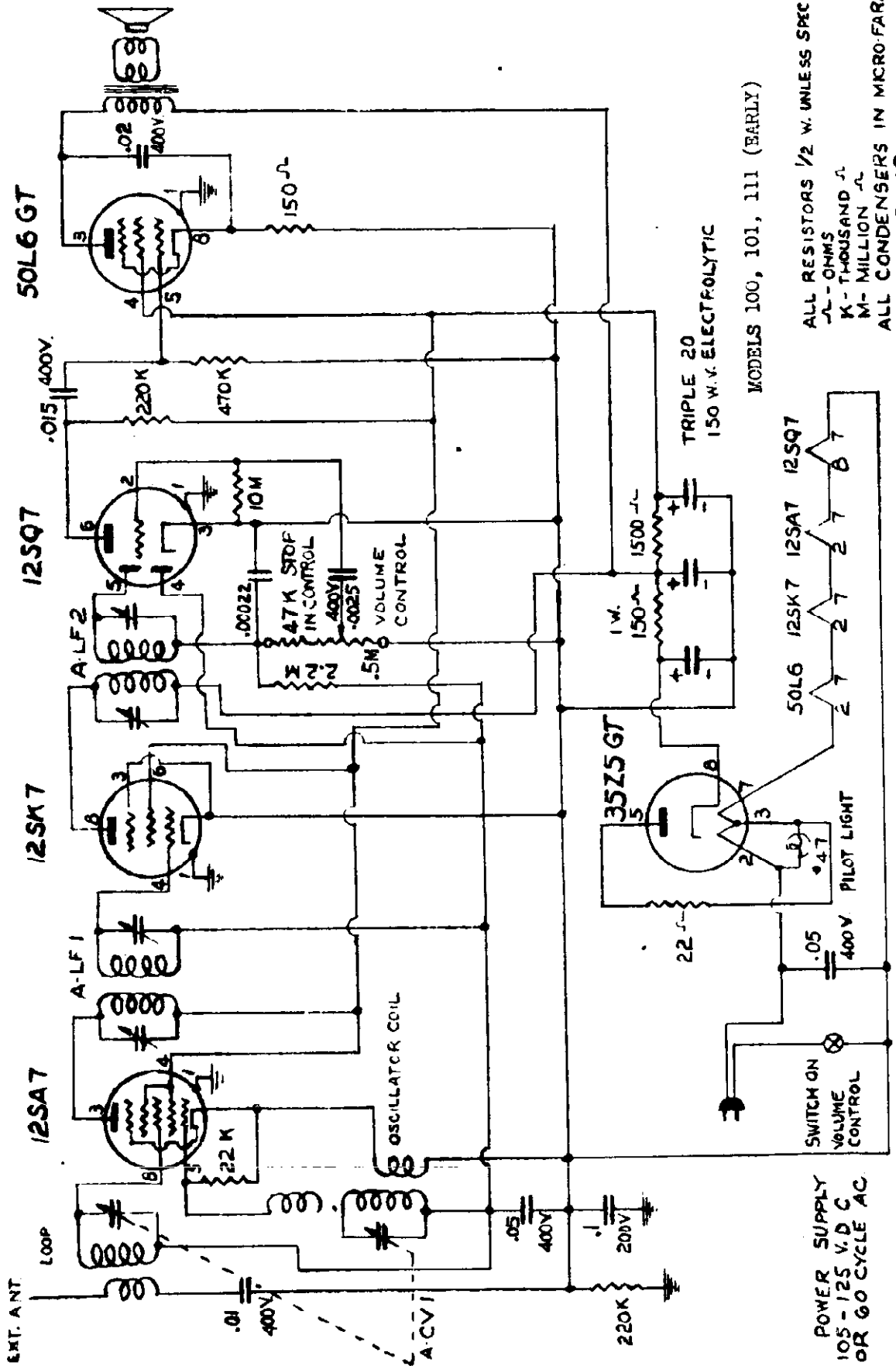
Leads from R-27, R-28 removed and made common with lead from R-26.

Terminal number 4 of wire recorder socket grounded. Center tap of L-46, L-47 removed from ground, and connected to cathode of 6V6 tube.

Cabinet Parts

Part No.	PFM	PGM	LW	PLM	M1-O	M2-Y	M3-W	HW	PSM	Description
80681	X	X								Stop Hinge
132016	X	X								Buller Catch
37084	X	X								Key Pull
39200	X	X								Photo Hinge
130007	X	X								Grille Cloth
130009	X	X								Grille, Metal
37145	X	X								Ud Support
36442	X	X								Door—Pull Inv. Std.
39330	X	X								Buller Catch
130004	X	X								Grille Cloth
130010	X	X								Grille, Metal
130015	X	X								Grille Cloth W. Spreader 130004
130016	X	X								Grille Cloth W. Spreader 130005
132020	X	X								Door-Pull
132027	X	X								Photo Hinge
130011	X	X								Grille Cloth
132001	X	X								Door-Stop Left
132002	X	X								Door-Stop Left
132003	X	X								Door-Rail, Top Left
132043	X	X								Concealed Hinge Album Door
132040	X	X								Door Rail & Plate, Lower Right
132007	X	X								Door Track, Upper Right
132008	X	X								Wheel Track, Upper Right
132009	X	X								Door Pull, Concealed
130002	X	X								Grille Cloth
125001	X	X								Speaker Bezel
132035	X	X								Door-Stop, Bottom Right
132037	X	X								Door-Rail, Lower Left
132012	X	X								Door Pull
132013	X	X								Bull Hinge
132014	X	X								Door Track
132015	X	X								Semi-Concealed Hinge
37153	X	X								Door Pull
132019	X	X								Grille Cloth
18342	X	X								Knob Door
168016	X	X								Gilder
132022	X	X								Photo Drawer Assm. Comp.
132021	X	X								Photo Drawer Track, Left
180017	X	X								Photo Drawer Track, Right
										Photo Drawer Assm. Comp.

TELEPHONE RADIO CORP.



MODELS 100, 101, 111 (EARLY)

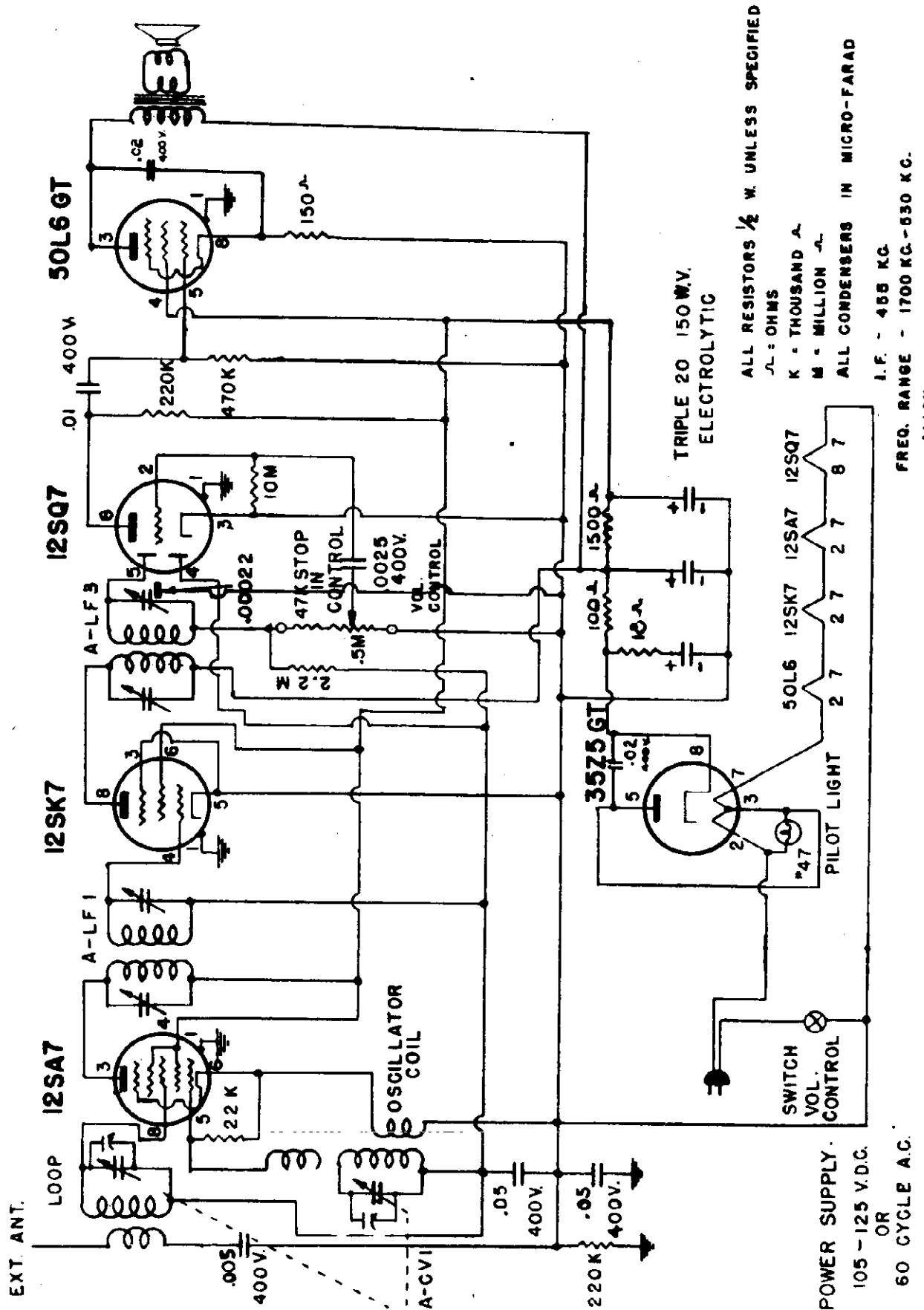
ALL RESISTORS 1/2 W. UNLESS SPECIFIED
 Ω - OHMS
 K - THOUSAND Ω
 M - MILLION Ω
 ALL CONDENSERS IN MICRO-FARAD
 I.F. - 455 KC
 FREQ. RANGE - 1700 KC - 530 KC
 ALIGN AT - 1500 KC.
 TRACK AT - 600 KC.

CHASSIS SERIES A
 EARLY

POWER SUPPLY
 105 - 125 V.D.C.
 OR 60 CYCLE AC

MODELS 100, 100A, 101,
109, 111, 122, 130
Chassis A, Late

TELEPHONE RADIO CORP.



ALL RESISTORS $\frac{1}{2}$ W. UNLESS SPECIFIED
 Ω = OHMS
 K = THOUSAND Ω
 M = MILLION Ω
 ALL CONDENSERS IN MICRO-FARAD

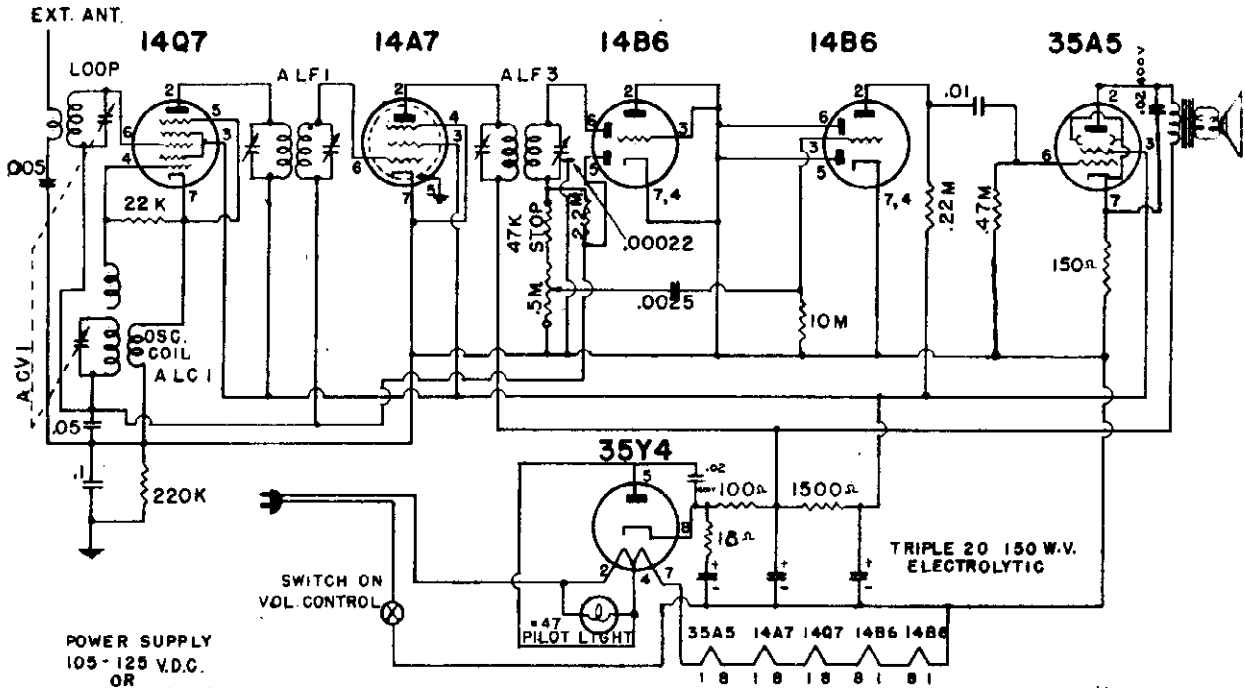
I.F. - 466 KC.
 FREQ. RANGE - 1700 KC.-630 KC.
 ALIGN AT - 1500 KC.
 TRACK AT - 600 KC.

CHASSIS SERIES "A"

REVISED 2-1-46

POWER SUPPLY -
 105 - 125 V.D.C.
 OR
 60 CYCLE A.C.

MODELS 117, 117A, 118, 120 TELEPHONE RADIO CORP.
 Chassis Series D
 MODELS 101J, 122J, 130J
 Chassis Series J



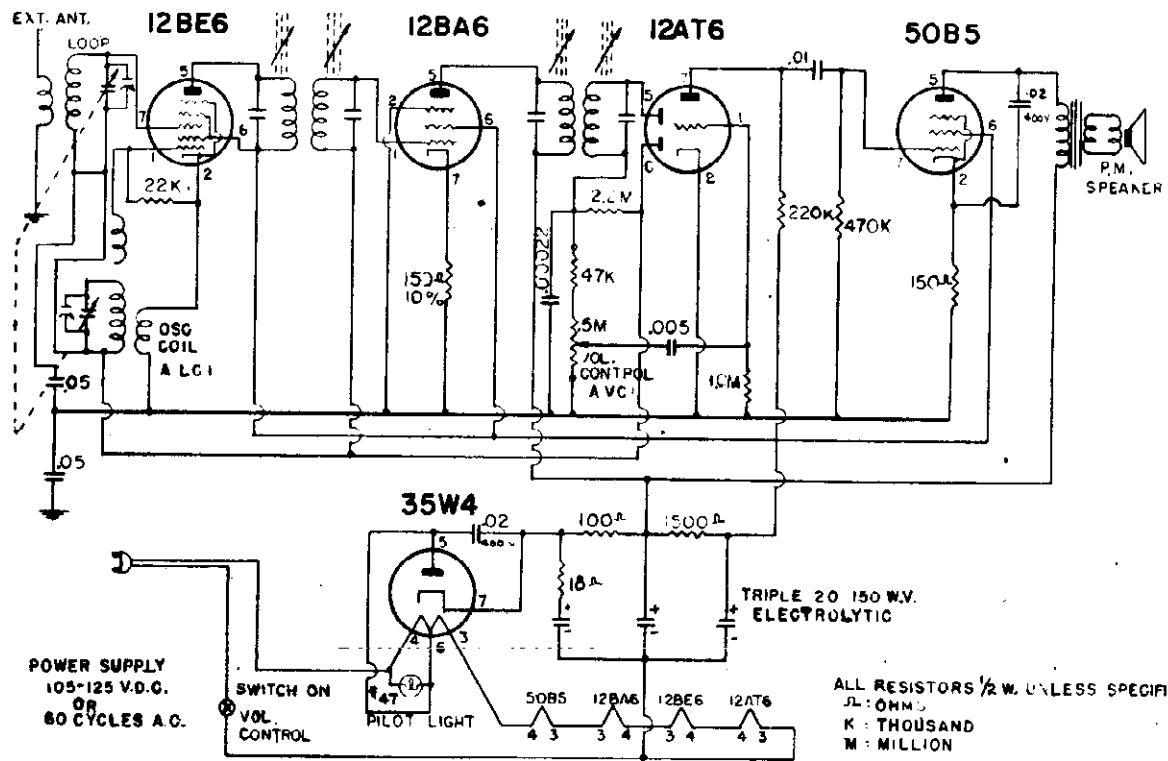
POWER SUPPLY
 105-125 V.D.C.
 OR
 60 CYCLES A.C.

I.F. - 485 KC
 FREQ. RANGE - 1700-530 KC
 ALIGN AT - 1800 KC
 TRACK AT - 600 KC

MODELS 117, 117A, 118, 120

CHASSIS SERIES "D"

ALL RESISTORS 1/2 W.
 Ω - OHMS
 K - THOUSAND Ω
 M - MILLION Ω
 ALL CONDENSERS IN MICROFARAD



POWER SUPPLY
 105-125 V.D.C.
 OR
 60 CYCLES A.C.

MODELS 101-J, 122-J, 130-J *

CHASSIS SERIES "J"

ALL RESISTORS 1/2 W. UNLESS SPECIFIED
 Ω - OHMS
 K - THOUSAND
 M - MILLION
 ALL CONDENSERS IN MICRO-FARAD

I.F. - 455 KC
 FREQ. RANGE - 1700 KC 530 KC
 ALIGN AT - 1500 KC
 TRACK AT - 600 KC

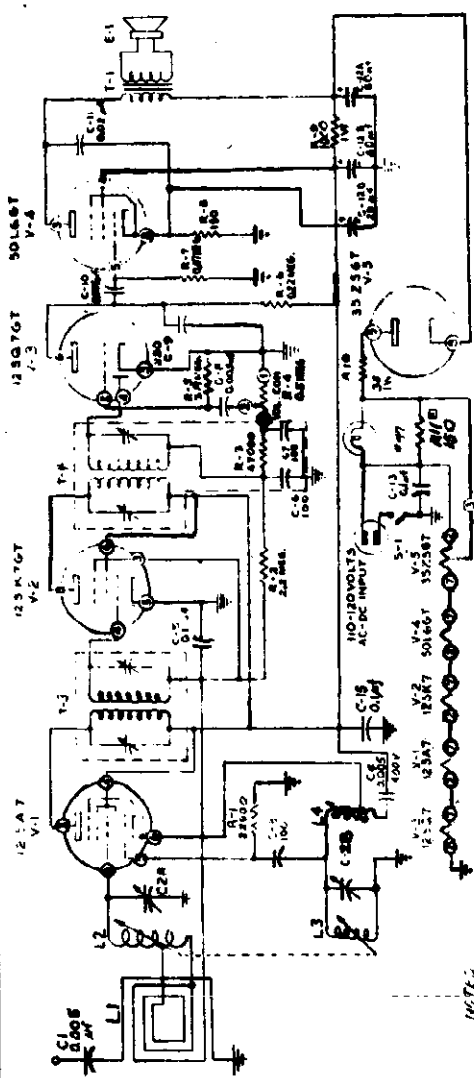
TEMPLETONE RADIO MFG. CORP.

IF PEAK 455 KC

AMS 77 1946

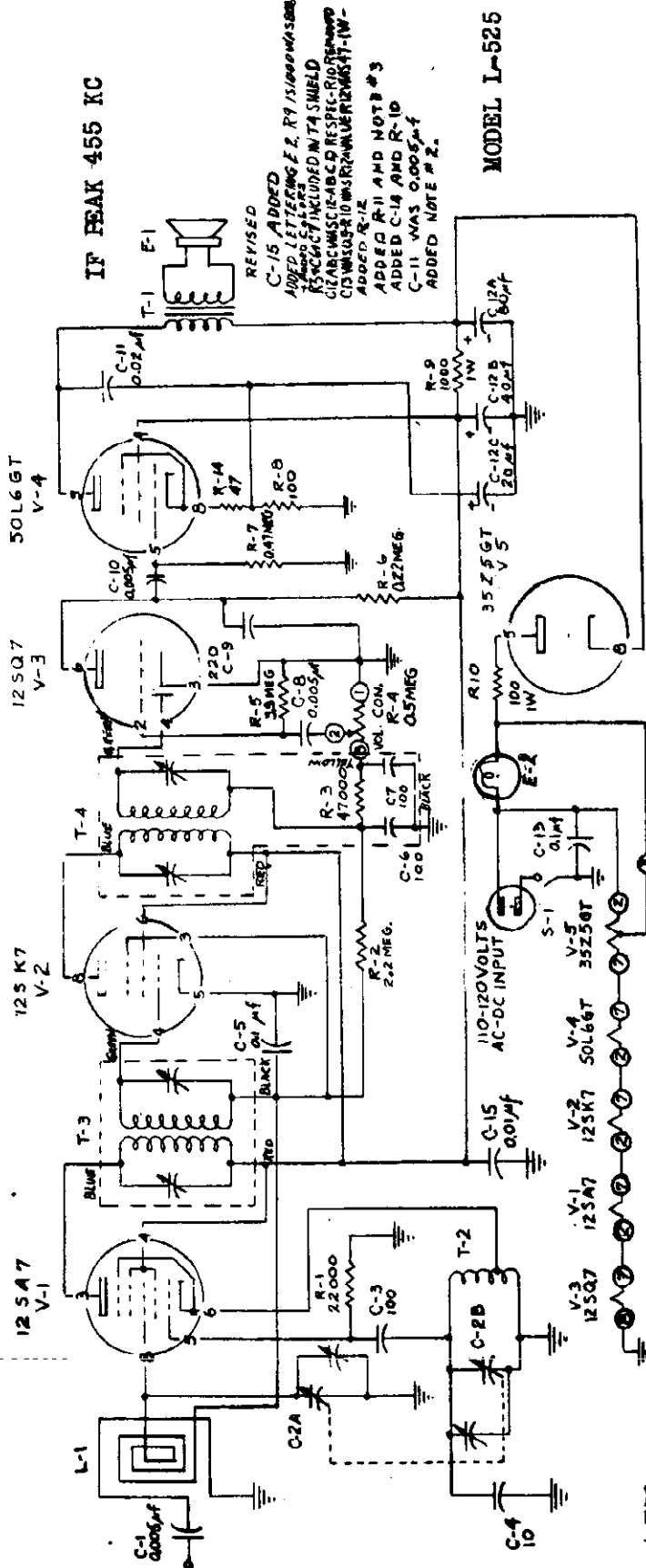
REVISED
ADDED NOTE 4
C-15 WAS 522E2
C-11 WAS 522E2
C-10 WAS 522E2
C-9 WAS 522E2
C-8 WAS 522E2
C-7 WAS 522E2
C-6 WAS 522E2
C-5 WAS 522E2
C-4 WAS 522E2
C-3 WAS 522E2
C-2 WAS 522E2
C-1 WAS 522E2

MODEL P-2



NOTES:
1. SWITCH IS TO BE IN POSITION 1 OR 2 UNLESS OTHERWISE MARKED.
2. SWITCH IS TO BE IN POSITION 1 OR 2 UNLESS OTHERWISE MARKED.
3. R-1, C-1, C-2 ARE INCLUDED IN T4 SHIELD

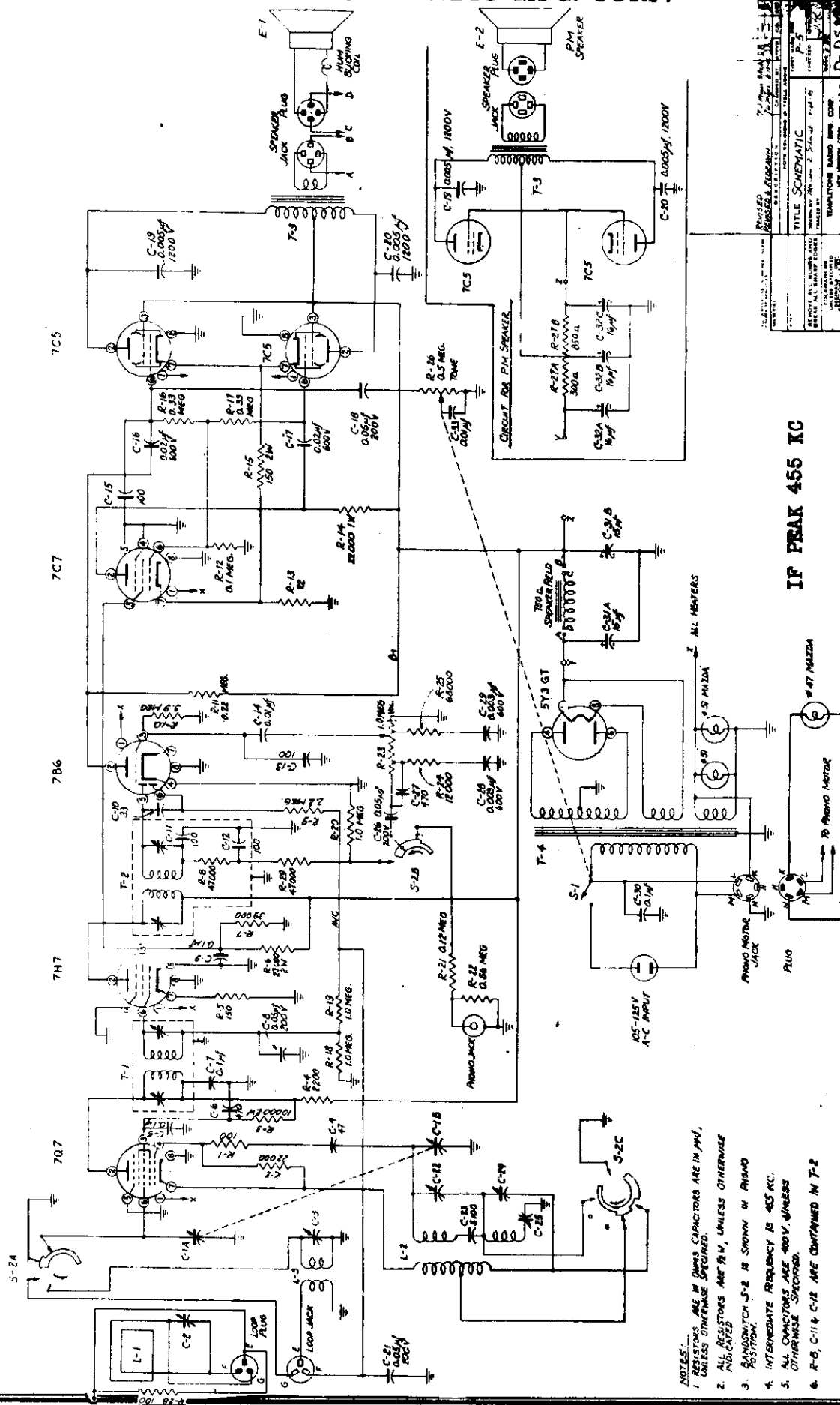
IF PEAK 455 KC



NOTES:
1. RESISTOR AND CAPACITORS ARE IN OHMS UNLESS OTHERWISE MARKED.

MODEL P-5

TEMPLETONE RADIO MFG. CORP.

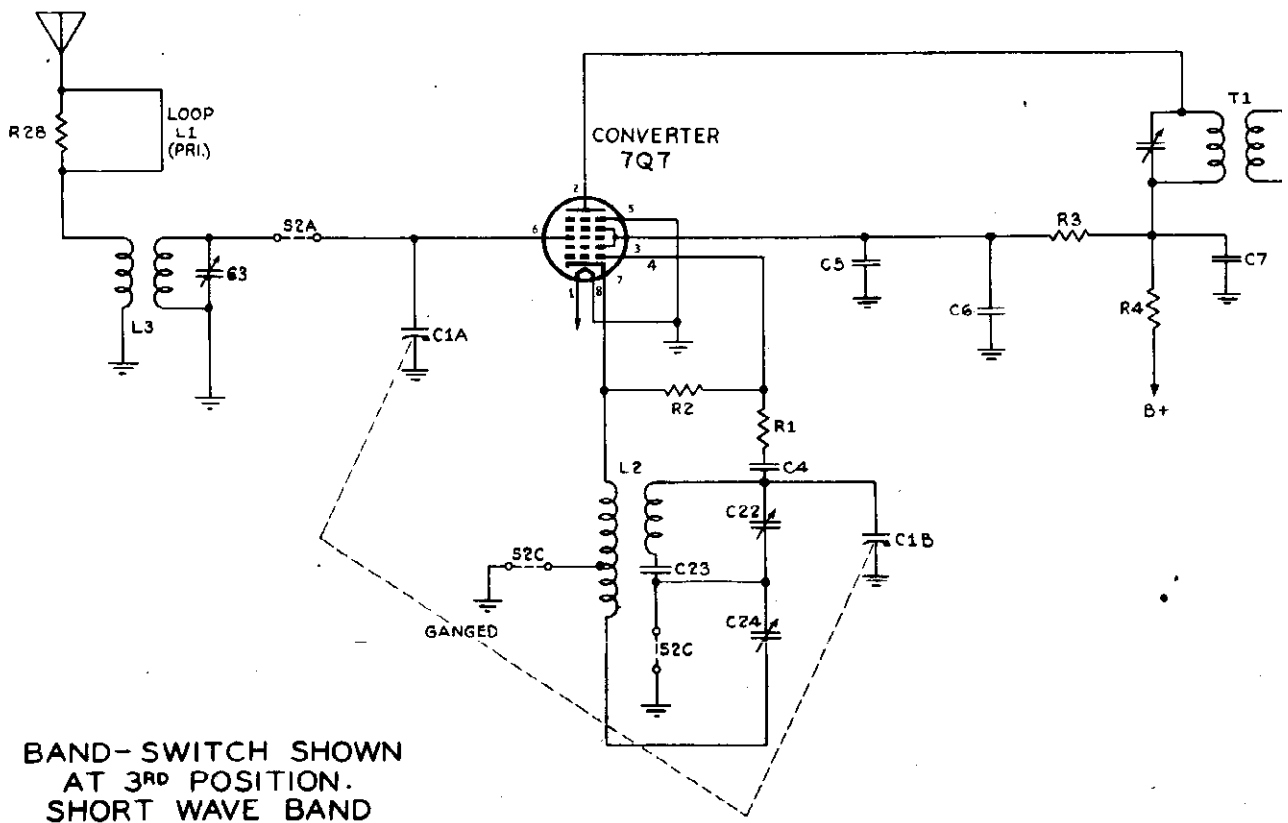
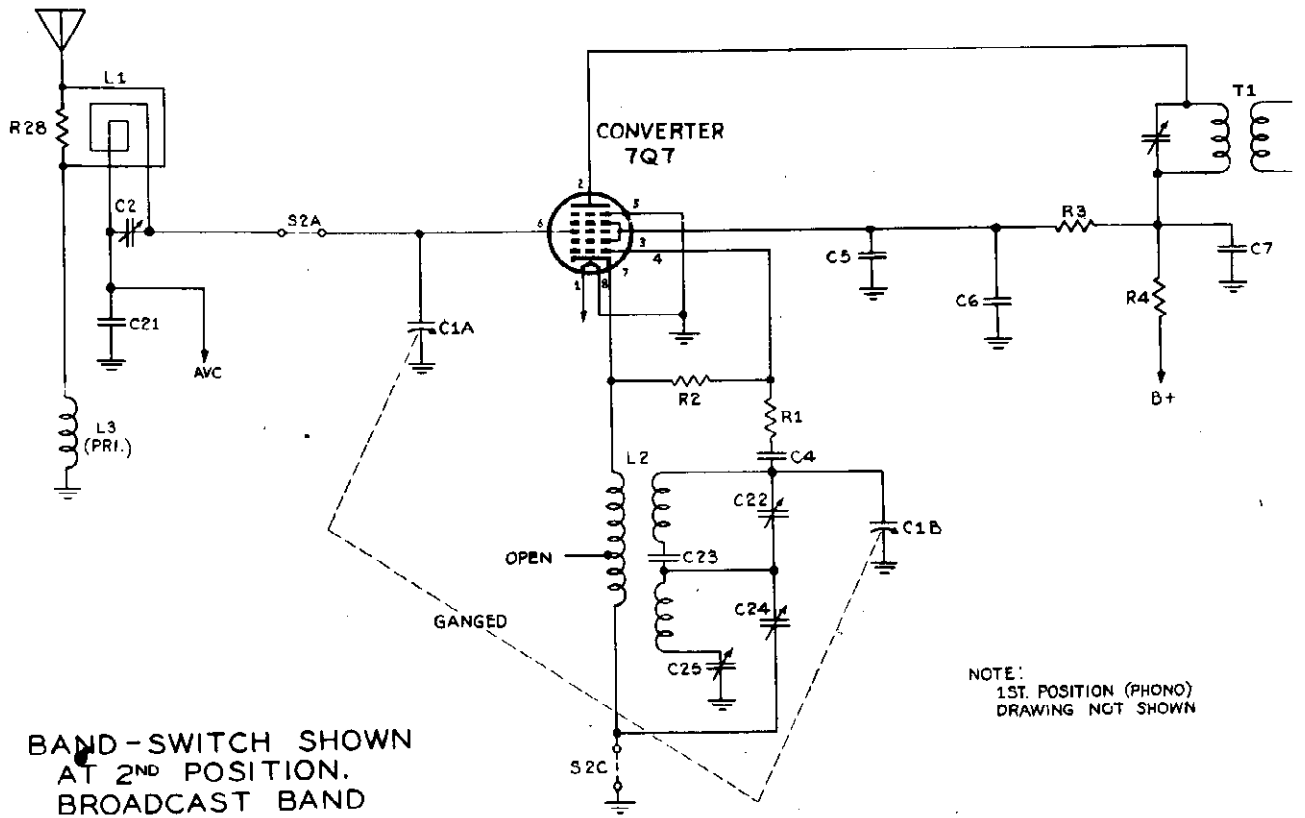


DESIGNED BY	ROBERT S. KESSER & FERNAND
ENGINEERED BY	ROBERT S. KESSER & FERNAND
CHECKED BY	ROBERT S. KESSER & FERNAND
DATE	7-1-36
TITLE	SCHEMATIC
PROJECT NO.	TEMPLETONE RADIO MFG. CORP.
WORK CENTER	NEW HAVEN, CONN. 57P 11
WORKSHEET NO.	D-DS9

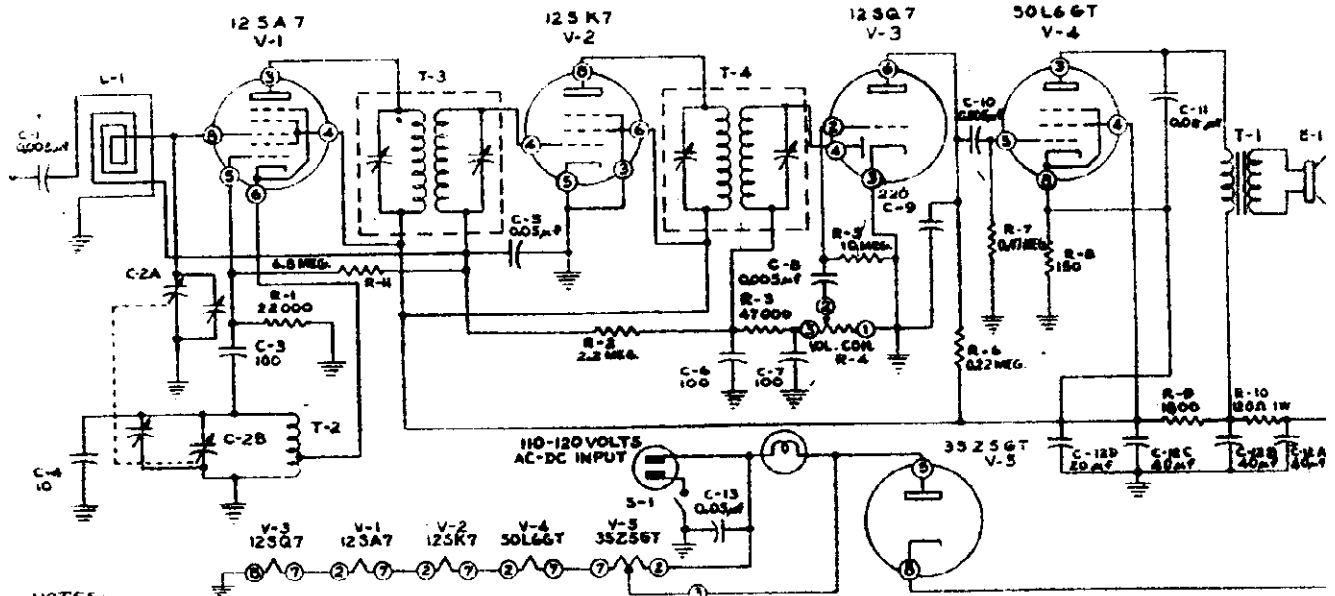
IF PEAK 455 KC

- NOTES:
1. RESISTORS ARE IN OHMS UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.
 2. ALL RESISTORS ARE 1/4 W., UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED.
 3. BANDSWITCH S-2 IS SHOWN IN PHONO POSITION.
 4. INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY IS 455 KC.
 5. ALL CAPACITORS ARE 400V. UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.
 6. R-6, C-11 & C-18 ARE OBTAINED IN T-2.

TEMPLETONE RADIO MFG. CORP.



TEMPLETONE RADIO MFG. CORP.



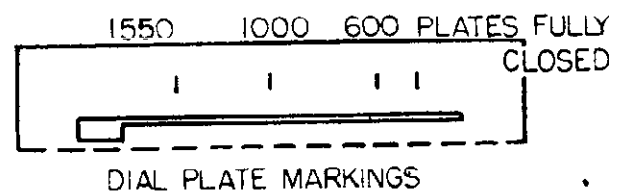
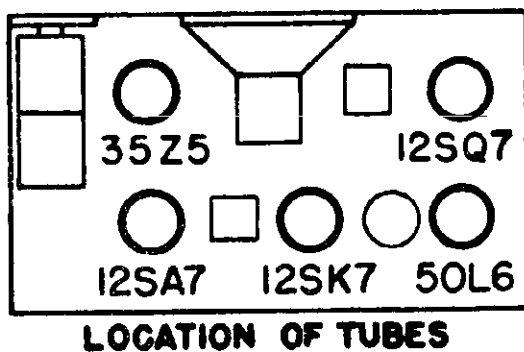
- NOTES:**
1. RESISTORS ARE IN OHMS, CAPACITORS ARE IN μmf , INDUCTORS ARE IN mH , UNLESS OTHERWISE MARKED.
 2. VOLUME CONTROL R-4 IS 0.5 MEGOHMS, WITH SWITCH S-1 MOUNTED ON REAR.
 3. IN A FEW EARLY MODELS C-12B WAS A SEPARATE 25 μmf CAPACITOR, C-12A WAS 80 μmf , C-12C WAS 20 μmf AND R-11 WAS NOT USED.

IF PEAK 455 KC

Alignment: No attempt should be made to realign this receiver until it has been determined that a poor tube, or some local condition is not responsible for faulty reception. An output meter may be clipped directly across the voice coil lugs.

The Signal Generator may be connected through a 0.01 mf capacitor (used as dummy antenna) to the lug on RF section (B) of tuning capacitor. Connect ground clip of generator directly to chassis. Align the I. F. trimmers to 455 kc, using least possible input from Signal Generator to avoid developing A.V.C. voltage which would make the tuning adjustments very broad.

To align RF trimmers, remove the 0.01 mf capacitor and connect the Signal Generator leads or two or three turns of heavy wire, forming a self-supporting loop of about 7 or 8 inches diameter, placed about a foot away from the receiver's loop antenna. Again, use the least possible input from the Signal Generator. With the tuning capacitor plates completely out of mesh, and pointer at extreme left end of travel, adjust the oscillator trimmer (A) (on front section of tuning capacitor) to 1700 kc. Readjust both Signal Generator and tuning capacitor to 1550 kc and adjust the RF trimmer (B) (on rear section) for maximum response. With tuning capacitor plates fully meshed, the receiver should tune to 535 kc; however, no adjustment is required at this point. For checking purposes, four fine marks are engraved on the dial plate. These represent, in order, the pointer settings for 1550, 1000, 600 kc, and the pointer position with capacitor plates fully meshed.



MODELS E-510 to
E-519 Inclusive
MODEL F-611

TEMPLETONE RADIO MFG. CORP.
Repair Parts List

Circuit Symbol	Part No.	Item	MODELS E-510 TO E-519 INCLUSIVE
E-1	780.008	Speaker	5" P. M. Including T-1 (if required separately)
T-1	851.514	O. P. Transformer	
T-2	251.143	Oscillator Coil	
T-3	251.146	I. F. Transformer	Input
T-4	251.147	I. F. Transformer	Output
L-1	251.143	Loop Antenna	
R-1	605.2231	Resistor	22K Ohm, 1/2 W, 10%
R-2	605.2251	Resistor	2.2 meg. 1/2 W, 10%
R-3	605.4731	Resistor	47K Ohm 1/2 W, 10%
R-4	650.504E	Vol. Control	0.5 Meg. with Power Switch
R-5	605.1061	Resistor	10. Meg. 1/2 W, 10%
R-6	605.2241	Resistor	220 K Ohm 1/2 W, 10%
R-7	605.4741	Resistor	470 K Ohm 1/2 W, 10%
R-8	601.1511	Resistor	150 Ohm 1 W, 10%
R-9	602.1821	Resistor	1800 Ohm, 2 W, 10%
C-1	164.009	Capacitor	0.005 MF, 600V, paper
C-2A	165.513	Tuning Capacitor	Variable
C-2B			
C-3	162.522	Capacitor	100 MMF, 500V, Mica
C-4	162.580	Capacitor	10 MF, 500V, Mica
C-5	164.004	Capacitor	0.05 MF, 400V, Paper
C-6	162.522	Capacitor	100 MMF, 500V, Mica
C-7	162.522	Capacitor	100 MMF, 500V, Mica
C-8	164.009	Capacitor	0.005 MF, 600V, Paper
C-9	162.556	Capacitor	220 MMF, 500V, Mica
C-10	164.009	Capacitor	0.005 MF, 600V, Paper
C-11	164.003	Capacitor	0.02 MF, 600V, Paper
C-12A	161.520	Filter Capacitor	40 MF, 150V 40 MF, 150V 40 MF, 150V 20 MF, 150V
C-12B			
C-12C			
C-12D			
C-13	164.004	Capacitor	0.05 MF, 400V, Paper
V-6	311.003	Dial Scale	
	591.005	Pointer	
	315.501	Dial Cord	Red
	572.110	Dial Light Socket	Black, 3 1/2-ft.
	No. 51	Dial Lamp	

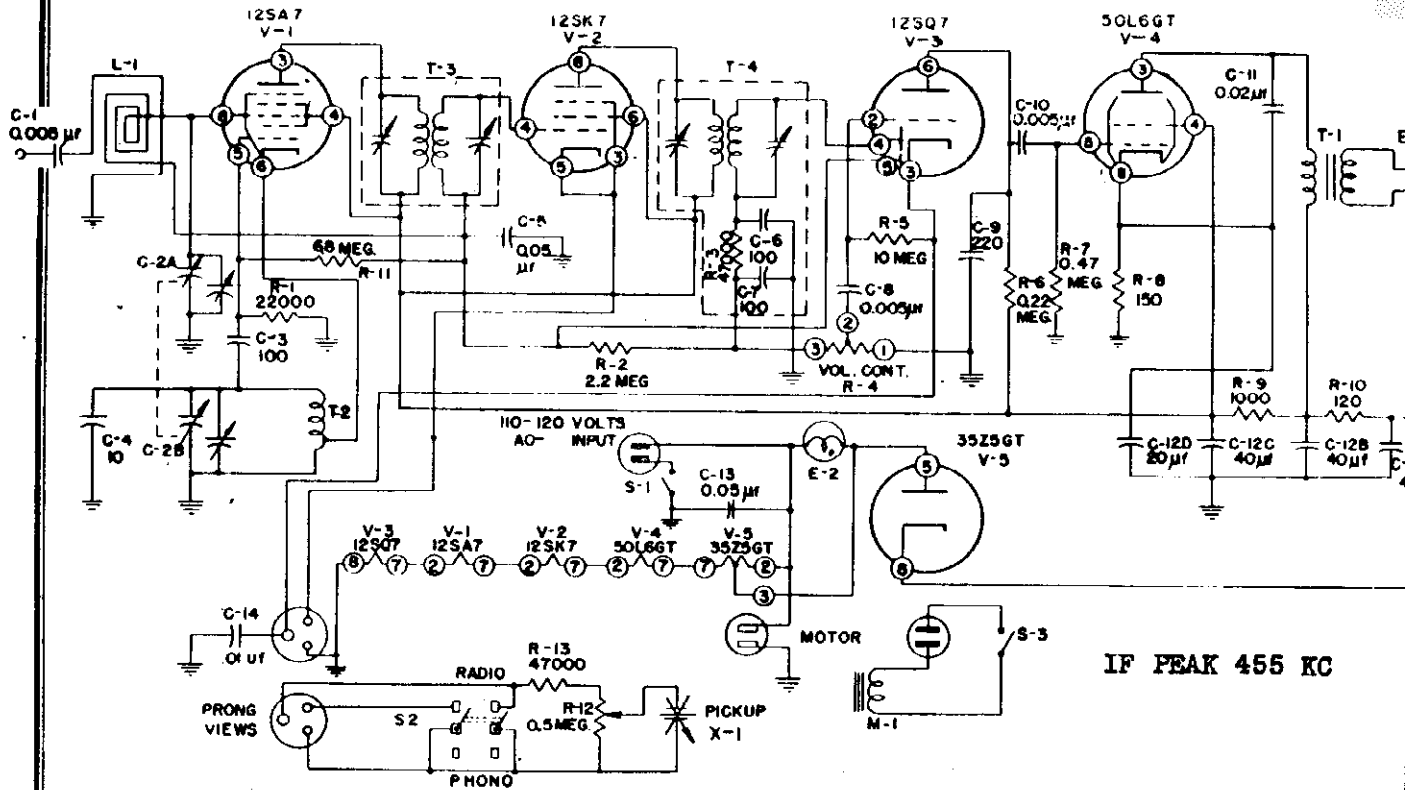
Operation: The set operates on 110 to 120 volts, 50 or 60 cycles A. C. and 110 to 120 volts D. C. Power drain is approximately 25 watts.

When operated on direct current (D. C.), if no reception is obtained after approximately one minute of warm-up time, reverse the line plug in the power outlet.

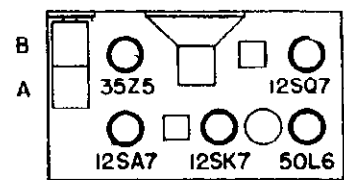
Range: Model E-510 covers the broadcast band from 540 to 1600 kilocycles. Since the scale is calibrated 54 to 160, the actual frequency of the station received is obtained by adding a zero to the dial calibration.

Circuit Symbol	Part No.	Item	Description	Circuit Symbol	Part No.	Item	Description
E-1	EH-4-1	Speaker	5" P. M. low output transformer	E-11		Resistor	Carbon, 1.2 Meg. 1/2 W
L-1	LL-3	Loop Antenna		E-12		Resistor	Carbon, 2.2 Meg. 1/2 W
L-2	LO-1	Oscillator Coil		R-12		Resistor	Carbon, 2200, 1 W
T-1	TMS-3	Transformer	IF Input	R-14	RW-2	Resistor	Wirewound 2500, 10W, tapped at 1200
T-2	TMS-7	Transformer	IF output	E-15		Resistor	Carbon, 820, 1/2 W
T-3	TA-7-1	Transformer	Speaker Output, for 3Qs	E-16		Resistor	Carbon, 820, 1/2 W
C-1	CV-4	Capacitor	Variable, 2-gang	E-18		Resistor	15 Ohms
C-2		Capacitor	Mica, 230 MMF, 500 V	E-18		Resistor	Carbon, 2.2 Meg
C-3		Capacitor	Paper, 0.01 MF, 400 V	R-19		Resistor	Carbon, 2.2 Meg
C-4		Capacitor	Mica, 100 MMF, 500 V	S-2	SS-1	Switch	Slide, DPDT
C-5		Capacitor	Paper, 0.05 MF, 200 V			Battery	ER #746, 4.5 Volt "A"
C-6		Capacitor	Paper, 0.01 MF, 200 V			Battery	ER #482, 45.0 Volt "B"
C-7		Capacitor	Mica, 100 MMF, 500 V			Dial Cord	62" long
C-8		Capacitor	Paper, 0.002 MF, 400 V	HF-28		Dial Cord Spring	
C-9		Capacitor	Paper, 0.002 MF, 400 V	ND-12		Pointer	
C-10		Capacitor	Paper, 0.05 MF, 200 V	PM2-1		Dial Scale	
C-11		Capacitor	Paper, 0.05 MF, 200 V	PM2-2		Battery Plus	2 prong, A
C-12		Capacitor	Paper, 0.20 MF, 400 V	PM1-1		Battery Plus	2 prong, B
C-13		Capacitor	Paper, 0.1 MF, 400 V	PM1-2		Speaker Plus	
C-14		Capacitor	Electrolytic, 40-40-40-20 MF, 150 WVDC	HF-28		Resistor	
C-15	CR1-4A81	Capacitor	Paper, 0.05 MF, 200 V	HF-28		Resistor	
C-16		Capacitor	Paper, 0.05 MF, 200 V	CCCD-618		Grid Cup	
C-17		Capacitor	Paper, 0.1 MF, 200 V	AF-4		Cabinet	
C-18		Capacitor	Paper, 0.05 MF, 200 V	HK-16		Cabinet Rack	
C-19		Capacitor	Paper, 0.05 MF, 200 V	NW-1		Knob	
C-20		Capacitor	Paper, 0.05 MF, 200 V	HK-27		Window	
R-1		Resistor	Carbon, 0.22 Meg. 1/2 W	HA-56		Handle	
R-2		Resistor	Carbon, 47,000, 1/2 W	AF-5		Handle Retainer Shell	
R-3		Resistor	Carbon, 15,000, 1/2 W			Cabinet Front Panel	
R-4		Resistor	Carbon, 15,000, 1/2 W				
R-5		Resistor	Carbon, 15,000, 1/2 W				
R-6		Resistor	Carbon, 2.2 Meg. 1/2 W				
R-7	RP5-1	Volume Control	0.5 Meg. with switch				
R-8		Resistor	Carbon, 0.47 Meg. 1/2 W				

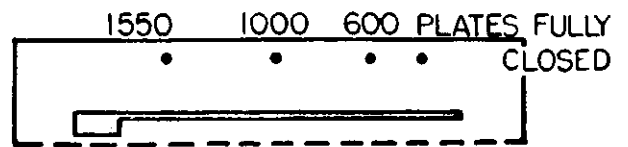
TEMPLETON RADIO MFG. CORP.



IF PEAK 455 KC



LOCATION OF TUBES



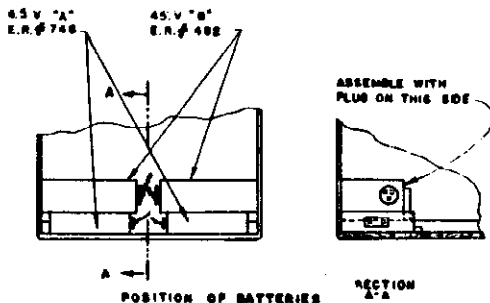
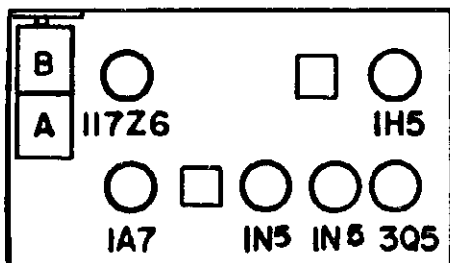
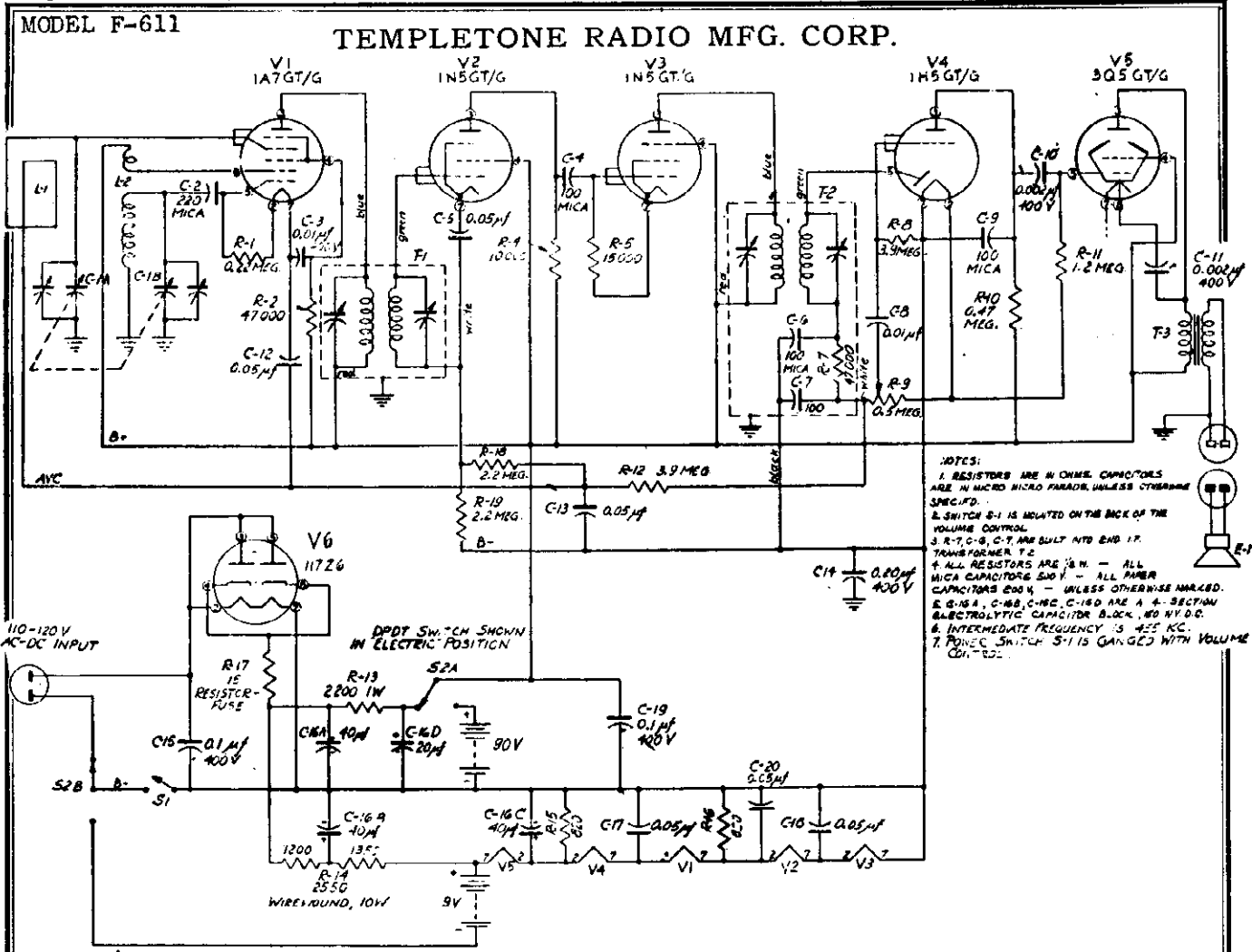
DIAL PLATE MARKINGS

REPLACEMENT PARTS LIST

Circuit Symbol	Part No.	Item	Description
E-1	780.008	Speaker	5" P. M. Including T-1
E-2	No. 51	Dial Lamp	
T-1	851.514	O. P. Transformer	(if required separately)
T-2	251.143	Oscillator Coil	
T-3	251.146	I. F. Transformer	Input
T-4	251.147	I. F. Transformer	Output
L-1	251.145	Loop Antenna	
R-1	605.2231	Resistor	22K Ohm, 1/2 W., 10%
R-2	605.2251	Resistor	2.2 Mex. 1/2 W., 10%
R-3	650.504E	Volume Control	0.5 Meg. with Power Switch
R-5	605.1061	Resistor	10. Mex. 1/2 W., 10%
R-6	605.2241	Resistor	220 K Ohm, 1/2 W., 10%
R-7	605.4741	Resistor	470 K Ohm, 1/2 W., 10%
R-8	601.1511	Resistor	150 Ohm, 1 W., 10%
R-9	601.1021	Resistor	1000 Ohm, 1 W., 10%
R-10	601.1211	Resistor	120 Ohm, 1 W., 10%
R-11	605.6851	Resistor	6.8 Meg., 1/2 W., 10%
R-12	650.504J	Volume Control	0.5 Meg. with Switch
R-13	605.4731	Resistor	47K Ohm, 1/2 W., 10%
C-1	164.009	Capacitor	0.005 MF, 600V, paper
C-2A			Variable
C-2B	165.513	Tuning Capacitor	
C-3	162.522	Capacitor	100 MMF, 500V, Mica
C-4	162.580	Capacitor	10 MMF, 500V, Mica
C-5	164.004	Capacitor	0.05 MF, 400V, Paper
C-6	164.009	Capacitor	0.005 MF, 600V, Paper
C-7	162.556	Capacitor	220 MMF, 500V, Mica
C-8	164.009	Capacitor	0.005 MF, 600V, Paper
C-9	164.003	Capacitor	0.02 MF, 608V, Paper
C-10			40 MF, 150V
C-11			40 MF, 150V
C-12A			40 MF, 150V
C-12B			40 MF, 150V
C-12C			20 MF, 150V
C-12D	161.520	Filter Capacitor	0.05 MF, 400V, Paper
C-13	164.004	Capacitor	0.01 MF, 400V, Paper
C-14	164.013	Capacitor	0.01 MF, 400V, Paper
M-1	GA-3	Motor	110-120 V, 60 cycles; with 9" turntable
S-2	801.507	Switch	DPDT
X-1	EM-6	Cartridge	For pick-up arm
	ND-11	Dial Scale	
	591.005	Pointer	
	315.501	Dial Cord	
	579.110	Dial Light Socket	Red 3 1/2" long

NOTES:

- Resistors are in ohms; Capacitors are in mmf.
- Volume control R-4 is 0.5 megohms, with switch S-1 mounted on rear.
- In some production runs C-12D is a separate 20 mmf. 25V capacitor and C-12A is 6mf., C12B is 40 mf., C12C is 20mf.
- Phonograph volume control R-12A is 0.5 megohms, with switch S-3 mounted on rear.

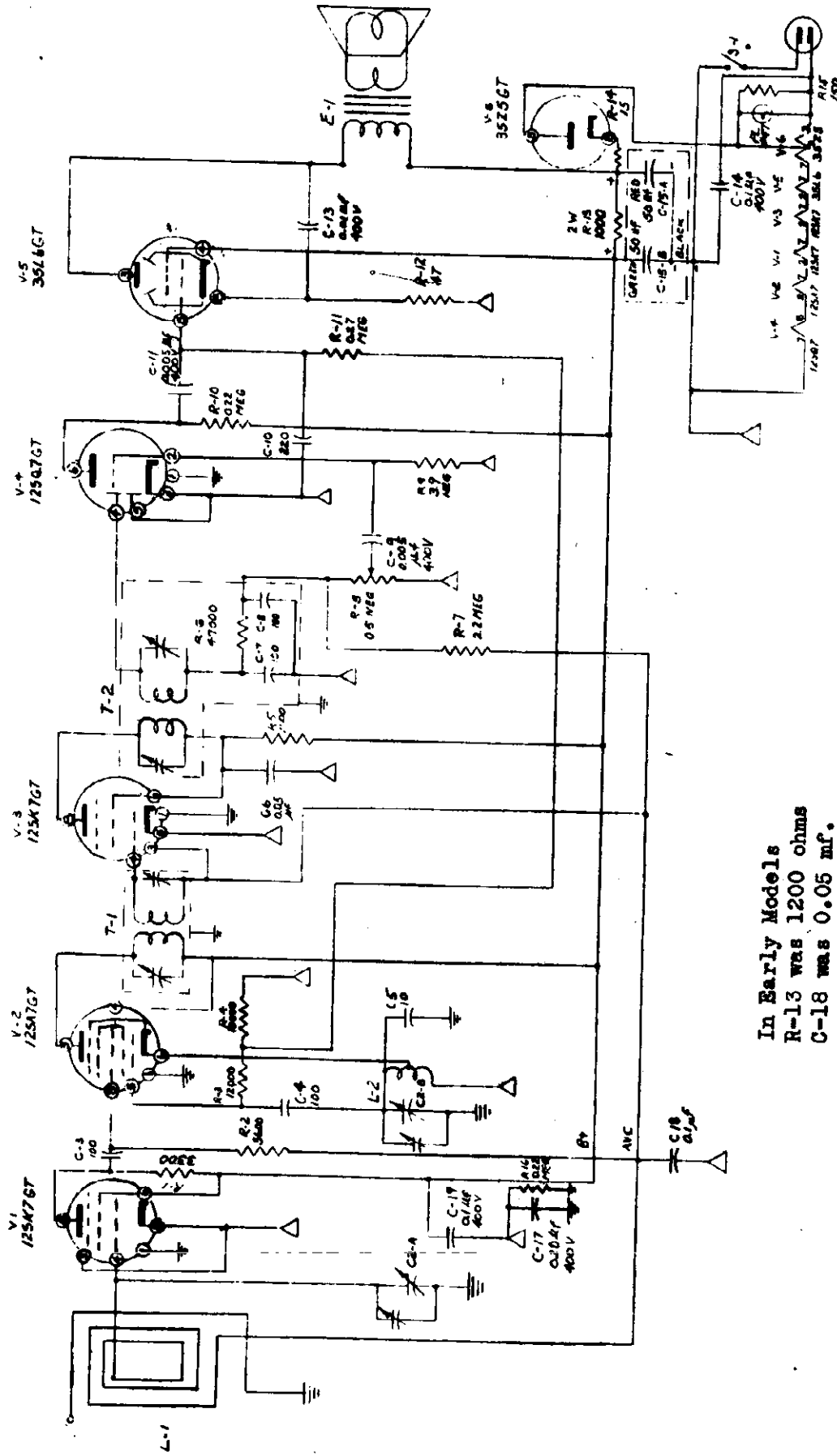


Alignment: No attempt should be made to realign this receiver until it has been determined that a poor tube, or some local condition is not responsible for faulty reception.

The Signal Generator may be connected through a 0.01 mf capacitor (used as dummy antenna) to the lug on RF section A of tuning capacitor. Connect ground clip of generator to a convenient B-minus point (such as the case of the electrolytic capacitor, or one of the switch terminals on the back of the volume control). An output meter may be clipped directly across the voice coil lugs. Align the I.F. trimmers to 455 kc, using least possible input from Signal Generator to avoid developing A.V.C. voltage which would make the tuning adjustments very broad.

To align RF trimmers, remove the 0.01 mf capacitor and connect the Signal Generator leads to two or three turns of heavy wire, forming a self-supporting loop of about 7 or 8 inches diameter, placed about a foot away from the receiver's loop antenna. Again, use the least possible input from the Signal Generator. With the tuning capacitor plates completely out of mesh, and pointer at extreme right end of travel, adjust the oscillator trimmer (B) (on front section of tuning capacitor) to 1700 kc. Readjust both Signal Generator and tuning capacitor to 1550 kc and adjust the RF trimmer (A) (on rear section) for maximum response.

TEMPLETON RADIO MFG. CORP.

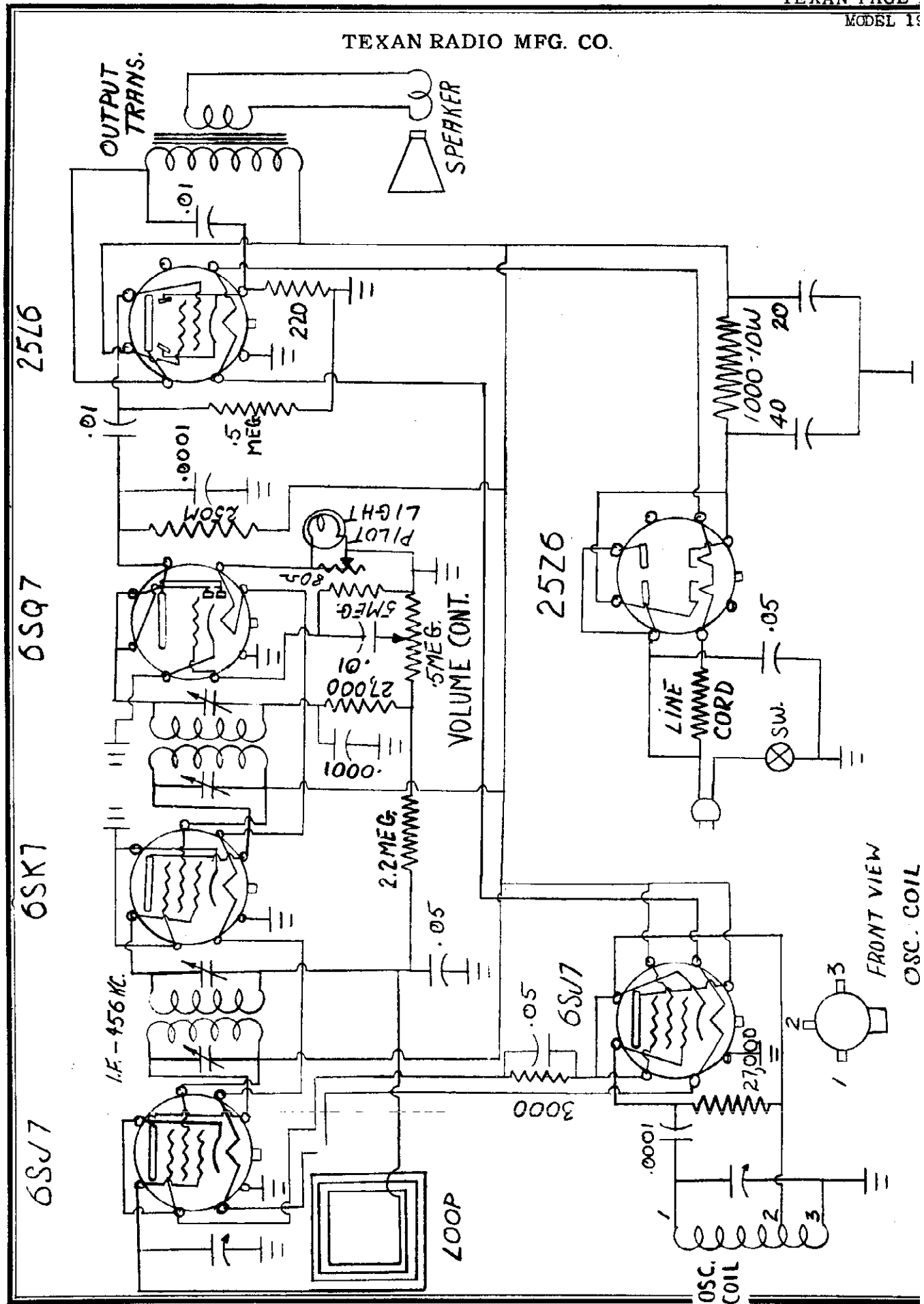


In Early Models
 R-13 was 1200 ohms
 C-18 was 0.05 mf.

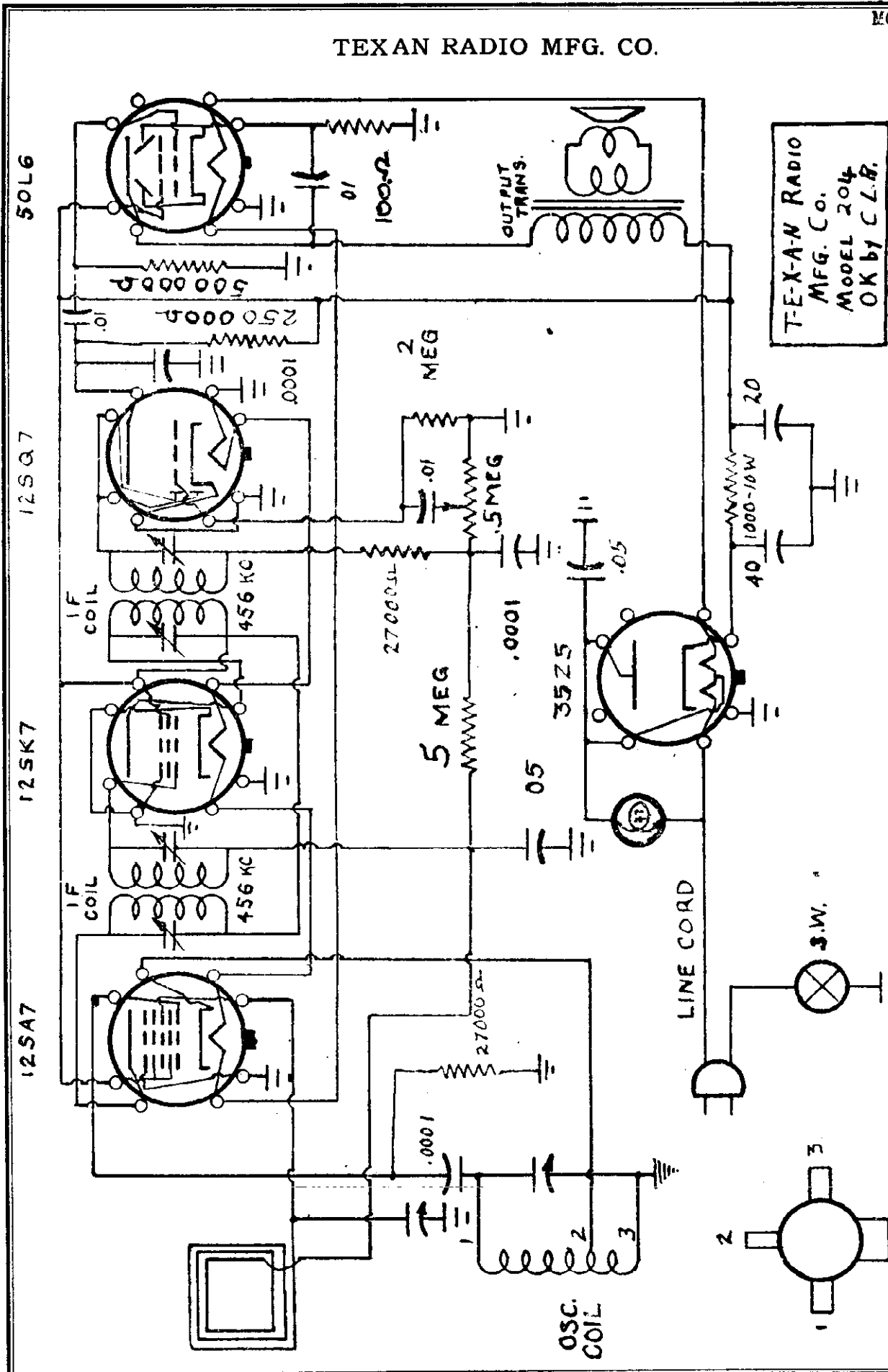
- NOTES
- 1 ALL RESISTORS 1/2 WATT ALL CAPACITORS 200V UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED
 - 2 POWER SWITCH S1 IS CHANGED WITH VOLUME CONTROL R-8
 - 3 I.F. FREQUENCY 455KC

C-16 and ground connection
 have been removed from this
 model.

TEXAN RADIO MFG. CO.



TEXAN RADIO MFG. CO.



Type Set - AC-DC, superheterodyne with loop or antenna coil.
 Tubes - - 12SA7 Mixer, 12SK7 I.F. Amplifier, 12SQ7 2nd Det., 50L6 output, 35Z5 rectifier.
 Tuning range - 540-1600 KC
 Supply voltage - 117 volts, AC or DC

OSC. COIL
 FRONT VIEW

MODEL 204

TEXAN RADIO MFG. CO.

Dummy Ant.	Connect Signal Generator	Signal Gen. Set	Dial Set	Output Meter	Adjust	Remarks
.05	High side to signal grid of 12SA7 low side to Grd.	455 KC	Rotor full open	Across voice coil	IF trimmers	Adjust for maximum output if modulation hum is excessive decrease Dummy Ant. to .001 MFD.
	Loop	1500 KC	"	"	Osc. trimmer	Adjust for maximum output. Connect signal gen. to loop of few turns of wire and couple loosely to receiver by a pacing.
	"	"	"	"	RF trimmer	Adjust for maximum output.

Volume control at maximum, Signal gen. as low as possible.

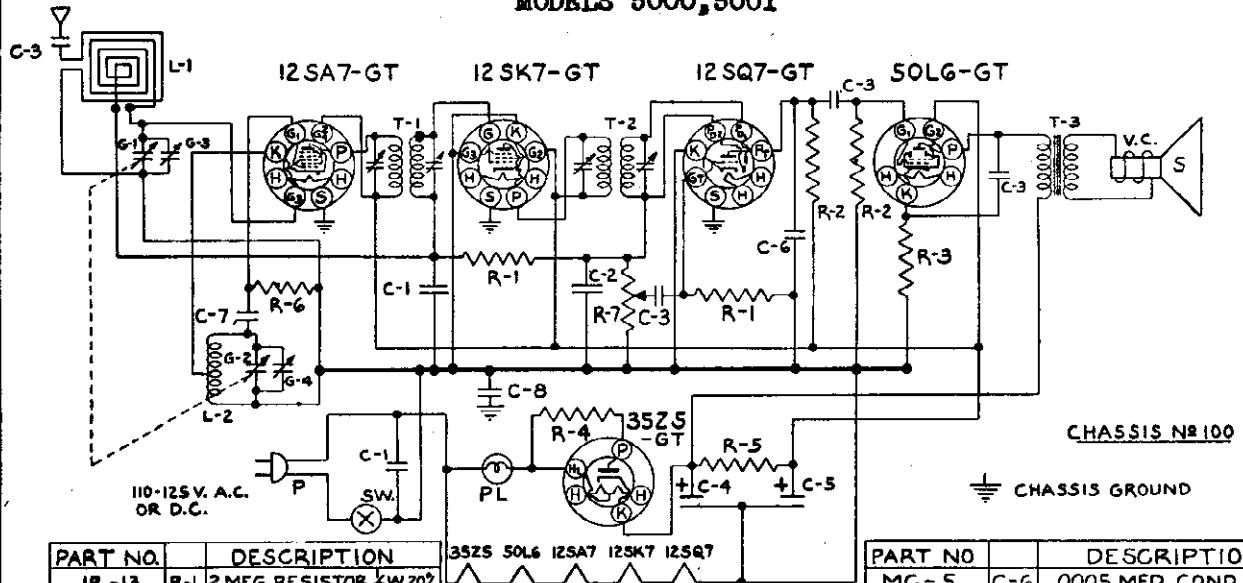
Voltage Chart

Tube	Pin #1	Pin #2	Pin #3	Pin #4	Pin #4	Pin #4	Pin #6	Pin #7	Pin #8
12SA7	0	25V - AC	90V - DC	90V - DC	16.5V - DC	0	0	12.5V - AC	0
12SK7	0	33V - AC	0	0	0	0	90V - DC	25V - AC	90V - DC
12SQ7	0	1V - DC	0	0	3V - DC	0	60V - DC	12.6V - AC	0
50L6	0	85V - AC	115V - DC	90V - DC	0	0	0	34V - AC	5.2V - DC
35Z5	0	117V - AC	110V - AC	120V - DC	110V - DC	0	0	85V - AC	120V - DC

TRAVLER RADIO CORP.

MODELS 5000, 5001
Chassis 100
MODEL 5002, Ch. 102

MODELS 5000, 5001



CHASSIS No 100

CHASSIS GROUND

PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
IR-13	R-1 2 MEG. RESISTOR 1/2 W 20%
IR-11	R-2 470M ^Ω " " "
IR-14	R-3 150 ^Ω " " "
IR-4	R-4 47 ^Ω " " "
IR-15	R-5 2200 ^Ω " " "
IR-16	R-6 33000 ^Ω " " "
VC-3	R-7 1 MEG. VOLUME CONTROL
GC-2	G-1 GANG COND.
	G-2 ANT. TRIMMER COND.
TC-7	G-3 OSC. TRIMMER COND.
TC-6	G-4 OSC. TRIMMER COND.
PC-5	C-1 .05 MFD. COND. 400 V.
MC-2	C-2 .0001 MFD. MICA 20%
PC-7	C-3 .01 MFD. COND. 400 V.
EC-3	C-4 40 MFD. 150 V.
	C-5 20 MFD. ELECTROLYTIC

35Z5 50L6 12SA7 12SK7 12SQ7

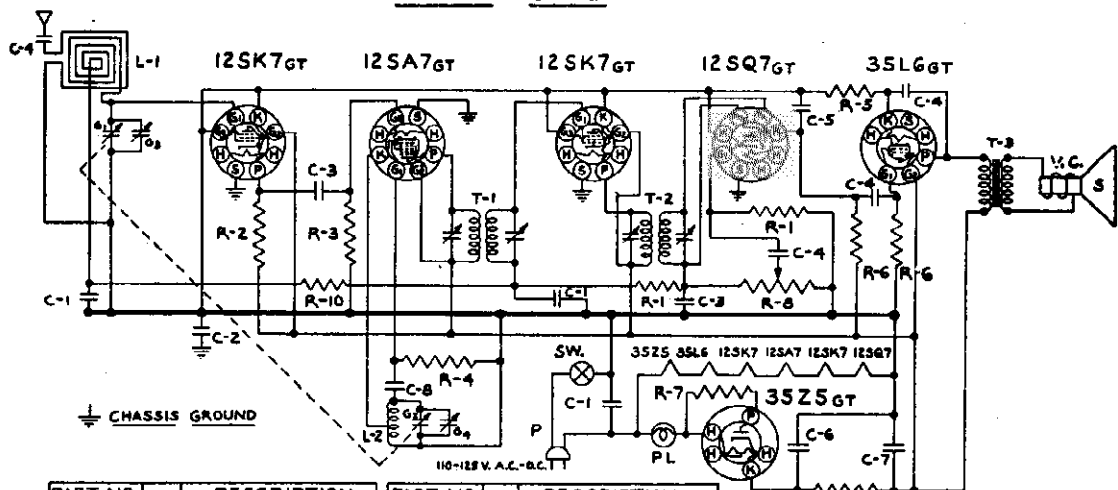
IF PEAK 455 KC

DATE 11-30-45 DR. APPROVED

SD-1

PART NO	DESCRIPTION
MC-5	C-6 .0005 MFD. COND. 20%
MC-4	C-7 .000056 MFD. MICA 20%
PC-9	C-8 .1 MFD COND. 400 V.
LL-1	L-1 LOOP ANTENNA
LO-2	L-2 OSC. COIL
LI-1	T-1 INPUT I.F. TRANSFORMER
LI-2	T-2 OUTPUT I.F. TRANSFORMER
	T-3 OUTPUT SPK. TRANSFORMER
SPK-4	V.C. VOICE COIL
	S P.M. SPEAKER
PB-1	PL #47 PILOT BULB
CO-1	SW A.C. SWITCH ON VOL. CONTROL
TU-3	P LINE CORD
	12SA7 GT 12SK7 GT 12SQ7 GT
	50L6 GT 35Z5 GT

MODEL- 5002



CHASSIS GROUND

110-125 V. A.C. - D.C. TT

CHASSIS No 102

PART NO	DESCRIPTION
IR-13	R-1 2 MEG. RESISTOR 1/2 W 20%
IR-7	R-2 2200 ^Ω " " "
IR-10	R-3 47000 ^Ω " " "
IR-16	R-4 33,000 ^Ω " " "
IR-5	R-5 220 ^Ω " " "
IR-11	R-6 470 M ^Ω " " "
IR-4	R-7 47 ^Ω " " "
VC-3	R-8 1 MEG VOLUME CONTROL
IR-13	R-9 2200 ^Ω RESISTOR 1/2 W 20%
IR-12	R-10 1 MEG. " " "
PC-5	C-1 .05 MFD. COND. 400 V.
PC-8	C-2 .1 MFD. COND. 400 V.
MC-2	C-3 .0001 MFD. MICA 20%
PC-7	C-4 .01 MFD. COND. 400 V.
MC-5	C-5 .0005 MFD. MICA 20%
EC-3	C-6 40 MFD. 150 V. ELECTROLYTIC
	C-7 20 MFD.

PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
MC-4	C-8 .000056 MFD. MICA 20%
LL-1	L-1 LOOP ANTENNA
LO-2	L-2 OSC. COIL
LI-1	T-1 INPUT I.F. TRANSFORMER
LI-2	T-2 OUTPUT I.F. " "
	T-3 OUTPUT SPK. " "
SPK-4	V.C. VOICE COIL
	S P.M. SPEAKER
PB-1	PL #47 PILOT BULB
GC-2	G-1 GANG COND.
TC-7	G-2 ANT. TRIMMER COND.
TC-6	G-3 OSC. TRIMMER COND.
CO-1	P LINE CORD
TU-4	12SK7GT 12SA7GT 12SK7GT
	12SQ7GT 35L6GT 35Z5GT

DATE: 12-1-45 DR. APPROVED

SD-5

IF PEAK 455 KC

MODELS 5000, 5001
MODEL 5002

TRAVLER RADIO CORP.

ALIGNMENT AND SERVICE DATA

Remove chassis from cabinet for alignment.

A Signal Generator is required having the following frequencies: 455 KC, 1400 KC, 1720 KC. An output meter should be connected across the speaker.

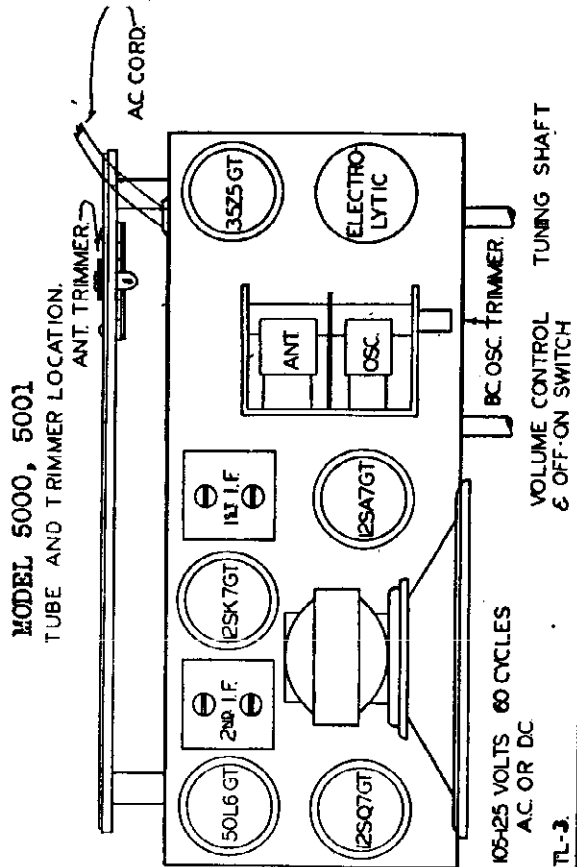
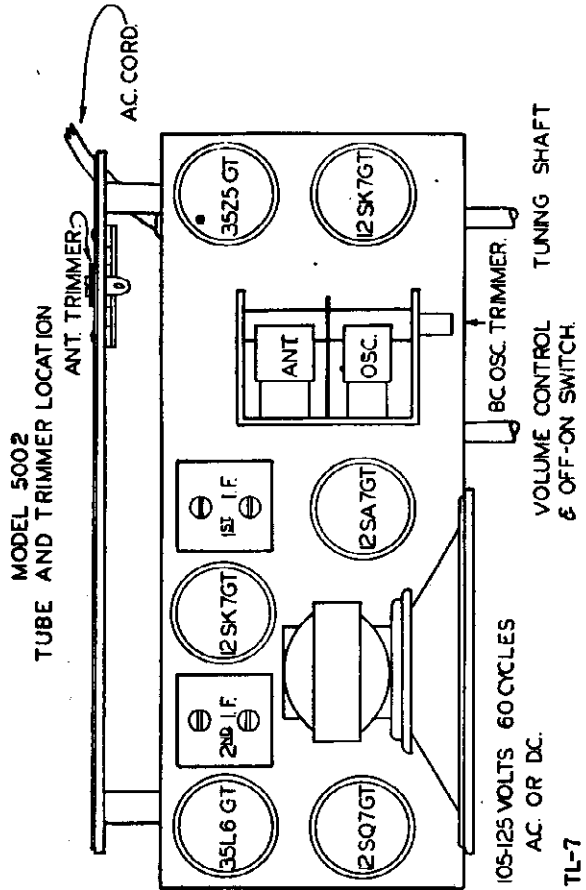
FIRST STEP: Connect the hot lead from the generator to the ANT. section of the gang condenser, through a .1 MFD condenser. The ground lead from the generator must be connected to the metal frame of the gang condenser. Turn the gang condenser to complete minimum capacity. Adjust the generator to 455KC and adjust the trimmers of the 1st and 2nd I.F. transformers until a maximum reading is noted on the output meter.

SECOND STEP: With the leads from the generator still connected in the same manner, adjust the Signal Generator to 1720 KC. The OSC. trimmer is located on the front of the chassis between the volume and tuning controls. Adjust this trimmer until the 1720 KC signal is tuned in.

THIRD STEP: Remove the hot lead of the generator from the ANT section of the gang condenser. Connect this lead to the antenna lead wire that projects from the back of the loop antenna

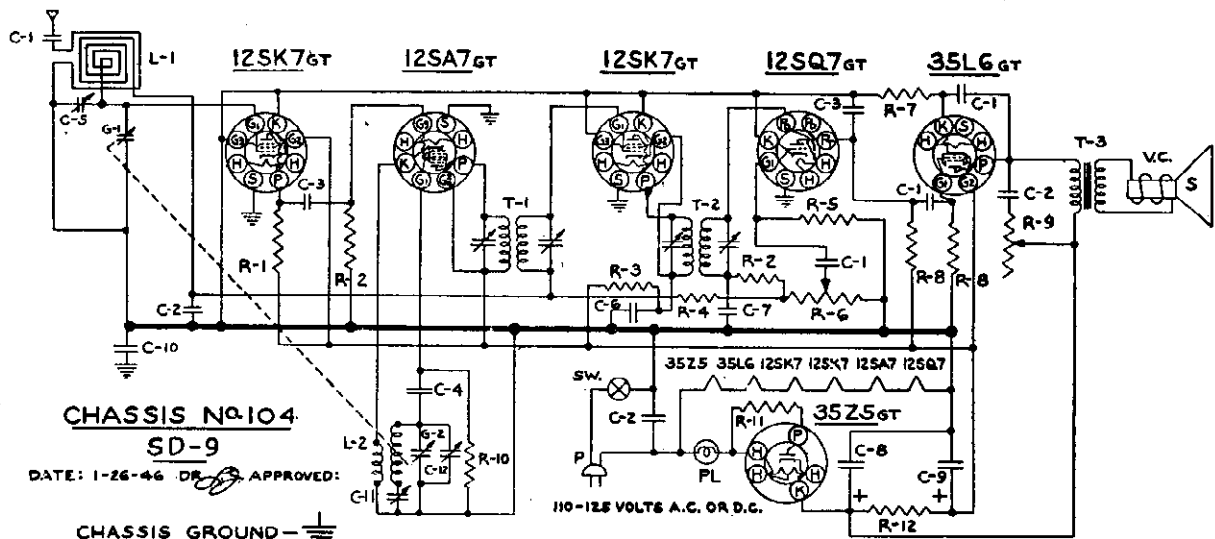
through a 200 MMFD condenser. Adjust the Signal Generator to 1400 KC. Rotate the tuning control until this signal is tuned in. The ANT trimmer is located on the back of the loop antenna. Adjust this trimmer until a maximum reading is noted on the output meter. No further adjustment should be necessary, unless the set has been damaged, as the coils and condenser in this receiver have been specially handled at the factory to insure proper alignment at the lower frequencies.

MODELS 5000, 5001, 5002

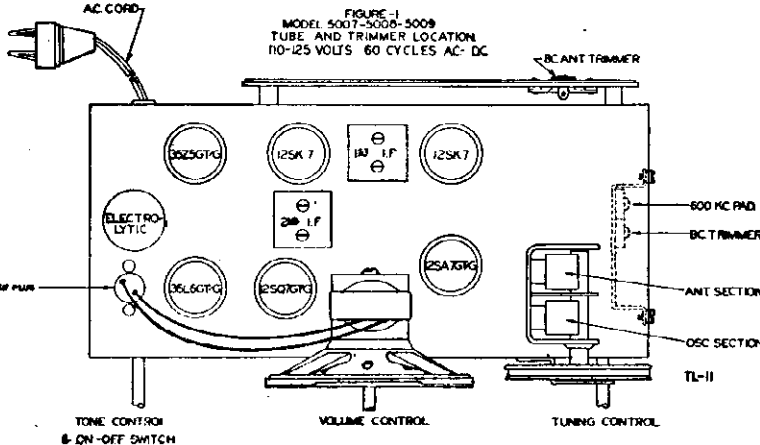


TRAVLER RADIO CORP.

MODELS 5007, 5008
5009, Chassis 104



CHASSIS No. 104
SD-9
DATE: 1-26-46 DR. APPROVED:
CHASSIS GROUND



PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
IR-22	R-1 3900 Ω RESISTOR 1/2 W-10%
IR-10	R-2 47M Ω RESISTOR 1/2 W-20%
IR-24	R-3 1000 Ω RESISTOR 1/2 W-20%
IR-23	R-4 3.9 MEG. RESISTOR 1/2 W-20%
IR-13	R-5 2 MEG. RESISTOR 1/2 W-20%
VC-3	R-6 1 MEG. VOLUME CONTROL
IR-5	R-7 220 Ω RESISTOR 1/2 W-10%
IR-11	R-8 470M Ω RESISTOR 1/2 W-20%
VC-1	R-9 25M Ω TONE CONTROL & SW.
IR-9	R-10 22M Ω RESISTOR 1/2 W-20%
IR-17	R-11 39 Ω RESISTOR 1/2 W-20%
IR-25	R-12 2000 Ω RESISTOR 1 W-10%
PC-7	C-1 .01 MFD. COND. 400 V.
PC-5	C-2 .05 MFD. COND. 400 V.
MC-3	C-3 .00022 MFD. MICA COND.
MC-4	C-4 .00056 MFD. MICA COND.
TC-7	C-5 LOOP ANTENNA TRIMMER
PC-8	C-6 .1 MFD. COND. 400 V.
MC-2	C-7 .0001 MFD. COND. 400 V.
EC-3	C-8 40 MFD. 110V. ELECTROLYTIC
PC-9	C-9 20 MFD. 110V. ELECTROLYTIC
PC-9	C-10 25 MFD. COND. 400 V.
GC-1	G-1 GANG CONDENSER
GC-2	G-2 GANG CONDENSER
TC-5	C-11 OSC. PADDING COND.
LL-2	C-12 OSC. TRIMMER COND.
LD-3	L-1 LOOP ANTENNA
LI-1	L-2 OSC. COIL
LI-2	T-1 INPUT I.F. TRANSFORMER
	T-2 OUTPUT I.F. TRANSFORMER
SPK-4	T-3 OUTPUT SPEAKER TRANS.
VC	VC VOICE COIL
S	S P.M. SPEAKER
PL	PL PILOT BULB #47
CO-1	P LINE CORD
TU-4	12SK7GT 12SA7GT 12SK7GT 12SQ7GT 35L6GT 35Z5GT

Remove the chassis from the cabinet for alignment.
A signal generator is required, having the following frequencies: 455 KC, 1400 KC, 1730 KC. An output meter should be connected across the speaker.

I. F. ALIGNMENT: — Connect the generator lead through a .1 MFD Condenser to the terminal lug on the "Antenna" section of the gang condenser. The ground lead from the generator should be connected to the gang frame. Set the generator at 455 KC. Adjust the trimmer screws in the 1st and 2nd I. F. cans (See Fig. 1) until a maximum reading is noted on the output meter.

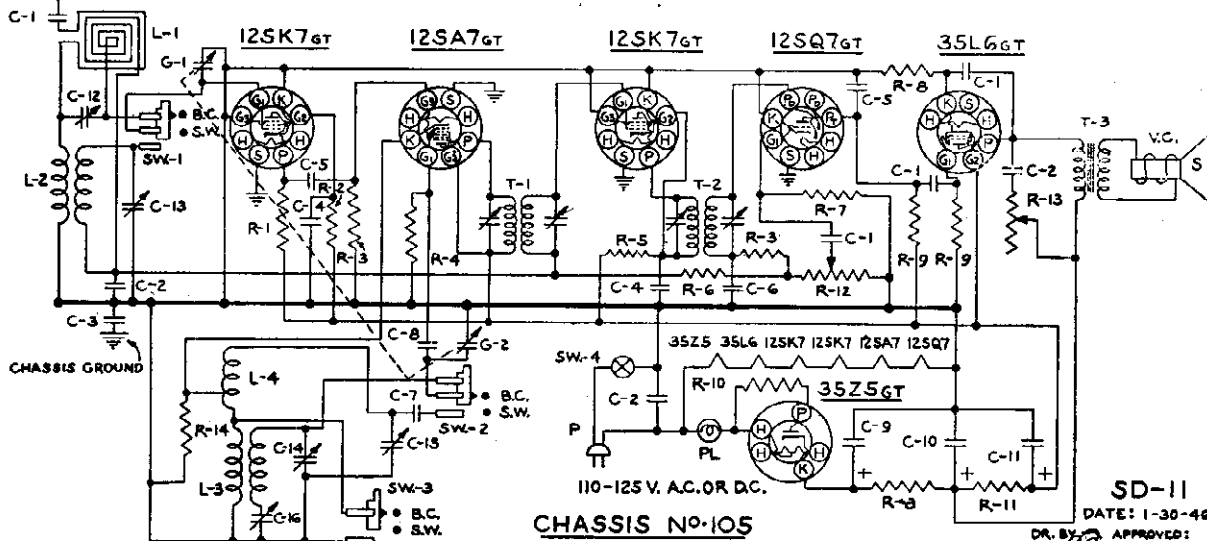
The receiver volume control should be turned to maximum during the I. F. and all subsequent alignments, to keep the AVC from working and giving false readings. Keep the generator output as low as possible to prevent overloading.

BC. OR BROADCAST ALIGNMENT: — With the generator leads still connected as in I. F. Alignment, rotate the tuning condenser to complete minimum capacity. Set the generator to 1730 KC. Adjust the BC. oscillator trimmer until the signal is tuned in. Next remove the hot-lead of the generator from the "Ant" section of the gang condenser. Connect this lead to the antenna lead wire that projects from the back of the loop antenna through a 200 MMFD condenser. Set the generator to 1400 KC and rotate the tuning condenser until the signal is tuned in. Adjust the BC. antenna trimmer until a maximum reading is noted on the output meter. Set the generator to 600 KC and turn the tuning control until the signal is tuned in. Rock the tuning control back and forth slowly and at the same time adjust the 600 KC pad, slowly to the right or left until a maximum reading is noted on the output meter. It is advisable to return to the 1730 KC adjustment and re-check that setting to make sure it has not changed while padding at 600 KC.

MODELS 5010, 5011, 5012

Chassis 105

TRAVLER RADIO CORP.



Remove the chassis from the cabinet for alignment.

A signal generator is required, having the following frequencies: 455 KC, 1400 KC, 1730 KC, 6 MC, 16 MC, and 18.3 MC. An output meter should be connected across the speaker.

I. F. ALIGNMENT: — Connect the generator lead through a .1 MFD Condenser to the terminal lug on the "Antenna" section of the gang condenser. The ground lead from the generator should be connected to the gang frame. Set the generator at 455 KC. Adjust the trimmer screws in the 1st and 2nd I. F. cans (See Fig. 1) until a maximum reading is noted on the output meter.

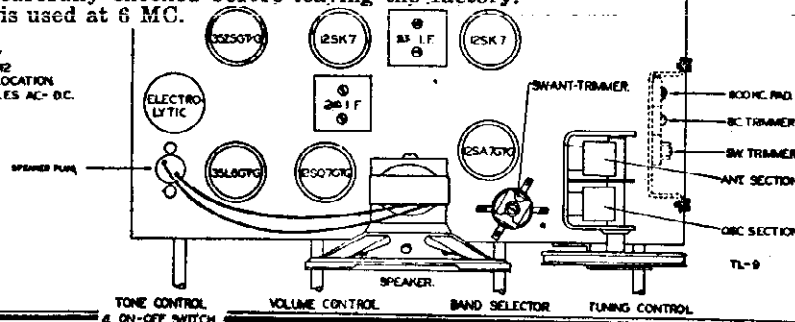
The receiver volume control should be turned to maximum during the I. F. and all subsequent alignments, to keep the AVC from working and giving false readings. Keep the generator output as low as possible to prevent overloading.

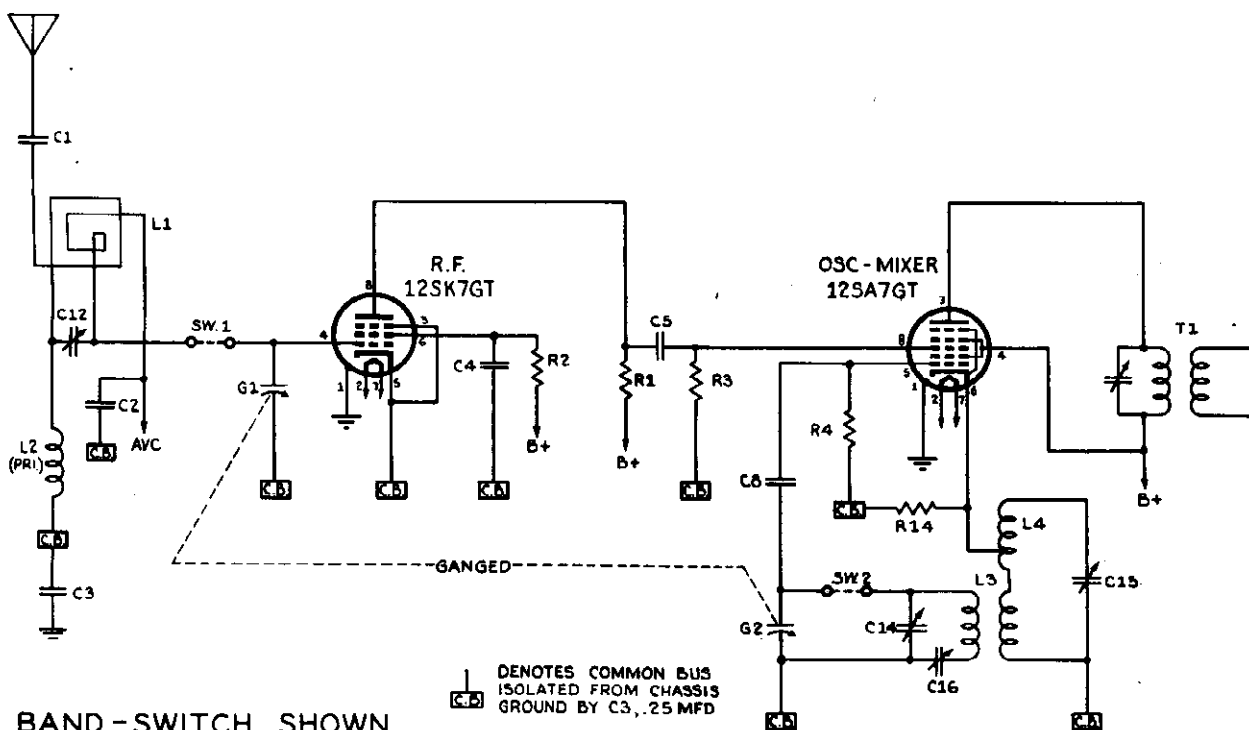
BC. OR BROADCAST ALIGNMENT: — With the generator leads still connected as in I. F. Alignment, rotate the tuning condenser to complete minimum capacity. Set the generator to 1730 KC. Adjust the BC. oscillator trimmer until the signal is tuned in. Next remove the hot lead of the generator from the "Ant" section of the gang condenser. Connect this lead to the antenna lead wire that projects from the back of the loop antenna through a 200 MMFD condenser. Set the generator to 1400 KC and rotate the tuning condenser until the signal is tuned in. Adjust the BC. antenna trimmer until a maximum reading is noted on the output meter. Set the generator to 600 KC and turn the tuning control until the signal is tuned in. Rock the tuning control back and forth slowly and at the same time adjust the 600 KC pad, slowly to the right or left until a maximum reading is noted on the output meter. It is advisable to return to the 1730 KC adjustment and re-check that setting to make sure it has not changed while padding at 600 KC.

S. W. OR SHORT WAVE ALIGNMENT: — Set the generator at 18.3 MC. Turn the receiver band switch to short band position. Turn the tuning condenser to complete minimum capacity. The generator leads should be connected to the antenna lead wire that projects from the back of the loop antenna through a 400 Ohm resistor. Adjust the S. W. oscillator trimmer slowly until the 18.3 MC signal is tuned in. At this point, it will be well to make sure that the fundamental signal is turned in. Turn up the generator output and tune the receiver to approximately 17.3 MC. At this point the 18.3 MC signal will be heard again but much weaker. This is the image frequency. If the image is not heard, then turn the tuning condenser back to complete minimum and readjust the S. W. oscillator trimmer. Remember, the image must always be heard (at 2 times the I. F. frequency in KC) lower the frequency than the fundamental signal. After the oscillator has been properly set, tune the signal generator to 16 MC and rotate the tuning control until the signal is tuned in. Adjust the S.W. antenna trimmer until a maximum reading is noted on the output meter. It is advisable to rock the gang slowly while adjusting the antenna trimmer. Set the generator to 6 MC and tune the signal in on the receiver. Check the alignment at this frequency. No adjustment should be necessary as the coils have been carefully checked before leaving the factory. A fixed oscillator padding condenser is used at 6 MC.

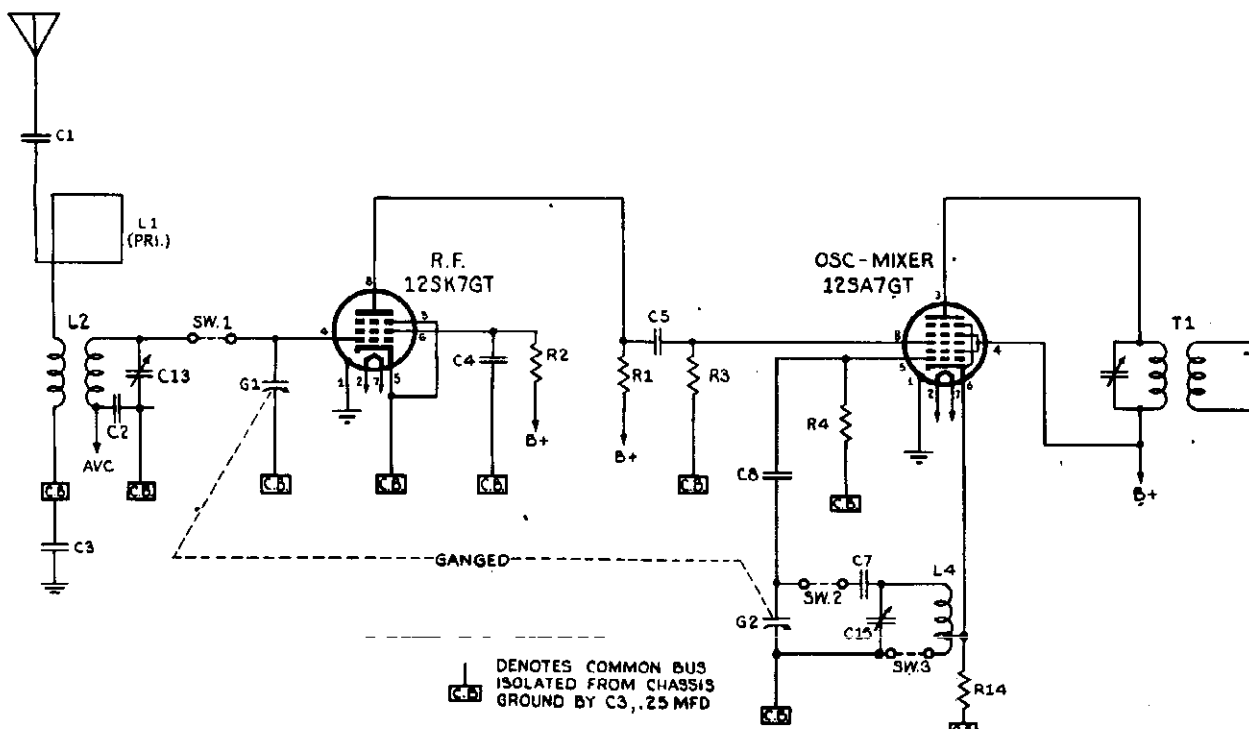
PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
IR-22	3900Ω-RESISTOR 1/2 W. 10%
IR-8	22000Ω-RESISTOR 1/2 W. 10%
IR-10	42000Ω-RESISTOR 1/2 W. 20%
IR-9	22000Ω-RESISTOR 1/2 W. 20%
IR-24	1000Ω-RESISTOR 1/2 W. 20%
IR-23	3.9 MEG. RESISTOR 1/2 W. 20%
IR-13	2 MEG. RESISTOR 1/2 W. 20%
IR-5	220Ω-RESISTOR 1/2 W. 10%
IR-11	R-9
IR-17	470000Ω-RESISTOR 1/2 W. 20%
IR-21	39Ω-RESISTOR 1/2 W. 10%
VC-3	R-12
VC-1	R-13
IR-6	470Ω-RESISTOR 1/2 W. 10%
PC-7	C-1
PC-5	.05MFD. CONDENSER 400V.
PC-9	C-3
PC-8	C-4
MC-3	C-5
MC-2	C-6
MC-1	C-7
MC-4	C-8
EC-4	C-9
TC-7	C-10
TC-8	C-11
TC-1	C-12
GC-1	C-13
SW-1	C-14
SW-2	C-15
SW-3	C-16
SW-4	G-1
LI-1	G-2
LI-2	SW-1
SPK-4	SW-2
PB-1	SW-3
CO-1	SW-4
LL-2	T-1
LA-2	T-2
LO-3	T-3
LO-4	VC-1
TU-4	S
	PL
	P
	L-1
	L-2
	L-3
	L-4

MODEL 500-501-502
TUBE AND TRIMMER LOCATION
110-125 VOLTS 60 CYCLES AC-DC.





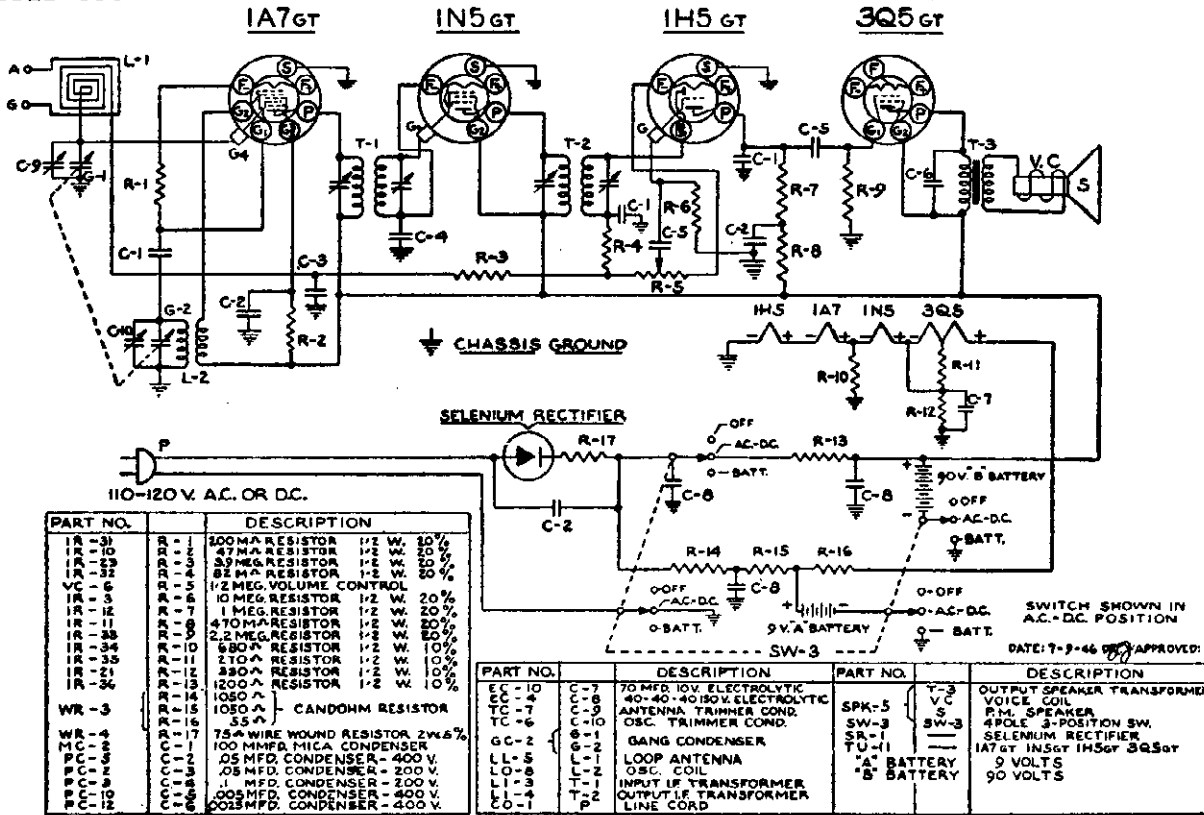
BAND-SWITCH SHOWN AT 1ST POSITION. BROADCAST BAND



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN AT 2ND POSITION CLOCKWISE. SHORT WAVE BAND

MODEL 5020
Chassis 800

TRAV-LER RADIO CORP.



Remove chassis from cabinet for alignment.

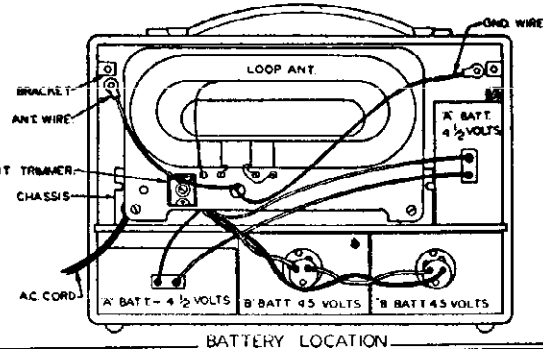
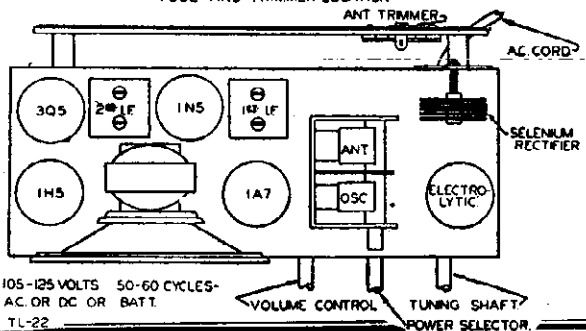
A Signal Generator is required having the following frequencies: 455 KC, 1400 KC, 1720 KC. An output meter should be connected across the speaker.

FIRST STEP: Connect the hot lead from the generator to the ANT. section of the gang condenser, through a .1 MFD condenser. The ground lead from the generator must be connected to the metal frame of the gang condenser. Turn the gang condenser to complete minimum capacity. Adjust the generator to 455KC and adjust the trimmers of the 1st and 2nd I.F. transformers until a maximum reading is noted on the output meter.

SECOND STEP: With the leads from the generator still connected in the same manner, adjust the Signal Generator to 1720 KC. The OSC. trimmer is located on the top of the oscillator section of the gang condenser. Adjust this trimmer until the 1720 KC signal is tuned in.

THIRD STEP: Remove the hot lead of the generator from the ANT section of the gang condenser. Connect this lead to the antenna lead wire that projects from the back of the loop antenna through a 200 MMFD condenser. Adjust the Signal Generator to 1400 KC. Rotate the tuning control until this signal is tuned in. The ANT trimmer is located on the back of the loop antenna. Adjust this trimmer until a maximum reading is noted on the output meter. No further adjustment should be necessary, unless the set has been damaged, as the coils and condenser in this receiver have been specially handled at the factory to insure proper alignment at the lower frequencies.

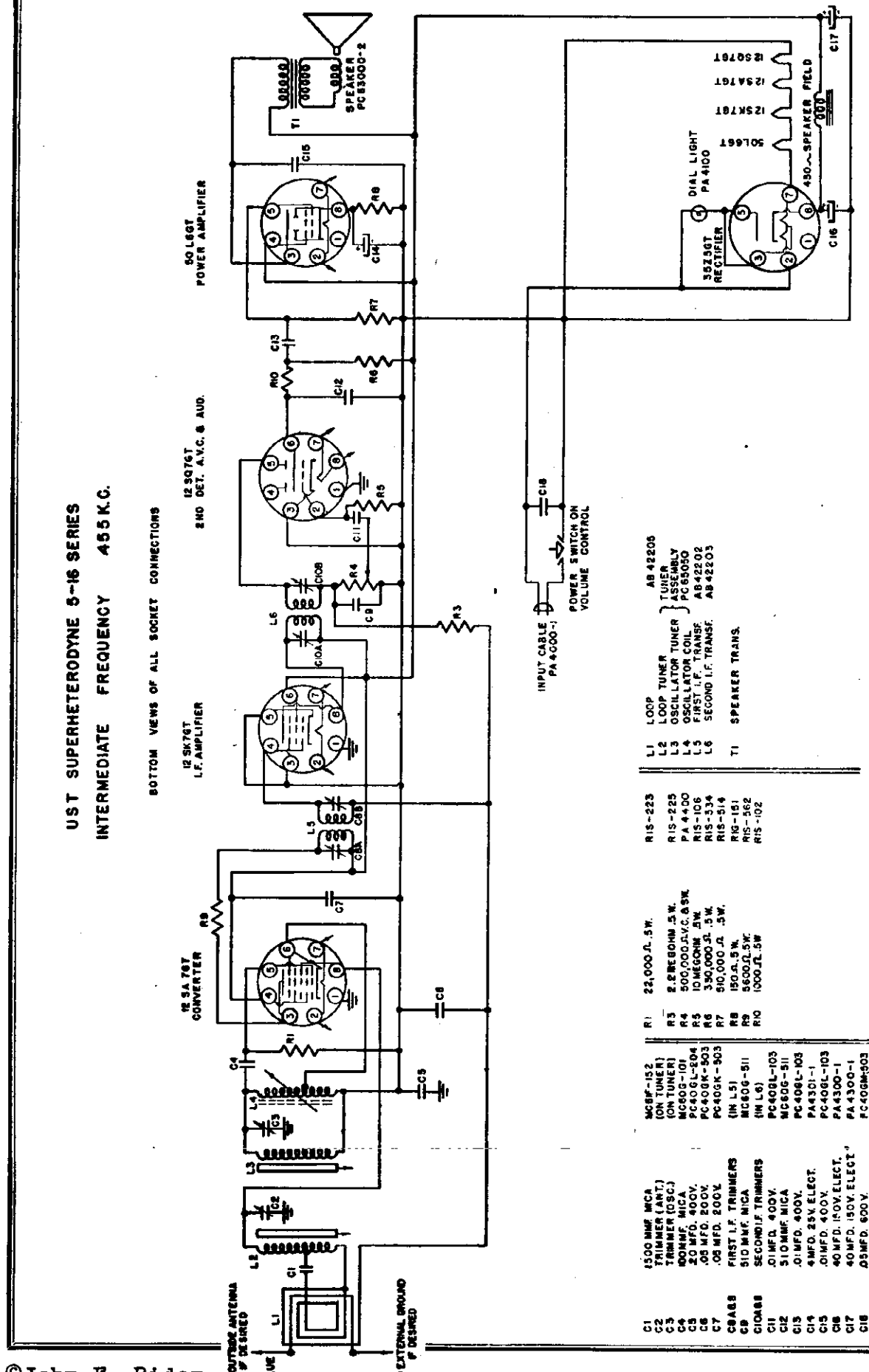
TUBE AND TRIMMER LOCATION



U. S. TELEV. MFG. CORP.

UST SUPERHETERODYNE 5-16 SERIES
INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY 455 K.C.

BOTTOM VIEWS OF ALL SOCKET CONNECTIONS



© John F. D. 4. 1946

- C1 4500 MFD. MICA
 - C2 TRIMMER (ART.)
 - C3 TRIMMER (OSC.)
 - C4 20 MFD. 400V.
 - C5 .05 MFD. 200V.
 - C6 .05 MFD. 200V.
 - C7 .05 MFD. 200V.
 - C8 40 MFD. 150V. ELECT.
 - C9 40 MFD. 150V. ELECT.
 - C10 40 MFD. 150V. ELECT.
 - C11 .05 MFD. 600V.
 - C12 .05 MFD. 600V.
 - C13 .05 MFD. 400V.
 - C14 .05 MFD. 25V. ELECT.
 - C15 .05 MFD. 400V.
 - C16 40 MFD. 150V. ELECT.
 - C17 40 MFD. 150V. ELECT.
 - C18 .05 MFD. 600V.
- R1 22,000 Ω .5W.
 - R2 2.2 MEGOHM .5W.
 - R3 500,000 Ω V.C. & SW.
 - R4 10 MEGOHM .5W.
 - R5 10 MEGOHM .5W.
 - R6 350,000 Ω .5W.
 - R7 910,000 Ω .5W.
 - R8 150 Ω .5W.
 - R9 5600 Ω .5W.
 - R10 1000 Ω .5W.
- L1 4500 MFD. MICA
 - L2 TRIMMER (ART.)
 - L3 TRIMMER (OSC.)
 - L4 20 MFD. 400V.
 - L5 .05 MFD. 200V.
 - L6 .05 MFD. 200V.
 - L7 .05 MFD. 200V.
 - L8 40 MFD. 150V. ELECT.
 - L9 40 MFD. 150V. ELECT.
 - L10 40 MFD. 150V. ELECT.
 - L11 .05 MFD. 600V.
 - L12 .05 MFD. 600V.
 - L13 .05 MFD. 400V.
 - L14 .05 MFD. 25V. ELECT.
 - L15 .05 MFD. 400V.
 - L16 40 MFD. 150V. ELECT.
 - L17 40 MFD. 150V. ELECT.
 - L18 .05 MFD. 600V.
- MCBF-152 (ON TUNER)
 - MC60G-101 (ON TUNER)
 - PC406L-804
 - PC406K-503
 - PC406K-903
 - IM L51
 - MC60G-811 (IM L6)
 - PC406L-103
 - MC60G-511
 - PC406L-103
 - PC406L-103
 - PA4301-1
 - PC406L-103
 - PA4300-1
 - PA4300-1
 - FC406M-503
- RIS-223
 - RIS-225
 - PA 4400
 - RIS-106
 - RIS-534
 - RIS-514
 - RIS-151
 - RIS-152
 - RIS-102
- L1 LOOP TUNER
 - L2 LOOP TUNER
 - L3 OSCILLATOR TUNER
 - L4 OSCILLATOR COIL
 - L5 FIRST I.F. TRANSF.
 - L6 SECOND I.F. TRANSF.
 - T1 SPEAKER TRANS.
- AB 42206
 - TUNER ASSEMBLY
 - PC65050
 - AB 42202
 - AB 42205

(ORIGINAL) EFFECTIVE APRIL 22, 1946

UST SUPERHETERODYNE 5-16 SERIES

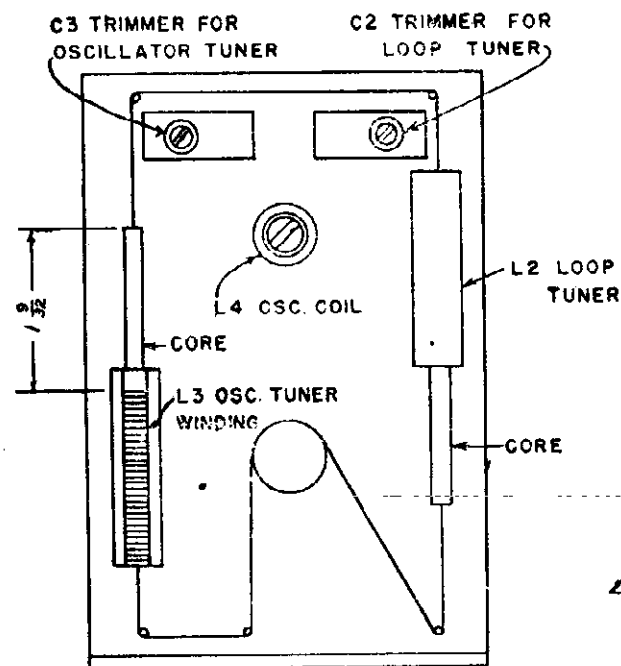
VOLTAGE CHART

LINE VOLTAGE: 117 VOLTS AC		VOLUME CONTROL ON FULL WITH NO SIGNAL							
TUBE	FUNCTION	Voltage of Each Socket Prong to Switch on Volume Control							
		No. 1	No. 2	No. 3	No. 4	No. 5	No. 6	No. 7	No. 8
12SA7GT	Converter	0	24*	82	92	-4.5	0	12*	-6
12SK7GT	I. F. Amp.	0	36*	0	-5	0	92	24*	91
12SQ7GT	2nd Det. - AVC - AF	0	-7	0	0	0	62	12*	0
50L6LGT	Power Amp.	0	36*	86	92	0	-	86*	5.3
35Z5GT	Rectifier	0	117*	112*	-	112*	-	86*	123

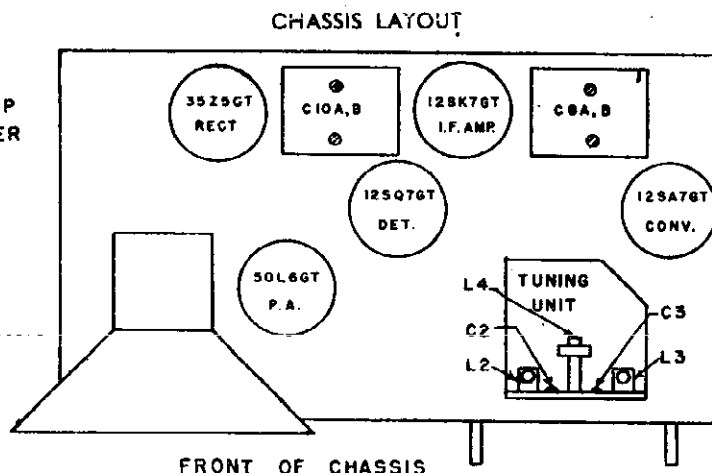
Voltage readings are for schematic diagram shown on back of sheet. Allow 15%+ or - on all measurements. Measurements were made with Weston Model 772 Analyzer.
* AC volts.

ALIGNMENT CHART FOR 5-16 SERIES

OPERATION	ALIGNMENT OF	GENERATOR CONNECTED TO	DUMMY ANTENNA	GENERATOR FREQUENCY	TUNER SETTING	TRIMMER	REMARKS
1	I.F.	Converter Pin No. 5	.01 mfd.	455 KC	High Freq. End	C10 A&B C 8 A&B	2nd I.F. 1st I.F.
2	Osc. Tuner Cores	When tuner is against stop at high frequency end, the end of core should be 1-9/32" away from end of winding L3, oscillator tuner					
3	Pointer	Set pointer to coincide with the first horizontal line below 160 on dial					
4	Trimmers	Blue Ant. Lead	200 mmf.	1400 KC	1400 KC	C3 Osc. Tuner Trim. C2 Loop Tuner Trim.	Peak at max. Peak at max.
5	Oscillator	Blue Ant. Lead	200 mmf.	600 KC	Rock Tuner Control	Adjust Iron Core in L4 Osc. Coil	Use short non-metallic screw driver to fit slot of core from back of tuner
6	Repeat operations 4 and 5						
7	Check operations 1 to 6 inclusive						



BACK VIEW OF TUNING UNIT



FRONT OF CHASSIS

U. S. TELEV. MFG. CORP.

MODEL 5-4
Series

SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM

UST SUPERHETERODYNE 5-46 SERIES
INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY 455K.C.

