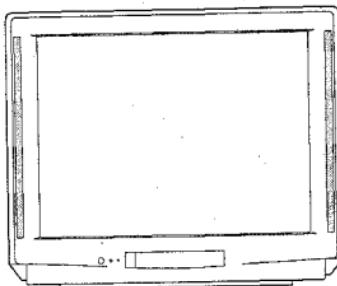




Service Manual

COLOUR TV



MODEL

**CT-29AS1EDT
CT-29AS1ESDT
CT-29AS1EST
CT-29AS1EST(Y)**

CAUTION

Before servicing this chassis, it is important that the service person reads the "SAFETY PRECAUTIONS" in this service manual.

SPECIFICATIONS

• Power Input	: AC 230V; 50Hz	• Speaker	: 80mm x 120mm Oval type, 2pcs.
• Power Consumption	: [CT-29AS1EST(Y)] 112W [CT-29AS1EDT, CT-29AS1EST] 123W [CT-29AS1ESDT] 128W	• Chassis	: E-16
		• Picture tube	: A68EEH038X301
		• Cabinet Dimensions	: 692 (W) X 580 (H) X 484 (D) mm
		• Weight(Approx.)	: 41kg
• Reception System	: CCIR-I, B/G, L, D/K		
• Colour System	: PAL, SECAM, 3.58 & 4.43 NTSC		
• Reception Frequency	: VHF 47~470MHz UHF 470~862MHz		
• Aerial Input	: 75Ω		

- Weight and dimensions shown are approximate.
- Design and specifications are subject to change without notice.



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SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

NOTICE: Observe all cautions and safety related notes located inside the receiver cabinet and on the receiver chassis.

WARNING

1. An isolation transformer should be used between the television receiver and the AC supply point before any test/service is performed on a LIVE chassis television receiver.
2. Operation of these receivers outside the cabinet or with the cover removed, involves a shock hazard from the receiver power supplies. Work on the receiver should not be attempted by anyone who is not thoroughly familiar with precautions necessary when working on high voltage equipment.
3. Do not install, remove or handle the picture tube in any manner unless shatter-proof goggles are worn. People not so equipped should be kept away while the picture tube is being handled. Keep the picture tube away from the body while handling.
4. When service is required, observe the original lead dressing. Extra precaution should be given to assure correct lead dressing in the high voltage area. Where a short-circuit has occurred, replace those components that indicate evidence of overheating.

X-RADIATION WARNING

Under fault condition the surface of the cathode ray tube may generate X-Radiation. As a precaution during service, and if possible, the use of a lead apron is recommended for shielding while handling.
When replacing the cathode ray tube use only the designated replacement part since it is a critical component with regard to X-Radiation as noted above (No high-voltage adjustments are provided).

LEAKAGE CURRENT COLD CHECK

Before returning the receiver to the customer, it is recommended that leakage current be measured according to the following methods.

With the AC plug removed from the AC source, place a jumper across the two AC plug prongs. Turn the receiver AC switch on. Using an 500V D.C Insulation Tester, connect one lead to the jumpered AC plug and touch the other lead to each exposed metal part (antennas, screwheads, etc.), particularly any exposed metal part having a return path to the chassis. Exposed metal parts having a return path to the chassis should have a minimum resistance reading of 4 meg ohm. Any resistance below this value indicates an abnormality which requires corrective action.

CONTROLS AND CABINET PARTS

CONTROLS LOCATIONS

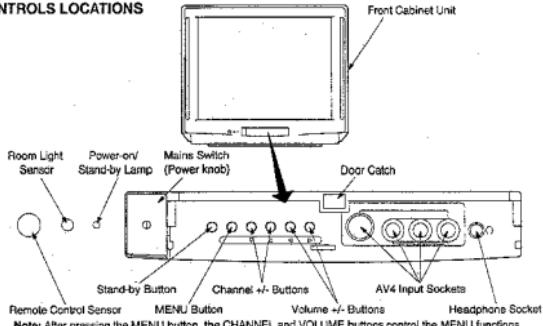


Fig. 1-1

BACK PANEL

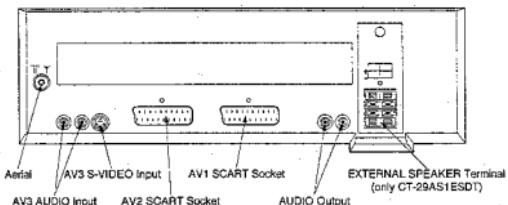


Fig. 1-2

SCART SOCKET CONNECTORS



Fig. 1-3

MODE	AV1	AV2	MODE	AV1	AV2
PIN			PIN		
1	AUDIO OUT R		12	NOT CONNECTED	
2	AUDIO IN R		13	RED EARTH	EARTH
3	AUDIO OUT L		14	BLANKING EARTH	EARTH
4	AUDIO EARTH		15	RED IN	NOT CONNECTED
5	BLUE EARTH	EARTH	16	RGB STATUS (BLANKING)	NOT CONNECTED
6	AUDIO IN L		17	VIDEO EARTH	
7	BLUE IN	NOT CONNECTED	18	VIDEO IN EARTH	
8	FUNCTION SWITCH		19	VIDEO OUT	
9	GREEN EARTH	EARTH	20	VIDEO IN	
10	NOT CONNECTED		21	SOCKET EARTH	
11	GREEN IN	NOT CONNECTED			

Table 1

DISASSEMBLY

Removal of Back Cover

1. Remove the 1 screws securing the Rear Terminal Panel to the Back Cover.
2. Remove the 7 screws securing the Back Cover to the Front Cabinet.
3. Hold the low corners of the Back Cover and release them a little (refer to Fig. 2-1). Lift the lower centre "tongue" of the back cover out of the turntable rim well (refer to Fig. 2-1). Moving around the periphery of the Back Cover (refer to Fig. 2-2) release and remove it from the Front Cabinet.

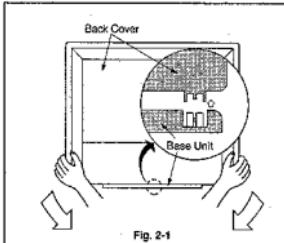


Fig. 2-1

Installation of Back Cover

1. Fit the Back Cover so that it is sitting lightly around the periphery of the Front Cabinet. Check that leads are not caught between the Back Cover and the Rear Terminal Panel. Make sure the power cable is correctly positioned and secure in its cable clamp.
2. Push the bottom corners of the Back Cover down ensuring the "tongue" of the Back Cover engages the Front Cabinet correctly. At this point the Back Cover may not go the full way in. Fit the "tongue" at the bottom of the Back Cover into the turntable well by lifting the back cover (refer to Fig. 2-1). Now push the Back Cover carefully into place. Confirm that the Back Cover fits perfectly to the Front Cabinet with no space between the top, bottom or any side.
3. Fix the Back Cover with the screws removed during the Back Cover removal (refer to Removal of Back Cover items 1 and 2).

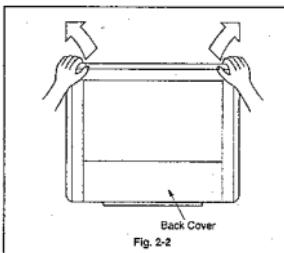


Fig. 2-2

LEAD CONNECTOR COLOUR CODE

Lead connectors show the connector names by colour codes of leads, not printed any connector names. When connecting or removing them, identify connector names according to colour codes in the table below. Colour Codes (See Pin Nos. 1 and 2 of connectors).

EXAMPLE

COLOUR	CODE
BLACK	A
BROWN	B
RED	C
ORANGE	D
YELLOW	E
GREEN	NOT USED(GROUND)
BLUE	G
VIOLET	H
GREY	J
WHITE	K
PINK	L

Table 2

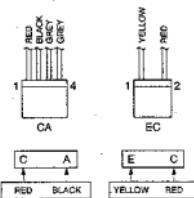


Fig. 3

EXTENSION CORD LIST

PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD	CONNECTOR	PARTS No.
DOLBY-S(only CT-29AS1ESDT)	DD (8 pin), DE (5 pin)	869C431030
TEXT	HB (8 pin)	
TEXT	HA (7 pin)	869C431070

Table 3

LEAD DRESS

The lead wires to be clamped are listed in the table below.

NOTE: The inner wires are clamped so that they do not come close to heat generating or high voltage parts. After servicing route all wires in their original position.

*The anode lead wire is routed so no tensile strength is applied to the cap. If the mounting angle of the anode cap and the route of the anode lead wires are changed, return them to the initial route shown below.

*Reverse printed characters indicates aerial clamp.

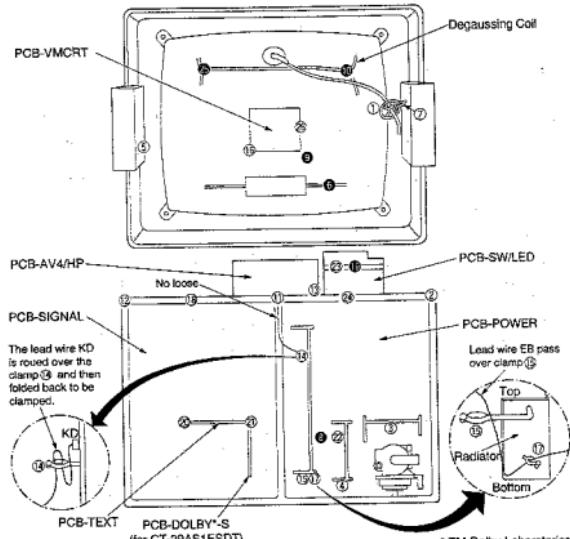


Fig. 4

* TM Dolby Laboratories.

LEAD WIRE	CLAMP
Anode Lead Wire	①
Focus Lead Wire	④-⑤-⑥
Screen Lead Wire	④-⑤-⑥
Spacer Ring	⑦
CA	④-⑥-⑦-⑧
CX	④-⑨ (make a loop)-⑩
DA	④-⑩-⑪
DY	⑪-⑫ (make a loop)
EB	⑬-⑭
GA	⑮-⑯-⑯
HC	⑯-⑰
HO	⑱-⑲-⑳-⑳-⑳

Table 4

LEAD WIRE	CLAMP
JA	⑩-⑪-⑫-⑬
KA	⑭
KD	⑮-⑯-⑯
LB	⑭-⑮ (make a loop)-⑯
MD	⑩-⑪-⑫-⑬
MV	⑯ (2 layer clamp)
PC	⑩-⑪-⑫
SA	⑩-⑪ (2 layer clamp)
[pinPed-SP303(+)]	⑬-⑭-⑮
[pinWhite-SP303(-)]	⑬-⑭-⑮
[pinRed-SP391(+)]	⑩-⑪-⑫-⑬ (make a loop)
[pinWhite-SP391(-)]	⑩-⑪-⑫-⑬

ELECTRICAL ADJUSTMENTS

Perform only the alignments required.
If proper equipment is not available, do not attempt an alignment.

Measuring equipment and Jigs

Oscilloscope (Unless otherwise specified in particular, use 10:1 probes)

Signal generator

Direct current voltmeter

Direct current milliammeter

Frequency counter

Electrical tools

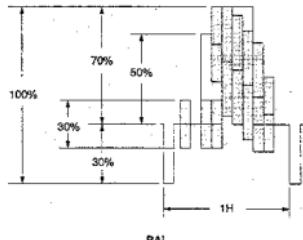
Test signal

1) Monoscope signal

When you have no monoscope signal source for adjustment, connect the unit to a VCR and play an alignment tape (Monoscope).

2) Colour bar signal

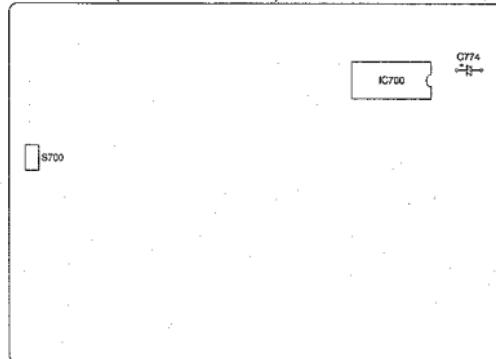
In this manual, unless otherwise specified in particular, use the colour bar signal specified below.



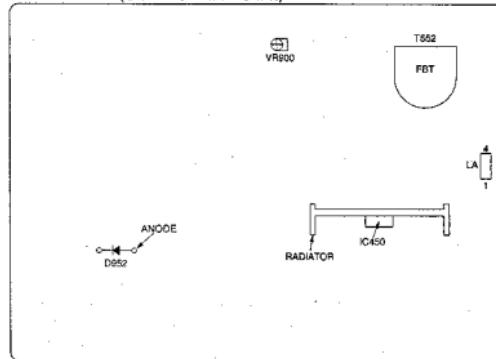
PAL
Split-Field Colour Bars (with 100% window)

Location of Test Points and Adjustments

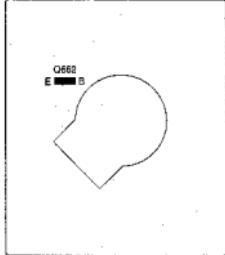
PCB-SIGNAL (COMPONENT SIDE)



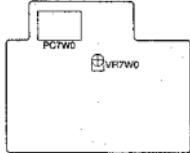
PCB-POWER (COMPONENT SIDE)



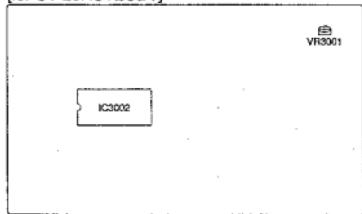
PCB-VMCRT (COMPONENT SIDE)



PCB-SW/LED (COMPONENT SIDE)



PCB-DOLBY-S (COMPONENT SIDE)
[for CT-29AS1ESDT]



Circuit Adjustment Mode

On this model, the following adjustment items may only be performed using the remote hand unit.

