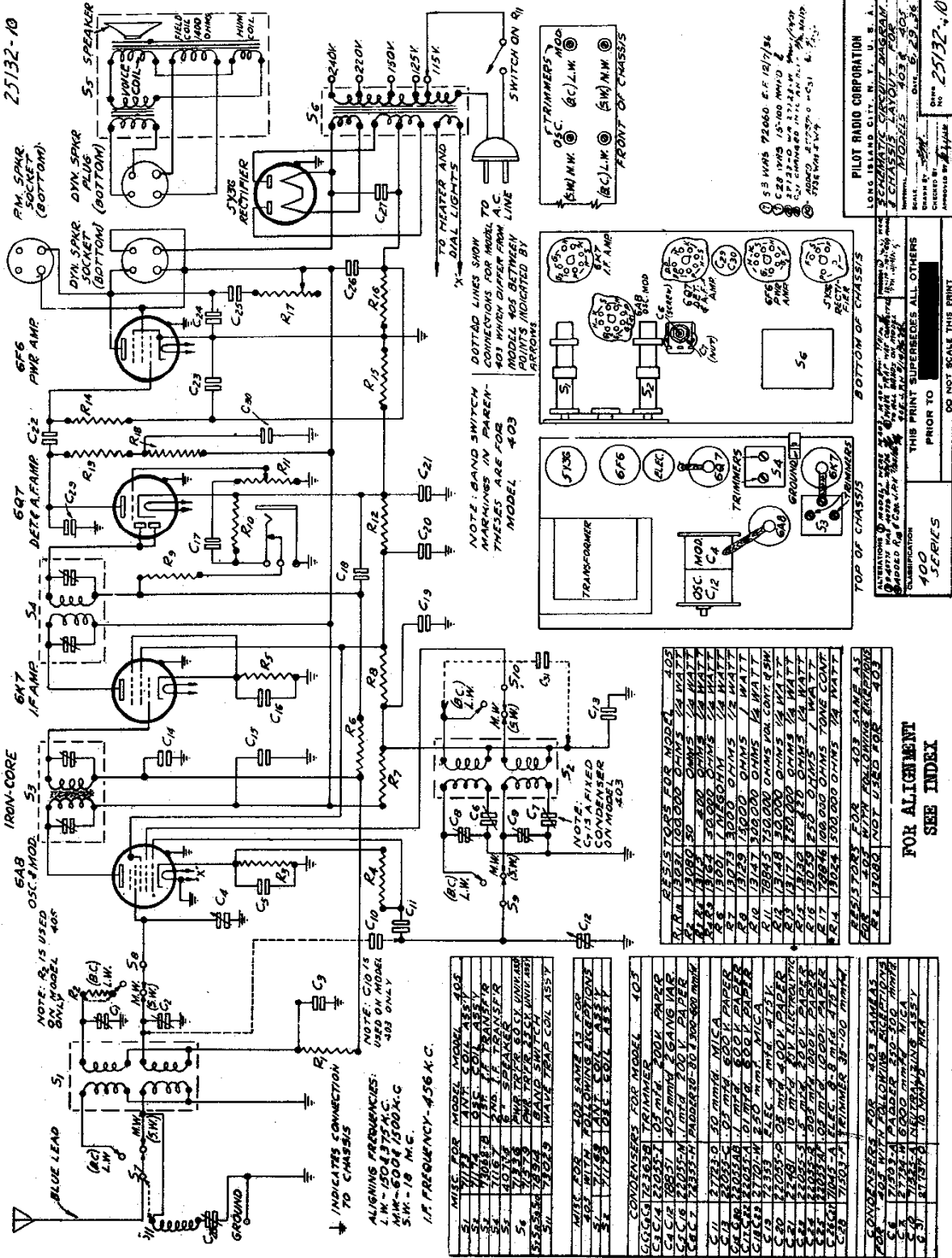


MODELS 403, 405
Schematic, Socket
Trimmers, Parts

PILOT RADIO CORP.



PILOT RADIO CORPORATION
LONG ISLAND CITY, N. Y. U. S. A.
SCHEMATIC CIRCUIT DIAGRAM
CHASSIS LAYOUT FOR MODEL 403
DRAWN BY: JAGGELS
CHECKED BY: JAGGELS
DATE: 25132-10

PRIOR TO THIS PRINT SUPERSEDES ALL OTHERS
100 SCHEMATIC
DO NOT SCALE THIS PRINT

FOR ALIGNMENT
SEE INDEX

MODELS 403, 405
Voltage, Alignment
MODELS 423, 425
Alignment

PILOT RADIO CORP.

Range, Model 425

16 - 555 m. (18,800 - 540 kc.)
 731 - 2140 m. (410 - 140 kc.)

THE U. S. A. ONLY

Next adjust the interstage alignment trimmer for maximum response. Finally adjust the antenna section trimmer in the same manner.

