service manual



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marantz,	for serial numbers	to	
	subject	· —	
	HUM WITH	THE MODEL 24	

On a few Model 24 Tuner/Preamps, when used with the Model 16, we have noted a hum that occurs as a result of an internal ground loop. This problem can be eliminated by the installation of a ground strap between terminal J 610 on the preamp board (P 600) and chassis ground.

INTRODUCTION

This service manual was prepared for use by Authorized Warranty Stations and contains service data for the Marantz Model 24 Stereophonic Tuner/Console.

Servicing information and voltage data included in this manual are intended for use by knowledgeable and experienced technicians only. All instructions should be read carefully. No attempt should be made to proceed without a good understanding of the operation of the set. A brief functional description and associated block diagram, furnished in the operating Instruction Manual for the Model 24 Tuner/Console, provide functional data about the set as an aid in this understanding.

The parts list furnishes information by which replacement parts may be ordered from the Marantz Company. A description is included for parts which can usually be obtained through local suppliers.

1. SERVICE NOTES

As can be seen from the circuit diagram, the chassis of the Model 24 consists of the following units. Each unit mounted on a printed circuit board is described within the square enclosed by a bold dotted line on the circuit diagram.

1.	FM Front End	mounted on PC board, P100
2.	AM Front End	mounted on PC board, P200
3.	AM IF Amplifier, FM IF Amplifier,	
	FM MPX Stereo Demodulator, and	
	FM Sub-IF Amplifier	mounted on PC board, P500
4.	FM Audio Amplifier and FM Cen-	
	ter Tuning Meter Amplifier	mounted on PC board, P700
5.	Tone Amplifier	mounted on PC board, P400
6.	Phono Amplifier	mounted on PC board, P300
7.	Main Output Amplifier and Regula-	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	ted Power Supply	mounted on PC board, P600
8.	High and Low Filters Unit and	•
	Loudness Control Unit	mounted on PC board, P900
9.	Tone Control Unit	mounted on PC board, P940
10.	Monoral Switch Network	mounted on PC board, P920
11.	Protector Relay Driving Unit	mounted on PC board, P980

2. AM TUNER

2.1 Circuit Description

The AM tuner consists of two units, a front end unit mounted on PC board P200 and an IF amplifier unit mounted on a part of PC board P500.

The front end consists of an RF amplifier and a converter. AM signals induced in a ferrite bar antenna are applied to the base of RF amplifier transistor H201 through coupling capacitor C201 and amplified to the level high enough to overcome the converter noise. The tuning

circuits placed in the input and the output circuits of the RF amplifier provide very high image ratio and sufficient spurious rejection. Thus amplified and selected signal is applied to the base of converter transistor H202 through coupling capacitor C206. The converter forms a collector-emitter self-oscillation circuit and the local oscillation signal appears at the emitter of H202. Both the signals are then mixed at the base-emitter junction and converted into 455KHz intermediate frequency. The IF signal obtained from the collector of H202 is applied to the first IF transformer L203.

Diode H203, reverse-biased by resistors R208 and R209, eliminates signal overload distortion without sacrificing any receiving sensitivity.

The IF signal output is led to the IF amplifier consisting of two stages (H510 and H511) through wiring pins J206 and J504, and amplified to high level. The amplified IF output is applied to diode H520 to detect audio signal. Then the detected audio signal is led to output pin J515 through filtering network. The DC component of the detected IF signal is used for AGC control which affects the emitter current of H510 and RF amplifier transistor H201. A part of IF signal output is also applied to diode H521 through capacitor C562 and rectified into DC current for energizing signal strength meter M001.

2.2 Suggestions for Trouble Shooting of AM Tuner

Symptom: No AM Reception

First try to tune in to stations by rotating the flywheel tuning knob slowly and observe the AM signal strength meter whether it deflects or not. If the signal strength meter gives a deflection at several frequencies received, no failure exists in the stages at least preceding IF transformer L511. Next connect an oscilloscope to tuner output pin J515 and check audio signal. If the signal strength meter does not deflect, check the local oscillator circuit. Normal oscillation voltage at the hot end of the oscillator capacitor is 2 to 3 volts, varying with the tuning capacitor position. When measuring oscillation voltage use an RF VTVM, no circuit tester gives correct indication. If the local oscillation voltage is normal, check all voltage distributions in the tuner circuit by using a circuit tester and compare the measured values with those written in the schematic diagram.

3. FM TUNER

3.1 Circuit Description

The FM tuner section consists of three printed circuit boards, FM front end, IF amplifier/MPX stereo demodulator, and DC meter amplifier/FM audio amplifier.

FM signals induced by an FM antenna are led to FM antenna coil L101 through an attenuator switch and a balun coil. These signals are then applied to an FET RF amplifier, the amplified output is applied to FET Mixer H102 through a double-tuned circuit and converted into 10.7

MHz IF signals. H103 is a local oscillator transistor. The AGC voltage, obtained by rectifying a part of the first IF transformer output, is applied to the gate of FET H101 through the network consisting of R110, R111 and R101. The converted IF signals are led to input pin J501 of the IF amplifier unit consisting of three ICs (H501, H502 and H503) and two ceramic filters having sharp cut off characteristic. The selected and fully amplified IF signal is then applied to FM discriminator transformer L507 and demodulated into audible signal.

The demodulated signal is then applied to the base of composite signal amplifier transistor H504 to obtain enough output power necessary to drive the stereo demodulating circuit packaged in IC H505. The amplified output is applied to input pin #3 of the IC. Thus R and L channel stereophonic audio signals obtained are led to the FM audio amplifier mounted on a half of PC board P700.

The FM audio amplifier consists of NPN and PNP transistors H705 and H707. The emitter of H705 is coupled to its counterpart in the other channel by separation control resistor R024. The FM audio amplifier amplifies low level FM audio signals to comparable level to those of AM and cancels out undesirable crosstalk in R and L channel signals. The output of the FM audio amplifier is led to the selector switch.

The DC current caused at point E in the FM discriminator circuit is used as a direct current source for driving FM center tuning meter M002. First the direct current is led to the base of differencial amplifier transistor H701 through R514 and antenna tuning switch S002. The amplified differential output obtained across the emitters of H703 and H704 drives the center tuning meter. R704 is the trimming resistor for null adjustment of the meter.

The stereo demodulating IC is equipped with an audio muting circuit and an automatic stereo-monophonic switching circuit. Activating signals required for there circuits are obtained from the FM sub-IF amplifier consisting of two transistors H506 and H507. The amplifier obtains its input signal from the second FM IF amplifier stage through small coupling capacitor C511 and amplifies it. The amplified output is then applied to diode H517 and H518 and rectified into direct current. A part of the DC current is supplied to signal strength meter M001 through resistor R539 and rotary switch S001-3R. The other part is applied to the DC amplifier consisting of H508 and H509, and its output is then fed to the muting control pin of IC H505 through muting switch S003-2 and resistor R518. R004 is a variable resistor for muting level control. Stereomonophonic automatic switching signal is also obtained from the rectifier circuit and applied to pin #4 of IC H505 through resistors R565, R021, diodes H516 and H515.

The model 24 is equipped with a multipath antenna tuning system for the best FM reception. A simplified principle of the tuning is given as follows. Multipath propagation of an FM signal causes amplitude and phase distortion which deteriorates not only tonal quality but channel separation. The multipath antenna tuning system is employed for the purpose of finding out the optimum antenna direction to reduce the multi-

path distortion.

A 10.7MHz FM IF signal is applied to the sub-IF amplifier and the amplified output is then rectified by diodes H517 and H518 as explained above. The rectified output is not a precise direct current but includes many amplitude modulated components caused by multipath propagation. These amplitude modulated components are separated from DC component by C552 and rectified into DC by diode H519 and led to the antenna tuning (FM center tuning) meter amplifier through antenna tuning switch S002. The greater the deflection of the antenna tuning meter, the greater the distortion of signal.

