**Service Manual** 

# **Direct Drive Player System**

SL-2000 (XGE,E,E1)



TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS (IHF) Specifications are subject to change without notice for further improvement. Weights and dimensions shown are approximate.

#### **Turntable section**

Type Drive method Motor Turntable platter

Turntable speeds Pitch controls

Wow and flutter

Rumble

# Tonearm section

Type

Effective length Overhang Tracking error angle Direct Drive Player system **Direct Drive** DC motor employing one chip IC Aluminum die-cast, 30.8 cm (12-11/64") 33-1/3 and 45 rpm Individual adjustment controls, 10% adjustment range 0.045% W.R.M.S. (JIS C5521) ±0.065% weighted zero to peak (DIN 45507) -47 dB (DIN 45539A) -70 dB (DIN 45539B)

Universal tubular arm, staticbalanced type 220 mm (8-21/32") 14 mm (35/64") Within +3° at the point of 145 mm (5-45/64") from the center Weight Within -0.2° at the point of 55mm (2-3/16") from the center

## Adjustable stylus pressure

range Cartridge weight range Headshell weight

## Cartridge section

Type Frequency response Output voltage Channel separation Channel balance Load impedance Stylus pressure Replacement stylus

## General

Power supply Power consumption Dimensions  $(H \times W \times D)$ 

0 to 3 g (stylus pressure direct reading type) 3 to 8.5 g 9.5 g

Moving magnetic stereo cartridge 20 to 25,000 Hz 1.7 to 3.4 mV 1 kHz, 5cm/s. lateral 22 dB at 1 kHz Within 2 dB at 1 kHz 47 kΩ to 100 kΩ  $1.75 \pm 0.25$  g EPS-35STED

~ 110/120/220/240V, 50 or 60 Hz 5.5 W 12.5 x 43 x 34.6 cm (4-15/16" x 16-15/16" x 13-5/8") 6.1 kg (13.4 lbs)







# ASSEMBLY AND SET-UP

#### Horizontally balanced state



## Adjustments of the horizontal "0" balance and the stylus pressure

Before adjusting the horizontal "0" balance, check for the following items.

- Ensure that the cueing lever is in the lowered position as shown in Fig. 2.
- Ensure that the anti-skating knob is at "0" position. (See Fig. 1)
- 3) Make certain that the power switch/speed selector is in "OFF" position. (See Fig. 1)

Mount the balance weight on the tonearm rear shaft, (See Fig. 2)



Fig. 3





2. Anti-skating adjustment (Fig. 6) Set the anti-skating knob to the same value as that of the adjusted stylus pressure.



Fig. 6

- Detach the tonearm from the arm rest as shown in Fig. 3 to bring the tonearm into free state.
- Turn the entire balance weight clockwise (indicated by the arrow "A") or counterclockwise (indicated by the arrow "B") until the tonearm is approximately balanced horizontally. (See Fig. 2) During the above adjustment, be sure that the stylus tip of the cartridge does not contact the turntable mat or player case.
- After adjusting the horizontal balance, temporarily set the tubular arm in the arm rest, and then rotate only the calibrated stylus pressure ring, taking care not to move the balance weight, so as to bring the number "0" of the stylus pressure ring into alignment with the center line of the tonearm rear shaft. (See Fig. 4)
- In the next step, turn the balance weight in the direction of the arrow to align the proper stylus pressure (1.75 g) of the unit with the center line. (See Fig. 5)

#### Note:

- Since the calibrated stylus pressure ring rotates together with the rotation of the balance weight, proper stylus pressure can be selected while you directly read the graduations of the calibrated stylus pressure ring.
- 2) In cases where the recording level of a record is extremely high or the unit is used in a room having low temperature or records are played in places where vibrations are liable to be transmitted to the record player, "distortion" of sound or "skipping" of stylus may take place. In such cases, set to "2g" for optimum performance.
- 3. Installation of the dust cover (Fig. 7)

Hold the dust cover at both sides, and fit it into position from directly above.



