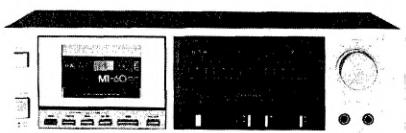


Service Manual

REPAIR & ADJUSTMENTS



ORDER NO.
ART-687-0

STEREO CASSETTE TAPE DECK

CT-320

MODEL CT-320 COMES IN SIX VERSIONS DISTINGUISHED AS FOLLOWS:

Type	Voltage	Remarks
KU	120V only	U.S.A. model
HE	220V and 240V (switchable)	Europe model
HB	220V and 240V (switchable)	U.K. model
HP	220V and 240V (switchable)	Australia model
D	120V, 220V and 240V (switchable)	General export model
D/G	120V, 220V and 240V (switchable)	U.S. military model

- This service manual is applicable to the KU type. For servicing of the other types, please refer to the additional service manual.
- For the mechanism & circuit descriptions, please refer to the supplement of model CT-720 service manual (ARP-003).
- Ce manuel d'instruction se réfère au mode de réglage, en français.
- Este manual de servicio trata del método de ajuste escrito en español.

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PIONEER ELECTRONIC CORPORATION 4-1, Meguro 1-Chome, Meguro-ku, Tokyo 153, Japan

U.S. PIONEER ELECTRONICS CORPORATION 85 Oxford Drive, Moonachie, New Jersey 07074, U.S.A.

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PIONEER ELECTRONICS AUSTRALIA PTY. LTD. 178-184 Boundary Road, Braeside, Victoria 3195, Australia

1. SPECIFICATIONS

Tape Deck Section

System	Compact cassette, 2-channel stereo
Motor	DC servo motor x 1
Heads	"Hard Permalloy" Recording/Playback head x 1 "Ferrite" Erasing head x 1
Fast Winding Time	Approximately 110 seconds (C-60 tape)
Wow and Flutter	No more than 0.05% (WRMS)
Frequency Response -20 dB recording:	
Standard, LH tapes	20 to 14,000 Hz (35 to 12,000 ±3 dB)
Chromium dioxide tape	20 to 16,000 Hz (35 to 15,000 Hz ±3 dB)
Metal tape	20 to 17,000 Hz (35 to 16,000 Hz ±3 dB)
0 dB recording:	
Chromium dioxide tape	35 to 8,000 Hz ±3 dB
Metal tape	35 to 12,500 Hz ±3 dB
Signal-to-Noise Ratio	
Dolby NR OFF	More than 58 dB
Dolby NR ON	More than 68 dB (over 5 kHz)
Harmonic Distortion	No more than 1.2% (0 dB)
Input (Sensitivity/Maximum allowable input/Impedance)	
Mic (L, R)	0.3 mV/57 mV/10 kΩ, 6 mm diam. jack (Reference MIC impedance; 250 Ω to 10 kΩ)
LINE (INPUT)	50 mV/25 V/75 kΩ, Pin jack
Output (Reference level/Load impedance)	
LINE (OUTPUT)	450 mV/50 kΩ, Pin jack

Subfunctions

Dolby NR system (ON/OFF)
One touch recording system
Stand-by mechanism with unattended recording
REC muting function
MS (Music Search) system
Soft push operating mechanism
5 point LED, Peak level meter
3 position tape selector (NORM/CrO ₂ /METAL)

Miscellaneous

Power Requirements	AC120 V, 60 Hz
Power Consumption	16 W
Dimension	420 (W) x 110 (H) x 220 (D) mm 16-9/16 (W) x 4-5/16 (H) x 8-7/16 (D) in.
Weight (without package)	3.9 kg (8 lb 9 oz)

Furnished Parts

Connection cord with pin plugs	2
Operating instructions	1

NOTE:

Specifications and the design subject to possible modification without notice due to improvements.

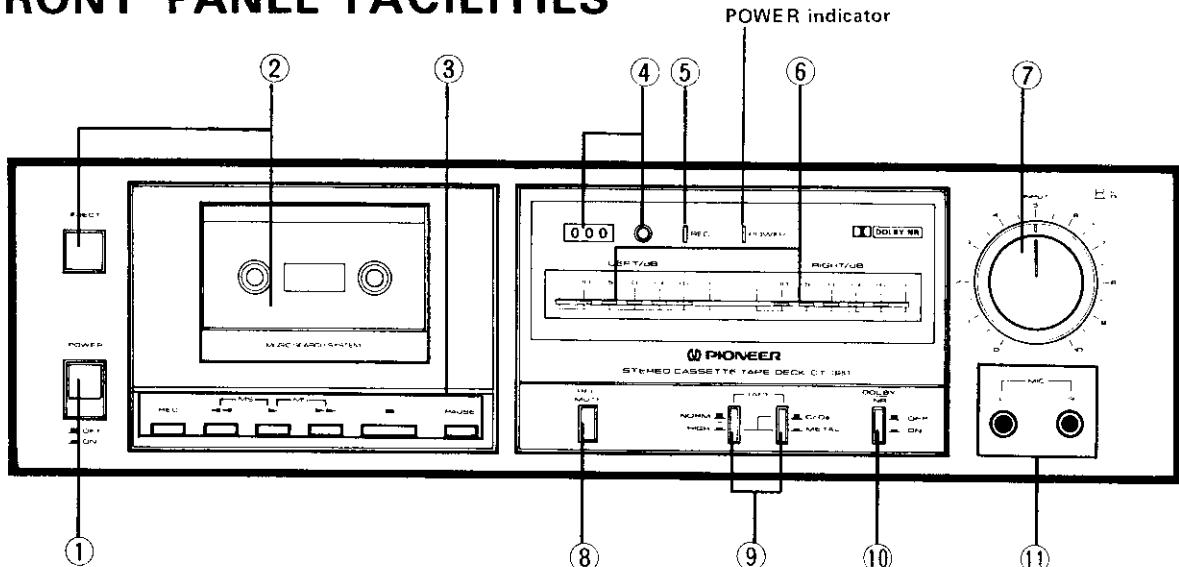
NOTES:

1. Reference Recording Level: Meter 0 dB indicating level (160 nwb/m magnetic level = Philips cassette reference level)
2. Reference Signal: 333 Hz
3. Wow & Flutter: • JIS [3kHz, with acoustic compensation (weighted), rms value]
4. Frequency Response: • Measured at -20 dB level, DOLBY NR OFF, level deviation is ±6 dB without indication.
5. Signal to Noise Ratio: • Measured at the third harmonic distortion 3% level, weighted.
6. Sensitivity: Input level (mV) required for reference recording level with input (REC) controls set to maximum.
7. Maximum allowable Input: While decreasing settings of input (REC) level control and increasing level at input jacks, this is the maximum input level (mV) at the point where recording amplifier output waveform becomes clipped.
8. Reference Output Level: Playback output level when meter indicates 0 dB.

*

- Noise Reduction System manufactured under license from Dolby Laboratories Licensing Corporation.
- "Dolby" and the double-D  symbol are trade marks of Dolby Laboratories Licensing Corporation.

2. FRONT PANEL FACILITIES



* The word "Dolby" and  are trademark of Dolby Laboratories Licensing Corporation.

① POWER switch

Depress this switch to turn on or turn off power. When switch is depressed power is supplied and POWER indicator lights. When switch is released power is turned off and POWER indicator is extinguished.

② EJECT button and cassette holder

The cassette tape is housed in this holder.

To open the holder: Depress the EJECT button.
To close the holder: Push the holder by hand.

③ Function switches

REC switch:
Depress to start the recording operations.

REWIND switch (◀):
Depress to rewind the tape.

PLAY switch (▶):
Depress to start tape play.
When using the Music Search(MS) function, operate the PLAY switch (▶) and REWIND switch (◀) or the FAST FORWARD switch (▶▶) in combination.

FAST FORWARD switch (▶▶):
Depress to fast forward the tape.

PAUSE switch:
Depress to temporarily suspend recording or to adjust the recording level.
Release the PAUSE switch to resume recording.

NOTE: The tape will not stop even if this switch is depressed when you are performing a rewind or fast forward operation.

STOP switch (■):
Depress to stop the playback, recording, fast forward and rewind operations.

④ Tape COUNTER and RESET button

The figures on the tape counter increase or decrease in line with the forward or reverse movement of the tape. If the counter is set to "000" at the start of recording, it will be easy to find the recording start position when you want to listen to the program again at a later date. (Rewind the tape to the "000" position on the counter.)

⑤ REC indicator

This lights when the REC switch is depressed.

⑥ Recording/playback level meter

This indicates the strength of the sound being played back or the sound about to be recorded.

⑦ INPUT recording level controls

Rotate these controls while observing the level meter when adjusting the strength of the sound that is to be recorded. [The strength is increased when the controls are rotated clockwise from the "0" minimum position.]

Front control: For left channel adjustments

Rear control: For right channel adjustments

The controls normally rotate together. To rotate only one control, hold the other so that it will not move.

⑧ REC MUTE switch

Depress to create unrecorded blanks between tape programs. When the switch is pushed during recording, no sound is recorded for as long as the switch is in the depressed position (thereby creating an unrecorded blank).

⑨ TAPE SELECTOR switches

Use these switches in line with the tapes being used.

For normal tapes:

- Set the left-side switch to the NORM  (out) position.
- The right-side switch position is not used.

For chrome tapes:

- Depress the left-side switch to the HIGH  (in) position.
- Set the right-side switch to the CrO₂  (out) position.

For metal tapes:

- Depress the left-side switch to the HIGH  (in) position.
- Depress the right-side switch to the METAL  (in) position.

⑩ DOLBY NR switch

Set to the depressed ON position when recording and this will reduce the amount of tape hiss. Also set to ON when playing a tape which has been recorded using the Dolby noise reduction system.

⑪ MIC jacks

Insert the microphone plugs (L and R) into these jacks when recording with microphones.

3. DISASSEMBLY

NOTE:

Do not apply unnecessary force to hooks since this may result in damage.

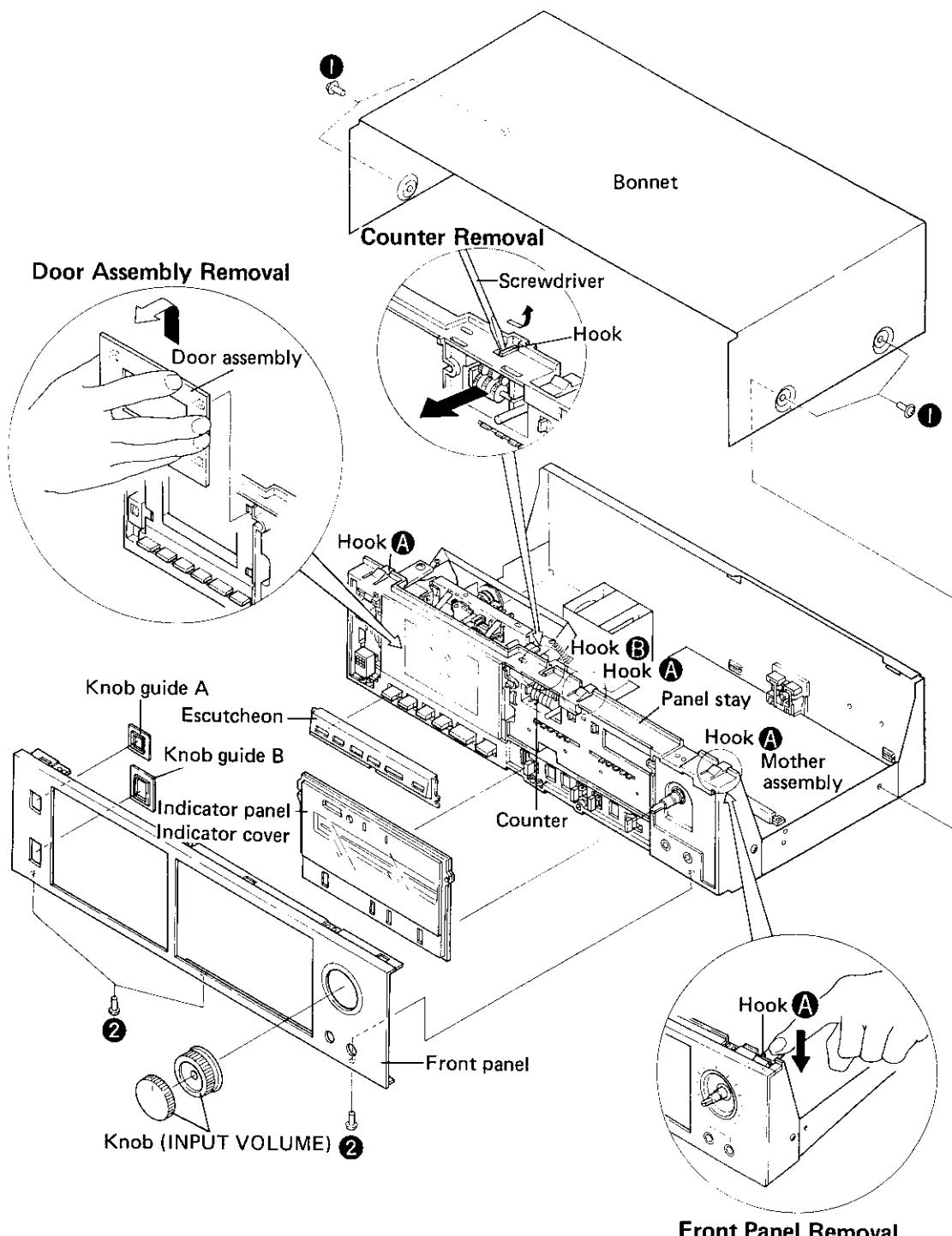


Fig. 3-1 Disassembly 1

Bonnet Removal

Remove the four screws ① on each side of the bonnet.

Front Panel Removal

1. Pull off the INPUT VOLUME knobs.
2. Remove the three screws ② from the bottom edge of the front panel.
3. Gently push the hooks ③ of the panel stay and remove the front panel.
4. Then indicator panel, indicator cover and escutcheon can be removed.

Door Assembly Removal

1. Depress the EJECT button and open the cassette holder.
2. Pull up the door assembly and remove it.

Counter Removal

1. Gently push the hook ④ of the panel stay with the small screwdriver.
2. Pull the counter toward you and remove it.

Mechanism Assembly Removal

1. Remove the counter belt and the REC joint.
2. Remove the six screws ⑤.

Indicator Assembly Removal

Remove the hooks ⑥ of the panel stay and remove the indicator panel.

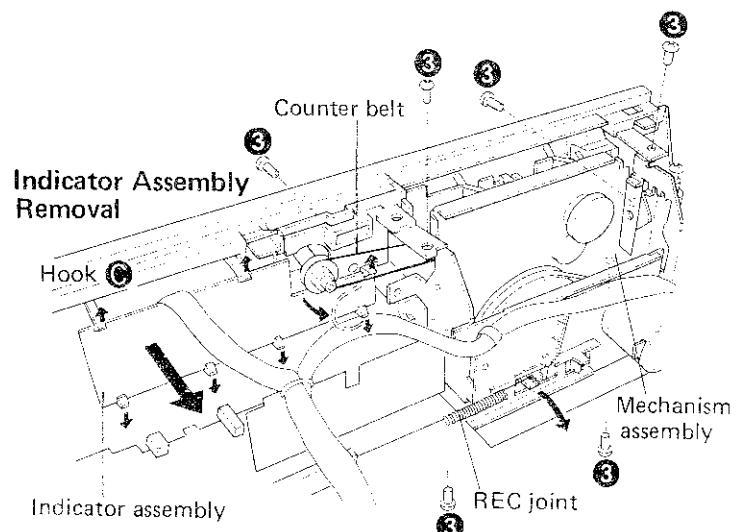


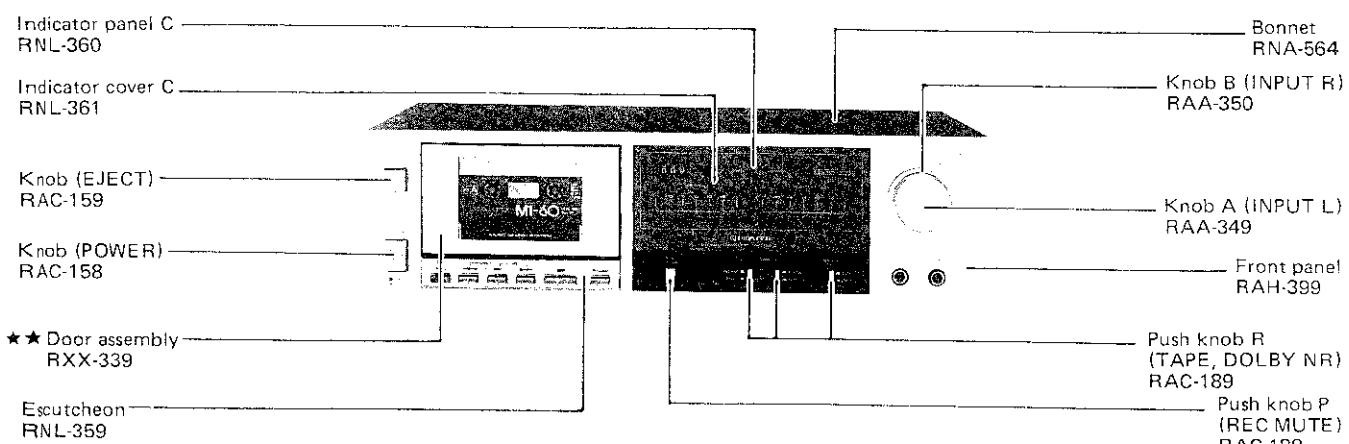
Fig. 3-2 Disassembly 2

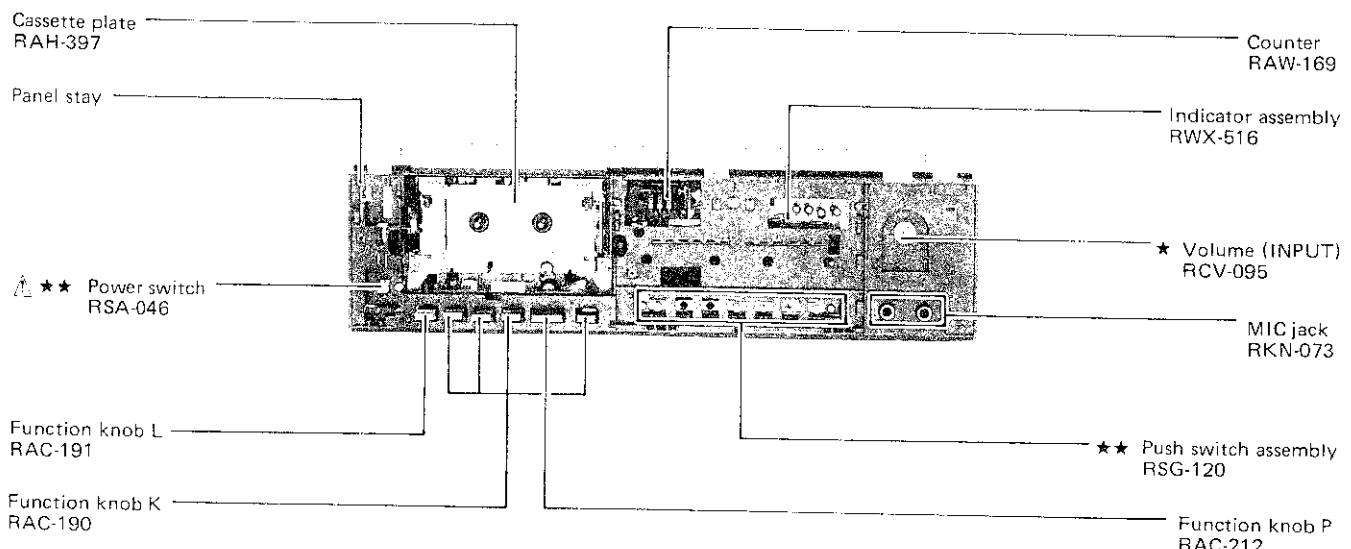
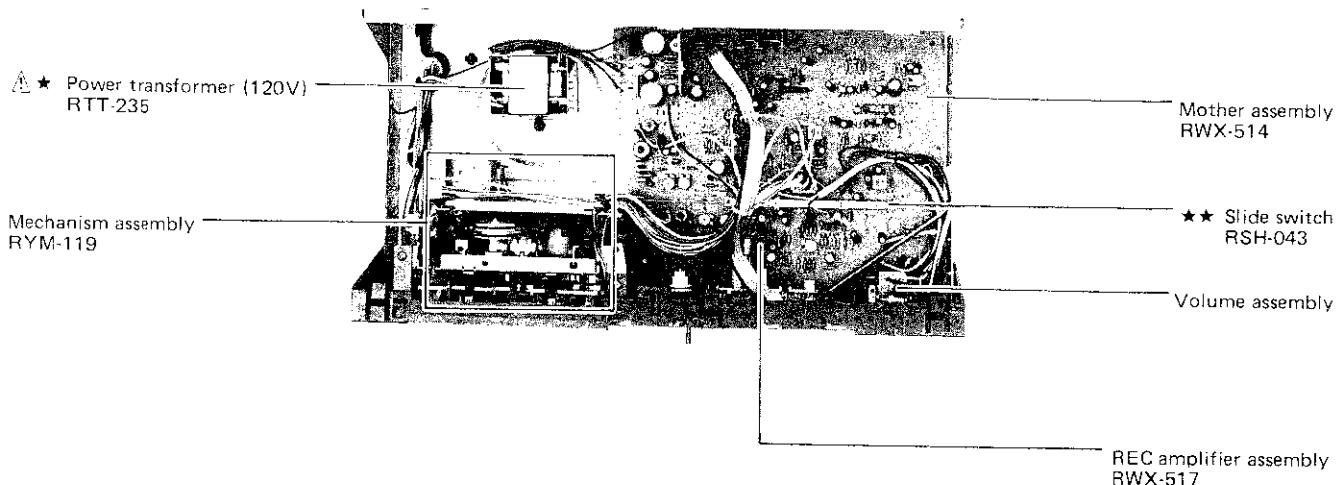
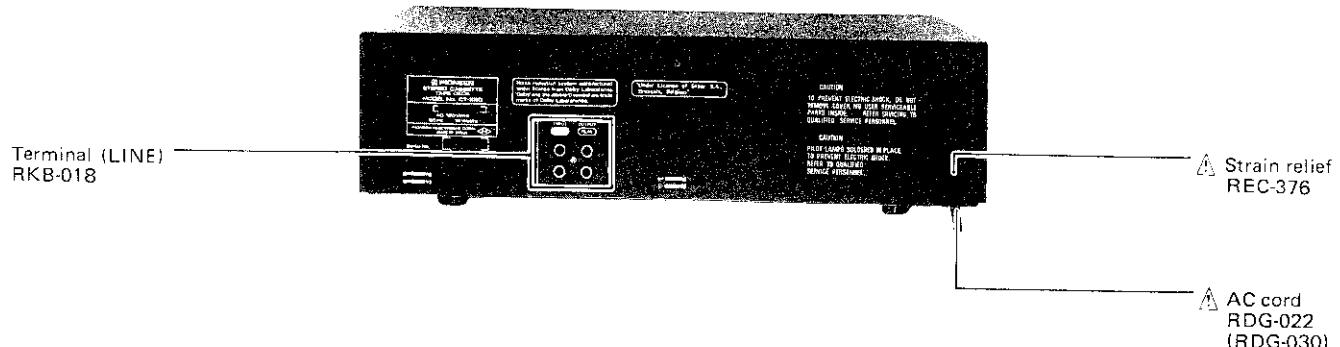
4. PARTS LOCATION

NOTES:

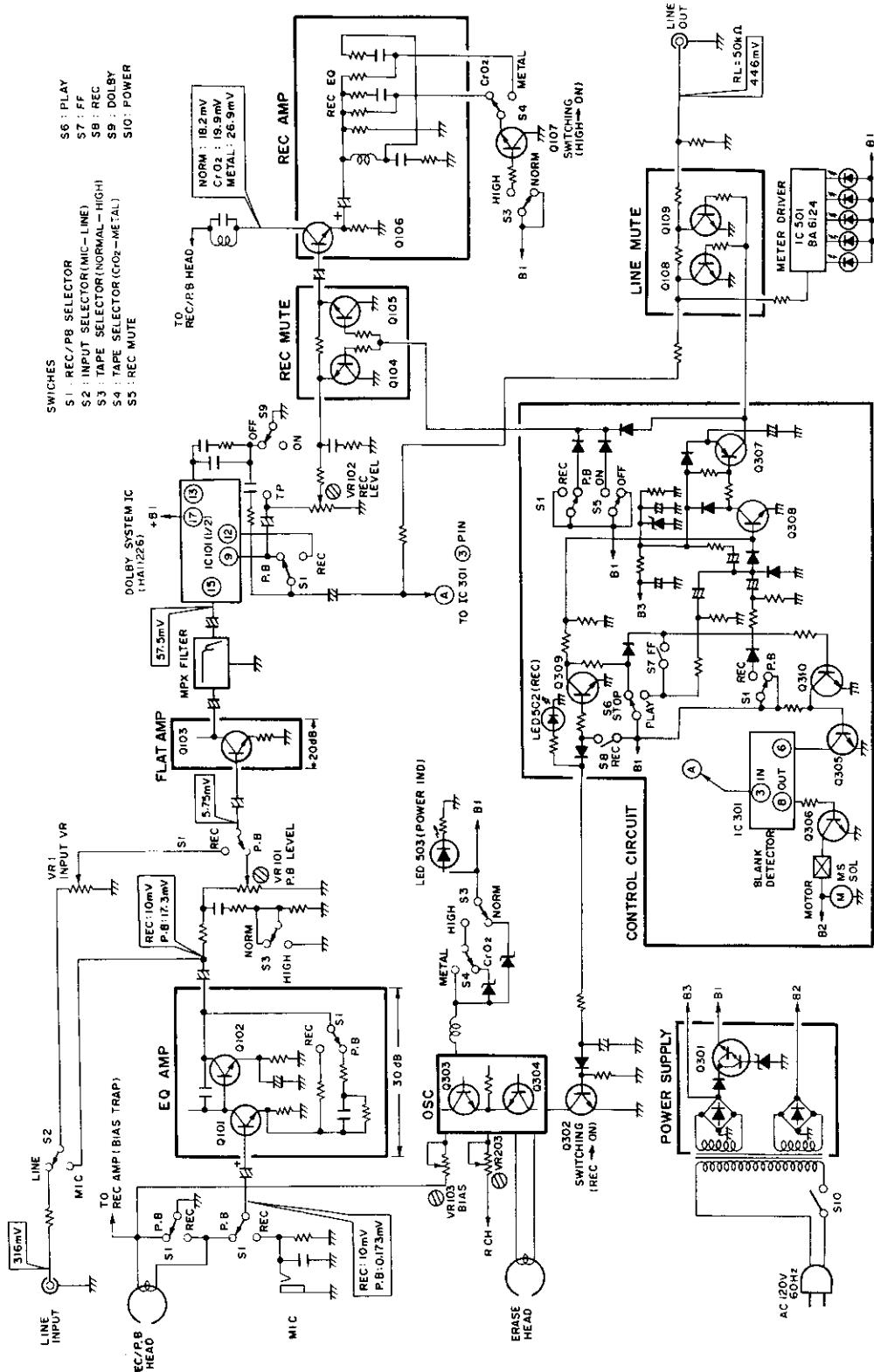
- Parts without part number cannot be supplied.
- The ▲ mark found on some component parts indicates the importance of the safety factor of the part. Therefore, when replacing, be sure to use parts of identical designation.
- For your Parts Stock Control, the fast moving items are indicated with the marks ★★ and ★.
- ★★ GENERALLY MOVES FASTER THAN ★.
- This classification shall be adjusted by each distributor because it depends on model number, temperature, humidity, etc.

Front Panel View



Front View with Front Panel Removed**Top View with Bonnet Removed****Rear Panel View**

5. BLOCK DIAGRAM



6. EXPLODED VIEWS AND PARTS LIST

NOTES:

- Parts without part number cannot be supplied.
- The  mark found on some component parts indicates the importance of the safety factor of the part. Therefore, when replacing, be sure to use parts of identical designation.
- For your Parts Stock Control, the fast moving items are indicated with the marks **★★** and **★**.
- **★★ GENERALLY MOVES FASTER THAN ★.**
This classification shall be adjusted by each distributor because it depends on model number, temperature, humidity, etc.

Parts List

Mark	No.	Part No.	Description	Mark	No.	Part No.	Description
	1.	RNA-564	Bonnet		36.	RNL-224	Knob guide A
	2.	RYM-119	Mechanism assembly		37.	RNL-185	Knob guide B
	3.	RAH-397	Cassette plate		38.	RKP-296	Connector assembly 6P
	4.	RAC-190	Function knob K		39.		Connector assembly 2P
	5.	RAC-191	Function knob L		40.	RBH-896	REC joint B
 ★★	6.	RAC-212	Function knob P		41.		UL cord clamper B
	7.	RSA-046	Power switch		42.	.....	.....
	8.	RBH-750	Eject spring		43.	.....	.....
	9.	RNH-106	Eject plate		44.	RBH-899	Earth spring
	10.	RAC-159	Knob (EJECT)		45.	.....	.....
★★	11.	RAC-158	Knob (POWER)		46.	RBA-053	Screw
	12.	RNL-359	Escutcheon		47.	VCZ30P080FMC	Screw
	13.	RAW-169	Counter		48.	CMZ30P060FMC	Screw
★★	14.	REB-240	Sensing belt		49.	PMA30P060FMC	Screw
	15.		Panel stay		50.	BBZ30P080FMC	Screw
	16.	RWX-516	Indicator assembly		51.	.....	.....
	17.	RWX-517	REC amplifier assembly		52.	VCZ30P060FMC	Screw
	18.		Volume assembly		53.		UL caution label
	19.	RXX-339	Door assembly		54.	.....	.....
	20.	.....	.....		55.	RBA-077	Step screw
	21.	RNL-360	Indicator panel C		56.	PSZ26P040FMC	Screw
	22.	RNL-361	Indicator cover C		57.	WA42N080W030	Washer
	23.	RAH-399	Front panel		58.	RCG-006	Capacitor (0.01/AC250)
	24.	RAA-349	Knob A (INPUT L)		59.	VBZ40P100FMC	Screw
	25.	RAA-350	Knob B (INPUT R)				
	26.	RWX-514	Mother assembly				
	27.	RAC-188	Push knob P (REC MUTE)				
	28.	RAC-189	Push knob R (TAPE, DOLBY NR)				
 ★	29.	RTT-235	Power transformer (120V)				
	30.		Wire nut				
	31.	REC-376	Strain relief				
	32.		Main chassis				
	33.	REC-369	Foot assembly				
	34.		Bottom plate				
	35.	RDG-022 (RDG-030)	AC cord				

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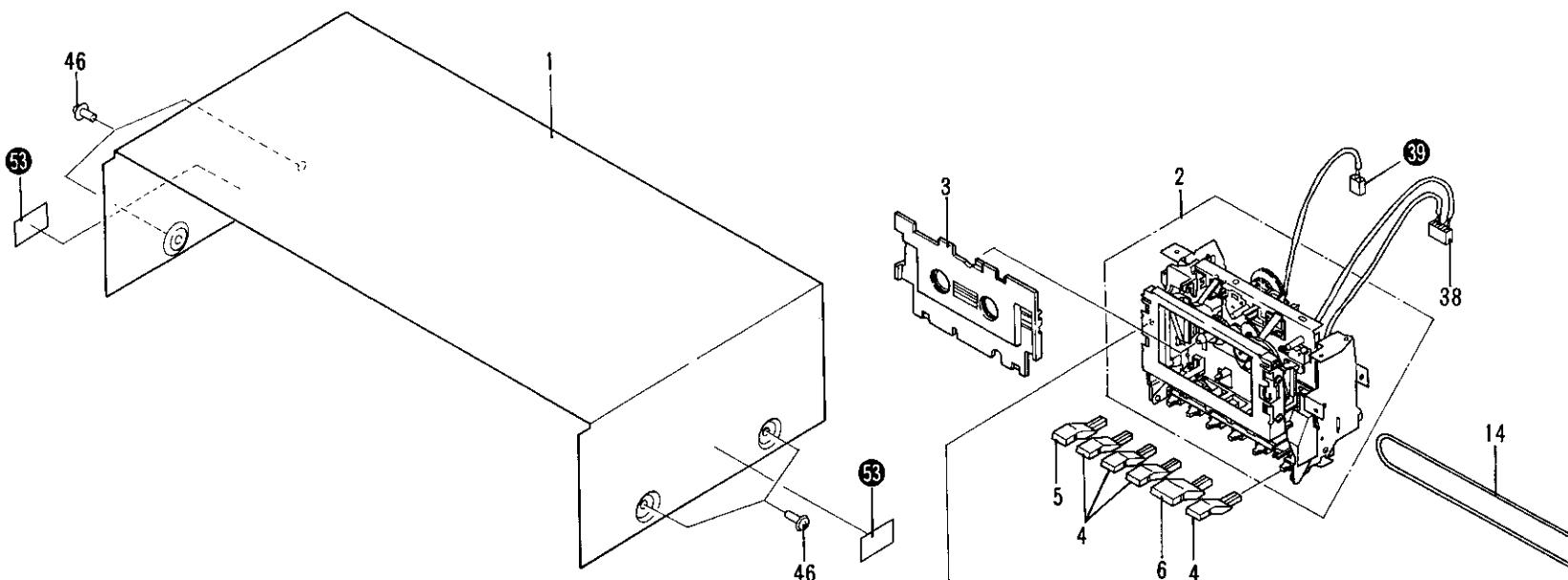
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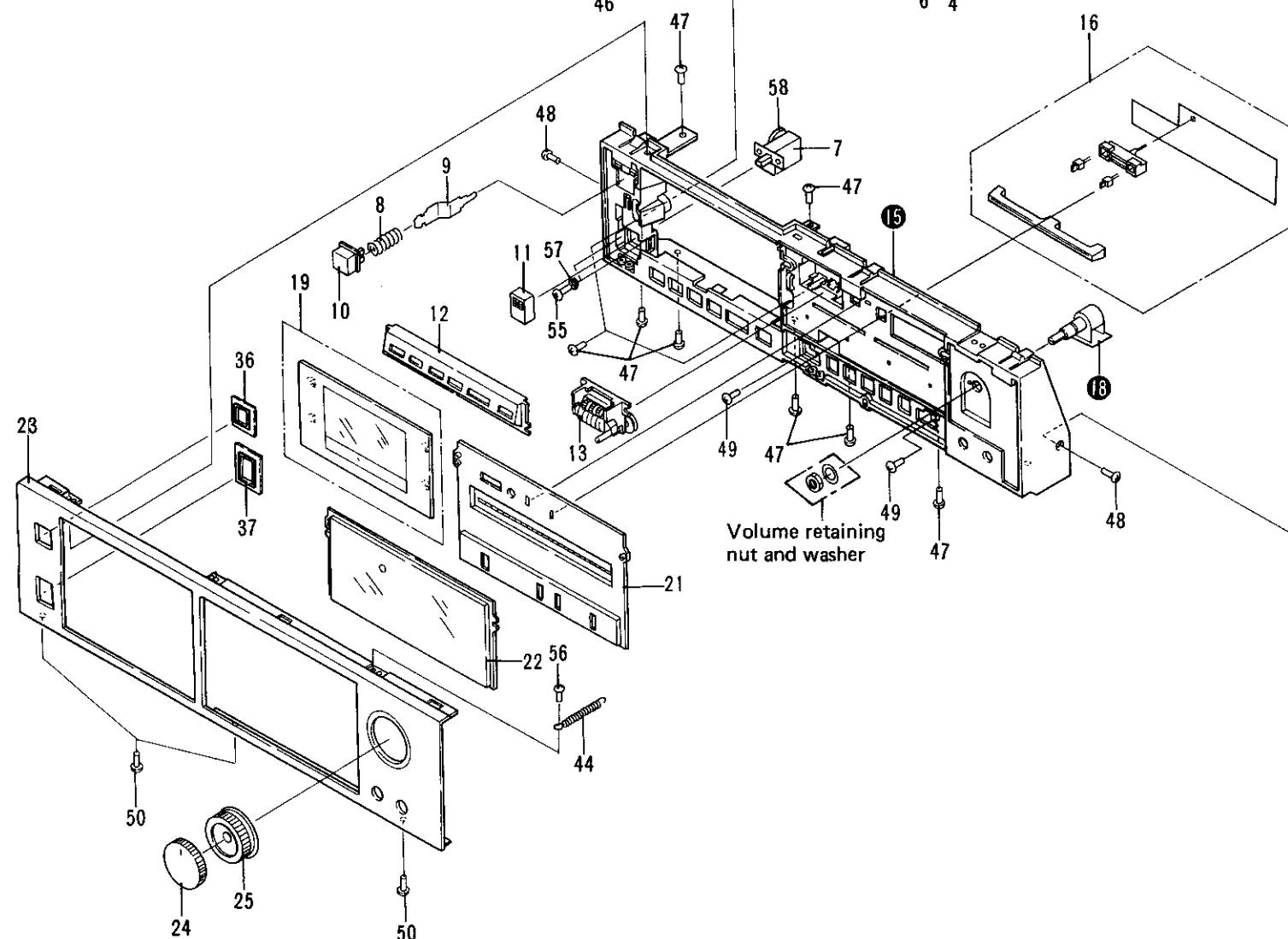
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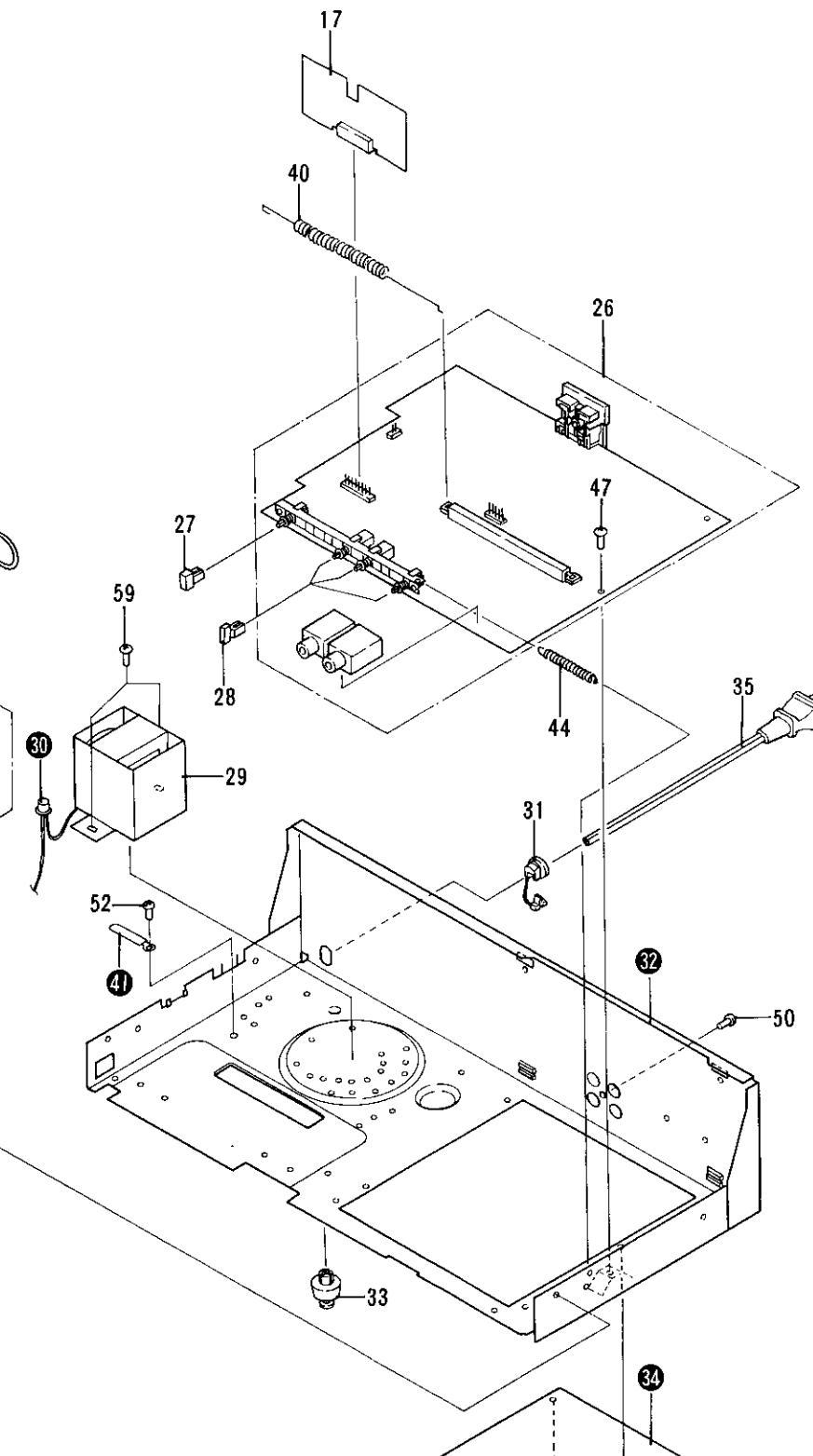
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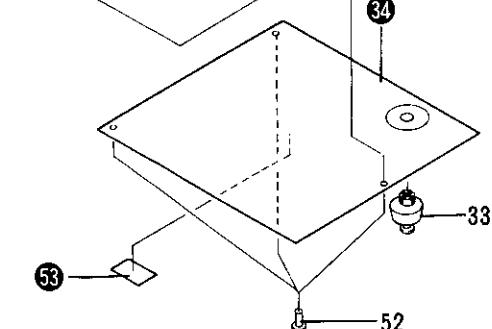
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C



