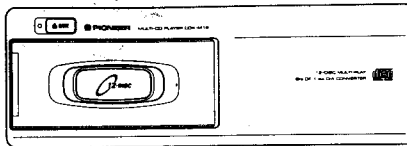


Service Manual

PIONEER
The Art of Entertainment

• CDX-M12/UC



ORDER NO.
CRT1521

MULTI-COMPACT DISC PLAYER

CDX-M12

UC, EW

COMPACT
disc
DIGITAL AUDIO

● See the separate manual CX-612 (CRT1518) for the CD mechanism description.

CONTENTS

1. SAFETY INFORMATION	2	9. CHASSIS EXPLODED VIEW	51
2. DISASSEMBLY	3	10. MAGAZINE ASSY EXPLODED VIEW	54
3. BLOCK DIAGRAM	5	11. CD MECHANISM UNIT EXPLODED VIEW	56
4. ADJUSTMENT	7	12. PACKING METHOD	63
5. CONNECTION DIAGRAM(1)	39	13. ELECTRICAL PARTS LIST	64
6. SCHEMATIC CIRCUIT DIAGRAM(1)	43	14. CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION	66
7. SCHEMATIC CIRCUIT DIAGRAM(2)	46	15. OPERATIONS AND CONNECTION	86
8. CONNECTION DIAGRAM(2)	49		

SPECIFICATIONS

General

System Compact disc audio system
Usable discs Compact Disc
Signal format Sampling frequency: 44.1 kHz
Number of quantisation bits: 16; linear
Power source 14.4 V DC (10.8 — 15.6 V allowable)
Max. current consumption 0.9 A
Weight 2.8 kg (6.2 lbs.)
Dimensions 275 (W) × 93 (H) × 168 (D) mm
[10-7/8 (W) × 3-5/8 (H) × 6-5/8 (D) in.]

Audio

Frequency characteristics 5 — 20,000 Hz (±1 dB)
Signal-to-noise ratio . 97 dB (1 kHz) (IHF-A Network)(UC)
97 dB (1 kHz) (IEC-A Network)(EW)
Dynamic range 94 dB (1 kHz)
Output level 500 mV (1 kHz, 0 dB)
Number of channels 2 (stereo)

Note:

Specifications and the design are subject to possible modification without prior notice due to improvements.

● CD Player Service Precautions

1. Since these screws protect the mechanism during transport, be sure to affix it when it is transported for repair, etc.
2. For pick-up unit handling, please refer to "Disassembly". During replacement, handling precautions shall be taken to prevent an electrostatic discharge (protection by a short pin).
3. During disassembly, be sure to turn the power off since an internal IC might be destroyed when a connector is plugged or unplugged.

PIONEER ELECTRONIC CORPORATION

4-1, Meguro 1-Chome, Meguro-ku, Tokyo 153, Japan

PIONEER ELECTRONICS SERVICE INC. P.O. Box 1760, Long Beach, California 90801 U.S.A.

PIONEER ELECTRONICS OF CANADA, INC. 300 Allstate Parkway Markham, Ontario L3R 0P2 Canada

PIONEER ELECTRONIC [EUROPE] N.V. Haven 1087 Keetberglaan 1, 9120 Melsele, Belgium

PIONEER ELECTRONICS AUSTRALIA PTY. LTD. 178-184 Boundary Road, Braeside, Victoria 3195, Australia TEL: [03]580-9911

© **PIONEER ELECTRONIC CORPORATION 1993**

FA MAY 1993 Printed in Japan

1. SAFETY INFORMATION

1.1 CDX-M12/EW

1. Safety Precautions for those who Service this Unit.

- Follow the adjustment steps (see pages 7 through 25) in the service manual when servicing this unit. When checking or adjusting the emitting power of the laser diode exercise caution in order to get safe, reliable results.

Caution:

1. During repair or tests, minimum distance of 13cm from the focus lens must be kept.
2. During repair or tests, do not view laser beam for 10 seconds or longer.

2. A "CLASS 1 LASER PRODUCT" label is affixed to the rear of the player.

3. The triangular label is attached to the mechanism unit frame.



Fig.1

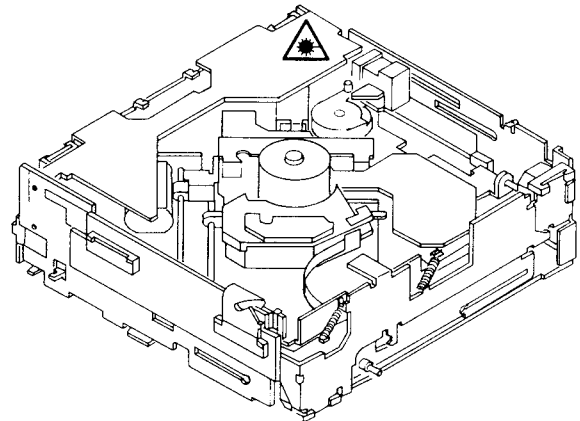


Fig.2

4. Specifications of Laser Diode

Specifications of laser radiation fields to which human access is possible during service.

Wavelength = 785 nanometers

Radiant power = 69.7 microwatts (Through a circular aperture stop having a diameter of 80 millimeters)
0.55 microwatts (Through a circular aperture stop having a diameter of 7 millimeters)

1.2 CDX-M12/UC

CAUTION

This service manual is intended for qualified service technicians; it is not meant for the casual do-it-yourselfer. Qualified technicians have the necessary test equipment and tools, and have been trained to properly and safely repair complex products such as those covered by this manual.

Improperly performed repairs can adversely affect the safety and reliability of the product and may void the warranty. If you are not qualified to perform the repair of this product properly and safely; you should not risk trying to do so and refer the repair to a qualified service technician.

WARNING

Lead in solder used in this product is listed by the California Health and Welfare agency as a known reproductive toxicant which may cause birth defects or other reproductive harm (California Health & Safety Code, Section 25249.5). When servicing or handling circuit boards and other components which contain lead in solder, avoid unprotected skin contact with the solder. Also, when soldering do not inhale any smoke or fumes produced.

2. DISASSEMBLY

● Case

1. Unfasten six screws A and then remove the upper case.
2. Unfasten four screws B and then remove the lower case.

● Grille Assy

1. Unlock four catches and dismount the grille assy.

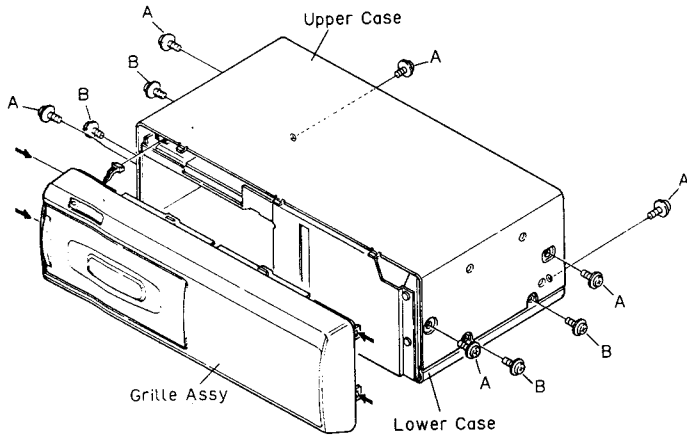


Fig.3

● Bracket L,R

1. Unfasten eight screws.
2. Remove bracket L.
3. Remove bracket R.

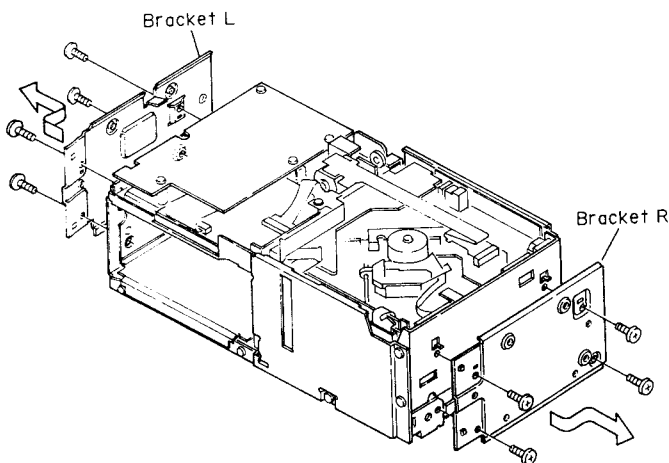


Fig.4

● Extension P.C.Board

1. Unfasten five screws.
2. Remove the connector.
3. Remove the extension P.C.Board.

NOTE:

Be sure to screw in order of 1-5.

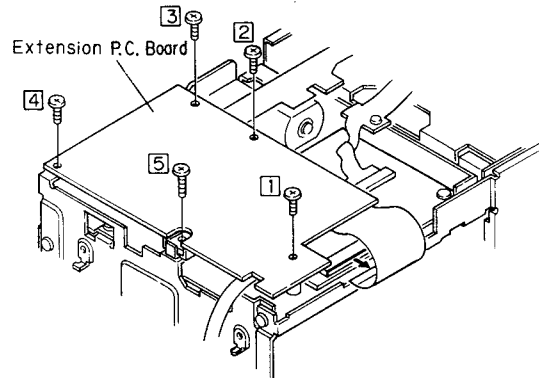


Fig.5

● CN351

Before disconnecting the CN351 connector (PU unit connector), attach a short pin as illustrated.

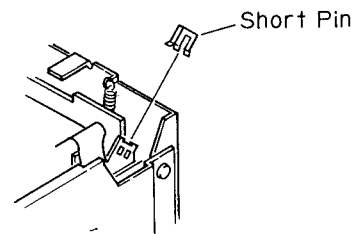


Fig.6

● Main Unit

1. Unfasten four screws.
2. Remove the three connectors.
3. Remove the main unit.

NOTE:

Be sure to screw in order of 1-4.

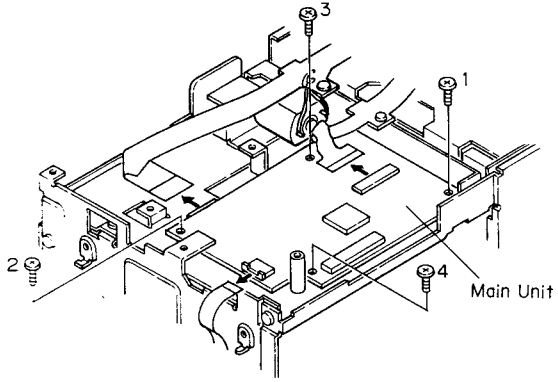


Fig.7

4. ADJUSTMENT

1) Precautions

- This unit uses a single power supply (+5V) for the regulator. The signal reference potential, therefore, is connected to REFOUT (approx. 2.5V) instead of GND. If REFOUT and GND are connected to each other by mistake during adjustments, not only will it be impossible to measure the potential correctly, but the servo will malfunction and a severe shock will be applied to the pick-up. To avoid this, take special note of the following.

Do not connect the negative probe of the measuring equipment to REFOUT and GND together. It is especially important not to connect the channel 1 negative probe of the oscilloscope to REFOUT with the channel 2 negative probe connected to GND.

And since the frame of the measuring instrument is usually at the same potential as the negative probe, change the frame of the measuring instrument to floating status.

If by accident REFOUT comes in contact with GND, immediately switch the regulator or power OFF.

- Always make sure the regulator is OFF when connecting and disconnecting the various filters and wiring required for measurements.
- Before proceeding to further adjustments and measurements after switching regulator ON, let the player run for about one minute to allow the circuits to stabilize.
- Since the protective systems in the unit's software are rendered inoperative in test mode, be very careful to avoid mechanical and / or electrical shocks to the system when making adjustment.
- When loading and unloading discs during adjustment procedures, always wait for the disc to be properly clamped or ejected before pressing the another key. Otherwise, there is risk of the actuator being destroyed.
- Turn power off when pressing the button **▶▶** or the button **◀◀** key for focus search in the test mode. (Or else lens may stick and the actuator may be damaged.)

2) Test mode

The model CDX-M12 is adjusted in a combination with the multiple CD control head (FH-M75, FH-M70, DEH-M980RDS, etc.). Each regulator key should be operated at the head. With the FH-M75, M70 taken up for reference, a description will be given below concerning how to enter into the test mode, including key operations. The key in the adjustment text is also one of the FH-M75, M70 keys.

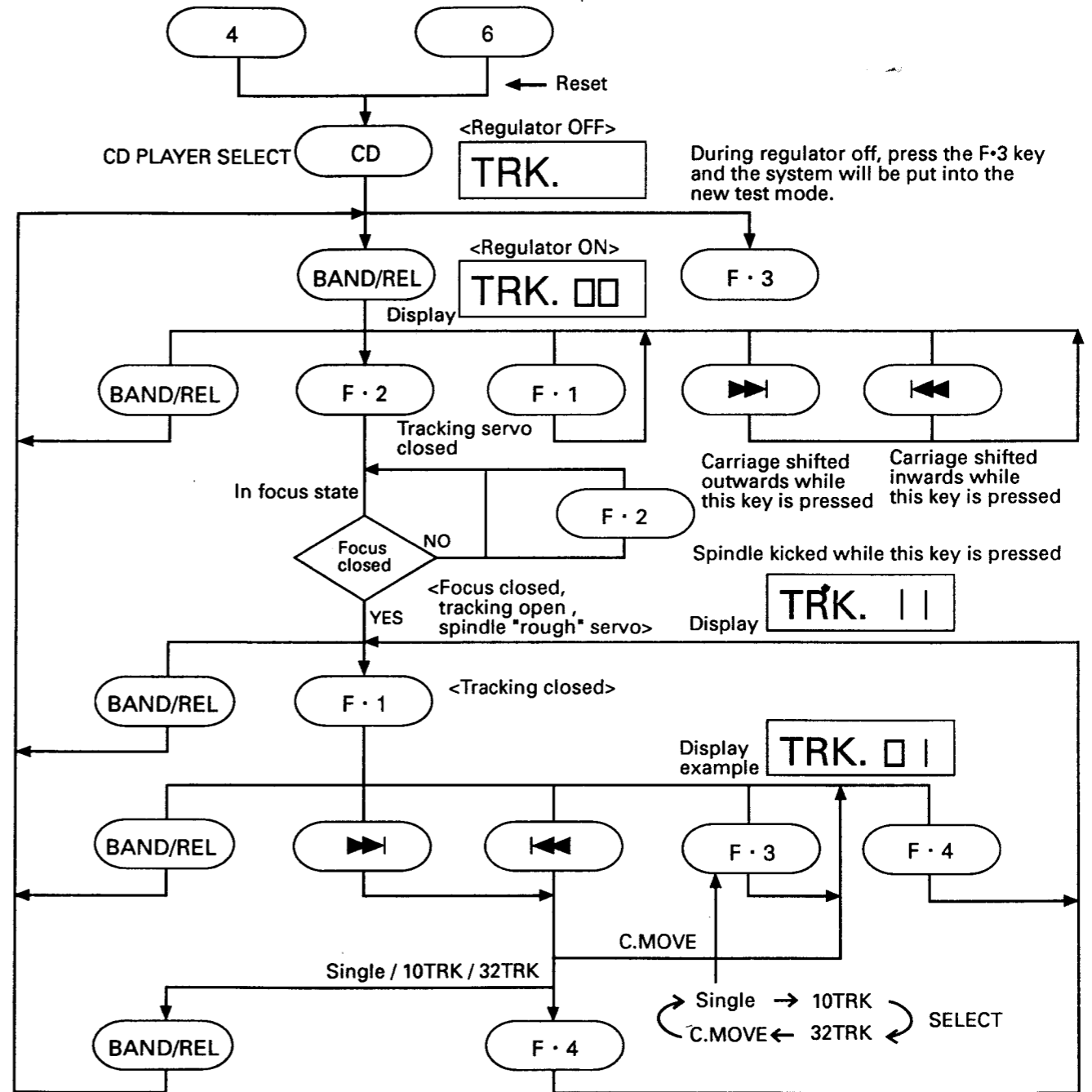
- How to enter into the test mode
While pressing keys 4 and 6 at a time, press the back-up ON or clear button ON the FH-M75, M70.
- Resetting the test mode
Press the clear button ON the FH-M75, M70. Subsequently press the clear button ON the CDX-M12. Or turn off the CDX-M12 and the FH-M75, M70 back-up and wait for about one minute.
- Role to be played by each key in the test mode

A function key permits you to select the CD multi-player or single CD player.

Key	Function
BAND/REL	RegulatorON/OFF
▶▶	FWD Kick
◀◀	REV Kick
EJECT	EJECT
F·3	Jump mode
F·1	Tracking close
F·4	Tracking open
F·2	Focus close
CD	CD ON/OFF

- SINGLE/10TRK/32TRK will continue to operate even after the key is released. Tracking closed the moment C-MOVE is released.
- JUMP MODE resets to SINGLE as soon as power is off.

Flow Chart



3. BLOCK DIAGRAM

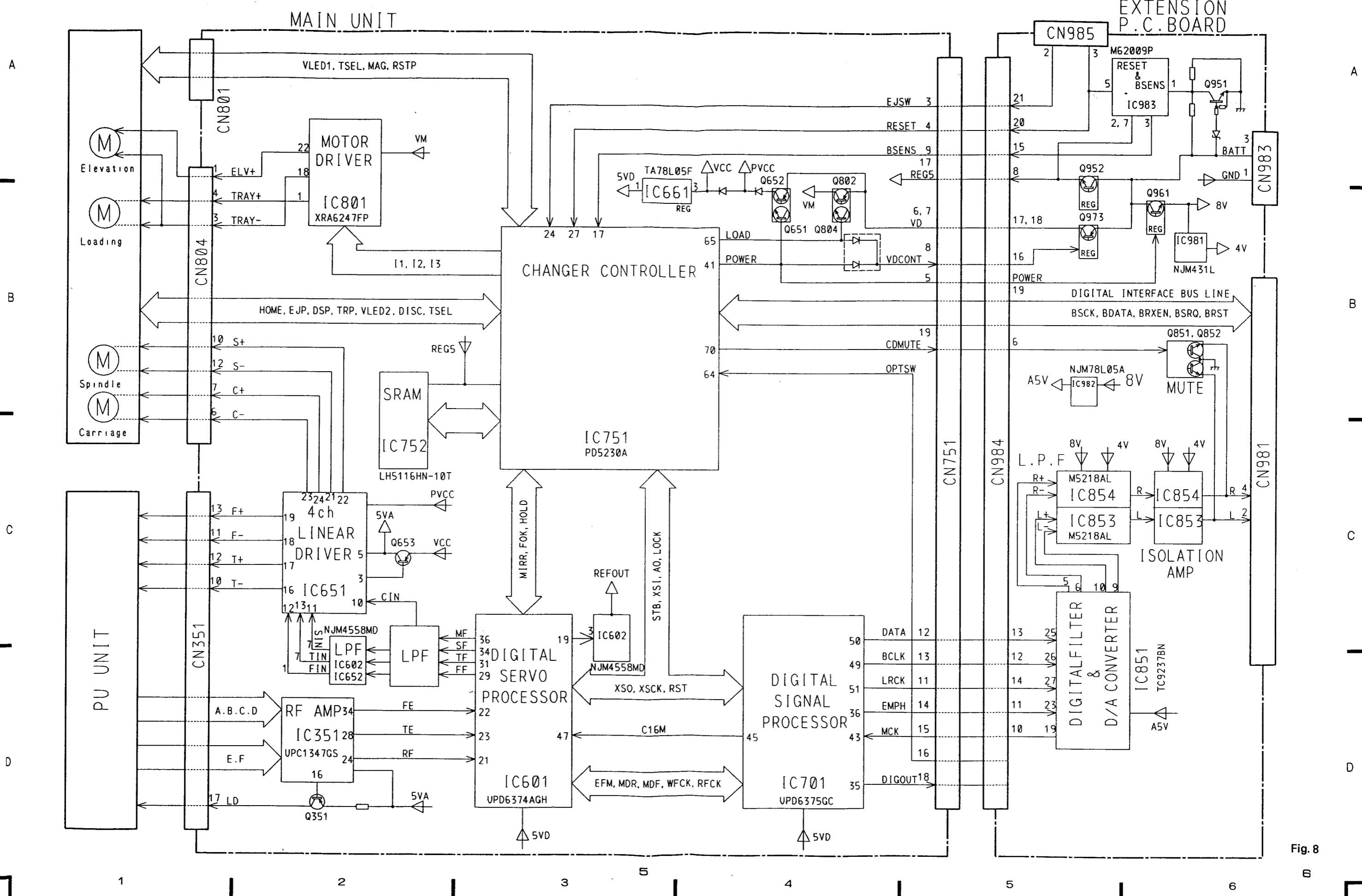


Fig. 8

● Measuring Equipment and Jigs

Adjustment	• Measuring equipment&jigs
1. Grating Adjustment-1 (Rough adjustment)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Oscilloscope, clock driver, grating adjustment filter (bandpass filter)(GGF-133), AC milli-voltmeter • SONY TYPE 4 (or ABEX TCD-782) • Extension Cable:GGD1023 • DIN Cord:GGF1159
2. Tangential Skew Check	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Oscilloscope, screwdriver • SONY TYPE 4 (or ABEX TCD-782) • Extension Cable:GGD1023 • DIN Cord:GGF1159
3. Grating Adjustment-1 (Fine adjustment)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Oscilloscope, clock driver, two low-pass filters • SONY TYPE 4 (or ABEX TCD-782) • Extension Cable:GGD1023 • DIN Cord:GGF1159
4. Grating Adjustment-2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Oscilloscope, grating adjustment driver, low-pass filter • SONY TYPE 4 (or ABEX TCD-782) • Extension Cable:GGD1023 • DIN Cord:GGF1159
5. FE Bias Adjustment	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Oscilloscope, volume adjustment driver • SONY TYPE 4 (or ABEX TCD-782) • Extension Cable:GGD1023 • DIN Cord:GGF1159
6. RF Offset Adjustment	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Oscilloscope, volume adjustment driver • SONY TYPE 4 (or ABEX TCD-782) • Extension Cable:GGD1023 • DIN Cord:GGF1159
7. TE Offset Adjustment-1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DC voltmeter or oscilloscope, volume adjustment driver • Extension Cable:GGD1023 • DIN Cord:GGF1159
8. Tracking Balance Adjustment-1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Oscilloscope, volume adjustment driver • SONY TYPE 4 (or ABEX TCD-782) • Extension Cable:GGD1023 • DIN Cord:GGF1159
9. Focus Servo Loop Gain Adjustment-1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Oscillator, gain adjustment filter (GGF-065), oscilloscope, dual meter milli-voltmeter, volume adjustment driver • SONY TYPE 4 (or ABEX TCD-782) • Extension Cable:GGD1023 • DIN Cord:GGF1159
10. Focus Servo Loop Gain Adjustment-2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Oscillator, gain adjustment filter, oscilloscope, volume adjustment driver • SONY TYPE 4 (or ABEX TCD-782) • Extension Cable:GGD1023 • DIN Cord:GGF1159
11. Tracking Servo Loop Gain Adjustment-1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Oscillator, gain adjustment filter (GGF-065), oscilloscope, dual meter milli-voltmeter, volume adjustment driver • SONY TYPE 4 (or ABEX TCD-782) • Extension Cable:GGD1023 • DIN Cord:GGF1159
12. Tracking Servo Loop Gain Adjustment-2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Oscillator, gain adjustment filter, oscilloscope, volume adjustment driver • SONY TYPE 4 (or ABEX TCD-782) • Extension Cable:GGD1023 • DIN Cord:GGF1159
13. TE Offset Adjustment-2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DC voltmeter or oscilloscope, volume adjustment driver • Extension Cable:GGD1023 • DIN Cord:GGF1159

Adjustment	• Measuring equipment&jigs
14. Checking FEY Level	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Oscilloscope• SONY TYPE 4 (or ABEX TCD-782)• Extension Cable:GGD1023 • DIN Cord:GGF1159
15. Tracking Balance Adjustment-2 And Checking TEY Level	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Oscilloscope, volume adjustment driver• SONY TYPE 4 (or ABEX TCD-782)• Extension Cable:GGD1023 • DIN Cord:GGF1159

● Adjustment Points

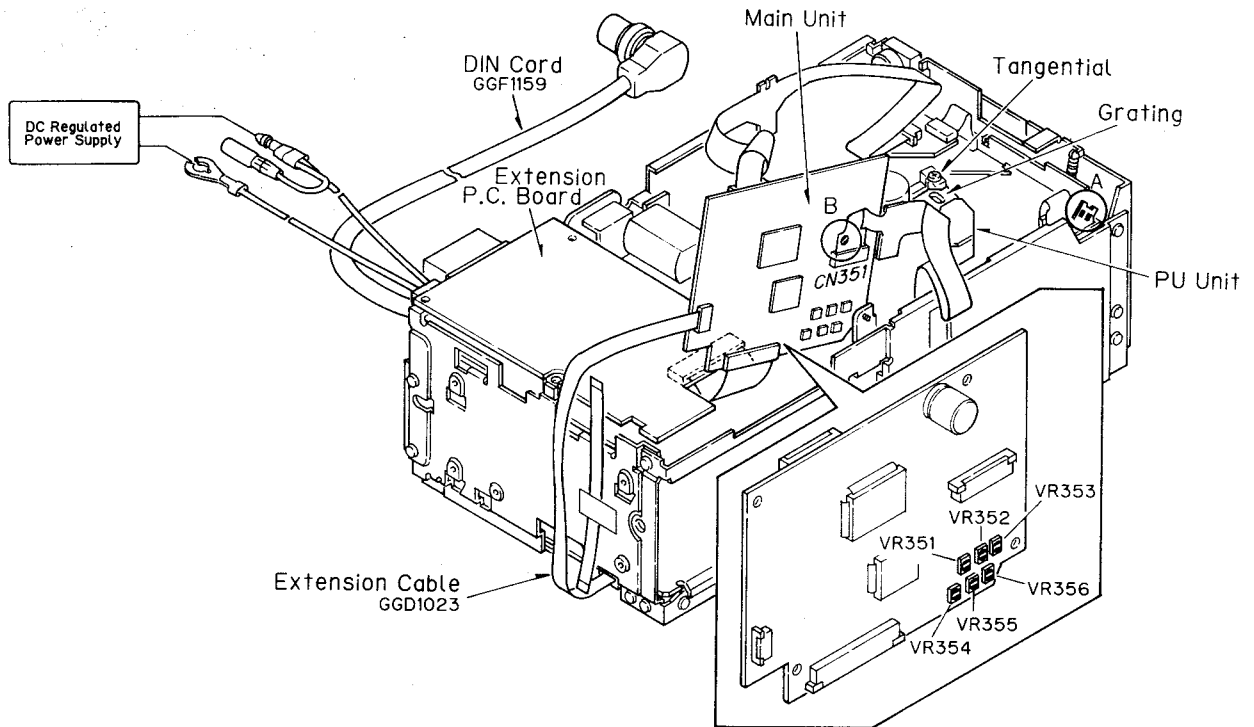


Fig. 9

VR351	FE BIAS
VR352	RF OFFSET
VR353	TE OFFSET
VR354	TRACKING BALANCE
VR355	FOCUS SERVO LOOP GAIN
VR356	TRACKING SERVO LOOP GAIN

Note: When pulling out the connector CN351, be sure to install a short pin in section A. Alternatively, the land in section B may be short-circuited (by soldering or the like). When the connector is inserted, be sure to disconnect it before the power is turned on.

● Test Point

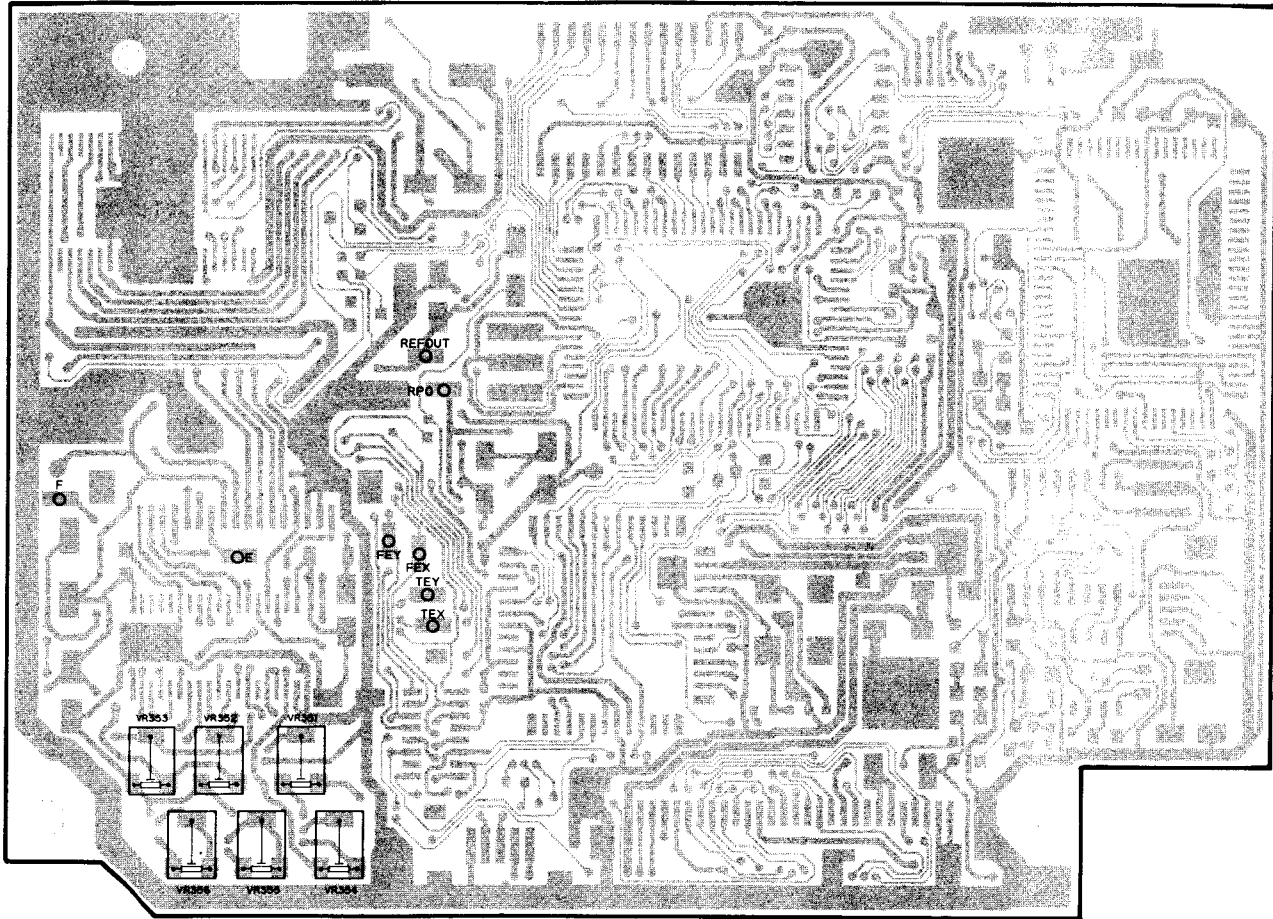
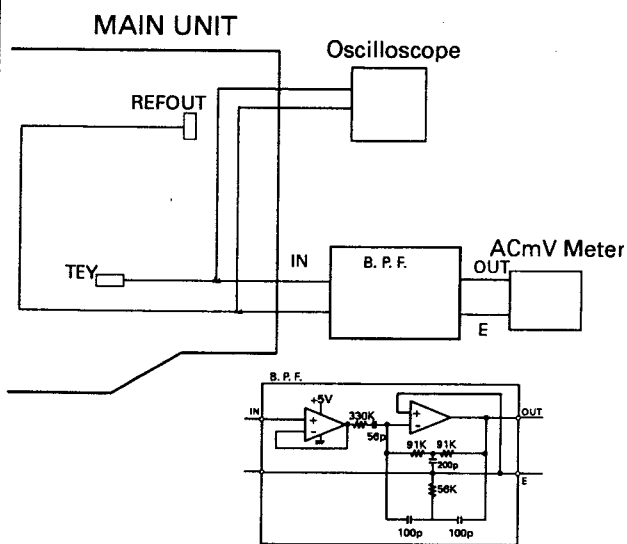


Fig. 10

1 Grating Adjustment-1 (Rough adjustment)

- Grating Adjustment-1 (rough adjustment and fine adjustment) may be performed in Grating Adjustment-2.
- **Purpose:**
The grating may need adjustment in a replaced pick-up unit.
- **Maladjustment symptoms:**
No disc playback, track jumping.

- **Measuring equipment / jigs:**
Oscilloscope, clock driver, grating adjustment filter (bandpass filter) (GGF-133), AC milli-voltmeter
- **Measuring point:**
TEY
- **Test disc and setting:**
SONY TYPE 4 (or ABEX TCD-782) Test mode
- **Adjustment position:**
Pick-up grating adjustment hole



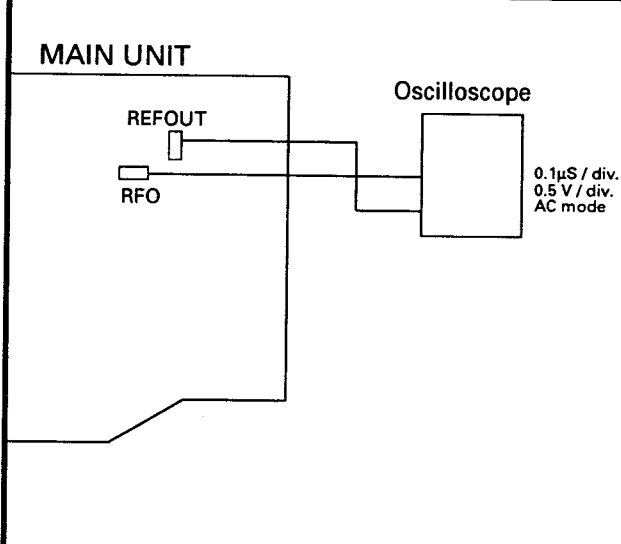
Adjustment Procedure

1. In the test mode, set a test disc-loaded magazine and select the tray with a test disc.
2. Switch regulator ON .
3. Using the ►► or ◄◄ key, move the pick-up to about the center of the test disc.
4. Press the F•2 key to close focus.
5. While monitoring the TEY filter output by AC milli-voltmeter, turn the grating adjustment hole slowly. The AC voltage increases and decreases while turning the screw. Search for the minimum voltage level. (This corresponds to the position where the grating is on a track, and is referred to as the null point.)
6. Then while monitoring TEY by oscilloscope, turn the driver slowly clockwise from the null point (as seen from under the pick-up) until the first wave-form peak amplitude is reached.

2 Tangential Skew Check

- **Purpose:**
To check whether tangential skew has been misaligned or not when replacing the pick-up unit.
- **Maladjustment symptoms:**
No disc playback, track jumping.

