SONY® SERVICE MANUAL

AV-3420CE

VIDEOCORDER

REVISED 1

SONY CORPORATION

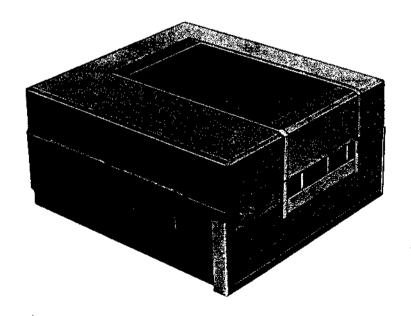


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SERVICE MANUAL

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SECTION 1 GENERAL DESCRIPTION

1-1. INTRODUCTION

The Model AV-3420CE is a lightweight, compact, portable Videocorder with a built-in three-way power supply and may be operated from power, a BP-20 battery, or a car battery. The unit provides high-quality video/audio record and playback functions. Recorded material can be played back on the camera viewfinder screen, a video monitor connected with a VMC-1M cable or a conventional TV receiver, using the RF Unit.

Two dc motors are used, one for the head drum drive and the other for capstan servo, since both head drum and capstan servo systems are employed.

The recorded pattern on the magnetic tape conforms to SONY AV-CE seires standards so that tape interchangeability between all SONY AV-CE seires video tape recorders should be maintained.

1-2. SPECIFICATIONS

Video recording system:

Rotary 2-head helical scan system, full field, composite video signal based on CCIR standards (supplied from the AVC-3420CE Video Camera or a

monitor/receiver).

Track pattern:

SONY AV-CE series track.

Tape

Interchangeable with all other tapes with SONY AV-CE series

interchangeability:

standard track pattern.

Recording time:

30 minutes continuously with

a V-30H tape.

Tape speed:

163.22 mm ±0.2%

Video input:

 $0.5 \sim 2.0 \text{ V(p-p)}$, sync negative,

75 ohms, unbalanced.

Video output:

1.0 V(p-p),

negative,

75 ohms.

Resolution:

More than 300 lines

S/N ratio:

More than 40 dB

DC level supplied

DC 6 V ± 0.5 V

to viewfinder video input:

Audio input

-65 dB, 3,600 ohms, AGC

sync

(microphone jack): (0 dB = 0.775 V), unbalanced

Audio output

-4 dB, 1 k ohms

(earphone jack):

Audio overall characteristics:

 $100 \text{ Hz} \sim 10 \text{ kHz}$.

Maximum record/

playback time:

Continuously with AC-3420CE power supply or 30 minutes with

BP-20

Charging time:

6 hours to charge BP-20

Power

DC, 12 V ±1.2 V with BP-20 12.6 W

requirements:

AC, 110, 127, 220 or 240 V

±10% with AC-3420CE

Dimensions:

280 mm(W) x 157 mm(H) x

295 mm(D)

Weight:

8,5 kg.

Accessories supplied:

AC power adaptor AC-3420CE

Battery pack, BP-20

Empty reel, RH-5E Earphone, CE-3

Monitor connecting cable.

VMC-1M Polishing cloth Splicing tape Cleaning fluid Shoulder bag

1-3. LOCATION OF PARTS AND CONTROLS

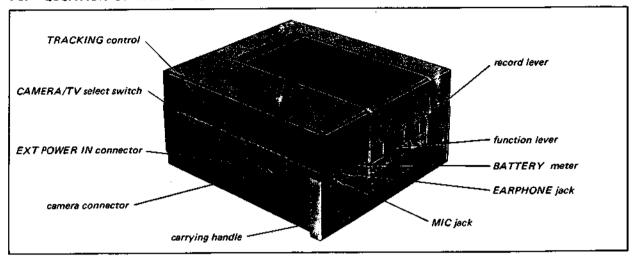


Fig. 1-1

TRACKING control:

Video head tracking is controlled by shifting the control track pulse electronically in the playback mode in order to ob-

tain tape interchangeability.

CAMERA/TV select switch:

Set to the CAMERA position when using the AVC-3420CE

camera. A monitor may be

connected with a VMC-1M monitor connecting cable and the

selector set to TV.

Camera connector: An AVC-3420CE camera or CVM

series monitor can be connected (with a VMC-1M cable). Fig. 1-4 shows the camera connections,

Fig. 1-5 TV connections.

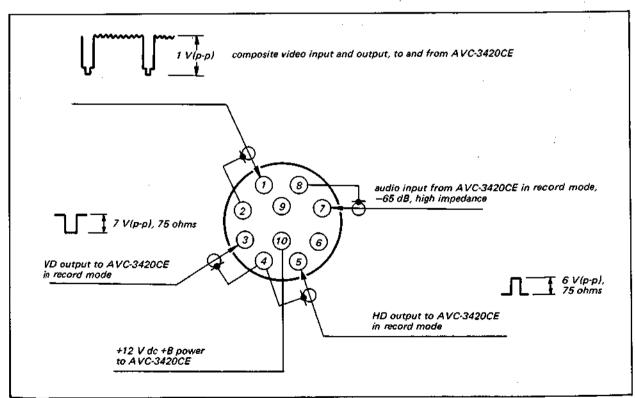


Fig. 1-2 Camera connections with videocorder

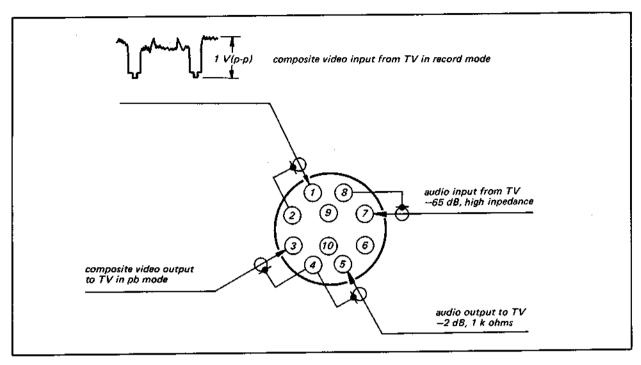


Fig. 1-3 TV connections with Videocorder

RF out jack;

Output connector for the RF modulator unit (optional). The video output is converted to a VHF signal by the RF modulator and is fed to the TV antenna terminals.

EXT. POWER IN

connector:

Accepts external power from the AC-3420CE ac power supply.

MIC jack:

Accepts an external microphone, -65 dB, 3,600 ohms

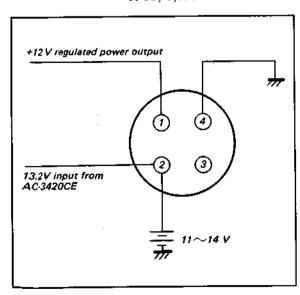


Fig. 1-4. AC-3420CE connection

EARPHONE jack:

Accepts an earphone for monitoring playback audio output.

-4 dB. 1 k ohms.

BATTERY meter:

Indicates battery terminal voltage in record and playback modes. The pointer reads between white and red areas when the voltage drops to 11V dc.

RECORD lever:

The video and servo systems are put into the record mode by actuating switches on the

respective boards.

Function lever:

Select the desired transport operation by setting the mechanical links, idlers, belts and pullies.

Time counter:

Indicates the elapsed time in minutes. Drive for this fourdigit counter is taken from the

capstan sub-roller.

Video head:

SONY video head type H01-02 commonly used in SONY AV-3620CE, AV-3670CE Video-

corders.

SOUND DUB

knob:

Puts the audio channel into the record mode while the video channel is in the playback mode. STILL knob:

Releases the pinch roller from the capstan temporarily to produce a still-frame picture.

switch:

Automatic shut-off Power to the VTR is shut off by a microswitch when tape

slackens or runs out.

OPERATION

Power Source 1-4-1.

The AV-3420CE Videocorder operates from a built-in rechargeable battery pack. Ac power is supplied by connecting the AC-3420CE ac Power Adaptor which also permits battery charging. Operation from a 12V car battery is also possible using the DCC-2400 Car Battery Cord (optional).

Battery installation

- Open the battery compartment cover by turning the screw with a coin.
- Plug the cord from the battery pack into the jack inside the battery compartment.

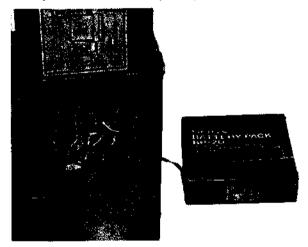


Fig. 1-5

Install the battery pack and close the compartment cover.

Battery life

A fully-charged battery allows approximately 30 minutes of continuous operation of both Video corder and camera. The pointer of the BATTERY meter shows battery condition when the Videocorder is turned on; a white-zone reading shows that the

battery is in good condition, a red-zone reading shows that the battery is discharged. The Videocorder and camera will not perform properly with a weak battery. If the pointer of the BATTERY meter is in the red zone, recharge the battery at once.

> Note: The battery is fully charged when it leaves the factory. However, an idle battery will discharge slowly over a long period of time. Therefore, the battery may not yield a full 30 minute operation when it is first put into service. Full capacity will be restored, however, after the first recharge.

Car battery operation

Insert the cigarette-lighter plug of the car battery cord into the cigarette lighter socket in the car and male plug of the other end into the EXT POWER IN connector on the Videocorder. For further details, refer to the instruction manual included with the DCC-2400 Car Battery Cord.

Ac power operation

- Plug the power cord of the AC-3420CE ac Power Adaptor into an ac outlet.
- Insert the round plug of the adaptor into the EXT POWER IN connector on the Videocorder.
- Press the adaptor POWER switch on. The red Pilot Lamp will light and power will be supplied to the Videocorder.

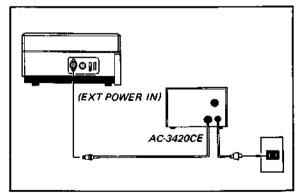


Fig. 1-6 AC-3420CE connection

1-4-2. Tape Threading

1. Place an empty reel on the Take-Up Reel Spindle and a full reel on the Supply Reel Spindle.

Unwind about 70 cm of tape and thread it onto the Take-Up Reel according to the direction of the arrow.

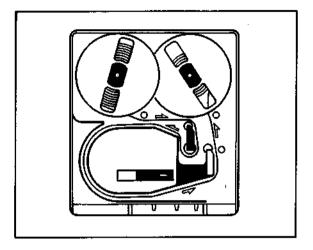


Fig. 1-7 Tape threading

 Turn the Take-Up Reel by hand to take up any excess slack in the tape path.

1-4-3. Recording with The Video Camera

- Insert the camera cable of the AVC-3420CE into the Camera Connector of the Videocorder: Plug the 10-pin connector into the Camera Connector on the Videocorder by matching the slot in the plug with the guide pin on the receptacle. Turn the locking collar of the cable clockwise until the cable locks firmly into place.
- 2. Set the CAMERA/TV switch to CAMERA.
- 3. Press the Time Counter Reset Button to set the Time Counter to (000). This counter indicates recording time as well as the amount of the tape used. When you read the counter as a time indicator, read it as follows.

 - 0.9...... 0.9 minutes or 54 seconds
- 4. First, set the Récord Lever to the REC position and then the Function Lever to FWD (before releasing the Record Lever). The Record Lever will lock into place and the Videocorder and camera will remain in the Standby mode.
- Adjust the camera to obtain a satisfactory picture as displayed on the viewfinder.

- To start the recording, press the Grip Switch on the hand grip of the camera, or push the Start Button at the right side of the lens mount.
- 7. To monitor the sound, plug the earphone into the EARPHONE jack on the control panel of the Videocorder. Sound picked up by the microphone built into the camera will be recorded simultaneously. Picture and sound levels are automatically adjusted by the SONY-MATIC recording system in the Videocorder and camera.
- To stop recording, press the Grip Switch on the hand grip or the Start Button again. At the end of the recording, set the Function Lever to STOP.

1-4-4. Recording TV Programs

 Connect the 8-pin connector on the SONY video monitor to the 10-pin Camera Connector on the Videocorder using a VMC-1M connecting cable (supplied).

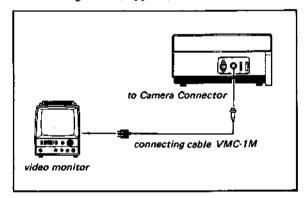


Fig. 1-8 Monitor connection

- 2. Set the CAMERA/TV switch to TV.
- 3. Set the Time Counter to (000).
- Turn on the monitor and set the TV/VTR switch on the monitor to VTR.
- Hold the Record Lever in the REC position to place the Videocorder in the E-to-E mode. Adjust the controls on the monitor for the best possible picture.
- Holding the Record Lever, set the Function Lever to FWD. Video and audio recording will start. No adjustment of video and audio signal levels is required.

 To stop recording, set the Function Lever to STOP.

Note: Television programs may be copyrighted.

Recording of such material, particularly if for commercial purposes, may be contrary to provisions of the United States copyright laws.

1-4-5. Tape Playback

The playback picture can be viewed on the camera viewfinder screen, a monitor screen, or a conventional TV screen with appropriate accessories.

Note: When playing back a tape which has been interrupted during the Record mode, picture distortion may be observed during the transitions.

Playback on the viewfinder screen

Connect the AVC-3420CE Camera to the Camera Connector of the Videocorder and set the Function Lever to FWD.

Playback on the monitor screen

Connect the monitor to the Camera Connector using the VMC-IM connecting cable and set the Function Lever to FWD.

Playback on a conventional TV screen

The output signal of the Videocorder is converted to an ordinary TV (rf) signal by an optional accessory RF Unit, which can be installed inside the battery compartment. The rf signal is fed to the antenna terminals of the TV set through the Antenna Selector ANS-1, supplied with the RF Unit.

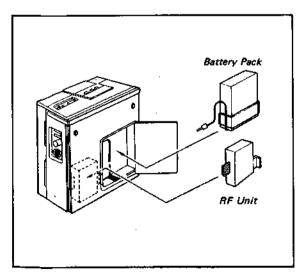


Fig. 1-9 Battery and RF pack installation

- 1. Take the battery pack out of the battery compartment and insert the RF Unit.
- 2. Replace the battery pack as before.
- Connect the feed wire of the Antenna Selector to the external antenna terminals (300 ohms) of the TV set.
- 4. Set the ANT/VTR switch on the Antenna Selector to VTR. When the Videocorder is not in use, the TV set may be operated as a normal television receiver by setting the ANT/VTR switch to ANT position and connecting the 300-ohm external antenna to the antenna terminals of the Antenna Selector.
- Plug the cord from the Antenna Selector into the RF OUT jack on the Videocorder.
- Set the TV channel selector to the channel to which the RF Unit is set.

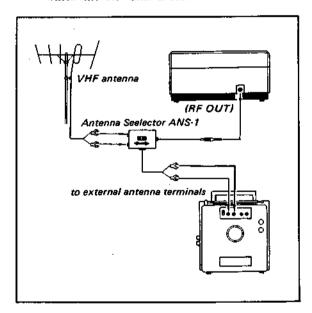


Fig. 1-10 Antenna connection

STILL playback

A stop-motion picture is obtained by pulling the STILL knob down in the direction of the arrow. To release the STILL mode, return the knob to its normal position.

TRACKING adjustment

When playing back a tape recorded on a different AV-Series Videocorder, adjust the TRACKING control should any noise appear in the picture. For normal playback, set the red mark on the knob to the center position.

1-4-6. Sound Dubbing

New sound (from a microphone, tape recorder, phonograph, radio, etc.) can be recorded on a prerecorded tape.

- Connect the sound source to the MIC jack on the Videocorder.
- Play back the prerecorded tape and watch the playback picture on the viewfinder, monitor, or television receiver.

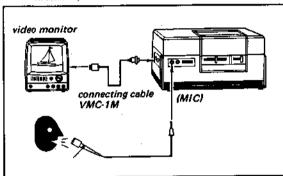


Fig. 1-11 Sound dubbing

- 3. When the desired position for dubbing sound is reached, set the Function Lever to STOP.
- Pull the SOUND DUB knob in the direction of the arrow and then set the Function Lever to FWD.
- When dubbing is complete, set the Function Lever to STOP.

1-4-7. Tape Erasing

Erasure of prerecorded tapes is accomplished automatically as the tape first passes the erase head then moves on to the video (recording) heads.

Should you desire to erase tape without recording, run the tape in the record mode with no signal source connected.

1-4-8. Battery Charging

The built-in battery pack can be recharged with or without removing it from the Videocorder.

Charging the battery pack inside the Videocorder

- Connect the AC-3420CE ac Power Adaptor to the Videocorder and to an ac outlet.
- Press the POWER switch to turn on the adaptor. The red Pilot Lamp will light.
- 3. Set the Function Lever of the Videocorder to STOP. Charging will then be started and the Charging Meter on the adaptor will indicate charging condition. While charging, the pointer remains in the black zone (CHARGING). When the battery is completely charged, the pointer stops at the end of the red zone (FULL). About 6 hours is required for full charging.

Charging the battery pack outside the Videocorder

- 1. Take the battery pack out of the Videocorder.
- 2. Connect the AC-3400 adaptor to an ac outlet.
- 3. Insert the plug from the battery pack into the Charging Jack (BATT) on the adaptor.
- 4. Press the POWER switch to turn on the adaptor. Battery charging will start and the Charging Meter will indicate charging condition.

Note: Two battery packs can be recharged simultaneously, one inside and one outside the Videocorder.

When the Charging Meter stops at the FULL position, the two battery packs are fully charged. In this case, about 10 hours is required for full charging.

To check whether or not the battery is fully charged, turn off the power, then turn it on again. The pointer should swing down a little and in a few seconds swing back to the FULL position. This shows a completely charged battery.

SECTION 2 DISASSEMBLY

2-1. CABINET REMOVAL

The cabinet may be removed by taking out the eight screws indicated in Fig. 2-1 and Fig. 2-2. Keep the cabinet lid on when removing these screws.

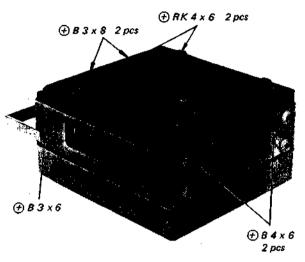


Fig. 2-1.

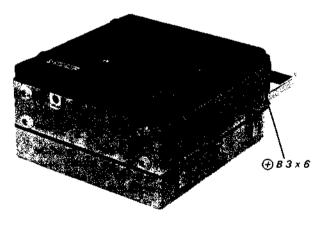


Fig. 2-2.

2-2. ELECTRICAL SERVICE

Video, audio, and servo circuits are exposed for service by removing the bottom reinforcement beam, RF unit housing, and insulation sheet.

1. Remove the two Phillips-head screws that secure the bottom reinforcement beam and remove the beam. See Fig. 2-3 (A).

2. Remove the four Phillips-head screws as indicated in Fig. 2-3 (B) and remove the RF unit housing and insulation sheet.

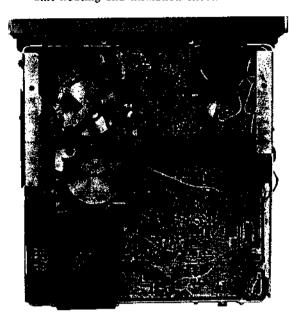


Fig. 2-3 (A)

The video, audio, and servo boards are mounted on hinges. Remove four screws at the corners to release the board so that both sides are accessible. See Fig. 2-4.

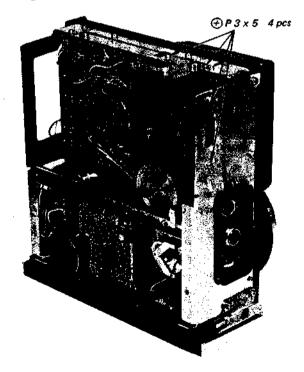


Fig. 2-3 (B)

2-3. TAPE TRANSPORT SERVICE

The tape transport mechanism is exposed for service by removing the reel panel. Loosen the screws indicated in Fig. 2-5, and remove the reel panel.

The front control panel with carrying handle can be removed by taking off the four Phillips-head screws at the ends of the control panel.

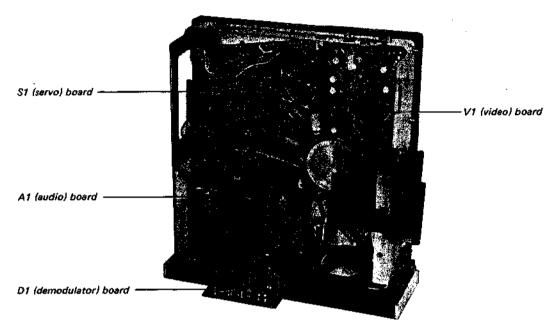


Fig. 2-4

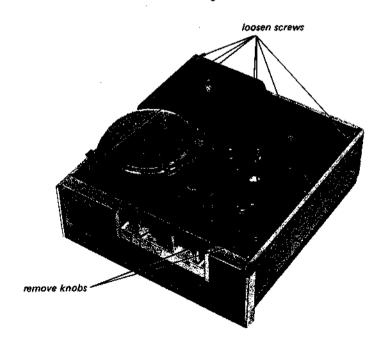


Fig. 2-5

SECTION 3 POWER SUPPLY ALIGNMENT

3-1. POWER SUPPLY ADJUSTMENT

Test Point:

Q902 emitter

Adjust for:

+9 V dc

Adjustment:

R907

Procedure:

- 1. Connect VOM to Q902 collector.
- 2. Check that the input voltage is $12 \text{ V} \sim 13.5 \text{ V}$ dc.
- 3. Reconnect VOM to Q902 emitter.
- 4. Adjust R907 for 9V dc.

3-2. BATTERY METER CALIBRATION

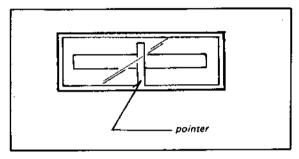


Fig. 3-1

Test Point:

O902 collector.

Adjust for:

Meter pointer reads between

the red and white region

when power supply is 11V dc

Adjustment: R912

- 1. Disassembly AC-3420CE and connect it to VTR.
- 2. Connect VOM to Q902 collector of VTR.
- 3. Adjust AC-3420CE output adjustment (R17) for an 11V dc reading.
- Adjust R912 so that the battery meter reads between the red and white regions of the scale. Readjust AC-3420CE (R17) for original setting of 14.6V output.

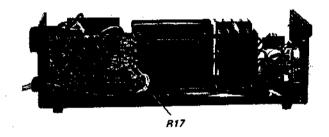


Fig. 3-2 AC-3420CE

SECTION 4 SERVO SYSTEM ALIGNMENT

41. ALIGNMENT SEQUENCE

The servo system alignment sequence is shown in Chart 4-1.

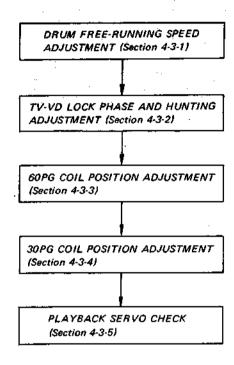


Chart 4-1 Servo system alignment

4-2. EQUIPMENT REQUIRED

Monitor:

SONY CV monitor

Frequency counter:

Oscilloscope:

TV camera:

SONY model AVC-3420CE

camera

Monitor connection

SONY model VMC-1M cable

cable:

Power supply:

AC-3420CE or BP-20

4-3. ADJUSTMENT PROCEDURE

In TV record mode, the servo should lock to the TV vertical sync signal. The free-running speed of the head drum is 12,650 Hz.

4-3-1. Drum Free-Running Speed Adjustment

Test Point:

TP-601

Adjust for:

12,650 Hz ±10 Hz

Adjustment:

R621

Signal source:

None

Equipment Required:

Frequency Counter

Procedure:

- Disconnect cable from TV-CAMERA connector at the monitor.
- 2. Set TV-CAMERA Select switch to TV.
- 3. Thread tape on VTR.
- 4. Check for +9 V +B voltage.
- Connect frequency counter to TP-601 of the servo board.
- Set up the record mode and check the frequency counter reading.
- 7. Adjust R621 so that the frequency counter reading is 12,650 Hz ± 10 Hz.

4-3-2. TV-VD Lock Phase Adjustment and Hunting Adj.

Test Point:

TP-704 Servo board

Adjust for:

Correct servo lock phase

Adjustment:

R731 (lock phase), R732

(hunting)

Signal source:

Telecast signal

Equipment Required:

- 1. Oscilloscope
- 2. Monitor

- 1. Connect the monitor with a VMC-1M cable.
- 2. Set the TV-CAMERA Select switch to TV.
- Connect scope to TP-704; set up the 2 V/cm, 5 ms/cm range.

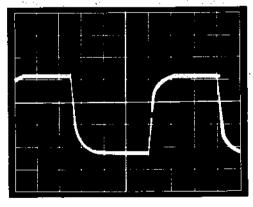


Fig. 4-1.

- 4. Thread the tape and set up the record mode.
- 5. Adjust R731 so that the PG pulse appears midway between the positive and negative peaks. See Fig. 4-1.
- Stop the VTR. Pull the REC Lever and measure the time required to stop the PG pulse on the rectangular pulse. If it takes more than 6 seconds, adjust R732.

4-3-3. 50 PG Coil Position Adjustment

Test Point:

TP-708 (CH-1), TP-301 (CH-2)

Adjust for:

50 PG pulse at the center of

channel overlap.

Adjustment:

50 PG Coil

Signal source:

None

Equipment Required:

- 1. Video Alignment Tape or Prerecorded Tape
- 2. Oscilloscope

Procedure:

- Thread a SONY video alignment tape or any prerecorded tape that is recorded by a correctly-aligned VTR.
- Connect the scope CH-1 probe to TP-708 and the CH-2 probe to TP-301. TP-708 is on the Servo board and TP-301 is on the Demodulator board.

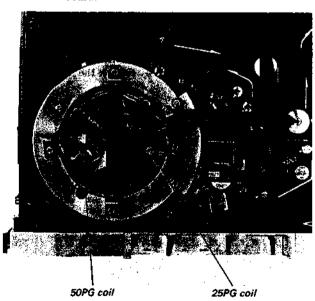


Fig. 4-2.

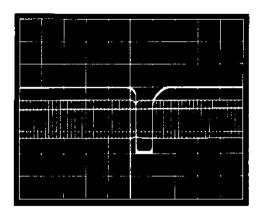


Fig. 4-3.

- 3. Set the scope horizontal time base to 5 ms/cm. Sync on CH-1 only.
- 4. Set up the playback mode.
- 5. Adjust scope controls to observe both signals. Then set the scope MODE SWITCH to the CHOP position. Pull out the 5X magnifier and adjust the HORIZONTAL POSITION to observe the vertical blanking interval.
- Bend the tip of the 50 PG coil with pliers and adjust the coil position so that maximum rf output is obtained in the overlap period. See Fig. 4-2 and Fig. 4-3.

4-3-4. 30PG Coil Position Adjustment

Test Point:

TP-304 (CH-1), TP-708 (CH-2)

Adjust for:

50 PG leads VD by 8 H±1 H

Adjustment:

25 PG coil

Signal source:

TV telecast signal

Equipment Required:

- 1. Oscilloscope
- 2. Monitor TV

- Connect scope CH-1 probe to TP-304 on the "D1" board and CH-2 probe to TP-708 on "S1" board. Set scope time base to 5 ms/cm. Sync the scope externally from TP-703.
- 2. Connect monitor.
- 3. Set TV-CAMERA Select switch to TV.
- 4. Set up record mode.
- 5. Set the scope MODE SELECT switch to the

- CHOP position. Pull out the 5X magnifier and adjust HORIZONTAL POSITION to observe the vertical blanking interval.
- 6. Adjust the 25 PG coil so that the 50 PG pulse leads the VD pulse by 8 H ± 1 H. See Fig. 4-4.