3.2 Suggestions for Trouble Shooting of FM Tuner

3.2.1 Symptom: No FM Reception

First turn on the power switch and try to tune in to FM stations. Rotate the flywheel tuning knob slowly and observe the signal strength meter and the FM center tuning meter. If the FM center tuning meter deflects at several frequencies, the tuner circuits preceding discriminator circuit may have no failure. When the signal strength meter deflects but no deflection is obtained in the FM center tuning meter, there must be some defects between the final FM IF amplifier H503 and the discriminator circuit. When no reading is obtained in both meters, check the local oscillator circuit by using an RF VTVM. Normal local oscillation voltage is about, 1 to 2 volts at the hot end of the tank circuit. oscillation voltage is normal, check all the voltage distributions and compare them with those shown in the schematic diagram. When both meters deflect but no FM station is obtained check the following points by using a high sensitivity oscilloscope; collector of composite amplifier transistor H504, multiplex stereo output pin J507 or J508 and FM audio output terminal [711 or [713.

3.2.2 Symptom: No Stereo Separation

First check the mono (L.R.) switches are in normal "out" position. Connect an FM RF signal modulated by a stereo signal to the FM antenna terminals and check the stereo beacon lamp is turned on or not. When the lamp is not turned on, connect an oscilloscope to the test point F and observe 38KHz stereo sub-carrier is correctly generated or not.

4. FM AND AM TUNER ALIGNMENT

The following alignment requires many precision measuring equipments shown in P.10. No alignment should be performed in the field unless the service man has these equipments and enough knowledge in solid state amplifier components, since all the units are factory aligned and not become misaligned by themselves.

4.1 AM Front End

- 1) Set an AM signal generator to $600 \rm KHz$, $400 \rm Hz$ 30% modulation. Tune the receiver to the same frequency and adjust oscillator coil L202 until the dial pointer coincides with the $600 \rm KHz$ marking on the dial.
- 2) Set the AM signal generator to 1400KHz. Tune the receiver to the same frequency and adjust the trimming capacitor mounted on the tuning capacitor until the dial pointer coincides with the 1400KHz marking on the dial.
- 3) Repeat procedure 1 and 2 until no further adjustment is necessary between the low end and the high end.
- 4) Set the generator to $600 \rm KHz$. Tune the receiver to the same frequency and adjust antenna coil L001 in a plastic case and RF coil L201 for maximum output.
- 5) Set the generator to 1400KHz. Tune the receiver to the same frequency and adjust each antenna trimming capacitor and RF trimming capacitor mounted on the tuning capacitor for maximum output.
- 6) Repeat procedure 4 and 5 until no further improvement is obtained.

Note: During tracking alignment reduce the signal generator output as necessary to avoid AGC action.

4.2 AM IF Amplifier

For aligning the AM IF amplifier, a sweep generator with marker generator combined is necessary.

- 1) Connect a sweep generator across pin J205 and common ground, connect an oscilloscope to test pin J527.
- 2) Turn each primary and secondary core of IF transformers L203, L510 and L511 for maximum and symmetrical response.

4.3 FM Front End

4.3.1 Local Oscillator Adjustment

- Measuring instruments connection
 Connect an FM signal generator to the FM antenna terminals.
 Connect a VTVM or an oscilloscope to the output jack.
- 2) Set the FM signal generator to 90MHz, 400Hz 100% modulation. Tune the receiver to the same frequency and adjust oscillator coil L104 until the dial pointer coincides with the 90MHz marking on the dial.
- 3) Set the FM signal generator to 106MHz. Tune the receiver to the same frequency and adjust trimming capacitor C119 until the dial pointer coincides with the 106MHz marking on the dial.



4) Repeat procedure 2 and 3 until no further adjustment is necessary between the low end and the high end.

4.3.2 FM Tracking Alignment

- 1) Set an FM signal generator to provide about 5uV at 90MHz. Tune the receiver to the same frequency and turn each core of L101, L102 and L103 for maximum output.
- 2) Set the FM signal generator to 106MHz. Tune the receiver to the same frequency and adjust trimming capacitors C104, C110 and C112 for maximum output.
- 3) Repeat procedure 1 and 2 until no further improvement is obtained.

4.4 FM IF Amplifier

To align the IF amplifier, connect an FM signal generator to the FM antenna terminals and set the generator to 98MHz, 400Hz 100% modulation with its output level about 5uV. Tune the receiver to this frequency and turn each core of IF transformers, L105 and L519 for maximum output. To align the discriminator transformer L507, increase the FM signal output level to about 2KuV and connect a distortion meter to the output jack.

- 1) First, tune the receiver off station to only the interstation noise is heard, then turn the secondary core of L507 so that the pointer of center tuning meter indicates its center.
- 2) Tune the receiver to a 98MHz FM signal again with the center tuning meter in its null position, then turn the primary core of discriminator transformer L507 so that minimum distortion is obtained.

4.5 FM Stereo Demodulator

A stereo multiplex and RF FM signal generator is required to make the separation adjustment on this circuit.

Perform the following adjustments in sequence.

- 1) Set an FM signal generator to 97MHz, 2KuV output level. Tune the receiver to the same frequency, be sure the pointer of center tuning meter is at the center position, and mono (L+R) switches are in their normal "out" position.
- 2) Connect an oscilloscope probe to pin J526 and turn each core of L514, L512 and L513 for maximum stereo carrier wave on the CRT.
- 3) Turn the core of L514 again to obtain equal stereo separation in both of R and L channels.
- 4) Adjust trimming resistor R024 for maximum and equal stereo separation in both channels.

Note: In early units no trimming resistor is provided.

4.6 FM Sub-IF Amplifier Alignment

To align the sub-IF amplifier, tune the receiver to an FM signal and turn each core of L508 and L509 so that the signal strength meter reads maximum deflection.

5. PHONO AMPLIFIER

A phono signal applied to the phono 1 or phono 2 jacks, selected by a section of selector switch S001-4R is led to the phono amplifier for the RIAA equalization and pre-amplification. The phono amplifier makes use of a conventional bipolar transistor H301 and a field-effect transistor H303. The collector of H301 is direct coupled to the gate of H303 and the base bias for H301 is derived from the source circuit of H303. This configuration assures a good thermal and electrical stability. R309, R311, R330, C304 and C306 condition the feedback characteristic from the drain of H303 to the emitter of H301 for precise RIAA equalization. The RIAA equalized and amplified phono signal is led back to selector switch S001-2F and S001-2R.

6. TONE AMPLIFIER

A signal from the selector switch is led through mono (R&L) switches S920-1 and S920-2, hi blend switch S003-1, tape monitor switch S901-1, antenna tuning switch S002, balance control R005 and volume control potentiometer R006 to the input pin of the tone amplifier. The tone amplifier makes use of four Transistors H401, H403, H405 and H407 in a conventional negative feedback type configuration. The tone control unit consisting of two potentiometers R941 and R942, resistors R943 and R945, and capacitors C941 and C943 is amounted on a separate PC board P940. A bootstrap configuration is utilized with H401 to provide high input impedance. The output signal of the tone control amplifier is led to the main output amplifier through hi and low filters unit mounted on PC board P900.

7. MAIN OUTPUT AMPLIFIER

A signal from the tone amplifier is applied to the base of H601 through coupling capacitor C601. High input impedance is provided by a bootstrap configuration utilized with H601. The output signal from H601 is led to the base of driver transistor H603 providing the voltage amplification necessary to drive the output stage consisting of H605 and H607 which are operated in a complimentary-symmetry configuration. The combined operation of PNP transistor H605 and NPN transistor H607 provides single ended push pull output across loading resistor R636. This output is applied to output terminal J002 through R007 and headphone jack J007.

To maintain overall stability and linearity, negative feedback is

utilized throughout the amplifier. This feedback is also necessary to reduce distortion to be well under the specified limits. R620, C621 and R609 condition the feedback signal for application to the emitter of H601.

8. SUGGESTIONS FOR TROUBLE SHOOTING OF AUDIO SECTION

- 8.1 Symptom: No Output for Both Channels

 Check for defective power supply circuit and protector relay circuit.
- 8.2 Symptom: No Output or Distorted Signal for One Channel
 - 1) Check for shorted or open transistors H401, H403, H405, H407, H601, H603, H605 and H607 or their counterparts in the channel being concerned.
 - 2) Check for defective headphone jack J007.
 - 3) Check all voltage distributions and compare them with those shown in the schematic diagram.

Note: Connecting an audio signal generator to the TAPE OUT jack, setting the tape monitor switch in its normal "off" position and checking input and output of each stage will be helpful to find out a bug in the audio section. For example, if the signal at the base of H601 is all right but no signal or distorted signal is obtained at the collector of H601, there must be a bug around H601.