D



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C

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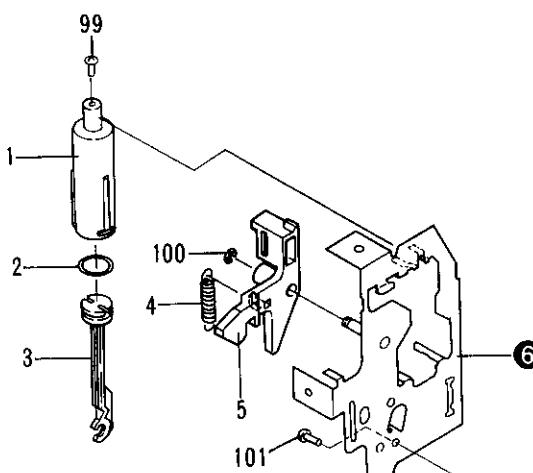
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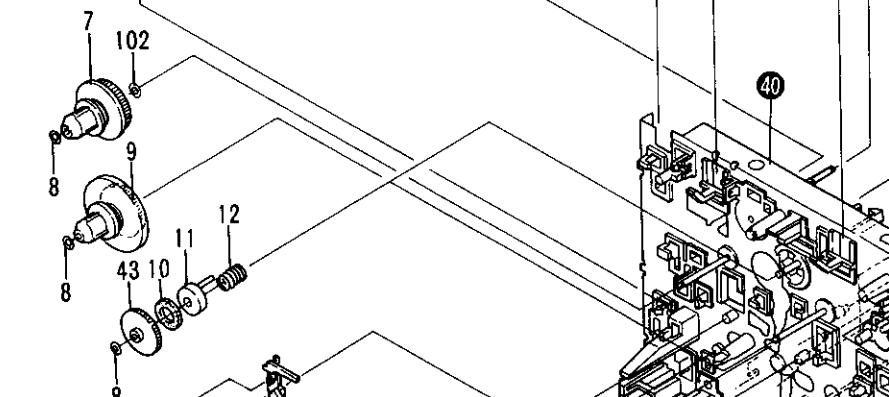
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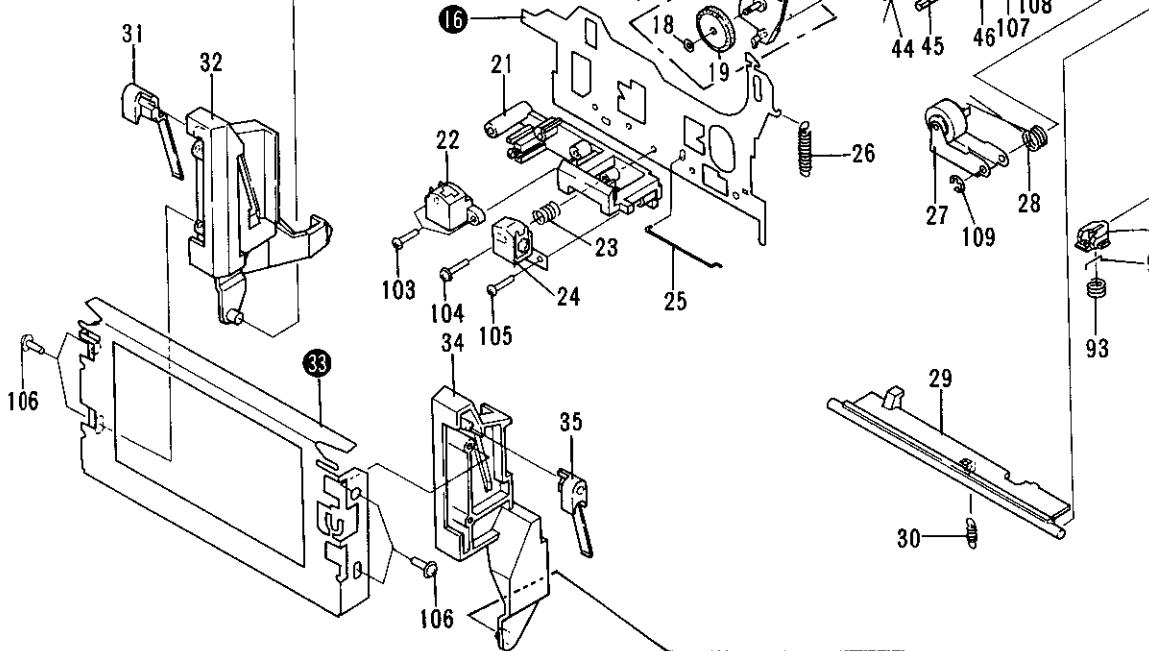
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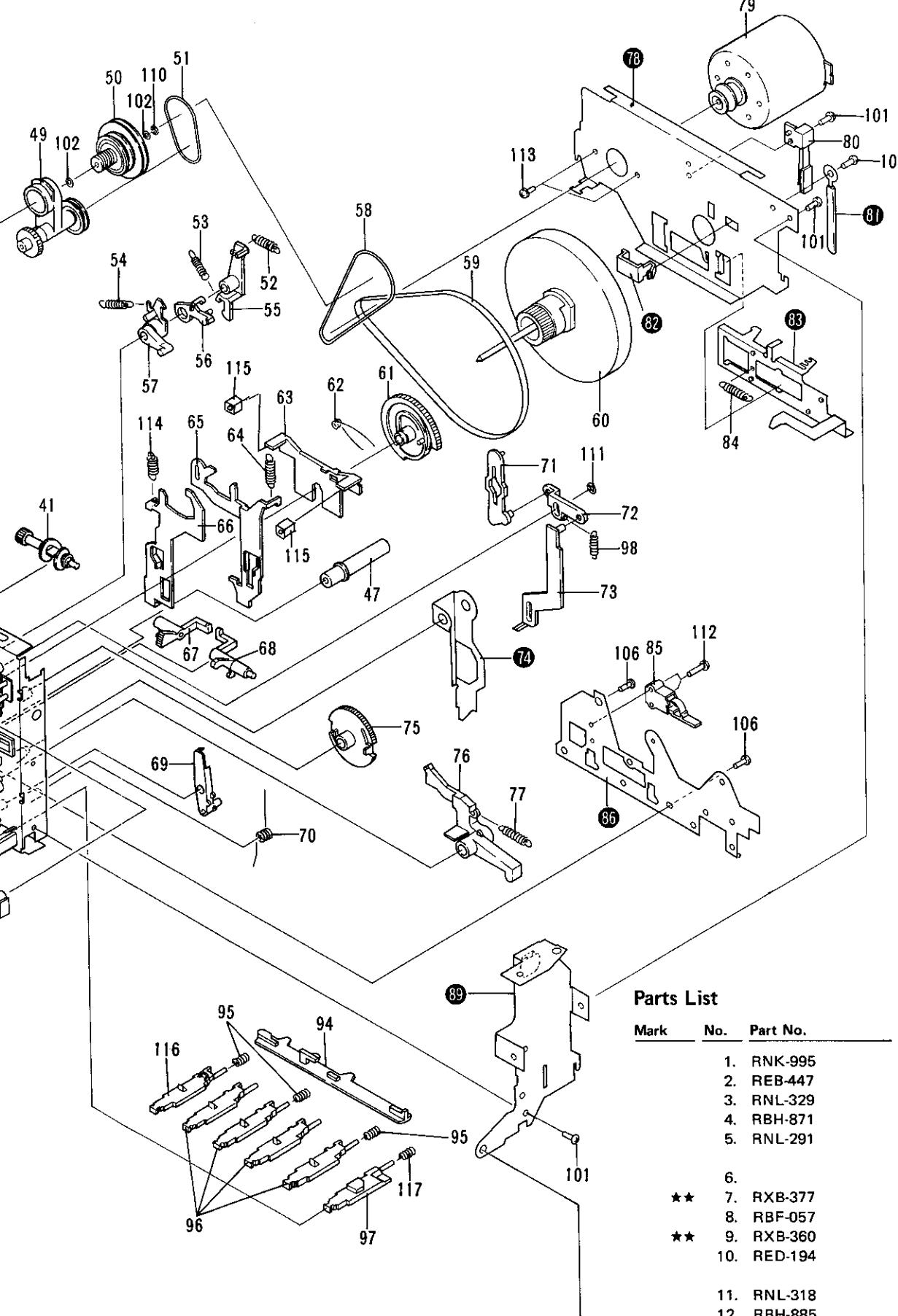
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D



A

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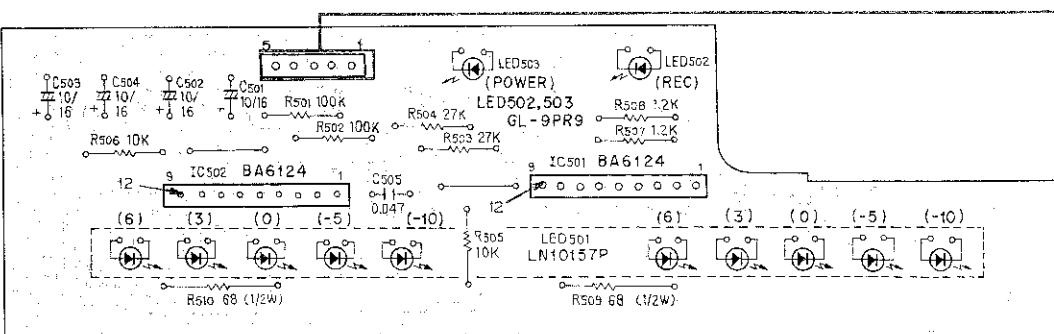
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Parts List

Mark	No.	Part No.	Description
	1.	RNK-995	Cylinder
	2.	REB-447	O ring
	3.	RNL-329	Piston
	4.	RBH-871	Pocket return spring
	5.	RNL-291	Eject lever
★★	6.	RXB-377	Side plate L assembly B
	7.	RBF-057	Supply reel base assembly
★★	8.	RXB-360	Washer
	9.	RED-194	TU reel base assembly
	10.		Detector felt
	11.	RNL-318	Detector disk
	12.	RBH-885	Detector spring
	13.	RBH-873	Idler pressure spring
	14.	RNL-298	Action lever
	15.	RBH-875	Action lever spring

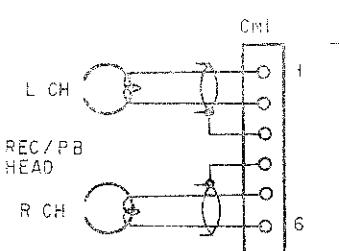
8. P.C. BOARD CONNECTION DIAGRAM

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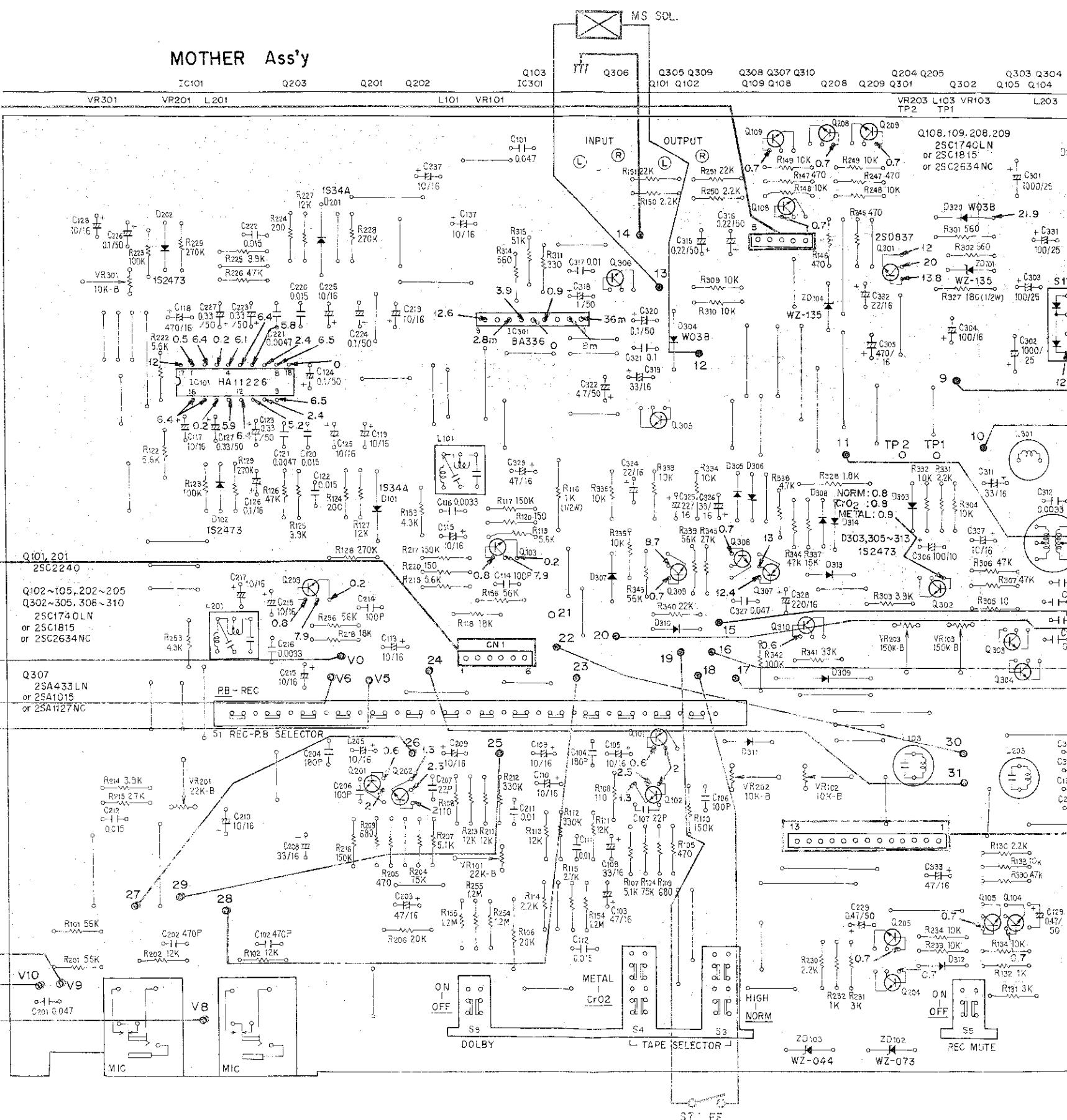


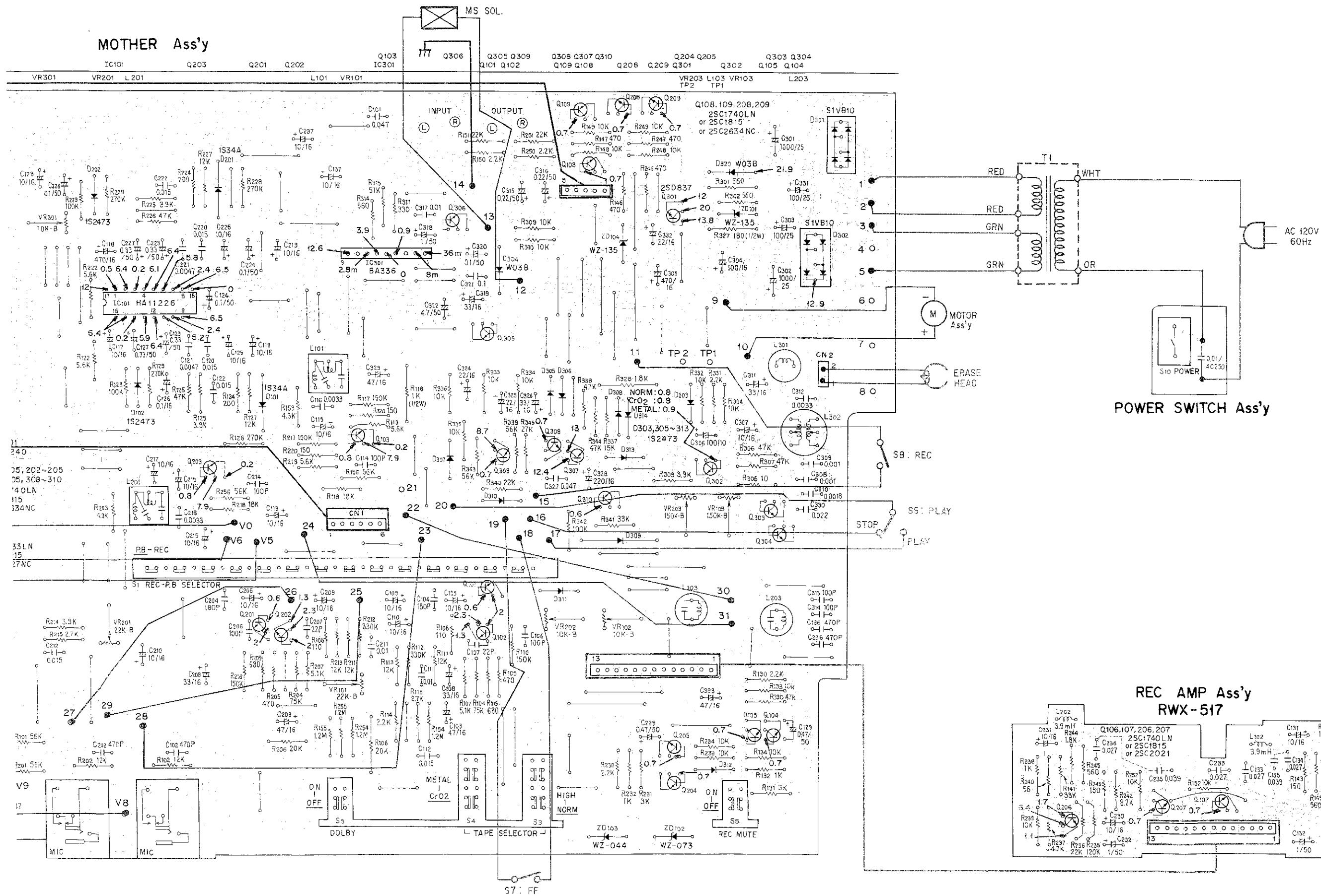
INDICATOR Ass'y

B

VOLUME Ass'y
RWX-515

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MOTHER Ass'y

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D

9. SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM

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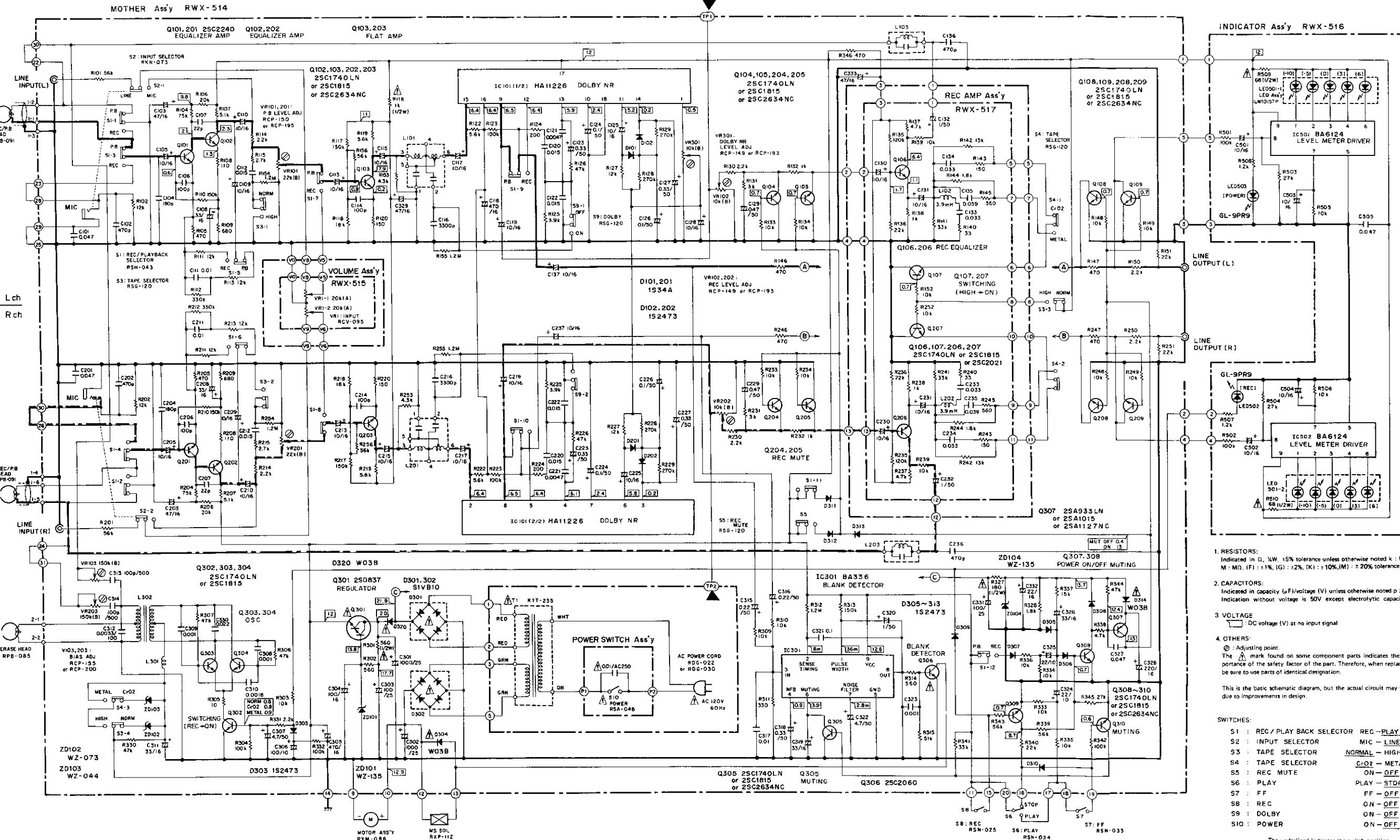
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NOTE:

The indicated semiconductors are representative ones only. Other alternative semiconductors may be used and are listed in the parts list.



1. RESISTORS:
Indicated in Ω . %W, ±5% tolerance unless otherwise noted k : kΩ, M : MΩ, (F) : ±1%, (G) : ±2%, (K) : ±10%, (M) : ±20% tolerance

2. CAPACITORS:
Indicated in capacity (μF)/voltage (V) unless otherwise noted p : μF
Indication without voltage is 50V except electrolytic capacitor.

3. VOLTAGE: DC voltage (V) at no input signal

4. OTHERS:
◎: Adjusting point.
The △ mark found on some component parts indicates the importance of the safety factor of the part. Therefore, when replacing, be sure to use parts of identical designation.

This is the basic schematic diagram, but the actual circuit may vary due to improvements in design.

SWITCHES:	
S1	: REC / PLAY BACK SELECTOR REC - PLAY BACK
S2	: INPUT SELECTOR MIC - LINE
S3	: TAPE SELECTOR NORMAL - HIGH
S4	: TAPE SELECTOR METAL - OFF
S5	: REC MUTE ON - OFF
S6	: PLAY PLAY - STOP
S7	: FF FF - OFF
S8	: REC ON - OFF
S9	: DOLBY ON - OFF
S10	: POWER ON - OFF

The underlined indicates the switch position.

NOTE;
Playback signal route
Recording signal route

1

2

3

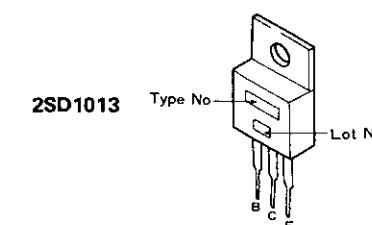
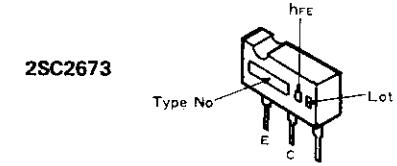
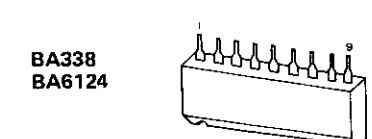
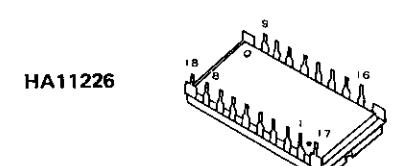
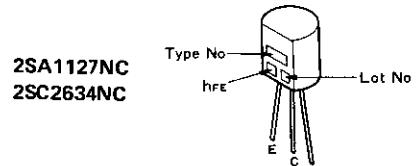
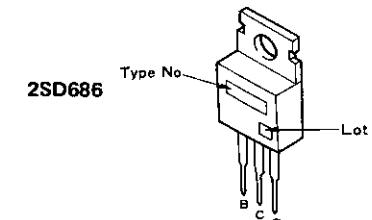
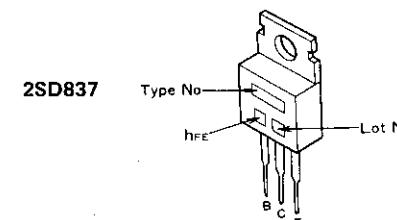
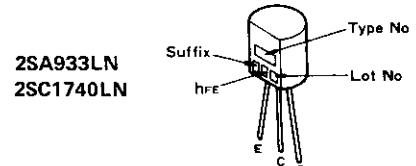
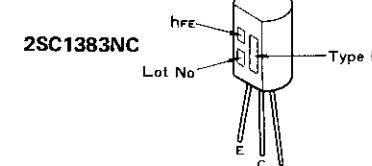
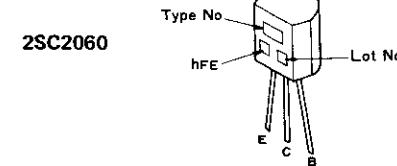
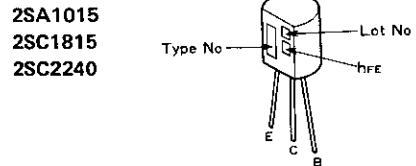
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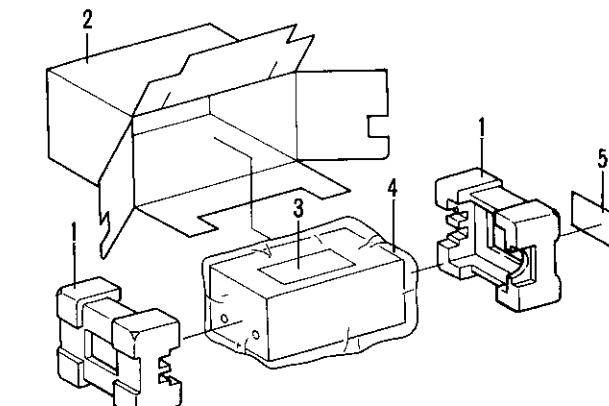
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External Appearance of Transistors and ICs



10. PACKING



Parts List

Mark	No.	Part No.	Description
1.	RHA-235	Pad	
2.	RHG-430	Packing case	
3.	RRB-150	Operating instructions	
4.	RHX-031	Sheet C	
5.	RDE-010	Connection cord	

11. MECHANICAL ADJUSTMENTS

Prior to adjustment

Clean the both reel base, the capstan and the pinch roller with an alcohol moistened swab.

11.1 PINCH ROLLER PRESSURE ADJUSTMENT

1. Put the tape deck into the playback mode.
2. Gently push against the pinch roller arm with the tension gauge and separate the pinch roller slightly from the capstan.
3. Then the pinch roller back onto the capstan, and read the value when the pinch roller starts to rotate. If the reading fails to lie within 350g ~ 550g, replace the pinch pressure spring.

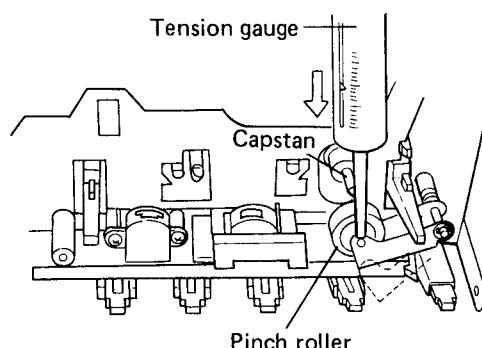


Fig. 11-1 Pinch roller pressure adjustment

11.2 REEL BASE TORQUE ADJUSTMENT

Measure the torque with the torque meter during playback, fast forward (FF) and rewind (REW) modes. The measured values should normally lie within the allowable ranges listed in the table 1.

If the measured values lie outside the relevant ranges, replace the TU (take-up) reel base assembly and/or supply reel base assembly, TU idler, or drive arm full assembly.

Table 1

	TU reel base	Supply reel base
Playback mode	35 - 55g.cm	* 2 - 5g.cm
FF mode	75 - 110g.cm	* 2 - 5g.cm
REW mode	* 2 - 5g.cm	75 - 110g.cm

* Do notes back tension torque

11.3 TAPE SPEED ADJUSTMENT

1. Connect the frequency counter to the LINE OUTPUT terminals.
2. Playback the 3kHz portion of the STD-301 test tape. At the beginning, the frequency should be lie within the 2995Hz ~ 3010Hz range, and may be adjusted by turning the semi-fixed resistor located in the capstan motor adjustment hole as shown in Fig. 11-2.

Tape speed is increased by turning the semi-fixed resistor clockwise, and decreased by turning counter-clockwise.

11.4 REC SWITCH ADJUSTMENT

1. Depress REC button. REC action lever moves to **A** direction. At this time, check that REC switch is ON.
2. Depress STOP button. The REC action lever moves slightly to **B** direction. At this time, bend and adjust the REC action lever so that a contact distance of REC switch is 0.2 ~ 0.5 mm.

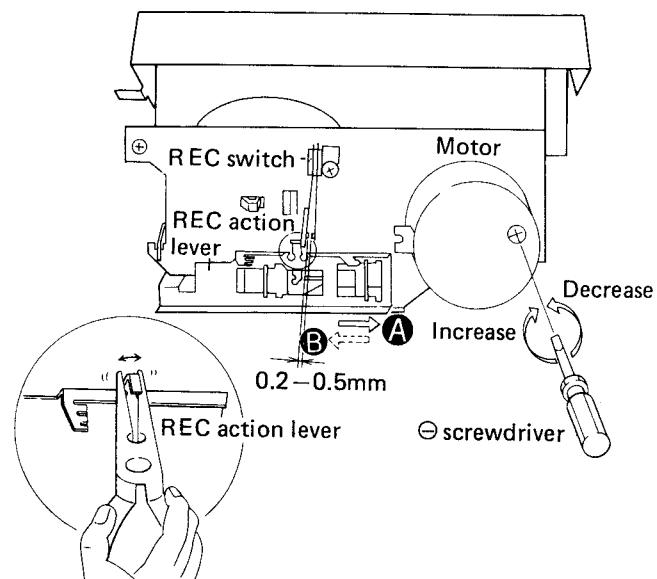


Fig. 11-2 Tape speed and REC switch adjustment

11. RÉGLAGES MÉCANIQUES

Avant de procéder au réglage

Nettoyer les deux supports de bobine, le cabestan et le galet presseur à l'aide d'un bâtonnet imbibé d'alcool.

11.1 RÉGLAGE DE LA FORCE D'APPUI DU GALET PRESSEUR

1. Mettre la platine en mode de lecture.
2. Appuyer doucement sur le bras du galet presseur à l'aide d'une jauge de pression et séparer légèrement le galet presseur du cabestan.
3. Laisser ensuite revenir le galet presseur sur le cabestan et lire la valeur lorsque le galet presseur commence à tourner. Si la valeur lue ne se situe pas entre 350g et 550g, remplacer le ressort du galet presseur.

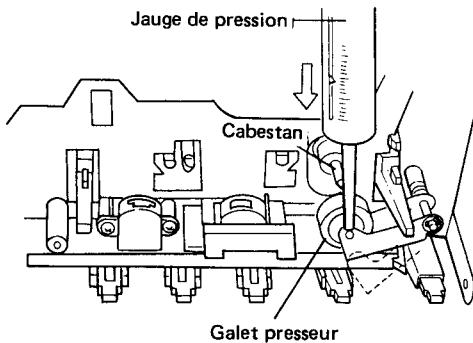


Fig. 11-1 Réglage de la force d'appui du galet presseur

11.2 RÉGLAGE DU COUPLE DU SUPPORT DE BOBINE

Mesurer le couple à l'aide d'un dynamomètre dans les modes de lecture, d'avance rapide (FF) et de rebobinage (REW). Les valeurs mesurées doivent normalement se situer dans les limites admissibles données au tableau 1.

Si les valeurs mesurées se trouvent en dehors des plages indiquées, remplacer l'ensemble support de bobine TU (réception) et/ou l'ensemble support de bobine débitrice, la poulie libre TU ou l'ensemble complet du bras d'entraînement.

Tableau 1

	Support de bobine TU	Support de bobine débitrice
Mode de lecture	35 à 55g.cm	• 2 à 5g.cm
Mode FF	75 à 110g.cm	• 2 à 5g.cm
Mode REW	• 2 à 5g.cm	75 à 110g.cm

• Couple de tension inverse

11.3 RÉGLAGE DE LA VITESSE DE DEFILEMENT DE LA BANDE

1. Raccorder le fréquencemètre aux bornes de sortie LINE OUTPUT.
2. Reproduire la partie à 3kHz de la bande d'essai STD-301. Au début, la fréquence doit se situer dans la plage de 2995Hz à 3010Hz, et elle peut être réglée en tournant la résistance ajustable située dans le trou de réglage du moteur-cabestan, comme indiqué à la figure 11-2.

La vitesse de défilement de la bande augmente lorsque la résistance ajustable est tournée dans le sens des aiguilles d'une montre, et elle décroît lorsque l'on tourne la résistance en sens inverse.

11.4 RÉGLAGE DU COMMUTATEUR D'ENREGISTREMENT (REC)

1. Appuyer sur la touche d'enregistrement (REC). Le levier de commande REC se déplace dans la direction **A**.
2. Appuyer sur la touche d'arrêt (STOP). Le levier de commande REC se déplace légèrement dans la direction **B**. Courber et ajuster alors le levier de commande REC, de manière à ce que la course de contact du commutateur d'enregistrement soit de 0,2 à 0,5mm.

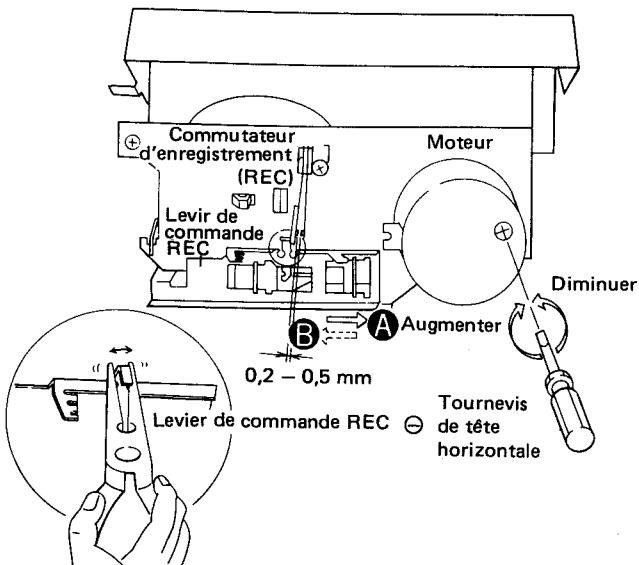


Fig. 11-2 Réglage de la vitesse de défilement de la bande et du commutateur d'enregistrement (REC)

11. AJUSTES MECÁNICOS

Antes del ajuste

Limpiar ambas bases de los carretes, eje de arrastre y rodillo de presión con algodón humedecido en alcohol.

11.1 AJUSTE DE LA PRESIÓN DEL RODILLO DE PRESIÓN

1. Establecer el magnetófono en el modo de reproducción.
2. Con el calibrador de tensión presionar ligeramente contra el brazo del rodillo de presión y separar un poco dicho rodillo del eje de arrastre.
3. Luego reposicionar el rodillo de presión sobre el eje de arrastre, y leer el valor en el momento en que el rodillo de presión empieza a girar. Si la indicación cae dentro de 350g ~ 550g, reemplazar el muelle del rodillo de presión.

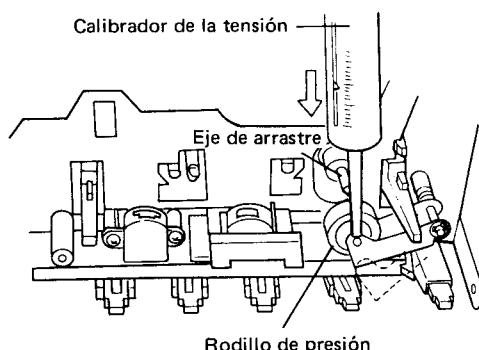


Fig. 11-1 Ajuste de la presión del rodillo de presión

11.2 AJUSTE DE LA TORSIÓN DE LA BASE DEL CARRETE

Utilizar el modidor de torsión para medir la torsión durante las funciones de reproducción, avance rápido (FF) y rebobinado (REW). Los valores medidos deberán estar normalmente dentro de los límites permisibles enumerados en la tabla 1.

Si los valores medidos no están dentro de tales límites, reemplazar el conjunto de la base del carrete de arrastre (TU) y/o conjunto de la base del carrete de suministro, rueda de guía TU, o todo el conjunto del brazo de arrastre.

Tabla 1

	Base del carrete TU	Base del carrete de suministro
Modo de reproducción	35 – 55g.cm	• 2 – 5g.cm
Modo de avance rápido	75 – 110g.cm	• 2 – 5g.cm
Modo de rebobinado	• 2 – 5g.cm	75 – 110g.cm

• Las notas se apoyan en la torsión de la tensión

11.3 AJUSTE DE LA VELOCIDAD DE LA CINTA

1. Conectar el frecuencímetro a los terminales de salida de línea (LINE OUTPUT).
2. Reproducir la parte de 3kHz de la cinta de prueba STD-301. Al principio, la frecuencia deberá estar entre 2995Hz ~ 3010Hz, y podrá ajustarse girando el resistor semifijo, situado en el orificio de ajuste del motor del eje de arrastre, como se muestra en la figura 11-2.

La velocidad de la cinta aumentará girando hacia la derecha el resistor semifijo, y se reducirá girándolo hacia la izquierda.

11.4 AJUSTE DEL INTERRUPTOR DE GRABACIÓN (REC)

1. Presionar el botón REC. La palanca de accionamiento de REC se mueve en la dirección A. Entonces, comprobar que el interruptor REC esté en la posición ON.
2. Presionar el botón de parada (STOP). La palanca de accionamiento de REC se mueve ligeramente en la dirección B. Entonces, doblar y ajustar la palanca de accionamiento de REC de modo que la distancia de contacto del interruptor REC sea de 0,2 ~ 0,5mm.

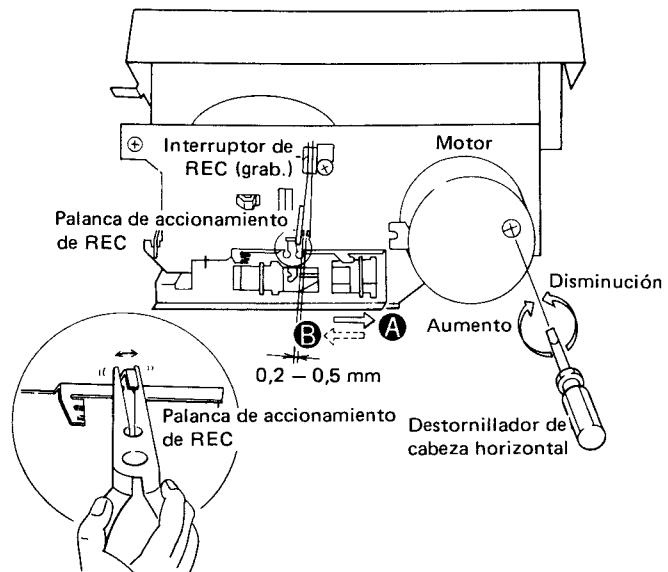


Fig. 11-2 Ajuste de la velocidad de la cinta y del interruptor de grabación (REC)

12. ELECTRICAL ADJUSTMENTS

Precaution

1. Mechanical adjustment should be completed.
2. Clean the following parts with an alcohol moistened swab: Record/Playback head, Pinch roller, Erase head, Rubber belts and Capstan.
3. Demagnetize record/playback head with a head demagnetizer.
4. Do not use magnetized screwdriver for adjustments.
5. Adjustments and measurements should be performed for both L ch and R ch with rated power supply voltage.
6. Adjustments should be performed in the order given in this service manual. Altering the order can hinder proper adjustments, resulting in loss of performance.
7. Level during measurements are based on 0dBv = 1V. Connect a 50kΩ (47 — 52kΩ) dummy resistor across the OUTPUT terminals.
8. Let the CT-320 warm up (aging) for a few minutes before proceeding with the adjustment.
9. Set the DOLBY NR switch to OFF and TAPE SELECTOR to the NORM position unless directed otherwise.

Test Equipments/Tools Required:

1. Test tape
STD-341A For playback adjustment
STD-608A NORMAL blank tape
STD-603 CrO₂ blank tape
STD-604 METAL blank tape
2. Audio oscillator
3. AC millivoltmeter (AC mV)
4. Attenuator
5. Oscilloscope
6. Resistor 50kΩ (47 — 52kΩ)

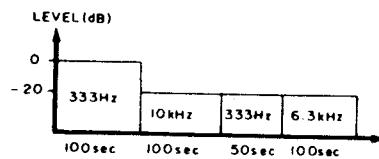


Fig. 12-1 Contents of the test tape STD-341A

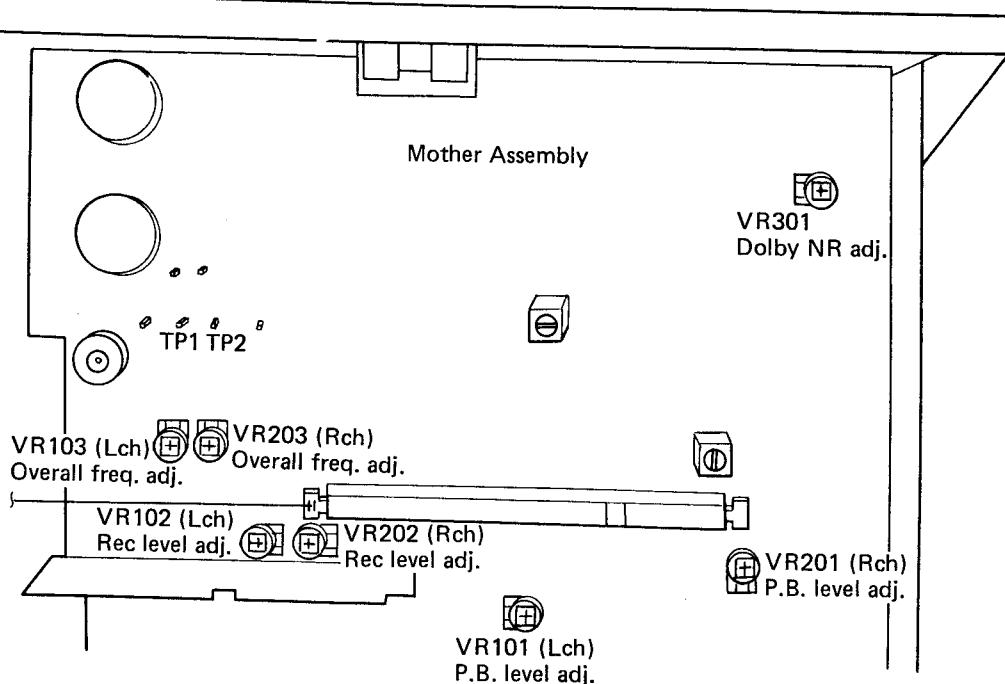


Fig. 12-2 Adjustment points

12.1 DOLBY NR ADJUSTMENT

Setting

Mode Record
 AC mV meter TP1 (L ch) and
 TP2 (R ch) of the
 mother assembly
 Input Signal 2kHz, -10dBv (316 mV)
 to LINE INPUT

Procedure

1. Adjust the INPUT level control so that the AC mV meter reads -2.2dBv (776 mV).
2. Next change the input signal level to -30dBv (31.6 mV) and DOLBY NR switch to the ON position.
3. Adjust the VR301 so that the AC mV meter reads -17.9dBv (127 mV).

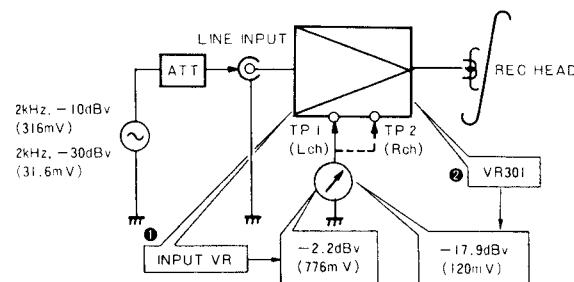


Fig. 12-3 Dolby NR adjustment

12.2 HEAD AZIMUTH ADJUSTMENT

Setting

Mode Playback
 Test Tape STD-341A
 (10kHz, -20dB)
 AC mV meter LINE OUTPUT
 VR101, VR201 Turn up to maximum
 position

Procedure

Adjust the azimuth adjusting screw for maximum AC mV meter readings for both L and R channels. After this adjustment, lock the screw with **screw lock**.

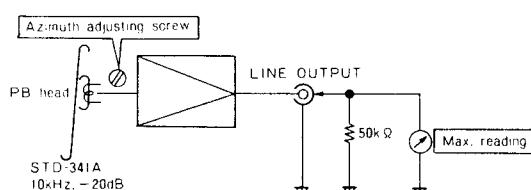


Fig. 12-4 Head azimuth adjustment

12.3 PLAYBACK EQUALIZER ADJUSTMENT

Setting

Mode Playback
 Test Tape STD-341A
 (333Hz and 6.3kHz,
 -20dB)
 AC mV meter LINE OUTPUT

Procedure

1. Set the TAPE SELECTOR to the NORM position. Play back the 333Hz and 6.3kHz portions of the STD-341A, and check that difference between the two output levels does not exceed $0\text{dB}\pm 1\text{dB}$.
2. Next set the TAPE SELECTOR to the HIGH position. Play back the 333Hz and 6.3kHz portions again, and check that the difference between the two output levels does not exceed $-4\text{dB}\pm 1\text{dB}$.

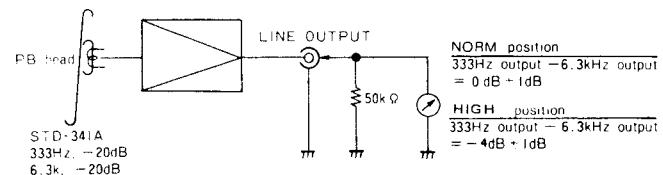


Fig. 12-5 Playback equalizer check

12.4 PLAYBACK LEVEL ADJUSTMENT

Since this adjustment determines the DOLBY NR level during playback, it should be performed precisely.

Setting

Mode Playback
 Test Tape STD-341A (333Hz, 0dB)
 AC mV meter TP1 (L ch) and TP2
 (R ch) of the mother
 assembly

Procedure

Adjust the VR101 (L ch) and VR201 (R ch) so that the AC mV meter reads -1.2 dBv (0.87V).

