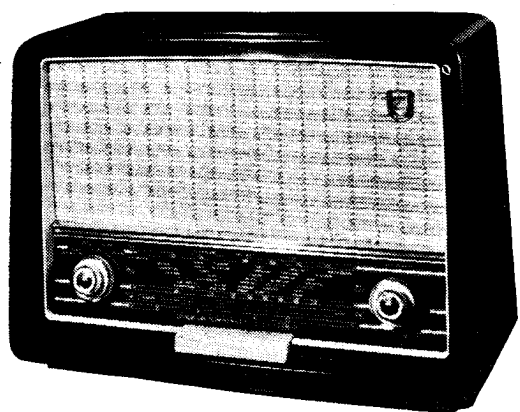
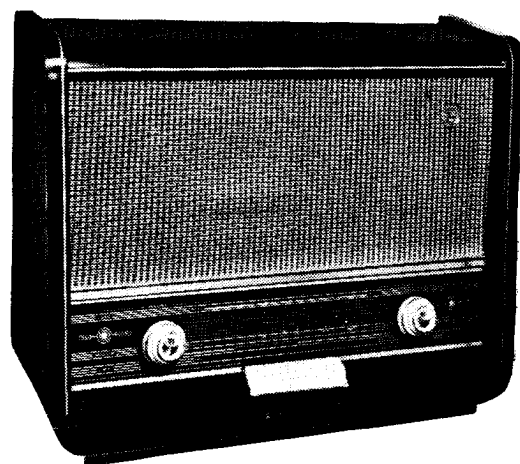


PHILIPS RECEIVERS

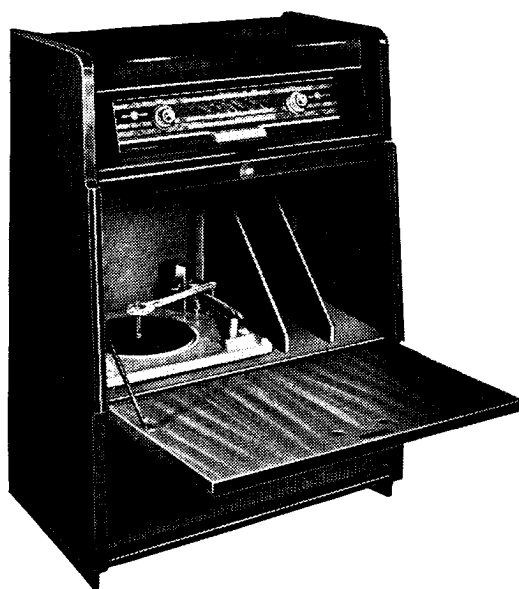
Types B3G63A, F5G62A and B5G64A



B3G63A



B5G62A



F5G62A

SERVICE MANUAL FOR

PHILIPS RECEIVERS**Types B3G63A, F5G62A and B5G64A****GENERAL DESCRIPTION**

The receivers use the same A.M./F.M. chassis. The B3G63A has a moulded cabinet, whilst that for the B5G64A is of wood. The F5G62A is the radiogram version, which is fitted with the Philips Record Changer type AG1003, for which a Service Manual has been issued.

VALVE COMBINATION

V1	EF80	R.F. amplifier F/M.
V2	EF80	Frequency changer F/M.
V3	ECH81	Frequency changer A/M. ; I.F. amplifier F/M.
V4	EF85	I.F. Amplifier A/M. and F/M.
V5	EABC80	Detector A/M. ; Ratio detector F/M.
V6	EL84	Power output.
V7	EZ80	Mains rectifier.

PILOT LAMP

Type 8028D—00.

WAVEBAND RANGES

A/M.	M.W.	527 Kc/s.—1604 Kc/s.
	L.W.	150 Kc/s.—255 Kc/s.
F/M.	—	87.5 Mc/s.—100 Mc/s.

TRIMMING FREQUENCIES

A/M.	I.F.	470 Kc/s.
	M.W.	525 Kc/s., 1610 Kc/s., 640 Kc/s.
	L.W.	172 Kc/s.
F/M.	I.F.	10.7 Mc/s (Deviation 200 Kc/s. at 50 c/s.).
	R.F.	87 Mc/s., 100 Mc/s., 94 Mc/s. (Deviation 200 Kc/s. at 50 c/s.).

MAINS CONSUMPTION

With 245 V. applied to the 245 V. tapping :
 B3G63A and B5G64A, approximately 240 mA. (58 W.) on A/M. ; 260 mA. (63 W.) on F/M.
 F5G62A, 240 mA. (58 W.) on A/M. ; 260 mA. (63 W.) on F/M. ; 264 mA. (65 W.) on gram.

VOLTAGE RANGES

200 to 250 V. 50 c/s. a.c.

DIMENSIONS OF CABINETS

	<i>Height</i>	<i>Width</i>	<i>Depth</i>
B3G63A	12"	16½"	8¼"
B5G64A	15½"	21"	8½"
F5G62A	35"	24½"	15½"

SWITCHES

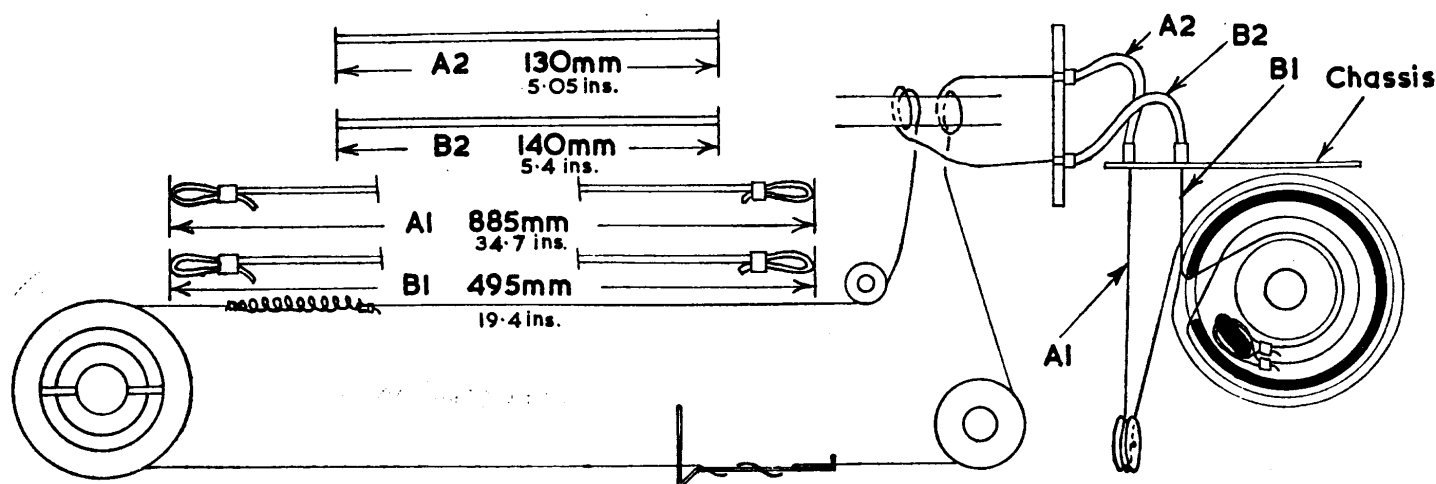
The functions of the receiver are controlled by five push buttons. Each of the five switches operated by the buttons therefore have two positions. The contacts in the "off" position are shown on the push button diagram on the circuit. The circuit itself is drawn in the M.W. position.

Switch contacts "M" rise one position when any but the "Off" button is depressed (thus joining contacts M16/M18 ; M2/M4 ; M6/M7). Depressing the "off" button releases this switch, and these contacts are opened. On depressing the "Gram" button, the two contacts drop one position, thus opening contacts P6/P7 and P18/P10, and closing contacts P17/P18.

The "L.W." and "F/M." buttons operate in a similar manner, but it should be noted that the "F/M." button operates both switch banks "F." The M.W. button operates the "M" contacts only, i.e., it switches the receiver "on."