9. PROTECTOR RELAY CIRCUIT

9.1 Circuit Description

The protector relay circuit, mounted on PC board P980, prevents the system from developing any loud "POP" sound. The relay driving circuit makes use of two transistors H982 and H983. The circuit is designed so as to short circuit the output jacks and the tape out jacks for the first several seconds after the power switch is turned on by the time constant of capacitor C982 and resistor R984.

- 9.2 Suggestions for Trouble Shooting of the Protector Relay Circuit
- 9.2.1 Symptom: No Output Signal at All Times

Check for

- 1) Shorted capacitor C982.
- 2) Open transistors H982 and H983.
- 3) Open resistors R984 and R986.
- 4) Open relay L005.
- 9.2.2 Symptom: "POP" Noise Appearance

Check for

- 1) Open or low value capacitor C982.
- 2) Shorted transistors H982 and H983.
- 3) Shorted resistor R984.
- 4) Defective relay L005.

10. REGULATED POWER SUPPLY

10.1 Circuit Description

The regulated power supply unit consisting of transistor H617 and zener diode H611 mounted on a part of PC board P600 supplies its regulated DC current to each unit of the main output amplifier, the FM audio amplifier, the phono amplifier and the tone amplifier. The base of transistor H617 is well fixed at 30V by zener diode H611, and H617 regulates its output voltage at about 29V. Regulator transistor H617 works as a ripple filter in conjunction with C618. Any short-circuit of the 29V DC output line may damage transistor H617. Be extremely careful not to make a short-circuit.

10.2 Suggestions for Trouble Shooting of Regulated Power Supply

10.2.1 Symptom: No Output

Check for

- 1) Open transistor H617.
- 2) Shorted capacitors C008, C616, C617, C618, C619 and C983.
- 3) Open power transformer L004.
- 4) Open resistor R635.

10.2.2 Symptom: Excessive Output Voltage

Check for

- 1) Shorted transistor H617.
- 2) Open zener diode H611.
- 3) Shorted resistor R634.

10.2.3 Symptom: Inadequate Output Voltage, Excessive Ripple

Check for

- 1) Open or low value capacitors C008 and C619.
- 2) Defective diode H613, H614, H615 and H616.

11. CENTER TUNING METER

A differential amplifier consisting of four transistors H701, H702, H703 and H704 is used to drive center tuning meter, M002. The input current to the differential amplifier is obtained from the FM discriminator through resistor R514 and antenna tuning switch S002. The null adjustment of this meter amplifier is achieved by adjusting potentiometer R704 with the selector switch placed in the PHONO 1 or PHONO 2 position.

12. TEST EQUIPMENTS FOR SERVICING

Item	Manufacturer and Model No.	Use
AM Signal Generator		Signal Source for AM Alignment
Test Loop		Used with AM Signal Generator
FM Signal Generator	Less than 0.3% distortion	Signal Source for FM Alignment
Audio Oscillator	Less than 0.02% residual distortion is required	Sine wave source for modulating AM or FM Signal Generator, or trouble shooting
Stereo Modulator	Less than 0.3% distortion	Modulating FM Signal Generator for Separation Alignment and trouble shooting
Oscilloscope	High Sensitivity	Wave form analysis and trouble shooting
VTVM	With RF probe	Trouble shooting
Circuit Tester		Trouble shooting
Sweep Generator	For 455KHz and 10.7MHz	AM and FM IF alignment
Line Voltmeter	0 - 150V AC	Line voltage monitor
Variable Auto Transformer	0 - 140V, 10 A	Line voltage adjuster

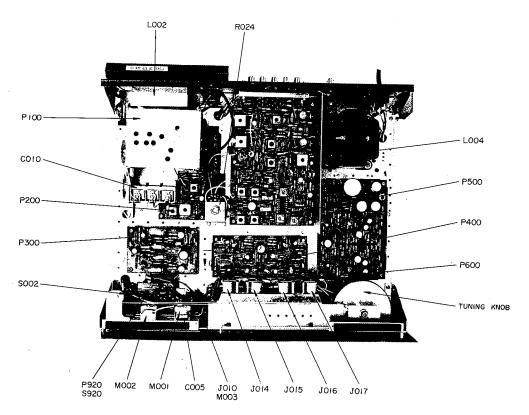


Figure 1 Main Chassis Component Locations Top View

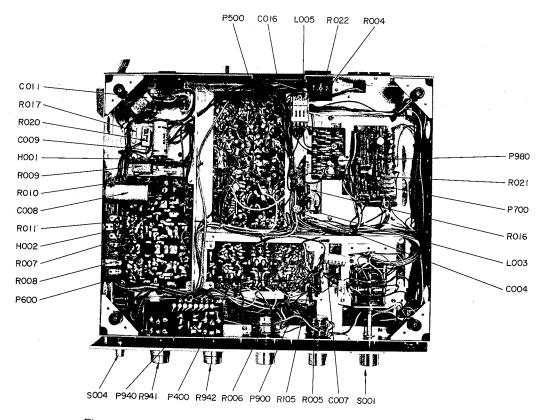
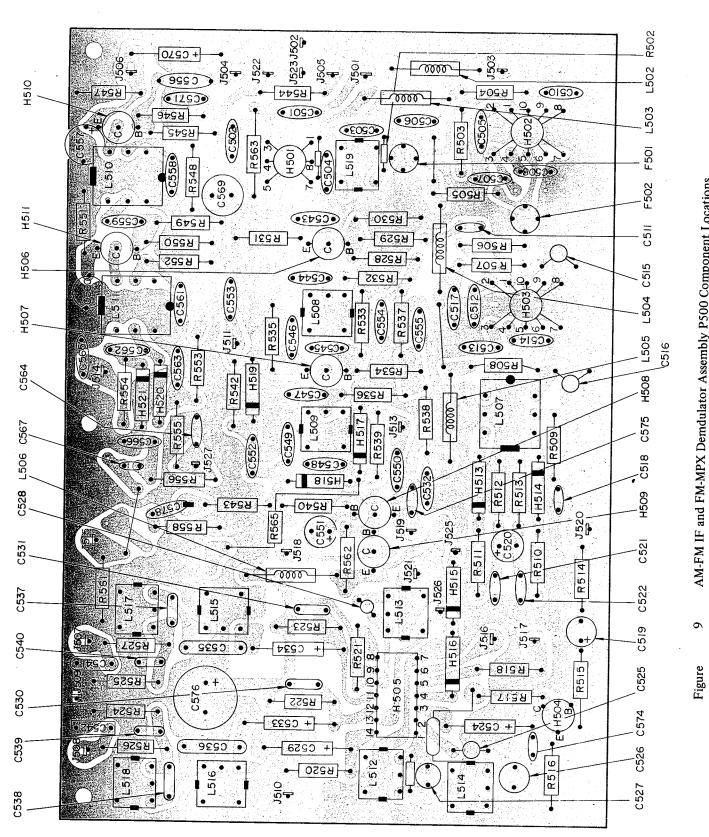
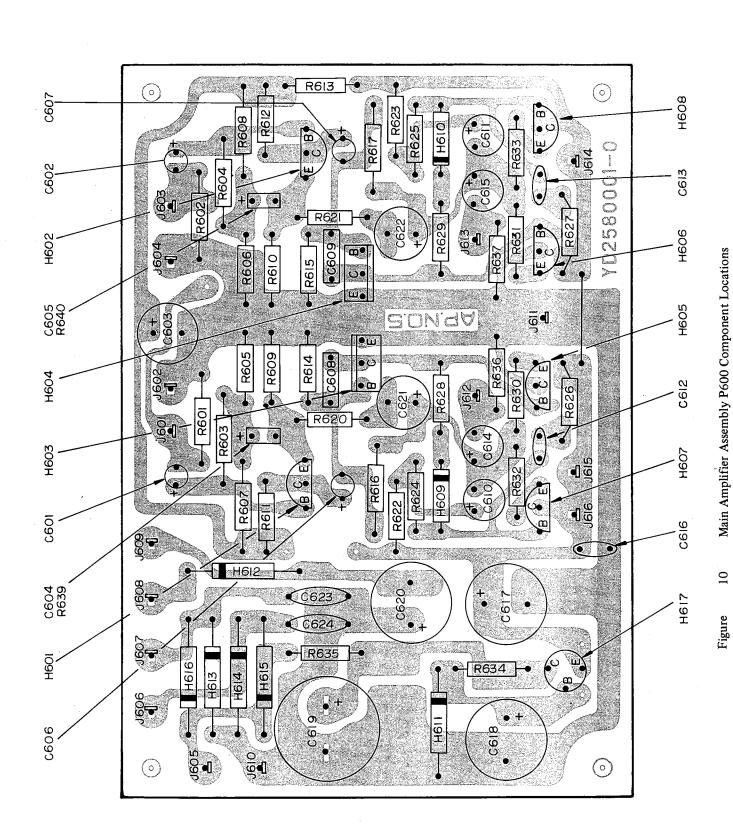