BOTTOM VIEWS OF ALL SOCKET CONNECTIONS

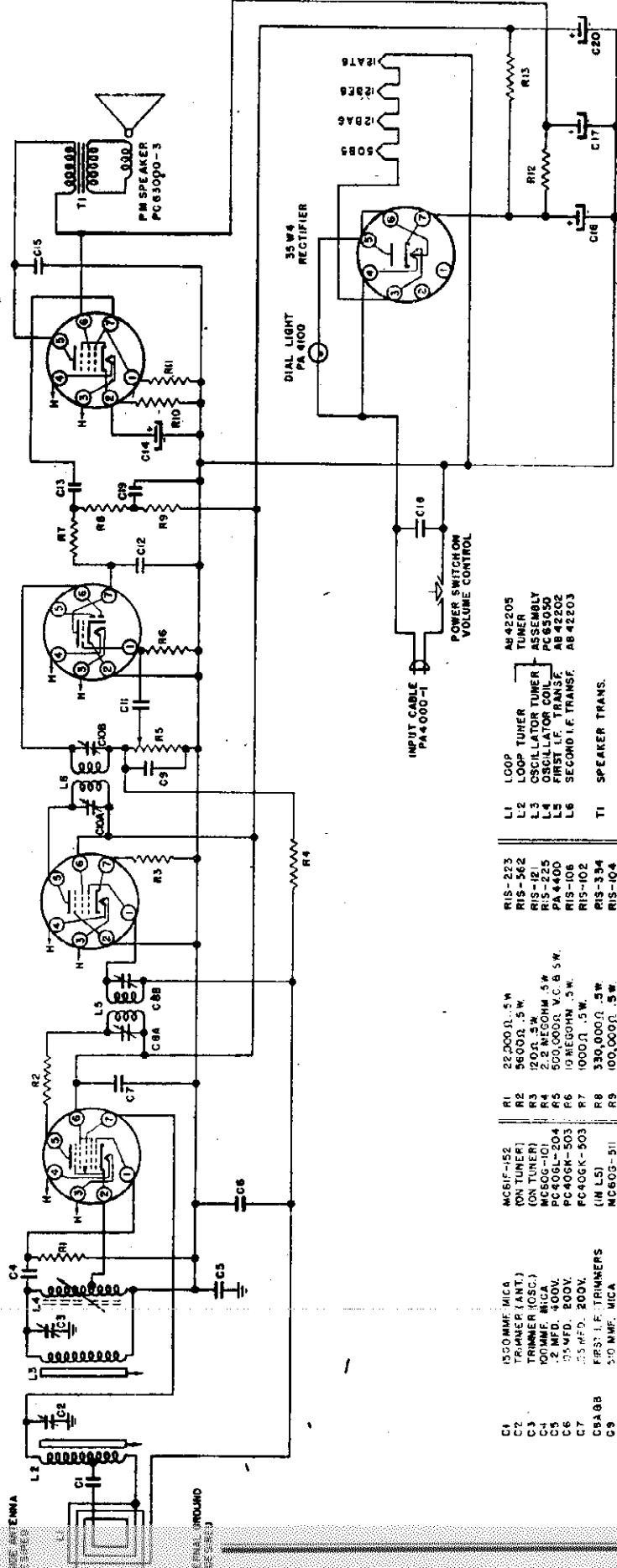
12BA6
I.F. AMPLIFIER

6X4
POWER AMPLIFIER

6X4
POWER AMPLIFIER

6X4
POWER AMPLIFIER

6X4
POWER AMPLIFIER



- L1 LOOP TUNER AB 42205
- L2 LOOP TUNER TUNER
- L3 OSCILLATOR COIL PC 55042
- L4 OSCILLATOR COIL PC 55042
- L5 FIRST I.F. TRANSF. AB 42202
- L6 SECOND I.F. TRANSF. AB 42203
- T1 SPEAKER TRANS.

- RIS-223
- RIS-362
- RIS-225
- PA 4400
- RIS-106
- RIS-102
- RIS-394
- RIS-104
- RIS-101
- RIS-514
- RES-391
- RES-222

- R1 22,000 Ω .5W
- R2 56,000 Ω .5W
- R3 22,000 Ω .5W
- R4 2.2 MEGOHM .5W
- R5 500,000 Ω .5W
- R6 10 MEGOHM .5W
- R7 1000 Ω .5W
- R8 330,000 Ω .5W
- R9 100,000 Ω .5W
- R10 150 Ω .5W
- R11 510 Ω .5W
- R12 500 Ω 1/4 W.
- R13 2200 Ω 1/4 W.

- MC61F-152 (ON TUNER)
- MC61F-151 (ON TUNER)
- MC60G-101
- PC 406L-204
- PC 406K-503
- PC 406K-503
- MC60G-511
- MC60G-511
- PC 406L-103
- MC 60G-511
- PC 406L-103
- PC 406L-103
- PC 4300-1
- PC 406L-103
- PC 406M-503
- PC 406K-503
- PC 4300-5

- C1 150MMF MICA TRIMMER (ANT)
- C2 100MMF MICA TRIMMER (OSC)
- C3 100MMF MICA TRIMMER
- C4 .2 MFD. 400V.
- C5 .05 MFD. 200V.
- C6 .05 MFD. 200V.
- C7 .05 MFD. 200V.
- C8 5/10 MFD. MICA TRIMMERS
- C9 5/10 MFD. MICA TRIMMERS
- C10 40MFD. 400V.
- C11 5/10 MFD. MICA TRIMMER
- C12 20MFD. 400V.
- C13 40MFD. 400V.
- C14 40MFD. 150V. ELECT.
- C15 40MFD. 150V. ELECT.
- C16 .05MFD. 200V.
- C17 .05MFD. 200V.
- C18 .05MFD. 200V.
- C19 .05MFD. 200V.
- C20 10MFD. 150V. ELECT.

SEPT. 5, 1945

MODEL 5-46
Series

U. S. TELEV. MFG. CORP.

UST SUPERHETERODYNE 5-46 SERIES

VOLTAGE CHART

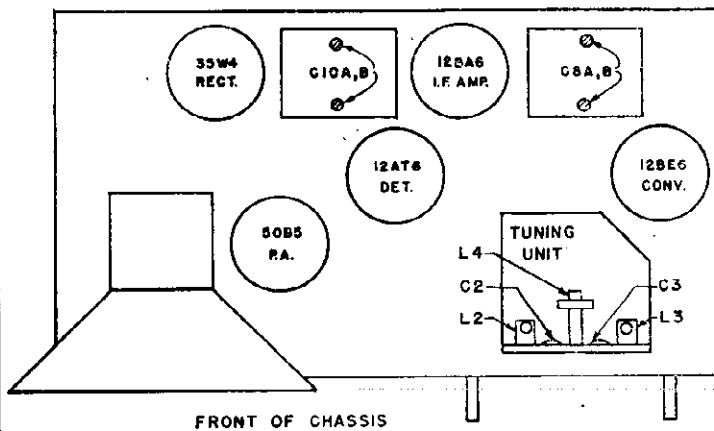
TUBE	FUNCTION	Voltage of Each Socket Prong to Switch on Volume Control						
		No. 1	No. 2	No. 3	No. 4	No. 5	No. 6	No. 7
12BE6	Converter	-6.7	0	12.5*	24.3*	69	77	0
12BA6	I. F. Amp.	0	0	24.3*	36 *	75	75	1.1
12AT6	2nd Det. - AVC - AF	-6.5	0	12.5*	0	—	-4	34
50B5	Power Amp.	0	6.2	36 *	85 *	92	95	0
35W4	Rectifier	—	—	85 *	117*	112*	112*	113

Voltage readings are for schematic diagram shown on back of sheet. Allow 15%+ or - on all measurements. Measurements were made with Simpson Model 260 Meter.
* AC volts.

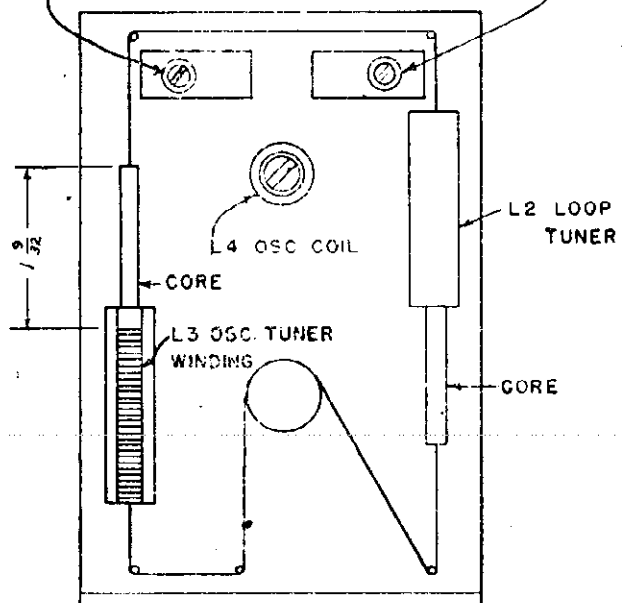
ALIGNMENT CHART FOR 5-46 SERIES

OPERATION	ALIGNMENT OF	GENERATOR CONNECTED TO	DUMMY ANTENNA	GENERATOR FREQUENCY	TUNER SETTING	TRIMMER	REMARKS
1	I.F.	Converter Pin No. 7	.01 mfd.	455 KC	High Freq. End	C10 A&B C 8 A&B	2nd I.F. 1st I.F.
2	Osc. Tuner Core	When tuner is against stop at high frequency end, the end of core should be 1-9/32" away from end of winding L3, oscillator tuner					
3	Pointer	Set pointer to coincide with the first horizontal line below 160 on dial					
4	Trimmers	Blue Ant. Lead	200 mmf.	1400 KC	1400 KC	C3 Osc. Tuner Trim. C2 Loop Tuner Trim.	Peak at max. Peak at max.
5	Oscillator	Blue Ant. Lead	200 mmf.	600 KC	Rock Tuner Control	Adjust Iron Core in L4 Osc. Coil	Use short non-metallic screw driver to fit slot of core from back of tuner
6	Repeat operations 4 and 5						
7	Check operations 1 to 6 inclusive						

CHASSIS LAYOUT

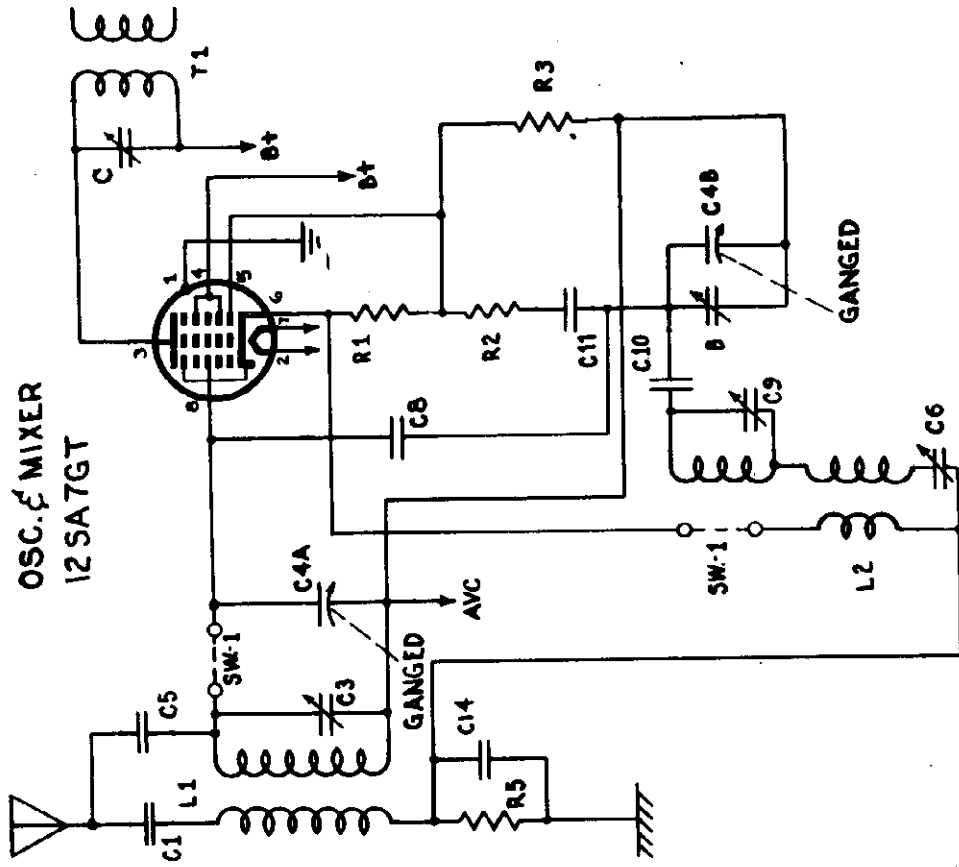


C3 TRIMMER FOR OSCILLATOR TUNER C2 TRIMMER FOR LOOP TUNER

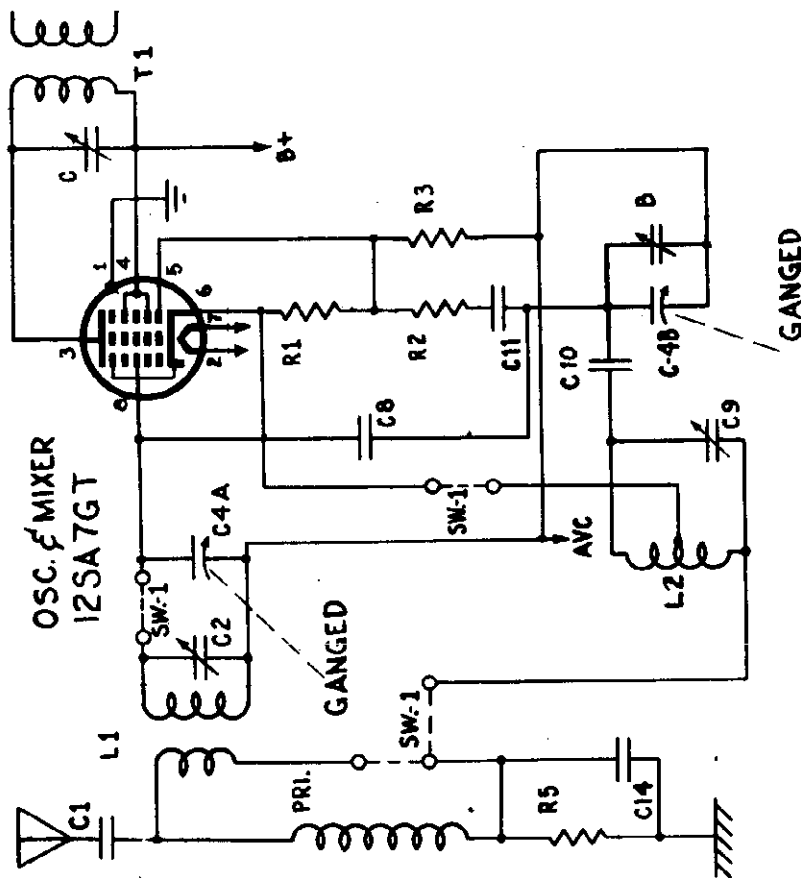


BACK VIEW OF TUNING UNIT

WALGREEN CO.



BAND - SWITCH SHOWN
AT 2ND POSITION CLOCKWISE
BROADCAST BAND
540 - 1600 KC

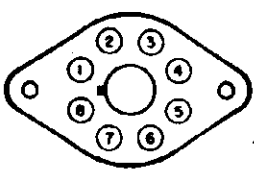


BAND - SWITCH SHOWN
AT 1ST POSITION.
SHORT WAVE BAND
6 - 18 MC

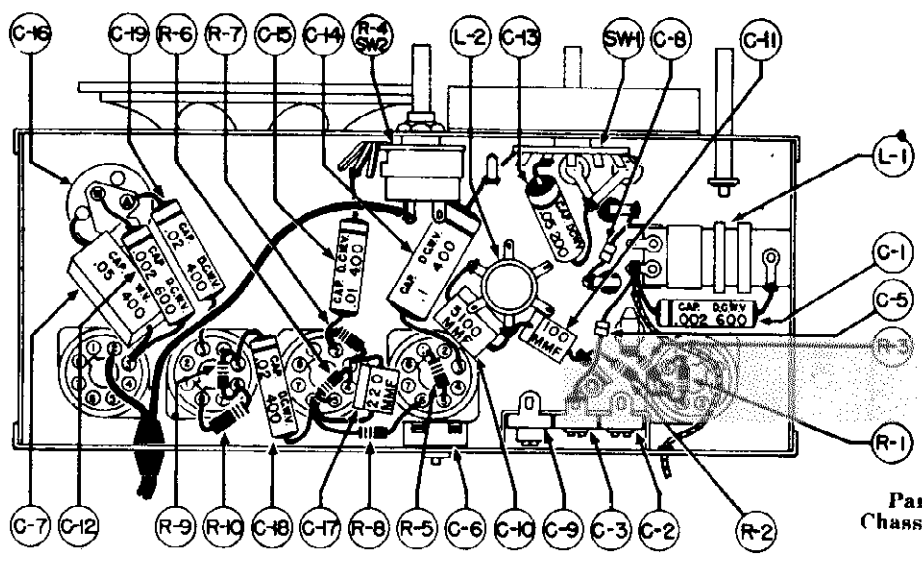
MODEL 568

**WALGREEN CO.
SOCKET VOLTAGES**

TUBE	POSITION	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
12SA7GT	Oscillator and Mixer	0	37.5 AC	99	99	-4.2	0	24.5 AC	0
12SK7GT	IF Amplifier	0	24.5 AC	0	0	0	99	12.5 AC	99
12SQ7GT	2nd Det.—1st Audio	0	0	0	0	0	16	12.5 AC	0
50L6GT	Power Output	0	85 AC	91.5	99	0	0	37.5 AC	5.9
35Z5GT	Rectifier	0	117 AC	112 AC	0	112 AC	0	85 AC	112



NOTE: All DC voltages measured with a 1000 ohm-per-volt meter from ON-OFF switch (—B) to socket contact indicated. All voltages are positive DC unless otherwise marked.
Volume control full on. No signal.
Line Voltage 117 volts AC.



Parts Layout
Chassis Model 568

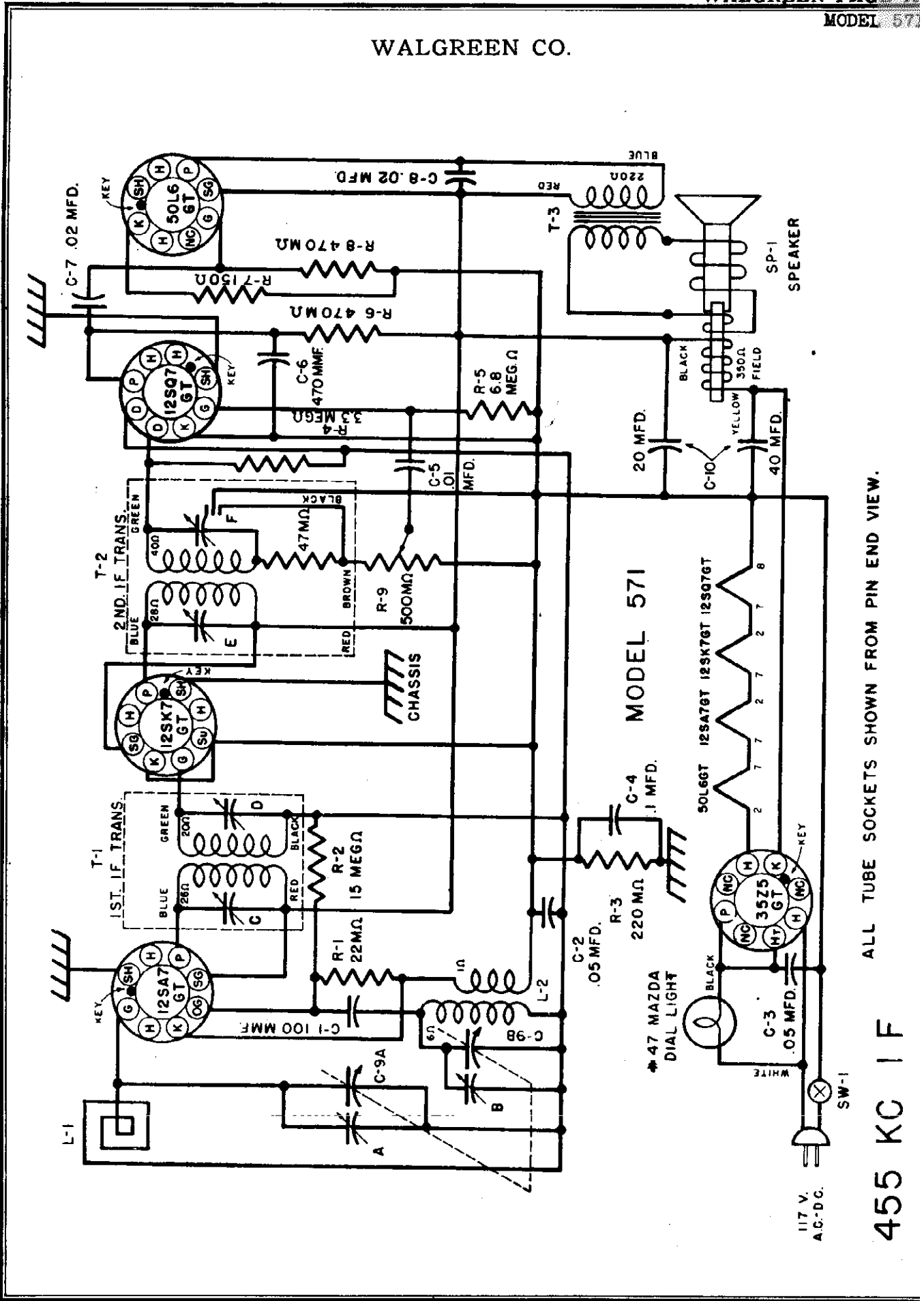
SERVICE PARTS LIST

Symbol	Part No.	Description
C-7	BC31B503	Cap., Molded Paper, .05 mfd.
C-13	BD210503	Cap., Paper, .05 mfd., 200 v.
C-15	BD410103	Cap., Paper, .01 mfd., 400 v.
C-14	BD410104	Cap., Paper, .1 mfd., 400 v.
C-18, 19	BD410203	Cap., Paper, .02 mfd., 400 v.
C-1, 12	BD610202	Cap., Paper, .002 mfd., .600 v.
C-10	BM58D512	Cap., Mica, 5100 mmf.
C-11	BM78A101	Cap., Mica, 100 mmf.
C-17	BM78A221	Cap., Mica, 220 mmf.
R-10	BR16C151	Resistor, 150 ohm, 1/2 w.
R-2	BR17B151	Resistor, 150 ohm, 1/2 w.
R-3	BR17B156	Resistor, 15 meg., 1/2 w.
R-1	BR17B223	Resistor, 22,000 ohm, 1/2 w.
R-5	BR17B224	Resistor, 220,000 ohm, 1/2 w.
R-6	BR17B335	Resistor, 3.3 meg., 1/2 w.
R-8, 9	BR17B474	Resistor, 470,000 ohm, 1/2 w.
R-7	BR17B685	Resistor, 6.8 meg., 1/2 w.
A-2163	A-2163	Cable, Drive
A-6158	A-6158	Lamp, Pilot, No. 47, Mazda, 6.3 v.

Symbol	Part No.	Description
C-16	A-8948	Cap., Electrolytic, 40-20 mfd.
R-4	R-9051-5	Control, Vol & Sw. 500,000 ohm
T-1	B-51010-1	Transformer Assembly, 1st IF
T-2	B-51011-1	Transformer Assembly, 2nd IF
C-51014	C-51014	Speaker, 5-inch Dynamic
A-51160-1	A-51160-1	Cord, Power, 6 ft.
A-51163	A-51163	Clip, Spring
B-51428-5	B-51428-5	Capacitor, Padder
B-51591	B-51591	Spring, Dial Bracket
B-51764-1	B-51764-1	Switch, Band
A-51787	A-51787	Spring, Cable, Music Wire
B-51828	B-51828	Coil Assembly, BC & SW Ant.
A-51834	A-51834	Capacitor, Trimmer, 3-section
B-51836	B-51836	Coil Assembly, Osc.
C-51837-1	C-51837-1	Capacitor, Variable
B-51839-2	B-51839-2	Capacitor, 1 mmf.
B-51839-4	B-51839-4	Capacitor, 2.2 mmf.
A-51869	A-51869	Antenna Reel Assembly

Order parts not listed by specifying (1) Part Name and (2) Model Number (include number following dash)

WALGREEN CO.



ALL TUBE SOCKETS SHOWN FROM PIN END VIEW.

455 KC IF

WALGREEN CO.

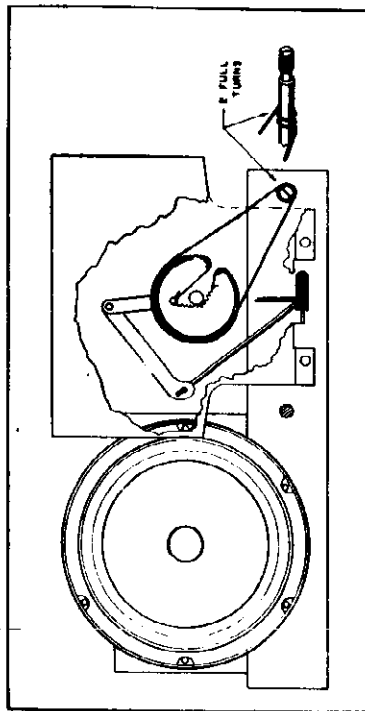
ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

The following equipment is necessary to properly align this chassis:

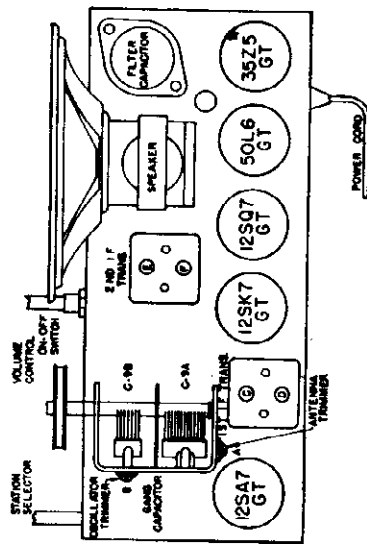
1. A signal generator which will provide an accurately calibrated signal at the frequencies listed.
2. An output meter.
3. A non-metallic screwdriver.
4. Dummy antenna: —.1 mfd., — RMA loop.

NOTE: Intermediate Frequency and Oscillator adjustments may be made with the loop disconnected provided a resistor of 10,000 to 50,000 ohms is substituted to close the 12SA7GT grid circuit. The loop alignment must be done with the loop and chassis mounted in operating position in the cabinet. A single turn loosely coupled to loop may be substituted for RMA loop.

GENERATOR	CONNECTION AT RADIO	DUMMY ANTENNA	DIAL	TO TUNE TRIMMERS	REMARKS
IF 455 kc.	12SA7GT grid	.1 mfd.	HF end	IF trimmers C D E F	Tune to max.
1620 kc.	Through loop	RMA loop	HF end	Osc. trimmer B	Set limit of band
1400 kc.	Through loop	RMA loop	1400 kc.	Ant. trimmer A	Tune to max.



Dial Mechanism



Tube Layout

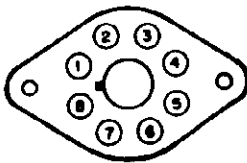
Electrical and Mechanical Specifications

Frequency Range	540-1600 kc.	Power Output (Undistorted)	.75 watts
Intermediate Frequency	455 kc.	Power Output (Maximum)	1.5 watts
Power Supply	105-125 volts AC-DC	Tuning Drive Ratio	3 to 1
Loudspeaker	Dynamic		
V.C. Impedance	3.5 ohms at 400 cycles		

WALGREEN CO.

SOCKET VOLTAGES

TUBE	POSITION	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
12SA7GT	Osc. and Mixer	0	37.5 AC	99	99	-4.2	0	24.5 AC	(
12SK7GT	IF Amplifier	0	24.5 AC	0	0	0	99	12.5 AC	99
12SQ7GT	2nd Det.—1st Audio	0	0	0	0	0	16	12.5 AC	(
50L6GT	Power Output	0	85 AC	91.5	99	0	0	37.5 AC	5.5
35Z5GT	Rectifier	0	117 AC	112 AC	0	112 AC	0	85 AC	112

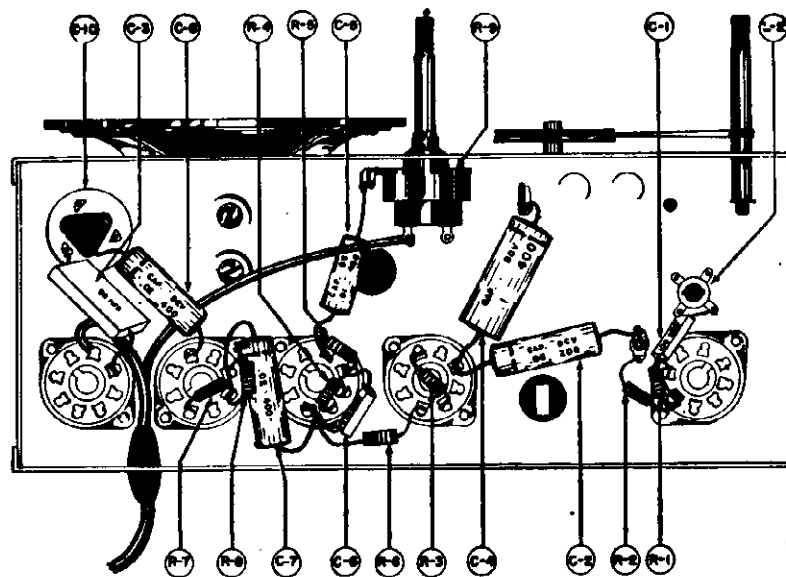


NOTE: All DC voltages measured with a 1000 ohm per volt meter from ON-OFF switch (-B) to socket contact indicated. All AC voltages are measured from ON-OFF switch (-B) to socket contact indicated.

All voltages are positive DC unless otherwise marked.

Volume control full on.

Line voltage 117 volts AC.

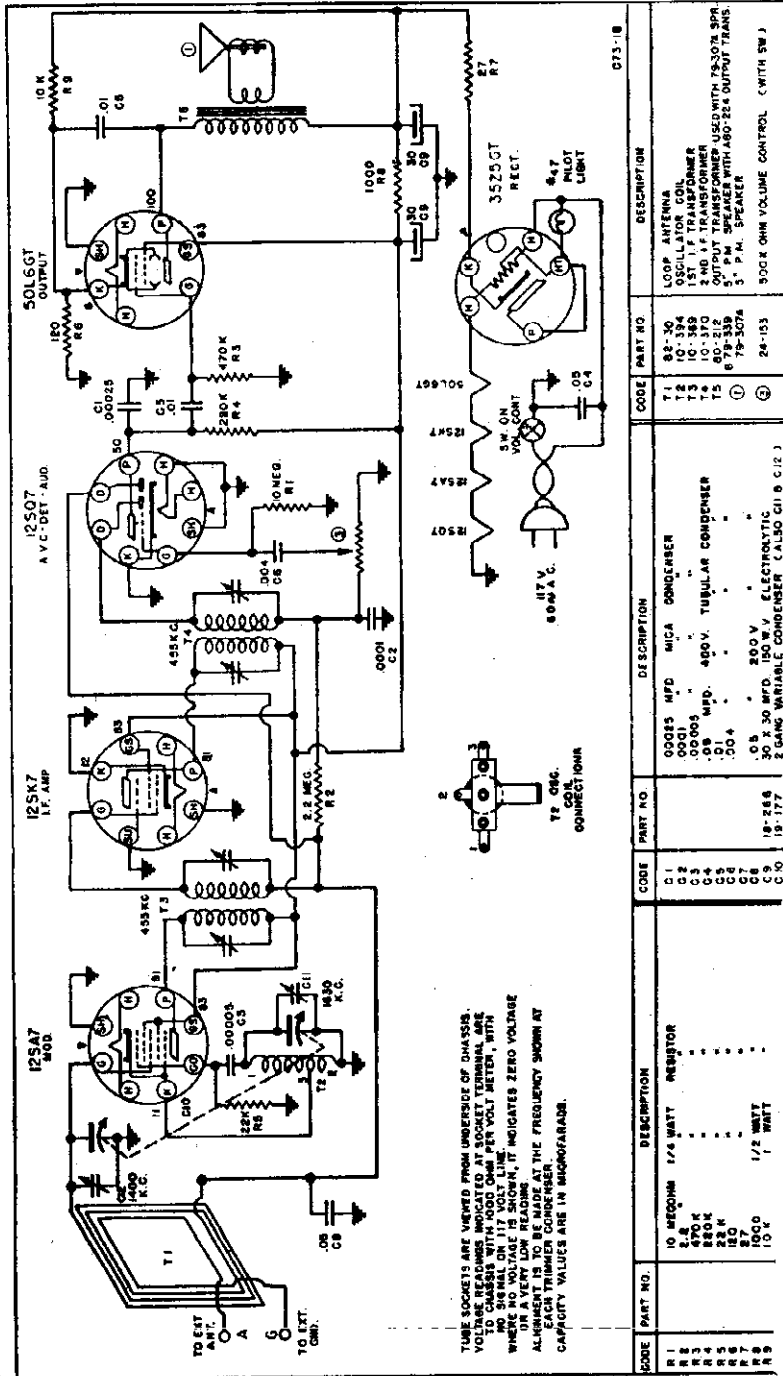


Parts Layout
Chassis Model 571

SERVICE PARTS LIST

Symbol	Part No.	Description	Symbol	Part No.	Description
C-1	BM78A101	Cap., Mica, 100 mmf.	R-7	BR16C151	Resistor, 150 ohm. 1/2 w.
C-2	BD210503	Cap., Paper, .05 mfd., 200 v.	R-9	B-9051-1	Control, Vol. & Sw. 500M ohm
C-3	BC31B503	Cap., Mold., Paper, .05 mfd.	T-1	B-51010-1	Trans., Assembly, 1st IF
C-4	BD410104	Cap., Paper, .1 mfd., 400 v.	T-2	B-51011-1	Trans., Assembly, 2nd IF
C-5	BD410103	Cap., Paper, .01 mfd., 400 v.	SP-1	C-51014	Speaker, 5" Dynamic, 350 ohm
C-6	BM78A471	Cap., Mica, 470 mmf.	A-2163	A-2163	Cable, Drive
C-7, 8	BD410203	Cap., Paper, .02 mfd., 400 v.	A-6158	A-6158	Lamp, Pilot No. 47 Mazda 6.3
C-9	C-51155-1	Cap., Variable, 2 Section	A-51160-1	A-51160-1	Cord, AC-DC Line, 6 ft.
C-10	A-8948	Cap., Electro., 40-20 mfd., 150 v.	B-51162-1	B-51162-1	Shaft, Drive
L-2	B-51159	Coil, Osc. Assembly	A-51163	A-51163	Clip, Spring
R-1	BR17B223	Resistor, 22M ohm 1/3 w.	B-51177	B-51177	Brkt. Assy., Dial (571A-571B)
R-2	BR17B156	Resistor, 15 meg. 1/3 w.	A-51202	A-51202	Link, Insulating
R-3	BR17B224	Resistor, 220M ohm 1/3 w.	A-51206	A-51206	Arm, Dial Drive
R-4	BR17B335	Resistor, 3.3 meg. 1/3 w.	B-51330-1	B-51330-1	Channel, Rubber (571 only)
R-5	BR17B685	Resistor, 6.8 meg. 1/3 w.	A-51331	A-51331	Spring, Dial Bracket
R-6, 8	BR17B474	Resistor, 470M ohm 1/3 w.	C-51335	C-51335	Bracket, Dial (571 only)
			A-51787	A-51787	Spring, Cable

Order parts not listed by specifying (1) Part Name and (2) Model Number (include number following dash)

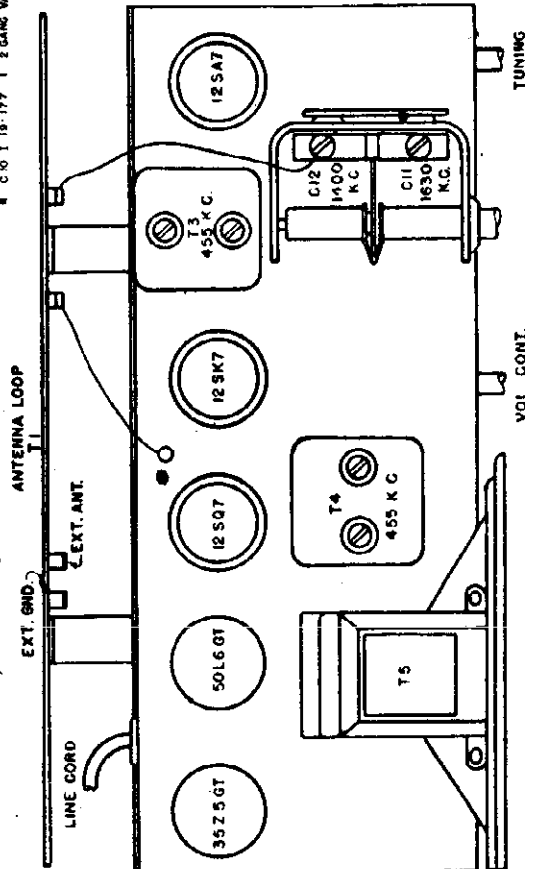


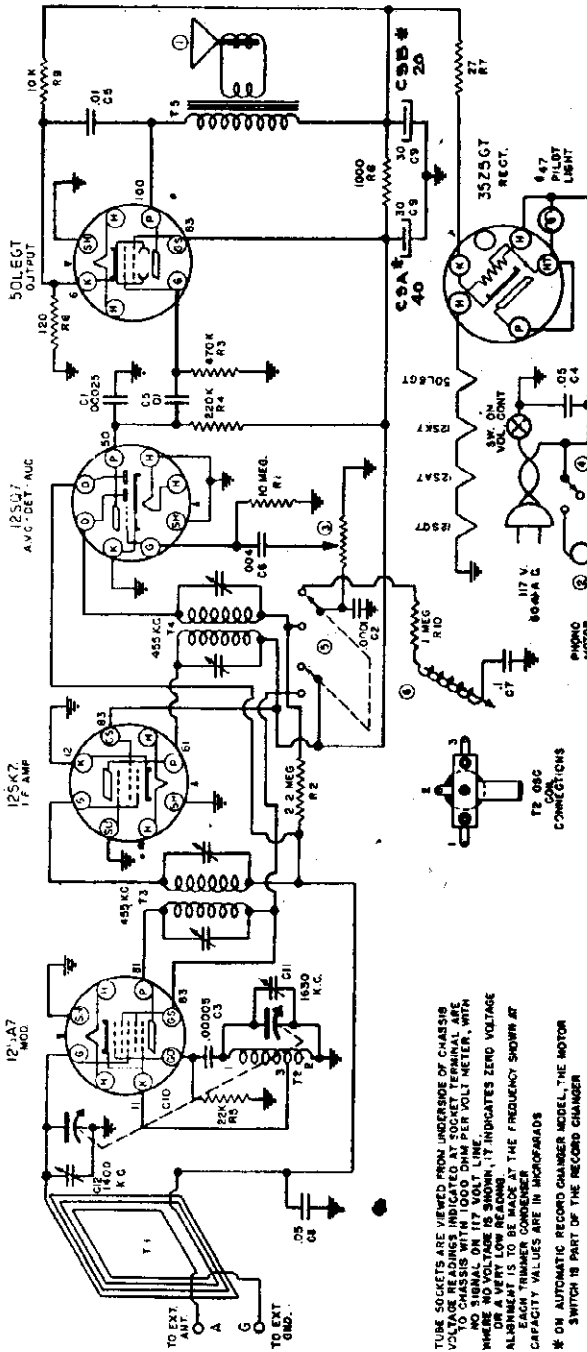
TUBE SOCKETS ARE VIEWED FROM UNDERSIDE OF CHASSIS. VOLTAGE READINGS INDICATED AT SOCKET TERMINALS ARE TO CHASSIS WITH 1000 OHM PER VOLT METER, WITH 1000 OHM RESISTOR IN SERIES WITH METER. WHEN NO VOLTAGE IS SHOWN, IT INDICATES ZERO VOLTAGE. ALIGNMENT IS TO BE MADE AT THE FREQUENCY SHOWN AT EACH TRIMMER FOR EACH SOCKET. CAPACITY VALUES ARE IN MICROFARADS.

CODE	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	CODE	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	CODE	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
R 1	10	MEG OHM	C 1	00015	MFD	T 1	92-30	LOOP ANTENNA
R 2	2.2	K	C 2	0001	MICA	T 2	10-334	OSCILLATOR COIL
R 3	470	K	C 3	00005	MICA	T 3	10-334	OSCILLATOR COIL
R 4	22	K	C 4	00005	MICA	T 4	10-334	OSCILLATOR COIL
R 5	100	K	C 5	00005	MICA	T 5	10-334	OSCILLATOR COIL
R 6	100	K	C 6	00005	MICA	T 6	10-334	OSCILLATOR COIL
R 7	100	K	C 7	00005	MICA	T 7	10-334	OSCILLATOR COIL
R 8	100	K	C 8	00005	MICA	T 8	10-334	OSCILLATOR COIL
R 9	100	K	C 9	00005	MICA	T 9	10-334	OSCILLATOR COIL
R 10	100	K	C 10	00005	MICA	T 10	10-334	OSCILLATOR COIL
R 11	100	K	C 11	00005	MICA	T 11	10-334	OSCILLATOR COIL
R 12	100	K	C 12	00005	MICA	T 12	10-334	OSCILLATOR COIL
R 13	100	K	C 13	00005	MICA	T 13	10-334	OSCILLATOR COIL
R 14	100	K	C 14	00005	MICA	T 14	10-334	OSCILLATOR COIL
R 15	100	K	C 15	00005	MICA	T 15	10-334	OSCILLATOR COIL
R 16	100	K	C 16	00005	MICA	T 16	10-334	OSCILLATOR COIL
R 17	100	K	C 17	00005	MICA	T 17	10-334	OSCILLATOR COIL
R 18	100	K	C 18	00005	MICA	T 18	10-334	OSCILLATOR COIL
R 19	100	K	C 19	00005	MICA	T 19	10-334	OSCILLATOR COIL
R 20	100	K	C 20	00005	MICA	T 20	10-334	OSCILLATOR COIL
R 21	100	K	C 21	00005	MICA	T 21	10-334	OSCILLATOR COIL
R 22	100	K	C 22	00005	MICA	T 22	10-334	OSCILLATOR COIL
R 23	100	K	C 23	00005	MICA	T 23	10-334	OSCILLATOR COIL
R 24	100	K	C 24	00005	MICA	T 24	10-334	OSCILLATOR COIL
R 25	100	K	C 25	00005	MICA	T 25	10-334	OSCILLATOR COIL
R 26	100	K	C 26	00005	MICA	T 26	10-334	OSCILLATOR COIL
R 27	100	K	C 27	00005	MICA	T 27	10-334	OSCILLATOR COIL
R 28	100	K	C 28	00005	MICA	T 28	10-334	OSCILLATOR COIL
R 29	100	K	C 29	00005	MICA	T 29	10-334	OSCILLATOR COIL
R 30	100	K	C 30	00005	MICA	T 30	10-334	OSCILLATOR COIL
R 31	100	K	C 31	00005	MICA	T 31	10-334	OSCILLATOR COIL
R 32	100	K	C 32	00005	MICA	T 32	10-334	OSCILLATOR COIL
R 33	100	K	C 33	00005	MICA	T 33	10-334	OSCILLATOR COIL
R 34	100	K	C 34	00005	MICA	T 34	10-334	OSCILLATOR COIL
R 35	100	K	C 35	00005	MICA	T 35	10-334	OSCILLATOR COIL
R 36	100	K	C 36	00005	MICA	T 36	10-334	OSCILLATOR COIL
R 37	100	K	C 37	00005	MICA	T 37	10-334	OSCILLATOR COIL
R 38	100	K	C 38	00005	MICA	T 38	10-334	OSCILLATOR COIL
R 39	100	K	C 39	00005	MICA	T 39	10-334	OSCILLATOR COIL
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R 43	100	K	C 43	00005	MICA	T 43	10-334	OSCILLATOR COIL
R 44	100	K	C 44	00005	MICA	T 44	10-334	OSCILLATOR COIL
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R 47	100	K	C 47	00005	MICA	T 47	10-334	OSCILLATOR COIL
R 48	100	K	C 48	00005	MICA	T 48	10-334	OSCILLATOR COIL
R 49	100	K	C 49	00005	MICA	T 49	10-334	OSCILLATOR COIL
R 50	100	K	C 50	00005	MICA	T 50	10-334	OSCILLATOR COIL
R 51	100	K	C 51	00005	MICA	T 51	10-334	OSCILLATOR COIL
R 52	100	K	C 52	00005	MICA	T 52	10-334	OSCILLATOR COIL
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R 54	100	K	C 54	00005	MICA	T 54	10-334	OSCILLATOR COIL
R 55	100	K	C 55	00005	MICA	T 55	10-334	OSCILLATOR COIL
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R 57	100	K	C 57	00005	MICA	T 57	10-334	OSCILLATOR COIL
R 58	100	K	C 58	00005	MICA	T 58	10-334	OSCILLATOR COIL
R 59	100	K	C 59	00005	MICA	T 59	10-334	OSCILLATOR COIL
R 60	100	K	C 60	00005	MICA	T 60	10-334	OSCILLATOR COIL
R 61	100	K	C 61	00005	MICA	T 61	10-334	OSCILLATOR COIL
R 62	100	K	C 62	00005	MICA	T 62	10-334	OSCILLATOR COIL
R 63	100	K	C 63	00005	MICA	T 63	10-334	OSCILLATOR COIL
R 64	100	K	C 64	00005	MICA	T 64	10-334	OSCILLATOR COIL
R 65	100	K	C 65	00005	MICA	T 65	10-334	OSCILLATOR COIL
R 66	100	K	C 66	00005	MICA	T 66	10-334	OSCILLATOR COIL
R 67	100	K	C 67	00005	MICA	T 67	10-334	OSCILLATOR COIL
R 68	100	K	C 68	00005	MICA	T 68	10-334	OSCILLATOR COIL
R 69	100	K	C 69	00005	MICA	T 69	10-334	OSCILLATOR COIL
R 70	100	K	C 70	00005	MICA	T 70	10-334	OSCILLATOR COIL
R 71	100	K	C 71	00005	MICA	T 71	10-334	OSCILLATOR COIL
R 72	100	K	C 72	00005	MICA	T 72	10-334	OSCILLATOR COIL
R 73	100	K	C 73	00005	MICA	T 73	10-334	OSCILLATOR COIL
R 74	100	K	C 74	00005	MICA	T 74	10-334	OSCILLATOR COIL
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R 76	100	K	C 76	00005	MICA	T 76	10-334	OSCILLATOR COIL
R 77	100	K	C 77	00005	MICA	T 77	10-334	OSCILLATOR COIL
R 78	100	K	C 78	00005	MICA	T 78	10-334	OSCILLATOR COIL
R 79	100	K	C 79	00005	MICA	T 79	10-334	OSCILLATOR COIL
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R 81	100	K	C 81	00005	MICA	T 81	10-334	OSCILLATOR COIL
R 82	100	K	C 82	00005	MICA	T 82	10-334	OSCILLATOR COIL
R 83	100	K	C 83	00005	MICA	T 83	10-334	OSCILLATOR COIL
R 84	100	K	C 84	00005	MICA	T 84	10-334	OSCILLATOR COIL
R 85	100	K	C 85	00005	MICA	T 85	10-334	OSCILLATOR COIL
R 86	100	K	C 86	00005	MICA	T 86	10-334	OSCILLATOR COIL
R 87	100	K	C 87	00005	MICA	T 87	10-334	OSCILLATOR COIL
R 88	100	K	C 88	00005	MICA	T 88	10-334	OSCILLATOR COIL
R 89	100	K	C 89	00005	MICA	T 89	10-334	OSCILLATOR COIL
R 90	100	K	C 90	00005	MICA	T 90	10-334	OSCILLATOR COIL
R 91	100	K	C 91	00005	MICA	T 91	10-334	OSCILLATOR COIL
R 92	100	K	C 92	00005	MICA	T 92	10-334	OSCILLATOR COIL
R 93	100	K	C 93	00005	MICA	T 93	10-334	OSCILLATOR COIL
R 94	100	K	C 94	00005	MICA	T 94	10-334	OSCILLATOR COIL
R 95	100	K	C 95	00005	MICA	T 95	10-334	OSCILLATOR COIL
R 96	100	K	C 96	00005	MICA	T 96	10-334	OSCILLATOR COIL
R 97	100	K	C 97	00005	MICA	T 97	10-334	OSCILLATOR COIL
R 98	100	K	C 98	00005	MICA	T 98	10-334	OSCILLATOR COIL
R 99	100	K	C 99	00005	MICA	T 99	10-334	OSCILLATOR COIL
R 100	100	K	C 100	00005	MICA	T 100	10-334	OSCILLATOR COIL

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

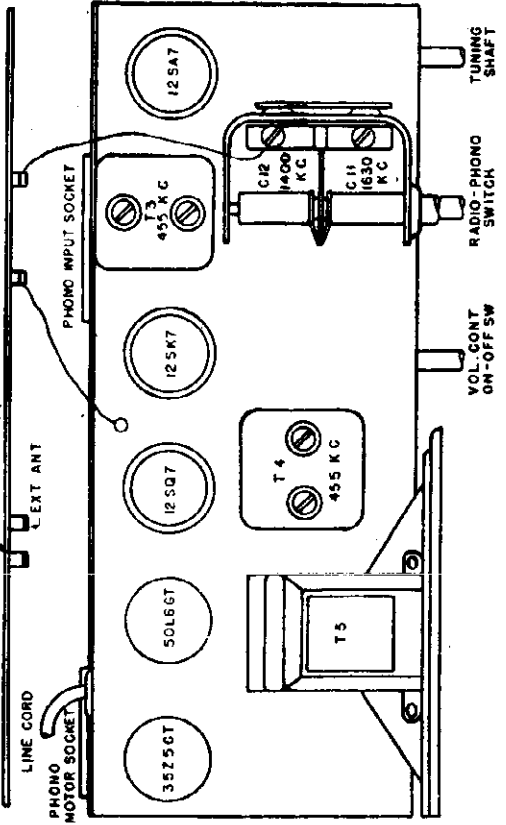
CAUTION: This is an A.C./D. C. receiver and when aligning the set it is necessary to isolate the Signal Generator or the receiver from the line by use of a transformer, or place a .2 MFD. condenser in both test leads of the Signal Generator. Connect the Signal Generator through a .1 MFD. condenser to the variable condenser side of the loop. Connect the ground side of the Signal Generator to the chassis. Adjust the Signal Generator to 455 Kilocycles and set the variable condenser of the receiver to minimum capacity (fully opened). With volume control full on and minimum output from the Signal Generator adjust the two trimmers on top of the 1st and 2nd I.F. transformers (T3-T4) for maximum output. Now connect the Signal Generator through a .00025 condenser to the external antenna connection on the back of the loop. Connect ground side of Signal Generator to terminal marked "G" on back of loop. Adjust frequency to 1630 K. C., set variable condenser at minimum capacity (fully opened) and adjust the oscillator trimmer (C11) for maximum output. Set Signal Generator to 1400 K.C., tune receiver to signal and adjust the Antenna trimmer (C12) on top of the variable condenser for maximum output.





TUBE SOCKETS ARE VIEWED FROM UNDERSIDE OF CHASSIS. VOLTAGE READINGS INDICATED AT SOCKET TERMINAL ARE FOR TUBES WITH GOOD OHM PER VOLT METER, WITH NO SIGNAL ON 117 OHM PER VOLT METER, WITH WHERE NO VOLTAGE IS SHOWN, IT INDICATES ZERO VOLTAGE OR A VERY LOW READING. CAPACITANCE VALUES ARE IN MICROFARADS. * ON AUTOMATIC RECORD CHANGER MODEL, THE MOTOR SWITCH IS PART OF THE RECORD CHANGER.

CODE	PART NO	DESCRIPTION	CODE	PART NO	DESCRIPTION
R1	10 MEGOHM	1/4 WATT RESISTOR	T1	LOOP ANTENNA	
R2	2.2		T2	OSCILLATOR COIL	
R3	400K		T3	1ST I.F. TRANSFORMER	
R4	100K		T4	2ND I.F. TRANSFORMER	
R5	200K		T5	3RD I.F. TRANSFORMER	
R6	100K		T6	5" P.M. SPEAKER WITH 100 OHM WINDING	
R7	100K		T7	5" P.M. SPEAKER WITH 100 OHM WINDING	
R8	200K		T8	3" P.M. SPEAKER	
R9	100K		T9	PHONO MOTOR	
R10	10 MEGOHM	1/8 WATT	T10	PHONO MOTOR VOLUME CONTROL (WITH SW)	
R11	100K		T11	PHONO SWITCH	
R12	100K		T12	PHONO PICK-UP	
R13	100K		T13	PHONO PICK-UP	
R14	100K		T14	PHONO PICK-UP	
R15	100K		T15	PHONO PICK-UP	
R16	100K		T16	PHONO PICK-UP	
R17	100K		T17	PHONO PICK-UP	
R18	100K		T18	PHONO PICK-UP	
R19	100K		T19	PHONO PICK-UP	
R20	100K		T20	PHONO PICK-UP	
R21	100K		T21	PHONO PICK-UP	
R22	100K		T22	PHONO PICK-UP	
R23	100K		T23	PHONO PICK-UP	
R24	100K		T24	PHONO PICK-UP	
R25	100K		T25	PHONO PICK-UP	
R26	100K		T26	PHONO PICK-UP	
R27	100K		T27	PHONO PICK-UP	
R28	100K		T28	PHONO PICK-UP	
R29	100K		T29	PHONO PICK-UP	
R30	100K		T30	PHONO PICK-UP	
R31	100K		T31	PHONO PICK-UP	
R32	100K		T32	PHONO PICK-UP	
R33	100K		T33	PHONO PICK-UP	
R34	100K		T34	PHONO PICK-UP	
R35	100K		T35	PHONO PICK-UP	
R36	100K		T36	PHONO PICK-UP	
R37	100K		T37	PHONO PICK-UP	
R38	100K		T38	PHONO PICK-UP	
R39	100K		T39	PHONO PICK-UP	
R40	100K		T40	PHONO PICK-UP	
R41	100K		T41	PHONO PICK-UP	
R42	100K		T42	PHONO PICK-UP	
R43	100K		T43	PHONO PICK-UP	
R44	100K		T44	PHONO PICK-UP	
R45	100K		T45	PHONO PICK-UP	
R46	100K		T46	PHONO PICK-UP	
R47	100K		T47	PHONO PICK-UP	
R48	100K		T48	PHONO PICK-UP	
R49	100K		T49	PHONO PICK-UP	
R50	100K		T50	PHONO PICK-UP	

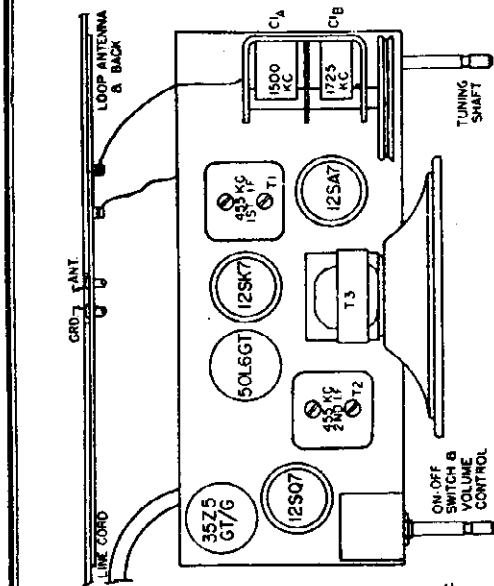


* In later sets, C9A changed to a single 40- μ f, 150-v condenser, Part No. A-18-280 and C9B changed to a single 20- μ f, 150-v condenser, Part No. A-18-272.

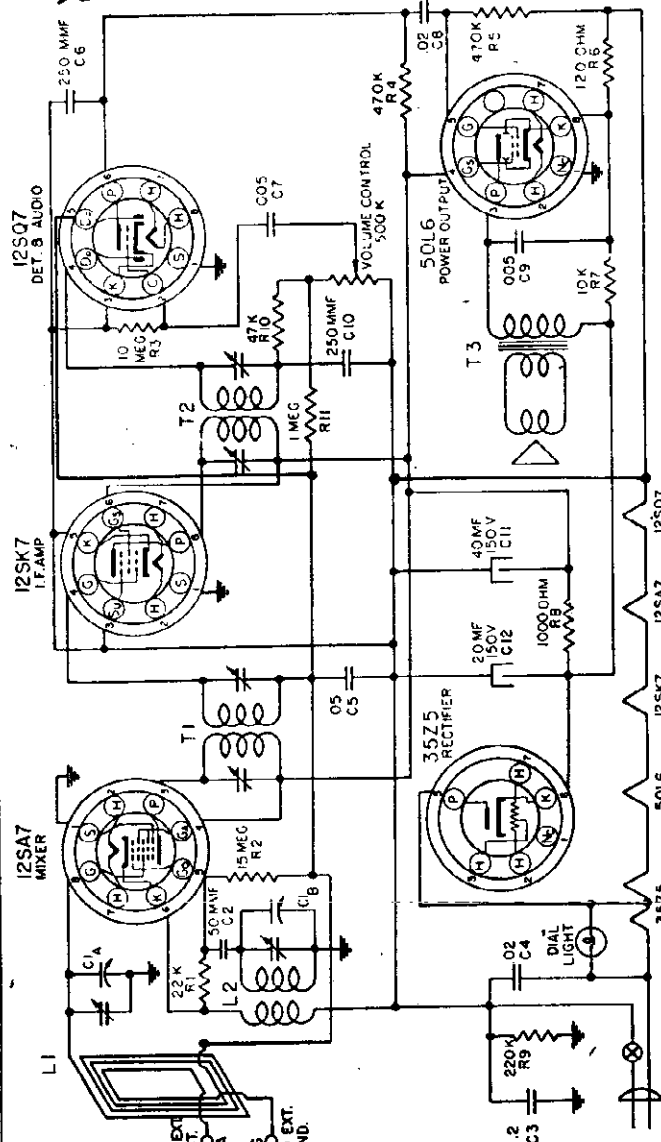
CAUTION: This is an A.C./D. C. receiver and when aligning the set it is necessary to isolate the Signal Generator or the receiver from the line by use of a transformer, or place a 2 MFD. condenser in both test leads of the Signal Generator.

Connect the Signal Generator through a .1 MFD. condenser to the variable condenser side of the loop. Connect the ground side of the Signal Generator to the chassis. Adjust the Signal Generator to 455 Kilocycles and set the variable condenser of the receiver to minimum capacity (fully opened). With volume control full on and minimum output from the Signal Generator adjust the two trimmers on top of the 1st and 2nd I.F. transformers (T3-T4) for maximum output. Now connect the Signal Generator through a .00025 condenser to the external antenna connection on the back of the loop. Connect ground side of Signal Generator to terminal marked "G" on back of loop. Adjust frequency to 1630 K. C., set variable condenser at minimum capacity (fully opened) and adjust the oscillator trimmer (C11) for maximum output. Set Signal Generator to 1400 K.C., tune receiver to signal and adjust the Antenna trimmer (C12) on top of the variable condenser for maximum output.

WARWICK MFG. CO.



Code	Part No.	DESCRIPTION
C1A, C1B	B19-180	Variable condenser
C2	A15-175	50 mmid. mica condenser
C3	A16-154	2 mid. 400 volt tubular condenser
C4	A18-151	.02 mid. 600 volt tubular condenser
C5	A18-152	.05 mid. 200 volt tubular condenser
C6	A15-176	250 mmid. mica condenser
C7, C9	A16-153	.005 mid. 600 volt tubular condenser
C8	A18-280	40 mid. 150 volt electrolytic condenser
C11	A18-272	20 mid. 150 volt electrolytic condenser
C12	A60-659	22K ohm 1/3 watt resistor
R1	A60-664	15 megohm 1/3 watt resistor
R2	A60-663	10 megohm 1/3 watt resistor
R3	A60-658	470K ohm 1/3 watt resistor
R4, R5	A60-658	120 ohm 1/3 watt resistor
R7	A60-688	10K ohm 1 watt resistor
R8	A60-198	1000 ohm 1/2 watt resistor
R9	A60-660	220K ohm 1/3 watt resistor
R10	A60-665	47K ohm 1/3 watt resistor
R11	A60-668	1 megohm 1/3 watt resistor
L1	B82-40	Antenna, loop
L2	A10-411	Oscillator coil
T1	B10-453	1st I.F. transformer
T2	B10-454	2nd I.F. transformer
T3	B10-454	Output transformer (part of speaker)
A71, 22		Cover, for volume control
A75-52		Dial drive shaft
A24-164		Volume control and switch
B79-340		S. P. M. speaker with output transformer
B79-343		Alternate speaker
B79-344		Alternate speaker
C83-333		Cabinet back (mahogany)
A83-338		Cabinet back (ivory)
D42-376		Cabinet, molded bakelite (mahogany)
A40-388		Cabinet, molded bakelite (ivory)
C67-408		Dial scale
A32-181		Knob (mahogany)
A32-189		Knob (ivory)
A58-46		Dial pointer
A63-279		Retainer, dial scale left
A63-280		Retainer, dial scale right
A63-273		Dial diffusing plate



The alignment should be made with volume control fully on, and the output from the signal generator as low as possible, to prevent A.V.C. action from interfering with correct alignment.

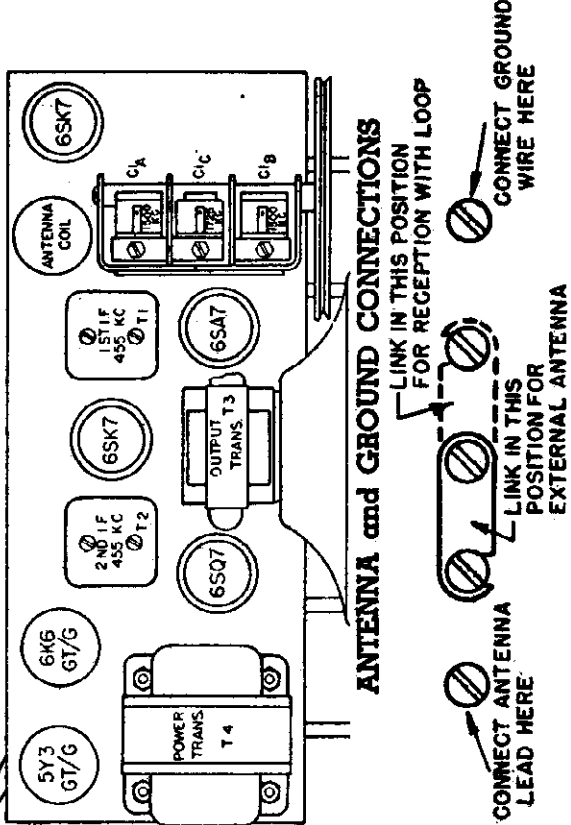
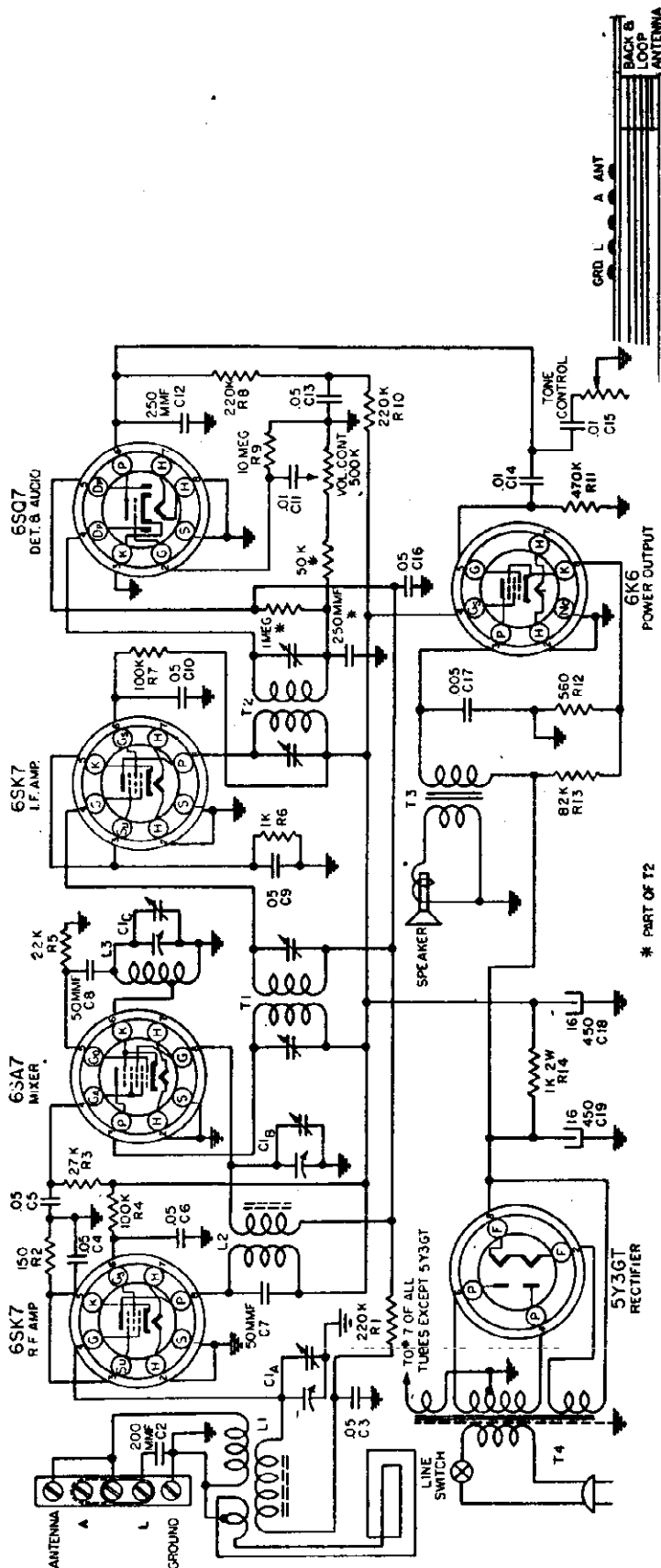
With the output meter connected across the voice coil of the speaker, the output meter reading for 50 milliwatts is .4 volts using a signal which is modulated 400 c.p.s.

Adjust all trimmers for maximum output. Repeat alignment procedure given below as a final check.

CAUTION: This is an A.C.-D.C. receiver and when aligning the set it is necessary to isolate the Signal Generator or the Receiver from the line by use of a transformer, or place a .2 MFD. condenser in both test leads of the Signal Generator.

Position of Variable	Generator Frequency	Dummy Ant. Mtd.	Generator Connections	Trimmer Adjustment	Trimmer Function
Fully open	455 KC	.1	* 12SA7 Grid (Stator of C1A)	T1	Input I.F.
Fully open	455 KC	.1	* 12SA7 Grid (Stator of C1A)	T2	Output I.F.
Fully open	1725 KC	.00025	** Ant. terminal on loop	C1B	Oscillator
Tune in signal from generator	1500 KC	.00025	** Ant. terminal on loop	C1A	Antenna

* Connect ground lead of signal generator to chassis.
** Connect ground lead of signal generator to terminal marked "C" on the back of



With an output meter connected across the voice coil of the speaker, the output meter reading for 1/2 watt is 1.25 volts using a signal which is modulated 400 c.p.s. Follow through the procedure as outlined below for proper alignment.

The alignment should be made with volume control fully on, and the output from the signal generator as low as possible, for accurate alignment.

Position of Variable	Generator Freq.	Dummy Ant. mfd.	Generator Connections	Trimmer Adjustment	Trimmer Function
Fully Open	455 KC	.1	6SA7 Grid (Stator of C1B)	T1 T2	L. F.
Fully Open	1725 KC	.00025	*Ant. Terminal on Loop	C1C	Osc.
Tune in signal from Generator	1500 KC	.00025	*Ant. Terminal on Loop	C1B	R. F.
Tune in signal from Generator	1500 KC	.00025	*Ant. Terminal on Loop	C1A	Ant.

* Be sure coupling link is in correct position for external antenna operation. See illustration below.
Repeat the above alignment procedure as a final check.

WARWICK MFG. CO.

MODEL C-103
MODEL C-104

MODEL C104-A

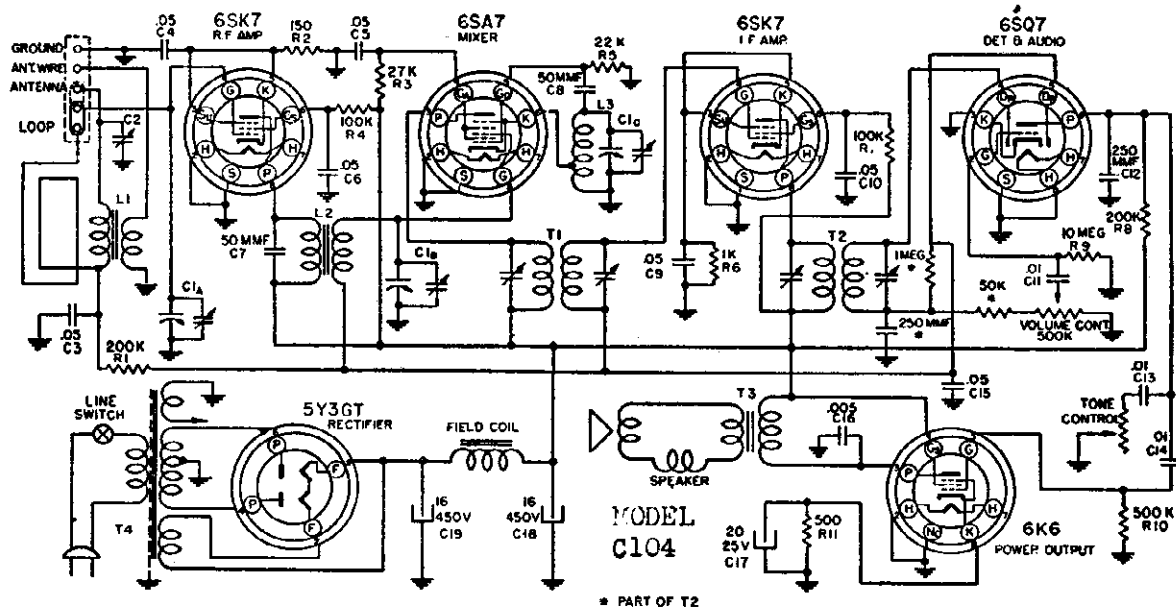
Circuit Reference	Part No.	DESCRIPTION
C1A, C1B, C1C	B19-186	Variable condenser
C2	A16-152	200 MMF mica condenser (on Loop)
C3	A16-158	.05 MFD. 200 volt tubular condenser
C5, C6, C10, C13	A15-175	.05 MFD. 400 volt tubular condenser
C7, C8	A15-175	50 MMF mica condenser
C11, C14, C15	A16-156	.01 MFD. 400 volt tubular condenser
C12	A15-176	250 MMF mica condenser
C17	A16-153	.005 MFD. 600 volt tubular condenser
C18	A18-279	16 MFD. 450 volt electrolytic condenser
C19	A18-274	16 MFD. 450 volt electrolytic condenser
C20	A84-71	6.9 MMF. condenser
R1, R8 & R10	A60-667	220K ohm 1/3 watt resistor
R2	A60-686	150 ohm 1/3 watt resistor
R3	A60-692	27K ohm 1 watt resistor
R4, R7	A60-671	100K ohm 1/2 watt resistor
R5	A60-659	22K ohm 1/3 watt resistor
R6	A60-675	1K ohm 1/3 watt resistor
R9	A60-663	10 megohm 1/3 watt resistor
R11	A60-662	470K ohm 1/3 watt resistor
R12	A60-701	560 ohm 1 watt resistor
R13	A60-700	82K ohm 1 watt resistor
R14	A60-699	1000 ohm 2 watt resistor
L1	B10-451	Antenna coil
L2	B10-452	R. F. coil
L3	A10-446	Oscillator coil
T1	B10-412	1st I.F. transformer
T2	B10-444	2nd I.F. transformer (part of speaker)
T3	C80-223	Power transformer
T4	B79-341	Speaker assembly, with output transformer
	B79-342	Alternate speaker assembly
	S84-86	Loop antenna assembly
	D42-390	Cabinet, wood
	C67-488	Dial scale
	A52-187	Knob
	A58-49	Dial pointer
	A83-289	Dial diffusing plate
	A84-41	Dial drive shaft and pulley
	A69-169	On-Off switch
	A24-168	Volume control
	A26-123	Tone control

MODEL C103

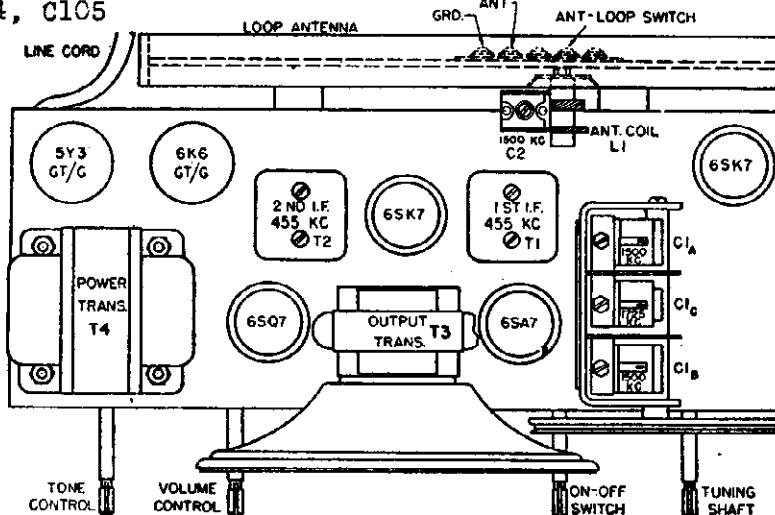
Circuit Reference	Part No.	DESCRIPTION
C1A, C1B, C1C	B19-186	Variable condenser
C2	A16-152	200 MMF mica condenser (on Loop)
C3	A16-158	.05 MFD. 200 volt tubular condenser
C5, C6, C10, C13	A15-175	.05 MFD. 400 volt tubular condenser
C7, C8	A15-175	50 MMF mica condenser
C11, C14, C15	A16-156	.01 MFD. 400 volt tubular condenser
C12	A15-176	250 MMF mica condenser
C17	A16-153	.005 MFD. 600 volt tubular condenser
C18	A18-279	16 MFD. 450 volt electrolytic condenser
C19	A18-274	16 MFD. 450 volt electrolytic condenser
R1, R8 & R10	A60-667	220K ohm 1/3 watt resistor
R2	A60-686	150 ohm 1/3 watt resistor
R3	A60-692	27K ohm 1 watt resistor
R4, R7	A60-671	100K ohm 1/2 watt resistor
R5	A60-659	22K ohm 1/3 watt resistor
R6	A60-675	1K ohm 1/3 watt resistor
R9	A60-663	10 megohm 1/3 watt resistor
R11	A60-662	470K ohm 1/3 watt resistor
R12	A60-701	560 ohm 1 watt resistor
R13	A60-700	82K ohm 1 watt resistor
R14	A60-699	1000 ohm 2 watt resistor
L1	B10-451	Antenna coil
L2	B10-452	R. F. coil
L3	A10-446	Oscillator coil
T1	B10-412	1st I.F. transformer
T2	B10-444	2nd I.F. transformer (part of speaker)
T3	C80-223	Power transformer
T4	S84-50	Loop antenna assembly (with mahogany back)
	S84-52	Loop antenna assembly (with Ivory back)
	B63-325	Baffle, cardboard
	D42-379	Cabinet, bakelite (mahogany)
	A42-401	Cabinet, bakelite (ivory)
	C67-482	Dial scale
	A98-4	Grille cloth (for mahogany cabinet)
	A98-5	Grille cloth (for ivory cabinet)
	A52-187	Knob (mahogany)
	A52-191	Knob (ivory)
	A58-48	Dial pointer
	A83-292	Dial scale retainer, right
	A83-293	Dial scale retainer, left
	S84-49	6" P. M. Speaker assembly (includes speaker output transformer and necessary mounting brackets)

MODEL C-104
MODEL C-105

WARWICK MFG. CO.



Models C104, C105



With an output meter connected across the voice coil of the speaker, the output meter reading for 1/2 watt is 1.25 volts using a signal which is modulated 30% at 400 c.p.s. Follow through the procedure as outlined below for proper alignment.

The alignment should be made with volume control fully on, and the output from the signal generator as low as possible, for accurate alignment.

Position of Variable	Generator Freq.	Dummy Ant. mfd.	Generator Connections	Trimmer Adjustment	Trimmer Function
Fully Open	455 KC	.1	6SA7 Grid (Stator of C1B)	T1 T2	I. F.
Fully Open	1725 KC	.00025	*Ant. Terminal on Loop	C1C	Osc.
Tune in signal from Generator	1500 KC	.00025	*Ant. Terminal on Loop	C1B	R. F.
Tune in signal from Generator	1500 KC		**Loosely coupled to Loop	C1A	Ant. (Loop)
Tune in signal from Generator	1500 KC	.00025	*Ant. Terminal on Loop	C2	Ant. (Coil)

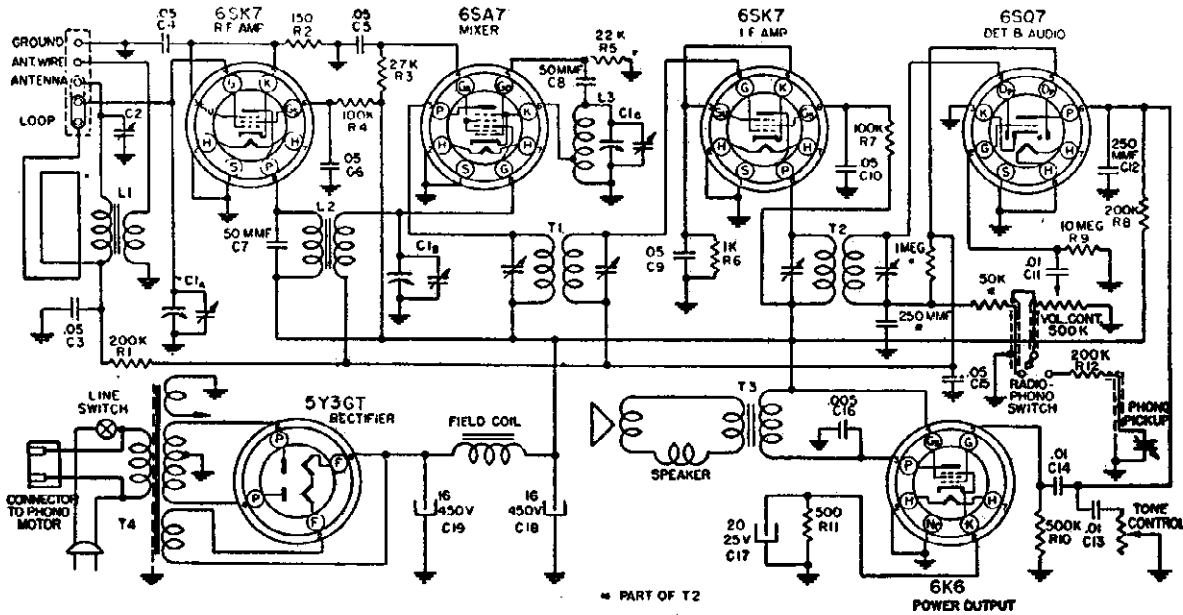
*Be sure coupling link is in correct position for external antenna operation, (between 2nd and 3rd screws from the left.)

**Be sure coupling link is in correct position for loop operation, (between 1st and 2nd screws from the left.)

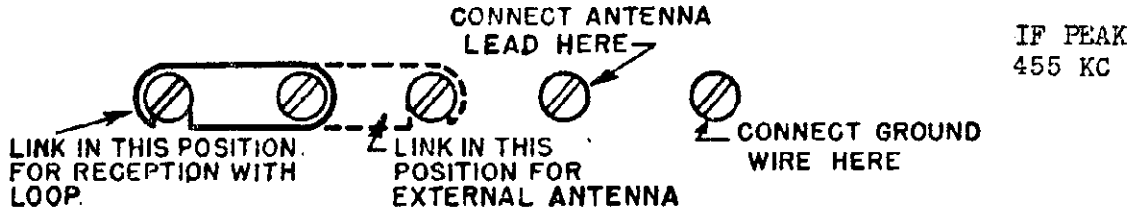
MODEL C-104
MODEL C-105

WARWICK MFG. CO.

MODEL C105



ANTENNA and GROUND CONNECTIONS

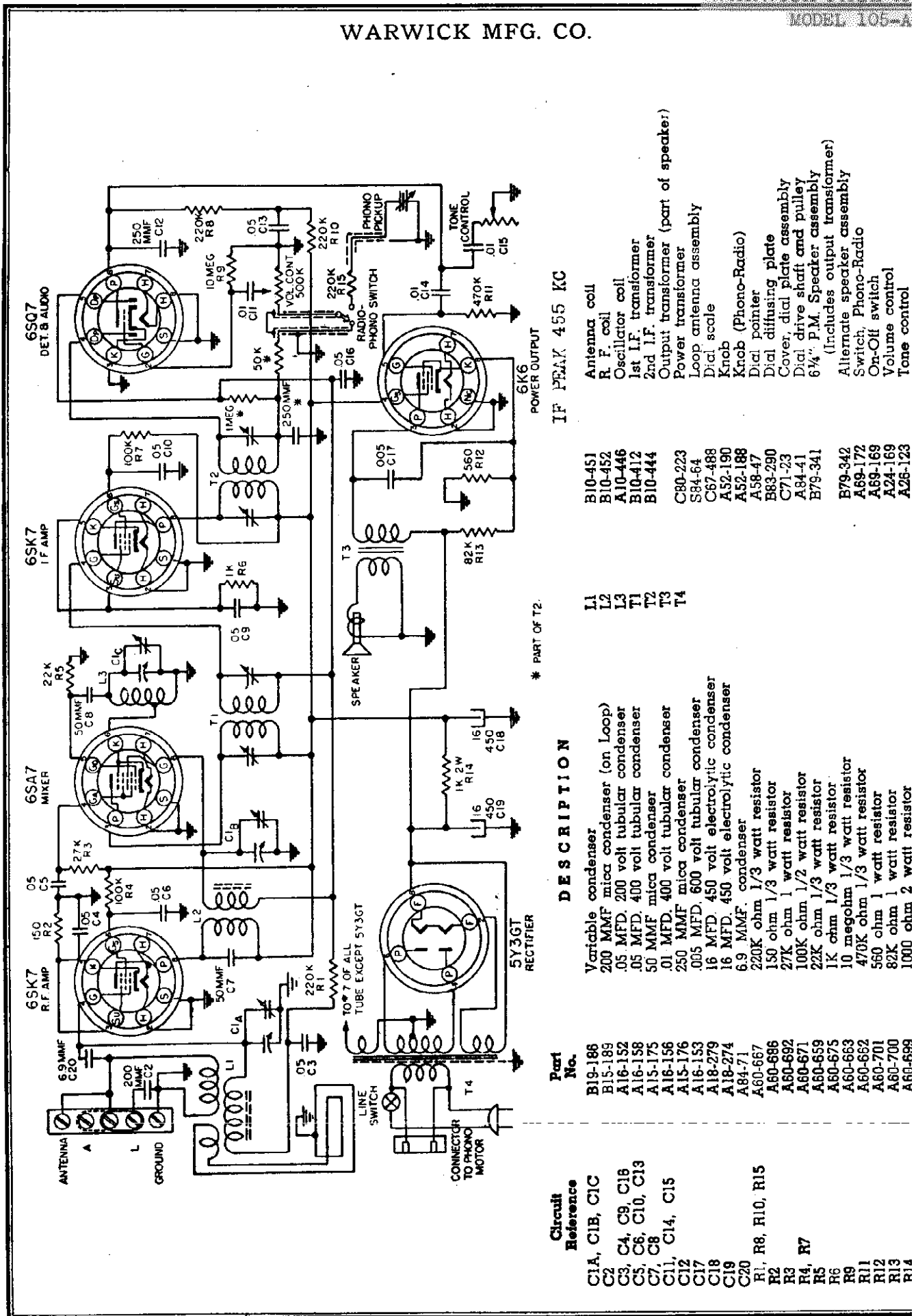


Code	Part No.	DESCRIPTION	Code	Part No.	DESCRIPTION	Code	Part No.	DESCRIPTION
C1A, C1B, C1C	B19-186	Variable Condenser	R1, R8		200 K Ohm 1/3 Watt Resistor	B82-39		Loop Antenna (Less Antenna Coil)
C2	A20-139	Trimmer Condenser (On Loop)	R2		150 Ohm 1/3 Watt Resistor	A69-169		On-Off Switch
C3, C4, C9, C15		.05 MFD 200 V Tubular Condenser	R3		27 K Ohm 1 Watt Resistor	A24-169		Volume Control 500 K Ohm
C5, C6, C10		.05 MFD 400 V Tubular Condenser	R4, R7		100 K Ohm 1/2 Watt Resistor	A26-123		Tone Control
C7, C8		50 MMF Mica Condenser	R5		22 K Ohm 1/3 Watt Resistor	B79-338		6 1/4" Dynamic Speaker (without Output Transformer)
C11, C13, C14		.01 MFD 400 V Tubular Condenser	R6		1 K Ohm 1/3 Watt Resistor	A84-41		Dial Drive Shaft and Pulley
C12		.250 MMF Mica Condenser	R9		10 Megohm 1/3 Watt Resistor	B83-290		Dial Diffusing Plate
C16		.005 MFD 600 V Tubular Condenser	R10		500 K Ohm 1/3 Watt Resistor	C83-310		Back
C17	A18-278	20 MFD 25 V. Electrolytic Condenser	R11		500 Ohm 1 Watt Resistor	C67-488		Dial Scale
C18	A18-279	16 MFD 450 V. Electrolytic Condenser	L1	A10-445	Antenna Coil	A58-47		Dial Pointer
C19	A18-274	16 MFD 450 V. Electrolytic Condenser	L2	A10-447	R F Coil	D42-289		Wood Cabinet
			L3	A10-446	Oscillator Coil	C71-23		Cover, Dial Plate Assembly
			T1	B10-412	1st I F Transformer			
			T2	B10-444	2nd I F Transformer			
			T3	A80-222	Speaker Output Transformer			
			T4	C80-223	Power Transformer			

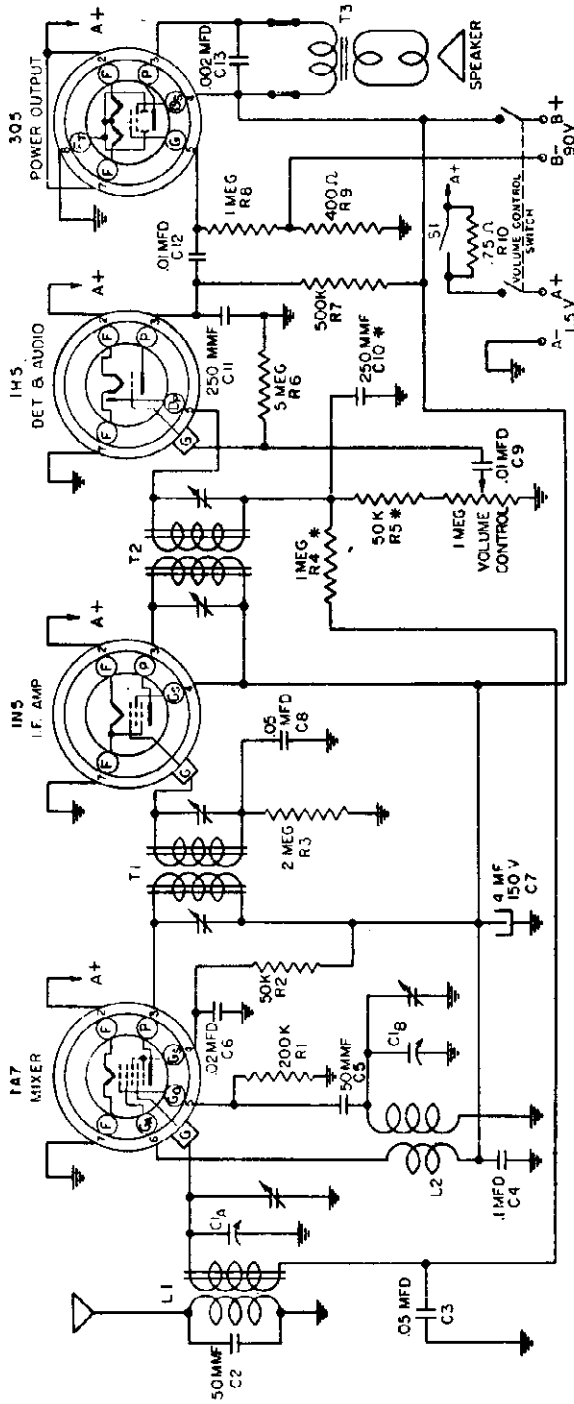
MODEL C104

Code	Part No.	DESCRIPTION	Code	Part No.	DESCRIPTION	Code	Part No.	DESCRIPTION
C1A, C1B, C1C	B19-185	Variable Condenser	R1, R8		200 K Ohm 1/3 Watt Resistor	B82-39		Loop Antenna (Less Antenna Coil)
C2	A20-139	Trimmer Condenser (On Loop)	R2		150 Ohm 1/3 Watt Resistor	A69-169		On-Off Switch
C3, C4, C9, C15		.05 MFD 200 V Tubular Condenser	R3		27 K Ohm 1 Watt Resistor	A24-169		Volume Control 500 K Ohm
C5, C6, C10		.05 MFD 400 V Tubular Condenser	R4, R7		100 K Ohm 1/2 Watt Resistor	A26-123		Tone Control
C7, C8		50 MMF Mica Condenser	R5		22 K Ohm 1/3 Watt Resistor	B79-338		6 1/4" Dynamic Speaker (without Output Transformer)
C11, C13, C14		.01 MFD 400 V Tubular Condenser	R6		1 K Ohm 1/3 Watt Resistor	A84-41		Dial Drive Shaft and Pulley
C12		.250 MMF Mica Condenser	R9		10 Megohm 1/3 Watt Resistor	B83-289		Dial Diffusing Plate
C16		.005 MFD 600 V Tubular Condenser	R10		500 K Ohm 1/3 Watt Resistor	B83-300		Chipboard Back, Walnut
C17	A18-278	20 MFD 25 V. Electrolytic Condenser	R11		500 Ohm 1 Watt Resistor	C67-488		Dial Scale
C18	A18-279	16 MFD 450 V. Electrolytic Condenser	L1	A10-445	Antenna Coil	A58-49		Dial Pointer
C19	A18-274	16 MFD 450 V. Electrolytic Condenser	L2	A10-447	R F Coil	D42-390		Wood Cabinet
			L3	A10-446	Oscillator Coil			
			T1	B10-412	1st I F Transformer			
			T2	B10-444	2nd I F Transformer			
			T3	A80-222	Speaker Output Transformer			
			T4	C80-223	Power Transformer			

WARWICK MFG. CO.



Circuit Reference	Part No.	DESCRIPTION
C1A, C1B, C1C	B19-186	Variable condenser
C2	B15-189	200 MMF mica condenser (on Loop)
C3, C4, C9, C18	A16-152	.05 MFD. 200 volt tubular condenser
C5, C6, C10, C13	A16-158	.05 MFD. 400 volt tubular condenser
C7, C8	A15-175	50 MMF mica condenser
C11, C14, C15	A16-156	.01 MFD. 400 volt tubular condenser
C12	A15-176	250 MMF mica condenser
C17	A16-153	.005 MFD. 600 volt tubular condenser
C18	A18-279	16 MFD. 450 volt electrolytic condenser
C19	A18-274	16 MFD. 450 volt electrolytic condenser
C20	A84-71	6.9 MMF. condenser
R1, R8, R10, R15	A60-667	220K ohm 1/3 watt resistor
R2	A60-686	150 ohm 1/3 watt resistor
R3	A60-692	27K ohm 1 watt resistor
R4, R7	A60-671	100K ohm 1/2 watt resistor
R5	A60-659	22K ohm 1/3 watt resistor
R6	A60-675	1K ohm 1/3 watt resistor
R9	A60-663	10 megohm 1/3 watt resistor
R11	A60-662	470K ohm 1/3 watt resistor
R12	A60-701	560 ohm 1 watt resistor
R13	A60-700	82K ohm 1 watt resistor
R14	A60-699	1000 ohm 2 watt resistor
L1	L1	Antenna coil
L2	B10-451	R. F. coil
L3	B10-452	Oscillator coil
T1	A10-446	1st I.F. transformer
T2	B10-412	2nd I.F. transformer
T3	C80-223	Power transformer
T4	S84-64	Loop antenna assembly
	C67-488	Dial scale
	A52-190	Knob (Phono-Radio)
	A52-188	Dial pointer
	A58-47	Dial diffusing plate
	B83-290	Cover, dial plate assembly
	C71-23	Dial drive shaft and pulley
	A84-41	Dial P.M. Speaker assembly
	B79-341	(Includes output transformer)
	B79-342	Alternate speaker assembly
	A69-172	Switch, Phono-Radio
	A69-169	On-Off switch
	A24-169	Volume control
	A26-123	Tone control

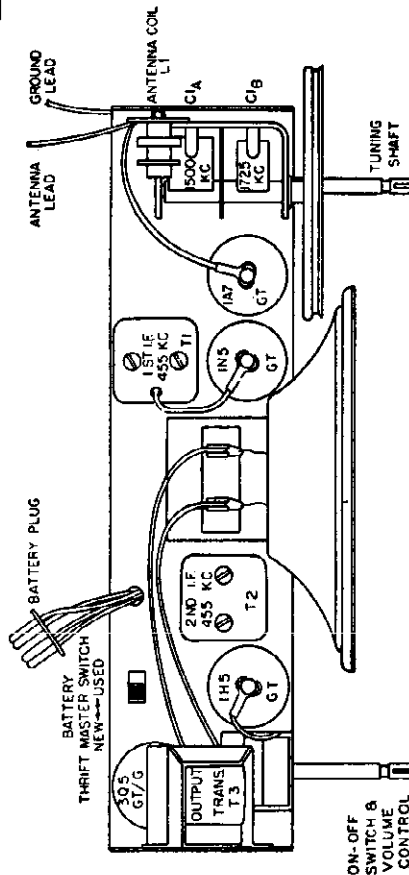


ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

With an output meter connected across the voice coil of the speaker, the output meter reading for 50 milliwatts is .4 volts using a signal which is modulated 30% at 400 c.p.s. Follow through the procedure as outlined below for proper alignment.

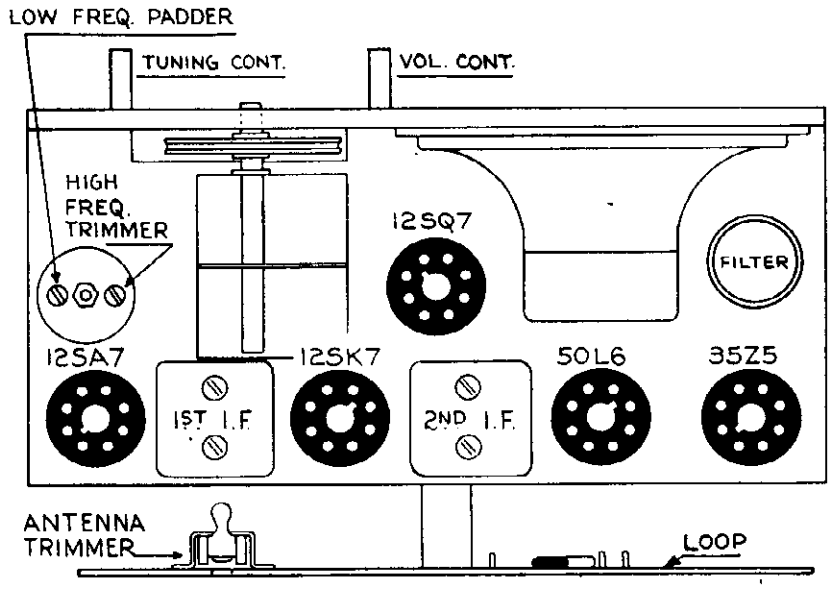
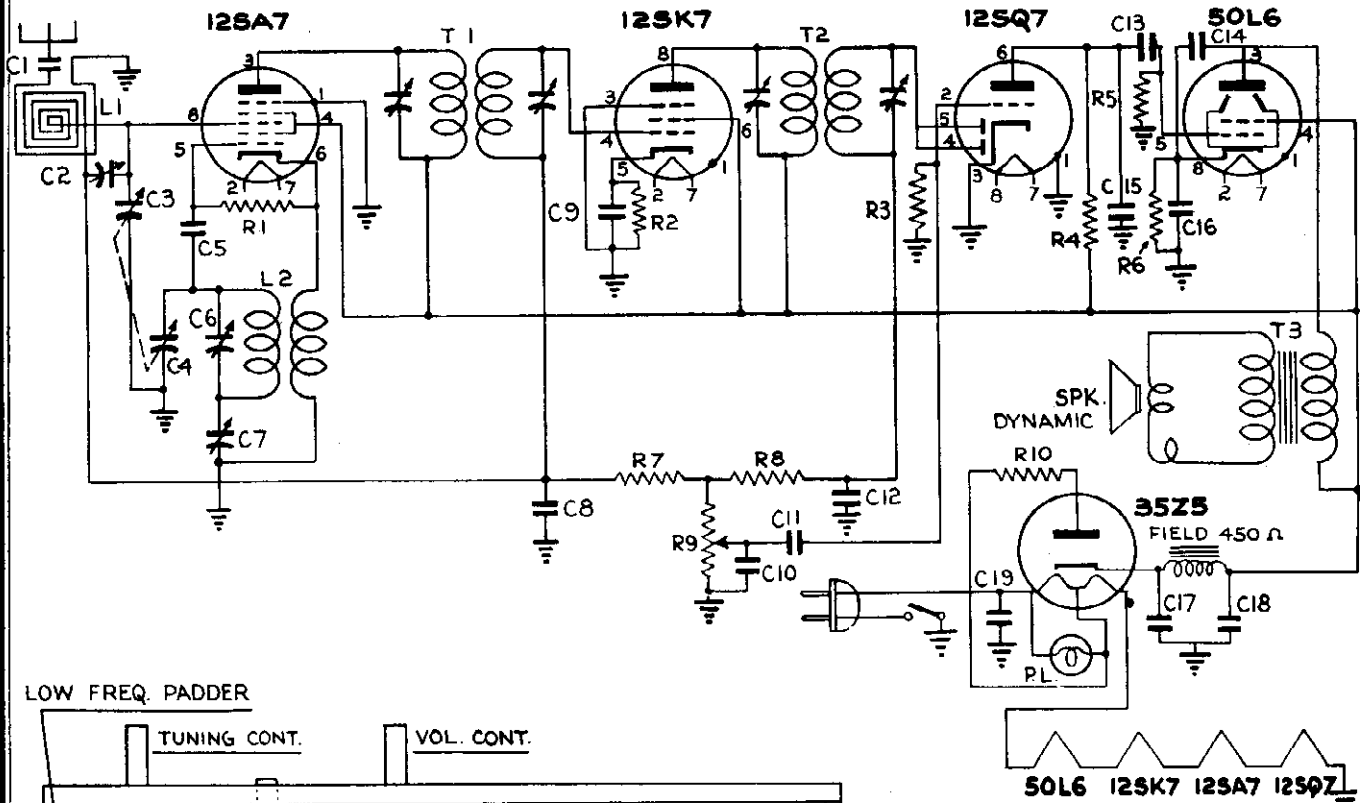
Connect the signal generator to the grid cap of the 1A7 GT Tube through a .1 MFD. Condenser. Connect the ground lead of the generator to the chassis. Adjust the signal generator to 455 K.C. and set the variable condenser of the receiver to minimum capacity (fully opened). With the volume control full on and minimum output from the signal generator adjust the two trimmers on top of the first and second I.F. transformers for maximum output.

Now connect the signal generator to the antenna connection of the receiver through a .00025 condenser. Adjust the signal generator frequency to 1725 K. C. and set the variable condenser to minimum capacity (fully opened), and adjust the oscillator trimmer (C1B) for maximum output. Set signal generator to 1500 K. C. and tune receiver to signal. Adjust the antenna trimmer (C1A) on the variable condenser for maximum output.



Code	Part No.	DESCRIPTION	Code	Part No.	DESCRIPTION
C1A	B19-1B5	Variable Condenser	R1	200 K Ohm 1/3 Watt Carbon Resistor	
C2		50 MMFD Mica Condenser (Part of L-1)	R2	50 K Ohm 1/3 Watt Carbon Resistor	
C3		1 MFD 200 V Tubular Condenser	R3	2 Megohm 1/3 Watt Carbon Resistor (Part of T-2)	
C4		1 MFD 200 V Tubular Condenser	R4	50 K Ohm 1/3 Watt Carbon Resistor (Part of T-2)	
C5		50 MMFD Mica Condenser	R5	5 Megohm 1/3 Watt Carbon Resistor	
C6		50 MMFD Mica Condenser	R6	500 K Ohm 1/3 Watt Carbon Resistor	
C7		4 MFD 400 V Electrolytic Condenser	R7	1 Megohm 1/3 Watt Carbon Resistor	
C8		4 MFD 150 V Tubular Condenser	R8	400 Ohm 1/3 Watt Carbon Resistor	
C9		4 MFD 100 V Tubular Condenser	R9	75 Ohm 1 Watt Resistor	
C10		250 MMFD Mica Condenser (Part of T-2)	P10		
C11		250 MMFD Mica Condenser			
C12		500 MMFD Mica Condenser			
C13		500 MMFD Mica Condenser			
L1	A10-414	Antenna Coil	L2	A10-415	Oscillator Coil
T1	B10-416	1st I.F. Transformer	T2	B10-417	2nd I.F. Transformer
T3	A80-218	Speaker Output Transformer	S1	A60-154	Battery Throttle Switch
	A24-155	Volume Control and Switch		B79-335	Speaker

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CODE	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
C1	5W1	.001 MFD. COND.
C2	8W1	TRIMMER - 30 MMFD.
C3	7WM1961	GANG CONDENSER - ANT.
C4	7WM1961	GANG COND. OSC. SECTION
C5	6W3	.0005 MFD. MICA COND.
C6	3W30	TRIMMER - OSC. - H.F.
C7	3W30	PADDER - OSC. - LOW FREQ.
C8	5W9	.03 MFD. 400V. TUBULAR
C9	5W9	.05 MFD. 400V. TUBULAR
C10	6W2	.00025 MFD. MICA COND.
C11	5W2	.005 MFD. 400V. TUBULAR
C12	6W2	.00025 MFD. MICA COND.
C13	5W21	.01 MFD. 600V. TUBULAR
C14	5W7	.02 MFD. 400V. TUBULAR
C15	6W2	.00025 MFD. MICA COND.
C16	19W2	20 MFD. 25V. ELECTROLYTIC
C17	19W2	30 MFD. 150V. ELECTROLYTIC
C18	19W2	20 MFD. 150V. ELECTROLYTIC
C19	5W13	.1 MFD. 400V. TUBULAR
R1	9W6	20,000 Ω - 1/4 WATT
R2	9W11	250 Ω - 1/4 WATT
R3	9W9	10 MEGOHM - 1/4 WATT
R4	9W5	200,000 Ω - 1/4 WATT
R5	9W3	500,000 Ω - 1/4 WATT
R6	9W2	150 Ω - 1/4 WATT
R7	9W8	2 MEGOHM - 1/4 WATT
R8	9W4	50,000 Ω - 1/4 WATT
R9	13W1	500,000 Ω - VOL. CONT.
R10	9W15	15 Ω - 1/4 WATT
T1	3W20	FIRST I.F.
T2	3W21	SECOND I.F.
T3	12W1	OUTPUT TRANS.
L1	3W31	LOOP
L2	3W30	OSC. COIL
SPK.	22W20	SPEAKER, DYNAMIC
P.L.	26W2	PILOT LT. 150 MILLS

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE
I.F. ALIGNMENT - SWING THE VARIABLE CONDENSER TO MINIMUM CAPACITY POSITION. FEED 455 K.C. SIGNAL TO GRID OF 12SA7 TUBE THRU .1 MFD CONDENSER AND ADJUST FOUR I.F. TRIMMERS FOR MAXIMUM RESPONSE.
R.F. ALIGNMENT - SET DIAL POINTER TO 1400 K.C. ON DIAL. SET SIGNAL GENERATOR TO 1400 K.C. FEEDING OUTPUT INTO STANDARD RADIATING LOOP. ADJUST HIGH FREQUENCY TRIMMER FOR MAXIMUM OUTPUT THEN ADJUST ANT. TRIMMER LOCATED ON RECEIVER LOOP FOR MAXIMUM OUTPUT.
 SET SIGNAL GENERATOR TO 600 K.C. AND WHILE ROCKING GANG, ADJUST LOW FREQUENCY TRIMMER FOR MAXIMUM OUTPUT. RETURN TO 1400 K.C. AND REPEAT HIGH FREQUENCY ADJUSTMENT.

WATTERSON RADIO MFG. COMPANY.
 DALLAS, TEXAS. ENGINEERING DEPT.

MODEL 4581

DESIGNED BY H.C.B.	DATE 11-15-45	CHECKED BY [Signature]	PRINT NO.	ISSUE
SCALE	VERIFIED BY [Signature]		4581	

MODEL 4582

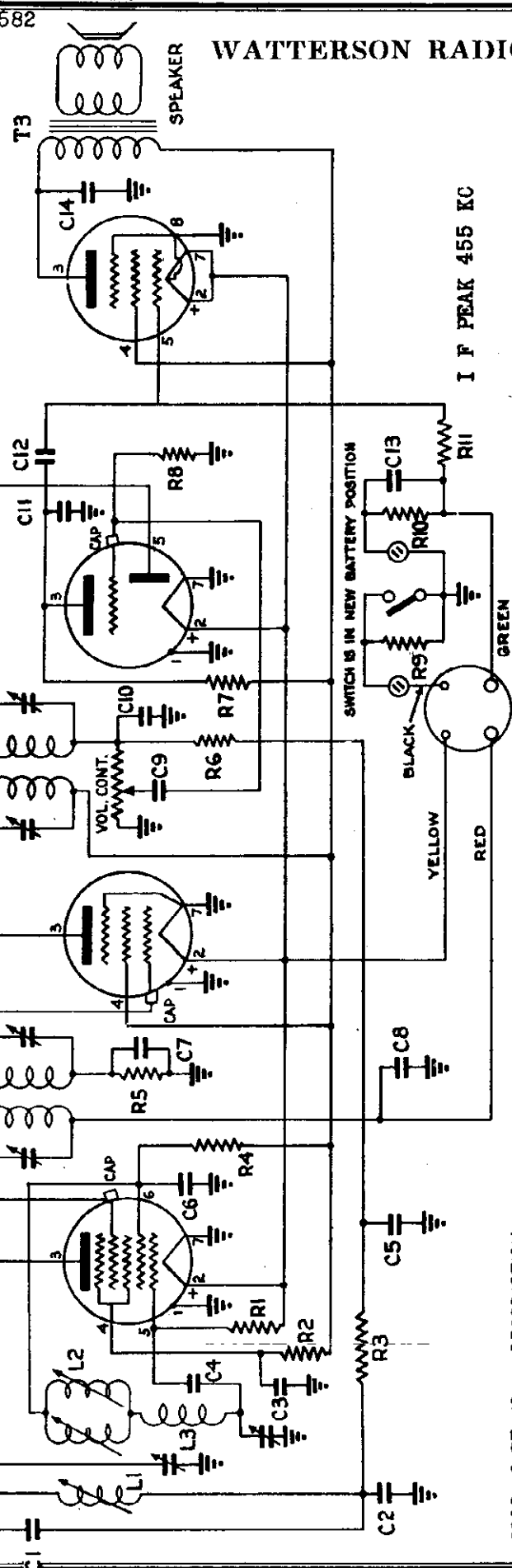
WATTERSON RADIO MFG. CO.

3Q5

1H5

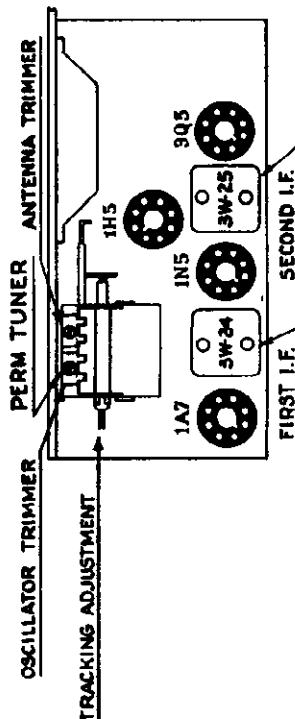
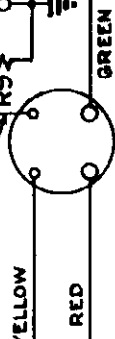
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1A7



I F PEAK 455 KC

SWITCH IS IN NEW BATTERY POSITION



CODE	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
C1	6W-4	.00005 MFD. MICA COND.
C2	6W-3	.0005 MFD. MICA COND.
C3	5W-13	.1 MFD. 400V. TUBULAR COND.
C4	5W-13	.00005 MFD. ON PERM TUNER
C5	5W-13	.1 MFD. 400V. TUBULAR COND.
C6	6W-2	.00025 MFD. MICA COND.
C7	5W-7	.02 MFD. 400V. TUBULAR COND.
C8	5W-50	.25 MFD. 400V. TUBULAR COND.
C9	5W-2	.005 MFD. 400V. TUBULAR COND.
C10	6W-2	.00025 MFD. MICA COND.
C11	6W-1	.0001 MFD. MICA COND.
C12	5W-6	.01 MFD. 400V. TUBULAR COND.
C13	19W-4	10. MFD. 25V. ELECTROLYTIC COND.
C14	5W-3	.002 MFD. 400V. TUBULAR COND.
L1	L2-L3, 4W-1	PERM TUNER
L2	13W-2	VOL. CONTROL
L3	22W-10B	SPEAKER
R1	9W-5	200,000 Ω - 1/4 WATT
R2	9W-4	50,000 Ω - 1/4 WATT
R3	9W-28	100,000 Ω - 1/4 WATT
R4	9W-6	20,000 Ω - 1/4 WATT
R5	9W-10	1 MEGOHM - 1/4 WATT
R6	9W-10	1 MEGOHM - 1/4 WATT
R7	9W-10	1 MEGOHM - 1/4 WATT
R8	9W-9	10 MEGOHM - 1/4 WATT
R9	9W-12	3/4 OHM - 1/4 WATT
R10	9W-13	750 Ω - 1/4 WATT
R11	9W-8	2 MEGOHM - 1/4 WATT
T1	3W-24	I.F. TRANSFORMER
T2	3W-25	I.F. TRANSFORMER
T3	12W-2	OUTPUT TRANSFORMER

WATTERSON RADIO MFG. CO., DALLAS, TEXAS
ENGINEERING DEPT.

MODEL 4582

NONENCLOSURE

DRAWN BY H.C.P. 8-21-46

CHECKED BY PART NO. 1844

SCALE 1/8" = 1"

APPROVED BY 3W-8

THIS IS A PRELIMINARY DRAWING AND SHOULD NOT BE USED FOR FABRICATING PARTS WITHOUT THE APPROVAL OF THE ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT.

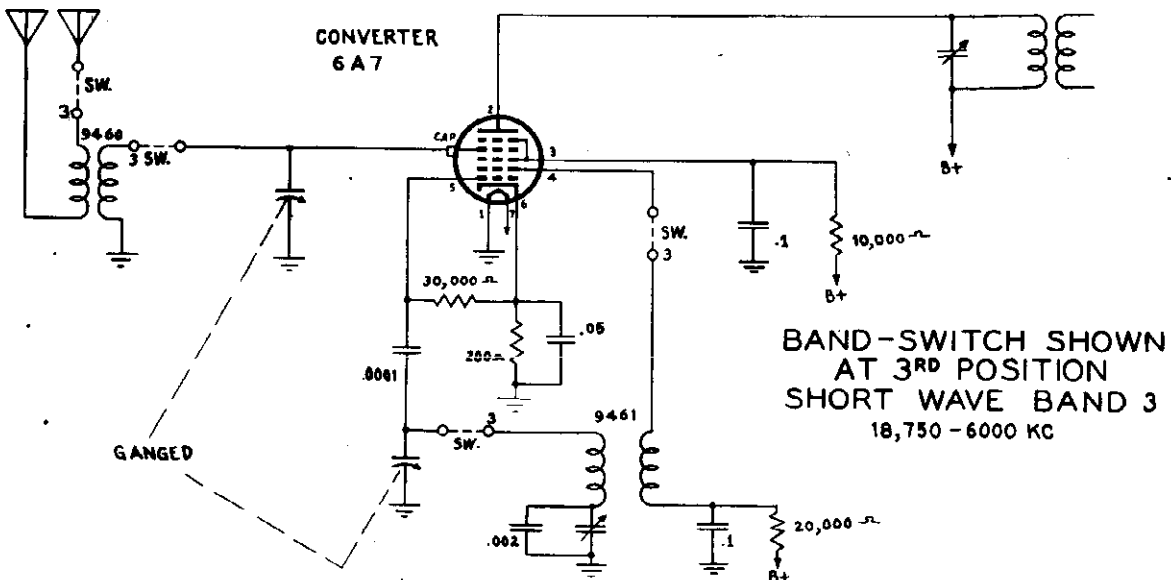
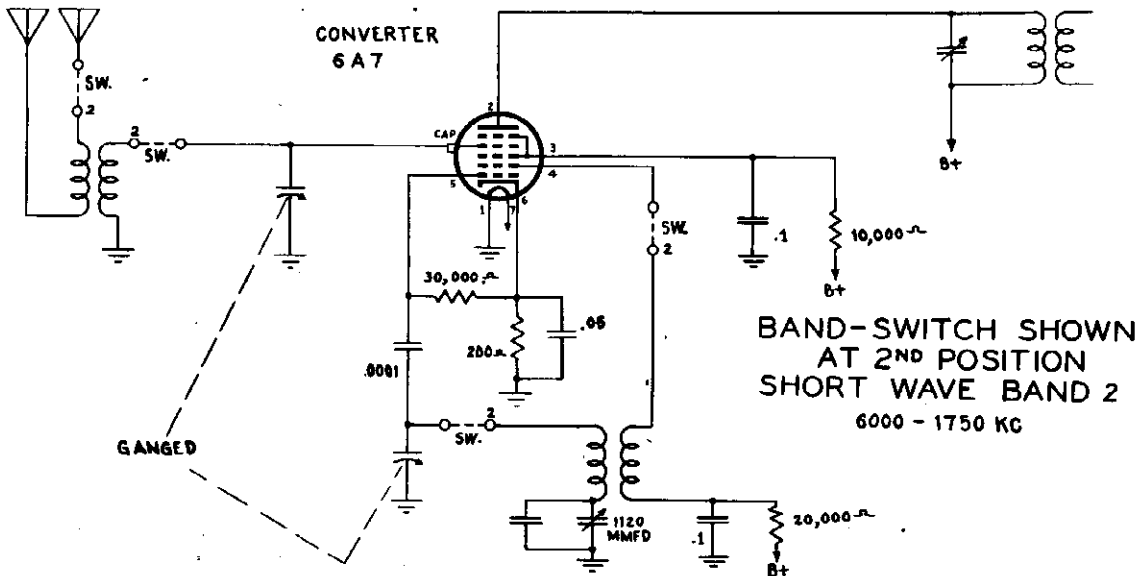
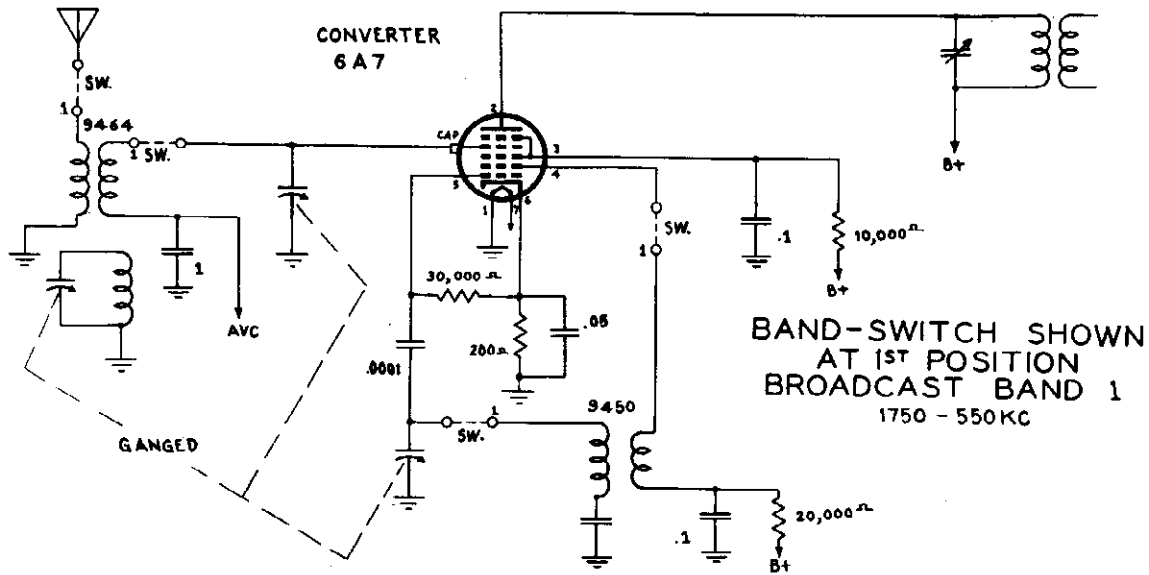
ALL DIMENSIONS ARE UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED IN MILLIMETERS OR INCHES.

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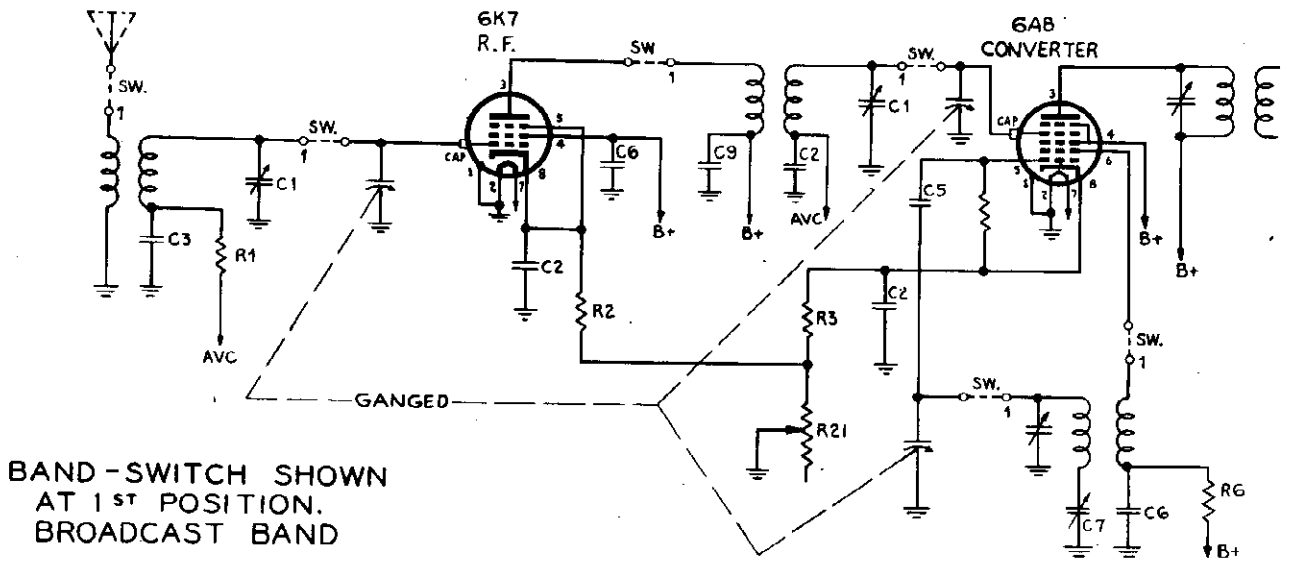
ALL DIMENSIONS ARE UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED IN MILLIMETERS OR INCHES.

"clarified schematics"

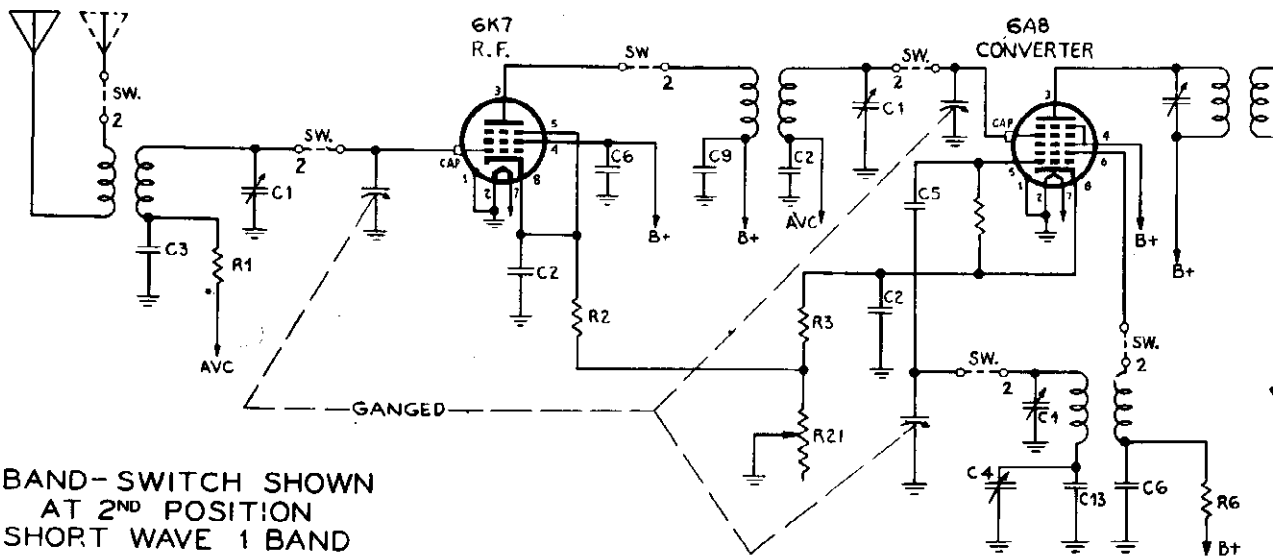
WESTERN AIR PATROL



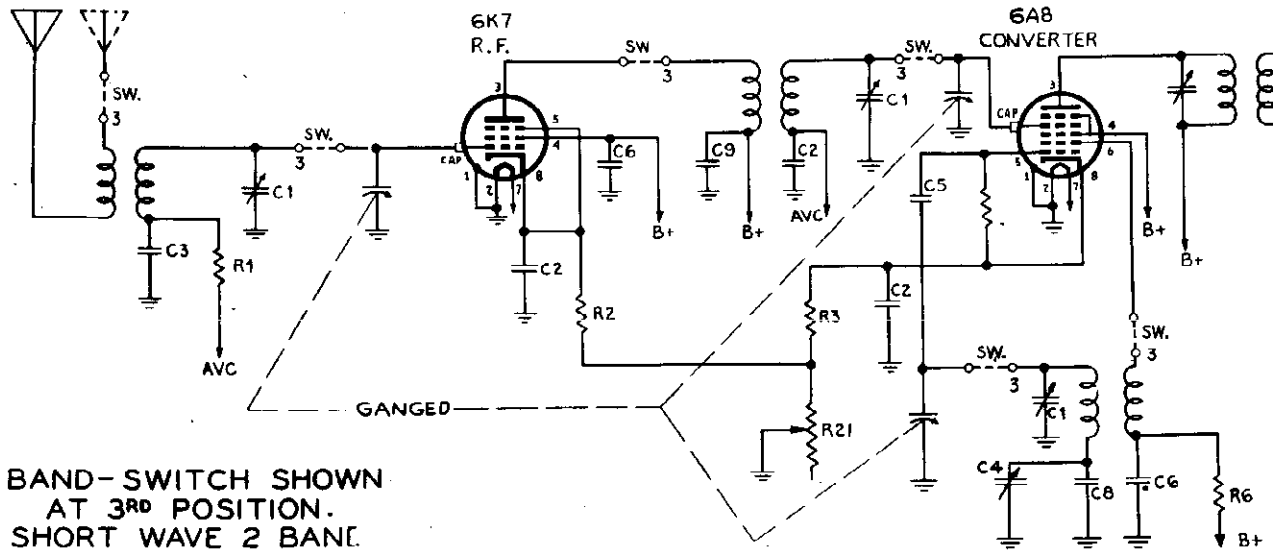
WESTERN AIR PATROL



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN AT 1ST POSITION. BROADCAST BAND



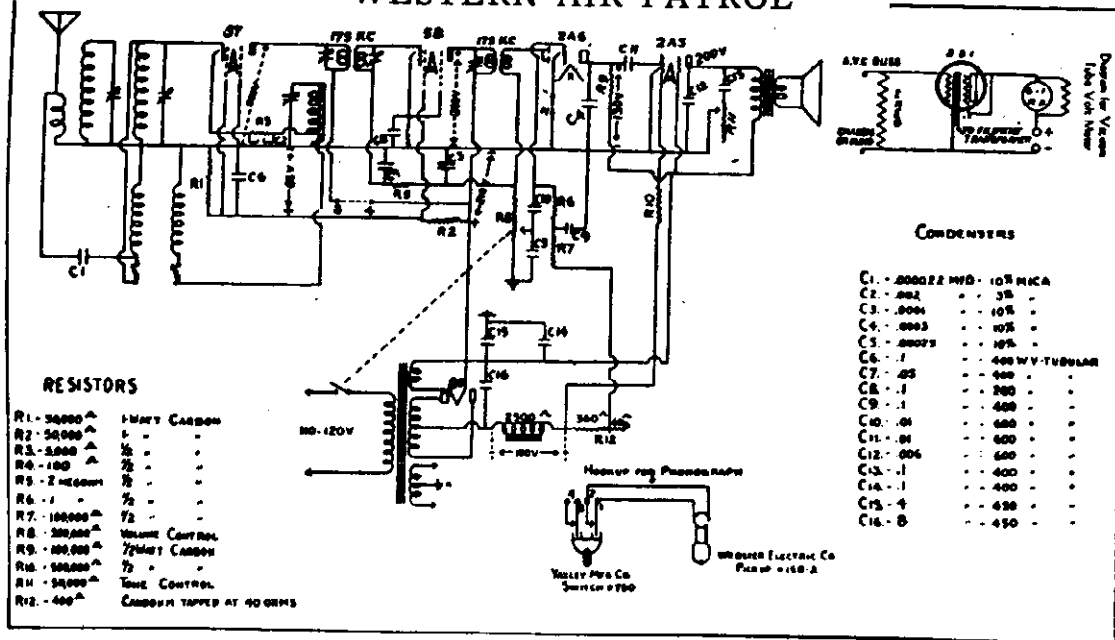
BAND-SWITCH SHOWN AT 2ND POSITION. SHORT WAVE 1 BAND



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN AT 3RD POSITION. SHORT WAVE 2 BAND

MODEL 5-Tube
Super, '34-'35

WESTERN AIR PATROL



SERVICE DATA, FIVE TUBE SUPER-HETERODYNE, 1934-1935

All models have automatic volume control of the diode type, controlling the first detector as well as the high frequency amplifier tubes. This A.V.C. makes it impossible to service and rebalance without a meter of the type to be described. This meter will work on any make or type of A.V.C., provided care is used. It can not be damaged by improper connection of the leads.