To perform these adjustments, activate the circuit adjustment mode using the following procedure:

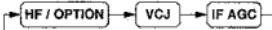
1. Change to the circuit adjustment mode

1. Turn the power on.
2. Press the service switch (S700) on the back panel and the "8" button within five seconds. (The screen will change to the circuit adjustment mode.)
If not changed to the circuit adjustment mode, repeat the step again.

2. Selection of adjustment functions and adjustment items

To select an adjustment item in the circuit adjustment mode, select first the adjustment function, then include the adjustment item to be selected, and next select the adjustment item.
Refer to the following pages for the listing of adjustment functions and adjustment items.

1. Press the "C/M" button on a remote hand unit to select an adjustment function. Each time the button is pressed, the adjustment function changes in the following sequence.



2. Press the "2" and "0" buttons to select a specific adjustment item.

- If "2" button is pressed, the adjustment item number increases.
- If "0" button is pressed, the adjustment item number decreases.

3. Modification of adjustment value

1. After selecting an adjustment item, press the "7" and "8" buttons to change adjustment values.

- If "7" button is pressed, the adjustment value increases.
- If "8" button is pressed, the adjustment value decreases.

2. Press the "4" button to record the adjustment value in memory. The display of characters goes red for approx. two seconds in this step.

Note: If the circuit adjustment mode is terminated without pressing the "4" button, the adjustment value is not recorded.

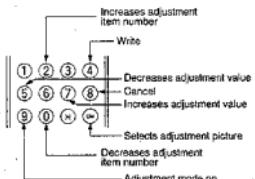
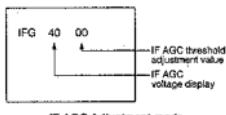
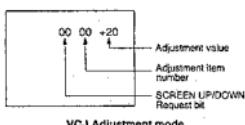
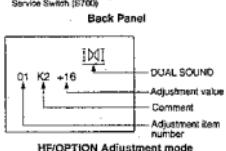
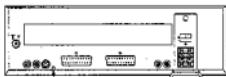
Note: When "4" button is pressed with IF AGC Adjustment mode, only IFG values are written.

Note: If cancelling your changed values, for example, because of your mistake, press the "8" button or set power off.

The values will be set the former adjustment values before your adjustment.

4. Termination of circuit adjustment mode

1. The circuit adjustment mode is terminated by turning the power off.



When Replacing IC702 (EEPROM)

- Turn the mains switch on and the TV will revert to stand-by mode.
- Leave the TV for approx. 3 seconds for the EEPROM to be initialised.
- Turn the TV off in stand-by mode.
- The initialised values of the EEPROM are "0".
- Program the EEPROM by performing electrical set ups of HF/OPTION and VCJ.

Adjustment Items

VCJ	
Adjustment item number	Item
00	V-AMP
01	V-BREATHING CORRECTION
02	PARABOLA-AMP
03	PARABOLA-TILT
04	V-LIN
05	CORNER CORRECTION
06	H-AMP
07	MODULATION ANGLE
08	V-POSITION
09	H-PHASE
0A	BLUE DRIVE
0B	GREEN DRIVE
0C	RED DRIVE
0D	CONTRAST
0E	BRIGHTNESS
0F	COLOUR SATURATION
10	HUE
2F	V-AMP (50Hz)
30	PARABOLA-AMP (50Hz)
31	H-AMP (50Hz)
32	V-POSITION (50Hz)
33	H-PHASE (50Hz)
34	H-PHASE (TEXT)
35	H-PHASE (SECAM)
40	Y-DELAY(PAL)
41	Y-DELAY(SECAM)
42	Y-DELAY(NTSC)
43	Y-DELAY(PAL S-in)
44	Y-DELAY(SECAM S-in)
45	Y-DELAY(NTSC S-in)

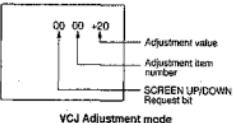
HF/OPTION	
Adjustment item number	Item
00	RF-AGC
01	VCO(L-V LOW)
02	RF SYSTEM
03	DUAL SOUND(MSP-MPX SYS)
04	SVM
05	AT
06	DOLBY
07	INPUT BALANCE
08	SENSOR/DISTANCE
09	FRONT SPEAKER OFF
0A	FORCED TV/RGB
0B	IFG-COL SAT
0C	CTI

IF AGC	
Adjustment item number	Item
—	IF AGC SET

When Replacing Flyback Transformer (FBT)

*After replacing FBT (T552), roughly adjust SCREEN control on FBT (T552) according to the following steps.

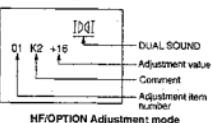
- Supply an RF signal (programme).
- Press the service switch (S700) on the rear and the "9" button on the remote hand unit within five seconds to turn the adjustment mode on.
- Press the "CM" button to select the VCJ adjustment mode.
- Make sure that the SCREEN UP/DOWN REQUEST BIT is "00" on both bright and dark pictures.
- If not, set it to "00" with the SCREEN control on FBT (T552).
 - "01": Turn the SCREEN control counter-clockwise.
 - "10": Turn the SCREEN control clockwise.



Before Adjustment

*Before circuit adjustment, set any value to the adjustment item shown in the below table according to the following steps.

- Supply an RF signal (programme).
- Press the "OPTIMUM" button on the remote hand unit to the factory preset levels for all picture and sound adjustments except volume.
- Activate the circuit adjustment mode. (refer to page 9)
- Set the adjustment function to "VCJ" ("CM" button).
- Make sure the SCREEN UP/DOWN REQUEST BIT is "00". If not so, set it to "00" with SCREEN control on FBT.
- Set the adjustment function to "HF/OPTION". ("CM" button)
- Set the adjustment value of the adjustment items as shown in table below.
- Record the adjustment value in the EEPROM. ("4" button)

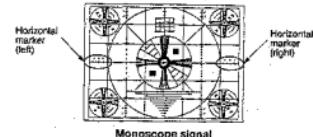


Number	Adjustment item											
	PAC	MCS	TXT	SVM	AT	SNS	SP	RGB	COL	CTI		
CT-29AS1SET	3	3	1	1	0	2	1	2	0	1		
CT-29AS1ESDT	3	2	1	1	1	2	1	2	0	1		
CT-29AS1EST	3	2	1	1	0	2	1	2	0	1		
CT-29AS1EST(Y)	3	2	1	1	0	1	2	1	2	0	1	1

[VIF Circuit]	
1. RF AGC	Adjustment purpose The best receiving condition of RF signal.
Symptom when incorrectly adjusted	Poor S/N ratio or cross modulation.
Measuring instrument	—
Test point	—
EXT trigger	—
Measurement range	—
Input signal	RF signal (programme)
Input terminal	RF IN terminal

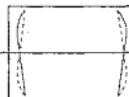
- Supply an RF signal (programme).
- Turn on AFT.
- Activate the circuit adjustment mode. (refer to page 9)
- Set the adjustment function to "H-POSITION" ("CM" button)
- Set the adjustment item number to "00" (RF AGC), ("2" or "0" button)
- Adjust the value of item number "00" so that the picture and sound have no beat, noise and inter-modulation distortion.

[Deflection Circuit]	
2. Horizontal Centre Horizontal Width	Adjustment purpose Horizontal position and width of picture.
Symptom when incorrectly adjusted	Picture too shifted to the left, or the right. Too compressed or too expanded horizontal width of picture.
Measuring instrument	—
Test point	—
EXT trigger	—
Measurement range	—
Input signal	VIDEO signal (monoscope)
Input terminal	VIDEO IN terminal

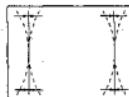


[Deflection Circuit]	
3. East West PCC	Adjustment purpose Set the horizontal linearity of the picture.
Symptom when incorrectly adjusted	Poor side picture, geometry.
Measuring instrument	—
Test point	—
EXT trigger	—
Measurement range	—
Input signal	VIDEO signal (crosshatch)
Input terminal	VIDEO IN terminal

- Before adjusting, get the value of the adjustment item number "01" (V-Breathing correction) to "-32".
- Supply a VIDEO signal (crosshatch).
- Activate the circuit adjustment mode. (refer to page 9)
- Set the adjustment function to "VCJ", ("CM" button)
- Set the adjustment item number to "03" (Corner Correction), ("2" or "0" button)
- Set the value of item number "05" to "-22", ("7" or "5" button)
- Set the adjustment item number to "03" (Parabola-Tint), ("2" or "0" button)
- Observe the second vertical lines from the sides of left and right. Adjust the value of item number "03" so that the upper and lower distortions are symmetrical. ("7" or "5" button)
- Set the adjustment item number to "02" (Parabola-Amp), ("2" or "0" button)
- Observe the second vertical lines from the sides of left and right. Adjust the value of item number "02" so that both the lines are straight. ("7" or "5" button)
- If necessary, repeat step2 to 9 above.
- Supply a VIDEO signal (monoscope).
- Make sure the horizontal width and horizontal centre. If shifted, adjust item 2 (Horizontal Centre and Horizontal Width) and this one again.



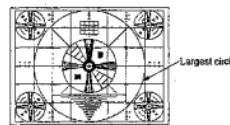
Parabola-Tint



Parabola-Amp

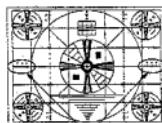
[Deflection Circuit]	
4. Vertical Height Vertical Linearity	Adjustment purpose To set vertical height and linearity of the picture.
Symptom when incorrectly adjusted	The vertical size of the picture will be too large or incorrect vertical linearity of the picture.
Measuring instrument	—
Test point	—
EXT trigger	—
Measurement range	—
Input signal	VIDEO signal (monoscope)
Input terminal	VIDEO IN terminal

- Supply a VIDEO signal (monoscope).
- Activate the circuit adjustment mode. (refer to page 9)
- Set the adjustment function to "VCJ", ("CM" button)
- Set the adjustment item number to "00" (V-Amp), ("2" or "0" button)
- Set the value of item number "04" for approx. 90% vertical size of raster. ("7" or "5" button)
- Set the adjustment item number to "04" (V-Lin), ("2" or "0" button)
- Adjust the value of item number "04" for symmetry of vertical linearity. ("7" or "5" button)
- Set the adjustment item number to "00" (V-Amp), ("2" or "0" button)
- Adjust the value of item number "00" so that the largest circle is completely round.



Monoscope signal

[Deflection Circuit]	Adjustment purpose	To set the vertical position of the picture.
5. Vertical Centre Position	Symptom when incorrectly adjusted	The picture will be too high or too low, on the screen.
Measuring instrument	—	1. Supply a VIDEO signal (monoscope). 2. Activate the circuit adjustment mode. (refer to page 9) 3. Set the adjustment function to "VCJ". ("CM" button) 4. Set the adjustment item number to "08" (V-Position), ("2" or "4" button) 5. Adjust the value of item number "08" so that the deviation of horizontal marker of monoscope within 23mm from the vertical centre on the screen. ("7" or "5" button)
Test point	—	
EXT trigger	—	
Measurement range	—	
Input signal	VIDEO signal (monoscope)	
Input terminal	VIDEO IN terminal	



Horizontal markers
Monoscope signal.