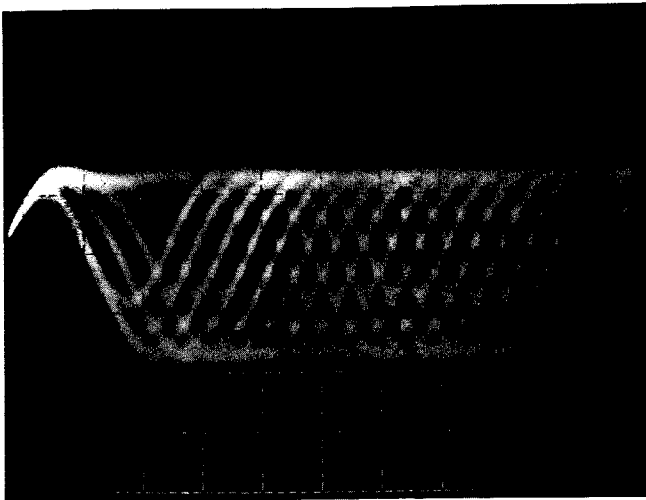
- **Measuring equipment / jigs:**
Oscilloscope, screwdriver
- **Measuring point:**
RFO
- **Test disc and setting:**
SONY TYPE 4 (or ABEX TCD-782) Normal mode
- **Adjustment position:**
Pick-up tangential adjustment screw



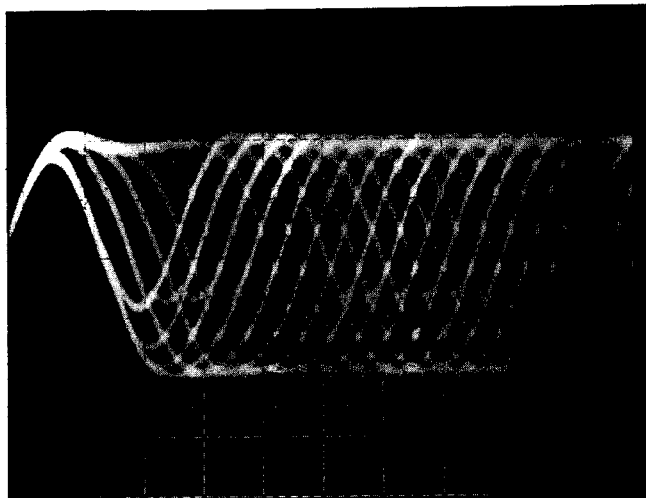
Adjustment Procedure

1. Play tune TNO 12 in normal mode. (ABEX TCD-782:TNO19)
2. Adjust the tangential adjustment screw so that the RF wave-form will have a level maximized and an eye pattern clearly viewed. Turn the adjustment screw both clockwise and counterclockwise to points where the eye pattern deteriorates, and take the midway point as the adjustment point. As a general guide, look for an overall clear waveform, and one of the diamond shapes in the eye pattern. The diamond shapes should appear in fine lines at the point of optimum adjustment. Take care not to knock the pick-up with the screwdriver at this stage. (This kind of accident can result in loss of focus.) (See Waveform.1,2)
3. Apply "screw-lock" to the tangential adjustment screw.
4. After adjusting tangential skew, also adjust the grating.

3 Grating Adjustment-1(Fine adjustment)



Waveform.1

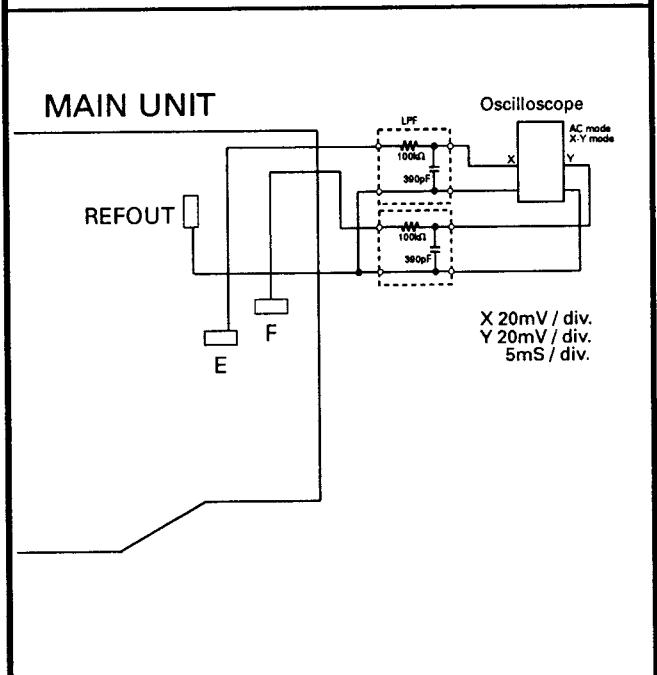


Waveform.2

0.5V/div.
0.5 μ s/div.
DC mode

- **Purpose:**
The grating may need adjustment in a replaced pick-up unit.
- **Maladjustment symptoms:**
No disc playback, track jumping.

- **Measuring equipment / jigs:**
Oscilloscope, clock driver, two low-pass filters
- **Measuring point:**
E LPF output, F LPF output
- **Test disc and setting:**
SONY TYPE 4 (or ABEX TCD-782) Test mode
- **Adjustment position:**
Pick-up grating adjustment hole



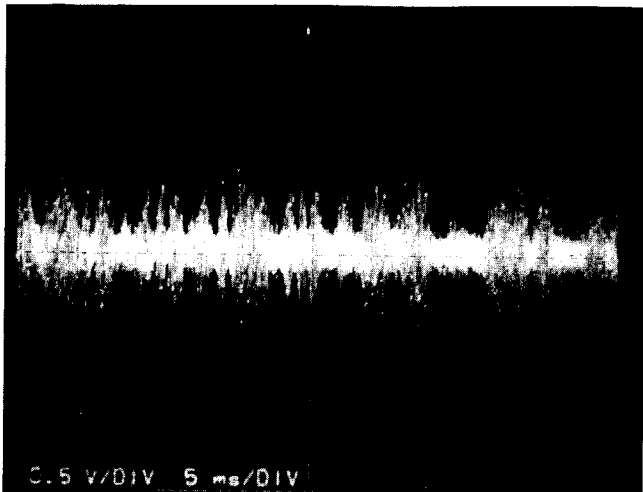
Adjustment Procedure

1. Connect a low-pass filter as shown in the above diagram.
2. Switch regulator ON in test mode, and load a disc.
3. Using the \blacktriangleright or \blacktriangleleft key, move the pick-up to about the center of the test disc.
4. Press the F•2 key to close focus.
5. Using the driver, adjust the Lissajous figure to a single line (or as close as possible).
(See Waveform.8)
6. Switch regulator OFF and remove the filters.

TEY waveform 5ms/div., 500mV/div.

Nul Point

Lissajous figure (AC input)
Horizontal axis E 20mV/div.
Vertical axis F 20mV/div.

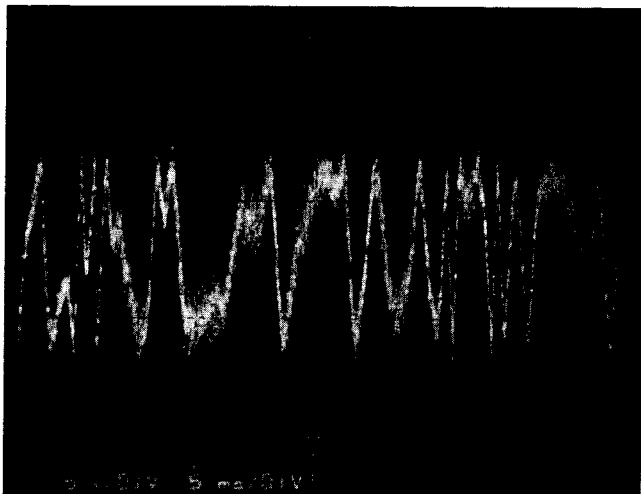


Waveform.3

Waveform.4



"Rough" adjustment

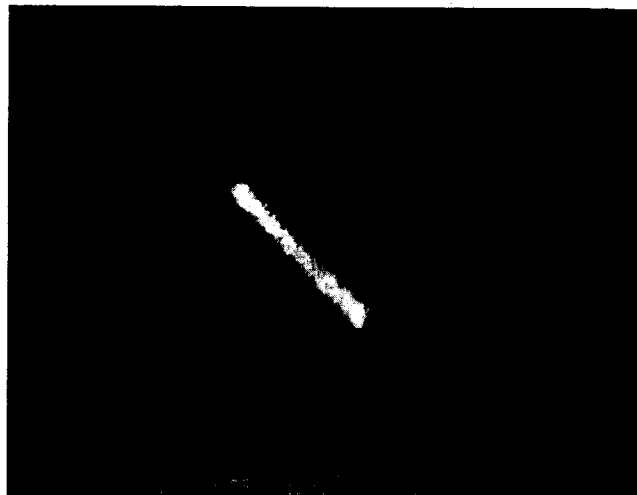
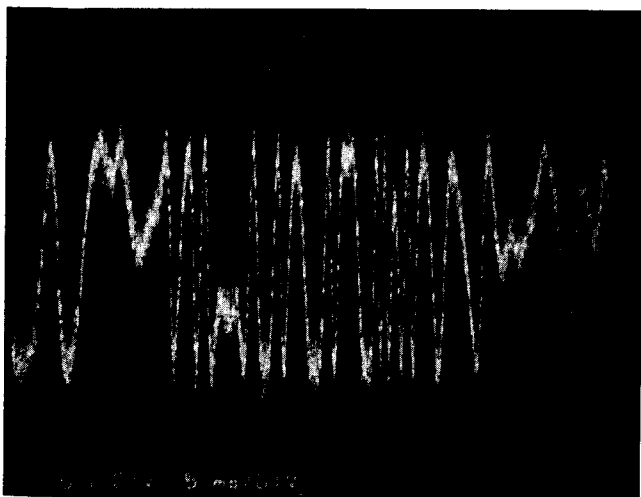


Waveform.5

Waveform.6



Final adjustment



Waveform.7

Waveform.8

4 Grating Adjustment-2

- Grating Adjustment-2 may be performed in Grating Adjustment-1 (rough adjustment and fine adjustment).

- **Purpose:**

The grating may need adjustment in a replaced pick-up unit.

- **Maladjustment symptoms:**

No disc playback, track jumping.

- **Measuring equipment / jigs:**

Oscilloscope, grating adjustment driver, low-pass filter

- **Measuring point:**

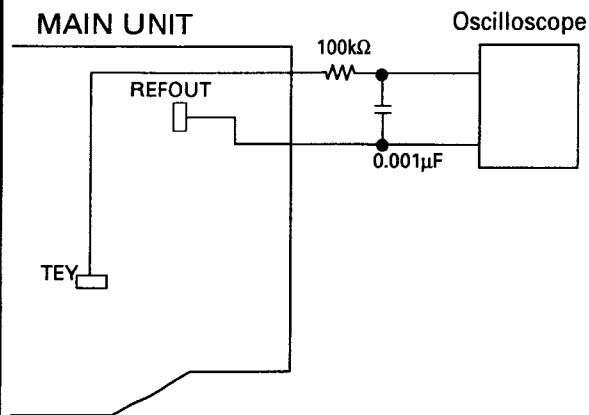
TEY

- **Test disc and setting:**

SONY TYPE 4 (or ABEX TCD-782) Test mode

- **Adjustment position:**

Pick-up grating adjustment hole



Adjustment Procedure

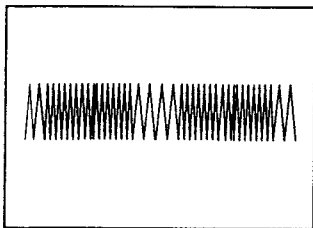
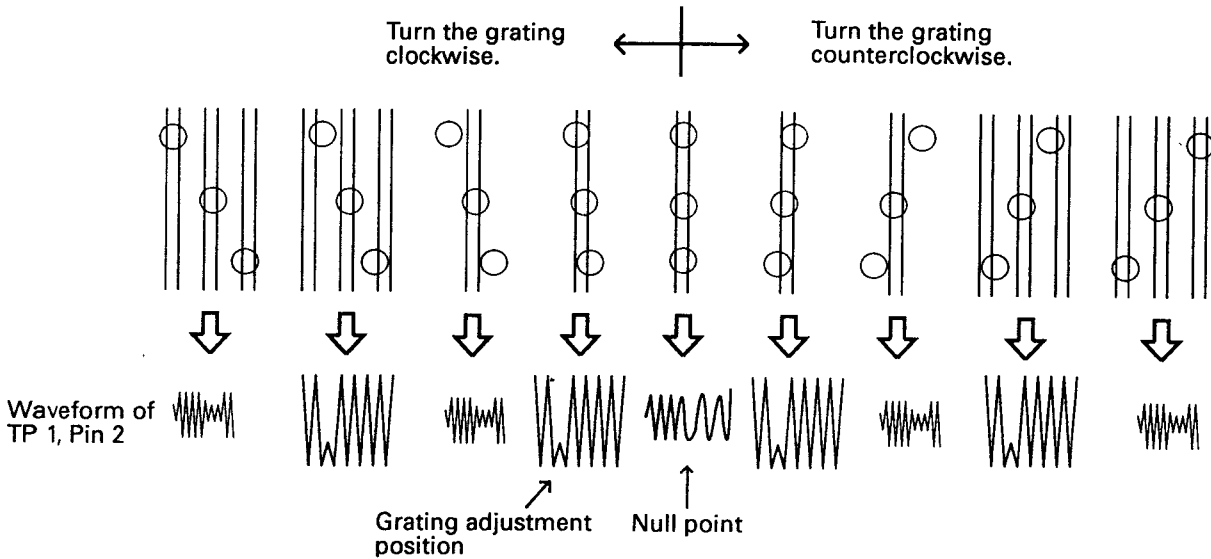
1. In the test mode, set a test disc-loaded magazine and select the tray with a test disc.
2. Switch regulator ON .
3. Using the ► or ◀ key, move the pick-up to center of the test disc.
4. Press the F-2 key to close focus.
5. Insert the adjusting screwdriver in the slit for the pick-up grating adjustment and adjust the grating to seek out the null point. For details, see following page.
6. As the screwdriver is slowly turned clockwise from the null point, the amplitude of the waveform increases gradually. As the screwdriver continues to be turned, the amplitude of the waveform decreases again. Adjust the grating to a point at which the amplitude of the waveform first reaches the maximum while the screwdriver is turned clockwise from the null point.

● **How to seek the null point**

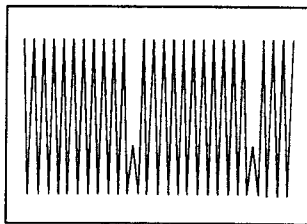
When the screwdriver is inserted in the slit for grating adjustment while the angle of the grating is varied, the amplitude of the TEY tracking error signal varies.

There are 5 or 6 positions where the amplitude of the waveform is decreased in the grating variable range. In only one of the waveform amplitude diminishing positions, the envelope is made smooth. This position denotes the state where three laser beams divided by the grating are aligned right on the same track.

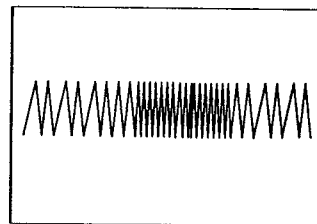
This position is referred to as the null point. Adjust the grating to seek out the null point which is used as a reference position in performing the grating adjustment.



Waveform at null point



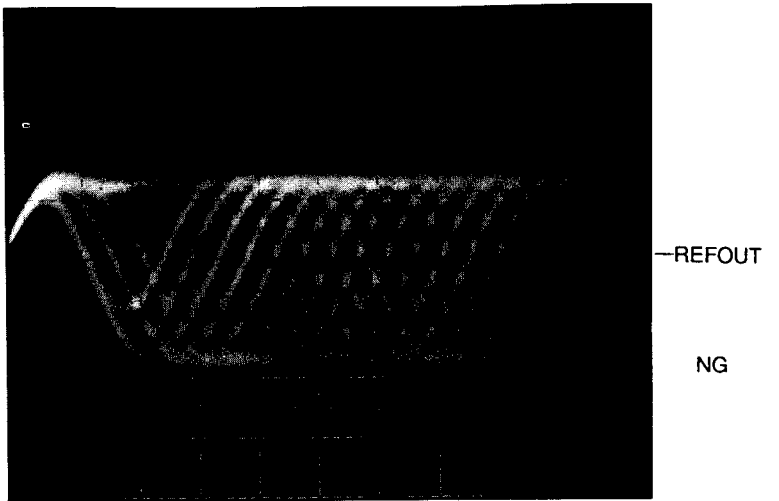
Waveform of maximum amplitude



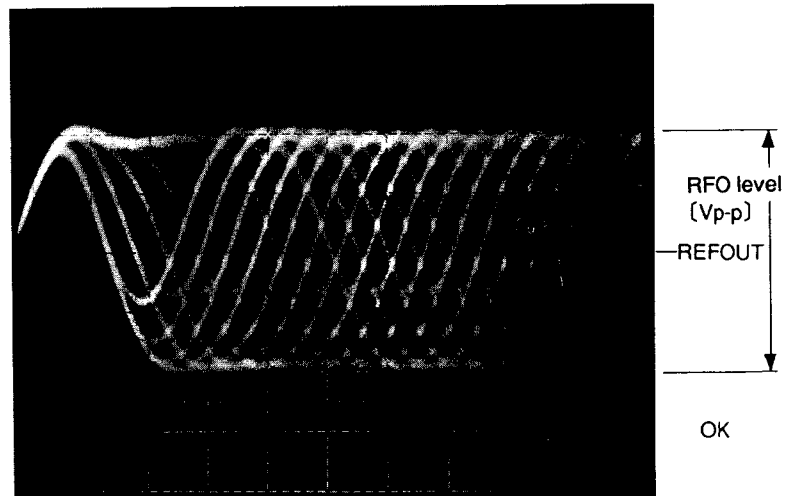
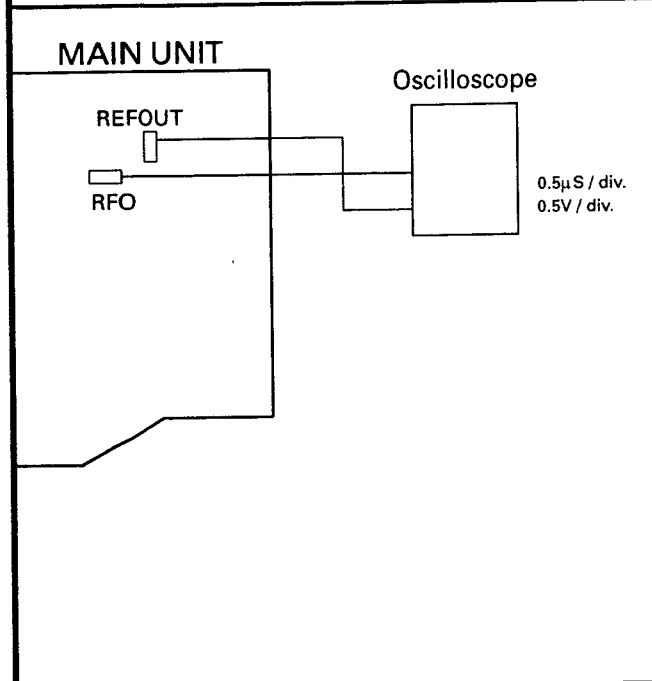
Waveform in positions other than null point

5 FE Bias Adjustment

- **Purpose:**
To adjust the focus servo bias to an optimum value.
 - **Maladjustment symptoms:**
Focus closing difficulty, poor playability.
-
- **Measuring equipment / jigs:**
Oscilloscope, volume adjustment driver
 - **Measuring point:**
RFO
 - **Test disc and setting:**
SONY TYPE 4 (or ABEX TCD-782) Normal mode
 - **Adjustment position:**
VR351 (FEB)



Waveform.9



Waveform.10

Adjustment Procedure

1. Play tune TNO 12 in normal mode.(ABEX TCD-782:TNO 19)
2. Observe RFO in respect to REFOUT in the oscilloscope, and adjust VR351 (FEB) to obtain maximum RF and optimum eye pattern.(See Waveform. 9,10)
3. After adjustment, measure the RFO output level shown in Waveform.10 and take actions shown below.

Output level	Action
2.8Vp-p more than	Replace the pick-up
1.2Vp-p - 2.6Vp-p	Normal
1.2Vp-p less than	Replace the pick-up

0.5V/div.
0.5µs/div.
DC mode



NG



OK

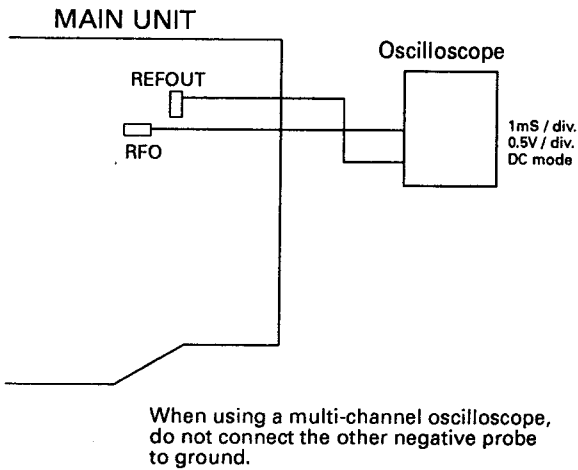


NG

6 RF Offset Adjustment

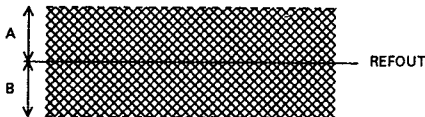
- **Purpose:**
To adjust the RF amplifier offset to a suitable value.
- **Maladjustment symptoms:**
Focus closure fails readily.

- **Measuring equipment / jigs:**
Oscilloscope, volume adjustment driver
- **Measuring point:**
RFO
- **Test disc and setting:**
SONY TYPE 4 (or ABEX TCD-782) Normal mode
- **Adjustment position:**
VR352 (RFO)



Adjustment Procedure

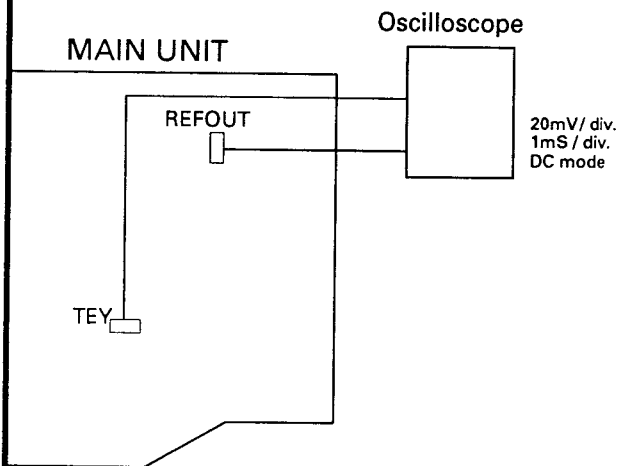
1. Play tune TNO 12 in normal mode.(ABEX TCD-782:TNO 19)
2. Using VR352 to adjust the RFO waveform so that REFOUT appears at the center.(A-B must not exceed 100 mV.)



7 TE Offset Adjustment-1

- **Purpose:**
To adjust the electrical offset of the tracking servo to zero.
- **Maladjustment symptoms:**
Search times too long, carriage run-away.

- **Measuring equipment / jigs:**
DC voltmeter or oscilloscope, volume adjustment driver
- **Measuring point:**
TEY
- **Test disc and setting:**
Empty magazine Test mode
- **Adjustment position:**
VR353



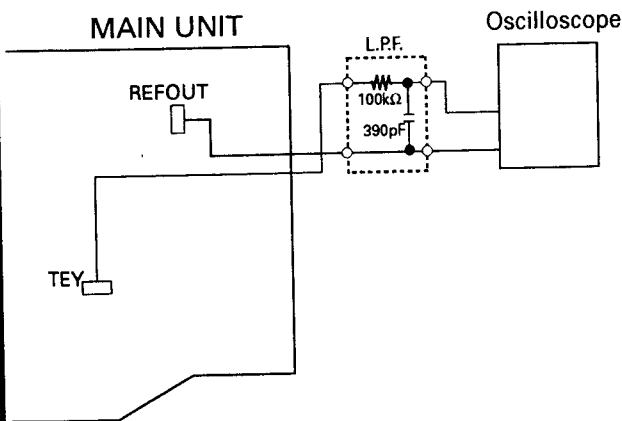
Adjustment Procedure

1. Select a tray without a disk, while in test mode.
2. Switch regulator ON.
3. Using VR353, adjust the TEY output DC voltage in reference to REFOUT to a value of $0 \pm 25\text{mV}$.
4. Switch regulator OFF.

8 Tracking Balance Adjustment-1

- **Purpose:**
To adjust the tracking servo offset to zero.
- **Maladjustment symptoms:**
Search times too long, poor playability, carriage run-away.

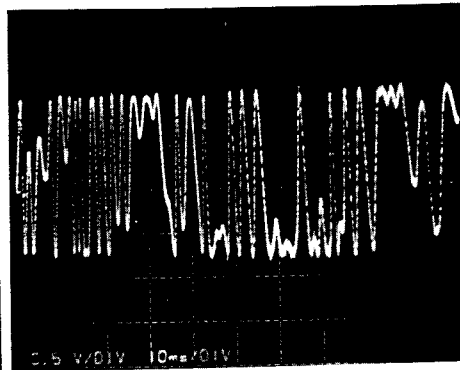
- **Measuring equipment / jigs:**
Oscilloscope, volume adjustment driver
- **Measuring point:**
TEY (Tracking error signal)
- **Test disc and setting:**
SONY TYPE 4 (or ABEX TCD-782) Test mode
- **Adjustment position:**
VR354 (T.BAL)



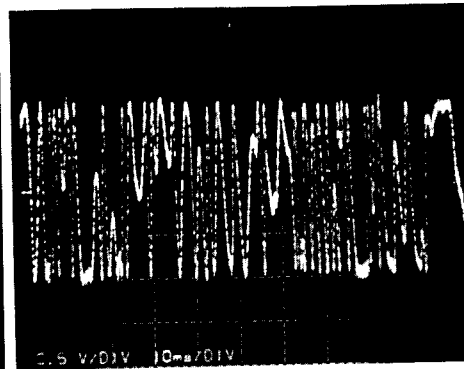
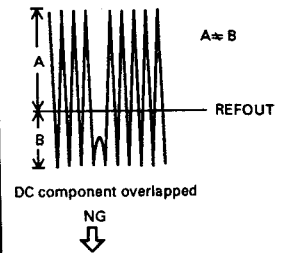
Adjustment Procedure

1. After checking that regulator is OFF, connect the low-pass filter as shown in the diagram.
2. Set the test disc. Switch regulator ON.
3. Using the \blacktriangleright or \blacktriangleleft key, move the pick-up to about the center of the signal surface.
4. Press the F·2 key to close focus.
5. Using an oscilloscope, observe the TEY signal in respect to REFOUT.
Then adjust VR354 (T.BAL) to set the positive and negative amplitudes to the same levels.
(See Waveform.11-13)
6. Switch the power OFF.

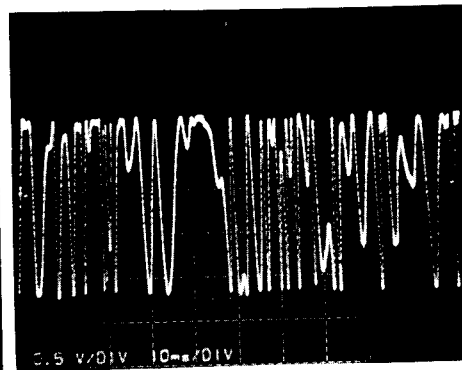
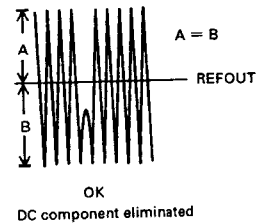
TEY waveform
0.5V/div.
10ms/div.



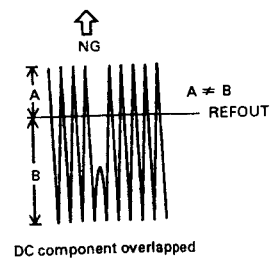
Waveform.11



Waveform.12



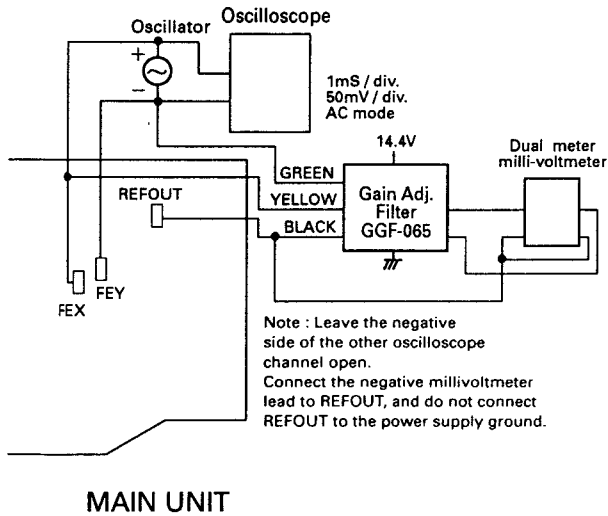
Waveform.13



9 Focus Servo Loop Gain Adjustment-1

- Focus Servo Loop Gain Adjustment-1 may be performed in Focus Servo Loop Gain Adjustment-2.
- **Purpose:**
To adjust the focus servo loop gain to an optimum value.
- **Maladjustment symptoms:**
Poor playability, reduced resistance to vibration, focus closure fails readily.

- **Measuring equipment / jigs:**
Oscillator, gain adjustment filter (GGF-065), oscilloscope, dual meter milli-voltmeter, volume adjustment driver
- **Measuring point:**
FEX, FEY
- **Test disc and setting:**
SONY TYPE 4 (or ABEX TCD-782) Normal mode
- **Adjustment position:**
VR355



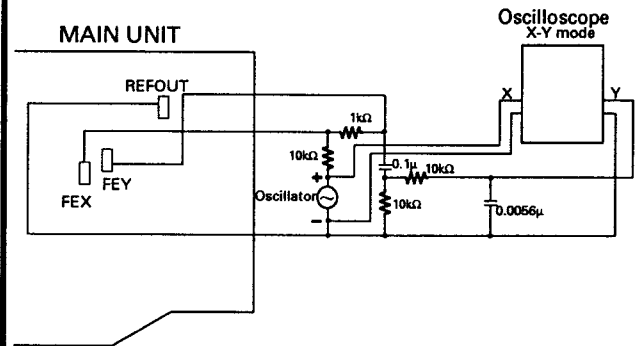
Adjustment Procedure

1. After checking that the power is OFF, connect the gain adjustment filter and measuring equipment as shown in the above diagram.
2. Play tune TNO 12 in normal mode.(ABEX TCD-782 :TNO 19)
3. Set the oscillator to 1kHz, and observe the FEX/FEY output in the oscilloscope. Adjust the oscillator output to obtain a FEX/FEY output of 100mVp-p.
4. Adjust VR355 to obtain a milli-voltmeter difference of 0 ± 0.5 dB.

10 Focus Servo Loop Gain Adjustment-2

- **Purpose:**
To adjust the focus servo loop gain to an optimum value.
- **Maladjustment symptoms:**
Poor playability, reduced resistance to vibration, focus closure fails readily.

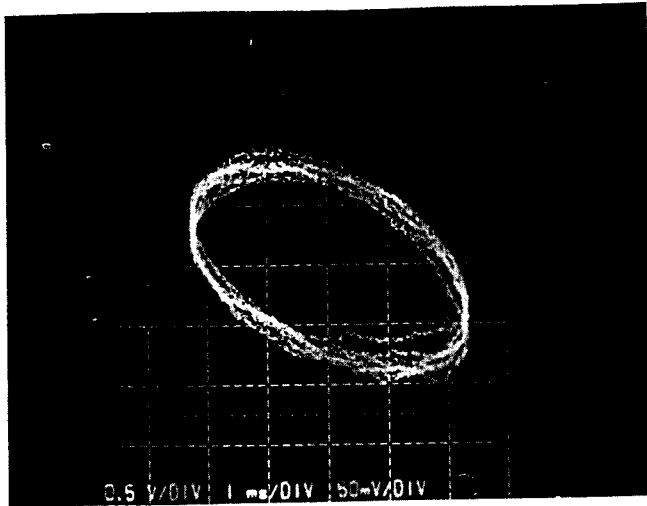
- **Measuring equipment / jigs:**
Oscillator, gain adjustment filter, oscilloscope
- **Measuring point:**
FEX, FEY
- **Test disc and setting**
SONY TYPE 4 (or ABEX TCD-782) Normal mode
- **Adjustment position:**
VR355



Adjustment Procedure

1. After checking that the power is OFF, connect the gain adjustment filter and measuring equipment as shown in the above diagram.
2. Play tune TNO 12 in normal mode.(ABEX TCD-782:TNO 19)
3. Set the oscillator at 1kHz and adjust the output of the oscillator to 2Vp-p.
4. Adjust VR355 to make the Lissajou's figure of waveform symmetrical about X and Y axes respectively.

11 Tracking Servo Loop Gain Adjustment-1



High-level gain

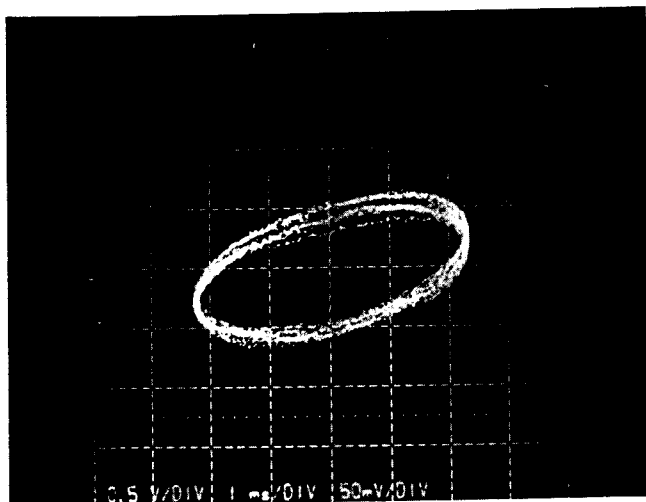
Focus
X=0.5V/div.
Y=50mV/div.
1ms/div.

Waveform.14



Optimum gain

Waveform.15

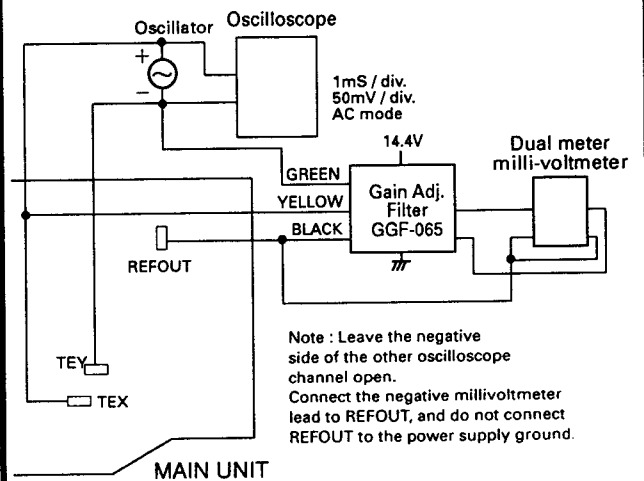


Low-level gain

Waveform.16

- Tracking Servo Loop Gain Adjustment-1 may be performed in Tracking Servo Loop Gain Adjustment-2.
- **Purpose:**
To adjust the tracking servo loop gain to an optimum value.
- **Maladjustment symptoms:**
Poor playability, reduced resistance to vibration.

