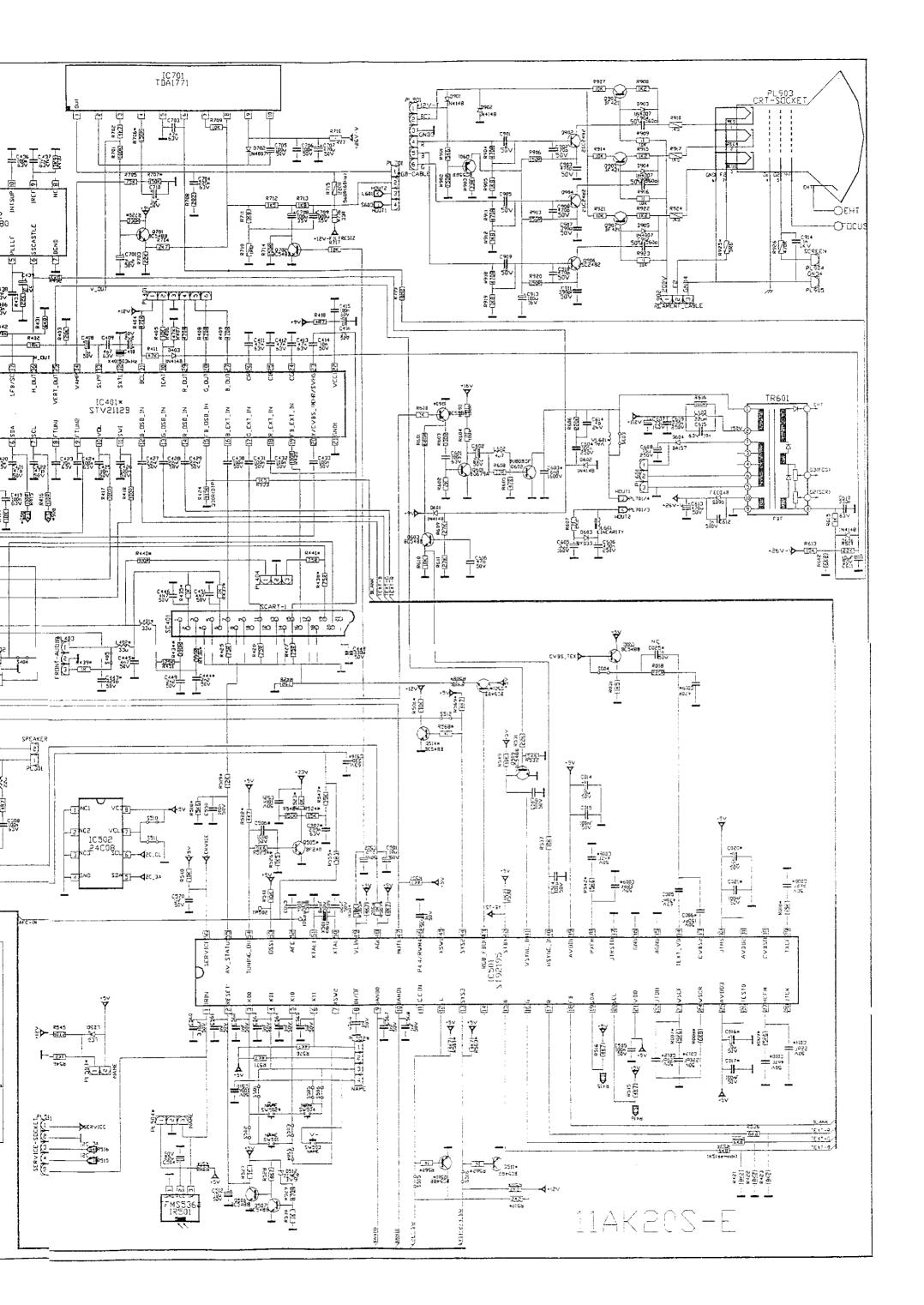
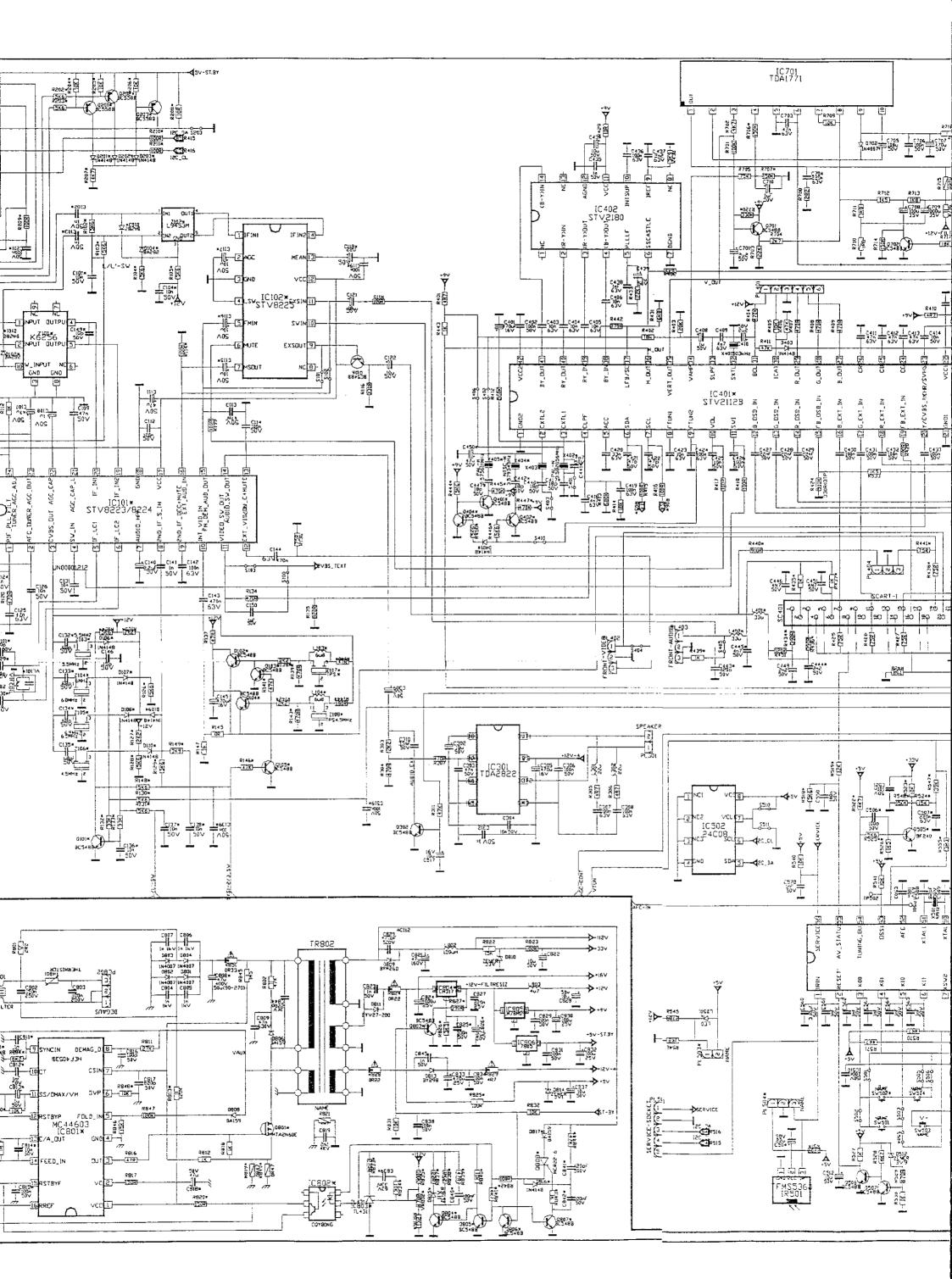
SCHALTBILD

