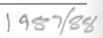
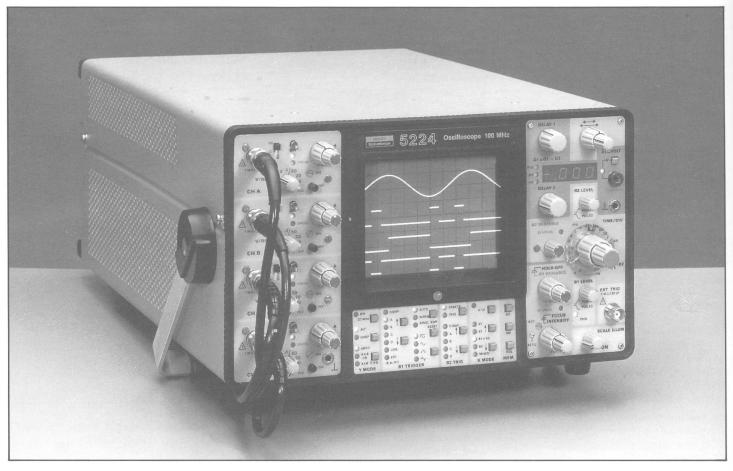
COMPACT OSCILLOSCOPES 5220 - 5224 100MHz





2 channels (5220)

4 channels (5224)

CATHODE RAY TUBE

Screen: rectangular, blue filter, flat face, 8×10 cm usable area, with internal graticule scaled with 1 cm division and adjustable illumination.

Phosphor: P31 standard.

Post-deflection acceleration: 12kV.

External beam modulation:

Spot is blanked by about + 5V. Bandwidth: DC to 20MHz. Input impedance: $2k\Omega$. Maximum input voltage: 50Vp-p AC.

VERTICAL DEFLECTION

• MODEL 5220

2 amplifier channels A and B, and trigger channel C.

Bandwidth (to - 3dB): DC to 100MHz. 20MHz filter.

Sensitivity:

Channels A and B : 5mV/div. to 5V/div. up to 100MHz.

High-brightness 12kV CRT Built-in multimeter

2mV/div. up to 50MHz. Selected by switch, in 1 - 2 - 5 sequence; calibration accuracy: \pm 3 %. Continuous gain adjustment by 2.5: 1 ratio vernier with CAL switch and uncal indicator lamp.

Channel C:

100mV/div. and 1V/div., with shift and continuous gain adjustment by 2.5: 1 ratio vernier with CAL switch and uncal indicator lamp.

Input coupling : DC, 0, AC/2Hz.

Input impedance:

without probe : $1M\Omega//about\ 20pF$, with probe : $10M\Omega//12pF$.

Maximum permissible input voltage: without probe: 350V DC + PAC,

700Vp-p AC.

with probe: 750V DC or p-p AC.

Delay line: visible delay of about 20ns.

Vertical display modes:

channels : A, B, C; channels \pm A \pm B and C; channels A, A \pm B, B, C (4 traces). Function keyboard
Set-up configuration storage

Polarity of channels A and B can be inverted. Channels A, B and C can be viewed separately or simultaneously, alternately or chopped at a fixed frequency of about 1MHz.

Lamps signal the channels in service.

Each channel can be turned off with a switch (lamp out), so that 1, 2, 3 or 4 traces can be viewed.

Trigger source is not affected by this channel switching.