A.M. POINTER AND GANG DRIVE

The cord lengths over-all are given in the diagrams, but initially the cords should be made up with one loop only. Make up cord A1 (537 mm.), and with the gang closed, fit the loop in the cord to the hook in the drive drum. Pass the cord through the opening in the drum, and slide the ferrule and outer case A2 (120 mm.) on to the cord. Engage the ferrule in the lower bracket, and the other end of the cable sheath in the upper bracket situated to the left of the tuning spindles. Pass the cord round the front groove in the die cast spindle, winding on two turns clockwise, winding from back to front on the spindle. Pass the cord over the smaller pulley, and make the second loop in the cord. Attach this loop to the spring, and attach the other end to a convenient temporary anchor point (e.g., the bracket in front of the volume control).



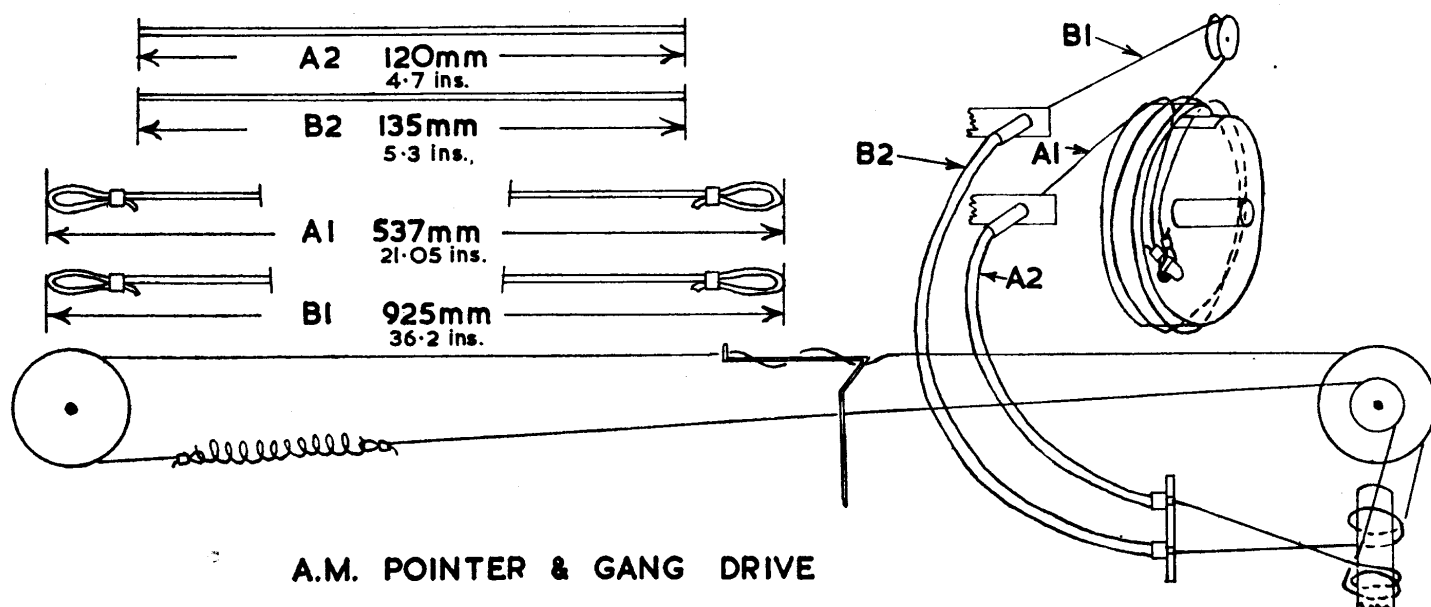
F.M. POINTER & GANG DRIVE

Make up cord B1 (925 mm.) and fit the loop to the hook in the drive drum. Pass the end through the opening in the drum, and wind on approximately $1\frac{3}{4}$ turns clockwise round the drum, and the $\frac{1}{2}$ -turn anti-clockwise round the pulley. Slide on the ferrule and the outer case B2 (135 mm.) and fit the ferrule to the upper bracket. The other end of the outer sheath fits to the lower bracket to the left of the spindles. Pass the cord round the rear groove in the die cast spindle, winding on $1\frac{1}{2}$ turns anti-clockwise, winding from front to back on the spindle. Pass the cord up and over the larger pulley, across the $\frac{1}{2}$ -turn anti-clockwise round the pulley (above the V/C spindle). Make the second loop in the cord, and attach it to the spring.

The pointer fits to the upper cord. (See Trimming Instructions.)

F/M. POINTER AND GANG DRIVE

Stand the chassis on the mains transformer end. Make up cord B1 (495 mm.) complete with ferrule and outer sheath B2 (140 mm.). Pass the cord through the rear hole in the chassis (above the F/M. gang). With the gang at minimum attach the loop in the cord to the stud in the drum. Pass the cord anti-clockwise round the centre of the drum and out through the slot at 6 o'clock. Pull the cord through the chassis and fit ferrule and outer sheath between the smaller hole in the chassis and the right-hand slot in the bracket above the tuning spindle. Pass the cord round the front groove of the brass pulley, winding on two turns clockwise from front to back on the pulley. Attach the tension spring to the cord, and fit the free end to a convenient temporary anchorage.



A.M. POINTER & GANG DRIVE

Make up the cord A1 (885 mm.) complete with ferrules and outer sheath A2 (130 mm.). Attach the loop to the stud in the drum, and wind the cord anti-clockwise round the centre of the drum. Lead the cord through the slot in the drum, and wind on two turns anti-clockwise round the drum. Pass the cord round the pulley (clockwise) and up through the hole in the chassis. Engage the ferrule and outer sheath. Wind on $1\frac{1}{4}$ turns anti-clockwise round the rear groove of the brass spindle, winding from front to back, and then $\frac{3}{4}$ -turn round the plastic pulley. Lead the cord round the pulley (at the volume control end) and hook the end to the spring. The pointer is fixed to the lower cord. (See **Trimming Instructions.**)

CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

(i) Operation on A/M.

The circuit follows conventional practice. The M.W. aerial inductance is composed of S4 and S5 connected in parallel by switch L. For L.W., S4 only is in circuit. The signal is applied *via* the I.F. filter and switch F, to the grid of the frequency changer V3 (ECH81), S22 and S23 being the oscillator coils. The output from V3 is applied *via* the 1st I.F. transformer S26/S27 to the grid of the I.F. amplifier V4 (EF85). The amplified I.F. is applied *via* the 2nd I.F. transformer S32/S33 to the detector diode in V5A (EABC80). The A.F. developed across the volume control R7 is amplified by the triode section of V5A and applied to the grid of the output valve V6 (EL84).

(ii) Operation on F/M.

The input from the dipole (75 ohm balanced feeder) is connected across the primary of the aerial transformer S6/S7/S8. The secondary is connected to the grid of the R.F. amplifier V1 (EF80). The amplified output is applied *via* the coupling coil S12/S13, to the oscillator coil circuit S14/S15/S16, valve V2 (EF80) being the oscillator valve. The signal is applied to the 1st I.F. transformer S20/S37/S21, and thence *via* switch F (which earths the A/M. aerial circuit) to the grid of V3. This valve acts as an I.F. amplifier (the A/M. oscillator circuit being shorted by switch F), the output being applied *via* the 2nd I.F. transformer S24/S25 to the grid of V4. The amplified I.F. is passed to the ratio detector coils S28/S29/S30/S31.