#### Outline

This player unit adopts a system that utilizes counterelectromotive force for the rotational control signal. Using a single IC chip (AN620) incorporating the main circuitry section, the size of the motor has been sharply reduced and

#### Operation Explanation

#### (1) Generating coil

This coil generates a voltage whose amplitude is proportional to the rotational speed of the player.

#### (2) Smoothing circuit

This circuit changes the pulsating current, that has been generated by the generating coil, to a directcurrent voltage with a very little ripple component.

#### (3) Comparison circuit

This circuit compares the voltage, which is proportional to the actual rotating speed of the player and which has passed through the smoothing circuit, with the voltage at the standard voltage circuit whose level has been established according to the rotational speed required. From this, an error voltage is produced if the compared voltages are not the same.

#### (4) Speed control circuit

This circuit controls the current which flows in the three differential switching circuits according to the error voltage. Also, due to the signal from the hFE compensating circuit, this circuit corrects any unbalance in the current which flows in the drive coil.

#### (5) Three differential switching circuits

On the secondary side of each phase of the position signal coil, an approximate 60 kHz signal that has been established by the oscillation circuit is present, and

# BLOCK DIAGRAM

the player has become exceptionally slim. The block diagram is shown below, and an explanation of the operation is given in the following.

switching is performed in the order of first phase, second phase, third phase, first phase, ... etc. changing the current for the drive circuit. Also, this section controls the current for the drive circuit according to the current flow.

#### (6) Drive circuit and current limiting circuit

The drive circuit controls the large current, by a switching arrangement, that flows in the drive coil according to the small control current input.

The current limiting circuit operates to prevent the flow of current that is above the proper level in order to protect the IC from abnormal operation and the generation of heat, should overcurrent flow.

#### (7) hFE compensating circuit

Any variation in the hFE of the drive circuit transistors becomes a variation in the drive current, and because it influences the signal-to-noise ratio, and wow and flutter, this circuit operates to reduce the variation in hFE.

#### (8) Rotational speed selection and adjustment

Rotational speed selection through a change in the standard voltage and adjustments through a variation in the standard voltage can both be performed electrically.





Strobe of 60 Hz, 33-1/3 rpm The strobe dots seem to be stationary. Fig. 11

"+" direction This increases the speed of the turntable rotation, and  Adjustment of the arm lift height (See Figs. 8 and 9) The arm lift height (distance between the stylus tip and record surface when cueing lever is raised) has been adjusted at the factory before shipping to approximately 5 to 10 mm (3/16" to 25/64").

For using different cartridges available on the market or when further adjustments are particulary necessary, move the tonearm toward the motor shaft (center spindle), with the stylus cover put on, and then push down manually on the arm lift bar to expose the adjustment screw. Turn the screw for adjustment.

Clockwise rotation

-distance between the record and stylus tip is reduced.

Counterclockwise rotation

-distance between the record and stylus tip increases.

Note:

Since the adjustment screw has a hexagonal head, be sure to turn the screw while depressing the arm lift bar.

Fine adjustments of speed (Figs. 10 and 11)

Strobe dots are set on the rim of the turntable platter according to the power frequency and the number of revolutions of the records. If the strobe dots seem to be flowing, make adjustment, referring to the following points while playing a record.

Set the power switch/speed selector to the number of revolutions to be adjusted.

The strobe illuminator/pilot lamp will be lit for illuminating the strobe dots.

While turning the pitch control knobs either to "+" side or to "--" side, adjust to such an extent that the strobe dots of the turntable look as if they were stationary as in Fig. 11. The state under which the strobe dots seem to be stationary represents the correct number of revolutions.

#### Note:

Strobe dot pattern

The strobe illuminator/pilot lamp of this unit employs the commercially available power source. The frequency of such power source, when actually measured, has a fluctuation of about 0.2%. As such a fluctuation of the power source affects the strobe illuminator, the strobe dot pattern also seems to fluctuate to a certain extent. But the number of revolutions is not affected by the fluctuations of the power source, since a DC motor is employed in the unit.

the strobe dot pattern seems to flow in the same direction as the rotational direction of the lumbable platter.

This decreases the speed of the turntable rotation, resulting in a state opposite to that in the "+" direction.

40/V at a rotational speed of 33-1/3r.p.m.