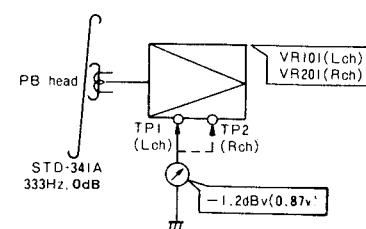


Fig. 12-6 Playback level adjustment

12.5 LEVEL METER CHECK

Setting

Mode Record
 Input signal 333Hz, -10dBv (316mV)
 to LINE INPUT
 AC mV meter TP1 (Lch) and TP2 (Rch)
 of the mother assembly

Procedure

Adjust the INPUT level control so that the AC mV meter reads -5.2dBv (0.54V). Then check the level meter reads 0dB.

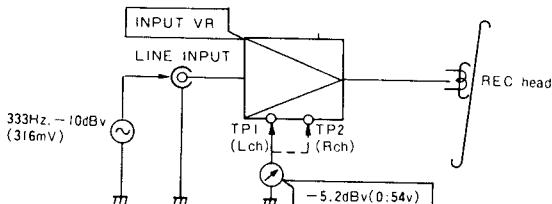


Fig. 12-7 Level meter check

12.6 OVERALL FREQUENCY RESPONSE ADJUSTMENT

Setting

Mode Record
 Test Tape STD-608A
 AC mV meter LINE OUTPUT
 Input Signal 333Hz, -30dBv (31mV)
 to LINE INPUT

Procedure

1. Set the TAPE SELECTOR to the NORM position.
2. Adjust the INPUT level control so that the AC mV meter reads -27dBv (44.6 mV).
3. Record the 333Hz and 6.3kHz signals onto the STD-608A. Play back the tape and adjust the VR103 (L ch) and VR203 (R ch) so that the difference between two is $0.5\text{dB}^{+1}_{-0.5\text{dB}}$.

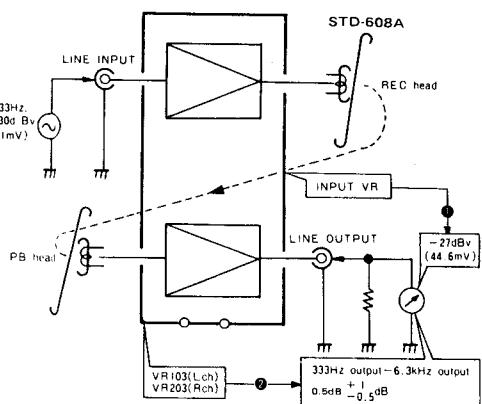


Fig. 12-8 Overall frequency response adjustment

12.7 RECORD LEVEL ADJUSTMENT

Since this adjustment determines the DOLBY NR level during recording, it should be performed precisely.

Setting

Mode Record
 Test Tape STD-608A, STD-603,
 STD-604
 AC mV meter TP1 (L ch) and TP2
 (R ch) of the mother
 assembly
 Input Signal 333Hz, -10dBv (316mV)
 to LINE INPUT

Procedure

1. Set the TAPE SELECTOR to the NORM position.
2. Adjust the INPUT level control so that the AC mV meter reads -5.2dBv (0.54V).
3. Next set the DOLBY NR switch to the ON position.
4. Record the 333Hz signal onto the STD-608A. Playback the tape and adjust the VR102 (L ch) and VR202 (R ch) so that the AC mV meter reads -5.2dBv (0.54V).
5. Set the TAPE SELECTOR to the CrO₂ position and record the 333Hz signal onto the STD-603. Play back the tape and check that the AC mV meter reads -5.2dBv (0.54V) $\pm 1.5\text{dB}$.
6. Next set the TAPE SELECTOR to the METAL position and record the 333Hz signal onto the STD-604. Play back the tape and check that the AC mV meter reads -5.2dBv (0.54V) $\pm 1.5\text{dB}$.

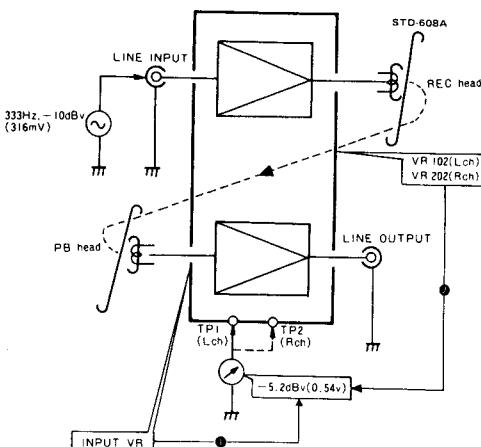
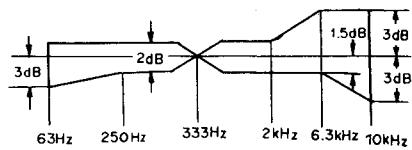


Fig. 12-9 Recording level adjustment

Frequency Response

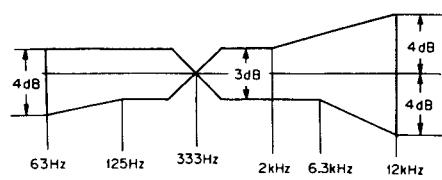
Using STD-341A and the TAPE SELECTOR NORM position, with DOLBY NR OFF

However, the right channel is compensated by -1dB at 63Hz , and -0.5dB at 125Hz because of the insulation effect.

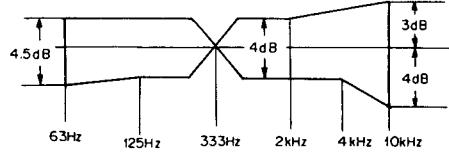


Overall Frequency Response

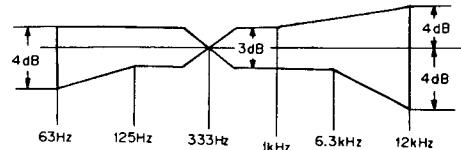
Using STD-608A and TAPE SELECTOR NORM position, with DOLBY NR OFF



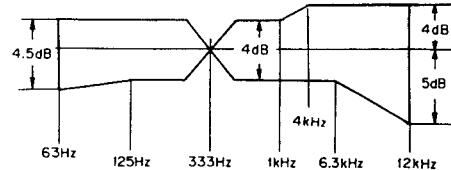
Using STD-608A and TAPE SELECTOR NORM position, with DOLBY NR ON



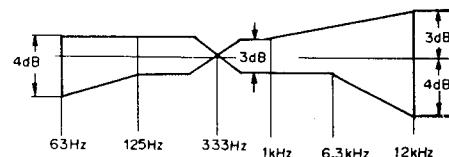
Using STD-603 and TAPE SELECTOR CrO₂ position, with DOLBY NR OFF



Using STD-603 and TAPE SELECTOR CrO₂ position, with DOLBY NR ON



Using STD-604 and TAPE SELECTOR METAL position, with DOLBY NR OFF



Using STD-604 and TAPE SELECTOR METAL position, with DOLBY NR ON

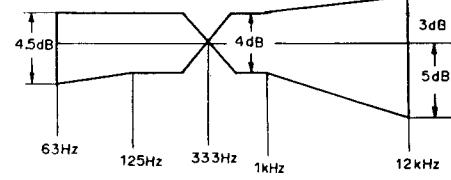


Fig. 12-10 Frequency response

12. RÉGLAGES ÉLECTRIQUES

Précautions

1. Les réglages mécaniques doivent être terminés.
2. Nettoyer les pièces suivantes à l'aide d'un bâtonnet imbibé d'alcool: tête d'enregistrement/lecture, galet presseur, tête d'effacement, courroies en caoutchouc et cabestan.
3. Démagnétiser la tête d'enregistrement/lecture à l'aide d'un démagnétiseur de tête.
4. Ne pas utiliser de tournevis magnétisé pour les réglages.
5. Les réglages et les mesures doivent être réalisés pour les canaux de gauche et de droite avec la tension d'alimentation nominale.
6. Les réglages doivent être effectués dans l'ordre indiqué dans ce manuel de service. Une modification de cet ordre peut empêcher la réalisation de réglages corrects et peut provoquer une baisse de performance.
7. Les niveaux en cours de mesure sont basés sur $0\text{dBv} = 1\text{V}$. Raccorder une charge fictive de $50\text{ k}\Omega$ (47 à $52\text{ k}\Omega$) entre les bornes de sortie (OUTPUT).
8. Laisser chauffer (vieillissement) le CT-320 pendant quelques minutes avant de procéder aux réglages.
9. Placer le commutateur DOLBY NR sur OFF et le sélecteur TAPE SELECTOR sur la position NORM, sauf indication contraire.

Equipements/outils d'essai requis

1. Bande d'essai
STD-341A Pour le réglage de la reproduction
STD-608A Bande "NORMAL" vierge
STD-603 Bande "CrO₂" vierge
STD-604 Bande "METAL" vierge
2. Oscillateur BF
3. Millivoltmètre alternatif (mV CA)
4. Atténuateur
5. Oscilloscope
6. Résistance $50\text{ k}\Omega$ (47 à $52\text{ k}\Omega$)

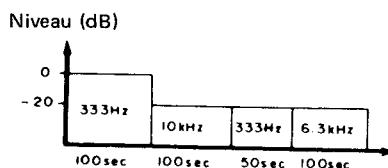


Fig. 12-1 Contenu de la bande d'essai STD-341A

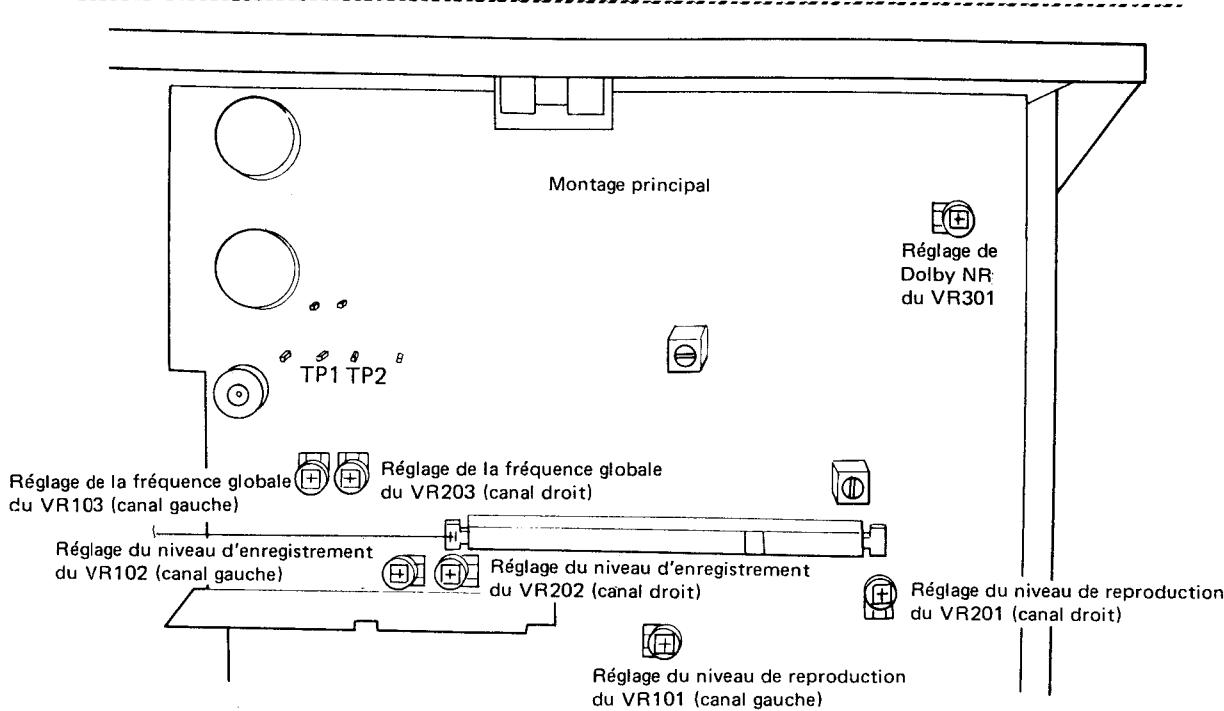


Fig. 11-2 Points de réglage

12.1 RÉGLAGE DU CIRCUIT DOLBY NR

Préparation

Mode	Enregistrement
Millivoltmètre CA	TP1 (canal de gauche "L") et TP2 (canal de droite "R") de l'ensemble principal
Signal d'entrée	2kHz, -10dBv (316mV) à LINE INPUT

Procédure

1. Régler la commande de niveau d'entrée INPUT de manière à ce que le millivoltmètre CA indique -2,2dBv (776mV).
2. Faire ensuite passer le niveau du signal d'entrée à -30dBv (31,6mV) et placer le commutateur DOLBY NR sur la position ON.
3. Régler VR301 de manière à ce que le millivoltmètre CA indique -17,9dBv (127mV).

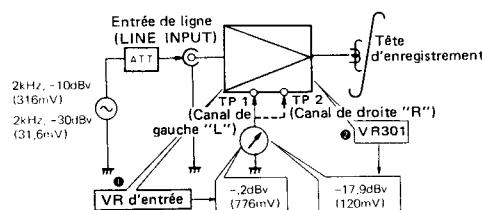


Fig. 12-3 Réglage du circuit Dolby NR

12.2 RÉGLAGE EN AZIMUT DE LA TÊTE

Préparation

Mode	Lecture
Bandé d'essai	STD-341A (10kHz, -20dB)
Millivoltmètre CA	A la sortie de ligne (LINE OUTPUT)
VR101, VR201	Tournées en position maximum

Procédure

Régler la vis de réglage d'azimut de manière à obtenir l'indication maximum du millivoltmètre CA pour les canaux de gauche et de droite. Lorsque ce réglage est terminé, verrouiller la vis à l'aide du blocage de vis.

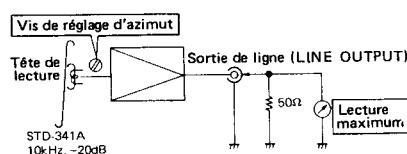


Fig. 12-4 Réglage d'azimut de la tête

12.3 RÉGLAGE DE L'ÉGALISATION DE LECTURE

Préparation

Mode	Lecture
Bandé d'essai	STD-341A (333Hz et 6,3kHz, -20dB)
Millivoltmètre CA	Sortie de ligne (LINE OUTPUT)

Procédure

1. Placer le sélecteur de bande TAPE SELECTOR sur la position NORM. Procéder à la reproduction des passages de 333Hz et de 6,3kHz de la bande STD-341A et vérifier que la différence entre les deux niveaux de sortie n'excède pas $0\text{dB} \pm 1\text{dB}$.
2. Placer ensuite le sélecteur TAPE SELECTOR sur la position HIGH. Procéder de nouveau à la reproduction des passages de 333Hz et de 6,3kHz et vérifier que la différence entre les deux niveaux de sortie n'excède pas $-4\text{dB} \pm 1\text{dB}$.

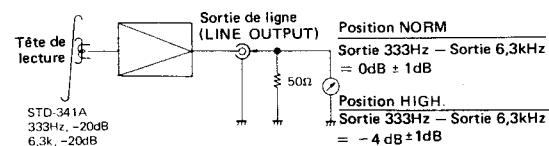


Fig. 12-5 Contrôle de l'égalisation de lecture

12.4 RÉGLAGE DU NIVEAU DE LECTURE

Ce réglage déterminant le niveau de DOLBY NR pendant la lecture, il doit être réalisé avec précision.

Préparation

Mode	Lecture
Bandé d'essai	STD-341A (333Hz, 0dB)
Millivoltmètre CA	TP1 (canal de gauche "L") et TP2 (canal de droite "R") de l'ensemble principal

Procédure

Régler VR101 (canal de gauche) et VR201 (canal de droite), de manière à ce que le millivoltmètre CA indique -1,2dBv (0,87V).

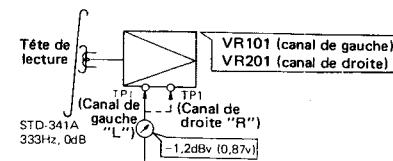


Fig. 12-6 Réglage du niveau de lecture

12.5 CONTRÔLE DE L'INDICATEUR DE NIVEAU

Préparation

Mode Enregistrement
 Signal d'entrée 333Hz, -10dBv
 (316mV) à l'entrée de ligne LINE INPUT
 Millivoltmètre CA TP1 (canal de gauche) et TP2 (canal de droite) de l'ensemble principal

Procédure

Régler la commande de niveau d'entrée INPUT de manière à ce que le millivoltmètre CA indique -5,2dBv (0,54V). Contrôler ensuite que l'indicateur de niveau affiche 0dB.

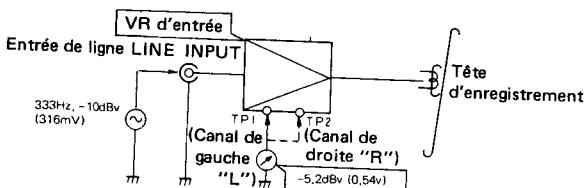


Fig. 12-7 Contrôle de l'indicateur de niveau

12.6 RÉGLAGE DE LA RÉPONSE EN FRÉQUENCE GLOBALE

Préparation

Mode Enregistrement
 Bande d'essai STD-608A
 Millivoltmètre CA Sortie de ligne LINE OUTPUT
 Signal d'entrée 333Hz, -30dBv (31mV) à l'entrée de ligne LINE INPUT

Procédure

- Placer le sélecteur de bande TAPE SELECTOR sur la position NORM.
- Régler la commande de niveau d'entrée INPUT de manière à ce que le millivoltmètre CA indique -27dBv (44,6mV).
- Enregistrer les signaux à 333Hz et à 6,3kHz sur STD-608A. Lire la bande et régler VR103 (canal de gauche) et VR203 (canal de droite) de manière à ce que la différence entre les deux soit de $0,5 \text{ dB}^{+1}_{-0,5} \text{ dB}$.

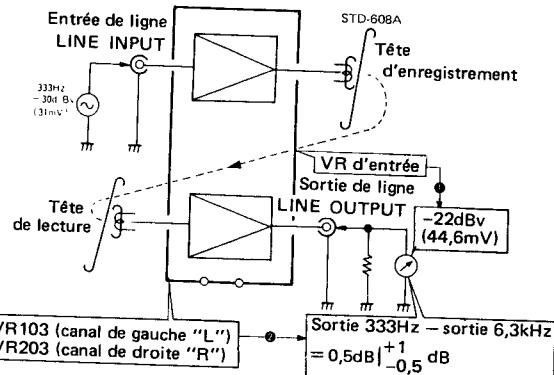


Fig. 12-8 Réglage de la réponse en fréquence globale

12.7 RÉGLAGE DU NIVEAU D'EN-REGISTREMENT

Ce réglage déterminant le niveau de DOLBY NR pendant l'enregistrement, il doit être réalisé avec précision.

Préparation

Mode Enregistrement
 Bande d'essai STD-608A, STD-603, STD-604
 Millivoltmètre CA TP1 (canal de gauche "L") et TP2 (canal de droite "R") de l'ensemble principal
 Signal d'entrée 333Hz, -10dBv (316mV) à l'entrée de ligne LINE INPUT

Procédure

- Placer le sélecteur de bande TAPE SELECTOR sur la position NORM.
- Régler la commande de niveau d'entrée INPUT de manière à ce que le millivoltmètre CA indique -5,2dBv (0,54V).
- Placer ensuite le commutateur DOLBY NR sur la position ON (enclenché).
- Enregistrer le signal de 333Hz sur la bande STD-608A. Lire la bande et régler VR102 (canal de gauche) et VR202 (canal de droite) de manière à ce que le millivoltmètre CA indique -5,2dBv (0,54V).
- Placer le sélecteur de bande TAPE SELECTOR sur la position CrO₂ et enregistrer le signal de 333Hz sur la bande STD-603. Lire la bande et vérifier que le millivoltmètre CA indique -5,2dBv (0,54V) ± 1,5dB.
- Placer ensuite le sélecteur de bande TAPE SELECTOR sur la position METAL et enregistrer le signal de 333Hz sur la bande STD-604. Lire la bande et vérifier que le millivoltmètre CA indique -5,2dBv (0,54V) ± 1,5dB.

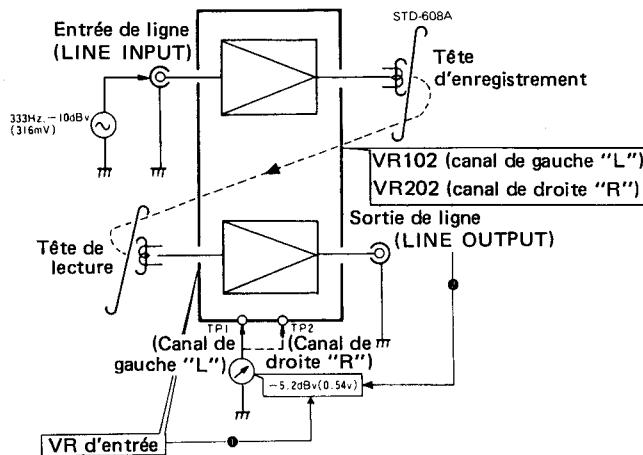
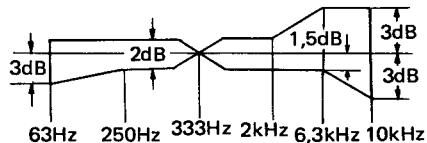


Fig. 12-9 Réglage du niveau d'enregistrement

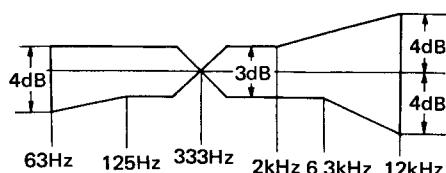
Réponse en fréquence

Utilisation de STD-341A avec TAPE SELECTOR sur la position NORM et le circuit DOLBY NR hors service (OFF)
Le canal de droite est compensé de -1dB à 63Hz et de -0,5dB à 125Hz, à cause de l'effet d'isolement

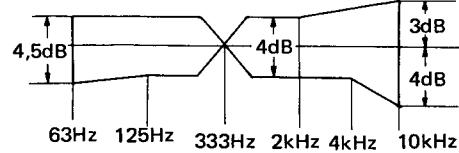


Réponse en fréquence globale

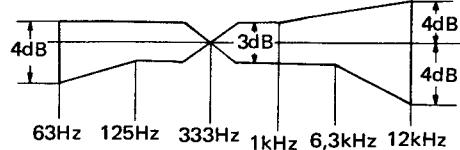
Utilisation de STD-608A avec TAPE SELECTOR sur la position NORM et le circuit DOLBY NR hors service (OFF)



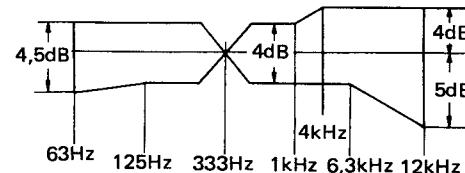
Utilisation de STD-608A avec TAPE SELECTOR sur la position NORM et le circuit DOLBY NR en service (ON)



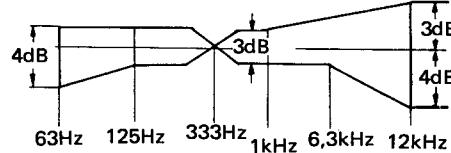
Utilisation de STD-603 avec TAPE SELECTOR sur la position CrO₂ et le circuit DOLBY NR hors service (OFF)



Utilisation de STD-603 avec TAPE SELECTOR sur la position CrO₂ et le circuit DOLBY NR en service (ON)



Utilisation de STD-604 avec TAPE SELECTOR sur la position METAL et le circuit DOLBY NR hors service (OFF)



Utilisation de STD-604 avec TAPE SELECTOR sur la position METAL et le circuit DOLBY NR en service (ON)

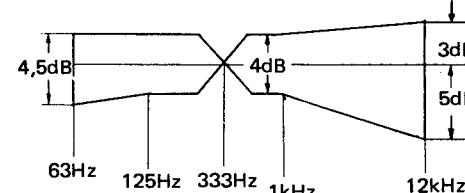


Fig. 12-10 Réponse en fréquence

12. AJUSTES ELÉCTRICOS

Precauciones

1. Deberán completarse los ajustes mecánicos.
2. Limpiar las partes siguientes con algodón humedecido en alcohol: cabeza de grabación/reproducción, rodillo de arrastre, cabeza de borrado, correas de goma y eje de arrastre.
3. Desmagnetizar la cabeza de grabación/reproducción con un desmagnetizador de cabezas.
4. No utilizar destornilladores magnetizados para los ajustes.
5. Los ajustes y las mediciones deberán realizarse para la tensión nominal de suministro de los canales izquierdo y derecho.
6. Los ajustes deberán realizarse en el orden dado en este manual de servicio. Si se altera el orden los ajustes pueden resultar inútiles, dando como resultado una pérdida de rendimiento.
7. El nivel durante las mediciones se basa en 0dBv = 1V. Conectar un resistor ficticio de 50Kohmios (47 ~ 52Kohmios) a los terminales de salida (OUTPUT).
8. Dejar que el CT-320 se precaliente durante algunos minutos antes de proceder con el ajuste.
9. Poner el interruptor de reducción de ruido Dolby (DOLBY NR) en la posición OFF y el selector de cintas (TAPE SELECTOR) en la posición NORM a menos de que se diga otra cosa.

Equipos/herramientas de pruebas requeridos:

1. Cinta de prueba
STD-341A para el ajuste de reproducción
STD-608A cinta NORMAL en blanco
STD-603 cinta CrO₂ en blanco
STD-604 cinta de METAL en blanco
2. Oscilador sonoro
3. Milivoltímetro de CA (AC mV)
4. Atenuador
5. Osciloscopio
6. Resistor de 50Kohmios (47 ~ 52Kohmios)

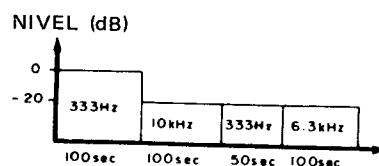


Fig. 12-1 Contenido de la cinta de prueba STD-341A

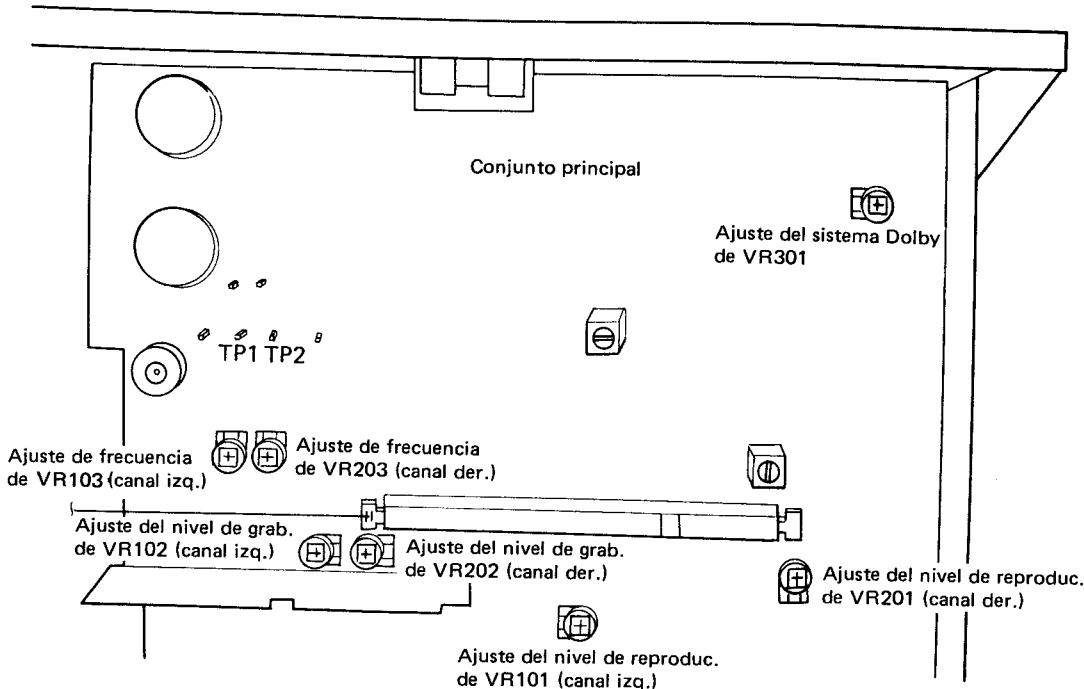


Fig. 12-2 Puntos de ajuste

12.1 AJUSTE DEL SISTEMA DOLBY

Ajuste

- Modo grabación
 Milivoltímetro de CA ... TP1 (canal izq.) y TP2 (canal der.) del conjunto principal.
 Señal de entrada 2kHz, -10dBv (316mV) a LINE INPUT

Procedimiento

1. Ajustar el control del nivel de entrada (INPUT) de modo que el milivoltímetro de CA indique -2,2dBv (776mV).
2. Luego, cambiar el nivel de la señal de entrada a -30dBv (31,6mV) y el interruptor DOLBY NR a la posición ON.
3. Ajustar la VR301 de modo que el milivoltímetro de CA indique -17,9dBv (120mV).

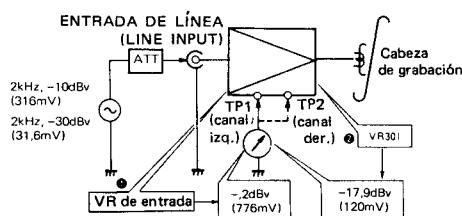


Fig. 12-3 Ajuste del sistema Dolby

12.2 AJUSTE DEL ACIMUT DE LA CABEZA

Ajuste

- Modo reproducción
 Cinta de prueba STD-341A (10kHz, -20dB)
 Milivoltímetro de CA ... LINE OUTPUT
 VR101, VR201 incrementar a la posición máxima

Procedimiento

Ajustar el tornillo de ajuste del acimut para que el milivoltímetro de CA ofrezca las lecturas máximas de los canales izquierdo y derecho. Después de este ajuste, enclavar el tornillo con el bloqueador del tornillo.

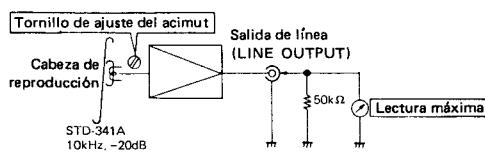


Fig. 12-4 Ajuste del acimut de la cabeza

12.3 AJUSTE DEL ECUALIZADOR DE REPRODUCCIÓN

Ajuste

- Modo reproducción
 Cinta de prueba STD-341A (333Hz y 6,3kHz, -20dB)
 Milivoltímetro de CA ... LINE OUTPUT

Procedimiento

1. Poner el selector de cintas (TAPE SELECTOR) en la posición NORM. Reproducir las partes de 333Hz y 6,3kHz de la STD-341A, y comprobar que la diferencia entre los dos niveles de salida no excede de $0\text{dB} \pm 1\text{dB}$.
2. Luego, poner el selector de cintas (TAPE SELECTOR) en la posición HIGH. Reproducir de nuevo las partes de 333Hz y 6,3kHz, y comprobar que la diferencia entre los dos niveles de salida no excede de $-4\text{dB} \pm 1\text{dB}$.

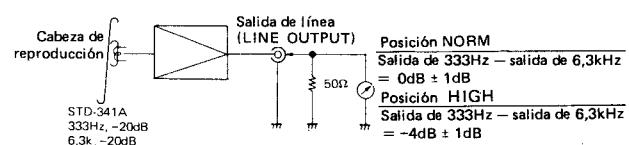


Fig. 12-5 Comprobación del ecualizador de reproducción

12.4 AJUSTE DEL NIVEL DE REPRODUCCIÓN

Puesto que este ajuste determina el nivel del sistema Dolby durante la reproducción, deberá realizarse con precisión.

Ajuste

- Modo reproducción
 Cinta de prueba STD-341A (333Hz, 0dB)
 Milivoltímetro de CA ... TP1 (canal izq.) y TP2 (canal der.) del conjunto principal

Procedimiento

Ajustar la VR101 (canal izquierdo) y la VR201 (canal derecho) de modo que el milivoltímetro de CA indique -1,2dBv (0,87V).

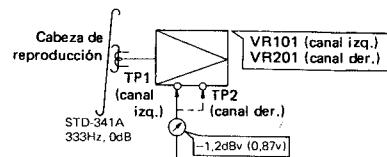


Fig. 12-6 Ajuste del nivel de reproducción

12.5 COMPROBACIÓN DEL MEDIDOR DE NIVEL

Ajuste

Modo grabación
 Señal de entrada 333Hz, -10dBv
 (316mV) a LINE INPUT
 Milivoltímetro de CA ... TP1 (canal izq.) y TP2
 (canal der.) del conjunto principal

Procedimiento

Ajustar el control del nivel de entrada (INPUT) de modo que el milivoltímetro de CA indique -5,2dBv (0,54V). Luego, verificar que el medidor de nivel indique 0dB.

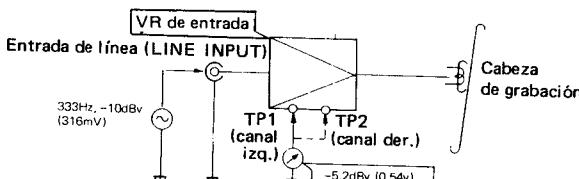


Fig. 12-7 Comprobación del medidor de nivel

12.6 AJUSTE GENERAL DE LA RESPUESTA EN FRECUENCIA

Ajuste

Modo grabación
 Cinta de prueba STD-608A
 Milivoltímetro de CA ... LINE OUTPUT
 Señal de entrada 333Hz, -30dBv
 (31mV) a LINE INPUT

Procedimiento

1. Poner el selector de cintas (TAPE SELECTOR) en la posición NORM.
2. Ajustar el control del nivel de entrada (INPUT) de modo que el milivoltímetro de CA indique -27dBv (44,6mV).
3. Grabar las señales de 333Hz y 6,3kHz de la STD-608A. Reproducir la cinta y ajustar la VR103 (canal izquierdo) y VR203 (canal derecho) de modo que la diferencia entre las dos sea de $0,5dB^{+1}_{-0,5}$ dB.

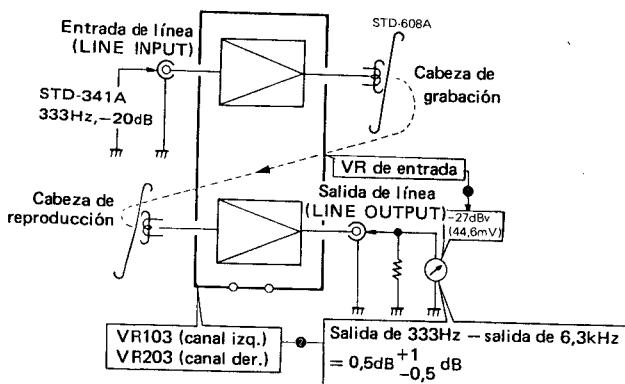


Fig. 12-8 Ajuste general de la respuesta en frecuencia

12.7 AJUSTE DEL NIVEL DE GRABACIÓN

Puesto que este ajuste determina el nivel del sistema Dolby durante la grabación, deberá realizarse con precisión.

Ajuste

Modo grabación
 Cinta de prueba STD-608A, STD-603,
 STD-604
 Milivoltímetro de CA ... TP1 (canal izq.) y TP2
 (canal der.) del conjunto principal
 Señal de entrada 333Hz, -10dBv
 (316mV) a LINE INPUT

Procedimiento

1. Poner el selector de cintas (TAPE SELECTOR) en la posición NORM.
2. Ajustar el control del nivel de entrada (INPUT) de modo que el milivoltímetro de CA indique -5,2dBv (0,54V).
3. Luego, poner el interruptor del sistema Dolby (DOLBY NR) en la posición ON.
4. Grabar la señal de 333Hz en la STD-608A. Reproducir la cinta y ajustar la VR102 (canal izquierdo) y la VR202 (canal derecho) de modo que el milivoltímetro de CA indique -5,2dBv (0,54V).
5. Poner el selector de cinta (TAPE SELECTOR) en la posición CrO₂ y grabar la señal de 333Hz en la STD-603. Reproducir la cinta y verificar que el milivoltímetro de CA indique -5,2dBv (0,54V) $\pm 1,5$ dB.
6. Luego, poner el selector de cintas (TAPE SELECTOR) en la posición METAL y grabar la señal de 333Hz en la STD-604. Reproducir la cinta y verificar que el milivoltímetro de CA indique -5,2dBv (0,54V) $\pm 1,5$ dB.

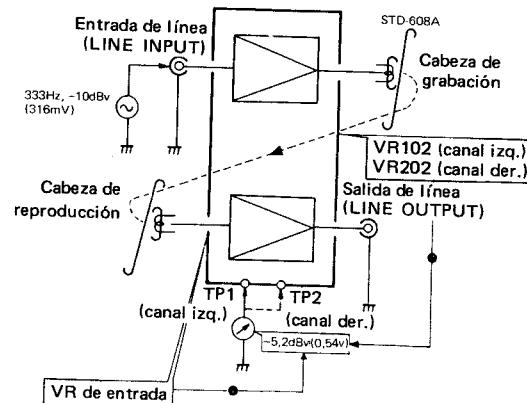
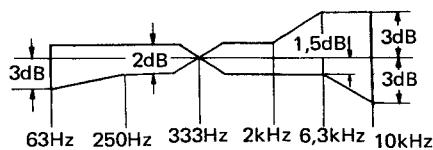


Fig. 12-9 Ajuste del nivel de grabación

Respuesta en frecuencia

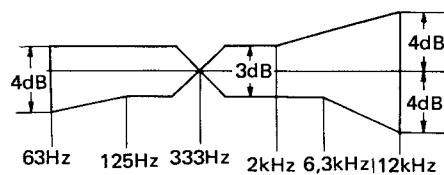
Empleando la STD-341A y el selector de cintas (TAPE SELECTOR) en la posición NORM con el sistema Dolby (DOLBY NR) en la posición OFF

Sin embargo, se compensa el canal derecho en -1dB a 63Hz, y -0,5dB a 125Hz debido al efecto aislante

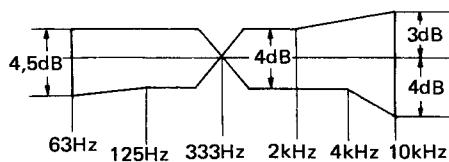


Respuesta en frecuencia general

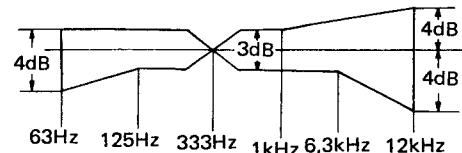
Empleando la STD-608A el selector de cintas (TAPE SELECTOR) en la posición NORM con el sistema Dolby (DOLBY NR) en la posición OFF



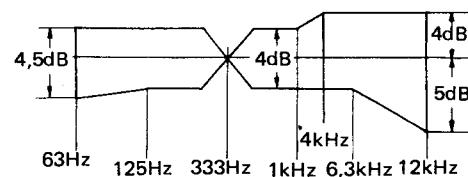
Empleando la STD-608A el selector de cintas (TAPE SELECTOR) en la posición NORM con el sistema Dolby (DOLBY NR) en la posición ON



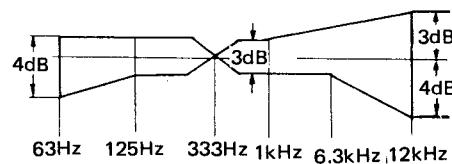
Empleando la STD-603 y el selector de cintas (TAPE SELECTOR) en la posición CrO₂ con el sistema Dolby (DOLBY NR) en la posición OFF



Empleando la STD-603 y el selector de cintas (TAPE SELECTOR) en la posición CrO₂ con el sistema Dolby (DOLBY NR) en la posición ON



Empleando la STD-604 y el selector de cintas (TAPE SELECTOR) en la posición METAL con el sistema Dolby (DOLBY NR) en la posición OFF



Empleando la STD-604 y el selector de cintas (TAPE SELECTOR) en la posición METAL y el sistema Dolby (DOLBY NR) en la posición ON

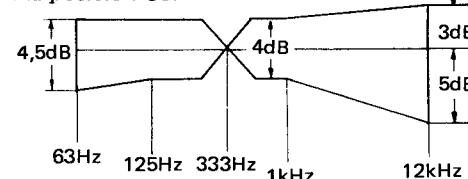


Fig. 12-10 Respuesta en frecuencia



Service Manual

**CIRCUIT & MECHANISM
DESCRIPTIONS**



The photo shows the model CT-720.

**ORDER NO.
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STEREO CASSETTE TAPE DECK

CT-720

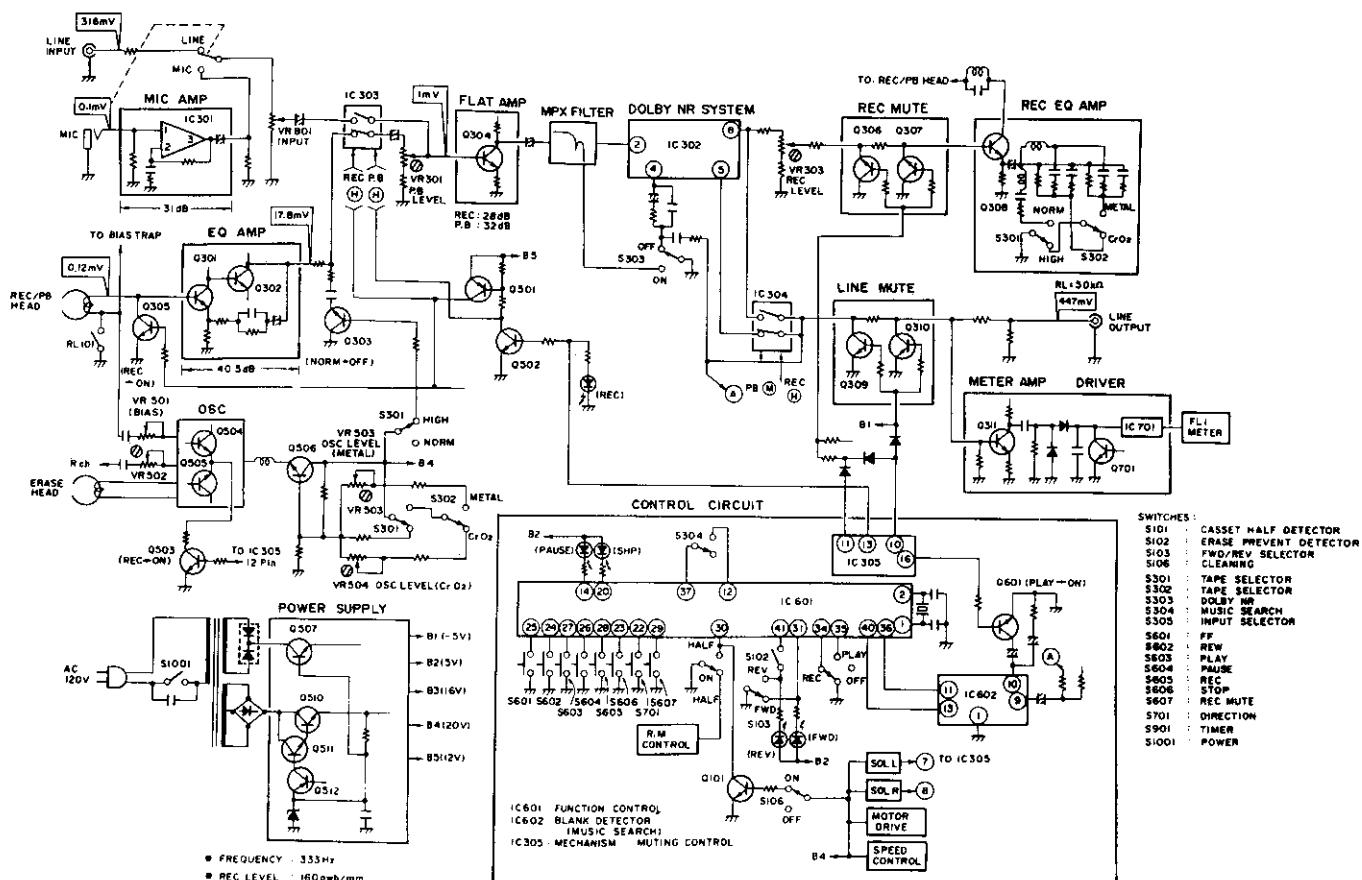
CT-520

CT-320

- This Service Manual should be used together with the Service Manual <ARP-001-0> for CT-6R and 7R, and <ARP-002-0> for CT-4 and 5.

1. CT-720

Block Diagram



Refer to the block diagram for circuit details.