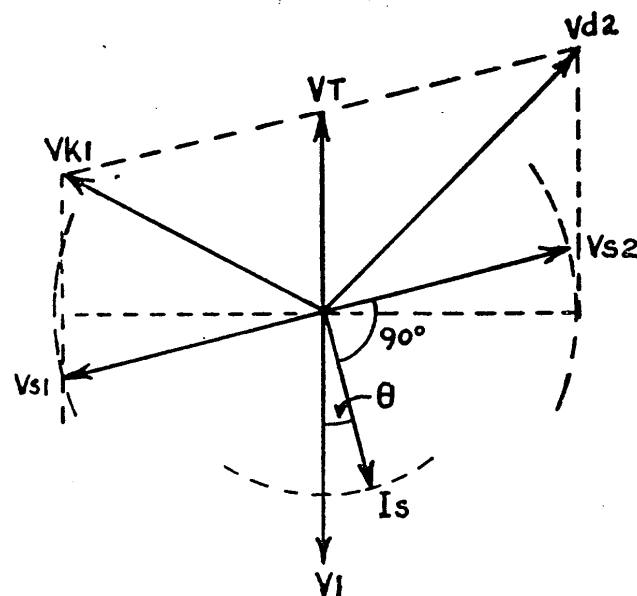
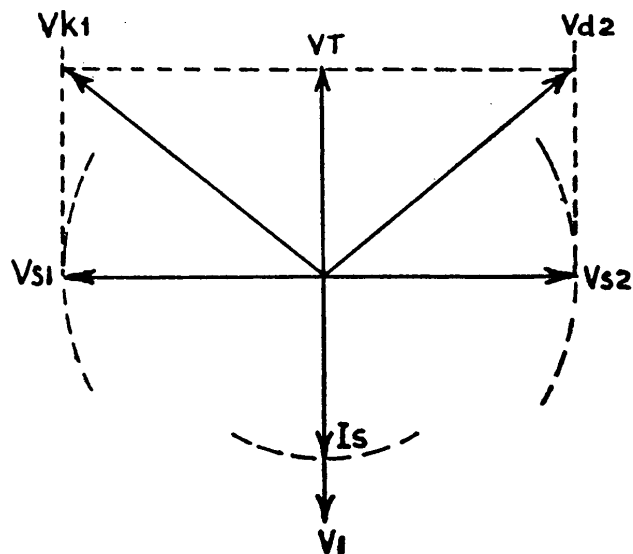
The output from the ratio detector is passed *via* switch F to the top of the volume control R7. The remainder of the circuit is as for A/M.

VECTOR ANALYSIS OF THE RATIO DETECTOR

The diagrams above indicate the condition present at the I.F. frequency and at a deviation frequency.

The input voltage (across S28) is represented by V_1 and is taken as the fixed vector. The secondary current (I_s) is in phase with V_1 at I.F., but lags it or leads it at frequencies above and below the I.F. respectively. The movement of this vector is indicated by the dotted line.

At I.F. frequency



The voltages across each half of the secondary (V_{s1} and V_{s2}) are always 180° out of phase with each other, and each are always 90° out of phase with I_s . These two vectors therefore also move as indicated by the dotted lines. The voltage applied *via* the tertiary winding S31 is represented by V_T . It is at 180° to V_1 and of fixed value. The voltages applied to the diodes (V_{k1} and V_{d2}) are vector sums of V_{s1} and V_T , and V_{s2} and V_T respectively. It will be evident that these two voltages will vary in amplitude in accordance with the variation of phase between V_1 and I_s .

TRIMMING INSTRUCTIONS—A/M.

(a) I.F. Circuit (A/M.)

Turn volume control to maximum, and set the gang to about mid-position.

Connect an output meter to the loudspeaker sockets. Set the I.F. coil cores about $\frac{1}{8}$ " in from the screwed out position.

Apply a signal of 470 Kc/s. to gl V3, and trim S33, S32, S27, S26 and S32 in that order for maximum output. After S32 has been finally trimmed, do not alter the position of the other cores.

(b) I.F. Filter Circuit (A/M.)

Apply the resonant frequency of the I.F. circuit to the aerial socket *via* a dummy aerial and trim S11 and S10 for minimum output.

(c) Pointer Setting (A/M.)

With the gang at minimum, the pointer should line up with the end stroke line on the scale.

(d) Aerial and Oscillator Circuits (A/M.)

The oscillator frequency is higher than the signal frequency.

Turn volume control to maximum, and tone control to "brilliant."

Connect an output meter to the loudspeaker sockets. Apply the input to the aerial socket *via* a dummy aerial. Short circuit S4.

(i) M.W. Oscillator Circuit

Switch to M.W.

Trim gang to maximum, and with an input of 525 Kc/s, trim S23 for maximum output.

Turn gang to minimum, and with an input of 1610 Kc/s, trim C23 for maximum output.

Repeat as necessary.

(ii) L.W. Aerial and Oscillator Circuits

Switch to L.W.

With an input of 172 Kc/s, trim C38 for correct calibration.

Remove the short circuit from S4, and trim S4 for maximum output.

(iii) M.W. Aerial Circuit

Switch to M.W.

Tune the receiver to a signal of 640 Kc/s, and trim S5 for maximum output.

Turn gang to minimum and with an input of 1610 Kc/s, trim C22 for maximum output.

Repeat as necessary.

TRIMMING INSTRUCTIONS—F/M.

FIG. SD1054

Switch to F/M.

Turn volume control to maximum, and tone control to "brilliant."

Turn gang to maximum.

Connect a valve voltmeter (*via* 0.1M Ω) across R.25.

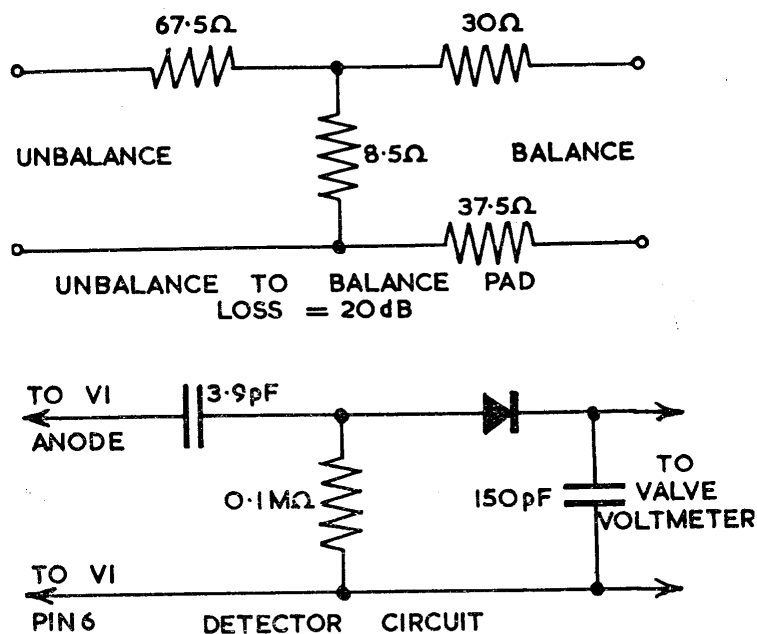
Connect an output meter to the loudspeaker sockets.

Unscrew the cores of S29/S30, S25 and S21. (Cores to be flush with tops of bobbins.)

In all I.F. trimming, the valve voltmeter should read about 2.5 V. (The input must be adjusted accordingly.)

(a) Ratio Detector

(i) Disconnect C4, and connect a cathode ray oscilloscope *via* 0.1 M Ω across R.25.



Apply a wobbulator input at 10.7 Mc/s. (deviation 200 Kc/s. at 50 c/s.) to gl V4. Trim S28 so that the 10.7 Mc/s. marker is at the top of the response curve.

Trim S29/S30 to give maximum curve width and symmetry.

(ii) Check Ratio Detector Curve.

Connect the oscilloscope across C47. Restore the connection to C4. The displayed curve should be straight over approx. 200 Kc/s. Apply an A/M. signal modulated to 30% at 500 c/s. The straight part of the curve should remain unchanged.

(b) I.F. Circuits (F/M.)

(i) Connect the oscilloscope across R25. Disconnect C4.

Apply a signal of 10.7 Mc/s. (Deviation 200 Kc/s. at 50 c/s.) to gl V3.

Trim S24 for maximum height with central trace.

Trim S25 for maximum curve height and symmetry, consistent with central trace.

(ii) Apply the signal to gl V2

Trim S20 for maximum height and central trace.

Trim S21 for maximum height and symmetry.

(iii) Check detector curve from gl V2 (as in paragraph (a) (ii)).

The potential across C4 should be 6 to 8 volts.

(c) I.F. Curve Check (F/M.)

Adjust the input (10.7 Mc/s. unmodulated) to give 8 volts across C4.

Swing the frequency on either side until the output drops to 5 volts. The bandwidth at this point should be greater than 250 Kc/s. The middle frequency should be between 10.67 and 10.73 Mc/s. The peak output should not be greater than 8.5 volts.

Swing the frequency on either side until the output drops to 0.8 volts. The bandwidth at this point should be greater than 450 Kc/s.

(d) Pointer Setting

With the gang at maximum, the pointer should line up with the 87 Mc/s. mark on the scale.

(e) R.F. Oscillator, Radiation Filter and Aerial Trimming
Disconnect C4, and connect a valve voltmeter (*via* 0.1M Ω) across R25. The output on this meter should be between 6 and 8 volts.