WATSON

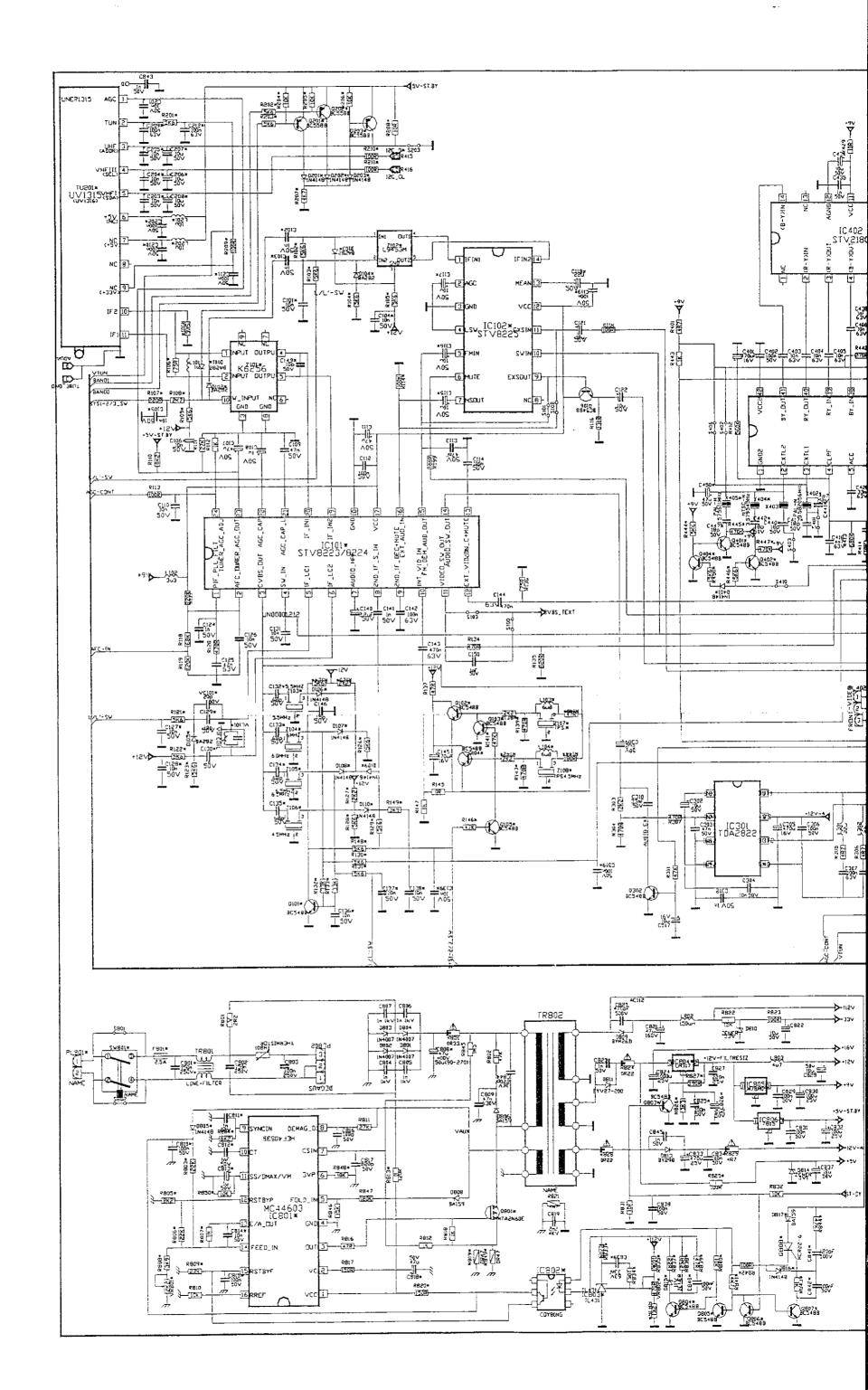
CHASSIS 11AK20SE/SE1

MC-Service





MC-Service



TELEVISION COLOUR

CHASSIS 11AK20

FOR ALL MODELS

11AK20 CHASSIS CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

1. GENERAL INFORMATION:

This document provides detailed information about the fully I²C controlled Television Chassis named 11AK20. 11AK20 is based on the bus controlled circuits in which all the filters, traps and delay lines have been integrated. Therefore the numbers of external components are reduced and the user, service and factory adjustments are made through I²C BUS control.

This chassis has been designed mainly for the 90°, 14" and 15" picture tubes.

This chassis has a SMPS circuitry which has been designed to get low stand-by power consumption (less than 3W) as an option. On the other hand, it also has wide range (90-270V 50/60 Hz) mains as an option.

The chassis covers almost all the existing worldwide transmission and colour standards as PAL B/G/I/M/N, SECAM B/G/D/K/K'/L/L' and NTSC M (3.58), NTSC (4.43) using same Main Printed Circuit Board by means of optional components and settings. Tuning system is Voltage Synthesized for all systems Except NTSC M and PAL M/N applications but it is Frequency Synthesized for NTSC M and PAL M/N applications.

Furthermore, chassis has also European Wide-range teletext solution as an option. This solution supports all the European teletext standards optionally as 1 page normal, fast and top text modes.

The chassis has Euro AV Plug (Scart Socket) for Peritel and SVHS connections. The pictures in 16 - 9 format can be displayed via this Peritel connection. Other optional external connections are front AV input RCA jacks, back AV output RCA jacks and Headphone jack.

The software has been developed with a menu driven user interface supporting all possible chassis versions with a storage capacity of 100 programs.

2. IF STAGE:

The inputs for IF stage are IF inputs from Tuner to produce front-end Video and Audio, Video and Audio from Scart or front AV RCA jack to be able to select the internal or external video and audio according to the control signals which comes from microcontroller and STV 2118. Then, the resultant video and audio signals are sent to video processing stage and audio output stage, respectively. Furthermore, front-end video and audio signals are sent to scart and or back AV RCA jacks. This part also produces some control signals for tuner and microcontroller.

This stage was designed for processing positive (optional) and negative modulated mono and one scart applications.

STV 8223 is the IF IC that is used in only negative modulation. There is an alignment which is the VCO adjustment (VL101). The procedure of alignment can be described briefly as follows:

- The IF signal is applied to the IF inputs in accordance with the standards (for B/G 38.9MHz) at pin # 1 and 2 of SAW filter (Z101).
- Adjust the VL101 until getting 2.5 V at pin # 9 of uC (IC501).
 - This stage is also used for negative and positive modulated, mono applications. STV 8224 (negative and positive modulation and FM sound) (IC 101) and STV 8225 (AM sound) (IC102) are the IF IC's.
 - There are two alignments in this case, which are the VCO adjustment (VL101) for B/G L standards and VC101 for L' standard. The procedure of the alignments can be described briefly as follows:
 - The system is Switched to B/G standard reception,
- The IF signal is applied to the IF inputs in accordance with the standards (for B/G 38.9MHz) at pin # 1 and 2 of SAW Filter Z101.
- Adjust the VL101 until getting 2.5 V at pin # 9 of uC.
- The system is Switched to L' standard reception,
- The IF signal is applied to the IF inputs in accordance with the standards (for L' 33.9MHz) at pin # 1 and 2 of SAW Filter Z101.
- Adjust the VC101 until getting 2.5 V at pin # 9 of uC.

2.1 Video and Sound IF System & Switch IC STV8223:

STV 8223 is a picture and sound IF processor for negative application. The architecture of the video and sound demodulator, which are both based on PLL structure, allows a very good linearity of the Intermediate Frequency Response and an application with very few external components and adjustments.

The volume on the audio signal is controlled through a DC level (pin # 13) which is provided from STV 2112/2116/2118 where all the I^2 C decoding is realized.

STV 8223 also provides the audio and video switches for scart - AV applications.

The IF inputs at pins # 19 and # 20 are driven by Tuner via Saw filter (Z101). The baseband signal produced from these IF inputs appears at pin # 3. This signal is used to produce sound trapped video signal and intercarrier sound signal. For multi-standard models, a switched trap circuitry is used (Q103, Q104, Q105). This internal video signal is fell to pin # 1 0 of this IC for internal-external (coming from scart) video switching and to the base of the buffer transistor Q102 for the video output of the scart connector. The intercarrier signal used for reproducing sound, passes through the band pass filter Z103 with center frequency 5.5MHz for B/G standard or Z104 for I (6.0MHz) or Z105 for D/K (6.1MHz) or Z106 for M/N (4.5MHz) in according to selected system by intercarrier signal switching circuitry (D106, D107, D108, D109, D110) and resultant signal is applied to the pin #8 of the IC which is the input of limiter and SIF PLI, stage.

3.1 Bus-controlled Multi-Standard TV Processor IC, STV 2118:

The STV 2118 (IC 401) is a fully bus controlled IC for TV Luma, Chroma and Deflection processing. In order to make the alignments by microcontroller via I²C, the required data are transferred from microcontroller into the related registers of STV 2118. The main input for this IC are as follws:

- I²C Inputs from microcontrolle
- Y/CVBS Input from IF Part, external CVBS coming from scart or front AV RCA jack, external RGB and Fast Blank signals coming from Scart, R input is also used for Chroma input in SVHS Mode
- OSD and TELETEXT RGB and Fast Blank signals coming form both microcontroller and teletext processor IC
- BCI (Black Current Information) coming from CRT Baseboard
- BCL (Beam Current Limiting) information from Horizontal Output Stage
- Line Flyback Sample coming from Horizontal Output Stage
- Delayed R-Y and B-Y signals coming from Delay Line IC STV 2180

Detailed Features and the internal block diagram of the IC STV 2118 are given in following subsections:

3.1.1 Deflection Circuit:

The deflection part includes a fully integrated sync-separator locked to a 500 kHz VCO with external resonator (X401), two phase locked loops for horizontal deflection, vertical count down with 50 Hz and 60 Hz operation for field frequency.

Vertical output pulse is 10.5 lines long at pin # 35, furthermore horizontal output pulse is 28 msec on open collector pin # 36.

The horizontal output is at high level when Vcc increases from 0V to 6.8V. On shutting down, the horizontal pulse disabled when Vcc is below 6.2V.

When vertical pulses are disappeared, horizontal output is disabled by microcontroller for keeping CRT phosphor. Line position adjustment is controlled by bus using related service mode.

Bus controlled output voltage at pin # 34 is used to adjust vertical amplitude at vertical output stage via R705, R706 and R707.

Bus controlled vertical position information is produced from high level of the vertical pulse pin # 35 and this signal is used to adjust vertical positioning at vertical output stage via R701, R703, R704, C701, D701 and Q701.

The sandcastle signal at pin # 37 is used to control the external baseband chroma delay line (STV 2180 -IC 402- pin # 6).

3.1.2 Filters :

All filters (integrated trap filter, integrated chroma bandpass, integrated bell filter for SECAM, integrated delay line) are tuned with a reference PLL.

The PLL consists of a lowpass filter, a phase comparator, a loop filter (an external capacitor C423 on pin # 8). The reference signal is the continuous carrier wave from the VCO (4.43 MHz or 3.58 MHz). The PLL will adjust the center frequency of the lowpass so that it will be equal to the reference signal. The tuning voltage of the PLL (memorized on pin # 8) will adjust all other filters.

The cloche filter is fine-tuned with a second PLL operating during frame retrace. Tuning voltage is memorized on an external capacitor C424 at pin # 9.

3.1.3 Video Circuit:

Video part includes two RGB inputs, automatic cut-off control, DC cut-off adjustment, RGB gain adjustments, beam current limiting. Furthermore, user video settings (contrast, saturation, brightness and sharpness controls) are performed by this block. RGB output pins are as follows: R output is pin # 29, G output is pin # 28 and B output is pin # 27.

The beam current information is fed to pin # 31 via R411 and D403. This control voltage will act on contrastFirst, then the brightness will be decreased when contrast attenuation reaches -5dB.

Automatic cut-off function is realized according to the BCI information at pin # 30. Sequential cut-off current measurements are made during three lines after frame blanking signal.

3.1.4 Chroma Circuit:

The chroma part includes PAL, SECAM, NTSC demodulator. An external base band delay line (STV 2180 IC402) is used in this concept. R-Y and B-Y outputs of STV 2118 (pin # 40 and pin # 41) are sent to STV 2180 to get 6µmsec delayed signals.

The PAL, SECAM or NTSC standard selection is made by automatic standard identification.

Three X'tals for PAL M (X404), PAL N (X405) and NTSC M (X403) and their switching circuitry (Q401, Q402, Q403, Q404, D401, D402) are used in PAL M/N and NTSC M models only.

SVHS selection is made by microcontroller via bus control.