[Deflection Circuit]	Adjustment purpose	Linearity, position and width of horizontal and vertical and PCC.
6. Deflection Circuit (60Hz PAL, TEXT and SECAM)	Symptom when incorrectly adjusted	Bad linearity, PCC and shifted picture.
Measuring instrument	—	1. Supply a VIDEO signal (programme). 2. Activate the circuit adjustment mode. (refer to page 9) 3. Set the adjustment function to "VCJ". ("CM" button) 4. Set the value of the adjustment item numbers "2F", "30", "31", "32", "33", "34" and "35" to the standard values. ("2", "4", "7" and "5" buttons) 5. Input each signal and make sure that the above items are correctly adjusted. If incorrectly adjusted, adjust the item again.
Test point	—	
EXT trigger	—	
Measurement range	—	
Input signal	VIDEO signal (programme)	
Input terminal	VIDEO IN terminal	

Ajustment item number	Item	Standard value
2F	V-AMP (60Hz)	+5
30	PARABOLA-AMP (60Hz)	+2
31	H-AMP (60Hz)	+3
32	V-POSITION (60Hz)	-11
33	H-PHASE (60Hz)	+2
34	H-PHASE (TEXT)	0
35	H-PHASE (SECAM)	-7

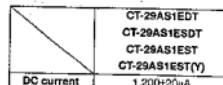
[CRT Circuit]	Adjustment purpose	The best white balance of picture.
7. White	Symptom when incorrectly adjusted	Coloured monochrome picture.
Measuring instrument	—	1. Supply a VIDEO signal (white raster). 2. Set "COLOUR TEMPERATURE" on the picture adjustments to "MID". 3. Activate the circuit adjustment mode. (refer to page 9) 4. Set the adjustment function to "VCJ". ("CM" button) 5. Set the value of the adjustment item numbers "0A", "0B" and "0C" to all "+5". ("2", "4", "7" and "5" buttons) 6. Adjust the value of the adjustment item numbers "0A", "0C" to set white on the screen to the best. ("2", "4", "7" and "5" buttons)
Test point	—	
EXT trigger	—	
Measurement range	—	
Input signal	VIDEO signal (white raster)	
Input terminal	VIDEO IN terminal	

[CRT Circuit]	Adjustment purpose	Sharpness of picture.
8. Focus	Symptom when incorrectly adjusted	Poor sharpness of picture.
Measuring instrument	—	1. Supply an RF signal (programme). 2. Set "SVM" on the picture adjustments to "OFF". 3. Adjust FOCUS control on FBT (T552) to the best overall focus. 4. Set "SVM" on the picture adjustments to "ON".
Test point	—	
EXT trigger	—	
Measurement range	—	
Input signal	RF signal (programme)	
Input terminal	RF IN terminal	

PCB-POWER (COMPONENT SIDE)

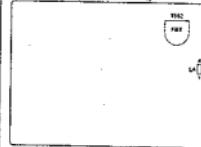


[Video Circuit]	Adjustment purpose	The best value for beam current.
9. Contrast, Brightness	Symptom when incorrectly adjusted	The picture will be too bright or too dark.
Measuring instrument	DC milliammeter	"This adjustment must follow the Deflection circuit adjustments. Please set for twenty minutes or more."
Test point	<lead connector LA pin 1 <lead connector LA pin 4	1. Supply a VIDEO signal (black raster). 2. Activate the circuit adjustment mode. (refer to page 9) 3. Set the adjustment function to "VCJ" ("CM" button) 4. Set the value of the adjustment item number "0E" to "-32", ("2", "0", "7" and "5" buttons) 5. Set the value of the adjustment item number "0D" to "+31", ("2", "0", "7" and "5" buttons) 6. Make sure that SCREEN UP/DOWN REQUEST BIT is "0". If not so, set it to "00" with SCREEN control on FBT (T552). 7. Supply a VIDEO signal (white raster). 8. Set the value of the adjustment item number "0E" to "+31", ("2", "0", "7" and "5" buttons) 9. Make sure that SCREEN UP/DOWN REQUEST BIT is "0". If not so, set it to "00" with SCREEN control on FBT (T552). 10. Supply a VIDEO signal (colour bar). 11. Set the value of the adjustment item number "0F" to "-32", ("2", "0", "7" and "5" buttons) 12. Set the adjustment item number to "0E" (Brightness), ("2" or "0" button) 13. Observe the luminance in black bar area and blue bar area. Adjust the value of item number "0E" so that blue bar is slightly brighter than black bar area. 14. Observe the DC current between connector LA pin 1 and connector LA pin 4. (Use connector LA pin 4 for ground.) 15. Set the adjustment item number to "0D" (Contrast), ("2" or "0" button) 16. Adjust the value of item number "0D" so that the DC current is a value listed in the table below.
EXT trigger	—	
Measurement range	—	
Input signal	VIDEO signal (black raster)	
Input terminal	VIDEO IN terminal	



17. If in the step 16 the blue bar area brightens, set the adjustment item number "0E" to dark.
18. Make sure that SCREEN UP/DOWN REQUEST BIT is "0".
If not so, repeat Step 1 to 17.
Note: Adjustment item 11 (Colour Output) must be performed immediately after this adjustment.

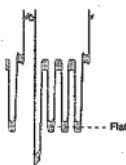
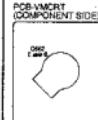
PCB-POWER (COMPONENT SIDE)



[Video Circuit]	Adjustment purpose	To synchronize Y signal with C signal.
10. Y-Delay	Symptom when incorrectly adjusted	Y signal not synchronizing with C signal on screen.
Measuring instrument	—	1. Supply an RF signal (programme). 2. Set the circuit adjustment mode. (refer to page 9) 3. Set the adjustment function to "VCJ", "CM", "Y-Delay", "0C" or "0" button) 4. Set the adjustment item number to "-45" (Y-Delay), "0C" or "0" button) 5. Set the value of item number "40-46" as shown in table below. 6. Supply a composit video signal and a S-VIDEO signal in PAL, SECAM and NTSC system respectively. Confirm that the Y signal and C signal are synchronized on each of the screens.
Test point	—	
EXT trigger	—	
Measurement range	—	
Input signal	RF signal (programme)	
Input terminal	RF IN terminal	

	COMPOSITE VIDEO			S-VIDEO		
	40	41	42	43	44	45
Value	+6	+12	+3	+6	+12	+3

[Video Circuit]	Adjustment purpose	Colour output of video signal.
11. Colour Output	Symptom when incorrectly adjusted	Excess or insufficient colour.
Measuring instrument	Oscilloscope	"Perform the adjustment after the White and Video circuit adjustment.
Test point	base of Q652	1. Supply a VIDEO signal (PAL Colour bar). 2. Observe the waveform at the base of Q652. 3. Activate the circuit adjustment mode. (refer to page 9) 4. Set the adjustment function to "VCJ", "CM", "Y-Delay", "0C" or "0" button) 5. Set the adjustment item number "0F" (Colour Saturation), ("2" or "0" button) 6. Adjust the value of item number "0F" so that the waveform as shown below. ("7" or "5" button)
EXT trigger	—	
Measurement range	DIV 2V TIM 10us	
Input signal	VIDEO signal (colour bar)	
Input terminal	VIDEO IN terminal	



Continued on the next page.

- Supply a VIDEO signal (NTSC Colour bar).
- Set the adjustment item number "10" (Hue), "2" or "0" button.
- Adjust the value of item number "10" so that the waveform as shown above. ("7" or "5" button).
- After completing the steps above, add the value shown below to the value of item number "10" adjusted in the step 5.

	CT-29AS1EDT
	CT-29AS1ESDT
	CT-29AS1EST
	CT-29AS1EST(Y)
Adding value	+5

[Dolby Circuit]	Adjustment purpose	To minimize sound escaping from internal speaker to surround speaker when selecting MONORAL sound.
12. Input Balance (for CT-29AS1ESDT)	Symptom when incorrectly adjusted	Sound escaping from internal speaker to surround speaker.

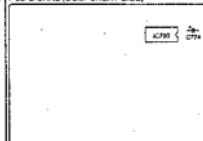
Measuring instrument	—	1. Supply an RF signal (Monaural 400Hz).
Test point	—	2. Connect the surround speakers to the surround speaker terminal.
EXT trigger	—	3. Press the MENU button on the remote hand unit to display the SET UP MENU.
Measurement range	—	4. Turn off the INTERNAL SPEAKER SWITCH in the SET UP MENU.
Input signal	RF signal (Monaural 400Hz)	5. Press the MENU button on the remote hand unit to display the SOUND MENU.
Input terminal	RF IN terminal	6. Select the DOLBY SURROUND of the SURROUND MODE in the SOUND MENU.
		7. Set to centre the SURROUND LEVEL and the INPUT BALANCE in the DOLBY SURROUND.
		8. Set to centre the VOLUME in the SOUND MENU.
		9. Adjust VR3001 so that the 400Hz sound from the surround speakers is minimized.

PCB-DOLBY-S (COMPONENT SIDE)



[AI Circuit]	Sensor Level	Adjustment purpose	Set the operating conditions for the AI light sensor.
13. Sensor Level	Symptom when Incorrectly adjusted	Too dark a picture in a bright room or too bright a picture in the dark room, when AI is selected.	
Measuring Instrument	DC Voltmeter		*When replacing PC7W0 or VR7W0, perform this adjustment.
Test point	+lead: +side of C774 -lead: -side of C774		1. Shut the shutter or curtain in the room and intercept the outside light.
EXT trigger	—		2. Turn off the light except the ceiling light. If there are more than one ceiling light in the room, turn on the light which is located at centre of the room only.
Measurement range	—		3. Place the set shown in Fig. 1. Do not hide the source of light with the cover from set side.
Input signal	—		
Input terminal	—		

PCB-SIGNAL (COMPONENT SIDE)



PCB-SWLED (COMPONENT SIDE)

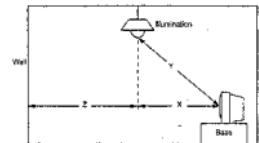


Fig. 1

- Measure X, Y and Z shown in Fig. 1 of the room. And calculate the brightness at the front of the set L by following method.
- Note: Find the coefficient A or B refer to Table. 1 and 2. "W" is wattage for the source of light.

$$\begin{aligned}L_1 &= 11A \cdot X \cdot W / Y \\L_2 &= A \cdot B \cdot W / Z\end{aligned}$$

$$L = L_1 + L_2$$

Wall colour	Value of B
Deep black	0
Too dark	0.4
Middle	0.8
Too bright	1.2
Pure white	1.6

Table. 2 Value of B

- If the value of L found at step 4 is not within $50 \leq L \leq 150$, move the set to the illumination or weaken the source of light until the value of L is within $50 \leq L \leq 150$.
- Find the output voltage with the value of L refer to Table. 3. When the fraction of L is less than 4, the fraction round or the fraction is over 5, rounds up.

L	50	60	70	80	90	100	110	120	130	140	150
V	1.2	1.5	1.8	2.1	2.4	2.7	3.0	3.3	3.5	3.9	4.2

Table. 3 Correspondence to illumination and output voltage [V]

- Observe the voltage at the plus side of C774 (Use the minus side of C774 for ground).
- Turn on power source of the set.
- Adjust VR7W0 so that the value of digital voltmeter equal to the output voltage $\pm 0.3V$ (as Table. 3).

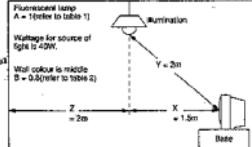


Fig. 2

Calculation example of brightness(L)
For example, when performing this adjustment in the room shown in Fig. 2, the method which find the value of L is following:

$$\begin{aligned}L_1 &= \frac{11 \cdot A \cdot X \cdot W}{Y^2} = \frac{11 \cdot 1 \cdot 1.5 \cdot 40}{2^2} = \frac{660}{8} = 82.5 \\L_2 &= \frac{A \cdot B \cdot W}{Z^2} = \frac{1 \cdot 0.8 \cdot 40}{2^2} = \frac{32}{4} = 8 \\L &= L_1 + L_2 = 82.5 + 8 = 90.5 = 90\end{aligned}$$

[Power Circuit]	Adjustment purpose	Set the oscillation frequency of the switching constant voltage circuit.
14. Power Oscillation Frequency	Symptom when incorrectly adjusted	Some horizontal stripes appear on the upper or lower portion of the screen.
Measuring instrument	Frequency counter	*Preheat the set for fifteen minutes or more. *All the electrical adjustments should be completed before this adjustment.
Test point	anode of D952	1. Supply a VIDEO signal (colour bar). 2. Press "OPTIMUM" button on the remote hand unit. 3. Observe the frequency at the anode of D952. (use a radiator of IC450 for ground.) 4. Adjust VR900 so that the frequency is 31.25±0.2kHz.
EXT trigger	—	
Measurement range	—	
Input signal	VIDEO signal (colour bar)	
Input terminal	VIDEO IN terminal	

PCB-POWER (COMPONENT SIDE)

PARTS LIST

MODEL : CT-29AS1EDT/CT-29AS1ESDT/CT-29AS1EST/CT-29AS1EST(Y)

In order to expedite delivery of replacement part orders.

Specify : 1.Model number/Serial number

2.Part number and Description

3.Quantity

Unless full information is supplied, delay in execution of orders will result.