The oscillator coil core should be screwed in.

The deviation should be 200 Kc/s. to 50 c/s.

The input should be applied to the aerial sockets *via* a matching pad. (See suggested circuit.)

(i) With gang at maximum, and input of 87 Mc/s., trim S14 for maximum output on the valve voltmeter.

(ii) With gang at maximum, and input of 87 Mc/s., trim S12 for maximum output on the voltmeter.

(iii) With a detector (see suggested circuit) connected between the anode and spigot of V1, and with the gang in its mid-position, trim C16 for minimum output on the detector valve voltmeter. (Maximum detector voltage 50 mV.)

(iv) Repeat (i) and (iii) as necessary.

(v) With an input of 100 M/cs., tune receiver for maximum output, and trim C15 for maximum on the valve voltmeter.

(vi) Repeat (ii) and (v) as necessary.

(vii) With an input of 94 Mc/s, tune the receiver, and trim S8 for maximum indication on the valve voltmeter.

F/M TRIMMING USING A/M. INSTRUMENTS

For those who have no F/M. test gear, the following method may be used :

(a) I.F. Circuits

Switch to "F/M.", turn volume control to minimum, and gang to maximum. Connect a valve voltmeter *via* a 0.1 M ohm resistor across C4. Apply an unmodulated signal of 10.7 Mc/s to gl V3 *via* a ceramic capacitor of 1500 pF.

During trimming, the input should be such that the voltage across C4 does not exceed 8 volts.

Damp S24 with a 4K7 ohm resistor.

Trim S25 for maximum output on the voltmeter.

Remove damper from S24m and apply it to S25.

Trim S24 for maximum output on the voltmeter.

Remove damping from S25.

Trim S28 for maximum output on the voltmeter, and then adjust the input to give an output of 8 volts.

Transfer the voltmeter connection to the junction R23/C47.

Trim S30 to give 4 volts on the meter.

Restore the valve voltmeter connection to C4.

Change the input point to gl V2.

Damp S21 and trim S20 for maximum output on the meter.

Remove the damping, and trim S21 for maximum output.

Adjust the input to give 8 volts on the meter.

Tune the generator to find the maximum output on the meter : this should not be more than $8\frac{1}{2}$ volts and should occur at a frequency between 10.67 Mc/s and 10.73 Mc/s. If these conditions are not met, the I.F. circuits should be re-trimmed.

(b) H.F. Circuits

Set the pointer to 87 Mc/s.

Connect a valve voltmeter across C4.

Apply an unmodulated signal of 87 Mc/s to the F/M. aerial socket (*via* the matching pad) and trim S14 and then S12 for maximum output.

Connect a detector (as above) to V1.

Trim C16 for minimum radiation at mid-band position (i.e., minimum output from the detector).

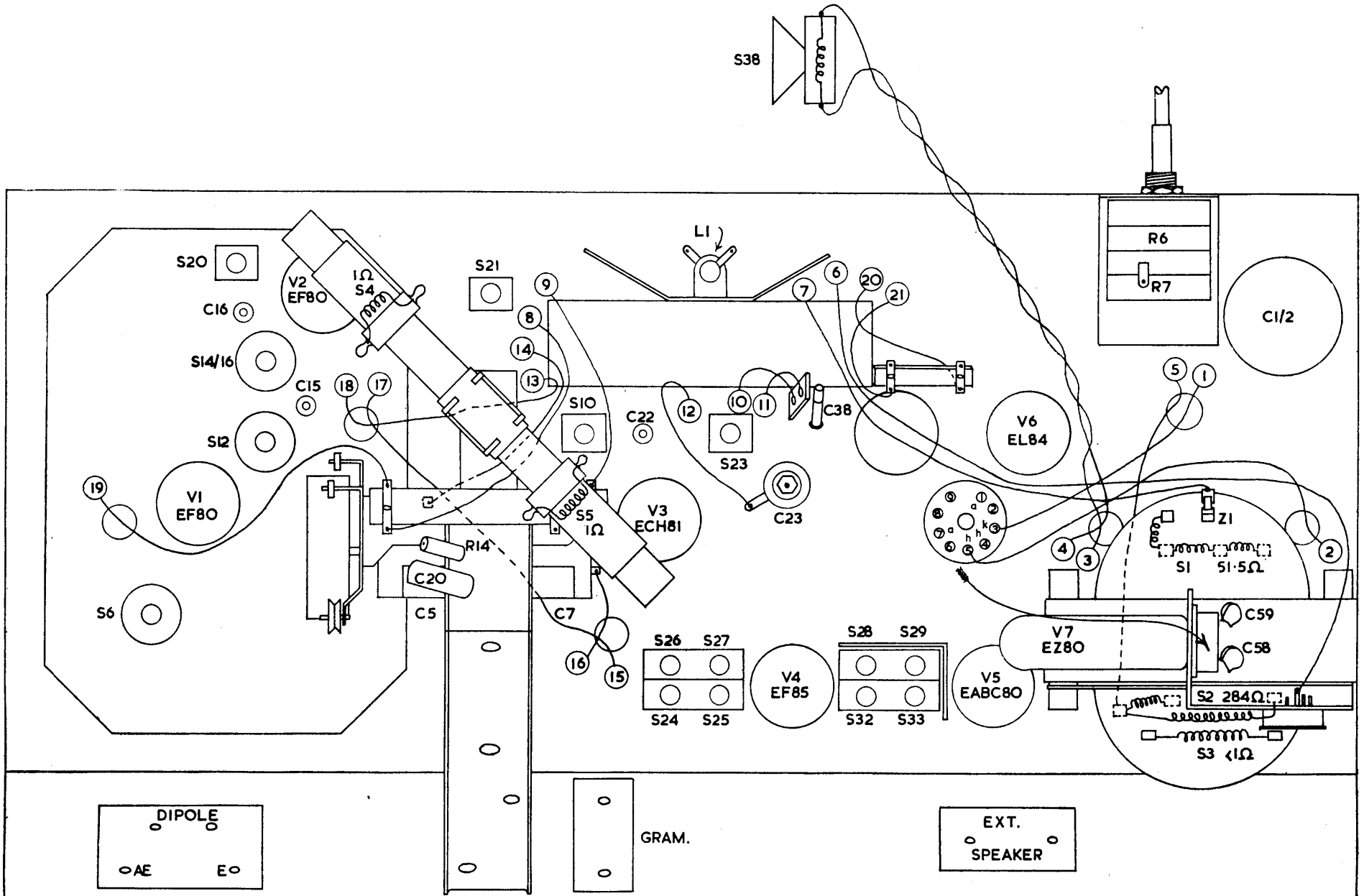
Re-trim S14 and S12 at 87 Mc/s.

Apply a signal of 100 Mc/s, tune the receiver, and trim C15 for maximum output.