The switch control signal is supplied by microcontroller. The limiter and SIF PLL output pin # 15 which is connected to the deemphasis capacitor drives audio out of the scart connector and AV jack. The external inputs of IC, which are pin # 12 for video and pin # 16 for audio, are connected to the related scart connector inputs or AV RCA jack inputs. The internal-external signal selection for monitoring is made by control voltage at pin # 8 produced by STV 2118. The selected video at pin # 11 drives video processing stage. On the other hand, the selected audio is processed in volume control stage in according with DC control voltage at pin # 13 and then, it is sent from pin # 14 to sound output stage.

The IF block produces control signals, which are AGC for tuner at pin # 23 in according to voltage of pin # 24 controlled by microcontroller pin # 2.

2.2 Multi-Standard Video and Sound IF System & Switch IC STV 8224 and AM SIF IC STV 8225 :

STV 8224 is a picture and sound IF processor for negative and positive applications. The architecture of the video and sound demodulator, which are both based on PLL structure, allows a very good linearity of the Intermediate Frequency Response and an application with very few external components and adjustments.

The volume on the audio signal is controlled through a DC level (pin #13) which is provided from STV 2112/2116/2118 where all the I²C decoding is realized.

STV 8224 also provides the audio and video switches with STV 8225 for one scart applications.

The IF inputs at pins # 19 and # 20 are driven by Tuner via SAW filter (Z101) which is K6256 for B/G - L/L' applications. This saw filter is switchable according to the control signals produced by microcontroller. The baseband signal at pin # 3 is produced from these IF inputs according to the control signal at pin # 4. This control signal comes from STV 2118 Multi-Switch Output according to the selected system standard.

The baseband signal is used to produce sound trapped video signal and on the other hand to produce intercarrier sound signal for B/G standard. This internal video signal is fed to pin # 10 of this IC for internal-external (coming from scart) video switching and to the base of the buffer transistor Q102 for the video output of the scart connector. For the internal and external video switching, external video enters from pin #12, and then, selected video is sent from pin # 11 to video processing part.

The intercarrier signal used for reproducing sound, passes through the band pass filter Z103 with center frequency 5.5MHz for B/G standard and resultant signal is applied to the pin # 8 of the IC STV 8224 which is the input of limiter and SIF PLL stage. The limiter and SIF PLL output pin # 15 which is connected to the deemphasis capacitor drives pin # 5 of the IC STV 8225 as FM Sound Input in order to be able to select the appropriate (FM or AM) audio signal for producing audio out of the scart connector. The selected signal at pin # 9 of STV8225 drives external audio output connections. On the other hand, the audio switch in STV 8224 is used to select the internal FM signal or the output of STV 8225 (pin # 7), which selects the internal AM signal or External audio signal (at pin # 11) coming from scart socket. The selected audio is processed in volume control stage in according with DC control voltage at pin # 13 and then, it is sent from pin # 14 to sound output stage. The IF signal is filtered at Z102 saw filter which is switchable according to the control signals produced by microcontroller for L or L' mode. Output of SAW is connected to pin # 1 and 14 of SIFIC STV 8225 (IC 102) for AM sound producing. The audio switches in STV 8225 selects the signals according to DC voltage at # 10 of STV 8225.

The IF block produces control signals, which are AGC for tuner at pin # 23 in according to voltage of pin # 24 controlled by microcontroller and AFC for microcontroller at pin # 2.

There are two main switching circuits. First one is the VCO Frequency Switching circuit and the second one is the Saw Filter Switching circuit which covers both Video and Sound saw filters.

The control voltage for VCO switching circuitry is the L/L' signal produced by microcontroller. The logic of this signal, which is defined by MAC-15, is as given in Table 2.1.

Selected Mode L/L'	Switching Voltage	Adjusted Frequency
Modes other than L'	HIGH	38.9 MHz
L'	LOW	33.9 MHz

Table 2.1 The Logic of the L/L' Switching Voltage (based on MAC-15)

This control voltage is applied to R121. When this voltage is LOW, diode D105 is ON and VC101, C129 and C130 are connected in parallel to the reference tank circuit VL101. On the other hand, This circuit is disconnected when L/L' voltage is HIGH since D105 is OFF.

In according to selected system configuration, it must be used multistandard switched type SAW filters. For this reason an optional circuitry is applied this stage by D101, D102, (and if using L/L', D103, D104 for SIF SAW 2102).

3. SIGNAL PROCESSING PART:

This part processes video coming from IF part, RGB coming from Scart, Teletext and Controller in order to drive Horizontal and Vertical deflection stages and CRT baseboard and to produce some control voltages by means of Bus-controlled PAL-SECAM-NTSC TV Processor IC, STV 2112/2116/2118 and 64msec Delay Line IC, STV2180. The detailed functional descriptions of these IC's are given in the following subsections.

3.1.5 Other Functions:

Volume Control and Mute output is pin # 10. The voltage range for volume control is 0.5V to 5V, whereas below 0.1V is used for muting. The output of this pin is controlled by microcontroller via bus and the value is saved in related register of the STV 2118.

The selection of the IF standard (Positive or Negative Vision Modulation) and the TV / SCART(AV) mode is controlled by bus. The selection is converting in four voltages which are used to control the IF IC's STV 8224 and STV 8225 on pin # 11. Related voltage levels and their situations are tabulated as follows:

SITUATION		VOLTAGE RANGE (V ₁₁)	
STANDARD	SOURCE	MIN.	MAX.
NEGATIVE	TV	0	0.7
POSITIVE	TV	2.9	3.8
POSITIVE	SCART	5.2	6.1
NEGATIVE	SCART	7.88	9

Table 3.1 Related voltage levels and their situations for pin # 11 of STV 2118.

3.2 Base Band Chroma Delay Line IC STV 2180 :

The STV 2180 is an integrated base band chroma delay line with one line delay, which has been designed to match chroma decoders with color difference signal outputs (R-Y) and (B-Y). This IC has dual switched capacitors delay line with 3 MHz clock and integrated filters to suppress the residual clock components. It designed to work in conjunction with STV 2112/2116/2118 and it allows an adjustment free application.

The inputs for this IC are as follows:

- (R-Y) at pin # 2 coming from STV 2118
- (B-Y) at pin # 14 coming from STV 2118
- Sandcastle Pulse at pin # 6 coming from STV 2118

On the other hand, outputs of this IC are as follows:

- Delayed (R-Y) at pin # 3
- · Delayed (B-Y) at pin # 4

4. HORIZONTAL OUTPUT AND EHT STAGE:

The horizontal pulses, from pin #36 of IC401, are connected to base of driver transistor Q601 through Q601, R603, C601. The driver circuitry (Q601, R604, C602, L602, R608) drives the horizontal deflection output transistor BU808DFI (Q602). TR601 is the EHT (Extra High Tension) transformer. The 112V supply voltage for the stage is connected at # 2. TR601 transformer generates EHT, focus and G2 voltages, required by picture tube. Furthermore, the 200V supply for video output, 26V supply for vertical output and heater drive current are derived from this transformer. The beam current information from pin #8 of TR601 is used for reducing the contrast at excessive long term average beam current and compensation voltage to vertical output to stabilize picture height. The flyback signal sample (AC coupled and clipped by R606, C614, C604, D602, D601) is used to generate sandcastle pulse for video processor IC and horizontal pulse (Q603) required by uC.

5. VERTICAL OUTPUT STAGE (TDA 1771)

The TDA1771 (IC701) vertical deflection integrated circuit is used for output of vertical stage. Trigger pulses from STV2118 feeds to pin # 3 of TDA1771. The signal produced by built in ramp generator synchronizes input trigger pulses. Amplitude is adjusted by an independent input pin (# 4). Built in voltage generator output, feedback information by p in # 8, internal sawtooth signal and amplitude information are applied to output OP-AMP. This output stage has also thermal protection and flyback generator for reliability and effectivity. Applied pulse from STV2118, contains vertical position information as maximum do level of signal and is extracted by Q701 and fed as a part of feedback to output stage. Vertical shift DC supply is obtained via R716. The amplitude control is supplied by STV2118. Vertical deflection or to stage is supplied by +26V output of FBT and D605, C603 circuitry.

6. SOUND OUTPUT STAGE (TDA2822M):

TD A2822M is used as the AF output amplifier. It is supplied by +12V coming from a separate winding in the \$PMPS transformer (T802). Pin #14 of the STV8223 (or STV 8224) is AC coupled to the input pin #7 of the TDA2822M is a a resistor divider. Maximum audio output power at 10% THD is 1.5W. Q301 for start up muting and Q302 for mutin by uC are used, and an alarm signal by uC is fed to this input.

7. POWER SUPPLY (SMPS):

The DC voltage sources required at various stages of the chassis are provided by an SMPS controlled by the IC801 (MC44603 for common models and MC44604 for 'low power consumption on stand by mode' models). This IC is designed for driving, controlling and protecting the switching MOSFET transistor of SMPS (Q801). This supply has three outputs; one 112V output which is used for horizontal output and 33V generation needed by tuner section, one 16V output for all small signal sections an uC and one for audio output section. This chassis may be used in 90 - 270 volt with appropriate optional circuitry and components. The uC which is supplied by a source designed regulator with zener diode (D814) controls stand by mode by switching Q803 (for 44604 application Q806).

8. uC (MICROCONTROLLER):

The microcontroller hardware that is member of the ST6 family has a TV receiver control software with menu control. It controls the chassis through IIC bus, PWM outputs and I/O ports. Dominant features of controller are control of optional teletext, outputs for OSD, IR control signal receiving, and internal EEPROM.

The controller has IIC communication port at # 40 , # 41 and OSD driver (R,G,B,FBI) at # 22, # 23, # 24, # 25. PWM control outputs are tuning # 34; vertical linearity adjustment # 1; AGC adjustment # 2. Other control outputs are Muting - video ident # 3; led driver # 4; system switches # 5, # 6, # 8, # 19, # 20, # 36; tuner switches # 18, # 19 and inputs are AFC information from IF # 9; keyboard # 10, # 11, # 13, # 14; scart mode ident (4/3-16-9) # 38, # 39; horizontal sync # 26; vertical # 27; infrared # 35 and reset # 33.

The uC starts system according to option diodes configuration (D501, D503, D505, D506, D508).