▲ : Critical components

MARK	B	C	D	F	G	J	K
TOLERANCE (%)	±0.1	±0.25	±0.5	±1	±2	±5	±10

MARK	M	N	V	X	Z	P	Q
TOLERANCE (%)	±20	±30	+10 -10	+40 -20	+80 -20	+100 -0	+30 -10

MARK	B	C	D	F	G
TOLERANCE (pF)	±0.1	±0.25	±0.5	±1	±2

ABBREVIATION

[EDT] : CT-29AS1EDT

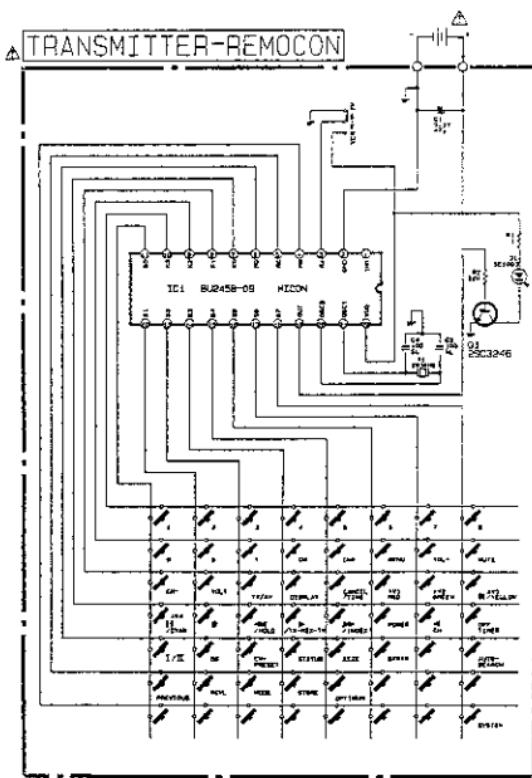
[ESDT] : CT-29AS1ESDT

[EST] : CT-29AS1EST

[ESTY] : CT-29AS1EST(Y)

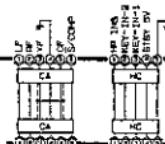
[MEMO]

SYSTEM	NEG/PDB	LA
B/G	H	H
I	H	H
D/K	H	H
L (W)	L	H
L' (WL)	L	0-2V

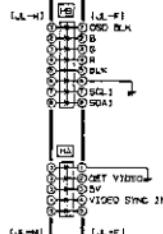


SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM C

AV4/HP
P.⑧

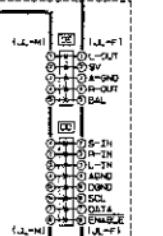


TEXT
P.⑩



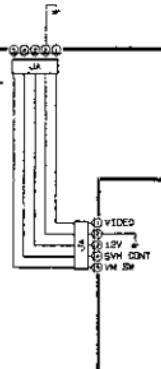
SIGNAL (1/5~5/5)
1/5 HF —————
2/5 MICON —————
3/5 AUDIO —————
4/5 VCJ —————
5/5 AV —————

DOLBY-S
P.④



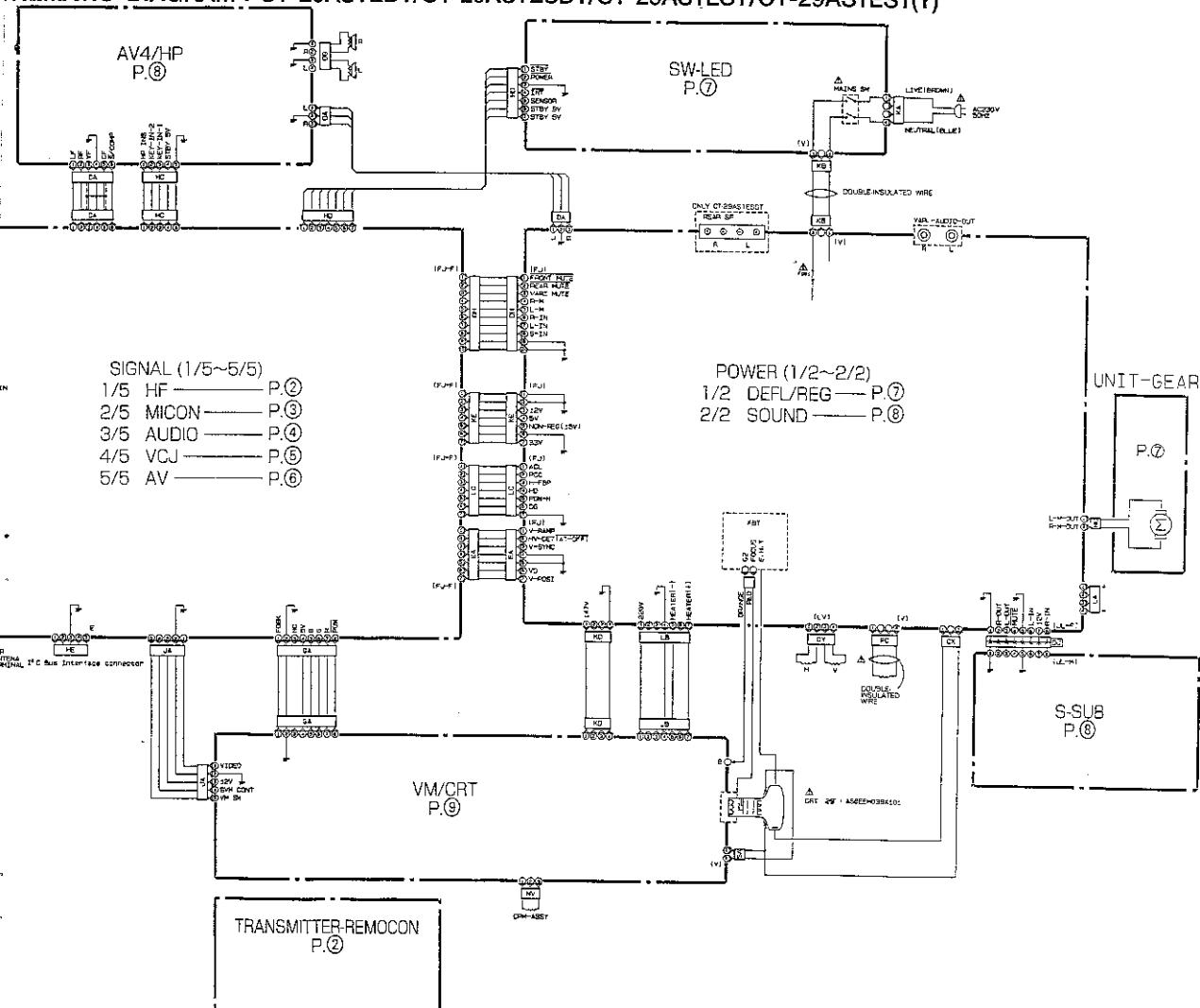
ONLY C78581ESOT

LASER
IEC ANTRADA
TERMINAL, I²C Bus Interface Connector



TRA

SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM : CT-29AS1EDT/CT-29AS1ESDT/CT-29AS1EST/CT-29AS1EST(Y)



SERVICING PRECAUTION

SYMBOLS INDICATE COMPONENTS HAVING SPECIAL CHARACTERISTICS IMPORTANT TO SAFETY AND PERFORMANCE. THEREFORE REPLACEMENT OF ANY SAFETY PARTS SHOULD BE IDENTICAL IN VALUE AND CHARACTERISTICS. FOR ACCURACY OF THE REPLACEMENT REFER TO THE PARTS LIST OF SERVICE MANUAL.

DON'T DEGRADE THE SAFETY OF THE RECEIVERS THROUGH IMPROPER SERVICING

* NOTE

1. DC voltage were measured from points indicated to the circuit ground with a high-Z voltmeter.
2. Waveforms were taken with standard colour bar signal.
3. TRPA, etc. show Test Points.

4. CAPACITORS

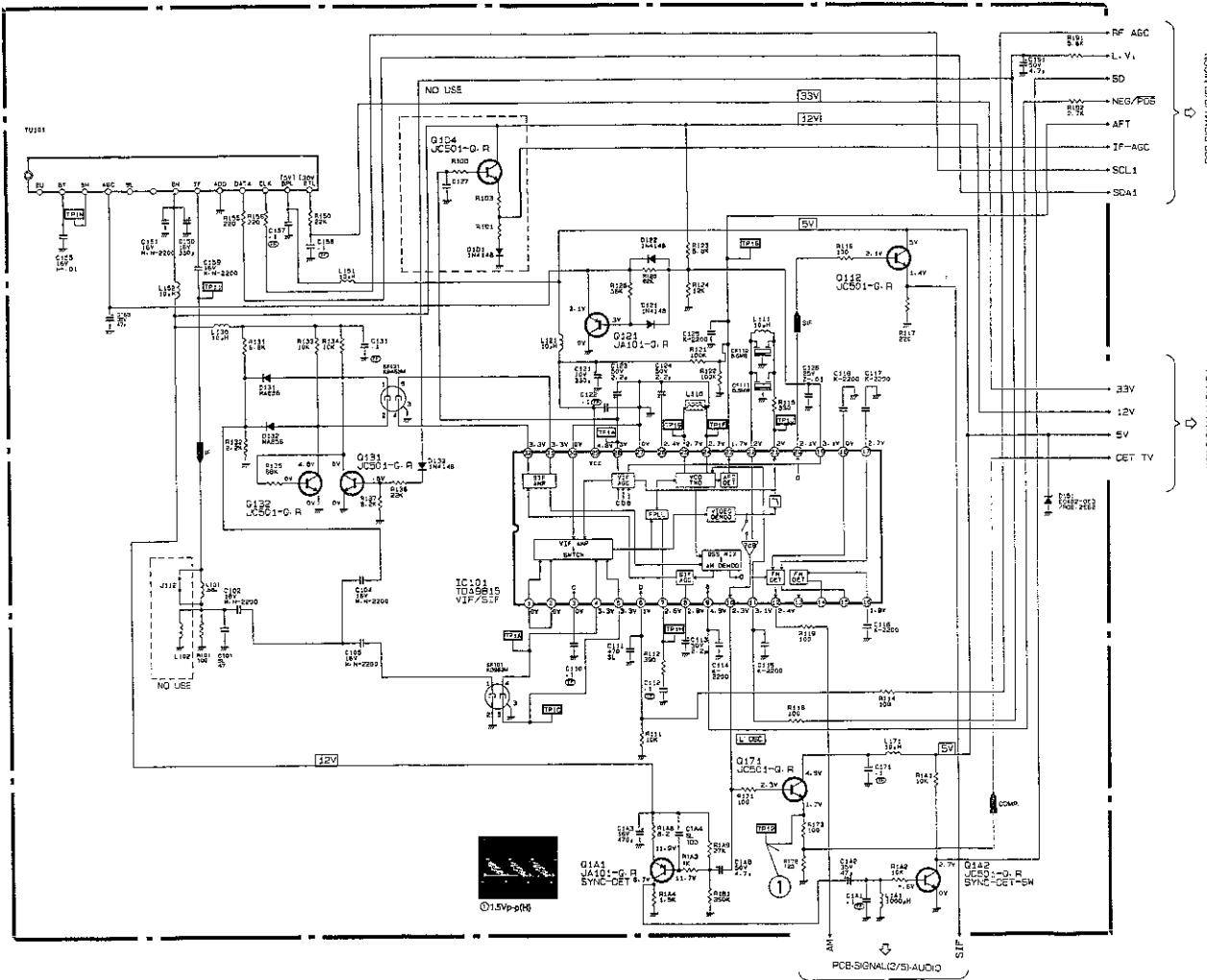
Value	Not indicated	PF. No numbers more than 1 PF. No numbers less than 1
Dielectric Strength	Not required max	
Tolerance		No indication: Capacitor Polymer capacitor Polymer film capacitor Polymer monolithic capacitor Two film capacitor Metallized polyester capacitor Metallized Metallized plastic film capacitor Small capacitor Polymer monopolymer film capacitor Electrolytic capacitor Non polarized electrolytic Capacitor chip
Part		Not indicated: Ceramic capacitor Polymer capacitor Polymer film capacitor Polymer monolithic capacitor Two film capacitor Metallized polyester capacitor Metallized Metallized plastic film capacitor Small capacitor Polymer monopolymer film capacitor Electrolytic capacitor Non polarized electrolytic Capacitor chip
Unit		Not indicated: Ceramic capacitor Polymer capacitor Polymer film capacitor Polymer monolithic capacitor Two film capacitor Metallized polyester capacitor Metallized Metallized plastic film capacitor Small capacitor Polymer monopolymer film capacitor Electrolytic capacitor Non polarized electrolytic Capacitor chip
Characteristics (temperature compensation, etc.)		Not indicated: For design reference: compensated CH, SLE, etc. Temperature compensation type

5. Resistor

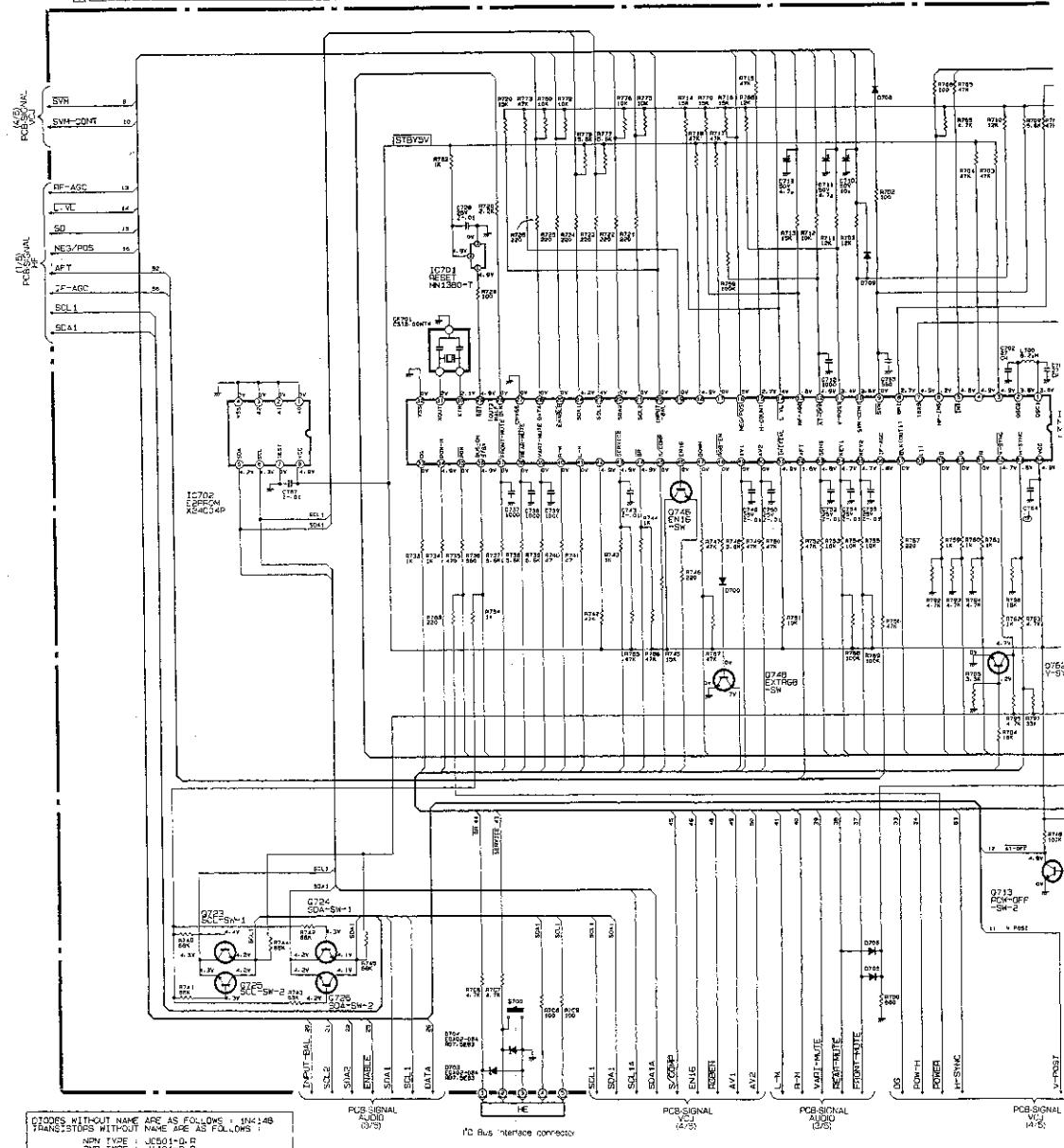
Value	Not indicated = 0 R = 1M(100000) A = 10Ω(1000)
Wattage	Not indicated: 0.005W or 1W
Parts except for those	Not indicated: 0.005W or 1W
Chips	Not indicated: 0.005W
Tolerance	Not indicated: ±10% ±5% ±1%
Short	Not indicated: Ceramic resistor Resistor Metal oxide film resistor Metal oxide film resistor (3) Wire-wound resistor Manganin resistor Manganin film resistor Metal film resistor Metal layer resistor Ceramic resistor