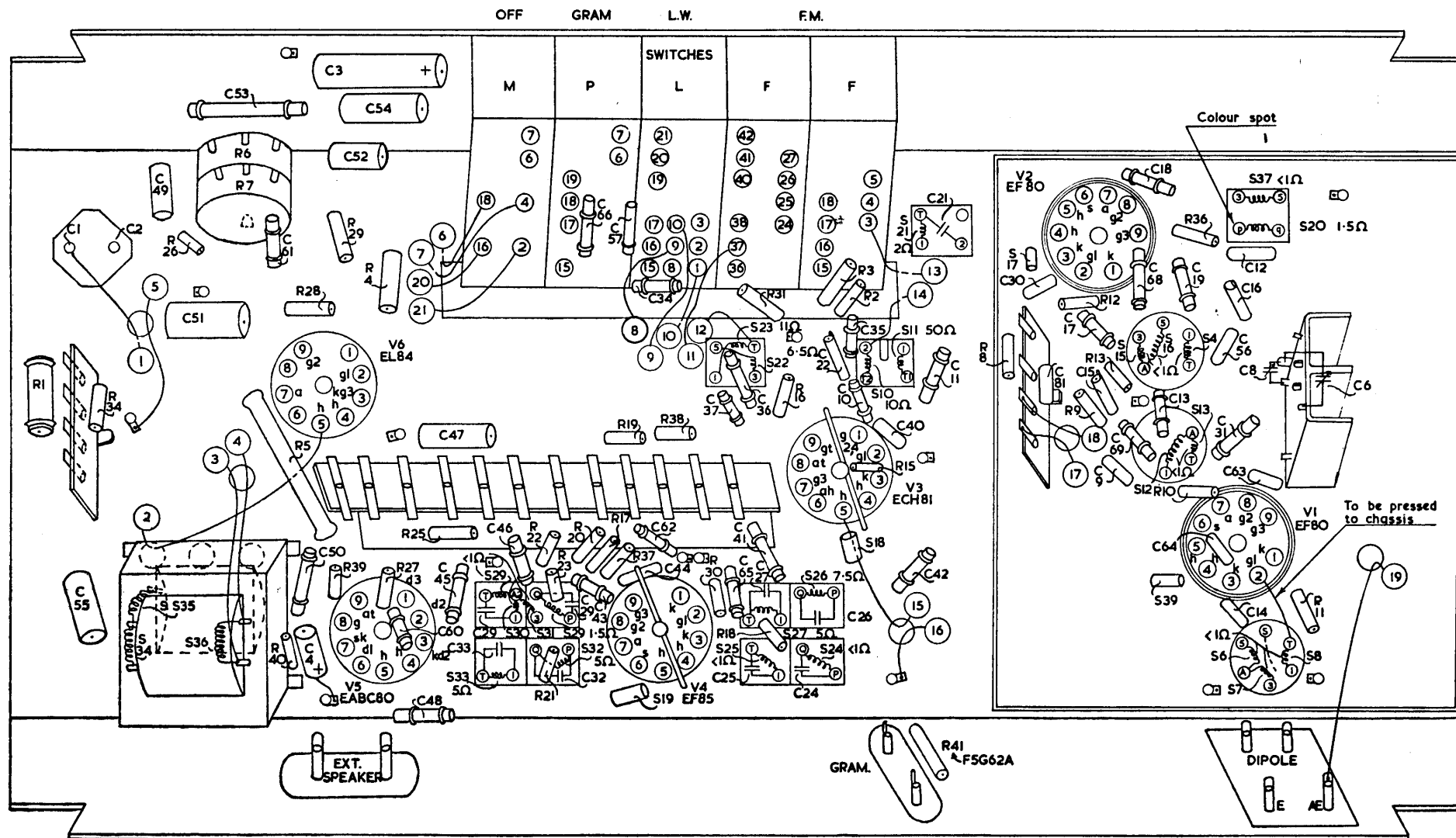
Re-trim S12 at 87 Mc/s.

With an input of 94 Mc/s, tune the receiver, and trim S8 for maximum output.

S	6.	20.	14. 15. 16.	12. 4	21.	5. 10.	26. 24. 27. 25.	38.	28. 32.	29. 33.	1.	2.	3.
C	16.	15.	20.	5.	7.	22.	23. 38.				59.	58.	1. 2.
R			14.								6.	7.	



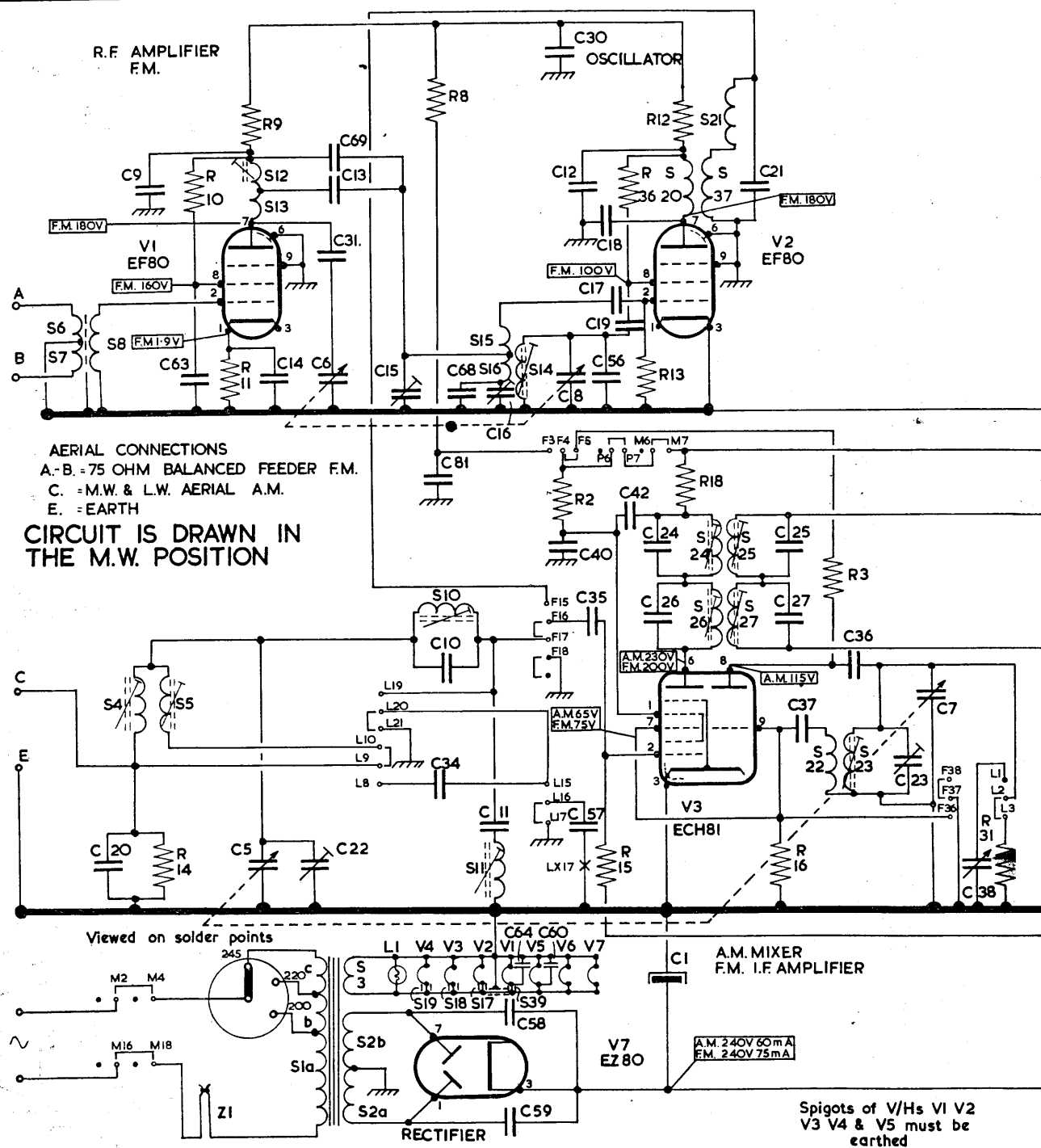
S	34. 35.	36.	29. 33. 30. 31. 32. 28.	19.	23. 22. 27. 25.	26. 24. 10. 18. 11. 21.	17.	15. 16. 12. 14. 13. 39. 37. 20. 6. 7. 8.
C	1. 55. 2.	49. 51.	53. 61. 50. 4.	3. 54. 52. 60. 48.	47. 45. 29. 33. 46. 32. 28. 66. 43. 57. 44. 34. 62. 36.	37. 65. 41. 27. 25. 26. 24. 22. 35. 10. 40. 42. 11. 21.	30. 81.	17. 15. 9. 18. 68. 69. 13. 19. 56. 16. 31. 64. 14. 12. 63. 8. 6.
R	1. 34.	26.	6. 7. 28. 40. 29. 39. 4. 27. 25.	22. 23. 21. 20. 17. 37. 19. 38.	30. 31. 18. 16. 3. 2. 15.	41.	8. 12. 9. 13.	36. 10. 11.