The controller has also a software which is able to control some service adjustments: R,G,B gain; R,G cut off; vertical position; vertical linearity; horizontal position; vertical amplitude; AGC; language selection for teletext.

For enter to service mode followed procedure must be act within four seconds:

- 1- Press volume down button on the keyboard;
- 2- Press 'prog' button on the R/C hand set;
- 3- Press '--' button on the R/C hand set:
- 4- Press "TV" button on the R/C hand set;

Parameters can be sellected by program up and down, parameter adjustments can be done by volume up and down buttons. Memorizing the adjusted parameters can be done by pressing red button. For exit from service mode Press "TV" button.

9. TELETEXT:

The video signal coming from IF stage is fed to Data Slicer IC001. Then, there are two possibilities for decoding part; CF70095 or CF70195 for 1-Page simple text applications and CF7020X family for fastext and toptext applications. Finally, R, G, B and FBL signals are sent to the related inputs of STV2118.

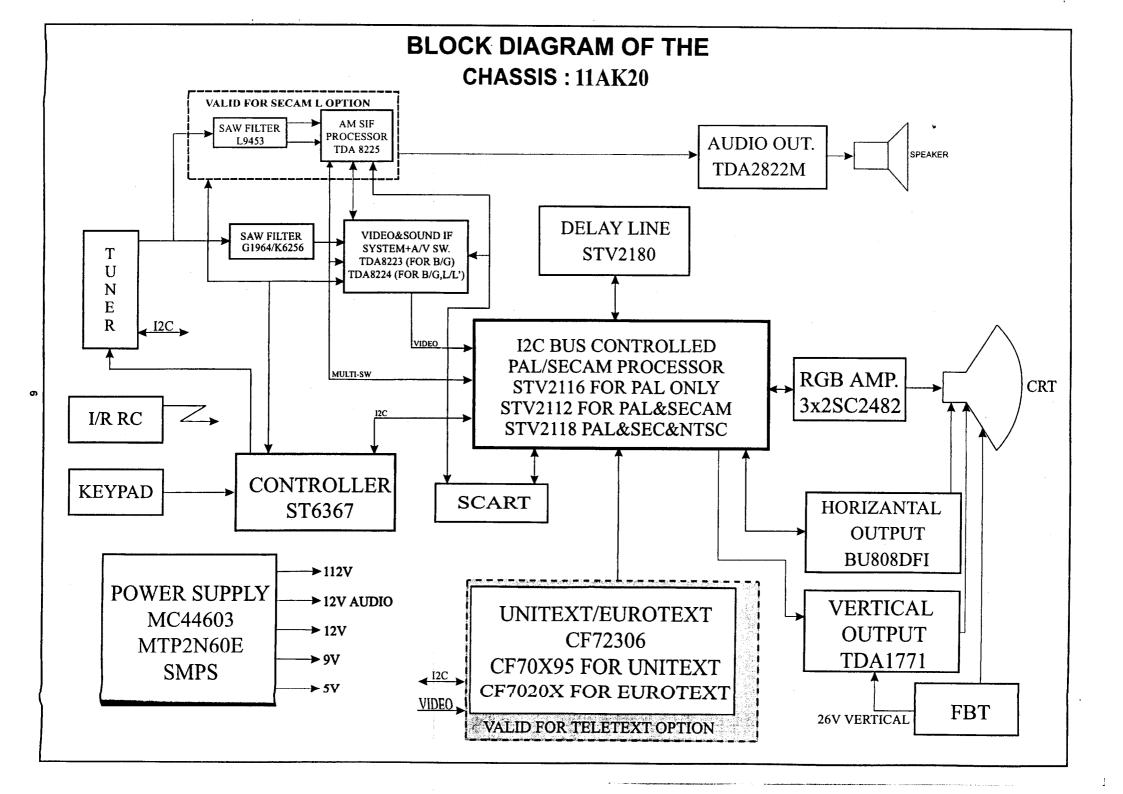
The alignment procedure for CF70095 or CF70195 application is as following:

- 1- Apply a video with teletext transmission and select for teletext.
- 2- Adjust the coil (VL001) for the voltage at pin # 28 2.5V.

10. CRT BASE-BOARD:

When RGB signals enter the input of the video amplifier stage (CRT base-board), they are amplified by means of three symmetrical video amplifier stages. For this purpose three 2SC2482 high voltage, video output transistors are used. So, high gain-bandwidth product is achieved. Furthermore black level changes at the output amplifiers caused by temperature or component agings are compensated by means of a closed loop control system. For this reason the cathode current information (ICAT) is sent to STV2118.

MC-Service



MC44603

Advance Information

Mixed Frequency Mode GreenLine PWM Controller:

Fixed Frequency, Variable Frequency, Standby Mode

GENERAL DISCRIPTION

The MC44603 is an enhanced high performance controller that is specifically designed for off-line and dc-to-dc converter applicitions. This device has the unique ability of automatically changing operating modes if the converter output is overloaded, unloaded, or shorted, offering the designer additional protection for increased system reliability. The MC44603 has several distinguishing features when compared to conventional SMPS controllers.

These features consist of a foldback facility for overload protection, a standby mode when the converter output is slightly loaded, a demagnetization detection for reduced switching stresses on transistor and diodes, and a high current totem pole output ideally suited for driving a power MOSFET. It can also be used for driving bipolar transistor in low power converters (<150 W). It is optimized to operate in continuous mode. It's advanced design allows use in current mode or voltage mode control applications.

FEATURES:

Current or Voltage Mode Controller

- Operation up to 250 kHz Output Switching Frequency
- Inherent Feed Forward Compensation
- Latching PWM for Cycle-by-Cycle Current Limiting
- Oscillator with Precise Frequency Control

High Flexibility

- Externally Programmable Reference Current
- Secondary or Primary Sensing
- Synchronization Facility
- High Current Totem Pole Output
- Undervoltage Lockout with Hysteresis

Safety/Protection Features

- Overvoltage Protection Against Open Current and Open Voltage Loop
- Protection Against Short Circuit on Oscillator Pin
- Fully Programmable Foldback
- Soft-Start Feature
- Accurate Maximum Duty Cycle Setting
- Demagnetization (Zero Currrent Detection) Protection
- Internally Trimmed Reference

GreenLine Controller: Low Power Consumption in Standby Mode

- Low Startup and Operating Current
- Fully Programmable Standby Mode
- Controlled Frequency Reduction in Standby Mode
- Low dV/dT for Low EMI Radiations.

PINNING

12- RP Standby

1- VCC	This pin is the positive supply of the IC. The operating voltage range after startup is 9.0 to 14.5V

2- VC The output high state (V_{OH}) is set by the voltage applied to this pin.

With a separate connection to the power source, it can reduce the effects of switching noise on the control circuitry.

3- OUTPUT

Peak currents up to 750mA can be sourced or sunk suitable for driving either MOSEET or

Peak currents up to 750mA can be sourced or sunk, suitable for driving either MOSFET or Bipolar transistor. This output pin must be shunted by a Schottky diode, 1N5819 or equivalent.

4- GND The ground pin is a single return, typically connected back to the power source; it is used as control and power ground.

5- Foldback Input

The foldback function provides overload protection. Feeding the foldback input with aportion of the VCC voltage (1.0V max) establishes on the system control loop a foldback characteristic

allowing a smoother startup and sharper overload protection. Above 1.0V foldback input is inactive.

Overvoltage Protection
When the overvoltage protection pin receives a voltage greater than 17V, the device is

6- Overvoltage Protection When the overvoltage protection pin receives a voltage greater than 17V, the device is disabled and requires a complete restart sequence. The overvoltage level is programmable.

Current Sense Input

A voltage proportional to the current flowing in to the power switch is connected to this input.

The PWM latch uses this information to terminate the conduction of the output buffer when working in a correct mode

of operation. A maximum level of 1.0V allows either current or voltage mode of operation.

8- Demagnetization A voltage delivered by an auxiliary transformer winding provides to the demagnetization pin an

Detection indication of the magnetization state of the flyback transformer. A zero voltage detection corresponds to complete

core saturation. The demagnetization detection ensures a discontinuous mode of opertion.

This function can be inhibited by connecting Pin 8 to Gnd.

9- Synchronization Input The synchronization input pin can be activated with either a negative pulse going from a level between 0.7v and 3.7v

to Gnd or a positive pulse going from a level between 0.7 and 3.7V up to a level higher than 3.7V. The oscillator runs

free when Pin 9 is connected to Gnd.

10- CT The normal mode oscillator frequency is programmed by the capacitor CT choice together with the Rref resistance

value. CT, connected between Pin 10 and Gnd, generates the oscillator sawtooth.

11- Soft-Start/Dmax
/Voltage-Mode

A capacitor, resistor or a voltage source connected to this pin limits The switching duty-cycle.
This pin can be used as a voltage mode control input. By connecting Pin11 to Ground,

the MC44603 can be shut down.

A voltage level applied to the RP Standby pin determines the output power level at which the oscillator will turn into the

reduced frequency mode of operation (i.e. standby mode).

An internal hysteresis comparator allows to return in the normal mode at a higher output power level.

13- E/A Out The error amplifier output is made available for loop compensation.

14- Voltage Feedback This is the inverting input of the Error Amplifier. It can be connected to the switching power supply output through

an optical (or other) feedback loop.

15- RF Standby
The reduced frequency or standby frequency programming is made by the RF Standby resistance choice
R_, sets the internal reference current. The internal reference current ranges from 100µA to 500 µA.

This requires that $5.0k\Omega \le R_{ref} \le 25 k\Omega$.

8 BIT HCMOS MCUs FOR TV VOLTAGE SYNTHESIS WITH OSD

GENERAL DESCIRIPTION

The ST6385,86,87,88 microcontrollers are member of the 8-bit HCMOS ST638X family, a series of devices specially oriented to TV applications. Different pin-out and peripheral configýration are available to give the maximum aplication and cost flexibility. All ST638X members are based on a building block appoach: a common coreis surrounded by a combination of on-chip peripherals (macrocells) avaiable from a standard library. These peribherals are designed with the same Core technology providing full compatibility and short desing time. Many of these macrocells are specially dedicated to TV applications. The macrocells of the ST638X family are: two Timer peripherals each including an 8-bit counter with a 7 bit software programmable precaler (Timer), a digital hardware activated watchdog function (DHWD), a 14-bit voltage synthesis tuning pripheral, a serial peripheral interface (SPI), up to six 6-bit PWM D/A converters, an AFC A/D converter with 0.5V resolution, an on-screen display (OSD) with 15 characters per line. 128 characters (in two banks each of 64 chracaters). In addition the following memory resources are available: program ROM (20K), data RAM (256 bytes),

EEPROM (384 bytes). Refer to pin configurations figures and to ST638X device summary (Table 1) for the definition of ST638X family members and a summary of differences among the different types.