6. This is a brief schematic diagram. Some parts may not be suited to modification according to engineering improvement.

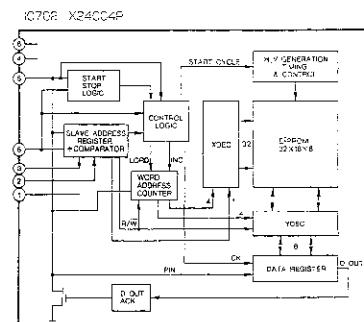
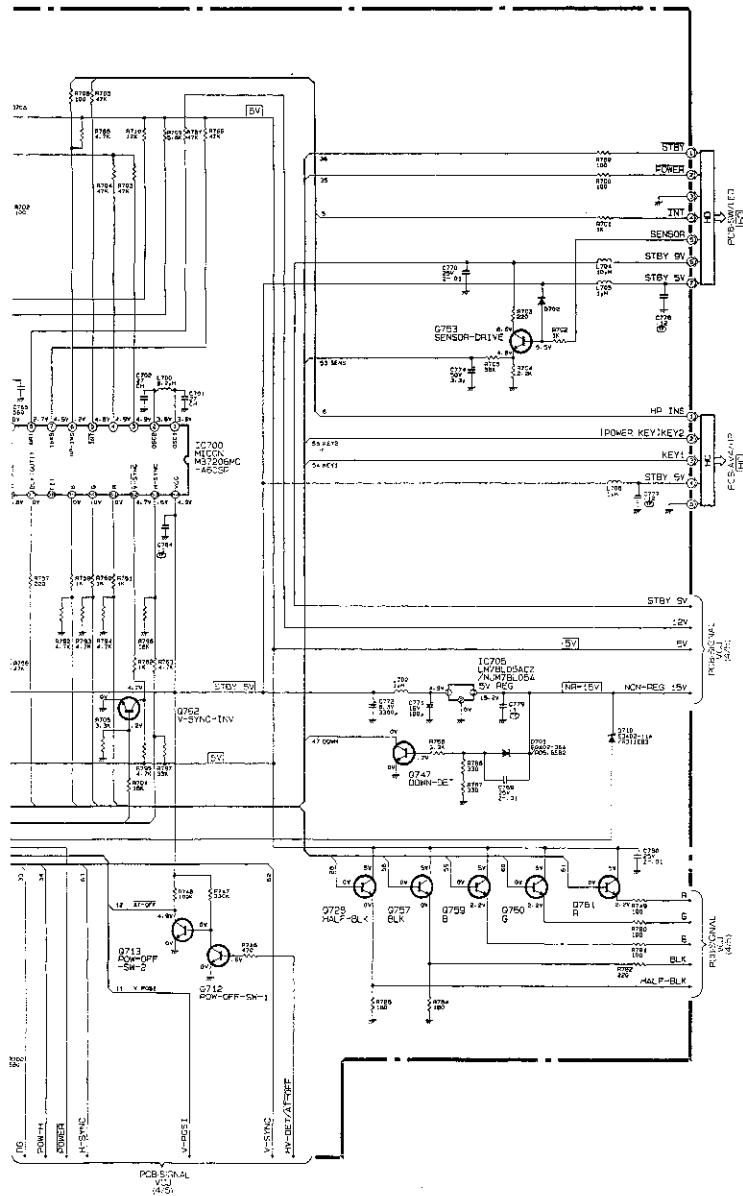
SPECIFIC SYMBOL	
↔	Zener Diode
●	Varicap
□	Thyristor
○	Fusible Resistor
■	Crystal unit
◆	Air Gap
◎	Pentressistor attached to the side of PCB
■	Ceramic filter



PCB-SIGNAL(2/5)-MICON



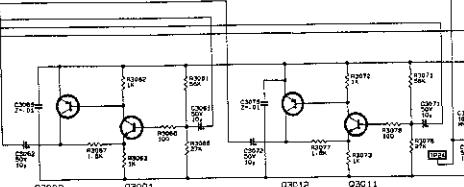
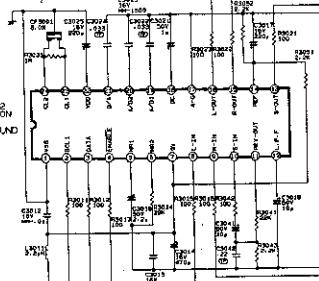
CODES WITHOUT NAME ARE AS FOLLOWS : 1N1-4B
TRANS. STOPS WITHOUT NAME ARE AS FOLLOWS :
NPW TYPE : JC501-Q-R
PNP TYPE : JA101-Q-P



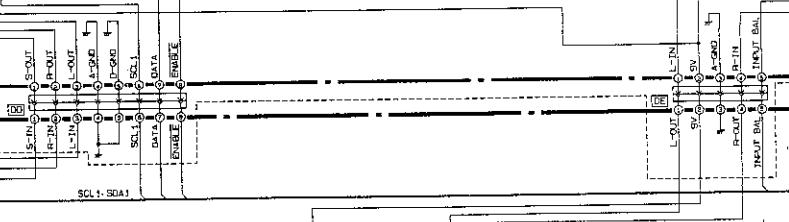
CT-29AS1EDT
CT-29AS1ESDT
CT-29AS1EST
CT-29AS1EST/Y

△ [PCB-DOLBY-S] ONLY CT-29AS1EST

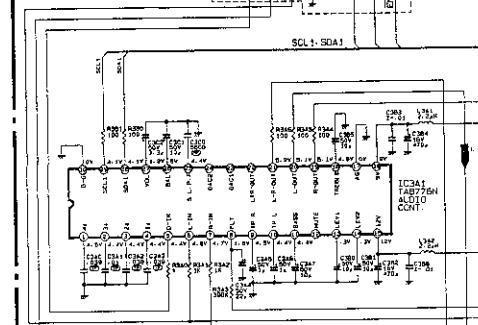
A



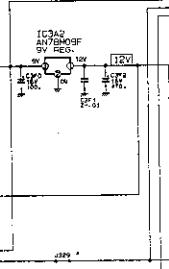
B



C

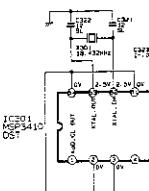


D

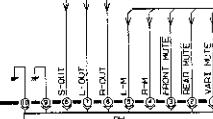
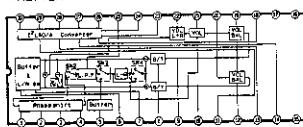


E

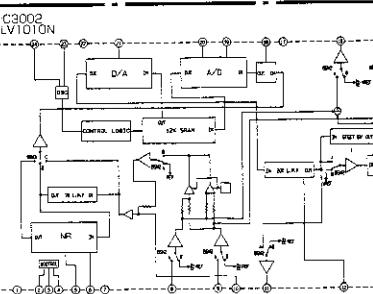
12V



F



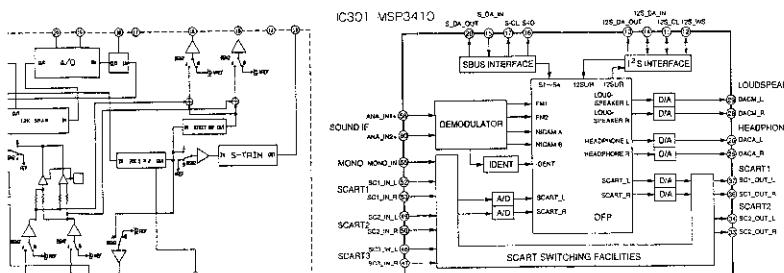
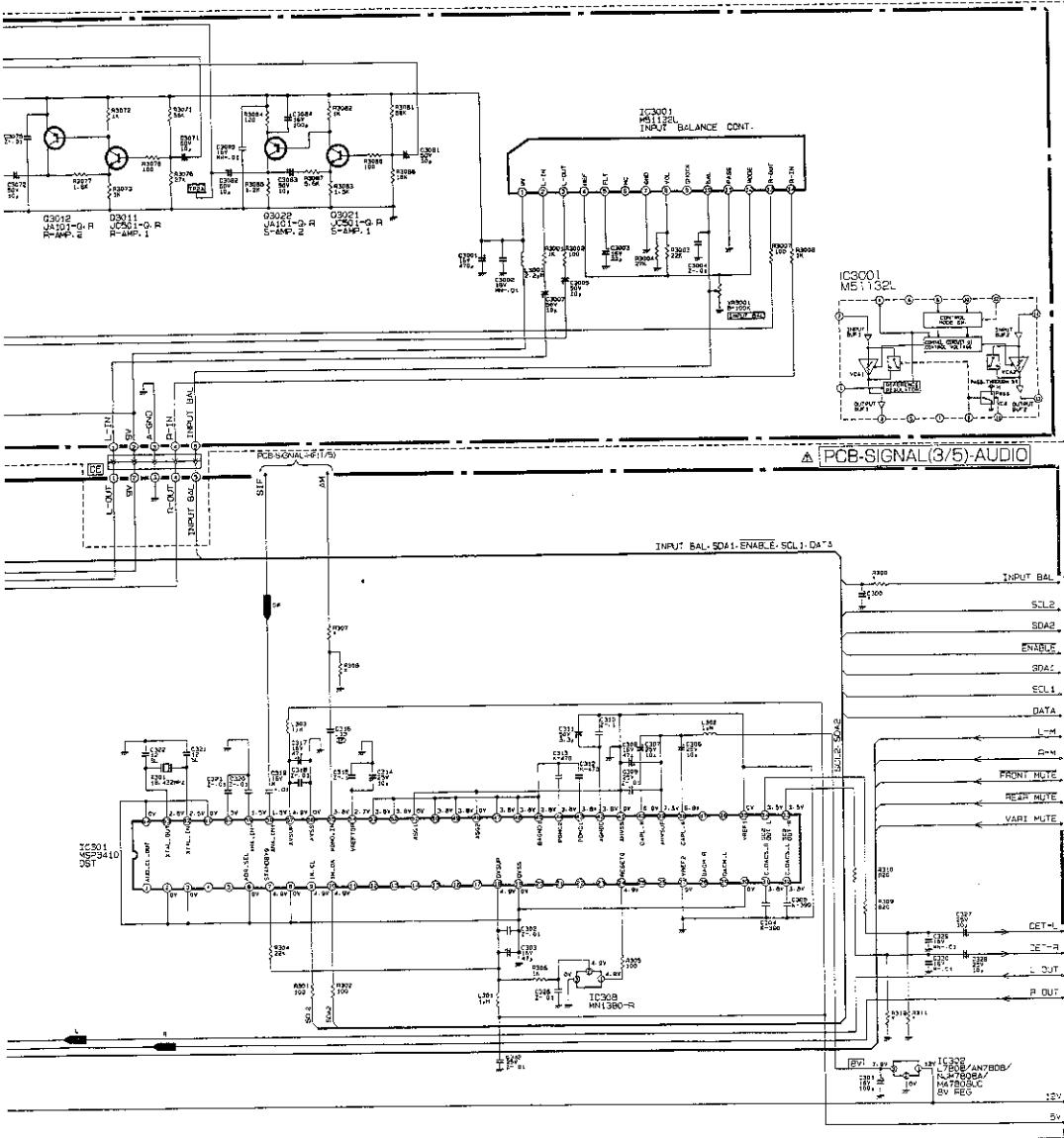
PCB POWER (2/2) SLOAD