Figure 2 Main Chassis Component Locations Bottom View



AM-FM IF and FM-MPX Demdulator Assembly P500 Component Locations



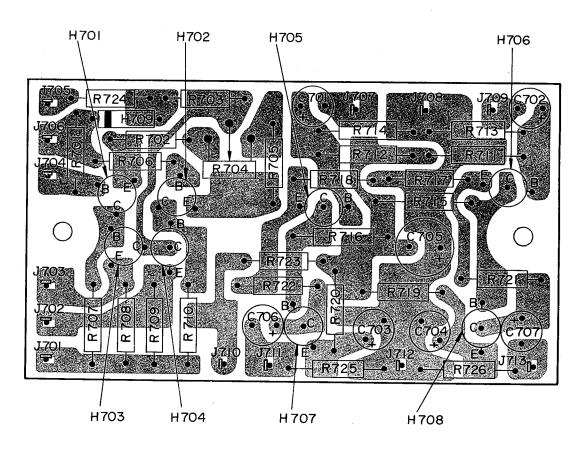


Figure 11 DC Amplifier and FM Audio Amplifier Assembly P700 Component Locations

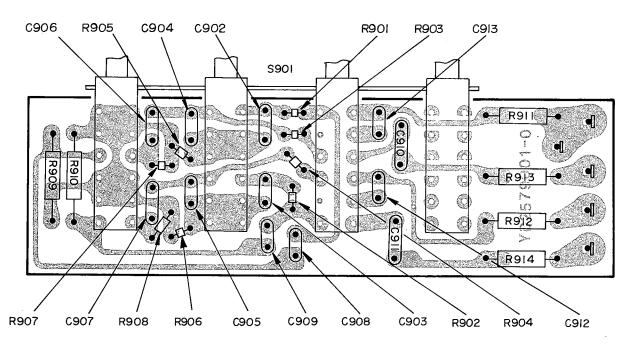


Figure 12 Loudness, Low Filter, Hi Filter and Monitor Switch Assembly P900 Component Locations

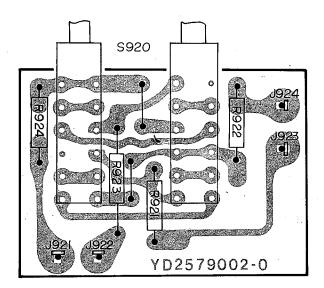


Figure 13 Mono in L, R, Switches Unit Assembly P920

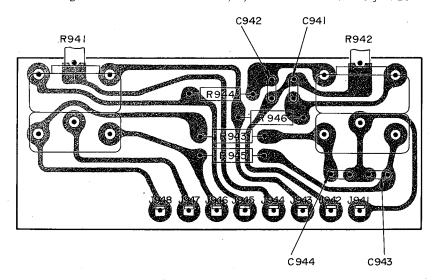


Figure 14 Tone Control Unit Assembly P940 Component Locations.

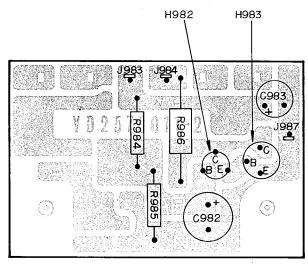


Figure 15 Speaker Protector Circuit Assembly P980 Component Locations

51570306B-0 P Tapt 51570306B-0 P Tapt		MARANTZ
51060306E-9 P H M 51060306E-9 P H M 51060305E-9 P H M 51060305E-9 P H M 51060305E-9 P H M	OP P Tapt S OP P T	REF. MARANTZ
D250 51650304D-0 Set Screw H P D259 51650304D-0 Set Screw H P D261 51640412D-9 Set Screw C P D264 51042608E-0 F H M Screw D265 51042608E-0 F H M Screw D266 51042608E-0 F H M Screw D267 51042608E-0 F H M Screw D268 51042608E-0 F H M Screw D268 51042608E-0 F H M Screw D269 51042608E-0 F H M Screw D269 51042608E-0 F H M Screw D269 54002400R-0 RG Ring E D282 64002400R-0 RG Ring E	IG. PART NO. DE FART NO. DE 51060306E-9 P H M S. 51060305E-9 P H M S. 51570308B-0 P Tapt S. 51100406S-9 B H M S. 51170308B-0 P Tapt S. 51570308B-0 P Tapt S. 51570306B-0 P Tapt S. 51060408E-9 P H M S. 51060412E-9 P H M S. 51140305E-9 O C H M	
D349 54050302N-0 Spring Washer D350 54042602N-0 Spring Washer D351 54042602N-0 Spring Washer D354 54020301E-0 Flat Washer P D355 54020301E-0 Flat Washer P D361 53110403E-9 Hexagon Nut D362 53110403E-9 Hexagon Nut D363 53110403E-9 Hexagon Nut D364 53110403E-9 Hexagon Nut D369 53110403E-9 Hexagon Nut D369 53110403E-9 Hexagon Nut D371 53110603E-0 Hexagon Nut	IG. PART NO. 64002400R-0 RG R 64002400R-0 RG R 64000400R-0 RG R 64000400R-0 RG R 64000400R-0 RG R 64000401S-0 Flat V 54020401S-0 Flat V 54020401S-0 Flat V 54020401S-0 Flat V 54020401E-0 Flat V 54040402N-0 Spring S4040402N-0 Spring S4050302N-0 Spring S4050302N	