Capacitors

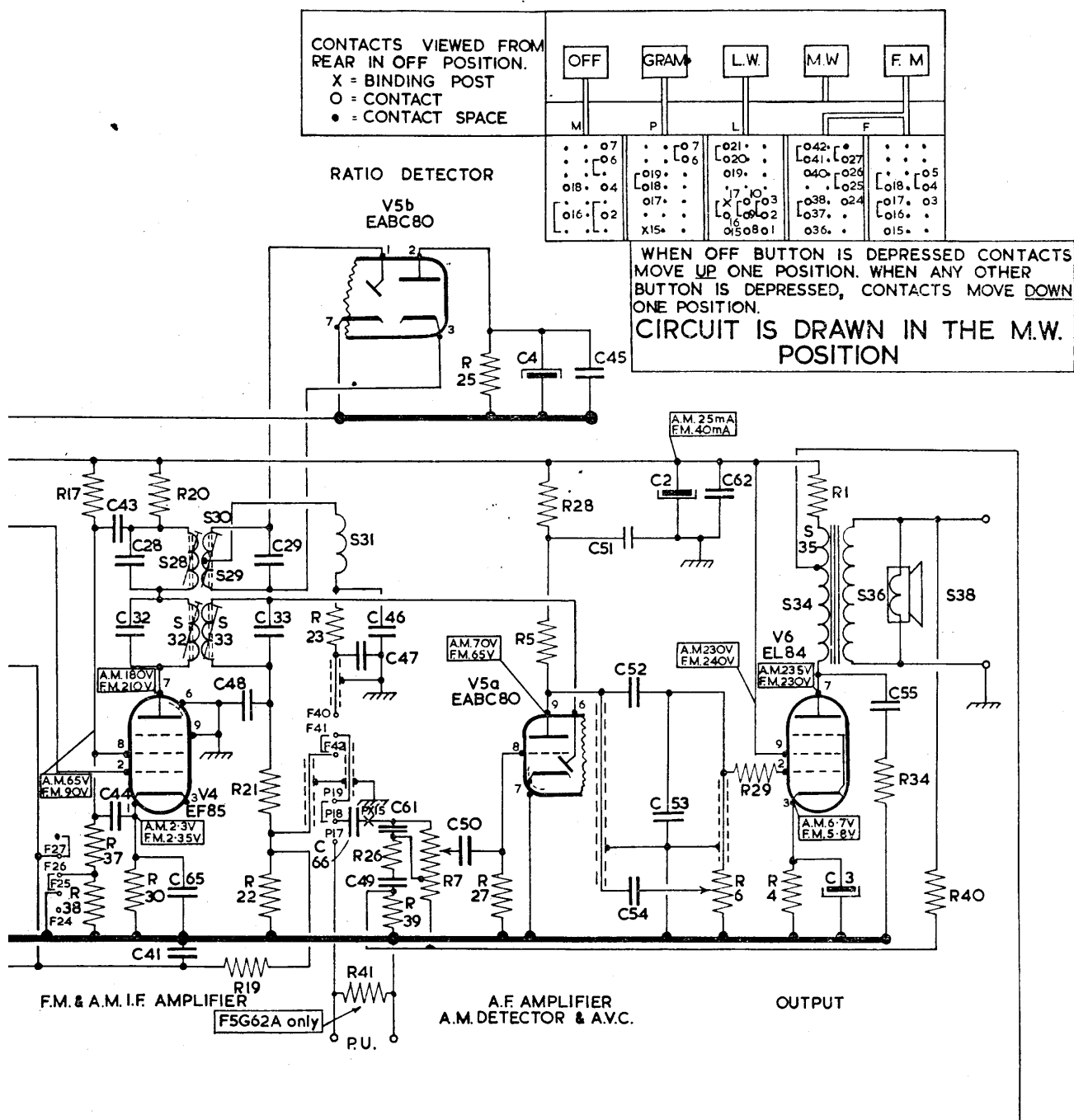
1	50 uF
2	50 uF
3	100 uF
4	5 uF
9	1 KpF
10	270 pF
11	12 pF
12	1 KpF
13	100 pF
14	1 KpF
15	18 pF
16	10 pF
17	33 pF
18	18 pF
19	47 pF
20	3 KpF
21	15 pF
22	20 pF
24	33 pF
25	33 pF
26	110 pF
27	195 pF
28	22 pF
29	47 pF
30	1 KpF
31	220 pF
32	195 pF
33	195 pF
34	3.9 pF
35	100 pF
36	470 pF
37	56 pF
38	400 pF
40	3.9 KpF
41	.01 uF
42	1.5 KpF
43	1.5 KpF
44	3.9 KpF
45	4.7 KpF
46	2.2 KpF
47	2.2 KpF
48	100 pF
49	1.5 KpF
50	18 KpF
51	0.1 uF
52	15 KpF
53	470 pF
54	15 KpF
55	1 KpF
56	3.3 pF
57	100 pF
58	500 pF
59	500 pF
60	4.7 KpF
61	33 pF
62	6.8 pF
63	1 KpF
64	1 KpF
65	0.1 uF
66	0.1 uF
68	8.2 pF
69	8.2 pF
81	1 KpF

S	6,7,8.	4,5.	12,13.	1,2,3.	19,18,10,17,11,39,15.	14,16.	20,37.	21.	24,26,25,27.	22,23.	
C	20.	9,63.	5,14,22,69,13,31,6.	15,81,10,34,68,16,11,64,58,60,59,30,8,40,35,57,18,17,19,56,42,1,24,26,25,27,37.	36.	23.	7.	38.			
R	14.	10,11.	9.		8.	2.	15,36,13.	12,18.	16.	3.	31.



Spigots of V/Hs V1 V2 V3 V4 & V5 must be earthed

28. 32. 30.29 33. 31.	35. 34. 36. 38.
43.44. 28.32. 65.41. 48. 29.33. 66.47.46.61.49. 50. 4. 45.51. 52. 54. 53. 2. 62.	3. 55.
17.37. 38.30. 20. 19 21. 22. 23.41.26 39. 7. 25. 27. 28. 5.	6. 29. 4. 1. 34. 40.



VOLTAGES MEASURED WITH V.V. OF 10M Ω IMPEDANCE. 245V IN ON 245V TAP

ERRATA—S29 and S30 should be reversed from their positions as shown above.

SPARE PARTS LIST — B3G63A, F5G62A and B5G64A

IMPORTANT.—When ordering spare parts, the type number of the receiver and the code number of the part, as given in this manual, **MUST** be quoted to enable the order to be correctly executed. When claiming free replacement under guarantee, the defective part should be returned and the type and serial number of the receiver, also the date of sale, should be quoted.

CABINET ASSEMBLY

Moulded Cabinet	B3G63A	MK.978.08
Ornamental strip		MK.877.34
Spire clips for backplate ..		MK.750.69
Rubber channel for chassis (2)		A3.589.41
Rubber strip for chassis (2)		A3.606.43
Chassis retaining bracket—	B3G63A	
200 metre end		MK.080.39
550 metre end		MK.066.95
Cabinet assembly—Wood ..	F5G62A	HY.073.10
Desk door		HY.080.46
Handle Assembly for door..		MK.914.25
Threaded retainer for above (2)		MK.252.06
Tapered collar for above ..		MK.252.07
Hinge for desk door ..		HY.096.29
Stay assembly for desk door		HY.139.06
Magnetic door stop assembly		MK.889.35
Holder for pick-up heads ..		P4.380.35
Spring clip for 45 r.p.m. adaptor		MK.751.17
Pillar for 45 r.p.m. adaptor	B5G64A	MK.117.19
Spring clip for record spindle		A3.676.51
Domes of silence		MK.926.92
Cabinet assembly—Wood ..		MK.978.47
Ornamental strip		MK.877.57
Spring clip for backplate (4)	B5G64A	A3.648.56
Bottom bracket for backplate (3)		MK.065.81
Centre bracket for ornamental strip:		
B3G63A and B5G64A		MK.280.33
Ornamental frame for push buttons	F5G62A and B5G64A	MK.931.38
Fixing pins for above	B5G64A	A3.314.02

CONTROL KNOB —Small	MK.855.08
Spring clip for above	MK.751.21
Control knob—large	MK.855.07

BACKPLATE—B3G63A	..	..	..	MK.400.43
Backplate—Radio	..	..	} F5G62A	MK.400.65
Spire clips for above (3)	..	..		MK.927.02
Special screw for above (3)	..	..		MK.961.20
Washer for above (3)	..	..		B.050.CH/5
Backplate—Speaker compmt.	..	..		MK.400.71
Backplate—B5G64A	..	..	..	MK.400.63
Backplate fixing screws	..	..	..	MK.946.88
Valve position label	..	..	..	PG.009.31