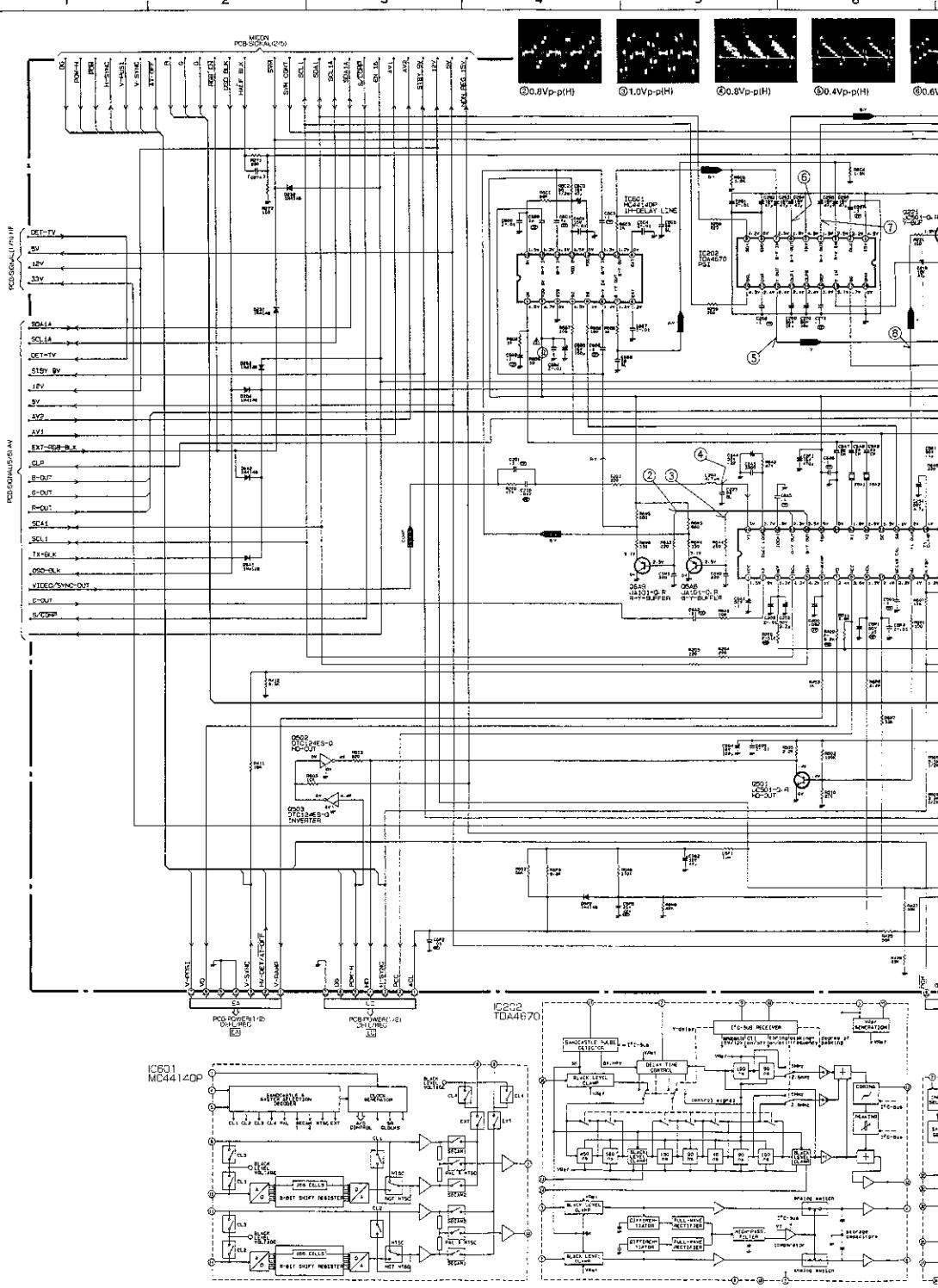


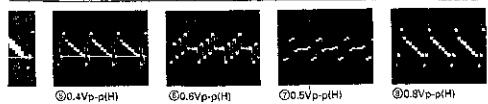
* DIFFERENCE TABLE

	CT-29AS1EST	CT-29AS1EST(Y)	CT-29AS1EST
R307	—	1K	1K
R308	2.2K	2.2K	2.2K
R311	—	—	—
R312	—	—	—
R340	—	—	1K
C309	—	—	50V 4.7μ
J329	○	○	—
J330	—	—	—

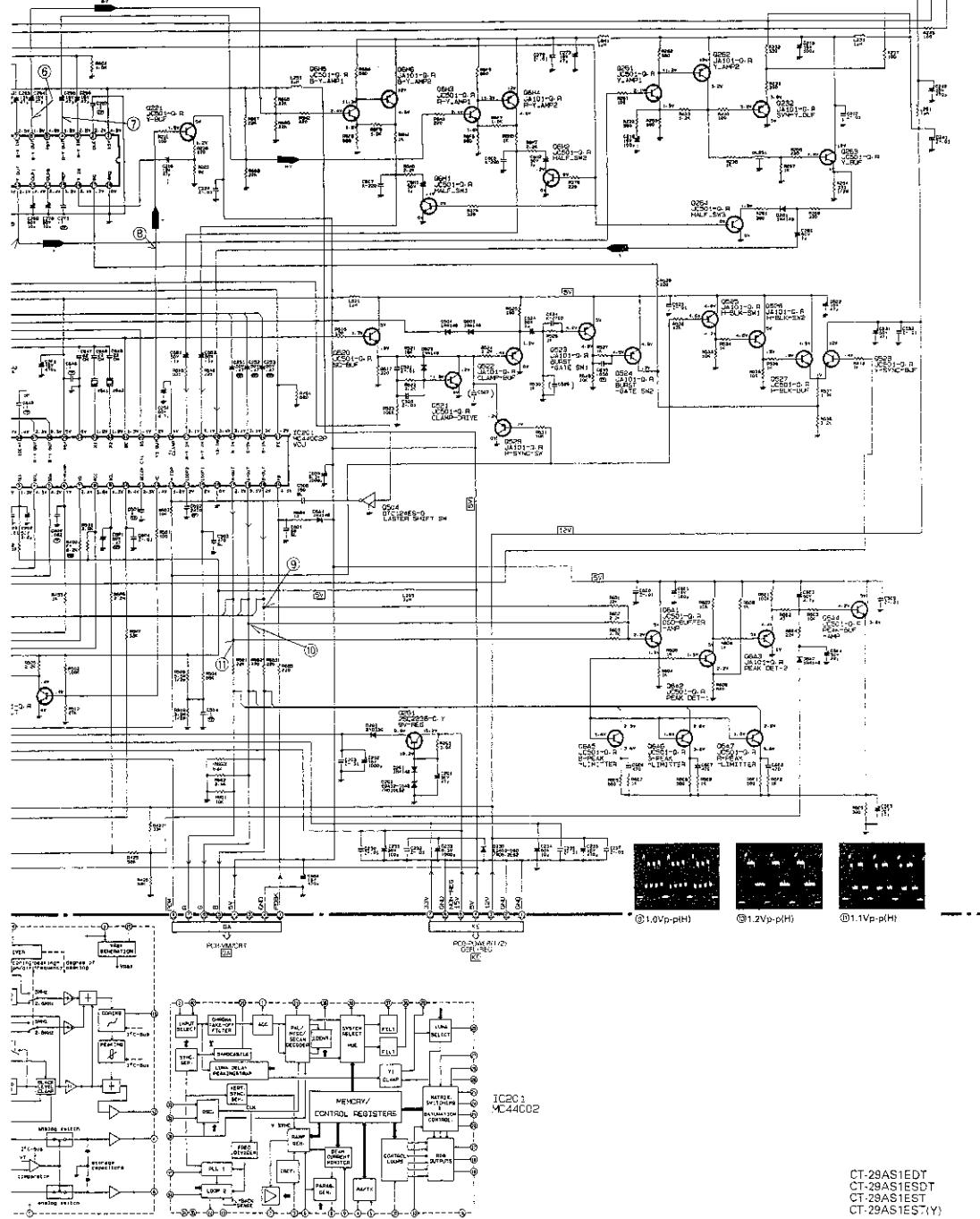
(4)





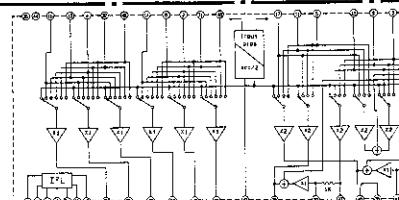
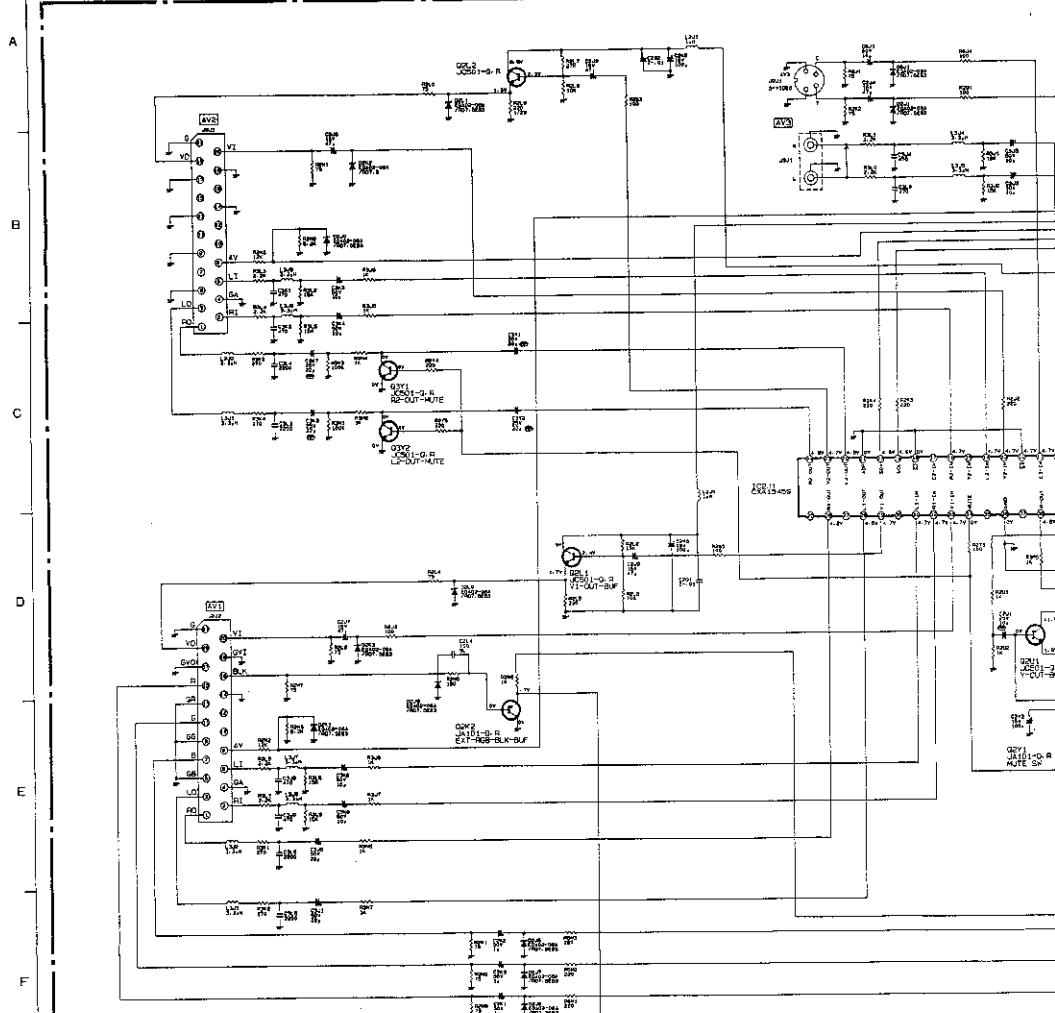