1.1 SIGNAL PATHS

Playback Mode

The signal from the REC/PB head is passed via the equalizer amplifier (Q301/Q302), a bilateral switch (IC303), a flat amplifier (Q304) and MPX filter to the Dolby NR processor (pin 2 of HA11226). The Dolby NR processor output (pin 8 of HA11226) is passed to the LINE OUTPUT via another bilateral switch (IC304) and the line muting circuit (Q309/Q310).

Recording Mode

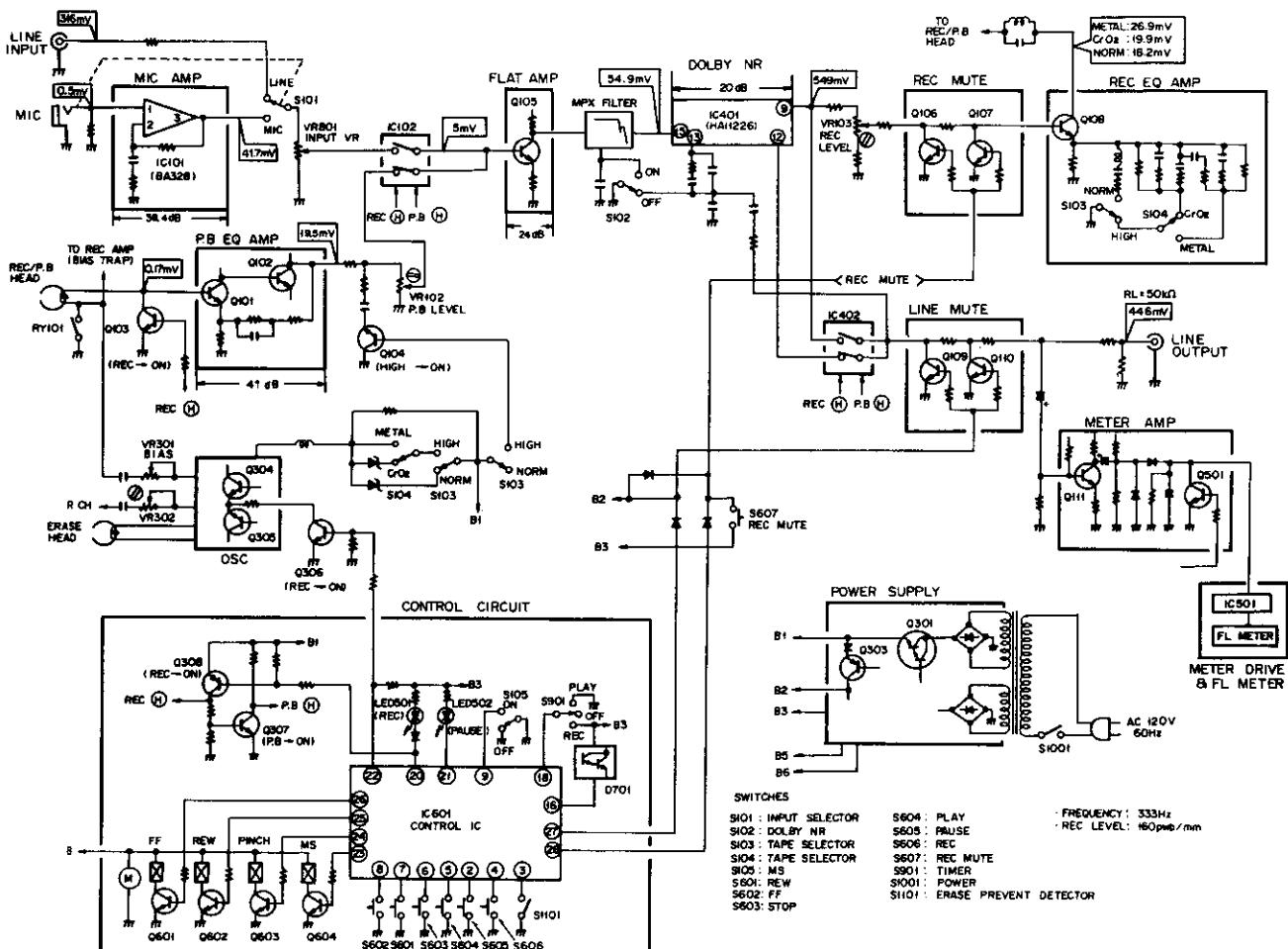
The LINE INPUT signal or MIC signal (mic amplifier output) is passed to the Dolby NR processor (pin 2 of HA11226) via the INPUT level control (VR801), a bilateral switch (IC303), a flat amplifier (Q304) and MPX filter.

The Dolby NR processor output (pin 8 of HA11226) is applied to the REC/PB head via the REC muting circuit (Q306/Q307), the recording amplifier (Q308) and a bias trap.

- For Mechanism Descriptions, refer to the Service Manual (CIRCUIT & MECHANISM DESCRIPTIONS) <ARP-001-0> for CT-6R and 7R.

2. CT-520

Block Diagram



Refer to the block diagram for circuit details.

2.1 SIGNAL PATHS

Playback Mode

The signal from the REC/PB head is passed via the equalizer amplifier (Q101/Q102), a bilateral switch (IC102), a flat amplifier (Q105) and MPX filter before being applied to the Dolby NR processor (pin 15 of HA11226). The Dolby NR processor output (pin 9 of HA11226) is then passed via another bilateral switch (IC402) and the line muting circuit (Q109/Q110) to the LINE OUTPUT.

Recording Mode

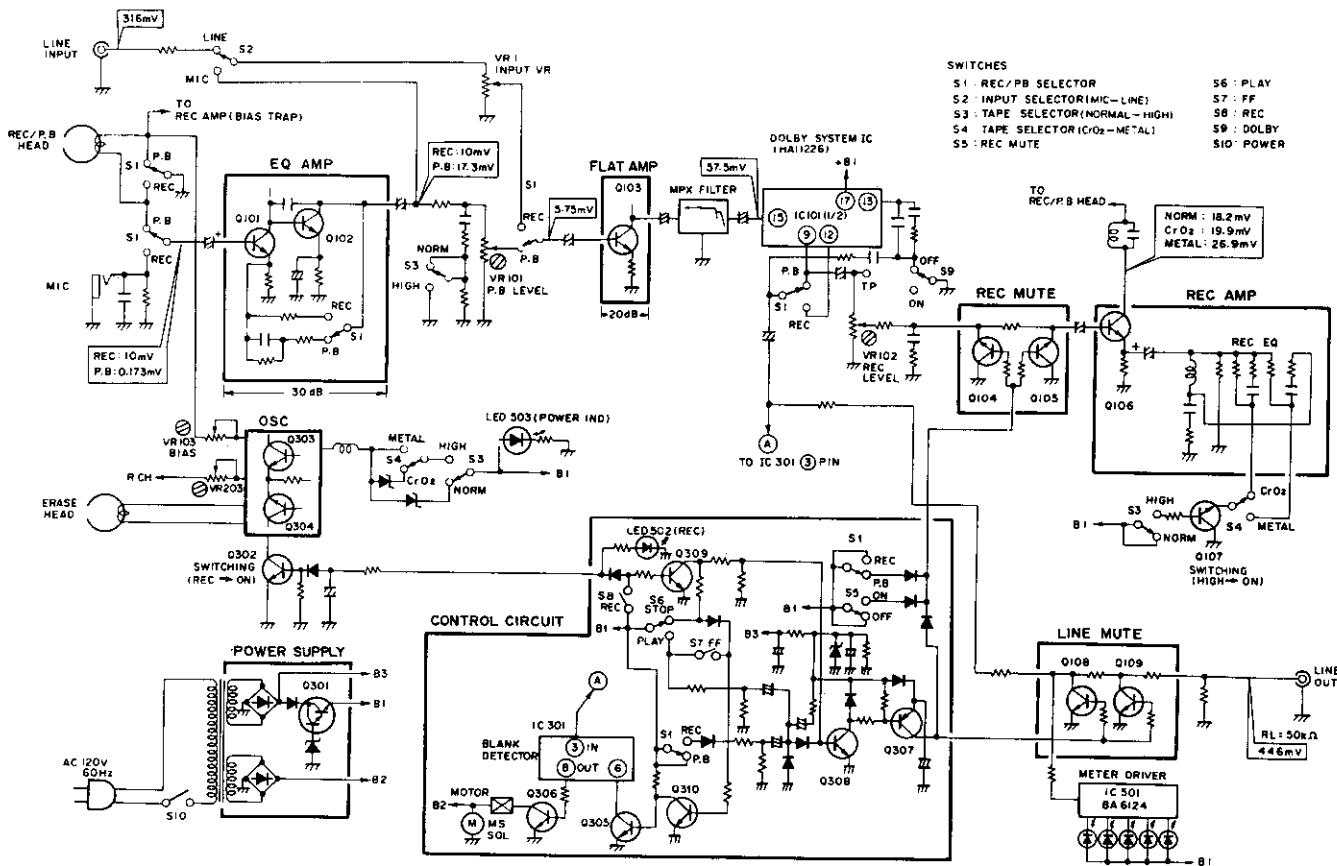
The LINE INPUT signal or MIC signal (output from the MIC amplifier) is passed via the INPUT level control (VR801), a bilateral switch (IC102), a flat amplifier (Q105) and MPX filter to the Dolby

NR processor (pin 15 of HA11226). The Dolby NR processor output (pin 9 of HA11226) is then passed to the REC/PB head via the REC mute circuit (Q106/Q107), recording amplifier (Q108) and bias trap.

- Control circuit and Mechanism Descriptions are basically the same as those in CT-5. Refer to pages 4 through 9 of the Service Manual (CIRCUIT & MECHANISM DESCRIPTIIONS) <ARP-002-0> for CT-4 and 5.

3. CT-320

Block Diagram



Refer to the block diagram for circuit details.

3.1 SIGNAL PATHS

Playback Mode

The signal from the REC/PB head is passed via the equalizer/mic amplifier (Q101/Q102) and flat amplifier (Q103) to the Dolby NR processor (pin 15 of HA11226). The Dolby NR processor output (pin 9 of HA11226) is applied to the LINE OUTPUT via the line muting circuit (Q108/Q109).

Recording Mode

The LINE INPUT signal is passed via the INPUT SELECTOR switch (S2), the INPUT level control (VR1), a flat amplifier (Q103), the MPX filter and finally to the Dolby NR processor (pin 15 of HA11226).

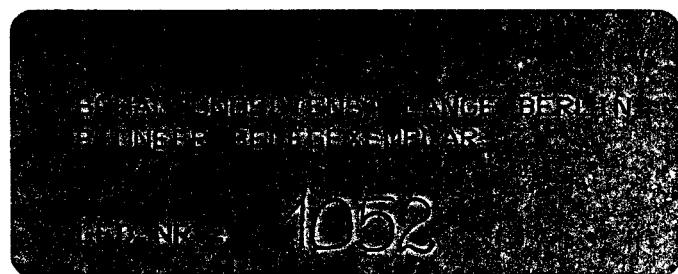
The MIC output signal, on the other hand, is passed to the equalizer/mic amplifier (Q101/Q102) before being passed to the INPUT SELECTOR switch (S2), the INPUT level control (VR1),

flat amplifier (Q103), MPX filter switch and Dolby NR processor (pin 15 of HA11226). The Dolby NR processor output (pin 9 of HA11226) is passed to the REC muting circuit (Q104/Q105), recording amplifier (Q106), bias trap and REC/PB head.

- MUTING circuit, MUSIC SEARCH and Mechanism Descriptions are basically the same as those in CT-4. Refer to pages 11 through 21 of the Service Manual (CIRCUIT & MECHANISM DESCRIPTION) <ARP-002-0> for CT-4 and 5.

 PIONEER®

Service Manual



This photograph is CT-7R.

ORDER NO.
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STEREO CASSETTE TAPE DECK

CT-7R
CT-6R

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PIONEER ELECTRONIC (EUROPE) N.V. Luitveld-Haven 9, 2030 Antwerp, Belgium
PIONEER ELECTRONICS AUSTRALIA PTY. LTD. 178-184 Boundary Road, Braeside, Victoria 3195, Australia

1. MECHANICAL DESCRIPTIONS

1.1 Mechanism Operation

The various mechanical sections of the recorder are operated using the capstan motor to provide the driving force. The various modes are activated by solenoid L and R, and these are controlled by commands from CPU PD6006.

Both the capstan and reel-motor are direct-drive motors fitted with a Hall sensing element. Reel-motor L and reel-motor R (hereafter called RM L, RM R) are used exclusively for tape take-up in the FF, REW, PLAY, and REC/PLAY modes. The direction of rotation and rotational speed of these motors are controlled by commands from CPU PD6006.

The right side capstan motor is the DD type, and the left side capstan motor is belt-driven by the right side-motor. A sub-rotor acts as the actual capstan. (Refer to Fig. 1-1).

The mechanism forming the right and left-hand side of the unit is essentially symmetrical in configuration, and in forward and reverse (hereafter abbreviated FWD, REV) operations, each side acts together. This description covers the mechanical operations for FWD movement.

■ Basic Operations of the Mechanism

The mechanism assumes three different states: STOP, PAUSE, and PLAY. Consequently, since it can travel in the FWD and REV direction, there are a total of six states possible. There is also a direction operation for switching between FWD and REV travel. Transition between the FWD and REV state will be described using only one example.

When the mechanism, presently in the FWD-PLAY mode, is switched to the REV-PLAY mode, a direction operation is required, then the mechanism will make the transition following the steps listed below. (Refer to Fig. 1-2).

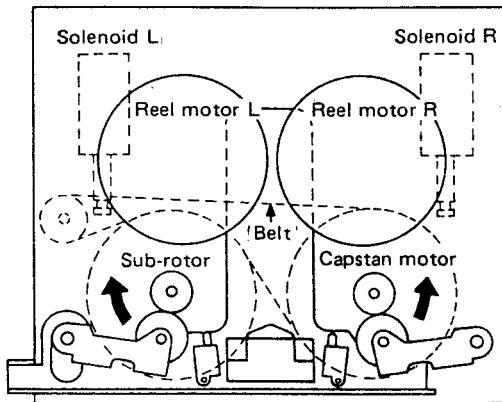


Fig. 1-1 Mechanical construction

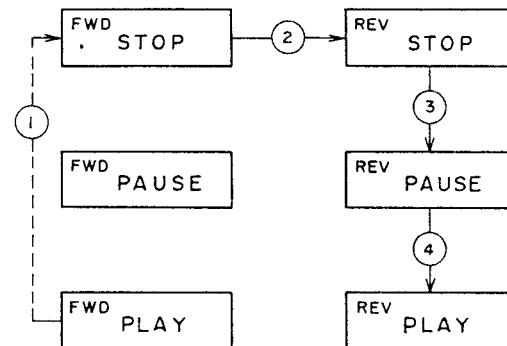


Fig. 1-2 Mechanism mode transition (example)

Mechanism Mode Transition Flow	State	Mode
<pre> graph TD FWD_STOP((FWD STOP)) <--> REV_STOP((REV STOP)) FWD_STOP <--> FWD_PAUSE((FWD PAUSE)) FWD_PAUSE <--> FWD_PLAY((FWD PLAY)) REV_STOP <--> REV_PAUSE((REV PAUSE)) REV_PAUSE <--> REV_PLAY((REV PLAY)) </pre>	STOP state	STOP , DIRECTION (DIR)
	PAUSE state	PAUSE , PLAY/PAUSE , REC-PLAY/PAUSE , FF , REW.
	PLAY state	PLAY , REC / PLAY.

Fig. 1-3 Mechanism mode transition flow and modes

1

2

3

4

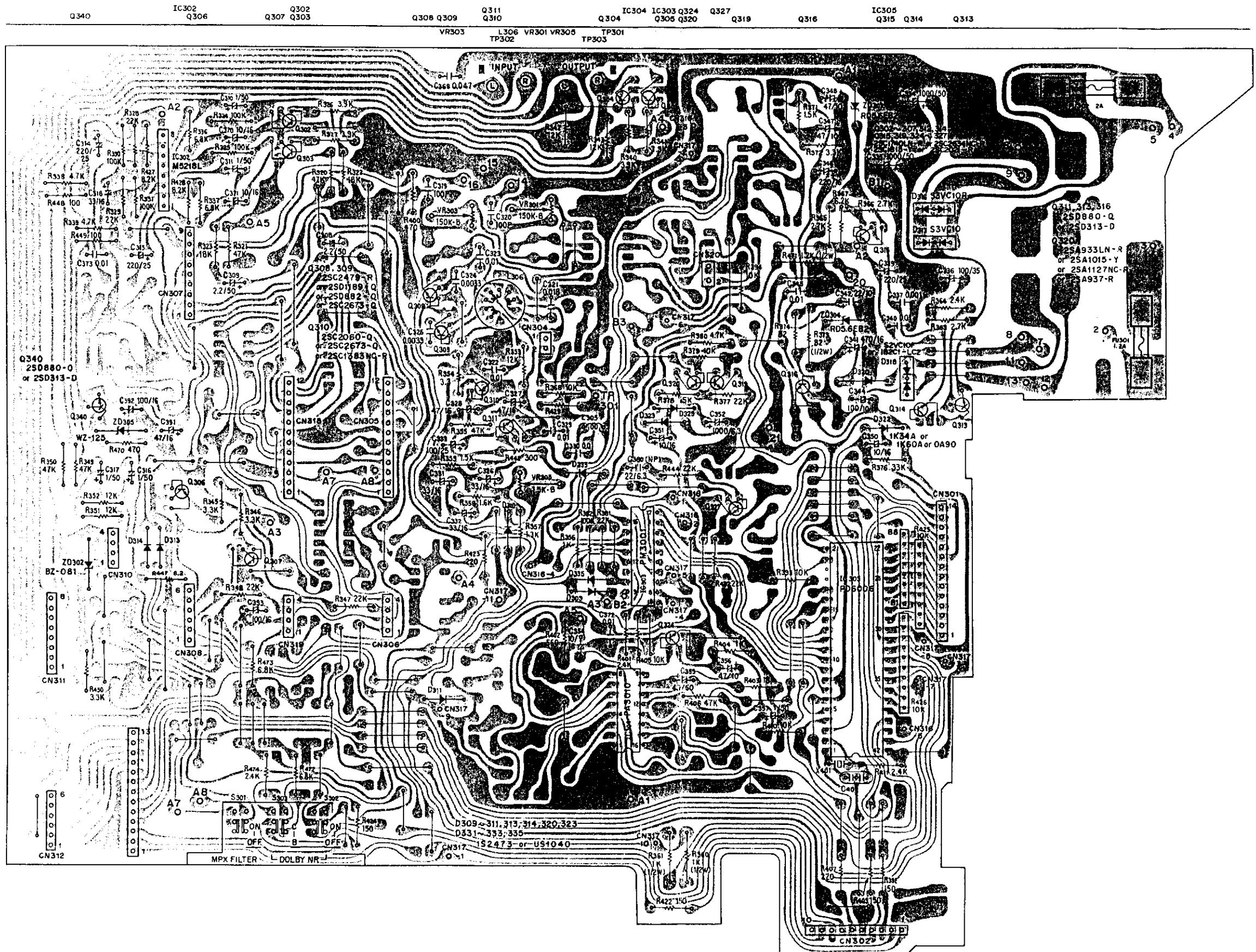
5

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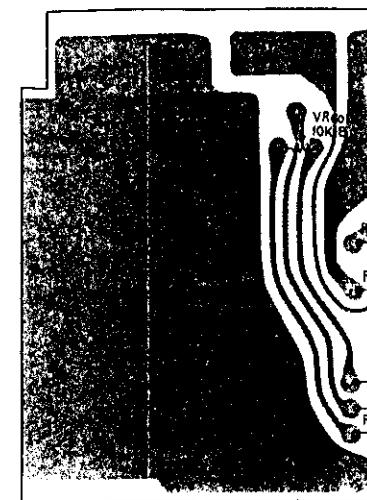
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2. P.C. BOARD PATTERNS

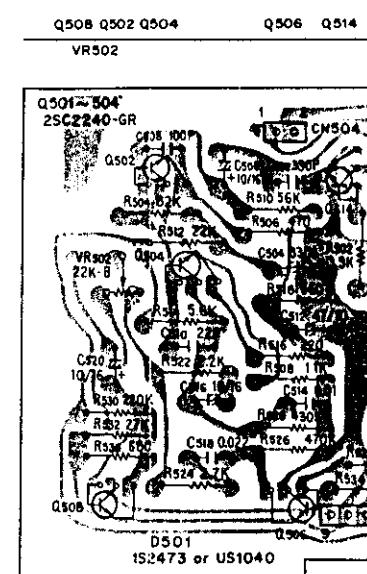
Mother Assembly (RWX-593)



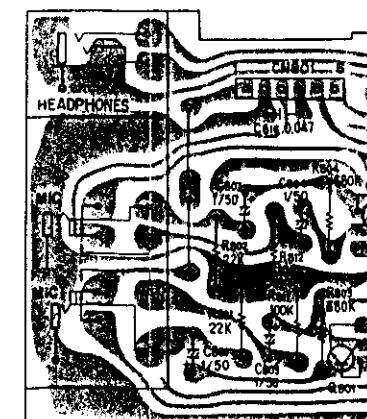
Dolby NR Assembly (RWX-1)



Amplifier Assembly (RWF-1)



Jack Assembly (RWX-575)



1

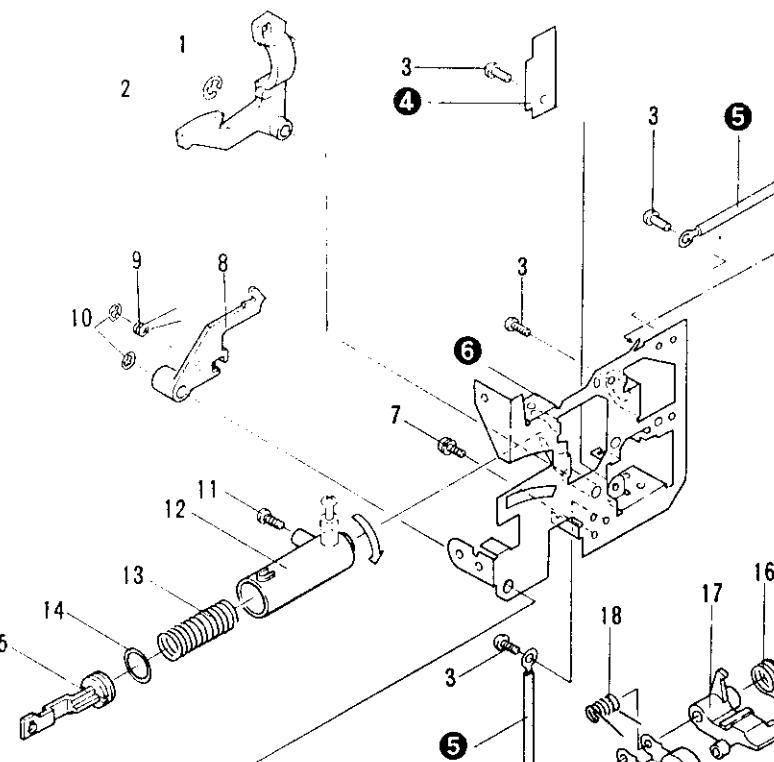
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3

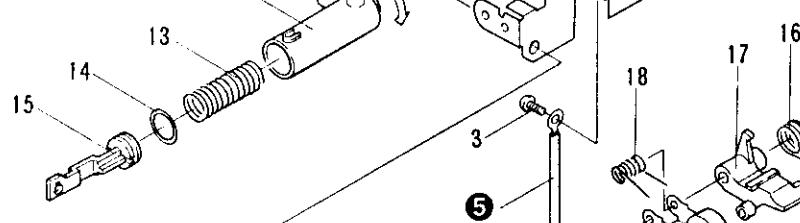
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Tape Transport Mechanism RYM-157

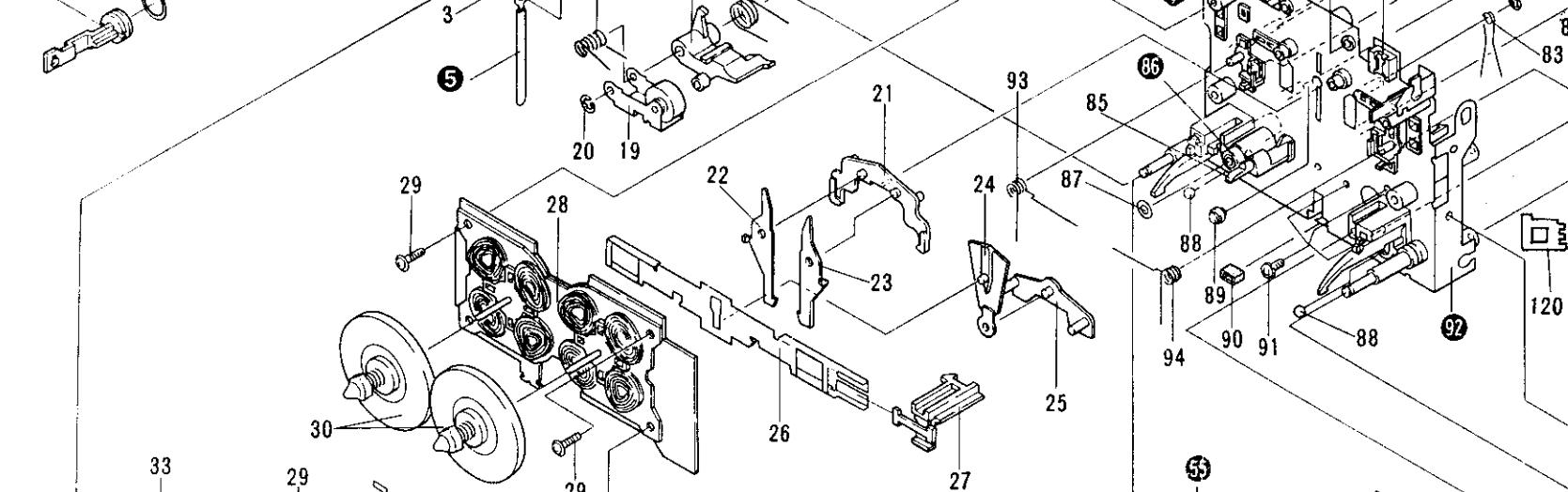
A



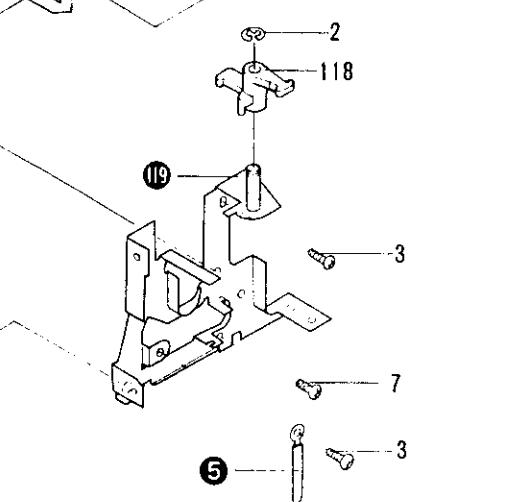
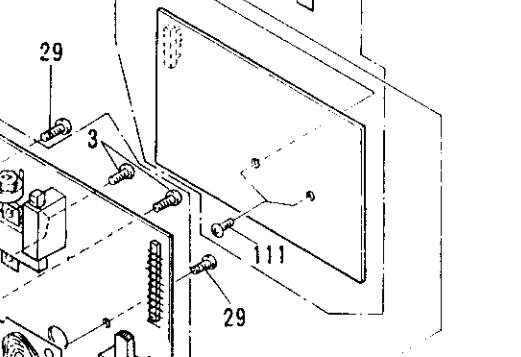
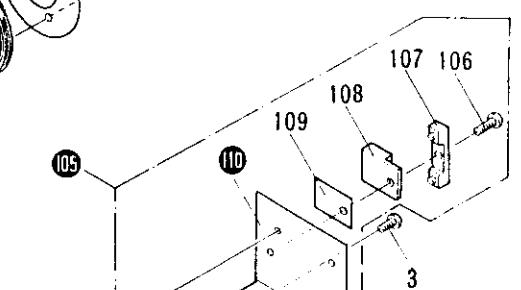
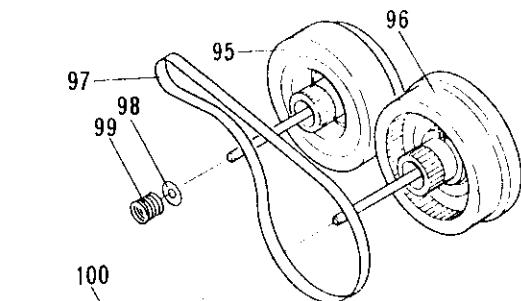
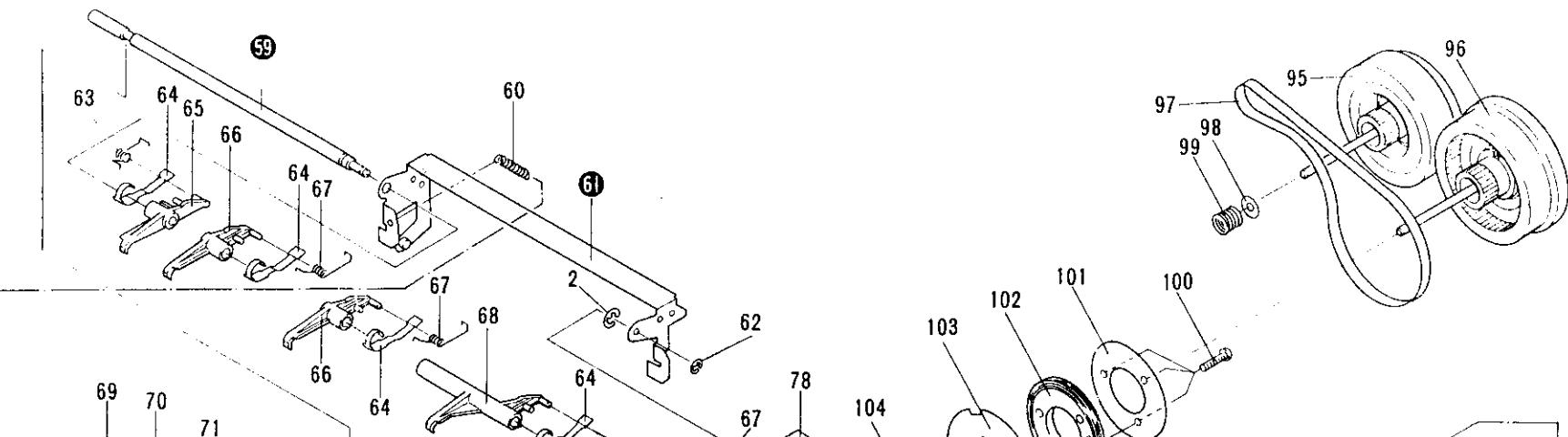
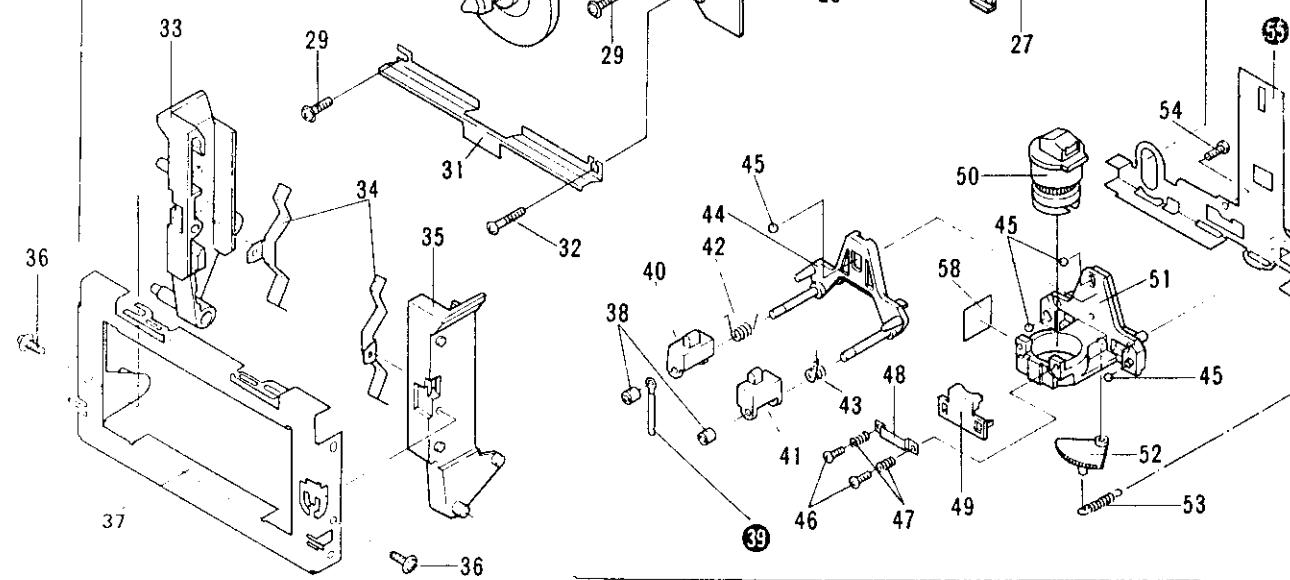
B



C



D



1

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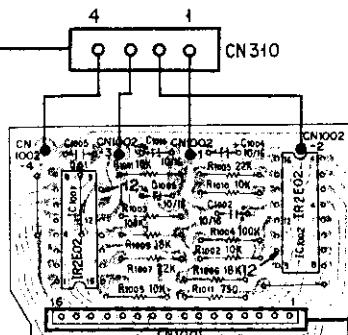
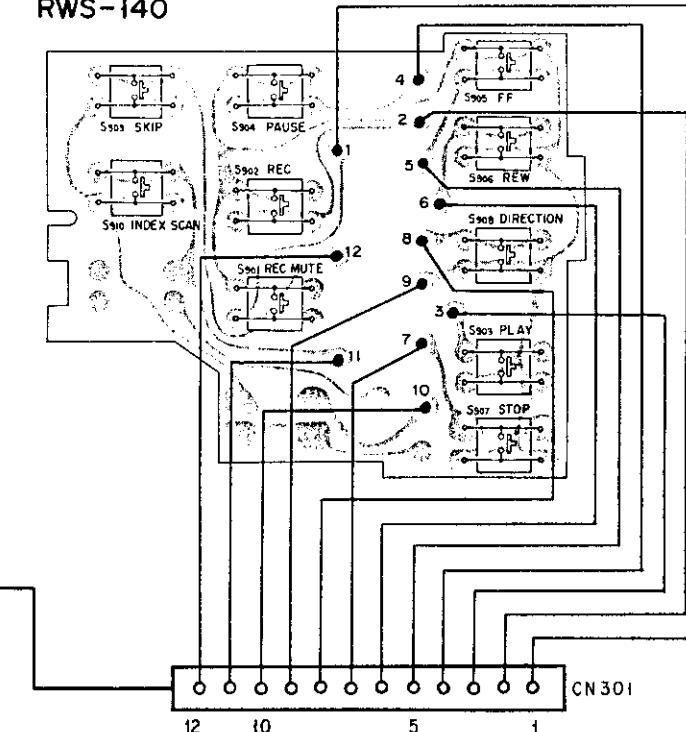
A
B
C

A

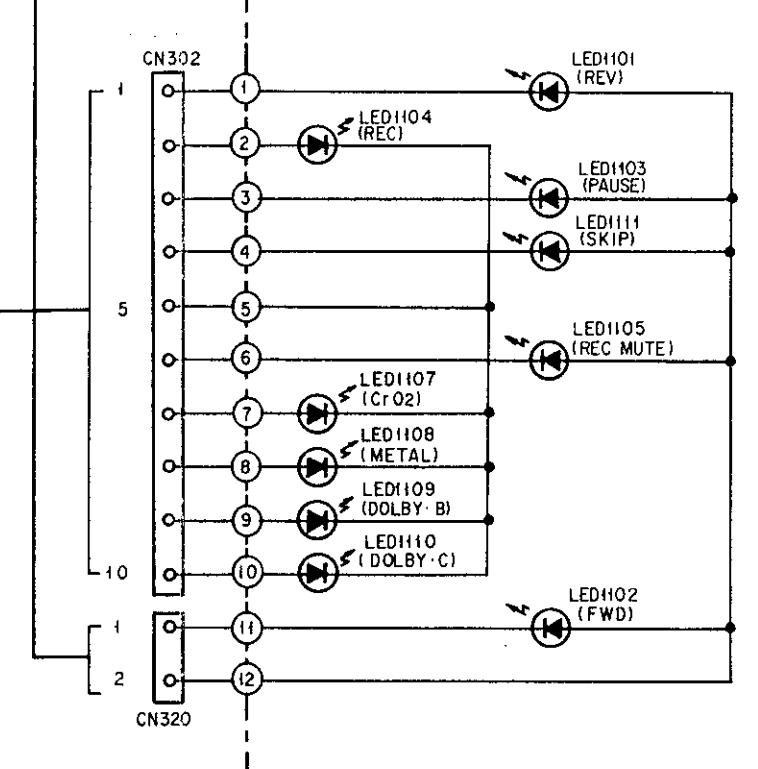
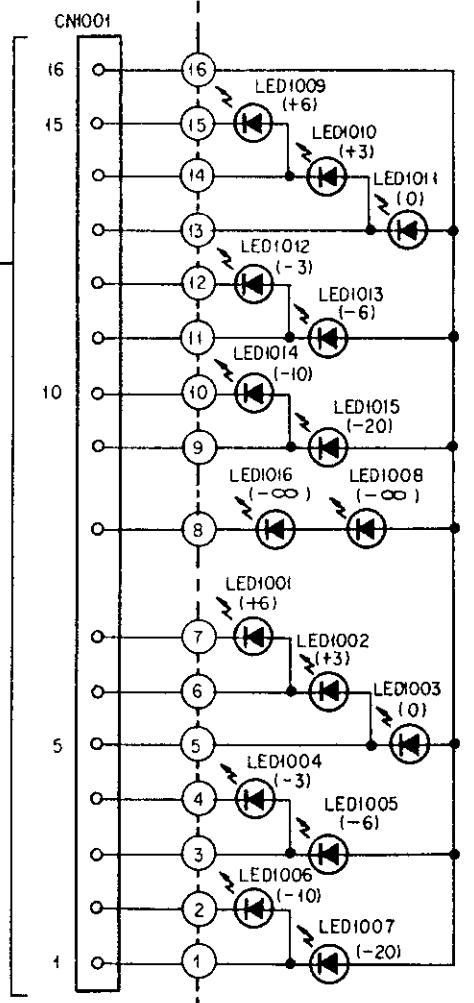
B

C

D

E
FFUNCTION SWITCH Ass'y
RWS-140METER DRIVE Ass'y
RWX-500

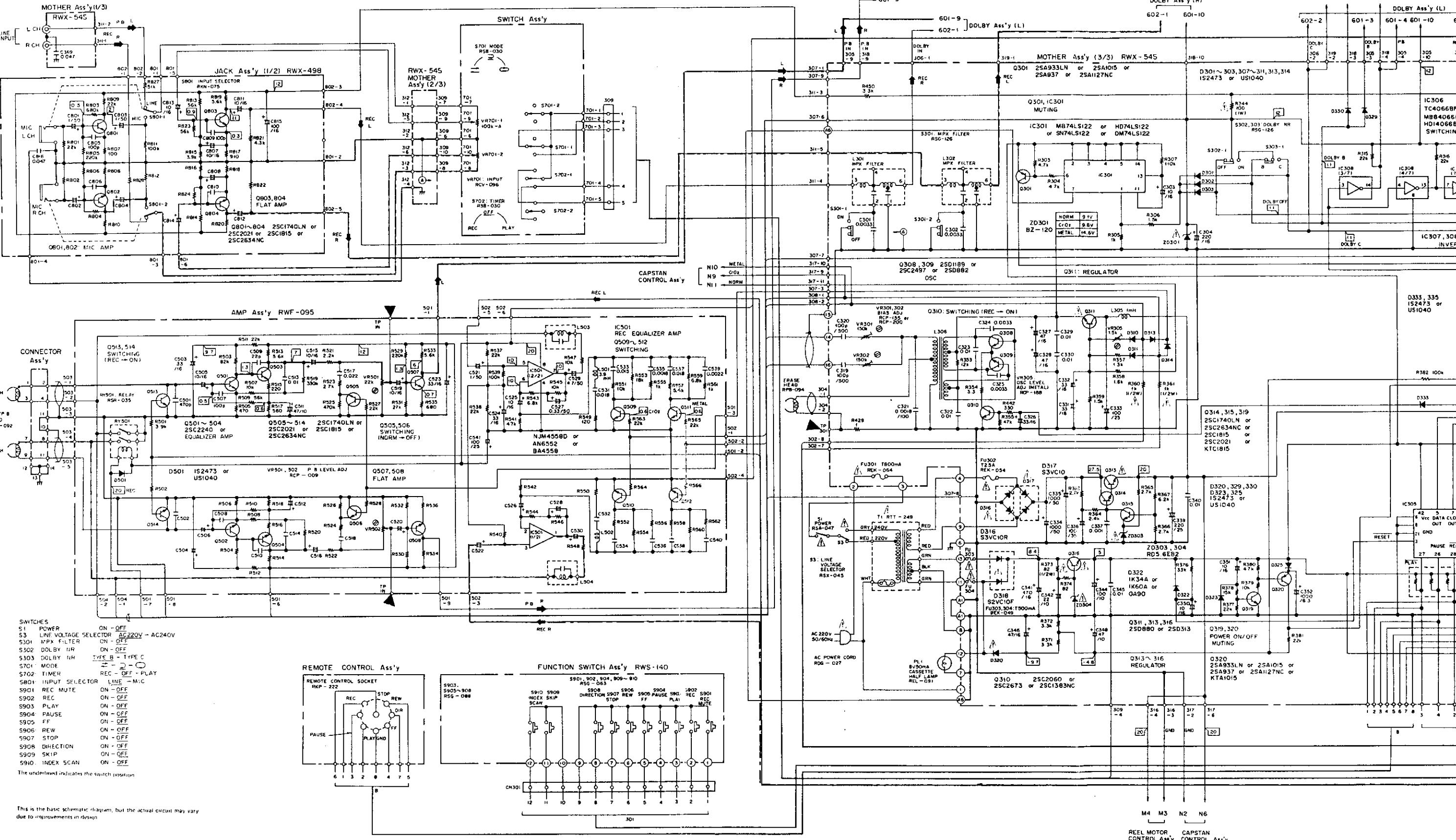
INDICATOR Ass'y RAW-163

LEVEL METER Ass'y
RAW-161

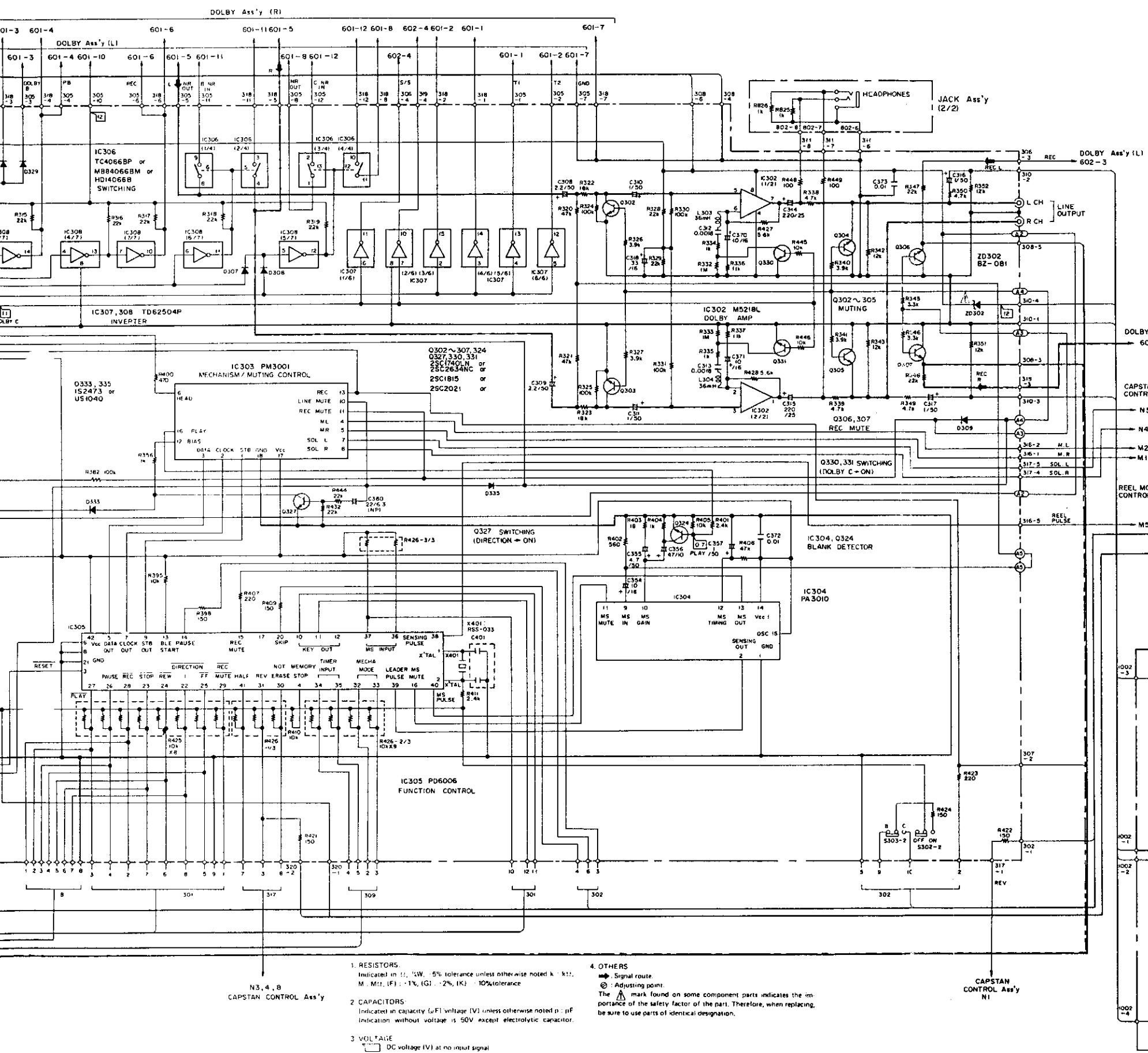
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3. SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM

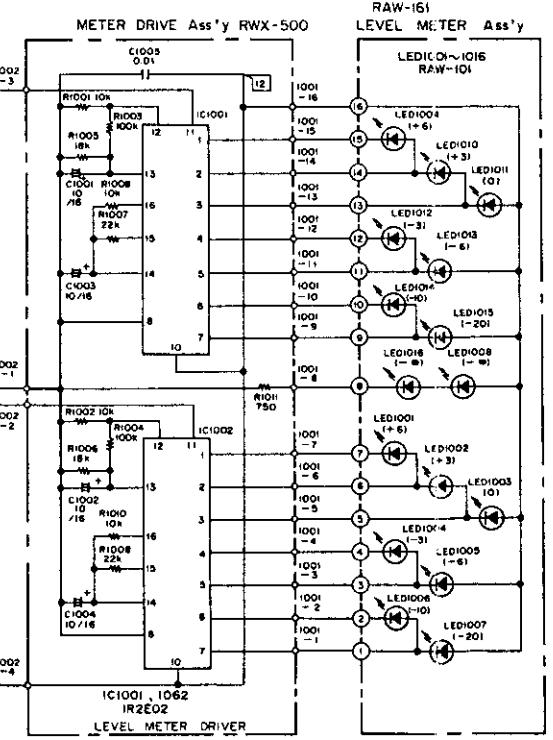
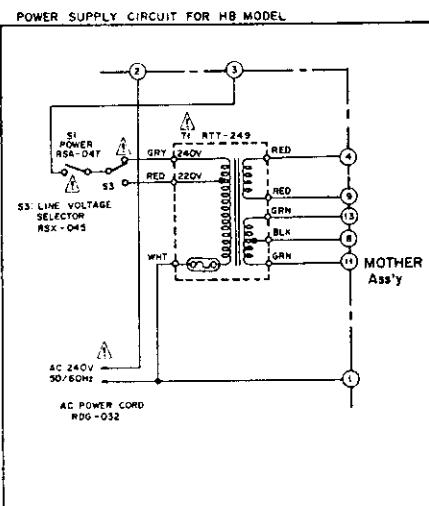
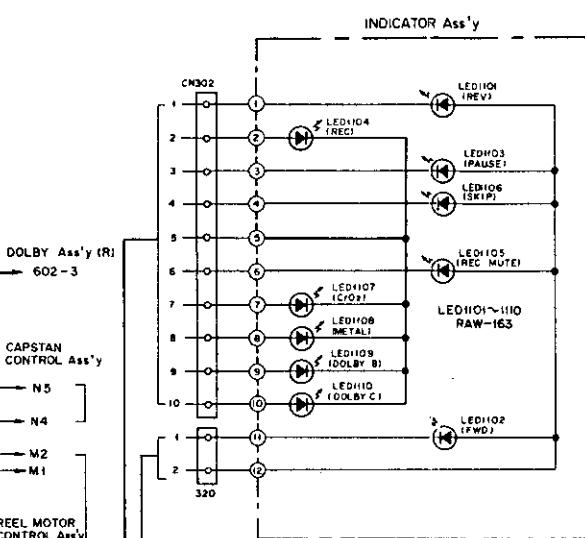
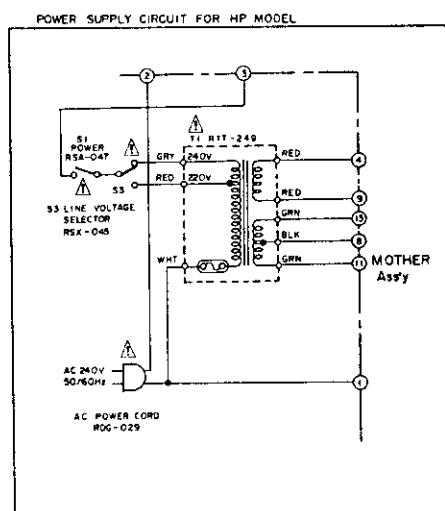
Signal and Control Section



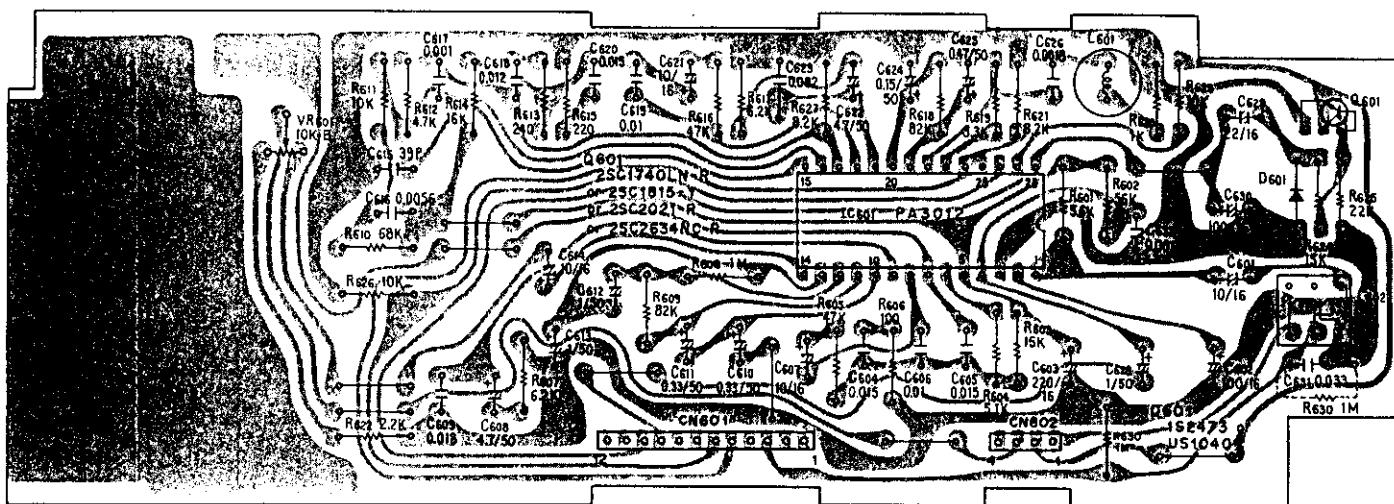
This is the basic schematic diagram, but the actual circuit may vary due to improvements in design.



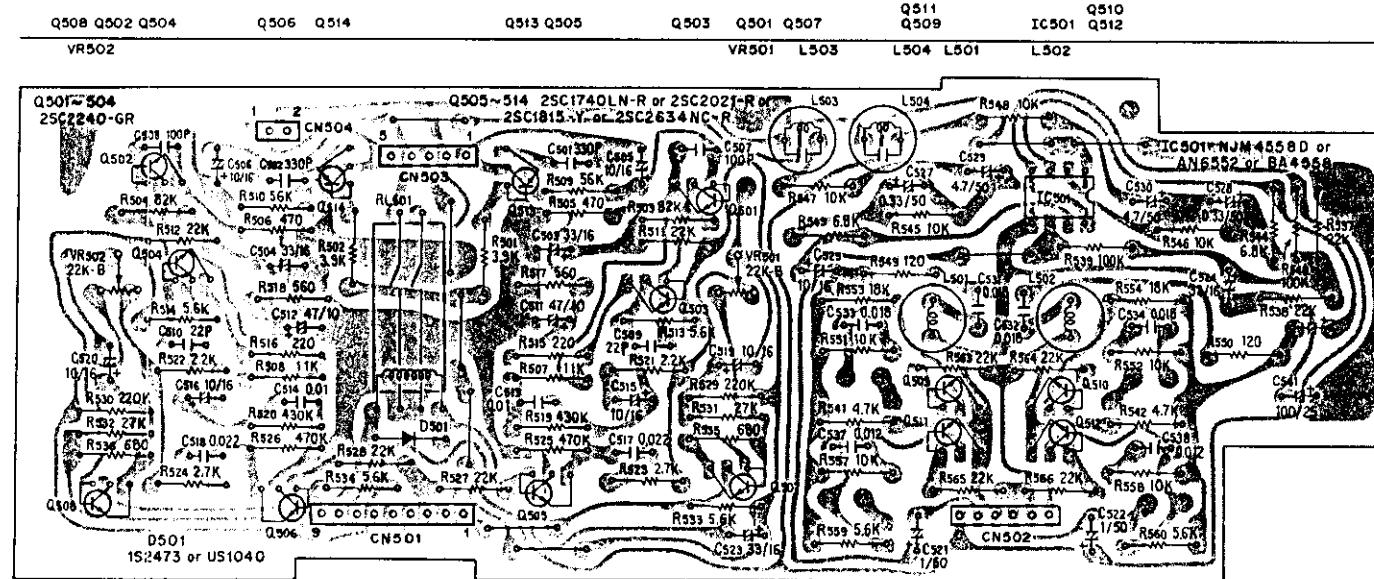
NOTE:
The indicated semiconductors are representative ones only. Other alternative semiconductors may be used and are listed in the parts list.



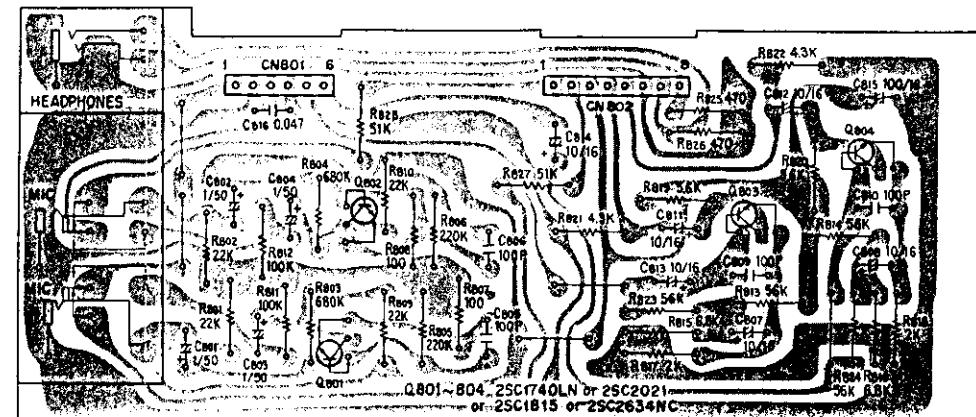
Dolby NR Assembly (RWX-597)



Amplifier Assembly (RWF-105)



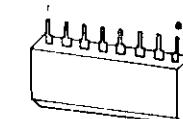
Jack Assembly (RWX-575)

2SA933LN
2SC1740LNType No.
Suffix
hFE
Lot No.

2SC2497

Type No.
Lot No.
hFE
E C B

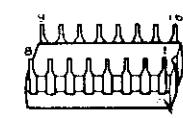
M5218L



A

2SA937
2SC2021Type No.
hFE
E C B

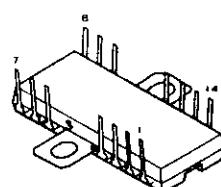
2SC2673

Type No.
hFE
Lot No.
E C BIR2E02
PA2007
PA2009
PA3010

B

2SA1015
2SC1815
2SC2240Type No.
hFE
Lot No.
E C B2SD313
2SD880Type No.
hFE
Lot No.
E C B

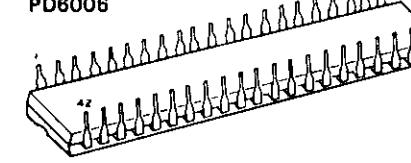
PA2012

2SA1127NC
2SC2634NCType No.
hFE
Lot No.
E C B

2SD882

Type No.
hFE
Lot No.
E C B

PD6006



C

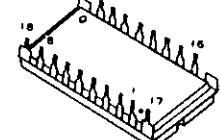
2SC1383NC

Type No.
hFE
Lot No.
E C B

2SD1189

Type No.
hFE
Lot No.
E C B

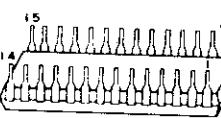
PM3001



2SC2060

Type No.
hFE
Lot No.
E C BAN6552
BA4558
NJM4558DType No.
hFE
Lot No.
Index

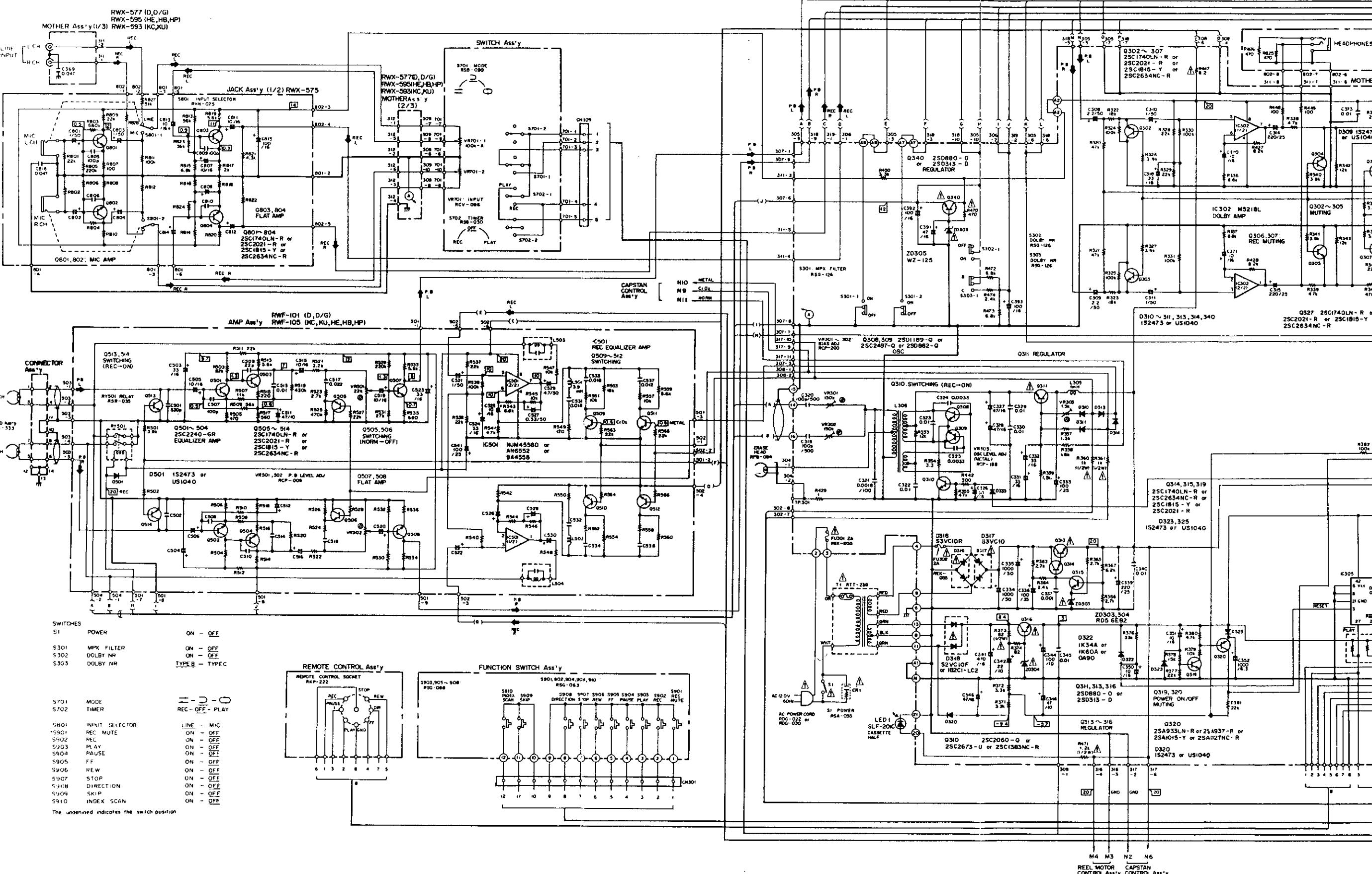
PA3012

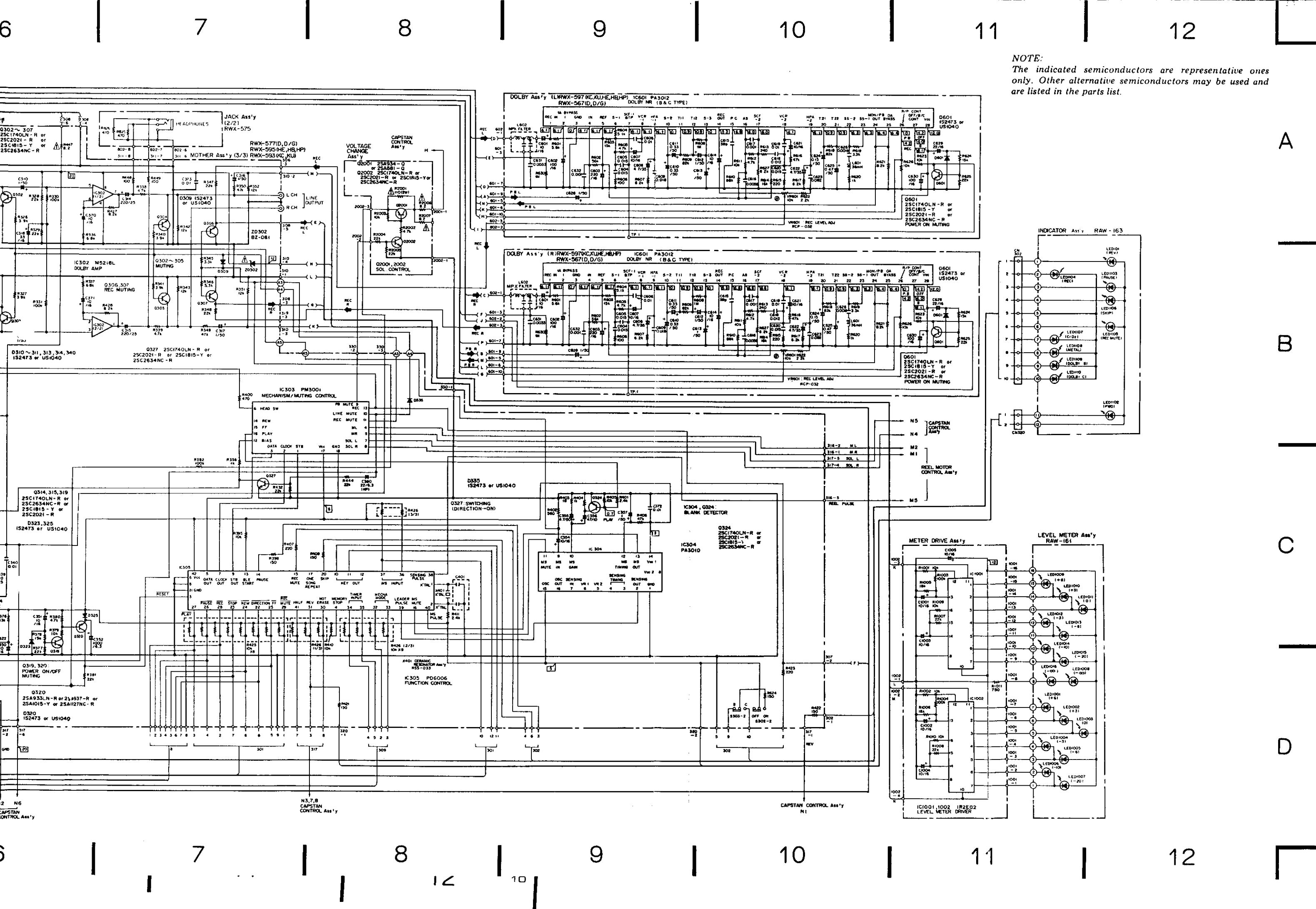


D

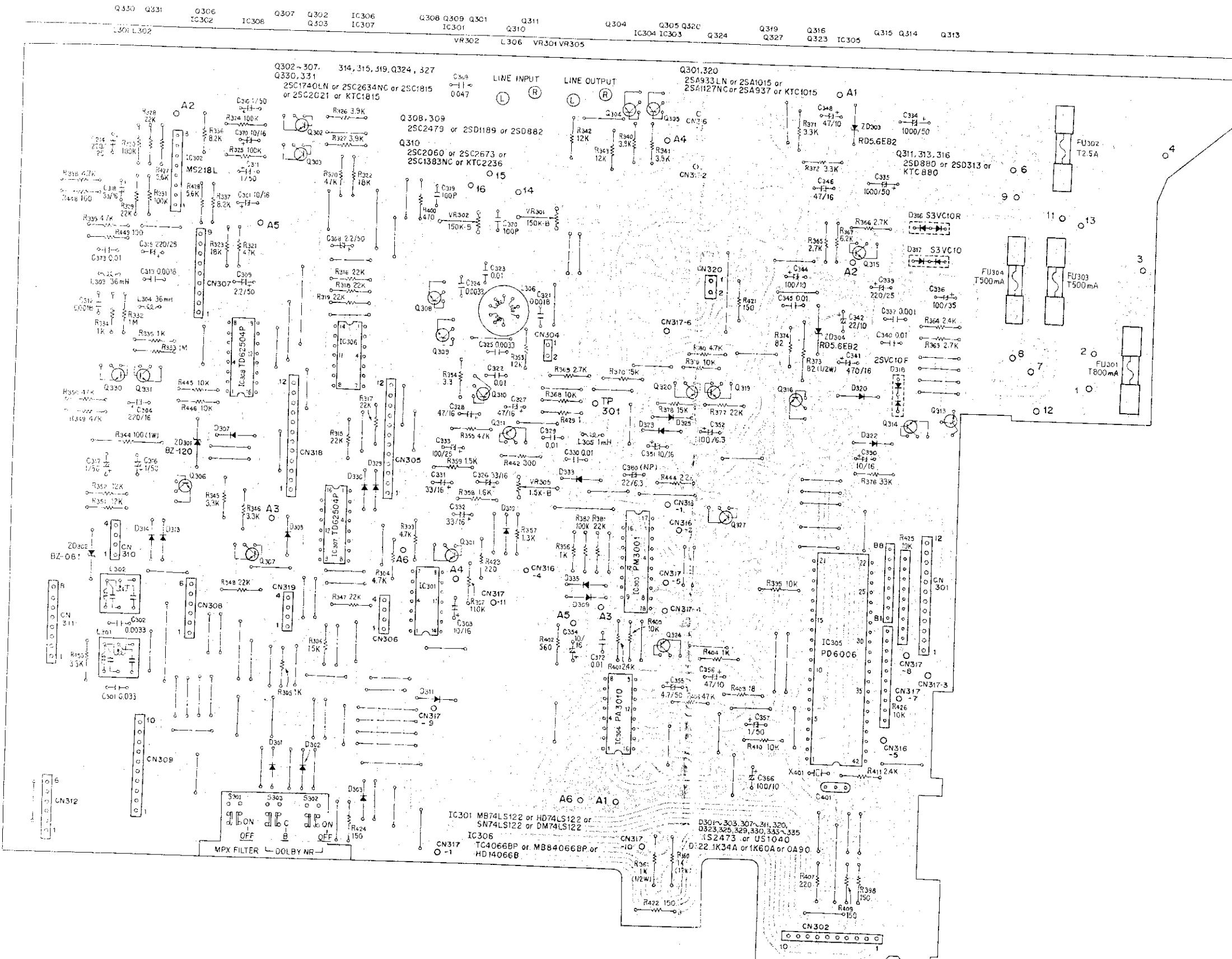
3. SCHEMATIC DIAGRAMS

(KU AND KC TYPES)

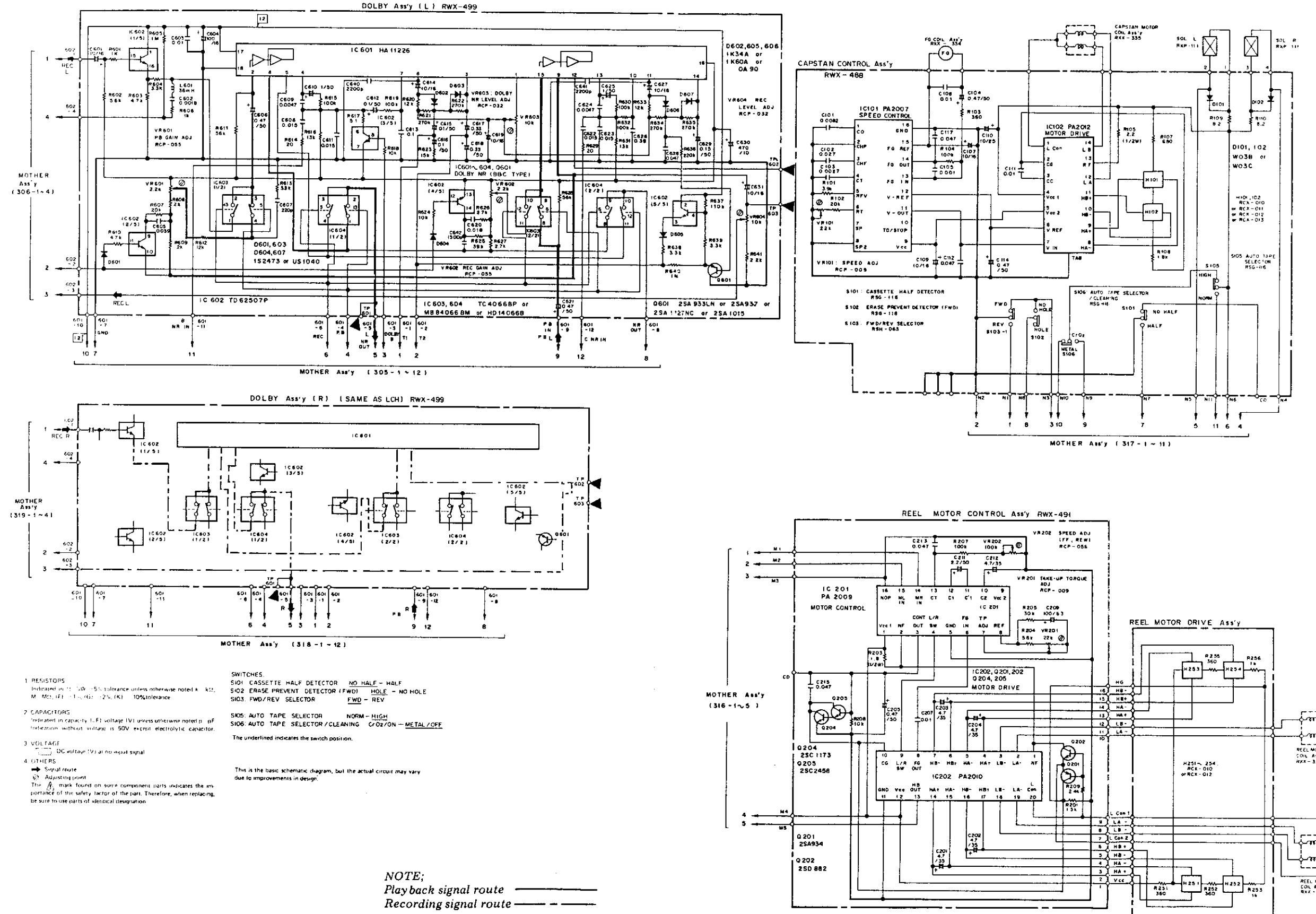




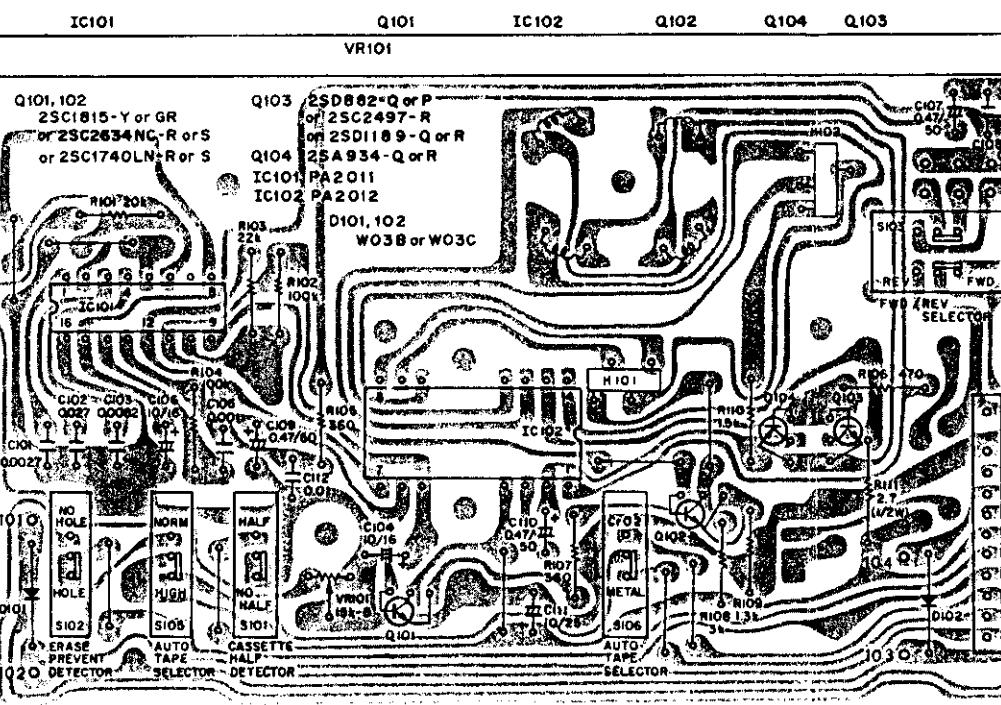
1 2 3 4 5 6
4. MOTHR ASSEBLY(RWX-545)



DOLBY NR and Mother Section



CM CONTROL Ass'y RWX-686



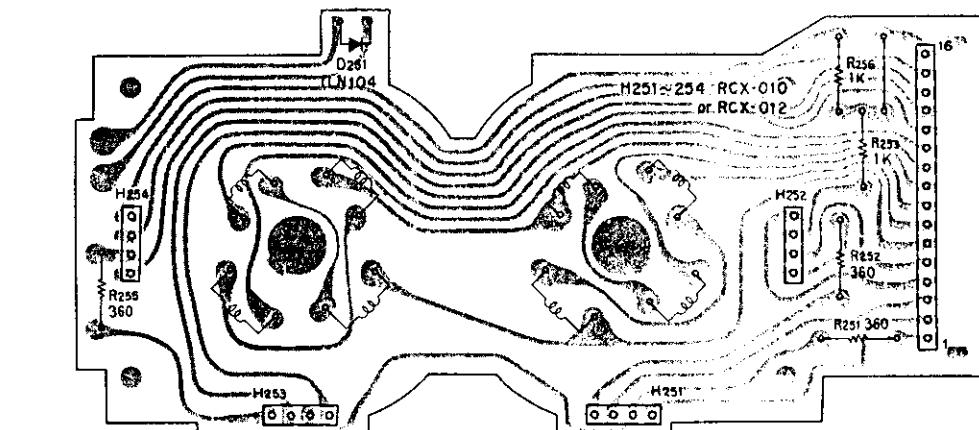
A

B

C

D

RM DRIVE Ass'y RXX-363



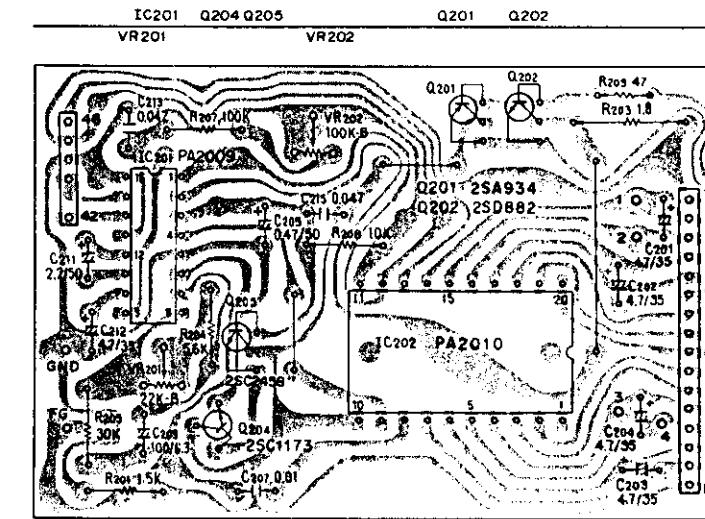
A

B

C

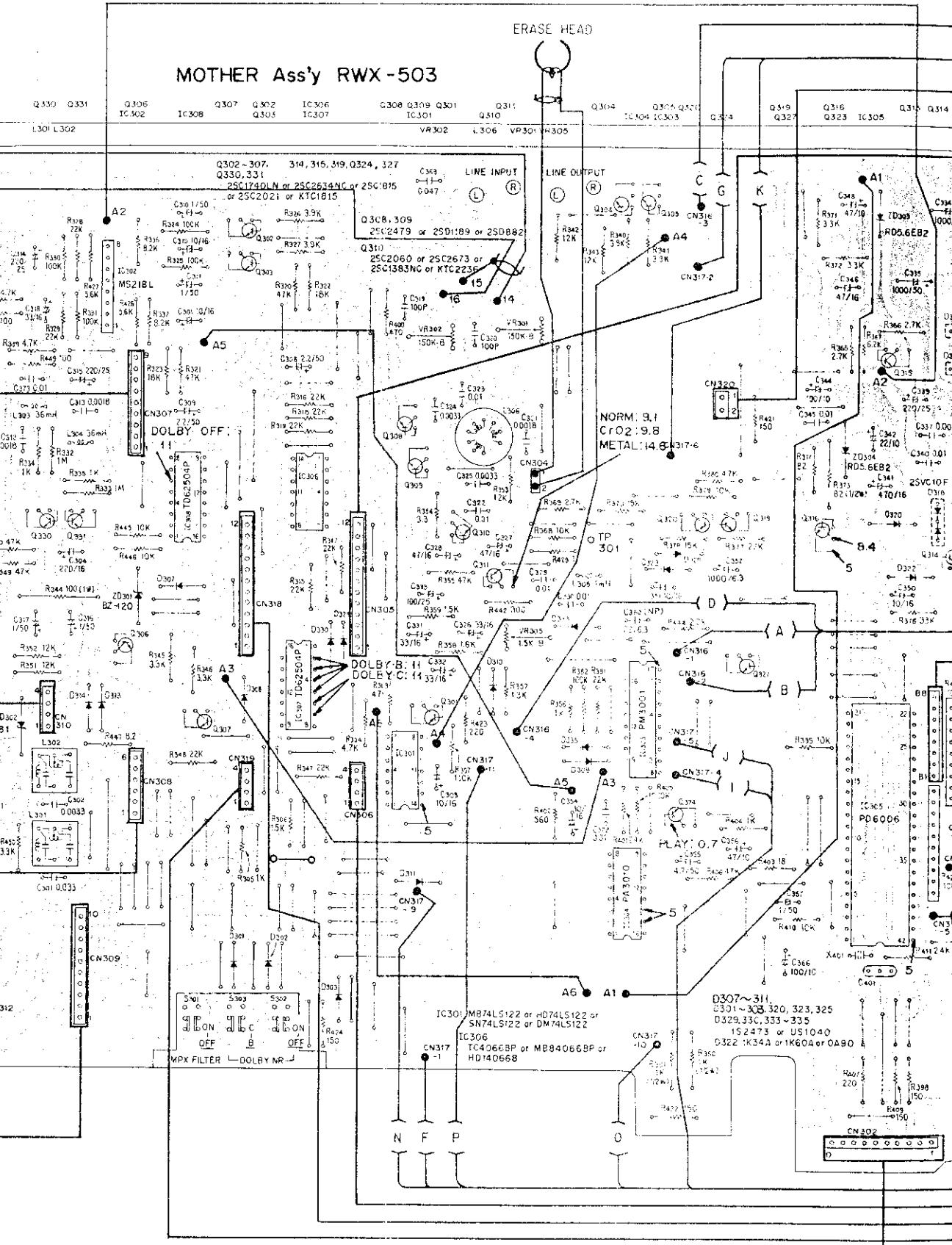
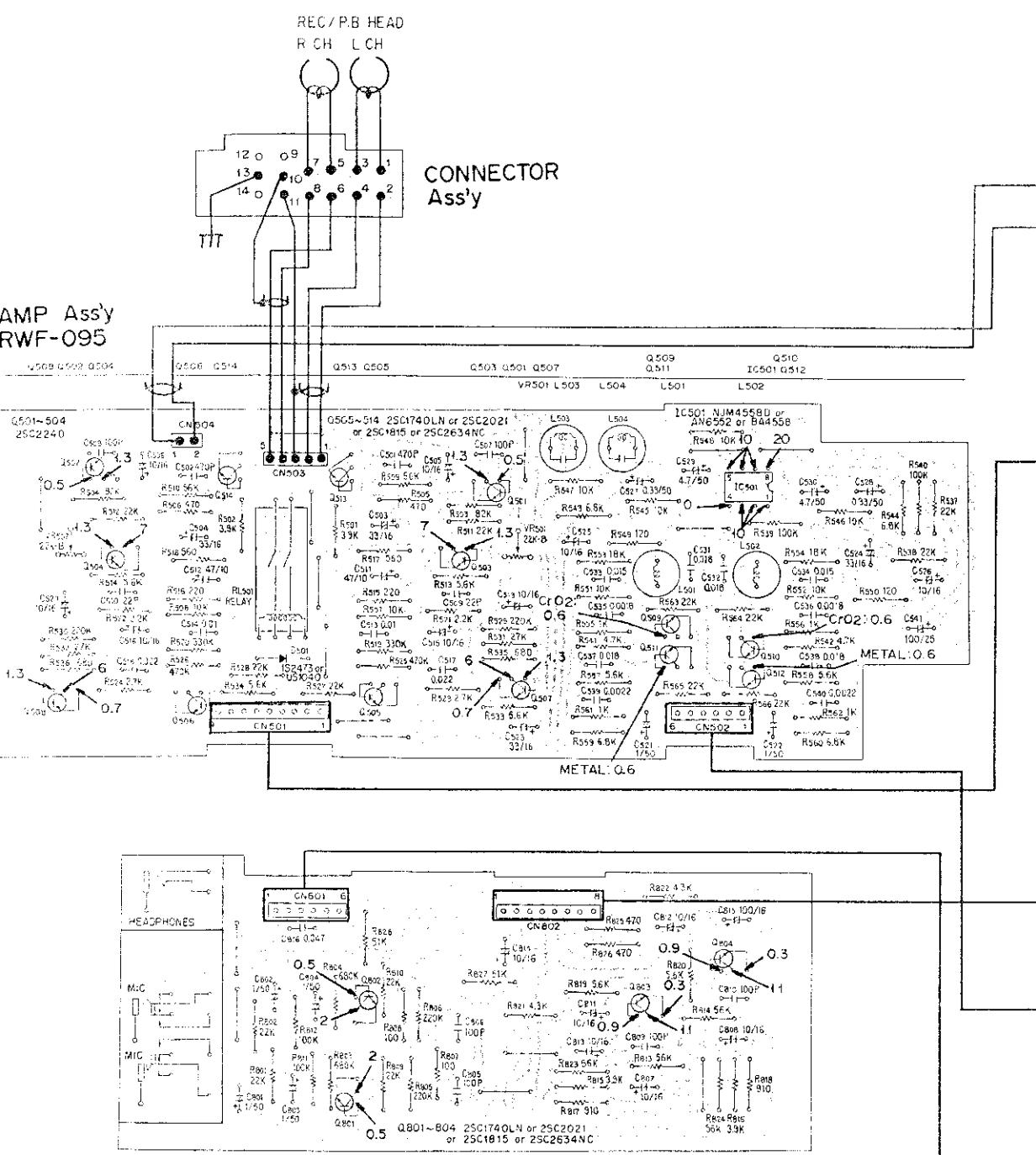
D

RM CONTROL Ass'y RXX-389



7. P.C. BOARDS CONNECTION DIAGRAM

A



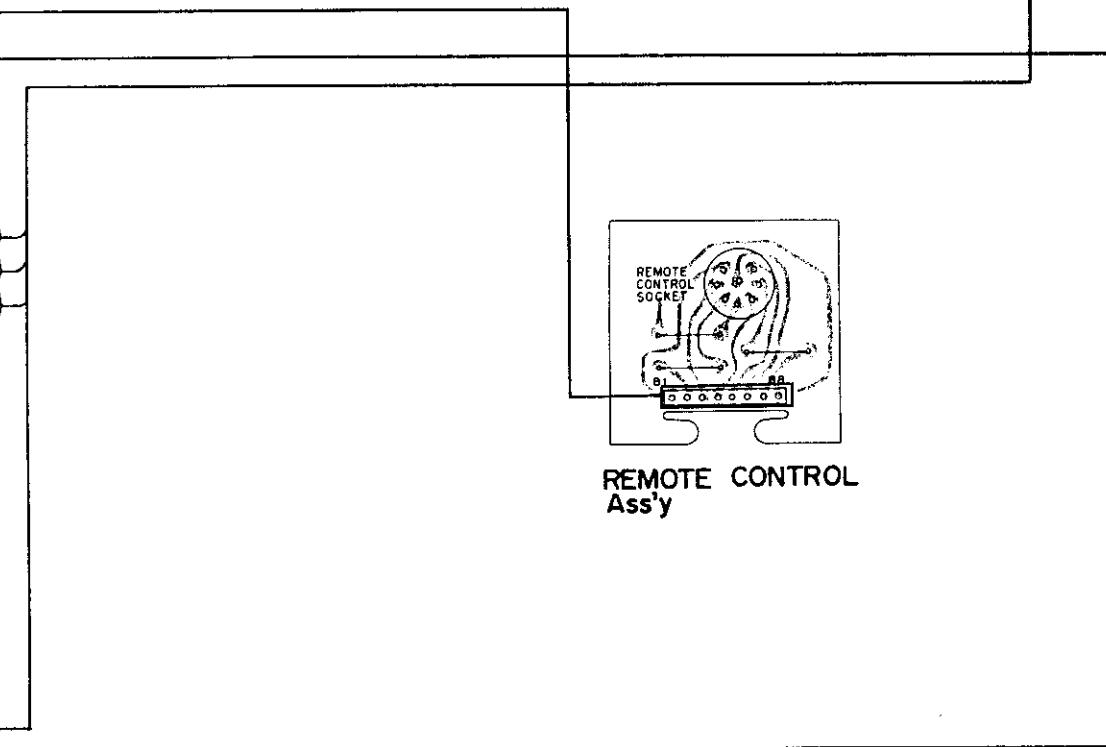
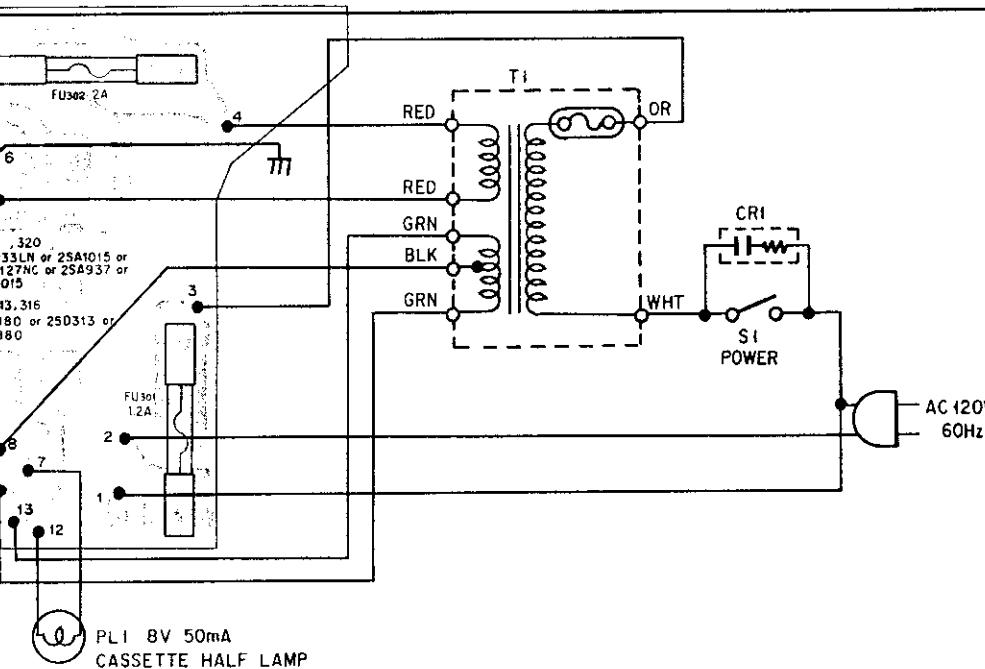
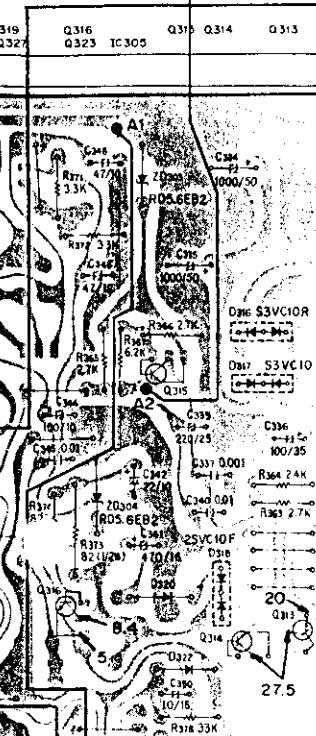
A
B
C