- **Measuring equipment / jigs:**
Oscillator, gain adjustment filter(GGF-065), oscilloscope, dual meter milli-voltmeter, volume adjustment driver
- **Measuring point:**
TEX, TEY
- **Test disc and setting:**
SONY TYPE 4 (or ABEX TCD-782) Normal mode
- **Adjustment position:**
VR356



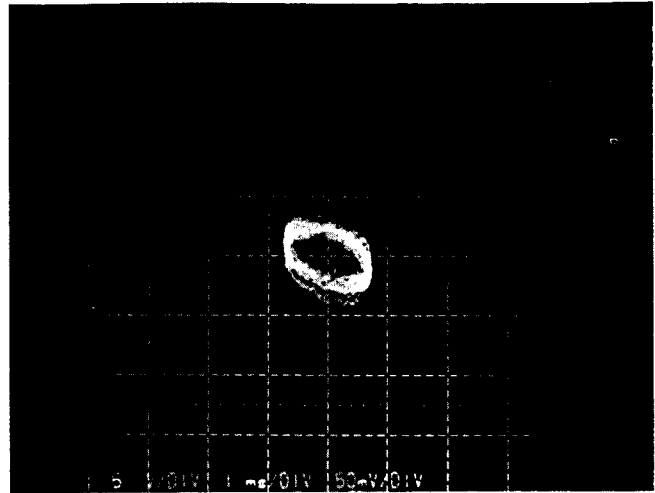
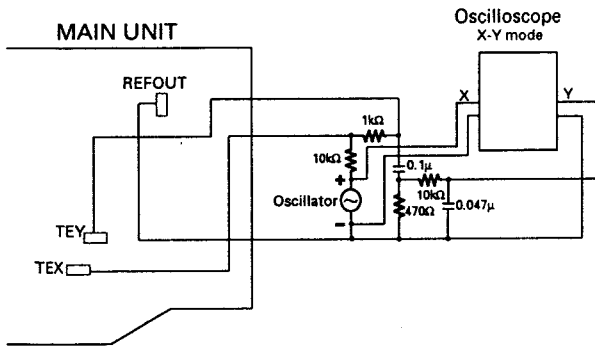
Adjustment Procedure

1. After checking that the power is OFF, connect the gain adjustment filter and measuring equipment as shown in the above diagram.
2. Play tune TNO 12 in normal mode.(ABEX TCD-782:TNO19)
3. Set the oscillator to 1.4kHz, and observe the TEX/TEY output in the oscilloscope. Adjust the oscillator output to obtain a TEX/TEY output of 300mVp-p.
4. Adjust VR356 to obtain a milli-voltmeter difference of 0 ± 0.5 dB.

12 Tracking Servo Loop Gain Adjustment-2

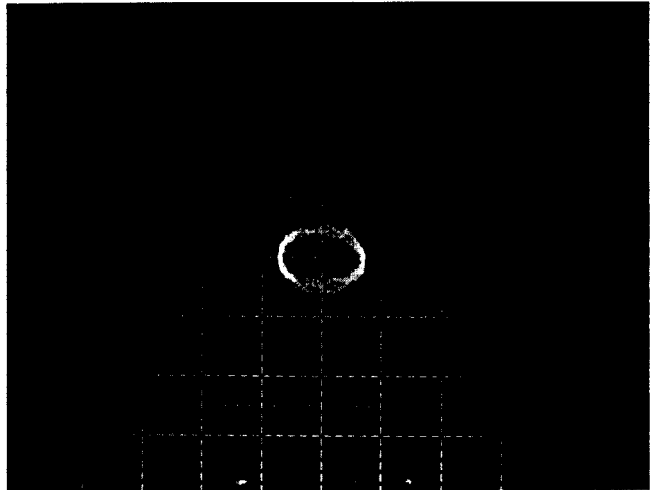
- **Purpose:**
To adjust the tracking servo loop gain to an optimum value.
- **Maladjustment symptoms:**
Poor playability, reduced resistance to vibration.

- **Measuring equipment / jigs:**
Oscillator, gain adjustment filter, oscilloscope
- **Measuring point:**
TEX, TEY
- **Test disc and setting:**
SONY TYPE 4 (or ABEX TCD-782) Normal mode
- **Adjustment position:**
VR356



High-level gain
Tracking
X=5V/div.
Y=50mV/div
2ms/div.

Waveform.17

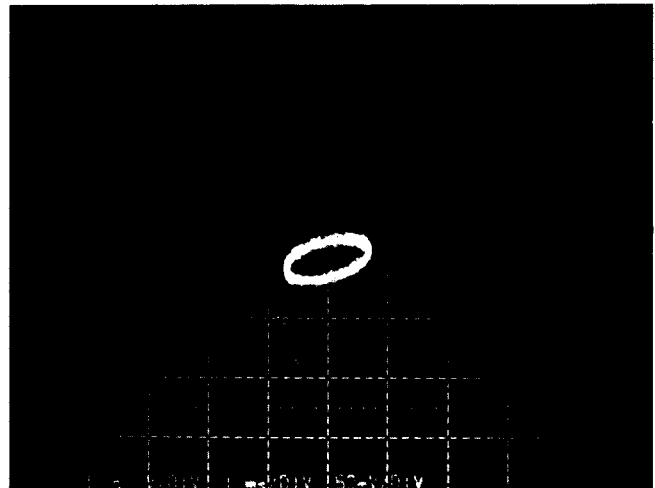


Optimum gain

Waveform.18

Adjustment Procedure

1. After checking that the power is OFF, connect the gain adjustment filter and measuring equipment as shown in the above diagram.
2. Play tune TNO 12 in normal mode.(ABEX TCD-782:TNO19)
3. Set the oscillator at 1.4kHz and adjust the output of the oscillator to 5Vp-p.
4. Adjust VR356 to make the Lissajou's figure of waveform symmetrical about X and Y axes respectively.



Low-level gain

Waveform.19

13 TE Offset Adjustment-2

- **Purpose:**
To adjust the electrical offset of the tracking servo to zero.
- **Maladjustment symptoms:**
Search times too long, carriage run-away.

- **Measuring equipment / jigs:**
DC voltmeter or oscilloscope, volume adjustment driver
- **Measuring point:**
TEY
- **Test disc and setting:**
No Disc Test mode
- **Adjustment position:**
VR353

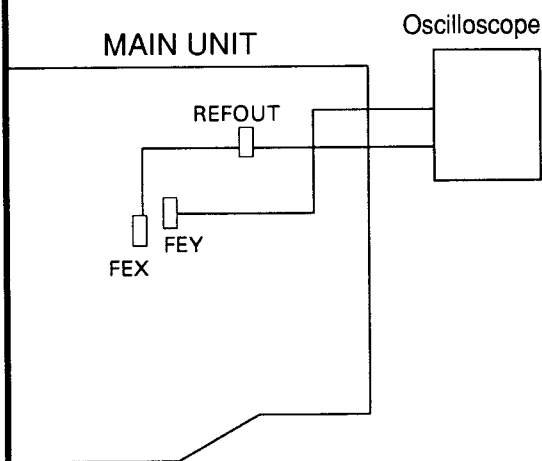
Adjustment Procedure

Same as for TE offset adjustment-1, but with the DC voltage of the TEY output adjusted to $0 \pm 50\text{mV}$. The purpose of this additional adjustment is to correct any deviations generated when carrying out the tracking balance and tracking servo loop gain adjustments after completing TE offset adjustment-1.

14 Checking FEY Level

- **Purpose:**
Check the focus error level.
- **If the level is insufficient:**
Focus is hard to close and the playability is worsened.

- **Measuring equipment / jigs:**
Oscilloscope
- **Measuring point:**
FEY
- **Test disc and setting:**
SONY TYPE 4 (or ABEX TCD-782) Test mode



Checkout Procedure (This checkout always must be performed after gain adjustment.)

1. Connect the oscilloscope to REFOUT and FEY. Connect FEX to REFOUT.
2. In the test mode, set a test disc-loaded magazine and select a tray with a test disc.
3. Switch regulator ON.
4. Using the $\blacktriangleright\blacktriangleleft$ or $\blacktriangleleft\blacktriangleright$ key, move the pick-up to the center of the test disc.
5. Press the F•2 key to close focus. During this action, the disc repeats acceleration and deceleration.
6. Observe the FEY waveform and measure the FEY level.
7. Switch regulator OFF.
8. Disconnect FEX and REFOUT.

Normal level of FEY: 2.0Vp-p more than
If the level is less than the above, examine the peripheral circuits of the unit or replace the pick-up.

15 Tracking Balance Adjustment-2 and Checking TEY Level



0.5V/div.
2ms/div.

REFOUT

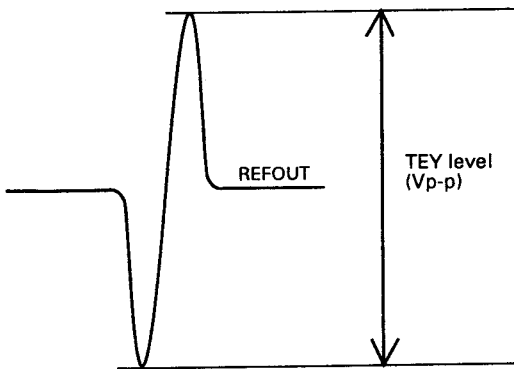
Waveform.20

- **Purpose:**
To adjust the tracking servo offset to zero.
- **Maladjustment symptoms:**
Search times too long, poor playability, carriage run-away.

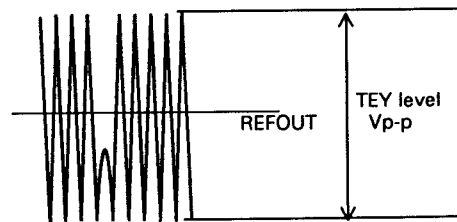
- **Measuring equipment / jigs:**
Oscilloscope,
volume adjustment driver
- **Measuring point:**
TEY (Tracking error signal) L.P.F. output
- **Test disc and setting:**
SONY TYPE 4 (or ABEX TCD-782) Test mode
- **Adjustment position:**
VR354

Adjustment Procedure

- Steps 1 through 5 are the same as the steps taken in the tracking balance adjustment-1.
6. Check to see that the level of positive and negative amplitudes of TEY signal. If there is deviation, make adjustment using VR354.
 7. After adjustment measure the TEY level. (Measurement always should be made after the tracking gain adjustment is completed. Before the adjustment, normal level measurement cannot be achieved.)



In addition to the waveform shown above, the FEY level output produces another waveform like \sim . However, take measurement only of the above figure of waveform.



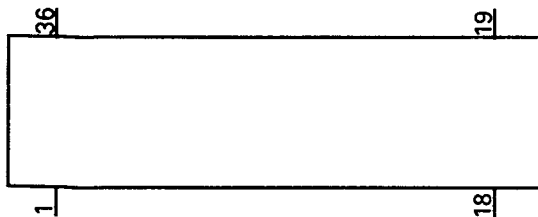
Normal range of TEY level: $2.0 \pm 0.5V_{p-p}$

If the level is out of the above range, examine the peripheral circuits of the unit or replace the pick-up.

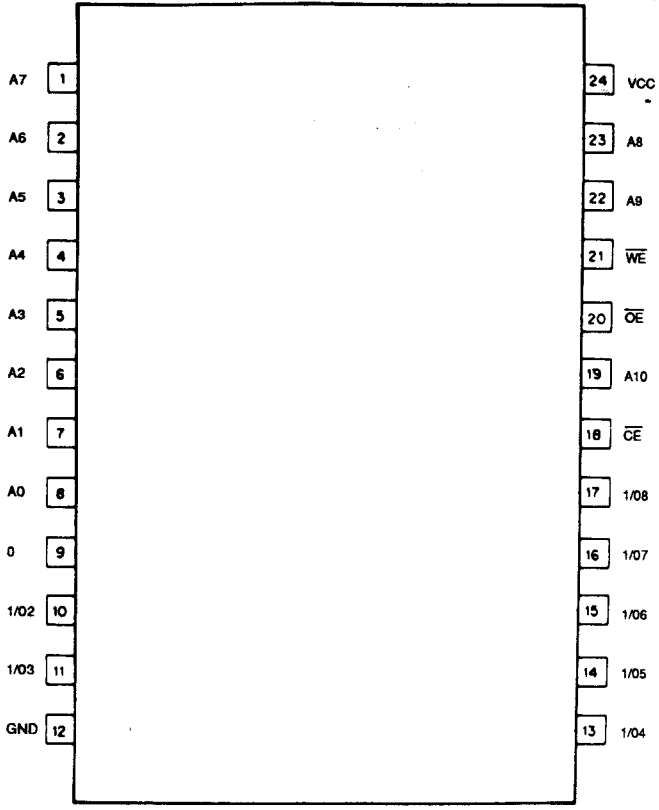
- ICs
- Pin Functions (UPC1347GS)

Pin No.	Pin Name	I/O	Function and Operation
1	VCC		
2	BP-	I	Vibration detect amplifier 1 inverter input
3	BPO	O	Vibration detect amplifier 1 output
4	WC+	I	Window comparator non-inverting input
5	WC-	I	Window comparator inverting input
6	GND		GND
7	QDH	I	Vibration detect amplifier 3 non-inverting input
8	QDO	O	Vibration detect amplifier 3 output
9	A	I	A signal input
10	C	I	C signal input
11	B	I	B signal input
12	D	I	D signal input
13	E	I	E signal input
14	F	I	F signal input
15	PIN	I	APC circuit PD amplifier input
16	LA	O	APC circuit LD amplifier output
17	LAON		Laser diode ON/OFF switching
18	VREF1		Reference voltage
19	GND2		GND
20	RF+	I	RF amplifier non-inverting input
21	RFS	O	RF summing virtual output
22	RF-	I	RF amplifier inverting input
23	NC		Not used
24	RFO	O	RF amplifier output
25	APC-	I	APC circuit PD amplifier inverting
26	TE2+	I	Tracking error amplifier 2 non-inverting input
27	APCO	O	APC circuit PD amplifier output
28	TE1O	O	Tracking error amplifier 1 output
29	TE2-	I	Tracking error amplifier 2 inverting input
30	TE2O	O	Tracking error amplifier 2 output
31	VREF2		Reference voltage
32	FE2+	I	Focus error amplifier 2 non-inverting input
33	FE1+	I	Focus error amplifier 1 non-inverting input
34	FE1O	O	Focus error amplifier 1 output
35	FE2-	I	Focus error amplifier 2 inverter input
36	FE2O	O	Focus error amplifier 2 output

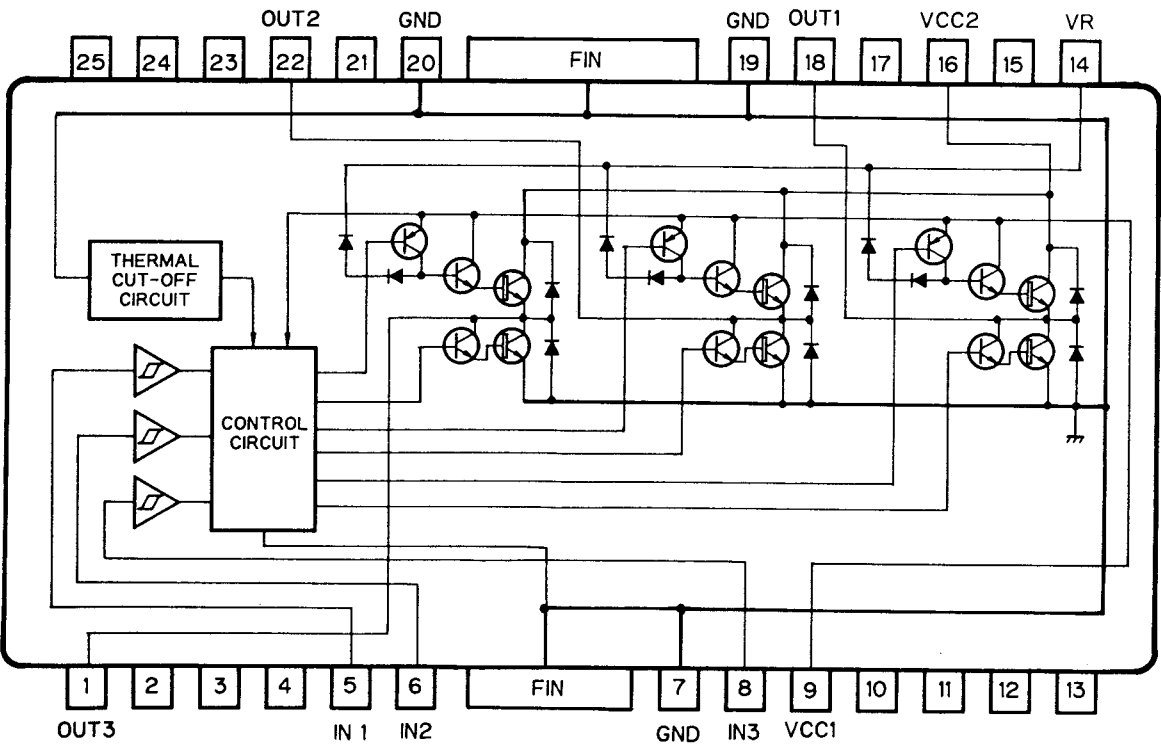
IC351:UPC1347GS



IC752:LH5116HN-10T



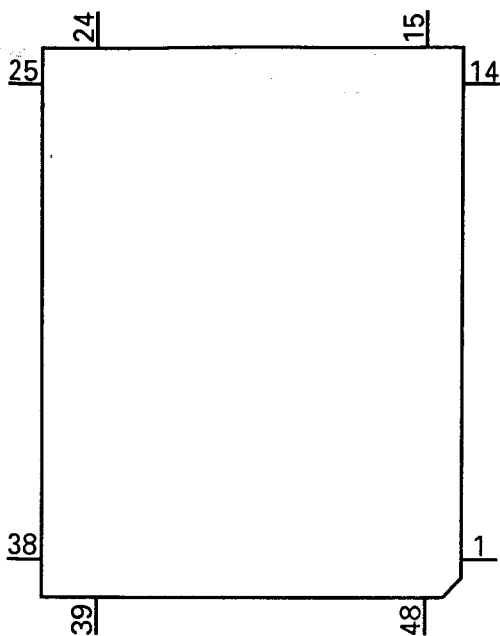
IC801:XRA6247FP



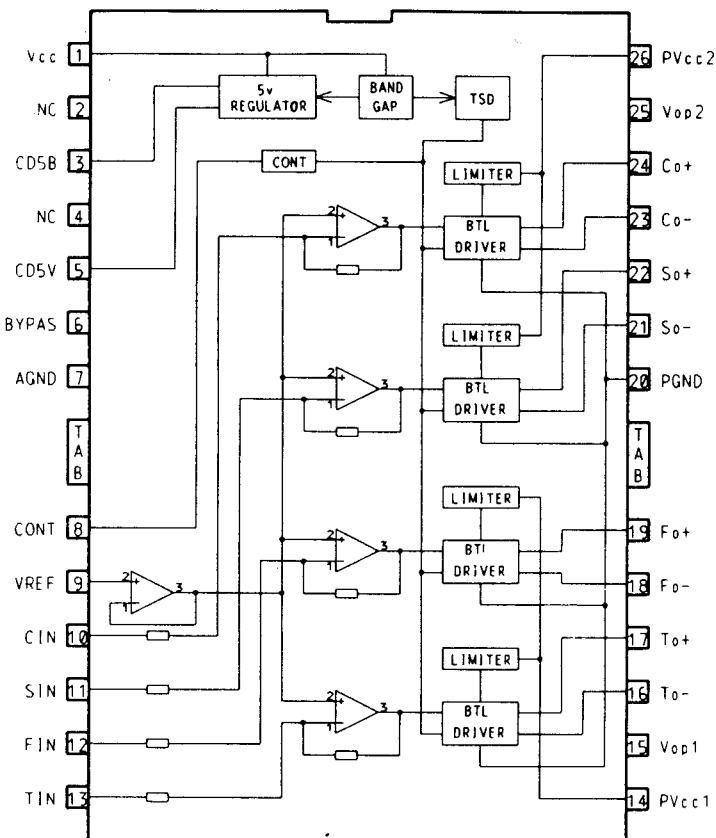
● Pin Functions (UPD6374AGH)

Pin No.	Pin Name	I/O	Function and Operation
1	VDD		Power supply
2	OUTSEL	I	Sets PWM output mode for the motor system
3	SCK	I	Clock input terminal for serial data input and output
4	SI	I	Serial data input
5	SO	O	Serial data and status signal output
6	STB	I	Signal latching serial data inside LSI
7	A0	I	Used in combination with stb
8	RST	I	System reset
9	DGND		Logic circuit GND terminal
10	LOCK	I	Input terminal for detection of spindle servo error signal
11	MDR	I	Input terminal for detection of spindle servo error signal
12	MDF	I	Input terminal for detection of spindle servo error signal
13	WFCK	I	Input terminal for detection of spindle servo error signal
14	RFCK	I	Input terminal for detection of spindle servo error signal
15	AVDD		Positive power supply terminal for analog circuit
16	EFM	O	EFM signal output terminal
17	ASI	I	Level comparing input for RF signal comparison
18	RFI	I	Analog input terminal for EFM comparator
19	REFOUT	O	A/D converter midpoint output terminal inside LSI
20	AGND		Analog circuit GND
21	RF	O	RF signal input terminal
22	FE	I	Focus error terminal
23	TE	I	Tracking error input terminal
24	VR	I	Input signal is quantified as follows:FS=88.2kHz,Resolution:6 bits The output takes place directly at microcomputer interface, that is, not via the filter block within LSI.
25	AVDD		Positive power supply terminal for analog circuit
26	TECO	I	Tracking comparator input terminal
27	TECI	I	Tracking comparator input terminal
28	DVDD		Positive power supply terminal for logic circuit
29	FF	O	PWM positive output terminal for the focus loop filter
30	FR	O	PWM negative output terminal for the focus loop filter
31	TF	O	PWM positive output terminal for the tracking loop filter
32	TR	O	PWM negative output terminal for the tracking loop filter
33	DGND		Logic circuit GND terminal
34	SF	O	PWM positive output terminal for the thread loop filter
35	SR	O	PWM negative output terminal for the thread loop filter
36	MF	O	PWM positive output terminal for the spindle loop filter
37	MR	O	PWM negative output terminal for the spindle loop filter
38	DVDD		Positive power supply terminal for logic circuit
39	T7	I	Sets tracking PWM output mode
40	T6	I	Sets focus PWM output mode
41	T5	I	Selects motor modulation mode
42	T4	I	Selects between focus and tracking modulation mode
43	MIRR	O	MIRR detection signal output terminal
44	RFOK	O	RFOK detection signal terminal
45	HOLD	I	Hold control signal input terminal
46	TBC		Tracking bank switching terminal
47	CKIN	I	System clock input terminal
48	TEST	I	Test terminal

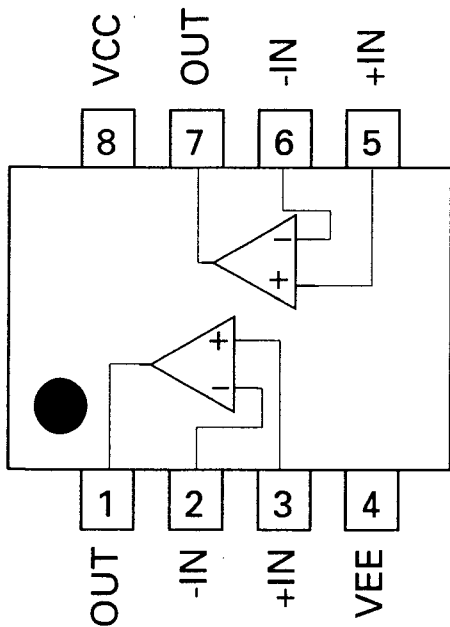
IC601:UPD6374AGH



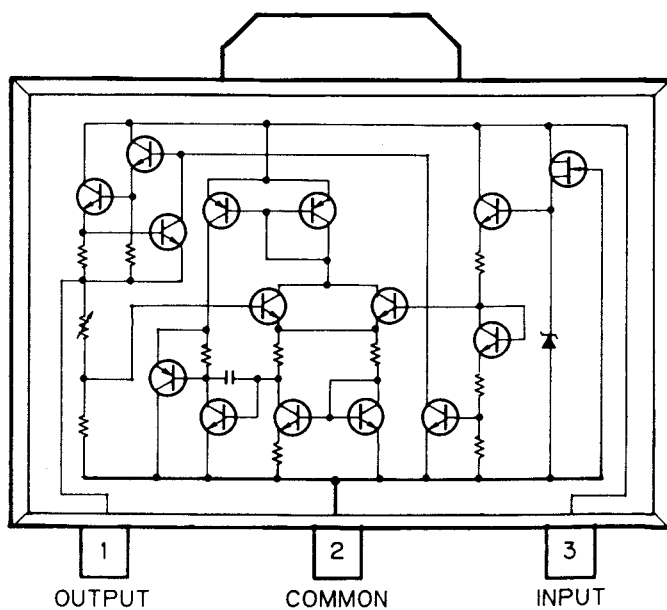
IC651:PA3026



IC602,652:NJM4558MD



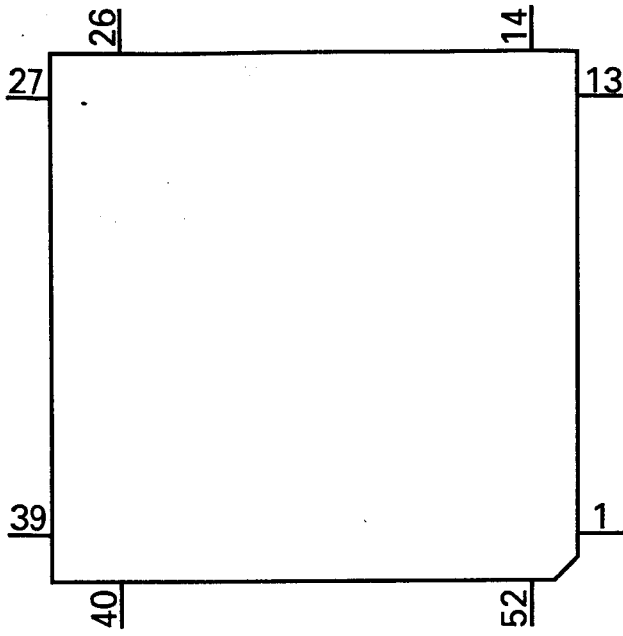
IC661:TA78L05F



● Pin Functions (UPD6375GC)

Pin No.	Pin Name	I/O	Function and Operation
1	NC		Not used
2	WDCK	O	Output terminal for signal having double the frequency of LRCK
3	C4LR	O	Output terminal for signal having four the frequency of LRCK
4	RFCK	O	Oscillation clock divider signal, output pin for signal giving 1-frame sync.
5	EFMI	I	EFM signal input terminal
6	TEST		Test terminal
7	VSS		Gnd
8	C1D1	O	Output terminal indicating C1 error correction status
9	C1D2	O	Output terminal indicating C1 error correction status
10	C2D1	O	Output terminal indicating C2 error correction status
11	C2D2	O	Output terminal indicating C2 error correction status
12,13	NC		Not used
14	STBY	I	Standby input terminal
15	NC		Not used
16	PLK1	O	VCO output terminal for use in analog PLL selection
17	VDD		5V
18	PLK8	I	VCO output terminal for use in analog PLL selection
19	PLCK	O	Bit clock monitor terminal
20	VSS		Gnd
21	POUT	O	Output terminal for phase comparison between EFM signal and bit clock
22	WFCK	O	Signal issuing one-frame period by bit clock dividing signal
23	VDD		5V
24	MDS	O	Signal indicating spindle motor CLV servo control output status
25	MDF	O	Spindle motor CLV servo control positive direction output terminal
26	MDR	O	Spindle motor CLV servo control negative direction output terminal
27	LOCK	O	"H" when synchronisation signal & frame counter output coincide at EFM demodulator.
28	RST	I	Reset signal input terminal
29	A0	O	Control signal distinguishing data from microcomputer
30	STB	I	Signal latching serial data inside LSI
31	SO		Serial data input terminal
32	SI	I	Input terminal for data from microcomputer
33	VSS		Gnd
34	SCK	I	Clock input terminal serial data input
35	TX	O	Digital audio interface data output terminal
36	MUT/EMP	O	Output for mute command decoding signal or sub-Q command pre-emphasis data
37	SFSY	O	Signal indicating subcode one-frame synchronisation
38	SBSY	O	Signal indicating head of subcode block
39	SBCK	I	Subcode data read clock input terminal
40	SBSO	O	Subcode data output terminal
41	VDD		5V
42	XTAL	O	Oscillation continuation terminal
43	XTAL	I	Oscillation continuation terminal
44	VSS		Gnd
45	C16M	O	Oscillation clock output terminal
46	VDD		5V
47	C4M	O	1/4 cycle output terminal for oscillation clock signals
48	FLAG	O	Flag sig. indicating that the current audio data output of incorrectable data
49	SCKO	O	Clock output terminal for audio serial data
50	DOUT	O	Serial audio data output terminal
51	LRCK	O	Signal distinguishing between left and right channel DOUT terminal output
52	NC		Not used

IC701:UPD6375GC



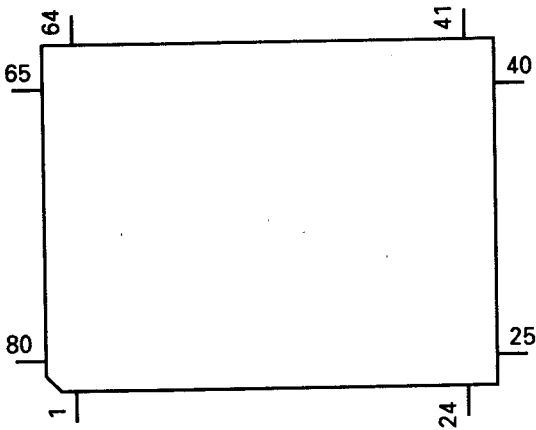
● Pin Functions (PD5230A)

Pin No.	Pin Name	I/O	Output Format	Function and Operation
1	TIN	I	C	Tray position input
2	TEMP			Temperature detector
3	VDIN			Power supply short sensor input
4	C/D	O	NM	Command/data appointment output
5	DCS	O	NM	Chip select output
6	DRDY	I	C	Ready input
7	DRST	O	NM	Reset
8	A0	O	NM	LSI data control signal
9	XSCK	I/O	NM	LSI clock input/output
10	XSO	O	NM	LSI data output
11	XSI	I	C	LSI data input
12	STB	O	C	LSI Strobe output
13	RST	O	C	LSI reset output
14-16	NC			Not used
17	BSENS	I		Back up power sense input
18	BRST	I		P-BUS reset input
19	BSRQ	O	C	P-BUS service request output pin
21	BSCK	I/O	C	P-BUS serial clock input/output
22	BSO	O	C	P-BUS serial data output
23	BSI	I		P-BUS serial data input
24	EJSW	I		Eject signal input
25	MAG	I		Magazine lock switch
26	CNVSS	I		GND
27	RESET	I		Reset input
28	EJLED	O	C	LED output for Eject
29	DCLOSE	I	C	Door close SW input
30	XIN	I		Crystal oscillating element connection pin
31	XOUT	O	C	Crystal oscillating element connection pin
32	VSS			GND
32-40	D7-D0	I/O	C	External RAM data line
41	POWER	O	C	CD +5V control
42	CONT	O	C	Servo driver power supply control
43	WE	O	C	External RAM write enable
44	PROT	O	C	External RAM output enable
45	CS	O	C	External RAM chip select
46-56	A10-A0	O	C	External RAM address line
57	EJP	I	C	Eject position switch
58	6/12	I	C	6/12 switching input
59	FECNT	I/O	C	DEFECT port
60	MIRR	I	C	Mirror detector input
61	LOCK	I	C	Spindle lock detector input
62	FOK	I	C	FOK signal input
63	HOME	I	C	Home position detector input
64	OPTSW	I	C	Digital output ON/OFF input
65	LOAD	O	C	Mechanism power supply control
66	I3	O	C	Motor driver control output
67	I1	O	C	Motor driver control output
68	I2	O	C	Motor driver control output
69	ENDOUT	O	C	Digital output enable signal
70	CDMUTE	O	C	CD mute output
71	ADENA	O	C	A/D reference voltage output
72	TESTIN	I	C	Test program mode input
73	VCC			
74	VREF	I		A/D reference voltage input
75	AVSS			A/D GND

Pin No.	Pin Name	I/O	Output Format	Function and Operation
76	CSEL	I		Compression select
77	NC			Not used
78	DISK			Disc detector input
79	TSEL	I	C	Tray position detector photo sensor
80	TOUT	I	C	Disc sensor timing input

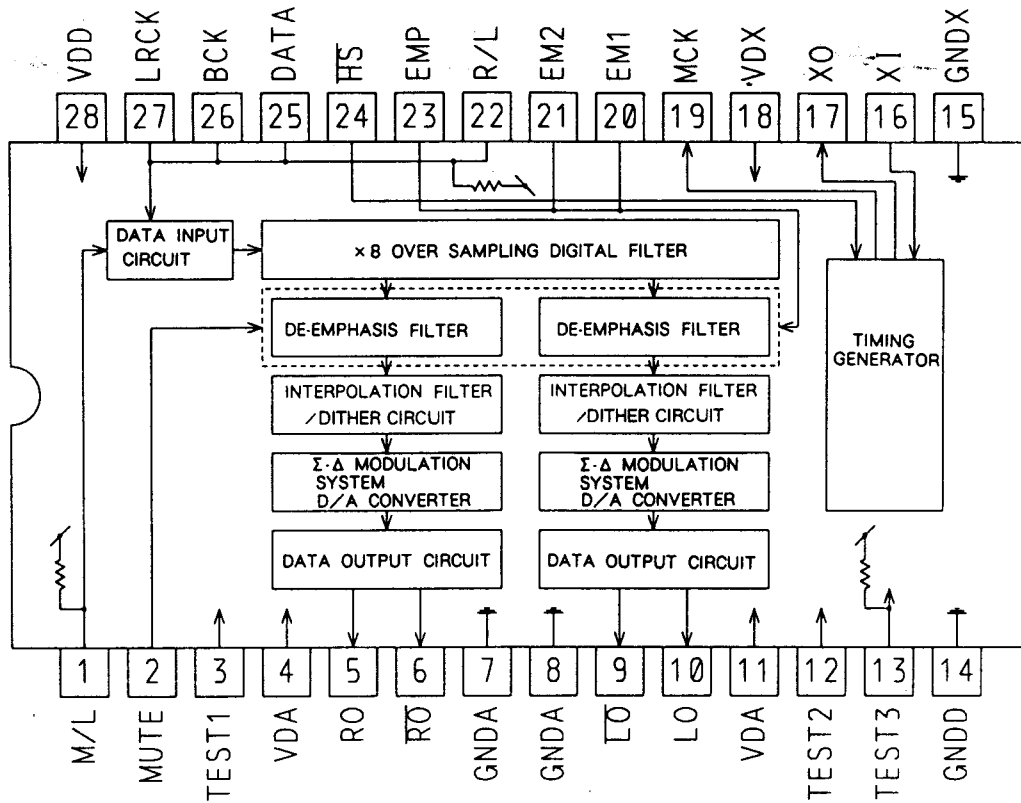
Output Format	Meaning
C	CMOS output
NM	Middle resistivity N channel open drain

*IC751:PD5230A

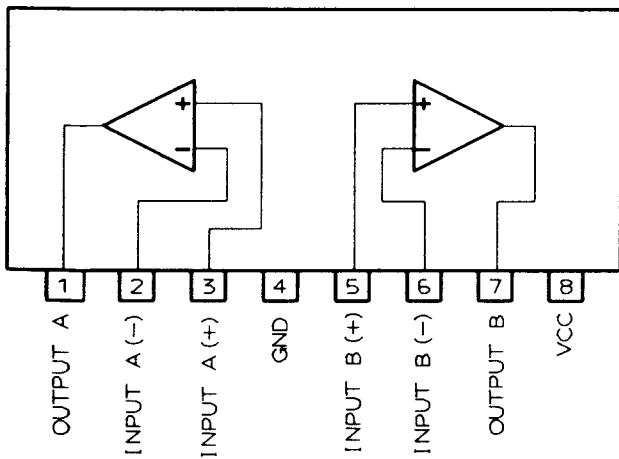


IC's marked by* are MOS type.
Be careful in handling them because they are very liable to be damaged by electrostatic induction.