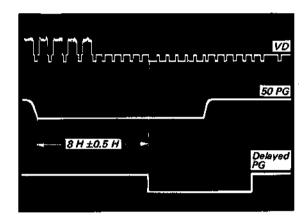


Fig. 4-4.

4-3-5. Playback Servo Check

Test Point:

TP-706

Check for:

Servo locks in center of pull-

in range.

Adjustment:

Signal source:

None None

Equipment Required:

- 1. Video Alignment tape or prerecorded tape
- 2. Oscilloscope

- Connect scope to TP-706. Set up the 2 V/cm, 2 ms/cm ranges.
- 2. Thread the alignment tape.
- 3. Set up the playback mode.
- 4. Check to see that the PG pulse locks in the center of the trailing edge of the rectangular pulse. If not, perform Sec. 4-3. TV record mode speed adjustment. Check also that Q719, Q720 emitter dc potential is between 3.5 V~4.5 V dc.

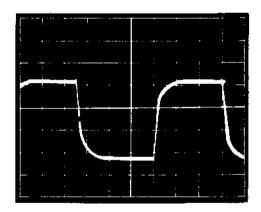


Fig. 4-5.

SECTION 5 VIDEO SYSTEM ALIGNMENT

The video system alignment procedure is shown in Charts 5-1 and 5-2.

5-1. EQUIPMENT REQUIRED

- 1. Monitor TV:
- 2. Monitor Connecting cable: VMC-1M
- 3. Oscilloscope:
- 4. Video Camera: AVC-3420CE
- 5. Tape: SONY video alignment and blank tape

5-2. ALIGNMENT SEQUENCE

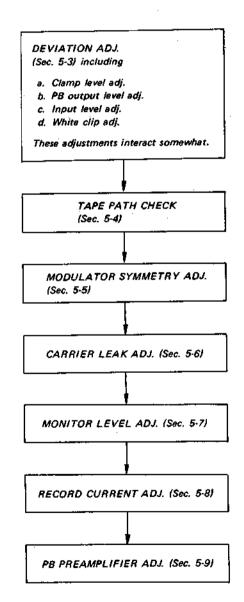


Chart 5-1

5-3. DEVIATION ADJUSTMENT

(including 1. Clamp level adj. 2. PB output level adj. 3. Input level adj. 4. White clip adj.)

Test Points and Adjustments:

TP-104 (clamp level). R128

TP-304 (PB output level)

..... R343 TP-304 (Video input level)

..... R106

TP-102 (White clip level)

11-102 (white one level)

Adjust for:

3.8 MHz to 5.2 MHz maximum deviation clipped at

40% over white peak.

Signal source:

Telecast signal

Equipment Required:

- 1. Oscilloscope
- 2. Monitor TV
- SONY video alignment tape or any prerecorded tape that has been recorded on a VTR known to be in good condition.

- Set the TV-CAMERA Select switch to the TV position.
- 2. Connect scope to TP-104.
- 3. Thread a blank tape.
- 4. Set up the record mode with no input signal.
- Adjust R128 for 19 pulses as indicated on the scope screen. 19 pulses can be measured as follows.
 - Adjust scope time base for 0.5 μs per division (calibrated).
 - b. Set scope controls to obtain a stable trace. Set R128 to produce 19 complete cycles in ten divisions.
- Connect scope to the arm of R128 (movable slider of R128).
- 7. Adjust sync tip clamp level as follows.
 - a. Set scope input to DC, horizontal time base to 10 μs/cm and vertical deflection to 1 V/cm.
 - b. Confirm that the VTR is in the record mode.
 - c. Adjust scope STABILITY to observe a horizontal trace, and VERTICAL POSITION so that the trace is positioned on the second division from the bottom.

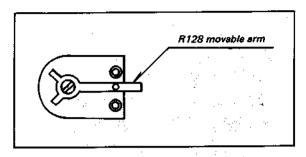


Fig. 5-1

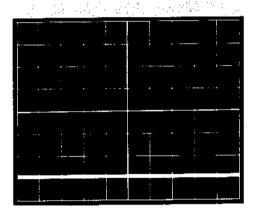


Fig. 5-2

- d. Connect a monitor set up to receive an off-the-air telecast signal.
- e. Check to see that the sync tip of the composite signal sinks below the second division (See Fig. 5-2) by approx. 0.5 V. Measure the exact voltage by which the sync tip sinks below the champ reference level set in Step 7-c (Fig. 5-2). See Fig. 5-3.

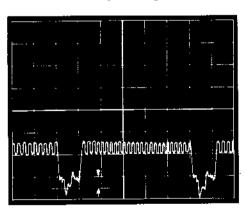


Fig. 5-3 Sync tip level shift

- f. Disconnect the monitor. Keep the VTR in the record mode.
- g. Adjust scope STABILITY to observe a horizontal trace on the same position as seen on Fig. 5-2.

h. Adjust R128 so that the horizontal trace on the scope moves up by the voltage measured in Step 7-e (Fig. 5-3). See Fig. 5-4.

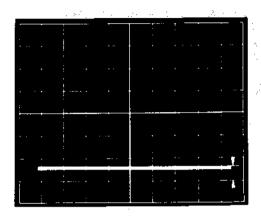


Fig. 5-4 Clamp level

 Connect scope to TP-104. Set time base to 0.5 μs/cm, and check that approx. 22 rectangular pulses per 10 divisions is seen on the scope. Sync tip clamp level is now set to 3.8 MHz.

Note: No-signal frequency is about 4.4 MHz (22 cycles) as a result of these adjustments, but sync tip frequency will be set correctly to 3.8 MHz.

- 9. Connect scope to TP-304. Set up 5 ms/cm range.
- 10. Connect a monitor.
- 11. Play back the video alignment tape.
- 12. Adjust R343 (video output level) for 1.0 V(p-p). Output level is now set to 1.0 V(p-p).
- Thread a blank tape instead of the alignment tape.
- 14. Record a telecast signal for approx. 15 seconds.
- 15. Play back the tape and check the video level.
- If video level is other than IV(p-p), adjust R106. Turn R106 slightly CW if the video level is less than 1.0V(p-p).
- Record the telecast signal again and check the video level. Readjust R106 until video level is 1.0V(p-p). This completes maximum deviation adjustments (3.8 MHz to 5.2 MHz).
- Set up the record mode using a telecast signal.
- 19. Connect scope to TP-102.

 Adjust R127 (white clip) so that the extreme white peaks of the waveform are clipped at 40% of "A" volts as shown in Fig. 5-5.

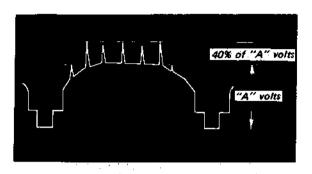


Fig. 5-5 White clip

5-4. TAPE PATH CHECK

CAUTION

Do not try to adjust any components that affect the tape path. Serious deficiencies in performance, such as poor interchangeability, will result if tape path is set improperly. If checks show adjustments are required, return the unit to a SONY FACTORY SERVICE BRANCH.

- 1. Thread a blank tape.
- 2. Set up the playback mode.
- 3. Check the following:
 - a. The tape should run in the center of tape guides, the sub-pinch roller and pinch roller without curling or buckling.
 - b. The core of the Erase Head and Audio/CTL Head must extend an equal amount above and below the tape.
 - c. The tape should ride flush against the Tape Guide Band.
 - d. The tape path in the fast forward and rewind modes should be the same as in the playback mode.
- 4. Make a recording and play back the tape.
- 5. Connect the scope to TP-301. Sync the scope externally by TP-708. Check that a reasonably flat rf envelope is observed. If the rf envelope decreases by more than a factor of 2 at everyother vertical field, clean the video heads or replace the video head assembly.

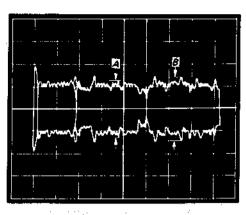


Fig. 5-6

5-5. MODULATOR SYMMETRY ADJUSTMENT

Test Point:

TP-103

Adjust for:

Waveform symmetry

Adjustment: Signal source: R137 and C119

Equipment Required:

I. Dual-trace Oscilloscope

Procedure:

- Connect both scope probes (CH-1 and CH-2) to TP-103. Set mode selector to ALTER. Invert polarity of channel 1. Set time base to 0.5 μs and expand sweep to display 2 or 3 square waves.
- 2. Set up record mode with no input signal.
- 3. Adjust scope VERTICAL POSITION to overlap the two signals.
- 4. Adjust for equal pulse width with C119 and for waveshape symmetry with R137.

5-6. CARRIER LEAK ADJUSTMENT

., .

Test Point:

Monitor

Adjust for:

Minimum carrier leak

Adjustment:

R315 and R337

Signal source:

Video alignment tape or test

pattern

Equipment Required:

- I. Monitor
- 2. Video alignment tape or a video camera

Procedure:

- 1. Connect monitor
- 2. Set TV-CAMERA Select switch to TV.
- Play back the video alignment tape. (If video alignment tape is not available, record a test pattern and make a prerecorded tape to be used as a video alignment tape.)
- 4. Adjust R315 and R337 for minimum carrier leak.

5-7. MONITOR LEVEL ADJUSTMENT

Test Point:

TP-304

Adjust for:

1 V(p-p)

Adjustment:

R116

Signal source:

Telecast signal

Equipment Required:

1. Monitor

Procedure:

- 1. Set up record mode using telecast signal.
- 2. Connect scope across R102 and check that the video signal is approx. 1 V(p-p).
- 3. Reconnect scope to TP-304.
- 4. Adjust R116 for 1V(p-p).

5-8. RECORD CURRENT ADJUSTMENT

Test Point:

TP-301

Adjust for:

Maximum rf output in pb

mode

Adjustment:

R201

Signal source:

Test pattern

Equipment Required:

- 1. Oscilloscope
- 2. Video camera AVC-3420CE
- 3. Earphone

Procedure:

- 1. Connect video camera, and thread a blank tape.
- 2. Connect the scope to TP-104.
- Set up the record mode using a video camera, microphone and test pattern.

- 4. Adjust R201 to obtain 2.0V(p-p) and call out the voltage reading into the microphone.
- Adjust R201 clockwise slowly while observing the scope. Set the recording level to each of the following values.

3.0 V 3.5 V 4.0 V 4.5 V 5.0 V 5.5 V 6.0 V

At each increment, call out the voltage reading into the microphone.

- 6. Rewind the tape.
- 7. Connect an earphone to the earphone jack.
- 8. Connect the scope to TP-301.
- Play back the tape. Note the voltage level (as indicated by the voice recording) at which output is greatest.
- 10. Reconnect the scope to TP-104.
- 11. Set up the record mode again.
- Adjust R201 for the reading that gave maximum output indication during playback.

5-9. PLAYBACK PREAMPLIFIER FREQUENCY RESPONSE ADJUSTMENT

Test Point:

TP-301

Adjust for:

Correct frequency response

Adjustment:

C222, C226, R222, R226,

R304, L301

Signal source:

Video alignment tape

Equipment Required:

- 1. Oscilloscope
- 2. Video alignment tape

Procedure:

 Connect scope to TP-301. Scope controls should be as follows:

Horizontal timebase:

2ms/cm

Vertical deflection:

0.2 V/cm

- 2. Sync the scope externally from TP-708.
- Play back the rf sweep portion of the video alignment tape.
- 4. Check to see that the sweep signal of Fig. 5-7 is obtained on the scope. If the sweep signal differs from Fig. 5-7, adjust as follows:

- a. Adjust C222 and C226 to obtain maximum amplitude at 5.2 MHz.
- b. Adjust R222 and R226 so that amplitude at 5.2 MHz is same as that of 1 MHz.
- c. Adjust L301 for maximum amplitude at at 3.58 MHz.
- d. Adjust R304 so that amplitude of 3.58 MHz is 1.5 times as that of 1 MHz.

C222	R222	C226	R226	L301	R304
CH-A tuning at 5.2 MHz	level at	tuning at	level at	tuning at 3.58MHz	level at 3.58MHz

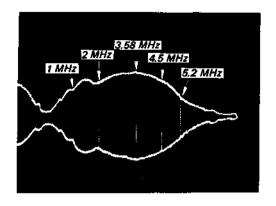


Fig. 5-7 Af sweep envelope

SECTION 6 AUDIO SYSTEM ALIGNMENT

6-1. ALIGNMENT SEQUENCE

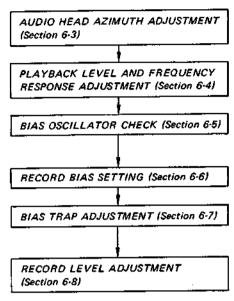


Chart 6-1

Audio system alignment sequence is shown in Chart 6-1. A summary of the alignment procedures is shown in Chart 6-2.

6-2. EQUIPMENT REQUIRED

Audio oscillator:

Audio attenuator:

VTVM:

Shielded cable with earphone plug: SONY model

RK-36

SONY alignment Tape, 5" reel,

6-3. AUDIO HEAD AZIMUTH ADJUSTMENT

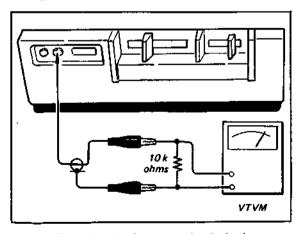


Fig. 6-1 Audio output level check

Test Point:

EARPHONE jack (audio

output)

Adjust for:

Maximum output reading on

VTVM

Adjustment:

Head azimuth adjustment

screw

Signal source:

SONY alignment Tape, 5"

reel.

Procedure:

 Play back 7-kHz portion of the SONY audio alignment tape.

2. Connect VTVM as shown in Fig. 6-1.

3. Adjust head azimuth for maximum VTVM reading. See Fig. 6-2.

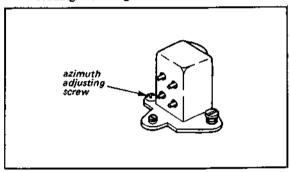


Fig. 6-2 Audio head azimuth adjustment

6-4. PLAYBACK LEVEL AND FREQUENCY RESPONSE ADJUSTMENT

Test Point:

EARPHONE jack (audio

output)

Adjust for:

0.61V (-2dB) for 1kHz,

0.43 V (-5 dB) for 7 kHz

Adjustment:

R814 (1 kHz level),

R809 (7 kHz level)

Signal Source:

Audio alignment tape

Procedure:

1. Connect VTVM as shown in Fig. 6-1.

2. Play back 1-kHz portion of the audio alignment tape.

Adjust R814 for 0.61V (-2 dB) reading on VTVM.

Play back 7-kHz portion of the audio alignment tape.

Adjust R809 for 0.43 V (-5 dB) reading on VTVM.

BIAS OSCILLATOR CHECK 6-5.

Test Point:

TP-801

Check for:

90 to 110V rms

Adjustment:

None

Signal source:

No signal

Procedure:

1. Set up record mode with no input signal.

Connect VTVM to TP-801.

Check for 90 to 110V rms reading on VTVM.

RECORD BIAS SETTING 6-6.

Test Point:

Across head terminals

Adjust for:

36 V rms ± 0.5 V rms

Adjustment:

C829 (normal record mode)

1.803 (audio dub mode)

Signal source:

No input signal

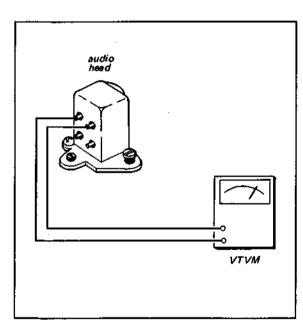


Fig. 6-3 Bias setting

Procedure:

- 1. Connect VTVM across head terminals.
- Set up record mode with no signal.
- 3. Adjust C829 for 36 V rms reading on VTVM.
- 4. Set up then audio dub mode.
- 5. Adjust L803 for the same 36 V rms reading on VTVM.

6-7. BIAS TRAP ADJUSTMENT

Test Point:

EARPHONE jack (audio

output)

Adjust for:

Minimum bias leakage

Adjustment:

L801

Signal source:

No signal

Procedure:

- 1. Connect VTVM as shown in Fig. 6-1.
- 2. Set up record mode.
- Adjust for minimum reading on VTVM.

RECORD LEVEL ADJUSTMENT 6-8.

Test Point:

EARPHONE jack (audio

output)

Adjust for:

0.50V (-4 dB)

Adjustment:

R826

Signal source:

1 kHz, -65 dB

- 1. Connect audio oscillator and attenuator to MIC input jack to provide 1 kHz signal at -65 dB.
- 2. Connect VTVM as shown in Fig. 6-1.
- Adjust R826 for 0.50V (-4 dB) reading on VTVM.

SECTION 7 MECHANICAL SYSTEM MAINTENANCE

7-1. INTRODUCTION

Machine compatibility (interchangeability of tapes between machines) depends upon very close mechanical tolerances in the tape path. The tape path is factory-adjusted and should not require realignment under normal circumstances. Do not attempt adjustment of the tape guides, tapered They should be guides and tape guide-band. adjusted with use of adjustment jigs. If mechanical damage requires replacement and/or adjustment of the guides in the tape path, return the machine to a SONY FACTORY SERVICE CENTER for repair.

Visual Check:

Visual check on the unit helps to locate the trouble.

- 1. Capstan does not rotate.
- a. Capstan belt drops from pulley.
- b. Capstan belt slips. Needs replacement.
- 2. Tape is not wound onto take-up reel or supply reel in respective mode.
- a. Sub-belt drops from the pulley.
- b. Sub-belt slips. Needs replacement.
- c. Take-up belt slips due to accumulation of oil, dust etc. Needs cleaning or replacement. See Sec. 7-8 and 7-9.
- 3. Tape runs too fast in record and/or playback.
- pinch-roller a. Insufficient pressure, (See Sec. 7-6) or requires cleaning and replacement.
- b. Record servo readjustment. (See Sec. 4)
- 4. Tape slackens when stopping tape.
- a. Brake system readjustment. (See Sec. 7-5)
- tension.
- 5. Too much tape a. Tape back tension readjustment. (See Sec. 7-7)
- 6 Record mode cannot be setup.
- a. RECORD/PLAYBACK Select switch on each circuit board does not function Needs brake properly. link readjustment. (See Sec. 2-3)



Fig. 7-1

7-2. CLEANING HEADS AND SLIP-RINGS

Noise in the picture during playback is usually caused by an accumulation of debris in the video In some cases, half the picture may be noisy (split-screen); in severe cases, video output may be lost.

To clean the heads, stop the machine, remove the tape and move one of the heads to the front. See Fig. 7-2.

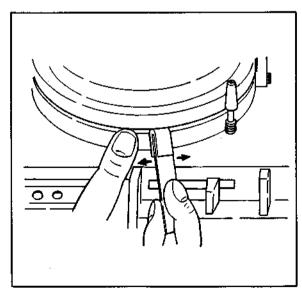


Fig. 7-2 Head cleaning

CAUTION

NEVER TRY TO CLEAN HEADS WITH THE MOTOR RUNNING.

Saturate a cleaning tip (accessory X-36090-19-0) with SONY cleaning fluid (accessory Y-20310-01-0) or methanol (spray cleaner, such as M/S-brand magnetic head cleaner.) Rub the cleaning tip across the head tip from side to side. Avoid vertical motion which might damage the video head.

Clean the erase and audio/control heads with SONY cleaning fluid, if necessary. Move the cleaning tip vertically across that part of the head surface that normally contacts the tape.

Noisy slip rings cause intermittent dark horizontal lines in the playback picture. To clean the slip rings, remove the upper drum cover on the top of the rotary-head drum assembly. Remove the tape from the tape path. Apply a few drops of SONY cleaning fluid to the slip rings. Turn on the motor for 10 to 20 seconds. Carefully wipe the excess fluid from the tape path around the rotary head-drum assembly. If slip ring noise persists, clean the slip rings directly with a head-cleaning tip saturated with SONY cleaning fluid. Rotate the

head assembly to keep the cleaning tip away from brushes.

Head degaussing:

Through constant use, the heads may become magnetized resulting in a noisy picture. Bring the tip of the degausser (SONY model HE-2) as close as possible to the head tip without contacting the head. Then remove the degausser very slowly at least three feet from the head, before turning off the degausser.

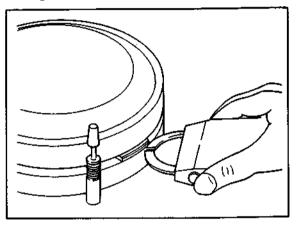


Fig. 7-3 Head degaussing

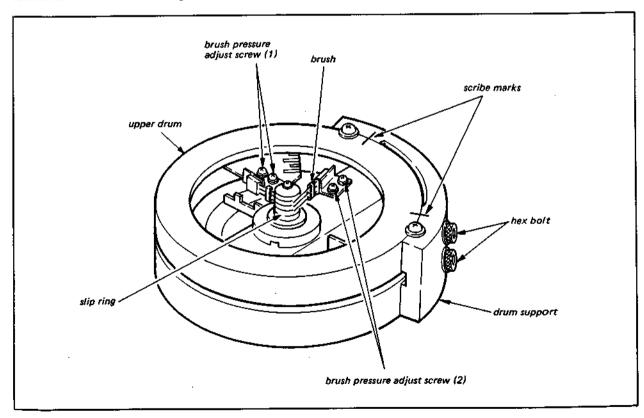


Fig. 7-4

CAUTION

THE HEAD DEGAUSSER SHOULD NOT BE ALLOWED TO TOUCH THE VIDEO HEAD.

7-3. VIDEO HEAD REPLACEMENT

Video head replacement is required when the heads are damaged, worn or have open coils. Check the video head output as indicated in Sec. 5-4-5.

CAUTION

THE VIDEO HEAD ASSEMBLY AND THE SUR-ROUNDING MACHINED PARTS ARE VERY PRECISELY MADE. USE UTMOST CARE WHEN PERFORMING ANY WORK ON THE ROTARY HEAD-DRUM ASSEMBLY.

Removal

 Loosen the screws that hold the head-drum cover. Lift off the head-drum cover.

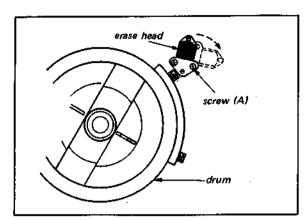


Fig. 7-5

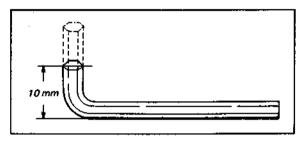


Fig. 7-6 4 mm Allen wrench

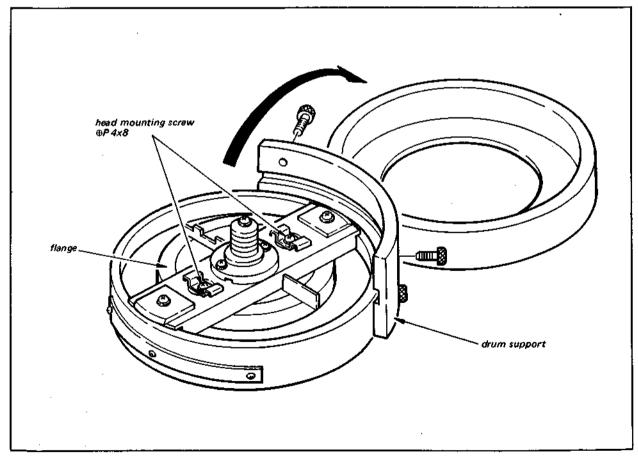


Fig. 7-7 Upper drum removal

- Remove the two 3 mm screws that hold down the cover plate. Remove the cover plate.
- Loosen the four brush pressure adjusting screws (1) and (2) as shown in Fig. 7-4 and move the brushes away from the slip rings.
- Put a reference mark on the upper drum using a scriber and straight edge as shown in Fig. 7-4.
- 5. Remove the upper two Hexagon Socket Head Bolts 5 x 20 and washers as shown in Fig. 7-4 using a special 4 mm Allen wrench as shown in Fig. 7-6 or removing the erase head as shown in Fig. 7-5. Hold the upper drum with one hand so that it does not fall as you withdraw the two screws.
- Carefully lift the top of the drum assembly and fold it back. Place the drum top carefully on the reel panel. See Fig. 7-7.

CAUTION

DO NOT TOUCH THE PG POLE PIECES.

Position the rotary head platform as shown in Fig. 7-7 by touching the aluminum beam on which the heads are mounted. Slight pressure on the pole pieces can affect pole piece alignment.

- 7. Hold the video head assembly to keep the platform from rotating. Loosen the two P4 x 8 screws that hold the head assembly to the platform. See Fig. 7-7. Do not exert too much downward pressure on these screws. Remove the screws and washers.
- Using both hands, carefully lift the video head assembly off the platform. If a spacer is found between the video head and aluminum beam, leave the spacer on the beam.

Replacement

- Clean the bottom of the new video head, type H01-12 (SONY Part No. 8-946-912-00).
 This head is commonly used in all AV series VTRs.
- 10. Position the platform as shown in Fig. 7-8 so that the 25 PG pole piece is at the 3 o'clock position and the 50 PG pole piece is at the 9 o'clock position.

11. Carefully place the new video head assembly on the platform with the B head at the 6 o'clock position and A head at the 12 o'clock position. See Fig. 7-8. The head assembly should fit down snugly against the platform without using force.

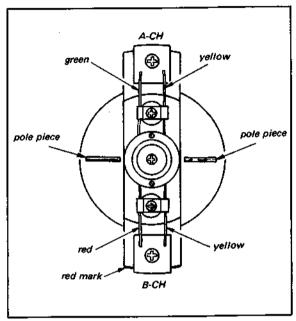


Fig. 7-8 Head mount

- 12. Install the two Pan head 4 x 8 mm screws and washers. Rotate the head assembly gently to the left and right until it is approximately in the center of the angular "play" permitted by the mounting screws. Tighten the screws alternately, applying torque gradually until the screws are tight.
- 13. Carefully swing the top of the upper drum back into place, support the top with one hand while inserting the two Hexagon-Socket Head bolts and washers. Do not tighten the screws all the way.
- 14. Grasp the top of the upper drum to push it back and down against the drum holder so that the top surface of the upper drum is even with that of the drum holder. Align the scribe marks.
- 15. Tighten the two bolts alternately, applying torque gradually until all are tight.
- 16. Tighten the brush pressure adjusting screws to obtain a 2 mm bend (approximately) as shown in Fig. 7-9.

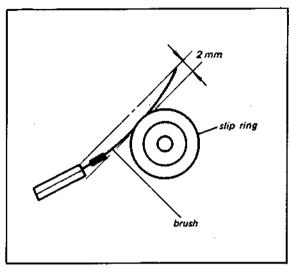


Fig. 7-9 Brush pressure

- 17. Inspect the brush and slip-ring assembly to make sure that the brushes are centered in the slip rings. If the brushes are not centered, loosen the brush position adjusting screws in Fig. 7-9 and apply drops of head cleaning fluid onto the slip-rings. Set up the playback mode to rotate the video heads. Adjust the position of the brushes so that they are centered in the slip-rings and tighten the brush-position adjusting screws.
- 18. If the erase head had been temporarily removed, install it in original position.