# REPLACEMENT PARTS LIST

### **Important Safety Notice**

Components identified by shaded area have special characteristics important for safety. When replacing any of these components use only manufacturer's specified parts.

NOTE: 1. Part numbers are indicated on most mechanical parts. Please use this part number for parts orders.

Ref. No.	Part No.	Part Name & Description	Per Set	Remarks
		TRANSISTORS		
TR1	2SC1226A-Q	Transistor	1	
	entres sono o			
		DIODES		
D1	SVDSIRB10	Diode	11	
D2	<sup>1</sup> MA1180	Diode	1	
	ð - s i	1		
		TRANSFORMERS		
TI	MPT018	Power Transformer	1	
		VARIABLE RESISTORS		
10.0	EVHCTA091853	5kΩ, Speed Adjustment	121	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	1			
		FUSES		
F1	XBA2C01TRU	100mA (Fuse)	1	
F2	XBA2C04TR0	400mA (Fuse)	1	
		RESISTORS		
R2	ERG1ANJ123	$12k\Omega$ , 1W, ± 5%, Metallic	1	
P.2	EBD25TJ102	1kΩ, 1/4W, ± 5%, Carbon	1 i )	
			1 1	
		CAPASITORS		
C1	ECKDDS472ME	0.0047µF 250V ±20%, Ceramic	111	
C3	6.COM05153K.7	0.015µF 50WV +10%, Polyester	. 1	
C4	n CF-635V330	330µH 35WV r10%, Electrolytic	11	
	C	ABINET AND CHASSIS PARTS		
	SI AD200-01R	Dust Cover	11	0
2	SI-31200-01A	Hunge Ass y	12	0
5	SFTG140-01 SFTE200-01	Turntable Mai Turntable		0
ũ	SF AC200-01	Cabinet		0
01	SFNN200X01	Name Plate, set for [XGE,E1]	1 1	lõ
8-1	SENN200E01	Name Plate, set for [E]		l õ
o-2	SEKK200X01	Name Plate, Cabinet	1	, o
7	SFKT200-01E	Knob, Variable Pitch Centrol	2	lõ
a.	SEE 1200-021	Knob, Start Switch	1	0
ţ.	SFUM200-02	. Nexut Cover	1	0
9 T	NTN - ross -	Screw	1	0
10	SFCP200-02	. Stield Cover, PU	à.	0
10-1	AT VataG	Surew.	2	0
10-2	λ1V3+6.	Screw		
11	VIA445	Micro Switch		1
11-1	XYR3+C16S	S. rev.	2	
		1		