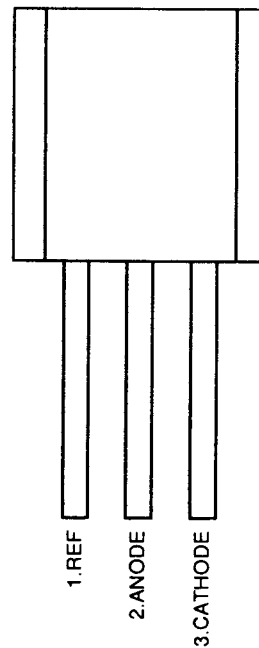
IC851:TC9237BN



IC853,854:M5218AL



IC981:NJM431L



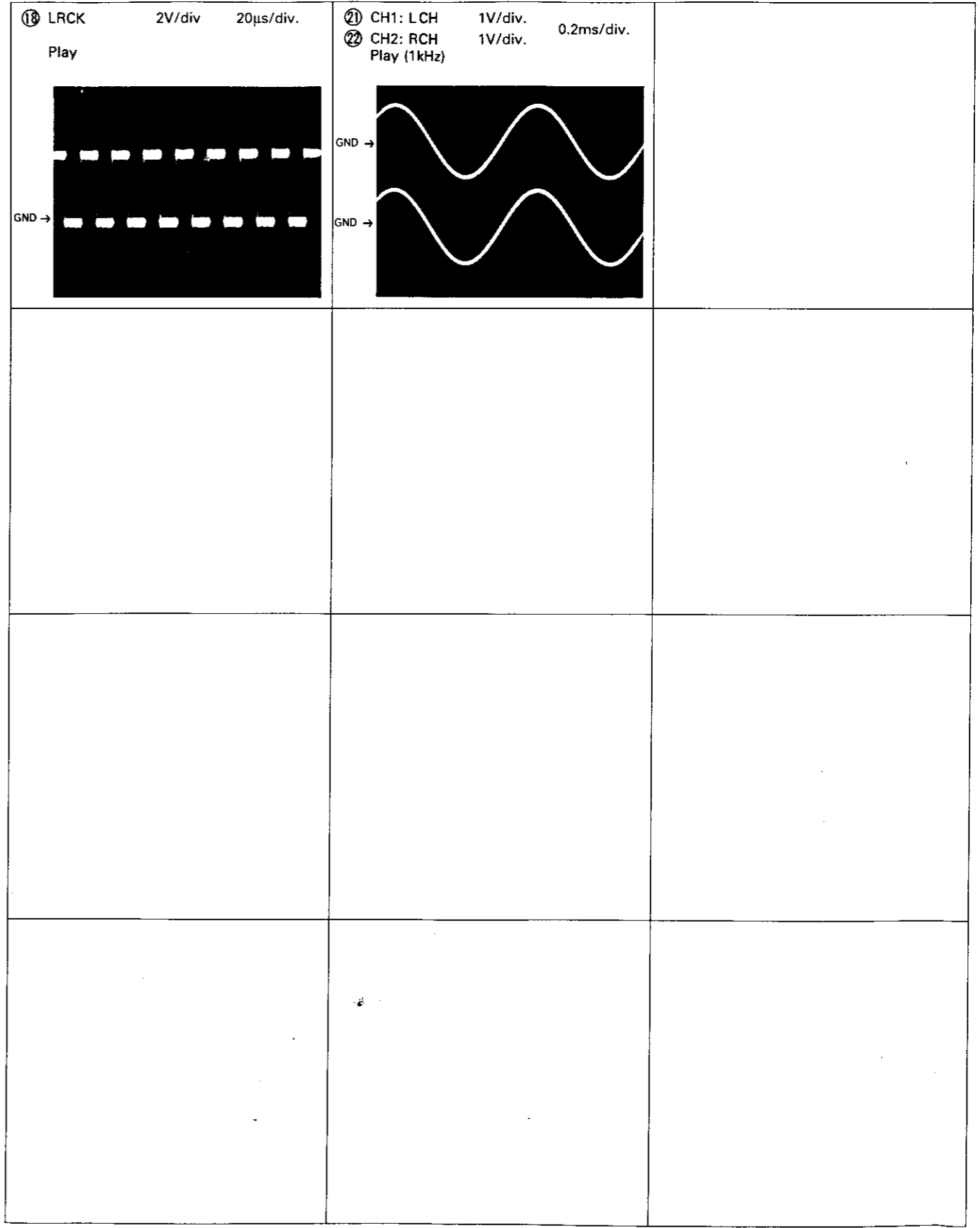
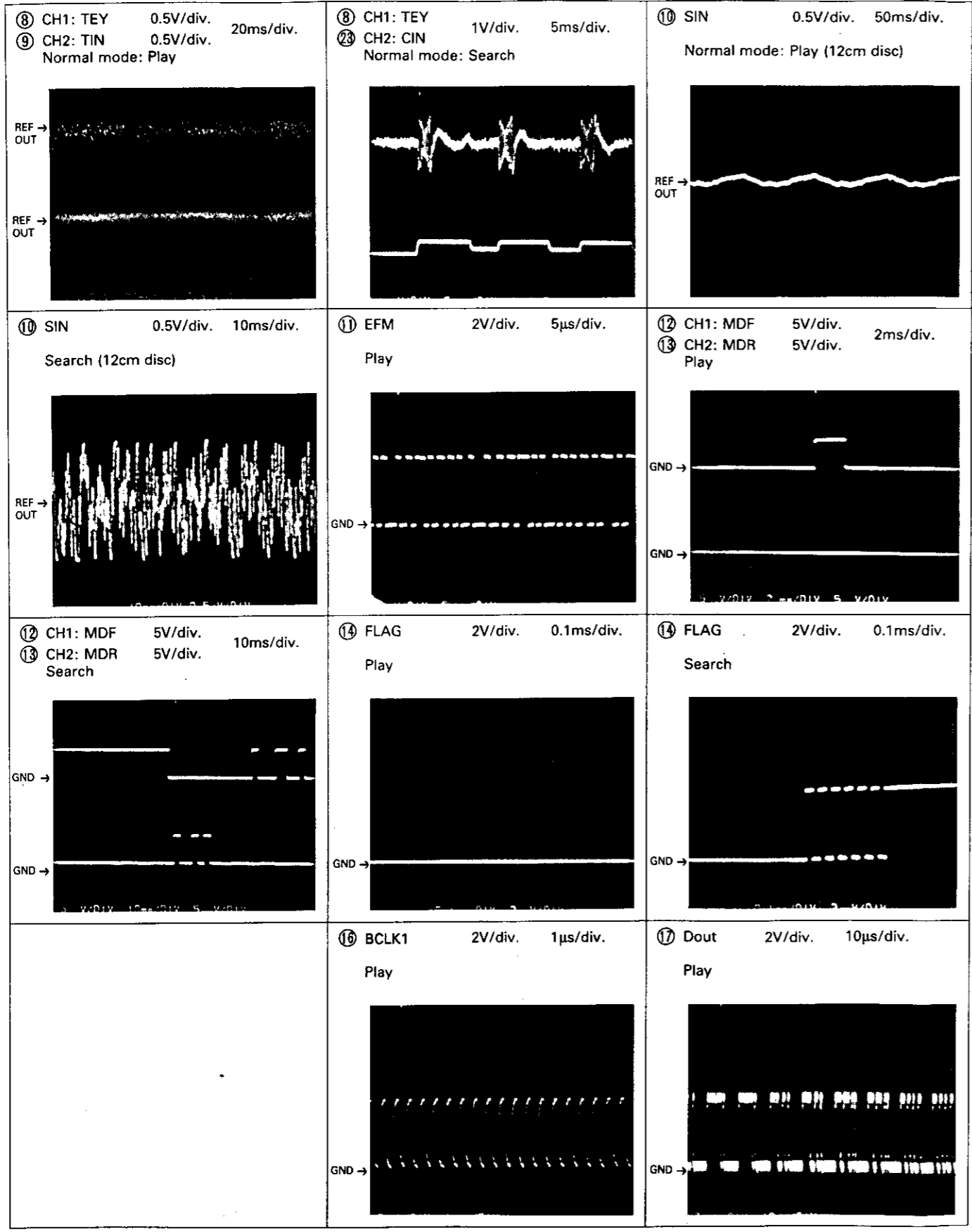
t diagram.

0.5ms/div.
part passes

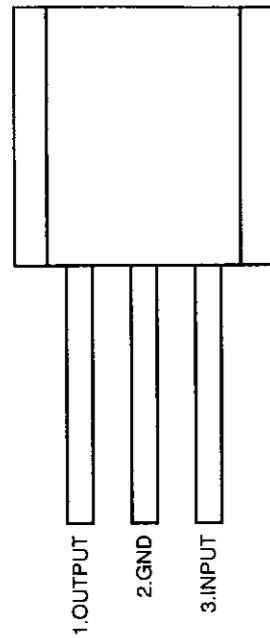
2ms/div.
UP)

5ms/div.
ch
mp)

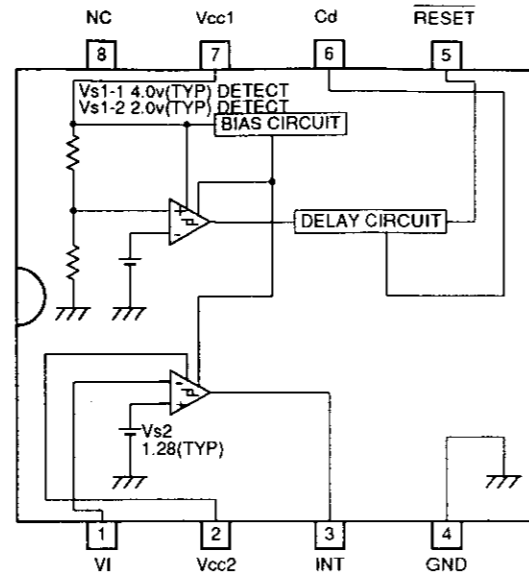
s/div.
ch



IC982:NJM78L05A

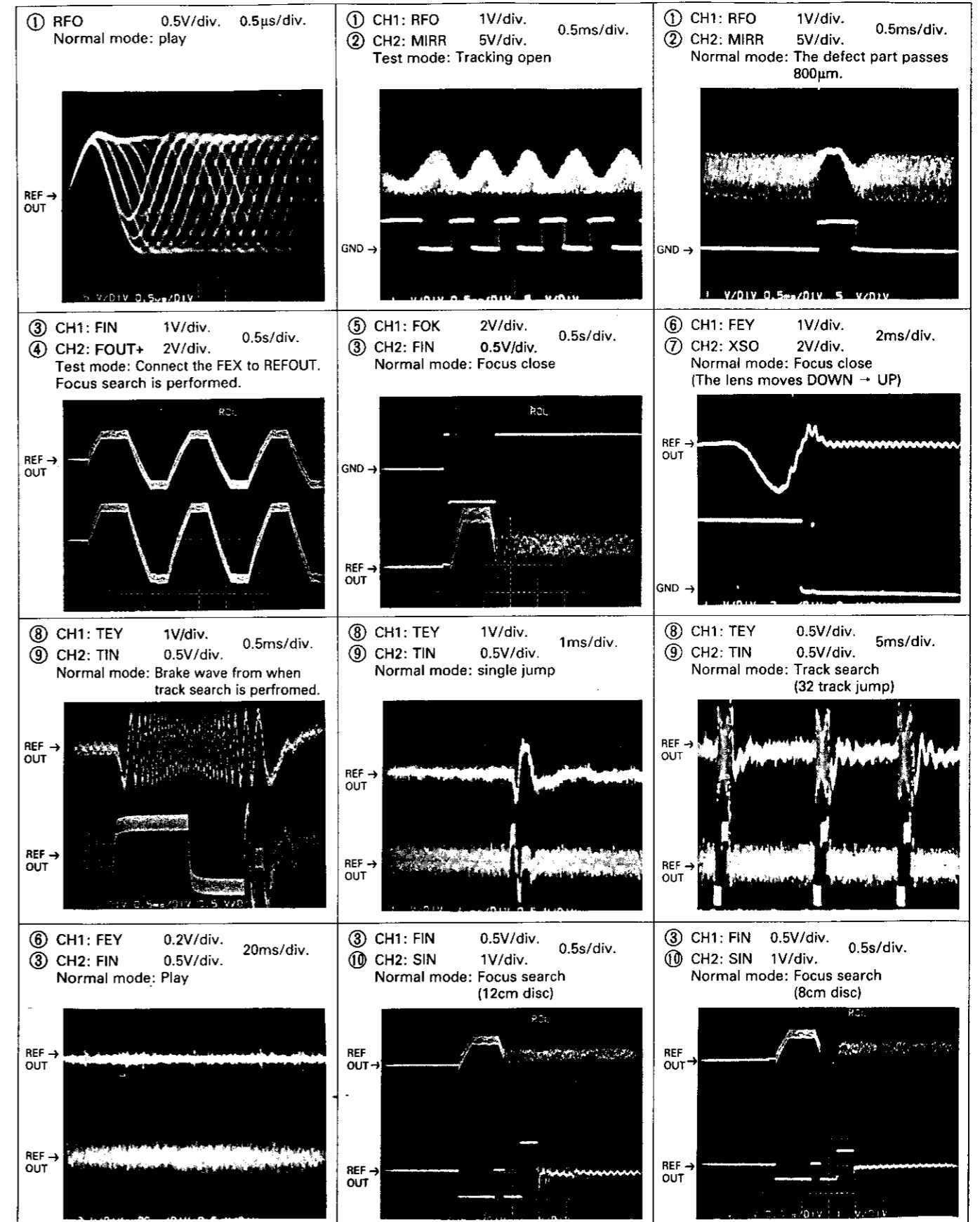


IC983:M62009P



●Wave Forms

Note: 1. The encircled numbers denote measuring points in the circuit diagram.
2. Reference voltage REFOUT: 2.5V

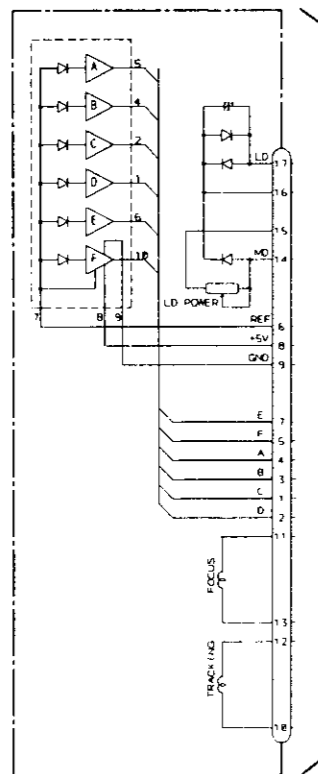


5. CONNECTION DIAGRAM(1)

MAIN UNIT

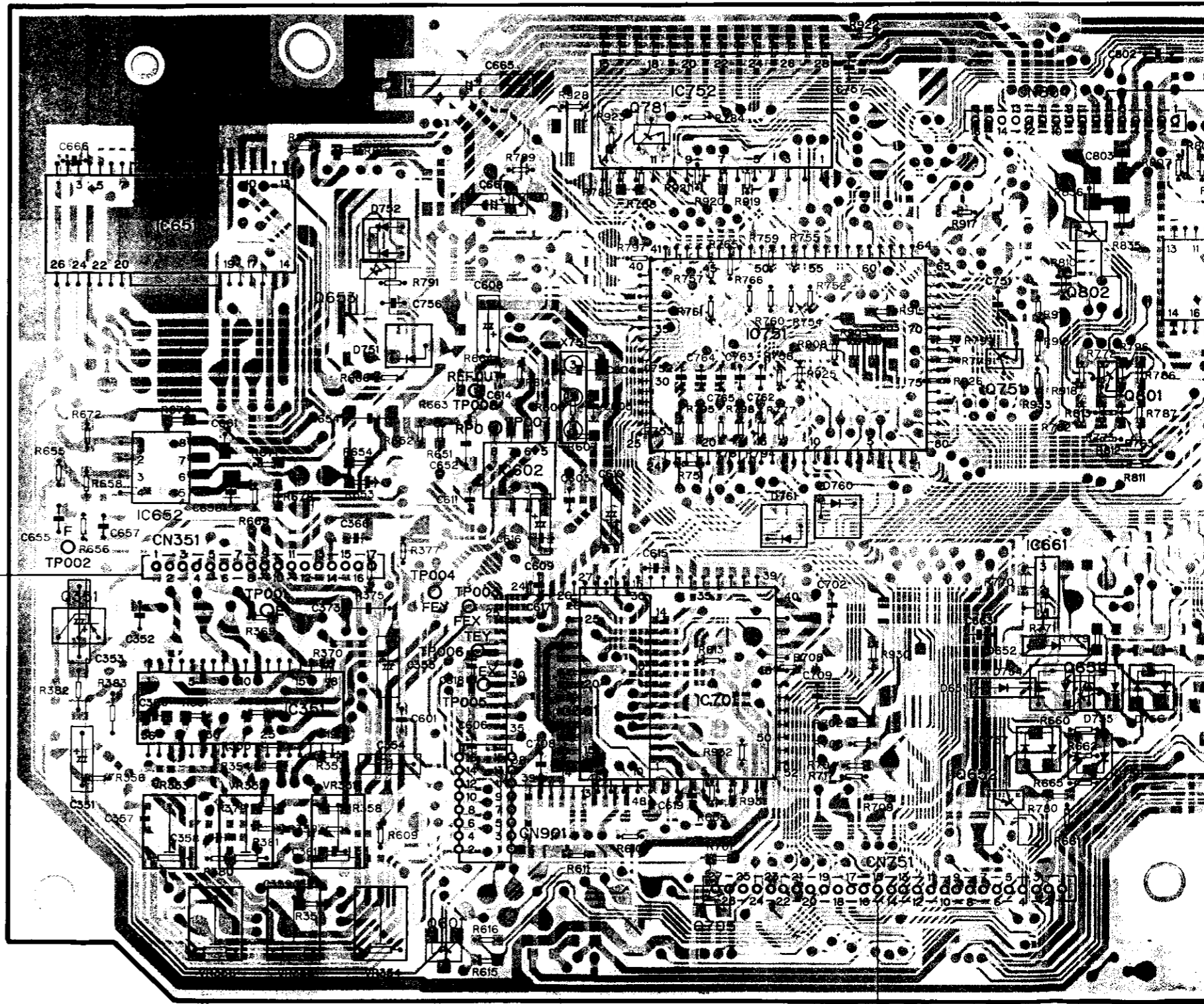
IC, Q Q351	IC651 IC652	IC351	Q653	Q601	IC602	IC601	Q781	IC752 IC701	IC751 Q705	Q751 Q652	Q802 IC661	Q801 Q651
ADJ	VR353 VR356	VR352 VR355	VR351 VR354									

PU UNIT



MAIN UNIT
CN351

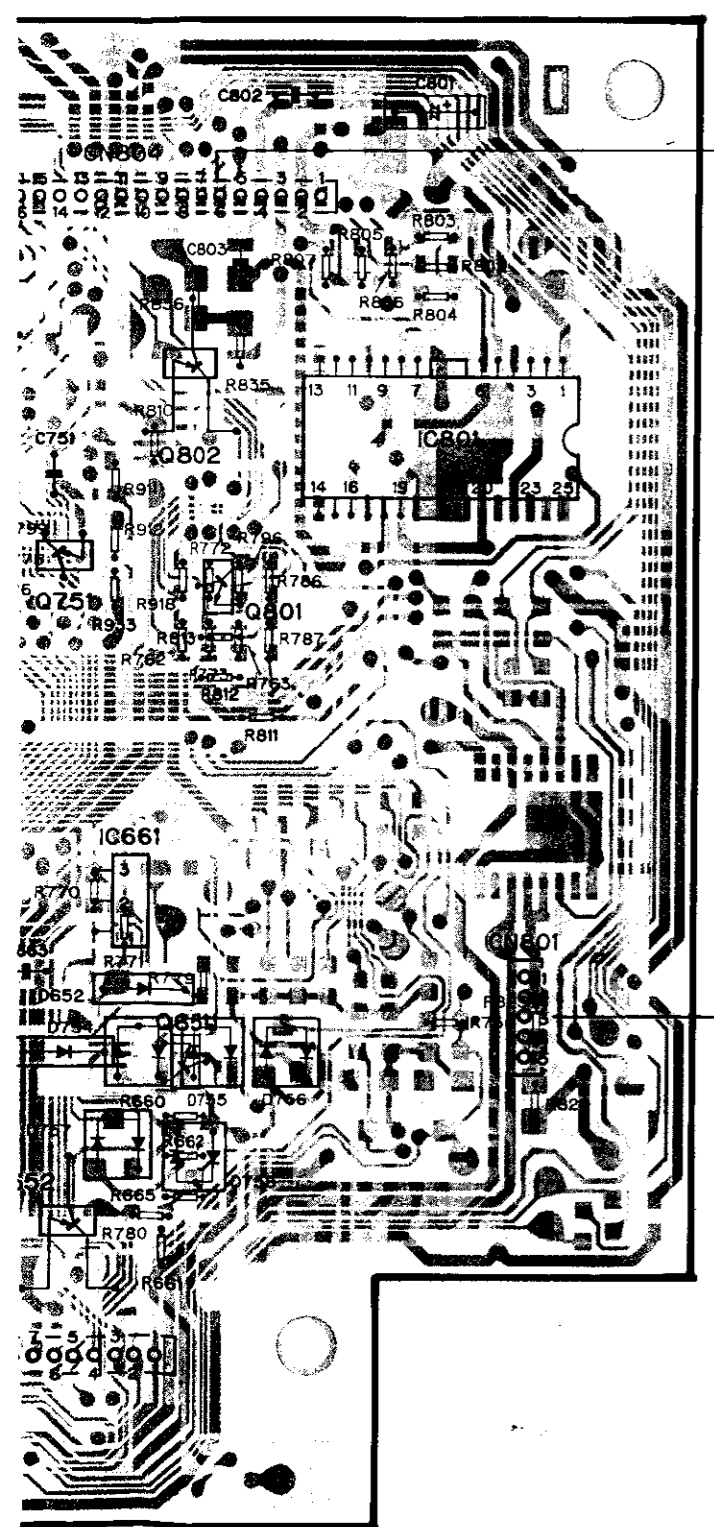
PU UNIT



EXTENSION P.C. BOARD
CN984

IC801

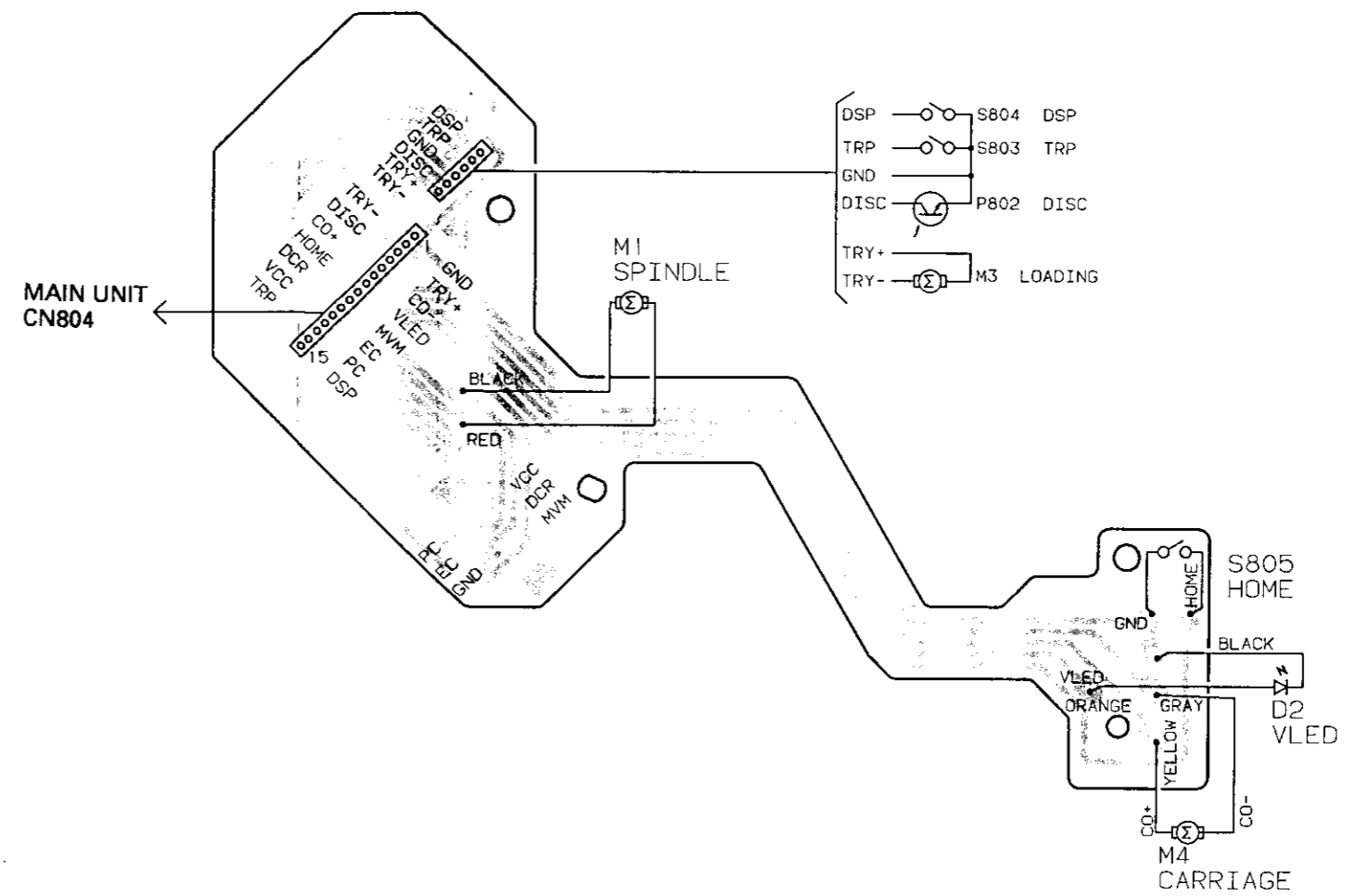
Q751 Q802 Q801
Q652 IC661 Q651



MECHANISM P.C. BOARD

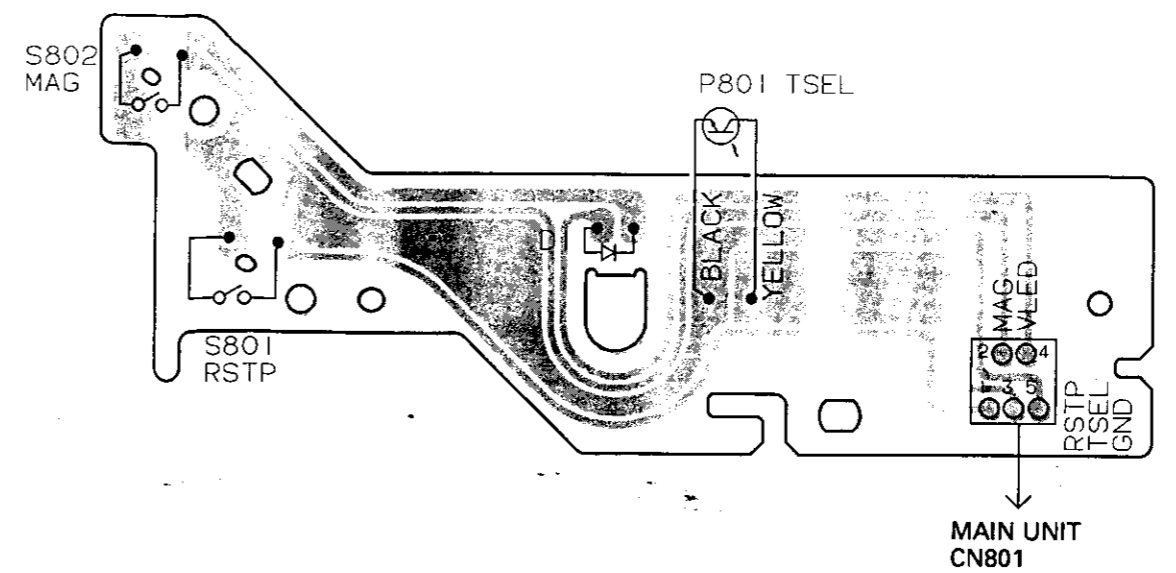
PHOTO P.C. BOARD

MECHANISM P.C. BOARD



MAIN UNIT CN804

PHOTO P.C. BOARD



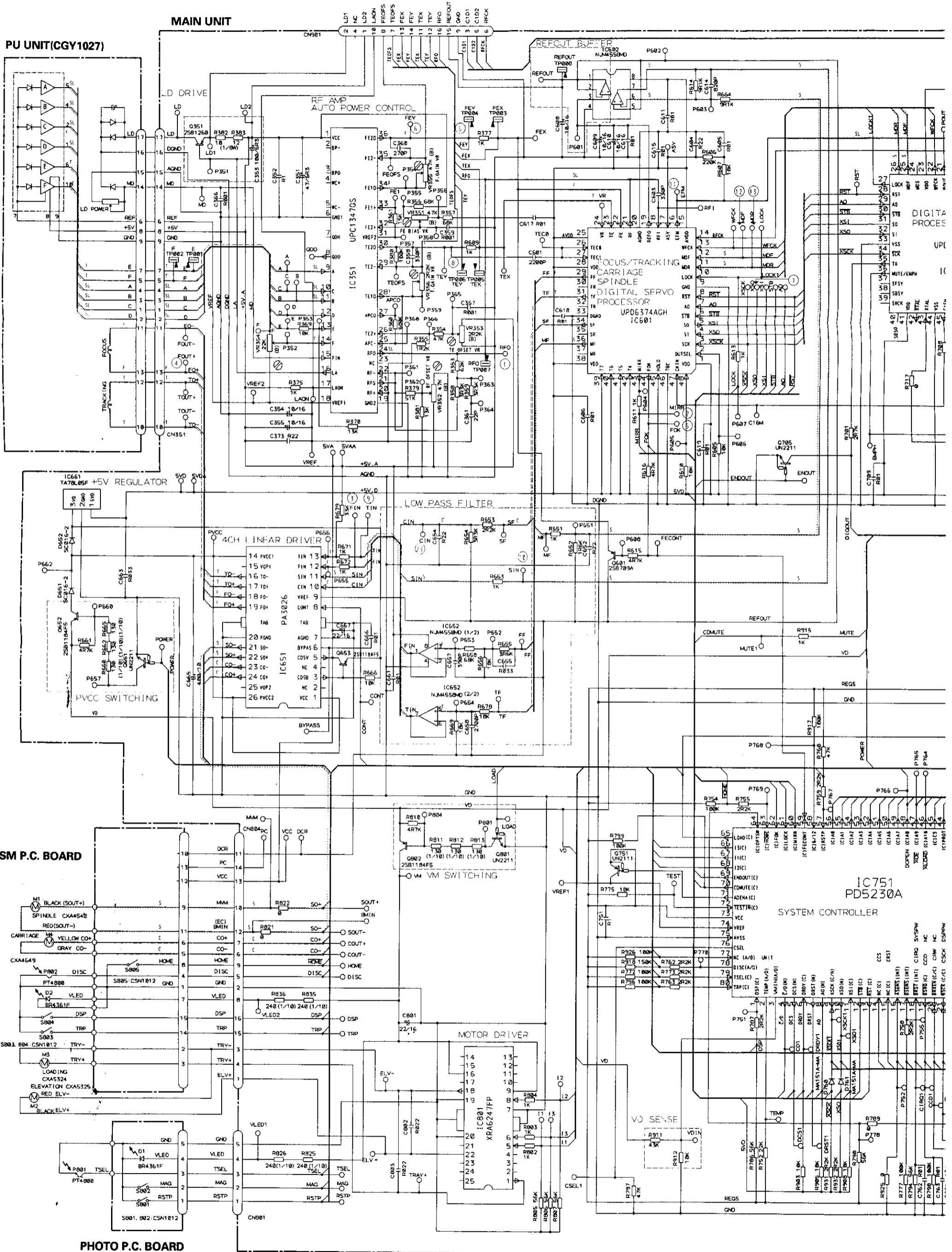
MAIN UNIT CN801

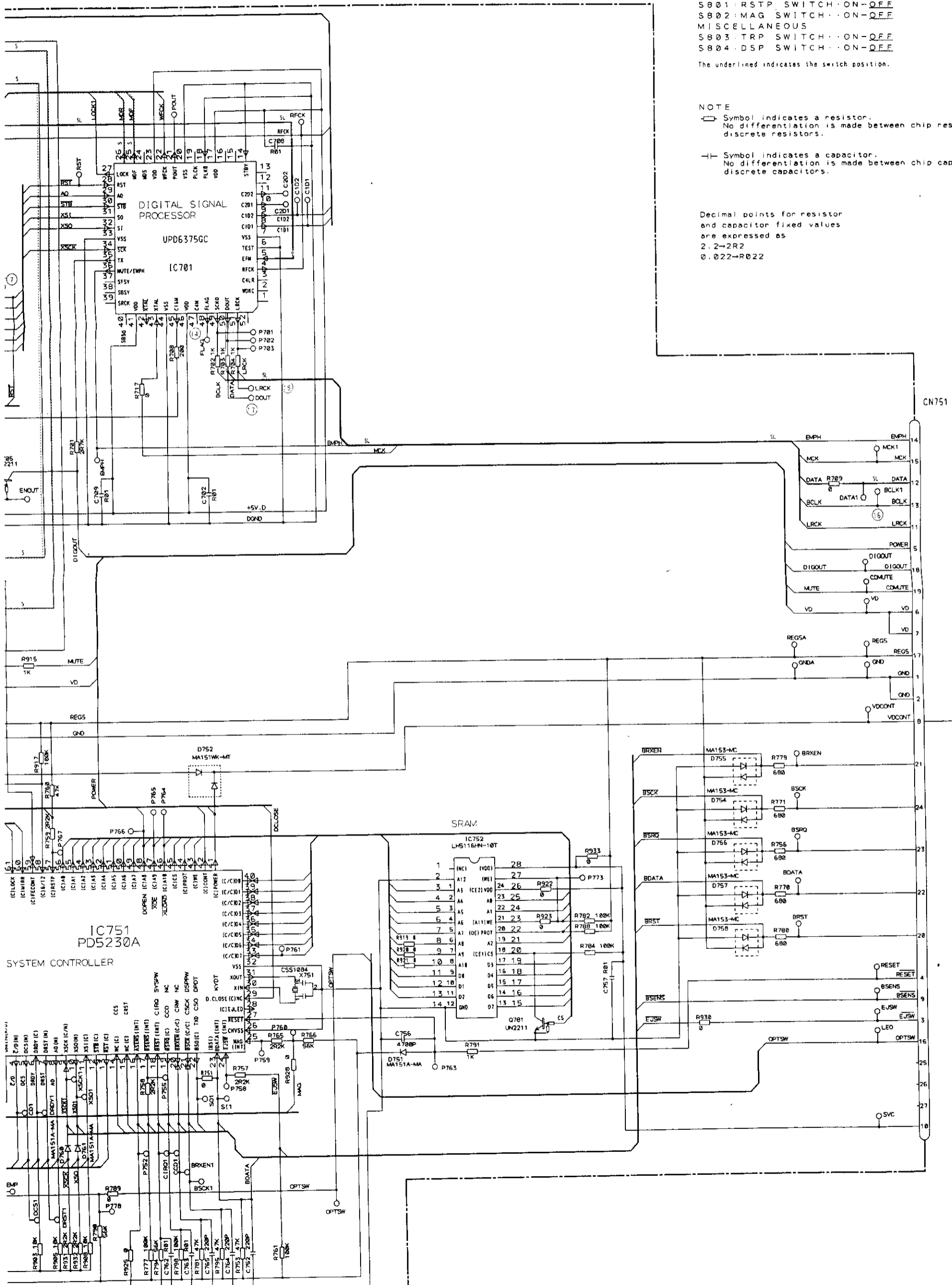
ENSION P.C. BOARD
184

Fig. 11

6. SCHEMATIC CIRCUIT DIAGRAM(1)

- SIGNAL LINE
- - - FOCUS SERVO LINE
- · - · TRACKING SERVO LINE
- · - · CARRIAGE SERVO LINE
- · · SPINDLE SERVO LINE





SWITCHES:
 MECHANISM P.C. BOARD
 S805: HOME SWITCH ON-OFF
 PHOTO P.C. BOARD
 S801: RSTP SWITCH ON-OFF
 S802: MAG SWITCH ON-OFF
 MISCELLANEOUS
 S803: TRP SWITCH ON-OFF
 S804: DSP SWITCH ON-OFF

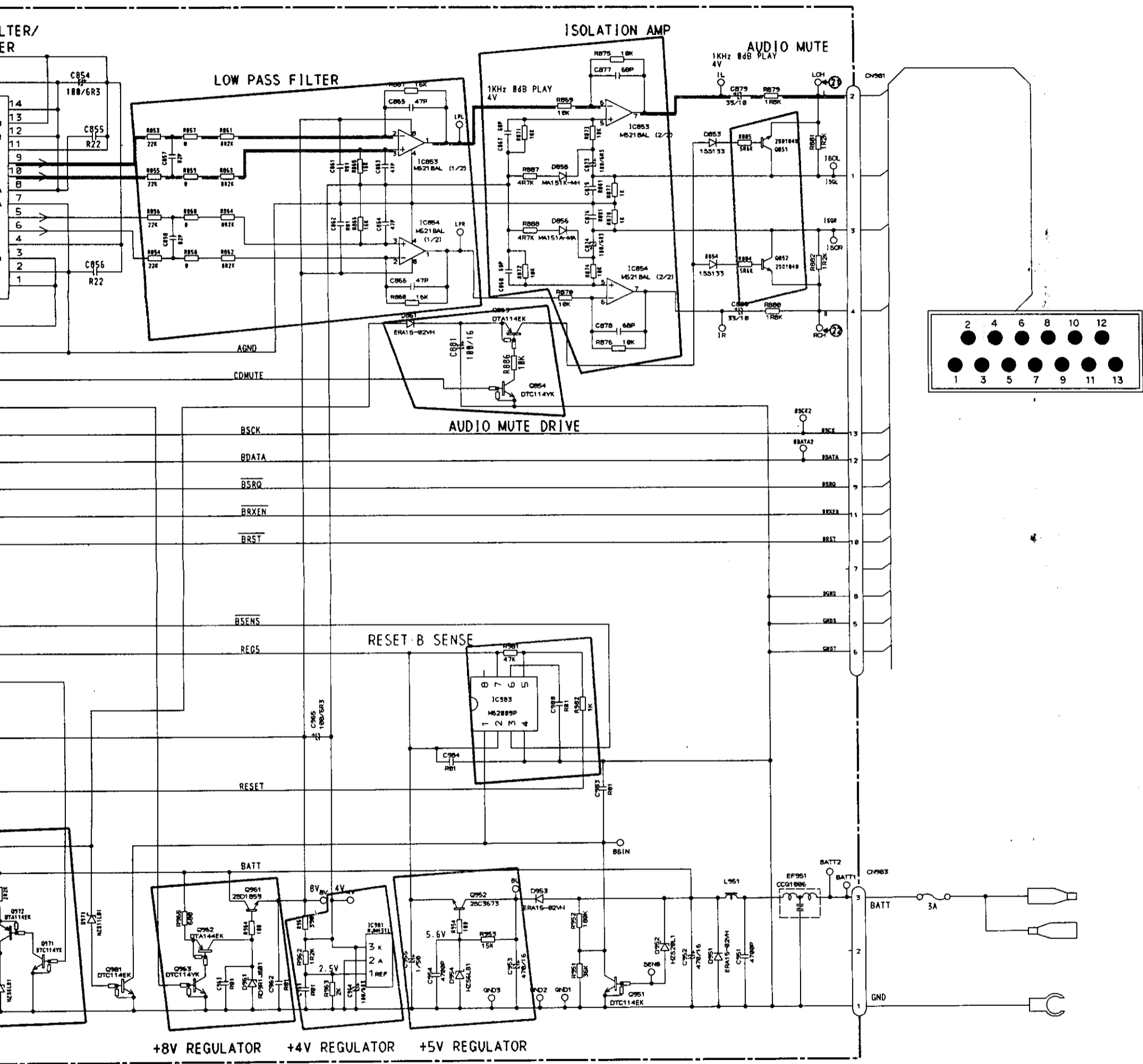
The underlined indicates the switch position.