PG Check

 After a new video head assembly has been installed, it is necessary to check PG outputs and their relative positions. See Sec. 4-3-3 and 4-3-4.

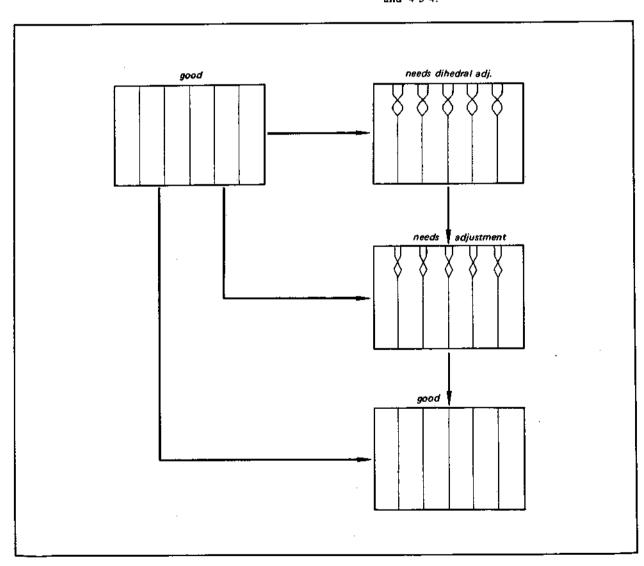


Fig. 7-10 Head dihedral adjustment

Preamplifier Check

 It is also necessary to check the frequency response of the preamplifiers. See Sec. 5-9.

Dihedral Check

The two video heads should be positioned exactly 180 degrees apart. The relative angle can be measured by observing the monitor screen.

21. Play back the alignment tape.

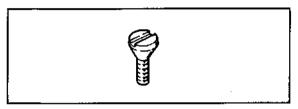


Fig. 7-11 Head dihedral adjust screw

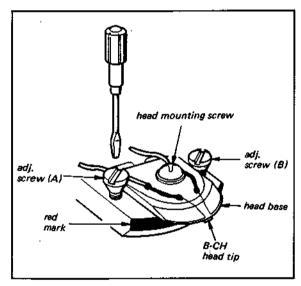


Fig. 7-12 Dihedral adjustment (1)

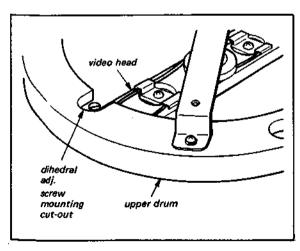


Fig. 7-13 Dihedral adjustment (2)

- Observe the monitor screen, especially on the top edge, to see if there is any sync displacement as shown in Fig. 7-10. If this condition observed on the top, proceed to Step. 23.
- 23. Position the video head assembly as shown in Fig. 7-13. Install four angle adjustment screws (SONY Part No. 3-618-904-00) shown in Fig. 7-11 into both heads as shown in Fig. 7-12. Thread them in until slightly snug. Do not exert force.

CAUTION

DO NOT TOUCH HEAD MOUNTING SCREW. See. Fig. 7-12.

- 24. Position B head (with red paint on the tip) to the adjusting position.
- Turn (a) screw in Fig. 7-12 CCW ¼ turn and
 (b) screw CW ¼ turn.
- 26. Play back the video alignment tape again and observe the top of the picture. If the amount of displacement has decreased, repeat Step 25 until the displacement is invisible. If the amount of displacement has increased, proceed to Step 27.
- Turn (a) screw in Fig. 7-12 CW by ¼ turn and (b) screw CCW by ¼ turn. Repeat Steps 26 and 27 until displacement becomes invisible.
- 28. Remove the four adjusting screws.

7-4. AUDIO/CONTROL HEAD REPLACEMENT

Replace audio/control head when it is worn, has open coils or is damaged. The head has the audio reoced/playback portion at the top, and the control-signal record/playback portion at the bottom.

- 1. Unsolder the leads at the rear of the head.
- Remove the screws A and B in Fig. 7-14. Do not loosen the screws in the long slots.
- 3. Lift the head assembly off the mounting plate.
- Place the new head assembly on the mounting plate and install the two screws from the bottom.
- 5. Install the head mounting plate assembly using the original screws A and B in Fig. 7-14.

 Play the tape and check that the core of the head extends 0.1 mm above and 0.25 mm below the edges of the tape. See Fig. 7-15. The height can also be adjusted by inserting spacers.

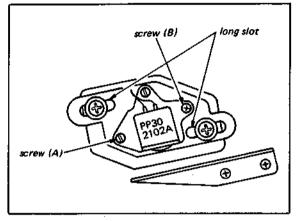


Fig. 7-14 Audio/CTL head (1)

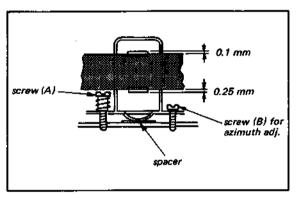


Fig. 7-15 Audio/CTL head (2)

- 7. Connect a VTVM to the EARPHONE jack.
- 8. Play back the 7 kHz section of the alignment tape.
- Adjust the azimuth adjustment screw in Fig. 7-15 to obtain maximum VTVM reading.
- Play back video alignment tape. Check the monitor picture for signal-to-noise ratio.
- 11. Adjust TRACKING control to obtain best picture. If S/N is poor, proceed to Step 12.
- Connect scope to TP-7. Sync the scope externally from TP-19.
- Play back video alignment tape. Loosen the screws in the long slots shown in Fig. 7-14.
- 14. Move the head slightly to the right or left until maximum output is obtained on scope.
- 15. Tighten the screws.

7-5. STOP BRAKE ADJUSTMENT

The tape should not slacken when the VTR is stopped from all other modes of operation, e.g. play, fast forward and rewind.

- 1. Remove reel panel.
- 2. Set the function lever to fast forward.
- 3. Check for 0.9 ± 0.1 mm clearance between the reel table and brake shoe. Bend (A) or (B) portion for correct clearance. See Fig. 7-16.

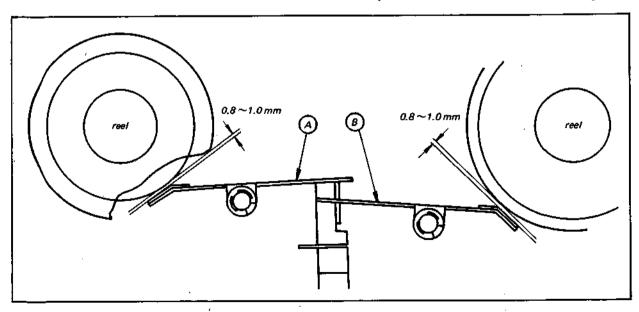


Fig. 7-16 Brake adjustment

7-6. PINCH ROLLER PRESSURE ADJUSTMENT

- 1. Make a loop in a piece of string and attach the spring scale around the base of the pinch roller shaft. See. Fig. 7-17. Use 4 kg spring scale (SONY Part No. 9-911-042-01).
- 2. Set up playback mode.
- 3. Pull the scale in the direction indicated by the arrow in Fig. 7-17. Check the reading when the pinch roller leaves the capstan. It should be in between 1.4 kg and 1.55 kg. If not, proceed to Step 4.
- Loosen four screws in Fig. 7-17. Move the solenoid downwards when the reading is too low. Tighten the screws.
- Check for 0.1 ~ 0.5 mm clearance between the pressure base and pinch roller base. If not, bend (n) with pliers.

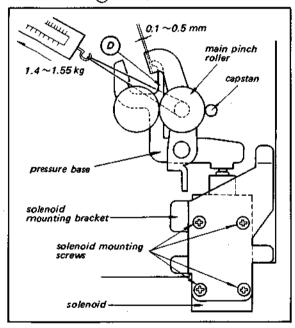


Fig. 7-17 Pinch roller adjustment

7-7. TAPE TENSION BRAKE CHECK

This adjustment corrects the back tension applied by the tension brake serve to the supply reel.

- Place a full reel of tape on the supply reel table.
- Make a loop in the tape and attach a spring scale as shown in Fig. 7-18. Use 400 g tension gauge (SONY Part No. 9-911-042-00).

- 3. Thread the tape in the path shown in Fig. 7-19.
- 4. Set up the playback mode (power off).
- Pull the scale in the direction indicated in Fig. 7-19. A steady pull at approximately the correct speed should give a reading of 45 g ± 5 g.
- 6. If tape tension is other than $45 g \pm 5 g$, bend the spring stay shown Fig. 7-19.
- 7. Repeat Steps 5 and 6 until the tape tension is $45 g \pm 5 g$.

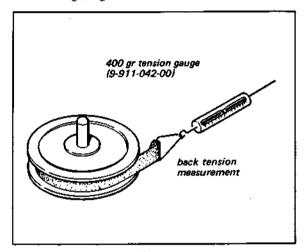


Fig. 7-18

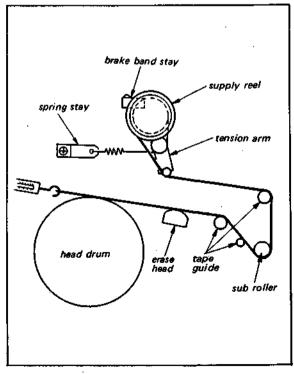


Fig. 7-19 Back tension measurement

7-8. FAST FORWARD PULLEY ADJUSTMENT

If fast forward cannot be set up correctly, adjust pulley position as follows.

 Set up fast forward mode and check by hand how tightly the tape is wound onto the takeup reel.

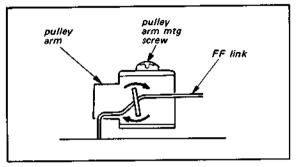


Fig. 7-21 Detail A

2. If the tape pack is too loose, bend the pulley arm in the direction indicated by arrow in Fig. 7-21. Use pliers.

7-9. TAKE-UP TORQUE ADJUSTMENT

If take-up torque is weak in the record and playback modes, adjust it as follows.

- 1. Place a full reel of tape on the supply reel table. Set up the fast forward mode so that almost all tape is wound onto the take-up reel.
- 2. Set up the playback mode and check the take-up torque.
- If take-up torque is weak, turn the pulley pressure adjusting nut shown in Fig. 7-21 CW
 to 3 turns.

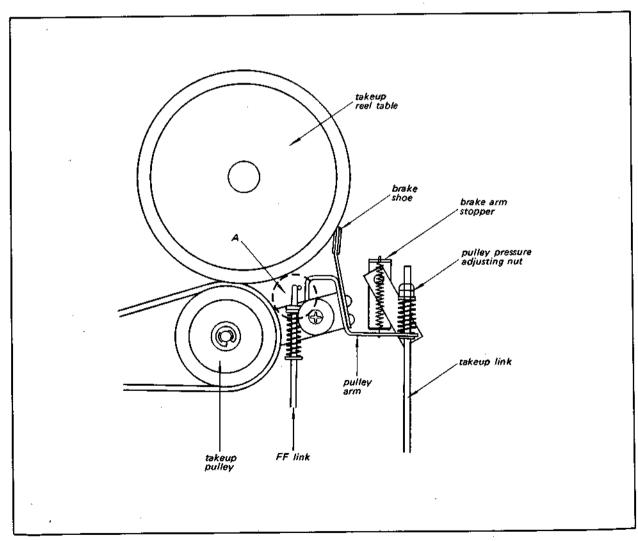


Fig. 7-20 Takeup pulley

7-10. SUB-MOTOR REPLACEMENT

- 1. Remove the cabinet. See Sec. 2-1.
- Remove the front control panel by removing four screws shown in Fig. 7-22.

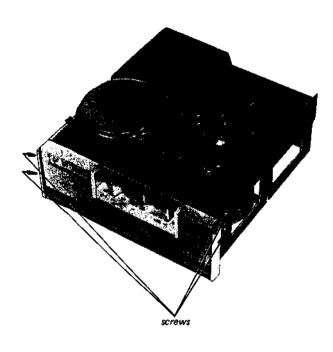


Fig. 7-22

- 3. Remove "V1" circuit board. See Sec. 2-2.
- 4. Remove the sub-motor belt and capstan belt from pulley.
- 5. Remove screws in Fig. 7-23 to take out the sub-motor assembly.
- 6. Remove (a) submotor bracket and (b) from submotor as shown in Fig. 7-23.
- 7. Prepare a new sub-motor.
- Insert the pulley ass'y into the shaft of the sub-motor. Check the clearance between the

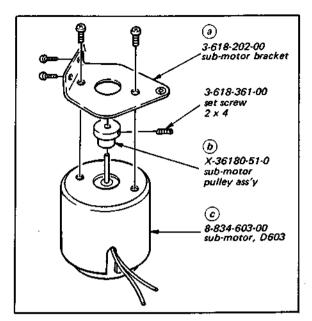


Fig. 7-23 Sub-motor assembly

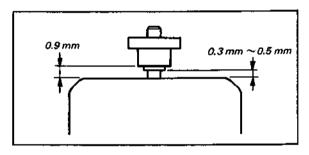


Fig. 7-24

motor and roller. It should be 0.3 mm to 0.5 mm. Tightenset screw 2 x 4.

- 9. Install the bracket shown in Fig. 7-23, and the belt.
- Reinstall the sub-motor assembly into the chassis,
- 11. Reinstall the capstan belt.
- 12. Reinstall the "V1" circuit board and the front control panel.
- 13. Reinstall the cabinet.

SECTION 8 CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

8-1. VIDEO CIRCUIT

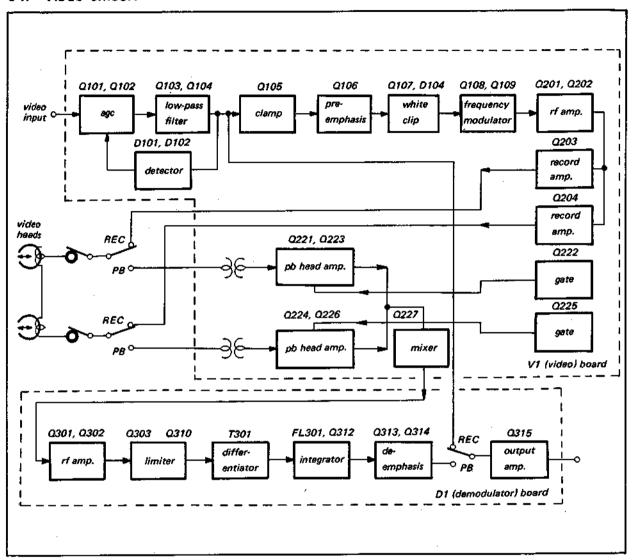


Fig. 8-1 Video system, block diagram

Video input and AGC O101 and O102

 $\{b_{i_{k}}$

The input video signal amplitude is held constant by an AGC system. Output from Q104 is sampled and detected by D101 and D102 in order to control the conduction of FET Q101. Q101 acts as a variable resistor.

Low-pass filter L101, L102, C107

The 4.43 MHz color sub-carrier, 5.5 MHz sound carrier and other high frequency components are removed by this filter.

Video amplifier Q103 and Q104 The amplified video is supplied to three outputs, the FM modulator, AGC detector, and monitor output. Since the AV-3420CE has no E-to-E mode, record video is monitored at the output of Q104.

Clamp D103, C112 The video signal is clamped by this circuit.

Differential amplifier Q105 and Q106 Pre-emphasis C114, R121, R122 The video signal, including the d-c level, is amplified by the differential amplifier with preemphasis provided for high frequencies.

White clip D104 D104 clips the white peaks (overshoot) produced by the pre-emphasis network.

Frequency modulator Q108 and Q109 This is a symmetrical freerunning multivibrator acting as a frequency modulator. The oscillating frequency varies from 3.8 MHz to 5.2 MHz in AV-CE Series Videocorders.

Coupling X' former T101

T101 couples the modulator output to the record amplifiers.

Record amplifier Q201 through Q204 These are power amplifiers to feed record current to the video heads. R201 adjusts record current. R209 and R211 adjust the frequency response characteristic.

Video heads

A slip-ring and brush assembly couples recording current to the video heads.

Head amplifiers and switchers Q221 through Q227 The playback video head outputs are amplified and alternately gated on by the 25PG signal to provide a flat, noise-free output.

Video amplifier Q301 and Q302

The PB video head outputs are mixed in the base circuit of emitter follower Q227. The output of Q227 feeds a two stage video amplifier that provides middle-frequency peaking.

Limiters Q303 through Q310 The PB signal is amplitudelimited by four diode pairs with transistors supplying interstage amplification.

Demodulator D309, D310 The input to the demodulator from Q310 is differentiated by R335 and the primary wiring of T301. The push-pull output of T301 is applied to the pair pulse detectors (demodulator) D309 and D310. These diodes produce two negative output pulse per one input pulse. Thus, the carrier frequency is effectively doubled and placed outside the video band.

Low-pass filter FL301 The output of D309 and D310 is amplified by Q311 and fed to a low-pass filter to obtain a video output that is proportional to the pulse frequency.

Video amplifier Q312 and Q313

Video output from the low-pass filter is amplified by Q312 and Q313. R349 and C328 reduce high frequency gain to provide de-emphasis.

Noise eliminator Q314 Video amplifier Q315 Only the high frequencies are separated at Q314 input, amplified and sliced by D311/D312 diode pair. Noise eliminated high frequencies are then mixed with original signal at Q315 input.

8-2. SERVO CIRCUIT

The AV-3420CE has both a head-drum (scanner) servo and a capstan servo system. Section 8-2-1 describes the camera-record mode where the head drum servo free-runs at 13,125 Hz with the capstan servo disabled. Section 8-2-2 describes the TV-record mode where the capstan servo is locked to the external TV signal. Section 8-2-3 describes the playback mode where the capstan servo is locked to the playback control-track signal and the head drum servo runs at 13,125 Hz.

8-2-1. Camera-Record Mode Servo

In the camera record mode the servo system acts as a simple speed regulator to make the scanner turn at 25 rps. The reference for the system is a multivibrator having a constant pulse width.

Variations in speed, as detected by variations in the output frequency of the tone (feedback) generator, alter the duty cycle of this multivibrator to produce a dc correction voltage that controls motor speed. A belt linkage to the capstan drive pulley provides tape driving power. The capstan servo is not operative in the camera record mode.

When using the AVC-3420CE, the Videocorder free-runs at a constant speed, and supplies vertical and horizontal drive signals to the camera. The head drum contains a dc servo motor with a 13,125 Hz frequency generator beneath it. Faster rotation of the head produces a generator output higher than 13,125 Hz which lowers the dc motor drive current and thus slows the head rotational speed.

13,125 Hz Frequency Generator FG

The head drum contains a frequency generator coil that produces 525 Hz output pulses per single revolution of the video

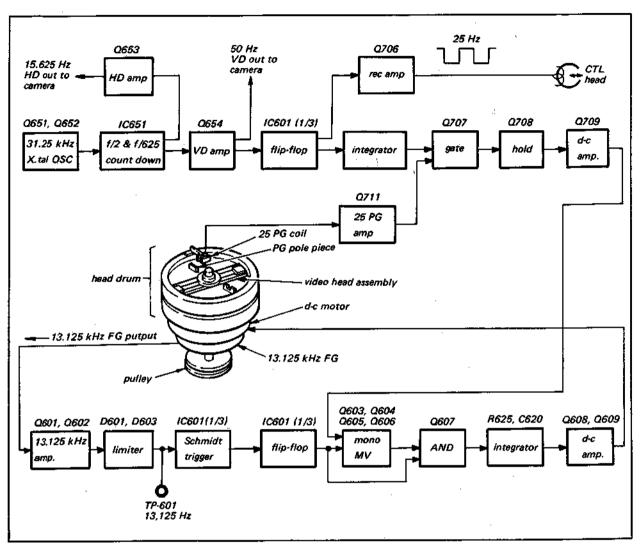


Fig. 8-2 Camera record mode, block diagram

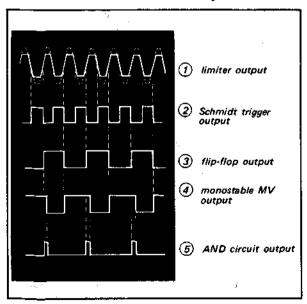


Fig. 8-3. Servo waveforms

head. The head rotates at 25 rps. so that the frequency generator coil produces a 13.125 Hz output. Faster rotation increases FG frequency output and slower rotation decreases frequency output.

FG amplifier (Q601, Q602) and limiter (D601, D602) The 13.125 Hz FG output is amplified and then amplitudelimited so that it can drive the following Schmidt trigger circuit.

Schmidt trigger IC601(1/3)

IC601(1/3) comprises a Schmidt trigger circuit that converts FG output to rectangular pulses.

Flip-Flop
IC601(1/3)

The flip-flop is triggered by the negative slope of the Schmidt output so that the 13,125 Hz frequency is halved to 6562.5 Hz rectangular pulses.

Monostable MV Q603, Q604, Q605 and O606

The positive slope of the monostable multivibrator is triggered by the negative slope of the flip-flop output. The negative slope of the multivibrator is determined by potentiometer R621 so that the ON period of the multivibrator is always held constant by R621. Since the ON period of the flip-flop varies with the head rotational speed whereas the ON period of the multivibrator is always held constant, the error signal is obtained by comparing the flip-flop output and multivibrator output.

AND gate Q607

The monostable multivibrator output (Fig. 8-3-4) and the flipflop output (Fig. 8-3-3) are fed to an AND gate, Q44, that conducts only when the monostable multivibrator and the flip-flop are ON at the same The duration of the time. AND gate output pulse depends on the speed of head rotation. If head rotation is too fast, the flip-flop output pulse will have a short period as compared with the constant monostable multivibrator output pulse. The AND gate output will then have a long pulse duration.

Integrator R625, C620

The AND gate output is converted to a dc level by the integrator circuit.

31.25 kHz X'tal OSC Q651, Q652

This is a conventional crystal controlled oscillator operating as a sync generator for camera.

f/2, & f/625 count down IC651

An IC type MN-116 receives 31.25 kHz input and provides f/2 (15,625 Hz) and f/625 (50 Hz) for camera drive.

Flip-flop IC6O1(1/3) Divides the 50 Hz VD pulse to 25 Hz rectangular pulse.

Integrator	
R728,	C723

The rectangular pulse is integrated so that both positive and negative edges have a slope determined by the RC time constant.

Gate 0707 The integrator output is sampled by the 25PG pulse to obtain the servo error signal.

Hold The sampled signal charges C725 0708 until next sampled signal comes in. Q708 has the high input impedance so that C725 charge will not be discharged during

gate is closed.

Dc amp Q709

Error signal between the VD and 25PG is represented by dc signal that is supplied to the reference multivibrator that is made variable so that head disc scanner and camera deflection is locked

8-2-2. TV Record Mode Servo

In the TV record mode the same servo system is used to drive the scanner except that the master crystal oscillator signal is replaced by the separated TV sync. The capstan servo is not operative in the TV record mode.

Sync separator Q704

This is a conventional sync separator with a short time constant bias network (R713 & C712) to remove impulse-type noise.

Low-pass filter C715, C716

Removes horizontal, sync pulses from the vertical sync interval.

Flip-flop IC601(1/3)

Divides the 50 Hz vertical sync pulse to a 25 Hz rectangular pulse.

Integrator R728, C723 The rectangular pulse is integrated so that both positive and negative edges have a slope determined by the RC time constant.

Gate 0707 The integrator output is gated by the 30PG pulse to obtain the servo error signal.

Dc amplifier Q709

The error signal is amplified by Q707, and fed to the monostable multivibrator (Q603 ~ Q606) so that the error signal can vary the time constant of the monostable multivibrator.

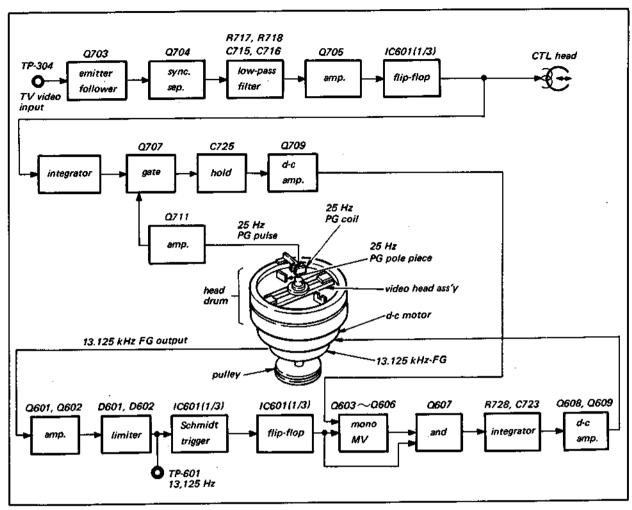


Fig. 8-4. TV record mode servo, block diagram

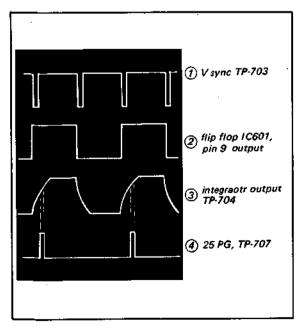


Fig. 8-5. Servo waveforms

8-2-3. Płayback Mode Servo

In the playback mode, both the scanner and capstan servo systems are operative. The scanner servo functions in the same way as it does in all other modes; it is a simple speed regulator. However, the capstan is servo driven to ensure correct tape position as the head begins its pass across the tape. To do this the arrival of the CTL pulse is compared with the arrival of the feedback. 25PG pulse. The resulting doerror voltage drives the capstan sub motor to speed up or retard tape motion. The 25PG pulse is compared with stable master oscillator VD output to stabilize the 25PG rotation.

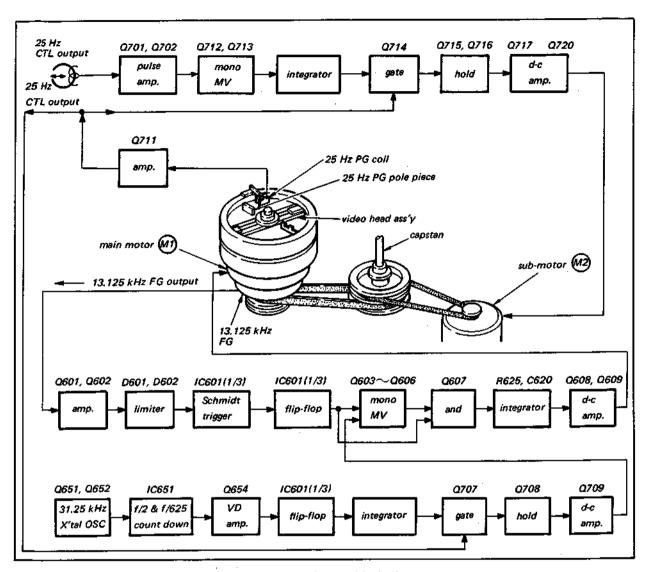


Fig. 8-6. Playback servo block diagram

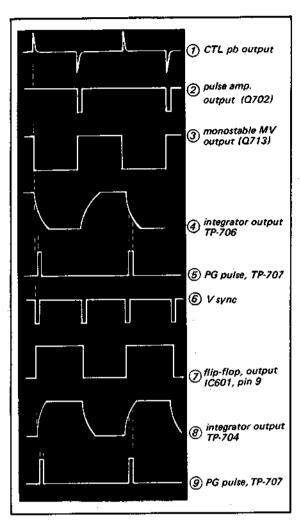


Fig. 8-7. Playback servo waveforms

Negative-going pulses from the Pulse amplifier CTL head are amplified by Q47 Q47, Q48 and Q48. This multivibrator is triggered by Monostable the negative slope of the play-Multivibrator back CTL signal. Q54, Q55 This push-pull amplifier is con-Dc amplifier nected in a Darlington con-Q57, Q59~Q62 figuration to supply either accelerating or braking current

8-3. AUDIO CIRCUIT

This section describes audio record, playback, and sound dub circuits.

to the motor in playback.