FEATURES

- 8-bit Architecture
- **HCMOS Technology**
- 8Mhz Clock
- User Program ROM: 20140 bytes
- Reserved Test ROM: 336 bytes
- Data ROM: User selectable size
- Data RAM: 256 bytes
- Data EEPROM: 384 bytes
- 42-Pin Shrink Dual in Line Plastic Package
- Up to 22 software programmable general purpose Inputs/Outputs, including 2 direct LED driving nOutputs
- Two Timers each including an 8-bit counter with a 7-bit programable prescaler
- Digital Watchdog Fuction
- Serial Peripheral Interface (SP) supporting S-BUS/ PC BUS and standart serial protocols
- Up to Six 6-Bit PWM D/A Converters
- 62.5KHz Output Pin (ST6386,88 Only)
- AFC A/D converter with 0.5V resolution
- Five interrupt vectors (IRIN/NMI, Timer 1 & 2, VSYNC, PWR INT.)
- 14 bit counter for voltage synthesis tuning
- On-chip clock oscillator
- 5 Lines by 15 Characters On-Screen Diplay Generator with 128 Characters
- Byte efficient instruction set
- Bit test and jump instructions
- Wait and Bit Manipulation insructions
- True LIFO 6-level stack
- All ROM types are supported by pin-to-pin piggy-back versions.
- The development tool of the ST638X microcon-trollers consists of the ST638X-EMU emulation and development system to be connected via a standard RS232 serial line to an MS-DOS Personal Computer.

PINNING

1-	DAO	Output, Open-Drain, 12V
2-	DA1	Output, Open-Drain, 12V
3-	DA2	Output, Open-Drain, 12V
4-	DA3	Output, Open-Drain, 12V
5-	DA4	Output, Open-Drain, 12V
6-		Output, Open-Drain, 12V
7-	62.5KHz OUT	Output, Open-Drain, 12V
8-	AFC	Input, High Impedance, 12V
9-	VS	Output, Push-Pull
10-	RGRRIANK	Output Puch-Pull

10- R,G,B, BLANK Output, Push-Pull

11- HSYNC, VSYNC Input, Pull-up, Schmitt Trigger 12- OSDOSCIN Input, High Impedance

13- OSDOSCOUT Output, Push-Pull **14-TEST** Input Pull-Down

15-OSCIN Input, Resistive Bias, Schmitt Trigger to Reset Logic Only 16- OSCOUT

Output, Push-Pull

17-RESET Input, Pull-up, Schmitt Trigger Input

18- PA0 I/O, Push-Pull, Software Input Pull-up, Schmitt Trigger Input

19- PA1 20- PA2	I/O, Push-Pull, Software Input Pull-up, Schmitt Trigger Input I/O, Push-Pull, Software Input Pull-up, Schmitt Trigger Input
21- PA3	I/O, Push-Pull, Software Input Pull-up, Schmitt Trigger Input
22- PA4	I/O, Open Drain, 12V, No Input Pull-up, Schmitt Trigger Input
23- PA5	I/O, Open Drain, 12V, No Input Pull-up, Schmitt Trigger Input
24- PA6	I/O, Open Drain, 12V, No Input Pull-up, Schmitt Trigger Input, High Drive
25- PA7	I/O, Open Drain, 12V, No Input Pull-up, Schmitt Trigger Input, High Drive
26- PB0	I/O, Push-Pull, Software Input Pull-up, Schmitt Trigger Input
27- PB1	I/O, Push-Pull, Software Input Pull-up, Schmitt Trigger Input
28- PB2	I/O, Push-Pull, Software Input Pull-up, Schmitt Trigger Input
29- PB3	I/O, Push-Pull, Software Input Pull-up, Schmitt Trigger Input
30- PB4	I/O, Push-Pull, Software Input Pull-up, Schmitt Trigger Input
31- PB5	I/O, Push-Pull, Software Input Pull-up, Schmitt Trigger Input
32- PB6	I/O, Push-Pull, Software Input Pull-up, Schmitt Trigger Input
33- PC0	I/O, Open Drain, 5V, Software Input Pull-up, Schmitt Trigger Input
34- PC1	I/O, Open Drain, 5V, Software Input Pull-up, Schmitt Trigger Input
35- PC2	I/O, Open Drain, 5V, Software Input Pull-up, Schmitt Trigger Input
36- PC3	I/O, Open Drain, 5V , Software Input Pull-up, Schmitt Trigger Input
37- PC4	I/O, Open Drain, 12V, No Input Pull-up, Schmitt Trigger Input
38- PC5	I/O, Open Drain, 12V , No Input Pull-up, Schmitt Trigger Input
39- PC6	I/O, Open Drain, 12V , No Input Pull-up, Schmitt Trigger Input
40- PC7	I/O, Open Drain, 12V , No Input Pull-up, Schmitt Trigger Input
41- PC8	I/O, Open Drain, 12V , No Input Pull-up, Schmitt Trigger Input
42- V_{DD} , V_{SS}	Power Supply Pins

STV8224B

MULTISTANDARD VIDEO AND SOUND IF SYSTEM WITH AUDIO AND VIDEO SWITCHES

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The STV8224B is a picture and sound IF processor for multistandart application with very few external components and adjusments.

It provides the audio and video switches for one SCART plug application.

AM sound demodulation is perfored with the STV8225 add-on.

FEATURES:

- Video PLL Demodulation
- Sound PLL Demodulation
- Positive and Negative Modulation
- AGC for BG and L Standards
- Audio Switch
- DC Volume Control
- Video Switch

PINNING

- 1- Pif PLL Filter
- 2- AFC Output
- 3- CVBS Output
- 4- Switching Input (Standard+INT/EXT)
- 5- IF LC
- 6- IF LC
- 7- Audio High Pass Filter
- 8- 2nd IF Sound Input
- 9- Audio and 'nd IF Decoupling
- 10- Internal Video Input
- 11- Video Switch Output
- 12- External Video Input
- 13- Volume Control+mute
- 14- Audio Switch Output
- 15- FM Demodulated Audio Output
- 16- External Audio Input
- 17- V_{CC} 18- Grount

- 19- IF Input
 20- IF Input
 21- ACG Capacitor (L Standard)
 22- ACG Capacitor
- 23- Tuner AGC Output
- 24- Tuner AGC starting point Adjustment

CF72416 TELETEXT

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The CF72416 is a new device comparable with the currently available CF72306 but having the added capability of extracting 'Video Programming System' (VPS) data. The CF72416 forms the Analogue component of the texas Instruments (TI) teletext system.

The device performans the functions of composite sync separation and both teletext and VPS data extraction and clock regeneration from the recevied video signal and passes clock, data and composite sync to the digital decoder chip. The same pins are used for either teletext or VPS data and are identified by the appropriate decoder.

The CF72416 device has the following features and enhancements over the CF72306;-

- (a) VPS data decoding.
- (b) Improved adaptive slicing level for the Sync seperator and sync noise information added to composite sync which when used with Texas Instruments' Multipage and Eurotext decoders gives improved locking performance.
- (c) Minor board changes are required to upgrade to the CF72416 from the CF72306.

The crystal oscillator is the same as used with the CF72306. The crystal specification is given below:

13.875MHZ Crystal Specification

- Oscillation Mode	Fundamental Parallel
- Frequency	13.8750 MHz
- Crystal Frequency Stability	± 150ppm *
- Maximum Crystal ESR (steady-state)	60 Ohms
- Maximum Crystal ESR (start-up)	120 Ohms
- Maximum Shunt Capacitance	7 pF
- Maximum Motional Capacitance	30 fF
- Crystal Load Capacitance	18 pF
- Free Air Operating Temperature Range	
- Drive Level	1 mW max.
- Ageing	± 5 ppm max for first year
* Includes temperature stability and manufacturing tolerance.	•

Includes temperature stability and manufacturing tolerance.

FEATURES

- Extracts both Teletext and VPS data
- Forms a custom 2-chip solution when used with an ASICTEXT decoder
- Low power 1µm CMOS (<100mW)
- Standard 20 pin/300mll package.
- Tolerates a range of video distortions
- Operates with 13.875 MHz fundamental mode crystal.

PINNING

1-	TSIG	Video Sync Reference
2-	SSIG	Video Sync Input
3-	SSIG	Video Data Input
4-	AGND1	Analogue Ground
5-	OSC1	13.875 MHz Oscilator
6-	OSC2	13.875 MHz Oscilator
7-	AVCC	Analogue Vcc
	CREF	Video Data Reference Input
9-	AGND2	Analogue Ground
10-	BIAS	Internal Reference
11-	TSTAPLB	Test/Application
	TCLK	Teletext Clock
	TDATA	Teletext Data
	DGND2	Digital Ground
	OSCOUT	Oscillator Output
	DVCC	Digital Vcc
	WIND	Timing Signal
	DGND1	Digital Ground
	SYNC	Separated Sync Output
21-	TEXTSEL	Sync Noise Select Note 1

Signal pins = 14

Power pins = 6

STV 2118B

BUS CONTROLLED PAL/SECAM/NTSC TV PROCESSOR

GENERAL DESCIRIPTION

The STV2118B is fully bus controller IC for TV luma, chroma and deflection processing.

Used with STV8224 (PIF/SIF/swicthes), TDA 1771 or TDA8174 (frame booster), STV2180(delay line), it allows to desing a PAL/SECAM/NTSC (BGDKILMN) set with very few external components and no adjustment.