NOTE
 [Resistor symbol] Symbol indicates a resistor.
 No differentiation is made between chip resistors and discrete resistors.
 [Capacitor symbol] Symbol indicates a capacitor.
 No differentiation is made between chip capacitors and discrete capacitors.

Decimal points for resistor and capacitor fixed values are expressed as
 2.2-2R2
 0.022-R022

EXTENSION P.C. BOARD

Fig. 12



NOTE :

□ Symbol indicates a resistor.
No differentiation is made between chip resistors and discrete resistors.

—||— Symbol indicates a capacitor.
No differentiation is made between chip capacitors and discrete capacitors.

Decimal points for resistor and capacitor fixed values are expressed as:
2.2→R22
0.022→R022

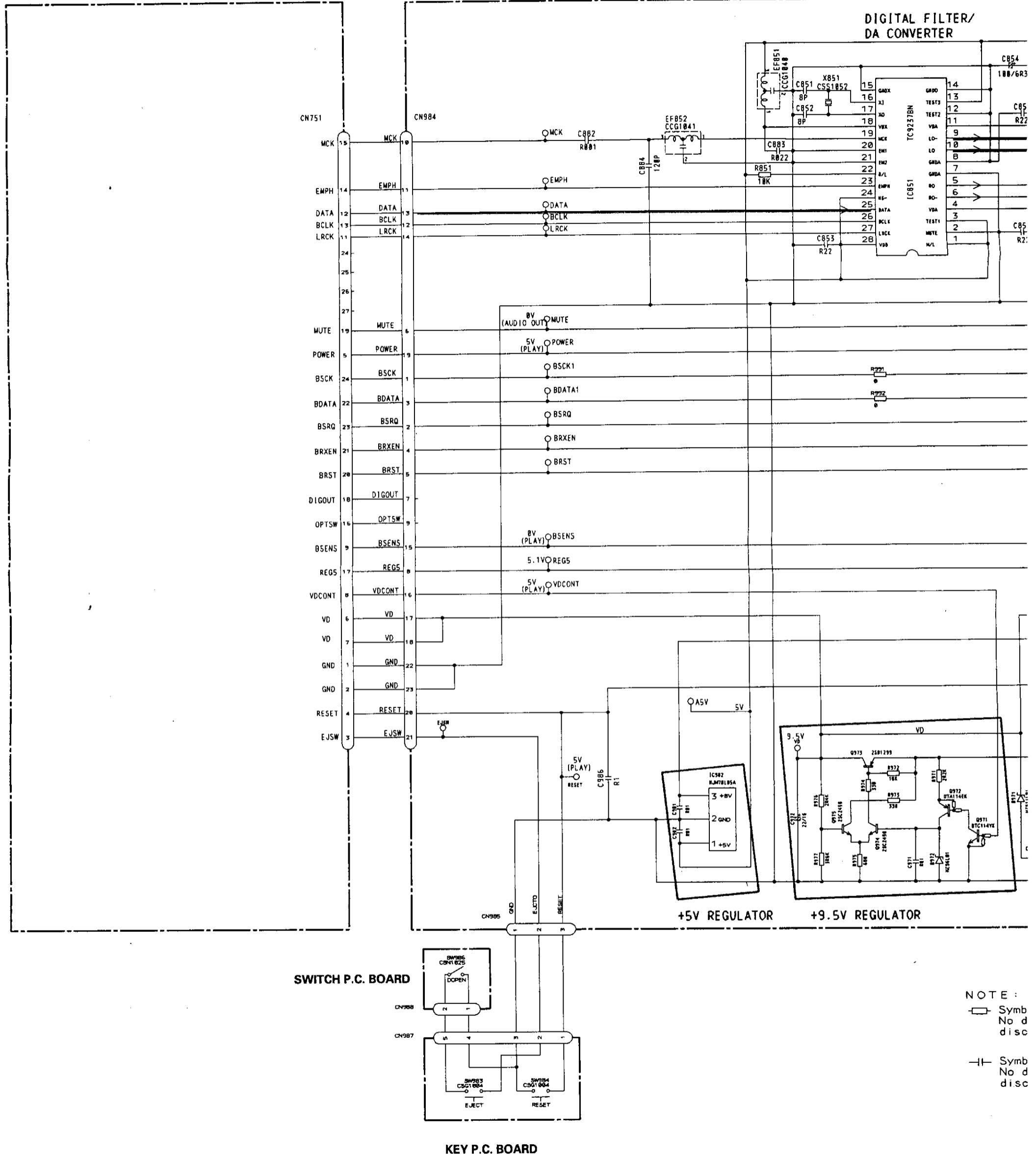
EXTENSION UNIT
Consists of
EXTENSION P.C. BOARD
KEY P.C. BOARD
SWITCH P.C. BOARD

Fig. 13

7. SCHEMATIC CIRCUIT DIAGRAM(2)

MAIN UNIT

EXTENSION UNIT



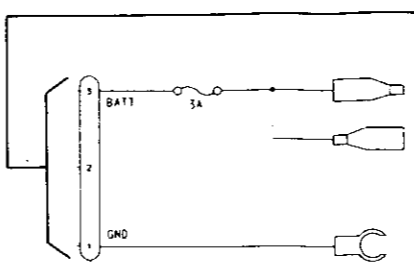
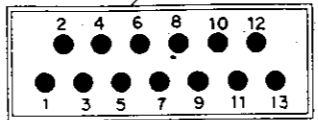
NOTE :

- Symb No d disc
- |— Symb No d disc

8. CONNECTION DIAGRAM(2)

EXTENSION P.C. BOARD

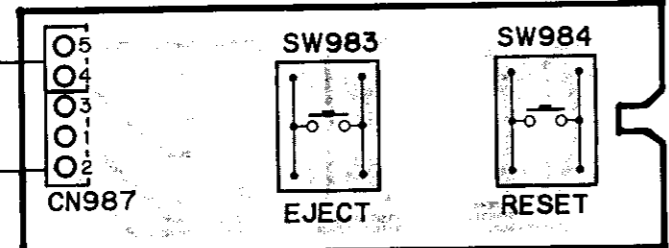
A



KEY P.C. BOARD

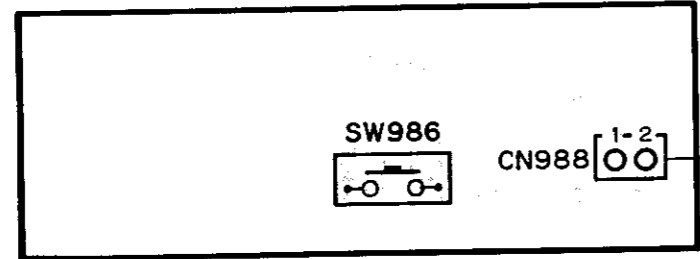
SWITCH P.C. BOARD
CN988

EXTENSION P.C. BOARD
CN985



C

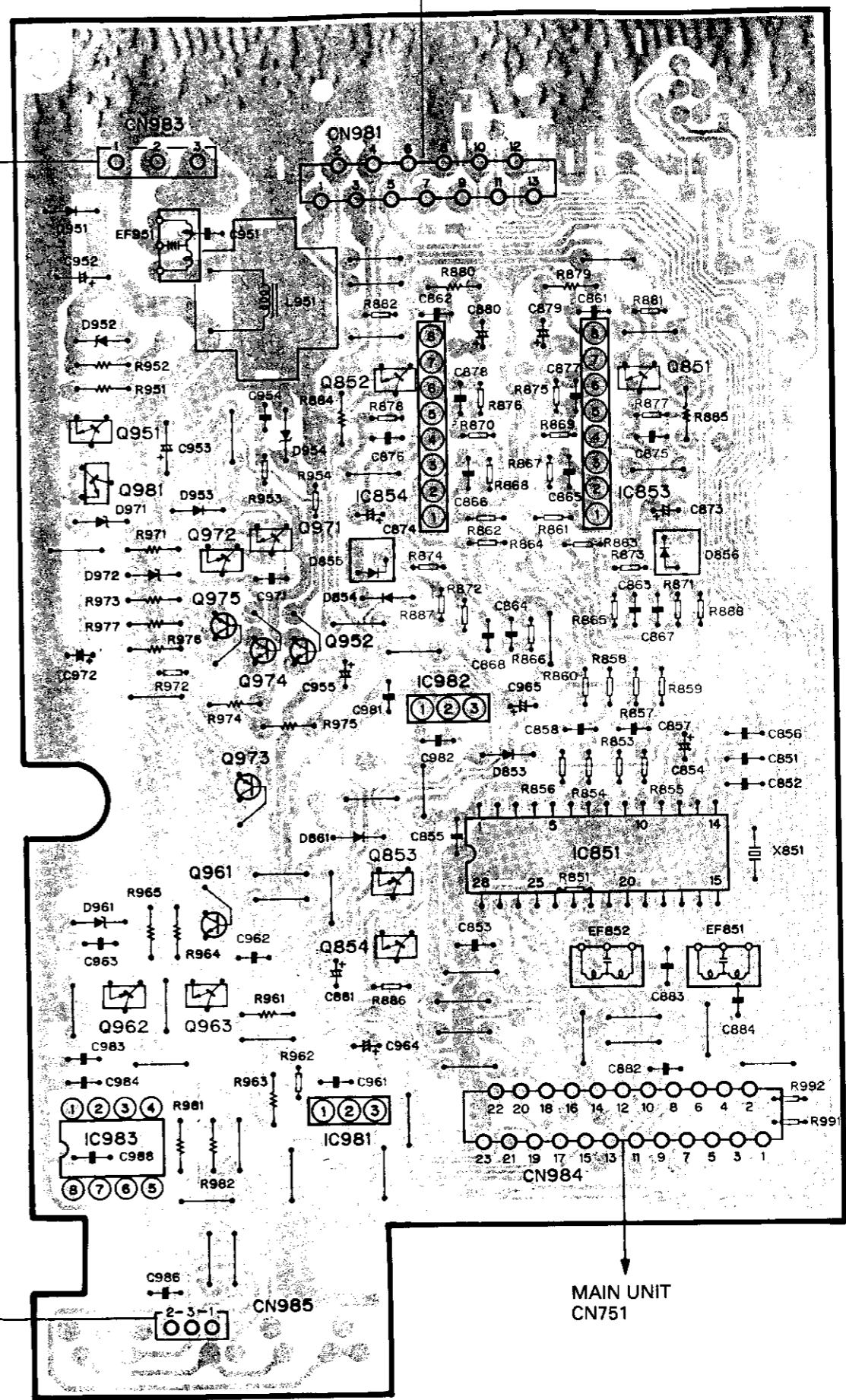
SWITCH P.C. BOARD



D

KEY P.C. BOARD
CN987

MAIN UNIT
CN751



IC. Q

- Q852 Q851
- Q951
- Q981
- IC854 IC853
- Q971
- Q972
- Q975
- Q974 Q952
- IC982
- Q973
- IC851
- Q853
- Q961
- Q854
- Q962 Q963
- IC981
- IC983

9. CHASSIS EXPLODED VIEW

A

B

C

D

A

B

C

D

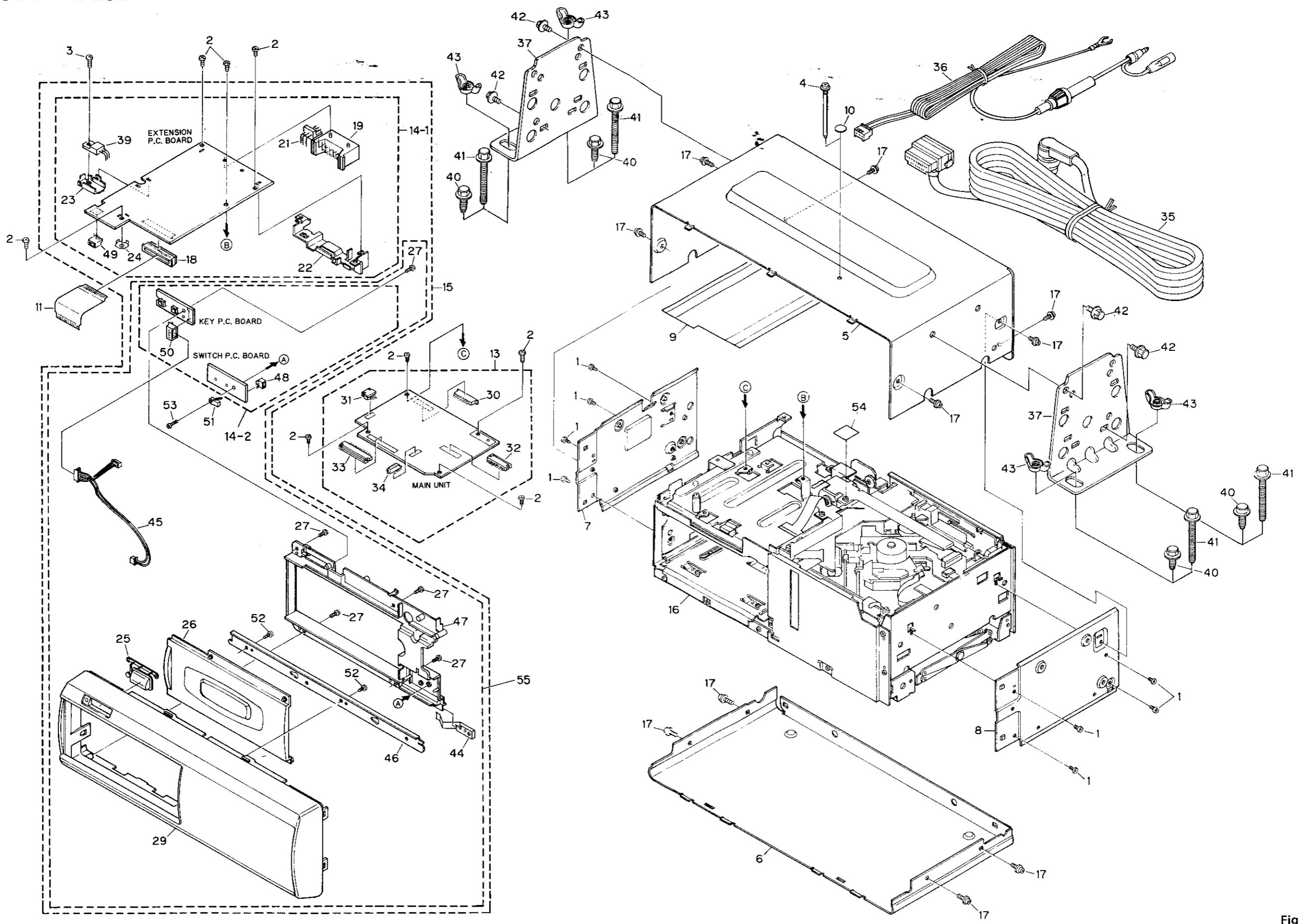


Fig. 15

NOTES:

●Parts marked by "***"are generally unavailable because they are not in our Master Spare Parts List.

●Parts marked by "⊙"are not always kept in stock. Their delivery time may be longer than usual or they may be unavailable.

● Parts List

Mark	No.	Description	Part No.	Mark	No.	Description	Part No.
	1	Screw	BMZ26P030FMC	31	Connector(5P)(CN801)	CKS1943	
	2	Screw	PMS26P040FMC	32	Connector(17P)(CN351)	CKS1955	
	3	Screw(M2.6x8)	CBA1186	33	Connector(27P)(CN751)	CKS1965	
	4	Pin	CLA2163	34	Connector(16P)(CN901)	CKS2495	
	5	Upper Case	CNB1654	35	DIN Cord	CDE4125	
	6	Lower Case	CNB1656	36	Cord(UC)	CDE3741	
	7	Bracket L	CNC5059		Cord(EW)	CDE3742	
	8	Bracket R	CNC5053	37	Angle	CNB1763	
*	9	Insulator	CNM3628	38	*****		
*	10	Sheal	CNM3648	39	Transistor(Q973)	2SB1299	
	11	P.C.Board	CNP3138	40	Screw	CBA1069	
	12	*****		41	Screw	HMB60P500FZK	
⊙	13	Main Uniit	CWX1513	42	Screw	HMF40P080FZK	
⊙	14	Extension Unit	CWX1568	43	Nut	NR60FZK	
	15	Grille Assy(UC)	CXA5544	44	Spring	CBL1151	
		Grille Assy(EW)	CXA5533	45	Connector	CDE4117	
⊙	16	CD Mechanism Unit	CXK2700	46	Bracket	CNC4469	
	17	Screw	PMS30P040FZK	47	Guide	CNV3406	
	18	Connector(23P)(CN984)	CKS1543	48	Plug(2P)	CKS1049	
	19	Connector(13P)(CN981)	CKS2101	49	Plug(3P)	CKS1050	
	20	*****		50	Plug(5P)	CKS1635	
	21	Plug(3P)(CN983)	CKS2372	51	Switch(SW986)	CSN1025	
	22	Connector Bracket	CNC4446	52	Screw	BPZ26P060FMC	
*	23	Heat Sink	CNC4447	53	Screw(M2x12)	CBA1268	
*	24	Earth Plate	CNC4650	54	Insulator	CNM3779	
	25	Button	CAC3467	55	Spare Assy(Grille Assy)(UC)	CXX1097	
					Spare Assy(Grille Assy)(EW)	CXX1096	
	26	Door	CAT1498				
	27	Screw(M2.6x8)	CBA1161				
	28	*****					
	29	Grille	CNS2568				
	30	Connector(15P)(CN804)	CKS1954				

10. MAGAZINE ASSY (CXA5482) EXPLODED VIEW

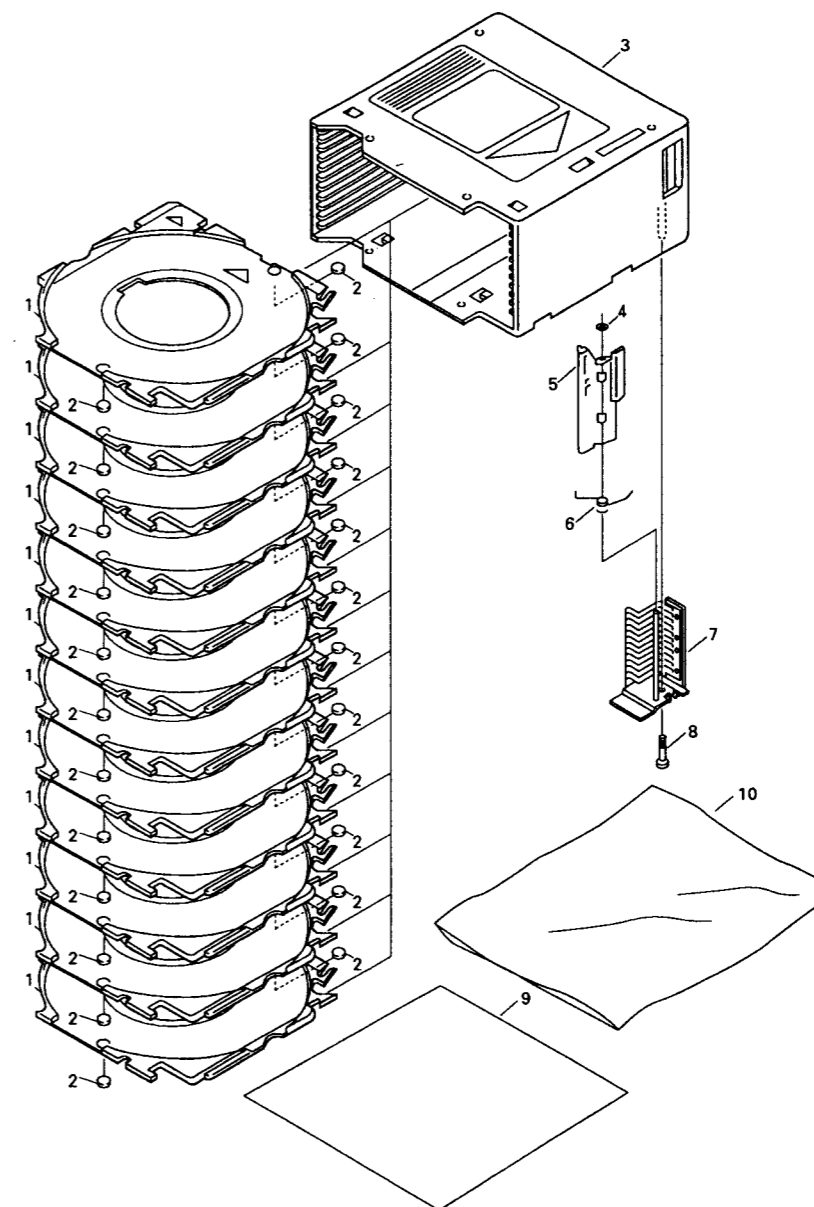


Fig.16

● Parts List

Mark	No.	Description	Part No.	Mark	No.	Description	Part No.
*	1	Tray	CNV3469	*	6	Spring	CBH1522
*	2	Cushion	CNM3622	*	7	Bracket Unit	CXA5476
*	3	Case Unit	CXA5474		8	Screw (M2x13)	CBA1272
	4	Washer	CBF1039	*	9-1	Owner's Manual	CRW1247
*	5	Arm	CNV3465	*	9-2	Label	CRW1247
					10	Polyethylene Bag	E36-618

10. MAGAZINE ASSY (CXA5482) EXPLODED VIEW

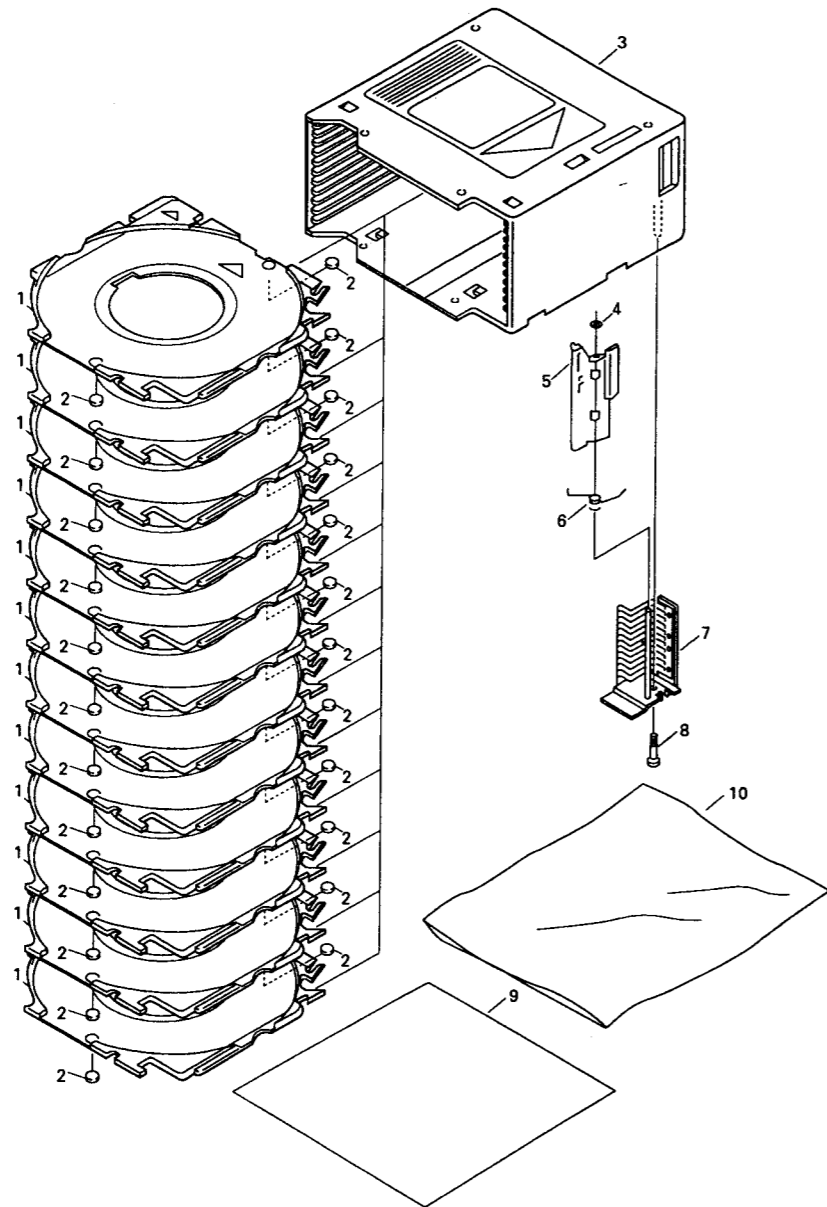


Fig.16

● Parts List

Mark	No.	Description	Part No.	Mark	No.	Description	Part No.
*	1	Tray	CNV3469	*	6	Spring	CBH1522
*	2	Cushion	CNM3622	*	7	Bracket Unit	CXA5476
*	3	Case Unit	CXA5474	*	8	Screw (M2x13)	CBA1272
	4	Washer	CBF1039	*	9-1	Owner's Manual	CRD1638
*	5	Arm	CNV3465	*	9-2	Label	CRW1247
					10	Polyethylene Bag	E36-618

11. CD MECHANISM UNIT EXPLODED VIEW

● Parts List

Mark	No.	Description	Part No.	Mark	No.	Description	Part No.	Mark	No.	Description	Part No.	Mark	No.	Description	Part No.	Mark	No.	Description	Part No.
	1	Screw	BMZ20P025FMC		41	Spring	CBL1181		81	Spacer	CNM1787		121	Gear	CNV3382				
	2	Screw	BMZ20P030FMC		42	Spring	CBL1156		82	Sheet	CNM3567		122	Gear	CNV3383				
	3	*****			43	Spring	CBL1157		83	*****			123	Gear	CNV3384				
	4	Screw	BMZ26P030FMC		44	Spring	CBL1158		84	P.C.Board	CNP3222		124	Guide	CNV3385				
	5	Screw	BMZ26P050FMC		45	Connector(5P)	CDE3906		85	P.C.Board	CNP3225		125	Arm	CNV3386				
	6	LED (D1,2)	BR4361F		46	PU Unit	CGY1027		86	P.C.Board	CNP3226		126	Roller	CNV3387				
	7	Screw (M2x4)	CBA1015		47	Connector (6P)	CKS1944		87	Ball	CNR1189		127	Wheel	CNV3526				
	8	Screw (M2x2.5)	CBA1037		48	Connector (15P)	CKS1953		88	Gear	CNR1289		128	Arm	CNV3546				
	9	Screw (M2x7)	CBA1060		49	Connector (17P)	CKS1955		89	Gear	CNR1290		129	Cover	CNV3547				
	10	Screw (M2x3)	CBA1062		50	Connector (5P)	CKS2208		90	Gear	CNR1304		130	Holder	CNV3548				
	11	Screw (M1.7x5.5)	CBA1070		51	Shaft	CLA2027		91	Guide	CNR1309		131	Damper	CNV3549				
	12	Screw (M2x3)	CBA1077		52	Shaft	CLA2123		92	Holder	CNR1310		132	Holder	CNV3584				
	13	*****			53	Shaft	CLA2126		93	Holder	CNR1311		133	Plate	CNV3629				
	14	Screw (M2x6)	CBA1229		54	Roller	CLA2127		94	Belt	CNT1047		134	P.C.Board	CNP3227				
	15	Screw (M2x2.5)	CBA1251		55	Roller	CLA2159		95	Holder	CNV3352		135	P.C.Board	CNP3393				
	16	Washer	CBF1037		56	Shaft	CLA2160		96	Arm	CNV3354		136	P.C.Board	CNP3540				
	17	Washer	CBF1038		57	Collar	CLA2161		97	Lock	CNV3355		137	P.C.Board	CNP3217				
	18	Spring	CBH1430		58	Shaft	CLA2210		98	Screw Bearing	CNV3356		138	P.C.Board	CNP3218				
	19	Spring	CBH1488		59	Shaft	CLA2213		99	Holder	CNV3357		139	P.C.Board	CNP3219				*
	20	Spring	CBH1489		60	Shaft	CLA2238		100	Roller	CNV3358		140	P.C.Board	CNP3220				
	21	Spring	CBH1490		61	Holder	CNC4073		101	Cam	CNV3359		141	P.C.Board	CNP3221				*
	22	Spring	CBH1491		62	Weight	CNC4551		102	Guide	CNV3360		142	Switch (S801,802,803,804,805)	CSN1012				
	23	Spring	CBH1492		63	Bracket	CNC4602		103	Guide	CNV3361		143	Motor Unit (Spindle) (M1)	CXA4540				
	24	Spring	CBH1493		64	Arm	CNC4606		104	Holder	CNV3362		144	Motor Unit (Carriage) (M4)	CXA4649				
	25	Spring	CBH1494		65	Holder	CNC4626		105	Holder	CNV3363		145	Stage Chassis Unit	CXA5287				
	26	Spring	CBH1495		66	Side Frame (L)	CNC4627		106	*****			146	*****					
	27	Spring	CBH1497		67	R Frame	CNC4628		107	Gear	CNV3366		147	Mode Ring Unit	CXA5288				
	28	Spring	CBH1498		68	Scale	CNC4629		108	Gear	CNV3367		148	Steer R Unit	CXA5289				
	29	Spring	CBH1499		69	Bracket	CNC4630		109	Gear	CNV3368		149	LM Bracket Unit	CXA5290				
	30	Spring	CBH1500		70	CM Bracket	CNC4631		110	Gear	CNV3371		150	Rink Unit	CXA5291				
	31	Spring	CBH1501		71	Bracket	CNC4632		111	TRYD Gear	CNV3372		151	Lever Unit	CXA5292				
	32	Spring	CBH1503		72	Arm	CNC4634		112	CUPM Gear	CNV3373		152	Arm Unit	CXA5293				
	33	Spring	CBH1504		73	Arm	CNC4635		113	Clamper UP Gear	CNV3374		153	Gear Arm Unit	CXA5294				
	34	Spring	CBH1505		74	Arm	CNC4636		114	Guide	CNV3375		154	Arm Unit	CXA5295				
	35	Spring	CBH1506		75	TG Plate	CNC4637		115	Guide	CNV3376		155	Plate Unit	CXA5296				
	36	Spring	CBH1537		76	Bracket	CNC4642		116	Arm	CNV3377		156	TG Bracket Unit	CXA5297				
	37	Spring	CBH1538		77	Frame	CNC4850		117	Arm	CNV3378		157	CRG Chassis Unit	CXA5298				
	38	Spring	CBH1563		78	Frame	CNC4854		118	Guide	CNV3379		158	Bracket Unit	CXA5299				
	39	Spring	CBH1569		79	Cover	CNC4955		119	Guide	CNV3380		159	Arm Unit	CXA5300				
	40	Spring	CBL1138		80	Frame	CNC4967		120	*****			160	Arm Unit	CXA5301				