REF.	MADANIDO			
	MARANTZ G. PART NO.	NEGOD IDEION	REF.	
DESIG	J. TAKT NO	DESCRIPTION	DESI	G. PART NO. DESCRIPTION
R504	RT1027114-0 270 ob	m +10% 1/4W Cook - 121	Drco	DE 100001 (0 0000)
R505	RT1033114-0 330 oh		R560	
R506	RT1033114-0 330 oh		R561	20% 1/1W Carbon Tilli
R507	RT1027114-0 270 oh	,	R562	210% 1/4W Carbon Film
R508	RT1027114-0 270 0H	m ±10% 1/4W Carbon Film hm ±10% 1/4W Carbon Film	R563	- I Total Similar - I Total Tilling
R509	RT1010114-0 100 oh	1111 ±10% 1/4W Carbon Film	R564	= 10 % 1/ 1/1 Carbon Fillin
R510	RT1082114-0 820 oh:		R565	
10010	1011002114-0 820 On	m ±10% 1/4W Carbon Film	R566	RT1010414-0 100K ohm ±10% 1/4W Carbon Film
R511	RT1082114-0 820 oh	m +100/1/4W.C. I. Til	R567	
R512			R568	RC1010112-0 100 ohm ±10% 1/2W Solid
R513	RT1033214-0 3.5K 0	nm ±10% 1/4W Carbon Film	OF 64	·
R514	RT1033214-0 3.3K 0	nm ±10% 1/4W Carbon Film	C501	DK1710301-0 0.01uF ±20% Ceramic
R515	RN1010514-0 1M ohn	hm ±10% 1/4W Carbon Film	C502	DK1710301-0 0.01uF ±20% Ceramic
R516	RT1030314-0 1W 0M	±10% 1/4W Carbon Film	C503	DK1710301-0 0.01uF ±20% Ceramic
R517	PT1056214 0 5 617 al	im ±10% 1/4W Carbon Film	C504	DK1710301-0 0.01uF ±20% Ceramic
R518	RT1010414 0 10017 -	nm ±10% 1/4W Carbon Film	C505	DK1710301-0 0.01uF ±20% Ceramic
1010	1010414-0 100K 0	hm ±10% 1/4W Carbon Film	C506	DK1710301-0 0.01uF $\pm 20\%$ Ceramic
R520	RT1047914 0 4 7K at	1100/1/AW C 1	C507	DK1710301-0 0.01uF $\pm 20\%$ Ceramic
R521	RT1099914-0 9 9V ak	$\pm 10\%$ 1/4W Carbon Film $\pm 10\%$ 1/4W Carbon Film	C508	DK1710301-0 0.01uF $\pm 20\%$ Ceramic
R522	RT1068914 0 6 9V at	Im ±10% 1/4W Carbon Film	C510	DK1710301-0 0.01uF $\pm 20\%$ Ceramic
R523	RT1068214 0 6 0V -1	m ±10% 1/4W Carbon Film		
R524	RT1015314-0 15K oh	m ±10% 1/4W Carbon Film	C511	DD1105001-0 5PF ± 0.5 PF Ceramic
R525	PT1015314-0 15K 0N		C512	DK1710301-0 0.01uF ±20% Ceramic
R526	RT1015314-0 15K ohi	m ±10% 1/4W Carbon Film	C513	DK1710301-0 0.01uF ±20% Ceramic
R527	RT1050214-0 5.6K oh	m ±10% 1/4W Carbon Film	C514	DK1710301-0 0.01uF ±20% Ceramic
R527	RI1000214-0 5.5K oh	m ±10% 1/4W Carbon Film	C515	DK1710301-0 0.01uF ±20% Ceramic
	RT1022314-0 22K ohi		C516	DK1710301-0 0.01uF $\pm 20\%$ Ceramic
R529	RT1033214-0 3.3K oh		C517	DK1710301-0 0.01uF ±20% Ceramic
R530	RT1010314-0 10K oh	m ±10% 1/4W Carbon Film	C518	DD1620101-0 200PF ±10% Ceramic
D.F.0.1	DM10001111		C519	EA4750162-0 4.7uF 16V Elect.
R531	RT1082114-0 820 ohn		C520	EA1060162-0 10uF 16V Elect.
R532	RT1022114-0 220 ohn		C521	DD1620101-0 200PF ±10% Ceramic
R533	RT1010314-0 10K ohr		C522	DD1620101-0 200PF ±10% Ceramic
R534	RT1012314-0 12K ohr		C523	DD1650101-0 500PF $\pm 10\%$ Ceramic
R535	RT1082114-0 820 ohn		C524	ED4750102-0 4.7uF 10V Elect.
R536	RT1022114-0 220 ohm		C525	DF1747301-0 0.047uF±20% Mylar
R537	RT1022014-0 22 ohm	±10% 1/4W Carbon Film	C526	DF5547201-0 0.0047uF ±5% Mylar
R538	RT1022014-0 22 ohm	±10% 1/4W Carbon Film	C527	DF5547201-0 0.0047uF ±5% Mylar
R539	RT1015314-0 15K ohn	n ±10% 1/4W Carbon Film	C528	DF5412201-0 0.0012uF ±2% Mylar
R540	RT1010414-0 100K oh	m ±10% 1/4W Carbon Film	C529	ED3350163-0 3.3uF 16V Elect.
·			C530	
R541	RT1022414-0 220K oh	m ±10% 1/4W Carbon Film	0000	DF1633201-0 0.0033uF ±10% Mylar
R542	RT1033414-0 330K oh	m ±10% 1/4W Carbon Film	C531	DF1633201-0 0.0033uF ±10% Mylar
R543	RT1010414-0 100K oh	m ±10% 1/4W Carbon Film	C532	$DK1710301-0\ 0.003SuF \pm 10\% Mylar$ $DK1710301-0\ 0.01uF \pm 20\% Ceramic$
R544	RT1022214-0 2.2K ohr	n ±10% 1/4W Carbon Film	C533	ED4750102-0 4.7uF 10V Elect.
R545	RT1015414-0 150K oh	m ±10% 1/4W Carbon Film	C534	ED4750102-0 4.7uF 10V Elect. ED4750102-0 4.7uF 10V Elect.
R546	RT1056214-0 5.6K ohr	m ±10% 1/4W Carbon Film	C535	DF6582101-0 820PF ±5% Poly
R547	RT1010214-0 1K ohm	±10% 1/4W Carbon Film	C536	DF6582101-0 820FF ±5% Poly
R548	RT1012214-0 1.2K ohr		C537	DF1633201-0 0.0033uF ±10% Mylar
R549	RT1027314-0 27K ohm		C538	DF1633201-0 0.0033uF ±10% Mylar
R550	RT1010314-0 10K ohm	n ±10% 1/4W Carbon Film	C539	
70			C540	DF1633201-0 0.0033uF ±10% Mylar DF1633201-0 0.0033uF ±10% Mylar
R551	RT1010214-0 1K ohm	$^\pm 10\%$ 1/4W Carbon Film		== 1000201 0 0.0000ur ±10% Mylar
R552	RT1022114-0 220 ohm	±10% 1/4W Carbon Film	C541	DF1668201-0 0.0068uF ±20% Mylar
R553	RT1027314-0 27K ohm	±10% 1/4W Carbon Film	C542	T T
R554	RT1056214-0 5.6K ohn	n ±10% 1/4W Carbon Film	C543	DF1668201-0 0.0068uF ±20% Mylar DK1710301-0 0.01uF ±20% Ceramic
R555	RT1033214-0 3.3K ohn	n ±10% 1/4W Carbon Film	C544	DK1710301-0 0.01uF ±20% Ceramic ±20% Ceramic
R556	RT1033214-0 3.3K ohn	n ±10% 1/4W Carbon Film	C545	No. Sept. Ann. Ann. Ann. Ann. Ann. Ann. Ann. An
			C546	
R558	RT1022414-0, 220K ohi	m ±10% 1/4W Carbon Film	C547	
			C547 C548	
			0040	DD1620101-0 200PF ±10% Ceramic