8-3-1. Record Mode Audio Circuit

Audio recording level is maintained by the AGC circuit. The audio recording may be monitored at the EARPHONE jack only in the TV record mode.

Audio input from either the microphone or the TV is amplified by Q801 and Q802 with negativefeedback equalization. The output of Q802 is again amplified by Q803 and fed then to the audio record/ playback head through a bias trap. The agc circuit consists of Q804 through Q807 to detect and supply negative feedback to Q802.

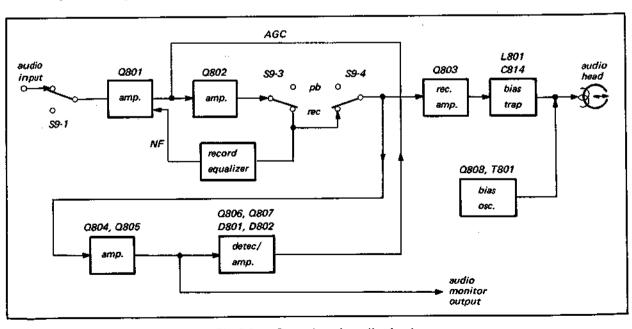


Fig. 8-8. Recoed mode audio circuit

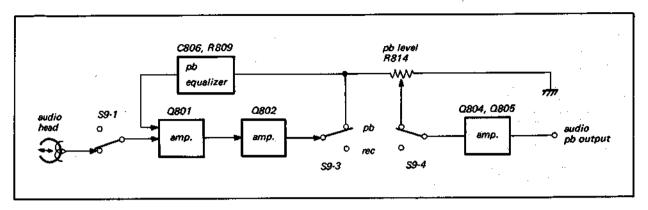


Fig. 8-9. Playback mode audio circuit

8-3-2. Playback Mode Audio Circuit

Playback audio output is supplied to the RF modulator and the monitor/TV in the TV mode, while it is supplied to only the RF modulator in the camera mode.

The playback signal from the audio head is amplified by Q801, Q802, Q804 and Q805, and then supplied to the audio output. C806 and R809 provide negative feedback.

8-3-3. Audio Dub Mode Circuit

In the audio dub mode, the video circuits remain in the playback mode while the audio circuit is in record. The erase current normally fed to the video heads is by-passed to a dummy load L803 so that an equal amount of erase current is fed to the audio erase head in both normal record and audio dub modes.

8-4. POWER SUPPLY

The internal BP-20 battery or an external power supply (AC-3420CE) supplies dc power of 12 V \sim 13 V between Pin 2 (hot) and Pin 4 (ground) of CN3. Current passes through a 3A fuse, automatic shut-off switch S10, and a seires regulator power supply (Q901 Q903) to provide a B+ of 9 V dc.

The battery meter is connected between +12V dc and +9V dc. The meter pointer stays in the boundary region between red and white areas when +12V input drops to +11V dc.

8-5. CAMERA REMOTE CONTROL CIRCUIT

The Videocorder has a camera remote control circuit consisting of Q951 through Q955 that is connected to the AVC-3420CE trigger lever microswitch through camera connector CN1. Dc +12 V power is supplied from Videocorder to the camera through CN1 pin 10. When camera trigger lever is switched on, +12 V is fed back to Z board D951 anode through CN1 pin 6 to conduct Q951, Q952, Q954 and Q955 to energize solenoid.

SECTION 9 TAPE TRANSPORT DESCRIPTION

9-1. TAPE PATH

The tape path is shown in Fig. 9-1.

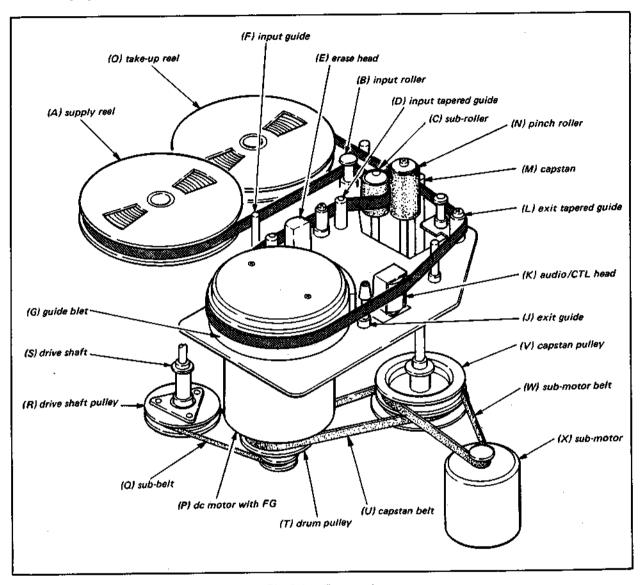


Fig. 9-1 Tape path

The tape, placed on the Supply Reel Table (A), takes, a path as shown in Fig. 9-1 and is wound onto the Tape-Up Reel Table (O).

The tape on the Supply Reel Table (A), is first fed to the Input Roller (B) and Sub-roller (C) where the approximate height of tape is determined. The tape is then slanted by about 3 degrees by Input Tapered Guide (D). The tape then contacts the full-track erase head. The Input Guide (F) determines the tape height precisely. The tape runs around the circumference of the head drum 180

degrees along the Guide Belt (G). The Exit Guide (J) also determines the tape height. The audio signal is recorded and played back by the upper core of the audio/CTL head (K). The control track signal is recorded and played back by the lower core. The tape is again slanted by the Exit Tapered Guide (L), and squeezed by the Capstan (M) and the Pinch Roller (N) before it is wound onto the Take-up Reel Table (O).

The Head Drum has a built-in dc motor that provides torque to rotate both the Video Head and the Capstan. The Video Head assembly is connected to the shaft of the dc motor. Torque is transmitted to the Capstan (M) via Drum Pulley (T) and the Capstan Belt (V). Torque is also used to drive the Take-up Reel Table (O) via the Drive Pulley (R) and the Drive Shaft (S). The Sub-motor (X) and the Sub-Motor Belt (W) are used in the playback mode for the capstan servo system.

The Head Drum also has a built-in 13,125 Hz frequency generator coil, 25PG coil, and 50PG coil. The relative position of the video heads and the PG coils is shown in Fig. 9-2. Two output pulses from the 50PG coil, 1 pulse from the 25PG coil, and 625 cycles from the 13,125 Hz FG coil are obtained for each revolution of the video heads; 50 Hz, 25 Hz and 13,125 Hz are obtained at 25 revolutions per second.

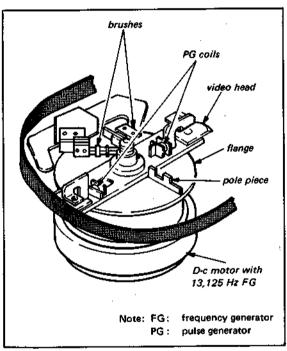


Fig. 9-2 FG and PGs

9.2. TAPE TRANSPORT IN PLAYBACK MODE

The tape transport in the playback mode is described in four sections: Brake System (See 9-2-1), Pinch Roller Mechanism (See 9-2-2), Tape Take-Up System (See 9-2-3) and Tension Control System (See 9-2-4).

9-2-1. Brake System

The brakes applied to the Supply and Take-Up Reel Tables in the stop mode are released in the play mode. See Fig. 9-3.

Setting the function lever from stop to play rotates the Function Select Cam counterclockwise. The pin shown at (A) pushes the Brake Release Slide Plate in the direction indicated by the arrow, actuating the two Brake Levers to release Supply and Take-Up Reel Table braking.

9-2-2. Pinch Roller Mechanism

Pinch Roller pressure is applied against the Capstan when the Solenoid is energized. Refer to Fig. 9-3. When power is applied to the Solenoid, the plunger moves in the direction indicated by the arrow, rotating the Pinch Roller Pressure Plate clockwise and thus compressing the Pressure Spring. This causes Pinch Roller Lever (A) to rotate clockwise, forcing the Pinch Roller against the Capstan.

9-2-3. Tape Take-Up System

Drive is transmitted from the Head Motor to the Take-Up Reel as described below. Refer to Fig. 9-1. The Sub-Belt transfers drive from the Drum Pulley on the Head Motor to a Drive Shaft Pulley on the Drive Shaft. The Take-Up Belt and Take-Up Pulley couple drive torque to the Take-Up Reel.

9-2-4. Tension Control System

A simple mechanical servo is employed to provide tape tension control. See Fig. 9-3.

Tape passes around the outside of the Tension Arm. A Band Brake, anchored at the pivot of the

Tension Arm by a screw, contacts the Supply Reel Table to exert a force inversely proportional to that applied at the Tension Arm. Thus, with no tape on the machine (no force applied to the Tension Arm), the Tension Arm is in its fully clockwise position and full band braking is applied to the Supply Reel Table.

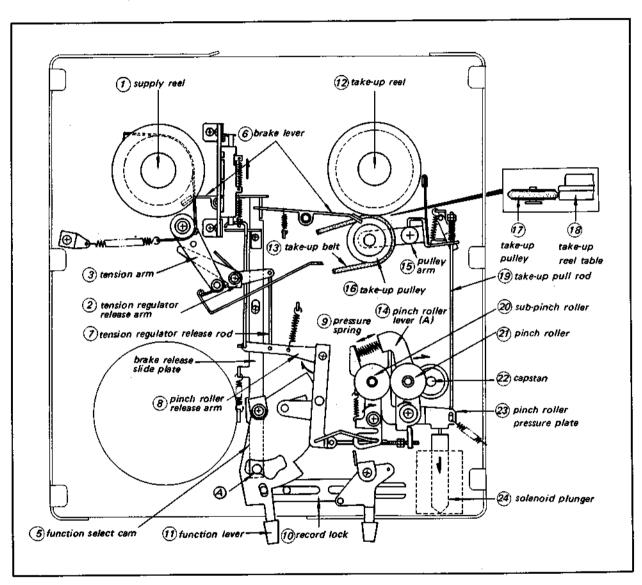


Fig. 9-3 Forward mode tape transport

9-3. INSTANT STOP MECHANISM

Instant stop in the playback mode is obtained by releasing the Pinch Roller from the Capstan. See Fig. 9-4. When the Instant Stop Knob is pulled in the direction indicated by the arrow, the Instant Stop Slide Plate is pulled down, rotating the Instant Stop Lever clockwise about its pivot. The end of the Instant Stop Lever operates a pin on Pinch Roller lever (A) which forces Pinch Roller Lever (A), with the Pinch Roller, to pivot slightly counterclockwise away from the Capstan.

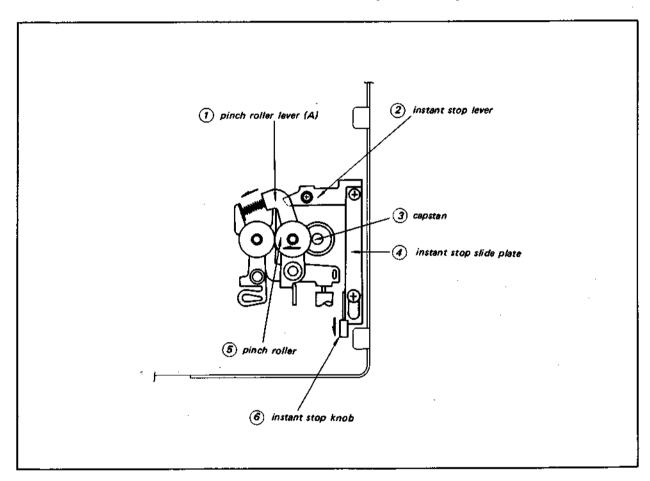


Fig. 9-4 Instant stop mode mechanism

9-4. TAPE TRANSPORT IN THE RECORD MODE

The tape transport operates the same in the record mode as it does in the play mode except that the record switches on the audio, video and servo boards are actuated. Refer to Fig. 9-5.

The Record Lever actuates the Record Plate on the audio board (at (a) in Fig. 9-5) and also the Record Link Rod, which pivots the Record Link Arm slightly clockwise. This permits two Record Link Levers, both under tension from a common spring, to pivot in opposite directions, thus actuating the slide switches on the servo and video boards (at (a) and (c), respectively).

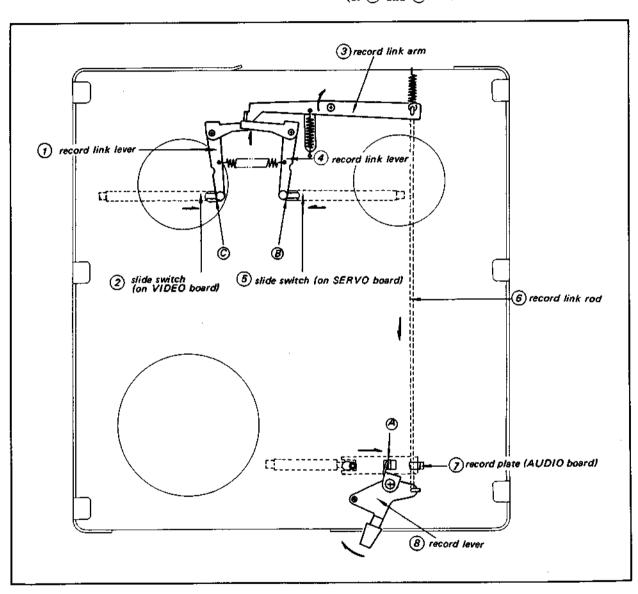


Fig. 9-5 Record mode mechanism

9-5. AUDIO DUB MECHANISM

The audio dub mechanism may be operated only in the play mode. See Figs. 9-3 and 9-5.

The Audio Dub Knob pushes the Audio Dub Slide Plate in the direction indicated by the arrow, rotating the Audio Dub Lever clockwise to actuate the Record Plate at A The Audio Dub Slide Plate also switches S5 via the Audio Dub Rod. (S5 switches dummy coil L803 in place of the full-track erase head.)

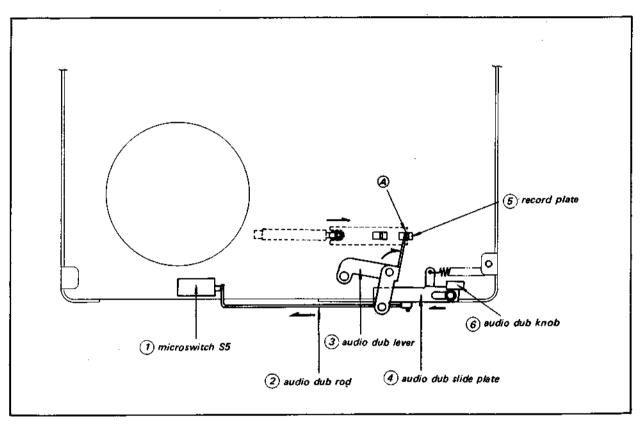


Fig. 9-6 Audio dub mechanism

9-6. TAPE TRANSPORT IN THE FAST-FORWARD MODE

In the fast-forward mode full take-up torque is applied to the Take-Up Reel Table and the Tape Tension Servo is released. The fast-forward mode is shown in Fig. 9-7.

9-6-1. Take-Up Reel Table Drive

When the function lever is set to fast forward, the Function Select Cam is turned to its fully counterclockwise position, pushing the FF Push Rod in the direction indicated by the arrow. The end of the FF Push Rod pushes up the Pulley Arm so that the Take-Up Pulley supplies drive to the Take-Up Reel Table.

9-6-2. Tape Tension Servo Release

When the Function Select Cam is rotated fully counterclockwise, as above, the FF Sub Cam is rotated counterclockwise, rotating the Pinch Roller Release Arm counterclockwise at (a). The Tension Regulator Release Rod, connected at the center of the Pinch Roller Release Arm, is pulled down, pivoting the Tension Regulator Release Arm slightly clockwise. This rotates the Tension Arm counterclockwise at (c), thus releasing the Band Brake. The Switch Push Rod, connected at the end of the Pinch Roller Release Arm, is pulled down at the same time and actuates S4.

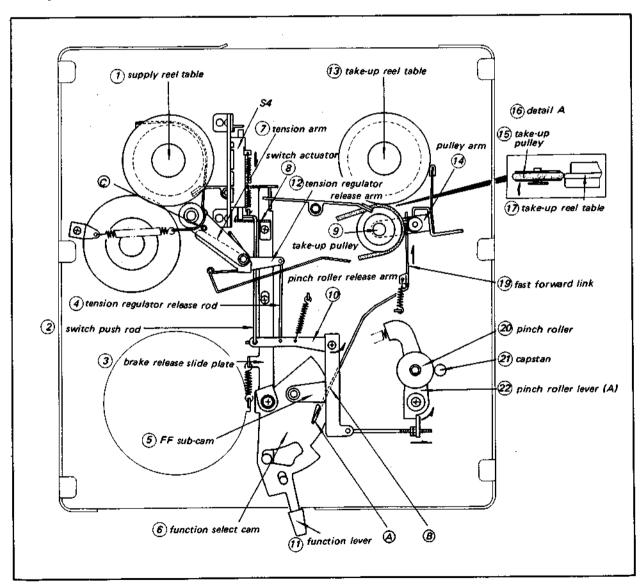


Fig. 9-7 Fast forward mode tape transport

9-7. TAPE TRANSPORT IN THE REWIND MODE

Full torque is applied to the Supply Reel Table to rewind the tape. The Stop Brakes are released from both the Supply and Take-Up Reel Tables. See Fig. 9-8.

Setting the function selector to the rewind mode rotates the Function Select Cam to its fully clockwise position. Rewind Release Lever (1) is rotated clockwise as it follows the detent of the FF Sub Cam at (A), pulling the Rewind Release Rod in the direction indicated by the arrow, to rotate Rewind Release Lever (2) clockwise. This releases the Rewind Slide Plate and allows a rewind idler to contact the Take-Up Belt (at (C)) and the Take-Up Reel Table (at (D)) to transmit driving torque.

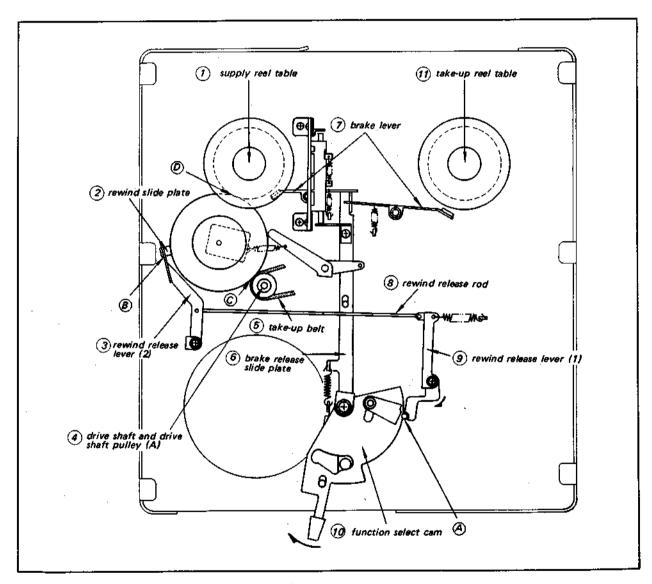


Fig. 9-8 Rewind mode tape transport

SECTION 10 SCHEMATICS AND EXPLODED VIEWS

PRECAUTIONS

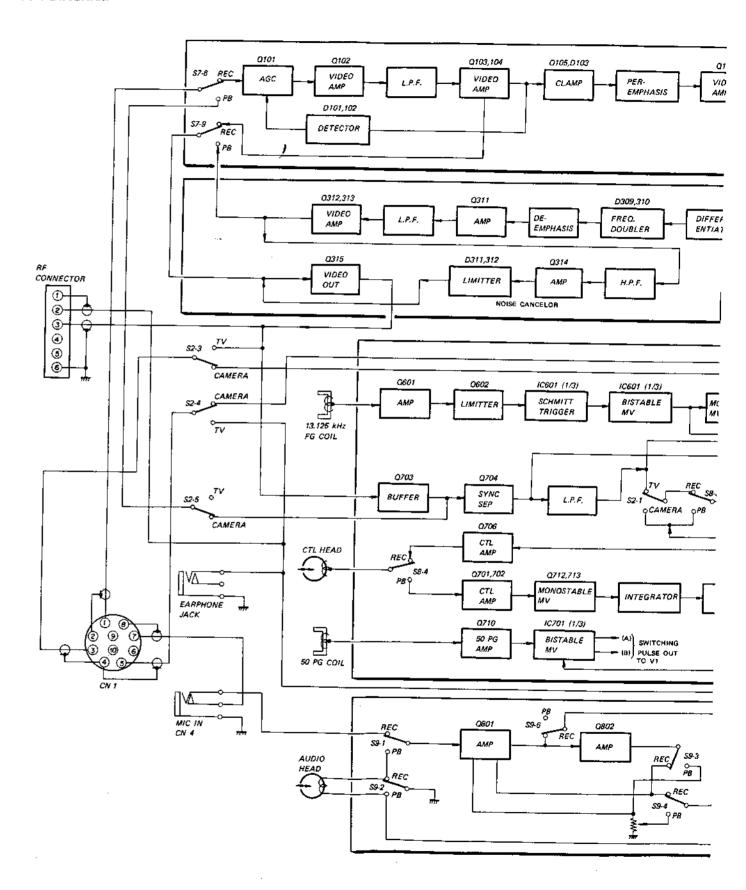
- Do not attempt complete disassembly of any of the subassemblies.
 Disassembly should never go beyond that shown in the exploded views.
 Replacement of the parts without part numbers calls for precision work which should not be attempted in the field.
- 2. Assemblies with defects in parts other than those shown in the exploded views as replaceable should be replaced by new assemblies.
- 3. If mechanical damage requires replacement and/or adjustment of the guides in the tape path, return the unit to a SONY FACTORY SERVICE CENTER for repair.

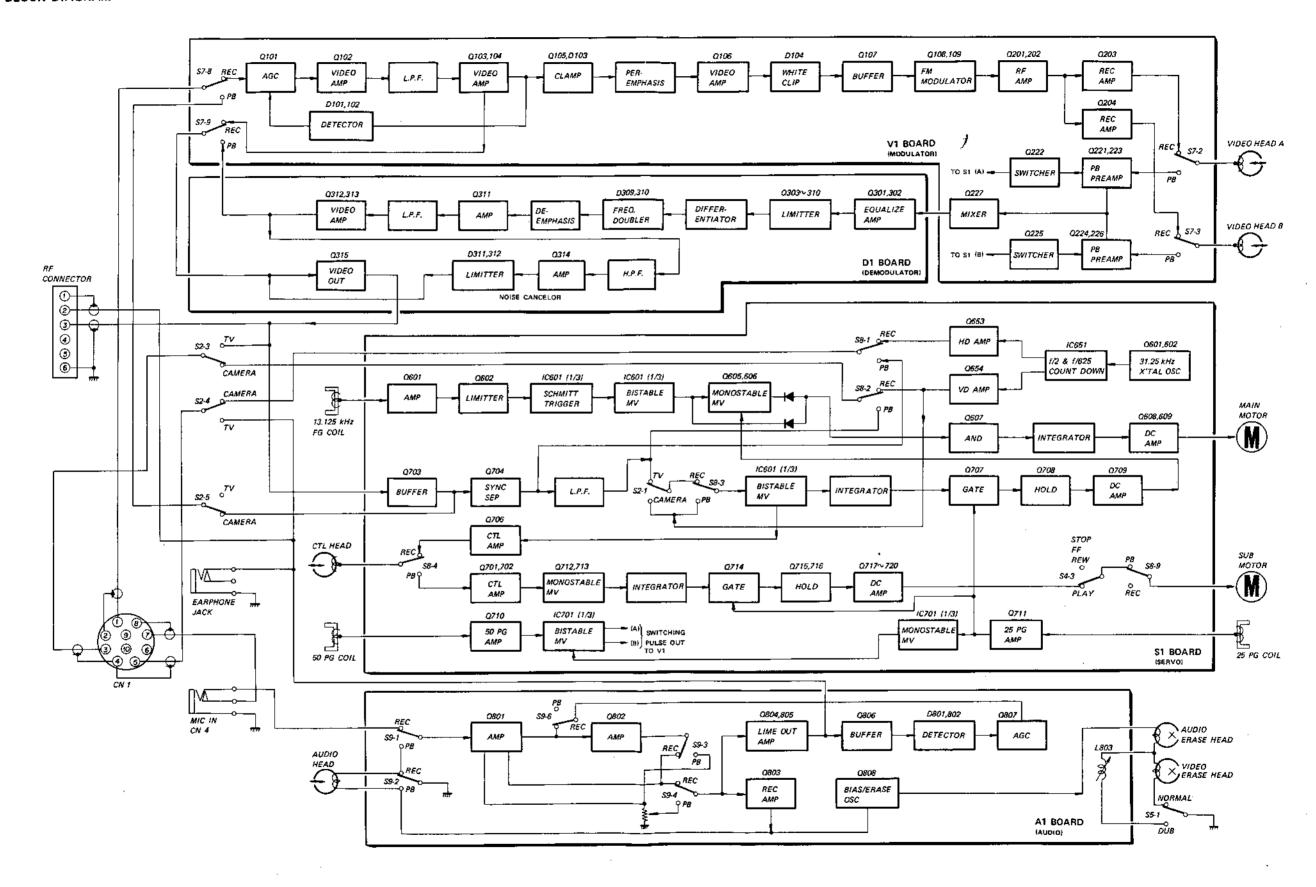
Hardware Nomenclature	
P - Pan Head Screw	
PS - Pan Head Screw with Spring Washer	
K - Flat Countersunk Head Screw	
B - Binding Head Screw	
RK - Oval Countersunk Head Screw 🗞 🔎	
T - Truss Head Screw	
R - Round Head Screw	
F - Flat Fillister Head Screw	
SC - Set Screw 😝 🗉	
E - Retaining Ring (E Washer)	
W - Washer SW - Spring Washer LW - Lock Washer N - Nut	
– Example –	
Type of Slot P 3×10 Length in mm (L) Diameter in mm (D) Type of Head	