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Ref. No.	Part No.	Part Name & Description	Per   Set	Remarks
11-2	XNG3HS	Nut	2	-
12	SFUP200-07E	Mounting Plate, Switch		0
12-1	XTV3+8B	Screw	2	
14	SFDSSW315-1	Speed Select Switch	1 1	
14-1	XTN3+6B	Screw	2	
15	SFUP200-08	Base, Switch	1	0
15-1	XTN3+8B	Screw	2	
16	SFUM200-03	Cam, Selector	1	O
16-1	SFYB5-32	Ball	1	
16-2	SFQA829-2	Spring	1	
16-3	XUC4	E-Shaped		
16-4	SFXW702-05	Washer	1	
17	SFEL028-01E	Earth Cord Ass'y	1	
18	SFKP419C	Phono Cord, set for [E,EI]	1	
18	SFDH020G01E	Phone Cord, set for [XGE]	1	
19	SFEA2C2500W	AC cord, set for [XGE]	1	
19	SFKP419C	AC cord, set for [E, E1]		
20	SFSR4N4	Bushing, Power Cord	r i	
22	SFUP200E01	Mounting Plate, Cord	1	0
22-1	A CONTRACT OF A	Screw	2	0
	XTV3+8J	Screw	2	
22-2	XTV3+8J		- 1	
24	SFUP200-06	Plate, Heat Sink		
24-1	XSN3+8S	Screw		
24-2	XNG3HS	Nut	1	
24-3	XTV3+8J	Screw	2	0
25	SFUP200-05	Shield Plate	1	0
25-1	XTV3+8J	Screw	1	
26	SFDNE2HUWMA2	Neon	1	~
27	MKL15SIT	Motor Ass'y	1	0
27-2	TV3+8J	Screw	, 3	
28	SFUP200-03	Mounting Plate, Transformer		0
28-1	SFGH200X01	Spacer, Power Transformer	2	0
29-1	XTV3+8J	Screw		ï
29-2	SFDSXW131-1	Power Selector Switch	1	
29-3	XTV3+8J	Screw	1 2 1	
30	SFAU200X01	<ul> <li>Bottom Plate</li> </ul>	, 1	0
30-1	XTW3+25JR	Screw	16	
31	ISFUP200X01	Shield Plate, Transformer	1	0
31-1	XMM31+8	Screw	2	
32	SFGA200-01E	Audio insulators	4	C
33-1	SF-0C200-01	Spring, Insulator	$\frac{2}{2}$	Õ
33-2	SFQC200-02	Spring, Insulator	2	0
33-3	XMN31+13	Screw	3	
33-4	XTV3+8J	Screw	2	
34	SFUP200-04	Cover, Switch	1	
35	SFPWG22001K	Balance Weight Ass'y	1	
36	SFPAM20001K	Tone Arm	1	
36-1	SFEW3500	Washer	1	
37	SFPCC13001K	Head Shell	1	
37-1	EPC270C LK-X	Cartridge, set for (E,E1)	1	
37-2	SFPEV7800	Screw, set for [E, EI]	2	
38	SFUP890B01E	Boll, Tone Arm	ī	
38-1	SFPEW22001	Washer	i	
39	SFPRT22003K	Arm Lift	1	
39-1	SFXG829-1	Screw Adjustment, Arm Lift Base	3	
39-2	SFQA829-03	Spring, Arm Lift	··· 11 ···	
		Anti-Skating Force Control Knob		~
40	SFPJK20002	<ul> <li>A second statement of the second statemen</li></ul>	8	-
41	SFPRT20001	Arm Rest	: <u>-</u> i	-
41-1	XWA26B	Washer		
41-2	XNG26HBN	Nui		<u>^</u>
42	SFPJL20001	Lever, Lift	1	0

			Per	
Ref. No.	Part No.	Part Name & Description	Set	Hemarks
43	SFPKD20001E	Arm Base	-	0
44	SFPJD22003K	Tonearm Fixing Plate Ass'y		
44.1	SFPAB20001	screw Plate, Lift	-	0
45-1	SFPGM20001	Cueing Rubber	-	5.00
45.2	XTN3+5B	Screw	7	
46	SFPJL22002K	Arm Lift Base Ass'y		
	SFPSH20001	Plate, Anit-Skating	- •	
47.5	SEPEW2002	Washer		
47-3	XTW26+5D	Screw	-	
48	SFPSP12002	Spring, Canceler	-	
49 50	SFDZ023X01 EPS270ED	Holder, Fuse Stylus	4-	
		ACCESSORY PARTS		
A1	SFNU200G01	Printed Matter, set for [XGE]		0
A1	SFNU200X01	Printed Matter, set for [E, E1]	-	0
A2	SFWE154A1	45 r.p.m. Adaptor		
A3	SFDK100G	DIN-PIN Plug		
		PACKING MATERIALS		
P2	SFHP200G01	Packing Case (Inner), set for [XGE]	-	0
P2	SFHP200X01	Packing case, set for [E, E1]	-	0
P3	SFHH200-01	Side Pad (Front)	-	0
P4	SFHH200-02	Side Pad (Rear)	-	0
P5	SFHD200-01	Pad, Top	- •	00
PG	SFHD200-02	Pad, Lurntable		c
80	SEHD200X01	Ton Parts Box		
64	SFYF60A60	Polyethylene Sheet	2	
P11	SFYF45A50	Polyethylene Pack	-	
P12	SFYF15A20	Polyethylene Pack	-	
P13	SFYC22A26	Polyethylene Sheet	-	
	Set	Set for [XGE] is England.		
	Set	Set for [E1] are European. Set for [E] are Scandinavian.		

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# PACKING PARTS