Mark	No.	Description	Part No.	Mark	No.	Description	Part No.	Mark	No.	Description	Part No.	Mark	No.	Description	Part No.
81		Spacer	CNM1787	121		Gear	CNV3382	161		Screw Unit	CXA5302	186		Screw	JFZ14P016FNI
82		Sheet	CNM3567	122		Gear	CNV3383	162		Arm Unit	CXA5303	187		
83			123		Gear	CNV3384	163		Bracket Unit	CXA5304	188		
84		P.C.Board	CNP3222	124		Guide	CNV3385	164		Bracket Unit	CXA5305	189		
85		P.C.Board	CNP3225	125		Arm	CNV3386	165		Holder Unit	CXA5308	190		Screw	JFZ20P025FNI
86		P.C.Board	CNP3226	126		Roller	CNV3387	166		Frame Unit	CXA5310	191		Screw	JGZ20P070FNI
87		Ball	CNR1189	127		Wheel	CNV3526	167		Arm Unit	CXA5311	192		Screw	PMS20P025FMC
88		Gear	CNR1289	128		Arm	CNV3546	168		Arm Unit	CXA5313	193		Photo Transistor (P801,802)	PT4800
89		Gear	CNR1290	129		Cover	CNV3547	169		Bracket Unit	CXA5314	194		Washer	YE15FUC
90		Gear	CNR1304	130		Holder	CNV3548	170		Arm Unit	CXA5315	195		Washer	YE20FUC
91		Guide	CNR1309	131		Damper	CNV3549	171		Main Frame Unit	CXA5316	196		Washer	YE25FUC
92		Holder	CNR1310	132		Holder	CNV3584	172		Lever Unit	CXA5317	197		Sheet	CNM3798
93		Holder	CNR1311	133		Plate	CNV3629	173		Magazine Holder Unit	CXA5318	198		Bracket	CNC5028
94		Belt	CNT1047	134		P.C.Board	CNP3227	174		Upper Frame Unit	CXA5319	199		Insulator	CNM3786
95		Holder	CNV3352	135		P.C.Board	CNP3393	175		Bracket Unit	CXA5322	200		Sheet	CNM3817
96		Arm	CNV3354	136		P.C.Board	CNP3540	176		Motor Unit (Loading) (M3)	CXA5324	201		Screw	BMZ26P040FMC
97		Lock	CNV3355	137		P.C.Board	CNP3217	177		Gear	CNV3365	202		Screw (M2x2.5)	CBA1041
98		Screw Bearing	CNV3356	138		P.C.Board	CNP3218	* 178		Motor	CXM1069	203		Screw (M2.6x3)	CBA1065
99		Holder	CNV3357	139		P.C.Board	CNP3219	179		Motor Unit (Elevation) (M2)	CXA5325	204		
100		Roller	CNV3358	140		P.C.Board	CNP3220	180		Gear	CNV3381	205		Screw	JFZ17P025FNI
101		Cam	CNV3359	141		P.C.Board	CNP3221	* 181		Motor	CXM1061	206		Screw	JFZ17P035FNI
102		Guide	CNV3360	142		Switch (S801,802,803,804,805)	CSN1012	182		Whom Bracket Unit	CXA5326	207		Screw	JFZ20P030FNI
103		Guide	CNV3361	143		Motor Unit (Spindle) (M1)	CXA4540	183		Arm Unit	CXA5561	208		Sheet	CNM3826
104		Holder	CNV3362	144		Motor Unit (Carriage) (M4)	CXA4649	184		Damper Unit	CXA5631	209		Roller	CLA2266
105		Holder	CNV3363	145		Stage Chassis Unit	CXA5287	185		Clamper	HEF-102	210		Spring	CBH1579
106			146							211		Washer	CBE-112
107		Gear	CNV3366	147		Mode Ring Unit	CXA5288								
108		Gear	CNV3367	148		Steer R Unit	CXA5289								
109		Gear	CNV3368	149		LM Bracket Unit	CXA5290								
110		Gear	CNV3371	150		Rink Unit	CXA5291								
111		TRYD Gear	CNV3372	151		Lever Unit	CXA5292								
112		CUPM Gear	CNV3373	152		Arm Unit	CXA5293								
113		Clamper UP Gear	CNV3374	153		Gear Arm Unit	CXA5294								
114		Guide	CNV3375	154		Arm Unit	CXA5295								
115		Guide	CNV3376	155		Plate Unit	CXA5296								
116		Arm	CNV3377	156		TG Bracket Unit	CXA5297								
117		Arm	CNV3378	157		CRG Chassis Unit	CXA5298								
118		Guide	CNV3379	158		Bracket Unit	CXA5299								
119		Guide	CNV3380	159		Arm Unit	CXA5300								
120			160		Arm Unit	CXA5301								

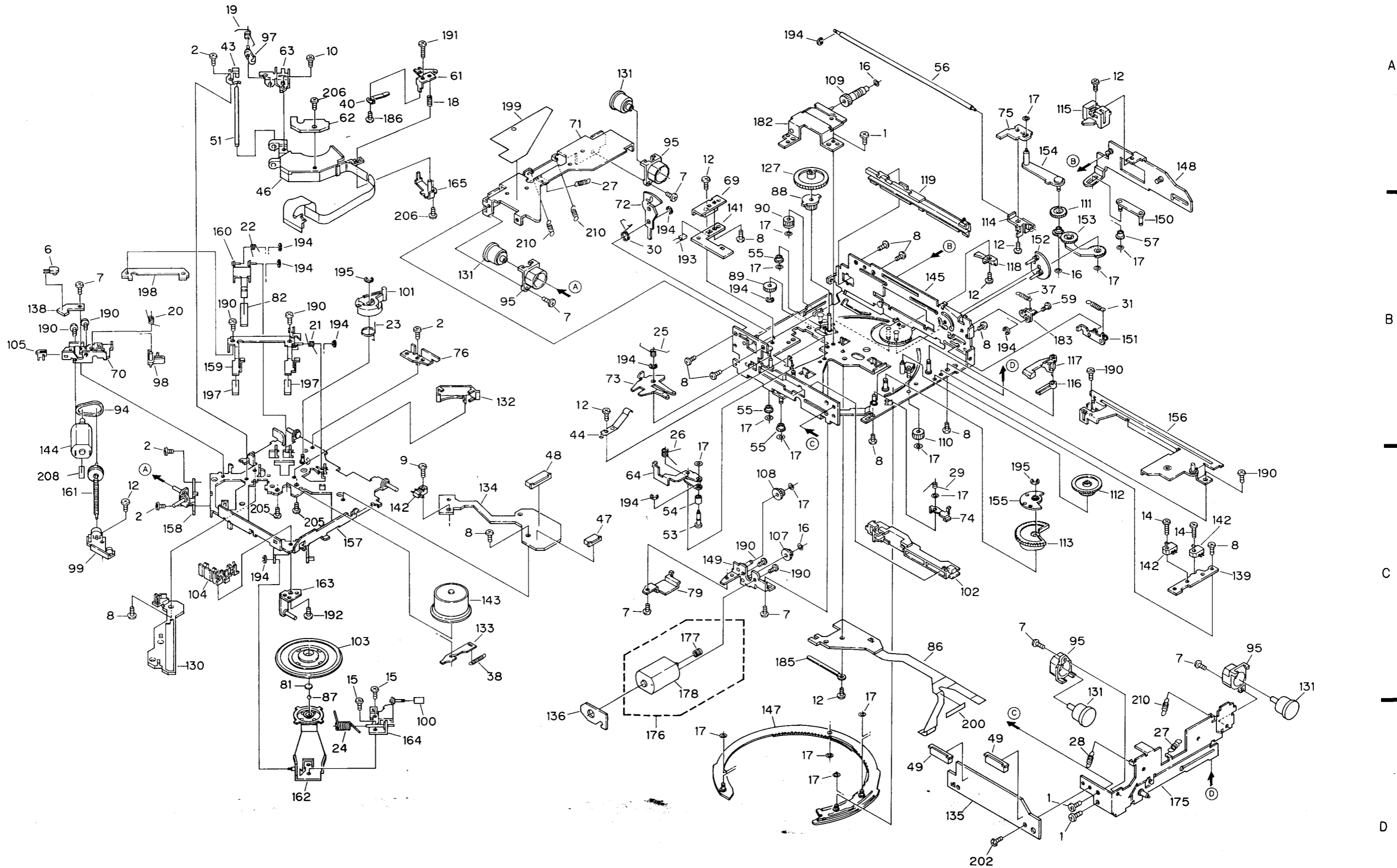


Fig. 17

12. PACKING METHOD

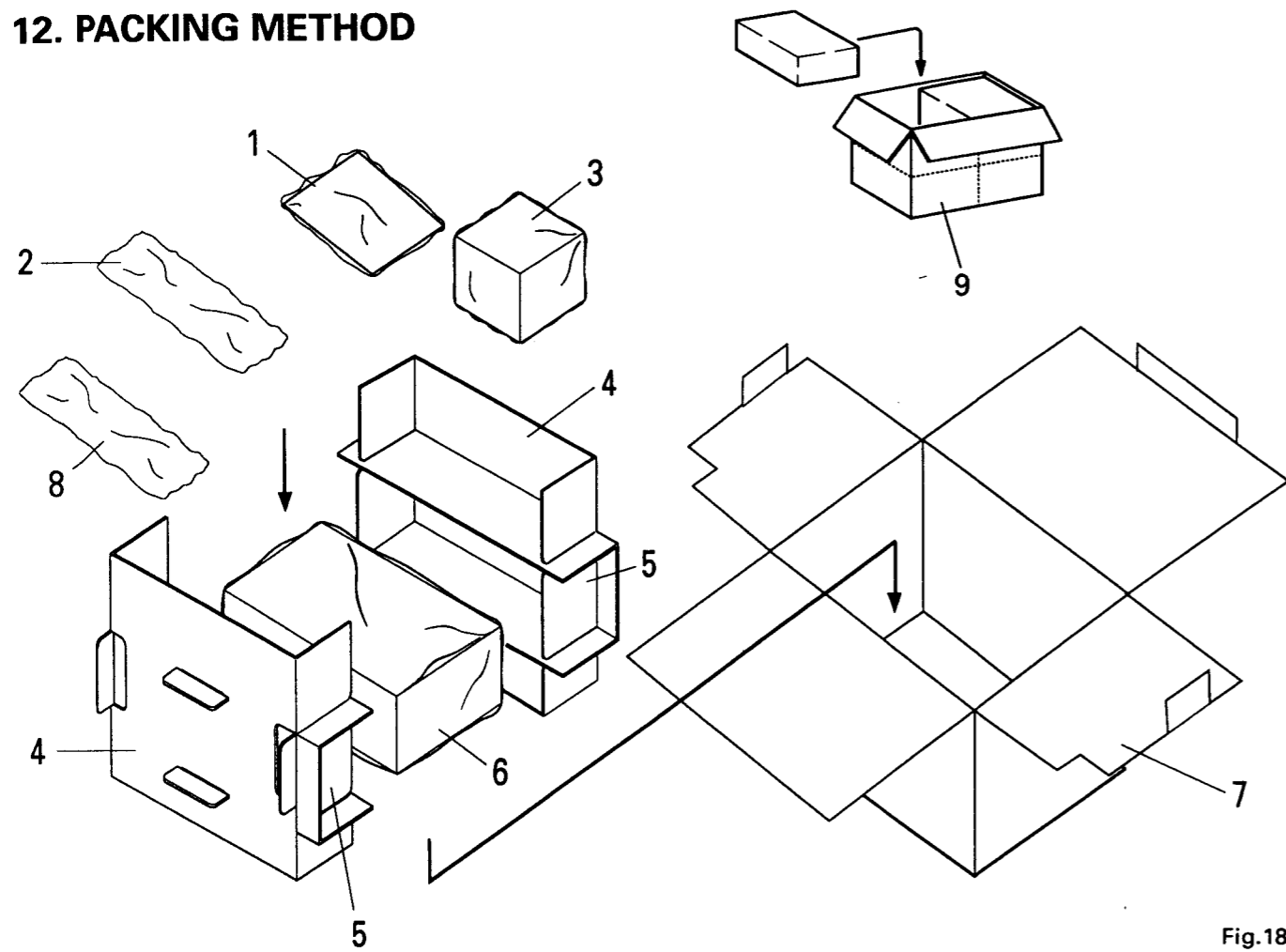


Fig.18

● Parts List

Mark	No.	Description	Part No.
	1-1	Owner's Manual(UC)	CRD1642
		Owner's Manual(EW)	CRD1640
		Owner's Manual(EW)	CRD1641
*	1-2	Card(UC)	ARY1048
*		Card(EW)	CRY-062
	2	Accessory Assy(UC)	CEA1797
		Accessory Assy(EW)	CEA1795
	2-1	Cord(UC)	CDE3741
		Cord(EW)	CDE3742
	2-2	Screw Assy	CEA1788
	2-2-1	Screw(x4)	CBA1069
*	2-2-2	Polyethylene Bag	E36-615
	2-2-3	Screw(x4)	HMB60P500FZK
	2-2-4	Screw(x4)	HMF40P080FZK
	2-2-5	Nut(x4)	NR60FZK

* Non Spare Part			
Mark	No.	Description	Part No.
	2-3	Angle(x2)	CNB1763
*	2-4	Polyethylene Bag	E36-622
	3	Magazine Assy	CXA5482
	4	Protector	CHP1537
	5	Protector	CHP1536
	6	Cover	CEG1082
		Caution Card	CRP1112
*		Sheal	CNM3648
	7	Carton(UC)	CHG2300
		Carton(EW)	CHG2299
	8	DIN Cord	CDE4125
	9	Contain Box(UC)	CHL2300

1-1 Owner's Manual		
Part No.	Model	Language
CRD1642	CDX-M12/UC	English,French
CRD1640	CDX-M12/EW	English,Italian,French, German,Dutch
CRD1641	CDX-M12/EW	Spanish,Portuguese, Swedish,Norwegian, Finnish

13. ELECTRICAL PARTS LIST

NOTE:

● Parts whose parts numbers are omitted are subject to being not supplied.

● The part numbers shown below indicate chip components.

Chip Resistor
RS1/OS0000J,RS1/OOS000J

Chip Capacitor (except for CQS.....)

CKS....., CCS....., CSZS.....

Unit Number	Unit Name	Part No.	Circuit Symbol & No.	Part Name	Part No.	Unit Number	Unit Name
		MISCELLANEOUS					
IC	351	UPC1347GS					
IC	601	UPD6374AGH					
IC	602 652	NJM4558MD					
IC	651	PA3026					
IC	661	TA78L05F					
IC	701	UPD6375GC					
IC	751	PD5230A					
IC	752	LH5116HN-10T					
IC	801	XRA6247FP					
Q	351	2SB1260					
Q	601	2SB709A					
Q	651 801	UN2211					
Q	652	2SB1184F5					
Q	653	2SB1184F5					
Q	705 781	UN2211					
Q	751	UN2111					
Q	802	2SB1184F5					
D	651 652	SC016-2					
D	751 760 761	MA151A-MA					
D	752	MA151WK-MT					
D	754 755 756 757 758	MA153-MC					
X	751	CSS1084					
VR	351 352 355	CCP1023					
VR	353 356	CCP1015					
VR	354	CCP1021					
		Checker Chip			CKF1025		
		RESISTORS					
R	353	RS1/16S623J					
R	354 753 760 781 795 797	RS1/16S473J					
R	355	RS1/16S122J					
R	356 357 658	RS1/16S683J					
R	358 359	RS1/16S332J					
R	360	RS1/16S684J					
R	361	RS1/16S153J					
R	369 605 607 610 666 775 903	RS1/16S103J					
R	370 381	RS1/16S133J					
R	375 377 609 613 651 663 671 672	RS1/16S102J					
R	379	RS1/16S513J					
R	380 754 761 772 777 782 784 788 796 798	RS1/16S104J					
R	382	RS1/8S100J					
R	383	RS1/8S120J					
R	606	RS1/16S224J					
R	611 791	RS1/16S102J					
R	614 664	RS1/16S912J					
R	615 616 810	RS1/16S472J					
R	652	RS1/16S162J					
R	653	RS1/16S222J					
		CAPACITORS					
C	351	CEV470M6R3					
C	352 751	CKSQYB104K16					
C	353	CEV101M6R3					
C	354 355 609 610	CEV100M16					
C	357 359 366	CKSRYB102K50					
C	358 603	CKSRYB331K50					
C	360	CKSRYB271K50					
C	361	CCSRCH220J50					
C	373	CKSYB224K16					
C	601	CKSRYB222K50					
C	604 652 654	CKSYB224K16					
C	605 606 611 615 616 618 619 661 666 762	CKSRYB103K50					
C	608	CEV100M16					
C	614	CKSRYB821K50					
C	617 702 708 709 757	CKSRYB103K50					
C	655	CKSQYB333K25					
C	657	CKSRYB391K50					
C	658	CKSQYB272K50					
C	663	CKSQYB333K25					
C	665	CCH1120			400 μF/10V		
C	667	CEV220M16					
C	752 764 765	CCSRCH221J50					
C	756	CKSRYB472K50					
C	763	CKSRYB103K50					
C	801	CEV220M16					

====Circuit Symbol & No. Part Name====	Part No.
C 802	CKSQYB223K25
C 803	CKSQYB223K25

Extension Unit
Consists of
•Extension P.C.Board
•Key P.C.Board
•Switch P.C.Board

Unit Number :
Unit Name : Extension Unit

MISCELLANEOUS

2J	IC 851	TC9237BN
2J	IC 853 854	M5218AL
3J	IC 981	NJM431L
11J	IC 982	NJM78L05A
2J	IC 983	M62009P
13J	Q 851 852	2SD1048
13J	Q 853	DTA114EK
13J	Q 854 963 971	DTC114YK
2J	Q 951	DTC114EK
2J	Q 952	2SC3673
11J	Q 961	2SD1859
10J	Q 962	DTA114EK
10J	Q 972	DTA114EK
13J	Q 973	2SB1299
2J	Q 974 975	2SC2458
81J	Q 981	DTC114EK
63J	D 853 854	1SS133
63J	D 855	MA151K-MH
104J	D 856	MA151A-MA
41J	D 861 951 953	ERA15-02VH
03J	D 952	HZS20L1
33J	D 954 972	HZS6LB1
104J	D 961	RD9R1JSB1
14J	D 971	HZS11LB1
10J	L 951	CTH1047
22J	X 851	Crystal Resonator
	SW 983 984	Switch (EJECT,RESET)
	EF 851	EMI Filter
	EF 852	EMI Filter
	EF 951	EMI Filter
16R3		
104K16		
16R3		
116		
02K50	R 851 972	RS1/10S103J
	R 853 854 855 856	RS1/10S223J
131K50	R 857 858 859 860	RS1/8S0R0J
271K50	R 861 862 863 864	RS1/8S822J
220J50	R 865 866	RS1/10S163J
24K16		
22K50	R 867 868	RS1/10S163J
	R 869 870 871 872 873 874 875 876	RN1/10SE103D
4K16	R 877 878	RS1/10S102J
103K50	R 879 880	RD1/4PS182JL
116	R 881 882	RS1/10S122J
521K50		
103K50	R 884 885	RD1/4PS562JL
	R 886	RS1/8S103J
	R 887 888	RS1/10S472J
333K25	R 951	RD1/4PS363JL
91K50	R 952	RD1/4PS184JL
272K50		
333K25	R 953	RS1/10S153J
	R 954	RS1/10S101J
116	R 961	RD1/4PS391JL
221J50	R 962	RS1/10S122J
472K50	R 963	RD1/4PS202JL
103K50		
416		

====Circuit Symbol & No. Part Name====	Part No.
R 964	RD1/4PS101JL
R 965 975	RD1/4PS681JL
R 971	RD1/4PS222JL
R 973 974	RD1/4PS331JL
R 976	RD1/4PS242JL
R 977	RD1/4PS362JL
R 981	RD1/4PS473JL
R 982	RD1/4PS102JL
R 991 992	RS1/10S0R0J

CAPACITORS

C 851 852	CCSCH080D50
C 853 855 856	CKSYB224K25
C 854	CEA101M6R3LS
C 857 858	CCSQCH820J50
C 861 862 961 962 963 971 981 982 983 984	CKSQYB103K25
C 863 864	CCSQCH470J50
C 865 866	CCSQCH470J50
C 867 868	CCSQCH680J50
C 873 874	CEA101M6R3LL
C 875 876 882	CCSQSL102J50
C 877 878	CCSQCH680J50
C 879 880	CEA330M10LL
C 881	CEA101M16LL
C 883	CKSQYB223K50
C 884	CCSQCH121J50
C 951 954	CKSQYB472K50
C 952 953	CEAS471M16
C 955	CEA010M50LS
C 964 965	CEA101M6R3LL
C 972	CEA220M16LL
C 986	CKSQYB104K25
C 988	CKSYB103K25

Unit Number :
Unit Name : Mechanism P.C.Board

S 805	Switch	CSN1012
-------	--------	---------

Unit Number :
Unit Name : Photo P.C.Board

D 1	LED	BR4361F
S 801 802	Switch	CSN1012

Miscellaneous Parts List

SW 986	Switch (DOPEN)	CSN1025
D 2	LED	BR4361F
S 803 804	Switch	CSN1012
P 801 802	Photo Transistor	PT4800
M 1	Motor Unit (Spindle)	CXA4540
M 2	Motor Unit (Elevation)	CXA5325
M 3	Motor Unit (Loading)	CXA5324
M 4	Motor Unit (Carriage)	CXA4649
	PU Unit	CGY1027

14. CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

1. Preamplifier Stage

This unit processes a pickup output signal to make signals for subsequent stages, i.e. servo unit, modulator unit and control unit. The signal from the pickup is converted on an I-V basis in a photodetector-builtin preamplifier inside the pickup.

Besides, an addition is made to the signal in an RF amplifier (IC351) to obtain RF, FE and TE signals.

The preamplifier unit has a configuration with one-chip IC UPD1347GS mainly employed. It is described in detail below.

The present system, which is of single power (+5 V) type, has 2.5 volts available for both RF Amplifier Reference Voltage Vref and other signal circuit reference voltage REFOUT. Voltages referred to below are to be expressed in Unit [REFOUT]. (A voltage based on a reference value of 0 (V) is to be expressed in Unit [V].) The IC is a 36-pin flat package, which has an internal configuration as shown in Fig. 19.

This IC is described below concerning its internal component parts.

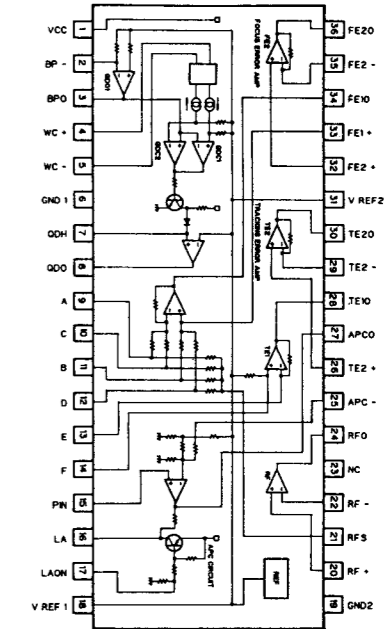
(NOTE) Pin 19 on IC351 has Vref (2.5 V), which in turn serves as the reference voltage in the RF amplifier. For measurements, adjustments, etc., apply REFOUT obtained by passing REFO of Pin 19 on IC601 through a buffer.

(1) RF amplifier

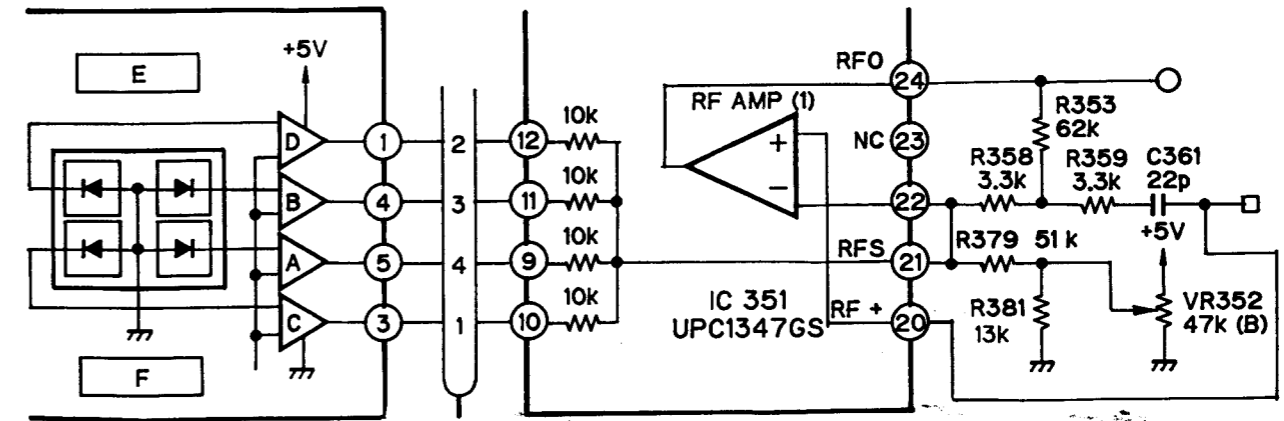
Photodetector Outputs A, B, C and D are added in amplifier (1) so that (A + B + C + D) will be outputted to RFO. (This terminal permits an eye pattern to be checked.) RFO output voltage VRFO has lowfrequency components as follows:

$$VRFO \text{ [REFOUT]} = -[(R358 + R353)/10 \text{ k}] \times (A + B + C + D)$$

For RFO output (Pin 24), an RF output at a level of $VRFO = 1.9 \text{ Vp-p'}$, AC., is available, with REFOUT at the center.



Block diagram Fig. 19



Block diagram Fig. 20

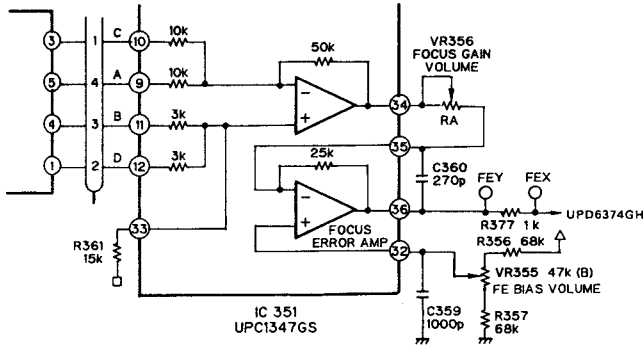
(2) Focus error amplifier

Photodetector outputs A, B, C and D are inputted to both differential and focus-error amplifiers so that $A + C - B - D$ will be outputted.

An FE output voltage (low frequency) will be :

$$V_{FE} = 5 \times 25 \text{ k} / R_A \times (A + C - B - D)_{(REFOUT)}$$

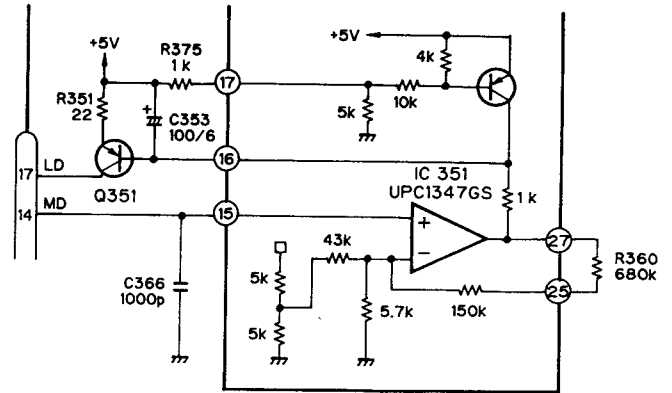
An FE output (Pin 36) of about 2.5 (V) is available as an S-shaped curve.



Focus error amplifier Fig. 21

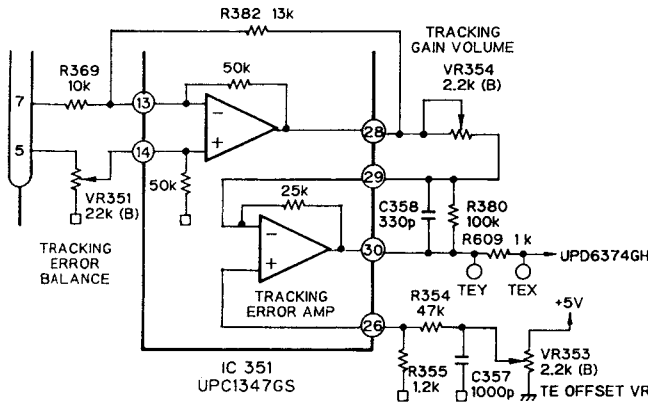
(4) APC circuit

A laser diode, if driven at a constant current, will have a negative temperature curve with a large optical output. It is necessary, therefore, to control the current with a monitor photodiode so that a constant output will be available. This is an APC circuit. The present system has LDI set to approximately 50 thru 60 mA.



APC circuit Fig. 23

(3) Tracking error amplifier



Tracking error amplifier Fig. 22

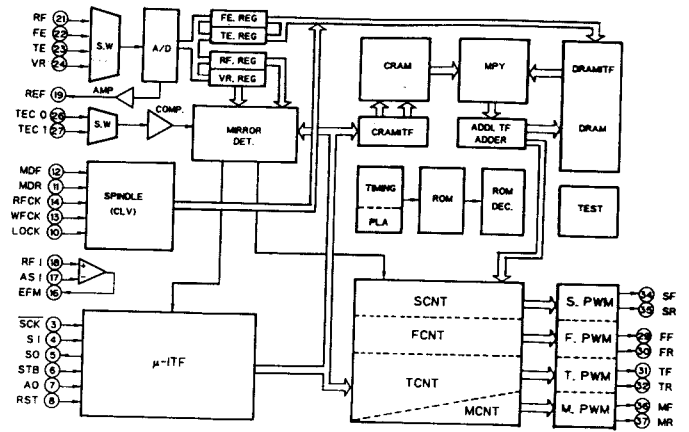
The side-spot voltages inputted to E and F are amplified in differential and tracking-error amplifiers so that an output (E-F) can be obtained.

$$V_{TE} = 50 \text{ k} // 13 \text{ k} / 10 \text{ k} \times 100 \text{ k} // 25 \text{ k} / R_B \times (E-F)_{(REFOUT)}$$

The TE offset VR, moreover, is to cancel a DC offset from the preamplifier to the servo amplifier while the TE balance VR is to adjust the tracking signal symmetry. These are the prerequisites to mainly perform an operation of tracking normally. A tracking error of approximately 2 (v) p-p is available as an output of pin 30.

2. Servo Stage

This unit has FE, TE and RF outputs received as its inputs from the RF amplifier. And the analog signals are converted to the digital ones, which are in turn used to execute the servo operations of focus tracking, carriage and spindle and the servo control of in-focus track jump, etc. subject to an instruction from the system microcomputer. IC UPD6374AGH (48 pins, flat package) is mainly employed, with the block diagram given in Fig. 24. In addition, this IC has an automatic sequencer built in to perform track jumps, etc; based on the serial data transferred from the system microcomputer. The servo unit is described below on a component by component basis.



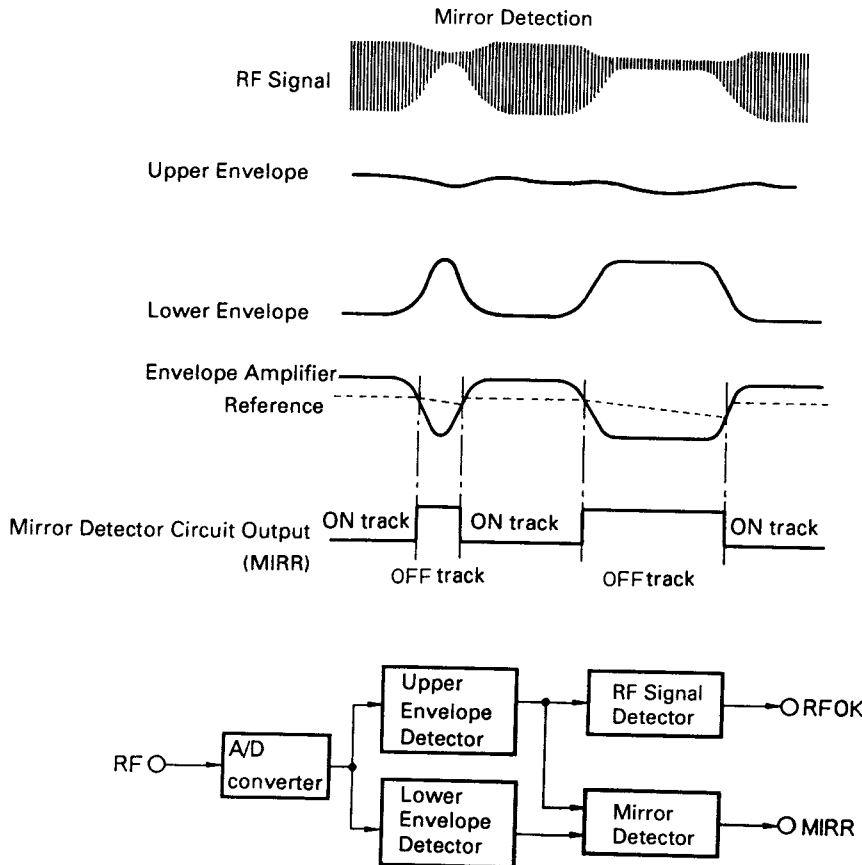
UPD6374AGH Block diagram

Fig. 24

(1) Mirror circuit

The mirror detector circuit is to determine an on-track or off-track status by detecting a mirror status, with an envelope amplitude extracted from an RF signal. For the reference to detect a lack of amplitude, the envelope amplitude is held at the peak with a sufficient

large time constant and multiplied by two-thirds to obtain the reference value. Should an RF signal have no amplitude available (with the focus servo removed), the mirror detector circuit has an output (MIRR) go "H."



RF detector / mirror detector circuit block diagram

Mirror circuit

Fig. 25

(2) Focus OK circuit

The FOK circuit compares the upper envelope of an RF signal with the value set by the microcomputer and outputs a result of such comparison at the FOK terminal. ("H" is outputted, with [RF signal's upper envelope] > [set value].)

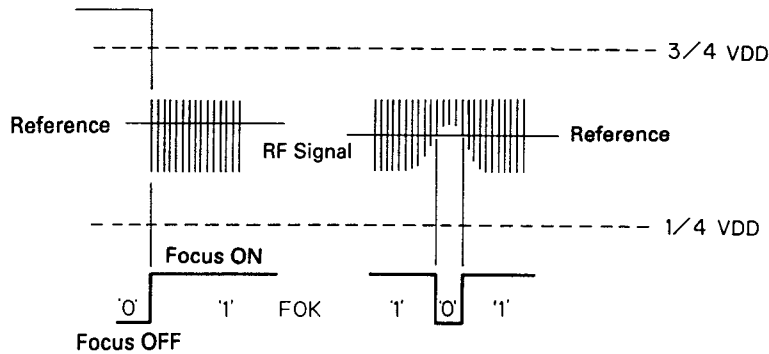
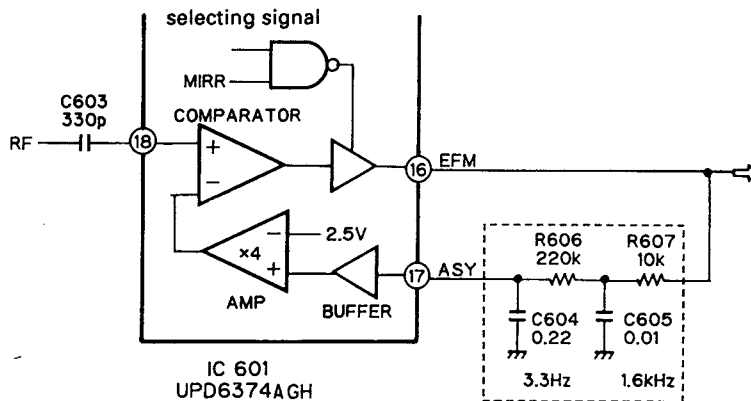


Fig. 26

(3) EFM comparator

The EFM comparator is to digitize an RF signal. Since its error rate increases under the influence of an asymmetry generated, the EFM output signal is made to pass through a low-pass filter by making use of the fact that a bit is generated at a probability of 50 %. And the signal so filtrated is taken for a comparison level. The present system has a low-pass filter cut off $f_c = 3.3$ (Hz) for C604 and R606 and $f_c = 1.6$ (kHz) for C605 and R607.