All screws conform to ISO standards, unless otherwise noted

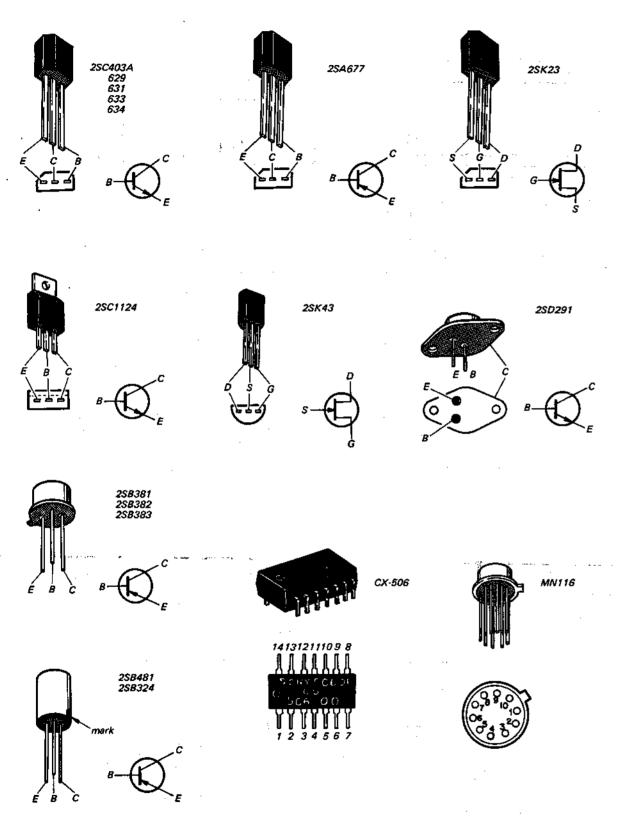
Scale: Inglandantindant 25.4 millimeters

BLOCK DIAGRAM

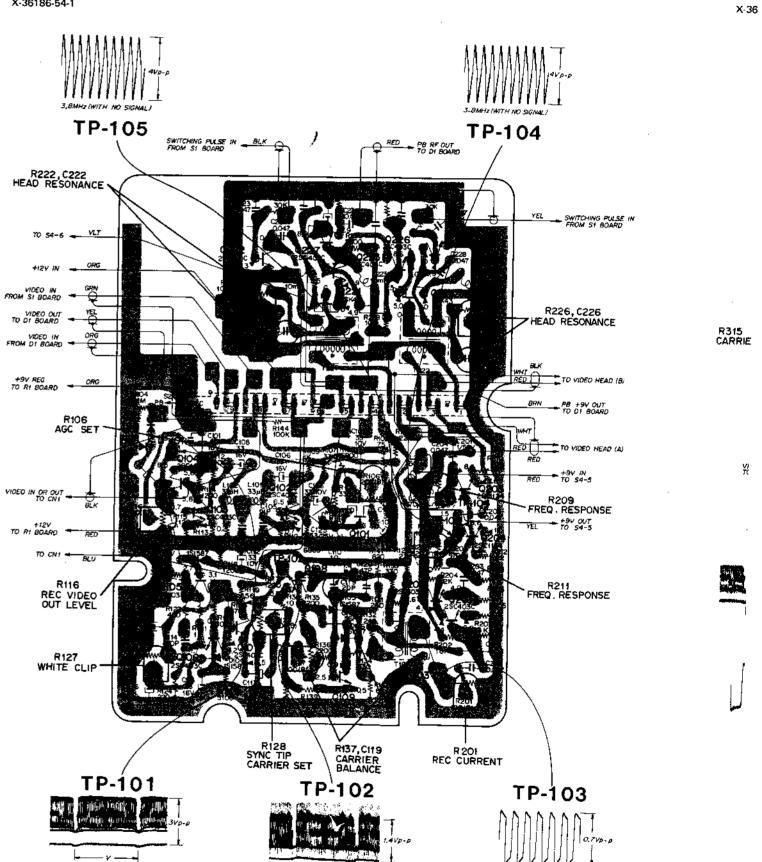




Semiconductor Electrodes

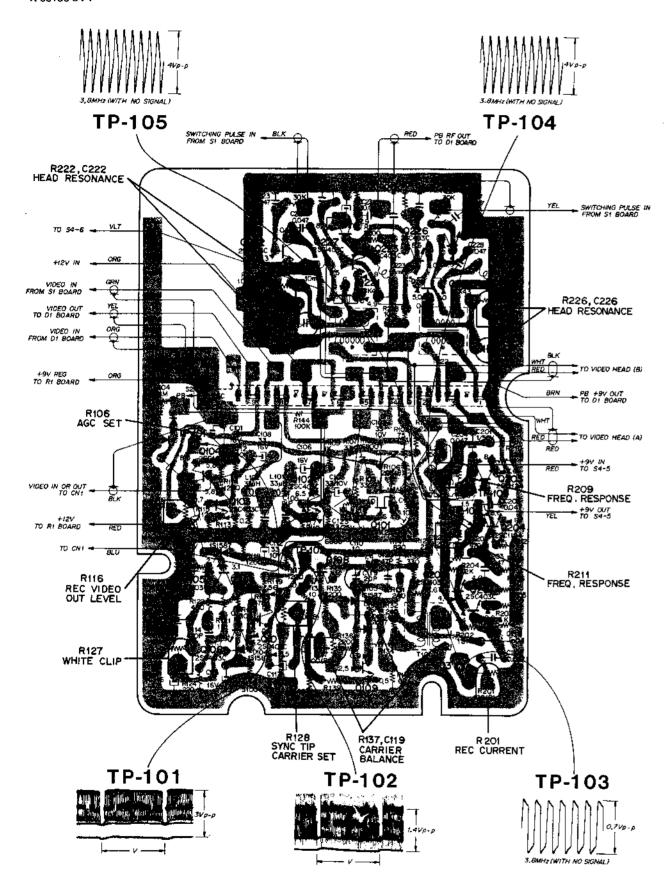


V1 (MODULATOR, REC/PB AMP) PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD X-36186-54-1

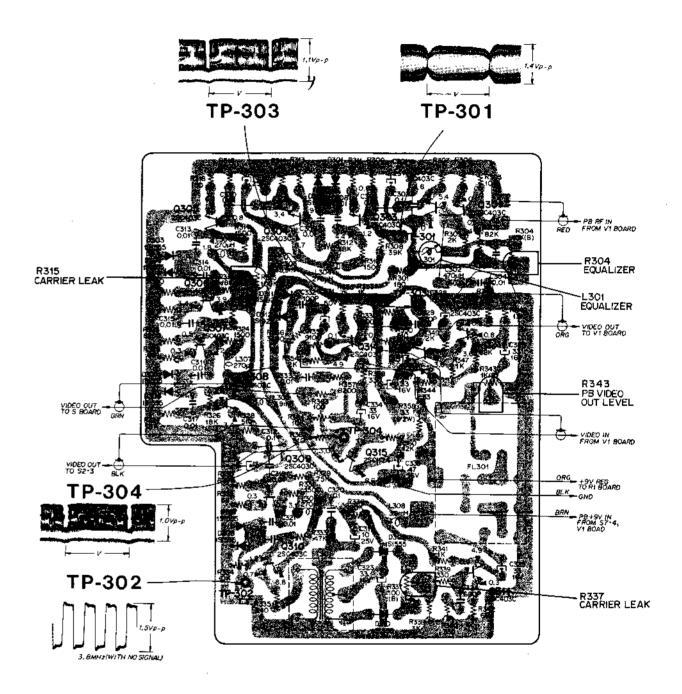


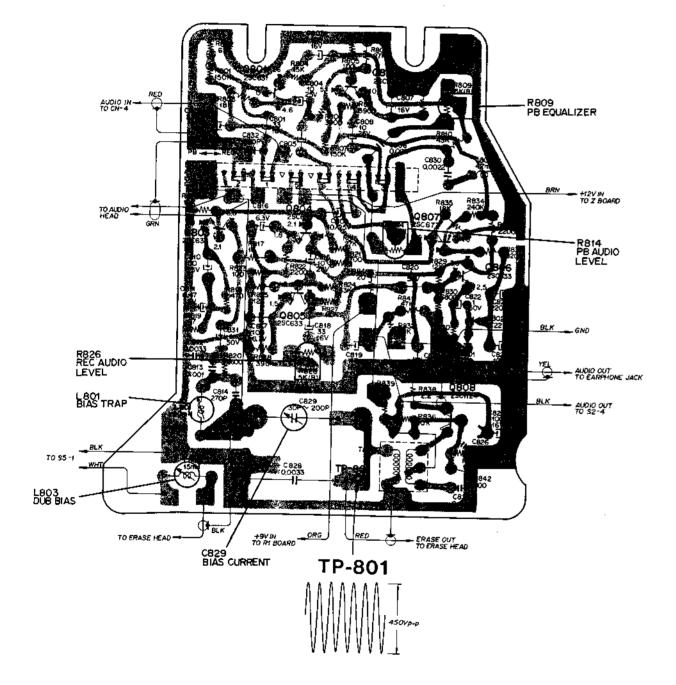
D1

V1 (MODULATOR, REC/PB AMP) PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD X-36186-54-1

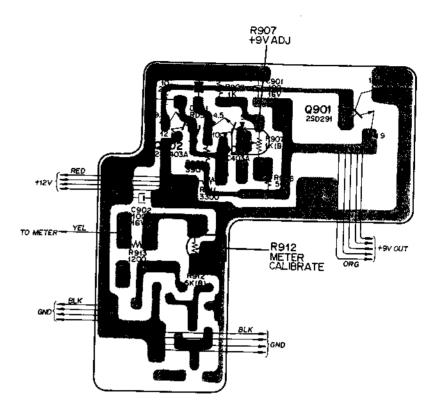


D1 (DEMODULATOR) PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD X-36186-56-1

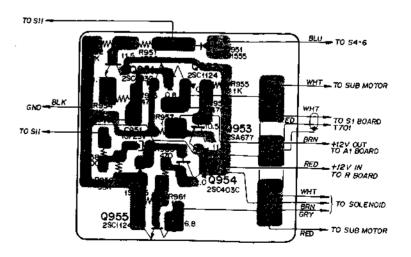


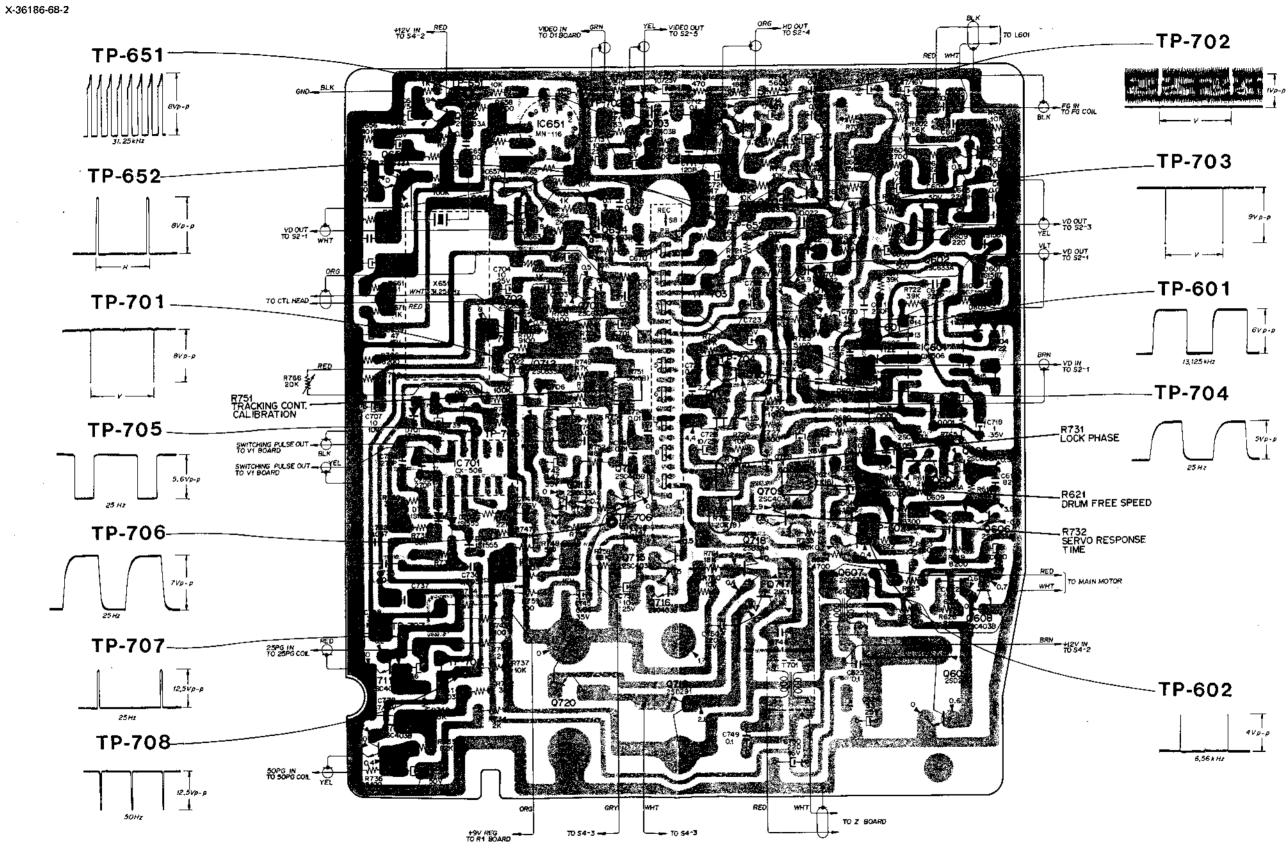


R1 (REGULATOR) PRITNED CIRCUIT BOARD X-36186-53-1

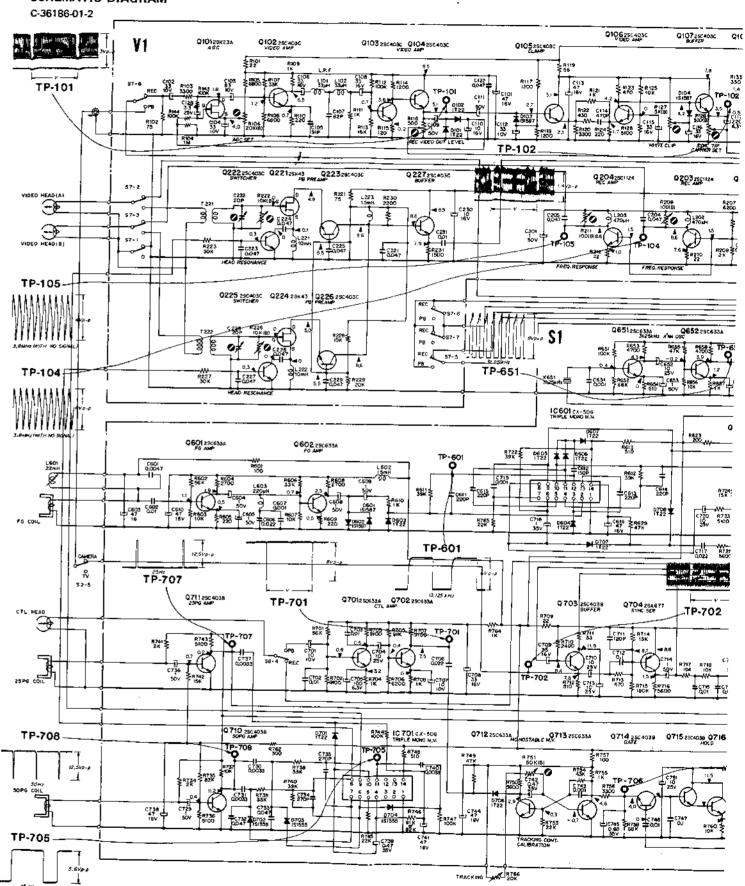


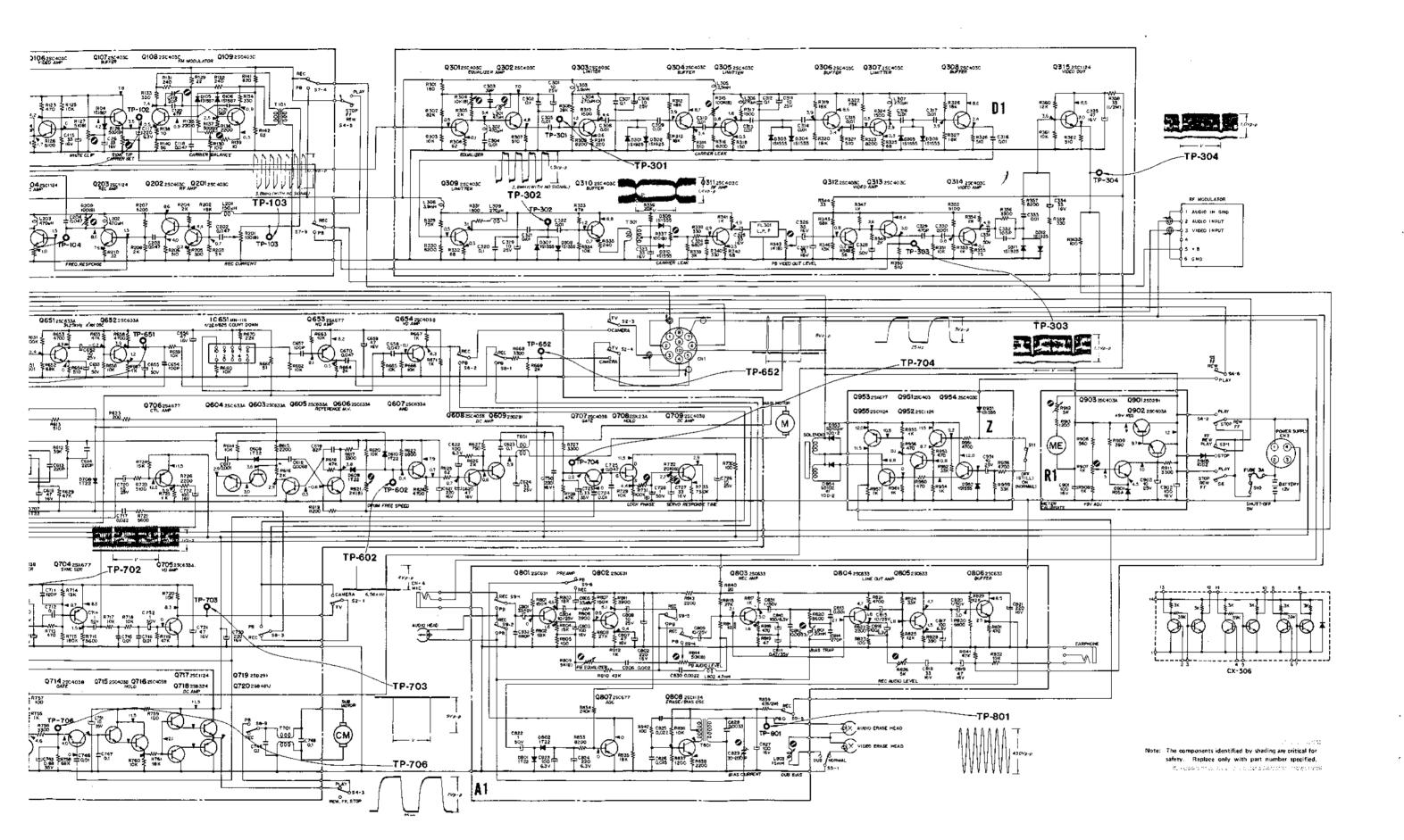
Z PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD X-36186-52-1