REF.	MAD ANDEZ					
	MARANTZ 3. PART NO. D	ESCO IDMION	REF.	MARANTZ		
DESIG	FART NO. D	ESCRIPTION	DESIG	. PART NO.	DES	CRIPTION
R710	RT1022314-0 22K ohi	- 1100/1/AW O. 1 TO				
10,10	1011022014-0 22K OIII	n ±10% 1/4W Carbon Film	R307	GT0533112-0	330 ohm	±5% 1/2W Carbon Film
R711	RN1047414-0 470K of	nm ±10% 1/4W Carbon Film	R308	GT0533112-0	330 ohm	±5% 1/2W Carbon Film
R712	RN1047414-0 470K 0F	nm ±10% 1/4W Carbon Film nm ±10% 1/4W Carbon Film	R309	GT0533412-0	330K ohm	±5% 1/2W Carbon Film
R713	RN1015414-0 150K of	im ±10% 1/4W Carbon Film im ±10% 1/4W Carbon Film	R310	GT0533412-0	330K ohm	±5% 1/2W Carbon Film
R714	RN1015414-0 150K of	im ±10% 1/4W Carbon Film im ±10% 1/4W Carbon Film				
R715	RN1020314-0 20K ob	$\pm 10\% 1/4W$ Carbon Film $\pm 10\% 1/4W$ Carbon Film	R311	GT0527312-0	27K ohm	±5% 1/2W Carbon Film
R716	RN1022314-0 22K 0III	$\pm 10\% 1/4W$ Carbon Film $\pm 10\% 1/4W$ Carbon Film	R312	GT0527312-0	27K ohm	±5% 1/2W Carbon Film
R717	RT1056214-0 5 6K abo	m ±10% 1/4W Carbon Film m ±10% 1/4W Carbon Film	R313	RN1010414-0	100K ohm	±10% 1/4W Carbon Film
R718	RT1056214-0 5.6K on	m $\pm 10\%$ 1/4W Carbon Film $\pm 10\%$ 1/4W Carbon Film	R314	RN1010414-0	100K ohm	±10% 1/4W Carbon Film
R719	PT1010914 0 5 6W also	m ±10% 1/4W Carbon Film	R315	RT1010314-0	10K ohm	±10% 1/4W Carbon Film
R720	RT1010214-0 5.0K 0h	m ±10% 1/4W Carbon Film	R316	HT1012314-0		±10% 1/4W Carbon Film
10.20	1010214-0 5.6K On	m ±10% 1/4W Carbon Film	R317	HT1012314-0	12K ohm	±10% 1/4W Carbon Film
R721	RT1015314-0 15K ohn	1100/1/477.0	R318	RT1015214-0	1.5 K ohm	±10% 1/4W Carbon Film
R722	RT1015314-0 15K ohn RT1015314-0 15K ohn		R319	RT1015214-0	1.5K ohm	±10% 1/4W Carbon Film
R723	DT1020214 0 2 0K 0N	±10% 1/4W Carbon Film	R320	RT1047114-0	470 ohm	±10% 1/4W Carbon Film
R724	RT1039214-0 3.9K Ohi	n ±10% 1/4W Carbon Film				
R724 R725	RT1068114-0 680 ohm	±10% 1/4W Carbon Film	R321	RT1047114-0	470 ohm	±10% 1/4W Carbon Film
R726	R11022414-0 220K oh	m ±10% 1/4W Carbon Film	R322	RT1047014-0	47 ohm	±10% 1/4W Carbon Film
N/20	R11022414-0 220K oh	m ±10% 1/4W Carbon Film	R323	RN1033414-0	330K ohm	±10% 1/4W Carbon Film
0701	ENIOGACOPT C. C. C.		R324	RN1033414-0	330K ohm	±10% 1/4W Carbon Film
C701	EN2240251-0 0.22uF	±20% 25V Elect.				
C702	EV2240251-0 0.22uF	±20% 25V Elect.	C301	EV2250251-0	2.2uF 25V	+40 -20% Elect.
C703	EA1060351-0 10uF 35	V Elect.	C302	EV2250251-0	2.2uF 25V	+40 -20% Elect.
C704	EA1060351-0 10uF 35	V Elect.	C303	EA2260351-0	22uF 35V	+100, -0% Elect.
C705	EA1070252-0 100uF 2	5V Elect.	C304	DF6410301-0	0.01nF 50V	±2% Poly
C706	EM4740251-0 0.47uF	±20% 25V Elect.	C305	DF6410301-0		
C707	EM4740251-0 0.47uF	±20% 25V Elect.	C308	EA1070061-0	100uF 6 3V	7 +100, -0% Elect.
			C309	EA1070061-0	100uF 6.3V	7 +100, -0% Elect.
H701	HT3037210-0 2SC372	Fransistor	C310	EV1050251-0	1000F 0.5V	100, -0% Elect.
H702	HT3037210-0 2SC372	Transistor		2110002010	1ur 20 v 19	EU -20% Elect.
H703	HT104951A-0 2SA495	R Transistor	C311	EV1050251-0	1.1F 95W ±4	10 900 Fil4
H704	HT104951A-0 2SA495	R Transistor	C312	EA1070351-0	100 15 25 V	Plant
H705	HT304580Z-0 Transisto	r	0012	2211070301-0	100ur 55 v	Diect.
H706	HT304580Z-0 Transisto	r	C306	DF6427201-0	በ በበ97።ፑ ፎ	017 ±007 D-1
H707	HT104941C-0 2SA494		C307	DF6427201-0		- 3
H708	HT104941C-0 2SA494	Y Transistor	0001	D1 0421201-0	0.0027uF 5	0V ±2% Poly
H709	HD3001009-0 IS336 Di	ode	H301	HT306441C-0	99C644(T)	Thomaistan
			H302	HT306441C-0	25C644(T)	Transistor
J701	YP1000036-0 Plug		H303	HF200301C-0	25C044(1) 9SK30(V) 7	Transistor
J702	YP1000036-0 Plug		H304	HF200301C-0	25K30(I) 1 25K30(V) 1	Transistor
J703	YP1000036-0 Plug		11001	111 2000010-0	20130(1)1	Talisistor
J704	YP1000036-0 Plug		J301	YP1000036-0	Plua	
J705	YP1000036-0 Plug		J302	YP1000036-0		
J706	YP1000036-0 Plug		J303	YP1000036-0		
J707	YP1000036-0 Plug		J304	YP1000036-0		
J708	YP1000036-0 Plug		J305	YP1000036-0 I		
J709	YP1000036-0 Plug		J306	YP1000036-0 1		
J710	YP1000036-0 Plug		J307	YP1000036-0 I		
J711	YP1000036-0 Plug			111000000-0 1	iug	
J712	YP1000036-0 Plug		P400	YD2577004-0	Cono Ameri D	O D 3
J713	YP1000036-0 Plug		1 100	102011004-0	tone Amp r	C Board
	3		R401	RT1039114-0 3	200 chm	+10% 1/4W C 1 50
P300	YD2577003-0 Phono Am	np PC Board		RT1039114-0 8		±10% 1/4W Carbon Film
						±10% 1/4W Carbon Film
R301	RN1047314-0 47K ohm	±10% 1/4W Carbon Film		RN1047314-0 4		±10% 1/4W Carbon Film
R302	RN1047314-0 47K ohm	±10% 1/4W Carbon Film		RN1047314-0 4		±10% 1/4W Carbon Film
R303	RT1039114-0 390 ohm	±10% 1/4W Carbon Film		RN1056314-0 5		±10% 1/4W Carbon Film
R304	RT1039114-0 390 ohm	±10% 1/4W Carbon Film		RN1056314-0 5		±10% 1/4W Carbon Film
R305	RN1033414-0 330K ohm	±10% 1/4W Carbon Film		RT1068214-0 6		±10% 1/4W Carbon Film
	RN1033414-0 330K ohm	±10% 1/4W Carbon Film		RT1068214-0 6		±10% 1/4W Carbon Film
		==== Journal Film	11409	RN1022314-0 2	ZA onm	£10% 1/4W Carbon Film