METALLISED BASEPLATE ..	B5G64A	MK.877.59
Screws for above (3) ..		MK.946.88

BAFFLE ASSEMBLY

Baffle board	B3G63A	MK.877.24
Speaker fabric (395x170mm.)		K.300.ZZ/48
Baffle retaining plates (7) ..		A3.522.35
Fibre plates for baffle (3) ..	F5G62A	A3.525.62
Baffle board		MK.877.62
Speaker fabric (620x250mm.)		K.300.ZZ/930
Baffle board	B5G64A	MK.877.58
Speaker fabric (510x215mm.)		K.300.ZZ/926
Baffle retaining plates (8) ..		MK.280.38
Philips trade name—	B3G63A & B5G64A	A3.308.24
Escutcheon for emblem		MK.909.30
Fixing pins for above		MK.926.99
Philips emblem		A3.357.11
Clamp plates for speaker (4) ..		MK.036.04
4BA nuts for speaker bolts (4) ..		G7.100.04

STATION SCALE —(Glass) B3G63A only	MK.705.16
Station scale—(Glass)	MK.705.35
Rubber fixing bush (2)	P5.420.03/08

POINTER ASSEMBLY F/M. — ..	MK.877.95
Felt ring for above	A3.654.36
Pointer assembly A/M.	A3.758.18
Nylon cord guide for above, 400mm.	K.299.ZZ/27

CHASSIS ASSEMBLY

SCALE DIFFUSION SCREEN ..	MK.877.26
Retaining springs (4)	A3.647.02

LAMPHOLDER ASSEMBLY ..	MK.956.60
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POINTER DRIVE ASSEMBLY

Moulded pulley—large	23.681.81
Pulley—small	A3.322.40
Fixing pin for above	MK.646.01
Brass pulley	A3.680.02
Brass ring for above	MK.449.28
Shouldered fixing pin	A3.484.49
Drive cord	K.803.ZZ/900
Cord loop grip	MK.908.99
Outer casing for cord	08.010.54/280mm.
Nylon ferrules for above	MK.135.52
Cord tension spring (2)	MK.740.28

TUNING UNIT

Gang capacitors—F/M.	49.002.15
Moulded drum for above	MK.906.28
Grubscrew (2)	B.061.ED/4x5
Gang capacitor—A/M.	49.002.04
Drum for above	MK.906.29

SPARE PARTS LIST — B3G63A, F5G62A and B5G64A—Continued

PUSH BUTTON UNIT complete .. MK.892.84

TUNING SPINDLE—F/M. .. MK.958.71
Tuning spindle—A/M. .. MK.003.84
Locking ring for above .. A1.756.55

VALVEHOLDERS, etc.

Valveholder for V1 and V2 .. MK.225.70
Other valveholders .. MK.225.77
Spring retainer for V7 .. A3.652.94
Screen for V2 .. MK.117.24

DI-POLE AERIAL complete .. MK.820.24
Di-pole aerial complete—B3G63A only .. MK.820.22

MAINS CONNECTION FOR RECORD

CHANGER—F5G62A .. MK.877.60
Contact sockets (2) .. 49.313.04

MISCELLANEOUS

Voltage adjustment plate .. MK.875.51
Voltage adjustment disc .. MK.854.91
Presspahn cover for above .. MK.336.96
Socket plate—Aerial .. MK.877.25
Socket plates—Extension speaker and
Pick-up .. MK.874.45
Single pin plug .. MK.875.34
Fixing spring for double coil .. MK.730.23
Fixing spring for single coil .. MK.750.98
Single clip for coil .. MK.067.10
Double clip for coil .. MK.067.11
Mains lead .. K3.975.00
Chassis fixing screw F5G62A and B5G64A
B.054.ED/4×15

Chassis fixing screw (2) .. B.054.ED/4×25
Distance pieces 6×4mm. (4) .. B.001.AC/4.1×6×4
Distance pieces 6×8mm. (4) (F5G62A and
B5G64A) .. B.001.AE/4.1×6×8
Rubber grommet for above (4) (F5G62A
and B5G64A) .. A3.642.11
Mounting plate for chassis (2) .. MK.033.95
Cover plate for chassis fixing (2) .. MK.280.00
Special screws for F/M. chassis (4) .. MK.946.98
Rubber grommet for above .. MK.730.17
Sockets for speaker lead (2) (F5G62A only) .. MK.242.09
Pin for speaker lead (2) (F5G62A only) .. MK.615.93
Insulating sleeve for above (2) (F5G62A
only) .. G8.215.05/1½" Blk.

GENERAL SCREWS, NUTS AND
WASHERS

CHEESEHEAD SCREWS

3×4mm. .. B.054.ED/3×4
3×6mm. .. B.054.ED/3×6
4×15mm. .. B.054.ED/4×15
4×25mm. .. B.054.ED/4×25

COUNTERSUNK SCREW

3×10mm. .. B.055.ED/3×10

SELF-TAPPING SCREWS—ROUNDHEAD

No. 5×¼" .. B.070.AD/5N×¼"
No. 5×⅜" .. B.070.AD/5N×⅜"
No. 8×⅜" .. B.070.AD/8N×⅜"
No. 8×16 .. B.070.AD/8N×⅜"
No. 4×10 .. B.071.AD/4N×⅜"
No. 8×¼" .. B.070.AD/8N×¼"

NUTS

3mm. .. B.020.EE/3
4mm. .. B.020.EE/4

WASHERS

3mm. .. B.050.CD/3
4mm. .. B.050.CD/4

RECORD CHANGER UNIT .. MK.978.27

Spare parts are identical to those listed in the
AG1003 Service Manual with the exception of the
following:—

MOUNTING SPRING ASSEMBLY (4) MK.958.68
Washer for above .. MK.449.22
Hexagonal nut for above .. B.020.CD/8
Ornamental screw (4) .. P5.515.65/14
Washer for above .. B.050.CH/4
Transit screw (4) .. MK.961.13

PICKUP-HEAD—Normal .. AG 3012
Pickup-head—Microgroove .. AG.3013

VALVES AND PILOT LAMPS

V1 .. EF80
V2 .. EF80
V3 .. ECH81
V4 .. EF85
V5 .. EABC80
V6 .. EL84
V7 .. EZ80
L1 Pilot lamp .. 00.080.28D—00

TRANSFORMERS AND COILS

S1–3 Mains transformer .. MK.514.76
S4–5 Rod aerial M.W./L.W. .. MK.820.16
S6–8 Aerial coil F/M. .. MK.567.40
S10–11 Rej. Acc. I.F. filter coil .. MK.566.29
S12–13 Coupling coil F/M. .. MK.565.94
S14–16 Oscillator coil F/M. .. MK.567.96
S17 Ferroxcube Bead .. 56.390.31/4B
S18 Ferroxcube Bead .. 56.390.31/4B
S19 Ferroxcube Bead .. 56.390.31/4B
S20/37 1st F/M. I.F. Primary coil .. MK.566.48
S21 1st F/M. I.F. Secondary coil .. MK.566.49