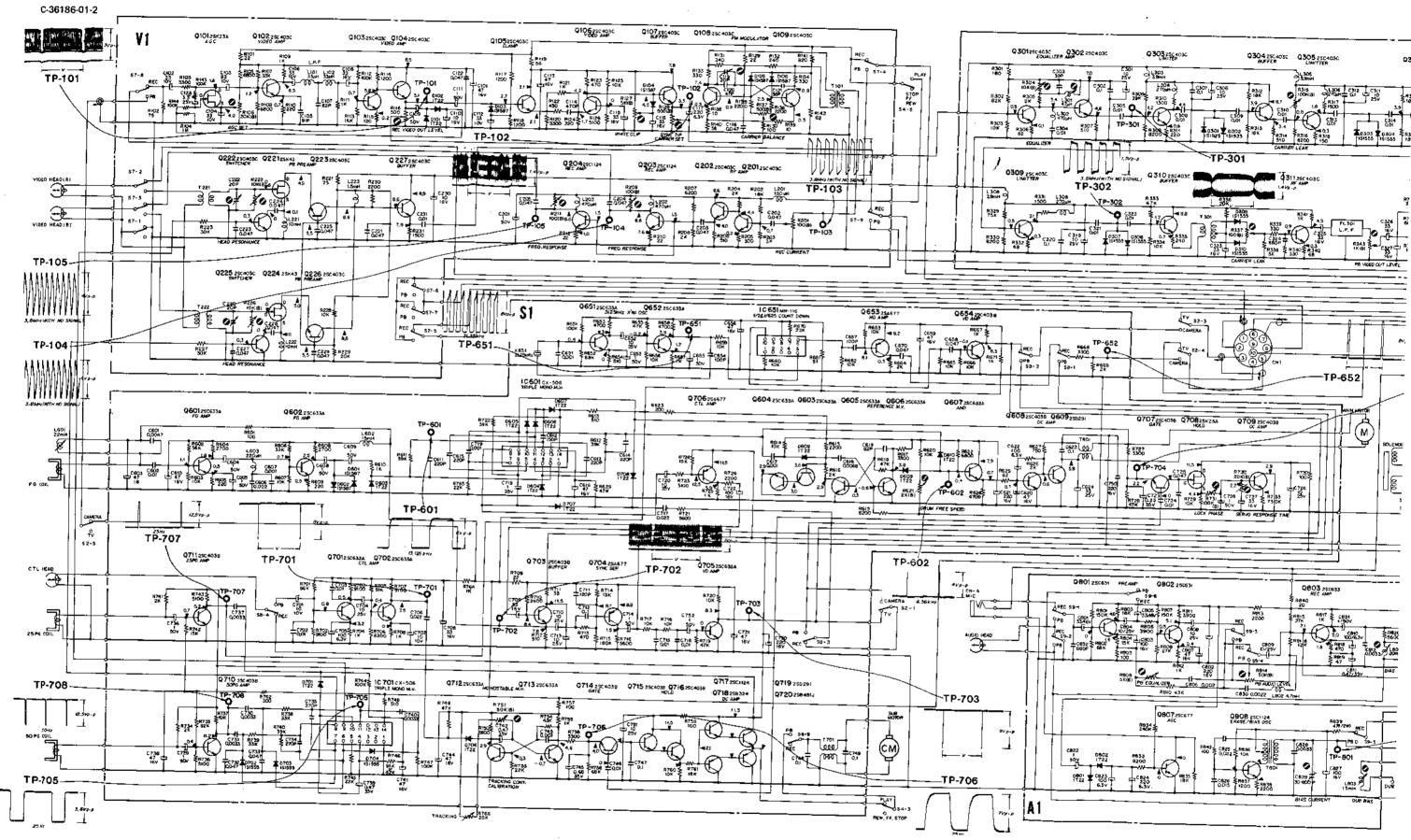


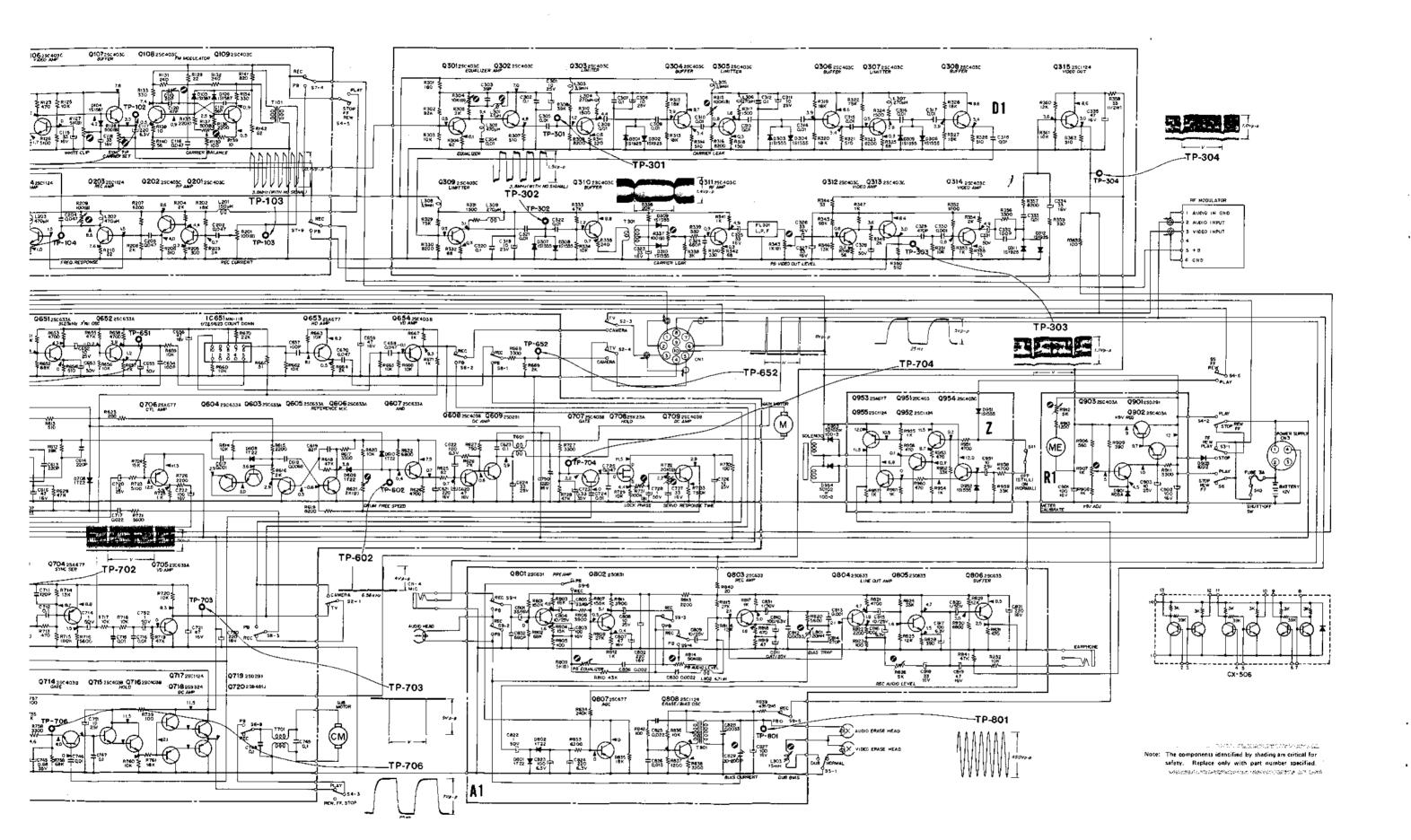


SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM

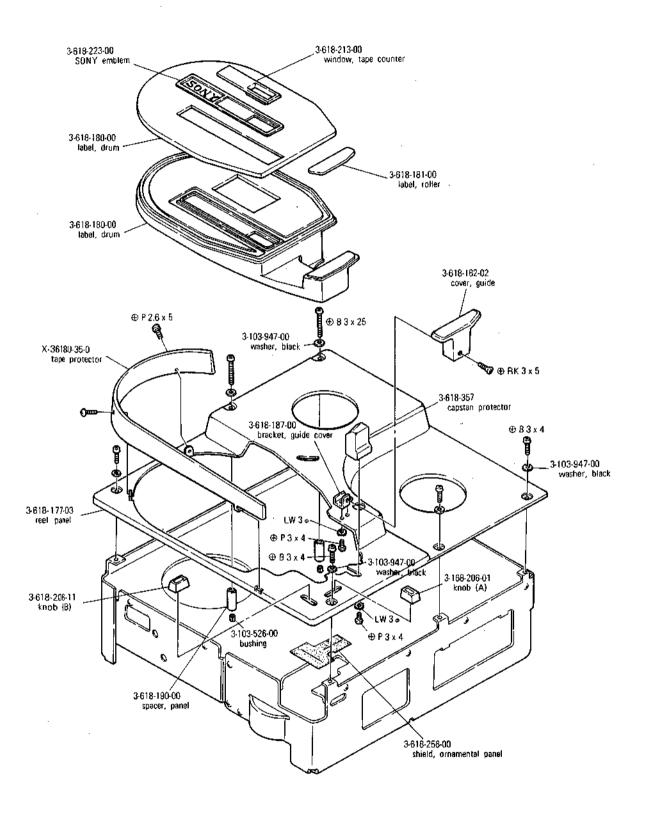


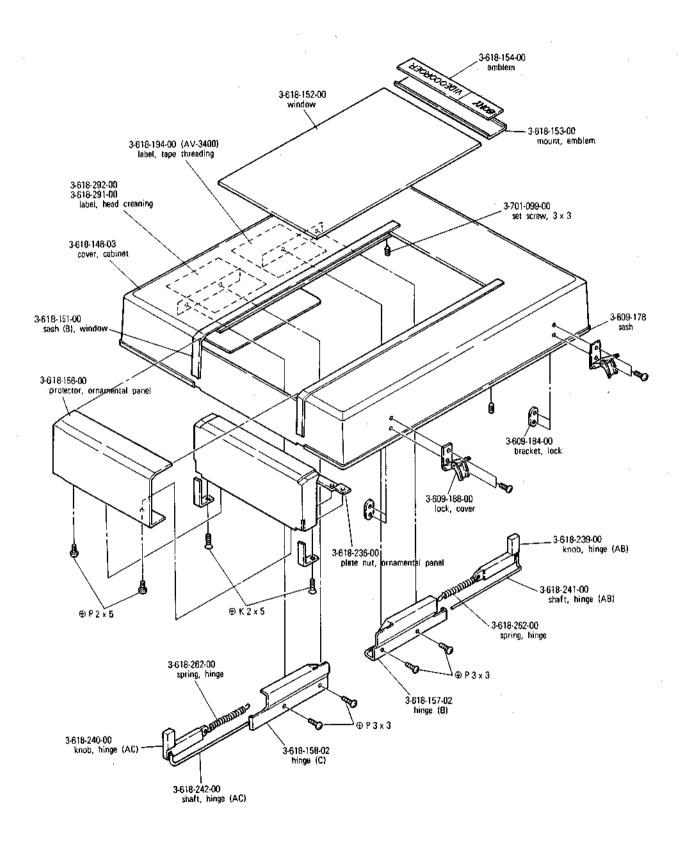


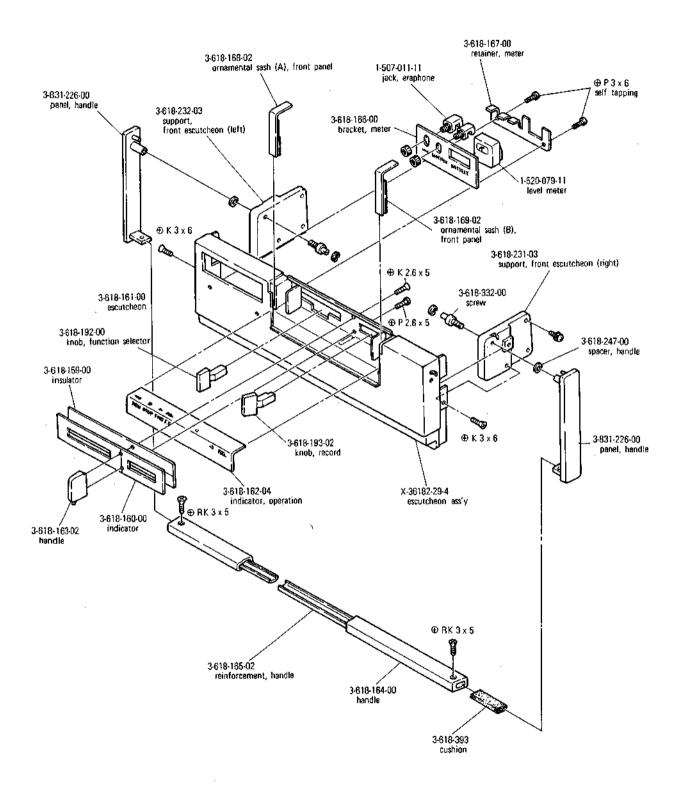


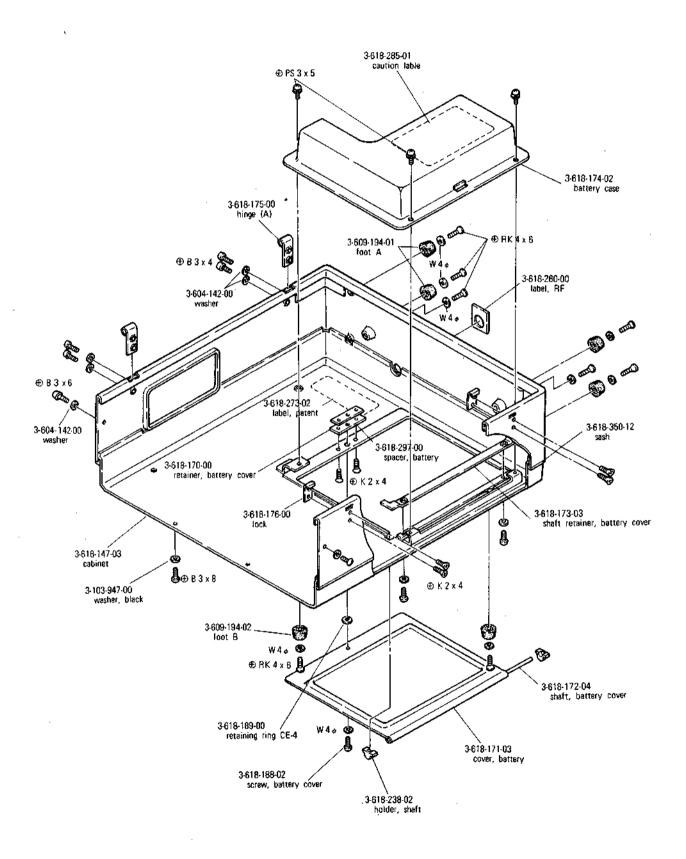


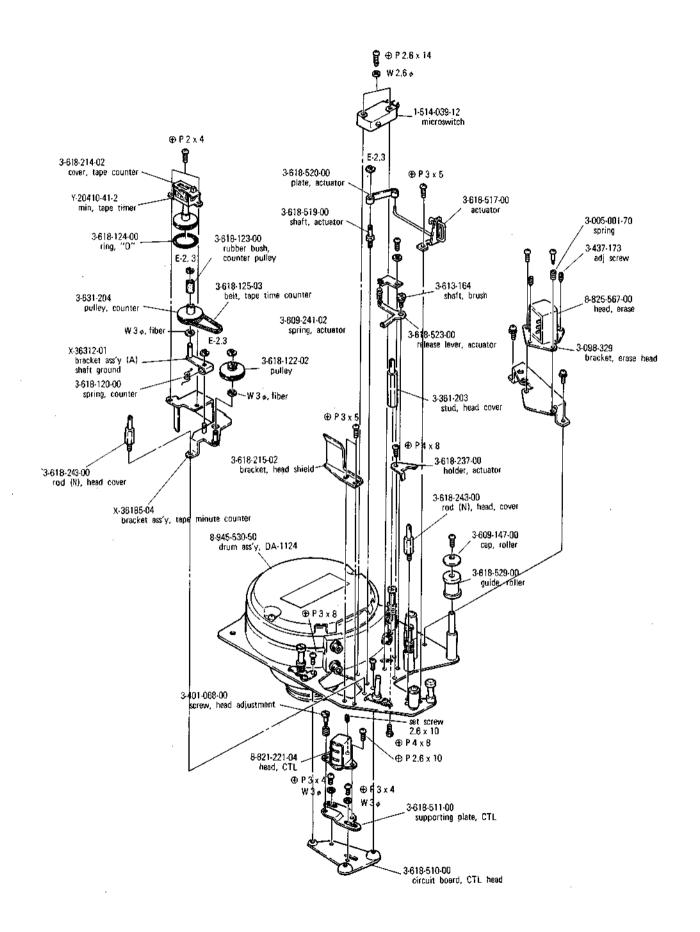
EXPLODED VIEWS

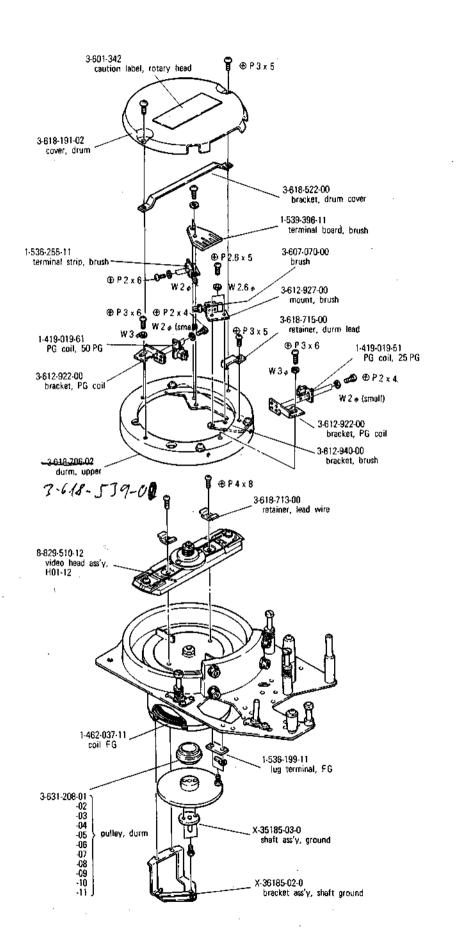


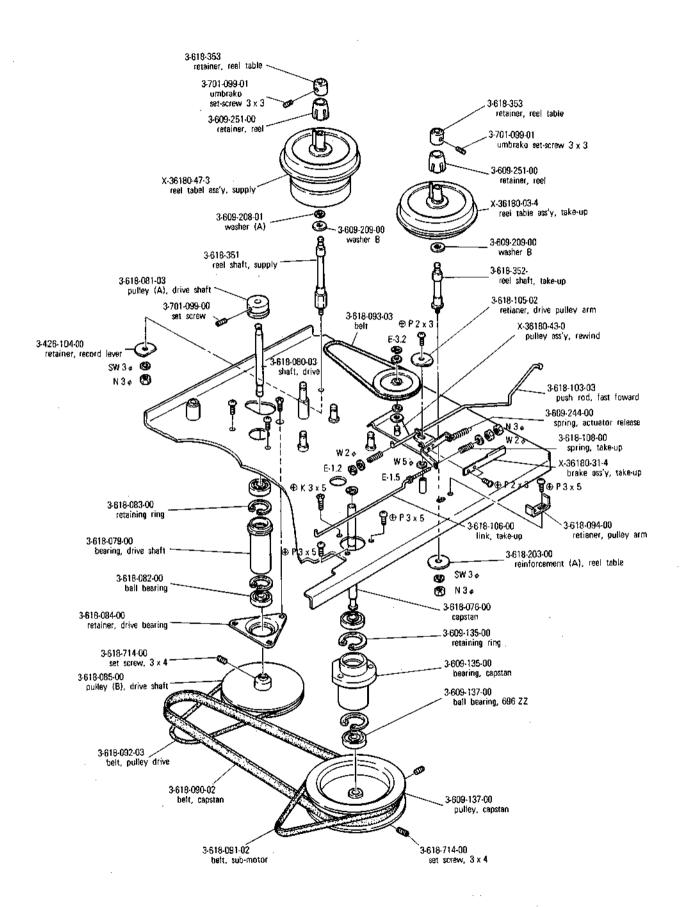


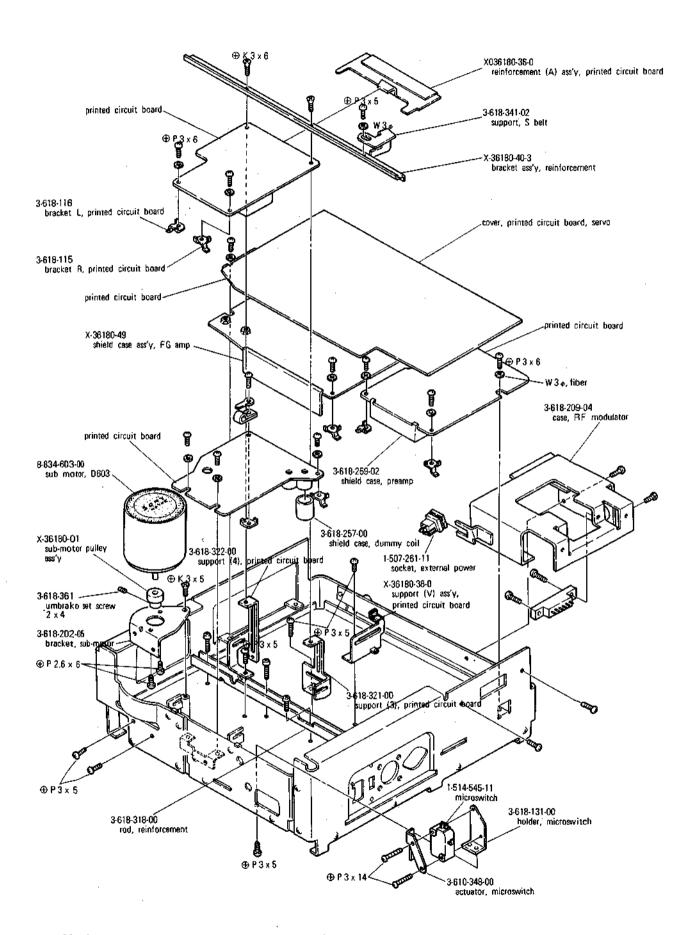


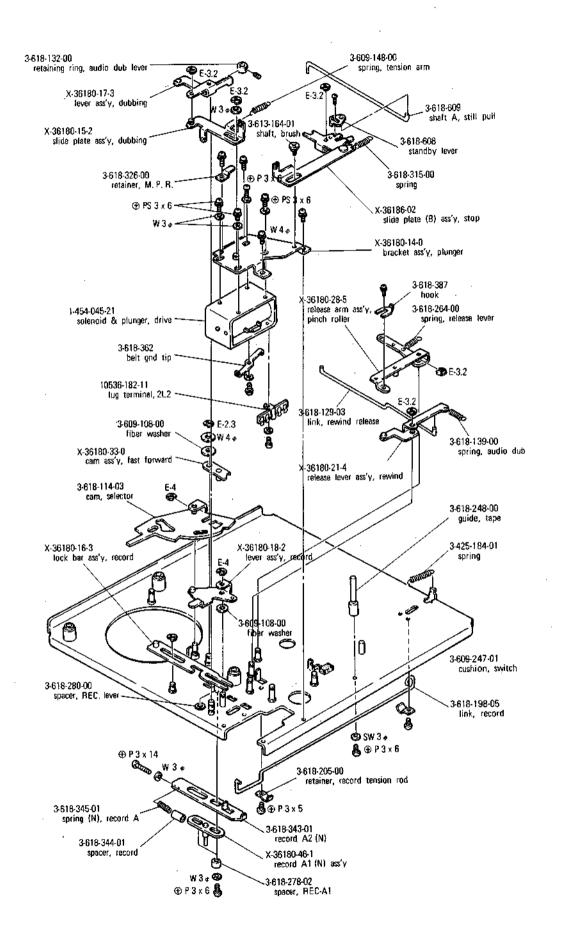


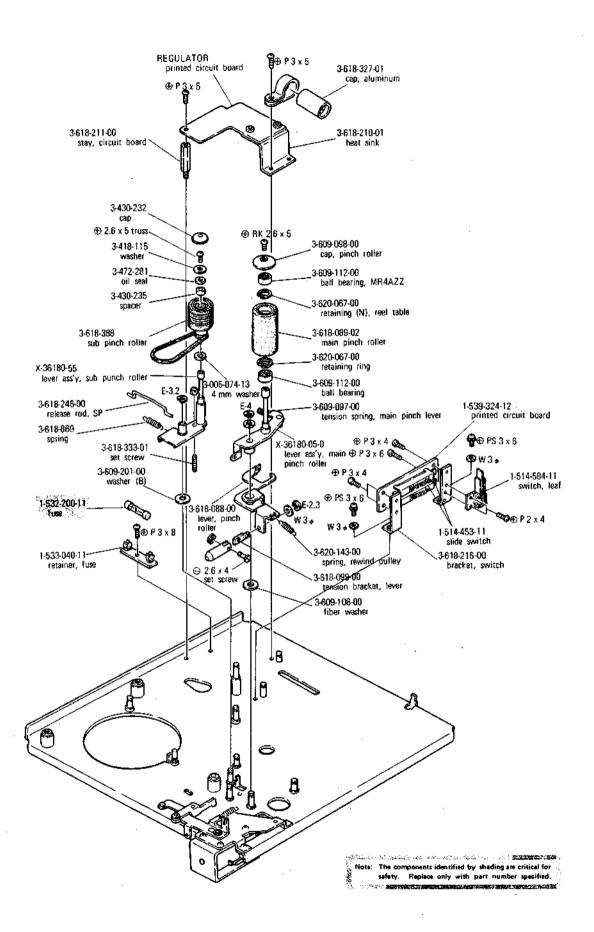


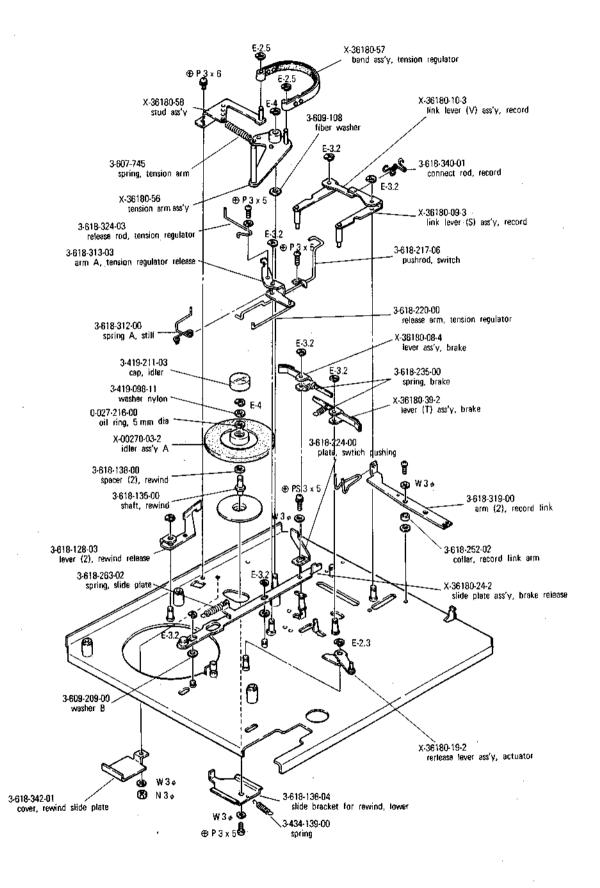


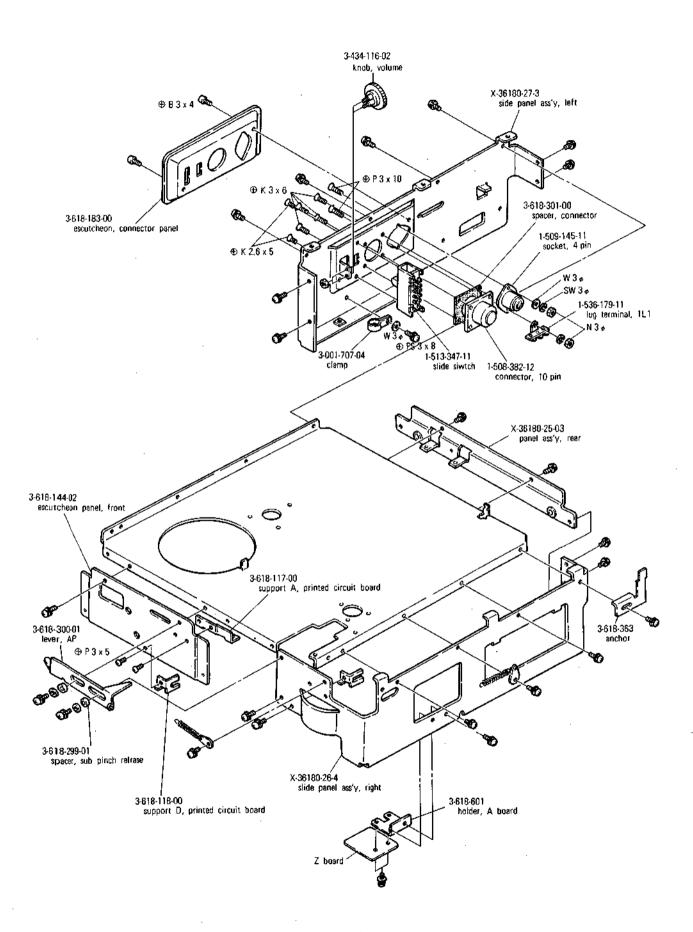


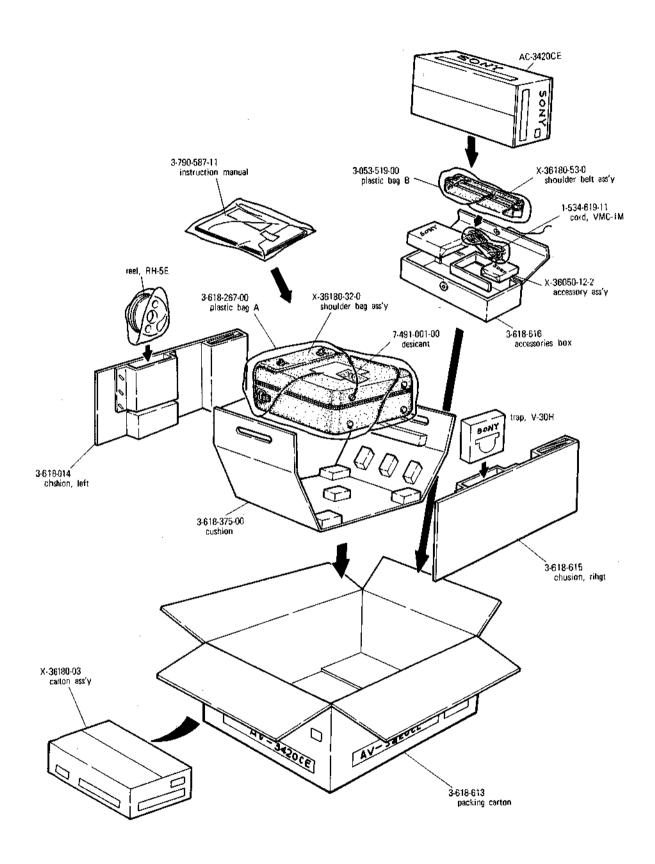


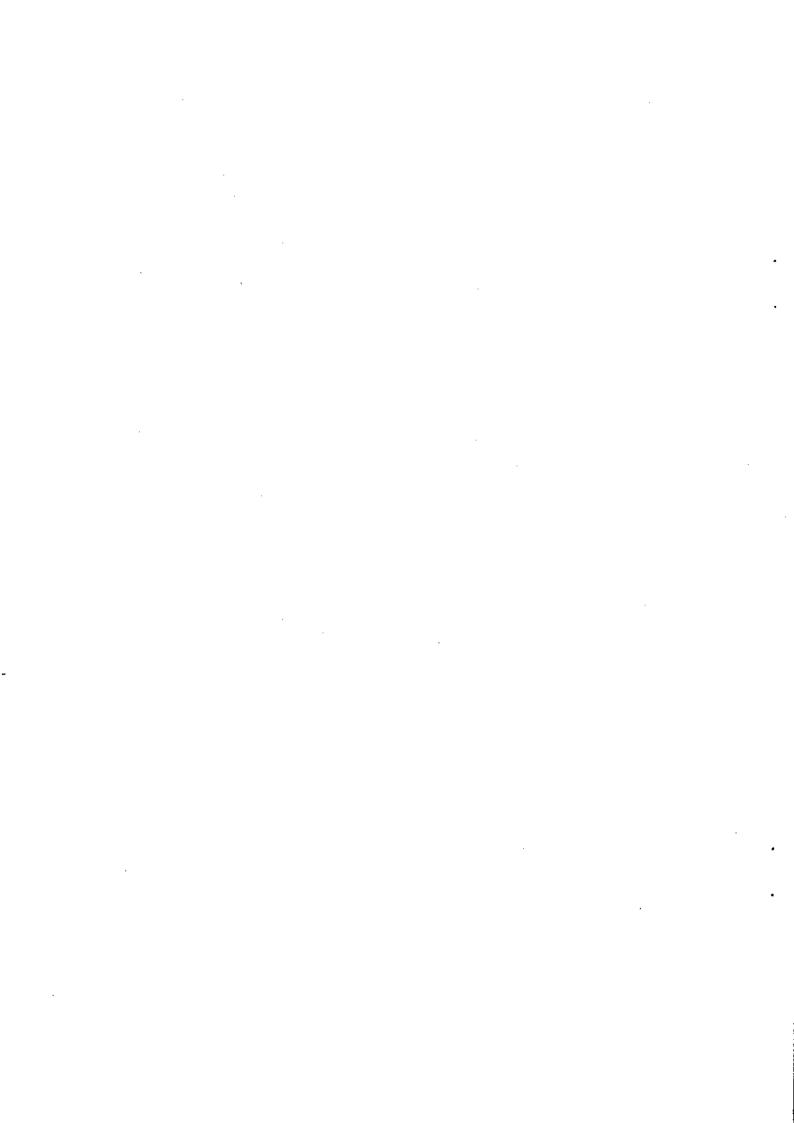












SONY®

Complete Spare Parts List

AV-3420CE

IMPORTANT

When ordering parts, be sure to furnish the following information:

- Part Number
- 2. Model Number.
- Description as contained in this parts list

Due to our use of an electronic data processing system, your orders are processed by the PART NUMBER specified by you.

Please order carefully-wrong part numbers result in wrong parts.

NOTE

Prices are subject to change without notice.