PARTS REQUIRED FOR VACUUM TUBE VOLT METER

- 1—O to 1 or 0 to 1.5 milliammeter.
 - 1—Ball ringing transformer with secondary of 6-10 volts.
 - 1—5 prong socket.
 - 1—551 tube.
 - 1—2 megohm grid leak.
 - 1—10 ohm rheostat.
 - 1—45 volt B battery.
- Clips, Box, Cord, Hookup Wire.

USING VACUUM TUBE VOLT METER

The cathode clip is connected to the cathodes of the tubes controlled by the A.V.C. The buss clip is connected to the A.V.C. buss in front of the isolating resistor. Adjust rheostat shunt until meter shows full scale reading. All balancing is done with maximum peak indicated by the meter swing toward O. Sensitivity of various receivers can be checked by the swing of meter from a known station. Short Wave fading can be seen by tuning in the station with meter connected to set.

REBALANCING

Do not rebalance a set until you are sure it requires it. 99 per cent of the sets do not need it. We do not find one case in one hundred that really should be rebalanced.

INTERMEDIATES

Connect a 175 K.C. oscillator to the first detector grid (No. 57 tube) leaving grid cap in place. Set dial at 1400 K.C. Hook up vacuum tube volt meter as described and carefully adjust 3 screws on top of intermediates for maximum gain (minimum reading of meter). Don't flat top any stages. Have all shields in place. Keep volume control at lowest level.

CONDENSER GANG

Set dial at 1400 K.C. when gang is at minimum position and tighten dial set screws. Tune in a station (or use an oscillator) to a known frequency signal around 1400 K.C. Carefully adjust oscillator section of gang until frequency is correct on dial.

If the intermediates are balanced on 175 K.C., the dial will now track within 5 K.C. over the entire dial.

Adjust first detector section for maximum gain and follow by adjusting band pass trimmers.

Don't bend any condenser plates unless absolutely necessary.

OVERLOADING—OR POOR QUALITY AT LOW VOLUME

The chief cause of this trouble is too long an antenna. A powerful local station will cause the H. F. tubes to block. Check this by disconnecting the antenna on the station causing the trouble. If too close to a powerful station, installing a switch in the aerial circuit helps this. In rare cases the set seems to overload and the A.V.C. works too quickly on all stations.

Check the following:

Disconnect 2 meg. resistor from A.V.C. buss at tie point. Have all tubes cold. Use high voltage, high resistance ohmmeter capable of reading 25 megohms and test from ground to A.V.C. buss for leakage. After condensers have charged, no leakage should be shown. This must read around 100 megohms to ground.

If slight leakage is observed, disconnect bypass condensers from buss until defective one is found. Sometimes moisture is found on coil terminals. Scrape this clear.

NOISY OPERATION (Not Static)

A defective tube will cause a sharp 60 cycle R.F. pickup. This is most prominent on low frequency. Replace with a good tube.

In many cases it is found that the noise cannot be eliminated by servicing the receiver. Noise may enter into the light lines or via the antenna. The only way to check the source is to turn off one after another all electrical apparatus in the vicinity of the set.

There is no freak or trick antenna that will eliminate natural static.

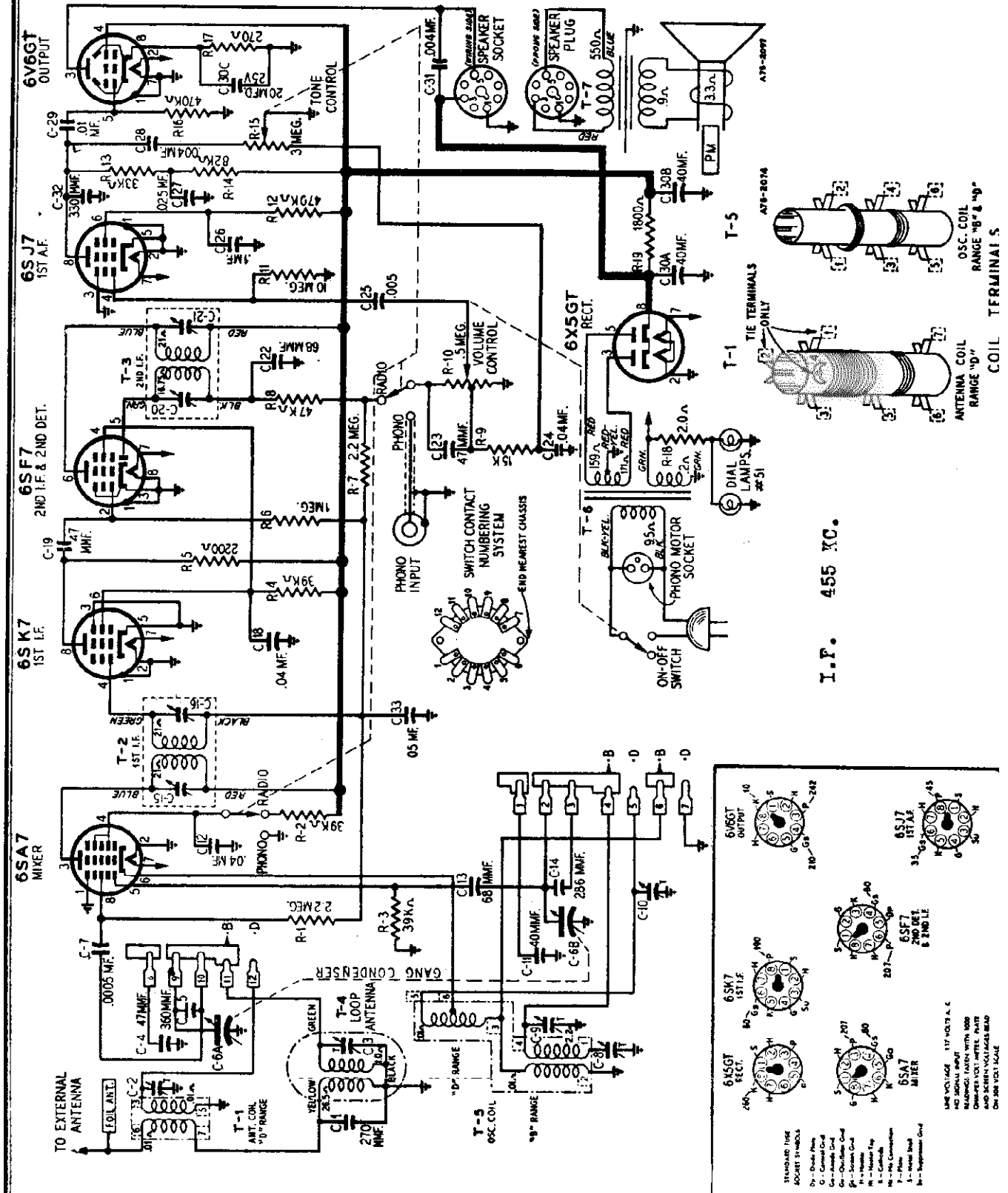
GENERAL

All resistors, bypass condensers and filter units are marked.

Voltages are shown at tube socket on diagram.

99 per cent of trouble in a chassis is caused by defective tubes, check them carefully.

WESTERN AUTO SUPPLY CO.



WESTERN AUTO SUPPLY CO. REPLACEMENT PARTS LIST

NOTICE: There is a power rating label on the chassis. This label specifies the power supply on which the radio may be used, and identifies the radio as to chassis, dial and issue letter. When ordering parts or writing, give ALL information appearing on this label.

RESISTORS

885225	R-1, R-7	2.2 megohms	0.5 W	Carbon
C84393	R-2, R-4	39 K ohms	1.0 W	Carbon
884393	R-3	39 K ohms	0.5 W	Carbon
884222	R-5	2200 ohms	0.5 W	Carbon
885105	R-6	1 megohm	0.5 W	Carbon
885473	R-8	47 K ohms	0.5 W	Carbon
884153	R-9	15 K ohms	0.5 W	Carbon
36X358	R-10	.5 megohm	Volume control and line switch	
885106	R-11	10 megohms	0.5 W	Carbon
885474	R-12, R-16	470 K ohms	0.5 W	Carbon
884333	R-13	33 K ohms	0.5 W	Carbon
884823	R-14	82 K ohms	0.5 W	Carbon
40X276	R-15	3.0 megohms	Tone control & Radio-Phono switch	
C84271	R-17	270 ohms	1.0 W	Carbon
43X213	R-18	2.0 ohms	0.5 W	Wire wound
D84182	R-19	1800 ohms	2.0 W	Carbon

MISCELLANEOUS

12A436	8" P.M. Speaker Complete with Output Transformer.....
	Cone and Voice Coil Assembly (Specify part number and letters stamped on speaker).....
	Output Transformer (Specify part number and letters stamped on speaker).....
3A303	Tube socket-octal (8 prong) moulded.....
3A304	Phono motor socket.....
3A305	Phono socket-single pin tip.....
10A467	Knob (Tuning).....
10A468	Knob (Off-On, Volume).....
10A529	Knob (Tone, Radio-Phono).....
10A469	Knob (SW-BC).....
2A359	Band Change Switch.....
13X328	Line cord and plug assembly.....
9A1229	Counterpoise antenna.....

TRANSFORMERS AND COILS

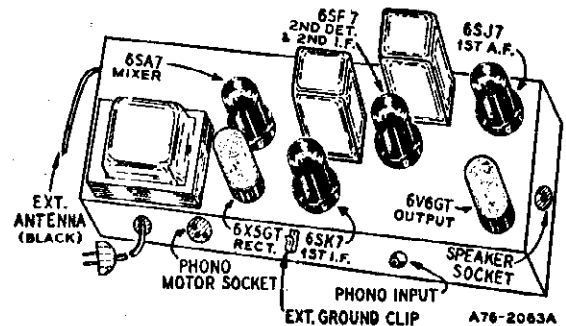
T-1	9A1812	"D" Range Antenna Coil Assembly.....
T-2	9A1814	1st I.F. Coil Assembly.....
T-3	9A1815	2nd I.F. Coil Assembly.....
T-4	9A1821	"B" Range Loop Antenna.....
T-5	9A1813	"B" Range and "D" Range Oscillator Coil Assembly.....
T-6	53X282	117 Volt 60 Cycle Standard Power Transformer.....
T-6	53X283	117 Volt 25 Cycle Standard Power Transformer.....
T-6	53X284	117-234 Volt, 40-60 Cycle Universal Power Transformer.....

CAPACITORS

C-1	47X445	270 mmf	Moulded
C-2	17A164	5-50 mmf	Trimmer
C-3	17A235	2-12 mmf	Trimmer
C-4	47X473	47 mmf	Silvered mica
C-5	47X474	360 mmf	Silvered mica
C-6A, C-6B	14A184	Gang Condenser with drive pulley	
C-7	866501	.0005 mf 200 V	Tubular
C-8	17A157	440-490 mmf	Trimmer
C-9, C-10	17A109	2.5-35 mmf	Dual Trimmer Condenser
C-11	47X472	40 mmf	Silvered mica
C-12, C-18	D66403	.04 mf 400 V	Tubular
C-13	47X466	68 mmf	Moulded
C-14	47X481	286 mmf	Silvered mica
C-15, C-16	Part of T-2	(1st I.F. Coil Assem.)	
C-19, C-23	47X463	47 mmf	Moulded
C-20, C-21	Part of T-3	(2nd I.F. Coil Assem.)	
C-22	47X471	68 mmf	Moulded
C-24	D64403	.04 mf 400 V	Tubular
C-25	D66502	.005 mf 400 V	Tubular
C-26	D66104	.10 mf 400 V	Tubular
C-27	D64253	.025 mf 400 V	Tubular
C-28, C-31	D66402	.004 mf 400 V	Tubular
C-29	D66103	.01 mf 400 V	Tubular
C-30A	45X346	40 mf 450 V	3 Section Electrolytic.....
C-30B		40 mf 450 V	
C-30C		20 mf 25 V	
C-32	47X470	330mmf	Moulded
C-33	866503	.05 mf 200 V	Tubular

DIAL AND DRIVE ASSEMBLY

6X21	Rubber Grommet	} Mtg. Gang Condenser {
20X329	Cond. Cushion Stud	
57X176	Mounting Plate	
25X1488	Idler Bracket	
25X1489	Pulley Bracket (right)	
25X1490	Pulley Bracket (left)	
24X360	Idler Pulley	
26X485	Drive Shaft	
19X192	"C" Washer (for drive shaft)	
25X1491	Painter Bracket	
15X229	Pointer	
	50" Drive Cord (18 lb. test)	
28X113	Tension Spring (Drive cord)	
30X517	Dial clamp	
4X915	Escutcheon, Dial (Right)	
4X916	Escutcheon, Dial (Left)	
4X931	Escutcheon Insert	
58X613	Dial Glass	
7A200	Pilot light socket assembly	
	No. 51 Pilot light	



SPECIFICATIONS

Power Consumption (at 117 Volts AC).....	40 Watts (normal) 65 Watts (phono operating)	Speaker.....	8" PM Dynamic
Power Output.....	4 Watts, Maximum 2.3 Watts, 10% Harmonics	Intermediate Frequency.....	455 KC
Tuning Frequency Range		Selectivity.....	40 KC Broad at 100 Times Signal
B Range	540-1600 Kilocycles	Sensitivity (For 0.5 Watt Output, with External Antenna)	
D Range	9-15.6 Megacycles	B Range.....	9 Microvolts Avero
		D Range.....	20 Microvolts Avero

MODEL D1645

MODELS D2610, D2611

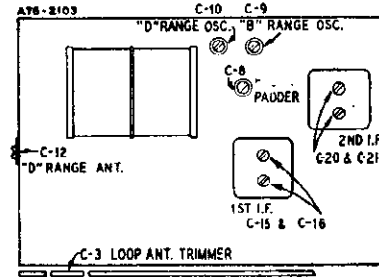
WESTERN AUTO SUPPLY CO.

MODEL D1645

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

Volume Control—Maximum All Adjustments. The following equipment is required for aligning: An All Wave Signal Generator which will provide an accurately calibrated signal at the test frequencies as listed. Output Indicating Meter—Non-Metallic Screwdriver. Dummy Antennas—.1 mf., 100 mmf., and 400 ohms.

SIGNAL GENERATOR		DUMMY ANTENNA		CONDENSER SETTING		ADJUST TRIMMERS TO MAXIMUM	
FREQUENCY SETTING	CONNECTION AT RADIO	DUMMY ANTENNA	SIGNAL SWITCH SETTING	CONDENSER SETTING	ADJUST TRIMMERS TO MAXIMUM		
I.F.	455 KC	Grid of 6SA7 Pin 8	.1 mf.	B Range	Turn Rotor to Full Open		
RANGE B	1620 KC	Antenna Lead	100 mmf.	B Range	Turn Rotor to Full Open		
	1400 KC	Antenna Lead	100 mmf.	B Range	Tune Rotor to Max. Output		
	600 KC	Antenna Lead	100 mmf.	B Range	Tune Rotor to Max. Output		
Repeat above steps at 1620 and 600 KC until readjusting the oscillator Range B Trimmer (C8) causes no further improvement of output.							
RANGE D	15,600 KC	Antenna Lead	400 Ohm	D Range	Turn Rotor to Full Open		
	15,600 KC	Antenna Lead	400 Ohm	D Range	Turn Rotor to Full Open		
Reassemble chassis in cabinet.							
LOOP RANGE B	1400 KC	Antenna Lead	100 mmf.	B Range	Tune Rotor to Max. Output		



NOTE A—Set pointer at the 1400 KC mark on the dial scale. Attach pointer to drive cord.

NOTE B—Turn rotor back and forth and adjust the trimmer until peak of greatest intensity is obtained.

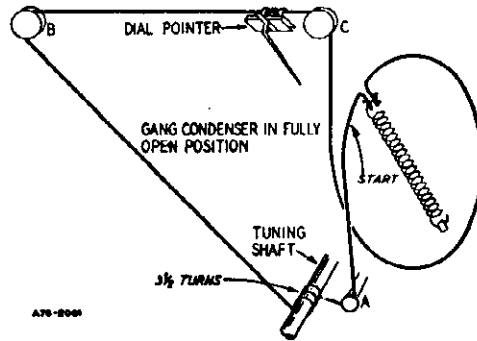
Before removing the chassis from the cabinet it will be necessary to detach the dial pointer from the dial string. To do this, spread the tabs on the pointer and pull the dial string off the pointer.

The dial lamp socket assemblies may be disengaged from the cabinet mounting by squeezing together and pulling away from the cabinet mounting, the spring bracket to which the dial lamp socket is mounted. Take care not to bend or damage the large drive pulley on the gang condenser while doing this.

When replacing the chassis in the cabinet it will be necessary to tune in a station of a known frequency and move the dial pointer until that frequency is indicated on the dial and then attach the pointer to the dial string. Take care not to scuff or cut the dial string or bend the pointer during this operation.

DRIVE CORD REPLACEMENT

The drive cord should be replaced as shown on the accompanying illustration using a 50" drive cord for the purpose. After the cord has been installed, stretch the tension spring and tie the free end of the cord to it, then cut off any excess string that may remain.



MODELS D2610, D2611

REPLACEMENT PARTS LIST

When ordering parts mention part number, model number, and series

Schematic Diagram Symbol	Part No.	Description
CONDENSERS		
C1		See "Antenna plate" under "Miscellaneous"
C2, C8	12912	.00025 mfd., mica, 20%
C3, C6	124150	Dual trimmer, antenna and oscillator
C4	12938	.00005 mfd., mica, 10%
C5	1001	.1 mfd., 400 volts, +50%-10%
C7	1009	.05 mfd., 200 volts, 25%
C9	10025	.002 mfd., 600 volts, 25%
C10	10091	.15 mfd., 400 volts, 25%
C11	129160	.0004 mfd., mica, 20%
C12	10078	.01 mfd., 200 volts, 25%
C13, C14	11992	Electrolytic, for 60-cycle sets, 20 mfd. x 150 volts, 40 mfd. x 150 volts
or C13, C14	11993	Electrolytic, for 25-cycle sets, 60 mfd. x 150 volts, 80 mfd. x 150 volts
C16	10011	.01 mfd., 400 volts, 25%
RESISTORS		
R1	A-9B1-78	22,000 ohms, 10%, 1/2 watt
R2	A-9B1-3	22 ohms, 20%, 1/2 watt
R3	A-9B1-34	3.3 megohms, 20%, 1/2 watt
R4	101230	Volume control, 500,000 ohms
R5, R7	A-9B1-88	150,000 ohms, 10%, 1/2 watt
R6	A-9B1-35	4.7 megohms, 20%, 1/2 watt
R8	A-9B1-28	230,000 ohms, 20%, 1/2 watt
R9	A-9B1-62	150 ohms, 10%, 1/2 watt
R10	A-9B2-64	1500 ohms, 10%, 1 watt
R11	A-9B1-50	100 ohms, 10%, 1/2 watt
SPEAKER		
T6	114213	1-inch P.M. speaker (less output transformer)
T5	105117	Output transformer for speaker
COILS		
T1, T2	112827	Tuning assembly, complete (consists of antenna and oscillator coils)
T3	108157J	Input I.F. coil, complete in can
T4	108157K	Output I.F. coil, complete in can

*The values of all resistors listed above are based on RMA standards. Due to conditions beyond our control some receivers have been shipped with resistors of pre-standardized values. This receiver will operate equally well with resistors of either group. An illustration of the difference follows:
Pre-standardized value—50,000 ohms, ±10%, 1/3 watt
RMA value—47,000 ohms, ±10%, 1/2 watt

NOTE ON TUBE REPLACEMENT

Replace a defective metal 12SK7 tube with another metal tube. Replace a glass 12SK7 tube with either a metal tube or with an exact duplicate of the tube now in the set.

DIAL PARTS

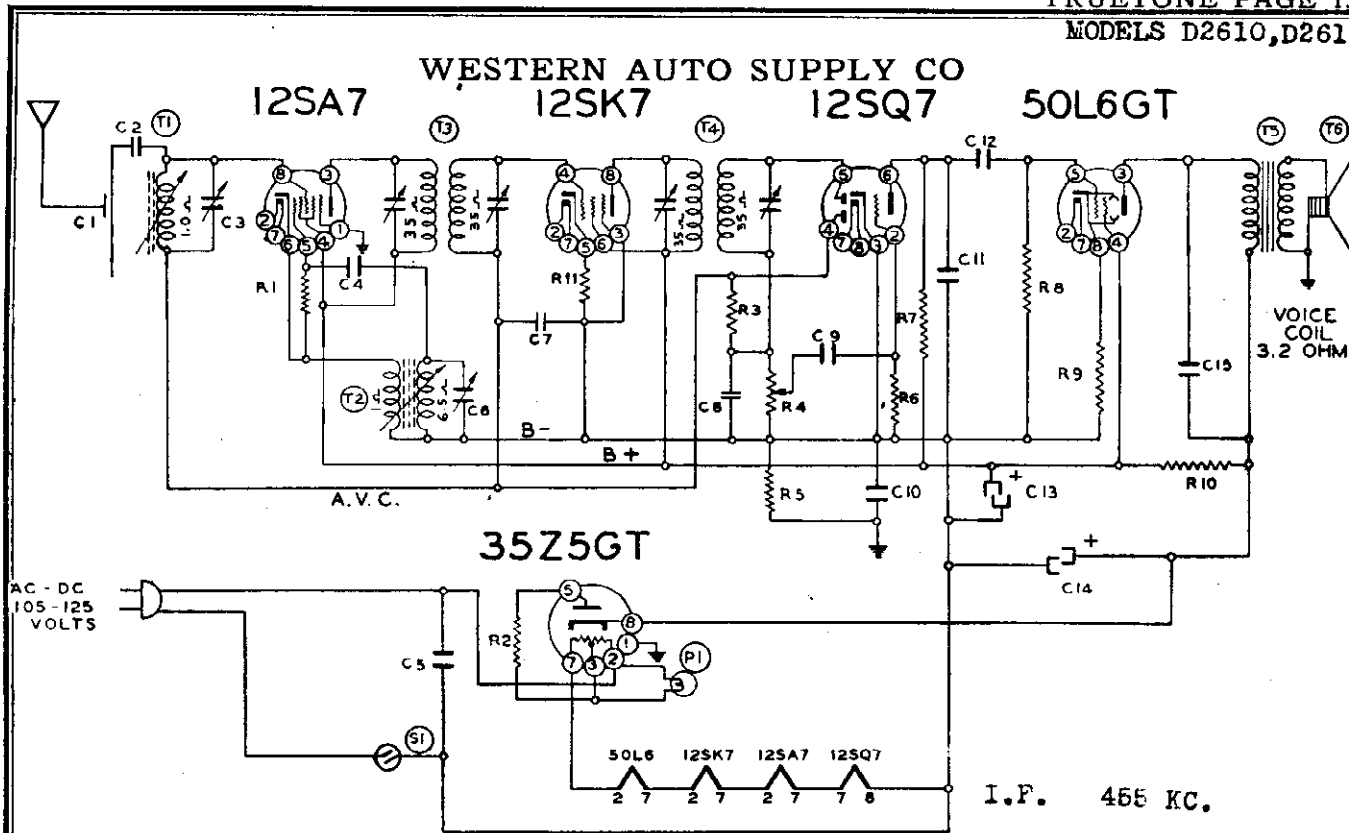
112822	Dial scale
112824	Crystal for dial scale
A-2M-7758	Cinch buttons
112825	Pointer
120184	Coiled tension spring for dial string
1209	Dial string
117809	Shaft for pointer
115647	Bracket for dial
115648	Support for dial bracket
117808	Drive shaft
115594	Drive bracket

MISCELLANEOUS

121210	Octal socket, molded	
121216	Socket base for filter condenser, bakelite	
10798	Line cord and plug	
R4, S1	Volume control and switch (500,000 ohms)	
101230		
I1	107249	Pilot light bulb, 6-8 volts, type T-17
	107344	Socket assembly for pilot light
	13220	Chassis mounting screws, No. 6-32 x 3/8"
	131193	Cinch buttons, for mounting antenna plate
C1	115649	Antenna plate, walnut (includes washer condenser)
C1	115649B	Antenna plate, ivory (includes washer condenser)
	128501-36	Cabinet, bakelite, walnut
	128501-9	Cabinet, bakelite, ivory
	128499-36	Knob, bakelite, walnut
	128499-9	Knob, bakelite, ivory

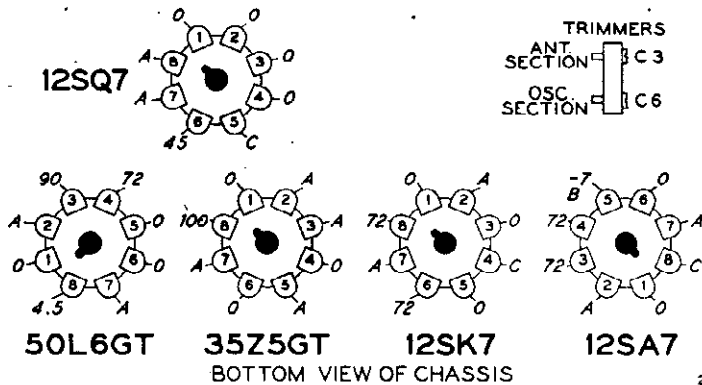
We cannot supply speaker cones or fields separately. We can replace or repair a damaged speaker if it is returned to our factory, transportation charges prepaid.

WESTERN AUTO SUPPLY COMPANY



NOTES - VOLTAGES MEASURED WITH A 1000-OHM-PER-VOLT VOLTMETER BETWEEN SOCKET TERMINALS AND NEGATIVE B SUPPLY.
 A - CANNOT BE MEASURED WITH VOLTMETER.
 B - OSCILLATOR VOLTAGE MEASURED WITH R.F. CHOKE IN SERIES WITH VOLTMETER LEAD.
 C - DIODE VOLTAGE, LESS THAN ONE VOLT NEGATIVE, CANNOT BE MEASURED ACCURATELY.

Voltages at tube sockets

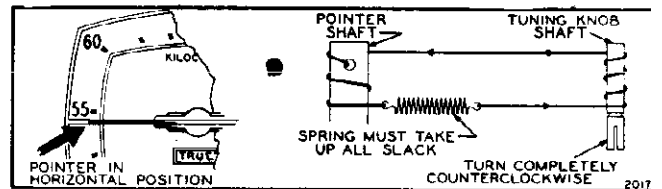


Technical Data

Tuning Range	535 to 1720 kc.
Intermediate Freq.	455 kc.
Power Consumption	35 watts
Sensitivity (for 0.05 watt output)	60 microvolts average
Selectivity	80 kc. at 1000 time signal at 1000 k
Power Output (in voice coil)	
Undistorted	0.8 watt
Maximum	1.2 watt

REPLACING DIAL STRING (See Illustration)

1. Rotate the tuning shaft to its extreme counterclockwise position (rotors completely closed).
2. Tie one end of the string to the tension spring. Wind the string around the pointer shaft, passing it through the hole, and around the tuning knob shaft as shown. The direction of winding and the number of turns must be exactly as illustrated. **IMPORTANT:** When the installation is complete, and when the condenser rotors are closed, the spring should be close to the pointer shaft.
3. Tie the other end of the string to the spring, first stretching the spring so that it will take up all slack.
4. Remove the crystal covering the face of the dial. Rotate the pointer, against the friction of the shaft, until it is in a horizontal position, as illustrated.



Dial string replacement

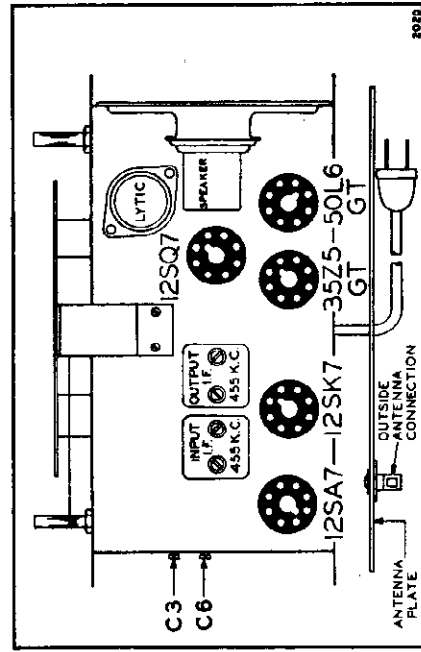
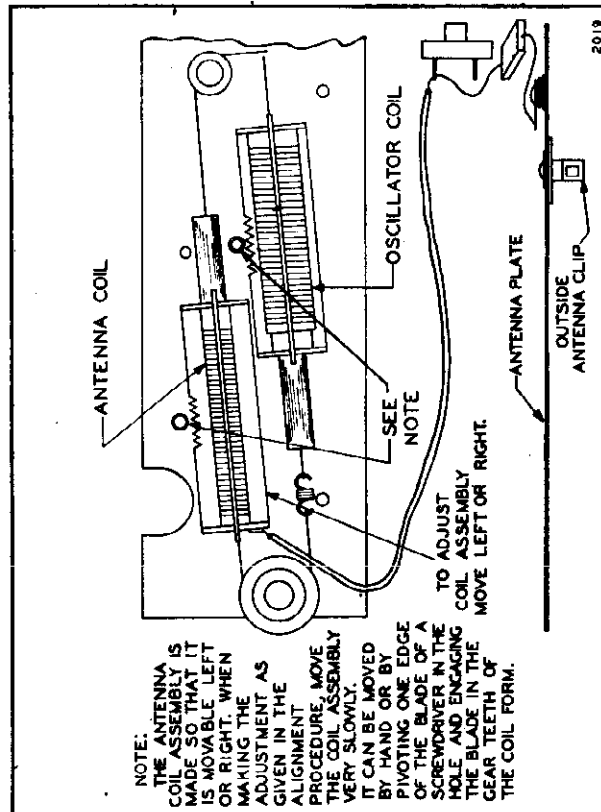
WESTERN AUTO SUPPLY CO.

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

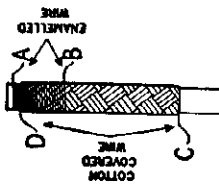
- No aligning adjustments should be attempted until all other possible causes of trouble have been checked.
- Turn volume control to maximum for all adjustments.
- Connect ground post of signal generator to B- of radio through a 0.1 mfd. condenser.
- Connect dummy antenna value in series with generator output lead.
- Connect output meter across primary of output transformer.

Band	Signal Generator Frequency Setting	Dummy Antenna	Connection to Radio	Position of Iron Cores (Dial Setting)	Trimmers Adjusted (in order shown)	Adjustment
I.F.	455 Kc.	.1 mfd.	Grid of 12SA7	All the way out	Two trimmers on top of output I.F. can	Adjust for maximum output
	455 Kc.	.1 mfd.	Grid of 12SA7	All the way out	Two trimmers on top of input I.F. can	Adjust for maximum output
	1720 Kc.	.1 mfd.	Grid of 12SA7	All the way out	Oscillator trimmer C6 (see chassis view, page 2)	Adjust for maximum output
	1720 Kc.	200 mmf.	Outside Antenna Clip	All the way out	Antenna trimmer C3 (see chassis view, page 2)	Adjust for maximum output
BROADCAST	1400 Kc.	200 mmf.	Outside Antenna Clip	Turn dial to 1400 Kc.	Adjust position of antenna coil	Adjust for maximum output (see coil view below)
	1720 Kc.	200 mmf.	Outside Antenna Clip	Turn dial to 1720 Kc.	Antenna trimmer C3 (see chassis view, page 2)	Check for tracking (see note below)

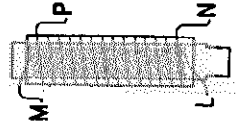
NOTE: After the antenna coil has been tracked at 1400 Kc. it is necessary to check the adjustment of antenna trimmer C3 again at 1720 Kc. If no appreciable change in trimmer adjustment is necessary, the coil is in track. If the trimmer requires considerable adjustment, it will be necessary again



WESTERN AUTO SUPPLY CO.

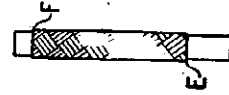


ANTENNA COUPLING COIL 504210



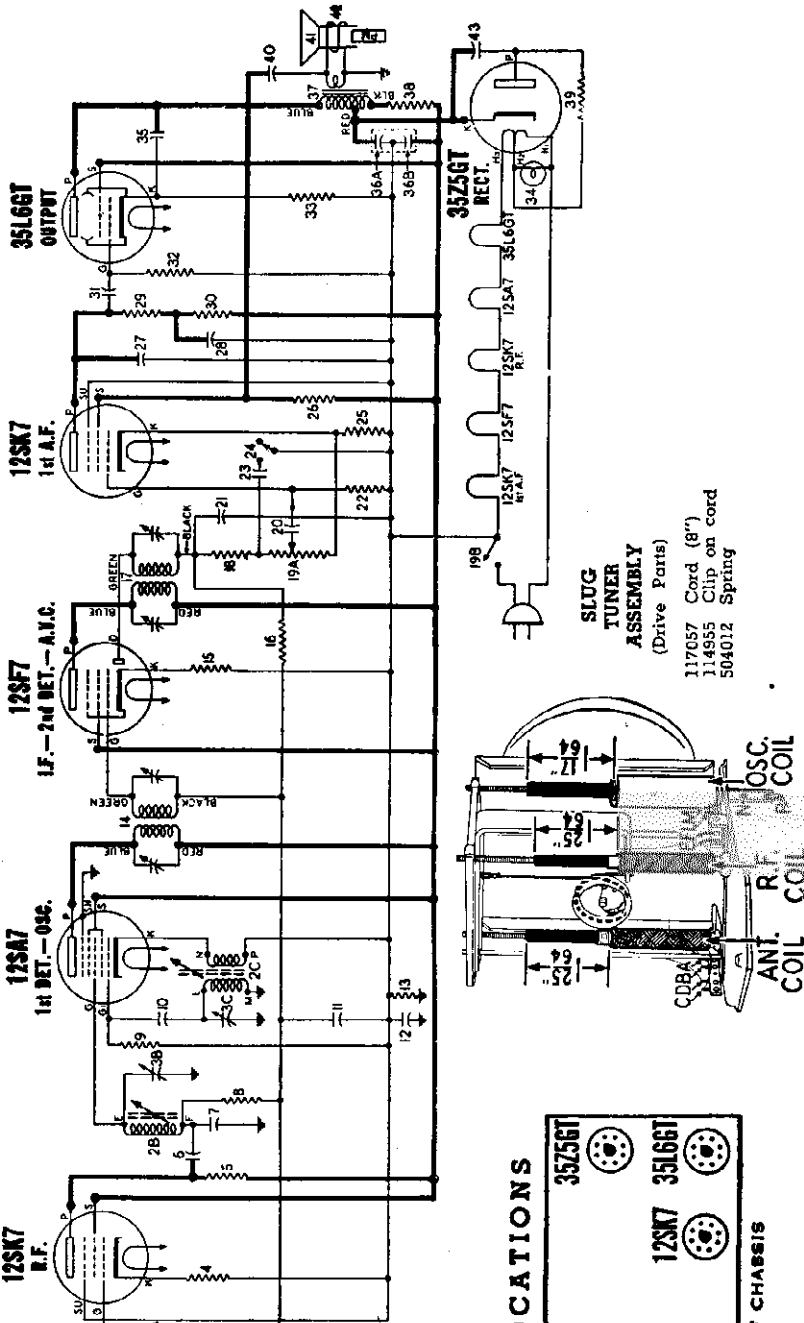
OSCILLATOR COIL 504212

SLUG CORES FOR COILS ANT.—504211 R.F.—504215 OSC.—504213



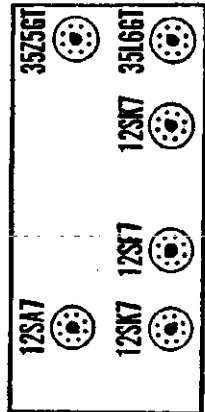
R.F. COIL 504214

Lettered terminals in illustrations correspond to similarly lettered terminals on the circuit diagram.

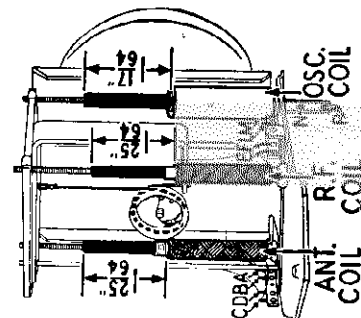


I.F. 455 KC.

TUBE LOCATIONS



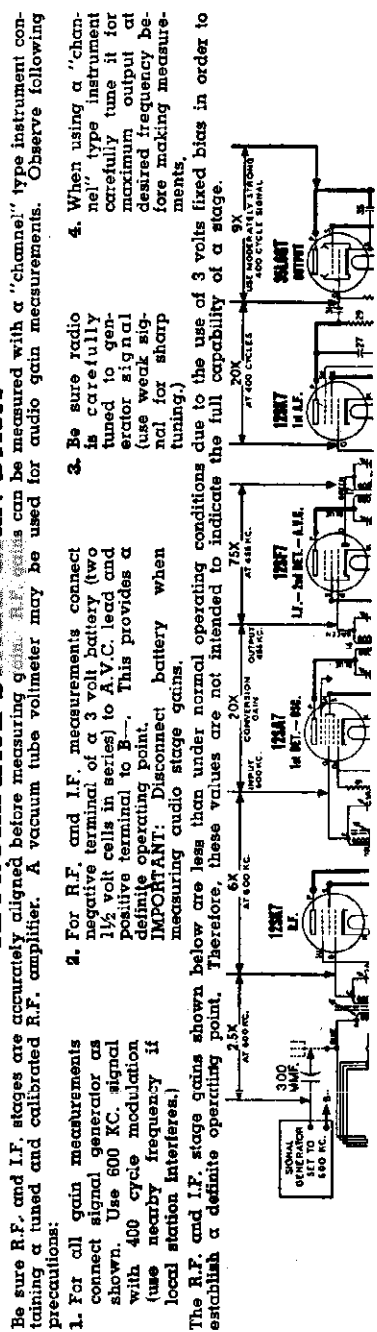
REAR OF CHASSIS



SLUG TUNER ASSEMBLY (Drive Parts)

- 117657 Cord (8")
- 114855 Clip on cord
- 504012 Spring

APPROXIMATE STAGE GAIN DATA



Be sure R.F. and I.F. stages are accurately aligned before measuring gain. R.F. gains can be measured with a "channel" type instrument containing a tuned and calibrated R.F. amplifier. A vacuum tube voltmeter may be used for audio gain measurements. Observe following precautions:

1. For all gain measurements connect signal generator as shown. Use 600 KC. signal with 400 cycle modulation (use nearby frequency if local station interferes.)
2. For R.F. and I.F. measurements connect negative terminal of a 3 volt battery (two 1 1/2 volt cells in series) to A.V.C. lead and positive terminal to B--. This provides a definite operating point. **IMPORTANT:** Disconnect battery when measuring audio stage gains.
3. Be sure radio is carefully tuned to generator signal (use weak signal for sharp tuning.)
4. When using a "channel" type instrument carefully tune it for maximum output at desired frequency before making measurements.

The R.F. and I.F. stage gains shown below are less than under normal operating conditions due to the use of 3 volts fixed bias in order to establish a definite operating point. Therefore, these values are not intended to indicate the full capability of a stage.

Differences in tube characteristics, tolerance of parts, adjustment of tuned circuits, and variations of line voltage will influence stage gain. Accuracy of measurements is dependent upon careful tuning of receiver to generator signal and experience in using your test equipment. These factors may create considerable variation in gain measurements.

MODEL D2612

WESTERN AUTO SUPPLY CO. ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

1. Remove chassis and loop from cabinet. Solder approximately 8" of insulated wire to any B— connection (see voltage chart on opposite side for convenient B— location). Then reinstall chassis and loop in cabinet. The B— lead should extend from under the chassis at the back.
2. Connect ground lead of signal generator to B— lead.
3. Connect output meter across the speaker voice coil (terminals at back of speaker.)
4. Turn the tuning control knob clockwise as far as it will go (tuner mechanism is now in maximum open position with tuning slugs almost completely withdrawn from coils). Dial pointer should then point to 1600 Kc mark on scale. If it is set incorrectly, release pointer clip on dial cord and reposition pointer.
5. Set volume control at maximum volume position and use a weak signal from the signal generator.

DUMMY ANT. IN SERIES WITH SIGNAL GENERATOR	CONNECT HIGH SIDE OF GENERATOR TO	SIGNAL GENERATOR FREQUENCY	RECEIVER DIAL SETTING	TRIMMER NUMBER	TRIMMER DESCRIPTION	TYPE OF ADJUSTMENT
Set tuner mechanism to maximum open position by turning the tuning control knob clockwise as far as it will go (Dial pointer at 1600 Kc). Then check whether the positions of the tuning slugs correspond to the positions shown in Fig. 1 below. If settings are incorrect, rotate the individual core and threaded stem until desired position is reached. Note that threaded stem is prevented from moving by a dab of speaker cement at top.						
.1 MFD. Condenser	Ungrounded terminal of trimmer No. 6 (see Fig. 2 below for location of trimmer.)	455 KC	Any point where it does not affect the signal.	1-2	2nd I.F.	Adjust for maximum output. Then repeat adjustment.
				3-4	1st I.F.	
300 MMFD. Mica Condenser	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	1600 KC	1600 KC	5	Broadcast Oscillator (Shunt)	Adjust for maximum output.
300 MMFD. Mica Condenser	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	1600 KC	Tune to 1600 KC generator signal	6	Broadcast R.F.	Adjust for maximum output.
				7	Broadcast Antenna	Adjust for maximum output.
300 MMFD. Mica Condenser	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	1400 KC	Tune to 1400 KC generator signal	Ant. coil tuning slug		Adjust position of slug for maximum output.
				R.F. coil tuning slug		Adjust position of slug for maximum output.
300 MMFD. Mica Condenser	External Antenna Clip on Loop Frame	1600 KC	Tune to 1600 KC generator signal	6	Broadcast R.F.	Recheck adjustment for maximum output.
				7	Broadcast Antenna	Recheck adjustment for maximum output.

Apply a coating of speaker cement at top of each tuning core stem to prevent movement.

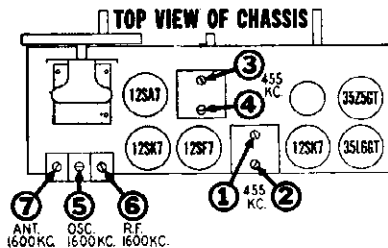


FIG. 2

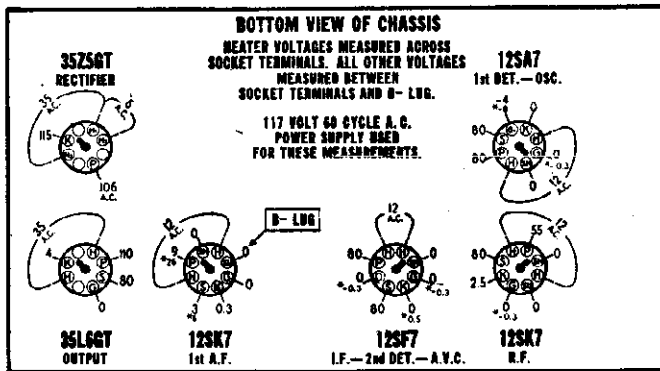
AUDIO OSCILLATION

The audio system of this receiver utilizes a two stage type of inverse feed-back arrangement and, should it ever be necessary to replace the speaker or output transformer, it is important to maintain a definite phase relationship in the feed-back circuit. If the connections to the output transformer are reversed or if the feed-back connection is made to the wrong side of the output transformer secondary, the system will become regenerative instead of degenerative. Under those conditions audio oscillation may result. If that occurs, oscillation may be prevented by reversing the connections to the secondary of the output transformer.

SOCKET VOLTAGES

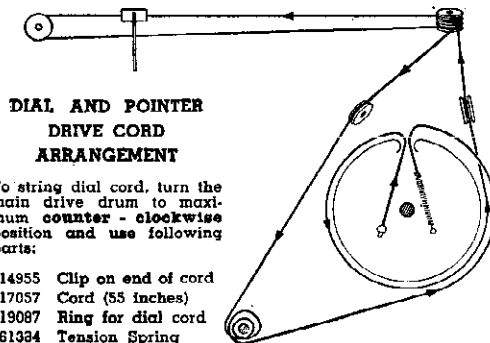
Measured with voltmeter having sensitivity of 1000 ohms per volt except where indicated by (*).

VOLUME ON FULL WITH NO SIGNAL DIAL TUNED TO 540 KC.



REAR OF CHASSIS

*—Measured with vacuum tube voltmeter



DIAL AND POINTER DRIVE CORD ARRANGEMENT

To string dial cord, turn the main drive drum to maximum counter-clockwise position and use following parts:

- 114955 Clip on end of cord
- 117057 Cord (55 inches)
- 119087 Ring for dial cord
- 161384 Tension Spring

MODEL D2612

WESTERN AUTO SUPPLY CO.

DIA-GRAM NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	LIST PRICE
CONDENSERS			
3-A, B, C	504086	Condenser—trimmer assembly	\$
		A—10 to 160 Mmfd.	
		B—20 to 270 Mmfd.	
		C—20 to 270 Mmfd.	
6	502271	Condenser—mica 250 Mmfd. 500 volt.	
7	502165	Condenser—mica 1,000 Mmfd. 500 volt.	
10	502159	Condenser—mica 50 Mmfd. 500 volt.	
11	502155	Condenser—.1 Mfd. 200 volt.	
12	502158	Condenser—.2 Mfd. 400 volt.	
20	502453	Condenser—.002 Mfd. 400 volt.	
21	502160	Condenser—mica 110 Mmfd. 500 volt.	
23	502470	Condenser—.0008 Mfd. 400 volt.	
27	502160	Condenser—mica 110 Mmfd. 500 volt.	
28	502153	Condenser—.05 Mfd. 200 volt.	
31	502156	Condenser—.004 Mfd. 400 volt.	
35	502151	Condenser—.01 Mfd. 400 volt.	
36A, B	500256	Condenser—electrolytic	
		A—40 Mfd. 150 volt	
		B—20 Mfd. 150 volt	
40	502152	Condenser—.02 Mfd. 400 volt.	
43	502157	Condenser—.05 Mfd. 400 volt.	
RESISTORS			
4	502140	Resistor—carbon 390 ohms 1/4 watt.	
5	502291	Resistor—carbon 4700 ohms 1/4 watt.	
8	502134	Resistor—carbon 470,000 ohms 1/4 watt.	
9	502130	Resistor—carbon 22,000 ohms 1/4 watt.	
13	502133	Resistor—carbon 220,000 ohms 1/4 watt.	
15	502264	Resistor—carbon 47 ohms 1/4 watt.	
16	502269	Resistor—carbon 3.3 Meg. 1/4 watt.	
18	502131	Resistor—carbon 47,000 ohms 1/4 watt.	
19-A, B	502145	Volume control 500,000 ohms (with switch)	
22	502136	Resistor—carbon 10 Meg. 1/4 watt.	
25	502128	Resistor—carbon 2200 ohms 1/4 watt.	
26	502135	Resistor—carbon 2.2 Meg. 1/4 watt.	
29, 30	502133	Resistor—carbon 220,000 ohms 1/4 watt.	
32	502134	Resistor—carbon 470,000 ohms 1/4 watt.	
33	502138	Resistor—carbon 130 ohms 1/4 watt.	
38	502469	Resistor—carbon 1500 ohms 1 watt.	
39	502574	Resistor—carbon 33 ohms 1/2 watt.	
COILS & TRANSFORMERS			
1	502246	Loop antenna	
2-A, B, C	504096	Tuning unit; complete assembly	
2-A	504210	Coil—antenna (less slug)	
2-B	504214	Coil—R.F. (less slug)	
2-C	504212	Coil—oscillator (less slug)	

DIA-GRAM NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	LIST PRICE
	504211	Slug core for Ant. coil (yellow end)....	
	504213	Slug core for Osc. coil (white end)....	
	504215	Slug core for R.F. coil (purple end)....	
14	502102	Transformer—1st I.F.	
17	502103	Transformer—2nd I.F.	
	502213	Transformer—output (for R-502998 spkr.)	
37	502904	Transformer—output (for A-502998 spkr.)	
	504244	Transformer—output (for W-502998 spkr.)	
OTHER ELECTRICAL PARTS			
24	500546	Switch—tone control	
34	502473	Lamp—dial (Mazda 47) 6.8V. 150 Ma....	
	502214	Cone & voice coil for R-502998 spkr.	
41	502903	Cone & voice coil for A-502998 spkr.	
	504245	Cone & voice coil for W-502998 spkr.	
42	502998	Speaker—P.M. dynamic (5 inch)	
MISCELLANEOUS PARTS			
	502185	Back for cabinet	
	116467	Base for mtg. electrolytic condenser	
	502236	Cabinet—mahogany	
	500261	Clamp—dial scale mtg.	
	500497	Clip—retainer for cabinet back	
	114955	Clip—retainer on end of dial cord	
	116563	Connector—for antenna leads	
	117057	Cord—dial drive (55 in. required)	
	500324	Cover—cardboard for elect. cond.	
	504144	Dial scale—glass	
	501186	Grounding plate (under I.F. trans. can) ..	
	502551	Knob—mahogany	
	502230	Metal grille for cabinet	
	502367	Pointer	
	81145	Retaining ring for tuning shaft	
	119087	Ring for dial cord	
	85078	Rubber grommet; Ant. & R.F. coil mtg.	
	504045	Rubber grommet; Osc. coil mtg.	
	17063	Screw—No. 6 x 1/4	
	17064	Screw—No. 4 x 7/32	
	114628	Screw—No. 8 x 1/2 chassis mtg.	
	502173	Shaft—tuning control	
	116690	Socket—octal base	
	160392	Socket—octal (rectifier)	
	500499	Socket—dial lamp (with leads)	
	504012	Spring for tuning slug drive cord	
	161384	Spring—dial cord tension	
	117436	Washer—spring washer for tuning shaft	

MODEL D26

PARTS LIST

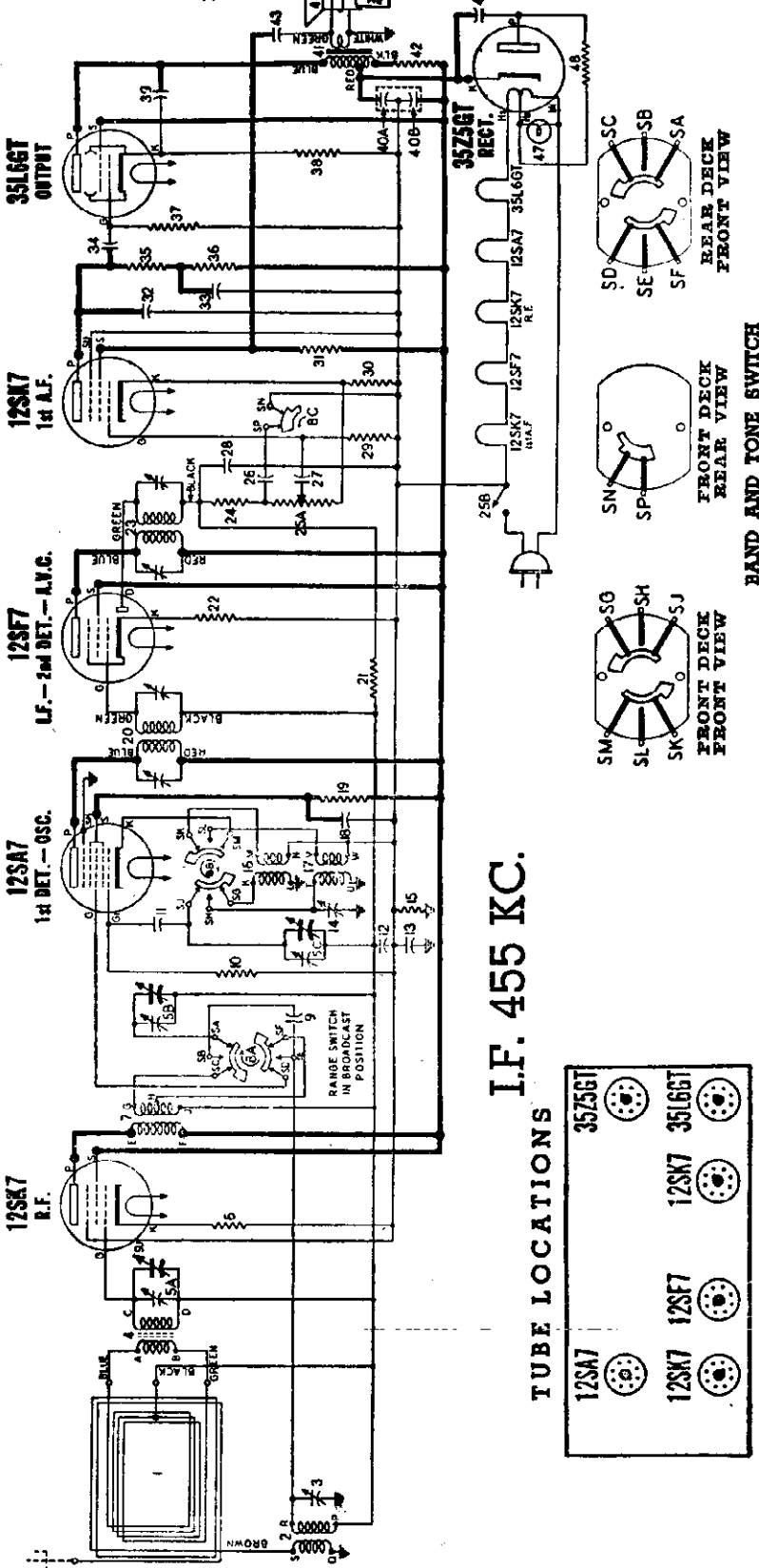
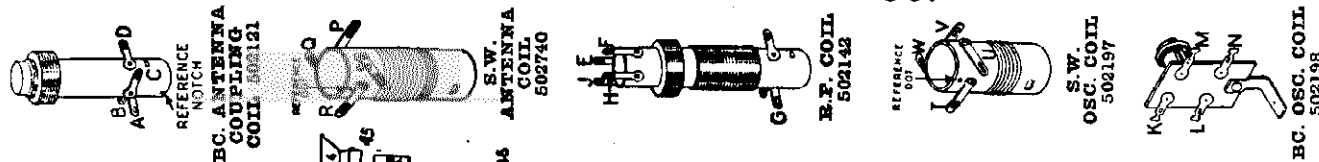
DIA-GRAM NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	LIST PRICE
CONDENSERS			
3	502172	Condenser—trimmer; 25 to 100 Mmfd.	\$0.36
5A-5B-5C	502123	Condenser—variable gang (with drum) ..	4.60
9	502162	Condenser—315 Mmfd. 500 volt. ....	.45
11	502159	Condenser—mica—50 Mmfd. 500 volt. ....	.24
12	502155	Condenser—.1 Mfd. 200 volt. ....	.30
13	502158	Condenser—.2 Mfd. 400 volt. ....	.36
14	502172	Condenser—trimmer; 25 to 100 Mmfd. ....	.36
18	502262	Condenser—.25 Mfd. 200 volt. ....	.36
26	502470	Condenser—.0008 Mfd. 400 volt. ....	.20
27	502453	Condenser—.002 Mfd. 400 volt. ....	.20
28	502160	Condenser—mica—110 Mmfd. 500 volt. ....	.24
32	502150	Condenser—mica—110 Mmfd. 500 volt. ....	.24
33	502153	Condenser—.05 Mfd. 200 volt. ....	.24
34	502156	Condenser—.004 Mfd. 400 volt. ....	.20
39	502151	Condenser—.01 Mfd. 400 volt. ....	.20
40A-40B	500256	Condenser—electrolytic	
		A—40 Mfd. 150 volt	1.50
		B—20 Mfd. 150 volt	
43	502152	Condenser—.02 Mfd. 400 volt. ....	.24
46	502157	Condenser—.05 Mfd. 400 volt. ....	.24
RESISTORS			
6	502140	Resistor—carbon 390 ohms 1/4 watt. ....	.12
10	502130	Resistor—carbon 22,000 ohms 1/4 watt. ....	.12
15	502133	Resistor—carbon 220,000 ohms 1/4 watt. ....	.12
19	502291	Resistor—carbon 4700 ohms 1/4 watt. ....	.12
21	502269	Resistor—carbon 3.3 Meg. 1/4 watt. ....	.12
22	502264	Resistor—carbon 47 ohms 1/4 watt. ....	.12
24	502131	Resistor—carbon 47,000 ohms 1/4 watt. ....	.12
25A-25B	502145	Volume control 500,000 ohms (with switch)	1.25
29	502136	Resistor—carbon 10 Meg. 1/4 watt. ....	.12
30	502128	Resistor—carbon 2200 ohms 1/4 watt. ....	.12
31	502135	Resistor—carbon 2.2 Meg. 1/4 watt. ....	.12
35-36	502133	Resistor—carbon 220,000 ohms 1/4 watt. ....	.12
37	502134	Resistor—carbon 470,000 ohms 1/4 watt. ....	.12
38	502138	Resistor—carbon 130 ohms 1/4 watt. ....	.12
42	502469	Resistor—carbon 1500 ohms 1 watt. ....	.16
48	502574	Resistor—carbon 33 ohms 1/2 watt. ....	.12
COILS & TRANSFORMERS			
1	502503	Loop antenna	3.00
2	502740	Coil—S. W. antenna	1.12
4	502121	Coil—antenna coupling	1.64

DIA-GRAM NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	LIST PRICE
7	502142	Coil—BC. R.F.	\$2.26
16	502198	Coil—BC. oscillator	1.32
17	502197	Coil—S.W. oscillator	1.12
20	502102	Transformer—1st I.F.	2.30
23	502103	Transformer—2nd I.F.	2.30
	502213	Transformer—output for R-502998 spkr.	2.50
41	502904	Transformer—output for A-502998 spkr.	2.50
	504244	Transformer—output for W-502998 spkr.	2.50
OTHER ELECTRICAL PARTS			
8A-8B-8C	502199	Switch—tone & band	2.00
	502214	Cone and voice coil for R-502998 spkr.	2.00
44	502903	Cone and voice coil for A-502998 spkr.	2.00
	504245	Cone and voice coil for W-502998 spkr.	2.00
45	502998	Speaker—P.M. dynamic (5 inch)	6.60
47	502473	Lamp—dial (Mazda 47) 6.8V. 150 Ma. ....	.22
MISCELLANEOUS PARTS			
	502185	Back for cabinet .....	.30
	116467	Base for mtg. electrolytic condenser .....	.04
	502242	Cabinet	5.00
	500261	Clamp—dial scale mtg. ....	.02
	112745	Clip—coil mtg. ....	.01
	114955	Clip—retainer on end of dial cord .....	.01
	500497	Clip—retainer for cabinet back .....	.02
	116563	Connector—for antenna leads .....	.01
	117057	Cord—dial drive (55 in. required) per ft.	.05
	500324	Cover—cardboard, for elect. cond. ....	.04
	502445	Dial scale—glass .....	.80
	501186	Grounding plate (under I.F. Trans. can) ..	.10
	502553	Knob—volume or tuning .....	.10
	502554	Knob—tone & range sw. ....	.12
	502230	Metal grill for cabinet	1.00
	502367	Pointer .....	.16
	81145	Retaining ring for tuning shaft .....	.01
	119087	Ring for Dial cord .....	.01
	17063	Screw—No. 6x1/4; holds clamps to cab. ....	.01
	17064	Screw—No. 4x7/32 .....	.02
	114628	Screw—No. 8x1/2; chassis mtg. ....	.01
	502173	Shaft—tuning control .....	.15
	116690	Socket—octal base .....	.12
	160392	Socket—octal (rectifier) .....	.16
	500499	Socket—dial lamp (with leads) .....	.44
	161384	Spring—dial cord tension .....	.06
	117436	Washer—spring washer for tuning shaft ..	.005

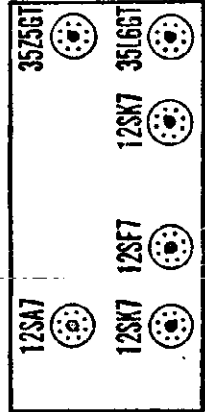
PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE

MODEL D2613

WESTERN AUTO SUPPLY CO.

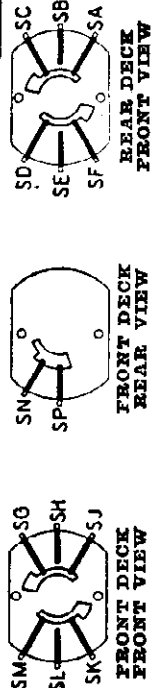


I.F. 455 KC.



TUBE LOCATIONS

REAR OF CHASSIS



BAND AND TONE SWITCH
502199

Lettered terminals in illustrations correspond to similarly lettered terminals on the circuit diagram

APPROXIMATE STAGE GAIN DATA

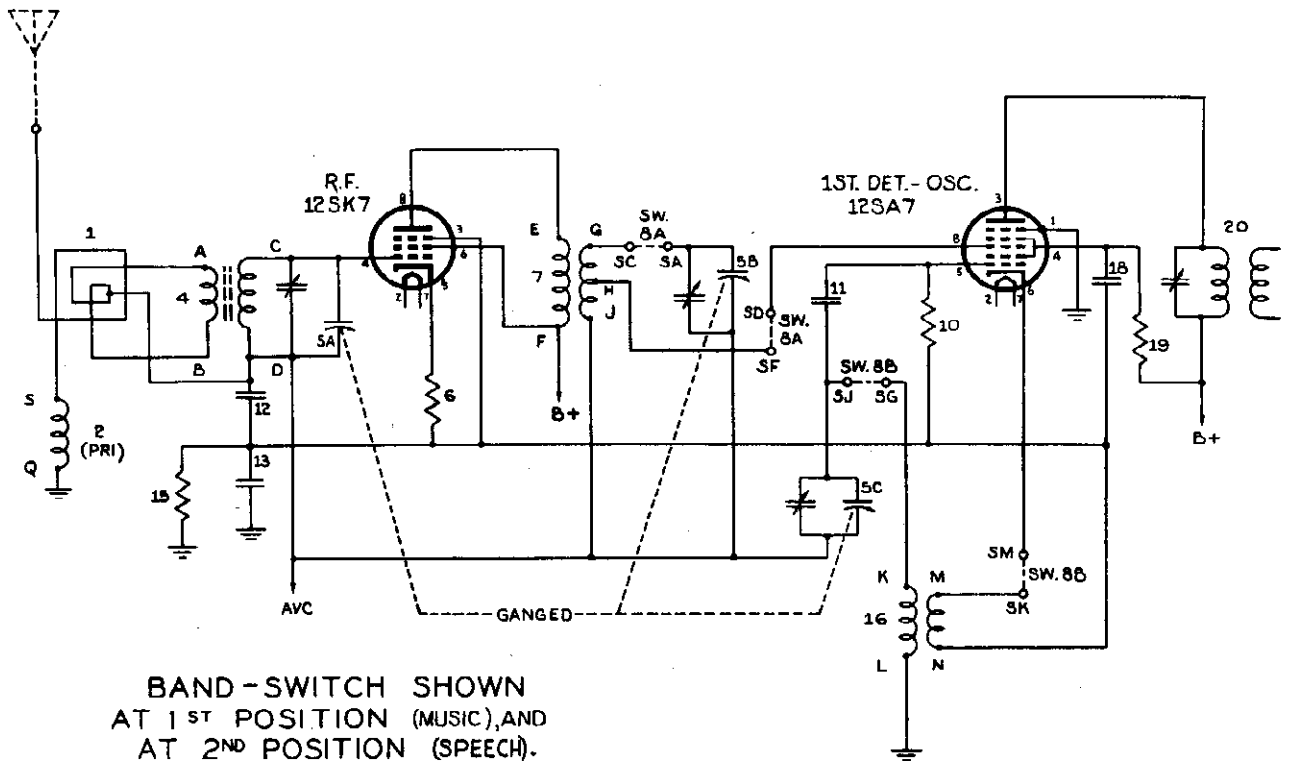
Be sure R.F. and I.F. stages are accurately aligned before measuring gain. R.F. gains can be measured with a "channel" type instrument containing a tuned and calibrated R.F. amplifier. A vacuum tube voltmeter may be used for audio gain measurements. Observe following precautions:

1. For all gain measurements connect signal generator as shown. Use 600 KC. signal with 400 cycle modulation (use nearby frequency if local station interferes.)
2. For R.F. and I.F. measurements connect negative terminal of a 3 volt battery (two 1½ volt cells in series) to A.V.C. lead and positive terminal to B—. This provides a definite operating point. **IMPORTANT:** Disconnect battery when measuring audio stage gains.
3. Be sure radio is carefully tuned to generator output at desired frequency before making measurements.
4. When using a "channel" type instrument carefully tune it for maximum output at desired frequency before making measurements.

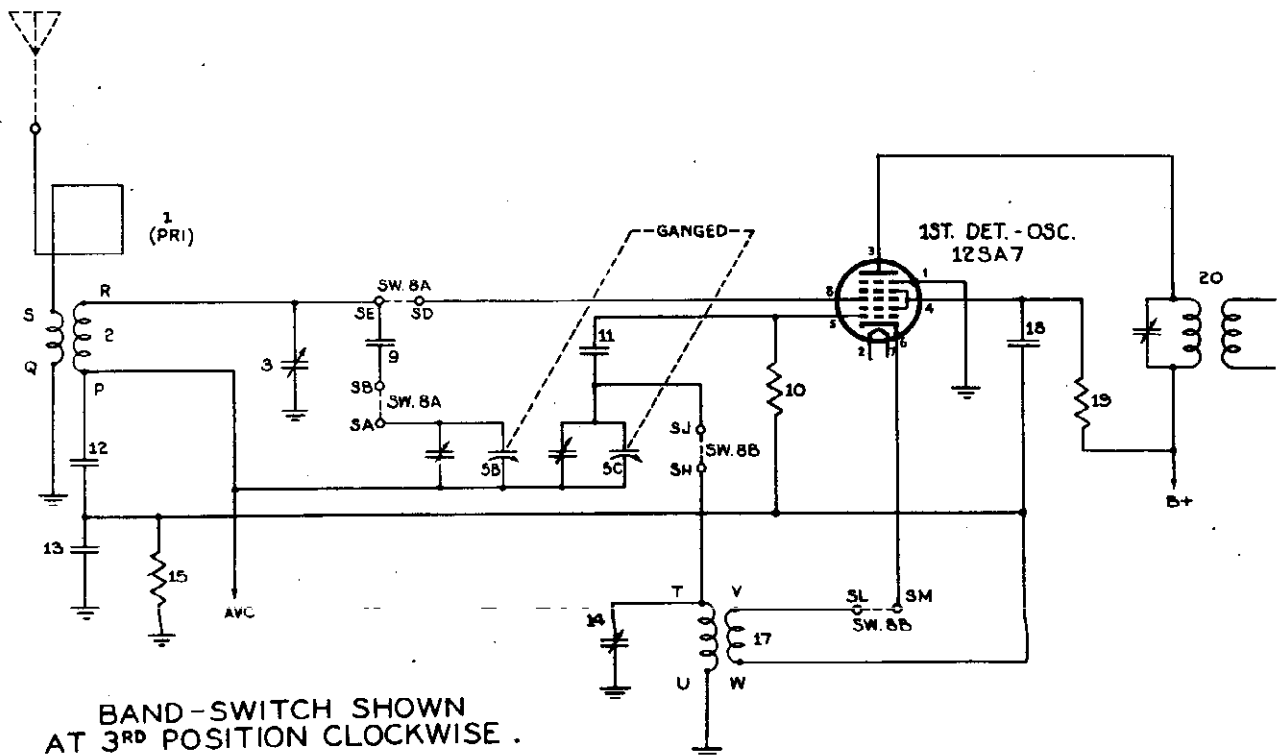
The R.F. and I.F. stage gains shown below are less than under normal operating conditions due to the use of 3 volts fixed bias in order to establish a definite operating point. Therefore, these values are not intended to indicate the full capability of a stage.

Differences in tube characteristics, tolerance of parts, adjustment of tuned circuits, and variations of line voltage will influence stage gain. Accuracy of measurements is dependent upon careful tuning of receiver to generator signal and experience in using your test equipment. These factors may create considerable variation in gain measurements.

WESTERN AUTO SUPPLY CO.

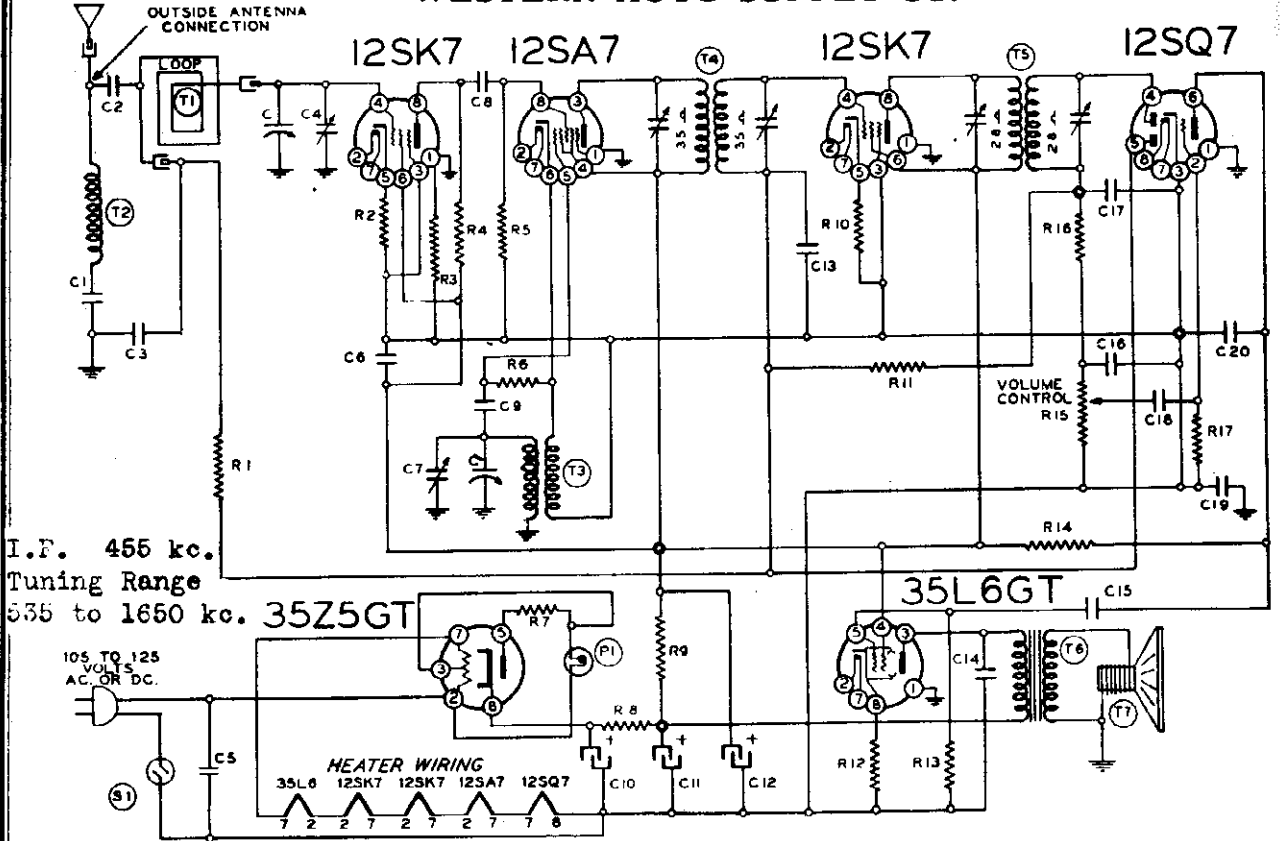


BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
AT 1ST POSITION (MUSIC), AND
AT 2ND POSITION (SPEECH).
BROADCAST BAND
340-1650KC.



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
AT 3RD POSITION CLOCKWISE.
SHORT WAVE BAND
9-12 MC

WESTERN AUTO SUPPLY CO.



I.F. 455 kc.
Tuning Range
535 to 1650 kc.

SETTING THE PUSHBUTTONS

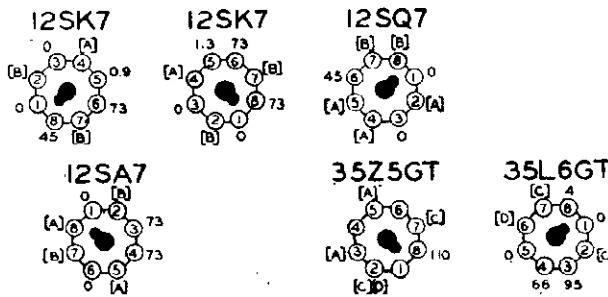
The pushbuttons may be used, after proper adjustment, for the automatic tuning of any six stations which you select. They can be set up in any order.

1. Turn on the radio. Allow it to warm up for at least one minute.
2. Push out the call letters of the six stations from the call-letter sheets supplied with this manual.
3. Insert one call-letter tab in the rectangular opening in each of the pushbuttons, in any sequence. Press an acetate tab (supplied in small envelope) into each of the pushbuttons.
4. Check to see that the locking screw in the center of the tuning knob (see illustration) is loose. If it is not, turn it several turns to the left (counterclockwise). A coin may be used for this purpose.
5. Press the first pushbutton down all the way. With one hand hold the button down firmly and with the other carefully tune in the desired station. Release the pushbutton.
6. Follow this procedure for each of the five other buttons adjusting each one for a different station.
7. Rotate the tuning knob on the side of the cabinet as far to the right as it will go. Tighten the locking screw in the center of the knob. **IT IS IMPORTANT THAT THIS SCREW BE TIGHTENED VERY FIRMLY.**
8. The pushbuttons are now properly set for automatic tuning. Any of the six stations may now be tuned in simply by pressing the proper button down as far as it will go. If it is desired to reset any of the buttons for a new station loosen the locking screw in the center of the tuning knob, set the pushbutton as described above, and re-tighten the locking screw.

BOTTOM VIEW OF CHASSIS

VOLTAGES MEASURED WITH 1000 OHM PER VOLT VOLTMETER BETWEEN SOCKET TERMINALS AND B - WITH A LINE VOLTAGE OF 117 VOLTS A.C.

- [A] CANNOT BE READ WITH VOLTMETER
- [B] 12 VOLTS A.C. BETWEEN PINS MARKED B
- [C] 32 VOLTS A.C. BETWEEN PINS 2 & 7
- [D] 117 VOLTS A.C. BETWEEN PINS MARKED D



REAR OF CHASSIS

Voltages at tube socket terminals

IMPORTANT!

This receiver, unless otherwise marked, must be operated on an AC voltage of 105 to 125 volts, 50 to 60 cycles, or on a DC voltage of 105 to 125 volts. If you are in doubt as to the voltage of your power supply, consult your local power company. **DO NOT INSERT THE PLUG IN THE POWER RECEPTACLE UNLESS YOU ARE SURE THAT THE CORRECT VOLTAGE IS AVAILABLE.** Receivers of this same model which are for use on voltages other than those specified above are so marked.

Power consumption35 watts
Selectivity.....55 Kc. broad at 1000 times signal
at 1000 Kc

MODEL D2615

WESTERN AUTO SUPPLY CO. LIST OF REPLACEMENT PARTS

When ordering parts specify part number, model number, and series
Use Only Genuine Factory Replacement Parts

NOTE ON TUBE REPLACEMENT

Replace a defective metal 125K7 tube with another metal tube. Replace a glass 125K7 tube with either a metal tube or with an exact duplicate of the tube now in the set.

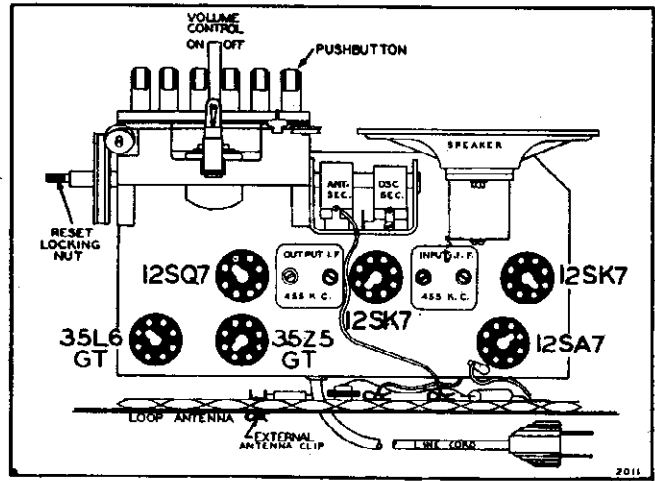
Schematic Diagram Symbol	Part No.	Description
CONDENSERS		
C1	10011	0.01 mfd., ±25%, 400 volts, tubular
C2	129132	0.000125 mfd., ±5%, mica
C3, C14	10026	0.02 mfd., ±25%, 400 volts, tubular
C5	1001	0.1 mfd., +50%-10%, 400 volts, tubular
C8	1006	0.35 mfd., ±20%, 200 volts, tubular
C8, C9, C17, C20	1295	0.0001 mfd., ±20%, mica
C10, C11, C12	11994	40 mfd., 20 mfd., 20 mfd., electrolytic (for 60 cycles)
C10, C11, C12	11995	60 mfd., 40 mfd., 40 mfd., electrolytic (for 25 cycles)
C13	1009	0.05 mfd., ±25%, 200 volts, tubular
C15	100106	0.004 mfd., ±10%, 600 volts, tubular
C16	12939	0.00005 mfd., ±20%, mica
C18	10025	0.002 mfd., ±25%, 600 volts, tubular
C19	100110	0.2 mfd., +30%-10%, 400 volts
RESISTORS*		
R1, R3	A-9B1-26	150,000 ohms, ±20%, 1/2 watt
R2	A-9B1-50	100 ohms, ±10%, 1/2 watt
R4	A-9B1-70	4700 ohms, ±10%, 1/2 watt
R5	A-9B1-25	100,000 ohms, ±20%, 1/2 watt
R6	A-9B1-82	47,000 ohms, ±10%, 1/2 watt
R7	A-9B1-42	22 ohms, ±10%, 1/2 watt
R8	A-9B2-54	220 ohms, ±10%, 1 watt
R9	A-9B2-83	1200 ohms, ±10%, 1 watt
R10, R12	A-9B1-52	150 ohms, ±10%, 1/2 watt
R11	A-9B1-34	3.3 megohms, ±20%, 1/2 watt
R13	A-9B1-29	470,000 ohms, ±20%, 1/2 watt
R14	A-9B1-27	220,000 ohms, ±20%, 1/2 watt
R16	A-9B1-23	47,000 ohms, ±20%, 1/2 watt
R17	A-9B1-35	4.7 megohms, ±20%, 1/2 watt
COILS		
T1, T2	B-13E-10213	Loop antenna, complete with back and loading coil.
T3	A-13D-10215	Oscillator coil assembly, complete
T4	108140G	Input I.F. coil assembly, complete in can
T5	108145C	Output I.F. coil assembly, complete in can
SPEAKER		
T7	114191	5-inch P.M. speaker, with bracket
T8	10595B	Output transformer for speaker

*The values of all resistors listed above are based on RMA standards. Due to conditions beyond our control some receivers have been shipped with resistors of pre-standardized values. This receiver will operate equally well with resistors of either group. An illustration of the difference follows:
Pre-standardized value—50,000 ohms, ±10%, 1/3 watt
RMA value—47,000 ohms, ±10%, 1/2 watt

Sensitivity (0.05 watt output).....10 microvolts ave.
Power output (in voice coil)
Undistorted1 watt
Maximum1.7 watts
Voice coil impedance.....3.2 ohms

Schematic Diagram Symbol	Part No.	Description
DIAL AND TUNING PARTS		
P1	107249	Pilot light bulb, 6-8 volts, type T-47
	107311	Socket assembly for pilot light
	112784	Station call letters, set of two sheets
	115448B	End plate for tuner assembly (end of chassis)
	115448D	End plate for tuner assembly (next to gang)
	115146	Cams (6 used on cam shaft)
	115143	Key washers (13 used on cam shaft)
	117528	Brass spacer (1 used on cam shaft)
	117602	Brass spacer (4 used on cam shaft)
	131181	Compression spring for locking collar
	117604	Locking collar
	117470	Brass spacer
	112746	Drive pulley
	117600	Lever shaft
	115361	Lever, assembled with cam roller
	120283	Return spring for lever
	117612	Stop rod for lever
	115543	Dial bracket with three pulleys
	112745	Pointer
	B-6D-10214	Dial scale, calibrated
	112744	Crystal, clear, to cover dial scale
	120285	Coil tension spring (inside of cam shaft string drum)
	117424	Locking screw, in center of tuning knob.
MISCELLANEOUS		
R15, S1	121171	Tube sockets, 8-prong octal
C, C4, C7	101211	Volume control and on-off switch
	B-8A-10212	Variable condenser, 2-gang
	10798D	Line cord and plug

We cannot supply speaker cones or fields separately. We can replace or repair a damaged speaker if it is returned to our factory, transportation charges prepaid.



Top view of chassis

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

- No aligning adjustments should be attempted until all other possible causes of trouble have been checked.
- Chassis must be removed from cabinet for proper alignment. Slight adjustments of the oscillator and antenna circuits can be made without removing the chassis, through two holes provided on the bottom of the cabinet. The two adjustment screws can be reached with a long insulated screwdriver.
- It is important that during alignment the loop antenna

- be maintained at the same distance from the chassis as when the chassis is installed in the cabinet.
- Turn volume control to maximum for all adjustments.
- Connect ground post of signal generator to B- of radio through a 0.1 mfd. condenser.
- Connect dummy antenna value in series with generator output lead.
- Connect output meter across primary of output transformer.

Band	Signal Generator Frequency Setting	Dummy Antenna	Connection to Radio	Tuning Condenser Setting	Adjust for maximum output (see chassis view)
I.F.	455 Kc.	.1 mfd.	Grid of 12SA7	Rotor full open (plates out of mesh)	4 trimmers on input and output I.F. transformers
Broadcast	1650 Kc.	.1 mfd.	Grid of 12SA7	Rotor full open (plates out of mesh)	Oscillator trimmer C7 on bottom of radio
	1460 Kc.	None	See note below	Set dial at 1400 Kc.	Antenna trimmer C2 on bottom of radio

Note: Lay output lead of generator in back of loop antenna. Turn up generator output. Loop antenna will pick up energy.

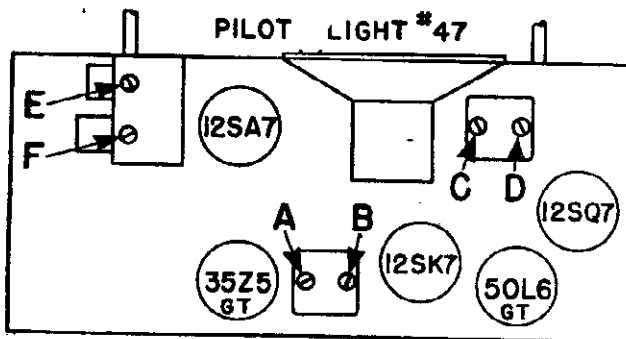
MODEL D2620

WESTERN AUTO SUPPLY CO. ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

- Volume control—Maximum all adjustments.
- Connect radio chassis to ground post of signal generator with a short heavy lead.
- Connect dummy antenna value in series with generator output lead, when needed (see below).
- Connect output meter across primary of output transformer.
- Allow chassis and signal generator to "heat up" for several minutes.

The following equipment is required for aligning:

- An all wave signal generator which will provide an accurately calibrated signal at the test frequencies as listed.
- Output indicating meter.
- Non-metallic screwdriver.
- Dummy antenna—.1 mf.



BACK OF CHASSIS

BAND	SIGNAL GENERATOR		Connection to Radio	Variable Condenser Setting	Trimmers Adjusted (In Order Shown)	Trimmer Function	Adjustment
	Frequency Setting	Dummy Antenna					
I. F.	455 KC.	.1 MFD.	Gang Condenser Ant. Stator	Rotor full open (Plates out of mesh)	C, D	Output I.F.	Adjust to maximum output
	455 KC.	.1 MFD.	Gang Condenser Ant. Stator	Rotor full open (Plates out of mesh)	A, B	Input I.F.	Adjust to maximum output
BROAD-CAST	1630 KC.	.1 MFD.	Gang Condenser Ant. Stator	Rotor full open (Plates out of mesh)	E	Oscillator	Adjust to maximum output
	1400 KC.	Inductive Coupling—Use a loop or place Gen. lead close to Rec. loop. No connection bet. Receiver and Generator		Set dial to tune in Generator Signal	F	Antenna	Adjust to maximum output

This is all that is necessary for the alignment unless the plates of the gang have been bent out of shape. In case of bent plates, set the signal generator and receiver to 600 KC and bend the plates into the position for maximum output. Attenuate the signal from the signal generator to prevent

the leveling-off action of the AVC. After each band is completed, repeat the procedure as a final check. Frequency Range—540 to 1630 K.C. Power consumption 30 watts.

REPLACEMENT PARTS

PAPER CONDENSERS		
PART No.	SYMBOL No.	DESCRIPTION
64B1-12	C-12	Condenser, Tubular .005 mfd. 600 V.....
64B1-22	C-11	Condenser, Tubular .05 mfd. 400 V.....
64B1-24	C-3, C-8	Condenser, Tubular .02 mfd. 400 V.....
64B1-25	C-4, C-5	Condenser, Tubular .01 mfd. 400 V.....
64B1-30	C-1	Condenser, Tubular .01 mfd. 200 V.....
64A2-1	C-10	Condenser, Tubular .2 mfd. 900 V.....

VARIABLE CONDENSERS		
PART No.	SYMBOL No.	DESCRIPTION
68A2	C-13a, C-13b	Condenser, Gang

MICA CONDENSERS		
PART No.	SYMBOL No.	DESCRIPTION
65B5-5	C-14	Condenser, Mica 20 mmf. ±10%.....
65B5-11	C-2	Condenser, Mica 50 mmf. ±10%.....
65B7-22	C-6	Condenser, Mica 250 mmf. ±20%.....
65B7-27	C-7	Condenser, Mica 500 mmf. ±20%.....

ELECTROLYTIC CONDENSERS		
PART No.	SYMBOL No.	DESCRIPTION
67A3	C-9a	30 mfd. 150 V.....
	C-9b	50 mfd. 150 V.....

RESISTORS		
PART No.	SYMBOL No.	DESCRIPTION
60B8-151	R-6	150 ohm ½ W. ±10%.....
60B8-223	R-1	22,000 ohm ½ W. ±10%.....
60B8-154	R-7	150,000 ohm ½ W. ±10%.....
60B8-224	R-4	220,000 ohm ½ W. ±10%.....
60B8-474	R-5	470,000 ohm ½ W. ±10%.....
60B8-105	R-2	1 meg ½ W. ±10%.....
60B8-108	R-3	10 meg ½ W. ±10%.....
75B1-6	R-8	1 meg Volume Control & Switch

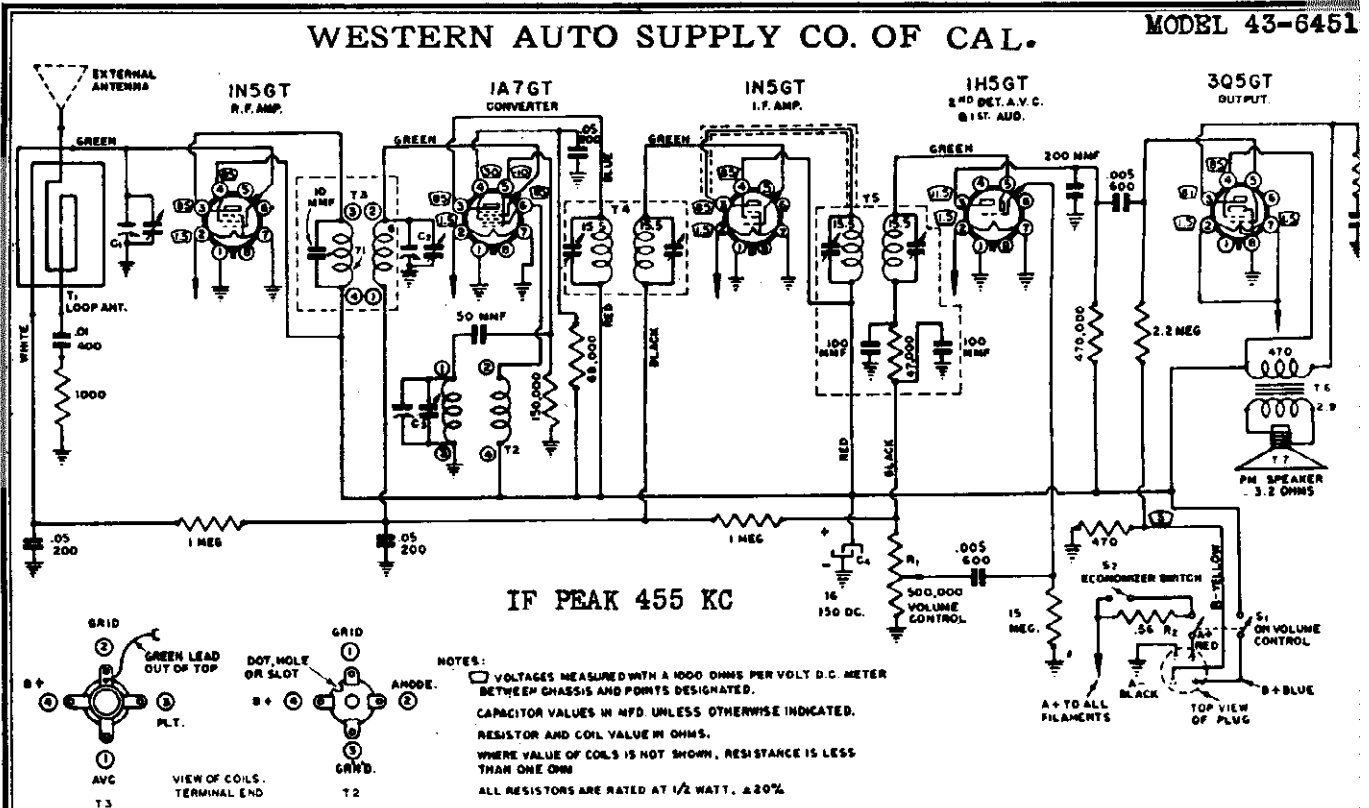
TRANSFORMERS and COILS		
PART No.	SYMBOL No.	DESCRIPTION
69B4	L-1	Antenna, Loop
72B3	L-2	Transformer, 1st I. F.

TRANSFORMERS and COILS (Cont'd.)		
PART No.	SYMBOL No.	DESCRIPTION
72B4	L-3	Transformer, 2nd I. F.
69A5	L-4	Oscillator, Coil
74A1	L-5	Choke Coil (Filter)
		Transformer, Output
		(Specify full part number of Speaker, including Mfg. Code when ordering)

MISCELLANEOUS (Alphabetical)	
PART No.	DESCRIPTION
X22C3-1	Background, Dial
35C29	Cabinet (Wood) (D-2620)
43B17	Cover, Back
89A1	Cord, Line
50A1-1	Cord, Dial (54")
A1012	Drum and Hub Assy., Dial
23A7-1	Escutcheon
12A1-2	Grommets, Rubber
33A10-2	Knob, Walnut
1A67-29-2	Mounting Bolts, 8-32x¼" lg.
81A1-8	Pilot Light #47
82A2-3	Pilot Light Socket & Leads
25A10-3	Pointer Slide
25A11-3	Pointer Clip
25A12-1	Pointer
17A1-3	Pulley, Fibre Dial
21B16	Scale, Glass Dial
28A1-1	Shaft, Tuning
13A1-4-47	Snap Buttons, (Cabinet Back)
87A10-2	Socket, Laminated Octal Tube
78B4-1	Speaker, 5" PM and Output Trans.
19A1-3	Spring, Dial Cord Tension

WESTERN AUTO SUPPLY CO. OF CAL.

MODEL 43-6451



SERVICE PARTS LIST MODEL 43-6451

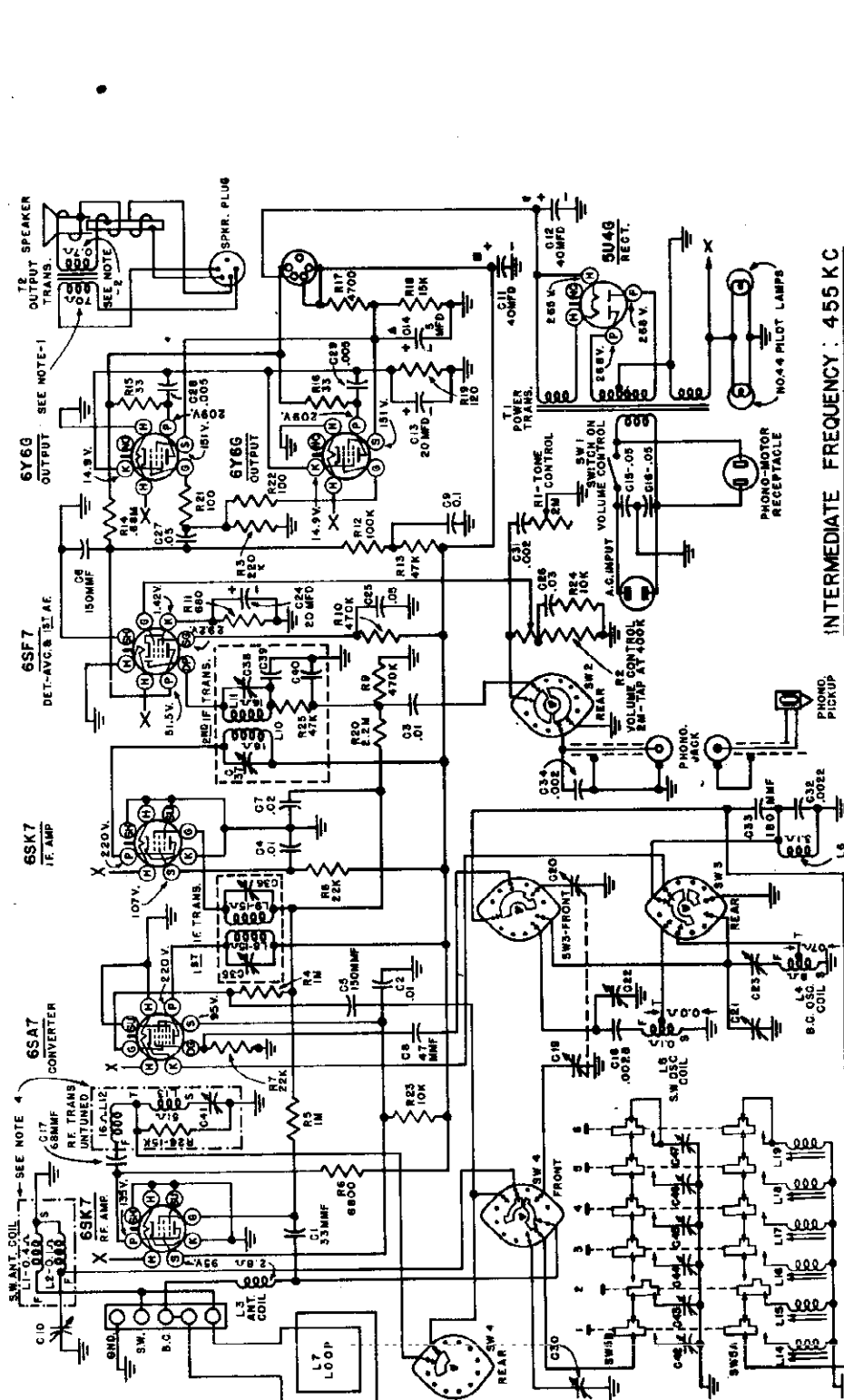
Order Parts by Model No. and Part No.

Part No.	Name
25296	Adaptor, for use with 2 volt storage battery.
25566	Bearing (for wood pulleys)
25561	Cabinet
25597	Coil, R. F. (T3)
25598	Coil, Oscillator (T2)
25600	Condenser, Electrolytic 16 Mfd, 150 V. (C4)
25592	Condenser—Tuning, 3 Gang, less Tuning Shaft (C1, C2, C3)
25367	Control, Volume, with On-Off Switch (R1)
25811	Cord, Dial, complete with Spring and Pointer Coupling
25696	Knob, Tuning or Volume
25609	Loop (T1)
25612	Plug, Battery Cable 4 Prong
	Pointer, Dial — See, "Track-Pointer"
25336	Pulley—Wood
25616	Scale, Dial
25766	Shaft—Tuning with "spool" pulley
25620	Socket—Tube
25593	Speaker 5" P.M. Dynamic (T7) (less Transformer)
25319	Switch, Economizer (S2)
25808	Track, Pointer, complete with Brackets and Pointer
25621	Transformer I. F. Input (T4)
25622	Transformer I. F. Output (T5)
25594	Transformer—Speaker Output (T6)

Reference Numbers such as (C4) are shown on circuit diagram.

Parts not listed above, may be ordered by part number as shown in the picture and by complete description, send a sketch if possible.

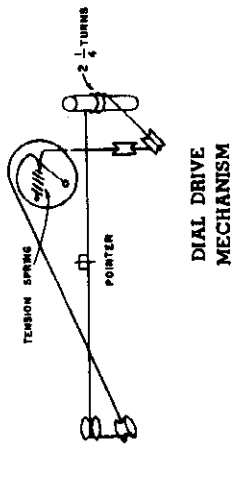
We cannot supply speaker cones. We can replace or repair a damaged speaker for a nominal price if it is returned to our factory, transportation charges prepaid.



INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY : 455 KC

4. DOT-DASH LINE DENOTES ASSEMBLY OF COMPONENT PARTS UNBROUGHT TO THE ATTENTION OF THE BUYER.
 5. ALL VOLTAGES MEASURED FROM CHASSIS (END) USING 20,000 OHMS/VOLT METER.
 LINE VOLTAGE SHOULD BE 115 V. MAX. VOLUME CONTROL SETTING AT NO SIGNAL CONDITIONS READINGS SHOULD APPROXIMATE THE VALUES SHOWN WITHIN 20 PERCENT.

Tuning Drive Ratio 30 to 1



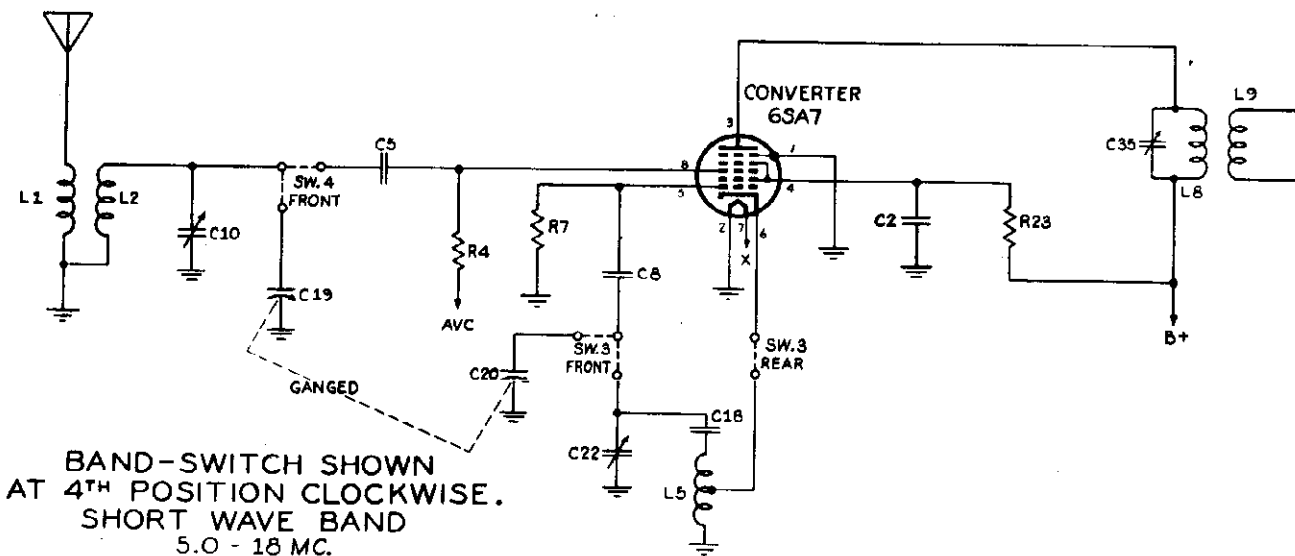
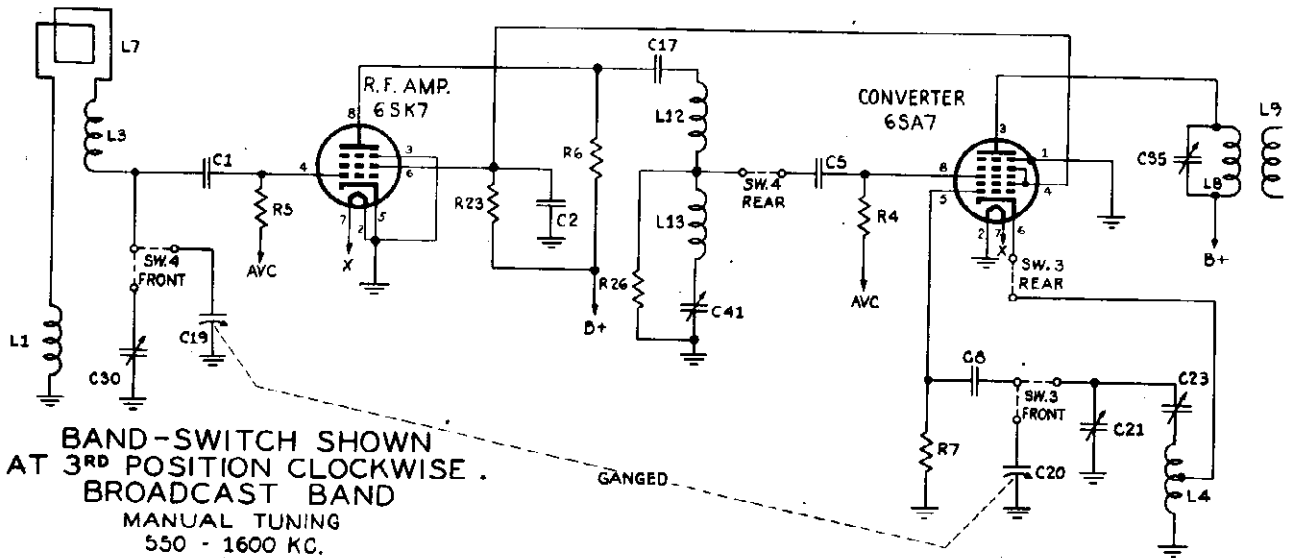
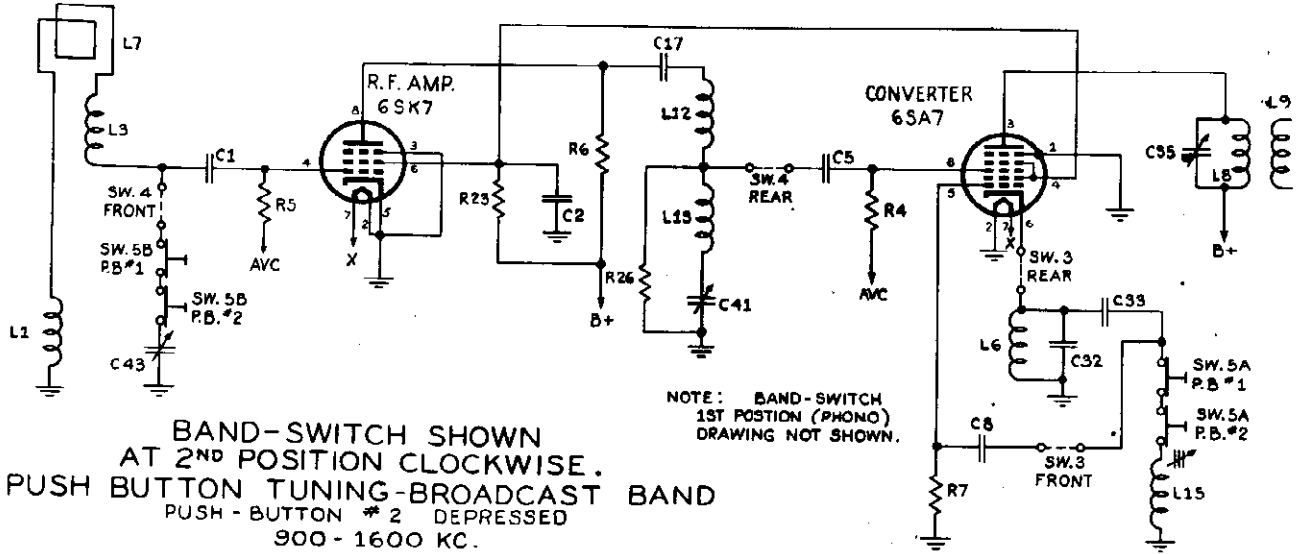
NOTES - SPEAKER PLUG REMOVED.
 2. SWITCH SW2-3 & 4 SHOWN AS VIEWED FROM FRONT OF SET IN PB-B.C. POSITION.
 3. SWITCH SW1-1 & 2 SHOWN AS VIEWED FROM REAR OF SET IN PB-B.C. BAND.
 FOURTH POSITION CLOCKWISE IS MANUAL B.C. BAND.
 FIFTH POSITION CLOCKWISE IS S.W. BAND.

1. Turn on radio and allow it to warm up for five minutes.
2. Set the phono-band switch on "BROADCAST."
3. Reset the phono-band switch on "PUSH BUTTON" and depress the first push button (right button, viewed from the front). Adjust L14, using a small long-handled screwdriver, to receive the station. Adjust C42 for maximum volume on the station.
4. Return the band switch to "BROADCAST" to make sure that the push button has been set to the desired station.
5. Adjust remaining push buttons in the same manner.

PUSH BUTTONS

Push buttons 1 to 3 are designed to receive stations from 900 to 1600 kc; push buttons 4 to 6 are designed to receive stations from 540 to 900 kc.

MODELS H104, H105, H107, H108, H110, H111, H137, H138 WESTINGHOUSE ELECTRIC CORP.



WESTINGHOUSE ELECTRIC CORP.

MODELS H104, H105, H107
H108, H110, H111, H137,
H138

SPECIAL PROVISIONS:

H-137 & H-138.....Phonograph, FM and television sound input. 110 volt A-C outlet for phonograph motor at rear of chassis.

H-110 & H-111.....FM and television sound input at rear of chassis.

SPECIAL PROVISIONS:

H-104 & H-105.....Phonograph, F.M. and television sound input. 110 volt A-C outlet for phonograph motor at rear of chassis.

H-107 & H-108.....F.M. and television sound input at rear of chassis.

FREQUENCY RANGES:

Standard Broadcast 550 to 1600 kc.
International Short Wave 5.0 to 18 mc.

POWER CONSUMPTION:

H-104 & H-105 145 watts
H-107 & H-108 185 watts

POWER CONSUMPTION:

H-137 & H-138 145 watts
H-110 & H-111 185 watts

PILOT LAMPS: (2),

Westinghouse No. 44, 6.3 volts, 0.25 amps.

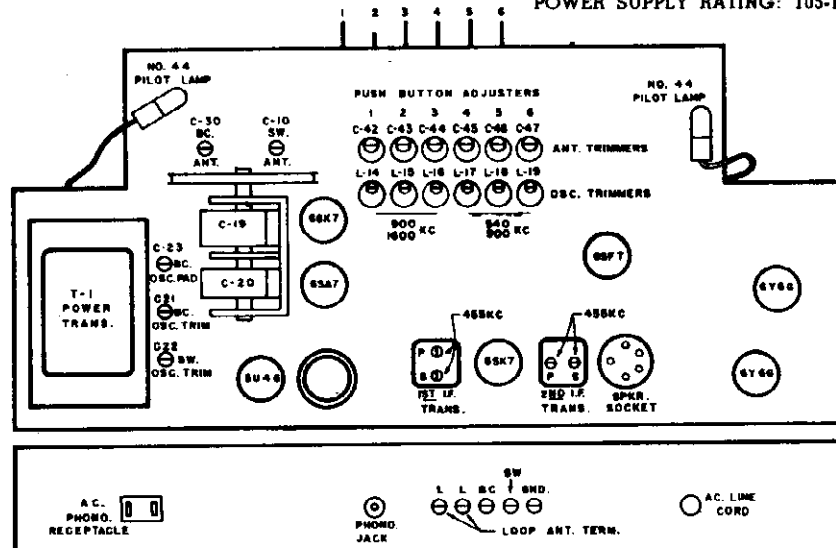
POWER OUTPUT:

Undistorted (radio) 10 watts
Undistorted (phonograph) 10 watts
Maximum 15 watts

LOUDSPEAKER:

Type Electro-dynamic
Field Resistance 200 ohms
Voice Coil Impedance 3.2 ohms
Size (H-104 & H-105) 6 inches
Size (H-107 & H-108) 8 inches

POWER SUPPLY RATING: 105-120 volts, 50-60 cycles A-C



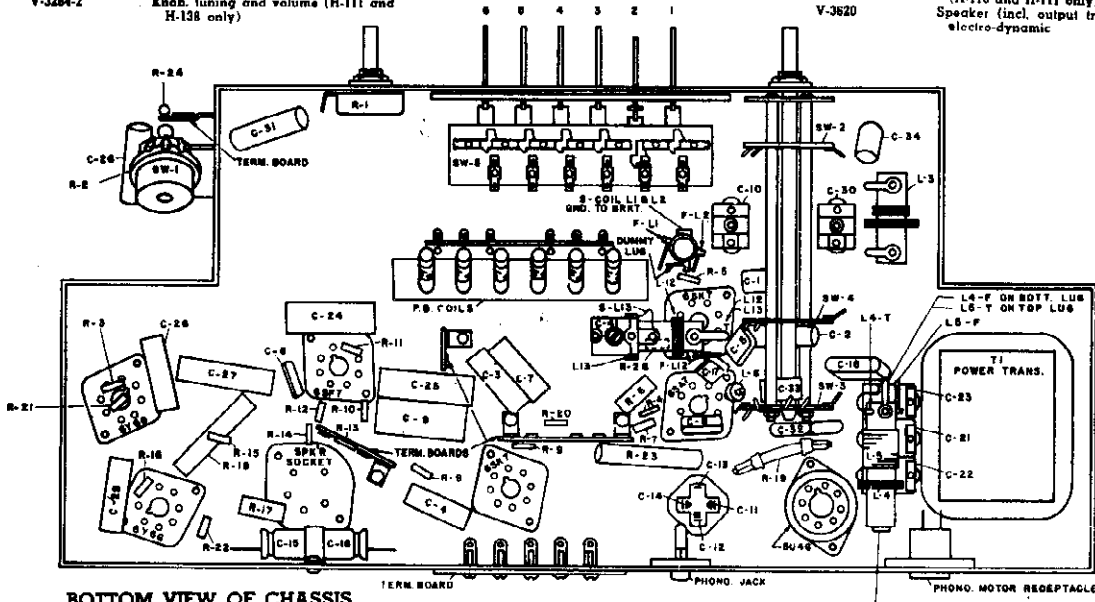
Steps	Connect Signal Generator to—	Adjust Signal Generator to—	Tune Radio Dial to —	Adjust
1	6SK7, i-f amplifier, control grid through a 0.1 mfd. capacitor	455 kc	550 kc	secondary trimmer of 2nd i-f transformer for maximum output
2	6SK7, i-f amplifier, control grid through a 0.1 mfd. capacitor	455 kc	550 kc	primary trimmer of 2nd i-f transformer for maximum output
3	6SA7, converter, control grid through a 0.1 mfd. capacitor	455 kc	550 kc	secondary trimmer of 1st i-f transformer for maximum output
4	6SA7, converter, control grid through a 0.1 mfd. capacitor	455 kc	550 kc	primary trimmer of 1st i-f transformer for maximum output
5	6SA7, converter, control grid through a 0.1 mfd. capacitor	455 kc	550 kc	"peak" all i-f trimmers for maximum output
6	6SK7, r-f amplifier, control grid through a 0.1 mfd. capacitor	455 kc	550 kc	i-f rejection trap trimmer for minimum output
7	"B.C." antenna terminal through a 200 mmfd. capacitor	600 kc	600 kc	broadcast band "oscillator padder" for maximum output
8	"B.C." antenna terminal through a 200 mmfd. capacitor	1620 kc	minimum capacity stop	broadcast band "oscillator trimmer" for maximum output
9	recheck steps 7 and 8 in order given			
10	radiated signal (no actual connection)	1400 kc	1400 kc	broadcast band "antenna trimmer" for maximum output
11	set phono-band switch on position "4"			
12	"S.W." antenna terminal through 400 ohm resistor	18.5 mc	minimum capacity stop	short wave "oscillator trimmer" for maximum output
13	radiated signal (no actual connection)	16 mc	16 mc	short wave "antenna trimmer" for maximum output

MODELS H104, H105, H107, H108, H110, H111, H137, WESTINGHOUSE ELECTRIC CORP. H138

PARTS LIST FOR MODELS H-110, H-111, H-137 AND H-138

The parts listed below for the MODELS H-104, H-105, H-107 and H-108 apply to MODELS H-110, H-111, H-137 and H-138 with the following exceptions:

V-3380	Decal. band (H-110 and H-111 only)	V-3832-1	Cardboard and grille cloth assy., speaker section (H-110 only)	V-3283-1	Loop assembly (L7)
V-3792	Decal. band (H-137 and H-138 only)	V-3832-2	Cardboard and grille cloth assy., speaker section (H-111 only)	V-3229-2	Moulding, dial
V-3197	Decal. tone (H-110 and H-111 only)	V-3833-1	Cardboard and grille cloth assy., record storage section (H-110 only)	V-3534	Plate, front glass (H-110 only)
V-3791	Decal. tone (H-137 and H-138 only)	V-3833-2	Cardboard and grille cloth assy., record storage section (H-111 only)	V-3819	Plate, front glass (H-111 only)
V-3282-1	Knob, tone (H-110 and H-137 only)	V-3836-1	Knob, hand (H-110 and H-137 only)	V-3813	Plate, front glass (H-137 only)
V-3282-2	Knob, tone (H-111 and H-138 only)	V-3836-2	Knob, tuning and volume (H-111 and H-137 only)	V-3635	Plate, front glass (H-138 only)
V-3282-3	Knob, band (H-110 and H-137 only)			V-3639-1	Slide mechanism, left hand unit (H-110 and H-111 only)
V-3282-4	Knob, hand (H-111 and H-138 only)			V-3639-2	Slide mechanism, right hand unit (H-110 and H-111 only)
V-3284-1	Knob, tuning and volume (H-110 and H-137 only)			V-3620	Speaker (incl. output trans. T2) 10" electro-dynamic
V-3284-2	Knob, tuning and volume (H-111 and H-138 only)				



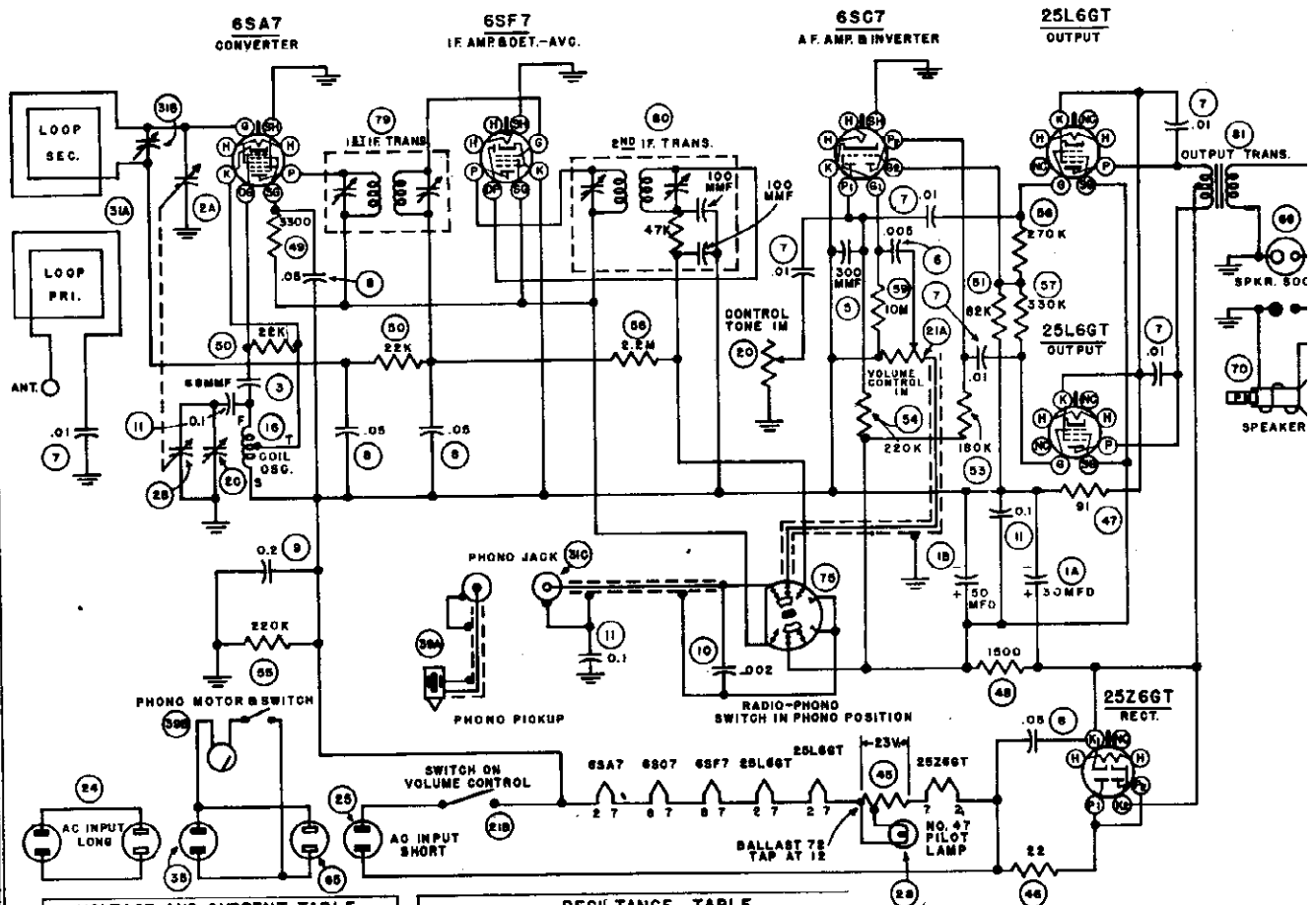
BOTTOM VIEW OF CHASSIS

PARTS LIST FOR MODELS H-104, H-105, H-107 AND H-108

When ordering parts specify model number of set in addition to part number and description of part.

Part No.	Description	Part No.	Description	Part No.	Description
V-3615	Asbestos sheet (H-104 and H-105 only)	V-3219S-1	Cord, dial drive	RC10AE681M	Resistor, 680 ohms, 1/4 w. (R11)
V-3186	Background, felt	V-3239	Cord, power A-C	RC10AE104M	Resistor, 100K 1/4 w. (R12)
V-3532S	Bor. flat, for phono mtg. (H-107 and H-108 only)	V-3421	Cover, back (H-107 and H-108 only)	RC10AE473M	Resistor, 47K 1/4 w. (R13)
V-3336	Bracket assembly, dial background	V-3390	Decal. band	RC10AE684M	Resistor, 0.68M 1/4 w. (R14)
V-3185	Bracket, dial light	V-3197	Decal. tone	RC10AE330K	Resistor, 33 ohms 1/4 w. (R15, R16)
V-1102-1	Cabinet (H-104 only)	V-3263	Dial	RC41AE472M	Resistor, 4700 ohms 2 w. (R17)
V-1102-2	Cabinet (H-105 only)	V-3364	Eucetcheon, push button	RC41AE153M	Resistor, 15K 2 w. (R18)
RCM20A330M	Capacitor, 33 mfd mica (C1)	V-3348-1	Grille cloth, speaker (H-107 only)	V-3282	Resistor, 120 ohms 3 w. (R19)
RCP10W4103A	Capacitor, 0.01 mfd 400 v. (C2, C3, C4)	V-3348-2	Grille cloth, speaker (H-108 only)	RC10AE225M	Resistor, 2.2M 1/4 w. (R20)
RCM20A151M	Capacitor, 150 mfd mica (C5, C6)	V-3924-1	Panel and grille cloth assy., cabinet door (H-107 only)	RC10AE101M	Resistor, 100 ohms 1/4 w. (R21, R22)
RCP10W4203A	Capacitor, 0.02 mfd 400 v. (C7)	V-3924-2	Panel and grille cloth assy., cabinet door (H-108 only)	RC41AE103M	Resistor, 10K 2 w. (R23)
RCM20B470M	Capacitor, 47 mfd mica (C8)	V-3282	Grommet, var. cond. mounting	RC10AE103M	Resistor, 10K 1/4 w. (R24)
RCP10W4104A	Capacitor, 0.1 mfd 400 v. (C9)	V-3274S	Holder, tube	V-3164	Shaft, tuning
V-3170	Capacitor, S.W. ant. trimmer (C10)	V-3262-3	Knob, band (H-104 and H-107 only)	V-3353-1	Slide mechanism, left hand unit (H-107 and H-108 only)
V-3216	Capacitor, electrolytic, 40 mfd 350 v. (C11), 40 mfd 350 v. (C12), 20 mfd 25 v. (C13), 5 mfd 250 v. (C14)	V-3262-4	Knob, band (H-105 and H-108 only)	V-3353-2	Slide mechanism, right hand unit (H-107 and H-108 only)
V-3241	Capacitor, dual line filter (C15, C16)	V-3264-1	Knob, tone (H-104 and H-107 only)	V-3220	Socket, A-C power
RCM20A900M	Capacitor, 68 mfd mica (C17)	V-3264-2	Knob, tone (H-105 and H-108 only)	V-3275S	Socket, moulded octal
RCM20C22H	Capacitor, 0.0028 mfd S.W. padder (C18)	V-3264-3	Knob, tuning and volume (H-104 and H-107 only)	V-2246S	Socket, octal
V-3233	Capacitor, variable, 2-gang (C19, C20)	V-3264-4	Knob, tuning and volume (H-105 and H-108 only)	V-3252-2	Socket, pilot light
V-3217	Capacitor, 3-gang trimmer (C21, C22, C23)	(W) No. 44	Lamp, pilot light 6.3 v.	V-3162S	Socket, speaker input
V-3236	Capacitor, electrolytic, 20 mfd 25 v. (C24)	V-3394	Loop assembly (L7) (H-104 and H-105 only)	V-3294	Speaker (incl. output trans. T2) 6" electro-dynamic (H-104 and H-105 only)
RCP10W4503A	Capacitor, 0.05 mfd 400 v. (C25)	V-3283-1	Loop assembly (L7) (H-107 and H-108 only)	V-3244	Speaker (incl. output trans. T2) 8" electro-dynamic (H-107 and H-108 only)
RCP10W4303A	Capacitor, 0.03 mfd 400 v. (C26)	V-3229-1	Moulding, dial (H-104 and H-105 only)	V-3248S	Spring, dial drive
RCP10M4503A	Capacitor, 0.05 mfd 400 v. (C27)	V-3229-2	Moulding, dial (H-107 and H-108 only)	V-3167S-1	Stud, pulley-threaded (short)
RCP10M6502A	Capacitor, 0.005 mfd 600 v. (C28, C29)	V-3414	Plate, glass front (H-104 only)	V-3167S-2	Stud, pulley-threaded (long)
V-3191	Capacitor, B.C. ant. trimmer (C30)	V-3917	Plate, glass front (H-105 only)	V-3361-1	Switch, push button (SW5A, SW5B)
RCP10W6202A	Capacitor, 0.002 mfd 600 v. (C31)	V-3194	Plate, glass front (H-107 only)	V-3289	Switch, selector (SW2, SW3, SW4)
RCM30B222M	Capacitor, 0.0022 mfd mica (C32)	V-3818	Plate, glass front (H-108 only)	V-3265	Tab, station
RCM20C181J	Capacitor, 180 mfd mica (C33)	V-3179	Pointer assembly	V-3431	Window, station tab
RCP10W6202M	Capacitor, 0.002 mfd 600 v. (C34)	V-3166S	Pulley, 7.16 dia.	V-3255	Terminal board, ant. gnd.
V-3183	Clip, speed	V-3398-1	Push button with spring (H-104 and H-107 only)	V-3228S-2	Terminal board, 2 lugs
V-3224	Coil, S.W. ant. (L1, L2)	V-3398-2	Push button with spring (H-105 and H-108 only)	V-3231	Terminal board, 3 lugs
V-3238	Coil, ant. loading (L3)	V-3161	Coil, pointer	V-2232	Terminal board, 5 lugs
V-3243	Coil, B.C. and S.W. sec. (L4, L5)	RC10AE224M	Resistor, 220K 1/4 w. (R3)	V-3218	Transformer, 1st I-F (L8, L9, C35, C36)
V-3310	Coil, osc. cathode (L6)	RC10AE105M	Resistor, 1M 1/4 w. (R4, R5)	V-3248	Transformer, 2nd I-F (L10, L11, C37, C38, C39, C40, R25)
V-3254	Connector, phone	RC41AE682K	Resistor, 6800 ohms 2 w. (R6)	V-3250	Transformer, power (T1)
V-3222	Control, tone, 2 megohms (R1)	RC10AE223M	Resistor, 22K 1/4 w. (R7, R8)	V-3245	Transformer, untuned R-F (L12, L13, C41, R26)
V-3221	Control, volume and power, 2 megohms tapped at 400,000 ohms (R2) and switch (SW1)	RC10AE474M	Resistor, 470K 1/4 w. (R9, R10)	V-3317	Tuner, push button (L14 to L18, and C42 to C47 incl.)