SPARE PARTS LIST — B3G63A, F5G62A and B5G64A

CAPACITORS

						Working Voltage	Permitted Tolerance %	
C1-2	Electrolytic	..	..	..	50+50 uF	350	..	MK.182.35/50+50
C3	Electrolytic	..	..	..	100 uF	12	..	MK.183.01/100
C4	Electrolytic	..	..	..	5 uF	75	..	MK.180.93
C5-8	Gang	See Spare Parts List.						
C9	Ceramic	..	..	..	1,000 pF	..	{+50 -25}	MK.205.86
C10	Ceramic	..	..	..	270 pF	..	10	48.406.10/270E
C11	Ceramic	..	..	..	12 pF	..	10	48.406.10/12E
C12	Ceramic	..	..	..	1,000 pF	..	{+50 -25}	MK.205.86
C13	Ceramic	..	..	..	100 pF	..	10	48.406.10/100E
C14	Ceramic	..	..	..	1,000 pF	..	{+50 -25}	MK.205.86
C15	Trimmer	..	..	..	18 pF	..	..	49.005.59
C16	Trimmer	..	..	..	10 pF	..	..	49.005.64
C17	Ceramic	..	..	..	33 pF	..	10	48.406.10/33E
C18	Ceramic	..	..	..	18 pF	..	10	48.406.10/18E
C19	Ceramic	..	..	..	47 pF	..	10	MK.205.99
C20	Suflex	..	..	..	3,000 pF	..	5	MK.205.84
C21	..	..	..	..	15 pF	..	..	In coil S21
C22	Trimmer	..	..	..	20 pF	..	..	49.005.59
C23	Trimmer	..	..	..	3-30 pF	..	..	28.212.36
C24	..	..	..	..	33 pF	..	..	In coil S24-25
C25	..	..	..	..	33 pF	..	..
C26	..	..	..	..	110 pF	..	..	In coil S26-27
C27	..	..	..	..	195 pF	..	..
C28	..	..	..	..	22 pF	..	..	In coil S28-31
C29	..	..	..	..	47 pF	..	..
C30	Ceramic	..	..	..	1,000 pF	..	{+50 -25}	MK.205.86
C31	Ceramic	..	..	..	220 pF	..	10	48.406.10/220E
C32	..	..	..	..	195 pF	..	..	In coil S32-33
C33	..	..	..	..	195 pF	..	..
C34	Ceramic	..	..	..	3.9 pF	..	20	48.406.99/3E9
C35	Ceramic	..	..	..	100 pF	..	10	48.406.10/100E
C36	Ceramic	..	..	..	470 pF	..	10	48.406.10/470E
C37	Ceramic	..	..	..	56 pF	..	10	48.406.10/56E
C38	Trimmer	..	..	..	400 pF	..	..	49.005.54
C40	Tubular	..	..	..	3,900 pF	..	20	MK.198.98
C41	Ceramic	..	..	..	10,000 pF	..	{+50 -20}	48.207.50/10K
C42	Ceramic	..	..	..	1,500 pF	..	{+50 -20}	48.206.50/1K5
C43	Ceramic	..	..	..	1,500 pF	..	{+50 -20}	48.206.50/1K5
C44	Tubular	..	..	..	3,900 pF	..	20	MK.198.98
C45	Ceramic	..	..	..	4,700 pF	..	{+50 -20}	48.207.50/4K7
C46	Ceramic	..	..	..	2,200 pF	..	{+50 -20}	48.207.50/2K2
C47	Moulded	..	..	..	2,200 pF	400	10	48.751.10/2K2
C48	Ceramic	..	..	..	100 pF	..	10	48.406.10/100E
C49	Moulded	..	..	..	1,500 pF	400	10	48.751.10/1K5

SPARE PARTS LIST — B3G63A, F5G62A and B5G64A—Continued

C50	Ceramic	18,000 pF	..	..	..	..	48.207.50/18K
C51	Moulded	0.1 uF	..	400	..	20	48.751.10/100K
C52	Moulded	15,000 pF	..	400	..	20	48.751.10/15K
C53	Ceramic	470 pF	..	..	..	10	48.406.10/470E
C54	Moulded	15,000 pF	..	400	..	10	48.751.10/15K
C55	Moulded	1,000 pF	..	800	..	10	48.757.10/1K
C56	Ceramic	3.3 pF	± 0.5 pF	MK.205.97
C57	Trimmer	100 pF	..	..	..	..	49.005.51/80pF
C58	Ceramic	500 pF	..	..	..	$\left\{ \begin{array}{c} +100 \\ -0 \end{array} \right\}$	MK.205.85
C59	Ceramic	500 pF	..	..	..	$\left\{ \begin{array}{c} +100 \\ -0 \end{array} \right\}$	MK.205.85
C60	Ceramic	4,700 pF	..	..	..	$\left\{ \begin{array}{c} \pm 50 \\ -20 \end{array} \right\}$	48.207.50/4K7
C61	Ceramic	33 pF	..	..	..	10	48.406.10/33E
C62	Ceramic	6,800 pF	..	350	..	$\left\{ \begin{array}{c} +50 \\ -20 \end{array} \right\}$	49.206.50/6K8
C63	Ceramic	1,000 pF	..	..	..	$\left\{ \begin{array}{c} +50 \\ -25 \end{array} \right\}$	MK.205.86
C64	Ceramic	1,000 pF	..	..	..	$\left\{ \begin{array}{c} +50 \\ -25 \end{array} \right\}$	MK.205.86
C65	Ceramic	10,000 pF	..	..	..	$\left\{ \begin{array}{c} +50 \\ -20 \end{array} \right\}$	48.207.50/10K
C66	Ceramic	10,000 pF	..	..	..	$\left\{ \begin{array}{c} +50 \\ -20 \end{array} \right\}$	48.207.50/10K
C68	Ceramic	8.2 pF	± 20	48.406.99/8E2
C69	Ceramic	8.2 pF	..	..	..	20	48.406.99/8E2
C81	Ceramic	1,000 pF	..	..	..	$\left\{ \begin{array}{c} +50 \\ -25 \end{array} \right\}$	MK.205.86

SPARE PARTS LIST — B3G63A, F5G62A and B5G64A

RESISTORS

N.B.—Wattage is based upon an ambient temperature of 70° C.

						Wattage	Permitted Tolerance %	
R1	Wirewound	..	..	..	1,200 Ω	3	10	48.468.10/1K2
R2	..	..	..	..	39,000 Ω	1	10	48.427.10/39K
R3	..	..	..	..	33,000 Ω	1	10	48.427.10/33K
R4	..	..	..	..	150 Ω	1	10	48.427.10/150E
R5	..	..	..	..	0.22M Ω	1	20	MK.771.09
R6	} Volume and Tone Control	{	}	Log Law	0.5M Ω	..	..	MK.811.15
R7					2.0M Ω			
R8					1,000 Ω			
R9	..	..	..	..	2,200 Ω	$\frac{1}{2}$	10	48.426.10/1K
R10	..	..	..	..	10,000 Ω	$\frac{1}{2}$	10	48.426.10/2K2
R11	..	..	..	..	180 Ω	$\frac{1}{2}$	10	48.426.10/10K
R12	..	..	..	..	2,200 Ω	$\frac{1}{2}$	10	48.426.10/180E
R13	..	..	..	..	0.1M Ω	$\frac{1}{2}$	10	48.426.10/2K2
R14	..	..	..	..	33,000 Ω	$\frac{1}{2}$	10	48.426.10/100K
R15	..	..	..	..	1.2M Ω	$\frac{1}{2}$	10	48.426.10/33K
R16	..	..	..	..	47,000 Ω	$\frac{1}{2}$	10	48.426.10/1M2
R17	..	..	..	..	56,000 Ω	$\frac{1}{2}$	10	48.426.10/47K
R18	..	..	..	..	2,200 Ω	$\frac{1}{2}$	20	48.426.10/56K
R19	..	..	..	..	1.2M Ω	$\frac{1}{2}$	10	48.426.10/2K2
R20	..	..	..	..	4,700 Ω	$\frac{1}{2}$	10	48.426.10/1M2
R21	..	..	..	..	0.18M Ω	$\frac{1}{2}$	10	48.426.10/4K7
R22	..	..	..	..	0.22M Ω	$\frac{1}{2}$	10	48.426.10/180K
R23	..	..	..	..	47,000 Ω	$\frac{1}{2}$	10	48.426.10/220K
R25	..	..	..	..	10,000 Ω	$\frac{1}{2}$	10	48.426.10/47K
R26	..	..	..	..	0.22M Ω	$\frac{1}{2}$	10	48.426.10/10K
R27	..	..	..	..	10.0M Ω	$\frac{1}{2}$	20	48.426.10/220K
R28	..	..	..	..	0.1M Ω	$\frac{1}{2}$	20	48.426.10/10M
R29	..	..	..	..	1,000 Ω	$\frac{1}{2}$	20	48.426.10/100K
R30	..	..	..	..	220 Ω	$\frac{1}{2}$	10	48.426.10/1K
R31	..	..	..	..	33,000 Ω	$\frac{1}{2}$	20	48.426.10/220E
R34	..	..	..	..	18,000 Ω	1	10	48.426.10/33K
R36	..	..	..	..	22,000 Ω	$\frac{1}{2}$	10	48.427.10/18K
R37	..	..	..	..	10.0M Ω	$\frac{1}{2}$	20	48.426.10/22K
R38	..	..	..	..	0.1M Ω	$\frac{1}{2}$	10	48.426.10/10M
R39	..	..	..	..	47 Ω	$\frac{1}{2}$	10	48.426.10/100K
R40	..	..	..	..	1,200 Ω	$\frac{1}{2}$	10	48.426.10/47E
R41	(F5G62A only)	..	..	..	0.68M Ω	$\frac{1}{2}$	20	48.426.10/1K2
								48.426.10/680K