MECHANICAL PARTS LIST

Part No.	Description	Part No.	Description
X-00270-03-2	Idler Ass'y A	X-36185-04	Bracket Ass'y, tape minute counter
X-36050-12-3	Accessory Ass'y, including	X-36186-02	Slide Plate (A) Ass'y, stop
X-36010-48	Splicing Tape Ass'y	X-36186-03	Carton Ass'y
X-36070-23	Head Cleaner Ass'y	3-618-375	Cushion
X-44900-02	Polishing Cloth Ass'y	3-618-613	Packing Carton
X-20310-01	Cleaning Fluid Ass'y	3-618-614	Cushion (Left)
3-605-028	Accessory Bag	3-618-615	Cushion (Right)
X-36180-01	Sub-motor Pulley Ass'y (CE)	3-618-616	Accessory Box
X-36180-03-4	Reel Table Ass'y, take-up	X-36312-01	Lever Ass'y, pulley
	Retaining Ring	Y-20410-41-2	Mini Tape Timer
X-36180-05	Lever A Ass'y, main pinch-roller	0-027-216	Oil Ring, 5 mm dia
X-36180-08-4	Lever Ass'y, brake	0-051-040	Spring, head
X-36180-09-3	Link Lever (S) Ass'y, REC	1-504-021-11	Earphone
X-36180-10-3	Link Lever (V) Ass'y, reocrd	1-534-619-11	Cord, VMC-1M
X-36180-14	Bracket Ass'y, plunger	2-053-519	Plastic Bag B
X-36180-15-2	Slide Plate Ass'y, dubbing	2-825-005	Spacer, MD-17
X-36180-16-3	Lock Bar Ass'y, reocrd	3-001-707-01	Clamp
X-36180-17-3	Lever Ass'y, dubbing	3-001-707-04	Clamp
X-36180-18-2	Lever Ass'y, record	3-001-707-07 3-001-707-09	Clamp Clamp
X-36180-19-2	Release Lever Ass'y, actuator	3-001-707-09	Ciamp
X-36180-21-4	Release Lever Ass'y, rewind	3-005-001-70	Spring
X-36180-24-2	Slide Plate Ass'y, brake release	3-005-074-13	4 mm Washer
X-36180-25-3	Panel Ass'y, rear	3-098-329	Bracket, erase head
X-36180-26-4	Side Panel Ass'y, right	3-103-526	Bush Washan black
X-36180-27-3	Side Panel Ass'y, left	3-103-947	Washer, black
X-36180-28-5	Release Arm Ass'y, pinch-roller	3-401-068	Screw, head adjustment
X-36180-29-4	Escutcheon Ass'y	3-418-115-00	Washer
X-36180-31-4	Brake Ass'y, take-up	3-419-098-11	Washer, nylon
X-36180-32	Shoulder Bag Ass'y	3-419-211-03 3-425-184	Cap, idler Spring
X-36180-53	Shoulder Belt Ass'y	3-423-164	• •
3-618-364	Shoulder Bag	3-426-104-02	Retainer, record lever
X-36180-33	Cam Ass'y (A), fast forward	3-430-232	Cap
X-36180-35	Tape Protector	3-430-235	Spacer Knob, control
X-36180-36	Reinforcement (A) Ass'y, pritned circuit board	3-434-116-02 3-434-139	Spring
		3-434-139	Spring
X-36180-38	Support (V) Ass'y, printed	3-437-173	Adjusting Screw
	circuit board	3-472-281	Oil Sela
X-36180-39-2	Lever (T) Ass'y, brake	3-509-140	Fastner
X-36180-40-3	Bracket Ass'y, reinforcement	3-601-107	Spring
X-36180-43	Pulley Ass'y, rewind including	3-601-127	Holder
3-618-233-04	* *	3-601-342	Caution Label, rotary head
X-36180-44	Arm Ass'y, rewind pulley	3-601-345	Check Lug
X-36180-45	Reinforcement Ass'y, deck,	3-604-142	Washer
3-618-318-00	including Rod, reinforcement	3-604-169 3-607-738	Holder (2), spring Spring, tape guide
20100100	•		
X-36180-46	Record A1 (N) Ass'y	3-607-745	Spring, tension arm
X-36180-47	Reci Table Ass'y, supply	3-609-097 3-609-098	Tension Spring, main pinch lever Cap, pinch roller
X-36180-48 X-36180-49	Reel Tbale Ass'y, (N), supply FG Amp Shield Case Ass'y	3-609-108	Fiber Washer
X-36180-55	Lever Ass'y, sub-pinch roller	3-609-112	Bail Bearing, MR 4AZZ
	• •		
X-36180-56	Tension Arm Ass'y	3-609-135	Retaining Ring
X-36180-57	Band Ass'y, tension regulator	3-609-137	Ball Bearing, 696 ZZ
X-36180-58	Stud Ass'y	3-609-140	Spacer, reel table
X-36185-02	Bracket Ass'y, shaft ground	3-609-147 3-609-148-02	Cap, roller Spring, tension arm
X-36185-03	Shaft Ass'y, ground	3-007-140-02	spring, tension will

Part No.	Description	Part No.	<u>Description</u>
3-609-178	Sash	3-618-136-04	Slide Bracket for Rewind, lower
	Bracket, lock	3-618-138	Spacer (2), rewind
3-609-184 3-609-188	Lock, cover	3-618-139	Spring, audio dub
3-609-194-01	Foot A		Spring, rewind lever (1)
3-609-194-02	Foot B	3-618-144-02	Escutcheon Panel, front
3-609-208	Washer (A)	3-618-147-03	Cabinet
3-609-209	Washer (B)	3-618-148-03	Cover, cabinet
3-609-244-02	Spring, actuator release	3-618-150	Sash (A), window
3-609-247	Cushion, switch	3-618-151	Sash (B), window
3-609-251	Retainer, reel	3-618-152	Window
3-610-348	Actuator, microswitch	3-618-153	Mount, emblem
3-613-164	Shaft, brush	3-618-154	Emblem
3-618-075	Bearing, capstan	3-618-155-03	Ornamental Panel, cover
3-618-076	Capstan	3-618-156	Protector, ornamental panel
3-618-077	Pulley, capstan	3-618-157-02	Hinge (B)
3-618-078	Retaining Ring, CE-6	3-618-158-02	Hinge (C)
3-618-079	Bearing, drive shaft	3-618-159	Insulator
3-618-080-03	Shaft, drive shaft	3-618-160	Indicator
3-618-081-03	Pulley (A), drive shaft	3-618-161	Escutcheon
3-618-082	Ball Bearing	3-618-162-04	Indicator, operation
2 (10 002	Pataining Ping 0-13	3-618-163-02	Handle
3-618-083	Retaining Ring, 0-13 Retainer, drive bearing	3-618-164	Handle
3-618-084	Pulley (B), drive shaft	3-618-165-02	Reinforcement, handle
3-618-085 3-618-088	Lever, pinch roller	3-618-166	Bracket, meter
3-618-089-02	Main Pinch Roller	3-618-167	Retainer, meter
2 (10 000 02	Belt, capstan	3-618-168-02	Ornamental Sash (A), front panel
3-618-090-02	Belt, sub-motor	3-618-169-02	Ornamental Sash (B), front panel
3-618-091-02 3-618-092-03	Belt, pulley drive	3-618-170	Retainer, battery cover
3-618-093-03	Belt, take-up drive	3-618-171-03	Cover, battery
3-618-094	Retainer, pulley arm	3-618-172-04	Shaft, battery cover
3-618-099	Tension Bracket, lever	3-618-173-03	Shaft Retainer, battery cover
3-618-103-03	Push Rod, fast forward	3-618-174-03	Battery Case
3-618-105-02	Retainer, drive pulley arm	3-618-175	Hinge (A)
3-618-106	Link, take-up	3-618-176	Lock
3-618-107	Spring, fast forward	3-618-177-11	Reel Panel (CE)
3-618-108	Spring, take-up	3-618-179	Cover, head
3-618-109-03	Sub Pinch Roller	3-618-180	Lable, drum
3-618-114-03	Cam, selector	3-618-181	Lable, roller
3-618-115	Bracket R, printed circuit board	3-618-182-02	Cover, guide
3-618-116	Bracket L, printed circuit board	3-618-183	Label, connector panel
3-618-117	Support A, printed circuit board	3-618-186	Actuator, shut-off switch
3-618-118	Support D, printed circuit board	3-618-187	Bracket, guide cover
3-618-120	Spring, counter	3-618-188-02	Screw, battery cover
3-618-122	Pulley	3-618-189	Retaining Ring, CE-4
3-618-123	Rubber Bush, counter pulley	3-618-190	Spacer, panel
3-618-124	Ring, O	3-618-191	Cover, drum
3-618-124-02	Cover, tape counter	3-618-192	Knob, function selector
3-618-125-03	Belt, tape counter	3-618-193-02	Knob, record
3-618-128-03	Lever (2), rewind release	3-618-194	Label, tape threading
3-618-129-03	Link, rewind release	3-618-198-05	Link, record
	•	3-618-199	Nameplate
3-618-131-03	Holder, microswitch	3-618-202-05	Bracket, sub-motor
3-618-132	Retaining Ring, audio dub lever	3-618-203	Reinforcement (A), reel table
3-618-133-02	Slide Bracket, rewind upper	3-618-205	Retainer, record tension rod
3-618-135-03	Shaft, rewind	3-618-206-01	Knob (A)

Part No.	Description	<u>Part No.</u>	Description
3-618-206-11	Knob (B)	3-618-326	Retainer, M. P. R.
3-618-209-04	Case, RF modulator	3-618-327	Cap, aluminum
3-618-210	Heat Sink	3-618-328	Cover, prevent1
3-618-211	Stay, circuit board	3-618-332	Screw
3-618-213	Window, tape counter	3-618-333	Set Screw
3-618-214-03	counter cover	3-618-340	Connect Rod, reocrd
3-618-215-02	Bracket, head shield	3-618-341	Support, S belt
3-618-216	Bracket, switch	3-618-342	Cover, rewind slide plate
3-618-217-06	Pushing Rod, switch	3-618-343	Record A2 (N)
3-618-220	Release Arm, tension regulator	3-618-344	Spacer, record A
3-618-223	SONY Emblem	3-618-345	Spring (N), record A
3-618-224	Plate, switch pushing	3-618-346	Spacer (N), record A
3-618-231-03	Support, front escutcheon (right)	3-618-347 3-618-350-12	Ground Plate, belt Sash
3-618-232-03	Support, front escutcheon (left)	3-618-351	Reel Shaft, supply
3-618-235	Spring, brake	3-010-331	Reel Shart, supply
3-618-236	Plate Nut, ornamental panel	3-618-352	Reel Shaft, take-up
3-618-237	Holder, actuator	3-618-353	Retainer, reel table
3-618-238-02	Holder, shaft	3-618-357	Capstan Protector
3-618-239	Knob, hinge (AB)	3-618-361	UMBRAKO Set Screw M 2 x 5
3-618-240	Knob, hinge (AC)	3-618-362	Belt Ground Tip
3-618-241	Shaft, hinge (AB)	3-618-363	Anchor
3-618-242	Shaft, hinge (AC)	3-618-387	Hook
3-618-243	Rod (N), head cover	3-618-388	Sub-Pinch Roller Cushion
3-618-246	Release Rod, SP	3-618-501-04	Circuit Board, tape guide
3-618-247	Spacer, handle	3-618-510	Circuit Board, CTL head
3-618-248	Guide, tape	3-618-511	Supporting Plate, CTL
3-618-252-02	Collar, record link arm	3-618-517	Actuator
3-618-255	Cover, printed board	3-618-518-02	Rod, head guide
3-618-256	Shield, ornamental panel	3-618-519	Shaft, actuator
3-618-257	Shield Case, dummy coil	3-618-520	Plate, actuator
3-618-259-02	Shield Case, PRE AMP	3-618-522	Bracket, drum cover
3-618-260	Emblem, RF	3-618-523	Release Lever, actuator
3-618-261	Bracket (T), switch	3-618-525	Hanger, spring
3-618-262	Spring, hinge	3-618-529	Guide Roller
3-618-263	Spring, slide plate	3-618-601	Holder, Z board
3-618-264	Spring, release lever	3-618-602	Heat Sink (A)
3-618-265	Nameplate, battery pack set	3-618-603	Heat Sink (B)
3-618-267	Plastic Bag A	3-618-604	Heat Sink (R)
3-618-268	Emblem, patent	3-618-605	"V1" Board Shield Case
3-618-278	Spacer, REC-A1	3-618-606	Nameplate
3-618-280	Spacer, REC. lever	3-618-608	Standby Lever
3-618-285	Caution Label	3-618-609	Still Pully Rod (A)
3-618-292	Emblem	3-618-714	Set Screw, 3 x 4
3-618-297	Spacer, battery	3-618-869	Spring Retaining Ring
3-618-299	Spacer, sub pinch relerase	3-620-067	Retaining King
3-618-300	Lever, AF	3-620-143	Spring, rewind pulley
3-618-301	Spacer, connector	3-631-203	Stud, head cover
3-618-312	Spring A, still	3-631-204 3-701-020	Pulley, counter Check Sheet Bag, SS
3-618-313-03	Arm A, tension regulator release	3-701-020 3-701-099	Set Screw, 3 x 3
3-618-315	Spring A, stop	J-101*077	got deten, J & J
3-618-316	Retainer, shaft	3-701-167	Screw, (+) B 4 x 28
3-618-319	Arm (2), reocrd link	3-790-587-11	Instruction Manual
3-618-321	Support (3), printed board	3-793-061-11	Warranty Card
3-618-322	Support (4), printed board	3-793-068-11	Caution Card
3-618-324-03	Release Rod, tension regulator	3-831-226	Panel, handle

Part No.	<u>Description</u>	Part No.	<u>Description</u>
4-002-839	Envelope, IBM card	7-682-151-01	(+) P 3 x 14
7-491-001	Desiccant	7-682-160-01	(+) P4 x 6
8-880-053	Reel, RH-5E	7-682-161-01	(+) P 4 x 8
0 000 023	The state of the s	7-682-246-01	(+) K 3 x 5
		7-682-247-01	(+) K 3 x 6
		7-682-249-01	(+) K 3 x 10
HEAD DRU	IM ·	7-682-346-05	(+) RK 3 x 5
HEAD DIE	<u> </u>	7-682-360-04	(+) RK 4 x 6
		7-682-360-05	(+) RK 4 x 6
8-829-510-12	Video Head, HO1-12	7-682-361-05	(+) RK 4 x 8 .
8-945-530-50	Drum Ass'y, DA-1124 A - 6009 - 016 - A	7 (02 545 04	
3-607-070	Brush	7-682-545-04 7-682-545-05	(+) B 3 x 4 (+) B 3 x 4
3-612-922	Bracket, PG coil	7-682-547-04	(+) B 3 x 6
3-612-927	Mount, brush	7-682-548-05	(+) B 3 x 8
3-612-940	Bracket, brush	7-682-554-05	(+) B 3 x 25
0.410.400.01	Drum Pulley (brown) 21.47 mm dia	. 002 00 . 00	(/= +
3-613-208-01	Drum Pulley (red) 21.43 mm dia	7-682-560-04	(+) B 4 x 6
3-613-208-02 3-613-208-03	Drum Pulley (orange) 21.38 mm dia	7-682-646-001	(+) PS 3 x 5
3-613-208-04	Drum Pulley (yellow) 21.34 mm dia	7-682-647-01	(+) PS 3 x 6
3-613-208-05	Drum Pulley (green) 21.29 mm dia	7-682-648-01	(+) PS 3 x 8
J-013-200-03	promite and the second	7-682-660-01	(+) PS 4 x 6
3-613-208-06	Drum Pulley (blue) 21.25 mm dia	B (00 ((1 A)	(1) Tid A 0
3-613-208-07	Drum Pulley (purple) 21.21 mm dia	7-682-661-01	(+) PS 4 x 8 (+) PS 4 x 10
3-613-208-08	Drum Pulley (grey) 21.16 mm dia	7-682-662-01 7-685-145-01	(+) P3 x 6
3-613-208-09	Drum Pulley (white) 21.12 mm dia	7-623-104-12	1.7 mm dia (medium)
3-613-208-10	Drum Pulley (black) 21.07 mm dia	7-623-105-12	2 mm dia (medium)
3-613-208-11	Drum Pulley (gold) 21.03 mm dia		
3-618-706-02	Drum, upper	7-623-108-02	3 mm dia (small)
3-618-711	Shield Case, FG	7-623-108-12	3 mm dia (medium)
3-618-713	Retainer Lead Wire	7-623-108-22	3 mm dia (large)
3-618-714	Set Screw, 3 x 4	7-623-110-02	4 mm dia (small)
3-618-715	Retainer, drum lead	7-623-110-12	4 mm dia (medium)
	4-> P.A 2	7-623-112-18	5 mm dia (medium)
7-621-255-15	(+) P 2 x 3	7-623-203-27	Spring Washer
7-621-255-25 7-621-255-33	(+) P 2 x 4 (+) P 2 x 5	7-623-408-01	Lock Washer, external, 3 mm dia
7-621-255-37	(+) P 2 x 5	7-623-908-01	Fiber Washer
7-621-259-35	(+) P 2.6 x 5	7-623-910-03	Plastic Washer
	• -	<u>NUTS</u>	
	(+) P 2.6 x 6	140,10	
7-621-281-58 7-621-555-20	(+) P 2.6 x 5 (+) K 2 x 4	7-622-305-05	2 mm dia
7-621-555-23	(+) K 2 x 4	7-684-013-00	3 mm dia
7-621-555-37	(+) K 2 x 5		
		EYELET	<u>s</u>
7-621-559-35	(+) K 2.6 x 5		
7-621-659-37	(+) RK 2.6 x 5	7-624-101-01	1.2 mm dia
7-621-710-16	Set Screw, 2 x 2	7-624-102-01	1.5 mm dia
7-621-712-39	Set Screw, 2.6 x 4	7-624-105-01 7-624-107-01	2.3 mm dia 3.2 mm dia
1-682-144-04	(+) P 3 x 3	7-624-108-01	4 mm dia
7-682-145-01	(+) P 3 x 4		
7-682-146-01	(+) P 3 x 5	<u>LUGŞ</u>	
7-682-147-01	(+) P 3 x 6	. —	
7-682-148-01	(+) P 3 x 8	7-623-508-12	3 mm dia
7-682-149-03	(+) P 3 x 10	7-623-510-11	4 mm dia
			•
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ELECTRICAL PARTS LIST

Ref.				Ref.			
No.	Part No.	<u></u>	Description .	<u>No.</u>	Part No.		Description
"V1"	MODULATO	R, REC/PB A	MP	D104		1S1587 1S1587	
	8-984-055-00	"V1" Printed C	Circuit Board, wtih	D105 D106		1S1587	
	B-904-033-00	VI TIMICA C	components.	2.00			
			•				
	CAPACITO	RS			INDUCTO	<u>RŞ</u>	
				1.101	1-407-163	33 μΗ, тісго	
			erwise indicated.		1-407-163	33 μH, micro	
		d mica capacitors capacitors in ±10		L201	1-407-171	150 μH, micro	
	-	•	acitors in +100%,10%.		1-407-177	470 μH, micro	
				L203	1-407-177	470 μH, micro	
	1-121-409-11	47	16 V, elect	L221	1-407-206	10 mH, micro	
	1-121-402-11	33	10 V, elect		1-407-206	10 mH, micro	
	1-121-402-11	33	10 V, elect	L223	1-407-213	1.5 mH, micro	•
	1-121-402-11	33	10 V, elect				
C103	1-107-084-11	91 pF, silvered	mica				
C106	1-121-403-11	33	16 V, elect				
C107	1-107-081-11	62 pF, silvered	mica		TRANSISTO	<u>DRS</u>	
C108	1-121-403-11	33	16 V, elect				
C109	1-121-391-11	1	50 V, elect	Q101		2SK23A	FET
C110	1-121-651-11	10	16 V, elect	Q102		2\$C403B	
				Q103		2SC403B	
	1-121-651-11	10	16 V, elect	Q104		2SC403B	
	1-121-402-11	33	10 V, elect	Q105		2\$C403B	
	1-121-409-11	47 470 = E + 100	16 V, elect	Q106		2SC403B	
	1-102-114-11 1-121-403-11	470 pF, ±109	% 50 V, ceramic 16 V, elect	Q100		2SC403B	
CIIJ	1-121-405-11	33	10 1,0000	Q108		2SC403B	
C116	1-121-403-11	33	16 V, elect	Q109		2SC403C	
	1-121-419-11	220	6.3 V, elect	Q201		2SC403B	
	1-105-681-12	0.047, mylar		-			
C119	1-141-070-11	20 pF, trimmer	г	Q202		2SC403B	
C120	1-107-163-11	47 pF, silvered	mica	Q203		2SC1124	
		** ** * 1	•	Q204		2SC1124	
	1-107-165-11	56 pF, silvered	mica	Q205		2SC1124	**** -
	1-105-681-12	0.047, mylar 3.3	25 V, elect	Q221		2SK43	FET
	1-121-392-11 1-121-391-11	1	SO V, elect	Q222		2SC403B	
	1-105-681-12	0.047, mylar	20 1, 12111	Q223		2SC403B	
		,,		Q224		2SK43	FET
C203	1-105-681-12	0.047, mylar		Q225		2SC403B	
	1-105-681-12	0.047, mylar		Q226		2SC403B	
	1-105-681-12	0.047, mylar		Q227		2SC403B	
	1-105-681-12	0.047, mylar					
C222	1-141-070-11	20 pF, trimmer	t				
C223	1-105-681-12	0.047, mylar					
	1-105-681-12	0.047, mylar	•		RESISTOR	<u> (S</u>	
C225	1-105-681-12	0.047, mylar		G. 4.		114 W + 60	ara amitted
C226	1-141-070-11	20 pF, trimme	r ·	Carbo	on resistors in oh	ms, 1/4 w, ±3%	are omitted.
C228	1-105-681-12	0.047, mylar	·	D101	1-242-633-11	22	
					1-242-633-11	75	
	1-105-681-12	0.047, mylar	12.17 .16 4		1-242-685-11	3300	
	1-121-651-11	10	16 V, elect		1-242-745-11	1 M	
C231	1-105-673-12	0.01, mylar	•		1-242-693-11	6800	
	510555			D104	1.331 404 11	10 to (D)	fived
	DIODES	<u> </u>			1-221-694-11 1-242-709-11	20 k (B), semi 33 k	-11Yen
D101		1772			1-242-709-11	6800	•
D101		1T22 1T22			1-242-673-11	1 k	
D102		1S1587			1-242-657-11	220	

Ref.			Ref.			
No.	Part No.	Description	No.	Part No.	De	scription
110.	<u> 1471 1.0.</u>					
R111	1-242-673-11	1 k		TRANSFORM	<u>IER</u>	
	1-242-721-11	100 k				
R113	1-242-702-11	16 k		1-425-383	Transformer	
R114	1-242-675-11	1200		1-423-158	Transformer	
R115	1-242-651-11	120	T222	1-423-158	Transformer	
D116	1001 404 11	500 (B), semi-fixed				
	1-221-494-11 1-242-675-11	1200		SWITCH		
	1-242-675-11	1200				
	1-242-643-11	56	S7	1-514-813	Slide Switch	
	1-242-685-11	3300				
			"D1"	DEMODULA	TOR	•
	1-242-673-11	1 k	Di	DEMODUCA	1011	
	1-242-664-11	430		8-984-055-20	"D1" Printed Cir	cuit Board, with
	1-242-665-11	470		0 301 000 20		components.
	1-242-657-11	220				
K125	1-242-697-11	10 k		CAPACITOR	<u>t\$</u>	
R126	1-242-690-11	5100				h . t. diseased
R127	1-221-497-11	5 k (B), semi-fixed		pacitors in microf		rwise indicated.
	1-221-494-11	500 (B)		lar capacitors in		:
	1-242-633-11	22	Tolera	ruce or all electror	ytic (elect) capac	itors in +100%, -10%.
R130	1-242-649-11	100	C201	1-121-391-11	10	25 V, elect
		***			0.1, mylar	25 4,0,000
	1-242-658-11	240		1-107-121-11		50 V, silvered mica
	1-242-658-11	240 330		1-105-673-12		50 V, silvered mica
	1-242-661-11 1-242-661-11	330		1-105-673-12		50 V, silvered mica
	1-242-681-11	2200				:
11100	12.2 002 11		C306	1-121-398-11	10	25 V, elect
R137	1-221-494-11	500 (B), semi-fixed	C307	1-105-685-12	0.1, mylar	
	1-242-625-11	10		1-105-673-12	0.01, mylar	
R139	1-242-625-11	10		1-105-673-12	0.01, mylar	
R140	1-242-643-11	56	C310	1-105-673-12	0.01, mylar	
R141	1-242-671-11	820	(211	1-121-398-11	10	25 V, elect
D140	1042 (44 11	62		1-105-685-12	0.1, mylar	25 1,01000
	1-242-644-11	100 k		1-105-673-12	0.01, mylar	
	1-242-721-11	100 k		1-105-673-12	0.01, mylar	
	1-221-492-11	100 (B), semi-fixed		1-105-673-12	0.01, mylar	
	1-242-703-11	.18 k		•		
				1-105-673-12	0.01, mylar	
	1-242-684-11	3 k		1-105-673-12	0.01, mylar	
R204	1-242-680-11	2 k		1-105-673-12	0.01, mylar	AC 31 -1
	1-242-660-11	300		1-121-391-11	10 0.1 mules	25 V, elect
	1-242-666-11	510	C320	1-105-685-12	0.1, mylar	
R207		6200	C321	1-105-673-12	0.01, mylar	
pane	1-242-680-11	2 k		1-105-673-12	0.01, mylar	•
	1-221-492-11	100 (B), semi-fixed		1-121-403-11	33	16 V, elect
	1-242-633-11	22		1-101-439-11	680 pF, ±20%	
	1-221-492-11	100 (B), semi-fixed	C325	1-121-403-11	33	16 V, elect
	1-242-633-11	22				
		•		1-121-403-11		16 V, elect
R221	1-242-646-11	75		1-121-403-11	33	16 V, elect
	1-221-498-11	10 k (B), semi-fixed		1-121-391-11	1	50 V, elect
	1-242-708-11	30 k		1-102-098-11	470 pF, ±20%	ou v, ceramic
-	1-221-498-11	10 k (B), semi-fixed	C330	1-105-661-12	0.001, mylar	
R227	1-242-708-11	30 k	(221	1-101-201 11	1	50 V, elect
		10.1-		1-121-391-11 1-107-131-11	1 100 pF 50 V,	
	1-242-697-11	10 k		1-107-131-11	0.01, mylar	DELL'ALGE INTOR
	1-242-704-11	20 k 2200		1-121-403-11	33	16 V, elect
	1-242-681-11	1500		1-121-409-11	47	16 V, elect
K.231	1-242-677-11	1300		,		•