• MODEL 5224

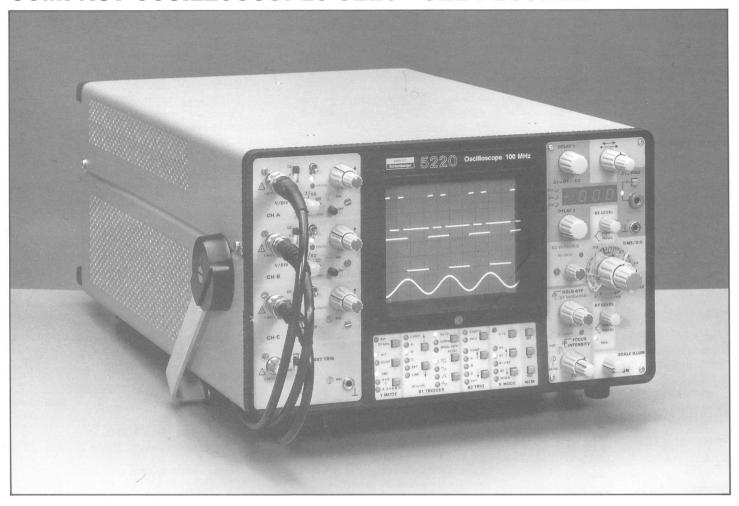
4 amplifier channels A, B, C and D.

Bandwidth (to - 3 dB): DC to 100MHz 20MHz filter.

Sensitivity

5mV/div. to 5V/div. up to 100MHz. 2mV/div. up to 50MHz. Selected by switch, in 1 - 2 - 5 sequence; calibration accuracy: ± 3 %. Continuous gain adjustment, for each channel, by 2.5: 1 ratio vernier with CAL switch and uncal indicator lamp.

COMPACT OSCILLOSCOPES 5220 - 5224 100MHz



Input coupling: DC, 0, AC/2Hz.

Input impedance:

without probe : $1M\Omega//about 20pF$, with probe : $10M\Omega//12 pF$.

Maximum permissible input voltage: without probe: 350V DC + PAC;

700Vp-p AC.

with probe : 600V DC or p-p AC.

Delay line: visible delay of about 20ns.

Vertical display modes:

channel switching.

Channels A, B, C, D (4 channels). A \pm B and C D; A \pm B and C \pm D. Polarity of each channel can be inverted. Channels A, B, C, D can be viewed separately or simultaneously, alternately or chopped at a fixed frequency of about 1MHz.

Lamps signal the channels in service. Each channel can be turned off with a switch (lamp out), so that 1, 2, 3 or 4 channels can be viewed. Trigger source is not affected by this

HORIZONTAL DEFLECTION

B1: 50ns/div. to 0.5s/div.

• MODELS 5220 and 5224

Time base:

main B1, delayed B2, B1 and B2 mixed.

Sweep rates:

B2: 50ns/div. to 50ms/div.
Sequence: 1 - 2 - 5.

× 10 magnifier: 5ns/div.
B1 and B2 sweep rates can be continuously adjusted by 2 verniers with 2.5: 1 ratio giving range overlap; they have CAL switches and uncal warning lamps.

B1 and B2 calibration accuracy : \pm 3 % on all ranges.

 \times 10 magnifier : \pm 2 %.

Horizontal display modes:

B1 only: B1 delaying and intensified by B2; B2 only, delayed by B1; B1 and B2 mixed.

Delay system:

Two 10-turn controls R1 and R2 release B2 at any two points along B1.

Delay R1 initializes B2 or enables B2 trigger. Delay time: 0.5s/div. to 0.1µs/div. ± 2 % of B1.

Jitter: 1/20 000th of B1 duration.

TRIGGERING

• MODEL 5220

B1

Source:

Internal: signal picked off channel A, B or C or composite signal of channels A, B, C.

Sensitivity : ≤ 0.5 div. at 1kHz, ≤ 1.5 div. at 100MHz.

Line: frequency of mains supply.

External: sensitivity: ≤ 100mV at 1kHz,

 $\leq 200 \text{mV}$ at 100 MHz.

External 1/10 (divided by 10):

sensitivity: $\leq 1V$ at 1kHz,

≤ 2V at 100MHz.

Input impedance : $1M\Omega//20pF$. Maximum input voltage :

350V DC + peak AC.

Coupling: DC, AC, integrated, differentiated.

Polarity: positive or negative.