A

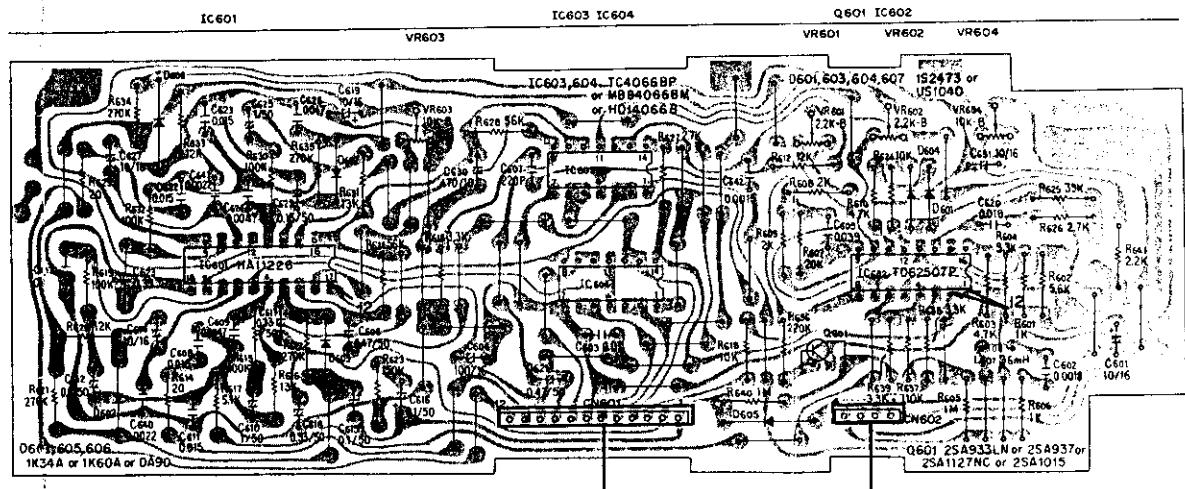
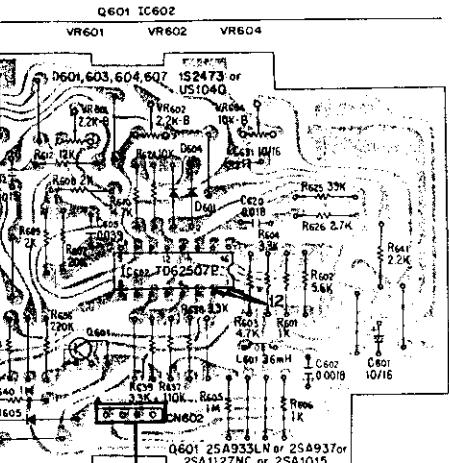
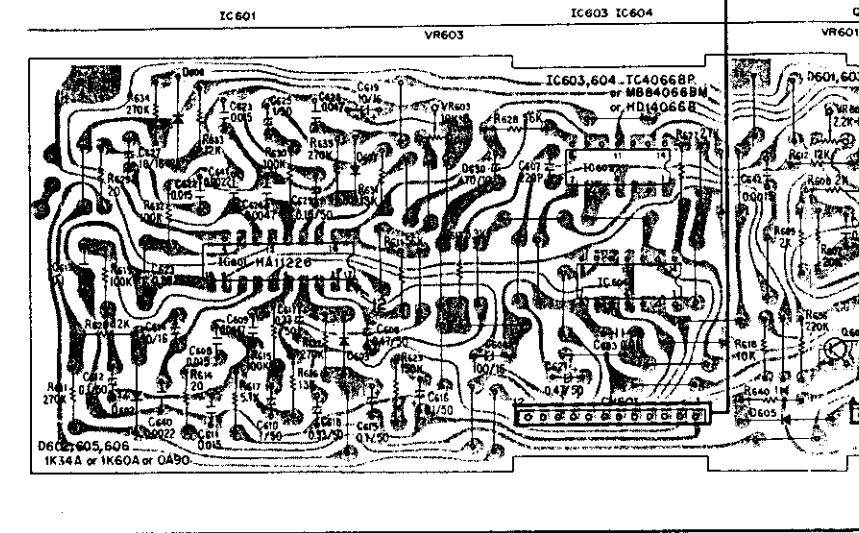
B

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D

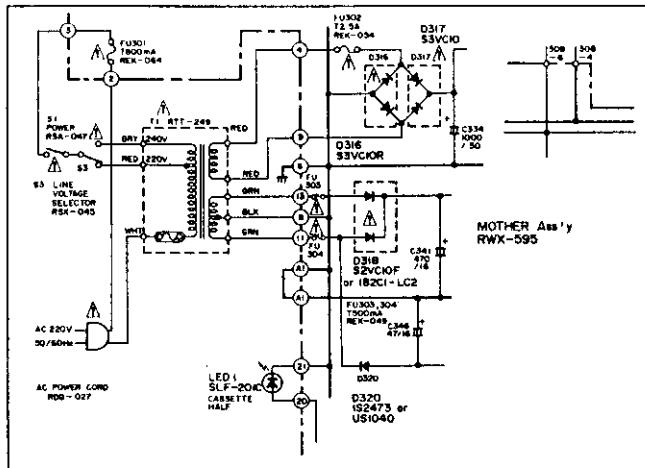
E
F

DOLBY Ass'y(L) RWX-499

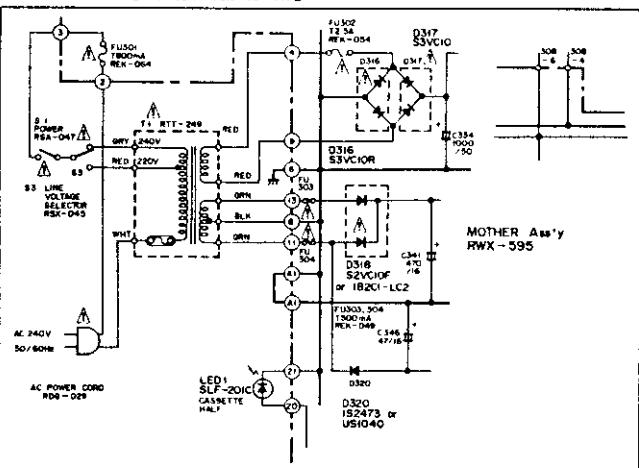


DOLBY Ass'y (R) RWX-499

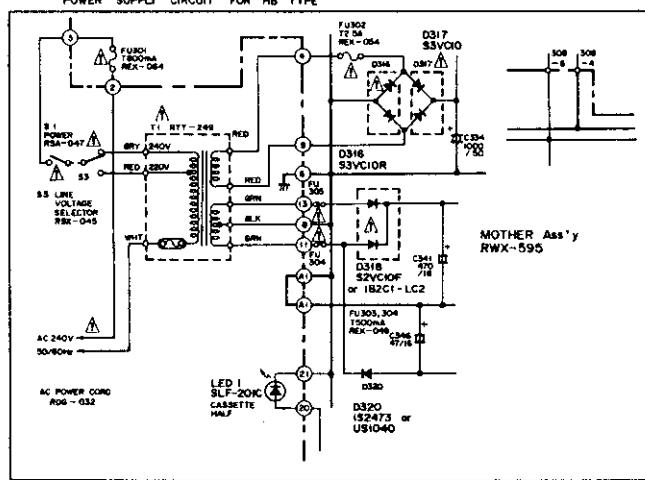
POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT FOR HE TYPE



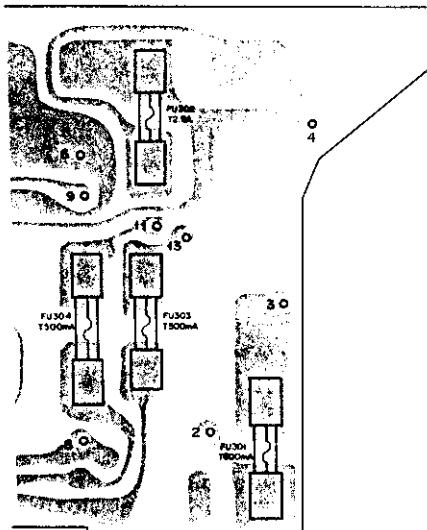
POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT FOR HP TYPE



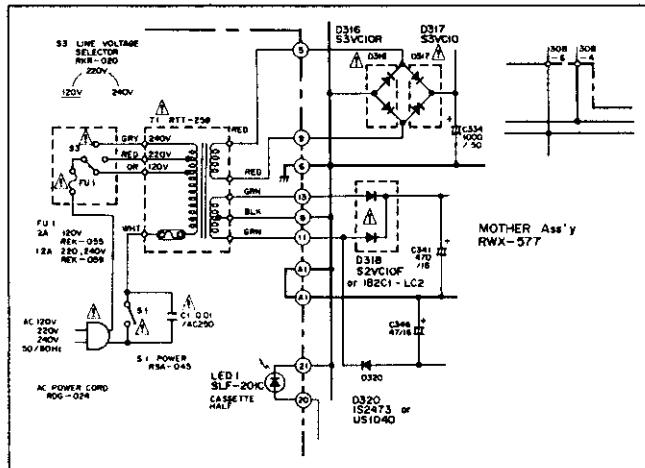
POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT FOR HB TYPE



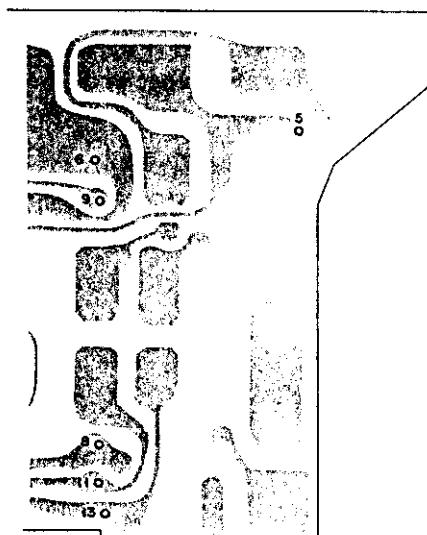
For HE, HB and HP models (Mother Ass'y)



POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT FOR D D/G TYPE



For D and D/G models (Mother Ass'y)



12.1.4 Fast forward and rewind rotational speed adjustment

1. Connect a frequency counter between the FG and GND terminals on the reel motor control ass'y (see Fig. 12-5).
2. Set to forward direction, and switch to fast forward mode.
3. Adjust the frequency counter reading to 72Hz ± 2 Hz by means of VR202.
4. Switch to rewind mode, and check that the frequency counter reading lies in the 72Hz ± 5 Hz range.

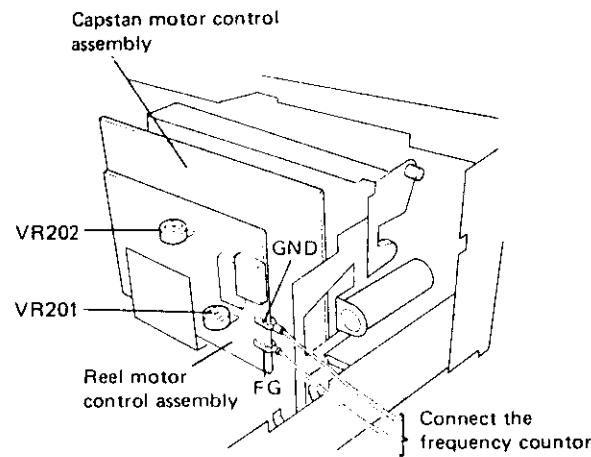


Fig. 12-5 FF/REW Rotating speed adjustment

12.1.5 Playback mode winding torque adjustment

1. Set to forward direction, mount a cassette-type torque meter, and switch to playback mode.
2. Adjust the winding torque to 45g.cm ± 5 g.cm by VR201.
3. Set to reverse direction.
4. Check that the winding torque is 45g.cm ± 10 g.cm.

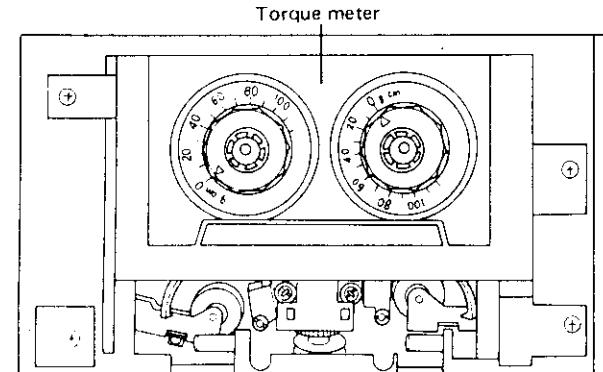


Fig. 12-6 Take-up torque adjustment

12.1.6 Tape speed adjustment

1. Connect the frequency counter to the OUT-PUT terminals.
2. Set to forward direction, load a STD-301 test tape wound to the start of the tape, and switch to playback mode.
3. Adjust the frequency counter reading to 3005Hz ± 20 Hz by VR101.
4. Set to reverse direction, wind the test tape to the start of the tape, and switch to playback mode.
5. Check that the frequency counter reading lies within the 3005Hz ± 20 Hz range.

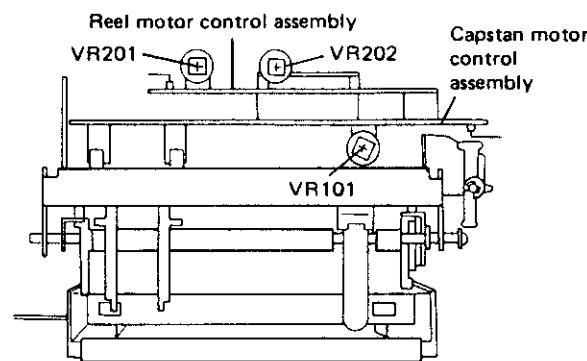


Fig. 12-7 Tape speed adjustment

12.1.7 Fast travel torque check

1. Set to forward direction, mount a cassette-type torque meter, and switch to fast forward mode.
2. Check that the fast forward torque is within the 100g.cm ± 30 g.cm range.
3. Switch the mode to rewind, and again check that the rewind torque lies within the 100g.cm ± 30 g.cm range.

12.1.8 Back-tension torque check

1. Set to forward direction, mount a cassette-type torque meter, and switch to playback mode.
2. Check that the supply reel back-tension lies within the 3.5g.cm ± 1.5 g.cm range.
3. Reverse the direction.
4. Check that the supply reel back-tension again lies within the 3.5g.cm ± 1.5 g.cm range.

12. ADJUSTMENTS

12.1 MECHANICAL ADJUSTMENTS

12.1.1 Pinch roller pressure adjustment

1. Set to forward direction, and switch to playback mode without loading a cassette half.
2. Using a tension gauge as shown in Fig. 12-1, gently press against the pinch roller arm. The tension gauge reading should lie between 250g and 400g at the moment that the pinch roller is separated from the capstan, and the capstan stops rotating.
3. If the reading lies outside the above range, replace the pinch roller pressure spring.
4. Set to reverse direction and measure the pinch roller pressure for the pinch roller on the other side in the same way as described above.

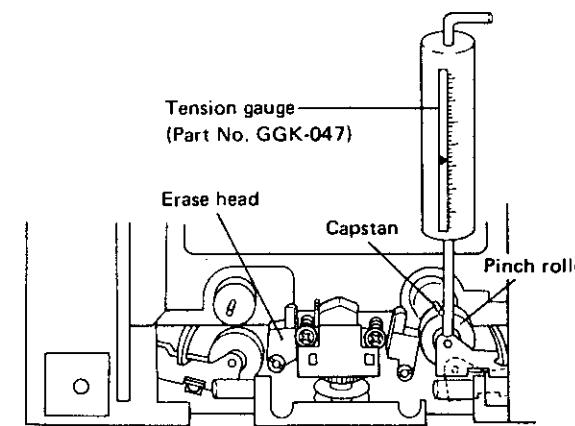


Fig. 12-1 Pinch roller pressure adjustment

12.1.2 Preliminary azimuth adjustment

1. Set to forward direction, and switch to stop mode.
2. Using a screwdriver as shown in Fig. 12-2, adjust gap A between the housing and the revolving base to 1.5mm by turning screw ①.
3. Set to reverse direction.
4. Using the screwdriver again, adjust gap B between the housing and the revolving base to 1.5mm by turning screw ②.

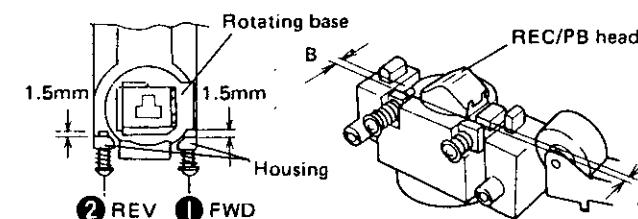


Fig. 12-2 Azimuth adjustment point

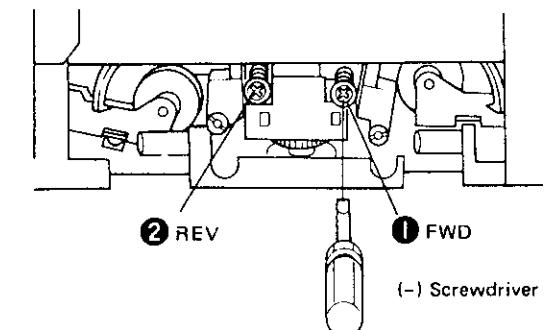


Fig. 12-3 Azimuth preadjustment

12.1.3 Tape travel adjustment

1. Set to forward direction, load a mirror-equipped cassette, and switch to playback mode.
2. Adjust nut ① to ensure that no tape curling occurs in the guide section of the recording and erase heads as shown in Fig. 12-4.
3. Set to reverse direction.
4. Adjust nut ② to ensure that no tape curling occurs in the guide section of the recording and dummy heads.
5. Check that there is no tape curling during repeated forward and reverse tape travel.

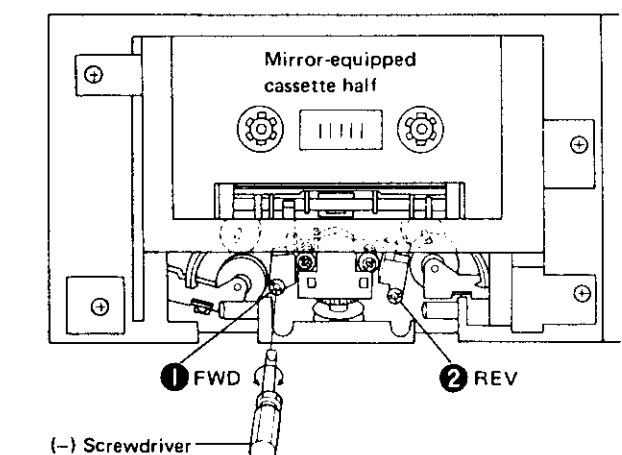
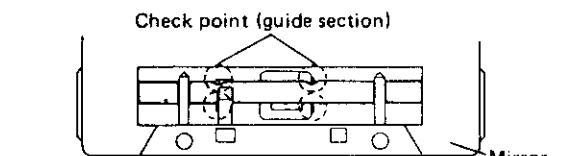


Fig. 12-4 Tape travel adjustment

12. RÉGLAGE

12.1 RÉGLAGES MÉCANIQUES

12.1.1 Réglage de la pression du rouleau de serrage

1. Faire marcher le magnétophone en direction avant et commuter le mode de lecture sans insérer de cassette.
2. Pousser doucement contre le bras du rouleau de serrage avec un étalon de tension comme indiqué Fig. 12-1. La lecture doit se situer entre 250 et 400gr. au moment où le rouleau de serrage est séparé du cabestan, et où le cabestan se arrêter à tourner.
3. Si la lecture se situe hors de ces limites, remplacer le ressort de serrage.
4. Faire marcher en direction opposée et mesurer la pression du rouleau de serrage de l'autre côté de la même manière que précédemment.

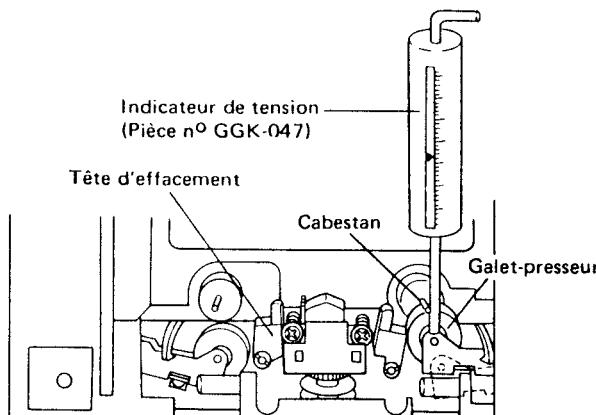


Fig. 12-1 Réglage de la pression du rouleau de serrage

12.1.2 Réglage préliminaire d'azimuth

1. Mettre en marche le magnétophone vers l'avant, en mode d'arrêt.
2. Au moyen d'un tournevis, comme il est montré Fig. 12-2 régler l'intervalle A à 1,5mm. entre le logement et la base tournante, en tournant la vis ① .
3. Faire marcher en direction inverse.
4. Au moyen du même tournevis, régler l'intervalle B à 1,5mm entre le logement et la base tournante, en tournant la vis ② .

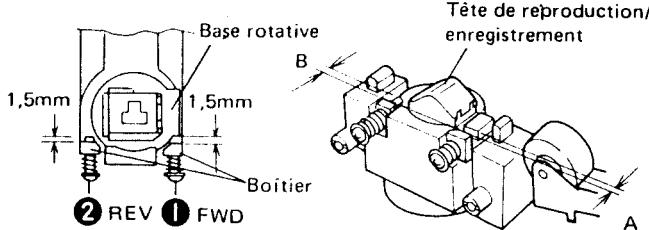


Fig. 12-2 Réglage préliminaire d'azimuth

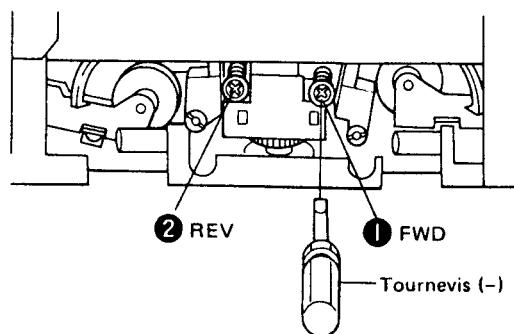


Fig. 12-3 Préréglage d'azimuth

12.1.3 Réglage du défilement de bande

1. Faire marcher en direction avant et insérer une cassette munie d'un miroir, puis commuter en mode de lecture.
2. Régler l'écrou ① pour assurer qu'entre les guides et les têtes d'enregistrement et d'effacement, la bande ne se gondole pas. Voir Fig. 12-4.
3. Faire marcher en direction opposée.
4. Régler l'écrou ② pour assurer qu'entre les guides et la tête d'enregistrement et la tête factice, la bande ne se gondole pas.
5. Vérifier qu'il n'y a pas de gauchissement de la bande en répétant plusieurs fois le défilement dans les deux sens.

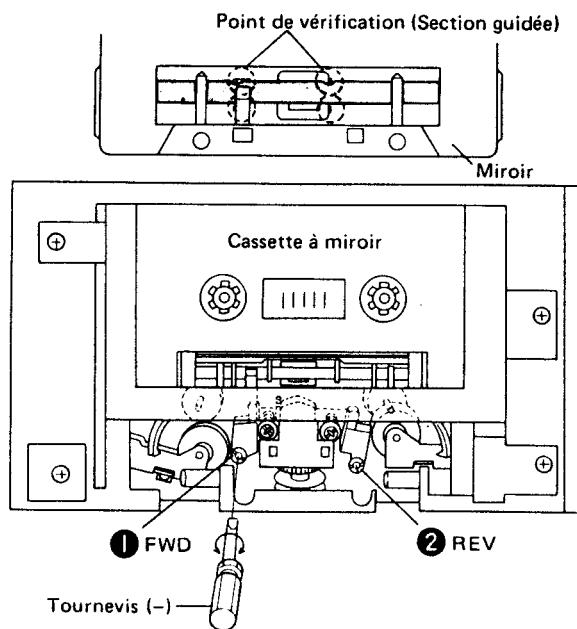
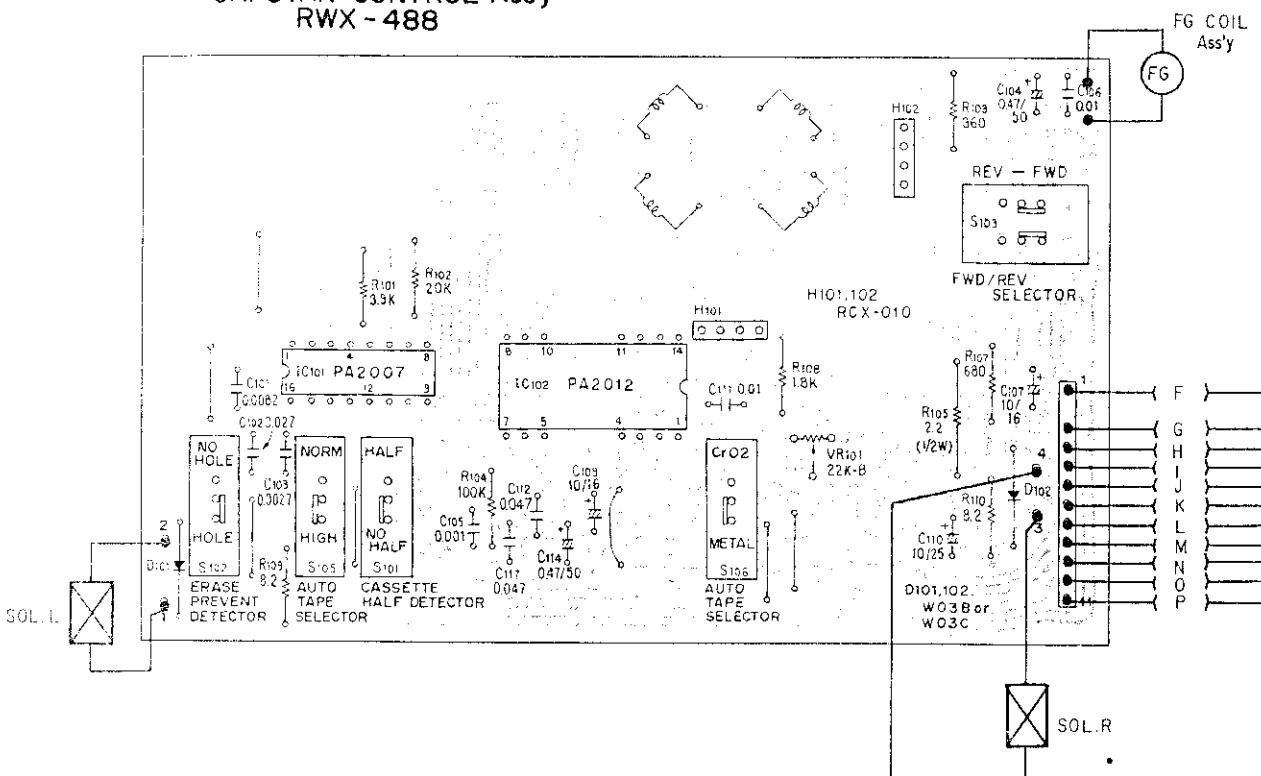


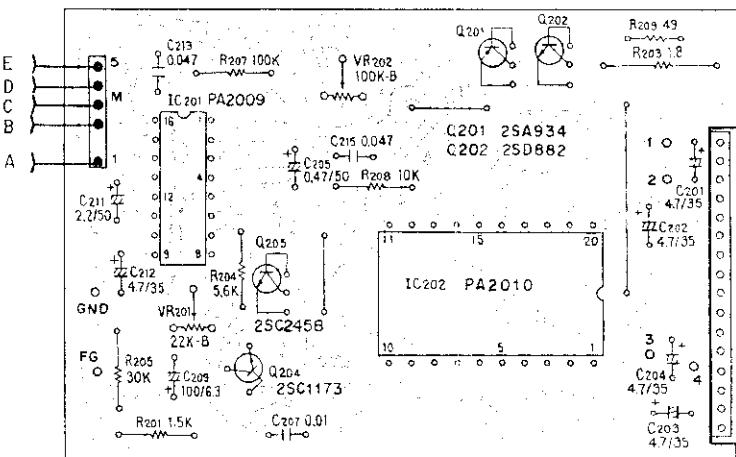
Fig. 12-4 Réglage du défilement de bande

CAPSTAN CONTROL Ass'y
RWX - 488



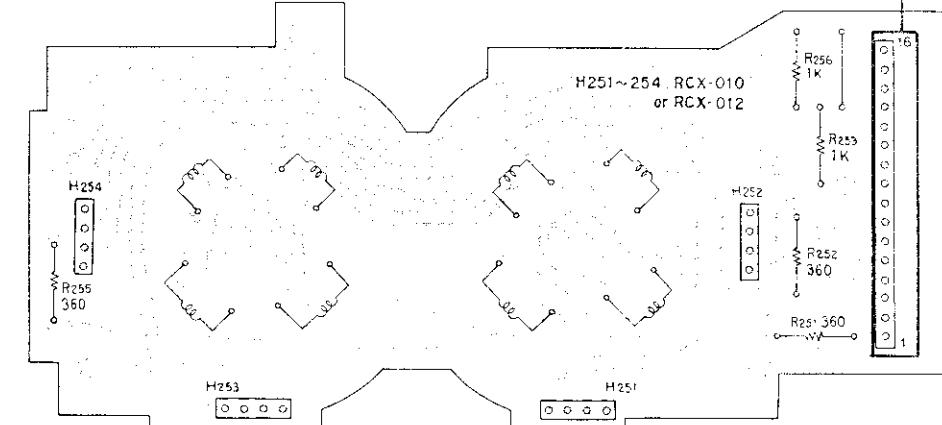
REEL MOTOR CONTROL Ass'y
RWX - 491

IC201 Q204 Q205
VR201 VR202 Q201 Q202



A

REEL MOTOR DRIVE Ass'y



B

C

D

Mechanism viewed from the top

- As assist gear L rotates, its cam drives the G point of the cam follower lever in an upward direction.
- As the E point is driven upwards, point F on the right-hand side of the cam follower lever starts forcing the switching plate to the left.
- As the switching plate is forced to the left, it carries the G point on the coupling plate to the left with it.

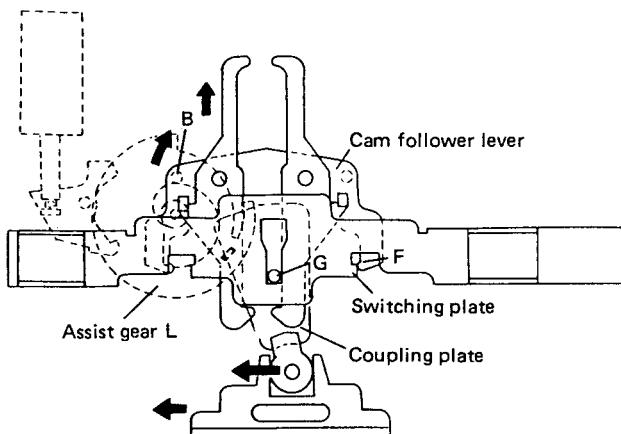


Fig. 1-20 DIRECTION operation 4

- Since the H point on the coupling plate functions as a support point, as the G point is shifted to the left, the slide plate also moves to the left with the two plates above. This is shown in Fig. 1-21.

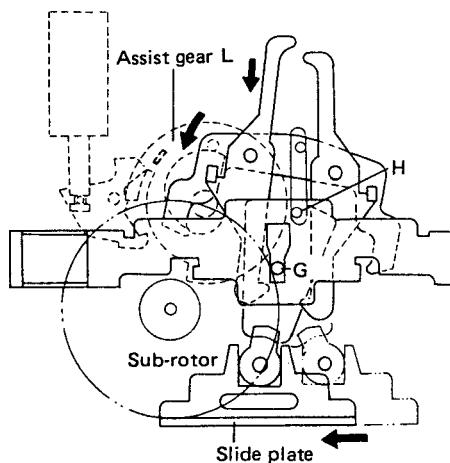


Fig. 1-21 DIRECTION operation 5

- As the slide plate moves from right to left, the head rotates to the REV direction attitude. (Refer to Fig. 1-23)
- After assist gear L has turned through about 3/4ths of a revolution, it disengages from the sub-rotor. Spring pressure forces it back to its original state, completing the direction operation, and switching the unit from REV to STOP.

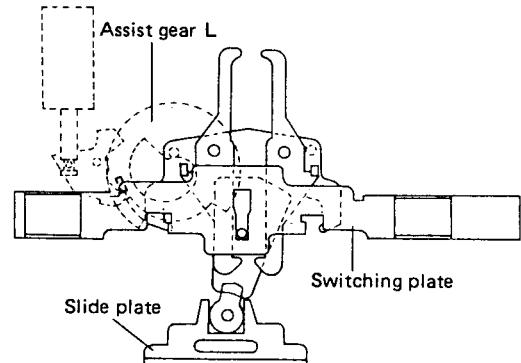


Fig. 1-22 DIRECTION operation 5

4. Head Rotation

As the slide plate moves from right to left in the direction operation (described above), the pin on the sector gear also is forced from right to left. This is shown in Fig. 1-23. As the sector gear pin goes past the center point, the force of the gear spring rotates the sector gear through approximately a 90° angle. This causes the head meshed to sector gear to rotate 180°, placing the unit in a REV state.

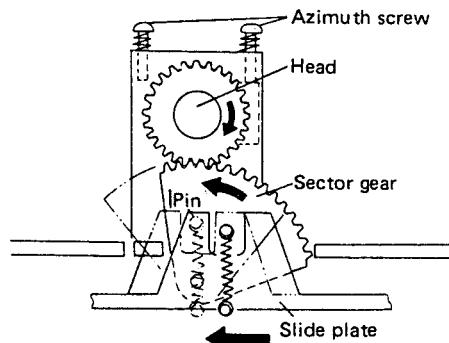


Fig. 1-23 Head rotation operation 1

Direction switch ON

1. Instantaneous transit from FWD-PLAY to FWD-STOP.
2. Approx. 500msec after FWD-STOP entered, direction operation effects REV-STOP.
3. Approx. 425msec after REV-STOP entered, REV-PAUSE entered.
4. Approx. 325msec after REV-PAUSE entered,

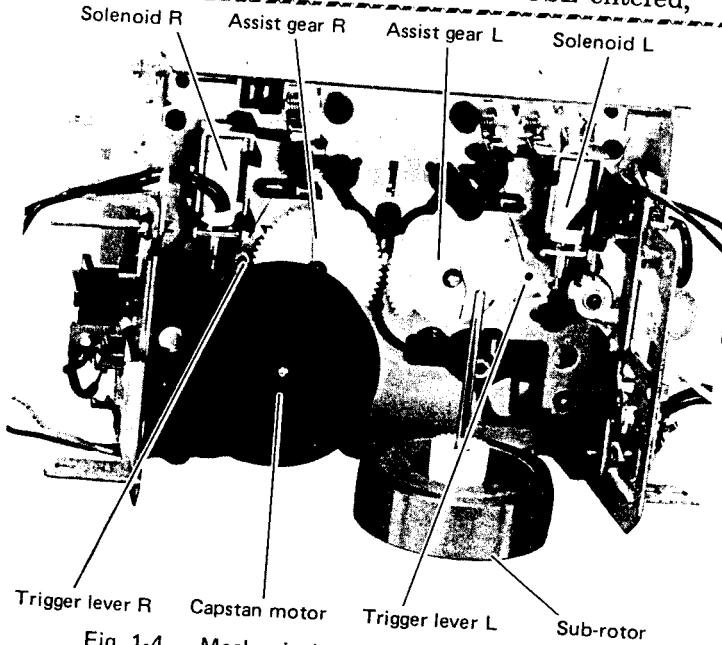


Fig. 1-4 Mechanical construction (Rear view)

1. Mechanism Transition from STOP to PAUSE Mechanism viewed from underneath

1. Upon command transmission from PD6006, solenoid R turns ON (plunger retracted). (Fig. 1-6.)
2. The movement of the solenoid plunger causes the trigger lever R to disengage from the stopper, allowing the assist gear R to turn.

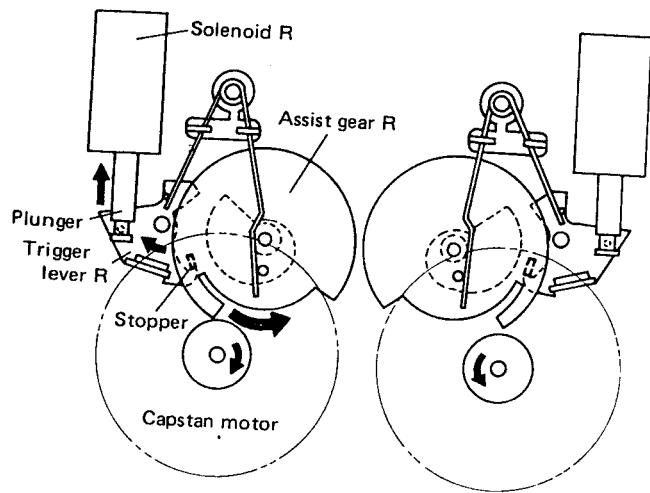


Fig. 1-6 STOP-PAUSE operation 1

REV-PLAY entered, thereby concluding the switching operation.

The above operational flow is also shown using interconnecting arrows in Fig. 1-3. This figure additionally shows other mechanism states possible with the various modes.

Next, the mechanism operation when switching between the various states (in the FWD direction) will be described.

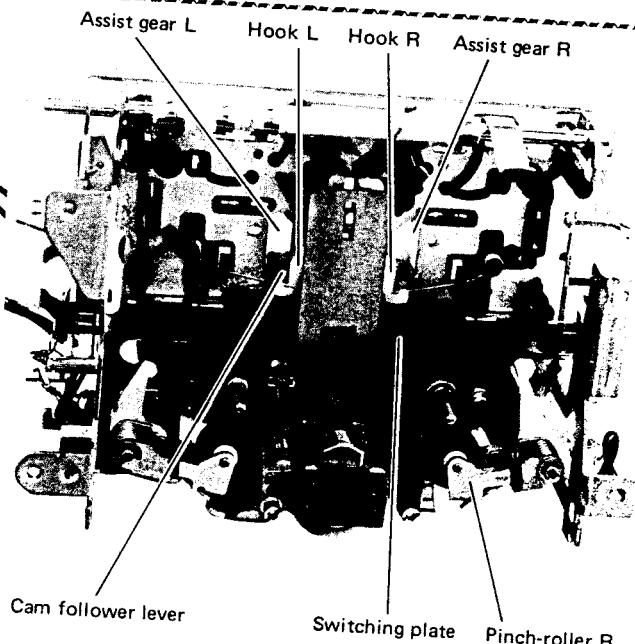


Fig. 1-5 Mechanical construction (Front view)

3. Rotation of assist gear R is meshed with the capstan motor.

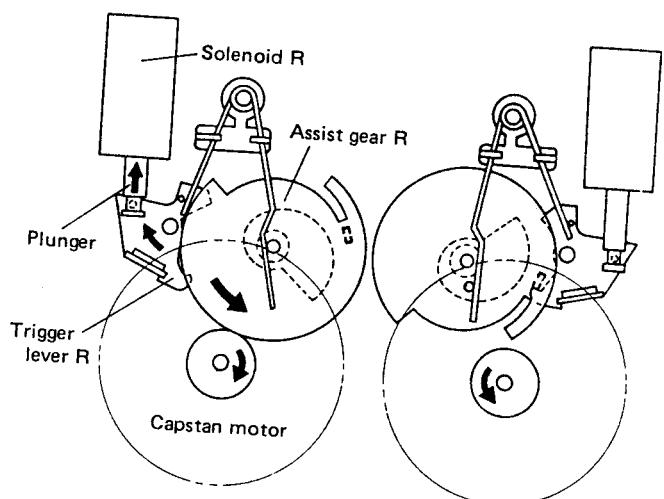


Fig. 1-7 STOP-PAUSE operation 2

4. After assist gear R has turned through about 3/4ths of a revolution, it disengages from the capstan motor.
5. Since solenoid R is in an ON state, the stopper on assist gear R contacts trigger lever R at point A, and stops. The above series of operations covers the events occurring on the back-side of the mechanism. Next, the operations occurring simultaneous to the above, but as viewed from the top of the unit will be given.

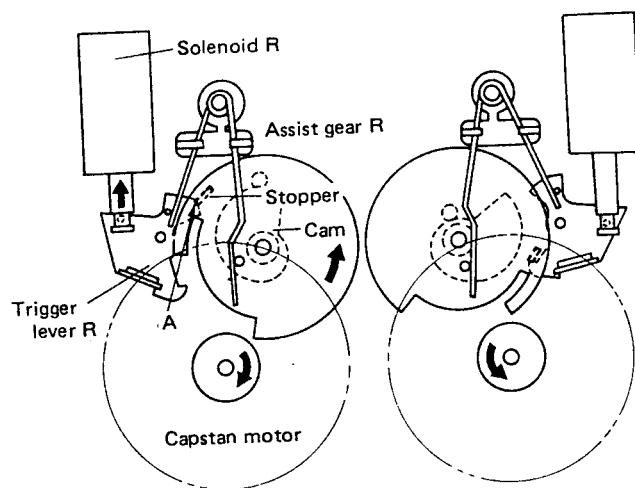


Fig. 1-8 STOP-PAUSE operation 3

Mechanism viewed from the top

1. As assist gear R rotates, its cam drives the B point of the cam follower lever in an upward direction.

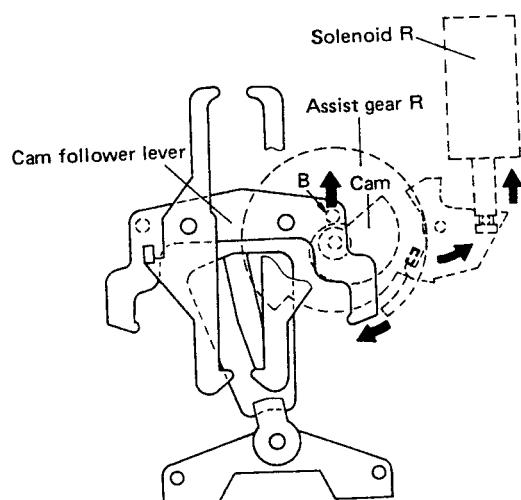


Fig. 1-9 STOP-PAUSE operation 4

2. As the B point is raised, hook R (coupled to B point) is also raised.
3. At point C, hook R catches the coupling plate and continues to rise, carrying the coupling plate and pinch-roller drive-plate with it.
4. The pinch-roller drive-plate continues to rise until the pinch-roller goes into a PAUSE status, then stops.