FEATURES:

- I²C Bus Control Of All Functions
- Integrated Filters (Trap,Badpass,Cloche)
- Integrated Luminance Delay Line
- PAL/SECAM/NTSC Chroma Demodulators
- Automatic Cut-Off Current Loop
- Two PLLs Horizontal Deflection
- Vertical Cont down
- Very Few External Components

PINNING

1-	GND2	Chroma/Scanning Ground
2-	CXTL2	3.58 MHz XTAL
3-	CXTL1	4.43 MHz XTAL
	CLPF	Chroma Loop Filter
	ACC	Acc Control Capacitor
	SDA	Data Wire I ² C Bus
7-	SCL	Clock Wire I ² C Bus
	FTUN1	Filter Tuning
	FTUN2	Cloche Filter Tuning
	VOL	Volume and Mute Control Voltage
	SWI	If Standart and switch selection
	BOS D	
	GOS D	Os d Blue Input
		Os d Green Input
	ROS D	Os d Red Input
	FBOS D	Os d RGB Insertion
	BEXT	External Blue Input
	GEXT	External Green Input
	REXT	External Red Input
	FBEXT	Extrenal RGB Insertion
	Y/CVBS	CVBS or Luminance Input
21-	GND1	Bus/Video Ground
		Video Supply
22- 23-	V CHR/S VHS	Video Supply Crominance INPUT/SVHS Selection
22- 23- 24-	V _{CC1} CHR/S VHS CG	Video Supply Crominance INPUT/SVHS Selection Green Cut-Off Capacitor
22- 23- 24- 25-	V CHR/S VHS CG CB	Video Supply Crominance INPUT/SVHS Selection Green Cut-Off Capacitor Blue Cut-Off Capacitor
22- 23- 24- 25- 26-	V CHR/S VHS CG CB CR	Video Supply Crominance INPUT/SVHS Selection Green Cut-Off Capacitor Blue Cut-Off Capacitor Red Cut-Off Capacitor
22- 23- 24- 25- 26- 27-	V CHR/S VHS CG CB CR BO	Video Supply Crominance INPUT/SVHS Selection Green Cut-Off Capacitor Blue Cut-Off Capacitor Red Cut-Off Capacitor Blue Output
22- 23- 24- 25- 26- 27- 28-	V CHR/S VHS CG CB CR BO GO	Video Supply Crominance INPUT/SVHS Selection Green Cut-Off Capacitor Blue Cut-Off Capacitor Red Cut-Off Capacitor Blue Output Green Output
22- 23- 24- 25- 26- 27- 28- 29-	V CHR/S VHS CG CB CR BO GO RO	Video Supply Crominance INPUT/SVHS Selection Green Cut-Off Capacitor Blue Cut-Off Capacitor Red Cut-Off Capacitor Blue Output Green Output Red Output
22- 23- 24- 25- 26- 27- 28- 29- 30-	V CHR/S VHS CG CB CR BO GO RO ICAT	Video Supply Crominance INPUT/SVHS Selection Green Cut-Off Capacitor Blue Cut-Off Capacitor Red Cut-Off Capacitor Blue Output Green Output Red Output Cathode Current Measurement
22- 23- 24- 25- 26- 27- 28- 29- 30- 31-	V CHR/S VHS CG CB CR BO GO RO ICAT BCL	Video Supply Crominance INPUT/SVHS Selection Green Cut-Off Capacitor Blue Cut-Off Capacitor Red Cut-Off Capacitor Blue Output Green Output Red Output Cathode Current Measurement Beam Current Limiter
22- 23- 24- 25- 26- 27- 28- 29- 30- 31- 32-	V CHR/S VHS CG CB CR BO GO RO ICAT BCL SXTL	Video Supply Crominance INPUT/SVHS Selection Green Cut-Off Capacitor Blue Cut-Off Capacitor Red Cut-Off Capacitor Blue Output Green Output Red Output Cathode Current Measurement Beam Current Limiter 503 kHz Ceramic
22- 23- 24- 25- 26- 27- 28- 29- 30- 31- 32- 33-	V CHR/S VHS CG CB CR BO GO RO ICAT BCL SXTL SLPF	Video Supply Crominance INPUT/SVHS Selection Green Cut-Off Capacitor Blue Cut-Off Capacitor Red Cut-Off Capacitor Blue Output Green Output Red Output Cathode Current Measurement Beam Current Limiter 503 kHz Ceramic CScanning Loop Filter
22- 23- 24- 25- 26- 27- 28- 29- 30- 31- 32- 33- 34-	VCHR/S VHS CG CB CR BO GO RO ICAT BCL SXTL SLPF VAMP	Video Supply Crominance INPUT/SVHS Selection Green Cut-Off Capacitor Blue Cut-Off Capacitor Red Cut-Off Capacitor Blue Output Green Output Red Output Cathode Current Measurement Beam Current Limiter 503 kHz Ceramic CScanning Loop Filter Amplitude Control Voltage
22- 23- 24- 25- 26- 27- 28- 29- 30- 31- 32- 33- 34- 35-	V CHR/S VHS CG CB CR BO GO RO ICAT BCL SXTL SLPF	Video Supply Crominance INPUT/SVHS Selection Green Cut-Off Capacitor Blue Cut-Off Capacitor Red Cut-Off Capacitor Blue Output Green Output Red Output Cathode Current Measurement Beam Current Limiter 503 kHz Ceramic CScanning Loop Filter
22- 23- 24- 25- 26- 27- 28- 29- 30- 31- 32- 33- 34- 35- 36-	VCHR/S VHS CG CB CR BO GO RO ICAT BCL SXTL SLPF VAMP VOUT HOUT	Video Supply Crominance INPUT/SVHS Selection Green Cut-Off Capacitor Blue Cut-Off Capacitor Red Cut-Off Capacitor Blue Output Green Output Red Output Cathode Current Measurement Beam Current Limiter 503 kHz Ceramic CScanning Loop Filter Amplitude Control Voltage Vertical Output Horizontal Output
22- 23- 24- 25- 26- 27- 28- 29- 30- 31- 32- 33- 34- 35- 36- 37-	VCHR/S VHS CG CB CR BO GO RO ICAT BCL SXTL SLPF VAMP VOUT	Video Supply Crominance INPUT/SVHS Selection Green Cut-Off Capacitor Blue Cut-Off Capacitor Red Cut-Off Capacitor Blue Output Green Output Red Output Cathode Current Measurement Beam Current Limiter 503 kHz Ceramic CScanning Loop Filter Amplitude Control Voltage Vertical Output
22- 23- 24- 25- 26- 27- 28- 29- 30- 31- 32- 33- 34- 35- 36- 37-	VCHR/S VHS CG CB CR BO GO RO ICAT BCL SXTL SLPF VAMP VOUT HOUT	Video Supply Crominance INPUT/SVHS Selection Green Cut-Off Capacitor Blue Cut-Off Capacitor Red Cut-Off Capacitor Blue Output Green Output Red Output Cathode Current Measurement Beam Current Limiter 503 kHz Ceramic CScanning Loop Filter Amplitude Control Voltage Vertical Output Horizontal Output
22- 23- 24- 25- 26- 27- 28- 29- 30- 31- 32- 35- 36- 37- 38- 39-	VCHR/S VHS CG CB CR BO GO RO ICAT BCL SXTL SLPF VAMP VOUT HOUT LFB/SC BYI RYI	Video Supply Crominance INPUT/SVHS Selection Green Cut-Off Capacitor Blue Cut-Off Capacitor Red Cut-Off Capacitor Blue Output Green Output Red Output Cathode Current Measurement Beam Current Limiter 503 kHz Ceramic CScanning Loop Filter Amplitude Control Voltage Vertical Output Horizontal Output Line Flyback INPUT/SANDCASTLE Output
22- 23- 24- 25- 26- 27- 28- 29- 30- 31- 32- 35- 36- 37- 38- 39-	VCHR/S VHS CG CB CR BO GO RO ICAT BCL SXTL SLPF VAMP VOUT HOUT LFB/SC BYI	Video Supply Crominance INPUT/SVHS Selection Green Cut-Off Capacitor Blue Cut-Off Capacitor Red Cut-Off Capacitor Blue Output Green Output Red Output Cathode Current Measurement Beam Current Limiter 503 kHz Ceramic CScanning Loop Filter Amplitude Control Voltage Vertical Output Horizontal Output Line Flyback INPUT/SANDCASTLE Output B-Y Input
22- 23- 24- 25- 26- 27- 28- 29- 30- 31- 32- 35- 36- 37- 38- 40- 41-	VCHR/S VHS CGCBCR BO GO RO ICAT BCL SXTL SLPF VAMP VOUT HOUT LFB/SC BYI RYI RYO RYO	Video Supply Crominance INPUT/SVHS Selection Green Cut-Off Capacitor Blue Cut-Off Capacitor Red Cut-Off Capacitor Blue Output Green Output Red Output Cathode Current Measurement Beam Current Limiter 503 kHz Ceramic CScanning Loop Filter Amplitude Control Voltage Vertical Output Horizontal Output Line Flyback INPUT/SANDCASTLE Output B-Y Input R-Y Input
22- 23- 24- 25- 26- 27- 28- 29- 30- 31- 32- 35- 36- 37- 38- 40- 41-	VCHR/S VHS CG CB CR BO GO RO ICAT BCL SXTL SLPF VAMP VOUT HOUT LFB/SC BYI RYI RYO	Video Supply Crominance INPUT/SVHS Selection Green Cut-Off Capacitor Blue Cut-Off Capacitor Red Cut-Off Capacitor Blue Output Green Output Red Output Cathode Current Measurement Beam Current Limiter 503 kHz Ceramic CScanning Loop Filter Amplitude Control Voltage Vertical Output Horizontal Output Line Flyback INPUT/SANDCASTLE Output B-Y Input R-Y Input R-Y Output

M3004LAB1

REMOTE CONTROL TRASMITTER

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The M3004LAB1/M3004LD transmitter IC are designed for infarared remote control systems. It has a total of 448 commandswhich are divided into 7 sub-system groups with 64 commands each. The sub-system groupswith 64 commands each. The sub-system code my be selected by a press button, a slider switch or hard wired.

The M3004LAB1/M3004LD generate the pattern for driving the output stage. These patterns are pulse distance coded. The pulses are infared flashes or modulated. The transmission mode is defined in conjuction with the sub-system address. Modulated pulses allow receivers with narrow-band preamplifiers for improved noise rejection to be used. Flashed pulses require a wide-band preamplifier within the receiver.