EFM comparator

Fig. 27

(4) Command code

A list of the commands used in the present system is given below.

10H	SK	TM	TEH	FR	TK	TB	T CNT	BRK
11H	FON	TON	SON	MON	FST	DFCT	JSK	TAB
12H	SLED NON-SENSITIVE AREA				HSL	SCV	RFP	TFP
13H	FOK LEVEL				FSPV 1	FSPV 0	T1	T0
14H	00 (h)							
15H	0	0	0	0	0	TCS	CV2	E3EN
16H	0	0	0	0	FPW	TPW	SPW	MPW

20H	TRACK KICK LEVEL a			
21H	TRACK KICK LEVEL b			
22H	TRACK KICK TIME A			
23H	TRACK KICK TIME B		TRAVERSE COUNTER N (H)	
24H	TRAVERSE COUNTER N (L)			
25H	SLED KICK LEVEL	SL1	SL0	0 0

<Description of Functions>

- SK:** sled kick control; the sled is kicked at a value set in 25 H, when SK is set to "1."
- TM:** tracking mute control
With TM = "1," the tracking output is put by TEH into either PRECEDING VALUE HOLD or REFERENCE HOLD (Data 00 value) mode.
With TM "0," a result of tracking and filtration is outputted (in the normal mode).
- TEH:** error hold control upon track jump
With SK = TM = "1," the tracking output has PRECEDING VALUE HOLD or REFERENCE HOLD mode selected.
REFERENCE HOLD, with TEH = "0" and PRECEDING VALUE HOLD, with TEH = "1"
- FR:** output level polarity control upon tracking and upon sled kicking
With FR = "0," a value available at output level registers (20,21 and 25 H) is multiplied by -1 and outputted.
With FR = "1," an output level register is outputted unchangedly.
- TK:** controlling both track jump trigger and traverse counter load; it has two meanings according to the T. CNT bit.
With T.CNT = "0," set the TK bit to "1" and the track jump sequencer will start.
With T.CNT = "1," set the TK bit to "1" and the traverse counter will be loaded with Values 23 H and 24 H.
- BRK:** half-wave brake circuit control
With BRC = "1," the half-wave brake is ON.
- TB:** selecting a tracking filter coefficient bank:
With TB = "0," the tracking filter bank goes 0.
With TB = "1," the tracking filter bank goes 1.
FON, TON, SON and MON: servo output (PWM output) on/off control
With any = "1," the PWM output is on.
With any = "0," the PWM output has stopped.
With PWM output stopped, a high impedance is outputted with the PWM in the single-phase 3-value output mode.

- FST:** focus search control
With FST = "1," a focus search will be started if FON = 1.
- DFCT:** tracking output hold control with flaw detected
With DFCT = "1," the tracking hold is outputted upon detection of flaw.
- JSK:** sled kick control upon jump
With JSK = "1," the sled is kicked at a level set in 25 H for a duration of the track jump.
- TAB:** track jump sequencer operation abort control
With TAB = "1," the track jump sequencer stops operating.
- SLED NON-SENSITIVE AREA:** A sled dead zone is controlled at an absolute vale of 4 bits.
- HSL:** selecting the tracking output hold control
With HSL = "0," the tracking output hold is controlled by a missing FOK signal.
With HSL = "1," the tracking output hold is controlled by means of an external hold.
- SCV:** selecting a sled servo control with CLV lock
With SCV = "0," the sled servo is turned off (with PWM output stopped) to unlock CLV.
With SCV = "1," the sled servo is normally on, irrespective of whether or not CLV is locked.
- RFP:** selecting the polarity of data to an RF processor system (circuits to generate FOK, MIRR, etc.)
- TFP:** selecting the polarity of a tracking error zero cross (TEC) signal
- FOK LEVEL:** setting a reference value in the RF detector circuit
- FSPW1, FSPW0:** selecting a PWM output carrier
FSPW0: changing a motor system PWM carrier 88.2 kHz with FSPW0 = "0" and 22.05 kHz with FSPW0 = "1."
FSPW1: changing an actuator system PWM carrier 88.2 kHz with FSPW1 = "0" and 176.4 kHz with FSPW1 = "1."

T1, T0: square wave cycle upon focus search

SETTING		CYCLE
T0	T1	
0	0	approx. 0.74 sec. ($2^{16}/F_s$)
0	1	approx. 1.49 sec. ($2^{17}/F_s$)
1	0	approx. 2.97 sec. ($2^{18}/F_s$)
1	1	approx. 5.94 sec. ($2^{19}/F_s$)

20 H, 21 H:

register to set a kick level upon track jump

22 H, 23 H:

register to set a kick time upon track jump

Kick Time = (set value + 1) × 1/F_s (11.3 μs)

23H, 24H:

traverse counter setting register

25H: sled kick setting register

SLED KIK LEVEL:

sled kick level setting register

SL1, SL0:

selecting SLED FULL KICK or SHORT mode

SL1	SL0	MODE
0	1	short
1	0	full kick
0	0	normal kick

TCS: selecting the tracking zero cross comparator

TECO input, with TCS = "0" and

TEC1 input, with TCS = "1"

CV2: selecting the sensitivity of CLV error detector with speed doubled

Normal speed selected, with CV2 = "0" and

Double speed selected, with CV2 = "1"

E3EN: controlling the function of protecting EFM ≤ 3T upon high-speed access

protector off, with E3EN = "0" and Protector

on, with E3EN = "1."

(5) Focus servo system

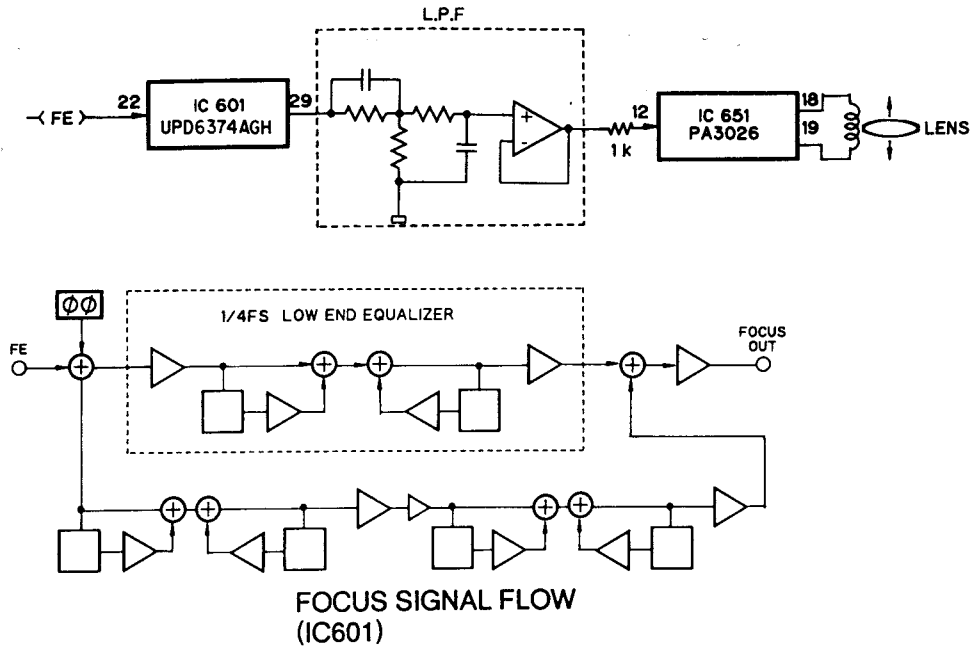


Fig. 28

The digital loop filter is built in the interior of the IC. Sending a coefficient from the microcomputer will allow you to obtain a desired equalizer curve. The present system has an equalizer curve shown in Fig. 32.

a) In-focus

In the in-focus sequence, the lens is driven into a focus S-curve (approx. 10 μm) to close the servo loop on an in-focus basis. A flow of signals in focus is shown in Fig. 29.

The search voltage is designed to fall within a range of the lens drive distance ± 1.0 mm, being entirely dependent upon the sensitivity of a focus actuator. In the present system, both gain (voltage) and time constant are determined according to a coefficient from the microcomputer, based on the pulse in a specified cycle, which has been set in a register. The timing in which a focus is to be closed, moreover, is generated, based on the value which has been set as referred to in a signal flow shown in Fig. 30.

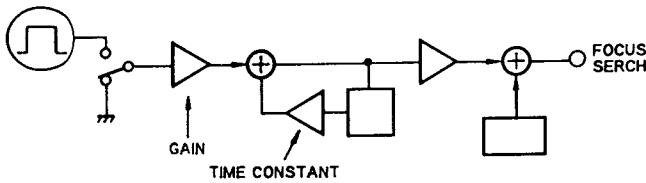


Fig. 29

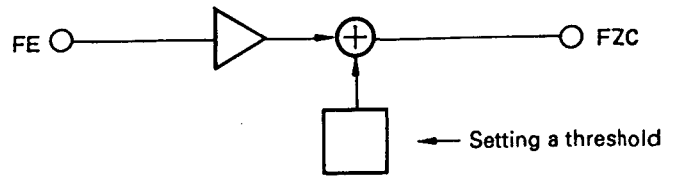


Fig. 30

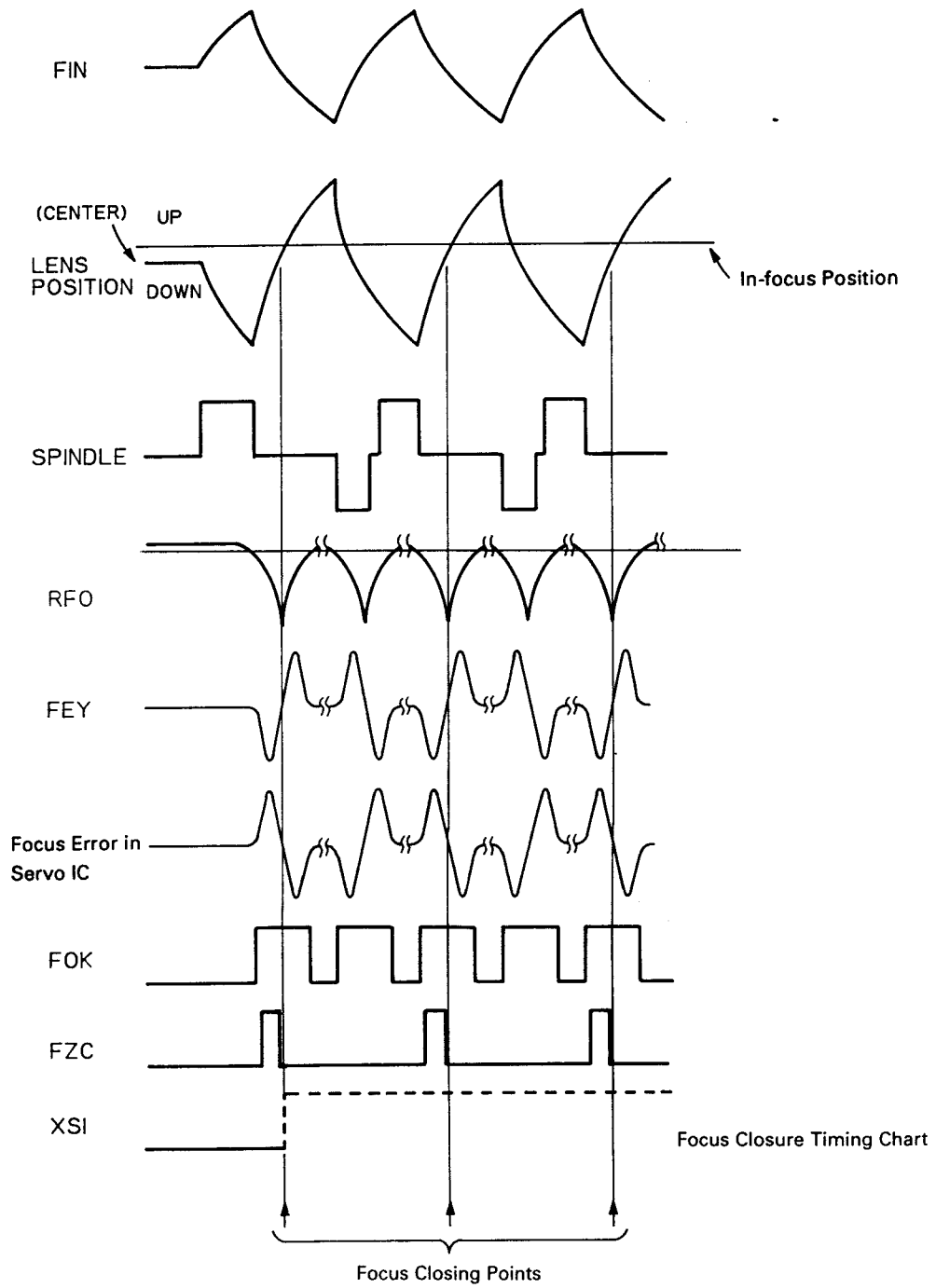
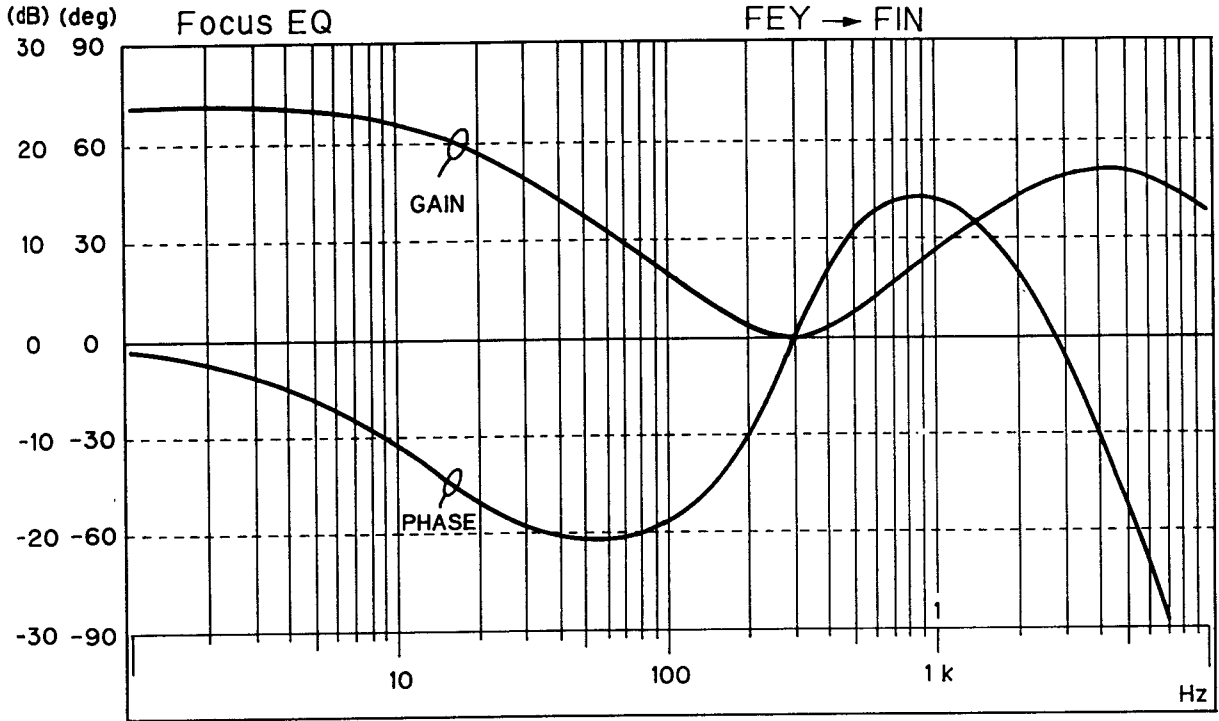


Fig. 31

(6) Focus equalizer

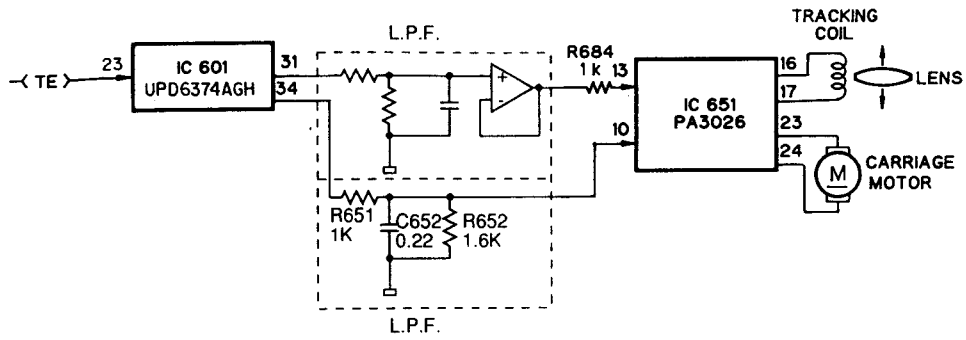
The present system permits a specific equalizer curve to be obtained according to the coefficient sent from the microcomputer. A digital filter built in IC UPD6374AGH and an active filter mounted in the exterior are used to obtain a specified equalizer curve.



Focus equalizer (Example)

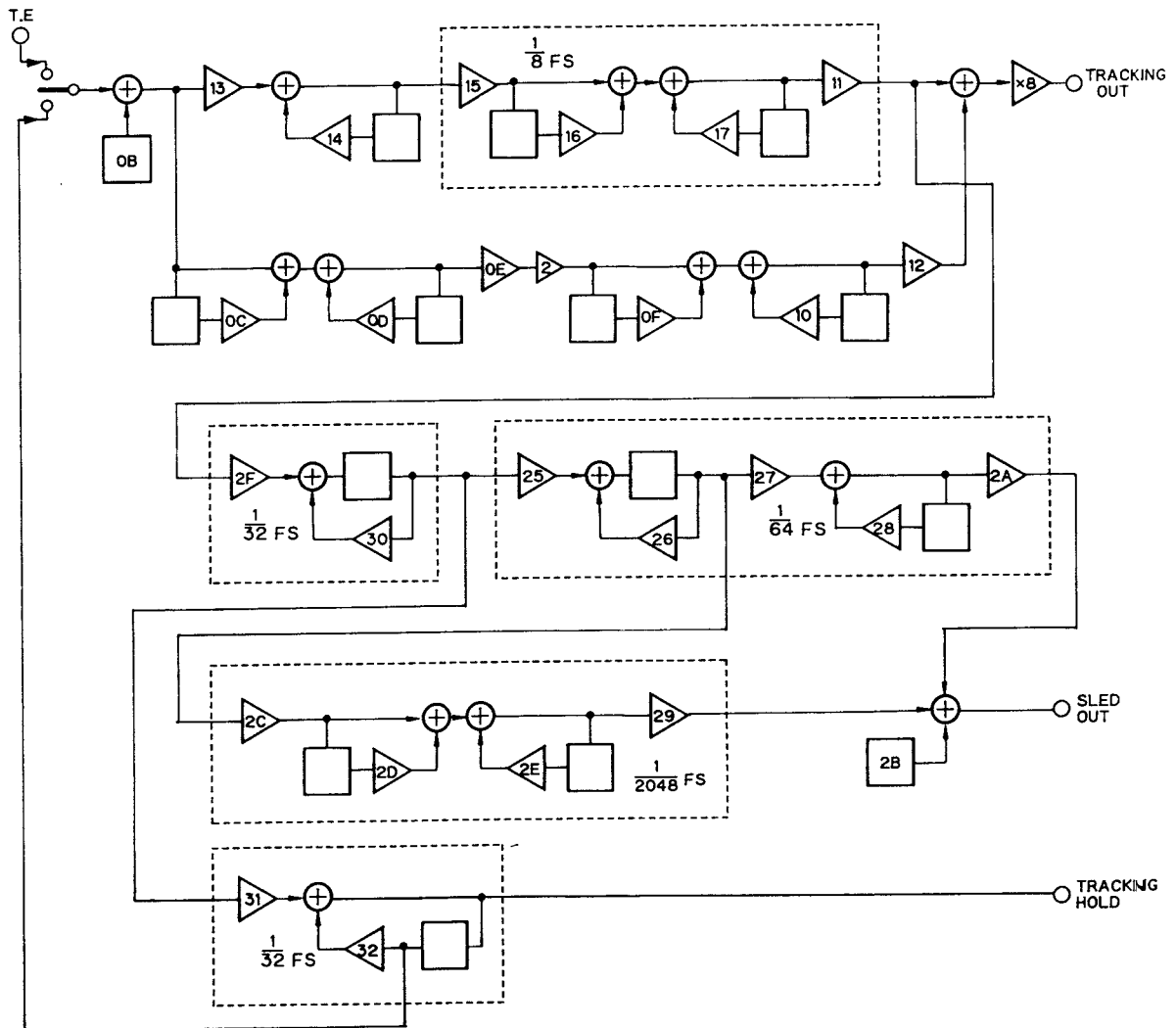
Fig. 32

(7) Tracking carriage servo system



Tracking carriage servo block diagram

Fig. 33



Tracking carriage signal flow chart (IC601)

Fig. 34

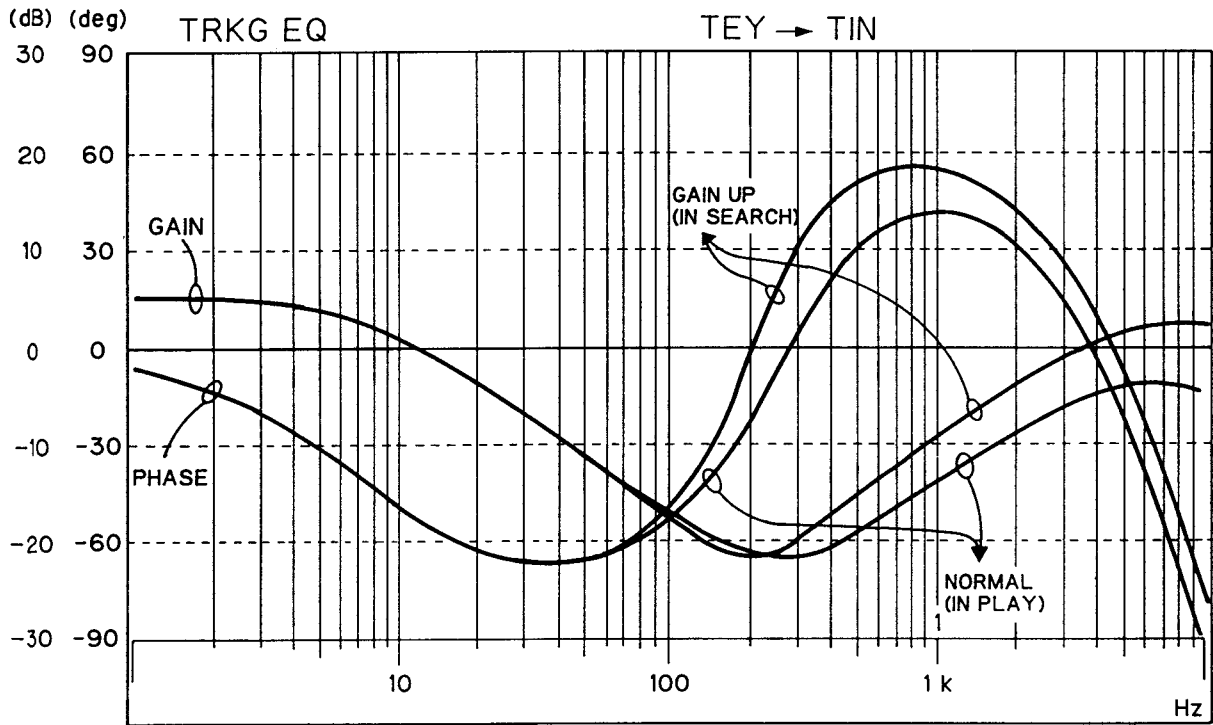
Shown in Fig. 33, 34 are a block diagram of the tracking carriage servo system and a flow of signals in IC UPD6374AGH. To make a track jump either forward or reverse, tracking kick and brake voltages and carriage kick and brake voltages are set in related registers beforehand. A jump forward or reverse is made at the voltage which has been set in an instruction from the microcomputer.

a) Tracking equalizer

In the present system, a digital filter is built in IC UPD6374AGH, allowing a specific equalizer curve to be obtained according to the coefficient sent from the microcomputer. And a passive filter is externally mounted. These two filters are used to obtain a specified equalizer curve. To allow a stable pull-in throughout

the search, moreover, the equalizer curve applied is so set as to obtain a higher level of gain than that during the play.

Fig. 35 shows the tracking equalizer curves observed during both play and search.



Tracking equalizer (Example)

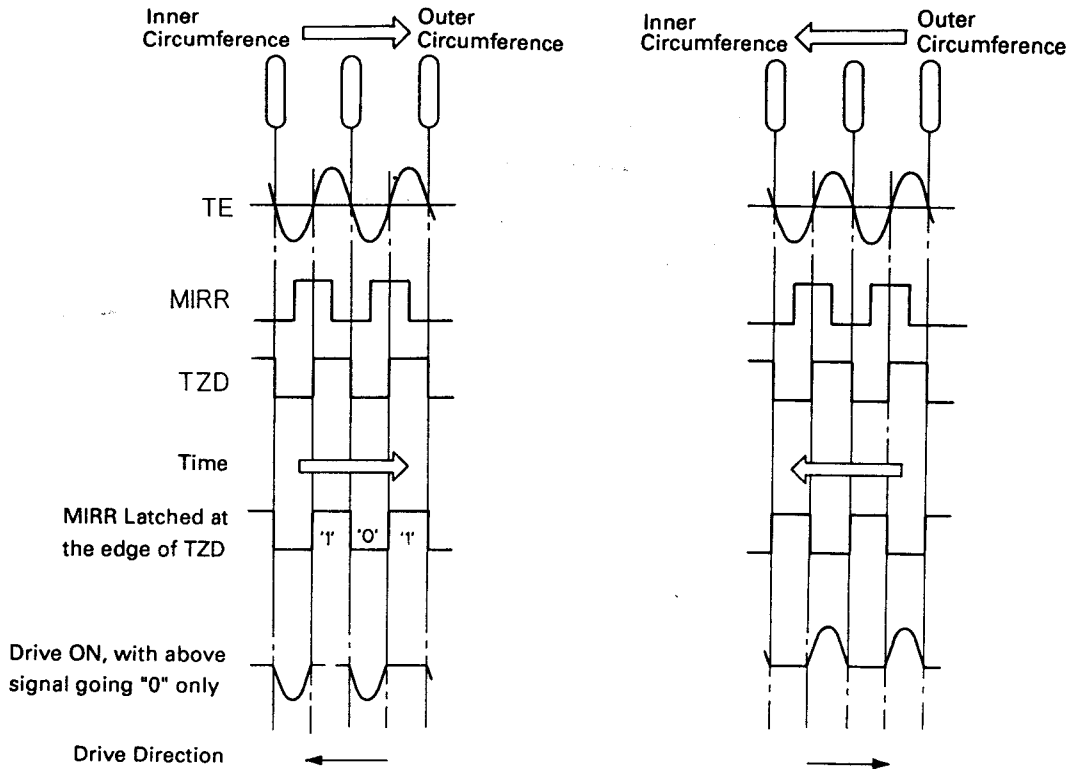
Fig. 35

b) Brake Circuit (Fig. 36)

Since the actuator is put into a non-linear status in the in-focus mode or in the track-jump mode, the pull in the servo loop turns out very poor after completion of a jump. While both pickup and disc are relatively moving, the brake circuit permits tracking to be closed smoothly. The direction in which both pickup and disc are moving is detected, based on a phase relation between MIRR

and tracking error signals. With an accelerating component only cut off the tracking error, the decelerating component only is used while repeating the ON/OFF operations of servo on a chopper basis.

Thus, a stable pull in the servo loop is performed. This circuit's ON/OFF operations are controlled by the microcomputer.



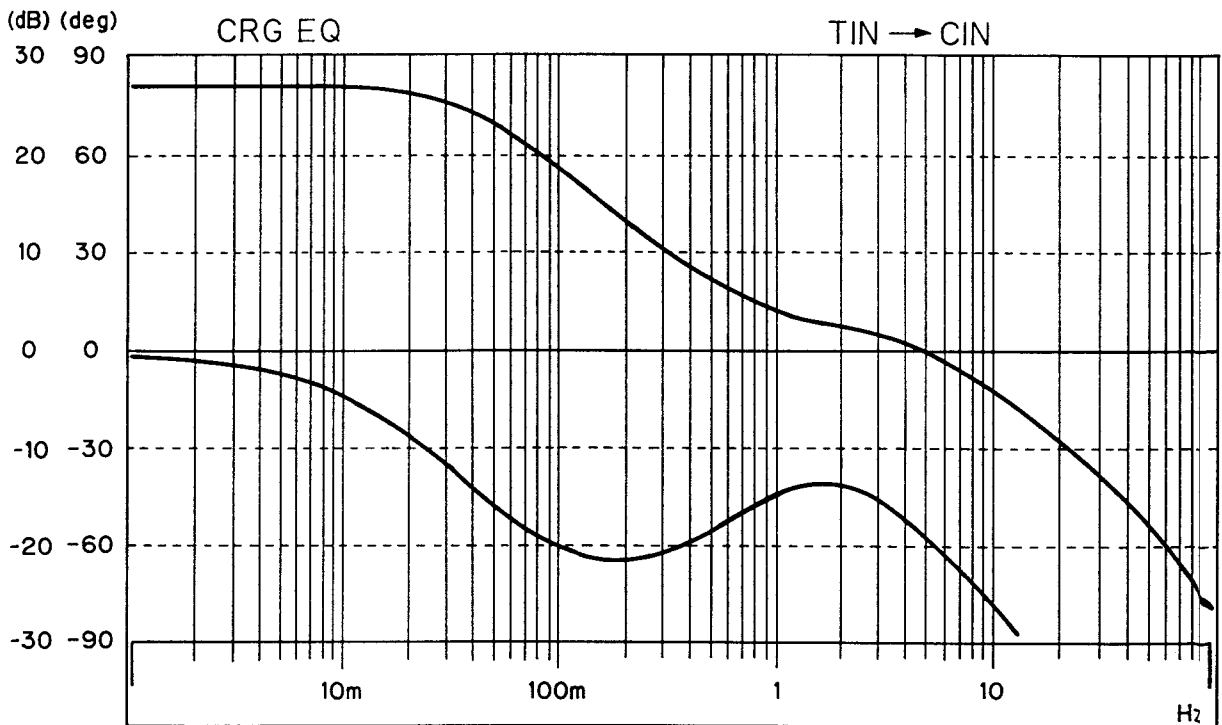
Brake circuit operation

Fig. 36

c) Carriage equalizer

As shown in the signal flow, the carriage servo system takes for an input the voltage at which the tracking actuator is driven. Based on the equalizer curves shown in Fig. 37, moreover, the system obtains those components which are required to feed the carriage. In the

present system, a threshold voltage is set beforehand so as to turn on the carriage servo when the tracking actuator has a lens deflection fall outside the range of approximately ± 30 tracks in relation to the low-pass filter output at the tracking drive voltage.



Carriage equalizer (Example)

Fig. 37

(8) Track Jump

The present system is jumping tracks 1, 10 and 32 subject to an automatic sequence of the UPD6374AGH. The 64, 80 track jumps conventionally available have been substituted for 32TRK × 2 and 32TRK × 3, accordingly. Fig. 38, 39 shows a timing chart of the 1, 10 and 32 track jumps.

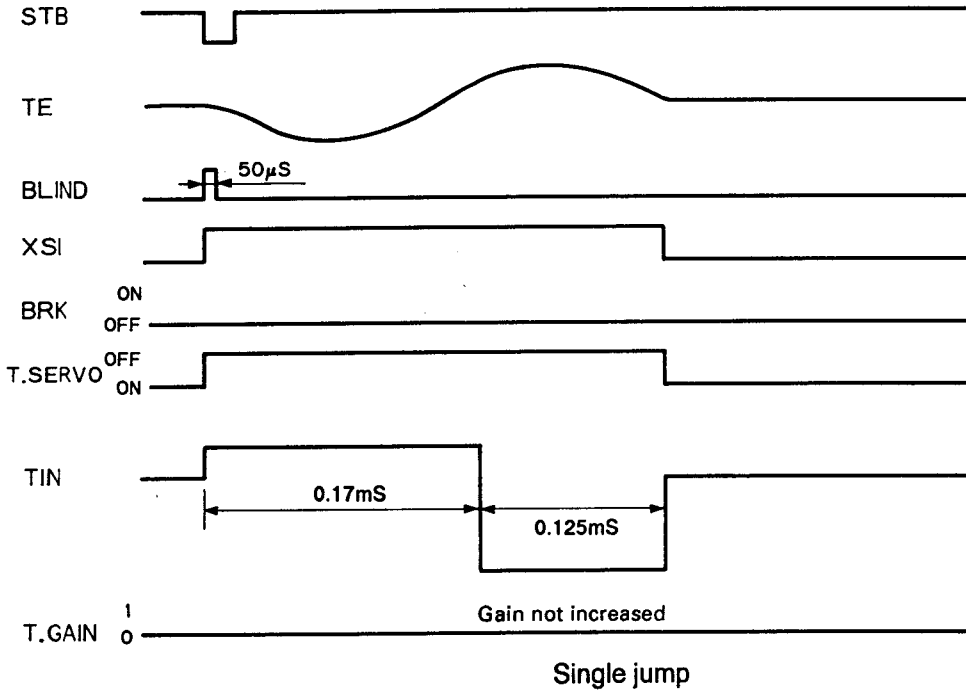


Fig. 38

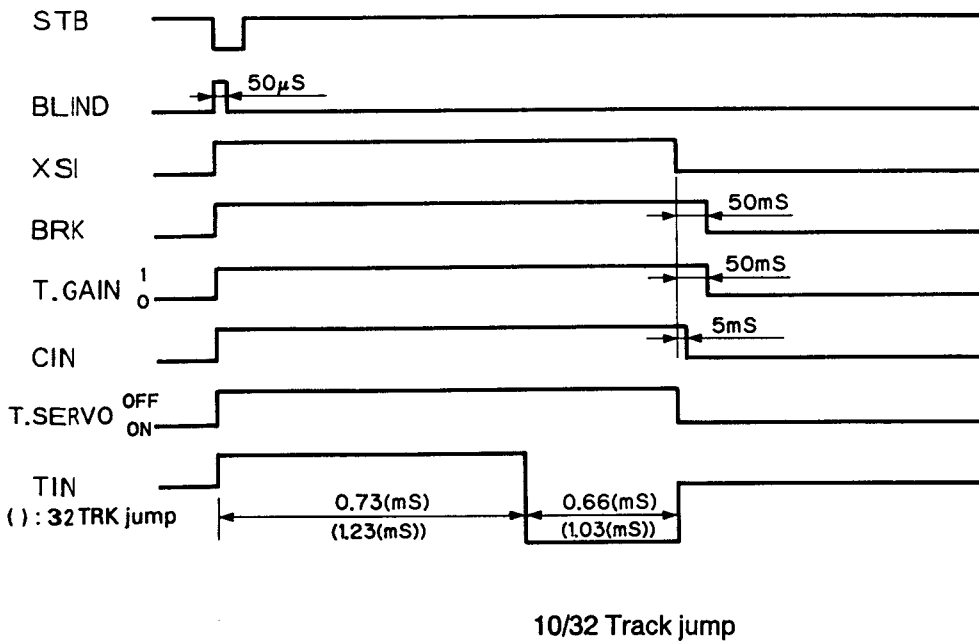
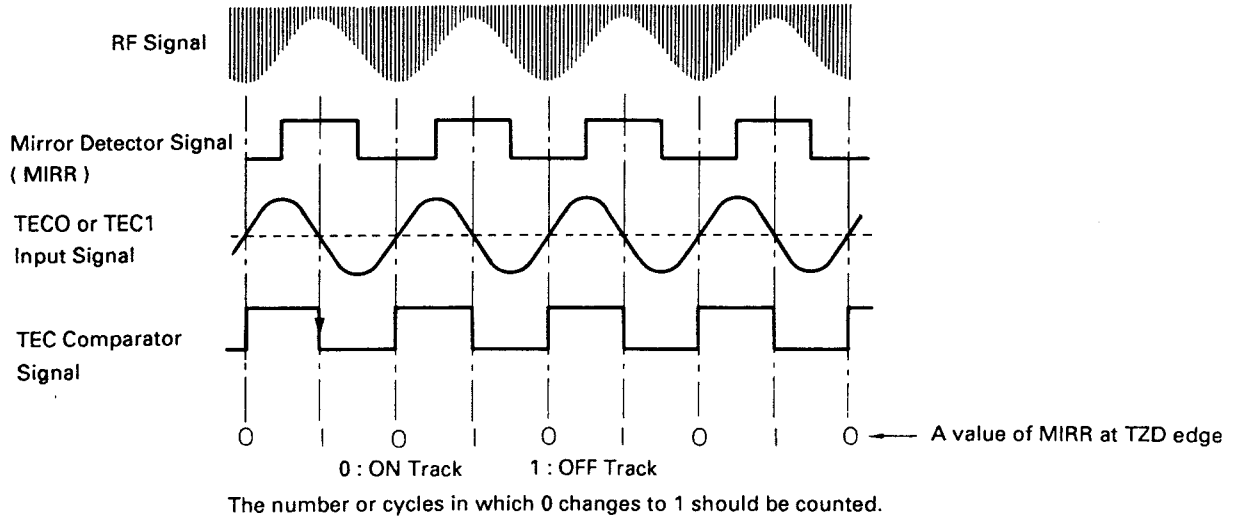


Fig. 39

a) Track jump counter

When tracks are consecutively crossed, a tracking error signal will not fail to cross the DC offset point in both on- and off-track modes as shown in Fig. 40. This point, therefore, is used to determine either on- or off-track so as to count the number of cycles in which the on-track is switched over to the off-track. A count value is set by the microcomputer. And this count value is given priority to the kick-setting time.