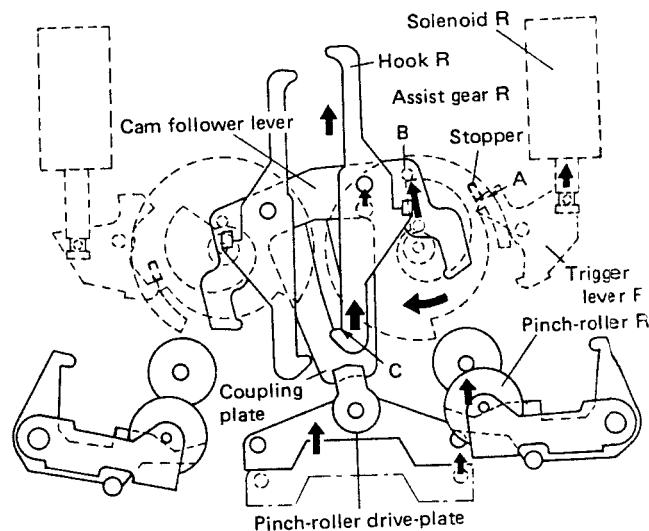


Fig. 1-10 STOP-PAUSE operation 5

2. Mechanism Transition from PAUSE to PLAY Mechanism viewed from underneath

Solenoid R is presently ON, and the mechanism is in a PAUSE state.

1. Upon command transmission from PD6006, solenoid L turns ON (plunger retracted).
2. The movement of the solenoid plunger causes the trigger lever L to disengage from the stopper, allowing assist gear L to start turning.

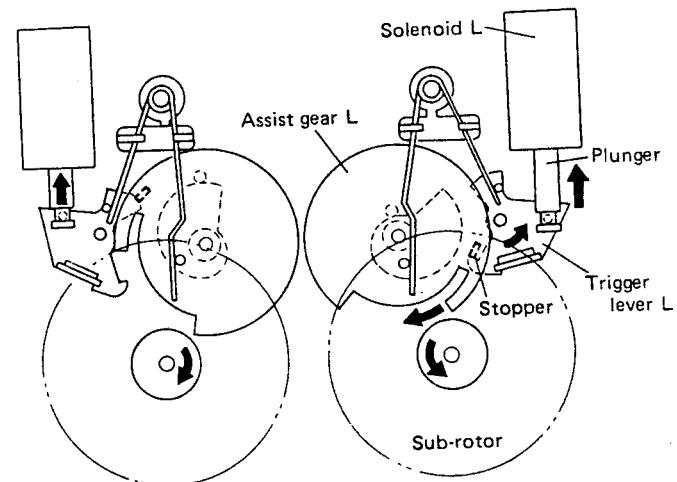


Fig. 1-11 PAUSE-PLAY operation 1

3. Rotation of assist gear L is meshed with the sub-rotor.

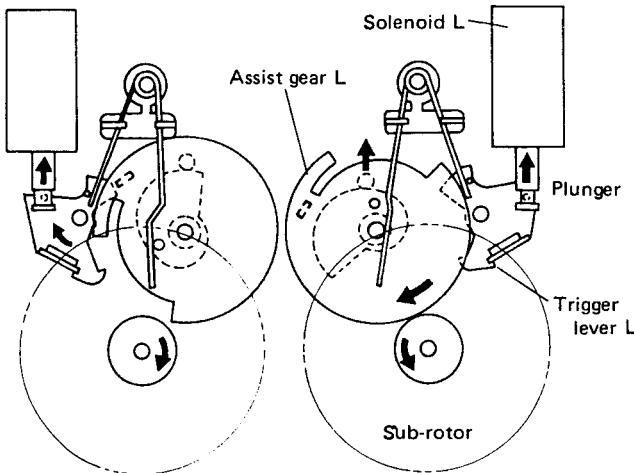


Fig. 1-12 PAUSE-PLAY operation 2

4. After assist gear L has turned through about 3/4ths of a revolution, it disengages from the sub-rotor.
 5. Since solenoid L is in an ON state, the stopper on assist gear L contacts trigger lever L at point D, and stops.

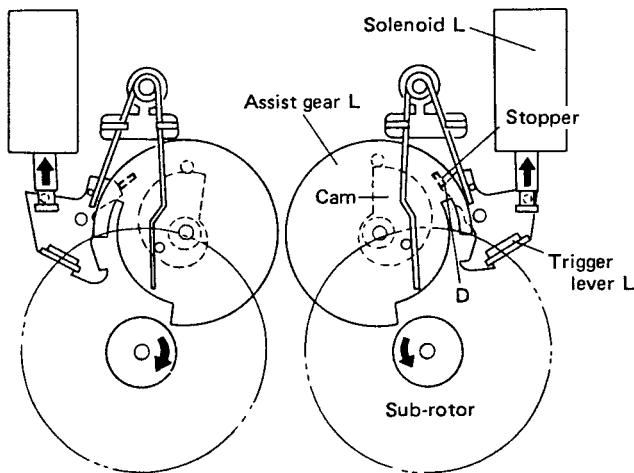


Fig. 1-13 PAUSE-PLAY operation 3

Mechanism viewed from the top

- As assist gear L rotates, its cam drives the E point of the cam follower lever in an upward direction.
- As the E point is raised, hook L (coupled to E point) is also raised.

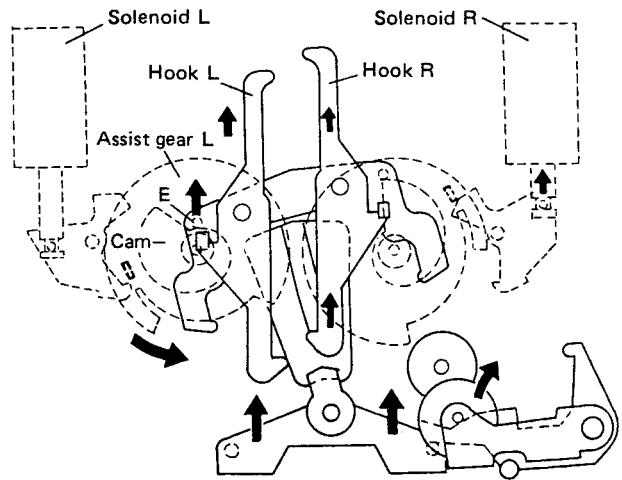


Fig. 1-14 PAUSE-PLAY operation 4

- When point E reaches the same height as point B, it stops. The head and pinch-roller at this point is shown in Fig. 1-15. Here, since the E point has reached the same height as the B point, the X point rises higher than that of the PAUSE status. Consequently, the head makes contact with the tape, and the tape is pinched between pinch-roller R and the capstan shaft, completing PLAY mode entry.

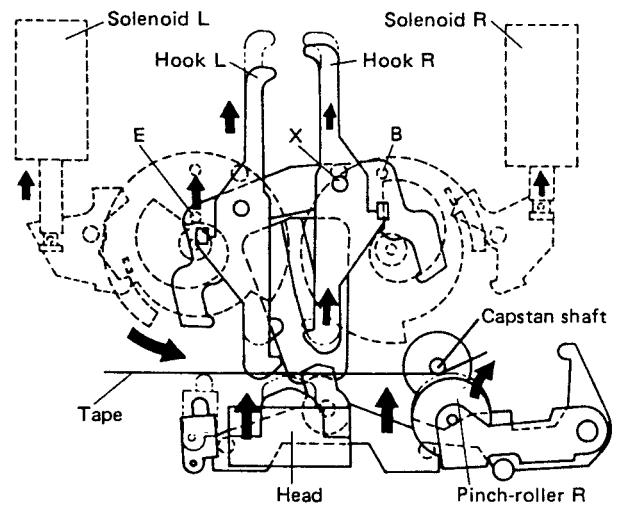


Fig. 1-15 PAUSE-PLAY operation 5

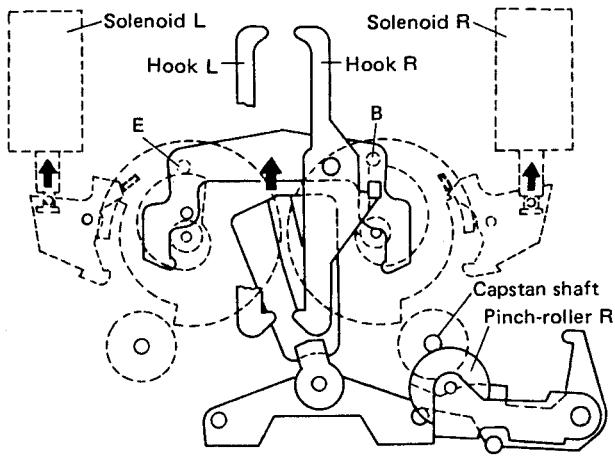


Fig. 1-16 PAUSE-PLAY operation 6

3. Direction Operation

Mechanism viewed from underneath

Mechanism is presently in STOP status

- Upon command transmission from PD6006, solenoid L turns ON (plunger retracted).
- The movement of the solenoid plunger causes the trigger lever L to disengage from the stopper, allowing assist gear L to start turning.

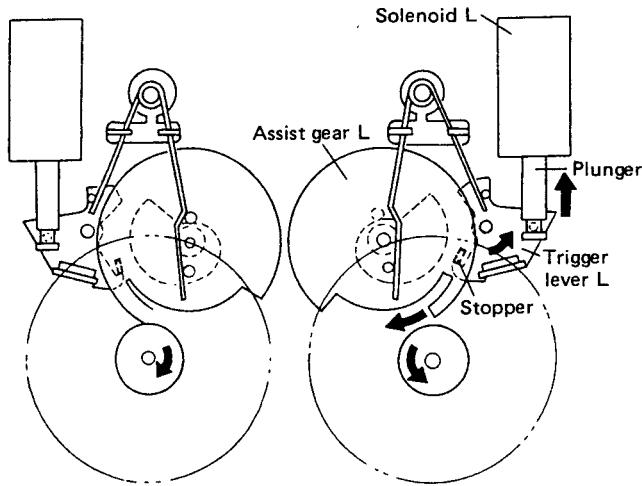


Fig. 1-17 DIRECTION operation 1

- Solenoid L then goes OFF, returning trigger lever L to its original position.
- Rotation of assist gear L is meshed with the sub-rotor.

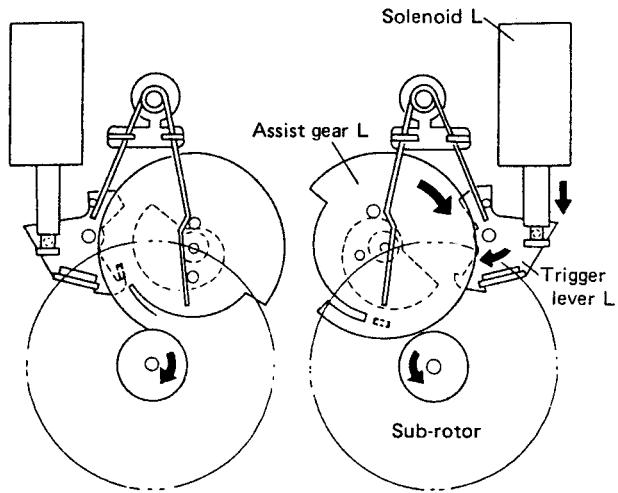


Fig. 1-18 DIRECTION operation 2

- After assist gear L has turned through about 3/4ths of a revolution, it disengages from the sub-rotor.
- When the sub-rotor and assist gear L become unmeshed, since the solenoid lever has already returned to its out position, spring tension is allowed to return the assist gear to its original position after making only one revolution. This completes the operation.

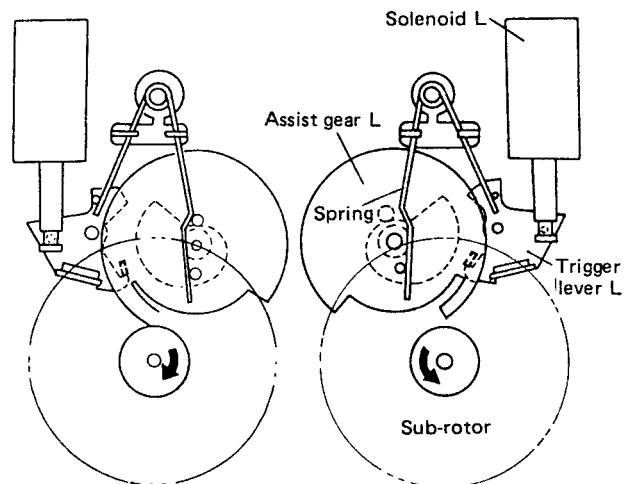


Fig. 1-19 DIRECTION operation 3

ADDITIONAL



Service Manual

ORDER NO.
ARP-220-0

STEREO CASSETTE TAPE DECK

CT-7R

CT-6R

- In CT-7R, a one-chip IC (PA3012) is incorporated in the Dolby NR circuit with the following Serial No.
For mechanical adjustments, please see the service manuals ART-667-0 and ARP-095.
- Ce manuel d'instruction se réfère au mode de réglage, en français.
- Este manual de servicio trata del método de ajuste escrito en español.

Type	Serial No.
KU	3635101 ~
KC	3401101 ~
HE	8405701 ~
HB	8500501 ~
HP	8600201 ~
D	9303301 ~
D/G	9304201 ~

- In CT-6R, a one-chip IC (PA3012) is incorporated in the Dolby NR circuit with the following Serial No.
For mechanical adjustments, please see the service manuals ART-671-0 and ARP-094.
- Ce manuel d'instruction se réfère au mode de réglage, en français.
- Este manual de servicio trata del método de ajuste escrito en español.

Type	Serial No.
KU	3655401 ~
KC	3402601 ~
HE	8411501 ~
HB	8501801 ~
HP	8600401 ~
D	9303201 ~
D/G	9302501 ~

H1 OR b

ELECTRICAL ADJUSTMENTS

Precaution

1. Mechanical adjustment should be completed.
2. Clean the following parts with an alcohol moistened swab; Record/Playback head, Pinch roller, Erase head, Rubber belts and Capstan.
3. Demagnetize record/playback head with a head demagnetizer.
4. Do not use magnetized screwdriver for adjustments.
5. Adjustment and measurements should be performed for both L-ch and R-ch with rated power supply voltage.
6. Adjustments should be performed in the order given in this service manual. Altering the order can hinder proper adjustments, resulting in loss of performance.
7. Level during measurements are based on $0\text{dBv}=1\text{V}$. Connect a $50\text{k}\Omega$ dummy resistor across the OUTPUT terminals.
8. Let the unit warm up (aging) for a few minutes before proceeding with the adjustment.
9. Set the DOLBY NR switch OFF unless directed otherwise.

Test Equipment/Tools Required:

1. Test tape
STD-341A for general playback purpose
STD-341A for playback adjustment
STD-608A NORMAL blank tape
STD-603 CrO₂ blank tape
STD-604 METAL blank tape
2. Audio oscillator
3. AC millivoltmeter (AC mV)
4. Attenuator
5. Oscilloscope
6. Resistor $50\text{k}\Omega$ (1/4W)

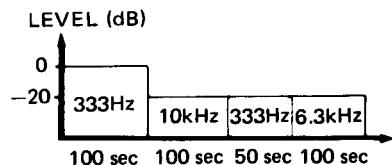


Fig. 1 Contents of the test tape STD-341A

HEAD AZIMUTH ADJUSTMENT

Setting:

- Mode Playback (FWD and REV)
Test tape STD-341A, 10kHz portion
AC mV meter OUTPUT terminals VR501, VR502 Max.

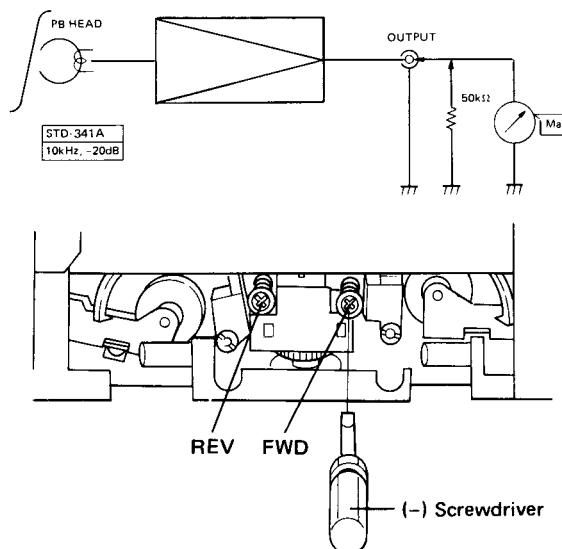


Fig. 2 Azimuth preadjustment

Procedure:

Play a tape in both forward and reverse directions. Adjust the head azimuth screw to the position of maximum output level.

TAPE TRANSPORT ADJUSTMENT

1. Load a mirror-equipped cassette half.
2. Set the DIRECTION switch to FORWARD and then the mode to PLAY.
3. Adjust the adjust nut ① so that no curling takes place on REC/PB head guide and erase head guide as shown in Fig. 3.
4. Set the DIRECTION switch to REVERSE.
5. Adjust the adjust nut ② so that no curling occurs on REC/PB head guide and erase head guide.
6. Play a tape in both FORWARD and REVERSE directions and check that no curling on tape is found.

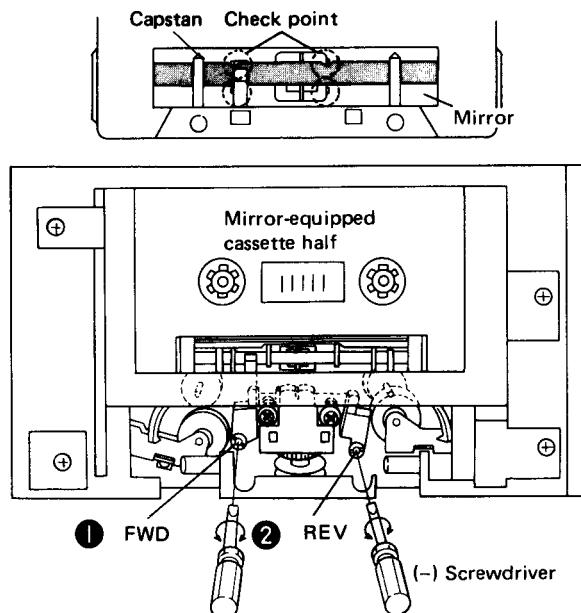


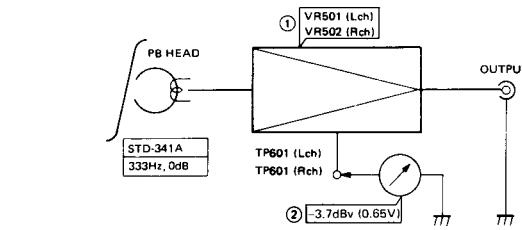
Fig. 3 Tape transport adjustment

PLAYBACK LEVEL ADJUSTMENT

Since this adjustment determines the DOLBY NR level during playback, it should be performed precisely.

Setting:

- Mode Playback (FWD)
- Test tape STD-341A, 333Hz 0dB portion
- AC mV meter TP601 of the DOLBY NR assembly L
TP601 of the DOLBY NR assembly R



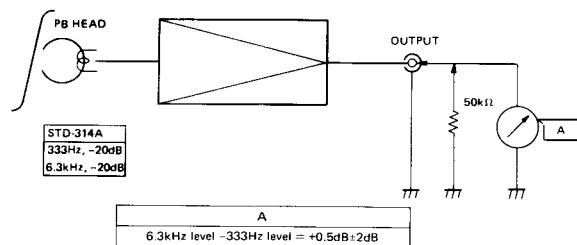
Procedure:

Adjust the VR501 (Lch) and VR502 (Rch) of the AMP assembly so that the AC mV meter reads -3.7dBv (0.65V).

PLAYBACK EQUALIZER CHECK

Setting:

- Mode Playback (FWD and REV)
- Test tape STD-341A, 333Hz and 6.3kHz portions
- AC mV meter OUTPUT terminals



Procedure:

Play the 333Hz and 6.3kHz portions of the test tape. Check that the difference between the two output levels does not exceed $+0.5dB \pm 2dB$.

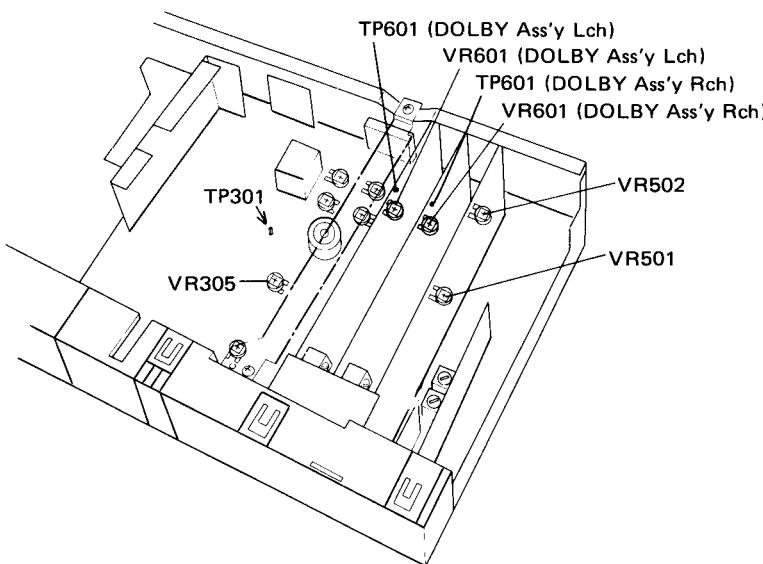


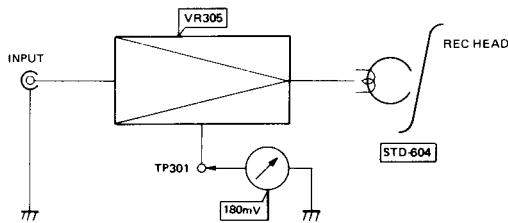
Fig. 4 Adjustment points

ERASURE CURRENT ADJUSTMENT

The adjustment procedure is the same for both the FWD and REV directions, but if there is a difference between the two indications, adjust so that the lower of the two erasure current indications is $180\text{mV}^{+0}_{-40}\text{mV}$.

Setting:

Mode Record
 INPUT Level Control Min.
 AC mV meter TP301 of the Mother assembly
 Test tape STD-604



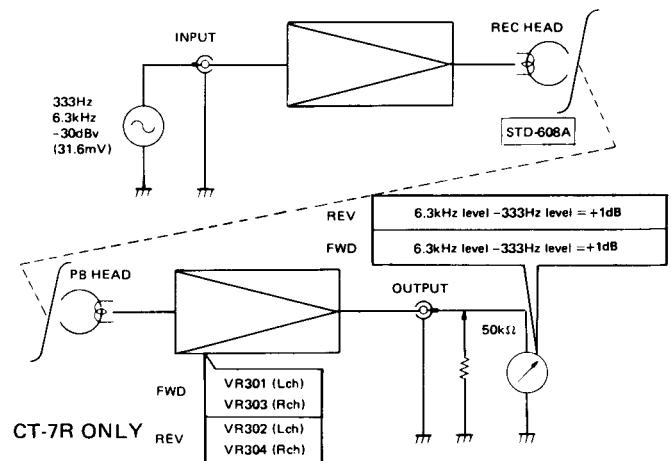
Procedure:

1. Set the unit to the FWD position and adjust the VR305 so that the AC mV meter reads 180mV.
2. Likewise, set the CT-7R to the REV position and confirm that AC mV meter reads $180\text{mV}^{+0}_{-40}\text{mV}$. CT-7R ONLY

RECORDING/PLAYBACK FREQUENCY RESPONSE ADJUSTMENT

Setting:

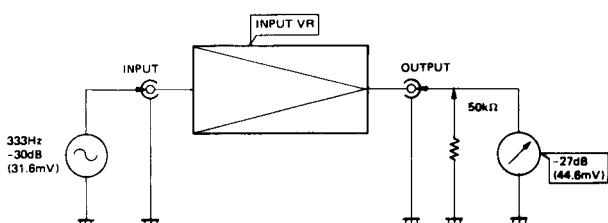
Mode Record
 Record/Playback
 Input Signal 333Hz, -30dBv
 (from INPUT)
 (31.6mV)
 6.3kHz, -30dBv
 (31.6mV)
 Test tape STD-608A
 AC mV meter OUTPUT terminals



Procedure:

1. Adjust the INPUT level control so that the AC mV meter reads -27dBv (44.6mV).
2. Set the unit to the FWD position and record and play back the input signals (333Hz and 6.3kHz) onto the STD-608A. Adjust the VR301 (Lch) and VR303 (Rch) so that the difference between two is +1dB.
3. Likewise, set the CT-7R to the REV position and record and play back the input signals (333Hz and 6.3kHz) onto the STD-608A. Then adjust the VR302 (Lch) and VR304 (Rch) so that the difference two outputs is +1dB. CT-7R ONLY

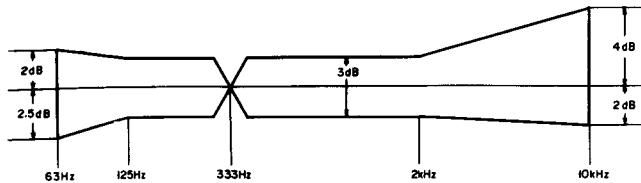
* As listed in the specifications in Fig. 5, check to see that performance meets specifications.



Frequency Response

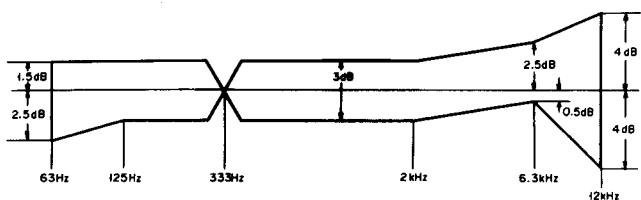
Using STD-341A with DOLBY NR OFF

However, the right channel is compensated by -1dB at 63Hz , and -0.5dB at 125Hz because of the insulation effect.

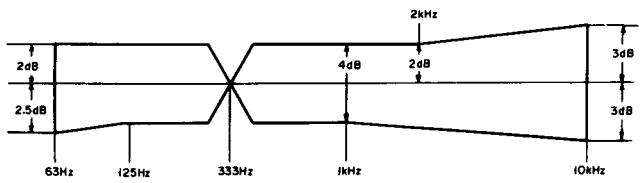


Overall Frequency Response

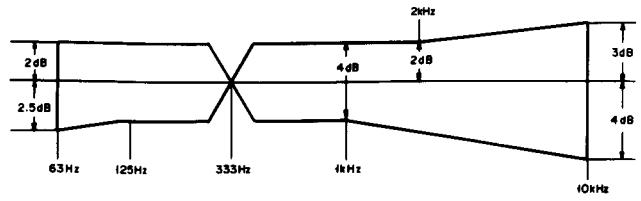
Using STD-608A with DOLBY NR OFF



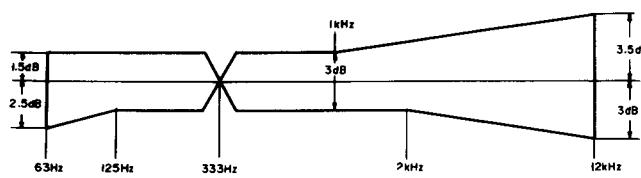
Using STD-608A with DOLBY NR ON (B type)



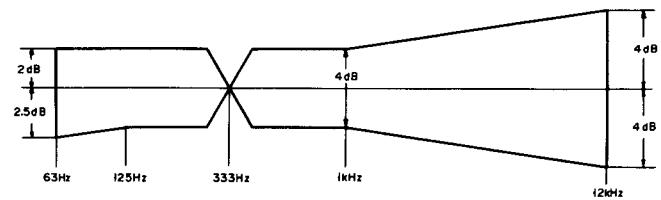
Using STD-608A with DOLBY NR ON (C type)



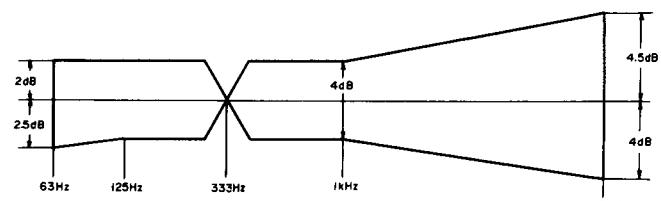
Using STD-603 with DOLBY NR OFF



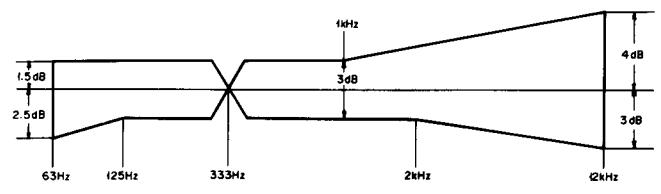
Using STD-603 with DOLBY NR ON (B type)



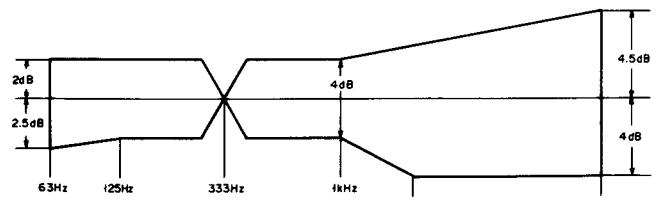
Using STD-603 with DOLBY NR ON (C type)



Using STD-604 with DOLBY NR OFF



Using STD-604 with DOLBY NR ON (B type)



Using STD-604 with DOLBY NR ON (C type)

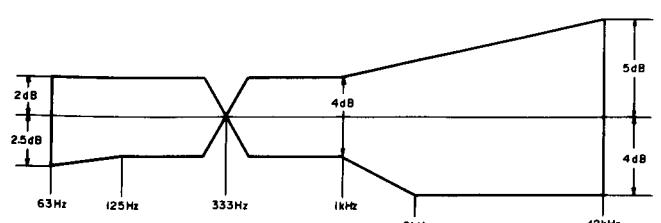
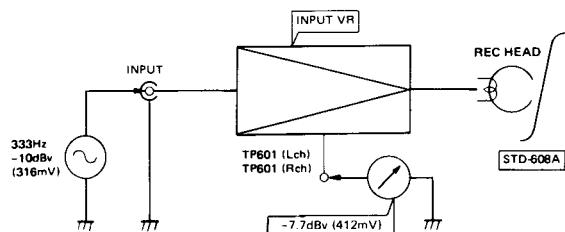


Fig. 5 Frequency response

RECORDING LEVEL ADJUSTMENT**Setting:**

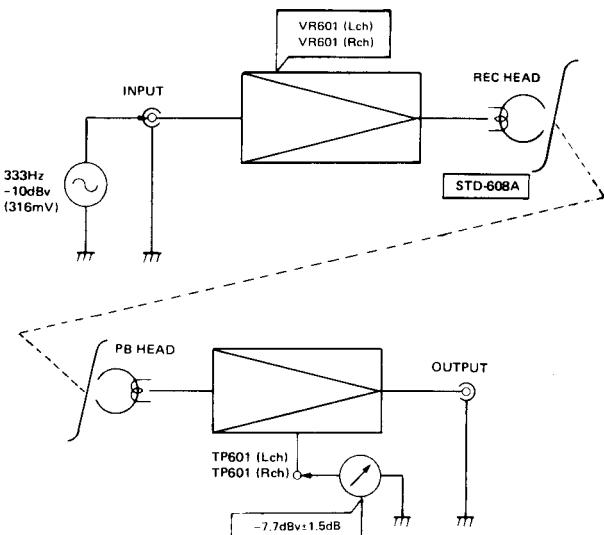
Mode	Record
	Record/Playback
Input Signal	333Hz, -10dBv (316mV)
(from INPUT)	
Test tape	STD-608A (NORM) STD-603 (CrO ₂) STD-604 (METAL)
AC mV meter	TP601 of the DOLBY NR assembly L TP601 of the DOLBY NR assembly R

**Procedure:**

1. Set the test tape STD-608A and adjust the INPUT level control so that the AC mV meter reads -7.7dBv (0.41V).
2. Set the DOLBY NR switch to ON position. Set the unit to the FWD position and record and play back the input signal onto the STD-608A. Adjust the VR601 (Lch) and VR601 (Rch) so that the AC mV meter reads -7.7dBv (0.41V).
3. Set the test tape STD-603 and DOLBY NR switch to the ON position and record and play back the input signal onto the STD-603. Confirm that the AC mV meter reads -7.7dBv ±1.5dB.
4. Set the test tape STD-604 and DOLBY NR switch to the ON position and record and play back the input signal onto the STD-604. Confirm that the AC mV meter reads -7.7dBv ±1.5dB.

LEVEL METER CHECK**Setting:**

MODE	Record pause
Input signal	333Hz, -10dBv (316mV)
(from INPUT)	
AC mV meter	TP601 of the DOLBY NR assembly L TP601 of the DOLBY NR assembly R

**Procedure:**

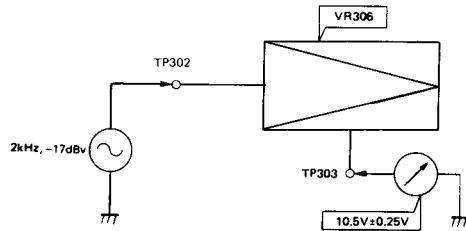
Adjust the INPUT level control so that the level meter reads 0 VU. Then check the AC mV meter reads -7.7dBv±2dB.

LEADER TAPE DETECT ADJUSTMENT (CT-7R ONLY)

Step 1.

Setting:

Mode Stop
 Input Signal 2kHz, -17dBv (0.4V P-P Sin wave) to TP302 of the Mother assembly
 DC mV meter TP303 of the Mother assembly



Procedure:

1. Remove the connector CN315 of the Mother assembly.
2. Adjust the VR306 so that the DC mV meter reads $10.5V \pm 0.25V$.
3. Return the connector CN315 to the original position.

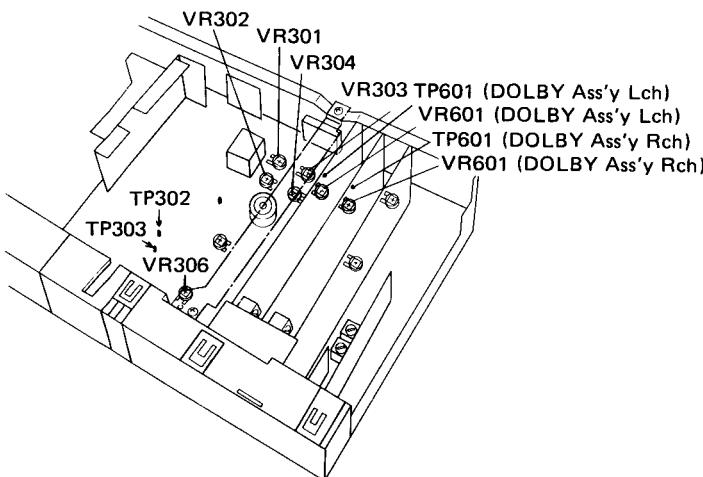
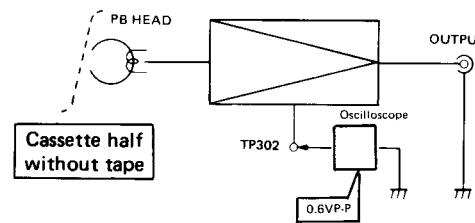


Fig. 6 Adjustment points

Step 2.

Setting:

Mode Playback
 Tape Cassette half without tape
 Oscilloscope TP302 of the Mother assembly



Procedure:

1. Confirm that the Oscilloscope reads -10dBv (0.6V P-P square wave).
2. If -10dBv is exceeded, bridge the section shown in Fig. 7 by soldering.

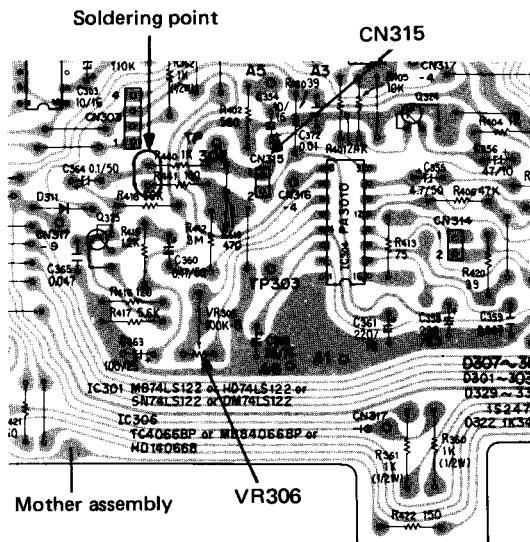


Fig. 7 Soldering point

RÉGLAGES ÉLECTRIQUES

Précautions

1. Les réglages mécaniques doivent être terminés.
2. Nettoyer les pièces suivantes à l'aide d'un bâtonnet imbibé d'alcool: tête d'enregistrement/lecture, galet presseur, tête d'effacement, courroies en caoutchouc et cabestan.
3. Démagnétiser la tête d'enregistrement/lecture à l'aide d'un démagnétiseur de tête.
4. Ne pas utiliser de tournevis magnétisé pour les réglages.
5. Les réglages et les mesures doivent être réalisés pour les canaux de gauche et de droite avec la tension d'alimentation nominale.
6. Les réglages doivent être effectués dans l'ordre indiqué dans ce manuel de service. Une modification de cet ordre peut empêcher la réalisation de réglages corrects et peut provoquer une baisse de performance.
7. Les niveaux en cours de mesure sont basés sur 0dBv = 1V. Raccorder une charge fictive de 50 kΩ entre les bornes de sortie (OUTPUT).
8. Laisser chauffer (vieillissement) le unité pendant quelques minutes avant de procéder aux réglages.
9. Placer le commutateur DOLBY NR sur OFF sauf indication contraire.

Equipements/outils d'essai requis

1. Bande d'essai
STD-331A Pour la reproduction générale.
STD-341A Pour le réglage de la reproduction
STD-608A Bande "NORMAL" vierge
STD-603 Bande "CrO₂" vierge
STD-604 Bande "METAL" vierge
2. Oscillateur BF
3. Millivoltmètre alternatif (mV CA)
4. Atténuateur
5. Oscilloscope
6. Résistance 50 kΩ (1/4W)

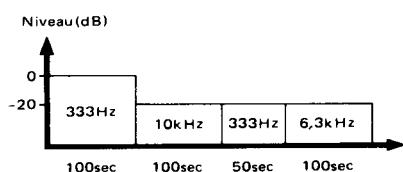


Fig. 1 Contenu de la bande d'essai STD-341A

RÉGLAGE DE L'AZIMUT DE TÊTE

Montage:

- Mode Lecture (FWD et REV)
Bande d'essai STD-341A, partie de 10kHz
Millivoltmètre Bornes de sortie alternatif OUTPUT
VR501, VR502 Maximum

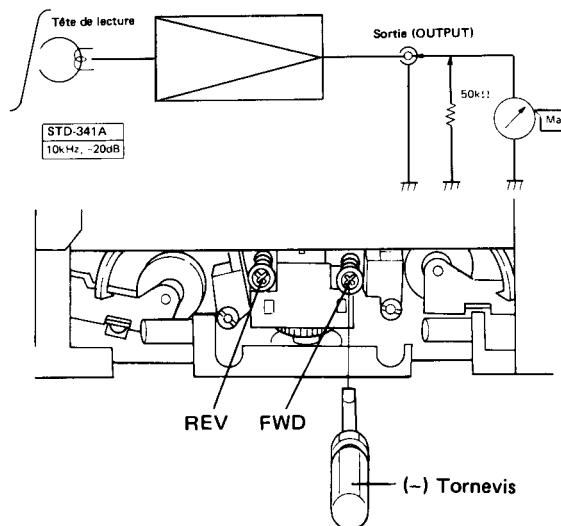


Fig. 2 Préréglage d'azimut

Procédure:

Lire la bande en sens avant et en sens arrière. Régler la vis d'azimut de tête sur la position donnant le niveau de sortie maximum.

RÉGLAGE DE L'ENTRAINEMENT DE LA BANDE

1. Charger une demi-cassette munie d'un miroir.
2. Placer le commutateur de DIRECTION sur la position FORWARD (avant) et le mode sur PLAY (lecture).
3. Régler l'écrou de réglage ① de manière à ce qu'aucune ondulation ne se produise sur la pièce de guidage de la tête d'enregistrement/lecture (REC/PB) ni sur le guide de la tête d'effacement, comme indiqué à la Fig. 3.
4. Placer le commutateur de DIRECTION sur la position REVERSE (arrière).
5. Régler l'écrou de réglage ② de manière à ce qu'aucune ondulation ne se produise sur le guide de la tête d'enregistrement/lecture (REC/PB) ni sur le guide de la tête d'effacement.
6. Faire défiler une bande en avant (FORWARD) et en arrière (REVERSE) et vérifier qu'aucune ondulation ne se produit.

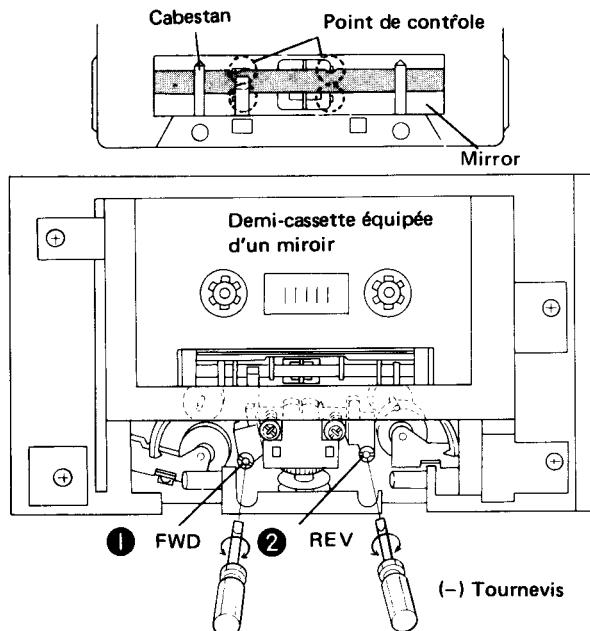


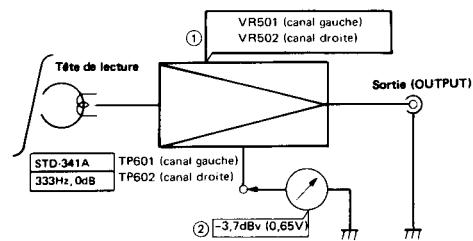
Fig. 3 Réglage de l'entraînement de la bande

RÉGLAGE DU NIVEAU DE LECTURE

Ce réglage doit être effectué avec précision car il détermine le niveau Dolby NR pendant la lecture.

Montage:

- Mode Lecture (avant (FWD))
- Bande d'essai STD-341A, partie de 333Hz, 0dB
- Millivoltmètre TP601 de l'ensemble Dolby NR de gauche (L)
TP601 de l'ensemble Dolby NR de droite (R)



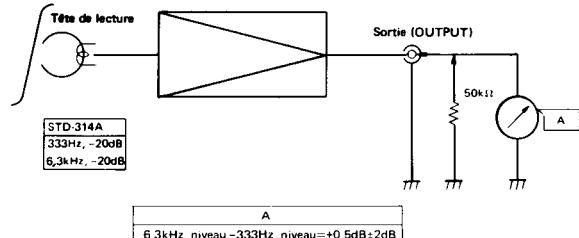
Procédure:

Régler VR501 (canal de gauche) et VR502 (canal de droite) de l'ensemble AMP, de manière à ce que le millivoltmètre alternatif indique -3,7dBv (0,65V).