FEATURES:

- Flashed or modulated Transmission
- 7 Sub-System Address
- High-Current Remote Output at V_{DO} = 6V (-I_{OH} = 80 mA)
- Low Number Additional Components
- Key Release Detection by toggle bits
- Very Low Stand-by Current (<2µA)</p>
- Operational Current < 1mA at 6V Supply
- Supply Voltage Range 2 to 6.5V
- Ceramic Resanator Controlled Frequency (typ. 450kHz)

PINNING

1-	Remo	11-	V_{DD}
2-	SEN 6N	12-	DRV 6N
3-	SEN 5N	13-	DRV 6N
4-	SEN 4N	14-	DRV 6N
5-	SEN 3N	15-	DRV 6N
6-	SEN 2N	16-	DRV 6N
7-	SEN 1N	17-	DRV 6N
8-	SEN 0N	18-	DRV 6N
	ADRM	19-	OSC OUT
10-	V _{ss}	20-	OSC IN

TDA1771

VERTICAL DEFLECTION CIRCUIT

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The TDA1771 is a monolithic integrated circuit in SIP10 package
It is a full performance and very efficient vertical deflection circuit intended for direct of a TV picture tube in Color and B & W television as well as in Monitor and Data displays.

FEATURES

- Ramp Generator
- Independent Amplitude Adjutement
- Buffer Stage
- Power Amplifier
- Flyback Generator
- Internal Reference Voltage
- Thermal Protection

PINNING

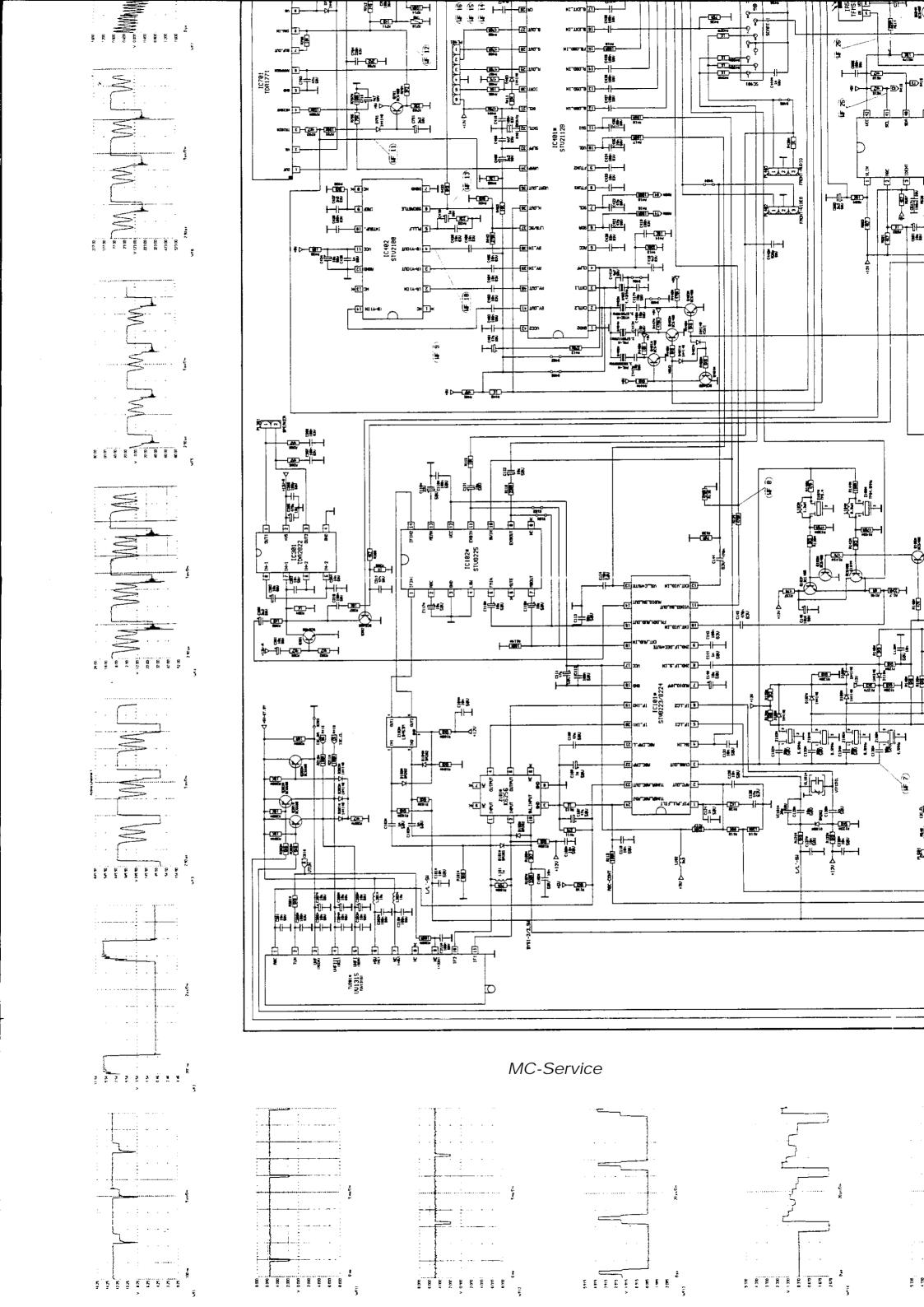
- 1. Flyback Generator
- 2. V_s
- 3. Inverting Input
- 4. Buffer Output
- 5. Ramp Generator
- 6. Ground
- 7. Height Adjustment
- 8. Trigger Input
- 9. Output Stage V ,
- 10.PowerOutput

ELECTRONIC COMPONENT PART LIST

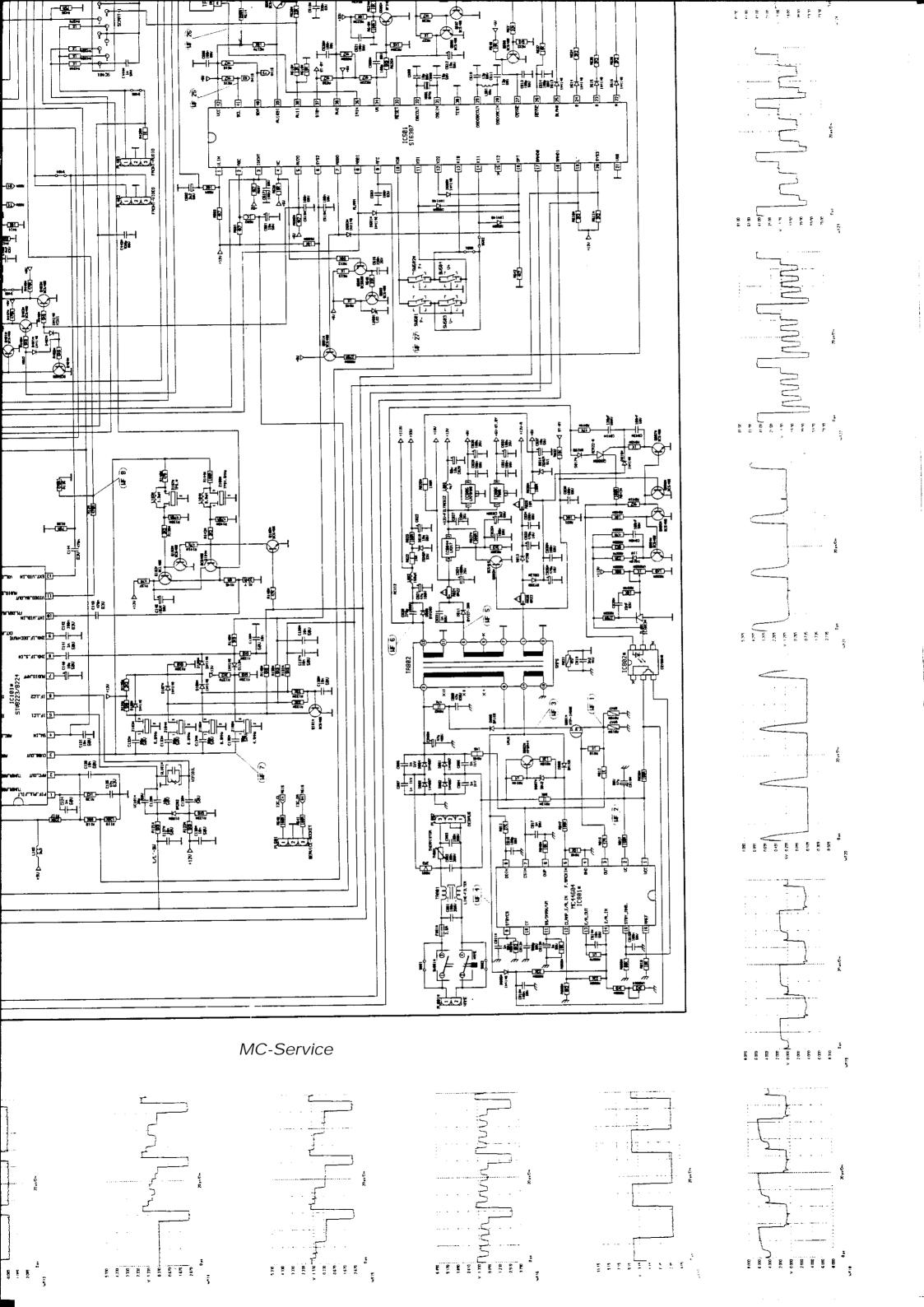
POZ. NO	VESKOD	ELECTRONIC COMP	PONENT PART LIS
	100600000		
Q602	1006000000 3611608081	ANTENNA ROD (W/ADAPTOR) TR BU808DFI	
C801	3011041558	CAP MKT 100NF 250V M AC	
C802	3011041558	CAP MKT 100NF 250V M AC	
C803	3011041558	CAP MKT 100NF 250V M AC	
C609	3032243058	CAP MKP 220NF 250V M	
C709 C819	3081020554 3202227458	CAP EL 1000UF 35V M CAP CER 2.2NF 4KV M	
J801	3363380437	RES FUSE 1/4W 0.33R J	
R718	3364791137	RES FUSE 1W 4.7R J	
R801	3382295130	RES WW 5W 2.2R J RAD.	
TH801	3391803000	THERM.PTC DEGAUSS DUAL 250V	
D811	3550827200	DIODE BYV27-200	
D809 Q601	3551500261 3611606790	DIODE BYM26D TR BD679A	
IC301	3621628220	IC TDA2822M	
SW501	4390415000	SWITCH TACT	
SW503	4390415000	SWITCH TACT	
SW504	4390415000	SWITCH TACT	
Z101	3750219630	FILTER SAW G1963	
Z103 Z107	3760105500 3780105500	FILTER SER 5.5MHZ SFE 5.5MB FILTER SER TRAP TPS 5.5MHZ	
2107	3807250050	FUSE 2.5A 250V 5*20MM	
IC806	3621678050	IC L7805CV SGS	
IC804	3650003170	IC LM317T	
R821	3374750237	RES MG 1/2W 4.7M J	
D403 D513	3531941480 3531941480	DIODE 1N4148 DIODE 1N4148	
D513	3531941480	DIODE 1N4148	
D515	3531941480	DIODE 1N4148	
D516	3531941480	DIODE 1N4148	
D601	3531941480	DIODE 1N4148	
D602 D606	3531941480	DIODE 1N4148 DIODE 1N4148	
D901	3531941480 3531941480	DIODE 1N4148	
D902	3531941480	DIODE 1N4148	
D603	3551900330	DIODE BYD33J	
D605	3551900330	DIODE BYD33J	
D604 D806	3551901570 3551901590	DIODE BA157 DIODE BA159	
D808	3551901590	DIODE BA159	
D814	3571905100	DIODE ZENER 5.1V ZPD	
D810	3571933000	DIODE ZENER 33V UZT 33B	
C804	3201021156	CAP CER 1NF 1KV M B	
C805 C806	3201021156 3201021156	CAP CER 1NF 1KV M B CAP CER 1NF 1KV M B	
C807	3201021156	CAP CER 1NF 1KV M B	
C914	3201021156	CAP CER 1NF 1KV M B	
C614	3204094846	CAP CER 4PF 2KV K SL	
Q903	3611504210	TR BF421	
Q905 Q907	3611504210 3611504210	TR BF421 TR BF421	
D201	3531941480	DIODE 1N4148	
D202	3531941480	DIODE 1N4148	
D203	3531941480	DIODE 1N4148	
D501	3531941480	DIODE 1N4148	
D505 D506	3531941480 3531941480	DIODE 1N4148 DIODE 1N4148	
Q505	3611502400	TR BF240	
D006	3531941480	DIODE 1N4148	
D805	3531941480	DIODE 1N4148	
D508	3531941480	DIODE 1N4148	
C606 C603	3034341538	CAP MKP 430NF 250V J	
0000	3036827078 4941412400	CAP MKP 6.8NF 1.6KV 3.5% POWER CORD 2.4MT 220V VDE	
	1007093003	R/C 930 VESTEL (S)	
	3971600304	SPEAKER 16R 3W STAR	
IC701	3621617710	IC TDA1771	
C604 C809	3011041548	CAP MKT 100NF 250V K DL	
C607	3034735038 3083301354	CAP MKP 47NF 630V J CAP EL 33UF 160V M	
C821	3084701358	CAP EL 47UF 160V M (HR)	1400
R829	3361001137	RES FUSE 10R 1W J	MC-Service
IC402	3621621800	IC STV2180	