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REF.	MARANTZ		REF.	MARANTZ	
		SCRIPTION			SCRIPTION
					•
R410	RN1022314-0 22K ohm	±10% 1/4W Carbon Film	J407	YP1000036-0 Plug	
R411	PT1097914-0 9 7K ohn	±10% 1/4W Carbon Film	J408 J409	YP1000036-0 Plug YP1000036-0 Plug	
R411		$\pm 10\% 1/4$ W Carbon Film $\pm 10\% 1/4$ W Carbon Film	J410	YP1000036-0 Plug	
R413		±10% 1/4W Carbon Film	J411	YP1000036-0 Plug	
R414		±10% 1/4W Carbon Film	J412	YP1000036-0 Plug	
R415	RN1015314-0 15K ohm	•	J413	YP1000036-0 Plug	
R416	RN1015314-0 15K ohm	•	J414	YP1000036-0 Plug	
R417	RN1010114-0 100 ohm	The state of the s	J415	YP1000036-0 Plug	
R418 R419	RN1056314-0 56K ohm	•	J416 J417	YP1000036-0 Plug YP1000036-0 Plug	
R419	RN1056314-0 56K ohm GT0522312-0 22K ohm		J418	YP1000036-0 Plug	•
10120	G10022012 0 22K OHH	2070 1/2W Carbon 1 mm	J419	YP1000036-0 Plug	
R421	GT0522312-0 22K ohm	±5% 1/2W Carbon Film	J420	YP1000036-0 Plug	•
R422	RN1022514-0 2.2M ohn	n ±10% 1/4W Carbon Film		-	
R423	RN1022514-0 2.2M ohn	n ±10% 1/4W Carbon Film	W401	YW2579003-0 Wire Mat	erials
R424	RN1068314-0 68K ohm	· ·			
R425	RN1068314-0 68K ohm		P940	YD2578010-0 Tone-Co	ntrol P.C. Board
R426	RT1010314-0 10K ohm	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	D041	DD0104001 0 100K 1	P. II. G. : P.
R427	RT1010314-0 10K ohm	*	R941 R942	RD0104001-0 100K oh	
R428 R429	RT1010314-0 10K ohm RT1010314-0 10K ohm		R943	RD0104001-0 100K oh GT0516312-0 16K ohm	
R429	RT1022114-0 220 ohm		R944	GT0516312-0 16K ohn	•
10100	1011022114 0 220 0mm	21070 174W Carbon 1 mm	R945	GT0516312-0 16K ohn	
R431	RT1022114-0 220 ohm	±10% 1/4W Carbon Film	R946	GT0516312-0 16K ohm	
R432	RN1010414-0 100K ohr	n ±10% 1/4W Carbon Film			_ ,
R433	RN1010414-0 100K ohr	n ±10% 1/4W Carbon Film	C941	DF1622301-0 0.022uF	±10% Mylar
			C942	DF1622301-0 0.022uF	±10% Mylar
C401	EV2240251-0 0.22uF 2		C943	DF1622301-0 0.022uF	±10% Mylar
C402	EV2240251-0 0.22uF 2		C944	DF1622301-0 0.022uF	±10% Mylar
C403 C404	EA1060162-0 10uF 16V EA1060162-0 10uF 16V	•	J941	FERNINESOW O Luc Froi	at
C404 C405	EA1060351-0 10uF 35V		J941 J942	57219520W-0 Lug Eyel 57219520W-0 Lug Eyel	
C406	EA1060351-0 10uF 35		J943	57219520W-0 Lug Eyel	
C407	EV2250251-0 2.2uF 25		J944	57219520W-0 Lug Eyel	
C408	EV2250251-0 2.2uF 25	•	J945	57219520W-0 Lug Eyel	
C409	EA1070351-0 100uF 35	V Elect.	J946	57219520W-0 Lug Eyel	et
C410	EV2250251-0 2.2uF 25	V +40, -20% Elect.	J947	57219520W-0 Lug Eyel	
0411	EMONTONIA O O O E OF	57 - 40 - 00% FI	J94 8	57219520W-0 Lug Eyel	et
C411 C412	EV2250251-0 2.2uF 25 DF6545101-0 450PF		P600	YD2580001-0 Main and	Cumpler B.C. Board
C412 C413	DF6545101-0 450PF		1000	1D2580001-0 Main and	Supply P.C. Board
C414	EV1050251-0 1uF 25V		R601	RN1068314-0 68K ohm	±10% 1/4W Carbon Film
C415	EV1050251-0 1uF 25V		R602	RN1068314-0 68K ohm	
			R603	RN1068314-0 68K ohm	±10% 1/4W Carbon Film
H401	HT304580Z-0 2SC458(1		R604	RN1068314-0 68K ohm	±10% 1/4W Carbon Film
H402	HT304580Z-0 2SC458(I	, , ,	R605	RT1027214-0 2.7K ohn	•
H403	HT104941C-0 2SA494 (• •	R606	RT1027214-0 2.7K ohn	•
H404	HT104941C-0 2SA494 (R607	RN1056314-0 56K ohm	_ · .
H405 H406	HT306441C-0 2SC644 (,	R608	RN1056314-0 56K ohm	•
H407	HT306441C-0 2SC644 (HT104941C-0 2SA494 (R609 R610	GT0510112-0 100 ohm GT0510112-0 100 ohm	-
H408	HT104941C-0 2SA494 (•	R611	RT1068214-0 6.8K ohn	
11100		. – , – 1411010001	R612	RT1068214-0 6.8K ohr	
J401	YP1000036-0 Plug		R613	RT1047214-0 4.7K ohn	- ,
J402	YP1000036-0 Plug		R614	RT1010314-0 10K ohm	
J403	YP1000036-0 Plug		R615	RT1010314-0 10K ohm	±10% 1/4W Carbon Film
J404	YP1000036-0 Plug		R616	RN1018414-0 180K oh	m ±10% 1/4W Carbon Film
J405	YP1000036-0 Plug		R617	RN1018414-0 180K oh	m ±10% 1/4W Carbon Film
J406	YP1000036-0 Plug				

RE		DEI	7
DE	SIG. PART NO. DESCRIPTION	REI	TO BARRA
Dec		DES	SIG. PART NO. DESCRIPTION
R62	of Charles 220 onm ±5% 1/2W Carbon Film	H61	
R62 R62	010022112-0 220 0hm	H61	
	101012212-0 1.2K 0hm +100 1/9W 0 111	H61	D2000301-0 AC Rect HP-5A Diodo
R62	101014412-0 1.2K 0hm +10% 1/9W G-1:1	H61	* IID2000301-0 AC Rect. HP-5A Diodo
R62	1 101033212-0 3.3K 0hm + 10% 1/9W 6-113	H61	D HD2000301-0 AC Rect. HP-54 Diodo
R62	10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	*H61	DD2000301-0 AC Rect. HP-5 A Diodo
R62	~ 1001004112-0 820 0hm +100 1/950 0 1/1	.101	HT309714A-0 2SC971 Transistor
R62	101002112-0 820 ohm +10% 1/9W colla	ICO1	TVD-4-2-2-2
R62	8 RT1033114-0 330 ohm +10% 1/4W Cook	J601	
R62	9 RT1033114-0 330 ohm +10% 1/4W Coulon Fill	n J602	
R63	0 RC1010112-0 100 ohm +10% 1/9W C-1 70	n J603	
R63	RC1010112-0 100 ohm +100 1/0W C 1		200000-0 Tiug
R63	2 RC1010112-0 100 ohm +10% 1/9W Coult Till	1 J605	YP1000036-0 Plug
R633			YP1000036-0 Plug
	3 RC1010112-0 100 ohm ±10%1/2W Carbon Film		YP1000036-0 Plug
R634		J608	YP1000036-0 Plug
R635	RC1050012-0 50 ohm ±10% 1/2W Solid	J609	YP1000036-0 Plug
R636	8 RT1047214-0 4 7K ohm +10% 1/2W Solid	J610	YP1000036-0 Plug
R637	RT1047214-0 4.7K ohm ±10% 1/4W Carbon Film	J611	YP1000036-0 Plug
	RT1047214-0 4.7K ohm $\pm 10\%$ 1/4W Carbon Film	J612	YP1000036-0 Plug
R639		_	YP1000036-0 Plug
R640		J614	YP1000036-0 Plug
	RT1033214-0 3.3K ohm $\pm 10\%$ 1/4W Carbon Film		1000000 Tiug
C601	77700 100-	R001	RC1068012-0-69 above 1100 a torre
C602	2, 22, 10201 0 0.220F 25 V +000 Flant	R002	RC1068012-0 68 ohm ±10% 1/2W Solid
C603		R003	RC1068012-0 68 ohm ±10% 1/2W Solid
C604	EA2270252-0 220uF 25V Elect.	R004	RC1008212-0 8.2 ohm ±10% 1/2W Solid
C605	ED1060102-0 10uF 10V Elect.	R005	RK0104003-0 100K ohm (B) Variable
C606	ED1060102-0 10uF 10V Elect.	R006	RM0254008-0 250K ohm (MN) Variable
C607	EV1050251-0 1uF 25V Elect.	R007	RM0254009-0 250K ohm (A) Variable
C608	EV1050251-0 1uF 25V Elect.	R008	RC1039112-0 390 ohm ±10% 1/2W Solid
C609	DF3656001-0 56PF ±10% Mica	R009	101039112-0 390 ohm
C610	DF3656001-0 56PF ±10% Mica	R010	GS1015105-0 150 ohm ±10% 5W Wire Wound
C611	EA3360252-0 33uF 25V Elect	R011	BC1070103-0 100 ohm ±10% 3W Wire Wound
C612	EA3360252-0 33uF 25V Elect.	1011	RC1056112-0 560 ohm ±10% 1/2W Solid
C613	DD1620101-0 200PF ±10% Ceramic	R015	D.C. access
C614	DD1620101-0 200PF +10% Coronic	R016	RC1039112-0 390 ohm ±10% 1/2W Solid
C614	EA2200351-0 22uF 35V Elect	R017	$10^{102}/112$ -0 270 ohm $+10\%$ 1/9W collaboration
C616	EA2260351-0 22uF 35V Elect.	R020	111022501-0 2.2M ohm ±10% 1W Carbon Film
	DK1840301-0 .04uF +100, -0% Ceramic	R021	DE 10101010 150 0hm ±10% 5W Wire Wound
C617	EA4770301-0 470uF 35V Elect	C016	111000314-0 56K ohm +10% 1/4W Corbon Eller
C618	EA4770351-0 470uF 35V Floor	C016	DK1810402-0 0.1uF +100, -0% Ceramic
C619	EC4770501-0 470uF 50V Elect	C001	
C620	EA4770252-0 470uF 25V Elect.	C001	DC1102000 0 0.001uF +100, -0% Feed thru
		C002	DC1103002-2 3PF +0 5PF Food 4b
C621	EA1070252-0 100uF 25V Elect.	C003	DD1105001-0 5PF ±0.5PF Ceramic
C622	EA1070252-0 100uF 25V Elect	C004	DK1710301-0 0.01uF ±20% Ceramia
C623	DK1810351-0 0.01uF 500V +100 -0% Coronic	C005	ED3360061-0 33uF 6.3V Elect
C624	DK1810351-0 0.01uF 500V +100, -0% Ceramic	C006	DF5547201-0 0.0047uF +5% Poly
	Ceramic	C007	EA1070351-0 100uF 35V Elect
H601	HT306441B-0 2SC644 (S) Transistor	C008	EC1080501-0 1000uF 50V Elect
H602	HT306441B-0 2SC644 (S) Transistor	C009	ED4770351-0 470uF 35V Floor
H603	HT304580B-0 2SC458 LG(B) Transistor	C010	CA0330001-0 AM 3 Gang Variable
H604	HT304580B-0 2SC458 LG(B) Transistor		
H605	HT105611C-0 2SA561 Y Transistor	C011	D00747353-0 0 047nF (C007, P.C.)
1606	HT105611C-0 28A561 V F		D00747353-0 0.047uF (600V DC) Oil Paper RT1010414-0 100K okm +100 c v Till Paper
1607	HT105611C-0 2SA561 Y Transistor		RT1010414-0 100K ohm $\pm 10\%$ 1/4W Carbon Film
1608	HT307341C-0 2SC734 Y Transistor		
1609	HT307341C-0 2SC734 Y Transistor		HD300101-0 AW-01-12 (12V) Diode
	HV0000105-0 M8513 R Varistor		HD3001009-0 IS336 (11V) Diode
	HV0000105-0 M8513 R Varistor	S001	SR0606006 0 B
.011	HD3000201-0 Zenner AW-01-30 Diode		SR0606006-0 For Function Rotary Switch
		- -	SP0401007-0 For Ant. Tuning Push Switch