WESTINGHOUSE ELECTRIC CORP.



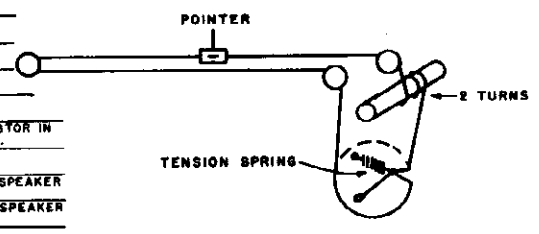
VOLTAGE AND CURRENT TABLE
 ALL VOLTAGES ARE MEASURED FROM THE NEGATIVE SIDE OF THE DUAL FILTER CAPACITOR USING A 20,000 OHMS PER VOLT METER. ALL CURRENTS ARE MEASURED FROM TOP OF TUBE SOCKETS USING A BREAK-IN ADAPTER. LINE VOLTAGE 117V. A.C. SIGNAL VOLTAGE ZERO.

TUBE	SOCKET TERMINAL			IK MA.
	K	50	P	
6SA7	ZERO	65	82	
6SC7	ZERO			NO. 1-46 NO. 2-30
6SF7	ZERO	82	82	
25L6GT	5.4	82	12.0	6.0
25Z6GT	125			8.4

READINGS SHOULD APPROXIMATE THE ABOVE WITHIN 20 PERCENT.

RESISTANCE TABLE

ITEM	PRIMARY OHMS	SECONDARY OHMS	REMARKS
31A	1	12	
16	1705	1705	F TO S - 4 1/2 OHMS
79	28	28	
80	19	19	
80		47,000	INCLUDES INTERNAL RESISTOR IN SERIES WITH SECONDARY.
81	285		PLATE TO PLATE
81		1/2	PLUGS REMOVED FROM SPEAKER SOCKET
70		5.2	PLUGS REMOVED FROM SPEAKER SOCKET



Pilot Lamp: (1).....Westinghouse No. 47, 6.3 volts, .15 ampere

Frequency Range:

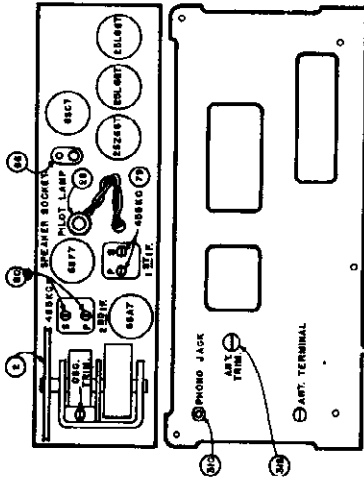
Standard Broadcast550 to 1600 kc
 Intermediate Frequency455 kc

Phonograph Specifications:

1. Automatic record changer, single button control.
2. Plays either 12 ten-inch or 10 twelve-inch records automatically.
3. Balanced tone arm.
4. Voltage and frequency of motor - 105 - 120 volts, 50 - 60 cycles, single phase a.c.
5. Type of cartridge - high impedance crystal.
6. Type of needle - straight shank steel or semi-permanent sapphire.

Record Changer: General Instrument Model

WESTINGHOUSE ELECTRIC CORP.



The foregoing alignment procedure is condensed in the following table as a convenience for the service technician.

Steps	Connect Signal Generator to—	Adjust Signal Generator to—	Tune Radio Dial to—	Adjust
1	6SF7 control grid through 0.1 mfd. capacitor	455 kc	1600 kc	secondary trimmer of 2nd i-f transformer for maximum output
2	6SF7 control grid through 0.1 mfd. capacitor	455 kc	1600 kc	primary trimmer of 2nd i-f transformer for maximum output
3	6SA7 control grid through 0.1 mfd. capacitor	455 kc	1600 kc	secondary trimmer of 1st i-f transformer for maximum output
4	6SA7 control grid through 0.1 mfd. capacitor	455 kc	1600 kc	primary trimmer of 1st i-f transformer for maximum output
5	antenna terminal through 200 mmfd. capacitor	1615 kc	gang at minimum	trimmer of oscillator section, tuning capacitor for maximum output
6	radiated signal (no actual connection)	1400 kc	1400 kc	antenna trimmer for maximum output

Power Supply Polarity

When the receiver is operated on 105-120 volts a.c., a slight hum may be heard if the power plug is inserted in such a manner that the "hot" side of the supply line is connected nearest to the chassis. To eliminate this trouble, reverse the plug in the convenience outlet.

When operated on direct current, the set will not function at all if the power plug polarity is reversed with respect to the line voltage. If it does not function within one minute after it is turned on, reverse the plug.

Ground Connections

The use of an external ground is not recommended for two reasons: First, the r-f circuits are returned to ground through the a-c or d-c supply line; second, the radio chassis is connected to one side of the supply line through a 220,000 ohm resistor and a capacitor of 0.2 mfd. If the power plug is inserted in such a manner that the "hot" side of the supply line is connected directly to the chassis, the use of an external ground would place the 105-120 volt supply voltage across the resistor-capacitor combination. This might cause a loud hum or, under certain conditions, actual damage to the receiver.

Alignment Procedure

The overall sensitivity and selectivity of these models is affected to a great extent by the alignment of the i-f and r-f circuits. In general, a complete realignment of both circuits is unnecessary. If realignment is required, however, the following procedure must be used:

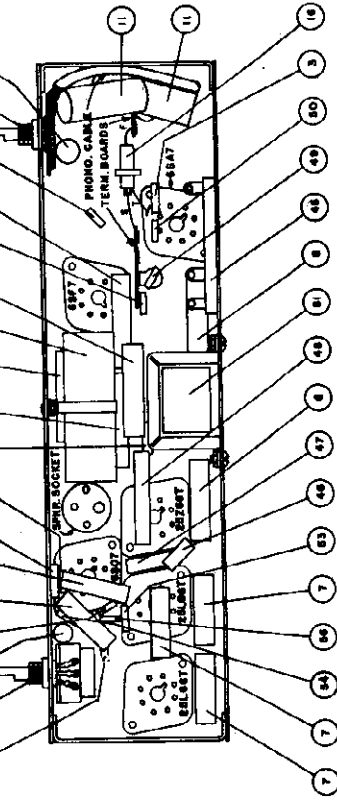
1. Disconnect the receiver from the 105-120 volt power source.
2. Remove the rear cover - loop assembly as outlined above.
3. Pull off the four knobs at the front of the cabinet.
4. Remove the pilot lamp socket from the speaker bracket. Remove the speaker plug from its socket. This socket is located at the front of the chassis near the 6SC7 tube.
5. To release the chassis, remove the two screws from the bottom of the cabinet.
6. Reconnect the speaker. Place the power plug in the 105-120 volt a-c or d-c convenience outlet and set the controls on the front as follows:
 - a. Volume control and a-c switch - full on.
 - b. Radio-photograph switch - in RADIO position (extreme counter clockwise).
 - c. Tone control - HIGH position (extreme clockwise).
 - d. Tuning dial - 1600 kc position.
7. Connect the signal generator to the control grid of the 6SF7 i-f amplifier tube through a series capacitor of 0.1 mfd. Adjust the signal generator for an output frequency of 455 kc; keep the signal reduced to avoid a.v.c. action.
8. Connect an a-c output meter across the speaker voice coil; place the meter range switch on the highest output scale position for the preliminary adjustments.
9. Using an alignment tool, adjust the secondary trimmer of the second i-f transformer for the maximum output indication on the meter. As the circuits come into alignment, it will be necessary to further reduce the test signal amplitude in order to prevent a.v.c. action. Always use the lowest range on the meter which will give at least one-half scale deflection. Adjust the primary trimmer of the second i-f transformer for maximum output indication.
10. Connect the signal generator output to the control grid of the 6SA7 mixer tube, and adjust in turn, the secondary and primary trimmers of the first i-f transformer for maximum output indication.
11. Leave the signal generator connected to the control grid of the 6SA7 mixer tube. Reduce the test signal to the lowest perceptible value and carefully "peak" each adjustment in Steps 9 and 10 for maximum output indication.
12. Connect the signal generator to the antenna terminal on the back cover - loop assembly through a capacitor of approximately 200 mmfd.; adjust the signal generator to an output frequency of 1615 kc. Rotate the tuning condenser until the minimum capacity stop is reached, and adjust the oscillator trimmer for the maximum response on the output meter.
13. Disconnect the signal generator test lead from the antenna terminal. Turn attenuator on the signal generator for full output. Adjust the signal generator for 1400 kc. Bring the output lead near, but do not connect to, the loop antenna. Tune in the test signal as accurately as possible on the radio. If the test signal is too strong, move the lead farther away. Adjust the antenna trimmer for maximum output on the meter.

Note: The antenna trimmer must be readjusted after the chassis is replaced in the cabinet as the metal chassis and speaker affect the inductance of the loop.
14. Check on radio stations at selected points for calibration and sensitivity.

WESTINGHOUSE ELECTRIC CORP.

PARTS LIST FOR H-122 AND H-130

When ordering parts specify model number of set in addition to part number and description of part.



Item No.	Part No.	Description of Part
1	V-3304	Capacitor, electrolytic
1A		Capacitor, 30 mfd.
1B		Capacitor, 50 mfd.
2	V-3535	Capacitor, variable two-gang
2A		Capacitor, loop tuning
2B		Capacitor, oscillator tuning
2C		Capacitor, oscillator trimmer
3	RCM20A690M	Capacitor, .68 mmfd.
4	RCM20A301M	Capacitor, .300 mmfd.
5	RCP10W6502A	Capacitor, .005 mfd.
6	RCP10W4103A	Capacitor, .01 mfd.
7	RCP10W4503A	Capacitor, .05 mfd.
8	RCP10W4304K	Capacitor, .02 mfd.
9	RCP10W6202A	Capacitor, .002 mfd.
10	RCP10W4104A	Capacitor, .01 mfd.
11	V-3382	Coil, oscillator
16	V-3303	Control, tone
20	V-3298	Control, volume and switch
21		Control, variable resistor
21A		Control, switch
21B		Control, switch
24	V-3392	Cord, power a.c. long (H-122 only)
25	V-3372-122	Cord, power short (H-122 only)
25	V-3372-130	Cord, power (H-130 only)
28		Light, pilot
31	V-3660	Loop, antenna (H-122 only)
31	V-3660	Loop, antenna (H-130 only)
31A		Loop, winding
31B		Loop, trimmer
31C		Phono socket
35	V-3379	Receptacle
39A		Photograph pickup (See Service Notes, V-3289-3 Record Changer)
39B		Photograph motor and switch (See Service Notes, V-3289-3 Record Changer)
45	V-3311	Resistor, ballast
46	RC20AE220M	Resistor, 22 ohms 1/2 watt
47	RC30AE910J	Resistor, 91 ohms 1 watt
48	RC40AE152M	Resistor, 150 ohms 2 watts
49	RC10AE332M	Resistor, 330 ohms 1/4 watt
50	RC10AE223M	Resistor, 22,000 ohms 1/4 watt
51	RC10AE823K	Resistor, 82,000 ohms 1/4 watt
53	RC20AE184K	Resistor, 180,000 ohms 1/2 watt
54	RC20AE224K	Resistor, 220,000 ohms 1/2 watt
55	RC10AE224M	Resistor, 220,000 ohms 1/4 watt
56	RC10AE274K	Resistor, 270,000 ohms 1/4 watt
57	RC10AE334K	Resistor, 330,000 ohms 1/4 watt
58	RC10AE225M	Resistor, 22 megohms 1/4 watt
59	RC10AE106M	Resistor, 10 megohms 1/4 watt
65	V-3398-1	Socket, regular a.c. power
66	V-3299	Socket, speaker
70	V-3291	Speaker, 6" PM
75	V-3301	Switch, radio phono
79	V-3323	Transformer, 1st 1-1
80	V-3329	Transformer, 2nd 1-1

81	V-3297	Transformer, output
	V-3219S-1	Cord, dial drive
	V-3343	Pointer assembly
	V-3321	Rail, pointer
	V-3335	Socket, pilot light
	V-3246S	Socket
	V-3248S	Spring, dial drive
	V-1109-1	Cabinet (radio section H-122 only)
	V-1110-1	Cabinet (less radio section H-122 only)
	V-1111-2	Cabinet (H-130 only)
	V-3425	Dial (H-122 only)
	V-3647-2	Knob, tone (H-122 only)
	V-3413	Knob, tone (H-130 only)
	V-3262-2	Knob, tuning (H-122 only)
	V-3413	Knob, tuning (H-130 only)
	V-3262-2	Knob assembly, volume (H-122 only)
	V-3331-1	Knob assembly, volume (H-130 only)
	V-3657-2	Knob assembly, radio-phono (H-122 only)
	V-3331-2	Knob assembly, radio-phono (H-130 only)
	V-3657-4	Knob assembly, radio-phono (H-130 only)
	V-3333S-1	Medallion

Power Output:	
Undistorted (radio)	3 watts
Undistorted (phonograph)	3.5 watts
Maximum	5 watts

Power Supply Ratings	
H-122 combination	105 - 120 volts, 50 - 60 cycles a.c.
H-130 or radio section of H-122 only	105 - 120 volts d.c. or 105 - 120 volts, 50 - 60 cycles a.c.

Power Consumption:	
H-122 combination	150 watts
H-130 or radio section of H-122	60 watts

Special Provisions:	
H-130:	Photograph, FM, and television sound input connection at rear of cabinet
H-122:	FM and television sound input connection at rear of cabinet

WESTINGHOUSE ELECTRIC CORP.

PARTS LIST FOR H-125 AND H-126

When ordering parts specify model number of set in addition to part number and description of part.

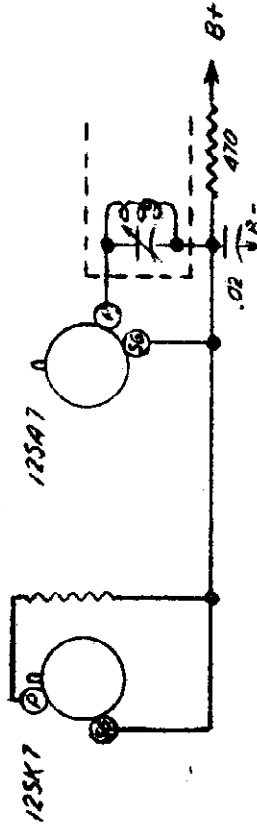
Item No.	Part No.	Description of Part
1	V-3466	Loop antenna
3	V-3474	Capacitor, variable
3A	Part of Item 3	Capacitor, antenna tuner
3B	Part of Item 3	Capacitor, antenna trimmer
3C	Part of Item 3	Capacitor, oscillator tuner
3D	Part of Item 3	Capacitor, oscillator trimmer
5	RCM20A470K	Capacitor, 47 mmfd.
6	RCM20A470M	Capacitor, 47 mmfd.
7	RCM20A101M	Capacitor, 100 mmfd.
8	RCPI0W6102A	Capacitor, 1,000 mmfd.
10	RCM20A471M	Capacitor, 470 mmfd.
11	RCPI0W6502A	Capacitor, .025 mfd.
12	RCPI0W2253K	Capacitor, .025 mfd.
13	RCPI0W2103A	Capacitor, .01 mfd.
15	RCPI0W2403K	Capacitor, .04 mfd.
16	RCPI0W2403A	Capacitor, .04 mfd.
17	RCPI0W2104A	Capacitor, .10 mfd.
18	RCPI0W4104A	Capacitor, .10 mfd.
19	RCPI0W2204A	Capacitor, .20 mfd.
20	V-3470	Capacitor, electrolytic
20A	Part of Item 20	Capacitor, 50 mfd. 150 volts electrolytic
20B	Part of Item 20	Capacitor, 50 mfd. 150 volts electrolytic
20C	Part of Item 20	Capacitor, 20 mfd. 25 volts electrolytic
21	V-3476	Control, volume and switch
21A	Part of Item 21	Control, variable resistor
21B	Part of Item 21	Control, switch
22	V-3473	Coil, oscillator
23	V-3465	Coil, trap assembly
23A	Part of Item 23	Coil
23B	Part of Item 23	Coil
29	V-3477	Trap trimmer
30	Westinghouse Type No. 47	Cord, power A.C.
31	RC20AE270K	Light, pilot
33	RC20AE475M	Resistor, 47 ohms 0.5 watt
34	RC20AE181J	Resistor, 180 ohms 0.5 watt
35	RC30AE152K	Resistor, 1,500 ohms 1 watt
36	RC20AE472K	Resistor, 4,700 ohms 0.5 watt
37	RC20AE153K	Resistor, 15,000 ohms 0.5 watt
38	RC20AE333K	Resistor, 33,000 ohms 0.5 watt
39	RC20AE225M	Resistor, 2.2 megohms 0.5 watt
40	RC20AE473M	Resistor, 47,000 ohms 0.5 watt
41	RC20AE473K	Resistor, 47,000 ohms 0.5 watt
42	RC20AE823K	Resistor, 82,000 ohms 0.5 watt
43	RC20AE104K	Resistor, 100,000 ohms 0.5 watt
45	RC20AE334M	Resistor, 330,000 ohms 0.5 watt
46	RC20AE474K	Resistor, 470,000 ohms 0.5 watt
47	V-3475	Speaker, 5 inch permanent magnet
48	V-3496	Transformer, output
50	V-3471	Transformer, 1st i-f
51	V-3472	Transformer, 2nd i-f
	V-3219S-1	Cord, dial drive

V-3455-1	Dial (for Model H-125 only)
V-3455-2	Dial (for Model H-126 only)
V-3449	Drive shaft bearing
V-3480	Shaft, drive
V-3468	Socket, molded octal tube (shielded)
V-3469	Socket, molded octal tube (shielded)
V-3499	Socket, pilot light
V-3448	Spring, dial drive
V-3435	Bumper, felt (screw type)
V-3501-1	Case assembly, center
V-3461-1	Cover, left-hand (H-125 only)
V-3459-1	Cover, right-hand (H-125 only)
V-3498-1	Handle assembly (H-125 only)
V-3481-1	Knob (H-125 only)
V-3491	Terminal strip assembly
V-3461-2	Cover, left-hand (H-126 only)
V-3459-2	Cover, right-hand (H-126 only)
V-3498-2	Handle assembly (H-126 only)
V-3481-2	Knob (H-126 only)
V-3711-1	Baffle and Grille Cloth Assembly (H-125)
V-3711-2	Baffle and Grille Cloth Assembly (H-126)
V-3333S-1	Medallion (H-125 only)
V-3333S-2	Medallion (H-126 only)
V-3745	Socket, lock-in

SUBJECT: CIRCUIT CHANGE, H-125 and H-126 Radios

Effective July 11, 1946, all Model H-125 and H-126 radios which have the letter "C" stamped on the end of the chassis directly below the output tube, have been changed as follows:

A 470 ohm 1/4 watt isolating resistor has been inserted in the plate and screen supply line for the R.F. and converter stages, and a .02 mfd, 200 volt paper by-pass capacitor has been connected from the tube side of this resistor to the common negative line. These connections are shown below.



Where this change has been incorporated in the radio, voltages at the R.F. and converter tube sockets will differ slightly from the values given in the original Service Notes. Approximate voltages when the change is incorporated are as follows: 12SK7 screen grid 66 V., plate 30 V.; 12SA7 screen grid 65 V., plate 65 V.

Procurement difficulties with respect to certain components make the change advisable at this time.

MODELS B470-A,
B470-B, B470-C,
B470-D

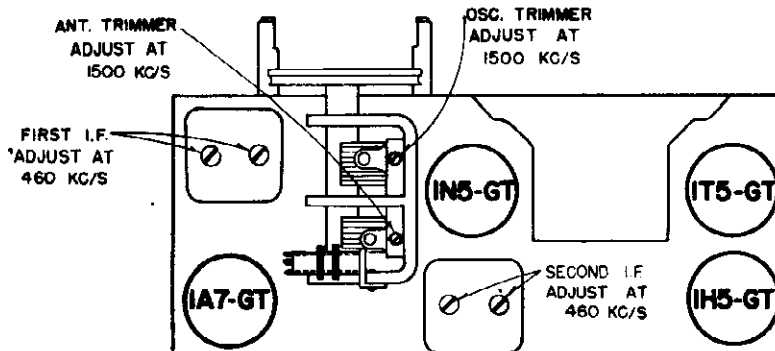
WESTINGHOUSE ELEC. INTERNAT. CO.

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

IF USING A CATHODE RAY OSCILLOGRAPH, THE VERTICAL "HIGH" TERMINAL IS TO BE CONNECTED TO THE 1st 5GT GRID CAP WITH A 2.0 MEG. RESISTOR IN SERIES AT THE GRID END.

FOR THE I.F. ALIGNMENT USE A DUMMY ANTENNA CAPACITOR OF .01 MFD. AND COUPLE TEST SIGNAL TO GRID CAP OF THE 1A7GT.

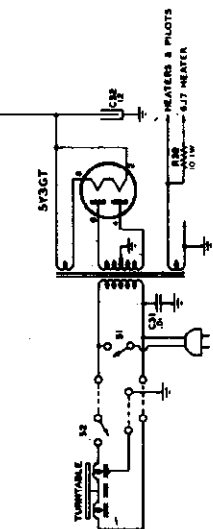
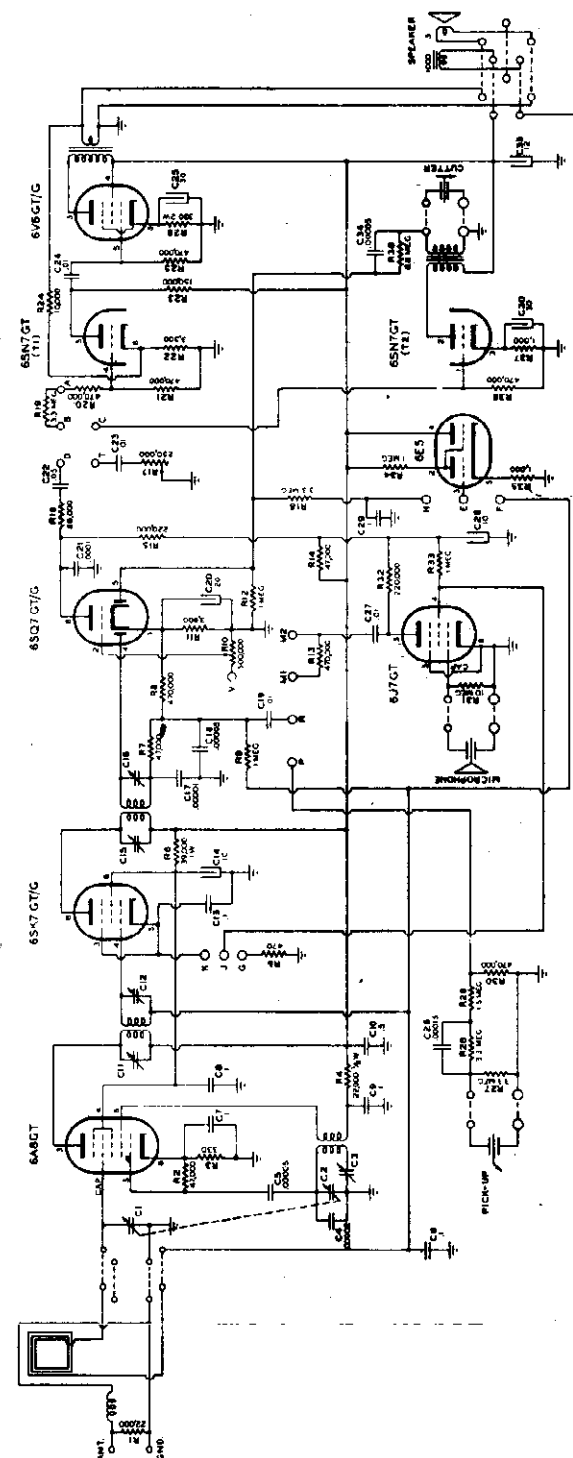
FOR PRELIMINARY ADJUSTMENT OF THE OSCILLATOR CIRCUIT USE THE SAME DUMMY ANTENNA AND CONNECTION POINT. FEED THE TEST GENERATOR TO THE ANTENNA LEAD USING A 200 MMFD. CAPACITOR AS A DUMMY ANTENNA, ADJUST THE ANTENNA TRIMMER C-4 FOR MAXIMUM AT 1500 KC/S. THEN READJUST THE OSCILLATOR SHORTED LOOP FOR MAXIMUM AT 600 KC/S WHILE ROCKING THE GANG CAPACITOR. RECHECK AT 1500 KC/S.



PART	KEY No.	B470-A	B470-B	KEY No.	B470-C	B470-D
Cabinet	- Mantel.....	573092-1	574260-1	.....	1-L-96-1	1-L-96-2
Cable	- Battery (Complete with Attachment).....	586709-505	586709-505	.....	586709-505	586709-505
Capacitor	- 2 Gang Tuning.....	C3,C4 05,06 587263-1	587909-1	.....	1.95	1.95
Capacitor	- 2 Gang Tuning with Drum.....	.....	.....	C3,C4 05,06 C17	2-M-275-2	2-M-275-2
Capacitor	- Tubular 10 Mfd. 150 Volt.....	C17	595086-4	.....	595086-4	595086-4
Clip	- Control Grid..... Pkg. of 5.....	#6011	#6011	.....	#6011	#6011
Clamp	- To Hold Chassis to Cabinet.....	595639-4	595639-4	L1,L2	595639-4	595639-4
Coil	- Antenna.....	I9,L10	587256-503	.....	587256-503	587256-503
Coil	- Oscillator.....	L4,L5	587256-504	.....	587256-504	587256-504
Control	- Volume Control with D.P.S.T. Switch.....	S1,S2	595789-2	.....	595789-2	595789-2
Core	- (35 lb. Black Prince 1/32 Dia.).....	R4	1.50	.....	R4	1.50
Dial	- Calibrated.....	K-89516-501	.....	.....	K-89516-504	K-89516-504
Dial	- Calibrated Glass Scale.....	.....	595963-1	.....	597038-1	597038-1
Indicator	- Paper Disc.....	.....	.....	.....	1-M-30-2	1-M-30-2
Knob	- For Volume Control.....	K-39008-6	595170-4	.....	595170-4	595170-4
Knob	- For Tuning Condenser.....	K-89515-502	596370-1	.....	596370-1	596370-1
Plug	- "A" Battery.....	595093-1	.....	.....	595093-1	595093-1
Plug	- "B" Battery.....	#60456	#60456	.....	#60456	#60456
Reproducer	- Less Output Transformer.....	L8	572797-135	L10	572797-135	572797-135
Reproducer	- Complete.....	572797-19	572797-19	L9,L10 L11	572797-19	572797-19
Shield	- Coat Tube with Ground Clip.....	H-40290	H-40290	.....	.....	.....
Shield	- Coat Tube.....	.....	.....	.....	#1222	#1222
Shield	- Spire Shield for Wires 6" Long.....	593969-15	593969-15	.....	593969-15	593969-15
Socket	- 8 Contact (Tube).....	596185-2	596185-2	.....	596185-2	596185-2
Spring	- Drive Cord Tension..... Pkg. of 5.....	.....	594453-11	.....	594453-11	594453-11
Spring	- For Dial and Knob..... Pkg. of 5.....	K-82890-2	.....	.....	.....	.....
Spring	- Knob..... Pkg. of 5.....	K-87778-1	H-40411	.....	H-40411	H-40411
Transformer	- 1st. I.F.....	L2,L3 08,09 587174-503	587174-503	L3,L4 07,08 587989-501	587989-501	587989-501
Transformer	- 2nd. I.F.....	L6,L7 010,018 587174-504	587174-504	L7,L8 010,011 587989-502	587989-502	587989-502
Transformer	- Reproducer Output.....	T1	572797-134	T1	572797-134	572797-134
Tuning	- Drum.....	.....	596373-1	.....	.....	.....
Tuning	- Shaft Complete with Bearing.....	.....	596373-1	.....	.....	.....
Tuning	- Shaft.....	.....	.....	.....	1-M-61-3	1-M-61-3
Tuning	- Shaft Bearing.....	.....	.....	.....	1-M-61-3	1-M-61-3
Tuning	- "C" Washer on Drive Shaft Pkg. of 5.....	.....	.....	.....	K-61933-4	K-61933-4
Resistor Kit	- 2 Volt D.C. Supply.....	H-40291	H-40291	.....	H-40291	H-40291

All prices subject to change without notice.

These 1.4 Volt Battery Receivers may be used with a 2.0 Storage Cell if resistor kit H-40291 is installed.

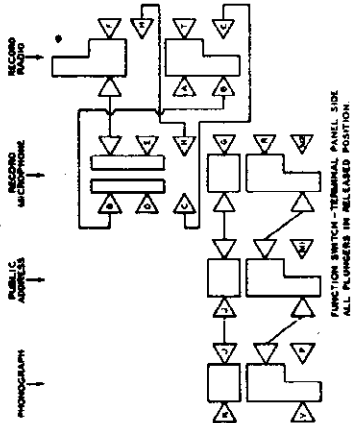


- FUNCTION
- RADIO
 - RECORD RADIO
 - PHONOGRAPH
 - PUBLIC ADDRESS
 - RECORD MICROPHONE
 - 6-7
 - 6-8-A-T
 - 6-8-C
 - 6-8
 - 6-8-A-T
 - 6-7
 - 6-8
 - 6-8
- SWITCH CONTACTS CLOSED
- K-1-C
 - K-1-G
 - J-C
 - K-2
 - V-1
 - V-2
 - V-3
 - V-4
 - V-5
 - V-6
 - V-7
 - V-8
 - V-9
 - V-10
 - V-11
 - V-12

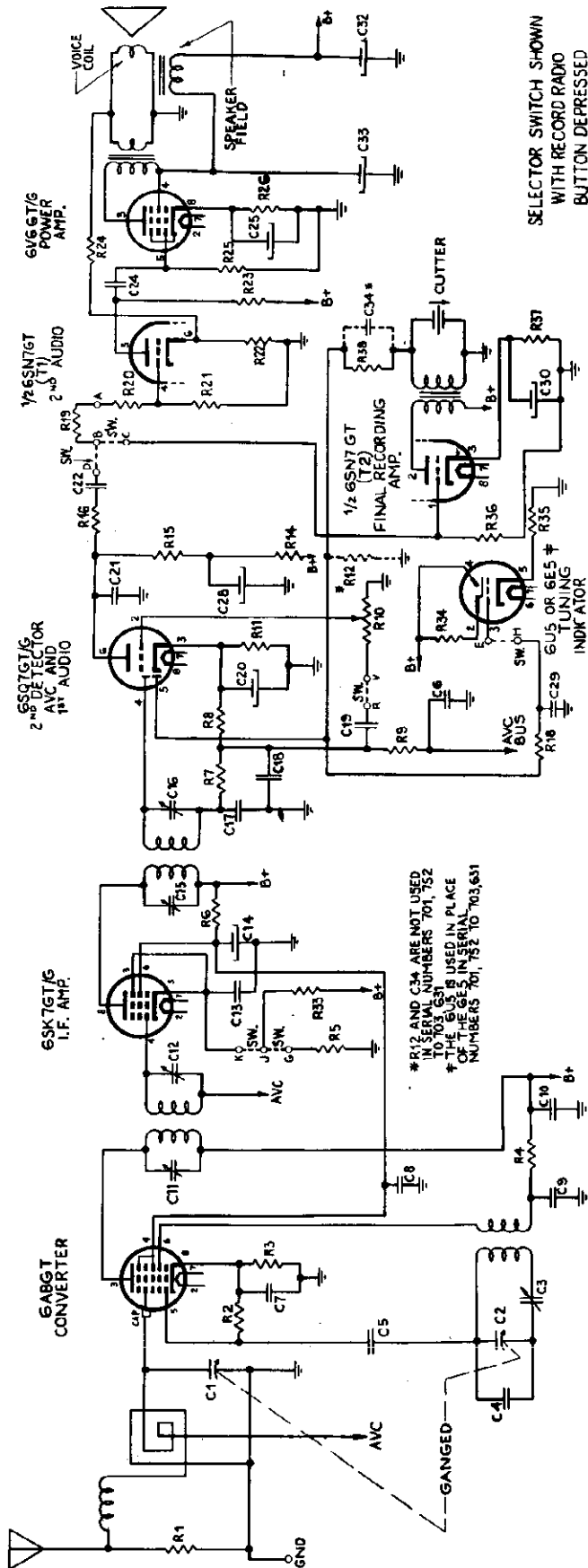
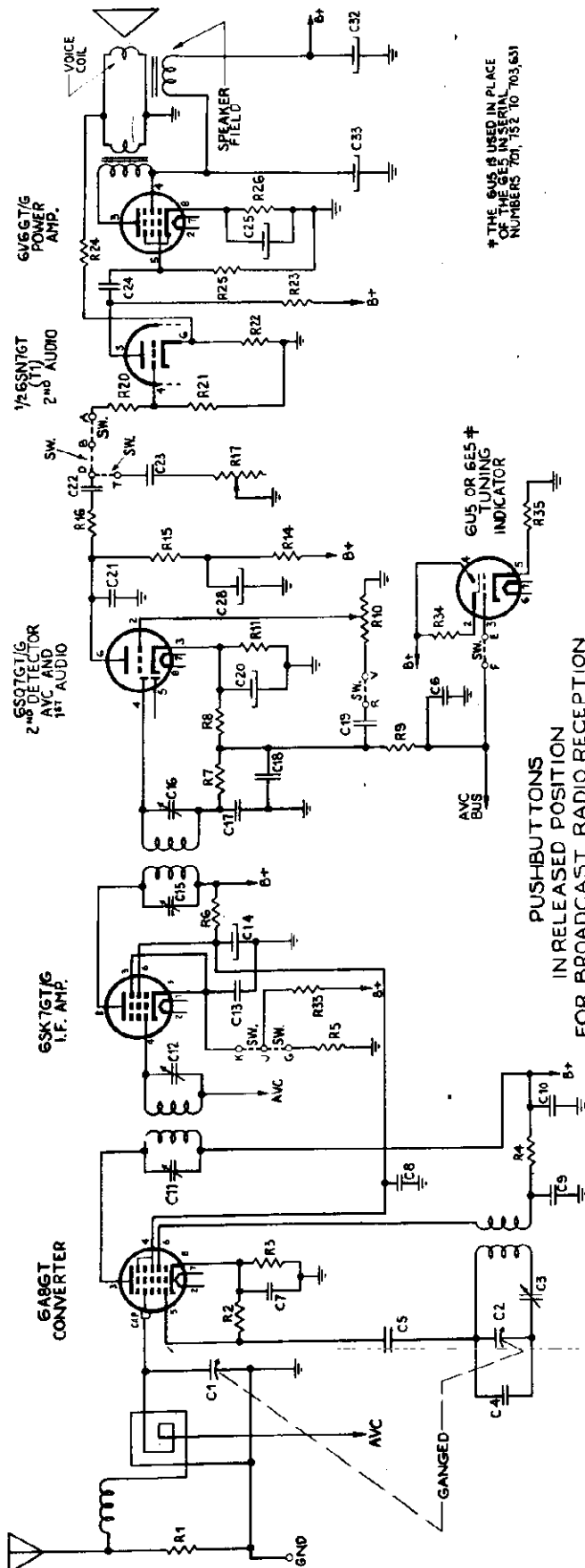
TYPICAL VOLTAGE CHART

TUBE	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
6AB	0	0	24.0	8.0	1.4	0.3	0.2	0.2
6SN7	0	0	3.3	0	3.3	0	0.3	0.3
6SQ7	0	0	23.2	8.5	0	0	0	0
6V6C	0	0	1.5	0	0	0	0	0
6S7	0	0	22.8	8.0	0	0	0	0
6E5	0	0	3.2	0	0	0	0	0
6J7	0	0	2.8	0	0	0	0	0
5Y3	0	0	3.2	0	0	0	0	0
6E5	0	0	2.4	0	0	0	0	0

MEASURED WITH 400 OHMS PER VOLT METER.
 SCALES USED - 3-30-100-300
 ALL PLUNGERS IN RELEASED POSITION.

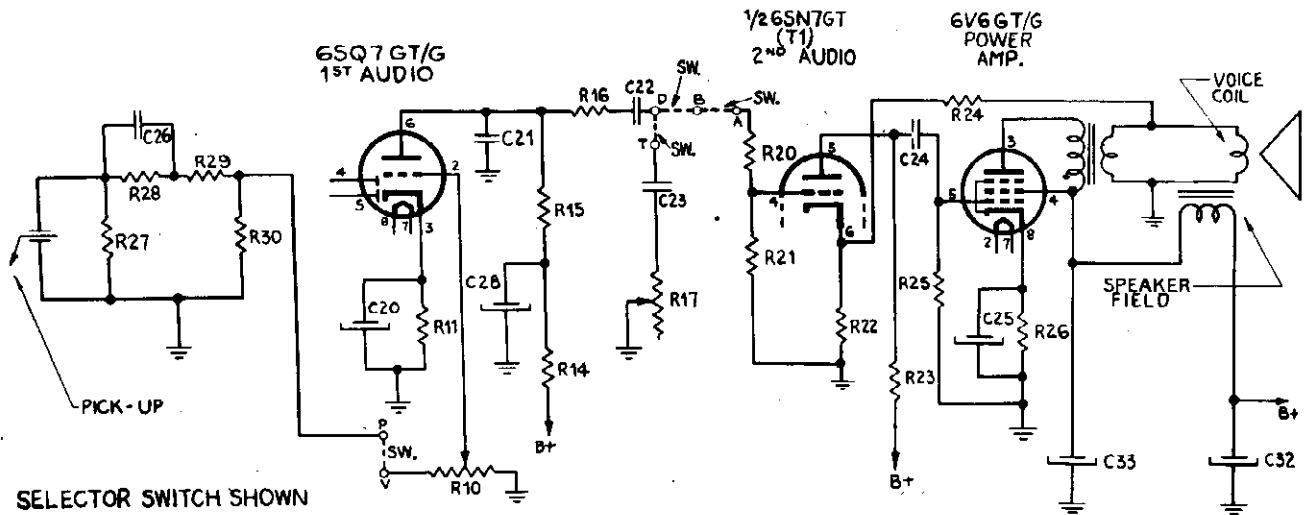


IF PEAK 456 KC

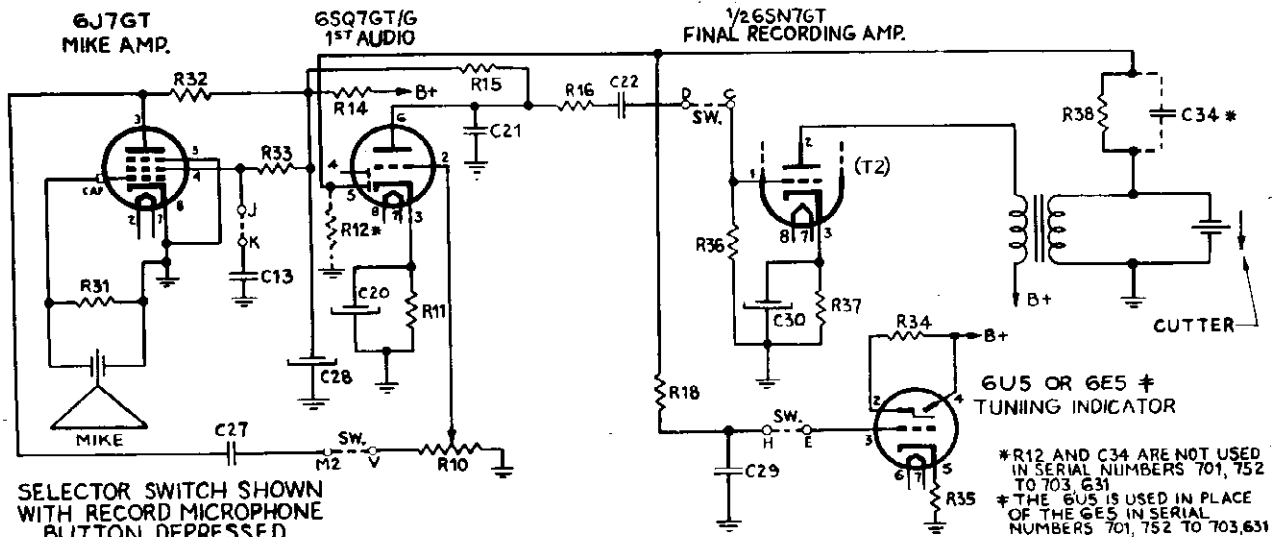


"clarified schematics"

WILCOX GAY CORP.

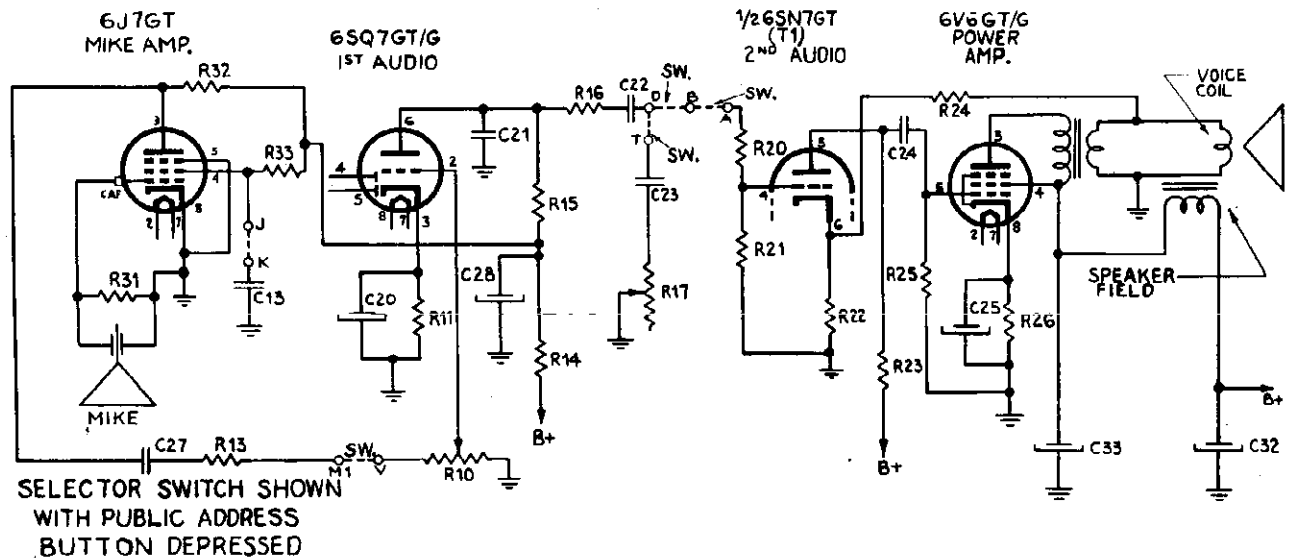


SELECTOR SWITCH SHOWN WITH PHONOGRAPH BUTTON DEPRESSED



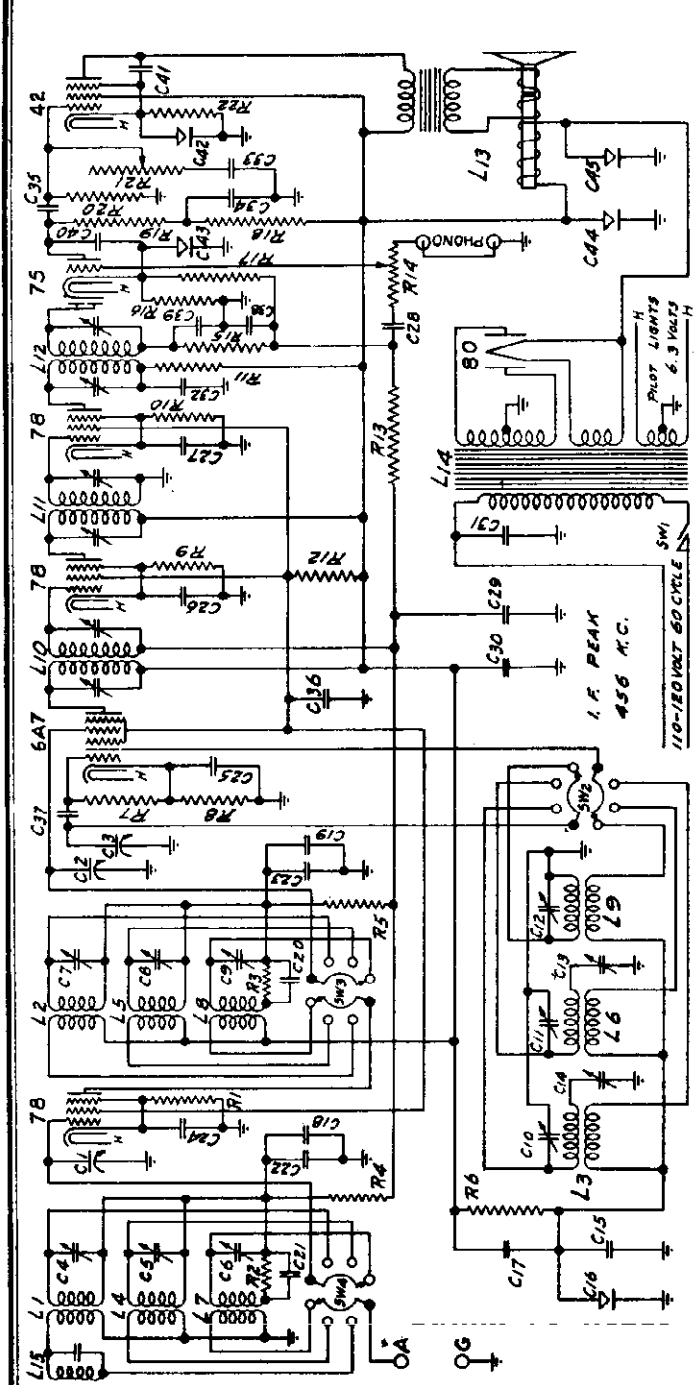
SELECTOR SWITCH SHOWN WITH RECORD MICROPHONE BUTTON DEPRESSED

*R12 AND C34 ARE NOT USED IN SERIAL NUMBERS 701, 752 TO 703, 631
 *THE 6U5 IS USED IN PLACE OF THE 6E5 IN SERIAL NUMBERS 701, 752 TO 703, 631



SELECTOR SWITCH SHOWN WITH PUBLIC ADDRESS BUTTON DEPRESSED

WILCOX GAY CORP.



WAVEBANDS
 540 - 1750 KC
 1.75 - 5.75 MC
 5.5 - 18.5 MC

CONDENSERS (Cont'd.)

530	75-2012	.5 MFD. 400 V. Paper Condenser
531	75-2003	.01 MFD. 400 V. Paper Condenser
532	75-2003	.01 MFD. 400 V. Paper Condenser
533	75-2003	.01 MFD. 400 V. Paper Condenser
534	75-2007	.1 MFD. 400 V. Paper Condenser
535	75-2007	.1 MFD. 400 V. Paper Condenser
536	75-2007	.1 MFD. 400 V. Paper Condenser
537	75-2008	.00005 MFD. Mica Condenser
538	75-2001	.0001 MFD. Mica Condenser
539	75-2001	.001 MFD. Mica Condenser
540	75-2001	.001 MFD. Mica Condenser
541	75-2002	.004 MFD. 500 V. Paper Condenser
542	75-2002	.004 MFD. 500 V. Paper Condenser
543	18-2005	.25 MFD. 25 V. Electro. Condenser
544	18-2006	.12 MFD. 325 A.V. Electro. Condenser
545	18-2006	.12 MFD. 325 A.V. Electro. Condenser
546	18-2006	.12 MFD. 325 A.V. Electro. Condenser

CODE PART NO.

RESISTORS

R1	55-1003	500 Ohm Wirewound Resistor
R2	55-1003	500 Ohm Wirewound Resistor
R3	55-1003	500 Ohm Wirewound Resistor
R4	55-1003	500 Ohm Wirewound Resistor
R5	55-1003	500 Ohm Wirewound Resistor
R6	55-1003	500 Ohm Wirewound Resistor
R7	55-1003	500 Ohm Wirewound Resistor
R8	55-1003	500 Ohm Wirewound Resistor
R9	55-1003	500 Ohm Wirewound Resistor
R10	55-1003	500 Ohm Wirewound Resistor
R11	55-1003	500 Ohm Wirewound Resistor
R12	55-1003	500 Ohm Wirewound Resistor
R13	55-1003	500 Ohm Wirewound Resistor
R14	55-1003	500 Ohm Wirewound Resistor
R15	55-1003	500 Ohm Wirewound Resistor
R16	55-1003	500 Ohm Wirewound Resistor
R17	55-1003	500 Ohm Wirewound Resistor
R18	55-1003	500 Ohm Wirewound Resistor
R19	55-1003	500 Ohm Wirewound Resistor
R20	55-1003	500 Ohm Wirewound Resistor
R21	55-1003	500 Ohm Wirewound Resistor
R22	55-1003	500 Ohm Wirewound Resistor

CODE PART NO.

CONDENSERS

C1	65-06	3-50 MFD. 3 Gang Tuning Condenser
C2	65-06	3-50 MFD. 3 Gang Tuning Condenser
C3	65-06	3-50 MFD. 3 Gang Tuning Condenser
C4	65-06	3-50 MFD. 3 Gang Tuning Condenser
C5	65-06	3-50 MFD. 3 Gang Tuning Condenser
C6	65-06	3-50 MFD. 3 Gang Tuning Condenser
C7	65-06	3-50 MFD. 3 Gang Tuning Condenser
C8	65-06	3-50 MFD. 3 Gang Tuning Condenser
C9	65-06	3-50 MFD. 3 Gang Tuning Condenser
C10	65-06	3-50 MFD. 3 Gang Tuning Condenser
C11	65-06	3-50 MFD. 3 Gang Tuning Condenser
C12	65-06	3-50 MFD. 3 Gang Tuning Condenser
C13	65-06	3-50 MFD. 3 Gang Tuning Condenser
C14	65-06	3-50 MFD. 3 Gang Tuning Condenser
C15	65-06	3-50 MFD. 3 Gang Tuning Condenser
C16	65-06	3-50 MFD. 3 Gang Tuning Condenser
C17	65-06	3-50 MFD. 3 Gang Tuning Condenser
C18	65-06	3-50 MFD. 3 Gang Tuning Condenser
C19	65-06	3-50 MFD. 3 Gang Tuning Condenser
C20	65-06	3-50 MFD. 3 Gang Tuning Condenser
C21	65-06	3-50 MFD. 3 Gang Tuning Condenser
C22	65-06	3-50 MFD. 3 Gang Tuning Condenser
C23	65-06	3-50 MFD. 3 Gang Tuning Condenser
C24	65-06	3-50 MFD. 3 Gang Tuning Condenser
C25	65-06	3-50 MFD. 3 Gang Tuning Condenser
C26	65-06	3-50 MFD. 3 Gang Tuning Condenser
C27	65-06	3-50 MFD. 3 Gang Tuning Condenser
C28	65-06	3-50 MFD. 3 Gang Tuning Condenser
C29	65-06	3-50 MFD. 3 Gang Tuning Condenser
C30	65-06	3-50 MFD. 3 Gang Tuning Condenser
C31	65-06	3-50 MFD. 3 Gang Tuning Condenser
C32	65-06	3-50 MFD. 3 Gang Tuning Condenser
C33	65-06	3-50 MFD. 3 Gang Tuning Condenser
C34	65-06	3-50 MFD. 3 Gang Tuning Condenser
C35	65-06	3-50 MFD. 3 Gang Tuning Condenser
C36	65-06	3-50 MFD. 3 Gang Tuning Condenser
C37	65-06	3-50 MFD. 3 Gang Tuning Condenser

CODE PART NO.

INDUCTANCES

L1	17-2165	Broadcast Antenna Coil Assembly
L2	17-2165	Broadcast R.F. Coil Assembly
L3	17-2167	Broadcast Oscillator Coil Assembly
L4	17-2168	Police Band Antenna Coil Assembly
L5	17-2170	Police Band Oscillator Coil Assembly
L6	17-2171	Foreign Band Antenna Coil Assembly
L7	17-2172	Foreign Band R.F. Coil Assembly
L8	17-2173	Foreign Band Oscillator Coil Assembly
L9	68-2045	First I.F. Transformer Assembly
L10	68-2045	Second I.F. Transformer Assembly
L11	68-2045	Third I.F. Transformer Assembly
L12	68-2045	Detector Transformer Assembly
L13	68-2045	Detector Transformer Assembly
L14	80-2022	110-150 V. 60 Cycle Power Transformer
L15	17-2190	Wave Trap Coil Assembly

CODE PART NO.

SWITCHES

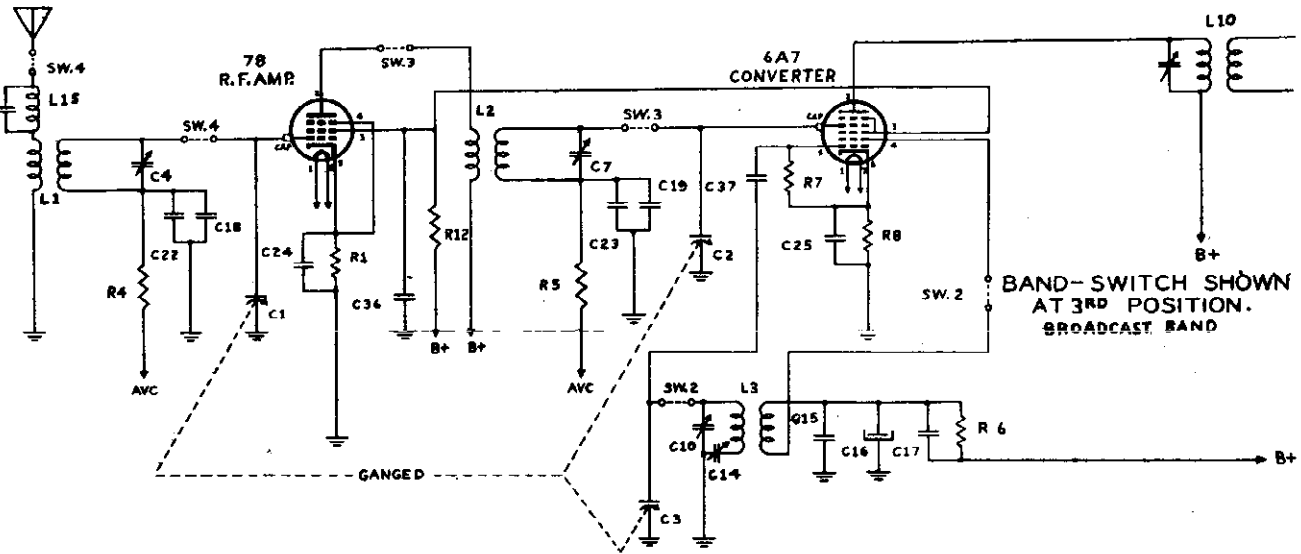
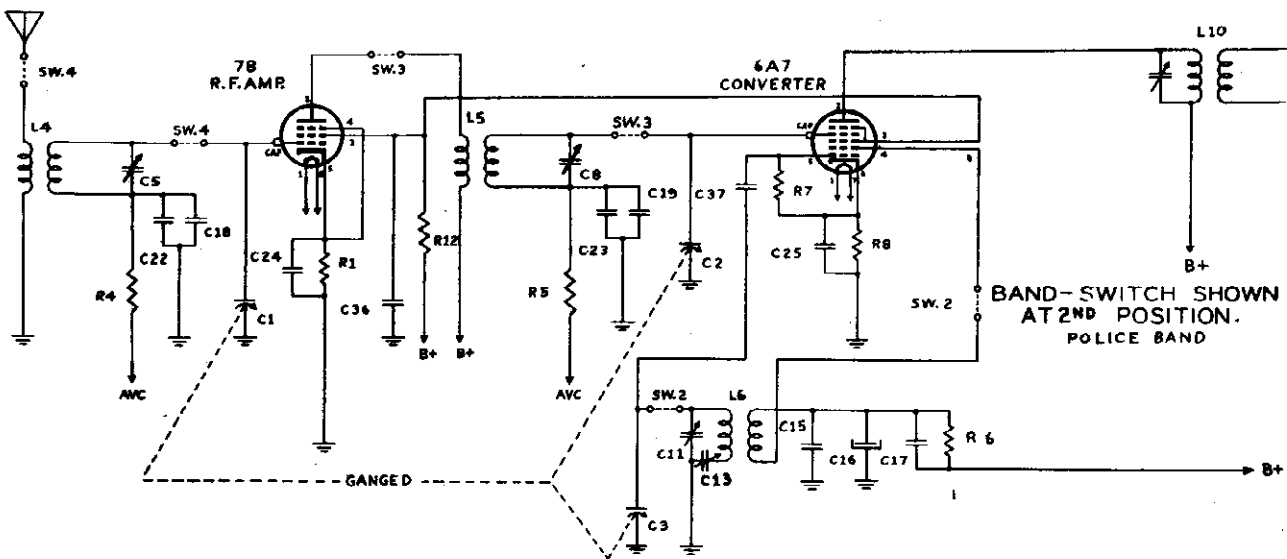
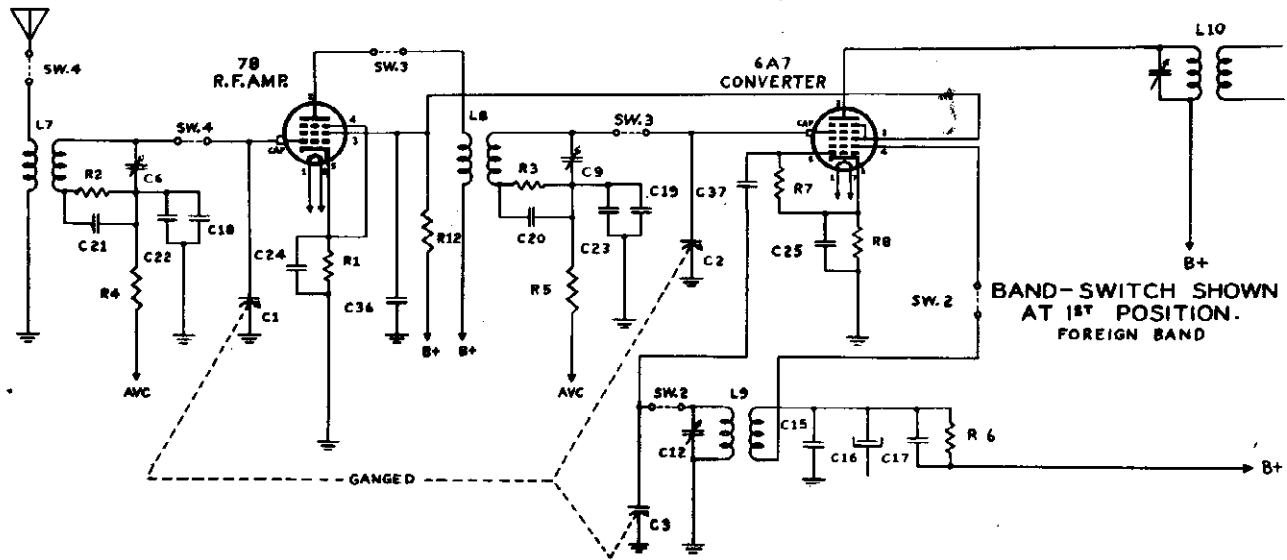
SW1	66-2014	Power Line Off-On Switch
SW2	66-2015	Front Panel of Band Switch
SW3	66-2015	Center Panel of Band Switch
SW4	66-2015	Rear Panel of Band Switch

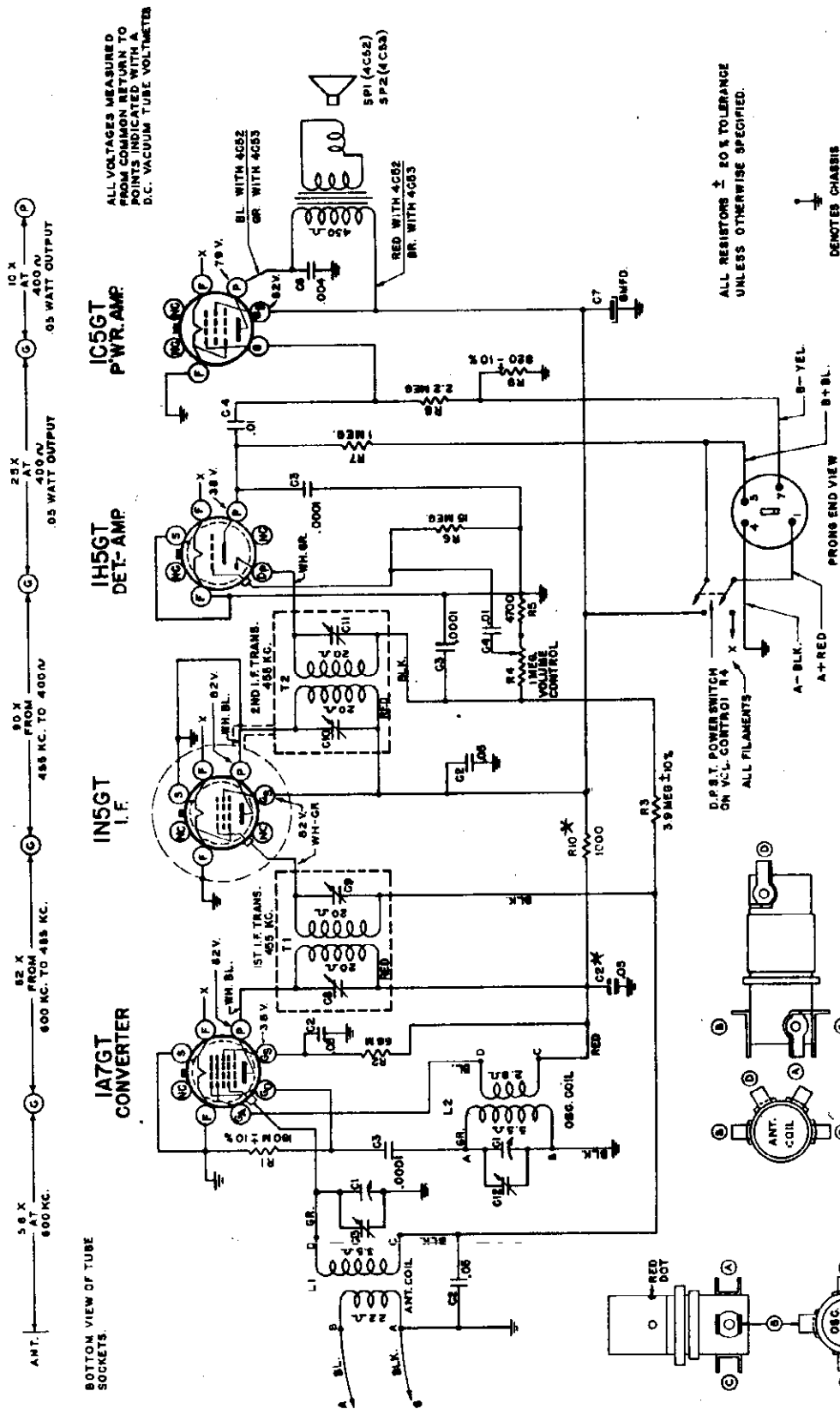
CODE PART NO.

"clarified schematics"

MODELS A-36, A-37

WILCOX GAY CORP.





ALL VOLTAGES MEASURED FROM COMMON RETURN TO POINTS INDICATED WITH A D.C. VACUUM TUBE VOLTMETER

ALL RESISTORS ± 20% TOLERANCE UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.

DEMOTES CHASSIS

I.F. FREQUENCY 455 KC. TUNING RANGE 535-1820 KC.

*Not in early model

MODELS 4K016-4K035
CHASSIS Nos. 4C52-4C53

COMP. NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.
R1	63-854	100 OHM	1/4 W.
R2	63-894	500 OHM	1/4 W.
R3	63-693	3.9 MEG.	1/4 W.
R4	63-1256	VOLUME CONTROL (CER.)	1
R5	63-1301	VOLUME CONTROL (CER.)	1
R6	63-587	470 OHM	1/4 W.
R7	63-976	15 MEG.	1/4 W.
R8	63-271	1 MEG.	1/4 W.
R9	63-600	2.2 MEG.	1/4 W.
R10	63-634	820 OHM	1/4 W.
R11	63-583	1000 OHM	1/4 W.
L1	51272A	ANTENNA COIL	1
L2	51272A	OSC. COIL	1
L3	51272A	DET. COIL	1
L4	51272A	1ST I.F. TRANS.	1
L5	51272A	2ND I.F. TRANS.	1
L6	51272A	3RD I.F. TRANS.	1
L7	51272A	4TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L8	51272A	5TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L9	51272A	6TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L10	51272A	7TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L11	51272A	8TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L12	51272A	9TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L13	51272A	10TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L14	51272A	11TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L15	51272A	12TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L16	51272A	13TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L17	51272A	14TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L18	51272A	15TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L19	51272A	16TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L20	51272A	17TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L21	51272A	18TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L22	51272A	19TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L23	51272A	20TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L24	51272A	21TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L25	51272A	22TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L26	51272A	23TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L27	51272A	24TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L28	51272A	25TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L29	51272A	26TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L30	51272A	27TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L31	51272A	28TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L32	51272A	29TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L33	51272A	30TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L34	51272A	31TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L35	51272A	32TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L36	51272A	33TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L37	51272A	34TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L38	51272A	35TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L39	51272A	36TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L40	51272A	37TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L41	51272A	38TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L42	51272A	39TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L43	51272A	40TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L44	51272A	41TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L45	51272A	42TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L46	51272A	43TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L47	51272A	44TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L48	51272A	45TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L49	51272A	46TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L50	51272A	47TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L51	51272A	48TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L52	51272A	49TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L53	51272A	50TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L54	51272A	51TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L55	51272A	52TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L56	51272A	53TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L57	51272A	54TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L58	51272A	55TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L59	51272A	56TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L60	51272A	57TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L61	51272A	58TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L62	51272A	59TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L63	51272A	60TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L64	51272A	61TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L65	51272A	62TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L66	51272A	63TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L67	51272A	64TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L68	51272A	65TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L69	51272A	66TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L70	51272A	67TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L71	51272A	68TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L72	51272A	69TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L73	51272A	70TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L74	51272A	71TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L75	51272A	72TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L76	51272A	73TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L77	51272A	74TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L78	51272A	75TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L79	51272A	76TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L80	51272A	77TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L81	51272A	78TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L82	51272A	79TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L83	51272A	80TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L84	51272A	81TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L85	51272A	82TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L86	51272A	83TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L87	51272A	84TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L88	51272A	85TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L89	51272A	86TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L90	51272A	87TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L91	51272A	88TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L92	51272A	89TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L93	51272A	90TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L94	51272A	91TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L95	51272A	92TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L96	51272A	93TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L97	51272A	94TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L98	51272A	95TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L99	51272A	96TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L100	51272A	97TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L101	51272A	98TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L102	51272A	99TH I.F. TRANS.	1
L103	51272A	100TH I.F. TRANS.	1

COMP. NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.
C1	51272A	500 MFD. 50V	1
C2	51272A	500 MFD. 50V	1
C3	51272A	500 MFD. 50V	1
C4	51272A	500 MFD. 50V	1
C5	51272A	500 MFD. 50V	1
C6	51272A	500 MFD. 50V	1
C7	51272A	500 MFD. 50V	1
C8	51272A	500 MFD. 50V	1
C9	51272A	500 MFD. 50V	1
C10	51272A	500 MFD. 50V	1
C11	51272A	500 MFD. 50V	1
C12	51272A	500 MFD. 50V	1
C13	51272A	500 MFD. 50V	1
C14	51272A	500 MFD. 50V	1
C15	51272A	500 MFD. 50V	1
C16	51272A	500 MFD. 50V	1
C17	51272A	500 MFD. 50V	1
C18	51272A	500 MFD. 50V	1
C19	51272A	500 MFD. 50V	1
C20	51272A	500 MFD. 50V	1
C21	51272A	500 MFD. 50V	1
C22	51272A	500 MFD. 50V	1
C23	51272A	500 MFD. 50V	1
C24	51272A	500 MFD. 50V	1
C25	51272A	500 MFD. 50V	1
C26	51272A	500 MFD. 50V	1
C27	51272A	500 MFD. 50V	1
C28	51272A	500 MFD. 50V	1
C29	51272A	500 MFD. 50V	1
C30	51272A	500 MFD. 50V	1
C31	51272A	500 MFD. 50V	1
C32	51272A	500 MFD. 50V	1
C33	51272A	500 MFD. 50V	1
C34	51272A	500 MFD. 50V	1
C35	51272A	500 MFD. 50V	1
C36	51272A	500 MFD. 50V	1
C37	51272A	500 MFD. 50V	1
C38	51272A	500 MFD. 50V	1
C39	51272A	500 MFD. 50V	1
C40	51272A	500 MFD. 50V	1
C41	51272A	500 MFD. 50V	1
C42	51272A	500 MFD. 50V	1
C43	51272A	500 MFD. 50V	1
C44	51272A	500 MFD. 50V	1
C45	51272A	500 MFD. 50V	1
C46	51272A	500 MFD. 50V	1
C47	51272A	500 MFD. 50V	1
C48	51272A	500 MFD. 50V	1
C49	51272A	500 MFD. 50V	1
C50	51272A	500 MFD. 50V	1

MODELS 4K016, 4K035
MODELS 6D015, 6D030

ZENITH RADIO CORP.

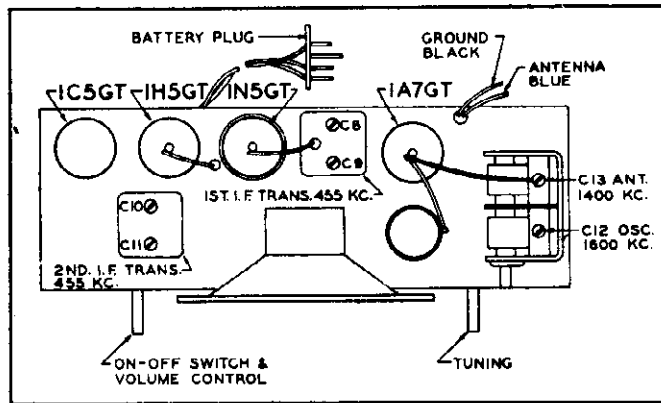
MODELS 4K016-4K035
CHASSIS Nos. 4C52-4C53

TO THE SERVICE MAN:

The alignment of this chassis is conventional.

A 4700 ohm resistor R5 between the low end of the volume control and ground allows some audio output with normal signal input when the volume control is in counter clockwise positions. This is the Guardian Reminder circuit.

If the audio output is objectionably high (with the volume control in counter clockwise position) resistor R5 may be reduced in value to 2500 ohms or removed from the circuit and the low end of the control grounded.



TUBE AND TRIMMER LOCATION

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

OPERATION	CONNECT OSCILLATOR TO	DUMMY ANTENNA	INPUT SIG. FREQUENCY	SET DIAL AT	TRIMMERS	PURPOSE
1	Converter Grid	.5 Mfd.	455 Kc.	600 Kc.	C-8, C-9, C-10, C-11	Align I. F.
2	Antenna and Ground	200 mmfd.	1600 Kc.	1600 Kc.	C-12	Set Oscillator to Dial Scale.
3	Antenna and Ground	200 mmfd.	1400 Kc.	1400 Kc.	C-13	Align antenna stage.

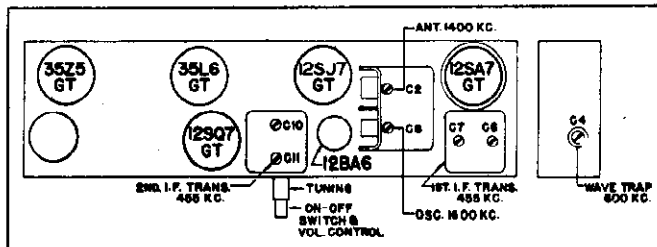
MODELS 6D015-6D030
CHASSIS No. 6C05

TO THE SERVICE MAN:

The filter circuits of chassis 6C05 incorporate new features that should be well understood by the service man. An examination of the schematic drawing will show the output transformer tapped slightly off center. This tap is the B + connection from filter resistor R11 and capacitor C19 off the cathode of the rectifier 35Z5 to the 35L6 plate. The lower connection of the output transformer feeds B + to the rest of the tubes in the receiver. Current flowing through the upper windings of the output transformer to the 35L6 produces a magnetic field which is 180° out of phase with the magnetic field produced by current flowing in the opposite direction through the output transformer to the rest of the receiver, therefore, most of the AC hum is cancelled. Further reduction of hum is accomplished by filtering through resistor R10 and 12 and capacitors C17 and 18.

This development in filtering systems allows a higher effective plate voltage on the 35L6 for increased power output.

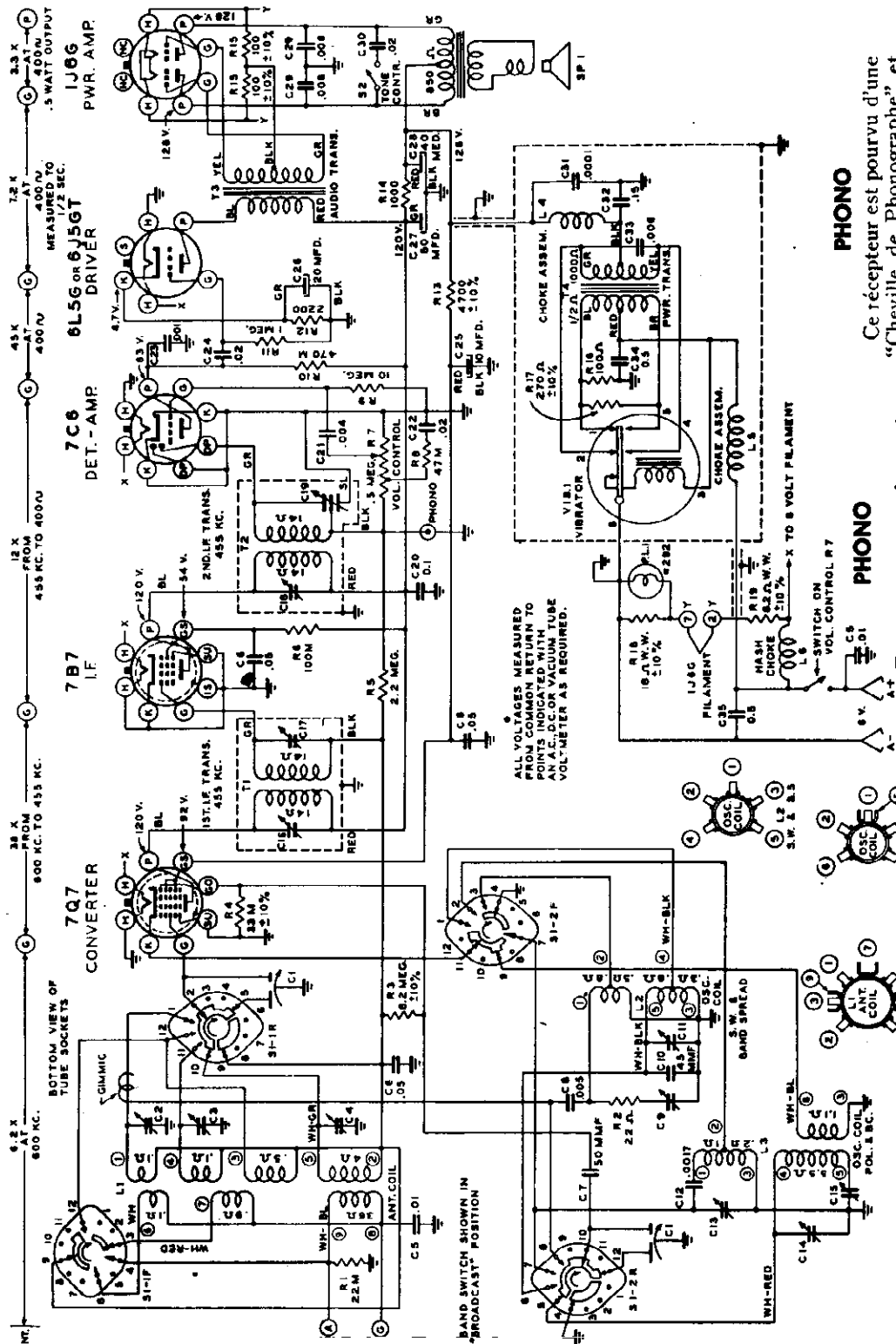
NOTE: The output transformer must be replaced with an exact duplicate, Part No. 206-547. Be sure to add the speaker code letter to the transformer part number.



TUBE AND TRIMMER LOCATION

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

OPERATION	CONNECT OSCILLATOR TO	DUMMY TO ANTENNA	INPUT SIG. FREQUENCY	SET DIAL AT	TRIMMERS	PURPOSE
1	Converter Grid	.5 Mfd.	455 Kc.	600 Kc.	C-6, C-7, C-10, C-11	I.F. Alignment
2	Single Turn Loosely Coupled to Wave Magnet		455 Kc.	600 Kc.	C-4	Adjust Wave Trap to minimum.
3			1600 Kc.	1600 Kc.	C-8	Set Oscillator to Dial Scale.
4			1400 Kc.	1400 Kc.	C-2	Antenna Alignment



QTY	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	CI 22-112	500 KC. TUNING RANGE
1	CI 22-113	500 KC. TUNING RANGE
1	CI 22-114	500 KC. TUNING RANGE
1	CI 22-115	500 KC. TUNING RANGE
1	CI 22-116	500 KC. TUNING RANGE
1	CI 22-117	500 KC. TUNING RANGE
1	CI 22-118	500 KC. TUNING RANGE
1	CI 22-119	500 KC. TUNING RANGE
1	CI 22-120	500 KC. TUNING RANGE
1	CI 22-121	500 KC. TUNING RANGE
1	CI 22-122	500 KC. TUNING RANGE
1	CI 22-123	500 KC. TUNING RANGE
1	CI 22-124	500 KC. TUNING RANGE
1	CI 22-125	500 KC. TUNING RANGE
1	CI 22-126	500 KC. TUNING RANGE
1	CI 22-127	500 KC. TUNING RANGE
1	CI 22-128	500 KC. TUNING RANGE
1	CI 22-129	500 KC. TUNING RANGE
1	CI 22-130	500 KC. TUNING RANGE
1	CI 22-131	500 KC. TUNING RANGE
1	CI 22-132	500 KC. TUNING RANGE
1	CI 22-133	500 KC. TUNING RANGE
1	CI 22-134	500 KC. TUNING RANGE
1	CI 22-135	500 KC. TUNING RANGE
1	CI 22-136	500 KC. TUNING RANGE
1	CI 22-137	500 KC. TUNING RANGE
1	CI 22-138	500 KC. TUNING RANGE
1	CI 22-139	500 KC. TUNING RANGE
1	CI 22-140	500 KC. TUNING RANGE
1	CI 22-141	500 KC. TUNING RANGE
1	CI 22-142	500 KC. TUNING RANGE
1	CI 22-143	500 KC. TUNING RANGE
1	CI 22-144	500 KC. TUNING RANGE
1	CI 22-145	500 KC. TUNING RANGE
1	CI 22-146	500 KC. TUNING RANGE
1	CI 22-147	500 KC. TUNING RANGE
1	CI 22-148	500 KC. TUNING RANGE
1	CI 22-149	500 KC. TUNING RANGE
1	CI 22-150	500 KC. TUNING RANGE
1	CI 22-151	500 KC. TUNING RANGE
1	CI 22-152	500 KC. TUNING RANGE
1	CI 22-153	500 KC. TUNING RANGE
1	CI 22-154	500 KC. TUNING RANGE
1	CI 22-155	500 KC. TUNING RANGE
1	CI 22-156	500 KC. TUNING RANGE
1	CI 22-157	500 KC. TUNING RANGE
1	CI 22-158	500 KC. TUNING RANGE
1	CI 22-159	500 KC. TUNING RANGE
1	CI 22-160	500 KC. TUNING RANGE
1	CI 22-161	500 KC. TUNING RANGE
1	CI 22-162	500 KC. TUNING RANGE
1	CI 22-163	500 KC. TUNING RANGE
1	CI 22-164	500 KC. TUNING RANGE
1	CI 22-165	500 KC. TUNING RANGE
1	CI 22-166	500 KC. TUNING RANGE
1	CI 22-167	500 KC. TUNING RANGE
1	CI 22-168	500 KC. TUNING RANGE
1	CI 22-169	500 KC. TUNING RANGE
1	CI 22-170	500 KC. TUNING RANGE
1	CI 22-171	500 KC. TUNING RANGE
1	CI 22-172	500 KC. TUNING RANGE
1	CI 22-173	500 KC. TUNING RANGE
1	CI 22-174	500 KC. TUNING RANGE
1	CI 22-175	500 KC. TUNING RANGE
1	CI 22-176	500 KC. TUNING RANGE
1	CI 22-177	500 KC. TUNING RANGE
1	CI 22-178	500 KC. TUNING RANGE
1	CI 22-179	500 KC. TUNING RANGE
1	CI 22-180	500 KC. TUNING RANGE
1	CI 22-181	500 KC. TUNING RANGE
1	CI 22-182	500 KC. TUNING RANGE
1	CI 22-183	500 KC. TUNING RANGE
1	CI 22-184	500 KC. TUNING RANGE
1	CI 22-185	500 KC. TUNING RANGE
1	CI 22-186	500 KC. TUNING RANGE
1	CI 22-187	500 KC. TUNING RANGE
1	CI 22-188	500 KC. TUNING RANGE
1	CI 22-189	500 KC. TUNING RANGE
1	CI 22-190	500 KC. TUNING RANGE
1	CI 22-191	500 KC. TUNING RANGE
1	CI 22-192	500 KC. TUNING RANGE
1	CI 22-193	500 KC. TUNING RANGE
1	CI 22-194	500 KC. TUNING RANGE
1	CI 22-195	500 KC. TUNING RANGE
1	CI 22-196	500 KC. TUNING RANGE
1	CI 22-197	500 KC. TUNING RANGE
1	CI 22-198	500 KC. TUNING RANGE
1	CI 22-199	500 KC. TUNING RANGE
1	CI 22-200	500 KC. TUNING RANGE

PHONO

Ce récepteur est pourvu d'une "Cheville de Phonographe" et une prise, qui se trouvent au dos du châssis. Pour employer le poste avec un appareil phonographique externe ("record player"), tournez le commutateur sélectionneur de bandes à une des bandes d'ondes courtes, et réglez le volume du son au moyen du contrôle du volume du poste.

PHONO

Este receptor está provisto de una conexión para el fonógrafo, y una clavija o toma, situadas en la parte posterior del chasis. Para usar el receptor con un "Tocadiscos," ajuste el cambio de banda a una de las bandas de onda corta y cambie el volumen del sonido por medio del control de volumen del receptor.

This receiver is equipped with a Phono Jack and Plug located on the rear of the chassis. To use the receiver with a record player, set the Band Switch to one of the short-wave bands and control the volume of the record reproduction with the receiver Volume Control.

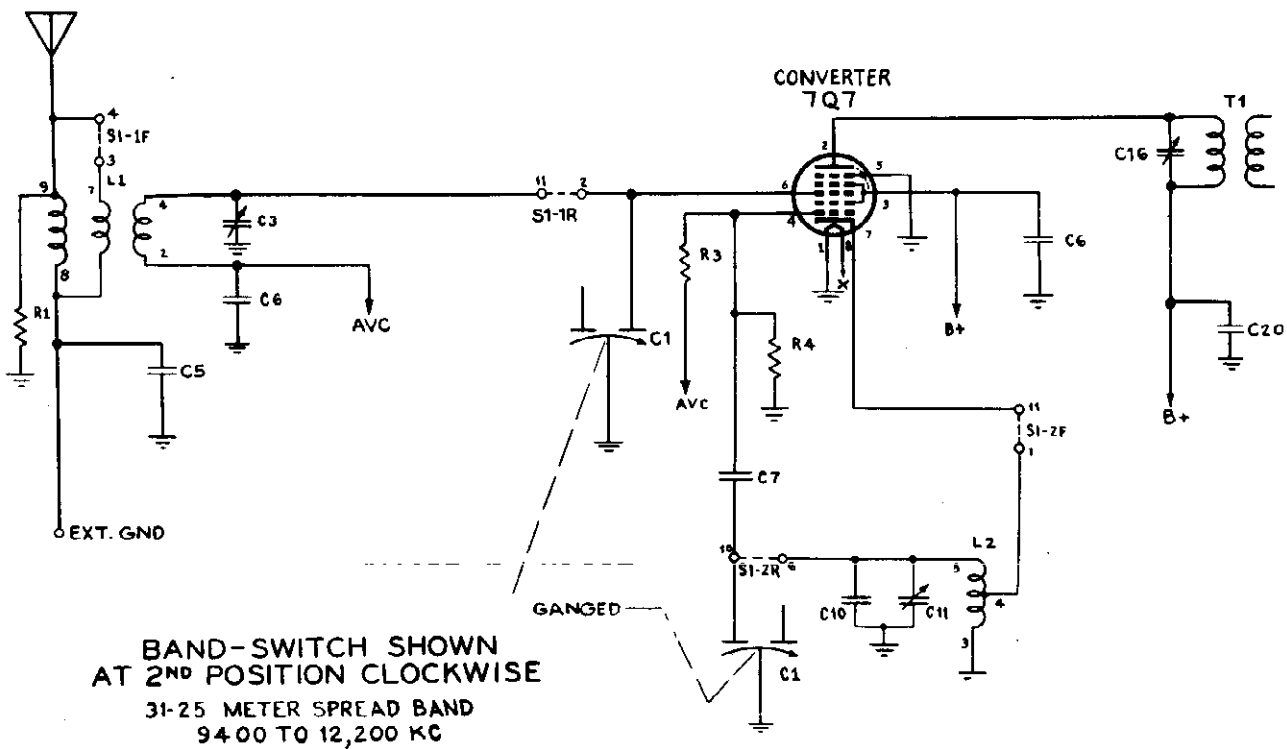
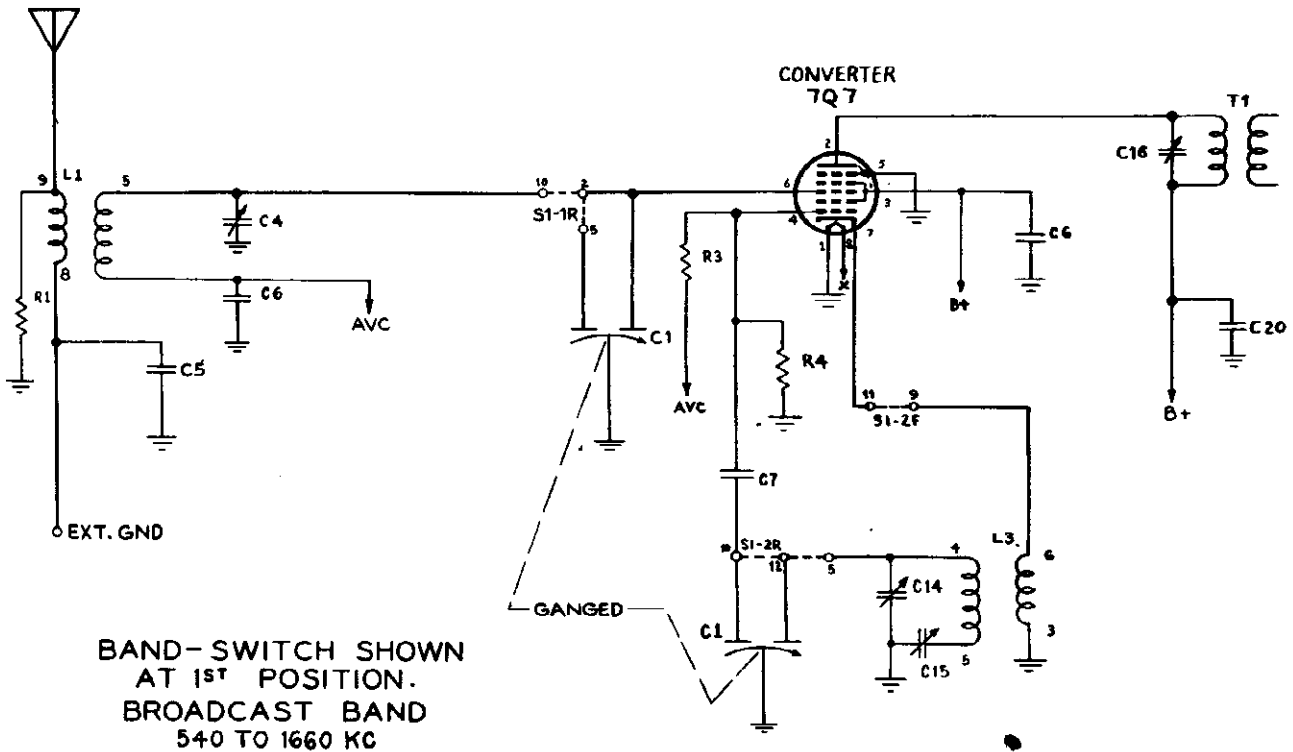
ALL RESISTORS ARE 20% TOLERANCE UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.

QTY	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	SI1004	DIAL SCALE & ETYLET ASSEMBLY
1	SI1005	DIAL SCALE & BAND INDICATOR ASSEMBLY
1	SI1006	DIAL COMB & ETYLET ASSEMBLY
1	SI1007	DIAL SCALE
1	SI1008	DIAL POINTER

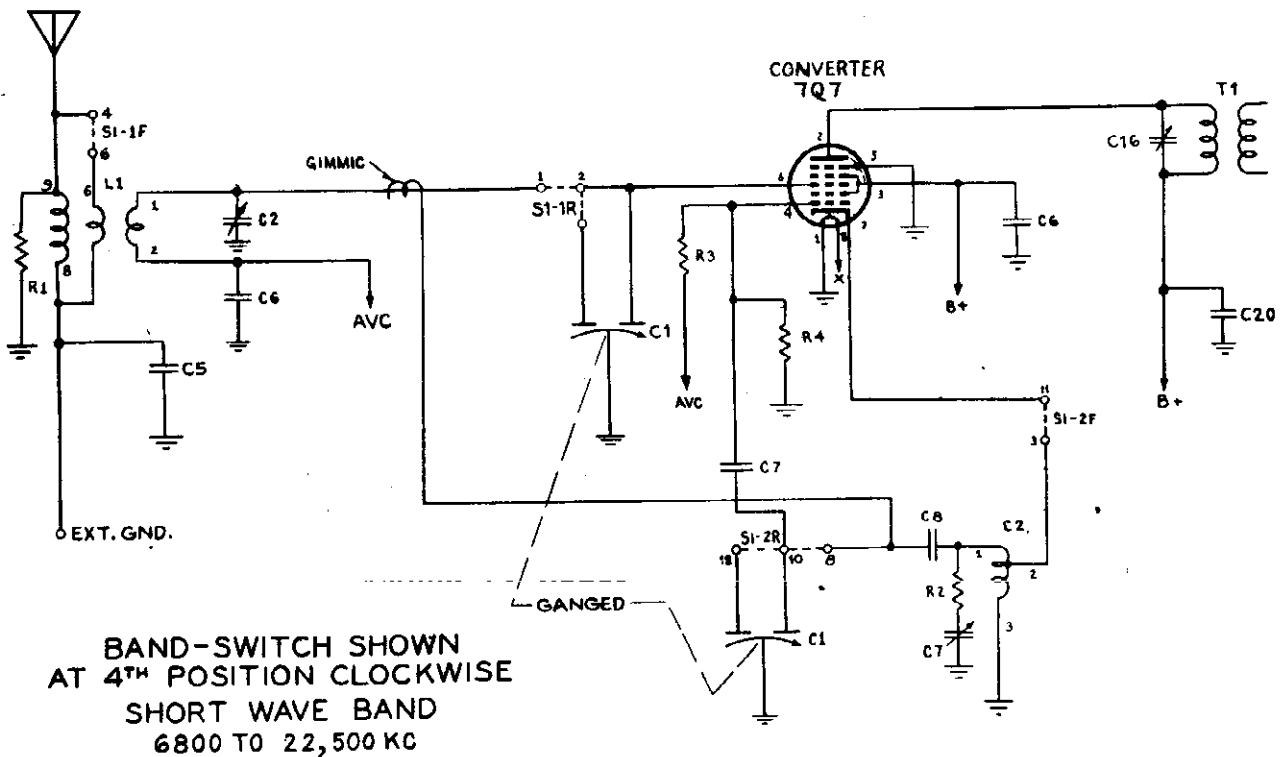
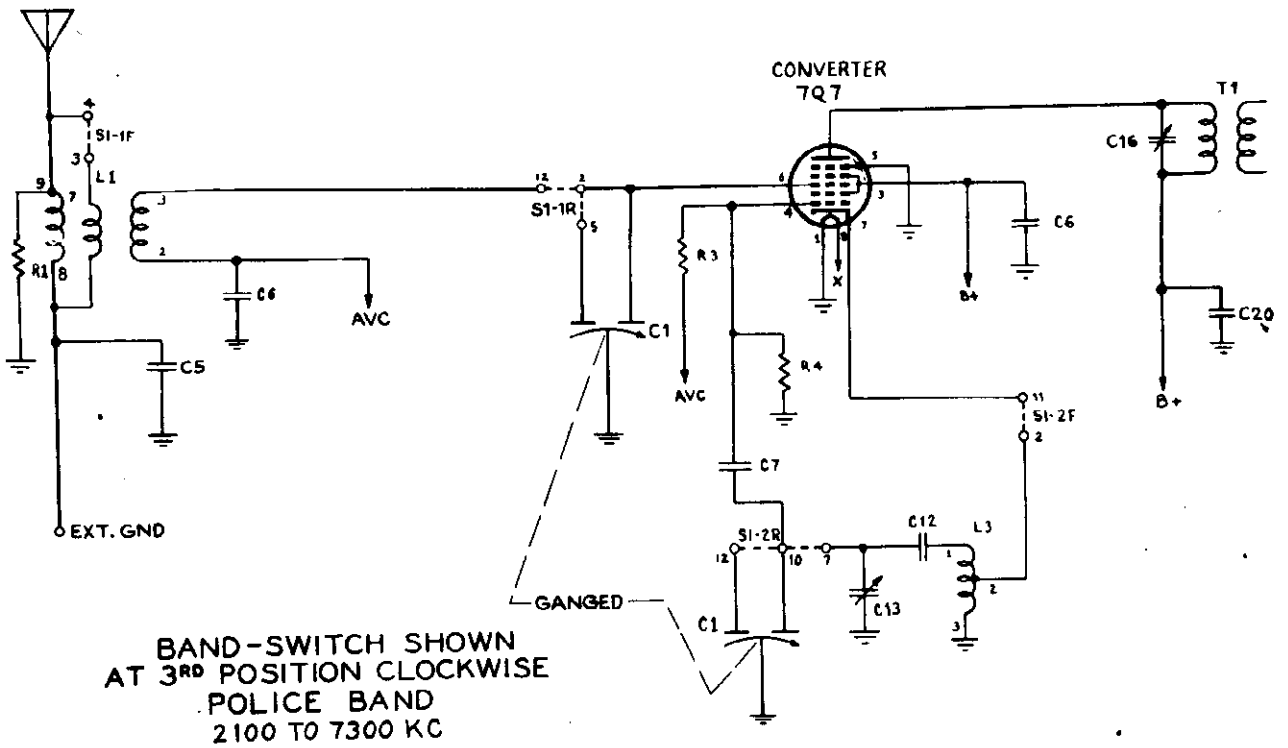
QTY	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	SI1009	ANTENNA COIL ASSEMBLY
1	SI1010	OSC. COIL POL. 1 & 2
1	SI1011	OSC. COIL POL. 3 & 4
1	SI1012	CHORE ASSEMBLY
1	SI1013	WASH COIL
1	SI1014	PLATE LIGHT 20 VOLT
1	SI1015	BAND SELECTOR SW
1	SI1016	VOLUME CONTROL SW
1	SI1017	1 1/2" WAVELENGTH
1	SI1018	1 1/2" WAVELENGTH
1	SI1019	1 1/2" WAVELENGTH
1	SI1020	1 1/2" WAVELENGTH
1	SI1021	1 1/2" WAVELENGTH
1	SI1022	1 1/2" WAVELENGTH
1	SI1023	1 1/2" WAVELENGTH
1	SI1024	1 1/2" WAVELENGTH
1	SI1025	1 1/2" WAVELENGTH
1	SI1026	1 1/2" WAVELENGTH
1	SI1027	1 1/2" WAVELENGTH
1	SI1028	1 1/2" WAVELENGTH
1	SI1029	1 1/2" WAVELENGTH
1	SI1030	1 1/2" WAVELENGTH
1	SI1031	1 1/2" WAVELENGTH
1	SI1032	1 1/2" WAVELENGTH
1	SI1033	1 1/2" WAVELENGTH
1	SI1034	1 1/2" WAVELENGTH
1	SI1035	1 1/2" WAVELENGTH
1	SI1036	1 1/2" WAVELENGTH
1	SI1037	1 1/2" WAVELENGTH
1	SI1038	1 1/2" WAVELENGTH
1	SI1039	1 1/2" WAVELENGTH
1	SI1040	1 1/2" WAVELENGTH
1	SI1041	1 1/2" WAVELENGTH
1	SI1042	1 1/2" WAVELENGTH
1	SI1043	1 1/2" WAVELENGTH
1	SI1044	1 1/2" WAVELENGTH
1	SI1045	1 1/2" WAVELENGTH
1	SI1046	1 1/2" WAVELENGTH
1	SI1047	1 1/2" WAVELENGTH
1	SI1048	1 1/2" WAVELENGTH
1	SI1049	1 1/2" WAVELENGTH
1	SI1050	1 1/2" WAVELENGTH

"clarified schematics"

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PRECAUTION
S'assurer que les pattes d'attache sont connectées avec les propres bornes plus ou moins de l'accu, comme autrement on n'aura pas de réception et le vibreur pourra s'avarier.

CAUTION
Be certain that the battery clips are connected to the proper plus and minus terminals of the battery; otherwise reception cannot be obtained and the vibrator may be damaged.

¡CUIDADO!
Es indispensable que las terminales del acumulador estén conectadas a la terminal positiva o negativa correspondientes. De lo contrario, no se puede obtener recepción y el vibrador puede dañarse.

ANTENNE
Une bonne antenne s'impose pour obtenir une réception satisfaisante. Une antenne extérieure de 13 à 20 mètres de long et placé aussi haut

ANTENNA
A good antenna is necessary for satisfactory reception. An outside antenna from 40 to 60 feet in length and as high as possible will give good all-

ANTENA
Una buena antena es indispensable para la recepción de radio. Una antena exterior de 13 a 20 metros instalada lo más alto posible en la más apropiada para uso gene-

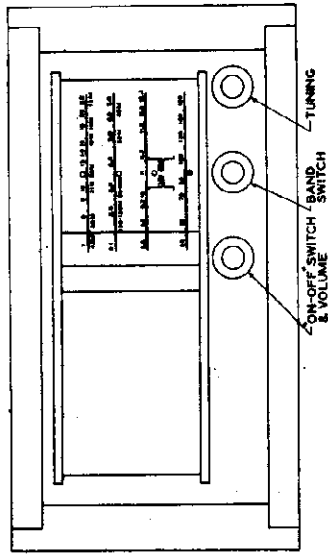


FIG. 1. CONTROLS

LES INSTRUCTIONS POUR L'INSTALLATION ET LE FONCTIONNEMENT

GENERAL
Après déballage du récepteur de la boîte en carton, la bande de papier-cache employée pour l'emballage et l'expédition doit être enlevée du châssis.

Le présent poste est un récepteur superhétérodyne moderne à cinq lampes, dont l'accord englobe les bandes standard suivantes d'ondes moyennes et d'ondes courtes: 540 à 1660 Kc. (555 à 180 mètres), 2100 à 7300 Kc. (143 à 41 mètres), 6800 à 22,500 Kc. (44 à 13,3 mètres), et une échelle spéciale qui couvre de 9400 à 12,200 Kc. (31,9 à 24,6 mètres) avec épanouissement des bandes à 25 et 31 mètres.

Ce poste est équipé avec un haut-parleur à aimant permanent du type électro-dynamique, et un contrôleur de son à deux positions.

ALIMENTATION DE COURANT

Ce récepteur de TSP ne fonctionne qu'avec un accu de six volts.

La consommation de courant du châssis utilisant le haut-parleur à aimant permanent est de 2,2 ampères. Le débit maximum de puissance est de 2,2 watts.

INSTALLATION, OPERATING AND SERVICE INSTRUCTIONS

GENERAL
After the receiver has been unpacked from the carton, the paper tape used for packing and shipping must be removed from the chassis.

This receiver is a modern five tube superheterodyne, tuning over the following standard broadcast and short-wave bands: 540 to 1660 Kc (555 to 180 meters), 2100 to 7300 Kc (143 to 41 meters), 6800 to 22,500 Kc (44 to 13.3 meters), and a special range covering 9400 to 12,200 Kc (31.9 to 24.6 meters) with spread bands at 25 and 31 meters.

It is equipped with a permanent magnet dynamic type speaker and a two position tone control.

POWER SUPPLY

This receiver operates from a 6 volt storage battery only.

Power consumption of the receiver is 2.2 amperes. The maximum power output is 2.2 watts.

INSTRUCCIONES PARA LA INSTALACION Y FUNCIONAMIENTO

INFORMACION GENERAL
Después de desembalar el receptor, el papel engomado usado en embalaje y embarque, tiene que quitarse del chasis.

Este receptor es un moderno aparato superheterodino, de cinco tubos, que sintoniza las bandas de onda larga y corta, como sigue: 540 a 1660 Kc. (555 a 180 metros), 2100 a 7300 Kc. (143 a 41 metros), 6800 a 22,500 Kc. (44 a 13,3 metros) y una gama de ondas especial desde 9400 a 12,200 Kc. (31,9 a 24,6 metros) con ensanchamiento de banda en 25 y 31 metros.

El receptor está provisto de altoparlante de imán permanente del tipo electro-dinámico, y un regulador de tono de dos posiciones.

SUMINISTRO DE ENERGIA

Este receptor funciona con un acumulador de 6 voltios solamente.

Consumo de energía del chasis con altoparlante de imán permanente es de 2,2 amperios. El máximo de salida de fuerza es de 2,2 vatios.

que possible donnera d'excellents résultats pour tout service. Si vous voulez proposer d'utiliser votre antenne actuelle, il conviendra d'en faire un examen approfondi pour en déterminer l'état car les connexions peuvent en être rouillées ou rompues, ce qui rendrait l'antenne impropre à l'emploi. Si on décide de construire une nouvelle antenne, il convient de veiller à ce que le fil d'entrée ne rejoigne pas la terre par des arbrés, des murs ou des gouttières, et toutes les connexions devront être soudées avec soin pour prévenir la corrosion, et les parasites qui en résulteront-

around results. If your present antenna is to be used, a thorough examination should be made to determine its condition, as the connections may be corroded or broken thus rendering the antenna unfit for service. If a new antenna is to be constructed, care should be taken to prevent the lead-in wire from grounding to trees, walls or gutters and all connections should be properly soldered to prevent corrosion and resulting noise. Connect the antenna lead-in to the post marked "A" at the back of the chassis.

ral. Si se ha de usar una antena ya instalada, ésta debe examinarse minuciosamente para determinar su estado pues puede haber conexiones oxidadas o rotas, que nulifican la eficacia de la antena. Por otra parte si ha de instalarse una antena nueva hay que tomar las precauciones necesarias para que el alambre de bajada no haga contacto con la pared o con cualquier objeto que resulte en una conexión a tierra. Todas las conexiones deben estar correctamente soldadas para prevenir contra la oxidación y los ruidos que se producen a consecuencia de esto.

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TERRA
Conectese el alambre de bajada de la antena a la terminal marcada "A" en la parte trasera del chasis.

Una conexión a tierra bien hecha mejorará considerablemente la recepción aumentando la fuerza de las señales de estaciones lejanas y reduciendo el ruido de fondo. La conexión de tierra más satisfactoria consiste en una sección de tubería de un metro a 1.50 metros de largo, colocada verticalmente y casi cubierta de tierra húmeda; un extremo de la conexión a tierra se conecta a la terminal marcada "G" en el chasis.

FUNCIONAMIENTO

(Véase la fig. 1). El grabado indica la posición y propósito de cada perilla. Haciendo girar la perilla combinada interruptor (ON-OFF) y regulador de volumen hacia la derecha, el receptor empezará a funcionar. Las válvulas requieren un mínimo más o menos para calentarse. Para aumentar el volumen es necesario girar la perilla hacia la derecha. El volumen se reduce haciendo girar la perilla hacia la izquierda y el receptor se apaga cuando se oye el ruido del interruptor.

Para sintonizar una estación gírese la perilla selectora hasta que la aguja indique la frecuencia deseada. La sintonización debe hacerse en el centro de la frecuencia de la onda para obtener la mejor calidad de tono posible.

El tono se cambia por medio de un interruptor en la parte atrás del receptor, de "Treble" (alto) a "Bass" (bajo).

El receptor tiene cuatro gamas de onda, y cualquiera de ellas puede seleccionarse por medio del conmutador de bandas. La banda que se está usando, estará indicada por medio de un punto rojo en el centro de la escala correspondiente.

GROUND
A good ground will aid reception materially by improving the signal strength of distant stations and reducing background noise. The best ground is a 4 to 6 foot pipe driven down to damp earth; the ground lead-in should be securely soldered to this.

A suitable ground may be obtained by making a good connection to a water pipe or radiator. Connect the ground lead-in to the post marked "G" at the rear of the chassis.

PLACING THE RECEIVER IN OPERATION

Note figure 1. This shows the position and purpose of each control. Turning the combination "ON-OFF" switch and volume control to the right will turn the receiver ON. Approximately one minute will be required for the tubes to heat to operating temperature. Continued rotation of this knob to the right, increases the volume. Turning this control to the left decreases the volume and, when a click is heard, turns the receiver OFF.

When tuning in a station turn the tuning knob slowly to the desired station. Care should be taken to tune the receiver to the middle of the signal, otherwise the tone will be impaired.

The tone may be changed by means of the switch at the back of the radio from "Treble" to "Bass."

The receiver has four tuning ranges, any one of which may be selected by means of the band switch. The band in use will be indicated by a red dot in the center of the corresponding scale.

Daylight has a decided effect on the reception of short wave stations and different wavelengths are most effective at different times of the day. The following table may be used as a guide.

ent. Releje le fil d'entrée de l'antenne au montant marqué "A" à l'arrière du châssis.

PRISE DE TERRE

Une bonne prise de terre aidera notablement la réception en améliorant la force du signal pour les stations distantes et en réduisant le bruit de fond. La meilleure prise de terre consiste d'un tuyau de 4 à 6 pieds qu'on enfonce dans le sol humide; la prise de terre devra y être solidement soudée.

On peut réaliser une prise de terre convenable en établissant une bonne connexion au tuyau d'eau ou à un radiateur. Releje la prise de terre au montant marqué "G" à l'arrière du châssis.

MISE DU RECEPTEUR EN SERVICE

Notez la fig. 1. Elle montre la position et l'objet de chaque contrôle. En tournant le commutateur combinaison interrupteur "ON-OFF" et contrôle de volume, vers la droite, le récepteur sera mis en circuit. Il faut compter environ 1 minute pour que les lampes se chauffent à la température de fonctionnement. En continuant de tourner ce bouton vers la droite, le volume augmente en même temps. En tournant ce même contrôle vers la gauche, on diminue le volume de sonnerie et, quand on entend un léger clic, c'est qu'on a mis le récepteur hors circuit.

Quand vous accordez une station, tournez le bouton de sintonisation lentement jusqu'à ce que vous ayez obtenu la station désirée. Il convient de veiller à accorder le poste au milieu de la fréquence d'onde correspondante; autrement le ton en sera affecté.

Le ton peut être modifié au moyen du commutateur qui se trouve à l'arrière du poste, et cela de la position "Treble" (haut) à "Bass" (bas).

Le récepteur possède quatre échelles d'accord parmi lesquelles on peut sélectionner l'une quelconque d'entre elles au moyen du commutateur sélecteur de bandes. La bande en usage sera indiquée

La luz del día tiene una decidida influencia sobre la recepción de la onda corta y diferentes longitudes de onda alcanzan mayor eficacia a diferentes horas del día. El cuadro a la derecha puede ser usado como guía para sintonizar a diferentes horas del día y la noche.

VALVULAS

Este receptor usa las válvulas siguientes:
707 - 7B7 - 7C6 - 6L5G y 1J6G.

La fig. 2 muestra la posición de las válvulas.

SHORT WAVE BAND	TIME OF BEST RECEPTION
14 meters and below	A.M. (morning hours)
19 and 25 meters	P.M. (evening)
23 and 31 meters	P.M. (early evening)
31 and 49 meters	P.M. (late evening)

TUBES

The following tubes are employed in this receiver:
707 - 7B7 - 7C6 - 6L5G and 1J6G.

Figure 2 shows the correct socket for each tube.

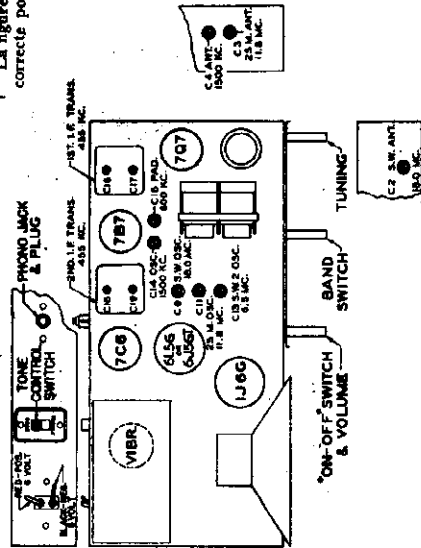
par un point rouge au centre de l'échelle correspondante.

La réception radiophonique sur ondes courtes est définitivement affectée par la lumière du jour et la réception sur différentes longitudes d'ondes est plus ou moins efficace à différents moments de la journée. Nous donnons à gauche un barème qui peut être suivi pour l'écoute des différentes stations pendant le jour ou la nuit.

LAMPES

Les lampes suivantes sont employées sur ce poste:
707 - 7B7 - 7C6 - 6L5G et 1J6G.

La figure 2 montre la douille correcte pour chaque lampe.



ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

Order	Component	Frequency	Band	Set Dial	Purpose
1	Let Die Grid (7C6-707)	455 kc.	BC	600 mc.	Align I.F.
2	Antenna coil Ground	200 mc.	BC	1500 mc.	Set Osc. to Dial Scale
3	Antenna coil Ground	200 mc.	BC	1500 mc.	Align Antenna
4	Antenna coil Ground	200 mc.	BC	600 mc.	Set Low Freq. Pointer
5	Antenna coil Ground	6.5 mc.	SW	Back of 6.5 mc.	Align SW
6	Antenna coil Ground	600 kc.	SW	18 mc.	Set Osc. to Dial Scale
7	Antenna coil Ground	600 kc.	SW	18 mc.	Align Antenna
8	Antenna coil Ground	600 kc.	SW	11.8 mc.	Set Osc. to Dial Scale
9	Antenna coil Ground	600 kc.	SW	11.8 mc.	Align Antenna

ZENITH RADIO CORP.

MODELS 5D011 Series,
5D011Z Series
MODELS 5R080, 5R086

TO THE SERVICE MAN:

The filter circuits of chassis 5C01 incorporate new features that should be well understood by the service man. An examination of the schematic drawing will show the output transformer tapped slightly off center. This tap is the B+ connection from filter resistor R10 and capacitor C18 off the cathode of the rectifier 35Z5 to the 50L6 plate. The lower connection of the output transformer feeds B+ to the rest of the tubes in the receiver. Current flowing through the upper windings of the output transformer to the 50L6 produces a magnetic field which is 180° out of phase with the magnetic field produced by current flowing in the opposite direction through the output transformer to the rest of the receiver, therefore, most of the AC hum is cancelled. Further reduction of hum is accomplished by filtering through resistor R9 and 11 and capacitors C16 and 17. Capacitor C15 across the primary of the output transformer by passes high frequency back to ground.

This development in filtering systems allows a higher effective plate voltage on the 50L6 for increased power output.

NOTE: The output transformer must be replaced with an exact duplicate Part No. 202-549. Be sure to add the speaker code letter to the transformer Part number.

MODELS 5D011-5D027

CHASSIS No. 5C01

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

OPERATION	CONNECT OSCILLATOR TO	DUMMY ANTENNA	INPUT SIG. FREQUENCY	SET DIAL AT	TRIMMERS	PURPOSE
1	Converter Grid	.5 Mfd.	455 Kc.	600 Kc.	C-6, C-7, C-8, C-9	Align I. F.
2	One Turn Loop Coupled Loosely to Wave Magnet	--	1600 Kc.	1600 Kc.	C-4	Set Oscillator to Dial Scale.
3	Wave Magnet	--	1400 Kc.	1400 Kc.	C-2	Align Antenna Stage

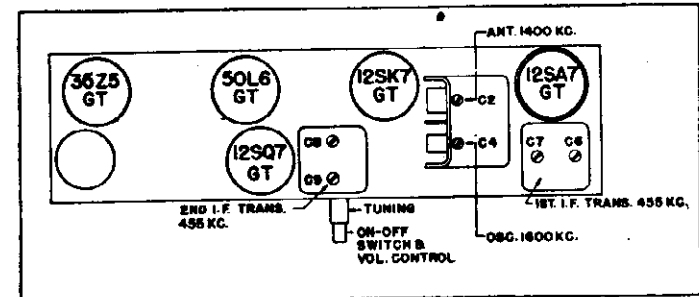
TO THE SERVICE MAN:

The 5C02 and 5C04 chassis are identical electrically. Chassis 5C02 has a Record Reject push button switch on the receiver control panel to reject records.

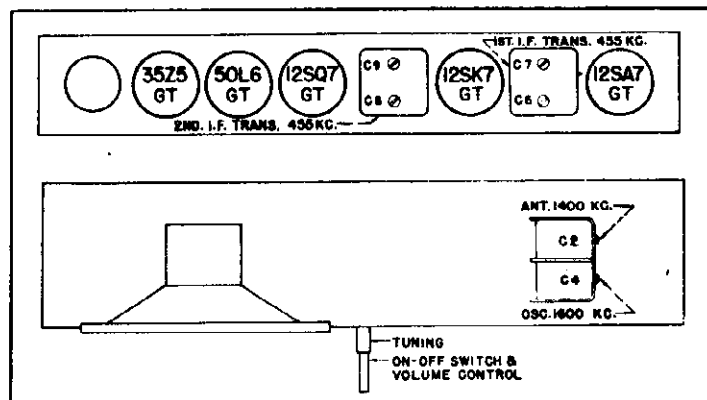
The socket P1 is used to connect the automatic record changer to the receiver.

The Phono-Radio switch is a two position double acting push-button switch and when in the "in" position connects the changer for playing records.

Chassis 5C04 has the same Phono-Radio switch arrangement. However, the 5C04 does not have socket P1 and the Record Reject switch. The record player is connected to the receiver by a shielded cable and socket arrangement.



TUBE AND TRIMMER LOCATION



TUBE AND TRIMMER LOCATION

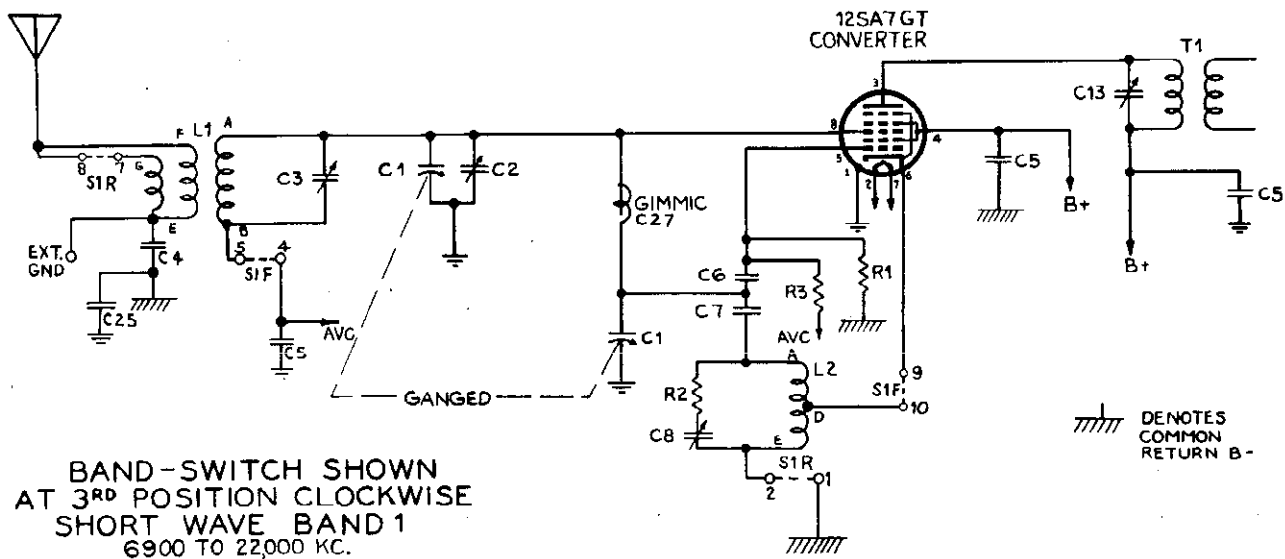
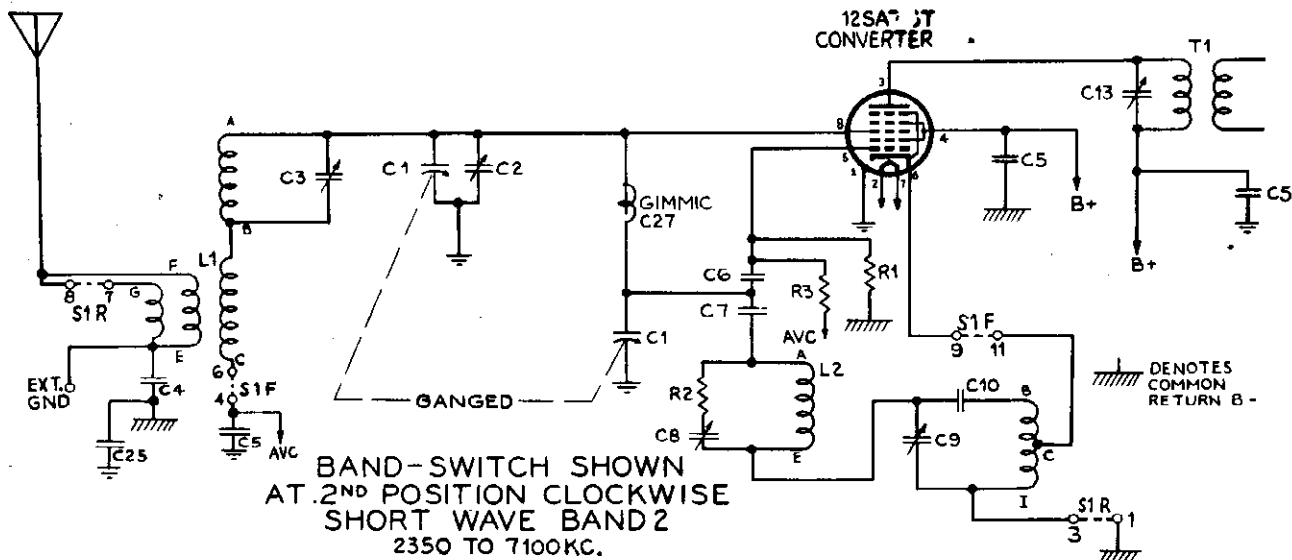
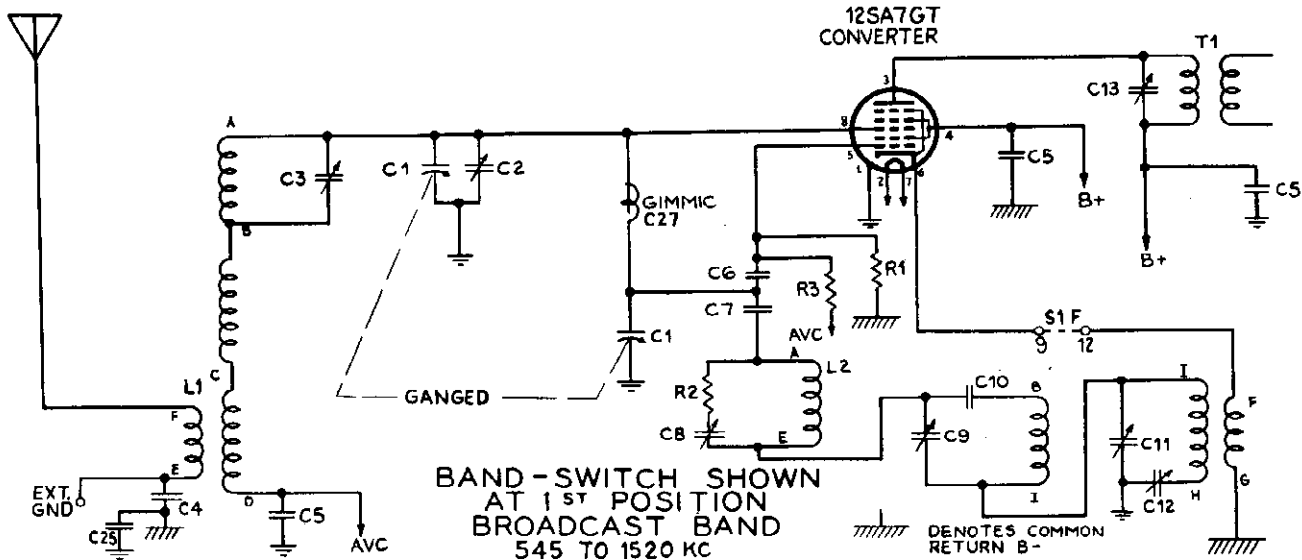
MODELS 5R080-5R086

CHASSIS Nos. 5C02-5C04

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

OPERATION	CONNECT OSCILLATOR TO	DUMMY ANTENNA	INPUT SIG. FREQUENCY	SET DIAL AT	TRIMMERS	PURPOSE
1	Converter Grid	.5 Mfd.	455 Kc.	600 KC.	C-6, C-7, C-8, C-9	Align I. F.
2	Single Turn Loop Coupled Loosely to Wave magnet		1600 Kc.	1600 Kc.	C-4	Set Oscillator to Dial Scale.
3	Wave magnet		1400 Kc.	1400 Kc.	C-2	Align Ant

ZENITH RADIO CORP.



MODEL 5D012T

ZENITH RADIO CORP.

Ceci sera fait également si un bourdonnement se produit lorsque le poste fonctionne sur courant alternatif.

La consommation totale de puissance lorsque le poste est opéré sur 115 volts, est de 25 watts; et de 58 watts lorsqu'il fonctionne sur 230 volts.

Le débit de puissance maximum sur 115 volts est de 1.4 et sur 230 volts est de 3 watts.

AVIS

Des résistances spéciales peuvent être obtenues pour usage avec débits de puissance aux voltages suivants: 150 volts... Pièce No. 100-87 175 volts... Pièce No. 100-89 200 volts... Pièce No. 100-91

Ces tubes de résistance doivent être insérés de façon à ce que l'emboîture d'attache soit à la position de 220 volts ou le poste ne pourra pas être mis en jeu.

ANTENNE

Une bonne antenne est nécessaire pour obtenir une réception satisfaisante.

on alternating current.

The total power consumption when operated on 115 volts is 25 watts, and when operated on 230 volts, 58 watts.

The maximum power output on 115 volts is 1.4 watts and on 230 volts is 3 watts.

IMPORTANT

Special ballasts are available for operation with power supplies of the following voltages:

150 Volt... Part No. 100-87 175 Volt... Part No. 100-89 200 Volt... Part No. 100-91

ANTENNA

A good antenna is necessary for satisfactory reception. An outside antenna from 40 to 60 feet in length and as high as possible will give good all-around results. If your present antenna is to be used, a thor-

enchufe de la pared. Debe empujarse también este procedimiento en caso de escucha un zumbido cuando el receptor funciona con corriente alterna.

El consumo total de energía cuando funciona con 115 voltios, es de 25 vatios; y cuando funciona con 230 voltios, es de 58 vatios.

La máxima producción de energía funcionando con 115 voltios es de 1.4 vatios; y con 230 voltios, es de 3 vatios.