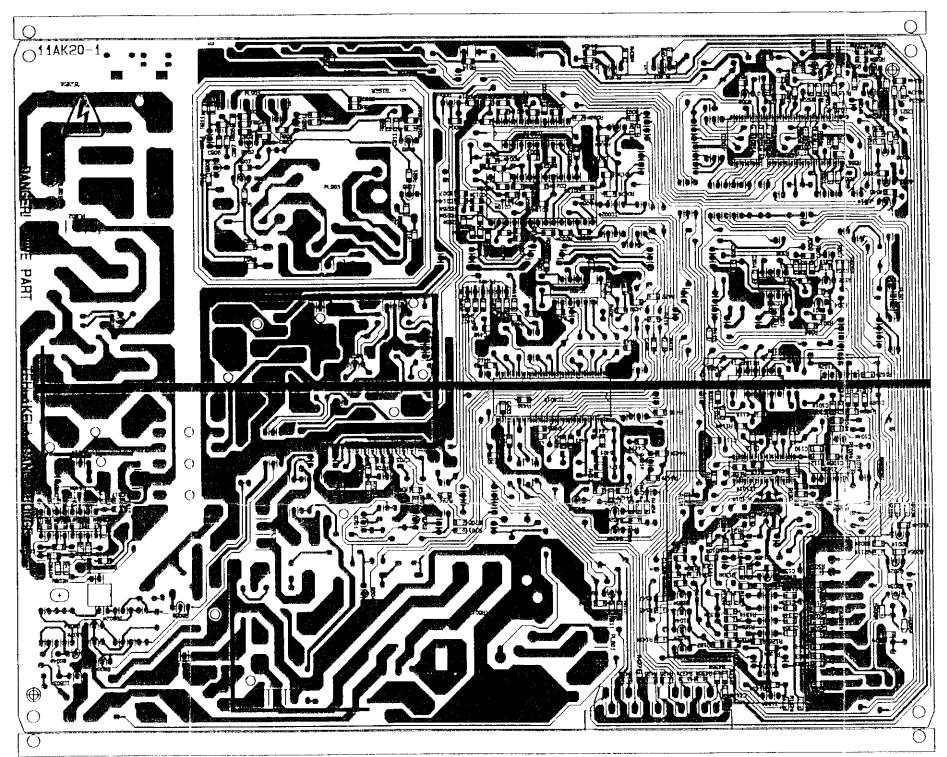
13

POZ. NO	VESKOD	DESCRIPTION
IR501	3660138000	PREAMPLIFIER TFMS1380
X401	3760105030	FILTER SER 503KHZ
X501	3840380010	XTAL 8MHZ
L802	4013150017	COIL CHOKE 150UH 0.82A RAD
TR601	4030001908	TRF FBT 90ø (AK20)
TR801	4060001100	LINE FILTER 2*27MH
L601	4090109000	LINEARITY COIL 50UH (06-06A)
SW801	4390122000	SWITCH ON/OFF PANASONIC
IC101	3621682230	IC STV8223
TU201	3924224314	TUNER WSP (VST)
VL101	4020008000	ADJ COIL VIF 38.9 Q80
IC002	3620670204	IC CF70204
IC001	3623172416	IC CF72416
X001	3840113920	XTAL 13.875
IC501	3621663870	IC ST6387 VES/M15-01
X402	3840144311	XTAL 4.433619 MHZ (AK15)
Q801	3610002600	TR MTA-2N60E
IC805	3620078090	IC AN7809
IC801	3620246030	IC MC44603
TR802	4042003900	TRF SMPS AK20 90' (170-270V)
R606	3372240237	RES MG 1/2W 220K J
D801	3551940070	DIODE 1N4007
D802	3551940070	DIODE 1N4007
D803	3551940070	DIODE 1N4007
D804	3551940070	DIODE 1N4007
L603	4262220027	CHOKE PEAKING COIL 22UH K
Q902	3612024820	TR 2SC2482
ୁ904	3612024820	TR 2SC2482
Q9 06	3612024820	TR 2SC2482
R925	3361590237	RES FUSE 1/2W 1.5R J
	4071409013	DEGAUSS COIL&EART CABLE (14)
	5515030001	CABLE HOLDER CRT (I)
	4941412410	POWER CORD ASSY.(2.4MT W/VDE)
	5105135005	SPRING ON/OFF SWITCH
	5501045086	BUTTON ON/OFF 3745 GRAY (S)
	5501045088	BUTTON FUNCTION 3745 (I)
	5513040001	LENS PRE-AMP 8*28.5MM (I)
	5507000139	FRONT 3745 W/H WO/J AKAI (P)
	5509195200	SNOW BOX ASSY.3745/55
	5509195201	SNOW BOX-TOP 3745/55
	5509195202	SNOW BOX-BOTTOM 3745/55

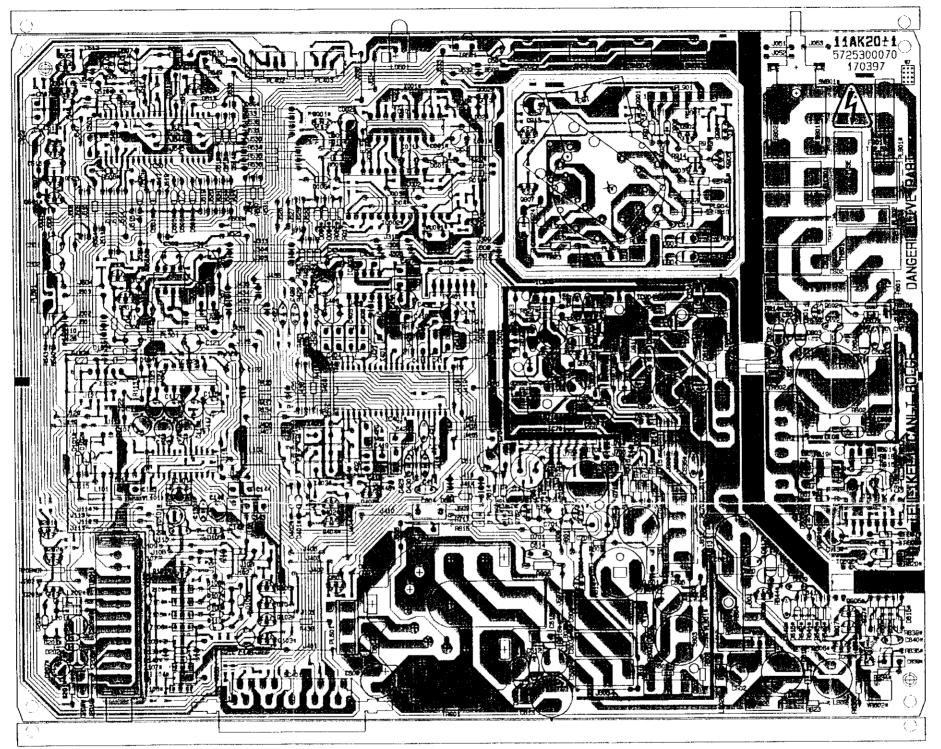


(F)





11AK20-1 MAIN PCB (SMD SIDE)



11AK20-1 MAIN PCB