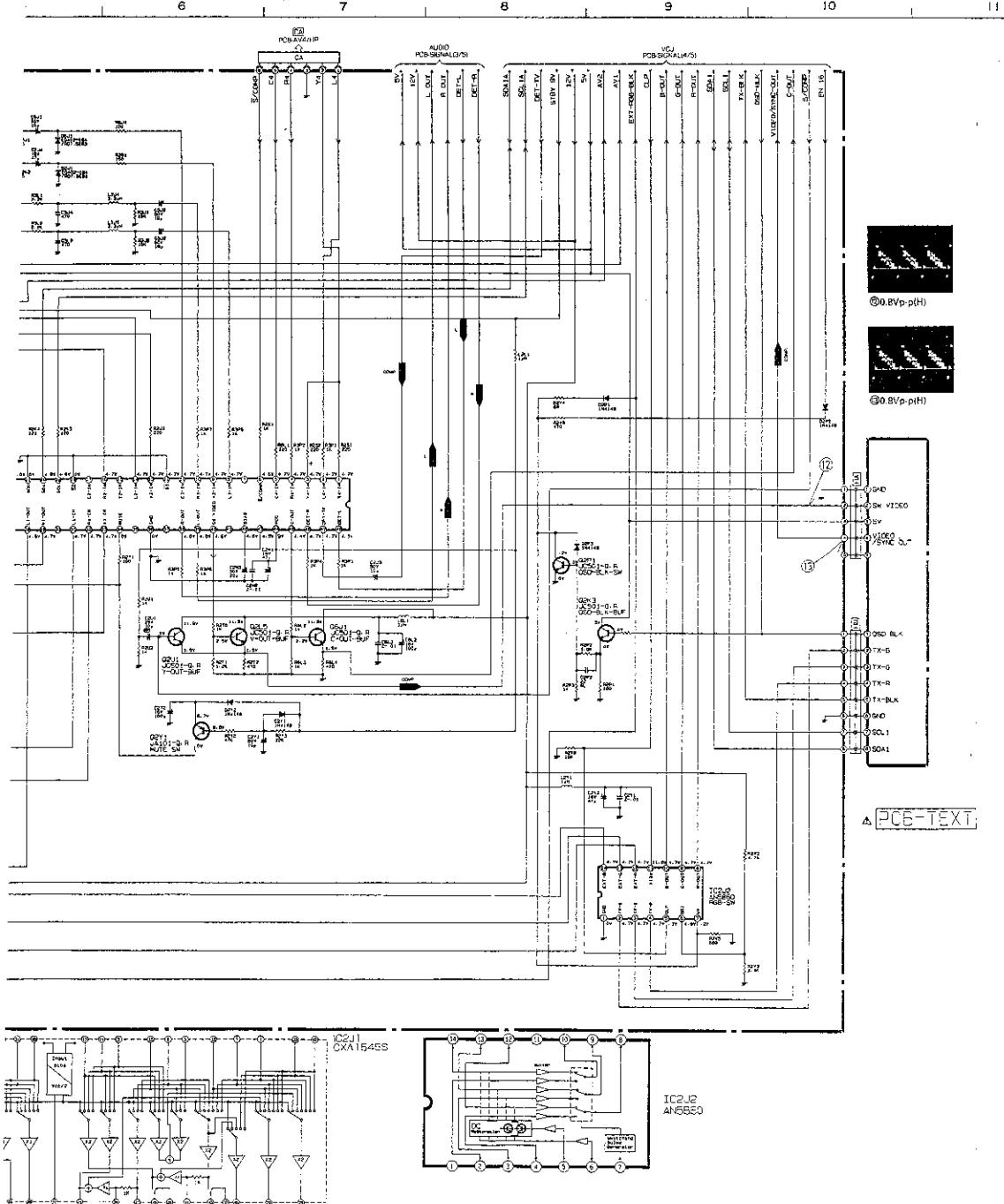
PCB-SIGNAL(4/5)-VCJ

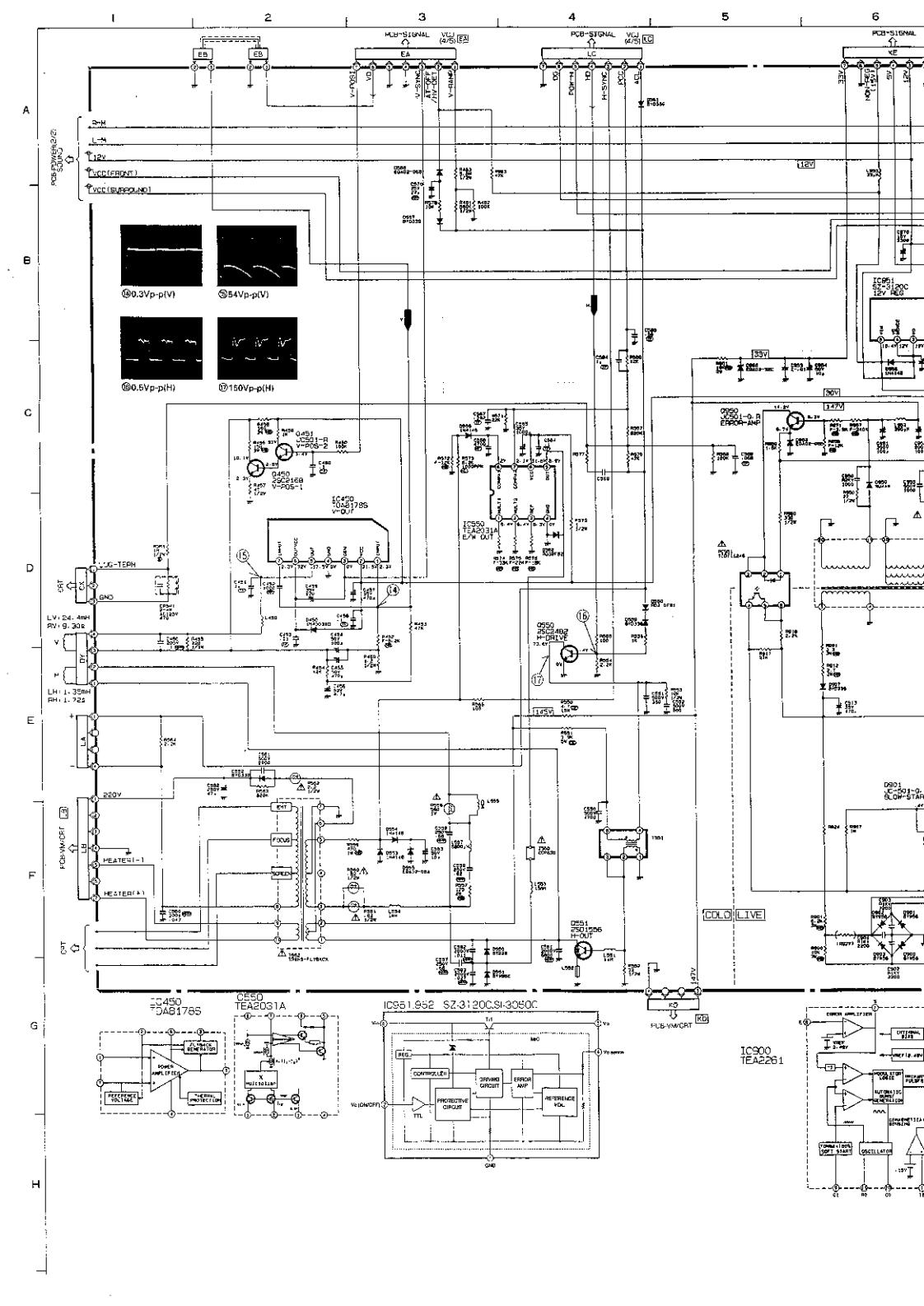


CT-29AS1EDT
CT-29AS1ESDT
CT-29AS1EST
CT-29AS1EST(Y)