IMPORTANTE

Se dispone de resistencias especiales para funcionar con suministros de energía de los siguientes voltajes:

150 Voltios. Parte No. 100-87 175 Voltios. Parte No. 100-89 200 Voltios. Parte No. 100-91

Es indispensable una buena antena para obtener una recepción satisfactoria. Una antena

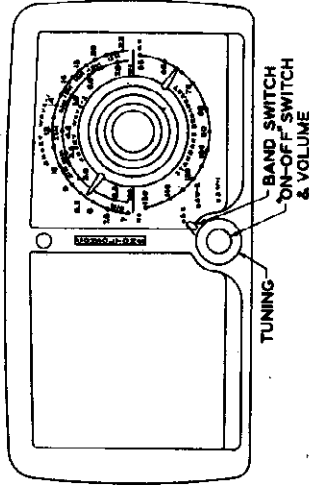


FIG. 1 CONTROLS

ough examination should be made to determine its condition, as the connections may be corroded or broken, thus rendering the antenna unfit for service. If a new antenna is to be constructed, care should be taken to prevent the lead-in wire from grounding to trees, walls or gutters and all connections should be properly soldered to prevent corrosion and resulting noise. Connect

exterior de 13 a 20 metros de longitud y de la mayor altura posible, dará buenos resultados para uso general. Si ha de usar su antena actual, ésta debe ser minuciosamente examinada para determinar su estado, ya que las conexiones pueden estar oxidadas o interrumpidas, haciendo inadecuada para el uso. Si se ha de instalar una nueva antena hay que tomar las precauciones necesarias para

INSTRUCTIONS POUR INSTALLATION, OPERATION ET SERVICE

GENERALITES

Après avoir déballé le poste-récepteur de son cartonage, les bandes de papier utilisées pour l'emballage et le transport seront enlevées du chassis.

Ce poste est un superhétérodyne moderne dont la syntonisation couvre les échelles de réception des ondes longues et des ondes courtes suivantes: de 545 à 1520 Kc. (de 550 à 197 mètres), de 2350 à 7100 Kc. (de 127,7 à 42,3 mètres), de 6900 à 22,000 Kc. (43,5 à 13,6 mètres).

SOURCE DE PUISSANCE

On peut employer ce récepteur soit avec du courant alternatif (C.A.) de 25 à 60 cycles, soit avec du courant continu (C.C.).

AVIS

Ce récepteur a été prévu par la fabrique pour usage avec une source de puissance de 210 à 225 volts. Afin d'adapter le récepteur à une source de puissance de 115 volts, enlever la vis d'attache du tube de résistance. Enlever le tube de son support et remettez-la à la position de 115 volts indiqués sur le chassis.

Si le poste ne fonctionne pas dans une minute après avoir été connecté avec le courant continu, tournez la fiche en sens inverse, dans la prise du mur.

INSTALLATION, OPERATING AND SERVICE INSTRUCTIONS

GENERAL

After the receiver has been unpacked from the carton, the paper tape used for packing and shipping must be removed from the chassis.

This receiver is a modern superheterodyne, tuning over the following standard broadcast and short-wave bands: 545 to 1520 Kc. (550 to 197 meters), 2350 to 7100 Kc. (127.7 to 42.3 meters), 6900 to 22,000 Kc. (43.5 to 13.6 meters).

POWER SUPPLY

The receiver may be used on either alternating current (A.C.) of 25 to 60 cycles or direct current (D.C.).

IMPORTANT

This receiver is shipped from the factory for use on 210-230 volt power supply. To adjust the receiver for 115 volt power supply, remove the locking screw on the ballast tube. Remove the tube from its socket and reinsert it in the 115 volt position as indicated on the chassis.

If the receiver does not operate within one minute when connected to direct current, the power plug should be reversed at the wall socket. This procedure should also be followed if a hum is apparent when the receiver is operated

INSTRUCCIONES PARA INSTALACION, FUNCIONAMIENTO Y SERVICIO

GENERALIDADES

Después de desembalar el receptor de su caja de cartón, deberá quitarse del chasis las bandas de papel engomado usado para el empaque y embarque.

Este receptor es un superheterodino moderno que sintoniza sobre las siguientes escalas de onda larga y de onda corta: 545 a 1520 Kc. (550 a 197 metros), 2350 a 7100 Kc. (127,7 a 42,3 metros), 6900 a 22,000 Kc. (43,5 a 13,6 metros).

SUMINISTRO DE ENERGIA

El receptor puede ser usado ya sea conectado a corriente alterna (C.A.) de 25 a 60 ciclos, o a corriente continua (C.C.).

IMPORTANTE

Este receptor es enviado de la fábrica para ser usado sobre una corriente de 210-230 voltios. Para ajustar el receptor para una corriente de 115 voltios retire el tornillo de cierre del tubo de resistencia. Retire el tubo de su portatubo y vuelva a insertarlo en la posición 115 voltios, indicada sobre el chassis.

Si el receptor no comienza a funcionar dentro de un minuto cuando se le conecta a una corriente continua, la ficha de contacto debe ser invertida en el

bidamente, de lo contrario ne desmejorará el tono.

El receptor tiene tres escalas de sintonización, pudiendo seleccionarse cualquiera por medio de una perilla, de escalas. La escala en uso estará indicada por el indicador de la perilla de escala señalando a uno de los puntos blancos marcados BC, SW-2 y SW-1 en la superficie del dial.

La luz del día tiene una decidida influencia sobre la recepción de las estaciones de onda corta, teniendo las diferentes longitudes de onda mayor eficacia a distintas horas del día. El cuadro a la derecha puede ser usado como guía.

VALVULAS

En este aparato se emplean las siguientes válvulas:

12SA7GT 35L6GT
12SK7GT 35Z5GT
12SQ7GT 100-85

La Figura 2 indica la situación correcta del porta-válvula para cada válvula.

stations and different wave lengths are most effective at different times of the day. The table below may be used as a guide.

SHORT WAVE BAND	TIME OF BEST RECEPTION
14 meters	A. M. (Morning hours)
17 and 20 meters	P. M. (Afternoon)
25 and 31 meters	P. M. (Early evening)
37 and 49 meters	P. M. (Evening)

TUBES

The following tubes are used in this set:

12SA7GT 35L6GT
12SK7GT 35Z5GT
12SQ7GT 100-85

Figure 2 shows the correct socket location for each tube.

que le fil de prise de terre ne fasse pas contact dans un arbre, un mur ou un fûté et que toutes les connexions soient soudées convenablement afin d'éviter la rouille et les bruits parasites qui en sont le résultat. Attachez le fil d'entrée de l'antenne au terminal bleu au dos du châssis.

PRISE DE TERRE

Une bonne prise de terre favorisera beaucoup la réception en renforçant la puissance des signaux des stations éloignées et en diminuant les bruits parasites. La meilleure prise de sol se fait au moyen d'un tuyau de 4 à 6 pieds (1,5 mètres) de longueur, placé dans une terre humide. Le fil de prise de terre devra être soudé au tuyau ou attaché bien solidement avec un bon crampon de sol, le tuyau ayant été nettoyé soigneusement à cet endroit au préalable.

Une bonne prise de terre peut aussi être effectuée en attachant soigneusement le fil de prise de terre à un tuyau d'eau ou à un radiateur. Attachez le fil d'entrée au terminal noir au dos du châssis.

MISE EN FONCTION

Étudiez la figure 1. Elle démontre la position et le rôle de chaque bouton de contrôle. Tournez le commutateur combinaison "Off-On" et le bouton de commande de volume vers la droite et le poste sera mis en fonction et allumera la lampe-pilote rouge. Environ 30 secondes seront nécessaires pour chauffer les tubes à la température d'opération. Pour augmenter le volume, continuez de tourner le bouton vers la droite. Si vous le tournez vers la gauche, le volume diminuera et pour cesser la réception, continuez de tourner vers la gauche jusqu'à la production d'un clic.

Pour sintoniser une station, tournez lentement le bouton d'accord jusqu'à la station désirée. L'accord doit être mis au point soigneusement, autrement la qualité du son sera ressentira.

Le poste a trois gammes d'accord, dont on peut choisir

the antenna lead-in to the blue lead at the back of the chassis.

GROUND

A good ground will aid reception materially by improving the signal strength of distant stations and reducing background noise. The best ground is a 4 to 6 foot pipe driven in moist earth. The ground wire should be soldered to the pipe or fastened securely with a good ground clamp, first thoroughly cleaning the pipe at that point.

A suitable ground may also be obtained by making a good connection to a water pipe or radiator. Connect the ground lead-in to the black wire at the rear of the chassis.

PLACING THE RECEIVER IN OPERATION

Study Figure 1. This shows the position and purpose of each control. Turning the combination "Off-On" switch will turn the receiver ON and a red pilot will light up. Approximately 30 seconds will be required for the tubes to heat to operating temperature. Continued rotation of this knob to the right increases the volume. Turning this control to the left decreases the volume and, when a click is heard, turns the receiver OFF.

When tuning in a station the tuning knob slowly to the desired station. Care should be taken to tune the receiver properly, otherwise the tone will be impaired.

The receiver has three tuning ranges, any one of which may be selected by means of the band switch. The band in use will be indicated by the band switch lever pointing to one of three white dots marked BC, SW-2 and SW-1 on the dial face.

Daylight has a decided effect on the reception of short wave

que el alambre de bajada no haga contacto con las paredes, árboles o cualquier otro objeto. Todas las conexiones deberán ser correctamente soldadas para evitar la oxidación y la producción de ruido consiguiente. Conéctese el extremo del alambre de bajada de la antena a la terminal azul en la parte posterior del chasis.

TIERRA

Una buena conexión a tierra mejorará efectivamente la recepción, aumentando la fuerza de las señales de las estaciones lejanas y reduciendo el ruido de fondo. La mejor conexión a tierra es un caño de 1,50 mt. introducido en tierra húmeda. El alambre a tierra debe ser soldado al caño o asegurado cuidadosamente con una buena grapa de toma de tierra, limpiando previamente con cuidado el caño en este punto.

Una buena conexión a tierra puede obtenerse haciendo una buena conexión a un caño de agua o a un radiador. Conecte el extremo de la bajada a tierra a la terminal del alambre negro situado en la parte posterior del chasis.

PUESTA DEL RECEPTOR EN FUNCIONAMIENTO

Estudie la Figura 1. Esta indica la posición y finalidad de cada control. Girando hacia la derecha la perilla de la combinación "OFF-ON" y del control de volumen, el receptor se pondrá en funcionamiento (ON), encendiéndose una luz piloto, roja. Se requiere aproximadamente 30 segundos para que los tubos se calienten a la temperatura de funcionamiento. Continuando la rotación de esta perilla a la derecha, aumenta el volumen. Girando esta perilla hacia la izquierda disminuye el volumen, y cuando se oye un ruido "clic" se desconecta el receptor. Cuando se está sintonizando una estación, gire la perilla de sintonización lentamente hacia la estación deseada. Deberá ponerse cuidado para sintonizar el receptor de-

n'importe laquelle au moyen du commutateur de bande. La bande en usage sera indiquée par l'aiguille de repère du commutateur de bande, indiquant l'un des trois points blancs marqués BC, SW-2 et SW-1 sur le cadran.

La lumière du jour joue un rôle incontestable quant à la réception des stations à ondes courtes; et les différentes longueurs d'ondes sont mieux reçues à des heures différentes. La table à la gauche peut être employée comme guide.

TUBES

Les tubes suivants sont employés avec cet appareil:

12SA7GT 35L6GT
12SK7GT 35Z5GT
12SQ7GT 100-85

La figure 2 montre la position correcte du support de chaque tube.

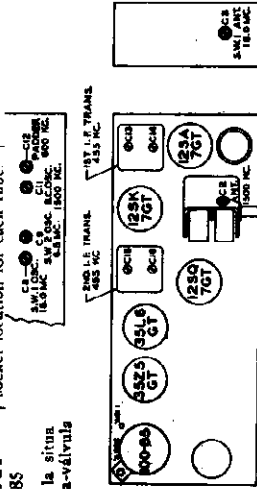
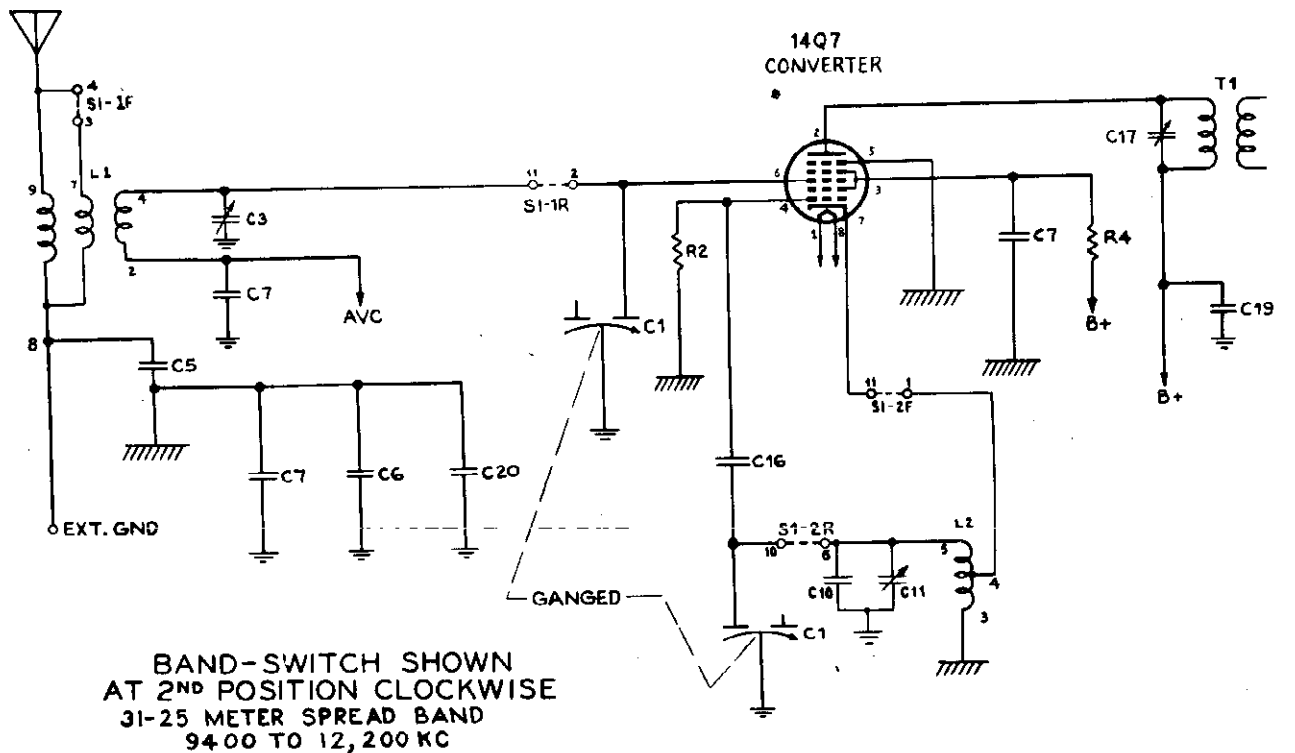
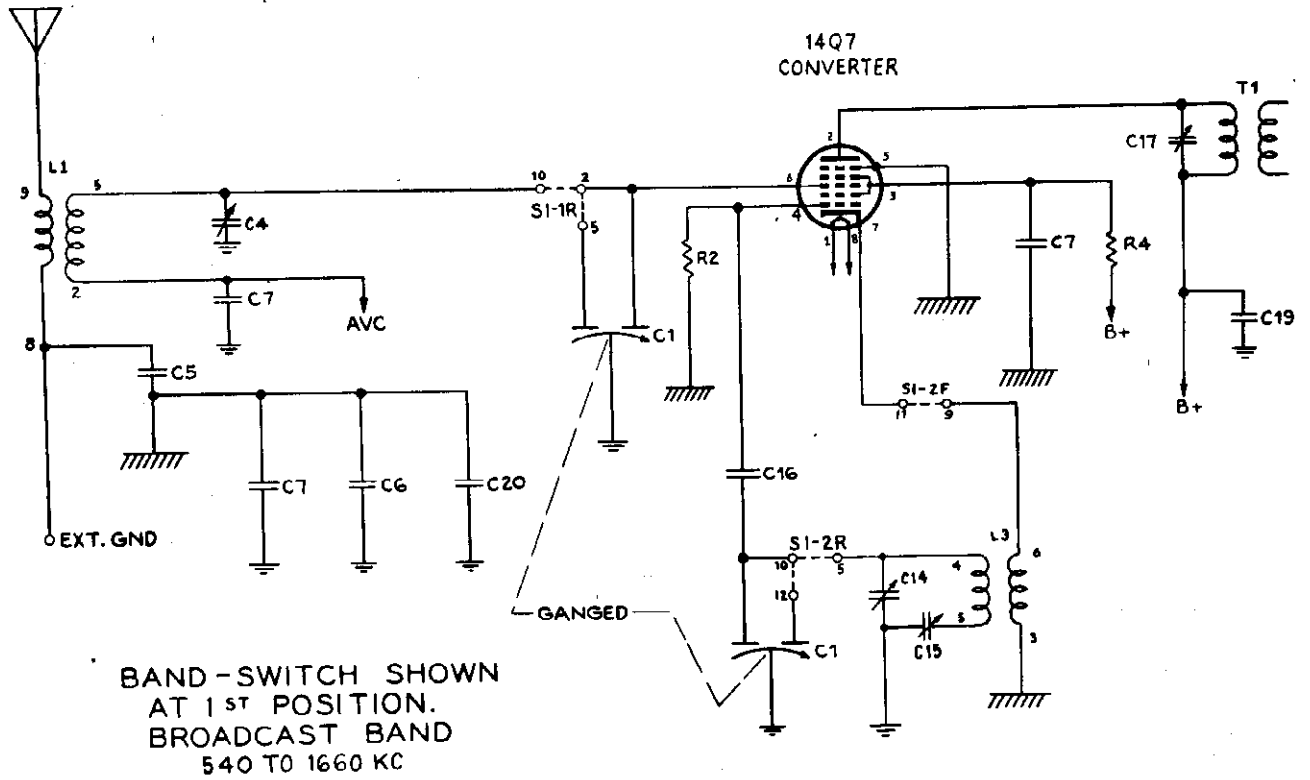


FIG. 2 TUBE AND TUNING POSITIONS ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

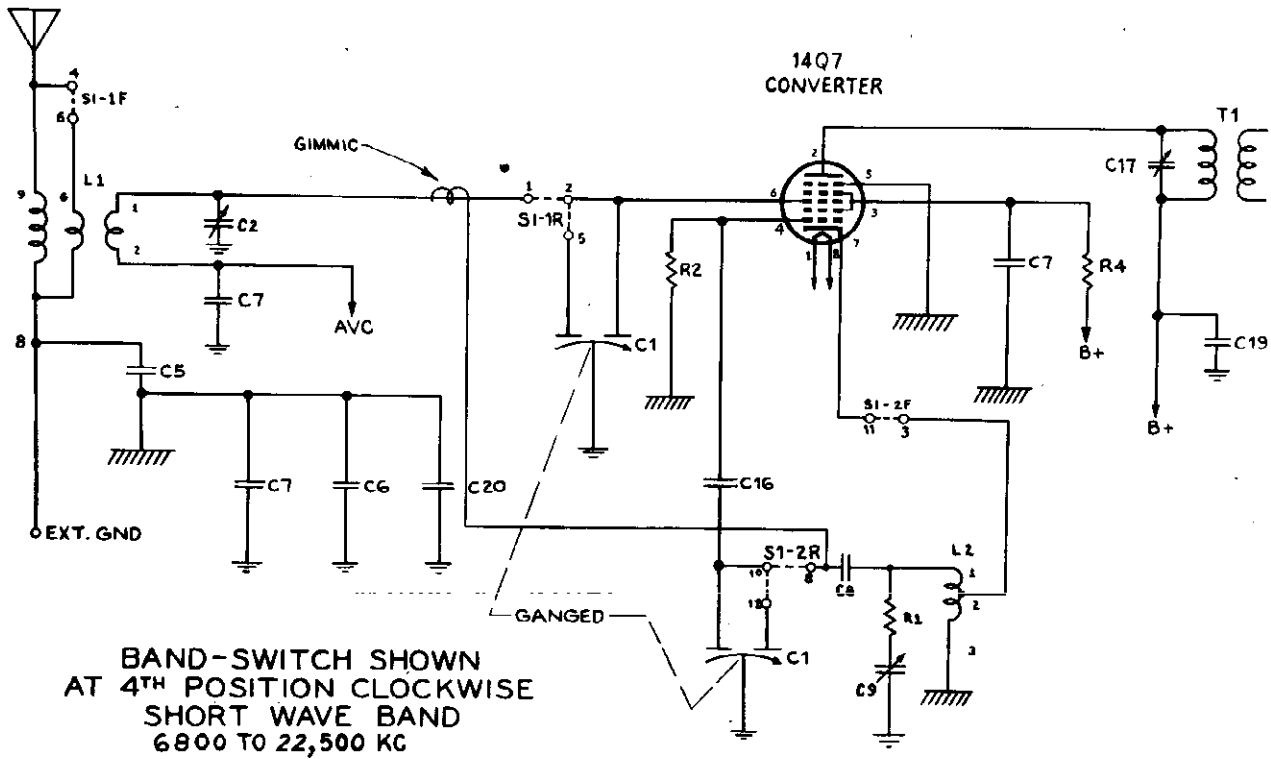
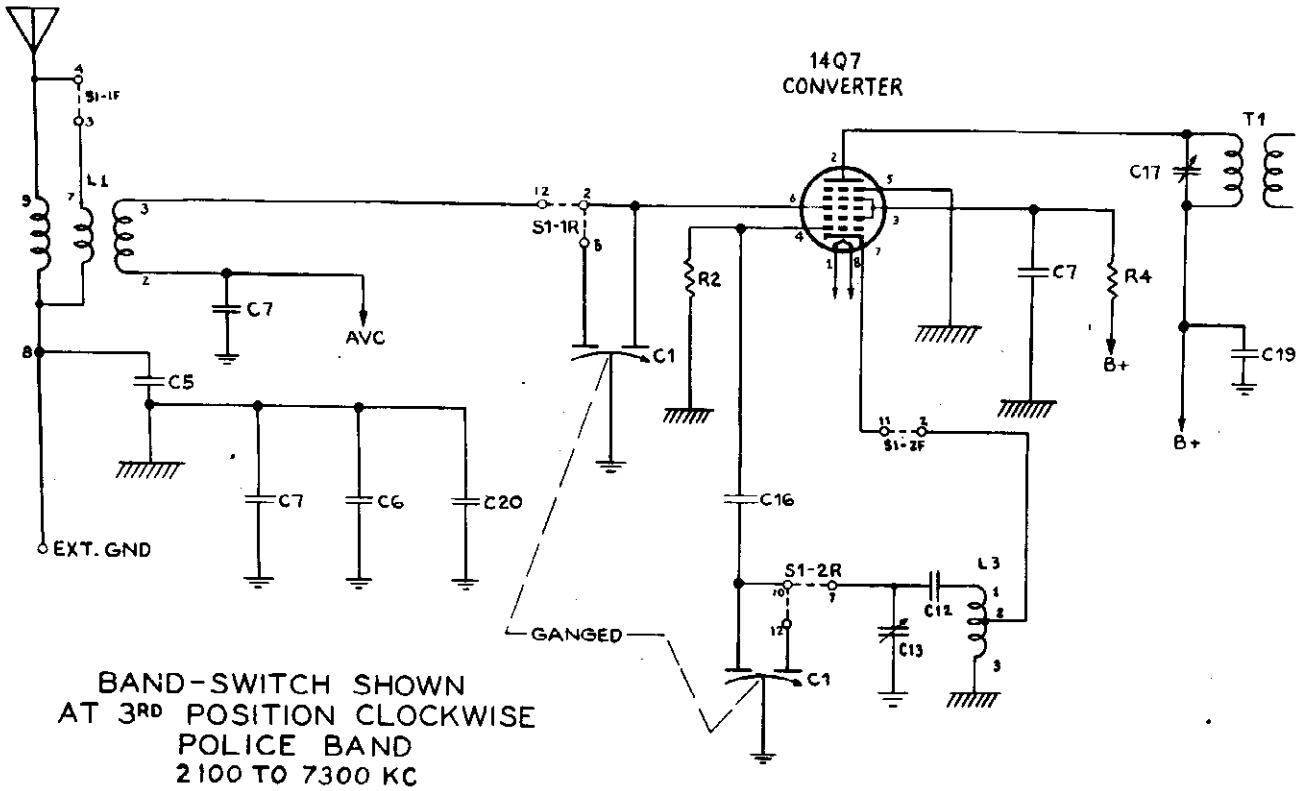
Opn.	Connect One to	Control	Input Freq.	Band	Set Dial at	Progress
1	1st Dial Grid	.1 mfd.	655 kc.	BC	600 kc.	Align L.F. C13, L4, 15 and 16
2	Antenna and Ground	200 mfd.	1500 kc.	BC	1500 kc.	C11 Align Antenna
3	Antenna and Ground	200 mfd.	1500 kc.	BC	1500 kc.	C3 Align Antenna
4	Antenna and Ground	200 mfd.	600 kc.	BC	Back on 600 kc.	C12 Podder
5	Antenna and Ground	400 ohm	6.5 mc.	SW1	Back of 6.5 mc.	C5 Align SW2
6	Antenna and Ground	400 ohm	18 mc.	SW1	18 mc.	C1 Set One to Dial Scale
7	Antenna and Ground	400 ohm	18 mc.	SW1	18 mc.	C3 Align Antenna

ZENITH RADIO CORP.



"clarified schematics"

ZENITH RADIO CORP.



ZENITH RADIO CORP.

d'énergie de 230 volts, et on peut rajuster pour l'opération sur courant de 115 volts en enlevant d'abord la vis de blocage dans la lampe ballaste, et remplaçant dans la douille comme indiqué dans la douille. Si le poste récepteur n'opère pas en dedans d'une minute quand il est relié au courant constant, on devrait renverser la prise de courant à la douille dans le mur. On devrait adapter cette procédure aussi si un murmure est apparent quand le poste récepteur est opéré dans le courant alternatif.

115 volt position as indicated on the socket.
If the receiver does not operate within one minute when connected to direct current, the power plug should be reversed at the wall socket. This procedure should also be followed if a hum is apparent when the receiver is operated on alternating current.
The total power consumption when operated on 115 volts is 26 watts, and when operated on 230 volts, 60 watts. The maximum power output on 115 volts is 2.1 watts and on 230 volts is 4.25 watts. Special ballast tubes are available for operation with

la válvula reguladora ("Ballast"), quitando el tubo de su zócalo y volviendo a insertarlo en el zócalo en la posición de 115 voltios tal como está indicado en el mismo.
Si el receptor no funciona después de estar conectado a la corriente continua durante un minuto, el tomacorriente tiene que ponerse en posición opuesta al enchufe. Este procedimiento tiene que seguirse también si se siente un zumbido cuando el receptor está funcionando sobre corriente alterna.
El consumo total de energía cuando está operando en 115 voltios, es de 26 vatios, y

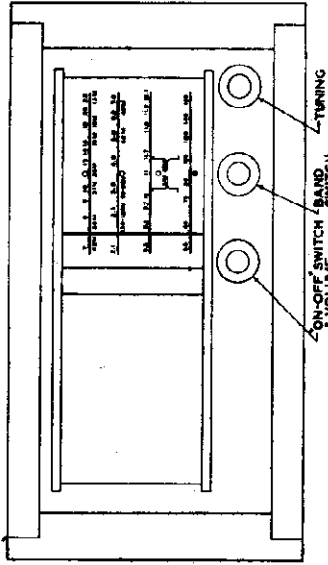


FIG. 1—CONTROLS

La consommation totale d'énergie quand en opération dans 115 volts est 26 watts, et quand en opération dans 230 volts est 60 watts.

Le maximum rendement d'énergie dans 115 volts est 2.1 watts et dans 230 volts est 4.25 watts.

Des valves spéciales (valves de résistance) sont disponibles pour des réseaux autres que de 115 ou 230 volts, comme suit:

150 volts—Pièce No. 100-87
175 volts—Pièce No. 100-89
200 volts—Pièce No. 100-91
Ces valves de résistance doivent être insérées de manière que la barre de serrage se trouve en position de 230 volts, autrement le récepteur ne fonctionnera pas.

mains other than 115 or 230 volts. They are as follows:
150 Volt.....Part No. 100-87
175 Volt.....Part No. 100-89
200 Volt.....Part No. 100-91

These ballast tubes must be inserted so the hold-down bracket is in the 230 volt position; otherwise the receiver will not operate.

ANTENNA

A good antenna is necessary for satisfactory reception, and is well worth the effort expended in its construction. An outside antenna from 40 to 60 feet in length and as high as possible will give good all-around results. If your present antenna is to be used, a thorough examination should be made to determine its condition.

cuando está operando en 230 salida máxima en 115 voltios es de 2.1 vatios, y en 230 voltios es de 4.25 vatios.

Cuando se requiere, podemos suministrar tubos de resistencia especiales para funcionamiento con corrientes otras que de 115 ó 230 voltios, como sigue:

150 voltios—No. de ref. 100-87
175 voltios—No. de ref. 100-89
200 voltios—No. de ref. 100-91
Los tubos de resistencia deben colocarse en la posición de 230 voltios. De otra manera, el receptor no funcionará.

ANTENA

Una buena antena es indispensable para la recepción de radio y mientras más cuidadosa sea la instalación mejores serán

MODEL NO. 5D042T
Chassis No. 5C647

LES INSTRUCTIONS POUR L'INSTALLATION ET LE FONCTIONNEMENT GENERAL

Après déballage du récepteur de la boîte en carton, la bande de papier-cache employée pour l'emballage et l'expédition doit être enlevée du châssis. Le panneau de montage, use seulement avec des récepteurs avec meubles en matière plastique, peut être enlevé en suivant les instructions données sur le panneau. Les récepteurs de TSP avec meubles en bois n'ont pas besoin d'un panneau de montage; ils sont prêts à fonctionner après que la bande de papier-cache a été enlevée.

The present poste est un récepteur superhétérodyne moderne à six lampes, compris la lampe ballaste, dont l'accord englobe les bandes standard suivantes d'ondes moyennes et d'ondes courtes: 540 à 1660 Kc. (555 à 180 mètres), 2100 à 7300 Kc. (143 à 41 mètres), 6800 à 22,500 Kc. (44 à 13.3 mètres), et une échelle spéciale qui couvre de 9400 à 12,200 Kc. (31.9 à 24.6 mètres) avec épanouissement des bandes à 25 et 31 mètres. Il est équipé d'un haut-parleur électrodynamique et d'une commande de ton à deux positions.

ALIMENTATION DE COURANT

On peut user le poste récepteur dans le courant alternatif (C.A.) 50 à 60 périodes ou le courant continu (C.C.) Il est sorti de l'usine réglé pour fonctionner sur une provision

INSTALLATION, OPERATING AND SERVICE INSTRUCTIONS GENERAL

After the receiver has been unpacked from the carton, the paper tape used for packing and shipping must be removed from the chassis. The mounting board, used only on receivers with plastic cabinets, may be removed by following the instructions placed on the board. Radios with wooden cabinets do not require a mounting board; they are ready for operation after removing the paper tape.

This receiver is a modern superheterodyne, tuning over the following standard broadcast and short-wave bands: 540 to 1660 Kc. (555 to 180 meters), 2100 to 7300 Kc. (143 meters), 6800 to 22,500 Kc. (44 to 13.3 meters), and a special range covering 9400 to 12,200 Kc. (31.9 to 24.6 meters) with spread bands at 25 and 31 meters.

It is equipped with an electrodynamic speaker and a two position tone control.

POWER SUPPLY

The receiver may be used on either alternating current (A. C.) or 50 to 60 cycles or direct current (D.C.) It leaves the factory adjusted for use on 115 volt power supply and may be readjusted to operate on 230 volt power lines by first removing the locking screw on the ballast tube, removing the tube from its socket, and reinserting in the socket in the

INSTRUCCIONES PARA LA INSTALACION Y FUNCIONAMIENTO GENERAL

Después de desembalar el receptor, el papel engomado usado en embalaje y embarque, tiene que quitarse del chasis. La tabla de montaje, usada solamente en los receptores con gabinetes de material plástico, puede removerse siguiendo las instrucciones que se encuentran sobre dicha tabla. Radios con gabinetes de madera no requieren una tabla de montaje, y están listos para funcionar después de quitar el papel engomado.

Este receptor es un moderno aparato superheterodino, de seis válvulas, incluyendo una reguladora, que sintoniza las bandas de onda larga y corta, como sigue: 540 a 1660 Kc. (555 a 180 metros), 2100 a 7300 Kc. (143 a 41 metros), 6800 a 22,500 Kc. (44 a 13.3 metros) y una gama de ondas especial desde 9400 a 12,200 Kc. (31.9 a 24.6 metros) con ensanchamiento de banda en 25 y 31 metros.

Está equipado con altoparlante electrodinámico y un regulador de tono de dos posiciones.

SUMINISTRO DE ENERGIA

El receptor puede ser usado con corriente alterna (C.A.) de 50 a 60 períodos o con corriente continua (C.C.). Sale de la fábrica ajustado para uso con 230 voltios y puede ser reajustado para funcionar con corriente de 115 voltios, removiendo el tornillo de cierre en

tos resultados. Una antena exterior de 13 a 20 metros instalado lo más alto posible es la más apropiada para uso general. Si se ha de usar una antena ya instalada, ésta debe examinarse minuciosamente para determinar su estado pues puede haber conexiones oxidadas o rotas, que nulifican la eficacia de la antena. Por otra parte si ha de instalarse una antena nueva hay que tomar las precauciones necesarias para que el alambre de bajada no haga contacto con la pared o con cualquier objeto que resulte en una conexión a tierra. Todas las conexiones deben estar correctamente soldadas para prevenir contra la oxidación y los ruidos que se producen a consecuencia de esto. Contáctese el alambre de bajada de la antena a la terminal marcada "A" en la parte trasera del chasis.

TIERRA

Una conexión a tierra bien hecha mejorará considerablemente la recepción aumentando la fuerza de las señales de estaciones lejanas y reduciendo el ruido de fondo. La conexión tierra más satisfactoria consiste en una sección de tubería de un metro a 1.50 metros de largo, colocada verticalmente y casi cubierta de tierra húmeda; un extremo de la conexión a tierra se conecta a la terminal marcada "G" en el chasis.

FUNCIONAMIENTO

(Véase la fig. 1). El grabado indica la posición y propósito de cada perilla. Haciendo girar la perilla combinada interruptor (OFF-ON) y regulador de volumen hacia la derecha, el receptor empieza a funcionar. Las válvulas requieren un minuto más o menos para calentarse. Para aumentar el volumen es necesario girar la perilla hacia la derecha. El volumen se reduce haciendo girar la perilla hacia la izquierda y el receptor se apaga cuando se oye el ruido del interruptor. Para sintonizar una estación gírese la perilla selectora hasta que la aguja indique la frecuencia deseada. La sintonización debe hacerse en el centro exacto de la señal para obtener

tion, as the connections may be corroded or broken, thus rendering the antenna unfit for service. If a new antenna is to be constructed, care should be taken to prevent the lead-in wire from grounding to trees, walls, or gutters and all connections should be properly soldered to prevent corrosion and resulting noise. Connect the antenna lead-in to the post marked "A" at the back of the chassis.

GROUND

A good ground will aid reception materially by improving the signal strength of distant stations and reducing background noise. The best ground is a 4 to 6 foot pipe driven down to damp earth, the ground lead-in should be securely soldered to this.

A suitable ground may be obtained by making a good connection to a water pipe or radiator. Connect the ground lead-in to the post marked "G" at the rear of the chassis.

PLACING THE RECEIVER IN OPERATION

Note Fig. 1. This shows the position and purpose of each control. Turning the combination "Off-On" switch and volume control to the "right" will turn the receiver ON. Approximately one minute will be required for the tubes to heat to operating temperature. Continued rotation of this knob to the right increases the volume. Turning this control to the left decreases the volume and, when a click is heard, turns the receiver OFF.

When tuning in a station turn the tuning knob slowly to the desired station. Care should be taken to tune the receiver to the exact middle of the wave; otherwise the tone will be impaired.

The tone may be changed by means of the switch at the back of the radio from "High" to "Low." The receiver has four tuning scales, any one of which may be selected by means of the

Una buena antena s'impone para obtener una recepción satisfactoria, et vaut bien l'effort nécessaire pour sa construction. Une antenne extérieure de 13 à 20 mètres de long et placée aussi haut que possible donnera d'excellents résultats pour tout service. Si vous voulez proposer d'utiliser votre antenne actuelle, il conviendra d'en faire un examen approfondi pour en déterminer l'état car les connexions peuvent en être rouillées ou rompues, ce qui rendrait l'antenne impropre à l'emploi. Si on décide de construire une nouvelle antenne, il convient de veiller à ce que le fil d'entrée ne rejoigne pas la terre par des arbres, des murs ou des gouttières, et toutes les connexions devront être soudées avec soin pour prévenir la corrosion et les parasites qui en résultent. Raccordez le fil d'entrée de l'antenne au montant marqué "A" à l'arrière du châssis.

PRISE DE TERRE

Une bonne prise de terre aidera notablement la réception en améliorant la force du signal pour les stations distantes et en réduisant le bruit de fond. La meilleure prise de terre consiste d'un tuyau de 1 à 1,50 mètres qu'on enfonce dans le sol humide; la prise de terre devra être solidement soudée.

On peut réaliser une prise de terre convenable en établissant une bonne connexion au tuyau d'eau ou à un radiateur. Réglez la prise de terre au montant marqué "G" à l'arrière du châssis.

MISE DU RECEPTEUR EN SERVICE

Noter la figure 1. Elle montre la position et l'objet de chaque contrôle. En tournant le commutateur combinaison interrupteur "OFF-ON" et contrôleur du volume, vers la droite, le récepteur sera mis en circuit. Il faut compter environ 1 minute pour que les lampes se chauffent à la température de fonctionnement. En continuant de tourner ce bouton vers la droite, le volume augmente en intensité. En tournant ce bouton vers la gauche, on diminue le volume de so-

la mejor calidad de tono posible. El tono se cambia por medio de un interruptor en la parte (alto) a "Low" (bajo).

El receptor tiene cuatro gamas de onda, y cualquiera de ellas puede seleccionarse por medio del conmutador de ondas. La banda que se está usando estará indicada por medio de un punto rojo en el centro de la escala correspondiente.

La luz del día tiene una decidida influencia sobre la recepción de la onda corta y diferentes longitudes de onda alcanzan mayor eficacia a diferentes horas del día. El cuadro a la derecha puede ser usado como guía para sintonizar a diferentes horas del día y la noche.

VALVULAS

Este receptor usa las válvulas siguientes:
1407 - 7B7 - 7C6 - 50C6G
- 3Z5GT - 100-85. 581647

FONOGRÁFO

Este receptor está equipado con un "jack" y una ficha de fonógrafo situada en la parte posterior del chasis. Para utilizar el receptor con un tocadiscos, coloque el conmutador de ondas en una de las bandas de onda corta y controle el volumen de la producción del disco con el Control de Volumen del receptor.

hand switch. The scale in use will be indicated by a red dot in the center of the corresponding scale.

Daylight has a decided effect on the reception of short wave stations and different wavelengths are most effective at different times of the day. The following table may be used as a guide.

SHORT WAVE BAND	TIME OF BEST RECEPTION
14 meters	A.M. (Afternoon hours)
19 and 23 meters	P.M. (Afternoon)
25 and 31 meters	P.M. (Early evening)
31 meters	P.M. (Late evening)

TUBES

The following tubes are employed in this receiver.
1407 - 7B7 - 7C6 - 50C6G
- 3Z5GT - 100-85. 581647

Figure 2 shows the correct socket for each tube.

PHONO

This receiver is equipped with a phono jack and plug located on the rear of the chassis. To use the receiver with a record player, set the Band Switch to one of the short wave bands and control the volume of the record reproduction with the receiver Volume Control.

morité et, quand on entend un léger clic, c'est qu'on a mis le récepteur hors circuit.

Quand vous accordez une station, tournez le bouton de sintonisation lentement jusqu'à ce que vous ayez obtenu la station désirée. Il convient de veiller à accorder le poste exactement au milieu de la longueur d'onde correspondante; autrement le ton en sera affecté.

Le ton peut être modifié au moyen du commutateur qui se trouve à l'arrière du poste, et cela de la position "High" (haut) à "Low" (bas). Le récepteur possède quatre échelles d'accord parmi lesquelles on peut sélectionner l'une quelconque d'entre elles au moyen du commutateur sélectionneur de bandes. La bande en usage sera indiquée par un point rouge au centre de l'échelle correspondante.

La réception radiophonique sur ondes courtes est défective-ment affectée par la lumière du jour et la réception sur différentes longueurs d'ondes est plus ou moins efficace à différents moments de la journée. Nous donnons à gauche un barème qui peut être suivi pour écouter des différentes stations pendant le jour ou la nuit.

LAMPES

Les lampes suivantes sont employées sur ce poste:
1407 - 7B7 - 7C6 - 50C6G
- 3Z5GT - 100-85.

La figure 2 montre la douille correcte pour chaque lampe.

PHONO

Ce récepteur est muni d'un "Phono Jack" et d'une fiche placés au dos du Chassis. Pour faire fonctionner l'appareil avec le gramophone placez le Commutateur de Bandes à l'une des bandes d'ondes courtes et contrôlez le volume du son du disque par le bouton de contrôle de volume du récepteur.

MODEL 7J045T Ch. 7061T

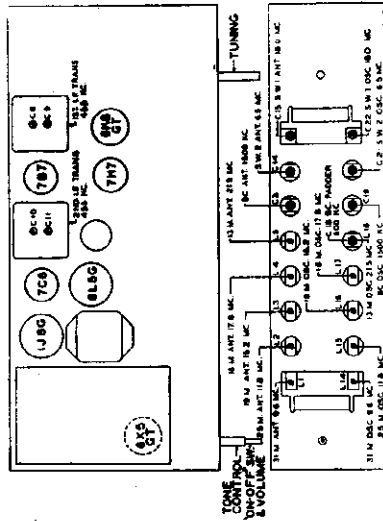


FIG. 2—Tube and Trimmer Positions

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

Operation	Connect test Cnc. to	Dummy Ant.	Input Signal Freq.	Band	Set Dial	Adjust Trimmer	Purpose
1	1st Det. grid	.1 mid.	455 kc.	BC	600 kc.	C8, 9, 10, 11	Align IF
2	Ant.—Grid	200 mmf.	1500 kc.	BC	1500 kc.	C19	Set osc. to scale
3	"	"	"	BC	"	C3	Align antenna
4	"	"	600 kc.	BC	Rock at 600 kc.	C21	Adj. paddler
5	"	400 ohm	6.5 mc.	SW2	6.5 mc.	C14	Set osc. to scale
6	"	"	"	"	"	C22	Align ant.
7	"	"	18.0 mc.	SW1	18.0 mc.	C15	Set osc. to scale
8	"	"	"	"	"	C18	Align ant.
9	"	"	21.5 mc.	13M	21.5 mc.	L18	Set osc. to scale
10	"	"	"	"	"	L5	Align ant.
11	"	"	17.8 mc.	18M	17.8 mc.	L17	Set osc. to scale
12	"	"	"	"	"	L4	Align ant.
13	"	"	15.2 mc.	18M	15.2 mc.	L16	Set osc. to scale
14	"	"	"	"	"	L3	Align ant.
15	"	"	11.8 mc.	25M	11.8 mc.	L15	Set osc. to scale
16	"	"	"	"	"	L2	Align ant.
17	"	"	9.6 mc.	31M	9.6 mc.	L14	Set osc. to scale
18	"	"	"	"	"	L1	Align ant.

MODEL 5D042T Ch. 5064T

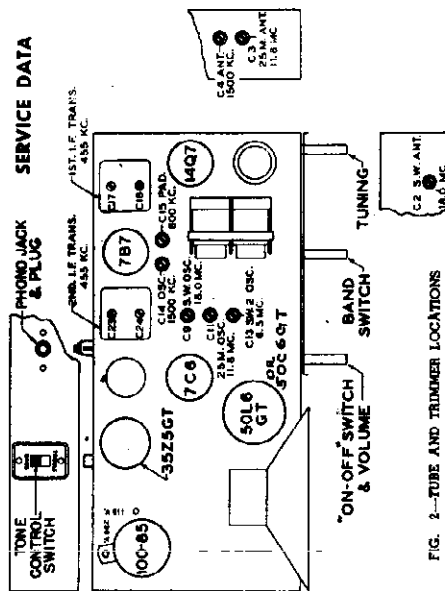


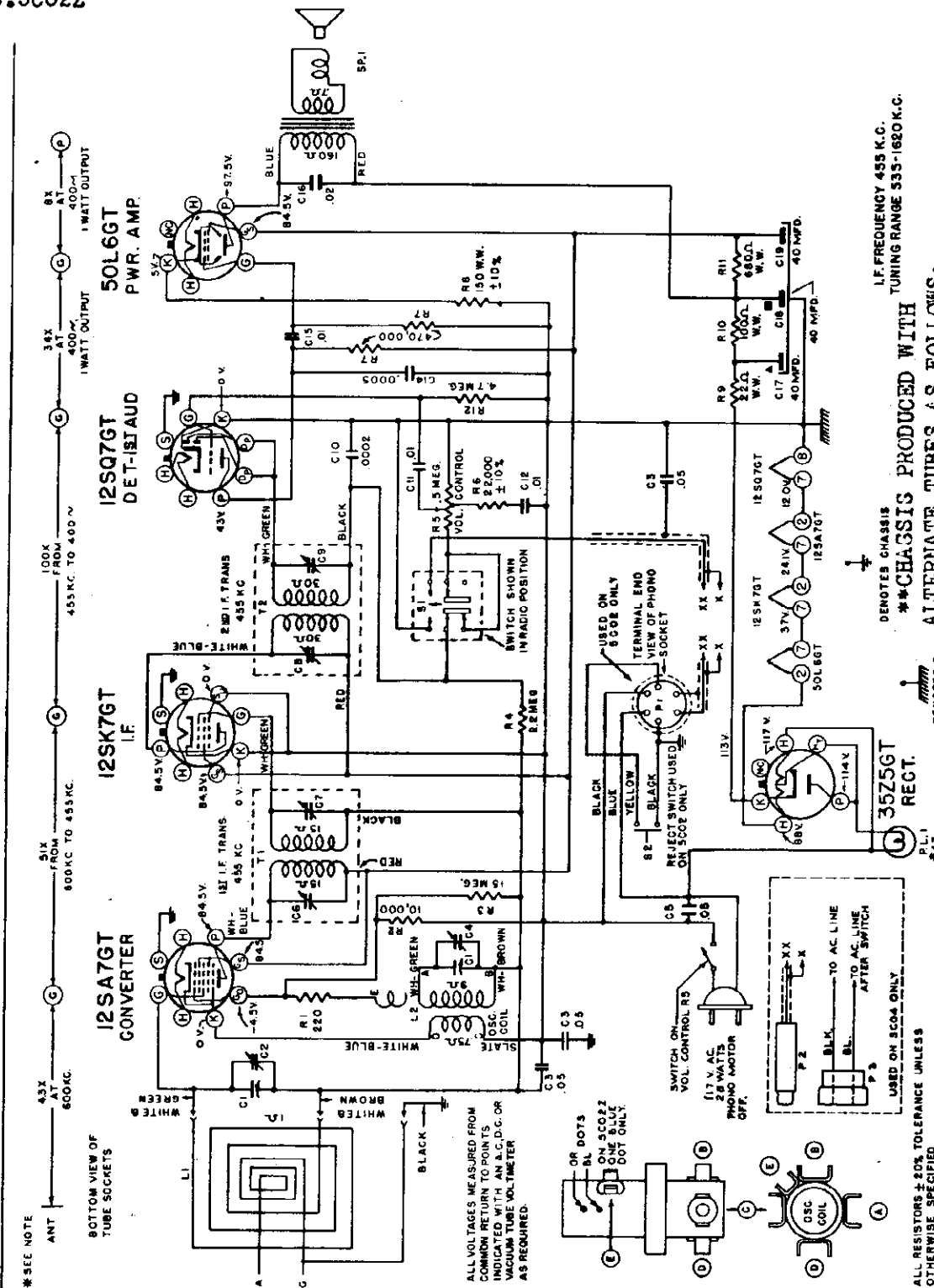
FIG. 2—TUBE AND TRIMMER LOCATIONS

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

Oper.	Connect Cnc. to	Dummy Ant.	Input Sig. Frequency	Band	Set Dial at	Trimmers	Purpose
1	1st Det Grid (Pin 6-14Q7)	.1 mid.	455 kc.	BC	600 kc.	C17, 18, 23 and 24	Align I. F.
2	Antenna and Ground	200 mmfd.	1500 kc.	BC	1500 kc.	C14	Set Osc. to Dial Scale
3	Antenna and Ground	200 mmfd.	1500 kc.	BC	1500 kc.	C4	Align Antenna
4	Antenna and Ground	200 mmfd.	600 kc.	BC	Rock at 600 kc.	C15	Set Low Freq. Paddler
5	Antenna and Ground	400 ohms	6.5 mc.	SW2	Rock at 6.5 mc.	C13	Align SW2
6	Antenna and Ground	400 ohms	18 mc.	SW1	18 mc.	C9	Set Osc. to Dial Scale
7	Antenna and Ground	400 ohms	18 mc.	SW1	18 mc.	C2	Align Antenna
8	Antenna and Ground	400 ohms	11.8 mc.	31.25 Meters	11.8 mc.	C11	Set Osc. to Dial Scale
9	Antenna and Ground	400 ohms	11.8 mc.	31.25 Meters	11.8 mc.	C3	Align Antenna

MODELS 5R080, Ch. 5C04,
5R086, Ch. 5C02, 5R086Z,
Chas. 5C02Z

ZENITH RADIO CORP.



L.F. FREQUENCY 455 K.C.
TUNING RANGE 535-1620 K.C.

CHASSIS PRODUCED WITH
ALTERNATE TUBES AS FOLLOWS:

- ORIGINAL
- ALTERNATE
- 12SA7GT
- 12SA7GT
- 14Q7
- 35W4

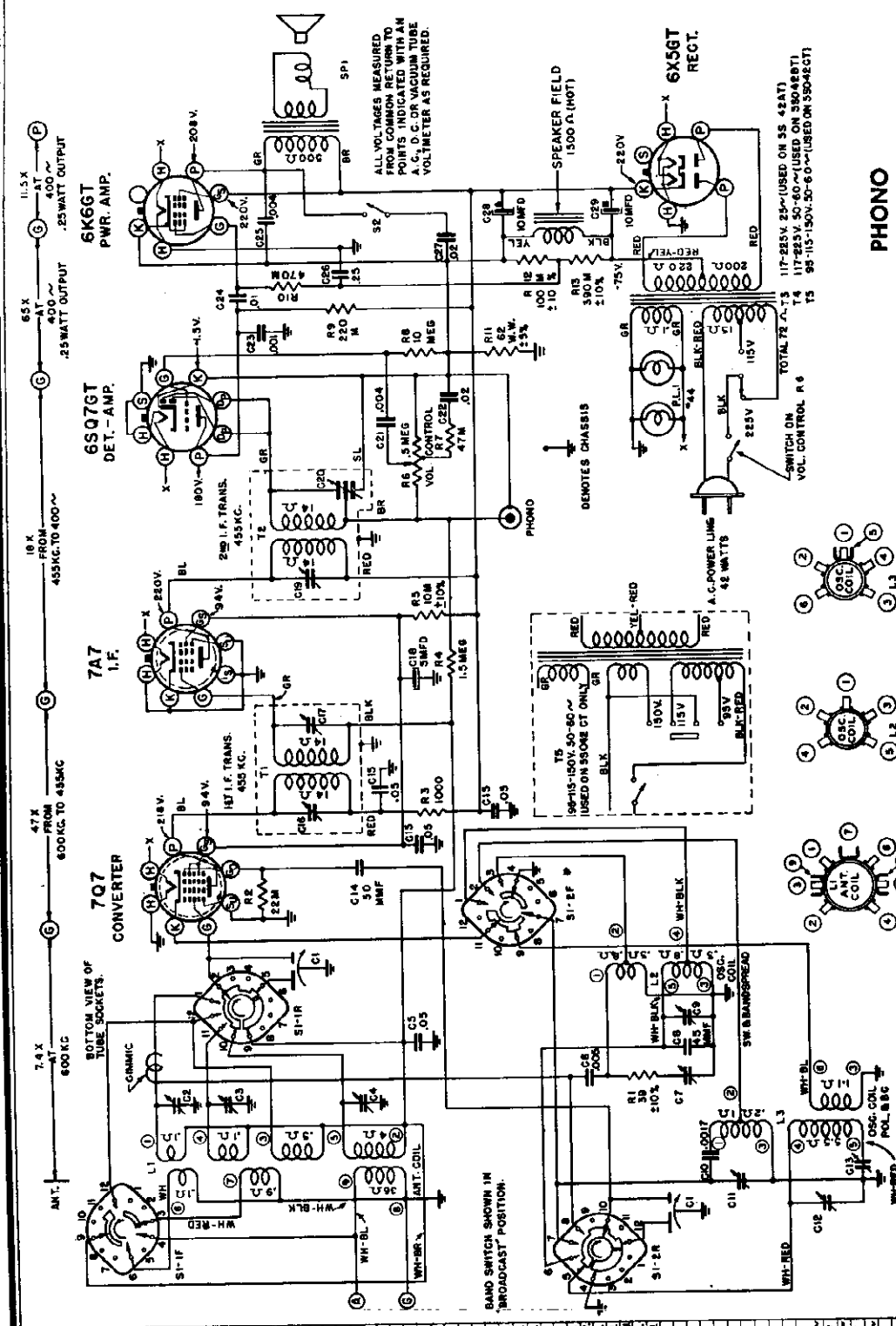
MODELS 5R080-5R086
CHASSIS Nos. 5C02-5C04

QAG PART	DESCRIPTION	QAG PART	DESCRIPTION
C1	22-1919	22-1919	500K. RES.
C2	22-1336	22-1336	500K. RES.
C3	22-829	22-829	500K. RES.
C4	22-617	22-617	500K. RES.
C5	22-617	22-617	500K. RES.
C6	22-617	22-617	500K. RES.
C7	22-617	22-617	500K. RES.
C8	22-617	22-617	500K. RES.
C9	22-617	22-617	500K. RES.
C10	22-617	22-617	500K. RES.
C11	22-617	22-617	500K. RES.
C12	22-885	22-885	40MFD. CAP.
C13	22-684	22-684	40MFD. CAP.
C14	22-195	22-195	40MFD. CAP.
C15	22-1379	22-1379	40MFD. CAP.
C16	22-1381	22-1381	40MFD. CAP.
C17	22-1381	22-1381	40MFD. CAP.
C18	22-1381	22-1381	40MFD. CAP.
C19	22-1381	22-1381	40MFD. CAP.
* 28-354 DIAL SCALE			
R1	63-579	63-579	220 OHM RES.
R2	63-589	63-589	10M OHM RES.
R3	63-976	63-976	15MEG OHM RES.
R4	63-600	63-600	2.2 MEG OHM RES.
R5	63-1348	63-1348	5 MEG OHM RES.
R6	63-654	63-654	22M OHM RES.
R7	63-597	63-597	470M OHM RES.
R8	63-686	63-686	150 OHM W5% RES.
R9	63-129	63-129	22 OHM W5% RES.
R10	63-1220	63-1220	100 OHM W5% RES.
R11	63-1281	63-1281	680 OHM W5% RES.
R2	63-602	63-602	47 MEG OHM RES.
L1	51256	51256	WAVE MAGNET ASSEMBLY
L2	51284	51284	OSC. COIL
T1	93-919	93-919	12T1 F. TRANS.
T2	93-908	93-908	28T1 F. TRANS.
P1	100-67	100-67	PILOT LIGHT & 3V. I.S.A.
S1	85-337	85-337	PHONO-RADIO SWITCH
S2	85-338	85-338	REJECT SWITCH
P1	51285	51285	PHONO CABLE
P2	51287	51287	PHONO CABLE
P3	52-188	52-188	AC. RECEPTACLE
SP1	49-518	49-518	5" SPEAKER P.M.

NOTE: ON 5C02Z ALL PARTS MARKED WITH * CHANGE TO THE FOLLOWING.

C1 22-1919 GAUG. VARIABLE
 L1 22-1381 GAUG. VARIABLE
 L2 22-1381 WAVE MAGNET ASSEMBLY
 L3 22-1381 OSC. COIL
 L4 28-367 DIAL SCALE

ALL RESISTORS ±20% TOLERANCE UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED



DIAG. NO.	DESCRIPTION	VALUES
C1	2-GANG VARIABLE SHORTWAVE ANT. TRIM.	10K
C2	25-METER ANT. TRIM.	400 ~
C3	BROADCAST ANT. TRIM.	400 ~
C4	OSC. MFD.	25
C5	OSC. MFD.	25
C6	SHORTWAVE OSC. TRIM.	208 V.
C7	45 MFD. COMP.	220V.
C8	25 METER OSC. TRIM.	1.3V.
C9	50 MFD. OSC. TRIMMER	1.3V.
C10	50 MFD. OSC. TRIMMER	1.3V.
C11	BROADCAST OSC. TRIM.	455 KC.
C12	BROADCAST OSC. TRIM.	455 KC.
C13	BROADCAST OSC. TRIM.	455 KC.
C14	BROADCAST OSC. TRIM.	455 KC.
C15	OSC. MFD.	25
C16	OSC. MFD.	25
C17	OSC. MFD.	25
C18	OSC. MFD.	25
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C298	OSC. MFD.	25
C299	OSC. MFD.	25
C300	OSC. MFD.	25

PHONO
 Ce récepteur est pourvu d'une "Cheville de Phonographe" et une prise, qui se trouvent au dos du châssis. Pour employer le poste avec un appareil phonographique externe ("record player"), tournez le commutateur sélectionneur de bandes à une des bandes d'ondes courtes, et réglez le volume du son au moyen du contrôle du volume du poste.

PHONO
 The Phono Jack and Plug is located on the rear of the receiver chassis. When using a record player with this receiver set the band switch to one of the short wave bands. Control the phono volume with the receiver Volume Control.

PHONO
 Este receptor esta provisto de una conexión para el fonógrafo, y una clavija o toma, situadas en la parte posterior del chasis. Para usar el receptor con un "Tocadiscos," ajuste el cambio de banda a una de las bandas de onda corta y controle el volumen del sonido con el control de volumen del receptor.

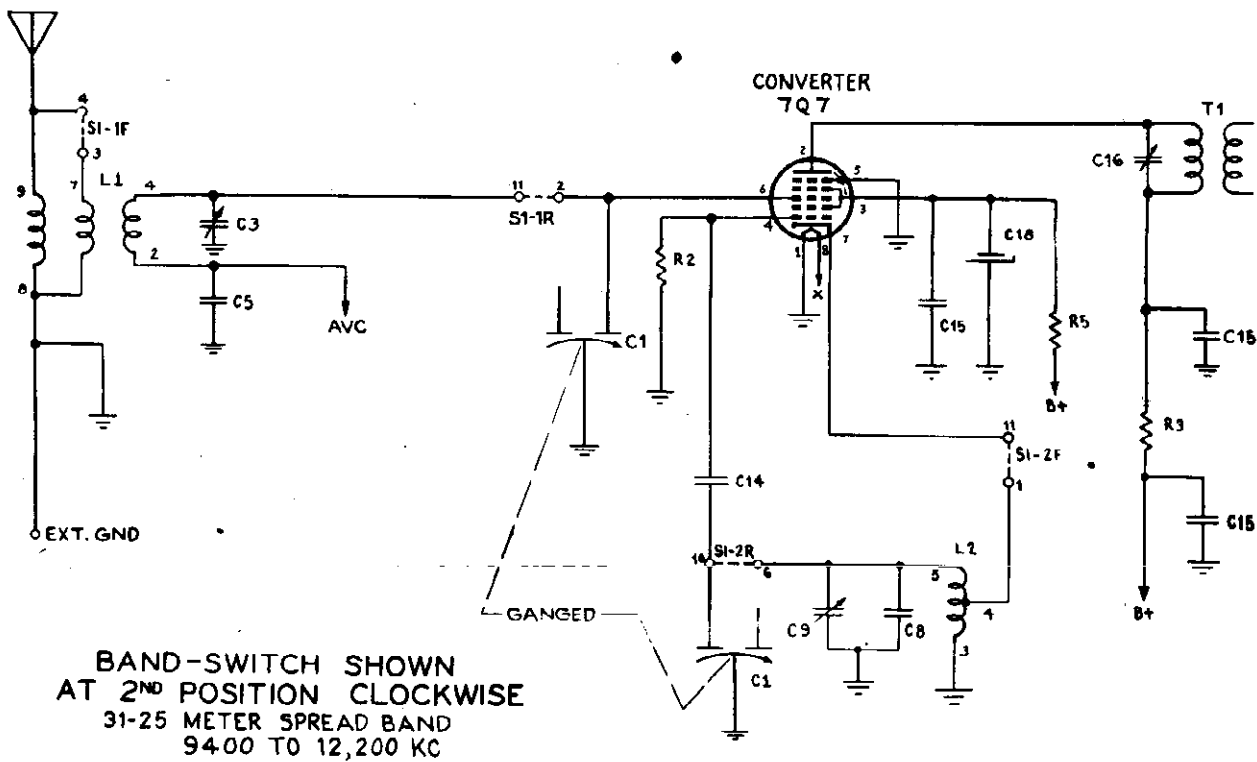
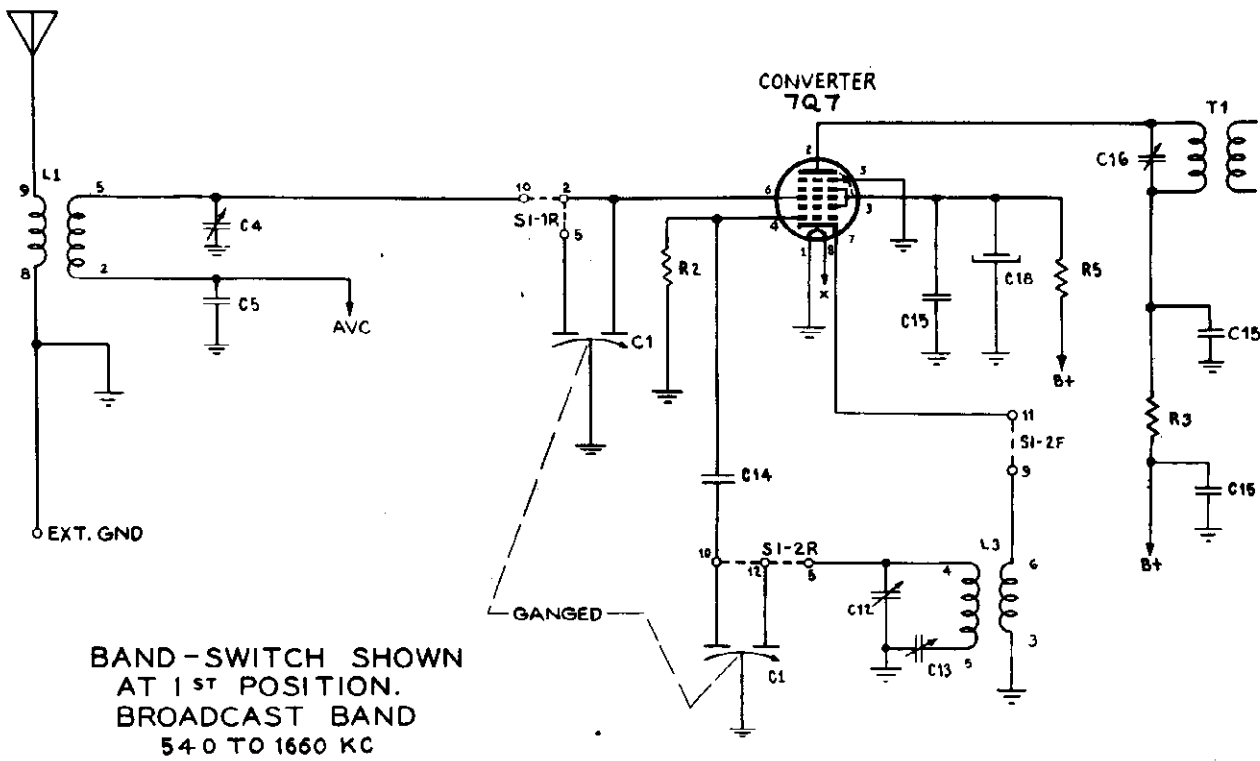
ALL RESISTORS ARE ±20% TOLERANCE UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED
 I.F. FREQUENCY 455 KC.
 TUNING RANGE 540-1650 KC.
 TUNING RANGE 280-7500 KC.
 TUNING RANGE 12-1200 KC.
 TUNING RANGE 9400-12,000 KC.

"clarified schematics"

PAGE 15-22 ZENITH

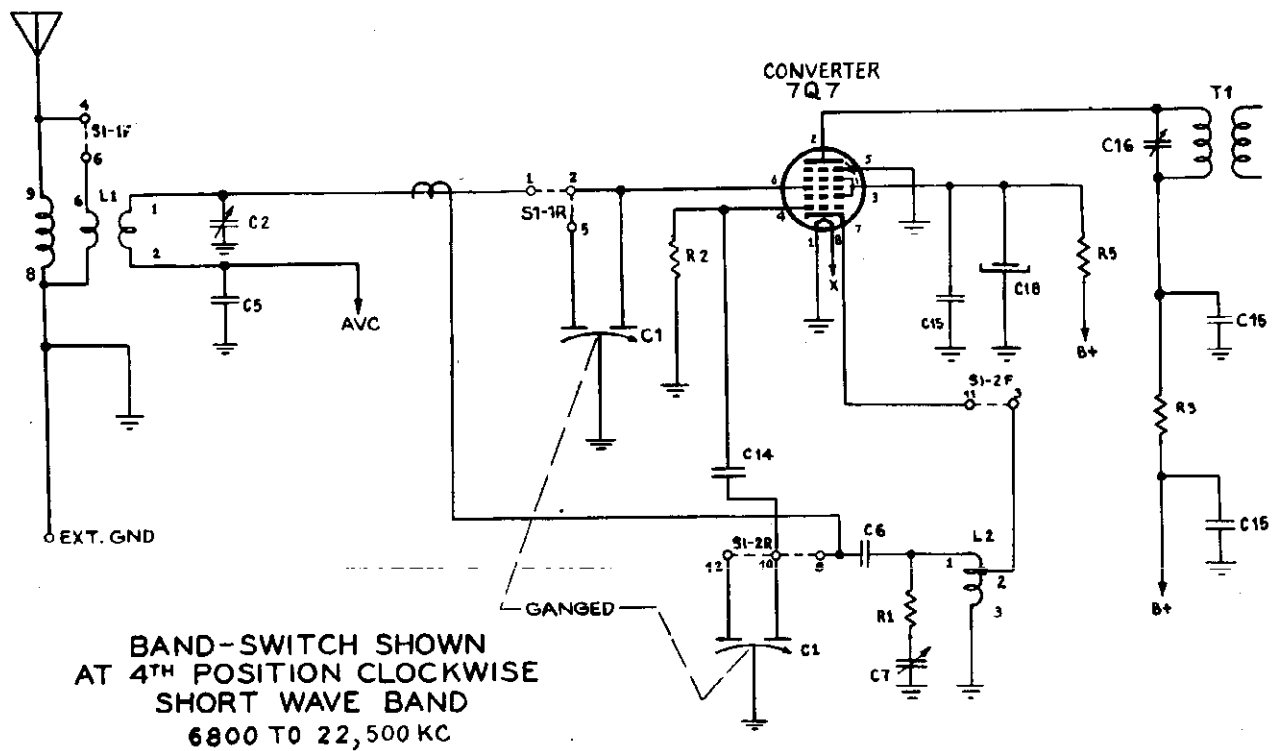
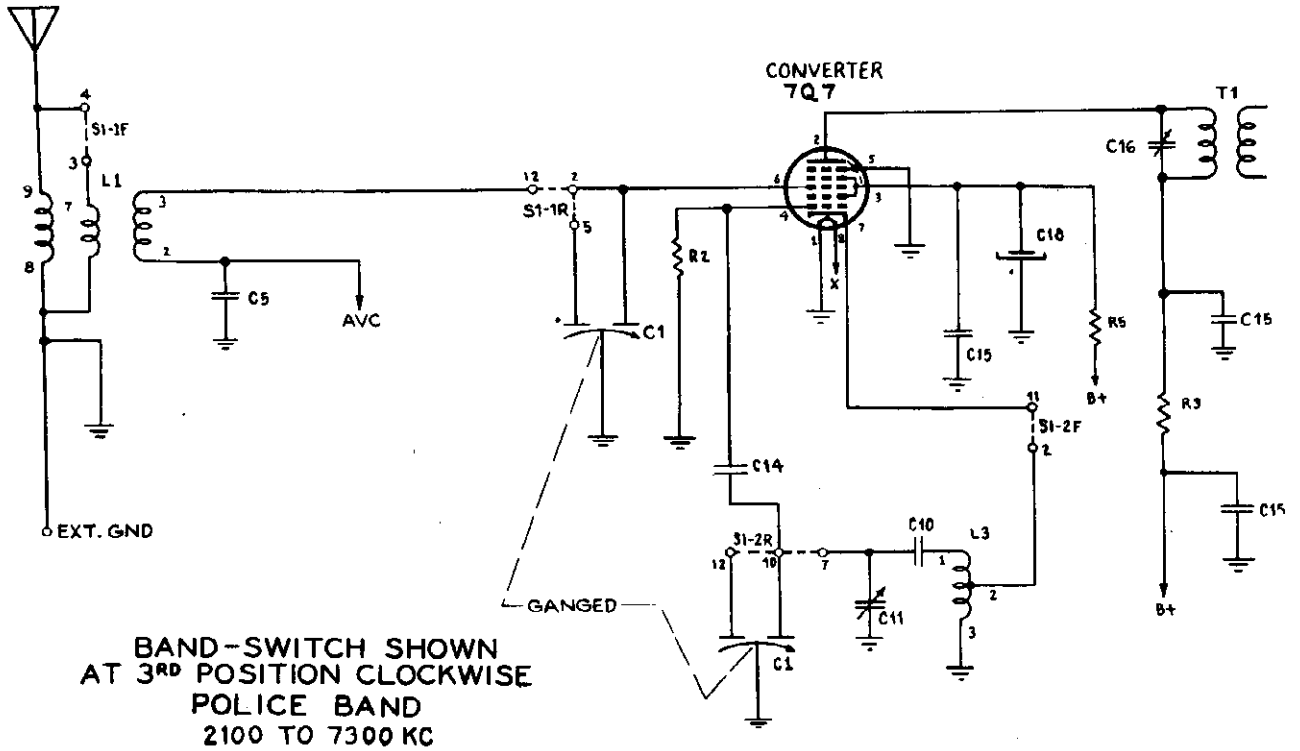
MODELS 5S042AT, 5S042BT,
5S042CT

ZENITH RADIO CORP.



ZENITH RADIO CORP.

MODELS 5S042AT, 5S042BT,
5S042CT



MODELS 5S042AT, 5S042BT, 5S042CT

ZENITH RADIO CORP.

Le châssis 5C63BT est prévu pour emploi sur courant de 115 ou 225 volts, 50 à 60 périodes.

Le châssis 5C63AT est prévu pour emploi sur courant de 115 ou 225 volts, 25 à 100 périodes.

Le châssis 5C63CT est prévu pour mise en service sur courant de 95, 115 ou 150 volts, 50 à 60 périodes.

Assurez-vous du voltage et de la fréquence de votre courant, de préférence en consultant votre revendeur ou votre compagnie électrique locale, et s'il y a lieu, ajustez le commutateur de courant en conformité avec la source électrique locale.

La consommation totale de courant est de 40 watts. Le débit maximum de courant est de 3 1/2 watts.

The 5C63AT chassis is designed to operate on 115 or 225 volts, 25 to 100 cycles.

The 5C63CT chassis is designed to operate on 95, 115 or 150 volts, 50 to 60 cycles.

Ascertain your line voltage and frequency, preferably by consulting your dealer or local power company and if necessary reset the power switch to conform to the local power source.

Total power consumption is 40 watts. Maximum power output is 3 1/2 watts.

ANTENNA
A good antenna is necessary for satisfactory reception. An

El chasis 5C63AT ha sido diseñado para funcionar con 115 ó 225 voltios, de 25 a 100 períodos.

El chasis 5C63CT ha sido diseñado para funcionar con 95, 115, ó 150 voltios, de 50 a 60 períodos.

Para cerciorarse de las características exactas del servicio eléctrico en su localidad, consulte a la Compañía de Luz Eléctrica o pregúntele a su agente Zenith; ajústese el conmutador del transformador de fuerza al voltaje correcto si fuere necesario.

El consumo total de energía es de 40 vatios y la salida máxima es de 3.5 vatios.

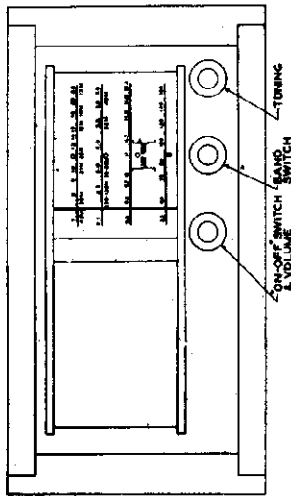


FIG. 1.—CONTROLS

ANTENNE

Une bonne antenne s'impose pour obtenir une réception satisfaisante. Une antenne extérieure de 13 à 20 mètres de longueur et placée aussi haut que possible donnera d'excellents résultats pour tout service. Si vous proposez d'utiliser votre antenne actuelle il conviendra d'en faire un examen approfondi pour en déterminer l'état car les connexions peuvent être rouillées ou rompues, ce qui rendrait l'antenne impropre à l'emploi. Si on décide de construire une nouvelle antenne, il convient de veiller à ce que le fil d'entrée ne rejoigne pas la terre par des arbres, des murs ou des gouttières, et toutes les connexions

ANTENNA

outside antenna from 40 to 60 feet in length and as high as possible will give good all around results. If your present antenna is to be used, a thorough examination should be made to determine its condition, as the connections may be corroded or broken thus rendering the antenna unfit for service. If a new antenna is to be constructed, care should be taken to prevent the lead-in wire from grounding to trees, walls or gutters and all connections should be properly soldered to prevent corrosion and resulting noise. Connect the antenna lead-in to the post marked "A" at the back of the chassis.

ANTENNA

Una buena antena es indispensable para la recepción satisfactoria. Una antena exterior de 13 to 20 metros de longitud instalada lo más alto posible es la más apropiada para uso general. Si ha de usar una antena ya instalada, ésta debe examinarse minuciosamente para determinar su estado pues puede haber conexiones oxidadas o rotas, que nulifican la eficacia de la antena. Por otra parte si ha de instalarse una antena nueva hay que tomar las precauciones necesarias para que el alambre de bajada no haga contacto con la pared o con cualquier objeto

MODEL NO. 5S042AT, 5S042BT, 5S042CT
Chassis No. 5C63

INSTRUCCIONES PARA LA INSTALACION Y FUNCIONAMIENTO

INFORMACION GENERAL

Después de desembalar el receptor el papel engomado usado en embalaje y embarque, tiene que quitarse del chasis.

Este receptor es un moderno aparato superheterodino, de cinco tubos, que sintoniza las bandas de onda larga y corta siguientes: 540 a 1660 Kc. (555 a 180 metros), 2100 a 7300 Kc. (143 a 41 metros), 6800 a 22,500 Kc. (44 a 13.3 metros) y una escala especial de ondas desde 9400 a 12,200 Kc. (31.9 a 24.6 metros) con ensanchamiento de banda en 25 y 31 metros.

INSTALLATION, OPERATING AND SERVICE INSTRUCTIONS

GENERAL

After the receiver has been unpacked from the carton, the paper tape used for packing and shipping must be removed from the chassis.

This receiver is a modern five tube superheterodyne tuning over the following standard and broadcast and short-wave bands: 540 to 1660 Kc. (555 to 180 meters), 2100 to 7300 Kc. (143 to 41 meters), 6800 to 22,500 Kc. (44 to 13.3 meters), and a special range covering 9400 to 12,200 Kc. (31.9 to 24.6 meters) with spread bands at 25 and 31 meters.

LES INSTRUCTIONS POUR LA INSTALLATION ET FONCTIONNEMENT

GENERAL

Après déballage du récepteur de la boîte en carton, la bande de papier-cache employée pour l'emballage et l'expédition doit être enlevée du châssis.

Le présent poste est un récepteur superhétérodyne moderne à cinq lampes, dont l'accord englobe les bandes standard suivantes d'ondes longues et d'ondes courtes: 540 à 1660 Kc. (555 à 180 mètres), 2100 à 7300 Kc. (143 à 41 mètres), 6800 à 22,500 Kc. (44 à 13,3 mètres), et une échelle spéciale qui couvre de 9400 à 12,200 Kc. (31,9 à 24,6 mètres) avec élargissement des bandes à 25 et 31 mètres.

POWER SUPPLY

CAUTION: DO NOT CONNECT THIS RECEIVER TO DIRECT CURRENT (D.C.)

This radio was shipped from the factory with the power transformer adjusted for high voltage operation and may be changed for low voltage operation by means of the switch located on the power transformer.

The 5C63BT chassis is designed to operate on 115 or 225 volts, 50 to 60 cycles.

SUMINISTRO DE ENERGIA

PRECAUCION! ESTE RECEPTOR NO DEBE CONECTARSE A CORRIENTE CONTINUA (D.C.)

El transformador de fuerza fué ajustado en la fábrica a un voltaje máximo, y puede ajustarse al voltaje deseado mediante el conmutador graduado que se encuentra en el transformador.

El chasis 5C63BT ha sido diseñado para funcionar con 115 ó 225 voltios, de 50 ó 60 períodos.

ALIMENTATION DE COURANT

ATTENTION: NE PAS BRANCHER CE POSTE SUR COURANT CONTINU (C.C.)

Le poste a été expédié de l'usine avec son transformateur de courant réglé pour mise en service sur haut voltage et peut être changé pour emploi sur bas voltage au moyen du commutateur situé sur le transformateur de courant.

usado estará indicado por medio de un punto rojo en el centro de la escala correspondiente.

SHORT WAVE BAND	TIME OF DAY RECEPTION
10 and 15 meters	A.M. (morning hours)
17 and 23 meters	P.M. (afternoon)
25 and 31 meters	P.M. (early evening)
37 and 49 meters	P.M. (late evening)

La luz del día tiene una decidida influencia sobre la recepción de la onda porta y diferentes longitudes de onda alcanzan mayor eficacia a diferentes horas del día. El cuadro a la derecha puede ser usado como guía para sintonizar a diferentes horas del día y de la noche.

VALVULAS
Este receptor usa las válvulas siguientes:

- 70Z 6X5GT
- 7A7 6K6GT
- 6S07GT

La fig. 2 muestra la posición de las válvulas.

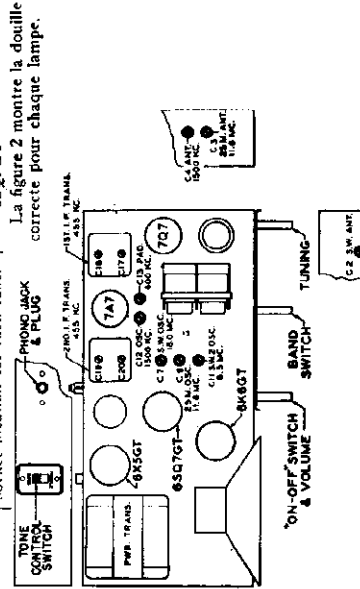


FIG. 2—TUBE SOCKETS & TUNING POSITIONS

deveront être soudées avec soin pour prévenir la corrosion et les bruits parasites qui en résulteraient. Reliez le fil d'entre de l'antenne au montant marqué "A" à l'arrière du châssis.

Una buena prise de terre aidera notablemente la recepción en ameliorando la force du signal pour les stations distantes et en réduisant le bruit de fond. La meilleure prise de terre consiste d'un tuyau de 4 à 6 pieds qu'on enfonce dans le sol humide; la prise de terre devra y être solidement soudé.

On peut réaliser une prise de terre convenable en établissant une bonne connexion au tuyau d'eau ou radiateur. Connectez la prise de terre au montant marqué "G" à l'arrière du châssis.

MISE DU RECEPTEUR EN SERVICE

Notez la fig. 1. Elle montre la position et l'objet de chaque contrôle. En tournant le commutateur combinaison interrupteur "ON-OFF" et contrôle du volume, vers la droite, le récepteur sera mis en circuit. Il faut compléter environ 30 secondes pour que les lampes se chauffent à la température de fonctionnement. En continuant de tourner ce bouton vers la droite, le volume augmente et intensifié. En tournant ce même contrôle vers la gauche, on diminue le volume de sonoriété et, quand on entend un léger clic, c'est qu'on a mis le récepteur hors circuit.

Quand vous accordez une station, tournez le bouton de sintonisation lentement jusqu'à ce que vous ayez obtenu la station désirée. Il convient de veiller à accorder le poste au milieu de la fréquence d'onde correspondante; autrement le ton en sera affecté.

Le ton peut être modifié au moyen du commutateur qui se trouve à l'arrière du poste, et cela de la position "Haut" à "Bas".

Le récepteur possède quatre échelles d'accord parmi lesquelles on peut sélectionner la longueur d'onde et la fréquence de la station à recevoir. Les échelles de sintonisation sont indiquées par un point rouge au centre de la bande de réception. La bande de réception est indiquée par un point rouge au centre de la bande de réception.

GROUND
A good ground will aid reception materially by improving the signal strength of distant stations and reducing background noise. The best ground is a 4 to 6 foot pipe driven down to damp earth; the ground lead-in should be securely soldered to this.

A suitable ground may be obtained by making a good connection to a water pipe or radiator. Connect the ground lead-in to the post marked "G" at the rear of the chassis.

PLACING THE RECEIVER IN OPERATION

Note figure 1. This shows the position and purpose of each control. Turning the combination "ON-OFF" switch and volume control to the right will put the receiver ON. Approximately 30 seconds will be required for the tubes to heat to operating temperature. Continuing rotation of his knob to the right increases the volume. Turning this control to the left decreases the volume and, when a click is heard, turns the receiver OFF.

When tuning in a station the tuning knob slowly to the desired station. Care should be taken to tune the receiver to the middle of the signal; otherwise the tone will be impaired.

The tone may be changed by means of the switch at the back of the radio from "Treble" to "Bass."

If a hum is apparent, reverse the power plug in the wall outlet.

The receiver has four tuning ranges, any one of which may be selected by means of the band switch. The band in use will be indicated by a red dot in the center of the corresponding scale.

Daylight has a decided effect on the reception of short wave stations and different wave lengths are most effective at

que resulte en una conexión a tierra. Todas las conexiones deben estar correctamente soldadas para prevenir contra la oxidación y los ruidos que se producen a consecuencia de esto. Conectese el alambre de bajada de la antena a la terminal marcada "A" en la parte trasera del chasis.

TIERRA
Una conexión a tierra bien hecha mejorará considerablemente la recepción aumentando la fuerza de las señales de estaciones lejanas y reduciendo el ruido de fondo. La conexión a tierra más satisfactoria consiste en una sección de tubería de un metro a 1.50 metros de largo, introducida verticalmente en tierra húmeda; un extremo de la conexión a tierra se conecta a la terminal marcada "G" en el chasis.

FUNCIONAMIENTO

(Véase la fig. 1). El grabado indica la posición y propósito de cada perilla. Haciendo girar la perilla combinada del interruptor (ON-OFF) y regulador de volumen hacia la derecha, el receptor empieza a funcionar. Las válvulas requieren 30 segundos más o menos para calentarse. Para aumentar el volumen es necesario girar la perilla hacia la derecha. El volumen se reduce haciendo girar la perilla hacia la izquierda y el receptor se apaga cuando se oye el ruido del interruptor.

Para sintonizar una estación gírese la perilla selectora hasta que la aguja indique la frecuencia deseada. La sintonización debe hacerse en el centro de la frecuencia para obtener la mejor calidad de tono posible.

El tono se cambia por medio de un interruptor en la parte posterior del receptor, de "Alto" a "Bajo".

que resulte en una conexión a tierra. Todas las conexiones deben estar correctamente soldadas para prevenir contra la oxidación y los ruidos que se producen a consecuencia de esto. Conectese el alambre de bajada de la antena a la terminal marcada "A" en la parte trasera del chasis.

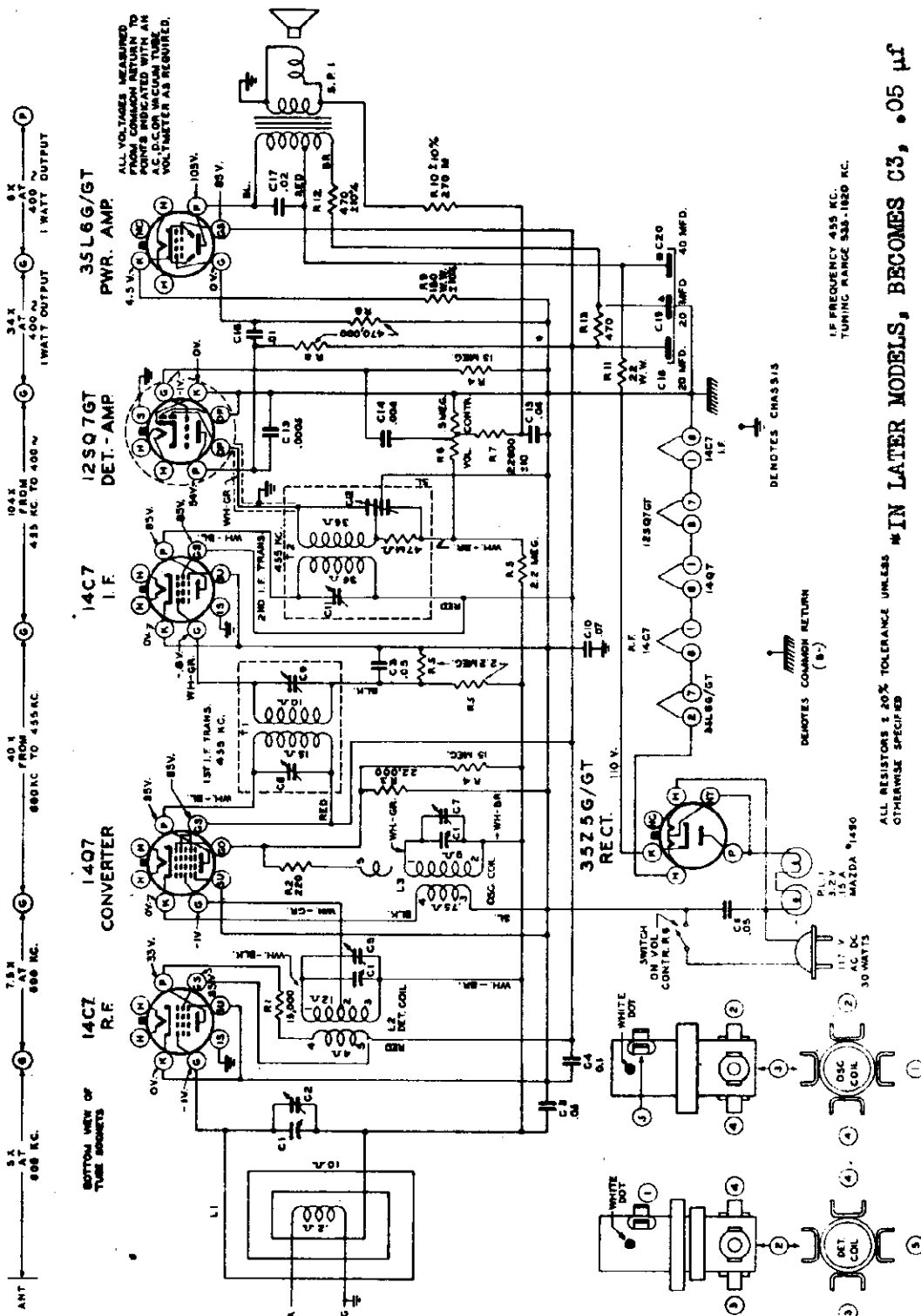
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El tono se cambia por medio de un interruptor en la parte posterior del receptor, de "Alto" a "Bajo".



ITEM NO.	DESCRIPTION
C1	22-105M GANG VARIABLE
C2	DM CI BROADCAST ANT TRIM 200 V
C3	22-829 .05 MFD. 200 V
C4	22-827 .1 MFD. 200 V
C5	ON CI BROADCAST DET TRIM
C6	22-1017 .05 MFD. 200 V
C7	DM CI BROADCAST OSC TRIM
C8	ON CI 1ST. F TRANS PARAL TRIM
C9	ON T1 1ST. LF SEC
C10	22-1207 .02 MFD. 200 V
C11	ON T2 2ND LF TRANS PARAL TRIM
C12	ON T2 2ND LF TRANS SEC
C13	22-854 .0005 MFD. 800 V
C14	22-1362 .004 MFD. 800 V
C15	22-1361 .004 MFD. 800 V
C16	22-1361 .004 MFD. 800 V
C17	22-1378 .02 MFD. 400 V
C18	22-4319 20 MFD ELECTRO 150 V
C19	OR 40 MFD
R1	83-590 15M OHM 1/2 W
R2	42-378 220 OHM 1/2 W
R3	83-591 22M OHM 1/2 W
R4	83-978 15MEG OHM 1/2 W
R5	83-930 2.2 MEG OHM 1/2 W
R6	83-1335 1.5MEG VOL CONTROL
R7	83-444 22M OHM 1/2 W
R8	83-193 150 OHM WIREWOUND 1/2 W
R9	83-715 270 M
R10	83-450 22 OHM W W 1 W
R11	83-222 470 OHM 1 W
R12	83-448 470 OHM 1 W
R13	83-448 470 OHM 1 W
L1	5-1124 WAVEMAGNET ASST.
L2	5-3581 DET COIL
L3	5-3578 OSC COIL
L4	83-401 1ST LF TRANS.
L5	83-408 2ND LF TRANS.
L6	100-90 PILOT LIGHT 3.2V. 1.8A
L7	148-548 5 P M SPEAKER

DISTORTION AND POOR SENSITIVITY: Distortion and poor sensitivity caused by a short between turns on the wavemagnet.
 Poor sensitivity and set fails to operate on low frequency end of dial--replace oscillator coil.

UNCONTROLLED OSCILLATION: A 470,000 ohm carbon resistor soldered across the secondary of the first i-f transformer will correct this condition.

IN LATER MODELS, BECOMES C3, .05 µf

IF FREQUENCY 455 KC. TUNING RANGE 535-1820 KC.

ALL RESISTORS ± 20% TOLERANCE UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED

ALL VOLTAGES MEASURED FROM COMMON RETURN TO POINTS INDICATED WITH AN "X" MARK. VOLTMETER AS REQUIRED.

104X FROM 400 AT 400 WATT OUTPUT

34X FROM 400 AT 400 WATT OUTPUT

104X FROM 4.35 KC TO 400 WATT OUTPUT

40X FROM 600 KC TO 455 KC

7.8X AT 600 KC

5.1X AT 600 KC

ANT

35L6G/GT PWR. AMP.

12SQ7G DET.-AMP.

14C7 I.F.

14Q7 CONVERTER

14C7 R.F.

3525G/GT RECT. 110 V.

18SQ7G

14C7

14Q7

14C7 I.F.

DEMOTES CHASSIS

DEMOTES COMMON RETURN (B-)

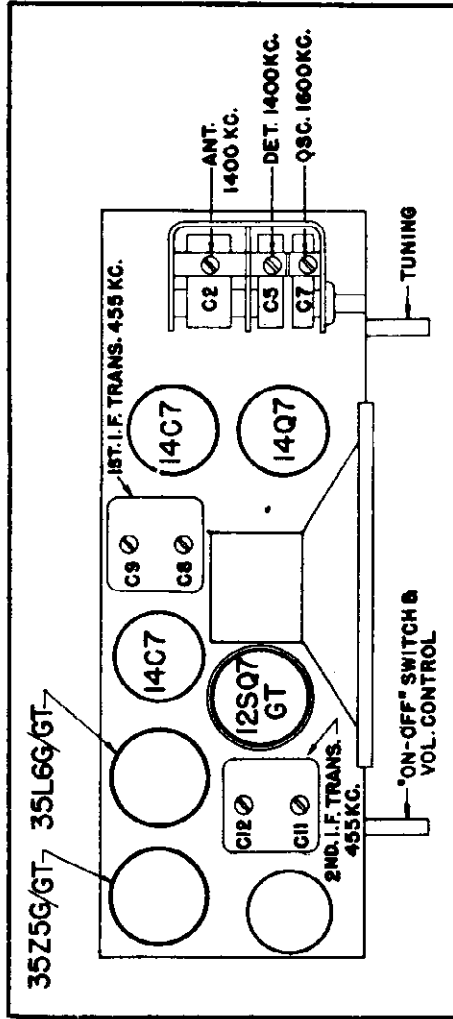
ON VOLT. CONTR. R.S.

WHITE DOT

OSC. COIL

DET. COIL

**MODELS 6D014-6D029
CHASSIS No. 6C01**



TUBE AND TRIMMER LOCATION

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

OPERATOR	CONNECT OSCILLATOR TO	DUMMY ANTENNA	INPUT SIG. FREQUENCY	SET DIAL AT	TRIMMERS	PURPOSE
1	Converter Grid	.5 Mfd.	455 Kc.	600 Kc.	C-8, C-9, C-11, C-12	Align I. F.
2	{ One Turn Loop Coupled Loosely to Wave Magnet }	--	1600 Kc.	1600 Kc.	C-7	Set Oscillator to Dial Scale.
3		--	1400 Kc.	1400 Kc.	C-5	Align detector
4		--	1400 Kc.	1400 Kc.	C-2	Align antenna

TO THE SERVICE MAN:

Chassis 6C01 features a high gain tuned R.F. circuit ahead of a conventional superheterodyne circuit, with feedback in the audio circuit, and a new filter circuit to reduce hum to a minimum.

Part of the audio voltage from the voice coil is fed back to the first audio grid (12SQ7) in phase through resistor R10 and R7 to a tap on the volume control R6. Capacitor C15 bypasses highs to ground. One side of the output transformer secondary is grounded. The side grounded determines the phase relationship of the feedback voltage, therefore, when replacing the output transformer be certain the proper end of the secondary is grounded or degeneration will result. The overall result of this arrangement is to boost the bass tones.

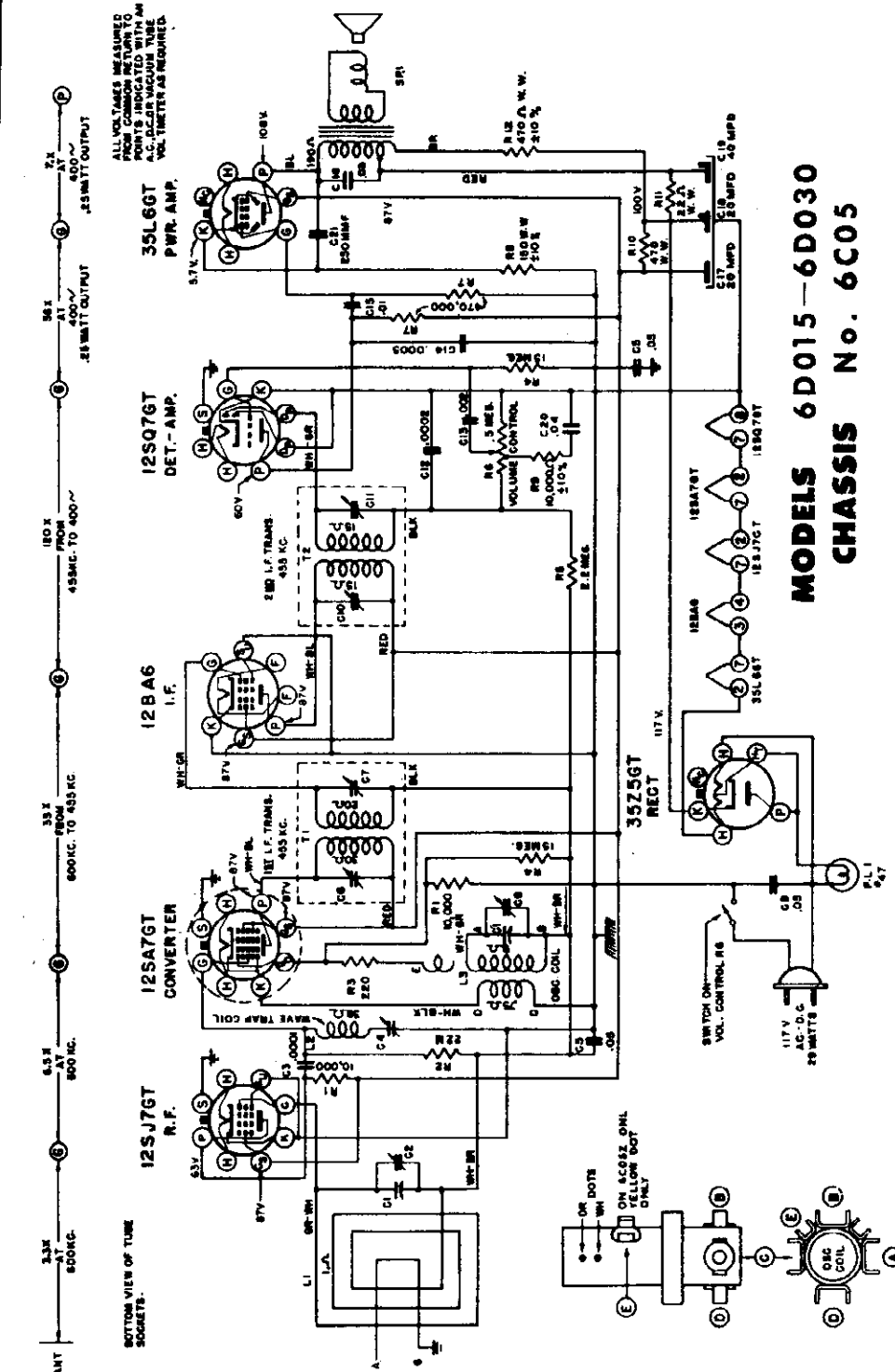
The filter circuits of chassis 6C01 incorporate new features that should be well understood by the service man. An examination of the schematic drawing will show the output transformer tapped slightly off center. This tap is the B+ connection from filter resistor R11 and capacitor C20 off the cathode of the rectifier 35Z5 to the 35L6 plate. The lower connection of the output transformer feeds B+ to the rest of the tubes in the receiver. Current flowing through the upper windings of the output transformer to the 35L6 produces a magnetic field which is 180° out of phase with the magnetic field produced by current flowing in the opposite direction through the output transformer to the rest of the receiver, therefore, most of the AC hum is cancelled. Further reduction of hum is accomplished by filtering through resistors R12 and R13 and capacitors C18 and C19.

This development in filtering systems allows a higher effective plate voltage on the 35L6 for increased power output.

NOTE: The output transformer must be replaced with an exact duplicate, Part No. 206-349 be sure to add the speaker code letter to the transformer Part Number.

MODELS 6D015, 6D030
Chassis 6C05, Early

ZENITH RADIO CORP.



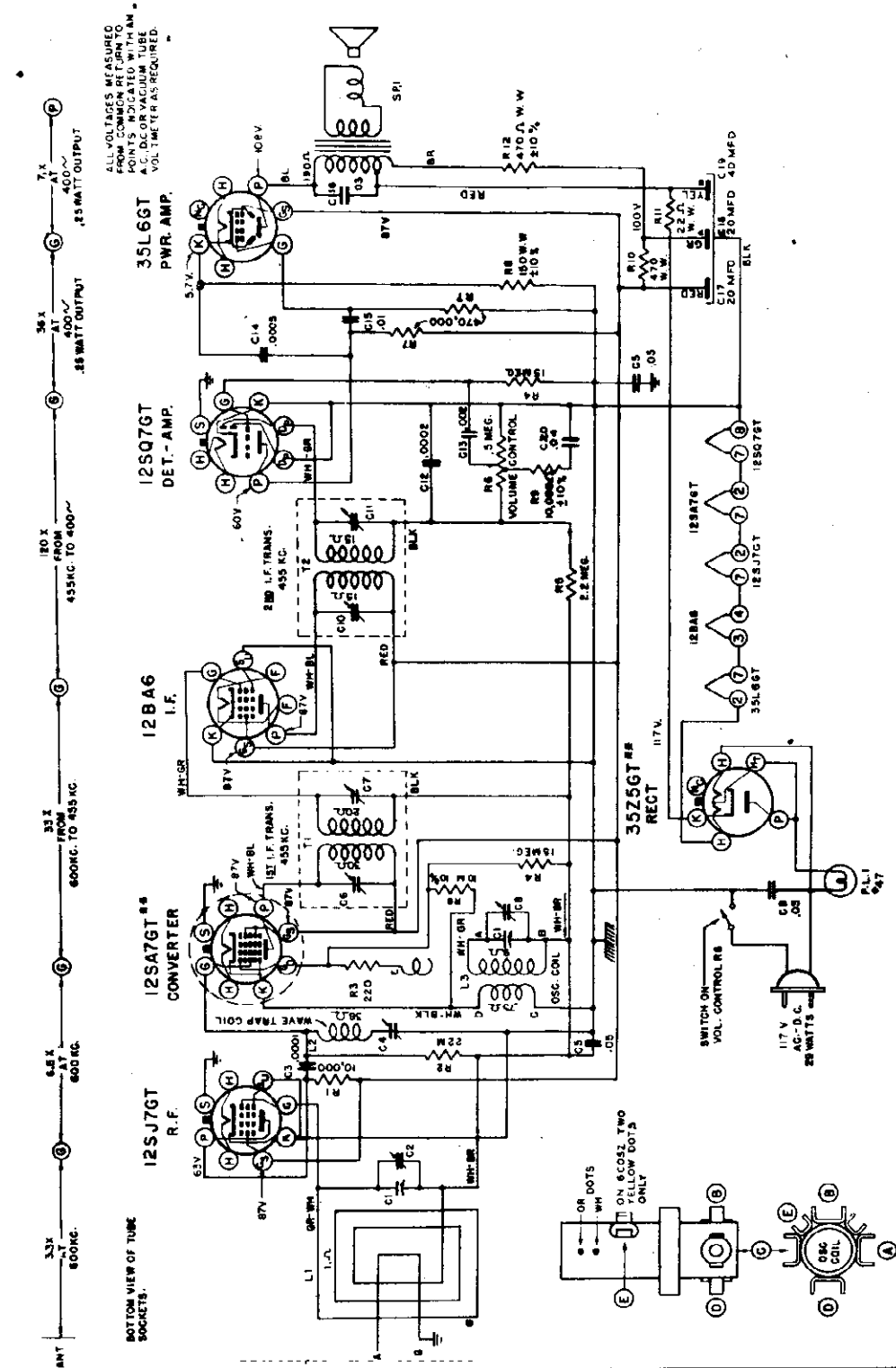
**MODELS 6D015-6D030
CHASSIS No. 6C05**

ALL RESISTERS ± 20% TOLERANCE UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.
I.F. FREQUENCY 485K.C.
TUNING RANGE 535-1650 K.C.

DISTORTION AND POOR SENSITIVITY; Distortion and poor sensitivity caused by a short between turns on the wavemagnet. Poor sensitivity and set fails to operate on low-frequency end of dial--replace oscillator coil.

UNCONTROLLED OSCILLATION; A 470,000 ohm resistor soldered across the secondary of the first i-f transformer will correct this condition.

PART	DESCRIPTION OF PART
ANT	ANTENNA
12S7GT	R.F. CONVERTER
12BA6	I.F. AMPLIFIER
12SQ7GT	DET. AMP.
35L6GT	P.W.R. AMP.
35Z5GT	RECT.
L1	OSC. COIL
L2	1ST I.F. TRANSFORMER
L3	2ND I.F. TRANSFORMER
L4	3RD I.F. TRANSFORMER
L5	4TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L6	5TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L7	6TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L8	7TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L9	8TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L10	9TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L11	10TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L12	11TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L13	12TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L14	13TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L15	14TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L16	15TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L17	16TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L18	17TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L19	18TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L20	19TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L21	20TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L22	21TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L23	22TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L24	23TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L25	24TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L26	25TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L27	26TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L28	27TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L29	28TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L30	29TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L31	30TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L32	31TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L33	32TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L34	33TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L35	34TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L36	35TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L37	36TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L38	37TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L39	38TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L40	39TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L41	40TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L42	41TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L43	42TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L44	43TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L45	44TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L46	45TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L47	46TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L48	47TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L49	48TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L50	49TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L51	50TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L52	51TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L53	52TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L54	53TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L55	54TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L56	55TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L57	56TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L58	57TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L59	58TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L60	59TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L61	60TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L62	61TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L63	62TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L64	63TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L65	64TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L66	65TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L67	66TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L68	67TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L69	68TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L70	69TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L71	70TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L72	71TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L73	72TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L74	73TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L75	74TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L76	75TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L77	76TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L78	77TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L79	78TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L80	79TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L81	80TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L82	81TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L83	82TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L84	83TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L85	84TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L86	85TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L87	86TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L88	87TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L89	88TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L90	89TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L91	90TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L92	91TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L93	92TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L94	93TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L95	94TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L96	95TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L97	96TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L98	97TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L99	98TH I.F. TRANSFORMER
L100	99TH I.F. TRANSFORMER



PART NO.	DESCRIPTION OF PART
C1	500K MFD 50V
C2	500K MFD 50V
C3	500K MFD 50V
C4	500K MFD 50V
C5	500K MFD 50V
C6	500K MFD 50V
C7	500K MFD 50V
C8	500K MFD 50V
C9	500K MFD 50V
C10	500K MFD 50V
C11	500K MFD 50V
C12	500K MFD 50V
C13	500K MFD 50V
C14	500K MFD 50V
R1	100K OHM
R2	100K OHM
R3	100K OHM
R4	100K OHM
R5	100K OHM
R6	100K OHM
R7	100K OHM
R8	100K OHM
R9	100K OHM
R10	100K OHM
R11	100K OHM
R12	100K OHM
L1	1.5 M H
L2	1.5 M H
L3	1.5 M H
L4	1.5 M H
L5	1.5 M H
L6	1.5 M H
L7	1.5 M H
L8	1.5 M H
L9	1.5 M H
L10	1.5 M H
L11	1.5 M H
L12	1.5 M H

ALL VOLTAGES MEASURED FROM COMMON RETURN POINT. A.C. D.C. OR VACUUM TUBE VOLTMETER AS REQUIRED.

ALL REMITTERS ± 2% TOLERANCE UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.

REMARKS PRODUCED WITH ALWAYS TUBES AS FOLLOWS:
 ORIGINAL ALTERNATE
 12S7GT 12S7
 12BA6 12BA
 35L6GT 35W4

NOTES ON SCHEMATIC ALL PARTS WITH CHANGE TO THE FOLLOWING:
 C. 22-1527-2 GANG VARIABLE
 L. 4-12466 WAVE MAGNET ASSY
 L. 3-12491 OSC COIL
 L. 25-185 DIAL SCALE

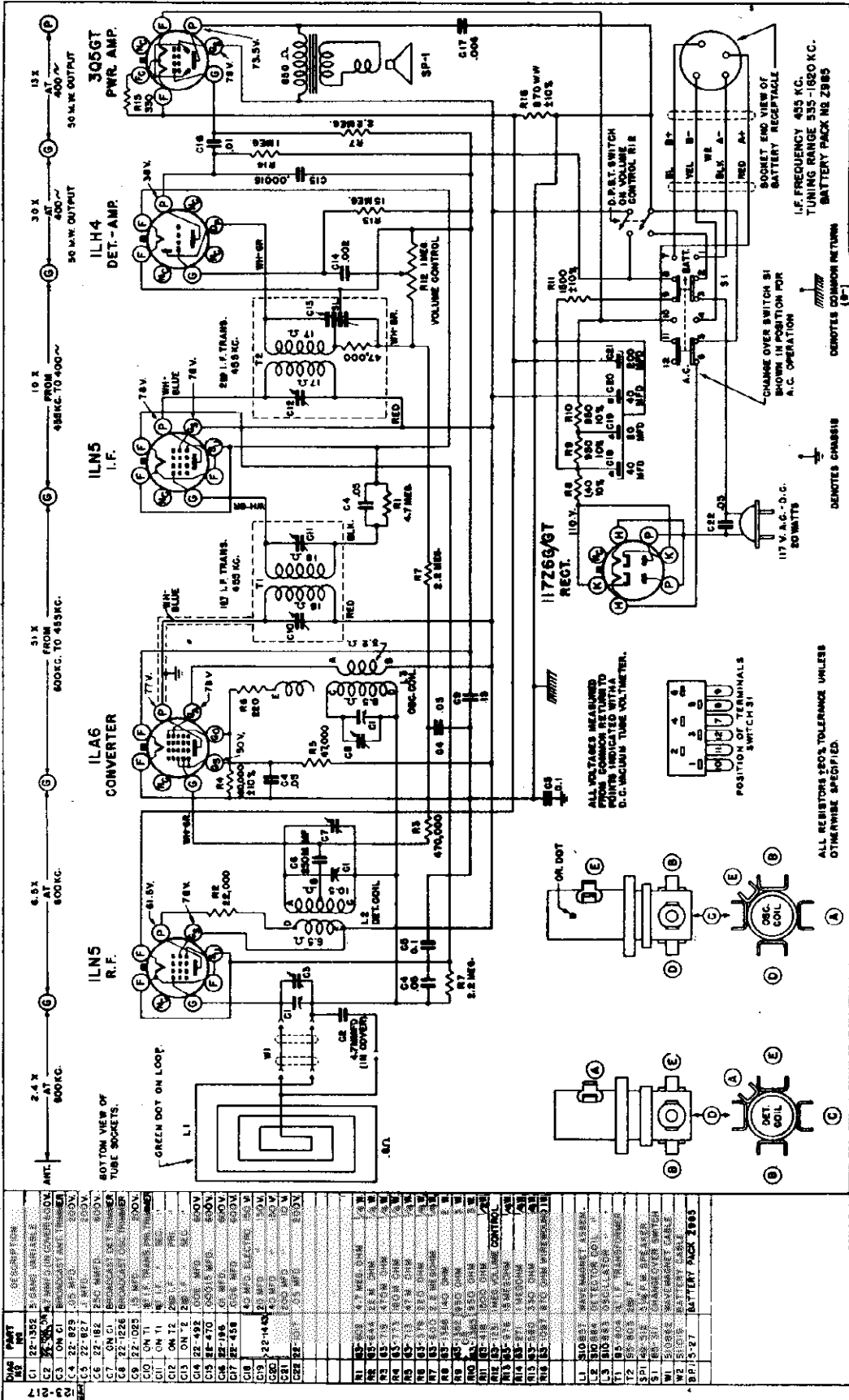
OF NOTES COMMON RETURN (R-)
 DEMOTES CHASSIS

I.F. FREQUENCY 455 K.C.
 TUNING RANGE 535-1620 K.C.

MODEL 6G001
Chassis 6C40

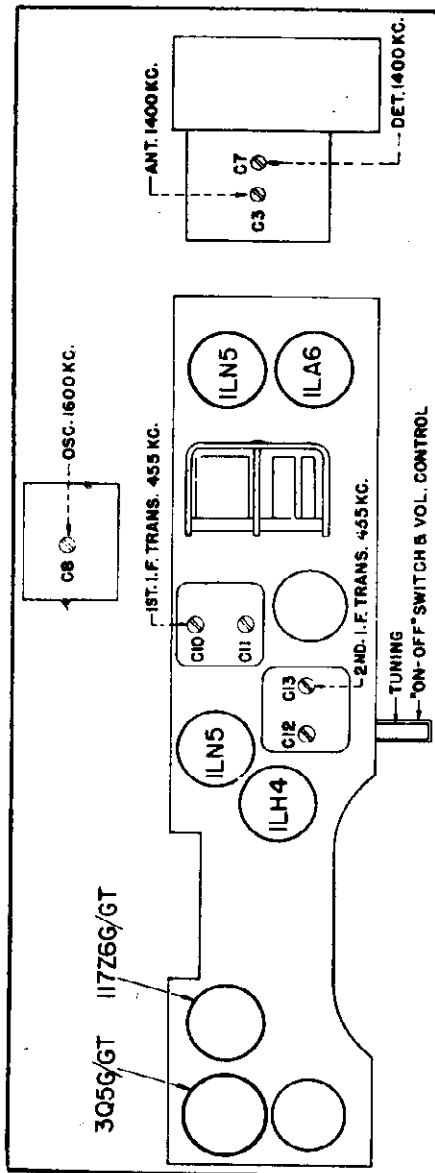
ZENITH RADIO CORP.

BLOCKING: The a-c plug being inserted in the battery saver switch socket while the on-off switch is on may cause the set to block and become dead. Switching the set off and on will relieve this blocked condition and return the set to normal operation.



MODEL 6G001
CHASSIS No. 6C40

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TUBE AND TRIMMER LOCATION

IF Alignment: Remove the chassis from the cabinet and arrange the units so that the wavemagnet can be plugged in. All the connections and adjustments can be made from the top of the chassis. of the gang condenser (converter grid) and condenser grid. Connect a signal generator, through a .1 mfd. dummy antenna, to the lug on top of the center section of the signal generator to 455Kc. and adjust C10, C11, C12 and C13 for maximum indication on the output meter. Always keep the signal output from the generator just high enough to get an indication, otherwise excessive loading may result. Remove the signal generator leads from the gang.

RF Alignment: Connect a two turn loop across the leads of the signal generator, loosely couple this loop to the wavemagnet. Set the signal generator and the dial pointer of the receiver to 1600 Kc. and adjust C8 to resonance. Set the signal generator and dial pointer to 1400 and adjust C7 (detector) and C3 (RF) to resonance. These trimmers are on the side of gang condenser. Check operation and re-install set in cabinet. Tune in a weak station near 1400 Kc. or use background noise and readjust C3 through the hole in the side of the cabinet for maximum sensitivity.

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

Operation	Connect Osc. To	Dummy Antenna	Input Signal Frequency	Band	Set Dial To	Trimmers	Purpose
1	Converter Grid	.1 MFD	455KC	BC	600KC	C-10-11-12 13	IF alignment
2	Two turns loosely coupled to Wave Magnet		1600KC	BC	1600KC	C8	Set oscillator to scale
3	Two turns loosely coupled to Wave Magnet		1400KC	BC	1400KC	C7	Align Det.
4	Two turns loosely coupled to Wave Magnet		1400KC	BC	1400KC	C3	Align Wave magnet

TO THE SERVICE MAN:

The 6G40 chassis is an AC, DC or battery operated superheterodyne circuit with a stage of RF amplification. The chassis is isolated from the DC circuit, and all measurements must be made from a common negative point. The most convenient place to reach this negative point is the terminal strip to which C5 is connected. The DC resistance from chassis to any circuit must be almost infinite. If any circuit becomes grounded a hum will appear. Microphonic tubes will cause audio howl. Check ILA6.

The wavemagnet is connected to the chassis through the hinges in the cabinet, snaps and flexible leads. If the RF becomes weak or dead, check resistance of wavemagnet at condenser gang. The DC resistance across the two leads should be approximately 1 ohm. If the circuit is open, remove the two screws that hold the handle and top panel. When the top is removed, the wavemagnet connecting leads will be visible for inspection. Also loosen the snap-on socket and check for shorted or broken leads.

IF Alignment: Remove the chassis from the cabinet and arrange the units so that the wavemagnet can be plugged in. All the connections and adjustments can be made from the top of the chassis. of the gang condenser (converter grid) and condenser grid. Connect a signal generator, through a .1 mfd. dummy antenna, to the lug on top of the center section of the signal generator to 455Kc. and adjust C10, C11, C12 and C13 for maximum indication on the output meter. Always keep the signal output from the generator just high enough to get an indication, otherwise excessive loading may result. Remove the signal generator leads from the gang.

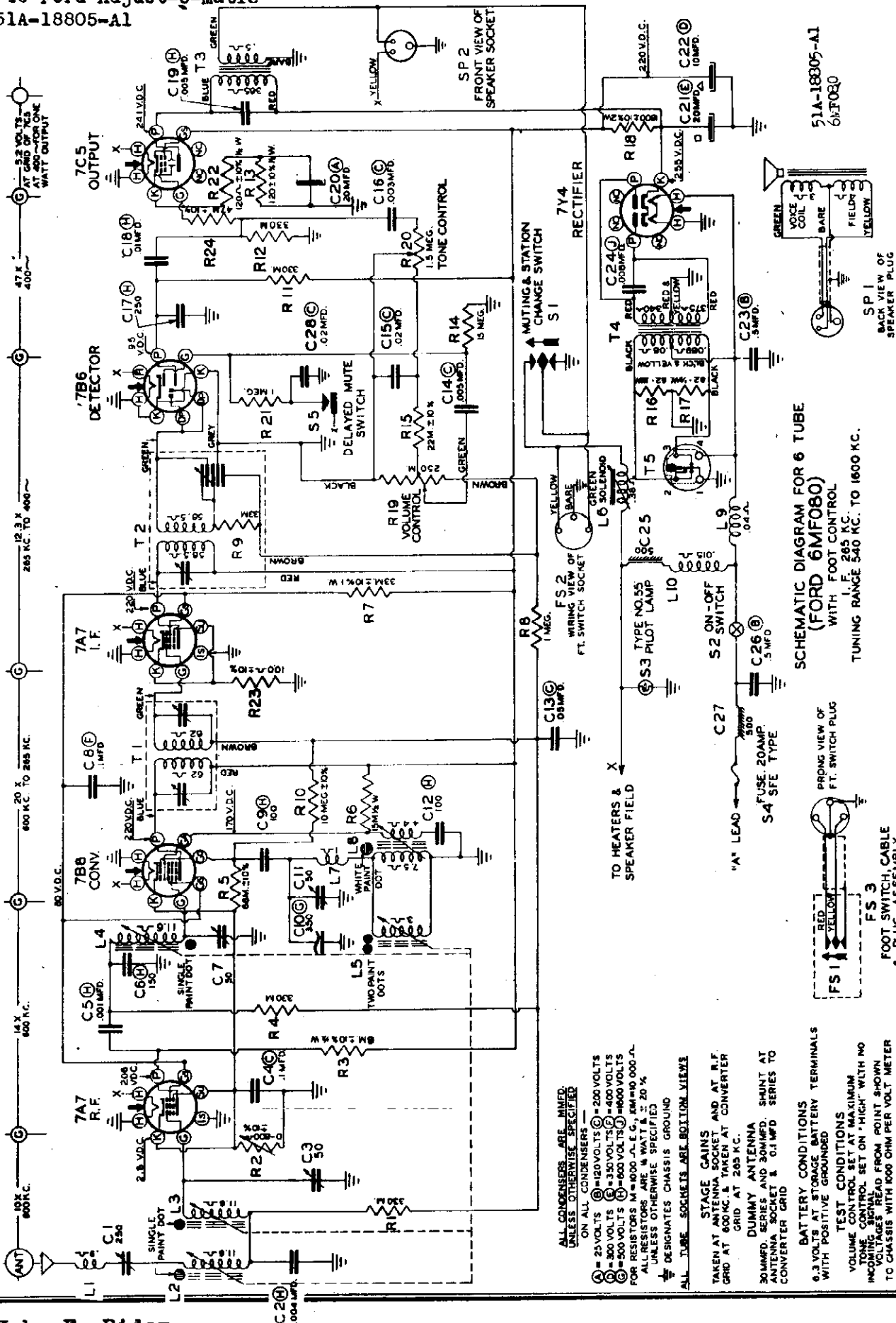
RF Alignment: Connect a two turn loop across the leads of the signal generator, loosely couple this loop to the wavemagnet. Set the signal generator and the dial pointer of the receiver to 1600 Kc. and adjust C8 to resonance. Set the signal generator and dial pointer to 1400 and adjust C7 (detector) and C3 (RF) to resonance. These trimmers are on the side of gang condenser. Check operation and re-install set in cabinet. Tune in a weak station near 1400 Kc. or use background noise and readjust C3 through the hole in the side of the cabinet for maximum sensitivity.

MODEL 6MF080, Ch. 6C81

ZENITH RADIO CORP.

'46 Ford Adjust-O-Matic

51A-18805-A1



SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM FOR 6 TUBE (FORD 6MF080) WITH FOOT CONTROL TUNING RANGE 540 KC. TO 1600 KC.

ALL CONDENSERS ARE MIMED UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED ON ALL CONDENSERS —

- ⊖ = 25 VOLTS
- ⊙ = 120 VOLTS
- ⊕ = 200 VOLTS
- ⊖ = 300 VOLTS
- ⊙ = 350 VOLTS
- ⊕ = 400 VOLTS
- ⊖ = 500 VOLTS
- ⊙ = 600 VOLTS
- ⊕ = 800 VOLTS
- ⊖ = 1000 VOLTS
- ⊙ = 1500 VOLTS
- ⊕ = 2000 VOLTS

ALL RESISTORS ARE 1/2 WATT & ± 20% UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED

⊖ DESIGNATES CHASSIS GROUND

ALL TUBE SOCKETS ARE BOTTOM VIEWS

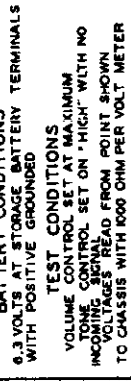
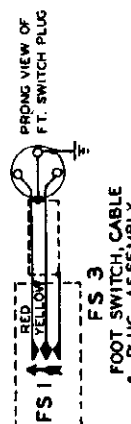
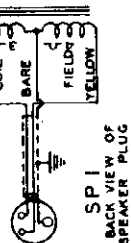
STAGE GAINS TAKEN AT ANTENNA SOCKET AND AT R.F. GRID AT 600 KC. & TAKEN AT CONVERTER GRID AT 265 KC.

DUMMY ANTENNA 30-AMP. SERIES AND 30-AMP. SHUNT AT ANTENNA SOCKET & 0.1 MFD. SERIES TO CONVERTER GRID

BATTERY CONDITIONS 6.3 VOLTS AT STORAGE BATTERY TERMINALS WITH POSITIVE GROUNDED

TEST CONDITIONS TONE CONTROL SET AT MAXIMUM VOLUME CONTROL SET ON "HIGH" WITH NO INPUT SIGNAL VOLTAGES READ FROM POINT SHOWN TO CHASSIS WITH 1000 OHM PER VOLT-METER

51A-18805-A1
6MF080



ZENITH RADIO CORP.

CORE OR COIL REPLACEMENT ONLY

WARNING: The following adjustments are to be made ONLY if a core or coil is replaced.

- 1—Replace coil or core.
- 2—Set signal generator to 1700 Kc.
- 3—Connect signal generator leads through dummy, illustrated in Figure 9, to antenna receptacle on the receiver.
- 4—Set receiver dial to 1600 Kc. (maximum high frequency end of dial)
- 5—Screw the core completely out of the antenna coil, the R.F. coil, the converter coil, and the oscillator coil.
- 6—Adjust oscillator trimmer C-11 (Fig. 8) at 1700 Kc.
- 7—Adjust converter trimmer C-7, R.F. trimmer C-3, and antenna trimmer C-1 (Fig. 7 and 8) for maximum output reading.
- 8—Replace cores to their approximate original position.
- 9—Set generator dial and receiver dial to 1200 Kc.
- 10—Adjust oscillator core L-5 (Fig. 8) to scale at 1200 Kc.
- 11—Adjust the antenna core, R.F. core, and converter core (Fig. 7 and 8) for maximum output reading.
- 12—Set signal generator to 600 Kc.

- 3—"Rock in" shunt oscillator coil L-8 (Fig. 8) for maximum output reading. This should be done only as a last resort. This is the same as racking in the paddor condenser on a ganged condenser receiver.
- 14—Check receiver at 1200 Kc. for calibration and gain. If the receiver is off scale or weak, repeat operations 9, 10 and 11.
- 15—After alignment is complete, the maximum high frequency tuning range should be checked. If the range is greater or less than 1605 Kc., the mechanical stop for the tuner cross arm should be bent to limit the frequency coverage to 1605 Kc.

After all adjustments have been made, glue core screws with speaker cement.

IMPORTANT: After reinstalling the receiver in the car, allow it to operate for approximately 15 minutes to reach normal operating temperature. Extend antenna to maximum. Check the antenna trimmer alignment on a weak station at approximately 1200 Kc.

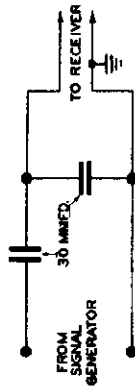


Fig. 9. Dummy Antenna

Fig. 9 shows the schematic of a recommended dummy antenna, closely resembling actual antenna capacity, to be used in series with signal generator leads when aligning the R.F. section of the receiver.

ALIGNMENT

Maximum performance depends on accurate alignment of the receiver; therefore follow these instructions carefully.

CAUTION: Make all alignment adjustments to the receiver with the volume control set at maximum, and the tone control in the treble position. Reduce the signal intensity as much as possible at the signal generator. Connect the output meter across the voice coil.

I.F. ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

- 1—Remove top and bottom covers from receiver.
- 2—Set signal generator to 265 Kc.
- 3—Apply signal from generator through a .1 Mfd. dummy to 7B8 converter grid. (Pin No. 6 on socket.)
- 4—Adjust I.F. trimmers A, B, C and D (Fig. 7) in the order named for maximum output. Repeat the operation to assure accurate alignment.

R.F. AND OSCILLATOR ALIGNMENT

- 1—Connect signal generator leads through dummy, illustrated in Fig. 9, to antenna lead in socket on receiver.
- 2—Set signal generator to 335 Kc.
- 3—Place set in manual tuning position and set dial to 535 Kc.
- 4—Adjust oscillator trimmer C-11 (Fig. 8) for maximum response.
- 5—Set signal generator to 1200 Kc.
- 6—Tune set to 1200 Kc.
- 7—Adjust converter trimmer C-7 (Fig. 8) and R.F. trimmer C-3 (Fig. 7) for maximum response.