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REF.	MARANTZ PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	REF. DESIG.	MARANTZ PART NO. DESCRIPTION
DESIG.	imii no.	Dan Oayan a Can		
*S003	SP0402001-2		R903	GT0547212-0 4.7K ohm ±5% 1/2W Carbon Film
*S004		For AC Supply Push Switch	R904	GT0547212-0 4.7K ohm ±5% 1/2W Carbon Film
· S005	SS0202017-0	Slide Switch	R905	GT0556312-0 56K ohm ±5% 1/2W Carbon Film
			R906	GT0556312-0 56K ohm ±5% 1/2W Carbon Film
J001		4P for AM-FM Ant Terminal	R907	RN1010514-0 1M ohm ±10% 1/4W Carbon Film
J002		For Output 2P Terminal	R908	RN1010514-0 1M ohm ±10% 1/4W Carbon Film
J003		For AC Supply Socket	R909	RN1022514-0 2.2M ohm ±10% 1/4W Carbon Film
J004	YT0210001-0	10P Terminal	R910	RN1022514-0 2.2M ohm ±10% 1/4W Carbon Film
J005	V.I0100055-0	For Headphone Jack	R911	RT1010314-0 10K ohm ±10% 1/4W Carbon Film
J006		For Headphone Jack	R912	RT1010314-0 10K ohm ±10% 1/4W Carbon Film
J007		For Headphone Jack	R913	RT1015414-0 150K ohm ±10% 1/4W Carbon Film
J008		For AC Supply Socket	R914	RT1015414-0 150K ohm ±10% 1/4W Carbon Film
J009	YJ0400032-0	For AC Supply Socket		
J010	·YJ0200007-0		C902	DF1668301-0 0.068uF ±10% Mylar
J011	YJ0200007-0		C903	DF1668301-0 0.068uF ±10% Mylar
J012	YJ0200007-0		C904	DF1668301-0 0.068uF ±10% Mylar
J013	YJ0200007-0		C905	DF1668301-0 0.068uF ±10% Mylar
J014		Dial Illumination Socket	C906	DF1633201-0 3300PF ±10% Mylar
J015	YJ0200048-0	Dial Illumination Socket	C907	DF1633201-0 3300PF ±10% Mylar
J016		Dial Illumination Socket	C908	DF1633201-0 3300PF ±10% Mylar
J017		Dial Illumination Socket	C909	DF1633201-0 3300PF ±10% Mylar
J018		For Ground Terminal	C910	DF3610101-0 100PF ±10% Mica
9010	110101000		C911	DF3610101-0 100PF ±10% Mica
J020	YL0103003-0	3P Terminal	C912	DF1733301-0 0.033uF ±20% Mylar
J021	YL0103002-0		C913	DF1733301-0 0.033uF ±20% Mylar
J022		5P (UL) Terminal		
J023	YL0107001-0		*S901	SP0404001-2 Push Switch
J024	YL0107001-0			
J025	YL0107001-0		J901	YP1000036-0 Plug
J026	YL0105004-0		J902	YP1000036-0 Plug
			J903	YP1000036-0 Plug
J031	YL0103001-0	3P Terminal	J 904	YP1000036-0 Plug
0031			J 905	YP1000036-0 Plug
*M001	IM1103602-0	For AM-FM Tuning DC Meter	J906	YP1000036-0 Plug
*M002		For FM Tuning DC Meter		
*M003	IN1012004-0		P920	YD2579002-0 For Switch PC Board
*M004	IN1008001-0		P900	YD2579002-0 For Switch PC Board
*M005	IN1008001-0			
*M006	IN1008001-0		R921	RT1010214-0 1K ohm ±10% 1/4W Carbon Film
*M007	IN1006003-0	Lamp	R922	RT1010214-0 1K ohm ±10% 1/4W Carbon Film
*M008	IN1006003-0	Lamp	R923	RT1010214-0 1K ohm ±10% 1/4W Carbon Film
*M009	IN1006003-0		R924	RT1010214-0 1K ohm ±10% 1/4W Carbon Film
*M010	**11006003-0	Lamp		ano togget of the Latest
			*S921	SP0402001-2 Push Switch
F001	FR1005001-0	0.5A Circuit Breaker	TO 0 1	YP1000036-0 Plug
	******	A A G G A A G B G A	J921 J922	YP1000036-0 Plug
W001		For AC Supply AC Power Cord	J922 J923	YP1000036-0 Plug
W002	YW2579001-	4 Wire Materials	J923 J924	YP1000036-0 Plug
	T == 1 10000		J924 J925	YP1000036-0 Plug
*L001		AM Ant Coil	J926	YP1000036-0 Plug
L002	LB3007525-0		J926 J927	YP1000036-0 Plug
L003	LC1223001-0			YP1000036-0 Plug
L004		Power Transformer	J928 · J929	YP1000036-0 Flug
*L005	LY4024002-0) кеіау	03Z3	11 1000000 1 1ug
P900	YD2579001-0	For Switch PC Board	P9 80	YD2578011-0 P.C. Board
		A FIX 1 LEGG 1 COM C 1 COM	D 004	RT1047414-0 470K ohm ±10% 1/4W Carbon Film
R901		0 4.7K ohm ±5% 1/2W Carbon Film	P984 R985	RT1047414-0 470K ohm ±10% 1/4W Carbon Film RT1039314-0 39K ohm ±10% 1/4W Carbon Film
R902	GT0547212-0	0 4.7K ohm ±5% 1/2W Carbon Film	1600	111100011 0 0011 0mm -1070 1/14 0m0011 mm

REF.	MARANTZ	REF. MARANTZ	
DESIG.	PART NO. DESCRIPTION	DESIG. PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
R986	RC1033101-0 330 ohm		
C982	EA2270104-0 220uF 10V Elect.		
C983	EA1050501-0 1uF 50V Elect.		
H982	HT309842A-0 2SC984 (C or D) Transistor		
H983	HT306962A-0 2SC696 (B or E) Transistor		
J983			
J983 J984	YP1000036-0 Plug YP1000036-0 Plug	•	
0001	11 1000030-0 Flug		
J987	YP1000036-0 Plug		
M001			
T981	257711806-0 Speacer		



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