D.C			Ref.			
Ref. <u>No.</u>	Part No.	Description	No.	Part No.	Description	ļ.
100.	Fait No.	Description	110.	24.7.1.0.	<u></u>	-
	DIODES		R316	1-242-695-11	8200	
				1-242-677-11	1500	•
D301		181925		1-242-635-11	150	
D302		181925		1-242-703-11 1-242-703-11	18 k 18 k	
D303 D304		1S1555 1S1555	, K320	1-242-703-11	10 K	
D305		181555	R321	1-242-666-11	510	
				1-242-718-11	75 k	•
D306		181555	R323	1-242-695-11	8200	
D307		181555		1-242-677-11	1500	
D308		181555	R325	1-242-645-11	68	·
D309 D310		1\$1555 1\$1555	Pane	1-242-703-11	18 k	
D310		181555		1-242-703-11	18 k	•
D311		181925		1-242-666-11	510	
D312		181925		1-242-718-11	75 k	
			R330	1-242-695-11	8200	
			:		4000	
				1-242-677-11	1500	
	INDUCTOR	<u>3S</u>		1-242-645-11 1-242-713-11	68 47 k	
				1-242-697-11	10 k	
	1-407-255	47 μH, variable		1-242-658-11	240	
	1-407-177 1-407-201	470 μH, micro 3.9 mH, micro				
	1-407-174	270 μH, micro		1-242-704-11	20 k	
	1-407-201	3.9 mH, micro		1-221-492-11 1-242-684-11	100 (B), semi-fixed 3 k	
		•		1-242-661-11	330	
	1-407-174	270 μH, micro		1-242-661-11	330	
	1-407-174	270 μH, micro				
	1-407-201 1-407-174	3.9 mH, micro 270 µH, micro		1-242-673-11	1 k	·
L307	1407174	270 pri, inicio		1-242-645-11	68	
				1-221-495-11 1-242-637-11	1 k (B), semi-fixed 33	
				1-242-717-11	68 k	
	TRANSISTO	<u>PRS</u>		1112 (17 11		
0201		2574020				
Q301		2SC403C		1-242-700-11	13 k	
Q304		2SC403C		1-242-673-11 1-242-643-11	1 k 56	· 1
Q315		2SC1124		1-242-680-11	2 k	•
-				1-242-666-11	510	
	BEOLOTOB			1-242-697-11	10 k	•
	RESISTOR	<u>5</u> ·		1-242-696-11	9100	
Carbo	n resistors in ohr	ns, 1/4 W, ±5% are omitted.		1-242-673-11 1-242-680-11	1 k	
CIII O	11 103131013 JH 0111	174 17, 25 /5 are officees.		1-242-646-11	2 k 75	
R301	1-242-655-11	180	K333		· -	
	1-242-719-11	82 k	R356	1-242-685-11	3300	
	1-242-697-11	10 k		1-242-695-11	8200	
	1-221-498-11	10 k (B), semi-fixed		1-244-837-11	33, 1/2 W	
くりじろ	1-242-680-11	2 k		1-242-661-11 1-242-699-11	330	•
R306	1-242-644-11	62	KJ6U	1-242-033-11	12 k	
	1-242-666-11	510	R361	1-242-697-11	10 k	
	1-242-711-11	39 k		1-242-666-11	510	•
	1-242-677-11	1500 .	R363	1-242-649-11	100	
K310	1-242-657-11	220				
R311	1-242-657-11	220				•
	1-242-703-11	18 k				
R313	1-242-703-11	18 k		FILTER		
	1-242-666-11	510		1 224 122	T	į
K315	1-224-073-11	100 k (B)	FL301	1-231-100	Low-pass filter	
						•

D. C				Ref.			
Ref. No.	Part No.	D.	escription	No.	Part No.	De	escription
140.	Fart Ivo.	<u>D</u>	escription .	1101	1471 1701		
	TRANSFORM	IER		C706	1-105-677-12	0.022, mylar	
	THE STATE OF THE	<u></u>		C707	1-121-469-11	10	10 V, elect
T201	1-425-202	Transformer		C708	1-121-403-11	33	16 V, elect
1301	1-423-202	1141131011101			1-121-403-11	10	16 V, elect
					1-121-398-11	10	25 V, elect
"S1"	SERVO						
•	•=====				1-107-087-11	120 pF, silvered	mica
	8-984-055-30	"S1" Printed Cir	cuit Board, with	C712	1-105-685-12	0.1, mylar	
			components.	C713	1-121-398-11	10	25 V, elect
				C714	1-121-391-11	1	50 V, elect
				C715	1-105-673-12	0.01, mylar	
	CAPACITOR	<u>3S</u>					
					1-105-673-12	0.01, mylar	
All ca	pacitors in micro:	farads unless othe	rwise indicated.		1-105-677-12	0.022, mylar	
	ylar capacitors in				1-131-215-11		talum capacitor
All sil	vered mica capac	itors in ±5%, 50 \	7.		1-105-661-12	0.001, mylar	
Toler	ance of all electro	lytic (elect) capac	citors in +150%, -10%.	C720	1-121-398-11	10	25 V, elect
	1 105 500 10	0.00471		C721	1-121-409-11	47	16 V, elect
	1-105-669-12	0.0047, mylar			1-121-392-11	3.3	25 V, elect
	1-105-673-12	0.01, mylar	1 4 17				ntalum capacitor
	1-121-409-11	47	16 V, elect		1-131-212-11		itatum capacitos
	1-121-391-11	1	50 V, elect		1-105-673-12	0.01, mylar 0.047, mylar	
C605	1-121-391-11	1	50 V, elect	C/25	1-105-681-12	0.047, mysar	
C60.6	1-105-677-12	0.022, mylar		C726	1-121-398-11	10	25 V, elect
	1-105-661-12	0.001, mylar		C727	1-121-403-11	33	16 V, elect
	1-121-391-11	1	50 V, elect		1-121-391-11	1	50 V, elect
	1-121-391-11	î	50 V, elect		1-121-391-11	1	50 V, elect
-	1-121-409-11	47	16 V, elect		1-105-667-12	0.0033, mylar	•
COIO	1-121 402 41		•				
	1-107-093-11	220 pF, silvered		C731	1-105-667-12	0.0033, mylar	
	1-107-089-11	150 pF, silvered		C732	1-105-681-12	0.047, mylar	
C613	1-107-093-11	220 pF, silvered		C733	1-105-681-12	0.047, mylar	
	1-107-093-11	220 pF, silvered		C734	1-107-095-11	270 pF, silvered	
C615	1-107-093-11	220 pF, silvered	mica	C735	1-107-095-11	270 pF, silvered	mica
C616	1-121-409-11	47	16 V, elect	mac	1-121-391-11	1	50 V, elect
	1-105-661-12	0.001, mylar	20 1,0200		1-105-667-12	0.0033, mylar	30 V, CICCE
	1-105-669-12	0.0047, mylar			1-103-667-12	47	16 V, elect
	1-107-083-11	82 pF, silvered	mica		1-121-409-11		antalum capacitor
	1-121-409-11	47	16 V, elect		1-105-667-12	0.0033, mylar	intalum capacitor
CQ20	1-121-105-11	• /		C/40	1-103-007-12	O.OODD, Inglat	•
C621	1-121-421-11	220	16 V, elect	C741	1-121-409-11	47	16 V, elect
	1-121-413-11	100	6.3 V, elect		1-131-213-11		antalum capacitor
	1-105-685-12	0.1, mylar			1-105-661-12	0.001, mylar	-
	1-121-404-11	33	25 V, elect		1-121-409-11	47	16 V, elect
	1-129-670-21		neo-polyethylene		1-131-213-11		antalum capacitor
						, -	-
C651	1-105-661-12	0.001, mylar		C746	1-105-673-12	0.01, mylar	
C652	1-121-398-11	10	25 V, elect	R747	1-105-685-12	0.1, mylar	
	3 1-121-391-11	1	50 V, elect	R748	1-105-685-12	0.1, mylar	
	1-107-085-11	100 pF, silvered		R749	1-105-685-23	0.1, mylar	
C655	5 1-121-391-11	1	50 V, elect	R750	1-121-421-11	220	16 V, elect
0454	. 1 101.400-11	47	16 V, elect	Dar.	1 131 300 11	10	15 T/ plant
	5 1-121-409-11	47 100 pF, silvered			1-121-398-11	10	25 V, elect
	7 1-107-085-11	0.047, mylar	I IIIICG	K752	1-121-391-11	1	50 V, elect
	3 1-105-681-12		16 V, elect				
	9 1-121-409-11	47 0.047 mylar	IO V, DIECE		DIODES		
C670	1-105-681-12	0.047, mylar			0.0020		
C701	1 1-121-469-11	10	10 V, elect	D601	l	1S1587	
	2 1-105-673-12	0.01, mylar	- × · •	D602		1S1587	
	3 1-105-673-12	0.01, mylar		D603		1T22	
	4 1-121-398-11	10	25 V, elect	>			
	5 1-121-413-11	100	6.3 V, elect	D610)	1T22	
C/U	7-101-419-11	100	V-# 15 TA-#*	\			

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Ref.		Ref.	
No. Part No.	Description	No. Part No.	Description
D701	1T22	R601 1-242-649-11	100
D702	181555	R602 1-242-715-11	56 k
D703	1\$1555	R603 1-242-697-11	10 k
D704	1S1555	R604 1-242-683-11	2700
D704 D706	1T22	R605 1-242-657-11	220
B202	1724	R606 1-242-709-11	33 k
D707	1T22	R607 1-242-697-11	10 k
D708	1T22		2700
		R608 1-242-683-11	220
MINUCTO	ne .	R609 1-242-657-11 R610 1-242-673-11	1 k
INDUCTO	ns	R010 1-242-073-11	1 K
L602 1-407-208-11	15 mH, micro	R611 1-242-711-11	39 k
L603 1-407-173-11	220 μH, micτο	R612 1-242-711-11	39 k
		R613 1-242-666-11	510
		R614 1-242-697-11	10 k
TRANSISTO	<u>ORS</u>	R615 1-242-681-11	2200
Q601	2SC633	R616 1-242-680-11	2 k
\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	_	R617 1-242-685-11	3300
Q607	2SC633	R618 1-242-713-11	47 k
Q608	2SC403C	R619 1-242-695-11	8200
Q609	2SD291	R620 1-242-697-11	10 k
		•	
Q651	2SC633	R621 1-221-496-11	2 k (B), semi-fixed
Q652	2SC633	R622 1-242-693-11	6800
Q653	2SA678	R623 1-242-656-11	200
Q654	2SC403C	R624 1-242-689-11	4700
Q701	2SC633	R625 1-242-644-11	62
Q702	2SC633	R626 1-242-680-11	2 k
Q703	2SC403C	R627 1-242-670-11	750
Q704	2SA677	R629 1-242-713-11	47 k
Q705	2SC633	R651 1-242-721-11	100 k
Q706	2SA678	R652 1-242-717-11	68 k
Q707	2SC403C	R653 1-242-689-11	4700
Q708	2SK23A	R654 1-242-666-11	510
Q709	2SC403C	R655 1-242-713-11	47 k
Q710	2SC403C	R656 1-242-697-11	10 k
Q711	2SC403C	R657 1-242-673-11	1 k
Q712	2SC633	R658 1-242-689-11	4700
Q713	2SC633	R659 1-242-697-11	10 k
Q714	28C403C	R660 1-242-697-11	10 k
Q715	2SC403C	R661 1-242-642-11	51
Q716	2SC403C	R662 1-242-697-11	10 k
0717	26/21/24	R663 1-242-697-11	10 k
Q717 Q718	2SC1124 2SB324	R664 1-242-680-11	2 k
-	2SD291	R665 1-242-697-11	10 k
Q719		R667 1-242-673-11	1 k
Q720	2SB481J	R668 1-242-685-11	3300
		R669 1-242-680-11	2 k
<u>IC</u>		R670 1-242-705-11	22 k
_		R671 1-242-673-11	1 k
IC601 8-755-060-00	CX-506	R701 1-242-715-11	56 k
IC651 8-759-411-60	MN-116	R702 1-242-696-11	9100
IC701 8-755-060-00	CX-506	K102 1-242-030-11	2100
		R703 1-242-696-11	9100
		R704 1-242-673-11	i k
RESISTO	<u>R\$</u>	R705 1-242-720-11	91 k
		R706 1-242-692-11	6200
Carbon resistors in oh	nms, 1/4 W, ±5% are omitted.	R707 1-242-696-11	9100

Ref.			Ref.		_	
No.	Part No.	Description	No.	Part No.	\underline{D}	escription `
			D7//	1-242-705-11	22 k	
	1-242-673-11	1 k 22		1-242-703-11	20 k	
	1-242-633-11 1-242-682-11	2400	10,00			
	1-242-637-11	33				
	1-242-666-11	510		TRANSFORM	<u>IER</u>	
D712	1-242-665-11	470	T601	1-427-265	Transformer	
	1-242-700-11	13 k		1-427-265	Transformer	
	1-242-727-11	180 k				
	1-242-691-11	5600		CWITCH		
R717	1-242-697-11	10 k		SWITCH		
R718	1-242-697-11	10 k		1-514-813-22	Slide Swtich	
R719	1-242-713-11	47 k				
	1-242-697-11	10 k		X'TAL O.	S. C	
	1-242-691-11	5600 39 k		 		
R/22	1-242-711-11	39 K	X651	1-527-153	31.25 kHz, X'ta	1 O. S. C
R723	1-242-690-11	5100			·	
R724	1-242-701-11	15 k				
	1-242-673-11	1 k				
	1-242-681-11	2200	"A1'	' AUDIO		
R727	1-242-685-11	3300		·		to The and emisting
R728	1-242-713-11	47 k		8-984-055-50	"AI" Printed Ci	ircuit Board, with components.
R729	1-242-697-11	10 k				Component
	1-242-649-11	100				
	1-224-073-11	100 k (B), semi-fixed 20 k (B), semi-fixed		<u>CAPACITOI</u>	<u>RS</u>	
K732	1-221-694-11	20 k (b), semi-tixed	4.71		formed unless other	rowice indicated
R733	1-242-742-11	750 k	All ca	ipacitors in micro Iylar capacitors in	farads unless other +10% 50 V.	tewise indicated.
	1-242-680-11	2 k	Toler	ance of all electro	olytic (elect) capa	citors as follows
	1-242-719-11	82 k	10.0-	less than 10 µF	= +150%, -10%	
	1-242-690-11 1-242-697-11	5100 10 k		10 μF and over	= +100%, -10%	
R/3/	1-242-097-11	10 K	C001	1-121-398-11	10	25 V, elect
R738	1-242-709-11	33 k		1-121-390-11	220	16 V, elect
	1-242-709-11	33 k		1-121-415-11	100	16 V, elect
R740	1-242-711-11	39 k	C804	1-121-398-11	10	25 V, elect
	1-242-680-11	2 k	C805	1-121-403-11	33	16 V, elect
R742	1-242-701-11	15 k	CROA	1-105-677-12	0.022, mylar	
R743	1-242-690-11	5100		1-121-409-11	47	16 V, elect
	1-242-721-11	100 k		3 1-121-398-11	10	25 V, elect
	1-242-705-11	22 k		1-121-398-11	10	25 V, elect
	1-242-721-11 1-242-666-11	100 k 510	C810	1-121-413-11	100	6.3 V, elect
K/40	1-242-000-11	310	C211	1-131-213-11	0.47 35 V	, tantalum capacitor
R749	1-242-713-11	47 k		2 1-105-667-12	0.0033, mylar	, - <u></u>
	1-242-691-11	5600		3 1-105-661-12	0.001, mylar	
	1-221-681-11	50 k (B), semi-fixed		1-107-095-11	270 pF ±5%	
	1-242-703-11	18 k	C815	5 1-121-398-11	10	25 V, elect
K/33	1-242-705-11	22 k	G014	C 1 101 410 11	100	6.3 V, elect
R754	1-242-712-11	43 k		5 1-121-413-11 7 1-121-413-11	100 100	6.3 V, elect
	1-242-673-11	1 k		8 1-121-403-11	33	16 V, elect
	1-242-685-11	3300		9 1-121-409-11	47	16 V, elect
	1-242-717-11	68 k	C820	0 1-121-391-11	1	50 V, elect
R759	1-242-649-11	100			220	16 17 -14
				1 1-121-421-11	220	16 V, elect 50 V, elect
	1-242-697-11	10 k		2 1-121-391-11 3 1-121-413-11	1 100	6.3 V, elect
	1-242-703-11 1-242-660-11	18 k 300		4 1-121-420-11	220	6.3 V, elect
	1-242-660-11	1 k		5 1-105-677-12	0.0022, mylar	•

Ref.		Ref.	
No. Part No.	<u>Description</u>	No. Part No.	<u>Description</u>
			- -
C826 1-105-675-1	2 0.015, mylar	R821 1-242-689-11	4700
C827 1-121-415-1	, •	R822 1-242-681-11	2200
C828 1-129-708-1	1 0.0033 630 V, combination capacitor	R823 1-242-649-11	100
C829 1-141-034-2	1 30 pF \sim 200 pF, trimmer	R824 1-242-709-11	33 k
C830 1-105-665-1	2 0.0022, mylar	R825 1-242-699-11	12 k
0001 1101 201 1	5037	D014 1 111 407 11	5 h (D) camifived
C831 1-121-391-1		R826 1-221-497-11 R827 1-242-673-11	5 k (B), semi-fixed 1 k
C832 1-103-721-11	680 pF 50 V, neo-polyethylene	R828 1-242-663-11	390
		R829 1-242-699-11	12 k
DIODI	ES	R830 1-242-693-11	6800
	_		
D801	1T22	R831 1-242-665-11	470
D802	1T22	R832 1-242-697-11	10 k
		R833 1-242-695-11	8200
INDUCT	ORS	R834 1-242-730-11 R835 1-242-703-11	240 k 18 k
<u></u>	<u> </u>	R655 1-242-705-11	10 K
L801 1-409-094	20 mH, variable	R836 1-242-697-11	10 k
L802 1-407-202	4.7 mH, micro	R837 1-242-675-11	1200
L803 1-407-090	Dummy Coil	R838 1-242-609-11	2.2
		R839 1-244-841-11	47, 1/2 W
		R840 1-242-632-11	20
		R841 1-242-713-11	47 k
TRANSIS	IORS	R842 1-242-649-11	100
Q801	2SC631		
Q802	2\$C631		•
Q803	2SC633	TRANSFOR	<u>IMER</u>
7		T811 1-433-139	O. S. C. Transformer
Q806	2SC633	1011 1-433-133	0. b. c. 1.4110.5.111.5.
Q807	2SC677		
Q808	2SC1124	SWITCH	<u>1</u>
		1-514-861-22	Slide Switch
		1-314-001-22	Slide Switch
250127	200		•
RESIST	<u>ors</u>		
Carbon resistors in	ohms, 1/4 W, ±5% are omitted.	"R1" REGULAT	OR
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
R801 1-242-725-1	l 150 k	8-984-055-60	"R1" Printed Circuit Board, with
R802 1-242-717-1			components.
R803 1-242-703-1			
R804 1-242-701-1		CARACITA	nec
R805 1-242-649-1	1 100	CAPACIT	<u>UN3</u>
R806 1-242-687-1	1 3900	Tolerance of all elect	rolytic (elect) capacitors in +50%, -10%.
R807 1-242-725-1			
R808 1-242-707-1	1 27 k	C901 1-121-415-11	
R809 1-221-497-1	1 5 k (B), semi-fixed	C902 1-121-421-11	
R810 1-242-712-1	1 43 k	C903 1-121-398-11	10 μF 25 V, elect
DO11 1242 /07 1	1 2000		
R811 1-242-687-1 R812 1-242-673-1		DIODE	s
R813 1-242-681-1		<u> </u>	=
R814 1-221-681-1		D901	RD-5A
R815 1-221-707-1			
R816 1-221-699-1		TRANSIST	<u>ORS</u>
R817 1-221-673-1		0001	207201
R818 1-242-665-1		Q901	2SD291
R819 1-242-641-1		Q902 Q903	2SC403C 2SC403C
R820 1-242-691-1	1 5600	Q303	2004030

Ref.		Ref.		
No. Part No.	Description	<u>No.</u>	Part No.	Description
				
RESISTO	<u>RS</u>	R956	1-242-643-11	470
		R957	1-242-673-11	1 k
Carbon resistors in of	nms, 1/4 W, ±50% are omitted.	-	1-242-689-11	4700
			1-242-709-11	33 k
R906 1-242-667-11	560	R960	1-242-643-11	470
R907 1-221-495-11	1 k (B), semi-fixed			
R908 1-242-673-11	1 k		•	
R909 1-242-663-11	390			
R911 1-242-685-11	3300		HEAD DRU	<u>M</u>
R912 1-221-497-11	5 k (B), semi-fixed		1 410 010 61	DC Colt 16 DC
R913 1-242-675-11	1200	•	1-419-019-51	PG Coil, 25 PG PG Coil, 50 PG
			1-419-019-61 1-426-037-11	Coil, FG
			1-514-039-12	Micro Swtich
"Z" BOARD			1-536-199-11	Lug Terminal, FG
2 DOAND	• .		1-330-133-11	Lug Terminat, 1 G
8-984-055-40	"Z" Printed Circuit Board, with		1-536-255-11	Terminal Strip, brush
V 301 VUV 10	components.		1-539-369-11	Terminal Board, brush
			8-821-221-04	Audio Head, CTL head
			8-825-567-00	Erase Head
CAPACITO	ORS		8-829-510-12	Video Head, HO1-12
	<u> </u>			,
C951 1-121-398-11	10 μF ± 18% 25 V, electrolytic			
C951 1-121-398-11	10 μF ± 18% 25 V, electrolytic	EDA	NaP	
	_	FRA	ME	
C951 1-121-398-11	_		ME	10D 1 Piede
DIODES	§	D901	ME	10D-2 Diode
DIODES	S 1S1555	D901 D953	ME	SD-102 Diode
DIODES	§	D901	ME	
DIODES	S 1S1555	D901 D953 D954		SD-102 Diode SD-102 Diode
<u>DIODES</u> D951 D952	S 181555 181555	D901 D953 D954	ME 1-409-094	SD-102 Diode
DIODES	S 181555 181555	D901 D953 D954	1-409-094	SD-102 Diode SD-102 Diode Trap Coil
DIODES D951 D952 TRANSIST	S 181555 181555 ORS	D901 D953 D954		SD-102 Diode SD-102 Diode
DIODES D951 D952 TRANSIST	S 181555 181555 ORS 28C403C	D901 D953 D954	1-409-094 1-454-103	SD-102 Diode SD-102 Diode Trap Coil Solenoid Plunger
DIODES D951 D952 TRANSIST	S 181555 181555 ORS	D901 D953 D954	1-409-094 1-454-103 1-507-901	SD-102 Diode SD-102 Diode Trap Coil Solenoid Plunger Jack Nut
DIODES D951 D952 TRANSIST	S 181555 181555 ORS 28C403C 28C1124	D901 D953 D954	1-409-094 1-454-103 1-507-901 1-514-545	SD-102 Diode SD-102 Diode Trap Coil Solenoid Plunger Jack Nut Micro Switch
DIODES D951 D952 TRANSIST Q951 Q952 Q953	S 181555 181555 ORS 28C403C 28C1124 28A678	D901 D953 D954	1-409-094 1-454-103 1-507-901 1-514-545 1-514-584	SD-102 Diode SD-102 Diode Trap Coil Solenoid Plunger Jack Nut Micro Switch Leaf Swtich
DIODES D951 D952 TRANSIST Q951 Q952 Q953 Q954	181555 181555 0RS 2SC403C 2SC1124 2SA678 2SC403C	D901 D953 D954	1-409-094 1-454-103 1-507-901 1-514-545 1-514-584	SD-102 Diode SD-102 Diode Trap Coil Solenoid Plunger Jack Nut Micro Switch Leaf Swtich
DIODES D951 D952 TRANSIST Q951 Q952 Q953 Q954 Q955	1S1555 1S1555 0RS 2SC403C 2SC1124 2SA678 2SC403C 2SC1124	D901 D953 D954 L601	1-409-094 1-454-103 1-507-901 1-514-545 1-514-584 1-514-861 1-516-241 1-520-079	SD-102 Diode SD-102 Diode Trap Coil Solenoid Plunger Jack Nut Micro Switch Leaf Swtich Slide Switch Leaf Swtich, still Level Meter, battery level
DIODES D951 D952 TRANSIST Q951 Q952 Q953 Q954	1S1555 1S1555 0RS 2SC403C 2SC1124 2SA678 2SC403C 2SC1124	D901 D953 D954 L601	1-409-094 1-454-103 1-507-901 1-514-545 1-514-584 1-514-861 1-516-241 1-520-079	SD-102 Diode SD-102 Diode Trap Coil Solenoid Plunger Jack Nut Micro Switch Leaf Swtich Slide Switch Leaf Swtich, still Level Meter, battery level
DIODES D951 D952 TRANSIST Q951 Q952 Q953 Q954 Q955 RESISTO	S 181555 181555 181555 ORS 2SC403C 2SC1124 2SA678 2SC403C 2SC1124	D901 D953 D954 L601	1-409-094 1-454-103 1-507-901 1-514-545 1-514-584 1-514-861 1-516-241 1-520-079 1-522-011 1-533-040	SD-102 Diode SD-102 Diode Trap Coil Solenoid Plunger Jack Nut Micro Switch Leaf Swtich Slide Switch Leaf Swtich, still Level Meter, battery level Puse 3 A Fuse Holder
DIODES D951 D952 TRANSIST Q951 Q952 Q953 Q954 Q955 RESISTO R951 1-242-689-11	S 181555 181555 ORS 28C403C 28C1124 28A678 28C403C 28C1124 RS 4700	D901 D953 D954 L601	1-409-094 1-454-103 1-507-901 1-514-545 1-514-584 1-514-861 1-516-241 1-520-079	SD-102 Diode SD-102 Diode Trap Coil Solenoid Plunger Jack Nut Micro Switch Leaf Swtich Slide Switch Leaf Swtich, still Level Meter, battery level
DIODES D951 D952 TRANSIST Q951 Q952 Q953 Q954 Q955 RESISTO R951 1-242-689-11 R952 1-242-709-11	1S1555 1S1555 0RS 2SC403C 2SC1124 2SA678 2SC403C 2SC1124 RS 4700 33 k	D901 D953 D954 L601	1-409-094 1-454-103 1-507-901 1-514-545 1-514-584 1-514-861 1-516-241 1-520-079 1-533-040 1-536-395	SD-102 Diode SD-102 Diode SD-102 Diode Trap Coil Solenoid Plunger Jack Nut Micro Switch Leaf Swtich Slide Switch Leaf Swtich, still Level Meter, battery level Puse 3 A Fuse Holder Solder Terminal, 1 L 1
DIODES D951 D952 TRANSIST Q951 Q952 Q953 Q954 Q955 RESISTO R951 1-242-689-11 R952 1-242-709-11 R953 1-242-643-11	1S1555 1S1555 0RS 2SC403C 2SC1124 2SA678 2SC403C 2SC1124 RS 4700 33 k 470	D901 D953 D954 L601	1-409-094 1-454-103 1-507-901 1-514-545 1-514-584 1-514-861 1-516-241 1-520-079 1-532-241 1-533-040 1-536-395 1-539-324-14	SD-102 Diode SD-102 Diode SD-102 Diode Trap Coil Solenoid Plunger Jack Nut Micro Switch Leaf Swtich Slide Switch Leaf Swtich, still Level Meter, battery level Puse 3.4 Fuse Holder Solder Terminal, 1 L 1 "F" Printed Circuit Board
DIODES D951 D952 TRANSIST Q951 Q952 Q953 Q954 Q955 RESISTO R951 1-242-689-11 R952 1-242-709-11	1S1555 1S1555 0RS 2SC403C 2SC1124 2SA678 2SC403C 2SC1124 RS 4700 33 k	D901 D953 D954 L601	1-409-094 1-454-103 1-507-901 1-514-545 1-514-584 1-514-861 1-516-241 1-520-079 1-533-040 1-536-395	SD-102 Diode SD-102 Diode SD-102 Diode Trap Coil Solenoid Plunger Jack Nut Micro Switch Leaf Swtich Slide Switch Leaf Swtich, still Level Meter, battery level Puse 3 A Fuse Holder Solder Terminal, 1 L 1

Note: The components identified by shading are critical for safety. Replace only with part number specified.