Track count jump

Fig. 40

3. CLV Control Stage

(1) CLV control command and CLV mode command



D	0	RFCK/4 and WFCK/4	Select a steady servo phase comparison signal.
	1	RFCK/8 and WFCK/8	
I	0	RFCK/16	Select a bottom hold cycle of pull-in and rough servos.
	1	RFCK/32	
L	0	MDF, MDR (H, Z) outputs	Select an MDF/MDR output terminal selecting method.
	1	MDF, MDR (H, L) outputs	
G	0	-12 dB	Select the gain of pull-in and rough servos.
	1	0 dB	
T	0	RFCK/2	Select a peak hold cycle of pull-in servo.
	1	RFCK/4	

D2	D1	D0	MDF	MDR	Control Status
0	0	0	L	L	stop
0	0	1	H	L	kick
0	1	0	L	H	brake
0	1	1	L	L	stop
1	0	0	L/H	L/H	pull-in servo
1	0	1	L/H	L/H	rough servo
1	1	0	L/H	L/H	steady servo
1	1	1	L/H	L/H	applied servo

• Pull-in Servo

This servo is used to pull the spindle motor speed into a specified number of revolutions. With a cycle of 8.6436 MHz reckoned as T, we can get "22T" (synchronous signal) as the maximum inversion interval of an EFM signal at the specified number of revolutions. Therefore, determine the EFM signal's maximum inversion interval and compare it with "22T" so that we can detect whether the motor speed is higher or lower than the specified number of revolution.

EFM SIGNAL MAX. INVERSION INTERVAL	MDF TERMINAL	MDR TERMINAL	MOTOR SPEED
"21T" and below	L(Z)	H	high
"22T"	L(Z)	L(Z)	
"23T" and above	H	L(Z)	low

Z: High impedance

• Rough Servo

This servo is used for the high-speed access in which the carriage is moved at a high speed, with focus servo ON and tracking servo OFF.

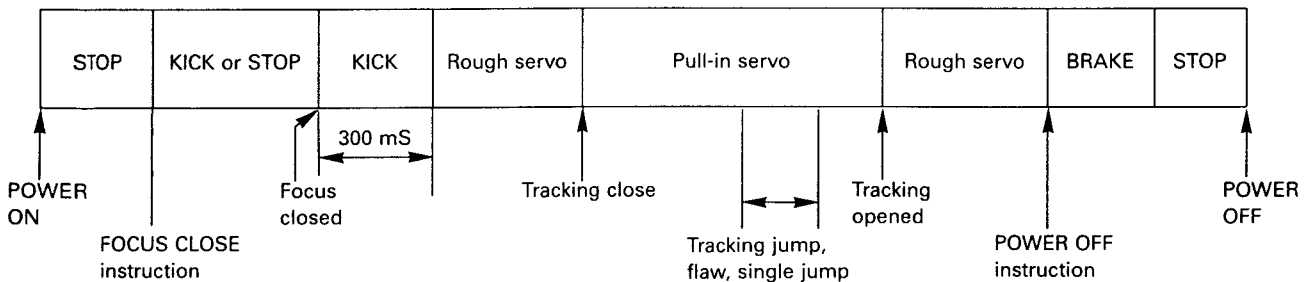
• Steady Servo

This servo is used to maintain the spindle motor speed at a specified number of revolutions. It is outputted as a result of comparing the phase between WFCK/4 and RFCK/4 or between WFCK/8 and RFCK/8.

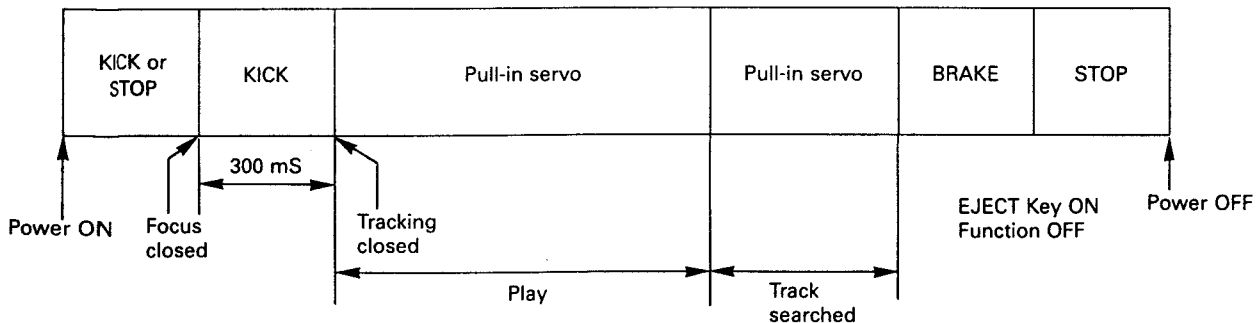
• Application Servo

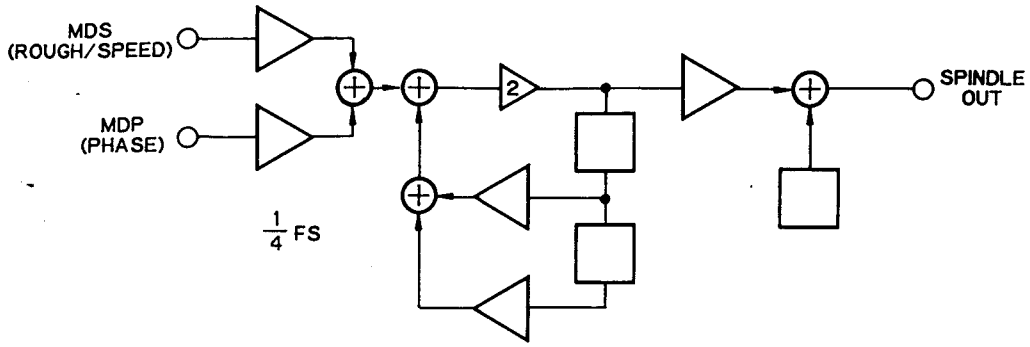
This is the CLV servo mode available during the normal operation. In the EFM demodulator block, every WFCK/16 is sampled to determine whether or not the frame synchronizing signal coincides with an output of the internal frame counter. As a result, a signal is generated to show whether or not they are coincident. Once this signal has been found not incident in eight consecutive cycles, the status is first determined asynchronous. Under any other conditions, the status is deemed synchronous. The CLV application servo mode automatically selects the pull-in servo in the asynchronous status and the steady servo in the synchronous status. This feature is not employed in the present system.

• Test Mode



• Normal Mode



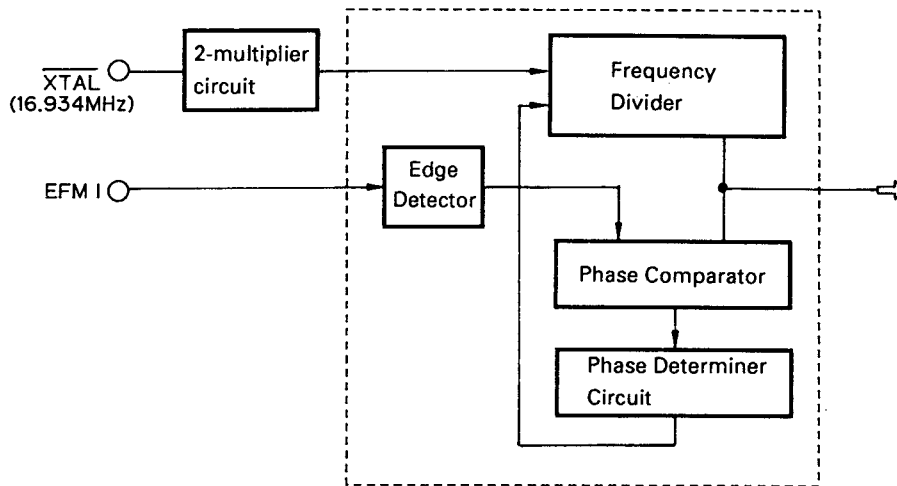


Spindle signal flow chart (IC601)

Fig. 41

(2) PLL stage

The present system employs a digital PLL circuit illustrated below. This PLL circuit operates so as to lock the rising edge of a PLCK and the edge of an EFM signal. And it has a resolution of as high as approximately eight times IT ($T = \text{EFM signal's bit rate} = 1/4.3218 \text{ MHz}$). Both frequency divider output frequency and EFM bit rate have their errors automatically regulated to adjust the mean free-run frequency to the bit rate.



Digital PLL block diagram (IC701)

Fig. 42

4. Power Supply Stage

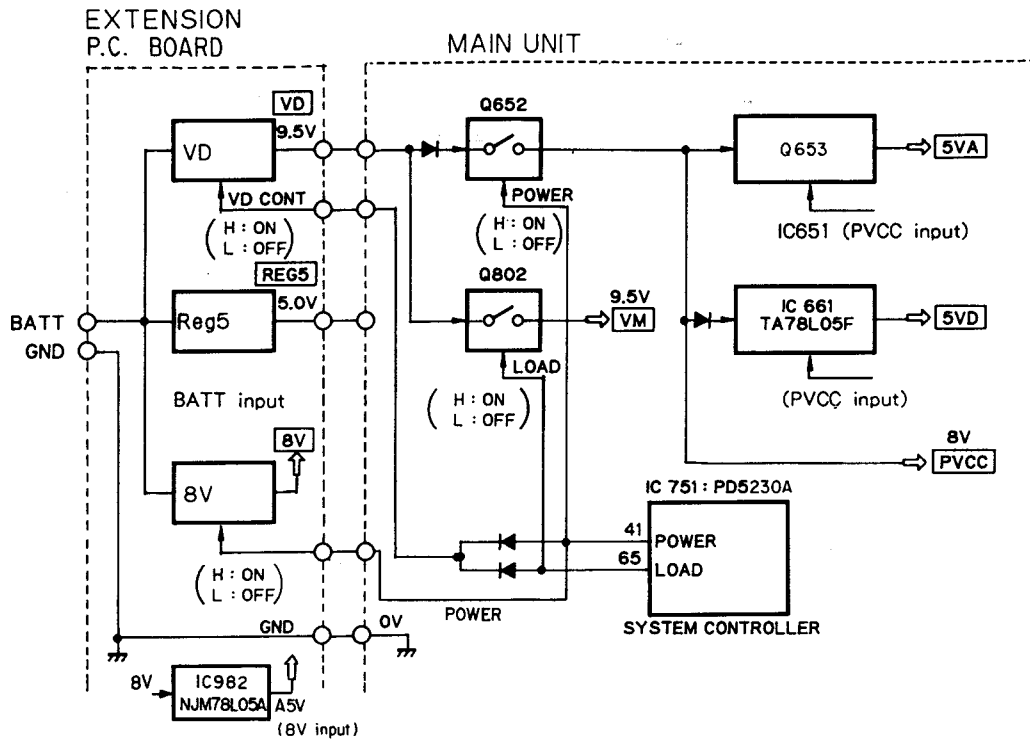


Fig. 43

The -5V power in the main unit is available in two types; 5VA and 5VD. The 5VA is used to supply power to the pickup LD and to the preamplifier system and the 5VD to other LSIs.

The VM is used to supply power to the mechanism-driver IC (IC801). No output is available as long as mechanisms are operating.

The REG5 is used to supply power to the system controller (IC751 and 755) while outputting normally. The 8V is used for the auto system circuit (amplifier and isolator) in the extended unit and not supplied to the main unit. From this 8V, IC982 generates the power supply (A5V) to the D/A converter in the extension unit.

It should be noted that the Q973 in the VD circuit has a very high temperature.

5. New Test Mode (FH-M70+CDX-M12)

The new test mode performs more or less the same operations as the normal mode PLAY, but is able to carry out a more detailed analysis of error stop causes. During setup, it displays the operation status of the CD control software. After setup, it displays the causes, time of occurrence, and disc number of protection operations, errors, and time-out of FOK, LOCK, sub-code readability and un-readability, sound dropping, mechanism error, etc.

The following new test mode keys are examples when combined with FH-M70.

• New Test Mode (aging operation and setup analysis)

The CD, either single or multiple, plays in the normal mode. After being set up, it will display FOK (focus), LOCK (spindle), subcode, sound skip, protection against a mechanical error or the like, occurrence of an error, cause and time of an expiry, if any, (and disc number in the multi-mode).

During the setup, the CD software operation status (internal RAM and C-point) is displayed.

Since it is necessary to cope with the error number display function.

- (1) How to Put in the NEW TEST Mode
See the test mode flow chart Page 8.
- (2) Relations of keys between TEST and NEW TEST Modes.

P-BUS Commands	Keys	Test Mode	Regulator	New Test Mode	New Test Mode
		Regulator OFF	Regulator ON	Play in progress	Error Protection } Talking place
B0	BAND/REL	Regulator ON	Regulator OFF	BAND/REL	Time of occurrence } Selected Cause of error }
B1	▶▶	—	FWD-KICK	▶▶	—
B2	◀◀	—	REV-KICK	◀◀	—
B3	F · 1	—	TRACKING CLOSE	F · 1	—
B4	F · 4	—	TRACKING OPEN	F · 4	—
B5	F · 2	—	FOCUS CLOSE	F · 2	—
B6	—	—	FOCUS OPEN	—	—
B7	—	—	Jump-OFF	—	—
B8	F · 3	To new Test Mode	Jump-Mode selected	F · 3	Occurrence TNo } Selected Time of occurrence }

Operations, such as EJECT, CD ON/OFF, etc. are to be performed normally

(3) Error Cause (Error Number) Code

Error Code	Classification	Mode	Description	Cause/Detail
40	ELECTRIC	PLAY	FOK = L 100 ms	Put out of focus Spindle unlocked Subcode failes to read Last address memory operated Scar, Stain, Vibration, Servo defect, etc...
41	↑	↑	LOCK = L 150 ms	
42	↑	↑	Subcode unacceptable 500 ms	
43	↑	↑	Sound skipped	

*With CD single, no mechanical error is displayed while aging. The error code is identical with those in the normal mode.

(4) Indicating an Operation Status During Setup

Status No.	Description	Protection operation
01	Carriage home mode started	None
02	Carriage moving on the internal circumference	10-second time out
03	Carriage moving on the external circumference	10-second time out
11	Setup started	None
12	Spindle turn/Focus search started	None
13	Waiting for focus closing	Failure to focus closing
14	Spindle kicked and focus checked	Out of focus
15	Tracking closed and focus checked	Out of focus
17	Carriage closed and focus checked	Out of focus
18	Lock subcode } Waiting	Failure to lock, Subcode failed to read out of focus
19	End	None

(5) Example of 7-segment Display

(a) SET UP in progress

TRACK	MIN	SEC	
11	11	11	While in the TEST MODE, a status number is indicated in TNO, MIN and SEC.
TRACK			
11			
MIN	SEC		
11	11		

(b) Operation (PLAY, SEARCH, etc.) in progress Perfectly identical with that in the multi mode.

(c) Protection/Error upon occurrence

ERROR-XX		While in the error mode, an error
Err-XX, ERR-XX		number is displayed in MIN and
E-XX		SEC.

Select the display with the BAND/REL key.

TRACK	MIN	SEC	
10	40	05	While in the PLAY MODE, an absolute time is indicated in TNO, MIN and SEC.
TRACK			
10			
MIN	SEC		
40	05		Select the display with the F · 3 key.

15. OPERATIONS AND CONNECTION

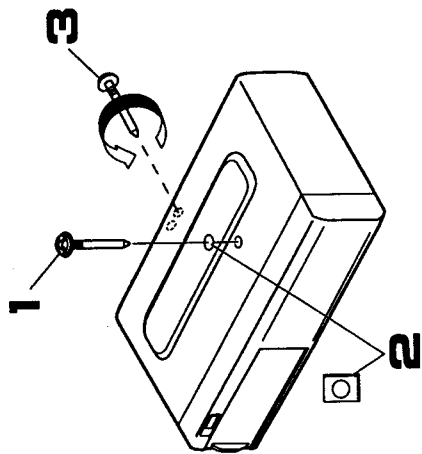


Fig. 44

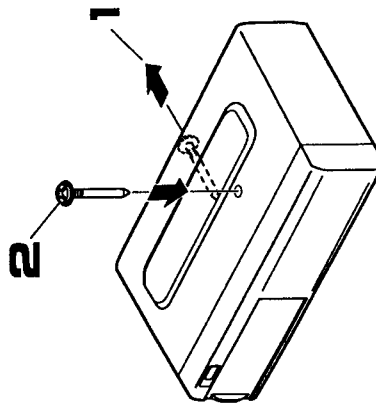


Fig. 45

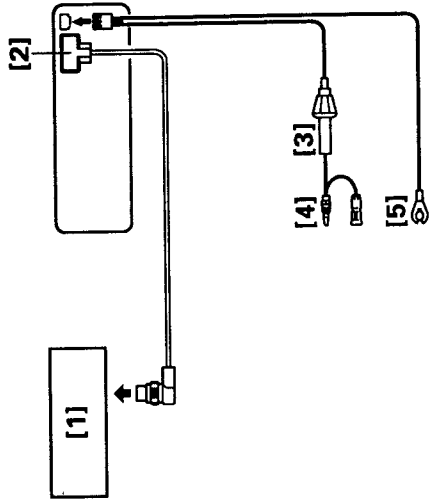
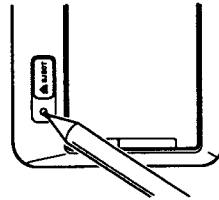


Fig. 46



Pressing the clear button

If the power does not switch on or if the compact disc player does not operate when the button on the multi-CD controller is pressed, or if the multi-CD controller display is incorrect, press this button on the player with the tip of a pencil to restore normal operation. **Always press the clear button on the multi-CD controller, too, after pressing this button.**

Transportation pin

Removing the transportation pin (Fig. 44)

- A transportation pin is installed to protect the player during transportation. Before mounting the player, remove the transportation pin and cover the hole with the supplied adhesive seal. Screw the removed transportation pin into the specified hole; it will be needed if you retransport the player.
1. Peel off adhesive tape and remove the pin.
 2. Cover the hole with the seal provided.
 3. Screw the pin into the left-side hole of the 2 holes.

Reinstalling the pin (Fig. 45)

To transport the player, reinstall the transportation pin as follows:

Before removing the player

- Play back the first track of a disc, and stop within 10 seconds. Remove the magazine, wait about 10 seconds, then remove the player.
1. Remove the pin.
 2. Insert the pin in its original position, and fix it with Scotch tape.

Connecting the Units

- Before mounting, remove the transportation pin and connect the units temporarily. Check that the units are connected correctly by operating the multi-CD controller.
- After connection is complete, press the clear buttons on the player and the multi-CD controller with the tip of a pencil.
- Be sure to connect the ground lead (black) to the vehicle body or some other metal part that is properly grounded to the chassis. If the ground lead is not properly connected, noise may occur or the player or multi-CD controller may not operate correctly.
- This unit is for vehicles with a 12-volt battery and negative grounding. Before installing it in a recreational vehicle, truck, or bus, check the battery voltage.
- To avoid shorts in the electrical system, be sure to disconnect the battery \ominus cable before beginning installation.
- Check whether installation and wiring have been completed correctly. Replace the removed car components, then connect the end of the cable to the negative \ominus terminal of the battery.
- Secure the wiring with cable clamps or adhesive tape. To protect the wiring, wrap adhesive tape around them where they lie against metal parts.
- Route and secure all wiring so it cannot touch any moving parts, such as the gear shift, handbrake, and seat rails. Do not route wiring in places that get hot, such as near the heater outlet. If the insulation

of the wiring melts or gets torn, there is a danger of the wiring short-circuiting to the vehicle body.

- Don't pass the orange lead through a hole into the engine compartment to connect to the battery. This will damage the lead insulation and cause a very dangerous short.
- Do not shorten any leads. If you do, the protection circuit may fail to work when it should.
- Never feed power to other equipment by cutting the insulation of the power supply lead of the unit and tapping into the lead. The current capacity of the lead will be exceeded, causing over heating.
- Replace fuses only with the types stipulated on the fuse holder.

(Fig. 46)

- (1) Multi-CD controller
- (2) Insert the 13-pin connector cord plug into the socket of the set.
- (3) Fuse holder
- (4) Orange
To terminal always supplied with power regardless of ignition switch position.
- (5) Black (ground)
To vehicle (metal) body.

Using the Compact Disc Magazine

Precautions when handling magazines

- Do not put the magazine in a place where it will be exposed to high temperatures or direct sunlight.
- Do not disassemble the magazine.
- Take care not to drop the magazine or knock it against anything.
- Do not use cracked or warped trays.
- Never insert anything other than discs. Do not attach a label or tape to a disc.
- The use of benzine, thinner, insecticide, or other volatile chemicals may damage the magazine surface.

Extra magazines

If you need more magazines, please ask your nearest dealer for magazine JD-T1212.

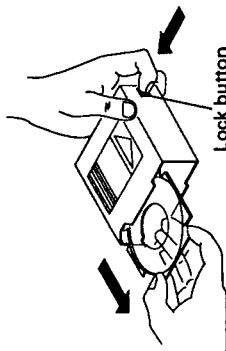
Notes on 8-cm CDs

- Do not use an 8-cm CD adapter. If it is used, the player may fail. To load an 8-cm CD, you need a special 8-cm CD tray (Part No. CXA5485).

Inserting discs

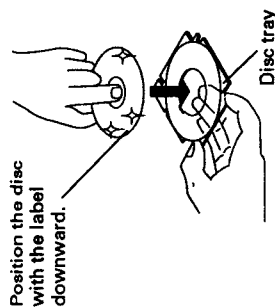
Load the discs in the magazine supplied. Up to 12 discs can be loaded in the magazine. The discs are numbered 1 to 12 from the bottom disc tray.

1. Hold down the magazine lock button and, pull the tray out.



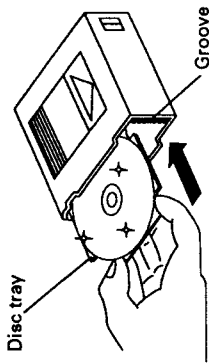
- Pull the tray out by holding it from underneath as shown in the figure. The tray is detached from the magazine. Do not drop the tray or disc and so damage it.

2. Put 1 disc on the disc tray, label downward.



- If the disc is loaded upside down, it will not play. The label side must face downward.
- Do not touch the recorded side of a disc when inserting or removing it.

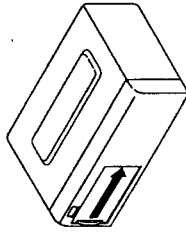
3. Insert the tray horizontally along the right and left grooves of the magazine until it clicks. (The disc must not lift from the tray.)



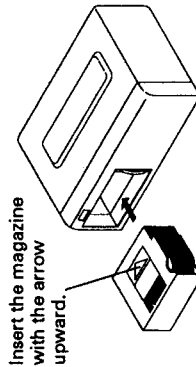
- If the tray is not aligned with the right and left grooves, it cannot be pushed to the end. Do not bend or force the tray.
- Always load 12 trays in a magazine to prevent loss or warping of trays.
- This compact disc player recognizes which magazine is in use from the bottom disc. Always keep a disc in the bottom disc tray.
- If you load a disc with the label generally printed in black facing up, not only will the player not be able to recognize whether the disc is set or not, but also, if you have a multi-CD controller, the controller will not display an error message to let you know about it. So make sure all the discs in each magazine have their label sides facing down.

Loading and removing the magazine

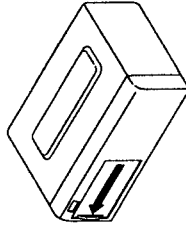
1. Slide and open the door.
Open it fully until it locks with a click.



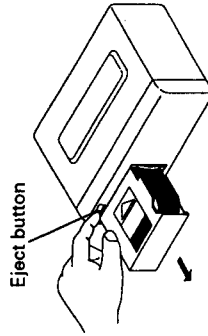
2. Insert the magazine.
- Make sure that the magazine is loaded with discs before inserting it into the player.
 - Be careful to insert the magazine into player with the mark facing upward.
 - If the label on the magazine is coming off or wrinkled up, it may damage the eject mechanism, and in some cases, the magazine may not be ejected. Therefore, remove a damaged label completely before use.



3. Slide and close the door.
- Never leave the door open while playing discs. The entry of dirt, dust, or any other foreign matter into the player may cause it to fail.



4. To remove the magazine, open the door and press the eject button. If the door is not fully open, the magazine will not be ejected.



How to use the multi-CD player

How to use the multi-CD player is explained in the instruction manual supplied with the multi-CD controller. The operation method of this player is not described in the owner's manual for some models, or it may be different from the description. See the following items.

Selecting discs

The following multi-CD controller owner's manual describes the operation of the 6-disc multi-CD player (CDX-M30, etc.), so selection of discs 7 to 12 is not explained there. If you use this player with the following multi-CD controller, read the following description of operation.

KEH-M8500	KEH-M780
KEH-M7550	KEH-M7500
KEH-M6500	KEH-M680
DEH-M990DSP	

KEH-M9500RDS	KEH-M8500RDS
KEH-M8000RDS	KEH-M6500SDK
KEH-M6500	DEH-M990RDS

Disc selection (disc number search)

- The operation is described taking the KEH-M8500 as an example. It also applies to other models.
- The operation is described taking the KEH-M9500RDS as an example. It also applies to other models.

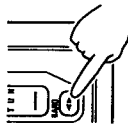
Operation from the main unit

To select one of discs 1 to 6:
Press the button corresponding to the desired disc number.



To select one of discs 7 to 12:

- Press the program clear button until "7-12" flashes on the display (for about 8 seconds) while playing discs 1 to 6.



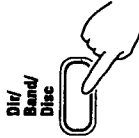
- When "7-12" is flashing on the display, buttons 1 to 6 can be used to select discs 7 to 12. Press the button corresponding to the desired disc number. (Example: To play the disc in tray 7, press button 1.)



- To select discs 1 to 6 while discs 7 to 12 are being played, press the program clear button until "1-6" flashes on the display. When "1-6" is flashing on the display, buttons 1 to 6 can be used to select discs 1 to 6. Press the button corresponding to the desired disc number.

Remote controller operation

Each time the button is pressed, the disc number changes from 1 to 12.



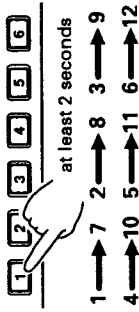
Note on program play
 Program play does not work if the player is used with a KEX-M700 or KEX-M800. Program play does not work if the player is used with a KEX-M700B, KEX-M700SDK, KEX-M800, KEX-M800SDK, or KEX-M801.

Note on last position memory
 The owner's manual for the KEX-M700 controller says that the last track memory restarts play from the beginning of the track being played when the disc was stopped. But when you use one of these controllers with this player, the last position memory restarts play around the position at which the disc was stopped.

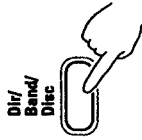
The owner's manuals for the KEX-M700B and KEX-M700SDK controllers say that the last track memory restarts play from the beginning of the track being played when the disc was stopped. But when you use one of these controllers with this player, the last position memory restarts play around the position at which the disc was stopped.

Note on random play
 When using the random play feature of this player, you can get random play using up to 12 discs in the magazine. The owner's manual for the KEX-M700 controller says that random play works with only one disc. But when you use one of these controllers with this player, all 12 discs are available. When using the random play feature of this player, you can get random play using up to 12 discs in the magazine. The owner's manuals for the KEX-M700B and KEX-M700SDK controllers say that random play works with only one disc. But when you use one of these controllers with this player, all 12 discs are available.

To select one of discs 7 to 12: Hold down the button for at least 2 seconds. Discs 7 to 12 can be selected with buttons 1 to 6. (Example: To play the disc in tray 7, press button 1 for at least 2 seconds.)



Remote controller operation
 Each time the button is pressed, the disc number changes from 1 to 12.



Other operations

If this player is used in conjunction with certain multi-CD controllers, actual operations, apart from disc selection (disc number search) may be different from the description in the instruction manual of the multi-CD controller. See the following section.

Note on disc title display
 If this player is used in conjunction with the KEX-M900 or DEX-M88, the title of the disc loaded in the player cannot be displayed. A digital fiber optic cable cannot be used to connect up this player.

If this player is used in conjunction with the KEX-M900RDS or DEX-M88RDS, the title of the disc loaded in the player cannot be displayed. A digital fiber optic cable cannot be used to connect up this player.

Old models of multi-CD controllers other than those shown above (KEH-M8500, etc.)

- Models for which the operation method of 12-disc multi-CD players is not explained in the owner's manual of the multi-CD controllers

Old models of multi-CD controllers other than those shown above (KEH-M9500RDS, etc.)

- Models for which the operation method of 12-disc multi-CD players is not explained in the owner's manual of the multi-CD controllers

Disc selection (disc number search)

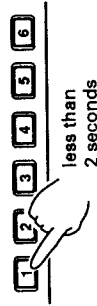
- The operation is described taking the KEX-M850 as an example. It also applies to other models.
- The operation is described taking the KEX-M830RDS as an example. It also applies to other models.

Disc number display

- The disc number shown on the display is 1-6 regardless of whether discs 1 to 6 or 7 to 12 are selected. (Discs 7 to 12 can be played, but 7-12 is not displayed.)

Operation from the main unit

To select one of discs 1 to 6: Press the button corresponding to the desired disc number. Do not hold it down for longer than 2 seconds.



Highlight scan

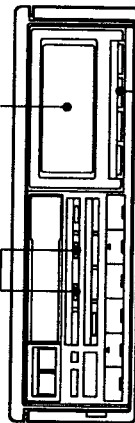
KEH-M7000QR KEX-M800
KEX-M700

If this player is combined with one of the models of mentioned above car stereo, it will offer highlight scan instead of track scan. In this case, ignore the section on track scan in the owner's manuals for the player, and read the following information on highlight scan instead. (This information refers to the KEH-M7000QR player, but applied to other players, too.)

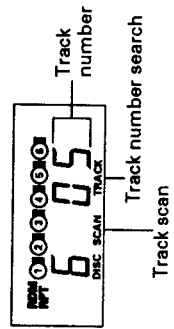
KEH-M7000SDK KEH-M7001B
KEH-M7000B KEH-M5000SDK
KEH-M5001B KEH-M5000B
KEX-M800SDK KEX-M801
KEX-M800 KEX-M700SDK
KEX-M700B

If this player is combined with one of the models of mentioned above car stereo, it will offer highlight scan instead of track scan. In this case, ignore the section on track scan in the owner's manuals for the player, and read the following information on highlight scan instead. (This information refers to the KEH-M7000B player, but applied to other players, too.)

Track number search/fast forward, reverse
Display



Track scan



Using highlight scan

The highlight scan function plays one track after another for about 10 seconds each, beginning at a particular start time. Use it when searching for a piece you like. If you don't set the start time yourself, 10-second playback of each track starts one minute into each track.

1. Press the track scan button. (SCAN appears on the display).
2. Tracks will be played one after another for about 10 seconds, starting one minute into each track.
3. When you hear a track you like, press the track scan button again; the player will cancel highlight scan and continue playing the track.
- When highlight scan arrives back at the track at which it began, it is automatically cancelled and normal play resumes.

Changing the start time

Example: Setting the start time to 30 seconds into each track

1. Press the + and - sides of the track number search button at the same time. (This causes TRACK to disappear and the start time to appear on the display.)
- On the KEX-M700 model, press the track scan/fast forward and reverse button (manual) to ready the player for fast forward and reverse.
- On the KEX-M700SDK and KEX-M700B models, press the track scan/fast forward and reverse button (manual) to ready the player for fast forward and reverse.

2. Using the + and - sides of the track number search button, set the time to 30 seconds.



3. Hold the track scan button down for more than 2 seconds. (SCAN appears on the display.) The next and subsequent tracks will be played with highlight scan, starting 30 seconds into each track.
 - The start time can be set in 10-second steps. A time less than 10 seconds is taken as zero.
 - If the total time of a track is less than the start time, the track is played from the beginning for about 10 seconds.
 - If a track lasts for less than 10 seconds after highlight scan starts, the track is just played to the end, resulting in a shorter playing time.
 - It is impossible to set a start time greater than the playing time for a particular track. If you want to start a long way into each track, make sure that you use a disc with long track.

Products with which the player cannot be used

This player does not work with the following products:

CD-M1	CD-M22	CDX-FM35
CDX-FM38	DEX-M300	DPX-M200WC

This player does not work with the following products:

CD-FM1	CD-FM5	CD-M1
CD-M22	DEX-M300	DEX-M300SDK

Error Mode

If an error occurs—for example, if the CD player will not work or if it stops while playing—"ERROR" followed by an error number appears on the CD controller display. The error number indicates the cause of the error; check the items listed below.

- Some multi-CD controllers display only "ERROR", without the error number; in this case, check items 11, 14, 30 and 80 below.

Multi-CD controller display example

E-11 Err-11 ERR-11 ERROR-11

Error No.	Cause	Treatment
11, 12	Dirt or a scratch on the disc stops the laser beam from being able to focus.	Wipe off the dirt. Exchange the disc if it has been scratched.
	The disc has been inserted upside down.	Confirm that the disc has been inserted right side up.
14	The disc has been inserted upside down.	Confirm that the disc has been inserted right side up.
	An unrecorded compact disc (CD-R), which can be recorded on once is being used.	When you use a CD-R, load one that has been recorded on.
30	Dirt or a scratch on the disc hinders the track number search function.	Wipe the dirt off the disc. Exchange the disc if it is scratched.
80	There is no disc in the magazine.	Load a disc into the magazine.
A0, 10, 12, 50, 60, 70	Electrical or mechanical system fault.	See Note (*).

* Turn the car ignition switch off and on again, or press the source switch on the multi-CD controller to set CD playback again.