8—If dial calibration is off after making above adjustments, a correction can be made by loosening dial scale mounting screws and sliding scale to desired position.

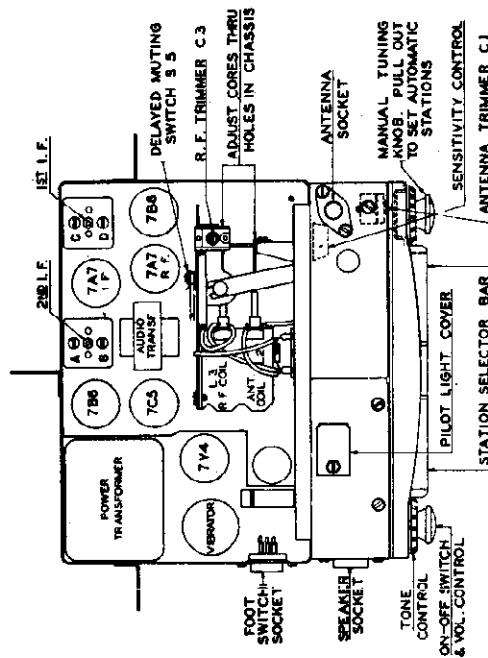


Fig. 7. Top View of Chassis

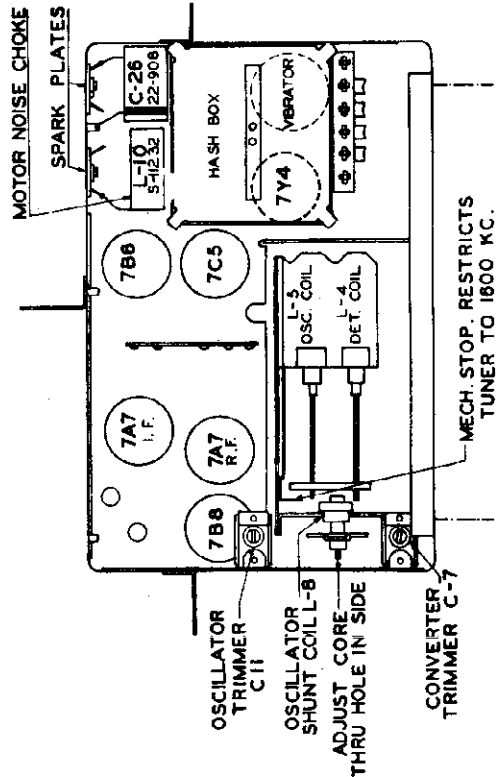


Fig. 8. Bottom View of Chassis

ZENITH RADIO CORP.

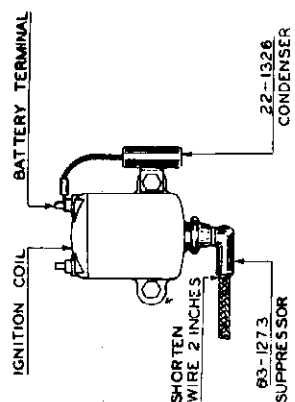


Fig. 5

The ignition coil condenser No. 22-1326 and suppressor with rubber nipple No. 5-10408 should be installed as shown above in Figure 5. The oil gauge condenser No. 22-1325 should be installed as shown in Figure 6. Note the different locations for 6 and 8 cylinder cars.

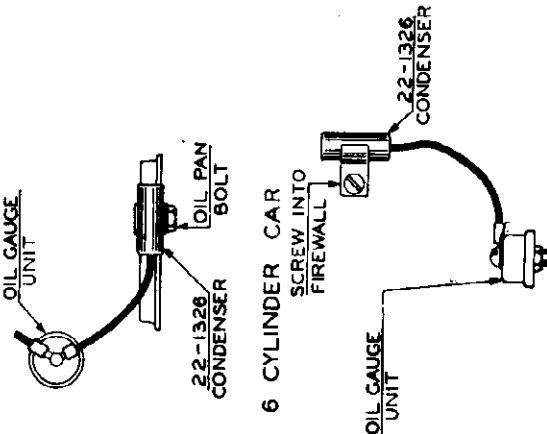


Fig. 6

Be sure the inside windshield divider trim strip, the antenna connector and all the instrument panel bolts are tight in order to make a good ground contact with the car body.

DELAYED AUTOMATIC TUNING CIRCUIT

Pressing either the loud-bar or the foot control switch automatically mutes the receiver for the duration of the change cycle. This action is accomplished by applying 6 volts negative to the 7B6 first audio grid through the 1 megohm resistor R-21. (See schematic diagram.) This negative voltage blocks the grid of the 7B6 until the voltage bleeds off through the 15 megohm resistor R-14. Then the receiver will again operate normally.

NOTE: If the battery polarity is reversed the receiver will not mute and it may become distorted during the change cycle. Always connect the positive (+) terminal of the storage battery or power supply to the receiver case when checking the receiver.

INTERFERENCE SUPPRESSION

There should be no motor noise or interference from the ignition system if the receiver has been installed in the car according to the instructions furnished with it. The interference suppression equipment may be checked for proper installation by referring to the following illustrations:

The circuit breaker condenser No. 22-1148 should be installed as shown in Figure 3.

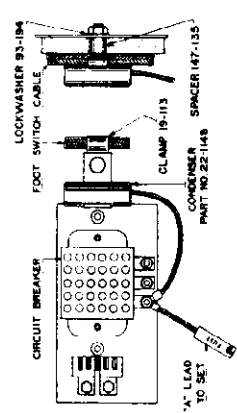


Fig. 3

The voltage regulator condenser No. 22-1148 and the antenna selector ground strap should be installed as shown in Figure 4

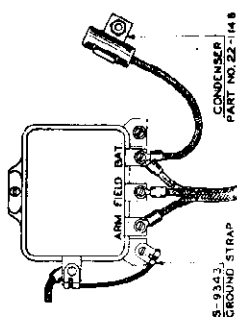


Fig. 4

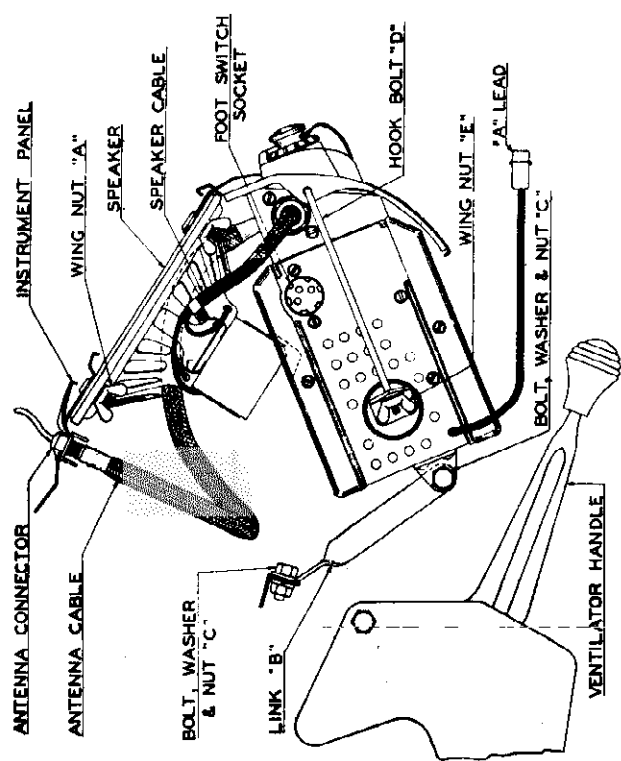


Fig. 1. Set Installed, Cut Away View.

RECEIVER INSTALLATION

Figures 1 and 2, illustrating the installed receiver, the esochron plate, and the control knobs, are given here to facilitate removal and reinstallation of this receiver when service or repair is necessary. To take the receiver from the car, remove the link "B" and loosen the hook bolts "D."

MANUAL TUNING

1. Press station selector touch bar (Fig. 2) several times or until the letter "M" appears in indicator window.
2. Pull manual tuning control knob (right hand) outward and turn to tune in desired station. Be sure to tune to exact frequency to assure the best tone quality.

VOLUME—Adjust left hand control knob for desired volume.

STONE CONTROL—The tone control is located behind the volume control knob. Turn in either direction for most pleasing tone.

ADJUST-O-MATIC TUNING

There are five automatic tuning positions which may be adjusted to five desired stations. If these positions have not been previously adjusted proceed as follows:

1. Press station selector touch bar until number 1 appears in station indicator window.

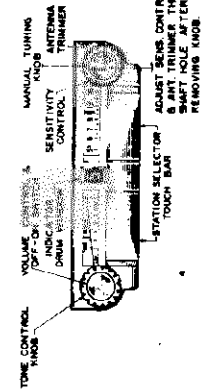


Fig. 2. Front Panel View

2. Pull manual tuning knob outward to engage the adjust-o-matic mechanism.
 3. Select the station desired and tune to its frequency by turning the tuning knob. Tune very carefully for clearest reception.
 4. Press station selector bar, pull manual tuning knob outward and tune in station desired for No. 2 position. Use same procedure for positions No. 3, 4 and 5.
- When the five adjust-o-matic positions have been adjusted to the five desired stations as instructed, it is only necessary to press the station selector bar to return to dial tuning, or to only one of the stations set up on the Adjust-o-Matic.

ZENITH RADIO CORP.

**PARTS LIST MODEL 6MP08 (CHASSIS 6CS1)
1946 FORD ADJUST-O-MATIC 51A-18805-A1**

COILS AND CHOKES

Diagram No.	Part No.	Description	Diagram No.	Description	Part No.	Description
L 9	20-213	Main hash choke	R 7	33 M ohm	63-1398	1 watt
T 1	95-916	1st I.F. transformer	R 16	82 ohm	63-1399	1/2 watt
T 2	95-942	2nd I.F. transformer	R 17	1/2 megohm	80-343	1/2 watt
L 1	S8B19	Antenna motor noise choke asm.	R 14	1.5 M ohm	80-344	1/2 watt
L 7	S11229	Oscillator series coil asm.	R 6	120 ohm	80-378	1/2 watt
L 8	S11231	Oscillator shunt coil asm.	R 22	1800 ohm	80-426	1/2 watt
L 10	S11232	Motor noise choke coil asm.	R 3	10 meg.	80-442	1/2 watt
L 5	S12053*	Oscillator tuning coil asm.	R 10	100 ohm	100-31	1/2 watt
L 2	S12060*	R.F. tuning coil asm.	R 23	100 ohm	126-481	1/2 watt
L 3	S12060*	R.F. tuning coil asm.	R 24	47,000 ohm	149-44*	1/2 watt
L 4	S12060*	Converter tuning coil asm.			188-45	1/2 watt

Note: In ordering coils marked *, be sure to give color code information.

CONDENSERS

C 9	22-162	100 mmfd. 600 volt	SP1	6" x 9" dynamic speaker	49-539
C 8	22-170	.1 mfd. 400 volt		Battery cable (fuse to ammeter)	52-200
C 17	22-182	250 mmfd. 600 volt		Antenna cable	52-251
C 4	22-190	.1 mfd. 200 volt		Battery cable (set to fuse)	52-284
C 13	22-250	.05 mfd. 200 volt		Antenna connector socket	78-251
C 19	22-838	.005 mfd. 600 volt		Vibrator socket	78-281
C 14	22-906	.005 mfd. 200 volt		Tube socket—Laktal base (8 con.)	78-596
C 23	22-908	.5 mfd. 120 volt	SP2	78-645	Speaker plug socket
C 26	22-1137	150 mmfd. 600 volt	FS2	Foot switch cable plug socket	78-646
C 5	22-1169	.001 mfd. 600 volt		Vibrator cushion washer	93-456
C 18	22-1170	.01 mfd. 600 volt	T 4	95-914	Power transformer
C 16	22-1180	.003 mfd. 200 volt	T 3	136-12	Fuse—20 amp.
C 2	22-1244	.004 mfd. 600 volt	S 4	159-54	Plug button
C 15	22-1270	.02 mfd. 200 volt	T 5	190-20	Vibrator
C 28	22-1375	Antenna trimmer		196-34	Speaker gasket and screen
C 3	22-1376	R.F. trimmer		202-374	Instruction book
C 7	22-1377	Detector trimmer	S 1	S11270	Hand selector & mixing switch asm.
C 11	22-1378	Oscillator trimmer	FS3	S12040	Foot switch, cable & plug asm.
C 20	22-1387	20 mfd. 25 W.V. Electrolytic		208-539	Cone and voice coil assembly
C 21	22-1387	20 mfd. 350 W.V. Electrolytic			
C 22	22-1448	10 mfd. 300 W.V. Electrolytic			
C 24	22-1448	.008 mfd. 1500 volt			
C 10	22-1478	350 mmfd. compensator			

RESISTORS

R 19	63-1333	Tone control, vol. control & I.V.		49-539	6" x 9" dynamic speaker
R 20	63-1368	1800 ohm 2 watt W.V.		52-200	Battery cable (fuse to ammeter)
R 2	63-1379	Sensitivity control		52-251	Antenna cable
R 8	63-1390	1 megohm 1/2 watt		52-284	Battery cable (set to fuse)
R 1	63-1392	330 M ohm 1/2 watt		78-251	Antenna connector socket
R 11	63-1395	22 M ohm 1/2 watt		78-281	Vibrator socket
R 5	63-1396	63 M ohm 1/2 watt		78-596	Tube socket—Laktal base (8 con.)

DIAL AND TUNING MECHANISM ASSEMBLY (Continued)

Diagram No.	Part No.	Description	Diagram No.	Description	Part No.	Description
	80-341	Kick-off spring		80-341	80-341	Motor noise suppression kit complete
	80-342	Tuning shaft spring		80-342	80-342	Voltage regulator & circuit breaker condenser
	80-343	Solenoid switch spring		80-343	80-343	Distributor & oil gauge condenser
	80-344	Solenoid switch contact spring		80-344	80-344	Distributor & oil gauge condenser
	80-378	Selector knob spring		80-378	80-378	5/16 - 18 x 9/16 x 7/32 hex nut
	80-379	Pointer return spring		80-379	80-379	Distributor suppressor
	80-426	Pointer drive tension spring		80-426	80-426	5/16 internal shakeproof lockwasher
	80-442	Selector knob spring		80-442	80-442	No. 12 x 1/2 R.H. S.T. screw
	100-31	Dial light bulb		100-31	100-31	5/16 x 18 x 1 1/4 hex Hd. A.S.
	126-481	Dial glass shield		126-481	126-481	Spacer
	149-44*	Adjusting spring and core		149-44*	149-44*	
	188-45	Turret screw lock ring		188-45	188-45	
	192-82	Dial glass (2 used)		192-82	192-82	
	S10826	Solenoid end plug & bracket asm.		S10826	S10826	Set installation kit complete
	S10829	Solenoid end terminal asm.		S10829	S10829	Foot switch cable retaining clip
	S10831	Bracket and bracket asm.		S10831	S10831	Foot switch cable retaining clip
	S10834	Mounting plate & lever asm.		S10834	S10834	No. 10-24 wing nut
	S10836	Cross arm asm.		S10836	S10836	1/4-20 x 7/16 x 3/32 hex nut
	S11031	Dial drum and bracket asm.		S11031	S11031	No. 8-32 wing nut
	S11033	Tuning & trim knob asm.		S11033	S11033	Ground strap
	S11051	Tuning shaft and gear asm.		S11051	S11051	1/4" ext. shakeproof lockwasher
	S11082	Turret asm.		S11082	S11082	No. 10 x 1/2 R.H. S.M. screw
	S11971	Dial light socket & wire asm.		S11971	S11971	Set installation screw
	S11972	Selector knob, housing & clamp asm.		S11972	S11972	1/4-20 x 1/2 hex. Hd. A.S.
	S12050	Tone control dial & pulley asm.		S12050	S12050	Set installation link used on first 1500 sets only
	S12120	Dial cord and eyelet asm.		S12120	S12120	Set installation link

Note: In ordering adjusting spring and core marked *, be sure to give color code information.

DIAL AND TUNING MECHANISM ASSEMBLY

26-330	Dial scale (manual tuning)
34-132	Indexing disc
34-133	Rotchet gear
34-140	Volume control gear
34-141	Idler gear
46-524	Tone control knob
46-527	Volume control knob
46-528	Selector knob—L.H.
46-583	Selector knob—R.H.
57-1029	Escutcheon
59-151	Dial pointer
59-169	Tone control pointer
73-02	No. 6-32 x 3/16 headless set screw
80-232	Knob retaining spring
80-329	Gear indexing spring
80-331	Cross arm return spring
80-332	Cam lever spring
80-336	Rotchet gear return spring

Note: When ordering cone and voice coil assembly marked *, be sure to give manufacturer's code letter that volume tone number printed on cone.

MOTOR NOISE SUPPRESSION KIT

S11278	Motor noise suppression kit complete
22-1148	Voltage regulator & circuit breaker condenser
22-1326	Distributor & oil gauge condenser
54-68	5/16 - 18 x 9/16 x 7/32 hex nut
63-1273	Distributor suppressor
93-194	5/16 internal shakeproof lockwasher
112-323	No. 12 x 1/2 R.H. S.T. screw
114-249	5/16 x 18 x 1 1/4 hex Hd. A.S.
147-135	Spacer

INSTALLATION PARTS

S11279	Set installation kit complete
19-113	Foot switch cable retaining clip
19-114	Foot switch cable retaining clip
54-123	No. 10-24 wing nut
54-157	1/4-20 x 7/16 x 3/32 hex nut
54-189	No. 8-32 wing nut
93-43	Ground strap
93-161	1/4" ext. shakeproof lockwasher
112-310	No. 10 x 1/2 R.H. S.M. screw
112-360	Set installation screw
114-175	1/4-20 x 1/2 hex. Hd. A.S.
118-30	Set installation link used on first 1500 sets only
118-36	Set installation link

TUNING RANGE:.....540-1600 Kc **SPEAKER:**.....6" x 9" oval, instrument panel mounting.

INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY:.....265 Kc **CURRENT CONSUMPTION:**.....7.5 amperes

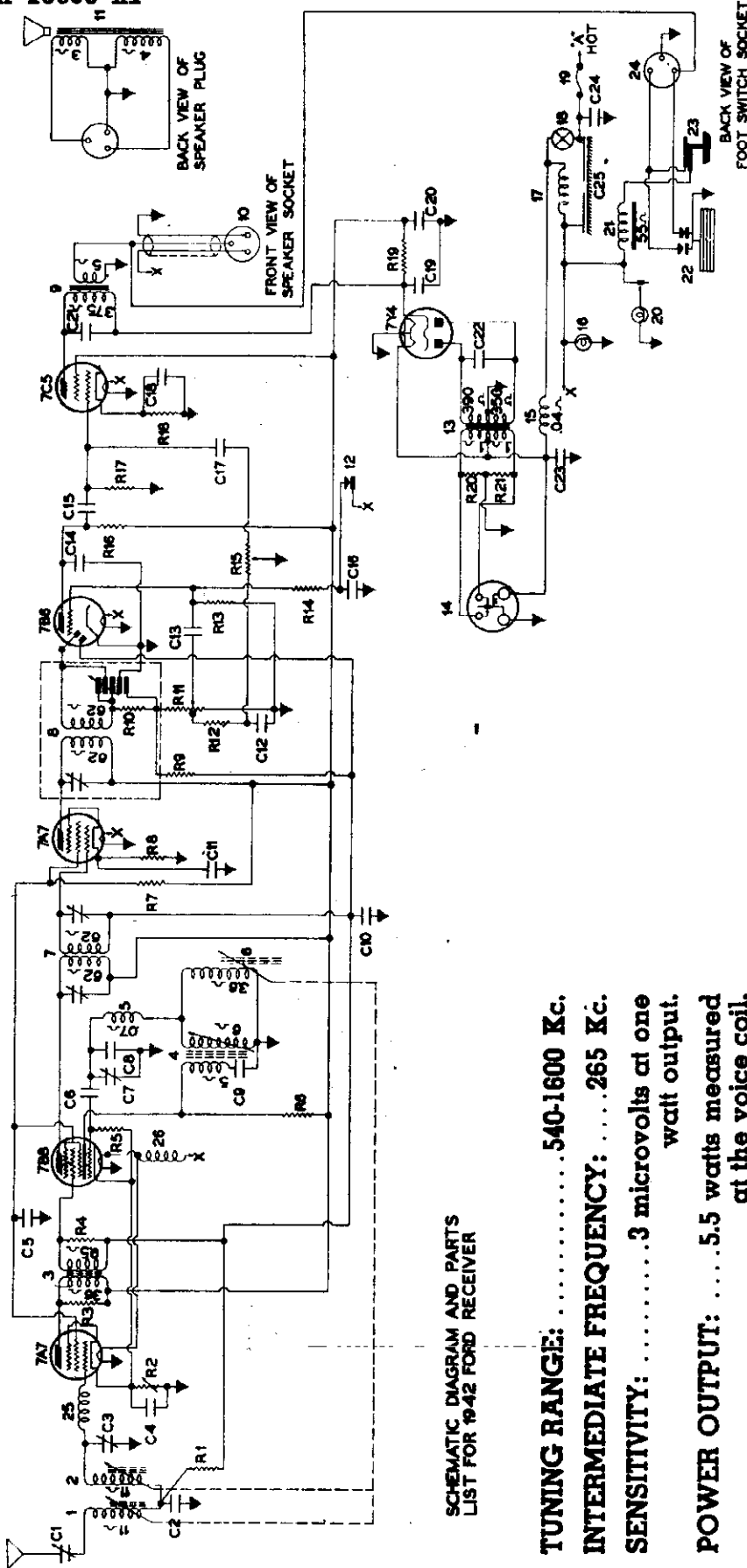
SENSITIVITY:.....6 microvolts at one watt output. **INSTANTANEOUS CURRENT COM-
SUMPTION DURING AUTOMATIC
CHANGE CYCLE:**.....20 amperes

UNDISTORTED POWER OUTPUT:.....2.5 watts measured at the voice coil. **TUBE COMPLEMENT:**.....7A7 R.F.,
788 converter, 7A7 I.F., 786 detector
and 1st audio, 7C5 power output, 7Y4
rectifier.

MAXIMUM POWER OUTPUT:.....4.5 watts measured at the voice coil.

MODEL 6MF690, Ch. 6B19
 Ford Adjust-O-Matic
 21A-18805-A1

ZENITH RADIO CORP.



SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM AND PARTS LIST FOR 1942 FORD RECEIVER

- TUNING RANGE:** 540-1600 Kc.
- INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY:** 265 Kc.
- SENSITIVITY:** 3 microvolts at one watt output.
- POWER OUTPUT:** 5.5 watts measured at the voice coil.
- SPEAKER:** 6" x 9" oval, instrument panel mounting.
- CURRENT CONSUMPTION:** .. 7.5 amperes
- INSTANTANEOUS CURRENT CONSUMPTION DURING AUTOMATIC CHANGE CYCLE:** 16.5 amperes
- TUBE COMPLEMENT:** 7A7 R.F., 7B8 converter, 7A7 I.F., 7B6 Detector and 1st Audio, 7C5 Power Output, 7A4 Rectifier.

PART NO.	CONDENSERS	RESISTORS	MISCELLANEOUS
1	500V	1.4W	5-100624
2	500V	1.4W	5-100624
3	500V	1.4W	5-100624
4	500V	1.4W	5-100624
5	500V	1.4W	5-100624
6	500V	1.4W	5-100624
7	500V	1.4W	5-100624
8	500V	1.4W	5-100624
9	500V	1.4W	5-100624
10	500V	1.4W	5-100624
11	500V	1.4W	5-100624
12	500V	1.4W	5-100624
13	500V	1.4W	5-100624
14	500V	1.4W	5-100624
15	500V	1.4W	5-100624
16	500V	1.4W	5-100624
17	500V	1.4W	5-100624
18	500V	1.4W	5-100624
19	500V	1.4W	5-100624
20	500V	1.4W	5-100624
21	500V	1.4W	5-100624
22	500V	1.4W	5-100624
23	500V	1.4W	5-100624
24	500V	1.4W	5-100624
25	500V	1.4W	5-100624
26	500V	1.4W	5-100624
27	500V	1.4W	5-100624
28	500V	1.4W	5-100624
29	500V	1.4W	5-100624
30	500V	1.4W	5-100624
31	500V	1.4W	5-100624
32	500V	1.4W	5-100624
33	500V	1.4W	5-100624
34	500V	1.4W	5-100624
35	500V	1.4W	5-100624
36	500V	1.4W	5-100624
37	500V	1.4W	5-100624
38	500V	1.4W	5-100624
39	500V	1.4W	5-100624
40	500V	1.4W	5-100624
41	500V	1.4W	5-100624
42	500V	1.4W	5-100624
43	500V	1.4W	5-100624
44	500V	1.4W	5-100624
45	500V	1.4W	5-100624
46	500V	1.4W	5-100624
47	500V	1.4W	5-100624
48	500V	1.4W	5-100624
49	500V	1.4W	5-100624
50	500V	1.4W	5-100624
51	500V	1.4W	5-100624
52	500V	1.4W	5-100624
53	500V	1.4W	5-100624
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55	500V	1.4W	5-100624
56	500V	1.4W	5-100624
57	500V	1.4W	5-100624
58	500V	1.4W	5-100624
59	500V	1.4W	5-100624
60	500V	1.4W	5-100624
61	500V	1.4W	5-100624
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63	500V	1.4W	5-100624
64	500V	1.4W	5-100624
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66	500V	1.4W	5-100624
67	500V	1.4W	5-100624
68	500V	1.4W	5-100624
69	500V	1.4W	5-100624
70	500V	1.4W	5-100624
71	500V	1.4W	5-100624
72	500V	1.4W	5-100624
73	500V	1.4W	5-100624
74	500V	1.4W	5-100624
75	500V	1.4W	5-100624
76	500V	1.4W	5-100624
77	500V	1.4W	5-100624
78	500V	1.4W	5-100624
79	500V	1.4W	5-100624
80	500V	1.4W	5-100624
81	500V	1.4W	5-100624
82	500V	1.4W	5-100624
83	500V	1.4W	5-100624
84	500V	1.4W	5-100624
85	500V	1.4W	5-100624
86	500V	1.4W	5-100624
87	500V	1.4W	5-100624
88	500V	1.4W	5-100624
89	500V	1.4W	5-100624
90	500V	1.4W	5-100624
91	500V	1.4W	5-100624
92	500V	1.4W	5-100624
93	500V	1.4W	5-100624
94	500V	1.4W	5-100624
95	500V	1.4W	5-100624
96	500V	1.4W	5-100624
97	500V	1.4W	5-100624
98	500V	1.4W	5-100624
99	500V	1.4W	5-100624
100	500V	1.4W	5-100624

RECEIVER INSTALLATION:

Figures 1 and 2, illustrating the secutcheon plate, control knobs and the installed receiver are given here to facilitate removal and reinstallation of the receiver when service or repairs are necessary.

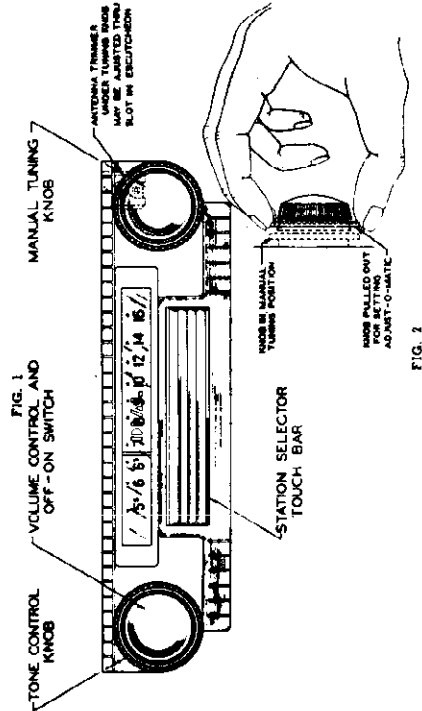
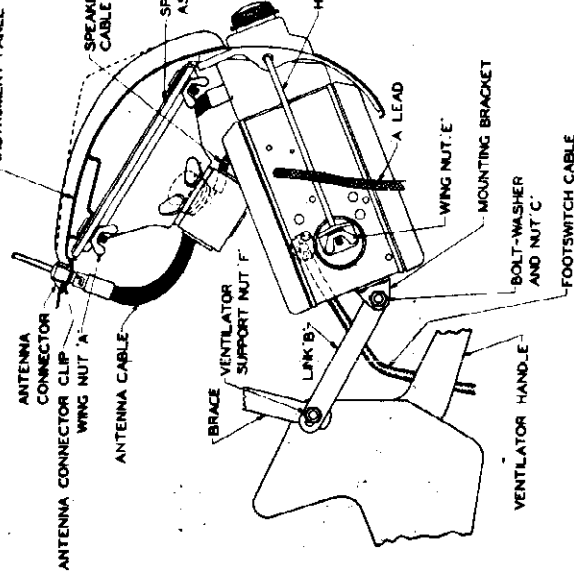


FIG. 1

FIG. 2

INTERFERENCE SUPPRESSION

There should be no motor noise or interferences from the ignition circuit, if the receiver has been installed in the car according to the instructions furnished with it. The interference suppression equipment may be checked for proper installation by referring to the following illustrations:

The circuit breaker condenser No. 22-1148 should be installed as shown in Figure 3.

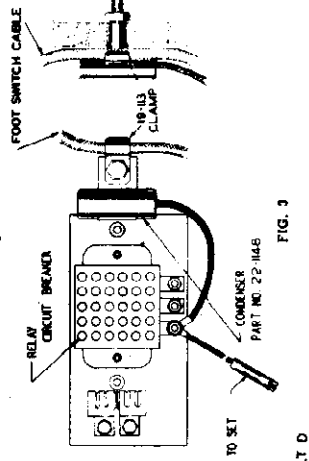


FIG. 3

NOTE: To set up a station on any automatic position, pull the tuning knob out and tune the receiver as in manual tuning. Press the tuning knob in to its original position after the station has been accurately tuned in.

The voltage regulator condenser No. 22-1148 and the ground strap No. S-9343 should be installed as shown in Figure 4 below.

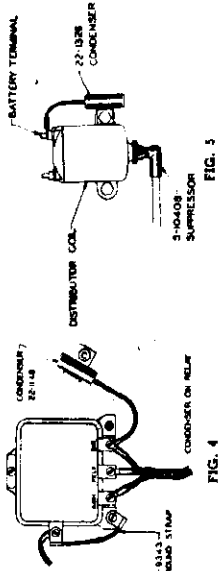


FIG. 4

The distributor primary condenser No. 22-1326 and suppressor with rubber nipple No. S-10408 should be installed as shown above in Figure 5.

The oil gauge condenser No. 22-1326 should be installed as shown in Figure 6.

Note the different locations for 6 and 8 cylinder cars.

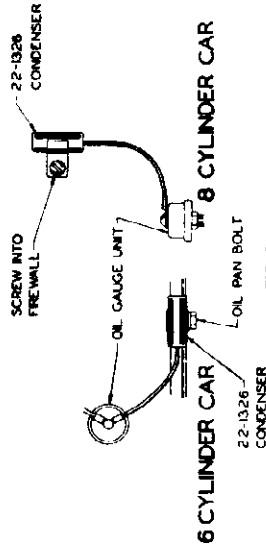


FIG. 5

Check the inside windshield divider trim strip, the antenna connector, and all the instrument panel bolts so they make a good ground contact with the body.

DELAYED AUTOMATIC MUTING CIRCUIT

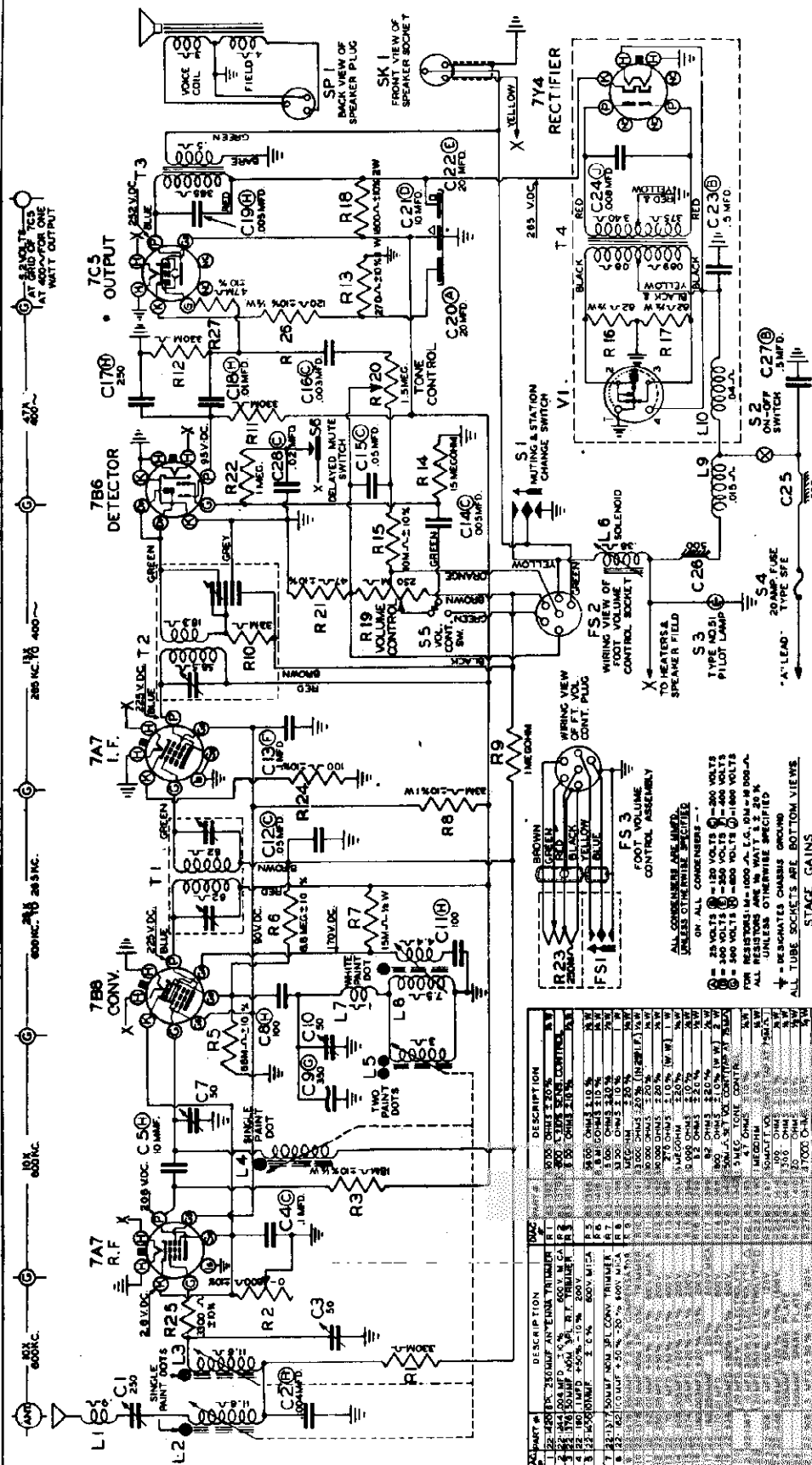
Pressing either the Touch-bar or the foot control switch automatically mutes the receiver for the duration of the change cycle. This action is accomplished by applying 6 volts negative to the 7B6 first audio grid through the 1 megohm resistor R-14. (See schematic diagram.) This negative voltage blocks the grid of the 7B6 until the voltage bleeds off through the 15 megohm resistor R-13, when the receiver will again operate normally. **NOTE:** The storage battery in the car must be properly polarized to apply the negative muting voltage to the receiver. If the battery polarity is reversed the receiver will not mute and it may become distorted during the change cycle. Always connect the positive (+) terminal of the storage battery or power supply to the receiver case when checking the receiver.

ZENITH RADIO CORP.

DIAL AND TUNING MECHANISM		RESISTORS		COILS AND CHOKES		
12-894	Rear magnet mounting bracket.....	\$.15	63-271	1 megohm	1/4 watt.....	.07
19-127	Dial scale mounting clip.....	.01	63-294	100 ohm	1/4 watt.....	.07
26-313	Dial scale.....	.90	63-594	68M ohm	1/4 watt.....	.07
34-106	Ratchet.....	.35	63-596	330M ohm	1/4 watt.....	.07
46-470	Station selector bar.....	.15	63-644	22M ohm	1/4 watt.....	.07
46-472	Tone control knob.....	.15	63-646	33M ohm	1/4 watt.....	.07
46-474	Volume control knob.....	.10	63-718	330M ohm	1/4 watt insulated.....	.15
57-962	Escutcheon plate.....	1.35	63-763	22M ohm	1/4 watt insulated.....	.15
80-232	Knob retaining spring.....	.01	63-957	33M ohm	1 watt insulated.....	.20
80-272	Ratchet lever spring.....	.02	63-1170	1500 ohm W.W.	2 watt insulated.....	.30
80-274	Tuning coil return spring.....	.05	63-1180	15M ohm	1/2 watt insulated.....	.17
80-300	Gear indexing spring.....	.03	63-1197	82 ohm	1/2 watt.....	.08
83-988	Light beam conductor strip.....	.70	63-1203	270 ohm W.W.	1 watt insulated.....	.20
85-308	Station selector switch.....	.60	63-1258	Tone control, volume control & switch	2.50	
100-31	Dial light bulb.....	.07	63-1267	Sensitivity control	.30	
100-36	Dial light bulb (manual).....	.09	S10408	Distributor suppressor assembly	.50	
114-102	No. 6 x 3/8" Hex acorn Hd. S.T. screw (escutcheon mounting).....	.50C	MISCELLANEOUS			
114-174	No. 4/40 x 1/4" Hex Hd. S.H. screw (dial scale mounting).....	.50C	49-491	Dynamic speaker (6" x 9" oval)	5.00	
126-433	Manual dial light shield.....	.01	207-491	Field coil (not replaceable)	2.00	
147-118	Manual automatic bakelite bracket collar.....	.04	208-491	Cone & voice coil assembly	2.00	
188-34	Tuning shaft retaining ring.....	.01	52-200	Battery cable—fuse to ammeter.....	.20	
188-38	Turret screw lock ring.....	.02	52-202	Battery cable—set to fuse.....	.15	
188-43	Retaining ring (dial pointer).....	.01	52-241	Speaker cable & plug.....	.40	
S10110	Front magnet mounting bracket & detent lever spring assembly.....	.20	52-251	Antenna cable.....	1.00	
S10120	Tuning adjustment screw & grommet assembly.....	.40	78-251	Socket—antenna connector.....	.10	
S10127	Magnet coil & terminal assembly.....	1.00	78-406	Socket—foot switch.....	.10	
S10149	Tuning control shaft & gear assembly.....	.30	78-454	Socket—lokal tube (8 contact).....	.15	
S10394	Tuning & trim knob assembly (46-471 & 46-473).....	.65	78-455	Socket—lokal tube (6 contact).....	.15	
S10409	Ratchet drive lever & spring assembly.....	.35	78-467	Socket—lokal tube (5 contact).....	.15	
S10411	Manual automatic selector switch assembly.....	.25	78-477	Socket—vibrator.....	.10	
S10412	Tuning drive bushing & bracket assembly.....	.40	80-291	Mating switch spring.....	.03	
S10415	Turret shaft, screw & stop assembly.....	2.00	83-1002	Sponge rubber strip (on top cover).....	.03	
S10418	Cross arm, magnet core, pointer drive bracket & stud assembly.....	.65	95-880	Power transformer.....	4.25	
S10426	Manual dial light socket & wire assembly.....	.40	95-887	Output transformer.....	1.25	
S10427	Light switch, bracket & stud assembly.....	.25	114-63	No. 6 32 x 3 16" Hex acorn Hd. M.S.N.P.....	.25C	
S10430	Dial pointer & tip assembly.....	.75	114-118	No. 6 x 3 16" Hex acorn Hd. S.T. screw (statuary bronze).....	.45C	
S10433	Dial scale background plate, shield & strip assembly.....	.40	114-150	No. 6/32 x 5 32 Hex acorn Hd. M.S. screw (statuary bronze).....	.35C	
S10584	Dial light socket & wire assembly.....	.35	126-421	Tube shield.....	.10	
S10657	Selector bar retaining plate & spring assembly.....	.25	136-12	Fuse—20 ampere.....	.10	
			180-19	Vibrator.....	2.95	
			196-54	Speaker gasket & screen.....	.65	
			202-321	Instruction book.....	.05	
			S10317	Foot control switch & cable assembly.....	2.00	
			All Prices List—Subject to Regular Discount and Change Without Notice—9 15, 41.			
MOTOR NOISE SUPPRESSION KIT		CONDENSERS		MOTOR NOISE SUPPRESSION KIT		
S10446	Motor noise suppression kit complete	2.60	22-162	.0001 mfd.....	.600 volt.....	.15
S9943	Regulator ground lead assembly.....	.05	22-170	.1 mfd.....	.400 volt.....	.20
S10408	Distributor suppressor assembly.....	.50	22-182	.00025 mfd.....	.600 volt.....	.20
22-1148	Voltage regulator & circuit breaker cond.....	.50	22-190	.1 mfd.....	.200 volt.....	.18
22-1326	Distributor & oil gauge condenser.....	.45	22-250	.05 mfd.....	.200 volt.....	.15
54-68	5 16-18 Hex nut.....	.01	22-306	.005 mfd.....	.200 volt.....	.15
93-194	5 18" internal shakeproof lockwasher.....	.50C	22-908	.5 mfd.....	.120 volt.....	.25
112-323	No. 12 x 1/2" R.H.S.T. screw.....	1.50C	22-912	.002 mfd.....	.600 volt.....	.15
114-152	5-16-18 Hex Hd. M.S.....	.04	22-1076	Dual spark plate condenser.....	.....	.20
147-108	Spacer.....	.02	22-1148	Voltage regulator & circuit breaker cond.....	.....	.50
			22-1170	.01 mfd.....	.600 volt.....	.15
			22-1180	.003 mfd.....	.200 volt.....	.15
			22-1233	20 mfd. 25 volt x 10 mfd. 300 volt x 20 mfd. 350 volt Dry Electrolytic.....	.....	1.25
			22-1235	Single section ceramic trimmer.....	.....	.15
			22-1236	Single section ceramic trimmer.....	.....	.20
			22-1238	.5 mfd.....	120 volt.....	.25
			22-1244	.004 mfd.....	.600 volt.....	.20
			22-1247	.008 mfd.....	1600 volt.....	.20
			22-1248	350 mmfd. compensator.....	.....	.40
			22-1270	.02 mfd.....	.200 volt.....	.15
			22-1277	Antenna trimmer.....	.....	.35
			22-1326	Distributor & oil gauge condenser.....	.....	.45

MODEL 6MN082
Chassis 6C82
Nash

ZENITH RADIO CORP.



NEW PART NO. 6C82

NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	REMARKS
1	7A7 R.F. TUBE	1	
2	7A7 I.F. TUBE	1	
3	7B6 DETECTOR & CONV. TUBE	1	
4	7C5 OUTPUT TUBE	1	
5	7Y4 RECTIFIER TUBE	1	
6	6X4 FULL WAVE RECTIFIER	1	
7	6X4 FULL WAVE RECTIFIER	1	
8	6X4 FULL WAVE RECTIFIER	1	
9	6X4 FULL WAVE RECTIFIER	1	
10	6X4 FULL WAVE RECTIFIER	1	
11	6X4 FULL WAVE RECTIFIER	1	
12	6X4 FULL WAVE RECTIFIER	1	
13	6X4 FULL WAVE RECTIFIER	1	
14	6X4 FULL WAVE RECTIFIER	1	
15	6X4 FULL WAVE RECTIFIER	1	
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95	6X4 FULL WAVE RECTIFIER	1	
96	6X4 FULL WAVE RECTIFIER	1	
97	6X4 FULL WAVE RECTIFIER	1	
98	6X4 FULL WAVE RECTIFIER	1	
99	6X4 FULL WAVE RECTIFIER	1	
100	6X4 FULL WAVE RECTIFIER	1	

SCHMATIC DIAGRAM FOR 6 TUBE
NASH 6MN082
WITH FOOT VOLUME & SELECTOR CONTROL
TUNING RANGE 540KC. TO 1600 KC.
ZENITH RADIO CORPORATION
CHICAGO 39, ILLINOIS
U. S. A.

ALL COMPONENTS ARE LIMITED UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED
ON ALL CONDENSERS -
25 VOLTS = 120 VOLTS
50 VOLTS = 250 VOLTS
100 VOLTS = 500 VOLTS
250 VOLTS = 1000 VOLTS
500 VOLTS = 2500 VOLTS
1000 VOLTS = 5000 VOLTS
ALL RESISTORS ARE 1/2 WATT 5% UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED
* - DESIGNATES CHASSIS GROUND
STAGE GAINS
TAKEN AT ANT. SOCKET, AT R.F. GRID AT 600KC. & TAKEN AT CONV. GRID AT 285KC.
DUMMY ANTENNA
30 MFD SERIES 150 AMPD. SHUNT AT ANT. SOCKET & 0.1 MFD. SERIES TO CONVERTER GRID
BATTERY CONDITIONS
8.5 VOLTS AT STORAGE BATTERY TERMINALS WITH POSITIVE GROUND
TEST CONDITIONS
VOL. CONTROL SET AT "MAX". TONE CONTROL SET ON "HIGH" WITH NO INCOMING SIGNAL
VOLTAGES READ FROM POINT SHOWN TO CHASSIS WITH 600 OHM PER VOL. SWITCH

PART #	DESCRIPTION	QTY.
C1	250 OHM 5% ANTI-PARASITIC	1
C2	250 OHM 5% ANTI-PARASITIC	1
C3	50 OHM 5% ANTI-PARASITIC	1
C4	100 OHM 5% ANTI-PARASITIC	1
C5	10 MFD 50VDC	1
C6	100 OHM 5% ANTI-PARASITIC	1
C7	100 OHM 5% ANTI-PARASITIC	1
C8	100 OHM 5% ANTI-PARASITIC	1
C9	100 OHM 5% ANTI-PARASITIC	1
C10	100 OHM 5% ANTI-PARASITIC	1
C11	100 OHM 5% ANTI-PARASITIC	1
C12	100 OHM 5% ANTI-PARASITIC	1
C13	100 OHM 5% ANTI-PARASITIC	1
C14	100 OHM 5% ANTI-PARASITIC	1
C15	100 OHM 5% ANTI-PARASITIC	1
C16	100 OHM 5% ANTI-PARASITIC	1
C17	100 OHM 5% ANTI-PARASITIC	1
C18	100 OHM 5% ANTI-PARASITIC	1
C19	100 OHM 5% ANTI-PARASITIC	1
C20	100 OHM 5% ANTI-PARASITIC	1
C21	100 OHM 5% ANTI-PARASITIC	1
C22	100 OHM 5% ANTI-PARASITIC	1
C23	100 OHM 5% ANTI-PARASITIC	1
C24	100 OHM 5% ANTI-PARASITIC	1
C25	100 OHM 5% ANTI-PARASITIC	1
C26	100 OHM 5% ANTI-PARASITIC	1
C27	100 OHM 5% ANTI-PARASITIC	1
L1	100 OHM 5% ANTI-PARASITIC	1
L2	100 OHM 5% ANTI-PARASITIC	1
L3	100 OHM 5% ANTI-PARASITIC	1
L4	100 OHM 5% ANTI-PARASITIC	1
L5	100 OHM 5% ANTI-PARASITIC	1
L6	100 OHM 5% ANTI-PARASITIC	1
L7	100 OHM 5% ANTI-PARASITIC	1
L8	100 OHM 5% ANTI-PARASITIC	1
L9	100 OHM 5% ANTI-PARASITIC	1
L10	100 OHM 5% ANTI-PARASITIC	1
R1	100 OHM 5% ANTI-PARASITIC	1
R2	100 OHM 5% ANTI-PARASITIC	1
R3	100 OHM 5% ANTI-PARASITIC	1
R4	100 OHM 5% ANTI-PARASITIC	1
R5	100 OHM 5% ANTI-PARASITIC	1
R6	100 OHM 5% ANTI-PARASITIC	1
R7	100 OHM 5% ANTI-PARASITIC	1
R8	100 OHM 5% ANTI-PARASITIC	1
R9	100 OHM 5% ANTI-PARASITIC	1
R10	100 OHM 5% ANTI-PARASITIC	1
R11	100 OHM 5% ANTI-PARASITIC	1
R12	100 OHM 5% ANTI-PARASITIC	1
R13	100 OHM 5% ANTI-PARASITIC	1
R14	100 OHM 5% ANTI-PARASITIC	1
R15	100 OHM 5% ANTI-PARASITIC	1
R16	100 OHM 5% ANTI-PARASITIC	1
R17	100 OHM 5% ANTI-PARASITIC	1
R18	100 OHM 5% ANTI-PARASITIC	1
R19	100 OHM 5% ANTI-PARASITIC	1
R20	100 OHM 5% ANTI-PARASITIC	1
R21	100 OHM 5% ANTI-PARASITIC	1
R22	100 OHM 5% ANTI-PARASITIC	1
R23	100 OHM 5% ANTI-PARASITIC	1
R24	100 OHM 5% ANTI-PARASITIC	1
R25	100 OHM 5% ANTI-PARASITIC	1
R26	100 OHM 5% ANTI-PARASITIC	1
R27	100 OHM 5% ANTI-PARASITIC	1
S1	100 OHM 5% ANTI-PARASITIC	1
S2	100 OHM 5% ANTI-PARASITIC	1
S3	100 OHM 5% ANTI-PARASITIC	1
S4	100 OHM 5% ANTI-PARASITIC	1
SP1	100 OHM 5% ANTI-PARASITIC	1
SK1	100 OHM 5% ANTI-PARASITIC	1
7A7	100 OHM 5% ANTI-PARASITIC	2
7B6	100 OHM 5% ANTI-PARASITIC	1
7C5	100 OHM 5% ANTI-PARASITIC	1
7Y4	100 OHM 5% ANTI-PARASITIC	1
6X4	100 OHM 5% ANTI-PARASITIC	1

TUNING RANGE: 540-1600 Kc.
CURRENT CONSUMPTION: 7.5 amperes
POWER OUTPUT: 5.5 watts measured at the voice coil.
INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY: 265 Kc.
INSTANTANEOUS CURRENT CONSUMPTION DURING AUTOMATIC CHANGE CYCLE: 20 amperes
SPEAKER: 8" round, instrument panel mounting.
Sensitivity: 4 microvolts at one watt output.

ZENITH RADIO CORP.

DELAYED AUTOMATIC MUTING CIRCUIT

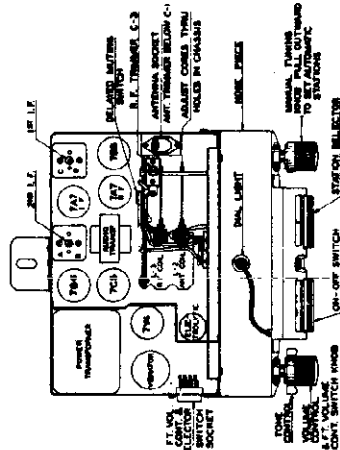


Fig. 10. Top View of Chassis.

ALIGNMENT

Maximum performance depends on accurate alignment of the receiver; therefore follow these instructions carefully.

CAUTION: Make all adjustments on the receiver with voice coil.

I.F. ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

1. Remove top and bottom covers from receiver.
2. Set signal generator to 265 Kc.
3. Apply signal from generator through a .1 Mfd. dummy to 7B8 converter grid. (Pin No. 6 on socket.)
4. Adjust I.F. trimmers A, B, C, and D (Fig. 10), in the order named for maximum output. Repeat the operation to assure accurate alignment.

R.F. AND OSCILLATOR ALIGNMENT

1. Connect signal generator leads through dummy inserted in Fig. 12 to antenna receptacle on receiver.
2. Set signal generator to 535 Kc.
3. Place set in manual tuning position and set dial to 535 Kc.
4. Adjust oscillator trimmer C-11 (Fig. 11), for maximum response.

CORE OR COIL REPLACEMENT ONLY

WARNING: The following adjustments are to be made ONLY if a core or coil is replaced.

1. Replace coil or core.
2. Set signal generator to 1700 Kc.
3. Connect signal generator leads through dummy inserted in Figure 12 to antenna receptacle on the receiver.
4. Set receiver dial to 1600 Kc. (Maximum high frequency end of dial.)
5. Screw the core completely out of the antenna coil, the R. F. Coil, the converter coil, and the oscillator coil.
6. Adjust oscillator trimmer C-11 (Fig. 11), at 1700 Kc.
7. Adjust converter trimmer C-7, R.F. trimmer C-3, and antenna trimmer C-1 (Fig. 10 and 11) for maximum output reading.
8. Replace cores to their approximate original positions.
9. Set generator dial and receiver dial to 1200 Kc.
10. Adjust oscillator core (Figure 10) to scale to 1200 Kc.
11. Adjust the antenna core, R.F. core, and converter core (Fig. 10 and 11), for maximum output reading.
12. Set signal generator to 600 Kc.
13. "Rock in" shunt oscillator coil (Fig. 10) for maximum output reading. (This should only be done as a last resort.) This is the same as rocking in the paddler condenser on a ganged condenser receiver.
14. Check receiver at 1200 Kc. for calibration and gain. If the receiver is off scale or weak, repeat operations 9, 10 and 11.
15. After alignment is complete, the maximum high frequency tuning range should be checked. If the range is greater or less than 1605 Kc. the mechanical stop for the lower cross arm should be bent to limit the frequency coverage to 1605 Kc.

After all adjustments have been made, glue core screws with speaker cement.

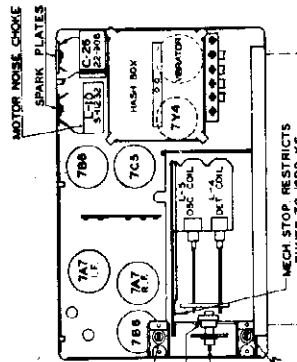


Fig. 11. Bottom View of Chassis.

5. Set signal generator to 1200 Kc.
6. Tune set to 1200 Kc.
7. Adjust converter trimmer C-7 (Fig. 11) and R.F. trimmer C-3 (Fig. 10) for maximum response.
8. If dial calibration is off after making above adjustments, a correction can be made by loosening dial scale mounting screws and sliding scale to desired position.

IMPORTANT: After reinstalling the receiver in the car, allow it to operate for approximately 15 minutes to reach normal operating temperature. Check the antenna trimmer alignment on a weak station at approximately 1200 Kc. Extend antenna to maximum before adjusting the antenna trimmer.

The approximate voltages are measured with a 1000 ohm per volt meter between the socket terminals and the chassis as shown on the circuit diagram. The Volume Control is set at maximum with no signal. Battery voltage is 6.3

AUTOMATIC TUNING

There are five automatic tuning positions which may be adjusted to five desired stations. If these positions have not been previously adjusted proceed as follows:

1. Press station selector bar until number 1 appears in station indicator window.
2. Pull manual tuning knob outward to engage the automatic mechanism.
3. Select the station desired and tune to its frequency by turning tuning knob. Tune very carefully for clearest reception.
4. Press station selector bar, pull manual tuning knob outward, and tune in station desired for No. 2 position. Use same procedure for positions No. 3, 4 and 5.

When the five automatic positions have been adjusted to the five desired stations as instructed, it is only necessary to press the station selector bar to return to dial tuning, or any one of the stations adjusted on the Automatic.

MANUAL TUNING

1. Press Automatic Tuning Station Selector (Fig. 2) several times or until the letter "M" appears in indicator window.
2. Pull Manual tuning control knob (right hand) outward and turn to tune in desired station. Be sure to tune to exact frequency to assure the best tone quality.

VOLUME—Adjust left hand control knob for desired volume.

STONE CONTROL—The tone control is located behind the volume control knob. Turn in either direction for most pleasing tone.

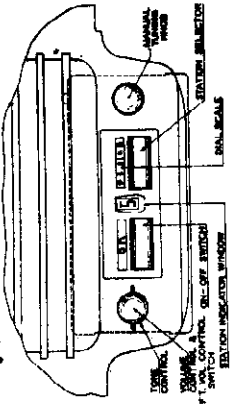
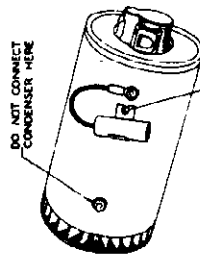


Fig. 2. Front View

INTERFERENCE SUPPRESSION

There should be no motor noise or interference from the ignition circuit if the receiver has been installed in the car according to the instructions furnished with it. The interference suppression equipment may be checked for proper installation by referring to the following illustrations:

The generator condenser No. 22-920 should be installed as shown below in Figure 3.



MOUNT CONDENSER NO. 22-920 UNDER GENERATOR GROUND LEAD SCREW

Fig. 3

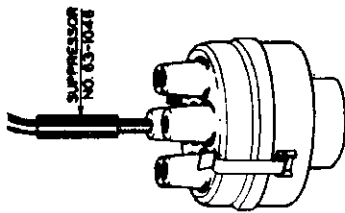


Fig. 4

The distributor suppressor No. 63-1046 should be connected as shown above in Figure 4.

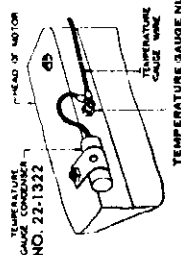


Fig. 5

The No. 22-1322 temperature gauge condenser should be installed as shown in Figure 5 for Nash 600 series cars and Figure 6 for Ambassador cars.

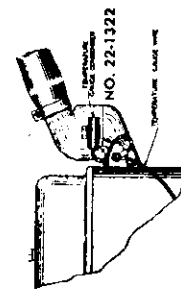


Fig. 6

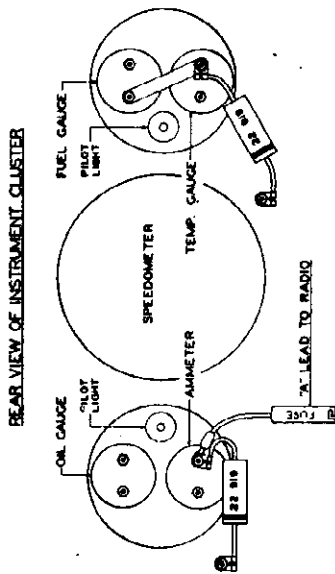


Fig. 7

The motor hood bond spring No. 80-145 should be installed as shown in Figure 8. Note that the sharp extrusions are facing down toward the front of the car before the hood grounding strip is bent back. Make sure the instrument panel bolts and chassis mounting bolts are tight.

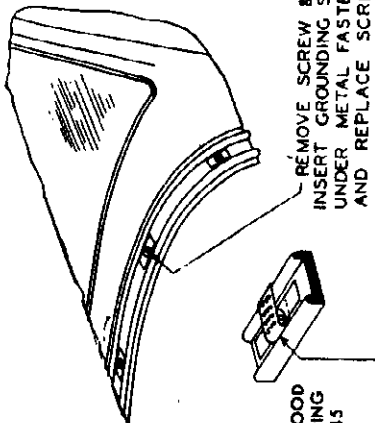


Fig. 8

The ammeter and fuel gauge condensers No. 22-919 should be installed as shown in Figure 9.

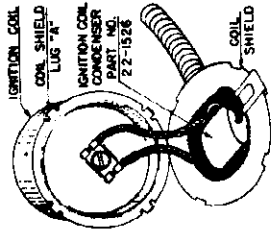


Fig. 9. Ign. Coil Cond.

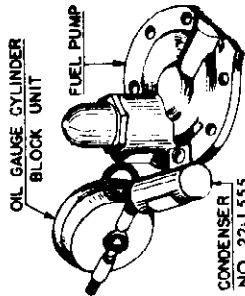


Fig. 9A. Oil Gauge Cond.

Straighten coil shield lugs "A" on back of ignition coil. Remove shield. Condenser should be installed as shown in Fig. 9. When replacing shield be sure to bend lugs down tightly to insure good connection between shield and coil. The oil gauge condenser should be installed as shown in Fig. 9A.

PARTS LIST MODEL 6MN082 (CHASSIS 6422)
1946 NASH LONG DISTANCE RADIO AC-6016

COILS AND CHOKES

Diagram No.	Part No.	Description
L10	20-213	Main hook choke
T 1	95-916	1st I.F. transformer
T 2	95-917	2nd I.F. transformer
L 1	588-19	Antenna motor noise choke assem.
L 7	S11229	Oscillator series coil assem.
L 8	S11231	Oscillator shunt coil assem.
L 9	S11232	Motor noise choke coil assem.
L 5	S12053*	Oscillator tuning coil assem.
L 2	S12060*	Antenna tuning coil assem.
L 3	S12060*	R.F. tuning coil assem.
L 4	S12060*	Converter tuning coil assem.

Note: In ordering coils marked *, be sure to give color code information.

CONDENSERS

C 8	22-162	100 mmfd. 600 volt
C11	22-170	.1 mfd. 400 volt
C13	22-182	250 mmfd. 600 volt
C17	22-190	.1 mfd. 200 volt
C 4	22-250	.05 mfd. 200 volt
C12	22-250	.05 mfd. 200 volt
C19	22-250	.05 mfd. 200 volt
C14	22-906	.005 mfd. 200 volt
C23	22-908	.5 mfd. 120 volt
C27	22-1170	.01 mfd. 600 volt
C18	22-180	.003 mfd. 200 volt
C16	22-1244	.004 mfd. 600 volt
C 2	22-1270	.02 mfd. 200 volt
C28	22-1270	.02 mfd. 200 volt
C15	22-1374	.05 mfd. 200 volt
C 3	22-1376	R.F. trimmer
C 7	22-1377	Detector trimmer
C10	22-1378	Oscillator trimmer
C20	20MFD. 25 W.V. Electrolytic	
C21	22-1387	20 MFD. 350 W.V. Electrolytic
C22	10 MFD. 300 W.V. Electrolytic	
C 1	22-1420	Antenna trimmer
C24	22-1448	208 mfd. 1600 volt
C 5	22-1456	10 mmfd. 600 volt mica
C 9	22-1478	350 mmfd. capacitor

RESISTORS

R19	63-1342	Tone control vol. control & tv.
R20	54-30	
S 3	57-862	Speaker mounting plate
R18	63-1368	1800 ohm 2 watt W.W.
R13	63-1369	270 ohm 1 watt W.W.
R 8	63-1390	1 megohm 1/4 watt
R22	63-1391	33M ohm 1/4 watt
R10	63-1392	330M ohm 1/4 watt
R 1	63-1393	47 ohm 1/4 watt
R11		
R12		
R21		

DIAL AND TUNING MECHANISM ASSEMBLY

Diagram No.	Part No.	Description
S3	100-32	Dial light bulb
L6	S10829	Solenoid & terminal assem.
	26-333	Dial scale (mechanical tuning)
	34-132	Indexing disc
	34-154	Batch gear
	34-135	Volume control gear
	46-333	Selector, knob (2 used)
	57-1045	Escutcheon
	57-1046	Key plate (4 used)
	59-154	Dial pointer
	59-168	On-off indicator
	80-329	Gear indexing spring
	80-331	Cam return spring
	80-332	Ratchet gear return spring
	80-340	Lever spring
	80-341	Kick-off spring
	80-342	Tuning shaft spring
	80-343	Solenoid switch spring
	80-344	Solenoid switch contact spring
	149-44*	Adjusting spring & core
	188-45	Turret screw lock ring
	S10826	Solenoid end (plug & bracket assem.)
	S10831	Ratchet & bracket assem.
	S10834	Mounting plate & lever assem.
	S10836	Crash arm assem.
	S10853	Tuning shaft & gear assem.
	S11082	Turret assem.
	S11179	Dial drum & bracket assem.
	S11627	Dial light socket & wire assem.

Note: In ordering Adjusting Spring & Core marked *, be sure to give color code information.

MOTOR NOISE SUPPRESSION KIT

Part No.	Description
S11399	Motor noise suppression kit complete
22-219	Ammeter & fuel gauge condenser
22-290	Generator condenser
22-1322	Temperature gauge condenser
22-1526	Ignition coil condenser
22-1555	Oil gauge condenser
63-1046	Distributor suppressor
80-145	Motor hood bond spring

KNOBS AND INSTALLATION PARTS

Part No.	Description
S11400	Set installation kit complete
S11394	Tuning knob trim knob & set screw (46-336 & 337)
46-485	Volume control knob
46-534	Tone control knob
54-146	No. 10732 wing nut
54-148	1/4-20 x 1/2 x 1/4 Hex nut
54-153	7/16-28 x 1.20 hex. nut
80-232	Knob retaining spring
93-127	No. 10 internal shockproof lockwasher
93-173	1/4 internal shockproof lockwasher
93-416	7/32 x 13/64 x 5/8 steel washer
112-310	Foot switch mounting screw
144-20	Set mounting bolt
147-121	Set mounting spacer
188-41	Spacer ring

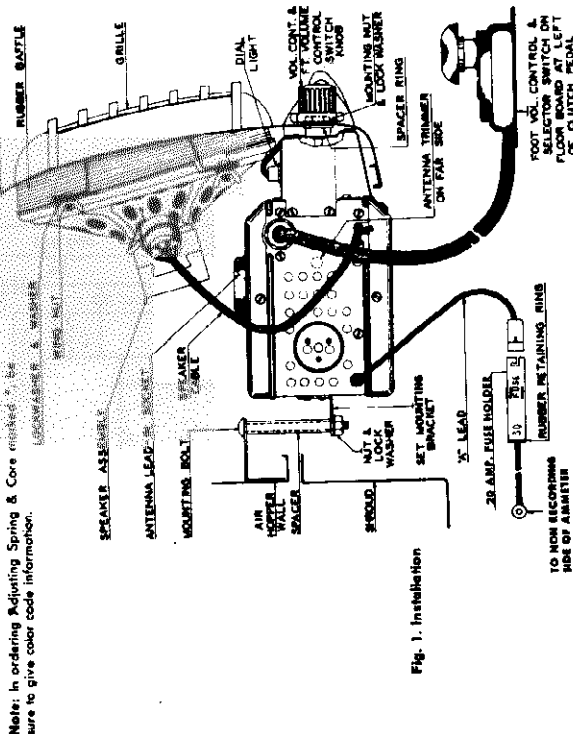
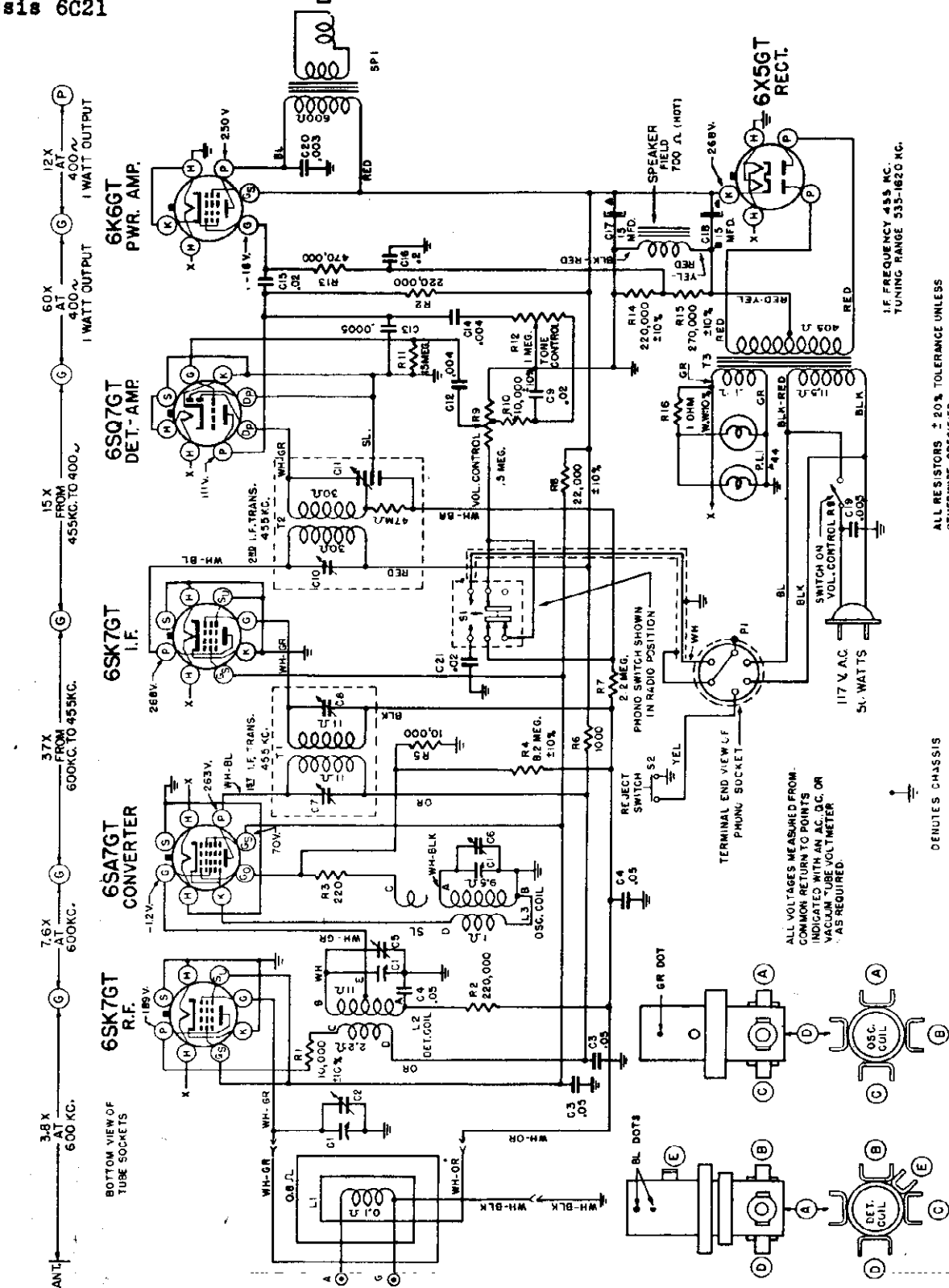


Fig. 1. Installation

MODEL 6R084
Chassis 6C21

ZENITH RADIO CORP.



DIAG. NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
C1	22-1369	3-BAND VARIABLE
C2	OM C1	BROADCAST ANT. TRIMMER
C3	22-171	50 MFD. 600V.
C4	22-829	0.5 MFD. 200V.
C5	OM C1	BROADCAST DE. TRIMMER
C6	OM C1	BROADCAST OSC. TRIMMER
C7	OM T1	DET. I.F. TRANS. PRI. TRIMMER
C8	22-327	.02 MFD. 200V.
C9	22-327	.02 MFD. 200V.
C10	ON T2	2B I.F. TRANS. PH. TRIMMER
C11	ON T2	2B I.F. SEC.
C12	22-1362	.004 MFD. 600V.
C13	22-854	.005 MFD. 600V.
C14	22-448	.004 MFD. 600V.
C15	22-820	.02 MFD. 200V.
C16	22-138	.2 MFD. 200V.
C17	22-1972	15 MFD. ELECTRO. 350V.
C18	22-1972	15 MFD. 450V.
C19	22-1041	.003 MFD. 600V.
C20	22-288	.003 MFD. 600V.
C21	22-1368	.02 MFD. 200V.
R1	83-156	10M OHM 1/2 W.
R2	83-136	220 OHM 1/2 W.
R3	83-879	220 OHM 1/2 W.
R4	83-879	220 OHM 1/2 W.
R5	83-889	10 M OHM 1/2 W.
R6	83-605	1000 OHM 1/2 W.
R7	83-600	22 MEG OHM 1/2 W.
R8	83-1340	15 MEG VOLUME CONTROL 2 W.
R9	83-641	10 M OHM 1/2 W.
R10	83-876	15 MEG OHM 1/2 W.
R11	83-897	470M OHM 1/2 W.
R12	83-855	220M OHM 1/2 W.
R13	83-855	220M OHM 1/2 W.
R14	83-855	220M OHM 1/2 W.
R15	83-1223	1 OHM WIRE WOUND 2 W.
L1	S-1182	WAVE METER
L2	S-1183	DET. COIL ASSEMBLY
L3	S-1184	OSC. COIL
L4	S-1185	OSC. COIL
T1	95-309	I.F. TRANSFORMER
T2	95-310	2ND I.F. TRANSFORMER
T3	95-311	PWR. TRANS. 175.50-800V
PL1	100-36	DIAL LIGHT 6.3V. 25A.
S1	85-337	PHONO-RADIO SWITCH
S2	85-349	REJECT SWITCH
SP1	48-215	DYNAMIC SPEAKER
P1	S-1187	PHONO CABLE ASSEMBLY

ALL VOLTAGES MEASURED FROM COMMON RETURN TO POINTS INDICATED WITH AN AC D.C. OR VACUUM TUBE VOLT METER. *AS REQUIRED.

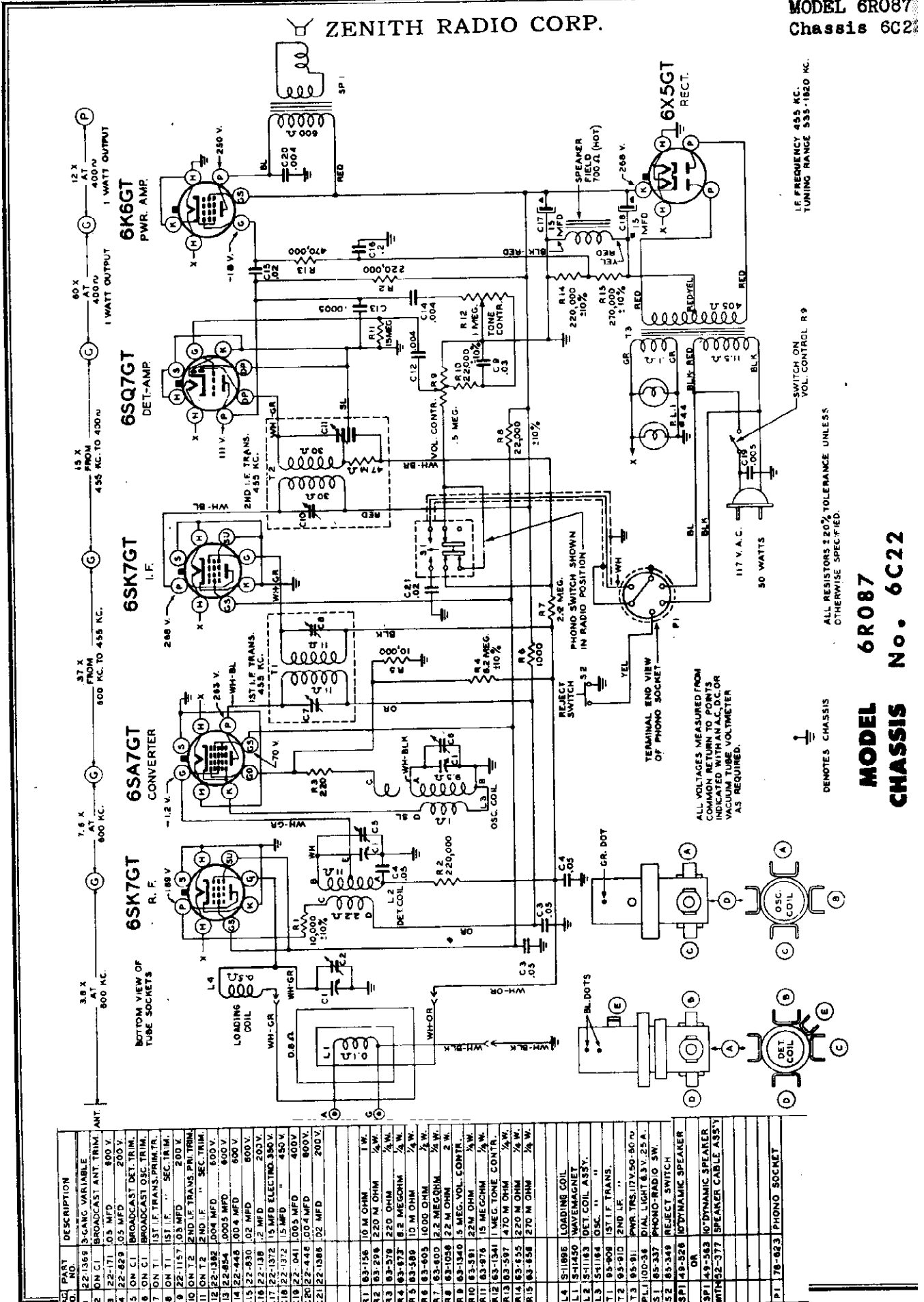
⊥ DENOTES CHASSIS

ALL RESISTORS ± 20% TOLERANCE UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.

IF FREQUENCY 455 KC. TUNING RANGE 535-1620 KC.

MODEL 6R084
CHASSIS No. 6C21

ZENITH RADIO CORP.



QTY.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
	C1	22-1369 3-CARC VARIABLE
	C2	2N C1 BROADCAST ANT. TRIM. ANT.
	C3	22-171 .05 MFD 200 V.
	C4	22-629 .05 MFD 200 V.
	C5	ON C1 BROADCAST DET. TRIM.
	C6	ON C1 BROADCAST OSC. TRIM.
	C7	ON T1 1ST I.F. TRANS. PRIM. TR.
	C8	ON T1 1ST I.F. SEC. TRIM.
	C9	22-1157 .05 MFD 200 V.
	C10	ON T2 2ND I.F. TRANS. PRI. TRIM.
	C11	ON T2 2ND I.F. SEC. TRIM.
	C12	22-1362 .004 MFD 600 V.
	C13	22-854 .0005 MFD 600 V.
	C14	22-448 .004 MFD 600 V.
	C15	22-930 .02 MFD 200 V.
	C16	22-138 2 MFD 200 V.
	C17	22-1372 15 MFD ELECTRO. 350 V.
	C18	22-372 5 MFD 450 V.
	CR0	22-448 100-4 MFD 800 V.
	C21	22-1368 .02 MFD 200 V.
	R1	63-156 10 M OHM 1/4 W.
	R2	63-298 220 M OHM 1/4 W.
	R3	63-379 220 OHM 1/4 W.
	R4	63-873 8.2 MEG OHM 1/4 W.
	R5	63-589 10 M OHM 1/4 W.
	R6	63-405 1000 OHM 1/4 W.
	R7	63-800 2.2 MEG OHM 1/4 W.
	R8	63-1058 22 M OHM 1/4 W.
	R9	63-1340 5 MEG. VOL. CONTR.
	R10	63-581 22 M OHM 1/4 W.
	R11	63-876 15 MEG OHM 1/4 W.
	R12	63-1341 1 MEG. TONE CONTR.
	R13	63-587 470 M OHM 1/4 W.
	R14	63-655 220 M OHM 1/4 W.
	R15	63-858 270 M OHM 1/4 W.
	L4	S11895 LOADING COIL
	L1	S11450 WAVEMAGNET
	L2	S11163 DET. COIL ASSY.
	L3	S11184 OSC. "
	T1	95-908 1ST I.F. TRANS.
	T2	95-910 2ND I.F. "
	T3	95-911 PWR. TRANS. (TV. 50-90 V)
	P1	100-38 DIAL LIGHT (3.3 V. 25 A.)
	S1	95-937 PHONO-RADIO SW.
	S2	63-348 REJECT SWITCH
	SPT	49-528 10 DYNAMIC SPEAKER
	OR	
	SPT	49-543 10 DYNAMIC SPEAKER
	WITH	42-377 SPEAKER CABLE ASSY.
	P1	78-923 PHONO SOCKET

© John F. Rider

Record Changer; Zenith Model S11

I.F. FREQUENCY 455 KC.
TUNING RANGE 535-1820 KC.

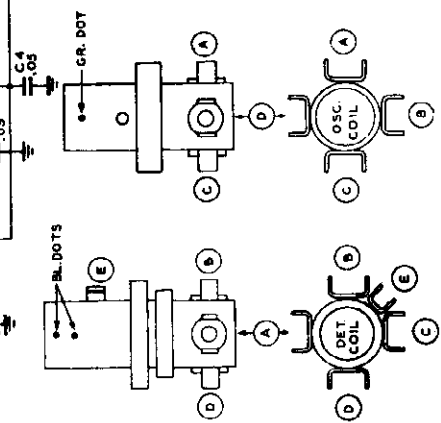
ALL RESISTORS ±20% TOLERANCE UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED

DEMOTES CHASSIS

MODEL 6R087
CHASSIS No. 6C22

ALL VOLTAGES MEASURED FROM COMMON RETURN TO POINTS INDICATED WITH AN A.C. D.C. OR VACUUM TUBE VOLTMETER AS REQUIRED.

TERMINAL END VIEW OF PHONO SOCKET



SWITCH ON VOL. CONTROL R9

117 V. A.C. 50 WATTS

REDZEL

50 V

50 V

50 V

50 V

50 V

50 V

50 V

50 V

50 V

50 V

50 V

50 V

50 V

50 V

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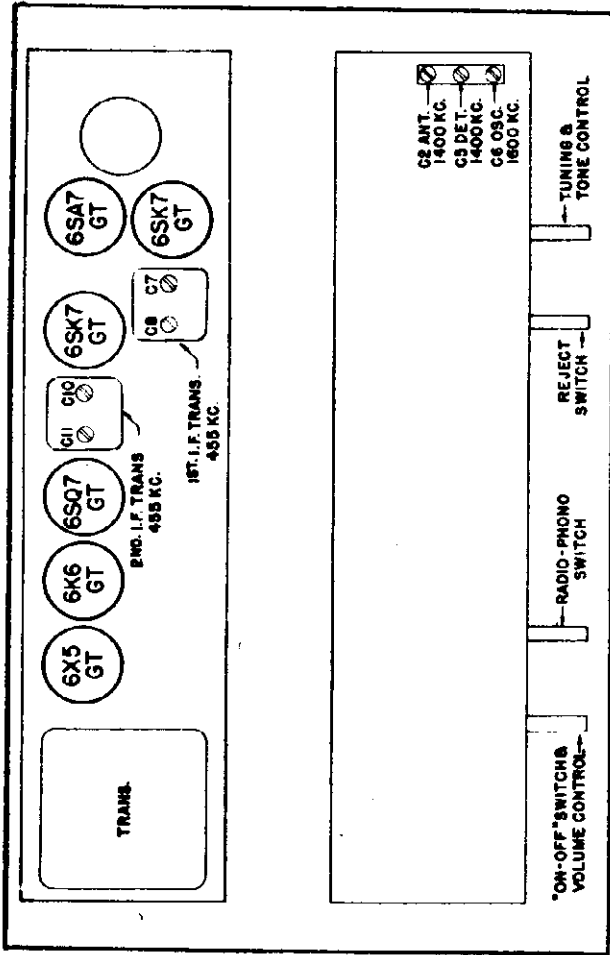
50 V

50 V

50 V

MODELS 6R084
6R087

ZENITH RADIO CORP.



TUBE AND TRIMMER LOCATION

MODELS 6R084-6R087 CHASSIS Nos. 6C21-6C22 ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

OPERATION	CONNECT OSCILLATOR TO	DUMMY ANTENNA	INPUT SIG. FREQUENCY	SET DIAL AT	TRIMMERS	PURPOSE
1	Converter Grid	5 Mfd.	455 Kc.	600 Kc.	C-7-, C-8, C-10, C-11	Align I F
2	One Turn Loop Coupled Loosely to Wave Magnet	--	1600 Kc.	1600 Kc.	C-6	Set Oscillator to Dial Scale
3		--	1400 Kc.	1400 Kc.	C-5	Align det.
4		--	1400 Kc.	1400 Kc.	C-2	Align Ant.

TO THE SERVICE MAN:

A feature of chassis 6C21 is a high gain tuned R.F. stage ahead of the conventional superheterodyne circuit.

When making repairs or adjustments on the chassis be sure to have the Phono-Radio switch in Radio position (button out).

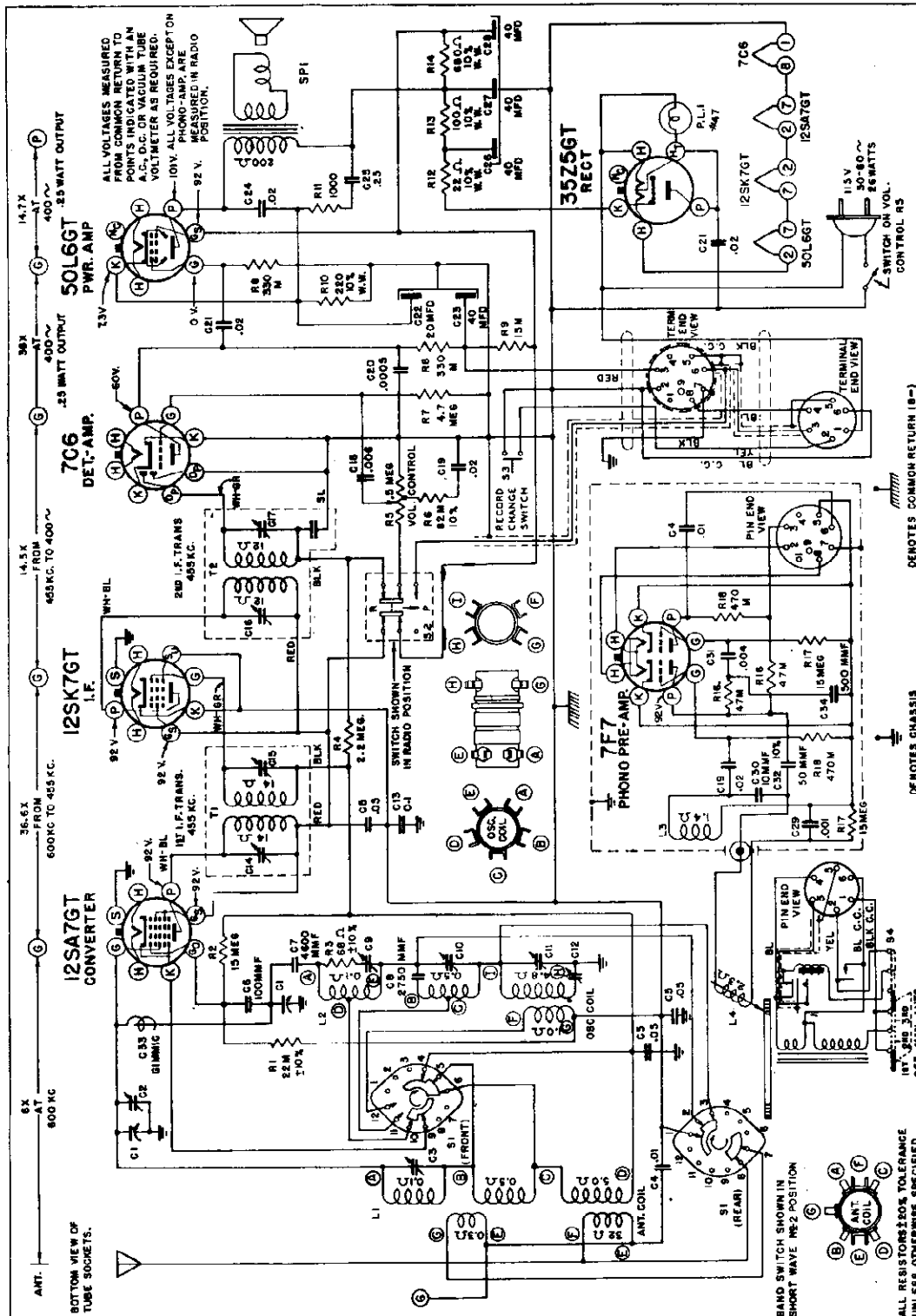
The Tone Control circuit used in chassis 6C21 is unusual. Attenuation or control occurs in both the grid and plate circuit of the triode section of the 6SA7 tube. To increase the bass response Resistor R10 and Capacitor C9 boost the bass in the grid circuit.

Capacitor C14 and the Variable Tone Control R12 attenuate the highs in the plate circuit.

When the tone control R12 is in the treble position attenuation to highs are greatly reduced in the plate circuit and minimum bass boost takes place in the grid circuit.

When the tone control is in bass position, attenuation to the highs takes place in the plate circuit with maximum bass boost in the grid circuit.

The result of this arrangement allows a smooth tone control over the audio frequency range.



PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
G1	2-BAND VARIABLE
G2	BROADCAST ANT. TRIM
G3	22-1424 SPOKE WAVE
G4	22-911 100 MFD. 400 V.
G5	22-911 100 MFD. 500 V.
G6	22-1432 100 MFD. 500 V.
G7	22-1433 2750 MFD. 600 V.
G8	22-1433 2750 MFD. 600 V.
G9	22-1433 2750 MFD. 600 V.
G10	22-1433 2750 MFD. 600 V.
G11	BROADCAST
G12	B.C. PADDER
G13	22-821 1 MFD. 400 V.
G14	ON T. 1ST I.F. TRANS. PRIM.
G15	ON T. 1ST I.F. SEC.
G16	ON T. 2ND I.F. PRIM.
G17	ON T. 2ND I.F. SEC.
G18	22-808 .008 MFD. 500 V.
G19	22-813 .02 MFD. 200 V.
G20	22-117 .0005 MFD. 600 V.
G21	22-813 .02 MFD. 600 V.
G22	22-813 .02 MFD. 600 V.
G23	22-813 .02 MFD. 600 V.
G24	22-1440 .05 MFD. 600 V.
G25	22-1440 .05 MFD. 600 V.
G26	22-1440 .05 MFD. 600 V.
G27	22-1581 40 MFD. 150 V.
G28	22-1083 100 MFD. 500 V.
G29	22-1435 10 MFD. 600 V.
G30	22-1332 50 MFD. 500 V.
G31	22-1332 50 MFD. 500 V.
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G221	22-1332 50 MFD. 500 V.
G222	22-1332 50 MFD. 500 V.
G223	22-1332 50 MFD. 500 V.
G224	22-1332 50 MFD. 500 V.
G225	22-1332 50 MFD. 500 V.

DEOTES COMMON RETURN (B-)

DEOTES CHASSIS

DEOTES COMMON RETURN (B-)

DEOTES CHASSIS

MISCELLANEOUS PARTS	DESCRIPTION
46-601	BAND SWITCH KNOB
14-971	DIAL GLASS
192-104	DIAL GASKET
192-279	DIAL GASKET
51121	DIAL CORD & TWEET ASSEMBLY
46-548	RECORD CHANGE & RADIO PHONO FINDER
46-599	VOLUME CONTROL KNOB
511473	CORBA TONE ARM AND CARTRIDGE
511473	NEEDLE CARTRIDGE
46-600	TUNING KNOB

ZENITH RADIO CORP.

ANTENNA
Es indispensable una buena antena para obtener la recepción satisfactoria. Una antena exterior de 13 a 20 metros de longitud y de la mayor altura posible dará buenos resultados para uso general. Si ha de usarse su antena actual, ésta debe ser minuciosamente examinada para determinar su estado pues las conexiones pueden estar oxidadas o rotas haciéndola inapropiada para el uso. Si se ha de instalar una nueva antena hay que tomar las precauciones necesarias para que el alambre

ANTENNA

A good antenna is necessary for satisfactory reception. An outside antenna from 40 to 60 feet in length and as high as possible will give good all-around results. If your present antenna is to be used, a thorough examination should be made to determine its condition. The connections may be corroded or broken, thus rendering the antenna unfit for service. If a new antenna is to be constructed, care should be

ANTENNE

Une bonne antenne est nécessaire pour obtenir une réception satisfaisante. Une antenne extérieure de 40 à 60 pieds (12-18 m) de long et aussi élevée que possible donnera de bons résultats généraux. Si votre antenne actuelle devra être utilisée, elle devra subir un examen minutieux afin d'en déterminer l'état. Les coupages en peuvent être corrodés ou cassés, rendant par là l'antenne inutilisable. Si une nouvelle antenne est construite, prenez soin que la prise de terre n'ait

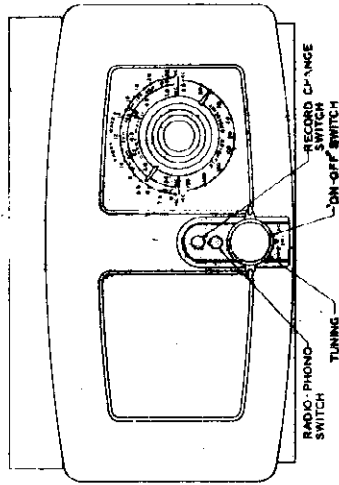


FIG. 1 PANEL CONTROLS

de bajada no haga contacto con las paredes, alambres o cualquier otro objeto en la conexión a tierra. Todas las conexiones deberán ser correctamente soldadas para evitar la oxidación y el ruido que se producirá. Conecte el alambre de bajada de la antena al alambre terminal marcado "Ant." en la parte posterior del chasis.

taken to prevent the lead-in wire from grounding to trees, walls or gutters and all connections should be securely soldered to prevent corrosion and resulting noise. Connect the antenna lead-in to the wire marked "Ant." at the back of the chassis.

TIERRA

Una buena conexión a tierra mejorará efectivamente la recepción, aumentando la fuerza de las señales de las estaciones lejanas y reduciendo el ruido de fondo. La mejor conexión a tierra es un cable de un metro a 1.50 metros introducido en tierra húmeda.

GROUND

A good ground with aid reception materially by improving the signal strength of distant stations and reducing background noise. The best ground is a 4 to 6 foot pipe driven in moist earth.

PRISE DE TERRE

Une bonne prise de terre aide considérablement à augmenter la puissance des stations distantes et diminue le bruit de fond. La meilleure prise de terre est un tuyau de 4 à 6 pieds (1.25 à 2 mètres) enfoncé dans un sol humide.

Le fil de prise devra être soudé au tuyau ou bien attaché fermement avec une bonne attache et soigneusement nettoyé soigneusement à cet endroit. Une prise de terre satisfaisante peut être obtenue en attachant solidement le fil de prise à un tuyau

The ground wire should be soldered to the pipe or fastened securely with a good ground clamp, first thoroughly clean-

MODEL NO. 6S071T

Chassis No. 5C617

INSTRUCCIONES PARA LA INSTALACION, FUNCIONAMIENTO Y SERVICIO**GENERAL**

Después de desembalar la combinación, quítese el papel engomado usado para la protección del chasis durante el embarque.

El receptor emplea un circuito superheterodino de simple onda para la recepción de las siguientes bandas de onda larga y corta: 545 a 1520 kilociclos (550 a 197 metros), 2350 a 7100 kilociclos (43.5 a 13.6 metros), 2350 a 7100 kilociclos (43.5 a 13.6 metros).

SUMINISTRO DE ENERGIA

Esta combinación está diseñada para funcionar ya sea en corriente alterna (C.A.) de 105 a 120 voltios. El consumo total de corriente de las líneas de suministro es de 46 vatios.

PRECAUCION

No intente usar esta combinación con corriente continua (C.C.) o con ninguna fuente de corriente fuera de la especificada previamente para evitar daño serio. Un transformador especial puede obtenerse de su vendedor permitiendo un uso de 250 voltios de C.A.

INSTALLATION, OPERATING AND SERVICE INSTRUCTIONS**GENERAL**

After the combination has been unpacked, remove the paper tape used for protection of the chassis in shipment.

The receiver employs a highly developed superheterodyne circuit tuning over the following standard broadcast and shortwave bands: 545 to 1520 kilocycles (550 to 197 meters), 2350 to 7100 kilocycles (43.5 to 13.6 meters), 2350 to 7100 kilocycles (43.5 to 13.6 meters).

POWER SUPPLY

This combination is designed for operation on either 50 or 60 cycle 105-120 volt alternating current (A.C.)

Total current consumption from the power lines is 46 watts.

CAUTION:

Do not attempt to use this combination on direct current (D.C.) or any current source other than that specified above otherwise serious damage will result. A special transformer obtainable from your dealer will permit use on 200 to 250 volt A.C. lines.

METHODE D'INSTALLATION, OPERATION ET SERVICE**GENERALITES**

Après avoir déballé le poste-combinaison, les bandes de papier utilisées pour la protection du chasis durant le transport devront être enlevées.

Le poste emploie un circuit hautement développé superhétérodyne dont la bande de sélection couvre les gammes de radiodiffusion normales et les ondes courtes suivantes: de 545 à 1520 kilocycles (de 550 à 197 mètres), de 2350 à 7100 kilocycles (de 127.7 à 42.3 mètres) et 2350 à 7100 kilocycles (de 43.5 à 13.6 mètres).

SOURCE DE PUISSANCE

Cette combinaison fonctionne sur courant alternatif de 50 ou 60 cycles, 105-120 volts.

La consommation totale des lignes de puissance est de 46 watts.

PRECAUTION:

N'essayez pas d'employer cette combinaison sur courant continu ou sur courant plus haut, sinon de sérieux dégâts résulteront. Un transformateur spécial, à obtenir chez votre fournisseur, en permettra l'usage sur les lignes A.C. de 200 à 250 volts.

puede ser obtenida haciendo una buena conexión a un caño de agua o radiador. Conecte la bajada a tierra al alambre marcado "Gnd" en la parte posterior del chasis.

INTERRUPTOR FONOGRAFO-RADIO

El interruptor Fono-Radio es del tipo de botón de presión de doble acción.

Para tocar discos el botón debe ser introducido por presión. Presionando el botón una segunda vez lo volverá a la posición de Radio. (Vea la figura 1.)

SINTONIZACION

La figura 1 indica la posición de las perillas de control de sintonización y de volumen. Para poner el instrumento en funcionamiento, gire la perilla de control de volumen hacia la derecha. Esto pondrá en funcionamiento el aparato. Espere unos 30 segundos para que las válvulas alcancen la temperatura de funcionamiento.

Para sintonizar el aparato, gire la perilla de Control de Volumen lentamente a la estación deseada. Reajuste la perilla de Control de Volumen hacia la derecha o hacia la izquierda hasta atenuar el volumen deseado. Para desconectar el receptor (OFF) gire la perilla de Control de Volumen todo lo que pueda hacia la izquierda, o hasta que oiga un ruido "clic."

El receptor tiene tres escalas de sintonización, cualquiera de las cuales puede ser seleccionada por medio del Interruptor de Banda (Vea la Fig. 1). La banda en uso estará indicada por el indicador del Interruptor de Banda.

Las estaciones de onda corta deberán ser sintonizadas girando la Perilla de Sintonización muy lentamente. El receptor es muy selectivo a las frecuencias más altas (ondas cortas).

La luz del día tiene una decidida influencia sobre la recepción de las estaciones de onda corta. Las diferentes longitudes de onda tienen mayor eficacia a diferentes horas del día. Use la tabla siguiente de guía para sintonizar.

SHORT WAVE BAND	TIME OF BEST RECEPTION
16 meters	1 A.M. (Dawn hours)
19 and 23 meters	2 P.M. (Afternoon)
25 meters	3 P.M. (Early evening)
31 and 36 meters	4 P.M. (Late evening)

ing the pipe at that point. A suitable ground may also be obtained by making a good connection to a water pipe or radiator. Connect the ground lead-in to the wire marked "Gnd" at the rear of chassis.

PHONO-RADIO SWITCH

The Phono-Radio switch is of the double acting push button type.

To play records, the button must be pushed in. Pushing the button at second time will return it to the Radio position. (See Figure 1.)

TUNING

Figure 1 shows the position of Tuning and Volume Control knobs. To place the instrument in operation, turn the Volume Control knob to the right. This will turn on the set. Allow about 30 seconds for the tubes to reach operating temperature.

To tune the set, turn the Tuning Control knob slowly to the desired station. Readjust the Volume Control knob to the right or left for the desired volume. To turn the receiver OFF rotate the Volume Control knob as far as it will go to the left, or until a "click" is heard.

The receiver has three tuning ranges, any one of which may be selected by means of the Band Switch (see Fig. 1). The band in use will be indicated by the Band Switch pointer.

Short wave stations must be tuned in by turning the Tuning Knob very slowly. The receiver is very selective at the higher frequencies (short waves).

Daylight has a decided effect on the reception of short wave stations. Different wave lengths are most effective at different times of the day. Use the following table as a guide in tuning.

d'eau ou à un radiateur. Branchez le fil de prise au fil marqué "Gnd" au dos du chassis.

COMMUTATEUR PHONO-RADIO.

Le commutateur Phono-Radio est du type bouton-poussoir à action double. Pour faire jouer les disques, appuyez sur le bouton. Appuyez une seconde fois et la poste sera remise à la position Radio. (Voyez la figure 1.)

ACCORD

La figure 1 montre la position des boutons d'accord et de régulation d'amplification. Pour mettre l'appareil en fonction, tournez le bouton du régulateur d'amplification vers la droite. Ceci mettra le poste en opération. Laissez les tubes se chauffer 30 secondes environ afin d'arriver à température de réception.

Pour obtenir la station voulue, tournez le bouton d'accord lentement jusqu'au point désiré. Ajustez à nouveau le bouton du régulateur d'amplification vers la droite, ou la gauche jusqu'au volume convenable. Pour en cesser l'usage, tournez le bouton du régulateur d'amplification autant que possible, jusqu'à provoquer un déclic.

Ce poste a trois échelles d'accord; chacune d'entre elles peut être choisie par moyen du commutateur de bande (voir figure 1). La bande en usage est indiquée par l'aiguille du commutateur de bande.

La réception des stations à ondes courtes se fera en tournant le bouton d'accord très lentement. Le récepteur est très sélectif aux très hautes fréquences (ondes courtes).

La lumière du jour a un effet décidé quant à la réception des stations à ondes courtes. Les longueurs d'ondes diverses auront leur meilleure réception à des heures diverses. Employez la table suivante comme guide pour la sintonisation.

TUBES

Les tubes suivants sont employés pour cette combinaison:
12SA7GT 50L6GT
12SK7GT 3Z5SGT 7E7

Las siguientes válvulas se emplean en esta combinación:
12SA7GT 50L6GT
12SK7GT 3Z5SGT 7E7

La figure 4 indica la posición correcta de cada válvula en su respectivo porta válvulas.

FUNCIONAMIENTO DEL CAMBIA-DISCOS AUTOMATICO ZENITH CON BRAZO DE TONO COBRA

Su Cambia-Discos Automático Zenith es un mecanismo nuevo muy mejorado equiparlo con el "pick-up" revolucionario Cobra, una característica exclusiva de Zenith produce como resultado de muchos años de investigación y de desarrollo. Controles eléctricos ponen en funcionamiento su mecanismo de Comenzo-De-

lamping (3 1/2 segundos), por medio de un botón de presión situado en el tablero de control de recepción. El sensorial Pick-up Radiónico Cobra tiene un "pick-

The following tubes are employed in this combination:
12SA7GT 50L6GT
12SK7GT 3Z5SGT 7E7

Figure 4 shows the correct position of each tube in its respective socket.

OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS FOR ZENITH AUTOMATIC RECORD CHANGER WITH COBRA TONE ARM GENERAL

Your Zenith Automatic Record Changer is a new, highly improved mechanism equipped with the new revolutionary Cobra pickup an exclusive Zenith feature, produced as the result of many years of research and development. Electric controls trip its Start-Stop mechanism with lightning speed (3 1/2 seconds) by a push button on the receiver control panel.

Ce pick-up radionique Cobra a le nouveau "Filament Flottant" qui allonge la durée d'usage d'un disque par mille pour cent et révèle une beauté de ton inconnue jusqu'ici et qui

La figure 4 montre la position propre à chaque tube dans son support respectif.

INSTRUCTIONS POUR L'EMPLOI DU CHANGE-DISQUES AUTOMATIQUE ZENITH AVEC BRAS-ACOUSTIQUE A SONORITE COBRA

GENERALITES

Votre Change-Disques Automatique Zenith est un nouvel appareil, beaucoup amélioré, un perfectionnement révolutionnaire produit exclusivement par Zenith après de nombreuses années de recherches et de développement. Des commandes électriques déclenchent son mécanisme d'appel Start-Stop avec la rapidité de l'éclair (3 secondes et demie) au moyen d'un bouton récepteur.

Ce pick-up radionique Cobra a le nouveau "Filament Flottant" qui allonge la durée d'usage d'un disque par mille pour cent et révèle une beauté de ton inconnue jusqu'ici et qui

TUBES

The following tubes are employed in this combination:
12SA7GT 50L6GT
12SK7GT 3Z5SGT 7E7

Figure 4 shows the correct position of each tube in its respective socket.

OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS FOR ZENITH AUTOMATIC RECORD CHANGER WITH COBRA TONE ARM GENERAL

Your Zenith Automatic Record Changer is a new, highly improved mechanism equipped with the new revolutionary Cobra pickup an exclusive Zenith feature, produced as the result of many years of research and development. Electric controls trip its Start-Stop mechanism with lightning speed (3 1/2 seconds) by a push button on the receiver control panel.

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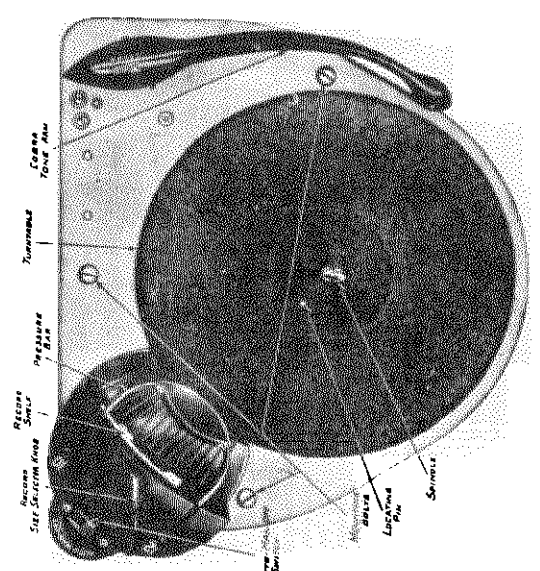


Fig. 2. Record Changer Top View

ZENITH RADIO CORP.

COMMENT FAIRE FONCTIONNER L'APPAREIL

A. Mise de Disques Four Fonctionnement Automatique

1. Placez le BOUTON SE-LECTEUR DE GRAND DEUR DE DISQUES, soit à 10, soit à 12 d'après la taille des disques que vous allez jouer. Ne mettez pas de disques de grandeurs différentes.
2. Elevez la BARRE D'APPUI aussi haut que possible.
3. Appuyez légèrement et tournez le fusseau dans la direction opposée à celle des aiguilles d'une montre jusqu'à la position "LOAD" (MISE).
4. Placez la pile de disques (jusqu'à 12 disques de 25 cms — ou 10 disques de 30 cms) sur le fusseau.
5. Remettez la BARRE D'APPUI sur la pile de disques.

B. Mise en Fonction du Change-Discs

1. Appuyez sur le bouton PHONO-RADIO au panneau du récepteur.
2. Placez le commutateur "AUTO - MAN - OFF" du Change-Discs à la position AUTO.
3. Appuyez sur le bouton CHANGE-DISQUES sur le panneau du récepteur. Quand vous voudrez rejeter un disque, vous n'aurez qu'à appuyer sur le bouton CHANGE-DISQUES au panneau du récepteur. Ceci mettra le disque suivant en jeu.

C. Arret du Change-Discs.

1. Il faut que l'aiguille soit en position pour le jeu (en contact avec le disque).
2. Placez le commutateur AUTO-MAN-OFF à la position OFF.



HOW TO OPERATE

A. Loading for Automatic Operation

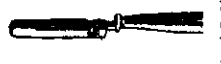
1. Set RECORD SIZE SELECTOR KNOB to either 10 or 12, depending on the size of record you wish to play. DO NOT INTERMIX 10 INCH AND 12 INCH RECORDS.
2. RAISE THE PRESSURE BAR up as far as it will go.
3. Press lightly and turn the SPINDLE counter-clockwise to the LOAD position.
4. Place the stack of records (up to twelve 10-inch or ten 12-inch) over the spindle.
5. Set the PRESSURE BAR down on the record stack.

B. Starting the Changer

1. Push PHONO-RADIO button on the receiver panel.
2. Set the AUTO - MAN - OFF switch on the Record Changer to AUTO.
3. Push the RECORD CHANGE button on the receiver panel. Should you desire to reject a record, it is only necessary to push the RECORD CHANGE button on the radio receiver panel. This will allow the next record to be played.

C. Turning the Changer Off

1. See that the needle-cartridge is in the playing position (in contact with the record).
2. Set the AUTO - MAN - OFF switch to OFF.
3. Lift the tone arm and move it to the rest position (that is, to the right of the turntable).



MANERA DE HACERLO FUNCIONAR

A. Cargamento Automático

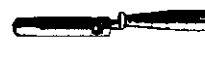
1. Colóquese la Perilla Selectora de Tamaño de Discos ya sea en 10 ó en 12, dependiendo del tamaño del disco que desee tocar. NO MEZCLE DISCOS DE 10 PULGADAS CON DISCOS DE 12 PULGADAS.
2. Elevése la Varilla de Presión lo más que sea posible.
3. Presiónese ligeramente y gírese el Vástago en sentido contrario al movimiento de las agujas de reloj hacia la posición de CARGA.
4. Colóquese la pila de discos (hasta doce de 10 pulgadas ó diez de 12 pulgadas) sobre el vástago.
5. Colóquese la Varilla de Presión sobre la pila de discos.

B. Modo de Poner en Marcha el Cambio-Discos

1. Empújese el botón FONORADIO situado en el tablero de recepción.
2. Colóquese el interruptor AUTO-MAN-OFF en el Cambio-Discos en posición AUTO.
3. Empújese el botón del Cambio-Discos situado en el tablero de recepción. Si quisiera suprimir un disco, sólo es necesario empujar el botón del Cambio-Discos situado en el tablero de recepción. Esto permitirá que sea tocado el disco siguiente.

C. Detención del Cambio-Discos

1. Cerciórese que la aguja está en la posición de tocar (en contacto con el disco).
2. Colóquese el interruptor AUTO-MAN-OFF en posición OFF.
3. Elevése el brazo de tono y muévelo hacia la posición de descanso (es decir, hacia la derecha de la placa giratoria).



n'est affectée ni par l'humidité, ni par les baisses et hausses de température. Le Change-Discs jouera automatiquement, soit 10 disques de 25 cms., soit 12 disques de 30 cms. Un programme continu de votre propre choix d'une durée de jeu de 45 minutes est désormais possible avec une seule mise de disques.

Le Change-Discs est muni d'un moteur synchrone à démarrage automatique qui tourne à une vitesse de 78 RPM. Le change-disques peut être utilisé sur un courant alternatif de 50, soit de 60 cycles en changeant la douille du moteur.

FONCTIONNEMENT DU CHANGE-DISQUES

Le Change-Discs a été emballé avec soin afin d'éviter d'être endommagé durant le transport et les papiers et autres matériaux d'emballage seront enlevés avant d'essayer de faire fonctionner l'appareil. Lisez attentivement toutes les étiquettes et enlevez les bandes d'emballage, les boulons, etc.

Servez-vous d'un tournevis à large lame et tournez les trois boulons de montage (voyez figure 2), dans la même direction que les aiguilles d'une montre jusqu'à ce que les têtes des boulons soient à ras de la plaque de montage. Ceci permettra au Change-Discs de "flotter" sur son support anti-choc.

Ne pas omettre d'enlever les bandes d'emballage afin que le pré-amplificateur-phonos puisse être balancé sans entraves sur sa monture de caoutchouc; sinon des audio-cris et des parasites microphoniques se feront entendre pendant la mise en jeu du Change-disques.

IMPORTANT

Le Change-Discs est emballé avec la douille phonos-moteur de 60 cycles en place. La douille à 50 cycles est attachée au Change-Discs et doit être installée avant d'essayer de faire fonctionner l'appareil sur un courant de 50 cycles.

The sensational Radiocin Cobra Pickup has the new "Floating Filament" that lengthens record life over 1000 per cent, detects tone beauty unheard of before and is not affected by humidity and temperature changes. The changer will automatically play either twelve 10 inch records or ten 12 inch records. A continuous program of your own selection with a playing time of 45 minutes is possible with one loading of the changer.

The changer is equipped with a synchronous self-starting motor which drives the turntable at 78 RPM. The changer may be operated on 50 or 60 cycle alternating current (A.C.) by changing the motor drive bushing.

PLACING THE RECORD CHANGER IN OPERATION

The Record Changer has been securely packed to avoid damage in shipment and all packing material must be removed before an attempt to operate it is made. Be sure to read all tags and remove packing strips, bolts, etc.

Use a wide blade screwdriver and turn the three mounting bolts (see Fig. 2) clockwise until the heads are flush with the mounting plate. This allows the changer to "float" on its shock mounts.

Do not fail to remove the packing strip to allow the phonos preamplifier to float freely on its rubber mounts or audio howl and microphonics will be heard when playing the Record Changer.

CAUTION

The Changer is shipped with the 60 cycle phonos motor bushing installed. The 50 cycle bushing is attached to the Changer and must be installed before operation on 50 cycle current is attempted.

mento "flotante" nuevo que extendiendo la duración del disco más del 1000 por ciento, revela bellas notas de tono no escuchadas hasta el presente y no es afectado por los cambios de temperatura y de humedad. El cambio-discos tocará automáticamente doce discos de 10 pulgadas ó diez de 12 pulgadas. Es posible un programa continuo de su propia selección de 45 minutos de duración con una sola carga del cambio-discos.

El cambio-discos está equipado con un motor sincrónico de comienzo automático que impulsa la placa giratoria porta-discos a 78 rpm. El cambio-discos puede hacerse funcionar con una corriente alterna (C.A.) de 50 ó 60 ciclos cambiando el manguito de la impulsión del motor.

PUESTA DEL CAMBIA-DISCOS EN FUNCIONAMIENTO

El Cambio-Discos ha sido embalado cuidadosamente para evitar ser dañado durante el embarque, debiéndose retirar todo el material de empaque antes de intentar ponerlo en funcionamiento. Asegúrese de leer todos los rótulos y eliminar todas las cintas de empaque, pernos, etc.

Utilice un destornillador de hoja ancha y rote los pernos de montaje (Fig. 2) en el sentido de las agujas del reloj hasta que las cabezas estén parejas con la plancha de montaje. Esto permite que el cambiador "flote" montado contra sacudidas.

No deje de remover la banda de empaque para permitir que el pre-amplificador fonos pueda moverse libremente sobre cauduchos; de lo contrario será oído el chillido del audio y microfonos cuando funcione el cambio-discos.

PRECAUCION

El Cambio-Discos es expedido con el manguito del motor del fonógrafo instalado para 60 ciclos. El manguito de 50 ciclos está unido al Cambio-Discos debiendo ser instalado antes de intentarse hacerlo funcionar con una corriente de 50 ciclos.

ZENITH RADIO CORP.

clage ou des renforcements parasites inégalement ordinaires que le disque a été endommagé par l'usage. Une rapide usure de disques neufs et la présence de bruits parasites dépendra de la qualité de la manufacture, du type de musique enregistrée et du soin que l'on aura pris du disque. Une couche de cire très mince sur le disque éliminera le grincement causé par le frottement du disque contre le fureau si cette condition existe.

SOIN DE DISQUES

Très peu d'effort de votre part vous assurera d'une longue durée pour vos disques. Ne les exposez pas à la chaleur du soleil, des radiateurs ou des fourneaux. Gardez vos disques dans des albums en un endroit frais et sec et placez-les, soit horizontalement, soit verticalement. Epoussetez-les avec un chiffon fin et un léger mouvement circulaire. Une couche de poussière, quelque légère qu'elle soit, contient souvent des particules abrasives, qui, lorsqu'elles sont écrasées sur la surface du disque par l'action de l'aiguille, l'endommageront rapidement.

Important

Ne laissez jamais les disques sur le fureau lorsque vous n'employez pas le Change - Disques. Cela pourrait faire gauchir et fausser les disques et démonter le Change - Disques.

CHANGEMENT DE LA CARTOUCHE A AIGUILLE

S'il est nécessaire de changer la cartouche à aiguilles, soit qu'elle soit usée ou qu'elle ait été endommagée, étudiez la figure 3 et faites ce qui suit:

a worn record. The amount of wear and background noise on new records will vary depending on the quality of manufacture, type of music recorded and care given the records. A very thin coat of wax on the spindle will eliminate squeaking caused by friction between the spindle and records (should this condition exist).

CARE OF RECORDS

Small effort on your part will insure long life for your records. Do not expose them to heat from the sun, radiators or stoves. Store your records in albums in a cool, dry place resting vertically or horizontally. Remove dust and dirt with a soft cloth using a light circular motion. Even a fine film of dust often contains abrasive particles which, when ground against the record surface by the needle can cause very rapid wear.

Important

Never allow records to remain on the spindle when the Record Changer is not in use. To do so may result in warping and failure of the Changer to play such records.

CHANGING THE NEEDLE CARTRIDGE

If it becomes necessary to change the Needle Cartridge due to wear or mishandling, study Fig. 3 and proceed as follows.



Inserting Needle Cartridge



Needle Cartridge Out

Fig. 3. Replacing the Needle Cartridge

de fondo indica por lo general, un disco gastado. La cantidad de ruido de desgaste y de fondo en los discos nuevos variará de acuerdo con la calidad de fabricación, tipo de música grabada y el cuidado que se le presta a los discos. La colocación de una capa muy ligera de cera sobre el vástago eliminará el chibido causado por la fricción entre el vástago y los discos, toda vez que se presente este inconveniente.

CUIDADO DE LOS DISCOS

Un pequeño esfuerzo hecho por usted les asegurará una larga duración a sus discos. No los exponga al calor solar, de los radiadores o de las estufas. Guarde sus discos en álbumes en un sitio fresco y seco, en posición vertical u horizontal. Retire el polvo y la suciedad con un paño suave, empleando un movimiento circular. Mismo que frecuentemente partículas abrasivas, que cuando se mueven contra la superficie del disco por la aguja pueden ocasionar desgaste muy rápido.

Importante

Nunca deje permanecer a los discos sobre el vástago cuando no está en uso el Cambio-Discos pues podría ocasionar la combadura y la falla del Cambio-Discos para tocar tales discos.

CAMBIO DEL CARTUCHO DE AGUJAS

En caso de que se haga necesario cambiar el Cartucho de Aguja debido a desgaste o cuando inapropiada, estúdiese la Fig. 3 y procedase de la manera siguiente:

3. Levez le bras acoustique et mettez-le à la position de repos, c'est-à-dire à la droite du plateau tourne-disques.

D. Pour enlever la pile de disques du plateau après avoir joué le dernier disque, faites ce qui suit:

1. Tournez le commutateur à la position OFF, comme on l'a décrit plus haut au paragraphe C.

2. Levez la BARRE D'APPUI aussi haut que possible.

3. Appuyez légèrement et tournez le fureau dans la même direction que les aiguilles d'une manivelle "clockwise" jusqu'à la position UNLOAD.

4. Levez la pile de disques, ou autant d'entre eux que vous voulez soulever facilement, tout d'un coup jusqu'à ce que les disques soient entièrement dégagés du fureau.

Fonctionnement Manuel.

Les disques faits chez soi ne sont pas prévus pour le jeu automatique et doivent être employés manuellement, c'est-à-dire séparément, comme sur un gramophone ordinaire, non automatique. Pour ce fonctionnement manuel, tournez le commutateur AUTO-MAN-OFF à la position MAN (voyez la figure 2).

Le bras acoustique est maintenant libre et vous pouvez le mouvoir à votre gré. Une aiguille de replet est placée sur le plateau tourne-disques pour les disques faits chez soi.

Change-Discos est Oublié au Action

Aucun dégat ne résultera si vous oubliez d'interrompre le Change-Discos après avoir joué tous vos disques. Il répètera le dernier jusqu'à ce que vous l'arrêtiez ou le remplaciez.

DISQUES BRUYANTS

Une sonorité défectueuse est causée d'habitude par une aiguille usagée. Un bruit de ra-

D. Unloading To remove the record stack from the turntable after the last record has been played, proceed as follows:

1. Turn the Record Changer OFF as described in paragraph C.

2. Raise the BAR as far up as it will go.

3. Press lightly and turn the SPINDLE clockwise to the UNLOAD position.

4. Raise the record stack, or as many records as you can conveniently handle STRAIGHT UP until the records are entirely clear of the spindle.

Manual Operation

Home recordings are not intended for automatic use and must be played manually, that is, singly as on a non-automatic record player. For manual operation set the AUTO-MAN-OFF switch to the MAN position (see Fig. 2). The tone arm is now free and may be moved at will. A loading pin is provided on the turntable for home recordings.

If the Changer is Left Running

No damage will be done if you forget to turn off the Changer after it has played the entire selection of records. It will repeat the last record until stopped or reloaded.

NOISY RECORDS

Poor tone is usually caused by a worn-needle cartridge, however, scratch and background noise usually indicates

D. Descarga Para retirar la pila de discos de la placa giratoria después de haber sido tocado el último disco, procedase de la siguiente manera:

1. Deténgase el Cambio-Discos de la manera descrita en el párrafo C.

2. Elevase la VARILLA DE PRESION lo más alto posible.

3. Presiónese ligeramente y gírese el VAS-TAGO en el sentido de las agujas de reloj hacia la posición de DESCARGA.

4. Levántese VERTICALMENTE toda la pila de discos o todos los discos que puede manipular convenientemente, hasta retirar los discos del vástago.

Fonctionnement Manuel

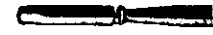
Las grabaciones hechas en la casa no son para uso automático, debiendo ser tocadas manualmente; es decir, por separado, como se hace en un tocadiscos no automático. Para funcionamiento manual colóquese el interruptor AUTO-MAN-OFF en posición MAN (véase la Fig. 2). El brazo de tono quedará libre, pudiendo ser movido a voluntad. Se suministra una aguja de ubicación sobre la placa giratoria para las grabaciones hechas en la casa.

Si se Deje el Cambio-Discos Funcionando

No se producirá daño alguno si olvida de detener el Cambio-Discos después que haya tocado toda la selección de discos. Repetirá el último disco hasta ser detenido o vuelto a cargar.

DISCOS RUIDOSOS

Si bien una tonalidad mala es ocasionada por una aguja gastada, el ruido de rayado y



Unloading Position



Unloading Position

1. Colóquese el interruptor OFF-MAN-AUTO en posición OFF.

2. Elévese el BRAZO DE TONO.

3. Tómese el CARTUCHO DE AGUJAS rojo con la punta de los dedos y retíresela suavemente hacia fuera en línea recta.

4. Insértese un nuevo CARTUCHO DE AGUJAS y empújela hacia adentro suavemente con el pulgar. El Cartucho es graduado, pudiendo sólo ser insertado en un sentido. Póngase cuidado, pues forzando el cartucho en un ángulo inapropiado dañará la ranura.

1. Set the OFF - MAN - AUTO switch to OFF.

2. Raise the TONE ARM.

3. Grasp the red NEEDLE CARTRIDGE with the finger tips and gently pull it straight out.

4. Insert a new Needle Cartridge and push it in gently with the thumb. The Cartridge is indexed and can only be inserted one way. Use care — forcing the cartridge in at the wrong angle will damage the socket.

1. Tournez le commutateur AUTO-MAN-OFF à position OFF.

2. Levez le bras acoustique.

3. Saisissez la cartouche à aiguilles rouge entre le bout des doigts et tirez doucement tout droit.

4. Insérez une nouvelle cartouche et enfoncez-la lentement avec le pouce.

La cartouche est marquée et ne peut être mise en place que d'une seule façon. Faites-le avec soin. Si vous enfoncez la cartouche de-biais avec force le porte-aiguille sera endommagé.