Next adjust the 600 kc. padder condenser, located on the top of the oscillator coil. Set the trimmer control at 600 kc. Rotate the receiver tuning control until resonance is indicated. Then rock the tuning control back and forth about this resonance position, and at the same time adjust the padder condenser for the highest resonance peak.

Now repeat the 1500 kc. trimmer adjustment, following in every detail the procedure previously described.

ALIGNMENT OF THE SHORT WAVE BANDS—The procedure in aligning the short wave bands is identical with that for the broadcast with the exception of the adjustment of the padder condenser. Insert a 400 ohm resistor in series with the antenna lead. The alignment frequencies are as follows:

Band 2: 70 Meters—(6,000 kc.)
 Band 1: 16.6 Meters—(18,000 kc.)

When aligning Band 2, set the Band Selector Switch in the position marked "Band 2." Set the oscillator trimmer pointer at 70 meters. Adjust the oscillator alignment capacitor on Band 2 for maximum output. Next adjust the interstage and antenna section alignment capacitors for maximum output.

To align Band 1, set the Band Selector Switch in the position marked "Band 1." Set the tuning control pointer at 16.6 meters. Set the external oscillator at 16.6 meters. Adjust the oscillator alignment capacitor on Band 1 for maximum output. Proceed next to align the interstage section of Band 1. In doing this, it is essential to rock the tuning control back and forth about the resonance position and at the same time to adjust the trimmer for the highest resonance peak. Next align the antenna section for maximum sensitivity.

LONG WAVE MODEL 423

The above alignment positions refer to the Model 423 only, which differs in frequency alignment points for the Model 425, which is calibrated in meters only, as follows:

Long Wave Align at 750 meters.
 Pad at 2,000 meters.
 Broadcast Align at 200 meters.
 Band 1 Align at 17 meters.

The Long Wave alignment procedure is similar to that for the Broadcast. A 200 mfd. condenser should be used in series with the antenna lead in aligning this band.

CAUTION: When making repairs on the receiver, use only ROSIN CORE SOLDER. NEVER USE SOLDERING PASTE OR ACID FLUXES OF ANY TYPE.

Range, Model 423

16 - 555 m. (18,800 - 540 kc.)

(MODEL 423 IS SOLD OUTSIDE THE CABINET)
REMOVAL OF CHASSIS FROM CABINET:

To remove the chassis from the cabinet proceed as follows:

Be certain that the line cord is removed from the power outlet socket.

Remove the "slip-on" knobs and felt washers from the controls and loosen the set screw on the tuning knob.

Remove the speaker plug from the cable socket.

Remove the four mounting screws, located underneath the cabinet.

REALIGNMENT: Should the receiver require realignment, the procedure outlined below should be followed. The alignment frequencies are as follows, with adequate frequency range, and a visual output meter, should be used.

Before connecting the chassis to the power lines, disconnect the speaker cable in its socket.

The R. F. alignment trimmer condensers are mounted on the side of the R. F. shield.

I. F. ALIGNMENT: When aligning the Intermediate Frequency Amplifier, the external oscillator must be set at 416 kc. The Band Selector Switch should be in the position marked "Broadcast," and the tuning condenser should be turned to the maximum clockwise position. The lead of the external oscillator to the control grid of the type 6K7 tube in the I. F. Amplifier stage through a .1 mfd. fixed condenser. Connect the "ground" lead of the external oscillator to the receiver ground lead. The I. F. alignment capacitors are located at the side of the shielded I. F. transformer. Note the adjusting screw of the external oscillator lead from the type 6K7 I. F. amplifier tube and connect it in the same manner to the control grid at the top of the type 6A8 tube.

Now rotate each adjustment screw on I. F. Unit No. 1 for maximum output. During these operations, use the least possible input to prevent broadening of the resonance peak.

In order to obtain the most accurate realignment of the I. F. amplifier, it is essential to repeat the alignment process in both I. F. Units.

BROADCAST ALIGNMENT: After the I. F. amplifier is completely realigned, connect the external oscillator to the antenna lead. The Band Selector Switch should be in the "Broadcast" position and the 200 mfd. condenser in series with the antenna lead. Set the Band Selector Switch in the "Broadcast" position and place the tuning control pointer at the 1700 kc. mark. Adjust the broadcast band oscillator trimmer.

SERVICE INFORMATION FOR PILOT MODELS 403 AND 405

BROADCAST ALIGNMENT: After the I. F. amplifier is completely realigned, connect the external oscillator lead to the receiver antenna and ground through a .0002 mfd. condenser. Set the Band Switch in the "Broadcast" position. Tune the external oscillator to 1500 kc. Adjust the broadcast band oscillator trimmer to maximum response.

Next adjust the interstage alignment trimmer for maximum response. Finally adjust the antenna section trimmer in the same manner.