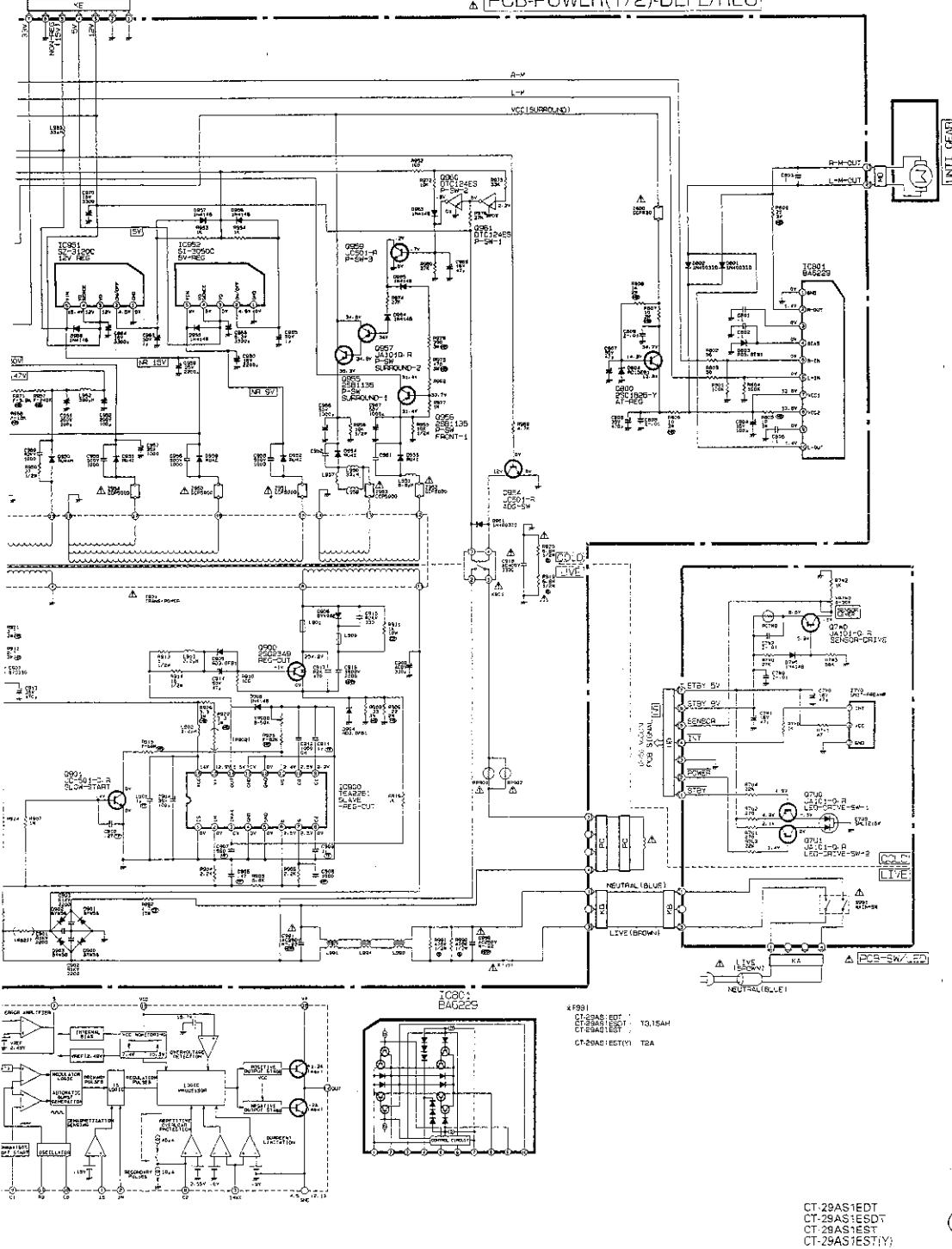
▲ PCB-SIGNAL(5/5)-AV

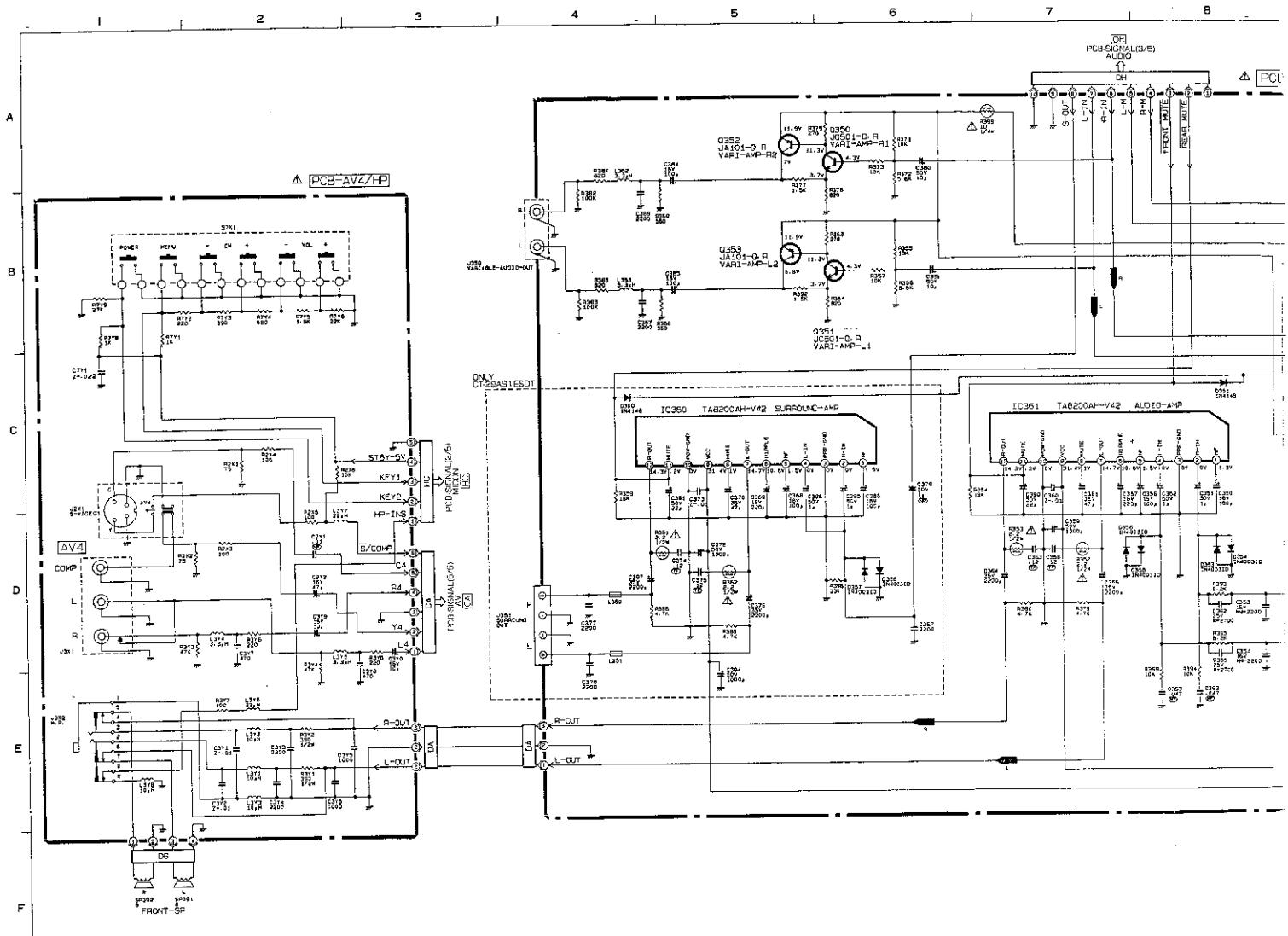


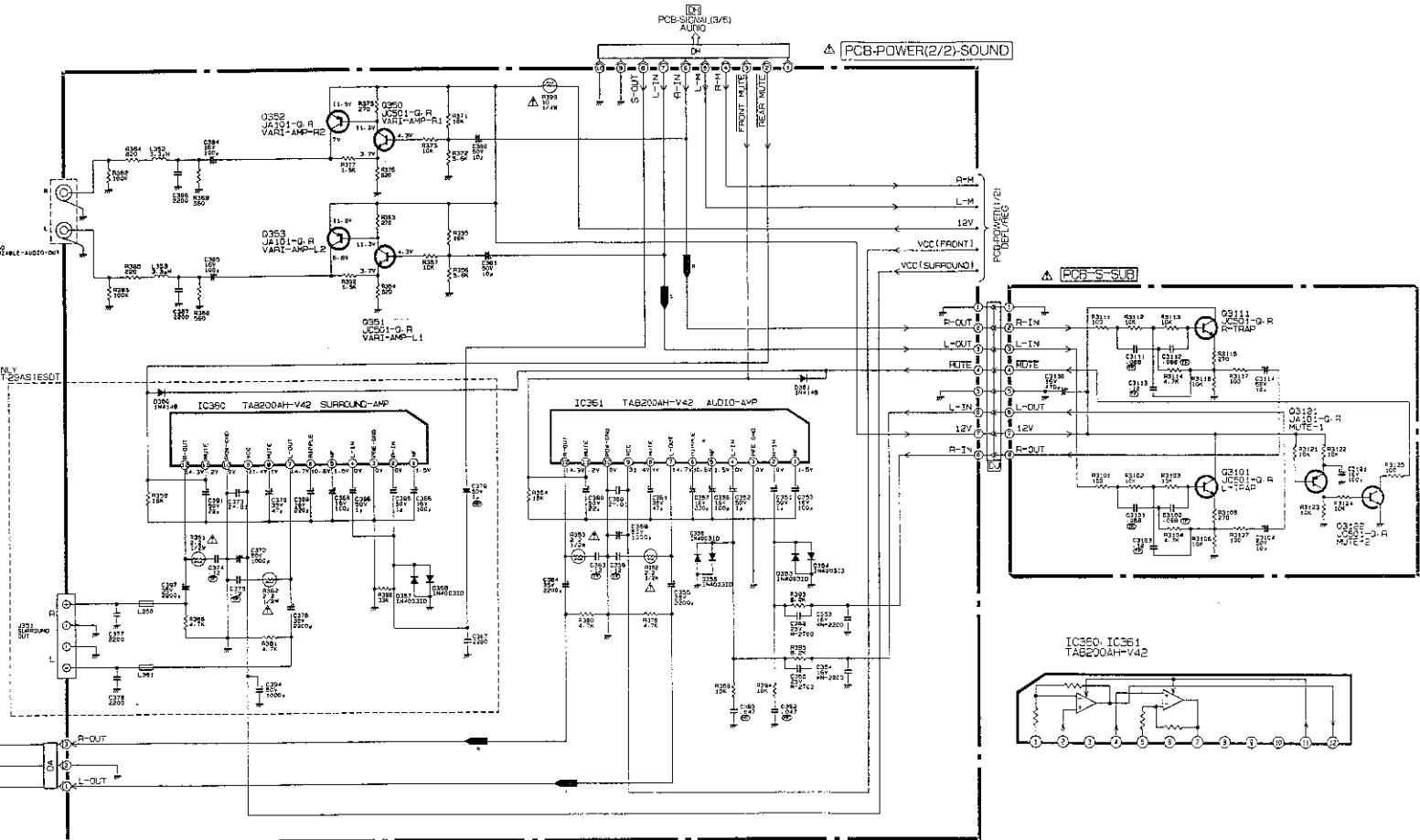


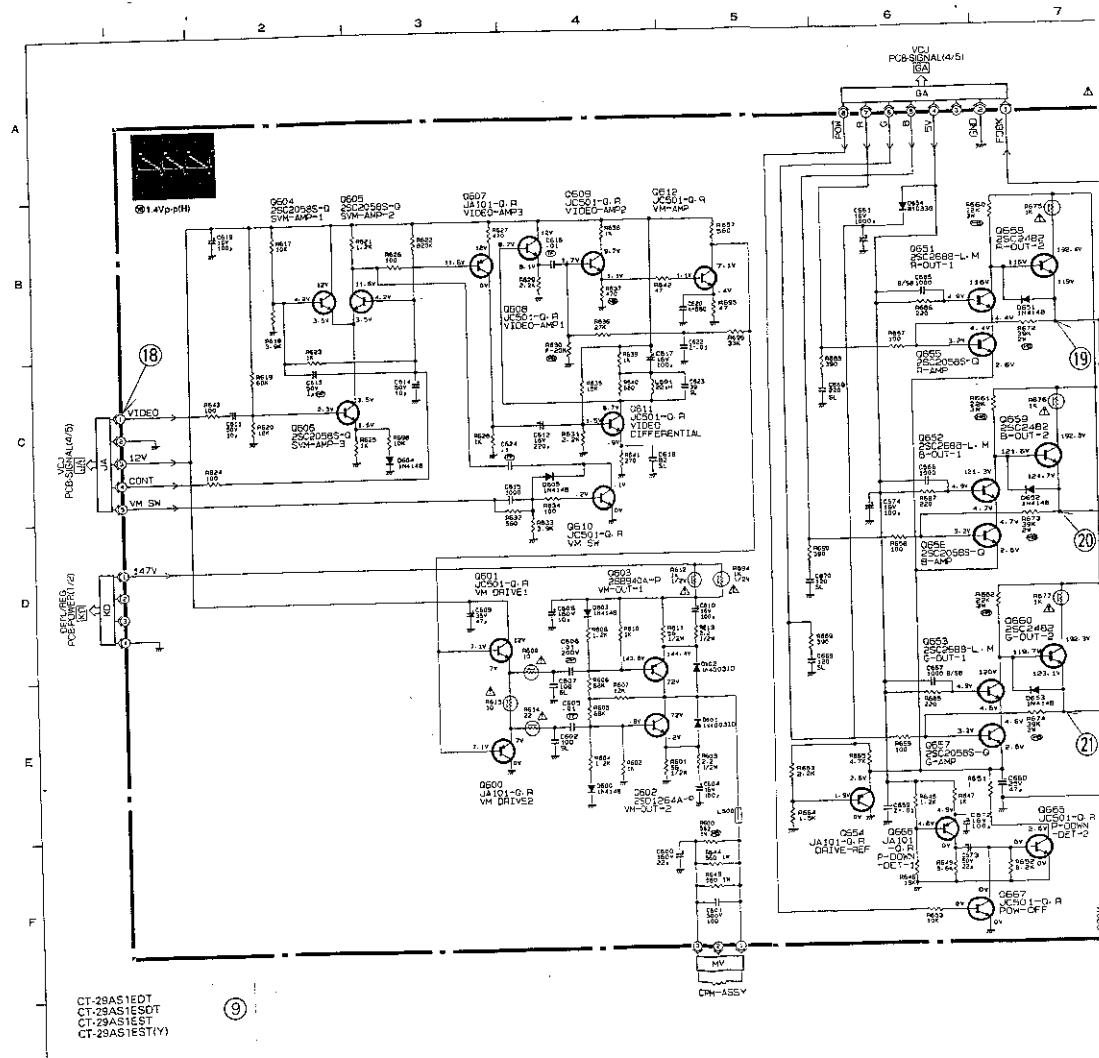


PCB-POWER(1/2)-DEFL/REG

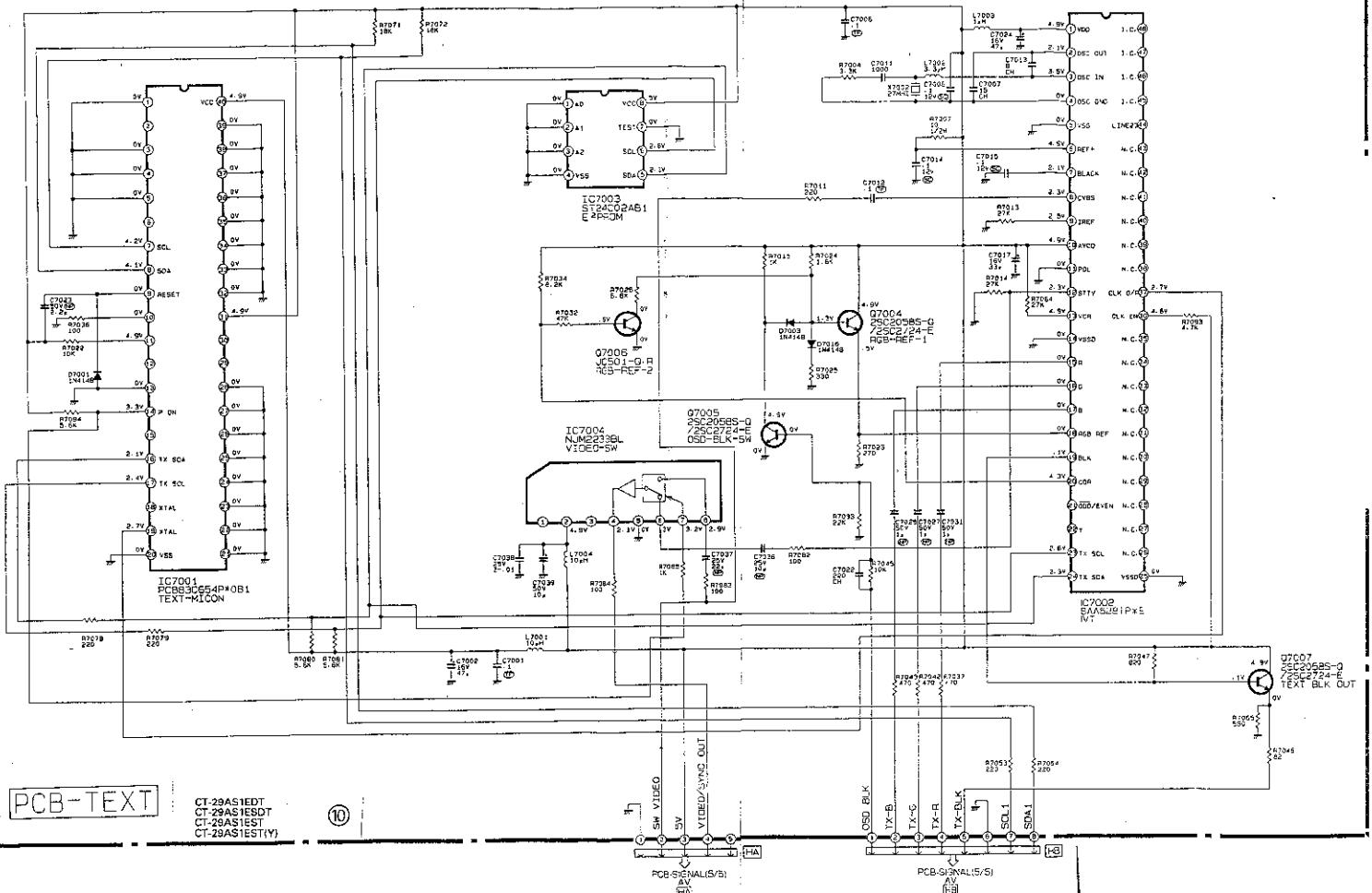




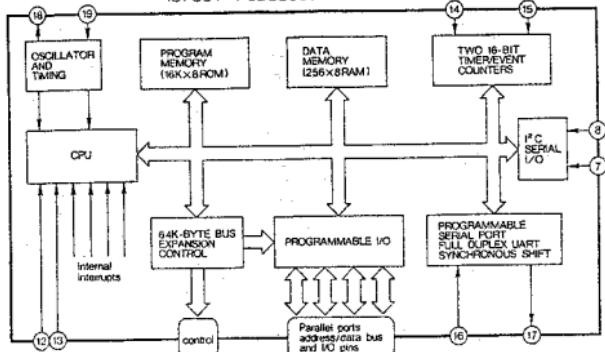




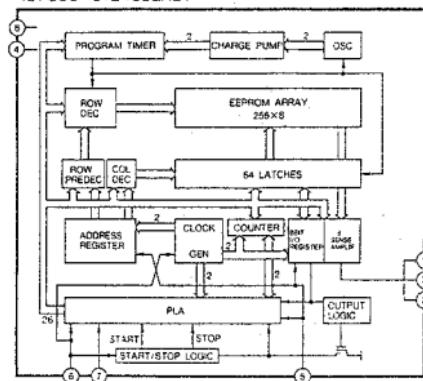
CT-29AS1EDT
CT-29AS1ESOT
CT-29AS1EST
CT-29AS1EST(Y)



IC7001 PCB83C654P



IC7003 ST24C02AB1



IC7002 SAA5281P*E