SERVICE DATA

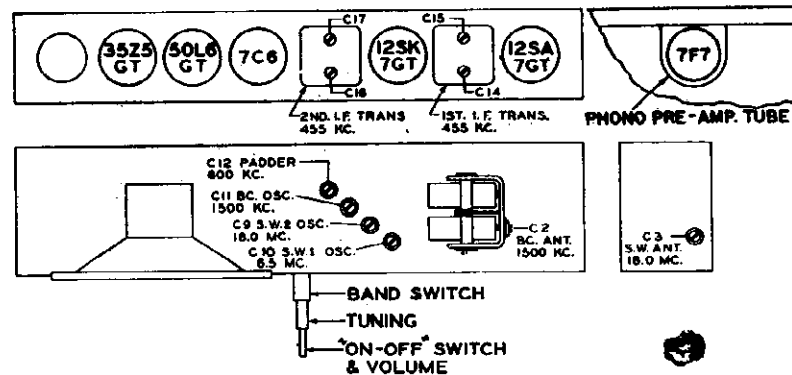


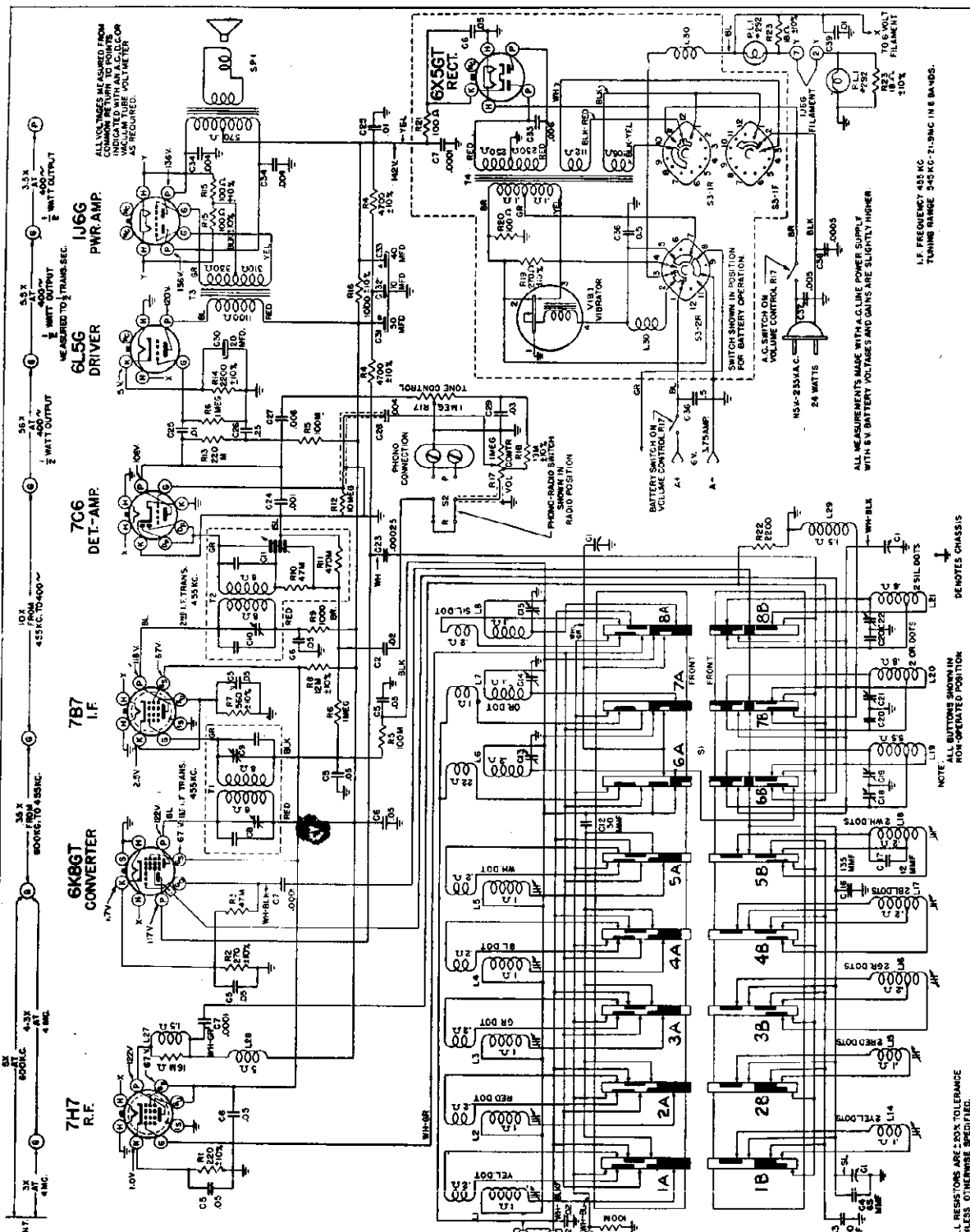
Fig. 4. Tube and Trimmer Positions

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

Opr.	Connect Osc. to	Dummy Ant.	Input Sig. Frequency	Band	Set Dial at	Trimmers	Purpose
1	1st Det. Grid	.1 mfd.	455 kc.	BC	600 kc.	C14, 15, 16 and 17	Align I.F.
2	Antenna and Ground	200 mmfd.	1500 kc.	BC	1500 kc.	C11	Set Osc. to Dial Scale
3	Antenna and Ground	200 mmfd.	1500 kc.	BC	1500 kc.	C2	Align Antenna
4	Antenna and Ground	200 mmfd.	600 kc.	BC	Rock at 600 kc.	C12	Padder
5	Antenna and Ground	400 ohms	6.5 mc.	SW1	6.5 mc.	C10	Align SW2
6	Antenna and Ground	400 ohms	18 mc.	SW2	18 mc.	C9	Set Osc. to Dial Scale
7	Antenna and Ground	400 ohms	18 mc.	SW2	18 mc.	C3	Align Antenna

MODEL 7J045T
Chassis 7C61T

ZENITH RADIO CORP.



I.F. FREQUENCY 485 KC
TUNING RANGE 340 KC-2.1 MC IN 8 BANDS.

ALL MEASUREMENTS MADE WITH A C.L.I.N.E. POWER SUPPLY
WITH 5-V. BATTERY VOLTAGES AND GAINS ARE SLIGHTLY HIGHER

NOTE: ALL BUTTONS SHOWN IN
NON-OPERATED POSITION
DENOTES CHASSIS

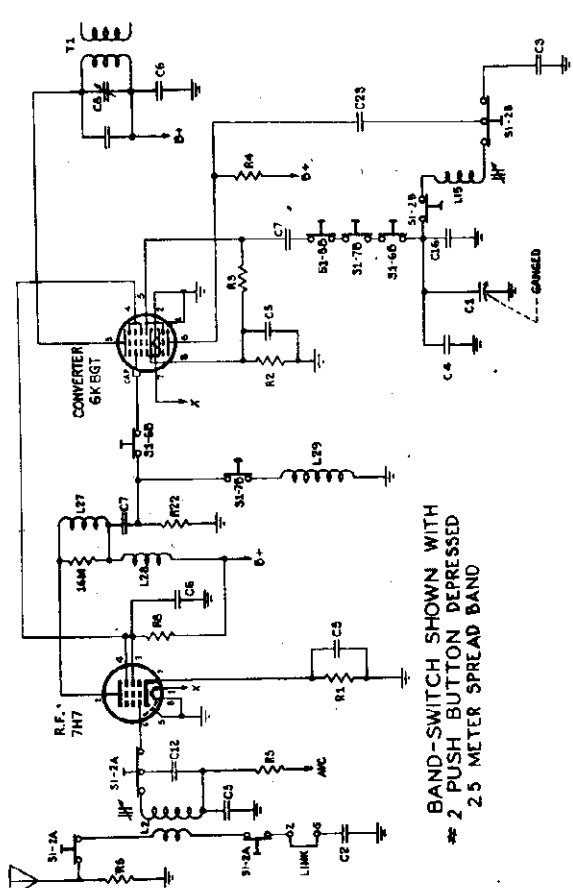
PUSHBUTTON SWITCH LABELED TO
IA, IB, ETC. FOR REFERENCE TO
CLARIFIED SCHEMATICS

ALL RESISTORS ARE ± 5% TOLERANCE
UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.

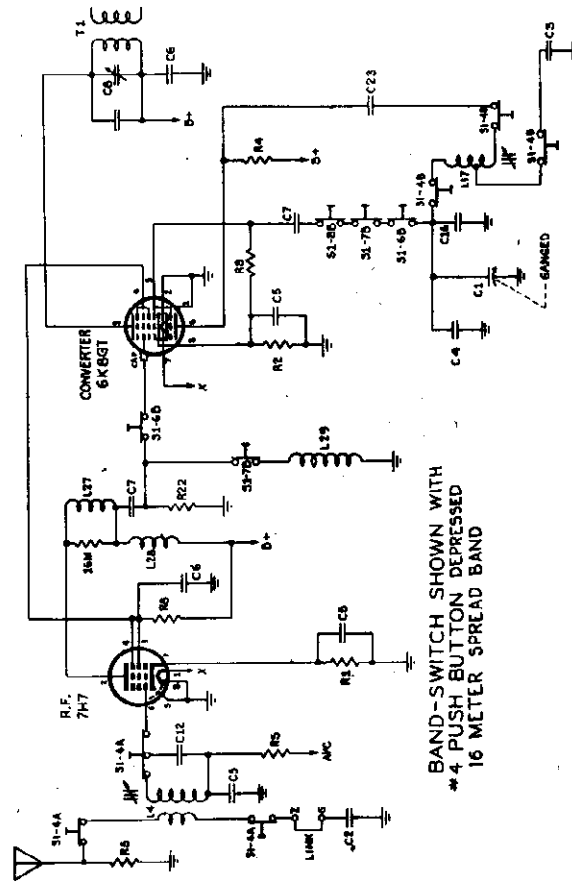
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100-99	100-99	1
100-100	100-100	1

QTY.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	DESCRIPTION
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1	100-12	1	100-12
1	100-13	1	100-13
1	100-14	1	100-14
1	100-15	1	100-15
1	100-16	1	100-16
1	100-17	1	100-17
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1	100-96	1	100-96
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1	100-99	1	100-99
1	100-100	1	100-100

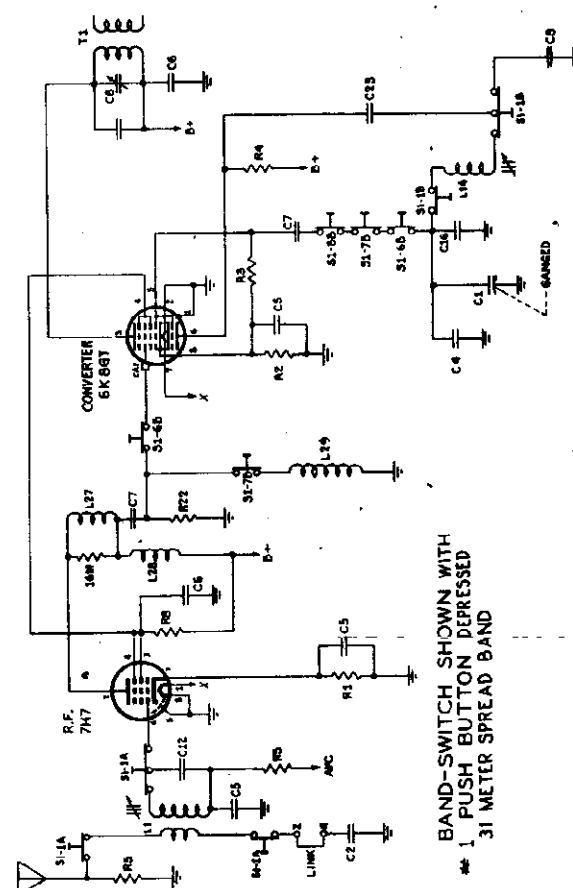
ZENITH RADIO CORP.



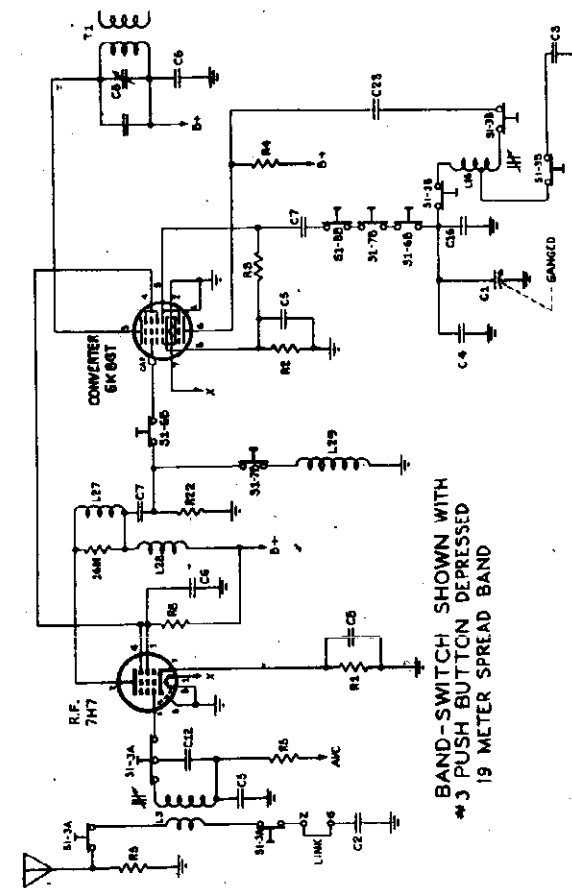
BAND-SWITCH SHOWN WITH
2 PUSH BUTTON DEPRESSED
2.5 METER SPREAD BAND



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN WITH
4 PUSH BUTTON DEPRESSED
16 METER SPREAD BAND



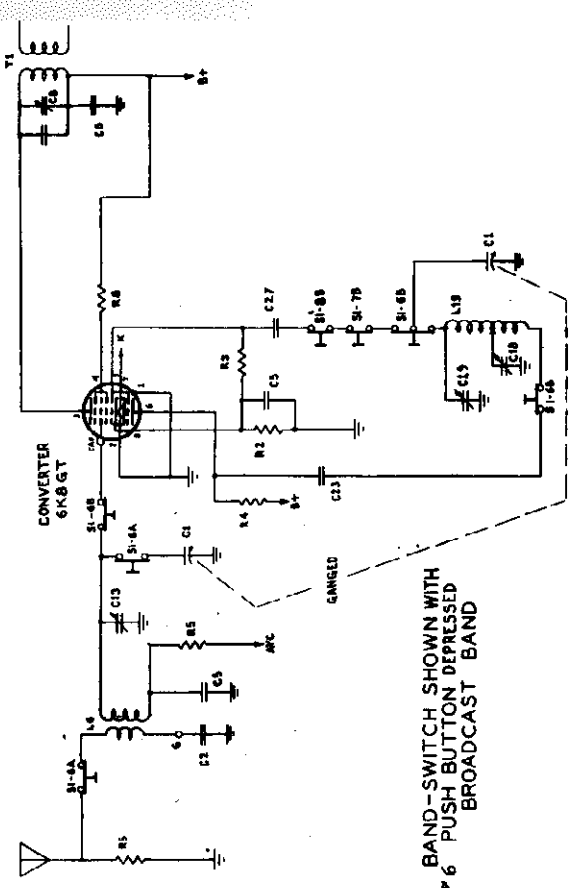
BAND-SWITCH SHOWN WITH
1 PUSH BUTTON DEPRESSED
31 METER SPREAD BAND



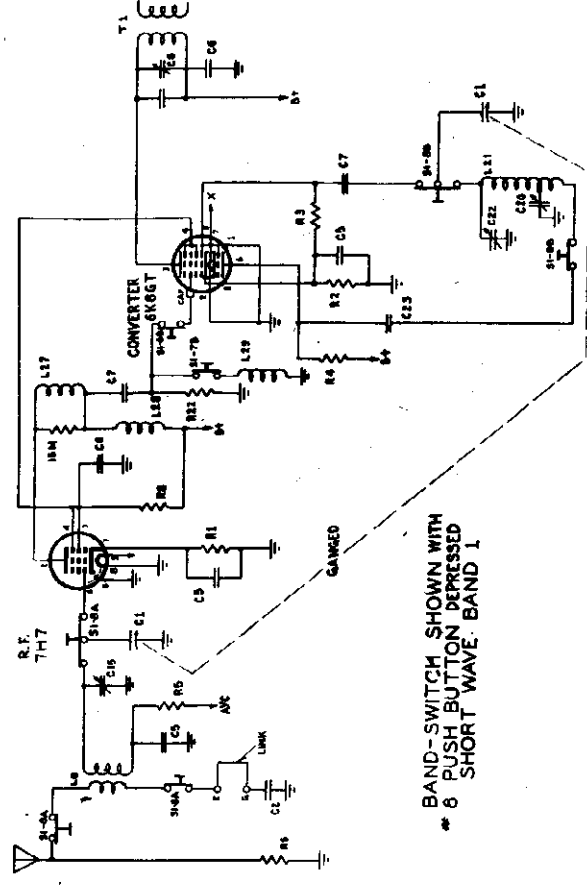
BAND-SWITCH SHOWN WITH
3 PUSH BUTTON DEPRESSED
19 METER SPREAD BAND

"clarified schematics"

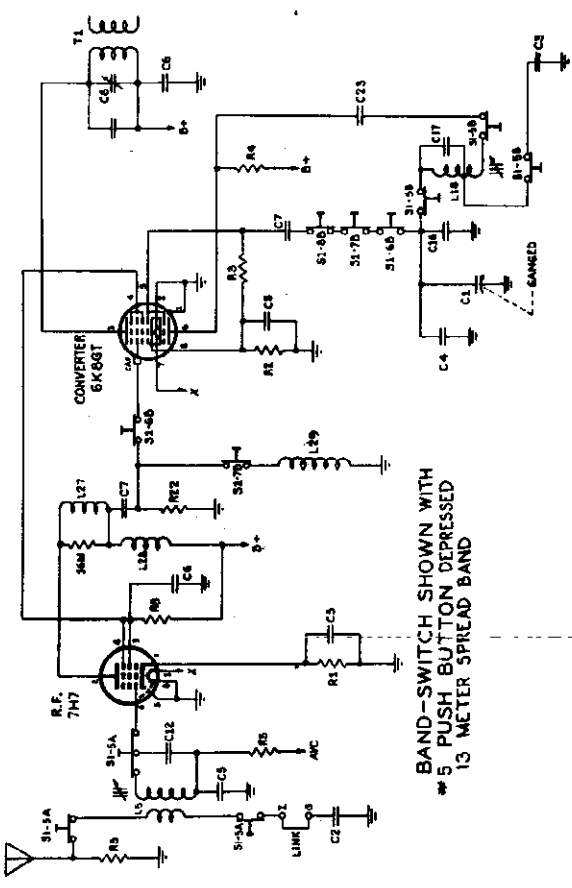
ZENITH RADIO CORP.



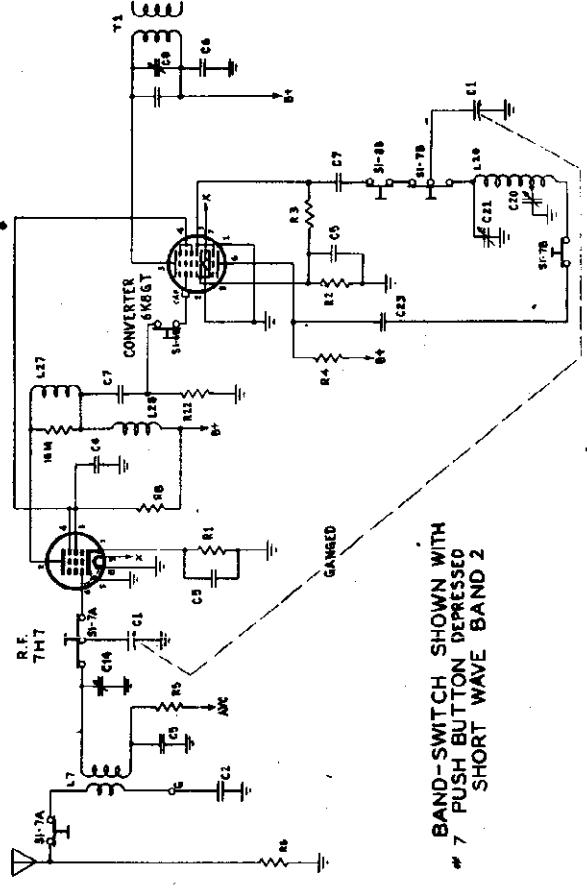
BAND-SWITCH SHOWN WITH
6 PUSH BUTTON DEPRESSED
BROADCAST BAND



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN WITH
6 PUSH BUTTON DEPRESSED
SHORT WAVE BAND 1



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN WITH
5 PUSH BUTTON DEPRESSED
13 METER SPREAD BAND



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN WITH
7 PUSH BUTTON DEPRESSED
SHORT WAVE BAND 2

ZENITH RADIO CORP.

MODEL NO. 7J045T
Chassis No. 7C617

**INSTRUCCIONES PARA LA
INSTALACION Y
FUNCIONAMIENTO**

INFORMACION GENERAL

Este receptor es un moderno aparato superheterodino de 7 válvulas, con una gama de ondas comprendiendo frecuencias entre 545 y 21,900 Kilociclos. Esta gama de ondas está dividida en tres bandas, marcadas en el cuadro como sigue: "Broadcast" — "Short Wave 1" — "Short Wave 2." La mayor facilidad de sintonización en la onda corta en las cinco escalas adicionales, incorporando las bandas de 13, 16, 19, 25 y 31 metros, se obtiene por medio de ampliación de banda, la cual permite que las estaciones de onda corta se sintonicen con la misma facilidad que las estaciones locales.

**INSTALLATION, OPERATING
AND SERVICE INSTRUCTIONS**

GENERAL

This receiver is a modern 7-tube superheterodyne with tuning ranges covering frequencies between 545 k.c. and 21,900 k.c. This tuning range is divided into three bands which are labeled on the dial scale "Broadcast" — "Short Wave 1" and "Short Wave 2." Extreme ease of tuning over the short wave band is provided by means of five additional tuning ranges covering the 13, 16, 19, 25 and 31 meter bands with a band spread arrangement which allows short wave stations to be tuned in as easily as stations on the broadcast band.

CAUTION: Make sure that the bolts supporting the chassis during shipment are loosened sufficiently to allow the chassis to float freely before the receiver is placed in operation.

POWER SUPPLY

This receiver may be adjusted for use on either a 115 volt, 40 to 60 cycle power supply, 235 volt 40 to 60 cycle power supply, or a 6-volt storage battery by means of the switch on the rear of the chassis.

When a storage battery is used as the source of power, care should be taken that the RED battery lead of the receiver is connected to the positive (+) terminal of the battery, and the BLACK lead to the

**INSTRUCTIONS POUR
INSTALLATION ET
FONCTIONNEMENT**

GENERALITES

Poste de T.S.F. superhétérodyne de 7 lampes avec réglages couvrant les périodes entre 545 et 21,900 k.c. L'échelle de sélection est divisée en trois gammes marquées sur le vernier "Broadcast" — "Ondes courtes 1" et "Ondes courtes 2." La sélection des stations en ondes courtes se fait aussi facilement que celle sur ondes longues, grâce à 5 échelles différentes pourvues d'une extension de 13, 16, 19, 25 et 31 mètres.

PRECAUTION: Assurez-vous que les boulons qui supportent le châssis en route soient suffisamment lâches pour permettre qu'il flotte librement avant que le poste soit mis en fonction.

SOURCE D'ALIMENTATION

Ce poste récepteur peut être ajusté pour être utilisé sur une source d'alimentation de 115 volts, de 40 à 60 périodes, ou sur une de 235 volts de 40 à 60 périodes ou encore sur un accu de 6 volts, au moyen du commutateur qui se trouve au dos du châssis.

Quand on utilise un accumulateur comme source d'alimentation, on doit faire attention que le fil rouge au dos du récepteur soit branché à la borne positive (+) de l'accumulateur, et le fil noir, à la borne négative (—).

Quando se utiliza un acumulador como fuente de energía, conectese el alambre ROJO del receptor al polo positivo (+) del acumulador, y el alambre NEGRO del receptor al polo negativo (—).

Si el receptor produce un zumbido constante cuando está conectado con corriente alterna, inviértase el tomacorriente en el zócalo de la pared.

¡OJO! BAJO NINGUNA CIRCUNSTANCIA HA DE CONECTARSE EL RECEPTOR A CORRIENTE CONTINUA (C.C.) POR CAUSAR ESTO DAÑOS IRREPARABLES.

Si un grandement se produit dans le récepteur après qu'il ait été branché à une source d'alimentation de courant alternatif, changez la position de la fiche dans le réceptacle monté dans la cloison.

PRECAUTION: CE RECEPTEUR DE T.S.F. NE DOIT SOUS AUCUN PRETEXTE ETRE BRANCHE A UNE SOURCE DE COURANT CONTINU (C.C.) POUR EVITER DES DOMMAGES SERIEUX.

TUBES

The following tubes are used (See Fig. 2)
7C6
6L5G
6X8GT
7B7

LAMPES

Il emploie les lampes suivantes (Voir Fig. 2):
7C6
6L5G
6X8GT
7B7

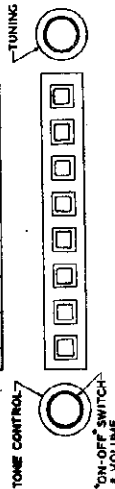
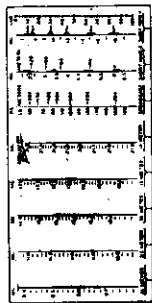


FIG. 1. Controls

When using a doublet antenna the twisted pair should be connected to terminals A and Z on the rear of the chassis, and the connecting link between terminals Z and G should be removed.

When using a single wire antenna, the lead-in is connected to terminal A, the connecting link between terminals Z and G is left in place and a good ground connection should be connected to terminal G. The antenna should be placed from 50 to 100 feet in length, and placed as high as possible. Too long an antenna may cause interference between stations, while too

When using a doublet antenna "Doublet" les fils doivent être branchés aux bornes A et Z au dos du châssis, et le contacteur entre les bornes Z et G doit être enlevé.

Quand l'antenne que l'on utilise à un seul fil, il doit être branché à la borne A, le contacteur entre Z et G laissé en place et une bonne prise de terre faite à la borne G. L'antenne doit avoir de 50 à 100 pieds de long et installée aussi haut que possible. Une antenne trop longue peut causer des interférences entre les stations, tandis qu'une trop courte donnera une réception

metros de largo y tiene que edo- como sea alto fuera del edificio reception from the weaker stations. Never connect an old antenna to your receiver without a thorough examination first being made to determine its condition, as the connections may be broken or corroded and cause very unsatisfactory reception.

OPERATION
The position and purpose of the control knobs are shown in Fig. 1. The use of each is as follows:
Volume and On-Off Switch — Rotation to the right turns the receiver on. Approximately 30 seconds is required for the tubes to heat before reception will be obtained. Continued rotation of this control regulates the volume.

Band Switches — The 8 push buttons at the bottom of the escudo determine which tuning range is in use. Merely press the button corresponding to the wave band over which tuning is desired. The dial scale immediately above the button which has been pressed will then be in use.

Tuning — The right hand knob is used to tune over the various dial scales. All tuning should be done very slowly and carefully so as not to pass over the weaker more distant stations. The internal fly wheel arrangement is used to provide an easy means of moving rapidly from one portion of the scale to another. Merely spin the knob in the direction required, the fly wheel will keep it in rotation until the desired portion of the scale is reached after which a slight pressure on the knob will stop further rotation.

When tuning for a station move the pointer over the signal in both directions and set it at the point of maximum volume, least noise and clearest tone. Daylight has a decided effect on the reception of short wave stations and different wave lengths are most effective at different times of the day. The following table may be used as a

guide for listening at different times during the day or night.

SHORT WAVE BAND	TIME OF BEST RECEPTION
15 meters and below	A.M. (Morning hours)
19 and 21 meters	P.M. (Afternoon)
25 and 31 meters	P.M. (Early evening)
31 and 49 meters	P.M. (Late evening)

COMANDO DE TONALITE
La commande de tonalité procure un moyen de combiner les notes basses avec les aigües et permet aussi de changer la tonalité du récepteur à son gré.

PHONO
Le récepteur peut être utilisé comme un excellent amplificateur de phono en branchant le pickup de bonne impédance aux bornes du phono au dos du châssis et en plaçant le commutateur radio-phono qui se trouve aussi au dos du châssis dans la position "phono." Les commandes de volume et de tonalité sont très efficaces dans la reproduction phonographique.

Quando se está sintonizando una estación, muevase la aguja sobre la señal en ambas direcciones hasta encontrar el punto de mayor intensidad, menor ruido y mayor claridad de tono. La luz del día tiene una decidida influencia sobre la recepción de la onda corta, y diferentes longitudes de onda alcanzan mayor eficacia a diferentes horas del día. El cuadro a la derecha puede ser usado como guía para sintonizar a diferentes horas del día y la noche.

REGULADOR DE TONO
El regulador de tono proporciona un medio para variar la proporción de tonos altos y bajos y permite que el tono del receptor se cambie a gusto del radio-escucha.
Rotación a la izquierda aumenta la proporción de notas bajas y rotación a la derecha aumenta las notas altas.

FONOGRAFO
Este receptor puede ser usado como un excelente amplificador de fonógrafo conectando cualquier tocadiscos con un brazo acústico de alta impedancia a las terminales de alta frecuencia en la parte posterior de chasis y poniendo el conmutador de fonó-radio en la posición "phono." Los reguladores de volumen y tono del receptor se usan para regular la reproducción de discos.

La position et le but des boutons de commande sont montrés sur la Fig. 1. et leur utilisation est comme suit:
Commutateur Marche-Arrière et de Volume — Le récepteur est branché quand le bouton est tourné vers la droite. Trente secondes suffisent approximativement pour que les lampes puissent être chauffées avant que l'on obtienne une réception. On contrôle le volume en tournant le bouton d'avantage vers la droite.

Commutateur d'échelles — Les 8 boutons-poussoirs au bas de l'échelon indiquent l'échelle utilisée. Pressez simplement sur un bouton pour obtenir l'échelle que l'on désire. Immédiatement le vernier qui se trouve au-dessus du bouton sera mis en utilisation.
Sélection — Le bouton à droite sert à faire la sélection des diverses échelles sur le vernier. La sélection doit être faite doucement et soigneusement pour ne pas passer les stations faibles et lointaines. Une combinaison de roues à engrenages procure le moyen de faire le déplacement d'un bout à l'autre du vernier rapidement. Faites simplement tourner le bouton dans la direction voulue et le système de roues à engrenages continuera à tourner jusqu'à ce que l'on atteigne la partie du vernier que l'on désire, après quoi une légère pression sur le bouton arrêtera la rotation de ce dernier.

Quand on fait la sélection d'une station, placez l'aiguille-repère des deux côtés de la démarcation jusqu'à ce que l'on obtienne le volume maximum, le moindre bruit, et la tonalité la plus claire. La réception sur

ondas cortas est affecté définitivement par le jour, de même que celle sur différentes longueurs d'ondes est plus ou moins efficace à divers moments de la journée. Le graphique à gauche peut être utilisé comme guide d'écoute pour la réception à différents moments pendant le jour ou la nuit.

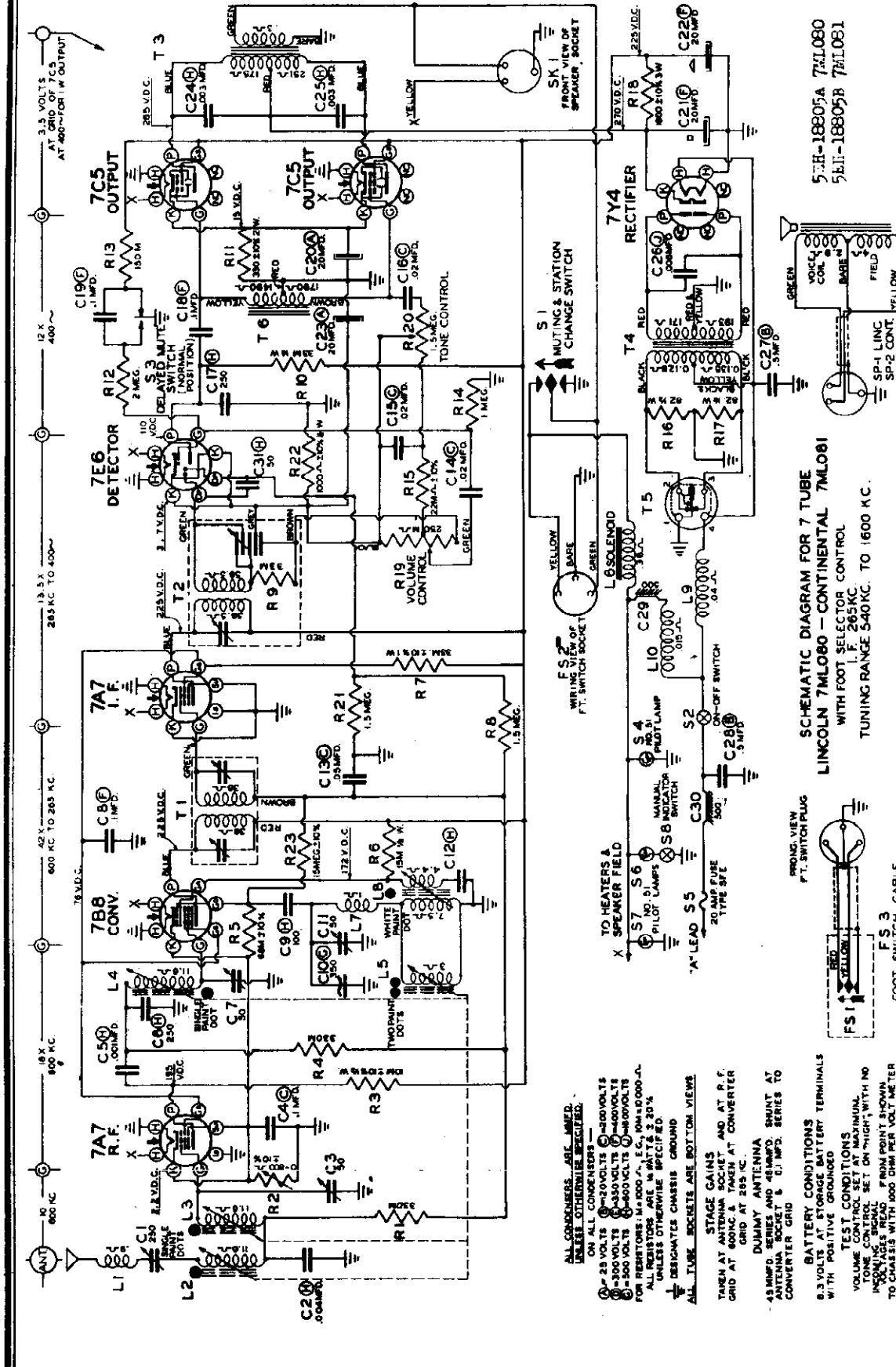
COMMANDE DE TONALITE
La commande de tonalité procure un moyen de combiner les notes basses avec les aigües et permet aussi de changer la tonalité du récepteur à son gré.

PHONO
Le récepteur peut être utilisé comme un excellent amplificateur de phono en branchant le pickup de bonne impédance aux bornes du phono au dos du châssis et en plaçant le commutateur radio-phono qui se trouve aussi au dos du châssis dans la position "phono." Les commandes de volume et de tonalité sont très efficaces dans la reproduction phonographique.

The receiver may be used as an excellent phono amplifier by connecting any good high impedance type phono pickup to the phono terminals on the rear of the chassis and placing the phono-radio switch on the rear of the chassis in the "phono" position. The volume and tone controls of the receiver will be effective on record reproduction

ZENITH RADIO CORP.

MODELS 7ML080 Lincoln
7ML081 Continental,
Chassis 7C80



52E-18805A 7ML080
52E-18805B 7ML081

SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM FOR 7 TUBE
LINCOLN 7ML080 - CONTINENTAL 7ML081
WITH FOOT SELECTOR CONTROL
I. F. 265KC.
TUNING RANGE 540KC. TO 1600 KC.

TUNING RANGE: 540-1600 Kc.
INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY: 265 Kc.
CURRENT CONSUMPTION: 8.5 amperes
INSTANTANEOUS CURRENT CON-
SUMPTION DURING AUTOMATIC
TUNING: 1.5 amperes

SENSITIVITY: 6 microvolts at one
watt output.
UNDISTORTED POWER OUTPUT:
7.5 watts measured at the voice coil.
SPEAKER: 6" x 9" oval, instrument
class type

- ALL CONDENSERS ARE MIN. UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.
- ON ALL CONDENSERS -
- 25 VOLTS 200 VOLTS
- 50 VOLTS 350 VOLTS
- 100 VOLTS 500 VOLTS
- FOR RESISTORS: 1/4 WATT, 1/2 WATT, 1 WATT, 2 WATT, 5 WATT, 10 WATT, 20 WATT, 50 WATT, 100 WATT, 250 WATT, 500 WATT, 1000 WATT, UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.
- ⊕ DESIGNATES CHASSIS GROUND
- ALL TUBE SOCKETS ARE BOTTOM VIEWS
- STAGE GAINS
- TAKEN AT ANTENNA SOCKET AND AT R.F. GRID AT 400KC. & TAKEN AT CONVERTER GRID AT 265 KC.
- DUMMY ANTENNA
- 45 MINFD. SERIES AND 45 MINFD. SHUNT AT ANTENNA SOCKET & C.I. MINFD. SHUNT AT CONVERTER GRID
- BATTERY CONDITIONS
- 0.3 VOLTS AT STORAGE BATTERY TERMINALS WITH POSITIVE GROUNDING
- TEST CONDITIONS
- VOLUME CONTROL SET ON MAXIMUM
- TONE CONTROL SET ON "HIGH" WITH NO INDICATOR
- INDICATOR READ FROM POINT SHOWN TO CHASSIS WITH 100 OHM PER VOLT METER

ZENITH RADIO CORP.

INTERFERENCE SUPPRESSION

There should be no motor noise or interference from the ignition circuit if the receiver has been installed in the car according to the instructions furnished with it. The interference suppression equipment may be checked for proper installation by referring to the following illustrations:

The two ignition coil condensers No. 22-1147 should be installed as shown in Figure 3 below.

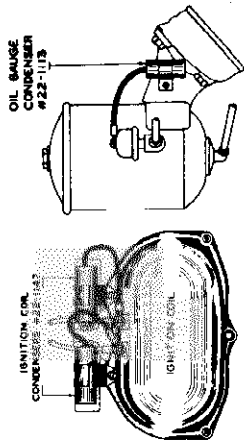


Fig. 3
 The oil gauge condenser No. 22-1113 should be installed as shown in Figure 4.

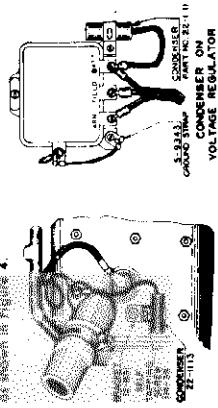


Fig. 5
 The temperature gauge condenser No. 22-1113 should be installed with its bracket fastened under one of the cylinder head nuts as shown in Figure 5.

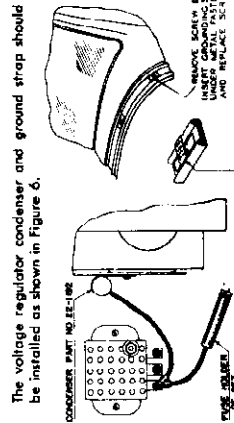


Fig. 6
 The voltage regulator condenser and ground strap should be installed as shown in Figure 6.

The No. 22-1192 condenser and the "A" lead should be connected together at the circuit breaker inside the car above the steering column as shown in Figure 7.

RECEIVER INSTALLATIONS

Figures 1, 1A, 2 and 2A, illustrating the escutcheon plate, control knobs and the installed receivers, are given here to facilitate removal and reinstallation of the receivers when service or repair is necessary.

To take the receiver from the car, remove the tuning and volume control knobs. Remove the 8-32 flathead screws that support the receiver at the top. Remove the lower support brackets "D" and finally loosen the hook bolts "A."

To remove the Continental speaker, remove grille (held in place by four nuts on back side of instrument panel). Then remove four machine screws No. 69-84 holding the speaker to the front of the instrument panel. (Fig. 2A.)

The Lincoln speaker is held to the rear of the panel by four wing nuts No. 54-146. (Fig. 2.)

MANUAL TUNING

1. Press station selector touch-bar (Fig. 1) several times or until the green dot appears in the back ground of the dial.

2. Pull manual tuning (right hand) control knob outward and turn to tune in desired station. Be sure to tune to exact frequency to assure the best tone quality.

VOLUME—Adjust left hand control knob for desired volume.

ADJUST-O-MATIC TUNING
 If not previously set up for Adjust-O-Matic operation, proceed as follows:

1. Press station selector touch bar (Fig. 1) until green dot appears in dial scale background. Press the touch bar once more to advance Adjust-O-Matic mechanism to the No. 1 position.

2. Pull manual tuning knob outward to engage the Adjust-O-Matic mechanism.

3. Select the station desired and tune to its frequency by turning the tuning knob. Tune very carefully for clearest reception.

4. Press station selector bar, pull tuning knob outward and tune in station desired for No. 2 position. Use same procedure for positions No. 3, 4 and 5.

When the five Adjust-O-Matic positions have been adjusted to the five desired stations as instructed, it is only necessary to press the selector bar to return to dial tuning or to any one of the stations selected on the Adjust-O-Matic.

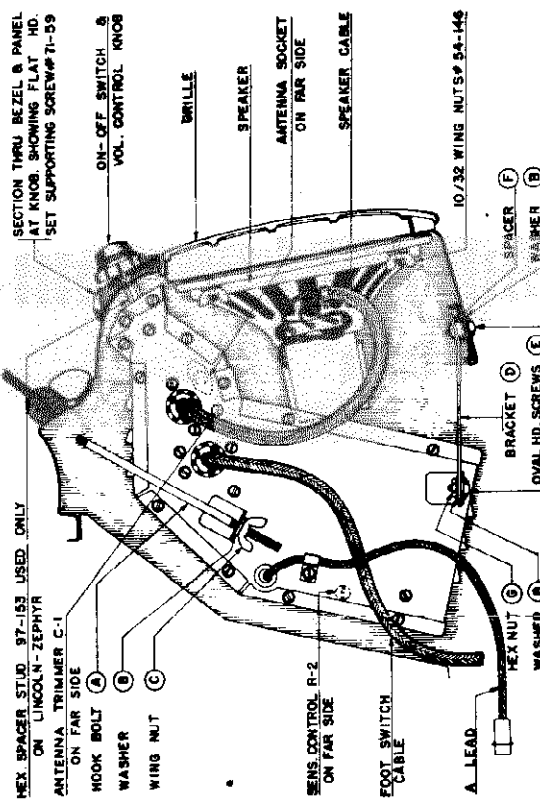


Fig. 2. Lincoln

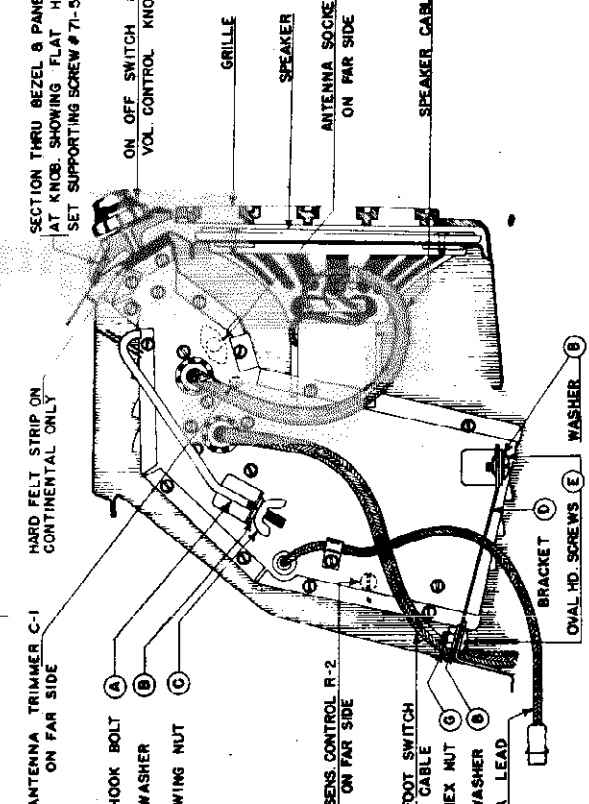


Fig. 2A. Continental

PARTS LIST LINCOLN MODEL 7ML080 (CHASSIS 7C80)

1946 ADJUST-O-MATIC RADIO

COILS AND CHOKES

Diagram No.	Part No.	Description	Diagram No.	Part No.	Description
L 9	20-313	Main hash choke	R 1	63-1392	330M ohm
T 1	95-944	1st I.F. transformer	R 4	63-1395	22M ohm
T 2	95-945	2nd I.F. transformer	R 5	63-1396	68M ohm
L 1	S8819	Antenna motor noise choke assem.	R 7	63-1398	33M ohm
L 7	S11229	Oscillator series coil assem.	R 16	63-1399	82 ohm
L 5	S12053*	Oscillator tuning coil assem.	R 17	63-1401	15M ohm
L 2	S12060*	Antenna tuning coil assem.	R 6	63-1402	10M ohm
L 3	S12060*	R.F. tuning coil assem.	R 3	63-1404	33M ohm
L 4	S12060*	Converter tuning coil assem.	R 10	63-1405	2 megohm
L 8	S11231*	Oscillator shunt coil assem.	R 12	63-1406	15 megohm
L 10	S12233	Motor noise choke coil assem.	R 23	63-1407	1.5 megohm
		Note: In ordering jobs marked *, be sure to give color code information.	R 8	63-1408	150M ohm
			R 13	63-1409	1M ohm
			R 22	63-1409	1M ohm

CONDENSERS

Diagram No.	Part No.	Description	Diagram No.	Part No.	Description
C 9	22-162	100 mfd.	SP1	19-87	Cable clip
C 8	22-170	.1 mfd.	49-543	6" x 9" dynamic speaker	
C 19	22-182	250 mfd.	52-200	Battery cable fuse to ammeter	
C 4	22-190	.1 mfd.	52-350	Battery cable set to fuse	
C 13	22-250	.05 mfd.	78-477	Vibrator socket	
C 31	22-289	50 mfd.	78-596	Tube socket—lobial base (8 cont.)	
C 27	22-908	.5 mfd.	78-645	Speaker plug socket	
C 28	22-136	250 mfd.	78-646	Foot switch cable plug socket	
C 6	22-1169	.001 mfd.	78-251	Antenna connector socket	
C 5	22-1169	.001 mfd.	93-456	Vibrator cushion washer	
C 2	22-1244	.004 mfd.	95-946	Input transformer	
C 14	22-1270	.02 mfd.	95-947	Output transformer	
C 15	22-1420	Antenna trimmer	95-948	Power transformer	
C 1	22-1420	.008 mfd.	97-235	Set installation mounting stud	
C 26	22-1448	350 mfd. compensator	136-12	Fuse—20 amp.	
C 10	22-1478	Oscillator and converter trimmer	190-22	Vibrator	
C 7	22-1479		202-418	Instruction book	
C 11	22-1480		S11269	Hand selector & mufing switch assem.	
C 3	22-1481	.003 mfd.	S12041	Foot switch cable & plug assem.	
C 24	22-1482	.1 mfd.	208-543*	Cone and voice coil assembly	
C 25	22-1483	Dry electrolytic—20 mfd.—400 V.			
C 18	22-1484	Dry electrolytic—20 mfd.—25 V.			
C 23	22-1484	x 20 mfd.—400 V. x 20 mfd.—400 V.			

RESISTORS

Diagram No.	Part No.	Description	Diagram No.	Part No.	Description
R 18	63-1370	1800 ohm	12-970	Selector bar support bracket	
R 11	63-1371	330 ohm	12-1160	Light rod retaining bracket	
R 2	63-1379	Sensitivity control	26-353	Dial scale	
R 19	63-1384	Tone control	34-122	Tone control gear	
S 2	63-1385	Volume control and switch	34-132	Indexing disc	
R 14	63-1390	1 megohm	34-133	Rotator gear	
			57-1132	Dial scale back plate	
			57-1133	Escutcheon	
			73-69	No. 6-32 x .5/16 Allen head set screw	
			80-329	Gear indexing spring	
			80-331	Cross arm return spring	
			80-332	Cam lever spring	

DIAL AND TUNING MECHANISM ASSEMBLY (Continued)

Diagram No.	Part No.	Description	Diagram No.	Part No.	Description
S 4	100-32	Dial light bulb (3 used)	Diagram No. <td>Part No. <td>Description</td> </td>	Part No. <td>Description</td>	Description
S 6	118-34	Painter drive link	SP1	49-543	6" x 9" dynamic speaker
S 7	126-497	Manual indicator light shield	97-235	Set installation mounting stud	
	126-498	Dial light shield	54-146	10/32 wing nut (4 used)	
	128-22	Indicator cam	71-59	8/32 x 1/8 flat head M.S.	
	149-44*	Adjusting spring and cone	112-348	Set installation screw	
	187-7	Manual indicator light rod	208-343	Cone and voice coil	
	188-43	Retaining ring			
	188-45	Turret screw lock ring			
L 6	S10826	Solenoid end plug & bracket assem.			
	S10829	Solenoid and terminal assem.			
	S10831	Rotator end bracket assem.			
	S10836	Cross arm assem.			
	S11054	Tuning shaft and gear assem.			
	S11084	Turret assem.			
	S12068	Tuning & volume control knob assem.			
	S12069	Selector key bar & bracket assem.			
	S12073	Painter and stud assem. (59-170)			
	S12075	Pointer drive bracket & stud assem.			
	S12183	Mounting plate and lever assem.			
	S12195	Dial light socket & wire assem.—L.H.			

INSTALLATION PARTS

Part No.	Description
S12126	Set installation kit complete
12-972	Set installation bracket
19-114	Foot switch cable clip
No. 12-24 x 7/16 hex nut	
54-99	No. 12-24 x 7/16 hex nut
54-146	No. 10-32 wing nut (4 used)
54-151	No. 12-24 wing nut (2 used)
64-141	Foot switch installation eyelet
71-59	No. 6 Allen head set screw wrench
93-340	3/32 x 2.55 x 1/8 washer (steel)
93-372	No. 12 int. shakeproof lockwasher
93-524	Foot switch installation washer
112-310	No. 10 x 2 R.H. S.M. screw
112-342	No. 12-24 x 5/8 B.H. M.S.
112-348	Set installation screw

PARTS LIST CONTINENTAL MODEL 7ML081 (CHASSIS 7C80)
1946 ADJUST-O-MATIC RADIO

The parts list for Model 7ML081 is the same as for Model 7ML080 with the following parts omitted and added:

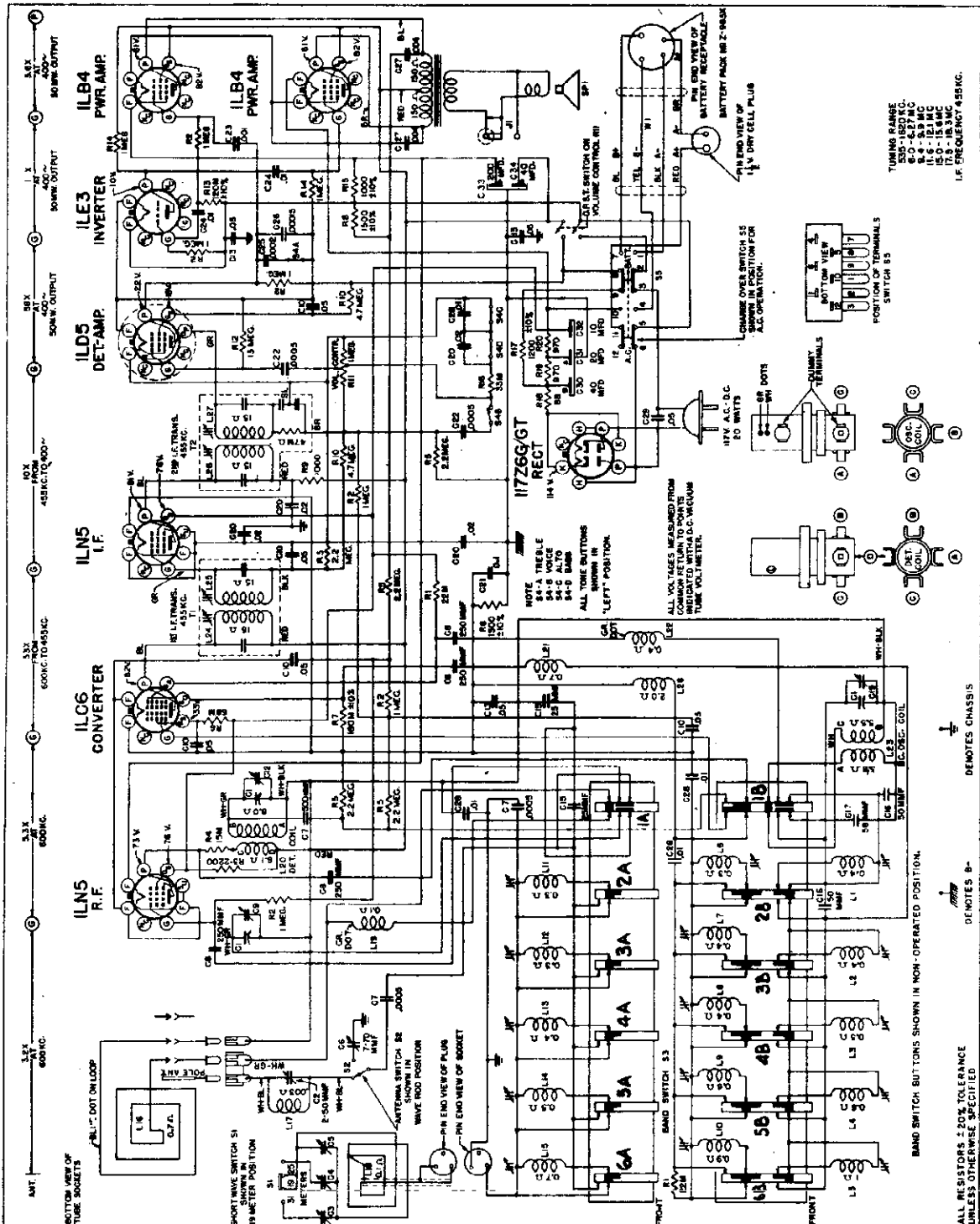
ADD

Diagram No.	Part No.	Description
SP2	49-539	6" x 9" dynamic speaker
	112-545	Set installation screw L.H.
	112-546	Set installation screw R.H.
	69-84	10/32 x 1/4 R.H. M.S.
	71-29	8/32 x 7/8 R.H. M.S.
	93-369	No. 10 internal shakeproof lockwasher
	93-593	7/16 external shakeproof lockwasher
	208-539*	Cone and voice coil

OMIT

Diagram No.	Part No.	Description
	49-543	6" x 9" dynamic speaker
	97-235	Set installation mounting stud
	54-146	10/32 wing nut (4 used)
	71-59	8/32 x 1/8 flat head M.S.
	112-348	Set installation screw
	208-343	Cone and voice coil

When ordering cone and voice coil assembly marked*, be sure to give manufacturer's code letter that follows base number.



ITEM	DESCRIPTION
1	117V A.C. D.C. TRANSFORMER
2	17Z6G/GT RECTIFIER
3	12A6 TUBE
4	12A6 TUBE
5	12A6 TUBE
6	12A6 TUBE
7	12A6 TUBE
8	12A6 TUBE
9	12A6 TUBE
10	12A6 TUBE
11	12A6 TUBE
12	12A6 TUBE
13	12A6 TUBE
14	12A6 TUBE
15	12A6 TUBE
16	12A6 TUBE
17	12A6 TUBE
18	12A6 TUBE
19	12A6 TUBE
20	12A6 TUBE
21	12A6 TUBE
22	12A6 TUBE
23	12A6 TUBE
24	12A6 TUBE
25	12A6 TUBE
26	12A6 TUBE
27	12A6 TUBE
28	12A6 TUBE
29	12A6 TUBE
30	12A6 TUBE
31	12A6 TUBE
32	12A6 TUBE
33	12A6 TUBE
34	12A6 TUBE
35	12A6 TUBE
36	12A6 TUBE
37	12A6 TUBE
38	12A6 TUBE
39	12A6 TUBE
40	12A6 TUBE
41	12A6 TUBE
42	12A6 TUBE
43	12A6 TUBE
44	12A6 TUBE
45	12A6 TUBE
46	12A6 TUBE
47	12A6 TUBE
48	12A6 TUBE
49	12A6 TUBE
50	12A6 TUBE

PUSHBUTTON SWITCH LABELED IA, IB, ETC. FOR REFERENCE TO CLARIFIED SCHEMATICS

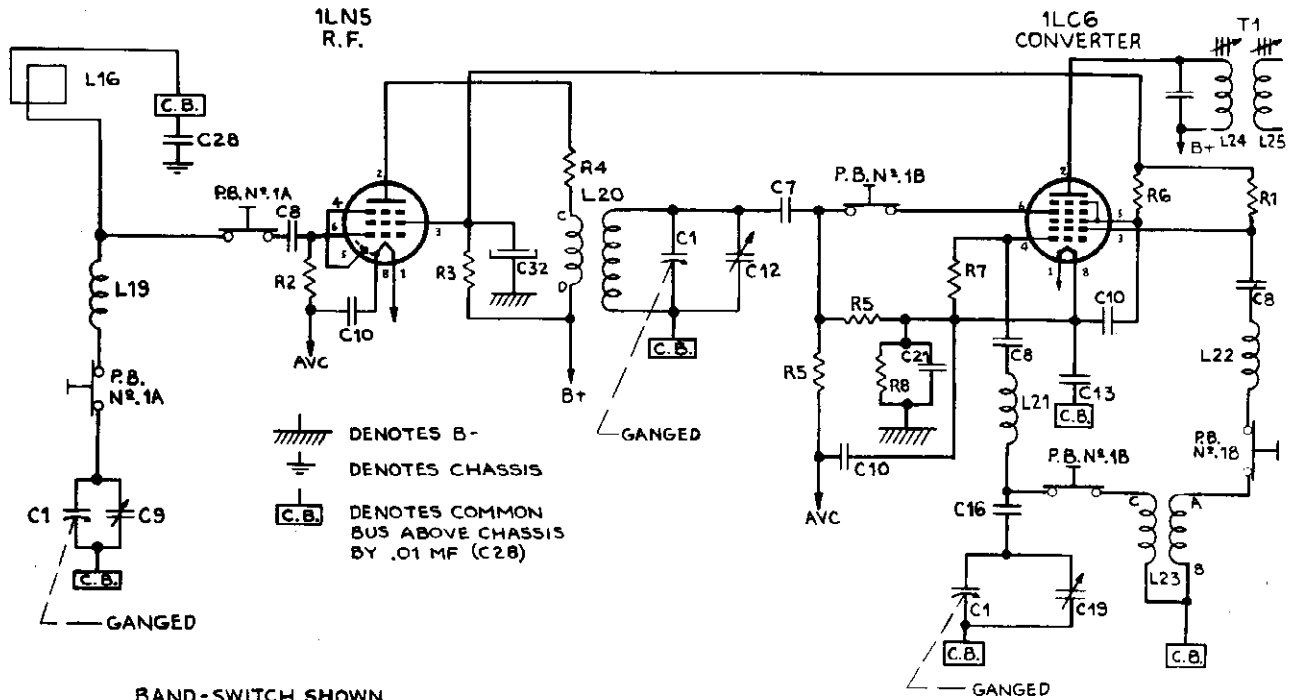
MICROPHONICS: Howl caused by a microphonic 1LD5 tube. These tubes have been improved, and all tubes after F6B (June '46) are non-microphonic and should replace the older type.

"clarified schematics"

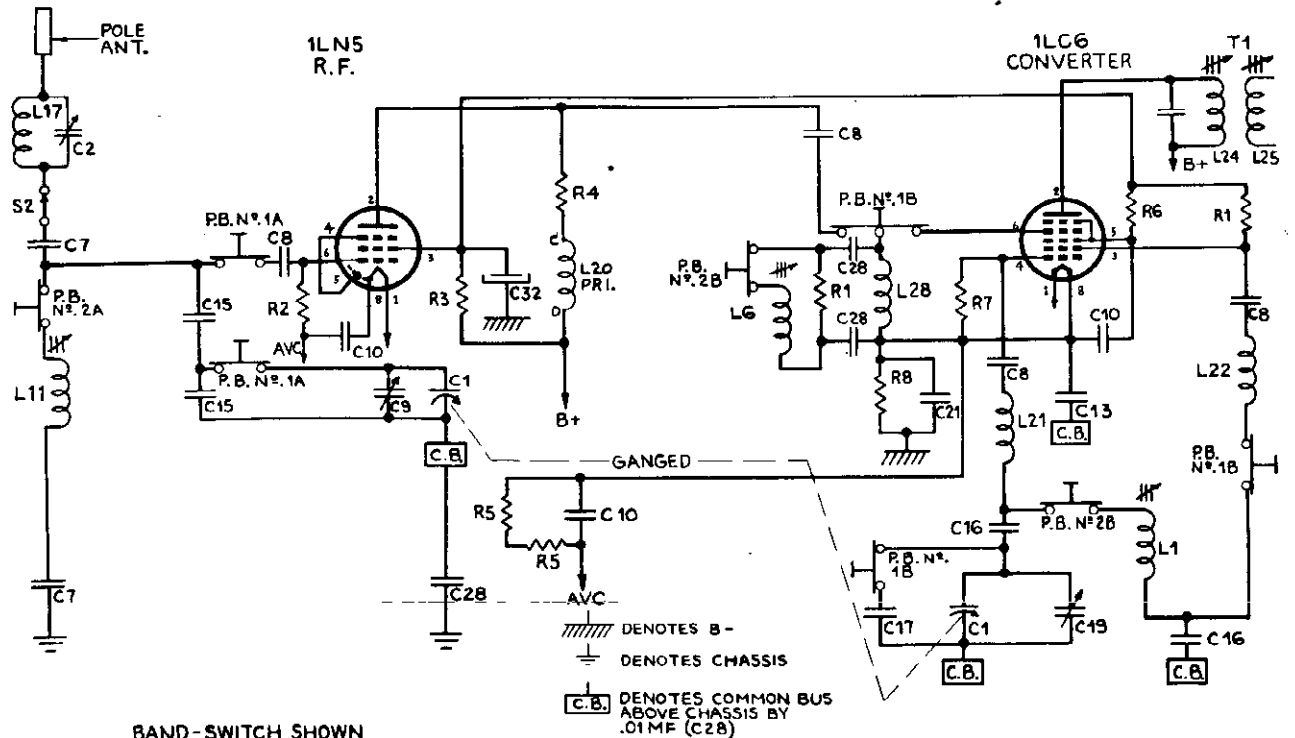
PAGE 15-64 ZENITH

MODEL 8G005
MODEL 8G005BT

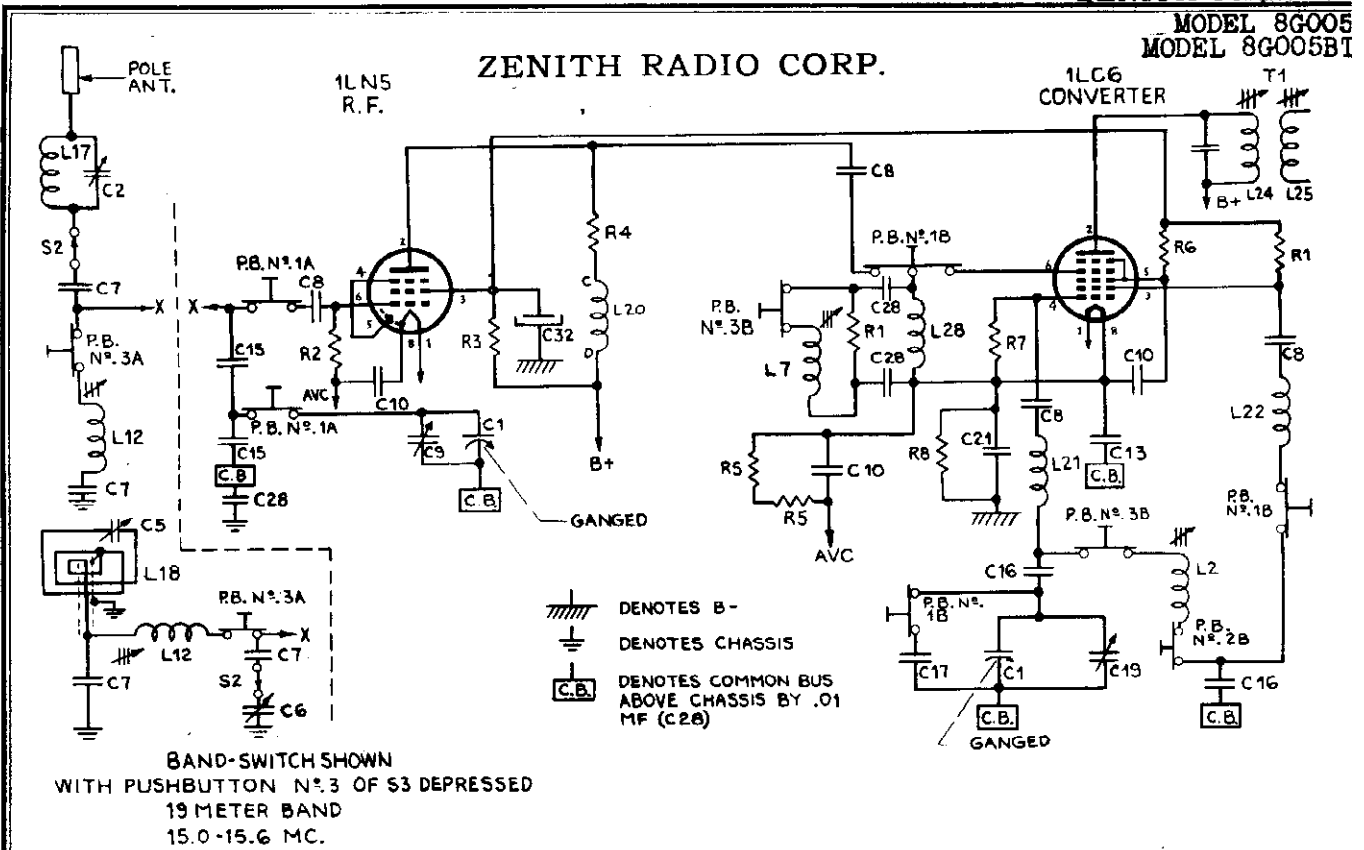
ZENITH RADIO CORP.



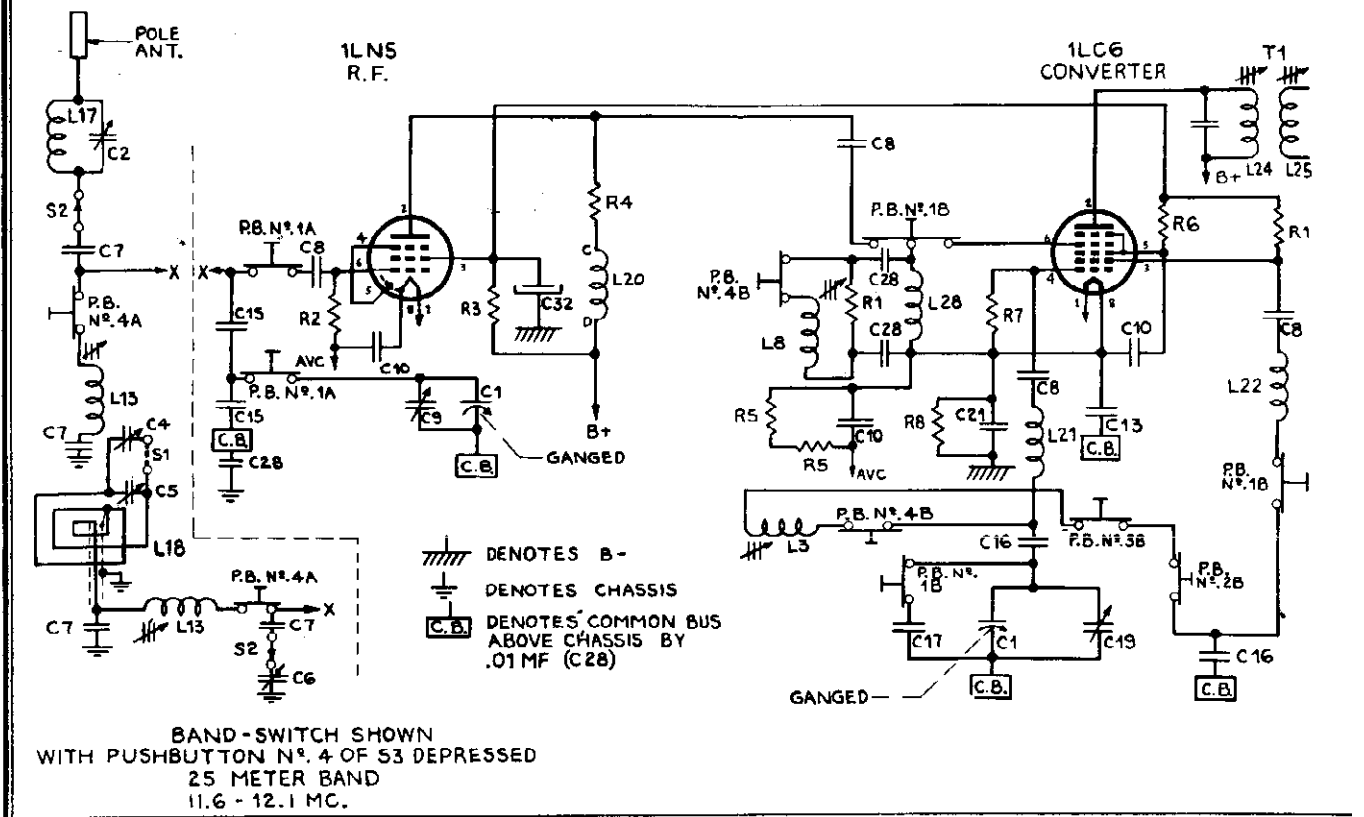
BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
WITH PUSHBUTTON N° 1 OF S3 DEPRESSED
BROADCAST BAND
535 - 1620 KC.



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
WITH PUSHBUTTON N° 2 OF S3 DEPRESSED
16 METER BAND
17.5-18.3 MC.



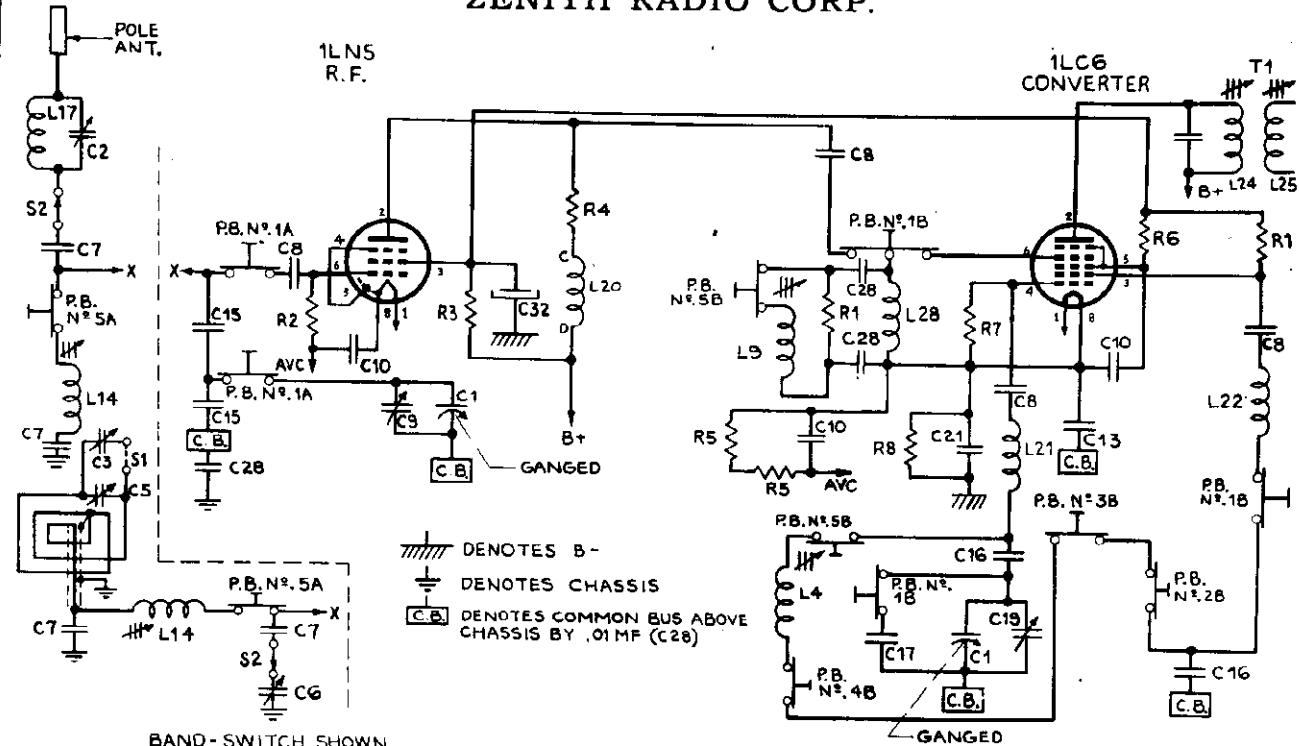
NOTE: Where the pole antenna is not effective, such as on steel buildings, train automobiles, etc., the shortwave wavemagnet is then used and placed in a corner of the window. The shortwave wavemagnet is equipped with a plug which, when inserted into the receptacle on the rear of the set, automatically disconnects the pole antenna by operating switch S2 in the circuit. It is simply pulled out and switch S2 then automatically reconnects the pole antenna.



"clarified schematics"

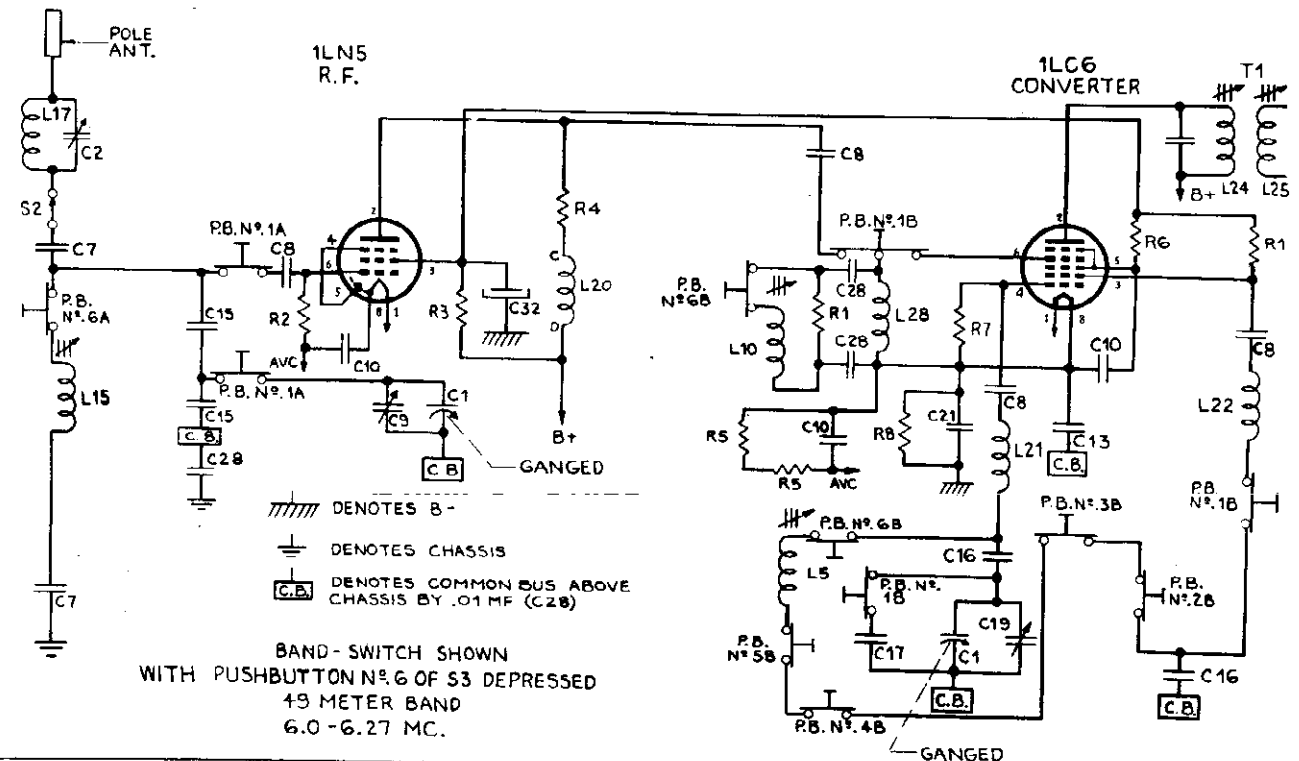
MODEL 8G005
MODEL 8G005BT

ZENITH RADIO CORP.

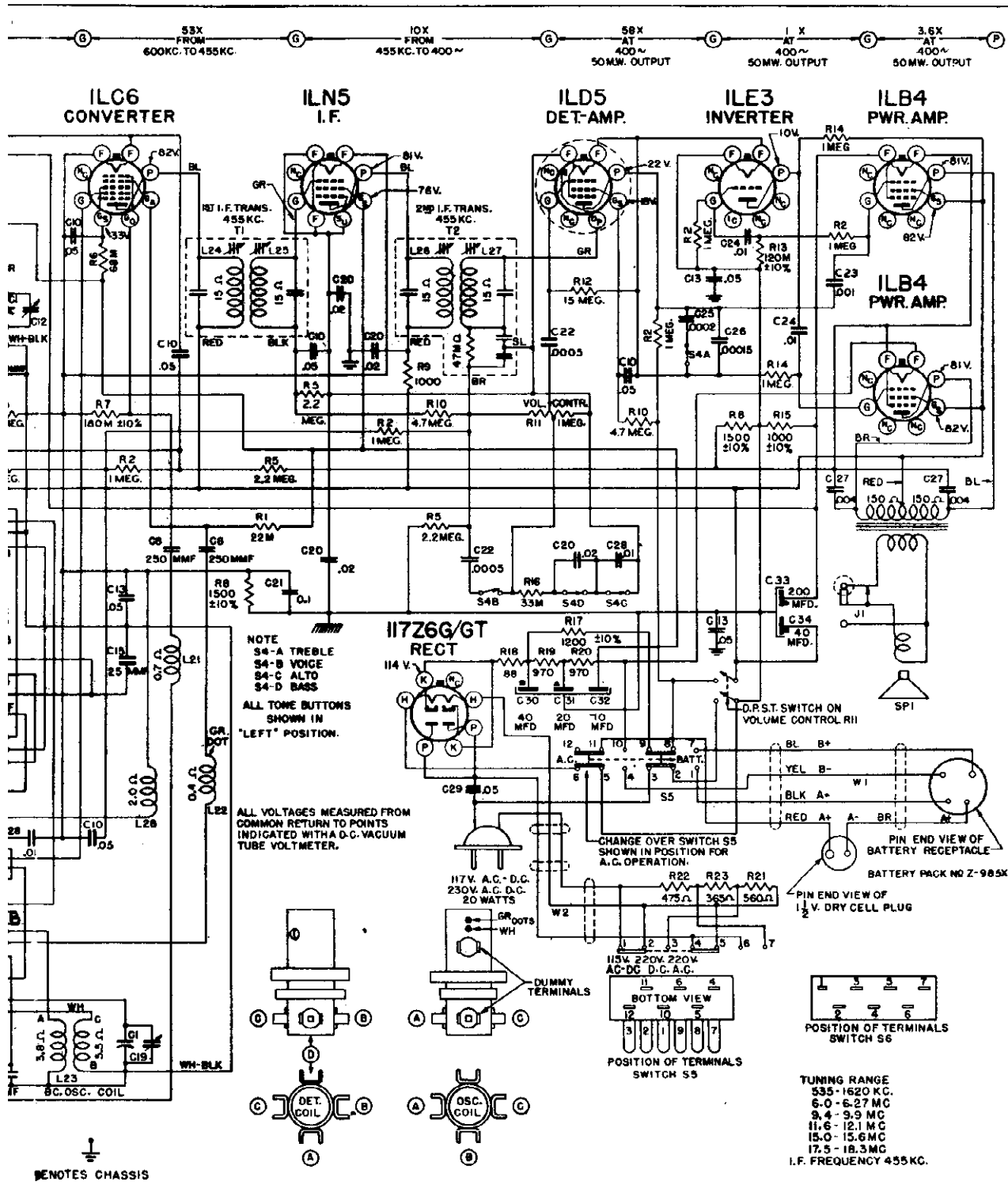


BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
WITH PUSHBUTTON N° 5 OF S3 DEPRESSED
31 METER BAND
9.4-9.9 MC.

NOTE: Where the pole antenna is not effective, such as on steel buildings, trains, automobiles, etc., the shortwave wavemagnet is then used and placed in a corner of the window. The shortwave wavemagnet is equipped with a plug which, when inserted into the receptacle on the rear of the set, automatically disconnects the pole antenna by operating switch S2 in the circuit. It is simply pulled out and switch S2 then automatically reconnects the pole antenna.



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
WITH PUSHBUTTON N° 6 OF S3 DEPRESSED
49 METER BAND
6.0-6.27 MC.



L 8G005BT
 HS 8C40BT

ZENITH RADIO CORP.

MODELS 8G005, 8G005BT
CHASSIS 8C40, 8C40BT

TO THE SERVICE MAN:

CAUTION—Before attempting to operate this receiver, make certain that the Line Voltage Switch is properly set.

1. For 110-125 V. AC or DC operation set the Line Voltage Switch to 115 V. AC-DC.
2. For 210-240 V. AC operation, set the switch to the 220 V. AC position.
3. For 210-240 V. DC operation, set the switch to the 220 V. DC position.

The 8C40BT chassis is an AC, DC or battery operated superheterodyne circuit with a stage of tuned radio frequency amplification and band spread tuning over the 49, 31, 25, 19, and 16 meter bands.

The audio amplifier used in chassis 8C40BT features phase inversion and push-pull power output.

If removal of the chassis from the cabinet becomes necessary, great care must be exercised so that the coil assembly is not damaged.

The 8C40BT chassis is isolated from the DC circuits, and all measurements must be from a common negative point. The most convenient place to reach this point is at the junction where C13 is connected to the filter condenser. The DC resistance from the chassis to any circuit must be almost infinite. If any circuit becomes grounded to the chassis, a hum will appear. Microphonic tubes will cause an audio howl. Check the 1LD5 and 1LC6 tubes.

The wavemagnet is connected to the chassis through the hinges in the cabinet, snags and flexible leads. If the RF becomes weak or dead, check resistance of wavemagnet at the condenser gang. The DC resistance across the two leads should be approximately 1 ohm. If the circuit is open, unscrew the four wood screws and the two screws which hold the handle. The top can now be removed and connecting leads will be visible for inspection. Also loosen the snap-on socket and check for broken or shorted leads.

The alignment of chassis 8C40BT is conventional. However, care must be exercised when making adjustments, and the alignment procedure must be followed exactly. Set the chassis over a metal plate approximately the same distance the battery pack is from the bottom of the chassis when it is in the cabinet. This procedure will introduce the approximate amount of metal in the field of the RF and oscillator coils as when the chassis is in the cabinet. A signal generator of reasonable accuracy and good attenuation must be used. An output meter (AC) of the copper oxide rectified type with a range of 1 to 30 volts in several steps is necessary to get accurate output readings. Alignment wrenches should be of the non-metallic type, especially when making adjustments at the higher frequencies.

When reinstalling the chassis in the cabinet be careful not to disturb the cabling between the short wave coil assembly and chassis. Tune in a weak broadcast signal near 1400 Kc., and touch up trimmer C9. This will insure maximum performance after alignment.

A LOS MECANICOS

PRECAUCION: Antes de empezar el funcionamiento de este receptor, cerciárese de que el interruptor del Voltaje de la línea esté debidamente ajustado.

1. Para corriente de 110-125 voltios, corriente continua o corriente alterna, adjústese el interruptor del Voltaje de la línea a 115 voltios C.C. o C.A.
2. Para corriente de 210-240 v. C.A., ajústese el interruptor a 220 v. C.A.
3. Para corriente de 210-240 v. C.C., ajústese el interruptor en la posición de 220 v. C.C.

El bastidor 8C40BT es un circuito superheterodino que funciona por corriente alterna o corriente continua o por batería de acumuladores con una etapa de amplificación de radio-frecuencia sintonizada y un ensanche de banda que sintoniza con las bandas de 49, 31, 25, y 16 metros.

La válvula amplificadora de audofrecuencia que se usa en el bastidor 8C40BT da importancia a la inversión de fases y a la salida simétrica de la energía.

Si se hace necesario quitar el bastidor del armario, deberá ejercerse gran cuidado para evitar que se dañe el embobinado.

El bastidor 8C40BT está aislado de los circuitos de corriente continua, y todas las medidas deben hacerse desde un punto negativo común. El lugar más conveniente para alcanzar este punto está en la unión donde C13 está conectado al condensador del filtro. La resistencia de la corriente continua precedente del bastidor a cualquier circuito deberá ser casi infinita. Si uno de los circuitos está a masa (cortocircuito) con el bastidor, se oír un zumbido. Las válvulas microfónicas producirán un ruido de audio. Examine las válvulas 1LD5 y 1LC6.

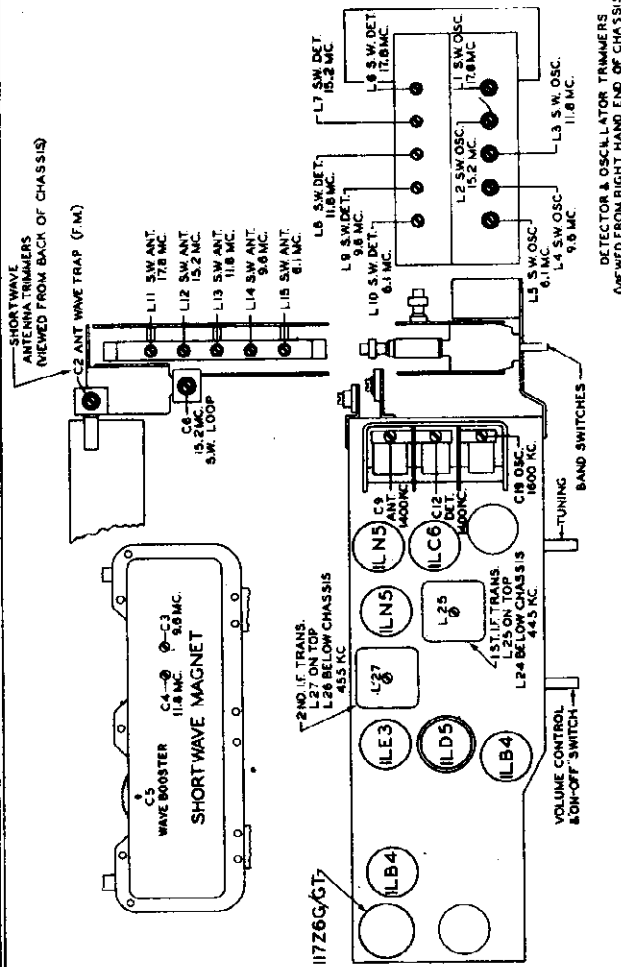
El imán de ondas está conectado al bastidor por medio de las bisagras en el armario, garras, y conductores (plomos) flexibles. Si la energía radiofrecuente se debilita o no existe, inspecciónese la resistencia del imán de ondas en el múltiple del condensador. La resistencia de la C.C. a través de los dos conductores (plomos) deberá ser aproximadamente de 1 ohm. Si el circuito está abierto, ajústese los cuatro tornillos de madera y los dos tornillos que sostienen el mango. Ahora, la tapa se puede quitar, quedando visibles para su inspección los conductores conectados. Ajústese también el casquillo de resorte y exáminese para ver si hay conductores rotos o un cortocircuito.

El alineamiento del armazón 8C40BT es convencional; sin embargo, debe tenerse cuidado al hacerse ajustes o composuras, y es imperativo hacer el alineamiento siguiendo el procedimiento exactamente. Colóquese el armazón sobre una plancha de metal aproximadamente a la misma distancia que el paquete de los acumuladores está del armazón cuando éste está en el armario. Este procedimiento introducirá en el campo de las bobinas de R.F. y del oscilador la cantidad aproximada de metal que hay cuando el armazón está en el armario. Hay que usar un generador de señales que funcione con exactitud y buena atenuación. Se necesita un medidor de rendimiento de C.A. del tipo rectificado de óxido de cobre, con una amplitud de 1 a 30 voltios en varias etapas, para obtener medidas correctas del rendimiento. Hay que usar llaves de alineamiento que no sean de metal, especialmente cuando se hagan ajustes o reparaciones en las frecuencias altas.

Cuando se instale otra vez el armazón en el armario, téngase cuidado de no desarrugar las partes de los cables que se extienden entre el conjunto de la bobina de onda corta y el armazón. Sintonicase con una señal de radiodifusión débil cerca de 1400 Kc., y tóquese la pieza C9 (trimmer). Así se obtendrá un funcionamiento máximo después del alineamiento.

MODELS 8G005,
8G005BT

ZENITH RADIO CORP.



ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

OPERATION	CONNECT OSCILLATOR TO	DUMMY ANTENNA	BAND	SET DIAL AT	TRIMMERS	PURPOSE
1	Converter Grid (Pin 6-11C6)	.1 mfd.	BC	600 Kc.	L-24, 25, 26, 27	Align I.F.
2			BC	1600 Kc.	C-19	Set Oscillator to Scale
3	One Turn Loop Coupled Loosely to Broadcast Wavemagnet		BC	1400 Kc.	C-12	Alignment of Detector Sec.
4			BC	1400 Kc.	C-9	Alignment of B.C. Wavemagnet
5*	3 Feet of Wire Approx. 1 foot from Extended Wavered		49 Met.	6.1 Mc.	L-5, L-10, L-15	Alignment of S.W. Antenna, Detector and Oscillator
6*			31 Met.	9.6 Mc.	L-4, L-9, L-14	
7*			25 Met.	11.8 Mc.	L-3, L-8, L-13	
8*			19 Met.	15.2 Mc.	L-2, L-7, L-12	
9*			16 Met.	17.8 Mc.	L-1, L-6, L-11	
10	One Turn Loop Coupled Loosely to Shortwave Magnet, Wavered		19 Met.	15.2 Mc.	C-5, C-6	Alignment of Shortwave Magnet
11			25 Met.	11.8 Mc.	C-4	
12			31 Met.	9.6 Mc.	C-3	
13	When Receiving Normal Transmission on the 49, 31, 25, 19 or 16 Meter Bands, If FM Interference is Experienced Adjust Wave Trap Trimmer C-2 for Minimum Response of the Interfering Signal.					

*Note: Rock Tuning Condenser When Making Alignment Under Operations 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9.

DIAG. NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
C1	22-1359	3 GANG VARIABLE
C2	ON C1	BROADCAST ANT. TR.
C3	22-1365	.01 MFD. 200 V.
C4	22-1480	100 MMF. MICA 300 V.
C5	22-1491	120 MMF. CER. COND.
C6	22-1485	F. M. ANT. TRIM.
C7	27-87	475 MMF. MICA DISC.
C8	22-1489	10 MMF. CER. COND.
C9	ON L3	TRIMMER WAVE TR.
C10	22-162	100 MMF. MICA 500 V.
C11	ON C1	BROADCAST DET. TR.
C12	22-162	250 MMF. COND. MICA
C13	22-1490	10 MMF. CER. COND.
C14	22-1571	F. M. OSC. TRIM.
C15	22-1486	F. M. DET. TRIM.
C16	22-1367	50 MMF. CER. COND.
C17	22-1492	50 MMF. CER. COND.
C18	ON C1	BROADCAST OSC. TR.
C19	22-829	.05 MFD. 200 V.
C20	22-1366	.02 MFD. 200 V.
C21	22-1439	.001 MFD. 200 V.
C22	22-196	.01 MFD. 600 V.
C24	22-1158	500 MMFD. 600 V.
C25	22-630	.02 MFD. 600 V.
C26	22-1531	.02 MFD. 200 V.
C27	22-1127	.02 MFD. 400 V.
C28	22-268	.003 MFD. 600 V.
C29		40 MFD. ELECT. 150 V.
C30	22-1360	40 MFD. 25 V.
C31		40 MFD. 150 V.
C32	22-1017	.05 MFD. 200 V.

R1	63-717	2.20 M	1/4 W.
R2	63-582	680 OHM	1/4 W.
R3	63-839	6800 Ω	1/4 W.
R4	63-1339	30-67 OHM CANDOMM	
	63-1484	30-67 OHM "	
R5	63-785	33 M	1/4 W.
R6	63-722	2.2 MEGOHM	1/4 W.
R7	63-579	2.20 OHM	1/4 W.
R8	63-593	47 M OHM	1/4 W.
R9	63-586	3300 OHM	1/4 W.
R10	63-1216	10 M OHM	1 W.
R11	63-296	2.20 M	1/4 W.
R12	63-445	100 M OHM	1/4 W.
R13	63-1336	2.5 MEG. VOL. CONT.	
R14	63-767	47 M OHM	1/4 W.
R15	63-802	4.7 MEGOHM	1/4 W.
R16	63-874	10 MEGOHM	1/4 W.
R17	63-597	470 M OHM	1/4 W.
R18	63-1237	150 OHM WIRE WOUND	1/4 W.
R19	63-719	470 M OHM	1/4 W.
R20	63-1450	22 OHM	1 W.

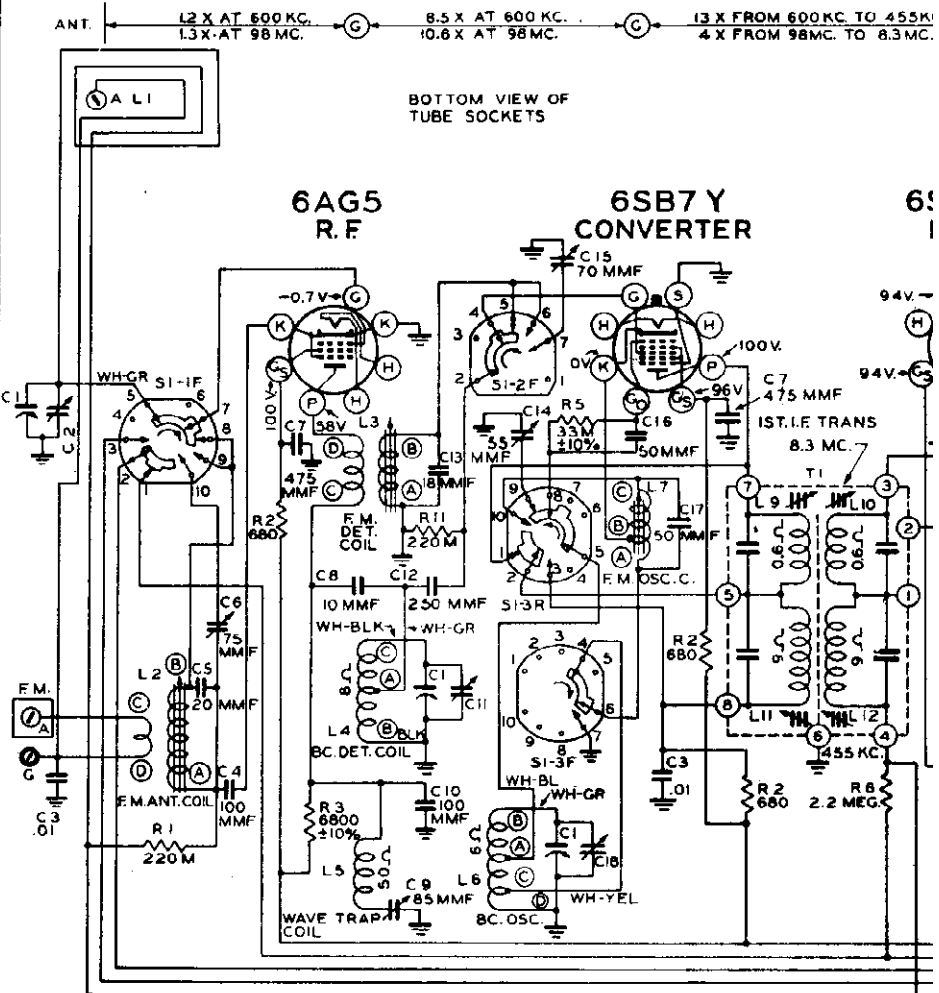
L1	51135	WAVEMAGNET ASSY.
L2	512257	F. M. ANT. COIL "
L3	512256	F. M. DET. COIL "
L4	513117	B. C. DET. COIL "
L5	512520	WAVE TRAP COIL & TR.
L6	511157	BC. OSC. COIL ASSY.
L7	512259	F. M. OSC. " "
L8	512258	A. C. CHOKE LINE " "
L9	ON T1	1ST. I.F. TR. PRI. F. M.
L10	ON T1	1ST. I.F. " " F. M.
L11	ON T1	1ST. I.F. " " PRI.
L12	ON T1	1ST. I.F. " " SEC.
L13	ON T2	2ND. I.F. TR. PRI. F. M.
L14	ON T2	2ND. I.F. " " SEC. F. M.
L15	ON T2	2ND. I.F. " " PRI.
L16	ON T2	2ND. I.F. " " SEC.
L17	ON T3	3RD. I.F. TR. PRI. F. M.
L18	ON T3	3RD. I.F. " " SEC. F. M.
L19	ON T3	3RD. I.F. " " PRI.
L20	ON T3	3RD. I.F. " " SEC.
L21	ON T4	4TH. I.F. TR. PRI. F. M.
L22	ON T4	4TH. I.F. " " SEC. F. M.

T1	512249	1ST. I.F. TRANS. ASSY.
T2	512250	2ND. I.F. " "
T3	512408	3RD. I.F. " "
T4	512252	DISC. I.F.

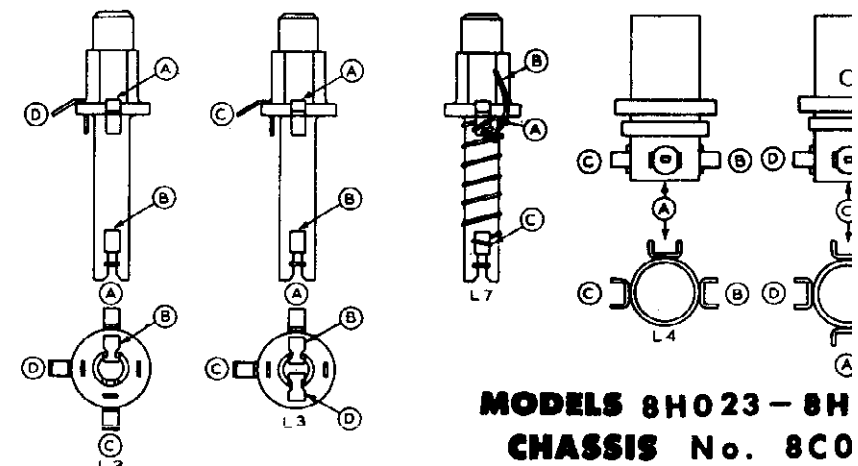
PL1	100-87	PILOT LIGHT 6.3V. 15A.
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S1	85-384	BAND SWITCH
S2	85-365	TONE SWITCH

SP1	48-518	DYNAMIC SPEAKER
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BAND SWITCH S1 SHOWN IN STANDARD BROADCAST POSITION
 BAND SWITCH POSITIONS { 1ST. POS. ST'D. BROADCAST
 2ND. POS. F. M. 100 MC.
 3RD. POS. F. M. 45 MC.



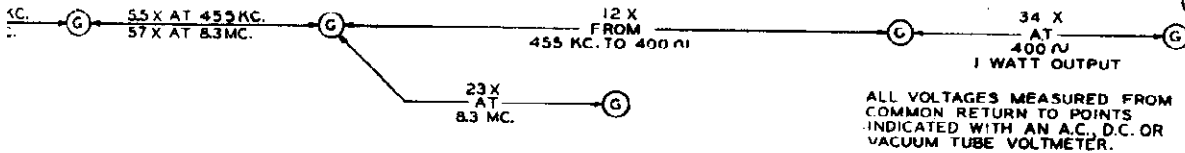
**MODELS 8H023 - 8H
 CHASSIS No. 8C0**

- AUDIO HOWL ON FM:**
- 83-1328 plastic spacer installed between the centerslug shafts. This prevents the slugs from vibrating.
 - Float speaker on rubber grommets.
 - 166-36 felt cushion placed between the back of the gang.
 - To improve floating of the gang, remove the support

H RADIO CORP.

MODELS 8H023, 8H034

Chassis 8C01



ALL VOLTAGES MEASURED FROM COMMON RETURN TO POINTS INDICATED WITH AN A.C. D.C. OR VACUUM TUBE VOLTMETER.

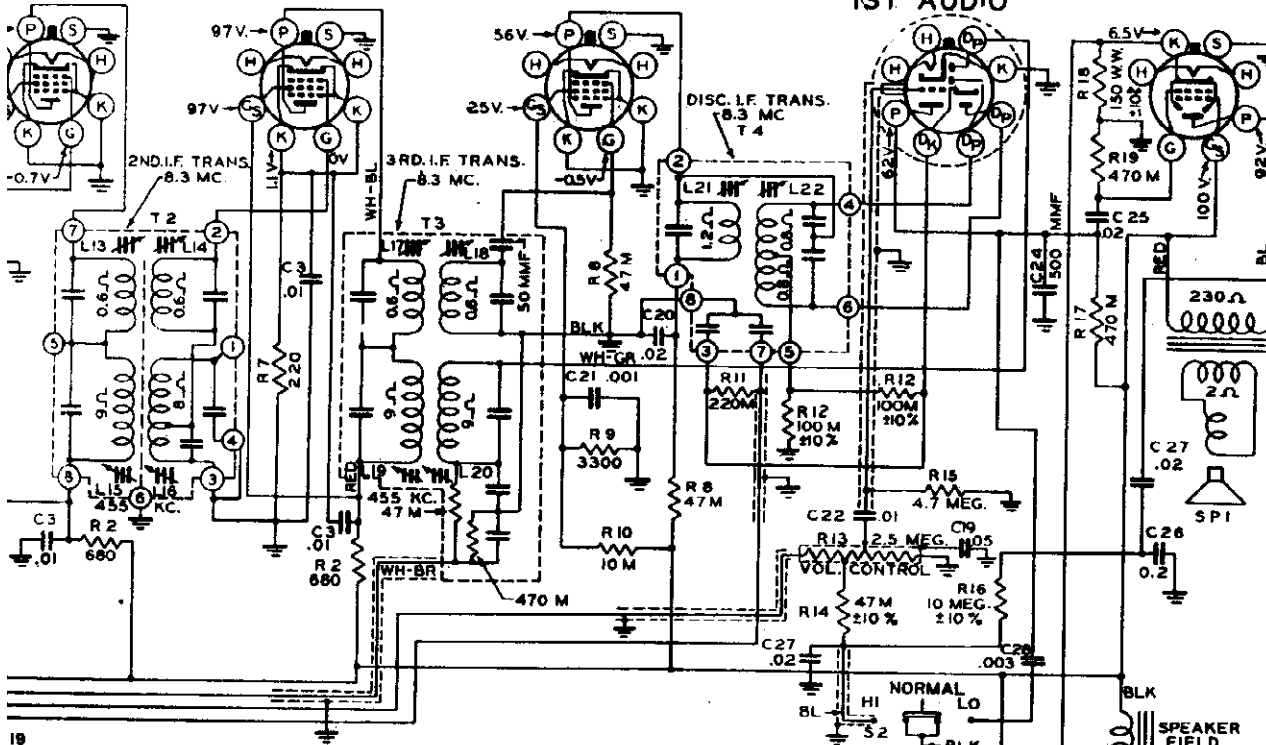
SG7/GT
1ST. I.F.

6SH7
2ND. I.F.

6SH7
LIMITER

6S8GT
DISCRIMINATOR DET. PWR. AMP
1ST. AUDIO

25L6GT
PWR. AMP



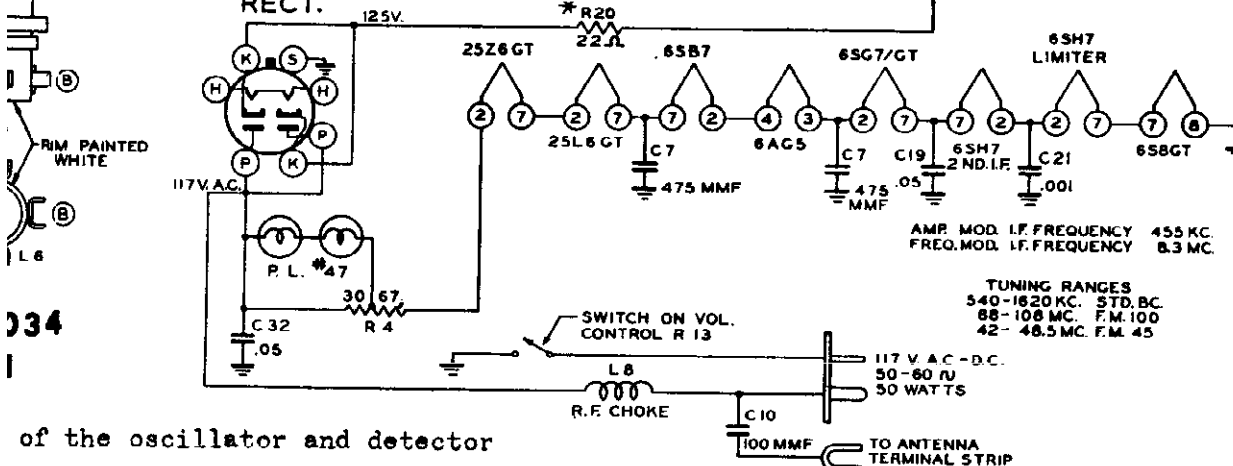
19 ALL RESISTORS ±20% TOLERANCE UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.

ALL VOLTAGES ARE D.C. UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.

↓ DENOTES CHASSIS

25Z6GT
RECT.

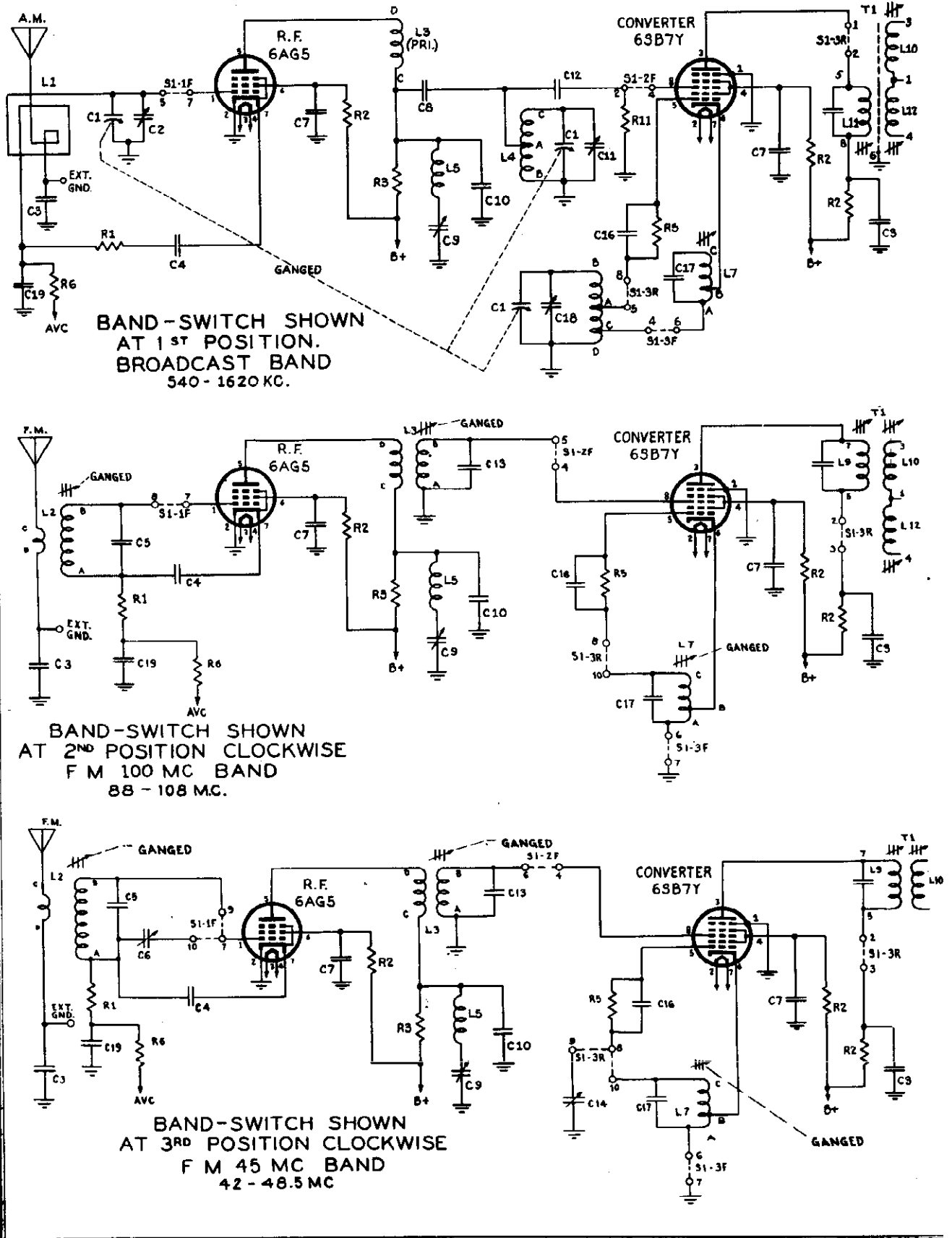
*Not in early model



of the oscillator and detector

ang and i-f transformer.
screw nearest the dial.

ZENITH RADIO CORP.



MODULATION HUM: Under humid conditions, the insulating material inside the a-c plug, and the back cover would absorb moisture and if the solder lug was in contact with this material, some of the a-c voltage would leak into the back cover. Since this back cover was next to the loop, hum modulation would be evident.

To remedy this condition, remove the back from the receiver, and open the a-c connector, and bend the solder lug away from the insulating wall. A vinylite sleeve over the solder lugs will insure good insulation.

HUM COMES UP AS VOLUME CONTROL IS ADVANCED: Hum in the 8C01 chassis may be caused by an open .05-200v condenser which is connected between the metal shell of the volume control and chassis.

TO THE SERVICE MAN:

The 8C01 chassis incorporates a superheterodyne circuit with two stages of IF, and one stage of RF amplification on all bands.

When adjustments are made on the 8C01 or any AC-DC chassis, a line isolation transformer (110 V input to 110 V output) is recommended in order to avoid a "hot" chassis. If an isolation transformer is not available, check the AC voltage between chassis and bench ground, and if there is any indication of voltage, reverse the plug before handling the set.

AM Alignment: The alignment of this chassis on the standard broadcast band is conventional. The alignment slugs in the IF transformers are threaded and screw into the coil forms. The slugs are slotted for a small size fiber screw driver. Do not press hard on the aligning tool (fiber screw driver) or the threads in the coil forms will strip and adjustment will be impossible.

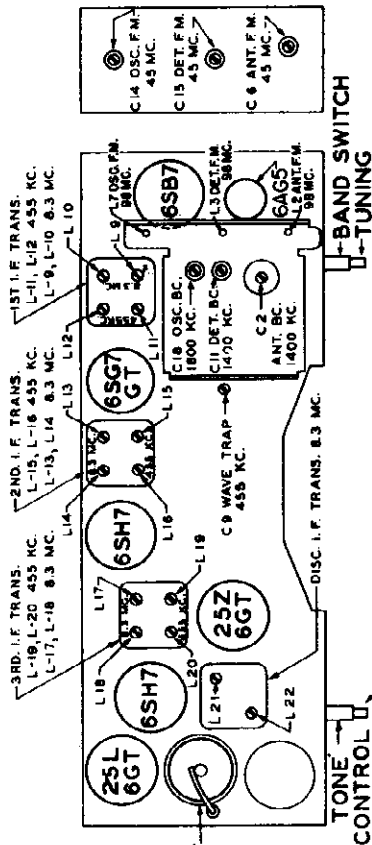
FM RF Alignment: The same coil slug arrangement which tunes the 100 MC FM band also tunes the 45 MC band. However, on 45 MC the band switch connects trimmer condensers in parallel and padding wires in series with the 100 MC coils. The tuning slugs are attached to threaded shafts and the slugs are varied in the field of the coils by turning the shafts clockwise or counter-clockwise. After adjustments the shafts must be secured with a drop of speaker cement.

FM IF Alignment: The same type of tuning slugs for aligning the AM IF Amplifier are used for the FM I.F.'s. Observe the same precautions when making adjustments. When an overcoupled stage is overcoupled, Overcoupling gives a wide band pass with good sensitivity. When an uncoupled stage is aligned with an unmodulated signal, the stage must be loaded. A 300 ohm carbon resistor soldered across the secondary of the second IF transformer provides a satisfactory load for this circuit. The resistor leads must be kept short to reduce the distributed capacity of the circuit.

When aligning a loaded stage, it will be found that considerable signal from the generator will be required, and that it will tune broadly. **THE LOAD RESISTOR MUST BE REMOVED AFTER ALIGNMENT.**

If the signal generator used does not have sufficient output to overcome the temporary loss caused by the load resistor, the load resistance may be increased or the signal fed into the preceding stage.

FM Discriminator Alignment: When the secondary of the discriminator is aligned (operation 6) use sufficient signal input to get a good positive and negative indication before setting the slug for zero reading. A center zero indicating meter is recommended for this adjustment, but is not absolutely necessary. Reversing the leads of a non-zero center meter, or observing closely when this meter starts to go to the left (negative) of zero will give the same results.



ON-OFF SWITCH & VOLUME
MODELS 8H023 - 8H034
CHASSIS No. 8C01
TUBE AND TRIMMER LOCATION

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

Opera- tion	Connect Oscillator to	Dummy Antenna	Input Signal Frequency	Band	Set Dial To	Adj. Trimmers	Purpose
1	Pin 8 on Converter Tube 6SB7 Socket	.05 Mfd.	455 Kc. Modulated	BC	600 Kc.	L-11, 12, 15, 16, 19 and 20	Align I.F. channel for maximum output
2	Pin 1 on R.F. tube 6AG5 socket	.05 Mfd.	455 Kc. Modulated	BC	600 Kc.	C9	Adjust wavetrap for minimum output
3	2 turns loosely cpld. to wavemagnet		1600 Kc. Modulated	BC	1600 Kc.	C18	Set oscillator to dial scale
4	2 turns loosely cpld. to wavemagnet	.05 Mfd.	1400 Kc. Modulated	BC	1400 Kc.	C11 & C2	Align det. and ant. stages.
5 (a)	Pin 4 (grid) on 6SH7 limiter socket	.05 Mfd.	8.3 Mc. Unmodulated	FM		L21 coil slug Primary discr.	Align primary of discriminator for maximum reading
6 (b)	Pin 4 (grid) on 6SH7 limiter socket	.05 Mfd.	8.3 Mc. Unmodulated	FM		L22 coil slug sec. of discr.	Adjust secondary of discrimi- nator for zero reading
7 (c)	Pin 4 (grid) on 6SH7 2nd IF tube socket	.05 Mfd.	8.3 Mc. Unmodulated	FM		L17 & L18 Prim. & Sec. of 3rd IF trans.	Align 3rd IF transformer for maximum reading
8 (c)(d)	Pin 4 (grid) on 6SG7 1st IF tube socket	.05 Mfd.	8.3 Mc. Unmodulated	FM		L13 & L14 primary and sec. of 2nd IF transformer	Align 2nd IF transformer for maximum reading
9 (c)(d)	Pin 8 (grid) on 6SB7 converter tube socket	.05 Mfd.	8.3 Mc. Unmodulated	FM		L9 & L10 Primary & Sec. of 1st IF transformer	Align 1st IF transformer for maximum reading
10 (c)	Antenna Post (Re- move line ant.)	270 ohms	98 Mc. Unmodulated	FM	98 Mc.	L7 Osc. Coil slug	Set oscillator to dial scale
11 (c)	Antenna Post (Re- move line ant.)	270 ohms	98 Mc. Unmodulated	FM	98 Mc.	L3 & L2 Det. and RF coil slugs	Align det. and ant. stages to maximum reading
12 (c)	Antenna Post (Re- move line ant.)	270 ohms	45 Mc. Unmodulated	FM	45 Mc.	C14	Set oscillator to dial scale
13 (c)	Antenna Post (Re- move line ant.)	270 ohms	45 Mc. Unmodulated	FM	45 Mc.	C15 & C6	Align detector & ant. stages for maximum reading

IMPORTANT: Alignment of this chassis will in most cases be unnecessary unless an IF or RF transformer is replaced or the adjustments have been tampered with.

Correct alignment can only be made if the following procedure is followed:

A vacuum tube voltmeter with an isolation resistor of 200,000 ohms in series with the hot lead will serve for FM adjustments. This lead should be shielded.

An AC output meter connected across the primary or secondary of the output transformer will be satisfactory for all AM adjustments.

The signal generator output should be kept just high enough to get an indication on the meter.

(a) Vacuum Tube Voltmeter pin 5 on discriminator transformer to chassis (half discriminator load.)

(b) Vacuum Tube Voltmeter pin 7 on discriminator transformer to chassis (full discriminator load.)

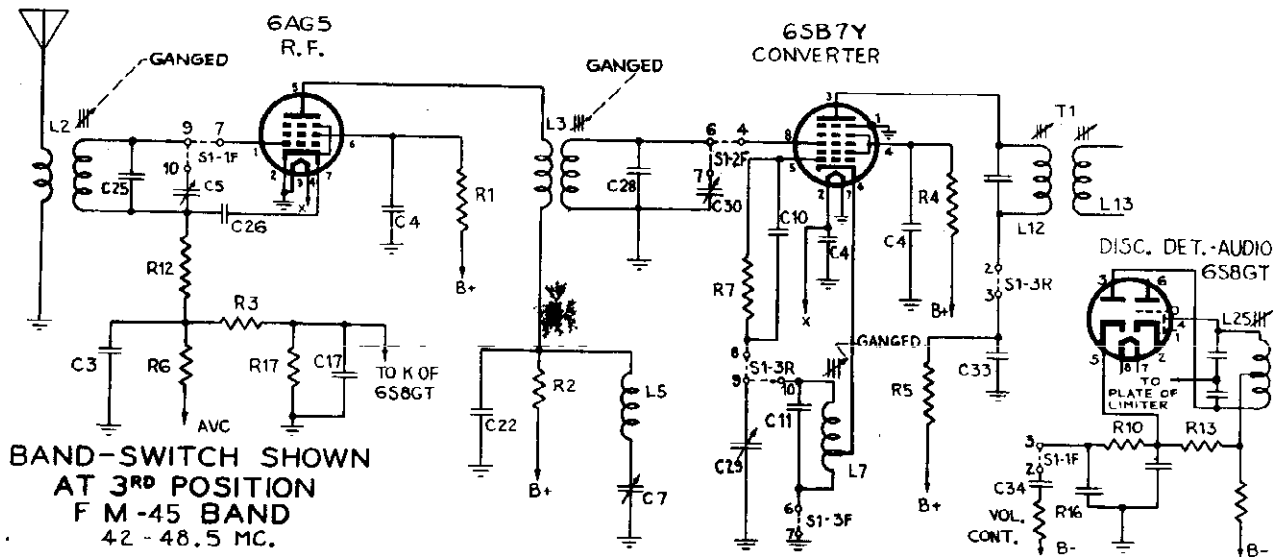
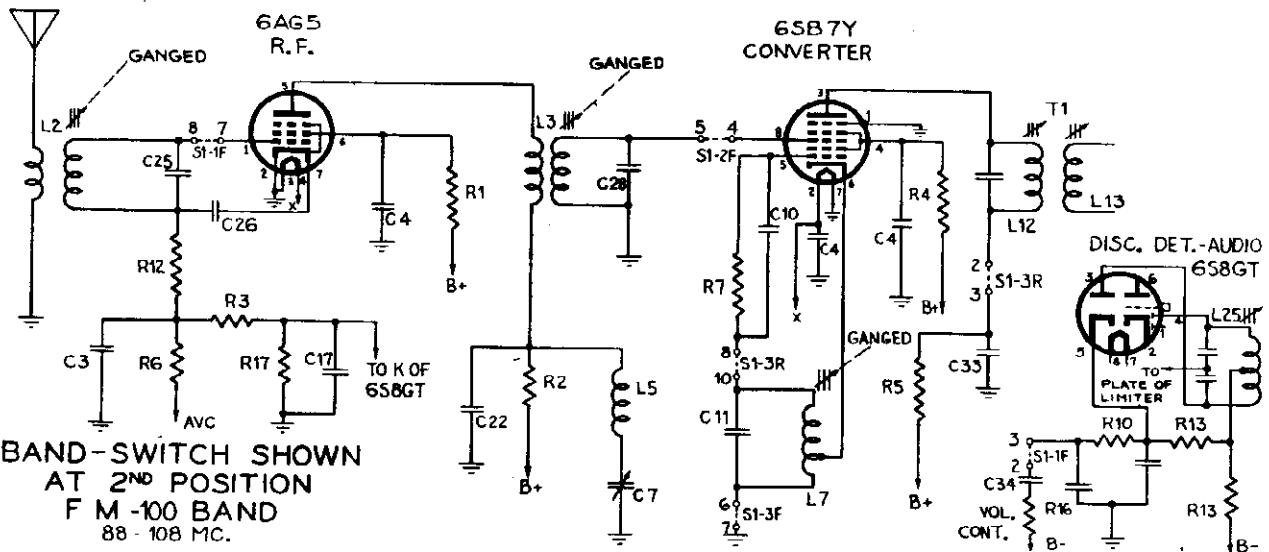
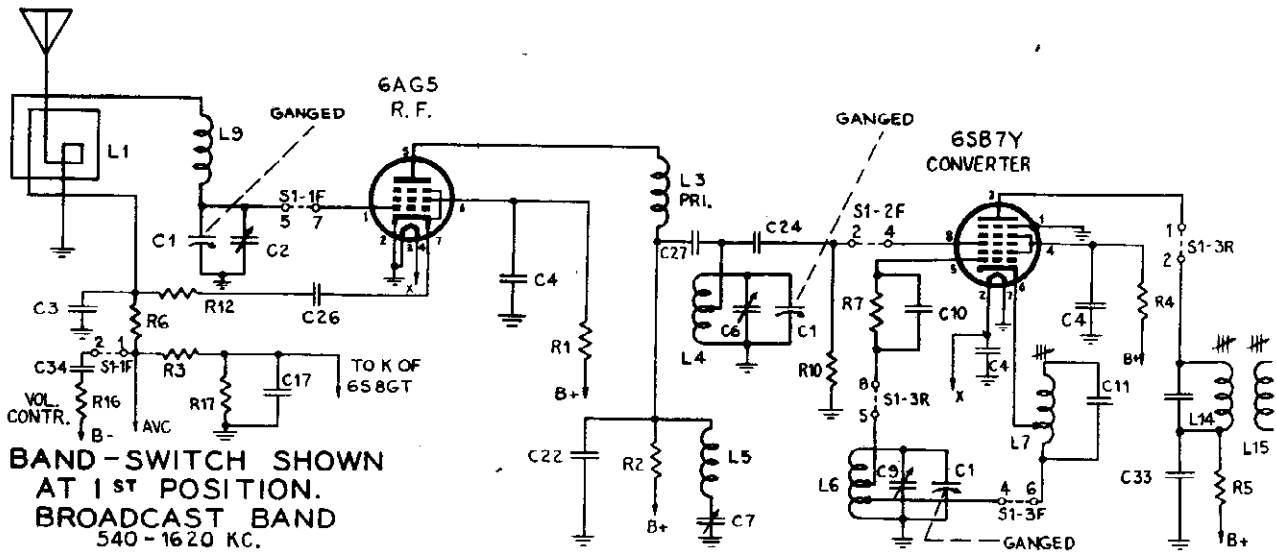
(c) Vacuum Tube Voltmeter 6SH7 limiter grid (pin 4) to chassis.

(d) 300 ohm $\frac{1}{2}$ watt carbon resistor soldered across the secondary L14 (pin 2 and 3 of 2nd, IF trans.). The leads to the resistor must be as short as possible and the resistor removed before operation 10 is started.

"clarified schematics"

PAGE 15-76 ZENITH

MODELS 8H032, 8H033, 8H050, ZENITH RADIO CORP.
 8H051, 8H052, 8H061
 Chassis 8C20, Early, Late



MODELS 8H032, 8H033, 8H050,
8H051, 8H052, 8H061
MODELS 9H079, 9H081, 9H082,
9H085, 9H088

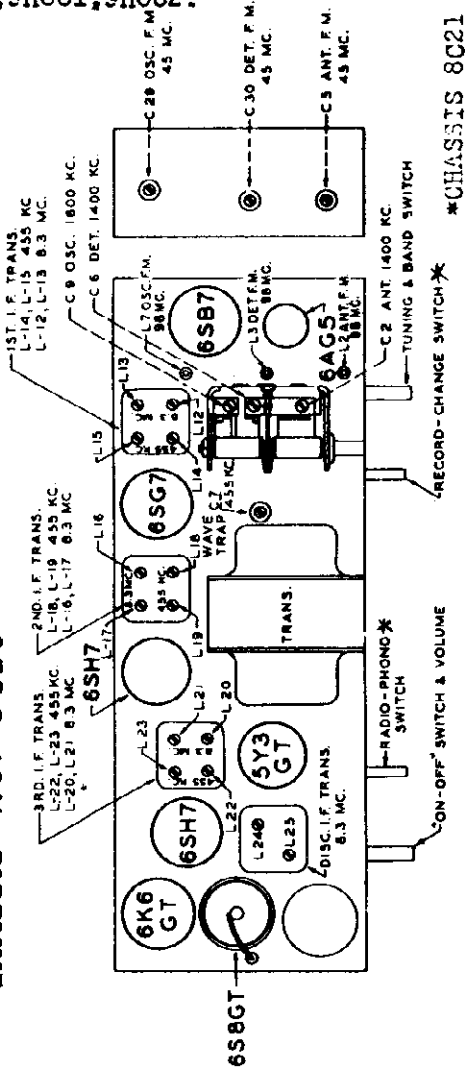
ZENITH RADIO CORP.

MODELS 9H079 - 9H081 - 9H082 - 9H085 - 9H088

CHASSIS No. 8C21

MODELS 8H032 - 8H033 - 8H050 - 8H051 - 8H052 - 8H061

CHASSIS No. 8C20



TUBE AND TRIMMER LOCATION

The tuning arrangement which tunes the 100 MC FM band also tunes the 45 MC band. However, on 45 MC the band switch connects trimmer condensers in parallel and padding wires in series with the 100 MC coils. The tuning slugs are attached to threaded shafts and the slugs are varied in the field of the coils by turning the shafts clockwise or counter-clockwise. After adjustments the shafts must be secured with a drop of speaker cement.

FM IF Alignment: The same type of tuning slugs for aligning the AM IF Amplifier are used for the FM I.F.'s. Observe the same precautions when making adjustments. When an overcoupled stage is overcoupled. Overcoupling gives a wide band pass with good sensitivity. The second 8.3 Mc IF stage is aligned with an unmodulated signal, the stage must be loaded. A 300 ohm carbon resistor is aligned across the secondary of the second IF transformer provides a satisfactory load for this circuit. The resistor leads must be kept short to reduce the distributed capacity of the circuit.

When aligning a loaded stage, it will be found that considerable signal from the generator will be required, and that it will tune broadly. THE LOAD RESISTOR MUST BE REMOVED AFTER ALIGNMENT.