CONTRÔLE DE L'EGALISEUR DE LECTURE

Montage:

- Mode Lecture (avant (FWD)) et arrière (REV)
- Bande d'essai STD-341A, parties de 333Hz et de 6,3kHz
- Millivoltmètre Bornes de sortie alternatif (OUTPUT)



Procédure:

Lire les parties 333Hz et 6,3kHz de la bande d'essai. Vérifier que la différence entre les deux niveaux de sortie ne dépasse pas +0,5dB ±2dB.

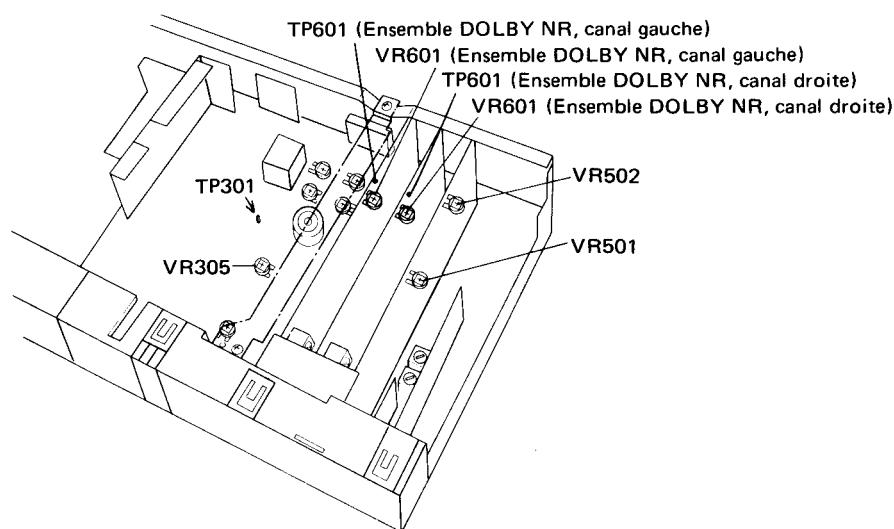
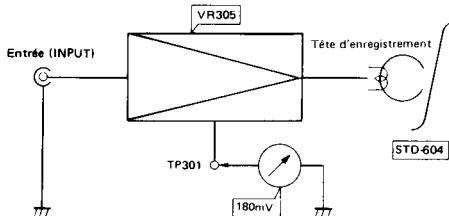


Fig. 4 Points de réglage

RÉGLAGE DU COURANT D'EFFACEMENT

La procédure de réglage est la même dans les deux directions, avant (FWD) et arrière (REV), mais les deux valeurs indiquées sont différentes. Le réglage doit être effectué de manière à ce que le plus faible des deux courants d'effacement soit de $180\text{mV}^{+0}_{-40}\text{mV}$.



Montage:

Mode Enregistrement
 Réglage du niveau
 d'entrée (INPUT) Minimum
 Millivoltmètre
 alternatif TP301 de l'ensemble
 principal
 Bande d'essai STD-604

Procédure:

1. Régler le unité sur la position de défilement avant (FWD) et régler VR305 de manière à ce que le millivoltmètre alternatif indique 180mV.
2. De la même manière, régler le CT-7R sur la position de défilement arrière (REV) et vérifier que le millivoltmètre alternatif indique 180mV $+0_{-40}\text{mV}$.
CT-7R seulement

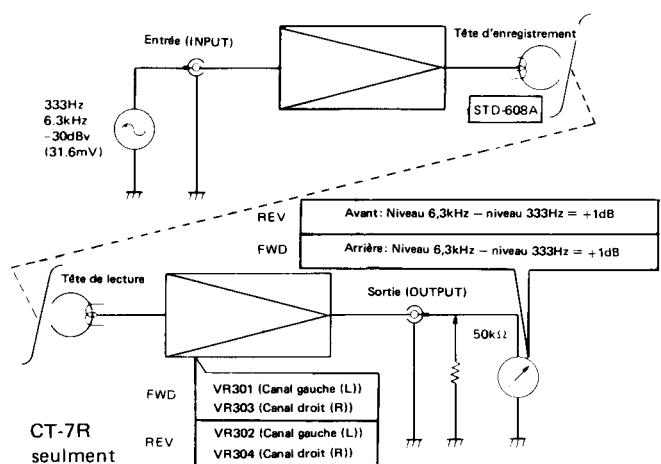
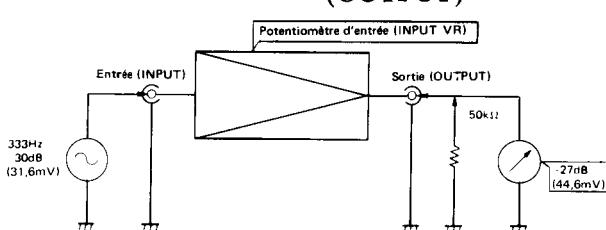
RÉGLAGE DE LA REPONSE EN FREQUENCE D'ENREGISTREMENT/LECTURE

Montage:

Mode Enregistrement
 Enregistrement/lecture
 Signal d'entrée
 (à INPUT) 333Hz, -30dBv
 (31,6mV)
 6,3kHz, 30dBv
 (31,6mV)

Bande d'essai STD-608A

Millivoltmètre
 alternatif Bornes de sortie
 (OUTPUT)



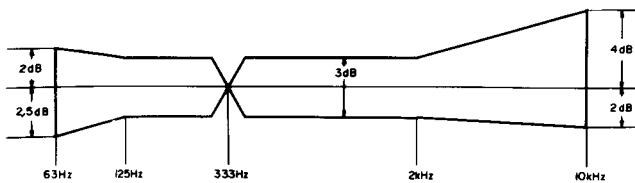
Procédure:

1. Régler le niveau d'entrée (INPUT) de manière à ce que le millivoltmètre alternatif indique -27dBv (44,6mV).
2. Placer le unite en position de défilement avant (FWD) puis enregistrer et lire les signaux d'entrée (333Hz et, 6,3kHz) sur STD-608A. Régler VR301 (canal de gauche (L)) et VR303 (canal de droite (R)), de manière à ce que la la différence entre les deux soit de +1dB.
3. De la même manière, placer le CT-7R en position de défilement arrière (REV) puis enregistrer les signaux d'entrée (333Hz et 6,3kHz) sur STD-608A. Régler VR302 (canal de gauche) et VR304 (canal de droite), de manière à ce que la différence entre les deux sorties soit de +1dB.
CT-7R seulement

* Comme indiqué dans les spécifications de la Fig. 5, vérifier que les performances correspondent aux spécifications.

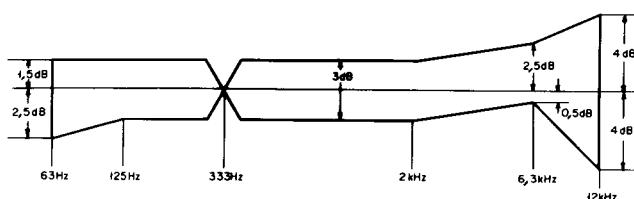
Réponse en fréquence

Utilisation de STD-341A, avec Dolby NR DECLENCHE
A cause de l'effet d'isolement, le canal de droite est compensé de -1dB à 63Hz et de -0,5dB à 125Hz.

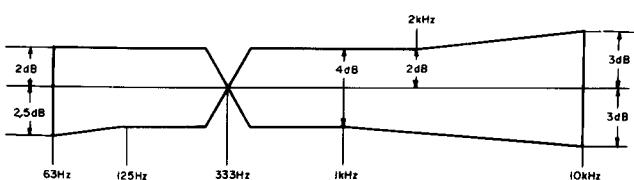


Réponse en fréquence globale

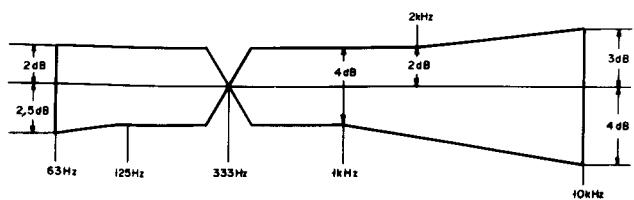
Utilisation de STD-608A, avec Dolby NR DECLENCHE



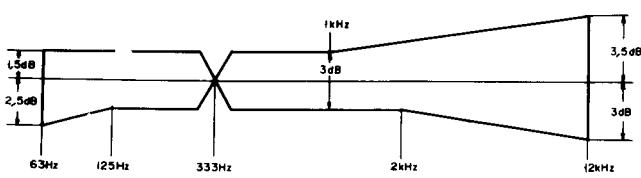
Utilisation de STD-608A, avec Dolby NR ENCLENCHÉ (type B)



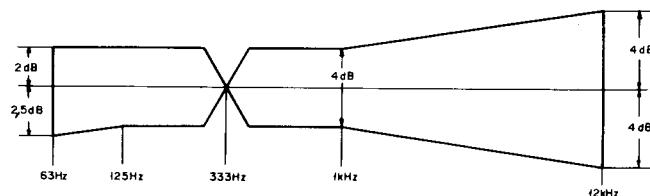
Utilisation de STD-608A, avec Dolby NR ENCLENCHÉ (type C)



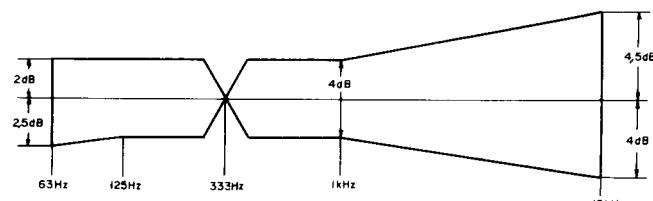
Utilisation de STD-603, avec Dolby NR DECLENCHÉ



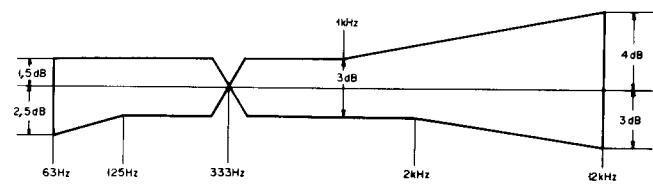
Utilisation de STD-603, avec Dolby NR ENCLENCHÉ (type B)



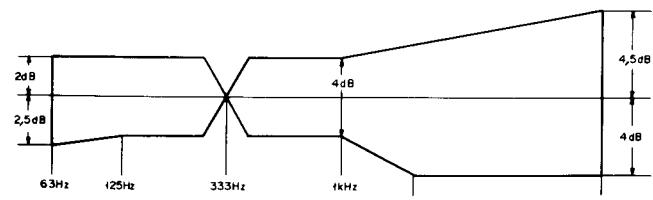
Utilisation de STD-603, avec Dolby NR ENCLENCHÉ (type C)



Utilisation de STD-604, avec Dolby NR DECLENCHÉ



Utilisation de STD-604, avec Dolby NR ENCLENCHÉ (type B)



Utilisation de STD-604, avec Dolby NR ENCLENCHÉ (type C)

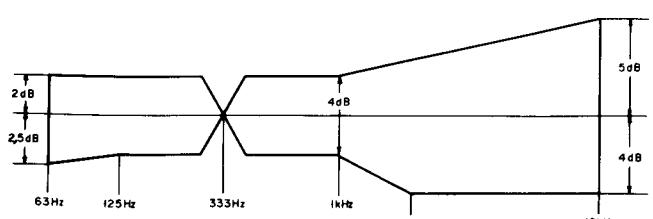
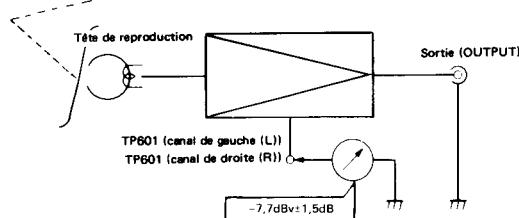
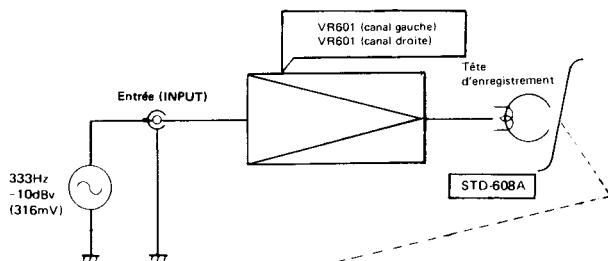
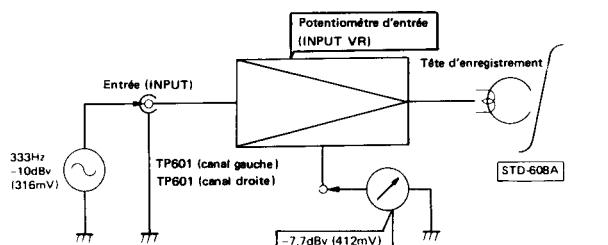


Fig. 5 Réponse en fréquence

RÉGLAGE DU NIVEAU D'ENREGISTREMENT

Montage:

Mode	Enregistrement Enregistrement/lecture
Signal d'entrée (à INPUT)	333Hz, -10dBv (316mV)
Bande d'essai	STD-608A (NORM) STD-603 (CrO ₂) STD-604 (METAL)
Millivoltmètre alternatif	TP601 de l'ensemble Dolby NR de gauche TP601 de l'ensemble Dolby NR de droite



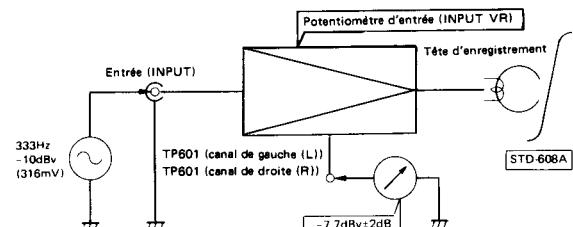
Procédure:

1. Installer la bande d'essai STD-608A et régler le niveau d'entrée (INPUT) de manière à ce que le millivoltmètre alternatif indique -7,7dBv (0,41V).
2. Placer le commutateur Dolby NR sur la position ON (enclenché). Placer le unité en position de défilement avant (FWD) puis enregistrer et lire le signal d'entrée sur STD-608A. Régler VR601 (canal de gauche) et VR601 (canal de droite) de manière à ce que le millivoltmètre alternatif indique -7,7dBv (0,41V).
3. Installer la bande d'essai STD-603 et placer le commutateur Dolby NR sur la position ON (enclenché), puis enregistrer et lire le signal d'entrée sur STD-603. Vérifier que le millivoltmètre alternatif indique -7,7dBv ±1,5dB.
4. Installer la bande d'essai STD-604 et placer le commutateur Dolby NR sur la position ON (enclenché), puis enregistrer et lire le signal d'entrée sur STD-604. Vérifier que le millivoltmètre alternatif indique -7,7dB ±1,5dB.

CONTRÔLE DE L'INDICATEUR DE NIVEAU

Montage:

Mode	Enregistrement/pause
Signal d'entrée (à INPUT)	333Hz, 10dBv (316mV)
Millivoltmètre alternatif	TP601 de l'ensemble Dolby NR de gauche TP601 de l'ensemble Dolby NR de droite



Procédure:

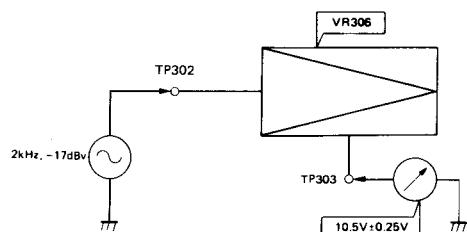
Régler le niveau d'entrée (INPUT) de manière à ce que l'indicateur de niveau affiche 0 VU. Contrôler alors que le millivoltmètre alternatif indique -7,7dBv±2dB.

RÉGLAGE DE LA DETECTION D'AMORCE (CT-7R seul)

Etape 1.

Montage:

- Mode Arrêt (STOP)
 Signal d'entrée 2kHz, -17dBv
 (onde sinusoïdale de 0,4Vc-c) à TP302 de l'ensemble principal
 Millivoltmètre continu TP303 de l'ensemble principal



Procédure:

1. Retirer le connecteur CN315 de l'ensemble principal.
2. Régler VR306 de manière à ce que le millivoltmètre continu indique $10,5V \pm 0,25V$.
3. Remettre le connecteur CN315 à sa position originale.

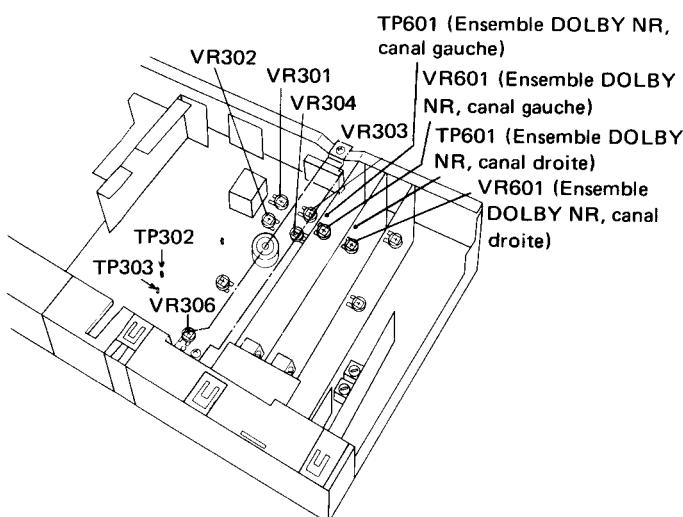
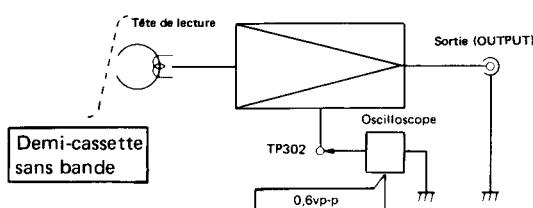


Fig. 6 Points de réglage

Etape 2.

Montage:

- Mode Lecture
 Bande Demi-cassette sans bande
 Oscilloscope TP302 de l'ensemble principal



Procédure:

1. Vérifier que le oscilloscope indique -10dBv (onde carrée de 0,6Vc-c).
2. Si la valeur -10dBv est dépassée, ponter par soudure la partie indiquée à la Fig. 7.

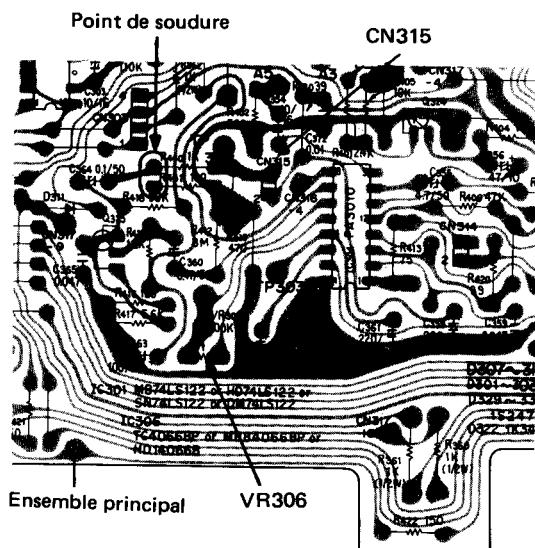


Fig. 7 Point de soudure

AJUSTES ELÉCTRICOS

Precauciones

1. Deberán completarse los ajustes mecánicos.
2. Limpiar las partes siguientes con algodón humedecido en alcohol: cabeza de grabación/reproducción, rodillo de arrastre, cabeza de borrado, correas de goma y eje de arrastre.
3. Desmagnetizar la cabeza de grabación/reproducción con un desmagnetizador de cabezas.
4. No utilizar destornilladores magnetizados para los ajustes.
5. Los ajustes y las mediciones deberán realizarse para la tensión nominal de suministro de los canales izquierdo y derecho.
6. Los ajustes deberán realizarse en el orden dado en este manual de servicio. Si se altera el orden los ajustes pueden resultar inútiles, dando como resultado una pérdida de rendimiento.
7. El nivel durante las mediciones se basa en 0dBv = 1V. Conectar un resistor ficticio de 50Kohmios a los terminales de salida (OUTPUT).
8. Dejar que la unidad se precaliente durante algunos minutos antes de proceder con el ajuste.
9. Poner el interruptor de reducción de ruido Dolby (DOLBY NR) en la posición OFF a menos de que se diga otra cosa.

Equipos/herramientas de pruebas requeridos:

1. Cinta de prueba
STD-331A Para el propósito de reproducción general.
STD-341A para el ajuste de reproducción
STD-608A cinta NORMAL en blanco
STD-603 cinta CrO₂ en blanco
STD-604 cinta de METAL en blanco
2. Oscilador sonoro
3. Milivoltímetro de CA (AC mV)
4. Atenuador
5. Osciloscopio
6. Resistor de 50Kohmios (1/4W)

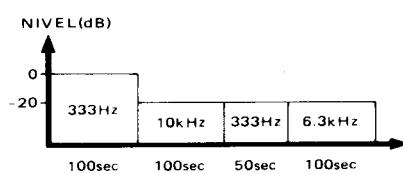


Fig. 1 Contenido de la cinta de prueba STD-341A

AJUSTE DEL AZIMUT DE LA CABEZA

Ajuste:

Modo Reproducción (FWD y REV)
Cinta de prueba STD-341A, parte de 10kHz
Voltímetro de CA Terminales OUTPUT (escala de mV)
VR501, VR502 Máx.

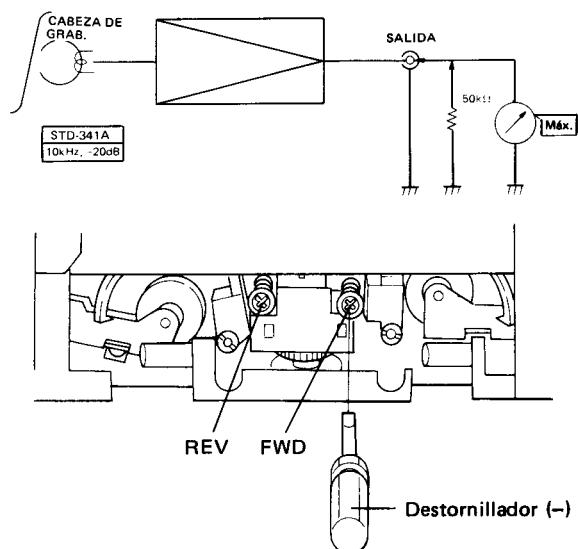


Fig. 2 Preajuste del azimut

Procedimiento:

Poner una cinta en reproducción en ambas direcciones, de ida y retorno. Ajustar el tornillo del azimut de la cabeza hasta la posición que ofrezca el mayor nivel de salida.

AJUSTE DEL TRANSPORTE DE LA CINTA

1. Insertar un casete provisto de espejo.
2. Poner el selector DIRECTION en la posición FORWARD y el de modo en PLAY.
3. Ajustar la tuerca de ajuste ① de modo que no oscile la quía de la cabeza REC/PB ni la quía de la cabeza de borrado como muestra la figura 3.
4. Poner el selector DIRECTION en la posición REVERSE.
5. Ajustar la tuerca de ajuste ② de modo que no oscile la quía de la cabeza REC/PB ni la quía de la cabeza de borrado.
6. Poner la cinta en reproducción en ambas direcciones, de ida y retorno, y comprobar que no ocurra oscilación en la cinta.

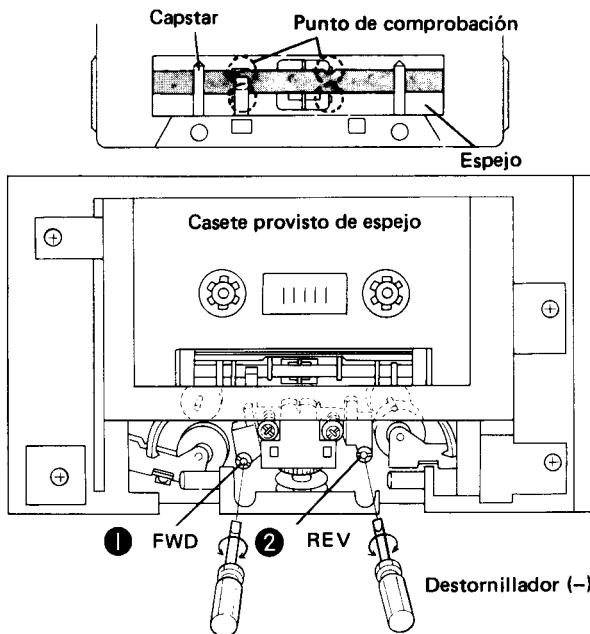


Fig. 3 Ajuste del transporte de la cinta

AJUSTE DEL NIVEL DE REPRODUCCION

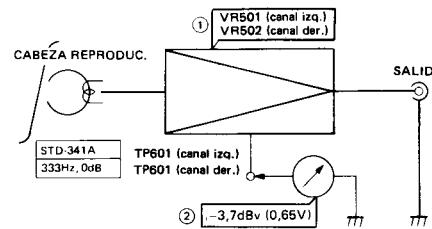
Puesto que este ajuste determina el nivel de reducción de ruido DOLBY de grabación, deberá realizarse de modo preciso.

Ajuste:

Modo Reproducción (FWD)

Cinta de prueba STD-341A, posición
333Hz, 0dB

Voltímetro de CA TP601 del conjunto L
(escala de mV)
TP601 del conjunto R
de DOLBY NR

**Procedimiento:**

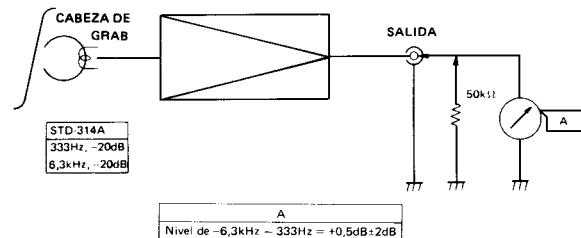
Ajustar el VR501 (canal izq.) y el VR502 (canal der.) del conjunto del AMP de modo que el voltímetro de CA indique -3,7dBv (0,65V).

COMPROBACIÓN DEL ECUALIZADOR DE REPRODUCCIÓN**Ajuste:**

Modo Reproducción (FWD y REV)

Cinta de prueba STD-341A, posiciones
333Hz y 6,3kHz

Voltímetro de CA Terminales OUTPUT
(escala de mV)

**Procedimiento:**

Poner en reproducción la cinta de prueba en las posiciones de 333Hz y 6,3kHz. Comprobar que la diferencia entre los dos niveles de salida no sobrepase +0,5dB ± 2dB.

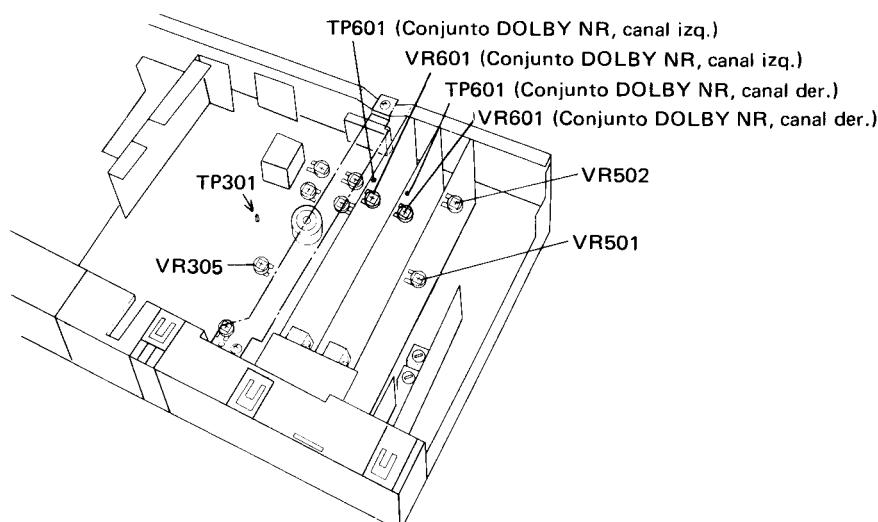


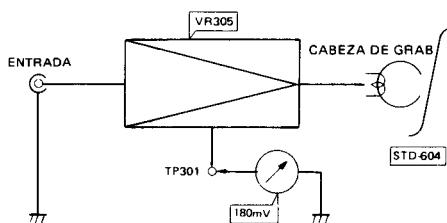
Fig. 4 Puntos de ajuste

AJUSTE DE LA CORRIENTE DE BORRADO

El procedimiento de ajuste es el mismo para ambas direcciones, FWD y REV, pero si existe alguna diferencia entre las dos indicaciones, ajustar de modo que la inferior de ellas sea $180 \text{ mV} \pm 0.40 \text{ mV}$.

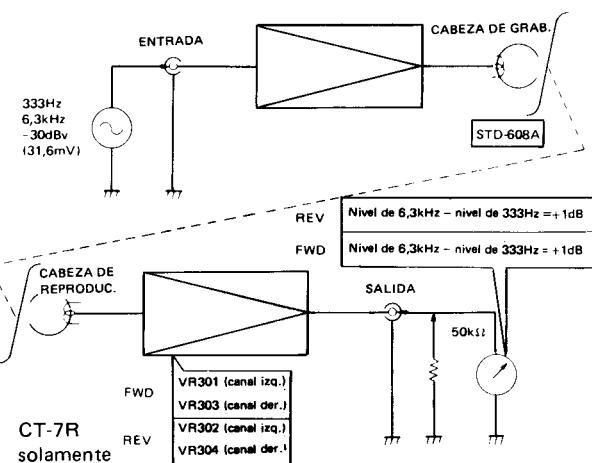
Ajuste:

Modo Grabación
 Control del nivel Min.
 de entrada
 Voltímetro de CA TP301 del conjunto
 (escala de mV) principal
 Cinta de prueba STD-604



Procedimiento:

1. Ajustar el unidad en la posición FWD y el VR-305 de modo que el voltímetro de CA indique 180 mV.
 2. De igual forma, ajustar el CT-7R en la posición REV y confirmar que el voltímetro de CA indique $180 \text{ mV} \pm 0.40 \text{ mV}$.
- CT-7R solamente



Procedimiento:

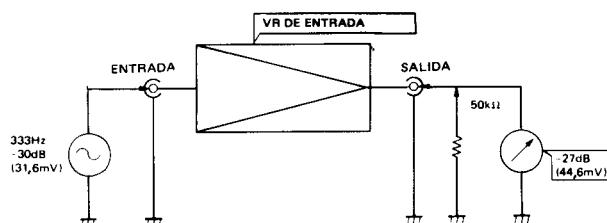
1. Ajustar el control de nivel de entrada de modo que el voltímetro de CA indique -27 dBv (44.6 mV).
 2. Ajustar el unidad en la posición FWD y grabar y reproducir señales de entrada (333Hz y 6.3kHz) en la STD-608A. Ajustar el VR301 (canal izq.) y el VR303 (canal der.) de modo que la diferencia entre ambos sea de $+1 \text{ dB}$.
 3. De igual forma ajustar el CT-7R en la posición REV y grabar y reproducir señales de entrada (333Hz y 6.3kHz) en la STD-608A. Despues, ajustar el VR302 (canal izq.) y el VR304 (canal der.) de modo que la diferencia entre las dos salidas sea de $+1 \text{ dB}$.
- CT-7R solamente

* Como indica en las especificaciones de la figura 5, comprobar que el rendimiento satisfaga dichas especificaciones.

AJUSTE DE LA RESPUESTA EN FRECUENCIA DE GRABACIÓN/REPRODUCCIÓN

Ajuste:

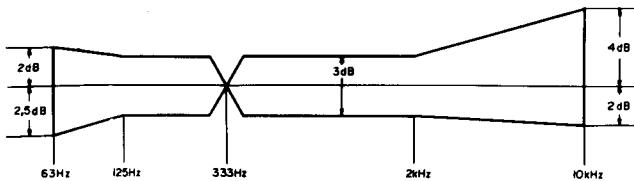
Modo Grabación
 Grabación/reproducción
 Señal de entrada 333Hz, -30 dBv
 (desde INPUT) (31.6 mV)
 6.3kHz, -30 dBv
 (31.6 mV)
 Cinta de prueba STD-608A
 Voltímetro de CA Terminales OUTPUT
 (escala mV)



Respuesta en frecuencia

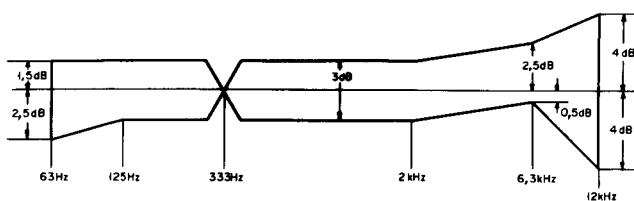
Utilizando la STD-341A con el interruptor DOLBY NR en la posición OFF.

El canal izquierdo se compensa en -1dB a 63Hz y a -0,5 a 125Hz debido al efecto de aislamiento.

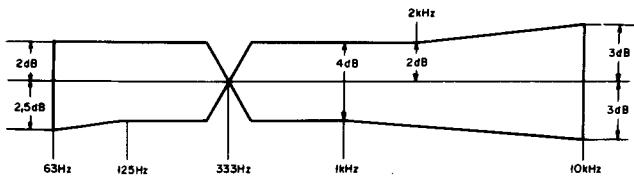


Repuesta global en frecuencia

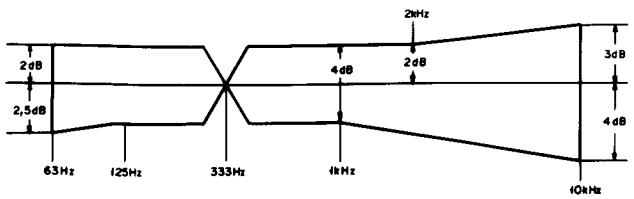
Utilizando la STD-608A con el interruptor DOLBY NR en la posición OFF.



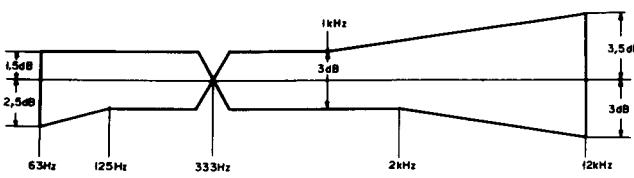
Utilizando la STD-608A con el interruptor DOLBY NR en la posición ON (tipo B).



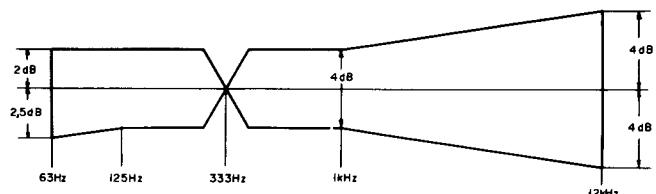
Utilizando la STD-608A con el interruptor DOLBY NR en la posición ON (tipo C).



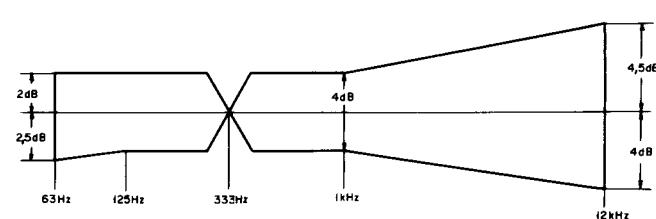
Utilizando la STD-603 con el interruptor DOLBY NR en la posición OFF.



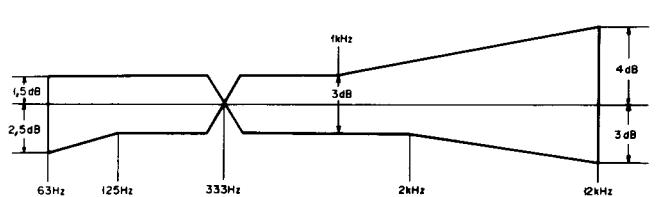
Utilizando la STD-603 con el interruptor DOLBY NR en la posición ON (tipo B).



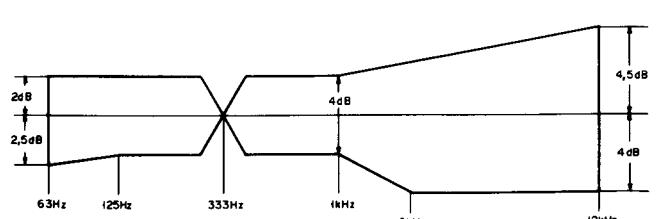
Utilizando la STD-603 con el interruptor DOLBY NR en la posición ON (tipo C).



Utilizando la STD-604 con el interruptor DOLBY NR en la posición OFF.



Utilizando la STD-604 con el interruptor DOLBY NR en la posición ON (tipo B).



Utilizando la STD-604 con el interruptor DOLBY NR en la posición ON (tipo C).

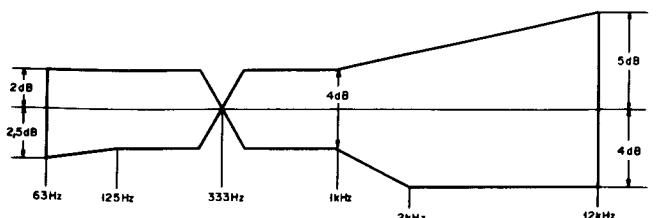
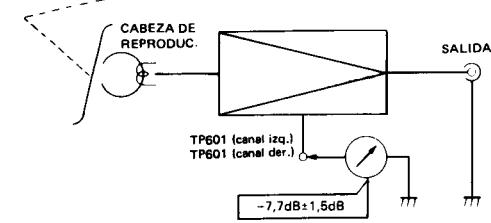
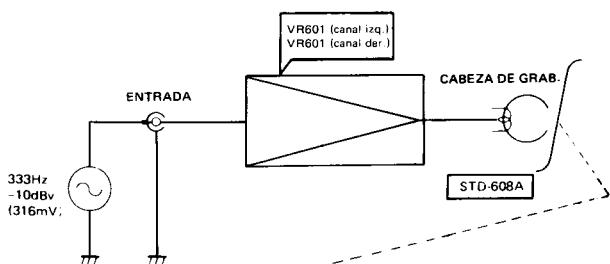
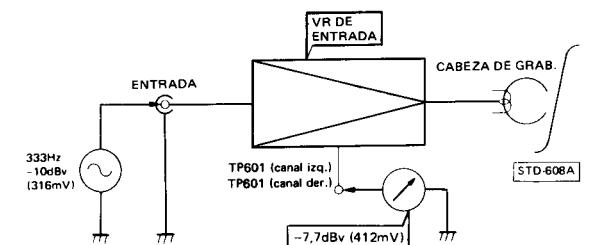


Fig. 5 Respuesta en frecuencia

AJUSTE DEL NIVEL DE GRABACIÓN**Ajuste:**

Modo	Grabación
Señal de entrada	Grabación/reproducción 333Hz, -10dBv (316 mV)
Cinta de prueba	STD-608A (NORM) STD-603 (CrO ₂) STD-604 (METAL)
Voltímetro de CA (escala de mV)	TP601 del conjunto L de DOLBY NR TP601 del conjunto R de DOLBY NR

**Procedimiento:**

1. Poner la cinta de prueba STD-608A y ajustar el control de nivel de entrada (INPUT) de modo que el voltímetro de CA indique -7,7dBv (0,41V).
2. Poner el interruptor DOLBY NR en la posición ON. Ajustar el unidad en la posición FWD y grabar y reproducir señales de entrada en la STD-608A. Ajustar el VR601 (canal izq.) y el VR601 (canal der.) de modo que el voltímetro indique -7,7dBv (0,41V).
3. Poner la cinta de prueba STD-603 y el interruptor DOLBY NR en la posición ON y el grabar y reproducir señales de entrada en la STD-603. Confirmar que el voltímetro de CA indique -7,7dBv±1,5dB.
4. Poner la cinta de prueba STD-604 y el interruptor DOLBY NR en la posición ON y grabar y reproducir señales de entrada en la STD-604. Confirmar que el voltímetro de CA indique -7,7dBv±1,5dB.

COMPROBACIÓN DEL MEDIDOR DE NIVEL**Ajuste:**

Modo	Pausa de grabación
Señal de entrada	333Hz, -10dBv (316 mV)
Voltímetro de CA (escala mV)	TP601 del conjunto L de DOLBY NR TP601 del conjunto R de DOLBY NR

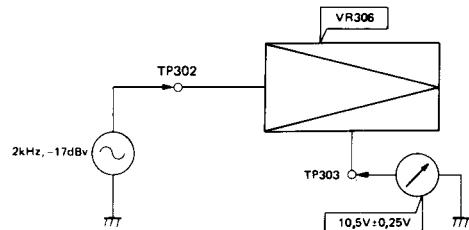
Procedimiento:

Ajustar el control de nivel de entrada (INPUT) de modo que el medidor de nivel indique 0 VU. Después comprobar que el voltímetro de CA indique -7,7dBv ± 2dB.

AJUSTE DE DETECCIÓN DE LA CINTA GUÍA (CT-7R solamente)

Ajuste.

- Modo Parada
 Señal de entrada 2kHz, -17dBv(0,4V P-P,
 onda senoidal) a TP302
 del conjunto principal
 Voltímetro de CA TP303 del conjunto
 principal (escala mV)



Procedimiento:

1. Extraer el conector CN315 del conjunto principal.
2. Ajustar el VR306 de modo que el voltímetro de CA indique $10.5V \pm 0.25V$.
3. Volver a poner el conector CN315 en su posición original.

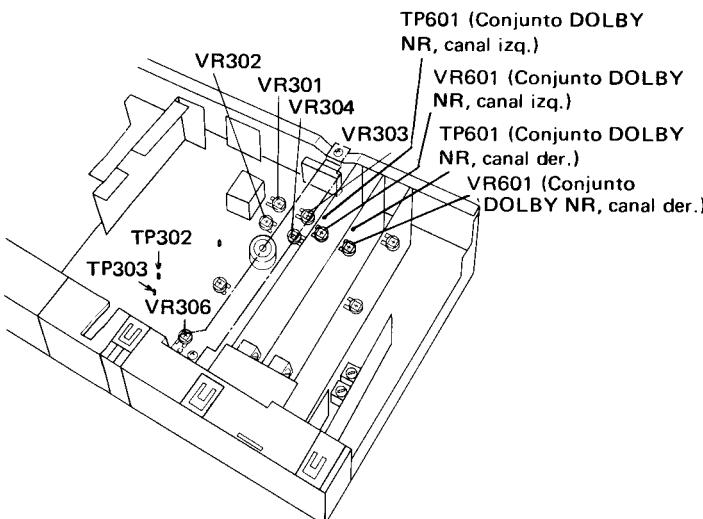
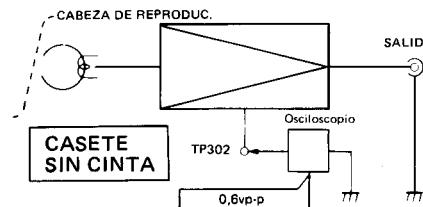


Fig. 6 Puntos de ajuste

Paso 2.

Ajuste:

- Modo Reproducción
 Cinta Casete sin cinta
 Osciloscopio TP302 del conjunto principal



Procedimiento:

1. Confirmar que el osciloscopio indique -10dBv (0,6V P-P, onda cuadrada).
2. Si se sobrepasan los 10dBv, puentear la sección mostrada en la figura 7 mediante soldadura.

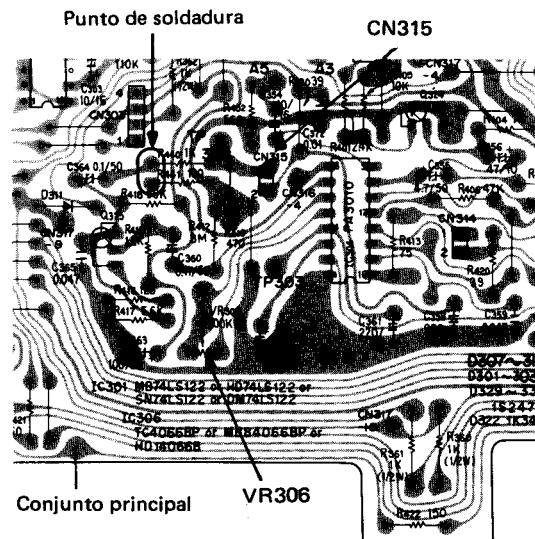


Fig. 12-7 Punto de soldadura