Next adjust the 600 kc. padder condenser, located in the center of the chassis on the under side. Set the external oscillator at 600 kc. Rock the receiver tuning control until resonance is indicated. Then rock the tuning control the padder condenser for the highest peak.

Now repeat the 1500 kc. trimmer adjustment, following in every detail the procedure previously described.

The alignment frequencies are as follows:

Longwave Band — 800 meters (375 kc.)
 Broadcast Band 1—16.7 meters (18,000 kc.)

BAND 1: Align Band 1 in a similar manner using a 400-ohm non-inductive resistor in place of the .0002 mfd. condenser. The alignment frequency is 18,000 kc. (16.7 meters).

The alignment of Band 1 requires greater care due to the higher frequencies covered by this band. Rotate the tuning condenser of the receiver until the dial pointer is coincident with the 18,000 kc. indication on the dial. Then rock the tuning control back and forth about this resonance position, and at the same time adjust the trimmer for the highest resonance peak.

THE LONG WAVE ALIGNMENT procedure in the Model 405 is similar to that of the broadcast. Turn the Band Selector Switch to the long wave position. The alignment frequency is 375 kc. Use a .0002 mfd. condenser in the antenna lead from the external oscillator.

REMOVAL OF BAND SELECTOR SWITCH ASSEMBLY: Should it be necessary to remove the switch assembly, it is advisable to realign the receiver after reinstalling it.

CAUTION: When making repairs on the receiver, use ROSIN CORE SOLDER. NEVER USE SOLDERING PASTE OR ACID FLUXES OF ANY TYPE.

RECEIVER DESCRIPTION

Intermediate Frequency—456 kc.
 Tube Functions—
 Type 6A8: Electron emission control oscillator-detector.
 Type 6AR: I. F. amplifier.
 Type 6Q7: Duo-diode detector amplifier.
 Type 6F6: Class "A" power pentode.
 Type 5W4: Full-wave rectifier for power supply.

VOLTAGES

The D. C. Voltages measured at the tube sockets of the set should be read with a 1000 ohm per volt.

	OSC. DET.	I. F.	DET.	PENTODE RECTIFIER
Type 6A8	Type 6K7	Type 6Q7	Type 6F6	Type 5W4
Plate	230	230	230	320
Cathode	4	3.5	1.3	6.3
Screen	85	85	6.3	5
filament	6.3	6.3		

Voltages measured at 250,000 ohm plane resistors.
 Speaker field voltage 90 volts. All plate voltages measured to cathode.
 All screen voltages measured to cathode.
 All cathode voltages measured to chassis frame.

REMOVAL OF CHASSIS FROM CABINET: To remove the chassis from the cabinet proceed as follows:

Be certain that the line cord is removed from the power outlet socket.

Remove the knobs and felt washers from the controls on the front panel, and loosen the set screw on the tuning knob.

Remove the speaker plug from the socket at the rear of the chassis.

Remove the four mounting screws, located underneath the cabinet and pull chassis out.

REALIGNMENT: If the receiver requires alignment, the procedure outlined below should be followed. In the schematic diagram sheet, the location and function of the various alignment capacitors are clearly illustrated. For best results, an external modulated oscillator with adequate frequency range and a visual output meter, should be used.

Before connecting the chassis to the power lines, reconnect the speaker cable in its socket at the rear of the chassis.

I. F. ALIGNMENT: When aligning the Intermediate Frequency Amplifier, the external oscillator must be set at 416 kc. The Band Selector Switch should be in the position marked "Broadcast," and the tuning condenser should be turned to the maximum clockwise position. Connect the antenna lead of the external oscillator to the control grid of the 6K7 tube in the I. F. Amplifier through a .1 mfd. fixed condenser. Connect the "ground" lead of the external oscillator to the receiver ground lead. The I. F. alignment capacitors are located at the side of the shielded I. F. transformer. Note the adjusting screw of each capacitor on I. F. Unit No. 2 slowly until maximum output is noted. Following this, connect the external oscillator leads to the control grid of the 6A8 tube. Adjust each trimmer on I. F. Unit No. 1 for maximum gain.

During these operations, use the least possible input to prevent broadening of the resonance peaks.

In order to obtain the most accurate realignment of the I. F. amplifier, it is essential to repeat the alignment process in all I. F. Units, with the external oscillator lead connected to the control grid of the 6A8 tube.

WAVE TRAP ADJUSTMENT: With the oscillator still set at 356 kc., connect the oscillator to the antenna through a 200 ohm condenser. Then tune the wave trap condenser for minimum deflection on the output meter.

Operating Voltages—115, 125, 150, 220, 240 volts, AC, non-inductive Current.

Frequency Rating—50 to 60 cycles.
 Power Consumption—60 watts.
 Tubes—1 type 6A8, 1 type 6K7, 1 type 6Q7, 1 type 6F6, 1 type 5W4.
 Undislocated Power Output—3 watts.