If the signal generator used does not have sufficient output to overcome the temporary loss caused by the load resistor, the load resistance may be increased or the signal fed into the preceding stage.

FM Discriminator Alignment: When the secondary of the discriminator is aligned (operation 6) use sufficient signal input to get a good positive and negative indication before setting the slug for zero reading. A center zero indicating meter is recommended for this adjustment, but is not absolutely necessary. Reversing the leads of a non-zero center meter, or observing closely when this meter starts to go to the left (negative) of zero will give the same results.

TO THE SERVICE MAN:

The 8C21 chassis incorporates a super-heterodyne circuit with two stages of IF, and one stage of RF amplification on all bands.

AM Alignment: The alignment of this chassis on the standard broadcast band is conventional. The alignment slugs in the IF transformers are threaded and screw into the coil forms. The slugs are slotted for a small size fiber screw driver. Do not press hard on the aligning tool (fiber screw driver) or the threads in the coil forms will strip and adjustment will be impossible.

FM RF Alignment: The same coil slug arrangement which tunes the 100 MC FM band also tunes the 45 MC band. However, on 45 MC the band switch connects trimmer condensers in parallel and padding wires in series with the 100 MC coils. The tuning slugs are attached to threaded shafts and the slugs are varied in the field of the coils by turning the shafts clockwise or counter-clockwise. After adjustments the shafts must be secured with a drop of speaker cement.

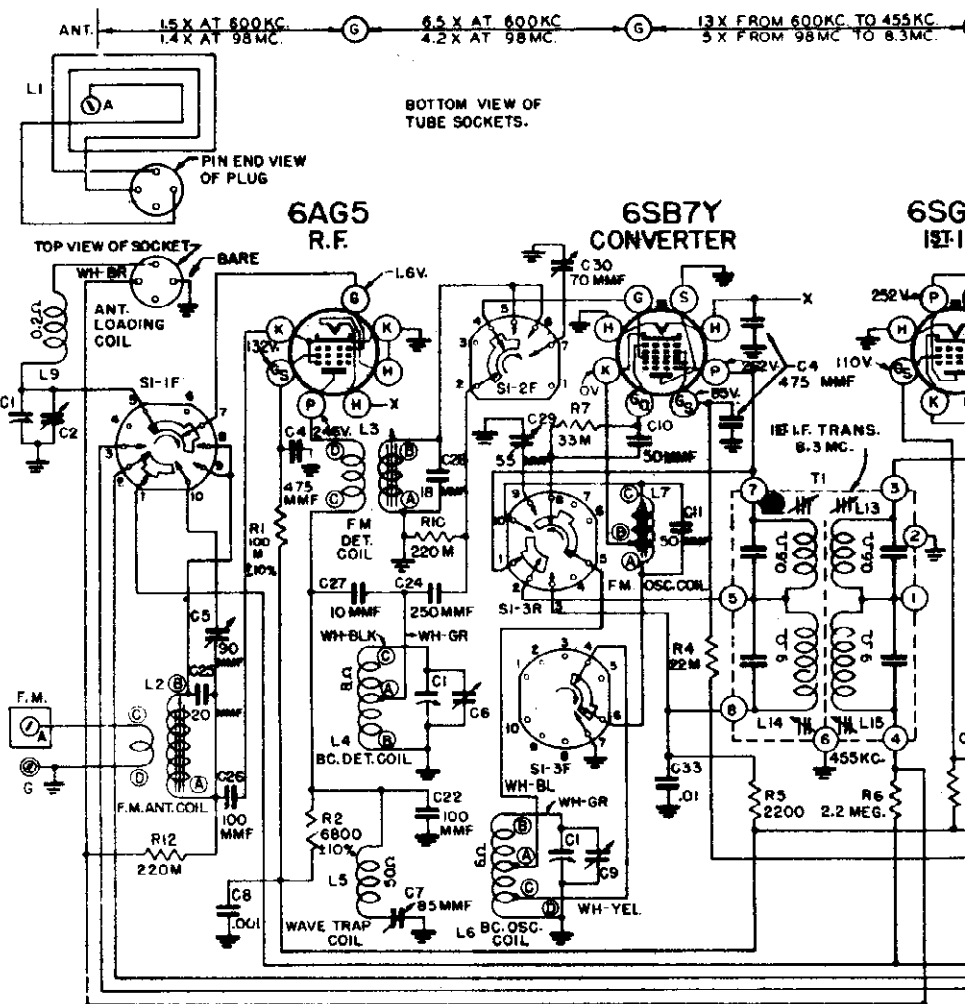
FM IF Alignment: The same type of tuning slugs for aligning the AM IF Amplifier are used for the FM I.F.'s. Observe the same precautions when making adjustments. When an overcoupled stage is overcoupled. Overcoupling gives a wide band pass with good sensitivity. The second 8.3 Mc IF stage is aligned with an unmodulated signal, the stage must be loaded. A 300 ohm carbon resistor is aligned across the secondary of the second IF transformer provides a satisfactory load for this circuit. The resistor leads must be kept short to reduce the distributed capacity of the circuit.

When aligning a loaded stage, it will be found that considerable signal from the generator will be required, and that it will tune broadly. THE LOAD RESISTOR MUST BE REMOVED AFTER ALIGNMENT.

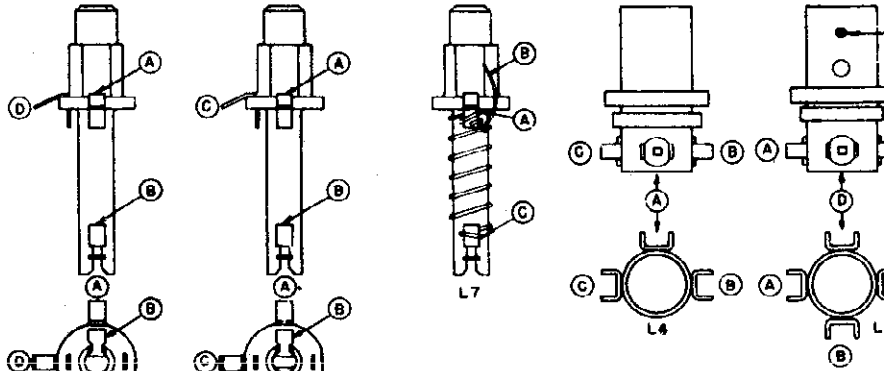
If the signal generator used does not have sufficient output to overcome the temporary loss caused by the load resistor, the load resistance may be increased or the signal fed into the preceding stage.

FM Discriminator Alignment: When the secondary of the discriminator is aligned (operation 6) use sufficient signal input to get a good positive and negative indication before setting the slug for zero reading. A center zero indicating meter is recommended for this adjustment, but is not absolutely necessary. Reversing the leads of a non-zero center meter, or observing closely when this meter starts to go to the left (negative) of zero will give the same results.

DIAG. NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
C1	22-1368	3-BAND VARIABLE
CP	ON C1	BROADCAST ANT. TRIM.
C3	22-929	.05 MFD. 200V.
C4	27-07	475 MMFD. MICA DISC
C5	22-1485	90 MMF TRIMMER
C6	ON C1	BROADCAST DET. TRIM.
C7	ON L5	WAVE TRAP TRIMMER
C8	22-1431	.001 MFD. 600V.
C9	ON C1	BROADCAST OSC. TRIM.
C10	22-1367	50 MMFD. 500V.
C11	22-1492	50 MMFD. CER.
C12	22-470	50 MMFD. 600 V.
C13	22-830	.02 MFD. 600V.
C14	22-1138	.002 MFD. 600V.
C15	22-1443	.002 MFD. 600V.
C16	22-288	.003 MFD. 600V.
C17	22-827	.1 MFD. 200V.
C18	22-448	.004 MFD. 600V.
C19	22-1582	40 MFD. ELECTRO. 85V.
C20	22-1582	40 MFD. " 450V.
C21	22-162	100 MMFD. 600V.
C22	22-162	100 MMFD. 600V.
C23	22-1041	.005 MFD. 400V.
C24	22-182	250 MMFD. 600V.
C25	22-1491	201 MFD. CER.
C26	22-1488	100 MMFD. 300V.
C27	22-489	10 MMFD. CER.
R1	63-160	100 M OHM 1/2 W.
R2	63-639	6800 OHM 1/4 W.
R3	63-597	470 M OHM 1/4 W.
R4	63-1058	22 M OHM 2 W.
R5	63-803	2200 OHM 1/2 W.
R6	63-722	2.2 MEG OHM 1/4 W.
R7	63-712	33 M OHM 1/4 W.
R8	63-767	47 M OHM 1/4 W.
R9	63-593	47 M OHM 1/4 W.
R10	63-296	220 M OHM 1/4 W.
R11	63-1225	68 M OHM 1/4 W.
R12	63-717	220 M OHM 1/4 W.
R13	63-595	100 M OHM 1/4 W.
R14	63-976	15 MEG OHM 1/4 W.
R15	63-246	150 OHM 1/4 W.
R16	63-1466	2.5 MEG. VOL. CONTROL
R17	63-1099	33 OHM W.W. 1/2 W.
R18	63-1282	470 OHM W.W. 1 W.
R19	63-640	47 M OHM 1/4 W.
R20	63-1172	100 OHM 1/2 W.
L1	S-11481	WAVE MAGNET TYPE 300
L2	S-12257	FM ANTENNA COIL ASSY
L3	S-12258	FM DETECTOR
L4	S-11156	BC DETECTOR
L5	S-12253	WAVE TRAP COIL & TRIM
L6	S-11991	BC OSCILLATOR
L7	S-12259	FM
L8	S-12256	R.F. CHOKER
L9	S-12389	ANT. LOADING COIL
T1	S-12249	12.1 F. TRANS. ASSEM.
T2	S-12250	2SP1 F.
T3	S-12251	3SP1 F.
T4	S-12252	DISC. I.F.
T5	98-922	POWER TRANSFORMER
S1	85-378	BAND SWITCH
S2	S-12510	TONE SWITCH ASSEM.
S3	85-363	PHONO-RADIO SWITCH
S4	85-349	RECORD-CHANGE SWITCH
W1	S-12265	PHONO CABLE ASSEM.
PL1	100-36	PILOT LIGHT 6.3V.25A
SP1		SEE SPEAKER TABLE
C28	22-1490	18 MMFD. CER.
C29	22-1571	55 MMF TRIMMER
C30	22-1486	70 MMF "
C31	22-1385	.01 MFD. 200 V.
C32	22-1137	150 MMFD. 600 V.
C33	22-196	.01 MFD. 600 V.
C34	22-1135	.005 MFD. 600 V.
L12	ON T1	12.1 F. TRANS. PRI. (F.M.)
L13	ON T1	12.1 F. " SEC. (F.M.)
L14	ON T1	12.1 F. " PRI.
L15	ON T1	12.1 F. " SEC.
L16	ON T2	2SP1 F. TRANS. PRI. (F.M.)
L17	ON T2	2SP1 F. " SEC. (F.M.)
L18	ON T2	2SP1 F. " PRI.
L19	ON T2	2SP1 F. " SEC.
L20	ON T3	3SP1 F. TRANS. PRI. (F.M.)
L21	ON T3	3SP1 F. " SEC. (F.M.)
L22	ON T3	3SP1 F. " PRI.
L23	ON T3	3SP1 F. " SEC.
L24	ON T4	4TH F. TRANS. PRI. (F.M.)
L25	ON T4	4TH F. " SEC. (F.M.)



BAND SWITCH S1 SHOWN IN ST'D BROADCAST POSITION
 BAND SWITCH POSITIONS
 1ST POS. ST'D BROADCAST
 2ND POS. FM 100
 3RD POS. FM 45



ALL RESISTORS ± 20% TOLERANCE UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.

⊥ DENOTES CHASSIS

CHASSIS	MODEL
8C21	9H079
8C21	9H081
8C21	9H085R
8C21	9H088R
8C21	9H082R

MODELS 9H079-9H081-9H08

DIO CORP.

MODELS 9H079, 9H081, 9H082, 9H085,
9H088, Chassis 8C21, Early, Revised

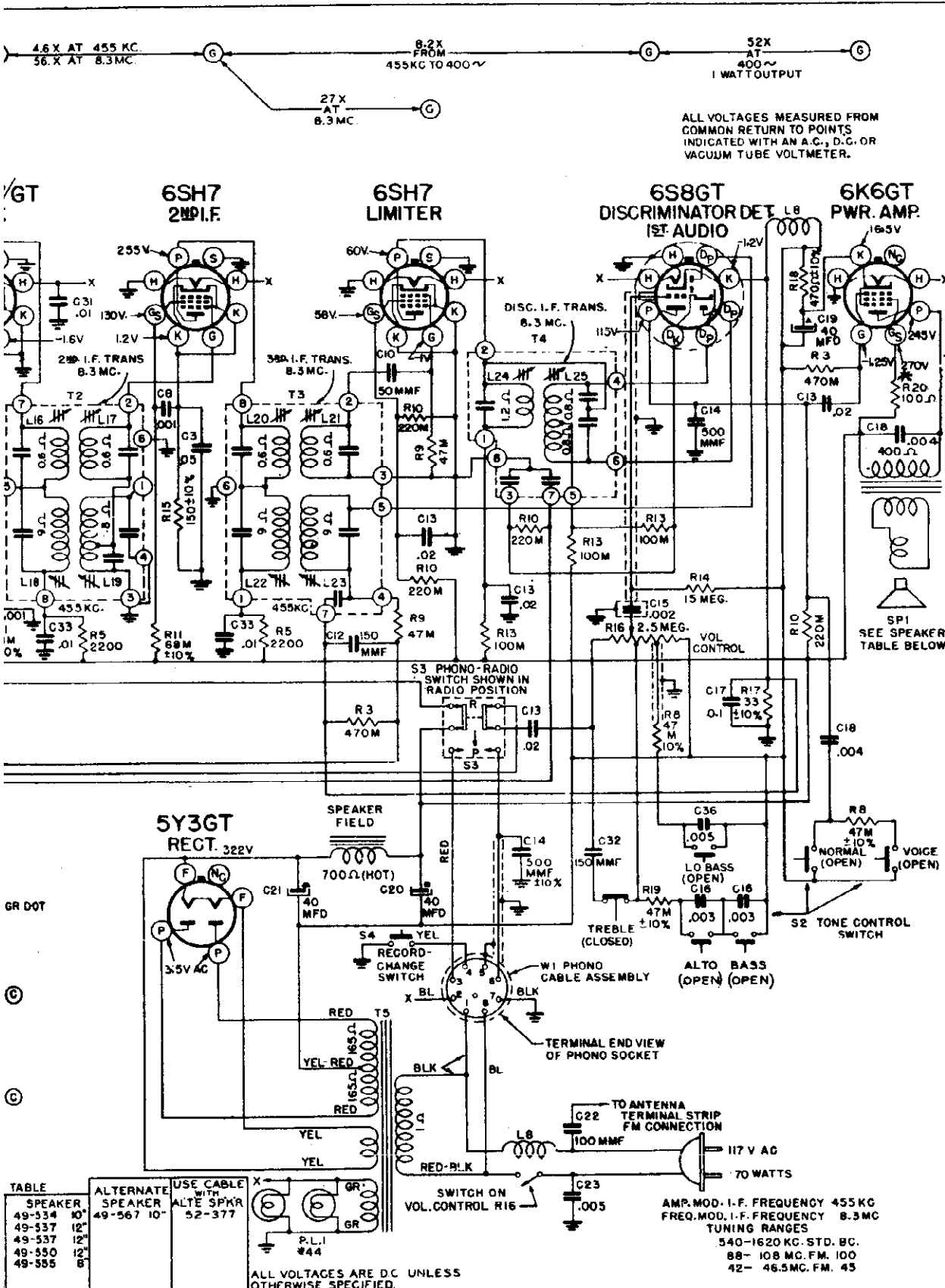


TABLE	SPEAKER	ALTERNATE SPEAKER	USE CABLE WITH ALTE. SPKR
	49-534 10"	49-567 10"	X
	49-537 12"		
	49-537 12"		
	49-550 12"		
	49-555 8"		

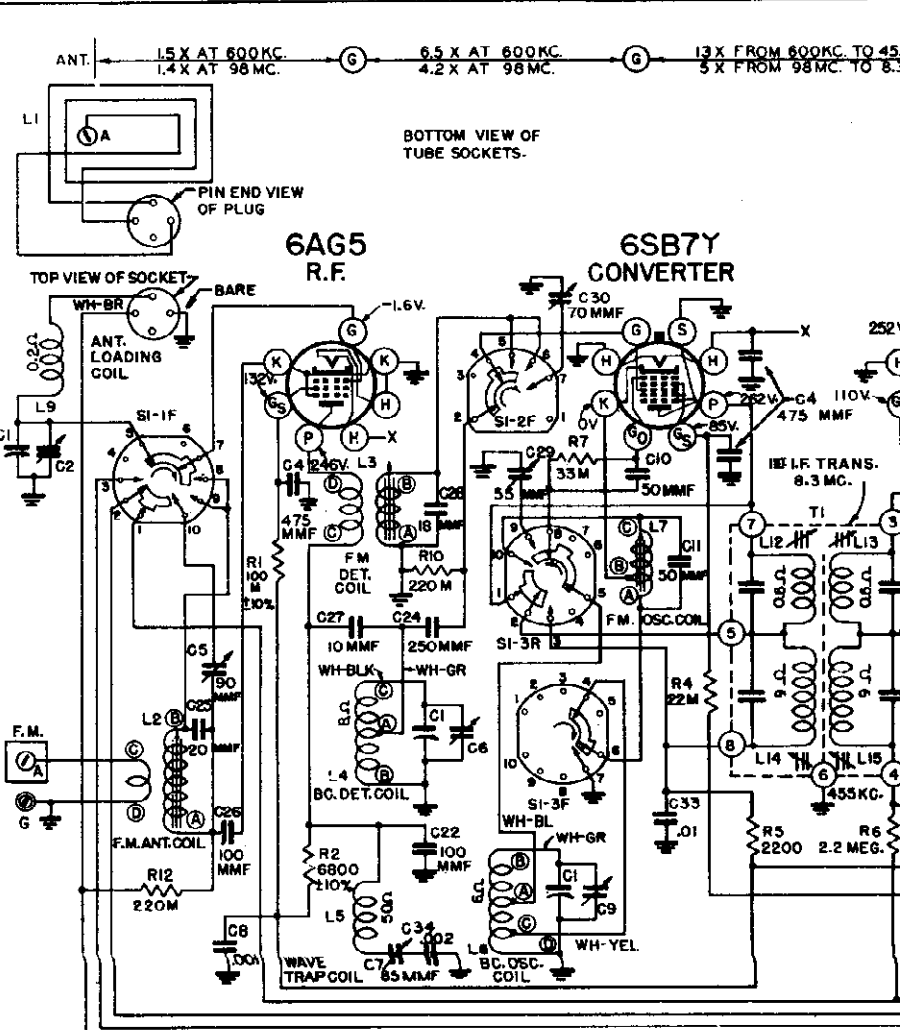
AMP. MOD. I-F. FREQUENCY 455 KC
FREQ. MOD. I-F. FREQUENCY 8.3 MC
TUNING RANGES
540-1620 KC. STD. BC.
88-108 MC. FM. 100
42-46.5 MC. FM. 45

9H085 - 9H088 CHASSIS No. 8C21

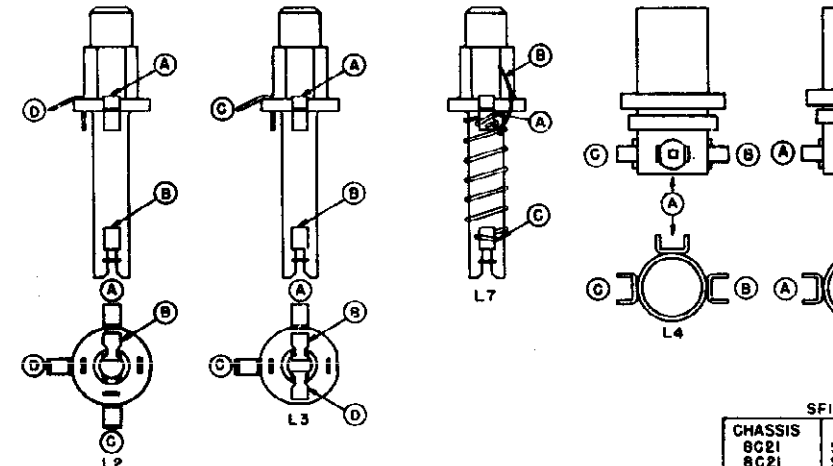
* NOT IN EARLY MODEL

Record Changer: Zenith Model S-11680. For Alignment, see Pp. 15-79, 15-80

DIAG. NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
C1	22-1368	3-GANG VARIABLE
C2	ON C1	BROADCAST ANT. TRIM.
C3	22-929	.05 MFD. 200V.
C4	27-87	475 MMFD. MICA DISC
C5	22-1485	90 MMFD TRIMMER
C6	ON C1	BROADCAST DET. TRIM.
C7	ON L5	WAVE TRAP TRIMMER
C8	22-1431	.001 MFD. 600V.
C9	ON C1	BROADCAST OSC. TRIM.
C10	22-1367	50 MMFD. 500V.
C11	22-1492	50 MMFD. CER.
C12	22-470	150 MMFD. 600 V.
C13	22-630	.02 MFD. 600V.
C14	22-1138	500 MMFD. 600V.
C15	22-1445	.002 MFD. 600V.
C16	22-200	.003 MFD. 600V.
C17	22-627	.1 MFD. 200V.
C18	22-448	.004 MFD. 600V.
C19		
C20	22-1362	40MFD. ELECTRO. 25V.
C21		
C22	22-162	100 MMFD. 600V.
C23	22-1041	.005 MFD. 400V.
C24	22-182	250 MMFD. 600V.
C25	22-1491	20 MMFD. CER.
C26	22-1488	100 MMFD. 300V.
C27	22-1489	10 MMFD. CER.
R1	63-180	100 M OHM 1/2 W.
R2	63-639	6800 OHM 1/4 W.
R3	63-597	470 M OHM 1/4 W.
R4	63-1058	22 M OHM 2 W.
R5	63-803	2200 OHM 1/2 W.
R6	63-722	2.2 MEG OHM 1/4 W.
R7	63-712	33 M OHM 1/4 W.
R8	63-767	47 M OHM 1/4 W.
R9	63-593	47 M OHM 1/4 W.
R10	63-296	220 M OHM 1/4 W.
R11	63-1225	68 M OHM 1/2 W.
R12	63-717	220 M OHM 1/4 W.
R13	63-565	100 M OHM 1/4 W.
R14	63-976	15 MEG OHM 1/4 W.
R15	63-246	150 OHM 1/4 W.
R16	63-1466	2.5 MEG. VOL. CONTROL
R17	63-1099	35 OHM W.W. 1/2 W.
R18	63-1222	470 OHM W.W. 1 W.
R19	63-648	47 M OHM 1/4 W.
R20	63-1172	100 OHM 1/2 W.
R21	63-445	100 OHM 1/4 W.
L1	S-8461	WAVE MAGNET TYPE 90D
L2	S-12237	FM ANTENNA COIL ASSY
L3	S-12258	FM DETECTOR
L4	S-11156	BC DETECTOR
L5	S-12255	WAVE TRAP COIL & TRIM.
L6	S-11291	BC OSCILLATOR
L7	S-12259	FM
L8	S-12256	R.F. CHOKE
L9	S-12259	ANT. LOADING COIL
T1	S-12249	12T.I.F. TRANS. ASSEM.
T2	S-12250	2BP1.F. " "
T3	S12251	3BP1.F. " "
T4	S12252	DISC. I.F. " "
T5	95-922	POWER TRANSFORMER
S1	85-378	BAND SWITCH
S2	S-12510	10NE TONE SWITCH ASSEM.
S3	85-365	PHONO RADIO SWITCH
S4	85-340	RECORD-CHANGE SWITCH
W1	S-12285	PHONO CABLE ASSEM
PL1	100-36	PILOT LIGHT 6-5V.25A
SP1		SEE SPEAKER TABLE
C28	22-1490	18 MMFD CER.
C29	22-1571	55 MMFD TRIMMER
C30	22-1486	70 MMFD "
C31	22-1385	.01 MFD. 200 V.
C32	22-1137	150 MMFD 600 V.
C33	22-1196	.01 MFD. 600 V.
C34	22-912	.002 MFD. 600 V.
C35	22-1180	.02 MFD. 400 V.
C36	22-1135	.005 MFD. 600 V.
L12	ON T1	12T.I.F. TRANS. PRI. (F.M.)
L13	ON T1	12T.I.F. " SEC. (F.M.)
L14	ON T1	12T.I.F. " PRI.
L15	ON T1	12T.I.F. " SEC.
L16	ON T2	2BP1.F. TRANS. PRI.(F.M.)
L17	ON T2	2BP1.F. " SEC.(F.M.)
L18	ON T2	2BP1.F. " PRI.
L19	ON T2	2BP1.F. " SEC.
L20	ON T3	3BP1.F. TRANS. PRI.(F.M.)
L21	ON T3	3BP1.F. " SEC.(F.M.)
L22	ON T3	3BP1.F. " PRI.
L23	ON T3	3BP1.F. " SEC.
L24	ON T4	412T.I.F. TRANS. PRI.(F.M.)
L25	ON T4	412T.I.F. " SEC.(F.M.)



BAND SWITCH S1 SHOWN IN ST'D BROADCAST POSITION
 BAND SWITCH POSITIONS { 1ST POS. ST'D BROADCAST
 2ND POS. FM 100
 3RD POS. FM 45

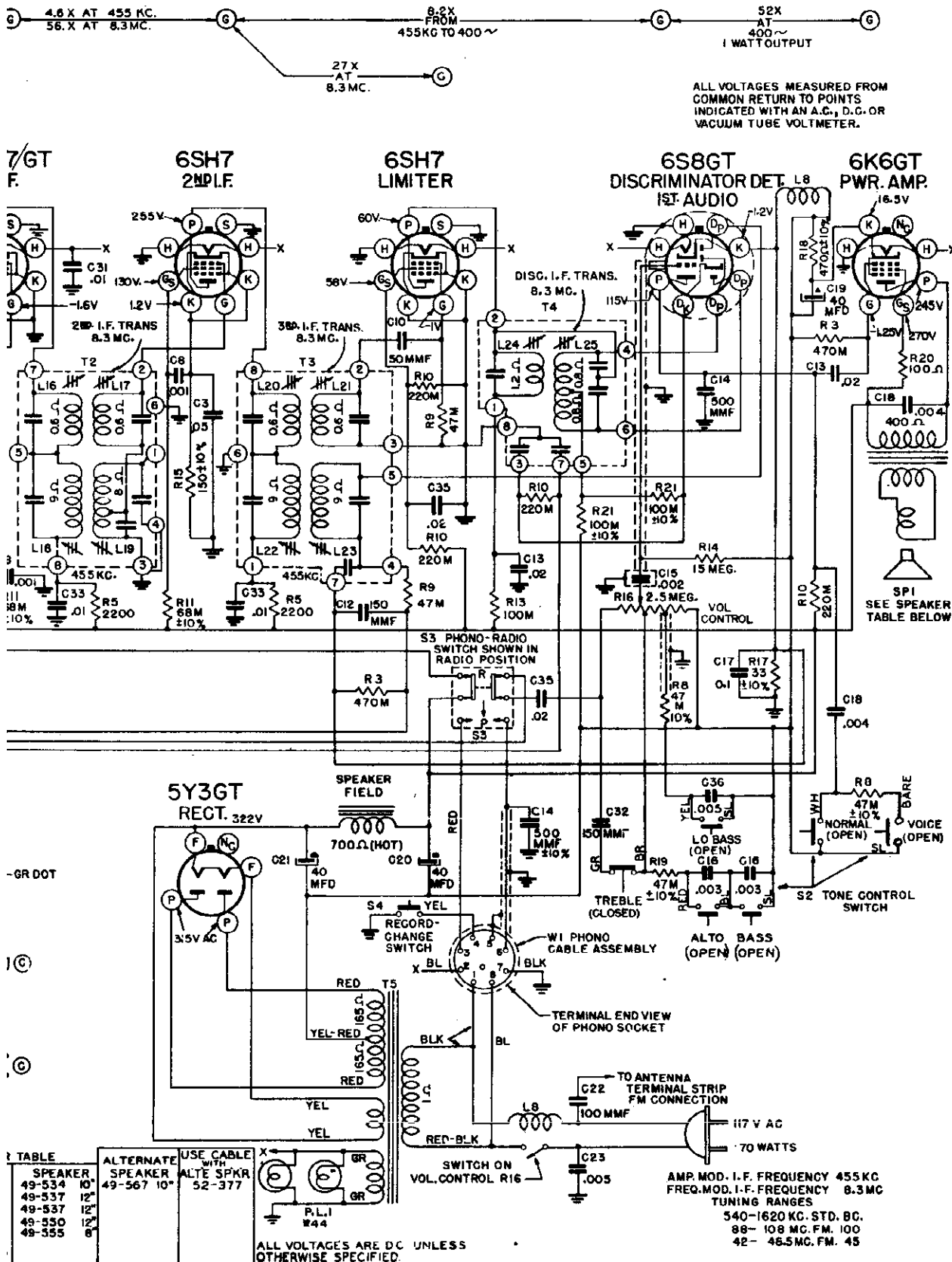


ALL RESISTORS ± 20% TOLERANCE
 UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.

↓ DENOTES CHASSIS

CHASSIS
8C81
8C21
8C21
8C21
8C21

RADIO CORP.



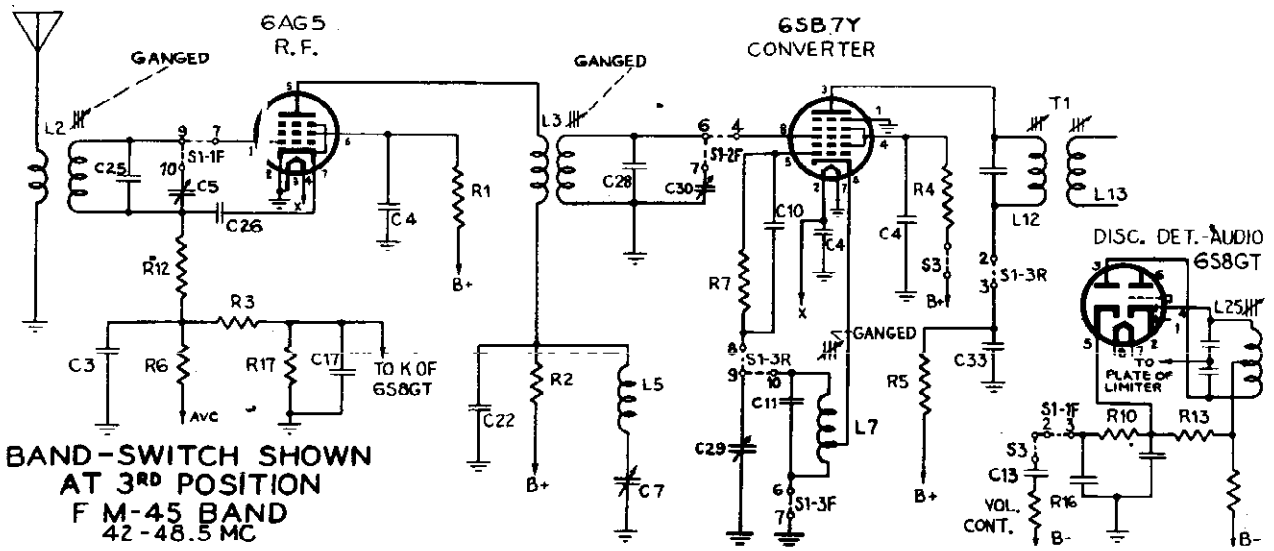
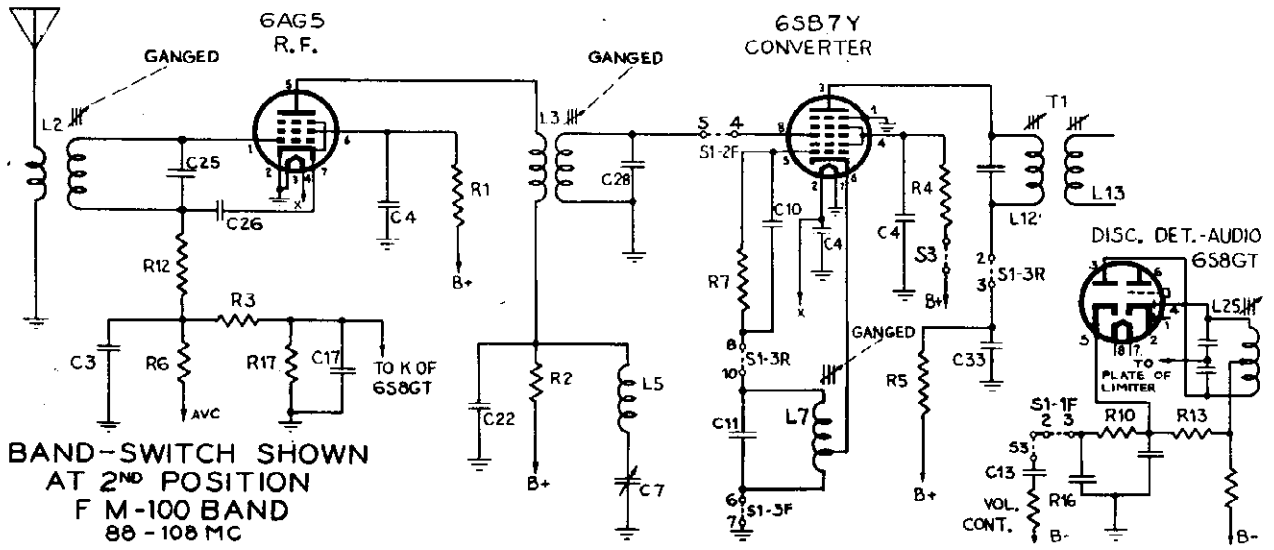
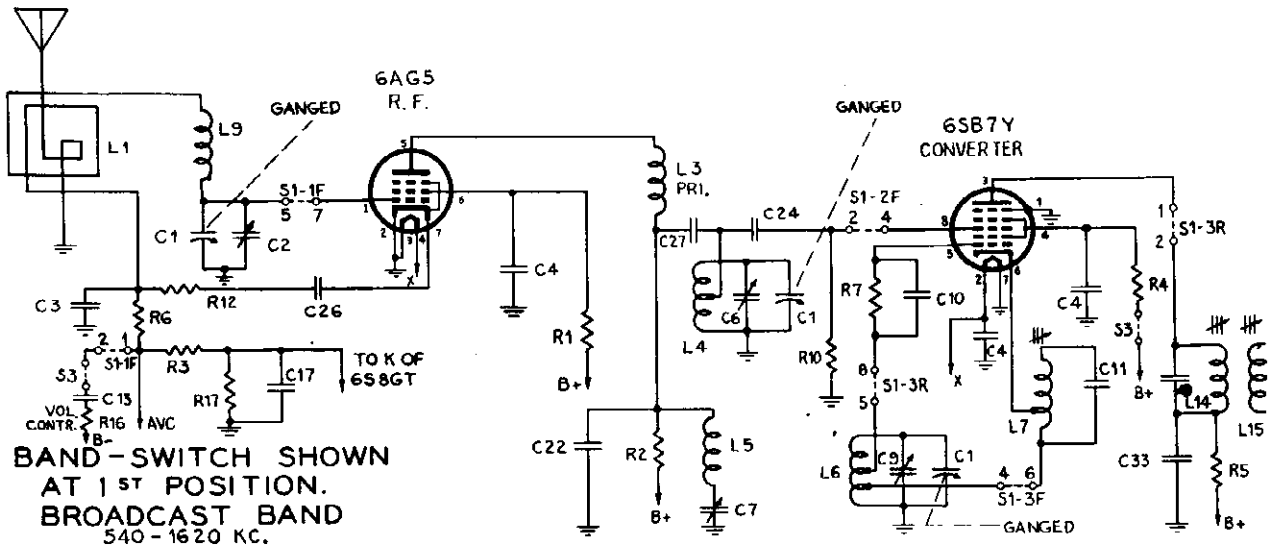
9H085 - 9H088 CHASSIS No. 8C21

Record Changer: Zenith Model S-11680 For Alignment, see Pp.15-79,15-80

"clarified schematics"

ZENITH RADIO CORP.

MODELS 9H079, 9H081, 9H082
9H085, 9H088, Early, Late



MODELS 8H032, 8H033, 8H050,
8H051, 8H052, 8H061

ZENITH RADIO CORP.

MODELS 9H079, 9H081, 9H082,
9H085, 9H088

CHASSIS 8C20-8C21-8H0-9H0-SERIES

HUM COMPLAINT ON 9H0 SERIES:

Check audio and a-c leads to the volume control. The leads from the tone control must be dressed away from the a-c leads. The high voltage secondary leads from the power transformer must be dressed away and close to the chassis from the 47,000 resistor on the tap points.

HOWL ON AM 8H0 SERIES:

Howl due to vibrations transmitted into the oscillator sections of the gang condenser by the speaker. To remedy this condition, a felt strip can be placed between the rear of the gang, and the first i-f transformer. It may also be necessary to move the oscillator section lead underneath the gang slightly to reduce tension.

STRIPPED IF SLUG INSERTS:

Damaged i-f slug thread inserts may be replaced by unscrewing the slug and pushing out the old insert.
Two types of inserts are used, 83-1063 short and 83-1069 long.

FM SPEAKERS 8H0 AND 9H0 SERIES:

Some of the earlier 8C20-21 chassis are wired for electro-dynamic speakers only. Later production sets are wired for either electro-dynamic or FM speakers which have the filter unit attached to the speaker frame. These chassis are identified by a dot of black paint on or near the speaker socket. To use the FM speakers on the earlier sets, it will be necessary to run a lead from B-(center tap of high-voltage winding) to a lug on the speaker socket which connects to the negative side of the filter on the speaker.

BUZZ IN DIAL ESCUTHEON 8H0 AND 9H0 SERIES:

If the dial assembly comes in contact with the power transformer a buzz will result and a 83-1331 felt spacer should be added between the dial and transformer.

INCREASING BASS RESPONSE OF PHONO:

To increase the bass response on records, the value of R5 in the phono pre-amplifier may be increased. Do not increase the value to over 10,000 ohms or audio howl may be heard.

IMPROVING FM RECEPTION ON 8H0 AND 9H0 SERIES:

In FM Consoles, a cabinet FM antenna may be added in addition to the line antenna. This antenna is made up of two 28 inch lengths of wire. One wire is connected to the FM antenna post, the other to chassis. The two wires are then tacked in the cabinet in opposite directions, and should not come in contact with ground.

WAVE TRAP TRIMMER SHORTING OUT:

A .002 mfd 500 volt condenser has been added in series with the wave trap. This condenser removes the d-c potential from the trap and eliminates the possibility of breakdown.

AUDIO HOWL AS VOLUME CONTROL IS ADVANCED (FM RECEPTION):

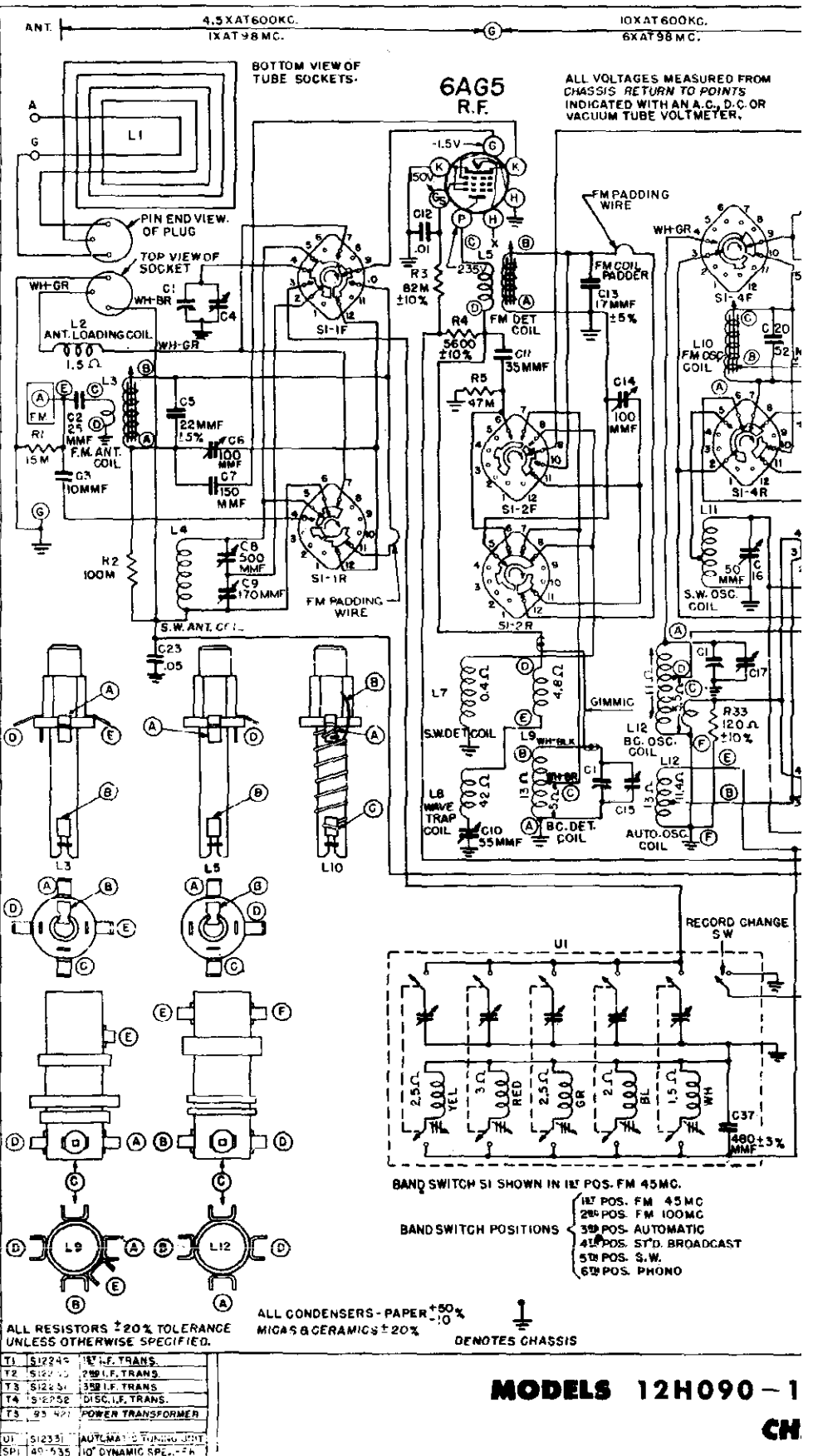
FM howl may be caused by the speaker vibrating the oscillator slug. A fiber spacer between the oscillator, and detector slug shafts in the FM tuner will eliminate vibration. A thin rubber band tied to the center of the oscillator slug shaft and upper frame will also eliminate the howl.

ZENITH RA

QTY	DIAG. No.	PART No.	DESCRIPTION
1	22-1363	3-GANG VARIABLE	
1	22-1507	25 MMFD. CER. 500V.	
1	22-1504	10 MMFD. CER. 500V.	
1	ON C1	BROADCAST ANT. TRIM.	
1	22-1506	22 MMFD. CER. 500V.	
1	22-1493	FM ANTENNA TRIM.	
1	22-1503	150 MMFD. 500V.	
1	S.W. ANT. TRIM.		
1	22-1497	S.W. ANT. TRIM.	
1	WAVE TRAP TRIMMER		
1	22-1508	55 MMFD. LER. 500V.	
1	22-196	.01 MFD. 600V.	
1	22-1505	17 MMFD. CER. 500V.	
1	22-1494	FM DET. TRIMMER	
1	ON C1	BROADCAST DET. TRIM.	
1	22-1502	S.W. OSC. TRIMMER	
1	ON C1	BROADCAST OSC. TRIM.	
1	22-1367	50 MMFD. CER. 500V.	
1	22-1169	.001 MFD. MICA 600V.	
1	22-1509	52 MMFD. CER. 500V.	
1	27-87	475 MMFD. MICA DISC.	
1	22-1514	F.M. OSC. TRIMMER	
1	22-879	.05 MFD. 200V.	
1	22-182	100 MMFD. MICA 600V.	
1	22-850	.02 MFD. 600V.	
1	22-1138	500 MMFD. MICA 600V.	
1	22-265	100 MMFD. MICA 600V.	
1	22-171	.05 MFD. 600V.	
1	22-1347	.005 MFD. 600V.	
1	22-446	.004 MFD. 10% 600V.	
1	22-1127	.02 MFD. 400V.	
1	22-1125	.01 MFD. 400V.	
1	22-289	50 MMFD. MICA 600V.	
1	22-319	.005 MFD. 200V.	
1	22-242	750 MMFD. MICA 500V.	
1	22-868	480 MMFD. SILVER MICA	
1	22-1041	.005 MFD. 400V.	
1	22-1257	.005 MFD. 1000V.	
1	22-1496	30 MFD. ELECTRO. 450V.	
1	22-1506	.02 MFD. 200V.	

R1	63-607	5M OHM	1/2 W.
R2	63-715	100M OHM	1/4 W.
R3	63-885	82M OHM	1/2 W.
R4	63-1448	5600 OHM	1/2 W.
R5	63-893	47M OHM	1/4 W.
R6	63-712	33M OHM	1/4 W.
R7	63-510	18M OHM	2 W.
R8	63-579	220 OHM	1/4 W.
R9	63-605	1000 OHM	1/2 W.
R10	63-600	2.2 MEG OHM	1/2 W.
R11	63-860	68M OHM	1/2 W.
R12	63-1446	1200 OHM	1/2 W.
R13	63-592	33M OHM	1/4 W.
R14	63-1447	120M OHM	1/2 W.
R15	63-803	2200 OHM	1/2 W.
R16	63-896	2200 OHM	1/4 W.
R17	63-360	100M OHM	1 W.
R18	63-760	100M OHM	1/4 W.
R19	63-776	15 MEG OHM	1/4 W.
R20	63-590	100M OHM	1/4 W.
R21	63-1449	6.5 MEG. VOL. CONTROL	
R22	63-651	62M OHM	1/4 W.
R23	63-503	15M OHM	1/4 W.
R24	63-441	1 MEG OHM	1/4 W.
R25	63-586	3300 OHM	1/4 W.
R26	63-585	2200 OHM	1/4 W.
R27	63-648	47M OHM	1/4 W.
R28	63-1187	47M OHM	1 W.
R29	63-657	330M OHM	1/4 W.
R30	63-597	470M OHM	1/4 W.
R31	63-1189	200 OHM WIREWOUND	
R32	63-620	33 OHM	1/4 W.
R33	63-626	120 OHM	1/4 W.

L1	S12111	WAVEMAGNET TYPE 30E	
L2	S12579	ANT. LOADING COIL ASS'Y	
L3	S12301	FM ANT. COIL ASSEM.	
L4	S12282	S.W. ANT. " "	
L5	S12302	F.M. DET. " "	
L7	S12291	S.W. DET. COIL ASSEM	
L8	S12281	WAVE TRAP " "	
L9	S12293	B.C. DET. " "	
L10	S12303	F.M. OSC. " "	
L11	S12292	S.W. OSC. " "	
L12	J11344	B.C. & AUTO. OSC. " "	
L13	ON T1	31.1 F. TRANS. PRI. FM	
L14	ON T1	41.1 F. " SEC. FM	
L15	ON T1	10.1 F. " PRI.	
L16	ON T1	11.1 F. " SEC.	
L17	ON T2	290.1 F. TRANS. PRI. FM	
L18	ON T2	290.1 F. " SEC. FM	
L19	ON T2	290.1 F. " PRI.	
L20	ON T2	290.1 F. " SEC.	
L21	ON T3	390.1 F. TRANS. PRI. FM	
L22	ON T3	390.1 F. " SEC. FM	
L23	ON T3	390.1 F. " PRI.	
L24	ON T3	390.1 F. " SEC.	
L25	ON T4	DISC. I.F. TRANS. PRI.	
L26	ON T4	DISC. I.F. SEC.	
L27	S12256	A.C. LINE CHOKE COIL ASS'Y	



T1	S12249	11.1 F. TRANS.
T2	S12250	290.1 F. TRANS.
T3	S12251	390.1 F. TRANS.
T4	S12252	DISC. I.F. TRANS.
T5	95-421	POWER TRANSFORMER

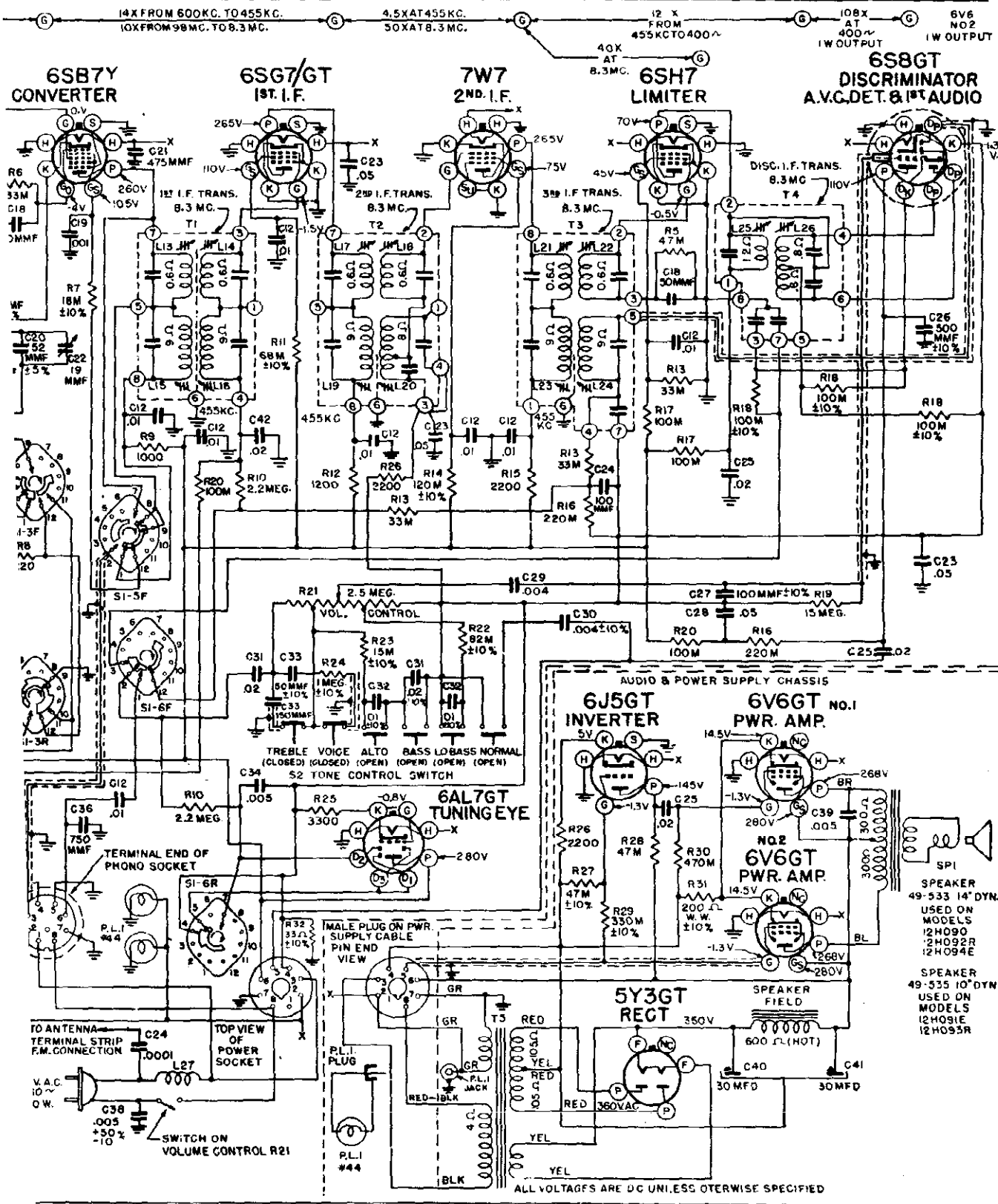
BAND SWITCH S1 SHOWN IN 1st POS. FM 45MC.
 BAND SWITCH POSITIONS:
 1st POS. FM 45MC
 2nd POS. FM 100MC
 3rd POS. AUTOMATIC
 4th POS. ST'D. BROADCAST
 5th POS. S.W.
 6th POS. PHONO

MODELS 12H090-1
CH

RADIO CORP.

MODELS 12H090, 12H091, 12H092, 12H093, 12H094, Chassis 11C21

Early



1091-12H092-12H093-12H094

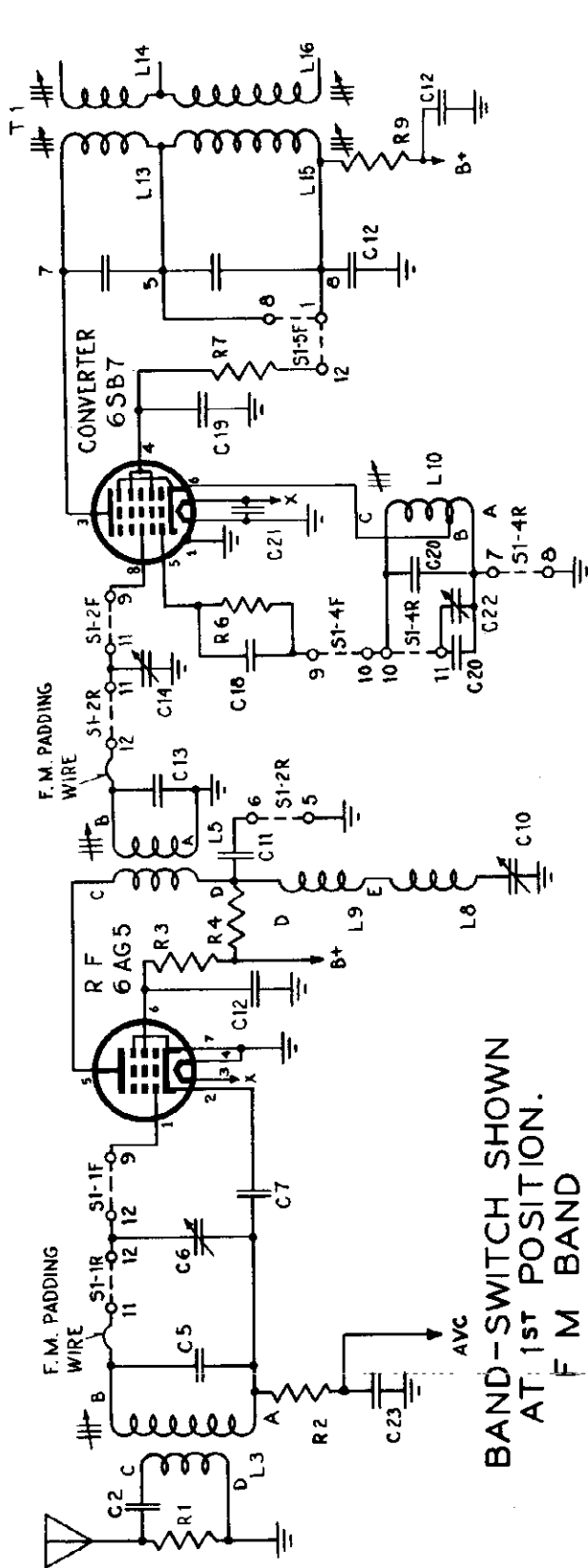
1515 No. 11C21

"clarified schematics"

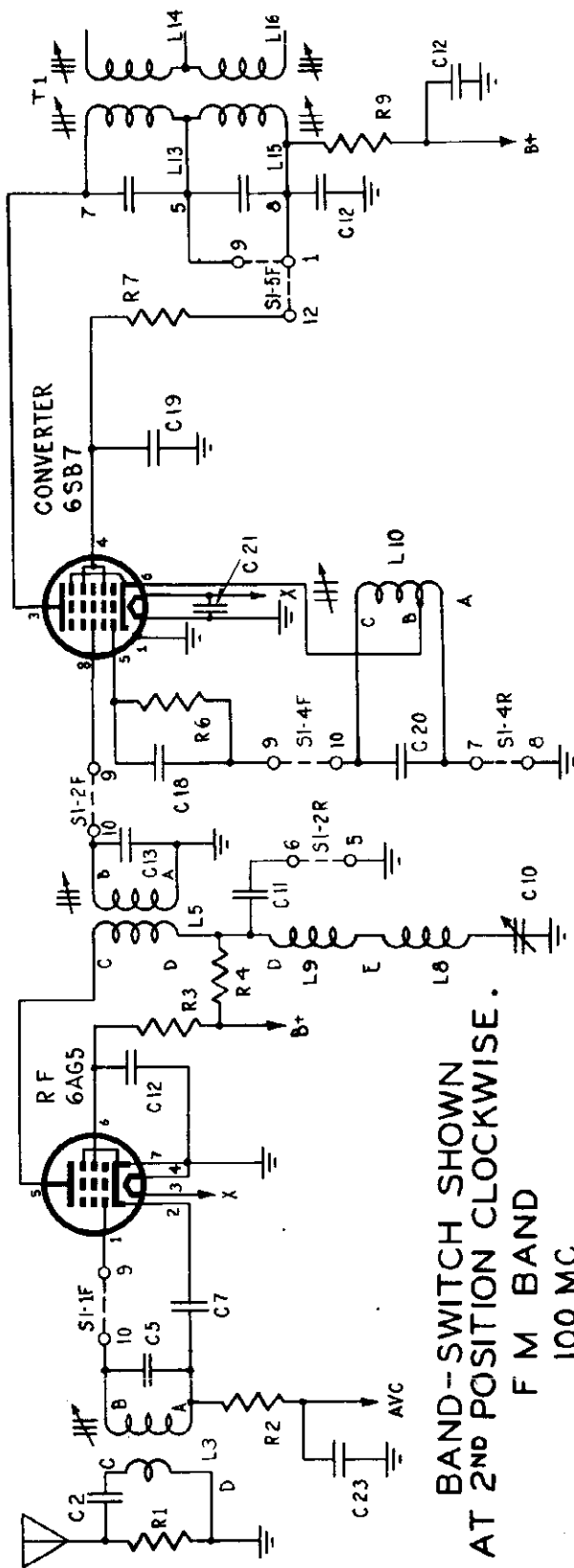
ZENITH PAG

ZENITH RADIO CORP.

MODELS 12HO90, 12HO91,
12HO92, 12HO93, 12HO94
Early, Late



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
AT 1ST POSITION.
F M BAND
45 MC



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
AT 2ND POSITION CLOCKWISE.
F M BAND
100 MC

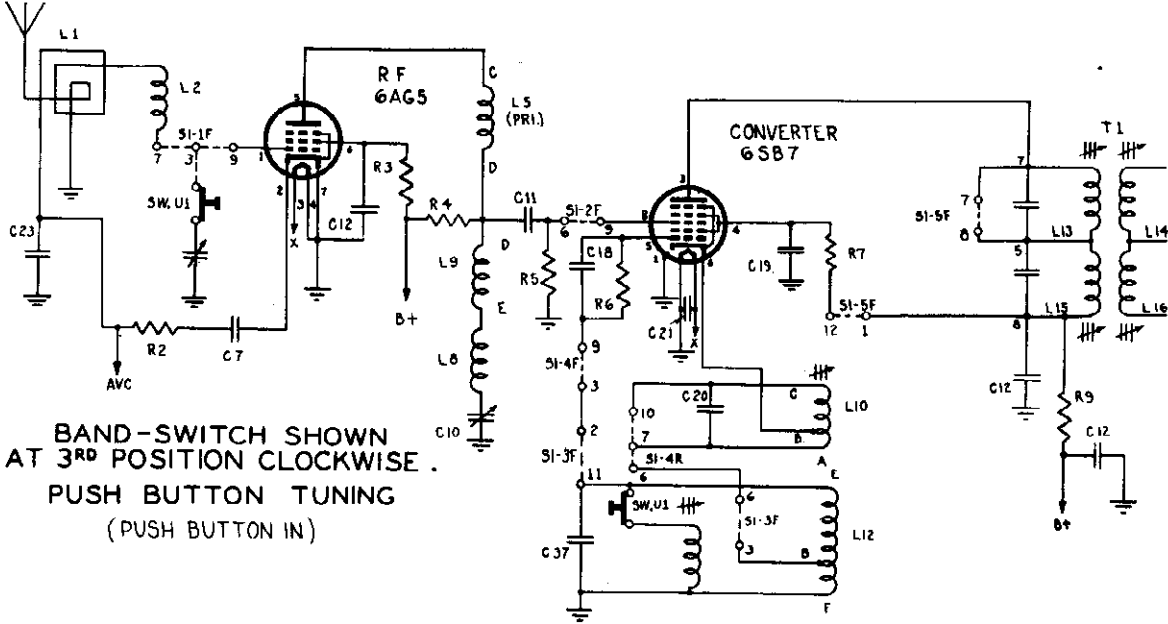
"clarified schematics"

PAGE 15-90 ZENITH

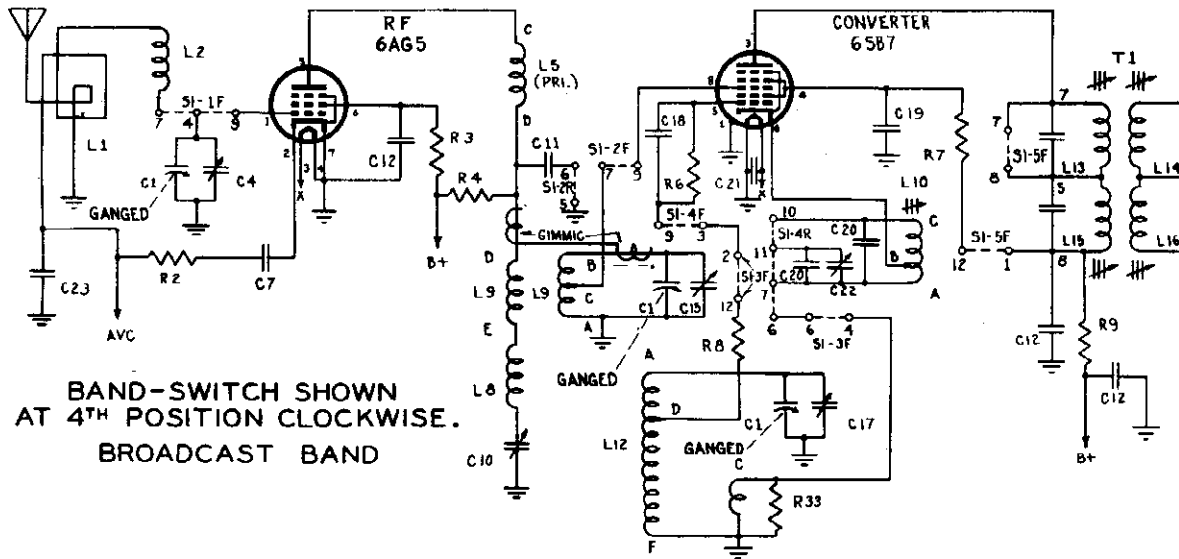
MODELS 12H090, 12H091,
12H092, 12H093, 12H094

ZENITH RADIO CORP.

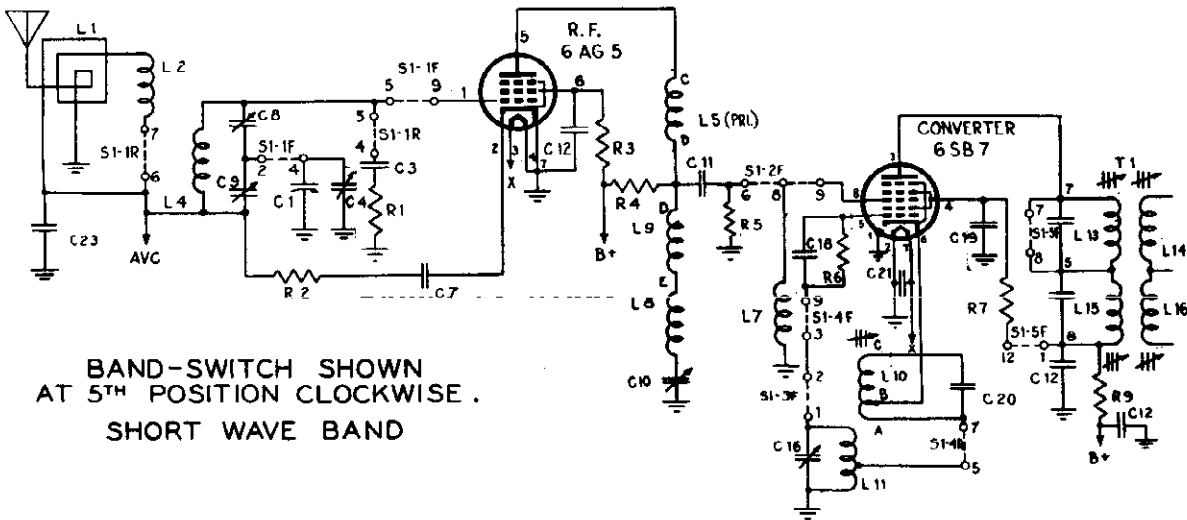
Early, Late



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
AT 3RD POSITION CLOCKWISE.
PUSH BUTTON TUNING
(PUSH BUTTON IN)

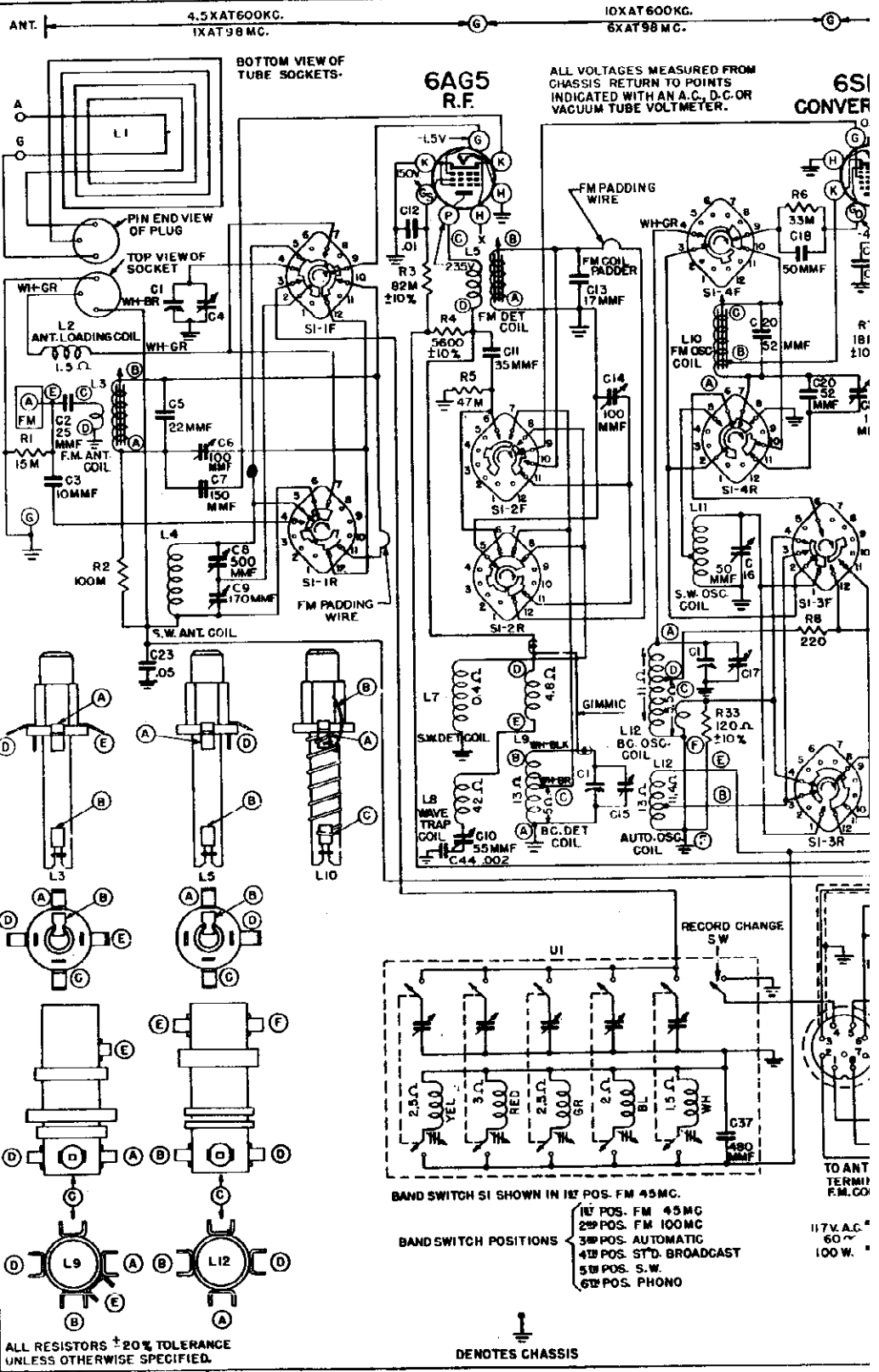


BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
AT 4TH POSITION CLOCKWISE.
BROADCAST BAND



BAND-SWITCH SHOWN
AT 5TH POSITION CLOCKWISE.
SHORT WAVE BAND

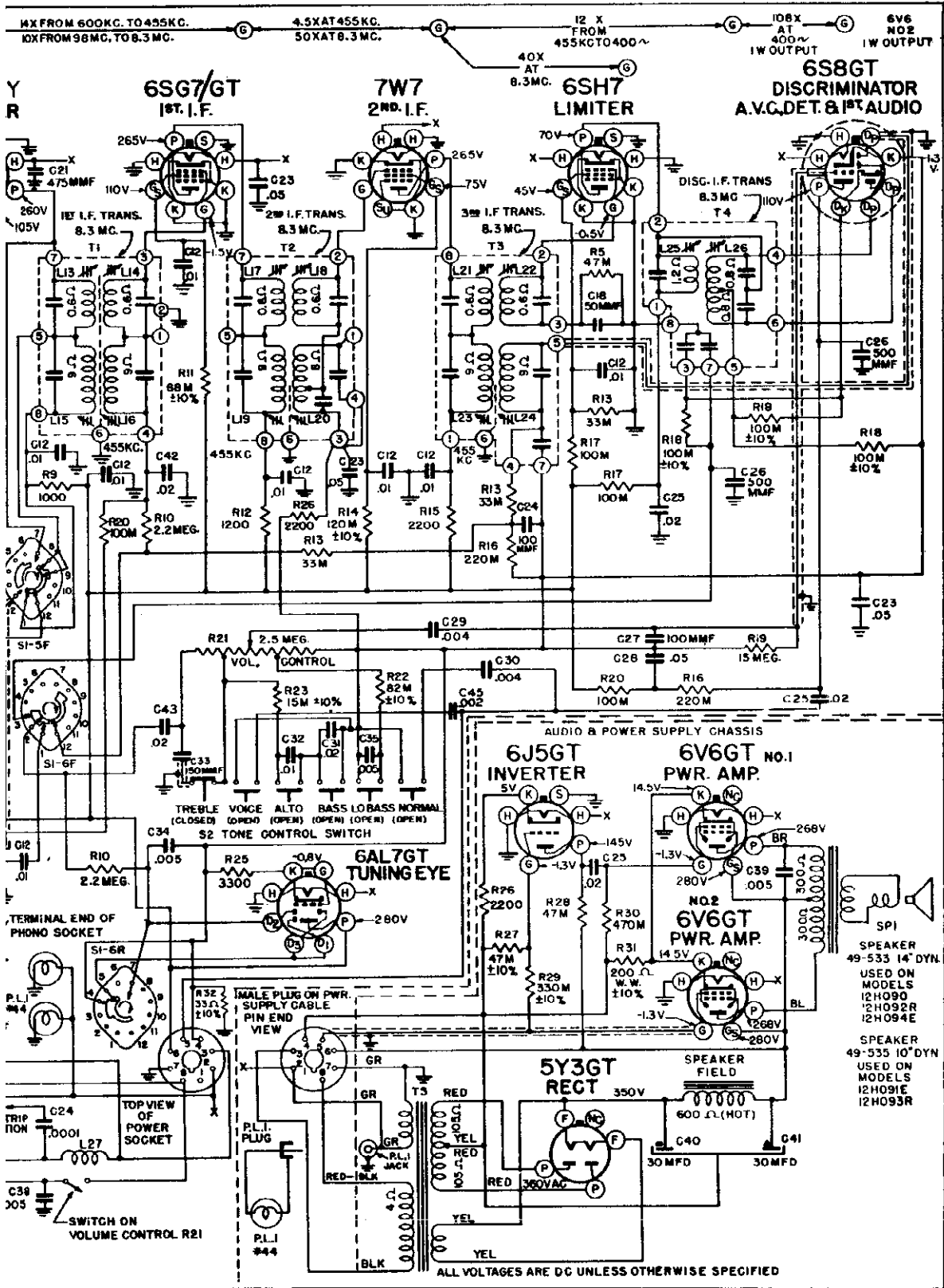
DIAG. No.	PART No.	DESCRIPTION
C1	22-1363	3-GANG VARIABLE
C2	22-1507	22 MMFD. CER. 500V.
C3	22-1504	10 MMFD. CER. 500V.
C4	ON C1	BROADCAST ANT. TRIM.
C5	22-1505	22 MMFD. CER. 500V.
C6	22-1493	FM ANTENNA TRIM.
C7	22-1503	150 MMFD. 300V.
C8	22-1497	S.W. ANT. TRIM.
C9	22-1497	S.W. ANT. TRIM.
C10		WAVE TRAP TRIMMER
C11	22-1508	33 MMFD. CER. 300V.
C12	22-196	01 MFD. 600V.
C13	22-1505	17 MMFD. CER. 500V.
C14	22-1494	FM DET. TRIMMER
C15	ON C1	BROADCAST DET. TRIM.
C16	22-1402	S.W. OSC. TRIMMER
C17	ON C1	BROADCAST OSC. TRIM.
C18	22-1367	50 MMFD. CER. 300V.
C19	22-1169	100 MMFD. MICA 600V.
C20	22-1509	32 MMFD. CER. 500V.
C21	27-87	475 MMFD. MICA DISC.
C22	22-1511	FM OSC. TRIMMER
C23	22-829	05 MFD. 800V.
C24	22-162	100 MMFD. MICA 600V.
C25	22-830	02 MFD. 600V.
C26	22-1158	500 MMFD. MICA 600V.
C27	22-365	100 MMFD. MICA 600V.
C28	22-171	05 MFD. 800V.
C29	22-1362	004 MFD. 600V.
C30	22-448	004 MFD. ±10% 600V.
C31	22-1127	02 MFD. 400V.
C32	22-1125	01 MFD. 400V.
C33	22-289	50 MMFD. MICA 300V.
C34	22-319	2005 MFD. 200V.
C35	22-1135	003 MFD. 400V.
C36	22-242	750 MMFD. MICA 300V.
C37	22-4628	480 MMFD. SILVER MICA
C38	22-1041	1005 MFD. 400V.
C39	22-1257	005 MFD. 1000V.
C40	22-496	30 MFD. ELECTRO 450V.
C41	22-1586	02 MFD. 200V.
C42	22-188	02 MFD. 400V.
C43	22-912	002 MFD. 800V.
C44	22-492	002 MFD. 800V.
R1	63-607	15M OHM 1/2W.
R2	63-715	100M OHM 1/4W.
R3	63-885	82M OHM 1/2W.
R4	63-1448	5600 OHM 1/2W.
R5	63-533	47M OHM 1/4W.
R6	63-712	33M OHM 1/4W.
R7	63-516	18M OHM 1/4W.
R8	63-579	220 OHM 1/4W.
R9	63-605	1000 OHM 1/2W.
R10	63-600	2.2 MEG OHM 1/4W.
R11	63-900	68M OHM 1/2W.
R12	63-1446	200 OHM 1/2W.
R13	63-592	33M OHM 1/4W.
R14	63-1447	120M OHM 1/4W.
R15	63-803	2200 OHM 1/2W.
R16	63-296	220M OHM 1/4W.
R17	63-390	100M OHM 1/4W.
R18	63-260	100M OHM 1/4W.
R19	63-976	15 MEG OHM 1/4W.
R20	63-393	100M OHM 1/4W.
R21	63-1449	8.5 MEG. VOL. CONTR.
R22	63-651	82M OHM 1/4W.
R23	63-503	15M OHM 1/4W.
R24	63-586	3300 OHM 1/4W.
R25	63-585	2200 OHM 1/4W.
R26	63-442	47M OHM 1/4W.
R27	63-1187	47M OHM 1/4W.
R28	63-557	330M OHM 1/4W.
R29	63-597	470M OHM 1/4W.
R30	63-1189	200 OHM WIREWOUND
R31	63-880	33 OHM 1/4W.
R32	63-828	120 OHM 1/4W.
L1	S12111	WAVELENGTH TYPE SW
L2	S12129	ANT. LOADING COIL ASSY
L3	S12201	FM ANT. COIL ASSM.
L4	S12282	S.W. ANT. " "
L5	S12302	FM DET. " "
L6	S12291	S.W. DET. COIL ASSM.
L7	S12281	WAVE TRAP " "
L8	S12293	B.C. DET. " "
L9	S12303	FM OSC. " "
L10	S12292	S.W. OSC. " "
L11	S11344	B.C. & AUTO. OSC. " "
L12	ON T1	1ST I.F. TRANS. PRI. FM
L13	ON T1	1ST I.F. " SEC. FM
L14	ON T1	1ST I.F. " PRI.
L15	ON T2	2ND I.F. TRANS. PRI. FM
L16	ON T2	2ND I.F. " SEC. FM
L17	ON T2	2ND I.F. " PRI.
L18	ON T2	2ND I.F. " SEC. FM
L19	ON T2	2ND I.F. " PRI.
L20	ON T2	2ND I.F. " SEC.
L21	ON T3	3RD I.F. TRANS. PRI. FM
L22	ON T3	3RD I.F. " SEC. FM
L23	ON T3	3RD I.F. " PRI.
L24	ON T3	3RD I.F. " SEC.
L25	ON T4	DISC. I.F. TRANS. PRI.
L26	ON T4	DISC. I.F. SEC.
L27	S12256	A.C. LINE CHOKER COIL ASSY
T1	S12249	1ST I.F. TRANS.
T2	S12250	2ND I.F. TRANS.
T3	S12251	3RD I.F. TRANS.
T4	S12252	DISC. I.F. TRANS.
T5	95-921	POWER TRANSFORMER
U1	S12331	AUTOMATIC TUNING UNIT
SP1	49-333	10" DYNAMIC SPE. P.P.R.



MODELS 12H09

O CORP.

MODELS 12H090, 12H091, 12H092, 12H093, 12H094, Chassis 11C21 Late



-12H091-12H092-12H093-12H094

CHASSIS No. 11C21

ZENITH RADIO CORP.

MODELS 12H090, 12H091
12H092, 12H093, 12H094Early
Late

TO THE SERVICE MAN:

The 11C21 chassis incorporates a superheterodyne circuit with two stages of IF, and one stage of RF amplification on all bands.

AM Alignment: The alignment of this chassis on the short wave and standard broadcast band is conventional. The alignment slugs in the IF transformers are threaded and screw into the coil forms. The slugs are slotted for a small size fiber screw driver. Do not press hard on the aligning tool (fiber screw driver) or the threads in the coil forms will strip and adjustment will be impossible.

FM RF Alignment: The same coil slug arrangement which tunes the 100 MC FM band also tunes the 45 MC band. However, on 45 MC the band switch connects trimmer condensers in parallel and padding wires in series with the 100 MC coils. The tuning slugs are attached to threaded shafts and the slugs are varied in the field of the coils by turning the shafts clockwise or counter-clockwise. After adjustments the shafts must be secured with a drop of speaker cement.

FM IF Alignment: The same type of tuning slugs for aligning the AM IF Amplifier are used for the FM I.F.'s. Observe the same precautions when making adjustments. The second 8.5 MC IF stage is overcoupled. Overcoupling gives a wide band pass with good sensitivity. When an overcoupled stage is aligned with an unmodulated signal, the stage must be loaded. A 500 ohm carbon resistor soldered across the secondary of the second IF transformer provides a satisfactory load for this circuit. The resistor leads must be kept short to reduce the distributed capacity of the circuit.

When aligning a loaded stage, it will be found that considerable signal from the generator will be required, and that it will tune broadly. **THE LOAD RESISTOR MUST BE REMOVED AFTER ALIGNMENT.**

If the signal generator used does not have sufficient output to overcome the temporary loss caused by the load resistor, the load resistance may be increased or the signal fed into the preceding stage.

FM Discriminator Alignment: When the secondary of the discriminator is aligned (operation 9) use sufficient signal input to get a good positive and negative indication before setting the slug for zero reading. A center zero indicating meter is recommended for this adjustment, but is not absolutely necessary. Reversing the leads of a non-zero center meter, or observing closely when this meter starts to go to the left (negative) of zero will give the same results.

HUM COMPLAINT: Check for excessive length of the a-c line cord inside the main chassis between the point of entrance and the solder lugs. This slack may be in close proximity of the tone control leads.

DIFFERENCES IN 11C21-11C21Z CHASSIS: Sets using chassis 11C21Z are equipped with FM speakers. FM speakers cannot be used on 11C21 chassis. When ordering speaker replacements specify 11C21 or 11C21Z chassis.

IMPROVING FM RECEPTION: In FM Consoles a cabinet FM antenna may be added in addition to the line antenna. This antenna is made up of two 28-inch lengths of wire. One wire is connected to the FM antenna post, the other to chassis. The two wires are then tacked in the cabinet in opposite directions, and should not come in contact with ground.

HOWL ON FM: FM howl may be caused by the speaker vibrating the oscillator slug. A fiber spacer between the oscillator, and detector slug shafts in the FM tuner will eliminate vibrations. A thin rubber band tied to the center of the oscillator slug shaft and upper frame will also eliminate the howl.

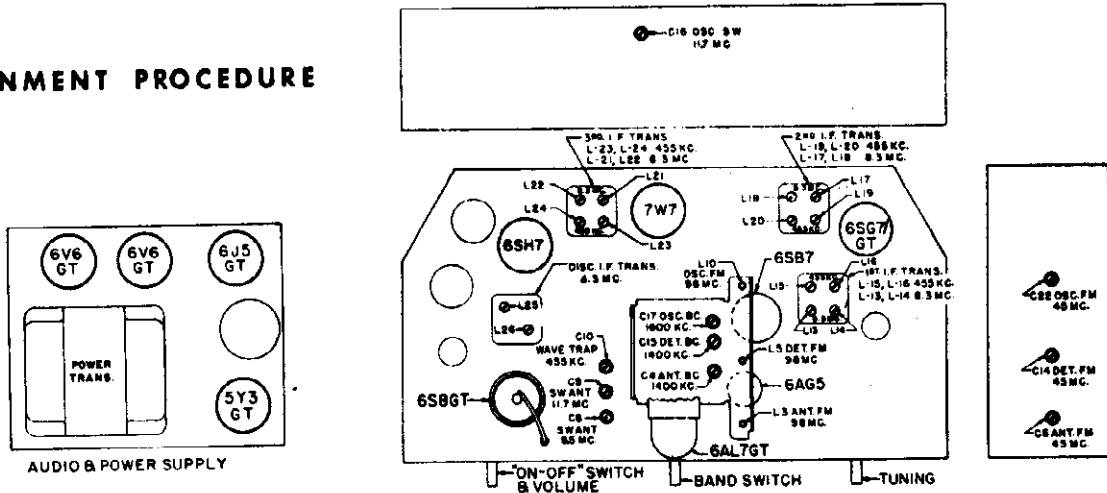
INCREASING BASS RESPONSE ON PHONO: To increase the bass response on records, the value of R5 in the phono-preamplifier may be increased. Do not increase the value to over 10,000 ohms or audio howl may be heard.

STRIPPED IF THREAD INSERTS: Damaged IF slug thread inserts may be replaced by unscrewing the slug, and pushing out the old insert. Two types of inserts are used, 83-1063 short, and 83-1069 long.

WAVE TRAP TRIMMER SHORTS OUT: A .002 mfd 600 volt condenser has been added in series with the grounded side of the wave trap.

MODELS 12H090, 12H091,
12H092, 12H093, 12H094
Early, Late

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE



Operation	Connect Oscillator to	Dummy Antenna	Input Signal Frequency	Band	Set Dial To	Adj. Trimmers	Purpose
1	Pin 8 on Converter Tube 6SB7 socket	.05 Mfd.	455 Kc. Modulated	BC	600 Kc.	L15, 16, 19, 20, 23 and 24	Align I.F. channel for maximum output
2	Pin 1 on R.F. tube 6AG5 socket	.05 Mfd.	455 Kc. Modulated	Aut.	Press any button on Auto.	C10	Adjust wavetrap to minimum
3	2 Turns loosely coupled to wavemag. 2 turns loosely coupled to wavemag.		1600 Kc. Modulated	BC	1600 Kc.	C17	Set oscillator to dial scale
4	Antenna Post (Remove line ant.)	400 ohms	1400 Kc. Modulated	BC	1400 Kc.	C15 & C4	Align det. and ant. stages
5	Antenna Post (Remove line ant.)	400 ohms	11.7 Mc. Modulated	SW	11.7 Mc.	C16	Set oscillator to dial scale
6	Antenna Post (Remove line ant.)	400 ohms	11.7 Mc. Modulated	SW	11.7 Mc.	C9	Align ant. stage
7	Antenna Post (Remove line ant.)	400 ohms	9.7 Mc. Modulated	SW	9.7 Mc.	C8	Align ant. stage Repeat Oper. 6 for maximum output
8 (a)	Pin 4 grid on 6SB7 limiter socket	.05 Mfd.	8.3 Mc. Unmodulated	FM 45		L25 coil slug primary disc.	Align primary of discriminator for maximum reading
9 (b)	Pin 4 grid on 6SB7 limiter socket	.05 Mfd.	8.3 Mc. Unmodulated	FM 45		L26 coil slug sec. of discor.	Adjust secondary of discor. for zero reading
10 (c)	Pin 6 (grid) on 7W7 2nd IF tube socket	.05 Mfd.	8.3 Mc. Unmodulated	FM 45		L21 & L22 prim. & sec. of 3rd IF transformer	Align 3rd IF transformer for maximum reading
11 (c) (d)	Pin 4 (grid) on 6SG7 1st IF tube socket	.05 Mfd.	8.3 Mc. Unmodulated	FM 45		L17 & L18 prim. & sec. of 2nd IF transformer	Align 2nd IF transformer for maximum reading
12 (c) (d)	Pin 8 (grid) on 6SB7 converter tube socket	.05 Mfd.	8.3 Mc. Unmodulated	FM 45		L13 & L14 prim. & sec. of 1st IF transformer	Align 1st IF transformer for maximum reading
13 (c)	Antenna Post (remove line ant.)	270 ohms	98 Mc. Unmodulated	FM 100	98 Mc.	L10 Osc. coil Slug	Set oscillator to dial scale
14 (c)	Antenna Post (Remove line ant.)	270 ohms	98 Mc. Unmodulated	FM 100	98 Mc.	L5 and L3 Det. and RF coil slugs	Align det. and Ant. stage to maximum reading
15 (c)	Antenna Post (remove line ant.)	270 ohms	45 Mc. Unmodulated	FM 45	45 Mc.	C22	Set oscillator to dial scale
16 (c)	Antenna Post (remove line ant.)	270 ohms	45 Mc. Unmodulated	FM 45	45 Mc.	C14 and C6	Align detector and ant. stages for maximum reading

IMPORTANT: Alignment of this chassis will in most cases be unnecessary unless an IF or RF transformer is replaced or the adjustments have been tampered with.

Correct alignment can only be made if the following procedure is followed:

A vacuum tube voltmeter with an isolation resistor of 200,000 ohms in series with the hot lead will serve for FM adjustments. This lead must be shielded.

An ordinary AC output meter connected across the primary or secondary of the output transformer will be satisfactory for all AM adjustments.

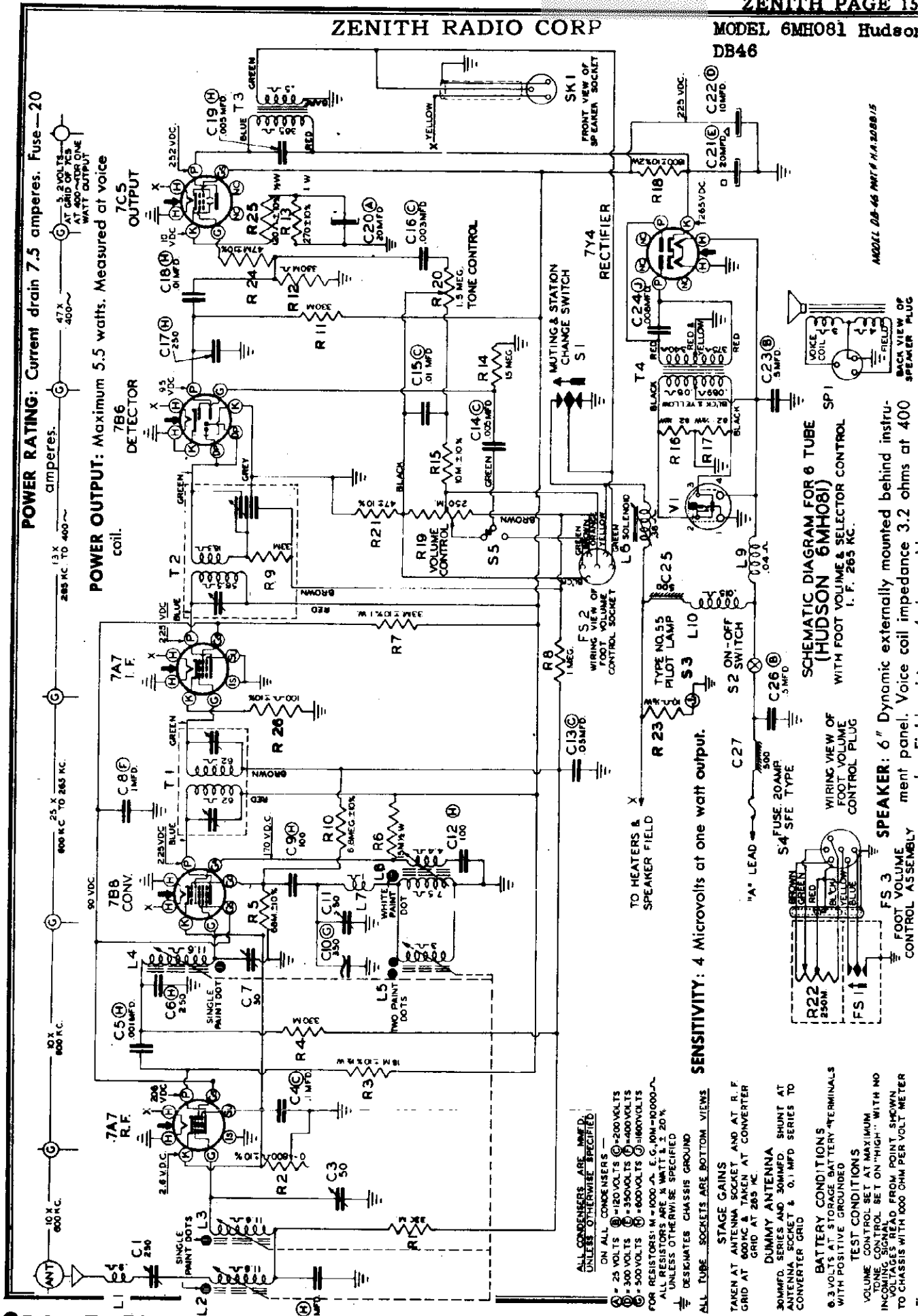
The signal generator output should be kept just high enough to get an indication on the meter.

(a) Vacuum Tube Voltmeter pin 5 on discriminator transformer to chassis (half discriminator load.)

(b) Vacuum Tube Voltmeter pin 7 on discriminator transformer to chassis (full discriminator load.)

(c) Vacuum Tube Voltmeter 6SB7 limiter grid (pin 4 to chassis).

(d) 300 ohm 1/2 watt carbon resistor soldered across the secondary L18 (pin 2 and 3 of 2nd IF trans.). The leads to the resistor must be as short as possible and the resistor removed before operation 13 is started.



POWER RATING: Current drain 7.5 amperes. Fuse—20 amperes.
10 X 600 KC. 50 X 600 KC. 25 X 265 KC. 13 X 400 AC TO 400

POWER OUTPUT: Maximum 5.5 watts. Measured at voice coil.
786 DETECTOR
7C5 OUTPUT

SENSITIVITY: 4 Microvolts at one watt output.

SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM FOR 6 TUBE (HUDSON 6MH081) WITH FOOT VOLUME & SELECTOR CONTROL I. F. 265 KC.

SPEAKER: 6" Dynamic externally mounted behind instrument panel. Voice coil impedance 3.2 ohms at 400

ALL CONDENSERS ARE MFD UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED
ON ALL CONDENSERS —
⊕ = 25 VOLTS ⊖ = 120 VOLTS ⊙ = 200 VOLTS
⊙ = 300 VOLTS ⊙ = 350 VOLTS ⊙ = 400 VOLTS
⊙ = 500 VOLTS ⊙ = 600 VOLTS ⊙ = 1000 VOLTS
FOR RESISTORS: W = 1000 Ω E. G. 10W-10000 Ω
ALL RESISTORS ARE 1/2 WATT & 1.20% UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED
⊕ = DESICMATES CHASSIS GROUND
ALL TUBE SOCKETS ARE BOTTOM VIEWS

STAGE GAINS
TAKEN AT ANTENNA SOCKET AND AT R.F. GRID AT 600 KC TAKEN AT CONVERTER GRID AT 265 KC.

DUMMY ANTENNA
ANTENNA SOCKET & 0.1 MFD SERIES TO CONVERTER GRID

BATTERY CONDITIONS
6.3 VOLTS 1.5 TORCH BATTERY TERMINALS WITH POSITIVE GROUND
TEST CONDITIONS
VOLUME CONTROL SET AT MAXIMUM TONE CONTROL SET ON "HIGH" WITH NO INPUT SIGNAL READ FROM POINT SHOWN TO CHASSIS WITH 1000 OHM PER VOLT METER

MODEL DB-46 MPT H.A. 2000/15

MODEL 6MH081
Hudson DB46

ZENITH RADIO CORP.

CORE OR COIL REPLACEMENT ONLY

WARNING: The following adjustments are to be made ONLY if a core or coil is replaced.

1. Replace coil or core.
2. Set signal generator to 1700 Kc.
3. Connect signal generator leads through dummy illustration in figure 12 to antenna receptacle on the receiver.
4. Set receiver dial to 1600 KC. (Maximum high frequency end of dial.)
5. Screw the core completely out of the antenna coil, the R.F. Coil, the converter coil, and the oscillator coil.
6. Adjust oscillator trimmer C-11 (Fig. 11) at 1700 Kc.
7. Adjust converter trimmer C-7, R.F. trimmer C-3, and antenna trimmer C-1 (Fig. 10 and 11) for maximum output reading.
8. Replace cores to their approximate original positions.
9. Set generator dial and receiver dial to 1200 Kc.
10. Adjust oscillator core (Fig. 10) to scale at 1200 Kc.
11. Adjust the antenna core, R.F. core, and converter core (Fig. 10 and 11), for maximum output reading.
12. Set signal generator to 500 Kc.

13. "Rock in" Shunt oscillator coil (Fig. 10) for maximum output reading. (This should only be done as a last resort.) This is the same as rocking in the paddler condenser on a ganged condenser receiver.

14. Check receiver at 1200 Kc. for calibration and gain. If receiver is off scale or weak, repeat operations 9, 10 and 11.

15. After alignment is complete, the maximum high frequency tuning range should be checked: If the range is greater or less than 1605 Kc. the mechanical stop for the tuner cross arm should be bent to limit the frequency coverage to 1605 Kc.

After all adjustments have been made, glue core screws with speaker cement.

IMPORTANT: After reinstalling the receiver in the car, allow it to operate for approximately 15 minutes to reach normal operating temperature. Check the antenna trimmer alignment on a weak station at approximately 1200 Kc. Extend antenna to maximum before adjusting the antenna trimmer.

ALIGNMENT

Maximum performance depends on accurate alignment of the receiver; so follow these instructions carefully.

CAUTION: Make all adjustments on the receiver with volume control turned full on and foot volume control cable plugged into its socket. Reduce signal intensity as much as possible at signal generator. Connect output meter across voice coil.

I.F. ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

1. Remove top and bottom covers from receiver.
2. Set signal generator to 265 Kc.
3. Apply signal from generator through a .1 MFD. dummy to 7B6 converter grid. (Pin No. 6 on socket.)
4. Adjust I.F. trimmers A, B, C and D (Fig. 10), in the order named for maximum output. Repeat the operation to assure accurate alignment.

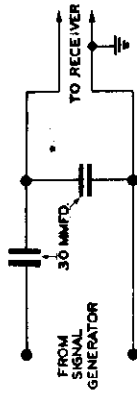


Figure 12. Dummy Antenna

Figure 12 shows the schematic of a recommended dummy antenna closely resembling actual antenna capacity to be used when aligning the R.F. section of the receiver.

R.F. AND OSCILLATOR ALIGNMENT

1. Connect signal generator leads through dummy illustration in figure 12 to antenna lead in socket on receiver.
2. Set signal generator to 535 Kc.
3. Place set in manual tuning position and set dial to 535 Kc.
4. Adjust oscillator trimmer C-11 (Fig. 11) for maximum response.
5. Set signal generator to 1200 Kc.
6. Tune set to 1200 Kc.
7. Adjust converter trimmer C-7 (Fig. 11) and R.F. trimmer C-3 (Fig. 10) for maximum response.

8. If dial calibration is off after making above adjustments, a correction can be made by loosening dial scale mounting screws and sliding scale to desired position.

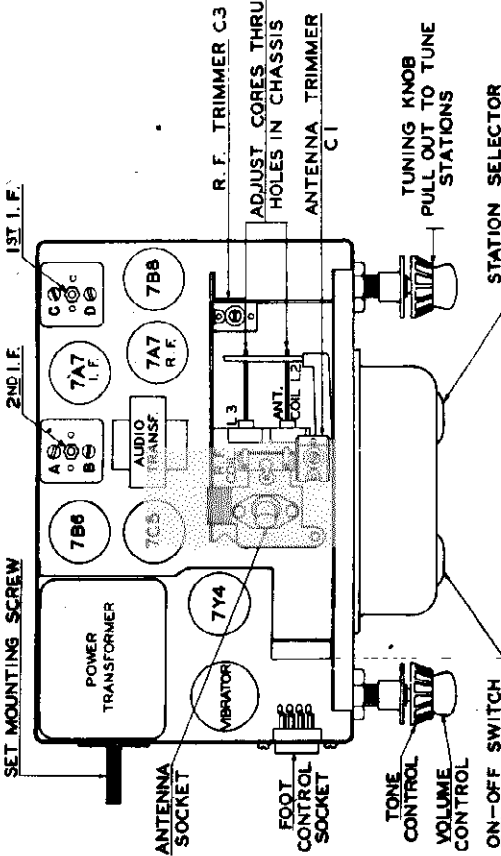


Fig. 10. Top View of Chassis

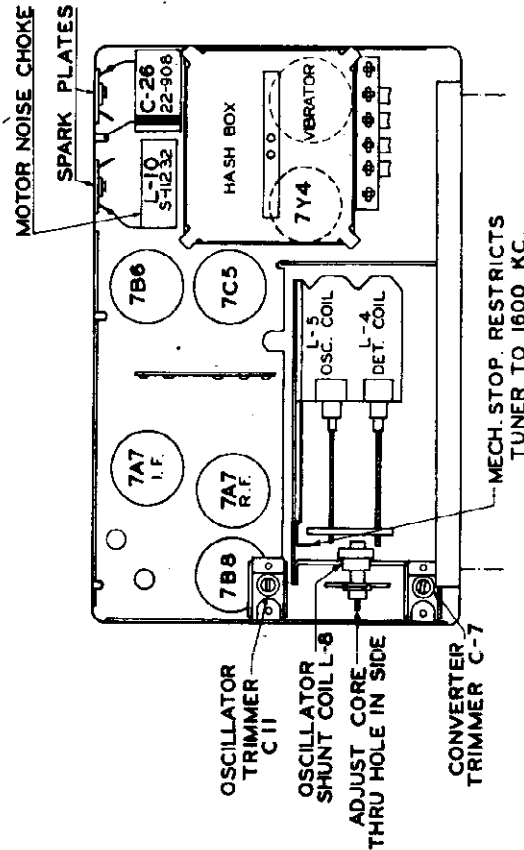


Fig. 11. Bottom View of Chassis

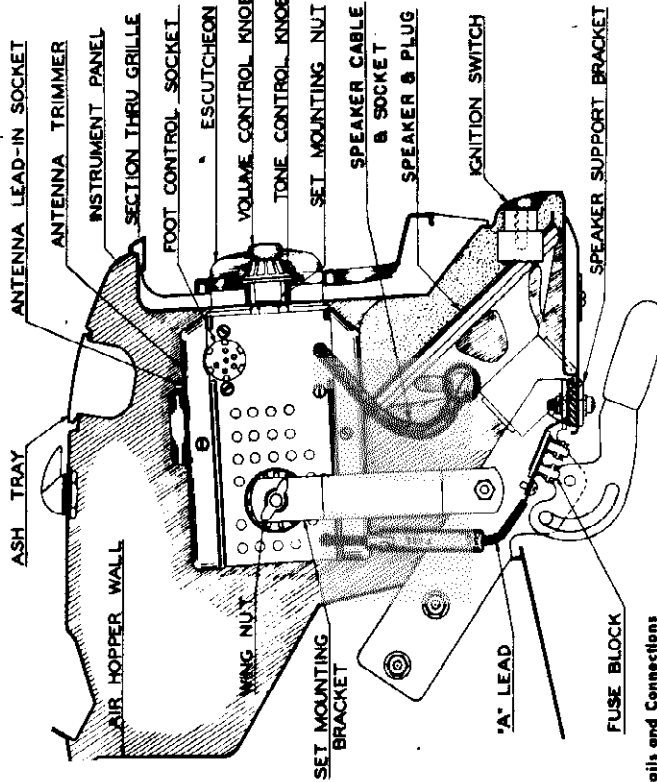


Fig. 2. Mounting Details and Connections

RADIO INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

1. Install the antenna. Complete instructions are packed with each antenna kit.
2. Remove the decorative plate, in the center of the grille, covering the radio opening.
3. Remove the floor mat around the clutch and brake pedals. Place the foot control over the holes provided in the floor board. Fasten it with the three No. 8 R.H. self-tapping screws furnished in the installation kit (Fig. 3).
4. Dress the foot control lead to the left of the clutch pedal and up behind the fire wall pad.
5. Lift the cap from the foot control. Replace the floor mat and cut a hole for the foot control button. To replace the foot control cap, press it firmly and turn until the notches in the cap slip into the flanges on the foot control button.
6. Remove accessory switch bracket.
7. Plug the foot control cable into the socket provided on the left end of the receiver. With this end of the receiver down and the control shafts to the right, push the receiver up between the instrument panel and the air hopper as far as it will go. Turn the radio clockwise until the knob shafts point downward. Lift the front of the receiver up until the shafts slide through the slots provided below the shaft openings in the instrument panel. Bring the receiver forward so that the knob shafts protrude through the shaft openings.

MANUAL TUNING

1. Press the automatic tuning push button on the left side beneath automatic indicator window several times or until the letter "M" appears on the automatic indicator.
2. Pull manual tuning (right hand) control knob outward and turn to tune in desired stations. Tune to exact frequency for the best tone quality.

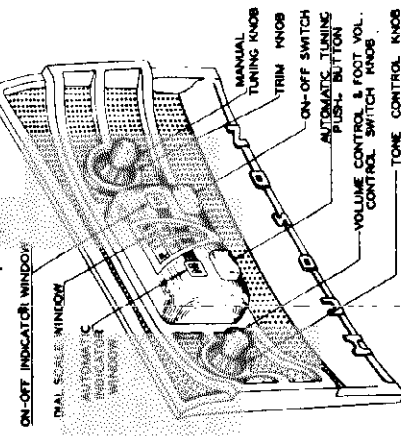


Fig. 1. Operating Controls.

AUTOMATIC TUNING

There are five automatic tuning positions which may be adjusted to five desired stations. If these positions have not been previously adjusted, proceed as follows:

1. Press the automatic tuning push button (on the left side) until Number 1 appears in the automatic indicator window.
2. Pull the manual tuning knob OUTWARD to engage the automatic mechanism.
3. Select the station desired and tune to its frequency by turning the tuning knob. Tune very carefully for clearest reception. CAUTION: DO NOT ATTEMPT TO FORCE TUNING KNOB IN. Knob will return to the "IN" position when the automatic tuning push-button is pressed.
4. Press the automatic station selector push button, pull manual tuning knob outward, and tune in station desired for No. 2 position. Use same procedure for positions No. 3, 4 and 5.

When the five automatic positions have been adjusted to the five desired stations as instructed, it is only necessary to press the AUTOMATIC button to return to MANUAL tuning, or to any one of the stations selected on the automatic.

FOOT CONTROL

The Foot Control provides a convenient means of selecting stations, controlling the volume, and muting the set without taking the hands off the steering wheel or the eyes from the road. Its function is identical to that of the station selector push button and the volume control knob combined. The foot control requires no set up or other adjustment. Press the foot control button all the way down to change stations. Press lightly to silence radio during conversation. Turn the knob with the shoe tip to adjust the volume to any desired point. When using the foot volume control feature turn the panel volume control fully to the left, or until it clicks.

8. Fit the knob shaft bushing nuts on the shafts and tighten as much as possible with the fingers. Place the tips of long nose pliers in the holes in the nuts and tighten securely.
9. Attach set mounting bracket by fastening one end to the side of the receiver case with the wing nut. Fasten the other end of the radio mounting bracket to the coil ventilator handle bracket with $\frac{1}{4}$ " x $\frac{3}{4}$ " M.S. flat washer, and nut (Fig. 2).
10. Remove cardboard protector from speaker unit and fasten speaker and bracket assembly in place with two $\frac{1}{4}$ " x $\frac{3}{4}$ " M.S. flat washers, two lock washers, and two nuts provided. (Fig. 2.) Plug the speaker cable into the socket provided on the speaker frame.
11. Fasten the controls in place as shown in figure 1. NOTE: Tuning knob must be placed 3.16" away from the instrument panel in order to rotate freely in the automatic position.
12. Fasten the accessory switch bracket back in place.
13. Remove the ash tray assembly and plug the antenna lead into the socket provided on the top of the receiver.
14. Fasten the "A" lead to the fuse block as indicated in figure 2.
15. Turn the receiver on and allow it to operate for approximately fifteen minutes in order for it to reach normal operating temperature. Tune in a weak station near 1200 Kc. Reach through the ash tray opening with a small screw driver and adjust the antenna trimmer, located on the top of the receiver, for maximum volume. (Fig. 2.) Replace ash tray.

MODEL 6MH081
Hudson DB46

ZENITH RADIO CORP.

INTERFERENCE ELIMINATION

IMPORTANT: Use the utmost care in the following operations to insure freedom from motor noise. Be sure that good ground contacts are made between the interference condensers and the car body. If necessary, clean away paint or dirt with emery paper. Tighten all nuts and bolts securely.

1. Remove the top mounting screw of the horn relay near the voltage regulator and under this screw mount the condenser No. 22-1537. Connect the lead to the voltage regulator battery terminal. (Fig. 4.)
2. Install suppressor in center hole of distributor cap. Place high tension lead in the top of suppressor. Be sure the suppressor and the lead are fastened securely. (Fig. 5.)
3. On the six cylinder car, remove the bolt, above the ignition coil, from the firewall. Mount the condenser No. 22-1537 under this bolt. Connect the lead to the coil terminal as shown in figure 6A.
- On the eight cylinder car, remove the bottom screw from the ignition coil mounting bracket. Install the condenser No. 22-1537 under the screw. Connect the lead to the coil terminal as shown in figure 6B.
4. Loosen the upper rear cap screw of the engine water jacket plate. **CAUTION: Do not REMOVE cap screw.** Slide the slotted bracket of the condenser No. 22-1260 under the head of this screw. Tighten the screw. Attach the condenser lead to the water temperature element in the head. (Fig. 7A.)
5. Remove the tape from the hole (located near the left rear cylinder head nut) in the dash. Fasten the flat ground strip to this hole with a sheet metal screw and lock washer. On the six cylinder car, place the other end of the strip on top of the regular stud nut, and fasten it in place with the special nut furnished in the installation kit. (Fig. 7A.) On the eight cylinder cars, bolt the other end of the strap under the regular stud nut. (Fig. 7B.)
6. Install the motor hood bond spring No. 80-145 as shown in Figure 8. Fasten with No. 8 sheet metal screw. Part No. 112-365.

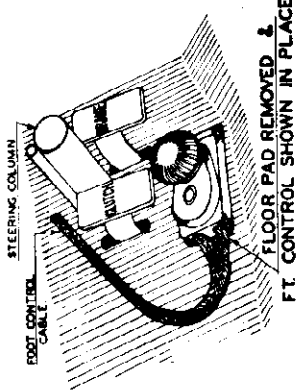


Fig. 3.
FLOOR PAD REMOVED & FT. CONTROL SHOWN IN PLACE

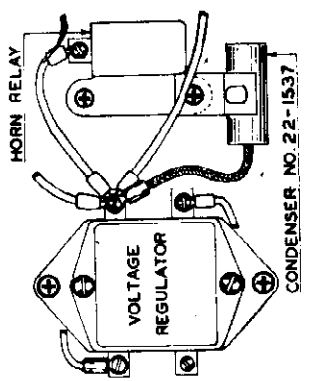


Fig. 4.

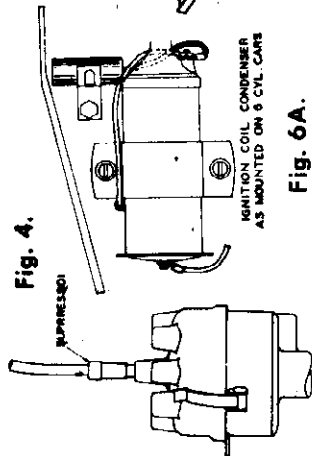


Fig. 6A.
IGNITION COIL CONDENSER AS MOUNTED ON 6 CYL. CARS

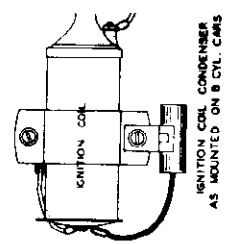


Fig. 6B.
IGNITION COIL CONDENSER AS MOUNTED ON 8 CYL. CARS

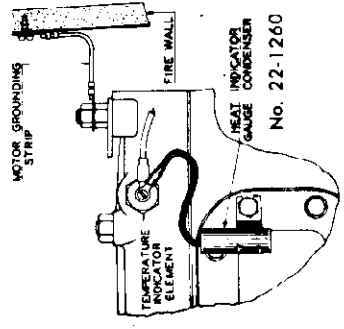


Fig. 7A.

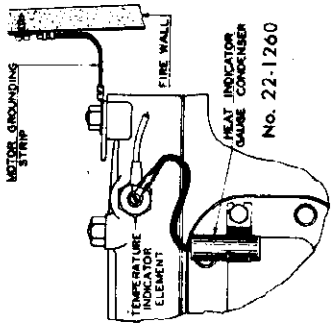


Fig. 7B.

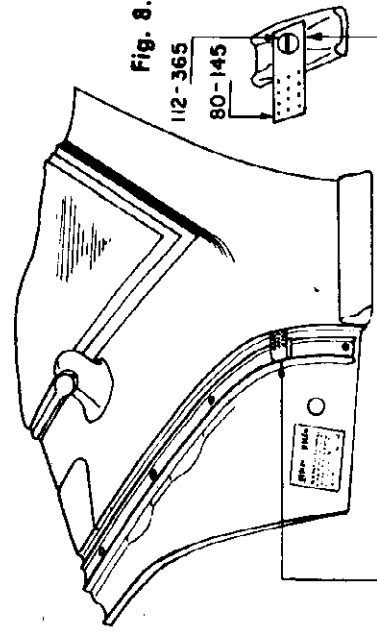


Fig. 8.

112-365
80-145

PULL OUT PRESENT DRIVE SCREW & PLACE BONDING STRIP OVER HOLE WITH PERFORATIONS FACING DOWN. PUT IN SHEET METAL SCREW. BEND BONDING STRIP OVER AS SHOWN AFTER TIGHTENING SCREW

ZENITH RADIO CORP.

MODEL 6MH081
Hudson DB46

PARTS LIST (Continued)

Diag. No.	Zenith Part No.	Hudson Part No.	Description
	93-577	12857	.062 x 17/64 x 3/4 steel washer
	83-986	204481	Motor bond strap
	112-361	17107	No. 8 self tapping screw
	93-575	170395	Lock washer
	54-188	170859	Hex nut (for 6 cyl. cars only)

DIAL AND TUNING MECHANISM ASSEMBLY

Diag. No.	Zenith Part No.	Hudson Part No.	Description
	26-337	209682	Dial scale (manual tuning)
	34-132	209691	Indexing disc
	34-133	209692	Ratchet gear
	34-135	209789	Volume control gear
	46-581	209553	Selector knob (2 used)
	57-1061	209560	Escutcheon
	57-1151	209594	Name plate
	59-158	204040	Dial pointer
	80-329	209695	Gear indexing spring
	80-331	209681	Cross arm return spring
	80-332	209696	Cam lever spring
	80-336	209697	Ratchet gear return spring
	80-341	209698	Lever spring
	80-341	209699	Kick-off spring
	80-342	209700	Tuning shaft spring
	80-343	209701	Solenoid switch spring
	80-344	209702	Solenoid switch contact spring
	80-425	209703	Knob return spring
	100-31	71530	Dial light bulb
	149-44	209799	Adjusting spring & core
	188-45	209705	Turret screw lock ring
	S10826	209706	Solenoid end plug and bracket assembly
	S10829	209567	Solenoid and terminal assembly
	S10831	209707	Ratchet and bracket
	S10836	209708	Cross arm assembly
	S11052	204025	Tuning shaft and gear assembly
	S11082	209709	Turret assembly
	S11313	209738	Dial drum and bracket assembly
	S11494	209739	Mounting plate and lever assembly
	S11976	209740	Dial light socket and wire assembly

Note: In ordering Adjusting Spring and Core marked (*), be sure to give color code information.

PARTS LIST

Diag. No.	Zenith Part No.	Hudson Part No.	Description
	202-420	209749	Installation instruction book
	S11269	209566	Hand selector and mufing switch assembly
	S11310	209934	Antenna socket, bracket & terminal assembly
	S11758	208812	Foot switch, vol. control & cable assembly

SPEAKER AND MOUNTING COMPONENTS

Diag. No.	Zenith Part No.	Hudson Part No.	Description
	12-937	204020	Speaker support bracket
	49-536	208826	6" dynamic speaker
	54-30	170367	No. 8-32 x 3/16 x 7/64 hex nut
	57-945	204022	Speaker cover plate
	114-88	205287	No. 8-32 x 1 1/2 hex hd. M.S.
	114-167	205288	No. 10-32 x 5/16 hex acorn hd. M.S.
	196-53	204024	Rubber speaker gasket
	208-538*	209751	Core & voice coil assem.

Note: When ordering core and voice coil assembly marked *, be sure to give manufacturer's code letter.

INSTALLATION PARTS AND KNOBS

Diag. No.	Zenith Part No.	Hudson Part No.	Description
	S11321	209753	Installation kit complete
	12-938	204021	Self mounting bracket
	22-1260	152021	Temperature gauge cond.
	22-1537	208592	Generator and ignition coil condenser
	46-459	205293	Tone control knob
	54-157	70874	1/4-20 x 7/16 x 3/16 hex nut
	54-173	205283	Self mounting nut
	54-174	205289	1/4-20 wing nut
	63-1252	205281	Distributor suppressor
	80-145	205282	Motor bond bond spring
	80-230	209752	Knob retaining spring
	112-310	170487	Foot Sw. mtg. screw
	112-365	170304	No. 8 x 1/2" B.H.S.M. screw
	114-168	70872	1/4-20 x 3/4 hex hd. M.S.
	S12271	209936	Tuning control & trim knob assem. (46-350 & 584)
	S12272	209937	Volume control knob and spring assem. (46-349)

Note: In ordering Adjusting Spring and Core marked (*), be sure to give color code information.

Diag. No.	Zenith Part No.	Hudson Part No.	Description
	22-908	204907	.120 V. .5 mfd.
	22-1076	204209	Dual spark plate
	22-1136	209585	250 mfd.
	22-1169	209584	600 V. .01 mfd.
	22-1170	204910	600 V. .01 mfd.
	22-1180	209587	600 V. .003 mfd.
	22-1244	204915	600 V. .004 mfd.
	22-1376	209583	R.F. trimmer
	22-1377	209582	Detector trimmer
	22-1378	209581	Oscillator trimmer
	22-1387	209578	Dry electrolytic - 20 mfd. - 25 V. x 10 mfd. - 300 V. x 20 mfd. - 350 V.
	22-1448	209579	.008 mfd. 1800 V.
	22-1462	209580	Antenna trimmer 200 V.
	22-1466	209754	.01 mfd.
	22-1478	209919	350 mfd. compensator

RADIO ANTENNA KITS *

Diag. No.	Zenith Part No.	Hudson Part No.	Description
	63-1334	209672	Vol. control, and SW. tone control
	63-1368	209920	1800 ohm 2 watt W.W.
	63-1379	207877	Sensitivity control. 0-800 ohm
	63-1390	209922	1 megohm 1/4 watt
	63-1392	209923	330M ohm 1/4 watt
	63-1393	209924	47 ohm 1/4 watt
	63-1394	209925	10M ohm 1/4 watt
	63-1395	209926	68M ohm 1/4 watt
	63-1398	209928	33M ohm 1/4 watt
	63-1399	209929	82 ohm 1/4 watt
	63-1400	209930	15 megohm 1/4 watt
	63-1401	209931	15M ohm 1/4 watt
	63-1369	209921	270 ohm 1/4 watt W.W.
	63-1410	208649	120 ohm 1/4 watt W.W.
	63-1414	208709	100 ohm 1/4 watt
	63-1416	209939	6.8 megohm 1/4 watt
	63-1417	209940	47000 ohms 1/4 watt
	63-1419	208591	10 ohm 1/4 watt W.W.
	63-1419	208590	10 ohm 1/4 watt W.W.
	63-1411	208030	18000 ohm 1/4 watt

RESISTORS

Diag. No.	Zenith Part No.	Hudson Part No.	Description
	52-207	204935	Battery cable (set to fuse)
	52-254	209551	Battery cable (fuse to fuse block)
	52-279	209968	Speaker cable and plug
	78-281	209745	Vibrator socket
	78-551	209683	Foot switch cable plug socket
	78-596	209746	Tube socket - loctal base (8 contact)
	85-339	209747	On-Off switch
	93-456	209748	Vibrator cushion washer
	95-914	209684	Power transformer
	95-915	209685	Output transformer
	136-112	18269	Fuse - 20 amp.
	190-20	209686	Vibrator

MISCELLANEOUS

Diag. No.	Zenith Part No.	Hudson Part No.	Description
	20-213	204890	Main heat choke
	95-916	209569	1st I.F. transformer
	95-917	209570	2nd I.F. transformer
	S8819	209741	Antenna motor noise choke assembly
	S11229	209568	Oscillator series coil assembly
	S11231	209576	Oscillator shunt coil assembly
	S11232	209571	Motor noise choke coil assembly
	S12053*	209574	Oscillator tuning coil assembly
	S12060*	209572	Antenna tuning coil assem.
	S12060*	209572	R.F. tuning coil assembly
	S12060*	209572	Detector tuning coil assem.

Note: In ordering coils marked (*), be sure to give color code information.

CONDENSERS

Diag. No.	Zenith Part No.	Hudson Part No.	Description
	22-162	204900	100 mfd. 600 V.
	22-170	204901	1 mfd. 400 V.
	22-182	204902	250 mfd. 600 V.
	22-180	209577	1 mfd. 200 V.
	22-250	204904	.05 mfd. 200 V.
	22-838	204905	.003 mfd. 600 V.
	22-906	204906	.003 mfd. 200 V.

NOTE: Kits marked * are not available from the radio manufacturer. See your Hudson dealer.

MODEL Ford
Mercury

ZENITH RADIO CORP.

CAUTION — AERIAL SHOULD BE INSTALLED BEFORE RADIO IS INSTALLED

**FORD MERCURY INTEGRAL AERIAL
FOR 1946 CLOSED CARS
INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS**

1. Locate the roof hole by laying the metal template (furnished with the antenna kit) along the upper end of the windshield divider strip as shown in Fig. 1. Prick punch two holes at the ward marked "Closed" on template as shown. Be careful not to allow the drill or cutter to punch a hole through the headlining. The accurate drilling of the lower edge of the bottom hole is important for the correct fitting of the roof tube and the smooth operation of the aerial. Cut out the metal between the lines as shown in Fig. 2.

2. Remove rear vision mirror bracket.

3. Remove plastic button from top center instrument board.

4. Loosen sliding tube knob and lower roof tube nut. (See Fig. 4.) (Caution: Upper roof tube nut is not to be loosened at any time!) Allow knob, nut and insulator to slip down and ride loosely on stationary tube. Next slip stationary tube out of the sliding tube and push upper end through hole in moulding behind rear vision mirror until the connector at the bottom of the tube can be dropped into hole in top of instrument panel. Assemble washer and wing nut from below panel.

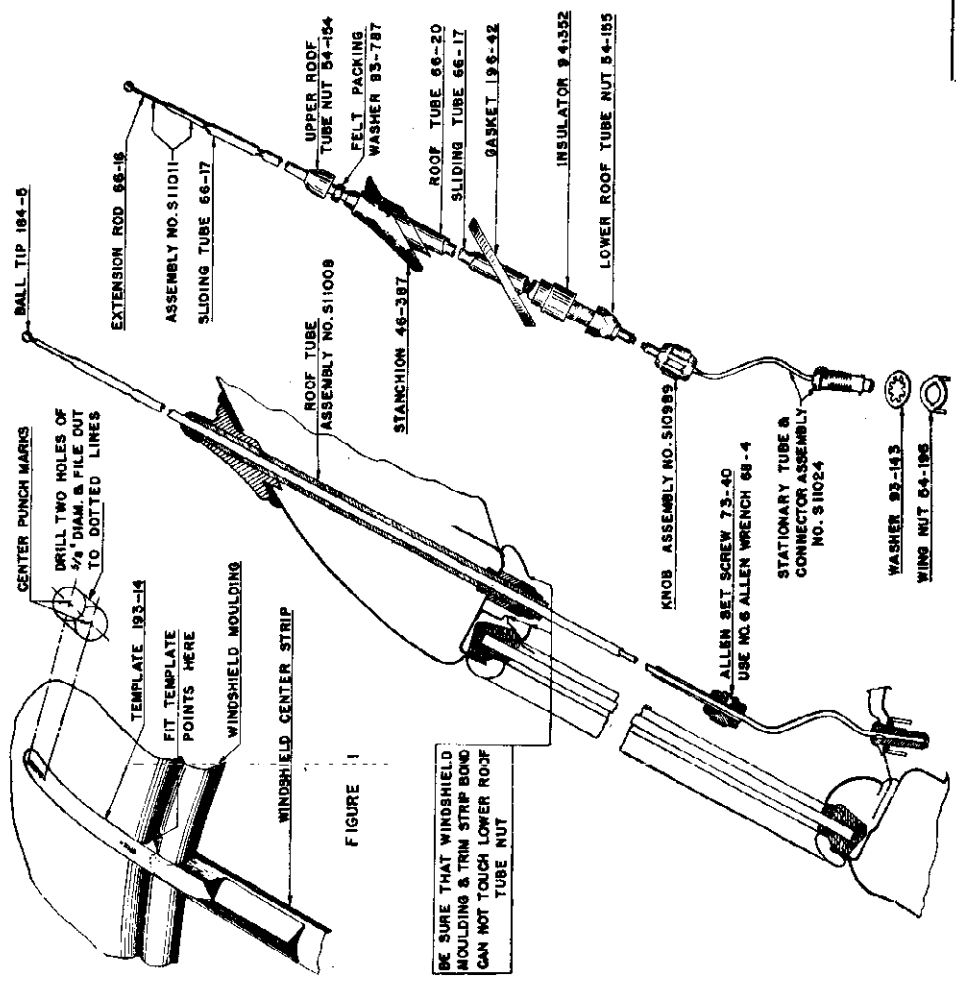
5. From the outside of the car, thread the sliding tube (complete with roof tube, gasket, stanchion and upper roof tube nut) over the stationary tube which now extends through hole in roof, and lower the assembly into car. Rubber gasket and stanchion should be located properly around hole.

6. Working from the inside of the car, slide the insulator over the roof tube so that the shoulder of the insulator seats well into the hole. Make sure the roof tube does not raise out of the hole during this operation. The lower roof tube nut should be tightened only enough to assure a good moisture seal of exterior parts of aerial.

CAUTION: Be sure that neither the center trim strip bond nor the windshield moulding touches the lower roof tube nut (Fig. 2).

7. Align the sliding tube knob with the lower end of the sliding tube. Tighten using Allen Wrench.

IMPORTANT — KEEP THE INSULATORS FREE FROM OIL OR POLISHING WAX



EXPLODED VIEW
FIGURE 3

COMPLETED INSTALLATION
FIGURE 2